



WE have paid \$225.00 for this chance to talk to you and realize the importance of saying something "worth while" and which will prove of value to us both. As you will consult the World Almanac for a year, here is a message for each season.

Spring: In the seed business this means from January to June but get your order in early. Write for our Catalog (illustrated above: and ready in January). When you get it study the Illustrated Contents in the front. It is full of good advice. You will be glad to see that we have done alot of your thinking for you.

Summer: This is vacation time for city people, but it is "busy season" for gardens. We issue "a little monthly talk about gardens" to those who ask for it. Your free subscription can begin whenever you wish. Write for a few back copies and see if you think them likely to prove interesting.

Fall: Bulbs, bulbs, and then more bulbs should be your thought in the fall. Our Bulb Catalog is easily the most useful published, because—but ask for it and see. It is usually ready in August: but we will put your name down for a copy now. Shall we?

Winter: There are a lot of things to do for a garden in getting ready for winter. We are planning a book about this. You can have a copy any time after September 1st. It will prove a genuine surprise. Shall we enter your name for one?

If you will send us ten cents we will forward you a package of our *African Daisy Hybrids*, in many beautiful colors. This is the most attractive novelty in recent years.* It will be well worth the money; and our catalog will come with it. Write today.

J. M. THORBURN & CO.

(110 years in business in New York)

33 Barclay Street, through to 38 Park Place, New York

^{*}We would like to say a lot more about this beautiful flower. But better send for the seed, and you will say it for yourself when it blooms.

Chalmers

1913 Models

1					"SIX"	"THIRTY-SIX"
Touring Car, 5-passenger					\$2,400	\$1,950
Touring Car, 7-passenger		•			2,600 •	2,150
Torpedo, 4-passenger .			•		2,400	1,950
Roadster, 2-passenger .					2,400	1,950
Limousine, 7-passenger.					3,700	3,250
Coupe, 4-passenger					2,700	2,250

Prices include full equipment

15 Notable Chalmers Features

Electric Lights
Turkish Cushions
Nickel Trimmings
Improved Springs
Chalmers Self-starter
Long Stroke Motor
Demountable Rims

Eleven-inch Upholstery New Flush-sided Bodies Increased Wheel Base Carbureter Dash Adjustment Big Wheels and Tires Dual Ignition System Speedometer

4-Forward Speed Transmission



E announce for 1913, big improvements in Chalmers cars in comfort, convenience and appearance. For it is along these lines that we believe the greatest advances in automobile building are to be made.

Few changes have been made in our chasses. The mechanical features of our cars have been right from the beginning. Satisfactory service in the hands of 27,000 owners proves this.

Here, then, are the principal additions and improvements on Chalmers 1913 cars:

More Conveniences for Operator

Electric lighting is regular equipment for 1913 on the "Thirty-Six" and the "Six." Just touch a switch on the dash and you can light at will head, tail and side lights.

And no more cranking. A season's use has proved the Chalmers air pressure starter the simplest and most efficient starting device yet designed.

Conveniently located on the new style Chalmers dash are all controls and indicators. Everything you need for running the car is within easy reach.

Easier Kiding Qualities

Luxurious comfort is built into every detail of Chalmers cars. The Turkish cushions, 11 inches thick, are soft as a down pillow. The upholstery is of the overstuffed type. All seats are wide, filled with high-grade hair and covered with heavy, soft, pebble-grained leather.

The long wheel base, big wheels and tires, and long elastic springs, make all roads smooth.

Added Beauty

Chalmers cars have always been known for their "looks." For 1913, they are even more beautiful than in the past. Flush-sided metal bodies have the graceful bell-shaped back. Dash is of one piece with body.

Handsome nickel trimmings will be regular equipment. Leather lining throughout the body and on the dash leaves nothing to scratch or mar. The Chalmers finish cannot be surpassed.

Three Great Cars

Chalmers cars for 1913 are made in three chasses sizes and fourteen body types.

The "Six" is now offered at the unprecedented price of \$2400, a price made possible by our quantity production and increased manufacturing facilities. The "Six" motor, rated at 54 h. p., actually develops 60 to 70 h. p. In every point the "Six" is a maximum car.

The "Thirty-Six" with striking improvements and added features, at \$1950, is more than ever an ideal, all-around car. Wheel base is now 118 inches. Full electric lighting, Chalmers self-starter, reliable speedometer—are all furnished on the "Thirty-Six."

New "30," self-starting, \$1600 with improved motor, 34x4-inch tires, demountable rims, large brakes, beautiful new flush-sided body. Two body types, 5-passenger touring car \$1600; 4-passenger torpedo \$1600.

All cars are fully equipped with top and windshield.

Order now for early delivery so that you can get the use of your car during the best motoring season.

So look these cars over carefully at our dealers' salesrooms. Compare them with other cars of the highest price. We are sure your verdict will be favorable to the Chalmers.

Chalmers Motor Company, Detroit



Reduce or Increase Your Weight —Improve Your Health—Perfect Your Figure

BECOME my pupil and I will make you my friend. Devote but fifteen minutes daily to my system and you can weigh what Nature intended. You can reduce any part of your figure burdened with superfluous flesh or build up any part that is undeveloped.

The effect of my system can be concentrated on your hips, waist, limbs or any other part of your body.

My system tends to make a figure perfectly proportioned throughout—a full, rounded neck; shapely shoulders, arms and legs; a fine, fresh complexion; good carriage with erect poise and grace of movement.

YOU CAN IMPROVE YOUR HEALTH.

My system stimulates, reorganizes and regenerates your entire body. It helps transform your food into good, rich blood. It strengthens your heart, lungs and other organs, conquering all weaknesses and disorders and generating vital force.

My latest book, "The Body Beautiful," should be read by every woman, and I will send it to you free. It explodes the fallacy that lack of beauty or health cannot be avoided. In it I explain how every woman can be VICOPOUS.

can be VIGOROUS, HEALTHY AND ATTRACTIVE.

Send 2c.
Stamp for
"The
Body
Beautiful"
and
Trial
Plan
To-Day.

teach. In childhood I waspuny an d deformed. have overcome all weaknesses by my own natural, drugless methods. Millions of people have seen in me a living demonstration of unique system health-culture and body-building. If you are weak, nervous, fat, thin, unshapely, tired, lacking vitality, or in any other respect not at your very best, I can surely be of service to you.

I have

practised

what

MY GUARANTEE. With my free book, "The Body Beautiful," which is fully illustrated with photographs of myself explaining my system, I give full particulars of my Guarantee Trial Plan, whereby you can test the value of my instruction without risking a single penny.

Annette Kellermann 12 WEST 31ST STREET New York

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FREE BOX

U.S.Metal Polish (Paste)

Largest Sale in the World

Best for all metals

Cleans, polishes and preserves

Guaranteed not to scratch and never to shrink

or deteriorate

Send for FREE SAMPLE

Bar-Keeper's Friend (Powder)

Standard for Thirty Years

NCE TRIED, ALWAYS USE BAR FIXTURES

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Nickel and all Kitche and Plated Utensils Glass, Wood, Marble, Porcelain, Etc.

All of our polishes received

HIGHEST AWARDS AT THE WORLD'S FAIRS

Chicago, 1893 St. Louis. 1904



A Recognized

William Hoffman

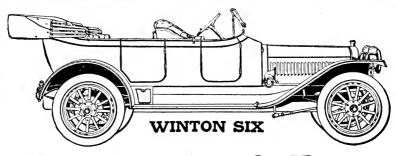
ESTABLISHED 1883

557 E. Washington St., Indianapolis

Branches: 1 Park Row, N. Y.; 70 W. Madison Street, Chicago,

and 112 Market Street, San Francisco





Make Your Family Happy

Promote the happiness and unity of your family by owning a Winton Six. It is a car for all the family—big enough that nobody need be left behind. Self-cranking, and easily handled. It has the beauty of appearance and performance that makes the family glad to be seen in it, and the power and sturdiness to guarantee their safety. Its new-idea upholstery gives more restful riding than was ever before known.

It is a car of distinction; the leader of Sixes, lowest in repair expense, and least costly of all high-grade cars to buy.

A proper expenditure for the pleasure and entertainment of the family is a legitimate part of your yearly expense. An expenditure for a genuinely good motor car is advantageous in health, happiness, unity, and usefulness. The Winton Six solves the family problem.

Permit us to send you our 64-page, library size catalog. It is full of useful information.

THE WINTON MOTOR CAR CO.

The World's First Maker of Sixes Exclusively. 124 Berea Road, Cleveland, Ohio.

WINTON BRANCH HOUSES

New York, Broadway at 70th St.; Chicago, Michigan Avenue at 13th St.; Boston, 674 Commonwealth Are.; Philadelphia, 246-248 N. Broad St.; Baltimore, Mt. Royal at North Ave.; Philadelphia, 246-248 N. Broad St.; Baltimore, Mt. Royal at North Ave.; Philadelphia, 246-248 N. Broad St.; Baltimore, Mt. Royal at North Ave.; Philadelphia, 246-248 N. Broad St.; Baltimore, Mt. Royal St.; San Woodward Ave.; Milmeapolis, 16-22 Eighth St., N.; Kansas City, 3324-3326 Main St.; San Francisco, 360 Van Ness Ave.; Seattle, 1000-1006 Pike St.

The Clipless Paper **Fasteners** DO IT ALL!

Briefly, these new Paper Fasteners offer the business man four definite advantages:

- (1) A quicker way to fasten papers.
- (2) A quicker way to make a more secure fastening.
 - (3) The elimination of clips and pins,



which will pay for either the "Hand" or "Stand" Clipless Paper Fastener in a very few months.

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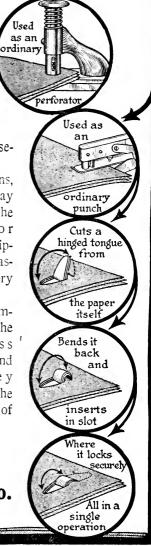
files.

·Hand Machine. Veight Length 1/2 Inches; Price \$3.50

ALL DEALERS CARRY THEM Beware of Imitators and Infringers!

Clipless Paper Fastener Co.

NEWTON, IOWA



Business Furniture

Combines Efficiency, Economy and Variety

This Solid Oak File for 20000 Letters Freight Paid (See Note Note) \$1325

Drawers roll easily on Roller Bearings--are dust proof and equipped with follow blocks.

Very strong. Joints are interlocked, glued and screwed together. Will withstand hard use and

as an Smal Cap a

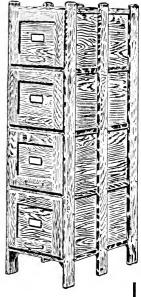
abuse. As serviceable as any file at any price Smaller cabinets and Cap and Invoice sizes.

Weis Stationery Storage Cabinets

keep enough stationery for current use—handy, accessible—yet protected from dust and flies. Spaces for Note, Letter and Cap Paper, Enve-

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\$3.00 with lid, \$2.50 without lid Express Paid (See Note)



Filing Desks combine your choice of Filing drawers in a handsome Flat Top Desk

There are three kinds of drawers for filing letters, 3x5, 4x6 and 5x8 cards,

\$23.00 Freight Paid blanks and all business papers. Choose those you need and have them arranged as you want them.

Solid Oak, top 52x28, All drawers on Roller Bearings. Center Drawer and Slide Shelves. The files you need at your finger tips.

A desk plus filing drawers means multiplied efficiency. Get posted NOW.

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are made in a variety of styles in inexpensive as well as high grade woods and finishes.

reight raid Whetheryou need one section or an office or home library outfit—get Bookcase Catalog "H" and com-

Get Free Booklet "Filing Suggestions" which helps solve filing problems. Sent with Catalog "F" showing filing equipment and many time saving office specialties, Catalog "H" shows two lines of Sectional Bookcases.

pare prices and constructional advantages before you buy.

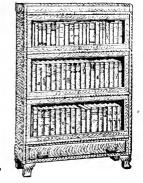
Note: Transportation Charges Paid as Indicated above to points east of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Oklahoma and Texas. Consistently low prices beyond.

The Weis Manufacturing Co.

150 Union Street Monroe, Michigan

New York Office

IX 108 Fulton Street



Burpee's Annual for 1913

"The Leading American Seed Catalog"

Is now ready for mailing. The first edition of more than four hundred thousand copies will soon be distributed. As usual, it is sent unsolicited ONLY to "Customers of Record." We shall be pleased, however, to mail a copy immediately upon application (a postal-card will do) to every one who ap-

preciates QUALITY IN SEEDS.

This SILENT SALESMAN (and we employ no "talking" salesmen to solicit orders) tells the plain truth about *The Best Seeds that Can Be Grown*. It is a bright book of 180 pages and shows, besides colored plates of Burpee Specialties, hundreds of the choicest vegetables and most beautiful flowers, illustrated from photographs. It is almost indispensable to all who garden either for pleasure

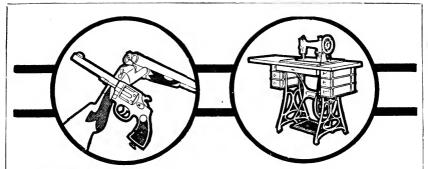
or profit.

The "HOUSE OF BURPEE" is known the world over not only as EXPERTS IN SWEET PEAS, but also as SEED SPECIALISTS. No other American firm has ever introduced so many novelties of sterling value—and no other growers supply seeds annually direct to so many planters. It would be to your interest to read THE BURPEE ANNUAL. It will cost you only one cent for a post-card to send us your address, and you are under no obligation to buy. We never annoy applicants with "follow-up" letters!

Shall we mail you a copy? If so, kindly WRITE TO-DAY.

W. Atlee Burpee & Co.

Burpee Buildings - - - - Philadelphia The World's Largest Mail-Order Seed House



FOR GUNS—3 in One gun oil lubricates perfectly lock, trigger, ejector and break joints. It cleans and polishes like new the barrels, inside and out—also the wooden stock. Absolutely prevents rust. All leading gun manufacturers use and recommend 3 in One.

FOR SEWING MACHINES—3 in One lubricates exactly right every action part, making the machine run 100 times easier. Saves the user's strength—saves wear on the bearings and prevents repair bills. Never collects any dirt, never gums or clogs. It cleans and polishes the wooden case, and prevents rust on all metal surfaces.

the bearings and prevents repair bills. Never collects any dirt, never gums or clogs. It cleans and polishes the wooden case, and prevents rust on all metal surfaces.

FOR RAZORS—3 in One means shaving luxury. Do this: Draw "safety" or "ordinary" blade between thumb and first finger moistened with a little 3 in One. Strop, and secure keenest edge ever. After shaving, oil blade again—no rust can form. Your request on a postal brings our "scientific "razor saver" circular, free.)

FOR FURNITURE—3 in One has simply revolutionized polishing furniture. This is the way: Wring out a soft cloth in cold water moistened with a little 3 in One of over your piano or other fine furniture. All the marks of time and soil will vanish. Then dry and polish with a piece of cheesecloth, rubbing with the grain of the wood. The beautiful lustre and high polish will come back right before your very eyes.

FOR TALKING MACHINES—3 in One makes every kind of a talking machine work beautifully—prevents irritating squeaks and "whir" of the motor and records. Always wipe your disc records with cheesecloth moistened with 3 in One. It prevents dust gathering on them and spoiling their exchange value.

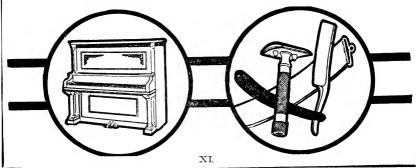
FREE

Send us your name and address on a postal and we will mail you a generous sample of 3 in One and the 3 in One Dictionary—both free. Get the bottle and the book, now!

3 in One is sold in all good stores in 3-size bottles: 10c., 25c., and New ½-Pint for ½ Dollar Household Size.

3 IN ONE OIL CO.

71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY



9verland 1913 \$085

Model 69T, Completely Equipped

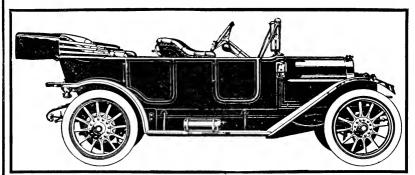
The Best Buy in the Market

SELF-STARTER
30 HORSEPOWER
5-PASSENGER TOURING CAR
110-INCH WHEEL BASE
TIMKEN BEARINGS
CENTER CONTROL

REMY MAGNETO
WARNER SPEEDOMETER
MOHAIR TOP AND BOOT
CLEAR VISION WIND SHIELD
PRESTOLITE TANK

40,000 cars a year make these two values possible. Operating on the largest scale, we can produce at the lowest prices. In a word, we are able to give more car for less money than any other manufacturer in the world. Note the complete and costly equipment of each model.

LET US MAIL A 1913 CATALOGUE
THE WILLYS-OVERLAND COMPANY, TOLEDO, OHIO



Greeland 1913

Model 71T. Completely Equipped

Some of the Big Features

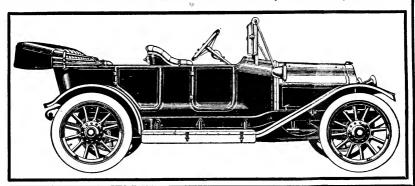
COMPLETE ELECTRIC LIGHTING WARNER SPEEDOMETER
OUTFIT—GENERATOR AND MONAIR TOP AND BOOTS STORAGE BATTERY SELF STARTER 45 HORSEPOWER TIMEEN BEARINGS CENTER CONTROL WHEEL BASE 114 INCHES

CLEAR VISION WIND SHIELD PRESTOLITE TANK

BREWSTER GREEN BODY—IVORY STRIPED, NICKEL PLATED, AND

For those who prefer an electric to a gas starter, we will build into either model, at the factory, the highest type and most expensive of electric starters. These starters consist of no more than three parts and are the most efficient known. Model 69T so equipped is priced at \$1210 and Model 71T at \$1650.

LET US MAIL A 1913 CATALOGUE THE WILLYS-OVERLAND COMPANY, TOLEDO, OHIO





FIGURE

Chemically Prepared Cloth

used dry, will produce high polish on Gold, Silver, Copper, Brassware, etc.; does the work without the use of polish. **Price 25 cents.**

Dust Absorbing Cloth

Antiseptic-hygienic, to be used wherever dust lies; for furniture, woodwork and everything about the house. A dust cloth chemically treated to absorb dust—will not scatter it. The particles of dust are retained in the cloth until washed out in warm water and soap; absolutely sanitary, reliable, durable, **Price 25 cents.**

Liquid Putz

for cleaning Brass, Copper and all metals. Gives a lasting polish. Non-inflammable. One-half pint can 10 cents.

Silver Cleaner

Superior to all others. For cleaning Silver and Nickel. Gives a brilliant and lasting polish. 10 and 25 cents.

Aluminum Polish

in liquid form. Keeps aluminum always looking like new. **One-half pint can 15 cents.**

Rust Remover

For removing rust from all materials. **Price 25** cents.

To introduce the above articles they will be delivered, postage prepaid, to any part of the United States, on receipt of money or stamps for amount of purchase.

Special Discount to Dealers and Agents.

M. LOEWENSTEIN, Sole Distributor 71 Washington Square South - New York City

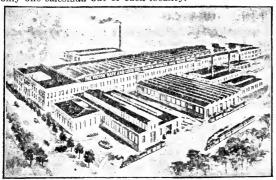
Why Not Make \$200.00 a Month-



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selling Victor safes and fireproof boxes to merchants, doctors, lawyers, dentists and well-to-do farmers, all of whom realize the need of a safe, but do not know how easy it is to own one. Salesmen declare our proposition one of the best clean-cut money-making opportunities ever received. Without previous experience YOU can duplicate the success of others. Our handsomely illustrated 200-page catalogue will enable you to present the subject to customers in as interesting a manner as though you were piloting them through our factory. Men appointed as salesmen receive advice and instructions for selling safes, giving convincing talking points which it is impossible for a prospective customer to deny. Why don't YOU be the first to apply from your vicinity before some one else gets the territory? We can favor only one salesman out of each locality.



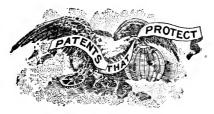
OUR NEW HOME.

Wide-awake are prompt special inducement, and notwithstanding the completion of our new factory has enabled us to double our output, indications point ever-increasing demand which will continue to tax our facili-We are spending many thousands of dollars enlarging but organization. learn all particulars will cost you only the price of a postal-card.

Highest Award Grand Prize and Gold Medal, World's Fair, St. Louis, 1904

The Victor Safe & Lock Co.
Cincinnati, Ohio





TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Inventions Sought by Capital. Write for Free Book

PATENTS that PAY BEST

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5% INTEREST

Allowed on accounts from \$10 to \$3,000.

Deposits made on or before the 5th of any month draw interest from the 1st.

\$100,000 on deposit with the State of N. Y.

We are entering our 73d year.

Banking by mail to meet your convenience.

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Call or write for booklet.

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158 Nassau St., New York City. Est. 1840

ALL SCRIVEN UNDERWEAR



Scriven 1

SCRIVEN STAMP Solvents Clastic Channel ON EVERY GARMENT

And this stamp is your GUARANTEE, so be sure that you get SCRIVEN GARMENTS.

Here are a few reasons why you should wear them:

The MATERIAL and WORKMANSHIP are of the BEST.

No RIPPING or TEARING, as the INSERTION gives at just the right time and place, thus taking the strain from the body of the garment.



Undershirts

You can assume ANY POSITION without wear or tear on the garments. SO COMFORTABLE AND GOOD FITTING, you are not aware of their presence.

TRY THEM

You Take No Chances. We Guarantee Them.

You cannot afford to be without these health-giving and comfortable garments that will relieve you of your underwear trouble and annoyance.

On Request We Will Mail You One of Our Illustrated Catalogues of Prices and Styles. More Than One Hundred

More Than One Hundred Carefully Selected Lines from which to Order.

Your Dealer Will Be Glad to Supply Your Wants.

Don't Miss This Opportunity.



XVIII

OUR FALL CATALOG Nº 59

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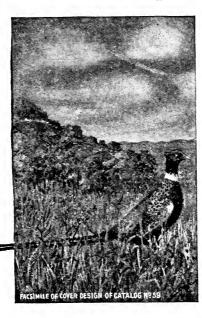
CAOP

OUTFITS

OF

EVERY

DESCRIPTION



WE CARRY
COOPLETE
UNES IN
FISHING

ATHETIC OUTFITS

TACKLE

CADERAS

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·SEND · FOR · IT · NOW ·

OUR FISHING TACKLE OR SPRING TOO DER SPORTS CATALOG — DAILED ON REQUEST —

Schoverling Daly & Gales

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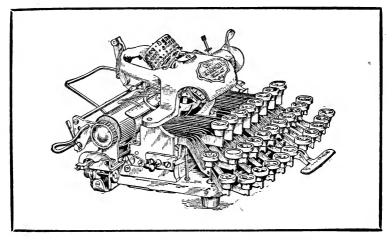
302-304 BROADWAY

NEW YORKCITY

xix

THE TRAVELLER'S COMPANION

A FIVE-POUND PRIVATE SECRETARY



BUILT OF ALUMINUM AND STEEL

A Portable Typewriter, made to stand hard usage. It will double the ability of the Travelling Salesman, Reporter, Engineer, or any one having reports to make or manuscripts to write.

Carbon copies can be kept for future reference without extra labor.

ALUMINUM BLICKENSDERFER

Weighs only 5 pounds, is so strong and durable it can be easily carried anywhere. It has Roller Bearings, Automatic Pointer, Paper Release, Adjustable Margin, Tabulator and Interchangeable Type, and is in every way a HIGH CLASS MACHINE. Either Blickensderfer Scientific or Universal Keyboard.

WRITE FOR CATALOG A-64

THE BLICKENSDERFER MFG. CO.

Executive Offices and Factory

STAMFORD, CONN.

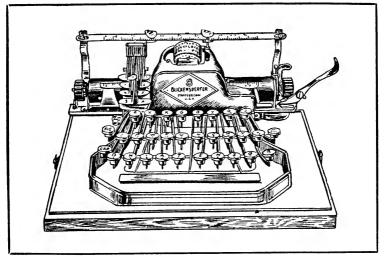
Branch Offices and Agencies in Principal Cities

No. 240 BROADWAY New York, N. Y. No. 121 No. DEARBORN STREET

 $\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$

EVERY BUSINESS REQUIRES IT

STRONG LIGHT ENOUGH FOR ANY WORK © ENOUGH TO CARRY



NEW MODEL NO. 8

The time has passed when a business can be properly con-

ducted without the use of a typewriter.

The BLICKENSDERFER is BEST adapted for all classes of work. You see what you write and can make perfect carbon copies for future reference. The Types are Interchangeable (allowing the use of different styles and languages on the same machine). Inking and Printing are direct.

MODEL NO. 8 is thoroughly up-to-date, including BACK SPACER and DECIMAL TABULATOR for which no extra charge

is made.

Either Blickensderfer Scientific or Universal Keyboard.

SEND FOR CATALOG A-65 THE BLICKENSDERFER MFG. CO.

Executive Offices and Factory

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Branch Offices and Agencies in Principal Cities

No. 240 BROADWAY New York, N. Y. No. 121 No. DEARBORN STREET Chicago, Ill.

IXX

IS IT FAIR

for you to pay \$1.25 to \$1.75 for roofing COSTING LESS THAN 45c TO MAKE?

Many people ARE doing it every day. YOU are apt to if you don't know the facts, because ready roofing is being sold to jobbers for 45c per square. It certainly costs **less** than 45c to make, and you pay \$1.25 to \$1.75 for it.

You can always tell cheap roofing. It is literally bleeding to death. It is oily, greasy, dirty and sort of a sickish yellow color. You can actually see the oil coming out, proving that the cheapest adulterants were used in making it.

REX FLINTKOTE ROOFING

is the safest roofing to buy. It is clean, firm and always stays so. We have been making it for nearly fifteen years. The first made is still giving good service without paint.

Rex Flintkote Roofing is used in large quantities by some of the biggest corporations. Some of them got away from us for a while, and used cheaper roofing. They have come back, however, and are using more Rex Flintkote than ever. Cheap roofing is expensive at any price. Good roofing is economical at any price.

Rex Flintkote is guaranteed as follows:

1 ply 5 years 2 ply 7 years 3 ply 10 years

The guarantee is simplicity itself, and absolutely binding, which is not the case with cheap roofing guarantees.

The first cost of Rex Flintkote may be a trifle more than many other roofings, but it is the **cheapest per year** roofing you can possibly buy. Isn't that what you want?

Rex Flintkote will cost you:

\$1.75 per roll of $\frac{1}{2}$ ply, 108 sq. ft., weighing 25 lbs. \$2.25 per roll of 1 ply, 108 sq. ft., weighing 35 lbs. \$3.25 per roll of 2 ply, 108 sq. ft., weighing 45 lbs. \$4.00 per roll of 3 ply, 108 sq. ft., weighing 55 lbs.

Also made in rolls of 216 square feet.

These prices apply only east of the Mississippi River.

Send for sample and booklet W. A. 13.

Flintkote Manufacturing Company 88 Pearl St., BOSTON, MASS.

Branches and Representatives in Principal Cities



BEFORE YOU BUILD

be sure you are getting the best style; the most convenient and economical arrangement for the money you wish to spend. For the convenience of those who intend to build we have published in book form designs of houses, showing the houses as they will appear when built, together with the floor plans of the same. Estimated costs of construction are given to guide you in your selection. We are also able to furnish the complete plans and specifications of any one of the 1,283 designs shown in our books at a low cost.

 Cement Houses and How to Build Them—87 Designs \$1.00

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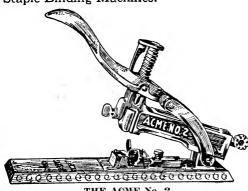
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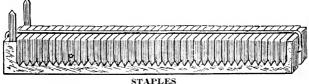


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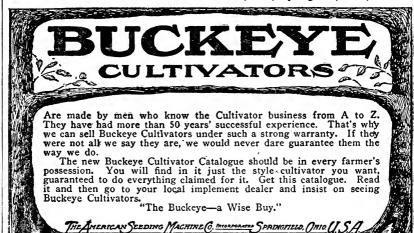
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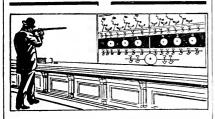
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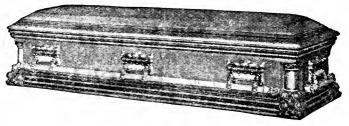
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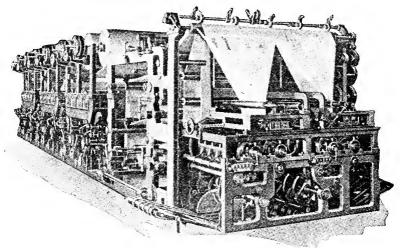
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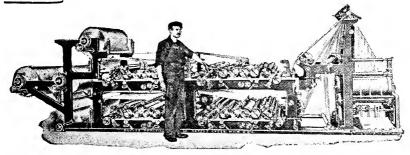
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A Guide to Correct Automobile Lubrication

Explanation: In the schedule the letter opposite the car indicates the grade of Gargoyle Mobiloil that should be used. For example, "A" means "Gargoyle Mobiloil A." "Arc" means "Gargoyle Mobiloil Arctic." For all electric vehicles use Gargoyle Mobiloil A. The recommendations cover both pleasure and commercial vehicles unless otherwise noted.

MODEL OF	1908		1909		1910		1911		1912	
CARS	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter
Abbott Detroit			Arc.	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.
American	A E	E	I A	Arc.	A	Arc.	A	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.
Apperson	E	E	A E	Arc.	Arc	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.
Atlas		I	ΙĒ	E	E	E	Arc.	Arc.	A	4
Austin	AB	I A	Ā	Arc.	I A	Arc.	I A	Arc.	A	Arc.
Autocar (2 cyl) (2 cyl) Com'l	В	A	A	Arc.	A	Arc.	A	Arc.	A	Arc.
" (4 cyl)	A	E	I A	1 E	l A	I E	l A	Arc.	A	Arc.
BenzBergdoll			A	Ā	A	Arc.	A	A Arc.	A Arc.	Arc.
Brush	Α.	A	. A.	E.	Â	E	Â	E E	Arc.	E.
Buick (2 cyl)	A	A	Ą	[A '	A	I.A	A	Α.	A	,A
" (4 cyl) Cadillac (1 cyl)	Â	Arc.	AB	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Α	Arc.	Α	Arc.
" (4 cvl)	A	E	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.
Cartercar	AB	A	A	A	A	E	A	Arc.	A	B Arc.
Case	l	l	l.^.				l â	A A	Â	Arc.
Chadwick	A	A	A	Α	В	A	l A	Arc.	A	Arc.
Chalmers	В.	В.	Arc. B	Arc. B	Arc.	Arc.	A B	Arc. B	Arc. B	Arc. B
Cole					Arc.	Arc.	A	Arc.	Arc.	Arc
Columbia	A	E	A	E	E	E	Α	Α.	Ą	ļ Ā
Columbia Knight Couple Gear	Α	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	Arc.
Croxton-Keeton		E			A	Arc.	A	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.
Daimler Knight	A	E	A	E	Ä	E	Ā	E	À	A
Darracq	Α	E		E	. X.	E	A	A	A Arc.	Arc.
De Dion	В	Ą	A B	A	A B	Ē	В	A	В	A
Delahaye Delaunay-Belleville	AB	A	A B	A	A B	A	AB	A	A	A
Elmore	Ã	A	Ā	A	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc	Arc.	Arc
E. M. F Piat		Ε	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.
Planders					A	A	BEE	A E E	Arc.	Arc.
Pord	A	E	E	E	I A.	Arc.	Ē	Ē	E	E
Franklin Com'l	B	Ē	B	E	B	Arc.	AB	Arc.	A	Arc.
Gramm. Gramm-Logan							.Ã	Arc.	Â	Arc.
Hewitt (2 cyl)	• • • •		A	Arc.	Ă.	Arc.				
Hewitt (4 cyl)	Α.	A	Â	A	A.	A		Arc.	E	E
Hudson					Arc.	Arc.	Â	Arc	Ã	Arc.
Hupmobile	В	.X.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.
Interstate			B	A E	B	A	B	Arc.	B	Arc.
Isotta	A	E	A	A I	A A	A	A	A	A I	A.
Itala Jackson (2 cyl)	· A ·	·	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A.
	Â	A	Â	A	Â	Arc.	A	Arc.	A	Arc
Kelly.		E		E		É	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc
Comilan	A.	E	A	E	ΑI	E	Arc	Arc.	A	Arca

MODEL OF	1908		1909		1910		1911		1012		
			1-								
CARS	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winer	Summer	Winner	Sunner	Wienes	
Kline Kar.		1	1	1	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc	
Knox	В.	E	l B	A	B		ľВ	A	i B	A	
Krit		E		1	Ι Λ	A	Ā	A	Α	A	
Lambert	A		Α	Α	ΙΛ.	Arc	ł Ą	Arc	ļ٨	Arc.	
Come"	AB	Ą	ъ.	l x	В	1	A	E	A	E	
Lancia	l å	Ā	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc Arc		Arc.	
Lozier	ΙÂ	Ā	A		Arc	Arc	Arc				
Mack.	I A	Ã	۱Ä	A	I A	B	l'a	R	ΪB	Age.	
Marion	Ä	Α	A	Ē	I A	E	I A	E	Ā	Arc.	
Marmon	В	AEEE	Arc.	Arc	Ā	E	Ā	Arc	Arc		
Matheson	ΡĄ	: 15	IATC.		Arc.	Arc	P	Ê	£	Arc.	
Maxwell (2 cyl) (4 cyl)			E	E	B	15	Arc	Arc	Arc	Arc.	
Mercedes	Α.	E.	I Ã	ΙĔ	ı â	E	I'A'	E	l'A	R R	
Mercedes Knight	l.::.	J	I	I	I.::.	I	Ä	۱ã	I Â	I Ã	
Mercer					A	Àκ		Arc	1 7	Are.	
Minerva Knight			l				ł A	I.A.	A	A	
Mitchell	Ą	E	Ä.	A	Arc.	Are		Arc		Arc.	
Moon National	A	B	I â	Arc.	Ą	E	Arc.	Arc.		Arc.	
National	^		Ιâ	Arc.	1	Ê	1 4	Arc	1 1	Are.	
Oldsmobile	A	EBE	Â	ΙŘ	I Â	E	12	Arc	1 7	Are	
Overland	Ä	B	Ä	E	ΙÄ	l B	Arc.	Arc	Arc.	Arc	
Packard	A E	Ē	Arc.	Arc.	Are.	Arc	Arc.	Arc.	Arc	Arc.	
Panhard	A	B	Α	E	A	Age	A	R	Α.	Arc.	
Panhard Knight							Ι.Α.	Ā	Ι.Α.		
Peerless	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.		Arc.		
Pierce Arma	Â	B	Â	Are	Arc.	Arc.	A	Arc.	. X.		
Pierce Arrow						AGC.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	
Pope Hartiard	A	E	A	E	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.		
Premier.	A	R	A	Arc.	A	Arc		Arc.	ΙΛ.	Are.	
Rambler	Ą	E	Ā	Ą	Ą	A		Arc.	Aro.	Ara	
Rapid	A	Ā	Λ.	4	4	Ŗ	Ņ.	Arc.	Arc.	Vic.	
Regal	Α.	B	A	Aro	1	R	٨	Arc.	,	B.	
	Â	7	Â	Ä	7	Arc.	Â	Arc	A	Arc	
Royal Tourist	A	A	Ä	B	Arc.		Arc.		Arc.		
Selden	Ā	RI	A	B	A	E	A	B	Arc.	Arc.	
Simplex	A	B	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.		
Speedwell	Ď,	Ď.	A	Arc. D	Arc.	Arc.	A	Arc.	<u> </u>	Arc.	
Stearns	71	E	X	7	D	D	A	Arc.	Þ	D	
Stearns Knight	^.1	- 1	^		Arc.	arc	^	Arc.	4	Are	
Stevens Durvea	A	R	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Àrc.	Arc.	Arc.	Arc.	Are:	
Stoddard Dayston			E	E	Arc.	Arc.	A	A	A	A	
Stoddard Dayton-									A	Ā	
		-	-	-		`. 1		-1			
Thomas	A	E	E	E	E	B	B	E	Α.	В	
Welch	ΩI	ñ	ΩI	Ě	Â	É	Arc.	Arc.		Arc.	
Welch Detroit			.::.1		٠		.W.	Ë	••••	••••	
White (Gas)	ا ا				Arc.	Arc	Arc.	Arc	Arc.	Arc.	
" (Steam)	Ď.	B	ĎΙ	B	DΙ	DI	D	D	DI	D	
Winton	4 7	ب ة إ	E l	8 J	Arc.	Arc i	Arc.	Arol	Arci	Are	

Different types of motor demand different grades of oil. By a thorough analysis of various cars, we have prepared a complete lubricating schedule (printed in part above). It gives the grade of oil that will yield the greatest power from your motor. It will be sent you on request.

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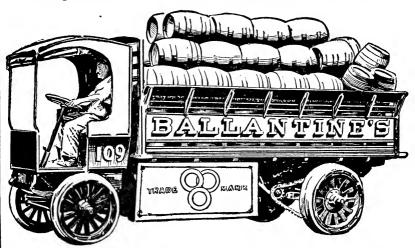
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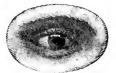
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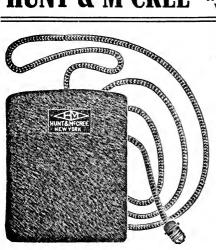
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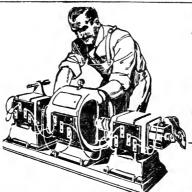
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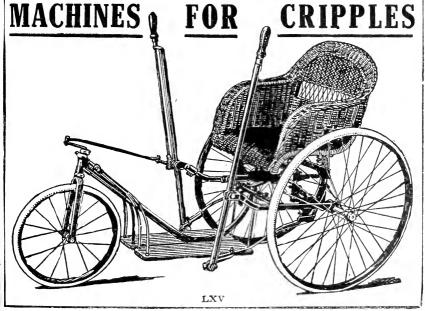
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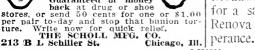
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LXVII

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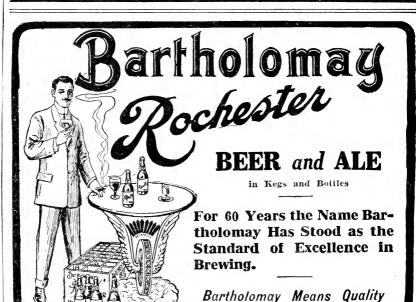
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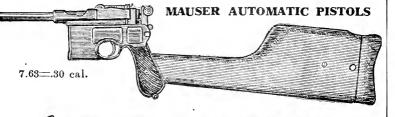
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LXXII

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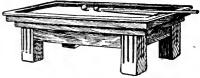
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LXXVIII



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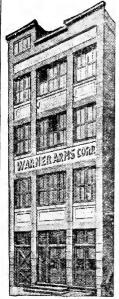
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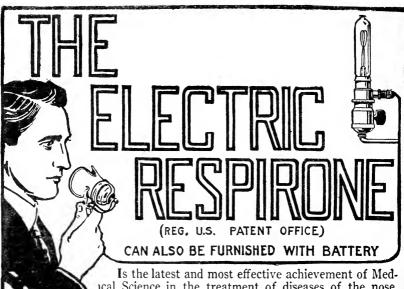
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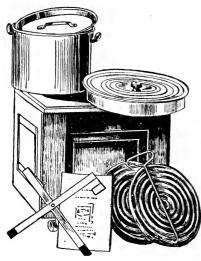
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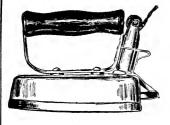
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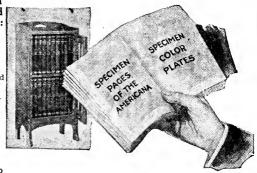
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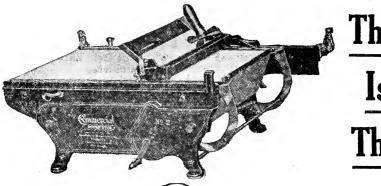
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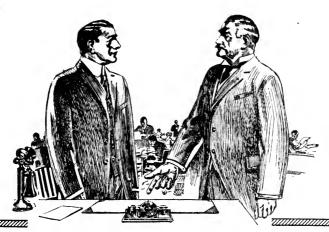
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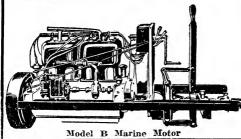
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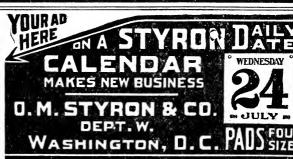
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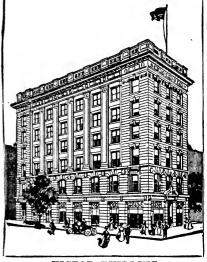
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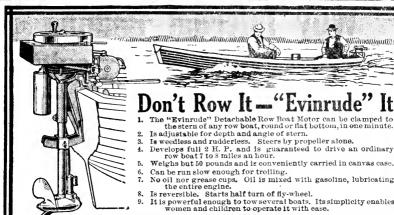
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FOR WOMEN 136

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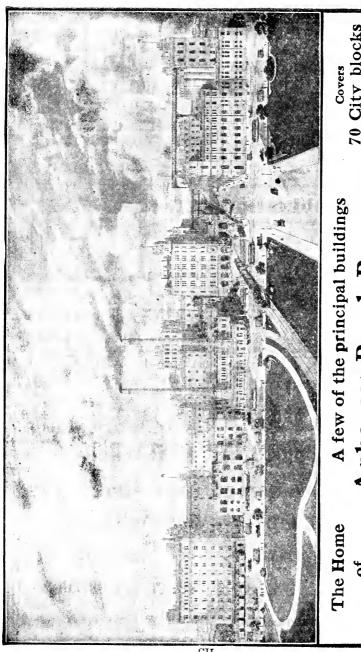
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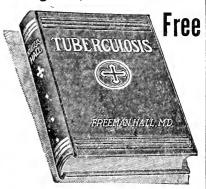
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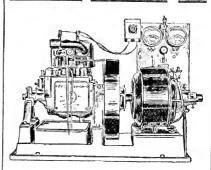


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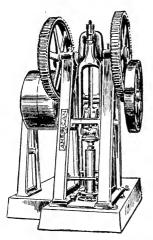
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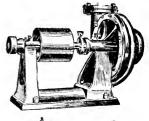


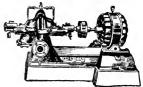
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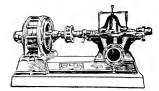
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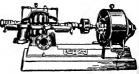
"American" Deep Well Turbine Centrifugals are the most successful development of the centrifugal principle of pumping for deep wells. Described in catalog 124.

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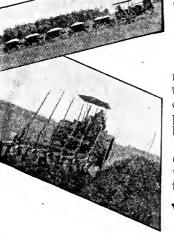


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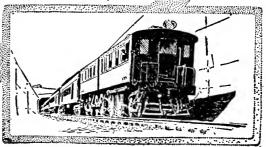
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CXI



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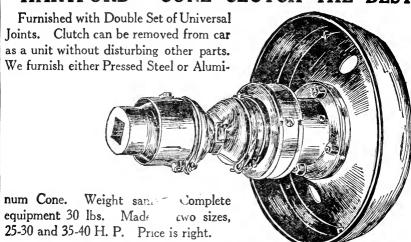
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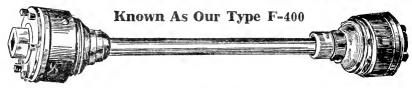


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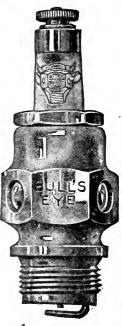
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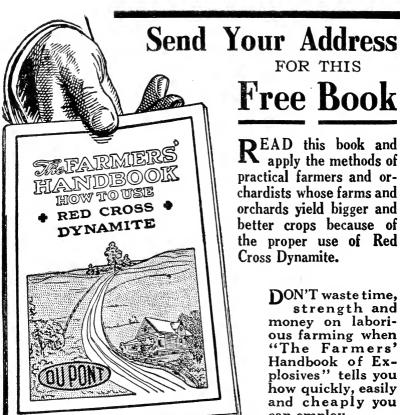
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CXVI

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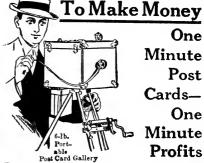
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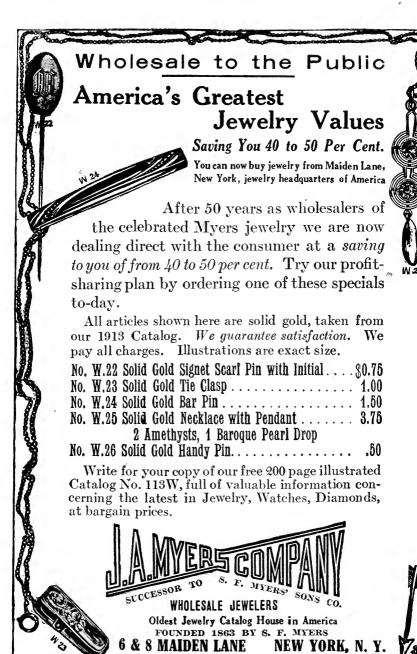
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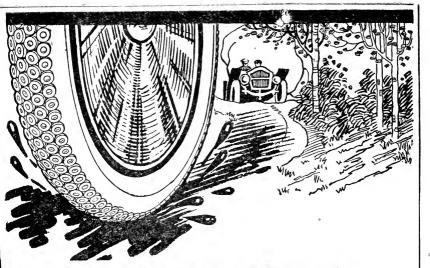
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Occurrences During Printing.

Some months are occupied in printing a volume so bulky as The World Almanac, and it is necessarily put to press in parts or "forms." Changes are in the mean time occurring. Advantage is taken of the going to press of the last form of the First Edition to meert information of the istest possible date, which is done below. The readers of the Almanac are requested to observe these additions, corrections and changes, and it would be well to make note of them on the pages indicated.

Table of Memorable Dates—The Balkan War. War declared by Bulgaria, Montenegro, Servia and Greece against Turkey.

Panama Canal Act—On Nov. 13, 1912. President Taft issued a proclamation announcing the rates of toll to be paid by vessels passing through the water-134.

Prosecution of Trusts—The Supreme Court of the United States on Nov. 18, 1912, upheld the decree of dissolution against the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company and allied concerns, known as the "Bathtub Trust," handed down by the Federal Court of Maryland. In a sweeping decision the Supreme Court of the United States held on Dec. 2 that the Harriman merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroad Companies constituted a combination in restraint of trade within the meaning of the Sherman Anti-Trust law, and should be dissolved. A civil anti-trust suit against the alleged "Candy Trust" was filed in Philadelphia Dec. 13 by Attorney-General Wickersham. A suit to dissolve the Eigin Board of Trade, known as the "Butter Board," and the American Association of Creamery Butter Manufacturers was filed in Chicago Dec. 14 in the Federal Court.

Pennsylvania Railroad—On Nov. 13, 1912; President James McCrea resigned and was succeeded by Samuel Rea.

Statistics of Wool—Fleece and pulled scoured, product 1912, 136,866,652 pounds. Trusts-The Supreme Court of the United States on Nov. 162.

213.

237. pounds.

379. Davis Cup (Tennis)-The English lawn tennis team, challengers, defeated the avis Cup (Tennis)—The English lawn tennis team, challengers, defeated the Australian team, defenders, in the matches played at Melbourne, Australia, 3 matches to 2, winning cup and world's championship for England. Results by matches: November 28, J. C. Parke (England) defeated N. E. Brookes (Australia), 8-6, 6-2, 5-7, 6-2; C. P. Dixon (England) defeated R. W. Heath (Australia), 5-7, 6-4, 6-4, 6-4, November 29, N. E. Brookes and A. W. Dunlop (Australia) defeated J. C. Parke and A. E. Beamish (England), 6-4, 6-1, 7-5. November 30, J. C. Parke (England) defeated R. W. Heath (Australia), 6-2, 6-4, 6-4; N. E. Brookes (Australia) defeated C. P. Dixon (England), 6-2, 6-4, 6-4, 6-4.

tralia) defeated C. P. Dixon (England), 6-2, 6-4, 6-4.

Six-day bicycle race held at Madison Square Garden, New York City, December 9 to 14, 1912, final standing of teams: Ruit and Fogler, 2.661 miles 5 laps; Bedell and Mitten, 2.661 miles 5 laps; Clarke and Hill, 2.661 miles 5 laps; Root and Hehir, 2.661 miles 5 laps; Clarke and Collins, 2.661 miles 5 laps; Grenda and Pye, 2.661 miles 5 laps; Kramer and Moran, 2.661 miles 4 laps; Perchicot and Egg, 2.661 miles 4 laps; Wells and Walker, 2.661 miles 3 laps; Brocco and Berthet, 2.602 miles 1 lap; Cameron and Thomas, 2.547 miles 3 laps; Carmen and Loftes, 2.466 miles 4 laps; Suter Brothers, 2.355 miles 1 lap. The record, 2.737 miles 1 lap, was made by McFarland and Moran in 1908. Six teams were tied for first place and two for second at the finish of the long race, and one rider from each team competed in the finish definition of the long race, and one rider from each team the sprint racers finished as follows: First, Rutt; second, Bedell; third, Clarke; fourth, Root; fifth, Drobach; sixth, Grenda; seventh, Kramer; eighth, Perchicct. 401. Clarke: fourth, eighth, Perchicot.

421. untries of the World—Negotiations for cessation of hostilities in the Balkans may result in change of area and population of countries affected. On Dec. Countries of 21, 1912, Austria, France, Germany, Italy, Russia and Great Britain agreed on the principle of autonomy for Albania, with a provision guaranteeing

to Servia commercial access to the Adriatic.

423. resigned Nov. 28, 1912, and

Dominican Republic—Eladio Victoria, President, resigned Nov. 28, 1912, and was succeeded by Archbishop Mouel as Provisional President. 37. Italian Ministry and Government—A new ministerial department has been created, that of the Colonies (Tripoli, &c.). Colonial Minister—Hon. Pietro Bertolini 425.

Reigning Families of Europe-Luitpold, Prince Regent of Bavaria, died Dec. 12, 1912.

464.

Military Educational System, Coast Artillery School—The school year for offlers and enlisted men is from Jan. 3 to Dec. 15, instead of Sept. 1 to July 1. Diplomatic and Consular Service—Whitelaw Reid, United States Ambassador to 489.

Great Britain, died December 15, 1912.
Sixty-third Congress—Salaries of Representatives are \$7,500 per annum, and mileage of 20 cents per mile each way to and from seat of government. Salary of the Speaker is \$12,000. 513.

ary of the Speaker is \$12,000.

Roman Catholic Hierarchy, Dec. 2—The Pope at a consistory officially announced the appointments of the following American prelates: The Right Rev. Dennis J. O'Connell, Eishop of Richmond; the Right Rev. Patrick A. McGovern, Bishop of Cheyenne; the Right Rev. Austin Dowling, Bishop of Des Moines: the Rev. Edward J. Hanna, Auxiliary Bishop of San Francisco. The Pope created a new Cardinal, Charles Baron Hornig, Bishop of Veszprim, Hungary, At the consistory the red hats were placed on the heads of Cardinal Francis X. Magl. Archbishop of Vienna; Cardinal Giuseppe Maria Cos y Macho, Archbishop of Valladolid; Cardinal Antonio Vico, Papal Nuncio to Spain; Cardinal Francis S. Bauer, Archbishop of Olmuetz, and Cardinal Enrique de Almarez y Santos, Archbishop of Seville; Cardinal A. Capecelatro died. 534. died.

549.

National Highway Protection Society—President, Frederic R. Coudert. Head-quarters, 1 W. 34th st. Alfred E. Nobel Prizes—The board of directors of the Nobel Institute an-nounced in December that no Peace Prize would be awarded in 1912. 562.

OCCURRENCES DURING PRINTING.

625.

643.

Benefactions—Dr. Morris Loeb, chemist, left nearly a million dollars to scientific and charitable institutions, including \$500,000 to Harvard University. Record of Events—On December 9 the British Government presented its protest to the Secretary of State of the United States against free tolls in the Panama Canal for American coastwise vessels. On December 9 a conference of the leaders of the Progressive party was held at Chicago and Col. Roosevelt was named as candidate for President in 1916. On December 16 the Turko-Balkan peace conference began at London.

Death Roll—On December 12, Luitpold, Prince Regent of Bavaria, at Munich, aged 91 years. On December 13, Bishop Thomas A. Jaggar, Protestant-Episcopal Bishop in charge of European churches, Cannes, France, aged 73 years. On December 15, Paul Smith, Adirondack guide and hotelkeeper, surgical operation, Montreal, aged 87 years. December 15, Peter Doelger, brewer, debility, New York City, aged 80 years. December 15, Peter Doelger, British Chile Chiland Chile States Ambassador to Great Britain, pulmonary oedema, London, England, aged 75 years. December 15, Lieut. Parke of the British Navy and Askell Hardwick, manager of the Handley-Page Aeronautical Company, were killed by dropping of a monoplane at Wombley, England. 647.

Parcels Post-Packages weighing up to eleven pounds and of not more than 72 inches in length, breadth and girth combined, may be sent through the mails. See page 115.

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NOTIFICATION TO THE PRESIDENT-ELECT AND VICE-PRESIDENT-ELECT OF THEIR ELECTION.

THE DETERMINATION OF THE RESULT OF THE 1908 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION WAS AS FOLLOWS:

Feb. 10, 1909, the two Houses being assembled in the Hall of the House of Representatives for the count of the electoral vote, and the count having been duly made and certified to, and the announcement thereof made to the two Houses assembled, the statement of the Tellers closed in these words:

the statement of the Tellers closed in these words:

"This announcement of the state of the vote by the President of the Senate shall be deemed a SUFFICIENT DECLARATION OF THE PERSONS ELECTED PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, each for the term beginning March 4, 1909, and shall be entered, together with a list of the votes, on the Journals of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

"The count of the electoral vote having been completed, and the result announced, the joint meeting of the two Houses was dissolved; and
"The Senate returned to its Chamber."

Ember and Rogation Days.

EMBER and Rogation Days are certain periods of the year devoted to prayer and fasting. Ember Days (twelve annually) about the beginning of the four seasons, and are the Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday after the first Sunday in Lent, in Spring; after the feast of Pentecost (Whit Sunday), Summer; after the festival of the Holy Cross, Autumn; and after the festival of St. Lucia, Winter. Rogation Days occur on the Feast of St. Mark, April 25, and on the three days immediately pre-

Area of the Great Lakes of the United States.

	Superior.	Michigan.	Huron.	Erie.	Ontario.
Greatest length in miles	390	345	270	250	190
Greatest preadth in miles	100	84	105	60	52
Greatest depth in feet	0001	1,800	1,000	204	412
Area in square innes	20 000	22,400	23,000	10,000	6,700
Drainage in square miles	95 000		74,000	39,680	29.760
Height above sea-level in feet	600	578	574	564	234
Latitude, degrees north	460 451	410 151	430 201	410 201	430 101
		450 551	460 101	420 501	440 101
Longitude, degrees west	840 301	840 401	80° 10\	780 351	760 201
		870 081	840 301	830 101	790 501
Boundary line in miles.	300	None	220	200	160
United States shore line in miles.	955	1.320	510 ¹	370	230

There are 11.483.876 Jews in the world, 8.876.299 are in Europe, 1.880,579 in America. The Russian Empire leads by far all the united states 11.803.805. The United States follows second with 5.215.805. The United States follows second with 5.215.805. The United States follows second with seads Russian cities with 22.000, New York City alone includes 905.000 Jews in its population. Philadelphia has only 100.000 and Chicago 98.000. New York City embraces one-thirteenth of Jews,—Christian Work and Evangetist.

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F you want to keep in good health you should drink some good Wine. The simple reason is this: You have in Wine food elements and certain properties that you cannot get in any other beverage.

Just compare Wine with tea and coffee or with any of the so-called soft drinks, and you will see this is right. While tea, or coffee, or soft drinks are only good to stop thirst, they are neither a food nor a tonic, but Wine is both a food and a tonic. And this important fact should always be remembered: that Wine—the juice of the grape—is a natural product of food value, affording both

pleasure as a drink and benefit as a tonic.

Let us see what you are drinking when you drink a glass of light table wine like claret. Well, you are drinking the purest of water distilled by summer's sunshine. You are drinking a very little alcohol that comes from the sugar in the grape. You are drinking a number of natural fruit acids, such as tartaric, malic, racemic, pectic and succinic acid. The acids of the grape are good for digestion; they prevent and cure dyspepsia; they drive out the noxious matters that clog the system and cause skin eruptions. Thus, the fruit acids are nature's own blood purifiers and good complexion makers. For proof, go to the grape district of France and Italy, where every man, woman and child drink wine every day of their lives, to see what fine complexions and good digestions they all have.

Moreover, the acids of wine neutralize in the blood the effete matters that impair the mind and organs of the body and make them sluggish. You are drinking in wine malic acid, the element that makes cider so healthful and refreshing. You are drinking in wine albuminous matters which are of course necessary food elements. You are drinking tannin, one of the most useful properties and good for the arteries, for the saying is, "a man is as old as his arteries." You are drinking in wine phosphorus and iron in the form in which they are available as the source of brain and nerve energy. Phosphorus and iron and other mineral salts, such as silicates, magnesium, chalk, etc., being held naturally in suspension in Wine are easily assimilated in the human body, which is not the case when such heavy mineral salts are put up in artificial tonics. If you drink some Wine with your food you will not need any medicinal compounds; if you are "run down" and need a stimulant, Wine is better than any patent medicine or any drug.

Now, it is a very good sign that the healthful habit of drinking some Wine at table with the daily meal is growing in this country. There is plenty of good, pure Wine made in the United States, and it is so cheap that almost every one can afford to drink a little Wine every day with their dinner.

"Get the habit" of taking some Wine with your meals, and you will feel bet-

ter, think better, and be better.

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It is one of the greatest misery= producers in the world.

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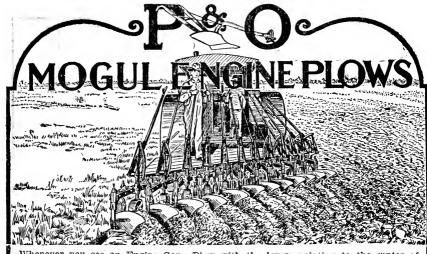
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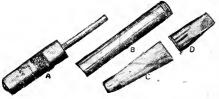
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FOR PAIN_(No matter where)

-Two tablets. COLD-IN-THE-HEAD-(LaGrippe) Dose: Two every three hours.
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Dose: —One every two hours.
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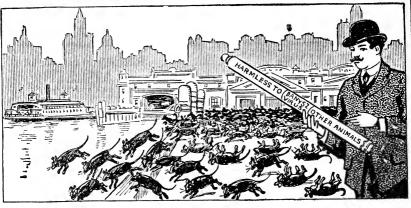
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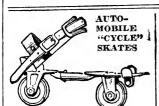
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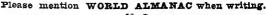
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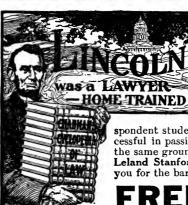


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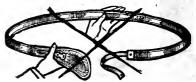
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JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1847 + October 29, 1911.

When Joseph Pulitzer, by the fire and force of brain and conscience, forged in The World a mighty weapon for the people fighting against privilege, he said on that 10th of May in 1883:

"Performance is better than promise. Exuberant assurances are cheap. I make none. I simply refer the public to the new World itself. * * * Truly democratic—dedicated to the cause of the people rather than that of purse potentates * * * *—that will expose all fraud and sham—fight all public evils and abuses—that will serve and battle for the people with earnest sincerity."

At his death on October 29, 1911, the press of this nation and of all Europe, journalists, pub licists, educators and statesmen, individually bore eager witness that he and The World had kept the faith. By their united testimony the newspapers of the nation were better, stronger, more independent, more successful because of his example, his inspiration and his life work.

The entrance of The World into national politics under its new owner was in the campaign of 1884, which, after a generation, restored the Democratic party to power. Twenty years later President Cleveland paid this tribute to its work: "I recall not less vividly how brilliantly and sturdily The World then fought for Democracy; and in this, the first of its great party fights under present ownership, it was here, there and everywhere in the field, showering deadly blows on the enemy. It was steadfast in zeal and untiring in effort until the battle was won; and it was won against such odds and by so slight a margin as to reasonably lead to the belief that no contributing aid could have been safely spared. At any rate, the contest was so close that it may be said without reservation that if it had lacked the forceful and potent advocacy of Democracy at that time by The New York World the result might have been reversed."

Joseph Pulitzer is dead but The World be guided for twenty-eight years fights on. It has proved itself no less forceful and potent as an advocate of Democracy in a victorious national campaign no less notable and vital.

It exposed to a doubting nation and for two years it has led the warring against Colonel Roose-velt's ambitions; it has led the fighting against the false doctrines the ex-President brought fortte in his long campaign; it has led the nation-wide protest against President Tatt's approval of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill and his vetoes of tariff reform bills in violation of party election pledges that had promised "revision of the tariff downward," and it has continued with untiring vigor its long, unending Aght against bosses and against a victous campaign contribution corruption system.

Before the campaign of 1908 THE WORLD, on January 6 of that year, when Woodrow Wilson was still President of Princeton University, editorially presented him to the Democratic party as "an available candidate" "qualified in every respect for the great office of President of the United States." The editorial continued: "Who would more surely command the undivided support of

the independent press? Who would appeal more strongly to the latent moral sense which twice elected Cleveland? Who would inspire a more helpful feeling of security and stability in the minds of all business men engaged in honest enterprise?"

THE FIGHT FOR A FREE PARTY AND A FREE CONVENTION.

Throughout the preconvention campaign of 1912 THE WORLD called for a free party and a free convention. The World declared that the issue was greater than any man, greater even than the Democratic party, "The best wisdom and the best patriotism in the Baltimore convention will be none too great to meet this crisis," it said. "For itself THE WORLD intends to remain free to give to the Democratic party the benefit of its disinterested advice and its unbiased judgment" fusing to chain itself to the ambition of any candidate, urging with impartiality the careful weighing of all, it declared that it could support Oscar W. Underwood, Champ Clark, Woodrow Wilson or Judson Harmon "without sacrificing any of our political principles."

But after the selection of delegates to the national convention had brought to no candidate for the Democratic nomination the necessary two-thirds, THE WORLD on May 30 editorially came out for Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, showing by plain figures, cold facts and careful analysis that he was the ablest man, the wisest states man and the strongest campaigner; and that he would be the most successful vote-getter the party could present to the people.

"THE WORLD believes," it said, "that he would be a progressive constitutional President whom the American people could trust and for whom they would never have cause to apologize.'

And in that editorial The World called on Mr. Bryan "to throw his great political influence upon the side of Governor Wilson and aid the Democratic party to meet adequately this great crisis in the Nation's history. He has the most brilliant opportunity for disinterested patriotic leadership that has come to any American of this generation.'

THE WORLD'S hard-hitting editorials throughout the convention battles had been daily before the eyes of every delegate. On the day following the nomination, in its bugle call for this latter-day Armageddon The World voiced the verdlet of the Democracy:

"The nomination of Woodrow Wilson for President means a new Democracy. new epoch in American self-government. The Democratic party at last has broken its shackles. It has emancipated itself. It has rehabilitated itself in power and principle. It has turned its face to the rising sun, to re-establish the faith of the American people in their own institutions. Woodrow Wilson will be the next President of the United States. But he will be more than that. He will be the first President of the United States in a generation to go into office owing favors to nobody except the American people and under obligations to nothing except the general welfare.

"No political boss brought about his nomination. No political machine carried his candidacy to victory. No coterie of Wall Street financiers provided the money to finance his campaign. has no debts to pay to corrupt politics or to corrupt business. He was nominated by the irresistible force of public opinion, and by that alone. He stands before the country a free man. The American people have set out to regain possession of their government, and Woodrow Wilson was nominated for President because he embodies that issue. The bosses and the plutocrats who tried to prevent his nomination were beaten by the power of the people, and the power that nominated him is the power that will elect him.

"It is because Governor Wilson represents this vital principle that The World so persistently urged his nomination. It is because Governor Wilson represents this principle that he will be triumphantly elected in November. Such a man is imperatively needed, and the American people,

true to their traditions in every crisis, have again found him."

By an overwhelming electoral majority the States of the Union have put their seal of approval on these principles, and rejoicing in this verdict THE Workl looks forward to the coming four years of Democratic administration with confidence in the final verdict of history. In the four months' triangular campaign, though the task of reporting adequately the doings of three great parties with unusually vigorous State fights taxed the resources of the paper's news columns, THE Worklo was able to present to its readers the fullest, clearest exposition of the oppressive burdens of the Payne-Aldrich tariff. The figures were the work of months of its own experts ably assisted by such authorities as R. K. MacLea, and the presentation of the amazing facts vividly, pictorially and with many of the "jokers' required a page a day for sixteen issues. These features THE Worklo

THE FIGHT AGAINST HUGE CAMPAIGN CORRUPTION FUNDS.

It is with profound satisfaction that THE WORLD impresses on the attention of the public that this campaign of 1912 marked the end of a long fight which it has made in season and out of season this campaign of 1912 marked the end of a long fight which it has made in season and out of season against the corruption of huge campaign funds gotten together by the sale of privilege. "Frying the fat" out of tariff-protected industries was the terse characterization of B. F. Jones of Pittsburgh, the Republican National Chairman in 1834; "assessing the corporations" was Mark Hanna's plain, blunt, business man's expression when managing McKinley's campaigns in 1896 and 1900; "you and I are practical men" was the phrase in President Roosevelt's letter in 1904 to the man on whom he called at the eleventh hour to raise \$250,000, "which turned 50,000 votes in New York" in Mr. Harriman's own words. Bad as conditions had been in 1896, in no campaign had this become grave a scandal, or the contributions os scientifically "demanded" as in that campaign of 1904. With the unerring insight of his long experience and keen judgment, Mr. Pulitzer on October 1 of that year published in The World an editorial, the longest and most carrilly prepared that he ever wrote—it filled a page and a half. "How about the great corporations which do contribute to the campaign fund?" he asked of the President who was then a candidate for re-election. "There is no big stick for them; no marines, no warships—nothing but secrecy, silence, solicitation, surrender." He then put to the President—"not for the Democratic party but for democratic institutions; not against the Republican party but for the Republic," these ten questions that have become famous:

How much has the Beef Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou?

How much has the Paper Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou?

How much has the Coal Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou? How much has the Sugar Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou? How much has the Oil Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou? How much has the Tobacco Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou? How much has the Steel Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou? How much has the Insurance Trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou? How much have the national banks contributed to Mr. Cortelyou?

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How much have the national banks contributed to Mr. Cortelyou?

How much have the six great railroad trusts contributed to Mr. Cortelyou?

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There was then no answer. There was a flaming retort from Colonic Roosevelt to Judge Parker when the Democratic candidate made on the stump kindred charges at the campaign's end. But the truth has come out—slowly, indeed, but surely. The first answer was forced out in the insurance investigation in 1905, which, thanks to The World's persistent diggling and Hughes' legal skill, became a powerful searchlight revealing a mass of hidden corruption. More appeared when The World on April 2, 1907, printed exclusively the famous letter of E. H. Harriman to Sidney Webster. And in the testimony before the Senate sub-committee in the Summer and early Autumn the whole story came out. The ten questions have been answered and The World on October 1 reprinted its editorial of eight years before that its then unheeded warning might carry again its lesson to cars at last opened to facts and eyes clear to see and shun danger. Not again will a Mark Hanna raise from beneficiaries of privilege a \$5,000,000 "slush fund." The World's renoicled in November that the campaign fund of the successful Democratic party amounted to \$1,100,000, contributed by over 90,000 individuals, with not a dollar received from any corporation.

The World's service in the New York State campaign was not less valuable. Its staff of investigators, aided by efficient engineers, was put to work in the State Highways Department and showed in a series of articles how the department under the Dix-Murphy administration had been turned into a powerful political machine to the serious detriment of the roads, how money had been lavishly spent and how much had been wasted, to say the least, and how by an unconstitutional "expedited routes" system privileged persons and communities had profited

KEEP THE FAITH! CARRY OUT PARTY PLEDGES.

Though the new administration must wait until March 4 to take up its duties, The World began immediately after the election of Governor Wilson was assured to blaze the way to success. "Keep the Faith!" it cried as it editorially called attention to the fact that pressure had been brought to bear upon Woodrow-Wilson not to call Congress in special session to revise the Payne-Aldrich schedules, and that pressure has been brought to bear upon the Democratic National Committee to oppose a special session.

"This is a counsel of Infamy to which Mr. Wilson cannot and will not listen, and to which no honest Democrat should listen," said The World editorially.

"If the Democratic party postpones tariff revision it is doomed. Delay will be interpreted as proof of timidity and bad faith, and the sentiment of the country will turn at once against the Wilson administration. It is the first great duty of the party to stand behind President Wilson as a unit and carry out the platform pledges without a day's unnecessary delay. This is no time for a second exhibition of Democratic peridy and dishonor. "Keep the Faith!"

The World at once sent telegrams to every Democrat elected to the new Congress, asking him where he stood on the question of calling an extra session to take up tariff reform. The response to the poll was instant and overwhelmingly insistent that the party meet and "Keep the Faith!"

Governor Wilson, impressed, asked The World for the answers of the Congress men and on November 15 began his administration by his announcement to the press:

"I shall call Congress together in extraordinary session not later than April 15. I shall do this not only because I think that the pledges of the party ought to be redeemed as promptly as possible, but also because I think that the pledges of the party ought to be redeemed as promptly as possible, but also because I think that the pledges of the party ought to be redeemed as promptly as possible, but also because I think that the pledges of the party ought to be redeemed as Though the new administration must wait until March 4 to take up its duties, THE WORLD

ticular items of tariff revision are to be should be removed as soon as possible.

LIGHT ON THE MONEY TRUST.

THE WORLD added another valuable chapter to the many that it has exclusively presented to THE WORLD added another valuable chapter to the many that it has exclusively presented to the public by exposing the real inwardness of the so-called Roosevelt pains of 1907. It had furnished to the Stanley committee of Congress invaluable facts as to one outcome—the gobbling up of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company by the Steel Trust with the express permission of President Roosevelt. On June 13, while the Pulo committee of Congress investigating the so-called Money Trust was taking testimony in New York, The World published the actual facts surrounding the loan of \$25,000,000 to the brokers on the Stock Exchange on October 24, 1907, the big day of the panie. The World showed that this was not the money of J. P. Morgan & Co., the reputed saviors

panic. THE WORLD showed that this was not the money of J. P. Morgan & Co., the reputed saviors of Wall Street, but was money deposited that very day with selected national banks by the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Cortelyou.

The facts in brief were thus published: The Secretary of the Treasury on October 23, when call money had reached 125 and the gravest fears seemed certain to be realized, found that his mere promise of relief had not helped the situation. That night there was another long conference in which Mr. Morgan participated.

At the close after midnight on the morning of the 24th, Mr. Containing issued the statement.

which Mr. Morgan participated. At the close after midnight on the morning of the Zich, Am. Cortelyou issued this statement:

"As an evidence of the Treasury's position I have directed deposits in banks of this city to the amount of \$25,000,000."

All the morning, bankers congregated around Mr. Morgan and William Rockefeller, who was with him his office and learned to what extent each would share in the distribution of this money. Mr. Morgan was the absolute dictator. As soon as the word went forth that \$25,000,000 would be loaned out on Stock Exchange collateral by the banks sharing in it, the rension was relieved. Brokers gladly paid the high interest rate—50 per cent.—demanded. They were told at the close of business to send over to Morgan's office and get a memorandum which directed each broker to some bank that had received a deposit of Treasury funds. Mr. Morgan's part was that of being in control of

both the bank and the United States Treasury funds, by agreement of Secretary Cortelyou and the bankers under his direct or dominant influence.

"As soon as I read that exclusive publication in The World this morning," said Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the Pulo committee. "I decided to examine Mr. Cortelyou and subpoena any member of J. P. Morgan & Co. I could reach. The testimony of these gentlemen (Mr. Cortelyou and Mr. Charles Steele) has borne out fully everything stated in The World, and the evidence is conclusive that it was not the philanthropic Mr. Morgan but the Treasury of the United States that came to the rescue of the panic-stricken gamblers of the stock market.

From the records of the Sub-Treasury and of J. P. Morgan & Co. was put in evidence in consequence a table showing in brief that at this time the United States Treasury deposited in or loaned to fourteen banks 37,697,000; that these fourteen banks agreed to loan brokers \$21,550,000; and that these fourteen banks acrually did loan to brokers \$18,945,000. Twelve of these fourteen banks are generally recognized as being important members of the Morgan-Rockefeller group. They are the First National, the National City, the Hanover, the Chase, the Fourth National, the Park, the Chemical, the Mechanics and Metals, the American Exchange, the Corn Exchange, the National Bank of Commerce, and the Bank of America. The other two banks, whose combined loans amounted to \$800,000 only, were the Bank of the Manhattan Company and the Importers and Traders.

Traders.

Traders.

The World on October 20 and on November 11 added to its record for public service by publishing exclusively valuable analyses of the report prepared by the expert accountants of the Money Trust investigation committee of Congress which showed that the Morgan-Rockefeller interests dominate properties of all classes with capital and funded indebtedness of \$36,711,328,678, over one-third of the nation's wealth; and that in particular this same influence dominated 305 financial institutions (whose names, addresses and resources were given) with a total capital, surplus reserves and deposits of \$8,097,631,011—all this through a maze of interlocking directorates. And The World announced that the committee's attorneys will strive to show that it is absolutely impossible for "outsiders" to finance any enterprise without the sanction of the "Morey Kings;" that unwelcome competitors can be driven from the big pursuits of commerce with comparative ease if they offend those who hold the purse strings; and that there are few if any financial institutions in the country which are willing to withstand, or are capable of withstanding, the demands of the great Morgan-Rockefeller system of banks. Rockefeller system of banks.

THE MURDER OF HERMAN ROSENTHAL.

Herman Rosenthal, an East Side gambler, who had sought the richer pickings of Broadway and the Tenderioin, went before Magistrate Butts at the West Side Police Court on July 12 and made an affidavit charging oppression against Police Inspector Cornellus Hayes and Police Captain William Day of the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station, and asking for a warrant for their arrest because a policeman was being kept on permanent post in his gambling house. No. 104 West Forty-flith Street since April 15, when it had been raided and put off of business by Police Lieutenant Charles Becker and his "Strong-Arm" squad. The Magistrate denied the request, holding the evidence presented fusufficient, but all the newspapers printed the story of Rosenthal's futile visit, and an interview with him. He made open charges against the police, declared that a lieutenant of police was his partner in the gambling house, having put up \$1,500 on a chattel mortgage and collecting 20 per cent. of the profits of the house. He said he had laid the facts of the oppression before the District Attorney, and, mentioning names, said he knew the entire system of "protection" and knew the men who were getting the thousands of dollars paid in weekly by the gamblers.

The World knowing that there was a very real basis for the gambler's charges did not drop the case. It sent a staff correspondent with Rosenthal's Interview to see District-Attorney Whitman, who was at Newport. Mr. Whitman said: "I have had the charge made by Rosenthal under Investigation for some time. I have no sympathy with Rosenthal the gambler. As such he is beyond the pale. But I have real use for Rosenthal, who, abused by the police, proposes to ald decency and lawfulness by revealing conditions that are startling. The boldness of some of the operations is astounding. The trail leads to high places, even if only a small part of the accusation of Rosenthal and others is substantiated. This man will have a chance to tell his story to the Grand Jury.

Another reporter of THE WORLD went to see Rosenthal and asked him for the facts to back up the accusations in his interview. Rosenthal demurred, saying that the police system was so strong that no newspaper would print the facts. He was told that he was mistaken; that The World would print them. Rosenthal then late that Saturday afternoon came to The World office and made an affidavt detailing the facts on which he had made his accusation against the police and naming Lieutenant Charles Becker as the man who had loaned him \$1,00 and as partner had taken

naming Lieutenant Charles Becker as the man who had loaned him \$1,500 and as partner had taken 20 per cent. of the profits of his gambling house.

Lieutenant Becker, learning of the existence of the affidavit, came down to The World office that same Saturday evening with his counsel John W. Hart and was shown it as well as the interview with the District-Attorney. Lieutenant Becker said that under the rules of the Police Department he was not free to make any statement in regard to the charges, although he emphatically denied their truth. The World on Sunday published exclusively Rosenthal's affidavit in full, the interview with the District-Attorney, and the denials of Lieutenant Becker and his counsel. The publication aroused the city. District-Attorney Whitman hurried back to bis office to make a thorough investigation of the charges presented in the columns of The World. Police Commissioner Waldo started back from Toronto, and the gamblers, apprehensive, were in panic. Rosenthal was persistent and announced his intention of going again before Magistrate Butts with additional charges and evidence. The police officials had nothing to say.

The police officials had nothing to say.

Mr. Whitman on Monday, July 15, made an appointment with Rosenthal to go over all his evidence at the District-Attorney's office on the following morning. Herman Rosenthal did not evidence at the District-Attorney's office on the following morning. Herman Rosenthal did not keep that appointment. In executing that affidavit printed in The World he had unwittingly signed his own death warrant. That night, two hours after midnight, he was called out of the cafe of the Metropole Hotel on West Forty-third Street a hundred feet from the heart of Broadway and

shot to death.

The boldness of the crime was amazing.

shot to death.

The boldness of the crime was amazing. The city was aroused by its audacity and profoundly shocked by the too-evident connection between the System, the imminent investigation and the murder of the victim that had dared to "squeal."

The news spread with amazing rapidity. A telephone message from The World office awoke District-Attorney Whitman and he hastened at once to the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station, where the body of the murdered informer was taken, and personally assumed charge of the case. His promptness was of inestimable value to the cause of justice. The murderers, known to be a party of four, had escaped in a gray automobile. A passerby had caught is number, 41313, and had hurried to the police station to report it. He had been promptly locked up and other numbers appeared on the blotter. A telephone message had also brought Lieutenant Becker to the station house. After his first analysis the District-Attorney declared:

"I accuse the Police Department of New York, through centain members of it, with having murdered Herman Rosenthal. Either directly or ladicately it was because of them that he was stain in cold blood, with never a chance for his life."

THE PUBLIC CONSCIENCE AROUSED.

The Investigation of the crime furnished dramatic disclosures daily. The public conscience was aroused in all except the highest officials of the city. The Police Department seemed unable or unwilling to find the murderers, but the District-Attorney was tricless and the newspapers of the city held up his hands. After a week's investigation The World was able to name the East Side gangsters who were the actual murderers. Evidence accumulated fast. Jack Rose, a gambler and a collector of graft for Lieutenant Becker; "Bridgle" Weber, another gambler, with rooms at Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street, and Harry Vallon, all accomplices in the murder, one by one gave themselves up to the police and were handed over to Mr. Whitman. On July 29 they confessed the plot. The Grand Jury was quickly summoned at night and heard their stories under promise of immunity, indictments were found at once and Lieutenant Becker was arrested at his desk and lodged in the Tombs on a charge of murder.

At last on August 15 The World printed exclusively and verbatim "Jack" Rose's confession of the crime. The full story filled a page and a half. It startled New York, though the city might well have been fed full with sensations. Rose told how he had collected graft money for Lieutenant Becker. The District-Attorney had already found bank accounts in the name of the Police Lieutenant or his wife amounting to \$50,000, besides a newly built house, real estate and some stocks and bonds. He told further how Becker had called for him, told him that Rosenthal was "getting dangerous," and that "he must be stopped." Becker, he went on, told him to get some of "Jack" Zellg's gang and have Rosenthal "croaked." Rose demurred at murder, but ultimately yielded to Becker's strength and dominance. He fixed the job with his friends Valion and Weber, who had money. They got Zellg out of the Tombs, where he was confined on a charge of carrying a revolver (a "frame-up" by Becker's men, he declared), and arranged a cold-looded compact with four of Zellg's g by Becker's orders.

who went with Ross when \$1,000 of "Bridgie" Weber's money was paid to the gummen for their job by Becker's orders.

Justice, thoroughly aroused, moved fast and sure. The District-Attorney put Becker on trial before Justice Goff on October 7, and under the latter's steady driving the trial was concluded on October 24, when at midnight the jury brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree. The police lieutenant is in Sing Sing under sentence of death. With him are also the four hired gummen, base products of the East Side: Frank Muller, alias "Whitey Lewis;" Frank Cirofiel, alias "Dago Frank;" Louis Rosenberg, alias "Lety Louie," and Harry Horowitz, alias "Gyp the Blood." They stood trial together before Judge Goff on November 8, and on November 19, after but twenty minutes deliberation, all four were also found guilty of murder in the first degree, and they also were sentenced to death. Rose, Valion and Weber, having turned State's evidence, were set free.

The Becker trial consumed but seventeen days. In spite of the long search for gummen and witnesses, a verdict was reached 100 days after Rosenthal was murdered. In celerity and dignity the trial has set a new standard for famous cases in New York.

"Becker has been convicted of the murder of Rosenthal. The System has been convicted of the murder of Rosenthal. But what next?" said The World in watchful warning on this serious mulcipal situation. "Will Becker in the end escape just punishment through an appeal to the technicalities of the law? Will the System itself escape extermination through the Inability of a government of law to cope with a government of crime? Justice is still on trial in New York, in spite of the righteous verdict of the Becker jury. It is on trial in the appeal that Becker's counsel will make to the courts of last resort. It is on trial in the devious and intricate who traffic in law and traffic in human life. * * Regardlesses of Becker's conviction, the shadow of the System still hangs over New York City. Even to-day the men who

TRIAL AND CONVICTION OF CHARLES H. HYDE FOLLOWED.

TRIAL AND CONVICTION OF CHARLES H. HYDE FOLLOWED.

Following these convictions, District-Attorney Whitman at once put Charles H. Hyde on trial before Justice Goff in the Supreme Court. Hyde, the protégé and former law partner of Mayor Gaynor, had been appointed to the important office of City Chamberlain by the Mayor, but had resigned that office May 3, 1911, after he had been indicted for bribery under Section No. 372 of Article 33 of the penal law of New York. The specific offense charged was that he had forced Joseph G. Robin, head of the Northern Bank, to lend \$13000 to the tottering Carrioge Trust Company on August 122, 1941 under the above the suprementation of the Company of August 122, 1941 under the above the suprementation of the Company of August 122, 1941 under the above the suprementation of the Company of August 122, 1941 under the above the content of the Company of August 122, 1941 under the above the content of the Company of August 122, 1941 under the above the Company of August 122, 1941 under the above the Company of August 122, 1941 under the above the Company of August 122, 1941 under the Company of August 122, 1942 under the Company 122, 194

been deliberately sidetracked. Comptroller Prendergast, warned, had taken action immediately on Hyde's departure from the city and had drawn out the city's cash at the rate of \$50,000 a week, so that he had reduced the deposit to \$650,000 by the first week of January, 1911. Cummins went to Mayor Gaynor's house in Hyde's absence and pleaded for hours with him to direct Hyde's deputy to deposit with his company \$500,000 more of the city's money to stave fo bankruptey. The Mayor declined to interfere and the next morning the State Banking Department closed the doors of the Carnegle Trust. Its affairs were greatly involved.

This was the situation that confronted Mr. Hyde on his return. Robin, who had been led to believe that he would be "taken care of," found himself deserted. He chose on March 1 to plead guilty and gave the District-Attorney valuable information. Mr. Whitman's efforts were bringing to light evidence that portended indictments, when THE WORLD, which had been closely following the events and aiding the efforts to get at the facts, discovered that the powerful hidden influences opposed to the investigation had reached Governor Dix and had prevailed upon him to send a letter to Mr. Whitman taking the entire matter out of his hands and supplanting him with Attorney-General Carmody.

opposed to the investigation had reached Governor Dix and had prevalled upon him to send a letter to Mr. Whitman taking the entire matter out of his hands and supplanting him with Attorney-General Carmody.

The World promptly turned the searchlight of publicity upon this action and in an exclusive page story on March 9, 1911, gave the extraordinary facts to the people. The World took this occasion to give the public also a most valuable piece of evidence which it had discovered—a list of eighteen banks which had gotten various sums of city deposits from the City Chamberlain, ranging from \$25,000 to \$750,000; and had thereupon loaned Cummins's Carnegle Trust Company sums ranging from \$35,000 to \$500,000. The total of city cash concerned was \$3,915,567, and the known loans were considerably in excess of \$2,625,000. The World was able to give a full story of the events leading to the Governor's unprecedented action and to name many of the men concerned in this effort to blanket investigation by the prosecuting attorney of the county.

The World's exposure amazed and aroused the community and was the first great step in awakening people to the condition of affairs. It also strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs, it also strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs, it also strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs, it also strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs and the strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs and the strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs and the strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs and the strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs and the strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the condition of affairs and the strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the form the strangled the plan is strangled the plan. Both Whitman and Hyde for the form the form

THE STORY OF PANAMA BEFORE A COMMITTEE OF CONGRESS.

Congressman Henry T. Rainey of Illinois introduced this resolution in Congress:
"Whereas, as a former President of the United States has declared that he 'took'. Panama from
the Republic of Colombia without consulting Congress; and
"Whereas, the Republic of Colombia has ever since petitioned this country to submit to The
fague Tribunal the legal and equitable question whether such taking was in accordance with or in
violation of the well-established principles of the laws of nations; and
"Whereas, the Government of the United States professes its desire to submit all International
controversities to arbitration, but has steadily refused arbitration to the Republic of Colombia; there-

fore be it

"Resolved, that the Committee of Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives be, and the same hereby is, directed to inquire into the same; send for books, papers and documents; summon witnesses; take testimony; and report the same, with its opinions and conclusions thereon, to this House with all convenient speed."

witnesses; take testimony; and report the same, with its opinions and conclusions thereon, to this House with all convenient speed."

The House referred the resolution to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and its chairman, William Sulzer, wrote to The World asking this paper to place at the disposal of his committee the evidence bearing on the subject which it had collected in preparation of its defense in the suit for criminal libel instituted by the Government of the United States against that paper. The World agreed to produce so much as was relevant to the inquiry and sent Henry N. Hall of The World staff to Washington to present it to the committee. After Mr. Rainey had set forthe broad points of the case Mr. Hall on February 9 was called before the committee and for seven days presented "The Story of Panama" with varied documentary evidence. Much of the evidence The World had collected was new, as owing to the complete collapse of the Government's case against it the paper's attorneys had had no opportuality of bringing it out in court. As he concluded the presentation of the evidence Mr. Hall said to the committee: "I have not spoken here as the advocate of Colombia nor as the prosecutor of Mr. Roosevelt. I have endeavored fairly and impartially on place the truth before you as I saw it from the documents gathered by The World. I trust you will arrive at a just and satisfactory solution of this momentous question. I sincerely hope you will find some way of settling a difference with Colombia which ought to be settled because the United States is Iosing in South and you are paying a color of the case and any of the construction of the Fanama Canal and you are paying the construction of the Fanama Canal and you are paying the construction of the fanama Canal and you are paying the construction of the fanama Canal sorted or commercial interests, there are other and higher reasons why this controversy ought to be settled. "Righteousness alone exaltet ha nation." Truth, justice, hoor demand that Colombia's cl

HURD'S STORY OF RESCUE OF TITANIC'S PASSENGERS.

When the great White Star steamship Titanic, carrying 2,181 men, women and children, crashed into an iceberg of the Bauks in the night of April 14 and sank, the newspapers

strained every effort to get for their eager readers the facts of the terrible calamity. Wireless telegraphy slowly, laboriously, and well nigh miraculously flashed through the ocean air the names often garbled, of the 705 survivors, but brought little else of news. That watted until the Cunarder Carpathia with its freight of rescued came to port four days afterward. The World was singularly favored by fortune. On board the Carpathia, bound out with his wife for a European vacation, was Carlos F. Hurd, a member of the staff of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, and therefore of The World. It fell to his lot to be a witness of the seenes of rescue and to help minister to the bereaved ones on the return to New York. He wrote the full vivid, graphic story of the wreck and rescue, and, coming up the bay, tossed the copy safely wrapped in a cigar box over the rail to World men chasing alongside in a tug. His story was hurried to The World office, put in type, and before the ship-wrecked passengers had left the Cunard pier the full dramatic story of the disaster and rescue was being read on the streets and in the homes of New York and being telegraphed to the papers of every city and town in the country.

city and town in the country.

The World on the earliest wireless report of the sea tragedy declared that it was due to speedmadness, demanded an investigation that would lead to laws compelling better wireless rules, adequate lifeboat provision for all passengers and the ship's company at sea, and new steamship lanes south of the lee region. Investigation that followed here and in England has already resulted in such new laws and regulations; without waiting for the compulsion of law the big lines refitted their steam-

of the ice region. Investigation that followed here and in England has already resulted in such new laws and regulations; without waiting for the compulsion of law the big lines refitted their steamships and even rebuilt some on safer plans as dictated by the grim lessons of the disaster.

INVESTIGATION OF FACTORY CONDITIONS.

In May and June The World sent to the more important cities of the State a staff correspondent to get first hand knowledge of the conditions of factory life in New York State that were being investigated by the New York State Factory Investigating Commission. This commission had been at work several months zealously and without pay. Its chairman is Senator Robert F. Wagner of New York, the members being Assemblymen A. E. Smith, Hamilton, Jackson and Phillips, Miss Mary E. Dreler, Samuel Gompers, Robert E. Dowling and Simon Brentano. Abram I. Elkus, regent of the State University, is its counsel, and Dr. George M. Price is the director of investigation. THE World staff correspondent found conditions similar to those it had uncovered. He found ample proof that women are employed in slaughter houses, and in steel and iron foundries; that many employés are underpaid; that they are usually treated with less consideration than the machines they operate; that women are doing the work of men because they can be hired cheaper; that children are working long hours under the law; that machines dangerous to life and limb are too often operated without efficient safeguards; that ventilation is often wholly indequate; that sanitary conditions in many factories are abominable and lead to the breeding of disease, and once factories in excellent condition, but, like the commission ound many of disease, and once factories in excellent condition, but, like the commission ound many of the work of the reports of his livestigation by the owners on opportunity to make such refusion to the profession of the reports of his livestigation by the commission of incouractes. The searchers for truth met with hearty cop

FIGHTING FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD.

Two State laws remedying grave evils exposed by The World's investigations were put on the statute books in 1912. It has been made a misdemeanor for a druggist to have fraudulent drugs in his possession, no matter whether or not he offers them for sale. This drastic provision of the penal code was rendered necessary by the serious condition of affairs in city pharmacles exposed by The World in 1911, and corroborated by an investigation made by ex-Comptroller Herman A. Metz and others this year. Then, too, on April 15 went into effect the Brennan law prohibiting the storage of any food products for a period longer than ten months. The law was a direct result of The World's agitation in the interest of pure food.

The World has one fight always on hand that demands—and gets—eternal vigilance. It is against the persistent black smoke producers who, on the least relaxation of attention, poison the air of New York with rolling clouds of black, sooty bituminous coal smoke from the tail chimneys of factories, office buildings and apartment houses. It is cheaper. Simple automatic devices could be put in the furnaces and chimneys if the owners had public spirit. As they have not, it was necessary for The World to make a three-weeks' campalgn in the Summer and to print the law, the names of the violators of that law, and the commissioners and inspectors responsible for letting them violate it before the nuisance was abated. The World expects to be obliged to do this again and again if the city is to be kept clean. It will do its part cheerfully. The law is plain.

Another fight against slothful injustice which The World have been up has been to improve conditions in the naturalization bureau of the Supreme Court. County Clerk William F. Schneider bore this witness in a lecture before the Naturalization Aid League: "The changes which I have brought about are due entirely to the publication in the New York World of a series of articles entitled 'The Bread Line.' To The World have than to any other agency must be attributed

GENERATION. UPLIFT FOR THE RISING

The public school children of the greater city enjoyed for the seventh year the keen interest and aid of The World. One hundred and fifty-seven schools held field day meets in 1912 under the auspices of the Sunday World and the star athletes of these schools, graded for age, size and weight, made up the list of fifteen hundred contestants for The World's sliver and bronze medals and bronze pins at the concluding field and track games at Curtis High School athletic field. Staten Island, on October 12. In the preliminary meets 54,000 boys competed. In the seven years of Sunday World field days, 928 separate school athletic meets have been held, with 225,000 contestants; 23,000 Sunday World medals have been won, and 1,000 banners have been presented by The World as class trophics.

Still unsatisfied with this success. The World extended its efforts to cover also the vacation playgrounds recently established by the Board of Education. When the Summer months were over Dr. Edward W. Stit. District Superintendent of Schools, and Superintendent of the vacation playgrounds and recreation centres, wrote to The World thanking it for "its most generous support, and saying that the success was remarkable, the aggregate attendance having been approximately 5,500,000. He added:

"To provide heathful recreation and amusement for this vast army of children has been no small task, and in co-operating with this department in seeking to establish a definite aim to this work The World has rendered a valuable public service. The medals as generously donated by The World has rendered a valuable public service. The medals as generously donated by The World bas rendered a valuable public service. The medals as generously donated by The World has sendered a valuable public service. The medals as generously donated by the World the median and the boroughs and to provide suitable

This has served to create among the different playgrounds a spirited and prizes for the winners.

healthful rivalry. In also publishing the news of the various meets of the playgrounds THE WORLD has been a powerful factor in bringing the work of the playgrounds to the attention of the public."

Hundreds of Sunday World bronze medals and pins were also awarded among the four thousand children enrolled in the School Garden Clubs as prizes for field work and for growing seeds in boxes at home and in schools.

In August and Spiember the Sunday World also gave thousands of individual drinking cups to the school; children of New York—"one of the very best things that any newspaper has ever done,"

declared a district superintendent.

PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN THE WORLD'S NEWS.

PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN THE WORLD'S NEWS.

Public confidence in the accuracy of The World's news columns was shown strikingly by a little incident in April. A conference was on in Philadelphia between a committee representing the United Mine Workers of America and another of the operators in the anthracite coal regions to arrange a scale. The mine workers, after the final conference, telegraphed to all their local organizations: "See article in New York World this morning (April 13). Be guided by that in dealing with the men."

Then, too, Warren B. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, chose The World as the best medium for placing his exclusive statement of wage-increase demands of his great organization before the bar of Public Opinion. In like manner The World has presented the side of the Industrial Workers of the World in an authorized page interview with William D. Haywood.

The year 1913 will see another of The World's ten political planks of 1883 an accomplished dat after a thirty years' fight. The amendment to the Constitution which will permit a tax on incomes has been adopted by thirty-four States; four States have rejected it and of the ten whose Legislatures have not yet acted it is certain that two will join their sister States to make the necessary three-fourths vote. Another piece of public service was a poil of Senators, Congressmen, Governors and public men of the country which disclosed a large majority in favor of one Presidential term without re-election.

The American athletes who formed the winning Olympic team at Stockholm thanked The World for placing its columns at the disposal of their committee to assist in raising the large sum of money needed to pay their expenses to and at the games.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR FREE CONCERTS.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR FREE CONCERTS.

In December, 1911, The World announced that it had given \$10,000 for a series of free orchestra concerts in the auditoriums of the city's schools, under the personal direction of Prof. Henry T. Fleck, head of the Department of Music of the Normal College. Sixty-one successful concerts were given and at some the attendance reached 5,000. The total attendance was 125,000. When Mme. Frances Alda sang in the Normal College auditorium 2,000 people were turned away unable to gain admission. The New York City Orchestra, numbering sixty pieces, added much. The orchestral were conducted by Prof. Fleck, Prof. Cornelius Rubner, of Columbia university; Prof. Samuel A. Baldwin, of the City College; Leo Schultz, 'cellist of the Philharmonic Society, and Frank Damrosch, head of the Musical Institute of Art. Among the soloists were Mme. Schumann-Heink, contraito; Mme. Jomelli, Mme. Alda, Mme. Challa, sopranos; Miss Dagmar Rubner, planist; Signor Alessandroni, baritone; Albert Spadling, Volinist; Arthur Friedheim, Albert von Doenhoff, planists; Mile, Borschneck, Signor Prati, Edmund Thiele, Mme. Carrie Brideweil, Claud Cunningham, Edith Goold, Edward Dethier, Carrie Hirschman, Harriet Barkiey, Virginia Root, Marion Van Duyn, Elsie Epstein, S. Freeman, H. Hepner, Heetor Orpheus, M. Rosenzweig, Vivian Holt, S. Mirtz, Mme. Saltzberg, Miss Raphaci, L. S. Samoloff, Henrietta Bach and Angio Secchi. These concerts provided for by The World were absolutely free and were primarily for the benefit of the musical marry upblic which cannot afford to pay the prices asked at the Metropolitan Opera or Carnegic Hall. The last concert was given on March 17 in the auditorium of Public School No. 95 in West Houston Street. At its close Borough President George Meanens said: "In behalf of the city I recognize what has been done for the city by this series of The World's popular concerts. It has Hall. The last concert was given on March 17 in the auditorium of Public School No. 95 in West Houston Street. At its close Borough President George MeAneny said: "In behalf of the city I recognize what has been done for the city by this series of The World's popular concerts. It has been a distinct public service, characteristic allke in conception and in execution of the public spirit and genius of that great publisher and splendid citizen, Joseph Pulitzer." Prof. Fleek said: "The purpose of the series may fairly be considered to have been accomplished. It was to give the city authorities an object lesson in the need for just such popular performances of good music. Thanks to THE WORLD, it realized the importance of the subject, and with its usual public spirit rose to meet the people's need, making it possible for me to carry out my ideas."

OPENING OF THE SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM.

Joseph Pulitzer's plans for a School of Journalism for the endowment of which he gave \$1,000,000 supplemented by another \$1,000,000 by his will, have been put in operation by President Butler and the trustees of Columbia University. Aided by the keen Interest and experienced judgment of the Advisory Board an efficient teaching staff of twenty-four was selected in the Spring and Dr. Talcott Williams, long editor of the Philadelphia Press, was placed at its head as Dean, a choice worthy of the high ideals of the foundation. The cornerstone of the stately building which is to be its home at the corner of Broadway and 116th Street was laid by Mrs. Kate Davis Pulitzer, widow of Mr. Pulitzer, on July 2 with simple ceremony. Inquiries flowed in during the Summer and September saw 100 students enrolled, representing twenty-one countries and states, including China and New Zealand. Nine of these are women. The school was formally opened on September 30 with exercises in Earl Hall when Dean Williams spoke of the ideals of its founder, and set forth the wide scope of the work for the year. for the year.

THE EVENING WORLD'S SILVER ANNIVERSARY.

THE EVENING WORLD, with pardonable pride, reviewed on October 10—its twenty-fifth anniversary—its more notable journalistic accomplishments during those years. "While the news of the world at large is never slighted and is always accurately and fairly presented," it said, "THE EVENING WORLD is essentially a newspaper of New York for New Yorkers and visitors within our gates." Reasserting its principles set forth in its first editorial utterance on October 10, 1887, it continued: "For twenty-five years the people of New York have piled proof upon proof of esteem and friendliness for the newspaper thus given into their keeping. During the first three months of its existence the average daily circulation of THE EVENING WORLD was 74,000. To-day that circulation exoceds 400,000. Its readers number a million and a half. To-day, therefore, this newspaper asks no more than proudly to renew its pledge made a quarter of a century ago to the public that has so generously trusted it. The great brain which for twenty-for years directed its policy and enterprise, whose ideals from the first moment inspired and shaped its course, is forever withdrawn. But The EVENING WORLD dedicates itself anew to the sacred duty of carrying fearlessly and tirelessly forward the task from which its founder never turned or faltered—to watch over and further the happiness and well-being of the people to whom by right of solem declaration and herois sacrifice the institutions and liberties of this city and country shall from all time descend."

Esperanto.

THE INTERNATIONAL LANGUAGE.

THE following statement has been prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC: Esperanto is an artificial language invented by the Russian Dr. L. L. Zamenhof, of Warsaw, Poland. It has only one object in view, namely, to serve as an international auxiliary language; it is not in the least intended to replace the national languages. The first book in the new language was published in 1887. The Esperanto words are mostly of Latin, but to some extent also of Anglo-German origin, so that at the first glance Esperanto has the familiar appearance of a Roman language.

at the first glance Esperanto has the familiar appearance of a rooman language.

The great success of Esperanto, which is now known and studied all over the world, is chiefly due to the facility with which it may be mastered. The pronunciation is strictly phonetic, masking the study of spelling unnecessary. The grammar does not admit of any exceptions to the rules, and is so logical and simple that it may be learned completely in a few hours by any person who is familiar with the grammar of his mother tongue. The vocabilary consists of about 2,500 root words, a large majority of which is known to anyone whose language contains a great number of Latin roots—for instance, English.

In spite of this small number of root words Esperanto has been made rich in words and expressions by the adoption of certain affixes and certain methods of word combination. By these simple and easy

In spite of this small number of root words Esperanto has been hade rich in words and expressions by the adoption of certain affixes and certain methods of word combination. By these slipple and easy means a considerable vocabulary may be obtained. Esperanto is a well-sounding language when spoken. Esperanto is now used for all civilized purposes by many hundreds of thousands of persons in all civilized countries. It made its appearance in the United States in an organized form in 1905, when the first society for its study was formed in Boston, and this was followed soon afterward by societies in New York and Philadelphia. It is now promoted by a large and flourishing national association, the "Esperanto Association of North America."

Association of North America."

Esperanto has a large literature, over a hundred periodicals, including a number in the United States, being published and a large and powerful "Universal Esperanto Association" maintains a regular system of consultate all over the world, to facilitate the transaction of all kinds of legitimate business for its members by means of the common tongue.

International congresses of Esperantists have been held at Boulogne, Geneva, Cambridge, Dresden, Barcelona, Washington, and Antwerp. The last was attended by delegates representing the Esperantists of the state of the

Barcelona, Washington, and Antwerp.

tists of forty different nations and languages,

The Esperantists of America have established in Washington an office from which may be obtained

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The Esperantists of America have established in Washington and Office, "Washington and Office," Washington and Office, "Washington and Office from Which may be obtained in the Esperantists of America have established in Washington and Office, "Washington and Office," Washington and Office from Which may be obtained to the Company of the Machinette for the Machinette f ton, D. C.

The Principal Languages of the World.

THERE are said to be 3,424 spoken languages or dialects in the world, distributed as follows: America, 1,624; Asia, 937; Europe, 587; Africa, 276.

The English language is spoken by more than 150,000,000 of people. The more than 120,000,000 of people. Spatish by more Hussian 90,000,000 trail talian by more than 55,000,000 of people. 40,000,000 60,000,000 . . Portuguese " 30,000,000 ** French

The English language contains approximately 600,000 words. Of this total nearly one-half consists of scientific terminology seldom met outside of text-books and of archaic, obsolescent or

Various estimates of the sources of English words have been made at different times. basis of the Lord's Prayer, George Hickes calculated that nine-tenths of our words were of Saxon origin. Sharon Turner's estimate was that the Norman were to the Saxon as 4 to 6. Trench comorigin. Sharon luther's estimate was that the Norman were to the Saxon is \$4.00. Inches computed 60 per cent, Saxon; \$30 per cent, Latin, including those received through French; 5 per cent, Greek, and 5 per cent, other sources. Prof. W. W. Skeat in the recently published fourth edition of his Dictionary, which contains approximately 20,000 words, shows the following sources:

	•
Anglo-Saxon and English	1 Spanish 108
Low German	6 Portuguese
Dutch 20	7 Greek direct or through Latin, Late Latin,
Scandinavian 69	French or other sources
German	
French from Low German	
Dutch of Mindle Dutch 4	
Scandinavian	
(1) German 8	
(2) Middle High German 2	
(a) Old High German 15	
(4) 1000000	
" (Romance languages)	
Late Latin	
Italian	
Celtic	
Latin (direct)	
Provencal, from Latin 2	5
Italian 9	
AS regards the number of words in the princip	al atherlanguages no estimate of any precioal value

has been made in recent years, but existing dictionaries show the following facts:

The vocabulary of the New Standard Dictionary of the English Language aggregates approximately 450,000 words.

The German word-book (Kürschner's Universal-Konversations-Lexikon) contains not more than 300,000 words, including personal names.

Grimmis Dictionary of the German Language contains approximately 150,000 words; Littre's Dictionary of the French Language, 210,000 words; Dahl's Dictionary of the Russian Language, 140,000 words; Carlos de Ochoa's Dictionary of the Spanish Language, 120,000 words; Petrocchi's Dictionary of the Italian Language, 140,000 words,

This table was prepared by Dr. Frank H. Vizetelly, Managing Editor of the Standard Dictionary.

Negro Distranchisement.

The total number of Afro-American males of voting age in the United States in 1910 was 2,459,327, or 9.1 per cent. Many of these voters in the Southern Democratic States are practically disfranchised and debarred from voting. The law prescribes the qualifications of all voters, without regard to race, color or previous condition; but the conditions are so hard that few colored voters can meet the tests required of them and, technically at least, required of all men. No man can vote who has not been registered, and no man can be registered who does not possess either an educational or property qualification, the registration officers being the judges of the educational qualification of voters, and the tax books determining the property requirement.

ELECTION LAWS OF SOUTHERN STATES.

ELECTION LAWS OF SOUTHERN STATES.

The following are sections of some of the election laws of the South:

Alabama—1st. Those who can read and write any article of the Constitution of the United States in the English language, and who are physically unable to work; and those who can read and write any article of the Constitution of the United States in the English language and who have worked and who have been regularly engaged in some lawful employment, business or occupation, trade or calling for the greater part of the twelve months next preceding the time they offer to register, and those who are unable to read and write, if such inability is due solely to physical disability or.

Those who are unable to read and write, if such inability is due solely to physical disability; or,

2d. The owner in good faith in his own right, or the husband of a woman who is the owner in good faith in her own right, of forty acres of land situated in this state upon which they reside; or the owner in good faith in his own right or the husband of any woman who is the owner in good faith in her own right of any real estate situate in the State assessed for taxation at the value of three hundred dollars or more, or the owner in good faith in his own right or the husband of any woman who is the owner in good faith of her own right or the husband of any woman who is the owner in good faith of her own right or the husband of any woman who is the owner in good faith of her own right or personal property in this State assessed at taxation at three hundred dollars or more; provided, that the taxes due upon such real estate or personal property for the year next preceding the year for which he offers to register shall have been paid unless the assessment shall have been legally contested and is undetermined.

Georgia—1st. Elections by the people shall be by ballot, and only those persons shall be allowed to vote who have first been registered in accordance with the requirements of law.

shall be allowed to vote who have first been registered in accordance with the requirements of flaw.

"Par. 2. Ewery male citizen of the State who is a citizen of the United States, twenty-one years old or upward, not laboring under any of the disabilities named in this article, and possessing the qualifications provided by it, shall be an elector and entitled to register and vote at any election by the people; provided, that no soldier, sallor or marine in the military or naval service of the United States shall acquire the rights of an elector by reason of being stationed on duty in this State.

"Par. 3. To entitle a peason to register and vote at any election by the people he shall have resided in the State one year next preceding the election, and in the county in which he offers to vote six months next preceding the election, and shall have paid all taxes which may have been required of him since the adoption of the Constitution of Georgia of 1877, that he may have had an opportunity of paying agreeably to law. Such payment must have been made at least six months prior to the election at which he offers to vote, except when such elections are held within six months from the expiration of the time fixed by law for the payment of such taxes.

elector and to vote at all elections of said State shall be entitled to register as an elector and to vote at all elections of said State who is not disqualified under the provisions of section 2 of article 2 of this Constitution, and who possesses the qualifications prescribed in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this section, or who will possess them at the date of election occurring next after his registration, and who, in addition "Par. thereto, comes within either of the classes provided for in the five following sub-

thereto, comes within either of the classes provided sor in the live following sub-divisions of this paragraph.

"1. All persons who have honorably served in the land or naval forces of the United States in the Revolutionary war, or the war of 1812, or in the war with Mexico, or in any war with the Indians, or in the war between the States, or in the war with Spain, or who honorably served in the land or naval forces of the Confederate States, of the State of Georgia in the war between the States, or.

All persons lawfully descended from those embraced in the sub-division next

above, or,

"3. All persons who are of good character, and understand the duties and obligations of citizenship under a republican form of government, or,

"4. All persons who can correctly read in the English language any paragraph of the Constitution of the United States or of this State, and correctly write the same in the English language when read to him by any one of the registrars, and all persons who, solely because of physical disability, are unable to comply with the above requirements, but who can understand and give reasonable interpretation of any paragraph of the Constitution of the United States or of this State that may be read to them by one of the registrars or

graph of the Constitution of the United States of 61 this State that may be read to them by one of the registrars, or.

"5. Any person who is the owner in good faith in his own right of at least forty acres of land situated in this State, upon which he resides, or is the owner in good faith in his own right of property situated in this State and assessed for taxation at the value of five hundred dollars."

"Par. 5. The right to register under sub-divisions 1 and 2 of paragraph 4 shall continue only until January 1, 1915. But the registrars shall prepare a roster of all persons who register under sub-divisions 1 and 2 of paragraph 4, and shall return the same to the Clerk's office of the Superior Court of their counties, and the Clerks of the Superior Court shall send copies of the same to the Secretary of State, and it shall be the duty of these officers to record and permanently preserve these rosters. Any person who has been once registered under either of the sub-divisions 1 or 2 of paragraph 4 shall thereafter be permitted to vote, provided he meets the requirements of paragraphs 2 and 3 of this section.

"Par. 6. Any person to whom the right of registration is depiced by the restriction."

"Par. 6. Any person to whom the right of registration is denied by the registrars on the ground that he lacks the qualifications set forth in the five sub-divisions of

on the ground that he lacks the qualifications set forth in the five sub-divisions of paragraph 4 shall have the right to take an appeal, and any citizen may enter an appeal from the decision of the registrars allowing any person to register under said sub-divisions. All appeals must be filed in writing with the registrars within ten days from the date of the decision complained of and shall be returned by the registrars to the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court to be tried as other appeals. Tar. T. Pend an appeal and until the final decision of the case, the judg-marked of the clerk of the Superior Court to be tried as other appeals. Tar. S. No person shall be allowed to participate in a primary of any political party or convention of any political party in the State who is not a qualified voter. Louisiana—'Section 3. He (the voter) shall be able to read and write and shall demonstrate his ability to do so when he applies for registration, by making, under for, in the English language or his mother tongue, which application shall contain be entirely written, dated and signed by him, in the presence of the registration officer or his deputy, without assistance or suggestion from any person or memorandum whatever, except the form of application hereinafter set forth.

"Section 5. No male person who was on January 1st, 1867, or at any date prior thereto, entitled to vote under the Constitution or statutes of any State of the United States, wherein he then resided, and no son or grandson of any such person on tiess male person of foreign birth, who was naturalized prior to the first day of January, 1885, shall be denied the right to register and vote in this State by reason of his failure to possess the educational or property qualifications prescribed by this Constitution; provided, he shall have resided in this State for five years next preceding the date at which he shall apply for registration, and shall have registered in accordance with the terms of this article prior to September 1st, 1895, and no pe

shall be registered.'

shall be registered."

Virginia—"Sec. 20. After the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, every male citizen of the United States, having the qualifications of age and residence required in Section Eighteen, shall be entitled to register, provided:

"First. That he has personally paid to the proper officer all State poll taxes assessed or assessable against him, under this or the former Constitution, for the three years next preceding that in which he offers to register; or, if he come of age at such time that no poll tax shall have been assessable against him for the year preceding the year in which he offers to register, has paid one dollar and fifty cents, in satisfaction of the first year's poll tax assessable against him; or,

"Second That unless physically unable he makes application to register in his

"Second. That, unless pliysically unable, he makes application to register in his own handwriting, without aid, suggestion or memorandum, in the presence of the registration officers, stating therein his name, age, date and place of birth, residence and occupation at the time and for the two years next preceding, and whether he has previously voted, and, if so, the State, county, and precinct in which he voted last,

and, "Third. and, "Third. That he answer on oath any and all questions affecting his qualifications as an elector, submitted to him by the officers of registration, which questions, and his answers thereto, shall be reduced in writing, certified by the said officers, and preserved as a part of their official records.

"Sec. 21. Any person registered under either of the last two sections, shall have the right to wote for members of the General Assembly and all officers elective by the

the right to vote for members of the General Assembly and all officers elective by the people, subject to the following conditions:

"That he, unless exempted by Section Twenty-one, shall, as a prerequisite to the right to vote after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, personally pay, at least six months prior to the election, all State poll taxes assessed or assessable against him, under this Constitution, during the three years next preceding that in which he offers to vote; provided that, if he register after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, he shall, unless physically unable, prepare and deposit his ballot, without aid, on such printed form as the law may prescribe; but any voter registered prior to that date may be aided in preparation of his ballot by such officer of election as he himself may designate."

NOTEWORTHY ARTICLES OR PARAGRAPHS IN PRECEDING VOLUMES OF "THE WORLD ALMANAC."

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THE WORLD ALMANAC FOR 1913.

THE astronomical calculations in this work were expressly made for it by Dr. J. Morrison, and are given in local Mean Time.

Chronological Eras.

The year 1913 corresponds to the year 7421-22 of the Byzantine era; the year 7422 commencing on September 1; 5673-74 of the Jewish era, the year 5674 commencing at sunset on October 1; 2666 since the foundation of Rome according to Varro; 268.9 of the Olympiads (or the first year of the 673 Olympiad commencing July 1); 2573 of the Japanese era, and to the stoff the Taisel; 1331-32 of the Mohammedan era, the year 1322 beginning on November 30. The 138th year of the Independence of the United States of America begins on July 4, 1913.

Chronological Cycles.

Dominical Letter	E Lunar Cycle (Golden Number)14 Roman Indiction
Epact	22 Solar Cycle

Date of Beginning of Enochs, Eras, and Periods.

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Civil Era of Coustantinople "	5508, Sept. 1	Era of Maccabees "	166, Nov. 24
		Tyrian Era "	
		Sidouian Era "	
Mundane Era "	4008, Oct. 1	Julian Year "	45, Jan. 1
Jewish Mundane Era "	3761, Oct. 1	Spanish Era	38, Jan. 1
		Augustan Era	
Era of the Olympiads "	776, July 1	Vulgar Christian EraA, D.	1, Jan. 1
Roman Era (A, U, C,) "	753, Apr. 24	Destruction of Jerusalem '	69, Sept. 1
Metonic Cycle ''	432, July 15	Mohammedan Era "	3 2 2, July 16

The Seasons.

Vernal Equinox, Summer Solstice, Autumnal Equinox, Winter Solstice,	Spring Summer Autumu Winter		March June September December	$\frac{21}{23}$	8 10	10 1 45	А. М.	Washington Mea	n Time.
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Morning Stars.

MERCURY—January 1 to February 12; March 28 to June 1; August 4 to September 16; November 23 to end of year.
VENUS—April 24 to end of year.
MARS—January 1 to end of year.
JUPITEE—January 1 to July 5.
SATURN—May 29 to December 7.

Evening Stars.

MERCURY—February 12 to March 28; June 1 to August 4; September 16 to November 23. VENUS—January 1 to April 24. MARS—Not in this year.

JUPITER-July 5 to end of year. SATURN-January 1 to May 29: December 7 to end of year.

Church Memoranda for 1913.

January.	April.	July.	October.
1 Wednesday. 5 ii, Sun. aft. Christmas 6 Epiphany. 12 i. Sun. aft. Epiphany 19 Septuagesima Sunday 26 Sexagesima Sunday.	13 iii.	I Tuesday. 6 vii. Sun, aft. Trinity. 13 viii. " " 20 ix. " " " 25 St. James the Apostle. 27 x. Suu. aft. Trinity.	1 Wednesday, 5 xx. Sun.aft Trinity, 12 xxi, 18 st. Luke Evangelist, 19 xxi, Sun.aft Trinity, 26 xxiii.
February.		August.	November.
1 Saturday. 2 Quinquagesima Sun. 5 Ash Wednesday. 9 I. Sunday in Lent. 16 ii	May. 1 Thursday, Ascension 4 Sunday aft. Ascension 11 Whit Sunday, 18 Trinity Sunday, 25 i. Sunday aft. Trinity.	10 xii. Sun. aft. Trinity.	1 Saturday-All Saints, 2 xxiv.Sun, aft, Trinity, 9 xxv. " " " 16 xxvi, " " " 23 xxvii, " " " 30 Ad. SunSt. Andrew, December,
1 Saturday. 2 iv. Sundayin Lent. 9 v. 16 Palm Sunday. 21 Good Friday.	June. 1 ii. Sunday aft. Trinity 8 iii.	September. 1 Monday. 7 xvi. Sun. aft. Trinity. 14 xvii.	1 Monday. 7 il. Sunday in Advent. 14 iii. 21 iv. '' 25 Christmas.
23 Easter Sunday. 25 Annunciation.	22 v. " " " 24 St. John (Baptist). 29 vi. Sundayaft, Trinity	21 xviii, '' '' '' '' '' '' ''	27 St. John Evangelist, 28 i. Sun. aft. Christmas 31 Wednesday.

Church Fasts.

The Roman Catholic Days of fasting are the forty days of Lent, the Ember Days, the Fridays of the four weeks in Advent, and certain vigils or evenings prior to the greater feasts, while all Fridays of the year are days of abstinence from flesh meat. In the American Episcopal Church the days of fasting or abstinence to be observed, according to the Book of Common Prayer, are the forty days of Lent, the Ember Days, the three Rogation Days, and all the Fridays of the year except Christmas Day. In the Greek Church the four principal fasts are those in Lent, the week succeeding Whitsuntide, the fortnight before the Assumption, and forty days before Christmas.

Divisions of Time.

The interval between two consecutive transits of a fixed star over any meridian or the interval during which the earth makes one absolute revolution on its axis is called a *Sidereal* Day, and is invariable, while the interval between two consecutive transits of the Sun over any meridian is called an *Apparent* Solar Day, and its length varies from day to day by reason of the variable motion of the earth in its orbit and the inclination of this orbit to the equator on which time is measured.

A Mean Solar Day is the average or mean of all the apparent solar days in a year. Mean Solar Time is that shown by a well-regulated clock or watch, while Apparent Solar Time is that shown by a well-constructed sun-dial; the difference between the two at any time is the Equation of Time, and may amount to 16 minutes and 21 seconds. The Astronomical Day begins at noon and the Civil Day at the preceding midnight. The Sidereal and Mean Solar Days are both invariable, but one day of the latter is equal to 1 day, 3 minutes, and 56,555 seconds of the former.

The interval during which the earth makes one absolute revolution round the Sun is called a Sidercal Year, and consists of 365 days, 6 hours, 9 minutes, and 9.6 seconds, which is invariable.

The Tropical Year is the interval between two consecutive returns of the Sun to the Vernal Equinox. If this were a fixed point, the Sidereal and Tropical Years would be identical; but in consequence of the disturbing influence of the Moon and planets on the spheroidal figure of the earth, the Equinox has a slow, retrograde mean motion of 50% 26 annually, so that the Sun returns to the Equinox sooner every vear than he otherwise would by 20 minutes 23.6 seconds; the Tropical Year, therefore, consists of 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, and 46 seconds. The Tropical Year is not of uniform length; it is now slowly decreasing at the rate of 595 second per century, but this variation will not always continue.

Julius Cresar, in π , c. 45, was the first to reform the calendar by ordering that every year whose date number is exactly divisible by 4 contain 366 days, and all other years 365 days. The intercalary day was introduced by counting the sixth day before the Kalends of March twice; hence the name bissextile, from bis, twice, and sex, six. He also changed the beginning of the year from 1st of March to the 1st of January, and also changed the name of the fifth month (quintilis) to July, after himself. The average length of the Julian year is therefore 3654 days, which, however, is too long by 11 minutes and 14 seconds, and this would accumulate in 300 years to about three days. The Julian Calendar continued in use until λ , ν , 1582, when the date of the beginning of the seasons occurred 10 days later than in ν , ν , ν , when this mode of reckoning time was introduced.

The Gregorian Calendar was introduced by Pope Gregory XIII, with the view of keeping the Equinox to the same day of the month. It consists of 365 days, but every year exactly divisible by 4 and I the centurial years which are exactly divisible by 400 contain 366 days, and I fin addition to this arbitrary arrangement the centurial years exactly divisible by 4,000 contain 366 days, and i fin addition to this arbitrary arrangement the centurial years exactly divisible by 4,000 contain 366 days, the error in the Gregorian system will amount to only one day in about 200 centuries. If, however, 31 leap years were intercalated in 128 years, instead of 32 as at present, the calendar would be practically exact and the error would not amount to more than a day in 100,000 years. The length of the mean Gregorian Year may therefore be set down at 365 days, 5 hours, 49 minutes, 12 seconds. The Gregorian Calendar was introduced into England and her colonies in 1752, at which time the Equinox had retrograded 11 days since the Council of Nice in A. n. 325, when the testive of Easter was established and the Equinox occurred on March 21; hence September 3, 1752, was called September 14, and at the same time the commencement of the legal year was changed from March 25 to January 1, so that the year 1751 lost the months of January and February and the first 24 days of March. The difference between the Julian and Gregorian Calendars is now 13 days. Russia and the Greek Church still employ the Julian Calendar for civil and ecclesiastical purposes.

Standard Time.

PRIMABILY, for the convenience of the railroads, a standard of time was established by mutual agreement in 1883, by which trains are run and local time regulated. According to this system, the United States, extending from 659 to 1259 west longitude, is divided into four time sections, each of 159 of longitude, exactly equivalent to one hour, commencing with the 75th meridian. The first castern) section includes all territory between the Atlantic Coast and a irregular line drawn from betroit to Charleston, S. C., the latter being its most southern point. The second (central) section includes all the territory between the last-named line and na irregular line from Bismarck, N. D., to the mouth of the Rio Grande. The third (mountain) section includes all territory between the last-named line and nearly the western borders of Idaho, Utah, and Arizona. The fourth (Pacific) section covers the rest of the country to the Pacific Coast. Standard time is uniform inside each of these sections, and the time of each section differs from that next to it by exactly one hour. Thus at 12 noon in New York City (eastern time), the time at Chicago (central time) is 11 o'clock A. M.; at Denver (mountain time), 10 o'clock A. M., and at San Francisco (Pacific time), 9 o'clock A. M. Standard time is 16 minutes slower at Boston than true local time, 4 minutes slower at New York, 8 minutes faster at Kansas City, 10 minutes slower at Chicago, 1 minute faster at St. Louis, 28 minutes faster at Salt Lake City, and 10 minutes faster at San Francisco.

Table of Days Between Two Dates.

A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS BETWEEN ANY TWO DAYS WITHIN TWO YEARS,

| Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | April. | May. | June. | July. | Aug. | Sept.
 | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Day Mo.

 | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | April. | May.
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The above table applies to ordinary years only. For leap year, one day must be added to each number of days after February 28.

EXAMPLE.—To find the number of days between June 3, 1900, and February 16, 1901: The figuresopposite the third day in the first June column are 154; those opposite the sixteenth day in the second February column are 412. Subtract the first from the second product—i. e., 154 from 412, and the result is 258, the number of days between the two dates.

Easter Sunday.

A TABLE SHOWING THE DATE OF EASTER SUNDAY IN EACH YEAR OF THE NINETEENTH AND TWENTIETH CENTURIES.

		IWENTEIN	CENTURIES.		
1801-April 5.	1835-April 19.	1869-Mar. 28.	,1902-Mar. 30.	1935-April 21.	1968-April 14
1802-April 18.	1836-April 3.	1870-April 17.	1903-April 12.	1936—A pril 12.	1969—April 6.
1803-April 10.	1837-Mar. 26.	1871-April 9.	1904—April 3.	1937—Mar. 28,	1970-Mar, 29
1804-April 1.	1838-April 15.	1872-Mar. 31,	1905-April 23.	1938—April 17.	1971—April 11.
1805-April 14	1839-Mar. 31.	1873-April 13	1906-April 15.	1939-April 9.	1972—April 2
1806-April 6.	1840-April 19,	1874-April 5.	1907 - Mar. 31.	1940-Mar. 24.	1973—April 22-
1807-Mar. 29.	1841-April 11.	1875-Mar. 28.	1908April 19.	1941—April 13,	1974—April 14.
1808-April 17.	1842-Mar. 27,	1876-April 16.	1909—April 11.	1942—April 5.	1975 - Mar. 30
1809 - April 2.	1843 – April 16.	1877-April 1,	1910-Mar. 27.	1943 – April 25.	1976–April 18
1810-April 22.	1844-April 7.	1878-April 21,	1911—April 16.	1944—April 9.	1977—April 10-
1811-A pril 14.	1845-Mar. 23.	1879-April 13,	1912-April 7.	1945-April 1.	1978-Mar. 26
1812-Mar. 29.	1846-April 12.	1880 – Mar. 28,	1913-Mar. 23.	1946—April 21.	1979—April 15
1813-April 18.	1847-April 4.	1881 – April 17.	1914—April 12.	1947—April_6.	1980—April 6.
1814—April 10.	1848—April 23.	1882—April 9,	1915-April 4.	1948-Mar. 28.	1981—April 19.
1815-Mar, 26.	1849—April 8.	1883—Mar. 25.	1916—April 23.	1949—April 17.	1982—April 11.
1816-April 14.	1850 - Mar. 31,	1884 - April 13.	1917April 8.	1950-April 9.	1983—April 3.
1817-April 6.	1851 - April 20.	1885—April 5.	1 918 – Mar. 31.	1951 - Mar. 25.	1984—April 22.
- 1818—Mar. 22.	1852-April 11.	1886-April 25.	1919 A pril 20.	1952 - April 13.	1985—April 7.
1819-April 11.	1853—Mar. 27.	1887—April 10.	1920—April 4.	1953—April_5.	1986-Mar. 30.
1820 – April 2.	[1854 – April 16.	1888—April 1.		1954—April 18.	1987—April 19.
1821 - April 22.	1855—April 8.	1889 – A pril 21.	1922 – April 16.	1955-April 10 .	1988–April 3.
1822—April 7.	1856-Mar. 23.	[1890 —April 6.	1923—April* 1.	1956—April 1.	1989-Mar. 26.
1823-Mar. 30.	1857—A pril 12.	1891—Mar. 29.	1924—April 20.	1957—April 21.	1990-April 15.
1824 April 18	1858—April 4.	1892—April 17.	1925 – April 12.	1958—April_6	1991-Mar. 31.
1825—April 3.	1859 – April 24.	1893—April 2.	.1926—April _ 4.	1959 – Mar. 29.	1992—April 19.
1826—Mar. 26.	1860-April 8.	1894—Mar. 25.	1927 – April 17.	1960 - April 17.	1993-April 11.
1827—April 15.	1861-Mar. 31.	1895 – April 14	1928—April_8.	1961—April 2.	1994—April 3.
1828-April 6.	1862-April 20.	1896 - April 5.	1929-Mar. 31.	1962-April 22.	1995-April 16.
1829—April 19.	1863—April 5.	1897 -A pril 18.	1930—A pril 20.	1963—April 14.	1996-April 7.
1830-April 11.	1864-Mar, 27.	1898-April 10.	1931-April 5.	1964 - Mar. 29.	1997-Mar. 30.
1831—April 3.	1 865—April 1 6.	1899 – April 2.	1932-Mar. 27.	1965-April 18.	1998-April 12.
1832-April 22.	1866—April 1.	1900-April 15.	1933—April 16,	1966—April 10.	1999-April 4.
1833—April 7.	1867—April 21.	1901—April 7.	1934-April 1.	1967-Mar. 26,	2000-April 23,
1884-Mar. 30.	1868—April 12,	'	'		

Legal Holidays in the Various States.

NEW YEAR'S DAY: In all States (including District of Columbia, Porto Rico and Alaska), except Kansas and Massachusetts. (In Maine a bank holiday only legally).

JANUARY 8. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE

OF NEW ORLEANS: In Louisiana. JANUARY 19. LEE'S BIRTHDAY: In Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas.
FEBRUARY, MARDI-GRAS: In the parish of

Orleaus, Louisiana.

FEBRUARY 12. GEORGIA DAY: In Georgia. FEBRUARY 12. LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY: In Cali-

FEBRUARY 12, LINCOLN SISTRYBDAY; 10 (401-fornia, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Kausas, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming. FEBRUARY 22, WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY: Iwall HoStates, Distret of Chambia, Dayle Bice

In all the States, District of Columbia, Porto Rico

and Alaska.

MARCH (Third Tuesday). PRIMARY ELECTION DAY: (every Presidential year) in North Dakota.

MARCH 2. ANNIVERSARY OF TEXAN INDEPENDENCE: In TEXAS.

MARCH 4. INAUGURATION DAY: In District of

Columbia in years when a President of the U.S. is

inaugurated

MARCH 21, 1913. GOOD FRIDAY: In Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Porto Rico, Tennessee. March 22. EMANCIPATION DAY: In Porto

APRIL (First Monday). ANNUAL SPRING

ELECTION: In Michigan.

APRIL 12. HALIFAX INDEPENDENCE RESOLU-

TIONS: In North Carolina APRIL 13. THOMAS JEFFERSON'S BIRTHDAY:

In Alabama.

PATRIOTS' DAY: In Maine and APRIL 19. Massachusetts. APRIL 21. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF

SAN JACINTO: In Texas, APRIL 26, CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY: In

Alabama, Florida, Georgia and Mississippi. MAY 10. CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL DAY: In

North Carolina and South Carolina. (Second Friday). CONFEDERATE DAY: MAY

In Tennessee.

MAY 20. ANNIVERSARY OF THE SIGNING OF THE MECKLENBURG DECLARATION OF INDE-PENDENCE: In North Carolina, MAY 30. DECORATION DAY: In all the States

(and District of Columbia, Porto Rico and Alaska), except Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and

Texas. JUNE 3. JEFFERSON DAVIS'S BIRTHDAY: In Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas and South Carolina. In Louisiana, known as "Confederate Memorial Day." In

Virginia, in public schools. JUNE 11. KAMEHAMEHA DAY: In Territory

Hawaii. JUNE (Last Wednesday). PRIMARY ELECTION

DAY: In North Dakota. JULY 4. INDEPENDENCE DAY: In all the States, and District of Columbia, Porto Rico and Alaska.

JULY 10. ADMISSION DAY: In Wyoming. JULY 15. PIONEER DAY: In Idaho.

JULY 24. PIONEERS' DAY: In Utah,

JULY 25. LANDING OF AMERICAN TROOPS: Porto Rico.

JULY (Fourth Saturday), PRIMARY ELECTION DAY: In Texas. PRIMARY ELECTION DAY: In Mis-

AUGUST. In Michigan (last Tuesday preceding every sonri general November election).

AUGUST 1. COLORADO DAY: In Colorado. AUGUST 16. BENNINGTON BATTLE DAY: In Vermont.

SEPTEMBER 1, 1913 LABOR DAY. In all the

States (and District of Columbia and Alaska). In Louisiana, observed in Orleans Parish

SEPTEMBER. PRIMARY ELECTION DAY: In Wisconsin, First Tuesday. In Oregon, even years. SEPTEMBER (Third Saturday). REGATTA DAY: In Territory of Hawaii,

SEPTEMBER 9. ADMISSION DAY: In California, SEPTEMBER 12. "OLD DEFENDERS' DAY": "OLD DEFENDERS' DAY":

In Baltimore, Md. OCTOBER 12. Columbus Day: In Arkansas. California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missonri, Mon-tana, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Texas, Vermont, Washington.

OCTOBER 31. ADMISSION DAY: In Nevada. NOVEMBERI. ALL SAINTS' DAY: In Louislana. NOVEMBER (first Friday), PIONEER DAY: In

Montana, observed in public schools,

NOVEMBER - GENERAL ELECTION DAY: Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Idaho, Illinois (in Cairo, Chicago, Danville, East St. Louis, Galesburg, Rockford and Springfield), Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohlo, Grove 5, 20 at 1, 20 at 2, at 20 a New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Onio, (from 5.30 a.m. to 9 a.m. only), Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming, in the years when elections are held therein. In 1913 in States holding such electherein. In 1915 in blanks the date is November 4.

1913. THANKSGIVING DAY

1913. THANKSGIVING DAY

NOVEMBER — 1913. THANKSGIVING DAY (usually the last Thursday in November): Is observed in all the States, and in the District of Columbia, Porto Rico and Alaska, though in some States it is not a statutory boliday.

DECEMBER 25. CHRISTMAS DAY: In all the States (except Kansas), and District of Columbia, Porto Rico and Alaska, Sundays and Fast Days are legal holidays in all

the States which designate them as such

There are no statutory holidays in Mississippi. but by common consent the Fourth of July, Thanksgiving and Christmas are observed. In New Mexico, Washington's Birthday, Decoration Day, Labor Day, Flag Day (June 14) and Arbor Day are holidays when so designated by the Governor. In South Carolina, Thursday of Fair Week is a legal holiday

ARBOR DAY is a legal holiday in many States, although in some it is observed as designated by the

Governor.

Every Saturday after 12 o'clock noon is a legal holiday in California in public offices, Illinois (in cities of 200,000 r more inhabitants), Maryland, Michigan, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Pensylvania, Rhode Island, Virginia, the District of Columbia (for banking purposes), and in New Columbia (for banking upposes), and in New Orleans, La., and Charleston, Sc.; in Louislana in all cities exceeding 10,000 inhabitants; in Missouri in cities of 700,000 or more inhabitants; in Fennessee, for State and county officers, and in Colorado during June, July and August; in Indiana, first Saturday in June to last Saturday in October, inclusive, for all public offices in counties having a county-seat of 100,000 population or more; in New Hampshire in State offices.

more; in New Hampshire in State offices.
There is no national holiday, not even the Fourth of July. Congress has at various times appointed special holidays. In the second session of the Fifty-third Congress it passed an act making Labor Day a public holiday in the District of Columbia, and it has recognized the existence of certain days as holidays for commercial purposes, certain days as notices, and commendation but, with the exception named, there is no general statute on the subject. The proclamation general statute on the subject. The proclamation of the President designating a day of Thanksgiving only makes it a legal holiday in the District of Columbia and the Territories.

Time Difference.

	v		o'CLOCK NOO	N		ıt .
PLACES.	Eastern (a)	Central (b)	Mountain (c)	Pacific (d)	London.	Paris.
	STAND	ARD TIME IN	THE UNITED S	STATES		
IT IS AT	0.00	1 0 00				
AdenArabia	8.00 P. M.	9.00 P. M.	10.00 P. M.	11.00 P.M.	3.00 P. M.	2.51 P. M.
AmsterdamHolland	5.20 P.M. 6.35 P.M.	6.20 P. M. 7.35 P. M.	7.20 P.M. 8.35 P.M.	8.20 P. M. 9.35 P. M.	12.20 P.M. 1.35 P.M.	12.10 P. M.
AthensGreece	5.54 P. M.	6.54 P. M.	7.54 P. M.	8.54 P. M.	12.54 P. M.	1.26 P. M. 12.45 P. M.
BerlinGermany		10.51 P. M.	11.51 P. M.	12.51 A. M.	4.51 P. M.	4.42 P. M.
BombayIudia	5.33 P. M.	6.33 P. M.	7.33 P. M.	8.33 P. M.	12.33 P. M.	12.23 P. M.
Bremen		0.00 1 . 11.	1.00 P. M.	2.00 P. M.	6.00 A.M.	5.51 A. M.
Central Time (b) United States	6.56 P. M.	7.56 P. M.	8.56 P. M.	9.56 P. M.	1.56 P. M.	1.47 P. M.
ConstantinopleTurkey CopenhagenDenmark		6.50 P. M.	7.50 P. M.	8.50 P. M.	12.50 P. M	12.41 P. M.
DublinIreland		5,35 P. M.	6.35 P. M.	7.35 P.M.	11.35 А. М.	11.26 А. М.
Eastern Time (a) United States		1.00 P.M.	2.00 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	7.00 A.M.	6.51 A. M.
HamburgGermany	5.10 P. M.	6.40 P. M.	7.40 P. M.	8.40 P. M.	12.40 P. M.	12.31 P. M.
HavreFrance		6.00 P. M.	7.00 P. M.	8.00 P.M.	12 NOON	11.51 A.M.
Hong KongChina		1.37 A.M.*	2.37 A. M.	3.37 A.M.*	7.37 P. M.	7 27 P. M.
HonoluluHawaii	6.29 A.M.	7.29 A.M.	8.29 A. M.	9.29 A.M.	1.29 A. M.	1.19 A. M.
LiverpoolEngland	4.48 P. M.	5.48 P. M.	6.48 P. M.	7.48 P.M.	11.48 A. M.	11.39 A.M.
LondonEngland	5.00 P.M.	6.00 P. M.	7.00 P. M.	8.00 P. M.		11.51 A.M.
MadridSpain	4.45 P.M.	5.45 P. M.	6.45 P. M.	7.45 P. M.	11.45 А. М.	11.36 A. M.
ManilaPhilippine Islands		2.04 A.M.*		4.04 A. M.*	8.04 P. M.	7.54 P. M.
Melbourne Australia		3.40 A.M.*		5.40 A. M.*	9.40 P.M.	9.31 P. M.
Mountain Time (c) United States		11.00 A.M.	1	1.00 P.M.	5.00 A. 31.	4.51 A.M.
Pacific Time(d), United States	9.00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.	11.00 A.M.		4.00 A.M.	3.51 A. M.
Paris France		6.09 P. M.	7.09 P. M.	8.09 P. M.	12.09 Р. М.	
RomeItaly	5.50 P. M.	6.50 P.M.	7.50 P. M.	8.50 P.M.	12.50 P. M.	12.41 P.M.
StockholmSweden	6.12 P.M.	7.12 P. M.	8.12 P. M.	9.12 P. M.	1.12 P.M.	1.03 P.M.
St. Petersburg Russia	7.01 P.M.	8.01 P M.	9.01 P. M.		2.01 Р. М.	1.52 P. M.
Vienna Austria	6.06 P. M.	7.06 P.M.	8.06 P. M.	9.06 P. M.		12.57 P. M.
YokohamaJapan	2.19 а. м.*	3.19 A.M.*	4.19 A.M.	5.19 A.M.*	9.19 P. M.	9.09 P. M.

* At places marked * the time noted is in the morning of the FOLLOWING day.

(a) "EASTERY" includes: New York, Boston, Philadelphis, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, Charleston, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Toronto, etc.

(b) "Central" includes: Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis. St. Paul, Milwaukee, Kansas City, Omaha, Indianapolis, Cincinnat, Cleveland, Detroit, New Orleans, Memphis, Savanuah, Pensacola, Winnipeg, etc.

(c) "MOUNTAIN" includes: Denver, Leadville. Colorado Springs, Helena, Regina (N. W. T.), etc.

(d) "PAGIFIC" includes: San Francisco, Portland (Oregon), Victoria, Vancouver, Tacoma, Seattle, etc.

Old Unalish Wolidays.

THESE holidays, with their names, had their origin in mediæval England when the State religion was that of the Church of Rome, and they are still observed generally or in some parts of Britain.

JANUARY 6. TWELFTH DAY, or Twelfth-tide, sometimes called Old Christmas Day, the same as Epiphany. The previous evening is Twelfth Night, with which many social rites have long been connected.

FEBRUARY 2. CANDLEMAS: Festival of the Purification of the Consecration of the lighted candles to be used in the

church during the year.

FEBRUARY 14. OLD CANDLEMAS: St. Valentine's Day. LADY DAY: Annunciation of the Virgin. April

MARCH 25. LADY DAY: ABBURGA.

6 is old Lady Day.

JUNE 24. MIDSUMMER DAY: Feast of the Nativity of John the JUNE 24. MIDSUMMER DAY: reasonable for the first July 7 is old Midsummer Day.

JULY 15. S.T. SWITHIN'S DAY. There was an old superstition

JULY 15. S.T. SWITHIN'S DAY. There was an old superstition of the first day it would continue forty days.

that if rain fell on this day it would continue forty days. AUGUST 1. LANMAS DAY: Originally in England the festival f the wheat harvest. In the Church the festival of St. Peter's

miraculous deliverance from prison. Old Lammas Day is August 13.

SEPTEMBER 29. MICHAELMAS: Feast of St. Michael, the Archangel. Old Michaelmas is October 11. NOVEMBER 1. ALL-HALLOWMAS: All-hallows, or All Saints'

The previous evening is All-hallow-e'en, observed by home gatherings and old-time festive rites.

November 2. All Souls' Day: Day of prayer for the souls of the dead.

NOVEMBER 11. MARTINMAS : Feast of St. Martin. Old Martinmas is November 23.

mas is November 28. CHILDERMAS. Holy Innocents' Day.
Lady Day, Midsummer Day, Michaelmas, and Christmas are
quarter (rent) days in England, and Whitsunday, Martinmas,
Candlemas, and Lammas Day in Scotland.
Shrove Tuesday, the day before Ash Wednesday, and Maundy
Thursday, the day before Good Friday, are observed by the
Church. Mothering Sunday is Mid-Lent Sunday, in which the
old rural custom obtains of visiting one's parents and making them

The Magnetic Poles.

THE geographical poles of the earth are the extremities of the imaginary line passing through its centre of gravity and about which it revolves, and are therefore symmetrically located with regard to the equator.

The magnetic poles, however, are not coincident with the geographical poles, nor are they diametrically opposite to each other. Prior to the recent attempt of Amundsen to determine the north magnetic pole, the only other was by Capt. James Ross in June, 1831, who found the dip of the magnetic needle to be \$9^{\circ}\$. 59'\$, 5. In latitude 70'\$ 5'\$, 2. N. and longitude 96'\$ 45'\$.8 W., which is in King William Land, Canada. The result of Amundsen's observations has not yet been published by the Norwegian authorities, The position of the south magnetic pole has been located in latitude 72'\$ 23'\$. and longitude 154'\$ E., by Prof. Edward David and Mr. Douglas Marson, members of Lleut. Shackleton's expedition to the South Pole, which left New Zealand on January 1, 1908. By reason of the annual variation of the magnetic needle, it is believed that the magnetic poles are not stationary, but have a slow motion around the geographical poles. The subject is shrouded in mystery and constitutes one of the many as yet unsolved problems in terrestrial physics.

Table of Memorable Dates.

```
A. D. 1846 War with Mexico began. 1848 French Revolution. Republic suc-
в. с.
1183 Fall of Troy.
1082 Era of the Great Pyramid.
878 Carthage founded.
                                                                                                                 1685 Revocation of the Edict of Nantes,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ceeded.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  1848 Gold discovered in California, Sept.
1851 Gold discovered in Australia, Feb. 12
1851 First International Exhibit'n, London.
                                                                                                                                  Oct. 22.
  775 Olympic Era began.
753 Foundation of Rome.
1583 Jerusalem taken by Nebuchadnezzar.
1693 Battle of the Boyne, July 1.
1504 Restoration of the Jews under Cyrus.
1695 Jarus newspaper in America;
1505 Restoration of Tarquius from Rome.
1506 Restoration of Tarquius from Rome.
1507 Explaison of Tarquius from Rome.
1508 Stora.
1509 Explaison of Tarquius from Rome.
1500 Explain Rome.
1500 Expla
            Olympic Era began.
                                                                                                               1704 Gibrailar was taken by the English. 1854 Japan opened by Commo
1713 Peace of Utrecht, April 11.
1714 Accession of House of Hanover, Aug. 1857 The Dred Scott decision.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Japan opened by Commodore Perry.
             Xerxes defeated Greeks at Ther-
   180
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             The Great Mutiny in India.
                  mopylæ.
             Caesar conquered Britain.
                                                                                                                 1715 First Jacobite Rebellion in
                                                                                                                                                                                                              Great 1857 First Atlantic cable mes age, Aug
1859 John Brown's raid into Virginia.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              . Aug. 4.
        4 Righ of Jesus Christ.
                                                                                                                Britain; the second in 1745.
1720 South Sea Bubble.
1745 Battle of Fontenoy, April 30.
A. D.
29 The Crucifixion.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1860 South Carolina seceded, Dec. 20.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  1861 Emancipation of the Russian serfs.
1863 Lincoln's Emancipation Proclama-
             Jerusalem was destroyed by Titus.
                                                                                                                              Black Hole Suffocation in Calcutta.
   313 Constantine converted toChristianity
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      tion, Jan. 1.
   410 The Romans abandoned Britain.
                                                                                                                1757 Clive won Battle of Plassey in India.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1863 Battle of Gettysburg, July 1-8.
                                  first king of all England,
                                                                                                                1759 Canada was taken from the French.
  227 Egbert,
Oct. 14. 1705 Stamp Act enacted. 1706 Battle of Hastings, Norman Conquest 1773 Steam engine perfected by Watt.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1865 Lee surrendered at Appomattox,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      April 9.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Pres. Lincoln assassinated, April 14.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1865
1096 The Crusades began.
1172 Ireland was conquered by Henry II.
                                                                                                                 1773 Tea destroyed in Boston Harbor
1096 The Crusades began.
1172 Ireland was conquered by Henry II. | The Co. 16, | Dec. 16, | 1755 Battle of Lexington, April 19, | 1775 Battle of Lexington, April 19, | 1775 Battle of Bunker Hill, June 17, | 1777 Battle of Bunker Hill, June 17, | 1778 Battle of Bunker Hill, | 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Maximilian of Mexico executed.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1867 The Dominion of Canada established
1869 Financial "Black Friday" in N. Y.,
1265 First Representative Parliament in 1776
                                                                                                                              Declaration of Independence, July 4.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Sept. 24.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1870 Franco-German War began, July 19.
                                                                                                                 1777 Burgoyne's surrender, Oct. 17.
1779 Capt. Cook was killed, Feb. 14.
1751 Cornwallis' surrender at Yorktown,
                   England.
1415 Battle of Agincourt, Oct. 25.
1431 Joan of Arc was burnt, May 30.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 French capitulated at Sedan, Sept.1.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 French (applulated at Seadan, Sepl.1. 
Kome became the capital of italy. 
The German Empire re-established. 
The Irish Church was disestablished. 
The great fire in Chicago, Oct. 3-11. 
The great fire in Boston, Nov. 9. 
Prof. Bell perfected the telphone. 
Centennial Exposit'us telphone.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1870
 1453 Constantinople taken by the
                                                                                        Turks.
                                                                                                                                   Oct. 19.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1871
1455 The Wars of the Roses began.
1462 The Bible was first printed at Mentz.
1471 Caxton set up his printing press.
1456 The fends of York and Lancaster
                                                                                                                 1755 First settlement in Australia, Jan. 26. 1871
                                                                                                                               The French Revolution began July 14 1871
                                                                                                                 1789
                                                                                                                  1759
                                                                                                                                Washington first inaug'ted President 1879
                                                                                                                               Cotton-giu invented by Whitney,
Louis XVI, of France executed Jan. 21
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1876
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1876
                   ended.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  President Garfield shot, July 2.
1492 Columbus discovered America, Oct.12 1796
                                                                                                                                 Vaccination discovered by Jenner.
                                                                                                                                The trish Rebellion.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Great Blizzard in Eastern part of
U. S., March 11-14.
 1517 The Reformation began in Germany, 1795
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1888
1311 An excellentation began the couplest of Mexico. 1799 Battle of Seringapatam; death of 1533 The first English libble printed. Tippoo. 1799 Bonaparte declared First Consul, 1839 Monasterles were closed in Eugland, 1799 Bonaparte declared First Consul, 1839 Monasterles were closed in Eugland.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Brazil became a Republic.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Johnstown, Pa., flood, May 31.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  World's Fair at Chicago.
 1558 Accession of Queen Elizabeth, Nov.17
                                                                                                                                      Nov. 10.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1893
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Chinese-Japanese War began.
Cuban Revolution began, Feb. 20.
The Turkish-Greek War.
 1565 Revolt of the Netherlands began.
                                                                                                                  1801 Union of Great Britain and Ireland, 1894
 1565 St. Augustine, Florida, settled,
1572 The St. Bartholomew Massacre, Aug. 24 1803
                                                                                                                                     Inn 1.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1895
                                                                                                                               Louisiana purchased from the French 1897
              The Spanish Armada defeated, July. 1804
                                                                                                                               Bonaparte became Emperor of France 1898
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  The Spanish-American War
 1588
                                                                                                                  1895 Battle of Trafalgar; death of Nelson.
1897 Fulton's first steamboat voyage.
1812 Second war with Great Britain.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Universal Peace Conference.
  1600 East Iudia Company first chartered. 1805
 1603 Union of England and Scotland.
1605 The Guupowder Plot in England.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  The South African War began.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1900 Boxer Insurrection in China.
              Jamestown, Va., was settled.
                                                                                                                                The French expedition to Moscow
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1900
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 The Galveston tornado, Sept. 8.
  1607
                                                                                                                   1813 Perry's victory on Lake Erie, Sept.10. 1901 Death of Queen Victoria.

1814 The printing machine invented. 1901 Assassination of President McKinley
  1609 Hudson River first explored.

    Hudson River nrst expresses.
    Shakespeare died, April 23,
    Thirty Years' War in Germany began.
    Hirty Years' War in Germany began.
    Pigrinting by the Maylower lauded.
    Machatten Island settled.
    Battle of New Orleans, Jan. 8.
    Battle of Waterloo, June 18.

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Martinique destroyed by volcano.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1903 Republic of Panama established
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 The Great Fire in Baltimore, Feb. 7.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1904
              Maryland settled by Roman Catholics 1819
Rhode Island settled by Roger 1820
                                                                                                                               First steamship crossed the Atlantic.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1904
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 The Russo-Japanes- War began.
  1624
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1906 San Francisco earthquake and con-
                                                                                                                               Missouri Compromise adopted.
  1636
                    Williams.
                                                                                                                                Monroe Doctrine declared, Dec. 2.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        flagration.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1908 American Battleship fleet nearly cir-
 1640 Cromwell's Long Parliament assem-
bled. 1830 Revolution in France, Orleanist suc-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1908 Great Earthquake in Southern Italy.
  1649 Charles I. was beheaded, Jan. 30.
                                                                                                                                     cession.
              Oliver Cromwell became Lord Pro-
                                                                                                                   1832 S. Carolina Nullification Ordinance
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1909 The North Pole discovered, April 6.
                                                                                                                   1835 Morse invented the telegraph.
1835 Seminole War in Florida began.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1910 Revolution in Portugal.
 1660 Restoration of the Stuarts.
1664 New York conquered from the Dutch.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          established.
 1664 New York conquered from the Dutch.
1837 Accession of Queen Victoria, June 20
1911 The Italian-Turkish War began.
1865 The great plague of Londou.
1866 The great plague of Londou.
1866 The great plague of Londou.
1867 Exas annexed.
1878 Plabeas Corpus Act passed in Eng.
1848 The Irish Potato Famine.
1879 Habeas Corpus Act passed in Eng.
1879 Plabeas Corpus Act passed in Eng.
1870 Plabeas Corpus Act passed in Eng.
1870 Plabeas Corpus Act passed in Eng.
1871 Plateas Plate
                                                                                                                  1846 British Corn laws repealed, June 26.
                     land.
```

The French Revolutionary Era.

In September, 1793, the convention decreed that the common era should be abolished in all civil affairs, and that the new French era should begin on September 22, 1792, the day of the true autumnal equinox, and that each succeeding year should begin at the midnight of the day on which the true autumnal equinox falls. The year was divided into twelve months of thirty days each. In ordinary years there were five extra days, from the 17th to the 181s of our September, and at the end of every fourth year was a sixth complimentary day. This reckoning was first used on November 21, 1793, and was continued until December 31, 1793, when it was discontinued, and the Gregorian calendar, used throughout the rest of Europe, was resumed. The following were the dates for the year 1804, the last complete year of this style of reckoning:

```
(Budding), March 22 to April 21.
(Flowery), April 21 to May 20.
(Pasture), May 21 to June 20.
Vendemiaire (Vintage), September 23 to October 22.
                                                                                           Germinal
Brumsire
                 (Foggy),
(Sleety),
                                  October 23 to November 22.
                                                                                           Eloreal
Frimaire
                                  November 22 to December 21.
December 22 to January 21.
                                                                                           Prairial
                                                                                                             (Harvest), June 20 to July 19.
(Hot), July 20 to August 19.
(Fruit), August 19 to September 18.
                                                                                           Messidor
                  (Rainy),
Pluviose
                                  January 21 to February 20,
                                                                                           Thermidor
                 (Windy), February 20 to March 19.
Ventose
                                                                                           Fruct'dor
```

The months were divided into three decades of ten days each, but to make up the 355 five were added at the end of September: Primid, dedicated to Virtue; Duodi, to Genius; Tridt, to Labor, Quardid, to Opinion, and Quintidi, to Rewards. To Leap Year, called Olympic, a sixth day, september 29 or 28, Sextidi, "the day of the Revolution," was added.

To each tenth day, thirty-six in all, were assigned thirty-six "Feter Becadaires," decreed by the National Convention on the eighteenth Prairial, in honor of the Supreme Being and Nature, the Human Race, the French People, Benefactors of Illumanity, Martyre for Liberty, Liberty and Equality, the Republic, Liberty of the World, Love of Country, Hatred of Tyrants and Traitors, Truth, Justice, Modesty, Glory and Immortality, Priendship, Prugality, Courage, Good Faith, Heroism, Disinterestedness, Stolcism, Love, Conjugal Fidelity, Paternal Love, Maternal Tenderness, Filial Piety, Infancy, Childhood, Manhood, Old Age, Sickness, Agriculture, Industry, Our Ancestors, Our Posterry, Goodness.

					1914	
	Sun. Mon. Thus. Fri. Sat. Sun. Mon. Trues.	Thur. Fri. Sat.		Sun. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thur. Frt.	Sat. Sun. Mon. Tues.	Thur. Fri. Sat.
Jan.	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 13 14 15 16 1	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 17 & 18 & 19 \\ 24 & 25 & 26 \end{array}$	Jan.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 \\ 16 & 17 & 18 \\ 23 & 24 & 25 \\ 20 & 21 \\ \end{array}$
Feb.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 3 4 5 6 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 10 11 12 13 1 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 17 18 19 20 2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Feb.	$\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 \\ 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 & 20 \end{smallmatrix}$	7 Aug. 2 3 4 5 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19	6 7 8
Mar.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Sept. 31 1 2 3 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 1 12 13 12 13 14 15 16 17 12 13 24 25 26 27 28 29 21 22 23 24 2	4 5 6	Mar.	1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 12 13 5 16 17 18 19 20 22 23 24 25 26 27 9 30 31	7 Sept. 1 2 14 6 7 8 9 21 13 14 15 16 28 20 21 22 23	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
April.	3031	2 3 4 9 10 11 6 17 18 3 24 25 30 31	April.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Oet. 4 5 6 7 11 12 13 14 18 19 20 21	1 2 3 8 9 10 15 16 17 22 23 24 29 30 31
May.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20 21 22	May.		22 23 24 25	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
June.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Dec. 30 1 2 3 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 7 8 9 10 1 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	4 5 6 1 12 13 8 19 20 25 26 27				$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

May.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 19 20 21 12 23 34 5 26 27 28 29 30 18 19 20 21 12 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 18 19 20 21 12 23 34 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 23 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
		rearies.
	DATES OF HISTORICAL EVENTS CUST	OMARILY OR OCCASIONALLY OBSERVED.
Jan.	1. Emancipation Proclamation by Lincoln,	
Jan.	1863. 8. Battle of New Orleans, 1815.	July 1-3. Battle of Gettysburg, 1863. July 2 President Garfield shot, 1881.
Jan.	17. Franklin born, 1706.	July 3. Cervera's fleet was destroyed off San-
Jan.	19. Robert E. Lee born, 1807.	tiago, 1898.
Jan. Jan.	27. German Emperor born, 1859. 29. William McKiuley born, 1843.	July 4. Declaration of Independence, 1776. July 12. Orangemen's Day.
Feb.	12. Abraham Lincoln born, 1809.	July 14. The Bastile was destroyed, 1789.
Feb. Feb.	 Battle-ship Maine blown up, 1898. George Washington born, 1732. 	July 16. Santiago surrendered, 1898,
March	h 5. Boston Massacre, 1770.	July 21. Battle of Bull Run, 1861. Aug. 7. Gen. Nathanael Greene born, 1742.
Marcl	h 15. Andrew Jackson born, 1767.	Aug. 13. Manila surrendered to Americans, 1898.
	h 18. Grover Cleveland born, 1837. 6. The North Pole reached by Commander	Aug. 16. Battle of Bennington, Vt., 1777.
22 (////	Robert E. Peary, 1909.	Aug. 28. Montenegro became a kingdom, 1910. Sep. 1. Capitulation of Sedan, 1870.
April	9. Lee surrendered at Appomattox, 1865.	Sep. 6. President McKinley shot at Buffalo,1901.
	12. Fort Sumter fired on, 1861. 12. Henry Clay born, 1777.	Sep. 10. Battle of Lake Erie, Perry's victory,
April	13. Thomas Jefferson born, 1743.	Sep. 11. Battle of Lake Champlain, McDon-
April	14. Lincoln assassinated, 1865.	augh's rictory 1814
Ap. 18	3-19. Earthquake and great conflagration at San Francisco, 1906.	Sep. 13. Battle of Chapultepec, 1847.
April	19. Primrose Day in England, Lord Beacons-	Sep. 14. City of Mexico taken by U. S. troops, 1847. Sep. 15. William H. Taft born, 1857.
A mail	field died, 1881.	Sep. 17. Battle of Antietam, 1862.
April	19. Battles of Lexington and Concord, 1775. 23. Shakespeare born, 1564.	Sep. 19-20. Battle of Chickamauga, 1863.
April	27. Gen. U. S. Grant born, 1822.	Sep. 20. Italians occupied Rome, 1870. Oct. 8-11. Great fire of Chicago, 1871.
April	30. Washington was inaugurated first Presi-	Oct. 12. Columbus discovered America, 1492
May	dent, 1789. 1. Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet at	Oct. 17. Burgoyne surrendered at Saratoga, 1777.
	Manila, 1898.	Oct. 97 Theodore Rosswell born 1858
May	 First English settlement in America, at Jamestown, 1607. 	Nov. 5. Guy Fawkes Day in England. The Gun-
May	13. Society of The Cincinnati organized by	powder Plot discovered, 1604.
	officers of Revolutionary Army, 1783.	Nov. 9. Great fire of Boston, 1872.
May May	 The Czar of Russia born, 1868. Mecklenburg, N. C., Declaration of In- 	Nov. 10. Martin Luther born, 1483. Nov. 25. British evacuated New York, 1783.
may	dependence, 1775.	Dec. 2. Battle of Austerlitz, 1805.
May	24. Queen Victoria born, 1819.	Dec. 14. Washington died, 1799. Dec. 14. The South Pole reached by Capt. Raoul
June June	3. King George V. born, 1865. 14. Flag Day in the United States.	Amundsen, 1911.
June	15. King John granted Magna Charter at	Dec. 16 Boston 'Tea Party,' 1773.
Tuna	Runnymede, 1215.	Dec. 16. The great fire in New York, 1835. Dec. 22. Mayflower pilgrims landed at Plymouth
June	17. Battle of Bunker Hill, 1775. 18. Battle of Waterloo, 1815.	Rock, 1620.
June	18. Battle of Waterloo, 1815.28. Battle of Fort Moultrie, Charleston,	Dec. 25-26 Battle of Trenton, N. J., 1776.
	S. C., 1776.	Dec. 28. Woodrow Wilson born, 1856.

Ready=Refevence Calendar .- 1.

For ascertaining the Day of the Week for any given Time from the Beginning of the Christian Era to the Year 2200.

RULE. - To the day of the Month, add Factors for Month, Century, and Year, and divide the total by 7.

If the	re is no remainder,	the day	is Sunday.	
	the remainder		Monday.	Should the
2			Tuesday.	total be-less
3			Wednesday.	than 7, it is to
. 4	**	4.4	Thursday.	be taken as a
" 5	6.6		Friday.	remainder.
"6	4.6		Saturday.	

EXAMPLE:

Week-day of Washington's Birthday, February 22, 1913. Factors for Century.

34 divided by 7 leaves 6 remainder, therefore the day will be Saturday.

Year.

Mouth.

Day.

Factors.

		For L	еар у	ears f	M igures	ONTE		type	to be t	taken			Lea	ър ус	_	EAI in b		ier t	уре.
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	00	1	2	3	1	4	5
		5	-				-	-		_	_	-	6	7		s	9	10	11
9.3	2		5	1	3	6	1	4	0	2	5	0		12	13	14	15		16
Factors.	1	4											17	18	19		20	21	22
			ı										23		24	25	26	27	
													28	29	30	31		32	33
													34	35		36	37	38	39
m.		00 - 6			RIES (.	T			40	41	42	43		1.1
The	year	00 01		1		!	1			1			45	46	47		18	49	50
0	STY	v 10		2	1	0	_	6	5	4	ŀ .	3	51		52	53	54	55	
ende	ed Sel 1752–8	ot. 2,	{ :	•	8	7		13	12	1	1	10	56	57	58	59		60	61
We	dnesd	lay.	-	6	15	1.1				-		17	62	63*		64	65	66	67
			-	0	10	1 1	-			ļ				68	69	70	71		73
			[1	.8		17			20	19	•		73	74	75		76	77	78
bega	n Sep	t. 14,	1 2	22		21	_	7	24	2:	3		79		80	81	83	83	
	1752—i nursda		-	.			- -				- -		84	85	86	87		83	89
			1 2	6		25			28	2'	7		90	91		92	93	94	95

96

and every succeeding fourth Century.

The system of this Calendar is taken from one printed in Whitaker's (London) Almanac.

Ready=Reference Calendar .- 2.

For ascertaining any Day of the Week for any given Time within Two Hundred Years from the introduction of the New Style, 1753, to 1952 inclusive.

		YE.	ARS 17	53 TO 1	1952.				Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1753g $1754d$	1781g 1782d	1800e 1801a	1828q 1829a	1856q 1857a	1884q 1885a	1900g 1901d	1928h 1929d	a	4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1755e 1756p	1783e 1784p	1802b 1803e	1830b 1831e	1858b 1859c	1886b 1887c	1902e 1903a	1930e 1931a	b	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1757e 1758f	1785c 1786f	1804h 1805d	1832h 1833d	1860h 1861d	1888h 1889d	1904k 1905f	1932k 1933f	c	6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1759g 1760q	1787g 1788q	1806e 1807a	1834e 1835a	1862e 1863a	1890e 1891a	1906g 1907d	1934g 1935d	d	2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1761a 1762b	1789a 1790b	1808k 1809f	1836k 1837f	1864k 1865f	1892k 1893f	19081 1909b	19361 1937b	e	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1
1763c 1764h	1791c 1792h	1810g 1811d	1838g 1839d	1866g 1867d	1894g 1895d	1910c 1911f	1938c 1939f	ť	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1765d 1766e	1793d 1794e	18121 1813b	18401 1841b	18681 1869b	18961 1897b	1912m 1913e	1940m 1941e	g	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
	1795a 1796k	1814c 1815f	1842c 1843f	1870e 1871f	1898c 1899f	1914a 1915b	1942a 1943b	h	7	3	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
	1797f 1798g	1816m 1817e	1844m 1845e	1872m 1873e		1916n 1917g	1944n 1945g	k	5	1	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	$\frac{-}{2}$	4
1771d 17721	1799d	1818a 1819b	1846a 1847b	1874a 1875b		1918d 1919e	1946d 1947e	1	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	$^{-}$
1773b 1774c		1820n 1821g	1848n 1849g	1876n 1877g		1920p 1921e	1948p 1949c	m	1	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1775f 1776m		1822d 1823e		1878d 1879e		1922f 1923g	1950f 1951g	n	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	- 5	7	3	5
1777e 1778a		1824p 1825c		1880p 1881c		1924q 1925a	1952q	p	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1779b 1780n		1826f 1827g	1854f 1855g	1882f 1883g		1926b 1927c		q	2	5	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1

NOTE. -The letters in the list of "Years from 1753 to 1952," refer to the table headed with th Months, the figures in which refer to the sam figures at the head of th table of Days. For ex ample: Toknow on wha day July 4, 1913, will fall look for 1913 in th table of Years. The let ter 'e" is attached. Lool for the same letter in th table of Months and in parallel line under July i the figure 2, which di rects to column 2 in th table of Days below, in which it will be seen that July 4 falls on Friday.

1	2	3		4	5	6	7	
Monday	1 Tuesday	1 Wednes	day I Thu	rsday 1			SUNDAY	1
Tuesday	2 Wednesd	ay 2 Thursda	y 2 Frid	av 2			Monday	2
Wednesday	2 Thursday	3 Friday	3 Satu				Tuesday	- 3
Thursday "	4 Friday	4 Saturda	y 4 SUN				4 Wednesday	y ÷
riday	5 Saturday	5 SUNDA	Y 5 Mon	day 5	Tuesday 5		Thursday	
aturday	6 SUNDA	Y 6 Monday	6 Tues	day 6	Wednesday 6	Thursday (Friday	- 6
UNDAY	7 Monday	7 Tuesday	7 Wed	inesday 7	Thursday 7	Friday	Saturday	7
Ionday	8 Tuesday	8 Wednes		rsday 8	Friday 8	Saturday 8	SUNDAY	8
luesday		ay 9 Thursda		av 9	Saturday 9		Monday	9
Veduesd.	10 Thursday		10 Satu	rday 10	SUNDÂY 10	Monday 1	Tuesday	10
hursday	11 Friday	11 Saturda	v 11 SUN	DAY 11	Monday 11	Tuesday 1	Wednesd.	11
riday	12 Saturday			day 12	Tuesday 12	Wednesd, 1:	Thursday	1:
aturday	13 SUNDA					Thursday I	Friday	13
	14 Monday	14 Tuesday			Thursday 14	Friday 1-	Saturday	14
Ionday	15 Tuesday	15 Wednes			Friday 15	Saturday 1	SUNDAY	15
uesday	16 Wednesd							16
	17 Thursday		17 Satu					17
hursday	18 Friday	18 Saturda						18
riday	19 Saturday						Thursday	19
	20 SUNDA							20
	21 Monday	21 Tuesday						21
	22 Tuesday	22 Wednes						22
	23 Wednesd							23
	24 Thursday		24 Satn					24
	25 Friday	25 Saturda						25
	26 Saturday							26
	27 SUNDA			day 97		Thursday 2		27
	25 Monday	28 Tuesday						23
	29 Tuesday	29 Wednes						29
	30 Wednesd							30
	31 Thursday		31 Satu					31

TABLE OF DAYS.

Ritualistic Calendar.

COLORS FOR THE ALTAR IN USE IN RITUALISTIC EPISCOPAL CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES.

White,—From the First Service (First Vespers) of Christmas Day to the Octave of Epiphany, inclusive (except on the Feasts of Martyrs); on Maundy Thursday (for the celebration); from the First Service of Easter Day to the Vigil of Pentecost (except on Feasts of Martyrs and Rogation Days); on Trinity Sunday, Conversion of St. Paul, Purification, Annunciation, St. John Baptist, St. Michael, St. Luke, All Saints, Saints who are not Martyrs, and Patron Saints (Transfiguration and Dedication of Church). of Church).

of Church).

Red.—From First Vespers of Pentecost to the First Vespers of Trinity Sunday (which includes Ember Days), Holy Iunocents (if on a Sunday), and Feasts of all Martyrs.

Violet.—From Septuagesima to Maundy Thursday (Easter Eve); Advent Sunday to Christmas Eve; Vigils, Ember Days (except in Whitsun Week), and Rogation Days; Holy Innocents (unless on Sunday).

Rack.—Good Friday and at funerals.

Green.—All other days.

These regulations as to colors are general. A more minute code changing with each year is miskithed in the church of plants.

published in the church almanacs.

Jewish Calendar, 1913.

NEW MOON, FASTS, FRASTS, ETC.					NEW MOON, FASTS, FEASTS, ETC		
5673.	191		567			191	3.
Sebat 1 New Moon		9	Tisri	1	New Moon (New Year)	Oct,	2
Adar 1 ''	Feb.	- 8		- 4	Fast of Guadaliah		- 5
" 14 Purim		21		-10		(1r)	11
Veadar 1 New Moon	Mar.	10		15	Feast of Tabernacles		16
Nisan 1 ''		- 8	4.	22	" Eighth Day	6.6	23
15 Passover	1	22	1 6 6	23	" Rejoicing with the L	aw "	24
Yiar I New Moon	May	-8	Hesva	m I	New Moon	Nov.	
' 14 Second Passover			Kisley		11		30
Sivan 1 New Moon		-6	11		Dedication of the Temple		24
6 Pentecost		11	Tebet	~~~	New Moon		- รี้จั
Tamuz 1 New Moon	Tuly	- 6	rener	_		191	
17 Fast of Tamuz		20	Sebat	7	New Moon		$^{14}.28$
Ab T. Now Moon			Adar	÷			27
Ab 1 New Moon		4	Adar		Duration	Feb.	
grast of An (Destruction of		7.0		7.4	Purim	Mar.	12
Jerusalem)		12	Nisan	1	New Moon	"	28
Elul 1 New Moon	iSept.	- 3	1		J	}	

The year 5673 is an embolismic perfect year of 385 days, and the year 5674 an ordinary common year of 354 days.

Greek Church and Russian Calendar, 1913.

A.D. 1913, A.M. 8022.

NEW STYLE.	Holy Days.	Old Sty	le.	NEV STYL	E.	Holy Days.	Old St	yle.
Feb. 15 Mar. 16 Mar. 19 April 7 20 25 4 27 May 6 May 27 June 5	Circumcision. Theophany (Epiphany). Hypapante (Purification). Carnival Sunday Ash Wednesday. Annunciation. Palm Sunday Great Friday. Holy Pasch (Easter). St. George. Coronation of Emperor* Ascension. Pentecost.	Feb. Mar. April May	6236257244	Ang. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 191. Jan.	19 28 12 21 27 14 28 22 4.	Peter and Paul (Chief Apostles) Transfiguration Repose of Theotokos St. Alexander Nevsky* Nativity of Theotokos Exaltation of the Cross Patronage of Theotokos First Day of Fast of Nativity Entrance of Theotokos Conception of Theotokos Nativity (Christmas)	Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	6 15 30 8 14 1 15 20 9

^{*}Peculiar to Russia

Mohammedan Calendar, 1913.

YRAR	Names of Months.	Mont	h Beg	gins.	YEAR.	Names of Months.	Mon	nth Begins.
	Muharram (New Year) Saphar. Rabia I Rabia II Jomadi II Jomadi II Rajab Shabaan	Jan. Feb. Mar. April May June	10, 8, 10,		1332	Ramadan (Month of Abs neuce)	Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	2, "

the Month.	Calendar for Boston, New England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, N. and S. Dakota, Washington, and Oregon.	Calendar for New York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Northern California.	Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and Central California.	Calendar for CHARLESTON, Géorgia, Alabama, Louisiana,Arkanasa, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and Southern California.
Day of Day of	SUN SUN MOON RISES. SETS. E. & S.	SUN SUN MOON RISES. SETS. R. 4 S.	SUN SUN MOON RISES. SETS. R. & S.	SUN SUN MOON RISES. SETS. R. 4 S.
1 W 2 Th 3 Fr 4 Sa 5 M 7 TW 8 Th 10 Fr 11 Sa 12 S M 14 TW 15 Th 17 Fr 18 S 20 Th 17 Fr 22 24 Fr 25 S 5 M 24 Fr 25 S M 22 Th 22	7 30 4 37 1 51 7 30 4 38 3 3 3 7 30 4 39 4 14 7 30 4 40 5 23 7 30 4 41 6 27 7 30 4 42 7 22 7 30 4 45 6 52 7 30 4 45 6 52 7 30 4 47 8 58 7 29 4 46 7 56 7 29 4 46 7 56 7 29 4 47 8 58 7 29 4 46 7 56 7 29 4 50 10 58 7 29 5 6 6 6 29 7 21 5 2 7 51 7 21 5 3 9 10 7 20 5 6 11 40 7 19 5 7 A. M.	7 24 4 43 1 48 7 24 4 44 2 59 7 24 4 46 5 17 7 24 4 46 5 17 7 24 4 46 5 17 7 24 4 45 0 5 53 7 24 4 50 5 53 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 50 1 5 5 3 7 24 4 5 5 1 0 5 8 7 23 4 5 5 1 0 5 8 7 23 4 5 5 1 0 5 8 7 23 4 5 5 1 0 5 8 7 23 4 5 5 1 0 5 8 7 24 5 5 1 5 5 7 24 5 5 1 5 5 7 24 5 5 1 5 5 7 24 5 5 1 5 5 7 25 5 4 8 7 18 5 5 3 6 49 7 18 5 5 3 6 49 7 18 5 5 3 6 49 7 18 5 5 3 6 49 7 18 5 5 9 9 11 7 14 5 10 10 25 7 14 5 10 10 25 7 14 5 10 10 25 7 14 5 11 11 37 7 13 5 12 A. M.	#. M. H. M. H. M. H. M. T. 19 4 48 1 45 7 19 4 49 2 54 7 19 4 50 1 5 10 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 8 2 7 19 4 50 7 19 4 50 8 2 7 19 4 50 10 1 7 18 5 11 1 58 7 18 5 2 A. M. 7 17 5 3 1 3 7 17 5 3 1 3 7 17 5 5 3 20 7 16 5 6 4 32 7 14 5 8 6 42 7 14 5 9 8 10 2 7 14 5 9 8 10 2 7 16 5 7 18 5 10 6 37 7 12 5 11 7 55 7 12 5 13 9 12 7 11 5 14 10 24 7 10 5 15 11 35 7 10 5 16 A. M.	H. M. H. M. H. M. H. M. H. M. M. M. H. M. M. M. H. M.
29 W 30 Th 31 Fr	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\left \begin{array}{c cccc} 7 & 13 & 5 & 13 & 12 & 49 \\ 7 & 12 & 5 & 15 & 2 & 0 \\ 7 & 12 & 5 & 16 & 3 & 9 \end{array}\right $	$ \begin{vmatrix} 7 & 9 & 5 & 17 & 12 & 46 \\ 7 & 8 & 5 & 19 & 1 & 55 \\ 7 & 8 & 5 & 20 & 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} $	6 58 5 29 12 33 6 57 5 30 1 39 6 57 5 31 2 43
Dayoni	II Day on I	SUN ON MER	IDIAN.	II Day or I

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
1 12 3 40 22 12 4 8 8 8 12 4 36 4 12 5 5 12 5 5 5 12 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	8 9 10 11 12	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	м. 6 7 7 8 8	50 15 40 4 27 50	14 15 16 17 18 19	н. 12 12 12 12 12 12	м. 9 9 9 10 10	34	20 21 22 23 24 25	н. 12 12 12 12 12 12	N. 111 111 112 122 12	11 28 45 0 15	26 27 28 29 30 31	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	12 12 13 13 13	7 18 28

TWILIGHT

PLACES.	Jan.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Jan.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Jan.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.
Boston	1	5 48	6 19	11	5 48	6 28	21	5 46	6 38
New York	1	5 46	6 21	11	5 46	6 30	21	5 44	$6\ 39$
Wash' ton.	1	5 43	6.24	- 11	5 44	6 32	21	5 42	6 41
Charleston	1	5 35	6 23	11	5 36	6 40	21	5 30	6 57

of the Month.	New Englan Michigan, N. and	ndar for ston, d, N. Y. State, Wisconsin, S. Dakota, n, and Oregon.	Connection Ohio, I	alendar for w York City, cut, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, braska, Wyoming, rthern California.	Calendar fo Washington Virginia, Kentu Missouri, Kansas, C Utah, Nevad and Central Calif	oky, colorado, a,	Georg Louisian: New M	alendar for ARLESTO gia, Alaba, Arkans: Iexico, A	N, ama, as,Texas, rizona,
Day of		SUN MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	Sun Moon Sets. R. & s.	SUN SUN SRTS.	Moon R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.
Sa Mull The Sa Mull The Sa	1. M. J.	M. M	H. M. T. 110 7 100 7 9 9 7 7 7 7 6 7 5 5 7 4 4 7 3 3 7 2 1 7 7 0 6 5 9 6 5 8 6 5 7 6 5 5 4 6 6 4 8 6 4 6 4 6 4 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 4 6 6 6 8 8 7 6 6 5 8 6 6 8 8 6 6 8 8 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R.	7 7 5 21 7 6 5 22 7 5 5 23 7 4 5 24 7 3 5 25 7 2 5 26 7 1 5 27 7 0 5 28 6 59 5 29 6 58 5 31 6 55 5 34 6 55 5 34 6 55 5 38 6 50 5 38 6 50 5 38 6 49 5 40 6 47 5 41 6 48 5 43 6 40 5 47 6 38 5 48 6 40 5 49 6 37 5 49	R. 4 8. R. 4 8. R. M. 7 5 4 5 53 6 38 8 sets. 6 54 7 53 8 9 51 10 52 11 56 A. M. 2 21 4 24 rises. 6 44 8 9 13 10 28 11 41 12 55	H:SES. H: NIT 6 56 6 55 6 55 6 55 6 55 6 55 6 55 6	32 32 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 3	H. 44 4 40 5 30 6 151 sets. 7 27 7 57 8 548 10 44 11 44 A. M. 11 52 2 58 4 28 5 47 rises. 6 49 8 9 8 10 18 11 26 12 33
28 Fr	6 38 5		6 36	5 51 2 7	6 35 5 51	1 59	6 30	5 57	1 37
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DAY OF MONTH.		DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			DAY OF MONTH.			DAY OF MONTH.			
1 2 3 4 5 6	H. M. S. 12 13 46 12 13 53 12 14 0 12 14 0 12 14 12 12 14 16	7 8 9 10 11	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	14 14 14	20 23 25 26 26 26	13 14 15 16 17 18	12 12 12	 25 23 20 17 13 8	19 20 21 22 23 24	12 12	13 13 13	25 26 27 28	12	м. 13 13 12 12	

PLACES.	Feb.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Feb.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Feb.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
		H. M.	H. M.	1	н. м.	н. м.	11	н. м.	н. м.
Boston	1	5 37	6 50	11	5 27	7 1	21	5 14	7 13
New York.	1	5 36	6 51	11	5 27	7 1	21	5 15	7 13
Wash'ton.	1	5 35	6.52	11	5.26	7 2	21	5 15	7 13
Charleston	1	5 30	6 57	11	5 24	7 5	21	5 15	7-13

of the Month.	of the Week.	New Eng Michi N. a	alendar fo Boston, gland, N. Y gan, Wiscond S. Dake gton, and G	Y. State, onsin, ota,	Connecti Ohio, Iowa, Ne	alendar f w York cut, Penn Indiana, braska, V rthern Ca	City, sylvania, Illinois, Vyomlng,	Virgi Missouri Ut	aleudar f ASHINGTO nia, Kent Kansas, ah, Neva entral Cal	ncky, Colorado,	Calendar for CHABLESTON, Georgia, Alabama, Louislana, Arkansas, Texas New Mexico, Arizona, and Southern California.			
Day	Day o	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & s.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	
1 2 3 4 7 7 1 2 2 3 4 7 7 1 2 2 3 4 7 7 1 2 2 3 4 7 7 1 2 2 1 3 1 4 4 5 1 5 1 5 1 7 1 2 2 1 3 1 4 5 1 5 1 7 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 5 1 7 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 5 1 7 1 2 2 2 3 1 5 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7	sats s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	". M. 76 37 6 36 36 34 6 34 6 34 6 25 6 25 6 23 6 21 6 17 6 16 6 14 6 10 6 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	*5 50 5 50 5 50 5 50 5 52 5 53 5 55 5 55 5 57 5 59 6 2 1 6 2 6 3 6 4 6 5 6 7 6 10 6 11 6 12 6 13 6 15 6 16 6 17 6 17	3 15 4 6 4 49 5 22 5 49 6 11 sets. 6 45 7 8 50 9 56 11 4 11 23 2 28 3 23 4 4 7 5 5 40 cises. 8 8 6 10 44 11 58	6 334 6 334 6 325 6 29 6 225 6 226 6 220 6 18 6 15 6 10 6 10 6 7 6 5 8 6 2 6 5 7 6 5 8 6 2 7 8 6 5 8 7 8 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	52255555555555555555555555555555555555	3 7 3 59 4 42 5 16 5 44 8 8 sets. 6 45 7 8 48 9 51 10 59 A. M. 12 16 2 20 3 16 4 4 0 5 38 rises. 5 2 22 10 38 11 51	6 34 6 33 6 310 6 28 6 27 6 26 6 23 6 21 6 20 6 17 6 13 6 12 6 19 6 19 6 19 6 19 6 19 6 19 6 19 6 19	#: 525 5 53 5 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3 0 3 51 4 35 5 10 5 39 6 4 8 45 9 48 10 54 A.M. 12 1 8 3 55 37 rises. 8 27 10 32 11 44	6 29 6 28 6 27 6 25 6 21 6 22 6 22 6 22 6 21 6 20 6 19 6 15 6 13 6 10 6 15 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2 6 2	H: 557 557 558 5555 6 0 6 1 6 2 6 3 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 6	*** 36	
28 F		5 53 5 52 5 50 5 48 5 46	6 20 6 21 6 22 6 23 6 24	A. M. 1 5 2 1 2 43 3 24	5 54 5 53 5 52 5 50 5 48	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 18 \\ 6 \ 19 \\ 6 \ 20 \\ 6 \ 21 \\ 6 \ 22 \end{array}$	12 57 1 54 2 40 3 18	5 54 5 53 5 52 5 51 5 49	6 18 6 19 6 20 6 20 6 21	A. M. 12 50 1 46 2 33 3 11	5 56 5 55 5 54 5 53 5 52	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 17 \\ 6 \ 17 \\ 6 \ 18 \\ 6 \ 19 \\ 6 \ 19 \end{array}$	A. M. 12 26 1 22 2 11 2 52	

	Out ou manipian																
DAY OF MONTH.		DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH,				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
	H. M. 8-		II.	М.	5.		н.	м.	3.	20	н.	М.	s.	2.2	н.	М	s.
Ţ	$ 12 \ 12 \ 33 $	S	12	11	0	14	12	9	25	20	12	- 1	40	26	12	Э	50
2	12 12 21	9	12	10	45	15	12	9	8	21	12	7	22	27	12	5	32
3	12 12 8	10	12	10	29	16	12	8	51	22	12	7	4	28	12	5	13
4	$ 12 \ 11 \ 56 $	11	12	10	14	17	12	8	33	23	12	6	45	29	12	4	55
5	$ 12 \ 11 \ 42 $	12	12	9	58	18	12	8	16	24	12	-6	27	30	12	4	37
6	12 11 29	13	12	9	41	19	12	7	58	25	12	6	9	31	12	4	18
7	12 11 14	1				1							1	1	1		

PLACES.	Mar.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Mar.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Mar.	Begins, A. M.	Eads, P. M.
		н, м.	н. м.		Н., М.	н, м,		н. м.	н. м.
Boston	1	5 2	7 23	11	4 45	7 35	21	4 27	7 47
New York	1	5 3	7 22	11	4 47	7 33	21	4 30	7 45
Wash' ton.	- 1	5 4	7 21	11	4 49	7 31	21	4 33	7 42
Charleston	1	5 6	7 19	11	4 53	7 27	21	4 40	7 35

Day of the Month.	Calendar for Bosron, New England, N. Michigan, Wisc N. and S. Dal Washington, and	Y. State, onsin, kota,	Connectic Ohio, Iowa, Ne	alendar for York Cout, Penn Indiana, l braska, W	sylvania, illinois, yoming.	Vlrgi Missouri, Ut	alendar f ASHINGTO nia, Kent Kansas, ah, Neva ntral Cal	on, ucky, Colorado, da,	Georg Louisians New I	alendar f IARLESTO gia, Alab ,Arkansa Iexico, A thern Cal	n, ama, s, Texas, rizona,
Day of	SUN SUN RISES. SETS.	Moon R. & S.	Sex Rises.	SUN SETS.	Moon n. e s.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Risks,	Sun Seis.	MOON R. A.S.
1 Tu 2 W 3 Th 4 Fr 5 Sa 6 S 7 M 8 Tu 9 W 10 Th 11 Fr 12 Sa 13 M 15 TW 17 Th 18 Sa 20 Th 18 Sa 21 Tu 22 W 4 Th 25 Fr 26 Sa 27 S	5 44 6 25 5 43 6 26 5 42 6 28 5 40 6 29 5 38 6 30 5 36 6 31 5 34 6 32 5 32 6 33 5 32 6 33 5 29 6 35 5 27 6 36 5 24 6 38 5 24 6 37 5 24 6 37 5 24 6 37 5 21 6 41 5 19 6 42 5 19 6 42 5 19 6 42 5 10 6 49 5 10 6 49 5 8 6 50 5 6 6 51 5 6 6 51 5 5 6 52 5 3 6 52 6 5 26 6 54	1 22	5 466 5 445 5 442 5 440 5 38 5 366 5 25 5 24 5 221 5 19 5 17 5 16 5 143 5 11 5 5 9 5 5 6	#. 23, 6 24 6 26 6 27 6 28 6 30 6 31 6 32 6 33 6 34 6 35 6 41 6 42 6 43 6 45 6 45 6 45 6 5 1 6 5 1	**************************************	*. M.7 5 47 6 46 6 5 43 6 41 6 5 43 6 5 35 6 5 35 6 5 35 6 5 35 6 5 24 6 6 5 24 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6 47 6 48	3 7 3 36 4 3 4 29 rises. 8 7 9 21 10 31 11 34 A. M. 12 26 1 9	5 50 5 49 5 48 5 48 5 45 5 44 5 42 5 39 5 38 5 37 5 35 5 32 5 31 5 29 5 28 5 21 5 21 5 18	6 19 6 20 6 21 6 23 6 23 6 23 6 24 6 25 6 26 6 27 6 27 6 29 6 30 6 31 6 31 6 32 6 33 6 34 6 35 6 36 6 36 6 37 6 37 6 38	11 11 A. M. 12 4 12 48
28 M 29 Tu 30 W	5 1 6 55 4 59 6 56 4 58 6 58	1 54 2 20 2 41	5 5 5 3 5 2	6 52 6 53 6 54	1 49 2 16 2 38	5 8 5 6 5 5		2 11	5 17 5 16 5 15		1 26 1 58 2 26

DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
1 2 3 4 5 6	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	3 2	0 42 24 7 49 32	7 8 9 10 11 12	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	1 1 1 1 0	5. 15 58 41 25 8	13 14 15 16 17 18	12 12 12 12 11 11	м. 0 0 0 59 59 59	19 20 21 22 23 24	H. 11 11 11 11 11 11	59 58 58 58 58 58	10 57 44 31 19 8	25 26 27 28		57 57 57 57 57 57	57 47 37 27 18

PLACES.	Apr.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Apr.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Apr.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
		H. N.	н. м.		H, M,	н. м.		Н, М,	н. м.
Boston	1	4 6	8 2	11	3 36	8 16	21	3 25	8 32
New York,	1	4 10	7 58	11	3 50	8 12	21	3 31	8 26
Wash'ton,	1	4 14	7 54	11	3 56	8 7	21	3 37	8 20
Charleston	1	4 24	7 43	11	4 10	7 52	21	3 55	$8 ext{ } 2$

om	MONTH.	11414 4 7 10		or Dais.
Day of the Month.	Calendar for Boston, New England, N. Y. Sta Michigan, Wisconsin, N. and S. Dakota, Washington, and Oregon	Calendar for NEW YOEK CITY, Connecticut, Fennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Northern California.	Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and Ceutral California.	Calendar for CHARLESTON, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiaua, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and Southern California,
Day of Day of	Sun Sun Moor	RISES. SETS. R. 4 S.	SUN SUN MOON RISES. SETS. R. & S.	Sun Sun Moon Rises. Sets. R. 4 s.
1 Th 2 Fr	4 56 6 59 3 4 55 7 0 3 1	0 5 0 6 55 2 58 7 4 59 6 56 3 17	5 3 6 51 2 56 5 2 6 52 3 16	5 14 6 40 2 51 5 13 6 41 3 14
3 Sa		5 4 58 6 57 3 36	5 1 6 53 3 37	5 12 6 42 3 39
4 S 5 M		3 4 57 6 58 3 5 5 5 4 56 6 59 4 18	5 0 6 54 3 58 4 59 6 55 4 22	5 11 6 43 4 4 5 10 6 44 4 32
6 Tu	4 49 7 4 sets		4 57 6 56 sets.	5 10 6 45 sets.
7 W	4 48 7 5 9	4 4 54 7 1 8 58	4 56 6 57 8 51	5 9 6 45 8 31
8 Th 9 Fr		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 54 6 58 9 57 4 53 6 59 10 58	5 8 6 46 9 35 5 7 6 47 10 36
10 Sa	4 45 7 8 A. M	II i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	4 52 7 011 51	5 6 6 47 11 30
11 S	4 44 7 9 12	4 4 50 7 6 A. M.	4 51 7 1 A. M.	5 5 6 48 а. м.
12 M	11 = -011	$5 \mid 4 \mid 49 \mid 7 \mid 7 \mid 12 \mid 39 \mid$	4 50 7 2 12 33	5 5 6 49 12 16
13 Tu 14 W		$egin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 4 6 49 12 56 5 3 6 50 1 29
15 Th	4 40 7 13 2	7 4 46 7 10 2 6	4 47 7 5 2 5	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 6 & 50 & 1 & 25 \\ 5 & 2 & 6 & 51 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
16 Fr	4 39 7 14 2 2	9 4 45 7 11 2 30	4 46 7 6 2 30	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & \tilde{2} & \tilde{6} & 51 & \tilde{2} & 31 \end{bmatrix}$
17 Sa		2 4 44 7 12 2 54	4 46 7 7 2 55	5 1 6 52 3 1
$18 \mathbf{S}$		$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & 43 & 7 & 13 & 3 & 19 \\ 3 & 4 & 42 & 7 & 14 & 3 & 48 \end{bmatrix}$	4 45 7 7 3 22	5 1 6 53 3 32
19 M 20 T u	4 36 7 17 3 4 4 35 7 18 4 1		$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 44 & 7 & 8 & 3 & 53 \\ 4 & 44 & 7 & 9 & 4 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$	5 0 6 53 4 7 5 0 6 54 4 48
21 W	4 34 7 19 rises	واشتاب التا	4 43 7 10 rises.	4 59 6 55 rises.
22 Th	4 33 7 20 10 3	0 4 40 7 17 10 23	4 43 7 10 10 15	4 58 6 55 9 52
23 Fr		6 4 39 7 18 11 9	4 42 7 11 11 2	4 58 6 56 10 41
24 Sa	11	2 4 39 7 19 11 46	4 42 7 12 11 40	4 57 6 57 11 22
25 S 26 M		. 4 38 7 19 A. M. 5 4 37 7 20 13 20	4 41 7 13 A.M. 4 40 7 14 12 15	4 57 6 57 A. M. 4 56 6 58 12 0
27 Tu	11	4 4 36 7 21 12 41	4 40 7 15 12 37	4 56 6 59 12 26
28 W	4 29 7 26 1	4 4 36 7 22 1 1	4 39 7 16 12 59	4 55 6 59 12 52
29 T h		2 4 35 7 22 1 21	4 38 7 16 1 20	4 55 7 0 1 17
30 Fr		$\begin{vmatrix} 9 & 4 & 34 & 7 & 23 & 1 & 39 \\ 8 & 4 & 33 & 7 & 24 & 1 & 59 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 38 & 7 & 17 & 1 & 40 \\ 4 & 37 & 7 & 18 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	4 54 7 0 1 41
31 S a	4 27 7 28 1 5		11 - 0 - 1 - 1 - 1	4 54 7 1 2 5
Domani	II Day on I	SUN ON MER	IDIAN.	II Down and

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DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
1 2	н. 11 11	м. 57 56	s. 2 55	8 9	н. 11	м. 56 56	-	14 15	н. 11		12 12	20 21	н. 11 11	м. 56 56	20 23	26 27	н. 11 11	-	48 54
3 4	11	$\begin{array}{c} 56 \\ 56 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 48 \\ 42 \end{array}$	10 11	11 11	$\begin{array}{c} 56 \\ 56 \end{array}$	$\frac{17}{15}$	16 17	11 11	$\begin{array}{c} 56 \\ 56 \end{array}$	12 13	22 23	11	$\begin{array}{c} 56 \\ 56 \end{array}$	27 32	28 29	11 11	57 57	1 9
5 6 7		56 56 56	32	12 13	11	56 56	13 12	18 19	11	56 56	15 17	24 25	11 11	56 56		30 31	11	57 57	17 25

PLACES.	May.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	May.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	May.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
					-				
		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.		II. M.	н. ы.
Boston	1	3 6	8 48	11	2 47	9 6	21	2 31	9.22
New York,	1	3 13	8 40	11	2 56	8 56	21	2 42	9 11
Wash'ton.	1	3 21	8 33	11	3 5	8 47	21	2 52	9 0
Charleston	1	3 42	8 21	11	3 30	8 22	21	3 21	8 32

Day of the Month.	New En Mich N. Washin	Calendar for BOSTON, agland, N. Y. State. igan, Wisconsin, and S. Dakota, agton, and Oregon.	Calendar Naw York Connecticut, Per Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, and Northern C	CITY, insylvania, Illinois, Wyoming,	Virgi Missouri, Ut	alendar f ASHINGTO nia, Kent Kansas, ah, Neva ntral Cali	ucky. Colorado, da,	Georg Louisians New M	alendar f HARLESTO gla, Alah A,Arkansa Mexico, A thern Ca	on, oama, as, Texas, rizona,
Day of	Sun Rises.	Sun Moon Sets. R. & S.	SUN SUN RISES. SETS.	Moon R. & S.	SUN RISES.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises,	SUN Sets.	Moon R. 4 S.
1 S 2 M 3 T 4 W 5 T 1 5 S 8 S M 10 T 11 W 12 T 1 1 4 S 8 1 6 M 1 7 T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 25 4 25 4 26 4 26 4 26 4 26 4 26 4 26	7 30 2 41 7 31 3 9 7 32 sets. 7 32 9 5 7 33 10 0 7 33 10 44 7 34 11 20 7 35 11 48 7 36 A. M. 7 36 12 12 7 37 12 57 7 38 1 14 7 38 1 14 7 38 2 15 7 39 2 52	4 30 7 2 4 29 7 2 4 29 7 2 4 29 7 2 4 28 7 3 4 28 7 3	4 2 45 5 3 15 5 sets. 6 8 57 7 9 53 7 10 39 8 11 15 8 11 45 9 A. M. 112 10 112 34 112 57 1 1 21 1 2 1 48 2 2 20 2 2 59	4 37 4 37 4 37 4 36 4 36 4 36 4 35 4 35 4 34 4 34 4 34 4 34 4 34 4 34	7 23 7 24 7 24 7 25 7 25 7 26 7 26 7 26	2 23 2 49 3 21 sets. 9 46 10 32 11 10 11 41 A.M. 12 9 12 58 1 24 1 53 2 26 3 6	H. M. 4 54 4 54 4 53 4 53 4 53 4 52 4 52 4 52 4 52 4 52 4 52 4 52 4 52	H. M. 7 1 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 3 3 7 4 4 7 5 7 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 9 7 7 9 9 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7	H. M. 2 32 3 2 3 37 sets. 8 27 9 24 10 14 10 156 11 32 A. M. 12 3 1 2 33 1 2 2 6 2 43 3 27
18 W 19 TI 20 Fi 21 Sa	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} h & 4 & 22 \\ r & 4 & 21 \\ 1 & 4 & 22 \end{array} $	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 39 & 9 & 9 \\ 7 & 39 & 9 & 49 \\ 7 & 39 & 10 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$	4 28 7 3 4 28 7 3 4 28 7 3 4 28 7 3	9 2 9 43 10 15	4 34 4 34 4 34 4 34	7 27 7 27 7 27	rises. 8 55 9 36 10 10	4 52 4 52 4 52 4 52	7 9 7 9 7 9 7 10	rises. 8 33 9 17 9 54
22 S 23 M 24 Tu 25 W	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 4 & 23 \\ 4 & 23 \end{array}$	7 40 11 8 7 40 11 29 7 40 11 43	4 29 7 3 4 29 7 3 4 29 7 3 4 29 7 3	111 5 111 27 111 43	4 35 4 35 4 35 4 35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 28 \\ 7 & 28 \end{array}$	10 38 11 2 11 26 11 42	4 53 4 53 4 53 4 53	7 10 7 10 7 10 7 11	10 26 10 54 11 21 11 42
26 Ti 27 Fi 28 Sa 29 S 30 M	r 4 23 4 24 4 24	$ \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 40 & 12 & 1 \\ 7 & 40 & 12 & 20 \\ 7 & 40 & 12 & 41 \\ 7 & 40 & 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} $	4 29 7 3 4 30 7 3 4 30 7 3 4 30 7 3 4 30 7 3	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 35 4 35 4 36 4 36 4 36 4 36	7 28 7 29 7 29 7 29 7 29	A. M. 12 . 3 12 24 12 48 1 17	4 53 4 54 4 54 4 54 4 54 4 54	7 11 7 11 7 11 7 11 7 11	A. M. 12 6 12 31 1 0 1 32

DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			_
1	н. 11	м. 57	34	7	н. 11	м. 58	35	13	11	м. 59	46	19	12	.м. 1	s. 2	25	н. 12	м. 2	19
3	11	57 57	43 53	8 9	11	58 58	46 57	14 15	11 12	0	58 11	20 21	12 12	1	15 28	$\frac{26}{27}$	$\frac{12}{12}$	2	32 44
5	11	58 58	3 13	10	11	59 59		16 17	12 12	0	23 36	22 23	12 12	1	41 54	28 29	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$\bar{3}$	57 9
6	111	58	24	12	111	59	33	18	12	0	49	24	12	$^{-2}$	6	30	12	3	21

PLACES.	June.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	June.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	June.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.

		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.		H. M.	н. м.
Boston	1	2 17	9 38	11	2 9	9 51	21	28	9 55
New York	1	2 29	9 26	11	2 23	9 37	21	2 22	9 41
Wash' ton		2 41	9 14	11	2 36	9 24	21	2 35	9 28
Charleston.	1	3 13	8 43	11	3 9	8 51	21	3 9	8 54

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the Month.	Calendar for Boston, New England, N. Y. S Michigan, Wisconsi N. and S. Dakota, Washington, and Ore	in, Ohio, Indiana,	CITY, asylvania, Illinois, Vyoming,	Calendar for Washington, irginia, Kentuck uri, Kansas, Col Utah, Nevada, Central Califor	orado, Louis	Calendar for CHARLESTO Georgia, Alab Siana, Arkanss ew Mexico, Ar I Southern Cal	N, ama, 15, Texas, rizona,
Day of		Ioon Sun Sun Rises. Sets.	Moon Sun R. & S. RISE		IOON SU		Moon R. & S.
Tu 2 W 3 Th 4 Fr 5 Sa 6 S Tu 9 W 10 Th 11 Fr 12 Sa 13 S M 15 Tu W 16 W 17 Th 18 Fr 20 S 21 M 22 W 22 W 225 Fr	Rises. H. M. H. M. H. M. H. H. M. M. M. H. M.	Rises. M. M. H. M. H. M.	R. A. S. R. B. S. M. M. H. S. S. M. M. H. S.	Sersi Record Sersi Record Sersi Record Sersi Record Sersi Record Sersi Sersi Record Sersi Sersi	Risiana Raisiana Rais		R. 4s. R. M. 2 11 2 59 3 56 sets. 8 53 9 31 10 5 10 36 11 5 11 35 11 35 12 43 1 24 2 11 3 5 4 5 rises. 8 54 9 20 9 44 10 32 10 32 10 58
26 Sa 27 S	$\left egin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	35 4 52 7 2	11 41 4	56 7 17 1	1 47 5	9 7 3	11 28 л. м.
28 M 29 Tu	4 47 7 25 A 4 48 7 24 12				А.М. 5 2 26 5	10 7 2 11 7 1	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 4 \\ 12 & 46 \end{array}$
30 W	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 48 & 7 & 24 & 12 \\ 4 & 49 & 7 & 23 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$				1 17 5	11 7 1	1 39
31 Th	4 50 7 22 2	2 4 4 54 7 18	8 2 11 4	59 7 14	2 19 5	12 7 0	2 40
		SUN OF	MERIDIA	N.			

						•	010 011	• •••			****							
DAY OF MONTH.			DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
1 2	н. 12 12	м. s. 3 33 3 45	8 9	н. 12 12	м. 4 4	48 57	14 15	н. 12 12	м. 5 5	37 43	20 21	н. 12 12	м. 6 6	8 11	26 27	н. 12 12	м. 6 6	19 19
3 4	12 12	$\begin{array}{cc} 3 & 56 \\ 4 & 7 \end{array}$	10 11	12 12	5 5	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 14 \end{array}$	16 17	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$\frac{5}{5}$	49 55	22 23	12 12	$\frac{6}{6}$	$\frac{14}{16}$	28 29	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 12 \end{array}$	6	18 17
$\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 12\\12\\12\end{vmatrix}$	4 18 4 28 4 38	12 13	$\begin{vmatrix} 12 \\ 12 \end{vmatrix}$	5 5	22 30	18 19	12 12	5 6	59 4	24 25	12 12	6 6	17 18	30 31	12 12	6 6	15 13

PLACES.	July.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	July.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	July.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
		H. M.	н. м.		- "	н. м.		н. м.	H. M.
Boston	1	2 14	9 54	11	2 24	9 45	21	2 39	934
New York.	1	2 27	9 40	11	2 37	9 34	21	2 49	9 23
Wash' ton	1	2 40	9 27	11	2 49	9 22	21	3 0	9 12
Charleston.	1	3 13	8 54	11	3 20	8 50	21	3 29	8 43

of the Month.	Calendar for Boston, New England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, N. and S. Dakota, Washington, and Oregon.	Calendar for NEW YORK CITY, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Northern California.	Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and Central California.	Calendar for CHABLESTON, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and Southern California.
Day of	SUN SUN MOON RISES. SETS. R. & S.	Sun Sun Moon Rises. Sets. R. & s.	Sun Sun Moon Rises. Sets. R. & S.	SUN SUN MOON RISES. SETS. R. & S.
1 17.	H. M. H. M. H. M. 4 51 7 21 3 17	н. м. н. м. н. м. 4 55 7 17 3 24	н. м. н. м. н. м. 4 59 7 13 3 31	н. м. н. м. н. м. 5 13 6 59 3 51
1 Fr 2 Sa	4 51 7 21 3 17 4 52 7 20 sets.	4 56 7 16 sets.	5 0 7 12 sets.	5 14 6 58 sets.
3 S	4 53 7 19 8 17	4 57 7 15 8 14	5 1 7 11 8 11	5 14 6 57 8 3
4 M	4 54 7 18 8 41	4 58 7 14 8 40	5 1 7 10 8 38	5 15 6 56 8 35
5 Tu	4 55 7 17 9 4	4 59 7 12 9 4	5 2 7 9 9 4	5 16 6 55 9 5
6.W	4 56 7 15 9 27	5 0 7 11 9 29	5 3 7 8 9 30	5 16 6 55 9 37
7 Th	4 57 7 14 9 50	5 1 7 10 9 54	5 4 7 7 9 57	5 17 6 54 10 8
8 Fr	4 58 7 13 10 18	5 2 7 9 10 23	5 5 7 6 10 28	5 18 6 53 10 43
9 Sa	4 59 7 11 10 51	5 3 7 7 10 57	5 6 7 4 11 4	5 19 6 52 11 23
10 S	5 0 7 10 11 32	5 4 7 6 11 39	5 7 7 3 11 46	5 19 6 51 A. M.
11 M	5 1 7 9 A. M.	5 5 7 5 A. M.	5 8 7 2 а. м.	5 20 6 50 12 08
12 Tu	5 2 7 8 12 21	5 6 7 4 12 29	5 9 7 0 12 37	5 21 6 48 1 0
13 W	5 3 7 7 1 19	5 7 7 3 1 27	5 10 6 59 1 35	5 21 6 47 1 57
14 Th	5 4 7 5 2 23	5 8 7 1 2 30	5 11 6 58 2 37	5 22 6 46 2 58
15 Fr	5 5 7 4 3 30	5 9 7 0 3 36	5 12 6 57 3 41	5 23 6 45 3 59
16 Sa	5 6 7 2 rises.	5 10 6 58 rises.	5 13 6 56 rises.	5 23 6 44 rises. 5 24 6 43 7 24
17 S	5 7 7 0 7 35	5 11 6 57 7 33	5 14 6 54 7 31 5 15 6 53 7 51	1
18 M	5 8 6 59 7 54	5 12 6 55 7 52 5 13 6 54 8 11	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 25 6 42 7 48 5 26 6 41 8 11
19 Tu	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 13 6 54 8 11 5 14 6 52 8 30	5 17 6 50 8 31	5 26 6 40 8 35
20 W 21 Th	5 10 6 56 8 28 5 11 6 54 8 47	5 15 6 50 8 51	5 18 6 49 8 52	5 27 6 39 9 0
22 Fr	5 12 6 53 9 8	5 16 6 49 9 12	5 19 6 48 9 16	5 27 6 38 9 28
23 Sa	5 13 6 51 9 34	5 17 6 48 9 39	5 20 6 46 9 45	5 28 6 37 10 1
24 S	5 14 6 50 10 7	5 18 6 47 10 13	5 21 6 45 10 20	5 28 6 36 10 39
25 M	5 15 6 48 10 49	5 19 6 46 10 57	5 21 6 43 11 2	5 29 6 34 11 26
26 Tu	5 16 6 47 11 45	5 20 6 44 11 52	5 22 6 42 11 59	5 30 6 33 а. м.
27 W	5 17 6 46 а. м.	5 21 6 43 а.м.	5 23 6 40 л. м.	5 31 6 32 12 22
28 Th	5 18 6 44 12 51	5 22 6 41 12 58	5 24 6 38 1 6	5 31 6 31 1 27
29 Fr	5 19 6 42 2 8	5 23 6 40 2 14	5 25 6 37 2 20	5 32 6 29 2 39
30 Sa	5 20 6 40 3 30		5 26 6 36 3 40	5 33 6 28 3 24
31 S	5 21 6 39 sets.	5 25 6 37 sets.	5 27 6 34 sets.	5 33 6 27 sets.

								ON O				****							
DAY O			1	DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
	н.	м.	s.		н.	м.	8.		н.	м.	8.	•	н.	M.	s.	2.0	н.	м.	8.
1	12	-6	10	8	12	- 5	31	14	12	4	35	20	12	3	19	26	12	1	46
2	12	6	- 6	9	12	5	23	15	13	4	24	21	12	- 3	5	27	12	1	30
3	12	- 6	-2	10	12	5	15	16	12	4	12	22	12	2	50	28	12	1	-12
4	12	- 5	57	11	12	5	6	17	12	3	59.	23	13	2	35	29	12	0	55
5	12	5	51	12	12	4	56	18	12	3	46	24	112	2	19	30	12	0	37
6	12	5	45	13	12	4	46	19	12	- 3	33	25	12	2	3	31	12	0	19
7	112	5	39						Ì		- 11								

PLACES.	Aug.	Begins, A. M	Ends, P. M. Aug.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Aug.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
		Н. М.	II. M.	н, м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.
Boston	1	2 57	9 16 11	3 13	8 57	21	3 29	8 37
New York.	1	3 6	9 6 11	3 22	8 48	21	3 85	8 31
Wash' ton.	1	3 15	8 57 11	3 29	8 41	21	3 41	8 24
Charleston.	1	3 40	8 32 11	3 50	8 20	21	3 59	8 7

ė			alendar for Bostos, gland, N. Y. Stat	New	iendar for York City, ut, Pennsylvania,	Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentuck	Calendar for CHARLESTON, Georgia, Alabama	
Day of the Month.	of the Week.	Michi N. a	gan, Wisconsin, and S. Dakota, gton, and Oregon	Iowa, Net	ndiana, Illinois, braska, Wyoming, thern California.	Missouri, Kansas, Co Utah, Nevada, and Central Califor	lorado, Louisiana, Arkanaas, T New Mexico, Arizon	ex94, 18,
Day of	Day of	Sun Rises.	SUN MOON	Sun Rises.	SUN MOON R. 4 S.			d X.
	M	н. м. 5 23		5 5 26	6 35 7 5	5 28 6 33	7 5 5 34 6 26 7	- 3
2		5 24	6 35 7 2		6 34 7 29		7 30 5 35 6 25 7	34
3	W	5 26	6 33 7 5		6 33 7 55	0 00 0	7 58 5 35 6 24 8	
4	Th	5 27	6 32 8 1		6 31 8 23		8 28 5 36 6 22 8	41
	Fr	5 28	6 30 8 5		6 29 8 56		9 2 5 37 6 21 9	
	Sa	5 29	6 28 9 2		6 27 9 36		9 44 5 37 6 19 10	
7	S	5 30	6 27 10 1		6 25 10 24		0 32 5 38 6 18 10	
8	M	5 31	6 25 11 1		6 23 11 20		1 28 5 39 6 16 11	51
9		5 32	6 23 A. M		6 21 A. M.		. M. 5 40 6 15 A.	М.
10		5 33	6 21 12 1		6 19 12 23		2 30 5 40 6 14 12	-
	Th	5 34	6 19 1 2	0 0 0	6 17 1 27		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 33 \\ 5 & 41 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 12 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
	Fr	5 35	6 17 2 2		6 16 2 33		2 38 5 42 6 11 2	
	Sa	5 36	6 15 3 3		6 14 3 36		3 39 5 42 6 9 3	
14		5 37	6 14 4 3		6 13 4 37		4 39 5 43 6 8 4	
	M	5 38	6 12 rises		6 11 rises.			es.
		5 39	6 10 6 3		6 9 6 36		6 37 5 44 6 6 6	
17	W	5 41	6 8 6 5		6 7 6 55		6 57 5 45 6 5 7	4
18	Th	5 42	6 6 7 1		6 5 7 17		7 20 5 45 6 4 7	31
		5 43	6 5 7 3		6 4 7 42		7 47 5 46 6 3 8	
	Sa	5 44		5 45	6 2 8 13	0 -0 0 -	8 19 5 47 6 1 8	37
21	$\mathbf{S}_{\underline{}}$	5 45	6 1 8 4		6 0 8 52		8 59 5 47 6 0 9	20
22	M	5 46	6 0 9 3		5 59 9 40	0 20 0 00 .	9 48 5 48 5 59 10	12
23		5 47	5 58 10 3		5 57 10 41	3 = 0 0 0	0 48 5 48 5 57 11	11
24		5 48	5 56 11 4		5 56 11 51	5 50 5 56 1	1 57 5 49 5 55 A.	
25	Th	5 50	5 55 л. м	5 49	5 54 А. М.	5 51 5 54 A		_
26		5 51		5 50	5 53 1 7		1 13 5 50 5 53 1	29
27	Sa	5 52	5 51 2 2		5 51 2 26	0 00 0 0	30 5 51 5 51 2	
28	S	5 53	5 49 3 4		5 49 3 46		3 48 5 52 5 59 3	
29		5 54		5 53	5 48 5 5		5 5 5 5 5 5 4 9 5	. 6
30	Tu	5 55	5 46 sets	5 54	5 47 sets.	5 55 5 46 s	ets. 5 53 5 48 se	ets.

							S	UN ON	M	ER	IDIA	N.							
DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
1	н. 11	м. О	s. 0	37	н. 11	м. 58	s. 3	13	н. 11	м. 55	58	19	н.	м. 53	51	25	н.	м. 51	45 45
$\hat{2}$	11	59	41	8	11	57	43	14	11	55	37	20	11	53	29	26	11	51	24
3	11	59	22	9	11	57	22	15	11	55	16	21	11	53	8	27	11	51	4
4	11	59	3	10	11	57	1	16	11	54	55	22	11	52	47	28	11	50	44
5	11	58	43	11	111	56	40	17	11	54	33	23	11	52	26	29	11	50	24
6	11	58	23	12	11	56	19	18	11	54	12	24	11	52	5	30	11	50	5

PLACES.	Sept.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Sept.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Sept.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
Boston	1	н. м. 3 45	н. м. 8 14	11	н. м. 3 59	н. м. 7 54	21	н. м. 4 12	7 34
New York		3 50	8 9	11	4 3	7 50	21	4 15	7 31
Wash' ton.	1	3 55	8 4	11	4 7	7 46	21	4 18	7 28
Charleston	1	4 9	7 51	11	4 17	[-7.36]	21	4 20	7 20

of the Month.	the Week.	New Eng Michi N, s	alendar for Boston, gland, N. Y. State gan, Wisconsin, and S. Dakota, gton, and Oregon.	Connection Ohio,	Calendar f w York (ticut, Penn Indiana, I ebraska, W orthern Ca	err, sylvania, llinois, yomin a	V Virgit Missouri, Uta	alendar f ASHINGTO nia, Kent Kansas, ah, Neva ntral Cali	on, ucky, Colorado, da,	Georg Louisiaus New M	alendar f HARLESTO gia, Alab ,Arkanss lexico, Ai thern Ca	ama, as, Texas, rizona,
Day of	Day of	Sun Rises.	SUN MOON SETS. R. & S.	Sun Rises.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Sa SM MTW Th Fr SS MTW Th Fr Sa MTW Th Fr SS MTW Th Fr SS MTW	5 567 5 575 588 5 599 6 1 6 23 6 4 6 5 6 6 8 6 9 6 10 6 11 6 13 6 14 6 15 6 19 6 20 6 20 6 20 6 22 6 23 6 25 6 26 6 26	75 44 6 14 6 14 5 43 6 14 5 43 6 14 5 5 39 8 8 9 4 5 5 36 10 5 34 11 11 5 33 A. M. 5 31 12 14 5 5 29 1 2 5 5 26 3 23 5 24 4 23 5 22 5 36 5 24 4 23 5 22 5 36 5 19 5 6 12 8 24 5 5 11 9 3 5 5 11 9 3 5 6 12 5 11 9 3 5 6 12 5 2 1 15 5 14 7 6 14 5 5 6 12 6 3 5 6 12 5 3 1 1 9 3 5 6 12 6 12 6 12 6 12 6 12 6 12 6 12 6	5 56 5 5 58 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 10 6 6 12 6 12	5 43 5 41 5 40 5 40 5 37 5 37 5 37 5 38 5 5 38 6 5 38 6 5 28 7 5 22 5 5 21 5 5 19 6 5 5 14 6 5 5 14 6 5 5 14 6 5 5 14 7 5 12 8 5 16 8 5 5 28 8 5 5 5 28 8 5 5 5 28 8 5 5 5 28 8 5 5 5 5 5 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	H. M. 16 52 7 300 8 16 9 12 11 18 A. M. 12 24 1 22 9 3 30 4 229 7 ises. 10 50 A. M. 12 5 1 19 2 36 3 5 5 12	55555555555555555555555555555555555555	M. 5 44 5 5 44 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	6 24 6 24 7 37 8 24 9 19 11 25 A. M. 12 29 1 31 2 32 3 31 4 29 5 28 6 59 7 45 6 22 6 45 7 45 10 56 A. M. 12 23 8 40 9 45 10 12 23 8 35 10 12 23 8 35 10 12 23 8 35 10 12 23 8 45 10 12 23 8 35 10 12 23 8 45 10 12 23 8 5 10 12 23 8 7 1	5 53 5 55 5 55 5 55 5 56 5 57 5 59 6 0 6 1 6 2 6 8 6 8 6 9 6 10 6 12 6 13 6 14 6 15	5 447 5 447 5 5 443 5 5 441 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	7. M. 6 35 4 7 57 8 47 7 57 8 47 9 43 11 44 4. M. 12 45 429 5 24 rises. 6 4 6 39 7 19 8 7 9 3 10 6 6 11 14 A. M. 12 2 41 3 5 3 4 5 5 4
29 30 31	1	6 28 6 29 6 30	4 58 sets. 4 57 5 10 4 55 5 5	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 5 & 5 & 0 \end{array}$	sets. 5 22 6 6	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } 6 & 23 \\ 6 & 24 \\ 6 & 25 \end{array} $	5 4 5 3 5 2	sets. 5 28 6 13	6 16 6 17 6 17	5 14 5 13 5 12	sets. 5 46 6 34
_	v 051		11 D		NO N	MER	IDIAN.					

		 				•	014 011			1017								
DAY OF MONTH.			DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH,				DAY OF MONTH,		-	
1 2 3 4 5	11 11 11 11 11	8 49 31	8 9 10 11 12	н. 11 11 11 11	M. 47 47 47 46 46	39 22 6 51 35	14 15 16 17 18	H. 11 11 11 11	46 45 45 45 45	$\frac{40}{27}$	20 21 22 23 24	11 11 11 11 11	44 44 44 44 44	53 43 34	26 27 28 29 30	H. 11 11 11 11 11	м. 44 43 43 43 43	53 49
$\frac{6}{7}$	11	13 56	13	11	46	21	19	11	45	4	25	11	44	10	31	11	43	43

PLACES.	Oct.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Oct.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Oct.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
		W 1/	Н. м.						
Boston	1	4 24	7 15	11	4 35	6 58	21	4 46	6 43
New York,	1	4 26	7 14	11	4 36	6 57	21	4 47	6 43
Wash' ton.	1	4 27	7 12	11	4 37	6 56	21	4 47	6 43
Charleston-	1	4 33	77	11	4 39	6 54	21	4 47	6.42

		III ON III	•										
the Month.	the Week.	New Eng Michig N. a	Calendar f Boston, gland, N. gan, Wisc and S. Dal gton, and	Y. State, consin,	Connect Ohio, Iowa, Ne	alendar f v York C icut, Penn Indiana, braska, V rthern Ca	ory, sylvania, lilinois, Vyoming,	Virgi Virgi Missouri, Ut	alendar f ASHINGTO nia, Kent Kansas, ah, Neva entral Cai	on, ucky, Colorado, da,	Geor Louisians New 1	alendar for ARLESTO gia, Alab JANKANSA Mexico, An Mexico, An	n, ama, s, Texas, rizona,
Day of	Day of	SUN RISKS.	Sun Skts.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises,	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises,	SUN SKTS.	Moon R. & S.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Sa S M T W Thr Fra S M T W Thr F Sa S M T W Thr F Sa S M T W Thr Sa S M T W Thr Sa S M T W T S S M T W T Sa S M T W T S M T S M T S M T S M T S M T S M T S M T W T S M T S	". N.	1. M. 4 51 4 53 4 52 4 52 4 449 4 46 4 444 4 444 4 43 4 444 4 43 4 43 4	". M. M. 6 50 51 13 A. M. 12 18 12 19 220 3 21 4 23 5 27 rises. 4 45 5 28 6 21 1 5. A. M. 12 21 1 36 2 5 1 1 5 5 2 5 1 5 2 5 7 8 35 5 2 7 8 35 5 2 7 8 35 5 2 7 8 35 5 2 7 8 35 5 2 8 5 5 2 8 35 5 2 8 5 5 2 5 5 2 5 5 5 2 5 5 5 5	6 28 6 30 6 31 6 33 6 33 6 34 6 36 6 36 6 40 6 42 6 42 6 44 6 45 6 46 6 46 6 50 6 55 6 55 6 55 6 56 6 56 6 55	*** 557	". M 6 58 7 59 9 4 10 11 11 17 A. M. 12 20 1 21 3 20 4 21 5 24 rises. 4 52 5 35 6 29 7 31 8 41 9 54 11 9 A. M. 12 22 1 36 2 50 4 6 6	6 26 6 27 6 28 6 30 6 31 6 32 6 36 6 36 6 36 6 37 6 49 6 44 6 44 6 44 6 44 6 45 6 50 6 51 6 52	15 1 0 4 55% 4 554 4 554 4 554 4 554 4 554 4 444 4 444 4 444 4 444 4 444 4 444 4	2 21 3 20 4 19 5 20 rises. 4 58 5 42 6 36 7 38 8 47 9 59 11 12 A. M. 12 24 4 3	6 18 6 19 6 20 6 21 6 22 6 23 6 26 6 26 6 27 6 28 6 30 6 31 6 32 6 33 6 34 6 35 6 36 6 36 6 37 6 38 6 39 6 49	**555555555555555554444444444444444444	7 29 8 29 9 34 11 35 A. M. 12 32 2 23 3 17 4 12 5 10 rises. 5 17 6 4 6 59 8 59 10 14 11 22 A. M. 12 30 13 37 2 44 3 5 6
27 28 29	Th Fr Sa S	7 6 7 7 7 7 7 8	4 29 4 29 4 28 4 28	sets. 4 35 5 34 6 39	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 59 \\ 7 & 0 \\ 7 & 1 \\ 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	4 35 4 35 4 34 4 34	sets. 4 42 5 41 6 46	6 54 6 55 6 56 6 57	4 40 4 40 4 40 4 40	sets. 4 50 5 49 6 53	6 40 6 41 6 42 6 43	4 54 4 54 4 54 4 54	sets. 5 13 6 12 7 15
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DAY OF MONTH.		DAY OF MONEST.			-	DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
2 11 3 11 4 11 5 11	M. s 43 41 43 40 43 39 43 40 43 41 43 43	7 8 9 10 11 12	11 11 11 11 11	M. 43 43 43 44 44 44		13 14 15 16 17 18	11 11 11 11 11	44	39 50 1	19 20 21 22 23 24	11 11 11 11 11	45 45 45 46 46 46	26 40 55 10 27	25 26 27 28 29 30	H. 11 11 11 11 11	48 48	40 0 21

PLACES.	Nov.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Nov.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Nov.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.
		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.		н. м.	н. м.
Boston	1	4 58	6 29	11	59	6 19	21	5 20	6 12
New York.	1	4 58	6 29	11	5 8	6 20	21	5 18	6 14
Wash' ton.	1	4 57	6 30	11	5 7	6 21	21	5 16	$6 \ 16$
Charleston	1	4 54	6 33	11	5 2	6 26	21	5 10	6 22

the Month.	of the Week.	New Eng Michig N. a	alendar for Boston, land, N., gan, Wisc nd S. Dak gton, and	Y. State, onsin,		India: ebrask	RK C Penn na, I na, W	sylva Ilino yom	s, ing,	Miss	W. Virgir	Kan sh, I	Kenti sas, V	N, ucky Color da,	ado,	N	Geor	gia, ,Ark	ansa o, Ai	n, ama, s, Te rizons	١, ٠
Day of	Day o	SUN Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. 4 8.	Sun Rises.	SE	UN T8.	Me R.	OON	Ris	UN SES.	St		Me R.	OON	Ris	JN ES.	SE		Mo R. 4	
1 22 34 45 66 77 88 99 100 11 12 13 144 15 16 177 18 20 21 22 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	S M Tu W Th Fr Sa S M Tu W Th Fr Sa S M	7 9 7 10 7 11 7 12 7 13 7 14 7 15 7 16 7 17 7 18 7 19 7 22 7 23 7 24 7 25 7 26 7 27 7 28 7 28 7 29 7 29 7 29 7 29	#: 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 2	7 48 7 48 8 57 10 4 11 7 A. M. 12 9 1 1 3 14 4 19 5 26 6 35 rises. 5 14 6 24 7 40 10 11 11 26 A. M. 1 54 3 11 4 29 5 45 6 56 8	77 197 7 197	444444444444444444444444444444444444444	M.4 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	5 6 7 9 10 11 A. 12 1 3 4 5 6	M. 10 9 9 11 14 21 28 es. 21 30 45 0 136 M. 39 25 7 23 39 49 ts. 43 43 51	#.6777777777777777777777777777777777777	59 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 14 15 5 16 6 17 7 18 8 19 9	H-444444444444444444444444444444444444	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 11 1.2 1 3 4 5 6	711 12 M. 11 9 8 9 10 15 22 28 37 51 3 16 27 M. 38 49 3 18 32 41 ts 1 49 55	66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 67 77 77 77 77 7	$\begin{smallmatrix} \mathbf{M} & 444445 \\ 446447 \\ 447448 \\ 450551255555555 \\ 556558 \\ 59000011122 \\ 220000011122 \\ 220000000011122 \\ 2200000000000000000000000000000000000$	H4444444444444444444444555555555555555	×5444554455555555555555555555555555555	10 11 A. 12 1 2 2 3 4 6 rise 5 6 8 9 10	19 22 218 M14 8 3 55 55 8 55 6 6 15 229 M3 42 11 11 11 18
31	W	7 30	4 36	8 53	7 2	-	41 ON	8 M	56 ERI	DIA	19 N.	4	48	8	59	7	3	5	4	9	7

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DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.				DAY OF MONTH.			
1 2	н. 11	м. 49 49	5 27	8 9	н. 11	51 52	56 23	14 15	н. 11 11	м. 54 55		20 21	н. 11	м. 57 58	38 8	26	12 12	м. 0	38:
3 4	11	49 50		10 11	11	52 53	50 17	16 16 17	11	55 56		$\begin{array}{c c} 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \end{array}$	11	58 59	38 8	27 28 29	12 12	1, 2,	37
5	11 11	51	5	12 13	11 11	53 54	45 13	18 19	11 11	56 57	38 8	24 25	11 12	59 0	38 8	30 31	12 13	2 3	
7	111	51	30	1			- 1		1		- 1	t	1		- 1		ľ		

PLACES.	Dec.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Dec.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M.	Dec.	Begins, A. M.	Ends, P. M
Boston New York.	1	н. м. 5 29 5 27	н. м. 6 9 6 11	11 11	н. м. 5 38 5 36	н. м. 6 9 6 11	21 21	н. м. 5 45 5 42	6 12 6 14
Wash' ton Charleston,	1	5 25 5 17	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 13 \\ 6 & 20 \end{array}$	11	5 33 5 25	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 & 14 \\ 6 & 22 \end{array}$	21	5 40 5 31	6 17

Our Moon.

Or all the secondary planets the earth's satellite is by far the most interesting and important. The moon completes her circuit around the earth in a period whose mean or average length is 27 days 7 hours 43.2 minutes; but in consequence of her motion in common with the earth around the sun, the mean duration of the lunar month, that is, the time from new moon to new moon, is 29 days 12 hours 44.05 minutes, which is called the moon's synodical period. If the earth were motionless in space the moon's orbit would be nearly an ellipse, having the earth in one of the foci; hence her distance from the earth varies during the course of a lunar month. Her mean distance from the earth is 238,850 miles. Her maximum distance, however, may reach 252,830 miles, and the least distance to which she can approach the earth is 221,520 miles. Her diameter is 2,162 miles, and if we deduct from her distance from the earth the sum of the two radii of the earth and moon, viz., 3,962 and 1,081 miles, respectively, we shall have for the nearest approach of the surfaces of the two bodies 216, 477 miles. Her orbit is a very intricate one, because the earth in moving around the sun carries the moon along with it; hence the latter is sometimes within and sometimes without the earth's orbit. Its form is that of a serpentine curve, always concave toward the sun, and inclined to the plane of the earth's orbit at an angle of 50 9', in consequence of which our satellite appears sometimes above and sometimes below the plane of the earth's orbit, through which she passes twice in a revolution. These polints or positions are called nodes, and no two consecutive nodes occupy positions diametrically opposite on the lunar orbit. The nodes have a retrograde motion, which causes them to make an euther revolution in 18 years, 218 days, 21 hours, 22 minutes and 46 seconds. This motion was well known to the ancients, who called it the Saros, and was and 46 seconds. This motion was well known to made use of by them in roughly predicting eclipses.

The moon always presents the same face to us, as is evident from the permanency of the various markings on its surface. This circumstance proves that with respect to the earth she revolves on an markings on its surface. This circumstance proves that with respect to the earth she revolves on an axis, and the time of rotation is exactly equal to the time of revolution around the earth, viz., 27.32166 days. The moon's axis is not perpendicular to the plane of her orbit, but deviates therefrom by an angle of about 60 41/. In consequence of this fact, and of the inclination of the lunar orbit to that of the ecliptic, the poles of the moon lean alternately to and from the earth. When the north pole leans toward the earth we see somewhat more of the region surrounding it, and somewhat less when it leans the contrary way. This displacement is known by the name of libration in trivial.

tion in latitude.

The moon's motion on her axis is uniform, but her angular velocity in her orbit is subject to the form of her orbit; hence it happens that we sometimes see a little more of the eastern or western edge at one time than at another. This phenomenon is known as libration in longitude.

ibration in longitude.

The moon's surface contains about 14,685,000 square miles, or nearly four times the area of Europe. Her volume is 1-49 and her mass 1-81 that of the earth, and hence her density is about 3-5 that of the earth, or about 3-25 that of water. At the lunar surface gravity is only 3-20 of what it is at the earth, and therefore a body which weighs 20 pounds here would weigh only 3-pounds there. The centre of gravity of the earth and moon, or the point about which they both actually revolve in their course around the sun, lies within the earth; it is 1,063 miles below the surface.

The attractive force of the moon acting on the water of our oceans is mainly instrumental in raising them into protuberances or tides in such a manner as to give the total mass a spheroidal figure whose principal axis would continually coincide with the line joining the centres of the earth and moon, but in consequence of the resistance which this movement of the water encounters from continents and islands, as well as from the liquid molecules themselves, the tidal wave can never arrive at any place until about one hour after the moon has crossed the meridian of the place.

The moon has no atmosphere and no water. The suddenness with which stars are occulted by the moon is regarded as a conclusive proof that a lunar atmosphere does not exist, and the spectroscope furnishes negative evidence of the same character.

In remote ages the lunar surface was the theatre of violent volcanic action, being elevated into cones and ridges exceeding 20,000 feet high, and at other places rent into furrows or depressions of corresponding depth. The lunar volcanoes are now extinct. A profound silence reigns over the desolate and rugged surface. It is a dead world, utterly unfit to support animal or vegetable life.

THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE.

The earth's sensible atmosphere is generally supposed to extend some forty miles in height, probably further, but becoming at only a few miles from the surface of too great a tenuity to support life. The condition and motions of this aerial ocean play a most important part in the determination of climate, modifying, by absorbing, the otherwise intense heat of the sun, and, when laden with climate, modifying, by absorbing, the otherwise intense neat or the sun, and clouds, hindering the earth from radiating its acquired heat into space. —Whitaker

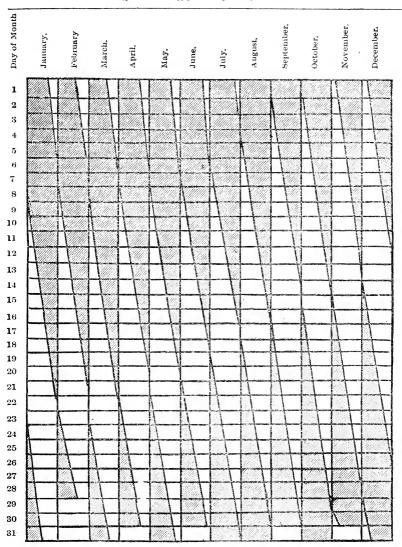
Area of Vslands.

	Square (ſ	Square	(Square
	Miles.		Miles.		Miles.
New Guinea	323.000	Tasmania	26,200	Mauritius	710
		Ceylon	24,700	Madeira	510
Madagascar	227,000	Terra del Fuego	18,500	Corfu	430
Sumatra	162,000	Formosa	15,000	Man	230
Great Britain	83,700	Sicily	9,800	Martha's Vineyard	120
		Jamaica	4,200	Malta	100
Java	48,400	Cyprus	3,600	Nantucket	60
Cuba	44,164	Corsica	3,400	Jersey	45
Newfoundland	40,000	Crete	2,900	Hong Kong	30
Iceland	39,800	Trinidad		Manhattan	22
Ireland	32,600	Long Island, N. Y			
Ḥayti	28,800	Teneriffe	1,010	l)	

The Moon's Phases, 1913.

1913.	PHASE.	Day.	Boston.	NEW YORK.	Washington.	CHARLESTON.	CHICAGO.
January.	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter.	22	H. M. 5 44 A.M. 11 17 A.M. 10 56 A.M. 2 50 A.M.	H. M. 5 33 A.M. 11 6 A.M. 10 44 A.M. 2 38 A.M.	H. M. 5 20 A.M. 10 53 A.M. 10 32 A.M. 2 26 A.M.	H. M. 5 9 A.M. 10 42 A.M. 10 21 A.M. 2 14 A.M.	H. M. 4 39 A.M. 10 11 A.M. 9 50 A.M. 1 43 A.M.
February.	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter.	20	12 38 A.M. 3 50 A.M. 9 19 P.M. 4 31 P.M.	12 26 A.M. 3 38 A.M. 9 8 P.M. 4 20 P.M.	12 14 A.M. 3 26 A.M. 8 55 P.M. 4 7 P.M.	12 2 A.M. 3 13 A.M. 8 44 P.M. 3 56 P.M.	5d 11 31 P.M. 2 42 A.M. 8 13 P.M. 3 25 P.M.
March	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter.	22 29	7 38 P.M. 4 14 P.M. 7 12 A.M. 8 13 A.M.	7 27 P.M. 4 2 P.M. 7 0 A.M. 8 2 A.M.	7 14 P.M. 3 50 P.M. 6 48 A.M. 7 50 A.M.	7 3 P.M. 3 38 P.M. 6 37 A.M. 7 38 A.M.	6 32 P.M. 3 8 P.M. 6 6 A.M. 7 7 A.M.
April.	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter.	6 14 20 28	1 4 P.M. 12 55 A.M. 4 48 P.M. 1 25 A.M.	12 52 P.M. 12 43 A.M. 4 37 P.M. 1 13 A.M.	12 40 P.M. 12 31 A.M. 4 24 P.M. 1 1 A.M.	12 29 P.M. 12 20 A.M. 4 13 P.M. 12 50 A.M.	11 58 A.M. 13d 11 49 P.M. 3 42 P.M. 12 19 A.M.
May.	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter.	20	3 40 A.M. 7 1 A.M. 2 34 A.M. 7 19 P.M.	3 29 A.M. 6 49 A.M. 2 22 A.M. 7 8 P.M.	3 16 A.M. 6 37 A.M. 2 10 A.M. 6 55 P.M.	3 5 A.M. 6 25 A.M. 1 59 A.M. 6 44 P.M.	2 34 A.M. 5 54 A.M. 1 28 A.M. 6 13 P.M.
June.	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter.	110	3 13 P.M. 11 53 A.M. 1 9 P.M. 12 57 P.M.	3 1 P.M. 11 42 A.M. 12 58 P.M. 12 45 P.M.	2 49 P.M. 11 29 A.M. 12 45 P.M. 12 33 P.M.	2 38 P.M. 11 19 A.M. 12 34 P.M. 12 21 P.M.	2 6 P.M. 10 47 A.M. 12 3 P.M. 11 50 A.M.
July.	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter.	181	12 22 A.M. 4 53 P.M. 1 22 A.M. 5 14 A.M.	12 10 A.M. 4 42 P.M. 1 11 A.M. 5 3 A.M.	3d 11 58 P.M. 4 29 P.M. 12 58 A.M. 4 51 A M.	3d 11 47 P.M. 4 18 P.M. 12 47 A.M. 4 39 A.M.	3d 11 16 P.M. 3 47 P.M. 12 16 A.M. 4 8 A.M.
August.	New Moon. First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter. New Moon.	2 8 16 24 31	8 14 A.M. 11 17 P.M. 3 43 P.M. 7 33 P.M. 3 54 P.M.	8 2 A.M. 11 5 P.M. 3 31 P.M. 7 22 P.M. 3 42 P.M.	7 50 A.M. 10 53 P.M. 3 19 P.M. 7 10 P.M. 3 30 P.M.	7 39 A.M. 10 42 P.M. 3 8 P.M. 6 58 P.M. 3 19 P.M.	7 8 A.M. 10 11 P.M. 2 37 P.M. 6 27 P.M. 2 48 P.M.
Septem'r.	First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter. New Moon.	7 15 23 30	8 21 A.M. 8 2 A.M. 7 46 A.M. 12 13 A.M.	8 10 A.M. 7 50 A.M. 7 34 A.M. 12 1 A.M.	7 58 A.M. 7 38 A.M. 7 22 A.M. 29d 11 49 P.M.	7 46 A.M. 7 26 A.M. 7 11 A.M. 29d 11 37 P.M.	7 15 A.M. 6 55 A.M. 6 39 A.M. 29d 11 6 P.M.
October.	First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter. New Moon.	6 15 22 29	9 2 P.M. 1 23 A.M. 6 9 P.M. 9 45 A.M.	8 50 P.M. 1 11 A.M. 5 57 P.M. 9 33 A.M.	8 38 P.M. 12 59 A.M. 5 45 P.M. 9 21 A.M.	8 27 P.M. 12 47 A.M. 5 34 P.M. 9 10 A.M.	7 56 P.M. 12 16 A.M. 5 3 P.M. 8 39 A.M.
Novem'r	First Quarter Full Moon. Last Quarter. New Moon.	5 13 21 27	1 50 P.M. 6 27 P.M. 3 12 A.M. 8 57 P.M.	1 39 P.M. 6 16 P.M. 3 1 A.M. 8 45 P.M.	1 26 P.M. 6 3 P.M. 2 48 A.M. 8 33 P.M.	1 15 P.M. 5 52 P.M. 2 37 A.M. 8 22 P.M.	12 44 P.M. 5 21 P.M. 2 6 A.M. 7 51 P.M.
Decem'r.	First Quarter. Full Moon. Last Quarter. New Moon.	5 13 20 27	10 14 A.M. 10 16 A.M. 11 31 A.M. 10 14 A.M.	10 3 A.M. 10 4 A.M. 11 20 A.M. 10 3 A.M.	9 51 A.M. 9 52 A.M. 11 7 A.M. 9 50 A.M.	9 39 A.M. 9 41 A.M. 10 56 A.M. 9 39 A.M.	9 8 A.M. 9 10 A.M. 10 25 A.M. 9 8 A.M.

Moonlight Chart, 1913.



EXPLANATION.—The white spaces show the amount of moonlight each night. January 7, February 6, etc., new moon, no moonlight during the whole night; January 15, February 14, etc., the moon sets at or near midnight, when the first half of the night has moonlight: January 22, February 21, etc., full moon when moonlight lasts the whole night; January 29, February 27, etc., when the moon rises at or near midnight when the latter half of the night has moonlight.

Star Table.

FOR IDENTIFYING THE PRINCIPAL FIXED STARS.

HUH	TDEVI	TETIMA TITE I	RINCIPAL FIXED SI	A Item	
NAME OF STAR.	Declination	On Meridian.	NAME OF STAR.	Declination	On Meridian.
aAndromedæ(Alpher'z) γPegasi (Algenib)	0 / 6 + 28 36 4 42 3 3 + 40 37 + 16 20 4 4 7 23 3 5 4 4 7 23 3 5 5 4 28 14	Upper. Lower. H. M. H. M. O. +1.0 40, 0 -1 18.0 +10 40, 0 -1 18.2 +10 44.8 -0 42.2 +11 15.8 +0 40.0 +12 38.0 +1 39.9 +13 37.9 +3 8.2 +15 6.2 +3 4.7.6 +15 45.1 +4 27.6 +16 25.6 +5 18.4 +17 16.4 +6 6.5, 7 +18 3.7		0 / + 12 24 - 10 42 + 19 38 + 74 1 + 27 1 - 26 14 + 38 42 + 8 48 + 62 13 - 0 45 - 30 5	Upper. Lower. H. M., H. M. 1. 420 38.1.5 +11 56.5 +23 54.5.5 +12 47.5 + 1 25.5 +13 27.5 + 1 25.5 +13 49.7 + 1 47.7 +14 59.3 + 2 57.3 +17 9.3 + 5 7 31 +18 21.4 + 6 19 4 +19 13.5 + 7 11.5 +19 51.5 + 7 49.5 +20 35.8 + 8 35.8 +21 27.1 + 9 25.1 +21 34.7 + 9 32.7

To find the time of the star's transit add or subtract, according to the sign, the numbers in the second column of figures to the date of the transit of the pole star given below. Thus, for a Andromedæ February 1. Lower Transit of Polar Star is 4 h. 43 m. 35 s. a. M., to which add 10 h. 40 m. and we have 3 h. 23 m. 35 s. p. M.; for December 1, we find 7 h. 27 m. 51 s. p. M., etc. APPROXIMATE PARALLAX AND DISTANCE IN LIGHT-YEARS OF SOME OF THE PRINCIPAL FIXED STARS.

By light-years is to be understood the number of years light requires to travel from the star to us.

	Parallax.	Light- Years.		Parallax.	Light- Years.
Polaris (Pole Star)		45 71	a Lyræ (Vega)	0.348 - 0.564	23 6-8
a Canis Majoris (Sírius) a Canis Minoris (Procyon)	0.233	15 27	β Cassiopeiæ γ Draconis		17 26
a Bootis (Arcturus) a Centanri		28 3.6	85 Pegasi	0.054	60

The determination of stellar parallax is one of the most difficult and refined problems in practical or observational astronomy. It is to find the angle which the semi-diameter of the earth's orbit subtends at the star—an angle always very small, as seen from the above table, and which cannot be measured directly, but by various processes too complicated to be explained here.

Pole Star.

MEAN TIME OF TRANSIT (AT WASHINGTON) AND POLAR DISTANCE OF POLARIS.

1913	JANE	JARY.	FEBR	CARY.	MA	всн.	APRI	τ.	М	AY.	JUNE.		
Day of Month.			Lower Polar Transit, Distance.		Lower Polar Transit. Distance.		Lower Polar Transit. Polar		Lower Transit.	Polar Distance.	Lower Transit,	Polar Distance.	
1 11 21	P. M. H. M. S. 6 44 2 6 4 33 5 25 3	S. O 1 11 H. M. S. O 1 11 H. M. S. O 1 11 2 1 9 8 4 43 35 1 9 8 2 53 4 1 9 11 33 1 9 7 4 4 5 1 9 8 2 13 37 1 9 13		A. M. H. M. S. 12 50 57 12 11 37 11 28 24 P.M.	0 / // 1 9 20 1 9 23 1 9 25	P. M. H. M. S. 10 49 8 10 9 55 9 30 43	1 9 29	P. M. H. M. S. 8 47 26 8 8 26 7 29 18	0 / // 1 9 36 1 9 37 1 9 37				
1913	Ju	LY.	August.		SEPTEMBER.		Остов	ER.	Nove	WEEE.	1) вст	MIKR.	
Day of Month.	Lower Transit.	Polar Distance.	Upper Transit.	Polar Distance.	Upper Transit.	Polar Distance.	Upper Transit.	Polar Distance.	Upper Transit.	Polar Distance,	Upper Transit.	Polar Distance.	
1 11	P. M. H. M. S. 6 50 11 6 11 1	0 / // 1 9 38 1 9 37	A. M. H. M. S. 4 50 48 4 11 39	0 1 11 1 9 35 1 9 33	A. M. H. M. S. 2 49 24 2 10 13	1 9 27 1 9 24	A. M. H. M. S. 12 51 44 12 12 28	0 / // 1 9 17 1 9 13	P. M. H. M.S. 10 45 59 10 6 38	1 9 5 1 9 1	P. M. H. M.S. 8 47 51 8 8 24	0 / // 1 8 55 1 8 52	

 $\frac{1}{2}$ i $\frac{1}{2}$ is $\frac{1}$

where A denotes the azimuth. p the polar distance, and l the latitude of the place.

DATE OF GREATEST ELONGATION.

To find the time of greatest Eastern or Western elongation, let H denote the hour angle, and t and t as before, then we shall have $\cos H = \tan t$ and t.

And the hour angle in mean time is

 $H_{\rm m} = H^{\rm o} \times 0.0664846$.

This quantity, $H_{\rm in}$, added to or subtracted from the time of transit given above, according to the elongation required, will give the mean time of the greatest elongation at any place whose north latitude is l.

Astronomical Phenomena for the Xear 1913

ASTRONOMICAL SIGNS AND SYMBOLS.

⊕ coca	The Sun. The Moon. Mercury. Venus. The Earth.	の社が出事	Mars. Jupiter. Saturn. Uranus. Neptune.		♦ □∞C:::	Conjunction. Quadrature. Opposition. Ascending Node. Descending Node.
--------	---	-------	---	--	-----------------	---

Two heavenly bodies are in "conjunction" (d) when they have the same Right Ascension, or are on the same meridian, i. e., when one is due north or south of the other; if the bodies are near each other as seen from the earth, they will rise and set at the same time; they are in "opposition" (8) when in opposite quarters of the heavens, or when one rises just as the "Quadrature" ([]) is half way between conjunction and opposition. By other is setting. "greatest elongation" is meant the greatest apparent angular distance from the sun; the planet is then generally most favorably situated for observation. Mercury can only be seen with the naked eye at this time. When a planet is in its "ascending" (Ω) or "descending" (%) node it is crossing the plane of the earth's orbit. The term "Perihelion" means nearest, and "Aphelion" furthest, from the sun. An "occultation" of a planet or star is an eclipse of it by some other body, usually the moon.

L-ECLIPSES.

In the year 1913 there will be five eclipses, three of the sun and two of the moon, as follows: 1. A total eclipse of the moon March 22, partly visible in the United States.

PLACES.	Moon	Total	Total	Moon			
	Enters Shadow.	Eclipse Begins.	Eclipse Ends.	Leaves Shadow.			
Boston. New York. Washington Charleston Chicago. Denver San Francisco.	5 4.4 A.M. 4 53.1 A.M.	H. M. After Moon Sets. 6 2.7 A.M. 5 51.4 A.M. 5 20.5 A.M. 4 10.9 A.M. 3 1.2 A.M.	H. M. After Moon Sets. """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	H. M. After Moon Sets			

Magnitude 1.57. Moon's diameter = unity.

2. A partial eclipse of the sun April 6, visible in Alaska, British Columbia, Alberta, the northern portion of Saskatchewan, Washington, Oregon, Northern California and the northwestern western portion of Saskatchewan, Washin, portions of Nevada, Idaho and Montana.

At Seattle the eclipse will begin at 8 hours 25.7 minutes A. M. and end at 9 hours 38.7 minutes A. M. The first contact will occur at 65° and the last at 11°.2 from the northern point of the sun's 11mb toward the West in both cases.

3. A partial eclipse of the sun August 31, visible only in Iceland, Greenland, Labrador, New-foundland and the extreme eastern portions of Quebec, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia.

At St. Johns, Newfoundland, the eclipse will begin at 5 hours 33.2 minutes P. M. and end at 6 hours 9 minutes P. M. 4. A total eclipse of the moon September 15, visible partly in the United States as follows:

PLACES.	Moon	Total	Total	Moon		
	Enters Shadow.	Eclipse Begins.	Eclipse Ends.	Leaves Shadow.		
Charleston	5 2.1 A.M. 3 52.5 A.M.	H. M. After Moon Sets. 5 1.0 A.M. 3 51.3 A.M.	H. M. After Moon Sets.	H. M. After Moon Sets.		

Magnitude 1.43. Moon's diameter = unity.

5. A partial eclipse of the sun September 29-30, visible only in Madagascar and the southeastern portion of Africa.

II. -PLANETARY CONFIGURATIONS, 1913.

(Washington Mean time.)

Jan. 5 228 p. M. o d C	Jan. 29 3 A.M. b stationary.
51026 P.M. 古草蒙 93 P.M. 古女子, ♂S. 46'. 11 521 A.M. 古文医	2910 A.M. 9 in Q Feb. 2 336 p.M. 6 4 6 3 130 p.M. 6 4 6
11 10 A.M. O & Y, Y N. 13'. 13 4 P.M. O & Y, Y N. 47'.	511 6A.M. 0 8 (\$\cap{C}\$ 10 9 5A.M. 0 9 (\$\cap{C}\$)
18 138 A.M. Oh © in aphelion.	12 9 A. M. Q gr. elong. E. 46° 43′ 12 6 P. M. ♂ Q ⊙ superior.

ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA FOR THE YEAR 1913-Continued.

D. H. M.	D. H. M.
Feb. 14 10 25 A.M. 6 h & 16 1 P.M. 11 b (c)	July 21 8 P.M. 6 9 h, h N. 10 181. 28 10 4 A.M. 6 6 6 29 1 3 P.M. 6 h 6 30 2 22 A.M. 6 6 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
16 1 P.M. II h G Mar. 2 716 A.M. 3 4 C	29 1 3 P. M. 6 b 6.
3 12 P.M. Q in perihelion.	30 2 22 A.M. 3 2 6.
4 3 22 P.M. O O C	Aug. 4 6 A.M. () Q (·) Interior.
6 3 P.M. & in perihelion.	1 5 10 PM X or hall at St
9 9 45 A. M. O & C	12 11 21 P. M. & 24 & stationary.
11 2 A.M. & gr. elong, E. 18°19' 11 3 22 P.M. & & G.	
11 3 22 P. M. O Q C 13 7 28 P. M. O L C	22 7 A.M. 8 gr.elong. W.18°26' 21 12 A.M. 6 of h, of N. 1°9'.
1711 P.M. & stationary.	26 1 46 A.M. O h &
1911 A.M. Q greatest brilliancy.	26 3 21 A.M. O J E 28 6 35 P.M. O Q E
25 10 P.M. Q gr. hel. lat. N.	28 635 р.м. д Ф С
27 11 P.M. & Ø O inferior, 29 9 21P.M. & 4 C	29 1 г.м. 8 in perihelion. 301241 г.м. 3 8 С
27 11 P.M. Ø Ø ⊙ Inferior, 29 9 21P.M. Ø ¾ € Apr. 2 8 23 P.M. Ø Ø €	301241 p. m. 3 & C Sept. 4 9 A. M. 4 stationary.
3 3 A.M. V Stationary	9 3 38 A. M. & 24 @
3 3 A.M. ♥ stationary. 6 7 P.M. □ 2! ⊙	10 11 Р. М. 🗆 ի 💍
812 A.M. O Q 🖫	11 3 A.M. \overline{Q} in $\widehat{\Omega}$
910 A.M. Q stationary.	16 10 A.M. O. S. Superior.
10 533 A.M. of h & gr hel. lat. s.	18 6 A.M. d in Q
23 10 P. M. ♂ gr. hel. lat. S. 24 8 P. M. ♂ ♀ ⊙ inferior.	22 10 54 A.M. 3 h & 23 3 14 P.M. 3 3 & E
24.11 P.M. 8 gr elong.W 279121	27 3 26 p. m. 0 9 6
24 11 P.M. & gr. elong.W. 27°121 26 9 A.M. & 4 C	30 7 P.M. b stationary.
May 2 316 A.M. od 6	30 754 P. N. ∂ Ў €
4 255 A. M. O Q (E	30 754 P.M. 6 & C Oct. 210 A.M. 11 6 6 2 9 P.M. [1 2] 6
4 651 P.M. ♂♀₹ 5 4 P.M. 4 stationary.	2 9 P.M. [] 74 (5) 6 1 13 P.M. 3 74 (6)
7 527 P.M. Ob &	6 1 13 P.M. 0 4 6 in aphelion.
810 P.M. J & Q	1 14 5 P.M. Q in perihelion.
911 P.M. & gr. hel. lat. S.	19 4 10 р. м. д р С
13 12 A.M. Q stationary.	21 8 P.M. O & C
1710 A.M. of in perihelion. 2011 P.M. Q in ()	27 3 23 P. M. O Q Q gr. hel, lat. S.
20 11 P.M. Q in U 23 5 15 P.M. O 4 E 25 2 P.M. 4 in U	
25 2 P.M. 4 in 6	111 P.M. & gr.elong. E. 23°34' 3 4 9 A.M. & 4 &
28 11 P. M. δ 1n Ω	5 2 P. M. Q gr. hel. lat. N.
29 10 A.M. Oh O	12 6 P.M. & stationary.
	15 716 p.m. 0 h & 18 158 p.m. 0 d &
31 917 A. M. O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	18 158 P.M. 6 7 E 18 1 58 P.M. 6 7 E 23 1 P.M. 6 & Oinferior.
June 11056 A.M. 6 9 (£	23 1 P.M. Ø Ø ⊙ inferior. 25 12 A.M. Ø in perihelion.
4 717 A. M. O h &	27 624 A.M. O & C
12 9 P.M. & gr. hel. lat. N.	27 7 A.M. d stationary.
12 9 P.M. & gr. hel. lat. N. 19 918 P.M. & 4 & 24 9 A.M. Q in aphelion.	30 10 57 P.M. & 4 C stations TV
24 9 A.M. Q in aphelion. 29 11 56 A.M. & & E	Dec. 2 10 A.M. & stationary. 2 2 P.M. & Q.Q. Q. S. 10351.
29 11 56 а.м. СССССССССССССССССССССССССССССССССС	2 2 P.M. δ & Q, Q S. 10 35/. 7 4 A.M. 8 ħ ⊙
July 1 10 17 P. M. & h &	10 9 P.M. 8 gr. elong, W. 2102/
3 7 P. M. \oplus in appellon.	12 10 50 р.м. д h С
310 P.M. Q gr. elong.W. 450441	15 449 р. м. ф д 🕻
5 10 A. M. 8 24 O 7 10 A. M. 8 gr. elong.E. 26 13	26 315 A.M. 0 0 6
16 1 P.M. S in aphelion.	26 12 49 р.м. д Ф С 28 7 24 р.м. д 4 С
16 8 P.M. Q gr. hel, lat. S.	29 6 A.M. & in (?)
16 10 21 р.м. д 4 С	91 4 b.w. A m O
20 1 P.M. & stationary.	31 12 P.M. denearest

Periodic Comets.

Name.	Perihelion Passage.	Period (Years).	Perihel. Dist. Earth's Orbit=1.	Eccen- tricity.		Peribelion Passage.	Period (Years).		Eocen- tricity.
Encke	1885, Mar 7	3 3				1882, Sept. 23			0.755
Tempel Barnard	1890, Feb. 17					1884, Jan. 13 1881, Jan. 22		1.74	0, 626 0, 549
Tempel-Swift Brorsen		5.5 5.5	1.07	0.656	Tuttle	1885, Sept.11 1884, Jan. 25	138		0. 821 0. 955
Winnecke	1886, Sept. 4	5.8	0.88	0.727	Olbers	1887, Oct. 8	72.6	1.20	0.931
Tempel				0.405	Halley	1910, Apr. 19	74.4	0.59	0.967

The Sun's Right Ascension and Declination. (Washington—apparent noon.)

DA'	re—	Apparent Apparent DATE—Apparent Apparent Description Apparent Date—Apparent Date—Apparent Description Decimation.		pparent eclination.											
	13.	Righ H. 18	M.	S.		,	"			н.		s.	0	,	"
Jan.	$\frac{1}{2}$	18	46 51	38.01 2.93	$-23 \\ 22$	56 56	12.2	Mar. 2	8	0	M. 23 27	37.68 15.78 53.92	+ 2	33 56	$\frac{22.8}{50.0}$
	3 4		55 59	27.53 51.77		$\frac{50}{44}$	26.8	8	iŏ		30 34	32.12	3	20 43	$\frac{13.9}{34.1}$ $\frac{50.2}{}$
	$6\dots$	19	4 8 13 17 21 26	39.00		37 30	52.1 54.3 29.8 38.7	April	1		$\frac{38}{41}$	$10.40 \\ 48.78 \\ 27.28$	4	8 30	1.9
	7 8		13 17	$\frac{1.94}{24.38}$		23 15 7	$\frac{29.8}{38.7}$		$\frac{2}{3}$		45 49	5.93	5	$\frac{53}{16}$	$^{8.9}_{10.8}_{7.1}$
	9 10		$\frac{21}{26}$	46.29 7.64	21	58	$\frac{21.4}{38.0}$		4 5		52 56	$\frac{44.73}{23.70}$	6	39 1	$\frac{7.1}{57.5}$
	$11 \dots 12 \dots$		30 34	$28.41 \\ 48.57$		$\frac{49}{39}$	$\frac{28.9}{54.3}$		$\frac{6}{7}$	1	0 3 7	$\frac{2.84}{42.18}$		24	41.8 19.5
	13 14	ļ	39	$\frac{8.10}{26.96}$		19	54.5 34.0		9		$^{7}_{11}$	$\frac{21.75}{1.55}$	7	$\frac{47}{9}$	57.5 41.8 19.5 50.2 13.5 29.2
	15 16		43 47 52 56	45.15 2.65	20	8 57	40.8 27.3	1 1	l0		1.4	41 60	. 8	54 16	29.2 36.8
	17 18	20	56	10 43		4.5	49.9		12 13		18 22 25	21.86 2.42 43.28	9	38	25 0
	19 20		0 4 9	35.48 50.78 5.33		33 21 8	94 0		14 15		$\frac{29}{33}$	24.44		22 43	$\frac{7.5}{39.4}$
	21		13 17	$\frac{19.11}{32.13}$	19	55 41 28 13	37.9 28.3 56.4		l6		36 40	5.91 47.71 29.86	10	26 26	$\frac{1.5}{13.5}$
	22 23 24		$\frac{21}{25}$	44.381		28 13	56.4 2.6 47.3		18 19		44	12.38 55.29	11	47	15.1
	25		30 34	55.84 6.51 16.40	18	59 44	10 9	1 5	20		47 51 55	38.60 22.34		8 28 49	45.9 14.6
	$\frac{26 \dots}{27 \dots}$		38 42	25.51 33.82 41.33		28 13	13.6 55.8 17.8 20.2	1 5	22 23	2	59 2	51 15	12	9 29	$45.9 \\ 14.6 \\ 31.7 \\ 36.8 \\ 29.7$
	28 29		46 50	41.33	17	57	20.2	1 2	24	_	6 10	36.25 21.83 7.91	13	49	29.7
Feb.	$\frac{30}{31}$		54	48.04 53.91 59.03		41 24 7	3.2 27.2 32.6		26		14 17 21	$\frac{7.91}{54.50}$		28 47	10.1 37.7 52.3
reo.	$\frac{1}{2}$	21	58 3 7	3.31 6.78	16	$\frac{50}{32}$	19.9 49.5		28 29			$\frac{41.61}{29.26}$	14	6 25	53.3 40.4
	3 4 5		11	11 29	15	15	1.7 57.0	May	30		$\frac{29}{33}$	17.45	15	44	13 4
	5 6		19	12.33 12.55	10	56 38 19	36.0	11143	2 3		36 40	$6.18 \\ 55.47 \\ 45.31$	10	20	32.1 35.9 24.5 57.7
	8		15 19 23 27 31	11.96 10.56	14	1 41	58.9 6.2		4 5		44.	35.71 26.63	16	38 55 13	
	10		35 39	8.36 5.37 1.59	14	22	58.4 35.8 59.0		6 7		52 56	18.21 10.31	10	30 47	16.3
	11 12 r 3		43 46	1.59 57.03	13	43 23 2	8.4 4.3 47.3		8	3	0	2.97 56.20	17	19	29.0
	14		50	51.70 45.61	12	2 42	$\frac{47.3}{17.8}$		10 11		3 7 11	49.99		35 51	39.9 33.4 9.2 26.1 26.1 28.7 31.5 14.9 42.5
	$ \begin{array}{c} 15 \dots \\ 16 \dots \\ 17 \dots \end{array} $	22	54 58 2	38 771	12	21	36.2		12 13		15 19	39.25 34.72	18	6 21	$\frac{26.8}{26.1}$
	18	22	6 10	$\begin{array}{c} 31.20 \\ 22.91 \\ 13.92 \end{array}$	11	39	42.9 38.3 22.8 55.7 20.5 34.5		14 15		$\frac{23}{27}$	39.25 34.72 30.74 27.31		36 50	6.8 28.7
	$\frac{19}{20}$		14 17 21	4.24 53.89	10	18 56 35	56.7	1	16 17		31 35			18	$\frac{31.5}{14.9}$
	$\frac{21}{22}$		$\frac{21}{25}$	42.91 31.31		13 51	34.5		18 19		39 43	22.10 20.33 19.11		$\frac{31}{44}$	38.7 42.7
	24		29 33	19.11	9	$\frac{29}{7}$	39.1 34.7 21.6 0.3		20		47	LS 44	20	57 9	$\frac{26.5}{49.9}$
	26 26	1	36 40	52.96	8	$\frac{45}{22}$	0.3		22 23		51 55 59	18.32 18.73 19.69		21 33	$\frac{52.8}{34.9}$
Mar.	28		44	24.63	7	$\frac{59}{37}$	54.5		$\frac{24}{25}$	4	59 3 7	$\frac{21.18}{23.20}$		4.4	56.0
Mai.	2		48 51 55	24.63 9.68 54.22 38.28 21.89	6	14 51	31.2 54.5 10.7 20.3 23.7 21.2	1	26 27		11 15	$\frac{25.74}{28.78}$		55 6 16	55.7 33.9 50.4
	3 4		59	21.89 5.05	U	28 5	$\frac{21.2}{13.2}$	1	28 29		19 23	28.78 32.32 36.34		$\frac{16}{26}$ $\frac{36}{36}$	$\frac{44.9}{17.2}$
	$\frac{5}{6}$		3 6 10	47.78 30.10	5	42	0.1	1	30 31		$\frac{57}{31}$	40.83 45.77		45	97 1
	8		14	12.03 53.57	4	18 55 31	42.4 20.5	June	Î		$\frac{35}{39}$	51.15 56.95	22	54 2 10	38 8 40 2
	10	1	21	34.74 15.56	3	8	54.8 25.6 53.4		3 4		44	$\frac{3.14}{9.71}$:	18 25 32	14.4 38.8 40.2 18.4 33.3 24.6
	$\frac{11}{12}$	1	28	56.05	2	21 57	18.6		5 6		52 56	16.64 23.90	:	32 38	$\frac{24.6}{52.1}$
	14		17 21 25 28 32 36 39	16.12	۔ ا	34 10	2.6		7 8	5	0	31.46 39.30	i	44 50	55.8 35.5
	15 16	1	43 47	55.73 35.09 14.22	1	$\frac{10}{46}$	$\begin{array}{c} 22.4 \\ 41.2 \\ 59.3 \end{array}$		9 10		8 12 17	47.40	el .	55	51.2 42.7
	17 18		50 54	53.14 31.86	0	59 35	$\frac{17.0}{34.8}$	11	11 12		$\frac{17}{21}$	55.74 4.29 13.02		0 5 9	$\frac{9.6}{12.2}$
	20 21	1 .	58	10 41	_	11	52.9 48.2		13 14		$\frac{25}{29}$	21.92 30.97	:	12 16	50.4
	22		58 1 5 9	48.82 27.12 5.32	+	$\frac{11}{35}$	$\frac{28.4}{7.3}$		15		33 37	40.15	5	1.8	53.0
	24		12 16	$\begin{array}{r} 5.32 \\ 43.45 \\ 21.53 \end{array}$	1	22 46	$\frac{44.5}{19.7}$		17		41 46	49.44 58.82		21 23 24	16.9
	25 26		19	59.60	2	9	52.6		18 19	*	50	8.26 17.76	5	$\frac{24}{26}$	$\substack{51.9\\2.2}$

THE SUN'S RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION-Continued.

DATE 1913.	Righ	pparent t Ascens	t sion.	A De	ppar clina	ent tion.	DA 1	913.	Righ	ppar t Asc	ent ension.	De	Apparent Declination.		
June 20 21 22		36	8. 27.29 36.83 16.36	+23	,	47.7 8.4 4.4	Sept	. 14 15	н. 11	M. 27 31 35	8. 52.54 27.78 2.97	+ 3	28 5 41	6,6	
23 24 25 26 27 27 28 30 31 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 8 8	7	6 11 19 23 24 27 31 340 44 48 22 556 33	55.86 5.31 14.69 23.97 332.13 31.101 59.68 8.13 6.34 14.28 14.28 14.28 14.28 15.28 16.34 16.	22	26 27 26 25 22 20 18 11 17 39 44 30 30	35.6 42.6 40.6 50.6	Oct.	16 178 19 20 222 223 225 226 227 228 230 24 25 26 27 28 29 29 20	12	38 42 45 45 55 60 37 10 14 18 12 25 23 22	134 134 135 148 135 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 15	1 + 0 1 2 3	18 532 85 452 247 1134 581 48 31	2.8 55.6 45.2 16.3 16.3 17.5 29.1 17.0 28.7 50.3 10.2 28.7	
9 11 12 13 14 15		25 1 29 2 33 2 37 3 41 3	9.14 4.97 10.37 15.33 9.82 23.83 27.35 10.37 12.89	21	23 16 8 0 51 42 33 24	23.5 3.4 20.4 14.6 46.2 55.4 42.5 7.6		3 4 5 6 7 8	13	36 39 43 47 50 54 58	16.50 54.59 33.00 11.77 50.91 30.44 10.38 50.76 31.59 12.89	4 5 6	54 17 41 27 50 13	5.8.7.3.2.2.4.3.1.5.5.3.1.5.5.1.5.3.1.5.3.1.5.3.3.3.3	
$ \begin{array}{c} 17\\ 18\\ 19\\ 20\\ 21\\ 22 \end{array} $	8	49 3 53 3 57 3 1 3 5 3	4.88 6.34 7.28 7.69 7.55 6.85 5.59	20	14 3 53 42 30 19	10.9 52.6 13.0 12.2 50.5		12 13 14 15 16		5 9 12 16 20 24 27 31	37.03 19.89 3.30	7 8 9	58 21 43 6 28 50 12	33.5 10.3 41.1 5.5 23.1 33.5	
23 24 25 26 27 28		13 3 17 3 21 2 25 2 29 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 3.77 \\ 1.38 \\ 8.42 \\ 4.88 \\ 0.76 \\ 6.06 \end{bmatrix}$	19	54 41 28 15 147	8.1 5.3 42.2 59.2 56.5 34.3 53.0 52.7		17 18 19 20 21 22 23		31 35 39 42 46 50	$\frac{31.89}{17.11}$ $\frac{2.97}{17.11}$	10 11	34 56 17 39	46.0	
30 31 2 3 4		44 5 48 5 52 4	0.76 4.87 8.38 1.28 3.58	17	33 18 4 48 33 17	33.8 56.4 0.9 47.7 17.2 29.5 24.9		24 25 26 27 28	14	54 58 1 5 9	49.49 36.69 24.58 13.18 2.50 52.56 43.37 34.93 27.25	12 13	21 42 3 24 44 5 25	56.3 56.4 45.9 24.4 51.5 6.8 9.8	
5 6 7 8 9 10	9	8 11 5	6.62 5.85 4.48 12.50	16 15	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 45 \\ 28 \\ 11 \\ 54 \\ 37 \end{array}$	24.9 3.9 26.7 33.7 25.2 1.5 22.8	Nov.	31 1 2 3 4		17 21 25 29 33 36	20.34 14.21 8.86 4.30 0.53 57.57	14 15	25 45 4 24 43 2 20	1.1	
11 12 13 14 15		$\frac{27}{30}$ 5	9.92 6.76 3.04 8.76 3.93 8.56 2.66	14 13	19 1 43 25 6 47	22.8 29.6 22.1 0.6 25.4 36.8		6 7 8 9	15	40 44 48 52 56 0	55.41 54.06 53.53 53.83	16 17	39 57 15 32 50 7 24	$\begin{array}{c} 10\\ 78\\ 81\\ 120\\ 22\\ 14\\ 120\\ 23\\ 67\\ 14\\ 45\\ 05\\ 77\\ 14\\ 43\\ 54\\ 43\\ 54\\ 56\\ 68\\ 65\\ 11\\ 122\\ 27\\ 34\\ 51\\ 68\\ 69\\ 11\\ 122\\ 23\\ 23\\ 34\\ 51\\ 69\\ 88\\ 23\\ 23\\ 34\\ 51\\ 69\\ 88\\ 23\\ 34\\ 52\\ 34\\ 52\\ 34\\ 54\\ 54\\ 54\\ 54\\ 54\\ 54\\ 54\\ 54\\ 54\\ 5$	
17 18 19 20 21 22	10	49 3 53 1 57	2.86 6.25 9.35 1.98 4.14 5.84 7.10	12 11	28 9 49 30 10 50	35.0 20.3 53.1 13.8 22.6 19.6 5.3 40.0		11 12 13 14 15		4 9 13 17 21 25	56.93 59.74 3.38 7.86 13.20 19.40 26.45	18	56 12 27 43	0.0 27.5 36.7 27.1 58.4 10.3	
24 25 26 27 28		19 22 26 26	7.94 8.37 8.41 8.07 7.37 6.31	10 9	30 9 49 28 7 46 24	17.4 20.8		17 18 19 20 21 22 23		29 33 37 42 46 50 54	34.35 43.11 52.71 3.16 14.45 26.56	19 20	58 12 26 40 54 7 19	34.3 45.5 35.7 4.5	
30 31 Sept. 1 2 3 4		41 44 3 48 1	4.91 3.19 1.15 8.79 6.15	8 7	3 42 20 58 36	58.6 33.7 0.1 18.0 27.9 30.2 25.2		24 25 26 27	16	58 3 7 11 15 20	39.49 53.23 7.76 23.05 39.08 55.84 13.32	21	32 44 55 7	56.8 19.6 19.5 56.1 9.1 58.2	
5 6 7 9 10 11 12	11	59 2 4 6 1 9 5	0.04 6.61 2.95 9.08 5.01 0.77 6.37 1.85 7.24	6 5 4 3	14 529 7 44 22 536 14 51	25.2 13.1 54.7 58.9 22.4 40.6 53.9 2.5 6.6	Dec.	29 30 1 2 3 4 5 7 8		20 24 28 33 41 46 50 54	13.32 31.49 50.31 9.76 29.82 50.47 11.68 33.43 55.69 18.44	22	44 55 77 28 38 47 57 54 22 23 64 3	23.2 23.7 59.3 9.7 54.6 14.0 7.5 34.8 35.7	

THE SUN'S RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION-Continued.

DATE- 1913.		Apparent Right Ascension.			Apparent Declination.			те— 913.	ent ension.	. Apparent Declination				
Dec. 9	н. 17	м. 3	s. 41.65	-22	49	17.7	Dec.		н. 17	м. 56	8. 45.89	-23	27	2.9
11		12	$\frac{5.28}{29.31}$	23	54	$\frac{58.3}{11.7}$		22	18	5	$\frac{12.52}{39.19}$		$\frac{27}{26}$	$\begin{smallmatrix} 9.4\\47.6\end{smallmatrix}$
12	-	$\frac{16}{21}$	$\frac{53.72}{18.48}$		9	57.9 16.6		24 25		10 14	$\frac{5.86}{32.50}$		$\frac{25}{24}$	$\frac{57.5}{39.1}$
15 16		30 34	$\begin{array}{r} 43.57 \\ 8.96 \\ 34.62 \end{array}$		13 16 19	31.0 26.4		26 27 23		$\frac{18}{23}$	59.07 25.53		$\frac{22}{20}$	$\frac{52.4}{37.3}$
17 18		39 43	0.52 26.62		$\frac{19}{21}$	53.9 53.4		$\frac{29}{30}$		32 36	$ \begin{array}{r} 51.84 \\ 17.97 \\ 43.86 \end{array} $		14	42.7
19		$\frac{13}{47}$ 52	52.90 19.34		$\frac{25}{26}$	24.8 28.0		31		41	9.48	23	6	56.1

The Sun's Semi-Diameter and Horizontal Parallax.

(WASHINGTON-APPARENT NOON.)

1913.	Sun's Semi- Diameter.	Equatorial Horizontal Parallax,	1913.	Sun's Semi- Diameter.	Equatorial Horizontal Paraliax.	1913.	Sun's Semi- Diameter.	Equatorial Horizontal Parallax.
Jan. 1 11 21 31 Feb. 10 20 March2 12 22 April 1 11 May 1	16.99 15.75 14.10 12.15 9.79 7.22 4.57 15 59.00	8.95 8.95 8.94 8.93 8.99 8.88 8.88 8.88 8.83 8.78 8.78	May 11 21 31 June 10 20 30 July 10 20 Aug. 9 19 29	15 51 62 49 70 48 06 46 85 46 08 45 63 45 77 46 30 47 21 48 55 50 34 52 35	8.71 8.69 8.68 8.67 8.66 8.66 8.66 8.66 8.67 8.68 8.67 8.68 8.70	Sept. 8 18 28 Oct. 8 18 18 Nov. 7 17 Dcc. 7 27 31	16 2.73 5.49	8.74 8.76 8.78 8.81 8.83 8.86 8.88 8.99 8.92 8.92 8.93 8.95

Astronomical Constants.

ration is about 76.5 years.-J. M.

Mean solar parallax, 8",80. Nutation constant, 9",21.
Aberration constant, 20",47. Annual precession, 50",2564
Obliquity of the cellotic, 23°, 27', 8",25—0",4634 (t—1900).
Annual diminuiton of obliquity, 0",4634.
Moon's equatorial horizontal parallax, 57',2",68.
Moon's mean distance from the earth (centre to centre), 238,850 miles.
Sun's mean distance from the earth (astronomical unit), 22,894,800 miles.
Velocity of light, 186,320 miles per second.
Light travels unit of distance—viz. 92,894,800 miles in 498,566 seconds.
Length of the Year—Tropical (equinox), 365,2421988 days.
Sidereal or absolute revolution, 365,2563604 days.
Sidereal or absolute revolution, 365,2563604 days.
Annualistic (from perhelion) to perhelion, 365,2596413 days.
Length of the Day—Sidereal, 23 hours 56 minutes 4.091 seconds (mean solar time).
Mean solar, 24 hours 3 minutes 55.55 seconds (sidereal time).
Length of the Month—Synodical (from new moon), 29 days 12 hours 44 minutes 2.8 seconds. Tropical, 27 days 7 hours 43 minutes 4.7 seconds. Sidereal (absolute revolution), 27 days 7 hours 43 minutes 33.1 seconds. 18 minutes 33.1 seconds.

Dimensions of the Earth—Equatorial radius, 3963.23 miles. Eccentricity of the oblate spheroid, 0.0822718. Polar radius, 3949.79 miles,

Walley's Comet.

Or the great number of comets which have temporarily visited our solar system or have become permanent members of it none has surpassed Halley's in historical associations. It has a record dating back to B. C. 240; its visitations spread alarm and consternation throughout Europe during the Middle Ages; was the first whose return was predicted by an Astronomer Royal of England, and will therefore, for these reasons, be an object of great scientific interest for all time. For the information of those who appreciate such matters the following are the elements of its orbit as deduced from the last visitation:

Eccentricity = 0.967281. Semi-axis major = 17.9468

Periladion Passage 1910, April, 19.67. Greenwich Mean Time. 1.967281. Longitude of the ascending node = 57° 16' 12''. Distance from periladion to node = 111° 42' 16''. Lance = 0.58720. Longitude of the earth's orbital motion (mean) = 46''.669 Period = 74.424 years. Periheiion distance = 0.58720. Inclination to the plane of the earth's orbit=17° 47′ 18″. Motion, retrograde.

The semi-axis major and the perihelion distance are expressed in terms of the earth's mean distance from the sun, taken as unity. See also article on Halley's Comet and on Comets in ALMANACS of 1910 and 1911.

The periodic time varies considerably by reason of the attraction of the planets. Its average du(By J. Morrison, M. D., Ph. D.)

Notwithstanding all the researches of man into the arcans of nature, there are several things which he, with all his boasted powers, cannot define, among which may be mentioned time, space, matter and force. We become cognizant of the existence of the first by reason of the daily and annual motions of the celestial bodies; but given a blank sky and a continuous vertical sun we would have a very imperfect appreciation of it, if any at all, since there would be no means of measuring it. It is a uniformly flowing quantity, of only one dimension, for as regards simple duration, we can only look back to the past and forward to the future. It may therefore be graphically represented by a straight line extending in opposite directions to infinity.

Space, we know, has three dimensions, length, breadth, and depth or height, each extending in opposite directions to infinity.

In a general way we say that matter is any substance which occupies space, but this is no definition. We know nothing of its intrinsic nature or essence whatever. There are on the earth some 67 or 68 different kinds of matter; we know something of their physical properties, of their combinations and reactions on one another, but beyond that we know nothing about them.

combinations and reactions on one another, but beyond that we know nothing about them.

Everything in the universe, whether visible or invisible, is either material or spiritual; if there were no spiritual world, it is certain there would be no material one; matter undoubtedly rests or subsists on a spiritual basis.

When a portion of matter—a piece of iron for instance—is unsupported it fells to the

When a portion of matter—a plece of fron for lastance—is unsupported it falls to the ground, and being an inanimate substance, it cannot move itself, hence some invisible power or force moves it. This force is called gravity or gravitation and is due to the attraction of the earth. We cannot define force; we know nothing about its intrinsic nature. In general language we say, it is any agent or cause which changes or tends to change the state or position of matter with respect to rest or motion. Different names are given to forces according to the effects produced. Thus we speak other force of attraction of the earth which holds ourselves and all movable things on its surface, a hour together requise force which blids the molecules of a hour together requise to reason. of the force of attraction of the earth which holds ourselves and all movable things on its surface, molecular force which binds the molecules of a body together, repulsive forces, electrical forces, vital forces, etc., but they are all allke in their essential quality. All forces are spiritual in their nature; they are certainly not material. For instance the force which holds the moon in its orbit around the earth, does not consist of material bonds or wires. Since then it is not material, what is it? It must necessarily be of a spiritual nature, sithough it operates through matter. In the case of a body moving in a circle or of the moon around the earth or of a planet around the sun, we have occasion to speak of centripetal and centrifugal forces about which some erroneous impressions are towart in some works on physics.

have occasion to speak of centripetal and centrifugal forces about which some erroneous impressions are taught in some works on physics.

As an illustration of these forces, let us consider the case of a railway car running on a smooth, straight, level track, to enter a circular curve. While moving on the straight track there is no force operating to sway it to one side or the other, but when it enters the curve it is constrained to move in the arc of a circle. The flange on the outer wheels presses against the inner edge of the outer rail, and the inner edge of the outer rail presses against the flanges, these pressures are equal, in opposite directions and always tright angles to the direction of motion upon which they have no influence whatever. The former—the pressure of the flange against the rail—is the centrifugal force—away from the centre, and the latter—the pressure of the rail against the flange—is the centroctal force. When the car leaves the curve and enters a straight track, these forces vanish

instantiv. The mode or manner in which gravity or gravitation acts on matter, was discovered by Sir Isaac Newton. Its action is continuous and according to a certain law which we shall now explain. In mathematics and physics a law may be defined to be the constant and continuous operation of a cause or agent by which certain effects or phenomena are produced. Thus we have the law of a series which determines the order of succession of the terms; the law of the compressibility of

of a series which determines the order of succession of the terms; the law of the compression gases; the laws of motion; Kepler's laws of the planets; the law of universal gravitation, etc.

As an illustration of some of these laws, let us take the series

1-3+3-5+7-4-7-9+, etc., to infinity.

Here the law of formation of the terms is evident. Each term increases but can never unity and the sum of them all is infinity.

As another example take the series 1+6+20+56+144+, etc. etc., to infinity. ent. Each term increases but can never exceed

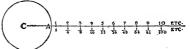
Here the law is not evident, but the subsequent terms are determined by a law as invariable preceding. as in the The law of universal gravitation as originally propounded by Sir Isaac Newton is this:

particle of matter in the universe attracts every other particle with a force which varies directly as the mass and inversely as the square of the distance between them."

In accordance with this law it is easy to show mathematically that the attraction of a sphere on a body external to it, is exactly the same as if the entire mass of the sphere were condensed or

on a body external to it, is exactly the same as if the entire mass of the sphere were condensed or collected at the very centure.

This will be more easily understood from the following illustration:
Let CA represent the radius of the earth and the points 2, 3, 4, etc., two, three, etc., radii from the centre C; then whatever may be the attraction at the surface A, one radius from the centre, at 2 it is 1-4; at 3, 1-9; at 4, 1-16 and so on, of what it is at A, that is to say, the force varies inversely as the square of the distance. If the mass of the centre for instance were doubled trebled for the as the square of the distance. If the mass of the earth, for instance, were doubled, trebled, etc., the



force would be increased in the same ratio. This is what is meant by "directly as the mass."

The mean radius of the earth is about 3,956 miles—say 4,000 for the sake of lilustration—and at the

is what is meant by "directly as the mass." The mean radius of the earth is about 3,956 miles—say 4,000 for the sake of illustration—and at the surface it has been found by actual experiments that a body will fall from rest, 16 feet and one inchesay 16 feet to avoid fractions—in one second; then according to the above law, at the distance of two radii from the centre or 4,000 miles above the surface, the body would fall only one-fourth of 16 feet or 4 feet in a second; at three radii from the centre it would fall only one-fourth of 16 feet or 4 feet in a second at three radii from the earther it would fall only one-fourth of 16 feet from the entre increases. At sixty radii—the moon's average distance—the would fall only the 1-3,600 of 16 feet or about one-ninetecath of an inch, and this is what the moon actually does fall or depart from the straight line in which it would move if not disturbed by the earth's attraction. This was the first verification made by Sir Isaac Newton, of this wonderful law.

Gravitation is universal, it holds the universe together in its tremendous grasp, it prevents the planets, the sun and stars from disintegration, that is to say from being torn in fragments by the centrifugal force generated by the regardion on their axes; its suspension would wreck the universe. It gravity were suspended on the earth only, our atmosphere would instantly vanish into space; our oceans and takes would leave their beds and be thrown off like spray; our continents and mountains, now so solid under our feet, would be torn from their foundations and hurled in countless millions of fragments into the fill intable regions of space. This, however, is a catastrophe which can never occur. But to return to a consideration of the effect of gravity on the earth's surface, in which every one is more or less interested, we first remark that it confers weight on bodies. Weight, however, is not an essential property of matter like porosity, elasticity, etc. The weight of a body is the measure of the attractive force

ton, for instance, at New York, is not a pound at Quebec or Panama, but this variation in its weight is no "freak of gravity" as some people have imagined, but in strict agreement with the law of gravitation and the physical condition of the earth. It would, too, weigh a trifle less on the top of a high mountain or in a deep mine or pit, than at the surface. Gravity retains the atmosphere around the earth. Marine animals live at the bottom of the ocean at the depth of a mile or two, and, of course, are subject to great pressure from the superincumbent water, so likewise we ourselves crawl around on the surface of the earth at the bottom of an aerial ocean not less than 50 miles in depth and also under great pressure. Some people can hardly realize that gases can have weight, but a column of air one inch square at the base and extending to the top of the atmosphere, weighs about fifteen pounds and a square mile of the earth's surface sustains an atmospheric pressure of 30,108,672 tons.

If our pound of iron could be taken to the centre of the earth it would have no weight because

If our pound of Iron could be taken to the centre of the earth it would have no weight because it would be equally attracted in all directions. Again, there is a point on the line joining the centres of the earth and moon, at which it would have no weight, being there equally attracted in opposite directions. There is also another point on the same line produced beyond the moon at which it would be equally attracted, but it would have no weight, because the attractions now act in the same direction and it would fail toward the moon. In all those instances it must be remembered that the mass or quantity of matter in the body is constant in all places, but the weight varies from place to place, by respon of causes which will now be explained. Astronomy and geology furnish abundant evidence that the earth was once in not only a gaseous but also subsequently in a plastic condition, having been detached or set free from the parent mass which ultimately became the sun. At its birth it would, by the laws of motion, receive not only a motion of translation but also a motion of rotation around an axis passing through its centre of gravity, and by virtue of this latter motion it would necessarily take the form of an oblate spherold, or the shape of the body generated, by revolving an ellipse about its minor axis, that is to say, a globular body flattened at the poles, and protuberant along the equator like a Satsuma orange. This form or shape, first derived from theoretical considerations, was subsequently verified by actual measurements of arcs of meridians in Lapland, Peru, India, South Africa, England, France, and the United States. The boundary line between Maryland and Pennsylvania, the real Mason and Dixon line of ancient American politics. The dimensions of the earth deduced from these measurements as well as from the geodetic operations. by the English astronomers Mason and Dixon, who also in 1763-8 established the boundary line between Maryland and Pennsylvania, the real Mason and Dixon line of ancient American politics. The dimensions of the earth deduced from these measurements as well as from the geodetic operations in this country, England, France, India, and Russia are as follows: Equatorial radius 3963.23 miles, polar radius 3949.79 miles, difference 13.44 miles, from which it appears that the poles are very nearly 13½ miles nearer the centre of the earth than any point on the equator is, and since the attraction of the whole spheroid is the same as if its entire mass were collected at the centre, the force of attraction at the poles is greater than at any other point on the earth's surface. For this reason alone the weight of a body increases as we approach the poles.

The earth makes one revolution on its axis in 24 hours and its circumference at the equator is 24,900 miles, which gives there a velocity of more than 1,000 miles per hour. This great velocity generates a centrifugal force which tends to lift bodies from the surface and therefore to oppose gravity. This force has already been referred to in the case of the pressure of the flange of the outer wheels of a railway car against the inner edge of the outer rail while the car is running on a circular track. It may also be easily demonstrated by tying a body to the end of a string and holding the other end in the hand, whirl it around; the body will tend to fly off, and if whirled fast enough it will break the string. This tendency of revolving bodies to depart from the centre of motion is called the centrifugal force and in the case of the earth is manifestly greatest at the equator and decreases as we approach the poles, where it vanishes.

Therefore, for this reason also, the weight of a body will increase as we travel north or south from the equator. These two causes, depending on the figure and motion of the earth, conspire to increase the weight of a body as its latitude in

The centrifugal force varies directly as the square of the velocity and inversely as the radius of the circle in which it moves.

In ascertaining the difference in weight of a body in different latitudes, common scales with weights cannot be employed, because the weights would be affected in the same way as the body to be weighed. A delicately and accurately constructed spiral steel spring is used, to which is attached a carefully graduated scale with a microscope or vernier for accurate reading. The elasticity of such a spring is not affected by gravity or the centrifugal force.

For all accessible heights above the earth gravity is regarded as a constant force, and is such that it will cause a body to fail from rest, 16 feet in the first second; 48 feet in the next second; 80 feet in the third second; 112 feet in the fourth second and so on, increasing as the numbers, 1, 3, 5, 7, etc. At the end of the first second its velocity is 32 feet, twice the distance it just fell; at the end of the extra second. This number, 32 feet per second, is constant and is taken as the unit or measure of gravity and denoted by the letter g. in all works on physics.

In all these flux stations flatoned by the letter g. in all works on physics.

Most people believe that the pressure below the surface of the earth—say 100, 400 or 1,000 miles below the surface—must be very great, but such is not the case. Below the surface, gravity varies not inversely as the square of the distance, but distance of the earth—say 100, 400 or 1,000 miles below the surface.—must be very great, but such is not the case. Below the surface, gravity varies not inversely as the square of the distance, but this is no "freak of gravity," but in strict accord with the law of inverse square as before stated. The weight or pressure of the material composing the earth's crust becomes less and less as we descend below the surface.

Suppose we could go down 1,000 miles, there would then be a sphere of 3,000 miles, one-fourth and at the centre it would be zero.

Th

hole is 21 minutes and 7 seconds and the velocity acquired by falling from the surface is 4.914 miles per second.

miles per second has so the earth is such as to give to a body falling, say from the region of the fixed stars, a velocity of 6.9505 miles per second when it reaches the surface, or in other words if a body could be projected with a velocity greater than this, say seven miles per second, it would never return to the earth; gravity would not be strong enough to draw it back.

We now come to the consideration of a circumstance where it has been assumed that the centriugal force, resulting from the diurnal motion of the earth, was suspended or rather reversed for a while. It is recorded in two different places in the old Testament, viz., II. Kings, chap. XX. also Isalah, chap. XXXVIII., that at a certain time the shadow cast by the style on the sun dial of Ahaz, went back ten degrees. Theologians and philosophers in all the churches of Christendom have been wrestling with this phenomenon, all down through the centuries, but with negative results, regarding it finally as one of the most stupendous miracles ever exhibited, surpassing even the performance of Joshua. He only made the sun stand still, but in this case, the sun not only stopped but went back in its apparent course ten degrees, which of course implies that the earth stopped in its diurnal motion, and then rotated back from east to week ten degrees—a movement which would have wrecked our globe and torn it into fragments—but notwithstanding its apparent impossibility, there is not the shadow of a doubt but that the phenomenon actually happened as Impossibility, there is not the shadow of a doubt but that the phenomenon actually happened as recorded.

recorded.

When the higher criticism brings the power of the higher mathematics to bear on the subject, it tells its own story. It tells us that it is simply an astronomical phenomenon which must occur under certain conditions and is no more miraculous than the dally rising and setting of the sun, moon and stars. The phenomenon can be demonstrated here in New York as well as in Jerusalem or any other part of Pelestine, nor is it necessary to erect a sun dial to show that the shadow of its style can go back ten or even twenty degrees while at the same time the sun moves on in its apparent course through the sky. An ocular demonstration of the phenomenon can be shown by simply placing a straight stick in a certain position into the level ground, when the reason or cause will be apparent to the spectator. The mathematical discussion of the subject is too abstruct to the of given here. Joshua's "Sun standing still" was a meteorological phenomenon whose explanation does not fall within the domain of mathematics.

fall within the domain of mathematics.

Elements of the Solar System.

NAME	Mean	Sidereal _	D	ISTANCE FRO	M THE SUN			
OF PLANET.	Daily Motion.	Revolution— Days.	Ast Mean.	ronomical U Greatest.	nits. Least.	In Miles.		
Mercury Venus Earth. Mars Jupiter Saturn. Uranus Neptune	5767.6696 3548.192 1886.5182 299.1256 120.4548 42.2308	10759.2225	0.387099 0.723331 1.000000 1.523688 5.202803 9.538838 19.190978 30.070672	0.728260 1.016746 1.665877 5.454395 10.071570 20.094454	0.307505 0.718402 0.983254 1.381499 4.951211 9.006106 18.287502 29.813838	35,951,105 67,193,688 92,894,800 141,542,690 483,313,340 886,108,900 1,782,742,060 2,788,764,300		

NAME	Eccentricity	Synodical	Inclination of	Orbital Velocity Miles Per Second.
OF	of	Revolution—	Orbit to	
PLANET.	Orbit.	Days.	Ecliptic.	
Mercury Venus Earth Mars Jupiter Saturn Uranus Neptune	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0068150 \\ 0.0167460 \\ 0.0933198 \end{array}$	115,877 583,920 779,936 398,866 378,090 369,650 367,482	7 0 11.2 3 23 37.5 1 51 1.0 1 18 29.1 2 29 30.6 0 46 21.9 1 46 41.2	29.55 22.61 18.38 15.00 8.06 5.94 4.20

NAME	Mean	Lo	ngitude	Mean	L	ngitude	-	Annual	Mea	n Lo	ngitude	Annual	Ligh	T AT
PLANET.		at tl Epoc			of t	he lion.*		Sidereal Motion.	Asce	of t	he Node.	Sidereal Motion.	Perihelion.	Aphelion.
	0	,	-,,	-	-,-	-,,		- ,,		-,-				
Mercury		4	3.26		5	10.9		+ 5.7				— 7.6	10.58	4.59
Venus			20.94			58.0	ĺ	+0.4	75	53	15.5	-17.9	1.94	1.91
Earth		47	$\frac{20.22}{5.47}$					$+11.6 \\ +15.9$	48	$\dot{5}\dot{2}$	42.6	<u></u>	1.03	0.97
Jupiter						18.0		+7.6	99		33.3	-13.9	0.52 0.041	$\begin{array}{c} 0.36 \\ 0.034 \end{array}$
Saturn			10.90		19	26.1		+20.2	1112		17.7	-18.9	0.012	0.010
Uranus			2.33		14	25.8	1	+7.4	73	33	2.1	-32.0	0.003	0.0025
Neptune	1111	24	32.14	43	51	38.2	1	-18.9	130	48	38.9	-10.7	0.001	0.001

*Epoch 1912 January 0d Greenwich mean time.

	SE	MI-DIAMETE	R.		[1	ſ	[
Sun	At	At Mean	(In	Volume.	Mass.	Density.	Axial	Gravity at Surface.
AND	Unit	Least	Miles	⊕ 1	(+) = 1	$\oplus = 1$	Rotation.	$\oplus = 1$
PLANETS.	Distance.	Distance.	(Mean).	_	_	_		Φ-1
	, ,,	"					D. H. M. S.	
Sun	15 59.6		432183.68	1303371.8			25 7 48 0	27.6057
Mercury	3.34	5.45	1504.24	0.054955	0.054898	0.99895		.37979
Venus	8.55	30.90	3850.67	0.921875	0.807328	0.87574	23 21 ?	.85236
Earth					1.000000		23 56 4.09	
Mars	5.05	9.64	2274.37		0.106478		24 37 23	.32222
Jupiter	1 37.16	23.12	43758.03	1352,809	314.4985	0.23247	9 55 20	2.57115
Saturn	1 21.17	9.55	36558.86	788.934	94.0684	0.11923	10 14 24	1.10175
Uranus		1.84	15096.43					.98932
Neptune	38.7	1.33	17411.34	85.224	16.7199	0.19619	Unknown.	.86338

Facts About the Barth.

According to Clark, the equatorial semi-diameter is 20,926,202 feet=3963.296 miles, and the polar semi-diameter is 20,854,895 feet=3950.738 miles. One degree of latitude at the pole=69.407 miles. One degree of latitude at the equator=68.704 miles.

POPULATION OF THE EARTH BY CONTINENTS.

CONTI-	Area in	INHABITA	NTS.	CONTI-	l Amonin	INHABITANTS,		
NENTAL DIVISIONS,	Square Miles.	Number	Per Sq. Mile.	NENTAL DIVISIONS,	Area in Square Miles.	Number.	Per Sq. Mile.	
Africa		170,000,000	14, 76	Australasia	3,456,290		2.31	
America, N.,	8,037,714	110,000,000		Europe			106,54	
America, S.	6,851,306	35,000,000	5, 10	Polar Reg	4,970,265	300,000	0.06	
Asia	17,057,666	900,000,000	52.76	Total	55,641,102	1,623,300,000	29.22	

The estimate in areas in the above table is the newest made by a competent geographer and The estimate in areas in the above table is the newest made by a competent geographer and is by Professor Supan of Gotha in his work entitled "Bevolkerung der Erde." It varies considerably from previous estimates. Central America and the West Indies are included in the estimate for North America. The estimate of population is from Whitaker's (London) Almanack for 1912, excepting trait of the Polar Region.

Ravenstein's estimate of the earth's fertile region, in square miles, is 28, 269, 200; steppe, 13, 901, 000; desert, 4, 180, 000; polar regions, 4, 888, 800.

The population of the earth at the death of the Emperor Augustus, estimated by Bodio, was 54,000,000. The population of Europe hardly exceeded 50,000,000 before the fifteenth centure. Mulhol!

century. - Mulhall.

The proportion of females to 1,000 males in 1901 was: Great Britain, 1,062; France, 1,033; Germany, 1,032; United States, 959. — Webb-Muthall.

many, 1,032; United States, 959.—Webb-Muhall.

The area and cubic contents of the earth, according to the data of Clark, given above, are: Surface, 196,971,984 square miles; cubic contents, 259,944,035,515 cubic miles.

Murray (Challenger expedition) states the greatest depth of the Atlantic Ocean at 27,366 feet; Pacific Ocean, 30,000 feet; Indian Ocean, 18,582 feet; Southern Ocean, 25,200 feet; Arctic Ocean, 9,000 feet. The United States Collier Nero obtained a depth of 31,614 feet in the Pacific Ocean, near Guam, November 14, 1899. The Atlantic Ocean has an area, in square miles, of 24,536,000; Pacific Ocean, 50,309,000; Indian Ocean, 17,084,000; Arctic Ocean, 4,781,000; Southern Ocean, 30,592,000. The highest mountain is believed to be Deodhunga or Everest, one of the Himalayas, 29,002 feet.

For population of the earth according to creed, see Religious Statistics.

For population of the earth according to creed, see Religious Statistics.

POPULATION OF THE EARTH ACCORDING TO RACE. (Based on latest estimate by John Bartholomew, F. R. G. S., Edinburgh.)

•		•		_	•
RACE	Location.	Number.	RACE.	Location.	Number.
Indo - Germanic or Aryan (white)	Europe, Persia,	625,000,000	Hottentot and Bush- man (black)	South Africa	150,000
Mongolian or Turan-	Greater part of		Malay and Polynes- ian (brown)	& Polynesia	35,000,000
Semitic or Hamitic	North Africa,		American Indian (red)		15,000,000
(white) Negro and Bantu	1		Total		1,520,150,000
(black)	Central Africa	150,000,000			

The human family is subject to fifty principal governments. As to their form they пар пашан таппту is subject to ntty principal governments. As to their form they may be classified as follows: Absolute monarchies, Abyssinia, Afghanistan, Morocco, Siam; Limted monarchies, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, British Empire, Bulgaria, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Roumania, Russia, Servia, Sweden, Spain, Turkey; Republics, Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominicau Republic, Ecuador, France, Guatemala, Hayti, Honduras, Liberia, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Salvador, Switzerland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela. Besides these are the undefined despotisms of Central Africa, and a few insignificant independent States and a few insignificant independent States.

The average duration of human life is about 33 years. One-quarter of the people on the earth die before age 6, one-half before age 16, and only about 1 person of each 100 born lives to 65.

EUROPEAN LANGUAGES SPOKEN.

LAN- GUAGES.	Number of Persons Spoken by,		PROD TION TH WHO	OF IE	LAN- GUAGES.	Number o Spoke	PROPOR- TION OF THE WHOLE,						
English French German Italian Spanish	31,450,000 30,320,000 15,070,000	70,000,000	19.4 18.7 9.3	27.3 11.9 22.2 8.6	Russian		100,000,000	19.0	4.3 17.1				

These estimates (that for 1801 being by Mulhall) exhibit the superior growth of the English language,

Humidity.

MEAN RELATIVE HUMIDITY, IN PERCENTAGES.

From a table prepared by the United States Weather Bureau, showing the monthly and annual values of relative humidity at regular Weather Bureau stations in the United States, based upon observations made at 8 A.M. and 8 P.M. respectively, 75th meridian time and covering a period of about 14 years of record.

about 14 years of record.													
STATIONS.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Ann'
Abliana Tay	69	63	50	60	66	62	50						
Abliene, Tex	09	0.5	59 77 70			$\frac{63}{72}$	59 72 76	61	66	64	66	67	64
Albany, N. Y	80	79	1 46	69	71	12	172	76	77	79 70	81 73	81 76	76 72
Atlanta, Ga	76	73	70	64	64	71	76	78	74	70	73	76	72
Atlantic City, N. J	81	79	80	79	83	83	84	84	82	80	80	80	81
Baker, Ore	81 75 72	79 72 70	66	57 62	83 58 67	55 69	44	45 71	82 52	60	70	75	61
Baltimore, Md	72	70	67	62	67	69	70	71	74	71	72	71	70
Bismarck, N. D.	74	74	73	67	64	69	65	64	65	71 72	76	71 74	70
Block Island R T	76	76	79	8i	86	87	87	0.7	000	80	40	7.	
Boston Mass	72	71	68	66	71	87 72 72	65 87 71 71	87 75 71 38	83 77 73	35	70 72 76 78 75	75	81
Duffele N V	78	71 78	75	69	71 71	75	1 41	43	4.5	75 72 53	1 43	71	72
Carson City New		10	51				61	1 61	13	12	74 58 78	76 68 78 72	73
Carson City, Nev	64	58	51 77 69	43	45	40	36	33	44	53	58	68	50
Charleston, S. C	77 72	77	1 66	74	75	79	80	81	81	78	78	78	78
Charlotte, N. C	72	70	69	62	66	72	75 75	78	76	71 74	71	72	71
Chattanooga, Tenn	76	72	69	64	69	74	75	77	76	74	72	75	73
Albany, N. Y. Albany, N. Y. Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta, Gr. Baker, Ore Baltimore, Md. Bismarck, N. D. Block Island, R. I. Boston, Mass Buffalo, N. Y. Carson City, Nev Charleston, S. C. Charlotte, N. C. Chatlantoga, Tenn Chyenne, Wyo. Chicago, Ill. Cincinnati, Ohio. Cieveland, Ohio. Denver, Col.	52	59	56	55 72 62	58	1 58	51	81 78 77 52	46	50	72 54 77 73	75 52	54
Chicago, Ill	82 77 78 53	81 74 77	77 70	72	71	73	70	71	70	72	77	80	75
Cincinnati, Ohio	77	74	70	62	64	65	65	67	68	69	73	75	69
Cleveland, Ohio	78	77	75	70	71	71	68	67 70	73	72	75	75	73
Denver, Col. Des Moines, Iowa Detroit, Mich.	53	55	51	48	52	46	49	44	44	45	75 47	75 50	49
Des Moines Iowa	78	76	51 72 76	66	66	70	67	70	71	69	72	20	
Detroit Mich	78 83	81	76	70	70	70	67	1 40	73	09	12	78	71
Dodgo City Kon	72	72	64		64	63	67 67 62	70	163	75	79	81	74
Duluth Minn	66	45		61		63	04	62	63	64	66	69	67
Duluth, Minh	80	78	75	73	69	72	71	74	74	76	79	80	75
Dodge City, Kan. Duluth, Minn. Eastport, Me. El Paso, Tex	73	73	74	73 24	$\frac{79}{23}$	82	83	84	82	79	79	74 45	78
El Paso, Tex	47	40	30	24	23	28	45	46	47	45	1 44	45	39
FOR SMITH, Ark	73	71	67	66	72	73	71	72	73	71	71	70	71
Gaiveston, Tex	84	85	84	84	79	80	77	78	77	76	71 80	83	80
Fort Smith, Ark	87	87 77	81	71	72 70	73	70	74	76	77	80	84	78
Hannibal, Mo	75	77	68	66	70	69	69	69	72	66	72	77	71
Hatteras, N. C. Helena, Mont. Huron, S. Dak. Indianapolis, Ind.	81	84	82	81	83	$\frac{84}{52}$	84	84	81	81	82	84	
Helena, Mont	68	66	62	52	54	59	44	42	50	56	62	0.2	83
Huron, S. Dak	80	79	7.4	65	62	67	65	66			22	66	56
Indiananolis Ind	78	76	74 71	64	66	66	63	65	64	69	73	77	70
Incksonville Ele	80	79		72	74	79		0.5	67	68	72 82	75	69
Kangag City Ma	20	70	76	73			80	81	83	81	82	82	79
Kansas City, Mu	75	76	72	67	68	70	68	70	69	66	69	82 75	70
Key West, Fla	81	79 72	76 70	73 64	74	76 74	74	75	78	78	79	80	77
Knoxville, Tenn	76	72	70	64	70	74	77	79	77	75	74	77	74
Lexington, Ky	76	73	70	64	67	70	74 77 71	75 79 72	69	66	72	73	7Õ
Little Rock, Ark	77	73 72	$\frac{70}{72}$	67	71	74	74	75	75	72	74 72 72	80 77 73 74	73
Los Angeles, Cal	67 72	69	72	73	76	75	76	76	73	75	66	63	72
Louisville, Ky	72	71	68	73 62	65	66	65	67	67	67	70	71	68
Indlanapolls, Ind. Jacksonville, Fla. Kansas City, Mo. Key West, Fla. Knoxville, Tenn. Lexington, Ky. Little Rock, Ark Los Angeles. Cal Louisville, Ky. Marquette, Mich. Memphis, Tenn. Milwaukee, Wis. Mobile, Ala.	81	84	80	76	73	73	72	67 77	78	67 80	82	84	79
Memphis, Tenn	74 78 83	72 78 83	70	66	68	73	74	75	73	70	72	74	79
Milwaukee, Wis	78	78	78 81	73 78	71	73 73 79	71	73	74	76	77	77	75
Mobile, Ala	83	83	81	78	79	70	82	84	81	70	65		
Mobile, Ala. Montgomery, Ala. Nashville, Tenn.	75	74	71	66	65	7ŏ	76	84 79	74	78 71	82 73 72 77	84	81
Nashville, Tenn	75	73	68	64	68	69	70	72	72	69	43	76	72
New Haven, Ct. New Orleans, La. New York, N. Y Northfield, Vt. Oklahoma, Okla.	75	73 73	72 77	71	76	77	70	70		09	12	75	71
New Orleans, La.	79	80	77	75		44	78 78	79	81	78 74	77	75	76
New York N V	75	74	41	60	73	77 77 72	10	79 75	77	74	79 75	79	77
Northfield Vt	79	4.5	71	68	72	72	74		76	74	75	74	73
Oklahama Okla	74	76 72	76 68	70 65	$\frac{72}{72}$	75 72	77	83	84	82	80	79	78
Omehe Neb		14	23	0.5	72	72	69	67	68	66	70	74	70
Ourrogo N V	76	75	72	64	64	67	66	69	67	65	70	76	69
Omaha, Neb. Oswego, N. Y. Parkersburg, W. Va.	83	82	77	71	73	73 73	73 72	74	74	65 74	77	80	76
Philadelphia De	81	80	78	69	70	73	72	76	77 74	76	78	79	76
Plana Cipilia, Pa	73	72	68	63	68	68	70	72	74	72	72	71	7Ŏ
Philadelphia, Pa. Pierre, S. Dak. Pittsburgh, Pa. Portland, Me. Portland, Ore	74	73	71	62	58	60	56	57	57 71	72 63	70 77 78 72 70 75	75	65
Pittsburgh, Pa	79	77	75	68	69	70	68	69	71	69	75	75 76	72
Portland, Me	79 75	74	72	69	76	76	76	80	81	70	77	75	75
Portiand, Ore	85	77 74 81	75 72 74	69 70	69	69	64	67	72	79 80	85	87	76
Raieign, N. C.	73	73 71 78	71	67	71	73	77	80	78	75	75	87 73	
Rapid City, S. Dak	68	71	68	58	56	57	77 51	51	78 51	10	75 64	62	74
Richmond, Va	82	78	81	75 67	77	76	79	84	82	56 86	04	66	60
Rochester, N. Y	79	79	76	67	69	67	67	27	24	80	82 77	81	80
St. Louis, Mo	74	74	7Ĭ	65	68	68		71	75	76	77	78	73
St. Paul. Minn.	80	80	75	66	63		66	68	69	66	70	81 78 74	70
Salt Lake City, IItah	74	80 70 72	75 59		93	68	66	70	70	71 52 77	75	80	72
San Diego, Cal.	71	49	74	49	47 77	38	35	36	39	52	62	72	53
San Francisco Cal		70	74	74	47	78	80	80	78 81	77	70	68	75
Sante Fé N M	80	10	78	78	79	80	84	86	81	-79 I	77	80	80
Portland, Me Portland, Ore Ralelgh, N. C. Rapid City, S. Dak. Richmond, Va. Rochester, N. Y. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn. Salt Lake City, Utah San Diego, Cal. Sante Fé, N. M. Savannah, Ga.	55	78 55 77	43	35	36	31	47	47	46	47	77 48	55	45
Shrayanort I a	77	27	75	73	74	79 76	81 75	84	84	80	79	79	45 78 73
Shreveport, La Spokane, Wash	75	71	68	69	73	76	75	76	74	72	74	73	73
Springfold III	84	77 76	68	58	56	52 1	44	44	54	66	80	84	64
Springfield, Ill.	77	76	73	66	69	70	67	69	71	69	74	84 76	71
Towns The		76	$\frac{68}{73}$	66	71 75	75	73	73	72	70	74 72	76	$\frac{71}{73}$
Springfield, Mo. Tampa, Fla. Toledo, Ohio.	81	81	79 I	74	75	75 81	73 82 67	83	85	8ĭ	81	83	60
Toledo, Onio.	82	80	76	69	69	70	67	70	72	81 73	78	80	74
	74	72	67	69	71	76	79 I	81	85 72 76	71	78 72	72	80 74 74
Walla Walla, Wash	86	79	71	61	58	53	42	43	56	60	76	64	64
Washington, D. C	73	71	68	63	71	53 73	42 74	43 77	56 78	68	40	85	65
Williston, N. Dak	80	80	77	63	58	64	59	57	61	76 70	76 72 77	72 79	14
Walla Walla, Wash Washington, D. C. Williston, N. Dak. Wilmington, N. C.	78	79	68 77 78	76	70	81	83	84	85	64	46	49	72 69 80
Yuma, Aris	45	42	41	76 35	79 36	35	43	47	83	81	79	79	80
	-4		**	90 1	30 1	00	20 (2/ /	** 1	44	42	45	42

The Geological Strata.

The strata composing the earth's crust is divided by most geologists into two great classes:

1. Those generally attributed to the agency of water. 2. To the action of fire; which may be subdivided as follows: (a) Aqueous formations, stratified, rarely crystalline (sedimentary or fossiliferous rocks; metamorphic or unfossiliferous). (b) Igneous formations, unstratified, crystalline (volcanic, as basalt; plutonic, as granite).

The geological record is classified into five main divisions or periods: 1. The Archæan, lifeless and dawn of life. 2. The Palæozoic (ancient life). 3. The Mesozoic (middle life). 4. The Cenozoic (recent life).

5. Quaternary, the age in which man's first appearance is indicated.

1	PERIODS.	I	Cras.		Series,	Subdivisions.
Quater- nary Period.	Age of Primeval Man,	Quate Post	rnary or Tertiary.	3. 2. 1.	Recent. Champlain, Glacial.	Pleistocene.
Cenozoic Period,	Age of Mammals.	Terti	ary Era,	3. 2.	Pliocene. Miocene. Oligocene.	English Crag. Upper Molasse. Rupelian and Tongrian of Belgium.
			Cretaceous Era.		Laramie. Colorado. Dakota,	Upper Chalk. Lower Chalk. Chalk Marl. Gault.
Mesozoic Period,			Jurassic	3. 2.	Lower. Purbeck. Oölite. Lias.	Neocomian, Lower Greensand, Weatden, Purbeck, Portland, Kimmerldge, Oxford Öölites, Lower or Bath Öölite, 1. Lower Lias, 2. Maristone, 3. Upper Lias,
		Trias.	7. Trias- sic.	1. 3. 2.	Upper. Middle.	Kössen beds, Dachstein beds; Alpine Kenper. [Trias, in part, Muschelkalk Bunter-Sandstein.
	Age of Coal Plauts,		Carboniferous Era,		Permian, Carboniferous, Subcarboniferous,	Magnesian Limestone. Lower Red Sandstone, or Rothli- S. Upper Coal-Measures. [gendes. Lower Coal-Measures. L Millstone Grit. Lower Carboniferous. Mountain Limestone.
Palæozoic	Age of Fishes.	Devon	ian Era.	4. 3. 2.	Catskill and Chemung. Portage. Hamilton. Coniferous. Oriskany.	Catskill Red Sandstone. Chemung Portage. Genesee Slate. Hamilton beds. Marcellus Shale. Upper Helderberg, Schoharie, Grit. Oriskany Sandstone.
Period.	Age of		pper irian,	2.	Lower Helderberg. Onondaga. Niagara.	Lower Helderberg. Onoudaga Salt Group, Salina beds. Water Lime. 3. Niagara Group, Wenlock Group. 2. Clinton Group. 1. Medina Sandstone. } Llandovery.
	Invertebrates,		Lower Silurian,		Trenton. Chazy. Calcuerous.	3. Hudson River beds Cincunati Group. Lower Llandovery. 2. Utica Shales. 1. Trenton Limestone. Caradoc and Bala Limestone. Black River Limestone. Chazy Limestone. Calculerous Sandrock. Magnesian stone.
Car					rian.	Lower, Middle, and Upper Cambrian.
Arc	hæan Period.		Eoz Azo	010	(dawn of life). (lileless),	1. Laurentian. Huronian.

Table of Magnetic Declinations

OR VARIATION OF COMPASS FOR JANUARY, 1913 - WITH THE ANNUAL CHANGE BETWEEN 1905 AND 1910 FOR THE PRINCIPAL PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES.

A plus (+) sign to the annual change denotes that the declination is increasing, and a minus (-) sign the reverse.

(Specially prepared for The World Almanac in the Office of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

STATE OR TERRITORY.	STATION.	Approximate Latitude.	Approximate Longitude.	Jan	Annual Change.	STATE OR TERRITORY.	STATION.	Approximate Latitude.	Approximate Longitude.	Variation January, 1913 Annual Change.
Ala	Montgomery Mobile Huntsville	30 42	0 / 86 18 88 3 86 35	4 31 E	- 1 + 1 - 1	Мо	Jefferson City St. Louis Kansas City	38 33	90 16	0 / / 7 7 E + 1 5 30 E 0 8 23 E + 2
Alaska	Sitka Kodiak St. Michael	57 48 63 29	$135 20 \\ 152 24 \\ 162 1$	30 7 E 23 57 E 21 17 E	+ 3 - 2 - 4 - 4	Neb	Helena Lincoln Omaha	46 37 40 49 41 16	96 42 95 58	20 22 E + 4 10 19 E + 2 9 43 E + 2
Ariz	Dutch Harbor. Kiska Prescott Yuma Nogales	51 59 34 34 32 44	182 28 112 30	7 50 E 14 54 E 14 45 E	- 5 + 5 + 5	N. H	Eureka Concord Trenton	39 31 43 12 40 13	115 58 71 29 74 44	17 35 E + 5 13 42W + 6 8 40W + 5
Ark Cal	Little Rock Sacramento San Francisco	34 44 38 34 37 48	92 16 121 30 122 25	6 38 E 17 49 E 18 9 E	$\begin{array}{c c} +1 \\ +5 \\ +5 \end{array}$	N. Y	Santa Fé	$\begin{array}{c} 42 & 40 \\ 40 & 43 \\ 42 & 27 \end{array}$	73 45 74 0 76 29	11 31 W + 6 9 36 W + 5 9 35 W + 5
Col Conn	Los Angeles San Diego Denver Hartford	32 43 39 45 41 46	$117 12 \\ 105 0 \\ 72 40$	15 10 E 14 46 E 11 12W	+ 5 + 3 + 6	1	Wilmington Bismarck	35 47 34 13 46 48	78 38 77 56 100 47	2 32W + 3 2 21W + 3 14 44 E + 2
Del Dist. of Col	New Haven Dover Washington	39 9 38 53	75 31 77 0	7 10W 5 34W	+ 5 + 4		Pembina Columbus Cleveland Cincinnati	40 0 41 30 35 8	83 0 81 42 84 25	0 35W + 2 3 20W + 2 0 31 E - 2
Florida Georgia.	Tallahassee Jacksonville Key West Atlanta	30 20 24 33 33 44	84 17 81 39 81 48 84 22	1 1 E 2 25 E 1 52 E	- 1 - 2 0 - 2	Oregon	Atoka Guthrie Portland Harrisburg	35 53 45 31	97 25 122 41	9 45 E + 2 22 20 E + 5
Idaho	Savannah Boisé Springfield Chicago	32 5 43 37 39 50	81 5 116 12 89 39	19 54 E 4 29 E 2 57 E	$\begin{array}{c c} + & 4 \\ & 0 \\ - & 1 \end{array}$	R. I	Philadelphia Allegheny Providence Columbia	40 29 41 50	80 1 71 24	8 10W + 5 4 12W + 4 12 42W + 6 0 20W + 3
Indiana Iowa	Indianapolis Fort Wayne Des Moines Keokuk.	41 3 41 36	86 8 85 3 93 36 91 23	0 5W 8 2 E	+2		Yankton	44 22 42 53	79 56 100 22 97 25	0 35W + 3 12 14 E + 2
Kansas Ky	Topeka	39 2 38 28 38 4	95 43	9 24 E 11 15 E 0 36 E 4 29 E	+ 2 + 2 - 2 0	Tex	Knoxville Memphis Austin San Antonio	35 58 35 8 30 17	83 55 90 3 97 44	0.4W + 2
La	Louisville Baton Rouge New Orleans Shreveport	38 15 30 27 30 0	85 46 91 11 90 5	1 47 E 6 8 E 5 38 E	$\begin{array}{c c} -2 \\ +2 \\ +1 \end{array}$		Houston	29 47 29 18 31 46	95 20 94 47 106 29	8 10 E + 2 7 50 E + 2 12 28 E + 4
	Bangor Portland Eastport	44 48 43 39 44 54	68 48 70 17 66 59	17 57 W 15 22 W 19 42 W	+ 6 + 6 + 6	Vt	Ogden Montpelier Burlington	41 13 44 15 44 28	$\begin{array}{ccc} 112 & 0 \\ 72 & 32 \\ 73 & 12 \end{array}$	18 8 E + 4 14 27 W + 6 13 12 W + 6
Mass	Annapolis Baltimore Boston Pittsfield	39 16 42 22 42 27	76 35 71 4 73 17	13 52 W 11 57 W	+ 4 + 6 + 6		Richmond Norfolk Lynchburg Olympia	36 52 37 25 47 2	76 17 79 9 122 54	23 10 E + K
Minn	Lansing Detroit Marquette St. Paul	42 21 46 33 44 58	93 5	8 1 E	$\frac{-2}{+1}$		Walla Walla Charleston Wheeling Madison	38 21 40 3 43 4	81 38 80 44 89 25	21 59 E + 5 2 22W + 3 2 50W + 2 4 33 E - 1
	Duluth Jackson Oxford	46 46 32 19	92 4 90 12	6 45 E	+ 0 + 1		Milwaukee La Crosse Cheyenne	43 4 43 50	87 53 91 14	2 57 E - î 5 40 E

EXTREME_VALUES.

Maine N. E. Corner							
\$65							
DEPENDENCIES.							
Cuba							
Santiago							
Porto San Jun							
processing the state of the sta							

Latitude and Longitude Table.

(LONGITUDE RECKONED FROM GREENWICH.) Specially prepared for The World Almanac.

0 1 11	H M. S.	0 1 11	H. M. S
Acapulco, Mex. 16 50 56 N. Adelaide, S. Australia* 34 55 38 S. Aden, Arabia. 12 46 40 N. Albany, N. Y.* 42 39 13 N. Algiers* 36 475 50 N. Allegheny, Pa.* 40 27 42 N. Alexandria, Egypt 31 11 43 N. Ambersi, Mass. 42 22 17 N. Ann Arbor, Mich. 42 16 48 N. Antipodes Island 49 42 0 S. Apia, Samoa 13 48 56 S.	6 39 41.8 W.	Madison, Wis.*	5 57 37.8 W.
Adelaide, S. Australia*, 34 55 38 S.	9 14 20 3 E.	Madras, India* 13 4 8 N.	5 20 59 4 E.
Aden. Arabia	2 59 55.8 E.	Madrid, Spain*402430 N	0 14 45. 4 W.
Albany N V *	4 55 6.8 W.	Manua Lt 14 35 25 N	8 3 50.0 E.
Algiers* 36.4750 N	012114E	Marsailles* 43 18 18 N	0 21 34 6 E
Alloghany Pa * 40 97 49 N	5 20 2.9 W.	Marseilles*	9 39 54 1 E
Atoxondrio Frant 31 11 42 N	1 59 26.7 E. 4 50 4.7 W. 5 34 55.2 W.	Morroe (otty)* 10.96 9 N	6 36 26 7 W.
Applead Moss 4 12 22 17 N	4 50 4 7 W	Monucoute Liberto 610 5 N	6 36 26 7 W. 0 43 15 7 W. 4 54 18 7 W.
Annuelsi, mass,	5 24 55 O W	Montovia, Liberia 013 J N.	4 5 4 10 7 W
Alli Aroor, Mich 42 10 48 N.	0 34 33. 2 W.	Montreal, Que,45 30 17 N	4 04 18 / W.
Annapolis, Md38 58 54 N.	5 5 56.5 W.	Moscow* 35 45 20 N	2 30 17.2 E
Antipodes Island49 42 0 S.	11 54 52.3 E.	Montreal, Que *	8 634 1 W.
Apia, Samoa	11 26 59.7 E.	Munich'	04626.1 E
Archangel, Russia64 32 6 N	2 42 14 0 E.	Nain, Labrador 56 32 51 N	4 642 7 W. 057 18E
Armagh, Ireland54 21 13 N	0 26 35, 4 W,	Naples*	057 18E
Aspinwall, S. A., Lt 922 9 N.	5 19 39 0 W.	Nashville, Tenn. *36 854 N.	5 47 12.0 W.
Armangel, Russia	8 15 18.8 W.	Naples*	5 9 27.8 W.
Athens, Greece*37 58 21 N.	134549E.	Natal, S. Africa*29 50 47 S. New Haven Ct. *41 18 36 N.	2 4 1.2 E
Attu Island, Alaska,52 56 1 N.	11 32 49.6 E	New Haven Ct *41 18 36 N.	4 51 42 1 W.
Bahia, Brazil 13 0 37 S. Baltimore, Md 39 17 48 N.	2 34 8.4 W.	INEW Orleans (MINI) 29 57 46 N	6 013.9 W.
Battimore, Md 39 17 48 N.	5 6 26 0 W	New York (Colu Col.)* 40 45 23 N	4 55 53.6 W.
Batavia, Java 6 7 40 S. Belize, Honduras 17 29 20 N.	2 34 8,4 W. 5 6 26.0 W. 7 7 13 7 E.	New York (Colu. Col.)* 40 45 23 N Nice. France*	0 29 12.2 E.
Rolling Hondurgs 17 29 20 N	5 52 46. 7 W.	Norfolk Va (NavyVd) 36 49 33 N	5 511.0 W.
Belle Isle. Lt	3 41 29.5 W.	North Cone 71 11 0 N	1 42 40.0 E.
Postus Prussia 59 20 17 N	0 53 34.9 E.	North field Minn # 44 97 49 N	61235.8 W.
Demonds Deals Vand 29 10 91 N	4 19 18.3 W	O loose Dunning 40 90 97 N	2 3 2.2 E.
Dombourt 100k 1 atd. 32 15 24 N	4 51 15.7 E.	Occion Titob# 4112 P.N.	7 27 59 6 W.
Bombay*	4 51 15, 7 E, 0 28 23, 3 E.	Oguen, Utan41 15 6 N.	12109 6 W.
Bonn. Germany 50 45 45 N		Oxiora, Eng. (Univ.)"ol 40 04 N	0 5 0.4 W
Bordeaux, France44 50 17 N.	0 2 5 4 W.	North Cape. 71 11 0 N. North Cape. 71 11 0 N. Northfield. Minn.*44 27 42 N. Odessa, Russia*46 28 37 N. Ogden, Utah*41 13 8 N. Oxtord. Eng. (Univ.)*51 45 34 N. Panama 12 65 9 8.	518 8.8 W.
Boston State House 42 21 28 N.	4 44 15.3 W.	Para, Brazil 1 26 59 S.	314 00 W.
Bridgetown Barbadoes 13 5 42 N.	3 58 29.3 W.	Paris France*	0 920.9 E
Brussels, Beigium*50 51 10 N. Buenos Ayres34 36 30 S. Calcutta22 33 25 N.	0 17 28 6 E. 3 53 28 9 W.	Pensacola, Fla., Lt30 20 47 N.	5 49 14 1 W.
Buenos Ayres34 36 30 S.	3 53 28.9 W.	Pernambuco, Brazil Lt. 8 3 22 S.	2 19 27.8 W.
Calcutta	5 53 20.7 E.	Port au Prince, Hayti 18 33 54 N.	4 49 28 0 W.
Callao, Peru, Lt12 4 3 S.	5 9 3.0 W.	Philadelphia, Pa. *39 57 7 N.	5 038 5 W.
Cambridge, Eng *52 12 52 N.	0 0 22.7 E.	Philadelphia, Pa.*39 57 7 N. Point Barrowt71 27 0 N. Portland Me43 39 28 N.	10 25 0.0 W.
Cambridge, Mass. *42 22 48 N	4 44 31.0 W.	Portland. Me 43 39 28 N.	441 12W.
Canton, China	7 33 46.3 E	Port Louis, Mauritius20 8 46 S.	4 41 1 2 W. 3 49 57 7 E.
Cape Cod. Mass., Lt42 221 N.	4 40 14, 6 W.	Port Said, Egypt, Lt 31 15 45 N.	2 915.5 E.
C. Hatteras, N. C., Lt., 35 15 14 N.	5 2 5.0 W.	Port Spain, Trinidad103839 N.	4 6 2 5 W.
Calcutta 22 33 25 N. Callao. Peru, Lt. 12 4 3 S. Cambridge, Eng * 52 12 52 N. Cambridge, Mass. * 42 22 48 N. Canton, China 23 6 35 N. Cape Cod. Mass. Lt 42 221 N. Cape Henry, Va., Lt 36 55 29 N. Cape Horn 55 58 41 S.	5 2 5.0 W. 5 4 2.0 W.	Port Louis, Mauritus20 8 46 S. Port Said, Egypt. Lt 31 15 45 N. Port Spain, Trinidad10 38 39 N. P. Stanley, Falkland Is, 51 41 10 S.	3 51 26.0 W.
Cape Horn	4 29 5 0 W.	P. Stauley, Falkland Is. 51 41 10 8 Prague, Bohemai 50 5 19 N. Princeton, N. J. * 40 20 58 N. Providence, R. I. * 41 49 46 N. Quebec, Que * 46 47 59 N. Richmond, Va 37 32 16 N. Rio de Janetro* 22 54 24 8. Rochester, N. Y. * 43 9 17 N. Rome, Italy* 41 53 54 N. Sangon, Cochin-China* 10 46 47 N. San Diego, Cal 32 43 6 N.	0 57 40 3 E.
Cape May. N. J., Lt.,38 55 56 N.	4 59 50. 7 W.	Princeton, N. J. *40 20 58 N.	4 58 37.5 W.
Cape Good Hope, Lt., 34 21 12 S.	1 13 58.0 E.	Providence, R. I. * 41 49 46 N.	4 45 37.5 W.
Cane Prince of Wales 65 33 30 N	11 11 56, 8 W.	Onebec One * 46 47 59 N	4 44 52,6 W.
Charleston S.C. Lt324144 N	5 19 32.0 W.	Richmond, Va 37 32 16 N	5 9 44.0 W.
Charlottetown, P. E. I46 13 55 N	4 12 27.5 W.	Rio de Taneiro* 22.54.24.8	2 52 41, 4 W.
Charlottetown, P. E. 1. 46 13 50 N Cherbourg, France. 49 38 54 N. Chicago, Ill.* 41 50 1 N. Christiania, Nor *59 54 44 N. Chicinnati, O. *39 8 19 N. Clintton N. Y *43 317 N. Colombo, Ceylon. 65 54 0 N. Constantinople. 41 030 N. Conephagen*55 4113 N.	0 6 32.5 W.	Rochester N V * 43 917 N	5 10 21.8 W.
Chicago III * 4150 1 N	5 50 26.7 W.	Rome Italy* 41.53.54 N	0 49 55 6 E.
Christiania Nor * 59 54 41 N	0 42 53. 8 E.	Sargon Cochin-China* 10 46 47 N	7 6 48.7 E.
Cincinnati O * 30 8 19 N	5 37 41.3 W.	San Diego Cal 39 43 6 N	7 648.7 E. 74838.7 W,
Chuton N V * 43 317 N	5 1 37.4 W.	San Diego, Cal 32 43 6 N. Sandy Hook, N. J., Lt., 40 27 40 N.	4 56 0.6 W.
Colombo Carlon 655 40 N	5 19 21. 9 E.	San Francisco, Cal. *37 47 28 N.	8 9 42.8 W.
Constantinonio 41 030 N	1 56 3 7 E.	San Juan de Porto Rico. 18 28 56 N.	4 24 29 8 W.
Copenhagen*55 41 13 N.	0 50 18.8 E.	Santian de Porto Mco. 10 20 00 IV.	5 3 22.0 W.
	3 52 46.0 W.	Santiago de Cuba20 016 N. Savannah Ga32 452 N.	5 94 91 7 W
Demerara(Geo townLt) 6 49 20 N. Denver. Col. *39 40 36 N.		Seattle, Wash473554 N.	5 24 21, 7 W. 8 9 19 9 W.
Deliver, Col. "	6 59 47, 6 W, 0 25 21, 1 W,	Seattle, Wash	8 5 55 7 E.
Dublin Treiand	0 29 21.1 W.	Shanghai, China31 14 42 N.	6 5 55 7 E.
Dublin Ireland*53 23 13 N. Edinburgh*55 57 23 N. Esquimault, B.CLt 48 25 40 N.	0 12 43.1 W	Singapore	6 55 25 0 E.
Esquimault, B. C., Lt., 48 25 40 N.	8 13 47.1 W.	St. Helena Island 1555 U.S.	0 22 52.0 W,
- Father Point Que . Lt . 48 51 25 N.	4 33 49.2 W.	St. John's, Newlo land 4734 2 N	3 30 43.6 W
Fayal Azores	1 54 16.0 W.	St. Louis, Mo. *	6 0 49. I W.
Fernandina, Fla	5 25 51.1 W.	St. Petersburg, Russia*, 59 56 30 N.	2 113.5 E.
Florence, Italy*	0 45 1 5 E 1 7 35 6 W.	Stockholm*	1 12 14.0 E.
Funchal. Madeira3238 4 N.	1 7356W.	Suakim, E. Airica, Lt 19 7 0 N.	2 29 16.6 E.
Galveston. Tex 29 18 17 N Geneva. Switzerland* 46 11 59 N Glasgow, Scotland* 55 52 43 N Gibraltar 36 6 30 N	6 19 9 7 W.	Sydney, N. S. W. *33 51 41 S	10 449.5 E.
Geneva, Switzerland* 46 11 59 N.	0 24 36 8 E 0 17 10 6 W 0 21 23 3 W	Tokio, Japan' 35 39 17 N	918580E.
Glasgow, Scotland*55 52 43 N.	0 17 10.6 W.	Tunis (Goletia Lt.) 36 48 36 N	0 41 14.5 E.
Gibraltar36 630 N.	0 21 23 3 W	Utrecht, Netherlands* 52 5 10 N.	0 20 31. 7 E.
Greenwich. Eng * 51 28 38 N	0.0.00 -	Tunis (Goletta Lt.) 36 48 36 N Utrecht, Netherlands* 52 5 10 N Valparaiso, Chile33 1 53 S	4 46 34.8 W
Halifax, N.S44 39 38 N.	4 14 21 1 W.	l Venice Italy* . 45.26 III N	04922.1 E.
Hamburg, Ger. * 53 33 7 N.	0 39 53.8 E.	Vera Cruz, Mex., Lt 1912 29 N	6 24 31 8 W.
Hanover, N. H. * 43 42 15 N	4 49 7.9 W	Vera Cruz, Mex., Lt 1912 29 N Victoria, B.C., Lt 48 25 26 N	8 13 33 8 W.
Gibraltar 35 6 30 N Greenwich, Eng *	4 49 7.9 W. 5 29 26 0 W.	Vienna Austria' 4d 13 55 N	8 13 33 8 W. 1 5 21 5 E.
Hobart Town, Tas42 53 25 8	9 49 20 5 E.	Warsaw, Russia* 52 13 6 N	124 74E.
Hong Kong, China' 22 18 12 N	7 36 41. 9 E.	Washington, D.C38 55 15 N	5 815.7 W.
	10 31 28 0 W.	Wellington, N Z. *41 IS 1 S	11 39 6 5 E.
Key West, Fla. Lt243258 N	5 27 12 3 W	West Point N V * 41 23 22 N	4 55 50 6 W.
Key West, Fla., Lt24 32 58 N. Kingston Jamaica, J17 57 41 N.	. 5 7 10 7 W	Williamstown, Mass. * 42 42 30, N.	4 52 50, 4 W.
Lisbon, Portugal'38 42 31 N	5 7 10.7 W. 0 36 44 7 W. 0 12 17.3 W.	Williamstown, Mass.* 42 42 30 N. Yokohama, Japan35 26 24 N. Zanzibar (E. Consulate) 6 9 43 S.	9 18 36.9 E.
Liverpool*	0 12 17 3 W	Zanzibac (E. Consulate) 6 9 43 8	2 36 44, 7 E.
A S. POOL	3 1.0	, (2) 002300000 0 0 10 0.	

Branch

Races of Mankind.

THE following is compiled from the arrangement by Ethnologist Figuler and others:

WHITE RACE, Teutonic Family......Scandinavians, Germans, English. Latin Family French, Spaniards, Italiaus, Moldo-Wallachians, Slavonian Family Russians, Finns, Bulgarians, Servians, Magyars, Croats, European Slavonian Family.....Russians, Finns, Bulgarians. Tchecks, Poles, Lithuanians. Brauch. Greek Family....... Greeks, Albanians, Libyan Family...... Egyptians, Berbers, Semitic Family Arabs, Jews, Syrians Aramean Persian Family Persians, Afghans, Kurds, Armenians, Ossetines. Branch. Georgian Family Georgians. Circassian Family Circassians, Mingrelians. YELLOW RACE Hyperborean { Lapp Family........Samoiede, Kamtsehadale, Esquimau, Tenissian, Jukaghirite, and Koriak Families Mongol Family Mongols, Kalmucks, Buriats, Tunguse Family. Tunguses, Manchus, Mongolian Turk Family..... Turcomans, Kirghis, Nogays, Osmanlis. Branch. Yakut Family Yaknus. Chinese Family..... Chinese, Japanese Family...... Japanese, Indo-Chinese Family... Burmese, Siamese. Sinaic Brauch. BROWN RACE. Hindoo Family......Sikhs, Jats, Rajpoots, Mahrattas, Bengalese, Cingalese, Malabar Family.......Malabars, Tamais, Telingas. Hindoo Branch. Aoyssinian Family, Advissinians, Berabras, Gallas, Fellan Family, Fellans, Malay Family, Malays, Javanese, Battas, Roo Ethiopian Branch. Malay Family Malays, Javanese, Battas, Bongis, Maccassars, Dyaks, Togals, Polynesian Family Maoris, Tongas, Tanitians, Pomotouans, Marquesans, Sand-Malav wichians. Branch. Micronesian Family ... Ladrone, Caroline, and Mulgrave Islanders. RED RACE. (Andian Family Quichuas (or Incas). Antis, Andians, Araucanians. Pampean Family...... Patagomans, Puelches, Charruas, Tobas, Moxas, Abipous, etc. Southern Branch. Guarani Family......Guaranis, Bocotudos, Southern Family.......Aztecs, Mayas, Lencas, Othomis, Tarascas, etc. Northeastern Family. Cherokees, Hurons, Iroquois, Sioux, Apaches, Comanches, Northern Creeks, etc. Northwestern Family. Chinooks, Digger Indians, Nootkans, etc. Branch. BLACK RACE. Caffre Family... Western Hottentot Family Branco Negro Family..... Fijians, New Caledonians, etc. Eastern

Earthquake Areas of the Earth.

{ Andaman Family.....Andamans, Australians.

MAJOR DE MONTESSUS DE BALORE, after years of labor, has drawn up a catalogue of 130,000 shocks, of which trustworthy details have been procured, and this indicates with some scientific accuracy how the symptoms of seismic activity are manifested over the earth's surface. The period of observation includes generally the last fifty years; but there is no reason to suppose that a longer time would materially affect the proportionate numbers. The appended figures, drawn from M. de Montessus's statistics, will give an idea of the general result:

Arga.	Earin- quakes.	AREA.	Earth- quakes.	AREA.	Earth quakes.
Scandinavia	646	Greece	10,306	United States, Atlantic	
		Russia		coast	
		Asia Minor		Mexico	
Spain and Portugal	2.656	ludia	813	Central America	2,739
		Japan	27.562	West Indies	
Italy	27.672	Africa	179	South America	8.081
Holland and North Ger-	.,	Atlantic Islands	1,704	Java	2,155
many	2,326	United States, Pacific		Australia and Tasmania.	
Sicily	4.331	coast	4,467	New Zealand	1,925

The most shaken countries of the world are Italy, Japan, Greece, South America (the Pacific coast), Java, Sicily, and Asia Minor. The lands most free from these convulsions are Africa. Australia. Russia, Siberia, Scaudinavia, and Canada. As a rule, where earthquakes are most frequent they are most severe. But to this general statement there are exceptions—Indian shocks, though less numerous, being often very dististrous. Loss of life in many cases, depends, however, on density less numerous, being often very disastrous. Loss of life in many cases depends, however, on density of population rather than on the intensity of the earth movement. Numerically, also, France has registered more seismic tremors than Spain and Portugal, but France in historic times has experienced no earthquage disaster approaching the navoc wrought by the one calamity at Lisbon.

Thermometers.

COMPARATIVE SCALES.

	C	Fahr-	İ
Reau-	Centi-	ennst,	
mur,	grade,	2120	
80%	100	412.	WATER BOILS
	-05	200	AT SEA-
76	95	203	LEVEL.
72	90	194	
68	85	185	
63.1	78.9	174	
60	75	167	Alcohol Boils.
56	70	158	
52	65	149	
48	60	140	
44	55	131	
42.2	52.8	127	Tallow Meits.
40	50	122	
36	45	113	
33.8	42.2	108	
32	40	104	
29.3	36.7	98	Blood Heat.
28	35	95	Biood Heat.
25.8	32.2	90	
24	30	86	
21.3	26.7	80	
20	25	77	
16	20	68	
12.4	15.3	60	Pomporato
10.2	12.8	55	l'emperate.
		50	
8 5.8	10	45	
	7. 2		
4	9 -	41	
1.3	1.7	35	
0	0	32	WATER
- 0.9	- 1.1	30	FREEZES.
- 4	- 5	23	
- 5.3	- 6.7	20	
- 8	-10	14	
-9.8	-12.2	10	
-12	-15	5	
-14.2	-17.8	υ	ZERO Fahr.
-16	20	- 4	
-20	-25	-13	
-24	-30	-22	
-28	-35	-31	
-32	-40	-40	

Rules for Foretelling the Weather.

ADAPTED FOR USE WITH ANEROID BAROMETERS.

A RISING BAROMETER

A RAPID rise indicates unsettled weather, A gradual rise indicates settled weather.

A rise with dry air and cold increasing in Summer indicates wind from the northward; and if rain has failen, better weather may be expected.

A rise with moist air and a low temperature indicates wind and rain from the northward,

A rise with southerly winds indicates fine weather.

A STEADY BAROMETER.

With dry air and seasonable temperature indicates a continuance of very fine weather.

A FALLING BAROMETER.

A rapid fall indicates stormy weather.

A rapid fail with westerly wind indicates stormy weather from the northward.

A fall with a northerly wind indicates storm, with rain and hall in Summer, and snow in Winter A fall with increased moisture in the air, and heat increasing,

indicates wind and rain from the southward.

A tail with dry air and cold increasing in Winterindicates snow.

A fall after very caim and warm weather indicates rain with squally weather.
The parometer rises for northerly winds, including from northwest by north to the eastward for dry, or less wet weather, for less

wind, or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions, when cain, hall, or snow comes from the northward with strong wind The parometer falls for southerly wind, including from southeast by south to the westward, for wet weather, for stronger wind or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions.

when moderate wind, with rain or snow, comes from the northward. The above printed rules are in use by the Seawanhaka Corin-

DURATION OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF WEATHER IN THE SEVERAL STORMS-VICINITY OF NEW YORK.

CRITICAL WINDS.	Clear Hours.	Cloudy Hours,	Rain Hours.	Clearing Hours
South to Southwest	9	13.4	8.3 15.6	14
East to Northeast	20	17.6	31	20.6

WEATHER WISDOM.

thian Yacut Cluo of New York.

SUNSET COLORS.-A gray, lowering sinset, or one where the sky is green or vellowish-green, indicates rain. A red sunrise, with clouds lowering later in the morning, also indicates rain.

HALO (SUN DOGS).-By halo we mean the large circles, or parts of circles, about the sun or moon. A halo occurring after fine weather indicates a storm.

CORONA.-By this term we mean the small colored circles frequently seen around the sun or moon. A corona growing smaller indicates rain; growing larger, fair weather.

RAINBOWS.-A morning rainbow is regarded as a sign of rain; an evening rainbow of fair weather.

SKY COLOR.-A deep-blue color of the sky, even when seen through clouds, indicates fair weather; a growing wniteness, an approaching storm.

FOGS. - Fogs indicate settled weather. A morning fog usually breaks away before noon.

VINIBILITY.-Unusual clearness of the atmosphere, unusual brightness or twinkling of the stars indicate rain.

FROST.-The first frost and last frost are usually preceded by a temperature very much above the mean.

OBJECTS VISIBLE AT SEA-LEVEL IN CLEAR WEATHER,

The following table shows the distance at sea-level at which objects are visible at certain elevations

ELEVATION-FEET.	Miles.	ELEVATION-FEET.	Miles.	ELEVATION-FEET.	Miles.
1	1.31 2.96 3.24 3.49 3.73 3.96 4.18 5.92 6.61	30 35 40 15 50 60 70 80	7 83 8 37 8 87 9 35 10 25 11 07	90 100 150 203 300 500 1 000 1 mile	$\frac{22}{2\pi} \frac{91}{58}$

Normal Temperature and Rainfall.

TABLE SHOWING THE NORMAL TEMPERATURE FOR JANUARY AND JULY, AND THE NORMAL ANNUAL PRECIPITATION AT WEATHER BUREAU STATIONS IN EACH OF THE STATES AND TERRITORIES, ALSO THE HIGHEST AND LOWEST TEMPERATURES EVER REPORTED FROM EACH OF SAID STATIONS, TO JANUARY 1, 1912.

(Prepared in the office of the Chief of the Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, for The World Almanac for 1913.)

THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1918.)													
ø.*		TEN	1PF	ERAT	TURE	n,	y.		TE	4PI	CRAT	TURE	n,
TORIE		Меа	an.	tre	Ex- mes.	pitatio ow (inc	товін		Mea	ın.		x- mes.	pitatio ow (inc
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Stations.	January.	July.	Highest.	Lowest.	Mean Annual Precipitation, Rain and Melted Snow (inches)	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Stations.	January.	duly.	Ilighest.	lowest.	Mean Annual Precipitation, Rain and Melted Snow (inches)
Ala	Birmingham Mobile Montgomery	50 48	$\frac{80}{81}$	$104 \\ 102 \\ 107$	-10 - 1 - 5	$\begin{array}{c} 19.5 \\ 62.0 \\ 51.2 \end{array}$	Mont	Kalispell Miles City North Platte Omaha	20 14 21	64 73 74	$96 \\ 111 \\ 107$	-49	16.9 13.2 18.9 30.7
Ariz	Flagstaff Phœnix Yuma	50 55	65 90 91	$93 \\ 119 \\ 120 \\ 108$	$-22 \\ 12 \\ 22$	23. 0 7. 9 3. 1	Neb Nevada	Valentine Winnemucca				-32 -38 -28	8.4
Ark		41	$\frac{81}{82}$	$\frac{106}{115}$	-10 -12	$\frac{41.3}{49.9}$	N. C	{ ('harlotte Hatteras Wilmington	40 46 46	79 79 79	107 106 104 102 93 103 107	- 5 8 5	$\frac{49.2}{60.8}$ 51.0
Cal	Los Angeles	54 45 46 54	70 S2 72 67	109 115 110 101	28 18 19 32	9.7 15.6 25.0 20.1 10.0 22.3	N. Dak N. H N. J	{ Bismarck	21 32 34	$\frac{69}{72}$	102 99 96	-35 -7	17.6 15.1 40.1 40.8
Col	Grand Junction. Pueblo	29 25 29	72 79 74	$105 \\ 104 \\ 104$	-29 16	14.0	N. Mex	(Poswall	39 28 22 23	69	$110 \\ 97 \\ 104$	$-29 \\ -13 \\ -24$	15.8 14.5 36.4
Conn D. C	New Haven Washington (Jacksonville,	33 54	47	100 104 104	-27 -14 -15 10	$47.2 \\ 43.5 \\ 53.2$	N. Y	Binghamton Buffalo New York City	$\frac{25}{30}$	$\frac{70}{74}$	98 95 100	$-26 \\ -14 \\ -6$	$32.9 \\ 37.3 \\ 44.6$
Florida	Jupiter	64 69 52 57	81 81 80	96 100 103 96	41 7	56. 2 53. 1	Ohio	Cincinnati Columbus	24 32 29 26	70, 78 75 74	100 105	$^{-23}_{-17}$	36.2 38.3
Georgia	Atlanta Augusta Savannah	46 50	$\frac{80}{80}$	100 105 105	2518	19.4 17.9 50.3	Okla Oregon	Oklahoma Portland Roseburg	39	66.	108 102 106 96	-17 -2 -6	30.6 31.7 45.1 34.4
Idaho	{ Boisé Pocatello (Cairo	07.1		$111 \\ 102 \\ 106$	-28[-20] -16	12.7 12.9	Ра	Erie Philadelphia Pittsburgh	32	76 75	103 103	- 6	00.0
Illinois Indiana	Chicago Springfield	24 26 28	72 76	103 107	-233	33.3	R. I S. C	Charleston	31	68	62 104	- 4 7	44.4 52.1
Iowa	Indianapolis Des Moines Dubuque	20 18	76 75	106 103 107 106 109	-30 -32	32.4 34.0	S. Dak	Huron Pierre Yankton	14 16	75 75	108 110 107	-40 -34 -10	16.6 25.4
Kansas	(Keokuk Concordia Dodge		78 78	110	-24 -25 -30 -32 -27 -25 -26 -22	27. 5 20. 8	Tenn	{Chattanooga Memphis Nashville	40	81 79	104	- 9 -13	50.3 48.5
	Louisville	30 34 53	79 79 81	107 107 102	$^{-22}_{-20}$	30.6 14.3 57.4		Abilene	43 34 44	82 76 80	$110 \\ 105 \\ 113$	-16	$\frac{24.7}{22.6}$
La	New Orleans Shreveport Eastport Portland	46 8 20 6	$\frac{52}{50}$	110		57. 4 45. 7 43. 3 42. 5	Texas	Galveston Palestine San Antonio	53 46	83	108	- 6	47.1 43.0
Md	Baltimore Boston	33 27 19	77	104	-17 -7 -13 -27 -24 -24	13.4	Utah Vt	Salt Lake City { Burlington Northfield	51 29 16	58	102 100 98	-20 -27	16.0 31.6 33.8
Mich	Alpena Detroit Marquette	16	55 1	LOSI.	-278 -278 -258	32. 2 32. 6	Va	Lynchourg Norfolk	15 36 40	77	102 102	- 6 2	43.4 49.5 36.6
Minn	Duluth	$\frac{22}{10}6$	56	99	-47 9	20 0	Wash	Spokane	39 (27 (33)	39] 74]	96 104 113 -		
	Vicksburg Kansas City.	12 7 47 26 7 31 7	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 8 & 1 \end{array}$	01 -	$ \begin{array}{r} -48 \ 2 \\ -41 \ 2 \\ -1 \ 5 \\ -22 \ 3 \end{array} $	3.7 3.7	W. Va	Elkins Parkersburg La Crosse	317	76 J	$\begin{vmatrix} 97 \\ 102 \\ 04 \end{vmatrix}$	-30 -17 -21 -27 -43 -25	$\frac{12.8}{40.2}$
Mo					-22 8 -22 8 -29 4	4 0	VV 15	Milwankee (Cheyenne	20 26	0 1	00 -	$ \begin{array}{c c} -25 & 3 \\ -38 & 3 \end{array} $	31. 4 13. 6
Mont	Havre Helena	14 6 20 6	7 1	03 -	-55 1 -42 1	3 4 L	Wyo	Lander & Wash- akie	17	8 1	00	<u>-54</u> 1	13.9

The minus (-) sign indicates temperature below zero.

Temperature and Rainfall of Foreign Cities.

	Mean	Annual	1	Mean	Annual		Mean	Annual
	Annual	Average		Annual	Average		Annual	Average
CITY OR PLACE.		Rainfall	CITY OR PLACE.	Temper-	Rainfall	CITY OR PLACE.	Temper-	Rainfall
	ature.	Inches.		ature.	Inches.		ature.	Inches.
		-			1			
Alexandria	69.0	10	Florence	59.2	41	Naples	60.3	30
Algiers	64.3	27	Frankfort			Nice	58.0	29
Amsterdam	49.9		Geneva	52.7	32	Odessa	48.0	1
					47		81.0	71
Archangel	23.0		Genoa	61.1	4 (Para		1 71
Astrakhan	50.1	6	Glasgow	49.8	44	Paris	51.3	22
Athens	63.0		Hamburg	47.0		Peking	53.0	27
Bagdad	74.0		Havana	79.1	91	Port Said		2
Barcelona	63.0		Hongkong	73.0	101	Prague	50.2	14
Berlin	48.2	24	Honolulu	75.0	1 1	Quebec	40.3	
Bermuda	72.0	55	Iceland	39.0	30	Quito	60.9	
Berne	46.0	46	Jerusalem	62.6	16	Rio de Janeiro	77.2	29
Birmingham	48.2		Lima	73.3		Rome	60.5	31
Bombay	$\tilde{s}\tilde{1}.\tilde{3}$	75	Lisbon	61.4	27	Rotterdam	51.0	23
Bordeaux	57.0	30	London	50.8	25	San Domingo	81.3	108
Brussels	50.0	29	Lyons	53.0	28	Shanghai	59.0	
	51.9	17	Madeira	66.0	25	Smyrna	60.0	24
Budapest	62.8	1	Madrid	58.2	29		39.6	17
Buenos Ayres			Madrid			St. Petersburg		
Cairo	72 2	1	Malta	66.0	20	Stockholm	42.3	20
Calcutta	82.4	76	Manchester	48.8	36	Sydney	65.8	49
Canton	71.0	39	Manila	78. 4		The Hague	52.0	
Cape Town	62.0	23	Maranham		277	Tobolsk	32.0	
Cayenue		116	Marseilles	58.3	23	Tokio	56.4	58
Cherrapongee*		610	Melbourne	57.0	29	Trieste	55.0	43
Christiania	41.5		Mexico	60.9		Valdivia	52.0	106
Constantinople	56.5		Milan		38	Valparaiso	64.0	
Copenhagen	46.6	19	Montevideo		44	Venice	55.4	
Delhi	77.0	24	Montreal	44.6		Vera Cruz	77.0	180
Dublin	50.1	29	Moscow	40.0		Vienna	51.0	19
Dublin		38	Manigh	40.0		v Ienna	51.0	19
Edinburgh	47.1	38	Munich	48.4			1)

* In Southwestern Assam. It is the wettest place in the world. In 1861 the rainfall there reached

905 inches.
Note—The mean annual temperature of the globe is 50° Fabr. The average rainfall is 36 inches.

Greatest Altitude in Bach State and Territory.

FROM	1 THE RECORDS OF THE	E UNIT	EDSTATES G	EOLOGICAL SURVEY.
STATE OR TERRITORY.	Name of Place.		TERRITORY.	Name of Place, Heig't Feet.
Alabama	Cheaha Mt. (Talladega Co.).	$\frac{2.407}{20.300}$	Montana	Granite Peak (Carbon Co.). 12.850 S. W. part Banner Co 5,350
Arizoua	San Francisco Mt. (Coco-	1 1	Nevada	Wheeler Peak (White Pine Co.) 13,058
Arkansas	Blue Mt. (Polk-Scott Co.)	1.2.800	N. Hampshire.	Mt. Washington (Coos Co.) 6,293
	Mt. Whitney (Inyo-Tulare	14.501	New Mexico	High Point (Sussex Co.) 1,809 N. Truchas Peak (Rio Arri-
Connecticut	Mt. Elbert (Lake Co.) Bear Mt. (Litchfield Co.)	2,355	New York	ba ('o.)
Delaware D. of Columbia	Centerville (Newcastle Co.) Fenley (Northwest)	440 421	North Carolina North Dakota	Mt. Mitchell (Yancey Co.) 6.711 Summit in Bowman Co 3.500
Florida	Mt. Pleasant (Gadsden Co.) Brasstown Bald (Towns-	301	Ohio	Bellefontaine (Logan Co.) 1,540 West end of Cimarron Co 4,750
-	Union Co.)	4.768	Oregon	Mt. Hood (Clackamas— Wasco Co.)
Idaho	Hyndman Peak (Blaine-) ' (Pennsylvania	Blue Knob (Bedford Co.) 3.136
Illinois	Custer Co.) Charles Mound (J. Daviess		Porto Rico	Mt. Apo
	Co.)	1.210		Durfee Hill (Providence Co.)
Kansas	Primghar (O'Brien Co.) On West Boundary	4.135	South Carolina South Dakota	Sassafras Mt
Kentucky Louisiana	Big Black Mt. (Harlan Co.) Claiborne Co	4,100		Co.)
Maine	Katahdin Mt. (Piscataquis		Texas	El Capitan (El Paso Co.) 9.020 Kings Peak (Wasatch Co.). 13.498
	Backbone Mt. (GarrettCo.) Mt. Greylock (BerkshireCo.)	3.340	Vermont	Mt. Mansfield
Michigan	Porcupine Mt. (Ontonagon		Washington	Mt. Rainier (Pierce Co.) 14,363
Minnesota	Co.). Mesibi Range(St. Louis Co.)	$\frac{2,023}{2,400}$	west virginia	Spruce Knob (Pendleton Co.)
Mississippi	Co.)	600	Wyoming	Gannett Peak (Fremont
	Taum Sauk Mt. (Iron Co.).			13,785

The lowest point of dry land in United States is in Death Valley, Cal., 276 feet below sea level.

NOTE.—The above table was prepared for The World Almanac by the Topographic branch of the United States Geological Survey. It should be stated in connection with this table that it presents only points whose heights are matters of record, and that in several cases in the high mountain region of the far West and the Pacific Slope it is well known that there are higher points within the State or Territory whose heights are not yet known with accuracy, and consequently cannot be given.

This table was revised by the United States Geological Survey to October 1, 1912.

Watather Flags

OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ACRICULTURE.

THE Weather Bureau furnishes, when practicable, for the benefit of all interests dependent upon weather conditions, the "Forecasts" which are prepared daily at the Central Office in Washington, b. C., and certain designated stations. These forecasts are telegraphed to stations of the Weather Bureau, railway officials, postmasters, and many others, to be communicated to the public by telegraph, telephone and mail or by means of flags or steam whistles. The flags adopted for this purpose are five in numbers and of the forms and colors indicated helow: pose are five in number, and of the forms and colors indicated below:

EXPLANATION OF WEATHER FLAGS.



When number 4 is placed above number 1, 2, or 3, it indicates warmer; when below, colder; when not displayed, the temperature is expected to remain about stationary. During the late Spring and early Fall the cold-wave flag is also used to indicate anticipated frosts.

WHISTLE SIGNALS.

A warning blast of from fifteen to twenty seconds' duration is sounded to attract attention. After this warning the longer blasts (of from four to six seconds duration) refer to weather, and shorter blasts (of from one to three seconds duration) refer to temperature; those for weather are sounded first.

Blasts.	Indicate.
One long	.Fair weather.
Two long	Rain or snow.
	.Local rain or snow.

Blasts.	Indicate.
One short	Lower temperature.
Two short	Higher temperature.
Three short	Cold wave.

By repeating each combination a few times, with intervals of ten seconds, liability to error in reading the signals may be avoided.

As far as practicable the forecast messages are telegraphed at the expense of the Weather Bureau; but if this is impracticable, they are furnished at the regular commercial rates and sent 'collect.' In no case are the forecasts sent to a second address in any place, except at the expense of the applicant.

Persons desiring to display the flags or sound the whistle signals for the benefit of the public should communicate with the Weather Bureau officials in charge of the central stations

of their respective States, which are as follows:

Alabama, Montgomery. Arizona, Phœnix. Arkansas, Little Rock. California, San Francisco Colorado, Denver. Florida, Jacksonville. Georgia, Atlanta. Idaho, Boisé. Illinois, Springfield. Indiana, Indianapolis. Iowa, Des Moines. Kansas, Topeka.
Kentucky, Louisville.
Louisiana, New Orleans.
Maryland, Baltimore (for Delaware and Maryland). Massachusetts, Boston (for New England). Michigan, Grand Rapids. Minnesota, Minneapolis. Mississippi, Vicksburg. Missouri, Columbia. Montana, Helena. Montana, Heiena. Nebraska, Lincoln. Nevada, Reno. New Jersey, Atlantic City. New Mexico, Santa Fé. Now York, Ithaca. North Carolina, Raleigh. North Dakota, Bismarck. Ohio, Columbus.

Oklahoma, Oklahoma. Oregou, Portland. Pennsylvauia, Philadelphia. South Carolina, Columbia. South Dakota, Huron. Tennessee, Nashville. Texas, Houston. Utah, Salt Lake City. Virginia, Richmond. Washington, Seattle.
West Virginia, Parkersburg.
Wisconsin, Milwaukee.
Wyoming, Cheyenne.

The Ancient and Modern Xear.

The Athenians began the year in June, the Macedonians in September, the Romans first in March and afterward in January, the Persians on August 11, the ancient Mexicans on February 23, the Mohammedans in July. The Chinese year, which begins early in February, is similar to the Mohammedan in having 12 months of 29 and 30 days alternately; but in every nineteen years there are seven years which have 13 months. This is not quite correct, and the Chinese have therefore formed a cycle of 60 years, in which period 22 intercalary months occur.

Small Craft, Storm and Hurricane Warnings OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ACRICULTURE. All square flags shown here are red with black centre when displayed as warnings.

Small craft, Storm. Hurricane.

NW. winds.

SW. winds.

NE. winds.

SE, winds.

Small Craft Warning-A red pennant indicates that moderately strong winds are expected Storm Warning-A red flag with a black centre indicates that a storm of marked violence is expected.

The pennants displayed with the flags indicate the direction of the wind; white, westerly; red, easterly. The pennant above the flag indicates that the wind is expected to blow from the northerly quadrants; below, from the southerly quadrants.

By night a red light indicates easterly winds, and a white light below a red light westerly winds. Hurricane Warning—Two red flags with black centres, displayed one above the other, indicate the expected approach of a tropical hurricane, and also one of those extremely severe and dangerous storms which occasionally move across the Lakes and Northern Atlantic coast.

Notifier small creft nor hurricane warnings are displayed at night.

Neither small craft nor hurricane warnings are displayed at night.

Velocity of Winds in the United States.

AVERAGE hourly velocity of the wind at selected stations of the United States Weather Bureau. also the highest velocity ever reported for a period of five minutes. (Prepared by W. L. Moore, Chief of the U. S. Weather Bureau, and revised to January 1, 1912, for THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

OT the CT is it come					,		· <i>′</i>	
Stations.	Average Hourly Velocity.	Highest Ever Reported.	STATIONS.	Average Hourly Velocity.	Highest Ever Reported.	STATIONS.	A verage Hourly Velocity.	Highest Ever Reported.
	Mi.	Mi.		Mi.	Mi.		Mi.	Mi.
Abilene, Texas		66	El Paso, Texas	5	78	Philadelphia, Pa	10	75
Albany, N. Y	6	70	Fort Smith, Ark	5	66	Pittsburgh, Pa	-6	69
Alpena, Mich	9		Galveston, Texas		*84	Portland, Me	5	61
Atlanta, Ga		66	Havre, Mont		76	Red Bluff, Cal		60
Bismarck, N. D	8	74	Helena, Mont	6	60	Rochester, N. Y		78
Boisé, Idaho	4	55	Huron, S. D		69	St. Louis, Mo		80
Boston, Mass	11	72	Jackson ville, Fla	6	70	St. Paul, Minn		102
Buffalo, N. Y	11	90	Keokuk, Iowa		60	St. Vincent, Minn. †	9 5	72
Charlotte, N. C.	5	55	Knoxville, Tenn	2	84	Salt Lake City, Utah	5	66
Chattanooga, Tenn	6	60	Leavenworth, Kan.	7	66	San Diego, Cal	6	40
Chicago, Ill	9	84	Louisville, Ky	7	60	San Francisco, Cal	9	60
Cincinnati, Ohio	7	59	Lynchburg, Va	4	50	Santa Fé, N. M	6	53
Cleveland, Ohio		73	Memphis, Tenn		75	Savannah, Ga	7	88
Custer, Mont. †	7	72	Montgomery, Ala	5	54	Spokane, Wash	4	52
Denver, Col		75	Nashville, Tenu	6	75	Toledo, Ohio	9	72
Detroit, Mich	_9	76	New Orleans, La		66	Vicksburg, Miss	6	62
Dodge City, Kan	11	75	New York City, N.Y.	9	83	Washington, D. C	5	66
Dubuque, Iowa	5	60	North Platte, Neb	9	96	Wilmington, N. C	7	68
Duluth, Minn	7	78	Omaha, Neb	8	66			1
Eastport. Me	9		Palestine, Texas		60		1	1

*Anemometer blew away, at a velocity of 84 miles per hour. September 1900. †Stations discontinued.

STANDARD TABLE SHOWING VELOCITY AND FORCE OF WINDS.

DESCRIPTION.	Miles per Hour.	Feet per Minute.	Feet per Second.	Force in lbs. per Square Foot.	Description.	Miles per Hour.	Feet per Minute.	Feet per Second.	Force in lbs. per Square Foot.
Perceptible	, 1	88	1.47	.005	High wind	30	2,640	44.0	4.428
Just perceptible	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}2\\3\end{array}\right.$	176 264	2.93 4.4	.020 .014		35	3,080 3,520	51.3 58.6	6.027
Gentle breeze	$\begin{cases} 4 \\ 5 \end{cases}$	352 440	5.87 7.33	.079	Very high wind Storm.	1 45	3,960 4,400	66. 0 733	7. 872 9. 963 12. 300
Pleasant breeze	10 15	1,320	$14.67 \\ 22.0$	1. 107	Great storm	1 10	5,280 6,160	88.0 102.7	$17.712 \\ 24.108$
Brisk wind	20 25	$\frac{1,760}{2,200}$	29.3 36.6	1,968 3,075	Hurricane	80 100	7,040	117.3 146.6	$\begin{vmatrix} 31.488 \\ 49.200 \end{vmatrix}$

Loss by Lightning in the United States.

THE Weather Bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture in October, 1900, issued a THE Weather Bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture in October, 1900, issued a bulletin giving these facts: In 1899 the total number of strokes of lighting which caused damage was 5,527; number of buildings injured, 6,256; value of property lost, \$3,016,520; number of deaths by lightning during the year, 563; number of persons injured, 820; number of live stock killed in the fields, 4,251; value, \$129,955. These are the latest available statistics.

The Chronicle Fire Tables record 3,012 fires caused by lighting in the United States in 1902, the property loss occasioned thereby being \$3,396,810. These are the latest reported statistics on the subject.

Migh=Tide Tables

FOR GOVERNOR'S ISLAND (NEW YORK HARBOR).

 $\ensuremath{\lceil} \ell \ensuremath{\mathsf{Specially}}$ or epared from the Tide-Tables of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for The World Almanac.)

Eastern Standard Time.

		Bases in Minutes a Time.											
1913.	Janı	ıary.	Febr	uary.	Ma	rch.	AI	oril.	м	ay.	Ju	ine,	
Day of Month.	А. М.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	A. M.	Р. М.	А. М.	P. M.	
1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 3 13 4 15 6 17 8 12 22 23 22 25 22 6 27 22 8 22 9 33 1	H. M. 2 552 4 437 6 28 9 413 110 48 11 25 12 55 7 4 53 8 6 412 12 55 7 4 53 8 6 412 8 20 9 10 10 10 11 40 11 22 12 br>12 22 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	H. M. 7 4 244 7 5 220 7 7 5 3 3 7 9 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 3 10 14 5 10 14 5 10 14 5 10 14 10	H. M. 4 27 5 21 6 6 54 7 8 5 8 8 9 10 9 10 43 11 2 10 11 2 12 10 4 3 2 2 6 26 7 8 5 3 9 40 11 16 12 47 1 5 0	H. M. M. 5 22 6 16 7 2 2 7 40 8 12 2 8 40 9 32 10 38 11 2.1 12 15 2 15 8 34 9 6 58 7 48 8 34 9 6 58 7 48 8 10 5 7 11 50 10 12 12 1 20 2 40	H. M. 2 58 4 5 5 5 53 5 53 7 114 7 7 14 7 105 8 4 7 9 3 6 8 4 7 9 10 10 51 12 33 12 33 12 33 10 5 13 10 7 4 13 15 13 15 13 15 13 15 13 15 13 15 13 15 13 15 13 15 14 15 15 15 16 15 17 15 18	H. M. 4 13 5 12 6 43 7 14 7 40 8 5 8 30 8 57 9 28 10 5 10 48 11 36 12 39 1 39 1 40 5 45 6 40 7 27 3 21 1 2 39 1 3 8 58 9 43 1 0 30 1 1 2 57 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 4 3	H. M. 4 355 5 25 6 48 6 445 7 143 8 37 9 100 8 37 10 25 112 18 6 45 10 25 2 34 8 4 50 8 10 32 12 37 12	H. M. 5 30 6 5 6 35 7 22 7 28 7 7 28 8 28 8 9 3 9 10 25 11 13 12 30 0 5 27 6 18 33 9 19 10 5 11 42 5 2 5 4 3 5 3 4 3 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	H. M. 4 44 5 30 6 40 7 10 2 5 8 10 27 11 2 5 8 10 27 10 8 49 9 10 25 11 15 5 5 12 5 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 7	H. M. 5 48 6 20 6 52 7 8 23 9 23 11 0 11 55 13 4 0 5 53 6 42 7 28 8 59 9 10 28 11 23 11 24 11 24 11 24 11 24 12 24 15 33 11 41 13 24 14 25 15 34 16 34 16 34 16 34 16 34 16 34 16 34 16 34 17 34 18 34	H. M. 513 555 635 717 848 940 10 30 11 27 1245 2507 5 23 658 750 8 38 8 38 9 40 10 30 11 27 1 45 2 50 7 50 8 10 9 10 11 30 11 21 12 42 10 21 10 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 2	H. M. 76 19 1 7 43 8 9 15 100 52 111 42 8 112 28 11 28 11 28 11 20 7 10 7 8 41 12 10 12 50 3 12 20 3 1 3 1 6 6 4 5	
1913.	Ju	ly.	Aug	ıst.	September.		October.		November.		Dece	December.	
Day of Month.	А. М.	Р. М.	А, М.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	A. M.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	А. М.	Р. М.	
12345678901123145617890212334567890112314561789021233456789011231456789011233456789011	10 15 1 1 25 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	M.	H. 45 6 43 6 43 6 83 9 20 10 58 11 2 1 1 2 42 1 2 42 1 5 1 40 1 1 5 1 2 42 1 3 2 1 2 5 1 3 2 1 3	H. MO 77 10 0 8 50 8 50 8 50 8 10 17 5 12 440 7 7 20 1 8 50 6 5 487 7 7 20 1 8 50 11 50 11 50 11 50 12 440 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	H. 88 54355 0 5 332 2356 6 5 25 2 1 2 2 3 2 2 3 5 6 6 7 7 5 2 5 5 5 1 1 1 2 2 5 7 5 2 5 4 1 1 2 5 5 5 4 1 1 2 5 6 6 7 7 5 2 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	H. M. 89186 9186 10056 11056 1056	H. M. 69 220 7 02 51 11 1 54 1 6 6 1 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	H. N.5 9 45 7 10 13 35 17 38 10 13 35 17 3 10 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	M. 3435 1013275358339 1112233339 1112233339 11121233339 111223345 11122334 1112234 112234 112	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	M. 111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	H.M. 111 59 12 511 12 455 3 3 23 5 13 25 6 131 7 82 57 10 54 55 12 10 5 30 6 27 7 7 10 54 30 6 27 7 7 10 54 30 10 2 17 10 3 4 30 10 2 17 10 3 4 30 10 3 4 30 10 3 4 3 10 10 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3	

HIGH-TIDE TABLES-Continued.

TIME OF HIGH WATER AT POINTS ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.

The local time of high water at the following places may be found approximately for each day by adding to or subtracting from the time of high water at Governor's Island, N. Y., the hours and

	H.	М.	In .	11	М.
Albany, N. Yadd	9	äi	New Haven, Ctadd	3	1
Annapolis, Mdadd	š	57	New London, Ctadd	ĭ	$2\overline{2}$
Atlantic City, N. Jsub.		20	Newport, R. Isub.	_	$\overline{22}$
Baltimore, Mdadd	10	52	Norfolk, Vaadd		58
Bar Harbor, Meadd	- 2	46	Norwich, Ctadd	2	0
Beaufort, S. Csub.		8	Old Point Comfort, Vaadd		39
Block Island, R. Isub.		34	Philadelphia, Paadd	5	41
Boston, Massadd	3	22	Plymouth, Massadd	3	12
Bridgeport, Ctadd	3	2	Point Lookout, Mdadd	4	4:)
Bristol, R. Isub.		14	Portland, Meadd	3	10
Cape May, N. Jadd		10	Portsmouth, N. IIadd	3	16
Charleston, S. Csub.		42	Poughkeepsie, N. Yadd	3	51
Eastport, Meadd	3	- 0	Providence, R. Iadd		7
Fernandina, Flasub.		18	Richmond, Vaadd	8	48
Gloucester, Massadd	2	55	Rockaway Inlet, N. Ysub,		25
Hell Gate Ferry, East River, N. Y. add	1	53	Rockland, Meadd	3	- 1
Isles of Shoals, N. Hadd	3	11	Rockport, Massadd	2	50
Jackson ville, Flaadd		37	Salem, Massadd	3	9
Key West, Flaadd	1	24	Sandy Hook, N. Jsub.		32
League Island, Paadd	5	23	Savannah, Gaadd		7
Marblehead, Massadd	3	2	Southport (Smithville), N. C sub.		43
Nahant, Massadd	3	2	Vineyard Haven, Massadd	3	36
Nantucket, Massadd	4	21	Washington, D. Cadd	12	1
Newark, N. Jadd		54	Watch Hill, R. Iadd		42
New Bedford, Masssub.		10	West Point, N. Yadd	2	47
Newburyport, Massadd	3	16	Wilmington, N. Cadd	1	0

EXAMPLE—To find the approximate time of high tide at Atlantic City, N. J., on any day, find fits the time of high water at New York under the desired date, and then subtract 20 minutes, as in the above table; the result is the time of high water required.

AVERAGE RISE AND FALL OF TIDE.

Places.	Feet.	Inches.	Places.	Feet.	Inches.	Places.	Feet.	Inches.
Baitimore, Md Boston, Mass.		3	New London, Ct New Orleans, La.	None	None	San Diego, Cal Sandy Hook, N. J	34	77
Charleston, S. C Eastport, Me,	5	1 2	Newport, R. I New York, N. Y	9	8	San Francisco, Cal Savannah, Ga	6	9 5
(talveston, Tex Key West, Fla Mobile, Ala	1	2	Old Point Comf't, Va. Philadelphia, Pa Portland, Me	6	0	Seattle, Wash Tampa, Fla Washington, D.C	2	2 2

Highest tide at Eastport, Me., 218 inches. Lowest tide at Galveston, Tex., 13 inches.

United States Steamboat Kuspection Service.

The Steamboat Inspection Service, by act of Congress approved February 14, 1903, was transferred from the Treasury Department to the Department of Commerce and Labor. The transfer went into effect July 1, 1903. The Supervising Inspector-General of the Steamboat Inspection Service, George Unler, reported to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1912: Number of annual certificates of inspection issued to domestic steam, motor, sail vessels, and barges, 7,398; number of certificates issued to foreign steamers, 438; total number of annual certificates of inspection issued to domestic of certificates in an interest of inspection issued to domestic vessels from previous year, 469; decrease in number of certificates to foreign vessels from previous year, 469; decrease in number of certificates to foreign vessels from previous year, 469; decrease in foreign steamers inspected 3,384,905. Increase in number of certificates of all kinds of vessels from previous year, 499. Gross tonnage of domestic vessels, all kinds, inspected, 5,370,375; gross tonnage of foreign steamers inspected over previous year, 205,656. Number of officers' licenses issued, 14,030. Increase in number of officers' licenses issued, 14,030. Increase in number of officers' licenses issued, 14,030. Increase in number of number of new life-preservers inspected, 244,565, of which number 2,750 were rejected. Increase in number of new life-preservers inspected over previous year, 34,306. Increase in number of life-preservers rejected over previous year, 7,020. Number of marine boiler plates inspected at the mills by assistant inspectors, 3,786, being a decrease in number inspected from previous year of 130. Number of applicants examined over previous year, 6,299. Increase in number of applicants passed over previous year, 6,123. previous year, 6,123.

Causes.	Accidents.	LivesLost.	CAUSES.	Accidents.	Lives Lost.
Fire	17		Snags, wrecks, and sinking A ceidental drowning Miscellaneous		32 139 44
cape of steam		14	Total		264

Decrease in number of accidents from previous year, 9. Decrease in number of lives lost from previous year, 128. During the year 307,092,494 passengers were carried on vessels that are required by law to report the number of passengers carried. Taking the total loss of life as 264, it is seen that 1165,501 passengers were carried for each life lost, whether of passengers or crew, and from all causes.

A Table of Principal American Rivers.

Names.	Sources.	Months.
Jabama	Junction of Coosa and Talapoosa, Ala Allegan Co., N. Y. Umbagog Lake, Maine. Junction of Chattahoochee and Flint R., Ga Rocky Mcuntans, Col Adirondeck Lakes, N. Y. Formed by Locas and Mulberry Forks, Ala. Highlands, Irzas Junction of Homman, Co. Mottando of Homman, Co. Mottand Meherin, N. C. Liane Estacado, Tex.	Mobile Rive
Heghany	Allegans Co., N. Y	Ohio River Atlantic Ocean
ndroscoggin	Umbagog Lake, Maine	Atlantic Ocean
ppatachicola	Junction of Chattahoochee and Flint R., Ga	Gutt of Mexico
rkansas	Rocky Meuntains, Col	Mississippi River
lack Warrior	Adirondack Lakes, N. Y	Lake Outario Tombigue River Guit of Mexico
ack Warrior	Formed by Locust and Mulberry Forks, Ala	Tombigbee River
18208	Highlands, Texas	Gult of Mexico
ape Fear	Junction of Haw and Deep Rivers, N. C	Atlantic Ocean
astiaboochee	Alleghany Mountains, Ga	Appalachicola River
howan nawod	Mott and Meherin, N.C	Albemarle Sound
olorado	Mot and Meneria, N. Lianc Estacado, Tex. Junction of Green and Grand Rivers, Utah. Lewis and Clark's Pow.	Gult of Mexico
olorado	Junction of Green and Grand Rivers, Utah	Gult of Cantornia
oiumbia	Lewis and Clark's Fork	Pacific Ocean Long Island Sound
		Long Island Sound
0088	Junction of Oosienaula and Etowah Rivers, Ga. Junction of Poor and Straight Forks, Ky	IAIADama Kiver
umberland	Junction of Pool and Straight Polks, Ky	Ohio River
elaware	Catskill Mountains, N. Y	Delaware Bag
ea Moines	Lake Shetek, Minn	Mississippi River Appalachicota River
Int tal	Cassair Mountains, X L Lake Shetek, Mino Alleghany Mountains, Ga. Alleghany County, N. Y Sterra Madre Mountains, N. M	Appalachicota River
рдевее	Allegany County, N. Y	Lake Ontario
118	Sierra Madre Mountains, N. M	Cotorado River
rand	Southern lows	Missouri River
rand.	Souther lowa Highlands, Mich Yadkin River, N. C Cumberland Mountsias Ky Taghanic Mountains, Mass. Lake Santoria, Advisorack Mountsias, N. Y.	Lake Michigan
est Pedee	Company Manager V	Atlante Ocesa
reen	Cumperisug Mountains Ky	Long lateral Co.
ousatonic	Laguanic mountains, Mass	Onto River. Long Island Sound. New York Bay.
udsou	Lake Sanioid, Adirondack Mountains, N. I	Mississen Bay
l10015	Des Plaines River, Wis. Jackson and Pastur Rivers, Va	Mississippi River
me8	Jackson and Pastur Rivers, V4	Chesapsake Bay
alamazoo	Highlands, Mich Junction of Greenbrier and New Rivers, Va	Lake Michigau
anawha	Judiction of Greenbrief and New Rivers, Va	Ohio River
ansas	Jonetice of Greenbrier and New Rivers, Va. Smoky Hill River, Kao Grand Prairie, III. Moosehead Lake, Me Forks Cumberland Mountains, Ky. Rocky Mountains, Ore Junction Brule and Mequacumeoum Rivers, Wis. White Mountains, N. H.	Missouri River
askaskia	Grand Frairle, III	Mississippi River
enn-bec	Moose Lead Lake, Me	Atlantic Ocean
wis's Fork	Forks Cumberland Mountains, Ky	Ohio River.
Wis a Fork	Rocky biountains, Ore	Columbia Aiver
enominee	Junction Brule and Meduacamecum Rivers, Wis	Green Bay
errimsc	Eastern Dakota	Atlanuc Ocean
innesota	Lastern Dakota	Mississippi River
lasiasippi	Rasca Lake, Minn Madican Calletin Pigers Mont	Gulf of Maxico
lissouri	Eastern Dakots. Itases Lake, Minn Rocky Mountains, junction of Jefferson, Madison, Gallatin Rivers, Mont. Junction of Tombighee and Al.: R., Ala. Onelds County, N Y Rich Mountains, W. Va Junctice of Sweet Water and North Fork, Wyo Highlands, W. S. Tablelands, N. C. Alleghany M. S. Alleghany M. C. Osage Concty, Kan Lake, Me. Alleghany Mountains, G. Alleghany Mountains, M.	Gulf of Mexico
lobswk	Junction of Tomogree and Alt. A., Ala	Hudson River
lonswk	Oneida County, N I	Hudson Kiver
lonongahela ebraska	Rich Mondains, W. Va	Ohio River
eensh	Junctice of Sweet Water and North Pork, Wyo	blissouri kilver
eensu	Tiguisugs, Wis	Green Bay
euse	18Dielands, N. C	Pamileo Sonni
hio	Alleghany Mountains, Ga	Altemaha River
110 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Junction of Alleguany and Monongantia, Fa	Mississippi River Missouri River.
sage	Osage County, Kan	Missouri River
-nobscot	East Seboela Lake, Me	Atlantic Ocean
otomac	Allegnany mountains, aid	Chesapeake Bay
ed (of the North)	Liano Estacado, Tex	Masissippi Kiver
ed (of the North)	Recky Mountains, Col.	Winnipeg Lake
	Rocky bloubtains, Col.	Winnipeg Lake
oanoke	Dan and Stannton, Vs. Koshkenong Lake, Wis Highlands, Tex Junction of North and South Forks, Sierra Madre Mountains, Cal.	Mississippi River
ock	Hantanda T	Cost of Mario
stine	Innetton of North and South Bocks Sierre Medra Mountains Cal	Ran of San Paraner
ginaw		Day of San Francisco
Croix	Highlands, Mich. Orlengon Ridge, Wis. Highlands Mo Everglades, Fls.	Massissant Bran
t Croix	Highlands Mo	Mississippi River
1. F'811C18	Fernanda 50	Mississippi River Atlantic Ocean
t losenh	Hydrada, Ida	Lake Machine
t Johnt Josephsn Josquin	C. as Named Manufactor Col	Lake Michigan
an acadum	Higulaods, Ind Sterra Nevada Moontains, Cal Junction of Wateree 200 Congaree, N. C	
antee	Alleghang Monntaine S. C.	Atlantic Ocean
CIOLO	Alleghany Mountains, S. C. Tablisands, O. E. Branch, Oisego Lake, N. Y. W. Branch, Allegany Mountains, N. Y.	Ohio River
usquebanna	E Branch Otsaco Lake N V	OTH BIALL
decreame	W Branch Attendary Monstains N. Y	Susquebaona River 20
	Main Junetion of Fact and West	Chesapeane Bay 15
	Main, Junction of East and West. Branches, Pa Alleghauy Mountains, Ga N. C.	Спезареаке Вау 15
allapoosa	Allechang Mountaine Ge	Alabama River
811apoosa	N C	Ohio Piros
ombigbee	Miss	Ohio River
Carolia		Moune Kiver
Violiy	Highlands, Tex. Tablelands, O.	Gulf of Mexico
Varbata	Patron Hills Ash	Ohio River.
Washita	Poster Manatana Ash	Red River
White Willsmette	Potean Hills, Ark Bostou Mountains, Ark Cascade, Ore Ontousgon Ridge, Wis	Arkansas Kiver
Williamette Wiscousin	Cascade, Ore	Columbia River
(4200	Junction of Coldwater and Tallahatchee Rivers, Miss.	Mississippi River
	Junction of Columbia and I mitaliated to Kivers, Diles	I DE 1881881PP1 KIVET
Yellowstone	National Park, Yeliowstone Lake.	Missouri River

Opening and Closing of Navigation on the hudson river and the erie canal, and opening of lake erie navigation.

	NAVIGATION OF	THE I	IUDSON RIVER.		NAVIGATION	OF THE ERIE CANAL		Opening of La
Ri	ver Open.	Ri	ver Closed.	Days Open.	Canal Open.	Canal Closed.	Navigable Days.	Erie.*
b. 8	, 1828	Dec.	23, 1828	220	Mar. 27, 1828	Dec. 20	269	April 1, 1
pril 1	. 1829	Jan.	14, 1830	286	May 2, 1829	Dec. 17	230	May 10, 1
ar. 15 ar. 15	, 1830	Dec.	25, 1830 6, 1831	283 262	April 30, 1830 April 16, 1831	Dec. 17	242 230	May 5, 1 May 8, 1
ar. 25	. 1832	Dec.	21, 1832	289	April 25, 1832	Dec. 21	241	April 27, 1
r. 21	, 1836	Dec.	13, 1833	277	April 19, 1833	Dec. 12	238	April 23, 1
b. 29 ar. 25	, 1834	Dec.	15, 1834	291	April 17, 1834	Dec. 12	240 230	April 6, 1
r. 25 ril 4		Nov. Dec.	30, 1835 7, 1836	268 244	April 15, 1835 April 25, 1836	Nov. 30 Nov. 26	216	May 3, 1 April 27, 1
r. 27	, 1837	Dec.	14, 1837	261	April 20, 1837	Dec. 9	234	May 10, 1
ır. 19	, 1838,	Nov.	25. 1838	257	April 11, 1838	Nov. 25	228	March 31, 1
r. 25	, 1839	Nov.	18, 1839	2 46	April 20, 1839	Dec. 16	241 228	April 11, 1
b. 25 r. 24	, 1840 , 1841	Nov.	5, 1840 19, 1841	285 286	April 20, 1840 April 24, 1841	Dec. 9 Nov. 30	223	April 27, 1 April 14, 1
b. 4	, 1842	Nov.	28, 1842	308	April 20, 1842	Nov. 28	222	March 7, 1
ril 13,	. 1843	Dec.	10, 1543	242	May 1, 1843	Nov. 30	214	May 6, 1
r. 18		Dec.	17, 1844	278	April 18, 1844	Nov. 26	222	March 14, 1
b. 24 r. 18		Dec.	3, 1845 14, 1846	283 275	April 15, 1845 April 16, 1846	Nov. 29. Nov. 25	228 934	April 3, 1 April 11, 1
ril 7	, 1847	Dec.	25, 1847	263	May 1, 1847	Nov. 30	214	April 23, 1
r. 22	, 1848	Dec.	27, 1848	292	May 1, 1848	Dec. 9	223	April 9, 1
r. 19	, 1849	Dec.	26. 1849	286	May 1, 1849	Dec. 5	219	March 25, 1
r. 10.		Dec.	17, 1850 14, 1851	282 293	April 22, 1850 April 15, 1851	Dec. 11 Dec. 5	234 235	March 25, 1 April 2, 1
r. 28	. 1852	Dec.	23, 1852	293	April 20, 1852	Dec. 16	239	April 20, 1
r. 23	, 1853	Dec.	21, 1853	274	April 20, 1853	Dec. 20	245	April 14, 1
r. 17,	1854	Dec.	8, 1.54	266	May 1, 1854	Dec. 8	217	April 29, 1
r. 27 ril 11	, 1855	Dec.	20, 1855 14, 1856	268 248	May 1, 1855 May 5, 1856	Dec. 10 Dec. 4	224 214	April 21, 1 May 2, 1
. 27.	1857	D c.	27, 1857	303	May 6, 1857	Dec. 15	223	April 27, 1
r. 20	, 1858	Dec.	17, 1858	273	April 28, 1858	Dec. 8	225	April 15, 1
r. 13,	, 1859	Dec.	10, 1853	273	April 15, 1.59	Dec. 12	242	April 7, 1
r. 6		Dec.	14, 1860 23, 1861	283 294	April 25, 1860 May 1, 1861	Dec. 12 Dec. 10	232 224	April 17, 1 April 13, 1
ril 4	. 1852	Dec.	19. 1862	259	May 1, 1861 May 1, 1862	Dec. 10	224	April 15, 1
ri) 3,	, 1863	Dec.	11, 1863	252	May 1, 1863	Dec. 9	223	April 3, 1
r. 11,	. 1864	Dec.	12, 1864	277	April 30, 1864	Dec. 8	223 226	April 13, 1
r. 22 r. 20	1865	Dec.	16, 1865 15, 1866	270 270	May 1, 1865 May 1, 1866	Dec. 12 Dec. 12	226	April 26, 1 April 28, 1
r. 26	1867	Dec.	8, 1867	257	May 6, 1867	Dec. 20	229	April 21, 1
r. 24.	. 1868	Dec.	5, 1868	252	May 4, 1868	Dec. 7	217	April 19, 1
ril 5, 1. 31	, 1869 , 1870	Dec. Dec.	9, 1869	249 261	May 6, 18 9 May 10, 1870	Dec. 10 Dec. 8	218 213	May . 1, 1 April 16, 1
r. 12	, 1871	Nov.	17, 1870 29, 1871	263	May 10, 1870 April 24, 1871	Dec. 8 Dec. 1	220	April 16, 1 April 1, 1
ril 7.	1872	Dec.	9. 1872	247	May 13, 1872	Dec. 1	202	May 6, 1
ril 16	. 1873	Nov.	22. 1873	221	May 15, 1873	Dec. 5	205	April 29, 1
r. 19 ril 13,	1874 1875	Dec.	12, 1874 29, 1875	269 229	May 5, 1874 May 18, 1875	Dec. 5 Nov. 30 (by ice)	215 197	April 18, 1 May 12, 1
ril 1,	, 1876	Dec.	2, 1876	245	May 18, 1875 May 4, 1876	Dec. 1	211	May 4, 1
r. 30,	, 1877	Dec.	31. 1877	277	May 8, 1877	Dec. 7	214	April 17, 1
r. 14,	, 1878	Dec.	20, 1878	282	April 15, 1878	Dec. 7	237	March 24, 1
ril 4, r. 5,	1879 1880	Dec.	20, 1879 25, 1880	261 265	May 8, 1879 April 16, 1880	Dec. 6 Nov. 21 (by fce)	212 220	April 24, 1 March 19, 1
r. 21,	1881	Jan.	2, 1882	287	May 12, 1881	Dec. 8	211	May 1, 1
r. 8,	1882	Dec.	4. 1882	272	April 11, 1882	Dec. 7	241	March 26, 1
r. 29	. 1883	Dec.	15, 1883	261	May 7, 1883	Dec. 1	208 209	May 4, 1
r. 25, Hl 7,	1884 1885	Dec.	19, 1884 13, 1885	269 250	May 6, 1884 May 11, 1885	Dec. 1	205	April 25, 1 May 2, 1
r. 30.	. 1886	Dec.	3. 1883	248	May 1, 1886	Dec. 1	214	April 26, 1
ril 9,	1887	Dec.	20, 1887	256	May 7, 1887	Dec. 1	203	April 17, 1
ril 8, ≁ 10	1888	Dec.	14, 1:85	251	May 10, 1888 May 1, 1889	Dec. 3 Nov. 30	207 914	April 10, 1 April 10, 1
r. 19, n all	1889 Winter	Dec.	3, 1890	286 337	May 1, 1889 April 28, 1890	Nov. 80	214	March 31,
r. 22,	. 1891	Dec.	24, 1891	277	May 5, 1891	Dec. 5	215	April 13, 1
ril 1,	1892	Dec.	22, 1892	266	May 1, 1892	Dec. 5	219 212	April 14, 1
rll 1, r. 18,	1893 1894	Dec.	6, 1893 24, 1894	250 282	May 3, 1893 May 1, 1894	Nov. 30 Nov. 30	- 212	April 15, 1 April 28, 1
ril 2,	1895	Dec.	9. 1895	252	May 3, 1895	Dec. 5	216	April 4, 1
ril 17,	1896	Dec.	10, 1896	246	M v 1, 1896	Dec. 1	214	April 19, 1
ril 29,	1897	Dec.	7, 1897	223	May 8, 1897	Dec. 1 Dec. 10	208 218	April 6, 1 March 25, 1
r. 14, r. 29,	1898	Dec.	12, 1898 28, 1899	274 275	May 7, 1898 April 26, 1899	Dec. 1	218	April 27, 1
11 9,	1899 1900	Dec.	11, 19:0	246	April 25, 1900	Dec. 1	220	April 22, 1
r. 28.	. 1901	Dec.	1, 1901	248	May 7, 1901	Nov. 30	207	April 20, 1
r. 17,	1902	Dec.	8, 1902	266	April 24, 1902	Dec. 4	224 210	April 9, 1
r. 14, ril 4	, 1903 . 1904	Dec.	2, 1903 4, 1904	263 244	May 2, 1903 May 5, 1904	Nov. 28 Nov. 26	205	April 6, 1 May 10, 1
ril 3,	, 1904 1905	Dec.	15, 19 5	257	May 4, 1905	Nov. 28	209	April 22, 1
r. 22.	. 1905	Dec.	5, 1906	260	May 2, 1906	NOV. 25	211	April 15, 1
r. 29, r. 23,	1907	Dec.	6, 1907	253 271	May 1, 1907 May 5, 1908	Dec. 10	224 210	April 6, 1 April 25, 1
	. 1909	Dec.	22. 1909	283	May 15, 1909	Nov. 30 Nov. 15	185	April 22, 1
r. 17,	, 1910	1) ·· c.	9, 1910	268	May 15, 1910	Nov. 15	185	April 15, 1
r. 22,	. 1911	Jan.	3, 1912	288	May 15, 1911	Nov. 15	185	April 15, 1: April 28, 1
r. 26,	1912'			• • • •	May 15, 1912	tendent of Public We		April 28, 1

Seed Planting in the United States.

(Compiled from reports of the Department of Agriculture.)

		NEW ENGLAN	ID.		
KIND OF CROP.	Date of Planting.	Best Soil.	Amount of Manure per Acre.	Amount of Serd per Acte (1).	Weeks to Ma-
Coru Wheat	May 10 to 30 Fail or Spring	Sandy or clay loam Clay loam	18 tons	8 to 12 qts 2 bush	14-17 20
Oats	Apr. to May Apr. to June 20 Apr. to May, Sept.	Strong oam Strong toam Medium toam.	7 10 8 tons	2 to 3 bush	11-15 10-15 40
Buckwheat White beans	June 1 to 20 May to June	Light loam	4 to 6 tons	1 to 1¼ bush 8 to 16 qts	10-15 8-14
Turnips Mangels	Apr. 15 to May 1. July 1 to Aug. 3 Apr. 15 to May 5	Sandy loam Strong neavy loam	10 tons	1 lb	12.20 10 17.22
Tobacco	Seed bed Apr	Sandy loam)		9-12
		MIDDLE STAT			
Corn	Sept. 20 to Oct. 20	Medium loam Loam Moist clay lcam	8 ions; 300 lbs. fer	2 oush	16-18 41-43 16-17
Barley Rye	Mar, to May Sept. 1 to Oct. 1	Clay loam	8 tons; 300 lbs.ter 8 tons; 300 lbs.ter	2 to 2½ bush 1½ bush	13-16 40-43
Buckwheat White neans. Potatoes	May to June	Loam Sandy loam Loam	8 tops	1 % bush	8-10 13-14 14-22
Sweet potatoes. Cabbage Turnips	Mar. to July	Sandy loam. Clay or sandy loam	300 to 600 tbs. fer	4 to 8 oz	10·15 8·15 10·12
Mangels	May	Loam Loam Limestone loam		20 qts	15-18 8-10
Hay, timothy Hay, clover	Aug. to Oct	Sandy loam. Clay loam. Clay loam.		6 to 8 qts	15.20
		TRAL AND WESTE			·
Corn	Apr.1 to June 1	Black or sandy loam.			16-20 40-42
Oats	Apr. 1 to May 1 Fall or Spring (1).	Clay foam	8 tons	2 to 3 bush	12-14
Rye Buck wheat	Sept 1 to 30	Light loam	8 tons 5 tons	1 to 2 bush	35.40 10.12
White beans. Potatoes Turnips	Mar. 15 to June 1 July 15 to Aug. 30	Saudy Ioam Loam or muck	5 to 10 tons S to 10 tons	I to 6 los	10-20 10-16
Flax	. Apr. 1 to May 15 . Mar 15 to May 15	Sandy Ioam Loani Sandy koam	8 to 12 tons	6 to 8108	22-24 15-20
Hay	Apr. to May	Clay loam	. 10 tons	8 to 15 lbs	15-18

SOUTHERN STATES.
 Cotton
 Feb. to May 15
 Sandy loam (2).
 1 to 3 bush.

 Corn
 Feb. to June.
 Rich loam.
 10 bush.cot.seed.
 8 qts.

 Wheat
 Sept to Nov.
 Clay loam (2).
 8 tons.
 2 bush.

 Oats.
 Feb. May, Sept.
 Clay loam (2).
 8 to 10 tons.
 2½ bush.

 Barley.
 Apr. to May.
 Clay loam (2).
 8 to 10 tons.
 2½ bush.

 Rve
 Sept. to Oct.
 Clay loam (2).
 10 tons.
 14 bush.
 20-30 18 20 43 17 4.3 8 to 10 bush... 16-24 11-15 12-15 17.2014-20 8-12 18 20

(1) The standard varieties of seed planted in the several sections of the United States are as follows: Corn—New Figland, learning, sanford, flint; Middle States, learning, white dent, yellow dent; Central and Western States, learning, white dent; Southern States, fickory king, goard-seed, Cox profific. Wheat—Middle States, fullz; Central and Western States, fullz, poole, fife; Southern States, Itilizater Oats—New England, white; Middle States, winte, black; Central and Western States, gray Norway, silver mine, Russian; Southern States, Texas rustproof. Barley—Middle States, mansbury; Southern States, Fennessee Winter. Rive—New England, white; Middle States, white Central and Western States, with the Winter: Central and Western States, Winter: Southern States, excelsior Winter, Buck wheat—Middle States, silver hull; Central and Western States, s (1) The standard varieties of seed planted in the several sections of the United States are as fol-

(2) In Texas the black loam is a good soil for cotton, corn, wheat and most other field crops,

Metric System of Weights and Measures.

THE METRIC SYSTEM has been adopted by Mexico, Brazil, Chile, Peru, etc., and except Russia (Great Britain, where it is permissive, by all European nations. Various names of the preceding and Great Britain, where it is permissive, by all European nations. Various names of the preceding systems are however, frequently used: In Germany, & kilogram = 1 pound; in Switzerland, 3-10 of a metre = 1 foot, etc. If the first letters of the prefixes deka, hecto, kuto, myria, from the Greek, and deci, centi, mit, from the Latin, are used in preference to our plain English, 10, 100, etc., it is best to employ capital letters for the multiples and small letters for the subdivisions, to avoid amoignities weekly with the latin, are used in preference to our plain English, 10, 100, etc., it is best to employ capital letters for the multiples and small letters for the subdivisions, to avoid amoignities in abbreviations: 1 dekametre or 10 metres = 1 dm.; 1 decimetre or 1-10 of a metre = 1 dm.

The Metre, unit of length, is nearly the ten-millionth part of a quadrant of a meridian, of the distance between Equator and Pole. The International Standard Metre is, practically, nothing else but a length defined by the distance between two lines on a platinum-iridium bar at 0° Centigrade, deposited at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, Paris, France.

The LITER unit of capacity, is derived from the weight of one kilogram pure water at greatest density, a cube whose edge is one-tenth of a metre and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a metric ton.

The Gram, unit of weight, is a cube of pure water at greatest density, whose edge is one-hundredth of a metre, and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a kilogram, and the one-millionth part of a metric ton.

The Metric System was legalized in the United States on July 28, 1866, when Congress enacted as follows:

"The tables in the schedule hereto annexed shall be recognized in the construction of contracts, and in all legal proceedings, as establishing, in terms of the weights and measures now in use in the United States, the equivalents of the weights and measures expressed therein in terms of the metric system, and the tables may lawfully be used for computing, determining, and expressing in customary weights and measures the weights and measures of the metric system." ary weights and measures the weights and measures of the metric system.

The following are the tables annexed to the above:

MEASURES OF LENGTH

Metric Denomination	s and Values.	Equivalents in Denominations in Use,		
Myriametre Kilometre Hectometre Dekametre Metre Decimetre Centimetre Millimetre	10,000 metres, 1,000 metres, 100 metres, 100 metres, 1 metre, 1-10 of a metre, 1-100 or a metre, 1-1000 or a metre,	6. 2137 miles, 0. 62137 mile. or 3, 280 feet 10 inches, 328 feet 1 inch. 393 7 inches, 39. 37 inches, 0. 3937 inches, 0. 3937 inch. 0. 0394 inch.		

MEASURES OF SURFACE.

Metric Denominations and Values,	∠ Equivalents in Denominations in Use.
Hectare	2, 471 acres, 119, 6 square yards, 1,550 square inches,

MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

Metric De	enomina	ations and Values.	Equivalents in Denominations in Use.		
Names.	Num- ber of Litres.	Cuoic Measure.	Dry Measure.	Liquid or Wine Measure.	
Kilolitre or stere Hectolitre Dekalitre Litre Decilitre Centilitre Millilitre	100 10 1-10 1-100	1 cubic metre	1 308 cubic yards	26.417 gallons, 2.6417 gallons, 1.0567 quarts, 0.845 gill.	

METRIC SYSTEM -Continued.

WEIGHTS.

		WEIGHTS.	
METRI	EQUIVALENTS IN DE- NOMINATIONS IN USE,		
Names.	Number of Grams	Weight of What Quantity of Water at Maximon Density.	Avoirdupois Weight.
Miller or tonneau Quiutai Myriagram Kilogram or kilo Hectogram Dekagram Gram Decigram Centigram Milligram	1,000.000 100.000 10.000 1,000 100 10 11 1-10 1-100 1-1000	1 cubic metre	22,046 bounds, 2,2046 pounds, 3,5274 ounces, 0,3527 ounce, 15,432 grains, 0,1543 grains,

TABLES FOR THE CONVERSION OF METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES INTO CUSTOMARY UNITED STATES EQUIVALENTS AND THE REVERSE.

From the legal equivalents are deduced the following tables for converting United States weights and measures:							
λ	METRIC TO CUSTOMARY.					RY TO MET	RIC.
			LINEAR	MEASURE.			
Me- tres=Ins 1= 39.37 2= 78.74 3=118.11 4=157.48 5=196.85 6=236.22 7=275.59 8=314.96 9=354.33	Metre,=Fee 1= 3 2808 2= 6,5616 3= 9,8425 4=13,1233 5=16,4041 6=19,6856 7=22,9659 8=26,2466 9=29,5275	83	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1= 2.54 2= 5.08 3= 7.62 4=10.16 5=12.70 6=15.24 7 17.78	Seet= Metres, 1=0,304801 2=0,609601 3=0,914402 4=1,219202 5=1,524003 6=1,828804 7=2,133604 8=2,438405 0=2,743205	1=0.914402 2=1.828804 3=2.743205 4=3.657607 5=4.572009 6=5.486411 7=6.400813 8=7.315215	1 1 1 60935 2 3 21869 3 4 82804 4 6 43739 5 8 04674 6 9 65608 7 11 26543
SQUARE MEASURE.			Cubic y	IEASURE.	So	QUARE MEAS	URE,
Square Centimet s Square Square	Square Square Free.	Square Merres Rquare Yea ds.	Cubic Metres Cubic Pret.	Cubic Free Cubic	Square Inches Sonare Sonare	Square Fred Square Metres.	Square Yords Square Merres.
1=0.155 2=0 310 3=0 465 4=0.620 b=0.775 6=0.930 7=1.085 8=1.240 9=1.395	1=10.764 2=21.528 3=32.292 4=43.055 5=53.81 7=64.583 7=75.347 8=86.111 9=96.874	3 2 2 392 3 3.588 4 4.784 5 5.980 6 7.176 7 8.372 8 9.568	1= 35.314 2= 70.629 3=105.943 4=141.258 5=176.572 6=211.887 7=247.201 8=282.516 9=317.830	1=0.02832 2=0.05663 3=0.08495 4=0.11327 5=0.14159 6=0.16990 7=0.19822 8=0.22654 9=0.25485	2_12,903 3_19,354 4_25,806 5_32,257	3 2=0.1858 3=0.2787 4=0.3716 5=0.4645 6=0.5574 7=0.6503 8=0.7432	1 2=1.672 1 3=2.508 1 4=3.344 2 5=4.181 6=5.017 7=5.853 8=6.689
L	QUID MEAS	SURE.	DRY MI	EASURE.	LIQUID MEASURE.		
Centitures Fluid Ounces.	Litres Quarts.	Lutres Gaitons.	Hectolures Bushels.	Bushels Hectolitres	Fluid Ounces Centilities	Quarts Litres.	Gallons Litres.
1_0.338 2_0 676 3_1.014 4_1.352 5_1 691 6_2 028 7_2.367 8_2 705 9_3.043	1=1.0567 2=2.1134 3=3.1700 4=4.2267 5=5.2834 6=6.3401 7=7.3968 8=8.4534 9=9.5101	$\begin{array}{c} 1 = 0.26417 \\ 2 = 0.52834 \\ 3 = 0.79251 \\ 4 = 1.05668 \\ 5 = 1.32085 \\ 6 = 1.58502 \\ 7 = 1.84919 \\ 8 = 2.11336 \\ 9 = 2.37753 \end{array}$	1= 2.8377 2= 5.6754 3= 8.5132 4=11.3509 5=14.1887 6=17.0264 7=19.8642 8=22.7019 9=25.5396	1_0.35239 2_0.70479 3_1.05718 4_1.40957 5_1.76196 6_2.11436 7_2.46675 8_2.81914 9_3.17154	1 2 957 2 5 914 3 8 872 4 11 829 5 14 784 6 17 744 7 20 701 8 23 659 9 26 616	1_0.94636 2_1.89272 3_2.83908 4_3.78544 5_4.73180 6_5.67816 7_6.62452 8_7.57088 9_8.51724	1_ 3.78643 2_ 7.57087 3_11.35630 4_15.14174 5_18.92717 6_22.71261 7_26.49804 8_30.28348 9_34.06891

METRIC SYSTEM—Continued.

WEIGHT (AVOIRDUPOIS),

Centi- groms Grams	Kite- grams Ounces Av'd'ps.	Kilo- grams Pounds Av'd'p3.	Metric Tons Tons Long Tons, Tons Tons Tons Crains	Ounces Av'a'ps A'a'ps Grams.	Pounds Av'd'ps Kilo- grams.	Long Tons Metric Tons.
2=0,3086 3=0,4630 4=0,6173 5=0,7716 6=0,9259 7=1,0803 8=1,2346	2= 70.548 3=105.822 4=141.096 5=176.370 6=211.644 7=246.918 8=282.192	$\begin{array}{c} 1 = 2,20462 \\ 2 = 4,40924 \\ 3 = 6,61386 \\ 4 = 8,81849 \\ 5 = 11,02311 \\ 6 = 13,22773 \\ 7 = 15,43235 \\ 8 = 17,63697 \\ 9 = 19,84159 \end{array}$	2=1.9684 3=2.9526 4=3.9368 4=25.9196 5=4.9210 6=5.9052 7=6.8894 8=7.8736 8=51.8391	2 = 56,6991 $3 = 85,0486$ $4 = 113,3981$ $5 = 141,7476$ $6 = 170,0972$ $7 = 198,4467$ $8 = 226,7962$	3=1,36078 $4=1,81437$ $5=2,26796$ $6=2,72156$ $7=3,17515$ $8=3,62874$	8_8,1284

THE METRIC SYSTEM SIMPLIFIED.

The following tables of the metric system of weights and measures have been simplified as much as possible for THE WORLD ALMANAC by omitting such denominations as are not in practical, everyday use in the countries where the system is used exclusively.

TABLES OF THE SYSTEM.

Length.-The denominations in practical use are millimetres (mm.), centimetres (cm.), metres

| The definition of the definition of the practical use are millimetres (lim.), centimetres (cm.), metres (m.), and kilometres (km.),
| 10 mm. = 1 cm.; 100 cm. = 1 m.; 1,000 m. = 1 km. Note. — A decimetre is 10 cm. |
| Weight. — The denominations in use are grams (g.), kilos* (kg.), and tons (metric tous).
| 1.000 g. = 1 kg.; 1,000 kg. = 1 metric tou. |
| Capacity. — The denominations in use are cubic centimetres (c, c.) and litres (l.).
| 1.000 g. c. = 11. Note — A hectolitre is 100; (seidom used). |
| Relation of capacity and weight to length: A cubic decimetre is a litre, and a litre of water weighs a kilo. a kilo.

APPROXIMATE EQUIVALENTS.

A metre is about a yard; a kilo is about 2 pounds; a litre is about a quart; a centimetre is about ½ inch; a metric ton is about same as a ton; a kilometre is about ½ mile; a cubic centimetre is about a thimbleful; a nickel weighs about 5 grams,

PRECISE EQUIVALENTS

	THEOLOG ES	OI VALIBATO.	
1 acre = .40			kilometres 1, 609
1 busnet = 35	litres 35, 24	1 millimetre = .039) inch , 0394
1 centimetre = .39	inch , 3937	1 onuce (av'd) = 28	grams28, 35
	l cubic men0610 .		grams31, 10
1 cubic 100t = .023	scubic metre 0283 .	1 peck = 8.8	litres 8, 809
1 cubic iuch = 16	cubic cent, † 16, 39		litre 4732
1 cubic metre = 35			kilo
1 cubic metre = 1.3	cubic yards 1 308	l quart (dry) = 1.1	litres 1 101
1 choic yard = .76	cubic metre 7645	l quart (liquid) = .95	litre
1 100t = 30	centimetres 30, 48	1 sq. centimetre. = .15	sq. inch
1 gallon = 3.8		1 sq. foot =093	sq. metre, .0929
1 grain06	jgram	1 sq. inch = 6.5	sq. c timetr's, 6,452
1 gram = 15	grains 15, 43	l sq metre = 1.2	sq. yards 1 196
1 hectar = 2.5	acres 2. 471	l sq. metre = 11	sq. feet10.76
1 tuch = 25	millimetres, 25, 40	$l sq. yard \dots = .84$	sq. metre 8361
1 kilo = 2.2	pounds 2, 205	1 ton (2.000 lbs.) = .91	metric ton 9072
1 kilometre = .62	mile	1 ton (2,240 lbs.) = 1	metric ton 1,017
1 iitre = .91	quart (dry) , 9081	$1 \text{ ton } (\text{metric}) \dots = 1.1$	ton (2,000 lbs.) 1,102
1 litre = 1.1	quarts (liq'd) 1,057	$1 ton (metric) \dots = .98$	ton (2,240 lbs.) .9842
1 metre = 3.3	feet 3. 281	l yard	metre9144
# Clambon address for stall and	and A. Charlest and A. Charlest		

^{*}Contraction for kilogram. † Centimetres.

Minimum Weights of Producc.

The following are minimum weights of certain articles of produce according to the laws of the United States:

Per Busnel,	Per Bushel.	Per Bushel.
Wheat60 lbs,	White Potatoes60 lbs.	Hungarian Grass Seed50 lbs.
Corn, in the ear70	Sweet Potatoes55 "	Timothy Seed 45
Corn, shelled56 "	Onions57	Blue Grass Seed 44 "
Rye56 **	Turnips55 **	Hemp Seed 44 **
Buckwheat48 "	Dried Peaches33 "	Salt (see note below).
Barley48 "	Dried Apples26 "	Corn Meat
Oats32 "	Clover Seed60 ''	Ground Peas 24 "
Peas60 "	Flax Seed56 "	Matt
White Beans60	Millet Seed	Brau 20 "
Castor Beaus46 "		

Salt. —Weight per bushel as adopted by different States ranges from 50 to 80 pounds. Coarse salt in Pennsylvania is reckoned at 80 pounds, and in Illinois at 50 pounds per bushel. Fine salt in Pennsylvania is reckoned at 62 pounds, in Kentucky and Illinois at 55 pounds per bushel. Fine salt in Penn-

Measures and Weights of Great Britain.

The measures of length and the weights are nearly, practically, the same as those in use in the United States. The English ton is 2,240 lbs, avoirdupois, the same as the long ton, or shipping ton of the United States. The English hundredweight is 112 lbs, avoirdupois, the same as the long bundredweight of the United States. The English stone is usually equal to one-eighth hundredweight of 112 lbs., or 14 lbs, avoirdupois. The metre has been legalized at 39, 370.79 inches, but the length of 39, 370.42 inches, as adopted by France, Germany, Belgium, and Russia, is frequently used.

The Imperial gallon, the basis of the system of capacity, involves an error of about 1 part in 1, 836; 10 lbs, of water = 27, 123 cubic inches. (A late authority gives the weight of the Imperial gallon as 10,017 pounds and of the United States gallon as 8,345 pounds.)

The English statute mile is 1,760 vards or 5,280 feet. The following are measures of capacity:

The following are measures of capacity: The English statute mile is 1,760 yards or 5,280 feet.

NAMES.	Pounds of Water.	Cubic Inches.	Litres.	United States Equivalents.
4 gills = 1 pint		34.66	0.56793	L 20032 liquid pints.
2 pints = 1 quart	2.5	69 . 32	1,13586	1.20032 " quarts.
2 quarts = 1 pottle	5	138.64	2.27173	2.40064 "
2 pottles = 1 gallon		277. 27	4.54346	1, 20032 "gallons,
2 gallons = 1 peck		554, 55	9.08692	1. 03152 dry pecks.
4 pecks = 1 bushel	80 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	2218, 19	36, 34766	1.03152 '' bushels.
4 bushels = 1 coomb	320 52	8872.77	145,39062	4.12606 '' "'
$2 \operatorname{coombs} = 1 \operatorname{quarter}$. 640	17745.54	290.7813	8. 2521 " "

A cubic foot of pure gold weighs 1,210 pounds; pure silver, 655 pounds; cast iron, 450 pounds; copper, 550 pounds; lead, 710 pounds; pure platinum, 1,220 pounds; tin, 456 pounds; abunuum, 163 pounds.

Domestic Weights and Measures.

Apothecaries' Weight: 20 grains=1 scruple; 3 scruples=1 dram; 8 drams=1 ounce; 12

ounces = 1 pound.

Avoirdupois Weight (short ton); 27 11-32 grains = 1 dram; 16 drams = 1 ounce; 16 ounces = 1

pound; 25 pounds = 1 quarter; 4 quarters = 1 cwt.; 20 cwt. = 1 ton. = 1 ton. = 1 ton. = 2 ton. = 1 ton

= 1 circle or circumference

=1 circle or circumference.

Cubic Measure: 1,728 cubic inches = 1 cubic foot; 27 cubic feet = 1 cubic yard.

Dry Measure: 2 pints = 1 quart; 8 quarts = 1 peck; 4 pecks = 1 bushel.

Liquid Measure: 4 gills = 1 pint; 2 pints = 1 quart; 4 quarts = 1 gallon; 31½ gallons = 1 barrel;

2 barrels = 1 hogshead.

Long Measure: 12 inches = 1 foot; 3 feet = 1 yard; 5½ yards = 1 rod or pole; 40 rods = 1 furlong; 8 furlongs = 1 statute mile (1,760 yards or 5,280 feet); 3 miles = 1 league.

Mariners' Measure: 6 feet = 1 fathon; 120 fathons = 1 cable length; 7½ cable lengths = 1 mile; 5,280 feet = 1 statute mile; 6,085 feet = 1 nautical mile.

Paper Measure: 24 sheets = 1 quire; 20 quires = 1 ream (480 sheets); 2 reams = 1 bundle; 5 bundles = 1 bale.

Square Measure: 144 square inches = 1 square foot; 9 square feet = 1 square yard; 30¼ square yards = 1 square rod or perch; 40 square rods = 1 rood; 4 roods = 1 acre; 640 acres = 1 square mile; 36 square righes (6 miles square) = 1 township. Measure: 60 seconds = 1 minute: 60 minutes = 1 hour: 24 hours = 1 day: 7 days = 1

week; 365 days = 1 year; 366 days = 1 leap year.

MEDICAL SIGNS AND ABBREVIATIONS.

B. (Lat. Recipe), take; āā, of each; b, pound; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, ounce; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, dardons; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, scruple; \$\pi\$, minim, or drop; \$\text{O}\$ or o, pint; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, fluid ounce; \$\frac{1}{2}\$, fluid drachm; as, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ss, half an ounce; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ii, two ounces; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ii, grain; \$\text{Q}\$. S, as much as sufficient; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if. Mist., let a mixture be made; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ it. Hanst., let a draught be made; \$Ad., add to; \$Ad \text{ib}\$, at pleasure; \$Aq., water; \$M., \text{mix}; \$Mac., \text{macerate}; \$Pulv., \text{powder}; \$Pil., \text{pill}; \$Solv., \text{dissolve}; \$St., \text{let it stand}; \$Sum., to be taken; \$D., \text{dost}; \$Dil., \text{diule}; \$Pilt., \text{filter}; \$Lot., a \text{wash}; \$Garg., a \text{gargle}; \$Hor. \text{ Decub., at bed time}; \$Inject., \text{injection}; \$Gtt., \text{drops}; \$ss, \text{one-half}; \$Ess., \text{essence}.

TEXAS LAND MEASURE.

	(Also used	l in Mexico, New M	exico, Arizona, and California.)		
26,000,000	square varas	(square of 5.099	varas) = 1 league and 1 labo	r =	4,605.5	acres.
1,000,000	square varas	(square of 1.000	varas) = 1 labor	==	177.136	acres.
25.000,000	square varas	(square of 5,000	varas) = 1 league:	_	4,428,4	acres.
12,500,000	square varas	(square of 3,535.5	varas) = 1/2 league	=	2,214,2	acres.
8,333,333	square varas ((square of 2,886.7	varas) = 1/3 league	=	1,476.13	acres.
6,250,000	square varas	(square of 2,500	varas) = ¼ league	=	1,107.1	acres.
7,225,600	square varas (square of 2,688	varas)	_	1.280	acres.
3,612,800	square varas ((square of 1,900.8	varas) = 1 section	-	640	acres.
1,806,400	square varas	(square of 1 ,344	varas) = 1/2 section	=	320	acres.
903,200	square varas	(square of 950.4-	varas) = ¼ section	-	160	acres.
451,600	square varas	(square of 672	varas) = 1/8 section	100	80	acres.
225,800		square of 475	varas) = 1-16 section	=	40	acres.
5,645.376	square varas	(square of 75.13	7 varas = 4.840 square yards	=	1	acre.

To find the number of acres in any number of square varas, multiply the latter by 177 (or to be more exact, by 1771/6), and cut off six decimals.

1 vara = 331/3 inches. 1,900.8 varas = 1 mile.

		$_{ m M.EIGI}$	ITS AND	D MEAS	SURES OF THE PHILIP	PINE	S.	
1	pulgada (12 linea)	7:20		inch.	1 libra (16 ouzo)	-	1.0144	lb. av.
1	pie	6.23	11.125	inches.	1 arroba	-	25,360	lb. av.
	vara	2004	33.375		1 catty (16 tael)			lb, av.
	gantah	-		gallon.		=	139.482	lb. av,
1	caban	67428	21.991	gallons.	_			

Rnots and Miles.

The Statute Mile is 5, 280 feet.

The British Admiralty Knot or Nautical Mile is 6,080 feet.

The Statute Knot is 6 082,66 feet, and is generally considered the standard. The number of the Statute Knot is 6 082,66 feet, and is generally considered the standard. The number of the Statute Knot is 6 082,66 feet, and is generally considered the standard. The number of the Statute Knot is arrived at thus, The circumference of the encumberence, 21,600 divided in the standard of t feet in a statute knot is arrived at thus. each degree containing 60 knots or (360x60), 21,600 knots to the circumference. 21,600 divided mto 131,385,456-(the number of feet in the earth's circumference-gives 6,082 66 feet-the length of a standard mile.

1 knot = 1 capte knots 10 cables = 1 Knot 3 knots

Ancient Greek and Roman Weights and Measures,

WITH AMERICAN EQUIVALENTS. WEIGHTS

The Roman libra or pound = 10 oz. 18 pwt. 135.7 gr., Troy. The Attica mina or pound = 11 oz. 7 pwt. 162.7 gr. Troy. The Attica talent (60 mina) = 56 lbs. 11 oz. 0 pwt. 171.7 gr., Troy.

The Grecian furlong = 504 ft. 41-5 inches,

The Grecian mile = 4030 ft.

The as = 13.10 mills.

= \$3.58,79.

The quadrans = $1.1 \cdot 10$ mills.

The sestertius = 3.58 + cents.

MONEY

The talent (60 mmæ) = \$861 00+. The Greek stater = aureus (same as the Roman†)

The sestertium (1.000 sestertii) = \$35.80 +. The denarus = 14.35 + cents. The Attic oboins = 2 39 + cents. The drachma = 14.35 + cents *

The mina (100 drachmæ) = \$14.35+.

DRY MEASURE The Roman modus = 1 pk, 2-9 pint.
The Attic chainx = nearly 1½ pints.
The Attic medimnus = 4 pk, 6 1-10 pints.

LIQUID MEASURE.

The cotyle = a little over 42 pint. The cyathus = a little over $1\frac{1}{2}$ pints, The chus = a little over 6% pints.

The Roman foot = 11 3-5 inches.

The Roman foot = 11 3-5 inches.

The Roman cubit = 1 ft. 5\% inches.

The Roman pace = 4 ft. 10 inches.

The Roman furlong = 604 ft. 10 inches.

The Roman mile = 4.835 feet.

The Grecian cubit = 1 ft. 6\% inches.

The stater = daricus = \$7 16,66. *The modern drachma equals 19 3 cents. † Did not remain, at all periods, at this value, but this is the value indicated by Tacitus.

BIBLICAL WEIGHTS REDUCED TO TROY WEIGHT.

	Lbs.	Oz,	Pwt.	Gr.
The Gerah, one-twentieth of a Shekel	0	0	- 0	12
The Bekan, half a Shekel	Õ	0	5	-0
The Shekel	0	0	10	0
The Maneh, 60 Shekels	2	6	()	0
The Talent, 50 manehs, or 3,000 Shekels.	125	0	0	0

Electrical Units.

NAME.	Symbol.	Unit of	How Obtained.	CG\$*	Equivalent.		
Ohm	R.	Resistance	The electrical resistance of a col- umn of mercury 106 centimetres long and of 1 square millimetre section.		1 true ohm = 1,0112 Brit- ish Association ohms.		
Ampère	C	Current	Is that current of electricity that decomposes .00009324 gramme of water per second.	101	Deposits 1, 118 milligrams of silver per second.		
Volt	E	live torce	One ampère of current passing through a substance having 1 oum of resistance = 1 volt.	108	.926 of a standard Damel cell.		
Coulomb	Q	Quantity	A current of I ampère during I second of time.	101	Deposits 1, 118 milligrams of silver.		
Farad	К	Capacity	The capacity that a current of 1 ampère for 1 second (=1 contomb) charges it to potential of 1 volt.		2 5 knots of D, U. S cante.		
Microfarad Watt	Pw.	Power	1 millionth of tarad. Power of 1 ampère current passing through resistance of 1 ohm.	10±5 10±			
Jou	W.j.	Work	Is the work done by 1 watt of electrical power in 1 second.	107			

Consult technical works in electricity. *C. G. S. - Electro magnetic units.

Foreign Moncys.

English Money: 4 farthings = 1 penny (d): 12 pence = 1 shilling (s); 20 shillings = 1 pound (£).

21 shillings = one guinea: 5 shillings = one crown
French Money: 100 centimes = 1 franc.
German Money: 100 copten = 1 mark.
Russian Money: 100 coptes = 1 cube
Austro-Hungarian Money: 100 better = 1 krone
Por Hungarian Money: 100 teller = 1 krone

For United States equivalents, see table of "Value of Foreign Coins in U. S. Money."

Table of Geometrical Progression.

(Whereby any questions of Geometrical Progression and of Double Ratio may be solved by Inspection, the Number of Terms not exceeding 56)

1	1 1	15	16384	1 29	268435456	11 4	3	4398046511104
ā	9	16	32768	30	536870912		4	8796093022208
	7	17	65536	31	1073741824		5	17592186044416
3	7			01		11 3	Ü	
4	8	18	131072	32	2147483648		6	35184372088832
5	16	19	262144	33	4294967296	4	7	70368744177664
ย	32	20	524288	34	8589934592	1	8	140737488355328
7	64	21	1048576	35	17179869184	11 4	9	281474976710656
8	128	22	2097152	36	34359738368	{	U	562949953421312
9	256	23	4194304	37	68719476736		1	1125899906842624
10	512	24	8388608	38	137438953472		2	2251799813685248
11	1024	25	16777216	39	274877906944		3	4503599627370496
12	2048	26	33554432	40	549755813888	{	4	9007199254740992
13	4096	27	67108864	41	1099511627776		5	18014398509481984
14	8192	28	134217728	42	2199023255552]] [b	36028797018963968

ILLUSTRATIONS-The 13th power of 2=8192, and the 8th root of 256=2,

The English Mile.

COMPARED WITH OTHER EUROPEAN MEASURES.

	English Mile.	English Geog. M.	French Kilom.	Geog. M.	Russian Verst.	Austrian Mile.	Dutch Ure.	Norweg Mile.	Swedish Mile.	Danish Mile.	Swiss Stunde.
English Statute Mile	1.000	0 867	1.609	0 217	1. 508	U 212	0 289	0 142	0, 151	0.213	v 335
English Geog. Mite	1.150	1.000	1.855	0.250	1 738	0 245	0 333	0 164	0.169	0.246	0.386
French Kilometre		0.540	1.000	0.135	0 937	0.132	0 180	0 088	0 094	0 133	0.208
German Geog. Mile		4.000	7.420	1.000	6.953	0.978	1 333	0 657	0 694	0.985	1.543
Russian Verst	0.663	0.575	1.067	0 144	1.000	0 141	0 192	0 094	0 100	0.142	0.222
Austrian Mile		4.089	7.586	1.022	7.112	1.000	1 363	0.672	0 710	1.006	1 578
Dutch Ure	3.458	3.000	5.565	U.75U	5.215	0 734	1.000	0 493	0.520	0.738	1.157
Norwegian Mile	7 021	6.091	11.299	1.523	10 589	1 489	2 035	1 000	1.057	1 499	2.350
Swedish Mile		5.764	10.692	1 441	10 019	1 409	1.921	0.948	1 000	1.419	2 224
Danish Mile	4.682	4.062	7 536	1 016	7.078	0.994	1.354	0 667	0.705	1 000	1 567
Swiss Stunde	2.987	2. 592	4.808	0 648	4.505	0.634	0.864	0 425	0.449	0.638	1.000

Standard Newspaper Measure.

The Standard Newspaper Measure, as recognized and now in general use is $13 \, \mathrm{ems}$ pica. The standard of measurement of all sizes of type is the ''em quad,' not the letter ''m.''

The basis of measurements adopted by the International Typographical Union is the lower case alphabet, from "a" to "z" inclusive, and the ems used are the same body as the type measured.

4½ Point 18 ems	7 Point 14 ems	10 Point
5 Point	8 Point 14 ems	11 Point 13 ems
51/2 Point	9 Point	12 Point 13 ems
6 Point 15 ems		

Simple Enterest Table.

(Showing at Different Rates the Interest on \$1 from 1 Month to 1 Year, and on \$100 from 1 Day to 1 Year)

	4 PER CENT.	5 PER CENT	6 PER CENT.	7 PER CENT.	8 PER CENT.		
TIME.	Dollars. Cents.	Dollars. Cents.	Dollars. Cents.	Dollars, Cents.	Cents.		
One Dollar 1 month	3 7 7 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 3 3 3 3 3 4		1 1 1 5	11377135779 158	12		
3 3 6 12	1 2 66 7	1 25 . 2 50 . 5 .	1 50 3 6	1 16 6 1 75 3 50	1 33 3 2		

Compound Interest Table.

COMPOUND INTEREST ON ONE DOLLAR FOR 100 YEARS.

AMOUNT	Years.	Per cent.	Accumula-	AMOUNT	Years.	Per cent.	Accumula-	AMOUNT	Years	Per cent.	Accumulation.
\$1 1 1 1	100 100 100 100 100 100	1 246 3 346 4	\$2 70.5 7.24.5 11 81.4 19 21.8 31 19.1 50.50,4	1 1 1 1	100 100 100 100 100 100	41/6 5 6 7 8 9	\$81.58,9 131.50,1 339.30.5 867.72.1 2,199.78,4 5,529.04,4	\$1 1 1 1	100 100 100 100 100 100	10 11 12 15 18 24	\$13,780,66 34,064,34,6 83,521,82,7 1,174,302,40 15,424,106,40 2,198,720,200

YEARS IN WHICH A GIVEN AMOUNT WILL DOUBLE AT SEVERAL RATES OF INTEREST.

		AT Co	OMPOUND INTE	REST.	RATE.		AT COMPOUND INTEREST.			
RAFK.	At Sumple Interest.	Compounded Yearly.	Compounded Semi-Acau ally.	Compounded Quarterly		At Simple Interest.	Compounded Yearly.	Compounded Semi Annu ally	Compounded Quarterly.	
1 1,6 2 2,6 3,6 4,6 5,6	100 years 66.66 50.00 40.00 33.33 28.57 25.00 22.22 20.00 18.18	35, 003 28, 071 23, 450 20, 149 17, 673 15, 747 14, 207	69. 487 46. 382 34. 830 27. 899 23. 278 19. 977 17. 501 15. 576 14. 035 12. 775	69, 237 46, 297 34, 743 27, 748 23, 191 19, 890 17, 415 15, 490 13, 949 12, 689	6 65% 77% 88% 99% 10	16.67 15.38 14.29 13.33 12.50 11.76 11.11 10.52 10.00 8.34	11 896 11 007 10 245 9 584 9 006 8 497 8 043 7 638 7, 273 6 116	11 725 10 836 10 074 9 414 8 837 8 327 7 874 7 468 7 103 5 948	11 639 10,750 9 966 9 328 8 751 8 241 7 788 7 383 7 018 5,862	

Monthly Wage Table.*

DAYS.	\$10	\$11	\$12	\$13	\$14	\$15	\$1 6	\$17	\$18	\$19	\$20
1	.38	.42	. 46	.50		.58				. 73 1 46	
3	1.15		1.38	1.50		1. 73	1.85	1 96	2.08	$\frac{1}{2}\frac{40}{19}$	2.31
4	1 54	1 69				2.31	2.46		2.77	2.92	3 08
5	1.92 2.31	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } 2.12 \\ 2.54 \end{array}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{31}{77}$	2,50 3,00		2.88 3.46			3 46	3.65 4.38	
7	2.69	2 96	3.23	3, 50	3.77	4.04	4.31	4.58	4 85	5.12	5, 38
8	$\begin{array}{c} 3.08 \\ 3.46 \end{array}$	3 38	3.69 4.15			4.62 5.19				$\frac{5}{6.58}$	6.15
9 10	3.85		4.13			5. 77			6 92	7.31	7.68
11	4.23	4.65	5, 08	5,50	5.92	6.35	6.77	7.19	7.62	8.04	8.46
12	4.62 5.00	5. 08 5. 50	5.44 6.00	6, 00 6, 50		6.92 7.50				8.77 9.50	9. 23 10. 00
14	5.38	5.92	6 46	7.00	7 54	8.08	8.62	9.15	9.69	10.23	10.77
15	5.77 7.69	6.35 8.46	6,92 9,23	7 50 10.00		8 65 11 54		9 81 13.03	10 38 13.85	$\frac{10.96}{14.62}$	
20 1 mouth	10.00	11.00	12.00	13.00		11 54 15 00		17.00		19.00	
2	20.00	22 00	24.00	26.00		30.00		34.00	36 00	38 00	
3	30.00 40.00	33.00 44.00	36,00 48,00	39.00 52.00		45.00 60.00				57 00 76 00	
5	50.00	55.00	60 00	65.00	70.00	75, 00	80.00	85 00	90.00	95 00	100.00
6 	60.00 70.00	66,00 77,00		78.00 91.00		90.00			$\frac{108}{126} \frac{00}{00}$		
ś	80.00	88.00	96.00						144.00		
9	90 00								162 00		
10 									$\frac{180}{198} \frac{00}{00}$		
1 year									216 00		

*Six working days in the week.

Roman and Arabic Rumerals.

1	1 X I	11 XXX 30 C	CCC 400
		., 12 X L 40 L	
		13 L 50 D	
		. 14 LX 60,11	
		15 L.X.X 70 L	
		16 LXXX or XXC. 80 C	
		17 XC 90 J	
		. 18 C100 3	
		. 19 CC 200 J	
X	10 X X	20 CCC300	

Specific Gravity.*

Liquids.	Timber.	Sundries,	Metals and Stones.		
Water100	Cork 24	Indigo 77	Granite 278		
Sea-water103	Poplar 38	Ice 92	Diamond 353		
Dead Sea124	Fir 55	Gunpowder 93	Cast iron 721		
		Butter 94			
Turpentine 99	Pear 66	Clay120	Bar iron 779		
		Coal 130			
Urine101	Cherry 72	Opium134	Brass 840		
Cider102	Maple	Honey145	Copper 895		
Beer102	Ash 84	Ivory183	Silver1,047		
Woman's milk102	Beech	Sulphur203	Lead 1 .135		
('ow's ''103	Mahogany106	Marble270	Mercury1,357		
Goat's "104	Oak117	Chalk279	Gold 1 926		
Porter104	Ebony133	Glass289	Platina2. 150		

The weight of a cubic foot of distilled water at a temperature of 60° F, is 1,000 ounces Avoirdupois, very nearly, therefore the weight (in ounces, Avoirdupois) of a cubic foot of any of the substances in the above table is found by multiplying the specific gravities by 10, thus;—one cubic foot of oak weighs 1,170 ounces; one cubic foot of marble 2,700 ounces, and so on.

*Compared with water.

Freezing, Fusing, and Boiling Points.

SUBSTANCES.	Resu- mur.	Centi- grade.	Fahren- beit.	SUBSTANCES.	Reau mur.	Centi- grade.	Fahren- heit.
Bromine freezes at	- 17 60	- 220	- 760	Silver fuses at	8000	1.0000	1.8320
Olive oil freezes at		10	50	Sodium fuses at	76.5	95 6	204
Quicksilver freezes at	- 31.5	- 39 4	- 39	Sulphur fuses at	92	115	239
Water freezes at	0	0	32	Tin fuses at	182	228	442
Bismuth metal fuses at	211	264	507	Zinc fuses at	329 6	412	773
Copper fuses at	963	1.204	2.200	Alcohol boils at	63	74.4	167
Gold fuses at	1.105	1.380	2.518	Bromine boils at	50	63	145
Iron tuses at	1.230	1 538	2 800	Ether boils at	28 4	35 5	96
Lead fuses at	260	325	617	Iodine boils at	140	175	347
Potassium fuses at	50	62.5	144.5	Water boils at		100	212

Authorities vary on some of these points. The best are given.

Weight and Weight of Men.

TABLE OF AVERAGE HEIGHT AND WEIGHT OF MALES. BASED ON ANALYSIS OF 74,162 ACCEPTED APPLICANTS FOR LIFE INSURANCE AS REPORTED TO THE ASSOCIATION

OF LIFE INSURANCE MEDICAL DIRECTORS.

Невонт.	Age. 15-24	Age. 25-29	Age. 30-34	Age. 25-39	Age. 40-44	Age. 45-49	Age. 50-54	Age 55-59	Age. 60-64	Age 65-69
	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds
Б feet	120	125	128	131	133	134	134	134	131	
5 feet 1 inch	122	126	129	131	134	136	136	136	134	
5 feet 2 inches	124	128	131	133	136	138	138	138	137	
5 feet 3 inches	127	131	134	136	139	141	141	141	140	140
5 leet 4 inches	131	135	138	140	143	144	145	145	144	143
5 leet 5 inches	134	138	141	143	146	147	149	149	148	147
5 feet 6 inches	138	142	145	147	150	151	153	153	153	151
5 feet 7 inches	142	147	150	152	155	156	158	158	158	156
5 teet 8 inches	146	151	154	157	160	161	163	163	163	162
5 feet 9 inches	150	155	159	162	165	166	167	168	168	168
5 teet 10 inches	154	159	164	167	170	171	172	173	174	174
5 feet 11 inches	159	164	169	173	175	177	177	178	180	180
6 feet	165	170	175	179	180	183	182	183	185	185
6 feet 1 inch	170	177	181	185	186	189	188	189	189	189
6 leet 2 inches	176	184	188	192	194	196	194	194	192	192
6 feet 3 inches	181	190	195	200	203	201	201	198	102	102

A Height and Weight Table compiled by a Committee of the Medical Section of the National Fraternal Congress, 1900, which is the analysis of 133,940 applications of selected risks, in a few instances differed very slightly from the above.

HEIGHT AND WEIGHT OF WOMEN.

The following table gives the relative height and weight of women, all ages. The weight of ordinary clothing, however, is included.

Негоит. Average. 5 feet. 115 5 feet 1 luch. 120 5 feet 2 luches. 125 5 feet 3 luches. 130 5 feet 4 luches. 135 5 feet 5 luches. 140 5 feet 6 luches. 142	Mini- mum. 98 102 106 111 115 119	138 144 150 155	HEIGHT. Average. 5 feet 7 inches 145 5 feet 8 inches 148 5 feet 9 inches 155 5 feet 10 inches 160 5 feet 11 inches 165 6 feet 170 170	Miul- mum, 123 126 131 136 138	Max)- mum. 167 170 179 184 190 196
--	--	--------------------------	---	--	---

Water Measures.

	WEIGHT	OF WATER.	
1	cubic inch03617 pound,	1 cylindrical foot, 6 0	U.S. gals.
12	cubic inches 434 pound.	2, 282 cylindrical feet 112, 0	pounds.
1	enbicfoot 62.5 pounds.	45.64 cylindrical feet2240.0	pounds.
1	cubic foot 7. 48052 Û, S. gal		pounds.
1.8	cubic feet 112.0 pounds.		pounds.
35.84	cubic feet	224 imperial gallous2240.0	pounds.
1	cylindrical inch , 02842 pound,	1 U. S. gallon 8 355	pounds.
12	cylindrical inches .341 pound,	13.44 U.S. gallons 112.0	ponnds.
1	cylindrical foot 49 10 pounds,	1268 8 U.S. gallons2240, 0	pounds.

Note—The centre of pressure of water against the side of the containing vessel or reservoir is at two-thirds the depth from the surface. One cubic foot salt water weighs 64-3 pounds.

THEORETICAL VELOCITY OF WATER IN FEET PER SECOND.

HEAD, FERT.	Velocity, Feet per Second.	HEAD, FEET.	Velocity, Feet per Second,	HEAD, FRET.	Velocity, Feet per Second.	HEAD, FEET.	Velocity, Feet per Second.
10	25. 4	25	40.1	55	59.5	85	74.0
12	27. 8	30	43.9	60	62.1	90	76.1
15	31 1	35	47.4	65	64.7	95	78.2
18	34 0	40	59.7	70	67.1	100	80.3
20	35 9	45	53.8	75	69.5	125	89.7
22	37. 6	50	56.7	80	71.8	150	98.3

PRESSURE OF WATER PER SQUARE INCH AT DIFFERENT DEPTHS.

DEPTH 1N FEET.	Pressure (15s.)	DEPTH IN FRET.	Pressure.	DEPTH IN FK: T.	Pressure.	DEPTH 1N FRET.	Pressure. (lbs.)
6	2.60	35	15.16	90	38.98	160	69.31
8	3 40	40	17.32	100	43.31	170	73.64
10	4.33	45	19, 49	110	47 64	180	77.97
15	6. 4:)	50	21,65	120	51.98	190	82 30
20	8 66	60	25.99	130	56.31	200	86, 63
25 .	10 82	70	i.0.32	140	60, 64	215	93.14
30	12.99	80	34.65	150	64.97	230	99.63

Temperature of Steam.

ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE 14.7 LBS. DEGREES IN FAHRENHEIT SCALE.

PERSURE PER SQ. INCH	Degrees of Temperature.	PRESSURE PER So. Inch.	Degrees of Temperature.	PRESSURE PER SQ. INCH.	Degrees of Temperature.	PRESSURE PER SQ. 18CH.	Degrees of Temperature
1	216.3	12	244.3	32	277.0	80	323 9
2	219.4	14	248.3	34	279 6	85	327.6
3	222.4	16	252.1	40	286.9	90	331.1
4	225 2	18	255.7	45	292.5	95	334. 5
5	227.9	20	259, 2	50	297. S	100	337.8
6	230 5	22	262.5	55	302, 7	105	341.0
7	233 0	24	265-6	60	307.4	110	344.0
8	235 4	26	268, 6	65	311 8	115	347.0
9	237.7	28	271.5	70	316.0	120	350.0
10	240.0	30	274.3	75	320.0	125	352.8

Steam flows into atmosphere at the rate of 650 feet per second.

Tensile Strength of Materials.

MATERIALS.	I.bs.*	MATERIALS.	Lbs. *	MATERIALS.	Lbs.*	MATERIALS.	Lis.
METALS.		METALS,		METALS.		WOODS.	-
Aluminum castings	15,000		35,000			Spruce	
" sheets	24,000		60,000	Chrome nickel vanad-		White pine	15,0
" wire			20,500				11.0
" bars			60,000	Manganese steel cast)		Red fir	10,0
Nickel aluminum			50.000		140,000	Yellow fir	12,0
Aluminum bronze			58,000			Teak	14,0
Mangunese "				Ash	14,000		
l'hosphor "	46,000			Black walnut	12,000	MISCELLANEOUS,	ì
Tobin "	56,000		80,000	Beech		Blue Stone	1,4
Bronze gun metal	35,000			Cedar		Granite	1 1
Platinum wire (an-		ered	85.000	Chestnut	10,000	Limestone	1,0
nealed)		Nickel steel (annealed)	80,000	Elm	13,400	Marble	7
Platinum wire (not an-		" " oil temp-		Hemlock		Sandstone	1
nealed)	56,000		90,000	Hickory	15,000		2:
Tin	3,500	Rivet steel	53,000	Locust			ł
Gold (cast)	20,000		60.000	Lignum vita			40
silver (cast)			65,000	Maple	10,500	Ordinary single	1
Lead			70,000	White oak	14.500		3,4
Zinc			81,400	Live **	13,000	Ordinary double	1
Brass (cast)	24,000	" vanadium		Popiar	7,000.		6.0
Copper (cast)	24,000	steel	100,000	Redwood	5.500	Cotton belding	6,0

Tensile Strength is the resistance of the fibres of particles of a body to separation. It is therefore proportional to their number, or to the area of its transverse section. The fibres of wood are strongest near the centre of the trunk or limb of a tree. * Plensile strength in pounds per square inch.

The Capitol at Washington.

THE Capitol is situated in latitude 38° 53' 20".4 north and longitude 77° 00' 35".7 west from Greenwich. It fronts east, and stands on a plateau eighty-eight feet above the level of the Potomac.

The entire length of the building from north to south is seven hundred and fifty-one feet four inches, and its greatest dimension from east to west three hundred and fifty feet. The area covered by the building is 153,112 square feet.

The dome of the original central building was constructed of wood, covered with copper. This was replaced in 1856 by the present structure of cast iron. It was completed in 1865. The entire weight of iron used is 8,909,200 pounds.

The dome is crowned by a bronze statue of Freedom, which is nineteen feet, six inches high and weighs 14,985 pounds. It was modelled by Crawford. The height of the dome above the base line of the east front is two hundred and eighty-seven feet five inches. The height from the top of the balustrade of the building is two hundred and seventeen feet eleven inches. The greatest diameter at the base is one hundred and thirty-five feet five inches.

The rotunda is ninety-seven feet six inches in diameter, and its height from the floor to the top of the canopy is one hundred and eighty feet three inches.

The Senate Chamber is one hundred and thirteen feet three inches in length, by eighty feet three inches in width, and thirty-six feet in height. The galleries will accommodate one thousand persons,

The Representatives' Hall is one hundred and thirty-nine feet in length, by ninety-three feet in width, and thirty-six feet in height.

The southeast corner-stone of the original building was laid September 18, 1793, by President Washington with Masonic ceremonies. The corner-stone of the extensions was laid July 4, 1851, by President Fillmore.

The room now occupied by the Supreme Court was, until 1859, occupied as the Senate Chamber. Previous to that time the court occupied the room immediately beneath, now used as a law library,

Uincoln's Gettysburg Speech.

(Address at the Dedication of Gettysburg Cemetery, November 19, 1863.)

FOURSCORE and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal.

Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of We are met to dedicate a portion of it as the final resting-place of those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this.

But in a larger sense we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work that they have thus far so nobly carried on. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us; that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to the cause for which they here gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that the dead shall not have died in vain; that the nation shall, under God, have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, and for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

The Coast and Geodetic Survey of the Department of Commerce and Labor is charged with the survey of the coasts of the United States and coasts under the jurisdiction thereof, and the publication of charts covering said coasts. This includes base measure, triangulation, topography and hydrography along said coasts; the survey of rivers to the head of tide water or ship navigation, deep sea soundings, temperature and current observations along said coasts and throughout the Gulf and Japan streams, magnetic observations and researches and the publication of maps showing the variations of terrestrial magnetism; gravity research, determination of heights, the determination of geographic positions by astronomic observations for latitude inogitude and azimuth, and by triangulation to furnish reference points for State surveys and to co-ordinate Governmental surveys.

by triangulation to turnish reference points for State surveys, and to co-ordinate Governmental surveys. The results obtained are published in annual reports and in special publications; charts upon various scales, including sailing charts, general charts of the coast and harbor charts; tide tables issued annually in advance; coast pilots with sailing directions covering the navigable waters; notices to mariners issued weekly as a joint publication of the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Bureau of Lighthouses and containing current information necessary for safe navigation; catalogues of charts and publications, and such other publications as may be required to carry out the organic law governing the survey.

Constitution of the United States.

Preamble.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION for the United States of America.

ARTICLE 1.

Legislative powers. House of Representatives.

SECTION I. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

- Section II. 1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the

most numerous branch of the State Legislature, most numerous branch of the State Legislature. Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been Represent as seven years a citizen of the United States and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that States in Qualifications of

which he shall be chosen. tives.

res. which he shall be chosen.

The presentatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included withRepresentative in this Union according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of tives.

The persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative, and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hamphire shall be entitled to choose 3; Massachusetts, 8; Rhoda Island and Providence Plantations, 1; Connecticut, 5; New York, 6; New Jersey, 4; Pennsylvania, 8; Delaware, 1; Maryland, 6; Virginia, 10; North Carolina, 5; South Carolina, 5; and Georgia, 3.*

Pennsylvania, 8; Delaware, 1; Maryland, 6; Virginia, 10; North Carolina, 5; South Carolina, 5; and Georgia, 3.*

Aucies, how

4. When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof shall issue lead. Apportionm e n t tatives,

Vacancies, how

writs of election to fill such vacancies.

h o w

5. The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of i mpeachment

SECTION III. 1. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by

Classification of

the Legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote
2. Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the the Legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

7. Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the such year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

7. No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be

Qualifications of Senators.

Senators.

tilled.

Officers, appointed.

Senate.

chosen.

4. The Vice-President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they

President of the Senate.

be equally divided.
5. The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

6. The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the Fresident of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Senate a court 6. The Senate shall for trial of im- on oath or affirmation.

peachments Judgment in ElectionsofSen-

7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification ang ment in a sugment in eases of impeaciment such a bot extend to removal from omce, and assignatification case of convict to hold and enjoy any office of bonor, trust, or profit under the United States but the party convicted shall nevertion. theless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to law. Electionsoften—Sacroot IV. 1. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be ators and Represented in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such

resentatives. Meeting of Con-

regulations, except as to places of choosing Senators.

2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in

gress. Organization of Congress.

2. In Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monary in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Section V. 1. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorant to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties

Rule ule of pro-

as each House may provide.

2. Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds expel a member.

Journals of

our nais of 3. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such sach House. Part as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal of the process.

Adjournment of

Adjournment of

4. Neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more Congress.

Pay and prive

Section VI. 1. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascerbers.

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Beria. Section VII. 1.

offices Other prohibited.

1 once in any other piace.
2. No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office.

Revenue bills.

SECTION VII. 1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives, but the Senate

How bills become laws.

Section VII. 1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives, but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

2. Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that House shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that House is shall become a law. But in all such cases the rotes of both Houses shall be determined by years and pays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each flows respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within less days (and secrepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had aspend it, not less the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which each tshall number as if he had aspend it, our lates the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which each tshall not be law.

^{*} See Article XIV., Amendments.

Approval and

3. Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and Honse of Representatives may veto powers be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and of the Presi-before the same shall take effect shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-dent. thirds of the Senate and the House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

Section VIII. 1. The Congress shall have power:

Powers vested in Congress.

To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States, but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

2. To borrow money on the credit of the United States.

3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes. 4. To establish an uniform rule of naturalization and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States.

5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and

6. To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States.

To establish post-offices and post-roads.
 To promote the progress of science and useful arts by securing for limited times to authors and inventors

the exclusive rights to their respective writings and discoveries.

9. To constitute tribunals interior to the Supreme Court.

10. To define and punish piracres and feionics committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of

nations. 11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water, 12. To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than

two years.

13. To provide and maintain a navy. To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invesions.

16. To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress.

17. To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district (not exceeding ten miles square)

as may, by cession of particular States and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of Government of the

as may, by cession of particular states and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of Government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the Legislatine of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dry-docks, and other needful buildings.

15. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or

officer thereof. Immlerants.

mmlgrants, Sacrion IX 1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think how admitted, proper to admit shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

2. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or

Attainger.

Invasion the public safety may require it.

3. No bill of attainder or expost facto law shall be passed.

4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be ladd, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore

Direct taxes,

directed to be taken.

Regulations re garding ens-

offrected to be taken.

5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

6. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another, nor shall vessels bound to or from one State be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

7. No money shall be drawn from the Treasury but, in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a reg-

toms duties. Moneys, how

ular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

httes of mobil. S. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States. And no person holding any office of profit or ity prohibited, trust under them shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title of Titles of nobil-

Powers

any kind whatever from any king, prince, or foreign state.

owers of Sacrion X. 1. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation, grant letters of marque and reStates defined, prisal, com money, ennt bills of credit, make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts, pass
any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. any bill

2. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any impost or duties on imports or exports, except that may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws, and the net proince of all duties and imposts, land by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

3. No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

Executive powvested.

Section I. 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall er, in whom hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be vested. elected as follows:

Electors. Each State shall appoint, in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal
to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no
Senator or Representative or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector,

Proceedings of electors.

elector.

3. [The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each, which list they shall sign and certify and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole analysis of the whole ambor of electron amonitor and if there he more than one who have such majority and have an entry.

Proceedings of the whole number of electors appointed, and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal the Hones of number of electors appointed, and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal the Hones of number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; Represe at a - and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose tives.

State having one vote. A quorum, for this purpose, shall consists of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice-President.

Time of choos-

dent.]* 4. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors and the day on which they shall give their ing electors. votes, which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

^{*} This clause is superseded by Article XII , Amendments.

Qualifications of

Provision in

pushfications of 5. No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of the President, thus Constitution, shall be eligible to the other of President; in their shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thurty-time years and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

Frovision In 6. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the case of the dis-powers and outers of the sawt office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President, and the Congress may by law ability.

Sometimes of the discharge the case of the discharge the case of the discharge the case of the discharge the same shall devolve on the Vice-President, and the Congress may by law ability. President shall be elected.

Salary of the Presideut.

7. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Oath of the Presidect. Duties of the

President.

any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

8. Before he enter on the execution of his office he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemaly swear (or affirm) that I will fauthtuity execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of in whitely preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States."

Section 31. The President shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and the of the service of the United States, and the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments upon any subject relating to the dittes of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grain reprieves and pardots for offences against the United States except in cases of impeachment.

2. He shall have nower, by and with the advices and consent of the Seaste to make treates account.

May make trea-

United States except in cases of imp-achment.

Lay make trex—2. He shall have power, oy and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, previded two lies, appoint thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall norminate, and by and with the advice and consent of the ann bassadors, Senate shall appoint inhassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Conf. and all other judges, etc. officers of the United States whose appointments are not never in otherwise provided for, and which shall be extended to the shall be appointment of the shall be described and the shall

May fill vacan-

by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next session.

May make rec-

day make rec.— Section III. He shall tront mue to time give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and common to their consideration such measures as he shall indige occessors and expedient, he may, on extraord to and con vary occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them with respect to your Congress, the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassariors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be taithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

Section IV. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from

officers may be moved.

19 office on impea, ment for and conviction of treason, bribers, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

Judicial power.

SECTION I. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior how invested, courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the Supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their effices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office. Section II. 1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising order this Constitution,

To what cases it extends.

the laws of the United States, and treatise made, or which shall be made, under their authority, to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more State, netween a State and citizens of another State, between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State, or the cutzens thereof, and foreign States, citizens, or subjects.

2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls, and those in which a State shall be
the Supreme party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before-mediticed the Supreme Jurisdiction of Court shall have appellate jurisdiction both as to law and fact, with such exc-ptions and under such regulations as

Rules respecting

the Congress shall make. 3. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury, and such trial shall be held in the State where the said ordines shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State the trial shall be at

trials. Treason defined.

State where the said ordines shall have been committed; out when not committed within any State the trial shall of at such place or places as the Congress may by law nave directed.

SECTION III. 1. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhening to their enemies, giving them aid and confort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overteat, or on confession in open court.

2. The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, out no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attained.

How punished.

ARTICLE IV.

and records. Privileges

Rights of States Section I. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

Sacrow Il. 1. The cutzens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in

cirizens. Executive requi-

the several States. 2. A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shail flee from justice, and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the Executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

attions. Laws regulating

aws regulating 3. No person field to service or tabor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another shall, in conservice or ia sequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on

service or talker, one of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on bor.

New States, now claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be disc.

New States, now Section III. 1. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be termed a an a formed or erected within the pursicition of any other State, on any State or more do with quantition.

New States, or parts of States, without the consent of the Legistatures of the States concerned, as well as of the Congress.

Power of Con- 2. The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful miles and regulations respecting the terrigress of ver tory or other property belonging to the United States, and nothing to this Constitution shall be so construed as to public lands, prejudice any claims of the United States, or day no particular State.

Republican gov
section IV. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, ertunent guar- and shall proted each of them against downess of any and, on application of the Legislature cannot be convened), against downestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

Constitution

constitution. The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this how amended. Consuration, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a concentration proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when rathfield with Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by concentions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of rathfication may be proposed by the Congress, provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth raises in the Nitan Section of the First Article; and that in State, without its casent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

Validity of debts recognized.

1. All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this Constitution shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation,

compensation.

upremelsw of 2. This Constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made to pursuance thereof and single the land determined the constitution and the laws of the Lind determined the constitution of the United States, Shall be the supreme law of the fined. land, and the judgest every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State Supreme law of

such that the Constitution of the Contrary notwithstanding.

In the Constitution of the Several State Legislatures, and required and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by eath or for what.

The Several State Legislatures, and the several States, shall be bound by eath or for what.

The Several States, shall be bound by eath or ediginate the states and of the several States, shall be bound by eath or for what. Ostn: of whom

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the Conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution Ratification of the Constitu- between the States so ratifying the same. tion.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to peti-Religion and free speech. or abringing the freedom or sprievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Right to bear arms snall not be intringed. arms.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any nouse without the consent of the owner, nor in time of Soldiers in time of peace. war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable search-s and setzures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or tungs to be elized. Right of search.

ARTICLE V.

apital crimes No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment and arrest of a grand jury, except in cases arising to the land or naval forces, or in the milita, when in actual service, in therefore unne of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be competled in any criminal case to be a witness against nimself, nor be deprived of life, Canital crimes moerty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall privats property be taken for public use without just

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the Siste and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence. Right to speedy triai.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no tact tried my a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law. Trial by jury.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted. Excessive bail.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others re-Enumeration of tained by the people. rights. ARTICLE X.

Reserved rights The powers not delegated to the States respectively, or to the people. The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by It to the States, are re-

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States, by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of Judicial power. any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

Electors in The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of The electors in The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballotter President and Vice-President, one of Presidential whom at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the elections.

The electors of the state
ing the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, it such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person nave such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall cooses immediately, oy ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorium for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-furness of the estates, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary as choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March naxt following, then the Vice-President shall sat as President as in the case of the death or other late the Vice-President shall sat as President over two votes as Vice-President as the Vice-President shall not consistuational shall be shall be the Vice-President shall not not be the Vice-President shall not be not made or electors appointed, and if no person quorium for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number and low necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally incligable to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

Slavery pro-1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall nave been only convolved, and east widen the Canted States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.
2. Congress shall have power to enforce this armole by appropriate legislation. whited.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued,

ARTICLE XIV.

Protection ail citizene.

Apportionment tatives.

tection for 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the Lettizens.

United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall shridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; no or shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or or the property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election to the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the except for participation in rebellion or other members of the Legislature thereof, seduced to make your department of the control of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other or rime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of are in such State.

tion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of mare citizens twenty-one years or age in such State.

a So person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or the holding any office, civil or military, under the United States, or not under any State, who, having previously taken an United States, and the holding any office, civil or military, under the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-chirds of each House, remove such disability.

4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, anthorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection and rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any glave; but all such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and void.

5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article. Rebellion

The

5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

Right of suffrage.

1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

2. The Congress shall have power to enforce the provisions of this article by appropriate legislation.

RATIFICATION OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The Constitution was ratified by the thirteen original States in the following order :

Delaware, December 7, 1787, unanimously. Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787, vote 46 to 23. New Jersey, December 18, 1787, unanimously. Georgia, January 2, 1788, unanimonsly.
Connecticut, January 9, 1788, vote 128 to 40.
Massachusetts, February 6, 1788, vote 187 to 168. Maryland, April 28, 1788, vote 63 to 12.

South Carolina, May 23, 1788, vote 149 to 73, New Hampshire, June 21, 1788, vote 57 to 46. Virginia, June 25, 1788, vote 89 to 79. New York, July 26, 1788, vote 30 to 28. North Carolina, November 21, 1789, vote 193 to 75. Rhode Island, May 29, 1790, vote 34 to 32.

RATIFICATION OF THE AMENDMENTS.

I. to X. inclusive were declared in force December 15, 1791.

I. to X. inclusive were declared in force December 15, 1791.

XI. was declared in force January 8, 1798.

XII., regulating elections, was ratified by all the States except Connecticut, Delaware, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire, which rejected it. It was declared in force September 28, 1804.

XIII. The emancipation amendment was ratified by 31 of the 36 States; rejected by Delaware and Kentucky, not acted on by Texas; conditionally ratified by Alabama and Mississippl. Proclaimed December 18, 1865.

XIV. Reconstruction amendment was ratified by 32 Northern States; rejected by Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, and 10 Southern States and not acted on by California. The 10 Southern States subsequently ratified under pressure. Proclaimed July 28, 1868.

XV. Negro citizenship amendment was not acted on by Tennessee, rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, and Oregon; ratified by the remaining 30 States. New York rescinded its ratification January 5, 1870. Proclaimed March 30, 1870.

The National Flag.

The official flag of the United States bears forty-eight white stars in a blue field, arranged in six rows of eight stars each. Two stars were added in 1912 by the admission of Arizona and New Mexico to the Union. The garrison flag of the Army is made of bunting, thirty-six feet fly and twenty feet hoist; thirteen stripes, and in the upper quarter, next the staff, is the field or "union" of stars, equal to the number of States, on blue field, over one-third length of the flag, extending to the lower edge of the fourth red stripe from the top. The storm flag is twenty feet by ten feet, and the recruiting flag nine feet line inches by four feet four inches. The "American Jack" is the "union" or blue field of the flag. The Revenue Marine Service flag, authorized by act of Congress, March 2, 1799, was originally prescribed to "consist of sixteen perpendicular stripes, alternate red and white, the union of the ensign bearing the arms of the United States in dark blue on a white field." The sixteen stripes represented the number of States which had been admitted to the Union at that time, and no change has been made since, June 14, the anniversary of the adoption of the flag is celebrated as Flag Day in a large part of the Union.

IN ORDER TO SHOW PROPER RESPECT FOR THE FLAG THE FOLLOWING CERE-MONY SHOULD BE OBSERVED:

It should not be hoisted before sunrise nor allowed to remain up after sunset.

At "retreat," sunset, civilian spectators should stand at "attention" and uncover during the playing of the "Star Spangled Banner." Military spectators are required by regulation to stand at "attention" and give the military salute.

When the National colors are passing on parade, or in review, the spectator should, if walking, halt, and if sitting, arise and stand at attention and uncover.

When the flag is flown at half staff as a sign of mourning it should be hoisted to full staff at the conclusion of the funeral

conclusion of the funeral.

In placing the flag at half staff, it should first be holsted to the top of the staff and then lowered to position, and preliminary to lowering from half staff, it should be first raised to the top.

On Memorial Day, May 80, the flag should fly at half staff from sunrise to noon and full staff from noon to sunset. - Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York.

Declaration of Endependence.

IN CONGRESS JULY 4, 1776.

THE unanimous declaration of the thirteen United States of America. When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitles them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unallenable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed. That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to after or no abolish it, and to institute new Government. ment, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Salety and Inappiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience that below, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw of such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The mistory of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all naving in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative nodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his

He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the meantime exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convuisions within

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migrations bither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands. He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing

Judiciary Powers He has made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount

and payment of their salaries He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harass our peo-

ple, and eat out their substance He has kept among us, in times of peace. Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislature.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing Artinis and superior to the Civil power. He has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil power.

unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their Acts of pretended Legislation: For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from punishment for any Murders which they should com-

mit on the Inhabitants of these States: For cutting off our frade with all parts of the world:

For imposing Taxes on us without our Consent:

For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by jury: For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended offences:

For aboushing the free System of English Laws in a neighboring Province, establishing therein an Arbitrary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies:

For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Governments.

For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate

for us in all cases whatsoever He has abdicated Government nere, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War

against ns He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our

people
He is at this time transporting large Armies of foreign Mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already pegnn with circumstances of Cruelty & perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most parbarous ages, and totally unworthy the Head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our lettow-Citizens taken captive on the high Seas to near Arms against their

Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the innabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an andistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humole terms:

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE-Continued.

Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have We been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from to time of attempts by their tegislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnammity, and we have conjured them by the nest our common kindred to disavow these using attons, which, would nevitably interrupt our connections and circe-spondence. They too have been deat to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, increative, acquiesce in the necessity, which denomices our separation, and hold them, as we note the rest of manking. Enemies in War, in Peace Friends.

WE, THEREFORE, the Representatives of the United States of America, in General Conserss, Assembled, appearing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectified of our latentions, do, in the Name, and by authority of the good People of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of Right ought to be free and independent States; that they are Absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as free and independent States, they have tull Power to levy War, conclude Peace contact Alhances, establish Commerce, and to do an other Acts and Things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection british Providence, We mutually pledge to each other our lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Home.

SIGNERS OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

Name.	Colony.	Occupation	Boru		Birchpince.	Died.	Age
Agams, John	Mass. Bay	Lawyer	Oct. 30,	1735	BraintreeMass	Iniv 4,1826	91
Agams, Samuel		Merchant .	Sep. 22.	1722	Boston Mass	Oct 3.1803	81
Barilett, Josian	N. Hamp.	Physician	Nov .	1729	Amesbury Mass	May 19 1795	66
Braxton, Carter		Planter	Sep. 10.	1736	Newington Va	Oct 10 1797	62
Carroll, Charles.,	Maryland	Lawyer	Sep. 20	1737	Newington Va	Nov 14 1832	96
Chase, Samuel		Lawyer	Apr 17	1741	Somerset Co. Md	Lune 19 1811	71
Clark, Abraham	N Jersey	Lawyer	Feb 15	1726	Elizabethtown, N. J	Sont 1794	69
Clymer, George	Penn	Merchant	Ian 21	1739	Philadelphia Pa	100 92 1813	75
Ellery, William	Phodo Let	Lawyer	1100 22	1-95	Vormort P 1	Fal. 25, 1010	. 63
Filely, William	New York.	Parmer	Dog 15	1-21	Newport R 1 Setauket N. Y	Feb. 15,1820	93
Floyd, William		Petotor	lun 17	1-06	Boston Mass	Aug. 111021	87
Franklin, Benjamin		Moretrant	July 17.	1700	MarbieheadMass	Apr. 14.1180	85
Gerry, Elbridge	Cuangia	Morenaut	July 11,	1 700	Maroreneau, Mass	NOV. 23, 1013	
Gwinnett, Button	Moss Borr	Merchant	Inc. 12	1402	Braintree Hugland	May 21, 1111	45
Hancock, John	mass. Day,	Dhamana	Jan. 124	1101	Diamiree mass	Oct. 8,1793	57
Hall, Lyman.	Georgia	Fuysician		1401	Ct	1	
Harrison, Benj	Virginia	Farmer		1740	Berkeley Va	Apr 1491	51
Hart, John	N. Jersey	rarmer		1110	Hopewell N. J	1,50	65
Hewes, Jeseph	N. Caronna	Lawyer		1,30	Kingston N. J	Nov. 10,1779	49
Heyward, Jr., Thos	S.Caronna.	Lawyer	ووسيا	1740	St. Luke's S. C	Mar 1809	63
Heyward, Jr., Thos Hooper, Wm Hopkins, Steph	N. Carolina	Lawyer	June 14,	1742	Boston Mass	Oct1790	49
Hopkins, Steph	Rhode Ist .	Farmer	Mar. 7.	1707	Scituate Mass	July 13.1785	79
Hopkinson, Francis	N. Jersey	Lawyer		1737	Philadelphia Pa	May 9,1791	54
Huntington, Sam 1	Ct	Lawyer	July 3,	1732	WindhamCt	Jan 5,1796	64
Hopkinson, Francis Huntington, Sam 1 Jefferson, Thos	Virginia.	Lawyer	Apr. 13,	1743	Shadwell Va	July 4,1826	8.3
Lee. Richard Henry Lee. Francis Lightfoot	Virginia	Soldier	Jan. 20,	1732	Stratford Va	June 19,1794	63
Lee, Francis Lightfoot	Virginia	Farmer	Oct. 14,	1734	Stratford Va	Apr 1797	63
Lewis, Francis	New York.	Merchant	Marcn,	1713	Liandaff Wales	Dec. 30, 1803	91
Lewis, Francis Livingston, Philip	New York	Merchant.	Jan. 15.	1716	latoany N. Y	June 12,1778	63
Lynch, Jr., Thos.,	S. Carolina.	Lawyer	Aug. 5,	1749	Pr. George's Co. S. C New London Pa	1	130
M Kean, Thos	Detaware	Lawyer	Mar. 19.	1734	New London Pa	June 24, 1817	84
Middleton Arthur	S. Carolina.	Lawyer		1743	Middleton Pl S. C	Lan 1.1788	44
Morris, Lewis	New York	Farmer		1726	Morrisania N. Y.	Jan. 22,1798	72
Morris, Robert		Merchant	lan. 20.	1734	Lancashire Eng	May 8.1806	73
Morton, John		Surveyor	,	1724	RidieyPa	Apr 1777	53
Netson, Jr., Thos		Statesman.	Dec. 26.	1738	YorkVa	Jan. 4,1789	51
Paca, William							59
Paine, Robert Treat			occ. 01,	1731	Boston Mass	May 11 1814	84
Penn, John	N.Caronna.		May 17	1741	Carotine Co Va	Sept 17,158	48
Read, George		Lawyer			Cecil Co Ma		64
Rodney, Cæsar		General		1730	Dover Del	1783	53
Ross, George	Penn			1730	Newcastle Der	Inte 1779	49
Rush, Benjamiu		Physician	Dec 94	1745	BeroerryPa	Apr. 19 1813	08
Rutiedge, Edward		Lawyer	Nov	1719	Charleston S. C	Too. 27 1500	
Sperman, Roger		Shoemaker	10, 10	1701	Newton Mass	Jan. 25,1600	73
	Den	Lauruan					
Smith James	Y leneer	Lawyer Lawyer	airmi	1450	PrincetonN. J	Top 05 3 50	96
Stockton, Richard .	Manufaud	Lawyer	oct. I.	1 100	Pointota Manage Ma	Feb. 20,1701	51
Stone, Thos	Maryland.	Lawyer		1144	Pointoin Manor, Md	Oct. 5,1787	4.0
Taylor, Geo	Penn				ireland		65
Thornton, Matthew.	N. Hamp						89
Walton, George		Lawyer		1430	Frederick Co Va	reo. 2.1804	64
	Ct			1130	Kittery Me	Nov. 28.1780	O Ó
Williams William	Ct	Statesman .	Apr. 8.	1721	Lebanon Ct	Aug. 2.1811	81
Wilson, James	Penn	Lawyer		1142	St. Andrews Scot	Aug. 28, 1798	ပုဗ္ပ
Witnerspoon, John	N. Jersey	Minister	Feb o,	1 / 22	Yesterscot	Nov. 15, 1794	73
Wolcott, Oliver	[Ct	Physician	Nov 26,	1.26	Windsor Ct	Dec 1,1797	72
Wytne, George	tvirginia	Lawyer	L	1,20	rrnzaoeth Co Va	:June 8,1806]	50

Washington's Farewell Address.

EXTRACTS FROM HIS ADDRESS COUNSELLING THE MAINTENANCE OF THE UNION.—CONFINEMENT OF THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT TO ITS CONSTI-TUTIONAL LIMITATIONS. ANDAVOIDANCE OF RELATIONS WITH FOREIGN POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

(To the People of the United States on His Approaching Retirement from the Presidency.)

Here, perhaps, I ought to stop; but a solicitude for your welfare, which cannot end but with my life, and the apprehension of danger natural to that solicitude, urge me, on an occasion like the present, to offer to your solemn contemplation, and to recommend to your frequent review some sentiments, which are the result of much reflection, of no inconsiderable observation, and which appear to me all-important to the permanency of your felicity as a people. These will be afforded to you with the more freedom, as you can only see in them the disinterested warnings of a parting friend, who can possibly have no personal motive to blas his counsel; nor can I forget, as an encouragement to it, your indulgent reception of my sentiments on a former and not dissimilar occasion. Interwoven as is the love of liberty with every ligament of your hearts, no recommendation of mine is necessary to fortify or confirm the attachment.

PRESERVATION OF THE UNION.

The unity of government, which constitutes you one people, is also now dear to you. It is justly so; for it is a main pillar in the edifice of your real independence—the support of your tranquillity at home, your peace alroad, of your safety, of your prosperity, of that very liberty which you so highly prize. But as it is easy to foresee that, from different causes and from different quarters, much pains will be taken, many artifices employed, to weaken in your minds the conviction of this truth; as this is the point in your political fortress against which the batteries of internal and external enemies will be most constantly and actively (though often covertly and insidiously) directed—it is of infinite moment that you should properly estimate the immense value of your national union to your collective and individual happiness; that you should cherish a cordial, habitual and immovable attrchment to it; accustoming yourselves to think and speak of it as of the palladlum of your political safety and prosperity; watching for its preservation with jealous anxiety; discountenancing whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can, in any event, be abandoned; and indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link tog-ther the various parts.

For this you have every inducement of sympathy and interest. Citizens by birth or choice of a common country, that country has a right to concentrate your affections. The name of America, which belongs to you in your national capacity, must always exalt the just pride of patriotism, more than any appellation derived from local discriminations. With slight shades of difference, you have the same religion, manners, habits, and political principles. You have, in a common cause, fought and triumphed together; the independence and liberty you possess are the work of joint counsels and joint efforts, of common dangers, sufferings, and successes.

common dangers, sufferings, and successes.

ENCROACHMENTS BY THE GOVERNMENT.

It is important, likewise, that the habits of thinking, in a free country, should inspire caution in those intrusted with its administration, to confine themselves within their respective constitutional spheres, avoiding, in the exercise of the powers of one department, to encroach upon another. The spirit of encroachment tends to consolidate the powers of all the departments in one, and thus to create, whatever the form of government, a real despotism. A just estimate of that love of power, and proneness to abuse it which predominates in the human heart, is sufficient to satisfy us of the truth of this position. The necessity of reciprocal checks in the exercise of political power, by dividing and distributing it into different depositories, and constituting each the guardian of the public weal, against invasions by the others, has been evinced by experiments, ancient and modern; some of them in our own country, and under our own eyes. To preserve them must be as necessary as to institute them. If, in the opinion of the people, the distribution or modification of the constitutional powers be, in any particular, wrong, let it be corrected by an amendment in the way which the Constitution designates. But let there be no change or usurpation; for though this, in one instance, may be the instrument of good, it is the customary weapon by which free overnments are destroyed. The precedent must always greatly overbalance, in permanent evil, and partial or transient benefit which the use can, at any time, yield.

Observe good faith and justice toward all nations; cultivate peace and harmony with all; religion and morality enjoin this conduct; and can it be that good policy does not equally enjoin it? It will be worthy of a free, enlightened, and, at no distant period, a great nation, to give to mankind the magnanimous and toon novel example of a people always guided by an exalted justice and benevolence. Who can doubt that, in the course of times and things, the fruits of such a plan would richly repay any temporary a

ENTANGLEMENTS WITH FOREIGN POWERS.

Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence (I conjure you to believe me, fellow-citizens) the jealousy of a free people ought to constantly awake; since history and experience prove that foreign influence is one of the most baneful foes of republican government. But that jealousy to be useful, must be impartial; else it becomes the instrument of the very influence to be avoided, instead of a defence against it. Excessive partiality for one foreign nation, and excessive dislike for another, cause those whom they actuate to see danger only on one side, and serve to veil, and even second, the arts

of influence on the other. Read patriots, who may resist the intrigues of the favorite, are liable to become suspected and odlous, while its tools and dupes usurp the application and confidence of the people, to surrender their interests.

The great rule of conduct for us, in regard to foreign nations. Is, in extending our commercial relations, to have with them as little political connection as possible. So far as we have already formed engagements, let them be fulfilled with perfect good faith. Here let us stop.

Europe has a set of primary interests, which to us have none, or a very remote relation. Hence she must be engaged in frequent controversies, the causes of which are essentially foreign to our concerns. Hence, therefore, it must be unwise in us to implicate ourselves, by artificial ties, in the ordinary vicissitudes of her politics, or the Our detached and collisions of her friendships or enmittes.

Our detached and distant situation invites and enables us to pursue a different course. If we remain one people under an efficient government, the period is not far off when we may defy material injury from external annoyance; when we may take such an attitude as will cause the neutrality we may at any time resolve upon, to be scrupulously respected; when belligerent nations, under the impossibility of making acquisitions upon us, will not lightly hazard the giving us provocation; when we may choose peace or war, as our interest, guided by justice, shall counsel.

PARTING COUNSELS.

In offering to you, my countrymen, these counsels of an old and affectionate friend, I dare not hope that they will make the strong and lasting impression I could wish; that they will control the usual current of the passions, or prevent our nation from running the course which hitherto has marked the destiny of nations; but if I may even flatter my self that they may be productive of some partial benefit, some occasional good; that they may now and then recur to moderate the fury of party spirit, to warn against the mischiefs of foreign intrigues, to guard against the impostures of pretended patriotism; this hope will be full recompense for the solicitude for your welfare by which they have dictated. been

United States, September 17, 1796.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

The Monroe Doctrine.

"THE Monroe doctrine" was enunciated in the following words in President Monroe's message to Congress December 2, 1823:

"In the discussions to which this interest has given rise, and in the arrangements by which they may terminate, the occasion has been deemed proper for asserting, as a principle in which rights and interests of the United States are involved, that the American continents by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European power, * * * We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintain it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and on just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them or controlling in any other manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unifriendly disposition toward the United States."

Secretary of State Olney in his despatch of July 20,1895, on the Venezuelan Boundary Dispute, said:

"It (the Monroe doctrine) does not relieve any American State from its obligations as fixed by international law, nor prevent any European power directly interested from enforcing such obligations or from inflicting merited punishment for the breach of them."

President Roosevelt in a speech in 1902 upon the results of the Spanish-American war, said:

"The Monroe doctrine is simply a statement of our very firm belief that the nations now existing on this continent must be left to work out their own destrines among themselves, and that this continent that can make the power effective its, of course, ourselves. For in the world as it is, a nation which advances a given doctrine, likely to "In the discussions to which this interest has given rise, and in the arrangements by which they

The United States Senate on August 2, 1912, adopted the following resolution proposed by Senator Longe, by a vote of 51 to 4, the negative votes being those of Senators Cummins of Iowa, McCumber of North Dakota, Percy of Missispipi, and Stone of Missouri, "Resolved. That when any harbor or other place in the American Continent is so situated that

the occupation thereof for naval or military purposes might threaten the communications or the safety of the United States, the Government of the United States could not see without grave concern the possession of such harbor or other place by any corporation or association which has such a relation to another Government, not American, as to give that Government practical power of con-

relation to another Government, not American, as to give that Government practical power of control for national purposes."

This action of the Senate grew out of the report, that a stretch of territory bordering on Magdalena Bay, Mexico, might be acquired by the subjects of a foreign country, and thus through their control by their own national Government become the base of permanent naval or military occupation. In explanation of the resolution Senator Lodge said: "The declaration rests on a much broader and older ground than the Monroe doctrine. This resolution rests on the generally accepted principle that every nation has a right to protect its own safety; and fit feels that the possession of any given narbor or place is prejudical to its safety, it is its duty and right to intervene." The Senate added that the opening of the Panama Canal gave to Magdalena Bay an importance that it had never before possessed, as the Panama routes pass in front of it.

Not being a joint resolution requiring the concurrence of the House of Representatives and the signature of the President, the resolution adopted as above was an expression of opinion of the Senate only. The other house took no action.

Senate only. The other house took no action.

A National Memorial to Uncoln to cost two million dollars.

shall be upon such site as shall be determined by the commission herein created, and approved by Congress, and said construction shall be entered upon as speedily as practicable after the plan and design therefor is determined upon and approved by Congress, and shall be prosecuted to completion, under the direction of said commission and the supervision of the Secretary of War, under a contract or contracts hereby authorized to be entered into by said Secretary in a total sum not exceeding two million dollars.

two million dollars.

SEC. 4. That vacancies occurring in the membership of the commission shall be filled by appointment by the President of the United States.

SEC. 5. That to defray the necessary expenses of the commission herein created and the cost of procuring plans or designs for a memorial or monument, as herein provided, there is hereby appropriated the sum of fifty thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

SEC. 6. That said commission shall annually submit to Congress an estimate of the amount of money necessary to be expended each year to carry on the work herein authorized.

United States Secret Service.

The Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department is under the direction of John E. Wilkie, chief of the division. The service is principally engaged in detecting and prosecuting makers and dealers in counterfeit paper money and coin. Details are also furnished for the protection of the President of the United States, and in the frequent journeyings of the present President he is siways accompanied by one or more secret service men.

The arrests of counterfeiters number about 400 annually; other arrests are for bribery, impersonating United States Government officers, perjury, and violating sections of the United States Revised Statutes relating to foreign and domestic obligations and coins.

The Secret Service and the Special Agents Division of the Customs Service have been united under one administrative head, Mr. Wilkie being in charge of both divisions. The forces are used jointly in the investigation of offences against the Customs laws.

Telescopes.

THERE are two kinds of telescopes, viz., refracting and reflecting. In the former the rays of light are made to converge to a focus by lenses, while in the latter they are made to converge by being reflected from the surface of a slightly concaved, highly polished mirror.

The chief disadvantages of refracting telescopes are the chromatic and spherical aberrations of the lenses. In reflecting telescopes these aberrations can be done away with by using parabolic mirrors, but the great objection to the latter are the many mechanical difficulties that have to be

Owing to the travelling of the earth in its orbit and revolving about its axis, stars if viewed by

a fixed belescope would soon disappear. It is thus necessary that a telescope be mounted so a star will always be in its field. This is accomplished by using an equatorial mounting.

It is thus necessary that a telescope be mounted so a star will always be in its field. This is accomplished by using an equatorial mounting. The accomplished by using an equatorial mounting there are two axes, one called the "polar" that is parallel to the axis of the earth, and the other the "declination" at right angles to it. Hence, when a star is to be followed, the telescope is clamped in position, and by means of clockwork, follows the star so it

followed, the telescope is clamped in position, and by means of clockwork, follows the star so it always remains in view.

The magnifying power of telescopes is generally expressed in diameters, the practical limit of power being 100 diameters per inch of diameter of the telescope. Thus the 36-inch telescope, at the Lick Observatory, may give a magnifying power of 3,600 diameters. But such high power can only be used in a very clear atmosphere, and consequently most astronomical observations are made at 1,000 diameters.

REFRACTING TELESCOPES.

The largest in the world are in the United States. The one at Yerkes Observatory, Geneva Lake, Wis., has an object lens 40 inches in diameter with a focal length of 64 feet. The movable part of the instrument turning on the polar axis weighs about 12 tons, and the clock 1½ tons. Other large telescopes are, the 36-inch at Lick Observatory, Mt. Hamilton, Call., where many important astronomical discoveries have been made; the 26-inch at the U. S. Observatory, Washington, D. C., and the 24-inch belonging to Harvard University. A 30-inch refracting telescope was completed at the Allegheny Observatory, Riverview Park, Pa.

Abroad, is the 30-inch at the Imperial Observatory, Pulkova (near St. Petersburg), Russia. This telescope has a platform at the lower end of the polar axis, from which observers can readily operate the instrument. The Meudon Observatory (near Paris, France) has a 32-inch, the Potsdam, Prussia, a 31-inch, and the Royal Observatory, at Greenwich, England, a 28-inch.

REFLECTING TELESCOPES.

One of the most perfect instruments ever built is at Mt Wilson Observatory, Cal. The mirror is silver on glass, 60 inches in diameter and weighs nearly a ton. The telescope is moved by electric motors in right ascension and declination. An important feature in this instrument is the different focal lengths that can be obtained. The 60-inch mirror has a 25-foot focus, but by a suitable arrangement of mirrors, it is possible to get focal lengths of 80, 100 and 150 feet. At the same observatory a 100-inch reflector is being constructed. The 150-foot tower for this telescope was completed, but difficulties have been experienced in getting suitable lenses. There is a 36-inoh reflector at Lick Observatory, Harvard University has a 28-inch, and at the Yerkes Observatory

2 2-10. The state of the control of

The Single Tax.

THE following statement of the single tax principle was written by Henry George, Sr.: We assert as our fundamental principle the self-evident truth enunciated in the Declaration of American Independence, that all men are created equal and are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights. We hold that all men are equally entitled to the use and enjoyment of what God has created and of what is gained by the general growth and improvement of the community of which they are a part. Therefore, no one should be permitted to hold natural opportunities without a fair return to all for any special privilege thus accorded to him, and that that value which the growth and improvement of the community attaches to land should be taken for the use of the community; that each is entitled to all that his labor produces; therefore, no tax should be levied on the products of labor.

To carry out these principles, we are in favor of raising all public revenues for national, State, county, and municipal purposes by a single tax upon land values, irrespective of improvements, and all the obligations of all forms of direct and indirect taxation.

Since in all our States we now levy some tax on the value of land, the single tax can be instituted by the simple and easy way of abolishing, one after another, all other taxes now levied and commensurately increasing the tax on land values until we draw upon that one source for all expenses of government, the revenue being divided between local governments, State government, and the general government, as the revenue from direct tax is now divided between the local and State governments, or by a direct assessment being made by the general government upon the States and paid by them from revenues collected in this manner. The single tax we propose is not a tax on land, and therefore would not fall on the use of land and become a tax on labor.

It is a tax not on land, but on the value of land. Then it would not fall on all land, but only on valuable land, and on that not in proportion to the use made of it, but in proportion to its value—the premium which the user of land must pay to the owner, either in purchase money or rent, for permission to use valuable land. It would thus be a tax not on the use and improvement of land, but on the ownership of land, taking what would otherwise go to the owner as owner, and not as user.

In assessments under the single tax all values created by individual use or improvement would be excluded, and the only value taken into consideration would be the value attaching to the bare land by reason of neighborhood, etc., to be determined by impartial periodical assessments. Thus the farmer would have no more taxes to pay than the speculator who held a similar piece of land idle, and the man who, on a city lot, erected a valuable building would be taxed no more than the man who held a similar lot vacant. The single tax, in short, would call upon men to contribute to the public revenues not in proportion to what they produce or accumulate, but in proportion to the value of the natural opportunities they hold. It would compet them to pay just as much for holding land idle as for putting it to its fullest use. The single tax, therefore, would—

1st. Take the weight of taxation off the agricultural districts, where land has little or no value irrespective of improvements, and put it on towns and cities, where bare land rises to a value of millions of dollars per acre.

2d. Dispense with a multiplicity of taxes and a horde of tax-gatherers, simplify government, and greatly reduce its cost.

3d. Do away with the fraud, corruption, and gross inequality inseparable from our present methods of taxation, which allow the rich to escape while they grind the poor. Land cannot be hid or carried off, and its value can be ascertained with greater ease and certainty than any other.

4th. Give us with all the world as perfect freedom of trade as now exists between the States of the Union, thus enabling our people to share through free exchanges in all the advantages which nature has given to other countries, or which the pecular skill of other peoples has enabled them to attain. It would destroy the trusts, monopolies, and corruptions which are the outgrowths of the tariff. It would do away with the fines and penaltles now levied on any one who improves a farm, erects a house, builds a machine, or in any way adds to the general stock of wealth. It would leave every one free to apply labor or expend capital in production or exchange without fine or restriction, and would leave to each the full product of his exertion.

sth. It would, on the other hand, by taking for public use that value which attaches to land by reason of the growth and improvement of the community, make the holding of land unprofitable to the mere owner and profitable only to the user. It would thus make it impossible for speculators and monopolists to hold natural opportunities unused or only half used, and would throw open to labor the illimitable field of employment which the carth offers to man. It would thus solve the labor problem do away with involuntary poverty, raise wages in all occupations to the full earnings of labor, make overproduction impossible until all human wants are satisfied, render labor-saving inventions a blessing to all, and cause such an enormous production and such an equitable distribution of wealth as would give to all comfort, leisure, and participation in the advantages of an advancing civilization, in securing to each individual equal right to the use of the earth. It is also a proper function of society to maintain and control all public ways for the transportation of persons and property, and the transmission of intelligence; and also to maintain and control all public ways in cities for furnishing water, gas, and all other things that necessarily require the use of such common ways.

Progress of the United States

IN AREA, POPULATION AND MATERIAL INDUSTRIES.

(Compiled from a statement prepared by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor.)

	1800.	1850.	1880	1900.	1912 a.
Area b	892,135 5,308,483 6.47		3,026,789 50,155,783 16,86	3,026,789 75,99 4 ,575 25.55	95,410,503
Wealth, per capita dedois. Public debt. less cash in Treas-		7,135,780,000 307.69	42,642,000,000 850.20	88,517,306,775 1,164.79	/107,104,211,917
Public debt, per capitadols. Interest bearing debt h dols.	92,976,294 15.63 82,976,294	2.74 $63,452,774$	38. 27 1,723,993,100	14.52 1,023,478,860	10.74 963,776,770
Annual interest chargedols. Interest per capitadols. Gold coineddols.	3,402,601 0.64 317,760	0. 16 31,981,739	1, 59 62,308,279	33,545,130 0.44 99,272,943 86,345,321	i 56.176.823
Silver coined. dois. Gold in circulation j dois. Silver in circulation j dois. Silver in circulation j dois. Gold certificates in circulation, dols.	224,296 16,000,000	147,395,456	(0.05 POS FED	86,345,321 610,806,472 142,050,334 200,733,019	i 6,457,302 k 607 445,193 k 211 561,984 942,692,184
United States notes in circula-			5,789,569 327,895,457	408,465,574 313,971,545	942,092,184 469,049,230 337,922,133
tiondols. National bank notes in circulationdols. Miscellaneous currency in cir-			337,415,178	300,115,112	705,196,304
Miscenaneous currency in cir- culation	10,500,000 26,500,000 5.00	131,366,526 278,761,982 12.02	973,382,228 19.41	79,008,942 2,055,150,998 26,93	8,276,786,613 34.26
Capital dols. Bank clearings, New York. dols. Total United States	••••	4	2,076 455 ,909,565 37,182,128,621	3,732 621,536,461 51,964,588,564 84,582,450,081	7,372 1,033,570,675 /92,420,120,000
Deposits in National banksdols. Deposits in savings banksdols. Depositors in savings banksno.	••••	43,431,130 251,354	833,701,034 819,106,973 2,335,582	2,458,092,758 2,389,719,954 6,107,083	i 159 373 450,000 5,825,461,163 i 4,212,583,599 9,597,185
Farms and farm property ddols. Farm products, value ddols. Manufacturing establish- ments dno. Value of products ddols. United States Government to		3,967,343,580	12,180,501,538 2,212,450,927	1120,439,901,164 4,417,069,973	no 40,991,449 096 p 8,417,000,000
ments d	10,848,749	123.025 1,019,106,616 43,592,889	253,852 5,869,579,191 333,526,501	512,254 13,004,400,143 567,240,852	oq 268,461 oq 20,672,051,870 691,140,455
Customsdols. Internal revenuedols. United States Government, dis-	9.080,933 809,397	39,668,686		233.164,871 295,327,927	311,257,348 8 321,536,108
harsements not ardinours date	10,813,971 2,560,879 3,448,716	40,948,383 9,687,025 7,904,725 1,866,886	264,847,637 38,116,916 13,536 985	487,713,792 134,774,768 55,953,078	654,804,625 150,182,311 135,556,259 153,596,750
War dols. Navy dols. Pensions dols. Interest on public debt dols. Imports of merchandise, dols.	$\substack{64,131\\3,402.601\\91,252,768}$	3,782,393 173,509,526	13,536 985 56,777,174 95,757,575 667,954,746	140,877,816 40,160,333 849,941,184	22 616,300 1,653,264,934
Per capita dols. Exports of merchandise dols. Per capita dols. Imports silk raw the	17.19 70,971,780 13.37	7.48 144,375,726 6.23	u 12, 51 835,638,658 v 16, 43 2,562,236	10.93 1,394,483,082 17.76 11,259,310	17.08 2,204,322,409 22.41 21 609 520
Per capita dols. Per capita dols. Imports, silk, raw bs. Rubber, crude bs. Tin plates bs. Lrou, steel and manufacturers. Urers. dols.	••••	::::	16,826,099 379,902,880	49,377,138 147,963,804	110,210,173 6,616,805
steel manufacturesdols.	···· 52,144	20,145,067 1,953,702	71,266,699 14,716,524	20,478,728 121,913,548	26,551,040 268,154,262
factures ofdols. Farm animals, value,dols.		23,223,106 544,180,516	121,818,298 1,576,917,556	484,846,235 2,228,123,134	1,021,753,918 5,008,149,000
Cattle. no. Horses. no. Sheep. no.	:	17,778,907 4,336,719 21,773,220	33,258,000 11,201,800 40,765,900	43,902,414 13,537,524 41,883,065	57,959,000 20,508,000 52,362,000
Mules no. Swine no. Production of gold ols. Silver, commercial value dols.		559,331 30,354,213 50,000,000 50,900	1,729,500 34,034,100 36,000,000 34,717,000	2,086,027 37,079,356 79,171,000 35,741,100	4,362,000 65,410,000 i 96,233,528 i 31,787,866
Suver, commercial value dols.	1	6,266,233 563,755	63,822,830 1,104,017,166 3,835,191	240,789,310 2,672,062,218 13,789,242	i 443,054,614 i 9,258,874,422 i 23,649,547
Steel tons Tin plates lbs. Copper tons		650	1,247,335	10,188,329 849,004,022 270,588	o 1,619,005,000 i 489,836
Woolbs. Wheatbush.		52,516,959 100,485,944	232,500,000 498,549,868	288,636,621 522,229,505	i318.547,900 $i621,338,000$

PROGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

	1800.	1850.	1880.	1900.	1912 a.
Cornbush.		592,071,104	1,717,434,543	2,105,102,516	i 2,531,488,000
Cottonbales	153,509	2,454,442	6,605,750	10,245,602	
Cane sugarlbs.		247,577,000	178,872,000	322,549,011	
Sugar cousumedlbs.		1	1,979,221,478	4,477,175,236	7,869,669,280
Cotton consumed500-lb, bales	18,829	422,626	1,865,922	3,603,516	0 4,516,779
Domestic cotton exportedlbs.		638,381,604	1,822,061,114	3,100,583,188	5,535,125,429
Railways operated miles		9,021	93,267	194,262	i 246,124
Passengers carried			••••	576,831,251	1997,409,882
Freight carried 1 miletons.					i 253,783,701,839
Revenue, ton per mile,cents				0, 729	$i\ 0.757$
Passenger cars				34,713	i 49,818
Other carsno.				1,416,125	
American vessels built wtons.	106,261	279,255	157,409	393,790	
Trading domestic, etctons.	301,919	1,949,743	2,715,224	4,338,145	
Trading foreigntous.	669,921	1,585,711	1,352,810	826,694	
On Great Lakestons.		198,266	605,102	1,565,587	i2,943,523
Vessels passing through Sault			•		
Ste. Marie Canaltons.			1,734,890	22,315,834	i 41,653,489
Commercial failures			4,735		
Amount of liabilitiesdois.			65,752,000	138,495,673	i 191,061,665
Post-Offices no.	903	18,417	42,989	76,688	i58,279
Receipts of P. O. Departmentdols.	280,804	5.499.985	33,515,479	102,354,579	
Telegrams sent x			29,215,509	63,167,783	i 77,780,732
Newspapers, etc. yno.		2,526	9,723	20,806	22,837
Public schools, salariesdols.			55,942,972	137,687,746	oz 253,915,170
Patents issued no.		993	13,947		34,084
Immigrants arrived *no.		369,980	457,257	448,572	838,172

a Figures of 1912 are somewhat preliminary and subject to revision. b Exclusive of Alaska and slands belonging to the United States. c Census figures, relating to Continental United States; the figures for 1912 represent an estimate. d Census figures. e True valuation of real and personal property. J 1904. g 1800 to 1850 include the local public debt. 1911. J Gold and silver can not be stated separately prior to 1876. From 1862 to 1875, inclusive, gold and silver can not be stated separately prior to 1876. From 1862 to 1875, inclusive, gold and silver can not be stated separately prior to 1876. From 1862 to 1875, inclusive, gold and silver can not be stated separately prior to 1876. From 1862 to 1875, inclusive, gold and silver were not in circulation, except on the Pacific coast, where it is estimated that the average specie circulation was about \$25,000,000, and this estimate is continued for the three following years under the head of gold. After that period gold was available for circulation. & As the result of a special investigation by the Director of the Mint, a reduction of \$135,000,000 was made in the estimate of gold coin in circulation on July 1907, as compared with the basis of previous years, and on September 1, 1910, a reduction of \$9,700-000 was made in the estimate of subsidiary silver. Hincludes notes of Bank of United States; States, 1900 to date; and currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872-1900. Mincludes value of buildings, \$6,325,451,528. o 1910. p Data of the Department of Agriculture, representing wealth production on farms, g Exclusive of neighborhood industries and hand trades, included in years previous to 1905. r "Ordinary receipts" include receipts from customs, internal revenue, direct tax, public lands, and "miscellaneous," but do not include receipts from loans, premiums, Treasury notes, or revenues of Post-Office Department. s Includes corporation tax, \$28,583,104 in 1912. t "Ordinary disbursements" include disbursements for War, Navy, Induar, pensions, payments for interest,

United States Bureau of Mines.

CHAPTER 240 of the acts of the second session of the 61st Congress to establish in the Department of the Interior a Bureau of Mines was approved May 16, 1910. The act provided for the establishment of said bureau and a director "who shall be thoroughly equipped for the duties of said office by technical education and experience," with an annual salary of \$6,000. Transfer to the bureau was provided for the investigations of the analyzing and testing of coals, lignites and other mineral fuel substances, and the investigation as to the cause of mine explosions, from the United States Geological Survey. The duties of the bureau were prescribed by section 2 of the act, as follows:

"It shall be the province and duty of said bureau and its director, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, to make diligent investigation of the methods of mining, especially in relation to the safety of miners, and the appliances best adapted to prevent accidents, the possible improvement of conditions under which mining operations are carried on, the treatment of ores and other mineral substances, the use of explosives and electricity, the prevention of accidents, and other inquiries and technologic investigations pertinent to said industries, and from time to time make such public reports of the work, investigations and information obtained as the Secretary of said department may direct, with the recommendations of such bureau."

United States Customs Duties.

A TABLE OF LEADING ARTICLES IMPORTED, CIVING RATES AT ENTRY BY THE NEW TARIFF ACT OF 1909, COMPARED WITH THE DINGLEY TARIFF ACT OF 1897.

(The following table covers only the articles of principal importance imported into the United States. The Tariff act of 1909 contains 480 paragraphs each relating to an article or a group of articles.) (ad val.—ad valorem; n.s.p.f.—not specially provided for: n.e.—not enumerated.)

*In the entire Silk Schedule the classification was so changed in the new law as to make tabulated comparison with the classifications under the Dingley law impracticable. In general increases were made.

	RATES OF DUTY UNDER.		
ARTICLES.	Dingley Law of 1897.	New Law of 1909.	
SCHEDULE A—CHEMICALS, OILS AND PAINTS. Alcoholic compounds, n.s.p.f.	60c. lb. and 45 p.c.	60c. lb. and 25 p.c. ad. val.	
Alkalles, alkalolds, distilled olls, essential oils and all combinations of the foregoing	25 p.c. ad val. 1½c. lb.	25 p.c. ad val. 1½c. lb.	
Drugs. Glue, value not above 10c. per pound. Oil, castor, gals. Oil, cod liver, gals. Oil, olive in bottles, etc., gals. Oil, olive un bottles, etc., gals. Oil, whale, gals. Oplum, crude and not adulterated, containing 9 per cent. and over of morphla, lbs. Phosphorus, lbs. Pertumery, cosmetics, containing alcohol.	21/2c. lb. 35c. gal. 15c. gal. 50c. gal. 8c. gal.	ad. val. 2½c. lb. 3½c. gal. 15c. gal. 50c. gal. 8c. gal.	
of morphia, Ibs. Phosphorus, Ibs Perfumery, cosmetics, containing alcohol	18c. lb. 60c. lb. and 45 p.c.	\$1.50 lb. 18c. lb. 60c. lb. and 50 p.c.	
Perfumery, cosmetics, not containing alcohol. Soap, Castile. Soap, perfumed tollet. Soda, bicarbonate of SCHEDULE B—EARTHS, EARTHENWARE AND GLASSWARE.	50 p.c. ad val. 114c. lb. 50 p.c. ad val. 34c. lb.	ad. val. 50 p.c. ad val. 114 c. lb. 50 p.c. ad val. 5-8c. lb.	
Cement, Roman, Portland, in barrels and sacks, lbs. Earthenware, porcelain, decorated Earthenware, common. Glassware, plain and cut, decorated. Glassware, plain and cut, undecorated. Marble, manufactures of, except for jeweiry. Sponges. Sulphur, refined.	8c. 100 lbs. 60 p.c. ad val. 25 p.c. ad val. 60 p.c. ad val. 55 p.c. ad val. 50 p.c. ad val. 20 p.c. ad val. 88 ton.	Sc. 100 lbs, 60 p.c. ad val. 25 p.c. ad val. 60 p.c. ad val. 55 p.c. ad val. 50 p.c. ad val. 20 p.c. ad val. \$4 ton.	
Iron ore, tons. Iron in plgs, wrought and cast, tons. Iron in plgs, wrought and cast, tons. Iron bar. Automobiles and finished parts not including tires. Cast Iron plpe, lbs. Nails, horseshoe. Copper plates, lbs. Pens, metallic, except gold pens. Table and kitchen utensils, metal. Tin plates. Iron, manufactures of. SCHEDULE D—WOOD AND MANUFACTURES OF		15c. ton. \$1 ton. 6-10c. lb. 45 p.c. ad val. 14c. lb. 15c. lb. 25c. lb. 25c. lb. 12c. gross. 40 p.c. ad val. 1 2-10c. lb. 35 p.c. ad val. 45 p.c. ad val.	
Timber. Lumber, boards, planks, not planed. Lumber, finished on four sides. Staves. Staves. Wood, manufactures of, n.s.p.f. SCHEDULE E—SUGAR, MOLASSES AND MANUFACTURES OF.	1c. cubic foot. S1 per 1,000 feet. S4 per 1,000 feet. 10 p.c. ad val. 30c. per 1,000. 35 p.c. ad val.	14c. cublc foot. 50c. per 1,000 feet. \$2.75 per 1,000 ft. 10 p.c. ad val. 50c. per 1,000. 35 p.c. ad val.	
Sugar (not above No. 16 Dutch standard)	polariscope 95- 100 of 1c. per 1b. and for each additional de- gree 35-1000 of 1c. per lb.	polariscope 95- 100 of 1c. per lb. and for each additional de- gree 35-1000 of lc. per lb.	
Sugar (above No. 16 Dutch Standard) and all refined sugars	lc. and 90-100 of	1c. and 90-100 of	
Glucose of grape sugar Sugar candy, valued at more than 15 cents per pound SCHEDULE F—TOBACCO AND MANUFACTURES OF.	4c. lb. 13gc. lb. 50c. ad val.	1c. per lb. 20 p.c. ad val. 4c. lb. 1½c. lb. 50c. ad val.	
Tobacco, unmanufactured, lbs	\$1.85 lb. to \$2.50 lb.	\$1.85 lb. to \$2.50 lb. =	
Sauf, lbs	55c. fb. \$4.50 lb. and 25 p.c. ad val.	\$2.50 lb, - 55c, lb, \$4.50 lb, and 25 p.c. ad val	

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DUTIES-Continued.

RATES OF DUTY UNDER.				
ARTICLES.	Dingley Law of 1897.	New Law of 1909.		
SCHEDULE O-AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND PROVI-		İ		
SCHEDULE G—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND PROVISIONS. Cattle, one year old or over, valued over \$14 pcr head. Horses, mules, valued at \$150 or less. Horses, mules, valued at \$150 or less. Horses, mules, valued at over \$150. Barley, bushel. Barley malt, bushel. Gats, bushel. Rice, cleaned, bushel. Rice, cleaned, bushel. Rye, bushel. Butter and cheese, and substitutes for Eggs, u.s.p.f., doz. Hops. Hops. Fight, mackerel, hallbut, salmon, fresh. Fish, smoked, salted. Fruits, preserved. Fruits, preserved. Fruits, preserved. Fruits, princapples in bulk. Salt, in bulk. SCHEDULE H—SPIRITS AND WINES. Alcobol, proof, gallons. Ready of m. whiskey, cordials, proof, gallons.	27½ p.c. ad val. \$30 head. 25 p.c. ad val.	2715 p.c. ad val. \$30 head. 25 p.c. ad val. 30c. bushel. 45c. bushel. 15c. bushel.		
Barley, bushel. Barley malt, bushel. Onts. bushel.	30c. bushel. 45c. bushel. 15c. bushel.	30c. bushel. 45c. bushel. 15c. bushel		
Rice, cleaned, bushel. Rye, bushel. Butter and cheese and substitutes for	2c. lb. 10c. bushel.	2c. lb. 10c. bushel. 6c. lb. 5c. dozen. \$4 ton.		
Eggs, n.s.p.f., doz. Hay.	5c. dozen. 84 ton.	5c. dozen. \$4 ton.		
Hops. Potatoes.	12c. lb. 25c. bushel.	20c. gallon, 16c. lb. 25c. bushel, 25c. bushel,		
Fish, mackerel, halibût, salmon, fresh. Fish, smoked, salted	1c. lb.	1c. lb.		
Fruits, appies, peaches. Fruits, preserved Fruits, oranges, grapefruit.	2c. lb. lc. lb.	1c. lb. 34c. lb. 25c. bushel. 2c. lb. 1c. lb.		
Fruits, lemons. Fruits, pineappies in bulk. Salt, in sacks and barrels.	1c. lb. \$7 per 1,000. 12c. 100 lbs	1½c. lb. \$8 per 1,000. 11c. 100 lbs. 7c. 100 lbs.		
SCHEDULE H—SPIRITS AND WINES. Alcohol, proof, gallons.	\$2.25 gal.			
Brandy, gin, whiskey, cordials, proof, gallons Wines, champagne, quarts. Wines, still, in casks.	82.25 gal. 88 per doz. 40c. gallon.	\$2.60 gal. \$2.60 g.i. \$9.60 per doz. 45c. gallon.		
SCHEDULE H—SPIRITS AND WINES. Alcohol, proof, gallons. Brandy, gin, whiskey, cordials, proof, gallons Wines, champagne, quarts. Wines, still, in bottles, quarts. Mait liquors, in bottles, jugs, gallons. Mineral waters, in bottles, quarts. SCHEDULE I—COTTON MANUFACTURES. Cottes thread according to numbers uncolored	\$1.60 per doz. 40c. gallon. 30c. doz.	45c. gallon. \$1.85 per doz. 45c. gallon. 30c. doz.		
SCHEDULE I—COTTON MANUFACTURES. Cottom thread, according to numbers uncolored. Cotton thread, colored, bleached, according to numbers. Cotton cloth, square yards. Cotton clothing, ready made. Cotton hosiery, pairs.	6c. lb. to 35c. lb. 6c. lb. to 81c. lb. 1c. sq. yard to 8c. sq. yard.	2½c. lb. to 28c. lb 6c. lb. to 67c. lb. 1c. sq. yard to 8c sq. yard.		
Cotton handkerchiefs	10 p.c. ad val.	10 p.c. ad vai.		
Cotton clothing, ready made	50c. doz. to \$2 doz & 15 p.c. ad val.	70c. doz. to \$2 doz. & 15 p.c. ad val.		
Cotton shirts, drawers, dozen	ad val. to \$2.25 doz. & 35 p.c.	ad val. to \$2.25 doz. & 35 p.c.		
Cotton, plushes, sq. yards	9c. sq. yard & 25 p.c. ad val. to 12c. sq. yard & 25 p.c. ad val.	9c. sq. yard & 25 p.c. ad val. to 12c. sq. yard & 25 p.c. ad val.		
SCHEDULE J—FLAX, HEMP AND JUTE AND MANUFACT- URES OF. Flax varus, fine.		35 p.c. ad val. \$5 ton.		
Flax, yarns, fine. Flax, straw. Matthings for floors. Lace manufactures.	\$5 ton. 3c. sq. yard. 60 p.c. ad val.	\$5 ton. 3½c. sq. yard. 60 p.c. ad val.		
Wool alone 1	10c 1b to 33c 1b	10c lb to 33c lb		
Wool, class 2 Wool, class 3 Blankets	3c. lb. to 7c. lb. 22c. lb. & 30 p.c. ad val. to 44c. lb. & 55 p.c. ad	3c. lb. to 7c. lb. 22c. lb. & 30 p.c. ad val. to 44c. lb. & 55 p.c. ad		
Dressgoods, women's and children's	val. 7c. sq. yard & 50 p.c. ad val. to 11c. sq. yard & 55 p.c. ad val. 44c. lb. & 60 p.c.	val. 7c. sq. yard & 50 p.c. ad val. to 11c. sq. yard & 55 p.c. ad val. 44c. 1b. & 60 p.c.		
Clothing, ready made	44c, lb. & 60 p.c.	44c. lb. & 60 p.c.		
Carpets, woven whole for rooms, and rugs	To p.c. ad van.			
SCHEDULE L—SILK AND SILK GOODS. Silk, spun in skeins*. Silk, wearing apparel. Silk, warns. SCHEDULE M—PULP, PAPER AND BOOKS. Wood pulp, ground. Wood pulp, chemical. Printing paper.	35 p.c. ad val. 60 p.c. ad val. 45c. lb. to 60c. lb.	35 p.c. ad val. 60 p.c. ad val. 45c. lb. to 60c. lb.		
Wood pulp, ground	1-12c. lb. 1-6c. lb. 3-10c. lb. to 8-10c.	1-12c. lb. 1-6c. lb. 3-10c. lb. to 8-10c.		
Books, pamphlets	1b. 25 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val.	25 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val.		

UNITED STATES CHSTOMS DUTIES

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DUTIES—Continued.					
	RATES OF DUTY UNDER.				
ARTICLES.	Dingley Law of 1897.	New Law of 1909.			
Musical instruments	35 p.c. ad val. 40 p.c. ad val. 74cc. lb. 67c. ton 20 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val. 10 p.c. ad val. 115 p.c. ad val. 120 p.c. ad val. 120 p.c. ad val. 120 p.c. ad val. 13 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val. 25 p.c. ad val. 25 p.c. ad val. 25 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val. 35 p.c. ad val.	60 p.c. ad val. 20 p.c. ad val. 50 p.c. ad val. 20 p.c. ad val. Free. 15 p.c. ad val. 15 p.c. ad val.			

THE FREE LIST.

The following is a list of the principal articles imported, which are put on the Free List by the Tariff of

The following is a list of the principal articles imported, which are put on the Free List by the Tariff of 1909. There are 236 articles in the list:

The following is a list of the principal articles imported, which are put on the Free List by the Tariff of 2009. There are 236 articles in the list:

Acontine agates, unmanifactured, excitabilition or realing purposes: articles of growth or manufactured of the U.S. returned; barks, quinine; beswax; birds, land and water fow; bismuth; books, mans, music, engravings, bound or unbound, and charts, printed more than twenty years at the date of importation, and publications issued for subscribers or exchanges by selentific and literary associations or academies of an article of the U.S. returned; barks, quinine; beswax; birds, land and water fow; bismuth; books, mans, music, specially inported, not more than two copies in any one invoice, for the use of any society or institution solely for religious, philosophical, educational, selentific or literary purposes; books. Ibraries, furniture, and similar bousehold effects of persons or families from foreign countries, used abroad by them not less than one year; bristless; collaboration and cotton waste. Diamonds and other precious stones, rough or or process, including glazlers' and engravers' diamonds not set. Drugs, crude, ns.p.f.; lans, common pain leaf, not advanced in condition or value from their natural state by cleaving, splitting, cutting, or other process, including glazlers' and engravers' diamonds not set. Drugs, crude, ns.p.f.; lans, common pain leaf, not and all other fish, the products of American fisheries; lurs, undressed; glass, ename, white, for watch and clock dials; gnano, manures; hides (see note); lee; linda rubber, crude indige; lodine, crude; iridium; lvory tusks; kyanite or cyanite; leeches; life boats and life saving apparatus; libographic stones, not engraved; manuscripts; medias of gold, sliver, or copper, and other metallic articles accepted as abnorary distinctions; and continuous continuou

Custom House Examination of Baggage.

The following "Notice to Passengers" was issued by the Treasury Department March 14, 1911; 709. "Wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, tollet articles, and similar personal effects of persons arriving in the United States; but this exemption shall only include such articles as actually accompany and are in the use of, and as are necessary and appropriate for the wear and use of such persons, for the immediate purposes of the journey and present comfort and convenience, and shall not be held to apply to inerchandise or articles intended for other persons or for sale: Provided, That in case of residents of the United States returning from abroad, all wearing apparel and other personal effects taken by them out of the United States to foreign countries shall be admitted free of duty, without regard to their value, upon their identity being established, under appropriate rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, but no more than one hundred dollars in value of articles purchased abroad by such residents of the United States and be admitted free of duty upon their return.

RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Residents of the United States must declare all articles which have been obtained abroad by purchase or otherwise whether used or unused, and whether on their persons, in their clothing, or in their baggage. The fereign value of each article, stated in United States money, must also be declared.

Articles taken from the United States and remodelled, repaired, or improved abroad must be declared, and the cest of such remodelling, repairing, or improving must be separately stated.

The following articles are dutable: Household effects, including books, pictures, furniture, tableware, table linen, bed linen, and other similar articles, unless used abroad by the owner for a period of a year or more. Goods in the piece. Articles of any nature intended for sale or for other persons. Tollet articles, such as combs, brushes, soaps, cosmetics, s

articles obtained abroad. but such articles will be appraised at their value in the condition as imported due allowance being made for depredation through west and use.

NONRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Nonresidents of the United States are entitled to bring in free of duty, without regard to the one-hundred-dollar exemption, such articles as are in the nature of wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, tollet articles, and similar personal effects, necessary and appropriate for their near and use for the purposes of the journey and present comfort and convenience and which are not intended for other persons or for sale.

Citizens of the United States, or persons who have at any time resided in this country, shall be deemed to be residents of the United States, unless they shall have abandoned their residence in this country and acquired an actual bona-fide residence in a foreign country.

Such citizens or former residents who desire the privileges granted by law to nonresidents must show to the satisfaction of the collector's representative on the pler, subject to the collector's approval, that they have given up their residence in the United States and that they have become bona-fide residents of a foreign country.

The residence of a wife follows that of the husband; and the residence of a minor child follows that of its parents.

Household effects of persons or families from foreign countries will be admitted free of duty only if actually used abroad by them not less than one year, and if not intended for any other person, nor for sale. Such effects should be declared whether the passenger be a resident or a non-resident of the United States.

Articles intended for use it because the process of the countries of the United States.

Articles intended for use in business, or for other persons, theatrical apparel, properties, and

Articles intended for use in business, or for other persons, theatrical apparel, properties, and sceneries, must be declared by passengers, whether residents or nonresidents.

CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

All clgars and clgarettes must be declared. Each passenger over eighteen years of age may bring in free of duty 50 clgars or 300 clgarettes if for the bona-fide use of such passenger. Such clgars and clgarettes will be in addition to the articles included within the \$100 exemption.

BAGGAGE DECLARATIONS.

The law provides that every person entering the United States shall make a declaration and entry of his or her personal baggage. The law further requires that the values of articles shall be determined by customs officers, irrespective of the statements of passengers relative thereto.

Passengers should observe that on the sheet given then there are two forms of declarations; the one printed in black is for residents of the United States; the one to red, for nonresidents.

The exact number of pieces of baggage, including all trunks, valises, boxes, packages, and hand bags of any description accompanying the passenger, must be stated in the declaration. The senior member of a family, present as a passenger, must be stated in the declaration for the entrefamily. Ladies travelling alone should state that fact in their declarations in order that an expeditious examination of their baggage may be made.

The senior member of a family, present as a passenger, may have declaration for the ender family. Ladies travelling alone should state that fact in their declarations in order that an expeditious examination of their baggage may be made.

When the declaration is prepared and signed, the coupon at the bottom of the form must be detached and retained by the passenger, and the form given to the officer of the ship designated to receive the same. A declaration spoiled in its preparation must not be destroyed, but turned over to the purser, who will furnish a new blank to the passenger.

After all the baggage and effects of the passenger have been landed upon the pier, the coupon which has been retained by the passenger must be presented at the inspector's desk, whereupon an inspector will be detailed to examine the baggage. Passengers must acknowledge in person, on the pier, their signature to their declarations.

Examination of any baggage may be postponed if the passenger requests the officer taking his declaration to have it sent to the appraiser's store.

Passengers must not deduct the \$100 exemption in making out their declarations. Such deductions will be made by customs officers on the pier.

CONTENTED VALUATION.

Passengers dissatisfied with values placed upon dutiable articles by the customs officers on the pier may demand a re-examination, but application therefor should be immediately made to the officers there in charge. If for any reason this course is impracticable, the packages containing the articles should be left in customs customs customy and application for reappraisement. No request for reappraisement can be entertained after the articles have been appraisement. No request for reappraisement and be entertained after the articles have been appraisement. No request for reappraisement and be entertained after the articles have been appraisement of duties, but, upon request,

baggage will be retained on the piers for twenty-four hours to enable the owner to secure currency or certified checks. The offering of gratuities or bribes to customs officers is a violation of law.

BAGGAGE FOR TRANSPORTATION IN BOND.

Baggage intended for delivery at ports in the United States other than the port of arrival, or in transit through the United States to a foreign country, may be forwarded thereto without the assessment of duty at the port of arrival, by the various railroads and express companies, whose representatives will be found on the pier.

Passengers desiring to have their baggage forwarded in bond should indicate such intention and state the value thereof in their declarations before any examination of the baggage has been made.

made.

SEALSKIN GARMENTS.

An act of Congress of 1897, as amended in 1910, expressly forbids the importation into the United States of garments made in whole or in part of the skins of seals taken in the waters of the Pacific Ocean; and unless the owner is able to establish by competent evidence and to the satisfaction of the Collector that the garments are not prohibited, they cannot be admitted.

PENALTY FOR NOT DECLARING ARTICLES OBTAINED ABROAD.

Under Sections 2802 and 3082 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, articles obtained abroad and not declared are subject to seizure, and the passenger is liable to criminal prosecution.

Presiding Judge-Robert M. Montgomery. Associate Judges—James F. Smith, Orion M. Barber, Marion De Vries, George E. Martin. Attorney-General—George W. Wickersham. Assistant Attorney-General—William L. Wemple. Cerk—Arthur B. Shelton (83,500). Marshal—Frank H.

Presiding Judge-Robert M. Montgomery. Associate Judges—James F. Smith, Orion M. Barber, Marion De Vries, George E. Martin. Attorney-General—George W. Wickersham. Assistant A. Briggs (2018). There shall be a United States Court of Customs Appeals, which shall consist of a Presiding Judge and four Associate Judges, each of whom shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Scante, and shall receive a salary of seven thousand dollars as the state of their commissions. Any three members of all doors in the seven thousand dollars stated to him by the President; and the associate Judges shall have precedence according to the date of their commissions. Any three members of said court shall constitute a quorum, and the date of their commissions. Any three members of said court, shall have precedence according to the concurrence of three members shall be necessary to any decision thereof. In case of a vecancy of court, the President may, upon the request of the President Judge of said court, designate any qualified United States Circuit or District Judge of said court, designate any qualified United States Circuit or District Judges shall be duly qualified to so according to the president of the presiden

Bostal Information.

(Revised by the Post-Office Department for THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

DOMESTIC RATES OF POSTACE.

ALL mailable matter for transmission by the United States mails within the United States is divided into four classes, under the following regulations. (Domestic rates apply to mail for Canada, Mexico, Cuba, Tutuila, Porto Rico, Guam, Hawaii, the Philippines, the "Canal Zone," the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai, China), also to officers or members of the crew of vessels of war of the United States, and officers and men of the United States Navy in the United States Naval Hos-

of the United States, and officers and men of the Chica States Says in

fourth-class matter.

First class or letter rate of postage to any part of the United States, its possessions, or the above-named countries, two cents per mance or fraction thereof.

Rates on local or drop letters at free delivery offices, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. At

offices where there is no free delivery by carriers, and the addressee cannot be served by rnral free delivery carriers, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

delivery carriers, one cent per onnice or traction thereof.

Rates on postal cards, one cent (double or "reply" cards, two cents). Postal cards issued by the Post-Office bepartment may bear written, printed, or other additions as follows:

(a) The face of the card may be divided by a vertical line placed approximately one-third of the distance from the left end of the card; the space to the left of the line to be used for a message, etc., but the space to the right for the address only.

(b) Addresses upon postal cards may be either written, printed, or affixed thereto, at the option

of the sender.

(c) Very thin sheets of paper may be attached to the card on condition that they completely adhere thereto. Such sheets may bear both writing and printing. (d) Advertisements, illustrations, or writing may appear on the back of the card and on the left third of the face.

The addition to a postal card of matter other than as above authorized will subject the card when sent in the mails, to postage according to the character of the message—at the letter rate if wholly or partly in writing or the third-class rate if entirely in print. In either case the postage

value of the stamp impressed upon the card will not be impaired.

3. Postal cards must be treated in all respects as sealed letters, except that when undeliverable to the addressed they may not be returned to the sender. Undeliverable 'double' postal cards will be returned to the sender if known.

4. Postal cards bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel or other similar substances, are namaliable, except when inclosed in tightly sealed envelopes with proper postage attached, or when treated in such manner as will prevent the objectionable substances from being rubbed off or injuring persons handling the mails.

Cards that have been spoiled in printing or otherwise will be redeemed from the *original purchasers* at 75 per cent. of their face value if funmutilated.

Post Cards—(private mailing cards)—bearing written or printed messages are transmissible in

the mails: Private mailing cards ("post cards") in the domestic mails must conform to the following con-

ditions:
(a) A '' post card'' must be an unfolded piece of cardboard not exceeding approximately 39-16 by 59-16 inches, nor less than approximately 23 by 4 inches,
(b) It must in form and in the quality and weight of paper be substantially like the Government

 (c) It may be of any color not interfering with a legible address and postmark.
 (d) It may or may not, at the option of the sender, bear near the top of the face the words "post card.

(e) The face of the card may be divided by a vertical line; the left half to be used for a message.

etc., but that to the right for the address only.

(f) Very thin sheets of paper may be attached to the card, and then only on condition that they completely adhere thereto. Such sheets may bear both writing and printing.

(g) Advertisements and illustrations may appear on the back of the card and on the left half of

the race.

2. Cards, without cover, conforming to the foregoing conditions are transmissible in the domestic mails (including the possessions of the United States) and to Cuba, Canada, Mexico, the Republic of Panama, and Shanghai, China, at the postage rate of 1 cent each.

3. When post cards are prepared by printers and stationers for sale, it is desirable that they bear in the upper right hand corner of the face an oblong diagram containing the words "Place postage stamp here," and at the bottom of the space to the right of the verticle dividing line, the words "This space for the address."

4. Cards which do not say "The space to the right of the verticle dividing line, the words "This space for the address."

4. Cards which do not conform to the conditions prescribed by these regulations are, when sent in the mails, chargeable with postage according to the character of the message—at the letter rate, if wholly or partly in writing, or at the third-class rate, if entirely in print.

if wholly or partly in writing, or at the third-class rate, if entirely in print.

5. Cards bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel, or other similar substances, are unmailable, except when inclosed in tightly sealed envelopes, or when treated in such manner as will prevent the objectionable substances from being rubbed off or injuring persons bandling the mails. Rate on special delivery letters, the cents on each letter in addition to the regular postage. This entitles the letter to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps are sold at post-offices, and must be affixed to such letters. Ordinary stamps to the value of ten cents affixed to a letter or other piece of mail will entitle it to special delivery it is marked "Special Delivery." The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier routes. At non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post-office. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must awalt delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

Prepayment by stamps invariably required. Postage on all letters should be fully prepaid, but if prepaid one full rate and no more, they will be forwarded, and the amount of deficient postage collected on delivery; if wholly unpaid, or prepaid with less than one full rate and deposited at a post-office, the addressee will be notified to remit postage; and if he fails to do so, they will be sent

POSTAL INFORMATION—Continued.

to the Dead Letter Office; but they will be returned to the sender if he is located at the place of mail-

ing, and it his address be printed or written upon them.

Letter rate is charged on typewriting and carbon or letter press copies thereof, and on all printed imitations or reproductions of typewriting or manuscript obtained by mechanical process unless such reproductions are presented at post-office windows in the minimum number of twenty identical unsealed copies.

Letters and other matter prepaid at the letter rate—two cents an ounce or fraction thereof—(but no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope or wrapper. The limit of weight is four pounds, except for a single book.

no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope or wrapper. The limit of weight is four pounds, except for a single book. Prepaid letters will be forwarded from one post-office to another upon the written request of the person addressed, without additional charge for postage. The direction on forwarded letters may be changed as many times as may be necessary to reach the person addressed. Nothing may be added to such letters except the forwarding address without subjecting them to new postage.

Second-Class Matter—This class includes all printed newspapers and periodicals that have been 'Entered as second-class matter,' and are regularly issued at stated intervals as frequently as four times a year. from a known office of publication and mailed by the publishers or news agents to actual subscribers or as sample copies or to news agents for sale, and newspapers and publications of this class mailed by persons other than publishers. Also periodical publications of benevolent and fraternal societies, organized under the lodge system and having a membership of a thousand persons, and the publications of strictly professional, literary, historical, and scientific societies, and incorporated institutions of learning, trade unions, etc., provided that these be published at stated intervals not less than four times a year, and that they be formed of printed paper sheets without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Publishers who wish to avail themselves of the privileges of the act are required to make formal application to the department through selves of the privileges of the act are required to make formal application to the department through the postmaster at the place of publication, producing satisfactory evidence that the organizations, societies, and institutious represented come within the purview of the law, and that the object of the publications is to further the objects and purposes of the erganizations.

Rates of postage to publishers and news agents, one cent a pound or fractional part thereof, prepaid in currency. Publications designed primarily for advertising or free circulation, or circulation at a nominal rate, or not having a legitimate list of subscribers, are excluded from the pound rate, and

pay the third-class rate.

Publications sent to actual subscribers in the county where printed and published are free unless mailed for delivery at a letter-carrier office.

miles mailed for delivery at a letter-carrier office.

Rates of postage on second-class newspapers, magazines, or periodicals, mailed by others than the publishers or news agents, one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof. It should be observed that the rate is one cent for each four ounces, not one cent for each paper contained in the same wrapper. This rate applies only when a complete copy is mailed. Parts of second-class publications or partial or incomplete copies are third-class matter. Second-class matter will be entitled to special delivery when special delivery stamps (or ten cents in ordinary stamps and the words "Special Delivery" placed on the wrapper) are affixed in addition to the regular postage.

Second-class matter must be so wrapped that it may be easily examined. The sender's name and address may be written in them or on the wrapper, also the words "sample copy" when sent as such, or "marked copy" when it contains a marked item or article. Typographical errors in the text may be corrected, but any other writing subjects the matter to letter postage.

Third-Class Matter—Mail matter of the third class includes printed books, pamphlets, engravings, circulars in print (or by the hectograph, electric-pen, or similar process when at least twenty identical copies are mailed at post-office windows at one time), and other matter wholly in print, proof sheets, corrected proof sheets, and manuscript copy accompanying the same.

The rate on matter of this class is one cent for each two onnees or fraction thereof. Postage must be paid by stamps allived, unless 2,000 or more identical pieces are mailed under special permit when the postage at that rate may be paid in money.

Manuscript unaccompanied by proof sheets must pay letter rate.

Third-class matter must admit of easy inspection, etherwise it will be charged letter rate on delivery. It must be fully prepaid, or it will not be despatched. New postage must be prepaid for forwarding to a new address or returning to seeders.

That limited weight

forwarding to a new address or returning to senders

The limit of weight is four pounds, except single books in separate packages, on which the weight bot limited. It is entitled, like matter of the other classes, to special delivery when special delivery is not limited.

The limit of weight is four pounds, except single books in separate packages, on which the weight is not limited. It is entitled, like matter of the other classes, to special delivery when special delivery stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage, or when ten cents in ordinary stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage and the words "Special Delivery" are placed on the wrapper.

Upon matter of the third class, or upon the wrapper or envelope inclosing the same, or the tag or label attached thereto, the sender may write his own name, occupation, and residence or business address, preceded by the word "from," and may make marks other than by written words to call attention to any word or passage in the text, and may correct any typographical errors. There may be placed upon the blank leaves or cover of any book, or printed matter of the third class, a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not of the nature of a personal correspondence. Upon the wrapper or envelope of third-class matter, or the tag or label attached thereto, may be placed in writing or otherwise the words "Please do not open until Christmas" or words to that effect, and there may be printed any matter mailable as third class. Written designation of the contents such as "book," "photo," "printed matter," is also permissible, but there must be left on the address side a space sufficient for a legible address, postmark and the necessary stamps.

Fourth-Class Matter—Fourth-class matter is all mailable matter not included in the three preceding classes which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily withdrawn from the wrapper and examined, except that sealed packages of proprietary articles of merchandles (not in themselves mailable), such as pills, fancy soaps, tebacce, etc., put up in fixed quantities by the manufacturer for sale by himself or others, or/or samples, in such manner as to properly protect the articles, so that each package in its simplest mercantile or sample form may be examined, are mailable as fourth-c

(See remarks under "first-class matter."

On the wrapper, envelope, tag, or label, in addition to the name and address of the addressee, there may be written or printed the name, occupation, and residence, or business address of the

POSTAL INFORMATION-Continued.

sender preceded by the word "from," as well as any marks, numbers, names or letters for the purpose of description, also the words "Please do not open until Christmas" or words to that effect, and any printed matter which is not in the nature of personal correspondence. On the address side or face of the package there must be left a space sufficient for a legible address, postmark, and the necessary postage stamps. A request to the delivering postmaster may also be written asking him to notify the sender in case the package is not delivered.

On the matter itself, or upon the tag or label attached thereto, may be written or printed any

matter authorized to be placed on the wrapper.

Writteu designation of contents such as "samples," "candy," "cigars" are permissible

upon the wrapper of mail matter of the fourth class.

Inclosures.—With a package of fourth-class matter, prepaid at proper rate for that class, the sender may inclose any mailable matter of the third class. A single card bearing the written name of the sender and such inscription as "Merry Christmas," "Happy New Year," "With best wishes," etc., may also be inclosed with fourth-class matter without affecting its classification.

Articles of this class that are liable to injure or deface the mails, such as glass, sugar, needles. nails, pens, etc., must be first wrapped in a bag, box, or open envelope and then secured in another outside tube or box, made of metal or hard wood, without sharp corners or edges, and having a sliding clasp or screwlld, thus securing the articles in a double package. The public should bear in mind that the first object of the department is to transport the mails safely, and every other interest is made subordinate.

Such articles as poisons, explosives, or inflammable articles, live or dead animals, insects, fruits or vegetable matter liable to decomposition, or substances exhaling a bad odor will not be forwarded

Firearms may only be sent when it is apparent that they are harmless.

Liquids, Eic.—The following Postal Laws and Regulations relate to articles absolutely excluded from the mails, and to the manner in which liquids and other articles liable, unless properly protected, to hurt, harm or injure another, or damage, deface, or otherwise injure the mails, must be packed before they can be admitted to domestic mails. These regulations must be strictly compiled with in every particular-postmasters having no authority to modify or make exceptions to them in any case.

SECTION 494. All kinds of polson and all articles and compositions containing polson, and all polsonous animals. Insects and reptiles, and explosives of all kinds and inflammable materials, and infernal machines and mechanical, chemical or other devices or compositions which may ignite or explode, and all disease germs or scabs, and all other natural or artificial articles, compositions or materials of whatever kind which may kill or in anywise hurt, harm, or injure another, or damage, deface, or otherwise injure the malls or other property, whether sealed as first-class matter or not, are hereby declared to be nonmaliable matter, and shall not be conveyed in the mails or delivered from any post-office or station thereof, or by any letter 'carrier; but the Postmaster-General may permit the transmission in the mails, under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe as to preparation and packing, of any article hereinbefore described which are not outwardly or of their own force dangerous or injurious to life, health, or property: Provided, That all spirituous, vinous, maited, fermented, or other intoxicating liquors of any kind, are hereby declared to be nonmaliable and shall not be deposited in or carried through the mails. Whoever shall knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited for mailing or delivery, or shall knowingly cause to be delivered by mail according to the direction thereon, or at any place at which it is directed to be nonmaliable unless in accordance with the rules and regulations hereby authorized to be nonmaliable unless in accordance with the rules and regulations hereby authorized to be nonmaliable unless in accordance with the rules and regulations hereby authorized to be nonmaliable, whether transmitted in accordance with the rules and regulations hereby authorized to be prescribed by the Postmaster-General or not, with the design, intent, or purpose to kill, or naily section to the direction hereon or at any place to which it is directed to be delivered by the person to whom it is ad All kinds of poison and all articles and compositions containing polson, and SECTION 494.

2. Spirituous, vinous, malted, fermented, or other intoxicating liquors of any kind, poisons of every kind, and articles and compositions containing poison (except as prescribed in the fourth paragraph hereof, and section 496 below paragraph 12), and poisonous animals, insects, and reptiles, and explosives of every kind, and infiammable materials (including matches, kerosene oil, gasoline, naphtha, benzine, turpentine, denatured alcohol, etc.), and infernal machines, and mechanical, chemical or other devices or compositions which may ignite or explode, and disease germs or scabs (except as prescribed in 2 section 495 of Postal laws), and other natural or artificial articles, compositions, or materials of whatever kind which may kill, or in anywise hurt, harm, or injure another, or damige, deface, or otherwise injure the mail or other property, live or dead (and not stuffed) animals (except as prescribed in section 496 below), raw hides or peits, guano, or any article exhaling bad odor, whether scaled as first-class matter or not, shall not be admitted to the mails.

3. Llouids not sufficious, vinous, matted fermented, or otherwise intoxicating (including

3. Liquids not spirituous, vinous, maited fermented, or otherwise intoxicating (including samples of altar or communion wine used in church services), and not liable to explosion or spontaneous combustion or ignition by shock or jar, and not inflammable, fruits or vegetable matter liable to decomposition, comb honey, soft soap, paste or confections, olintenents, salves, and articles of similar consistency, may be admitted to the mails for transmission in the domestic mails when inclosed in packages in conformity with the conditions prescribed in section 496 below.

4. Medicines composed in part or wholly of poison or poisons, and anaesthetic agents, which are not outwardly or of their own force dangerous or injurious to life, health or property, and not in themselves unmailable (see sections 480 and 497, of Postal laws), may be admitted to the mails for transmission in the domestic mails from the manufacturer thereof or dealer therein to licensed physicians, surgeons, pharmacists and dentists, and not otherwise, when inclosed in packages in conformity with the conditions prescribed in section 496 below: Provided, That the package bears the label or superscription of the manufacturer of or dealer in the article mailed.

Section 496. Articles of the fourth class, not absolutely excluded from the malls, but which from their form or nature might, unless properly secured, destroy, deface, or

POSTAL INFORMATION—Continued.

cherwise damage the contents of the mall bag, or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service, may be transmitted in the mails, when they conform to the following conditions, except as otherwise herein provided:

(1) When not liquid or liquefiable, they must be placed in a bag, box or removable envelope or wrapping, made of paper, cloth or parchment.

(1) Such bag, box, envelope or wrapping must again be placed in a box or tube made of metal or some hard wood, with sliding clasp or screw lid.

(c) In cases of articles liable to break, the inside box, bag, envelope or wrapping must be surrounded by sawdust, cotton or other elastic substance.

2. Admissible liquids and oils (not exceeding four ounces, liquid measure), pastes, salves or articles easily liquefiable must conform to the following conditions:

(a) When in glass bottles, such bottles must be very strong and must be inclosed in a metal, wooden or papier-mache block or tube, and there must be provided, between the bottle and the block or tube, a cushion of cotton, felt or other absorbent. The block or tube must be of sufficient strength to resist rough handling and support the weight of the mails piled in bags. If of wood, it must be at least three-sixteenths of an inch thick for bottles holding from two to four ounces, and at least one-eighth of an inch thick for bottles holding from two to four ounces, and at least one-eighth of an inch thick for bottles holding from two to scape or the tube become softened and allow the broken glass to be scattered in the mails.

(b) When inclosed in a tircylinder, metal case or tube, such cylinder, case or tube should have a lid or cover so secured as to make the case or tube water tight, and should be securely fastened in a wooden or papier-mache block (open only at one end), and not less in thickness and strength than above described.

(c) Pastes, salves, etc. not easily flquefiable (not exceeding four ounces, liquid measure), when inclosed in water-tight in boxes with screw-top lids, may be placed in a

are carefully observed.

4. Where sharp pointed instruments are offered for mailing, the points must be capped or incased so that they may not by any means be liable to cut through their inclosure; and where they have blades, such blades must be bound with wire so that they shall remain firmly attached to each other and within their handles or sockets. Needles must be inclosed in metal or wooden cases so that they cannot by any means prick through or pass out of their inclosures.

5. Seeds or other articles not prohibited which are liable from their form or atture to loss or damage, unless specially protected, must be put up in sealed envelopes, made of material sufficiently transparent to show the contents clearly without oneping

opes, made of material sufficiently transparent to show the contents clearly without opening. Ink powders, pepper, snuff, or other powders not explosive, or any pulverized dry substance, not poisonous, may be sent in the mails when inclosed in the manner prescribed herein for liquors, or when inclosed in metal, wooden or papier-mache cases in such secure manner as to render the escape of any particles of dust from the package by ordinary handling impossible, and of such strength as to bear the weight and handling of the mails without breaking; the method of packing to be subject to the approval of the General Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service

7. Queen bees and their attendant bees, when accompanied by a copy of a certificate of the current year from a State or Government aplary inspector to the effect that the aplary from which said queen bees are shipped is free from disease or by a copy of a statement by the bee-keeper made before a notary public or other officer having a seal that the honey used in making the candy used in the queen mailing cage has been diluted and boiled in a closed vesse; beneficial insects, when shipped by departments of entomology in agricultural colleges and persons holding official entomological positions; other live insects, when addressed to the Bureau of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture, to departments of entomology in State agricultural colleges, and to ogical positions; other live insects, when addressed to the Bureau of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture, to departments of entomology in State agricultural colleges, and to persons holding official entomological positions, and dried insects and dried reptiles, may be sent in the mails when so put up as to render it practically impossible that the package shall be broken in transit, or the persons handling the same be injured, or the mail bags or their contents soiled.

8. Nursery stock, including florist's stock, trees, shrubs, plants, vines, cuttings, crafts, scions, buds, bulbs, and roots (which may carry injurious insects), may be admitted to the mails only when accompanied by a certificate from a State or Government inspector to the effect that the nursery from which the said nursery stock is shipped has, within a year, been inspected and found free from injurious insects.

injurious insects.

9. Hard candies or confectionery, yeast cakes, soap in hard cakes, when wrapped in strong paper boxes or heavy paper wrappers, adequate to prevent all injury to other matter in the same mail bags, are admissible in the domestic mails.

10. Pistols or revolvers may be sent in the mails, but the postmaster at the mailing office will

carefully examine such packages, and will receive them only when sure they are harmless.

11. No specified mode of packing is prescribed for samples of flour, but they should be put up in such manner as to certainly avoid risk of the package breaking or cracking or the flour being scattered in the mails, and if this be not done the samples should be excluded.

in the mails, and if this be not done the samples should be excluded.

12. Articles of fourth-class matter must be so wrapped that their contents may be easily and thoroughly examined by postmasters, both with reference to the safety of the mails and postal employees and to the exclusion of matter chargeable as of the first class. (See section 489 of Postal laws.)

13. Proprietary articles of merchandise, not in themselves unmailable (see sections 480, 494 and 497 of Postal laws), such as fancy soaps, tobacco, pills, tablets, or other harmless medical preparations put up in fixed quantities by the manufacturer, for sale by himself and others, which may be sealed in such manner as to properly protect the article, but to allow examination of such package in its simplest mercantile form, will be accepted for mailing.

Limit of weight of fourth-class matter excepting liquids and single books), four pounds.

Third or Fourth Class Matter Mailable Without Stamps—Under special pernits postage may be paid in money for third or fourth class matter mailed in quantities of 2,000 or more

POSTAL INFORMATION—Continued,

For information concerning the regulations governing such mailings inquiry should identical pieces.

be made of the postmaster.

Registration - All kinds of postal matter may be registered at the rate of ten cents for each package in addition to the regular rates of postage, to be fully prepaid by stamps. Each package must bear the name and address of the sender, and a receipt will be returned from the person to whom addressed, when indorsed 'receipt desired,' or words of similar import. Mail matter can be registered at all post-offices in the United States.

An indemnity—not to exceed \$30 for any one registered piece, or the actual value of the piece, if

it is less than \$50 -shall be paid for the loss of first-class registered matter mailed at and addressed to a United States post office, and an indemnity not to exceed \$25 is paid for domestic third and fourth class matter. The limit of indemnity paid for registered articles lost in the International

mails s 50 f rancs

mails 500 ranes.

Domestic Money Orders—Domestic money orders are issued by money-order post-offices for any amount up to \$100, at the following rates:
For sums not exceeding \$2.50, 3 cents; over \$2.50 to \$5, 5 cents; over \$5 to \$10, 8 cents; over \$10 to \$20, 10 cents; over \$20 to \$30, 12 cents; over \$30 to \$40, 15 cents; over \$40 to \$50, 18 cents; over \$50 to \$60, 20 cents; over \$50 to \$75, 25 cents; over \$75 to \$100, 30 cents.

Stamped Envelopes—Embossed stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers of several denominations, sizes and colors are kept on sale at post-offices, singly or in quantities, at a small advance on the postage rate. Stamps cut from stamped envelopes are valueless, but postmasters are authorized to give good stamps for stamped envelopes are newspaper wrappers but may be solied. are authorized to give good stamps for stamped envelopes or newspaper wrappers that may be spoiled in directing, if presented in a substantially whole condition.

Unmailable Matter-Unmailable domestic matter-that is, matter which is not admissible to the United States mails for delivery in the United States or many of its possessions-includes:

1. All matter lilegibly, incorrectly, or insufficiently addressed.
2. All second-class matter and all matter of the third or fourth class not wholly prepaid; and letters and other first-class matter not prepaid one full rate—2 cents on the property of th

Congress.

4. All matter harmful in its nature, as poisons, explosive or inflammable articles, matches; live or dead (but not stuffed) animals, and reptiles, guano, or any article exhaling a bad odor, vinous, spirituous or malt liquors, and liquids liable to explosion, spontaneous combustion, or ignition by

spirituous or matt liquors, and liquis liable to explosion, spontaneous combustion, or ignition by shock or jar, such as kerosene oil, naphtha, benzine, etc.

5. All indecent, obscene, lewd, lascivious or fitthy matter, and every article or thing intended, designed, or adapted for any indecent or immoral purpose, or for the prevention of conception or procuring abortion, or for any indecent or immoral use.

6. Postal, post, or other cards mailed without wrappers and all matter bearing upon the outside cover or wrapper any delineations, epithets, terms, or language of an indecent, lewd, lascivious, obscene, libelous, scurrilous, defamatory or threatening character, or calculated by the terms or manner or style of display, and obviously intended to refiect injuriously upon the character or conduct of another. Dunning postal or post cards are included in this class.

7. Post cards, bearing particles of glass, metal, mica, sand, tinsel, or other similar substances, are unmallable, except as provided under "First-Class Matter."

8. All matter concerning any lottery, gift, enterprise, or similar scheme, offering prizes dependent in whole or in part upon lot or chance, or concerning schemes devised for the purpose of obtaining money or property under false pretences.

Applications for the establishment of post-offices should be addressed to the First Assistant Post-master-General, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given

master-General, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given and blanks furnished to enable the petitioners to provide the department with the necessary information

The franking privilege was abolished July 1, 1873, but the following mail matter may be sent free by legislative saving clauses, viz.

11. All public documents printed by order of Congress, the Congressional Record and speeches contained therein, franked by Members of Congress, or the Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House 2. Seeds transmitted by the Secretary of Agriculture, or by any Member of Congress, procured from that Department.

3. Lefters and packages relating exclusively to the business of the Government of the United States, mailed only by officers of the same, and letters and parcels mailed by the Smithsonian Institution. All these must be covered by specially printed "penalty" envelopes or labels.

4. The Vice- President, Members and Members-eject and Delegates and Delegates-eject to Congress

may frank any mail matter to any Government official or to any person correspondence, not over four ounces in weight, upon official or departmental business, All communications to Government officers and to Members of Congress are required to be prepaid

by stamps unless inclosed in 'penalty' envelopes furnished for replies.

Suggestions to the Public—Mail all letters, etc., as early as practicable, especially when sent in large numbers, as is frequently the case with newspapers and circulars.

In large numbers, as is frequently the case with newspapers and circulars.

All mail matter at large post-offices is necessarily handled in great haste and should therefore in all cases be so Plainly addressed as to leave no room for doubt and no excuse for errors of the part of postal employes. Names of States should be written in full (or their abbreviations very distinctly written) in order to prevent errors which arise from the similarity of such abbreviations as Cal., Col.; Pa., Va., Vt.; Me., Mo., Md.; Ioa., Ind.; N. H., N. M., N. Y., N. J., N. C., D. C.; Miss., Minn., Mass.; Nev., Neb.; Penn., Tenn., etc., when hastily or carelessly written. This is especially necessary in addressing mail matter to places of which the names are borne by several post-offices in different States. post-offices in different States.

post-offices in different States.

Avoid as much as possible using envelopes made of flimsy paper, especially where more than one sheet of paper, or any other article than paper, is inclosed. Being often handled, and even in the mailbags subject to pressure, such envelopes not infrequently spilt open, giving cause of complaint.

Never send money or any other article of value through the mail except either by means of a money order or in a registered letter. Any person who sends money or jewelry in an unregistered letter not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes, and may be the means of ultimately bringing some clerk or letter-carrier to ruin.

See that every letter or package bears the full name and post-office address of the writer, in order to secure the return of the letter, if the person to whom it is directed cannot be found. A much larger portion of the undelivered letters could be returned if the names and addresses of the senders were

POSTAL INFORMATION-Continued.

always fully and plainly written or printed inside or on the envelopes. Persons who have large correspondence find it most convenient to use "special request envelopes;" but those who only male an occasional letter can avoid much trouble by writing a request to "return if not delivered," etc.,

on the envelope.

When dropping a letter, newspaper, etc., Into a street mailing-box, or into the receptacle at a post-office, always see that the packet falls into the box and does not stick in its passage; observe, also,

particularly, whether the postage stamps remain securely in their places.

Postage stamps should be placed on the upper right-hand corner of the address side of all mail matter.

The street and number (or box number) should form a part of the address of all mail matter directed to cities. In most cities there are many persons, and even firms, bearing the same name. Before depositing any package or other article for mailing, the sender should assure himself that it is wrapped and packed in the manner prescribed by postal regulations; that it does not contain unmanitable matter nor exceed the limit of weight as fixed by law; and that it is fully prepaid and properly addressed.

It is unlawful to send an ordinary letter by express or otherwise outside of the mails unless it be inclosed in a Government-stamped envelope of sufficient value to pay the postage to which it is subject. It is also unlawful to inclose a letter in an express package unless it pertains wholly to the contents of the package.

It is forbidden by the regulations of the Post-Office Department for postmasters to give to any person information concerning the mail matter of another, or to disclose the name of a box-holder at a post-office. The street and number (or box number) should form a part of the address of all mail matter directed

a post-office

Letters addressed to persons temporarily sojourning in a city where the Free Delivery System is in operation should be marked "Transient" or "General Delivery," if not addressed to a street and number or some other designated place of delivery.

Foreign books, etc., infringing United States copyright are undeliverable if received in foreign mails, or mailed here.

The foregoing rates, rules, and suggestions apply to postal matters in the United States.

Foreign Mails.

POSTAGE RATES AND CONDITIONS.

The rates of postage to all foreign countries and colonies are as follows: first ounce or less, 5 cents; each additional ounce 3 cents. Letters.... 2 cents. Postal cards, each
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces.
Commercial papers (such as legal and insurance Packets not in excess of 10 ounces.
papers, deeds, bills of lading, invoices, Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each 2 manuscript for publication, etc.)

Samples of merchandise.
Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof.
Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof. Postal cards, each..... 1 cent. 5 cents. 1 cent.

2 cents.

EXCEPTIONS

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND AND NEWFOUNDLAND.
The rate on Letters for these countries is two cents for each ounce or fraction. The Postal Union rates apply to postal cards, post cards, printed matter, commercial papers and samples.

GERMANY.

GERMANY.

The postage rate on Letters for Germany by direct ocean transportation is two cents an ounce. Letters paid at the two-cent rate are despatched only by steamers able to land the mails at a German port. Letters paid at the Postal Union rate are despatched by the quickest route.

A fast steamer sailing for Germany the Plymouth and Cherbourg carries letters for Germany prepaid at the Postal Union rate and at the two-cent rate—the letters paid at the fwe-cent (Postal Union rate and the two-cent rate—the letters paid at the two-cent rate are carried through to Germany by the Transatlantic steamer.

The Postal Union rates apply to postal cards, post cards, printed matter, commercial papers and samples regardless of the route by which sent, also to Letters despatched via England and France.

CANADA.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States, except that plants, seeds, etc., are subject to the postage rate of one cent an onnce; that prints "commercial papers" seeus, etc., are sinject to the postage rate of one cent an onnee; that prints "commercial papers" and simples of merchandise are transmissible at the Postal Union postage rates and conditions. Goods and merchandise (fourth-class matter), not samples, may be sent in unsealed packages, not over 4 pounds in weight, for one cent per ounce. There is no limit of weight to single volumes of printed books or packages of second-class matter. Sealed articles, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, are unmailable.

All articles avenut the rough half of double postal cards, must be fully prepaid with postage.

All articles, except the reply half of double postal cards, must be fully prepaid with postage stamps at the rate of postage applicable to similar articles in the domestic mails of this country, and are required to be delivered free of postage to addressees, except that letters upon which only one rate

of postage has been prepaid are required to be forwarded, any deficiency being collected on delivery.

Any article of correspondence may be registered. Packages of merchandise are subject to the regulations of either country to prevent violations of the revenue laws; must not be closed against inspection, and must be so wrapped and inclosed as to be easily examined. Samples must not exceed 12 ounces in weight.

Advertising circulars are liable to a specific customs duty at the rate of 15 cents per pound, which duty Canadian customs officials are required to collect when such pamphlets arrive by mail, even

FOREIGN MAILS-Continued.

though each pamphlet bears a different address. But bona-fide trade catalogues and price lists of goods for wholesale, not exceeding three to any one address, are admitted free of customs duty. Almanacs, advertising periodicals and printed matter designed to advertise the sale of goods by any person in Canada are not included in the exemption from duty granted to "bona-fide trade catalogues" and "price lists." Only bona-fide trade catalogues and price lists of goods for wholesale in any country beyond the limits of Canada, and not exceeding three to one address, are admitted free of

Matter for Cuba and the Republic of Panama is mallable at the same rates of postage and under the same conditions as it would be if addressed for delivery in the United States, except that "samples" and "commercial papers" may be sent subject to the Postal Union postage rates and conditions; that articles, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, must be so wrapped or inclosed that the contents may be readily and thoroughly examined; that packages—except single volumes of printed books—must not exceed 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight, and that (in addition to other probibited stricks) liquids (except samples thereof) fatty substances and those which active liquids. prohibited articles) liquids (except samples thereof) fatty substances and those which easily liquely are unmailable.

Letters and post cards must be despatched even if they do not bear any postage stamps. Other articles must be prepaid at least in part. Postage due on short-paid matter will be collected from the addressees on delivery.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States, except that articles of miscellaneous merchandise (fourth-class matter) other than liquids, not sent as bona-fide trade samples should be sent by "Parcels Post;" and that prints commercial papers and bona-fide trade samples are transmissible in the regular mails at the Postal Union postage rate and conditions. Limit of weight for commercial papers and printed matter, 4 pounds 6 ounces, except single volumes of printed books, to which no limit is fixed. Articles, other than letters in their usual and ordinary form, must be so wrapped that the contents can be easily examined.

Matter addressed to Mexico must, in all cases, bear as part of the address the name of the State in which the city or town is located. For example, Acapulco, Guerrero, Mexico; not Acapulco, Mexico.

U.S. NAVAL VESSELS.

Mail matter for officers or members of the crew of United States vessels of war stationed abroad is subject to domestic postage rates and conditions. Articles should be addressed "U.S.S. (name of vessel), care of Postmaster, New York, N. Y." and befully prepaid. Mail so addressed will be forwarded to the vessels.

Express packages will not be received at the post-office unless they conform to the Postal Regulations and are placed in the mail with the postage properly prepaid.

SHANGHAI, CHINA

Domestic postage rates and conditions apply to articles addressed for delivery in the city of Shanghai, but for other places in China the Universal Postal Union (foreign) rates apply.

SAMPLES OF MERCHANDISE

MAPLES OF MERCHANDISE
must be bona-fide trade samples without any salable value. Wrapping—Samples of merchandise
must be wrapped so that the contents may be easily examined without injury to wrappers.

Permissible Writing—They must bear no writing except the name or the social position of the
sender, a manufacturer's or trade mark, numbers, prices and indications relating to the weight, size,
dimensions and quantity to be disposed of, and words which are necessary to precisely indicate the
origin and nature of the merchandise. Weight—Packages of samples must not exceed 12 ounces in
weight. Size—The size must not exceed 12 inches in length, 8 inches in breadth, and 4 inches in
depth, except when in the form of a roll, they may be 12 inches in length and 6 inches in diameter.

Postage—The postage on samples is 2 cents for the first 4 ounces or less, and 1 cent for each
additional 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces. Register all valuable articles. Registration fee 10 cents.

PARCELS POST.

Postage, 12 cents a pound or fraction thereof; greatest length (unless specially noted below), 3 feet 6 inches; greatest length and girth combined (unless specially noted below), 6 feet; limit of weight (unless specially noted below), not limited;

registration fee, 10 cents,

Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by Parcels Post to Dutch Guiana (parcels cannot be registered. See item "Customs Declarations"), Uruguay (parcels cannot be registered. See item "Customs Declarations"), Uruguay (parcels cannot be registered), See Item "Customs Declarations,") Hungary, Bermuida, Jamaica, Inclinding Cayman Islands, Turks Island, inclinding Caicos Islands, Barbadoes (parcels cannot be registered), the Babamas, British Honduras, Mexico (limit of size, 2 feet in length, 4 feet in girth; limit of weight or places named in "Postal Guide." Il pounds; for other places, 4 pounds 6 ounces), Leeward Islands (Antigua, Anguilla, Barbuda, Dominica, Montserrat, Nevis, Redonda, St. Kitts and the Virgin Islands), Colombia (limit of size, 2 feet in length, 4 feet in girth), Costa Rica, Salvador, (see item "Gustoms Declarations,") British Guiana, Danish West Indies (St. Croix, St. John and St. Thomas), and the Windward Islands (Grenada, Grenadines, St. Lucia, and St. Vincent), Trinidad, including Tobago; Venezuela (see item "Customs Declarations,") Bolivia, Ecuador (parcels must not exceed \$50 in value), Peru and Chile, Newfoundland, Honduras (Republic of), Germany; Italy, including: Erythrea, Benadir, Bengazi and Tripoli in Tripoli (Barbary) and Republic of San Marino. Netherlands (parcels cannot e registered. See item "Customs Declarations"), New Zealand, including Cook and Fanning Islands; Nicaragna, Guatemala, Norway, Japan including Formosa, Karafuto (Japanese Saghalien), and Korea (parcels must not exceed 880 in value). Hongkong, including Kowloon, Austria, Belgium, France, excluding Algeria and Corsica (parcels cannot be registered (see item "Customs Declarations"), Great Britaiu and Ireland (parcels cannot be registered (see item "Customs Declarations"), Great Britaiu and Ireland (parcels cannot be registered). Australia, including Tasmania Deumark, Sweden (parcels must not exceed \$80 in value). China, the following places only: Annoken (Antung, Gwatow, Hal registration fee, 10 cents,
Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by Parcels Post to Dutch Guiana (par-

FOREIGN MAILS-Continued.

(Tiehling), Yendai (Yentai), Yugakujio (Hsiungyocheng) (parcels must not exceed \$80 in value). Hayti, Brazil and Turkey, the following places only: Alexandretta, Belrut, Cavalla, Constantinople (including Galata, Pera and Stamboul), Dardanelles, Dedeagatch, Durazzo, Haifa, Inebol Jaffa, Janina, Jerusalem, Kerassund, Lagos, Mersine, Mitylene, Prevesa, Ritimo (Rethymo), Rhodes, Saloniki (Sakusica), Samsoun, San Jean de Medua, Santi Quaranta, Scio (Schios), Scutari, Smyrna, Trebizond, Falesme, Tripoli (Syrla), Valona, Vathy (Samos), and the Isle of Crete. Parcels must be wrapped so as to permit their contents to be easily examined by postmasters. The presence, in an unsealed parcel, of sealed receptacles containing mallable articles which cannot be safely transmitted in the unsealed receptacles. m an unseased parcel, or sealed receptacies containing maliable articles which cannot be safely transmitted in the unsealed receptacles, will not render the parcel unmaliable, provided the contents of the sealed receptacles are plainly visible, or are unmistakably indicated by the method of packing or by a precise statement on the covers. But such sealed receptacles will not be admitted to the Parcels Post unless inclosed in an outside cover open to inspection. Any article absolutely probibited admission to the regular mails for any country is also inadmissable to Parcels Post mails for the country; but no article is excluded from Parcels Post mails solely because it is dutiable in the country of destination. Liquids, poisonous, explosive, and inflammable substances are excluded.

CUSTOMS DECLARATIONS.

A "Customs Declaration" Form 4402 (which will be furnished on application at the post-office or a station) must be properly and fully filled out, stating the actual contents, value, etc., of the parcel. General terms, such as "merchandise" or "samples," will not answer; the contents must be accurately described. "Customs Declarations" must be farmly attached to the cover of the parcel, but not pasted or affixed so that they will seal the package and prevent examination of the contents without damaging the cover. In addition to being tied by means of a cord passing through the eyelet, the tag should be bound flat to the parcel (with the front or "declaration") side facing out), so that the tag cannot be used as a handle to lift the parcel while in transit.

Two (2) copies of the "declaration" (Form 4402) must be attached to each parcel for Dutch Gulana, Dutch West Indies, Netherlands, Salvador and Uruguay, and three (3) copies to each parcel for Venezuela.

for Venezuela.

France—Two copies of the special declaration, "Form No. 2 Bis" (4402½), showing in addition to the usual entries the gross weight of the parcel and net weight of the contents, must be attached to parcels for France. One copy may be pasted to the package, but the other copy must be affixed in such a manner that it can be readily removed at the exchange office where the mail is prepared for despatch to France.

GENERAL REGULATIONS RESPECTING FOREIGN MAILS.

Rates and conditions to countries not in the Universal Postal Union are now the same as those to Universal Postal Union countries.

Postat Postat Onton countries.

Postage can be prepaid upon articles (other than the reply half of double postal cards) only by means of the postage stamps of the country in which the articles are mailed. Hence articles mailed in one country addressed to another country which bear postage stamps of the country to which they are addressed are treated as if they had no postage stamps attached to them.

Unpaid letters received from the Postal Union and insufficiently prepaid correspondence of all kinds is chargeable with double the amount of the deficient postage.

Matter to be sent in the mails at less than letter rates must be so wrapped that it can be readily examined at the office of delivery, as well as the mailing office, without destroying the wrapper.

Packages of newspapers and periodicals sent in the mails to foreign countries are restricted to a gle (outside) address. Those sent to Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Panama, and Shanghai (City), China, single (outside) address.

are transmissible as in domestic mails.

The United States two-cent postal card should be used for card correspondence with foreign countries (except Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Panama, and Shanghal City, to which countries the one-cent card is transmissible), but where these cards cannot be obtained, it is allowable to use for this purpose the United States one-cent postal card with a one-cent United States adhesive postage stamp attached thereto. Private cards can be used if conforming in size, etc., to Government cards, such cards should bear the words "post card."

Mail matter of all kinds received from any country of the Postal Union is required to be reforwarded at the request of the addressee, from one post-office to another, and in the case of articles other than Parcels Post packages, to any foreign country embraced in the Postal Union, without ad-

ditional charge for postage.

All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from circulation in the mails to and m foreign countries. Postal cards or letters addressed to go around the world will not be forfrom foreign countries. warded, being prohibited,

FOREIGN (INTERNATIONAL) MONEY ORDERS.
When payable in Apia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Cape Colony, Costa Rica, Denmark, Egypt, Germany, Great Britain, Honduras, Hongkong, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxemburg, New South Wales, Natal and Zululand, New Zealand, Orange River Colony, Peru, Portugal, Queensland, Russia, Salvador, South Australia, Switzerland, Tasmanla, the Transvaal, Uruguay and Victoria rates are as follows:

Forsun	ns from &	0. 01 to \$2.50	10	cents	From	\$30,01	to \$4	10.00	45 cents
From	\$2.51 to	\$5.00	15		4.	40.01	to a	50.00	50 ''
4.4	5.01 to	7. 50	20	6.6	6.6	50.01	to 6	30. 00	60 "
	7.51 to	10.00.	25	6.6				70 00	
**	10.01 to	15.00	30	44	4.6	70.01	to 8	80.00	80 **
**	15.01 to	20.00	35	44		80.01	to s	90.00	90 **
** !	20.01 to	30.00	40			90.01	to 10	00.00	1 dollar

When payable in any foreign country not named above rates are as follows:

For sums from \$0,01 to \$10,0010 cents	From \$50.01 to \$60.00. 60 cents 60.01 to 70.00. 70
From \$10.01 to \$20.00 20 ''	60.01 to 70.00 70 "
20.01 to 30.00	70.01 to 80.00
30.01 to 40.00	80.01 to 90.00
40.01 to 50.00 50 "	90.01 to 100.00 1 dollar

Note-It should be understood that these tables are subject to change, it being the aim of the Post-Office Department to make reductions whenever conditions warrant such action.

Parcels Bost.

THE Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, enacted the following Postal law, effective January 1, 1913.:

Sec. 8. That hereafter fourth-class mail matter shall embrace all other matter, including farm and factory products, not now embraced by law in either the first, second, or third class, not exceeding eleven pounds in weight, nor greater in size than seventy-two linches in length and girth combined, nor in form or kind likely to injure the person of any postal employé or damage the mail equipment or other mail matter and not of a character perishable within a period reasonably required for transportation and delivery.

That for the pusposes of this section the United States and its several Territories and possessions, excepting the Philippine Islands, shall be divided into units of area thirty minutes square, identical with a quarter of the area formed by the intersecting parallels of latitude and meridians of longitude, represented on appropriate postal maps or plans, and such units of area shall be the basis of eight postal zones, as follows:

postal zones, as follows:

The first zone shall include all territory within such quadrangle, in conjunction with every contiguous quadrangle, representing an area having a mean radial distance of approximately fifty miles from the centre of any given unit of area.

The second zone shall include all units of area outside the first zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one hundred and fifty miles from the centre of a given unit of area. The third zone shall include all units of area outside the second zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately three hundred miles from the centre of a given unit of area. The fourth zone shall include all units of area outside the third zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately six hundred miles from the centre of a given unit of area.

The fifth zone shall include all units of area outside the fourth zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one thousand miles from the centre of a given unit of area.

The sixth zone shall include all units of area outside the first zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one thousand fulles from the centre of a given unit of area.

The sixth zone shall include all units of area outside the first zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one thousand four hundred miles from the centre of a given unit of area.

within a radius of approximately one thousand four hundred miles from the centre of a given unit

of area.

The seventh zone shall include all units of area outside the sixth zone lying in whole or in part within a radius of approximately one thousand eight hundred miles from the centre of a given unit of area.

The eighth zone shall include all units of area outside the seventh zone.

The eighth zone shall include all units of area outside the seventh zone.

That the rate of postage on fourth-class matter weighing not more than four ounces shall be one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce; and on such matter in excess of four ounces in weight the rate shall be by the pound, as hereinafter provided, the postage in all cases to be prepaid by distinctive postage stamps affixed.

That except as provided in the next preceding paragraph postage on matter of the fourth class shall be prepaid at the following rates:

On all matter mailed at the post-office from which a rural route starts, for delivery on such route, or mailed at any point on such route for delivery at any other point thereon, or at the office from which the routs starts, or on any rural route starting therefrom, and on all matter mailed at a city carrier office, or at any point within its delivery limits, for delivery by carriers from that office and additional pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the first zone, except as provided in the next preceding paragraph, five cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound.

cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and three cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the second zone, six cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and four cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the third zone, seven cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and five cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the fourth zone, eight cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and six cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the fifth zone, nine cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and seven cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the sixth zone, ten cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the sixth zone, ten cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the seventh zone, eleven cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the seventh zone, eleven cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound.

For delivery within the eighth zone and between the Philippine Islands and any portion of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the several Territories and possessions, twelve cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and twelve cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

cents for the first pound or fraction of a pound and twelve cents for each additional pound or fraction of a pound.

The classification of articles mailable as well as the weight limit, the rates of postage, zone or zones and other conditions of mailability under this act, if the Postmaster-General shall find on experience that they or any of them are such as to prevent the shipment of articles desirable, or to permanently render the cost of the service greater than the receipts of the revenue therefrom, he is hereby authorized, subject to the consent of the Interstate Commerce Commission after investigation, to reform from time to time such classification, weight limit, rates, zone or zones or conditions, or either, in order to promote the service to the public or to insure the receipt of revenue from such service adequate to pay the cost thereof.

The Postmaster-General shall make provision by regulation for the indemnification of shippers, for shipment injured or lost, by insurance or otherwise, and, when desired, for the collection on

for shipment injured or lost, by insurance or otherwise, and, when desired, for the collection on delivery of the postage and price of the article shipped, fixing such charges as may be necessary to pay the cost of such additional services.

That the establishment of zones and postage rates of this section shall go into effect January first, allnetten hundred and thirteen.

That the establishment of zones and postage rates of this section and instead and threten.

That this act shall not in any way affect the postage rate on seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions and plants, as fixed by Section 482 of the Postal Laws and Regulations.

That for the purpose of a further inquiry into the subject of the general parcels post and all related subjects a ioint committee of its persons (Members of Congress), three of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, is constituted, with full power to appoint clerks, stenographers and experts to assist them in this work. That the Postmaster-General and the Interstate Commerce Commission shall furnish such data and otherwise render such assistance to the said committee as may be desired or available. The committee shall report fully to Congress at the earliest date possible.

That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this section are hereby repealed.

Note.—When this edition of the Almanac went to press, the geographical boundaries of the zones mentioned above were not defined by the Postmaster-General.

Distances from New York to Cities in United States.

THE distance herein shown is that via the quickest route and the lines carrying the bulk of the mails.									
CITIES	Miles.		Miles.		Miles.		Miles.		
Albany, N. Y.	143	Cleveland, O	621	Louisville, Ky	867	St. Paul, Minn	1,370		
Albuquerq'e, N.M.	2,260	Columbus, O	632	Lynchburg, Va	400	Salt Lake City.	1 30 1		
Alliance, Neb		Concord, N. H	308	Manchester, N.H.			2.480		
Amarillo, Tex		Cumberland, Md	378	Memphis, Tenn	1,286	San Francisco, Cal.	3,183		
Atlanta, Ga		Deadwood, S. Dak.		Meridian, Miss	1,142	Santa Fé, N. Mex.	2,211		
Atlantic City, N. J.		Denver, Col		Milwaukee, Wis	1,046	Savannah, Ga	844		
Augusta, Me		Des Moines, Ia		Mobile, Ala	1,229	Seattle, Wash	3,184		
Baltimore, Md		Detroit, Mich		Montpelier, Vt	339	Sheridan, Wyo	2.209		
Birmingham, Ala	989	Duluth, Min 1		Newark, N. J	9	Shreveport, La	1,454		
Bismarck, N. Dak.		El Paso, Tex		New Orleans, La	1,344	Sioux Falls, S. Dak	1,507		
Boisé, Idaho	2,783	Fargo, N. Dak		Norfolk, Va	346	Spokane, Wash	2.845		
Boston, Mass		Ft. Worth, Tex		Ogden, Utah	2,443	Springfield, Iil	1,017		
Bristol, Tenn		Galveston, Tex		Oklahoma, Okla	1,604	Springfield, Mass	136		
Buffalo, N. Y	438	Gr. Rapids, Mich.		Omaha, Neb	1,455	Superior, Wis	1,427		
Burlington, Vt	303	Greensboro, N. C		Parkersb'g W. Va.		Syracuse, N. Y	290		
Butte, Mont		Harrisburg, Pa		Pen Heton, Ore	3,017	Tacoma, Wash	3,225		
Cape May, N. J		Hartford, Ct		Philadelphia, Pa	90	Tampa, Fla	1,190		
Carson City, Nev	3,016	Helena, Mont		Phoenix, Ariz	2,724	Topeka, Kan	1,409		
Charleston, S. C		Hot Springs, Ark		Pittsburgh, Pa	439	Trenton, N. J	57		
Charleston, W. Va.		Indianapolis, Ind		Portland, Me	348	Vicksburg, Miss	1,282		
Chattanooga, Tenn.	846	Ishpeming, Mich	1,354	Portland, Ore	3,248	Vinita, Okla	1,422		
Cheyenne, Wyo		Jackson, Miss		Prescott. Ariz	2,861	Washington, D. C.	225		
Chicago, Ill. (N. Y.		Jacksonville, Fla		Providence, R. I.	186	Wheeling, W. Va	506		
Cent.)		Kansas City, Mo		Reno, Nev	2,939	Wichita, Kan	1,565		
Chicago, Ill. (Penn		Knoxville, Tenn		Richmond, Va,	340	Wilmington, Del	116		
R. R.)		Little Rock, Ark		Roanoke, Va	452	Wilmington, N. C.	707		
Cincinnati, O	752	Los Angeles, Cal	3,106	St. Louis, Mo,	1.060	J)		

MAIL DISTANCES AND TIME TO FOREIGN CITIES FROM THE CITY OF NEW YORK. (For Distances, irrespective of Mail Routes, see Index.)

By Postal Route to-	Statute Miles.	Days.	BY POSTAL ROUTE TO-	Statute Miles.	Days.
Adelaide, via Vancouver	12,845	31	Havana	1,366	
Alexandria, via London	6,150		Hongkong, via San Francisco		
Amsterdam,	3,985		Honolulu, via San Francisco		
Antwerp,	4,000		Liverpool	3,540	
Athens,	5,655		London	3,740	
Bahia, Brazil	5,870		Madrid, via London	4,925	- 9
Bangkok, Siam, via San Francisco	12,900		Melbourne, via Vancouver	12,265	30
Bangkok, Siam, via London	13,125		Mexico City (railroad)	3,750	5
Batavia, Java, via London	12,800		Panama	2,355	
Berlin	4,385 9,765		Paris	4,020	
Bombay, via London			Rio de Janeiro	6,204	
Bremen	4,235		Rome, via London	5,030	
Buenos Ayres	8,045		Rotterdam, via London	3,935	8
Calcutta, via London	11,120		St. Petersburg, via London	5,370	
Cape Town, via London	11,245		San Juan, Porto Rico	1,730	6
Constantinople, via London	5,810		Shanghai, via Vancouver	9,920	
Florence, via London	4,800	9	Shanghai, via London	14,745	
Glasgow	3,370	8	Stockholm, via London	4,975	
Greytown, via New Orleans	2,815		Sydney, via Vancouver	11,570	29
Hallfax, N. S.	645	2	Valparaiso, via Panama	5,915	
Hamburg, direct	4,820		Vienna	4,740	
via London	4,340	9 1	Yokohama, via San Francisco	7,345	_20_

Distances Between Buropean Cities.

Braunces Brown Micropenii Cittesi	
$\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{C}}$	ONDON
LIVERPO	OL 202
PARIS 4	489 287
$M_{ m ADRID} \mid \overline{908} \mid \overline{1}$	
Lisbon 415 1323 10	
	472 270
	859 657
	948 746
	848 646
TURIN 297 837 839 719 1506 1073 500 9 VIENNA 720 535 427 605 727 2157 1668 849 11	989 787
VIENNA 720 535 427 605 727 2157 1668 849 11	182 980
MUNICH 266 470 295 401 579 522 1897 1477 582 5	970 768
$\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{OME}} = \frac{647}{414} = \frac{840}{414} = \frac{639}{1048} = \frac{1048}{1130} = \frac{1033}{1033} = \frac{746}{1223} = \frac{907}{123} = \frac{12}{123} = \frac{1033}{123} = 1033$	397 1195
	352 1150
Warsaw 806 1276 702 436 1156 1021 398 576 895 2593 1925 1067 15	
CONSTANTINOPLE 1205 1725 2138 1564 1298 2018 1883 1699 1903 2025 2345 2718 1899 22	222 2020
Odessa 363 842 1330 1800 1226 960 1690 1545 1240 1418 1737 3117 2625 1760 21	
Moscow 950 1339 811 1617 2087 1513 1217 1967 1832 1209 1387 1706 3414 2904 1843 21	
MOSCOW 95015559 511 1617 (2057) 5151312217 1967 1652 12309 1357 17706 3414 (2904) 1843, 21	17 1915
St. Petersburg 406 1356 1733 693 1769 2239 1395 399 2119 1714 1091 1269 1588 3286 2874 1699 19	76 1774
STOCKHOLM 430 836 1510 2408 1082 1171 1731 1084 1110 1337 1176 685 580 993 2384 1972 1219 14	91 1289
COPENHAGEN 416 846 1252 1510 1510 668 1067 1318 671 697 1047 885 270 208 620 2012 1600 812 11	81 979

Postal Savings System. INFORMATION FOR DEPOSITORS AS ANNOUNCED BY THE POST-

OFFICE DEPARTMENT. Object—1. The Postal Savings System is established for the purpose of providing facilities for depositing savings at interest with the security of the United States Government for repayment.

Safety—2. The faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment of deposits made in postal savings depository offices with accrued interest as provided by the Postal-Savings

act.

who May Deposit—3. Accounts may be opened and deposits made by any person of the good 10 years or over in his or her own name and by a married woman in her own name and free from any interference or control by her husband. No person can have more than one account at time.

4. Any person may open a postal-savings account.

5. All accounts must be opened 1: person by the depositor or his authorized representative. After opening an account a depositor may for war1 subsequent deposits to the post-office by mail.

6. Deposits will be accepted only from individuals, and no account will be opened in the name of any corporation, association, society, firm, or partnership, or in the names of two or more persons

7. No account will be opened in the name of one person in trust for or on behalf of another

person or persons.

Service Free—S. The service of the Postal Savings System is free, and no charge or fee is collected or required in connection with the opening of an account or the withdrawal of money

deposited. Privacy of Accounts—9. No person connected with the Post-Office Department or the postal service is permitted to disclose the name of any depositor or give any information concerning an account except to the depositor himself, unless directed to do so by the Postmaster-General. How to Open an Account—10. When a person applies to open an account he must furnish the necessary information for the post matter or his representative to fill out an application, which he will then be required to sign. If the applicant signs by mark his signature must be witnessed by a disinterested person.

by a disinterested person.

Deposits—11. Deposits are evidenced by postal-savings certificates issued in fixed denominations of \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50 and \$100, each bearing the name of the depositor, the number of his account, the date of issue, the name of the depository of \$1, \$20, \$50 and the date of on which interest begins. The postmatter or his representative will make out a duplicate of each certificate issue, which the depositor will be required to sign and which the postmatter will retain in his records.

12. No account may be opened for less than \$1, nor will fractions of a dollar be accepted for deposit.

We person is permitted to deposit more than \$100 in any one calendar morth port to base a

13. No person is permitted to deposit more than \$100 in any one calendar month nor to have a total balance to his crelit at one time of more than \$500 exclusive of accumulated interest.

14. Sayings certificates can not be transferred or negotiated and will be payable only to the person to whom issued.

15. On opening an account a depositor is supplied with an envelope in which he may keep his savings certificates. On this envelope is printed information for his guidance, and also a blank ledger record on which to keep an account of his deposits and withdrawals.

16. In case a savings certificate is lost or destroyed the depositor should notify the postmaster. If deemed proper, a new certificate will be issued upon compilance by the depositor with the necessary

requirements.

requirements.

17. Postmasters are not permitted to receive savings certificates for safe-keeping.

Savings Cards and Stamps—18. Amounts less than 81 may be saved for deposit by the purchase of 10-cent postal-savings cards and adhesive 10-cent postal-savings stamps. Each postal-savings card contains blank spaces to which savings stamps may be affixed from time to time as purchased, and a postal-savings card with nine 10-cent savings stamps thus affixed will be accepted as a deposit of \$1 either in opening an account or in adding to an existing account.

19. Savings cards and stamps will be redeemed only by the issue of savings certificates and are not valid for postage. They will not be received in exchange for postage stamps nor will postage stamps be accepted in exchange for postal-savings cards or stamps.

Interest—20. Interest will be allowed on all deposits at the rate of 2 per cent, per annum, computed on each savings certificate separately, and payable annually. No interest will be paid on money which remains on deposit for a fraction of a year only.

21. Deposits will bear interest from the first day of the month next following that in which deposited.

deposited.

22. Interest will continue to accrue on a savings certificate as long as it remains outstanding, certificates being valid until paid, without limitation as to time.

23. Compound interest is not allowed on an outstanding certificate, but a depositor may withdraw interest payable and include it in a new deposit, which will bear interest at the regular rate.

Withdrawais -21. A depositor may at any tine withdraw the whole or any part of his depositor.

to his oredit with any interest payable by surrendering savings certificates, properly indorsed, for the amount desired.

25. A depositor presenting a certificate for payment in full, with all interest payable, must ladorse it on the back in the presence of the postmaster or his representative and surrender it. The postmaster or his representative, if satisfied as to the depositor's identity, will then make payment.

26. When a depositor desires to withdraw only a part of the amount called for by any certificate the postmaster will cancel the certificate and issue a new certificate covering the amount to be left on deposit. The new certificate will be so dated that the depositor will not lose interest on the amount remaining confidency or deposit.

on deposit. The new certificate will be so dated that the depositor will not lose interest on the amount remaining continuously on deposit.

27. When a depositor desires to withdraw merely the interest payable on any certificate, instead of indorsing and surrendering the certificate as in case of full payment, he will be required to give his receipt in duplicate for the amount of the interest paid. The postmaster will enter the interest payment on the back of the certificate and return it to the depositor.

Deposits Not Made in Person—28. When a person who has opened an account cannot appear personally to make an additional deposit, because of infirmity or for other good and sufficient reason, the amount to be deposited may be sent by a representative or forwarded by mall. Oreceipt of the amount the postmaster will send to the depositor the duplicate of each savings certificate to be issued. When the duplicate or duplicates thus delivered have been signed by the depositor and returned to the depository office, the postmaster will send him the original certificates covering the amount of the depositor of the depositor and returned to the depositor of the amount of the depositor accounts cannot be opened by mall. When an intending depositor desiring to open an account is unable to appear in person he may forward the money by a representative, who will be provided with an application form, which must be properly filled out by the intending depositor and returned with the duplicate certificates or certificates.

Withdrawals Not Made in Person—29. When under similar circumstances a depositor

POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM -- Continued.

cannot appear in person to make a withdrawal, a blank order will be furnished for his use upon request by his representative. When such order has been properly filled in and signed by the depositor, with his signature withessed by a disinterested person, and has been returned to the postmaster, together with each certificate to be paid properly indorsed, payment will be made to the representative. depositor's

30. When a depositor who is unable to appear in person desires to withdraw merely the interest payable on any certificate, the blank order furnished will include receipts for the interest to be paid upon return of which, properly signed by the depositor, the postmaster will make payment to his

representative.

Death of Depositor -31. In case of the death of a depositor the amount standing to his

Death of Depositor—31. In case of the death of a depositor the amount standing to his credit will be paid to the executor or administrator of his estate upon compliance with the necessary requirements. In case no formal administration is desired by his relatives, the postmaster may, if it is deemed proper, be authorized to pay the amount of the deposit, on application in proper form, to the persons entitled to receive it, without the appointment of an administrator. Account of Woman Who Marries—32. A woman who opens an account and afterward marries must present her savings certificates at her office in order that the certificates may be indorsed as payable to her in her new name. The postmaster will receive no further deposits from a depositor falling to comply with this requirement, nor will he make any partial or interest payment to her.

Postal-Savings Bonds—33. A depositor will be permitted to exchange the whole or any part of his deposits in su as of \$20, \$47, \$60, \$97, \$100, or mutiples of \$100 up to and including \$500, into United States registered or coupon bonds bearing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, and redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after one year from date of issue, both principal and interest payable twenty years from such date in United States gold coin. Such exchange may be made under date of January 1 and July 1 of each year, provided gold coin. Such exchange may be made under date of January 1 and July 1 of each year, provided such bonds are then available.

34. A depositor desiring to convert his savings deposits into bonds on January 1 and July 1

34. A depositor desiring to convert his savings deposits into bonds on January 1 and July 1 of any year must make application at least fifteen days before either of the dates named to the postmaster in triplicate on a form which will be supplied him for that purpose. At the time of making application he must indorse and surrender savings certificates covering the amount of the bonds desired, for which the postmaster will give him a receipt. Interest will continue to accrue on certificates surrendered until the date on which the bonds are issued. When the bonds applied for are received by the postmaster, the depositor will be notified and the bonds will be delivered by the postmaster on presentation of the receipt for the certificates surrendered. At the same time all interest due on the certificates surrendered will be paid.

35. Savings deposits converted into bonds are not counted as a part of the maximum of \$500 allowed one depositor, and there is no limitation upon the amount of available postal-savings bonds which may finally be acquired by a depositor.

36. Postal-savings bonds are exempt from all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority.

37. Postal-savings bonds can only be procured by the conversion of postal-savings deposits, and will not be issued to persons who are not depositors, but whether in registered or coupon form they may upon receipt by the depositor, be sold and assigned at any time to any person desired.

Information—38. Further information concerning the Postal Savings System may be obtained by application at any depository office or by inquiry addressed to the Postmaster-General (Postal Savings System), Washington, D. C.

Savings System), Washington, D. C.

United States Geographic Board.

Chairman, Henry Gannett, Geological Survey, Department of the Interior; Secretary, Charles S. Sloane, Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor; Frank Bond, General Land Office, Department of the Interior; Daniel H. Boughton, General Staff, Department of War; Andrew Braid, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Department of Commerce and Labor; Fr. W. Hodge, Bureau of Ethnology, Smithsonian Institution; G. R. Putnam, Bureau of Light-Houses, Department of Commerce and Labor; Frank A. Kidd, Government Printing Office; G. F. Cooper, Hydrographic Office, Department of the Navy; William McNeir, Department of State; C. Hart Merriam, Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture; John S. Mills, Department of the Treasury; Fred G. Plummer, Forest Service, Department of the Savy.

By executive order of August 10, 1906, the official title of the United States Board on Geographic Names was changed to United States Geographic Board, and its duties and its insular possessions, and all unsettled questions concerning geographic names which arise in the departments, as well as determining, changing, and fixing place names within the United States and its insular possessions, and all names hereafter suggested by any officer of the Government shall be referred to the board concerning the preparation of mass compiled, or to be compiled, in the various offices and bureaus of the Government of the Sustein Sust

Seven Monders of the Morld.

THE SEVEN WONDERS OF THE ANCIENT WORLD. Pyramids of Egypt. Pharos of Egypt. Hanging Gardens of Babylon. Temple of Diana at Ephesus. Statue of Jupiter by Phildas. Mausoleum of Artemisla. Colossus of Rhodes,

THE SEVEN WONDERS OF THE MIDDLE AGES Collseum of Rome. Catacombs of Alexandria Great Wall of China. Stonehenge.

Leaning Tower of Pisa.

Porcelain Tower of Nankin.

Mosque of St. Sophia in Constantinople.

SEVEN NEW WORLD. WON-DERS OF Wireless. Telephone.

Aeroplane. Antiseptics and Antitoxins. Spectrum Analysis. X-Rays.

Labor Legislation.

BOYCOTTING, BLACKLISTING AND INTIMIDATION LAWS

THE States having laws prohibiting boycotting in terms are Alabama, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana,

The States having laws prohibiting boycoung in terms are Alabama, Colorado, Indiana, and Texas.

The States having laws prohibiting blacklisting in terms are Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Conecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missispipi (applies to telegraph operators only), Missouri, Montana, Nevada, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, and Wisconsin.

A number of states have enacted laws concerning intimidation, conspiracy against workingmen, and interference with employment, viz.: Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho (applies to mine employes only), Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Pakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Porto Rico, Rhode Island, Sonth Dakota, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

In the following States it is unlawful for an employer to exact any agreement, either written or

In the following States it is uniawful for an employer to exact any agreement, either written or verbal, from an employe not to join or become a member of a labor organization, as a condition of employment: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Massachusetts, Minesota, Mississippi (applies to telegraph operators only), Nevada, New Jersey, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Porto Rico, South Carolina, Utah, and Wisconsin.

EIGHT-HOUR LAWS.

Arizona.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor in all underground mines and workings.

Arkausas.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on public highways and bridges and for railway

telegraph operators.

California.—Unless otherwise expressly stipulated, eight hours constitute a day's work. The time of service of all laborers, workmen, and mechanics employed upon any public works of, or work done for, the State, or for any political sub-division thereof, whether the work is to be done by contract or otherwise, and of employes in mines and smelters, is limited and restricted to eight hours

In any one calendar day.

Colorado.—A day's work for all workingmen employed by the State, or any county, township, school district, municipality, or incorporated town, and for all employes in underground or open cut unines or workings, and in smelting and refining works, is restricted to eight hours.

Connecticut.—Eight hours of labor constitute a lawful day's work unless otherwise agreed. Railroad telegraph operators controlling the movement of trains may work but eight hours, except a stations kept open only in the daytime. Engineers, firemen, machinists and other mechanics employed in state institutions may work but eight hours, except in case of emergency.

Delaware.—Eight hours constitute a lawful day's work for all municipal employes of the city of

Wilmington,

District of Alaska.—Eight hours are a day's labor on the public roads.

District of Columbia.—A day's work for all laborers and mechanics employed by the District of Columbia, or by any contractor or sub-contractor upon any public works of the District, is limited to eight hours.

Hawnii.—For all mechanics, clerks, laborers, and other employés on public works and in public

offices eight hours of actual service constitute a day's work.

Idaho.—Eight hours' actual work constitute a lawful day's labor for manual laborers employed by the day on all State, county, and municipal works. Labor in mines and smelters is limited to eight hours per day.

Illinois. - Eight hours are a legal day's work in all mechanical employments, except on farms,

and when otherwise agreed; the law does not apply to service by the year, month or week. Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public highways,

Indiana.-Eight hours of labor constitute a legal day's work on the public roads, and for all classes of mechanics, workingmen, and laborers, excepting those engaged in agricultural and domestic labor. Overwork by agreement and for extra compensation is permitted.

Towa.—Eight hours are a day's work for all laborers, mechanics, or other persons employed

Kansas.—Eight hours are a day's work for all laborers, mechanics, or other persons employed by or on behalf of the State or any county, city, township or other municipality.

Kentucky.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on all public works of the State.

Maryland.—No mechanic or laborer employed by the Mayoror City Council of Baltimore, or by any agent or contractor under them, shall be required to work more than eight hours as a day's labor.

Missachusetts.—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen, and mechanics employed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth or any county therein, or of any city or town in the Commonwealth upon acceptance of the statute by a majority of voters present and voting months same at any general election.

town in the Commonweath upon acceptance of the statute by a majority of voters present and voting upon the same at any general election.

Minnesota.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor for all laborers, workmen, or mechanics employed by or on behalf of the State, whether the work is done by contract or otherwise.

Mississippi.—Eight hours are a day's labor on highways.
Missouri.—Eight hours constitute a legal day's work. The law does not prevent an agreement to work for a longer or a shorter time and does not apply to agricultural laborers. It is unlawful for employers to work their employers longer than eight hours per day in mines and smelters, or as train departables at a narial related to unless the office is one only during the dayting. Eight hours train despatchers, etc., on railroads, unless the office is open only during the daytime. Eight hours are a day's labor on highways.

Montana.—Eight hours constitute a legal day's work for persons engaged to operate or handle holsting engines at mines. The law applies only to such plants as are in operation sixteen or more hours per day, or at or in mines where the engine develops fifteen or more horse-power, or where fifteen or more men are employed underground in the twenty-four hours. A day's labor on public works and in smelters, underground mines and in railroad and other tunnels is limited to eight hours.

Nehreska.—Eight hours constitute a lay's work on public roads and on all public works in cities

Nebraska.-Eight hours constitute a day's work on public roads and on all public works in cities

of the first class.

Neynda. - For labor on public highways, in and about all mines, in smelters, plaster and cement

Neynda. - For labor on public highways, and on all works and undertakings carried on or aided mills, as train despatchers, etc., on railroads, and on all works and undertakings carried on or aided by the State, county, or municipal governments, the hours of labor are fixed at eight per day.

New Jersey.—Eight hours is the limit of a day's work by any person employed by or on behalf of the State or any municipality thereof.

New Mexico.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on public roads and highways.

New York.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on highways, and on work done by or for the

State, or a municipal corporation, whether directly by contractors or sub-contractors; also for all

classes of employes, except in farm or domestic labor, though overwork for extra pay is permitted in private employments.

LABOR LEGISLATION-Continued.

North Carolina.—Train despatchers, etc., on railroads may work only eight hours, unless otherwise permitted by the corporation commission.

North Dakota.—Eight hours are a day's labor on public roads.

Ohio.—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work in all engagements to labor in any mechanical. manufacturing or mining business, unless otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

Oklahoma.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all public works, and in underground mines.

Oregon.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all public works, and in underground mines

yiel ling metal.

Pennsylvania. - Eight hours of labor shall be deemed and held to be a legal day's work in all Pennsylvania.—Eight hours of manor snam be declined and leave to the contrary. This cases of labor and service by the day where there is no agreement or contract to the contrary. This cases of labor and service by the vear, month or week. Eight cases of labor and service by the day where there is no agreement of contract to the contract does not apply to farm or agricultural labor or to service by the year, month or week. Eight hours constitute a day's labor for all mechanics, workmen, and laborers in the employ of the State, creationy municipal corporation therein, or otherwise engaged on public works. This act shall be deemed to apply to employés of contractors. Engineers hoisting workmen at anthracite coal mines may work but eight hours per day.

Philippine Islands.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on highways.

Porto Rico. - No laborer may be compelled to work more than eight hours per day on public

South Dakota. —For labor on public highways a day's work is fixed at eight hours.
Tennessee.—Eight hours shall be a day's work on the highways.
Texas.—Eight hours constitute a day's work on the highways, and by train despatchers, etc.,

except at stations where but one operator is employed.

Utah.—Eight hours constitute a day's labor on all works carried on or aided by the State, county or municipal governments, and in all underground mines or workings, and in smelters and all other establishments for the reduction of ores.

Washington.—Eight hours in any calendar day shall constitute a day's work on any work done for the State, or for any county or municipality, and in underground coal nines.

West Virginia.—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen, and mechanies who may be employed by or on behalf of the State, and for telegraph operators directing the movement of trains where three or more passenger or ten or more freight trains pass in 24 hours.

Wisconsin.—In all eugagements to labor in any manufacturing or mechanical business, where there is no express contract to the contrary, a day's work shall consist of eight bours, but the law does not apply to contracts for labor by the week, month or year. Eight hours constitute a day's labor on the public highways. Employés on public works and train despatchers may be employed but on the public highways. eight hours per day.

Wyoming.-Eight hours' actual work constitute a legal day's labor in all underground mines, in

wyoming.—Eight nours accuse work constitute a regar day s above in all underground mines, in smelters, and on all State and municipal works.

United States.—A day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics who may be employed by the United States, or by any contractor or sub-contractor upon any of the public works of the United States, is limited to eight hours.

THE WORLD ALMANA is indebted to Commissioner Charles P. Neill of the U. S. Bureau of Labor

for this Summary of Labor Legislation revised to date.

LIST OF BUREAUS OF LABOR AND LABOR STATISTICS IN UNITED STATES.

State Labor Burcaus.

Organ-Title. Chief Officer. Address. LOCATION. 1885 Charles P. Neill..... Washington, United States Bureau of Labor 1885 (Charles P. Nelli... Wasnington 1883 J. D. Mackenzie... San Francis 1887 E. V. Brake... Denver. 1893 William H. Scoville... Hartford. 1911 H. M. Stanley... Atlanta. 1985 Jas. P. Fallon... Boisé. 1879 David Ross... Springfield. 1870 I. L. Peetz... Indianapoli District of Col. Bureau of Labor Statistics Bureau of Labor Statistics Bureau of Labor Statistics Bureau of Labor Statistics Department of Commerce & Labor Dep't of Immigrat'n, Labor & Statist. California.... San Francisco. Colorado... Connecticut... Georgia..... Hawaii. Bureau of Immigration & Labor Stat. Bureau of Labor Statistics Idaho..... Illinois..... 1879 J. L. Peetz ... Indianapolis, 1884 E. W. Van Duyn ... Des Moines, 1885 W. L. A. Johnson ... Topeka, 1876 M. C. Rankin Frankfort. Bureau of Statistics..... Indiana..... Bureau of Labor Statistics. Bureau of Labor and Industry Department of Agriculture, Lab & Stat. Iowa Kansas..... Kentucky..... Bureau of Labor & Industrial Statistics. Bureau of Labor & Industry. 1800 James Byrnes.... New Orleans, La. 1887 Thos. J. Lyons..... Angusta. 1884 Charles J. Fox..... Baltimore Lonisiana ... Maine ... Maryland ... Maryland ... Maryland ... Massachus'tts Bureau of Industrial Statistics ... Michigan ... Minnesota ... Missouri ... Bureau of Labor & Industrial Statistics Bureau of Labor ... Bureau of Labor ... Bureau of Agriculture, Lab. & Industry Dareau of Agriculture, Lab. & Industry Dareau of Agriculture ... Louisiana | 1884 (Charles J. Fox. | Battluor | 1869 (Cha. F. Gettermy | Boston. | 1882 R. H. Fletcher. | Lansing. | 1887 W. E. McCenn. | McCenn. | Lansing. | 1879 J. C. A. Hiller | Jefferson | 1893 J. A. Ferguson | Helena. | 1887 W. M. Maupin | Lincoln. | 1893 Lysander H. (Carroll. Concord. | 1878 W. C. (Garrison | Trenton. | 1883 Lysander H. (Carroll. Concord. | 1883 Lysander M. (Jefferson City. N. Hampshire Bureau of Labor Bureau of Statistics of Lab. & Industries New Jersey... New York ... New York Department of Labor No. Carolina Bureau of Labor and Printing North Dakota Department of Agriculture and Labor. Bismarck. Bureau of Labor Statistics..... Department of Labor..... Columbus. Ohio Oklahoma.... 1903 O. P. Hoff ... Salem ... Salem ... 1872 J. L. Rockey ... Harrisburg. 1887 George H. Webb ... Providence. 1909 E. J. Watson ... Columbia. 1909 J. S. Myers ... Austin. 1911 ... Bur, Labor Stat, & Insp. Fac. Works'ps Bureau of Industrial Statistics.... Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island. Bureau of Industrial Statistics. S. C.rolina Dep't of Agriculture, Com, & Industries Texas Bureau of Labor Statistics. Utah Bureau of Immigrat'n, Labor & Statist. Austin. Salt Lake City. Utah ... Bureau of Immigrat's Labor & Statist. 1911 ... Salt Lake C Virginia. Bureau of Labor & Industrial Statistics 1898 James B. Doherty ... Richmond. Washington. Bureau of Labor. 1897 C. F. Hubbard. Olympia. West Virginia Bureau of Labor. 1889 I. V. Barton. Wheeling. Wisconsin ... Industrial Commission. 1883 J. D. Beck. Madison.

General Labor Organizations. AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

PRESIDENT, Samuel Gompers, 801-809 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.; Secretary, Frank Morrison, same address; Treasurer, John B. Lennon, Bloomington, Ill.; First Vice-President, James Duncan, Hancock Building, Quincy, Mass.; Second Vice-President, John Mitchell. 3 Claremont Avenue, Mt. Vernon, N.Y.; Third Vice-President, James O Connell, 512 Ouray Building, Washington, D. C.; Fourth Vice-President, D. A. Hayes, 930 Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia, Pa.; Fifth Vice-President, Wim. D. Huber, Carpenters' Building, Indianapolis, Ind.; Sixth Vice-President, Jos. F. Valentine. Commercial Tribune Building, Chacinnati, Ohio; Seventh Vice-President, John R. Alpine, 401 Bush Temple of Music, Chicago, Ill.; Eighth Vice-President, H. B. Perham, Star Building, St. Louis, Mo.

The Federation is composed of 113 national and international unions, representing approximately 27,000 local unions, 5 departments, 41 state branches, 564 city central unions, and 646 local unions. The approximate paid membership is 2,000,000. The affiliated unions publish about 540 weekly or monthly papers, devoted to the cause of labor. The official organ is the American Federationist, edited by Samuel Gompers. There are 1,659 organizers of local unions acting under the orders of the American Federation of Labor. The objects and aims of the American Federation of Labor are officially stated to render employment and means of subsistence less precarious by securing to the workers an equitable share of the fruits of their labor. the workers an equitable share of the fruits of their labor.

INTERNATIONAL UNIONS COMPRISING THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

Asbestos Workers, International Association of Heat and Frost Insulators and. Thomas G. McNamara, 2516 Slattery Street, St. Louis, Mo. Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America. Otto E. Fischer, 212 Bush Temple of Music, 221 Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

International Union, Journeymen. Jacob Fischer, 222 East Michigan Street, Indianapolis, Barbers

Ind.

Bill Posters and Billers of America, International Alliance of. William McCarthy, Fitzgerald Building, 1482-90 Broadway, New York City. Blacksmiths, International Brotherhood of. Wm. F. Kramer, Suite 570-585 Monon Building.

Blacksmiths, International Brotherhood of. Wm. r. Klainer, Santo-Chicago, Ill.
Chicago, Ill.
Boller Makers and Iron Ship Builders of America, Brotherhood of. W. J. Gilthorpe, Suite 7-12,
Law Building, Kansas City, Kan.
Law Building, Kansas City, Kan.
Law Building, Kansas City, Kan. Bookbinders, International Brotherhood of. James W. Dongherty, 222 East Michigan Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
Root and Shoe Workers' Union. C. L. Baine, 246 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.
Brevery Workmen, International Union of the United. Louis Kemper, Vine Street, near Hollister, Observations, 1988.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Brick, Tile, and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance, International. William Van Bodegraven, Room 409, 160 North Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, International Association of. H. S. Hockin, 422-424 American

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, International Association of Art. S. Hockin, 422-424 American Central Life Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
Broom and Whisk Makers' Union, International. C. T. Dolan, 3959 Lincoln Avenue, Chicago, Ill. Brushmakers' International Union. George J. Vitzthun, 2-152 Gates Avenue. Brooklyin, N. Y. Carpenters and Joiners of America, United Brotherhood of Frank Duffy, Carpenters' Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
Carriage, Wagon and Automobile Workers of North America, International Union of. William P. Mavell, 10 Chapin Block, Buffalo, N. Y.
Carvers' Association of North America, International Wood. Thomas J. Lodge, 10 Carlisle Street, Boybury, Mass.

Roxbury, Mass, Cement Workers, American Brotherhood of, Henry Ullner, Room 705 Clunie Building, California and Montgomery Streets, San Francisco. Cal. Cigar Makers' International Union of America. George W. Perkins, Monon Building, Chicago, Ill. Clerks' International Protective Association, Retail. H. J. Conway, Lock Drawer 248, Lafayette,

Ind.

Cloth Hat and Cap Makers of North America, United. Max Zuckerman, 62 East Fourth Street, New York City. nmercial Telegraphers' Union of America, The. Wesley Russell, 922-930 Monon Building, Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, The. Wesley Russell, 922-930 Monon Building, Chicago, Ill. Compressed Air and Foundation Workers Union of the United States and Canada. John Emener,

155 Meserole Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Coopers' International Union of North America. William R. Deal, Suite A, Board of Trade Building,
Kansas City. Kan. Curtain Operatives of America, Amalgamated Lace. David L. Gould, 545 West Lehigh Avenue,

Philadelphia, Pa. Cutting Die and Cutter Makers, International Union of. Harry Reiser, 616 Sixth Avenue, New

) ork City.
Diamond Workers' Protective Union of America. Andries Meyer, 323 Washington Street, Brooklyn, Electrical Workers of America, International Brotherhood of. Charles P. Ford, Pierick Building,

Springfield, Ill.
Elevator Constructors, International Union of. William Young, 1952 North 19th Street, Philadel-

phia, Pa.

phia, Pa.
Engineers, International Union of Steam. James G. Hannahan, 6303 Harvard Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
Engravers, International Association of Watch Case. Carl Wesp, Box 263, Canton, Ohio.
Flremen, International Brotherhood of Stationary. C. L. Shamp, Rooms 2-4, 2502 North 18th
Street, Omaha, Neb.
Foundry Employés, International Brotherhood of. Geo. Bechtold, 200 South Broadway, St.
Louis, Mo.
Freight Handlers, Brotherhood of Railroad. J. J. Flynn, 816 Harrison Street, Chicago, Ill.
Garment Workers of America, United. B. A. Larger, Rooms 116-122 Rible House, New York City.
Garment Workers' Union, International Ladies'. John Alex. Dyche, 32 Union Square, New York City.

GENERAL LABOR ORGANIZATIONS-Continued.

Glass Bottle Blowers' Association of the United States and Canada. William Launer, Rooms 930-932 Witherspoon Building, Juniper and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa. Glass Workers' International Association, Amaigamated. Joseph P. McArdie, 118 East 28th Street,

Glove Workers'

New York City.

New York City.

Or America, International. Agnes Nestor, Room 506, Bush Temple of Music, Chicago, Ill. Granite Cutters' International Association of America, The. James Duncan, Hancock Building,

Quincy, Mass, Grinders' and Finishers' National Union, Pocket Knife Blade. F. A. Didsbury, 508 Brook Street,

Grinders' and Finishers' National Union, Pocket Kille Blade. F. A. Diusouty, Old Blood Successive Bridgeport, Ct.
Hatters of North America, United, Martin Lawlor, Room 15, 11 Waverley Place. New York City
Hod Carriers' and Building Laborers' Union of America, International. A. Persion, Box 59
Albany, N. Y.
Horse Shoers of United States and Canada, International Union of Journeymen. Hubert:
Marshall, 605 Second National Bank Building, Cincinnati, Onio. A. Persion, Box 597,

Hotel and Restaurant Employés' International Alliance and Bartenders' International League of America, Jere L. Sullivan, Commercial Tribune Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers, Amalgamated Association of. M. F. Tighe, Honse Building, Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Jewelry Workers' Union of America, International. William Betz, 573 Adams Street. Buffalo, N. Y. Lathers, International Union of Wood, Wire and Metal. Ralph V. Brandt, 401 Superior Building, Citable (Citable Citable
Cleveland, Ohio. Laundry Workers' International Union. Charles F. Bailey, 591 Second Avenue, Troy, N. Y.

Leather Workers on Horse Goods, United Brotherhood of. J. J. Pfeiffer, 209-210 Postal Building,

Kansas City, Mo. Leather Workers' Union of America, Amalgamated. James J. Brennan, 223 Perry Street, Lowell, Mass.

Lithographers' International Protective and Beneficial Association of the United States and Canada.

John Treanor, Langdon Building, 309 Broadway, New York City.

Lithographic Press Feeders of United States and Canada, International Protective Association of, Henry C. Kranz, 43 Centre Street, New York City.
Longshoremen's Association, International. John J. Joyce, 702 Brisbane Building, Buffalo, N.Y.
Machine Printers and Color Mixers of the United States, National Association of. Charles
McCrory, 81 John Street, Hudson Falls, N.Y.
Machinists, International Association of, George Preston, 908-914 G Street, N. W., McGill Building, Washington, D.C.

ing, Washington, D. C.
Maintenance of Way Employés, International Brotherhood of. S. J. Pegg, Vanol Building, 3900
Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Stephen C. Hogan, 406 East 159th Street, New York City

Meat Cutters and Butchers' Workmen of North America, Amalgamated. Homer D. Call, Cortland

Meat Cutters and Butchers' Workmen of North America, Amalgamated. Homer D. Call, Cortland and Brighton Avenues, Syracuse, N. Y.

Metal Polishers', Buffers', Platers', Brass and Silver Workers' Union of North America. Charles R. Atherton, Neave Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Metal Workers' International Alliance, Amalgamated Sheet. John E. Bray, 325 Nelson Building, Kansas City, Mo., Mine Workers of America, United. Edwin Perry. State Life Building, Indianapolis, Ind. Miners, Western Federation of. Ernest Mills, 605 Railroad Building, Denver, Col.

Moulders' Union of North America, International. Victor Kleiber, 530 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. Musicians, American Federation of. Owen Miller, 3735 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo. Musicians, American Federation of. Owen Miller, 3030 Pine Street, St. Louis, Ro. Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, Brotherhood of. J. C. Skemp, Drawer 99,

Paper-Makers, International Brotherhood of. J. T. Carey, 44 Bensen Building, Albany, N. Y. Pattern-Makers' League of North America. James Wilson, Second National Bank Building, Ninth and Main Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Pavers, Rammermen, Flag Layers, Bridge and Stone Curb Setters, International Union of. Edward I. Hannah, 223 East 59th Street, New York.
Paving Cutters' Union of the United States of America and Canada. John Sheret, Lock Box 27, Abloin, N. Y.
Photo-Engravers' Union of North America, International. Louis A. Schwarz, 228 Apsley Street,

Philadelphia, Pa.
Piano and Organ Workers' Union of America, International. Charles Dold, 1037 Greenwood

Plano and Organ Workers' Union of America, International. Charles Dold, 1037 Greenwood Terrace, Chicago, Ill.

Plasterers' International Association of the United States and Canada, Operative. T. A. Scully, 442
East Second Street, Middletown, Ohio.

Plate Printers' Union of North America, International Steel and Copper. Charles T. Smith, 612
F Street, N. W., Washington, D.C.

Plumbers, Gas Fitters, Steam Fitters, and Steam Fitters' Helpers of United States and Canada, United Association of. Thomas E. Burke. 411 Bush l'emple of Music, Chicago, Ill.

Post-Office Clerks, National Federation of. George F. Pfeiffer, 187 Burleigh Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Potters, National Brotherhood of Operative. John'T. Wood, Box 6, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Print Cutters' Association of America, National. Richard H. Scheller, 229 Hancock Avenue, Jersey Oity, N. J.

City, N. J.

Printing Pressmen's Union, International. Joseph C. Orr, Rogersville, Tenn, Pulp, Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers of the United States and Canada, International Brotherhood of. John H. Malin, P. O. Drawer K. Fort Edward, N. Y. Quarryworkers' International Union of North America. Fred. W. Suitor, Scampini Building,

Barre, Vt.
Railroad Telegraphers, Order of. L. W. Quick, Star Bullding, St. Louis, Mo.
Railway Carmen of America, Brotherhood of. E. William Weeks, 507 Hall Building, Kansas City, Mo.
Railway Clerks, Brotherhood of. R. E. Fisher, 307-310 Kansas City Life Building, Kansas City, Mo.
Railway Employés of America, Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric. W. D. Mahon, 601
Hodges Block Datroit, Mich

Hodges Block, Detroit, Mich.

GENERAL LABOR ORGANIZATIONS-Continued.

Railway Express Messengers of America, Brotherhood of. William F. Morrison, 326 Lee Building,

Railway Express Messengers of America, Brotherhood of. William F. Morrison, 3:20 Lee Building, Oklahoma City, Okla,
Roofers, Composition, Dump and Waterproof Workers of the United States and Canada. International Brotherhood of. D. J. Ganley, 14 North Oxford Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Sawsmiths' National Union. F. E. Kingsley, Baldwin Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
Seamen's Union, of America, International, Thomas A. Hanson, 570 West Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.
Shingle Weavers' Union of America, International. William H. Reid, 306 Maynard Building, Seattle, Wash.
Slate and Tile Roofers' Union of America, International. Joseph M. Gavlak, 3643 West 47th Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

Thomas H. Palmer, Pen Argyle, Pa.

Slate Workers, American Brotherhood of. Thomas H. Palmer, Pen Argyle, Pa. Spinners' International Union. Urban Fleming, 188 Lyman Street, Holyoke, Mass, Stage Employes' International Alliance, Theatrical. Lee M. Hart, 39 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill. Steel Plate Transferrers' Association of America, The. Dennis H. Sherman, 1301 Madison Street, N. W., Washington, D.C.
Stereotypers' and Electrotypers' Union of North America, International. George W. Williams,

Stereotypers' and Electrotypers' Union of North America, International. George w. winnains, Room 29, Globe Building, Roston, Mass.

Stonecutters' Association of North America, Journeymen. James F. McHugh, 520 Sixth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Stove Mounters' International Union. J. H. Kaefer, 1210 Jefferson Avenue, E., Detroit, Mich. Switchmen's Union of North America. M. R. Welch, 326 Brisbane Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

Tailors' Union of America, Journeymen. E. J. Brais, Box 597, Bloomington, Ill.

Tailors' Union of America, Journeymen. E. J. Brais, Box 597, Bloomington, Ill.
Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, International Brotherhood of. Thomas
L. Hughes, 222 East Michigan Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
Textlle Workers of America, United. Albert Hibbert, Box 742, Fall River, Mass.
Tile Layers' and Helpers' International Union, Ceramic, Mosaic, and Encaustic. James P. Reynolds,
Blair Building, 12 Federal Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Tin Pitter Workers' Protective Association of America, International. Arthur Watkins, Box 155,
Follansbee, W. Va.

The Plate Workers Projective Association of Translation of Plum Street, Newark, N. J. Foliansbee, W. Va.
Tip Printers, International Brotherhood of. T. J. Carolan, 6 Plum Street, Newark, N. J.
Tobacco Workers' International Union. E. Lewis Evans, Room 50, American National Bank
Building, Third and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.
Travellers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers' International Union of America. Murt Malone,
191 Boyd Street, Oshkosh, Wis.
Third and Subway Constructors' International Union. Michael Carraher, 150 East 125th Street,

New York City

pographical Union, International. J. W. Hays, Newton Claypool Building, Indianapolis, Ind. holsterers' International Union of North America. James H. Hatch, 223 First Avenue, Astoria, N. Y. Typographical Union, International. Upholsterers' Weavers' Amalgamated Association, Elastic Goring. Alfred Haughton, 50 Cherry Street, Brockton.

Mass. Weavers' Protective Association, American Wire. A. A. Brooks, 11 Columbus Avenue, Holyoke,

Mass White Rats Actors' Union of America. W. W. Waters, 1553 Broadway, New York City,

NATIONAL UNIONS

NOT AFFILIATED WITH THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

American Flint Glass Workers' Union. William P. Clarke, Ohio Building, Toledo, Ohio. Bricklayers' and Masons' International. William Dobson, Odd Fellows' Building, Indian apolls, Ind. Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief Engineer, Cleveland, Ohio.; W. B. Prenter, General Secretary, Cleveland, Ohio.

Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. W. S. Carter, President, Peorla, Ill.; A. H.

Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. W. S. Carter, Fresident, Feoria, III., A. H. Hawley, General Secretary-Treasurer, Peoria, III.

Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. W. G. Lee, President, Cleveland, Ohio; A. E. King, General Secretary-Treasurer, Cleveland, Ohio.
Order of Railway Conductors. A. B. Garretson, President, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; W. J. Maxwell, General Secretary-Treasurer, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

KNICHTS OF LABOR.

General Master Workman, Thomas H. Canning, Boston, Mass.; General Secretary-Treasurer, J. Frank O'Meara, Bliss Building, Washington, D.C.; National Organizer, Thomas Sheehan, Washington, D.C.; General Executive Board, J. B. Lenau, Chicago, Ill.; Jos. P. Tierney, New York City; George W. Young, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Population Engaged in Endustrial Occupations.

THE following table gives the percentages of total occupied population for the principal groups in the eight leading industrial countries:

OCCUPATION GROUP.	France.	Ger- many.	Aus- tria.	Hun- gary.	Italy.	Bel- glum.	United States.	Great Britain.
Agriculture Commercial occupations Conveyance of men, goods	$^{41.42}_{6.54}$	35.11 6.30	60.80 3.34	$70.15 \\ 2.56$	59.06 3.43	$\frac{21.90}{11.79}$	35.64 9.91	12.00 11.39
and messages	$\frac{2.89}{1.59}$	2.89 3.25	1.70 1.56	1.55 .78	3.12	2.03 6.46	5.95 2.09	8.20 5.00
and conveyances Bullding and works of con-		6.99	2.78	2.15	2.14	5.95	3.72	7.89
Textile fabrics. Dress.	4.20 4.55 8.05	6.99 3.75 5.39	2.96 3.26 3.92	1.48 .37 2.85	5.02 4.81 6.64	7.28 6.86 7.86	4.43 2.02 4.29	$\begin{array}{c} 6.77 \\ 6.92 \\ 7.23 \end{array}$

Spudicalism.

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So diverse are the views on Syndicalism held by Syndicalists and their avowed enemies that a middle course will give a clearer outline of its alms and expectations than would a full statement drawn from the many and conflicting reports available to date.

Syndicalism was born of the growing differences and controversies within labor and trade unions. The first symptoms appeared in France, whence the doctrine soon spread to Italy, to England, and thence to America. Syndicalism is antagonistic to government, to existing labor unions and to capital alike, and is even designed to supplant socialism.

Born in the brain of the intellectuals within the great unions, Syndicalism has made, a profound

Born in the brain of the intellectuals within the great unions, Syndicalism has made a profound impression upon workers within and without the unions in a remarkally short time. The doctrine of Syndicalism demands the turning over of every and all means of production and distribution to the Syndicalist trade unions, to be controlled by said unions so that the workmen will become their own employers, thus securing the whole product for themselves. The first objective aim is to eliminate the present owners, but means to accomplish this vary.

In France the Syndicalists adopt the general "strike," but in a different sense from which strikes are known in America. For instance, the Syndicalists strike not for higher wages. Primarily, they aim at the total cessation from all activity, stoppage of mails, lighting, transportation and every activity that now binds society together. They depend upon non-interference or co-operation of the army (in Europe) and upon crippling the power of all established government wherever the army is not a factor. They rely upon the consequent uprising of all society wherever active Syndicalism prevails, and trust to the peaceful reapportionment of all authority and rights to the associated labor and trade unions true to the doctrine of Syndicalism.

The government is regarded as the greatest enemy by the Syndicalists. They claim that corrupt

labor and trade unions true to the doctrine of syndicalism.

The government is regarded as the greatest enemy by the Syndicalists. They claim that corrupt political control makes just economic control impossible. While the objects to be attained seem reasonable enough, the means of accomplishing these objects are dangerously speculative and appear to threaten society with anarchy in its direct form. Syndicalism demands that social revolution come through labor unions in order to abolish capitalism, whereas Socialists expect to work reform by political agitation through Parliamentary majorities. Syndicalists see the futility of all endeavor to obtain government majorities and hence ignore the government altogether in their propaganda, relying upon the gentus of Syndicalism to permeate the mind of the masses sufficiently to sap the strength and power of government opposition and thus obtain all their demands by a bloodless revolution. Agricultural Italy is a veritable hotbed of Syndicalism. Organized farm laborers now control over 200,000 acres of tillable land, which

France now counts some 600,000 avowed Syndicalists. Agricultural Italy is a veritable hotbed of Syndicalism. Organized farm laborers now control over 200,000 acres of tillable land, which are farmed on the co-operative plan, and the entire Italian railway system is under the influence of advanced Syndicalism.

At a conference of Syndicalists held in England in November, 1910, 60,000 professed followers attended, since which date their doctrine has spread considerably, especially among the more intelligent of the industrial workers.

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Here in America Syndicalism first showed its head during the labor troubles at Lawrence. Mass. under direction of the Industrial Workers of the World. The Syndicalists have also widened and extended the definition of the word labor by including in its comprehension all workers who are actively useful within the community. This includes the physician, teacher, artist and those L. F. B.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD.

(A distinct organization from that given on following page bearing same name.)

HEADQUARTERS, 160 North Fifth Avenue, Chleago, III. Vincent St. John, General Secretary-Treasurer; James P. Thompson, Assistant Secretary and General Organizer. Executive Board—J. J. Ettor, Phineas Eastman, F. H. Little, Ewald Koettgen, John M. Foss.
PREAMBLE—The working class and the employing class have nothing in common.
Between these two classes a struggle must go on until the workers of the world organize as a class, take possession of the earth and the machinery of production, and abolish the wage system.
We find that the centring of the management of industries into fewer and fewer hands makes the trades unloss unable to cone with the ever-growing nower of the employing class. The trades

We find that the centring of the management of industries into fewer and fewer hands makes the trades unions unable to cope with the ever-growing power of the employing class. The trades unions foster a state of affairs which allows one set of workers to be pitted against another set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping defeat one another in wage wars. Moreover, the trades unions aid the employing class to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common with their employers.

These conditions can be changed and the interest of the working class upheld only by an organization formed in such a way that all its members in any one industry, or in all industries, if necessary, cease work whenever a strike or lockout is on in any department thereof, thus making an injury to one an injury to all.

Instead of the conservative mate. "A fall day's were force fall days were force for a fall days were the conservative mate."

to one an injury to all.

Instead of the conservative motto, "A fair day's wages for a fair day's work," we must inscribe on our banner the revolutionary watchword, "Abolition of the wage system."

It is the historic mission of the working class to do away with capitalism. The army of production must be organized, not only for the every day struggle with capitalists, but also to carry on production when capitalism shall have been overthrown. By organizing industrially we are forming the structure of the new society within the shell of the old.

The structure of the new society within the shell of the old.

The organization differs from syndicalism in that great stress is laid upon having a form of organization to correspond, cell for cell, tissue for tissue, with capitalist industry itself, and also because it seeks to build a new union on revolutionary lines rather than to attempt to change the present reactionary and out-of-date craft unions. The organization claims to have blended the practical features of socialism, anarchism, and syndicalism, and yet it is distinct from all three.

The I. W. W. is composed of 160 local unions, two National industrial unions (textile industry and lumber industry), having a total membership of 70,000, four National administrations, Hawalian, Australian, New Zealand and South African.

Excepts from Constitution and By-Laws follow:

The Industrial Workers of the World shall be composed of actual wage-workers brought together in an organization embodying thirteen National industrial departments. National industrial unions, local neutrial unions, local recruiting unions, industrial conneils, and individual members.

The annual convention of the Industrial Workers of the World shall be held on the third Monday of September each year at such place as may be determined by previous convention.

Members-at-large shall pay an initiation fee of \$2.00 and \$1.00 per month dues and assessments. No working man or woman shall be excluded from membership in local unions because of creed or color. That to the end of promoting industrial unity and of securing necessary discipline within the organization, the Industrial Workers of the World refuse all alliances, direct or indirect, with existing political parties or anti-political sects. political parties or anti-political sects.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD.

(A distinct organization from that given on preceding page bearing same name.)

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HEADQUARTERS, Detroit, Mich. General Secretary-Treastrer, H. Richter, Detroit; Assistant
Secretary and General Organizer, Adolf S. Carm, Chicago, Ill.
PREMPIEE—The working class and the employing class have nothing in common.
Between these two classes a struggle must go on until all the toliers come together on the political, as well as on the industrial field, and take and hold that which they produce by their labor through an economic organization of the working class, without affiliation with any political party.
The rapid gathering of wealth and the centring of the management of industries into fewer and fewer hands make the trades unions unable to cope with the ever-growing power of the employing class, because the trades unions foster a state of things which allows one set of workers to be pitted against another set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping defeat one another in wage wars. The trades unions aid the employing class to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common with their employers.

Excerpts from Constitution and By-Laws follow:
The Industrial Workers of the World shall be composed of actual wage-workers brought together in an organization embodying thirteen national industrial departments, national industrial unions, local industrial unions, local industrial unions, local recruiting unions, industrial councils and individual members.

A national industrial union shall be comprised of the local industrial unions of the various localities

A national industrial union shall be comprised of the local industrial unions of the various localities in America in a given industry.

The industrial departments shall consist of not less than ten local unions, aggregating a membership of not less than ten thousand members. The industrial departments shall be sub-divided in industrial unions of closely kindred industries in the appropriate organizations for representation in the departmental administration. The departments included are: Department of Mining Industry; Transportation Industry; Metal and Machinery Industry; Glass and Pottery Industry; Food-Stuffs Industry; Brewery, Wine and Distiliery Industry; Floricultural, Stock and General Farming Industries; Building Industries; Textile Industries; Leather Industries; Wood Working Industries; Public Service Industries; Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

The annual convention shall be held on the third Monday in September of each year at such

The annual convention shall be held on the third Monday in September of each year at such place as may be determined by previous convention.

of 50 cents initiation fee and 25 cents per month dues, together with assessments.

None but actual wage-workers shall be members of the Industrial Workers of the World. No member of the Industrial Workers of the World shall be an officer in a pure and simple trade union. No member of one industrial or trade organization in the Industrial Workers of the World can at the same time hold a card in another industrial or trade organization of this body. No workingman or workingwoman shall be excluded from membership because of creed or color.

Commission on Endustrial Relations.

THE Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, passed the following:
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in
Congress assembled, That a commission is hereby created to be called the Commission on Industrial
Relations. Said commission shall be composed of nine persons, to be appointed by the President
of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, not less than three of whom
shall be employers of labor and not less than three of whom shall be representatives of organized
labor. The Department of Commerce and Labor is authorized to co-operate with said commission
in any manner and to whatever extent the Secretary of Commerce and Labor may approve.
Sec. 2. That the members of this commission shall be paid actual travelling and other necessary
expenses and in addition a compensation of ten dollars per diem while actually engaged on the
work of the commission and while golger to or returning from such work. The commission is authorized

expenses and in addition a compensation of ten dollars per diem while actually engaged on the work of the commission and while going to or returning from such work. The commission is autherized as a whole, or by subcommittees of the commission, duly appointed, to hold sittings and public hearings anywhere in the United States, to send for persons and papers, to administer oaths, to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses and to compel testimony, and to authorize its members or its employes to travel in or outside the United States on the business of the commission. Sec. 3. That said commission may report to the Congress its findings and recommendations and submit the testimony taken from time to time, and shall make a final report accompanied by

Sec. 3. That said commission may report to the Congress its findings and recommendations and submit the testimony taken from time to time, and shall make a final report accompanied by the testimony not previously submitted not later than three years after the date of the approval of this act, at which time the term of this commission shall expire, unless it shall previously have made final report, and in the latter case the term of the commission shall expire with the making of its final report; and the commission shall make at least one report to the Congress within the first year of its appointment and a second report within the second year of its appointment.

Sec. 4. That the commission shall inquire into the general condition of labor in the principal industries of the United States, including agriculture, and especially in those which are carried on in corporate forms; into existing relations between employers and employes; into the effect of industrial conditions on public welfare and into the rights and powers of the community to deal therewith; into the conditions of sanitation and safety of employes and the provisions for protecting the life, limb and health of the employes; into the growth of associations of employers and employers and the effect of such associations upon the relations between employers and employers; into the extent and results of methods of collective bargaining; into any methods which have been tried in any State or in foreign countries for maintaining mutually satisfactory relations between employers and employers; into methods for avoiding or adjusting labor disputes through peaceful and conciliatory mediation and negotiations; into the scope, methods and resources of existing bureaus of labor and into possible ways of increasing their usefulness; into the question of smuggling or other illegal entry of Asiatics into the United States or its insular possessions, and of the methods by which such Asiatics have gained and are gaining such admission, and shall report to Congress as

the mscai year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen: Provided, That no portion of this money shall be paid except upon the order of said commission, signed by the chairman thereof: Provided. That the commission may expend not to exceed five thousand dollars per annum for the employment of experts at such rate of compensation as may be fixed by the commission, but no other person employed hereunder by the commission, except stenographers temporarily employed for the purpose of taking testimony, shall be paid compensation at a rate in excess of three thousand dollars, per annum.

1912. Approved, August 23.

United States Law for Light Hours' Work Per Diem.

The Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, passed "An act limiting the hours of daily service of laborers and mechanics employed upon work done for the United States, or for any Territory, or for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That every contract hereafter made to which the United States, any Territory, or the District of Columbia is a party, and every such contract more one openally of the United States, and District, with no independent of the United States, any Territory, or the District of Columbia is a party, and every such contract for of conceptable of the United States, and District, with no independent of laborers or mechanics shall contain a prevaint of the work contemplated and District, with no independent of the United States, and the contract of the contract of the work contemplated work contemplated shall be required or permitted to work more than eight for any none calendar day upon such work; and every such contract for each laborer or mechanic for every calendar day in which he shall be required or permitted to work more than eight for each violation of such provision in such contract of five dollars for each laborer or mechanic for every calendar day in which he shall be required or permitted to labor more than eight hours upon said work; and any officer or person designated as inspector of the work to be performed under any such contract, or to aid in enforcing the fulfilment thereof, shall, upon observation or investigation, forthwith report to the proper officer of the United States, or of any Territory, or of the District of Columbia, all violations of the provisions of this act directed to be made in every such contract, whether the violation and the day of such violation, and the amount of the penalties imposed according to the stipulation in any such contract has been the followed the contractor or subcontractor or subcontractor or sub

department or the Commissioners of the District of Columbia file a claim in the Court of Claims, which shall have jurisdiction to hear and decide the matter in like manner as in other cases before said court.

See. 2. That nothing in this act shall apply to contracts for transportation by land or water, or for the transmission of intelligence, or for the purchase of supplies by the Government, whether manufactured to conform to particular specifications or not, or for such materials or articles as may usually be bought in open market, except armor and armor plate, whether made to conform to particular specifications or not, or to the construction or repair of leves or revertments necessary for protection against floods or overflows on the navigable wavers of the United States: Provided, That all classes of work which have been, are now, or may hereafter be performed by the Government shall, when done by contract, by individuals, firms, or corporations for or on behalf of the United States or any of the Territories or the District of Columbia, be performed in accordance with the terms and provisions of section one of this act. The President, by Executive order, may waive the provisions and stipulations in this act as to any specific contract or contracts during time of war or a time when war is imminent, and until January first, nineteen hundred and fifteen, as to any contract or contracts during time of war or a time when war is imminent, and until January first, nineteen hundred and fifteen, as to any contract or contracts during time of which the construction of the hours of conditions of manufacture, or to any emergency caused by fire, famine, or flood, by danger to life or to property, or by other extraordinary event or condition on account of which the President shall subsequently declare the violation to have been excusable. Nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal or modify the act entitled "An act relating to the limitation of which the President shall subsequently declare the violation to have

Children's Bureau.

(Department of Commerce and Labor.)

(Department of Commerce and Labor.)

Chief of Bureau—Miss Julia C. Lathrop, Washington, D. C. (\$5,000).

The Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, passed "An act to establish in the Department of Commerce and Labor a bureau to be known as the Children's Bureau."

Sec. 2: That the said bureau shall be under the direction of a chief, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall receive an annual compensation of five thousand dollars. The said bureau shall investigate and report to said department upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life among all classes of our people, and shall especially investigate the questions of infant mortality, the birth rate, orphanage, twentie courts, desertion, dangerous occupations, accidents and diseases of children, employment, legislation affecting children in the several States and Territories. But no official, or agent, or representative of said bureau shall, over the objection of the head of the family, enter any house used exclusively as a family residence. The chief of said bureau may from time to time publish the results of these investigations in such manner and to such extent as may be prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor. of Commerce and Labor. Approved, April 9, 1912.

The above bill as drawn and recommended for passage by the Committee on Education and Labor confines the operation of the bureau primarily to the question of investigation and of reporting the same, the design and purpose being to furnish information in this general way for all parts of the country to the respective States to each them to deal more intelligently and more systematically and uniformly with the subject. The bill is not designed to encroach upon the rights nor relieve the States from the duty of dealing with this subject, but to furnish information to enable them to dessessfully deal with it. It was the opinion of the committee that the duty devolves primarily upon the States to legislate upon this important subject and the States on more effectively deal with it. But it seemed to the committee that the was a duty upon the part of the National Covernment to aid in getting information and data more affectively than the respective States.

The National Civic Federation.

OFFICE, 1 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK,

AN organization of prominent representatives of capital, labor, and the general public formed as the direct outgrowth of conventions held in Chicago and New York in 1900-1901. Its purpose is to organize the best brains of the nation in an educational movement toward the solution of some of the great problems related to social and industrial progress; to provide for study and discussion of questions of national import; to aid thus in the crystallization of the most enlightened public opinion; and when destrable, to promote legislation in accordance therewith. At the present time the work of the federation is carried on through the following agencies:

(1) The Industrial Conciliation Department dealing entirely with strikes, lockouts and trade agreements. Its membership includes representatives of the general public and the leading organizations of employers and wage-earners. The services of this department have been enlisted in more than five hundred cases involving every phase of industrial controversy.

(2) The Industrial Economics Department organized to promote discussion and to aid in the solution of practical economic and social problems such as "Wages, and the Cost of Living," "The Injunction," "Opened and Closed Shop," "Restriction of Output," "Compulsory Arbitration," "Initiative and Referendum," "The Income Tax," "The Trusts," etc.

(3) Employers' Welfare Department, composed of employers of labor in stores, factories, mines and on railroads, and officials who have to do with the working conditions of public employes, chairmen of boards of health, heads of departments of public salety, leading physicians connected with public hospitals, heads of charity boards and others. It is devoted to securing improvements in the working and living conditions of the employée by the employer.

(4) The Woman's Welfare Department, composed largely of women who are themselves stock-holders or who through family relationships are financially interested in industrial organizations. The object of this department is to use

and living conditions of women and more wage-earners in the various industries and governmental institutions, and to co-operate, when practicable, in the general work of the federation.

(3) The Department on Compensation for Industrial Accidents and Their Prevention, composed in the prevention of the attorneys in the state of the prevention of the attorneys in the prevention of the attorneys in the prevention of the attorneys in the prevention of the attorneys in the prevention of the attorneys in the prevention of the preventi

In all 183 phases through expert investigations and will report recommendations, including a skeleton law designed to secure uniformity.

(10) The Pure Food and Drugs Department is composed of representatives of State food and darry departments, public health associations and organizations of physicians, farmers, labor and food and drug manufacturers, as well as large individual employers of labor. Its object is to promote uniform legislation on this subject among the States, work for effective co-operation between State and Federal governments, stimulate the public to demand a better enforcement of existing laws and to make evident to employers how their employes too frequently are defrauded in both quality and measurement.

OFFICERS AND EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

OFFICERS AND EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

President, Seth Low; Vice-Presidents, Samuel Gompers, Ellison A. Smyth, Benjamin I. Wheeler;
Treasurer, Isaac N. Sellgman; Chairman Executive Council, Raiph M. Easley; Chairman Committee
on Organization, John Hays Hammond; Chairman Employer: Welfare Department, William R. Willeox;
Chairman Department on Uniform State Legislation, Aiton B. Parker; Chairman Industrial Economies
Department, Nicholas Murray Butler; Chairman Department Compensation Industrial Accidents, August
Belmont; Chairman Department Interstate and Municipal Utilities, Emerson McMillin; Chairman
Wage-Earners' Insurance Department, George W. Perkins; Ex-Officio Chairman Conciliation Department, Seth Low; Chairman Woman's Welfar Department, Mrs. John Hays Hammond; Chairman Taxation
Department, E. R. A. Seligman.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
ON THE PART OF THE PUBLIC:

ON THE PART OF THE PUBLIC:

William H. Tatt (President of the United States), Washington, D. C.; Franklin MacVeagh (Secretary of the Treasury), Washington, D. C.; Elihu Root (United States Senator), New York City; Andrew Carnegie (Philanthropist), New York City; John Ireland (Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Church), St. Paul, Minn.; James Speyer (Speyer & Co.), New York City; Walter George Smith, (President Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws), Philadelphia, Pa.; Albert Shaw (Editor Review of Reviews), New York City; V. Everit Macy (Philanthropist), New York City; Theodore Marburg (Political Economist), Baltimore, Md.; Jeremlah W. Jenks, (Political Economist), Ithaca, N. Y.; Frederick N. Judson (Attorney), St. Louis, Mo.; Talcott Williams (Economic Writer), Philadelphia, Pa., and New York City; John M. Stahl, (Farmers' National Congress), Chicago, Ili.

ON THE PART OF EMPLOYERS:

ON THE PART OF EMPLOYERS:

William D. Baldwin (President Ots Elevator Co.), New York City; William Barbour (President the Linen Thread Co.), New York City; William C. Brown (President New York Central lines), New York City; George B. Cortelyou (President Consolidated Gas Co.), New York City; Frederick H. Eaton (President American Car and Foundry Co.), New York City; Otto M. Elditz (Building Trades Employers' Association), New York City; David R. Francis (President Laclede and Mercantile National Bank), St. Louis, Mo.; Marcus M. Marks (President Association of Clothiers), New York City; Samuel Mather (Pickands, Mather & Co.), Cleveland, Ohio; Charles A. Moore (manufacturer), New York City; George M. Reynolds (President Continental and Commercial National Bank), Chicago, Ill.; Herman Ridder (President New York Staats-Zeltung Corporation), New York City; Louis B. Schram (Chairman Labor Committee, United States Brewers' Association), New York City; Frank Trumbull (Chairman Board of Directors, Chesapeake & Ohio Railway), New York City; Theodore N. Vall (President American Telephone and Telegraph Co.), New York City; Harris Weinstock (Weinstock-Nichols Co.), San Francisco, Cai.

THE NATIONAL CIVIC FEDERATION-Continued.

THE NATIONAL CIVIC FEDERATION—Continued.

ON THE PART OF WAGE-EARNERS:

Samuel Compers (President American Federation of Labor), Washington, D. C.; Warren S. Stone (Grand Chief International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers), Cleveland, Ohio; James M. Lynch (President International Properaphical Union), Indianapolis, Ind.; A. B. Garretson (President Order of Railway Conductors), Cedar Rapids, Iowa; James Duncan (General Secretary Grantic Cutters' International Association of America), Quincy, Mass.; W. G. Lee (Grand Master Brotherhood Railroad Trainmen), Cleveland, Ohio; William D. Mahon (President Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employés of America), Detroit, Mich.; Timothy Healy (President International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen), New York City; W. S. Carter (President Brotherhood Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen), Peoria, Ill.; Daniel J. Tobin (President International Brotherhood of Teamsters), Indianapolis, Ind.; John F. Tobin (General President Boot and Shoe Wriser') Union), Doston, Mass.; Joseph F. Valentine (President Iron Moulders' Union of North America), Cincinnati, Ohio; Denis A. Hayse (President Gresident United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Johners of America), Indianapolis, Ind., and members of Executive Council.

DEPARTMENT ON COMPENSATION FOR INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS AND THEIR PREVENTION.

Chairman, August Belmont; Chairman Committee on Legislative Policy, Francis Lynde Stetson; Chairman Legal Compensation Committee, Precumseh Sherman; Chairman Committee on Statistics and Costs, Sylvester C. Dunham; Chairman Finance Committee on Improvement of State Factory Inspection with Special Reference to Safeguarding Machinery, Louis B. Schram; Chairman Model Safety Act Committee, Cyrus W. Phillips; Chairman Finance Committee, Otto M. Eidlitz; Secretary, Launcelot Packer; Secretary Executive Committee, Miss Gertrude Beeks.

OFFICERS AND EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, EMPLOYERS' WELFARE DEPARTMENT.

Chairman Perammut. Cheechaltmen Cyrus H. McCormite, Emeroon McMillin, Ellison A. Smyth, Natian Straus; T

Medical Director, Alexander Lambertt. Robert D. Robin, Combinssay Expert, Christoph D. Robin, Medical Director, Alexander Lambertt.

The Honorary Chairman, Mrs. William Howard Taft; Chairman, Mrs. John Hays Hammond, Washington, D. C.; First Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Alfred F. Bates, Washington, D. C.; Second Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Charles S. Hamlin, Boston, Mass.; Third Vice-Chairman, Mrs. George Huntington Williams, Baltimore, Md.: Fourth Vice-Chairman, Mrs. August Belmont, New York City; Fifth Vice-Chairman and Chairman Georgia and Florida Section, Mrs. August Belmont, New York City; Fifth Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Eva MacDonald Valesh, New York City; Chairman New York and New Jersey Section, Mrs. Francis McNeil Bacon, Jr., New York City; Chairman District of Columbia Section, Mrs. Archibald Hopkins, Washington, D. C.; Chairman Virginia and West Virginia Section, Mrs. W. T. Harris, Danville; Va.; Chairman Massachusetts and Rhode Island Section, Mrs. George T. Rice, Boston, Mass.; Chairman for Rhode Island, Mrs. Bradford Norman, Newport, R. I.; Chairman Alabama and Missispip Section, Mrs. Cyrus Pitman Orr, Birmingham, Ala.; Chairman North and South Carolina Section, Mrs. B. Frank Mebane, Spray, N. C.; Chairman for Florida, Miss Margaret Weed, Jackson-Ville, Fla.; Chairman National Congressional Section, Mrs. Samuel McCail, Winchester, Mass.; Chairman Industrial Employes Committee, Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, Washington, D. C.; Chairman Government Employes Committee, Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, Washington, D. C.; Chairman Government Employes Committee, Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, Washington, D. C.; Executive Secretary, Mrs. Flora E. Durno, Washington, D. C.

National Association of Manufacturers.

President, John Kirby, Jr.; Secretary, George S. Boudinot; Assistant Secretary, W. M. Benny.

Treasurer, Alonzo B. See; General Manager, J. Philip Bird. Headquarters, 30 Church Street, New York. W. M. Benny; DECLARATION OF LABOR PRINCIPLES.

The National Association of Manufacturers of the United States of America does hereby declare that the following principles shall govern the association in its work in connection with the problems of labor:

of labor:

1. Fair dealing is the fundamental and basic principle on which relations between employes and employers should rest.

2. The National Association of Manufacturers is not opposed to organizations of labor as such, but it is unalterably opposed to boycotts, blacklists and other illegal acts of interference with the personal ilberty of employer or employé.

3. No person should be refused employment or in any way discriminated against on account of membership or non-membership in any labor organization, and there should be no discriminating against or interference with any employé who is not a member of a labor organization by members

against of interierce with any company of such organizations.

4. With due regard to contracts, it is the right of the employé to leave his employment whenever he sees fit, and it is the right of the employer to discharge any employé when he sees fit.

5. Employers must be free to employ their work people at wages mutually satisfactory, without interference or dictation on the part of individuals or organizations not directly parties to such

contractions on the part of inchange of the contraction of the constitutional rights of the American workann, is against public policy, and is in violation of the constitutional rights of the American workann, is against public policy, and is in violation of the conspiracy laws. This association declares its unalterable antagonism to the closed shop and insists that the doors of no industry be closed against American workmen because of their membership or non-membership in any labor organization.

10. The National Association of declaration.

Permanent Court of Arbitration of The Wague, PROVIDED FOR BY THE CONVENTION SIGNED AT THE **HACUE JULY 29, 1899,**

(The following list corrected to September 25, 1912.)

Argentina-His Excellency Mr. Estanisias S. Zeballos, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and Worship.

Mr. Luis Maria Drago, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and Worship.

His Excellency Mr. Carlos Rodriguez Larreta, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs

and Worship.

Mr. Joaquin V. Gonzales, Senator, President of the National University of La Plata, formerly Minister of the Interior.

Austria-Hungary—Count Albert Apponyl, Privy Councilor, formerly Minister of Religion and Public Instruction in Hungary.

Land Mr. Henri Lammasch, Lt. D., Aulic Councilor, Member of the House of Lords of the Austrian

Parliament. His Excellency Albert de Berzeviczy, Privy Councilor, formerly Minister of Religion and Public

His Excellency Albert de Berzeviczy, Privy Councilor, formerly Minister of Religion and Public Instruction in Hungary.

Ernest de Plener, LL. D., Privy Councilor, President of the Supreme Court of Audit.

Belgium—His Excellency Mr. Beernaert, Minister of State.

Baron Descamps, Minister of State of Congo.

Mr. Ernest Nils, Counsellor of the Court of Appeals of Brussels.

Mr. Arendt, Director-General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Bolivia—Mr. Severo Fernandez Alonso, LL. D., formerly President of Bolivia.

Mr. Claudio Pinilia, LL. D., Minister for Foreign Affairs.

His Excellency Gen. Ismael Montes, LL. D., formerly President of Bolivia, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at London, Paris, and Brussels.

His Excellency Mr. Ignacio Calderon, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States; formerly Professor of Law in the University of La Paz; formerly Minister of Finance. Finance

Brazil—His Excellency Mr. Lafayette Rodrigues Pereira, LL. D., formerly President of the late Imperial Council of Ministers.
His Excellency Mr. Ruy Barbosa, LL. D., Senator, formerly Ambassador.
Mr. Clovis Bevilaqua, Jurisconsulte of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.
Bulgarla—Mr. Stoyan Daneff, LL. D., formerly President of the Council of Ministers and Minister for Foreign Affairs.
Mr. Dimitri Stancioff, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, Minister at Paris and

Mr. Dimitri Stanciofi, L.L. D., formerly Minister of State.

Chile—Mr. Carlos Concha, LL. D., formerly Minister of State.
Mr. Miguel Cruchaga, LL. D., formerly Minister of State.
Mr. Alejandro Alvarez, LL. D., formerly Legal Adviser to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.
Mr. José Antonio Gaudarillas, formerly Minister of State.
China—His Excellency Wu Ting-fang, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plentpotentiary to the United States of America, formerly Imperial Commissioner for the Revision of Laws.
His Excellency Hoo-Wel-Teh, formerly Minister at Tokio.
His Excellency Ljou-She-Shun, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Paris.
His Excellency F. van den Heuvel, Belgian Minister of State, formerly Minister of Justice.
Colombia—Gen. Jorge Holguin, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, Financial Delegate in Europe.

in Europe.

General Marcellano Vargas, formerly Minister of the Interior.

Mr. J. Marcellino Hurtadi, Minister the Quirinal.

Mr. Felipe Diaz Erazo, Counsellor of Legation at Paris.

Cuba—Mr. Antonio Sanchez de Bustamante, LL. D., Senator, Professor of International,

Public and Private Law at the University of Habana.

Mr. Gonzalo de Quesada, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington.

Mr. Manuel Sangully, Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Senator.

Mr. Juan B. Hernandes Barreiro, LL. D., President of the Supreme Tribunal of the Republic.

Denmark—Mr. J. H. Deuntzer, Privy Counsellor, formerly Professor at the University of Copenhagen, Judge of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Axel Vedel, Chamberlain, formerly Director at Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Mr. C. E. Cold, Counsellor of Court of Appeals of Copenhagen.

Dominican Republic—Mr. Francisco Henriquez I. Carvajal, formerly Minister for Foreign

Affairs

Affairs.

Mr. Rafael J. Castillo, LL. D., Member of the Supreme Court of Justice.

Mr. Eliseo Grullon, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Mr. José Lamarché, LL. D., Senator.

Etuador—Mr. Luls Fellpe Carbo, Deputy Senator, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington.

Mr. Honorato Vasquez, LL. D., Deputy Senator, Under Secretary of State at the Department for Public Instruction and Foreign Affairs, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Lima and Madrid.

Mr. Victor Manuel Rendon, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Paris and Madrid.

Madrid

Madrid.

France—Mr. Leon Bourgeois, LL. D., Senator, Minister of Labor.

Mr. A. Decrais, Senator, formerly Ambassador to Italy, to Austria-Hungary and to Great
Britain, formerly Minister of the Colonies.

Baron D'Estournelles de Constant, Minister Plenipotentiary, Senator.

Mr. Louis Renault, Minister Plenipotentiary, Law Officer of the Department for Foreign Affairs.

German Empire—Mr. Kriege, LL. D., Counsellor of Legation, Director of the Department

German Empire—Mr. Kriege, LL. D., Counsellor of Legation, Director of the Department for Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Von Martitz, LL. D., Privy Councilor, Professor at University of Berlin.

Mr. von Bar, LL. D., Judicial Privy Councilor, Professor at University of Gottlingen.

Mr. de Staff, LL. D., President of the Superior Court of Marlenwerder.

Great Britain—The Right Hon. Sir Edward Fry, LL. D., formerly of the Court of Appeals,

Member of the Privy Council.

The Right Hon. Sir E. Satow, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Peking, Member of the Privy Council.

Rome

PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION OF THE HAGUE-Continued.

The Hon. Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Member of the Privy Council, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Dominien of Canada.

The Earl de Desart, K. C. B., formerly Solicitor of the Treasury.

Greece—Mr. Denis Stephanos, Deputy, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Georges Streit, Professor of International Law at the University of Athens.

Mr. Michel Kebedgy, formerly Judge of the Mixed Court of Appeals at Alexandria, Mr. A. Typaido Bassia, Professor of Political Economy University of Athens.

Mr. A. Typaldo Bassia, Professor of Political Economy University of Athens.

Guatemala—Mr. Francisco Anguiano, Li, D., Vice-President of the National Assembly,
President of the Council of State, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Interior and of Justice.
Mr. Antonio Batres Jauregul, Councilor of State, formerly President of the Judicial Power
and of the Supreme Court of Justice, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and Public Instruction,
formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Rio de Janeiro and at Washington.
Mr. Carlos Salazar, Substitute Dean of the Faculty of Law, Guatemalan Counsel at the Court
of Justice of Central America, formerly Member of the Court of Appeals.

Mr. Francisco de Arce, LL. D., Charge d'Affaires at The Hague, Brussels, Parls, London and

Hayti—Mr. Jaques Nicolas Leger, Barrister, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington. Mr. Solon Menos, Barrister, formerly Secretary of State for Finance, Commerce, Justice and Foreign Relations. Mr. F. D. Legitime, Publiciste, formerly President of Hayti. Mr. Tertuillen Guilbaud, Barrister, formerly Member of the Constitutional Assembly, formerly

Senator.

Italy—His Excellency Commander Jean Baptiste Pagano Guarnaschelli, LL. D., Senator of the Kingdom, First President of the Court of Cassation at Rome.

Mr. Guido Fusinato, Deputy Councilor of State, Professor of International Law.

Mr. Victor Emmanuel Orlando, Lawyer, University Professor, Member of Parliament, formerly

His Excellency Tommasco Tittoni, Senator, Ambassador at Paris. Japan—Baron Itchiro Motono, LL. D., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at St. Petersburg

at St. Petersburg.

Mr. Henry Willard Denison, Law Officer of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs at Tokio.

Luxemburg—Mr. Henri Vannerus, President of the Council of State, formerly President of the Superior Court of Justice.

Mexico—Mr. José Ives Limantour, LL. D., formerly Minister of Finance and Public Credit.

Mr. Pablo Macedo, LL. D., formerly President of the Monetary Commission.

Mr. Joaquin Obregon Gonzalez, LL. D., Governor of Guanajuato.

Mr. Joaquin D. Casasus, LL. D., formerly Ambassador at Washington.

Montenegro—(No appointments have been made).

Netherlands—His Excellency T. M. C. Asser, LL. D., Minister of State, Member of the Council of State.

of State.

Mr. F. B. Coninck Liefsting, LL. D., formerly President of the Court of Cassation.

His Excellency Mr. Jonkheer A. F. de Savornin Lohman, LL.D., formerly Minister of the In-

terior.
Mr. Jonkheer G. L. M. H. Ruys de Beerenbrouck, LL.D., formerly Minister of Justice.
Nicaragua—Mr. Desire Pector, Consul-General at Paris.
Norway—Mr. G. Gram, Provincial Governor, formerly Minister of State of Norway.
His Excellency Mr. George Francis Hagerup, LL. D., formerly Minister of State and President

Mr. Sigurd Ibsen, LL. D., formerly Minister of State.
Mr. H. J. Horst, formerly President of the Lagthing.
Panama—His Excellency Dr. Belisario Porras, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister
Plenipotentiary at Washington, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at San Costa Rica. Mr. Facundo Mutis Duran, LL. D., formerly Judge of the Superior Court of the former De-

partment of Panama.

Persia—His Excellency Mirza Samad-Khan Momtazos-Saltaneh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Paris.

His Excellency Mirza Hassan-Khan Muchir ul Devlet, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at St. Petersburg.

Per u—His Excellency Mr. Carlos G. Candamo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipo-

reru—His Excellency Mr. Carlos G. Candamo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Fleinpotentiary at Paris and London.

Dr. Ramon Ribeyro, Member of the Supreme Court of Justice, formerly Minister of State.

Dr. Luis F. Villaran, Rector of the University of San Marcos, Member of the Supreme Court

Dr. Luis F. Villaran, Rector of the University of San Marcos, Member of the Supreme Court of Justice, formerly Minister of State.

of Justice, formerly Minister of State.

Calderon, Minister at Berne, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotendiary at Brussels.

Portugal—His Excellency Fernando Mattoso Santos, formerly Peer of the Realm, and Minister of Finances and Foreign Affairs.

His Excellency Mr. Francisco Antonio da Veiga Beirao, Councilor of State, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs and of Justice.

His Excellency Mr. José Capello Franco Frazao, formerly President of the Chamber of Deputies. His Excellency Mr. Arthur Pinto de Miranda Montenegro, LL. D., formerly Minister of Justice.

Boumania—Mr. Theodore G. Rosetti, formerly President of the Council of Ministers, formerly President of the High Court of Cassation and Justice.

Mr. Jean Kalinderu, LL. D., formerly President of the High Court of Cassation and Justice.

Mr. Jean N. Lahovary, Minister of Agriculture, of Industry, of Commerce and of Domain, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Constantin G. Dissescu, formerly Minister of Worship and Public Instruction.

Bussia—Mr. A. Sabouroff, Secretary of State, Member and President of the First Department

Russia—Mr. A. Sabouroff, Secretary of State, Member and President of the First Department of the Council of the Empire, Senator, Privy Councilor.

Mr. Tagantzeff, Member of the Council of the Empire, Senator, Privy Councilor. Baron Taube, Permanent Member of the Council of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Professor of International Law at the Imperial University of St. Petersburg, Councilor of State. Council of State.

Salvador-Mr. Manuel Delgado, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, formerly Rector of the National University.

FERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION OF THE HAGUE-Continued.

Mr. Salvador Gailegos, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Mr. Salvador Rodriguez Gonzalez, LL. D., formerly Minister for Foreign Affairs, of Justice Mr. Salvador Ro and Public Charities.

Alonso Reyes Guerra, LL. D., Consul-General at Hamburg, Germany.

Mr. Alonso Reyes Guerra, L.L. D., Consul-General at Hamburg, Germany.

Servia—Mr. George Pavlovitch, formerly Minister of Justice, President of the Court of
Cassation, Professor of Law of the University of Belgrade.

Dr. Milovan Milovanovitch, LL. D., Minister for Foreign Affairs, formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Rome.

Dr. Milenko R. Vesnitch, LL. D., formerly Minister of Justice, Envoy Extraordinary and
Minister Plenipotentiary at Paris.

Siam-Mr. Frederick W. Verney, Member of Parliament, formerly Counsellor of Legation at London.

Mr. Corragioni d'Orelli, LL. D., Counsellor of Legation at Paris. Mr. Jens I. Westengard, General Adviser to the Slamese Government. Spain-Mr. Rafael de Urena y Smenjaud, LL. D., Professor in the Faculte of Madrid. His Excellency Mr. Sigmund Moret y Prendergast, Deputy, formerly President of the Council of Ministers.

of Milisters.

His Excellency E. Dato, Deputy, formerly Minister of Justice.

His Excellency R. M. de Labra, Senator, Barrister at the Court of Cassation.

Sweden—Mr. Knut Hjalimar Leonard de Hammarskjold, LL. D., formerly Minister of Justice, and Minister Plenipotentiary at Copenhagen.

Mr. Johan Frederik Ivar Atzellus, LL. D., Member of the First Chamber of the Diet.

Mr. Johannes Hellner, LL. D., formerly Minister, Member of the Supreme Court.

Daron Carl Nils Daniel Bildt, D. Litt., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary

Switzerland—His Excellency Mr. Charles Lardy, LL. D., Swiss Minister at Paris. Mr. Eugene Huber, LL. D., Professor at the University of Berne. Col. Leo Weber, LL. D., formerly Federal Judge, Colonel of the Military Justice, Auditor-in-

Col. Leo Weber, LL. D., formerly Federal Judge, Colonel of the Military Justice, Auditor-In-Chief of the Swiss Army.

Turkey—His Highness Ibrabim H. Pasha, formerly Ambassador at Rome.
His Excellency Yorghiadis Effendi, Senator.
His Excellency Said Bey, formerly Vice-President of the Council of State.
His Excellency Said Bey, formerly Vice-President, Senator.
United States—Mr. John W. Griggs, formerly Attorney-General of the United States.
Mr. George Gray, United States Circuit Judge, formerly United States Senator.
Mr. Oscar S. Straus, formerly Secretary of Commerce and Labor, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Constantinople.
Mr. Elihu Root, United States Senator, formerly Secretary of War.
Uruguay—Mr. Juan Pedro Castro, LL. D., formerly Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Paris and Brussels.
Mr. Juan Zorlila de San Martin, LL. D., formerly Minister Plenipotentiary at Madrid, Lisbon and Paris.

and Paris.

and Paris.

Mr. José Pedro Massera, LL. D., Member of the Chamber of Deputies,

Venezuela—Dr. Carlos Leon, LL. D., formerly Minister of Public Instruction, formerly

Member of the Court of Cassation.

Dr. Nicomedes Zuloaga, LL. D., formerly Member of the Court of Cassation.

Dr. Francisco Arroyo Parejo, LL. D., formerly Procuror-General.

Gen. Manuel Antonio Matos, formerly Senator, formerly Minister of Finance.

Secretary-General—Baron Michiels van Verduynen.

First Secretary of the Court—Jonkheer W. Roell.

The Administrative Council—The Administrative Council consists of the Minister for

Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands and the diplomatic representatives at The Hague of the ratifying

Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands and the diplomatic representatives at The Hague of the ratifying powers.

DECISIONS RENDERED BY THE PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION AT THE HAGUE.

October 14, 1902—In the matter of the case of the Pius Fund of the Californias between the United States and Mexico.

February 22, 1904—Respecting the preferential claims of the creditor nations of Venezuela under the protocols of May 7, 1903.

May 22, 1905—In the difference between France, Germany and Great Britain on the one hand, and Japan on the other, respecting leases held in perpetuity.

May 22, 1909—In the matter of the Casablanca dispute between France and Germany.

August 3, 1909—In the matter of the dispute between Great Britain and France, respecting the right of certain Muscat Dhows to fly the French flag.

October 23, 1909—Respecting the maritime boundary between Norway and Sweden.

September 7, 1910—In the North Atlantic Fisheries case between the United States and Great Britain.

Britain. October 25, 1910—In the Orinoco steamship case between the United States and Venezuela. February 24, 1911—In the "Savarkar" case between Great Britain and France.

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNALS OF ECYPT.

In 1876, as the result of negotiations between the Ottoman and Egyptian Governments and the various Christian powers having representatives at Cairo, certain courts were created in Egypt for the trial of civil and commercial causes arising between natives and foreigners of different nationality, as well as all questions of real estate between any person and suits of foreigners against the Egyptian Government and members of the Khedival family. These mixed tribunals, in civil Egyptian Government and members of the Khedival family. These mixed tribunals. In civil matters within their exclusive jurisdiction, superseded the consular courts. A mixed tribunal consists of five judges, three of whom are foreigners and two natives. Theforeign judges are appointed by the Khedive on the recommendation of the great powers, each of which is represented by from one to three judges. There are three tribunals of original jurisdiction (first instance), one each at Cairo, Alexandria, and Mansura, and a Court of Appeals at Alexandria. The United States is represented in these courts by the following judges:

Court of Appeals.—Somerville P. Tuck, of New York (appointed 1908; appointed to Court of First Instance 1894).

Court of First Instance.—William G. Vau Horne, of Utah (appointed 1902); Pierre Crabités, of Louisiana (appointed 1911). xed tribunals, in civil A mixed tribunal con-

of Louisiana (appointed 1911).

International Congress on Hygiene and Demography.

The object of the congress is to extend the knowledge and improve the practice of hygiene, public health and vital statistics in the countries which participate. Naturally, these benefits accrue in largest measure to the country which is for the time being the host of the congress. The work of the congress falls into two branches: First, an exhibition of the recent progress and the present condition of the public health movement in the co-operating countries; and secondly, a series of scientific meetings at which leading scholars of both hemispheres will report upon and discuss current questions of fundamental importance in the various fields. For the latter purpose the congress has been divided into nine sections as stated below. Each section holds daily meetings during the weak of the congress and may propose resolutions regarding meetings of meetings during the weak of the congress and may propose resolutions regarding measures of meetings during the weak of the congress and may propose resolutions regarding meetings during the meeting of meetings during the mean of the congress and may propose resolutions regarding means the congress and may propose resolutions regarding means.

congress has been divided into nine sections as stated below. Each section holds daily meetings during the week of the congress and may propose resolutions regarding matters of practice or lines of desirable investigations. Such resolutions are referred without debate to the Permanent International Commission and come later before the closing session of the full congress.

American administrative work for public health is mainly in the hands of the State and city governments. The participation of these governments in the projected exhibition has been requested by Congress through the adoption of a joint resolution inviting the Governors of each of the States to appoint State Committees of not less than five members each, to co-perate with the committee on organization. Arrangements of this part of the congress have been placed in charge of Dr. J. W. Schereschewsky, of the United States Public Health Service.

The official languages for papers and discussions are English, French and German, but probably a majority of the participants will speak in English. The cordial co-operation, both of American representatives of State and city health work and of private organizations and individuals is confidently anticipated.

confidently anticipated.

Any person engaged in the study or practice of hygiene or demography may become a member of the congress, but the Committee of Organization reserves the right to withhold the privileges of membership in particular cases. The fee for membership is five dollars. Each member, will receive

of membership in particular cases. The fee for membership is five dollars. Each member will receive a report of the transactions of the congress and of the protocol to be published after the adjournment of the congress.

The Permanent International Commission of the Congresses of Hygiene and Demography is made up of the representatives of twenty-one nations. The President is Dr. Max Rubner. Director of the Institute of Hygiene, Berlin, Germany; the Vice-President, Mr. S. N. D. North, late Director of the United States Census Bureau, and the Secretary-General, Dr. Johannos Nietner, of Berlin, Germany. The representatives of the United States on the Commission are, besides Mr. North, Dr. Rupert Blue, Surgeon-General of the Public Health Service; Dr. Hermann Biggs, of the New York City Dept. of Health, and Lieut.-Col. Waiter D. McCaw, Surgeon-Gen'is Library, Washington, D. C. The Fourteenth International Congress was held at Berlin in 1907, and the Fifteenth at Washington, D. C., September, 1912. The decision as to the time and place of meeting of the Sixteenth Congress was left to the Permanent International Commission.

The United States Census.

THE Constitution requires that a census of the United States shall be taken decennially. The First Census was taken in 1730 under the supervision of the President; subsequent censuses, to and including that of 1840, were taken under the supervision of the Secretary of State. In 1849 the supervision of the census was transferred to the newly organized Department of the interior, and continued under the control of that department until the passage of the act of 1903, creating the Department of Commerce and Labor;

of that department until the passage of the act of 1903, creating the Department of Commerce and Labor; by this act the Census Bureau a permanent bureau of the Government.

6, 1902, made the Census Bureau a permanent bureau of the Government.

The work of the Census Bureau is divided into two main branches, namely, the decennial census and special statisfical inquiries, the latter mostly made in the intervals between the decennial census and special statisfical inquiries, the latter mostly made in the intervals between the decennial census sea. The Thirteenth Decennial Census was taken as of date April 15, 1910. It covered the three main subjects—(1) population, (2) agriculture, and (3) manufactures, mines and quarries.

The results of this census are now being compiled and published, and have been used wherever available for the tables of the present ALMANAC. The aggregate cost of the census of 1910 when completed will be about \$13,500,000. Of this amount \$6,500,000 represents the cost of collecting the data through the employment of over 70,000 paid enumerators, besides supervisors, clerks, and special agents. The balance is the cost of tabulating and publishing the result. A more detailed account of the census of 1910 is given in the 1911 issue of The World ALMANAC.

The permanent work of the Census Bureau is provided for by the act of Congress approved March 6, 1902, and amendments thereto. These acts authorize and direct the Bureau to make statistical inquiries regarding the insane, feeble-minded, deaf and dumb, and bilnd; clime, papersian and benevolence; deaths and birth: in the areas maintaining registration system; social and financial statistics of cities; wealth, debt and telegraphs, and street rail-

deaths and birth: in the areas maintaining registration system; social and financial statistics of cities; wealth, debt and taxation; religious bodies; electric light and power, telephones and telegraphs, and street railways; transportation by water; cotton production and distribution; and production of forest products. The statistics of deaths (which now cover a little over half of the country) of cities, and of production of cotton and forest products, are secured annually; the other statistics mentioned are taken usually at intervals of five or ten years, not, however, at the same time as the regular decennial censuses. The act of 1902 also provides for a census of manufactures in the fifth year intervening between the decennial censuses, and the new Thirteenth Census act further provides for a census of agriculture in 1915, as well as in 1910. The Director of the Census is appointed by the President of the United States and receives a salary of \$6,000 per annum. The present Director is E. Dana Durand, of California. The permanent office organization includes a chief cierk, William A. Hathaway; four chief statisticas; for Population, William C. Hunt; for Manufactures, William M. Steuart; for Finance and Municipal Statistics, Le Grand Powers; for Vital Statistics, Cressy L. Wilbur; a geographer, Charles S. Sloane, and eight chiefs of division. The entire number of employes in the Bureau at Washington is now about 775, including 175 temporary cierks employed in completing the work of the Thirteenth Census; in addition ther are about 700 special agents employed in Washington was greatly increased during the decennial census; on November 1, 1910, it was 3,565, in addition to field employés.

University Forum,

An educational institution of travelling professorships of eminent men of action, and original tigators whose lectures are based on personal experience and observation. The lectures are AN educational institution of travelling professorships of eminent men of action, and original investigators, whose lectures are based on personal experience and observation. The lectures are delivered before the leading universities, colleges and other educational bodies throughout North America, Europe and in other parts of the world.

The Forum acts as a standing committee, a bureau of information, a clearing-house, through which universities and colleges may promptly and readily secure national leaders to speak at first-hand and authoritatively concerning their particular line of life-work and activity.

President—Alexander Oumming, Lt. B., A. M., Ph. D., 557 W. 124th Street, New York. Secretary—Almeron W. Smith, A.M. Treasurer—Henry Clews, Ph. D., LL. D.

The Panama Canal.

The present composition of the Isthmian Canal Commission is as follows: Chairman and Chief Engineer, Col. George W. Goethals: Assistant Chief Engineer, Col. H. H. Hodges; assistant to the Chief Engineer, Civil Engineer H. H. Rousseau, U. S. N.; Division Engineer, Central Division, Lieut.-Col. D. D. Galilard; Division Engineer, Atlantic Division, Lieut.-Col. William L. Sibert: Chief Sanitary Oincer, Col. W. C. Gorgas; Head of the Department of Civil Administration, Macrice H. Thatcher. The members of the Commission receive salaries of \$14,000 per annum, except the Chairman, who receives \$15,000.

per annum, except the Chairman, who receives \$15,000.

The Canal will have a summit elevation of 85 feet above the sea. It is to be about 50 miles in length from deep water in the Caribbean Sea to deep water in the Pacific Ocean. The distance from deep water to the shore line in Limon Bay is about 4½ miles, and from the Pacific shore line to deep water is about 4 miles; hence the length of the Canal from shore to shore will be approximately 41½ miles. The channel ranges in width from 300 to 1,000 feet. The average bottom width of the channel in this project is 649 feet, and the minimum width is 300 feet. The Canal will have a minimum depth of 41 feet. It is estimated that the time required for the passage of a ship of medium size through the entire length of the Canal would, be from 9½ to 10 hours, and for larger vessels from 10½ to 11 hours.

The Gaund and along the crest will be \$,000 feet long, including the spillway, or about 1½ miles, and 2,100 feet wide at its greatest width. The crest of the dam will be at an elevation of 15 feet above sea level, or 30 feet above the normal level of Gatun Lake, and 100 feet wide. The width of the dam at the normal water level of the lake, 4. e., 85 feet above sea level, will be about 388 feet.

the Miraflores locks over 92 per cent. Other engineering features show an equally advanced stage toward completion.

The cost estimated by the present Commission for completing the Canal is \$325,201,000, which includes \$20,053,000 for sanitation and \$7,382,000 for civil administration.

These figures do not include the \$50,000,000 paid to the New French Canal Company and to the Republic of Panama for property and franchises. Hence, it is estimated that the total cost of the Canal to the United States will approximate \$375,000,000.

The date set for the official opening of the Panama Canal is January 1, 1915, but according to revised estimates made public september 19, 1912, at the Panama Canal Commission, October 15, 1913, is the tentative date set for the passage of the first vessel through the Canal. A naval vessel will probably be selected for the initial trip. Shipping interests will be advised as soon as the Commission feels assured that vessels can be passed without unnecessary delay.

In the month of April, 1912, there were approximately 45,000 employées on the Isthmus on the rolls of the Commission and of the Panama Railroad Company, about 5,000 of whom were Americans. There were actually at work on May 29, 1912, 35,063 men, 28,272 for the Commission, 4,129 were on the gold roll, which comprises those paid in United States currency, and 24,143 men on the silver roll include principally the common laborers, who are practically all fedgers of the Expendituse—18 to April 30, 1912, 28,966, 292; instellance of the laboration of the Panama Railroad employes, \$20 were on the gold roll.

Receipts and Expendituse—18 to April 30, 1912, 893,666, 293; miscellanceness, \$142,423; total receipts, \$304,709,351.

Disbursements—Including classified expenditures, \$270,184,410; balance available April 30, 1912, \$34,524,940; total, \$304,709,350.

Distances from New York to San Francisco by water, present route, 13,400 miles; vla Panama Canal, 5,300 miles. New York to Hawail, present all-water route, 12,800 miles; by Canal, 7,000 miles. Wew York to Manlla via Hawail, now 17,800 miles; by Canal, 12,000 miles.

FORTIFICATION OF THE PANAMA CANAL.

CHAPTER 285 of the Statutes of the Sixty-first Congress, third session, "An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, and for other purposes," approved March 4, 1911, contained the following appropriations for the fortification of the Isthmian Canal:

"For construction of sea-coast batteries on the Canal zone, two million dollars;
"For the purchase, manufacture and test of sea-coast cannon for coast defence, including their carriages, sights, implements, equipments and machinery necessary for the manufacture at the arsenals (to cost ultimately not to exceed one million, nine hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars), one million dollars, the same to be immediately available and to continue available until expended."

Public Law No. 302—An act making appropriations for Sundry Civil Expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, and for other purposes, approved August 24, 1912, contained the following appropriations for the fortification of the Isthmian Canal.

For the following for fortifications and armament thereof for the Isthmian Canal, to be im-

For the following for fortifications and armament thereof for the Isthmian Canal, to be immediately available and to continue available until expended, namely:

Surveys—For detailed surveys of the areas on the Canal zone required for military purposes, including the cost of marking permanently the boundaries of such areas, \$50,000:

Causeway—For the construction of a causeway or bridge for use in connection with fortifications, Isthmian Canal, \$150,000:

Seacoast Batterles—For construction of seacoast batterles on the Canal zone, \$1,000,000, and any balances of the appropriation for the construction of seacoast batterles on the Canal zone made by the act of March 4, 1911.

Submarine Mine Structures—For the construction of mining casemates, cable gaileries, torpedo storehouses, cable tanks and other structures necessary for the operation, preservation and care of submarine mines and their accessories on the Canal zone, \$220,200;

THE PANAMA CANAL-Continued.

Seacoast Batterles—For construction of seacoast batterles on the Canal zone, \$1,000,000, and any balances of the appropriation for the construction of seacoast batterles on the Canal zone made by the act of March 4, 1911.

Submarine Mine Structures—For the construction of mining casemates, cable galleries, torpedo

Submarine Mine Structures—For the construction of mining casemates, cable gallerles, torpedo storehouses, cable tanks and other structures necessary for the operation, preservation and care of submarine mines and their accessories on the Canal zone, \$220,200;

Field Fortifications and Camps—For the construction of field fortifications and the preparation of camp sites on the Canal zone, \$200,000;

Armament of Fortifications—For the purchase, manufacture and test of seacoast cannon for coast defence, including their carriages, sights, implements, equipments and the machinery necessary for the manufacture at the arsenals (to cost ultimately not to exceed \$2.324,000), \$500,000;

For the purchase, manufacture and test of ammunition for seacoast cannon, including the necessary experiments in connection therewith, and the machinery necessary for its manufacture at the arsenals, \$575,000;

Submarine Mines—For the purchase of submarine mines and the necessary appliances to operate them for closing the channels leading to the Isthmian Canal, \$111,750.

In all, specifically for fortifications and armament thereof for the Isthmian Canal, \$2,806,950.

DISTANCE PROJECTILES HAVE BEEN THROWN FROM WARSHIPS OR COAST-DEFENCE CUNS.

following table will show the range of guns on board warships at an elevation grees, which is, on board ship, the highest projectile range:

Size of Gun.	Distance projectile will be thrown.	Size of Gun.	Distance projectile will be thrown.
3 inch	4.80 miles	7 inch	7.70 miles
4 inch	6.00 miles	8 inch	10.00 miles
5 inch	6.25 miles	10 inch	10.80 miles 12.00 miles
6 inch	6.80 miles	12 inch	12.00 mnes

All these guns have been fired, and, in a number of instances, the projectile has gone slightly further than indicated above.

The 16-inch gun at Sandy Hook, which is the largest and, in fact, the only gun of this character in the Army, has a muzzle velocity of 2,150 feet per second. Computations indicate that, under the most favorable conditions as to elevation, it would throw a projectile weighing 2,400 pounds a distance of about 21 miles.

The 12-inch rifle of the Army has a muzzle velocity of 2,250 feet per second, and will throw a projectile weighing 1,046 pounds about 8.5 miles at the extreme elevation permitted by the carriage.

The Panama Canal Act of 1912.

PROVISION FOR THE PERMANENT COVERNMENT OF THE CANAL ZONE AND EXEMPTION OF COASTWISE VESSELS FROM TOLLS.

PROVISION FOR THE PERMANENT COVERNMENT OF THE CANAL ZONE AND EXEMPTION OF COASTWISE VESSELS FROM TOLLS.

The Sixty-second Congress, Second Session, passed "An act to provide for the opening, maintenance, protection and operation of the Panama Canal and for the sanitation and government of the Canal zone." which was approved August 24, 1912, and is as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the zone of land and land under water of the width of ten miles sexending to the distance of five miles on each side of the centre line of the route of the canal now being constructed thereon, which zone begins in the Caribbean Sea three marine miles from mean low-water mark and extends to and across the Isthmus of Panama into the Pacific Ocean to the distance of three marine miles from mean low-water mark, excluding therefrom the cites of Panama and Colon and their adjacent harbors located within said zone, as excepted in the treaty with the Republic of Panama dated November 18, 1903, but including all Islands within said described zone, and in addition thereto the group of Islands in the Bay of Panama named Perico, Naos, Culebra and Flamenco, and any lands and waters outside of said limits above described which are necessary or convenient or from time to time may become necessary or convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation, or protection of the said canal, the valual received by the treaty between the United States and the Republic of Panama, the ratifications of which were exchanged February 26, 1904, shall be known and designated as the Canal zone, and the canal now being constructed thereon shall hereafter be known and designated as the Panama Canal. The President is authorized, by treaty with the Republic of Panama, to acquire any additional land or land under water not already granted, or which was excepted from the grant, that he may deem necessary for the operation, maintenance, other lands or land under

sec. 3. That the President is authorized to declare by Executive order that all land and land under water within the limits of the Canal zone is necessary for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation, or protection of the Panama Canal, and to extinguish, by agreement when advisable, all claims and titles of adverse claimants and occupants. Upon failure to secure by agreement title to any such parcel of land or land under water the adverse claim or occupancy shall be disposed of and title thereto secured in the United States and compensation therefor fixed and paid in the manner provided in the aforesaid treaty with the Republic of Panama, or such modification of such treaty as may hereefter he medie. of such treaty as may hereafter be made.

A PERMANENT GOVERNMENT FOR THE CANAL ZONE.

Sec. 4. That when in the judgment of the President the construction of the Panama Canal shall be sufficiently advanced toward completion to render the further services of the 1sthmian Canal Commission unnecessary the President is authorized by Executive order to discontinue the Isthmian Canal Commission, which, together with the present organization, shall then cease to exist; and the President is authorized thereafter to complete, govern, and operate the Panama Canal and govern the Canal zone, or cause them to be completed, governed and operated, through a Governor

THE PANAMA CANAL ACT OF 1912-Continued.

of the Panama Canal and such other persons as he may deem competent to discharge the various duttes connected with the completion, care, maintenance, sanitation, operation, government, and protection of the canal and Canal zone. If any of the persons appointed or employed as aforesaid shall be persons in the military or naval service of the United States, the amount of the official salary paid to any such person shall be deducted from the amount of salary or compensation provided by or which shall be fixed under the terms of this act. The Governor of the Panama Canal shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, commissioned for a term of four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. He shall receive a salary of ten thousand dollars a year. All other persons necessary for the completion, care, mana term of four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. He shall receive a salary of ten thousand dollars a year. All other persons necessary for the completion, care, management, maintenance, sanitation, government, operation, and protection of the Panama Canal and Canal zone shall be appointed by the President, or by his authority, removable at his pleasure, and the compensation of such persons shall be fixed by the President, or by his authority, until such time as Congress may by law regulate the same, but salaries or compensation fixed hereunder by the President shall in no instance exceed by more, than twenty-live per centum the salary or compensation paid for the same or similar services to persons employed by the Government in Contental United States. That upon the completion of the Panama Canal the President shall cause the same to be officially and formally opened for use and operation.

Before the completion of the canal, the Commission of Arts may make report to the President of their recommendation regarding the artistic character of the structures of the canal, such report to be transmitted to Congress.

to be transmitted to Congress.

NO TOLLS ON AMERICAN COASTWISE VESSELS.

Sec. 5. That the President is hereby authorized to prescribe and from time to time change the toils that shall be levied by the Government of the United States for the use of the Panama Canal: Provided, That no toils, when prescribed as above, shall be changed, unless six months' notice thereof shall have been given by the President by proclamation. No toils shall be levied upon vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States. That section forty-one hundred and thirty-two of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 4132. Vessels built within the United States and belonging wholly to citizens thereof; and vessels which may be captured in war by citizens of the United States and lawfully condemned as prize, or which may be adjudged to be forfeited for a breach of the laws of the United States; and seggolng vessels, whether steam or sail, which have been certified by the Steamboat Inspection

as prize, or which may be adjudged to be forfeited for a breach of the laws of the United States; and seagoing vessels, whether steam or sail, which have been certified by the Steamboat Inspection Service as safe to carry dry and perishable cargo, not more than five years old at the time they apply for registry, wherever built, which are to engage only in trade with foreign countries or with the Philippine Islands and the Islands of Guam and Tutuila, being wholly owned by citizens of the United States or corporations organized and chartered under the laws of the United States or of any State thereof, the President and managing directors of which shall be citizens of the United States or corporations organized and chartered under the laws of the United States or of any State thereof, the President and managing directors of which shall be citizens of the United States, and no others, may be registered as directed in this title. Foreign-built vessels registered pursuant to this act shall not engage in the coastwise trade: Provided, That a foreign-built yacht, pleasure boat, or vessel not used or intended to be used for trade admitted to American registry pursuant to this section shall not be exempt from the collection of ad valorem duty provided in section thirty-seven of the act approved August 5, 1909, entitled 'an act to provide revenue, equalize duties, and encourage the industries of the United States, and for other purposes. That all materials of foreign production which may be necessary for the construction or repair of vessels built in the United States encourage the industries of the United States, and for other purposes. That all materials of foreign production which may be necessary for the construction or repair of vessels built in the United States and all such materials necessary for the building or repair of their machinery and all articles necessary for the building or repair of their machinery and all articles necessary for their outfit and equipment may be imported into the United States free of duty under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe: Provided further, That such vessels so admitted under the provisions of this section may contract with the Postmaster-General under the act of March 3, 1891, entitled 'An act to provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, and to promote commerce, so long as such vessels shall in all respects comply with the provisions and requirements of said act."

Toils may be based upon gross or net registered tonnage, displacement tonnage, or otherwise, and may be based on one form of tonnage for warships and another for ships of commerce. The rate of toils may be lower upon vessels in ballast than upon vessels carrying passengers or cargo. When based upon net registered tonnage for ships of commerce the toils shall not exceed one dollar and twenty-five cents per net registered ton, nor be less, other than for vessels of the United States

When based upon net registered tonnage for ships of commerce the tolls shall not exceed one dollar and twenty-five cents per net registered ton, nor be less, other than for exsels of the United States and its citizens, than the estimated proportionate cost of the actual maintenance and operation of the canal, subject, however, to the provisions of article infected of the convention between the United States and the Republic of Panama, entered into November 18, 1903. If the toils shall not be based upon net registered tonnage, they shall not exceed the equivalent of one dollar and twenty-five cents per net registered ton as nearly as the same may be determined, nor be less than the equivalent of seventy-five cents per net registered ton. The toil for each passenger shall not be more than one dollar and fity cents. The President is authorized to make and from time to time amend regulations governing the operation of the Panama Canal, and the passage and control of vessels through the same or any part thereof, including the locks and approaches thereto, and all rules and regulations affecting pilots and pilotage in the canal or the approaches thereto through the adjacent waters.

the adjacent waters.

Such regulations shall provide for prompt adjustment by agreement and immediate payment of claims for damages which may arise from injury to vessels, cargo, or passengers from the passing of vessels through the locks under the control of those operating them under such rules and regulations. In case of disagreement suit may be brought in the district court of the Canal zone against the Goyernor of the Panama Canal. The hearing and disposition of such cases shall be expedited and the judgment shall be immediately paid out of any moneys appropriated or allotted for canal operation.

The remainder of the section provides for the method of adjusting all claims arising out of

injuries to employés.

Section 6 provides for radio-communication at suitable places along the Panama Canal and adjacent coasts and for the establishment and maintenance of dry docks, repair shops, warehouses, etc., for the use of the vessels using the canal.

DUTIES OF THE GOVERNOR OF THE PANAMA CANAL.

Sec. 7. That the Governor of the Panama Canal shall, in connection with the operation of such canal, have official control and jurisdiction over the Canal zone and shall perform all duties in connection with the civil government of the Canal zone, which is to be held, treated and governed as an adjunct of such Panama Canal. Unless in this act otherwise provided, all existing laws of the Canal zone referring to the civil Governor or the civil administration of the Canal zone shall be applicable to the Governor of the Panama Canal, who shall perform all such executive and adminis-

THE PANAMA CANAL ACT OF 1912-Continued.

trative duties required by existing law. The President is authorized to determine or cause to be determined what towns shall exist in the Canal zone and subdivide and from time to time resubdivide aid Canal zone into subdivisions, to be designated by name or number, so that there shall be situated one town in each subdivision, and the boundaries of each subdivision shall be clearly defined. In each town there shall be a magistrate's court with exclusive original jurisdiction coextensive with the subdivision in which it is situated of all civil cases in which the principal sum claimed tensive with the subdivision in which it is situated of all civil cases in which the principal sum dialined does not exceed three hundred dollars, and all criminal cases wherein the punishment that may be imposed shall not exceed a fine of one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or both, and all violations of police regulations and ordinances and all actions involving possession or title to personal property or the forcible entry and detainer or real estate. Such magistrates shall also hold preliminary investigations in charges of felony and offences under section ten of this act, and commit or ball in ballable cases to the district court. A sufficient number of magistrates and constables, who must be citizens of the United States, to conduct the business of such courts, shall be appointed by the Governor of the Panama Canal for terms of four years and until their successors are appointed and qualified, and the compensation of such persons shall be fixed by the rules governing said courts and prescribing the duties of said magistrates and constables, oaths and bonds, the times and places of holding such courts, the disposition of fines, costs, forfeitures, enforcements of judgments, providing for appeals therefrom to the district court, and the disposition for the panama Canal shall appoint all notaries public, prescribe their powers and duties, their official seal, and the fees to be charged and collected by them. seal, and the fees to be charged and collected by them.

Sections 8, 9 and 10 provide for a judiciary for the Canal zone, and prescribe its duties, and Section 11 provides for jurisdiction by the Interstate Commerce Commission in matters of competition by common carriers through the canals involving disputes as to facts. The remaining sections of the act are as follows:

EXTRADITION.

Sec. 12. That all laws and treatics relating to the extradition of persons accused of crime in force in the United States, to the extent that they may not be in conflict with or superseded by any special treaty entered into between the United States and the Republic of Panama with respect to the Canal zone, and all laws relating to the rendition of fugltives from justice as between the several states and Territories of the United States, shall extend to and be considered in force in the Canal zone, and for such purposes and such purposes only the Canal zone shall be considered and treated as an organized Territory of the United States.

> THE CANAL IN TIME OF WAR.

That in time of war in which the United States shall be engaged, or when, in the opinion of the President, war is imminent, such officer of the army as the President may designate shall, upon the order of the President, assume and have exclusive authority and jurisdiction over the operation of the Panama Canaj and all of its adjuncts, appendants, and appurtenances, including the entire control and government of the Canal zone, and during a continuance of such condition the Governor of the Panama Canal shall, in all respects and particulars as to the operation of such the Governor of the Pahama Canai shai, in an respects and particulars as so the operation of such Pahama Canai, and all duties, matters, and transactions affecting the Canai zone, be subject to the order and direction of such officer of the army.

Sec. 14. That this act shail be known as, and referred to as, the Panama Canai act, and the right to after, amend, or repeal any or all of its provisions or to extend, modify, or annul any rule or regulation made under its authority is expressly reserved.

Hay=Pauncefote Treaty

BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CREAT BRITAIN

TO FACILITATE THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SHIP CANAL.

Signed at Washington, November 18, 1901. Ratification advised by the Senate, December, 16, Ratifications exchanged at Washington, February 21, 1902

Proclaimed, February 22, 1902. Ratified by the President, December 26, 1901.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, a Convention between the United States of America and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to facilitate the construction of a ship canal to connect the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, by whatever route may be considered expedient, and to that end to remove any objection which may arise out of the Convention of the 19th April, 1850, commonly called the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, to the construction of such canal under the auspices of the Government of the United States, without impairing the "general principle" of neutralization established in Article VIII. of that Convention, was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries at the city of Washington on the 18th day of November, 1901, the original of which Convention is word for word as follows:

The United States of America and His Melesty Edward the Seventh of the United Vicedom.

is word for word as follows:

The United States of America and His Majesty Edward the Seventh, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, and Emperor of India, being destrous to facilitate the construction of a ship canal to connect the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, by whatever route may be considered expedient, and to that end to remove any objection which may arise out of the Convention of the 19th April, 1850, commonly called the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, to the construction of such canal under the auspices of the Government of the United States, without impairing the "general principle" of neutralization established in Article VIII. of that Convention, have for that purpose appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States, John Hay, Secretary of State of the United States of

America

America;
And His Majesty Edward the Seventh, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, and Emperor of India, the Right Konourable Lord Pauncefote, G. C. B., G. C. M. G., His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Pienipotentiary to the United States;
Who, having communicated to each other their full powers which were found to be in due and and proper form, have agreed upon the following Articles:
ARTICLE I.—The High Contracting Parties agree that the present Treaty shall supersed3 the afors-mentioned Convention of the 19th April, 1850.

HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY-Continued.

ARTICLE II .--It is agreed that the canal may be constructed under the auspices of the Goverment of the United States, either directly at its own cost, or by gift or loan of money to individuals or Corporations, or through subscription to or purchase of stock or shares, and that, subject to the provisions of the present Treaty, the said Government shall have and enjoy all the rights incident to such construction, as well as the exclusive right of providing for the regulation and management of the canal.

ARTICLE III.—The United States adopts, as the basis of the neutralization of such ship canal, the following Rules, substantially as embodied in the Convention of Constantinople, signed the 2sth October, 1888, for the free navigation of the Suez Canal, that is vay:

1. The canal shall be free and open to the vessels of commerce and of war of all nations observing

these Rules, on terms of entire equality, so that there said be no decrimination against any such nation, or its citizens or subjects, in respect of the conditions or charges of traffic, or otherwise. Such conditions and charges of traffic shall be just and equitable.

Such conditions and charges of traffic shall be just and equitable.

2. The canal shall never be blockaded, nor shall any right of war be exercised nor any act of hostility be committed within it. The United States, however, shall be at liberty to maintain such military police along the canal as may be necessary to protect it against lawlessness and disorder.

3. Vessels of war of a belligerent shall not revictual nor take any stores in the canal except so far as may be strictly necessary; and the transit of such vessels through the canal shall be effected with the least possible delay in accordance with the Regulations in force, and with only such intermission as may result from the necessities of the service.

Prizes shall be in all respects subject to the same Rules as vessels of war of the belligerents.

4. No belligerent shall embark or disembark troops, munitions of war, or warlike material, in the canal, except in case of accidental hindrance of the transit, and in such case the transit shall be resumed with all possible dispatch.

be resumed with all possible dispatch.

be resumed with all possible dispatch.

The provisions of this article shall apply to waters adjacent to the canal, within 3 marine miles of either end of the canal article shall apply to waters adjacent to the canal, within 3 marine miles of either end of the construction of the canal and of the canal and in such case, shall depart as soon as possible; but a vessel of war of one belligerent shall flot remain in such waters longer than twenty-four hours at any one to be constructed as the canal shall be depart within twenty-four hours from the departure of a vessel of war of the other belligerent.

6. The plant, establishments, buildings, and all works necessary to the construction maintenance and operation of the canal shall be deemed to be part thereof, for the purpose of this Treaty, and in time of war, as in time of peace, shall enjoy complete immunity from attack or injury by belligerents, and from acts calculated to impair their usefulness as part of the canal.

ARTICLE IV.—It is agreed that no change of territorial sovereignty or of the international relations of the country or countries transversed by the before-mentioned canal shall affect the general principle of neutralization or the obligation of the High Contracting Parties under the present Treaty.

ARTICLE V.—The present Treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by His Ritannic Maiesty and the

ARTICLE V.—The present Treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by His Britannic Majesty; and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington or at London at the earliest possible time within six months from the date hereof.

In faith whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed this Treaty and thereunto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at Washington, the 18th day of November, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and one.

JOHN HAY [SEAL.]

JOHN HAY SEAL.

And Whereas the said Convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the ratification of the two Governments were exchanged in the city of Washington on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred and two;

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, have caused the said Convention to be made public, to the end that the same and every article and clause thereof may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to

be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-second day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth. SEAL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

By the President: JOHN HAY Secretary of State.

America's Twenty Best Customers.

(From American Consular Report.)
The following table is arranged to show the twenty heaviest buyers of American goods, as indicated by the value of exports from the United States during the fiscal years 1909-10 and 1910-11:

	1909-10.		1909-10.			1	1910-11.			
_	То	Value.		То	Value.		То	Value.		
2 3 4 5 6	England Germany Canada France Netherlands Mexico	202,548,023 114,665,589 84,393,539 57,345,549	17 18 19	Spain	16,789,930 $16,252,071$ $14,962,731$	8 9 10 11 12	Cuba	\$60,709,062 60,580,766 45,016,622 43,918,511 37,524,586 36,721,409		
8	Italy Cuba gentina Belgium	53,048,326 $51,794,848$ $40,364,342$ $40,234,674$	-	To England	Value. \$536,591,730	14	Scotland Brazil Spain Russia	27,373,595 27,240,346 25,064,916 23,524,267		
11 12 13 14	Australasia Scotland Brazii Japan	21.761.347	2 3 4 5	Germany Canada France Netherlands.	287,495,814 269,806,013 135,271,648 96,103,376	17 18 19	Panama China Austria Denmark	20,867,919 20,223,077 19,514,787 13,196,950		
15	Panama.,,	20,489,503		Mexico] = 0	Denmark	10,100,000		

Aerritorial Expansion of the United States.

THERE have been thirteen additions to the original territory of the Union, Including Alaska, the Hawalian, Philippine, and Samoan Islands and Gnam, in the Pacific, and Porto Rico and Pine Islands, in the West Indies, and the Panama Canal zone. The area of the original thirteen States (years 1783-1817) comprised 894, 407 square miles.

The additions to the territory of the United States subsequent to the peace treaty with Great Britain of 1783 are shown by the following table:

ADDITIONS TO THE TERRITORY OF THE UNITED STATES FROM 1800 TO 1900.

TERRITORIAL DIVISION.	S. Miles.		S. Miles.	
Gained through treaty with Spain Florida Texas	1819 12,732 1819 58,666 1845 389.382	Gadsden purchase Alaska Hawaiian Islands Porto Rico	1853 30,022 1867 590,884 1898 6,449 1898 3,435	Samoan Islands 1899 77

Payments for above were made by the United States as follows: Louislana purchase, \$15,000,000;

rayments for above were made by the Content States as follows: Louisiana purchase, \$10,000,000; Gadsden purchase, \$10,000,000; Alaska, \$7,200,000.

The treaty of February 2, 1848, provided for a payment of \$15,000,000 to Mexico in consideration of the extension acquired by the boundaries of the United States, as defined in that treaty.

of the extension acquired by the boundaries of the United States, as defined in that treaty. The treaty of Paris, of December 10, 1898, terminating the Spanish-Americau war, provided for a money payment to Spain of \$20,000,000, and a subsequent treaty of November 7, 1900, provided for a further payment of \$100,000.

By the first treaty the Philippine Islands were ceded to the United States, and the later treaty of November 7, 1900, ceded certain outlying islands of the Philippines not included in the first cession. A payment of \$10,000,000 was made to the Republic of Panama under treaty stipulations governing the control of the Panama Canal strip.

No money payments were made upon the acquisition of the other territories mentioned in the

ACQUISITION OF THE PANAMA CANAL ZONE IN 1904.

Article 2 of the treaty between the United States and the Republic of Panama, ratified by the United States Senate February 23, 1904, treaty in effect February 25, 1904, provided for the cession, in perpetuity, by Panama, of a strip of territory adjacent to the canal, as follows:

"The Republic of Panama grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation, and control

of the zone of land and land under water for the construction, mainteening, and protection of said canal of the width of ten miles, extending to the distance of five miles on each side of the centre line of the route of the canal to be constructed; the said zone beginning in the Caribbean Sea, three marine miles from mean low-water mark, and extending to and across the Isthmus of Panama into the Pacific Ocean to a distance of three miles from mean low-water mark and extending to and across the stances of Panama into the Pacific Ocean to a distance of three marine miles from mean low-water mark, with the proviso that the cities of Panama and Colon and the harbors adjacent to said cities, which are included within the boundaries of the zone above described, shall not be included within this grant. The Republic of Panama further grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation, and control of any other lands and waters outside of the zone above described which may be necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation, and protection of the said canal or of any auxiliary canals or other work necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation, and protection of the said enterprise. The Republic of Panama further grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation, and control of all Islands within the limits of the zone above described, and in addition thereto the group of small islands in the Bay of Panama named Perico, Nacs, Culebra, and Flanningo."

The American Peace and Arbitration League.

THE corporate purposes of the organization favor universal peace by conciliation and arbitration, through a permanent international court, arbitration treaties between all nations, and adequate armament for national security. Honorary Presidents—William H. Taft, Theodore Roosevelt and Andrew Carnegie. President—Henry Clews. Treasurer—J. Van Vechten Olcott. General Secretary—Andrew B. Humphrey. Headquarters, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

American Society of Enternational Law.

Honorary President—William H. Taft. President—Elihu Root. Vice-Presidents—Chief Justice William R. Day, P. C. Knox, Andrew Carnegle, Joseph H. Choate, John W. Foster, George Gray, John W. Griggs, William W. Morrow, Richard Olney, Horace Porter, Oscar S. Straus, Shelby M. Cullom, Jacob M. Dickinson, James B. Angell. Recording Secretary—James Brown Scott. Corresponding Secretary—Charles Henry Butler, Treasurer—Chandler P. Anderson, Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

Publicity of Political Contributions.

THE Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, passed the following act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That paragraph ten of section eight of an act entitled "An act providing for publicity of contributions made for the purpose of influencing elections at which Representatives in Congress are elected." approved June 25, 1910, as amended by sections at which Representatives of Influencing elections at which Representatives in publicity are introducing made for the purpose of influencing elections at which Representatives in publicity are introducing the solutions and election to the offices of the tendency of the Congress of the United States and limiting the amount of canalizate expenses," approved August 19, 1911, be, and the same is hereby, amended so and as all the expenses, approved August 19, 1911, be, and the same is hereby, amended so and indicates to the office of the Congress of the United States and limiting the expenses, approved August 19, 1911, be, and the same is hereby, amended so and as of as of the United States and limiting the expenses, approved August 19, 1911, in a regular post-office, and additional control of the Congress of the United States and limiting the same in the candidate, taken before an officer authorized that control of the Congress of the United States and the depositing of any such statement in a regular post-office, are conditional control of the Congress of the Energy of the Senate, as the case may be dely stamped and registered, within the time required herein, shall be deemed a sufficient filing of any such statement under any of the provisions of this act."

Approved August 23, 1912.

Angular Possessions of the United States.

THE PHILIPPINES.

THE PHILIPPINES.

THE Philippine group, lying off the southern coast of Asia, extending almost due north and south from Formosa to Borneo and the Moluccas, between longitude 1160-401 and 1260-341, and latitude 40 401 and 210-101 approximately number about 3,141 islands and islent, of which 1,668 are listed by name, while 1,473 are, so far as known, without names. The actual land area is about 115,026 square miles. The six New England States, New York, and New Jersey, have about an equal area. The island of Luzon, on which the capital city (Manila) is situated, is the largest, nost populous, and wealthlest member of the group, being about the size of the State of New York. Mindana is nearly as large, but its population is very much smaller. There are two islands with areas exceeding 10,000 square miles each, namely, Luzon with 40,969, and Mindanao with 36,292. There are nine islands each of which has an area of more than 1,000 square miles and less than 10,000. There are twenty between 100 and 1,000 square miles, seventy-three between 10 and 100 square miles, and two hundred and sixty-two between 1 and 10 square miles. The remaining number, 2,775, or seven-eighths of all, have areas less than a square mile each. The areas of the largest islands are: Luzon, 40,969; Mindanao, 36,292; Samar, 6,031; Fanay, 4,611; Mindoro, 3,851; Leyte, 2,722; Negros, 4,881; Cebú, 1,762.

The islands with large populations are: Luzon, with 3,798,507 inhabitants of whom 223,506 are uncivilized; Panay, 743,646 (14,933 uncivilized); Cebú, 592,247 (all civilized); Mindanao, 499,634 (252,940 uncivilized); Samar, 222,690, (688 uncivilized). The capital of the Archipelago is Manila, with 234,409 inhabitants. Other towns are: In Luzon, Bauan (39,044), Lipa (37,934), Laoag (34,454), Batangas (33,131), San Carlos (27,166), Tabaco (21,946); in Samar, Calbayog (15,895); in Panay, Janiuay (20,738), Miagao (20,656), Holio (19,054); in Leyte, Baybay (22,990), Ormoc (16,128).

A census of the Philippines was taken by the United Sta

16,128). Balm (31,017), Catcar (31,030), Shoulga (20,030); the Leyte, Baylay (22,930), Offinote (16,128). A census of the Censils Office. The population returned was 7,635,426. Of this number almost seven millions are more or less civilized. The wild tribes form about 9 per cent. of the entire population. Racially the inhabitants are principally Malays. The civilized tribes are practically all adherents of the Catholic Church, the religion being that introduced into the country by the Spaniards when they took possession of the Islands in 1565. The Church has since then been a strong ruling power and the priesthood is numerous. The Moros are Mohammedans and the other wild peoples have no recognized religious beliefs. The total number of non-Christian peoples is 647, 740.

The density of population in the Philippines is 67 per square mile. In Continental United States it is 26 per square mile. Foreigners number about 50,000, of whom nearly one-half being located in the city of Manila. There are about twenty-five different tribes in the Islands, speaking fifteen or sixteen distinct dialects, the largest tribe being the Visayans, who form nearly one-fourth of the entire civilized population (3, 219, 030). The Tagalogs, occupying the provinces in the vicinity of Manila (1, 469, 695) rank second in numbers, and the Hocanos (803, 942) the third. Education has been practically reorganized by the Americans. The total annual enrolment is 615, 795. Nine thousand and elghty-six teachers are employed, of whom 683 are Americans and 8, 403 Filipinos. English is very generally taught, and the pex generation of Filipinos will probably seak that tongne. Paugerand eighty-six feachers are employed, of whom 683 are Americans and 8,403 Filipinos. English is very generally taught, and the next generation of Filipinos will probably speak that tongue. Pauperism is almost unknown in the islands. In 1902 there were only 1,668 pauners maintained at public charge, Vital statistics are as yet restricted to Mannia. The death rate in the city of Manila is 33,22 per thousand. In birth rate is 39,16 per thousand. In 1908 there were 61 newspapers published in the Islands, 18 being in English, 17 in Spanish, 16 in native dialects, 2 in Chinese, 4 in Spanish and native languages, and 4 in Spanish and English. The estimated real estate property value in 1903 was 469,527,059 pesos, and the personal property 152,718,661 pesos. The reported value of church buildings, mostly Catholic, is 41,698,710 pesos.

The climate is one of the best in the tropics. The islands extend from 50 to 210 north lattude, and Manila is in 140 357. The thermometer during July and August rarely goes below 790 or above 850. The extreme ranges in a year are said to be 610 and 970, and the annual mean 810.

Although agriculture is the chief occupation of the Filipinos, yet only one-ninth of the surface is under cultivation. The soil is very fertile, and even after deducting the mountainous areas it

face is under cultivation. The soil is very fertile, and even after deducting the mountainous areas it is probable that the area of cultivation can be very largely extended and that the islands can support oppulation equal to that of Japan (42,000,000).

The chief products are hemp, rice, corn, sugar, tobacco, cocoanuts, and cacao, hemp being the most important commercial product and constituting two-thirds of the value of all exports. Coffee and cotton were formerly produced in large quantities—the former for export and the latter for home consumption; but the coffee plant has been almost exterminated by insects and the home-made cotton cloths have been driven out by the competition of those imported from England. The rice and corn are principally produced in Luzon and Mindoro and are consumed in the islands. The cacao is raised in the southern islands, the best quality of it at Mindanao. The sugar cane is raised in the Visayas. The hemp is produced in Southern Luzon, Mindoro, the Visayas, and Mindanao. It is nearly all exported in bales. Tobacco is raised in many of the islands, especially Luzon and Negros.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

In the year ending June 30, 1912, the exports of merchandise from the United States to the Philippines were \$23,703,935, and the total imports from the Philippines for the same period were \$23,257,199.

The imports of merchandise from foreign countries, year ending June 30, 1912, were \$33,945,825,

and the exports were \$28,802,059. The principal foreign countries, year ending June 30, 124, were \$03,820,059. The principal foreign countries trading with the Philippines are Great Britain, French East Indies, China, and Spain,

CIVIL GOVERNMENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.

On July 1, 1902, Congress passed (chapter 1369) "An act temporarily to provide for the administration of the affairs of civil government in the Philippine Islands and for other purposes."
Under this act complete civil government was established in the Archielago except that portion administration of the affairs of civil government in the Philippine Islands and for other purposes." Under this act complete civil government was established in the Arobelago, except that portion inhabited by Moros, comprising part of Mindanso and the Sulu Islands, and the office of Military Governor was terminated. Wm H. Taft was appointed Governor by the President. Governor Taft was succeeded by Luke E. Wright in Dec., 1903, by Henry Clay Ide in 1905, James F. Smith in 1906, and W. Cameron Forbes, the present Governor, in 1909. The government was composed of a civil Governor and seven commissioners, of whom four were Americans and three Filipinos. By act of Congress approved May 11, 1908, the Commission was increased by one member, ao be appointed by the President, making the Commission nine members in all, including the Governor-General.

INSULAR POSSESSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

who is President of the Philippine Commission. There are four executive departments—Interior Finance, and Justice, Commerce and Police, and Public Instruction. There are thirty-eight provinces, each with a Governor, a Treasurer, and prosecuting attorney (provincial fiscal). Local governments have been established in about 650 towns. The officials consist of a President, Vice-President, and Councilmen (the latter varying in number according to the population) and are elected by the qualified voters of the municipality and serve for four years. The Judiciary consists of a Surperme Count, with seven Judges; Courts of First Instance, Justice of the Peace Courts, and a Court of Land Registration. There are seventeen Judicial Districts. In each province there is a Court of First Instance and a Court of the Justice of the Peace in each organized municipality in every province where there is a Court of First Instance. In March, 1907, the Fresident in accordance with the act of Congress, directed the Commission to call a general election of delegates to a Philippine Assembly. The new Assembly was chosen July 30, and was opened October 16 by Secretary of War Taft. It was politically divided as follows: Nacionalists, 31; Progresistas, 16; Independents, 20; Immediatistas, 7; Independistas, 4; Nacional Independient, 1; Catolico, 1. The total vote recorded at the election for delegates was 104,000, which is only 1.4 per cent. of the population. The second election was held on November 2, 1909. The number of prossors registered was 208,845 and the number of votes cast 192,975, which is 2.81 per cent. of the population. By act of February 15,1911, the present membership of the Philippine Assembly and Resident Commissioners to the United States will hold office until October 16, 1916, their successors to be chosen in 1916 and quadrennially thereafter, to hold office from October 16 next following their election. The next election will take place about June 1, 1916. At the first session of the Sixty-first Congress an act was who is President of the Philippine Commission. There are four executive departments-Interior quarennially thereafter, to note office from October 16 next following their election. The next elec-tion will take place about June 1, 1916. At the first session of the Sixty-first Congress an act was passed and approved August 5, 1909, readjusting the customs duties on imports from all countries, including the United States, on the basis generally of reductions. The Philippine Constabulary, which is distributed throughout the Archipelago in 119 stations, consists of 303 officers and 4,167 enlisted men. There are in operation 572 post-offices, free delivery municipal letter carrier service in 115 municipalities, 209 money order offices, and 414 postal savings banks, with 28,804 accounts. Of the

28, 745 depositors, 23, 1.74 are Filipinos.

There are 6,691.5 kilometres of Insular telegraph lines, 3,008.78 kilometres of telephone lines,

1,853. 9 kilometres of cables, and 923.5 kilometres of railroads in operation.

The island of Porto Rico, over which the flag of the United States was raised in token of formal possession on October 18, 1898, is the most eastern of the Greater Antilles in the West Indies and is separated on the east from the Danish island of St. Thomas by a distance of about fifty miles, and from Haytion the west by the Mona passage, seventy miles wide. Distances from San Juan, the capital, to important points are as follows: New York, 1,411 miles; Charleston, S. C., 1,200 miles; Key West. Fla., 1,050 miles; Havana, 1,000 miles.

The island is a parallelogram in general outline, 108 miles from the east to the west, and from 37 to 43 miles across, the area being about 3,600 square miles, or somewhat less than half that of the State of New Jersey (Delaware has 2,050 square miles and Connecticut 4,990 square miles). The population according to an enumeration made by the United States Government in 1900 showed a population of 953, 243, of whom 559,426 are white and 363, S17 are colored. The density was 260 to the square mile in 1900: 83,2 per cent. of the population could not read. The population in 1910 is reported as 1,118,012.

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the square mile in 1900; 83.2 per cent. of the population could not read. The population in 1910 is reported as 1,118,012.

Porto Rico is unusually fertile, and its dominant industries are agriculture and lumbering. In elevated regions the vegetation of the temperate zone is not unknown. There are more than 500 varieties of trees found in the forests, and the plains are full of palm, orange, and other trees. The principal crops are sugar, coffee, tobacco, and maize, but oranges, bananas, rice, pineapples, and many other fruits are important products. The largest article of export from Porto Rico is sugar. The next is tobacco. Other exports in order of amount are coffee, truits, molasses, cattle, timber, and hides. The principal minerals found in Porto Rico are gold, carbonates, and sulphides of copper and magnetic oxide of iron in large quantities. Lignite is found at Utuado and Moca, and also yellow amount are resolved to the sulfding stones are deposited on the island, but these resources are very undeveloped. There are salt works at Guanica and Salina on the south coast, and at Cape Rojo on the west, and these constitute the principal mineral industry in Porto Rico. The principal cities are Mayaguez, with 16,939, Ponce, 35,027 inhabitants; and San Juan, the capital, with 48,716. The shipments of domestic merchandise from the United States to Porto Rico, year ending June 30, 1912, were \$37,424,545. The exports of domestic merchandise to the United States were \$42,573,401. The foreign trade, year ending June 30, 1912, was: Imports, \$4,501,928; exports, \$6,832,012.

An act providing for a civil government for Porto Rico was passed by the Fifty-sixth Congress and received the assent of the President April 12, 1900. A statement of its provisions was printed in THE Worklad April 12, 1900. A statement of its provisions was printed in The Worklad April 12, 1900. A statement of the Porto Ricans, and a bill was introduced in the Sixty-second Congress providing for the same, but failed to reach a final vote. Under thi

the Congress of the United States by a Resident Commissioner.

CUAM.

The island of Guam, the largest of the Mariana Archinelago, was ceded by Spain to the United States by Article 2 of the Treaty of Peace, concluded at Paris December 10, 1898. It lies in a direct line from San Francisco and 1,500 miles from San Francisco and 1,500 miles from Manila. It is about 32 miles long and 100 miles in circumference, and has a population of 12,517. The inhabitants are mostly immigrants or descendants of immigrants from the Philippines, the original race of the Mariana Islands being nearly extinct. The prevailing language is English. Spanish and Chamorro are also spoken. Nine-tenths of the islanders can read and write. The island is thickly wooded, well watered, and fertile, and possesses an excellent harbor. The productions are tropical fruits, caeao, rice, corn, tobacco, and sugar cane.

The sland was captured by the U.S. S. Charleston, Captain Henry Glass commanding, June 21, 1898, the American flag raised over Fort Santa Cruz, and a salute fired. Later the island was made a naval station and Commander E. D. Taussig, of the U.S. S. Bennington, took possession February 1 1899. The Governor is a naval officer, and the island has a marine garrison as well as a station ship.

INSULAR POSSESSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

TUTUILA (AMERICAN SAMOA).

Tutulla, the Samoan island which, with its attendant islets of Manu'a, Olosega, Ofn, Aunun and Rose, became a possession of the United States by virtue of the tri-partite treaty with Great Britain and Germany in 1899, covers, according to the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor, fifty-five square miles, and has (by census of February I, 1912) 7,251 inhabitants. It possesses the most valuable island harbor, Pago-Pago, in the South Pacific, and perhaps in the entire Pacific Ocean. Commercially the island is unimportant at present, but is extremely valuable in its relations to the commerce of any nation desiring to cultivate trans-Pacific commerce.

Ex-Chief Justice Chambers, of Samoa, says of Pago-Pago that "The harbor could hold the entire naval force of the United States, and is so perfectly arranged that only two vessels can enter at the same time. The coaling station, being surrounded by high bluffs, cannot be reached by shells from outside." Capacity of coaling station, 4,200 tons.

The Samoan Islands, in the South Pacific, are fourteen in number, and lie in a direct line drawn from Sau Francisco to Auckland, New Zealand. Tutuila is 4,160 miles from San Francisco, 2,263 miles from Hawaii, 1,580 miles from Auckland, 2,354 miles from Miles from Manila. Germany governs all the group except the part owned by the United States. The inhabitants are native Polynesians and Christians of different denominations.

The civil government is administered by a Governor, a naval officer nominated by the Navy Department and appointed by the President. All civil affairs are under the jurisdiction of the Navy Department.

Department.

WAKE AND OTHER ISLANDS.

The United States flag was hoisted over Wake Island in January, 1899, by Commander Taussig, of the Bennington, while proceeding to Guam. It is a small island in the direct route from Hawaii to Hongkong, about 2,000 miles from the first and 3,000 miles from the scoul.

The United States possesses a number of scattered small islands in the Pacific Ocean, some hardly

more than rocks or coral reefs, over which the flag has been hoisted from time to time. They are of little present value and mostly uninhabited. The largest are Christmas, Gallego, Starbuck, Penrhyn, Phœnix, Palmyra, Howland, Baker, Johnston, Gardner, Midway, Morell, and Marcus Islands. The Midway Islands are occupied by a colony of telegraphers in charge of the relay in the cable line com-They are of necting the Philippines with the United States, in all about forty persons.

The Santa Barbara group is a part of California and the Aleutian chain, extending from the pen-insular of Kamchatka in Asiatic Russia to the promontory in North America which separates Behring

Sea from the North Pacific, a part of Alaska.

HAWAII.

HAWAII.

Hawaii was annexed to the United States by joint resolution of Congress July 7, 1898. A bill to create Hawaii a Territory of the United States was passed by Congress and approved April 30, 1900.

The area of the several islands of the Hawaiian group is as follows: Hawaii, 4,210 square miles; Mani, 760; Oahu, 600; Kauai, 590; Molokai, 270; Lanai, 150; Niihau, 97; Kahoolawe, 63. Total, 6,740 square miles.

At the time of the discovery of the islands by Captain Cook in 1778 the native population was about 200,000. This has steadily decreased, so that at the census of 1910 the native born numbered but 98,157. Total foreign born (1910), 93, 752.

The first United States census of the islands was taken in 1900 with the following result: Hawaii Island, 68,843; Kanai Island, 20,562; Niihau Island, 172; Maui Island, 25,416; Molokai Island and Lanai Island, 2,504; Oahu Island, 58,504. Total of the Territory, 154,001. The population of the City of Honolulu was 39,306. The population of Hawaii according to the 1910 census, made by the United States Census Bureau, was 191,909, Honolulu City having a population of 52,183. PODITI ATTOX OF HAWAII BY ISTANDS 1010

r	OF ULALIUM OF	man, ma	TOTHER	DG, 1010.	
HawaiiKahoolawe	55.382 Lanai		131	Molokai	1.791
Kahoolawe	2 Maui		28,623	Niihau	208
Kauai	23,744 Midway		35	Oahu	81,993
	BY	COLOR OR RAC	E.		
Hawailan	. 26,041 Spanish		1,900	Black	158
Caucasian Hawaiian	. 8,772 Other Car	ucasian	14,867	Mulatto	537
A . I . AI - TT II -	0, 704 60	accepted vivie	01 054	4.11	D FOO

 Asiatic Hawaiian
 3 734 Chinese
 21.674 All other
 2,736

 Portuguese
 22.303 Japanese
 79,674

 Porto Rican
 4,890 Korean
 4,533

tives of thirty members, holding office two years. limited to sixty days.

limited to sixty days.

The Executive power is lodged in a Governor, a Secretary, both appointed by the President, and hold office four years, and the following officials appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate of Hawaii. An Attorney-General, Treasurer, Commissioner of Public Lands, Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Anditor and Deputy, Surveyor, High Sheriff, and members of the Boards of Health, Public Instruction, Prison Inspectors, etc. They hold office for four years, and must be citizens of Hawaii.

Hoblic Instruction. Prison Inspectors, etc. They hold office for four years, and must be cluzeds of Hawaii.

The Judiciary of the Territory is composed of the Supreme Court, with three Judges, the Circuit Court, and such inferior courts as the Legislature may establish. The Judges are appointed by the President. The Territory is a Federal Judicial District, with a District Judge, District-Attorney, and Marshal, all appointed by the President. The District Judge has all the powers of a Circuit Judge.

The Territory is represented in Congress by a delegate, who is elected biennially by the people.

Provision is made in the act creating the Territory for the residence of Chinese in the Territory, and prohibition as laborers to enter the United States.

Cuha.

THE island of Cuba is 730 miles long, and its width varies from about 25 miles to 100 miles. Its area comprises 44,164 square miles, or about that of Pennsylvania. It has numerous safe and commodious harbors, that of Havana being one of the largest and finest in the world. Measuring from points of nearest approach to its neighbors, Cuba is about 100 miles from Key West, Fla., North; 54 miles from Hayti, East; 130 miles from Yucatan. West, and 85 miles from Jamaica, South.

The two principal agricultural staples of the island are sugar and tobacco. It also produces in considerable quantities fruits, vegetables, timber and metals, mainly iron, manganese and copper ore. The soil is adapted to coffee and cotton. Prof. Robert T. Hill, of the United States Geological Survey, says: "Cuba is the fairest and most fertile of the tropical lands. So far as wealth and lay of soil are concerned Cuba is superior to the rest of the tropical lands, with the possible exception of Porto Rico. The whole island is mantled with rich soils, fertile calcareous loams, which, under constant humidity, yield in abundance every form of useful vegetation of the tropical and temperate climes."

The Government is Republican in form. The President, who is chosen by popular suffrage, serves four years and appoints his own Cabinet. The Congress consists of a Senate and House of Representatives, one representative being chosen for every 25,000 inhabitants, as nearly as possible. The provinces, of which there are six, corresponding to the American States, elect their own Governors and control their own Internal affairs.

POPULATION OF CUBA.

A census of Cuba was taken by the United States Provisional Government in 1907, under the direction of the Department of Agriculture, at Washington. The results, of which the following is an abstract, were published in Spanish and English in 1909.

In 1907 Cuba had a population of 2,048,980, an increase from 1899 of 476,183, or 30.3 per cent. The

population of the provinces of Cuba w		
Habana	538,010 Pinar del Rio	240,372 239.812
Orlente	455,086 Camaguey	118,269

Over half of the population lived in the rural districts, the 134 towns and cities containing 899,667 inhabitants, or 43.9 per cent. of the total. The population of the six large cities was as follows:

Habana. Santlago de Cuba. Matanzas.	45,470	Clenfuegos. Camaguey. Cardenas.	$30,100 \\ 29,616 \\ 24,280$

The density of population in 1907 was 46.4 per square mile. Males were more numerous than females, the numbers being 1,074,882 and 974,098, respectively. Of the total population, 1,359,476, or 66.8 per cent., were single or divorced: 423,337, or 20.7 per cent., were married; 176,509, or 3.6 per cent., were consensually married; and 79,458, or 3.9 per cent., were widowed. The average number of persons to a family was 4.8.

In 1997 over two-thirds 1,428,176, or 69.7 per cent. of the inhabitants were white. The colored population was composed of 274,272 negroes, 334,695 mixed, and 11,837 Chinese. Of the whites, 1,224,539 were native and 203,637 foreign born. Of the latter class, Spain contributed 185,393 and the United States 6,713.

Of the total population, 1,780,628, or 86.9 per cent., were of Cuban and 228,138, or 11.1 per cent., of Spanish citizenship. Of the 551,639 males of voting age, 430,514 were Cuban citizens, and of these, 212,-930, or less than one-half, were literate, while 217,584 were illiterate; among those of other citizenship the proportion of literates was much greater, 89,217 being literate and 31,908 liliterate. Among the white males of voting age the literates were in the majority, the numbers being 16,1742 literates and 130,944 liliterates for Cuban citizens, and 84,937 literates and 23,056 liliterates for all the others.

Almost one-third, 171,017, or 31.6 per cent., of the children attended school; the corresponding percentage for 1899 was only 15.7. In the six large citles 55,336, or 49.9 per cent. of those of school age, attended school.

Of the population at least ten years of age, 837,958, or 56.6 per cent., could read. For the large cities the percentage was 82.6; for the rest of Cuba It was 47.9.

In 1907, 772,502 persons were engaged in gainful occupations. The 698,982 male breadwinners formed 65 per cent. of all the males, while the 73,526 females gainfully employed formed 7.5 per cent. of all the females. Of the wage-earners, 374,969, or 48.5 per cent., were engaged in agriculture, fishing and mining: 136,419, or 17.6 per cent., in trade and transportation; 126,021, or 16.3 per cent., in manulacturing and mechanical pursuits; 122,288, or 16 per cent., in demestic and personal service; and 12,805, or 1.6 per cent. in professional service.

The principal trade is with the United States, which takes practically all the exports of sugar, fruit, and minerals, and more than nine-tenths of the raw tobacco. Trade with Spain has fallen off greatly.

The total trade of Cuba for the calendar year, 1911, exclusive of coin, was as follows: Imports, \$113,056,000; exports, \$122,944,000, and United States trade with Cuba, merchandise only, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912. Imports into the United States from Cuba, \$120,154,326; exports from the United States to Cuba, \$62,203,051.

The Cuban Government.

.....José Miguel Gomez. President. (Salary, \$25,000) CARINET.

Secretary of State—Manuel Sangully.
Secretary of Justice—J. M. Menocal.
Secretary of the Interior—Federico Laredo.
Secretary of the Treasury—M. Gutlerrez Quirós.
Secretary of Public Works—Rafael D. Carrerá. Secretary of Agriculture, Industry and Labor-Emilio del Junco. Secretary of Pt Garcia Kohly. Public Instruction and Arts-Mario · Secretary of Santtation-Dr. M. Varona Suarez.

The Territory of Alaska.

THE Sixty-second Congress, Second Session, enacted a law which was approved August 24, 1912, "to create a Legislative Assembly in the Territory of Alaska, to confer legislative power thereon and for other purposes."

The first section provides that "the territory ceded to the United States by Russia by the treaty of March 30, 1867, and known as Alaska, shall be and constitute the Territory of Alaska under the laws of the United States; the government of which shall be organized and administered as provided by said laws.

The second section constitutes the city of Juneau as the capital of the Territory.

By other sections of the act the legislative power and authority of the Territory is vested in a
Legislature, to consist of a Senate of eight members (two from each of the four judicial districts into Legislature, to consist of a Senate of eight memoers (two from each of the four judicial districts into which Alaska is now divided) and a House of Representatives of slivene members (four from each judicial district). It is provided that the election for members of the first Legislature shall take place the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1912, and subsequent Legislatures shall be elected blennially. The Legislature shall be convened blennially on the first Monday of March and continue in session not longer than sixty days. The veto power is invested in the Governor, but laws vetoed by him may be passed over his veto by a two-third vote of all the members of each House. All laws passed by the Territorial Legislature shall be transmitted by the Governor to the President of the United States and by him submitted to Congress, and if disapproved by Congress, shall be null and void.

President of the United States and by him submitted to Congress, and if disapproved by Congress, shall be null and void.

The following section of the act creates a Railroad Commission for the Territory:
"Section 18. That an officer of the Engineer Corps of the United States Army, a geologist in charge of Alaska surveys, an officer in the Engineer Corps of the United States Army, and a civil engineer who has had practical experience in railroad construction and has not been connected with any railroad enterprise in said Territory, be appointed by the President as a commission hereby authorized and instructed to conduct an examination into the transportation question in the Territory of Alaska; to examine railroad routes from the seaboard to the coal fields and to the interior and navigable waterways; to secure surveys and other information with respect to railroads, including cost of construction and operation; to obtain information in respect to the coal fields and their proximity to railroad routes; and to make report of the facts to Congress on or before December I, 1912, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, together with their conclusions and recommendations in respect to the best and most available routes for railroads in Alaska which will develop the country and the resources thereof for the use of the people of the United States: Provided further, That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the expenses of said commission."

Abrogation of the Russian Treaty.

Public Resolution No. 13, passed by the Sixty-second Congress, Second Session, and approved December 21, 1911, is as follows:

December 21, 1911, is as follows:

Joint resolution providing for the termination of the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-two between the United States and Russia.

Whereas the treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States and Russia, concluded on the 18th day of December, 1832, provides in Article XII. thereof that it "shall continue in force until the 1st day of January, in the year of our Lord 1839, and if one year before that day, one of the high contracting parties shall not have announced to the other, by an official notification, its intention to arrest the operation thereof, this treaty shall remain obligatory one year beyond that day, and so on until the expiration of the year which shall commence after the date of a similar notification;" and
Whereas on the 17th day of December, 1911, the President caused to be delivered to the Imperial Russian Government, by the American Ambassador at Saint Petersburg, an official notification of this treaty upon the expiration of the Year commencing intention to terminate the operation of this treaty upon the expiration of the year commencing on the first of January, 1912; and Whereas said treaty is no longer responsive in various respects to the political principles and commercial needs of the two countries; and
Whereas the constructions placed thereon by the respective contracting parties differ upon matters of fundamental importance and interest to each: Therefore be 1t
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the notice thus given by the President of the United States to the Government of the Empire of Russia to terminate said treaty in accordance with the terms of the treaty is hereby adopted and ratified.

adopted and ratified.

United States Commerce Court.

(For the article entitled "Creation of a Commerce Court" see page 137 in World Almanac for 1912,)

THE judges are Circuit Judges designated for service in this court. Upon expiration of the term for which they are appointed, they do not cease to be judges, but are assigned for duty within some judicial circuit, and other Circuit Judges are designated by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for service in this court.

Judges.	Commissioned.	Term.
Martin A. Knapp, Prestding. Robert W. Archbald William H. Hunt John E. Carland Jullan W. Mack	January 31, 1911. January 31, 1911. January 31, 1911.	5 Years. 4 Years. 3 Years. 2 Years. 5 Years.

Clerk-George F. Snyder. Marshal-F. J Starek.

NOTE—At the second session of 62d Congress the maintenance of the Commerce Court was provided for until March 4, 1913. Whether the Court is to continue beyond that date or not further legislation is necessary at the next session.

National Warks in United States.

THE national parks and reservations mentioned below are under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior. General information, the annual administrative reports, copies of the rules and regulations, and compilations of the laws relating to the parks may be obtained from the Secretary of the Interior or from the superintendents of the parks.

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK is In Wyoming, Montana, and Idaho, and has an area of 2,142,720 acres. The superintendent's address is Yellowstone Park, Wyoming. The park can be reached by the following railroads: Northern Pacific Rallroad to Gardiner, the norther neutrance, via Livingston, Mont., Oregon Short Line Rallroad to Yellowstone, Mont., the western entrance; Chicago, Burlington

Mont.; Oregon Short Line Railroad to Yellowstone, Mont., the western entrance: Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad to Cody, Wyo, from which the eastern entrance to the park is accessible. Stage and private transportation connections for the reservation are made at all these points. The tourist season extends from June 1 to September 15.

Yosemite National Park, California, including the Yosemite Vailey and Mariposa Big Tree Grove, embraces an area of 719.622 acres. The superintendent's address Iy Syosemite, Cal. The park can be reached from Merced on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé and the Southern Pacific railroads by way of Yosemite Vailey Railroad, which runs to the western boundary, and by connections of the same roads to Raymond, on the southwest; stage lines run from the terminus of the Yosemite Vailey Railroad and from Raymond to Yosemite Vailey within the park. The tourist season extends from May 1 to November 1, but the park is accessible and hotel accommodations are furnished the entire year. Glacier National Park, Montana, has an area of approximately \$15,000 acres, of which \$15,000 acres have been surveyed. Within the limits stated there are 250 lakes, ranging from 10 miles to a few hundred feet in extent. There are more than 60 glaciers between 5 square miles and a few acres in area. There are wild animals, plants, and rocks in number and quantity to satisfy the most ardent student, and views of great variety, beauty and grandeur to gratify the artist and the lover of nature.

few hundred feet In extent. There are more than 60 glaciers between 5 square files and a few acres in area. There are wild animals, plants, and rocks in number and quantity to satisfy the most ardent student, and views of great variety, beauty and grandeur to gratify the arists and the lover of nature. The address of the superintendent is Belton, Mont. The park can be reached via the Great Northern Railway. The tourist season extends from May 1 to about September 15.

MOUNT RAINIER NATIONAL PARK, WASHINGTON, has an area of 207,360 acres. The superintendent's address is Ashford, Wash. The park is reached by stage or private transportation from Ashford, Wash. on the Tacoma Eastern Railroad, and by trail from Fairfax, on the Northern Pacific Railroad. The tourist season extends from June 15 to September 15.

SEQUOIA NATIONAL PARK, CALIFORNIA, has an area of 161,597 acres. The address of the superintendent is Ranger, Cal., during the tourist months (June 1 to September 15) and Three Rivers, Cal., the balance of the year. This park may be reached from Visalia, on the Southern Pacific and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroads by way of the Visalia Electric Railroad Company to Lemon Cove, thence by stage or private conveyance to the Glant Forest within the park, or by private conveyance from Visalia via Lemon Cove.

GENERAL GRANY NATIONAL PARK, CALIFORNIA, has an area of 2,536 acres. This reservation is administered Jointly with Sequoia National Park, and the tourist season extends from June 1 to September 15. The address of the superintendent is given above. The park may be reached from Visalia on the Southern Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroads, thence by the Visalia on the Southern Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroads, thence by the Visalia on the Southern Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and season extends from June 1 to September 15. The address of the superintendent during the tourist months (June 15 to September 30) is Crater Lake, Ore, and during the balance of the year Klamath

conveyance from Custer, on the Unicago, Builington and Sullay to tourists the entire year.

SULLYS HILL PARK, NORTH DAKOTA, on the shore of Devils Lake, has an area of 780 acres. The address of the superintendent is Fort Totten, N. Dak. Devils Lake, Narrows, and Toklo, on the Great Northern Railroad, are close to the park, and from these points the reservation can be approached by wagon, or by boat (private conveyance).

PLATT NATIONAL PARK, AT SULPHUR, OKLAHOMA, has an area of 848.22 acres. Sulphur is the post-office address of the superintendent. The town is accessible by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé and the St. Louis and San Francisco railroads. The park, which is open to tourists the entire

Great Northern Railroad, are close to the park, and from these points the reservation can be approached by wagon, or by boat (private conveyance).

PLATT NATIONAL PARK, AT SULPIUR, OKLAHOMA, has an area of \$48.22 acres. Sulphur is the post-office address of the superintendent. The town is accessible by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé and the St. Louis and San Francisco railroads. The park, which is open to tourists the entire year, is within walking or riding distance of the railroads.

MESA VERDE NATIONAL PARK, COLORADO, has an area of 42.376 acres, and the 5-mile strip under the park jurisdiction for the protection of ruins, which abuts the park, contains 175,360 acres. The address of the superintendent is Mancos, Col., the nearest railroad station, on the Rio Grande Southern Railroad. This station is about 25 miles from the ruins, which may be reached only by horseback or on foot. The tourist season extends from May 1 to September 30.

CASA GRANDE RUIN, ARIZONA, a reservation, has an area of 450 acres. The nearest railroad station is Casa Grande, on the Southern Pacific Railroad. It may also be reached by private conveyance from Florence, Ariz., on the Phoenix and Eastern Railroad. The address of the custodian is Florence. The Mesa Verde National Park and the Casa Grande Reservation were set aside to protect the instructive prehistoric ruins and other objects of antiquity which they contain. These ruins are being excavated and repaired and are open for the inspection of visitors. Reports on the repair of such turns have been issued by the Department of the Interior, and more detailed accounts are distributed by the Bureau of American Ethnology, Smithsonian Institution.

Hot Springs Reservation, Arkansas (the permanent reservation), has an area of 911.63 acres. Eleven bathhouses on the reservation and thirteen in the city of Hot Springs, as well as several hotels operated in connection with bathhouses, receive hot water from the springs, under lease with the Secretary of the Interior. The address of the sup

Forests and Forestry.

Our forests now cover 550,000,000 acres, or about one-fourth of the United States. Forests publicly owned contain one-fifth of all timber standing. Forests privately owned contain at least four-fifths of the standing timber. The timber privately owned is not only four times that publicly owned, but it is generally more valuable.

The original forests of the United States contained timber in quantity and variety far beyond that upon any other area of similar size in the world. They covered \$50,000,000 acres, with a stand of not less than 5,200,000,000 board feet of merchantable timber, according to present standards of use. There were five great, forest regions—the northern, the contract the Rocky

of use. There were five great forest regions—the northern, the southern, the central, the Rocky Mountain and the Pacific.

Mountain and the Pacific.

The present rate of cutting is three times the annual growth of the forests of the United States. The great pineries of the lake States are nearing exhaustion and heavy inroads have been made upon the supply of valuable timber throughout all parts of the country.

The heavy demands for timber have been rapidly pushing the great centres of lumber industry toward the South and West. In consequence the State of Washington has led for several years in lumber production, now followed in order by Louisiana, Mississippi, Oregon, and Wisconsin. In 1910 the production of yellow pine lumber amounted to fourteen and one-eighth billion feet; the Douglas fir of the Northwest held second piace, with nearly five and one-quarter billion feet; while cake came third, with three and one-half billion feet.

We take from our forests veryly including waste in logging and in manufacture, 20,000,000,000

oak came third, with three and one-half billion feet.
We take from our forests yearly, including waste in logging and in manufacture, 20,000,000,000 cubic feet of wood, valued at about \$1,250,000,000.
We use in a single year 90,000,000 cords of firewood, nearly 45,000,000,000 board feet of lumber, 148,500,000 ties, 1,750,000,000 staves, over 125,000,000 sets of heading, nearly 300,000,000 barrel hoops, 3,400,000 cords of native pulp wood, 165,000,000 cubic feet of round mine timbers and nearly 1,500,000 cords of wood for distillation.

In 1911 about 4,330,000 cords of wood were used in the manufacture of paper, of which about 940,000 cords were imported from Canada. The demand for wood pulp is making a severe drain on the spruce

cords were imported from Canada. The demand for wood pulp is making a severe drain on the spruce forests, which furnish the principal supply, though a number of other woods, such as poplar, hence the considerable quantities. The Forest Service of the United States Department of Agriculture is conducting investigations to determine what other woods, such as scrub plne, white fir, tupelo, and the like, can be successfully used. A larger drain upon our forest resources is made by the demand for railroad ties. White oak, hitherto the chief source of supply, is not plentfull enough to meet this demand indefinitely, and in many parts of the country the supply of chestnut, cedar, and cyprass is dwindling. However, seasoning and treating methods are being found, largely through the work of the Forest Service, by which cheaper and more plentiful woods, such as lodgepole pine in the Northwest and lobuly plne in the South, are made fit for use as ties. A great saving has been effected in the naval stores industry, also largely through the work of the Forest Service, by the introduction of the so-called "cup" systems of turpentining in place of the old destructive system of "boxing." The new systems insure a larger product of better quality and prolong the life of the longical pine forests, upon which the industry depends. ests, upon which the industry depends.

The Forest Service is one of the bureaus of the Department of Agriculture. It has charge of the administration and protection of the national forests and also promotes the practice of forestry generally through investigations and the diffusion of information.

through investigations and the diffusion of information.

The work of the Government in forestry was initiated by the appointment of Dr. Franklin B. Hough in 1876 as special agent in the Department of Agriculture. In 1881 a division of forestry was created in that department. In 1901 this division became the Bureau of Forestry, and in 1905, when the care of the national forests was given to this bureau, its name became the Forest Service.

Previously the care of the national forests had been in the hands of the Department of the Interior. A law authorizing the President to set apart forest reserves was passed in 1891, but no provision for their administration and use was made until 1897. Previous to 1905 the Bureau of Forestry merely gave expert advice, on request, to the Department of the Interior concerning the application of forestry to the forest reserves. The change of name from "forest reserves" to "national forests" was made in 1906 to correct the impression that the forests were, as "reserves," withdrawn from use. Since the Forest Service took charge of them the fundamental aim has been to open them to the widest use consistent with their proper protection. proper protection.

The reserves were set aside as follows: By President Harrison, 13,416,710 acres; by President Cleveland, 25,686,320 acres; by President McKinley, 7,050,089 acres; by President Roosevelt, 148,346,924 by President acres.

acres.

During the administration of President Taft, prior to July 1, 1912, 3,432,027 acres were added and 9,901,738 acres were eliminated from the national forests, making their area at the close of the fiscal year 1912 187,406,376 acres. The eliminations threw out land which was found to be better suited for agricultural and other purposes than for forestry. An act of Congress, passed in 1907, prohibits any additions by the President to the national forest area in Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, and Colorado. In 1912 California was added to this list.

The following table shows the National forest expenditures for the fiscal year 1912 compared with those for the fiscal year 1911:

AND EXPENDITURES DITURES FOR ADMINISTRATION AND PROTECTION AND PERM IMPROVEMENTS DURING FISCAL YEAR 1912, COMPARED WITH 1911. PERMANENT

FISCAL YEAR.	ADMINISTRAT		PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS.
	Total.	Per Acre.	Total. Per Acre.
1912	\$4,718,668.96	\$0.02518	\$499,158.55 \$0.00266
1911	5.335.886.97	0.02800	273.634.42 0.00143

The following table shows the national forest receipts for the fiscal year 1912 compared with those for the fiscal year 1911:

COMPARISON OF RECEIPTS FROM THE SEVERAL SOURCES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS 1912 AND 1911.

FISCAL	GRAZI	NG.	1	Тімв	ER.		SPECIAL	USE	s.	ALL SOUL	RCES.
YEAR.			Acre.			Acre		Per .			Per Acre.
1912										\$2,157,356.57	\$0.01150
1911	935.490.38	0.0	00490	1.014.769.84	0.	.00526	76,645.93	0.0	0040	2,026,906 15	0.01060

Under the law 25 per cent. of the gross receipts are paid to the States in which the national forests are located, to be expended for roads and schools. The amount to be paid to the States in this way from the receipts in 1912 is about \$540,000, and an additional 10 per cent. of the 1912 receipts or about \$215,000 was, by the last appropriation act, made available for road and trail building by the

Secretary of Agriculture in national forests, in co-operation with State authorities or otherwise. Secretary of Agriculture in national forests, in co-operation with State authorities or otherwise. This is supplementary to the improvement fund of \$400,000 carried by the same act for constructing and maintaining roads, trails, telephone lines, buildings and other improvements necessary for administering and protecting the forests.

The total appropriation for the Forest Service in the fiscal year 1913 is \$5,343,045, as against \$5,533,100 for 1912, with a further provision of \$200,000 available for fighting and preventing forest fires in cases of extraordinary emergency, as against \$1,000,000 which was available for this purpose

fires in cases of extraordinary emergency, as against strongers with the fire in 1912.

The grazing receipts for 1912 were paid by the holders of 21,138 permits to graze 1,502,698 cattle, horses and hogs, and of 5,313 permits to graze 7,551,739 sheep and goats. The receipts from timber sales were paid by approximately 5,800 purchasers, who cut the equivalent of 431,492,000 board feet of timber. The receipts from special uses were paid by the holders of approximately 5,000 permits. In other words, these receipts represent profitable use of the forests by some 37,000 individuals or concerns. To the use for which payment was made must be added the heavy free use of the forests by the public. Figures for free use of timber are as follows:

FREE USE OF TIMBER ON NATION	AL FOREST	rs. 🛬	
FISCAL YEAR.	Number of Permittees.	Cut.	Value.
1912. 1911.			\$196,335.41

In Issuing permits for reservoirs, conduits, power-houses and transmission lines for commercial power development the Forest Service has steadfastly Insisted on conditions designed to prevent speculative or perpetual holdings and to secure the full development of available power and the payment of reasonable

Charges for the use of land.

The total stand of timber on the national forests is estimated at nearly six hundred billions board feet.

The following table shows the local cut of timber from the national forests in the fiscal year 1912:

		TIMBER C	UT_FROM	NATIONAL	FORESTS.		
STATE OR	Cut Under	Cut Under		STATE OR	Cut Under	Cut Under	
TERRITORY.	Sale.	Free Use.	Total Cut.	TERRITORY.	Sale.	Free Use.	Total Cut.
	Board Feet.	Board Feet.	Board Feet.		Board Feet.	Board Feet.	Board Feet.
Idaho	65,656,000	19,841,000		South Dakota.		5,689,000	15.349.000
Montana	55,911,000	18,289,000	74,200,000	Arkansas	9.130.000	521,000	9.651.000
Arizona	47.433.000	5.025.000	52,458,000	Nevada	2,030,000	3.060.000	5,090,000
Alaska	44.648.000	395.000	45,043,000	Minnesota	617,000		
California	43,914,000	8,490,000	52,404,000	Florida	35,000		
Colorado	43,484,000	11.621.000	55,105,000	Oklahoma	33,000	199,000	232,000
Washington		2.073.000	39.605.000	Michigan	4.000		
Oregon	29,337,000	13,176,000		North Dakota.			
New Mexico	17.612.000	12.836.000	30,448,000				
Wyoming	12.967.000				431,492,000	123,233,000	554,725,000
Utah	11.487.000	15,099,000	26.586.000			,,	,00 1,1 - 1,1 - 1

The average price on the stump for the timber sold in 1912 was \$2.00 as against \$2.56 in 1911. The reduced average is due to the sale of large quantities of fire-killed timber in Idaho, Montana, and Oregon.

The value of the public property administered by the Forest Service is estimated at over two billion dollars.

The great areas contained in the national forests have now been brought to a condition where they are beginning to serve the purposes of the West. The conservation of timber and forage through wise use, and the protection of stream flow, are the means of sustaining many industries which have contributed materially to the prosperity of the country.

use, and the protection of stream flow, are the means of sustaining many industries which have contributed materially to the prosperity of the country.

At the head of the Forest Service are the Forester, Henry S. Graves, and the Associate Forester, A. F. Potter. The work is organized under the following branches: Operation, and also Lands, James B. Adams in charge; Silviculture, W. B. Greeley in charge; Grazing, A. F. Potter in charge, and Products Laboratory, McGarvey Cline in charge; Acquisition of Lands Under the Weeks law, William L. Hall, in charge.

The 163 national forests are distributed in six districts, with a District Forester in charge of each, and headquarters as follows: District i (Montana, northeastern Washington, northern Adaho, northern South Dakota, Northern Michigan, northern Michigan, northern Michigan, orthern Michigan, Hontern Michigan, Most, F. A. Silcox, District Forester; District 2 (Colorado, Wyoming, the remainder of South Dakota, Nersaka and western Kansas), Denver, Col., Smith Riev, District Forester; District 3 (most of Artzona, Arkansas, Florida, New Mexico and Okiahoma), Albuquerque, N. Mex., A. C. Ringiand, District Forester; District 4 (Utah, southern Idaho, western Myoming, eastern and central Nevada and a small portion of northwestern Arlzona), Ogden, Utah, E. A. Sherman, District Forester; District 5 (California and southwestern Nevada), San Francisco, Cal., Coert DuBols, District Forester; and District 6 (Washington, Oregon and Alaska), Portland, Ore., Geo. H. Cecil, District Forester, on July 1, 1912, the force employed by the Forest Service numbered, 3678. Of these 3,027 were employed upon the national forests and 651 were engaged in administrative, scientific and clerical work at the Washington and district headquarters. Of the employes on the national forests the force engaged principally in protective work numbered 2,265 men, as follows: Forest Rangers, 276; Assistant Forest Rangers, 1,205; Forest Guards, 780; Game Wardens, 2; Hunters and Trappers, 2. The protective

supplying 22.700,000 a year. In the East forest planting has been done mainly in connection with States and private owners, though experiments have been made with the French maritime pine, for turpentine production, and with cork oak and Australian eucalyptus, on the Florida national forest. At the request of the States the Forest Service makes examinations of their forest conditions and conducts other studies needed to serve as a basis for forest legislation and formulation by each State of a forest policy adapted to its special requirements. The cost of such work is shared by the States and the service. The service co-operates with private owners, especially small owners, in States which have no State Forester, by furnishing advice, with or without field examinations, concerning the best methods for managing and protecting their holdings. The cost of such examination is borne by the owner. by the owner.

by the owner.

The branch of grazing supervises the grazing of live stock upon the national forests, the principal lines of work being the allotment of grazing privileges, the issuance of grazing permits, the division of the ranges between different classes of stock or their owners and the regulation of the stock grazed under permit upon the ranges, and the development of the forage-producing capacity of the national forests the restriction of depleted areas through systematic control of the stock grazed upon them or by artificial means, through the eradication of noxious range-destroying rodents, and through the institution of new methods of range control. By co-operation with Federal and State authorities in the enforcement of quarantine regulations the national forests have been practically freed from infectious or contagious diseases fatal to live stock, and by an active campaign against predaceous animals destructive to live stock the annual loss from this source within the national forests has been reduced by several hundred thousand dollars.

The number of stock grazed during the past season (1912) under permit was 1,502,698 head of cattle, horses, and swine, and 7,551,739 head of sheep and goats. The annual productive value of this number of stock is more than \$20,000,000. The number of persons holding permits to graze live stock during the past year was in excess of 25,000.

About 20 per cent. of all the sheep in the United States are grazed in the national forests.

BRANCH OF PRODUCTS.

The branch of products carries on studies, tests, and demonstrations to further the more complete utilization of the products of the forest. A forest products laboratory is operated at the University of Wisconsin, where experiments are made to determine the properties of American woods, to ascertain cheap and effective treatments to prevent decay, to test the adaptability of university of rospectic uses, to develop uses for the material wasted in sawmill operations, and to discover processes of obtaining valuable chemical by-products from the waste which cannot otherwise be utilized. Experiments in the manufacture of paper from pulpwood of new kinds, by various processes, are conducted on a commercial scale at a paper mill operated by the Forest Service at Wausau, Wis, Studies are made to find the kind, quantity, and cost of timber consumed in different States and regions and also where the material comes from and what amount is lost through waste. The wood-consuming industries are aided in finding the most sultable raw material and in developing methods of utilizing their waste product. In the Western States ail products work centres in the district offices at Denver, San Francisco, and Portland.

ustrict omees at Denver, San Francisco, and Portland.

EASTERN NATIONAL FORESTS.

The act of March 1, 1911, commonly known as the Weeks law, provides for the acquisition of forest lands on the watersheds of navigable streams. Its purpose is to promote and protect the navigability of the streams by preserving the forest on the upland portions of their watersheds. Through this act means are afforded of extending the national forest system to regions where the Government has hitherto owned no forest lands and taken no direct part in forest preservation.

The act imposes upon the Forest Service new duties in the selection, examination, and valuation of areas for purchase. The original appropriation was \$2,000,000 per year for five and one-half years, beginning with the last half of the fiscal year 1911. The Agricultural Appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1913 modifies its terms by making the appropriation for 1912 and subsequent years available until expended.

In order to concentrate the purchases where they will be defeated.

available until expended.

In order to concentrate the purchases where they will be of the greatest benefit from the standpoint of watershed protection certain areas have been designated, aggregating 6,383,553 acres, to which purchases will be for the present confined.

The United States Geological Survey is examining this land, as required by law, in order to determine whether or not the forest cover exercises a beneficial influence in regulating the flow of navigable streams. Up to July 1, 1912, 262,800 acres were reported upon favorably by the Geological Survey.

From April 1, 1911, to June 30, 1912, proposals were received covering 2,531,316 acres, of which acres were evithin the general areas which had been selected for purchase in the White Mountains and the Southern Appalachians.

During the same period \$40,453\$ acres were examined, and 287,698 acres have (October 1, 1912) been approved by the National Forest Reservation Commission, and are under contract for purchase. These are located as follows: Georgia Area, 31,876 acres, in Fannin, Union, Gilmer, and Lumpkin Counties, Ga. Massanutten Area, 19,322 acres, in Page and Rockingham Counties, Va. Mount Mitchell Area, 18,701 acres, in McDowell County, N. C. Nantahala Area, 27,815 acres, in Macon and Swain Counties, N. C. Natural Bridge Area, 24,900 acres, in Rockbridge, Bedford, and Botetourt Counties, N. S. Smoky Mountain Area, 59,213 acres, in Blount and Sevier Countles, Tenn. White Mountain Area, 72,252 acres, in Coos and Grafton Counties, N. H. White Top Area, 33,619 acres, in Johnson and Sullivan Counties, Tenn., and Washington County, Va.

As these lands are acquired they are administered along the same lines as are the National

White Top Area, 33,619 acres, in Johnson and Sullivan Countles, Tenn., and Wasnington County, Va.

As these lands are acquired they are administered along the same lines as are the National forests in the West, and the above-named areas will, as title is obtained and plans for handling them are prepared, be given formal designation as national forests.

FOREST POLICY OF THE STATES.

New York has purchased and set aside 1,642,000 acres in the Adirondack and Catskill Mountains as forest preserves, under the control of the Conservation Commission of the State. These lands and private lands in the preserve counties are protected from fire by an adequate system of rangers. Unfortunately the Constitution of the State prohibits the cutting of timber from State lands. In 1910 the Commission distributed at cost to private owners 1,700,000 forest tree seedlings; and the weste and open land on the preserve is being gradually planted to trees under the supervision of trained foresters.

Pennylvania has purchased more than 920,000 acres of land for State forest preserves, and the Forestry Commission has the right to purchase additional forest lands at a price not to exceed \$5 an acre. The preserves are situated chiefly in the mountains of the central part of the State and located with special reference to protecting the water supply at the sources of rivers. The State forest reserves are not only protected from fire, but are managed according to forestry principles, the matter timber being cut and dold and waste areas reforested. A school for training forest rangers for the reserves are not only protected from fire, but are managed according to forestry principles, the matter timber being cut and dold and waste areas reforested. A school for training forest rangers for the reserves are maintained at Montalto. There is also a fire warden system organized state forest departments. Minnesota has 51,000 acres reserved, Wisconsin, and Michigan have well-organized State forest departments.

and the open land is being planted and the mature timber cut and sold. Each of these States protects the forest land of private owners as well as that of the State forest reserves from fire, and Michigan distributes tree seedlings for forest, planting to land owners at cost. Kansas, Connecticut, Ohio, New Hampshire and Vermont also distribute planting material to private owners an give them advice in regard to methods of forest management. The following States have forestry departments which seek to protect from fire by means of an organized warden system all of the greater portion of the forest lands in the State: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Connecticut, New Jersey, Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Orgonecticut, New Jersey, Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Orgonado, and California, each makes a specific appropriation for fire protection. Maine supports a very efficient forest ire service covering the unorganized townships in the northern part of the State; in the remaining townships each bears the cost of an individual service of ex-officio wardens.

Idaho has adopted a co-operative system of fire protection with private owners, and pays its pro rata share of the cost of protecting State lands. Some of these States also have small State forests, those of New Jersey aggregating 14,000 acres. Other States which have forest officer charged with forest interests are Delaware, North Carolina, Louislana, Ohio, Indiana, and Iowa. All the States, in general, are beginning to consider the enactment of advanced forest legislation, which will create a well-equipped forest department in charge of a technically trained State Forester, with an adequate appropriation for the purchase of land for State forest purposes, for a fire protective system, for the reforestation of waste lands, or for conducting other lines of forest work.

Forest fires in the United States have caused an average annual loss of about 70 human lives an

Conscrbation of Natural Resources.

The National Conservation Association, with headquarters in the Colorado Building, Washington, D. C., is now the organized head of the conservation movement in the United States. The association came into existence because of an urgent need for an organization open to every man and woman who stood for conservation which would give them immediate opportunity for united and effective work.

In a booklet explaining the objects of the association is the following:

"The National Conservation Association is fighting for the prompt and orderly development of our atural resources, for the welfare of ourselves and our children, and for he rights of the plain people. The association is bound neither by political considerations nor official connections. It is free to speak the whole truth.

The association is bound neither by political considerations nor omical connections. It is free to speak the whole truth.

"That conservation means the use of our natural resources for the benefit of us all and not merely for the profit of a few is already household knowledge. The task which the National Conservation Association has set itself is to get this principle put into practical effect."

The association is maintained by dues from membership, which are divided into the following classes:

Members, \$1.00 a year.

Active Members, \$3.00 a year.

Contributing Members, \$20.00 a year.

The organization of the National Conservation Association is as follows:

Gliford Pinchot, President, Washington, D. C. Charles W. Ellot, Honorary President, Cambridge, Mass.

Overton W. Price, Vice-President and Treasurer, Washington, D. C. Harry A. Slattery, Secretary, Washington, D. C.

The first National Conservation Congress was held at Seattle, Washington, in August, 1909, et the auspices of the Washington Conservation Association.

The objects of the Congress are:

To provide for discussion of the resources of the United States as the foundation for the prosperity of the people.

2. To furnish definite information concerning the resources and their development, use and

preservation.

preservation.

3. To afford an agency through which the people of the country may frame policies and principles affecting the conservation and utilization of their resources to be put into effect by their respective representatives in State and Federal Governments.

There is no official connection between the National Conservation Congress and the National Conservation Association, attendation, the two organizations are working closely together along the same lines. The Congress confines its work to an annual gathering of citizens appointed by State and municipal officials as delegates. The Association maintains a permanent working organization through-

municipal officials as detegates. The association country year.

The second National Conservation Congress net at St. Paul, Minn., September, 1910, the third at Kansas City, Mo., September, 1911, and the fourth at Indianapolis, Ind., October, 1912. The officers of the Congress elected at Kansas City are:

President, J. B. White, Kansas City, Mo. Executive Secretary, Thomas R. Shipp, Washington, D. C. Treasurer, D. Austin Latchaw, Kansas City, Mo. Recording Secretary, James C. Gipe, Clarks, La.

The American Forestry Association.

THE American Forestry Association whose headquarters are at 1410 H Street, N. W., Washing, D. C., was organized in 1882, and incorporated in January, 1897, with the following objects:

1. The promotion of a businesslike and conservative use and treatment of the forest resources

of this country.

2. The advancement of legislation tending to this end both by the States and the Congress of the

United States, the inauguration of forest administration by the Federal Government and by the States, and the extension of sound forestry by all proper methods.

3. The diffusion of knowledge regarding the conservation, management, and renewal of forests, the proper utilization of their products, methods of reforestation of waste lands, and the planting

The Association desires and needs as members all who are interested in promoting the objects for which it is organized—all who realize the importance of using the natural resources of the country in such a manner as not to exhau-t them, or to work ruin to other interests. In particularit appeals to owners of woodlands, to lumbernen and foresters, as well as to engineers, professional and business men who have to do with wood and its manifold uses, and to persons concerned in the conservation of water supplies for irrigation and other purposes.

The Association has a membership of several thousands, residents of every State in the Union,

Canada and foreign countries. A magazine, American Forestry, is published monthly and the subscription and membership fees are \$3.00 a year. The officers of the Association are:

President—Robert P. Bass, of New Hampshire: Treasurer—Otto Luebkert, Washington, D. C.;

Executive Secretary—P. S. Ridsdale, Washington, D. C.

United States Bureau of Plant Andustry.

THE Bureau of Plant Industry studies plant life in all its relations to agriculture. It investigates the diseases of fruit and forest trees, truck crops and other plants, and carries on field tests and demonstrations of their control and prevention. It studies the bacteriological problems connected with plant production and also the factors of plant nutrition. It is engaged in the improvement of crops by breeding and selection and the acclimatization and adaptation of new crops and varieties. It is encouraging the production of drug-producing crops, tea, and other special crops, and is studying the great physiological problems influencing the growth of plants. It is conducting a campalgn for the eradication of poisonous plants, especially in the vast stock-grazing areas of the West. It is investigating various technological problems in connection with crop production, particularly with reference to fibre and paper-producing plants and to the standardization and handling of cotton and grain. It is engaged in the study of various plasses of economic botany and in the devising of methods for the improvement of torest-grazing areas. It is currying on a propaganda in the interest of good seeds for the farmer and the improvement in the quality of farm seeds. It is conducting extensive work in the breeding and testing of the principal field crops, such as the small grains, corn. cotton, tobacco, forage crops, and sugar-producing plants, with special reference to the improvement of these crops. It is engaged in the operation of testing stations in the semi-arid regions for the cooperative investigation of the problems encountered in crop production under the conditions existing in those areas. The adaptation and breeding of crops is a special feature of this work, which also includes physical determinations of the factors influencing plant growth in those regions. The Burean is conducting farm management investigations throughout the country to devise improved methods of crops by breeding and selection and the acclimatization and adaptation of new crops and varieties. It is conducting farm management investigations throughout the country to devise improved methods of farm management and farm practice.

In the South it is carrying on farmers' co-operative demonstration work, with special reference to the boll-weevil situation and its amelioration. It is conducting horticultural studies of garden crops and maintains an experimental farm for this and other lines of the work of the bureau. It is engaged in investigations of the marketing, transportation, and storage of fruits and in the general upbuilding of the fruit industry. It maintains greenhouses and trial grounds for the work of plant propagation and improvement. It is engaged in the introduction of seeds and plants from foreign countries and in the operation of plant introduction and testing gardens to aid in the development of new plant industries. It is also expraved in the Congressional distribution of seeds and plants.

new plant industries. It is also engaged in the Congressional distribution of seeds and plants.

Errigation Statistics.

(From a Report Issued by the Census Office.)

The total number of farms irrigated in 1909 in the arid and semiarid States, comprising all or parts of Arlzona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansasa, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, and part of Texas, was 157,862, against 107.716 in 1899, an increase of 50,146, or 46.6 per cent. Between 1899 and 1909 the whole number of farms in the States mentioned increased 31.3 per cent. Additional irrigated farms, totalling 4,320, in the rice belt of Arkansas, Louislana and Texas, and 2,228 others in the hundi States, most of which were truck gardens, were also reported. The total number of farms on which irrigation was practised in Continental United States was 164,410 in 1909 against 108,218 in 1899, an increase of 56 192 or 519 per cent.

in the humid States, most of which were truck gardens, were also reported. The total number of farms on which irrigation was practised in Cottlenetal United States was 14,410 in 1909 against 7.527,690 acres not provided in the orid and semiarid States was 13,739,499 acres in 1909, against 7.527,690 acres in 1899, an increase of 6.211,809 acres or \$2.5 per cent. In the rice States 664,730 acres and in the humid States 28,919 acres were trigated in 1909, making the total acreage trigated 14,463,148 acres in 1909 against 7,539,545 acres in 1899, an increase of 6,923,603 acres, or 91.8 per cent. In the arid and semiarid States alone the acreage which all enterprises were capable of irrigating in 1910 was 19,335,711 acres, an excess of 5,596,212 acres over the acreage trigated in 1909. The area included in projects either completed or under construction was, in the arid and semiarid States, 31,112,110 acres in 1910, an excess of 17,372,611 acres over the acreage irrigated in 1909. These figures indicate in a general way the area which will be available within the next few years for the extension of irrigation, and show that the area irrigated in 1909 can be more than doubled without undertaking new enterprises.

The total cost of irrigation systems reported in the arid and semiarid States was \$304,699,450 in 1910, against \$67,482,261 in 1899, an increase of \$23.7,217,189, or 351.5 per cent. The average cost per acre was \$15.76 in 1910, against \$8.50 in 1899, an increase of \$6.87, or 77.3 per cent. The average cost of operation and maintenance per acre was \$1.07 in 1909. The cost of all plants in the rice States was \$12.877,352, making \$317,576,802 the total cost of all enterprises reporting in 1910, except those in the humid States. No report was secured on cost of all enterprises reporting in 1910, except those in the humid States. No report was secured on cost of enterprises in the humid States, for the reason that water for irrigation in those States is usually obtained from city water-works or other plants not c

works or other plants not constructed primarily for irrigation purposes.

National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry.

Master—Oliver Wilson, Peorla, III. Occreer—L. H. Healey, North Woodstock, Ct. Lecturer—N. P. Hull, Dimondale, Mich. Steward—D. C. Mullen, Nampa, Idaho. Assistant Steward—George R. Shaefer, Appleton, Wis. Chaplain—C. F. Smith, Morrisville, Vt. Treaswere—Mrs. Eva S. McDowell, Wellesley, Mass. Secretary—C. M. Freeman, Tippecano City, Ohio. Gate Keeper—A. B. Judson, Balfour, Iowa. Ceres—Mrs. E. E. Pattee, Plymouth, N. H. Flora—Mrs. Ida Judson, Balfour, Iowa. Pomona—Mrs. Cordelia Atkeson, Morgantown, W. Va. L. A. Sward—Mrs. Mary A. Smith, Morrisville, Vt. High Priest—George W. F. Gaunt, Mullica Hill, N. J. Priest Archon—Oliver Wilson, Peorla, III. Priest Annalist—F. E. Marchant, Kingston, R. I.

The following proposed legislation is favored by the National Grange, representing the farmers of the United States:

of the United States:

1. Free delivery of malls in the rural districts be placed upon the same permanent footing as the delivery of malls in the cities, and the appropriations to be commensurate with the demands and the benefits of the service. 2. Postal savings banks. 3. Election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. 4. An amendment to the Constitution granting the power to Congress to regulate and control all corporations and combinations. 5. Enlargement of the powers and duties of the Interstate Commerce Commission, giving it authority to determine what changes shall be made or what practices are discriminative or unreasonable, and their findings to be immediately operative and so to continue until overruled by the courts. 6. Regulation of the use of shoddy. 7. Pure food laws. 8. Extension of the markets for farm products equally with manufactured articles. 9. An anti-trust law, clearly defining what acts on the part of any corporation would be detrimental to public welfare. 10. The speedy construction of a ship canal connecting the Mississippl River with the Great Lakes and the Great Lakes with the Atlantic Ocean. 11. Revision of the fees and salaries of all Federal officers, and placing them on a basis of similar service in private business. 12. Parcels post, telephone and telegraph in the mall service. 13. National and State aid to improve the public highways. Free delivery of mails in the rural districts be placed upon the same permanent footing as the

The Bublic Lands of the United States.

(Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the General Land Office.)
TABULAR statement showing area of public lands vacant and subject to entry and settlement the public land States and Territories, June 30, 1912:

STATE OR TERRITORY.		Jnappropriat Unreservad.		STATE OR TERRITORY.	AREA UNAPPROPRIATED AND UNRESERVED.		
SIZIE OZ TEZANION,	Surveyed.	Unsurveyed	Total.			Unsurveyed	Total.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Alabama	93,040	1,600	94,640	Missouri	1,197		1,19
Alaska		368,010,643	368,010,643	Montana	13,697,086		29,053,99
Arigona	12,003,186	28,592,537	40,595,723	Nebraska	832,750		832,75
Arkansas	436,210	82,000	518,210	Nevada	28,844,824	26,230,679	55,075,50
California	17,671,839	5,343,499	23,015,338	New Mexico	22,241,833	11,329,650	33,571,48
Colorado	17,684,401	1,564,797	19,249,198	North Dakota	1,354,571		1,354,57
Florida	240,408	155.531	395,939	Ohio			*******
Idaho	7,172,856	11,757,537	18,930,393	Oklahoma	39,525		39.52
Illinois				Oregon	13,141,921	8,746,148	16,888,96
Indiana			•••••	South Dakota	4,039,892	81,920	4,121,81
Iowa				Utah	12,011,921	22,037,256	34,049,17
Kansas			91,328	Washington	1,106,783	761,306	1,868,08
Louisiana	69,198		69,198	Wi-consin	11,520		11,52
Michigan	92,544		92,544	Wyoming	30,905,022	2,570,720	33,475,74
Minnesota	1,505,775		1,525,775	1 "			
Mississippi	52,400		52,400	Grand Total	185,362,030	497,622,732	682,984,76

*The numberved lands in Alaska ard mostly unsurveyed and unappropriated.

Cash receipts of General Land Office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1912: From sales of public lands, 86,671,718.54, cales of Indian lands, 82,284,558.37; sales of reclamation town lots and water-right charges, \$914,542.31; depredation on public lands, sales of Government property, copies of records and plats, and sales of tumber in Alaska, \$102,248.78. Total receipts

for the year, \$9,973,048.

Area of public and Indian lands originally entered during the fiscal year, 14,574,688.82 acres; area of land patented.

The total number of entries made, acres sold and amount received therefor under the Timber and Stone acts of June 3, 1876, and August 4, 1892, were: From June 3, 1876, to June 20, 1912; Entries, 9,541; acres, 12,999,788.06; amount, \$32,274,835.36. UNITED STATES LAND OFFICES.

	U.	NITED STAT	ES LAND OFFICE	·>.	
STATE OR TERRITORY.	Laud Office.	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Land Office.	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Land Office.
Alabama	Montgomery.	Michigan	Marquette.	Oklahoma	El Reno.
Alaska	Fairbanks.		Cass Lake.	"	Guthrie.
**	Juneau.	***	Crookston.		Woodward.
**	Nome.		Duluth.	Oregon	Burns.
Arizona			Jackson.		La Grande
Arkansas	Camden.		Springfield,	**	Lakeview.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Harrison.		Billings.		Portland.
"	Little Rock.		Bozeman.		Roseburg.
California	Eureka.	**	Glasgow,	**	The Dalles.
	Independence.	**	Great Falls.		Vale.
**	Los Angeles.		Havre.	So. Dakota	Bellefourche.
**	Redding.	**	Helena.		Chamberlain.
"	Sacramento.		Kalispell.		Gregory.
**	San Francisco.		Lewistown.		Lemmon.
	Susanville.		Miles City.		Pierre.
**	Visalia,		Missoula,		Rapid City,
Colorado		Nebraska	Alliance.	**	Timber Lake.
**	Denver.		Broken Bow.		Salt Lake City.
	Durango.		Lincoln.	**	Vernal.
**	Glenwood Springs.		North Platte.	Washington.	North Yakima.
**	Hugo.		O'Neill.		Olympia.
**	Lamar.		Valentine.		Seattle.
"	Leadville.	Nevada	Carson City.		Spokane.
**	Montrose.	New Mexico.	Clayton.		Vancouver.
	Pueblo.		Las Cruces.		Walla Walla,
**	Sterling.		Roswell.		Waterville.
Florida	Gainesville.		Santa Fé.	Wisconsin	Wausau.
Idaho	Blackfoot.		Fort Sumner.	Wyoming	Buffalo.
**	Boisé.		Tucumcari.		Chevenne.
**	Cœur d'Alene.	No. Dakota	Bismarck,	**	Douglas,
**	Hailey.		Devil's Lake.	**	Evanston.
**	Lewiston.		Dickinson.	**	Lander.
Kansas		**	Fargo.		Sundance.
	Topeka.		Minot,	1	
Louisiana	Baton Rouge.		Williston.	}	

White House Rules.

THE following rules have been arranged for the conduct of business at the Executive Offices during the Winter of 1912-13:

The Cabinet will meet on Tuesdays and Fridays from 11 A. M. until 1 P. M. Senators and Representatives having constituents whom they desire merely to present to the President will be received from 10 to 10.30 A. M. excepting on Cabinet days.

Senators and Representatives having business to transact will be received from 10.30 A. M. to 12 M., Senators and Representatives having business to transact will be received from 10.30 A. M. to 12 M., Senators and Representatives having business to transact will be received from 10.30 A. M. to 12 M., appointment before calling, as many will have first made appointments in this way, and those calling without appointments are therefore necessarily delayed in seeing the President.

Visitors having business with the President will be admitted from 12 M. to 1 P. M. daily, excepting Cabinet days, by appointments previously fixed.

The East Room will be open daily, Sundays excepted for the inspection of visitors, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

Interest Laws and Statutes of Limitations.

_	INTE	REST LAWS.		ATUTES			INTE	REST LAWS.		MITATIO	
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Legal Rate.	Rate Allowed by Contract.	Judg- ments, Years.	Notes, Years.	Open Ac- counts, Years.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Rate.	Rate Allowed by Contract.	Judg- ments, Years.	Notes, Years.	Open Ac- counts. Years.
Alabama	Per ct.	Per et.	20	6	3	Montana	Per ct.	Per ct. Any rate.	10(2)	8	5
Alaska	8	12	10	6	i	Nebraska	7	10	5##	5	4
Arkansas		10	10	5	3	Nevada	7	Any rate,	6**	4	4
Arizona	6	12	5	4	3	N. Hampshire	6	6	20	6	6
California	7	Any rate.	5	4	4	New Jersey	6	6	20	6	6
Colorado	8	Any rate.	20	6	6	New Mexico	ĕ	12	7	- 6	4
Connecticut	6	6	(0)	(e)	6	New York	6		20(n)	6	655
Delaware	6	6	10	61	3	North Carolina	6	6	10	3*	3
D. of Columbia	6	10	12	3	3	North Dakota.	7	12	10(m)	6	655
Florida	8	10	20	51	2	Ohio	6	8	15(p)	15	6
Georgia	7	8	7	6	4	Oklahoma	6	10	5(h)	5	3
Idaho	7	12	6	5	4 5	Oregon	6	10	10	6	6
Illinois	5	7°	20	10	5	Pennsylvania .	6	6	5 (f)	6	6
Indiana	6	8	20	10	6	Rhode Island.	65	Auy rate.	20	6	6
Iowa	6	\mathbf{s}	20(d)	10	5	South Carolina	7	8	10	6	6
Kansas	6	10	5	5	3	South Dakota.	7	12	10(7)	6	6
Kentucky	6	6	15	15	5(a)	Tennessee	6	6	10	6	6
Louisiana	5	8	10	5	3	Texas	6	10	10;;	4	2
Maine	6	Any rate.	20	6(4)	655	Utah	8	12	8	6	4
Maryland	6	6	12	3	3	Vermont	6	6	8	6	655
Massachusetts.	6	Any rate.	20	6	6	Virginia	6	6	20	5*	21
Michigan	5	7.	10	6	6	Washington	6	12	6	6	3
Minnesota	7	10	10	6	6	West Virginia.	6	6	10	10	5
Mississippi	6	8	.7	.6	3	Wisconsin	6	10	20(n)	6	6
Missouri	6	8	10	10	5	Wyoming	8	12	21	5	8

* Under seal, 10 years. § Unless a different rate is expressly stipulated. § Under seal, 20 years. *Underseal, 10 years. § Unless a different rate is expressly stipulated. § Under seal, 20 years. Store accounts other accounts 3 years; accounts between merchants years. It New York has by arecent law legalized any rate of interest on call loans of \$5,000 or upward, on collateral security. It Becomes domain, but may be revived. § Six years from last item. (a) Accounts between merchants 2 years. (b) In courts not of record 5 years. (c) Witnessed 20 years. (d) Twenty years in Courts of Record; in Justice's Court 10 years. (e) Negotiable notes 6 years, non-negotiable 17 years. (f) Ceases to be a lien after that period, unless revived. (h) On foreign judgments 1 year. (f) Ten years foreign, 20 years domestic. (m) Subject to renewal. (n) Not of record 6 years. (o) No limit. (p) Foreign. Domestic 6 years.

Penalties for usury differ in the various States, California, Colorado, Maiue, Massachusett (except on loans of less than \$1,000, Montana and Nevada have no provisions on the subject. Loss of principal and interest is the penalty in Arkansas and New York. Loss of principal in Delaware and Oregon.

aud Oregon.

Loss of interest in Alabama, Alaska, District of Columbia, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina (double amount if paid), North Dakota (double amount if paid), Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Virginia, Washington (double amount if paid), Wisconsin, Hawaii, and Wyoming.

Loss of excess of interest in Connecticut, Georgia, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, New Hampshire (three times), New Mexico, Ohlo, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont, and West Virginia. Loss of principal and interest in Rhode Island, also fine or imprisonment.

New York Bublic Service Commissioners.

FIRST DISTRICT-Office, 154 Nassau Street, New York City.

William R. Willcox, Chairman, Manhattan, New York; holds office until February 1, 1913. George V. S. Williams, Brooklyn; holds office until February 1, 1917. J. Sergeant Cran, Manhattan, New York; holds office until February 1, 1916. Milo Roy Maltbie, Manhattan, New York; holds office until February 1, 1915. John E. Eustis, Manhattan, New York; holds office until February 1, 1914. Secretary-Travis H Whitney.

SECOND DISTRICT-Office, The Capitol, Albany, N. Y.

Frank W. Stevens, Chairman, Jamestown; holds office until February 1,1913. John B. Olmsted, Buffalo; holds office until confirmation of successor. Winfield A. Huppuch, Hudson Falls; holds office until February 1, 1916. Martin S. Decker, New Paltz; holds office until February 1, 1915. James E. Sague, New Hamburg; holds office until February 1, 1914. Secretary—John S. Kennedy.

The jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of the First District extends to railroads and street railroads lying exclusively within that district, to any common carrier operating exclusively within that district, and to the manufacture, sale and d'stribution of gas and electricity for light, heat and power in that district. In addition the Commission of the First District is of exercise the powers heretofore conferred upon the Board of Rapid Transit Railroad Commissioners. All jurisdiction not specifically granted to the Public Service Commission of the First District is granted to the Public Service Commission of the First District is granted to the Public Service Commission of the Second District. The annual salary of each Public Service Commissioner is \$15,000; of their Secretary, \$6,000, and of their Connsel, \$10,000. Note-For complete summary of the jurisdiction and scope conferred by the New York Public Service act, see page 102 of 1912 Almanac. The jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of the First District extends to railroads

Wassport Regulations. '

RULES governing the granting and issuing of passports in the United States:

1. By Whom Issued and Refusal to Issue.—No one but the Secretary of State may grant and issue passports in the United States (Revised Statutes, sections 4075, 4018), and he is empowered to refuse them in his discretion.

Passports are not issued by American diplomatic and consular officers abroad, except in cases of emergency; and a citizen who is abroad and desires to procure a passport must apply therefor through the nearest diplomatic or consular officer to the Secretary of State.

Applications for passports by persons in Porto Rico or the Philippines should be made to the Chief Executives of those islands. The evidence required of such applicants is the same as that required of applicants in the United States.

2. Fee.—By act of Congress approved March 23, 1883, a fee of one dollar is required to be collected for every citizen's passport.

The model of the description of the content of the cont

3. APPLICATIONS.—A person who is entitled to receive a passport, if within the United States, must make a written application, in the form of an affidavit, to the Secretary of State. The application must be made by the person to whom the passport is to be issued and signed by him, as it is not competent for one person to apply for another.

The affidavit must be attested by an officer authorized to administer oaths, and if he has an official seal it must be affixed. If he

The affidavit must be attested by an officer authorized to administer oaths, and it he has an omena seal it must be amized. It he has no seal, his official character must be authenticated by certificate of the proper legal officer.

If the applicant signs by mark, two attesting witnesses to his signature are required. The applicant is required to state the date and place of his birth, his occupation, the place of his permanent residence and within what length of time he will return to the United States with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship.

The applicant must take the oath of allegance to the Government of the United States.

The application must take the oath of allegance to the Government of the United States.

Age, — years; stature, — feet — inches (English measure); forehead, —; eyes, —; nose, —; mouth, —; chin,

The application may be accompanied by a certificate from at least one credible witness that the applicant is the person he represents himself to be, and that the facts stated in the affidavit are true to the best of the witness's knowledge and belief.

native clitzens; but

A person of the Chinese race, alleging birth in the United States, must obtain from the Commissioner of Immigration
or Chinese inspector in charge at the port through which he proposes to leave the country a certificate upon his application,
under the seal of such officer, showing that there has been granted to him by the latter a return certificate in accordance
with rule 15 of the Chinese Regulations of the Department of Commerce and Labor. For this purpose special blank forms of

application for passports are provided.

Passports issued by the Department of State or its diplomatic or consular representatives are intended for identification and protection in foreign countries, and not to facilitate entry into the United States, immigration being under the supervision

of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

- 5. A Person Born Abroad Whose Father Was a Native Citizen of the United States.—In addition to the statements required by rule 3, his application must show that his father was born in the United States, resided therein, and was a citizen at the time of the applicant's birth. The Department may require that this additact be supported by that of one other citizen acquainted with the facts.
- 6. NATURALIZED CITIZENS.—In addition to the statements required by rule 3, a naturalized citizen must transmit his certificate of naturalization, or a duty certified copy of the court record thereof, with his application. It will be returned to him after inspection. He must state in his affidavit when and from what port he emigrated to this country, and that his phe sailed on, where he has lived since this critical in the United States, when and before what court he was naturalized, and that he is the identical person described in the certificate of naturalization. The signature to the application should conform in orthography to the applicant's name as written in his certificate of naturalization, or an explanation of the difference should be submitted.
- 7. Woman's Application .- If she is unmarried, in addition to the statements required by rule 3, she should state that she has never been married. It she is the wife or widow of a native citizen of the United States the fart should be made to appear in her application which should be made to according to the form prescribed for a native citizen whether she was born in this country or abroad. If she is the wife or widow of a naturalized citizen, in addition to the statements required by rule 3, shemust transmit for inspection her husband's certificate of naturalization, or a certified copy of the court record thereof, must state that she is the wife (or widow) of the person described therein, and must set forth the facts of his emigration, naturalization, and residence, as required in the rules governing the application of a naturalized citizen. A married woman citizenship follows that of her husband so far as her international status is concerned. It is essential, therefore, that a word? marrial relations be indicated in her application for a passport, and that in the case of a married woman her husband's citizenship be established.
- 8. The GHLO OF A NATURALIZED CITIEN CLAIMING CITIZENSHIP THROUGH THE NATURALIZATION OF THE PARENT.—In addition to the statements required by rule 3, the applicant must state that he or she is the son or daughter, as the case may be, of the person described in the certificate of naturalization, which must be submitted for inspection, and must set forth the facts of emigration, unduralization, and residence, as required in the rule governing the application of a naturalized citizen.
- 9. A RESIDENT OF AN INSULAR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES WHO OWES ALLEGIANCE TO THE UNITED STATES.—In addition to the statements required by rule 3, he must state that he owes allegiance to the United States and that he does not acknowledge allegiance to any other government; and must ambuit afficient states two credible witnesses having good means of knowledge in substantiation of his statements of birth, residence, and loyalty.
- 10. Expraxion of Passport.—A passport expires two years from the date of its issuance. A new one will be issued upon 3 new application, and if the applicant be a naturalized citizen, the old passport will be accepted in lieu of a certificate of naturalized ton, if the application upon which it was issued is found to contain sufficient information as to the naturalization of the applicant-Passports are not renewed by the Department, but a person abroad holding a passport issued by the Department may have it renewed for a period of two years upon presenting it to a diplomatic or principal consular officer of the United States when it is about to expire.
- 11. Wife, Minor Children, and Servants.—When the applicant is accompanied by his wife, ininor children, or servant who would be entitled to receive a passport, it will be sufficient to state the fact, giving the respective ages of the children and the allegiance of the servant, when one passport will suffice for all. For any other person the party a separate passport will be required. A woman's passport may include her minor children and servant under the above-named conditions. The term servant does not include a governess, tutor, pupil, companion, or person holding like reliations to the applicant for a passport.

12. TITLES.-Professional and other titles will not be inserted in passports.

- 13. BLANK FORMS OF APPLICATION.—They will be furnished by the Department to persons who desire to apply for passports, but are not furnished, except as samples, to those who make a business of procuring passports.
- 14. Address .- Communications should be addressed to the Department of State, Bureau of Citizenship, and each communication should give the post-office address of the person to whom the answer is to be directed.

Section 4075 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the act of Congress, approved June 14, 1902, provides that "the Secretary of State may grant and issue passports, and cause passports to be granted, issued, and verified in foreign countries by such diplomatic or consular officers of the United States, and by such for or other executive officer of the insular possessions of the United States, and on the United States and prescribe for and on behalf of the United States," the foregoing rules are accordingly prescribed for the issuing and granting of passports in the United States.

The Secretary of State is authorized to make regulatious on the subject of granting and issuing passports additional to these rules and not become them.

these rules and not inconsistent with them.

THE following paraphrase and condensation of the naturalization laws of the United States have been revised by the Chief of the Division of Naturalization of the Department of Commerce and Labor, and Includes such minor changes in the law as were provided by the recent amendments embodied in the act of Congress, approved June 25, 1910.

The following courts alone have the power to naturalize allens: United States Circuit or District Courts

The following courts alone have the power to naturalize aliens: United States Circuit or District Courts now existing, or which may hereafter be established by Congress in any State. United States District Courts for the Territories of Hawaii and Alaska, also all courts of record in any State or Territory now existing, or which may hereafter be created, having a scal, a clerk and jurisdiction in actions at law or equity, or law and equity, in which the amount in controversy is unlimited.

The power to naturalize, conferred upon the above mentioned courts, is limited to persons residing within the geographical limits over which their respective jurisdiction extends.

DECLARATION OF INTENTION.

Any allen who is a white person, or of African nativity or African descent, is required, if he desires to become naturalized, to file a decturation of intention in the clerk's office of any court having jurisdiction over the place in which he lives, and such declaration may not be filed until the allen has reached the age of eighteen years. This declaration must contain information as to the name, age, occupation, time and place of arrival in the United States, and must further show that it is the declarant's bona fide intention to become a citizen of the United States and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject.

Any allen who has filed a declaration of intention before September 27, 1906, and has continued to reside in the United States since such declaration was filed, is not required to file a new declaration. Allens of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who have been honorably discharged from service in the armies of the United States, either regular or volunteer, are not required to make a declaration of intention.

tion of Intention.

Any allen, of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who has served five consecutive years in the United States navy or one enlistment in the United States marine corps, may be admitted to citizenship without any previous declaration of Intention.

The widow and children who are under age at the time that an alien who has made his declaration of intention has died, without having secured a certificate of naturalization, are also exempted from the necessity of filing a declaration of intention.

The minor children of alien parents who, through misinformation as to the law governing the value of declaration of intention as the stepping stone to citizenship, have neglected to comply fully with the naturalization laws will be required to pass through the same formalities as are provided for the admission.

naturalization laws will be required to pass through the same formalities as are provided for the admission to citizenship of adult aliens under the operation of the naturalization laws as amended by the act approved June 25, 1910.

By act of June 25, 1910, any person who on May 1, 1905, was an inhabitant and qualified to become a citizen of the United States and who for the five years preceding May 1, 1910, has resided in the United States continuously and who, because of misinformation in regard to his citizenship, has in good faith exercised the rights and duties of a citizen of the United States because of wrongfull information and belief, may, upon proof of these facts satisfactory to a court having jurisdiction to naturalize aliens, petition for naturalization without filing the required declaration of intention upon compliance with the other requirements of the law.

PETITIONS FOR NATURALIZATION.

Not less than two years after an allen has filed his declaration of intertion, and after not less than five years' continuous residence in the United States, he may file a petition for citizenship in any one of the courts above stated which has jurisdiction over the place in which he resides, provided he has lived at least one year continuously, immediately prior to the filling of such petition for the State one the state or Territory in which such place is located. This petition must be signed by the petitioner in his own handwriting and shall give his full name, place of residence, occupation, place of birth and the date thereof, the place from which he emigrated, and the date and place of his arrival in the United States. If such arrival occurred subsequent to the passage of the act of June 29, 1906, he must secure a certificate from the Department of Commerce and Labor showing the fact of such arrival and the date and place thereof, and present such certificate to the clerk of the court to be attached to his petition. If he is married he must state the name of his wife and, if possible, the country of her nativity and her place of residence at the time of the filling of his petition, and, if he has children, the name, date and place of birth and present place of residence of each living child. The petition must set forth that he is not a believer in or opposed to organized government, or a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of presons teaching disbelief in or opposition to organized government; that he is not a polygamist or a believer in the practice of polygamy, and that he absolutely and forever renounces all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign country of which he may, at the time of filing such petitioner, but all the process of the continuously during the elitioner with the such as a file with the such as a file with the such as a file with the such as a file with the such as a file with the such as a file with the such as a file with the process of the Constitution of the United

No petition may be heard until the expiration of at least ninety days after it is filed nor within thirty days preceding a general election. At the hearing upon a petition, which shall be at a date fixed by order of the court, the witnesses are required to again attend and testify in open court so that the judge or judges thereof may be satisfied that the petitioner is qualified and that he has compiled with all the requirements of the law.

ments of the law.

ments of the law.

Any allen who has borne a hereditary title or been a member of an order or nobility must renounce such title or position expressly before becoming naturalized. No alien may become naturalized, if physically capable, who does not speak the English language.

Allens who are admitted to clizenship by order in open court will be required to take the oath of allegiance and thereafter will be entitled to a certificate of naturalization.

The law also provides as to those persons, who though not clizens owe permanent allegiance to the United States, and who may become clizens of any State c. organized Territory of the United States, the they may be naturalized upon compliance with all the requirements of the law, except that they will not be called upon to renounce allegiance to any foreign sovereignty.

At the time of filing his declaration of interrion an alien is required to pay to the clerk of the court a fee of one dollar. At the time of filing a polition for naturalization a petitioner is required to pay to the clerk of the court a fee of one dollar. This latter fee is for the cost of recording the petition and hearing the case, as well as for the issuance, if the petition is granted, of the certificate of naturalization.

CHINESE.

The National Pure Food Law.

THE Pure Food act, approved June 30, 1906, is entitled "An act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded or poisonous or dele-

THE Fure Food act, approved June 30, 1906, is entitled An act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded or poisonous or deleterlous foods, drugs, medicines and liquors, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes." It took effect by its terms on January 1, 1907.

The first section of the act makes it unlawful for any person to manufacture within the District of Columbia or any Territory, any article of food or drug which is adulterated or misbranded, under a penalty not to exceed \$500, or one year's imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the court for the first offence, and not to exceed \$1,000 and one year's imprisonment, or both, for each subsequent offence.

Sec. 2 of the act makes it applicable to food or drugs introduced into any State from any other State, and from or to any foreign country.

Sec. 3. That the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall make uniform rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions of this act, including the collection and examination of specimens of foods and drugs manufactured or offered for sale in the District of Columbia, or in any Territory of the United States, or which shall be offered for sale in unbroken packages in any State other than that in which they shall have been respectively manufactured or produced, or which shall be received from any foreign country, or intended for shipment to any foreign country, or which may be submitted for examination by the chief health, food, or drug officer of any State. Territory, or the District of Columbia, or at any domestic or foreign port through which such product is offered for interstate commerce, or for export or import between the United States and any foreign port or country, specimens of foods and drugs shall be made.

the District of Columbia, or at any domestic or foreign port through which such product is offered for interstate commerce, or for export or import between the United States and any foreign port or country.

Sec. 4. That the examinations of specimens of foods and drugs shall be made in the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, or under the direction and supervision of such bureau, for the purpose of determining from such examinations whether such articles are adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act; and if it shall appear from any such examination that any of such specimens is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall cause notice thereof to be given to the party from whom such sample was obtained. Any party so notified shall be given an opportunity to be heard, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed as aforesaid, and if it appears that any of the provisions of this act have been violated by such party, then the Secretary of Agriculture shall at once certify the facts to the proper United States District-Atorney, with a copy of the results of the analysis or the examination, under the oath of such article duly authenticated by the analyst or officer making such examination, under the oath of such officer. After judgment of the court, notice shall be given by publication in such manner as may be prescribed by the rules and regulations aforesaid.

Sec. 5. That it shall be the duty of each District-Atorney to whom the Secretary of Agriculture shall report any violation of this act, or to whom any health or food or drug efficer or agent of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia shall present satisfactory evidence of any such violation, to cause appropriate proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted in the proper courts of the United States, without delay, for the enforcement of the penalties as in such case herein provided.

The sections descriptive of the articles which come within the scope of the act are

as follows:

"Sec. 6. The term 'drug,' as used in this act, shall include all medicines and preparations, recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary for internal or external use, and any substance or mixture of substances intended to be used for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease of either man or other animals. The term 'food,' as used herein, shall include all articles used for food, drink, confectionery or condiment by man or other animals, whether simple, mixed or compound.
"Sec. 7. For the purposes of this act an article shall be deemed to be adulterated:"

"Sec. 7. For the purposes of this act an article shall be deemed to be adulterated:"
In case of drugs:
"First. If, when a drug is sold under or by a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary, it differs from the standard of strength, quality or purity, as determined by the test laid down in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary official at the time of investigation: Provided, That no drug defined in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary shall be deemed to be adulterated under this provision of the standard of strength, quality or purity be plainly stated upon the bottle, box or other container thereof, although the standard may differ from that determined by the test laid down in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary. "Second. If this strength or purity fall below the professed standard or quality under which it is sold."

In the case of confectionery.

In the case of confectionery: in the case of connectionery:
"If it contain terra alba, barytes, talc, chrome yellow, or other mineral substance or poisonous color or flavor, or other ingredient deleterious or detrimental to health, or any vinous, malt or spirituous liquor or compound or narcotic drug."

In the case of cod:
"First. If any substance has been mixed and packed with it so as to reduce, or lower,

or injuriously affect its quality or strength.

Second. If any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for the article. Second. If any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for the article. Third. If any valuable constituent of the article has been wholly or in part extracted. Fourth. If it be mixed, colored, powdered, coated, or stained in a manner whereby

damage or inferiority is concealed

damage or inferiority is concealed.

"Fifth. If it contain any added poisonous or other added deleterious ingredient which may render such article injurious to health: Provided, That when in the preparation of food products for shipment they are preserved by any external application applied in such manner that the preservative is necessarily removed mechanically, or by maceration in water, or otherwise, and directions for the removal of said preservatives shall be printed on the covering of the package, the provisions of this act shall be construed as applying only when said products are ready for consumption.

"Sixth. If it consists in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal or vegetable substance, or any portion of an animal unfit for food, whether manufactured or

THE NATIONAL PURE FOOD LAW-Continued,

not, or if it is the product of a diseased animal, or one that has died otherwise than by

slaughter. "Sec. 8. slaughter.

"Sec. 8. The term 'misbranded,' used herein, shall apply to all drugs, or articles, or food, or articles which enter into the composition of food, the package or label of which shall bear any statement, design, or device regarding such article, or the ingredients or substances contained therein which shall be false or misleading in any particular, and to any food or drug product which is falsely branded as to the State, Territory, or country in which it is manufactured or produced.

"That for the purposes of this act, an article shall also be deemed to be misbranded."

In case of drugs:

"First If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the page of another article."

"First. If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the name of another article, "Second. If the contents of the package as originally put up shall have been removed, in whole or in part, and other contents shall have been placed in such package, or if the package fail to bear a statement on the label of the quantity or proportion of any alcohol, morphine, opium, cocaine, heroin, alpha or beta eucaine, chloroform, cannabis indica, chloral hydrate are generallide, or any devicative or preparetion of any such substances contained hydrate or acetanilide, or any derivative or preparation of any such substances contained therein.

"Third. If its package or label shall bear or contain any statement, design, or device regarding the curative or therapeutic effect of such article or any of the ingredients or substances contained therein, which is false and fraudulent."

In case of food:

"First. If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the distinctive name of

"First. If the can initiation of the another article.
"Second. If it be labelled or branded so as to deceive or mislead the purchaser, or purport to be a foreign product when not so, or if the contents of the package as originally put to be a foreign product when not so, or in part and other contents shall have been up shall have been removed in whole or in part and other contents shall have been placed in such package, or if it fail to bear a statement on the label of the quantity or proportion of any morphine, opium, cocaime, heroin, alpha or beta eucaime, chloroform, cannabis indica, chloral hydrate, or acetanilide, or any derivative or preparation of any such substance contained therein.

form, cannabis indica, chloral hydrate, or acetanilide, or any derivative or preparation of any such substance contained therein.

"Third. If in package form, and the contents are stated in terms of weight or measure, they are not plainly or correctly stated on the outside of the package. "Fourth. If the package containing it or its label shall bear any statement, design or device regarding the ingredients or the substances contained therein, which statement, design or device shall be false or misleading. In any particular: Provided, That am article of food which does not contain any added poisonous or deleterious ingredients shall not be deemed to be adulterated or misbranded in the following cases:

"First. In the case of mixtures or compounds which may be now or from time to time hereafter known as articles of food, under their own distinctive names, and not an imitation of or offered for sale under their own distinctive names, and not an imitation of or offered for sale under the distinctive name of another article, if the name be accompamied on the same label or brand with a statement of the place where said article has been manufactured or produced.

"Second. In the case of articles labelled, branded or tagged so as to plainly indicate that they are compounds, imitations or blends, and the word of compound, 'imitation' or 'blend,' as the case may be, is plainly stated on the package in which it is offered for sale: Provided, That the term blend as used herein shall be construed to mean a mixture of like substances, not excluding harmless coloring or flavoring ingredients used for the purpose of coloring and flavoring only: And provided further, That nothing in this act shall be construed as requiring or compelling proprietors or manufacturers of proprietary foods which contain unwholesome added ingredients to disclose their trade formulas, except in so far as the provisions of this act, when he can establish a guaranty signed by the wholesaler, jobber, manufacturer or other party residing in the United St

The remaining provisions of the act provide the methods of prosecuting offenders and destroying goods imported or offered for import which are adulterated or falsely labelled.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS-1912.

(Bureau of Chemistry, R. E. Doolittle, Acting Chief, Washington, D. C.)
The inspection force of the Bureau of Chemistry collected more than 10.000
official samples of foods and drugs during the fiscal year of 1912, and about 2.000
additional samples for investigating purposes relating to the enforcement of the law.
Three hundred and eighty-eight selzures were made, and reports from the twentytwo branch laboratories indicate that 3,292 interstate samples were legal and 3,624
misbranded or adulterated. In addition 9,962 imported foods and drugs were analyzed,
of which 3,634 were adjudged adulterated and misbranded, and several thousand
interstate and imported samples were examined in the Washington office.

Nutritiveness of Foods.

AVERAGE quantity of nutritive matter in 1,000 parts of varieties of animal and vegetable food.

Cucumber	25() Beet-root	148 is Sole	210 Apricots	260 Almonds 650
Melons			240 Grapes	270 Qats 742
Turnips,	42 Apples	170 Cherries		
Milk				
Cabbage		190 Beef		
Carrots		200 Potatoes	260 Tamarinds	340 Wheat 950
White of egg	140 Codfish	210]]	31 j	i) j

United States Internal Revenue Receipts.

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS FROM 1885 TO 1912, INCLUSIVE.

FISCAL YEARS.	Spirits.	Tobacco.	Fermented Liquors.	Miscel- laneous.	FISCAL YEARS.	Spirits.	Tobacco.	Fermented Liquors.	Miscel- laneous.
1885	867.511.209	\$26,407,088	\$18,230,782	\$222,681	1899	\$99,283,534	\$52,493,208	\$68,644,558	\$9,225,453
1886	69.092.266	27,907,363	19,676,731	194,422	1900	109 868 817	59,355.084	73,550,754	11,575,626
1887	65,829,322	30,108,067	21,932,188	219,058	1901	116,027,980	62,481,907	75,669,903	13,448 921
1888	69,306,166		23,324,218	154,970	1902	121,138,013	51,937,925		1 3,360,130
1889	74,312,206	31,866,861	23,723,835	83,893	1903	131,953,472			
1890		33,958,991	26,008,535	135,555	1904	135,810,015	41,655,809	49,083,459	3,354,722
1891	83,335,964		28,565,130	256,214	1905	135,958,513	45,659,910	50,360,553	2,209,000
1892	91,309,984	31,000,493	30,037,453	239,532	1906	143,394,055	48,422,997	55,641,859	1,644,027
1893	94,720,261	31,889,712	32,548,983	166,915	1907	156,526,902	51,811,070	59,567,818	1,948,232
1894	85,259,252		31,414,788	1,876,509	1908	140,158,807	49,862,754	59,807,617	1,836,772
1895	79,862,627		31,640,618	1,960,794	1909	134,868,034	51,887,178	57,456,411	2,001,095
1896			33,784,235	1,664.545	1910	148,029,311	58,118,457	60,572,288	23,236,938
1897	82.008,543	30,710,297			1911	155,279,858	67,005,950		34,719,897
1898			39,515,421	2,572,696	1912	156,391,487	a70,590,151	63.268,770	* 30,067,365

RECEIPTS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1912.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Aggregate Collections.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Aggregate Collections.
Alahama	\$265,759.77	Nebraska	\$2,988,343.18
Alaska	22,246.97	Nevada	185,550.45
Arizona	104,593.73	New Hampshire	476,349.14
Arkansas	165,314.34	New Jersey	10,582,235,36
California	9,221,700.80	New Mexico	56,705.80
Colorado	1,075,823.38	New York	43,254,768.18
Connecticut	1.890.719.12	North Carolina	8,953,480.66
Delaware	528,582.03	North Dakota	58,872,37
District of Columbia		Ohio	23,823,944.53
Florida		Oklahoma	148,906 24
Georgia	541.253.11	Oregon	893,921.74
Hawaii	266,225,42	Pennsylvania	26,453,570.07
Idaho	82,315.56	Porto Rico	614,121,75
Illinois	52,614,483.95	Rhode Island	1,104,180,40
Indiana	30,321,315.73	Sonth Carolina	185,703,72
Iowa	1.125,642,43	South Dakota	138,509,78
Kansas	525,804.09	Tennessee	2,363,520.25
Kentucky		Texas	1,397,483.85
Louisiana	4,997,769,41		257,926.33
Maine	222,788,57	Vermont	77,750,60
Maryland	7,866,724,92	Virginia	8,355,560,81
Massachusetts	7,220,745,69	Washington	1,363,225,76
Michigan	7,353,335,30	West Virginia	1,799,445.62
Minnesota	2,942,186,55	Wisconsin	9,400,140,99
Mississippi	72,922,68	Wyoming	81,569,66
Missouri	12,062,821.58	Philippine Islands	224,758.05
Montana	405,937.61	Total	

Nors—Alabams and Mississippi comprise the district of Alabama; Colorado and Wyoming, the district of Colorado and Rhode Island, the district of Connecticut; Maryland, Delaware, Distrect of Columbia, and the counties of Accomac and Northampton, Vs., the district of Maryland; Montana, Idaho, and Utah, the district of Montana; New Hampshire; Montana, Idaho, and Utah, the district of Montana; New Hampshire; Montana, Idaho, and Utah, the district of New Mexico; North Dakota and South Dakota, the district of New Mexico; North Dakota and South Dakota, the district of California.

WITHDRAWALS FOR CONSUMPTION.

The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured, tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, and oleomargarine on which tax was paid during the last fiscal year are as follows:

Articles Taxed.	Fiscal year ended June 30.	CHANGE FROM PRECEDING YEAR.		
	1912.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples.oranges, apricots, berries, prunes, figs and cherries	9 449 331	15,286		
apples, oranges, apricots, berries, prunes, etcgals	133,377,458	1,2:1,310	1,108,218	
Fermented liquorsbbls. Cigars, weighing more than 3 pounds per thousandno	62,108.633 7,256,390,303	4,485,617	1,100,210	
Cigsrs, weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousandno	1,093,728,800		129,329,800 8,229,503	
Cigarettes, weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand	17,911,819 11,221,624,984	1,988,414,584	8,229,300	
Sniltlbs	30,079,482	1,932,649		
Tobacco, chewlng and smoking	393,785,146 (b) 126,251,203	12,990,473 8,650,250		
Adulterated butterlbs	90.5161		189,995	
Process or renovated butterlbs	47,017,800	7,143,796		

Note—The quantity of mixed flour withdrawn cannot be stated, owing to the variable number of pounds taxed.

(b) Includes 3,289,483 pounds at 10 cents and 122,981,664 pounds at one-fourth of 1 cent per pound and 56 pounds imported at 15 cents per pound.

Receipts of tax on Porto Rican products—spirits, cigars and cigarettes—year ended June 30, 1912, \$614,121.75; on cigars and cigarettes from Philippines, \$224,758.05.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES.

SPECIAL TAXES AND RATES.
Rectifiers of less than 500 barrels a year, \$100; rectifiers of 500 barrels or more a year, \$200.

Wholesale liquor dealers, \$100; retail liquor dealers, \$25.
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors, \$50; retail dealers in malt liquors, \$20.
Manufacturers of stills, \$50; and for stills or worms, manufactured, each, \$20.
Brewers: Annual manufacture less than 500 barrels, \$50; annual manufacture 500 barrels or

more, \$100.

Manufactures of filled cheese, \$400; wholesale dealers in filled cheese, \$250; retail dealers in

filled cheese, \$12.

Manufacturers of oleomargarine, \$600; wholesale dealers in oleomargarine artifically colored in imitation of butter, \$480; wholesale dealers in oleomargarine free from artificial coloration, \$200; retail dealers in oleomargarine artificially colored in imitation of butter, \$48: retail dealers in oleomargariue free from artificial coloration, 86.
Manufacturers of adulterated butter, \$600; wholesale dealers in adulterated butter, \$480; retail

dealers in adulterated butter, \$48; manufacturers of processor renovated butter, \$50; manufacturers, packers or repackers of mixed flour, \$12.

packers or repackers of mixed flour, \$12.

DISTILLED SPIRITS, ETC.

Distilled spirits, per gallon, \$1.10; stamps for distilled spirits intended for export, each, 10 cents; except when affixed to packages containing two or more 5-gallon cans for export, 5 cents.

Case stamps for spirits bottled in bond, 10 cents.

Whees, iquors, or compounds known or denominated as wine, and made in imitation of sparkling wine or champagne, but not made from grapes grown in the United States, and ilquors not made from grapes, currants, rhubarb or berrieg grown in the United States, but produced by being rectified or mixed with distilled spirits or by the infusion of any matter in spirits, to be sold as wine, or as a substitute for wine, in bottles containing not more than 1 pint per bottle or package, 10 cents; same, in bottles, containing more than 1 pint, and not more than 1 quart, per bottle or package, 20 cents (and at the same rate for any larger quantity of such merchandise, however put up or whatever may be the package). Grape brandy used in the fortification of pure, sweet wine under an act approved June 7, 1906 (to be assessed), per gallon, 3 cents.

FERMENTED LIQUORS.

Fermented liquors per barrel, containing not more than 31 gallons, \$1 (and at a proportionate for halves, thirds, quarters, sixths and eighths of barrels); more than one barrel of 31 gallous, and not more than 63 gallons, in one package, \$2.

TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Tobacco, however prepared, manufactured and sold, or removed for consumption or sale, per lb., 8 cents; snuff, however prepared, manufactured and sold, or removed for consumption or sale, per lb., 8 cents.

Ugars of all descriptions made of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, and weighing more than 3

bs. per thousand. \$3; cigars of all descriptions made of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, and weighing not more than 3 lbs. per thousand, 75 cents; cigarettes weighing more than 3 lbs. per thousand \$3.60; cigarettes weighing not more than 3 lbs. per thousand.

OLEOMARGARINE, ADULTERATED BUTTER AND PROCESS OR RENOVATED BUTTER. Oleomargarine, demestic, artificially colored to look like butter, of any shade of yellow, per lb., 10 cents; eleomargarine, free from coloration that causes it to look like butter, of any shade of yellow, per lb., 14 of one cent; eleomargarine, imported from foreign countries, per lb., 15 cents.

Adulterated butter, per lb., 10 cents; process or renovated butter, per lb., 14 of one cent.

FILLED CHEESE.

Filled cheese, per lb., 1 cent; same, imported, per lb., 8 cents.

Prepared smoking opium.per lb., \$10.

MIXED FLOUK.

Mixed flour, per barrel of 196 lbs., or more than 98 lbs., 4 cents half barrel of 98 lbs., or more than 49 lbs., 2 cents; quarter barrel of 49 lbs., or more than 24½ lbs., 1 cent; eighth barrel of 24½ lbs. or less. % of one cent. (Mixed flour imported from foreign countries, in addition to import duties, must pay internal revenue tax as above.)

CIRCULATION OF AND NOTES PAID OUT BY BANKS AND BANKERS.
Circulation issued by any bank, etc., or person (except a national bank taxed under Section 5214,
Revised Statutes, and Section 13, act March 14, 1900), per month, 1-12 of 1 per cent.
Circulation (except national banks) exceeding 90 per cent, of capital, in addition, per month, 1-6

of 1 per cent.

of 1 per cent.

Banks, etc., on amount of notes of any person, State bank, or State banking association, used for circulation and paid out, 10 per cent.

Banks, etc., bankers, or associations, on amount of notes of any town, city, or municipal corporation paid out by them. 10 per cent.

Every person, firm, association, other than national bank associations, and every corporation. State bank, or State banking association, on the amount of their own notes used for circulation and paid out by them, 10 per cent.

Every such person. firm, association, corporation, State bank, or State banking association, and also every national banking association, on the amount of notes of any person, firm, association, other than a national banking association, or of any corporation, State bank or State banking association, or of any town, city, or municipal corporation, used for circulation, and paid out by them, 10 per cent.

PLAYING CARDS. PLAYING CARDS.

Playing cards, per pack, containing not more than 54 cards, 2 cents.

TAXES NOT PAYABLE BY STAMPS.

Tax on deficiencies in production of spirits—On excess of materials used in production of spirits; on circulation of banks and bankers; on notes paid out by banks and others; on brandy used in the fortification of wine. Penalties of 50 per cent, and 100 per cent.

CORPORATION TAXES. Excise tax on corporations, join, stock companies, associations, and insurance companies (including 50 per cent, additional), unassessed penalties. United States share of penalties recovered by suits, offers in compromise, interest, costs, fines, etc. (including duplicate payments, payments in excess, and payments after abatement). Rate of tax equivalent to 1 per cent. of net income above \$5,000.

Muited States Executive Civil Service.

(Revised for this issue of THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission.)

THE purpose of the Civil Service act, as declared in its title, is "to regulate and improve the Civil Service of the United States." It provides for the appointment of three Commissioners, a chief Examiner, a Secretary, and other employes, and makes it the duty of the Commissioners to aid the President as he may request in preparing suitable rules for carrying the act into effect; to make regulations to govern all examinations held under the provisions of the act, and to make investigations and report upon all matters touching the enforcement and effect of the rules and regulations. The address of the Commission is Washington, D. C.

PROVISIONS OF THE RULES.

The act requires the rules to provide, as nearly as the conditions of good administration will warrant, for open competitive practical examinations for testing the fitness of applicants for the classified service; for the filling of all vacancies by selections from among those graded highest; for the apportionment of appointments at Washington among the States upon the basis of population; for a period of probation before absolute appointment; that no person in the public service shall be obliged to contribute service or money for political purposes; that persons in the competitive service, while retaining the right to vote as they please or to express privately their political opinions, shall take no active part in political campaigns; and that no person in said service has any right to use his official subtority or influence to cerve the political action of any person or body. authority or influence to coerce the political action of any person or body.

There are 395,460 positions in the Executive Civil Service, over 58 per cent. of which, or 236,061, are subject to competitive examination. The expenditure for salaries in the Executive Civil Service is over \$200,000,000 a year. The Civil Service act does not require the classification of persons appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate or of persons employed merely as laborers or workmen. Many positions are excepted in part from the provisions of the rules for various reasons.

APPLICATIONS.

Persons seeking to be examined must file an application blank. The blank for the Departmental Service at Washington, Railway Mail Service, the Indian School Service, and the Government Printing Service should be requested directly of the Civil Service Commission at Washington. The blank for the Customs, Postal, or Internal Revenue Service should be requested of the Civil Service Board of Examiners at the office where service is sought.

Applicants for examination must be citizens of the United States, and of the proper age. No person using intoxicating liquors to excess may be appointed. No discrimination is made on account of sex, color, or political or religious opinions. The limitations of age vary with the different services, but do not apply to any person bonorably discharged from the military or naval service of the United States by reason of disability resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty.

EXAMINATIONS.

The examinations are open to all persons qualified in respect to age, citizenship, legal residence, character, and health. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1912, 33,240 persons were appointed. Of those appointed, 2,364 were rural letter-carriers, 12,807 were mechanics and workmen at navy yards appointed on registration tests of fitness given by a board of labor employment at each yard. Several hundred different kinds of examinations were held, each one of which involved different tests. Three hundred and five of these examinations contained educational tests, the others being for mechanical trades or skilled occupations and consisting of certificates of employers or fellow-workmen. Examinations are held twice a year in each State and Territory, the places and dates being publicly announced.

APPOINTMENTS.

In case of a vacancy not filled by promotion, reduction, transfer, or removarisment, one updates of the sex called for on the appropriate register are certified for appointment, the apportionment being considered in appointments at Washington. In the absence of eligibles, or when the work is of short duration, temporary appointments, without examination, are permitted. The number of women applyappointment are good for teachers, matrons, seamstresses, and physicians in the Indian Service, for male stenographers and typewriters, draughtsmen, patent examiners, civil, mechanical, and electrical engineers, and for technical and scientific experts.

PREFERENCE CLAIMANTS.

Persons who served in the military or naval service of the United States, and were discharged by reason of disabilities resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty, are, under the Civil Service rules, given certain preferences. They are released from all maximum age limitations, are eligible for appointment at a grade of 65, while all others are obliged to obtain a grade of 70, and are certified to appointing officers before all others. Subject to the other conditions of the rules, a veteran of the rebellion or of the war with Spain, or the widow of any such person, or any army nurse of either war, may be reinstated without regard to the length of time he or she has been separated from the service.

INSULAR POSSESSIONS.

Examinations are also held for positions in the Philippines, Porto Rico, and Hawaii, and also for the Isthmian Canal service.

THE UNCLASSIFIED SERVICE.

Under an executive order unclassified laborers are appointed after open, competitive examination upon their physical condition. This action is outside the Civil Service act.

PUBLICATIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

Among the publications of the Commission for free distribution are the following:
Manual of Examinations, giving places and dates of examinations, rules by which papers are rated, descriptions of examinations, specimen questions, and general information.

The Civil Service act and rules.

The Annual Reports of the Commission, showing its work. These annual reports, of which twentysix have been issued, may be consulted at public libraries.

The Civil Service of the United States. NUMBER OF FEDERAL OFFICES, CLASSIFIED.

(Prepared in the office of the Civil Service Commission for the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor.)

of Comm	erce and I	abor.)				
DEPARTMENT AND SURDIVISION OF THE SERVICE	itive Po-	Excepted and Non-	Unctass-	Ju	L Positio NE 30, 19	NS ON
DEPARTMENT AND SUBDIVISION OF THE SERVICE	June 30, 1911.	tive Po- sitions.	Positions	Presi- dential.	All Other.	Total.
(In Washington, D. C.)						
White House. State Department. Treasury Department. War Department. Navy Department. Navy Department. Post-Office Department. Department of the Interior. Government Hospital for the Insane	173 6,907 2,159 1,085 1,591	32 64 36 24 5	515 84 1 61	23 2 2 2 6	34 241 7,458 2,267 1,091 1,677	7,481 2,269 1,093 1,683
Department of the Interior. Government Hospital for the Insane Miscellaneous	4,549 705 103	119	249 77	36	4,917	4,95 70 18
Department of Justice Department of Agriculture Department of Commerce and Labor. Interstate Commerce Commission	2.705 1,806 5,55	239 237 45 87	232 2,764 18	950 3 19 7 5	3,174 4,615 660 180	1,44; 3,17 4,63 66 18
Civil Service Commission Smithsonian Institution and Bureaus State. War and Navy Department Building Isthmian Canal Commission Government Printing Office.	445 128 130 3,623	1 15 5	223 103 10 373	i	670 232	67 23 15 4,00
Total	27,063	939	4,751	1,058	32,753	33,81
(Outside Washington, D. C.) Treasury Department						
Ass't Custodian and Janitor Service and Of- fice of Supervising Architect (at large) Mints and Assay Offices	1,871 680	45 37	2,077 130	28	3,993 847 382	3,99 87
fice of Supervising Architect (at large). Mints and Assay Offices. Subtreasury Service. Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service Life Saving Service. Customs Service.	382 1,552 2,246 6,443	1,507 1 260	142 719	230	3,201	3,20 2,249 7,655
Customs Service Internal-Revenue Service Miscellaneous War Department:	3,428 164	329 245	6	• 67 46	7,422 3,763 415	3,83
Quartermaster's Department (at large)Ordnance Department (at large)Engineer Department (at large)Miscellaneous	3,346 7,260	$\begin{array}{r} 1,171 \\ 87 \\ 226 \\ 622 \end{array}$	2,817 1,384 6,087 596		4.817	8,530 4,817 13,573 2,166
Exclusive of trade and labor positions. Trade and labor positions. Post-Office Department. Post-Office Service, except Fourth-Class Post-	2,833 415	1	25,000		2,835 25,000	2,835 25,000 418
Post-Office Service, except Fourth-Class Post- masters. Fourth-Class Postmasters. Rural Free Delivery Service. Rallway Mail Service. Department of the Interior:		2,711 37,009 1 123		7,994	42.431	98,172 51,287 42,431 17,558
Pension Agency Service. Indian Service. Reclamation Service.	387 2,513 1,564	4,597 3,873 4	$^{14}_{13} \\ ^{730}_{5}$	18 11	993 4,997 7,116 1,573	1,218 5,015 7,127 1,573
Department of Agriculture Department of Agriculture Department of Commerce and Labor	606 6,721	$1,345 \\ 2,765$	6	26	573 1,957 9,904	2,284 9,904
Light-House Service Immigration Service Steamboat-Inspection Service. Miscellaneous Civil Service Commission Isthmian Canal Service	3,316 1,299 292 489	2,359 232 6 14	1,617	$10 \\ 8$	6.866 1,691 298 2,120	6,866 1,698 308 2,128
Isthmian Canal Service	$\frac{41}{1,100}$	49			1,149	41 1,149
Total		59,659	60,089	9,006	320,342	329,318
Grand total of table. Isthmian Canal Commission, unclassified and excepted working force, June 30, 1911	227,657	60,598	64,840	10,064	353,095	363, 159
·						28,191
Grand total	<u> </u>		1		l	391,350

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS-(July 1, 1910, to June 30, 1911.)

The approximate number of competitive positions was 227.657; the number of persons examined was 105.024; number passed 70,159 or 66.8 per cent.; number appointed 23.256 or 33.2 per cent. of appointed that passed. According to branches of the service, the returns were as follows: Departmental examined 18.752; passed, 9.091; appointed, 1.882; Railway Mail examined, 8.972; passed, 6.760; appointed, 1.882; Post-Office examined, 42.750; passed, 34,149; appointed, 9.328; other Field Services examined 34,550; passed, 20,159; appointed, 10,064.

The term departmental, as now used in the Commissioner's statistics, refers to the service in Washington, D. C.

Civil Service Rules in the City of New York.

Synorsis of regulations governing the admission of persons into the civil service of the city of New York. Information may also be had by applying to the Secretary of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, 299 Broadway, New York City.

Under the White Civil Service law, Chapter 370, Laws of 1899, April 19, the rules apply to all positions in the service of the city of New York except officers elected by the people, all legislative officers and employés, heads of any department, or superintendents, principals, or teachers in a public school, academy, or college. This requires "examinations, wherever practicable, to ascertain the fitness of applicants for appointment to the civil service of said city." The Constitution requires that these examinations shall be competitive, "so far as practicable."

APPLICATIONS.

Applications of competitors for positions must be addressed to the "Secretary of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, New York City," and must set forth:

Applications are only received when an examination is ordered for a position.

First—The affidavit of the applicant showing his age, whether a citizen of the United States, giving his place of residence, with the street and number thereof, if any; the place, nature, and extent of his education, and of his business training and experience, and stating whether he has ever been in the civil service of the city of New York, or in the military or naval service of the United States, and if so, when and where.

Second-A statement whether such application is limited to any particular office in the service.

Third—The certificate of four reputable persons of the city of New York, that they have been personally acquainted with the applicant for at least one year, and believe him to be of good moral character, of temperate and industrious habits, and in all respects fit for the service he wishes to enter, and that each of them is willing that such certificate should be published for public information, and will upon request give such further information concerning the applicant as he may possess.

Applicants for the following positions must, before being admitted to examination, present satisfactory evidence as to the following facts:

First—If the position to be filled be that of physician, surgeon, medical officer, medical superintendent, or medical inspector, that the applicant is duly authorized by the laws of the State of New York to practise medicine and surgery.

In positions where the duties are professional, technical, or expert, the candidates will be required to present evidences of the preliminary training or technical education they have undergone to qualify them for such situations before they can be admitted to examination.

In all examinations for professional positions, or positions requiring technical knowledge, no person shall be placed on the eligible list who obtains a rating in technical knowledge of less than 75.

CONDUCT OF EXAMINATIONS.

Applicants shall be admitted to examination upon the production of the official notification to appear for that purpose.

All paper upon which examinations are to be written shall be furnished to the applicants by the examining board and shall bear some suitable official indorsement, stamp, or mark, for the purpose of identifying the same.

All examinations shall be in writing, except such as refer to expertness or physical qualities, and except as herein otherwise provided.

The sheets of questions shall be numbered and shall be given out in the order of their numbers, each, after the first, being given only when the competitor has returned to the examiners the last sheet given to him. In general, no examination shall extend beyond five hours without intermission; and no questions given out at any session, to any candidate, shall be allowed to be answered at another session.

Each examiner shall exercise all due diligence to secure fairness and prevent all collusion and fraud in the examinations.

The time allowed for completing the examination shall be announced before the first paper is given out,

The following municipal departments and offices come under jurisdiction of Civil Service rules:

Accounts, Com. of,
Armory, Board of,
Assessors, Board of,
Assessors, Board of,
Bellevne and Allied Hospitals,
Board of Ambulance Service.
Board of Inebriety.
Board of Water Supply,
Borough Fresidenb in each
Borough, Office of the.
Bridges, Dept. of,
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training
School for Boys.

Buildings, Bureau of. Charties, Dept. of Public. City Record, Supervisor of the. Civil Service Commission, College of the City of New York Corouers.
Correction, Dept. of. Court, City, Court, City Magistrate.
Court Hunder Surad.
Court, Municipal.
Court, Municipal.
Court, Municipal.
Court, Gourd Special Sessions.

Docks and Ferries, Dept. of. Education, Dept. of. Elections, Board of. Estimate and Apportionment,

Board of,
Examiners, Board of,
Finance Dept.
Fire Dept.
Health Dept.
Law Dept.
Mayor's Office.

Normal College.

Parks, Dept. of.
Police Dept.
Public Recreation Commission.
Public Works Bureau.
Sinking Fund Commission.
Sinking Fund Commission.
Street Cleaning, Dept. of.
Taxes and Assessm'ts, Dept. of.
Tenement House Dept.
Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, Dept. of.

Inspectors of Elections and Poll clerks are not subject to competitive examination.

Regents' Examinations in New York State in 1913.

REGENTS' EXAMINATIONS under the control of the Education Department of the State of New York (office, Albany, N. Y.) wilt De held in 1913 at the following times and places: Jan. 20-24 inclusive, at New York, and about 800 academics and high schools; June 16-20 inclusive, at New York, and about 800 academies and high schools. Examinations for teachers' certificates are held on the same dates as the Regents', and August 13-15 and 18-22, Sept. 15-17, inclusive, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, Buffalo; 33 subjects. September examinations are for professional and technical students only. Morning session begins 9.15 o'clock. Afternoon session begins 1.15 o'clock.

UNIVERSITY CREGENTIALS.—Preliminary (preacademic) certificate—Reading, writing, spelling, elementary English, arithmetic, geography, and elementary United States history and civics. Students from countries where English is not the mother tongue must pass an examination in second year. English for any one of the professional certification.

LAW, MEDICINE, DENTISTRY, ETC.—Sixty count qualifying certificates. All candidates taking Regents' examinations for first time after February 1, 1911, for qualifying certificates in law, medicine, dentistry, velerinary science, for admission to examinations for certified public accountant, and for certified shorthand reporter, must care counts upon examination as follows:

follows:
English, three years, 10 counts; elementary algebra, 5 counts; plane geometry, 5 counts; physics and chemistry, 10 counts, or physics and blology, 10 counts, or chemistry and blology, 10 counts; any second year foreign language, 10 counts; American history with civics, 5 counts; electives, 15 counts.
The electives shall be: English fourth year, 3 counts; Latin second year, or Greek second year, or French second year, or German second year, or Spanish second year, or Italian second year, or Hebrew second year, or counts; advanced algebra, 5 counts; advanced arbitatic, 2 counts; physical geography, 5 counts; and thistory, 5 counts; shistory of Great Britain and Ireland, 5 counts; "modern history 1, 3 counts; modern history 2, 3 counts; economics, 2 counts; elementary bookkeeping and business practice, 3 counts; advanced bookkeeping and office practice, 5 counts; shorthand 1, 5 counts; shorthand 2, 5 counts; felementary representation, 2 counts; †advanced design, 2 counts, †advanced representation, 2 counts.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATES WITHOUT EXAMINATION—Candidates having credentials which can be accepted in place of examinations should send them to the Education Department.

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS—The Regents shall admit to any examination any candidate who pays a fee of \$25 and submits satisfactory evidence, verified by oath, if required, that he—1. Is more than twenty-one years of age; 2. Is of good noval character; 3. Has the general education required preliminary to receiving the degree of bachelor or doctor of medicine in this state; 4. Has studied medicine not less than four school years, including four satisfactory courses of at least seven months each in four different calendar years in a medicial school registered as maintaining at the time a satisfactory standard. 5. Evalence that applicant has received the degree of bachelor or doctor of medicine from some registered medical school, or a diploma or license conferring full rights to practise medicine in some foreign country (original credentials). Examinations for license to practise medicine in this State will be held as follows: Jan. 28-31, May20-23, June 24-27, Sept. 23-26, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, and Buffalo. (Each candidate is notified as to exact blace.) date is notified as to exact place.)

Dental Examinations—The Regents shall admit to examination any candidate who pays a fee of \$25 and submits satisfactory evidence, verified by oath, if required, that he—1. Is more than twenty-one years of age; 2. Is of good moral character; 3. Has the general education required preliminary to receiving the degree of doctor of dental surgery in this State. Matriculates in a registered dental school before Jan. 1, 1896, are exempt from the preliminary education requirement for degrees and for admission to the licensing examinations; 4. Subsequently to receiving such preliminary education either be been graduated in convex with a dental degree from a registered dental school, or else, having been graduated in course from a registered medical school with a degree of doctor of medicine, has pursued thereafter a course of special study of dentisty or at least two years in a registered dental school, and received therefrom its degree of doctor of dental surgery, or else holds a diploma or license conferring full right to practise dentisty in some foreign country and granted by some registered authority. Dates and places of examinations same as Medical Examinations shown above, except that no examination is given in May.

VETERINARY EXAMINATIONS—The Regents shall admit to examination any candidate who pays a fee of \$10 and submits satisfactory evidence, verified by oath, if required, that he—1. Is more than twenty-one years of age; 2. Is of good moral character; 3. Has the general education required in all cases after July I, 1837, prellminary to receiving a degree in veterinary medicine. Matriculates in a registered veterinary medical school prior to Jan. 1, 1896, are exempt from the preliminary education requirement; 4. Has studied veterinary nedicine not less than three full years, including three satisfactory courses, in tirree different academic years, in a veterinary medical school registered as maintaining at the time a satisfactory standard; 5. Has received a degree as veterinarian from some registered veterinary medical school. Dates and places of examinations same as Medical Examinations shown above.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS—1. The full C. P. A. certificate is to be granted only to those at least twenty-five years of age who have had three years' satisfactory experience in the study or practice of accounting, one of which shall have been in the office of an expert public accountant; 2. Two examinations, in January and in June, are held annually. There are to be five sessions as follows: 1. Theory of accounts; 2. Practical accounting; 3. Auditing; 4. Commercial law; candidates must complete all subjects at a single examination; and distates for the C. P. A. certificate must be more than twenty-five years of age, and of good moral character. They must pay a fee of \$25, and must have the Regents' accidented diploma or its equivalent as prescribed for other professional examinations. Janc 28-50, June 24-26, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, and Buffalo.

REGISTRATION OF NURSES-Who May Practise as Registered Nurses-Any resident of the State of New York, being over REGISTRATION OF NURSES—Who May Practise as Registered Nurses—Any resident of the State of New York, being over the age of twenty-one years and of good moral character, holding a diploma from a training school for nurses connected with a h-splital or sanitarium giving a conrese of at least two years, and registered by the Regents of the University of the State of New York as maintaining it althis and other respects proper standards, all of which shall be determined by the said Regents a certificate of his or her qualifications to practise as a registered nurse, shall not other person shall assume such title, or use the abbreviation R. Normany other words, letters, or figures to indicate that the person using the name is such a registered nurse. Two examination Division, Albany, N. Z. Applications should be made at least ten days in advance to Education Lamination privation, Albany, N. Z. Dates: Jan. 28-30, June 24-20, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, and Buffalo. (Each candidate is notified as to exact place.)

OPTOMETY EXAMINATIONS—The Regents admit to examination any candidate who pays a fee of \$15 and submits satisfactory evidence, verified by oath, that he is more than 21 years of age, of good moral character, has a preliminary education equivalent to at least two years in a registered high school, and has also studied at least three years in a registered high school, and has also studied at least three years in a registered high school, and has also studied at least three years that there years in a superior of the season of the s

*Candidates who have credit in history of Great Britain and Ireland (3 or 5) may receive credit for modern history 2 but not for modern history 1. Candidates who have credit in European history may not have credit in modern history 1 or 2. *Candidates who have credit in elementary drawing based on the 1905 syllabus will receive no additional counts for passing elementary representation, but will receive two counts for passing advanced design and two counts for passing advanced tresentation. Candidates who have credit for advanced drawing general based on the 1905 syllabus can obtain no additional counts in drawing.

Prosecution of Trusts by the United States.

 $_{\rm THE}$ following is the status on October I, 1912, of the cases brought by the United States under the terms of the Sherman Anti-Trust act:

United States vs. American Sugar Refining Company et al. Southern New York.—Indictment under anti-trust act July 1, 1909. Statute of limitations pleaded as a defence. Taken to Supreme Court and decided in favor of the Government. Trial resulted in disparement of jury.

United States vs. Albia Box & Paper Co. et al. Southern New York.—Indictment returned December 7, 1909. charging combination in restraint of trade in paper board. February 7, 1910, all defendants plead guilty and fines aggregating \$57,000 were imposed and collected.

United States vs. John S. Steers et al. Eastern Kentucky. (So-called night rider case.) Indictment returned February 17, 1910, charging conspiracy to restrain trade. April 16, 1910, verdict of guilty returned as to eight defendants and fines aggregating \$3,500 imposed. Appeal to Circuit Court of Appeals, and verdict affirmed December 5, 1911. May 11, 1912, fines were commuted by the President to payment of costs of Suit.

dictment returned February 17, 1910, charging conspiracy to restrain trade. April 16, 1910, verdict of guilty returned as to eight defendants and mes aggregating \$3,500 imposed. Appeal to Circuit Court of Appeals, and verdict affirmed December 5, 1911. May 11, 1912, fines were commuted by the Point of States vs. National Packing Company et al. Northern Illinois.—Bill in equity for dissolution filed March 21, 1910. Demurrer sustained June 23, 1910. United States vs. National Packing Company et al. Northern Illinois.—Bill in equity for dissolution filed March 21, 1910. Demurrer overruled. Fines aggregating \$1,000 and costs imposed and padi, combination to control prices and restrict competition returned April 7, 1910. Demurrer overruled. Fines aggregating \$1,000 and costs imposed and padi, combination to control prices and restrict competition returned April 30, 1910. Pending.

United States vs. Missouri Pacific Railroad Company and 24 other railroads.—Petition to restrain violation of Sherman law filed May 31, 1910, and temporary restraining order issued. Referred to Interstate Commerce Commission. Rate advances enjoined and petition dismissed. United States vs. Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association. Northern Alabama.—Bill in equity praying for dissolution filed June 3, 1910. A perpetual restraining decree was passed by the Countred States vs. Chicago Butter and Egg Board. Northern Illinois.—Petition filed June 13, 1910. Amended bill filed. Pending.

United States vs. Great Lakes Towing' Company et al. Northern Ohlo.—Petition filed June 19, 1910. Sult in equity to dissolve combination of tug owners on the Great Lakes. Case tried on Vined States vs. Great Lakes Towing' Company et al. Northern Ohlo.—Petition filed June 19, 1910. Sult in equity to dissolve combination of tug owners on the Great Lakes. Case tried on Vined States vs. Frank Happe and James A. Patter that the proper state of the proper state of the proper state of the proper state of the proper state of the proper state of the proper state of the pro

charging a combination and conspiracy to restrain trade in milk throughout the New England States.

United States vs. Issae winds et al. Annual conspiracy to restrain trade in milk throughout the New England States. Pending on demurrer.
United States vs. Lumber Secretaries' Bureau of Information et al. Northern Illinois.—Indictment returned June 23, 1911, charging conspiracy to control the marketing of lumber and restraint of trade. Pending on demurrer.
United States vs. Bare Copper Wire Association et al. (Wire Pool Cases.) Southern New York.—Indictment returned June 29, 1911. Eighty-three individuals involved. Aggregate fines imposed and paid \$128,700.
United States vs. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Rallway Company et al. Northern Ohio.—Bill in equity filed August 4, 1911, for injunction to restrain combination and conspiracy in restrain of trade. Case has been argued and decision is awaited. Case has been argued and decision is awaited and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the states vs. William C. Geer et al. Southern New York.—Indictment returned April 28, 1911, against eighteen defendants, members of the Eastern Bos Doard Club. Pending. United States vs. Periodical Publishing Co. Southern New York.—Bill in equity filed June, 1911, to enjoin combination and conspiracy to control prices, regulate agencies, restrict contracts and increase prices. Issues joined. Taking of testimony has been completed.
United States vs. Standard Wood Company et al. Southern New York.—Bill filed September,

PROSECUTION OF TRUSTS BY THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

PROSECUTION OF TRUSTS BY THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

1911, to enjoin combination. Involves monopoly and conspiracy in the manufacture of bundled kindling wood. On default of answer a decree was entered against defendants March 11, 1912. United States vs. Edward E. Hartwick et al. Eastern Michigan.—Petition in equity filed August 31, 1911, alleging conspiracy and unlawful restraint. Issues joined and testimony taken. United States vs. Hunter Milling Company et al. Western Okiahoma.—Indictment returned March 4, 1912 and decision reserved.

United States vs. S. W. Winsjow and William Barbour et al. Massachusetts.—Two indictments (113 and 114) returned September 19, 1911, charging combination, conspiracy and monopoly in trade and shoe machinery. Demurrer to Indictment 113 was sustained as to second count. From these judgments an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, where case is pending.

United States vs. the Colorado and Wyoming Lumber Dealers' Association et al. Colorado.—Petition in equity filed September 25, 1911, for injunction against defendants for conspiracy in restraint of trade. Issues joined and testimony taken.

United States vs. W. S. Hollis et al. Minnesota.—Petition in equity filed October, 1911, alleging comspiracy and combination in the lumber trade. Issues joined and testimony taken.

United States vs. W. S. Hollis et al. Minnesota.—Petition in equity filed October, 1911, alleging comspiracy and combination in the lumber trade. Issues joined and testimony taken.

United States vs. United States Steel Corporation and others. New Jersey.—Petition in equity filed October 27, 1911, alleging combination and restraint of commerce. Issues Joined and testimony taken.

Indictment returned November 15, 1911, for conspiracy.

United States vs. National Cash Register Company et al. Southern Mississippi.—
Indictment returned November 15, 1911, for conspiracy.

United States vs. National Cash Register Company et al. Southern Ohlo.—Petition in equity filed December 4, 1911, alleging conspiracy and numerous other unitativates.

United States vs. United Shoe Machinery Company et al. Massachusets.—Petition in equity filed December 12, 1911, alleging unlawful combinations and conspiracles.

United States vs. A. Haines et al. Southern Florida.—Two indictments returned December 6, 1911, for unlawful combination and conspiracy.

United States vs. Pacific Coast Plumbing Supply Association et al. Southern California.—Petition in equity filed December 18, 1911, alleging unlawful restraint of trade. Decree enjoining defendants entered January 6, 1912.

United States vs. Keystone Watch Case Company et al. Eastern Pennel.—Petition in equity filed December 20, 1911, alleging unlawful contracts, combinations and conspiracies with a view to monopolize. Issues Joined and testimony taken.

United States vs. American Navai Stores Company et al. Southern Georgia.—Petition in equity filed January 8, 1912, alleging unlawful combination and conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Pending on demurrer. Expediting certification and conspiracy in restraint of trade.

United States vs. North Pacific Wharves and Trading Company et al. Western New York.—Indictment returned February 12, 1912, charged with conspiring to monopolize coal business at Skagway. Demurrer sustained May 3, 1912.

United States vs. Pacific and Arctic Railway and Navigation Company et al. District of Alaska.—Indictment returned February 12, 1912, charging conspiracy and unlawful monopoly. Demurrer sustained May 3, 1912.

United States vs. Potific

-Petition in equity filed

18, 1912, to prevent a further restraint upon interstate and foreign commerce in for preliminary injunction denied.

United States vs. Prince Line (Limited) et al. Southern New York.—Pettli June 5, 1912, charging defendants with monopoly by means of conspiracles, etc.

United States vs. Central-West Publishing Company, Western Newspaper Press Association et al. Chicago, Ill.—Petition in equity filed August 3, 1912.

entered August 3, 1912.

entered August 3, 1912.
United States vs. Associated Billposters and Distributors of the United States and Canada and others. Chicago, III.—Petition in equity filed August 3, 1912.
United States vs. Motion Picture Patents Company and others.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Petition in equity filed August 15, 1912.
United States and Canada Online Canada others.
United States and Canada Online

SUMMARY OF CASES UNDER ANTI-TRUST LAWS.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S ADMINISTRATION. Four bills in equity. Three indictments. PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S ADMINISTRATION.

If bills in equity Total . . Four bills in equity. Two indictments. Two informations for contempt. Total. PRESIDENT MCKINLEY'S ADMINISTRATION. Three bills in equity. , 3 Total

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S ADMINISTRATION. Eighteen bills in equity. Twenty-five Indictments. One forfeiture proceeding.

PRESIDENT TAFT'S ADMINISTRATION UP TO

OCTOBER 1, 1912. Thirty bills in equity. Forty indictments.

The Sherman Law.

THE following is the text of the Sherman law concerning Trusts:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

Sec. 1. Every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations, is hereby declared to be illegal. Every person who shall make any such contract, or engage in any such combination or conspiracy, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments in the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 2. Every person who shall monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine or conspire with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of the trade or commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$5.000, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the Court,

Sec. 3. Every contract, combination in form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of trade or commerce in any Territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, or in restraint of trade or commerce between any such Territory and another, or between any such Territory or Territories and State or States or the District of Columbia, or with foreign nations, or between the District of Columbia and any State or States or foreign nations, is hereby declared illegal. Every person who shall make any Such contract or engage in any such combination or conspiracy. shall be any such contract or engage in any such combination or conspiracy, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$5.000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both said punishments in the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 4. The several Circuit Courts of the United States are hereby invested with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of this act; and it shall be the duty of the several District-Attorneys of the United States, in their respective districts, under the direction of the Attorney-General, to institute proceedings in equity to prevent and restrain such violations. Such proceedings may be by way of petition setting forth the case and praying that such violation shall be enjoined or otherwise prohibited. When the parties complained of shall have been duly notified of such petition the Court shall proceed, as soon as may be, to the hearing and determination of the case; and pending such petition and before final decree, the Court may at any time make such temporary restraining order or prohibition as shall be deemed just in the premises.

See 5. Whenever it shall appear to the Court before which any proceeding under

Sec. 5. Whenever it shall appear to the Court before which any proceeding under Sec. 4 of this act may be pending, that the ends of justice require that other parties should be brought before the Court, the Court may cause them to be summoned, whether they reside in the district in which the Court is held or not; and subpoenas to that end may be served in any district by the marshal thereof.

Sec. 6. Any property owned under any contract or by any combination, or pursuant to any conspiracy (and being the subject thereof) mentioned in Sec. 1 of this act, and being in the course of transportation from one State to another, or to a foreign country, shall be forfeited to the United States, and may be seized and condemnated by like proceedings as those provided by law for the forfeiture, seizure and condemnation of property imported into the United States contrary to law.

Sec. 7. Any person who shall be injured in his business or rapperty by any other person or corporation by reason of anything forbidden or declared to be unlawful by this act may sue therefor in any Circuit Court of the United States in the district in which the defendant resides or is found, without respect to the amount in controversy, and shall recover threefold the damages by him sustained, and the costs of suit, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

Sec. 8. That the word "person" or "persons" wherever used in this act shall be deemed to include corporations and associations existing under or authorized by the laws of either the United States, the laws of any of the territories, the laws of any State or the laws of any foreign country.

Approved July 2, 1890.

Wheat Warvest Calendar.

January-Australia, New Zealand, Chile, Argentine Republic.

February and March-Upper Egypt, India.

April—Lower Egypt, India, Syria, Cyprus, Persia, Asia Minor, Mexico, Cuba.

May-Texas, Algeria, Central Asia, China, Japan, Morocco.

June—California, Oregon. Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky, Kansas, Arkansas, Utah, Colorado, Missouri, Turkey, Greece, Italy, Spath, Fortugal, South of France.

July—New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Southern Minnesota, Nebraska, Upper Canada, Roumania, Bulgaria, Austria, Hungary, South of Russia, Germany, Switzerland, South of England.

August—Central and Northern Minnesota, Dakotas, Manitoba, Lower Ca Columbia, Belgium, Holland, Great Britain, Denmark, Poland, Central Russia. Manitoba, Lower Canada, British

September and October-Scotland, Sweden, Norway, North of Russia.

November-Peru, South Africa.

December-Burmah, New South Wales.

The Bension Law of 1912.

THE DOLLAR A DAY PENSION PROVIDED FOR UNITED STATES CIVIL AND MEXICAN WAR VETERANS.

Congress, at its Second Session in 1912 passed the following act, approved May 11, increasing the pensions of veteran Union soldiers:

An act granting pensions to certain enlisted men, soldiers and officers who served in the civil war and the war with Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That any person who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late civil war, who has been honorably discharged therefrom, and who has reached the age of sixty-two years or over, shall, upon making proof of such facts, according to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may provide, be placed upon the pension roll and be entitled to receive a pension as follows: In case such person has reached the age of sixty-two years and served ninety days, thirteen dollars per month; six months, thirteen dollars and fifty cents per month; one year, fourteen dollars per month; one and a half years, fourteen dollars and fifty cents per month; we wears, fifteen dollars per month; two and a half years, fourteen dollars and fifty cents per month; one year, fourteen dollars per month; one and a half years, fourteen dollars and fifty cents per month; two years, fifteen dollars per month; two and a half years, fifteen dollars and fifty cents per month; three years or over, sixteen dollars per month. In case such person has reached the age of sixty-six years and served ninety days, fifteen dollars per month; six months, fifteen dollars and fifty cents per month; one year, sixteen dollars per month; one and a half years, sixteen dollars and fifty cents per month; two years, seventeen dollars per month; two and a half years, eighteen dollars per month; three years or over, nineteen dollars per month. In case such person has reached the age of seventy years and served ninety days, eighteen dollars per month; six months, nineteen dollars per month; one year, twenty dollars per month; one and a half years, twenty-one dollars and fifty cents per month; two years, twenty-three dollars per month; two and a half-years, twenty-four dollars per month; two and a half-years, twenty-four dollars per month. In case such person has reached the age of seventy-fove years and served ninety days. a half years, twenty-one dollars and fifty cents per month; two years, twenty-three dollars per month; two and a half-years, twenty-four dollars per month; three years and served ninety days, per month. In case such person has reached the age of seventy-five years and served ninety days, twenty-one dollars per month; six months, twenty-two dollars and fifty cents per month; two years or over, thirty dollars per month; one and a half years, twenty-seven dollars per month; two years or over, thirty dollars per month. That any person who served in the military or naval service of the United States during the civil war and received an honorable discharge, and who was wounded in battle or in line of duty and is now unit for manual labor by reason thereof, or who from disease or other causes incurred in line of duty resulting in his disability is now unable to perform manual labor, shall be pald the maximum pension under this act, to wit, thirty dollars per month, without regard to length of service or age.

That any person who has served sixty days or more in the military or naval service of the United States in the war with Mexico and has been honorably discharged therefrom, shall, upon making like proof of such service, be entitled to receive a pension of thirty dollars per month.

All of the aforesaid pensions shall commence from the date of filing of the applications in the Bureau of Pensions after the passage and approval of this act. Provided, That pensioners who are sixty-two years of age or over, and who are now receiving pensions under existing laws, or Pensions, in such form as he may prescribe, receive the benefits of this act; and nothing herein contained shall prevent any pensioner or person entitled to a pension from prosecuting his claim and receiving a pension under any other general or special act: Provided, That no person shall receive a pension under any other general or special act: Provided, That no person shall receive a pension under any other general or special act: Provided, That no person s

to receive under the provisions herein shall be pensionable under this act.

Sec. 2. That rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed hereunder.

Sec. 3. That no pension attorney, claim agent, or other person shall be entitled to receive any compensation for services rendered in presenting any claim to the Bureau of Pensions, or securing any pension, under this act, except in applications for original pension by persons who have not heretofore received a pension.

Sec. 4. That the benefits of this act shall include any person who served during the late civil war, or in the war with Mexico, and who is now or may hereafter become entitled to pension under the acts of June 27, 1890, February 15, 1895, and the joint resolutions of July 1, 1902, and June 28, 1906, or the acts of January 29, 1887, March 3, 1891, and February 17, 1897.

Sec. 5. That it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Pensions, as each application for pension under this act is adjudicated, to cause to be kept a record showing the name and length of service of each claimant, the monthly rate of payment granted to received by him, and the county and State of his residence; and shall at the end of the fiscal year 1914, tabulate the record so obtained by States and counties, and shall furnish certified copies thereof upon demand and the payment of such fee therefor as is provided by law for certified copies of records in the executive departments. departments.

Enternational Polar Commission.

Organized at Brussels, Belgium, May 29, 1908. President—Rear-Admiral Umberto Cagni, R. N., lly. Vice-President—Dr. Otto Nordenskjold, Sweden. Secretary—Prof. Georges Lecointe, Uccle, Italy. Belgium.

Belgium.

MEMBERS—Prof. E. Bruckner, Prof. G. Trabert, Prof. E. Oberhummer and Prof. A. Grund, Austria; Baron Roland Eötvös, Rear-Admiral A. Grutzl, Prof. R. de Kövesligethy, and Dr. J. Kepes, Hungary; Capt. A. de Gerlache de Gomery, Brussels, and Prof. Seorges Lecointe, Uccle, Belgium; Rear-Admiral Louis A. Goui, Chile; Capt. Holm, Capt. Koch, Capt. Amdrup, and Dr. la Cour, Denmark; Rear-Admiral Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., and Herbert L. Bridgman, United States; Capt. Cagni, R. N., Prof. G. Cora, Capt. Roncagli Giovanni, and Cavalier Molinelli Pietro. Italy; Dr. Van der Stok, Capt. Phaff, Dr. Van Everdingen, and J. L. H. Luynnes, Netherlands; Prof. Mehedinti, Prof. Cocchiesco, and Prof. Stefan Popescu, Rommania; Sir John Murray, Prof. Rudmose Brown, Dr. Bruce, Dr. Bartholomew, and Dr. Richardson, Grande Bretagne; Dr. Tchernichof and Dr. Knipovitch, Russia; Dr. Baron de Geer, Dr. De Nordenskjold, Dr. Hamberg and Dr. Andersson, Sweden; Prof. Von Drygalsky, Prof. Albrecht, Dr. Supan and Dr. Wiechert, Germany.

United States Pension Statistics.

NUMBER OF ARMY AND NAVY PENSIONERS ON THE ROLL JUNE 30, 1912.

LOCATION OF	Regi Establi		SERV (Act	(Act	Civil (Genera		CIVIL (ACT JUNE			WAR WITH SPAIN.	Number of Pension-
AGENCY.			o£	of					19, 1908.)		ers
	Invalids.	Widows, etc.	May 11, 1912.)	Feb. 6, 1907.)	Invalids.	Widows,	Invalids.	Minors, etc.	Widows.	Invalids.	June 30, 1912.
Augusta	90	34	103	5.695	2.752	1.770	606	60	3,146	321	14.611
Boston	628	362	1,088	. 22,311	2,668	4,349	1,334	174	17,848	1.175	52,292
Buffalo	316	105	970	13,606	4,596	4,136	1,824	104	10,127	1,045	36,904
Chicago	1,488	301	969	26,936	8,280	5,560	3,806	325	17,561	1,891	67,671
Columbus.	628	144	1,390	29,009	14,448	8,373	5,346	310	21,494	2,862	84,289
Concord	82	21	57	4,428	2,783	1,901	539	45	3,314	399	13,595
DesMoines	336	55	364	20,954	6,361	3,474	2,735	174	11,767	1,152	47,644
Detroit	351	85	419	12,490	6,300	3,457	2,256	139	8,421	1,633	35,634
Indianap'is	714	$\frac{93}{321}$	889	14,470	13,765	6,737	2,705	231	11,734	2,235	53,908
Enoxville.	$1,154 \\ 614$	147	332	22,395	3,921	2,576	3,979	685	14,001	2,962	56,340
Louisville.	388	91	186 293	7,797 19,382	2,878	2,105 3,363	$\frac{1,528}{2,244}$	289	6,161	1,294	23,396
Milwaukee New York.	1,184	567	583	19,582	$\frac{5,940}{2,720}$	3.184	1.382	167 206	10,822 $17,422$	1,459	44,289
Phila'phia.	681	343	1.791	19,718	3,332	3,254	2.051	213	17.873	1,489	48,471
Pittsburgh.	170	58	478	15.257	3.977	2,602	2,342	160	12.762	$\frac{1,158}{902}$	50,569
San Fran.	1.339	297	38	20.388	3,125	1.540	2.105	186	9,644	2,035	38,794
Topeka	1,009	179	1.094	42,237	11,284	5.515	7.317	671	26.456	2,292	42,928
Wash'ton	3.201	1,137	2,202	16,983	4.220	3,051	3,102	340	12.394	2.546	99,262 $49,697$
Total		4.340	13,246	333,579	103,599	66,947		4.479	232,947	28,850	860,294
	1 4,010	4,010	10,210	000.013	100,000	00,011	37,201	1,110	202,341	20,000	000,294

Pensioners of the war of 1812-widows, 238. Pensioners of the war with Mexico-Survivors, 1,313; widows, 5,533. Indian wars-Survivors, 1,210; widows, 2,439.

NUMBER OF PENSION CLAIMS, PENSIONERS. AND DISBURSEMENTS, 1867-1912.

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.	Total Number of Original Ap-	Total Number of Original	NUMBER OF	Pensioners of	THE ROLL.	Paid as Pensions.
	plicationsFiled.	Claims Allowed.	Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Total.	
1867	36,753	36,482	69,565	83,618	155,474	
1868	20,768	28.921	75.957	93,686	169,643	23,101,509.36
1869	26.066	23.196	82,859	105,104	187,963	28,513,247,27
1870	24,851	18,221	87.521	111.165	198,686	
1871	43,969	16.562	93,394	114,101	207,495	28,518,792,62
1872	26,391	34,333	113.954	118,275	232,299	29,752,746,81
1873	18,303	16,052	119,500	118.911	238,411	26,982,063.89
1874	16,734	10,462	121,628	114.613	236,241	30, 206, 778, 99
1875	18,704	11,152	122.989	111.832	234.821	29,270,404,70
1876	23.523	9,977	124.239	107.898	232.137	27,936,209,53
1877	22,715	11,326	128,723	103.381	232,104	28,182,821,72
1878	44,587	11,962	131,649	92.349	223.998	26,786,009,44
1879	57,118	31,346	138.615	104.140	242.755	33,664,428,92
1880	141.466	19,545	145,410	105,392	250.802	56,689,229,08
1881	31,116	27.394	164.110	104,720	268,830	50,583,405,35
1882	40.939	27,664	182,633	103.064	285.697	54,313,172.05
1883	48,776	38,162	206.042	97.616	303.658	60,427,573,81
1884	41,785	34,192	225,470	97.286	322,756	- 57,912,387,47
1885	~ 40.918	35,767	247.146	97.979	345.125	65,171,937,12
1886	49,895	40.857	270.346	95, 437	365,783	64,091,142,90
1887	72,465	55.194	306,298	99.709	406.007	73,752,997.08
1888	75,726	60.252	343,701	108.856	452,557	78,950,501.67
iss9	81,220	51.921	373.699	116.026	489,725	88,842,720,58
890	105,044	66.637	415.654	122,290	537.944	106,093,850,39
891	696,941	156,486	536,821	139.339	676,160	117,312,690.50
$89\overline{2}$	246,638	224.047	703.242	172.826	876.068	139,394,147,11
1893	119.361	121,630	759.706	206.306	966,012	156,906,637,94
894	57,141	39,085	754.382	215.162	909.544	139,986,726,17
1895	45,361	39.185	750,951	219.567	970.524	139,812,294,30
1896	42,244	40,374	747,967	222,557	970.678	138,220,704,46
897	50.585	50,101	746,829	229.185	976,014	139,949,717.35
1898	48.732	52,648	760.853	232.861	993,714	144,651,879.80
1899	53.881	37,077	753,451	238.068	991,519	138, 355, 052, 95
1900	51.964	40,645	751.864	241.674	993, 529	138, 462, 130, 65
901	58, 373	44,868	747,999	249.736	997, 735	138,531,483,84
1902	47,965	40,173	738,809	260,637	999, 446	137,504,267,99
1903	52, 325	40,136	728,732	267,813	996,545	137,759,653,71
1904	55, 794	44,296	720,315	274,447	994.762	141,093,571,49
1905	52.841	50,027	717,158	281,283	998.441	141,142,861,33
1906	37,193	34,974	712.419	273,552	985.971	139,000,288,25
1907	43,319	29,945	680.934	286.437	967,371	138, 155, 412, 46
1908	16,619	37,691	658.071	293.616	951.687	153.093.086.27
1909	66, 226	46.088	676,155	298,853	946,194	161,973,703,77
910	31,777	28,027	602,180	318,903	921.083	159,974,056.08
911	30,601	25,519	570,050	322,048	892.098	157,325,160,35
1912	27, 692	$\frac{23.518}{22.777}$	538,000	322, 294	860.294	152,986,433,72
Le/ E ==			000,000	022,204		
Total*		2,078,340				\$4,286,922,719,65

^{*}Totals include figures for year 1866 also. The amount disbursed for pensions from July 1, 1790, to June 30, 1865, was \$96,445,444.23.

UNITED STATES PENSION STATISTICS-Continued.

PENSION AGENCIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL LIMITS, JUNE 30, 1912.

AGENCIES.	Geographical Limits.	Pay Places Naval Pensioners.	Disbursements.
Augusta	Maine	Boston	
	Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island		
	Western New York		
. Chicago	Illinois	Chicago	12,076,248,52
Columbus	Ohio	Chicago	15,367,610.75
Concord	New Hampshire, Vermont	Boston	2,645,988,29
Des Moines	Iowa, Nebraska	Chicago	8,632,676,79
Detroit	Michigan	Chicago	6,536,830,20
Indianapolis.	Indiana	Chicago	10,369,338.66
Knoxville	Southern States*	Washington	9,699,202,08
Louisville	Kentucky	Chicago	4,110,563,37
	Minnesota, Dakotas, Wisconsin		
New York	East New York, East New Jersey	New York City	8, 261, 207, 29
Philadelphia.	East Pennsylvania, West New Jersey	Philadelphia	8,630,927,04
Pittsburgh	West Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	6,899,165,50
San Francisco	Pacific Coast	San Francisco.	7,321,737,58
Topeka	Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, New Mexico	Chicago	17,708,555,35
Washington	Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, W. Va., D. C., Foreign	Washington	8,974,871.57
Total, incl	uding agency expenses		\$153,570.985.04

* Excepting the States in the Louisville and Washington districts.

The expenses of the Pension Bureau and of pension agencies in disbursing the pension fund during the fiscal year were \$2.48,857.31. From 1866 to 1912 inclusive, this expense has been \$123.38.71. The names of the pension agents will be found in the list of officials of the Federal Government.

TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS FOR PENSIONS ENSIONS FOR ALL WARS AND OF THE PEACE ESTABLISHMENT.

War of the Revolution (estimate), \$70,000,000; var of 1812 (on account of service without regard to disability), \$45,890,843.39; Indian wars (on account of service without regard to disability), \$11,713,609.51; war with Mexico (on account of service without regard to disability), \$46,447,872.44; civil war, \$4,129,699,071.99; war with Spain and insurrection in the Philippine Islands, \$38,114,062.42; regular establishment, \$25,014,227.64; unclassified, \$16,488,476.49. Total disbursements for pensions, \$4,383,368,163.88.

PENSIONERS IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY

			~****	STEEL STATE STATE			
Alabama 3,585			finn		1,696	Vermont	6,870
	Illinois	59,353 1			82,895	Virginia	8,095
Arizona 852		52.413 M				Washing'n	
Arkansas. 10,438	Iowa	30,205 1	Iontana	2.460 Oregon	8.187	West Va	11.188
California, 29,670	Kansas	33,241	Vebras'a	14.090 Penn'a	82.300	Wisconsin.	21.920
Colorado 8,772	Kentuc'y	22.777	Vevada	405 R. Island		Wyoming.	
Conn 10,673	Louis'a	6,191	V. Hamp	6.820 S. Car'a	1.805	Insul. Pos.	207
Delaware. 2,497	Maine	15,142 1	V. Jersey	19.539 S. Dak		Foreign	
D. of Col 8,046	Maryla'd	11,735 P	V. Mex	I. 714 Tenn	16.613		
Florida 5.121	Mass	36.121 N	V. York	72.443 Texas	8,755		860,294
Georgia 3 259	Michigan	-36.226 1	V. Car'a	3.594 Utah	1.053		,

Phoebe M. Wooley (Palmeter), the last daughter of a Revolutionary soldier (Jonathan Wooley), on pension roll, died April 25, 1911, age 90.

The number of enrolled pension attorneys in 1912 was 25.000.

The following are the rates for total disability from causes incident to the service:

Army—Lieutenant-colonel and all officers of higher rank, \$30; major, surgeon, and paymaster, \$25; capitaln, provost marshal, and chaplain, \$20; first lieutenant, assistant surgeon, and deputy provost marshal, \$17; second lieutenant and enrolling officer, \$15; enlisted men, \$8.

Navy—Capitaln and officers of higher rank, commander, lieutenant commanding aungeon, paymaster, and chief engineer, respectively ranking with commander by law, \$30; lieutenant, surgeon, paymaster, and chief engineer, respectively ranking with lieutenant by law, and passed assistant surgeon, \$25; master, professor of mathematics, assistant surgeon, sassistant surgeon, \$50; master, professor of mathematics, assistant surgeon, assistant paymaster and chaplain, \$20; first assistant engineer, ensign, and pilot, \$15; cadet midshipman, passed midshipman, midshipman, clerks of admirals, paymasters, or other officers commanding vessels, second and third assistant engineers, master's mate, and warrant officers, \$10; enlisted men, \$8. vessels, second and thrid assistant engineers, master's mate, and warrant omeers, \$10; emisted men, \$8. Marine Corps—Lieutenant-colonel and officers of higher rank, \$30; major, \$25; captain, \$20; first lieutenant, \$17; second lieutenant, \$15; enlisted men, \$8.

Pension at certain ages on account of service in the civil and Mexican wars. Act of May 11, 1912. Any person who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late civil war, and who has been honorably discharged therefrom, and who has reached the age of sixty-two years or over, on making proof of such facts is entitled to receive a pension as follows: Age sixty-two years -For a service of 90 days, \$13.00 per month; 6 months, \$13.50; 1 years, \$14.00; 1½ years, \$14.50; 2 years, \$15.00; 2½ years, \$15.50, and 3 years and more, \$16.00, Age 60 years—For a service of 90 days, \$15.00 per month; 6 months, \$15.50; 1 year, \$16.00; 1½ years, \$18.00 per month; 6 months, \$19.00; 1½ years, \$18.00; 2½ years, \$15.50; 2 years, \$10; 2 entitled to \$30.00 per month.

Patent Office Procedure.

THE following statement has been revised by the Patent Office for THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1913:

Patents are issued in the name of the United States, and under the seal of the Patent Office, to any person who has invented or discovered any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, or any new original and ornamental design for an article of manufacture, not known or used by others in this country before his invention or discovery thereof, and not patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, before his invention or discovery thereof or more than two years prior to his application, and not in public use or on sale in the United States for more than two years prior to his application, unless the same is proved to have been abandoned; upon payment of the fees required by law and other due proceedings had,

Every patent contains a grant to the patentee, his heirs or assigns, for the term of seventeen years, except in the case of design patents, of the exclusive right to make, use, and vend the invention discovery throughout the United States and the Territories, referring to the specification for the par-

ticulars thereof.

If it appear that the inventor, at the time of making his application, believed himself to be the first inventor or discoverer, a patent will not be refused on account of the invention or discovery, or any part thereof, having been known or used in any foreign country before his invention or discovery

thereof, if it had not been before patented or described in any printed publication. Joint inventors are entitled to a joint patent; neither can claim one separately. Independent inventors of distinct and independent improvements in the same machine cannot obtain a joint patent for their separate inventions; nor does the fact that one furnishes the capital and another makes the invention entitle them to make application as joint inventors; but in such case they may become joint

patenties by means of a deed of assignment. No person otherwise entitled thereto will be debarred from receiving a patent for his invention or discovery, by reason of its having been first patented or caused to be patented by the inventor or his legal representatives or assigns in a foreign country, unless the application for said foreign patent was filed more than twelve months prior to the filing of the application in this country, and four months

in cases of designs, in which case no patent shall be granted in this country.

APPLICATIONS.

If an inventor wishes to file an application for patent, a copy of the Rules of Practice, containing forms and instructions, will be sent upon request. It is advisable, however, in every case, that the services of a competent registered patent attorney be secured, as the value of patents depends largely upon the skilful preparation of the specification and claims. The Patent Office cannot recommend any particular attorney or firm, but advises applicants to avoid doing business with those who advertise the possession of unusual facilities for obtaining patents.

Applications for a patent must be made in writing to the Commissioner of Patents. The applicant must also file in the Patent Office a written description of the invention or discovery, and of the manner and process of making, constructing, compounding, and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art or science to which it appertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make, construct, compound, and use the same; and in case of a machine, he must explain the principle thereof, and the best mode in which he has contemplated applying that principle, so as to distinguish it from other inventions, and particularly point out and distinctly claim the part, improvement, or combination which he claims as his invention or discovery. The specification and claim must be signed by the inventor and attested by two witnesses.

When the nature of the case admits of drawings, the applicant must furnish a drawing of the required size, signed by the inventor or his attorney in fact, and attested by two witnesses. The applicant, if required by the Patent Office, shall furnish a model of convenient size to exhibit advantage-cousty the several parts of his invention or discovery, but a model should not be sent unless first called on by the Patent Office, manufacture, composition, or improvement for which he solicits a required size or of the art, machine, manufacture, composition, or improvement for which he so

or discoverer of the art, machine, manufacture, composition, or improvement for which he solicits a patent; that he does not know and does not believe that the same was ever before known or used, and patent; that he does not know and does not helieve that the same was ever before known or used, and shall state of what country he is a citizen and where he resides, and whether he is the sole or joint inventor of the invention claimed in his application. In every original application the applicant must distinctly state under oath that the invention has not been patented to himself or to others with his knowledge or consent in this or any foreign country for more than two years prior to his application, or on an application for a patent filed in any foreign country by himself or his legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to his application in this country, or four months in cases of designs. If any application for patent has been filed in any foreign country by the applicant in this country or by his legal representatives or assigns, prior to his application in this country, he shall state the country or countries in which such application has been filed, giving the date of such application, and shall also state that no application has been filed in any other countries than those mentioned; that to the best of his knowledge and bellef the invention has not been in public use or on sale in the United States nor described in any printed publication or patent in this or any foreign country for more than two years prior to his application in this country. Such this or any foreign country for more than two years prior to his application in this country. Such oath may be made before any person within the United States authorized by law to administer oaths, or, when the applicant resides in a foreign country, before any minister, charge d'affaires, consul. or commercial agent holding commission under the Government of the United States, or before any polary public indeed in the country of the United States, or before any notary public, judge or magistrate having an official seal and authorized to administer oaths in that country whose authority shall be proved by a certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the

United States, except that no acknowledgment may be taken by any attorney appearing in the case. On the filling of such application and the payment of the fees required by law. If, on examination, it appears that the applicant is justly entitled to a patent under the law, and that the same is sufficiently useful and important, the Commissioner will issue a patent therefor.

Every patent or any interest therein shall be assignable in law by an instrument in writing; and the

patentee or his assigns or legal representatives may, in like manner, grant and convey an exclusive right under his patent to the whole or any specified part of the United States.

REISSUES.

A reissue is granted to the original patentee, his legal representatives, or the assignees of the entire interest when, by reason of a defective or insufficient specification, or by reason of the patentee claim-ing as his invention or discovery more than he had a right to claim as new, the original patent is inoperative or invalid, provided the error has arisen from inadvertence, accident, or mistake, and without

PATENT OFFICE PROCEDURE-Continued.

Reissue applications must be made and the specifications any fraudulent or deceptive intention. Resworn to by the inventors, if they be living.

FEES.

Fees must be paid in advance, and are as follows: On filing each original application for a patent, \$15. On issuing each original patent, \$20. In design cases: For three years and six months, \$10; for seven years, \$15; for ioniteen years, \$30. On every application for the reissue of a patent, \$30. On filing each disclaimer, \$10. For certified copies of patents and other papers in manuscript, ten cents per hundred words and twenty-five cents for the certificate; for certified copies of printed explose of specifications. ten cents per hundred words and twenty-five cents for the terrificate; for terrified copies of specifications and drawings of patents, five cents each. For recording every assignment, agreement, power of attorney, or other paper, of three hundred words or nuder. \$1; of over three hundred and under one thousand words, \$2; for each additional thousand words, or fraction thereof, \$1. For copies of drawings, the reasonable cost of making them. The Patent Office is prepared to furnish positive photographic copies of any drawing, foreign or domestic, in the possession of the office, in sizes and at rates as follows: Large size, 10x15 inches, twenty-five cents; medium size, \$x12½ inches, fifteen cents. Fee for examining and registering trade-mark, \$10, which includes certificate. Stamps cannot be accepted by the Patent Office in payment of fees. Stamps and stamped envelopes should not be sent to the office for replies to letters, as stamps are not required on mail matter emanating from the Patent Office. For uncertified printed copies of specifications and drawings of patents, five to letters, as stamps are not required on mail matter emanating from the Patent Office.

PATENT OFFICE STATISTICS.

The receipts of the Patent Office during the year ending December 31, 1911, were \$2.019,388.03, and expenditures, \$1.953,689.91. Receipts over expenditures, \$65,698.12. Net surplus in the U. S. Treasury on account of the patent fund, \$7,063,925.76. The following is a statement of the business of the office for the year ending December 31, 1911:

ine following is a statement of the busi	Hean or or	ic office for the Comment of the Com
Number of applications for patents	67,370	Number of patents granted, including
Number of applications for design patents	1,534	designs 33,927
Number of applications for reissue patents		designs
Trumber of applications for ressue parents		24.001
		Total34,081
Total	69,121	Number of trade-marks registered 4,205
		Number of labels registered 659
Number of applications for registration of		Number of prints registered 248
trade-marks	7,085	
Number of applications for registration of	.,000	Total 5,112
		Number of patents expired 19,875
labels		Number of patents forfeited for non-pay-
Number of applications for prints	337	
Number of disclaimers filed		ment of final fees
Number of appeals on the merits	1,693	Number of applications allowed awaiting
		final fees
		Number of trade-mark applications pas-
Total	10,094	sed for publication 4,767
The total number of applications filed	at the Pa	atent Omce in seventy-three years, 1837-1910, was
The total number of applications filed	at the Pa	atent Office in seventy-three years, 1837-1910, was

1,785,912; number of original patents, including designs and reissues issued, 1,068,511.

There is now no law permitting the filing of a caveat, the old law having been repealed July 1,1910

Patent No. 1,000,000 was granted August 8, 1911, to F. H. Holton, of Akron, O., for an automobile tire.

The following is a statement of patents and designs issued in 1911 according to residence of

patentees;
Alabama, 163; Alaska, 5; Arizona, 41; Arkansas, 135; California, 1,575; Canal Zone, 9; Colorado, 477; Connecticut, 845; Delaware, 56; District of Columbia, 239; Florida, 104; Georgia, 224; Hawaii, 19; Idaho, 105; Illinois, 3,172; Indiana, 726; Iowa, 583; Kansas, 382; Kentucky, 240; Louisiana, 165; Maine, 142; Maryland, 272; Massachusetts, 1,842; Michigan, 1,035; Minnesota, 475; Mississippl, 113; Missouri, 945; Montana, 112; Nebraska, 318; Nevada, 39; New Hampshire, 81; New Jersey, 1,360; New Warko, 50; New York, 4,777; North Carolina, 191; North Dakota, 132; Onio, 2,233; Oktahoma, 2,35; Oregon, 246; Penusylvania, 2,919; Philippine Islands, 6; Porto Rico, 7; Rhode Island, 315; South Carolina, 65; South Dakota, 109; Tennessee, 175; Texas, 591; Utah, 103; Vermont, 61; Virginia, 226; Washington, 410; West Virginia, 196; Wisconsin, 703; Wyoming, 26; U. S. Arny, 10; U. S. Navy, 16. Total forcign, 40; Sengland, 985; France, 347; Germany, 1,320; Italy, 62; Japan, 12; Mexico, 42; Norway, 36; Russia, 49; Scotland, 47; Sweden, 92; Switzerland, 108; other countries, 235. Total forcign, 4,058. patentees:

CENERAL PATENT STATISTICS.

The following table is compiled from the report of the Commissioner of Patents for 1912. exhibits the number of patents issued by foreign countries (estimated) and the United States from the earliest records to December 31, 1911:

Countries.	To 1870 Inclusive.	1871 to 1911.	Total.	Countries.	To 1870 Inclusive.	1871 to 1911.	Total.
Austria		70,463	70.462	Rnssia	1.464	25,453	26,917
Austria-Hungary				Spain		46,915	
Belgium			248,200	Sweden	1.629		
Canada,				Switzerland		53,449	53,449
France		352,710	456,644	All other foreign			,
Germany					8,363	178,323	186,686
Great Britain	53,408		443,035			·	
Hungary		50,474	50,474	Total foreign	238,437	2,003,658	2,242,095
India	445	11,476	11.921		120,573	902,478	*1,023,051
Italy and Sardinia,	4.723	102.179	106,902	il			
Japan	1	21,191	21,191	Grand total	[359,010]	2,906,136	3,265,146

* Including 9.957 Patents issued prior to July 1, 1836, on which date the present series began. † Not including 157 reissues and 68 patents withdrawn.

Registration of Trade=Marks

IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE following are extracts from the new "Act to authorize the registration of trade-

The following are extracts from the new "Act to authorize the registration of trademarks used in commerce with foreign nations, or among the several States or Indian tribes, and to protect the same," approved February 20, 1905, and amended by act approved March 2, 1907, and by act approved February 18, 1909.

"The owner of a trade-mark used in commerce with foreign nations, or among the several States, or with Indian tribes, provided such owner shall be domiciled within the territory of the United States, or resides in or is located in any foreign country, which, by treaty, convention, or law, affords similar privileges to the citizens of the United States, may obtain registration for such trade-mark by complying with the following requirements: First, by filing in the Patent Office an application therefor, in writing, addressed to the Commissioner of Patents, signed by the applicant, specifying his name, domicile, location, and citizenship; the class of merchandise and the particular description of goods comprised in such class to which the trade-mark is appropriated; a statement of the mode in which the same is applied and affixed to goods, and the length of time during which the trademark has been used; a description of the trade-mark itself shall be included, if desired by the applicant or required by the Commissioner, provided such description is of a character to meet the approval of the Commissioner. With this statement shall be filed a drawing of the trade-mark, signed by the applicant, or his attorney, and such number of specimens of the trade-mark, signed by the applicant, or his attorney, and such number of specimens of the trade-mark, signed by the Treasury of the United States the sum of ten dollars, and otherwise complying with the requirements of this act and such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Patents.

"A certificate of registration shall remain in force for twenty years, except that in the

"Acertificate of registration shall remain in force for twenty years, except that in the case of trade-marks previously registered in a foreign country such certificates shall cease to be in force on the day on which the trade-mark ceases to be protected in such foreign country, and shall in no case remain in force more than twenty years, unless renewed. Certificates of registration may be, from thee to time, renewed for like periods on payments of the renewal fees required by this act, upon request by the registrant, his legal representatives, or transferees of record in the Patent Office, and such request may be made at any time not more than six months prior to the expiration of the period for which the certificates of registration were issued or renewed. Certificates of registration in force at the date at which this act takes effect shall remain in force for the period for which they were issued, but shall be renewable on the same conditions and for the same periods as certificates issued under the provisions of this act, and when so renewed shall have the same force and effect as certificates issued under this act.

"The registration of a trade-wark under the provisions of this act, shall be prima."

same force and effect as certificates issued under this act.

"The registration of a trade-mark under the provisions of this act shall be prima facie evidence of connership. Any person who shall, without the consent of the owner thereof, reproduce, counterfeit, copy, or colorably imitate any such trade-mark and affix the the same to merchandise of substantially the same descriptive properties as those set forth in the registration, or to labels, signs, prints, packages, wrappers, or receptacles intended to be used upon or in connection with the sale of merchandise of substantially the same descriptive properties as those set forth in such registration, and shall use, or shall have used, such reproduction, counterfeit, copy, or colorable imitation in commerce among the several States, or with a foreign nation, or with the Indian tribes, shall be liable to an action for damages therefor at the suit of the owner thereof; and whenever in any such action a verdict is rendered for the plaintiff, the court may enter judgment therein for any sum above the amount found by the verdict as the actual damages, according to the circumstances of the case, not exceeding three times the amount of such verdict, together with the costs."

No trade-mark will be registered which consists of or comprises immoral or

verdict as the actual damages, according to the circumstances of the case, not exceeding three times the amount of such verdict, together with the costs: "immoral or scandalous matter, or which consists of or comprises the flag or coat of arms or other insignia of the United States, or any simulation thereof, or of any State or municipality, or of any foreign nation, or which consists of or comprises any design or nicture that has been adopted by any fraternal society as its emblem, unless it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Patents that the mark was adopted and used as a trade-mark by the applicant or applicant's predecessors, from whom title is derived, at a date prior to the date of its adoption by such fraternal society as its emblem, or which trade-mark is identical with a registered or known trademark owned and in use by another, and appropriated to merchandise of the same descriptive properties as to be likely to cause confusion or mistake in the mind of the public, or to deceive purchasers; or which sous confusion or mistake in the mind of the public, or to deceive purchasers; or which consists merely in the name of an individual, firm, corporation, or association, not written, printed, impressed, or woven in some particular or distinctive manner or in association with a portrait of the individual, or merely in words or devices which are descriptive of the goods with which they are used, or of the character or quality of such goods, or merely a geographical name or term; no portrait of a living individual will be registered as a trade-mark, except by the consent of such individual evidenced by an instrument in writing; and no trade-mark will be registered which is used in unlawful business, or upon any article iniurious in itself, or which has been used with the design of deceiving the public in the purchase of merchandise, or which has been bandoned.

Any mark, used in commerce with foreign nations or among the several States or

Anv mark, used in commerce with foreign nations or among the several States or with Indian tribes, may be registered if it has been in actual and exclusive use as a trade-mark of the applicant, or his predecessors from whom he derived title, for ten years next preceding the passage of the act of February 20, 1905.

By act of Congress approved February 18, 1909, the section of the tradesmark act was amended so as to read as follows:

"The application prescribed in the foregoing section, in order to create any right whatever in favor of the party filing it, must be accompanied by a written declaration verified by the applicant, or by a member of the firm or an officer of the corporation or association applying, to the effect that the applicant believes himself or the firm, corporation, or association in whose behalf he makes the application to be the owner of the trade-mark sought

REGISTRATION OF TRADE-MARKS-Continued.

to be registered, and that no other person, firm, corporation, or association, to the best of the applicant's knowledge and belief, has the right to use such trade-mark in the United States, either in the identical form or in such near resemblance thereto as might be calculated to deceive; that such trade-mark is used in commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations, or with Indian tribes, and that the description and drawing presented truly represent the trade-mark sought to be registered. If the applicant resides or is located in a foreign country, the statement required shall, in addition to the foregoing, set forth that the trade-mark has been registered by the applicant, or that an application for the registration thereof has been flied by him in the foreign country in which he resides or is located, and shall give the date of such registration, or the application thereofr, as the case may be, except that in the application in such cases it shall not be necessary to state that thereof. The verification required by this section may be made before any person within the United States authorized by law to administer oaths, or, when the applicant resides in a foreign country, before any minister, charge d'affaires, consul, or commercial agent holding commission under the Government of the United States, or before any notary public, judge, or magistrate having an official seal and authorized to administer oaths in the foreign country in which the applicant may be whose authority shall be proved by a centificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States."

TRADE-MARK TREATIES WITH FOREIGN NATIONS.

The following is a list of the Governments with which conventions for the reciprocal registration and protection of trade-marks have been entered into by the United States—Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain (including colonies), Italy, Japan (including China and Korea), Luxemburg, Mexico, Russia, Roumania, Servia, Spain. The laws of Switzerland and the Netherlands being so framed as to afford reciprocal privileges to the citizens or subjects of any Government which affords similar privileges to the people of those countries, the mere exchange of diplomatic notes, giving notice of the fact, accomplishes all the purposes of a formal convention. a formal convention.

Naval Wistory Society.

President—Rear-Admiral Stephen B. Luce, U. S. N., Newport, R. I. Vice-President—Rear-Admiral French E. Chadwick, U. S. N., Newport, R. I. Secretary-Treasurer—Robert W. Neeser, 247 5th Ave., New York City.

Admiral French E. Chadwick, U. S. N., Newport, R. I. Secretary-Treasurer—Robert W. Neeser. 247 5th Ave., New York City.

The Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, enacted the following law:
Be it enacted by the Seuate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts; James Barnes, of New York; Columbia; French E. Chadwick, of Rhode Island; William C. Church, of New York; George Dewey, of the District of Columbia; Henry A. du Pont, of Delaware; Loyal Farragut, of New York; Caspar F. Goodrich, of Connecticut; Charles T. Harbeck, of New York; Grenville Kane, of New York; Stephen B. Luce, of Rhode Island; John F. Meigs, of Pennsylvania; Robert W. Neeser, of New York; Herbert L. Satterlee, of New York; Charles H. Stockton, of the District of Columbia; Charles W. Stewart, of the District of Columbia; Robert M. Thompson, of New York; Richard Wainright, of the District of Columbia; John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, and their associates and successors, be, and they are hereby, incorporated and made a body politic and corporate in the District of Columbia; by the name of "The Naval History Society;" and by that name may sue or be sued, plead and be impleaded, in any court of law or equity, and may have and use a common seal, and change the same at pleasure, and be entitled to use and exercise all the powers, rights and privileges incidental to fraternal and benevolent corporations within the District of Columbia.

SEC. 2. That the object of such corporation shall be to discover and procure data, manuscripts, writings, and whatever may relate to naval history, science, and art, and the surroundings and experiences of seamen in general and of American seamen in particular, and to preserve same by publication or otherwise.

same by publication or otherwise,

Same by publication or otherwise,
Sec. 4. That said corporation shall have the right to hold meetings at any place in the United
States, but annual meetings for the election of officers shall be held in the city of Washington,
where the principal office of said corporation shall be.
Sec. 5. That the said corporation shall have the power to take and hold, by gift, grant, purchase, or devise, real and personal property not exceeding in value five hundred thousand dollars,
which shall not be divided among the members of the corporation, but shall be used and administered as a trust for the purposes of the corporation, and so far as unexpended transmitted to their

secretary for the further promotion of such purposes. Sec. 6. That the government of such corporation shall be vested in a board of eleven managers, to be elected by the members of such corporation, and the corporation shall have such officers as its constitution and by-laws may prescribe. The incorporators herein named, or a majority of them, shall act as the board of managers until their successors in office are chosen at the first meeting of the society after the passage of this act.

Warvest Moon.

THE Harvest Moon is the full moon that makes its appearance at the time of the harvest or about the Autumnal equinox. Because of the small angle that is made by the moon's orbit with the horizon, it rises at the same time for several days and it enables the farmer to continue his work after sunset.

Hunters' Moon follows the Harvest Moon and is similar inasmuch as it rises at the same hour several days. It is called Hunters' Moon because the crops having been harvested, there is several days.

nothing to interfere with the pleasures of the sportsman.

The Chamber of Commerce OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

ORGANIZED at the National Commercial Conference called by the President of the United States and held at Washington, D.C., April 22 and 23, 1912.

President—Harry A. Wheeler, Chicago, Ill. Vice Presidents—J. N. Teal, Portland, Ore, for Pacific Slope; Sam. D. Jones, Atlanta, Ga., for Southern States; A. B. Farquhar, York, Pa., for Eastern States, and H. E. Miles, Racine, Wis., for Mississippi Valley States. Treasurer—John Joy Edson, Washington, D. C. Chairman Executive Committee—John H. Fahey, Boston, Mass. General Secretary—Elliot H. Goodwin, Washington, D. C. Assistant Secretary—D. A. Skinner, Washington, D. C. Field Secretary—E. Trefz, Chicago, Ill. Chief, Editorial Division—Grosvenor Dawe, Washington, D. C.

PURPOSES—To encourage and promote the organization of associations of business men in all parts of the country. To study the work of existing organizations and their value to their respective trades and communities, and to clear the information thus acquired for the benefit of all

organizations desiring to increase their efficiency. To advocate the standardization of association methods and of association effort, and to urge the adoption of those standards which have been found most effective in so far as they may be applicable to local or trade conditions. To study the work performed by all Government Bureaus in any way related to the commerce of the country, to encourage and support appropriation measures for their further development, of the country, to encourage and support appropriation measures for their further development, and to utilize the data which they gather by directing it into the channels to which it is immediate. ately applicable. To careful

To carefully analyze all statistics with regard to the production and distribution of our manufactures at home and abroad; to be watchful of every influence calculated to retard our commercial development, and to become the source of information with respect to new opportunities

mercial development, and to become the source of information with respect to new opportunities for trade expansion, especially in foreign markets.

When debatable policies affecting our National commerce are advocated by the Federal authorities, there should be a recognized organization capable of expressing the business opinion of the entire country available for conference, alike to the Executive and legislative branches of the Government. It is the purpose of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America to act in this capacity—not to originate legislation, nor to be unnecessarily critical of legislation proposed by others, but rather to assume that the National Government desires to act in harmony with the commercial interests of the country and will accept our co-operation in an endeavor to make all business legislation constructive.

make all business legislation constructive.

make all business legislation constructive.

There are three great wealth-producing factors in our National life—Commerce, Labor and Agriculture. Labor, through its State and National organizations, strives for legislation in its own interest and presents its demands with the united voice of two million union workers. Agriculture likewise presents its demands through its National organization, and these are heeded in both State and National Legislatures. Commerce has been organized into local and trade groups, but not as an effective National unit, and it is to provide such a unit, as powerful as those enjoyed by Labor and Agriculture, that the Chamber of Commerce of the United States is now organized. These three great factors, through their National organizations, may find a means for co-operation on many subjects in which there is a vital joint interest.

MEMBERSHTP—Every commercial or manufacturers' association not organized for private purposes, shall be eligible for membership in the Chamber. Such associations shall be of two classes. First—Local or State commercial or business organizations whose chief purpose is the development of the commercial and industrial interests of a single State, city or locality. Second—Local, State, interstate or National organizations whose membership is confined to one trade, or group of trades.

one trade, or group of trades.

Election to membership shall only be by majority vote of the Board of Directors. It will be observed from the foregoing provision that the Chamber of Commerce will be composed only of organizations, individual membership not being permissible.

REPRESENTATION—Each member of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America shall be entitled to one delegate and one vote for the first twenty-five members, and one delegate and one vote for each additional one hundred members in excess of twenty-five, but no member shall be entitled to more than ten delegates and ten votes. Organizations having less than twenty-five members may be admitted to membership if in the judgment of the Board of Directors their importance would justify their admission, and these shall be entitled to one delegate and

The United States Government Printing Office.

In this establishment practically all the printing for the United States Government is done except the manufacture of paper money and postage stamps. The Public Printer is the executive head of the Government Printing Office. Directly or through his printing lofficers he purchases all materials and machinery subject to the provisions of law, disburses all money, appoints all officers and employés, and exercises general supervision over the affairs of the office. The Superintendent of Documents has general supervision over the distribution of all public documents, excepting those printed for the use of the two Houses of Congress and for the Executive Departments. He is required to prepare a comprehensive index of public documents and consolidated index of Congressional documents, and is authorized to sell at cost any public document in his charge, the distribution of which is not specifically directed.

The principal officers are as follows: Public Printer, Samuel B. Donnelly; Deputy Public Printer, Henry T. Brian: Chief Clerk, William J. Dow: Purchasing Agent, Edward S. Moores: Superintendent of Work, John R. Berg; Foreman of Printing, Frank C. Wallace; Congressional Record Clerk, William A. Smith; Superintendent of Documents, August Donath.

Society of the Chagres.

President—Col. Thos. M. Cooke. Vice President—John Burke. Secretary-Treasurer—William F. Shipley, Cristobal, Canal Zoue.

Membership in the Society is limited to white employ és of the Isthmian Canal Commission or of the Panama Railroad Company, who have earned the Roosevelt Canal Medal and two bars prior to the official opening of the Canal. The Roosevelt Canal Medal and two bars prior to the official opening of the Canal. The Roosevelt Canal Medal and two bars is only conferred on American citizens who serve six years continuously on the Isthmus of Panama for the Isthmus Canal Commission or Panama Railroad Company.

The Society was organized October 7, 1911, and consists of about 310 members.

National German-American Alliance.

FOUNDED IN 1900.

HEADQUARTERS, Philadelphia, P.a. President—Dr. C. J. Hexamer, 419 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. First Vice-President—Joseph Keller, Indianapolis, Ind. Treasurer—H. Weniger, 437 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary—Adolph Timm, 522 W. Lehigh Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Membership in United States over 2,000,000.

PRINCIPLES OF THE NATIONAL GERMAN-AMERICAN ALLIANCE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The National German-American Alliance aims to awaken and strengthen the sense of unity among the people of German origin in America with a view to promote the useful and healthy development of the power inherent in them as a united body for the mutual energetic protection of such legitimate desires and interests not inconsistent with the common good of the country, and the rights and duties of good citizens; to check nativistic encroachments; to maintain and safeguard the good friendly relations existing between America and the old German fatherland. To read the history of German immigration is to be convinced how much it has contributed to the advancement of the spiritual and economic development of this country, and to realize what it is still destined to contribute, and how the German immigrant has at all times stood by his adopted country in weal or in wee.

weal or in woe. country in

still destined to contribute, and how the German immigrant has at all times stood by his adopted country in weal or in wee.

The Alliance demands therefore the full honest recognition of these merits and opposes every attempt to belittle them. Always true to the adopted country, ever ready to risk all for its welfare, sincere and unselfish in the exercise of the duties of citizenship, respecting the law—still remains the watchword! It has no exclusive interests in view, nor the founding of a State within a State, but sees in the centralization of the inhabitants of German origin the shortest road to and the surest guarantee for the attainment of the alms set forth in this constitution; it calls therefore on all German organizations—as the organized expresentatives of the German spirit and manners—to co-operate with it for their healthy development, and recommends further the formation of societies in all the States of the Union for the preservation of the Interests of German-American, looking toward an eventual centralization of these societies into a great German-American Alliance, and would have all German societies consider it a duty and an honor to join the organization in their respective States. The Alliance engages to labor firmly and at all times with all the legal means at its command for the maintenance and propagation of its principles, and to defend them energetically wherever and whenever they are in danger; its purposes are the following platform:

1. The Alliance, as such, refrains from all interference in party politics, reserving, however, the right and duty to defend its principles also in the political field, in case these should be attacked or endangered by political measures.

2. Questions and matters of religion are strictly excluded.

3. If recommends the introduction of the study of German into the public schools on the following broad basis:

Along with English, German is a world language; wherever the ploneers of civilization, trade and commerce have penetrated, we find the people of b

schools.

schools.

5. It furthermore declares in favor of taking the school out of politics, for only a system of education that is free from political influence can offer the people real and satisfactory schools.

6. It calls on all Germans to acquire the right of citizenship as soon as they are legally entitled to it, to take an active part in public life, and to exercise their right at the polis fearlessly and according to their own judgment.

7. It recommends either a liberal and modern interpretation, or the abolition of laws that put unnecessary difficulties in the way of acquiring the right to citizenship, and frequently entirely prevent it. Good character, unblamable upright life, obedience to laws should decide, and not the answering or non-answering of arbitrary selected political or historical questions, which easily confuse the applicant. confuse the applicant.

confuse the applicant.

8. It opposes any and every restriction of immigration of healthy persons from Europe, exclusive of convicted criminals and Anarchists.

9. It favors the abolition of antiquated laws no longer in accordance with the spirit of the times, which check free intercourse and restrict the personal freedom of the citizen.

10. It recommends the foundling of educational societies which will foster the German language and literature, teach those anxious to learn, and arrange courses of lectures on art and science and questions of general interest.

11. It recommends a systematic investigation of the share Germans have had in the development of their adopted country, in war and in peace, in all kinds of German-American activity, from the earliest days, as the basis for the founding and continuance of a German-American activity, 12. It reserves the right to extend or supplement this platform, when new conditions within the scope of its time and aims make it desirable or necessary.

Bublic Wealth Service.

Public Law No. 265.1

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States shall hereafter be known and designated as the Public Health Service, and all laws pertaining to the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States shall hereafter apply to the Public Health Service, and all regulations now in force, made in accordance with law for the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States, shall apply to and remain in force as regulations of and for the Public Health Service until changed or rescinded. The Public Health Service may study and investigate the diseases of man and conditions induencing the propagation and spread thereof, including santiation and sewage and the pollution either directly of indirectly of the navigable streams and lakes of the United States, and it may from time to time issue information in the form of publications for the use of the public.

Approved August 14, 1912.

Fisheries of the United States.

(Compiled by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor.)

Sections.	VESSELS EMPLOYED.		Persons	Capital	Value of
	No.	Tons.	Employed. (1)	Invested. (2)	Products.
South Atlantic States (1908)	534	5.029	17.961	\$2,324,000	84.034.000
Gulf States (1908)	915	13,665			4.824.000
Middle Atlantic States (1908)	3.165	45,208		11,105,000	16,302,000
New England States (1908)	1.6231	44,219	22,157	11,970,000	15,139,630
Great Lakes (1908)	319	$\frac{4,499}{273}$	8,533	4,814,000	3.767.000
Mississippi River and Tributaries (1908)	39		11,825	1,440,000	3,125,000
Pacific Coast States (1908)	294	15,618		6,468,000	6,839,000
Alaska Territory (1911)	336	87,060	17,932	22,671,387	16,863,728
Total	7,225	215,571	161,813	\$64,693,387	\$70,894,358

(1) The figures for persons employed are not comparable with those of prior reports compiled by the Bureau of Fisheries, as the figures for 1908 do not include those employed in packing and canning establishments. (2) The figures for amount of capital invested are not comparable with

cauming establishments. (2) The figures for amount of capital invested are not comparable with prior reports, as the figures for 1908 do not include the investment in packing houses and cannerles. Pacific Fisherman's (Sept., 1910, issue) estimate of Pacific coast (including Alaska) canned salmon pack in 1910: Chinooks and king, 250,000 cases; sockeye and Alaska red, 2,000.000 cases; medium red, cohoes, silversides, 400,000 cases; pinks and chums, 850,000 cases. Total 3,500,000 cases. 1 case = 48 pounds.

VALUE OF THE WORLD'S FISHERY PRODUCTS.*

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
† United States (including Alaska).	.\$70,894,358	Italy	\$3,689,000
United States insular possessions	15.800.000	Denmark	
Canada (1910-1911)	29,965,433	Austria-Hungary	1,492,000
Newfoundland (1911)	11,798,932	Belgium	1,217,800
South and Central America and	,	All other European countries	4.800.000
_West Indies	13.035.000	Japan (1910)	75,000,000
England and Wales (1911)	40, 508, 746	India, Ceylon, Persia, Asiatic Tur-	,,
Scotland (1911)	14,820,220	key, Arabia, Burma & East Indies.	20,000,000
Ireland (1910)	1,828,023	China, Korea and all other Asiatic	,,
France	28,388,000	countries	34,000,000
Russia	30,000,000	Africa	5,000,000
Norway	8,704,700	Australia, New Zealand and all	3,000,000
Spain		other Pacific Islands	5,561,000
Holland	4,766,000		
Portugal	4,744,400	Total	440, 496, 612
Germany	3,710,200		,,

*Estimated. † United States figures are for 1908; Alaska for 1911.

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF FISHERIES. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

The work of the Bureau of Fisheries comprises (1) the propagation of useful food fishes, including lobsters, oysters and other shellfish, and their distribution to suitable waters; (2) the inquiry into the causes of decrease of food fishes in the lakes, rivers and coast waters of the United States, the study of the waters of the coast and interior in the interest of fish-culture, and the investigation of the fishing grounds of the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts, with the view of determining their food resources and the development of the commercial fisheries; (3) the collection and compilation of the statistics of the fisheries and the study of their methods and relations. The Bureau also has jurisdiction over the fur-seal herds and the salmon fisheries of Alaska. Office, Sixth and B Streets, Washington, D. C. The official force of the Bureau is as follows: Commissioner, George M. Bowers, Deputy Commissioner, Hugh M. Smith; Chief Clerk, I. H. Dunlap, Chief, Division of Alaska Fisheries, Barton W. Evermann. Assistants in Charge of Division: Inquiry Respecting Food Fishes, Henry F. Moore; Fish Culture, Robert S. Johnson; Statistics and Methods, A. B. Alexander; Architect and Engineer, Hector von Bayer.

The Life=Saving Service.

The ocean and lake coasts of the United States are picketed with the stations of the Life-Saving Service attached to the United States Treasury Department. Summer I. Kimball is general superintendent, with headquarters at Washington, and there is a corps of inspectors, superintendents station keepers, and crews, extending over the entire coast line, together with a Board on Life-Saving Appliances, composed of experts selected from the Revenue Cutter Service, the Army, the Life-Saving Service and civilians

In the close of the last fiscal year the life-saving establishment embraced 284 stations, 203 being on the Atlantic coast, 61 on the lakes, 19 on the Pacific coast, and 1 at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky. In the following table are the statistics of the service:

	1912.	Since Introduction of Life-Saving Sys- tem in 1871, to June 30, 1912.		Year Ending June 30, 1912.	Since Introduction of Life-Saving Sys- tem in 1871, to June 30, 1912.
Disasters Value property Involved	\$11,896,205		Shipwrecked persons succored at stations.	280	23,702
Value property saved	\$2,035,210	\$61,970,972	Days' succor afforded	612	53, 886
Persons involved	3,731	149,824 1,283	coasts	46	•••••

In addition to the foregoing there were 1,275 casualties to smaller craft, such as saliboats, row-boats, etc., on which there were 3,458 persons, of whom 10 were lost. The cost of the maintenance of the service during the year was \$2,346,881,02.

U. S. Volunteer Life=Saving Corps.

(Incorporated and Organized in most of the States.)

Officers—James R. Howe, President; Ernest H. Luebbers, Jr., Secretary; K. F. Mehrtens, Assistant Secretary; Wm. P. Jackson, Treasurer. W. E. Longfellow, General Superintendent, The United States Volunteer Life-Saving Corps has 2,000 patrolled stations and 22,000 enrolled members, all expert swimmers, yachtsmen and boatmen, with about 6,000 boats, from dories to expensive sall, steam, and gasoline launches. (It has saved in the Greater City, approximately, 200 lives; rendered "First Aid" in 600 cases; assisted 300 people on the water, and assisted 125 boats

The corps is well organized in New York State, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, Mary-The corps is well organized in New York State, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, Mary-It has been giving free instruction in swimming in both male and female departments of all the Public Free Baths of Greater New York—2,500 persons having been taught during the season of 1911, and has built 20 life-saving stations, one dock, and placed 45 lifeboats throughout the Greater

The corps furnishes its various crews, free of charge, according to the funds available for the various districts and departments, ring life preservers, metallic life preservers, ice balls, medicine chests, flags, signs, charts and boats, and builds life-saving stations at the most dangerous points. It is supported wholly by voluntary contributions, with the exception of the Departments of Greater New York, Rhode Island, Bayonne, N. J.; Bridgeport, Cc.; New Rochelle, N. Y., and Yonkers, N. Y., which can add the proportion of the cities and States, respectively.

LIFE-SAVING STATIONS IN CREATER NEW YORK.

The city of New York is divided into sixteen Inspection Districts as follows:

District No. 1—Bronx, Hunter's Island to Port Morrls. Inspector Edward F. Otto. District No. 2—Both sides Harlem River. In-

spector Ernest Hultgren.

spector Ernest Hultgren.

District No. 3—Hudson River, Spuyten Duyvil
to Forty-second Street. Inspector Wm. P. Schott.

District No. 4—Forty-second Street to Pler 1,

Hudson River.

District No. 5—Pler 1 to Fulton Ferry.

District No. 6—Manhattan side of East River
to 120th Street. Inspector George White.

District No. 7—Bayside to Wallabout. In-District No. 6—Rier I to Futton Ferry.

District No. 6—Manhattan side of East River to 120th Street. Inspector George White.
District No. 7—Bayside to Wallabout. Inspector George White.
District No. 8—Brooklyn Shore to Fort Hamlton. Inspector Charles Snyder.
District No. 9—Coney Island Creek and both shores Gravesend Bay. Inspector John Herold.

Inspection Districts as follows:

District No. 10—Coney Island, Ocean front, Sheepshead Bay, Plum Island. Inspector George B. Hunt.

District No. 11—Jamalca Bay to trestle. Inspector Otto Nueske.

District No. 12—Head Jamalca Bay above trestle. Inspector Harry Eschenbacher.

District No. 13—Rockaway Ocean front, Far Rockaway to Hollands. Inspector C. F. Watships acting

National Momen's Life=Saving League.

Observation of the discourage and children. Its purposes are: To encourage swimming by women and children; to co-operate with other organizations, whenever advisable, in the dissemination of knowledge on life-saving from drowning and "first aid" to the injured; to encourage interest and promote efficiency in swimming and life-saving by the holding of annual competitions for medals, prizes and the like; to encourage and advocate simplicity and ratioualism in bathing and swimming costumes; to establish an athletic branch for the supervision of athletics for women by women, in order to raise the dignity of such branch of outdoor sports so that all women may participate in the healthful and instructive exercises of swimming and life-saving; to advocate the general adoution of swimming and life-saving. Respues and Resuscitation—as a branch of elementary general adoption of swimming and life-saving-Rescue and Resuscitation-as a branch of elementary education.

It conducts free classes of instruction in swimming at all the Municipal plunges, free competitions for the entertainment and benefit of its members, and public exhibition drills for the purpose of public instruction. The dues of the League are 50 cents a year, to cover postage and incidentals, bringing the membership of the organization within the reach of all working women.

President-Katherine F. Mehrtens. Vice-President-Florence West, Secretary-Adeline Trapp, 143 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. Treasurer-Sarah L. Marrin.

Enternational Beace Forum.

To promote peace among the nations of the world, by encouraging a systematic study of the causes of war and the best methods to effect its abolition:

1. By the maintenance of a literary bureau for the moulding of public opinion regarding the various phases of the peace movement and the appalling nature and consequences of war;

2. By conducting a speakers' bureau to secure representative men for mass meetings, religious and patriotic services, conferences, conventions, chautauquas and congresses;

3. By organizing in every State in the Union and throughout the world, auxiliaries of the Forum, to be controlled and directed from the International headquarters;

4. By the speedy discovery and execution of the means best calculated to unite the nations of the earth in a proclamation establishing compulsory arbitration and consequent abolition of war;

5. Also to work for the establishment of peace in the industrial world, by diffusing information relating to economic questions, and thus safeguard the rights of life, liberty and property—securing such conditions of industrial and economic competition as are fundamental to the peace of the world.

The Forum in endeavoring by bring about industrial peace is striving for the enactment of a measure which will make filegal the calling of a strike until the lapse of a fixed period of time for the purpose of investigation by an impattal tribunal, which shall render a report on the merits of the controversy.

of the controversy.

Honorary President—Hon. William H. Taft; President—John Wesley Hill; Secretary—I **Keedlick**; Treasurer—Henry Clews. Headquarters, 185 Madison Avenue, New York City,

The United States Revenue Cutter Service.

The United States Revenue Cutter Service is a military arm of the Government attached to and under the direction of the Treasury Department. The Service was organized in 1790 and constituted the original payal force of the country. There being at that time no Navy Department, the Service was placed under the Treasury Department, where it has remained ever since. It is charged with the enforcement of the navigation and customs laws of the United States, the assistance of vessels in distress, the protection of the sealing industry in Alaska, the enforcement of the quarantine laws, the destruction of derelicts and other floating dangers to navigation, and numerous other duties appropriate to its class of vessels. Each Winter, by direction of the President, a number of the cutters patrol the coast for the special purpose of assisting vessels in distress. The Service co-operates with the Nary when directed by the President and has so co-operated in every war in which the United States has been engaged. The officers of the Service are commissioned by the President and hold rank by law with officers of the Army and Navy as follows:

Captain-Commandant with Colonel in the Army and Captain in the Navy; Senior Captains and Engineer-In-Chief with Lieutenant-Colonels in the Army and Commanders in the Navy; Captains with Majors in the Army and Lieutenant-Commanders in the Navy; First Lieutenants with Captains in the Army and Lieutenants in the Navy; Second Lieutenants with First Lieutenants in the Armyand Lieutenants (Junior Grade) in the Navy; Third Lieutenants with Second Lieutenants in the Army and Ensigns in the Navy.

There are now in the Service 228 commissioned officers and cadets on the active list, and 1.500 petty officers and enlisted men. The officers are: 1 Captain-Commandant, 6 Senior Captains, 31 (aptains, 37 First Lieutenants, 42 Second Lieutenants, 22 Third Lieutenants, 16 Cadets of the line, 1 Engineer-In-Chief, 6 Captains of Engineers, 28 First Lieutenants of Engineers, 22 Second Lieutenants of Engineers, 25 Cadet Engineers, 16 Third Lieutenants of Engineers, 25 Cadet Engineers

Commissioned officers of the line are appointed from Cadet graduates of the School of Instruction at New London, Ct. The Cadet course covers three years and embraces professional and academic subjects. Cadets are appointed after competitive examinations, conducted by boards of commissioned officers of the Revenue Cutter Service. Candidates must be not less than eighteen nor more than twenty-four years of age.

Appointments to the Engineer Corps are made after competitive examination, and successful candidates are appointed Cadet Engineers for a period of six months prior to being commissioned Third Lieutenants of Engineers in the Service. Candidates for the Engineer Corps must be not less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-six years of age.

The present Commandant of the Service is Captain-Commandant Ellsworth P. Bertholf, U. S. R. C. S., and Engineer-in-Chief Chas. A. McAllister, U. S. R. C. S., is head of the Engineer Corps.

The organization of the Division of Revenue Cutter Service is as follows: Captain Preston H. Uberrolh, U. S. R. C. S., in charge of Personnel and Operations; Second Lieuteuant Williams, U. S. R. C. S., Assistant for Personnel; First Lieutenant Leonard T. Cutter, U. S. R. C. S., Equipment Officer; and First Lieutenant Bernard H. Camden, Ordnance Officer.

LIST OF VESSELS OF THE REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

Name.	Hendquarters.	Displace- ment.	Guns.	NAME.	Headquarters.	Di-p'ace- ment.	Guns.
(First Class.)	San Taran D. D.	1.101		(Second Class.)	Detroit, Mich.	3420	
Androscoggin 1	an Juan, P. It.	1,181	5 4	Pamlico	Newbern, N. C.	420	
A packs	P. Mine and Mr.	1,605	3	Windom	Galveston, Tex.	670	4
Apache	on Di C-1	708	3	Winona	Mobile, Ala.	400	*
Gresham I	San Diego, Cal.	1,700	4	Woodbury	Eastport, Me.	500	1
liasca		1,090	15	(Third Class.)	and I will be a second	300	,
Manning	Attoria Orosan	1,155	4	Arcata.	Port Townsend, Wash.	138	
IcCulloch	Lun Francisco Col	1,415	6	Calumet	New York, N. Y.	170	••
Iiami1	Con West Pie	1,181	9	Danag	New Orleans, La.	182	• •
Mohawk	Van Vork N V	1,148	-		San Francisco, Cal.	240	••
Onondaga	Vorfolk Va	1,192	-1	Gottlein Gate	Baltimore, Md.	149	
eminole	Wilmington N C	845	4		Sin Francisco, Cal.	64	
oneca	You York N. V.	1.415	4	Hartley	Yancisco, tal.	179	• •
Cahoma	Port Townsend, Wash.	1,215	4	Machines	Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.	241	
hetis 1	Honoln'u Hawaii	1,250	1	Manhattan	Name Stee Marie, Mich.	145	
Cuscarori	Wilwankee Wie	739	1	Winnisimmet	New Lork, N. L.	182	
Juatga	Innean Alaska	1,181	3	Wiss thickon	Distantible De	194	
amacra v	Savannah. Ga.	1,082	4	(Launches.)	rmadeipma, ra.		•••
First Clas Sea-	, 544	1,002	*	Alert	Mobile Ales	35	
going Tugs.)		1 1		Guard	Port Townsend, Wash.	41	
Acushnet	New Bedford, Mass.	800	2	Guide		9	
nohomish	Neah Bay, Wash.	879	9	Patrol	Chicago III	41	
(Second Class.)			-	Penrose		36	
Colfax	Station Ship.	436	1	Tybee		45	

The United States Light-Bouse Service.

Bureau of Light-Houses. Commissioner, George R. Putnam; Deputy Commissioner, John S. Conway; Chief Constructing Engineer, Horatio B. Bowerman; Superintendent of Naval Construction, George Warrington; Chief Clerk, T. S. Clark.

The Light-House Service is charged with the establishment and maintenance of light-houses, light-ressels, buoys, and other aids to navigation on the coasts and rivers of the United States, as authorized by Congress, and with the direction of the offices, depots and tenders required in this work

The field work of the service is divided into nineteen districts, each in charge of an inspector.

American and Foreign Shipping.

UNITED STATES MERCHANT MARINE, 1912.

				_				
CLASS.	Fo	oreign.	Coa	stwise.	Fish	eries.	To	OTAL.
	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.	Num- ber.	Gross Tons.
Steam	692 412	616,053 203,558	12,915 6,669 665	4,543,276 1,301,906 72,567	658 501	20,529 33,383		5,179,858 1,538,847 72,567
Barge		103,614	3,143	819,297 6,737,046			4,016	922,911

The estimated value of the whole amount of floating property under the flag, according to the census of 1906, was \$507,973,121. June 30, 1912. The statistics of the above table are for the fiscal year ending

SHIPBUILDING IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following table shows the class, number, and tonuage of the documented vessels built in this country during the last four years reported:

	. 1909.		1	910.	1	911.	1912.		
CLASS.	Num- ber,	Tons,	Num- ber.	Tons.	Num- ber.	Tons.	Num- ber.	Tons,	
Sailing vessels Steam vessels, Canal-boats Barges	821 21	28,950 148,208 2,292 58,640	127 936 50 248	19,358 257,993 5,720 58,997	969 52	10,092 227,231 6,196 47,643	$\begin{array}{r}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 21,221\\ 153,493\\ 2,978\\ 54,977 \end{array} $	
Total		238,090		342,068		291,162	-	232,669	

IRON AND STEEL TONNAGE BUILT IN THE UNITED STATES, 1880-1912.

YEARS.	Sailing Vessels and Barges.	Steam Vessels.	Total.	YEARS.	Sailing Vessels and Barges.	Steam Vessels.	Total.
1880		25.538	25,582	1897	46,158	78,236	124,394
1882		40,096	40,096	1898	13,765	48,501	62,266
1883	2,033	37,613	39,646	1899	28,361	103.018	131,379
1884	4,432	31,200	35,632	1900	28,903	167,948	196.851
1885	731	43,297	44,028	1901	26,571	236,128	262,699
1886	692	14,215	14,907	1902	9,430	[-270,932]	280,362
1887	92	34,261	34,353	1903	18,112	240,107	258,219
₹888	746	35,972	36,718	1904		222,307	241,080
1889	33	53,479	53,512	1905	12,336	170,304	182,640
1890	4,975	75,402	80,377	1906	8,276	289,094	297.370
1891	6,309	99,309	105,618	1907	15,039	333.516	348,555
1892	5,282	46,092	51,374	1908	7,392	442,625	450.017
1893	13,104	81,428	94,532	1909	13,781	123.142	136.923
1894	4,649	46,821	51,470	1910	15,636	234.988	250,624
1895	5,975	42,619	48,594	1911	6,009	195,964	201,973
1896	16,832	96,388	113, 220	1912	16,700	119,181	135,881

*COMPARATIVE GROWTH OF THE TONNAGE OF THE MERCHANT NAVIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND OF THE PRINCIPAL MARITIME COUNTRIES OF EUROPE FROM 1890 TO 1912.

COUNTRIES.	1890.	1895.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1900.	1910.	1911.	1912.
COUNTRIES.	1000.	1095.	1905.	1900.	1501.	1900.	1900.	1910.	1911.	. 1912.
American	4,424,497	4,635,960	6,456,543	6,674,969	6,938,794	7,365,445	7,389,755	7,508,082	7,638,822	7,714,183
British	11,597,106	13,424,146	16,831,938	17,555,867	18,325,628	18,566.560	19,031,574	19,133,870	19,341,487	19,240,517
French	1,045,102	1,154,783	1,739,077	1,751,724	1,779,214	1,952,660	2,011,332	1,899,625	1,959,645	
Norwegian	1,584,355		1,799,852	1,902,966	1,960,589	1,977,978	2,008,017	2,021,103	2,038,462	2,187,544
Swedish	475,964	515,010	834,582	883,506	921,024	941,627	963,626	1,018,791	1,012,137	994,945
Danish	280,065	366,585	648,536	690,165	750,404	754,413	776,020	757,036	763,236	
German	1,569,311	1,865,490	3,525,744	3,932,109	4,076,175	4,202,553	4,289,736	4,301,421	4.397.098	4,326,723
Dutch	378,784	469,695	734,879	768,688	883,636	898,760	920,608	1.016.577	1.072.715	1,084,729
Belgian	110,571	116,331	165,524	167,204	185,630	233,565	238,795	276.895	302,516	
Italian	816.567	838,101	1,14 ,502	1,262,174	1,321,131	1,340,179	1,347,264	1,407,800	1,359,298	1,412,495
Austro-Hungarian.	269,648	306,119	576,472	619.866	674,960	721.532	728,776	735.989	774,041	829,225
Greek	307,640	381,180	499,164	533,329	572,748	628,638	630,722	620,032	642.271	722,009
Russlan							1,361,706	1,388,377	1,379,252	1,363,810
Japanese							1,265,269	1,290,458	1,305,338	1,373,664
Spanish							775,604	757,576	808,296	788,531

Tonnage of the United States in 1912, 7,714,183.

The above tables have been convolled from the report of the Commissioner of Navigation of the United States.

*From Bureau Verlias; gross for steam vessels, net for salling.

Notable Marine Disasters.

In the following list mention is made only of those disasters which involved a loss of life of 100 or more persons. The data has been gathered from the most authentic sources available.

1841—March 11. Steamer President, New York to Liverpool, with 136 persons on board; never heard from. Steamboat Erie burned on

1841-August 9

1841—August 9. Steamboat Erie burned on Lake Erie; about 175 lives lost. 1841—August 28. Transports Abercromble, Robinson and Waterloo wrecked off Cape of

1841—August 28. Transports Abereromble, Robinson and Waterloo wreeked of Cape of Good Hope; 189 lives lost. 1847—April 28. Emigrant ship Exmouth, Londonderry to Quebec; over 200 lives lost. 1847—November 19. Steamers Tallsman Tempest in collision on Ohio River; over 100 lives lost.

-November 21. Steamer Phœnix burned on Lake Michigan; about 240 lives lost. 1847—December 20. British steam-frigate Avenga wrecked of coast of Africa; nearly 200 lives lost.

lives lost.

1848—Angust 24. American emigrant ship Ocean Monarch from Liverpool burned off Carnarvonshire, North Wales; about 200 lives lost.

1850—March 30. Steamer Royal Adelaide wrecked off Margate; over 400 lives lost.

1850—June 17. Steamer Griffith burned on Lake Erie; about 300 lives lost.

1850—November 12. Emigrant ship Edmund, Limerick to New York, wrecked off coast of Ireland; about 100 lives lost.

1852—January 24. Steamer Amazon burned

1852—January 24. Steamer Amazon burned off Scilly Islands; over 100 lives lost. 1852—February 26. Troopship Birkenhead, Queenstown to Cape of Good Hope, wrecked; 454 lives lost.

1852—August 20. Steamer Atlantic sunk by collision on Lake Erle; 250 lives lost. 1853—February 16. The Independence burned off coast lower California; 140 lives lost. 1853—September 29. Emigrant ship Annie Jane wrecked on coast of Scotland; about 348 lives lost.

1853—December 23-31. Steamer San Francisco bound for California with 700 United States troops, foundered at sea and 240 of the soldiers

were lost.

were lost. 1854—January 20. Emigrant ship Tayleur wreeked off Lanbay; about 380 lives lost. 1854—March. Steamer City of Glasgow, Liverpool to Philadelphia, with 450 passengers; never heard from 1854—May 10. Troopship Lady Nugent from 1854—May 10.

1854—May 10. Troopship Lady Nugent Madras foundered in a storm; 400 lives lost. 1854—September 27. Steamer Arctic

1854—September 27. Steamer Arctic from Liverpool sunk in collision in fog, 40 miles off Cape Race, N. F.; about 350 lives lost. 1854—November 13-16. Eleven transports with supplies for the army in Crimea wrecked in storm on Black Sea; nearly 500 lives lost. 1855—May 1. Emigrant ship John wrecked off Falmouth; 200 lives lost. 1856—January 30. Chiller was 15-6.

1855—May
off Falmouth; 200 lives lost.
1856—January 30. Chillan warship Cazauo.
1856—September 23. Steamer Pacific, Collins
1856—September 23. Steamer Pacific, Collins
1856—November 2. Steamer Le Lyonnais
sunk off Nantucket in collision; 260 lives lost.
1857—February 26. Steamer Tempest, Anchor
line, 150 persons on board, never heard from
1857—June 26. Steamer Montreal, Quebec
to Montreal, burned; about 250 lives lost.
1857—August 20. Ship Dunbar wrecked near

1857—August 20. Ship Dunbar wrecked near Sydney, Australia; 120 lives lost. 1857—September 12. Steamer Central Amer-lca, Hayana to New York, sunk; over 400 per-

sons lost.

sons lost.

1858—September 13. Steamer Austria, Hamburg to New York, burned in midocean; 471 lives lost.

1859—April 27. American ship Pomona, Liverpool to New York, wrecked; about 400 lives lost.

1859—October 25. Steamer Royal Charter wrecked on the Angelesea coast; 446 lives lost.

wrecked on the Angelessea coast; 44b lives lost. 1860—February 19. American ship Luna wrecked off Barfleur; about 100 lives lost. 1860—February 19. Steamer Hungarla wrecked near Cape Sable, N. S.; 205 lives lost. 1860—September 8. Steamer Lady Eigin sunk by collision on Lake Michigan; 287 lives lost.

1863-February 7. British steamer Orpheus

wrecked off coast of New Zealand; about 190 lives lost.

1863—April 27. Steamer Anglo-Saxon wrecked In fog off Cape Race, N. F.; about 237 lives lost. 1865—August 24. Emigrant ship Eagle Speed foundered near Calcutta; 265 lives lost. 1866—January II. Steamer London foundered

foundered near Calcutta; 265 lives lost.
1866—January 11. Steamer Loudon foundered
in Bay of Biscay; 220 lives lost.
1866—January 30. Steamer Missouri boliers
exploded on Onio River; 100 lives lost.
1866—January 30. Steamer Miami boliers
exploded on Mississippi River; 150 lives lost.
1866—October 3. Steamer Evening Star, New
Lock to New Orleans, foundered; about 250 lives

1867—October 29. Royal mall steamers Rhone and Wye and about fifty other vessels driven ashore and wrecked at St. Thomas, West Indies, by a hurricane; about 1,000 lives lost.

1868—April 9. Steamer Sea Bird burned on Lake Michigan; 100 lives lost.

1869—October 27. Steamer Stonewall burned below Calro, III.; 200 lives lost. 1870—January 24. American Oneida sunk in collision off Yokohama; about 115 lives lost. 1870—January 28. Inman line steamer City of Boston, New York to Liverpool with 177 per-sons on board; never heard from. 1870—September 7. British warship Captain founders off Episters 479 lives lost.

sons on board; never heard from.

1870—September 7. British warship Captain foundered off Finisterre; 472 lives lost.

1870—October 19. Steamer Cambria lost off Inishtrahul; about 170 lives lost.

1871—July 30. Staten Island ferryboat Westfield's bollers exploded in New York harbor; 100 lives lost, 200 p-1800s Injured.

1875—January 22. British steamer Northfleet sunk in collision off Dungeness; 300 lives lost.

1873—April 1. White Star steamer Atlantic wrecked off Nova Scotia; 547 lives lost.

1873—November 23. French line steamer Ville du Havre, New York to Have, in collision with ship Loch Earn and sunk in sixteen minutes; 230 lives lost.

lives lost.

1874—December 6. Emigrant ship Cospatrick burned at sea; 470 lives lost.

1875—May 7. Hamburg mall steamer Schiller 1875—May 7. Schilly Islands: 200 lives lost.

1875—May 7. Hamburg mall sleamer Schiller wrecked in fog on Scilly Islands; 200 lives lost. 1875—November 4. American steamer Pacific sunk by collision off Cape Flattery; 236 lives lost. 1875—December 6. Steamer Deutschland, Bremen to New York, wrecked at mouth of the Thames; 157 lives lost. 1877—July 15. British steamer Eten wrecked off Valparaiso; about 100 lives lost. 1877—November 24. United States sloop-ofwar Huron, wrecked off North Carolina coast; about 100 lives lost. 1877—November. Steamer Atacama wrecked off Caldera, Chile; about 104 lives lost.

about 100 lives lost.

1877—November. Steamer Atacama wrecked
off Caldera, Chile; about 104 lives lost.

1878—January 31. Steamer Metropolis, wrecked
off North Carolina; about 100 lives lost.

1878—March 24. British training ship Eurydiee
foundered near the Isle of Wight; 300 lives lost.

1878-September 3. British steamer Princess Alice sunk in collision in the Thames River;

lives lost.

1878—December 18. French steamer Byzantin sunk in collision in the Dardanelles; 210 lives lost. French steamer Byzantin

1879—December 2. Steamer I the coast of Spain; 174 lives lost. Steamer Borusia sank off 1880-January 31. British training ship Atlanta

left Bermuda with 290 men and was never heard from. 1880-November 24.

French steamer Oncle Joseph sank by collision off Spezzia; 250 lives lost. 1881—May 24. Steamer Victoria capsized in Thames River, Canada; 200 lives lost.

1881—August 30. Steamer Teuton wrecked off the Cape of Good Hope; 200 lives lost.

1883—July 3. Steamer Daphne capsized in the Clyde; 124 lives lost. 1884—January 18. American steamer City of Columbus wrecked off Gay Head light, Mass.;

99 lives lost.

1834—April 3. Steamer Daniel Steinman wrecked off Sambro Head, N. S.; 131 lives lost.

1834—April 18. Bark Pomena in collision with Steinman

NOTABLE MARINE DISASTERS-Continued.

steamer State of Florida off coast of Irciand, both | vessels sunk; about 150 lives lost.

vessels sunk; about 150 lives lost.

1884—July 22. Spanish steamer Gijon and British steamer Laxham in collision off Cape Finisterre; both sunk; over 150 lives lost.

1886—March 14. Steamer Oregon, Cunard line, Liverpool to New York, in collision with unknown schooner, 18 miles east of Long Island; passengers and crew saved.

1887—January 20. Steamer Kapunda, in collision with bark Ada Melmore off coast of Brazil; 300 lives lost.

lision with bark Ada Melmore off coast of Brazil; 300 lives lost.

1887—November 15. British steamer Wah Yeung burned; 400 lives lost.

1887—November 19. Steamer W. A. Scholten sunk by collision in the English Channel; 134 lives lost.

1888—August 14. Steamship Geiser sunk by collision with the Thingvalla; 105 lives lost. 1889—March 16. United States warships Trenton, Vandalla and Nipsle and German ships Adler and Eber wrecked on Samoan Islands; 147

Adler and Eber wrecked on Samoan Islands; 147 lives lost.

1890—January 2. Steamer Persia wrecked on Island of Corsica; about 130 lives lost.

1890—February 17. British steamer Duburg wrecked in China Sea; 400 lives lost.

1890—March 1. British steamship Quetta wrecked on Cape York; 124 lives lost.

1890—September 19. Turkish frigate Ertogrul foundered off coast of Japan; 540 lives lost.

1890—November 10. British cruiser Serpent wrecked in storm off coast of Spain; 167 lives lost.

1890—December 27. British steamer Stanghai burned in China Sea; 100 lives lost.

1891—March 17. Steamer Utopia, Anchor line, sunk by collision off Gibraitar; 574 lives lost.

1891—April 22. Chillan warship Blanco Encalada, blown up in Caldera Bay; over 200 lives lost. 1891-

-December 18. Steamer Abyssinia, Guion line, burned at sea.

1892 — January 13. Steamer Namchow wecked in China Sea; 414 lives lost. 1892—October 28. Steamer Roumania, Anchor

line, wrecked off Portuguese coast; 113 lives lost. 1893-February 8. Steamer Trinacria, Anchor wrecked off coast of Spain; 115 lives lost. 33—February 11. White Star steam

line, wrecked off coast of Spain; 115 lives lost.

1893—February 11. White Star steamer
Naronic, Liverpool to New York on her maiden
voyage; never heard from.

1893—June 22. British battieship
Sunk by collision with her sister ship Camperdown off Tripoli; over 350 lives lost.

1894—February 2. United States corvette

down off Tripoli; over 330 lives lost.
1894—February 2. United States corvette
Kearsarge wrecked on Roncardo Reef.
1894—November 1. Steamer Wairaro wrecked
off coast of New Zealand; 134 lives lost.
1895—January 30. German steamer Elbe sunk
in collision with British steamer Crathle in North

a; 335 lives lost. 1895—March 11. Spanish cruiser Reina Re-

1895—March 11. Spanish cruiser Reina Regenta foundered in the Atlantic at entrance to the Mediterranean; 400 lives lost. 1895—May 28. French steamer Dom Pedro wreeked off coast of Galicia; about 100 lives lost. 1896—June 17. Steamer Drummond Castle wreeked off Brest, France; nearly 250 lives lost. 1898—February 15. United States battleship Maine blown up in Havana harbor; 260 lives lost. 1898—Perbrait of the steamer La Bourgogne in collision with British salling ship Cromartyshire; about 560 lives lost. 1898—November 27. Steamer Portland sunk in storm off Cape Cod, Mass.; 157 lives lost.

sunk in storm off Cape Cod, Mass.; 157 lives lost. 1898—October 14. Steamer Mohegan, Atlantic

Transport line, wrecked off the Lizard; about 170

lives lost. 1901—February 22. Pacific mail steamer Rio de Janeiro wrecked in San Francisco harbor; 128 lives lost.

1901 - April Turkish transport wrecked in Red Sea; over 180 lives lost.
1902—July 21. Steamer Primus sunk in col-

lision with steamer Hansa, on the Elbe; 112 lives

13101 with stocks.

1903—June 7. French steamer Libau sunk in collision near Marseilles; 150 lives lost.

1904—June 15. Steamboat General Slocum, took fire going through Heil Gate, East River; over 1,000 lives lost.

1905—September 13. Japanese warship Mikasa sunk by explosion; 599 lives lost.

1906—January 21. Brazillan battleship Aquidaban sunk near Rio Janeiro by explosion of powder magazines; 212 lives lost.

1906—January 22. American steamer Valencia lost off Vancouver Island; 129 lives lost.

1906—January 22. American steamer American lost off Vancouver Island; 129 lives lost. 1906—August 4. Italian emigrant ship Sirlo wrecked off Cape Palos; 350 lives lost. 1906—October 21. Russian steamer Varlag on leaving Viedlynstok accidently struck by a

1906—October 21. Russian steamer Variag on leaving Vladivostok, accidently struck by a torpedo and sunk; 140 lives lost. 1907—February 12. Steamer Larchmont sunk in Long Island Sound; 131 lives lost. 1907—February 21. British steamer Berlin stranded off the Hook of Holland; over 100 lives

lost

lost.
1907—February 24. Austrian steamer Imperatrix wrecked; 137 lives lost.
1907—March 12. Explosion on French battleship Jena; killed 117 persons.
1907—July 20. American steamers Columbia and San Pedro collided on the Californian coast;

100 lives lost.

1907—November 26. Turkish steamer Kaptan foundered in North Sea; 110 lives lost. 1908-March 23. Japanese steamer

Maru sunk in collision near Hakodate; 300 lives າເ. 1908-

1908—April 30. Japanese training cruiser Matsu Shima sunk by explosion off the Pescadores; 200 lives lost. dores:

1908—November 6. Steamer Taish sunk in 1908—November 6 storm: 150 lives lost.

1908-November 27. Steamer off the Philippines; 100 lives lost. Steamer San Pablo sunk

1909—January 23. Collision between steamer Florida and White Star steamer Republic, latter sunk off Nantucket Lightship during a fog; 6 lives lost.

1009—August 1. British steamer Waratah, from Sydney via Port Natal for London, left Port Natal July 26; never heard from; 300 lives lost. 1909—November 14. Steamer Seyne sunk in collision with steamer Onda, off Singapore; 100

lives lost.

1910—February 9. French line steamer General Chanzy wrecked of Minorca; 200 lives lost. 1911-April 2. Steamer Koombuna wrecked; 150 lives lost.

1911—September 25. French battleship Liberté sunk by explosion in Toulon harbor; 285 lives lost.

1912—April 14. Steamer Titanic, White Star line, wrecked by collision with leeberg; about 1,503 lives lost.

According to Lloyd's Register, more than 2,000 vessels were wrecked throughout the world in 1911. Of these 888 were ships of over 100 tons each. The comparisons of losses for the last two years are as follows:

1911—Number of vessels, 888; gross tonnage, 884,843; of which 427 vessels of 619,752 tons were steamers, and 461 of 265,091 tons were sating vessels.

1910—The wreckage of vessels of over 100 tons each aggregated 947,690 tons, of which 667,440 tons represented steamers.

1910—The wreekage of vessels of over 100 tons each, aggregating 255,517 tons, were broken up by fin addition, in 1911, vessels of over 100 tons each, aggregating 255,517 tons, were broken up by hand and dismantied, as against 356,154 tons so destroyed in 1910.

Of steamers and salling vessels removed from the merchant fleets of the world in 1911, about 29 per cent. of the salling vessels were got rid of by dismantling. Of such tonnage 34 per cent. represented British vessels. One-quarter of all the vessels destroyed were abandoned, foundered or missing at sea, and the rest were stranded.

The Titanic Disaster.

One of the most appalling disasters in the history of the sea occurred on Sunday, April 14, 1912, at about half past ten o'clock in the night, when the trans-Atlantic liner Titanic, of the White Star Line, while on her maiden trip from Liverpool to New York, collided with an iceberg, and four hours later sank to the bottom. In response to her wireless messages for help flashed to Cape Race, Newfoundland, and to the neighboring stations and vessels, a number of steamers went to find her. On Monday morning at daybreak the Cunard liner, Carpathia, commanded by Capt. Rostrom, arrived at the seene of the disaster and picked up twenty boatloads of people numbering 703. According to an official report by the President of the British Board of Trade, there were 2,206 persons aboard the Titanic, and of these 1,503 perished. The report indicated that the Titanic sank in latitude 41.46 north and longitude 50.14 west, which is about 1,600 miles almost due east. Of the survivors, 202 were first class passengers, 115 were second class, 176 were third class, 206 were members of the crew and 4 were officers of the shirt of the Spersons who lost their lives, 120 were first class passengers, 162 were second class, 533 were third class and 688 were members of the crew.

of the crew.

The cable ship Mackay-Bennett, which was the first ship sent out to recover the bodies of the dead, arrived at Halifax on April 30 with 190 bodies. Of these 130 were identified. The steamships crew picked up 116 other bodies, which they buried at sea and of these 57 had been identified. The Minia, another cable ship, picked up seventeen bodies, two of which were buried at sea.

		CARRIE	ED.	i.	SAVEI).	Lost.		
Class.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children
FirstSecond	173 160	144 93	5 24	58 13	139 78	5 24 23	115 147	5 15	0
Third	454 875	$\begin{array}{c} 179 \\ 23 \end{array}$	24 76	189	$\frac{98}{21}$	23	399 686	81 2	53
Total	1,662	439	105	315	336	52	1,347	103	53

The Titanic was 882 feet 6 inches long; 92 feet 6 inches in breadth; 64 feet in depth, and had four funnels, each one 81 feet 6 inches 10hg; 92 feet 6 inches 10hg; 42 feet in the 11 steel decks and 30 watertight bulkheads. The registered tonnage was 45,000, and the actual displacement 66,000. There were accommodations for 2,500 passengers and a crew of 860. The approximate cost of ship was \$7,500,000. The entire loss was about \$15,000,000. The Titanic was launched at Belfast on May 31, 1911.

The findings of the British Board of Trade, on July 20, as to the loss of the Titanic and those of the United States Senate Committee, reached May 28, are contrasted in the following parallel:

BRITISH COURT FOUND:

The seriousness of the disaster was realized by the officers within fifteen or twenty minutes of the crash, and proper discipline was maintained.

The apparatus for lowering the boats was in good order,

and the lowering was properly managed; but some of the life-boats were undermained and improperly equipped.

The Titanic was sufficiently and efficiently officered and managed and compiled with all the regulations of the British Merchant Shipping act regarding satety, but the arrange-ments for manning and launching the lifeboats in an emerg-ency were insufficient and no drill had been held.

The outward and homeward southern tracks were reasonably safe, provided great precaution and vigilance were used in crossing the ice region. Capt. E. S. Smith of the Titanic was not fettered by orders to remain in the track, but naturally would keep near the accepted route. The speed of 22 knots

an hour was excessive.

Recommended that the boat and raft accommodations on seargoing vessels be sufficient for all on board.

Capt. Smith's course in maintaining speed in face of ice warnings was in accordance with the long-existing custom.

"i am unable to blame Capt. Smith."

"I am unable to blame Capt. Smith."

"I am unable to blame Capt. Smith."

providing sea-going ships, in addition to their waterlight transverse bulkheads, with a double skin, carried shove waterline, or with a longitudinal vertical waterlight bulkhead

on each side of the vessel, or with both.

The Levland liner Californian saw the signals, could have reached the scene of disaster and saved the lives of many or all.

SENATE COMMITTEE FOUND:

There is evidence tending to show that even the watertight empartments were not successfully closed either above or below. No general alarm was given, no ship's officers form-

below. No general alarm was given, no ship's officers form-ally assembled, no orderly routine was attempted or organized system of safety begun. Haphazard, they rushed by one another, on staircase and hallway. No sufficient tests were made of boilers or bulkheads or gearing or equipment, and no life-saving or signal devices were reviewed; officers and crew were strangers to one another ari passengers to both a neither was familiar with the vessel or its implements or or belifful discipline disturbed the tranquillity of that voyage.

Of contributing causes there were very many. In the face of warning signals, speel was increased and messages of danger seemed to stimulate her to action rather than to per-

suade her to fear. All slops should carry lifeboats sufficient to hold every soul shoard.

"Capt. Smith's indifference to the danger was one of the direct and contributing causes of this unnecessary tragedy, while his own willingness to die was the expiating evidence. of his fitness to live."

That the supposedly watertight compartments of the Titunic were not watertight because of the non-watertight condition of the decks where the transverse bulkheads

The officers of the Californian saw the Titanic's distress signal and she might have saved all of the passengers and

United States Law for Greater Safety at Sea.

THE Sixty-Second Congress of the United States, Second Session passed the following law designated as "Public Law 238" and approved July 23, 1912.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Section 1 of an act entitled "An act to require apparatus and operators for radio communication on certain ocean steamers," approved June 24, 1910, be amended so

tors for radio communication on certain ocean steamers," approved June 24, 1910, be amended so that it will read as follows:
"SECTION 1. That from and after October 1, 1912, it shall be unlawful for any steamer of the United States or of any foreign country navigating the ocean or the Great Lakes and licensed to carry, or carrying, flity or more persons, including passengers or crew or both, to leave or attempt to leave any port of the United States unless such steamer shall be equipped with an efficient apparatus for radio communication, in good working order, capable of transmitting and receiving messages over a distance of at least one hundred miles, day or night, and efficient communication between the operator in the radio room and the bridge shall be maintained at all times. be maintained at all times.

"The radio equipment must be in charge of two or more persons skilled in the use of such apparatus, one or the other of whom shall be on duty at all times while the vessel is being navigated. Such equipment, operators, the regulation of their watches, and the transmission and receipt of

UNITED STATES LAW FOR GREATER SAFETY AT SEA-Continued.

messages, except as may be regulated by law or international agreement, shall be under the control of the master, in the case of a vessel of the United States; and every wilful failure on the part of the master to enforce at sea the provisions of this paragraph as to equipment, operators, and watches, shall subject him to a penalty of one hundred dollars.

"That the provisions of this section shall not apply to steamers plying between ports, or places less than two hundred niles apart."

Sec. 2. That this act, so far as it relates to the Great Lakes, shall take effect on and after April 1, 1913, and so far as it relates to ocean cargo steamers shall take effect on and after July 1, 1913.

SEC. 2. That this act, so far as it relates to the Great Lakes, shall take effect on and after April 1, 1913, and so far as it relates to ocean cargo steamers shall take effect on and after July 1, 1913: Provided, That on cargo steamers, in lieu of the second operator provided for in this act, there may be substituted a member of the crew or other person who shall be duly certified and entered in the ship's log as competent to receive and understand distress calls or other usual calls indicating danger, and to aid in maintaining a constant wireless watch so far as required for the safety of life.

and to aid in maintaining a constant wireless watch so far as required for the safety of life.

The United States Congress or August 1, 1912, passed an act to encourage assistance to vessels in distress and salvage at sea. The folio wing are some of the provisions:

The right to remuneration for assistance or salvage services shall not be affected by common ownership of the vessels rendering and receiving such assistance or salvage services. The master or person in charge of a vessel shall, so far as he can do so without serious danger to his own vessel, crew, or passengers, render assistance to every person who is found at sea in danger of being lost; and if he falls to do so, he shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty of not exceeding one thousand follars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

Salvors of human life, who have taken part in the services rendered on the occasion of the accident giving rise to salvage, are entitled to a fair share of the remuneration awarded to the salvors of the vessel, her cargo and accessories.

A sult for the recovery of remuneration for rendering assistance or salvage services shall not be maintainable if brought later than two years from the date when such assistance or salvage was rendered, unless the court in which the suit is brought shall be satisfed that during such period there had not been any reasonable opportunity of arresting the assisted or salved vessel within the jurisdiction of the court or within the territorial waters of the country in which the libelant resides or has his principal place of business.

Nothing in this act shall be construed as applying to ships of war or to Government ships appropriated exclusively to a public service.

propriated exclusively to a public service.

LIFEBOAT REQUIREMENTS:

LIFEBOAT REQUIREMENTS:

As announced by the United States Steamboat Inspection Service in Bureau Circular of June 29, 1912, and as amended in circular letter of September 13, 1912:

All pleasure steamers, and all other steamers over 150 tons, but not exceeding 750 tons. Implication of the certificates of inspection to routes not more than 15 miles from any harbor, shall not be required to have more than one of the liceboats to be of 180 cubic feet capacity. Nothing, however, in this provise shall exempt any such steamer from carrying the aggregate cubic feet of illeboat capacity required by the rules.

All steamers other than steamers carrying passengers, except as otherwise provided for in the rules, must be equipped with lifeboats of sufficient capacity to accommodate at one time all persons on board. Including passengers and crew. One-half of such equipment may be in approved liferarts or approved collapsible lifeboats. accommodate at one time all persons on board, including passengers and crew. One-half of such lifeboat equipment may be in approved illeratis or approved collapsible lifeboats. Coastwise steamers carrying passengers must be equipped with lifeboats of sufficient capacity to accommodate at one time all persons on board, including passengers and crew. Provided, however, that such steamers carrying passengers must be equipped with lifeboats of sufficient capacity to accommodate at one time all persons on board, including passengers and crew. Provided, however, that such steamers navigating diring the lifeboat equipment through the provided passengers and crew in the such steamers navigating diring the provided passengers and crew in the such steamers and provided passengers and crew; two-thirds of such required lifeboat equipment through the provided passengers and crew; two-thirds of such required lifeboat equipment through the provided passengers and crew; two-thirds of such required lifeboat equipment through the provided passengers and crew; two-thirds of such required to decommodate at one t

The navigation of ferry boats must be confined to the ferry routes specified in the certificate of inspection, but save vessels may be permitted, under excursion permits, to go beyond their authorized routes with passengers only, or without such permit, to lighten or relieve vessels in distress. When any ferry boat leaves her ferry route and carries passengers she shall be required to earry the same officers, crew, and equil-ment, as required of other steamers carrying passengers.

An International Maritime Conference.

THE Sixty-second Congress at its second session, passed an act which was approved June 28, 1912, providing that the President be authorized to convey to maritime nations the desire of Congress that an international maritime conference be held, and that he be also authorized to appoint commissioners to represent the United States at any such conference, whether called by the United States or any other nation, the privose of said conference being to consider uniform laws and regulations for the greater security of life and property on merchant vessels at sea, including, if practicable, regulations to establish standards of efficiency of the officers and crews of merchant vessels and the manning of such vessels; regulations for the construction and inspection of hulls, holiers and machinery; regulations for equipment of ocean steamers with radio appraisate, searchlights, submarine bells, lifeboats, and other life-saving and fire-extinguishing appliances; regulations concerning lights, sound signals, steering and sailing rules; regulations for an international system of reporting and disseminating information relating to alids and perlis to navigation; the establishment of lane routes to be followed by trans-Atlantic steamers; and such other matters relating to the security of life and property at sea as may be proposed.

The sum of \$10,000 was appropriated for the representatives of the United States at said conference.

conference.

Fleet of Transatlantic Passenger Steamers. Includes only regular passenger lines from New York.

		Includes only	regiuar j	oussenger tines	from Ne				
STEAMSHIPS.		Built.		Builders16	Gross	Indicated Horse	DIMEN	sions in	FERT.
	Year.		1		Tounage.	Power.	Length.	Breadth.	Depth.
NEW YORK, PLYM SOUTHAMPTON, P	oute	i, Cherboure of W. 23d St.,	N. R.	AMERICA: (Office, 9 Bro	adway.)		ESTAB	LISHED	1892.
St. Louis St. Paul Philadelphia	1895	Philadelphia	Wm. Cra	mp & Sons	. 11629	20000	554	63	42
St. Paul	1895	Philadelphia	Wm. Cra	mp & Sons	. 11629 10786	20000 20000	554	63	42
New York	1888	Glasgow	J. & G.	Chomson	10798	20000	560 560	63.3 63.3	42
NEW YORK AND foot W. 24th St.		sgow, Pier}	AN (Office	CHOR LINE, ,17 Broadwa	v.)		ESTA	вызне	D 1852.
Cameronia	1910	Glasgow Glasgow	D. & W	Henderson	. 12000	1	540	60	38
Columbia	1901	Glasgow	D. & W	. Henderson	. 8900 9400		503 515	56 58	36 6
Caledonia	1907	Glasgow	D. & W.	Henderson .	9000	.:.	485	58	36.3
NEW YORK AND foot W. 17th St.	Lo	NDON, Pier	ATLAN	TIC TRANSI	PORT LII	NE.	ESTAI	вызны	1892.
Minneapolis	1900	Belfast,	Harland	& Wolff	. 13448	10800	615.6	65.5	43.3
Minnehaha	1900 1903	Belfast	Harland	& Wolff	13443	10800 10800	615.6	65. 5	43.3
Minnetonka Minnewaska		Belfast	Harland	l & Wolff l & Wolff	14220	12000	615.6	65.5 66	43.3 44
NEW YORK, QUEL							·	BLISHE	
Campania		L Fairfield	Fairfield	I ('o	13000	26000	601	65. 3	1 41.6
Caronia	1905	Glasgow	J. Brown	& Co & Co	20000	21000	650	72.6	63,9
Carmania	1905	Glasgow	J. Brown	Hunter	20000	21000 70000	650 790	72.6 88	63.9 60.6
Mauretania Lusitania	1907	Glasgow	J. Brow	n & Co	32000	70000	790	88	60.6
Aquitania (bldg.).	1913	Glasgow	J. Brow	n & Co	50000	1	885	95	
NEW YORK, ADRIATIC SERVICE		orft.W.14th S	t. } (Office	UNARD LINe, 21 State St	VE. reet.)		ESTAB	LISHE	1904.
Carpathia	1903	Newcastle	Swan &	Hunter	13600		540	64.5	49
Franconia	1911	Glasgow	J. Brow	Hunter n & Co	10000	.:	625 486	72 59	40 35
Ultonia		Newcastle	Swan &	Hunter	10400	1 ::	500	57.4	38.1
NEW YORK AND foot Morton St.	э Н	AVRE, Pier}		ENCH LINE 19 State Stree	et.)		ESTA	вызне	ъ 1860.
La Touraine	1890	St. Nazaire.	CieGleT	ransatlantiqu	ie) 12360	12000	536	55	38
La Lorraine La Savoie		St. Nazaire. St. Nazaire.	CieGleT	'ransatlantiqu 'ransatlantiqu	ie 15410 ie 15410	22000 22000	580 580	60	40 40
La Provence	. 1906	St. Naza:re.	CieGleT	'ransatlantiqu	ie 19200	30000	624	66	42
Chicago	. 1908	St. Nazaire.	CieGleT	ransatlantiqu	14200	9200	524	57	43
Caroline	. 1908 1908	St. Nazaire.	CieGleT	ransatlantiqu ransatlantiqu	re 12650 re 13100	4200 8250	460 496	52 53	37 36
France	1910	St. Nazaire.	CieGleT	'ransatlantiqu	rel 29000	45000	720	75	69
Rochambeau	1910	St. Nazaire.		'ransatlantiqu		13000	604	62	49
NEW YORK, PLYM TON, BOULOGNE GIERS, NAPLES,	iouti	MBURG, GIBI	SOUTH A	AL-	LINE.	ERICAN	ESTA	BLISHE	р 1847.
	GEN	DA, Pier ft.1st	St. Hobe	ken.) (Office,	41 and 45				
Victoria Luise Pennsylvania	1896	Stettin Belfast	. Vuican Harlan	S. B. Co	16502	37800 5500	662.9 557.5	67 62	41
Pretoria	. 1898	Hamburg	Blohm	& Voss	13234	5400	560	62	41
Graf Waldersee Patricia		Hamburg				5500 6000	560 560	62 62	41
Bulgaria	. 1898	Hamburg	. Blohm	S. B. Co	11077	4000	500	62	38
Batavia	. 1899	Hamburg	. Blohm	& Voss & Voss	11464	4000	500	62	38
Moltke Blüecher	. 1909 1901	I Hamburg	Blohm	& Voss	12335	9500 9500	525 525	62 62	39 39
Hamburg	. 1900	Stettin	. Vulcan	S. B. Co	10532	9000	498	60.5	38
Amerika Kaiserin August	. 190	Belfast	. Harlan	d & Wolff	22225	15500	668	74	52
Victoria	1 1 906	Stettin	. Vulcan	S.B. Co	24581	17500	700	77	54
President Lincoln President Grant	1. 1907 1907	Bellast	Harlan	d & Wolff d & Wolff	18100 18100	7500 7500	615 615	68.1 68	52 52
Cleveland	1908	3 Hamburg	• Blohm	& Voss	18000	9300	600	65	55
Cincinnati	. 1908	B Dantzig	. Schich:	an Yards	18000	9300	600	65	55
Imperator Imp'ator II (bldg	1913	Hamburg	Vulcar	S. B. Co S. B. Co	(a)50000	70000	919 950	98 100	<u> </u> ::_
NEW YORK, BOUL	LOGALA	a carra Dom	HOL	LAND-AME	RICA LI	NE.	T1		
Hoboken.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Oince, 39 Bro	adway.)			BLISHE	
Potsdam	190	Hamburg	. Blohm	& Voss	12606 12527	7500 7500	560 560	62	4316
Ryndam Noordam	190	Belfast	Harlan	d & Wolff	12531	7500	560	62 62	4316
Noordam New Amsterdam Rotterdam	190	6 Belfast	. Harlar	d & Wolff	17250	10000	615	6836	48
(a) Net regist			., nariai	ıa 🐼 w Ollı	24170	12000	668	77	de 1: 57
(a) ner legist	ored I	ounage,							1

FLE	ET OF TRAN	SATLAN	TIC PASSI	ENGER	STE	MERS-C	ontinued	1.	
STEAMSHIPS.	BUILT.		Builders.		Gross Tonnage	Indicated Horse		SIONS IN	
NEW YORK, PLYMO SOUTHAMPTON, I 2d St., Hoboken,	OUTH, CHERB		NORTH G	ERMA 5 Broa	N LLO	YD.	Length.	Breadth.	
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grisse Friedrich d. Grosse Bremen Grosser Kurfürst Rhein Main. Prinz Fr.Wilhelm. Kronprinz Wilh'lm Neckar Kaiser Wilhelm II. Prinzess Alice Kronprinz essin	1897 Stettin 1896 Stettin 1896 Danzig 1900 Danzig 1900 Hambur 1900 Geestem 1901 Stettin 1904 Stettin 1904 Stettin 1904 Stettin	gBlo Blo J. (Vnl unde J. (Vul Vul	C. Tecklenbo can S. B. Co C. Tecklenbo can S. B. Co can S. B. Co	rg	14349 10568 11570 13182 10058 10067 17500 14908 9835 19500 10911	7200 8000 9700 5500 5500 14000 35000 6000 45000 9000	649 546 569 582 520 520 613 663 520 707 524	66 60 65 58 58 66 58 72 60	43 35 35 39 40 40 42 43 37 52.6
Cecilie George Washington Columbus (bldg.)	1909 Stettin.	Vul	can S. B. Co	·····	20000 27000 37000	20000	707 723 815	72 78 90	52.6 54 72
NEW YORK, GIBRA AND GENOA, Pier Hoboken, N. J.	LTAR, NAPLE	cs.) 370	RTH GERM (Office, 5 B	IAN L	LOYD.			LISHEI	
Prinzess Irene Königin Luise König Albert Barbarossa Berlin	1896 Stettin 1899 Stettin 1896 Hambur	Vule Vule g Bloi	can S. B. Co can S. B. Co nm & Voss .		10881 10711 10643 10915 19200	9000 7000 9000 7000 16500	525 544 525 546 612	60 60 60 60 70	38 35 38 35 35 32
NEW YORK AND A Pier foot W. 18th	NTWERP VIA	Dover,	RED ST (Office, 9				ESTAI	BLISHE	р 1873.
Vaderland	1902 Philadel 1902 Philadel 1909 Belfast . 1913	phia Wn phia Wn Hai	i. Cramp & S i. Cramp & S land & Wol	ons f	12017 11904 12185 12185 18694	12000 12000 10400 10400 13000	580 580 580 580 620	60 60 60 70	42 42 42 42 42 50
NEW YORK, CHRI CHRISTIANIA, CO Pier foot 17th Stre	ISTIANSAND, PENHAGEN, et, Hoboken.	SCAND	INAVIAN- (Office, 1 B	AMER roadwa	ICAN	LINE.	ESTAB	LISHE	1879.
C. F. Tietgen Oscar II Hellig Olav United States F'd'ck VIII(bidg.)	1897 Belfast	Har	land & Wol hen & Sou hen & Son hen & Son can S. B. Co	ff	8500 10000 10000 10000 12000	5500 8000 8000 8000 10000	485 515 515 515 540	53 58 58 58 58 62	42 42 42 42 41.6
NEW YORK, QUEEN PLYMOUTH, CHEE TON AND MEDIT Piers foot W. 18th	STOWN, LIVE REGURG, SOUT FERRANEAN and 20th Sts.	RPOOL, THAMP- PORTS,	WHITE (Office, 9				ESTAB	LISHEI	1870.
Oceanic. Celtic. Cedric. Baltic. Baltic. Adriatic Olympic. Britannic (bldg.) Cretic. Majestic.	1899 Belfast. 1901 Belfast. 1902 Belfast.	Hai Hai Hai	rland & Wol rland & Wol	ff	17274 20904 21035 23876 24541 45324 50000 13518 10147	13000 13000 13000 40000 50000	685 700 700 726 726 882. 6 582 565	68 75 75 76 75, 6 92 60 57	49 49 49 52 64 43 42
	DISPLACE				EAN				
CUNARD L. Steamship. Mauretania * Lusitania *	Displacement (Tons) 45,000 45,000	Steams	-	Displac T	ons.	Steamship Olympic		Disp1	E. acement T n). 66,00 1 40,7! 0
Carouia	30,000		Vilhelm II. † Wilhelm de	r	,	Adriatic‡ Baltic Cedric			$rac{40}{40}, 740 \\ 38.020$

DIOI EXCEMENT OF COME COLAN EMERCI									
CUNARD LINE		NORTH GERM	AN	WHITE STAR	LINE.				
Steamsnip.	splacement (Tons).	HLOTD.		Steamship.	Displacement (T n),				
Manretania * Lusitania *	45,000 45,000	Steamsnip.	Displacement Tons.	Olympic	. 66,000				
Caronia	30,000	Kaiser Wilhelm II. † Kaiser Wilhelm der		Adriatic ‡ Baltic	. 40.740				
Campania	18,000	Grosse	20,800	Cedric	. 38,020 . 37,870				
Aquitania (bldg.) HAMBURG-AMER	ICAN	George Washington Priuz Fried, Wilhelm.		Oceanic	. 31,590				
LINE. Kaiserin Aug. Victoria§	43,000	Berlin	28,000	Britannic (bldg.)					
Amerika **	42,000	Kronprinzessin Cecilie		I IVISITOIL DI					
Victoria Luise Imperator (bldg.)	$\frac{23.600}{70.000}$	Kronprinz Wilhelm Columbus (bldg.)		France	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 27,000 \\ & 19.189 \end{array}$				

^{*}Burns about 1,000 tons of coal a day, on a full day's run. †Burns about 740 tons a day.
‡Burns about 600 tons a day.
\$Burns about 280 tons a day.
**Burns about 265 tons a day.

Fastest Atlantic Ocean Wassages.

Route.		Line.		D.	H.	M.
Queenstown to New York.						
New York to Queenstown.						41
Cherbourg to New York						9
New York to Southampton	nKaiserWilh, d. Gr'se	No. Germ. Lloye	d. Nov. 23-29, 1897	5	17	8
Havre to New York	La Provence	.French	Sept. 7-13, 1907	6	1	48
New York to Havre	France	.French	May 2-8, 1912	5	19	48
New York to Cherbourg	Kaiser Wilh.d.Gr'se	No. Germ, Lloye	d. Jan. 4-10, 1900	5	16	
New York to Plymouth	Kronprinz. Cecilie	.No. Germ. Lloyd	l. Sept. 14-20, 1909	5	7	25
New York to Naples	Deutschland	.Hamburg-Am.	Jan. 20-28, 1 904	7	16	44
THE TOTAL OF TRADEOR		. rremourg rrm.		•	10	**

The fastest day's run was made by the Mauretania of the Cunard line, January, 1911-676 knots,

The fastest day's run was made by the Mauretania of the Cunard line, January, 1911—0.0 knots, or 27.04 knots per hour.

World Battleship Speed Record made by U. S. ship Wyoming, July 19, 1912. On the twenty-first standardization run she made a speed of 22.045 knots. This is more than half a knot better than the previous record, 21.493 knots, made by her sister ship, the Arkansas.

1905 record.—Allen line's turbine Steamer Virginian passed Cape Race June 13, 11 a. m., inward bound, having left Moville on the afternoon of June 9, thus crossing in less than four days.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Steamer City of New York, left Sandy Hook, New York, December 19, 1875, anchored off Cape Virgins, entrance to Strait of Magellan, January 18, 1876, at 7 p.m., passed Cape Pillar (Pacific entrance) January 22, and arrived at San Francisco, 13,533 miles, on February 16, at 2 p. m., being the first steamer that ever made that voyage without stopping en route for coal. Time from New York 54 days, 14 hours.

Steamship development as shown in the relative proportions, speed, etc., of the Great Eastern and Mauretania:

Mauretania.

1910..... Mauretania..... 4

41

692 ft. Length

and Manretania: Length

Great Eastern.

1884.....Oregon.....

Breadth Displace	ment Screw and Sail: Speed.	2	7.00	80 ft. 0 tons, knots.	Breadth Displaceme	nt		45,000	8 ft. tons. eed).
	ECORD-BREAKERS B								
Date.	Steamer.	D.	H.	M.	Date.	Steamer.	L). H.	M.
1856 1866	Persia Scotia	9	$\frac{1}{2}$	45 48		America Umbria			42
1869	City of Brussels.	7	$\frac{22}{20}$	3	1888	Etruria Majestic	'	6 1	55
	Baltic City of Berlin		15	48	1891	Teutonic		5 16	31
	Germanic Britannic		$\frac{11}{10}$	37 53		City of Paris			$^{24}_{7}$
1880	Arizona	7	7	23	1894	Lucania		5 7	23
1882	Alacka .	- 6	18	37	1 1908	Lusitania		4 15	- ()

APPROXIMATE DISTANCES IN KNOTS OR NAUTICAL MILES AS ANNOUNCED BY THE VARIOUS STEAMSHIP LINES.

îï

PLACE.	Distance.	PLACE.	Distance.
From Ambrose Channel Lightship* to-		Glasgow	2,926
Alexandria, Egypt	4.952	Hallfax	570
		Hamburg	3,511
Antwerp	2,227	Havre	3,145
Bombay	8,160	Liverpool (Landing Stage)	3,033
Bremen		Lizard Point	2.929
Brow Head	2,744	London (Tilbury Docks)	3,257
Cape Race	998	Nantucket Lightship	193
Cherbourg	3,073	Naples	4,116 3,073
Christiansand	3.407	Needles.	
Christiania		Newfoundland (Banks of)	2.978
Copenhagen	3,850	Plymouth	2.814
Dover		Queenstown	2.810
Fastnet	2,751	Roche's Point	3,327
Fire Island Lightship	36	Rotterdam	
Flushing		Scilly Islands (Bishop's Rock)	
Genoa	4,021 3,168	Southampton (Docks)	
Glbraitar	6 5,108	I St. Junus, N. F	1 1,120

^{*} New York (Battery) to Quarantine Station 8 miles, Ambrose Channel Lightship 16 miles. For mail time and distances, see page 116. † Distance by short track.

Funnel Marks and Night Signals of Transatlantic Lines

LINES.	Funnel Marks.	Night Signals.
American	Black, white band, black top	Blue light forward, red light amidships and blue light aft.
Cunard	Red, with black rings and black top	Blue light and two roman candles, each throwing out six blue balls.
French	Red, with black top	Blue light forward, white light amidships, and red light aft.
Hamburg-Amer.	Express service, buff; regular, black	Two red-white-blue lights, in quick succession, at stern.
Nor. Ger. Lloyd White Star	Ochre	Two blue-red lights, one forward, one aft.

Ammigration Ento the United States, 1824=1912.

			,			٠.٠,		
	Total Alien	37	Total Alien	VELD	To	al	1	Total
YEAR.								Immigrants.
1824	7.912	1848	226,527	1870	38	7,203	1893	502.917
1825	10.199	1849	297.024	1871	32	1.350	1894	314.467
1826	10,837	$1850 \dots$	369.986	1872	40	4.806	1895	279 948
	18,875		379,466	1873	45	9.803	1896	343,267
1828	27,382	$1852 \dots$	371,603	1874	31	3.339	1897	230.832
1829	22,520	1853	368,645	1875	22	7.498	1898	229.299
1830	23,322	1854	427,833	1876	16	9.986	1899	
1831	22,633	$1855 \dots$		1877	14	1.857	1900	448 572
1832	60,482	1856	195.857	1878	13	8.469	1001	487 918
1833	58.640	1857	246.945	1879	17	7.826	1000	648 743
1834	65.365	1858	119.501	1880	45	7.257	1002	857 046
1835	45.374	$1859 \dots$	118.616	1881	66	9.431	1904	812.870
1836	76.242	1860		1882		8.992	1005	1 027 421
1837	79.340	1861	89.724	1883	60	3.322	1006	1 100 735
1838		$1862 \dots$	89.207	1884	51	8.592	1007	1 285 349
1839	68.069	1863	174.524	1880		5 346	1000	782.870
1840	84.066	1864	193.195	1886		4.203	1000	751 786
1841	80.289	1865		1887	49	0.109	1010	1 041 570
1842								
1843	52.496	Fiscal year	arend'g June 30	1889	44	4.427	1912	838.172
1844	48.619	1867	298,967	1890	40	0.302		
1845	\dots 114,371	1868	282.189	1891	56	0,319	Total	29,611,052
1846	$\dots 154.416$	1869	352,569	1892	62	3,084	1789 to	1822 est. 266, 038
1847	234.968	1					1	

Of the whole number of immigrants in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, 605, 151 came through the customs district of New York, 21,667 through Baltimore, 38,782 through Boston, 43,749 through Philadelphia, 3,958 through San Francisco, and 52,038 through other ports; also 72,827 through Canadian ports.

The reported occupations of immigrants arriving during the fiscal year 1912 were as follows: Laborers, 135,726; servants, 116,529; farm laborers, 184, 154; tailors, 18,836; merchants and dealers, 10,240; carpenters and joiners, 11,034; shoemakers, 8,671; clerks and accountants, 12,701; mariners, 4,124; miners, 5,889. The number of professional immigrants (including 873 actors, 1,563 engineers, 12,286 musicians, and 2,035 teachers) was 11,685; of skilled laborers, 127,016; other miscellaneous (including unskilled), 10,480; no occupation (including women and children), 231,070.

IMMIGRATION BY COUNTRIES IN FISCAL YEARS 1911 AND 1912.

COUNTRIES.	1911.	1912.	COUNTRIES,	1911.	1912.
Austria-Hungary		178,882	Wales	-2,162	2,162
Belgium	5,711	4,169	Other Europe	377	243
Bulgaria, Servia and Monte- negro	4,695	4,447	Total Europe	764,757	718.875
Denmark	7,555	6,191	China	1.460	1,765
France, including Corsica	8,022		Japan	4,520	6,114
German Empire	32,061	27.788	India		175
Greece	26,226	21,449	Turkey in Asia	10.229	12.788
Italy, inc. Sicily and Sardinia.	182,882	157,134	Other Asia	695	607
Netherlands	8,358	6,619	Make 1 A sile		21,449
Norway	13,950	8,675	Total Asia	11,420	21, 440
Portugal, inc. Cape Verde and			Africa	956	1.009
Azore Islands			Australia Tasmania and		_,
Roumania	2,522		New Zealand	984	794
Russian Empire, and Finland.	158,721	162,395	Pacific Islands, not specified.	59	104
Spain, inc. Canary and Balea-			British North America	56,830	55,990
ric Islands	5,074		Central America	1,193	1.242
Sweden	20,780		Mexico	19.889	23.238
Switzerland			South America	3.049	2.989
Turkey in Europe	14,438		West Indies	13.403	12.467
England	52.426		Other countries	39	15
Ireland	29.112				
Scotland	18,796	14,578	Grand total	878,587	838,172

ALIENS DEBARRED AND DEPORTED 1901-1912.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	Total Im- migration.	De- barred.	De- ported.	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	Total Im- migration.	De- barred.	De- ported.
1901		3,516		1907	1,285,349		995
1902				1908			2,069
1903	857,046	8,769		1909			2,124
1904	812,870			1910	1,041,570		2,695
1905		11,879		1911		22,349	2.770
1906	1,100,735	12,432	676	1912	838,172	16,057	2,456

ACCORDING TO RACES, THE FOLLOWING SHOWS AMOUNT OF MONEY BROUGHT BY IMMIGRANTS, AND THE NUMBER DEBARRED IN FISCAL YEAR 1912:

RACE.	Amount of Money.	De- barred.	RACE.	Amount of Money.	De- barred.	RACE,	Amount of Money.	De- barred.
Chinese					1,064	Polish		
English	4.061.994	1.117	Irish	1.633,038	576	Scandinavian	1,495,773	
French	1,155,563		Italian	4,414,271	2,321	Scotch	1,562,570	416
German	3,543,030	758	Japanese	240, 201	166		•	i

EMIGRATION FROM UNITED STATES.

For fiscal years ended June 30, 1908, emigrant aliens, 395,073; non-emigrant aliens, 319,755; total, 714,828. In 1909, emigrant aliens, 225,802; non-emigrant aliens, 174,590; total, 400,392. In 1910, emigrant aliens, 202,436; non-emigrant aliens, 177,982; total 380,418. In 1911, emigrant aliens, 295,666; non-emigrant aliens, 222,549; total 518,215. In 1912, emigrant aliens, 333,262; non-emigrant aliens, 282,030; total 615,292.

CHINESE SEEKING ADMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	190	8.		1909.]	1910.		191	1.	191	2.
Classes.	Admitted.	Deported.	Admitted.	Deported.	Escaped.	Admitted.	Deported.	Escaped.	Admitted.	Deported.	Admitted.	Deported.
United States citizens Wives of United States citizens. Returning laborers. Returning merchants Other merchants Members of merchants' families Students. Travellers Tracelers Officials Miscellaneous	1,609 37 883 773 216 806 157 13 23 83	127 2 36 55 11 128 3 	2,530 98 950 947 292 1,242 161 27 14 82 52	254 23 20 19 237 6	16 5 10	2,109 110 1,037 869 228 1,029 268 83 24 145 48	490 14 12 31 29 332 31 3 1	5	1,639 80 1,113 1,092 199 559 213 52 32 87 41	284 5 19 33 28 259 25	1,093 170 558	170 5 1 18 8 133 20 7 1 1 36
Totals	4,624	364	6,395	564	31	5,950	969	6	5,107	692	5,374	400

IMMIGRANT ALIENS ADMITTED DURING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1912, SHOW-ING THEIR VARIOUS DESTINATIONS.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Immi-	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Immi- grant	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Immi- grant
STATE OF TEMPTONIE	Aliens.	STATE ON TENNITORY.	Aliens.	STATE OR TERRITORI.	Aliens.
Alabama	988	Maine	5,691	Pennsylvania	109,625
Alaska	276	Maryland	5.413	Philippine Islands	13
Arizona	2,902	Massachusetts	70,171	Porto Rico	1,408
Arkansas	313	Michigan	33,559	Rhode Island	9,795
California	28,905	Minnesota	12,149	South Carolina	275
Colorado	4,215	Mississippi	329	South Dakota	1,792
Connecticut		Missouri	8,980	Tennessee	797
Delaware	1,081	Montana	3,565	Texas	22,885
	1,685 5,356	Nebraska	4,490	Utah	2,631
Florida	825	Nevada	1,026	Vermont	2,847
Georgia	6.654	New Hampshire	$6,120 \\ 47,211$	Virginia	1,510
Idaho	1.480	New Jersey New Mexico	757	Washington	11.882 6.212
lilinois	67.118	New York	220 275	West Virginia Wisconsin	14.016
Indiana	7.753	North Carolina	421	Wyoming	1.05
lowa	7.147	North Dakota	3.947	Wyoming	1,051
Kansas	2.901	Ohlo	38.148	Grand Total	838 179
Kentucky	727	Oklahoma	681	Grand Total	000,111
Louisiana	1.811	Oregon	4.138	1	t

Fourth of July Accidents.

THE Journal of the American Medical Association has kept a record of the accidents in the United States, due annually to the celebration of Independence Day, in the past ten years. The following are the figures:

YEAR.	Killed.	Injured.	Total.	1	YEAR.	Killed.	Injured.	Total.
1903	183 182 158	3,393 3,986 4,994 5,308 4,249	3,859 4,169 5,176 5,466 4,413		1909. 1910	131 57	5,092 2,792 1,546 947	5,307 2,923 1,608 988
1908	163	5.460	5,623	1	Total, 10 years	1,760	38,357	40,117

The decrease from 466 deaths in 1903 to 41 in 1912 was due to more intelligent methods of celebration, the most marked decrease taking place in States where the agitation for restrictive measures was strongest.

The National Reform Association.

President—Henry C. Minton, D. D. Corresponding Secretary—T. B. Stevenson. Treasurer— James S. Tibby. The official organ is The Christian Statesman, published monthly. Headquarters, 603 Publication Building, 209 Minth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WORLD'S CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP CONFERENCE.

The Second World's Christian Citizenship Conference will be held under the auspices of the National Reform Association in Portland, Oregon, June 29 to July 6, 1913.

STATEMENT showing the cost and date of construction, length, number of locks, and navigable depth of the principal canals of the United States used for commercial purposes.

CANALS.	Cost of Construc- tion.*	When Com- pleted			Depth feet. †	
Albemarie and Chesapeake	\$1,641,363	1860	44	1	73%	Norfolk, Va., to Currituck Sound, N. C.
Augusta	1,500,000	1847	9		11	Savannah River, Ga., to Augusta, Ga.
††Beaufort						Beaufort, N. C. to Neuse River.
Black River			35	109	4	Rome, N. Y., to Lyons Falls, N. Y.
Cayuga and Seneca		1839	25	11	7	Montezuma, N. Y., to Cayuga and Seneca Lakes, N. Y.
Champlain	4,044,000		81	32	6	Whitehall, N. Y., to Watervliet, N. Y.
Chesapeake and Delaware	3,730,230	1829	14	3	9	Chesapeake City, Md., to Delaware City, Del.
Chesapeake and Ohlo	11,290,327	1850	184	73	6	Cumberland, Md., to Washington, D. C.
Companys	90,000		22	1	6	Mississippi River, La., to Bayon Black, La.
Companys	4,888,749	1838	66	14	8-9	New Brunswick, N. J., to Bordentown, N. J.
Delaware Division	2,433,350	1830	60	33	6	Easton, Pa., to Bristol, Pa.
Des Moines Rapids	4,582,009	1877	71/2	3	5	Easton, Pa., to Bristol, Pa. At Des Moines Rapids, Mississippi River.
Erie	52,540,800	1826	387	72	1	Albany, N. Y., to Buffalo, N. Y.
Fairfield			41/2	None.		Alligator River to Lake Mattimuskeet, N. C.
Galveston and Brazos	340,000	1851	38		31/2	Galveston, Tex., to Brazos River, Tex.
Hocking	975,481		42	26	4	Carroll, O., to Nelsonville, O.
Illinois and Michigan		1848	102	15	6	Chicago, Ill., to La Salle, Ill.
Illinois and Mississippl	7,250,000		75	3	7	Around lower rapids of Rock Riv., Ill. Connects with Miss. R
Lake Drummond	2,800,000		22	2	9	Connects Chesa peake Bay with Albemarle Sound.
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co.]	4,455,000		108	57	6	Coalport, Pa., to Easton, Pa.
Louisville and Portland	5,578,631	1872	21/2	2		At Falls of Ohio River, Louisville, Ky.
Miami and Erie	8,062,680	1835	274	93	51/2	Cincinnati, O., to Toledo, O.
Muscle Shoals and Elk R.Shoals.	3,156,919	1889	16	11		Big Muscle Shoals, Tenn., to Elk River Shoals, Tenn.
Newberne and Beaufort			3	None.	i	Clubfoot Creek to Harlow Creek, N. C.
Ogeechee	407,810		16	5	3	Savannah River, Ga., to Ogeechee River, Ga.
Ohio	4,695,204		317	150	4	Cleveland, O., to Portsmouth, O.
Oswego	5,239,526	1828	38	18	7	Oswego, N. Y., to Syracuse, N. Y.
Pennsylvania	7,731,750	1839	193	71	6	Columbia, Northumberland, Wilkes-Barre, Huntingdon, Ps
Portage Lake and Lake Super'r.	528,892			None.		From Keweenaw Bay to Lake Superior.
Port Arthur		1899	7			Port Arthur, Tex., to Gulf of Mexico.
Banta Fe	70,000	1880	10		5	Waldo, Fla., to Melrose, Fla.
Sault Ste. Marie (ship canal)	4,000,000	1895	3	2	18	Connects Lakes Superior and Huron at St. Mary's River.
Schuylkill Navigation Company	12,461,600	1826	108	71	61/4	Mill Creek, Pa., to Philadelphia, Pa.
Sturgeon Bay and Lake Mich'n.	99,661	1881	11/4	None.	15	Between Green Bay and Lake Michigan.
St. Mary's Falls	7,909,667	1896	11/3	1	21	Connects Lakes Superior and Huron at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich
Susquehanna and Tidewater	4,931,345	1840	45	32		Columbia, Pa., to Havre de Grace, Md.
Walhonding	607,269	1843	25	11	4	Rochester, O., to Roscoe, O.
*Welland (ship canal)	26,080 366	1833	2634	26	14	Connects Lake Ontario and Lake Erie.

**Weiland (ship canal)....... 26,080 3661 1833 | 26% | 26 | 14 | [Connect Lake Contario and Lake Erie.

* And improvements. † Navigable depth. *** Depth to be increased to 29 fect so that vessels can navigate the waterway from the head of Lake Superior to Prescott, on the River St. Lawrence, within a hundred miles of Montreal. Total cost of improvement about \$30,000.00.1 ** Building.

† The Erie Canal, Oswego Canal and Champlain Canal are now being enlarged by the State of New York to a depth of 12 feet, and with locks of a capacity to pass harges having a net tounge capacity of \$0,000 tons each. The enlarged Champlain Canal will probably be opened in May, 1914. It is anticipated that this entire enlargement will be completed during the year 1915. The Canal Commission has decided to use a standard size of boat which probably will be 215 feet long by 30 feet beam, with a draught of 12 feet. These will be used in transporting ore along the Champlain Canal from Port Rienry to Community, and the Champlain Canal from Port Rienry to Community and the Champlain Canal from Port Rienry to Community and the Champlain Canal from Port Rienry to Community and the Champlain Canal from Port Rienry to Community and Canal from Port Rienry to Community and Canal from Port Rienry to Community and Canal from Port Rienry to Community and Policy Rienry Canal Annual Rienry and Rienry Rien

within that figure.

§The Cayuga and Seneca Canal will be enlarged to pass barges of the same capacity as the improved Eric Canal at a cost estimated at \$7,000,000.

Cape Cod Canal (Sea Level Ship Canal) about 12 miles long and 25 feet deep, to connect Massachusetts Bay and Buzzard's Bay, under construction, will shorten sea route between New York and Boston by about 63 miles and will be opened for traffic about January, 1914.

Trent Valley Canal, from Orillia on Lake Couchiching to the Trent River, at foot of Rice Lake, Canada, about 150 miles, Total cost to 1911, \$7,875,011.

Canal, connecting Berlin with the River Oder and with Stettin.

The Harlem River Ship Canal, connecting the Hudson River and Long Island Sound, by way of Spuyten Duyvil Creek and Harlem River, was opened for traffic on June 17, 1895, and cost about \$2,700,000. For the year 1911, incoming tonnage, 2,011,708; outcome tonage, 82,011,708;

outgoing tonnage, 822.571.

FOREIGN SHIP CANALS.	Length, Miles.	Depth, Feet.	Bottom Width, Feet.	Cost.
Suez-Mediterranean and Red Seas	90	35	108	\$100,000,000
('ronstadt-St. Petersburg	16	201/2		10,000,000
Manchester-Manchester and Liverpool	351/2	28	120	85,000,000
Kaiser Wilhelm-Baltic and North Seas	61	291/2	72	40,000,000
Elbe and Trave	41	10	72	6,000,000

TONNACE ON CANALS. CANALR Year. Tonnsge. CANALS. Year. Tounage. 49,856,123 2,031,735 3,097,068 1911 25,417,853 Sault Ste, Marie..... 1910 Suez Manchester 1911 1911 Kaiser Wilhelm..... 1911 1911

The efficiency of steam as compared with sail is customarily rated in the proportion of 4 to 1. Yet it was many years before the tonnage of steamships was as great as that of sailing ships and the latter have not yet died out, not less than a quarter of the world's tonnage still consisting of sail. But the disproportion grows yearly, although the expenses of maintaining the sailing ship in the absence of coal and motive power are smaller and the absence of engine space and bunkers make it possible for the sailing ship to utilize almost the whole of her capacity below deck. The Loudon Economist prints the following table, showing the net tonnage of steamships and sailing vessels on the register of Great Britain and Ireland from 1840 to 1990.

YEAR.	Steam.	Sail.	Total.	YEAR.	Steam.	Sail.	Total.
1840 1860 1880	454,330	4,204,360	2,768,260 4,658,690 6,574,510	1900	7,207,610 10,284,810	2,096,490 1,301,060	9,304,100 11,585,870

The Submarine Cables of the World.

(From report issued by the Bureau International del'Union Télégraphique.)
The following table sets forth the entire system of submarine cables of the world, including those along the shores and in the bays, guifs, and estuaries of rivers, but excepting those in lakes and the interior watercourses of continents. The list includes all cables operated by private companies, and in addition thereto under the name of each nation is given the list of cables operated by the government of that nation.

of that nation.					
Companies,	Number of Cables.	Length of Cables in Nautical Miles.	. Companies.	Number of Cables.	Length of Cables in Nautical Miles.
Commercial Cable Co	15	16,595	Direct West India Cable Co Bermuda - Turk's Island, and Turk's Island-Jamaica.	2	1,263
Cause, N. S., to New York.			Fastern and South African Telegraph	17	10,490
(Ireland) to Canso (Nova Scotia). Canso, N. S., to New York. Canso, N. S., to Rockport, Mass. Commercial Pacific Cuble Co. San Francisco to Manila.	6	10,010	Co. Eastern Extension Australasia and China Telegraph Co. Eastern Telegraph Co.		
San Francisco to Manila. Manila to Shanghai.			Eastern Telegraph Co	35 104	23,983 42,952
De l'ile de Peel (Bonins) ā Guam. Commercial Cable Co. of Cuba	1	1,285	Systems as follows:		
New York to Havana, Cuba.			Greek; Austro - Greek; Greek;		
Western Union Telegraph Co Transatlantic Systems as follows:	27	23,506	Turko-Greek; Turkish; Egypto- European: Egyptian: Egypto-		
Western Union—Penzance, England, to Bay Roberts, N. F., and Canso, N. S., thence to Coney Island, New York.			Greek; Austro - Greek: Greek; Turko-Greek; Turkish; Egypto- European; Egyptian; Egypto- Indian; Cape Town to St. Helena; St. Helena to Ascension Island; Ascension Island to St. Vincent; Victol Australia		
Canso, N. S., thence to Coney			Ascension Island to St. Vincent;		
Anglo-American Telegrand Co		i	Natal-Australia, System West of Malta.		
Valentia (Ireland) to Heart's Content, N. F.			Europe and Azores Telegraph Co	2	1,056
Direct United States Cable Co		1	Compagnie Allemande des Câbles Transatlantiques	5	9,556
Direct United States Cable Co.— Ballinskellig's Bay (Ireland) to Halifax, N. S., thence to Rye Beach, N. H.			Borkum Island to Azores to Coney Island, N. Y.		
Beach, N. H. Gulf of Mexico System,			Island, N. Y. Borkum Island to Vigo, Spain.		
Compagnie Française des Câbles Télé-			Grande Compagnie des Télégraphes du Nord	28	8,982
graphiques. Brest (France) to Cape Cod, Mass. Brest (France) to St. Pierre-Miq.	24	11,430	Cables in Europe and Asia, Deutsch-Niederlandische Telegraph-		
Brest (France) to St. Pierre-Miq.			en gesellschaft.	3	3,415
St. Pierre to Cape Cod, Mass. Cape Cod, Mass., to New York.			Menado (Célébes)—Japan (Caro- line); Guam (Mariannes);		
African Direct Telegraph Co	9	3,025 336	Shanghai. Deutsch - Sudamerikanische Tele-		
Weston, Wolsowanh Co	30	23,836	graphengesellschaft	3	5,779
Carcavellos, near Lisbon (Portugal), to Madeira, to St. Vincent (Cape Verde Island), to Pernambuco, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Montevideo, Fayal (Azores) to St. Vincent Cape Verde Island).			Osteuropaische Telegraphengesells Kilios (Constantinople)—Con-	1	185
(Cape Verde Island), to Pernam-			stantza (Roumanie). Halifax and Bermudas Cable Co	1	850
Montevideo, Fayal (Azores) to			Indo-European Telegraph Co	3	23
Ascension Island to Buenos			Mexican Telegraph Co	5	2,821 -218
Ayres. Central and South American Tele-	1	1	South American Cable Co. United States and Haiti Telegraph	4	2,777
graph Co	24	11,127	and Cable Co	1	1,391
	1	28	West African Telegraph Co	8	1,469 1,979
Cuba Submarine Telegraph Co Direct Spanish Telegraph Co	10	1,143 711	West India & Panama Telegraph Co	22	4,355
Direct Spanish Telegraph Co	*	111	Grand total	407	226,591
CABL	ES (OWNE	D BY NATIONS.		
Austria	50	419	British America	2	398
BelgiumDenmark	148	102 458	British India Portuguese Possessions in Africa	13	2,004 26
France	77	11,343 2,982	Japan Nouvelle Caledonie Netherlands Indies	178	4,059
Great Britain and Ireland	223	2,721	Netherlands Indies	18	3,069
Greece	53 49	$^{61}_{259}$	Senegal, Africa	1 2	3 12
Holland Italy Norway Portugal Russia Spail Sweden Switzerland Turkay	59	933	Siam Indo-Chine Française	ĩ	771
Portugal	770 6	1,399 120			
Russia	32 24	739 3,128	and Australia)	5 26	7,837 1,032
Sweden	106	300	Mexico	20	396
Switzerland Turkey	25	14 369	and Australia). Philippine Islands. Mexico. Venezuela. United States (Alaska)	13	606 2,145
Argentine Republic and Brazil Australia and New Zealand Bahama Islands	62 69	118 911		2,147	48,998
Bahama Islands	1	213	Total	2,17	10,000

Telegraph Rates.

WESTERN UNION TELECRAPH COMPANY RATES.

NIGHT LETTERS of 50 words or less, address and signature free, filed before midnight, are transmitted during the night and delivered the next morning at the same rate as that shown for "Day telegrams of 10 words."

DAY LETTERS of 50 words or less, address and signature free, filed at any hour during the day, are transmitted and delivered subject to the priority of Day telegrams. Rates for Day Letters are one-half higher than rates for Night Letters.

Words above 50 in Night Letters or Day Letters are one-fifth the 50-word rate for each additional 10 or fraction of 10 words.

	TELEGRAMS.					TELEGRAMS.					
PLACES.	10 Words.		50 W	ords.	PLACES.	10 W	ords.	50 W	ords.		
	Day.	Night.	Day Letter.	Night Letter.		Day.	Night.		Night Letter.		
Alabama	\$0.60 2.40	\$0.50 2.40	\$0.90	\$0.60	Montana	\$0.75	\$0.60	\$1.13	\$0.75		
Alaska	to 10.45	to 10.45	app	lica- on.	Nebraska Nevada New Brunswick	$1.00 \\ 50$	1.00	1.50	1.00		
Arizona	1.00 60 1.00	1.00 50 1.00	1.50	1.00 n	Newfoundland New Hampshire	$1.10 \\ 35 \\ 25$		on appl	ication 35 25		
British Columbia	to 4.60	to 4.60	app	lica-	New Jersey New Mexico New York	75 25-35	- 60 25	1.13 38-53	25-35		
California	1.00	1.00	$\frac{1.50}{1.13}$	1.00 75	North Carolina North Dakota	50 75	40 60	$\frac{75}{1.13}$	50 75		
Connecticut Delaware	25 30 30	25 25 25	38 45	25 30	Nova Scotia	$\frac{50}{40}$	40 30	75 60	50 40		
Dist. of Columbia	60 60	50 50	45 90 90	30 60 60	Oklahoma	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 40-50 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 60 \\ 30 - 40 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	1.13 60-75 1.50	75 40-50 1.00		
GeorgiaIdahoIliinols	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	Oregon	25-40	25 - 30 40	38-45 75	25-40 50		
Indiana	50 60	40 50	75 90	50 60	Rhode Island South Carolina	30 60	25 50	45 90	30 60		
Kansas Kentucky	60 50	50 40	90 75	60 50	South Dakota Tennessee	75 50	60 40	1.13 75	75 50		
Louisiana Maine	35 - 40	50 30	53-60	35-40	TexasUtah	75 75	60 60	1.13	75 75		
Manitoba Maryland	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 30-40 \\ 25-30 \end{array}$	25-30 25	$\begin{array}{r} 1.13 \\ 45-53 \\ 45\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 75 \\ 30 - 40 \\ 30 \end{array} $	Vermont Virginia	$\begin{array}{c} 30 - 35 \\ 40 - 50 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	$^{25}_{40}$	45-53 75 1.50	30-35 50 1.00		
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota	40-60 60	40 50	60-90 90		Washington West Virginia Wisconsin	50-60	30 50	75-90	40 50-60		
Mississippi Missouri	50-60	50 40-50	90	60	Wyoming Yukon	$\frac{75}{4.25}$	60	1.13 on appl	75		

TELEGRAPH RATES TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

These rates are from New York City. The address and signature are included in the chargeable matter, and the length of words is limited to fifteen letters. When a word is composed of more than fifteen letters, every additional fifteen or the fraction of fifteen letters will be counted as a word.

Per Word,	- Per W	ord.	Per V	Vord.	Per Word.
A byssinia\$0, 64	Denmark	0.35	Martinique	\$1.00	Russia (Asia)\$0,43
	Ecuador		Matanzas		Santo Domingo 1.32
Alexandria(Egypt) .50	England		Melbourne, Vic	, 66	Scotland
	France	. 25	Mexico City, \$1.75,10) wds.	Servia
	Germany	. 25	Nassau (Bahamas).	. 35	Sicily
	Gibraltar		Natal (So. Africa)		Siam 1.05
	Greece		New South Wales		Singapore 1.11
	Guatemala	. 55	New Zealand	, 66	Spain
	Havana		Norway	. 35	St. Thomas
	Hayti 1.05 to			. 86	Sweden
Brazil70 to 1.45	Holland		Panama		Switzerland30
	Honolulu		Paraguay	65	Sydney (N. S. W.)66
	Hungary	32	Penang	1.11	Tangier
	Iceland		Peru	. 65	Tasmania
Cairo (Egypt)50	India		Philippine Is. (Lu-		Transvaal
	Ireland				Trinidad
Ceylon	Italy				Turkey (Europe)36
Chile	Jamaica		Porto Rico	. 50	Turkev (Asia)
China 1. 22			Portugal	. 39	Uruguay
Cochin China 1.19			Queensland		Venezuela 1.00
	Korea (Seoul)	1.33	Roumanta		Vera Cruz, \$1.75, 10 wds.
	Malta	.35	Russia (Europe)	.43	Victoria (Australia) .66
Demerara 1.08					

TELEGRAPH RATES-Continued.

On November 10, 1910, Clarence H. Mackay, President of the Commercial Cable Company and the Postal Telegraph Company announced an intended reduction in cable rates on plain language (not code) nessages from 25 cents for a word not exceeding fifteen letters to 12½ cents for every five letters sent. The plan has been worked out, but instead of this plan being adopted, a plan of the Postmaster-General of Great Britzin, proposed in 1909, to reduce the rates on plain language from 25 cents to 12½ cents a word, the message to be subject to a delay not exceeding 24 hours, has been accepted. It went into effect with the co-operation of the British, French and German Governments on January 1, 1912. Many other countries have since accepted the plan. In foreign countries the telegraph lines are owned by the Governments. The plan involves proportionate reductions of the Government rates and hence the co-operation of the Governments is necessary.

The Postal Telegraph Cable Company also transacts business in the United States, and in 1912 operated 66,154 miles of poles and 408,755 miles of wire, by means of which it reached 35,230 places.

TELECRAPH STATISTICS.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Theodore N. Vall, President; Belvidere Brooks, General Manager. Executive Offices, 195 Broadway, New York.

New York.

Capital stock outstanding, \$99,786,758.96. Funded debt, \$32,602,000. Capital stock in subsidiary companies not owned by Western Union, \$3,893,375. Total capital liabilities, \$136,282,133.96.

Annual report for fiscal year ending June 30, 1912: Gross income, \$42,987,807.15; operating expenses and taxes, \$36,063,836.10; net profits, \$6,923,971.05; interest on bonds, \$1,670,416.79; appropriation for reserves for repairs, \$1,250,000; dividend (3%), \$2,991,823.50. Balance to surplus, \$1,011,730,76. Number of offices, 25,392. Miles of wire added during the year, 29,972.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPH STATISTICS

(From latest records.)

	TELEGRA	MS SENT.		1	TELEGRA	MS SENT.	1
COUNTRY.	Total Yearly.	Per Capita.	Gross Revenue.	COUNTRY.	Total Yearly.	Per Capita.	Gross Revenue.
Austria Belgium. Bosnia Bulgaria Canada Denmark. France. German Empire Great Britain. Greece	20,964,516 8,911,556 915,537 1,945,460 7,384,580 3,395,941 64,581,312 58,894,400 91,614,000 1,851,238	1.200 .474 .449 1.029 1.258 1.635	\$3,284,530 1,317,910 179,520 277,440 500,915 8,856,000 9,607,360 15,970,695 406,205	Italy. Luxemburg Netherlands Norway Portugal Roumania Russia. Servia. Spain Sweden	18,024,841 206,890 6,650,569 3,320,470 6,400,340 3,661,401 36,792,931 921,878 6,691,971 4,261,066	.521 .795 1.118 1.408 1.191 .526 .275 .317 .354	\$4,137,320 16,890 1,017,470 633,920 970,400 607,435 14,745,620 118,490 1,906,960 725,925

NOTE—Most European administrations combine the postal, telegraph and telephone services under one department, and the accounts are not kept so as to show the financial results of the services separately. Most administrations, however, admit a deficit from telegraph operation.

TELEPHONE STATISTICS.

THE AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY (BELL SYSTEM) AND SUB-SIDIARIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

STATIO	NS IN BELL SY	STEM.	1		Daily
Associate Companies.	Connecting Companies.	Total.	Employés.	of Wire.	Messages, Conversations.
281,695	27,807	309,502	14,517	675,415	2,402,543 9,562,640
1,525,167	159,774	1,684,941	61,476	3,958,891	10,134,020
2,241,367	287,348	2,003,213 2,528,715	89,661	5,779,918	11,450,000 13,911,551
2,727,289 3,035,533		3,070,660 3,839,000			16,939,577 18,624,578
3,215,245	1,149,384	4,364,629	98,533	9,830,718	18,962,397 20,442,535
4,030,668	1,852,051	5,882,719	120,311	11,642,212	22,284,010 24,128,688
	Associate Companies. 281,695 1,277,983 1,525,167 1,799,633 2,241,367 2,727,289 3,035,533 3,215,245 3,588,247	Associate Companies. Companies. 281.695 27.807 1.277.983 123.216 1.5525.167 159.774 1.799.633 203.580 2.241.367 287.348 2.727.289 343.371 3.035.533 803.467 3.215.245 1.149.384 3.588.247 1.554.445 4.030.668 1.852.051	Companies. Companies. Total. 281.695 27,807 309,502 1.277,983 123,216 1,401,199 1.525,167 159,774 1,684,941 1.799,633 203,580 2,003,213 2.241,367 287,348 2,528,715 2.727,289 343,371 3,070,660 3,035,533 803,467 3,839,000 3,215,245 1,149,384 4,364,629 4,030,668 1,852,051 5,82,719 4,030,668 1,852,051 5,82,719	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

Note-Figures for employés, miles of wire and daily messages do not include connecting companies,

Bell System: 1911, gross earnings, \$179, 500,000; net earnings, \$51,600,000; interest and dividends, \$39,600,000; undivided profits, \$12,000,000; capital stock, funded and floating debts and accounts payable outstanding in hands of public, \$685,500,000; liquid assets, \$74,800,000; net obligations to public, \$610,500,000; property value, \$754,200,000.

TELEPHONE STATISTICS-Continued.

WORLD TELEPHONE STATISTICS. (From latest records.)

COUNTRY.	Number of Stations.	Per Cent.	Miles of Wire.	Per Cent. of Total.	Investment.	Invest- ment Per Capita.
United States. Canada Austria Bosnia Bosnia Bulgaria Denmark France German Empire Great Britain Belgium Greece. Hungary Italy Luxemburg Netherlands Norway. Portugal Roumania Russia Servia Spain.	8,357,625 354,000 126,548 2,426 96,491 1,069,251 648,846 47,648 1,603 58,506 67,511 3,334 64,486 62,940 6,765 18,448 214,782 22,635 22,918	68.1 22.9 1.0 1.99 8.73 5.4 	18,179,000 766,815 267,917 1,403 6,035 255,548 831,168 3,553,504 21,122,972 147,252 47,384 201,635 153,635 153,635 133,354 21,880 43,704 414,399 6,365 57,294	64.6 2.8 .9 3.0 12.6 7.5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	\$956,700,000 47,000,000 26,200,000 245,000 11,713,000 11,713,000 134,410,000 134,410,000 12,400,000 6229,000 6214,000 6214,000 2,553,000 6,214,000 2,553,000 6,000	\$10.27 6.55 .91 .13 .099 4.334 1.27 2.64 2.98 1.75 .08 2.28 2.46 1.81 2.59 2.36 1.55 .36 1.50 2.20 4.34 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.59 2.46 4.34 2.59 3.60 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.34 2.46 4.36 2.46 4.36 2.46 4.36 2.46 4.36 4.36 4.36 4.36 4.36 4.36 4.36 4
Sweden. Switzerland. Japan. South America. All other countries.	187,441 78,736 126,720 85,744 339,285	$\begin{array}{c} 1.5 \\ .6 \\ 1.0 \\ .7 \\ 2.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 245,757 \\ 210,033 \\ 269,000 \\ 13,642 \\ 92,671 \end{array}$.9 1.0 .3	20,619,000 16,797,000 15,223,000 } 50,000,000	3.73 4.46 .30
Totals	12,281,179	100.0	28,160,325	100.0	\$1,598,289,000	

Total telephones in United States, December 31, 1907. 6,118,578 (United States Census); December 31, 1910, 7,596,000, of which 5,883,000 are in Bell system, leaving 1,713,000 rural and other company telephones not connected with Bell system.

telephones not connected with Bell system.

The independent telephone companies of the United States, which are owned and operated entirely apart from the Bell organization, are represented in the National Independent Telephone Association, which has its headquarters in the McCormick Building, Chicago. There are about 15,000 of these companies, operating a reported aggregate of over 4,000,000 telephones, of which 2,158,454 connect with the Bell system. The capital invested is approximately \$400,000,000, the number of stockholders over 500,000, and the income is roughly estimated at about \$105,000,000 per annum. The independent companies, which are for the most part financed in the territories which they cover, are particularly strong throughout the middle and far West. They are established in nearly every large city in the United States except those on the Atlantic coast.

TELEPHONE DEVELOPMENT OF CITIES.

(From latest records.)

CITY.	Telephones.	Telephones, per 100 Population.	CITY.	Telephones.	Telephones, per 100 Population.
London New York Parls. Chicago Tokio Berlin Vienna St. Petersburg Canton. Peking Philadelphia Moscow Buenos Ayres Constantinople. Osaka.	441,128 *79,000 278,401 27,732 133,867 52,355 3,000 1,300 133,398 30,668 *40,000 Under Con	3.0 8.8 2.7 12.3 1.3 5.8 2.5 1.7 1.4 8.4 1.9 3.0 struction.	Hamburg Shanghal Tlentsin Calcutta. Rio de Janeiro Bombay. Liverpool. Warsaw Glasgow Buda-Pesth Barcelona St. Louis Boston Cairo Brussels	1,831 $3,728$ $6,275$ 2.620	5.4 .6 .2 .3 .3 .3 .3 .0 2.6 4.1 2.1 9.0 10.1 .5 2.3

^{*} Estimated.

National Collegiate Athletic Association.

Organized in December, 1905, on the initiative of New York University, with over seventy universities and colleges as members; includes nearly every important college in the United States except Yale, Princeton and Cornell. Secretary-Treasurer, Prof. F. W. Nicolson, Wesleyan University, Middletown, Ct. Annual meeting is held each year in New York City in the week after Christmas.

Electrical Progress in 1912. BY CHARLES H. HUCHES.

IN GENERAL.

DURING the past year although no discovery in the field of electrical engineering stands out prominently in advance of all others, yet manufacturers of electrical apparatus have brought out a large number of new machines and have made many important improvements in the standard lines

manufactured by them.

large number of new machines and have made many important improvements in the standard lines manufactured by them.

The advantages of electrically operated trains for railroad terminals, as the Grand Central and the Pennsylvania kaliroad stations in New York City, have been conclustively proved, and many railroads in cities where the interurban and long distance traffic is badly congested are either considering or actually having plans prepared for changing their present interurban steam service to electric. A case in point is the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, which has found its electric service from New York to Stamford, Ct., so satisfactory that it is extending it to New Haven, Ct., and is planning to electrify its road from Boston to Providence, R. I.

Several types of trolley cars, among which are improved forms of pay-as-you-enter cars, have been brought out. In one type, instead of the conductor and motorman being at opposite ends, both are at the same, the car having doors only at the forward end. Another type is the one called the "stepless" trolley. As its name signifies, there are no steps, a person stepping directly from the street level onto the floor of the car. This car is much lower than those with steps, and is rather unique in appearance. Still another type is the double-deck trolley, consisting of a boxed-in lower portion, for use on stormy days, while on the roof are seats, reached by stairs.

It is interesting to note the development that there has been in low pressure steam turbines, which are directly connected with generators for furnishing light and power. In many cases factories and mills are being lighted by turbo-generator units, using the exhaust steam from the main engines which run the machinery in the shops.

Among the many novel purposes which electricity has been used for, its use in a 30,000 ege neutator at Muskogee, Okia, is worth mentioning. Here the heat and air circulation are controlled electrically while the growth of the chicks is artificially forced by tungs

Instances could be tried of the uses of electricity which during the past year has become more of an every day necessity than ever before.

In closing, mention should be made of the increasing use of the electric furnace for producing steel of a higher grade at a lower cost than by the crucible process, and the building of the United States coilier Jupiter, a ship 575 feet long, having a displacement of 19,600 tons, which will be driven by electric motors.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The most powerful searchlight ever designed for a merchant ship was built for the new German steamer Imperator. The lens is $42 \ln \cosh$ in diameter and gives a light of 80,000 candle power. It is effective for seven miles at sea, and when thrown upon the clouds the light is visible for nearly 30 miles.

An electric lamp for miners was devised by H. Anderson, which indicated the presence of fire damp in the atmosphere by a reduction of the light given out.

It is claimed that Federal Street, north side, Pittsburgh, Pa., has been made the most brilliantly lighted street in the world. The street is lighted by 90 Westinghouse flame carbon are lamps, spaced 60 feet apart, each having a commercial rating of 3,000 candle power.

An improved flame are lamp was brought out by a German company. An important feature

is that the electrodes touch one another when the lamp is not in circuit, and do not have to be brought together by a special striking mechanism.

together by a special striking mechanism.

An interchangeable electric lamp letter sign was brought out. Every letter consists of an individual lamp, consequently as the letters are interchangeable the sign can be varied at will.

A quartz lamp giving a light with a larger proportion of yellow and orange rays than the standard Cooper Hewitt lamp, was built by the Cooper Hewitt Electric Co. The large volume of light produced gives a steady diffused illumination which is not dazzling. The new lamp is suited for high-roofed industrial plants, rolling mills and general exterior lighting.

A semi-indirect lighting unit has been installed in many hospital wards. It consists of a tungsten lamp, with a shade at the apex, which throws the rays of light upward or toward the celling.

A new form of photometric apparatus for measuring illumination was devised by Prof. S. A. Ruml of Genoa, Italy. The important feature is that measurements can be made at any inclination by means of a detached screen.

A novel electric sign for advertising purposes was placed on the market. It consists of a bulletin and significant significance is the controller lights

panel studied with lamps and a controller. A perforated ribbon runs through the controller lights and extinguishes the lamps in the proper sequence, thus producing the effect of moving letters. The development of the three-phase fame arc lamp is worthy of attention, there being a demand for a lamp that is particularly suited for a low frequency current, and when using such a current there should be little or no flickering.

there should be little or no flickering.

A photographic method for obtaining candle power distribution curves, particularly applicable to are lamps and other fluctuating sources, was published in the "Transactions Illuminating Engineers Society" for March, 1912.

An electric lighting and ignition system for use on automobiles was brought out by the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. One generator supplies the ignition and the lighting in connection with a storage battery.

Drawn wire filament tungsten lamps are replacing those with carbon filaments. Owing to the improvements made during the past year in tungsten lamps, the lamps can be burned in any position and can be handled with very little danger of breaking.

ELECTRO-CHEMISTRY AND ELECTRO-METALLURGY.

An experimental ore dressing and metallurgical plant was opened at the Colorado School of

Mines.
The general use of ferrosilicon and ferromanganese in connection with the Bessemer converter, open hearth and crucible processes can, it is claimed by A. J. Rossi, be dispensed with if a treatment with ferrotitanium is substituted.

A new method of detinning was patented by Dr. J. Weber of Essen, Germany. It consists in treating tin scrap with an alkaline solution containing an oxidizing agent, as saltpetre.

ELECTRICAL PROGRESS IN 1912-Continued.

The number of electric furnaces used in the production of steel is becoming larger every year, as high grade electric steel can be produced at a lower cost than crucible steel, and electric steel ingots crack less in rolling than either Bessemer or basic open hearth steel.

A number of patents relating to the production of titanium alloys and the uses of titanium as a purifier in the metallurgy of iron and steel as well as of the non-ferrous metals were granted.

A patent on an improved brick for metallurgic furnaces was assigned to the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company of Pittsburgh, Pa. The main portion of the brick may be of silicon or fire

A patent on an improved brick for metallurgic furnaces was assigned to the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company of Pittsburgh, Pa. The main portion of the brick may be of silicon or fire clay, while the refractory facing is of chrome ore, burned magnesite or aluminous clays. A sultable binding material is placed between the body portion and the facing, so that in burning the completed brick the facing will be fused to the main body.

A process for making refractory articles of magnesia and aluminum without the use of a binder was developed by G. Weintraub, of the General Electric Company.

A combined open hearth and electric furnace for steel refining was brought out by W. R. Walker and J. H. Gray of the United States Steel Corporation. They first employ the furnace as an open hearth, the electrodes being removed, and reduce silicon, carbon and phosphorus. The slag is removed, a new basic slag is furnished and by introducing the electrodes from the top the furnace is operated as an electrical one.

Is operated as an electrical one.

A process of making pig steel directly from ore in the electric furnace was outlined by J. W. Richards in the March proceedings of the Engineering Society of Western Pennsylvania.

Valuable papers on the magnetic properties of alloys were presented at a meeting of the Faraday

Valuable papers on the magnetic proporties of alloys were presented at a meeting of the Faraday Society in London, on April 23.

Among the Improved processes for the reduction of zinc, those of F. L. Clerc of Colorado and C. V. Thierry of France are worth noting. A novel feature in the furnace employed by the former is the method of conducting heat to the charge through a bath of molten copper, which in turn is heated by burning a suitable fuel. In Mr. Thierry's process he uses an electric resistance furnace to smelt the charge.

A new electric steel furnace designed by Nathusuis, and in practical use at Friedenshutte, Upper Silesia, Germany, has proved very satisfactory. The important feature is the heating of the bottom by the current from the bottom electrodes, the furnace being a combined are and resistance

one.

A process for the recovery of cobalt, nickel and arsenic from silver ores, occurring in the Cobalt. District, Canada, was assigned to the General Electric Company. The ore is ground, fluxed to reduce the metals and form a slag of the gangue, and charged into a furnace where it is heated under reduced pressure. By this treatment the greater part of the arsenic is volatilized and the charge in the crucible separates into strata of metallic silver, spelss of cobalt, nickel and slag, silver being the lowermost.

An eight ton electric Herouit furnace with three electrodes, which will be the first of its kind to employ three phase currents in England, was built at Sheffield by Vickers, Ltd.

An electric furnace for the melting of dross, scrap metal and cyanide precipitates was brought out, which utilizes the arc at the start, and afterward the electric conductivity of melted glass to maintain the action.

A regular wireless commercial system between San Francisco and Honolulu, a distance of 2,350 miles, was established by the Federal CTelegraph Company. About 1;800 words of special reading matter for newspapers is sent every day, besides a large number of business messages. Work was started on a wireless station at Nauen, near Berlin, Germany, which will have a tower nearly 900 feet high. The radius of action of the station is expected to include New York City. The first automatic telephone exchange in Great Britain was installed at Epsom. The subscriber, by means of an attachment to his telephone, selects and calls up the desired number, instead of communicating as heretofore with an exchange operator.

A cable between Syracuse and Tripoli was completed in July. It has a total length of 280 nautical miles, and is composed of five sections distinguished by different diameters, the middle portion measuring 19mm., the two intermediate lengths 28 mm., and those adjacent to the coasts 35 mm.

The new wireless station of the New Popularies of Alice and Honolulu, a distance of 250 miles.

35 mm. measuring 19mm. the two intermediate lengths 28 mm, and those adjacent to the costs 35 mm. The new wireless station of the Navy Department at Arlington, Va., which is one of the largest in the world, will send out time signals to all parts of the United States and as far out to sea as the radius of the station may reach. Many of the large jewelry stores will install wireless stations, so they can correct their clocks by wireless.

An improved system of submarine communication was brought out by Count L. Szechenyand tested at Newport by the Navy Department. The system does not require the complicated instruments used in other submarine systems and the cost of installation is very much less.

The entire main line of the Lehigh Valley Railroad was equipped with a telephone despatching system. Not only is despatching done by telephone, but freight and passenger trains and section gangs are supplied with portable telephone seats. By means of an extension pole a connection can be made at any time with the overhead wires along the right of way, thus securing communication with division headquarters or with the general offices of the company.

In a new wireless telegraph system devised by Prof. Zehnder no antennae is required. On August 16 President Taft approved the Bourne bill, regulating radio-communication. This bill requires every person, company or corporation within the jurisdiction of the United States, operating any apparatus for commercial radio-communication and para, Brazil, a distance of about 2,100 miles. It is interesting to note that the wireless waves had to pass over mountains nearly 20,000 feet high between the two stations.

whreless communication was established between Linia, Leta, and Lara, Blaza, a distributed to the control of th

October 1, 1912.

A contract was signed by the Norwegian Government with the Marconi Company for the erection of high power stations in Norway and in the vicinity of New York for conducting a commercial telegraph service between northern Europe and the United States.

A loaded submarine telephone cable, which does away with the bulges or thickened places where the loading colls are inserted in the ordinary cables of this type, was laid across the English Channel between Abbotseliff and Cape Gris Nez, France.

Wireless telegraphy will be utilized to synchronize all the public clocks throughout the German

ELECTRIC RAILWAYS.

The first alternating current railless trolley in the world was shown in successful operation at the electrical exhibition at Leipzig, Germany. The car is operated by a 1,000 voit single phase, 50 cycle 15 H. P. motor, which is started and controlled by shifting the brushes.

ELECTRICAL PROGRESS IN 1912-Continued.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Rallroad made a contract with the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company for the electrification of its road from Stamford, Ct., to New Haven, Ct. This will call for an expenditure of several millions of dollars and its one of the largest electrical contracts awarded in the past year. The same road will also electrify its line from Boston, Mass. to Providence, R. I. Single phase alternating current will be used, the current being carried by overhead wires.

The low floor car of the Pittsburgh Rallways Company is one of the noveltles of the year. The cars have two centre doors on each side, but the unique feature is the small trucks, which have wheels only 22 inches in diameter and called for the designing of special motors. Another type of car, viz., a double door (with the doors about 7 feet apart), double deck car was tried experimentally by the

same company.

A centre entrance car known as the Brooklyn Centre Entrance Car was adopted by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company of New York. The car is 45 feet 6 inches long and weighs 638 pounds perseated passenger. The electrical equipment consists of two Westinghouse commutating pole motors with field control.

The first prepayment cars in England were inaugurated on June 25, by the Gateshead & District

Tramways Company.

Tramways Company.

Where demands of a local street car service do not justify the installation of a trolley system, battery cars are often adopted. The cars are equipped with storage batteries for furnishing current to electric motors. A large number using Edison storage batteries have been in successful operation.

Economy in first cost and in maintenance has led a number of interurban rallways to adopt automatic block signal equipments in which semaphore mechanism is done away with and incandescent lamps used instead.

It is claimed that the single unit electric locomotives, designed for a Swiss rallway, are the most powerful ever constructed. Each locomotive weighs 108 tons, and has a maximum speed of about 75 miles an hour.

To meet all argest orders for electric locomotives was the order of 36 single phase alternating current electric locomotives from the New York. New Haven & Hartford Railroad to the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company. They are primarily for fast freight trains and can handle a trailing load of 1,500 tons at a maximum speed of 35 miles per hour.

One of the most important developments for electric motors in traction service is the use of

field control. This is effected by employing motors having a large number of turns in the field winding, and by arranging the control so that on certain notches a portion of the field winding is cut out of

A pay-as-you-leave car, which was in operation on the lines of the Cleveland Railway Company, Cleveland, Ohio, for several months, was withdrawn as being unsatisfactory because of the time required in the passengers leaving the car.

twas recognized more than ever before, that the great advantage possessed by electric operated trains is the high acceleration that can be quickly attained. The average acceleration is from 1. to 1.3 miles per hour per second, while with steam trains the average is only .4 to .5 miles per hour per second.

POWER AND TRANSMISSION.

The first large electric propelled ship was placed in commission by the United States Government. The ship was named Jupiter and was built to serve as a collier. The propelling machinery consists of a six stage Curtis turbine connected with a bipolar alternator, which furnishes the current to two motors; on the shaft of each is a propeller. The turbine is equipped with a governor that can automatically hold the speed at any point from about 5 knots up to the maximum.

Tower trucks for overhead line service, using storage batteries and electric motors or gasoline

can automatically hold the speed at any point from about 5 knots up to the maximum. Tower trucks for overhead line service, using storage batteries and electric motors or gasoline engines, have been installed on many trolley lines.

What are reported as the two largest vertical synchronous-booster and commutating rotary converters ever constructed were built by the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, East Pittsburgh, Pa. Each is of 3,000 K. W. They are the only converters ever built with the synchronous-booster and commutating pole features.

Electric fans were made by the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company with the entire frame of drawn steel. The steel being only 3-16 of an inch thick, makes a lighter and more attractive fan than the east iron one formerly used.

In the mine of the Christopher Coal Company, Christopher, Ill., was installed one of the largest fin ot the largest electric mine holst in America. A 1,150 H. P. 550 volt direct current motor drives, the holst and is directly connected with the drum shaft by a flexible coupling. The equipment is designed to make 1,000 trips from a 600-foot depth in 7 hours.

The electric installation on the bascule bridge near South Chicago, Ill., has several interesting features. The bridge has a span of 186 feet and is one of the longest single span bridges in the world. It is raised by two 65 H. P. electric motors, supplied by current from storage batteries. The batteries are charged by directly connected gasoline engines and dynamos.

The 140,000 voit line of the Eastern Michigan Power Company is one of the highest transmission line in the world. Among the special equipment required the switches are worth noting. A tamden mechanism is used for operating them, in which the operating handle moves through an angle of 180 degrees. The switches were tested to 46,000 voits.

A 5,000 K. W. turbo-alternator was installed by the County of London Electric Supply Company, which has novel features. The turbine is of the 6 stage, hortonal Curris type, th

of the easing, and their passing though the remaining four stages in the other direction to the exhaust. The collection of the easing and their passing though the remaining four stages in the other direction to the exhaust. The collection of the exhaust of the ends of the exhaust of the ends of the exhaust of the ends of the exhaust of the ends of the exhaust of the ends of the exhaust of the ends of the exhaust of the ends of the ends of the ends of the exhaust of the ends of the

Anterstate Commerce Lam.

THE following is a synopsis of the provisions of the Interstate Commerce law and acts amendatory thereof, prepared for the Official Congressional Directory:

Under "An Act to Regulate Commerce," approved February 4, 1887; as amended March 2, 1889; February 10, 1891; February 8, 1895; the "Elkins act" of February 19, 1903, and the amending act approved June 29, 1906, the Interstate Commerce Commission is composed of seven members, accir receiving a salary of \$10,000 per annum. The regulating statutes apply to all common carriers engaged in the transportation of oil or other commodity, except water and except natural or artificial gas, by means of pipe lines, or partly by pipe line and partly by rail, or partly by pipe line and partly by water, and to common carriers engaged in the transportation of passengers or property wholly by railroad (or partly by railroad and partly by water when both are used under a common control, management, or arrangement for a continuous carriage or shipment). The statutes apply generally to interstate traffic, including import and domestic traffic, and also that which is carried wholly within any territory of the United States. Only traffic transported wholly within a single State is excepted.

The Commission has jurisdiction on complaint, and, after full hearing, to determine and prescribe reasonable rates, regulations, and practices, and order reparation to injured shippers; to require any carriers to cease and desist from unjust discrimination, or undue or unreasonable preference, and to institute and carry on proceedings for enforcement of the law. The Commission may also inquire into the management of the business of all common carriers subject to the provisions of the regulating statutes, and it may prescribe the accounts, records, and memoranda which shall be kept by the statutes, and it may prescribe the accounts, records, and memoranda which sharl be kept by the carriers, and from time to time inspect the same. The carriers must file annual reports with the Commission, and such other reports as may from time to time be required. Various other powers are conferred upon the Commission. Carriers failing to file and publish all rates and charges, as required by law are prohibited from engaging in interstate transportation, and penalties are provided in the statute for failure on the part of carriers or of shippers to observe the rates specified in the published tariffs.

The Commission also appoints a Secretary and clerks, whose duties are not specifically defined by

The Commission also appoints a Secretary and cierks, whose duties are not specifically defined by the act, and also appoints attorneys, examiners, and special agents.

By amendment of June 18, 1910 ("Mann-Elkins law"), a Court of Commerce was created with jurisdiction to restrain or enforce orders of the Commission. This court is composed of five judges selected from the Circuit Court judges of the United States, and the amendment contains specific provisions as to jurisdiction and procedure. Telegraph, telephone and cable companies are made subject to the Commission. The jurisdiction of the Commission is increased as to through routes and joint rates, freight classification, switch connections, long and short hauls, filing or rejection of rate schedules, investigations on own motion, making reasonable rates, suspension of proposed rates, and other matters. (See Index for "United States Commerce Court.") An important section authorizes the President to appoint a special commission to investigate issuance of railroad stocks and bonds.

The act of February 11, 1903, provides that suits in equity brought under the act to regulate commerce, wherein the United States is complainant, may be expedited and given precedence over other suits, and that appeals from the Circuit Court lie only to the Supreme Court. The act of February 19, 1903, commonly called the Elkins law, penalizes the offering, soliciting, or receiving of rebates, allows proceedings in the courts by injunction to restrain departures from published rates, and makes the Expediting act of February 11, 1903, include cases prosecuted under the direction of the Attorney-General in the name of the Commission.

Under the act of August 7, 1888, all railroad and telegraph companies to which the United States have granted any subsidy in lands or bonds or loan of credit for the construction of either railroad or telegraph lines are required to file annual reports with the Commission and such other reports as the Commission may call for. The act also directs every such company to file with the Commission copies of all contracts and agreements of every description existing between it and every other person or corporation whatsover in reference to the ownership, possession, or operation of any telegraph lines over or upon the right of way, and to decide questions relating to the interchange of business between such Government-aided telegraph company and any connecting telegraph company. The act provides penalties for failure to perform and carry out within a reasonable time the order or orders of the Commission.

The act of March 2, 1893, known as the "Safety Appliance act," provides that within specified periods railroad cars used in interstate commerce must be equipped with automatic couplers and standard height of drawbars for freight cars, and have grab irons or hand holds in the ends and sides of each car. A further provision is that locomotive engines used in moving interstate traffic shall be fitted with a power driving-wheel brake and appliances for operating the train-brake system, and a sufficient number of cars in the train shall be equipped with power or train brakes. The act directs the Commission to lodge with the proper District-Attorneys information of such violations as may come to its knowledge. The Commission is authorized to, from time to time, upon full hearing and for good cause, extend the period within which any common carrier shall comply with the provisions of the statute. The act of March 2, 1903, amended this act so as to make its provisions apply to Territories and the District of Columbia to all cases when couplers of whatever design are brought together, and to all locomotives, cars, and other equipment of any railroad engaged in interstate traffic, except logging cars and cars used upon street railways, and also to power or train brakes used in railway operation.

By act of April 14, 1910, the safety appliance acts were supplemented so as to require railroads to equip their cars with sill steps, hand brakes, ladders, running boards and grab irons, and the Commission was authorized to designate the number, dimensions, location and manner of application of appliances.

The act of June 1, 1898, concerning carriers engaged in interstate commerce and their employés, known as the "Arbitration act," directs the Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Labor to use their best efforts, by mediation and conciliation, to settle controversies between allway companies and their employes. Every agreement of arbitration made under the act must be forwarded to the Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, who shall file the the act must be torwarded to the Chairman of the interstate Commerce Commission, who shall lie the same in the office of that Commission. When the agreement of arbitration is signed by employes individually instead of a labor organization, the act provides, if various specified conditions have been complied with, that the Chairman of the Commission shall, by notice in writing, fix a time and place for the meeting of the Board of Arbitrators. If the two arbitrators chosen by the parties fail to select

INTERSTATE COMMERCE LAW __Conjinue 1

a third within five days after the first meeting, the third arbitrator shall be named by the Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Labor.

The act of March 3, 1901, "requiring common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to make reports of all accidents to the Interstate Commerce Commission," makes it the duty of such carrier to monthly report, under oath, all collisions and dersailments of its trains and accidents to its passengers, and to its employes while on duty in its service, and to state the nature and causes thereof. The act prescribes that a fine shall be imposed against any such carrier failing to make the report so required.

By act of May 6, 1910, the prior Accident Reports law was repealed and a new statute passed giving more power to the Commission as to investigating accidents, and is more comprehensive than the former law.

The act of March 4, 1907, makes it the duty of the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce the provisions of the act wherein it is made unlawful to require or permit employes engaged in, or connected with, the movement of trains to be on duty more than a specified number of hours in any twenty-four.

The act of May 23, 1908, by section 16 thereof, gives the Interstate Commerce Commission limited control over the street railroads in the District of Columbia,

The act of May 30, 1908, directs the Interstate Commerce Commission to make regulations for the safe transportation of explosives by common carriers engaged in interstate commerce. A penalty is provided for violations of such regulations.

The act of May 30, 1908, makes it the duty of the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce the provisions of the act wherein it is provided that after a certain date no locomotive shall be used in moving interstate or foreign traffic, etc., not equipped with an ash pan which can be emptied without requiring a man to go undersuch locomotive. A penalty is provided for violation of this act.

Public resolution No. 46, approved June 30, 1906, and the sundry civil appropriation act of May 27, 1908, direct the Commission to investigate and report on the use and need of appliances intended to promote the safety of railway operation.

The act of March 3, 1909, authorizes the Commission to prescribe the form of bookkeeping for the gas and electric companies of the District of Columbia.

The act of February 17, 1911, confers jurisdiction upon the Commission to enforce certain provisions, compelling railroad companies to equip their locomotives with safe and suitable boilers ond appurtenances thereto.

The Panama Canal act of August 24, 1912, amends sections 5 and 6 of the act to regulate Commerce by conferring upon the Commission jurisdiction to enforce a provision prohibiting a railroad company subject to the act, after July 1, 1914, from owning, leasing, operating, controlling or having any interest in water carriers operating through the Panama Canal or elsewhere; gives the Commission power to establish physical connection between the lines of a rail carrier and the dock of a water carrier; anthorizes the Commission to establish through routes and joint rates over rail and water lines, and to determine all the terms and conditions under which such rail and water routes shall be operated; authorizes the Commission to establish maximum proportional rates by rail to and from ports to which traffic is brought by water carriers; authorizes the Commission, where a rail carrier has entered into arrangements with a water carrier operating from a port in the United States to a foreign country, for the handling of through business, to require the railway company to enter into similar arrangements with other water lines.

The Post-Office Appropriation act of August 24, 1912, empowers the Commission to co-operate with the Postmaster-General in reforming, from time to time, the classification, weight limit, rates, zones, or conditions, in order to promote the parcels post service created by the act, and requires the Commission to furnish data to a Congressional committee appointed to investigate the subject of a general parcels post.

Census Report on Shipbuilding in the United States.

THE Census Office has reported the following statistics of shipbuilding in the United States, according to the Thirteenth Census. The figures are for 1909 compared with those of 1904.

GENER	GOVERNM	ENT ESTABLIS	HMENTS.			
			P. C. of Increase, 1904 to	CENSUS.		P. C. of Increase, 1904 to
	1909.	1904.	1909.*	1909.	1904.	1909.
Number of establishments.	1,353	1,097	23			••
Capital	\$126,118,000 \$31,214,000			\$9,526,000	\$6,732,000	42
Salarles and wages	\$29,303,000	\$32,581,000	—10 l	\$15,317,000	\$10,422,000	47
Salaries	\$4,035,000 \$25,268,000			\$2,647,000 \$12,670,000		
Miscellaneous expenses	\$7,004,000	\$5,256,000	33	\$1,029,000	\$112,000	819
Value of work done Value added by manufac-	\$73,360,000	\$82,769,000	11	\$25,872,000	\$17,265,000	50
ture (work done less cost						1
of materials)	\$42,146,000	\$45,306,000	- 7	\$16,346,000	\$10,533,000	55
Employes: Number of salaried of-						
ficials and clerks	2,980	2,480	20	1,888	567	233
Average number of wage- earners employed dur-			1		-	
ing the year	40,506			14,540	12,204	19
Primary horsepower	88,063	78,127	13			

^{*} A minus sign (--) denoces decrease.

Regulation of Railroad Rates.

The following are the clauses of the acts approved June 29, 1906, and June 18, 1910, to amend the act of 1887 and other acts amendatory thereof entitled "An act to Regulate Commerce," which specifically relate to the construction of switches, filing of schedules of rates and fares, prohibition of discriminations and rebates and hearing of complaints and remedial action thereon by the Interstate Commerce Commission, etc.

SWITCH CONNECTIONS.

Any common carrier subject to the provisions of this act, upon application of any lateral, branch line of railroad, or of any shipper tendering interstate traffic for transportation, shall construct, maintain, and operate upon reasonable terms a switch connection with any such lateral, branch line of railroad, or private side track which may be constructed to connect with its railroad, where such connection is reasonably practicable and can be put in with safety and will furnish sufficient business to justify the construction and maintenance of the same; and shall furnish cars for the movement of such traffic to the best of its ability, without discrimination in favor of or against any such shipper.

FILING OF SCHEDULES OF RATES.

Every common carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall file with the commission created by this act and print and keep open to public inspection schedules showing all the rates, fares, and charges for transportation between different points on its own route and between points on its own route and points on the route of any other carrier by railroad, by pipe line, or by water when a through route and points and the end of the rate is and point to the carriers in such through route shall file, print, and keep open to public inspection, as aforesaid, the several carriers in such through route shall file, print, and keep open to public inspection. The schedules printed as aforesaid by any such common carrier shall plainly state the places between which property and passengers will be carried, and shall contain the classification of freight in force, and shall also state separately all terminal charges, storage charges, lcing charges, and all other charges which the commission may require, all privileges or facilities granted or allowed and any rules or regulations which in anywise change, affect, or determine any part of the aggregate of such aforesaid rates, fares, and charges, or the value of the service rendered to the passenger, shipper, or consignee. The commission may suspend new rates or regulations before they become effective for a period not exceeding ten months, pending investigation.

DISCRIMINATION FORBIDDEN.

No carrier, unless otherwise provided by this act, shall engage or participate in the transportation of passengers or property, as defined in this act, unless the rates, fares, and charges upon which the same are transported by said carrier have been filed and published in accordance with the provisions of this act, nor shall any carrier charge or demand or collect or receive a greater or less or different compensation for such transportation of passengers or property, or for any service in connection therewith, between the points named in such tarlffs than the rates, fares, and charges which are specified in the tarlff filed and in effect at the time; nor shall any carrier refund or remit in any manner or by any device any portion of the rates, fares, and charges so specified, nor extend to any shipper or person any privileges or facilities in the transportation of passengers or property, except such as are specified in such tarlffs.

REBATES.

The wilful failure upon the part of any carrier subject to said acts to file and publish the tariffs or rates and charges as required by said acts, or strictly to observe such tariffs until changed according to law, shall be a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof the corporation offending shall be subject to a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than twenty thousand dollars for each offence, and it shall be unlawful for any person, persons, or corporation to offer, grant, or give, or to solict, accept or receive any rebate, concession, or discrimination in respect to the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce by any common carrier subject to said act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof whereby any such property shall by any device whatever be transported at a less rate than that named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier, as is required by said act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof, or whereby any other advantage is given or discrimination is practised. Every person or corporation, whether carrier or shipper, who shall, knowingly, offer, grant, or give, or solicit, accept, or receive any such rebates, concession, or discrimination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than twenty thousand dollars: Provided, That any person, or any officer or director of any corporation subject to the provisions of this act, or the act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, agent, or person acting for or employed by any such corporation, who shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall, in addition to the fine herein provided for, be llable to imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

cretion of the court.

Any person, corporation, or company who shall deliver property for interstate transportation to any common carrier, subject to the provisions of this act, or for whom as consignor or consignee, any such carrier shall transport property from one State. Territory, or the District of Columbia to any other State. Territory, or the District of Columbia to any other State. Territory, or the District of Columbia to foreign country, who shall knowingly by employe, agent, officer, or otherwise, directly or indirectly, by or through any means or device whatsoever, receive or accept from such common carrier any sum of money or any other valuable consideration as a rebate or offset against the regular charges for transportation of such property, as fixed by the schedules of rates provided for in this act, shall in addition to any penalty provided by this act forfeit to the United States, a sum of money three times the amount of money so received or accepted, and three times the value of any other consideration so received or accepted, to be ascertained by the trial court; and the Attorney-General of the United States is authorized and directed, whenever he has reasonable grounds to believe that any such person, corporation, or company has knowlnely received or accepted from any such common carrier any sum of money or other valuable consideration as a rebate or offset as aforesaid, to institute in any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, a civil action to collect the said sum or sums sould the United States of competent of the consideration is served or accepted for a period of the consideration so received or accepted for a period of the consideration so received or accepted for a period of the said action all such rebates or other considerations so received or accepted for a period of the said action all such rebates or other considerations so received or the consideration of the consideration, so received or accepted, or both, as the case may be.

REGULATION OF RAILROAD RATES -- Continued.

LONG AND SHORT HAUL CLAUSE.

That it shall be unlawful for any common carrier subject to the provisions of this act to charge or receive any greater compensation in the aggregate for the transportation of passengers, or of like kind of property, for a shorter than for a longer distance over the same line or route in the same direction, the shorter being included within the longer distance, or to charge any greater compensadirection, the shorter being included within the longer distance, or to charge any greater compensation as a through route than the aggregate of the intermediate rates subject to the provisions of this act; but this shall not be construed as authorizing any common carrier within the terms of this act; but this shall not be construed as authorizing any common carrier within the terms of this act to charge or receive as great compensation for a shorter as for a longer distance; Provided, however, That upon application to the Interstate Commerce Commission such common carrier may in special cases, after investigation, be authorized by the Commission such common carrier may in special cases, after investigation, be authorized by the Commission to charge less for longer than for shorter distances for the transportation of passengers or property; and the Commission may from time to time prescribe the extent to which such designated common carrier may be relieved from the operation of this section; Provided, further, That no rates or charges lawfully existing at the time of the passage of this amendatory act shall be required to be changed by reason of the provisions of this section shall have been filed before the Commission, in accordance with the provisions of this section, until a determination of such application by the Commission.

Whenever a carrier by railroad shall in competition with a water route or routes reduce the rates on the carriage of any species of freight to or from competitive points, it shall not be permitted to

on the carriage of any species of freight to or from competitive points, it shall not be permitted to increase such rates unless after hearing by the interstate Commerce Commission it shall be found that such proposed increase rests upon changed conditions other than the elimination of water com-

petition.

HEARING OF COMPLAINTS.

Whenever, after full hearing upon a complaint made as provided in section thirteen of this act, or after full hearing under an order for investigation and hearing made by the Commission on its own initiative (either in extension of any pending complaint or without any complaint whatever), the Commission shall be of opinion that any individual or joint rates or charges whatsoever demanded, charged, or collected by any common carrier or carriers subject to the provisions of this act for the transportation or persons or property or for the transmission of messages by telegraph or telephone as defined in the first section of this act, or that any individual or joint classifications, regulations, or practices whatsoever of such carrier or carriers subject to the provisions of this act are unjust or unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly preferential or prejudelal or otherwise in violation of any of the provisions of this act, the Commission is hereby authorized and empowered to determine and prescribe what will be the just and reasonable individual or joint rate or rates, charge or charges, to be thereafter observed in such case as the maximum to be charged, and what individual or joint classification, regulation, or practice is just, fair and reasonable, to be thereafter followed, and to make an order that the carrier or carriers shall cease and desist from such violation to the extent to which the Commission finds the same to exist, and shall not thereafter publish, demand, or collect any rate or charge for such transportation or transmission in excess of the maximum rate or charge so prescribed, and shall adopt the classification and shall conform to and observe the regulation or practice so prescribed. Burden of proof to show reasonableness of increased rates the regulation or practice so prescribed. Burden of proof to show reasonableness of increased rates is on carrier.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THROUGH ROUTES AND JOINT RATES.

The Commission may also, after hearing, on a complaint or upon its own initiative without complaint, establish through routes and joint classifications, and may establish joint rates as the maximum to be charged and may prescribe the division of such rates as hereinbefore provided and the terms and conditions under which such through routes shall be operated, whenever the carriers themselves shall have refused or neglected to establish voluntarily such through routes or joint classifications or joint rates; and this provision shall apply when one of the connecting carriers is a water line. The Commission shall not, however, establish any through route, classification or rate between street electric passenger railways not engaged in the general business of transporting freight in addition to their passenger and express business and railroads of a different character, nor shall the Commission have the right to establish any route, classification, rate, fare, or charge when the transportation is wholly by water when the transportation is wholly by water.

RIGHT OF SHIPPERS TO DESIGNATE ROUTING OF SHIPMENTS.

In all cases where at the time of delivery of property to any railroad corporation being a common carrier, for transportation subject to the provisions of this act to any point of destination, between which and the point of such delivery for shipment two or more through rutes and through rates shall have been established as in this act provided to which through routes and through rates such carrier have been established as in this act provided to which through routes and through rates such carrier is a party, the person, firm, or corporation making such shipment, subject to such reasonable exceptions and regulations as the Interstate Commerce Commission shall from time to time prescribe, shall have the right to designate in writing by which of such through routes such property shall be transported to destination, and it shall thereupon be the duty of the initial carrier to route said property and issue a through bill of lading therefor as so directed, and to transport said property over its own line or lines and deliver the same to a connecting line or lines according to such through route, and it shall be the duty of each of said connecting line or lines according to such through route, and it shall be the duty of each of said connecting carriers to receive said property and transport it over the said line or lines and deliver the same to the next succeeding carrier or consignee according to the routing instructions in said bill of lading: Provided, however, that the shipper shall in all instances have the right to determine, where competing lines of railroads constitute portions of a through line or route his freight shall be transported.

COMMODITIES CLAUSE

COMMODITIES CLAUSE.

From and after May 1, 1908, it shall be unlawful for any railroad company to transport from any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, to any other State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or to any foreign country, any article or commodity, other than timber and the manufactured products thereof, manufactured, mined, or produced by it, or under its authority, or which it may own in whole or in part, or in which it may have any interest, direct or indirect, except such articles or commodities as may be necessary and intended for its use in the conduct of its business as a common carrier.

COURT OF COMMERCE.

The Mann-Elkins law, of June 18, 1910, created a Court of Commerce, which has jurisdiction to restrain or enforce orders of the Commission. This court is composed of five Circuit Court Judges of the United States, and the amendment contains specific provision as to jurisdiction and procedure. An important section authorizes the President to appoint a special Commission to investigate issuance of railroad stocks and bonds. (Pending new legislation by Congress this court will expire on March 4, 1913.)

Railroad Commissions. INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Charles A. Prouty, of Vermont, Chairman; Judson C. Clements, of Georgia; Franklin K. Lane, of California; Edgar E. Clark, of Iowa; James S. Harlan, of Illinois; Charles C. McChord, of Kentucky; Balthasar H. Meyer, of Wisconsin; John H. Marble, of California, Secretary.

STATE RAILROAD

Alabama Railroad Commission-Mont-omery, Chas. Henderson, President, Troy; Anothin Latitoda Commission—Anag gomery, Chas, Henderson, President, Troy; Leon McCord, Albertville; Frank N. Julian, Tus-cumbia; S. P. Kennedy, Secretary, Montgomery, Arizona Railway Commission—Phoenix.

Arizona Railway Commission—Phoenix. Corporation Commission of Arizona.
Arkansas Railrond Commission—Little Rock. R. P. Allen, Chairman; Geo. W. Bellamy, Wm. F. McKnight; Wm. E. Floyd, Secretary.
California Railrond Commission—San Francisco. John M. Eshleman, President; H. D. Loveland, Alexander Cordon, Max Thelen; E. O. Edgerton, Chas. R. Detrick. Secretary.
Colorado Railrond Commission—Denver.
4 P. Anderson President: Sheridan S. Kendall:

A. P. Anderson, President; Sheridan S. Kendall; D. H. Staley, Secretary.

Connecticut Railroad Commissioners—Hartford Richard T. Higgins, Chairman Winsted; T. B., Ford, Bridgeport, John H. Hale, S. Glastonbury; Henry F. Billings, Secretary, Hartford, Florida Railroad Commissioners—Tallahassee, R. Hudson Burr, Chairman; N. A. Blitch; Royal C. Dunn; J. Will Yon, Secretary; Georgia Railroad Commission—Atlanta. C. M. Caudler, Chairman; George Hillyer, Paul B, Trammell, Dalton; J. A. Perry, Lawrenceville; Joseph F. Grav. Savannah: Cambbell Wallace, Connecticut Railroad Commissioners

Joseph F. Gray, Savannah; Campbell Wallace, Secretary.

Idaho-S. D. Taylor, State Auditor, Boisé City.

Idaho—S. D. Taylor, State Auditor, Boisé City. Secretary State Board of Equalization.

Illinois Railroad and Warchouse Commission—O. F. Berry, Chairman, Carthage; B. A. Eckhart, Chicago; J. A. Willoughby, Belleville; Wm. Kilpatrick, Secretary, Springfield, Indiana Railroad Commissioners—Indianapolis, Wm. J. Wood, Chairman; John F. McClure, Frank E. Payne; Jos. L. Reilly, Secretary. Iowa Board of Railroad Commissioners—Des Moines, N.S. Ketchum, Chairman; C.Thorne, David J. Palmer; Geo. L. McCaughan, Secretary.

David J. Palmer; Geo. L. McCaughan, Secretary. Kausas Railroad Commission - Topeka. George Plumb, Chairman; John T. White, F. J Ryan; W. G. Grice, Secretary.

Kentucky Railroad Commission-Frank-ort. Laurence B. Finn, Chairman, Franklin; Wm.

fort. Laurence B. Finn, Unairman, gradkin; w.m. F. Klair, Lexington; H. G. Garrett, Winchester; Richard Tobin, Secretary.

Louisiana Railroad Commission—Baton Rouge. J. J. Meredith, Chairman, Golumbia; Henry B. Schrieber, New Orleans; Shelby Taylor, Capallar, Hanry Lastremski, Secretary.

Crowley; Henry Jastremski, Secretary.

Maine Railroad Commissioners—Augusta. International Commissioners—Augusta. Elmer P. Spofford, Chairman. Deer Isle; John A. Jones, Lewiston; Frank Keizer, Rockland; Geo. F. Giddings, Clerk, Augusta.

Maryland Public Service Commission—Baltimore, Philip D. Laird, Chairman; J. W. Hering, E. Clay Timanus.

Massachusetts Board of Railroad Commissioners—Boston, Frederick J. Macleod, Chairman, Cambridge; Clinton White, Melrose; George Bishop, Newtonville; Charles E. Mann, Clerk, Malden

Michigan Railroad Commission—Lansing. C. L. Glasgow, Chairman; G. W. Dickinson, Lawton T. Hemans; Willard N. Sweeney, Sec'tary.

Minnesota Railroad and Warehouse Commission—St. Paul. Ira B. Mills, Chairman; C. E. Elmquist, C. F. Staples; A. C. Clausen, Secretary.

Mississippi Railroad Commission-Jackson. F. M. Sheppard, President, Richton; Geo. R. Edwards, McCool; W. B. Wilson, Corinth;

R. Edwards, McCool; W. B. Wilson, Cornith; James Galceran, Secretary.

Missouri Railrond and Warebonse Commission—Jefferson City. H. R. Oglesby, Chairman; John A. Knott, F. A. Wightman; T. M. Bradbury, Secretary.

Montana Railrond Commission—Helena.

B. T. Stanton, Chairman; Dan Boyle, E. A. Morley;

B. F. McGreen Secretary.

R. F. McLaren, Secretary.

COMMISSIONERS.

COMMISSIONERS.
Nebraska State Railway Commission—
Lincoln. H. J. Wilmett. Chairman; H. T. Clarke,
Jr., Thos. L. Hall; A. B. Allen, Secretary.
Nevada—Carson City. H. F. Bartine, Chlef
Commissioner; W. H. Simmons, J. F. Shaughnessy; E. H. Walker, Secretary.
New Hampshire Railrond Commission—
Concord. Edward C. Niles, Chairman; John E.
Benton, Glerk; Thos. W. D. Worthen.
New Jersey Board of Public Utility
Commissioners—Trenton. Robert Williams,
President; Thos. J. Hillery, W. Moore Daniels;
A. N. Barber, Secretary.
New York Public Service Commission—
First District—(Greater New York) New York
City—Wm. R. Willcox, Chairman; Geo. V. S. Williams, J. Sergeant Cram, Milo R. Maltbie, John
E. Eustis; T. H. Whitney, Secretary. Second
District—(all of State outside Greater New York),
Albany, N. Y. Frank W. Stevens, Chairman;
Lobn B. Clursted Winfield A. Handunch Lamas E. District—(all of state outside Greater New 107k), Albany, N. Y. Frank W. Stevens, Chairman; John B. Olmsted, Winfield A. Huppuch, James E. Sague, Martin S. Decker; J. S. Kennedy, Secretary, North Carolina Corporation Commis-sion—Raleigh, Franklin McNeill, Chairman; Edward L. Travis, Wm. T. Lee; A. J. Maxwell,

Secretary

Secretary.

North Dakota Commissioners of Railroads—Bismarck. W. H. Stutsman, President,
Mandan; O. P. N. Anderson, Starkweather; W.
H. Mann, New Salem; Thomas Hall, Secretary.

Ohio Railroad Commission-Columbus P. Gothlin, Chairman; O. H. Hughes, J. C. Sullivan; C. A. Radcliffe, Secretary.

Oklahoum Corporation Commission— Oklahoum City, J. E. Love, Chairman, Woodward; A. F. Watson, Shawnee; Geo. A. Henshaw, Madill; J. H. Hyde, Secretary, Oregon Railroad Commission—Salem.

Clyde B. Aitchison, Chairman; Thos. K. Campbell, Frank J. Miller; H. H. Corey, Secretary, Pennsylvania State Railrond Commission—Harrisburg, Nathaniel Ewing, Chairman;

sion—Harrisburg. Nathaniel Ewing, Chairman; Samuel W. Pennypacker; Milton J.* Brescht; Archibald B. Millar, Secretary.
Rhode Islaud Railrond Commission—Providence. J. P. Burlingame; D. J. White. Deputy, East Greenwich.
South Carolina Railrond Commission—ers—Columbia. B. L. Caughman, Chairman, Columbia; J. B. L. Caughman, Chairman, Columbia; J.P. Darby, Seev., Columbia. South Dakota Railrond Commissioners—Pierre. George Rice, Chairman, Flandrean; F. C. Robinson, Groton; W. G. Smith, Sidney; T. E. Cassill, Secretary.

Cassill, Secretary

Cassill, Secretary.

Tennessee Railrond Commissioners—
Nashville. B. A. Euloe, Chairman; Frank Avent,
H. H. Hannah; Miss Willie Fields, Secretary.

Texas Railrond Commission—Austin
Allison Wayfield, Chairman; John L. Worthan,
W. D. Williams; E. R. McLean, Secretary.

Vermont Public Service Commission—Newport. J. W. Redmond, Chairman, Newport; Win. R. Warner, Vergennes; S. H. Jackson,
Barre; R. W. Spear, Clerk, Newport.

Virginia State Corporation Commission—Richmond, Robert R. Prentis, Chairman, Richmond; William F. Rhea, J. R. Wingfield; R. T.
Wilson, Clerk

Washington—Olympia. George A. Lee, Chair-

Washington-Olympia. George A. Lee, Chairman; Harry E. Wilson, J. S. Jones; Frank M.

Larned, Secretary.
West Virginia-Fred O. Blue, State Tax Commissioner, Charleston.

Wisconsin Railroad Commission-Madison, John H. Roemer, Chairman; David Harlowe, Halford Erickson; John M. Winter-Harlowe, Halford botham, Secretary,

Wyoming Board of Equalization— Cheyenne. John L. Baird, President; Robert B. Forsyth, Secretary; Frank L. Haux.

Railroad Statistics.

MILEAGE, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, EARNINGS, EXPENDITURES, AND TRAFFIC OF SURFACE STEAM RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.

This table was compiled from "Poor's Manual of Railroads of the United States for 1912."

es of Railroad Operated
ight ' ' ' 641,245,763 seed ' ' ' 32,286,740 otal 1,255,251,882 sengers Carried 1,019,658,605 senger Mileage 33,565,339,282 ight Mileage 258,599,943,687 **Trafic Earnings** **sengers 567,841,040 ight 1,933,159,324
red " 32,286,740 otal 1,255,251,882 sengers Carried 1,019,658,605 senger Mileage 33,565,339,282 so of Freight Moved 1,817,562,049 ight Mileage 258,599,943,687 Traftic Earnings sengers \$674,841,040 ight 1,933,159,324 1,933,159,324
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ight Miléage
Traffic Earnings. sengers \$674.841,040 ight 1,933,159,324
ight 1,933,159,324
ight
cellaneous 240, 468, 601
otal Traffic Revenue \$2,848,468,965
Earnings \$903,219.137
er Receipts
102, 102, 400
otal Available Revenue \$1,085,951,595
Deductions,
erest on Bonds \$352,858,616
er Interest 24,827,299
idends on Stock 283,008,634
cellaneous
ntals-Interest
Dividends 29,231,227
Miscellaneous
res 113,713,661
otal Deductions
1

appropriated surplus. ‡ Including, in 1910 and 1911, deferred debit items.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS OF RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1901-1911.

YEAR. Operated Capital	Stock. Bonded Debt.	Gross Earnings.	Net Earnings.	Interest on Bonds.	Dividends Paid (Dollars).
1902 197,381 6.078,	796,249 \$6,035,469,74 290,596 6,465,290,839	$9 \mid 1.720, 814, 900 \mid$	560,026,277	263,237,451	178,200,752
1904, 211,074 6,477.0 1905, 212,624 6,741.9	$egin{array}{lll} 207,335 & 6.722,216,51' \ 045,374 & 7.475,840,20; \ 956,825 & 7,821,243,106 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	639,240,027 $685,464,488$	278,101,828 $275,800,200$ $270,315,290$	211,522,166
1907, 225, 227 7, 458,	$egin{array}{ccccc} 408,976 & 7.851,107,778 \ 126,785 & 9.043,286,284 \ 913,086 & 8,788,518,048 \end{array}$	1 2,602,757,503	833,339,600	309,538,574 $319,119,407$ $371,390,070$	278,345,593
1909. 234,885 8.030,0 1910. 239,991 8.380,	680,963 $9.118.103.81;$ $819,190$ $9,600.634.90;$ $463,25610.989,608,55;$	3 2,513,212,763 3 2,804,580,989	852,153,280 $919,060,312$	353,162,228 $364,232,495$	295,362,049 305,399,797

SUMMARY OF RAILWAY MILEACE IN THE UNITED STATES. (From Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission,)

	Mile	AGE ON JUNE 30		Miles of Line per		
YEAR.	Official.	Unofficial.	Total.;	Increase Over Preceding Year.	Miles of Line per 100 Sq. Miles.*	10,000 Inhabi- tants.
1911§	242,885,39	1,294.25	244.179.64	3,886.25	8.21	**26.10
	238,551,73	1,741.66	240,293.39	3,459.32	8.08	†26.13
	234,764,44	2,069.63	236,834.07	3,366.23	7.97	†26.21
	231,333,02	2,134.82	233,467.84	3,516.65	7.86	†26.30
	227,670,85	2,280.34	229,951.19	5,588.02	7.74	†26.38
	222,571,52	1,791.65	224,363.17	6,262.13	7.55	†26.22
	217,017,68	1,083.36	218,101.04	4.196.70	7.34	†25.97
	212,577,57	1,326.77	213,904.34	5.927.12	7.20	†25.96
1903	207,186.84	790,38	207.977.22	5.505.37	7. 00	†25.74
1902		799,02	202,471.85	5,234.41	6. 82	†25.57

*On basis of 2.973,890 square miles for 1910, and 2.970.038 square miles for previous years, which "covers land surface" only, and excludes Alaska and Hawaii. † Based on an average annual increase of 1,597,769, the population of the United States being 75,994,575 in 1900, and 91,972,266 in 1910 (which excludes Alaska, Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service stationed abroad). † Excludes mileage in Alaska and Hawaii, which in 1911 was 403,98 (unofficial) and 175,76 miles respectively. § Does not include mileage of switching and terminal companies.

*On basis of 93,572,266, population for 1911, which is reached by adding to the population in 1910, 91,972,266 (which excludes Alaska, Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service stationed abroad), an estimated annual increase of 1,600,000 for 1911.

Principal Railroad Systems of United States and Canada

WITH A SYNOPSIS OF LAST ANNUAL REPORT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AS

SUBMITTED TO "TH	HE WORLD ALMANAC" BY THE	RAILROAD COMPANIES.
SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Ry, System.— "Santa Fe Ry, System.— "Santa Fe." [Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Nevada, For year ending June 30, 1912, Total earnings \$207,752,359 Operating expenses 71,273,202 Netearnings \$266,479,157 Other income 2,569,968 Total payments 38,902,719 Surplus \$86,406	R. R., 20, 21 m.; Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fé Ry., 15.7659 m.; Eastern Ry. of New Mexico, 225, 21 m.; Pecos & Northern Texas Ry., 302, 25 m.; Pecos River R. R., 54, 24 m.; Souther R. Perescot & Phenix Ry. 364, 24 m.; Southern Kansas Ry. of Texas, 124, 23 m.; Texas & Gulf Ry., 95, 14 m.; Gulf & Interstate Ry. of Texas, 71, 97 m.; Concho, San Saba & Llano Valley R. R., 60, 15 m. Total mileage, 10,445, 61. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	President, E. P. Ripley, Chicago. Ill.; Vice-Presidents, W.B. Storey, Jr., G. T. Nicholson, W. E. Hodges, Chicago, Ill.; General Managers, C. W. Kouns, Topeka, Kan.; A. G. Wells, Los Angeles, Cal.; F. G. Pettibone, Galveston, Tex.; F. C. Fox, Amarillo, Tex.; Freight Traffic Manager, F. B. Houghton, Chicago, Ill.; Passenger Traffic Manager, W. J. Black, Chicago, Ill.; Secretary, E. L. Copeland, Topeka, Kan.; Assistant Secretary, L. C. Deming, New York, General Offices, Chicago, Ill., and Topeka, Kan.; New York Offices, 5 Nassan St., 377 Broadway.
Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Virginia, North Carolina, Sonth Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama.] For year ending June 30, 1911. Total eurnings	1.552.62 m.; Alabama, 248.68 m. Total mileage, 4,567.72. Express Co.—Southern.	President, T. M. Emerson; 1st Vice-President, Alex, Hamilton, Petersburg, Va.; 2d Vice-President, C. S. Gadsden, Charleston, S. C.; 3d Vice-President, J. R. Kenly; General Manager, W. N. Royall; Secretary, H. L. Borden, New York, General Offices, Wilmington, N. C.; New York Offices, 71, 407, and 1218 Broadway
Baltimore & Ohio R. R. [New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Dis- trict of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Il- ilinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Missouri.] Proyear ending June 30, 1911. Total earnings	·	President, Daniel Willard, 1st Vice-President, George F. Randolph; 2d Vice-President, George M. Shriver; 3d Vice-President, A. W. Thompson, 4th Vice-President, J. V. McNeal; Secretary, C. W. Woolford; General Freight Traffic Manager, C. S. Wight, Manager Passenger Traffic, O. P. McCarty; General Offices, Baltimore, Md.; New York Offices, 2 Wall Street, 379 Broadway, 17 State St.
Bangor and Aroostook Railroad. [Maine.] [Maine.] For year ending June. 30, 1912. For year ending s	Aroostook Jct, to Carlbou, 155.13 m.; Oldtown to Greenville, 76.13 m.; Ashland Junction to Fort Kent, 94.87 m.; Carlbou to Van Buren, 33.40 m.; South Lagrange to Sears- port, 54.13 m.; Stockholm to Squa Pan, 48 m.; So. Lagrange to Pack- ards, 27.96 m.; Van Buren to Fort Kent, 43.72 m.; branches and spurs, 81.54 m. Total mileage, 630.52.	President, F. W. Cram; Vice- President, Percy R. Todd. Gen- eral Offices, Bangor, Me.
Boston and Albany R. R. [Massachusetts, New York.] Earnings, expenses, etc., reported by New York Central and Huison River R. R. Co., Lessee.	Main Line, Boston, Mass., to Albany, N.Y., 200 m.; Ware River Br., 49 m.; Athol Br., 45 m.; Pittsfield and North Adams Br., 19 m.; Hudson and Chatham Br., 17 m.; Milford Br., 12 m.; Webster Br., 11 m.; other branches, 39 m. Total mileage, 392.	Vice-President, J. H. Hustis, General Offices, Boston, Mass.

age, 392. Express Co.—American.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.

Boston and Maine Railroad. [New York, Massachusetts, Vermont, New Har shire, Maine, Quebec.] Hamp-For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings. \$45,990,363 Operating expenses 35,087,295 Net earnings.....\$10,903,068 999,288 Other income..... Total net income. \$11,902,356

Total payments . . . 12.380,060

Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh Railway. [New York, Pennsylvania For year ending June 30, 1912 Total earnings \$9,542,367 Operating expenses 6,464,228 Net earnings \$3,078,139 Other income...... 779.586 Total net income, \$3,857,725 Total payments.... 3,351,395

Surplus..... Canadian Northern Ry. [Manitoba, Saskatche wan, Alberta, Ontario, Minnesota.] For year ending June 30.1911. Operating expenses 11,168,644 Net earnings..... \$5,192,068 Total payments.... 4,577,022 Surplus...... \$615,046

Canadian Pacific Ry. [New Brunswick, Maine, Quebec, Ontario, Michigan, Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia,]
For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings, ... \$123,319,541 Operating expenses 80,021,298 Net earnings.....\$43,298,243 1,104.448 Other income..... Total net income, \$44,402,691 Total payments... 26,842,171 Surplus.......\$17,560,520

Central of Georgia Ry. [Georgia, Alabama, and Tennessee.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.....\$14,000,743 Operating expenses, 9,923,262 Net earnings \$4,077,481 Other income..... Total net income .. \$4,784.840 Total payments.... 3,118,647 Surplus......\$1,666,193

Central Railroad of New Jersey. [New York, New Jersey. Pennsylvania.]
For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings \$27,828,690 Operating expenses 17,285,582 Net earnings \$10.543,108 Other receipts..... 2,200,128 Total net income. \$12,743,236 Total payments... 10,026.579 Surplus..... \$2,716,657

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Main Lines (Boston to Portland, via Dover), 115.52 m. (Boston to Portland, via Portsmouth); 108.74 m.; Jewett, Me., to Intervale, N. H., 73.37 m.; Worcester, Mass., to Portland, m.; Worcester, Mass., to Portland, Me., 150,78 m.; Boston, Mass., to Groveton. N. H., 221.84 m.; Concord, N. H., to White River Jct., Vt., 68,50 m.; White River Jct., Vt., to Sherbrooke, P. Q., 145,20 m.; N. Cambridge to Northampton, Mass., to Keene, N. H., 74 m.; Boston to Rotterdam Jct, and Trov, 252,01 m.; Ashburnham Jct, to Bellows Falls, 33 85 m. branches 992 52 m. Total 53.85 m.; branches, 929.52 m. Total mileage, 2,291.02. Express Co's - American; National.

Main Line and branches, 356.22 m.; leased lines, 87.28 m.; trackage rights, 126.32 m. Total mileage, 569 89

EXPRESS Co. - American.

Total mileage, 4,044. Total earnings....\$16,360,712 Express Co.—Canadian Northern,

> Atlantic Div., 771.0 m.; Eastern Div. 1,581.4 m.; Outario Div., 1,405.8 m.; Lake Superior Div., 1,102.7 m.; Lake Superior Div., 1,102.7 m., Manitoba Div., 2,27.5 m.; Saskat-chewan Div., 2,021.7 m.; Alberta Div., 2,015.4 m.; British Columbia President, Thomas G. Shaughness, Div., 1 12.548.3. 1,222.8 m. Total mileage, ength of Main Line, Montreal to

Vaucouver, 2,903 miles. Steamship lines: Vancouver, B.

to Japan, China, Honolulu, H. I., Australia, Sydney, N. S. W.; Slocan Lake Line; Upper Lake Line; Lake Okanagan Line; Co-lumbia and Kootenay Line; Atlantic Ocean-Liverpool to Montreal. EXPRESS Co.-Dominion.

Columbus-Andalusia, 138 m.; Griffin-Chattanooga, 198m.; Macon-Athens, 105 m.; Savannah-Atlanta, 294 m.; Birmingham-Macon, 257 m.; Ft. Valley-Montgomery,194m.; Smithville-Lockhart, 178 m.; other branches, 551.9 m. Total mileage, other 1.915.9.

EXPRESS Co.-Southern.

New York to Scranton, 191.67 m.; Newark Br., 10.62 m.; South Br., 15.78 m.; Perth Amboy Br., 23.12 m.; High Bridge Br., 55.80 m.; sundry branches in New Jersey, 22.98 m.; sundry branches in Penn-sylvania, 111.09 m.; New Jersey Southern Div. 17.86 m.; Freehold and Atlantic Highlands Div., 24.47 m.; New York and Long Branch R. R., 38.04 m. Total mileage, 669.43. Express Co's—United States. On New York and Long Branch R. R. New York and Long Branch R.R., Adams; United States. General Officers.

President, Charles S. Mellen; Vice-Presidents, T. E. Byrnes, W. F. Berry, W. J. Hobbs, H. J. Horn and E. H. McHenry; Freight Traffic Manager, A. S. Crane, General Passenger Agent, C. M. Bury (Ganeral Engerthemetric) Burt; General Superintendent, C. E. Lee. General Offices, Boston, Mass.

President, Wm. T. Noonan; Vice-Presidents, Adrian Iselin, Jr. New York and W. Emlen Roose-velt, New York; General Man-ager, T. F. Brennan; Secretary, Ernest Iselin, New York, Gen-eral Offices, Rochester, N. Y.; New York Office, 36 Wall Street.

President, Wm. Mackenzie, Toronto, Ont.; Vice-President, D.D. Mann, Toronto, Ont.; 3d Vice-Mann, Toronto, Ont.; 3d Vice-President, D. B. Hanna, Toronto, Ont.; General Traffic Manager, Geo. H. Shaw, Toronto, Ont.

Vice-Presidents, D. McNicoli, George Bury, Winnipeg, Man, I. G. Ogden, G. M. Bosworth; Secretary, W. R. Baker, General Offices, Montreal, Quebec; New York Offices, 64 Wall Street, 458 Broadway.

President, C. H. Markham, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, A. R. Law-ton and W. A. Winburn; General Manager, T. S. Moise; Secretary, Chas. F. Groves; General Offices, Savannah, Ga.; New York Offices, 501 Fifth Ave. and 291 Broadway.

President, George F. Baer; Vice-President, R. W. De Forest; Vice-President and General Manager, W. G. Besler; Secretary, G. O. Waterman. General Offices, 143 Liberty Street, New York

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
Central Vermont Ry. [Connecticut, Massachusetts, Vermont, Quebec.]		=1
Operating expenses. 3,596,808 Net earnings \$839,024	Southern Div., 173.5 m.; Northern Div., 362.6 m. Total mileage, 537. EXPRESS Co.—American; Canadian; National.	President, E. H. Fitzhugh; General Manager, G. C. Jones. General Ollices, St. Albans, Vt.; New York Offices, 385 Broadway, 82 Wall Street.
Other income. 42,205 Total net income. \$881,229 Total payments. 868,276 Surplus. \$12,953		wan street.
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. (Virginia, West Virginia, Keutucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.) For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings\$34,289,898 Operating expenses 22,635,681	Main Line, 949.5 m.; Louisville Line, 208.4 m.; James River Line, 229.9 m.; Washington Line, 94.5 m.; other branches, 833.2 m. Total	President, Geo. W. Stevens; Vice- Presidents, Decatur Axtell, Hen- ry T. Wickham; F. M. Whitaker and M. J. Caples; Secretary, Jas. Stemart Mackle. New York Gen-
Net earnings,\$11,654,188 Other income 1,808,562 Total net income \$15,462,750 Total payments 12,228,171	mileage, 2,315,3. Express Co. —Adams,	and M. J. Caples; Secretary, Jas. Stenari Mackle, New York; Gen- eral Offices, Richmond, Va.; New York Office, 71 and 1218 Broad- way.
Surplus	Chicago to East St. Louis, 279,94 m.; Pequot Line, 26,91 m.; Dwight to Peoria, 81,95 m.; Peoria to Springfield, 55,69 m.; Bloomington to Roodhouse, via Jacksonville, 110,41 m.; Eldred to Barnett Junction, 48,62 m.; Roodhouse to Kansas City, 251,85 m.; Mexico to Cedar City, 50,12 m.; branches, 92,54 m. Total mileage, 988,09. Express Co.—American; National.	President, B. A. Worthington; Vice-President, F. H. Davis, New York; General Traffic Manager, George A. Blair; Secretary, James S. Mackle, New York, General Offices, Chicago, III.; New York Offices, 60 Wall Street and 366 Broadway.
Deficit. \$250,990	EXPRESS Co.—American; National. Now part of "St. Louis & San Francisco R. R."	President, B. L. Winchell; Vice- President & General Manager, W. J. Jackson; Vice-Presidents, C. W. Hillingt, Very Versidents, C.
Surplus. \$104,946 Chicago and Northwestern Railway. — "The Northwestern Line." [Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming.] For year ending June 30, 1912.* Total earnings. \$73,698,591 Operating expenses \$2,701,843 Net earnings. \$20,996,748 Other income. \$24,350,526 Total payments. 23,683,899 Surplus. \$567,716	m.; Eastern Div., 897.41 m.; Black Hills Div., 609.27. Total mileage, 7,960.45. Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & O. Ry.,	lough and R. H. Aishton; Gen-
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad.— "Burlington Ronte." [Hlinois, Wiscousin, Min- nesota, Iowa, Missouri, Ne- braska, Lowa, Missouri, Ne- braska, South Dakota, Wyoming, South Dakota, Montana.] Sept. 20, 1911. Total earnings \$88,272,208 Operating expenses, 59,541,926 Net earnings \$28,730,282	Lincoin Illinoin 1590 99 was in Illia	President, Darius Miller; Vice-Presidents, H. E. Byram, C. G. Burnham, T. S. Howland, and W. W. Baldwin; Assistant Secretary, H. W. Weiss, Chicago, Ill.; Passenger Traffic Manager, P. S. Eustis; Freight Traffic Manager, G. H. Crosby, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 32 Nassau Street, 299 and 1184 Broadway.

General Offices of lines west of the Missouri River at Omaha, Neb.

Surplus...... \$3,149,879 *Exclusive of Chicago, St. Paul, Minn, & O. Ry.

Total net income \$29,183,553 Total payments. 26,033,674 SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

General Officers.

Chicago Great West-ern Railroad. [Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Missourl.Kansas, Nebraska] For year ending June 30, 1912. Great West-

Surplus..... Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Ry. and Louisville and the line is a line in the line in the line is a line in the line in the line is a line in the line in the line is a line in the line in the line is a line in the line is a line in the line in the line is a line in the line in the line is a line in the line in [Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky Total earnings..... \$6,503,652 Operating expenses 4,775,212 Net earnings \$1,728,440 199,523 Other income.....

Total payments... 1,518,803

Total net income. \$7,908,906 Total payments.... 8,060.444 Deficit...

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway. [Illinois, Wisconsin, Mich-igan, Minnesota, Iowa, [Hilinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, South Dakota, North Dakota, Japan 30, 1912.

Total earnings......\$63,122,743 Operating expenses 47,743,156 Net earnings.....\$15,379,587

Other income..... 7,613,416 EXPRESS Co. - Wells Fargo & Co. Total net income. \$22,993,003 Total payments.... 13,062,556

Surplus..... \$9,930,447 Nebraska, Kansas, Okla-homa, Colorado, Ten-nessee, Arkansas, Louisinessee, Arkansas, ana, New Mexico.] For year ending June 30, 1912.

Total earnings.... \$64,712,853 Operating expenses 46,759,494 Net earnings.....\$17,953.359 Other income..... 686,791

Total net income \$18,640,150 Total payments... 18,535,514 Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf Rall-Surplus.....

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway. [Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.] For year ending June 30, 1911

Other Income..... 114,771 Total net income \$2,286,464 Total payments.... 2,947,510 Deficit. \$661.046

Minneapolis to Chicago, 435.28 m.; Oelwein to Kansas City, 351.38 m.; Hayfield to Clarion, 101.02 m.; Oel-| Missouri, Kansas, Nebraskal | For year ending June 30, 1912 | Wein to Omaha, 262,94 m.; Det Kalh | Total earnings ... \$12,789,249 | Br., 6.08 m.; Cedar Falls Br., 7.7 m.; Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br., 7 m.; Lesten | Mantorville Br.,

Div., 60 m.; Indianapolis & Louisville Ry. Br., 55 m.; French Lick Br., 18 m. Total mileage, 583.7 Total net income. \$1,927,963 EXPRESS Co. -American.

\$6,620,585 nileage, 1,903. Total Section 1,903. Inileage, 1,903. Inileage, 1,903. EXPRESS Co.—Wells Fargo & Co. This road is controlled by Chi., Mil. & St. Paul Ry.

Lines in Illinois, 415.03 m.; in Wisconsin, 1,783.05 m.; in Iowa, 1,871.13 m.; in Minnesota, 1,244.90 m.; in North Dakota, 153.31 m.; in South Dakota, 1,529.66 m.; in Missouri, 140.27 m.; in Michigan, 159.05 m. Total mileage, 7,296.40.

Surplus......\$9,930,447
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway.
ITllinois, Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Colorado, Tenpessee, Arkansas, Louisi-nessee, Arka phis-Texola, 649.40 m.; Haskell-Eunice, 303.04 m.; Kansas City-St. Louis, 298.50 m.; l'exas-New Mexico State Line to Santa Rosa, 111.50 m.; Texas-New Mexico State Line to Tucumcari, 41 6 m.; other lines and branches, 2,855,91 m. Total mileage, 7,566,05.

\$106,636 EXPRESS Co. -United States.

Total earnings.... \$9.570,281 Operating expenses 7,398,588 Main line and branches, 1,014.6 m. Net earnings.... \$2,171,693 Express Co.—United States.

President, S. M. Felton; Vice-President, Jos. W. Blabon; General Munager, W. A. Garrett; Secretary, J. F. Coykendall, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 396 Broadway.

President, F. Harrison, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, M. F. Plant, New York, and E. C. Field, Chi-cago, Ill.; General Manager, A. H. Westfall, Chicago, Ill.; Secre-tary, J. A. Hilton, New York, General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Office, 71 Broadway.

Chairman, Roswell Miller, New York; President, A. J. Earling, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, York; President, A. J. Earning, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, E. W. McKenna, J. H. Hilland, E. S. Keeley, Chicago, Ill.; General Manager, D. L. Bush, Chicago, Ill.; Secretary, E. W. Adams, Milwaukee, Wis.; Assistant Secretary, C. B. Ferry, New York, General Offices, Chicago, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis.; Assistant Secretary, C. B. Ferry, New York, General Offices, Chicago, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis.; Assistant Secretary, C. B. Ferry, New York, General Offices, Chicago, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis.; Assistant Secretary, C. B. Secretary, C. S. Secreta cago, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis.; New York Offices, 42, 381 and 1200 Broadway.

President, H. U. Mudge; Vice-Presidents, J. E. Gorman, A. C. Ridgway, J. Sebastian, E. S. Moore; Vice-President and Sec-retary, George H. Crosby; Gen-eral Managers, Wm. Whitenton, Des Moines, Ia.; A. E. Sweet, Topeka, Kans.; C. W. Jones, Ft. Worth, Tex. General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 115 Reportury 115 Broadway.

President, Daniel Willard, Balti-more, Md.; Vice-President, Geo. F. Randolph, Baltimore, Md.; Secretary, C. W. Woolford, Balti-more, Md.; Freight Traffic Man-ager, C. L. Thomas; General Passenger Agent, W. B. Callo-way; General Manager, W. C. Loree, General Offices, Cincin-nati, O.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicagod St. Louis Ry. Big Four Route." Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois.] For year ending Dec. 31, 1911. Total earnings.....\$30,787,542 Operating expenses 22,641.106

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND

FINANCIAL DATA.

Net earnings..... \$8,146,436 Other Income..... Total net income \$8,854,167 Total payments.... 7,552,552 Surplus..... \$1,301,615

Colorado and Southern Railway. Wyoming, New [Colorado,

Mexico.] For year ending June 30, 1911. Total earnings. \$15,824,064 Operating expenses 10,334,111 Net earnings. . . . \$5,489,953 Other income Total net income \$6 135,173 Total net income \$6 135,173 454.14 m.
Total payments... 5,619,179 EXPRESS Co.—Adams. 8515,994 Surplus.....

Colorado Midland Railway. [Colorado.]

For year ending June 30, 1912. \$275,200 Net earnings. Other income Total net income \$314,314 Total payments.... 565,737 \$251,423 Deficit.....

Delaware and Hudson Raiiroad. [Pennsylvania, New York, For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.....\$31,531,989

Operating expenses 23,363,295 Other income..... 2,538,298 Total net income \$10,707,622 Total payments... 9,471,176 Surplus...... \$1,236,446

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
[New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania.] For year ending June 30, 1912.

Total earnings ... \$35,492,527 Operating expenses 22,994,062 Net earnings....\$12,498,465 Other income..... 4.555,429 Total net income, \$17,053,894 Total payments.... 15,211,668 Surplus \$1,842,226 EXPRESS Co. - United States.

Total payments... 7,034,420 Surplus...... \$1,006,919

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Cleveland Div., 340.94 m.; Mt. Gilead Short Line, 2.02 m.; Cincinnati-Sandusky Div., 365.76 m.; St. Louis Div., 317.94 m.; Chicago Div., 318.02 m.; Cairo Div., 306.84 m.; Peoria and Eastern Div., 352 m.; White Water Div., 70.05 m.; Michigan Div., 301.33 m.; Kankakee & Seneca Div., 42 m.; Cincinnati Northern R. R. 206.10 m. Total mileage, 2-523.12. This road is now part of New York Central System. Central System. EXPRESS Co. - American.

Pueblo Dist., 134.05 m.; Tripidad Dist., 115.33 m.; New Mexico Dist., 150.15 m.; Clear Creek Dist., 66.10 m.; Ft. Collins Dist., 178.01 m.; Platte Canon Dist., 106.12 m.; Leadville Dist., 74.36 m.; Gunnison Dist., 163.64 m.; Wyoning Dist., 260.03 m. Total mileage. 1, 247.85.

Fort Worth and Denver City Ry., 454.14 m.

For year ending June 59, 1912. Total earnings.... S1,830,163 Operating expenses 1,554,965 Vot agrifus 827,390 With a print of the control of

mileage, 335. 39,114 EXPRESS Co.-Wells Fargo & Co.

Verniont.]
by year ending June 30, 1912,
otal earnings...\$31,531,985
perating expenses 23,363,295
Net earnings...\$3,156,564
Express Co.—National.

Main Line, Hoboken, N. J., to Buffalo, N. Y., 409.33 m.; Morristown Line, 34.46 m.; Sussex R. R., 30.55 m.; Bangor and Poytland Br., in.; Bangor and Fortunit Br., 38,37 m.; Bloomsburg Br., 79,64 m.; S. B. & N.Y. R. R., 80,95 m.; Oswego & Syracuse Div, 34,98 m.; Utica Div, 105,51 m.; Ithaca Br., 34,41 m.; Lackawanna & Montrose R. R. 10,48 m.; Lackawanna R. R. Co. of N. J., 27,44 m.; other branches, 69,14 m. Total mileage, 985,26.

Morrison Branch, 15.05 m.; other branches, 732.52 m. Total mileage 2.597 13.

EXPRESS Co.-Globe; Wells Fargo.

General Officers.

President, W. C. Brown; Vice-Presidents, C. F. Daly, A. H. Harris and John Carstensen, New York; and John Carstensen, New York; A. H. Smith, Chicago; General Manager, J. Q. Van Winkle; Secretary, D. W. Pardee, New York, General Offices, Cincin-nati, O.; New York Office, Grand Central Terminal.

President, D. Miller, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-Presidents, H. E. Byram, Chicago, Ill.; C. G. Burnham, Chicago, Ill.; C. G. Burnham, Chicago, Ill., and A. D. Parker; Secretary; B. F. James, Assistant Secretary; T. S. Howland, Chicago, Ill. General Olices, Denver, Col.; New York Offices 26 Liberty Street and Il84 Broadway. Fort Worth and Denver City Ry.—President, Geo. B. Harris, Chicago; Vice-President, D. B. Keeler, Fort Worth, Tex. General Offices, Fort Worth, Tex.

President and General Manager, Geo. W. Vallery; Vice-President, C. H. Schlacks, San Francisco, Cal.; Secretary, L. B. Johnson. General Offices, Denver, Col.; New York Offices, 26 Liberty Street, 165 and 425 Broadway.

President, L. F. Loree; Vice-President, Chas. A. Peabody; 2dVice-President, C. S. Sims, Albany, X. Y.; 3d Vice-President, W. H. Williams; Secretary, F. M. Olyphant, New York, General Offices, Albany, N. Y.; New York Office, 32 Nassau Street.

President, W. H. Truesdale; Vice-Presidents, E. E. Loomis, P. J. Flynn and W. S. Jenney, Sec-retary, A. D. Chambers. Gen-eral Offices, 90 West Street, New York.

Chairman of the Board, Edward T. Jeffery, New York; President, Benjamin F. Bush, St. Louis, Mo.; Vice - President, Charles H. Schlacks, San Francisco, Cal.; Vice - President and General Manager, Ed. L. Brown, Denver, Col.; Secretary, Stephen Little, New York. General Offices, Den-ver, Col. New York Offices, 165, 299 and 1246 Broadway.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND Divisions, Mileage, and Operating FINANCIAL DATA.

Detroit and Mackinac

Express.

General Officers.

Railway.

[Michigan.] For year ending June 30, 1911 Total earnings. . . . \$1,177,099 Operating expenses \$354,700 Net earnings..... Other income..... 32,861

\$387,561 Total net income. Total payments....

Detroit, Toledo and Irenton Railway.

[Michigan and Ohio.]
For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings \$1,762,326 Operating expenses 1,576,654 Net earnings..... Other income..... 23,374 Total net income \$209.046 Total payments... 1,274,915

Deficit......\$1,065,869 Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway. [Michigan, Wisconsin, Min-

nesota.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings \$3,152,475 Operating expenses 2,395,160

Net earnings...... Other income..... 42,122 Total net income \$799,437 Total payments 1.160.983 Deficit.....

El Paso & Southwestern System.

[Texas, New Mexico, Ari-For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings..... \$7,613,456 Operating expenses 6,347,669 Net earnings \$1,265,787 Other income.....

Total net income \$2,287,193 Total payments.... 1.399,888 Surplus.....

Erie Railroad. [New York, New

Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.]
For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.....\$56,492,369 Operating expenses 42,508,252 Net earnings..... \$13,984,117 Other income..... 4,745,439 Total net income \$18,729,556 Total payments.... 15,934,804 Surplus \$2,794,752

Florida East Coast Railway. [Florida,]

Total earnings \$1,569,962 Operatingexpenses Other income..... 9,099 Total net income Total payments ... 375.381 Deficit..... \$84,030

Bay City to Cheboygan, 195.15 m.; President, H. K. McHarg, New Prescott Div., 11.85 m.; Rose City Div., 31.21 m.; Lincoln Br., 14.4 m.; Au Gres Br., 7.96 m.; Hillman Br., 22.40 m.; Ausable Br., 56 m.; logging branches, 58.82 m. Total Wilsone 411.46. mileage, 411.46. Express Co. —American.

Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Ry., 436

m.

\$185,672 EXPRESS Co.-American.

Main Line, 517.23 m.; other brauches, 68.74 m. Total mileage, 585.97.

Express Co.—Western.

\$757,315 This road is controlled by the Canadian Pacific Ry.

30, 1912. Western Div., 383.8 m.; Eastern Div., 518.2 m.; Fairbank to Tucson, 51.255.787 to the mines, 14.3 m. Total mileage, 983.78. Total mileage, 983.78.

New York Div., 241.42 m.; Northern R. R. of N. J., 26.05 m.; Greenwood Lake Div., 54.27 m.; Delaware Div., 104.40 m.; Wyoming Div., 92.70 m.; Jefferson Div., 40.84 m.; Susquehanna Div., 199.70 m.; Tioga Div., 64.68 m.; Rochester Div., 144.35 m.; Buffalo Div., 181.7 m.; Allegheny Div., 180.70 m.; Bradford Div., 228.60 m.; Mahoning Div., 184.50 m.; Cinclinati Div., 197.20 m.; Lima Div., 128.60 m.; Cinclinati Div., 197.20 m.; Lima Div., 128.60 m.; Chicago Div., 142.97 m. Total mileage, 2,257.67.

(Florida.) For 6 mos. ending Dec. 31,1911 Jacksonville to Key West, 522 m., For 6 mos. ending S. ... \$1,559,862 branch lines, 284 m. Total mileage, Operating expenses ... \$287,710 786. Connects at Miami with P. & S282,252 Oster lines, 285 or Nassau (Winter Other Income... 9,099 season) and at Key West for Havana

\$291,351 EXPRESS Co. -Southern.

York; Vice-President and General Manager, J. D. Hawks; Vice-President, G. M. Crocker; Secretary, C. B. Colebrook, New York, General Offices, Detroit, Mich.; New York Office, 40 Wall Street.

Receiver, Geo. P. Johnson; President, E. Zimmerman; Vice-President, F. A. Durban, Zanesville, O.; General Offices, Detroit, O.; Mich.

President, A. B. Eldredge; Marquette, Mich.; 1st Vice-President and General Manager, W. W. Walker, Duluth, Minn.; 2d Vice-President, Geo. H Church, New York; Secretary, James Clarke, New York, General Of-fices, Marquette, Mich.; New York Office, 44 Wall Street.

resident, James Douglas, New York; General Manager, H. J. Simmons. General Offices, El Paso, Tex.; New York Office, President. 99 John Street.

President, F. D. Underwood; Vice-Presidents, G. F. Brownell, G. A. Richardson and J. C. Stuart, Vice-President and Secretary, David Bosman. General Offices, 50 Church Street, New York.

Chairman of the Board, H. M. Flagler, New York; President, J. R. Parrott; Vice-Presidents, J. P. Beckwith, J. E. Ingraham, and W. H. Beardsley; Secretary, J. C. Salter, New York, General Offices, St. Augustine, Fla.; New York Office, 28 Broadway.

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Systems, Location, and Financial Data.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
Georgia Railrond Georgia Railrond Georgia For year ending June 30, 1911. Total earnings \$2,211,840 \$11,840 \$10,700 \$107,7	mileage, 307. EXPRESS Co.—Southern.	General Manager, Thos. K. Scott General Offices. Augusta, Ga. New York Office, 290 Broadway.
Georgin Southern and Florida Ry. Georgia and Florida. For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings \$2.447,528 Operating expenses 1,898,421 Net earnings \$549,107 Other income \$6,695 Total net income Total payments \$625,802 549,656 Surplus \$861,146 \$	Macon, Ga., to Jacksonville, Fla., and Valdosta, Ga. to Palatka, Fla. Total mileage 395. Express Co.—Southern.	President, W. W. Finley, Washington, D. C.; Vice-President and General Manager, J. B. Munson, Secretary, R. D. Lankford, New York, General Offices, Macon, Ga.; New York Office, 30 Church Street.
Grand Rapids and Indiana Railway. [Indiana and Michigan.] For year-ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings	EXPRESS Co. —Adams.	President, Joseph Wood, Pitts- burgh, Pa.; Vice-President, W. R. Shelby; General Manager, J. H. P. Hughart; Secretary, R. R. Metheany. General Offices, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Grand Trunk Railway. [Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Quebec, Ontario, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings\$38, 787, 838 Operating expenses 28,079,188 Net earnings\$10,708,677 Other income 2,136,695 Total net income\$12,845,282 Total payments. 12,841,941 Surplus \$3,341	Eastern Div., 938 m.; Ottawa Div., 466 m.; Middle Div., 1,491 m.; Northern Div., 889 m.; Western Div., 973 m. Total mileage, 4,757. EXPRESS Co.—Canadiau. On Grand Trunk Western Ry., National. Grand Trunk Pacific Ry., 1,798 m. in operation between Fort William, Ont. and Fitzhugh, Alta., 1,478 m. Balance of road under construction.	President, E. J. Chamberlin; Vice- Presidents, W. Walnwright, M. M. Reynolds, H. G. Kelley, J. E. Dalrymple and R. S. Logan, General Offices, Montreal, Que- bec; New York Office, 290 Broad- way.
Grent Northern Ruilway. [Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, Montana, Idalio, Washington, Wisconsin, Oregon, Manitoba, British Columbia, Jor year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings \$86, 313, 638. Total earnings \$88, 651, 131. Other income \$32, 358, 736. Total net income. \$32, 358, 736. Total payments 29, 655, 462. Surplus \$82,703, 273.	Great Northern Ry. Total mileage, 7,487. EXPRESS Co.—Great Northern.	President, C. R. Gray; Vice-Presidents, R. I. Farrington and R. A. Jackson; Vice-President and Asst. Secretary, E. T. Nichols, New York; General Manager, J. M. Gruber, General Offices, St. Paul, Minn; New York Offices, 32 Nassau Street, 1184 Broadway.
Hocking Valley Rail- way. [Ohio,]		President, G.W. Stevens; 1st Vice-President, Decatur Axtell. Richmond, Va.; 2d Vice-President, J. H. Hoyt; 3d Vice-President, F. M. Whitaker; Secretary, J. Steuart MacKie, New York. General Offices, Columbus, Ohio. New York Office, 71 Broadway.

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SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers.
Houston and Texas Central Railroad. [Texas.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings \$5,877,785 Operating expenses 4,938,795 Net earnings \$838,940 Other income \$1,080,788 Total payments. 1,282,620 Deficit \$191,821	Main Line, 337.98 m.; Western Br., 115 m.; Waco Br., 55.30 m.; Austin Div., 129.09 m.; Ft., Worth Br., 52.83 m.; Lancaster Br., 4.75 m. Nelleva- Mexia Cut-off, 94.06 m. Total mileage, 788.01. EXPRESS Co, —Wells Fargo & Co.	President, W. B. Scott; Traffic Manager, C. K. Dunlap, General Offices, Houston, Tex.; New York Office, 165 Broadway.
Illinois Central Railroad. [Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, Missouri, Alabama, Arkausas, Foryear ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings\$88,727,272 Operating expenses 48,121,496 Net earnings\$10,605,806 Other income\$10,609,330 Total net income\$15,009,330 Total payments\$12,604,422 Surplus\$83,404,968		President, C. H. Markham; Vice-Presidents, F. B. Bowes, A. G. Hackstaff, New York, and C. F. Parker; Vice-President and General Manager. W. L. Park; Secretary, D. R. Burbank, New York; Asst. Secretary, B. A. Beck, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 115 Broadway, and 501 Fifth Avenue. General Offices Yazoo and Mississippi Valley R. R., Memphis, Tenn., and Chicago, Ill.
Intercolonial Railway. [Nova Scotia, New Bruns- wick, Quebec.] For year ending March 31,1912. Total earnings\$10,593,785 Operating expenses.10,591,035 Net earnings\$2,750 Fixed charges not reported.	Halifax and Montreal Line, 836.34 m.; St. John Br., 89.31 m.; Truro and Sydney Line, 214.27 m.; Oxford and Pictou Br., 69.39 m.; Canada Eastern Br., 124.50 m.; other branches, 114.91 m. Total mileage, 1,449.02. Express Co.—Canadian; Dominion.	General Offices, Moncton, N. B.
International and Great Northern Railway. [Texas.] No financial report made since the reorganization.	Gulf Div., 408.9 m.; Fort Worth Div., 372.7 m.; San Antonio Div., 422.9 m. Total mileage, 1.159.5, Express Co. —Wells Fargo & Co.	President. Thomas J. Freeman, New Orleans, La.; 1st Vice-President, George H. Taylor, New York; 2d Vice-President, Henry Martin; Secretary, A. R. Howard; Assistant Secretary, H. B. Hen- son, New York. General Offices, Houston, Tex.; New York Of- fices, 165 and 290 Broadway.
Iowa Central Railway.	Now part of Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.	
Kansas City Southern Railway. Texarkana and Fort Smith Railway. [Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Texas.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings	Tex., 788 m.; Fort Smith Br., 16 m.; Lake Charles Br., 23 m.; Air Line Branch, 6 m. Total mileage, 839. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Kansas City Southern Ry.—President, J. A. Edson; Vice-Presidents, J. F. Holden and R. J. McCarty; Secretary, G. C. Hand, New York. General Offices, Kansas City, Mo. New York Office, 25 Broad Street. Texarkana and Fort Smith Ry.—President, J. A. Edson, Kansas City, Mo.; 1st Vice-President, W. L. Estes. General Offices, Texarkana, Tex.
Lake Erie and Western Railrond.	Main Line, 412.8 m.; Indianapolis and Michigan City Div. 158.6 m.; Fort Wayne and Connorsville Div., 104.6 m.; Rushville Br., 24.1 m.; Minster Br., 10 m.; Northern Ohio Rv., 161.7 m. Total mileage, 871.8. EXPRESS Co.—American. This road is part of New York Central system,	President, W. C. Brown; Vice-Presidents, J. Carstensen, C. F. Daly, A. H. Harris, New York; A. H. Smith, Chicago, Ill.; Secretary, D. W. Pardee, New York; General Manager, D. C. Moon, Cleveland, O. General Offices, Grand Central Terminal, New York; Cleveland, O., Indianapolis, Ind., and Chicago, Ill.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway [New York, Pennsylvania, Ohlo, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois.]

For year ending Dec. 31, 1911. Total earnings \$48,938,655 Operating expenses 31,687,313

Other income..... 10,224,216 Total net income \$27,475,558 Total payments.... 22,206,192 Surplus..... \$5,269,366

Lehigh Valley Railroad. [New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, j For year ending June 30, 1912.

Total earnings.....\$36,905,935 Operating expenses 24,720,249 Net earnings.....\$12,185,686 1,825,221 Other income

Total net income. \$14,010,907 Total payments... 7,538,831 Surplus..... \$6,472,076

Long Island Railroad. [Long Island, New York.]
For year ending Dec. 31, 1911. Total earnings. . . . \$10,517,751 Operating expenses 7,903,779 Net earnings.....\$2,613,972

Other income......1,037,993 Total net income. \$3,651,965 Total payments, ... 4,109,921 Deficit...... \$457,956

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

[Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Georgia, North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee, Ala-Virginia, Tennessee, Ala-bama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi.]

For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.....\$56,211,788 Operating expenses 39,626,327 Net earnings \$16.585.461

Other income..... Total net income \$19,622,414 Total payments... 9,461,640 Surplus..... \$9,560,774

Maine Central Railroad.
[Maine, New Hampshire,
Vermont, Quebec, New
Brunswick.]

For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.....\$10,643,051 perating expenses 1,00,50, Net earnings 160,814 Operating expenses 7,690,84

Other iucome..... Total net income. \$3,113,019 Total payments.... 2,586,052 Surplus. \$526,967

Dividends, etc. .. 503,744 Balance.....

Michigan Centrul R.R. [New York, Ontario, Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.] For year ending Dec. 31, 1911. Total earnings....\$30,772,754 [Operating expanses 21 245, 247] Operating expenses 21,345,617

Net earnings..... \$9,427,167 Other income..... 1,170,957 Total net income \$10,598,124

Total payments... 9,606,041 This road is part of New York Central System.

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Eastern Dlv., 171 m.; Toledo Dlv., 193 n.; Michigan Div., 407 n.; Western Div., 113 m.; Franklin Div., 245 m.; Detroit Div., 156 m.; Lansing Div., 290 m. Total nilleage, 1,575.

Net earnings \$17,251,342 Express Co. - United States; Amer-This road is part of New York Cen-

tral System.

New Jersey and Lebigh Div., 227.20 m.; Mahanoy and Hazleton Divs., 197.14 m.; Wyoming Div., 310.76 m.; New York Div., 22.40 m.; Auburn Div., 303.20 m.; Buffalo Div., 331.09 m.; Total mileage, 1, 390.89.

EXPRESS Co .- United States.

Main Line—Long Island City to Greenport, 94.74 m.; Long Island City to Montauk, 115.13 m.; branches owned, 196.48 m.; branches leased, 63.75 m.; New York and Rockaway Beach Ry., 11.74 m. Total mileaga, 2013. Total mileage, 391.84.

EXPRESS Co.—Long Island.
This road is now controlled by the

Pennsylvania R. R.

Cincinnati to Louisville, 114 m.; Louisville to Nashville, 186 m.; Nashville to New Orleans, 622 m.; Memphis Junction to Memphis, 260 m.; E. St. Louis to Amqui. 307 m.; Lagrange to Lexington, 67 m.; Cincinnati to Atlanta, 486 m.; other branches, 2,698.49 m. Total mileage, 4,740.49. 2,436,953 EXPRESS Co.—Adams; Southern.

> Portland to Vanceboro, via Augusta, 250.90 m.; Royal Jet. to Waterville, 72.40 m.; Bath to Lewiston and Farmington, 76.38 m.; Woolwich to Rockland, 47.13 m.; Rumford Jet. to Rumford Falls, 52.86 m.; Jct. to Rumford Falls, 52.86 m.; Rumford Falls to Quossoc, 35.99 m.; Oakland to Kineo Station, 90.61 m.; Newport Jct. to Dover and Foxcroft, 30.77 m.; Burnham Jct. to Belfast, 33.13 m.; Brewer Jct. to Mt. Desert Ferry, 41.13 m.; Washington Jct. to Calais, 102.49 m.; Portland to St. Johnsbury, Vt., 122.01 m. Other branches 240 m., Total mileage, 1.205.50. EXPRESS Co. --American

Main Line, Buffalo to Chicago, 535,9 m.; Toledo Div., 59,9 m.; St. Clair Div., 66,4 m.; Grand Rapids Div., 94,4 m.; Mackinaw Div., 182,3 m.; Air Line Div., 104,8 m.; Saginaw Div., 115,3 m.; Bay City Div., 115,3 m.; Bay City Div., 118,9 m.; Saginaw Bay and N. W. Div., 27,4 m.; other branches, 510,8 m. Total mileage, 1,804,7 m.

General Officers.

Chairman of the Board, Chauncey thairman of the Board, Channeey
M. Depew, New York; President,
W. C. Brown, New York; VicePresidents, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.,
C. F. Daly, A. H. Harris and
John Carstensen, New York;
A. H. Smith, Chicago, Ill.; Secretary, D. W. Pardee, New York:
General Manager, D. C. Moon
Cleveland, O. General Offices
Grand Central Terminal, New
York Cleveland, O. and Chicago York, Cleveland, O., and Chicago,

President, E. B. Thomas; 1st Vice-President, J. A. Middleton, New York; 2d Vice-President, T. N. Jarvis, New York; 3d Vice-President, L. D. Smith; Secretary, D. G. Baird, General Offices, Philadelphia, Pa.; New York Office, 12d Tiberts Street 143 Liberty Street.

President, Ralph Peters. General Offices, Pennsylvania Railroad Station, Seventh Avenue and Thirty-second Street, New York.

President, Milton H. Smith; Chairman of Board, Henry Walters, New York; 1st Vice-President, W. L. Mapother, Louisville; 2d Vice-President, Wm. J. Dickinson, New York; 3d Vice-President, A. R. Smith; 4th Vice-President, G. E. Evans; Secretary, J. H. Ellis; General Manager, B. M. Starks; Traffic Manager, C. B. Compton, Louisville, General Offices, Louisville, Ky.; New York Offices, 71 and 291 Broadway. Ky.; New Yo

President, Charles S. Mellen, New Haven, Ct.; Vice-President and General Manager, Morris McDonald, General Offices, Portland, Me.

Chairman of the Board, H. B. Ledthairman of the Board, H. B. Led-yard, Detroit, Mich.; President, W. C. Brown, New York; Vice-Presidents, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., A. H. Smith, Chicago, Ill.; John Carstensen, C. F. Daly and A. H. Harris, New York; Seczetary, D. W. Pardee, New York. Gene-eral Offices, Grand Central Ter-minal, New York; Chicago, Ill.; Detroit, Mich. 210 Principal Railroad Systems of United States & Canada.—con.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad. — "Albert Lea Route."

[Minnesota, Iowa, S. Dakota, Illinois.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.... \$7,954.115 Operating expenses 6,510,407

Net earnings.. .. \$1,443,708 Other income..... Total net income. \$1,463,209 Fixed charges not reported

Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railway-"Soo Line." [Illinois, Michigan, Wiscon-sin, Minnesota, NorthDa-kota, South Dakota.] For year ending June 30, 1912.

Total earnings \$26,684,240 Operating expenses 16,223,291 Net earnings. . . . \$10,460,949 Other income 1,099,019 Total net income \$11,559,968 Total payments... 6.831,030

Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway. [Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma,

Surplus..... \$4,728,938

Texas, Louisiana.] For year ending June 30, 1912 Total earnings \$28,186,719 Operating expenses 21,205,848 Net earnings..... \$6,980,871 356,395 Other income..... 356,395 Total net income \$7,337,266

Total payments.... 7,320,096 Surplus.....

Missouri Pacific System. [Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, Tenues-see, Illinois.] For year ending June 30, 1912. (Including Iron Mountain

Line.) Total earnings.....\$54,503,249 Operating expenses 41,280,592 Net earnings \$13,222,657 Other income 2,237,460

Total net income \$15,460,117 Total payments... 17,439,208 Deficit..... \$1,979,091

Mobile and Ohio R.R. [Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi.

Alabama,] For year ending June 30, 1912 Total earnings \$11,207,732 Operating expenses 8,167,152 Net earnings \$3,040,580 Other income.....

Total net income \$3,270,552 Total payments... 2,900,055 Surplus..... \$370,497

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

St. Paul, Albert Lea and Southern Divs., 271.15 m.; Western and Pacific Divs., 216.07 m.; Southwestern Div., 158.50 m.; Des Moines & Ft. Divlec Div., 156.72 m.; M. D. & P. Div., 229.60 m. Eastern Div., 558.58 m. 443,708 Total mileage, 1.585.62. 19,501 Express Co.—Adams.

> East of Minneapolis, 710.14 m.; west of St. Paul, 2.224.96 m.; Chicago Division (Wisconsin Central 1,032.74 m. Total mileage, 3.967.84. EXPRESS Co.-Western.

Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry., 1,725 m.; Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry., 1,125 of Texas, 1,245 m.; Galveston, Houston & Henderson R. R., 50 m.; HOUSION & HENGERSON R. R., 20 M.; Denison, Bonham & New Orleans R. R., 24 m.; Wichita Falls Ry., 18 m.; Dallas, Cleburne & Southwase ern R. R., 10 m. Total mileage, 3,072. EXPRESS CO.—American.

Missourl Pacific Ry., 3,918.25 m.; St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Ry., 3,515.36 m. Total mileage, 7,233.61.

EXPRESS Co. - Wells Fargo & Co.

Main Line, St. Louis, Mo., to Mobile, Ala., 655.53 m.; Aberdeen Br., 9 m.; Starkville Br., 11 m.; Montgomery Div., 183 m.; Blocton Br., 13.82 m.; Warrior Southern R.R., 13.69 m.; Warrior Br., 9.51 m.; Millstadt Br., 7 m.; Mobile and Bay Shore Ry., 38.36 m. Cotumbus Br., 1.67 m. Total mileage 944.18 Total mileage, 944.16.

General Officers.

President, Newman Erb; Vice Presidents, F. H. Davis and W. G. Bierd; Secretary, A. C. Doan, New York. General Offices, Minneapolis. Minn.; New York Offices, 25 Broad Street and 299 Broadway.

President, E. Pennington; General Manager, G. R. Huntington; Secretary, G. W. Webster. General Offices, Minneapolis, Minn; New York Offices, 64 Wall Street, 295 Broadway.

General Officers of the System eneral Officers of the System-President, C. A. Schaff, St. Louis, Mo.; Vice-President and Traffic Mo.; General Manager, W. A. Webb, Dallas, Tex.; Secretary, C. N. Whitehead, New York.

M. WHITEHERD, NEW YOTK, Officers of Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. Co. of Texas—President, C.A. Schaff, St. Louls, Mo.; General Manager, W. A. Webb, Dallas, Tex.; 2d Vice-President, I. N. Simpson Palles Tex. Sec. Dallas, 1ex.; 20 Vice-President, J. N. Simpson, Dallas, Tex.; Sec-retary, C.S. Sherwin, Dallas, Tex. General Offices, St. Louis, Mo.; Parsons, Kan.; Dallas, Tex.; New York Offices, 49 Wall Street, 309 Broadway Broadway.

President, B. F. Bush; Vice-Presidents, E. J. Pearson, Frank Jay Gould, New York; M. L. Clardy; O. B. Huntsman, New York; J. M. Johnson, Kingdon Gould, New York; General Manager, J. W. Higgins,; Secretary, A. H. Calef, New York. General Offices, St. Louis, Mo.; New York Offices, 165 Broadway 165 Broadway

President, W. W. Finley, Washington, D.C.; 1st Vice-President, A. B. Andrews, Raleigh, N. C.; Vice-President and General Manager, R. V. Taylor, Mobile, Ala.; Secretary, A. W. Mackintosh, New York, General Offices, Mobile, Ala.; New York Offices, 30 Church Street and 80 Broadway. Street and 80 Broadway.

$Principal\ Railroe$	aa
Systems, Location, and Financial Data.	
Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway, -"Lookout Mountain	M
Route." [Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings\$12,262,675 Operating expenses. 9,378,871	1
see, Kentucky.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total cornings \$12,262,675	
Operating expenses. 9,378,871	;
Net earnings \$2,883,804 Other lucome 273,220 Total net income \$3,257,024 Total payments 2,509,847 Surplus \$747,177	
Total payments 2,509,847 Surplus \$747,177	E
New Orleans, Mahile	
and Chicago R.R. [Alabama, Miss., Tennesse.] For year ending June 30, 1911. Total earnings\$1,826,135 Operating expenses 1,080,447 Net earnings \$7,45,688	M :
Operating expenses 1,080,447	E:
Total payments 662.124	
New Vork Central and	Ne
]
setts.] For year ending Dec. 31, 1911. (For entire system east of	1
For year ending Dec. 31, 1911. (For entire system east of Buffalo, except Dunkirk, Allegbeny Valley & P.R.R.) Total earnings \$109,157,485 Operating expenses 79,358,675	1
Operating expenses 79,353,675	9
Net earnings\$29,803,760 Other income 16,236,180	1
Total net income. \$46,039,940 Total payments 41,871,956 Surplus \$4,167,984	Di E:
new rork, Chicago and	
St. Louis Railroad. [New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings\$11,593,474 Operating expenses \$2,239,517	
Operating expenses 8,239,517	Bı
Net earnings \$3,358,957 Other income 207,520 Total net income .\$3,561,477 Total payments 3,122,905	E
Total net income. \$3,561,477 Total payments 3,122,905	
Surplus \$438,572 New York, New Haven	
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. [Massachusetts, Rhode Isl- and, Connecticut, New York.]	Si
For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings\$90,641,905 Operating expenses 59,:07,632	
Net earnings\$31,234,273	N
Other income 6,170,935 Total net income. 837,405,208 Total payments 37,099,372	
Surning \$305.836	E.
New York, Ontario and Western Railway.	1
New York, Ontario and Western Railway. [New York, Pennsylvania.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings \$8, 290,671 Operating expenses 6,734,679	1
Net earnings \$1,995,992	
Net earnings\$1,995,992 Other income\$362,917 Total net income\$2,348,909 Total payments1,875,180	i
Surplus \$473,729	i

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Iain Line, 322.33 m.; McMinnville Br., 33.57 m.; Sequatchie Valley Br., 68.10 m.; Tracy City Br., 31.17 m.; Centreville Br., 69.91 m.; Shelby-ville Br., 8.08 m.; Lebanon Br., 29.31 m.; Western and Atlantic R. R., 136.82 m.; Rome R. R., 18.15 m.; Huntsville and Gadsden Br., 80.08 m.; Fayetteville and Columbia Br., 86.35 m.; Paducah and Memphis Div., 254.20 m.; Middle Tenn. and Ala. Br., 36.98 m.; West Nash-ville Br., 6.26 m. Total mileage, 1,231,21. XPRESS Co.-Southern.

ain Line,368.58m.; Hattiesburg Br. 27.20. Other branches 8.06 m. Tota mileage, 403.84. XPRESS Co. -Southern.

ew York Central and Hudson River ew York Central and Hudson River R.R., 805.49 m.; West Shore R.R., 479.11 m.; New York and Harlem R. R., 136.48 m.; Rome, Water-town, and Ogdensburg R. R., 624.15 m.; Beech Creek Extension R. R., 131.12 m.; Mohawk and Malone Ry, 183.18 m.; New York and Putnam R.R., 58.88 m.; Geneva Corwing & South. m.; New York and Putnam R.R., 58.88 m.; Geneva, Corning & South-ern R.R., 231.69 m.; Wallkill Valley R.R., 32.88 m.; other roads, 423.86 m.; New York & Ottawa Liue, 126.35 m.; Boston & Albany R.R., 292.22 m. Total mileage, 3,785.03. unkirk, A. V. and P. R. R., 90.51 m. XPRESS CO.—American.

uffalo, N. Y., to Chicago, Ill., 523 XPRESS Co. - National.

hore Line Div., 431.23 m.; Western Div., 351.38 m.; Midland Div., 348.56 m.; Boston Div., 84.26 m.; Providence Div., 318.14 m., Old Colony Div., 462.79 m. Total 348.56 m.; Boston Providence Div. 318.14 m., Old Colony Div. 462.79 m. Total mileage, 1,996.36. New England Steamship Co. is composed of the Fall River Line, Providence Line, Norwich Line, New Haven

Providence Line, Norwich Line, New Bedford Line, New Haven Line, and Bridgeport Line. XPRESS Co. - Adams and American

General Officers

President and General Manager, J. W. Thomas, Jr.; Vice-President and Traffic Manager, H. F. Smith; Secretary, J. H. Ambrose, General Offices, Nashville, Tenn.; New York Office, 71 Broadway. General Offices of Western and Atlantic R. R., Atlanta, Ga.

President and General Manager, W. F. Owen; Vice-President, B. L. Winchell, Chicago, Ill.; Secre-tary, H. F. Ricker, General Offices, Moblle, Ala.; New York Office, Il Broadway.

Chairman of the Board, Chauncey M. Depew; President, W. C. Brown; Vice-Presidents, W. K. M. Depew; President, W. C. Brown; Vice-Presidents, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.; John Carstensen, Ira A. Place, Chas F. Daly; A. H. Smith; Secretary, D. W. Pardee, General Offices, Albany, N. Y. Operating Offices, Grand Central Terminal, Lexington Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, New York.

Chairman of the Board, Chauncey M. Depew, New York: President, W. H. Canniff, Cleveland, O.; Secretary, D. W. Pardee, New York, General Offices, Cleveland, O.; New York Office, Grand Cen-tral Terminal.

President, Chas. S. Mellen; Viceresident, Chas. S. Mellen; Vice-Presidents, T. E. Byrnes, Boston; H. M. Kochersperger, E. H. Mc-Henry, E. G. Buckland, B. Camp-bell, H. J. Horn, L. S. Storrs; Secretary, A. E. Clark. General Offices, New Haven, Ct.; New York Offices, Grand Central Terminal Terminal.

President, Charles S. Mellen, New Haven, Ct.; Vice-President, J. B. Kerr; Secretary, R. D. Rickard, General Offices, Grand Central Terminal, New York.

Express.

General Officers.

City, Utah; 165 Broadway.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND |

FINANCIAL DATA.

New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad.
[New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania.] Main Line, Jersey City, N. J., to Strondsburg, Pa. 126,23 m.; Wilkes-Barre and Eastern B. R., 72.86 m.; Middletown, Div., 34.15 m. Total President, F. D. Underwood; Vice-Presidents, G. F. Brownell, G. A. Richardson and W. J. Harahan; Vice-Presidentand General Man-For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.... \$3,673,269 Operating expenses 2,417,819 perating expenses 2,417,819 mileage 233,24. Net earnings..... \$1,255,450 Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co ager, J. C. Stuart; Vice-President and Secretary, David Bosman. General Offices, 50 Church Street, New York. 179,070 This road is now part of the Erie R. R. Other income System. Total net income. \$1,434,520 Total payments.... 1,349,743 Surplus..... Norfolk Southern R.R. [Virginia, North Carolina.] Virginia, North Catolina, For year ending Jime 30, 1912.
Total earnings.... 83, 284,824
Operating expenses. 2,079,324
Main Line and branches, 602 m. resident, —; Vice-President, Frederick Hoff, New York; Secretary, Morris S. Haw-kins; General Offices, Norfolk, Va: New York Offices President. Net earnings..... \$1,205,499 Express Co.—Southern. ther income 45,781 kins; General Offices, Norioik, Va.; New York Office, 30 Pine Other income Street. Total net income \$1,251,280 Total payments... 983,176 Surplus..... \$268,104 Norfolk and Western Railway.

Railway.

Corolina, Norfolk to Columbus, O., 702.62 m.: President, L. E. Johnson; 1st Vice-President, Wm. G. Macdowell, Philadelphia, Pa.; 2d Vice-President and General Manager, N. D. Maber; 3d Vice-President and Traffic Manager, T. S. Davant; Secretary, E. H. Alden, Philadelphia, Pa. General Offices, Roanoke, Va.; New York Offices, 4d Eyphone Place 2013 of the Propage Place 2013 of [Maryland, West Vinginia, North Carolina, Lynchburg to Durham, 115.43 m.; Lynchburg to Durham, 115.43 m.; Roanoke to Hagerstown, 238.11 m.; Roanoke to Winston-Salem, 121.61 m.; Walton Junction to Bristol, 110.75 m.; North Carolina Junction to Fries, 43.49 m.; Graham to Norton, 100.40 m.; Vera Junction to Cincinnati and Ivorydale, 165.92 m.; Columbus, Connecting and Terminal R.R., 465 m.; branches, 461.40 m. Total mileage, 2,004.38. Virginia, North C Ohio, Kentucky.] For year ending June 30,1912. Total earnings.... \$39,735,237 Operating expenses 25,669,429 Net earnings.....\$14,065,807 Other income 1,363,241 Roanoke, Va.; New York Offices, 40 Exchange Place, 290 and Total net income. \$15,429,048 Total payments.... 13,008,885 1245 Broadway. EXPRESS Co.—Southern. Surplus..... \$2,420,163 Northern Pacific Ry.— "Yellowstone Nation-al Park Roate." [Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon.] Ashland, Wis., and St. Paul, Minn., to Portland, Ore., Tacoma, Seattle and Sumas, Wash. 2,870,39 m.; other President, Howard Elliott; Vice-President, Wm. P. Clough, New York; 2d Vice-President, J. M. Hannaford; 3d Vice-President, George T. Slade; Secretary, G. H. Earl, New York, General Of-fices, St. Paul, Minn.; New York Othices, 3d Nassay Street, 291 and divisions and branches, 4,076.57 m. For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.....\$63,423,946 Total unleage, 496.96.
This company connects with the Great Northern S. S. Co., Nippon Yusen Kaisha and Blue Funnel Line from Seattle and Tacoma to Operating expenses 38,158,517 Net earnings.....\$25,265,429 Offices, 34 Nassau Street, 291 and Other income..... 5,344,594 1244 Broadway. China, Japan and Manila. Express Co.—Northern. Total net income, \$30,610,023 Total payments ... 28,306,209 Surplus. \$2,303,81 Northwestern Pacific Railroad. (California, For year ending June 30, 1912.
Total earnings ... \$3,499,099
Operating expenses 2,563,618 San Francisco to Dos Rios—2 lines—330.97 m.; Fort Seward to Trinidad, 94.10 m.; Sausalita to Cazadero, 77.83 resident, A. H. Payson; Vice-President, E. E. Calvin; General Manager, W. S. Palmer; Secre-tary, G. L. King. General Of-fices, San Francisco, Cal. President, Net earnings..... m.; Christine to Albion, 25.66 m.; branches, 102.17 m. Total mileage, \$935,481 Other income 100,463 464.69. Total net income. \$1,035,944 EXPRESS Co. -Wells Fargo & Co. Total payments.... 774.877 Surplus..... \$261,067 President, A. L. Mohler, Omaha, Neb.; Vice-President and Gen-eral Manager, W. H. Bancroft, Salt Lake City; Secretary, Alex. Millar, New York. General Of-fices, Omaha, Neb., and Salt Lake City, Utah; New York Office, 185 Broadwey. Oregon Short Line Rail-road. [Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, Montana, Oregon.] Idaho, Montana, Oregon.] Lines in Utah, 208,20 m.; in Wyo-ming,123.13 m.; inIdaho,1,059,92 m.; in Montana,144.35 m.; in Oregon, 110.59 m. Total mileage, 1,646.19.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA.

Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company. [Oregon, Washingt'n, Idaho.] Financial report included in Union Pacific R. R. report.

Pennsylvania Railroad. [New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Co-lumbia, Virginia, West Virginia, Michigan, Ken-ter and Michigan, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.]

For year ending Dec. 31, 1911. (RailLinesdirectly operated.) Total earnings ... \$157,487,412 Operating expenses 113, 228, 393 Net earnings.... \$44,259,019 17,226 474 Other income.....

Total netincome \$61,485,493 Total payments... 59,780,493 Surplus...... \$1,705,000

Pere Marquette R.R. [Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Ontario, Can.]
For year ending June 30, 1912. Operating expenses 13,968,033 Net earnings \$3,192,447 Other income..... 157,137

Total payments.... 5,329,265

Philadelphia and Read-ing Railway. [New Jersey, Pennsylvania,

Delaware. For year ending June 30, 1912 Total earnings, \$45,571,421 Operating expenses, 28,516,878 Total payments... 11,934,943 Express Co.—United States. Deficit..... \$863,416

Queen and Crescent system.

[Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee. Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana.]

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Portland, Ore, to Huntington, 405 m. Unathing, Ore, to Huntington, 499 m.; Unathing, Ore, to Spokane, Wash, 284 m.; Portland, Ore, to Seattle, Wash, 176 m.; Other branches, 981 m. Total mileage, 1,856 m. Steamer Lines; Portland to Astoria and Oregon City; Riparia to Lewiston; Lake Point to Harrison. EXPRESS Co.-American.

EXPRESS CO.—American.
Eastern Pennsylvania Div., 1,240.42
m.; Western Pennsylvania Div., 706.63 m.; Philadelphia Terminal
Div., 48.57 m.; New Jersey Div., 461.04 m.; Erie Div., 605.28 m.;
Northern Central Ry. Div., 462.11
m.; Philadelphia, Baltimore and
Washington R. R. Div., 693.14 m.;
West Jersey and Sea Shore R. R.
Div., 337.36 m.; Buffalo and Allegheny Valley Div., 771.61 m.; Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic
Ry., 87.66 m.; Barnegat R. R., 8.15
m.; Cherry Tree and Dixonville
R. R., 37.60 m.; Cumberland Valley
R. R., lines, 162.11 m.; Long Island
R. R., lines, 325.02 m.; Maryland,
R. R. lines, 325.02 m.; Maryland,
Delayrane & Viernia C. v. 52.32 m. tt. R. Ines, 162.11 m.; Long Island R. R. lines, 395.02 m.; Maryland, Delaware & Virginia Ry., 78.43 m.; Monongahela R. R. Ines, 64.93 m.; Pemberton & Heightstown R. R.; 24.37 m.; Philadelphia & Beach Haven R. R., 12.80 m.; New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk R. R., 112 m.; other branches, 2011 m. m.; other branches, 20.11 m. Total mileage lines east, 6,329.54. Penn-sylvania lines west of Pittsburgh, 5,174.22 m. Total mileage, 11,503.76. Express Co.—Adams.

Total earnings. \$17.160,480 Grand Rapids Div., 576.43 m.; Sagi-Operating expenses 13,098,033 naw-Ludington Div., 472.24 m.; Buffalo Div., 703.27 m.; Petoskey Div. 341.32 m.; Saginaw-Ionia Div., 336.91 m. Total mileage, 2,330.17. Total net income \$3,349,584 EXPRESS Co.-United States.

> Reading Div., 390.02 m.; Philadelphia Div., 48.86 m.; New York Div., 155.57 m.; Harrisburg Div., 104.25 m.; Shamokin Div., 265.80 m.; Wil-mington and Columbia Div., 121.40 m.; other lines operated separately, 498.51 m. Total mileage, 1,584.41.

> Comprising the following lines: Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Ry, 338 m.; New Orleans and Northeastern R. R., 196 m.; Alabama and Vicksburg Ry, 142 m.; Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Ry, 121 m.; Alabama Great South. Ry., 171 m.; Alabama Great Southern R.R., 309.41 m. Total mileage, 1.156.41.

EXPRESS Co.-Southern.

| Rutland Railroad. | Vermont and New York. | | | Vermont and New York. | | | Vermont and New York. | | | Vermont and New York. | | | Vermont and New York. | | Vermont and New York. | | Vermont and New York. | | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont and New York. | Vermont an

General Officers.

President, J. D. Farrell; Vice-President and General Manager, J. P. O'Brien; Secretary, Alex-ander Millar, New York; Assistant Secretary, A. C. Spencer, Portland, Ore. General Offices, Portland, Ore.; New York Office, Portland, Ore.; New York Office, 165 Broadway.

President, James McCrea; 1st Vice-President, Samuel Rea; 2d Vice-President, John B. Thayer; 3d Vice-President, Hen-ry Tatnall; 4th Vice-President, W. W. Atterbury; 5th Vice-Presi-dent, W. Hayward Myers; Gen-eral Manager, S. C. Long; Secre-tary, Lewis Neilson, General Olices, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia; New York Offices, 170, 461 Broadway, 263 Fifth Av-enue, and Seventh Avenue and Thirty-second Street.

Receivers, F.W.Blair, D. E. Waters, S. M. Felton; General Manager, William Cotter. General Offices, Detroit, Mich.; New York Office, 290 Broadway.

President, George F. Baer; Vice-President, Theodore Voorhees; Secretary, W. R. Taylor. General Offices, Philadelphia, Pa.

C., N. O. & T. P. Ry.—President, W. W. Finley, Washington, D. C.; Vice-President, T. C. Powell, Cincinnati, O.; Secretary, R. D. Lankford, New York; General Manager, Horace Baker, Cincin-nati, O. New York Office, 290

Manager, Horace Baker, Cincinnati, O. New York Office, 290
Broadway,
Alabama Gl. So. R. R. —President,
W. W. Finley, Washington, D. C.;
1st. Vice-President, A. B. Audrews, Raleigh, N. C.; VicePresident, T. C. Powell, Clucinnati, O.; Geueral Manager,
Horace Baker, Cincinnati, O.

President, W. C. Brown, New York; General Manager, George T. Jar-vis, General Offices, Rutland, Vt.; New York Offices, Grand Central Terminal and 1216 Broadway. SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND

FINANCIAL DATA.

Total net income. \$23,538,920 Total payments.... 19,520,792

Surplus..... \$4,018,128 Spokane, Portland and Seattle Railway. [Washington, Oregon.] [Washington, Oregon.

Total net income \$3,455,848 Total payments.... 3,780,736 Deficit.....

San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railway. rexas, lor year ending June 30, 1912. Cotal earnings...\$4,619.502 perating expenses 3.405,608 Net earnings...\$1,213.894 therincome...\$1,243,001 Total net income...\$1,243,001 Total net income...\$1,145,755 total payments...\$1,144.755 total payments...\$1,145,755 total payments...\$1,145,755 total payments...\$1,145,755 total payments...\$1,145,755 total payments...\$1,146,755 total payments...\$1,14 [Texas.] President, W. H. McIntyre; Vice-President and General Manager, For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.... \$4,619.502 Operating expenses 3,405,608 J. S. Peter; 2d Vi M. D. Monserrate J. W. Terry. Gen San Antonio, Tex. Monserrate; Secretary, General Offices. Other income..... Total payments.... 1,154,756 Surplus..... San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake R. R. [Utah, Nevada, California.] For year ending June 30, 1912. President, W. A. Clark, New York; Vice-Presidents, W. H. Bancroft, Salt Iake City, Utah; J. R. Clark, Los Augeles, Cal.; General Man-ager, H. C. Nutt; Secretary, W. H. Comstock, General Offices, Los Angeles, Cal.; New York Offices, 20, Exchange Place and Total earnings.... \$9,361,098 Operating expenses 7,527,029 Salt Lake City, Utah, to Los Angeles, Cal., 783.7 m.; branches, 316 m. Total mileage, 1,099.7. EXPRESS Co.—American, Net earnings..... \$1,834,069 Other income..... 37,356 Offices, 20 Exchange Place and Total net income. \$1,871,425 Total payments.... 290 Broadway. 2.912.342 Deficit......\$1,040,917 Seaboard Air Line Ry. [Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, President, N. S. Meldrum: Vice-Florida, Alabama.]
For year ending June 30, 1912. President and General Manager, C. H. Hix; Vice-President, First Div., 368.73 m.; Second Div., 493.03 m.; Third Div. 540.97 m.; Fourth Div., 729.61 m.; Fifth Div., President and General Manager, C. H. Hix; Vice-President, Charles R. Capps, Norfolk, Va.; Secretary, D. C. Porteous, New York. General Offices, Ports-mouth and Norfolk, Va.; New York Offices, 24 Broad Street and Total earnings.....\$23,744,447 Operating expenses. 17,926,895 Net earnings....\$5,817,552 937.78 m. Total mileag Total mileage, 3,070.12. Other income..... Total net income. \$5,968,927 1184 Broadway. Fixed charges..... 5,069,660 Surplus..... \$899,267 Southern Pacific Comouisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Califor-[Louisiana, Lines south of Portland and west of Ogden and Rio Grande—Central Pacific Ry., 2,080.17 m.; Oregon & Callifornia R. R., 684.73 m.; South Pacific Coast Ry., 96.72 m.; South-ern Pacific K. R., 3,489.49 m. Total mileage, 6,351.11. nia, Nevada, Oregon, Utah.] Ogden and Rio Grande-Central Pacific Ry., 2,080.17 m.; Oregon & California R. R., 684.73 m.; South Pacific Coast Ry., 96.72 m.; South-ern Pacific K. R., 3,489.49 m. Total mileage, 6,351.11. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co For year ending June 30, 1911. (Including water lines also.) Total earnings \$132,620,539 Operating expenses 89,855,561 Net receipts ...\$42,764,978 Cal.; New York Of and 1158 Broadway. Other income 6,260,840 Total net income \$49,025,818 Total payments... 23,304,384 Surplus\$25,721,434 Northern District: Washington Div. Northern District: Washington Div., 290.35 m; Danville Div., 378.97 m; Richmond Div., 279.15 m; Norfolk Div., 427.18 m; Winston-Salem Div., 381.60 m. Total, 1,757.25 m. Eastern District; Charlotte Div., 457.46 m; Columbia Div., 552.67 m.; Spartanburg Div., 236.84 m; Charleston Div., 446.67 m. Total, 1,697.72 m. Middle District; Total, 1,372.49 m. Southern Div. 1,467.80 m. Signification Div., 446.80 m. Total, 1,697.20 m. Southern Railway.
[District of Columbia, Virginia, North Carolina, ginia, North South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Missis-sippi, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois, Indiana. Missouri. J For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings....\$63,590,328 Middle District: 10tal, 1,372-39 III.
Southern District: Birmingham Div.,
349-20 m.; Mobile Div., 570.08 m.; Atlanta Div., 502.71 m.; Columbus
Div., 200.28 m. Total, 1,623.27 m.
Western District, 545.42 m.; OkolonaBig Creek Line, 37.82 m. Total mileage of system, 7,033.97.
Express Co.—Southern. Operating expenses 43,696,236 Net earnings \$19,894,092 Other income 3,644,828

President, W. W. Finley, Washington, D.C.; 1st Vice-President, A. B. Andrews, Raleigh, N. C.; 2d Vice-President, J. M. Culp, Washington, D.C.; Vice-President and ington, D.C.; Vice-President and General Manager, E.H. Coapman, Washington, D.C.; Vice-Presidents, H. B. Spencer, Washington, D.C.; T.C. Powell, Cincinnati, O.; Vice-President and Secretary, R.D. Lankford, New York, General Offices, Washington, D.C.; New York Offices, 36 Church Street.

General Officers.

Vice-President,

For year ending Jov 30, 192. Spokane, Wash., to Portland, Ore. Total earnings.... \$4.857,140 379.22 m.; Willipridge to Holladay, Operating expenses 2,476,258 Net earnings... \$2.360,852 milese, 556.07. Other income.... 1.094,966 EXPRESS CO.—North'n, Gt. North'n. President, J. H. Young. Offices, Portland, Ore. General

Street.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND FINANCIAL DATA. St. Louis Southwestern Railway. [Hinois, Missouri, Arkausas, Louisiana, Texas.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings. \$12.042,542 Operating expenses 8,433,959 Net earnings.....\$3,608,583 897.843 Other income..... Total net income. . \$4,506,426 2,888,808 Total payments.... Surplus \$1,617,618

St. Louis and San Francisco R. R. Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Okla-homa, Texas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama,

Louisiana. For year ending June 30, 1911. Total earnings*...\$43,159,227 Operating expenses 29,320,400 Net earnings \$13,838,827 Other income 2,333,970 Total payments... 14,837,136

Sunset Central Lines. [Louisiana, Texas.]

Texas and Pacific Ry. [Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings.....\$16,973,222 Operating expenses 13,308,295 Net earnings..... \$3,664,927 Other income..... 163,190 Total net income.. \$3,828,117 Total payments.... 4,212,886 Deficit..... \$384,769

Operating expenses, 3,428,451 Other income..... Total net income. \$1,712,832 Total payments..... 1,712,832

Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad. [Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri.] For year ending June 30, 1911

Por year entage vises 5, 77, 677
Total earnings.....\$3,77, 677
Operating expenses. 2,608,013
Net earnings.....\$1,169,664
EXPRESS CO.—National. Other income..... 81,321 Total net income. \$1,250,985 Total payments.... 1,576,292 Deficit..... \$325,307

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

t. Louis Southwestern Ry.: Main Line, 425,9 m.; Cairo-Illmo Br., 28,9 m.; Birds Point Br., 57.7 m.; New Madrid Br., 6.1 m.; Little Rockm.; Birds Point Br., 67,7 m.; New Madrid Br., 61 m.; Little Rock-Gillett Br., 58.8 m.; Hazen Br., 17.5 m.; England Br., 18.6 m.; Shreve-port Br., 62.6 m.; Illinois Div. (joint track), 132.4 m. Total mileage, 835.5.

St. Louis Southwestern Ry. of Texas: Main Line, 305.4 m.; Sherman Br., 52.3 m.; Fort Worth Br., 160.8 m.; Hillsboro Br., 40.2 m.; Lufkin Br., 180.9 m.; Dallas Br., 13.7 m. Total mileage, 703.3. Grand total mileage, 1,538.8. 1.538.8.

EXPRESS Co. - Wells Fargo & Co.

St. Louis & San Francisco R. R., 4,741.58
nl.; Fort Worth & Rio Grande Ry.,
235.22 m.; St. Louis, San Francisco
& Texas Ry., 243.59 m.; Paris &
Great Northern R. R., 16.94 m.;
New Orleans, Texas & Mexico R. R.,
457.25 m.; St. Louis, Brownsville
& Mexico R. R., 509.55 m.; Brownswood North & South Ry., 17.65 m.;
Rio Grande Ry., 22.50 m. Total
mileage, *6,244.58
EXPRESS Co.—United States. Wells
Fargo & Co.on St. Louis, Browns-

Total net income. \$16,172,797
Fotal payments... 14,837,136
Surplus*...... \$1,335,661
*Exclusive of Chicago & E. Ill. R.R.

*Exclusive of Chicago & E. Ili, R., Sunset Central Lines — Morgan's Louisiana and Texas R. R. and Steamship Co., 440.28 m.; Iberia and Vermilion R. R., 21.44 m.; Louisiana Western R. R., 207.83 m.; Texas and New Orleans R. R., 488.03 m.; Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Ry, 1,338.44 m.; Houston and Texas Central R. R., 789.01 m.; Houston, E. and W. Texas Ry., 190.94 m.; Houston and Shreveport R. R., 39.78 m. and Shreveport R. R., 39.78 m. Total mileage, 3,449.72. Express Co. —Wells Fargo & Co.

Eastern Div., 511 m.; Rio Grande Div., 520 m.; Louisiana Div., 356 m.; Port Allen Br., 102 m.; La Fourche Br., 28 m.; Texarkana Dist., 70 m.; Avoyelles Br., 93 m.; Natchitoches Br., 89 m.; Napolecu-ville Br., 16 m. Total mileage, 1,885. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.

Toledo and Ohio Central
Railway. — "New York
Central Lines."
[Ohlo and West Virginia.]
For year ending Dec. 31, 1911.
Total earnings....\$4,951,594
m.; Peoria to St. Marys, 59.90 m.

General Officers.

President and General Manager, F. H. Britton, St. Louis, Mo.; Vice-President, H. E. Farrell, St. Louis, Mo.; Secretary, A. J. Trussell, New York. General Offices, St. Louis, Mo., and 165 Broadway, New York. General Offices, St. L. S. W. Ry. of Texas Tyler, Tex.

President, B. L. Winchell; Vicc-Presidents, C. W. Hillard, New York; W. C. Nixon, W. B. Bid-dle, A. Donglas, A. S. Greig; General Manager, W. T. Tyler, Springfield, Mo.; Secretary, F. H. Hamilton: Freight Traffic Man-ager, J. A. Middleton, General Offices, St. Louis, Mo.; New York Offices, 71, 385, 401 Broadway.

President, W. B. Scott; Vice-President and General Manager, W. G. Van Vleck; Secretary, G. R. Cottingham. General Offices, Houston, Tex.; New York Offices, 165 ton, Tex.; New Yo and 366 Broadway.

President, George J. Gould; Vice-Presidents, T. J. Freeman, Frank J. Gould, Kingdon Gould, and O. B. Huntsman; Secretary, C. W. Veitch, New York, General Offices, 165 Broadway, New York, and Delbar Town and Dallas, Tex.

President, W. C. Brown, New York; Vice-Presidents, J. Carstensen, New York; A. H. Smith, Chicago; C. F. Daly, New York; A. H. Harris, New York; Secretary, D. W. Pardee, New York. General Offices, Chicago and New York.

President, W. L. Ross; Vice-President, B. C. Stevenson; Vice-President and Secretary, James S. Mackie, New York, General Offices, Toledo, Ohio, New York Office, 299 Broadway.

Systems, Location, and Financial Data.	Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.	General Officers,
Union Pacific Railrond. [Kansas, Nebruska, Iowa. Colorado, Wyoming, Utah. Missouri.] For year ending June 30, 1911. (Including Union Pacific, Oregon-Washington R. R. & Nav. Co., and Oregon Short Line.) Total earnings\$88,983,107 Operating expenses 53,271,981 Net earnings\$95,711,286 Other income14,395,571 Total net income \$54,107,697 Total payments	Nebraska Div., 799.54 m.; Kansas Div., 936.45 m.; Colorado Div., 810.29 m.; Wyoming Div., 313.81 m.; Utah Div. 350.93 m. Total mileage, 3,411.02 Express Co.—A merican. This road also controls the properties of the Oregon Short Line and the Oregon-Washington R. R. and Nav. Co.	Millar, New York. General Offices, Omaha, Neb. Chicago Office, 112 West Adams Street;
Vandalia Railroad Co. (Indiana, Illinois, For year ending June 30, 1912 Total earnings \$10,020,440 Operating expenses 7,945,447 Net earnings \$2 074 593 Other income \$4,360 Total net income \$2,175,733 Total payments 2,072,288 Surplus \$85,685	St. Louis Div., 241 m.; Gentre Point Br., 8 m.; Michigan Div., 275 m.; Vincennes Div., 118 m.; branches, 19 m.; Terre Hante and Peoria R. R., 174 m. Total mileage, 835. Express Co.—Adams,	President, Joseph Wood; Vice-Presidents, J. J. Turner, E. B. Taylor and D. T. McCabe; General Manager, Benj. McKeen, St. Louis, Mo. General Offices, Pittsburgh, Pa., and St. Louis, Mo.
Virginian Ratiway [Virginia, West Virginia,] For year ending June 20, 1912. Total earnings \$4,837,598 Operating expenses 2,971,792 Net earnings \$1,865,806 Other income \$2,716 22,715 Total payments 2,706,922 Deficit \$748,401	Norfolk, Va., to Deepwater, W. Va., 436 m.: Winding Gulf Br., 27 m. Total micage, 463. Express Co.—Adams.	
Wabash Railroad. [Ontario, Canada; Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings	Buffalo Div., 276.6 m.; Detroit Div., 285 m.; Peru Div., 389 m.; Decaur Div., 389 f.; Springfield Div., 285.4 m.; Moberly Div., 858.7 m., Total mileage, 2,514.6. Express Co.—Wells Fargo & Co.	Receivers, F. A. Delano, W. K. Bixby, E. B. Pryor; General Manager, Hefny Miller; Secretary, J. C. Otteson, New York. General Offices, St. Louis, Mo.; New York Offices, 165 and 387 Broadway.
Western Pacific Ry. [California, Nevada, Utal.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings	City, Utah, 921 m.; Tesla Br., 13 m. Total mileage, 934.	President, Edward T. Jeffery, New York; Vice-President, Charles H. Schlacks; Vice-President and General Manager, C. M. Levey: Secretary, W. G. Bruen. General Offices, San Francisco, Cal. New York Offices, 165 and 1246 Broad- way.
Wheeling and Lake Erie Railrond. [Ohio.] For year ending June 30, 1912. Total earnings		Receiver, W. M. Duncan: President, Edwin Gould, New York; Vice-President, A. W. Krech, New York; Secretary, H. B. Henson, New York, General Offices, Cleveland.O.; New York Office, 165 Broadway.

Railway Employees in the United States.

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF EMPLOYEES AND AVERAGE DAILY COMPENSATION.

(From Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

1	191	*	1910	.*	1909		190	5.*		VERAG	
CLASS.	Num- ber.	Per100 Miles of line.	Num-	Per 100 Miles of line.	Num- ber.	Per 100 Miles of line,	Num- ber.	Per 100 Miles of line.	Сомі	DAILY	
					7 400		5 05.1				
General officers	5,628	2	5,476		5,492		5,076		12.99		
Other officers		4	9,392	4	8,022		7,751		6.27	6.22	
General office clerks	76,513	31	76,329	52	69,959	30	63,973		2.49	2.40	
Station agents	38,277		37,379	16	36,519		35,740		2.17	2.12	
Other station men	153,117	62	153,104	64	136,733		132,013	57	1.89	1.84	1.82
Engine men	63,390	26	64,691	27	57,077	24	57,668		4.79	4.55	4.44
Firemen		27	68,321	28	60,349		61,215	27	2.94	2.74	2.67
Conductors	48,200	20	48,682	20	43,608		43,322		4.16		3.81
Other trainmen	133,221	54	136,938		114,760		114,580		2.88	2.69	2.59
Machinists,	55,207	22	55,193		43,237	20	44,941		3.14	-3.08	2.98
Carpenters	65,989	27	68,085		60,867	26	58,946		2.54	2.51	2.43
Other shopmen	226,785		225,196	94	195,110		176,680		2.24	2.18	2.13
Section foremen	44,466	18	44,207	18	[41.859]		41,419		2.07	1.99	1.96
Other trackinen	363,028	147	378,955	157	320,762		299,448		1.50	1.47	1.38
Switchtenders, watchmen	40,005		44,682		44,698		46,221	20	1.74	1.69	1.73
Tel. operators, despatchers	41,195	17	42,435	18	39,115		39,744		2.44	2.33	2.30
Emplo's-ace't ilout's equip't,			10,549	4	8,758		8,028		2.34	2.22	2.31
All other emplo's and labor's.	227,779		229,806	95	210,898	90	199,510	87	2.08	2.01	1.98
Total	1,669,809	678	1.699,420	706	1,502,823	638	1,436,275	623			

^{*} Does not include returns for switching and terminal companies.

Railway Accidents in the United States.

(From a Report Issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the Year Ending June 30, 1912.)

1					1912.				
	of its.	Pass	senger«.	ciuding	ees (in- Employ- on duty.)	(Tresp:	issers &	Total	Persons.
Causes.	Number of Accidents.	Killed.	Injured.	Ki led.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
Collistons. Deraffments. Miscellaneous train accidents, includ-	$5,483 \\ 8,215$	66 72	4,716 4,541	281 257	3,143 2,440		90 166	378 394	7,949 7,147
Ing locomotive-boller explosions Total train accidents	$^{2,045}_{15,743}$		9,391	78 616	$\frac{1,671}{7,254}$	104	$\frac{172}{428}$	87 859	1,977 $17,073$
causing derailment, such as fires, floods, landslides, explosions, etc	747			4	35	5	1	9	36
roadway, not including industrial ac- cidents. Totals. Industrial accidents to employés:		179 318	6,995 16,386	2,615 3,225	50,079	6,632	10.231 10,710		
 While working on tracks or bridges. At stations, freight houses, engine houses, coaling stations, water stations, etc., where no moving railroad 				168	20,339			168	20,339
car or engine is involved	::	::	::	94 68 24 46	42,824 1,348	::		94 68 24 46	42,824 1,348
10. At other places. Total casualties in industrial accidents. Total casualties in all accidents			1	400	92,363			400	

Note—Items 1 to 5, inclusive, cover all accidents to and around trains, cars and engines, including, in general, all casualities resulting from train operation. "Industrial" accidents (items 6 to 10, inclusive) are those which do not involve train operation but occur to railroad employés other than trainmen on railroad premises.

The yearly tables show for the year ending June 30, 1911, the total number of casualities 160,555 (10,396 killed and 150,159 injured). Of this number, 430 killed and 79,237 injured were railroad employés, on railroad premises, by accidents in which the movement of cars or engines is not involved; 5,284 persons were killed and 5,614 injured while trespassing on the property of the railroads, principally while walking on the tracks or seading rides on trains.

The number of passengers carried during the year ending June 30, 1911, was 997,409,882. The corresponding number for the year ending June 30, 1910, was 971,683,199. The passenger mileage was 33,201,694,699 and 32,338,496,329, respectively.

Railway Mileage in the United States.

(From Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

	MILEAGE	on June	30, 1911.*		MILEAGE	on June	30, 1911.*
STATE OR TERRITORY.	Official.	Unofficial.	Total Mileage.†	STATE OR TERRITORY.	Official.	Unofficial.	Total Mileage.†
Alabama	5,090.83	168.00	5,258,83	New Jersey	2,261.59	5.00	2,266.59
Alaska (See foot note)	*****			New Mexico	3,038.21		3,038.21
Arizona	2.123.34		2,123,34	New York	8,471.07		8,475.45
Arkansas			5,288.36	North Carolina	5,028.81		5,071.81
California	7,754.19	130.80	7.884.99	North Dakota	4,449.56		4,449,56
Colorado	5.586.67		5.586.67	Ohio	9.123.72		9,128.34
Connecticut	1,001.28		1.001.28	Oklahoma	6.048.04		6,076.06
Delaware	334.97		334.97	Oregon	2,652,01		2 657.01
District of Columbia			35.97	Pennsylvania	11,227.96		
Florida	4.540.91	15.00	4,555.91	Rhode Island	212.14		212.14
Georgia			7,173.58	South Carolina	3,455.32		3,509.21
Hawaii (See foot note)				South Dakota	4.193.26		4,193.26
Idaho	2.447.30	10.50	2,457.80	Tennessee	3,850.73		3.881.23
Illinois	11.977.75	2.60	11,980,35	Texas			
Indiana	7.447.20		7.447.20	<u>U</u> tah	1,999.33		1,999.33
Iowa	9.851.28	4.53	9,855,81	Vermont	1,071.73		1,071 73
Kansas	9,090.23		9,090.23	Virginia	4,516,24	64.60	4.580.84
Kentucky			3,606,96	Washington	5,283,51	4.00	5,287,51
Louisiana	5,552,71	103.86	5,656.57	West Virginia	3,523,49	51.05	3,574.54
Maine	2,278,20		2,278.20	Wisconsin	7,377,67		7,399,17
Maryland	1,416,60	17.50	1,434,10	Wyoming	1.599.23		
Massachusetts	2.108.98	6.36	2.115.34				-,
Michigan	8,923,93	19.30	8.943.23	Grand total in U.S. 1911	242,885.39	1,294,25	244,179.64
Minnesota	8.931.76		8,931.76	Grand total in U.S. 1910	238,551.73		
Mississippi	4.372.69	86.00	4,458,69	Grand total in U.S. 1909			236,834.07
Missouri	8,080.61	27.71	8.108.32	Grand total in U.S. 1908			
Montana	4,325,85		4,325,85	Grand total in U.S. 1907			
Nebraska	6.066.21		6.606.21	Grand total in U.S. 1906			224,363.17
Nevada	2.285.75	12.90	2,298.65	Grand total in U.S. 1905			218,101,04
New Hampshire	1.240.48			Grand total in U.S. 1904			213,904 34
		0.00				,	,

^{*} Does not include mileage of switching and terminal companies for 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1911. † Excludes mileage in Alaska and Hawaii, which in 1911 was 403.98 (unofficial) and 175.76, respectively.

British Railway Accidents.

From a report of the British Board of Trade for year ended Dec. 31, 1911:

		Injured.			Injured.						
Passengers—From accidents to trains, rolling stock, perma- nent way, etc.	14	468	Other Persons—From accidents to trains, etc		8						
By accidents from other causes. Servants of Companies or Contractors—From accidents to	92	2,257	level crossings Trespassers (including suicides). Persons on business at stations,		$^{38}_{124}$						
trains, rolling stock, perma- nent way, etc	385	115 5,196	etc., and other persons not coming in above classifications		139						
- J decided it out other chases.	000	0,130	Totals	1,070	8,345						

The Railways of the World.

SUMMARY OF RAILWAY CAPITALIZATION OF THE PRINCIPAL FOREIGN RAILWAYS, COMPILED FROM THE LATEST OFFICIAL DATA.

	Miles	Capital	1 1		Miles	Capital	
COUNTRIES.	of	or Cost of	Per	COUNTRIES.	of	or Cost of	Per
	Line.	.Construction.	Mile.		Line.	Construction.	Mile.
Europe:				Denm'k (State			
U. Kingdom e.	23.280	\$6,401,160,346	\$274.964		1.192	\$63,625,236	\$53,125
Germany e	36,235			Belg'm (State		,,	400,110
Russia b		*3,290,952,485	79,136	only) c	2,663		
France $c \dots$	†24,915		141,920	Switzerland c.	2,791	319,460,741	114,461
Austria c	13,591	1,564,787,400	115,130	Total Europe	177,365	22,492,218,315	126,859
Hungary c	12,177	790,430,400	64,910	Other countries:			
Italy (State				Canada	24,731		64,740
roads only) d		1,091,665,900	125,205	British India c			44,632
Spain (13		F00 000 000	05.005	Argentina b	13,690		59,930
roads) c Sweden a	6,840			Japan c	4,444		42,800
Norway (State	\$8,114	257,637,240	31,751	New S. Walesf §United Statesg	3,643	238,264,750 15,008,707,570	65,403 63,944
only) d	1,501	63.414.090	42,240	Brazil f	13.279	10,008,707,070	
omy) u	1,501	03,414,090	42,240	South Africa f.	7.045		
		,	,	, bound Allica j.	1,010		

^{*}Russian capitalization includes Asiatic railways and covers 41.586 miles, from which the capitalization per mile is computed. † Exclusive of roads of local interest. † Twenty-three per cent. of the Swedish railways are narrow-gauge local roads. In 1908 the State roads had cost \$48,500 per mile §Figures of capital are net, having been reduced chiefly by omission of intercorporate holdings of securities. Mileage corresponds to the capital.

The "Archiv fur Eisenbahnwesen" places the total capital cost of the railways of the world in 1909 at \$53,584,000,000, of which \$25,293,000,000 is apportioned to Europe and \$28,291,000,000 to the rest of the world.

Italic letters designate the different years of reports used, viz.: a, 1906; b, 1907; c, 1908; d, 1908-09; e, 1909; f, 1910; g, 1911.

Railroad Pensions in the United States.

THE following table shows the estimated number of employés on the twenty-six roads now having pension systems in force. In general all the roads here shown base their pensions on a percentage of the employé's wages, multiplied by the number of years that he has been in service. For example, the rate on the Pennsylvania is 1 per cent. A man having worked 40 years received a pension equal to 40 per cent. of his average salary for the 10 years preceding retirement. Most companies include in their rules a reservation of the right to vary the rate of pensions if the total requirements of any one year shall demand more than a predetermined gross amount. All of the companies in counting time include years of service under other companies bought by or consolidated with the present one. Short breaks in the service not due to any fault of the employé, or due to a minor fault involving suspensions, are generally overlooked.

Railroad.	No. of Em-	Amount Appropri'd	Number of Pen-	Yrs. of Con. Ser.		AGE OF R	ETIREMENT.
	ployees.	Yearly.			Employees.	Compul'y	Optional.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé		No limit.					65
Atlantic Coast Line	17,916			10	45	70	61
Baltimore & Ohio	57.098	129,247	622		45	None.	65
Cieveland Terminal & Valley	1,123		10		45	None.	65
Bessemer & Lake Erie	3,751			15		60	
Boston & Maine	28,743			٠			l
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	12,000		60	٠		70	65
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh	5,990		51	20	35	65	60
Canadian Pacific	76.353	80,000		10	40	65	60
Chicago & Northwestern	43.063	200.000	521		35	70	
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha	8,895	50,000	30		35	70	l
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	38,819	No limit.	116		35	70	65
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	20.119	85,000	310		Various.	70	60
Grand Trunk	26,153	90,000			50	70	55
Illinois Central	49.639	1	393	10	35	70	Various.
New York Central Lines	153,938	450.000	800	10	None.	70	
New York, New Haven & Hartford	1 32,480						l ::
New York Railways							
Pennsylvania Railroad	61.470	850.000	2,505	30	45	70	65
Pennsylvania Lines west of Pittsburgh	78.921	222,500	875		45	70	65
Philadelphia & Reading	27.826	1	250		45	70	l
Philadelphia Rapid Transit	9.000	No limit.	40			None.	
Southern Pacific	25,230						
Union Pacific	43,692	70,926	226	20	35	70	61

The U. S. Steel Corporation dedicated \$8,000,000 for a fund with which to pension superannuated and disabled employés. This fund has been consolidated with the \$4,000,000 fund created by Andrew Carnegie after he sold out his holdings in the Carnegie Steel Company to the U. S. Steel Corporation. The new fund, therefore, will be \$12,000,000 and will be known as "The United States Steel and Carnegie Pension Fund."

The Western Union early in 1912 established a pension system with minimum pensions of \$25 Per month and maximum pensions of \$100 per month. It is estimated that the pensions will cost the company from \$300,000 to \$500,000 per year.

Passenger Railway Rates in Burope.

Passenger rates differ considerably in the different countries. Most of the railroads are owned and operated by the state, but in some countries there are both State and private roads, and in England the railroads are all private corporations. The following are approximate passenger rates, reduced to cents per mile, in the various European countries:

	Class I.	Class II.	Class III.		Class I.	Class II.	Class III
OWNERSHIP,	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.	OWNERSHIP.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Germany, Government		1.75	1.16	Italy, Government	3.60	2.53	1.62
Belgium, Government.		1.98	1.17	England-			
France, Government.		2.35	1.53	Gt. East. Ry., min	4.02	3.02	2.01
France, private		2.34	1.53	Gt. East, Ry., max	6.03	4.02	3.02
Holland, Government.	. 3.29	2.47	1.65	Southeast'n & Chat-			
Holland, private	3.29	2.47	1.65	ham Railway	4.02	2.51	2.01

In Italy the rate per mile is higher than on any other Government-owned road, though a differential tariff offers some advantages that tend to reduce the price and to make the long-distance journeys as cheap as in other countries.

National Association of Railway Commissioners.

Prestdent—Charles F. Staples, St. Paul, Minn. First Vice-President—O. P. Gothlin, Columbus, Ohio. Second Vice-President—H. Warner Hill, Atlanta, Ga. Secretary—William H. Connolly, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C. Asststant Secretary—William Kilipatrick, Springfield, Ill.

Railroad Speed.

NOTABLE FAST RUNS OF PASSENGER TRAINS FOR LONG DISTANCES.

	1	1	Dis-	Incli	USIVE.
DATE.	Railroad.	Terminals.	tance,	Time,	Miles
24141			Miles.	H. M.	ı ber
					Hour.
May, 1848.	Great Western (England)	London-Didcot	53. 25	0.47	68
Aug., 1888.	Loudon, N.W. & Caledonian		400	7. 38	52. 4
Aug., 1894.			661. 5	12.51	51.48
April.1895.	Pennsylvania		58.3	0.4534	76.50
Ang. ,1895.	London & Northwestern			8.32	63, 28*
Sept., 1895.	New York Central & H. R				64.33*
Sept., 1895.	N.Y.Central "World Flyer"			2.10	68.3
Feb., 1897.	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	Chicago-Denver	1,025	18.52	58.74
April,1897.	Lehigh Val., Black Diamond Exp.	Alpine, N. YGeneva Junc., N. Y	43.96	0.33	80
May, 1900.	Burlington Route	Burlington-Chicago	205.8	3.6816	65. 5‡
Mar., 1902.	Burlington Route	Eckley-Wray	14.8	0.9	98. 7
Aug., 1902.	"20th Century Ltd. ," on L.Shore		91	1.15	72.8
Mar., 1903.	Atlantic Coast Line	Jacksonville-Savannah		2.32	70. 7
May, 1903.	"20th Century Ltd.," on L. Shore		133, 4	1.54	70. 2
July, 1903.	Great Western (England)	London-Plymouth		3.54	63.13
April, 1904.	Michigan Central	Niagara Falls-Windsor	225.66	3 1114	70.74
July, 1904.	Great Western (England)	Paddington-Bristol	113, 5	1. 24	84.6
Nov., 1904.	Pennsylvania	Crestline-Fort Wayne		1.53	69.56
June, 1905.			468		63.53*
June, 1905.	Lake Shore & Mich. Southern	Buffalo-Chi c ago	525		69.69‡
June, 1905.	Pennsylvania	New York-Chicago	897	16.3	56.07
June, 1905.	New York Central		960.5		60.28‡
July, 1905.	Pennsylvania	Washington, OFort Wayne		1.4	75.84
Oct., 1905.	Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & C	Crestline, OClark Junc., Ind	257.4	3.27	74.55
Mar., 1909.	New York Central	New York-Chicago	965	15.43	62. 54‡
Feb., 1911.	Pennsylvania	Altoona-Philadelphia	235	3.29	67.2
#Includin	a store +Fredricking store	,			

^{*}Including stops. ‡Excluding stops.

FASTEST RECORDED RUNS FOR SHORT DISTANCES.

DATE.	Railroad,	.Terminals.	Dis- tance, Miles.	Time, m. s.	Miles per Hour.
May, 1893.	N. Y. Central & H. R.	Crittenden-"EmpireState Exp."	1	0.32	112.5
		Landover-Anacosta	5.1	3.00	102
		Siding-Arion		1.20	108
Mar., 1901.	Plant System	Run from Fleming to Jacksonville.	õ	2.30	120
Jan., 1903.	N. Y. Central & H. R	Palmyra-Macedon	7.29	4.00	109.35
April 1904.	Michigan Central	Crisman-Lake	3.73	2.00	111.90
July, 1904.	Phila. & Reading	Egg Harbor - Brigantine Junction.	4.8	2.30	115.20
Oct 1904.	N. Y. Central & H. R	Croton-Ossining	3.51	2 00	105

The fastest time on record for a distance of over 440 miles was made by the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R.R. from Buffalo to Chicago, in June, 1905, noted above. The fastest long-distance run less than 440 miles was on the New York Central R.R. September 11, 1935, from New York to Buffalo, 436-12-miles, in 407 minutes actual time. Average speed, 64-1-3 miles an hour, with two stops and 28 slow-ups, and on January 1, 1903, from Albany to Buffalo, 302 miles, in 295 minutes. Among the fastest regular trains in the United States, for a shorter distance, are believed be to be the New York Central "Empire State Express," between New York and Albany, 143 miles in 175 minutes, and the "Congressional Limited," on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which makes the run from Jersey City to Washington in 4 hours, 44 minutes, a distance of 227 miles. Also the "Pennsylvania Special" over P. R. R. which runs from Jersey City to North Philadelphia, 84 miles, in 83 minutes; from Jersey City Morrier Re. 144 miles in 108 minutes; from Jersey City

to Harrisburg, Pa., 194 miles in 196 minutes.

On Angust 15, 1898, on P. & R. and C. R. R. of N. J., "Royal Blue Line," between Elizabeth, N. J., and Jenkintown, a dis-

On August 15, 1898, on P. & R. and C. R. R. of N. J., "Royal Blue Line," between Elizabeth, N. J., and Jenkintown, a distance of 86 miles, in 61 minutes, including 2 slow-ups, some of the miles being traversed in 38 conds.
Other notable long-distance fast runs: February 11-15, 1897—Fennsylvania Raliroad and C., B. and Q., Jensey City to Denver, 1,837 miles, in 48 hours; average speed, 49.3 miles per hour. August 29-31, 1891—Canadian Pacific, Vancouver to Brockville, 2,020 miles, in 77 hours 9 minutes; average speed, 36.32 miles rer hour.
The Jarrett and Falmer special theatrical train, Jersey City to Oakland (San Francisco), 3,311 miles, June, 1976, 83 hours 1n October, 1905, the "Harriman Special" made the run from Oakland to Jersey City (2,239 miles) in 73 hours, 12 minutes, or 44.30 miles per hour. In May, 1906, the "Harriman Special" made the run from Oakland, Cal., to New York City in 71 hours, 19 minutes.

hours, 27 minutes.

nours, vi minutes.
The "Scott Special" left Los Angeles, Cal., July 9, 1905, and arrived in Chicago (2,415.5 miles), July 11, having made the run in 44 hours 54 minutes, maintaining an average speed while in motion of 51 miles an hour.
On November 15, 1907, at Clayton, N. J., in a trial test on Pennsylvania R. R. between steam and electric locomotives, the steam engine made 93.6 miles an hour on a specially built seven mile curved track, while the electric locomotive made but

90 miles an hour.

99 in lies an hour.

A special train of an engine and two cars, which was run in January, 1911, to carry J. P. Morgan from Washington to New York over the Pennsylvania Railroad, made the trip of 292,8 miles in 3 hours, 55 infuntes and 30 seconds, or at the rate of 57.8 miles an hour. The speed over the New York division, West Fhladelphia to New York, 90.5 miles, averaged 67 miles an hour. In February, 1911, the "Gates Special," from Yuma, Ariz., to New York, 2,787 miles, made the run in 74 hours 19 minutes, or an average of 40.41 miles per hour, including stops. From Albany to New York the trip, law files, was made in 148 minutes.

A remarkable record was made in the run of a silk train belween Scattle and New York in October, 1911. The distance is 3,178 miles, and the time made 83½ hours. The average speed all the way across the continent, including stops and a delay of more than two hours in switching at Chicago, was 38½ miles per hour.

SOME FOREIGN RAILWAY RUNS,

The Northern Railway runs a day express from Berlin to Paris, which covers the distance from Paris to St. Quentin (961) and indice. The Fistern Railway Company has an afternoon express from Paris to Bale, which runs the first 10.45 milles in 107 minutes. The Fistern Railway company has an afternoon express from Paris to Bale, which runs the first 10.45 milles in 107 minutes. The Fistern Railway which maintains an average speed of 55.177 miles per hour. (U. S. Consul Report.)

Railvoad Equipment.

WEIGHT AND HORSE POWER OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF LOCOMOTIVES, INCLUDING THE MODERN ELECTRIC TRACTOR, AND ALSO THE WEIGHT, SIZE AND COST OF FREIGHT CARS, ORDINARY COACHES, PARLOR AND SLEEPING CARS.

RECENT HEAVY LOCOMOTIVES.

	1			Diameter [Heating	Size of	Tractive
TYPE.	Road.			of Drivers.		Cylinders.	Effort.
		(Pounds.)	(Pounds.)	(Inches.)	(Sq. Ft.)	(Inches.)	(I'ounds.)
*Mallet	Virginian	540,000			6,760	28x44x32	115,800
†Mountain	Chesap'ke & Ohio	330,000	239,000	62	4,132	29x28	58,000
tSanta Fe			301,800	60	5,161	30x32	71.500
Mikado	Erie	200,700	176,400	62	3,340	22x32	42.500
§ Pacific			179,500	73	3.818	25x28	40.800
Mallet			262,000	58	2,949	20x26	57,500
Mikado	D. L. &W	312,000	236,500	63	4,859	28x30	57,000
Atlantic	Pennsylvania	184,167	110,001	80	2,319	201/4x26	22,500
Switching	Chic. & West, Ind.	201,000	201.000	57	2.998	24x28	43, 290

Pacific type is for heavy fast passenger business.

HEAVY ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVES.

Road.	Weight on Drivers. (Pounds.)	Max.Guar.Speed (Vilespor hour.)		Desig.for Trail. Load. (Tous.)
New Haven	182,000	45	$\overline{A, C, -D, C}$	800
Boston & Maine	192,000	45	A. C.	730*
New Haven	154,700	+	A. C.	1 +

*Includes weight of electric locomotive.

†Develops 40,000 tractive power up to 6 miles per hour. The engine is for switching service and is unique in having a centre cab control

APPROXIMATE COST OF LOCOMOTIVES.

Type.	Service.	AverageWeight. (Pounds.)	Cost.
Mallet	Freight.	500,000	\$37,500
Mikado	Freight.	250.000	20,000
Pacific	Passenger.	280,000	25.300
Atlantic	Passenger.		16,560
Switching	Switching.	195,0.0	17,550

WEIGHT AND COST OF CARS.

Type.	Weight.	Capacity.	Length.	Width.	Height.	Cost,
*Box		100,000 lbs.	40 ft, 6 in.	8 ft. 10 in.		\$1,500
Steel Coal (gondola)		110,000 lbs.	46 ft. 40 ft. 2 in.		2 ft. 6¼in.	1,200
Flat Day Coach (steel)		100,000 lbs. 80 Passeng's,	78 ft. 3 in.		14 ft. 5 in.	$\frac{700}{9,200}$
Sleeping Car (wood)	115,000 lbs.	27 Berths.	72 ft. 6 in.	8 ft. 6 m.		18,000
Sleeping Car (steel)	152,300 lbs.	24 Berths.	72 ft. 6 in.	9 ft. 9 in.	9 it. 6 in.	29,500

*Steel underframe, steel side frames and steel roof.

Railways of America "Grouped" by Capitalists.

THE great railroad systems of the United States have been reduced to a few 'groups' by means of consolidation and reconsolidation. The following is a list of these groups, which comprise threequarters of all the railroad lines of the country:

Groups.	Mileage.	Stocks.	Bonds.
Vanderbilt	25,360	\$622,510,000	\$757,900,000
Pennsylvania	20,320	770,400,000	572,300,000
Harriman	$\pm 28,110$		1 , 237, 360, 000
Hill	13,410		423,700,000
Morgan	13,563		542,200,000
Gould	21,411	534,912,000	816,525,000
Moore-Reid			484,700,000
Rockefeller's	17,210	254,910,000	312,800,000
Walters'	11.351	148[3-0](00)	200, 640, 000
Erb Syndicate	12.512	841,500,700	521,360,000
Independent	24,510	452 601 000	344,769,000

Total	916 097	\$5 JOB S B T00	\$6 214 245 0 00

Emportant Tunnels of the World.

Alberg—Under the Alps at the Arl Mountain and extends from Langen to St. Anton, 6% miles; Mont Cenis—Italy to France, under the Col de opened 1884.

Andes Mountains-See "Trans-Andine."

Big Bend—Drains the Feather River in California, 2 miles; opened 1886.

Bitter Root Mountains (Montana and Idaho)-10.100 feet long.

Biackwell-Under Ri miles; opened 1897. River Thames, England, 11/2

Cascade Mountain-Through the Cascade Mountains in Washington, 3 miles (building).

Detroit (Michigan Central Ry.)-Under Detroit River.

Gunnison-Southwestern Colorado, 6 miles: opened 1909:

-Through Hoosac Mountains, Mass., 434 Hoosacmiles; opened 1873.

Khojak Pass-India, from Quetta to Kandahar, miles.

Loetschberg-Through the Alps, in Oberland, Switzerland, 914 miles; boring completed 1911.

Mt. Roberts-From the shore of Gastineau Channel at Juneau, Alaska, into Silver Bow Basin, 1 1-3 miles (building).

Mont d'Or-Passes under the Jura, 33/4 miles (building).

New Croton—Supplies water to New York City, 33 1-8 miles; opened 1888.

-In New Zealand, 5 1-3 miles (building). Rothschonberg—Drains the Fe Saxony, 31½ miles; opened 1877. Feiberg

St. Clair—Under St. Clair River from Sarnia, Ont., to Port Huron, Mich., 2 miles; opened 1891.

Goschenen with Airo miles; opened 1881. ough the Alps, connects Airolo, in Switzerland, 9 1-3

evern—From Monmouthshire to Gloucestershire, England, 4½ miles; opened 1886.

Simplon-Through the Alps, 121/2 miles; opened

Strawberry-Through the Wasatch Mountains, 50 miles.

Sutro-Drains the Comstock Lode in Nevada, 41/2 miles; opened 1879.

Trans-Andine Ry. tunnel—5 miles long, 12,000 feet above sea level and affords direct communication between Valparaiso and Buenos Ayres; opened between Valps April 5, 1910.

Wasserfluh—In the Alps, between Bunnadern and Lichtenstelg, Switzerland, 2 miles; opened 1909.

Manchester and Sheffield, Woodhead—Between England, 3 miles.

TUNNELS IN AND ABOUT NEW YORK CITY.

(For Subways in and about New York City, see Index).

Manhattan Cross-Town Tunnels from the Penn-sylvania Railroad station, mentioned above, across New York under 32d and 33d Sts. to First Ave. Started July, 1905, completed in 1910. There are two tunnels, each with two tracks. The tunnels are built of concrete with the crown about 60 feet below the surface of the street.

East River Tunnels connect with the Cross-Town Tunnels and extend under the East River to Long Island City. Started September, 1994 completed in 1910. Four separate tubes with frings 23 feet outside diameter, each tube from the Man hattan shaft to the Long Island City shaft, 3,900

UDSON AND MANHATTAN RAILROAD SYSTEM— North tunnels under the Hudson River from Jersey City to Morton St., New York, Started Novem-ber, 1874; the first in New York, officially opened February 25, 1908. Two single track tubes, with a minimum inside diameter of 15 feet 3 inches, and approximately 5,700 feet long. HUDSON AND

Up-town tunnels connect with north tunnels at Morton St. and extend to Christopher St. thence to Sixth Ave, and up Sixth Ave. to 33d St. Started March, 1904, completed in 1910. Section from Morton to 12th Sts. shield construction, remainder cut and cover.

Forty-second Street Subway Extension from 33d St. and 6th Ave. to Grand Central on 42d St. Work started in 1911.

South tunnels under Hudson River from Jersey City to the Church St. Terminal Buildings (Cortland, Church and Fulton Sts.), New York, Started May, 1905; opened for traffic July, 1909. Two tubes about 5,950 feet long with east fron rings, 16 feet 7 inches outside diameter and 15 feet 3 inches inside diameter.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD SYSTEM—Tunnels under Hudson River connecting Weehawken, N. J., with the Pennsylvania Railroad Station at Seventh Ave., between 31st and 33d Sts., New York, Work started April 1, 1904: completed in 1910. Two tubes of east iron rings, 23 feet outside diameter and 21 feet 2 inches inside diameter; subaqueous portion 6,118 feet long.

Manhattan Cross-Town Tunnels from the Pennsylvania Railroad station, mentioned above, average Mentions are made with the south tunnels. West from Washington St. to a point east of Summit Ave. is a double track tubes) extend from the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna Railroad to Washington St., prometous to the north tunnels and to the Eric Railroad station. At Washington St. a branch runs to the Pennsylvania Railroad station at Jersey City, where connections are made with the south tunnels. West from Washington St. to a point east of Summit Ave. is a double track tubes) extend from the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna that the control of the Manhattan to the Eric Railroad to Washington St., prometous to the north tunnels and to the Eric Railroad station. At Washington St. to south the control of tunnels were connections are made with the south tunnels. West from Washington St. to a point east of Summit Ave. Is a double track tubes) extend the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna that the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna that the House of the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna that the House of the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna that the House of the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna that the House of the House of the Hoboken terminal of the Lackawanna that the House of the July, 1911.

Student Tunnel under the East River from 42d St., New York, to Long Island City. Subaqueous portion two single track tubes with east-iron ring 16 feet 10 inches outside diameter, and a clear inside diameter of 15 feet 6 inches. Through rock a horseshoe shaped concrete section is used and in other places a rectangular double track cross section with reinforced concrete lining. Construction started by New York and Long Island Rallroad, July 12, 1905; practically completed January 1 1908. Railroad, July January 1, 1908.

RAPID TRANSIT TUNNEL under the East River from the Battery, New York, to Joralemon St., Brook-lyn, connecting the New York and Brooklyn Sub-ways. Started April, 1903; trains running Janu-ary 9, 1908. Two tubes, 6,784 feet long, with a finished inside diameter of 15 feet 6 inches.

BERGEN Cur of Erle Rallroad through Bergen Hill Jersey City, parallel to the present tunnel, which is 4,700 feet long. The Bergen cut was started March, 1906, and completed July 1, 1910. It has five four-track tunnels, with open cuts tween the tunnels, making a total length of 4,300 feet. Tunnel sections 58 feet wide at the bottom and 21 feet high.

Lackawanna Ralroad Tunnel through Bergen Hill, Jersey City. Started February 28, 1906; completed February 14, 1909. Parallel to and 24 feet away from old tunnel and of the same length, vlz., 4,283 feet. New tunnel is double tracked, lined with concrete, having inside dimen-sions 23 feet high by 30 feet wide. Bush track construction used. construction used.

Two tunnels, both under the East River from the Battery, Manhattan, to Brooklyn, will be built. These tunnels will form part of the new subway system now under construction.

A tunnel from Brooklyn to Staten Island, under the Narrows, is contemplated.

Foreign Trade of the United States.

(Compiled from the Report of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce and Labor.)

EXPORTS.

MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1912.

ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.	ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.
Domestic Merchandise.			Domestic Merchandise.		
Agricultural Implements	1	\$35,640,005	Musical Instruments	1	\$3,606,936
Aluminum, and Manufactures of			Naval Stores		26,754,987
Animals		15,447,987			8,749,675
Brass, and Manufactures of		8.880.942	Oil Cake, Oil Cake Meallbs.		28,228,705
Breadstuffs: Cornbush.	40.038.795	28,957,450	Oils: Animalgalls.	2,425,584	1,263,246
" Oatsbush.	2,171,5 3	1,135,635	" Mineral, Crudegalls.	208,110,365	6,831,367
" Wheatbush.	30,160,212	28,477,584	" Mineral, Refined or Manuf'd.	1 585 551 673	105,640,733
" Wheat Flourbbls.	11,006,487	50,999,797	" Vegetable		26,908,931
Cars, Carriages, and other Vehicles	11,000,101	00,000,101	Paints, Pigments, and Colors	• • • • •	7,072,617
and Parts of		42,633,303			19,458,050
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Medi-	1	*2,000,000	Paraffine, Paraffine Waxlbs.	249,502,699	8,123,486
Chemicais, Drugs, Dyes, and Medi-	1	25,117.217	Provisions: Beef Productslbs.	234.653.965	22,001,297
Clocks and Watches and Parts of		3,542,145	" Hog Productslbs.		114,962,942
Coal: Anthracitetons	2,979,102	15,236,108	" Dairy Products		4.263.259
"Bituminoustons	14,709,847	37,412,642	Seeds: Cloverlbs.	1.874.632	317,779
Copper Ore Matte and Regulustons	65.625	3,123,865	" All other	1.074,052	2,581,030
Manufactures of	1	113,958,919			4,536,028
Cotton, Unmanufacturedlbs.	c ese 10: 400	565,849,271	SoapSpirits, Distilledproof galls.		2,274,330
"Manufactures of		50,769,511	Starch	1,684,580	
Manuractures of		4,481,382	March	83,644,749	1,965,401
Earthen, Stone, and China Ware		10,873,908	Molasses, and Syrupgalis.	28,660,427	3,523,691
Fertilizers		10,010,900	Sugarlbs. Tobacco, Unmanufacturedlbs.	79,594,034	3,681,072
Fibres, Vegetable, and Textile Grasses,		A 000 F00		379,845,320	43,251,857
Manufactures of		9,898,528	" Manufactures of		5,053,185
Fish		8,640,938	Vegetables		6,544,118
Fruits and Nuts		30,963,638	Wood, and Manufactures of		96,782,186
Furs and Fur Skins		14,975,449	Wool, and Manufactures of		3,241,385
Glass and Glassware		3,494,153	17 1 T - 1 - T - 11		40 100 010 000
Glucose or Grape Sugar	****	3,916,897	Total Exports, Domestic		\$2,170,319,828
Haytons	59,730	1,039,040	Exports, Foreign Merchandise		34,002,581
Hldes and Skinslbs.	25,346,800	3,158,495			
Hopslbs.	12,190,663	4,648,505	Total Exports, Domestic & Foreign		\$2,204,322,409
Indla Rubber Manufactures		12,822,918			
Instruments for Scientific Purposes		13,526,802	Specie: Gold		\$57,328,348
Iron and Steel, Manufactures of		268,154,262	" Silver		64,890,668
Leather, and Manufactures of		60,756,772			
Malt Liquors		1,161,319	Total Exports, Domestic & F'r'gn		\$2,326,541,429
Marble, Stone, and Manufactures of		1,868,555			

IMPORTS.

MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1912.

ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.	ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.
Merchandise.		An	Merchandise.		
Animals		\$7,580,555	Leather, and Tanned Skins, and Man-		
Art Works	2333	36,092,595	ufactures of		\$16,166,706
Bristleslbs.	3,426,801	3,032,231	Malt Liquorsgalls.	7,175,505	3,279,926
Cement, Portland, Hydraulic 100 lbs.	451,979	169,802	Meats and Dairy Products		13,774,560
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Medicines		92,029,625	Oils Paper, and Manufactures of		31,348,602
Clocks and Watches, and Parts of		2,995.649	Paper, and Manufactures of		17,300,349
Coal. Bituminoustons	1,300,242	3,711,479	" Stock, Crude		5,918,358
Cocos, Crude, and Shells of lbs.	145,968,9 5	15,931,556	Ricelbs.	73,486,678	2.466.845
Coffeelbs.	885,201,247	117,826,543	Silk, Unmanufactured		69,541,672
Copper.and Manufactures of (not ore)		35,843,537	" Manufactures of		27,204,364
Cork Wood, and Manufactures of			Spices		5,974,170
Cotton, Unmanufacturedlbs.	109,780,071	20.217.581	Spirits, Distilled proof, galls.	3,650,736	6,463,228
" Manufactures of		65,152,785	Sugarlbs.		115,515,079
Earthen, Stone, and China Ware		9,997,698	Tealbs.	101,406,816	18,:07,141
Feathers, Flowers, etc		8,480,029	Tin, in Bars, Blocks, or Pigs lbs.	111,204,452	46,214,198
Fertillzers		10.046,728	Tobacco, Ummanufacturedlps.		31,918,670
Fibres, Vegetable. Unmanuf't'd.tons	326,479	34,462,866	" Manufactures of	00,000,110	5,470,706
" Vegetable, Manufactures of		59,659,843	Toys		7,893,582
Fruits and Nuts		45,377,269	Vegetables		18,544,873
Furs, and Manufactures of		25,872,227	Wines		9,591,451
Glass and Glassware.		6,210,625	Wood, and Manufactures of		62,502,131
Hair, Unmanufacturedlbs.	17,177,299	4,994,728	Wool, Unmanufacturedibs.	102 400 412	33,078,342
Hats, Bonnets, and Materials for.	11,111,295	9,686,464	" Manufactures of	193,400,713	
Hides and Skins, other than Furlbs.	537,768,098	102,476,328	Blandiactures 01	••••	14,912,619
India Dubban Cutta Daniba and Cub	501,108,098	102,476,328	Total Merchandise		1 459 004 094
India Rubber, Gutta-Percha, and Sub- stitutes for, Unmanufactured		105,037,056	Total Merchandise		1,653,264,934
Iron and Steel, and Manufactures of			0-11		48,936,500
		26,676,056	Specie: Gold	• • • •	
Jewelry and Precious Stones		42,454,734	" Silver	••••	47,050,219
Lead and Manufactures of (con- tents)lbs.	189,084,460	3,937,560	Total Imports		1,749,231,653

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE, 1886-1912.

YEAR ENDING	Ехро		Total Exports.	Imports.	Total Exports	Excess of Exports.	Excess of Imports.	
JUNE 30.	Domestic.	Foreign.			Imports.	Carportor	· mporto,	
1886 1887		\$13,560,301 13,160,288	\$679,524,830 716,183,211	\$635,436,136 692,319,768	\$1,314,960,966 1,408,502,979	\$44,088,694 23,863,443	\$28,002,607	
1888	683,862,104	12,093,403	695,954,507	723,957,114	1,419,911,621	20,000,440	2,730,277	
1889		12,118,766	742,401,375	745,131,652	1,487,533,027		-,,	
1890	845,293,828	12.534,856	857,828,684	789,310,409	1,647,139,093	68,518,275		
1891		12,210,527	884,480,810	844,916,196	1,729,397,006	39,564,614		
1892	1,015,732,011	14,546,137	1,030,278,148	827,402,462	1,857,680,510	202,875,686	18,735,728	
1893	831,030,785	16,634,409	847,665,194	866,400,922	1,714,066,116			
1894	869,204,937	22,935,635	892,140,572	654,994,622	1,547,135,194	237,145,950		
1895	793,392,599	14,145,566	807,538,165	731,969,965	1,539,508,130	75,568,200		
1896	863,200,487	19,406,451	882,606,938	779,724,674	1,662,331,612	102,882,264		
1897	1,032,007,60	18,985,953	1,050,993,556	764,730,412	1,815,723,968	286,263,144	٠	
1898	1,210,291,913	21,190 417	1,231,482,330	616,019,654	1,847,532,984	615,432,676	· · · · ·	
1899	1,203,931,222	23,092,680	1,227,023,302	697,148 489	1,924,171,791	529,874,813		
1900	1,370,763,571	23,719,511	1,394,483,082	849,941,184	2,244,424,266	544,541,898		
1901	1,460,462,806	27,302,185	1,487,764,991	823,172,155	2,310,937,156	664,592,826		
1902	1,355,481,861	26,237,540	1,381,719,401	903,320,948	2,285,040,349	478,398,453		
	1,392,231,302	27,910,377	1,420,141,679	1,025,719,237	2,445,860,916	394,422,442		
1904	1,435,179,017	25,648,254	1,460,827,271	991,087,371	2,451,914,642	469,739,900		
1905	1,491,744,641	26,817,025	1,518,561,666		2,636,074,737	401,048,595		
1906	1,717,953,382	15,911,118	1,743,864,500		2,970,428,343			
1907	1,853,718,034	27,133,044	1,880,851,078		3,315,272,503	446,429,653		
1908	1,834,786,357	25,986,989	1,860,773,346	1,194,341,792	3,055.115,038	666,431,554		
1909	1,638,355,593	24,655,511	1,663,011,104		2,974,931,328	351,090,880		
1910	1,710,083,998	34,900,722	1,744,984,720	1,557,819,988	3,302,804,708	187,161,732		
1911	2,013,549,025	35,771,174	2,049,320,199	1,527,226,105	3,576,546,304	523,094,094		
1912	2,170,319,828	34,002,581	2,204,322,409	1,653,264,934	3,857,587,343	551,057,475		

The imports and exports of specie are not included in the above table.

VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE INTO AND FROM THE UNITED STATES DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1912

STATI	ES DURING	FISCAL	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	1912.	
Countries.	Imports.	Exports.	COUNTRIKS.	Laports.	Exports.
Austria-Hungary	\$16,713,794	\$22,388,930	Chile	\$20,164,848	\$15,491,846
Azores and Madeira Islands	196,553	230,787	Colombia	11,219,481	5.748,859
Belgium	41,677,418	51,387,618	Ecuador	3,728,933	2,143,605
Bulgaria	462,436	174,706	Guianas:	0,120,000	2,110,000
Denmark	2,832,077	15,767,848	British	1,214,840	1,788,935
Finland.	179,947	2,390,634	Dutch	948,682	
France	124,548,458	135,388,851	French	50,811	248,524
Germany	171,380,380	306,959,021	Paraguay	9,443	
Gibraltar	17,289	565,443	Peru	10,1:4,069	
Greece.	3,823,366	966,641	Urnguay	3,231,5,12	6,880,825
	48.028,529	65,261,268	Venezuela	10,657	4,703,605
Italy	15,609	649.648	Adan	1,761,4	
Malta, Gozo, etc	35.568.4:6				2,134,422
Netherlands		8,331,723	China.	29,573,732	24,361,199
Norway	8,251,718 6,200,190		German China	856,288	251,162
Portugal		2,765.654	Japanese China	21,879	672,274
Ronmania	91,773	906,819	Chosen (Korea)	193,228	1,123,159
Russia iu Europe	20,666,923	21,515,660	East Indies:		
Servia and Montenegro	(95,053)	26,930	British India	50,948,901	15,628,059
Spain	21,931,434	25,057,490	Straits Settlements	22,493,645	2,735,746
Sweden	9,521,755	9,451,011	Other British	9.809,977	433,787
Switzerland	23,958,697	855,355	Dutch	13,825,506	3,209,067
Turkey in Europe	9,852,709	2,597,239	French	4,589	140,180
Great Britain and Ireland	272,940,700	564,372,186	Hongkong	3,114.691	10,333,543
Bermuda	622,867		Japan	80,607,469	53,478,046
British Honduras	1,260,573	1,468,666	Persia	1,226,093	123,050
Canada	108,813,368	329,257,194	Russian Asia	1,443,577	1,206,828
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,281,222	4,586,422	Siam	85,166	428,035
Central American States:		i	Turkey in Asia	9,356,217	
Costa Rica	3,817,851	3,647,187	Australia and Tasmania	9,606,423	
Guatemala	2,644,037	2,519,052	New Zealand	2,436,361	7,791,236
Honduras	2,780,972	2,461,269	French Oceania	1,055,747	696,090
Nicaragua	1,505,147	2,446,878	German Oceania	13,870	138,423
Panama	4,425,041	23,547,369	Philippine Islands	23,257,199	23,736,133
Salvador.	1,519,954	2.421.284	British West Africa	130,050	2,795,141
Mexico	65,915,313	52,847,129	British South Africa	2,203,329	12,771,229
West Indies:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		British East Africa	1,200,744	731,233
Barbadoes	325,435	1,518,646	Canary Islands	141.052	792,976
Jamaica	6,325,300	4,973,295	F.ench Africa	687,305	2.150.822
Trinidad and Tobago	5,027,919	3,354,681	German Africa	397,314	345,467
Other British	1,356,141	2,970,451	Liberia	864	
Cuba	120,154,326	62,203,051	Madagascar	42,866	36,779
Danish	489,639		Morocco.	136,954	33,137
Dutch	482,644		Portuguese Africa	92,426	2.480.787
French	88,470	1.463,566	Turkev in Africa-Egypt	17,364,114	
Hayti	800,178		Tripoli	188,585	39,045
Santo Domingo	4,385,070	1,425,482		200,000	50,010
Argentina	29,847,016	53,158,179	Total (including smaller places		
Bolivia	9,884	991,525		\$1,659.964,934	\$2,204,322,400
Brazil	123,881,644	34,578,081			. , , ,

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS AT PRINCIPAL PORTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.					YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.			
CUSTOMS			Exports.		Customs Districts.	Imports.		Exports.	
Districts.	1911.	1912.	1911.	1912.	Districts.	1911.	1912.	1911.	1912.
Baltimore	\$32,174,404	\$26,438,400	\$85,120,843	\$92,:10,877	New York		\$975,744,320	\$772,552,449	\$817,945,803
Boston and					Norfolk and		ļ		
Charlestown	116,597,440	129,293,016	71,534,082	69,692,171	l'ortsm'th.	2,078,554	1,809,371	9,628,932	
Brunswick	156,783	76,618	14,138,847	19,889,838	Pensacola	2,121,314	1,534,125		
Charleston	6,216,573	5,624,674	8,950,359	12,423,035		83,626,647	85,038,185	69,956,380	69,069,730
Detroit	7,776,314	7,774,662	46,233,833	55,911,967	Porti'd, Me	1,429,592			
Galveston	3,530,945	4.309.758	220,504,917	218,146,097	Puget Sound	36,654,675	39,011,2:0	39,361,303	63,745,572
Mobile	4,031,737	4,643,907	30,154,037	31,230,1.7	San Fran	53,885,021			
New Orleans.		75,089,887	172,835,293	149,160,910	Savannah	5,296,746	5,129,979	72,076,045	104,286,925
N'wp'rt News	1,844,947	1,964,586	5,465,480	6,348,751	Wilm'n, NC.	3,205,407	3,090,703	28,812,543	28,705,448

GROWTH OF UNITED STATES EXPORTS.

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.	Europe.	North America.	South America.	Asia and Oceanica.	Africa and Other Countries.	Total.
1902	\$1,008,033,981	\$203,971,080	\$38,043,617	\$ 93,202,118		\$1,381,719,401 1,420,141,679
1904	1,057,930,131	215,482,769 234,909,959	41,137,872 50,755,027	95,827,528 93,002,028	38,436,853 24,230,126	1,460,827,271
1905	1,200,166,036	260,570,235 308,382,982	56,894,131 75,159,781	161,584,056 140,593,361	18,540,603 19,562,340	1,518,561,666 1,743,864,500
1907	1,283,600,155	349,840,641 324,674,660	82,157,174 83,583,919	133,859,857 148,574,047	16,511,026 20,340,565	1,880,851,078
1909 1910	1,146,755,321	309,475,694 385,520,069	76,561,680 93,246,820	101,463,560 111,751,900	17,035,434 18,551,380	1,663,011,104 1,744,984,720
1911 1912	1,308,275,778	457,059,179 516,837,597	108,894,894 132,310,451	151,489,741 189,398,148	23,600,607 24,043,424	2,049,320,199

1912, Domestic exports by great classes: Foodstuffs in crude condition, and food animals, \$99,899,270; foodstuffs partly of wholly manufactured, \$318,853,493; crude materials for use in manufacturing, \$729,988,839; manufactures for further use in manufacturing, \$343,165,524; manufactures ready for consumption, \$672,268,163; miscellaneous, \$81,155,359; total, \$2.170,319,828

COMMERCE WITH CUBA, PORTO RICO, HAWAII, AND THE PHILIPPINES.

FISCAL YEAR ENDING	Expor	TS FROM THE	UNITED STAT	ES TO-	IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM-			
JUNE 20.	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Hawaii.	Philippines.	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Hawaii.	Philippines.
1897	\$8,259,776	\$1,988.888	\$ 4,690,075	\$ 94,597	\$ 18,406,815	\$ 2,181,024	\$ 13,687,799	\$ 4,353,740
1898	9,561,656	1,505,946	5,907,155	127,804	15,232,477	2,414.356	17,187,380	3,830,415
1899	18,619,377	2,685,848	9,305,470	404,193	25,408,828	3,179,827	17,831,463	4,409,774
1900	26,513.400	4,640,449	13,509,148	2,640,449	31,371,704	3,078,648	20,707,903	5,971,208
1901	25,964,801	6,861,917	No data.	4,027,064	43,423,088	5,883,892	27,403,058	4,420,919
1902	26,623,500	10,882,653	No data.	5,258,470	34,694,684	8,378,766	24,730,060	6,612,700
1903	21,761,638	12,245,845	10,943,661	4,038,909	62,942,790	11,051,195	26,242,869	11,372,584
1904	27,377,465	11,210,060	11,683,393	4 832,900	76,983,418	11,722,826	25,157,255	12,066,934
1905	38,380,601	13,974,070	11,753,180	6,200,620	86,304,259	15,633,145	36,112,055	12,657,904
1906	47,763,688	19,224,881	12,036,675	5,459,414	84,979,831	19,142,461	26,882,199	12,337,927
1907	49,305,274	25,686,285	14,435,725	8,661,424	97,441,690	22,070,133	29,071,13	11,510,438
1908	47,161,306	22,677,376	14,638,717	11,461,732	83,284,692	25,891,261	41, 10,505	10,164,223
1909	43,913,356	23,272,170	17,125,765	11,182,175	96,722,193	26,391,338	40,399,040	9,433,986
1910	52,858,758	26,478,100	20,259,017	16,768,909	122,528,037	32,095,788	40,161,288	17,317,897
1911	60,709,062	34,671,958	21.925.177	19,723,113	110,309,468	34,765,409	41,207,651	17,400,398
1910	62,203,051							
1912	02,200,031	1 38,470,963	24,647,905	23,736,133	1120,154,326	42,873,401	55,076,070	23,257,199

Manufactures of Greater New York.

The Census Office in October, 1911, published the following tabular statement, giving aggregate regarding manufactures in Greater New York in 1909, compared with 1904:

•		OF MAN- THE BRONX.		GH OF KLYN.	TOTAL, GREATER NEW YORK.*	
•	1909.	1904.	1909.	1904.	1909.	1904.
Number of establish-						
ments	19,769				25,938	
Capital	\$822,726,000				\$1,364,353,000	
Cost of materials used.	\$725,456,000				\$1,092,155,000	
Salarles and wages	\$332,4 3 8, 000					
Miscellaneous expenses			\$46,855,000	\$38,470,000	\$266,034,000	\$206,825,000
Value of products	\$1,431,089,000	\$1,043,252,000	\$417,223,000	\$373,463, 00 0	\$2,029,693,000	\$1,526,523,000
Value added by manu-						
facture (prod'cts less						
_ cost of materials)	\$705,633,000	\$536,222,000	\$182,091,000	\$142,654,000	\$937,538,000	\$708,494,000
Employés:						
Number of salaried	*					
officials and clerks	77,849	51,716	15,844	9,932	97,453	63,586
Average number wage					4	
earners employed	000 =00					
during the year	399,792	339,221	123,883	104,995	554,002	464,716

* Including also the Boroughs of Queens and Richmond.
Only establishments conducted under the factory system were included in the census. Those distinguished as neighborhood, hand, and building industries, and small establishments having an annual product of less than \$500 were excluded.

Foreign Carrying Trade of the United States IN AMERICAN AND FOREIGN VESSELS.

TOTAL UNITED STATES IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

(From the Statistical Abstract by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce and Labor.)

YEAR ENDED		В	SEA.		By Land	Total by
JUNE 30.	In American Vessels.	In Foreign Vessels.	Total.	Per Cent. in American Vessels.	Vehicles.	Land and Sea.
1865. 1875. 1876. 18876. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1892. 1894. 1895. 1896. 1896. 1897. 1898. 1900. 1900. 1902. 1904. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1906. 1907.	314.257,792 194.865,743 202.451,086 206.459,725 220.173,735 197.765,507 195.268,216 187.691,887 189.075,27 160.612,206 177.398,615 177.398,615 185,084,192 177.398,615 185,087,57 214,695,032 229,735,119 290,607,946 318,331,026 272,513,332	884,788,517 1,079,518,566 1,371,116,744 1,450,081,087 1,564,559,6192 1,273,022,456 1,273,022,456 1,273,022,456 1,273,022,456 1,285,896,192 1,377,973,761 1,525,733,733,761 1,525,733,733,733 1,525,733,733 1,525,733,733 1,525,733,733 1,525,7	\$604,412,996 1,199,046,309 1,274,384,309 1,573,567,830 1,573,567,830 1,626,082,075 1,468,290,672 1,456,403,388 1,565,665,408 1,744,829,043 1,744,829,043 1,744,829,043 1,744,829,043 1,744,829,043 1,744,829,043 1,744,849,301 1,240,801,420 2,389,528,616 2,151,935,411 2,104,849,301 2,1	7.652222222237.00393228631068	45, 332, 775, 73, 577, 263, 72, 856, 194, 72, 947, 224, 87, 984, 941, 78, 844, 522, 83, 104, 742, 96, 666, 204, 100, 894, 925, 650, 159, 001, 745, 154, 895, 650, 159, 001, 745, 205, 059, 496, 220, 976, 001, 948, 205, 208, 412, 265, 339, 312, 645, 186, 1952, 261, 861, 952	\$604.412.996 1.219.434.544 1.319.717.084 1.647.139.093 1.729.397.006 1.857.680.610 1.754.066.116 1.547.135.194 1.539.508.130 1.662.331.612 2.816.73.3968 1.847.531.984 1.924.171.791 2.244.424.266 2.310.937.156 2.285.040.349 2.445.860.916 2.451.914.642 2.636.074.737 2.970.426.946 3.315.272.503 3.055.115.138 2.974.931.328
1910 1911 1912	260,837,147 280,206,464	2,721,962,475 2,930,436,506	2,982,799,622 3,210,642,970 3,431,470,423	8.7 8.8	319,132,528 365,903,334	3,301,932,150 3,576,546,304 3,857,587,343

Merchandise and specie to 1879, inclusive; merchandise only after 1879,

Freight Traffic Mobement.

PRODUCTS OF AGRICULTURE, ANIMALS, MINES, FORESTS AND MANUFACTURES (For the year ended June 30, 1911-United States.* From reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

	Соши	ioorom,	
COMMODITY.	Tonnage Originating on Road.	COMMODITY.	Tonnage Originating on Road.
Products of agriculture: Grain. Flour. Flour. Other mill products. Hay. Totacco. Cotton. Fruits and vegetables. Other products of agriculture. Total. Products of animals: Live stock. Dressed meats. Other packing-house products. Poultry, game and fish Wool. Hides and leather. Other products of animals. Total. Products of mines: Anthracite coal. Bituminous coal. Coke. Ores. Stone, sand and other like articles. Other products of mines:	13,991,205 2,329,810 2,249,082 718,902 375,475 41,096,193 3,002,591 23,763,262 72,330,769 268,499,937 29,261,200 81,466,695	Products of forests: Lumber. Other products of forests. Total. Manufactures: Petroleum and other oils. Sugar. Naval stores. Iron, pig and bloom Iron and steel rails. Other castings and machinery. Bar and sheet metal. Cement, brick and ilme. Agricultural implements. Wagons, carriages, tools, etc. Wines, liquors and beers. Household goods and furniture. Other manufactures Total. Merchandise. Miscellaneous—other commodities. Grand ota.	8,855,61(2,882,887,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,744,1037,75,536,36,519,321,38,447,567,384,447,584,447,584,447,447,447,447,447,447,447,447,447,4
Total	539,255,980	II	

^{*}Does not include returns for switching and terminal companies. †Of the total freight tonnage (1,718,014,118) tons), including tonnage received from connecting roads and other earliers, there were 63,623,836 tons unassigned. Total all freight 1906-820,164,627 tons; 1907-893,184.972 tons; 1908-797,216,099 tons; 1909-826,492,765 tons; 1907-968,464,009 tons.

Countries Excelling in Production

OF PRINCIPAL STAPLES AND RESPECTIVE QUANTITIES PRODUCED THEREIN. (Compiled by Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor.)

		1	COUNTRIES OF MAXIMUM P	RODUCTION.	COUNTRIES HOLDING S	ECOND PLACE.
COMMODITY.	Year.	Unit.	Country.	Quantity.	Country.	Quantity.
Corn	1911		United States	2,531,488,000	Austria-Hungary	159,394,000
Wheat	1911	**		621,338,000	Russia α	509,491,000
Rye	1911		Russia a	762,109,000	Germany	427,776,000
Oats	1911		United States		Russia α	858,356,000
			China		British India	c58,463,104
Sugar	1911-12	Tons 2,240 lbs	British India	2,390,400	Russia	2,047,452
Tea			China		British India	268,854,216
Coffee			Brazil		Venezuela	d920,481
Cocoa			Gold Coast		Ecuador	d87,081,700
Tobacco			United States	1,103,415,000	British India	f450,000,000
Cotton	1911	Bales, 500 lbs.	United States	16,250,276		g/2.514,600
Wool			Australia	ag 122159044		d291,086,566
Silk	1910	_ ''			Japan	34,291,314
Coal			United States		United Kingdom	271,891,899
Petroleum.	1911	Bbls, 42 gal			Russia	167,226,500
Pigiron	1911	Tons 2,240 lbs	***************************************		Germany	15,326,118
Steel	1911	"	***************************************			i14,626,973
Copper (i)	1911	Pounds			Mexico	125,000 820
Tin	1911		Federated Malay States	d129,306.800	Bolivia	150,624,000
Gold	1910	Ounces fine	Transvaal.	7,527,022	United States	4,657,018
	2010	Dollars		155,597,202		96,269,100
Silver	1910	J Qunces fine	Mexico	71,372.194		57,137,900
~		(Donars		17, 58,540,985	1	i j30,854,500

a Including Asiatic Russia. b Actual production unknown; c Clean rice equivalent to 74,710 million pounds of uncleaned rice. d Figures of domestic exports; no data of production. c Total entries at Brazilian ports for the season ended June 30, 1912. During the calendar year 1911. Brazilian exports of coffee totalled 11,257,802 bags. f Unofficial estimate. g Includes 71,780,640 lbs. of scoured wool reduced to terms of greasy wool at the ratio of 11b, of scoured wool equal to 2 lbs. of greasy wool. h Production unknown; exports of raw, including wild silk from China chring 1911, 20,113,333 lbs. (Not including waste silk.) i Preliminary data. j Commercial value.

The Twelve Greatest Scaports.

THE following table, prepared by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor, shows the relative rank in tonnage movement of the principal ports of the world. Figures of coastwise trade are not included:

Ровт.	Year.	Entered. Tons.	Cleared. Tons.	Port.	Year.	Entered. Tons.	Cicared. Tons.
New York a	1911 1911 1911 1911	11,052,186	13,325,781 9,004,974 11,945,239 10,800,490	Shanghai d. Marseilles. Liverpool. Singapore e. Colombo f. Cardiff.	1910 1911 1910 1911	9,170,309 8,161,344 7,887,719 7,407,143 7,087,747 5,526,426	9,429,996 8,186,315 6,880,271 7,419,373 7,083,035 8,328,047

a Fiscal year. bThe figures for Antwerp are not strictly comparable with those for other ports as the Belgian methods of tonnage measurement differ from those adopted by other nations. c Exclusive of Chinese junks engaged in the foreign trade, and of steamers under 60 tons. In 1911 the total of entrances and clearances was 20,360,428 tons. d Tonnage of vessels entered and cleared at the Maritime Customs. e Exclusive of native craft, warships, transports, yachts, and sailing and steam vessels under 50 tons, but including vessels engaged in trade between the Settlements. f Excluding the tonuage of vessels that called for the purpose of coaling and for orders only.

Amports and Exports of Principal Countries.

(Compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor from the official records of the various countries.)

(Years ending December 31, unless stated otherwise; imports for consumption and exports of domestic merchandise, gold and silver bullion and coin not included, unless stated otherwise)

Countries. Yrs.	Imports.	Exports.	COUNTRIES.	Yrs.	Imports.	Exports.
Argentina α b 1911	\$353,972,000	\$313,333,000	Greece a	1911	\$33,235,000	\$27,194,000
Australia, Common-			India, British, a, e, h.		449,583,000	719,334,000
wealth of $c \dots 1911$	325,897,000		Italy a,		648,112,000	418,623,000
Anstria-Huugary a. 1911	641,576,000		Japan,		i 255,445,000	220,612,000
Belgium 1911	832,406,000	682,418,000	México a, c, g, \dots	1912	90,965 000	148,411,000
Brazil a 1911			Netherlands	1910	1,299,941,000	1,053,573,000
British So. Africa c., 1911		280,964,000	Norway a	1911		74,086,000
Bulgaria $\alpha d \dots 1911$	38,087,000	35,634,000	Portugal	1910		
Canada e 1912		290,224,000	Russia	1910		746,279,000
Chile f 1911	127,381,000	123,884,000	Spain a b	1911		170,291,000
China 1911		245,538,000	Sweden b	1910		158,888,000
Cuba g 1911	108,007,000	128,228,000	Switzerland j	1911		242,661,000
Denmark a 1911	167,052,000	142,733,000	United Kingdom		£3,309,987,000	2,204,522,000
Egypt 1911	134,584.000	141,365,000	United States g	1912	£1,653,265,000	2,170,320,000
France a		1,191,211,000	Uruguay a,b	1911	51,441,000	49,968,000
Germany 1911	2,310,036,000	1,929,243,000	Venezuelat, g	1912	20,394,000	25,732,000

a Preliminary figures. b General trade, c Including gold and silver and articles for governments, d Including bullion and specie, except coins having legal circulation in Bulgaria. c Fiscal year ending March 31. f Including gold and silver bullion and coin. g Fiscal year ending June 30. h Seaborne trade only; exclusive of Imports and exports on government account. i Imports of foreign merchandise j includes bullion but not coins. k General imports.

228 Foreign Commerce, Principal Ports of the World.

(Compiled by Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor,

from Official Reports of the Respective Countries.							
PORTS.	Year.	Imports.	Exports.	Total Commerce.			
EUROPE—UNITED KINGDOM. London (d). Liverpool (b). Hull. Manchester (c). Southampton. Glassow. Grimsby. Harwich. Tyne ports (d). Leith. Cardiff. Bristol. Belfast. Germany.	1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 1911 191	\$1,119,238,957 778,225,287 199,926,677 158,175,626 101,052,736 76,068,987 68,912,594 47,616,717 73,261,366 29,280,621 75,710,603	\$672.618.684 \$59.055,190 147.799,722 105.313.586 128,728,424 153,318.323 98,540.279 38,221,199 50,083,799 35,393,539 61,648,009 19,548,419	\$1,791.857.641 1,637.280,447 347.726,399 263,489,212 229,781,160 229,387,310 164,452,763 147,413,789 97,700,516 108,654,905 90,928,630 95,259,022 45,871,536			
Belfast. GERMANY. Hamburg (e)	1911 1911 1911	39,620,551 962,925,352 323,090,469	6,250,985 711,261,824 178,056,071	45,871,536 1,674,187,176 501,146,540			
BELGIUM.	1911	593,644,473	526,402,827	1,120,047,300			
Marseilles France. Maryeilles Dunkirk Bordeaux ITALY. Genoa	1910 1910 1910 1910	331,603,900 303,061,100 170,513,600 94,964,900 174,837,600	283,483,400 253,291,500 34,586,600 98,174,900 86,249,414	615,087,300 556,352,600 205,100,200 193,139,800 261,087,014			
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.	1911	141,795,166	1	266,505,268			
Flume	1910	31,023,938	124,710,102 37,642,377	68,666,315			
RUSSIA. Riga. Odessa. Reval. Vindau. Rostov. Libau. Kherson. Vladivostok. Batoum. SPAIN.	1910 1910 1910 1910 1910 1910 1910 1910	77.156,300 46,595,100 29,132,500 34,086,300 5,764,900 5,44,600 15,943,900 9,300 24,706,600 5,828,400	58,783,100 91,715,800 41,391,000 12,899,200 36,397,600 49,007,900 24,011,900 22,614,500 896,300 17,414,000	135,939,400 138,310,900 70,523,500 46,985,500 42,162,500 49,552,500 39,955,800 22,623,800 25,602,900 23,242,400			
	$\frac{1910}{1910}$	57,688,833 15,561,498	26,774,964 10,901,903	84,463,797 26,463,401			
Barcelona Bilbao AMERICA—UNITED STATES (f). New York. New Orleans. Galveston. Boston (g) Philadelphia. Baltimore. San Francisco. Savannah Puget Sound. CANADA (h).	1912 1912 1912 1912 1912 1912 1912 1912	$\begin{array}{c} 975,744,320 \\ 75,089,887 \\ 4,309,758 \\ 129,293,016 \\ 85,038,185 \\ 26,438,400 \\ 59,235,471 \\ 5,129,979 \\ 39,011,250 \end{array}$	817,945,803 149,160,910 218,146,097 69,692,171 69,069,730 92,210,877 49,249,734 104,286,925 63,745,572	1,793,690,123 224,250,797 222,455,855 198,985,187 154,107,915 118,649,277 108,485,205 109,416,904 102,756,822			
Montreal	1912	138,291,851	74,944,869	213,236,720			
Tampico	$\frac{1912}{1912}$	19,037,493 36,309,552	46,192,692 43,614,582	65,230,185 79,924,134			
Havana	1910	71,793,680	46,946,485	118,740,165			
Buenos AyresBRAZIL.	1911	282,682,935	152,920,750	435,603,685			
Santos	1911 1910	62,300,122 87,257,063	155,464,323 38,068,876	217,764,445 125,325,939			
Valparalso	$\frac{1911}{1911}$	$59,377,274 \\ 10,209,782$	5,547,320 23,669,957	64,924,594 33,879,739			
Montevideo	1909	34,949,864	30,908,320	65,858,184			
JAPAN.	1911	141,423,800	104,414,266	245,838,066			
Yokohama	$\frac{1911}{1911}$	$87,565,655 \\ 127,844,899$	113,584,735 60,049,772	201,150,390 187,894,671			
BRITISH COLONIES. Singapore (f) Calcutta (h) (k). Bombay (h) AFRICA—EGYPT.	$^{1910}_{1911}_{1911}$	$\substack{154,949,233\\157,482,211\\153,590,789}$	131,373,163 252,646,619 204,509,066	286,322,396 410,128,830 358,099,855			
Alexandria	1911	117,051,940	138,477,779	255,529,719			
Sydney Melbourne (a) Including Queenborough. (b)	1910 1910 Includ	109,201,939 98,845,275 ing Birkenhead. (148,645,836 83,438,946 (c) Including Runcor	257,847,775 179,284,221 n. (d) Type ports			

(a) Including Queenborough. (b) Including Birkenhead. (c) Including Runcorn. (d) Tyne ports comprise Newcastle. North Shields and South Shields. (c) Exclusive of trade with other countries of the German Empire. (f) Years ending June 30. (g) Including Charlestown. (h) Years ending March 31. (f) Direct foreign trade, exclusive of re-exports. (f) Inclusive of Intercolonal trade and treasure, (g) Merchandise only, exclusive of Government stores. (f) Exclusive of Interstate commerce.

Domestic Commerce on the Great Lakes.

SUMMARY FOR CALENDAR YEARS.

(From the Report of the Bureau of Statistics, Department of Commerce and Labor.) RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.

COMMODITY.	1906.	1907.	1908.		1910.	1911.
Wheatbushels	48,634,291	62,456,753	56,322,913	54,983,602	36,707,315	41,863,591
Ryebushels	2,109,000	2,100,200	1,000,010	9,678,432	370,330	-,101,000
				3,610,863		
Coal, hard short tons	19 559 100	15 406 096	13 174 304	13 698 940	18 401 700	17.080.184
Coal, soft short tons Iron ore long tons	36.891.900	40.689.046	24,936,616	40.715.382	41,507,626	31,118,610
Iron, plglong tons	387,659	205,039	90,320	100,001	100,100	100,110
Iron manufacturesshort tons	610,095				573,513	
Coppershort tons	140,487					
Salt short tons	994,811					450,870
Lumber 1,000 feet	1,748,550					$1,163,925 \\ 8,340,178$
Unclassed freight short tons		6,471,004	6,078,688	7,577,213	1,528,318	8,340,176
Total freight, reduced to		01 100 000		70 770 707	04 414 696	70 200 544
net tons	173,178,213	81,123,687	58,909,345	18,752,767	84,414,030	72,320,344

SHIPMENTS FROM LAKE PORTS.

COMMODITY.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.
Wheatbushels	47,726,778	63,349,585	57,754,183	56,114,633	37,179,364	42,292,488
Flourshort tons	1,334,979	1,314,987	1,188,831	1,248,891	1,171,327	1,152,807
Cornbushels	43.531.540	44,355,990	22,546,795	28,954,760	39,521,929	47,149,095
Oatsbushels	33.638.055	120.680.188	15.701,406	17,828,717	22,659,792	27,562,921
Barley bushels	18.252.250	13.564.074	13.516.156	14,137,662	13,837,037	10,161,740
Ryebushels	2.227.813	2.186.444	1.695,370	1.167.988	970,396	2,187,969
Flaxseedbushels	18,638,862	15,647,509	15,610,219	9,883,432	3.106.792	4,540,149
Coal, hardshort tons	3.087.227	4.079.177	4.189,672			4,374,100
Coal, soft*short tons	14.488.240	17.445.540	14.681.911	15,652,293	18,406,469	18.774,201
Iron orelong tons	36.872.508	40.727 972	24.939.185	40.732.677	41.517.641	31,121,116
Iron, plglong tons		206,939	90,407	136,656	165,640	95,132
Iron manufacturesshort tons						
Coppershort tons						
Saltshort tons						
Lumber						
				7.534.003	7.470.005	8,270,723
Unclassed freight short tons		0,020,010	0,000,190	1,004,000	1,210,000	0,2,0,720
Total freight, reduced to						74 011 010
short tons	75,609,649	83,498,171	60,518,024	80,974,605	86,732,316	74,311,019

^{*} Includes coal shipped for vessels' fuel consumption: 1904, 1,321,619 net tons; 1905, 1,777,837 net tons; 1906, 2,003,453 net tons; 1907, 2,017,231 net tons, 1908, 1,477,902 net tons; 1909, 2,021,393 and 1910, 2,103,659 net tons, and 1911, 1,692,846 net tons.

The above figures are exclusive of imports into and exports from domestic lake ports.

Grain Receipts

BY SPECIFIED PORTS, CALENDAR YEARS 1907-1911. (From Annual Reports of the New York Produce Exchange.)

Ports.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.
New York: By canal, via river. Coastwise and river. By rail.	Bushels. 9,558,500 254,613 112,397,811	Bushels. 7,228,000 957,259 95,532,736	Bushels. 9,676,000 1,863,504 82,895,110	Bushels. 11,000,700 441,588 86,635,278	3,913,254
Total New York	25,061,918 37,776,856 53,918,914	103,717,995 24,637,968 44,614,736 40,329,270 17,737,501	94,434,614 25,968,955 35,126,455 31,654,690 17,127,626	98,077,566 22,451,292 30,120,980 32,861,922 16,213,444	41,195,845 42,123,546
Total	312,687,431				
Montreal, Canada	42,954,386	41,006,738	43,551,119	45,427,290	50,539,637

Grain embraces wheat flour reduced to equivalent in wheat, corn, rye, oats, barley, mait and peas. Receipts at New York, Portland, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore Include shipments from the West to toreign countries through these ports on through bills of lading. Receipts at Portland via Montreal are duplications of receipts reported at Montreal. Receipts at Baltimore include flour ground by city millers, and therefore duplicate an equivalent quantity of wheat received in grain.

Salt Industry.

The quantity of sait produced in this country in 1911, according to statistics compiled by the United States Geological Survey, amounted to 31, 183,968 barrels of 280 pounds, valued at \$8,345,-692. Expressed on a tonnage basis, these quantities represent an output of 4,365,756 short tons. The average net value of the product in 1911 was 26,763 cents per barrel, or \$1,91 per short ton. The States producing the greatest quantity were as follows: New York, 11,234,928 barrels; Michigan, 10,320,074 barrels; Ohlo, 4,302,507 barrels; Kansas, 2,159,859 arrels; California, 1,086,163 barrels. In both quantity and value of output the United States stands at the head of the salt-producing countries of the world. producing countries of the world.

Manufactures in the United States.

(From Census Bureau's Summary for 1909, issued April, 1912.)

The statement of the general results of the Thirteenth United States Census of Manufactures Includes a summary comparing the figures for 1904 and 1909, by totals, for Continental United States, as follows:

SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES FOR 1909.*

	CENS	us.	Per Cent. of
	1909.	1904.	Increase, 1904 to 1909.
Number of establishments	268,491	216,180	
Persons engaged in manufactures	7,678,578	6,213,612	
Proprietors and firm members	273,265	225,673	
Salaried employés	790,267	519,556	52.1
Wage-earners (average number)	6,615,046	5,468,383	
Primary horsepower	18,680,776	13,487,707	38.5
Capital	\$18,428,270,000	\$12,675,581,000	45.4
Expenses	\$18,453,080,000	\$13,138,260,000	40.5
Services	\$4,365,613,000	\$3,184,884,000	37.1
Salaries	\$938,575,000	\$574,439,000	63.4
Wages	\$3,427,038,000	\$2,610,445,000	31.3
Materials	\$12,141,791,000	\$8,500,208,000	42.8
Miscellaneous	\$1,945,676,000	\$1,453,168,000	
Value of products	\$20,672,052,000	\$14,793,903,000	39.7
Value added by manufacture (value of products)			
less cost of materials)	\$8,530,261,000	\$6,293,695,000	35.5

^{*}Not including Alaska, Hawail or Porto Rico.

The value added by manufacture in 1909, namely, the difference between the cost of materials and the total value of products, was \$8,530,261,000. This figure best represents the net wealth created by manufacturing operations, because the gross value of products includes the cost of the materials used, which are either the products of non-manufacturing industries, such as agriculture, forestry, fisheries and minng, or else are themselves the product of manufacturing establishments. The value of products derived from this latter class of materials involves a duplication, inasmuch as the value of these materials has already figured in the value of products reported for the establishments manufacturing them in the first instance; in some cases, indeed, where a given product has passed through several distinct stages of manufacture in different establishments before reaching its final form, this duplication may be repeated several times. All such duplications, as well as the original value of materials, are, however, eliminated in the figures for value added by manufacture. This value covers satarles and wages—which represent over one-half of the total—overhead charges, depreciation, interest, taxes, and other expenses attendant upon the manufacturing operations, as well as the profits of the undertaking. charges, depreciation, interest, taxes, and other operations, as well as the profits of the undertaking.

VALUES OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES FROM 1890 TO 1912, YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.

Note .- These ten groups form about 75 per cent. of the total value of manufactures exported.

YEAR	Iron and Steel Manufact- nres.	Copper Manufact- ures.	Agricul- tural Im- plements.	Wood Manufact- ures.	Mineral Oils, Refined.	Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, etc.	Leather, and Manufact- ures of.	Cotton Manufact- ures.	Books, Maps, En- gravings, etc.	All Other Paper and Mannfact- ures of.
1890	\$25,542,208	\$2,349,392	\$3,859,184		\$44,658,854	\$5,424,279	\$12,428,847	\$9,999,277	\$1,886,094	\$1,226,686
1895	32,000,989	14,468,703	5,413,075	\$25,301,913	41,498,372	7,130,334	15,614,407	13,789,810	2,316,217	2.185,257
1896	41,160,877	19,720,104	5,176,775	29,151,065	56,261,567	8,138,789	20,242,756	16,837,396	2,338,722	2,713,875
1897	57,497,872		5,240,686	35,679,694	56,463,185	8,792,545	19,161,446	21,037,678	2,647,548	
1898	70,406,885		7,609,732	34,323,432	51,782,316	8,655,478	21,113,640	17,024,092	2,434,325	5,494,564
1899	93,716,031	35,983,529	12,432,197	38,226,937	51,070,276	10,042,916	23,466,985	23,566,914	2,656,136	5,477,884
1900	121,913,548		16,099,149	45,577,945	68,247,588	12,132,373	27,293,010	24,003,087		6,215,833
1901	117,319,320		16,313,434	48,837,493	64,425,859	13,660,346	27,923,653			7,438,901
1902	98,552,562		16,286,740	44,435,940	66,218,004	12,141,011	29,798,323	32,108,362	3,997,977	7,312,030
1903	96,642,467	39,667,196	21,006,622	53,236,807	60,923,634	12,581,471	31,617,389	32,216,304	4,442,653	7,180,014
1904	111,944,586		22,749,635	60,955,120	72,487,415	14,480,323	33,980,615	22,403,713	4,347,304	7,543,728
1905		86,225,291	20,721,741	54,962,131	73,433,787	15,859,422	37,936,745	49,666,080	4,844,160	8,238,088
1906				65,214,094	77,025,196	18,331,974	40,642,858	52,944,033	5,839,452	9,536,065
1907		94,762,110		79,704,395	78,228,819	20,373,036	45,476,969	32,305,412	5,813,107	9,856,733
1908				77,183,539	97,651,326	20,873,155	40,6 8,619	25,177,758	6,107,058	8,064,706
1909	144,951,357			64,540,573	99,092,112	19,131,871	42,974,795	31,878,566	6,351,445	7,663,139
	179,133,186		28,124,033	74,920,958	93,813,031	21,415,935		33,397,097	7,088,994	8,994,277
1911		103,813,110		87,701,832	92,698,003	23,007,414	53,673,056	40,851,918	8,853,998	10,361,501
1912	1 268,154,262	113,958,919	35,640.005	92,867,764	105,640,733	25,117,217	60,756,772	50,769,511	8,840,683	10,617,367

For 1912, automobiles and parts of automobiles exported were \$25,657,294; paraffin and paraffin wax, \$8,123,486; manufactures of tobacco, \$5,053,185; manufactures of wool, \$3,241,385.

MANUFACTURES IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

MANUFACTURES BY STATES.*

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
STATES.	Average Number of Wage Earners	Value of Products.	Value Added by Manufacture.	Per C Increa Ten Y	se In ears.
New York Pennsylvania Illinois Massachusetts Ohlo New Jersey Michigan Wisconsin Indiana Missouri California Connecticut Minnesota Kansas Maryland Rhode Island Texas Iowa Louislana Kentucky Washington Virginia North Carolina Georgia Nebraska Tennessee Manyland Adabama Contested Minnesota Minnesota Maryland Rhode Island Texas Iowa Louislana Kentucky Mashington Virginia North Carolina Georgia Nebraska Tennessee Maine Nebraska Tennessee Maine New Hampshire West Virginia Adabama Godina Oregon Mississipph Arkansas Horida Vermont Utah Olejana District of Columbia Idaho North Dakota South Dakota South Dakota South Dakota South Dakota	Number	of	**Manufacture.** \$1,512,586,000 1,044,182,000 659,764,000 659,764,000 316,497,000 243,949,000 244,700,000 224,523,000 233,013,000 1127,798,000 66,220,000 112,152,000 94,717,000 89,084,000 112,152,000 94,717,000 89,084,000 112,588,000 94,794,000 85,531,000 94,794,000 87,928,000 94,794,000 94,794,000 94,794,000 94,798,000 94,794,000	Increa Ten Y (a)	se in sears. (b)
New Mexico. Wyoming	2,257 4,143 2,867	11,887,000 7,898,000 6,249,000	3,521,000 4,637,000 3,641,000	66.4	842.7 94.5 91.2
United States	6,615,046	20,672,052,000	8,530,261,000	40.4	81.2

* In the year 1909. (a) Increase in average number of wage-earners, 1899-1909. (b) Increase in value of products, 1899-1909.

Manufactured Ece.

THE Census Office on November 13, 1911, Issued a statement regarding the manufacture of lee in the United States. It does not cover ice manufactured in breweries, in meat, provision and cold storage warehouses and in other plants that produce it for their own use. The general summary shows that there were 2,004 manufacturing establishments in 1909 and capital invested \$118,642,000. The value of products was \$42,953.000 in 1909 and \$23,700.00 in 1904, an increase of \$19,163,000, or 81 per cent. The average per establishment was approximately \$21,000 in 1909 and \$13,647,000 in 1904. The cost of materials used in 1909 was \$11,317,000; the salaries and wages, \$13,647,000 and number of employes, 19,041.

Manufacture of Glass in the United States.

as Census Bulletin of November 9, 1911, reported the number of establishments manufacturing glass in 1909 as 363; the capital employed, \$129,288,000; salaries and wages, \$44,293,000, and value of products, \$59,976,000. Some of the principal classes of products of the year 1909 were: Plate glass, 60,105,694 square feet; window glass, 6,921,611 fifty-foot boxes; tumblers and gobiets, 11,687,036 dozen; globes and other electrical goods, 11,738,798 dozen; blown tumblers, stem ware and bar goods, 9,182,000 dozen bottles and jars, 12,306,311 gross.

The Fertilizer Endustry.

THE number of establishments manufacturing fertilizers in the United States, according to a Census Office report of November, 1911, was in 1909, 550. The capital employed was \$121.537,000 and the value of products for the year \$103.960.000. The number of persons employed in the manufacturing industry was 21.637, and their salaries and wages for the year were \$11,883,000. The increase in production in five years, 1904 to 1909, was 60 per cent.

MANUFACTURES IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

MANUFACTURES BY INDUSTRIES.*

MANUFAC	IUKES B	A INDOSIKI	E O . "		
	Average	Value	Value	Per C Incres	
INDUSTRIES.	Number	of	Added	Ten Y	
INDUSTRIES.	of Wage	Products.	by		
	Earners.	Troducts.	Manufacture.	(a)	(b)
Slaughtering and packing	89,728	\$1,370,568,000	\$168,740,000	29.5	73.8
Foundries and machine shops	531,011	1,228,475,000	688,464,000	24.4	53.9
Lumber and timber	$\begin{array}{c} 695,019 \\ 240.076 \end{array}$	1,156,129,000	$648,011,000 \\ 328,222,000$	$\frac{36.6}{31.0}$	51.9 65.1
Flour and grist mills.	39,453	883,584,000	116,008,000	22.4	76.2
Printing and publishing	258,434	737.876.000	536,101,000		86.7
Cotton goods	378.880	628,392,000	257,383,000	25.1	85.3
Clothing, men's	239.696	568,077,000	270,562,000	52.1	75.4
Boots and shoes	198.297	512,798,000	180,060,060	31.1	76.8
Boots and shoes	168,722	435,979,000	153,101,000	29.1	75.2
Tobacco	166.810	416.695.000	239,509,000	25.9	58.0
Car shops	282,174	405,601,000	206,188,000	62.5	86.0
Bread and bakeries	100,216	396,865,000	158,831,000	66.5	126.3
Iron and steel, blast furnaces	38,429	391,429,000	70,791,000	†2.1	89.3
Clothing, women's	153,743	384,752,000	175,964,000	83.6	141.5
Copper, smelting and refining	15,628	378,806,000	45,274,000	38.0	
Liquors, mait	54,579	374,730,000	278,134,000	38.3	58.2
Leather.	62,202	327,874,000	79,595,000	19.4	60.7
Sugar and molasses, not includ'g beet.	13,526 18,431	279,249,000 274,558,000	$31,666,000 \\ 39.012.000$	†4.3 44.0	16.5
Butter, cheese and mllk	89.492	267,657,000	102,215,000	53.0	$109.9 \\ 110.2$
Automobiles	75,721	249,202,000	117,556,000	2278 0	5140.2
Furniture	128,452	239,887,000	131 112 000	41.8	83.6
Petroleum refining	13,929	236,998,000	131,112,000 37,725,000	14 2	91.2
Electrical machinery	87,256	221,309,000	112,743,000	$14.2 \\ 107.7$	139.4
Liquors, distilled	6.430	204,699,000	168,722,000	72.8	111.5
Hoslery and knit goods	129,275	200,144,000	89,903,000	54.5	108.8
Copper, tin and sheet iron	73,615	199,824,000	87,242,000	92.1	155.0
Silk and silk goods	99,037	196,912,000	89,145,000	51.4	83.6
Lead, smelting and refining	7,424	167,406,000	15,443,000	†10.8	4.6
Gas, Illuminating and heating	37,215	166,814,000	114,386,000	65.7	120.3
Carriages and wagons	69,928	159,893,000	77,942,000	†5.3	15.6
Canning and preserving	59,968	157,101,000	55,278,000	5.2	58.2
Brass and Bronze	$\frac{40,618}{17,071}$	149,989,000 147,868,000	50,761,000 28,035,000	49.5	69.2
Oil, cottonseed	50,551	146,329,000	86,022,000	$\frac{55.1}{8.5}$	151.8 44.6
Patent medicines	22,895	141.942.000	91.566.000	20.3	59.9
Confectionery	44.638	134.796.000	53.645.000	66.2	122.3
Paint and varnish	14,240	124,889,000	45,873,000	46.8	79.5
Cars, steam railroad	43,086	123,730,000	44.977.000	28.8	36.7
Chemicals	23,714	117,689,000	53,567,000	24.7	87.6
Chemicals	65,603	113,093,000	75,696,000	57.4	77.6
Leather goods	34,907	104,719,000	44,692,000	19.2	73.3
All other industries	1,634,927	4,561,002,000	2,084,399,000	46.9	100.7
All industries, total	6,615,046	20,672,052,000	8,530,261,000	40.4	81.2
***************************************			1000 1000		

*In the year 1909. (a) Increase in average number of wage-earners, 1899-1909. In value of products, 1899-1909. † Decrease.

In value of products, 1899-1909. † Decrease.

In the above table the industries are arranged in the order of their gross value of products. Some of the industries which hold a very high rank in gross value of products rank comparatively low in the average number of wage-earners employed and in the value added by manufacture. Where this is the case it indicates that the cost of materials represents a large proportion of the total value of products, and that therefore the value added by manufacture, of which wages constitute usually the largest item, is not commensurate with the total value of products. Thus the slaughtering and meat-packing industry, which ranks first in gross value of products, and the flour-mill and grist-mill industry, which ranks first in that respect, both hold a comparatively low rank with regard to number of wage-earners or to the value added by manufacture. The blast-furnace industry, he smelting and refining of copper, the manufacture and refining of sugar and molasses, the manufacture of butter and cheese and condensed milk, the refining of operiodeum, and the smelting and refining of lead, are other industries which rank much higher in gross value of products than in the number of wage-earners or the value added by manufacture.

Klluminating and Heating Gas.

The number of establishments engaged in the manufacture of illuminating and heating gas in the United States in 1909, according to the Census report issued November 15, 1911 was 1909. The capital employed was \$165,37,000 and the value of the year's product was \$165,814,000. There were 50,730 persons engaged in the business. The number of cubic feet produced was 150,834,793,000 which carburated water gas represented 79,418,486,000 cubic feet, mixed coal and water gas 40,775,283,000 cubic feet. These statisties do not include gas made in coke and other establishments producing gas as a by-product.

The Phonograph Endustry.

A STATEMENT regarding the production of phonographs and graphaphones in the United States in the year 1909 was issued by the Census Bureau. November 22, 1911.

The number of manufacturing establishments was 18, and the capital employed \$14,363,000.

The year's value of products was \$11,726,000.

The number of instruments produced was 34,681, valued at \$5,407,000, and the number of records and blanks produced was 17,183,959, valued at \$5,007,000.

Lumber and Timber Products.

THE Census Office in June, 1912, published statistics of lumber and timber products in the United States in 1909, according to the Thirteenth Census.

The industry considered was, in value of products, the third in rank in the census year. It embraces logging operations, ordinary sawmills, planting mills, and establishments engaged in the manufacture of wooden packing boxes. It does not include statistics of mills engaged exclusively

emoraces rogging operations, ordinary sawmills, planing mills, and establishments engaged in the manufacture of wooden packing boxes. It does not include statistics of mills engaged exclusively in custom sawing for local consumption.

In 1909 there were in the United States 40,671 establishments; 784,989 persons engaged in the industry, of which number, 48,825 were proprietors and firm members, 19,340 were salaried officers, superintendents and managers; 18,088 were male, and 3,717 female clerks. The average number of wage-earners was 695,019; the number in the maximum month, vovember, was 739,160, and in the minimum month, January, 649,239. The total number of wage-earners on December 15, 1909, or the nearest representative day, was 833,160, of which number, 226,978 were males, and 4,027 females, all being 16 years of age and over; while 6,886 males, and 269 females, were under 16. The capital invested was \$1,176,675,407. The total expenses were \$995,622,2839, of which, the officials received \$29,448,332, clerks \$17,979,364, wage-earners \$318,739,207, fuel and rent of power \$5,082,287, other materials \$503,035,292, rent of factory or works \$2,623,146, taxes, including internal revenue \$9,863,334, contract work \$32,491,242, and other miscellaneous \$76,360,585. The primary horsepower was 2,840,082. The value of products \$1,156,128,747. The value added by manufacture, which is the difference between cost of materials and value of products, was 8648,011,168. In value of products, the ranking order was: First, Washington, \$89,154,825; New York, 72,529,813; Louislana, \$62,837,912; Michigan, \$66,513,560; Wisconsin, \$87,069,170; Pennsylvania, \$57,552,844.

In value added by manufacture, the first was: Washington, \$52,275,954; then Louislana \$42,763,844.

In value added by manufacture, the first was: Washington, \$52,275,954; then Louisiana, \$39,681,716; Michigan, \$32,471,918; Wisconsin, \$32,381,700; New York, \$30,824,722; Pennsylvania, \$30,139,347; Mississippi, \$28,586,246; California, \$26,631,376; Arkansas, \$26,340,660, and Virginia, \$21,962,911.

Foundry and Machine Shop Products.

THE products of factories engaged in the manufacture of foundry and machine shop products in Continental United States, according to the United States Census of 1910, were summarized in a Census Office builetin Issued in June, 1912. The industry considered was, in value of products, the second in rank in the census year. It includes all ailled industries excepting those which manufacture a distinctive product indicated by

The industry considered was, in value of products, the second in rank in the census year. It includes all ailled industries excepting those which manufacture a distinctive product indicated by some other classification, such as cash registers, calculating machines, sewing machines and electrical machinery. The establishments engaged in the manufacture of belis, gas machines, meters, hardware, plumbers' supplies, saddiery hardware, steam fittings, structural fromwork and cast from and cast steel pipe, some of which were reported under separate classifications at previous censuses, are all included under this general heading.

In 1999 there were 13,253 establishments, employing 615.485 persons, of which number 9,851 were proprietors and firm members: 21,754 were salaried officers, superintendents and managers; 42,242 were male, and 10,627 female, cierks; the average number of wage-earners was 531,011; the number of wage-earners in the maximum month, December, being 597,234; and in the minimum month, January, 482,080. The total number of wage-earners on December 15, 1999, or the nearest representative day, was 604,167, of which 587,636 were males and 11,895 were females, all 16 years of age and over; while 4,093 were males and 543 females, under 16 years of age. The capital invested was \$1,514,332,273. The total expenses were \$1,077,736,456, of which \$47,817,236 were pald officials, \$45,977,187 cierks, \$321,520,917 wage-earners, \$23,750,838 fel and revenienes, \$6,653,816 contract work, and \$103,515,297 other miscellaneous expenses. The value of products was \$1,228,475,148. The value added by manufacture, which is the difference between value of products and cost of materials, was \$688,464,009. The primary horsepower was \$63,305. Pennsylvania, with an average of \$6,821 wage-earners, \$210,746,257 value of products, and \$109,735,517 value added by manufacture, was considerably in lead. The other leading States, with the exception of New York held the same relative rank with respect to all three of the Items mentioned

value added by manufacture.

Manufactures of Cutlery and Tools.

According to the Thirteenth United States Census there were 959 establishments engaged in the manufacture of cutlery and tools in this country in 1909 and 838 in 1904, an increase of 14 per cent. This includes knives, scissors, shears, gimlets, planes, axes, hatches and implements of a similar character; also all kinds of cutting tools, hammers, serewdrivers and wrenches. It does not include cutlery and tools made by establishments engaged primarily in the manufacture of other products, such as general hardware, brass ware, and foundry and machine shop products. The capital invested as reported in 1909 was \$67,380,000, a gain of \$23,651,000, or 54 per cent. Over \$43,729,000 in 1904. The average capital per establishment was approximately \$70,000 in 1909 and \$52,000 in 1904. The average capital per establishment was approximately \$56,000 in 1909 and \$47,000 in 1904. The cost of materials used was \$18,279,000 in 1909, as against \$13,278,000 in 1909 and \$25,744,000 in 1904. The cost of materials used was \$18,279,000 in 1909, as against \$13,278,000 in 1909 and \$25,744,000 in 1904, an increase of \$8,243,000, or 36 per cent. The average number of wage-earners employed during the year was \$2,996 in 1909 and \$6,188 in 1904, an increase of 26 per cent.; their wages increased from \$13,125,000 in 1904 to \$17,581,000 in 1909, or 34 per cent.

Manufacture of Woollen Goods.

THE Census Bureau in June, 1912, published statistics of manufacture of woollen, worsted and felt goods and wool hats in the United States in 1909. In that year there were 989 establishments, with 175,176 persons engaged in the industry. The capital invested was \$430,578,574; the total expenses were \$387,998,515 and the value of products \$435,978,558. The following were the returns of wage-earners and value of products by States:

STATE.	Wage- Earners.		STATE.	Wage- Earners.	Value of Products.
California	272	\$585,410	North Carolina	424	\$675,265
Connecticut	7,789	19,363,228	Ohlo	2,566	7,690,149
Georgia	660	870,520	Oregon	469	928,654
Illinois	499	1,314,100	Pennsylvania	27,409	77,446,996
Indiana	776	1,569,965	Rhode Island	24,924	74,600,240
Iowa	134	349,569	Tennessee	1,654	1,802,311
Kentucky	818	1.277,917	Vermont	2.294	4,496,903
Maine	8.754	[18,490,120]	Virginia	542	999,441
Massachusetts	53,873	141,966,882	West Virginia	599	1,224,247
Michigan	554	1,571,364	Wisconsin	1,046	2,229,708
Minnesota	277		All other States	791	1,418,283
New Hampshire	9,486	16,730,652			
New Jersey	12,652	33,938,637	1		
New York	9.460	23,739,421	Total	\$168,722	\$435,978,558

Meat Packing.

IN June, 1912, the United States Census Bureau published the following statistics of slaughtering and meat packing in 1909:
In 1909 there were in the United States 1,641 establishments; 108,716 persons engaged in the industry. The capital invested amounted to \$383,249,170. The expenses were \$1,316,366,878. The value of products \$1,370,568,101. The value added by manufacture, which is the difference between cost of materials and value of products, was \$168,740,317.
Illinois, with an average number of 26,705 wage-earners, with \$45,618,899 in value added by manufacture, and \$389,594,936 in value of products, or about 30, 27 and 28 per cent., respectively, of the general total for each irem, was far ahead of the next State in rank. This latter was Kansas, with an average number of 10,951 wage-earners, \$17,714,526 in value added by manufacture and \$165,360,516 in value of products. New York 'ranked third with 6,110 wage-earners, \$16,961,817 added by manufacture and \$127,130,051 value of products.

The Mining Industries.

(Census Report.)

A PRELIMINARY statement of the results of the Thirteenth Census relative to the persons engaged in mining industries was issued October 24, 1912 by Director Durand of the Burcau of the Census. The number of persons engaged in these industries which include the operation of mines, quaries and wells, as returned for December 15, 1909, or nearest representative day was 1,139,332; of whom 1,065,283, or 93.5 per cent., were wage-carners; 49,374, or 4.3 per cent., were proprietors or officials; and 24,675, or 2.2 per cent., were clerks. The proportion of proprietors and officials ranged from 0.7 per cent. In the anthractic branch of the coal mining industry to 31.1 per cent. In the copper mining industry, being high in the petroleum and natural gas industries and in the Industries mining precious metals, lead and zinc. Of the 3,804 females connected with the mining industries, 1,443 were proprietors and officials, and 2,361 were clerks, the wage-carners being exclusively males.

In the mining industries, 8,151, or 0.8 per cent., of the wage-earners were boys under sixteen, of whom 6,968, or 85.4 per cent., were employed in coal, 489 in iron and 694 in other mining industries. The boys employed in the coal industries were about equally divided between the bituminous and anthracte mines, which employed respectively 3,721 and 3,247 boys employed in the anthracte mines, however, worked above ground, only 13 being at work below, while of the 3,721 boys employed in mining bituminous coal 2,904, or more than three-fourths (78 per cent.), worked under ground. Of the 200 boys working under ground in other mining industries 169 were in the iron mines.

Manufacture of Jewelry.

A CENSUS Office Bulletin of December 28, 1911, gave a summary of the manufacture of jewelry in the United States in 1909, which covered rings, pins, bracelets, chains and other articles made from prectous metals, including trimmings for unbrellas and canes, rolled plate and filled wire, and also diamond setting and mounting. There were 1,537 establishments engaged in this industry in 1909 and 1,023 in 1904, an increase of 50 per cent. The capital Invested as reported in 1909 was 563.811,000. The average capital per establishment was approximately 342,000. The value of products was \$80,350,000 in 1909 and \$53,226,000 in 1904, an increase of \$27,124,000, or 51 per cent. The value added by manufacture was \$43,675,000 in 1909 and \$29,049,000 in 1904, an increase of \$14,626,000, or 50 per cent. The average number of wage-earners employed during the year was 30.347 in 1909 and 22,080 in 1904, an increase of 37 per cent.; their wages increased from \$12,593,000 in 1904 to \$18,358,000 in 1909, or 46 per cent.

Manufacture of Agricultural Emplements.

A CENSUS Bulletin issued November 3, 1911, reported the number of establishments in the United States in 1909 manufacturing agricultural implements as 640; the capital employed was \$256,281,000, and the value of products in that year \$146,329,000. The number of employes was 59,764. The following is a classified statement of the number of agricultural implements manu-

59,764. The following is a classified statement of the number of agricultural implements manufactured in 1909:
Seeders, 61,970; corn planters, 219,245; cotton planters, 79,271; potato planters, 23,092; drills, 142,547; seed sowers, 7,847; cultivators, 905,957; cotton scrapers, 20,180; disk harrows, 193,000; spring-tooth harrows, 112,832; spike-tooth harrows, 394,988; listers, 44,840; disk plows, 22,132; shovel plows, 254,737; walking plows, 1,110,006; szng, steam, sulky, or wheel plows, 228,977; grain cradles, 22,635; harvesters, 152,351; hay rakes (horse), 266,260; mowers, 359,264; reapers, 58,294; other harvesting implements 200,678; corn shellers, 83,272; fanning mills, 33,805; threshers, 34,408. Grand total, 5,024,637.

The Cotton Supply.

CROP OF THE UNITED STATES FOR SEVENTY-NINE YEARS.

THE following statements are furnished by the New York "Commercial and Financial Chronicle:"

YEAR.	Bales.	YEAR.	Bales.	YEAR,	Bales.	YEAR.	Bales.
1834		1853	3.262,882	1875	3,832,991	1894	
1835		1854	2,930,027	1876	4,669,288	1895	
1836		1855	2,847,339	1877	4,485,423	1896	
1837	1,422,930	1856	3,527,845	1878	4.811,265	1897	
1838	1.801,497	1857	2,939,519	1879	5.073,531		11,180,960
1839	1,360,532	1858	3,113,962	1880	5.757,397		
1840	2,177,835	1859	3,851,481	1881	6.589,329		9,439,559
1841		1860	4,669,770	1882	5,435,845		10,425,141
1842	1.683.574	1861	3,656,006	1883	6,992,234		10,701,453
1843	2.378.875	1862-1865	No record	1884	5.714,052		10,758,326
1844		1866	2,193,987	1885	5,669,021		10,123,686
1845		1867	2,019,774	1886	6,550,215	1905	13,556,841
1846		1868	2,593,993	1887	6.513,624	1906	11,319,860
1847		1869	2,439,039	1888	7,017,707	1907	13,550,760
1848		1870	3,154,946	1889	6,935,082	1908	11,581,829
1849		1871	4.352.317	1890	7.313,726	1909	13,828,846
1850		1872	2.974.351	1891	8:655,518	1910	10,650,961
1851		1873	3.930.508	1892	9,038,707	1911	12,132,332
1852		1874	4,170,388	1893		1912	16,043,316

The returns are for the years ending September 1. The average net weight, per bale, for 1912 is 490.80 pounds.

EXPORTS AND DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF AMERICAN COTTON.

	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1908-1909.	1907-1908.	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	1904-1905.
Export to Europe	Bales. 9,934,132	Bales, 7,459,397	Bales, 6,093,400	Bales, 8,198,922	Bales. 7,275,973	Bales. 8,144,301	Bales. 6,448,430	Bales. 8,333,556
Consumption, United States, Canada, etc	6,145,323							
Total	16,079,455	12,414,427	11,062,657	13,653,703	11,953,961	13,722,978	11,568,703	13,296,904

COTTON CONSUMPTION OF THE WORLD.

CONSUMPTION, BALES, 500 LBS.	Great Britain.	Continent.	United States,	India.	All Others.	Total World,
1894-1895 1895-1896	3,276,050	4,030,000	2,743,000 2,572,000 2,738,000	1.074,000 1,105,000 1,004,000	446,000 492,000 546,000	11,543,000 11,605,000
1896-1897 1897-1898 1898-1899	3,224,000 3,432,000 3,519,000	4,368,000 4,628,000 4,784,000	2,962,000 3,553,000	1,141,000 1,314,000	725,000 845,000	11,880,000 12,888,000 14,015,000
1899-1900	3,334,000	4,576,000	3,856,000	1,139,000	868,000	13,773,000
1900-1901	3,269,000	4,576,000	3,727,000	1,060,000	784,000	13,416,000
1901-1902	3,253,000	4,836,000	4,037,000	1,384,000	905,000	14,415,000
1902-1903	3,185,000	5,148,000	4,015,000	1,364,000	766,000	14,478,000
1903-1904	3,017,000	5,148,000	3,908,000	1,368,000	869,000	14,310,000
1904-1905	3,620,000	5,148,000	4,310,000	1,474,000	1,060,000	15,612,000
1905-1906	$3,774.000 \\ 3,892.000 \\ 3,690.000$	5,252,000	4,726,000	1,586,000	1,097,000	16,435,000
1906-1907		5,460,000	4,950,000	1,552,000	1,145,000	16,999,000
1907-1908		5,720,000	4,227,000	1,561,000	1,083,000	16,281,000
1908-1909	3,720,000	5,720,000	4,912,000	1,653,000	1,159,000	17,164,000
1909-1910,		5,460,000	4,533,000	1,517,000	1,304,000	15,989,000
1910-1911		5,460,000	4,485,000	1,494,000	1,400,000	16,615,000
1911-1912		5,720,000	5,211,000	1,600,000	1,788,000	18,479,000

SOURCES OF COTTON SUPPLY, 1911-1912.

The following shows the actual requirements in 1911-1912 and the estimate of Ellison & Co. for 1912-1913:

	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1909-1910.	1908-1909.
	Total Est. Bales.	Total Actual Bales.	Total Actual Bales.	Total Actual Bales,	Total Actual Bales,
America	14,397,000 1,000,000 1,200,000	701,000	1,306,000	1,408,000	945,000
Total Average weight Bales of 500 lbs	488, 2	487.7	485.7	478.7	491.9

		SPINDLE	S IN OPER	RATION.		
	1912.	1911.	1910.	1909.	1908.	1907.
Great Britain Continent United States East Indies		56,500,000 42,000,000 29,003,000 6,250,000	56,000,000 40,000,000 28,636,000 6,196,000	55,600,000 39,000,000 27,780,000 6,053,000	54,600,000 $37,000,000$ $26,752,000$ $3,756,000$	52,000,000 $35,800,000$ $25,924,000$ $5,400,000$

THE COTTON CROP OF THE UNITED STATES BY STATES.

STATES.	1905-06,	1906-07.	1907-08.	1 908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
	Bales.	Bales,	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
North Carolina	711,000	644,000	675,000			777,000	1,165,000
South Carolina	1,140,000				1,188,000		1,725,000
Georgia					1,932,000		2,820,000
Florida	82,000	66,000			64,000		
Alabama					1,088,000		1,730,000
Mississippi	1,275,000				1,137,000		
Louisiana							
Texas					2,653,000		
Arkansas							
Tennessee	300,000						
All others	778,000	1,007,000	949,000	788,000	-662,000	1,074.000	1,215,000
Total crop	11,320,000	13,551,000	11,582,000	13,829,000	10,651,000	12,132,000	16,043,000

HICHEST AND LOWEST PRICES

IN NEW YORK FOR MIDDLING UPLANDS COTTON FROM JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31 OF THE YEARS NAMED.

YEAR.	Highest.	Lowest.	YEAR.	Highest.	Lowest.	YEAR.	Highest.	Lowest.	YEAR.	Highest.	l.owest.
1861	38	1113/2	1874	187/8	1434	1887	11 7-16	9 7-16	1900	11	7 9-16
1862	6914	20	1875	171/8	13 1-16	1888	113/6	956	1901		7 13-16
1863	93	51	1876	133%	10%	1889	111/2	934	1902		8 3-16
	190	72	1877	13 5-16				9 3-16	1903	14.10	8.85
	120	35	[1878]	12 3-16		1891	91/2	734	1904	17.25	6.85
1866	52	32	1879	1334	91/4	1892		6 11-16		12.60	7.00
1867	36	151/2	1880	131/4				71/4	1906	12, 25	9.60
1868	33	16	1881	13	10 7-16	1894	8 5-16			13.55	10.70
1869	35	25	1882	13 1-16	10%	1895				12. 25	9.00
1870	2534	15	1883	111/6	10	1896		7 1-16		16.50	9.25
1871	$21\frac{1}{4}$	1434	1884	11 15-16		1897	81/4		1910	19.75	13.60
1872	2736	185%	1885	111/2		1898		5 5-16		16.15	9.20
1873	213/6	135%	1886	9 9-16	8 13-16	1899	7 13-16	57/8	1912*	13.40	9.35

^{*} To November 1.

Cotton Goods Made in'the United States.

A CENSUS Bureau report issued June 17, 1911, showed that the number of establishments engaged in the manufacture of cotton goods in the United States in 1909 was 1,206, an increase of 24 per cent. since 1899, and that the value of the products was \$616,297,000, an increase of 85 per cent. since 1899. The following is a tabular statement of the kinds of products of cotton goods by kind, quantity and value in 1909:

Plain cloths for printing or con-		Upholstery goods: Tapestries	
verting:		(plece goods and curtains)	
Square yards	2,437,967,000	Square vards	11,753,000
Value	\$121,341,000	Value.	\$5.015,000
Value Brown or bleached sheetings and	*,,	ValueLace and lace curtains—	40,020,000
shirtings:		Square yards	85,350,000
Square yards	1,307,958,000	Value	\$9,725,000
Value	\$80,318,000	Other, including covers-	***************************************
Twills and sateens:		Square yards	3,222,000
Square yards	388,315,000	Value	\$1,256,000
Value	\$34,274,000	Bags and bagging:	
Fancy woven fabrics:		Square yards	52,694,000
Square yards	427,769,000	Value	\$4,332,000
Value	\$47,666,000	Cotton towels and towelling:	
Ginghams:		Square yards	52,808,000
Square yards	536,443,000	Value	\$6,066,000
value	\$37,801,000	Cotton yarn manufactured for	
Duck:		sale:	
Square yards	163,487,000	Pounds	470,221,000
Value	\$27,846,000	Value	\$109,219,000
Drills.		Thread:	
Square yards	215,580,000	Pounds	23,701,000
Value	\$16,265,000	Value	\$20,516,000
Ticks, denims, and stripes:	004 4 000	Twine:	10 000 000
Square yards	264,175,000	Pounds	13,600,000
Value	\$27,288,000	Value.	\$2,397,000
Napped fabrics:	005 050 000	Batting and wadding:	10.000.000
Square yards	305,656,000	Pounds	10,626,000
Value	\$25,695,000	Value	\$1,472,000
plush:		Cotton waste, sold as such:	200 200 000
	10 700 000	Pounds	309,298,000
Square yardsValue	19,706,000 \$6,966,000		\$10,834,000 \$14,557,000
Mosquito and other netting:	\$0,966,000	All other products, value	*12,007,000
Square yards	59,101,000		
-Value	\$2,104,000		
7 MIUC	\$4,104,000		

The number of wage-earners engaged in cotton manufacture in 1909 was 371,120.

Statistics of Wool in the United States.

	Exports, NET IMPORTS.		PORTS.	United States	Retained	FINE WOOL.		
FISCAL YEAR.	Total Imports.	Domestic and Foreign.	Classes I, and II.	Class III.	Production Preceding Year.	for Con- sumption.	Retained for Cou- sumption.	I'er Cent. of Foreign.
1898-99. 1899-1900. 1900-01. 1901-02. 1902-03. 1903-04. 1904-05. 1905-06. 1906-07. 1907-08.	Pounds. 76,736,209 155,918,455 103,583,505 166,576,966 177,137,796 173,742,83 249,135,746 201,688,668 203,847,545 125,980,524 266,409,304	14,095,335 7,912,557 3,790,067 3,227,941 3,511,914 3,511,914 3,528,03 2,561,648 5,642,859 3,446,748 5,626,463 3,523,975	Pounds. 3,349,870 44,680,424 32,865,844 69,315,286 54,747,533 55,999,545 134,407,321 98,336,137 91,726,655 57,846,442 164,867,536	Pounds. 60,947,423 105,525,783 67,127,159 93,842,199 119,397,268 114,880,236 112,292,726 97,902,153 108,888,982 62,690,077 99,046,169	Pounds. 266,720,674 272,191,330 286,636,621 302,502,382 316,341,032 287,450,000 291,783,082 295,488,438 298,715,130 298,294,750 311,138,321	Pounds, 329,361,558 420,197,228 388,430,059 465,851,407 489,966,914 458,010,031 538,357,130 491,534,247 499,115,927 418,648,811 574,023,650	Pounds. 268,387,135 314,671,445 321,502,465 371,694,390 370,569,646 345,129,795 426,066,402 393,632,094 390,226,945 346,141,192 476,005,857	1.25 14.20 10.10 18.65 14.63 16.22 31.54 24.99 23.50 16.71
1909-10 1910-11 1911-12	263,939,584 137,647,641 193,400,713	3,926,992 8,205,699 1,719,870	139,986,526 45,414,054	120,073,586 84,027,888		588,123 341 450,804,692 510,228,743	468,049,755 366,766,804 404,078,845	29.90 12.38 21.16

Wools of Classes I and II are used for the manufacture of cloths, dress goods, and similar fabrics. Domestic wools are of these two classes. Class III wools are used principally in the carpet manufacture, and are practically not grown in the United States. The domestic wool shown in the above table is the quantity in its greasy state as shorn from the sheep. Fleece wool is wool shorn from living sheep. Pulled wool is wool removed from the skin of slaughtered animals.

Reduced to the scoured condition fit for use in manufacture, the annual production and total value based on the price in Boston in October of each year for the years 1901-1911, inclusive, are as follows:

YEAR.	Fleece and Pulled.	Total Value.	Value per Pound.		YEAR.	Fleece and Pulled.			Value per Pound.		
	Scoured.		Fleece.	Pulled.		Scoured.		Fleece.	Pulled.		
	Pounds.			Cents.		Pounds.			Cents.		
1901	126,814,690	\$51,164,709	41.1	36.7	1907	130,359,118	\$78,263,165	62.3	50.2		
1902	137,912,085	60,679,127	45.2	39,7	1908	135,360,648	61,707,516	46.6	41.6		
1903		58,775,373	48.8	43.4	1909	142,223,785	88,829,746	63.6	58		
1904		64,948,959	54.1	46.7	1910	141,805,813	72,489,838	51	51.75		
1905		80,415,514	65.4	57.4	1911	139.896,195	56,591,017	47.7	47.5		
1906		79,721,383	63.8	54.3		1	, ,)	1		

The wool statistics in above tables were prepared by Wm. J. Battison, of Boston, for the National Association of Wool Manufacturers.

Number of sheep in the world according to the most recent available statistics and estimates: North America, 58,623,834; South America, 99.592,967; Europe, 183,901,261; Asia, 92,848,787; Africa, 50,293,014; Oceania, 116,650,409; total world, 601,691,272.

MANUFACTURE OF WOOLLEN COODS.

THE number of establishments in the United States in 1909 engaged in the manufacture of woollen goods and worsted goods (exclusive of carpets, felt goods, wool hats, boslery and knit goods, according to the census report issued in April, 1911, was 913, employing capital of \$415,465,000 and producing goods valued at \$419,826,000. The value of products increased in five years 76 per cent.

The quantities and values of the different products manufactured in 1909 are as follows:

ITEMS.	Square Yds.	Value.
All-Wool Woven Goods-		
Woollen cassimeres, sultings, overcoatings, etc	55,441,000	\$40,528,000
Woollen dress goods, opera flannels, etc	29,100,000	16,385,000
Worsted coatings, suitings, overcoatings, etc	120,309,000	102.725.000
Worsted dress goods, cashmeres, serges, etc	105,799,000	54.030.000
Flannels for underwear	3,805,000	1.244.000
Blankets		3,226,000
All other all-wool goods	3,179,000	1.705.000
Union or Cotton-Mixed Woven Goods-		.,,
Suitings and overcoatings	23,498,000	10,509,000
Dress goods, opera and similar flannels	4,320,000	1,777,000
Flannels for underwear		1,308,000
Blankets		1,429,000
All other union goods	1.243.000	448,000
Cotton-Warp Woven Goods-		
Wool-filling, cassimeres, suitings, overcoatings, etc	46,722,000	12,363,000
Wool-filling dress goods	13,116,000	2,642,000
Worsted-filling sultings, overcoatings, etc	29,830,000	15,333,000
Worsted-filling dress goods	65,113,000	14,799,000
Satinets and linseys	5,102,000	912,000
Linings, Italian cloths, etc	29,608,000	9,089,000
Cotton-warp blankets		1,902,000
All other cotton-warp goods		3,975,000
Upholstery Goods and Sundries		1,805,000

Grain Statistics.

CRAIN PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

UNITED STATES Census report of the production of the principal cereals in the census year 1909, with the reports of the Department of Agriculture for other years,

YEARS.	Indian Corn.	Wheat,	Oats,	Barley.	Rye.	Buckwheat.
	Bushels,	Bushels,	Bushels,	Bushels,	Bushels,	Bushels.
1892	1,628,464,000	515,949,000	661,035,000	80,096,762	27,978,824	12,143,185
1893	1,619,496,131	396,131,725	638,854,850	69,869,495	26,555,446	12, 132, 311
1894	1,212,770,052	460, 267, 416	662,086,928	61,400,465	26,727,615	
1895	2,151,139,000	467,103,000	824,444,000	87,373,000	27,210,000	15,341,000
1896	2,283,875,000	427,684,000	707,346,000	69,695,000	24,369,000	
1897	1,902,967,933	530,149,168			27,363,324	
1898	1,924,185.000	675,149,000	730,905,000	55.792.000	25,657,000	
1899	2,078,143,933	547,303,846	796,177,713	73,381,563	23,961.741	11,094,471
1900	2,105,102,516	522,229,505		58,925,833	23,995,927	
1901	1,522,519,891	748,460,218	736,808,724	109,932,924	30,344,830	
1902	2,523,648,312	670,063,008	987,842,712	134, 954, 023	33,630,592	
1903	2,244,176,925	637,821,835		131,861,391	29, 363, 416	
1904		552,399,517	894,595.552	130, 748, 958	27,241,515	
1905	[2,707,993,540]	692,979,489	953,216,197	136,651,020	28,485,952	
1906		735,260.970	964,904.522	178,916.484	33,374,833	
1907	[2,592,320,000]	-634,087,000		153.597,000	31,566,000	
1908	2,668,651,000	664,602.000	807,156,000	166,756.000	31,851,000	15,874,000
1909			1,007,142,980	173,344.212	29,520,457	14,849,339
1910	[2,886,260,000]		$1,\!186,\!341,000$	173,832,000	34,897,000	
1911	[2,531,488,000]	621.338.000	922,298,000	160,240,000	33,119,000	17.549,000

THE WHEAT CROP OF THE WORLD, IN BUSHELS, 1911.*

COUNTRIES.	Bushels.	COUNTRIES.	Bushels,	COUNTRIES.	Bushels.
United States	621,338,000	Spain	148,495,000	Australasia	106,644,000
Canada	215,851,000	France	315,444,000	Mexico	12,000,000
Argentina	145,981,000	Germany	149,411,000	Turkey in Asia	85,000,000
		Belgium			
		Great Britain			15,312,000
		Portugal			
		Russia in Europe			125,764,000
Turkey in Europe.		British India			
		Egypt		The world	3 522 522 000
Italy	192, 395, 000	Algeria	35,874,000	The world	0,022,022,000

^{*} Report of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The rye crop of principal countries in 1911 was (in bushels): United States, 33,119,000; Germany, 427,776,000; Austria-Hungary, 157,181,000; Russia in Europe, 742,376,000; France, 47,354,000; Spain, 28,897,000; the world, 1,550,679,000.

The barley crop of the world in 1911 (in bushels) was 1,378,727,000; oat crop, 3,831,522,000.

PRICES OF WHEAT (CHICAGO MARKET), 1864-1912.*

	Lowest Price,		Months of Highest Price.	YEARS.	Months of Lowest Price.		Months of Highest Price.
1864	March		June.		June	751/2@1.083/4	February.
1866	February	77 @2.03			February	$74\frac{1}{4}@1.08\frac{1}{4}$	August.
1867	August	1.55 @2.85	May.	1891	July	85 @1.16	April.
1868	November	1.04%@2 20	July.	1892	October	69%@ 91%	February.
1 869	December	76%@1.46	August,	1893	July	5436@ 88	A pril.
1870	April	731/4@1.311/2	July. [Sept.]		Septe'ber		April.
1871	August	9916@1.32	Feb. , April, and			4834@ 8536	May.
1872	November	1.01 @1.61	August.		June	53%@ 94%	November.
1873	September	89 @1.46	July.	1897	April	641/8@1.09	December.
1874	October	81%@1.28	April.	1898	October	62 @ 1.85	May. ‡
	February		August.		December		May.
1876	July	83 @1,2634		1900	January	61%@ 87%	June.
1877	August	1.01%@1.76%	May.		July	631/8@ 791/8	December.
		77 @1.14			October		September.
1879	January	81%@1.33%			March		September.
1880	August	861/201.32		1904	January	8114@1.22	October.
1881	January	95%@1.43¼	October,		August		February.
	December		April and May.	1 906	AugSep.	6916@ 9414	April.
1883	October	90 @1.131/2	June.	1907	January	71 @1.0514	October.
1884	December	6914@ 96			July		May.
1885	March	73%@ 91%	April.	1909	August	99%@1.60	June.
1886	March October	6936@ 8434	January.		Novemb'r		February.
1887	August	6658@ 9484	June.		April		January.
1888	April	. 711/g/a 2.00	September. †	1912	January	[⊥] 93¾@1.20	May.

^{*}No. 2 cash wheat. † The Hutchinson "corner" figure; \$1.04%@1.05% the following day. † The Leiter "corner" figure.

The above table was compiled by Charles B. Murray, editor of the Cincinnati Price Current.

Principal Cereal Crops in the United States. PRODUCTION BY STATES IN 1911.

(Compiled from the Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture,)

STATES .	Oats, Bushels.	Corn, Bushels.	Wheat, Bushels.	STATES.	Oats, Bushels.	Corn. Bushels.	Wheat, Bushels.
16-1							
Maine	5,198,000	792,000		Kansas			
NewH'mpshire	406 000	1,035,000		Kentucky	3,128,000		
Vermont	2,660,000	1,886,000		Tennessee			
Massachusetts		2,068,000		Alabama			
Rhode Island		495,000		Mississippi			
Connecticut	386,000	2,862,000		Louisiana	840,000		
New York	38,645,000	20,405,000	6,728,000	Texas	18,499,000	69,350.000	
New Jersey		9.936,000	1,462,000	Oklahoma	8,181,000	36,888,000	
Pennsylvania	31,724,000	63,858,000	17,402,000	Arkansas	4,100,000		1,008,000
Delaware	120,000	6,630,000	1,887,000	Montana	21,165,000	530,000	12,299,000
Maryland	1,242,000	24,455,000	9,378,000	Wyoming	6,555,000	195,000	
Virginia.,	3,880,000	47,520,000	9,000,000	Colorado	10,150,000	5,222,000	
West Virginia	2,420,000	18,170,000	2,737,000	New Mexico	1,862,000	2,322,000	1,262,000
North Carolina		49,680,000	6,636,000	Arizona	252,000	495,000	800,000
South Carolina	7,038,000	32,578,000	946,000	Utah	3,889,000	280,000	5,025,000
Georgia	8,686,000	59,072,000	1.740.000	Nevada	360,000		
Florida	580,000	9,286,000		Idaho	14,564,000		
Ohio	54,570,000	150.540,000	36.240.000	Washington	14 528,000	855,000	
Indiana	47,068,000	174,600,000	34,354,000	Oregon	12,457,000		
Illinois	121,536,000	334,950,000	42,000,000	California	7,140,000		
Michigan	42,900,000	55,770,000					
Wisconsin	67,050,000	58,080,000		Total bushels	922,298,000	2,531,488,000	621,338,000
Minnesota	67,214,000	74,140,000		Total acres			
lowa	126,225,000	305,350,000		Total farm	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,,
Missouri	17,760,000	193,400,000	36,110,000		\$414 663 000	\$1.565.258.000	\$543 063,000
North Dakota	51,230,000	7,250,000		Yield per acre.			
South Dakota	11,396,000	50,820,000		Farm price per		20.0	
Nebraska	34,750,000	155,925,000		bushel, Dec. 1.		\$.618	\$ 8.74

Farm Productions in the United States.

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Скор.	Year.	Unit of Measure	Quantity.	Value.	CROP.	Year.	Unit of Measure	Quantity.	Value.
Animals	1912	Number	206,643,069	\$5,296,421,619	Molasses	1899	Gallons	*6,312,809	\$788,990
Apples	Census.	Bush			Nursery prod'ts.	1899			10,123,873
Apricots	Census.	Bush	4,150,263		Nuts (e)				4,447,674
Beans, Castor	1899	Bush	143,388		Onions	1899	Bush	11,790,974	6,637,413
Besns, Dry	Census.	Bush	11,247,392	21,769,566	Orchard pred'ts.	Census.	Bush	216,083,695	
Bees	Census.	Swarms	3,445,006		Peaches & Nect.		Bush	35,470,000	
Broom Corn	Census.	Pounds.	78,957,957		Peanuts	Census.	Bush	19,415,816	
Butier	1905	Pounds.	531,478,141		Pears	Census.	Bush	8,841,000	
Cereals (a)	1911	Bush	4,280,205,000		Peas, dry		Bush	7,541,100	
Cheese	1905	Pounds.	317,144,872	28,611,760	Plums & Prunes	Census.	Bush	15,480,170	
Chicory	1899	Pounds.	21,495,870		Potatoes, Irish		Bush	292,737,000	
Cider	1899	Barrels.	1,754,927	(b)	Potatoes, Sweet	Census.	Bush	59,211,247	35,390,596
Cotton	1911	Pounds.	8,125,140,000	732,420,000	Rice [rough]		Bush		
Cotton Seed	1911	Tons	6,997,000		Seeds, Clover		Bush		6,924,410
Flaxseed	1911	Bush	19,370,000	35,272,000	Seeds, Grass		Bush	3,515,869	
Flowers, Plants.	1899			15,758,864	Sugar, Beet		Pounds.		
Forest products.	1899			109,864,774	Sugar, Cane (g).	1910-11	Tons	1,108,900	(f) 28,801,608
Fruits, small				29,974,431	Sugar, Maple	1899	Pounds.		
" sub-trop'l	Census.			24,706,753	Syrup, Cane		Gallons	12,293,032	
Grapes		Pounds.	2,571,065,905	22,027,961	Syrup, Maple		Gallons	2,056,611	
llay	1911	Tons	54,916,000		Syrup, Sorghum		Gallons	16,972,783	
Hemp	1899	Pounds.	11,750,630		Tobacco		Pounds.	905,109,000	
Honey (c)	1899	Pounds.	62,862,885	6,656,611	Vegetables, Mis.				113,644,398
Hops	Census.	Pounds.	40,716,733	7,844,489	Wool	1911	Pounds.	318,547,900	66,591,017
Milk (4)	1899	Gallans	7.265 804 304	7					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

*The word "Census" in this table refers in all cases to Census of 1910.

(a) Not including rice. (b) Included in orband products. (c) Including wax. (d) \$472.276,783, was the aggregate value of milk, butter and cheese by the Census of 1990. (e) Not including peanuts. (f) Value of product in 1905, based on the export value of refined. (g) Includes Hawaii and Porto Rico.

The Census of 1910 gives the following firm statistics for the United States: Farms, total number, 6,340,357; total acres in farms, 373,799,000; improved acres in farms, 47,48,000; value of braid in farms, \$8.386,710,000; value of implements and machinery on farms, \$1,22,02,02,000; value per acre of land and buildings, \$3,986; value per acre of land alone, \$32.49. Value of wealth produced on farms in 1910, estimated by Secretary of Agriculture, \$5,926,000,000.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES. BY CENSUS OF 1900, 1910.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS.		OTAL. us of 1900).		FARMS OR ensus of 1900).	On FARMS AND RANGES. (Census of 1910).	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Est. Value.	Number.	Value.
All domestic animals		\$3,193,856,459		\$214,658,873		\$4,731,182,929
Neat cattle, cows, bulls, &c	69,335,832	\$1,516,307,270	1,616,422	\$41,102,637	61,225,791	\$1,484,889,647
	21,203,901	1,050,526,967	2,936,881	154,013,750	19,731,060	2,076,297,828
Mules	3,438,523	207,274,557	173,908	11,052,504	4.183,572	522,402,080
Asses and burros	110,012		15,847	965,399	101,392	13,092,867
Sheep and lambs	61.735.014	170,881,743	231,301	678,624	51,809,068	230,532,817
Swine	64,686,155	238,686,872	1,818,114	6,708,841	58,000,632	
Goats	1,948,952		78,353	137,118	2,798,160	5,964,812

Hay Crop of the United States.

ACREAGE PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF HAY, 1911. (Compiled from Report of Department of Agriculture.)

					J		
STATE, OR DIVISION.	Acreage.	Produc- tion.	Farm Value De- cember 1.	STATE, OR DIVISION.	Acreage.	Produc- tion.	Farm Value De- cember 1.
	Acres.	Tons.	Dollars.		Acres.	Tons.	Dollars.
Maine	1.219,000	1,341,000	19.310.000	Texas	379,000	379,000	4,510,000
N. Hampshire .	496,000	521,000	8 961 000	Oklahoma	334,000	267,000	2,136,000
Vermont	1.010.000	1.313,000	18,382,000	Arkansas	298,000	343,000	4,459,000
Massachusetts.	472,000	510,000	11.730.000	Montana	605,000	1.210.000	12,100,000
Rhode Island.	57.000	57,000	1.374.000		410,000	840.000	8.652,000
Connecticut	375,000	412,000	9,682,000	Colorado	785,000	1,570,000	14,601,000
New York	4.720.000	4,814,000	86,171,000	New Mexico	178,000	463,000	6.019.000
New Jersey	351,000	369,000	8.118.000		104.000	401,000	4.812.000
Pennsylvania.	3,022,000	3.022,000	60,440,000		350,000	875,000	7.875.000
Delaware	69,000	61,000	1.372.000	Nevada	200,000	680,000	6.460.000
Maryland	356,000	256,000	5 734 000	Idaho	672,000	2.083.000	15,831,000
Virginia	699,000	447,000	9 164 000	Washington	739,000	1,774,000	21,288,000
W. Virginia	675,000	446,000	8,920,000	Oregon	760,000	1.596.000	15,322,000
N. Carolina	290,000	304,000	5.168,000		2,500,000	4.375,000	47,688,000
S. Carolina	194,000	210,000	3,570,000			1,0.0,000	11,000,000
Georgia	213,000	288,000	4.896,000	United States	48,240,000	54,916,000	784.926.000
Florida	39,000	51.000	944,000				
Ohlo	2.850,000	2.793,000	52.788.000	1910	51,015,000	69,378,000	842,252,000
Indiana	1 725,000	1,622,000	27,250,000	1909 (revised)	51,041,000	68,833,000	722,401,000
Illinois	2.590.000	2.124.000	36.108.000	1908	46,486,000	70,798,000	635,423,000
Michigan	2,395,000	2,778,000	47,226,000	1907	44,028,224	63,677,000	743,507,000
Wisconsin	2.250,000	2.700,000	42.120.000	1906	42,476,224	57,145,959	592,539,671
Minnesota	1,582,000	1.582,000	18.826.000		39,361,960	60,531,611	515,960,000
Iowa	3,573,000	2,858,000	35,725,000		39,998,602	60,696,028	529,107,625
Missouri	2.924.000	1.754.000	23,328,000	1903	39,933,759	61,305,940	556,376,880
N. Dakota	357,000	393,000	2.751.000	Division: 1911		1	
S. Dakota	398,000	219,000	1.862,000	N. Atlantic	11.722,000	12,359,000	224,168,000
Nebraska	1,162,000	988,000	9.584.000	S. Atlantic	2,535,000	2.063.000	39,768,000
Kansas	1,550,000	1.318,000	13,048,000	N. Central E.	-,000,000	_,000,000	00,,00,000
Kentucky	840,000	798,000	13,805,000	of Miss. R.	11.810.000	12.017.000	205,492,000
Tennessee	925,000	925,000	15,448,000	N.Central W.			
Alabama	209,000	293,000	3,750,000	of Miss. R.	11.546.000	9.112.000	105, 124,000
Mississippi	199,000	298,000	3,278,000	S. Central	3,334,000	3,498,000	49,726,000
Louisiana	150,000	195,000	2,340,000	Far Western.	7,293,000	15,867,000	160,648,000

The average farm price per ton of 2,000 pounds December 1, 1904, was \$8.72; 1905, \$8.52; 1906, \$10.37; 1907, \$11.68; 1908, \$8.98; 1909, \$10.50; 1910, \$12.14 and 1911, \$14.29.

The Production of Flour in the United States.

THE Census Office on November 8, 1911, reported the following statistics of flour mill and grist mill products in the United States.

•	CEN	sus.	Per Cent
ESTABLISHMENTS, MAINTENANCE, AND COST OF PRODUCTION.	1909.	1904.	crease, 1904- 1909.
Number of cstablishments	11,691	10,051	16 32 24 25 70
Capital	18349,152,000	\$265,117,000	32
Cost of materials used	\$767,576,000	\$619,971,000	24
Salaries and wages	\$33,981,000	\$27,174,000	25
Salarles	\$12,517,000	\$7,352,000	70
Wages	\$21,464,000	\$19,822,000	8
Miscellaneous expenses	\$25,965,000	\$19,757,000	31
Value of products	\$883,584,000	8713.033.000	31 24 25
Value added by manufacture (products less cost of materials)	\$116,008,000	\$93,062,000	25
Employés: Number of salarled officials and clerks	12.031		62
Average number of wage-earners employed during the year	39,453		
Primary horse-power			

FLOUR MILL AND GRIST MILL PRODUCTS, BY KIND AND QUANTITY: 1909 AND 1904.

	CEN	Per Cent.	
PRODUCTS.	1909.	1904.	crease, 1904- 1909.
Flour: Wheat* bbls. White bbls	105,756,645	104,013,278	2
Whitebbls	105,321,969		2
Graham bbis	434,676		
Rye*bbls	1,532,139		
Rye*. bbls. Buckwheat. lbs.	176.081.891	175.354.062	(†)
Barley meal	28,550,952	68,508,655	158
Corn meal and corn flour* bbls	21.552.737	23.624.693	‡58 ‡9
Hominy and gristlbs	827.487.702	756.861.398	9
Feed*tons	5,132,169	3,456,787	48
Offal*tons	4.104.042		

^{*} In 1909 in addition 105.477 barrels of wheat flour; 2,620 barrels of rye flour; 32,804 barrels of corn meal; 33,765 tons of feed, and 627 tons of offal were made by establishments engaged primarily in the manufacture of other products. † Less than 1 per cent. ‡ Decrease.

The American Wog.

(From a Statement by the Cincinnati Price Current's Statistical Annual.)
HOGS PACKED AND MARKETED, YEAR ENDING MARCH 1, 1912.

CITIES,	Number of Hogs.	CITIES.	Number of Hogs.	CITIES.	Number of Hogs.
Chicago Kausas City		Cedar Rapids	481,103 866,164	Other Places East Receipts at New	
Omaha,	2,418,964	Louisville	194,396 1,139,884	York, Philadel-	
St. Joseph Indianapolis	1,977,643	St. Paul Nebraska City	789,003		
Milwaukee Cincinnati	1,201,135	Other Places West Boston	5,251,997	'' 1911	26.511.000
Ottumwa		Buffalo			35,197,000

DISTRIBUTION OF HOG PRODUCTS EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES IN 1912. (From a Statement of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Dept. of Commerce and Labor.)

Countries.	LARD.		HAMS AND SHOULDERS.		BACON.		PORK (PICKLED.)	
COUNTRIES,	Pounds.	Dollars.	Pounds.	Dollars.	Pounds.	Dollars.	Pounds.	Dollars.
United Kingdom		17,974,221	169,675,214	20,575,529	147,448,565	17,864,399	13,500,861	1,433,023
Belglum	21,743,806			1,654,616	4,503,110	556,100	347,645	34,807
France	24,474,920	2,445,882	258,481	27,211	9,418,140	978,451	374.650	36,839
Germany		15,651,572	70,497	8,779	1,313,160	156,531	935,588	88,589
Netherlands	38,675,175	3,800,502	255,634	30,358	7,271,025	856,363	52,550	4,959
Other Europe		1,411,815	1,224,592	146,824	27,000,762	2,964,562	381.923	34,659
Canada	7,968,353	804,715	6,281,607	906,701	3,342,270	481,163	11,156,806	1,007,026
Total †		\$52,090,441		\$24,983,376	208,574,208	\$24,907,197	56,321,469	\$5,348,594

* Fiscal year ending June 30. † Total, including all other countries.

Live Stock on Farms of the United States.

THE following table (Census Bulletin) summarizes the statistics of domestic animals for the United States recorded as of April 15, 1910:

Total		FARMS R		ANIMALS.		
Cattle. 5,265,772 83.061,225,791 \$1,484,889,647 Dairy cows (cows and helfers kept or milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909) 5,127,635 80.920,580,845 704,612,120 \$34.2 Other cows (cows and helfers not kept for milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909) 1,440,383 22.711,788,473 263,123,294 22.3 Heffers born in 1909 2,647,484 41.8 7,737,935 51,599,629 6.6 Steers and bulls born la 1909 1,344,727 21.2 5,409,711 90,844,523 16.7 Steers and bulls born before Jan. 1, 1909 5,442 0.1 937,815 20,686,499 20.9 Horses and cotts. 4,671,441 73.719,731,060 \$2,076,297,828 \$1.25 Mares, stallions, and geldings born before Jan. 1, 1909 1,024,008 16.1 1,721,964 10,501,987 \$8.9 Colts born in 1909. 1,762 (b) 56,223 2,452,097 33.7 \$3.9 Mules and mule colts. 1,762 (b) 56,223 2,452,097 33.2 Mules and mule colts. 1,763 167,612 2.6 530,869 22,738,798 \$31.1 Mul	AGE AND SEX GROUP.	Number.	P. C. of All Farms. Number.	Value.	Average Value.	
Dairy cows (cows and helfers kept for milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909)	Total	6,017,142	94.9	\$4,731,182,929		
milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909). 5,127,635	Cattle	5,265,772	83.061,225,791	\$1,484,889,647		
for milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909). 1,440,383	milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909)	5,127,635	80.920,580,845	704,612,120	\$34.24	
Mares, stallions, and geldings born before Jan. 1, 1909. 4,647,632 73.317,344,916 1,951,808,485 \$112.5 Colts born in 1909. 1,024,008 16.1 1,721,964 101,501,987 58.9 Colts born after Jan. 1, 1910. 439,254 6.9 607,957 20,536,259 33.7 Class not specified. 1,762 (*) 56,223 2,452,097 43.6 Mules and mule colts. 1,861,474 29,44,183,572 \$522,402,080 1,766,338 27,7 3,764,342 495,158,268 \$131,5 Mule colts born before Jan. 1, 1910. 86,671 11,4 108,361 4505,014 41,555	for milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909) Helfers born in 1909 Calves born after Jan. 1, 1910 Steers and buils born in 1909 Steers and buils born before Jan. 1, 1909.	2,372,305 2,647,484 1,344,727 857,564	37.4 7,253,450 $41.8 7,757,935$ $21.2 5,409,711$ $13.5 7,447,562$	102,533,205 51,599,629 90,844,523 251,490,377	$\begin{array}{c} 22.32 \\ 14.14 \\ 6.65 \\ 16.79 \\ 33.77 \\ 20.94 \end{array}$	
fore Jan. 1, 1909. 4,647,632 73,317,344,916 1,951,808,485 \$112,55 Colts born in 1909. 1,022,408 16.1 1,721,964 10,1501,987 58.9 Colts born after Jan. 1, 1910. 439,254 6.9 607,957 20,535,259 33,75 Class not specified. 1,762 (*) 56,223 2,452,097 43,6 Mules and mule colts. 1,861,474 29,4 4,183,572 \$522,402,080 43,6 Mules born before Jan. 1, 1909. 17,56,338 27,7 3,764,342 495,158,268 8131,5 Mule colts born after Jan. 1, 1910. 86,671 1,4 108,361 4,505,014 41,5 Asses and burros (all ages). 43,233 0,7 101,392 \$13,092,867 \$129,13 Swine. 4,340,592 68,558,000,632 \$398,002,878 \$10,09 <	Horses and colts	4,671,441	73.719,731,060	\$2,076,297,828		
Mules born before Jan. 1, 1909. 1,756,338 27. 7 3,764,342 495,158,268 131,568 Mule coits born in 1909. 167,612 2.6 310,869 22,738,798 73.14 Mule coits born after Jan. 1, 1910. 86,671 1.4 108,361 4,505,014 41.5 Asses and burros (all ages). 43,233 0.7 101,392 \$13,092,867 \$129,15 6wine. 4,340,592 68,558,000,632 \$398,002,878 398,002,878 Hogs and pigs born before Jan. 1, 1910. 4,082,366 64,435,013,408 350,981,488 \$10,09 Pigs born after Jan. 1, 1910. 1,863,651 29,422,985,224 47,021,390 2.06 Sheep and lambs. 609,323 9,651,809,068 \$230,532,817 163,421,183 \$5.17 Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1910. 589,415 9,331,582,097 163,421,183 \$5.17 Rams and wethers born before Jan. 1, 296,113 4,7 7,604,672 38,198,173 5.00 Lambs born after Jan. 1, 1910. 409,031 7,412,622,299 28,913,461 2.22 Goats and kids (all ages). 83,445 1,3 2,798,160 \$5,964,812 \$2.15	fore Jan. 1, 1909	1,024,008 439,254	$\begin{array}{cccc} 16.1 & 1,721,964 \\ 6.9 & 607,957 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 101,501,987 \\ 20,535,259 \end{array}$		
Swine. 4,340,592 68.558,000,632 \$398,002,878 \$10.00 Hogs and pigs born before Jan. 1, 1910. 1,868,651 29,422,955,224 47,021,390 2.00 Sheep and lambs. 609,323 9.651,809,068 \$230,532,817 516,000 \$163,421,183 \$51,000 Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1910. 1910 296,113 4.77,604,672 33,198,173 5.00 Lambs born after Jan. 1, 1910. 469,031 7.412,622,299 28,913,461 2.22 Goats and kids (all ages). 83,445 1.3 2,798,160 \$5,964,812 \$2.15	Mules born before Jan. 1, 1909 Mule colts born in 1909	1,756,338 167,612	$\begin{array}{c} 27.7 & 3,764,342 \\ 2.6 & 310,869 \end{array}$	495,158,268 22,738,798	\$131.54 73.15	
Hogs and pigs born before Jan. 1, 1910. 4,082,606 64,435,015,408 350,981,488 \$10.00 Pigs born after Jan. 1, 1910. 1,868,651 29,422,985,224 47,021,390 2.00 Sheep and lambs. 609,323 9,651,809,068 \$230,532,817 Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1910 589,415 9,331,582,097 163,421,183 \$51,100 Rams and wethers born before Jan. 1, 1910 469,031 4.77,604,672 38,198,173 5.00 Lambs born after Jan. 1, 1910 469,031 4.77,604,672 28,913,461 2.22 Goats and kids (all ages). 83,445 1,3 2,798,160 \$5,964,812 \$2.15	Asses and burros (all ages)	43,233	0.7 101,392	\$13,092,867	\$129.13	
Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1910 559,415 9.331,552,097 163,421,183 \$5.17 Rams and wethers born before Jan. 1, 1910 469,031 4.77,604,672 38,198,173 5.01 469,031 4.77,604,672 28,913,461 2.22 Goats and kids (all ages) 83,445 1.3 2,798,160 \$5,964,812 \$2.15	Hogs and pigs born before Jan. 1, 1910.	4,082,606	64,435,015,408	350,981,488	*io.o2 2.05	
1910. 296,113 4.7 7,604,672 38,198,173 5.03 Lambs born after Jan. 1, 1910. 469,031 7,412,622,299 28,913,461 2.26 Goats and kids (all ages). 83,445 1.3 2,798,160 \$5,964,812 \$2.13	Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1910				*5.17	
	1910	296,113 469,031	4.7 7,604,672 7.412,622,299		$\substack{5.02\\2.29}$	
* Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent		83,445	1.3 2,798,160	\$5,964,812	\$2.13	

Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

World's Crops.

In November, 1911, the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, Italy, announced its estimates of world-crop production as follows:

Wheat, 100.2 per cent. of last year's production, or 3,055,733,000 bushels,
Rye, 93.0 per cent. of last year's production, or 1,324,000,000 bushels,
Barley, 99.4 per cent. of last year's production, or 1,208,667,000 bushels,
Oats, 90.8 per cent. of last year's production, or 3, 384,500,000 bushels,
Corn—The estimated production in Hungary is 69,032,000 hundred weight, or 138,064,000 bushels of 56 pounds. Rice—Area probably harvested in British India is 52,792,000 acres.

Cotton—Estimated area planted in British India is 17,331,000 acres.

Sugar Production.

MULHALL gives the following estimates of the production of cane and beet sugar in the world in English tons from 1850 to 1898; and Willett & Gray, New York, for the years following:

YEARS.	Cane.	Beet.	Total.	YEARS.	Cane.	Beet.	Total.	YEARS.	Cane.	Beet.	Total.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1850	1,200,000		1,400,000			5,590,992			6,731,165	7,216,060	13,947.225
1860	1,830,000		2,230,000			6,066,939			7,329,317	7,143,818	14,473,135
1870	1,850,009		2,750,600			6,913.504					13,920,137
1880	1,860,000		3,670,000			5,756,720					14,553,514
1890	2,580,000		5,360,000				10,323,631				14,914,575
1898	2.850,000	4,650,000) ¹ 7.500.000	1905	4.594.782	4.918.480	9.513.262	1911	8.441.183	8.560.346	17.001.529

The production of sugar in 1910-1911 by sugar-growing countries, in tons of 2,240 pounds, as reported by Willett & Gray, was:

Countries.	Cane Sugar.	Countries.	Cane Sugar.	Countries.	Beet Sugar.
Louisiana	295,000 1,483,451 113,333 89,979 140,000	Java Hawaii Queensland Mauritius Demerara Argentina Philippines	506,096 210,756 226,099 108,297 148,855	United States. Germany. Austria France. Russia. Belgium. Holland	2,606,122 1,538,034 724,897 2,140,000 284,714

8,910 288,074 Total product consumed in the U.S...3,351,391 molasses Domestic Cane..... or 79. 20 pounds per capita.

Production of Poultry and Eggs.

THE Census of 1910 gave the production of poultry in the United States, in 1909, as 488,468,354. THE CENSUS OF 1910 gave the production of pountry in the United States, in 1909, as 488,468,354. The enumeration covered chickens, guinea fowls, turkeys, geese, ducks, pigeons and peafowls. The total value of fowls raised during 1909 was reported at the Census of 1910 to be \$202,506,272, or an increase of 47.9 per cent, over the total value reported ten years earlier. According to the Census of 1910, Illinois was the leading State in the number of fowls raised during 1909, the number being 32,352,888. Missouri ranked second in this respect, reporting the number of fowls raiset in 1909 as 31.913,210. Iowa ranked third and reported the production of \$9,990,147 fowls in 1909.

The production of eggs during the calendar year 1909 for the United States as a whole was 1,591,311,371 dozen. The production for the leading States was as follows: Missouri, 111,816,693; flowa, 109,760,487; Ohio, 100,889,599; Illinois, 100,119,418; Kansas, 81,659,304; Indiana, 80,755,437; Texas, 77,845,047; Pennsylvania, 74,729,705; New York, 72,349,034; Michigan, 59,915,851. The report of the Census of 1910 shows the production in 1909 of 5,32 fowls per capita, and 17,3 dozen of eggs per capita per annum for the United States.

Mairy Products.

THE Thirteenth Census presented the following condensed analysis of the dairy industry of theUnited States for the census year 1909: $20,625,432 \\ 1,170,338$ Total number of cows kept for milk 21, 795, 770 Milk produced on farms.......gallons. 5,813,699,474 9,405,864 Cheese made on farms.....pounds... 311, 126, 317 Cheese made in factories..... Total pounds of cheese made....

Condensed milk producedpounds ... 494.796 544 The quantity of milk reported was produced on farms reporting 16,069,298 dairy cows and does not include estimates for 4,556,134 cows reported as dairy cows by farmers but for which no statement was given of quantity of milk prdouced. In many cases the reason for not giving the quantity of milk produced was that the farmers were nuable to make even a rough estimate Generally speaking, however, these cows were on farms in the western and southern parts of the United States where the production is likely to be less than the average for other parts of the country. Also, many cows reported as dairy cows are as a matter of fact milked only a very small part of the year. No estimate is included for the "cows kept for milk" not on farms.

Tea, Coffee and Cocoa.

(Compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic	Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor.
CoffeeSources of supply in 1910. Export	s from coffee-growing countries in pounds.
Brazil1,286,217,000	Porto Rico 33,937,000
Central America	Jamaica 9,782,000
Venezuela 96,655,000	British India
Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Bo-	Dutch East Indies
livia	Other countries 29,121,000
Hayti and Santo Domingo 84,216,000	Total
Mexico	10ta11, 520, 521, 000
Consumption of leading countries, in pounds.	
United States (continental, 1912) 880,551,000	Sweden (1911) 71,840,000
Germany (1911)	Italy (1911)
France (1911). 244,830,000	Norway (1911)
	United Kingdom (1911)
Austria-Hungary (1911)	
Netherlands (1911)	
Belgium (1911)	ing June 30, 1912, were: From Brazil, 632,527,267
Imports of conee in the United States, year end	ornale 110 001 773 pounds value \$13 789 769
pounds, value \$83,869,713 Colombia and Ven	4 000 The remainder in smaller quantities from
Central America, 39,264,532 pounds, value \$4,44	4,900. The remainder in smaller quantities from
other countries.	
Tea Sources of supply: Exports from princi	Java (1911)
British India (1911)	
China (1911)	Japan (1910)
Ceylon (1910-11)	Formosa (1910) 22,775,000
Consumption of leading countries, in pounds:	11 400 000
United Kingdom (1911)293,502,000	Netherlands (1911) 11,466,000
Russia (1910)	Germany (1911)
United States (1912)100,395,000	New Zealand (1910) 7.477,000
Canada (1912)	Austria-Hungary (1911) 3,551,000
Anstrolia (1910) 34 622 000	France (1911)
The number of pounds of tea consumed per of	apita was: United Kingdom. 6.48; United States,
1.05: Russia, 0.96: Australia, 7.92: Canada, 5.28	3: France, 0.07; Germany, 0.13.

1.05; Russia. 0.96; Australia. 7.92; Canada, 5.28; France, 0.07; Germany, 0.13.

The imports of tea into the United States in the fiscal year 1910-11 were 101, 406, 816 pounds, valued at \$18, 207, 141. Of this 53, 747, 386 pounds were imported from Japan and 17,605,670 pounds from China.

Caccaa.—World's production of cocca. 1911. in pounds: Gold Coast, 88,971,000; Ecuador, 87,081,700; St. Thomas (Portuguese), 77,161,000; Brazil, 77,147,800; Trinidad, 46,781,000; Santo Domingo, 43,712,800; Venezuela, 38,313,100; Grenada, 13,113,000; all others, 66,836,900; Total production, 529,123,900.

World's consumption of cocca. 1911, in pounds: United States, 129,994,200; Germany, 112,114,900; France, 60,273,800; England, 55,988,000; Holland, 51,887,500; Switzerland, 21,719,700; Spain, 14,063,200; Austria-Hungary, 13,038,000; Belgium, 12,116,500; all others, 35,835,700; Total consumption, 507,031,500. (Data from the "Gordian.")

Imports of raw cocca into the United States in the iscal year 1910-11 were 145,968,945 pounds. There has been an immense increase in the importation of cocca in the past ten years.

Reports of the Principal Express Companies for 1911.

Statement compiled from the annual reports filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission by the companies named:

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1911.	Adams.	American.	United States.	Wells Fargo & Co.
Gross receipts from operation	17,083,831.62	19,372,526.37 22,310,669.78	\$20,364,074.34 9,717,522.89 10,646,551.45 10,142,497.57	11,796,021.01
Net operating revenue Net revenue from outside operations	\$1,500,312.07 * 14,283.70	\$3,313,871.92	\$504,053.88	\$2,375,615.10 27,065.21
Total net revenue	\$1,486,028.37 245,479.68 1,240,548.69	353,357.60	123,399.63	
Total other Income	\$2,596,900.47 \$3,837,449.16	\$1,505,561.64 \$4,466,075.96		\$1,349,293.00 \$3,503,063.81
Total deductions from gross cor- porate income	\$1,011,960.00	\$50,067.83	\$24,185.48	\$13,171.31
Net corporate Income	\$2,825,489.16	\$4,416,008.13	\$750,821.39	\$3,489,892.50

The amount of capital actually employed in the express business as distinguished from the investment business of the express companies is figured out in the report, and this compilation made of the percentage earned by the several companies on the amount of capital employed by them in the express business.

EXPRESS COMPANIES	Net Capital. Incl. Value of Real Estate.	NET EARNING OPERATION (Amount.	S FROM (1909).	EXPRESS	Net Capital, Incl. Value of Real Estate.	Amount. P. C.
Adams	\$7,580,813.43	\$1,704,379.25	$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{22} & 2\text{-}10 \\ \overline{24} & \end{bmatrix}$	United States	\$3,948,399.52	\$570,710.94 14 4-10
American	9,058,377.62	2,176,872.99		Wells Fargo&Co.	6,227,987.02	3,262,478.88 52 3-10

Production of Tobacco.

RETURNS FOR 1911 TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

STATES.	Production.	Acreage.	Farm Value December 1.	STATES.	Production.	Acreage.	Farm Value December 1.
New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Connecticut. New York. Pennsylvania. Maryland. Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina. South Carolina.	170,000 9,240,000 27,625,000 5,054,000 65,320,000 19,110,000 128,000,000 11,250,000 99,400,000 11,016,000	100 5,600 17,000 3,800 46,000 26,000 160,000 15,000 140,000 13,600	27,200 1,848,000 5,663,125 525,616 6,205,400 1,433,250 12,288,000 900,000 11,530,000 1,388,016	Indiana Illinois Wisconsin Missouri. Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi Louisiana. Texas Arkausas	51,250,000 4,800,000 303,600,000 62,370,000 140,000	41,000 6,000 345,000 77,000 20 0	\$1,561,560 58,500 5,125,000 576,000
Georgia Florida Ohio	2,444,000		302,400 684,320 6,1 86,400	Total U.S	905,109,000	1,012,800	\$85,209,987

STATISTICS	of	TOBACCO-GROWING	COUNTRIES.

Countries.	Year.	Production.	Total Consumption.	Total Revenue (Customs and Excise).	Per Capita Consump- tion.	Per Capita Tax.	Tax per Pound Consumed.
United States Germany Russia France United Kingdom. Austria	$1902 \\ 1902$	Pounds, 660,461,000 72,911,000 232,767,000 54,610,000 15,895,000	Pounds, 440,000,000 201,783,000 150,244,000 84,393,000 83,378,000 78,755,000	Dollars, 65,832,102 16,567,000 24,254,000 81,063,000 63,806,600 § 27,443,000	Pounds. 5, 40 3, 44 1, 10 2, 16 1, 95 } 3, 02	Dollars. 0.80 .28 .18 2.08 1.49 5 1.64	Cents, 15.0 8.2 16.1 96.1 76.5 34.9
Hungary	1903	134,567,000	47,905,000	$ \begin{cases} 44,633,000 \\ 14,264,000 \\ 22,484,000 \end{cases} $	2.42	$\left\{ egin{array}{c} 1.69 \\ .72 \\ 1.14 \end{array} \right\}$	56.7 29.8 47.0

Production of 1910 in pounds: United States, 1,163,415,000; Cuba, 46,081,000; Mexico (1906), 34,711,000; Santo Domingo (1908), 32,500,000; Argentina, 31,000,000; Brazil (exports), 75,285,000; Hungary, 159,764,000; France, 36,446,000; Germany, 63,611,000; Russia (including Asiatic), 200,773,000; Turkey (European, 1907), 49,177,000; Java (exports, 1909), 84,000,000; Sumatra, East Coast of, 44,699,000; Japan, 91,850,000. Grand total, 2,053,282,000.

Production of Coal.

AREA OF THE COAL-FIELDS IN SQUARE MILES.

AREA OF THE COAL-FIELDS IN SQUARE MILES.

United States, 310,296. Not including 160,705 square miles of which little is known, but which may contain workable coal, and 31,805 square miles where coal lies under heavy cover and is not at present available. Estimated available supply at close of 1911 (short tons), 3,062,022,020,000, In regard to the coal supplies of the countries outside of the United States, the Geological Survey does not know of any official estimates, with the exception of those of Great Britain, which have been placed by the Royal Commission of Coal Supplies at approximately 180,000,000,000 short tons. A recent statement by Mr. Henry S. Fleming, Secretary of the Bituminous Coal Trade Association, laces the German supply at 164,344,000,000 short tons. Canada's known supplies at 100,000,000 short tons. Japan at 50,000,000,000 short tons. Mr. Fleming estimates in short tons the other countries of Europe as follows: France, 25,000,000,000,000; Rustria-Hungary, 30,000,000,000 (000,000 continues of Europe as follows: France, 25,000,000,000; Austria-Hungary, 30,000,000,000 (France, 25,000,000,000). The Fleming places the contents of the Chinese fields at 1,500,000,000,000 short tons. His estimates of the areas in square miles of the countries outside of the United States are as follows: Grina, 282,500; Canada, 65,000; India, 35,000; New South Wales, 24,000; Russia, 20,000; Great Britain, 12,000; Spain, 5,500; Japan, 5,500; France, 2,500; Austria-Hungary, 1,800; Germany, 1,700; Belgium, 500; Sibria, Central Asia, and Africa, 180,000.

COAL PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES, 1911 (TONS OF 2,000 POUNDS).

	m	VALUE AT N	IINE.		m	VALUE AT M	INE.
STATES.	Tons.	Total.	Per Ton.	STATES.	Tons.	Total.	Per Ton.
Bituminous. Arkansas. Arkansas. California & Alaska Colorado. Georgia & N. Carol' a Idaho & Nevada. Illinois. Indiana. Iowa. Kansas Kentucky.	1,821 53,679,118 14,201,355 7,331,648 6,254,228	3,396,849 23,297 14,747,764 246,448 4,872 59,519,478 15,326,808 12,663,507 9,645,572	1.61 2.00 1.45 1.49 2.68 1.11 1.08 1.73 1.54	Bituminous. Ohio. Oklahoma. Oregon Penn, bituminous. Tennessee Texas Utah. Virginia Washington West Virginia. Wyoming	3,074,242 46,661 144,754,163 6,433,156 1,974,593 2,515,175	6,291,494 108,033 146,347,858 7,209,734 3,273,288 4,248,266 6,254,804 8,174,170 53,670,515	2.05 2.32 1.01 1.12 1.66 1.69 .91 2.29
Maryland Michigan Missouri Montana New Mexico North Dakota	4,685,795	2,791,461 6,431,066 5,342,168 4,525,925	1.89 1.71 1.79 1.44	Total bituminous Penn., anthracite Grand total	405,757,101 90,464,067 496,221,168	\$451,177,484 175,189,392 \$626,366,876	1.94

Figures reported by the U. S. Geological Survey. Average number of employés in 1911, 722,-335. Imports of coal (bituminous and shale) into the United States in 1911 were 1,234,998 long tons, also 2,463 tons of anthracite.

Production of Evude Petroleum in the United States.

.	Prot	ouction.*	Exportation Mineral Refined, or Manufactured.								
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30	Barrels (of	Gallons.	Mineral, Crude.	Naphtha, Benzine, Gas-	Illuminating.		(Including I				
	42 gallons).		Gallons.	oline. Gallons.	Gallons.	fin, etc.) Gallons.	Gallous.	Value.			
1899	55,364,233	2,325,297,786	113,088,060	16,252,785	722,279,480	67,424,393	999,713,706	\$56,273,168			
1900	57,070,850	2,396,975,700	133,023,656	21,988,093	721,027,637	74,583,769	967,252,341	75,611,750			
1901	63,363,929	2,661,284,933	138,445,430	17,834,254	781,107,105	71,457,605	1,034,643,890	71,112,788			
1902	69,389,194	2,914,346,148	133,536,800	23,498,479	842,829,070	76,035,611	1,106,208,470	72,302,822			
1908	88,290,725	3,728,210,472	134,892,170	13,139,228	699,810,892	93,314,566	941,699,749	67,253,533			
1964	100,461,337	4,219,376,154	114,573,946	16,910,071	741,567,086	88,809,242	984,424,767	79,060,469			
1905	117,090,772	4,917,812,456	123,059,010	30,816,655	823,021,953	97,487.196	1,123,334,584	79,793 222			
1906	134,717,572	5,658,138,360	139,688,615	32,756,694	864,361.210	146,110,702	1,257,949,045	84,041.327			
1907	126,493,336	5,312,745,312	128,175,737	26,357,054	894,529,432	136,140,226	1,250,430,458	84,855,715			
1908	166,095,335	6,976,004,070	135,223,575	36,242,370	1,041,725,901	159,763,900	1,443,537.568	104,116,440			
1909	178,527,355	7,486,808,910	169,855,309	63,831,267	1,080,542,456	144,254,271	1,561,671,336	105,999,637			
1910	183,170,874	7,693,176,708	168,903,985	77,650,923	1,005,027,536	170,430,277	1,546,067,984	99,090,212			
1911	209,557,248	8,801,404,416	185,190,761	111,998,260	1,022,311,042	173,642,495	1,616,540,746	92,115,516			
1912	220,449,391	9,258,874,422	208,110,365	171,040,150	1,044,049,848	202,125,197	1,793,665,038	112,472,100			

*Production is for calendar year preceding the fiscal year. †Export statistics for the fiscal years ending June 30, t Residuum—tar, pitch, and all other from which the light bodies have been distilled. In 1898 this amounted to 19,973,604 gallons, in 1890 to 30,668,983 gallons, in 1900 to 16,629,185 gallons, in 1901 to 26,146,596 gallons, in 1902 to 30,309,510 gallons, in 1903 to 22,801,306 gallons, in 1904 to 29,560,510 gallons, in 1905 to 48,949,362 gallons, in 1908 to 75,031,824 gallons, in 1907 to 65,228,009 gallons, in 1908 to 70,581,822 gallons, in 1909 to 103,188,033 gallons, in 1910 to 124,055,263 gallons, in 1911 to 123,398,188 gallons, and in 1912 to 168,339,478 gallons.

The above is compiled from the Report of Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor

The above is complied from the Report of Direct of Poreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce and Labor.

Over 297,000,000 barrels (of \$42\$ gallons) of petroleum, according to the office of the Geological Survey, were produced in the world In 1909. Of this amount 182,134,274 barrels were produced in the United States, \$5,970,350 in Russia, and the remainder was distributed among a dozen countries, Austria producing 14,332,799; Sumarta, Java and Borneo, 11,041,852; Romania, 9,321,138; India, 6,576,517; Mexico, 2,488,742; Japan (including Formosa), 2,012,409; Pern, 1,316,118; Germany, 1.018 837.

Production of Copper, Tin, and Zinc.

The production of copper in the world in 1911, stated in metric tons of 2,204 6 lbs., was as follows:
United States, 491, 634; Spain and Portugal, 52,880; Chile, 33,088; Japan, 52,303; Germany,
22,363; Mexico, 61,884; Australasia, 42,512; Africa, 17,252; Canada, 25,570; Newfoundland,
1,174; Norway, 9,576; Pen. 28,500; Russia, 25,980; Italy, 2,642; Sweden, 2,02; Argentina, 1,036;
Austria-Hungary, 2,566; United Kingdom, 508; Bolivia, 1,529; Cuba, 3,753; Turkey, 1,016. Total

of the world, 880,098.

The copper production of the United States in 1911 was distributed as follows (figures are in pounds): Alaska, 19,412,000; Arizona, 300,578.816; California, 36,806,762; Colorado, 8,474,848; Idaho, 3,745,210; Michigan, 216,412,867; Montana, 271,963,769; Nevada, 65,885,728; New Mexico, 1,518,288; Utah, 138,36,905; Wyoming, (7) 130,499; Southern States, 19,656,971; other States, 1,433,708. Total production, 1,683,856,371.

The production of tin in the world in 1911, in long tons, was: England, 4,500; Straits Settlements, 53,670; Criha, 2,600; Banka and Billiton, 15,231; Australasia, 3,825; Bolivia, 22,064; South Africa, 2,200; United States, none. Total of the world, 104,090.

The production of zinc in the world in 1911, in metric tons, was as follows: Austria, 13,925; Belgium, 195,102; France, 55,170; Germany, 235,776; Holland, 22,734; Italy, (d); Russia, 9,652; Spain, 9,053; United Kingdom, (e) 67,907; United States, 268,378. Total of the world, 877,697.

(d) Included in Austria. (e) Includes 508 tons from Australia (d) Ludward 100.

(d) Included in Austria. (e) Includes 508 tons from Australia. (f) Included in "Other States." The statistics of Production of Copper, Tin and Zinc, and those of Pig Iron and Steel, which follow, were furnished by the Engineering and Mining Journal.

coduction of Pig Evon and Steel in Principal Countries in Metric tons. **Production** of

YEAR.	AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.		Belgium.		CANADA.	FRANCE.		GERMANY.	
	Pig Iron.	Steel.	Pig Iron.	Steel.	Pig Iron.	Pig 1ron.	Steel.	Pig Iron.	Steel.
1996	1,403,500	1,195,000	1,431,160	1,185,660	550,618	3,319,032	2,371,377	12,478,067	11,135,085
1907	1,650,000	1,195,500	1,427,940	1,183,500	590,444	3,558,949	2,677,805	13,045,760	12,063,632
1908	1,390,000	2,025,182	1,206,440	1,065,500	572,123	3,391,150	2,727,717	11,813,511	10,480,349
1909	1,958,786	1,969,538	1,632,350	1,370,000	657,923	3,632,105	3,034,571	12,917,653	12,049,834
1910	2,010,000	2,154,832	1,803,500	1,449,500	752,053	4,032,459	3,506,497	14,793,325	13,698,638
1911	2,095,000	2,475,437	2,103,120	1,537,000	837,575	4,410,856	3,663,678	15,280,527	15,019,333

	IτΑ	LY.	Rus	SIA.	SPA	IN.	SWEDEN.	
YEAR.	Pig Iron.	Steel.	Pig Iron.	Steel.	Pig Iron.	Steel.	Pig Iron.	Steel.
1906	30,450	109,000	2,350,000	1,763,000	387,500	251,600	552,250	351,900
907	32,000	537,000	2,768,220	2,076,000	385,000	247,100	603,100	443,000
908	112,924	110,000	2,748,000	2,341,000	403,500	239,500	563,300	427,100
909		661,600	2,811,332	2,471,000	381,000	227,000	443,000	310,600
910	215,000	635,000	2,740,000	2,350,000	367,000	219,500	604,300	468,600
911	235,000	646,500	2,865,000	2,519,000	353,500	225,230	633,800	458,200

	United Kingdom.		UNITED STATES.		ALL OTHER COUNTRIES.		TOTALS,	
YEAR.	Pig Iron.	Steel.	Pig 1ron.	Steel.	Pig Iron.*	Steel.* +	Pig Iron.	Steel.
1906	10,311,778	6,565,670	25,706,852	23,772,506	650,000	4:0,000	59,074,561	49,635,998
1907		6,627,112 5,380,372	26,193,863 16,190,944	23,733,391	556,900 550,000	405,000 300,000	60,680,014 48,640,479	51,273,340 44,359,522
1909		5,975,734	26,103,199	24,338,302	550,000	325,000	61,217,064	53,499,974
1910		6,106,856 6,565,231	27,636,687 24,027,733	26,512,437 24,054,309	525,000 535,000	315,000 325,000	65.860,269 63.251.731	58,252,347 58,377,286

^{*} Estimated. † Not including Canada, which in 1903 produced 403,449 tons; in 1906, 515,200 tons; in 1907, 516,300 tons; in 1908, 598,183 tons; in 1909, 766,795 tons, and in 1910, 835,487 tons.

American Wood-Prescriers' Association.

President—E. A. Sterling, Philadelphia, Pa. Vice-President—A. M. Smith, Argenta, Kan. Secretary-Treasurer—F. J. Angler, Mt. Royal Station, B. & O. R. R. Co., Baltimore, Md. The objects and purposes of the association shall be to advance the wood-preserving industry in all its branches; to afford its members opportunities for the interchange of ideas with respect to improvements in the wood-preserving industry, and for the discussion of all matters bearing upon the industry of wood preserving; to maintain a high business and professional standard in all respects, and to standardize specifications for wood preservatives and their introduction into the materials

to be preserved.

The means to be employed for this purpose shall be meetings for the presentation and discussion In emeans to be employed for this purpose shall be meetings for the presentation and discussion of appropriate papers, and for social and professional intercourse; the publication of such papers and discussions as may be deemed expedient; co-operation with other societies, associations and organizations in the work of standardizing specifications affecting the wood-preserving industry, and all other things incidental or conductive to the attainment of the objects of the association or any of them, and as the members may from time to time consider advisable.

Election of officers will take place on January 21-23, 1913.

Mineral Products of the United States. ORES AND MINERALS.

	Measures.	19	10.	1911.	
PRODUCTS.	Measures.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Antimony ore	Sh. T.	75	\$3,700	50	* \$2,000
Asbestos	Sh. T.	3,630	64,350	7,604	119,935
Asphaltum	Sh. T.	(w)		(u) 360,004	3,820,751
Barytes	Sh. T.	41,720	145,187	41,057	152,732
Bauxite	I. T.	149,679	778,203	155,618	757,860
Borax	Sh. T.	(e) 37,000	1,950,000	(u) 53,330	1.569.151
Chrome ore	L. T.	450	6,075	120	1.629
Coal, anthracite	Sh. T.	80,389,306	160,843,081	90,490,356	174,822,183
Coal, bituminous	Sh. T.	406.510,447	467,259,147	411,830,509	485,566,177
Emery	Sh. T.	(w)		770	8,810
Feldspar	Sh. T.	80,822	501.451	89,552	560,851
Flint	Sh. T.	(w)		00,002	000,001
Fluorspar	Sh. T.	(e) 46,858	270,840	4,700	270,000
Fuller's earth	Sh. T.	30,857	277,293	34,668	33,535
Garnet	Sh. T.	5.297	151,700	4.285	121,759
Graphite, amorphous	Sh. T.	35,945	81,443	1,223	32,415
Graphite, crystalline	Lb.	5,625,132	340,676	4,790,000	265,050
Gypsum	Sh. T.	(e) 2,703,337	5,947,341	2,323,970	6,462,035
Iron ore	L. T.	53,267,397	95,881,315	43,846,476	76,731,333
Limestone flux	L.T.	14,542,000	6,907,450	(w)	(w)
Magnesite	Sh. T.	(e) 8,000	59,780	(e) 6,000	48,000
Manganese ore (d)	L. T.	(e) 1,000	12,700	(u) 2,457	24,586
Mica, sheet	Lb.	1,809,582	283,832	1,887,201	310,254
Mica, scrap	Sh. T.	4.065	53,265	3,512	45.550
Monagite	Lb.	99,301	12,006	3,561	427
Monazite	Bb1. (i)	218.107.795	130,864,677	213,381,884	117,360,000
Phosphate rock	L. T.	2,681,938	11,961,956	3,123,584	12,237,111
Pumice	Sh. T.	16,250	37,561	(u) 21.689	88,399
Pyrites	L. T.	(e) 200,000	720,000	261,087	1.062.914
Salt	Bbl. (k)	(ϵ) 31,311,950	8,767,346	31,183,968	8,345,692
Sand, glass	Sh. T.	(w)	0,101,010	(w)	(10)
Sulphur	L. T.	(e) 300.000	6,600,000	206,200	4.540,000
Talc, ordinary, ground and soap-	1 2	(6) 300,000	0,000,000	200,200	4,040,000
stone	Sh. T.	(e) 75,000	787,500	81.521	
Talc, fibrous	Sh. T.	(e) 55,000	467,500	(e) 62,500	562,500
Tin ore	Sh. T.	(6) 33,000	7,500	(6) 02,000	302,000
Tungsten ore	Sh. T.	2,020	844,526	(u) 125	450,000
Zinc ore	sh. T.	569,572	,	669,305	•
ZHILO UTC	Би. 1.	505,572		008,800	******
Total enumerated			\$903,889,401		\$896,393,639

Sh. T. Lb. Lb. 13,410,0001 Alundum \$804,6001 11,116,000 **\$666 960** Ammonium sulphate..... 116,000 2,652,000 6,449,960 66,300 $127,000 \\ 6,162,000$ 7,216,360 154,050 235,500 622,597A rsenic Bromiue..... 850,300 110,539 1,199,000 Carborundum.
Cement, nat. hyd
Cement, Portland
Cement, puzzolan 10,707,110 1,500,000 75,700,000 160,000 36,228,773 26,356,788 38,896 825,000 Lb. 642,427 600,000 10,376,620 Bbl. (g)
Bbl. (h)
Bbl. (t)
Sh. T.
Lb.
Sh. T. 378,533 926,091 920,021 78,528,637 93,230 33,349,754 33,454,000 35,501 66,248,817 67,507,000 96,000 77,786 82,714,095 1,043,342 427,856 57,750 79,340,624 1,472,000 390,500 Copper sulphate (c)..... Copperas..... Sh. 7 Crushed steel..... 825,000 13,149,000 800,000 56,000 Graphite, artificial..... Lb. Sh. T. Sh. T. Sh. T. Sh. T. Sh. T. 10,144,000 (w) (w) 945,000 664,000 (w) (w) (w) itharge..... (w) 7.514 (w) Mineral wool..... 8,408 84,012 65,500 \$161,548,881 \$157,589,227

MINERAL PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

METALS.(x)

	ndi History	191	10.	1911.	
Products.	Measures.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
AluminumAntimony	Lb.	12,000,000 6,775,340		(e) 28,600,000 3,566,000	\$5,720,000 296,500
CopperFerromanganese (q)	Ĺь. L. Т.	1,086,249,983 224,431	138,366,522	1,083,856,371 184,717	134,398,190 8,496,98
Hold (fine)	Troy oz.	4,647,083 27,074,114	96,055,000 442,311,427	4,655,710 23,649,344	96,233,528 345,280,423
Lead Nickel Platiuum	Sh. T. Sh. T. Troy oz.	392,704 (w) 1,025		400,958 300,000 929	35,445,000 150,000 40,050
Quicksilver Silver (fine)	Flasks.(o) Troy oz.	22,418 56,438,695	1,054,991	(y) 21,500 57,796,117	1,466,00 30,805,33
Sodium	Sh. T. Sh. T.	(e) 2,000 (e) 5,500	3,751,000	(e) 2,000 (e) 5,500	1,000,000 3,751,000
Zinc (s) Total metals	Sh. T.	277,065	\$791,932,771	295,836	\$697,104,01
Total ores and minerals Secondary products		•••••	903,889,401 161,548,881	•••••	pos1,104,01
Grand total enumerated			\$1,857,371,053		\$1,751,086,88

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*Not including the value of zinc ore, (c) Does not include sulphate made from metallic copper. (d) Does not include manganiferous iron ore, (c) Estimated, (f) One "square" covers 100 square feet. (g) Barrels of 265 lbs. (h) Barrels of 380 lbs. (i) Barrels of 42 gallons. (k) Includes salt used in manufacture of alkali; the barrel of salt weighs 280 lbs. (m) Includes a small quantity made from spelter. (o) Flasks of 75 lbs. (q) Includes spiegeleisen, although the value is given as for ferromanganes. (s) Including zinc from foreign ore. (f) Barrels of 330 lbs. (u) Figures reported by the United States Geological Survey. (g) Recovered from scrap metal. (w) Statistics not collected. (x) Includes only metal produced from domestic ores except in case of zinc. (y) Flasks of 75 lbs.

The foregoing statistics of "Mineral Products of the United States" were furnished by The Engineering and Mining Journal.

Building and Loan Associations.

The following statistics of local Building and Loan Associations in the United States were reported at the last annual meeting of the United States League of Local Building and Loan Associations. The returns are for 1911-12:

STATES.	No. of Associa- tions.	Total Member- ship.	Total Assets.	STATES.	No. of Associa- tions.	Total Member- ship.	Total Assets.
Pennsylvania			\$197,240,000	North Carolina	113	25,174	
Ohlo	643	384,257	187,434,123	Wisconsin	57	20,945	7,347,683
New Jersey	563	198,057	96,448,627	Minnesota	62	12.110	5,364,224
Illinois	568	155,320	68.975.451	Iowa	*49	16,500	4,863,729
Massachusetts	160	158,365	67,573,380	West Virginia	43	12,200	5,457,997
New York	241	128,533	49,584,570	Maine	37	10.611	4,645,137
Indiana	351	133,381	44,060,128	Tennessee	14	4,602	2,831,038
California	96	34,685	23,340,012	Connecticut	12	3,344	2,655,758
Nebraska	69	58,191	24,885,285	New Hampshire	17	7,800	
Michigan	65	44,162	20,119,823	North Dakota	*9	3,802	
Dist, of Columbia	20	31,143	16,401,243	Montana	*10	1,552	
Louisiana	66	38,200	18.117.329	Other States	968	294,049	
Missouri	134	26,950	12.633.297				
Kansas	58	41,216	13.070.170	Total	6,099	2,332,829	\$1,030,687,031
Kentucky	104	44,500			.,	_,_,_,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

*Reports issue biennially-figures for 1910 used.

*Reports issue biennially—figures for 1910 used.
The following was the statement of receipts and expenditures by local associations in 1911:
Receipts: Weekly dues, \$233,718,046; paid-up stock, \$23,544,378; deposits, \$65,516,912; loans repaid, \$192,526,056; interest, \$59,796,988; premium, \$4,091,758; fines, \$866,916; pass books and initiation, \$597,604; borrowed money, \$72,316,182; real estate soid, \$4,256,404; miscellaneous receipts, \$22,646,702; cash on hand, \$28,308,186; total, \$708,185,132.
Disbursements: Pass book loans, \$15,245,000; mortgage loans, \$283,252,100; stock withdrawals, \$196,562,932; paid-up stock withdrawals, \$19,385,542; deposit withdrawals, \$57,516,336; expenses, \$7,122,464; borrowed money repaid, \$69,913,570; interest, \$1,622,068; real estate purchased, \$3,902,720; miscellaneous, \$20,708,808; cash on hand, January 1, 1912, \$32,953,592; total, \$708,185,132.
The officers of the League, elected at the annual meeting of 1912-1913, are as follows: President.

total, \$708,185,132.

The officers of the League, elected at the annual meeting of 1912-1913, are as follows: President, Chas. O'C. Hennessy, New York City: First Vice-President, W. J. Bayersdorfer, Shreveport, La.; Second Vice-President, Chas. Eugene Clark, Covington, Ky.; Third Vice-President, Peter Hinkel, Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, Joseph K. Gamble, Philadelphia, Pa.; Secretary, H. F. Cellarins, Cincinnati, Ohio; Assistant Secretary, Herbert W. Pinkham, Quincy, Mass.

In 1893 there were 240 national building and loan associations in the United States, with total assets of \$37,020,366. Since that date this class of associations has greatly decreased in numbers and assets.

and assets.

CENSUS REPORT OF MINERAL INDUSTRIES IN 1909. MINES AND QUARRIES: GENERAL SUMMARY, BY INDUSTRIES.

Industries.	Number of Operators.	Number of Mines, Quarries and Wells.	Expenses of Operation and Development.	Value of Products.	Number of Persons Engaged in Industry.
All industries (Con'ental U.S.)	19,933		\$1,042,642,693	\$1,238,410,322	1,139,332
Fuels: Coal, anthracite Coal, bituminous Petroleum and natural gas Peat. Metais:	192 3,503 7,793 10	$\begin{smallmatrix} 423 \\ 6,013 \\ 166,320 \\ 10 \end{smallmatrix}$	\$139,324,467 395,907,026 135,638,644 96,034	\$149,180,471 427,962,464 185,416,684 109,047	178,004 592,677 62,172
Iron	176 160	483 368	74,071,830 107,679,212	106,947,082 134,616,987	55,176 55,258
Deep nilnes. Placer mines. Lead and zinc Quicksilver Manganese.	1,604 678 977 12 3	2,845 880 1,142 12 8 4.603	$\begin{array}{c} 68,764,692 \\ 6,810,482 \\ 24,453,299 \\ 718,861 \\ 21,725 \\ 63,641,585 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 83,885,928 \\ 10,237,252 \\ 31,363,094 \\ 868,458 \\ 20,435 \\ 75,992,908 \end{array}$	37,755 5,436 24,397 640 65 a101.129
Building stone Limestone. Granite Sandstone. Marble Slate	1,665 707 595 77 185	1,916 826 677 108 219	23,875,507 16,192,138 6,626,438 4,842,835 5,831,256	29,832,492 18,997,976 7,702,423 6,239,120 6,054,174	41,029 41,029 22,211 11,025 6,649 10,121
Traprock. Bluestone. Miscellaneous: Asbestos	196 563 5	220 637 20	5,090,538 1,182,873 72,747	5,578,317 1,588,406 65,140	6,748 3,020 88
Asphaltum and bltum in our rock Barytes Bauxlte Buhrstones and millstones	12 23 10 14	19 42 10	301,673 176,967 316,221 18,354	466,461 $224,766$ $670,829$ $34,441$	$\begin{array}{c} 241\\ 372\\ 726\\ 79 \end{array}$
Clay Corundum and emery. Feldspar Fluorspar Fuller's earth.	$ \begin{array}{r} 261 \\ 4 \\ 22 \\ 13 \\ 16 \end{array} $	336 6 28 15 21	2,289,198 $7,459$ $238,896$ $319,426$ $274,776$	2,945,948 $18,185$ $271,437$ $288,509$ $315,762$	4,351 19 363 376 380
Garnet. Graphite Grindstones. Gypsum	3 19 13 78	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 20 \\ 25 \\ 222 \end{array}$	98,206 328,690 339,261 4,905,662	101,920 344,130 413,296 5,812,810	120 436 430 4,215
Infusorial earth Magnesite. Marl Mica Milca Mineral pigments	14 6 3 73 23	16 13 3 78 26	61,083 62,444 17,812 182,828 115,860	75,503 68,463 13,307 206,794 151,015	99 84 38 608 246
Monazite and zicron. Ollstones, scythestones and whetstones. Phosphate rock.	21 70	45 153	50,909 99,259 7,421,430	206,028 10.781.192	232 8.573
Precious stones Pumice Pyrite Quartz	23 3 11 14	133 27 4 12 14	195,908 6,087 734,355 155,418	315,464 30,097 676,984 231,025	145 25 1,160 208
Sulphur Tale and soapstone Tripoli	39 4 22	$^{4}_{7}$	4,538,389 1,036,371 42,493	4,432,066 1,174,516 66,557 563,457	$\begin{array}{r} 200 \\ 460 \\ 1,452 \\ 73 \\ 227 \end{array}$
TungstenAll other industries (b)	10	116 27	365,780 740,874	778,938	560

(a) Includes 326 persons, who could not be distributed among the several industries.
(b) Includes enterprises as follows: Antimony, 1; bismuth, 1; borax, 2; chromite, 2; manganiferous iron, 2; nickel and cobalt, 1; and tin, 1.

In the distribution of the value of products by States, Pennsylvania, with a product valued at \$349,059,786, or 28.2 per cent. of the product of all States, ranked first. Of Pennsylvania's products, bituminous and anthractic coal contributed \$296,424,311, or 84.9 per cent. of the total for the State. Other States with a product of over \$23,000,000, with the value of their products, were as follows: Illinois, \$76,658,974; West Virginia, \$76,287,889; Michigan, \$67,714,479; Ohio, \$63,761,112; California, \$63,382,454; Minnesota, \$58,664,552; Montana, \$54,991,961; Colorado, \$45,680,135; Arizona, \$34,217,651; Missouri, \$31,667,525; Oklahoma, \$25,637,892; Alabama, \$24,350,667; Nevada, \$23,271,597.

There are several States in which the the mineral production is quite insignificant. In the District of Columbia and Mississippi no mineral production was reported. Rhode Island, North Dakota, Nebraska and Delaware each contributed less than one-tenth of 1 per cent. of the whole value of mineral products, while the contribution of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Arkansas and Oregon was less than one-half of 1 per cent.

in each case.

The total capital invested in all mining enterprises on December 31, 1909, as reported, was \$3,662,527,064, of which \$3,380,525,841 was invested in productive enterprises and \$282,001,223 in those in which development work only was carried on.

United States Brewers' Association.

President—Jacob Ruppert, Jr., New York. First Vice-President—William Hamm, St. Paul, Minn. Second Vice-President—Edward A. Schmidt, Philadelphia, Pa. Third Vice-President—Gustave Pabst, Milwaukee, Wis. Treasurer—Anton C. G., Hupfel, New York. Secretary—Hugh F. Fox, New York.

Droduction of Liquors and Wines in the United States. PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS AND DISTILLED SPIRITS.

YEAR Ending June 30.	Bourbon Whiskey.	Rye Whiskey.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	PureNeutral Spirits.	Fermented Liquors.	Production of Fruit Brandy.	Total Pro- duction of Distilled Spirits. 1
1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	Gallons. 19,411,829 26,209,804 20,336,204 26,068,555 20,247,089 26,742,163 24,968,943 33,090,791 14,120,484	Gallons. 14,296,568 18,263,709 21,587,221 92,407,053 18,371,343 20,410,422 21,469,720 23,550,196 13,587,863	Gallons. 10,735,771 10,775,117 11,483,305 12,034,127 11,486,082 11,610,799 11,173,614 16,123,379 16,849,154	Gallons. 1,614,514 1,724,582 2,202,047 2,247,907 1,801,179 1,730,102 2,022,407 1,895,922	Gallons. 1,597,081 1,636,200 1,752,281 1,913,404 2,110,216 2,187,709 2,323,289 2,947,688 2,756,753	Gallons. 24,173,671 30,228,804 37,429,734 54,620,400 57,997,506 60,944,811 59,626,733 60,802,852 50,935,821	Barrels.* 39,471,593 40,614,258 44,550,127 46,720,179 48,265,168 49,522,029 54,724,553 58,622,002 58,814,033	Gallons, 3,760,487 4,047,602 4,220,400 6,430,673 5,193,262 5,448,584 4,144,072 6,138,305 6,899,823	Gallons. 109,245,187 128,568,201 103,401,447 112,905,399 139,505,214 153,259,378 150,110,197 174,712,218 133,889,563
1909 1910 1911	Whiskey. Gallons. 76,152,175 82,463,894 100,647,155	Rum. Gallons. 1,952,374 2,253,950 2,631,059	Gin. Gallons. 2,483,743 2,985,435 3,345,371	Alcohol. Gallons. 42,563,103 50,703,846 24,408,162	Commercial Alcohol. Gallons. 16,078,083 17,623,867 §44,205,330	Total. Gallons. 133,450,755 156,237,526 175,402,395	56,364,360 59,544,775 63,283,123	6,440,858 7,656,434 7,953,132	139,591,613 163,893,960 183,355,527

a lu 1909 and 1910, as classified by Internal Revenue Circular No. 723, embodying opinion of Attorney General as to names of spirits; in later years, as classified by Internal Revenue Circular No. 737, embodying opinion of the President, dated Dec. 27, 1909, *Of not more than 31 gallons. The figures include fermented liquors secured from brevers for export, free of tax. tlucluding apple, peach, and grape. The ludding also high wines and miscellaneous spirits. (Neutral and cologne spirits. Distilled spirits other than fruit brandy (tax paid for consumption), 1909, 114,799,465 gallons; 1910, 126,453,592 gallons; 1911, 132,165,143 gallons.

The production of wines in the United States in 1900 was 24,306,905 gallons, of which California produced 14,670,000, New York 2,589,250, and Ohio 1,934,838 gallons.

Amportation of Spirits, Malt Liquors, and Ulines

INTO THE UNITED STATE	DO'TH CO	an ii ii bb.		
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.	1909,	1910.	1911.	1912.
Malt Liquors, in bottles or jugs, gallonsnot in bottles or jugs, gallons		1,727,541 $5,560,491$	1,954,092 5,339,800	1,651,564 $5,523,941$
Spirits, Distilled and Spirituous Compounds, Brandy, proof gallons.	764,244	716,259	409, 242	509,286
Spirits, Distilled and Spirituous Compounds, all other, proof gallons. Spirits, domestic manufacture, returned, gallons			3,265,108 $148,975$	
Wines, Still Wines in casks, gallons Still Wines in bottles, dozen	5,747,056		4,812,787	3,864,070
Champagne and other sparkling, dozen	436,628	391,003	218.495	281,134

(a) Compounds not included after 1908.

Consumption of Spirits, Malt Liquors, and Unines

YEAR	DISTILLED SPIRITS CONSUMED.			Wines Co	NSUMED.	MALT LIQUORS	CONSUMED.	
ENDING	Domestic Spin	Domestic Spirits. Import		mported Domestic		Domestic	Imported	Total Consumption,
JUNE 30.	From Fruit. All	Other.	Spirits.	Wines.	Wines.	Malt Liquors.	Malt Liquors	Concentration
1901	1,509,271 100,	066,821	1,941,629	24,002,439	4,388,140	1,254,653,009	3,596,382	1,390,127,379
1902	1,403,204 104.	110,194	2,245,239	44,737,244	5,020,066	1,378,168,215	3,707,222	1,539,081,991
1903	1,515,072 113.	598,545	2,439,535	32,631,154	5,601,425	1,445,675,414	4,204,538	1,605,851,455
1904		808,978	2,655,716	37,538,709	5,517,568	1,489,354,250	4,837,075	1,658,609,958
1905	1,595,021 116,	544,832	2,730,425	29,369,408	6,002,309	1,532,949,602	5,201,168	1,694,392,765
1906		,961,612	3,011,289	39,847,044	6,638,179	1,694,021,375	5,964,267	1,874.225,409
1907		308,693	3,782,055	50,079,283	7,659,565	1,814,695,785	7,171,842	2,019,690,911
1908	1,670,031 119,	,951,185	3,758,098	44,421,269	7,700.377	1,821,418,322	7,314,126	2,006,233,408
1909		913,702	4,365,634	53,609,995	8,169,554	1,745 523,769	7,110,657	1 935,544,001
1910	2,204,184 126,	593,951	4,340,549	50,684,343	9,863,735	1,844,038,627	7,301,629	2,045,427,018
1911		315,123	3,836,821	56,655,006	7,204,226	1,959,671,286	7,240,458	2,169,356,695

Consumption of Beer, Wine, and Alcohol IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES, IN GALLONS. (a)

COUNTRIES.	Malt Liquors.	Wines.	Alcohol.	Countries.	Malt Liquors.	Wines.	Alcohol.
United States (b)	1,966,911,744	63,859,232	+138,585,989	Denmark	61,710,000		7,988,500
United Kingdom		‡15,206,400		Sweden			8,638,000
Russia	\$231,445,000	*25,000,000	b238,347,000	Portugal		146,271,000	
Germany	1,703,553,000	74,602,000		Norway			2,034.000
France	375,729,000	1,541,406,000	70,903,000	Bulgaria	3,196,000	34,870,000	581,000
Spain	*20,000,000	345,931,000		Netherlands		2,298,000	10,805,000
Belgium	411,735,000		10,672,000	Roumania	4,914,000	33,682,000	6,657,000
Italy	17,382,000	1,011,982,000	26,100,000	Hungary	§55,740,000		§43,667,000
Austria	\$492,941,000	178,579,000	54,657,000	Switzerland	64,616,000	52,168,000	3,579,500

*Estimated, 1903. Distilled spirits. Figures for 1908. Figures for 1910. (a) Returns are for 1909, except as noted.

(b) Figures for 1911.

Liquor Traffic. LIQUOR LICENSES AND FEES.

Alaska-Local option under acts of Congress.

License, \$1,000.

Arizona—Local option, quarterly fee, United States license \$25 annually. County and State

\$300 annually. Arkansas-Local option, fee \$800.

Arkansas—Local option, fee \$800.
Californin—Local option, fee by authorities.
Colorado—Local option, fee \$500 up.
Connecticut—Local option, fee \$550—\$450.
Delaware—New Castle County and city of Wilmington, licensed. Kent and Sussex Counties, local option, fee \$200—\$300.
District of Columbia—License by excise board on the written capsaut of the majority of the supervisor.

on the written consent of the majority of the owners of real estate, and of the residents on the front of the square on which the residents on the front of the square on which the saloon is to be located, and of the owners of real estate and of the residents of the confronting side of the opposite square, fee \$800.

Florida—Local option, fee \$1,000. Hawaii—License by Commissions appointed by the Governor.

Idaho-Local option by counties, fee \$750. Illinois-Local option license by city council or

Illinois—Local option license by city council or village or county board, fee not less than \$500. Indiana—City and township. Whenever 20 per cent. of the voters of the county petition the county commissioners the latter shall be a "yes" or "no" vote as to prohibiting the sale of intoxicants by saleons within the county. Iowa—License by petition of voters, fee \$600 up. Kentucky—County local option, except cities of the first, second and third classes may vote separately; fee \$10. Lonisiann—Local option, fee \$200 up. Maryland—Local option, fee \$18—\$450. Massachusetts—Local option, fee for first-class license not less than \$1,000; lumber limited, one

license not less than \$1,000; number limited, one to one thousand inhabitants; in Boston, one to five hundred.

Michigan-Local option, fee \$500-\$800. Minnesota—License fee, \$500—\$1,000.
Missouri—The counties (and cities of 2,500 popu-

lation, or more) may, by majority vote, pass

the local option law, and if this is not done the county courts may grant a license and fix a tax of not less than \$200, nor more than \$400 per year, for State and not less than \$500, nor more

than \$500 for county purposes.

Montana—Semi-annual fee \$150—\$300.

Nebraska—Local option, fee \$500—\$1,000.

Nevania—State license \$50 per annum; wholesale
\$100 per annum; retail drug store \$12 per annum; county \$30 per quarter.

New Hampshire—License by majority of voters, fees based on population, maximum \$1,200.

New Mexico—License by local authorities, in incorporated cities and towns, by county commissioners in unincorporated towns. License fee \$100-\$1,500, varying in different municipalities.

New York-Local option in towns, fee \$1,500-

\$1,200, according to population. Ohio—Local option, fee \$1,000.

Oregon-Local option, fee \$400. Pennsylvania-License under control of courts, fee \$100-\$1,100.

Rhode Island—Local option, fee \$300—\$1,500. South Carolina—Local option, county control

or prohibition. South Dakota-License by local authorities,

fee \$400—\$600. **Texas**—License for State and county issued by the County Clerk; fees, State \$375, county \$187.50, city \$187.50; city license issued by city tax coll'r. Utah-License granted by local authorities, fee \$400-\$2,000.

\$400-\$2.000.

Vermont—License local option act was adopted February 13, 1903, and took effect March 3, 1903.

Virginia—Control of local courts, malt liquor bar license \$250, retail ardent spirits \$550, wholesale ardent spirits \$1,250, wholesale malt liquors \$500, retail and shippers \$1,000, local option provided for.

Washington—Local option, fee \$300-\$1,000.
Wisconsin—Local option, fee \$100-\$200. with power in voters to increase from \$200-\$500.
Wyoming—Wholesale dealer, \$300; retail, \$1,000.

LIQUOR MOVEMENT IN STATES.

Alabama—Since the repeal of the Prohibition law a number of counties have held local option elections, the majority of them deciding for a licensed liquor traffic. Since the passage of the Smith-Parks Local Option and Regulation bills there have been sixteen elections held in different counties in the State, eight counties voting "wet" and eight counties voting "dry." The Supreme Court of Alabama has recently held the Parks-Smith Local Option bills to be constitutional, an attack having been made thereon by the Anti-Saloon League.

Arkansas—In October, 1912, a State-wide Prohibition amendment was voted upon at a referendum election and rejected by a majority of 17,000.

California—During the past year, under the voted on the question of "license or no license. 37 for the difference of the past year, under the voted on the question of "license or no license. 37 for the voted on the question of "license or no license. 37 for the voted on the question of "license or no license. 37 for the voted on the detail of the voted on the question of "license or no license, 37 for the country of the voted on the detail of the voted on the question of "license or no license, 37 for the voted on th

hibition State.

Maryland—The Anti-Saloon League's bill extending local option to countles not already
"dry" was passed by the House of Delegates and sent to the Senate, where it was defeated on

April 1. The measure had been amended so as to provide that Baltimore City, several of the counties and two towns be permitted to vote as units on the question instead of by wards and districts.

Massachusetts—In the elections the only important change was the return to license of

Michigan—In Michigan, after four years of constant agitation the score of "wet" and "dry" counties now stands 48 "wet" and 35 "dry," as compared with 44 "wet" and 39 "dry" in 1911 and 43 "wet" and 40 "dry" in 1910. The sentiment of the people with reference to country prohibition is clearly demonstrated by the fact that only 763.501 persons are living in so-called "dry" territory, while 1,987.702 are living in "wet" territory. Elections April 1 were a net loss to the Anti-Saloon League for four counties.

Minimized 1.—The license question has been an issue in many towns and villages, but in a large

Minnesota—The license question has been an issue in many towns and villages, but in a large

majority of instances the status remains unchanged.

Mississippi—Prohibition.

New Jersey—The Legislature rejected a local option bill that was strongly urged by the

Mississipi—Prohibition.

New Jersey—The Legislature rejected a local option bill that was strongly urged by the Anti-Saloon League.

New York—Recent local option elections have not materially changed the status quo.

North Carolina—Prohibition.

North Dakota—Prohibition.

North Dakota—Prohibition is of North Dakota are opposed to the adoption of the Initiative and Referendum amendment to the Constitution under which constitutional amendments could be submitted by the initiative plan, declaring that the enactment of such a measure would open the way to the liquor interests to wage a fight in the State that would be parallel to that under way in Maine. North Dakota is a prohibition State.

Okiahoma—Express companies are prohibited from carrying shipments of liquor in the part of Okiahoma known as Indian Territory prior to Statehood and over which prohibition for twenty-one years was established by the Federal Government, according to a decision handed down by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

Ohlo—In September, 1912, a constitutional amendment licensing the liquor traffic was voted upon by the people and adopted by a heavy majority. Briefly stated, the license amendment provides that the State shall grant license, but that license shall not affect territory now "dry," or which may hereafter be voted "dry," nor abrogate any present or future local option law, etc. The license amendment is to apply only to such territory as is or may be voted "wet."

Oregon—There has been considerable agitation and Governor West of that State has set himself determinedly to enforcing the liquor laws.

South Carolina—In South Carolina the Lide bill, providing for an election on the question of re-establishing the dispensary system in certain "dry" counties, passed the House in an amended form. The time of the election fixed by the House amendment is the "Tuesday after the first Monday, 1913." The bill was further amended to apply only to those countles which held an election on the dispensary question in August, 1909.

So

by a large majority.

Tennessee—Probibition.

oby a large majority.

Tenaressee—Prohibition.

Tenaressee—Prohibition.

Tenaressee—Prohibition.

Tenaressee—Prohibition.

Tenaressee—Prohibition.

Tenaressee—Prohibition.

Tenaressee—Prohibition option States by a law making the units the cities and towns and the territory of counties exclusive of its cities and towns. Utah has largely added to its "dry" counties.

Virginia—The Senate of the Virginia General Assembly, by a vote of 24 to 16, turned down the Jordan enabling bill, which provided for referendum of the State-wide prohibition question to a vote of the people.

West Virginia—Prohibition. Ohio County voted "wet."

Wisconsin is investigating the liquor business through a public commission.

NOTE—Indiana, Illinois and Ohio are now practically "dry" train States. The Erle, Lack-awanna, Reading and Jersey City railroads have followed the decision of the Pennsylvania to submit to adverse State laws, and abolish the sale of liquors in their trains within the State of Pennsylvania. The Supreme Court of the United States has ruled that beer is a commodity, and railroads must carry it when offered for transportation from one State into "dry" counties of another State, The seeming failure to execute the Prohibition law in Tennessee and in the Carolinas has led unusual activity on the part of moonshiners and the selling of illicit whiskey, about 2,500 stills having been destroyed by Federal officers during the year.

LIQUOR TRAFFIC IN NEW YORK CITY.

Comparative table showing the number of licenses issued and net receipts under excise boards for year ending April 30, 1896 (old law), also number of liquor tax certificates in force, net revenue, State's share net revenue, boroughs' share net revenue, benefit to boroughs by diminished State tax, together with total benefit to each borough comprising the city of New York, for the year ending September 30, 1912 (new law).

Вовоисна.	Number of Licenses Issued, 1895-96 (Old Law).	Number of Cer- tificates in Force Sept. 30, 1912 (New Law).	Net Receipts Under Ex-	Net Revenue Year Ending Sept. 30, 1912 (New Law).	State's Share Net Revenue Year Ending Sept. 30, 1911 (New Law).		Benefit to Boroughs by Diminished State Tax: Year Ending Sept. 30, 1912 (New Law).	Total Benefit to Each Borough Year Ending Sept. 30, 1912 (New Law).
Manhattan and Bronx	8,906	5 414	\$1,056,013, 10	\$6 995 720 00	92 527 525 QQ	\$2.407.865.00	84 ,864,713.51	\$8,362,578,51
Brooklyn	4,702							
Queens	1,206	1,484	43,424.61	536,358,23			377,962.55	646,141,67
Richmond	543	488	38,364.83	175,550. 01	89,235.97	87,775.00	68,524.99	156,299.99
Total	15,357	10,489	\$1,736,918. 43	\$11,550,060.74	\$5,866,838.58	\$5,775,030,37	\$6,739,942.42	\$12,514,972.79

Table showing the number of liquor tax certificates (covering hotels, saloons, clubs, etc.) in force September 30, 1912, by boroughs, in the city of New York,

Boroughs,	Hotels.	Saloons, Clubs, etc.	Вовоичня.	Hoteis.	Saloons, Clubs, etc.	
Manhattan and Bronx	768	4,676	Richmond	204	284	
Brooklyn	435	2,638				
Queens	470	1.014	Total New York City	1,877	8,612	

Liquor Dealers in the United States.

(From a Report in the American Prohibition Year Book.)

	,							
			Wholesale Liquor Dealers.			Wholesale Malt Liquors.		
	Distillers.	Brewers.	8 8	Retail Mait Liquors.		38.8	m².	m [*]
STATES.	i	ie l	- e e e	= 5	e o =	i i	- 6	_ = =
	31.	16	85.5	충분리	825	252	818	g'X
	3	, E	- E ₹ 8	242	Retall Liquor Dealers	120	Total Dealers.	Total Makers.
	1			132	1,185	29	1.391	FA
Alabama	• •	2 3	45 5	132	343	29 11	368	- 3
AlaskaArizona	'i	2	25	31	877	35	968	3
Arkansas	3	ĩ	67	172	878	75	1,192	4
California	164	89	757	571	15,768	404	17.500	253
Colorado	12	13	147	426	3,055	161	3,789	25
Connecticut	39	23	77	132	3,474	308	3,991	62
Delaware	$\frac{6}{19}$	7 5	23	30 44	391 935	$\frac{18}{22}$	446	13
District of Columbia	30	1	109	228	955 957	63	$1,024 \\ 1,357$	24 31
Georgia			53	496	1.513	59	2.121	
liawail.	1 5	4 2 7	58	2	319	5	384	5 7
1daho	2		7	113	776	23	919	9
Iilinois	210	116	555	$^{1,339}_{721}$	21,296	1,093	24,283	326
Indiana	33	37	119	721	7,487	455	8,782	70
Iowa	16	19	72 5	325 86	$\begin{array}{r} 3,395 \\ 733 \end{array}$	$\frac{546}{22}$	4,338	35
Kansas	73	22	210	816	3.065	107	$\frac{846}{4.198}$	95
Kentucky Louisiana	22	ĩõ	190	457	3,652	110	4,409	32
Maine	1	3	6	501	732	65	1.304	3
Maryland	68	25	120	201	3,098	160	3,579	93
Massachusetts	169	40	244	132	4,669	482	5,527	209
Michigan	27	75	97	706	7,173	510	8,486 7,995	102
Minnesota	49	71	121	1,444 47	5,794	636	7,995	120
Mississippi	93	48	240	430	$\frac{647}{7.910}$	13 381	720 8,961	141
Montana	4	20	58	190	2 563	175	2,986	24
Nebraska	8	14	47	316	2.272	616	3,251	$\frac{24}{22}$
Nevada	· 7	5	26	13	1,203	49	1,291	5
New Hampshire		4	18	79	782	69	948	11
New Jersey	71	40	$\frac{195}{21}$	255	10,894	527	11,871	111
New Mexico	466	194	1.518	562	$\frac{981}{33.806}$	1.029	1,072 36,915	660
New York North Carolina	400	154	1,510	562 733	604	24	1.372	000
North Dakota			-11	979	742	14	1.029	
Ohlo	154	113	367	$\frac{247}{123}$	12,264	405	13,283	267
Oklahoma	: -	4.5	30	123	1,658	53	1,864	
Oregon	17	$\frac{20}{247}$	62 678	230	2,497	110	2,899	37
Pennsylvania	347 21		41	887 18	19,990 1,513	1,294 44	22,849	594
Rhode Island		8	24	301	962	13	1,616 1,300	29 1
South Dakota	'i	5	$\tilde{2}\hat{6}$	143	1.314	194	1.677	6
Tennessee	30	4	101	1,305	2.465	80	3.951	34
Texas	23	14	71	1,938	2,858	310	5,177	34 37
Utah	6	- 5	27	123	957	72	1,179	11
Vermont	1		3	135	242	39	319	_1
Virginia	49 13	$^{-6}_{29}$	$\frac{90}{112}$	$\frac{140}{251}$	1,369 3.213	$\frac{99}{188}$	$\frac{1,627}{3,764}$	55
Washington	13	14	27	313	1,266	173	1.779	42 23
Wisconsin	72	151	131	740	11,169	670	12.710	223
Wyomlng.	1	3	13	54	687	89	843	223
Total for fiscal year ended June 30, 1911.	2,343	1,524	7,070	18,881	218,393	12,177	256,521	3,867
Total for fiscal year ended June 30, 1910.	2.413		6.652		217,813		255,765	
Total for incar year ended build so, 1910.	-2,110	. 1,300	0,002	20,000	-1.,010	11,010	200,100	0,001

Mine Production of the World.

THE following table shows estimates of wine production in gallons by the principal wine-producing untries according to the French publication Moniteur Vinicole, and is for the year 1911.

Commerce according	to the remor	pasinourion in minor	,	The for the year 1011.	
COUNTRIES.	Gallons.	COUNTRIES.	Gallons.	COUNTRIES.	Gallous.
Italy	1.117,439 100	Bolivia		Australia	
France	. 1,185,741,574	Mexico	660,425	Tunis	3,962,500
Spain	442,598,105	United States	34,342,100	Corsica	4,132,939
Algeria	. 233,359,245	Austria	76,609,300	Uruguay	5.283,400
Argentina	. 95,101,200	Bulgaria		Cape of Good Hope	
Hungary		Turkey and Cyprus		Peru	
Greece and Islands.	60,759,100	Germany		Azores, Canaries and	
('hile		Roumania		_ Madeira	
Portugal		Servia		Persia	132,085
Russia		Switzerland			
Luxemburg	. 2,377,530	Brazil	9,245,950	Total	13 875,791,393

When to Serve Beverages.

(From Osborn's Vintage and Production of Wines and Liquors.)

Appetizer—Dry Pale Sherry plain or with a dash of bitters, Vermouth plain or a Cocktail.
With Oysters—Rhine Wine, Moselle, Dry Sauternes, Chablis or Capri; cool.
With Soup—Sherry, Madeira, or Marsala; cool.
With Fish—Sauternes, Chablis, Rhine Wine,
Moselle or Capri; cool.
With Entrées—Claret or Chianti.* With Roast-Claret, Burgundy, or Chianti.* With Game-Champagne (cold), Old Vintage

(hampagne; cool.) (hampagne; cool.) With Pastry—Madeira; cool. With Cheese—Port. With Fruit—Tokay, Malaga, or Muscat.* With Coffee—Brandy or Cordial.*

* Temperature of room.

Suicides.

THE suicide rate of the registration area of the United States in 1910 was 16.0 per 100,000 popula-The sulcide rate of the registration area of the United States in 1910 was 16.0 per 100,000 population. The estimated number of suicides in the entire United States but scruding insular possessions, in 1912 was 125,000. The most common means of self-destruction in 1910, according to the mortality reports of the Census, were: Fire-arms, 2,561; poisoning, 2,456; asphyxiation, chiefly illuminating gas, 941; cutting or piercing instruments, 544; drowning, 517; jumping from high places, 137, and by crushing, 88.

The suicide rate of large American cities for 1911, according to Frederick L. Hoffman, Statistician, which is the suicide rate of large American cities for 1911, according to Frederick L. Hoffman, Statistician, and the suicide rate of large American cities for 1911, according to Frederick L. Hoffman, Statistician, The purpose of the property of American cities for 1911, according to Frederick L. Hoffman, Statistician, The purpose of the property of the pro

The suicide rate of large American cities for 1911, according to rederick L. Hoffman, Statistician, Prudential Insurance Company of America, was 19, 6 per 100,000 of population. The number of suicides in 100 American cities in the ten years ending with 1911 was 39,536. The average suicide rates for 20 leading cities for the decade ending with 1910 were as flows: Sun Francisco, 51.2; San Diego, 38.3; Sacramento, 35.5; Hoboken, 35.2; Los Angeles, 30.9; Oakland, Cal., 30.5; St. Louis, 30.2; Denver, 28.2; Springfield, 111., 28.1; Seattle, Wash., 27.7; Davenport, fa., 25.8; Pneblo, Col., 25.3; Newark, N. J., 25.0; McKeesport, Pa., 23.7; Milwankee, 23.3; Spokane, Wash., 22.7; Haverbill, Mass., 22.5; Cincinnati, 22.4; Chicago, 22.3; Indianapolis, 22.3. The rate for Manhattan and the Propy was 20.8 Mass., 22.5; Cir. Bronx was 20.8,

Eronx was 20.8.
The number of suicides during the decade ending with 1911 was 7,135 for Greater New York, 4,434 for Chicago, 2,308 for Philadelphia, 1,951 for San Francisco, and 2,011 for St. Louis.
The average snicide rates for large foreign cities for recent years was 31.4 for Berlin, 24.8 for Paris, 16.0 for Buenos Ayres, 11.6 for Loudon, and 10.6 for Sydney, New South Wales.
The average annual suicide rates for the more important countries have been as follows: Ireland, 3.4; Scotland, 6.7; Netherlands, 6.7; Norway, 6.4; England and Wales, 10.2; Australia, 11.6; Belgium, 12.4; Sweden, 12.4; U. S. Registration Area, 16.0; Austria, 17.3; Japan, 18.9; Hungary, 19.2; Denmark, 19.4; Germany, 21.3; Switzerland, 22.7, and France, 22.8.

Mortality Statistics.

THE Census Office published in 1912 the completed reports of Mortality Statistics of States and cities THE Census Office published in 1912 the completed reports of Mortality Statistics of States and other of the United States which have laws or ordinances requiring the registration of deaths. There were in 1909, when the enumeration was taken, eighteen of such registration States (California, Colorado, Connecticut, Indiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Khode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin) and the District of Columbia, with fifty-four cities in non-registered States, included in the registration area. They represented a population of 50,870,518 or 56.1 of the population of Continental United States. The total number of deaths reported was 732,538 for the year (1909), the rate

per 1,000 of the population being 15.0, details reported was 103,35 for the year (1205), the tast per 1,000 of the population being 15.0, and the whole United States and is the latest enumeration of 1400 covered the whole United States and is the latest enumeration of that character. It was not deemed advisable by the Census Office to make the Thirteenth Census apply to other than the registration States and cities, because the attempt to enumerate the deaths that occurred in the non-registration States has been unsuccessful, and the data obtained misleading. The registration area now includes a large proportion of the total population and I seems preferable by the Census Office to present only data based on fairly complete registration. The number of registration States and cities is increasing and by the time of the next enumeration many more will be included. The first table presented below is that of the reported number of deaths in the Census year 1900.

DEATHS IN THE UNITED STATES IN CENSUS YEAR 1900.

(Compiled from the Report of the Census Office.)

OTATES AND TERRITORIES.	Total.	Male.	Female.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Total.	Male.	Female.
United States	1,039,094	551,611	487,483				
Alabama	25, 699	12,970	12,729	Montana	2,188	1,387	801
Arizona	1,223	750	473	Nebraska	8,264	4,480	3,784
Arkansas	22,518	11.813		Nevada	438	290	148
California	$\begin{array}{c c} 22,506 \\ 7,428 \end{array}$	$13,998 \\ 4,471$	$\frac{8,508}{2,957}$	New Hampshire New Jersey	$7,400 \ 32,735$	3,663 $17,462$	$3,737 \\ 15,273$
Colorado Connecticut	15,422			New Mexico	2,674	1,455	1,219
Delaware		1.644		New York	130, 268	68,648	61,620
Dist, of Columbia		3,274	3,090	North Carolina	21.068	10,427	10,641
Florida	6.482	3,520	2,962		2,287	1,159	1,128
Georgia	26,941	13,321	13,620	Ohio	53,362	28,648	24,714
Idaho	1,242	762		Oklahoma	3.181	1,741	1,440
Illinois	61,229				3.396	2,019	1,377
Indiana	33,586	17,454	16,132		90,199	49 150	41,049
Indian Territory	5,286		2,491	Rhode Island	8,176	4,132	4,044
Iowa	19,573	10,612			17,166 3,088	$8,461 \\ 1,654$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 8,705 \\ 1,434 \end{array} $
Kansas Kentucky	16,261 27,091	8,978 13,843	13,248	South Dakota Tennessee	30,572	15,354	
Louisiana	20,955	10.971	9,230	Texas	34,160	18,045	
Maine				Utah	3,079	1.821	1,258
Maryland					5,829	2,936	2,893
Massachusetts					25,252	13,112	12,140
Michigan	33,572	18,084	15,488	Washington	4,910	3,148	1,762
Minnesota	17,005			West Virginia	9,588	5,046	4,542
Mississippi	20,251				24,928 767	13,815	
Missouri	38,08	[] 20,480	17,604	Wyoming	767	452	315

The Census year ended May 31, 1900.

The average age at death in 1890 was 31.1 years; in 1900 it was 35.2 years.

MORTALITY STATISTICS-Continued.

CAUSES OF DEATH IN THE REGISTRATION AREA, 1909.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	Male.	Female.	CAUSES OF DEATH.		Female
	Total.	Total.		Total.	Total.
			Pneumonia (all forms)	38,321	31,712
All causes	398,597	333,941	Pleurisy	1.215	867
			Asthma	772	647
Typhoid fever	6.333	4,389	Other diseases of respiratory sys-		
Tuberculosis of lungs	39,456	30,584	tem	2,875	2,332
Cancer		22,644	Cirrhosis of liver	4,758	2,287
Rhenmatism		1,885	Other diseases of liver	1,790	2,525
Diabetes		3,682	Peritonitis	1,122	1,489
Alcoholism	2,270	308	Appendicitis	3,409	2,359
Lead poisoning Other occupational and chronic	82	4	Hernia	1.052	966
Other occupational and chronic			Other diseases of digestive system.	37,273	32,940
poisonings	140	127	Bright's disease	24,524	18,888
Apoplexy and paralysis		21,733	Childbirth		7,791
Other diseases of nervous system	17,791	12,733		6,494	1,908
Heart disease	34,931	31,040	Poisonous gases, other accidental	0.000	
Other diseases of circulatory sys-			poisonings	2,268	1,348
_tem	13,643	10,842	Other accidents and injuries	33,672	9,847
Bronchitis	5,750	6,377	All other and unknown causes	76,249	69,687

DEATHS BY COLOR AND NATIVITY REGISTRATION AREA. 1909.

COLOR, NATIVITY AND PARENT NATIVITY.	Number of Deaths.	Per Cent.	COLOR, NATIVITY AND PARENT NATIVITY.	Number of Deaths.	Per Cent.
Aggregate	732,538	100.0	Foreign	178,788 9,905	24.4
White		93.7	Colored	.,	6.3
Native	252,268 180,626	67.9 34.4 24.7 8.3		1,435	5.9 0.2 0.1
Parentage unknown	3,585	0.5	Chinese		0.1

The largest number of deaths returned for any month in 1909 was 70,093 for March. With the great majority of the registration States and cities it is the mouth having the largest number of deaths, while June is the month of lowest mortality.

The following was the death rate per thousand in various countries in 1900: Austria, 25.4; Belgium, 19.3; Denmark, 16.9; England and Wales, 18.2; France, 21.9; German Empire, 22.1; Hungary, 26.9; Ireland, 19.6; Italy, 23.8; Netherlands, 17.8; Norway, 15.9; Scotland, 18.5; Spain, 28.9; Sweden, 16.8; Switzerland, 19.3; United States (registration area), 17.6. (In 1909, United States, 15.0.)

It is a fact of much interest, as showing the general prevalence in 1909 of extremely favorable conditions for human life, that the death rate of England and Wales for that year was 14.5 per thousand, which was also the lowest on record for that country, while the rate of 14 for the city of London was even lower and demonstrates the fallacy of the belief that high death rates are necessarily found in large cities.

DEATH RATE OF LARGE CITIES.

The report on Mortality Statistics of 1909 (registration area) contained the following table of percentages of deaths per 1,000 of population in cities of the United States with over 100,000 population:

CITIES.	Anuual Average: 1900 to 1909.	1909.	CITIES.	Annual Average: 1900 to 1909.	1909.	CITIES.	Annual Average: 1900 to 1909.	1909.
Los Angeles, Cal	15.8	13.7	St. Paul, Minn	10.4		Rochester, N.Y	14.6	14.4
San Francisco, Cal.			Kansas City, Mo.			Syracuse, N. Y	14.9	14.5
Denver, Col	17.6		St. Louis, Mo	16.9	15.8	Cincinnati, Ohio	18.7	16.5
New Haven, Ct	17.5	16.9	Omaha, Neb	12.3		Cleveland, Ohio		12.9
Washington, D.C.	20.3		Jersey City, N. J.			Columbus, Onio	15.3	14.0
Chicago, Ill	14.7		Newark, N. J	18.3	16.5	Toledo, Ohio	14.7	14.6
Indianapolis, Ind.			Paterson, N. J	16.6	15.3	Philadelphia, Pa.,	18.2	16.4
Louisville, Ky	18.4		Buffalo, N. Y	15,6	15,2	Pittsburgh, Pa.*	19.1	15.8
New Orleans, La.			New York, N. Y		16,0	Scranton, Pa	16.6	16.3
Bultimore, Md	19.9	18.7			15,9	Providence, R. I.	18.4	16.1
Boston, Mass	18.6	16.8		17.6	15.4	Memphis, Tenn	20.1	20.1
Fall River, Mass.		19.1			16.6	Milwaukee, Wis.	13.5	13.7
Worcester, Mass.	17.1	15.5	Queens Bor	15.8	14.2		1	
Detroit, Mich	14.9	14.0	Richmond Bor.	19.2	18.1	1		i
Minneapolis, Min.	10.5	10.7	1		! !		j	

^{*} City as now constituted, including Allegheny,

Foreign Cities—Percentage of deaths per 1,000 of population in 1909: London, 14.0; Edinburgh, 15.3; Glasgow, 17.5; Dublin, 22.4; Paris, 17.4; Berlin, 15.1; St. Petersburg, 24.6; Moscow, 29.6; Stockholm, 14.3; Copenhagen, 14.5; Amsterdam, 13.1; Hamburg, 14.6; Munich, 17.6; Vlenna, 16.8; Trieste, 24.6; Rome, 19.3; Milan, 20.3; Venice, 22.1; Bucharest, 26.4; Dresden, 14.0; The Hague, 17.7; Melbourne, 12.5; Sydney, 10.3; Toronto, 22.3.

AVERAGE AGE AT DEATH IN 1909.

The following table shows the average age at death from all causes of persons dying in the registration area in 1909. The average age at death is the result obtained by multiplying the number of persons dying at each age by that age and dividing the sum of the products by the total number of persons who died:

persons who area.			
All causes*	38.8	Other diseases of respiratory system	42.1
I.—General diseases.	36.8	V.—Diseases of digestive system	22.0
	29.0	Diseases of mouth	12.7
Typnoid lever. Malarial fever. Small-pox Measles. Scarlet fever. Whooping cough Diphtheria. Croup. Influenza. Cholera nostras. Dysontery	36.0	Tongilitie	10.1
Maiariai lever	30.0	Tousilitis. Other diseases of pharynx. Uleer of stomach	17.1
Small-pox	28.1	Other diseases of pharyllx	37.2
Measles	3.8	Ulcer of stomach	50.6
Scarlet fever	6.7		42.7
Wheening cough	1.6	Other diseases of stomach	32.4
w nooping cough		Other diseases of stomach	
Diphtheria	6.2	Dentition	0.9
Croup	3.8	Diarrhœa and enteritis	6.9
Influenza	55.5	Hernia	54.0
Chalana wasters	43.3	Obstruction of intestines	
Cholera nostras		Obstruction of intestines	39.3
	43.4	Other diseases of intestines	38.5
Erysipelas Other epidemic diseases	37.3	Other diseases of intestines	43.8
Other enidemia diseases	10.2	Hydatid tumors of liver. Cirrbosis of liver Biliary calculi Other diseases of liver.	40.8
Orner epidemic diseases		Climb asia of lines	
Septicemia Tuberculosis (all forms) Tuberculosis of lungs	36.4	Cirrnosis of liver	55.7
Tuberculosis (all forms)	34.2	Biliary calculi	57.5
Tuberculosis of lungs	36.1	Other diseases of liver	50.8
Tuberculosis of larynx Tuberculous meningitis. Abdominal tuberculosis.	39.7	Digoggos of sploop	39.5
Tuberculosis of laryna		Diseases of spleen	99.9
Tuberculous meningitis	9.0	Peritonitis	33.3
Abdominal tuberculosis	31.3	Appendicitis	28.7
Pott's disease	30.4	AppendicitisOther diseases of digestive system	43.7
Muhamadana abanasa	28.3	TTT Discount of conits uring restors	EC 0
Tuberculous abscess	40.0	VI.—Diseases of genito-urinary sytem	56.2
White swellingTuberculosis of other organs	29.3	Acute nephritis	39.3
Tuberculosis of other organs	35.5	Bright's disease	58.5
General Tuberculosis	29.2	Other diseases of kidneys	49.8
Conclusia I uncicultusia	10.2	Color the facility and the et	
Scrotuta		Bright's disease	54.7
Scrofula Venereal diseases	17.5	Diseases of bladder	70.1
Cancer (all forms)	59.0	Uterine tumorOther diseases of uterus	47.4
Concer of month	62.8	Other discount of uterus	38.1
Cancer of mouth		Other diseases of ateras	40.1
Cancer of stomach and liver	60.9	Ovarian tumor	49.1
Cancer of intestines	59.0	Diseases of tubes	31.9
Cancer of female genital organs	53.6	Other diseases of genito-urinary system	67.6
Cuncer of breast	58.5	VII _Childhirth	29.9
Cancer of breast Cancer of skin	68.1	Puerperal septicemia	20.0
Cancer of Skin		Puerperal septicemia	29.0
Cancer of other or unspecined organs	56.6	Puerperal couvulsions	29.1
Tumor	53.4	Other causes incident to childbirth	31.7
Rheumatism	44.9	VIII.—Diseases of Skin	54.0
Disk - t		VIII.—Diactace of Child	
Diabetes. Anæmia, leukemia	54.5	Gangrene	70.2
Anæmia, leukemia	44.2	Carbuncle	45.0
Alcoholism	46.0	A bscess	30.4
Alcoholism. Chronic poisonings.	50.6	Other disasses of skin	29.0
Other managed discours		Other diseases of skin IX.—Diseases of locomotor system	02.4
Other general diseases	38.3	1X.—Diseases of locomotor system	23.4
II.—Diseases of nervous system	50.3	Diseases of bones Diseases of joints Other diseases of the locomotor system	21.l
Encephalitis	24.3	Diseases of joints	44.3
Meningitis. Locomotor Ataxia. Other diseases of spinal cord.	11.7	Other diseases of the locometer system	49.3
Treningitis		other diseases of the focomotor system	40.0
Locomotor Ataxia	56.7	XMalformatious	0.7
Other diseases of spinal cord	45.7	Hydrocephalus	1.7
Apoplexy	65.2	Congenital malformation of heart (cyanosis)	0.6
Apoplexy, Softening of brain, Paralysis. General paralysis of insane	69.3	Other congenital malformations	0. 5
Done levels		VI Diseases of souls informer	
Paralysis	67.9	XI. – Diseases of early infancy	0.1
General paralysis of insane	50.9	Premature birth Congenital debility. XII.—Old age. XIII.—Violence.	0.1
Other forms of mental disease	56.0	Congenital debility	0.1
Other diseases of brain	38.2	XII —Old age	82.7
Enilanas	36.1	VIII Violence	35.3
Ephepsy		ATTL Violence	
Epilepsy "Convulsions".	1.5	Suiciae	43.6
Tetanus	17.7	Suicide Fractures and dislocations	58.0
Other diseases of nervous system	35.2	Burns and scalds	22.6
III — Dispases of circulatory system	60.3	Heat and sunstroke	41.1
Daving aditio		Culd and fragging	40 1
Ferreardids	50.5	Burns and scalds	49.1
Pericarditis Endocarditis Heart disease	53.2		34.1
Heart disease	59.9	Diswring Inhalation of poisonous gases (including conflagration) Other section to isonings	28.5
Angina pectoris	63.1	Inhalation of poisonous gases (including	
Discourse of autories	72.2	and anotion it poisonous gases (including	40.8
Diseases of arteries		Counagration)	20.0
Empolism and thrombosis	56.2	Otner accidental poisonings	24.6
Diseases of lymphatics	54.3	Accidental gunshot wounds	25.5
Diseases of lymphatics	14.5	Inturies by machinery	34.3
Other diseases of airculatory gystem	21.6	Injurior in minos and quarrios	34.0
Other diseases of circulatory system		Injuries in inities and quarries	07.0
	33.5	Injuries by machinery Injuries in mines and quarries. Railroad accidents and injuries.	37.5
Laryngitis. Other diseases of larynx. Diseases of thyroid body.	17.1	Street-car accidents	37.9
Other diseases of larvnx	11.5	Injuries by vehicles and horses	37.3
Diseases of thyroid body	44.3		35.3
A out o Dronabitie		Cuff notion	11.9
Acute Diolichitis	15.1	Sunocation	
Acute Bronchitis	66.3	Autonome accidents	48.3
Bronchopneumonia Pneumonia (lobar and unqualified)	18.2	Injuries at birth	0.1
Pneumonia (lobar and unanalified)	37.4	Homicide	32.3
	40.7	VIV _Ill defined courses	23.9
Pleurisy		ALV.—III demied causes	20.0
Congestion of lungs	43.4	Dropsy	61.8
Gangrene of lungs.	45.1	''Heart Iailure''	51.8
Congestion of lungs. Gangrene of lungs. Asthma and emphysema.	60.7	Other ill-defined causes	15.7
Hemorrhage of lungs	$\frac{60.7}{45.7}$	Unknown causes	20.1
itemorrhage of lungs	30.1	Homicide XIV.—III defined causes 'Dropsy'.' 'Heart failure'. Other III-defined causes Unknown causes	20.1
* Exclusive of stillbirths.			

MORTALITY STATISTICS-Continued.

RESULTS FROM THE CENSUS INQUIRY OF 1909.

(From Census Office Bulletins, 1910.)

Consumption—While the total number. 81,720, of deaths from tuberculosis in 1909 was greater than for any preceding year and exceeded by 3,431 the number, 78,289, compiled for 1908, the death rate in the Census Bureau's death registration States and cittles, showed a decline from 173,9 in 1908 to 167.5 per 100,000 estimated population in 1909. The 1909 rate is the lowest on record for the census registration area, although it should be remembered that the rates for this area, to which large additions were made in 1906, 1908 and 1909, may not be strictly comparable throughout the period covered with respect to constitution of population. The addition of the new registration State of Ohio for 1909, for example, by In 1906, 1908 and 1909, may not be strictly comparable throughout the period covered with respect to constitution of population. The addition of the new registration State of Ohio for 1909, for example, by bringing in a considerable rural population with a normally low death rate from tuberculosis, would tend to depress the death rate from this cause for the registration area as a whole. Excluding Ohio, which is shown only for 1909, 11 of the 17 registration States for which data are given presented numerical decreases in deaths from tuberculosis for 1909 as compared with 1908, the largest being for New York (415) and Rhode Island (107). Deaths from tuberculosis increased in Washington (91) and California (78) among the 6 States showing more deaths from this cause. Among the larger cities the chief fluctuations were increases of 55 for St. Louis, Mo., 61 for Minneapolis, Minn., 58 for Toledo, Ohio, and 56 for New Haven, Ct.; significant from their small amount; while decreases of 222 occurred for New York City, 194 for Philadelphia, Pa., and 149 for New Orleans, La.

Cancer—Cancer showed a much greater proportional increase in the number of deaths than tuberculosis, rising from 33,465 for 1908 to 37,562 for 1909. The death rate increased from 74.3 to 77, the latter being the highest crude death rate from cancer thus far recorded for the registration area of the United States. The uniform tendency to increase in the number of deaths reported from cancer is shown in the totals reported for the registration States and cities for 1908 and 1909. All the 17 States for which data are given for the two years showed more deaths from this cause in the latter year, except Maryland and South Dakota, for which slightly diminished numbers were returned. Of the 36 large cities only 5 showed more deaths from cancer in 1908 than in 1909, and the amounts of decrease were very small in each case. The numerical increase in the deaths registered from cancer was not large for any particular State or city, but the most impressive feature is the widespread increase shared by all States and cities with but few exceptions.

Typhold Fever—The total number of deaths caused by typhold fever in the registration area for the year 1909 was 10,722, a reduction of 653 from the number, 11,375, recorded for the somewhat smaller registration area of 1908. The death rate fell from 25.3 to 22 per 100,000 eximated population, these rates being based on the populations as estimated upon the average annual increase between the last two censuses. The typhold fever death rate for 1908 was the lowest recorded since the series of census annual reports was instituted, and the rate for 1909 shows a marked reduction from that of the previous year. It is nearly one-third less than the rate shown for the five-year period 1901-1905 (32.2), although still more than twice as large as that of England and Wales. The success already obtained in its reduction should encourage further progress in this direction until residence and travel in this country shall be as safe in this respect as in the best regulated countries of Europe, where the disease is becoming practically negligible as a meance to public health.

Homicides—The total number of deaths from homicide, as reported for 1909, was 2,854, a decrease of 149 from the number compiled for 1908. Not all deaths from homicide are specified, so that the total number that actually occurred would be in excess of that compiled. The increase in the death rate, 5.9, from this cause for 1909 over the annual average rate, 2.9, for the five-year period 1901-1905 is probably due largely to greater precision in the returns in this respect.

Accidental Deaths—Among the causes of accidental deaths, in the order of numerical importance for the year 1909, were the following: Railroad accidents and injuries, 6,659; drowning, 4,558; burns and scalds, 3,992; injuries at birth, hereafter to be classified under diseases dearly infancy, 3,508; injuries by horses and vehicles, 2,152, not including injuries by street cars, 1,723, and automobile accidents and injuries, 632; injuries in mines and quarries, 1,997; inhalation of poisonous gases, including configaration, 1,837; other accidental poisoning, 1,779; accidental gunshot wounds, 944; heat and sunstroke, 816; cold and freezing, 251; lightnip. 150 freezing, 251; lightning, 150,

Infantile Paralysis—It is reported that, of the 569 deaths from infantile paralysis, 552 were of white and only 17 of colored persons. There was a somewhat greater incidence of disease among males and an increased mortality in August, September and October. The bulletin states that no statistical segregation of infantile paralysis as a cause of death has been made heretofore, but the increasing importance of the disease and its wide prevalence throughout the country in the form of local epidemics render a statement of the mortality important. Numerous outbreaks have occurred in this country, the most important of which were those in Vermont in 1894, and in New York and Connecticut in 1907. The 569 deaths compiled for the registration area for 1909 were widely distributed, and indicate endemic or epidemic prevalence in many parts of the country.

Pneumonia—Pneumonia, in the aggregate, caused more deaths than other diseases, except tuberculo is. The number increas of from 61,259, or 136 per 100,000 population in 1908, to 70,033, or 136 per 100,000 population in 1908, the latter number being only 7 less than the number, 70,040, from tuberculosis of the lungs. The rates for both years were lower than for any previous year of the decade.

Infant Mortality.

The greatest infantile mortality appears to occur during the third quarter of the year. Taking the average of the decennium 1896-1905, the deaths of children in England and Wales under one year of age numbered—139 per 1,000 births in the first quarter of the year; 118 per 1,000 births in the second quarter; 187 per 1,000 births in the third quarter; and 144 per 1,000 births in the fourth quarter. The mortality for the whole year was, on the average, 147 per 1,000 births in the fourth and infantile mortality on the other. The deaths of children under one year was 118 per 1,000 in 1907 and was the lowest on record. The mortality in the third quarter of the year, was exceptionally low. The Summer of that year was unusually cool and showery in Great Britain.—Webb-Muhalik.

Mulhall.

Birth Statistics.

IN France, according to the Journal Official, there were in 1910 309,289 marriages, 13,049 divorces, 774,358 living children born, and a total of 703,777 deaths, not including those of stillborn children, which numbered 35,944. The net excess of births over deaths was therefore 70,581. In 1909 the excess of births over deaths was only 13,424, but the decided improvement shown in the figures for 1910 was largely due to a decrease of 52,768 in the deaths of that year. The excess of births ever deaths in Paris and the Department of the Seine was 2,670, or 804 less than the excess in the Department of Seine Interleure, which contains the cities of Rouen and Havre.

For the five-year period from 1901 to 1905, inclusive, the number of births per 1,000 of population in six leading countries of Europe was as follows: In Holland 155, in Germany 149, in Great Britain 121, in Austria 113, in Italy 106, and in France 18.

MODERN cremation originated in 1866. To-day, after forty-five years of agitation, there are eighty crematories in Europe. Of these, twenty-two are in Germany, seven in Switzerland and thirty in Italy bout 13,000 to over cremated in Europe during 1969. In the United States, torties for potter's fields has long been agitated. In Now York, the bodies of immigrants dying of infectious diseases at the quarantine station are cremated, unless the surviving relatives have religious scruples against this method.—Journal of the American Medical Association.

Some 1912 Records.

A SEVENTH son of a seventh son of a seventh son was born at Pittsburgh, Pa., September 25, to Mr. and Mrs. David Gelger. Mr. Gelger is a mail carrier.

Mrs. F. H. Seeley, at Dorchester (Mass.) Hospital, on August 5, gave birth to quadruplets, all girls, who have survived and are thriving. The mother was also in good health.

On September 14 the fourteenth child was born at Frankfort, Kan., to Mr. and Mrs. John J. Hayes, prosperous farmers, the mother being but 39 years old.

At the age of 29 years Mrs. Patrick Lyng, of Victor, Col., became a grandmother on April 13, Her daughter, Mrs. Alta Garrighty, aged 15, wife of a young Portland miner, gave birth to a nine and one-half pound boy. She was married when 13 years old. Mrs. Lyng's great-grandfather is still living at Kingfisher, Col.

Representative Francis of Ohio. In the House of Representatives at Washington on April 6.

Representative Francis, of Ohio, in the House of Representatives at Washington on April 6. introduced a bill to grant a pension to Mrs. Sarah Brandon, of Jacobsburg, Ohio, who has had thirty-three children, sixteen of whom, sons, served in the Union Army during the civil war.

The first baby known to have been born in an automobile came into the world at San Luis Obispo,

Cal. May 14, the mother being Mrs. George Ingert. The child has been named by the parents after the machine in which it was born.

Mrs. Martha Erickson and Mrs. Bertha Foglestadt, twin sisters, celebrated their ninety-first

birthday at Chicago, May 15. Several great-grandchildren were present. The twins were born in

birthday at Unicago, May 10. Several Becardination.

Norway.

Prof. R. C. Brenner, of the University of Pittsburgh, Pa., found a quart of soot in the lung of a Pittsburgh man, aged fifty, on May 15. He exhibited the soot at a Board of Trade meeting. An eight-legged fish was caught in a net by Steven Ghio near San Diego, Cal., May 21. The unclassified creature had teeth like a dog and gills and dorsal fins, as well as scales like a fish. It was two feet in length and slender. The feet were without nails and covered with soft fur. It would not eat meat, but eagerly devoured raw potatoes and seemed fond of seaweed. It ate out of Ghio's hand, but could not remain out of water long.

The Defective Classes.

The Insane.—From a report for 1908 issued by the Commissioner of Immigration, the number of inmates of institutions for the insane in the United States were: Aliens, 25,610: naturalized citizens, 25,130; native-born persons, 121,450; total, 172,190. These figures include 100 insane persons in institutions in Alaska, 210 in Hawali, and 340 in Porto Rico.

The total number of insane in the United States on June 1, 1890 (latest complete Census Report) was 106, 485, of whom 74,028 were in hospitals. In the collection of statistics of the insane in 1903 (Census Special Report issued August, 1906), only the insane in hospitals were considered. These had increased to 150, 151 on December 31, 1903 and to 187,798 on January 1, 1910. (The last figure is an advance statement of the Census Burean based on the enumeration of 1910. The number of hospitals for the insane increased from 162 in 1890 to 32 in 1903 and to 373 in 1910.

In 1903 the number of insane males in hospitals was 78,523, and insane females 71,628. In proportion to population there were more white than neero insane. The investigation includes only those patients who were twelve years of age and over. The maximum concentration was on the agest thirty-five and forty-five years. Female insane live longer than male insane, and white insane than negro insane.

than negro insane.

More than one-fourth, 27.8 per cent. of the hospital insane had been inmates less than one year, less than one-sixteenth per cent. had been in hospitals at least twenty years, 41.6 per cent, had been employed as laborers and servants before becoming inmates, 22.5 per cent, had been cocupied in agriculture, transportation and other outdoor pursuits, and 16 per cent, in manufacturing and mechanical industries. Of the 328 hospitals for the insane, 226 were public and 102 private in character. The annual cost of maintenance of insane in public hospitals approximated \$21,000,000.

The Realis-Winded—The number of feeble, midded in institutions on January 1, 1910.

Character. The annual cost of maintenance of insane in public hospitals approximated \$21,000,000. The Feeble-Minded.—The number of feeble-minded in institutions on January 1, 1910, was 20,755, on January 1, 1905, the number was 15,318. The total number of feeble-minded in the United States has been estimated at not less than 150,000. Of the feeble-minded in institutions 58. per cent, were under twenty years of age, and 85 per cent, were under thirty years of age,

per cent, were under twenty years of age, and 80 per cent, were under unity years of age. About one-fifth of the immates were epileptics.

The Deaf and Dumb.—The total number of deaf mutes in the United States in 1900 was. 89.287, of this number 51.871 were deaf from childhood. It is probable that a certain number of persons who were not deaf were included in this total by the enumerators. The deaf in 1910 were 84.361—whites, 37,447; negroes, 4,926; males, 46,915; females, 42,372; native-born whites, 69,926; foreign-born whites, 13,786; nativity unknown, 710.

Of the total number of deaf in 1900, 55,501 were able to speak well, 9,417 imperfectly, and 24,369—354 at 21.

not at all.

The Blind.—The total number of blind in the United States in 1900 was 64,763, of whom 35,645 were totally blind and 29,118 were partially blind—whites, 56,535; negroes, 8,228; males, 37,054; females, 27,709; native-born whites, 45,479; foreign-born whites, 10,694, and in 362 cases the nativity was nuknown.

The number of insane persons in Eugland and Wales in 1908, according to Webb-Mulhall, was 126,084, or 356.7 per 100,000 population—(sermany (in 1901), 120,870; France (in 1906), 94,400; Belgium (in 1905), 16,940; Holland (in 1906), 96,70.

Mother's Day.

OBJECT - To Honor and uplift Motherhood, and to give Happiness to "The Best Mother Who Ever Lived."-YOUR MOTHER.

OBSERVANCE—Loving remembrance of your Mother (or her memory) through some distinct act of kindness, visit, tribute or letter. Live this day as your Mother through would have you live it,

BADGE-A WHITE CARNATION.

TIME-Second Sunday in May Annually-Schools Friday.

FOUNDER-Anna Jarvis, 2031 North 12th St., Philadelphia, U. S. A.

The Governors of forty-nine States, territories and dependencies have recognized and recommended Mother's Day.

The Non-Smokers' Protective League.

THE Non-Smokers' Protective League was organized in New York, May 9, 1910, President. Dr. Chas. G. Pease. Secretary, John S. Nichols. Directors: Chancellor James R. Day, Syracuse. President David Starr Jordan, Leland Stanford University; Dr. Harvey W. Wiley; Prof. Burt G. Wilder, Cornell; Rev. Dr. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, Chicago; Prof. Thomas B. Stowell, University winder, College, Rev. D. Schall Eloyd Sodes, Chicago, Floi, Indiasa S. Stowen, University of Southern California; Prof. Winfield S. Hall, Northwestern University; Prof. W. A. McKeever, Kansas State Agricultural College; Dr. J. W. Seaver; Dr. Stephen F. Peckham, Brooklyn, and William H. Douglas, William B. Chapman, Asa F. Smith, Horace Fecley Kinapp, Charles H. Valentine, George A. Rutherford, T. O. Abbott, Alphonse Major, New York; G. L. Fabri, New York; F. W. Roman, University of S. Dakota, and Dr. Charles G. Pease of New York City, Membership is open to anyone in sympathy with the purposes of the League.

The Procreation Commission.

This Commission, created by an act of the Legislature of New York State, is to examine into the mental and physical condition and the record and family history of the feeble-minded, epileptic. criminal and other defective inmates confined in the State hospitals, reformatories, charitable and penal institutions; and if in the judgment of the majority of the board procreation by any such person would produce children with an inherited tendency to crime, insanity, feeble-mindedness, idiocy, or imbecility, and there is no probability of an improvement in their condition, then the board shall appoint one of their number to perform such operation for the prevention of procreation that shall be decided to be most effective. All orders made under this law are subject to review

by the Supreme Court.

The board, as appointed by Governor Dix, consists of Dr. Charles H. Andrews, Buffalo, N. Y., surgeon; Dr. Leomon Thompson, Glens Fails, N. Y., neurologist; Dr. Charles C. Duryea, Schenectady, N. Y., practitioner.

The Income Tax Amendment

TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES PROPOSED BY THE SIXTY-FIRST CONCRESS TO THE STATES.

THE following joint resolution was proposed at the first session of the Sixty-first Congress and was passed by the Senate July 5, 1909, by a unanimous vote, and by the House of Representatives

July 12 by a vote of 317 to 14, and received the approval of the President.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled (two-thirds of each House concurring therein), That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment, among the several States, and without regard to any census

or enumeration.

or enumeration. The adoption of the amendment by three-fourths of the States is necessary for its ratification in accordance with the Constitution. The affirmative vote of thirty-six States is therefore necessary. Thirty-four States, as follows, have ratified the amendment: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Ilinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, Wisconsin.

On November 1, 1912, four States had notified the Secretary of State of their rejection of the amendment: Connecticut, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Utah.

On the same date ten States had not yet notified the Secretary of State of ratification or rejection, these being Delaware, Florida, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wyoming. Of these States, Vermont had rejected the amendment by the vote of both Houses. In Florida, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Virginia and Wyoming, of these States, Vermont had rejected the amendment by the vote of both Houses. In Florida, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Virginia and Wyoming, one House had favored and the other opposed ratification so far; in Pennsylvania one House had voted "yes" and the other House had not voted, while Delaware New Mexico, Pennsylvania wyoming had taken no action. Wyoming had taken no action.

Prices Paid for Rare American Coins

VALUE of rare coins varies according to their conditions. A worn coin is not worth as much as one showing features sharply and distinctly. The date of a coin may not give it as much value as variation from the ordinary type of that year. Owners of rare coins living at a distance from New York can take impressions of them with lead penell rubbings on white paper, which can be sent by mail to dealers with minute and careful descriptions.

Gold Double Eagles.	
1919	1848
Gold Eagles.	1851, 1852
1795 Small Eagle\$11.00-\$13.00	1855 1.50- 2.50
1796 12 00= 15.00	1856. 1857
1797 20.00- 25.00	1858 15.00- 30.00
1797 20.00-25.00 1797 Large Eagle 10.00-12.00 1798 16.00-25.00 1799, 1800, 1801, 1803 11.00-13.00	1854 2.00 4.00 1855 1.50 2.50 1856, 1857 1.25 1.75 1858 15.00 30.00 Trade dollars, 1879 to 1883 7.5 1.00 1884 20.00 25.00
1798	1884 20.00- 25.00
1799, 1800, 1801, 1803 11.00- 13.00	
1804	Sliver Hall Dollars.
1838	
1795 Small Eagle \$6.00- \$7.50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
1795 Small Eagle	1801, 1802 1.00- 3.00
1797 Small Eagle	1836 Milled edge (not lettered)
1797 Large Eagle 15.00- 30.00	1838, With o between bust and date 20.00-100.00
1798 Small Eagle 25.00- 40.00	1852
1797 Small Eagle. 12.00 - 15.00 1797 Large Eagle. 15.00 - 30.00 1797 Large Eagle. 15.00 - 30.00 1798 Small Eagle. 25.00 - 6.00 1798 Small Eagle. 25.00 - 6.00 180.00 1802 Lags Eagle. 5.00 - 6.00 1804 1805 1806 1811 5.00 - 6.00 1804 1805 1806 1800 1814 5.55 - 5.55 5.55 1807 1808 1812 1813 1818 5.50 - 6.00 1815 1806 1806 1806 1806 1806 1806 1806 1806	1853 Noarrowsat dateorrays on eagle 25.00-100.00
1800, 1802, 1803, 1810, 1811 3.30- 0.00	1882 Silver Quarter Dollars. 6070 1796, 1804, Fillet head \$1.00 \\$5.00 1815 to 1828
1807, 1808, 1812, 1813, 1818, 5.50- 6.00	1796, 1804, Fillet head \$1.00- \$5.00
1815 50.00-100.00	1815 to 1828
1819, 1824 15.00- 30.00	1823
1820, 1823, 1825	1824
1821, 1826, 1827	1827
1819, 1824	1823 15.00 60.00 1824 50 1.00 1827 35.00 75.00 1853 Without arrows or rays 1.50 4.00 1893 Isabella quarter 3.5 4.00
1829 15.00- 25.00	Cilven Morenty Cont Blesses
1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 6.50- 12.50	1874 Pattern
1830, 1831, 1832, 1833	1876 cc under eagle 2.00- 10.00
Gold Three Dollar Pieces.	1874 Pattern. \$3.00 - \$8.00 1876 cc under eagle 2.00 - 10.00 1877, 1878. Silver Dimes. 1796 Fillet head 75 - \$2.00
1854 to 1862	Sliver Dimes.
1863, 1866 to 1871, 1879, 1880 to 1883 \$3.50- 4.00 1864, 1872, 1880 3.50- 4.50	1707 1708 1800 1809 4900 400
1864, 1872, 1880	
1873 8.00- 12.00	1804
1874	1804. 4.00-10.00 1805, 1807, 1809, 1811, 1846
1875 15.00- 25.00	1822 1.00- 2.00
1876 15.00- 25.00	1828
1877 4.00 5.51 1882 to 1884, 1886 to 1889 3.25 3.50 Gold Quarter Eagles (2 1-2 Dollars) , 1796 No stars on obverse \$6.00 \$10.00 18.00 1796 With stars 10.00 18.00	1860 With stars
Gold Quarter Eagles (2 1-2 Dollars).	
1796 No stars on obverse \$6.00-\$10.00	1795, 1800. 25 1.00 1796, 1797 Fillet head. 1.00 - 3.00 1801, 1803, 1846. 50 - 2.50 1802 25,00 - 60,00 1805 125 - 125 - 5,00
1796 With stars 10.00- 18.00	1796, 1797 Fillet head 1.00- 3.00
1/9/	1801, 1803, 1846
1798 5.00- 8.00 1802, 1804, 1805, 1808 3.00- 4.00	1802
1906 250 550	Silver Three Cent Pleces.
1807, 1808. 3.00- 4.00	1854, 1855, 1856, 1857,
1841 5.00- 8.00	1863, 1865, 1868
1841 5.00- 8.00	1863, 1865, 1868
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1824 3.00 - 8.00	1863, 1865, 1868. 2.5
1854	1863, 1865, 1868. 2.5
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1821	1863, 1865, 1868. 2.5

PRICES PAID FOR BARE AMERICAN COINS-Continued

PRICES PAID FOR RARE A	MERICAN COINS—Continued.
1809	1787 Libernatus, Indian, copper\$12.00-\$20.00
1811	1787 Excelsior, copper 3.00- 6.00
Copper Half Cents25- 2.00	1787 Nova Eborac, copper
1793 Liberty Cap \$1.00- \$2.50	1787 Brasher Doubloon, gold. 60.00-125.00
1794, 1795, 1797	1787 Brasher Doubloon, gold 60.00-125.00 New Jersey State Coins.
1796 7.00- 45.00	11785 Cent. Diow Without coulter. 25- 50
1800, 1803, 1805 to 1808, 18101025	1786 Cent, date under beam of plow \$15.00-\$30.00
1802	1 1786, 1787, 1788 Nova Caesarea 05- 25
1804, 1809, 1825, 1826, 1828, 18290510	1788 Horse head to left
1831, 1836	Bust of Washington Rev. shield 25 00-40 00
1832 to 1835	Non vi. Rev. shield
1840 to 1848 4.00- 15.00	Vermont State Coins.
1849 Small date, 1852 4.00- 10.00	1783 Shilling U. S. 250, silver\$40.00-\$50.00
1850, 1854, 1857	1-4 Doltar 500, sliver 40.00- 50.00
1850, 1854, 1857	1-2 Dollar 1,000, silver 75.00-100.00
New England Colonial Colus.	1783, 1785 Nova Constellatio, copper .1025
III. Three pence N. E. (1652) sliver\$50.00-\$100.00	1785 Immune Columbia, copper 2.50- 10.00
VI. Six pence	1785, 1786 Vermontis & Vermon- tensium
1694 Half penny elephant, copper, 10.00- 30.00	
1694 Half penny elephant, copper. 10.00- 30.00 Massachusetts Colonial and State Coins.	1786, 1787, 1788 Vermon Auctor!1025 Kentucky State Coins.
1650 XII. Pine tree shilling, silver. \$10.00-\$25.00	1796, Halfpenny, Myddleton, copper \$5.00- \$7.50
1652 XII. Shilling	1796 Same in silver
1652 III. Oak tree, three pence 1.50- 2.50	Half penny, female and children,
1652 III. Oak tree, three pence 1.50- 2.50 1652 III. Three pence, Pine tree 1.50- 2.50	British Settlements 3.00- 5.00
1652 VI. Six pence, Pine tree 1.50- 2.50	Rosa Americana Copper Pieces.
1652 XII. Twelve pence, Pine tree. 1.50- 5.00	1722, 1723, 1724 Farthing
1662 II. Oak tree, two pence 1.00- 1.50	1733 Similar, but bust left, penny
1752 VI. Six pence	size \$5.00- 10.00
1787 Cent. arrows in talon 2.00- 4.00	Continental Pieces.
1787, 1788, Half cent Indian, copper .2560	1776 Dollar in pewter \$1.50- \$3.00
1787, 1788, Cent	1776 Same in silver 20.00- 30.00
Maryland Colonial Coins.	1776 Same in brass 5.00- 10.00
Penny (1769) Lord Baltimore, copper \$20.00 - \$50.00	1785 Confederatio copper 10.00- 15.00
IV. Four pence, VI. Six pence, silver 4.00-10.00	1786 Immunis Columbia copper 8.00- 25.00
XII. Shilling	1787 Same, Rev. eagle 1.50- 2.00
III. Three pence, 1783 Annapolis,	1787 Fugio cent, Mind your business .1025
silver	1787 Names of States on links 5.00- 10.00
VI. Six pence, XII. Shilling 2.50- 5.00	No date, Fuglo omitted 5.00- 10.00
1783 Shilling	1792 Half Disme, silver 2.00- 5.00
Groat, similar	1792 Disme, silver
Shilling, Links, equal to 1 shilling 6.00-10.00 III. Three pence, 1790, Baltimore	
	1792 Cent, smaller with sliver plug. 10.00- 25.00 U. S. A., Bar cent 1.50- 2.50
Virginia Colonial Coins.	Washington Pieces.
Halfpenny, 1773, George III., copper .1020	1783 and no date, cent
Shilling, Same in silver\$15.00-\$25.00	1791 Rev. large eagle, copper \$1.00- \$2.00
Shilling, 1714, Gloucester 20.00-40.00	1791 Rev. small eagle 1.50- 2.50
Connecticut Colonial and State Coins.	1791 Ship, Liverpool half penny 3.00- 7.00
1737 Three pence, A Three Ham-	1791 Rev. eagle, 12 stars 5.00- 10.00
mers conner \$10.00-\$35.00	1792 Rev. Gen. of Am. Army 1.50- 3.00
1737 to 1739, Three pence, a deer. 10.00-20.00	1792 Naked bust to right 10.00- 15.00
1785 to 1788, Autori Connec0525	1795 Liberty and security, half penny .2550
New York Colonial and State Coins.	1795 Same, penny size 5.00- 10.00
Tree New Yorke in America, brass \$2.00- \$3.00	1792 Half dol. spread eagle, silver, 25.00~ 40.00
1786 Bust. Non VI., copper 10.00- 25.00	1792 Same in copper 3.00- 5.00
1787 George Clinton, copper 15.00- 20.00	1793 Rev. ship

American Numismatic Association.

The Sixty-second Congress of the United States, Second Session, passed "An act to incorporate the American Numismatic Association."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assectiated that Ho. Grandberg of Osknosh, Wis.; William A. Ashbrook of Johnstown, Ohlo; Henry Chapman of Philadelphia, Pa.; J. M. Henderson of Columbus, Ohlo; Howland Wood, Brookhes, together with such persons as they may associate with themselves, and their successors, be and they hereby are, constituted a body corporate of the District of Columbia. Successors, be and they hereby are, constituted a body corporate of the District of Columbia in bringing about better co-operation between all persons interested in the coinage, circulation, classification, collection, sales, exhibition, use and preservation of all coins, bills and medals; to acquire and disseminate trustworthy information bearing upon these topics; to promote greater popular interest in the science of numismatology, and for the particular purpose of bringing the numismatists of America into closer relations with one another, and of promotting friendly feeling for one another through social intercourse, the interchange of ideas and discussions of mutual interest; to acquire, own, hold and dispose of such personal property and own real estate for its own use, as may be necessary to properly carry into effect the purposes herein set forth, and to perform all such other acts and things as may be necessary to the full carrying into effect the said purposes, but such purposes do not include operations for pecuniary profit.

Sec. 4. That the principal office of said association shall be in the District of Columbia, but the association through its representatives shall have power to establish and maintain such other offices throughout America as the business of the association may reported.

Sec. 5. That the control of such corporation shall be vested in a board of five governors, to be elected by the members of such associa

or devise, and to accept and administer any trust for the purpose of the association. grant

For list of officers, see Index.

Public Debt of the United States.

42.0	Otte	700	v	0.4	4 4) 6		1111111		tutts
•	OFFI	CIAL	STA	ATE	MENT	\mathbf{OF}	OCTOBE	R 1.	1912.

OFFICIAL STATEME	NT OF OCTOBER 1, 1912.
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.	CLASSIFICATION OF DERT OCTORER 1 1019
Consols of 1930 3 per cent	Interest-bearing debt. \$964,631,630.00 Debt on which interest has ceased
Consols of 1930, 2 per cent. \$646,250,150.00 Loan of 1908-1918, 3 per cent. 63,945,460.00 Loan of 1925, 4 per cent. 118,489,900.00	since maturity
Loan of 1925. 4 per cent	Debt bearing no interest 375,974,389.40
Panama Canal Ioan. Series of 1906. 54,631,980,00 Panama Canal Ioan. Series of 1908. 30,000,000,00	
C 11 C C C C C C	Aggregate of interest and non-interest bearing debt
Postal Savings, 1911-31, First Series. 41,900.00	Certificates and Treasury notes offset
Panama Canat Ioan. Series of 1911. Postal Savings, 1912-32, Sec'd Series. Postal Savings, 1912-32, Third Series. Postal Savings, 1912-32, Third Series.	by an equal amount of cash in the
	Treasury
Aggregate of interest-bearing debt. \$964,631,630.00	Aggregate of debt, including certifi- cates and Treasury notes
	cates and Treasury notes \$2,906,750,548.66
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE	Gold certificates\$1,065,408,169.00
MATURITY.	Silver certificates 496.153.000.00
Aggregate debt on which interest has	Treasury notes of 1890 2,855,000.00
ceased since maturity \$1,728,360.26	National bank 5 per -1,564,416,169.00
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST,	cent.fund
United States notes\$346,681,016.00	Outstanding checks and
Old demand notes	warrants
National bank notes: Redemption ac-	1 anges 75.419.466.75
count	Post-Office Department
Fractional currency 0,000,029.90	account
Aggregate of debt bearing no interest. \$375,974,389.40	123,420,744.42
	Reserve 125,420,744.42
CERTIFICATES AND NOTES ISSUED ON DEPOSITS	fund \$150,000,000.00
OF COIN AND SILVER BULLION.	Balance in General
Gold certificates	Fund 149,846,615.44
Gold certificates \$946,242,270.00 Silver certificates 482,367,666.00 Treasury notes of 1890 2,846,260.00	299,846,615.44
Treasury notes of 1890 2,846,260.00	Total
Aggregate of certificates and Treas-	Total
ury notes, offset by cash in the	ber 1, 1912, exclusive of reserve and
Treasury	trust funds
Principal of th	e Muhlic Weht
Statement of outstanding Principal of the Public Debt	of the United States annually from 1702 to 1019
Statement of outstanding Principal of the Public Debt	of the United States annually from 1702 to 1019
Statement of outstanding Principal of the Public Debt on the dates mentioned. 1793 Jan. 1 \$80,352,634,041833 Jan. 1 1794 A 78,427,404,771834	of the United States annually from 1702 to 1019
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Statement of outstanding Principal of the Public Debt on the dates mentioned. 1793 Jan. 1 \$80,352,634,041833 Jan. 1 1794 A 78,427,404,771834	of the United States annually, from 1793 to 1912, \$7,001,698,83 1873 July 1 \$2,234,482,993,20 4,760,082,08 1874 2,251,690,468,43 37,513,05 1875 2,232,284,531,95 336,957,53 1876 2,2180,395,067,15 3,308,124,07 1877 2,205,301,392,10 10,434,221,14 1878 2,256,205,392,53 3,573,343,82 1879 2,340,567,322,04 5,250,75,54 1880 2,182,791,054,68 13,504,480,73 1881 2,077,339,233,58 26,601,226,28 1882 1,926,688,678,03 32,742,922,00 1883 1,892,574,412,07,57 14,925,00 1884 1,838,904,607,57 16,925,030,91 1885 1,872,343,557,14 15,925,030,91 1885 1,872,343,557,14 15,925,030,91 1885 1,872,343,657,78 38,826,534,77 1887 bec. 1 1,664,461,536,38 8,826,53,47,1885 1,664,461,536,38 30,01,852,53 1888 1,680,917,706,23 63,001,852,68 1889 1,617,372,419,553
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Government Securities.

AVERACE ANNUAL NET PRICE OF GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ENCLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY AND UNITED STATES.

The quotations for English consols, French rentes and German Imperial loans from 1880 to 1905 are taken from the "Materialien zur Beurteilung der Zusammenhange zwischen dem offentlichen Schuldenwesen und dem Kapitalmarkte." Berlin, 1908. Figures for more recent years compiled by the Bureau of Statistics from returns of the Bank of England and data given in the Statistisches Yahrbuch des Deutschen Reichs. The quotations for United States bonds were compiled by the United States Treasury Department.

YEAR. 3 per cent. 234 per cent. 234 per cent. 244 per cent. 4 per cent. 3 per cent. 4 per cent. 3 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 2 per cent. 3 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 2 per cent. 3 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 4 per cent. 5 per cent. 6 per cent.		ENGLISH (onsols.	1_ ,	GERMAN	IMPERIA	L LOANS.	UN	ITED ST	ATES BO	NDS.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	YEAR.				4 ber			cent. of	cent. of	cent. of	cent. of
1908 86.06 96.24 100.39 92.58 83.24 121.25 103.93 100.94 1909 83.43 97.77 102.92 95.15 85.84 119.11 101.47 101.75	1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1886 1887 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1894 1895 1896 1897 1896 1990 1900 1901 1902 1903	99 25 99 75 100 44 100 25 98 58 100 05 100 05 98 58 101 05 98 98 96 96 98 100 105 110 110 110 110 110 99 93	21 771 771 767 71 155 39 384 334 333 334 334 345 366 555 565 66 88, 25 89, 81 88, 25 89, 81 88, 25 88, 25 8	83. 30 81. 24 76. 81 76. 81 79. 19 81. 23 79. 75 84. 56 84. 56 84. 56 89. 34 93. 90 97. 101. 65 101. 78 102. 95 100. 22 100. 84 102. 95 97. 75 97. 75 98. 83 97. 75 97. 75	101.46 101.53 102.09 103.13 104.25 105.59 106.29 107.93 108.16 106.75 106.00 107.24 106.55 106.00 107.24 106.56 106.00 107.24 106.56 106.00 107.24	102.88 99.79 102.45 103.70 190.45 198.39 99.97 100.38 102.39 104.44 104.58 103.59 102.69 102.60 102.60 102.60 102.60 102.60 102.60 102.60 102.60 99.54 102.60	87,05 86,27 98,91 99,766 97,66 97,66 97,66 97,66 91,49 91,49 91,08 91,49 91,08 84,15	115 .37 119 .26 119 .84 121 .55 122 .28 126 .21 127 .13 127 .13 127 .83 122 .74 111 .93 114 .01 112 .01 112 .93 115 .93 110 .30 110 .30 110 .30 110 .30 110 .95	121 53 116 25 124 53 125 27 129 68 134 52 138 32 136 69 135 27 131 98 132 36 126 58 121 25	104 04 107 30 108 78 107 .09 104 .99 104 .16 103 .95 105 .18	105.31 108.20 109.72 109.34 107.93 107.78 104.00 103.16 102.47

REAL INTEREST EARNED UPON EUROPEAN, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN COVERNMENT BONDS AT THEIR AVERAGE MARKET PRICE.

	GUV	EKNM	EN! E	CNDS	AI IF	IEIR A	VERAC	E MA	RKET	PRICE	
	ENGL	ISH CON	ISOLS.		GE	RMAN LO	ANS.	U	NITED ST	TATES BO	ONDS.
YEAR.	3 per cent.	2¾ per cent.	2½ per cent.	French Rentes.	4 per cent.	3½ per cent.	3 per cent.	4 per cent. of 1907.	4 per cent. of 1925.		3 per cent. of 1908-1918*.
1889 1889 1890 1891 1892 1892 1894 1895 1897 1896 1897 1898 1890 1900 1901 1902 1903 1906 1906 1908 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909 1909 1910	3.02 3.01 2.99 2.99 3.04	2 S9 2 79 2 82 2 88 2 88 2 81 2 73 2 49 2 45 2 2 77 2 93 2 92	2,75 2,83 2,78 2,83 2,97 2,97 3,00	3 855 3 855 3 879 3 695 3 695 3 3 595 3 595	3 94 3 994 3 888 3 884 3 51 3 71 3 71 3 77 3 77 3 77 3 78 3 79 3 85	3.438 33.488 33.559 33.492 33.338 33.550 33.550 33.550 33.550	3 452 3 488 3 393 3 307 3 307 3 314 3 325 3 325 3 357 3 357 3 357 3 357	3.13 2.91 2.88 2.76 2.68 2.43 2.13 2.37 2.58 2.78 2.79		1 82 1 70 1 61 1 67 1 79 1 80 1 72 1 72 1 72 1 925	2.65 2.46 1.71 1.61 1.63 1.40 1.55 1.66 1.43 .65

These bonds are here listed as maturing August 1, 1908.

Public Debt of the States, Cities, Counties, and minor civil divisions in the united states.

(Statement by the Bureau of The Census, 1906.)*

			Total.	ESB SINKING F	1190810,	, P	Per Capita.		
		1902.		1	I			1	
STATE OR TERRITORY.	Aggregate Debts.	Debts of States.†	Debts of Cities Counties and Minor Civil Divisions.	1890.	1880.	1902.	1890.	1880.	
North Atlantic Div.	\$946,604,780	\$82,777.688	\$863,827,092	\$470,078,913	\$540,840,297	\$43.36			
Maine New Hampshire	15,046,819 11,413,234	2,785,383 1,551,148	12,261,436 9,862,086	15,772,146 8,148,362	23,235,980 10,792,583	21.46 27.27	23.86 21.64		
Vermont	5,216,774	362,946	4,853,828	3,785,373	4,499,188	15.08	11.39		
Massachusetts	209,762,910	65,964,005	143,798,905	84,094,876	91,909,651	72.72	37.56	51.5	
Rhode Island	28,150,226	2,619,928 1,677,964	25,530,298	12,998,661	12,971,063	62.67	37.62		
Connecticut New York	31,887,835 436,683,365	7,498,239	30,209,871 429,185,126	23,724,510 201,255,570	22,001,661 218,845,804	33.89 57.55	31.79 33.55		
New Jersey	81,147,209	156,550	81,203,759	49,257,740		40.82	34.09		
Pennsylvania	127,296,408	374,625	126,921,783	71,041,675	107,201,692	19.55	13.51		
South Atlantic Div.	159,834,215	52,270,418	107,563,797	166,685,368	167,919,910	14.85	18.82		
Delaware	4,144,634	762,092	3,382,542	2,919,084	2,371,296	22.04	17.32		
Maryland Dist. of Columbia	30,643,317 14,540,191	4,942,394	25,700,923 14,540,191	41,898,651 19,781,050	41,429,179 22,498,323	25,18 50.42	40.20 85.86		
Virginia	48 106 325	24,171,863	23,934,462	52,222,126	45,518,776	25.40	31.54		
West Virginia	48,106,325 4,767,776		4.767.776	2,532,460	1,640.935	4.78	3.32	2.6	
North Carolina	15,348,108	6,754,928	8,593,180	11,123,638	17,962,535	7.88	6.87	12.8	
South Carolina	15,751,327	6,730,439	9,020,888	13,659,645	14,185,060	11.43	11.87	14.2	
Georgia	21,285,731	7,876,202	13,409,529	20,272,095	19,648,265	9.29	11.03		
Florida	5,246,806	1,032,500	4,214,306	2,276,619	2,665,541	9.36	5.81		
North Central Div	468,862,168	28,831,190	440,030,978	320,934,194	246,058,507	17.34	14.35		
OhioIndiana	117,230,101 34,827,941	4,685,016 2,913,767	112,545,085 31,914,164	70,927,147 24,471.528	53,044,175 18,352,649	27.55 13.49	19.32 11.16		
Illinois	80,715,039	2,155,122	78,559,937	42,468,138	46,388,888	16.08	11.10		
Michigan	34,838,727	6,566,366	28,272,361	16,941,928	12 055 902	14.07	8.09	7.3	
Wisconsin	22.347.683	2,278,068	20.069.615	10.420.731	12,085,984 11,328,433 8,137,767	10.48	6.18	9.19	
Minnesota	40,683,737	1,755,033	38,928,704	26,237,825	11,328,433	22.07	20.15		
Iowa Missouri	17,439,904 50,396,922	49,589 4,365,635	17,390,375 46,031,287	11,275,319	8,137,767 60,263,761	7.84 15.79	5.90 19.24		
North Dakota	5,608,158	968,330	4,639,828	51,557,568 3,854,514	131,726	15.31	21.10	27.79 3.5	
South Dakota	6,584,351	457,263	6.127,088	6,613,702	867,134	15.56	20.11	8.8	
Nebraska	22,415,041	2,005,001	20,410,040	15,536,772	7,489,974	21.01	14.67	16.50	
Kansas	35,774,494	632,000	35,142,494	40,629,022	15,912,114	24.42	28.47	15.97	
South Central Div	173,776,068	55,073,705	118,702,363	135,153,789	143,982,958	11.86	12.32	16.14	
Kentucky Tennessee	22,748,773 32,717,130	2,198,482 17,984,468	20,550,291 14,732,662	19,432,885 29,543,843	14,982,449 40,750,137	10.32 15.79	10.46 16.71	9.09 26.42	
Alabama	27,092,343	12,726,569	14 265 774	18,956,149	18 007 774	14.32	12.53	14.26	
Mississippi	8 403 920	2,877,124	5,526,796 24,184,252	6,192,927	18,007,774 4,955,789	5.24	4.81	4,38	
Louisiana	37,777;047 4,225,715	2,877,124 13,592,795	24,184,252	33,335,497	42,865,471	26,34	29.80	45.60	
Arkansas	4,225,715	1,191,382	3,034,333	7,599,835	10,733,140	3.13	6.73	13.37	
Indian Territory Oklahoma	$665,129 \ 3,696,326$	509,766	665,129 3,186,560	•••••		1.53 7.99		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Texas	36,449,685	3,993,119	32,456,566	20,092,653	11,688,198	11.35	8,99	7.34	
Western Division	115,118,595	15,361,189	99,757,406	45,066,604	24,476,975	26.84	14.88	13.85	
Montana	8,920,689	1,203,769	7,716,920	2,926,268	765,248	33.87	22.15	19.54	
Idaho	3,883,823	324,174	3,559,649	1,594,333	229,882	22.02	18.89	7.05	
Wyoming	2,566,260	300,530	2,265,730	1,647,381	205,462	26.66	27.14	9.88	
Colorado New Mexico	22,066,653 4,579,516	3,797,329 998,923	18,269,324	9,458,331	3,627,742 84,872	39.06 22.64	22.95 18.44	18.67	
Arizona	6,591,834	3,099,333	3,580,593 3,492,501	2,831,538 2,937,971	377,501	50.75	49.28	0.71 9.33	
Utah	6,612,568	974,492	5,638,076	1,217,501	116,251	22.81	5.85	0.81	
Nevada	1,184,189	243,904	940,285	985,165	1,399,765	27.97	21.52	22.48	
Washington	29,556,734	1,271,391	28,285,343	3,418,798	239,311	53.71	9.78	3.19	
Oregon California	11,302,400 17,853,929	236,267 $2,911,077$	11,066,133 14,942,852	$2,479,859 \ 15,569,459$	848,502 16,582,439	$26,11 \\ 11,60$	7.90 12.89	4.86 19.18	
Continental United		-,-12,511		20,000,100					
	1 864 195 896	234 314 100	1 690 881 636	1 137 918 868	1,123,278,647	92 79	18.17	22.40	

Minor civil divisions included in the third column above embrace villages, towns, townships, precincts, fire districts, irrigation districts, poor districts, school districts, etc.

SINKING FUND ASSETS OF STATES, 1902.—The following States in 1902 maintained sinking funds to the amounts attached: Massachusetts, \$18,304,730; Rhode Island, \$444,452; New York, \$2,545,-116; New York, \$172,550; Pennsylvania, \$4,432,024; Delaware, \$7,458; Maryland, \$1,974,587; Virginia, \$3,176,040; South Carolina, \$517,648; Florida, \$160,200; Ohio, \$254,569; Indiana, \$61; Virginia, \$86,237; Minnesota, \$365,266; Missouri, \$520,204; North Datota, \$1,116; South Dakota \$46,787; Kentucky, \$324,548; Arkansas, \$65,580; Montana, \$111,483; Idaho, \$431,306; Colorado \$164,953; New Mexico, \$123,277; Arizona, \$1,002; Nevada, \$18,494; California \$419,630. Total, \$34,670,265.

^{*} This is the last compilation made by the Bureau of the Census. † Combined funded and floating debt in 1902.

Endeviedness and Finances of Nations. (From latest Summary by Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Dep't of Commerce and Labor.)

	REVE	NUE AND EXP	DEBT.				
COUNTRIES.	Year.	Revenue.	Expenditures.	Year.	Total.	Per Cent.	Interest and other Annual Charges.
Argentina	1912	\$140,825,000	\$134,488,000	1911	\$670,428,000	4 -6	\$32.528.000
Australasia:	1911-12	81 044 000	#D F80 000				, , , , , , , , ,
Australia, Commonwealth of	1911-12	71,644,009 181,840,000	69,579,000 181,274,000	1912 1911	25,340,000 1,299,975,000	3 -4	50,849,000
New Zealand	1910-11	68,345,000	63,603,000	1911	394,567,000	3 -4	11,964,000
New Zealand	1911	92,954,000	92,954,000	1911	1,055,568,000	3 -5	42,695,000
Austria Hungary	1912	592,149,000	592,087,000	1911	1.403.048.000	3 -5	53,145,000
Huugary	1911 1912	339,519,000 135,849,000	339,509,000 135,767,000	1909	1,159,554,000 741,044,000	8 -5	58,887,00
Corgo	1912	8,756,000	13,309,000	1911 1911	50,544,000	2½-3 3 -4	29,567,000 1,490,000
Polimia	1912	6,711,000	6,757,000	1912	13,311,000		1,348.00
Brazil. Bulgaria Canada	1912	167,320,000	177,592,000	1912	663,667,000	4 -5	1,34×,00 29,637,00
Bulgaria	1911-12	38,368,000	34,358,000	1912	135,300,000	41/2-6	7,749,00
Central America:	1911	117,780,000	87,774,000	1911	474,941,000	21/2-4	14,116,00
Costa Rica.	1912-13	4,139,000	4,127,000	1912	14,624,000	4 -5	706,00
Guatemala	1911	3,723,000	4,150,000	1910	18,488,000	4 -8	1,716,00
Honduras	1909-10	1,568,000	1,620,000	1910	113.140.000	5 -10	220,00
Nicaragua	1909-10	1,518,000	1,205,000	1910	9,742,000	6	394,00
PanamaSalvador	1911 1911	3,366,000 5,391,000	†3,360,000 5,177,000	1912 1911	51,000 13,149,000	2 -6	4,00
Chile	1910	64,049,000	73,943,000	1911	13,149,000	2 -6 4½-5	1,317,00 6,769,00
Chins	1911	193,771,000	186,675,000	1911	636.822.000	4 -7	33,696,00
Colombia	1912	11,115,000	11,115,000 44,001,000	1911	25,259,000 61,319,000	3 -6	1,440,00
Cuba	1911	44,116,000	44,001,000	1912	61,319,000	41/2-5	4,339,00
Denmark	1911-12 1913	25,592,000 9,232,000	\$1,329,000 9,232,000	1911	90,010,000	3 -31/4	3,060,00
Ecunt	1911	76,816,000	74,145,000	1910 1911	21,175,000 462,182,000	3 -4	1,242,00 17,651,00
gypt france. Algeria. Tunis.	1912	868,178,000	868,107,000	1911	6.280.791.000	01/2	100 010 00
Algeria	1911	27.898.000	27.897.000	1909	10,289,000 45,196,000	3 -3 1/2	3,291,00
Tunis	1911	10,028,000	10,026,000	1907	45,196,000	3 -31/2	2,905,00
French Indo-ChinaFrench Colonies.	1910 1909	23,862,000 29,264,000	23,862,000 28,976,000	1910	65,831,000	2 1/2-0 1/2	2,106,00
German Empire	1912-13	686,900,000	686,900,000	1910 1910	57,257,000	3 -4	2,314,00 68,008,00
States	1910	1,345,865,000	1,333,012,000	1910	1,224,808,000 3,671,205,000	3 -4	156,147,00
States	1912-13	30,057,000	1,333,012,000 30,057,000	1910	1 20,130,000		714,00
Greece	1911	26,302,000	26,073,000	1912	163,989,600	21/2-5	6,479,00
Hayti ndia (British) Ltaly Japan	1910-11 1910-11	5,019,000 391,939,000	4,978,000 374,958,000	1911	48,912,000 1,294,287,000		2.563,00
talv.	1912-13	510,677,000	507.693.000	1909 1911	2,669,748,000	3 -31/2	50,119,00 97,074,00
Japan	1912-13	510,677,000 286,837,000	286,837,000	1912	1,271,745,000	4 ~5	70,877,00
Formosa	1912-13	22,572,000	22,572,000		1		
Korea	1912-13	26,340,000	26,340,000	1911	14,569,000	6 -61/2	863,00
Liberia	1910 1910	370,000 3,532,000	370,000 3,679,000	1910 1910	1.290,000 2,091,000		204,00
Luxemburg	1912-13	55,500,000	55,500,000	1910	219,213,000	3 -5	14,418,00
Morocco	1910	2,141,000	2,141,000	1910	59,422,000	5	
Netherlands	1912	81,231,000	89,251,000	1912	471,830,000	21/2-3	15,318,00
Dutch East Indies	1910 1911	78,954,000	86,636,000	• • • •	•••••		
Norway	1910	2,881,000 32,761,000	3,342,000 31,289,000	1910	88,252,000	3 -31/2	4,144,00
Norway.** Paraguay	1910	2,154,000	2,567,000	1911	5,821,000	3 -7	835,00
Persia	1909-10	7,786,000	7,786,000	1911	31,966,000	5 -7	1.875.00
Peru Portugal Portuguese Colonies	1912	16,826,000	16,826,000	1911	26,253,000	1 -51/2	542,00
Portugal	1909-10 1910-11	78,144,000	81,131,000	1911	875,064,000	3 -5	35,248,00
Roumania	1910-11	†12,345,900 88.988,000	†12,600,000 88,988,000 †1,532,255,000	1910	299,758,000	31/2-71/2	17,121,00
Russia	1912	†1,532,255,000	+1.532,255,000	1911	4,650,607,000	3 ~6	208,345,00
Finland	1910	32,911,000	1 33,543,0001	1910	34,685,000	3 -41/2	1,595,00
Santo Domingo	1910	4,706,000	4,645,000	1910	13,459,000	5	1,200,00
Servia Siam	1912 1910-11	†25,238,000 †23,598,000	†25,238,000 †27,059,000	1912 1911	128,078,000	2 -5	6,269,00
	1911	202,531,000	187,210,000	1911	10,135,000 1,911,254,000	3 -5	456,00 78,818,00
Sweden Switzerland Turkey United Kingdom British Colonies.	1913	70,491,000		1910	141,085,000	3 -4	5,119,00
Switzerland	1912	17,963,000	18,640,000	1912	22,523,000	3 -31/2	1,384,00
Inrkey	1912-13	134,262,000	152,198,000	1911	570,640,000	214_4	79,784,00
British Colonies	1911-12 1909-10	900,742,000 154,294,000	169 189 000	1912	3,527,270,000 720,477,000	2½-2¾ 2½-6	119,229,00
United States.	1910-11	997,587,000	1 964.086.0001	1909 1912	1,027,575,000	2 -4	119,229,00 24,398,00 22,787,00
Philippine Islands	1910-11	12,723,000	13,689,000	1911	16,125,000	4	892.00
United States. Philippine Islands. Urugusy. Venezuela.	1911 -12	†34,702,000 †10,132,000	+34,676,000	1912	136,341,000	31/2-5	8,593,00
Venezuela	1912-13	+10,132,000	†10,132,000	1910	38,744,000	3 -6	1,924,00

^{*}Incomplete data. + Estimates submitted to the Legislature.

WEALTH OF NATIONS.

These are the latest estimates	S:		
United States	130,000,000,000	Ttaly	\$20,000,000,000
Great Britain and Ireland	80.000,000,000	Belgium	9,000,000,000
France	65,000,000,000	Spain	5, 400, 000, 000
Germany	- 60, 500, 000, 000	Netherlands	5,000,000,000
Russia	-40.000:000.000	Portugal	2,500,000,000
Austria-Hungary	25,000,000,000	Switzerland	2,400,000,000

Bouned Mehts and Assessed Valuations of States.

Thought The	uta ano	KLANTANTO	Daimati	JILA L	, t ~	tutta.
	Valuation.	Valuation,	Total	Per Ct.	Tax	1
STATES AND	Realty	Personal	Assessed	Actual	R'te Per	Bonded
TERRITORIES.	Property.	Property.	Valuation.	Value.	\$1,000.	Debt.
Alabama (0)	\$339'821,765	\$221,699,428	\$561,521,193		\$6.50	\$9,057,000
Arizona	117,701,927	24,922,707	142,624,635	50	9.00	3,045,275
Arkansas	(b) 298,106,740	(b) 127,462,213	(b)425,568,953	35-40	21.50	(u)1,250,500
California	1,994,408,162	252,691,696	2,626,247,311	60		4,881,500
Colorado (b)	339,379,478		416,060,308	331/3	4.00	(w)2,100,000
Connecticut (i)	596,801,502	351,597,517	(x)948,399,019			(v)7,064,100
Delaware (n)	1000 1000 000	100 707 000	070 064 050	00027	15.00	826,785
District of Columbia	339,198,990		378,964,658	00.73 (1)	7.50	7,630,400 601.567
Florida (b)	128,141,480	36,626,117 268,185,215	(c) 196,805,441 681,608,608	. 99	5.00	
Georgia (b)	413,423,393		176,834,801	60	11.30	6,872,000
Hawail	90,889,057 * 331.328.842	70,940,744	(t)418,780,394	100	1	0 201 050
Idaho	1.527,430,448	454,916,923	(r)2,199,714,709	331/8	3.50	None.
Illinois (b)	1,212,113,839		1.891.602.077		3.18	1,149,615
Iowa (0)	547.544.903	93,762,629	641,307,532	25	3.90	None.
Kansas	1,798,339,960		2,746,865,967	90-100	1.20	370,000
Kentucky (0)	638,080,463	209,550,547	846,454,020	60	5.00	
Louislana (0)	000,000,200	200,000,021	544,820,340	40-60	1	1 11 100 200
Maine (e)	366,132,326	85,647,793	451,780,119		21.70	698,000
Maryland	* 1,174,725,954	*	1,174,725,954		2.32	(v) 5.880.966
Massachusetts (b)	3,092,791,011	2,156,384,984	5,249,175,995			116,234,162
Michigan (b)	1,481,788,753	416.268,603	1,898,057,356		20.71	None.
Minnesota	1,150,393,544	215,282,925	1,365,676,469	37	29.67	None.
Mississippl (b)	231,889,588	(x) 109,928,544 674,775,621	393,297,173	50-75	6.00	
Missouri	1,182,900,552	674,775,621	1,857,676,173	40	19.00	4,681,339
Montana (m)	(r) 246,000,000	95,000,000	341,000,000	50	2.75	
Nebraska (s)	(r) 319,049 627	144,322,262	463,371,889	20	5.50	
Nevada (0)	68,545,136	16,801,922	(p)95,170,227	40-60	6.00	
New Hampshire	1.890,425,223	276.310.312	(x)263,074,386	100	21.00	1,136,000
New Jersey	1,890,425,225	270,310,312	2,166,735,535	100 20	$\binom{n}{10.00}$	None.
New Mexico	10,561,501,373	462,300,841	$\begin{array}{c} 64,506,560 \\ 11,023,802,214 \end{array}$	60	(h)	970,000 79,730,660
New York (b)	400,784,854		639,713,962	88 70	4, 30	7.539.000
North Dakota (m)	199,073,743	(c) 95, 696, 581	294,770,325	25	4.40	
Ohlo (b)	4,273,439,712	1,927,863,876	6.201.303.588	100	2.20	None.
Oklahoma (m)	719,703,439	214 142 358	(1)1,193,655,846	liŏŏ	22.50	1,460,000
Oregon (b)	784,118,857		890,644,164	69	, 22.00	None.
Pennsylvania	4.584.806.925	1.198.861.401	5,783,668,326	6ŏ		None.
Porto Rico	138,168,207		178,275,130	100	12.35	4,175,000
Rhode Island (k)	419,099,870	133,684,747	178,275,130 • 552,784,617	60-75	.90	5.030,000
South Carolina (b)	149,802,901		(r)287,132,019	40	5.75	6,528,485
South Dakota (b)	256,826,336		349,640,703	331/8	4.00	
Tennessee (b)	426,681,085	79,324,281	506,005,366		3.50	11,400,000
Texas (m)			2,500,000,000		5.30	3,977,500
Utah (a)			146,204,050	. ęģ	5.00	900,000
Vermont	157,227,015	78,107,887	202,340,487		16.90	135,500
Virginia (b)	678,321,068	111,591,929	579,565,539	1	3.50	
Washington	729,751,400		(c) 1,005,086,251	421/2	30.39	None.
West Virginia (b)	621,279,280	228,053,265	(1)1,138,009,807	100	1::00	None.
Wisconsin (b)	2,202,225,226		2,941,412,842	100	11.08	
Wyoming (o)	<u> </u>		180,750,629	,60	3.08	117,000

*Personalty included in realty valuation.

The returns are for the fiscal year 1912, except when otherwise indicated, (a) Fiscal year 1908.

(b) For year 1911. (c) Including railroad, telegraph, or other public utilities. (d) No recent report obtainable. (c) For year 1910. (f) For year 1909. (h) Direct tax six-tenths of a mill on a dollar. (f) October 1, 1911. (f) Full value for personalty. (k) January 1, 1912. (f) Including Public Service Corporations. (m) October, 1912. (n) No State tax. (o) September, 1912. (p) Including taxes on mines. (r) Including railroads. (s) April, 1912. (d) Including all property. (u) School bonds. (v) Net debt. (w) 1910 not issued: contested in courts. (x) Exclusive of banks, insurance, trust and investment companies and \$92,935,000 added by State Board of Equalization.

List of Appropriations by Congress, 1907=1913.

	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Deficiencies	\$28,165,767.03	\$10,509,311.42	\$42,662,723.93	\$18.913.555.88	\$23,045,612,11	£10,028,526,84	\$8,505,587,25
Legislative, Executive and				,	,,		
Judicial	29,684,919.30	32,126,333.80	32,832,913,50	32,007,049.00	34.158.767.00	35,378,149.85	34,245,356,75
Sundry Civil	80,789,470.28	103,046,481.30				135,241,935,34	
Support of the Army	71,817,165.08	78,634,582.75	95,382,247.61	101,195,883.34	95,440,567.55	93,374,755.97	90,958,712.98
Naval Service		98,958,507.50	122,662,485.47	136,935,199.05	131,410,568.30	126,405,509.24	123,151,538.76
Indian Service	9,260,599.98	10,123,188.05		11,854,982.48	9,266,528.00	8,842,136.37	8,920,970.66
Rivers and Harbors	17,254,050.04			29,190,264.00	49,380,541,50	30,883,419.00	40,559,620.50
Forts and Fortifications	5,053,993.00		9,316,745.00	8,170,111.00	5.617.200.00	5,473,707.00	4,036,235.00
Military Academy	1,664,707,67		845,634.87	2,531,521.33	1,856,249,87	1,163,424.07	1,064,668.26
Post-Office Department	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.
Pensions	140,245,500.00		163,053.000.00	160,908,000.00	155,758,000,00	153,682,000.00	165,146,145.84
Consular and Diplomatic	3,091,094.17	3,092,333,72	3,538,852.72	3,613,861.67	4.116.081.41		3,638,047,41
Agricultural Department			11,672,106.00	12,995,036.00	13,487,636,00		16,648,168.00
District of Columbia	10,232,102,16	10,440,598.63	10,001,888.85	10,699,531.49	10,608,045.99		10,675,833,50
Reclamation Fund					20.020.000.00		
Reliefs and Miscellaneous	40.172.757.57	1,079.289.19	14,086,212.78	1,334,571,66	3,544,798.29		7,292,359.03
Totals	549,434,246.55	555,739,443.75	627,516,246.83	648,191,676.26	663,725,794.84	634,549,561.40	617,382,178,84

Monetary Statistics.

(Compiled from the Report of the Director of the Mint.)

MONETARY SYSTEMS AND APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGREGATE AND PER CAPITA IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD JAN, 1, 1910.

	Estimated	Stock of	S ₁	TOCK OF SILVE	R.	l		PER (CAPITA.	
COUNTRIES.	Popula- tion.	ropula- Gold Full Timited		Uncovered Paper.	Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total		
United States	89,600,000	\$1,638,600,000	\$568,300,000	\$167,300,000		\$780,700,000	\$18.29	\$8.21	\$8.71	\$35.2
Austria-Hungary	50,500,000	358,900,000		131,200,000	131,200,000	96,600,000		2.60	1.91	11.5
Belgium British Empire:	7,300,000	22,300,000	7,100,000	1,800,000	8,900,000	133,400,000		1.22	18.27	22.5
Australia	4,300,000	173,500,000	l l	10,000,000	10,000,000		40.35	2.33		42.6
Canada	6,200,000	97,000,000		6,700,000	6,700,000	76,400,000	15.65	1.08	12.32	29.0
Unit'd K'gd'm	45,000,000			119,200,000				2.65	2.55	
India	295,200,000			45,000,000			••••	.49	.13	
South Africa	7,800,000	65,400,000		\$0,000,000			8.38	2.56		10.9
Str'a Settlem'ts				37,500,000	37,500,000	8,100,000		23.44		
Julgaria	4,000,000			3,300,000		4,600,000	1.55	.83	1.15	
uba	2,100,000	38,200,000		5,000,000	5,000,000		18.19	2.38		20.8
enmark	2,700,000	19,200,000		6,200,000	6,200,000	14,700,000		2.30	5.44	
gypt	11,300,000			15,900,000	15,900,000			1.41	.25	17.8
iuland	2,900,000	6,100,000		500,000	500,000	11,500,000	2.10	.17	3.97	6.5
rance	39,300,000	926,400,000		63,700,000	411,100,000	150,300,000		10.46	3.82	37.8
ermany	60,600,000			235,600,000	235,600,000	346,900,000		3.89	5.72	12.7
reece	2,600,000	200,000		3,000,000	3,000,000	27,500,000		1.15	10.58	11.8
Iayti	1,500,000	1,000,000		1,500,000	2,500,000	8,800,000	.67	1.67	5.87	8.
taly	33,900,000	283,800,000		1,300,000	24,000,000	145,300,000		.71	4.29	
apan	52,900,000			57,600,000	57,600,000	67,200,000		1.09	1.27	3.
lexico	13,600,000	37,600,000		4,600,000	56,000,000	61,200,000	2.76	4.12	3.76	
etherlands	5,800,000	67,800,000		52,700,000	52,700,000	57,300,000		9.09	9.88	30.0
lorway	2,300,000	12,700,000		3,700,000	3,700,000	7,300,000	5.52	1.61	3.17	10.3
ortugal	5,400,000	14,606,000		39,700,000	39,700,000	30,000,000		7.35	5.56	15.6
coumania	6,800,000	18,100,000		200,000	200,000	34,300,000		.03	5.04	7.7
tussia	154,000,000	901,100,000		78,400,000	78,400,000	******	5.85	.51	****	6.3
ervia	2,800,000	5,100,000		1,500,000	1,500,000	5,300,000		.54	1.89	7.4
iam	6,100,000			173,700,000	43,100,000	2,100,000		7.07	.34 4.88	18.9
painweden	19,700,000				173,700,000	96,200,000	5.94	8.82		12.9
witzerland	5,400,000 3,300,000	61,000,000		8,600,000 13,500,000	8,600,000	32,600,000	4.61	1.59	6.04 7.82	30.3
urkey	24,000,000	131,900,000		26,400,000	13,500,000 26,400,000	25,800,000	18.48	4.09		6.6
ent. Am. States	4,600,000	1,800,000		6,900,000	6,900,000	74,700,000	5.50 .39	1.10 1.50	16.94	
Total*	1,023,000,000	\$6,293,700,000	\$1,142,600,000	\$1,379,400,000	\$2,522,000,000	83,975,800,000	\$6.15	\$2.46	\$3.89	\$12.5

^{*}Inclusive of South American States. Brazif, stock of gold, \$38,300,000; silver, \$25,000,000. Argentina, gold, \$167,900,000. Chile, gold, \$100,000; silver, \$2,800,000. Peru, gold, \$6,800,000. Uruguay, gold, \$15,500,000.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR, 1910.

WOLLD S	FRODU	CITOM	OF GOLD	ANDS	TLVER FOR	THE	ALENDA	R ILA	r, 1910.
COUNTRIES.	G	old.	Sil	rer.	Countries.	G	old.	Sil	ver.
	Oz., fine.		Oz., fine.	Com.Val.		Oz., fine.	l Value.	Oz., fine,	Com.Val.
United States		\$96,269,100	57,137,900	2 30.854.500	Colombia	163,022			\$467,700
Canada	493,707		32,869,264	17,749,400	Ecuador	12,054	249,200	22,642	19,200
Mexico	1,205,051	24,910,600	71,372,194	38,541,000	Brazil	94,557	1,954,700		
Africa		175,189,900	1,037,160	560,100	Venezuela	16,472	340,500		112,300
Auatralasia	3,167,140	65,470,600	21,645,828	11,634,700	British Guiana				
Russia	1,721,163	35,579,600	140,632	75,900	French Guiana				
Austria-Hungary	105,101	2,172,600	1,540,808	832,000	Peru				
Germany	3,042	62,900	5,597,026	3,022,400	Central America.	225,302			
Italy	1,430	29,600	468.566	253,000	Japan				
Spain		·	4,152,430	2,242,300	China	176,960			
Greece			829,025	447,700	Korea	212,808			89,000
Turkey	108	2,200	7,971	4,300	India (British).				24,200
France	67,754	1,400,600	629,848	340,100	Brit. East Indies				
Great Britain	1,041	21,500	141,943	76,600					
Argentina	8,372	173,100	263,255	142,200	Total*, 1910	21.996.297	8454.703.900	222,879,362	\$120,354,700
B'livia and Chile	99 199	463 660	6 490 168	9 504 700	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,,		,	

^{*} Including other countries with small production not enumerated.

COINAGE OF NATIONS IN 1911.

Countries.	Gold.	Silver. (Coin'g Val.)	COUNTRIES,	Gold.	Silver. (Coin'gVal.)	Countries,	Gold.	Silver. (Coln'gVal.)
United States	\$56,176,823	\$6,457,302	Denmark	\$986,390	\$150,534	Netherlands	\$3,113,667	\$1,125,600
Philippine Isla	***	463,270	France	24,846,092		Dutch E. Indies.		562,830
Austria-Hung'y	9,547,469	9,547,071	Indo-China			Peru		
Brazil	93,266	8,645,727	Persia		474,641	Russia		
Anstralasia	48,347,716	1,707,105	Germany	25,485,309	9,672,003	Roumania		979,152
Canada	1,250,428	985,679	Ger. E. Africa		528,805	Switzerland	1,644,000	386,000
Great Britain	161,062,453	11,021,247	Italy	193,000	650,336	Veneznela		
India (British)		6,538,830	Japan	14.820.480				
China		36,349,759	Mexico		1,712,000	Total*	8379,143,555	\$148,156,289

[&]quot;Including other countries with small coinage.

MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued.

COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD.											
1750	14.55	(11879	15.63	1882	18.19	1892	23.72	[1902	39,15		
1800	15.68	1873	15.92	1883	18.64	1893	26.49	1903	38,10		
1850	15.70	1874	16.17	1884	18,57	1894	32.56	1904	35.70		
1860	15.29	[1875		1885		1895		1905	33.87		
1865	15.44	1876	17.88	1885		1896		1906	30.64		
1867	15.57	1877		1887		1897		1907	31.94		
1868	15.59	11878	17.94	11888	21.99	1898	35.03	1908	38,64		
1869	15.60	1879	18.40	1889	22.09	[1899	34.36	11909	39.74		
1870		1880	18.05	1 1890,	19.76	1900	33.33	1910	39.39		
1871	15.57	11881	18.16	11891	20.92	[1901]	34.68	1911	38.33		

BULLION VALUE OF 371% GRAINS OF PURE SILVER AT THE ANNUAL AVERAGE PRICE OF SILVER.

YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.	YEAR.	Value.
1865	\$1.035	1884	\$.859	1891	8.764	1898	\$.456		8.472
		1885	.823	1892	.674	1899		1906	
1875		1886	.769	1893	.603	1900		1907	
1880		1887		1894		1901		1908	
1881		1888		1895		1902		1909	
1882	.878	1889		1896		1903		1910	
1883	.858	1890	.809	1897	. 467	1904	.447	1911	. 417

PURCHASES OF SILVER BY THE UNITED STATES.

ACT AUTHORIZING.	Fine Ounces.	Cost.	Average Price
February 12, 1873	5,434,282		\$1.314
January 14, 1875	31,603,906	37,571,148	1,189
February 23, 1878. July 14, 1890 (to November 1, 1893, date of the repeal of	291,292,019	308,199,262	1,058
July 14, 1890 (to November 1, 1893, date of the repeal of			1
the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890)	168,674,682	155,931,002	1 .924
Section 3526 Revised Statutes	6,924,286	4,694,566	0,6101
Total	503,929,175	\$513,548,542	\$1.015

SOURCES OF GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table, compiled from reports made by the United States Geological Survey as to the sources of production for the calendar year 1911, shows the distribution among the various gold and silver producing States and Territories of the amount of gold and silver extracted.

-	} Go	LD.	ļ	SILVER.		_	Go:	LD.	l	SILVER.	
STATES AND TER- RITORIES.	Deep Mines.	Placer.	Dry or Silicious Ores.	Lead Ores.	Copper Ores.	STATES AND TER- BITORIES.	Deep Mines.	Placer.	Dry or Silicious Ores.	Lead Ores.	Copper Ores.
	Fine Ozs.	Fine Ozs.	Fine Ozs	Fine Ozs.	Fine Ozs.		Fine Ozs.	Fine Ozs.	Fine Ozs.	Fine Ozs.	Fine Ozs.
Alabama .	915		171	• • • • •		N. Mexico.	35,996		1,183,427	62,221	108,892
Alaska						N. Car'lina	3,153		943		
Arizona					2,136,121	Oregon	22,501	8,140	35,268		9,953
California	520,147					S. Carolina		13	11		
Colorado					342,550	S. Dakota.	359,320	814	183,385	20,370	
Georgia						Tennessee.		••••			106,660
Idaho		. 19,559	337,715	7,604,326		Texas		••••	422,870	1,524	
Michigan					497,481	Utah	226,944		2,569,190	7,526,651	2,377,946
Missouri				49,867		Virginia	109	39	21		• • • •
Montana.	146,372					Wash'gton				31,899	
Nevada	869,925	10,181	12,834,730			Wyoming.	588	341	308	••••	417
Illinois				3,036		1					
Maryland		l	i			Total	3,552,912	1,132,708	25,375,833	18,995,208	16,736,799
and Pa.	l				87	j	1 .	1			

PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN UNITED STATES IN CALENDAR YEAR 1911.

STATES	Gor	LD.	SIL	VER.	STATES	Go Go	LD.	SILVER.	
AND TERRITORIES.	Fine Ounces.	Value.	Fine Ounces.	Commercial Value.	AND TERRITORIES.	Fine Ounces.	Value.	Fine Ounces.	Commercial Value.
Alabama	890	\$18,400	200	\$100	North Carolina	3,478	\$71,900	1,000	\$500
Alaska	806,179	16,665,200	468,300	252,900	Oregon	30,679	634,200	44,800	
Arizona		3,521,400	3,223,900	1,743,600	Philippine Isl.	9,448	195,300	3,100	1,700
California	964,041	19,928,500	1,270,900	686,300	Porto Rico	97	2,000	100	100
Colorado	925,839	19,138,800	7,331,200	3,958,800	South Carolina	972	20,100		
Georgia		32,000	600		South Dakota.	359,402	7,429,500	200,300	108,200
Idaho	65,688	1,357,900	8,184,900	4,419,800	Tennessee	576	11,900	107,000	57,800
Illinois			4,000	2,200	Texas	189	3,900	444,200	239,900
M'land and Pa.		100	100	100	Utah	217,020	4,486,200	11,630,600	6,280,500
Michigan			507,700	274,100	Virginia	150			100
Missouri			49,100	26,500	Washington	40,635			124,400
Montana	176,554	3,649,700	12,163,900	6,568,500	Wyoming	1,030	21,300	700	400
Nevada	875,438	18,096,900	13,185,900	7,120,400					
New Mexico	36.847	761,700	1,341,400	724,300	Total	4,687,053	\$96,890,000	60,399,400	\$32,615,700

These figures compare with a production in 1910 of \$96,269,100 in gold, and 57,137,900 fine ounces of silver.

RATIO OF SOURCES OF SILVER PRODUCT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Source.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	Source.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.
Quartz mills.,		Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent. 40.4	Per cent. 41.5	Copper bullion		Per cent. 29.4	Per cent.	Per cent. 27.8	Per cent. 27.4
Lead bullion		31.3	33.2	31.8	31.1	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued.

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM MINES IN THE UNITED STATES, 1900-1911.

	G	old.	Silver.			
YEAR.	Fine Ounces.	Value.	Fine Ounces.	Commercial Value.		
1900	3,829,897	\$79,171,000	57,647,000	\$35,741,100		
901	3,805,500	78,666,700	55,214.000	33,128,400		
902	3.870,000	80,000,000	55,500.000	29,415,000		
1903	3,560,000	73,591,700	54,300,000	29,322,000		
904	3.892.480	80, 464, 700	57,682,806	33,456,000		
905	4.178.592	86,337,700	58, 938, 355	35,952,397		
906	4,565,333	94,373,800	56,517,900	38, 256, 400		
907	4,374,287	90.435.700	56,514,700	37, 299, 700		
908	4,574,340	94,560,000	52,440,800	28,050,600		
909	4.821,700	99,673,400	54,721,500	28, 455,200		
910	4,657,018	96,269,100	57,137,900	30,854,466		
911	4,687,053	96,890,000	60, 399, 400	32,615,700		
	_, , , , , , ,	1	, ,	1		

PRODUCTION OF THE PRECIOUS METALS SINCE THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA.

Years.	Gold.	Silver-Coining Value.	Ratio.	YEARS	Gold.	Silver-Coining Value.	Ratio.
1492-1520	\$107,931,000	\$54,703,000	10.75	1894	\$181,175,600		
1521-1560		297,226,000	11.30	1895	198,763,600		
1561-1600		597,244,000	11.80	1896			30.66
1601-1640		678,800,000	14.00	1897	236,073,700		
1641-1680		584,691,000	15.00	1898			
1681-1720		579.869,000	15, 21	1899	306,724,100		34.36
1721-1760	580,727,000	801,712,000	14.75	1900	254 576,300		33.33
1761-1800		1,273,468,000	15.09	1901	262,373,300		
1801-1810		371,677,000	15. 61	1902			
1811-1820		224,785,000	15. 51	1903	325,961,500		
1821-1830		191,444,000	15.80	1904	346,892,200		
1831-1840		247,930,000	15. 75	1905	380,288,700		
1841-1850		324,400,000	15, 83	1906	402,503,000		
1851-1860		372,261,000	15. 29	1907			
1861-1870		507,174,000	15. 56	1908	442,476,900		
1871-1880		918,578,000	18.05	1909	454,145.700		
1881-1890		1,298,820,000	19.76	1910	454,703,900	288,167,300	38, 22
1891-1892	276,948,000	375,366,400	22. 32				
1893		213,944,400	26.49	Total	\$13,846,225,600	\$13,775,170,900	

WORLD'S CONSUMPTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE ARTS, 1909.

COUNTRY.	Gold(value).	Silver.	COUNTRY.	Gold (value).	Silver.
		Fine Ounces.			Fine Ounces.
United States	\$30,248,200		Canada		
Germany					
Great Britain	20,000,000				
France		9,236,700	Sweden		
Switzerland	7,111,200		Other countries		
Italy			Asiatic countries	30,000,000	44,000,000
Austria-Hungary	2,833.200				
Russia	2.044,500	3,205,900	Total	\$142,506,100	104,838,200
Belgium		1,000,000			

New York Stock Exchange Seats.

The following table, prepared by The Wall Street Journal, shows the high and low prices of New York Stock Exchange seats since 1901:

YEAR.	High.	Low.	YEAR.	High.	Low.	YEAR.	High.	Low.
1901 1902 1903 1904	81,000 82,000	65,000 51,000	1905 1906 1907 1908	95,000 80,000	78,000 51,500	1909 1910 1911 1912*		65,000

Fluctuations are due to trend upward and downward of stock market. * To October 15, 1912. To show how the aggregate value of all the seats on the Stock Exchange has enhanced, the following table is appended. The average number of seats, now approximately 1,100, is used, and the high price each year is taken in computing the table:

· YEAR.	High Price.	Aggregate Value.	YEAR.	High Price.	Aggregate Value.	YEAR.	High Price.	Aggregate Value.
1909	\$96,000 72,000 80,000 95,000 95,000	88,000,000 104,500,000	1903 1902 1901	82,000 81,000 80,000	96,800,000 88,000,000 88,000,000	1879 1866 1863 1823 (500 seats).	\$20,000 10,000 4,500	11,000,000

In 1823 the initiation fee was \$10, while at the present time it is \$2,000. From 1863 to the high-record mark reached in 1909 the total number of seats increased in value \$105,600,000, or over 2,300 per cent.

MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued.

COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION, 1792, TO JUNE 30, 1912.

DENOMINATION.	Pieces.	Values.	DENOMINATION.	Pieces.	Values.
GOLD. Double eagles		\$2,352,587,300.00	Dimes	677,088,035	\$67,708,803.50
Eagles	49,611,289 74,360,570		act of February 12, 1873) Three cent pieces (coinage discon-	97,604,388	4,880,219.40
Three-dollar pieces (coinage dis- continued under act of Septem-			tinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873)	42,736,240	
ber 26, 1890) Quarter eagles	539,792 15,580,208		Total silver	2,205,948,395	\$976,257,159.00
Dollars (coinage discontinued under act of September 26,			MINOR. Five-cent pieces, nickel	722,983,121	\$36,149,156.05
1890) Dollars, Louisiana Purchase Ex-	19,499,337	l ' '	Three-cent pieces, nickel (coin- age discontinued, act of Sep-		
position (act of June 28, 1902). Dollars, Lewis & Clark exposition	250,000 60,000		tember 26, 1890)	31,378,316	941,349.48
Total gold	277,530,561	\$3,280,882.273.00	discontinued, act of September 26, 1890)	45,601,000	912,020.00
SILVER. Dollars (coinage discontinued,			One-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act of February		
act of Feb. 12, 1873, resumed	\$578,303,848	\$578,303,848.00	One-cent pieces, nickel (coinage	156,288,744	1,562,887.44
Trade dollars (discontinued, act			discontinued, act of April 22, 1864)	200,772,000	2,007,720.00
of Feb. 19, 1887) Dollars (Lafayette souvenir, act			One-cent pieces, bronze Half-cent pieces, copper (coln-	2,068,452,183	
of March 3, 1899)	50,000 373,336,150	186,668,075.00	age discontinued, act of Teb-	7,985,222	39,926.11
Half dollars (Columb'n souvenir) Quarter dollars	394,468,810	98,617,202.50	ruary 21, 1857)	3,233,460,586	
Quarter dollars (Colb'n souvenir) Twenty-cent pieces (coinage dis-			Total coinage		₹4,319,437,013.5I
continued, act of May 2, 1878)		271,000.00			

Silver-dollar coinage under acts of April 2, 1792, \$3,031,238; February 28, 1878, \$378,166,793; July 14, 1890, \$187,027,345-March 3, 1891, \$5,078,472—total, \$578,503,848.00.

PRESENT MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES ILLUSTRATED.

	Gold Coin.	Standard Silver	Dollars.	Subsidiary	Silver Coin.		Minor Coin.
Fineness Ratio to gold Limit of issue. Denominations Legal tender Receivable	Unlimited. \$20, \$10, \$5, \$214. Unlimited. For all public dues. For gold certificates, below, and subsidi and minor coin.	900-1000. 15.988 to 1. Coinage ceased is 1. Unlimited, unles wise contracted For all public du as For silver certific	dollar. doll		copper 1c. piece per, 5 Needs of Seents, 1 Not to er For all d In "la Treas	exceed 25 cents. dues up to 25 cents.	
	Gold Certificates.	Silver Certificates.		ed States Notes.	Treasury 1		National Bank Notes.
Limit of issue.	Unlimited for gold coin unless gold reserve falls below \$100,000,000.	Amount of silver dollars coined, \$562,173,530.		,016.	No further volume diminishin demption dollars.	steadily ng by re-	
Denominations	\$10,000,\$5,000.\$1,000, \$500,\$100,\$50,\$20, \$10.	\$100, \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5,\$2,\$1.	\$1,000, \$ \$20, \$	500,\$160,\$50, 10, \$5,\$2,\$1.	\$1,000, \$10 \$20, \$10,	\$50, \$50,	\$1,000, \$500, \$100, \$50, \$20, \$10, \$5.
Legal tender		Not a tender.	and p	debts, public rivate, except ns aud inter- public debt.	otherwi tracted.	unless se con-	Not a tender.
Receivable	For all public dues.	For all public dues.	For all	public dues.	For all publ	ic dues.	For all public dues ex-
	minor coin.	coin.	minor	coin.	coin.		For subsidiary silver and minor coin. In "lawful money" at the Treasury, or at bank of issue.

[&]quot;Lawful money" includes gold coin, silver dollars, United States notes and Treasury notes. United States notes are by regulation receivable for customs so long as they continue redeemable in coin. There are still in use small amounts of \$1 and \$2 national bank notes; also \$500 and \$1,000 silver certificates. Treasury notes were issued for purchases of silver bullion, which was coined into dollars wherewith the notes are being redeemed as rapidly as practicable. The issue of national bank notes is practicable to practically dependent upon the market price of United States bonds. When the premium is high it is not profitable to Issue notes.

The above table was prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Maurice L. Muhleman, former Deputy

Assistant United States Treasurer, New York.

Banking Statistics.

THE NATIONAL BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(From the annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency.)

Year Ending Sept. 1.	No. of Banks.	Capital.	Surplus.	Total Dividends.	Total Net Earnings.	Ratio of Dividends to Capital.		Ratio of Earnings to Capital and Surplus.
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1903 1904 1906 1907	3,620 3,581 3,561 3,604 3,969 4,269 4,700 5,134 5,505 5,876	635,173,895 615,818,725 608,674,895 608,754,600 635,511,286 673,763,767 722,797,806 761,682,495 776,175,576 801,326,590	244, 281, 879, 00 247, 930, 970, 00 251, 950, 843, 42 268, 451, 548, 00 302, 513, 154, 55 353, 105, 524, 91 390, 452, 345, 00 407, 643, 159, 00 407, 646, 689, 50	44, 291, 971, 00 46, 691, 502, 00 48, 033, 094, 39 51, 699, 779, 00 68, 199, 493, 62 63, 565, 848, 10 75, 588, 889, 00 73, 138, 174, 00 89, 264, 850, 00	44,273,314.00 50,032,972.00 54,346,692.00 87,276,836.60	6.64 7.17 7.67 7.88 9.05 10.92 8.79 9.92 8.95 11.14	5.05 4.78 5.15 5.45 5.58 5.79 6.56 6.18 7.30	5.52 4.99 5.82 6.34 10.14 8.15 10.12 10.21 9.80 9.42 10.26 11.20
*1908 *1909 *1910 *1911	6,751 $6,788$ $6,996$ $7,163$	893,932,010 919,143,825	548,850,476 00 585,407,483.00 630,159,719.00 669,931,760.00	97,336,282,00	131,333,288.00 131,185,750.00 154,167,489.47 156,985,513.00	10.89 10.12 10.99 11.38	6.75 6.18 6.65 6.83 6.93	9.10 8.72 9.67 9.35 8.59

^{*} To July 1; abstract period changed.

The circulation outstanding Sept. I, 1911, was \$596,982,633; Individual deposits, \$5,489,995,012; principal resources, leans and discounts, \$5,663,411,073; United States bonds on deposit to secure circulation, \$707,204,380; United States bonds on hand and with the Treasurer to secure public deposits, \$59,013,840; specie, \$711,522,345; legal tender notes, \$183,953,062; aggregate resources, \$10,573,439,334.

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF STATE, SAVINGS, PRIVATE BANKS AND LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES, 1912.

CLASSIFICATIONS.	13,381 State Banks.	630 Mutal Savings Banks.	1,292 Stock Savings Banks.	1,410 Loan and Trust Companies.	17,804 Total Banks,†
Resources. Loans and Discounts. Bonds, securities, etc. Bank'g house furniture & fixtures Other real estate owned. Due from banks. Checks and cash items. Exchanges for Clearing House. Cash in bank. All other resources.	341,797,126 116,252,155 22,176,601 530,161,901 16,572,944	1,778,042,428 37,373,366 10,234,972 150,482,502 933,134 73,485 16,186,061	144,877,735 26,892,501 6,330,005 107,797,928 1,364,870 2,223,391 29,266,002	124,091,628 35,687,587 601,143,611 6,647,740 44,976,239 282,468,252	310,042,140 83,213,181 1,419,032,935 26,131,542 108,685,155 577,127,445
Total	\$3,897,770, 822	\$3,929,091,983	\$993,631,300	\$5,107,444,378	\$14,124,878,892
Capital stock Surplus fund Undivided profits Due to banks. Dividends unpaid Deposits (individual). Notes and bills rediscounted. Bills payable Other liabilities	142,644,643 829,045 2,919,977,897 10,234,413	\$248,983,429 66,440,676 354,000 3,608,657,828 5,000 160,300	9,827,414 262,835 842,897,859 315,055 2,980,544	424,313,939 136,428,039 299,938,456 850,048 3,674,578,238 3,174,589 15,587,712	890,990,687 324,340,946 454,471,657 2,016,567 11,198,606,443 14,166,041 76,842,722
Total	\$3,897,770,822	\$3,929,091,983	\$993,631,300	\$5,107,444,378	\$14,124,878,892

†Including 1,091 private banks with resources as follows: Loans and discounts. \$129.784,262; bonds, securities, etc., \$14,113,458; banking house, furniture and fixtures, \$5,432,488; other real estate owned, \$8,784,013; due from banks, \$29,446,992; checks and cash items, \$612,852; exchanges for Clearing House, \$232,603; cash in bank, \$7,450,404; all other resources, \$1,083,320; total resources \$196,940,397.

Liabilities: Capital stock paid in, \$22,348,040; surplus fund, \$9,333,680; undivided profits, \$4.250,634; dividends unpaid, \$74,638; due to banks, \$1,707,139; deposits, \$152,494,618; bills payable, \$3,795.165; notes and bills rediscounted, \$436,983; other liabilities, \$2,499,496; total liabilities, \$196,940,397.

BANKING STATISTICS-Continued,

MONEY IN CIRCULATION.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF GOLD AND SILVER COINS AND CERTIFICATES, UNITED STATES NOTES, AND NATIONAL BANK NOTES IN CIRCULA-TION OCTOBER 1, 1912.

•	GENERAL STOCK OF MONEY IN THE UNITED * STATES.	†HELD IN TREASURY AS ASSETS OF THE GOVERN- MENT.	AMOUNT IN (CIRCULATION.
Gold coin (including buillon in Treasury)	Oct. 1, 1912. \$1,841,382,435	Oct. 1, 1912. \$166,063,940	Oct. 1, 1912. \$609,910,326	Oct. 1, 1912. \$595,134,459
Gold Conf (including bullion in Treasury) Gold Certificates* Standard Silver Dollars. Silver Certificates*	565,424,367	119,165,899 296,306 13,785,334	946,242,270 68,975,061 482,367,666	930,126,029 73,585,292
Subsidiary Silver Treasury Notes of 1890 United States Notes	167,248,119 2,855,000	23,100,165 8,740 5,295,957	144,147,954 2,846,260 341,385,059	143,266,733
National Bank Notes	747,779,654	36,770,326 \$364,486,667	711,009,328	696,719,404

Population of continental United States October 1, 1912, estimated at 96,075,000; circulation per capita, \$34.42.

*For redemption of outstanding certificates an exact equivalent in amount of the appropriate kinds of money is held in the Treasury, and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the Government.

†This statement of money held in the Treasury as assets of the Government does not include deposits of public money in National Bank Depositaries to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, amounting to \$35,381,213.05.

For a full statement of assets see Public Debt Statement.

TRANSACTIONS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING-HOUSE.

YEAR Ending Sept. 30,	No. of Mem- bers.		Clearings.	Balances Paid in Money.	Average Daily Clearings.	Average Daily Balances Paid in Money.	Balances to Clearings
1897		\$59,022,700	\$31 , 337, 760, 948	\$1,908,901,898	\$103,424,954	\$6,300,006	6.0
1898	65	58,272,700	39,853,413,948	2,338,529,016	131,529,419	7,717,918	5.87
1899	64	58,922,700	57,368,230,771	3,085,971,370	189,961,029	10,218,448	5.37
1900	64	74,222,700	51,964,588,564	2,7 30,441,810	170,936,147		5.25
1901	62	81,722,700	77,020,672,464	3,515,037,741		11,600,785	4.56
1902	60	100,672,700	74,753,189,435	3,377,504,072	245,898,649	11,110,210	4.51
1903		113,072,700	70,833,655,940	3,315.516,487	233,005,447	10,906,304	4.68
1904		115,972,700	59,672,796,804	3,105,858,576	195,648,514	10,183,143	5.20
1905		115,972,700	91,879,318,369	3,953,875,975	302,234,600		4.33
1906	55	118,150,000	103,754,100,091	3,832,621,023	342,422,772	12,648,914	3.69
1907		129,400,000	95,315,421,238	3,813,926,108	313,357,569		4.00
1908	50	126,350,000	73,630,971,913	3,409,632,271	241,413,022	11.179.122	4.63
1909	51	127,350,000	99,257,662,411	4,194,484,028	326,505,468	13, 797, 644	4.22
1910		132,350,000	102,553,959,069	4,195,293,966			4.09
1911		170,275,000	92,420,120,091	4,388,563,113	305,016,897	14,483,706	4.74
1912	65	[174, 275, 000]	96,672,300,863	5,051,262,291	319,050,497	16,670,832	5.22

EXCHANGES OF CLEARING-HOUSES OF UNITED STATES CITIES.

CLEARING-	E	XCHANGES FOR Y	EARS ENDED SEE	РТЕМВЕК 30-	
House at-	1912.	1911.	1910.	1909.	1908.
New York	\$96,672,301,000	\$92,420,120,000			\$73,630,971,913
Boston	8,865,807,000	8,306,738,000			
Chicago	14,864,498,000	13,821,387,000			
Philadelp' ia		7,683,683,000			
St. Louis	3,978,870.000	3,827,444,000			
SanFranc'co		2,372,725,000			
Baltimore	1,893,903,000	1,740,368,000			
Pittsburgh	2,687,970,000	2,539,143,000			
Cincinnati	1,347,123,000	1,276,279.000			
Kansas City	2,630,704,000	2,591,012,000	2,618,735,000		
New Orleans		1,024,366,000	987,504,300		
Minneapolis.		1,063,638,000	1,179,569,300		
Detroit		943,717,000			
Louisville	707, 977,000	679,696,000			
Cleveland	1,101,007,00 0	1,001,569,000			
Other cities	20,028,297,000	18,081,565,000	17,470,270,000	14.620,788,200	12,543,324,980
Total	168,506,362,000	159,373,450,000	169,025,172,600	158,559,487,500	126, 238, 694, 398

Clearing-House returns prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Assistant Manager W. J. Gilpin, of New York Clearing-House,

BANKING STATISTICS-Continued.

BANKING STATISTICS OF EUROPE.

(From The Economist, London, October 5, 1912.)

SPECIE ON HAND. CIRCULATION OUTSTANDING AND AMOUNT OF DEPOSIT AND CURRENCY ACCOUNTS OF PRINCIPAL FOREIGN BANKS OF ISSUE ON OR ABOUT OCTOBER, 1, 1912,

Banks.	Gold.	Silver.	Circulation.	Deposits and Current Accounts.
Bank of England Bank of France. Imperial Bank of Germany Bank of Russia. Bank of Austria-Hungary Bank of Netherlands. Bank of Italy Bank of Norway. Bank of Sweden Swiss National Bank Bank of Spain National Bank Bank of Spain	650, 435, 000 248, 815, 000 636, 140, 000 273, 455, 000 59, 255, 000 *218, 055, 000 11, 200, 000 23, 700, 000 32, 175, 000 83, 250, 000	•••••	573,800,000 675,860,000 518,160,000 127,090,000 303,010,000 24,745,000 61,270,000	162,510,000 245,465,000 1,375,000 24,000,000 1,955,000 11,275,000 13,415,000 91,945,000

^{*}Total cash.

June 30, 1907, the Bank of Portugal had \$5,600,000 in gold, \$8,100,000 in silver, \$74,500,000 circulation and \$29,300,000 in deposits and current accounts; Imperial Ottoman Bank \$12,300,000 in gold and silver, \$6,100,000 in circulation, \$55,000,000 in deposits and current accounts; Bank of Japan \$10,800,000 in gold, \$170,800,000 in circulation and \$200,800,000 in deposits and current accounts; banks of the United Kingdom, including colonial and foreign joint stock banks with London offices, circulation \$306,100,000, deposits and current accounts \$7,691,000,000.

Premiums on Gold.

Gold sold first at a premium early in January, 1862, the New York banks having suspended specie payments December 28, 1861. The highest point reached was 285, July 11, 1864. The premium on gold disappeared at the end of 1878, just prior to resumption of specie payments. Following is given a table of the high and low prices of gold from 1862 to 1878 inclusive:

DATE.			Low.	High,	Date.
1862	March	25	Low.	.134	December 4
1863	August	25	122 %	.1/2/2	rebruary 25
1864	January	6	151 ½	.285	July 11
1865	June	5	135 ¼	.234 3/8	January 4
1866	March	24	124 1/8	.167 ¾	June 18
1867	January	11	132 ½	.146 3/8	.September 12
1868	November	6	132	.150	.August 6
1869	November	30	121 1/8	:162 1/2	September 24
1870	November	4	110	.123 ¼	January 10
1871			1101/4		
1872	January	11	108 ½	.115 %	.August 5
1873		6	106 1/8	.119 1/2	. April 5
1874	July	31	109	.114 3%	. April 15
1875		15	111 ¾	.117 5/8	.October 5
1876	December	30	107	.115	. March 3
1877	October	8	102 1/2	.1071/8	April 17
1878	Dec. 17 to	Dec. 31	100	.1021/8	.January 2

Above table was prepared by James B. Colgate & Co., New York City.

Cost of Membership in Leading Exchanges.

The Investment Gutde of Henry Clews & Co. gives the following table of cost of membership in the leading exchanges of the world, as of November 1, 1912:

Berlin Bourse (entrance fee, not transferable). Boston Stock Exchange. Chicago Stock Exchange. Clinclinnati Stock Exchange. Cleveland Stock Exchange. Cleveland Stock Exchange. Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange, New York. Liverbool Cotton Exchange.	750 23,000 1,600 3,100 1,000 300 8,000	New Orleans Cotton Exchange. New York Coffee Exchange. New York Touton Exchange. New York Toduce Exchange. New York Stock Exchange. Parolle Stock Exchange. Parolle Stock Exchange. Pittladelphia Stock Exchange. Pittlaburg Stock Exchange.	1,950 18,000 600 69,000 9,000 2,950
Liverpool Cotton Exchange London Stock Exchange (entrance fee, not	8,000	Pittsburgh Stock Exchange	2,950 3,000
transferable) Montreal Stock Exchange	2,000	Toronto Stock Exchange	20,000 4,550

The value of a membership in an exchange depends in a large measure upon the prevailing state of business and the market level of securities.

Stock List and Prices of Leading Stocks in 1912.

OUTSTANDING STOCK AND BONDED INDEBTEDNESS.
HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE IN 1912.

Adams Express. Adlis-Chaimers 2d pd. Allis-Chaimers 2d pd. Allis-Chaimers pfd. 2d pd. Amalgamated Copper American Agricultural Chemical American Agricultural Chemical American Beet Sugar American Beet Sugar American Beet Sugar pfd. American Can 2d Foundry. American Car & Foundry. American Car & Foundry. American Cities pfd. American Express. American Hide & Leather pfd. American Hide & Comptible pfd. American Locomotive pfd. American Locomotive pfd. American Malt Corp. American Malt Corp. American Malt Corp. American Smelting & Refining American Smelting & Refining American Smelting & Refining pfd. American Smelting & Refining pfd. American Smelting & Refining pfd. American Sugar Refining pfd. American Toloxoco. American T	Stock Outstand- lng.	Bonds Outstand- lng.	Rate Per Cent. Last Div.	Date Pay- ment Last Dividend Declared.	Highest and Lowest 1912. (b)
Adams Express	\$120,000	\$36,000,000	\$3	Sept. 3, 1912 Feb. 1, 1904 Nov. 25, 1912 Oct. 15, 1912	2173/1165
Allis-Chalmers 2d pd	19,820,000	11 110 000			3 1/2 3/8
Allis-Chaimers pfd. 2d pd	16,050,000	11,148,000	1 34	Feb. 1, 1904	10 1/8 2
Amaigamated Copper	153,887,900		1 1/2	Nov. 25, 1912	9234 60
American Agricultural Chemical	27 086 700	10,579,000	116	Oct. 15, 1912	104 1 98
American Beet Sugar	15,000,000	1	1 14	Nov. 15, 1912	77 1 53
American Beet Sugar pfd	5,000,000		$1\frac{1}{2}$	Oct. 15, 1912 Oct. 15, 1912 Nov. 15, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912	10114 9614
American Can	41,233,300			Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912	47 % 11 ¼ 126 ¼ 90 %
American Can pid	30,000,000	!	12	Oct. 1, 1912	63 58 49 38
American Car & Foundry pfd	30,000,000		1 3/4	Oct. 1, 1912	120 1 115
American Cities	16,264,700				40 18 30 34 83 18 75 14
American Cities pfd	20,553,500		3	July 1, 1912	83 1/8 75 1/4 59 1/8 45 1/2
American Cotton Oil ofd	10.198.600	10,000,000	3 2	Dec. 2, 1912	99 18 95 72
American Express	18,000,000		š	July 1, 1912 June 1, 1911 Dec. 2, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
American Hide & Leather	11,500,000	5,825,000	٠,		$\begin{bmatrix} 7 \frac{1}{4} & 3 \\ 34 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$
American Hide & Leatner pid	10.045.100	2,973,080	13/	Aug. 15, 1905 July 20, 1907	
American Linseed	16,750,000 1	2,010,000	1 74		17 % 9 14
American Linseed pfd	16,750,000		1 3/4	Sept. 15, 1900	43 30
American Locomotive	25,000,000		1 14	Aug. 26, 1908	46 34 31 34
American Locomotive pig	5 695 052 1		1 %	Oct. 21, 1912	1912 43/
American Malt Corp. pfd	8,705,606		2 1/2	Nov. 2, 1912	69 14 42 4
American Smelters Sec. pfd. B	30,000,000		114	Oct. 1, 1912	89 1/2 85
American Smelting & Reining	50,000,000	14,508,000	1 3/	Dec. 16, 1912	100 3/ 102 3/
American Snuff.	11,000,000	1	4	Oct. 1, 1912	199 8 120 8
American Snuff pfd	5 ,285,900 ∫		1 1/2	Oct. 1, 1912	1111/2 1021/6
American Steel Foundries	17,184,000	6,338,200	1 1/4	May 15, 1911	44 38 26
American Sugar Refining pfd.	45,000,000		1 3	Oct. 2, 1912	124 115 1
American Telegraph & Cable	14,000,000	96,662,000	114	Sept. 3, 1912	79 1/2 68 1/8
American Telephone & Telegraph	324,643,000	95,662,000	2	Oct. 15, 1912	149 1/8 137 1/8
American Tobacco pfd	53.456.300	6,419,800	1 1/2	Oct. 1, 1912	109 102
American Tobacco pfd. new	2,360,300		1 1/2	Oct. 1, 1912	106 1011/2
American Woolen	20,000,000		13/	July 20, 1907 Sept. 15, 1906 Aug. 26, 1908 Oct. 21, 1912 Dec. 16, 1912 Dec. 16, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 May 15, 1911 Oct. 2, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912	31 24
Anaconda Copper	108.312.500		75c	Oct. 16, 1912	48 2 34 8
Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fe	168,430,500 \	329,101,820	1 1/2	Dec. 2, 1912	111 34 103 34
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé pfd	114,173,730	144,143,870	2 1/2	Aug. 1, 1912	104 14 1101 36
Baldwin Locomotive	20,000,000	144,143,370	1 2	July 10, 1912	60 % 53 %
Baldwin Locomotive pfd	20,000,000 }	10,000,000	$\hat{3}_{1/2}$	July 1, 1912	108 1 102 1
Baltimore & Ohio	152,148,843 }	257,228,550	3	Sept. 3, 1912	1111/4/1011
Bethlehem Steel.	14.862.000		- 2	Sept. 3, 1912	51 56 27 34
Bethlehem Steel pfd	14,908,000 }	26,115,533	3/4	Feb. 1, 1907	80 56 12
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	45,000,000	50,199,000 15,000,000	1.5	Oct. 1, 1912	94 1/2 76 1/4
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh	10.500.000	15,000,000	3 2	Aug. 15, 1912	119 16 105
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh pfd	6,000,000	25,115,000	3	Aug. 15, 1912	137 130
Ganada Southorn	14,647,000		1 14	Dec. 2, 1912	401/8 291/3
Canadian Pacific	180,000,000	20,000,000 38,648,633	213	Oct. 1, 1912	283 8 226 13
Central Leather	39,701,103 }	36,764,150			33 3/8 16 1/2
Central Leather pfd	33,299,050 J	174,785,000	1 34	Oct. 1, 1912 Sept. 30, 1912	100 1/2 80
Chicago Great Western	45.246.713	174,785,000	1.74	Sept. 30, 1912	85 ¼ 68 ¼ 20 ¾ 16 ¾
Chicago Great Western pfd	41,021,402	40,811,000	- : :		39 1/2 31 1/8
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	116,348,200	147,807,500	2 1/2	Sept. 3, 1912	117 % 99 %
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific.	74.877.200	227,169,000	1 1	Sept. 30, 1912	190 1190
Chicage, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	11,256,800 }	35,047,000	3 1/2	Aug. 20, 1912	144 126
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha pfd.	18,556,200	55,011,000	3 1/2	Aug. 20, 1912	156 150
Chicago & Alton pid.	20.423.300	69,016,000	2	reb. 15, 1910 Jan. 16, 1911	40 35
Chicago & Northwestern	130,114,500	181,029,500	1 34	Oct. 1, 1912	145 134 1/2
Cleveland Cincinnett Chicago & Ct.	22,395,000	101,020,000	2	Oct. 1, 1912	198 190 62 14 53 14
Cleveland, Cin., Chicago & St. L. pfd.	10,000,000	87,357,685	114	Oct. 21, 1912	101 1 95 1
Colorado Fuel & Iron	34,235,500 }	6,749,000	1 34	Apr. 15, 1902	101 1/2 95 1/8
Colorado & Southern	31,000,000]	3,. 10,000	2 1/2	Sept. 3, 1912 Sept. 3, 1912 Sept. 30, 1912 Aug. 20, 1912 Aug. 20, 1912 Jan. 16, 1911 Jan. 16, 1911 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 July 20, 1912 July 20, 1912 July 20, 1912 July 20, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912	45 381
Colorado & Southern 1st pfd	8,500,000 }	45,283,900	2	Oct. 1, 1912	45 76 1/8 73 1/2
Colorado & Southern 2d pfd	8,500.000	1	2	Oct. 1, 1912	71 66

STOCK LIST AND PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS IN 1912-Continued.

Consolidation Coal Consolidated Gas. Corn Products Refining Corn Products Refining pfd. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western. Delaware & Hudson Denver & Rio Grande. Denver & Rio Grande pfd. Distillers Securities Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	Stock Outstand- Ing. 19,026,000 99,816,500 49,756,500 29,818,600 30,277,000 42,503,000 30,808,481 12,000,000 15,893,248 112,378,900 47,892,400 47,892,400	Bonds Outstand- ing. 23,234,000 1,236,000 9,078,080 58,175,000 113,611,000 14,092,270 20,000,000 16,674,000	1 2/3 2 1/2 2 1/4 2 1/2 1/2	Date Payment Last Dividend Doctared. Oct. 31, 1912 Dec. 16, 1912 July 15, 1912 Oct. 21, 1912 Sept. 20, 1912 Jan. 16, 1911 Oct. 31, 1912	89 ½ 76 ¼ 569 530 175 ½ 166
Consolidated Gas. Corn Products Refining pfd. Corn Products Refining pfd. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western. Delaware & Hudson Denver & Rio Grande. Denver & Rio Grande pfd. Distillers Securities. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	29,818,000 J 30,277,000 42,503,000 38,000,000 J 49,779,800 J 30,808,481 12,000,000 J 10,000,000 J	9,078,080 58,175,000 113,611,000 14,092,270 20,000,000	1 2/3 2 1/2 2 1/4 2 1/2 1/2	July 15, 1912 Oct. 21, 1912 Sept. 20, 1912 Jan. 16, 1911 Oct. 31, 1912	89 ½ 76 ¼ 569 530 175 ½ 166
Great Northern Ore Properties. Guggenhelm Exploration. Hocking Valley. Homestake Mining Iillnois Central. Interboro-Metropolitan pfd. Interboro-Metropolitan pfd. Interboro-Metropolitan pfd. International Agricultural. International Agricultural pfd. International Harvester International Harvester International Harvester pfd. International Harvester pfd. International Merchant Marine pfd. International Paper pfd. International Paper pfd. International Steamp Pump pfd. International Steamp Pump pfd. Iowa Central Iowa Central Iowa Central Iowa Central Iowa Central Iowa Central Iowa Steventral Iowa Central Iowa Steventral Iowa Central International Fdd International Iowa Iowa Central Iowa Central International International Iowa Central International International Iowa Central International Int	16,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,558,900,000 12,558,900,000 14,936,800 14,936,800 14,936,800 14,936,800 15,038,800 15,038,800 11,000,000 21,840,000 11,000,000 21,840,000 11,000,000 21,840,000 11,000,000 21,840,000 11,000,000 11,000,000 11,000,000 11,000,000	194,334,900	221-11-12 .3311-1021-5311 .3111 .11 .13 .165-131-11-3322 .22311 .12	Oct. 25, 1912 Feb. 28, 1907 Apr. 9, 1907 Apr. 9, 1907 Apr. 19, 1907 Mar. 15, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Nov. 1, 1912 Mar. 15, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1	130 130
N. Y. Chic. & St. L. 2d pfd New York Dock New York Dock pfd New York Dock pfd N. Y., New Haven & Hartford	11,000,000 7,000,000 10,000,000 105,000,000	28,979,000 12,550,000 230,155,900	272	Aug. 1, 1912 Oct. 16, 1911 Sept. 30, 1912	88 1 88

STOCK LIST AND PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS IN 1912-Continued.

STOCKS.	Stock Outstand- ing.	Bonds Outstand- lng.	Rate Per Cent. Last Div.	Date Pay- ment Last Dividend Declared.	Highest and Lowest 1912. (b)
N. Y., Ontario & Western. N. Y., State Railways. Norfolk & Southern Norfolk & Western Norfolk & Western Norfolk & Western Norfolk & Western Nortolk American Northern Pacific Ontario Minling Pacific Cal Pacific Cal Pacific Cal Pacific Tel. & Tel. Pacific Tel. Pacific Tel. & Tel. Pacific Tel. Paci	Outstand- Ing. 58.113.982 19.997.700 16.000,000 85.120,000 85.120,000 15.000,000 224,917.00 2248,000,000 15.000,000 15.000,000 44.952,000 35,000,000 44.952,000 27,173,000 27,476,000 27,171,800 12,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 11,990,763 13,500,000 11,990,763 13,500,000 11,990,763 13,500,000 11,990,760 13,500,000 11,990,760 10,000,000 22,000,000 11,990,760 25,1000,000 11,990,760 25,1000,000 11,990,760 27,1000,000 11,990,760 27,1000,000 11,990,760	Outstand-	2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1	Declared. Aug. 14, 1910 Oct. 1, 1912 Oct. 1, 1912 Dec. 19, 1912 Nov. 18, 1913 Nov. 18, 1913 Nov. 19, 1912 Nov. 25, 1912 Oct. 25, 1912 Oct. 25, 1912 Oct. 25, 1912 Oct. 26, 1912 Aug. 10, 1912 Aug. 10, 1912 Aug. 10, 1912 Aug. 10, 1912 Aug. 11, 1913 Nov. 14, 1912 Dec. 12, 1912 Oct. 12, 1912 Oct. 13, 1913 Nov. 14, 1912 Dec. 12, 1912 Oct. 19, Oct. 1912	and Lowest 1912. (b) 1092. (c) 1912. (c) 1912. (c) 1912. (d) 1912. (d) 1912. (e) 1912.
Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron pfd. Southern Pacific. Southern Pacific. Southern Mobile & Ohio Tr. ctfs. Southern Mobile & Ohio Tr. ctfs. Studebaker Studebaker Studebaker pfd. Tennessee Copper Texas Pacific Land Trust. Texas Pacific Land Trust. Texas & Pacific Third Avenue. Toledo Railway & Light. Toledo, St. Louis & Western Toledo, St. Louis & Western pfd Twin City Rapid Transit. Twin City Rapid Transit pfd Underwood Typewriter. Underwood Typewriter Underwood Typewriter Union Bag & Paper Union Bag & Paper Union Pacific Union Pacific Union Pacific Union Pacific United Cigars Mfrs. United Cigars Mfrs. United Cigars Mfrs. United Cigars Mfrs. United Railways Investment pfd United States Express. United States Express. United States Express. United States Express.	10,000,000 10,000,000 20,100,000 8,500,000 16,000,000 11,000,000 11,000,000 1247,500 5,000,000 14,427,500 14,427,500 14,427,500 16,000,000 12,106,300 12,106,300 12,106,300 10,000,00	28,027,000 19,503,000 3,142,000 201,823,505 18,150,000 1,078,000	1 ½ 0 1 ½ 0	May 1, 1907 Det. 16, 1911 Det. 1, 1912 I Det. 1, 1912 I Det. 18, 1912 I Det. 18, 1912 I Det. 18, 1912 I Det. 18, 1912 I Det. 19, 1912 I Det. 1, 1912 I Det. 1, 1912 I Det. 1, 1912 I Aug. 1, 1912 I Aug. 31, 1912 I Aug. 31, 1912 I Jan. 2, 1907 III 1912 I Jan. 2, 1907 III 1912 I Det. 31, 1912 I Det. 31, 1912 I Det. 31, 1912 I Det. 31, 1912 I Det. 31, 1912 I Det. 31, 1912 I Det. 31, 1912 I	10 28 128 111 14 161 140 34 114 15 114 161 11 17 16 11 17 16 17 17 16 17
United States Rubber United States Rubber 1st pfd United States Rubber 2d pfd	30,000,000 50,000,000 10,000,000	18,000,000	1 1/2	Oct. 31, 1912 Oct. 31, 1912 Oct. 31, 1912	67 % 45 ¼ 105 % 85 ½ 75

STOCK LIST AND PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS IN 1912-Continued.

STOCKS.	Stock Outstand- ing.	Bonds Outstand- ing.	Rate Per Cent. Last Div.	Date Pay- ment Last Dividend Declared.	Highest and Lowest 1912. (b)
United States Steel. United States Steel pfd. United States Steel pfd. Utah Copper. Virginia-Carolina Chemical Virginia-Carolina Chemical Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke. Wabash pfd. Wabash pfd. Wells-Fargo Western Maryland Western Maryland pfd. Western Maryland pfd. Western Union Telegraph Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Wheeling & Lake Erle Wheeling & Lake Erle 2d pfd. Wheeling & Lake Erle 2d pfd. Wisconsin Central. Woolworth (F. W.) Woolworth (F. W.)	$\begin{array}{c} 360,281,100\\ 15,750,000\\ 27,984,400\\ 20,000,000\\ 9,073,680\\ 53,200,213\\ 39,200,213\\ 39,200,213\\ 39,67,400\\ 49,429,230\\ 10,000,000\\ 99,817,100\\ 39,98,700\\ 20,000,000\\ 4,986,900\\ 1,1993,500\\ 16,146,768\\ 50,000,000\\ \end{array}$	620,501,377 11,100,000 5,288,000 117,295,923 48,718,000 28,745,000 21,644,000 15,000,000 36,599,000	1 % 75c 1 ½ *5 1 ¾ 1 ¾ 1	Sept. 28, 1912 Aug. 30, 1912 Aug. 30, 1912 Aug. 30, 1912 Aug. 15, 1912 Oct. 15, 1912 Oct. 19, 1912 Oct. 15, 1912 Oct. 15, 1912 Oct. 15, 1912 Oct. 15, 1912 Oct. 17, 1912 Oct. 18, 1912 Oct. 19, 1912 Oct. 19, 1912 Oct. 11, 1912	$\begin{array}{c} 117 \\ 67 \\ 41 \\ 52 \\ 44 \\ 57 \\ 44 \\ 47 \\ 47 \\ 47 \\ 47 \\ 47$

⁽b) Report of prices in 1912 is to November 8. * Scrip. † 1% extra.

THE WORLD ALMANAC is indebted to "Bradstreet's" for the stock list and prices of stocks.

Failures in the United States.

	NUM	BER.	LIADI	LITIES.	YEARLY FAILURES.		
	*1912.	1911.	*1912.	*1911.	Year.	No. Liabilities.	
MANUFACTURERS.					1869 1870	2,799 \$75,054,054 3,546 88,242,000	
Iron, Foundries and Nalls Machinery and Tools Woollens, Carpets and Knit Goods Cottons, Lace and Hoslery Lumber, Carpenters and Coopers. Clothing and Millinery. Hats, Gloves and Furs. Chemicals and Drus. Chemicals and Drus. Paints and Olls. Printing and Engraving. Milling and Bakers Leather, Shoes and Harness. Liquors and Tobaccos. Glass, Earthenware and Bricks.	77 210 39 34 414 613 90 27 14 172 283 111 110 134	30 430 485 59 22 26 182 212 73 103 124	\$8,404,093 8,222,494 2,258,690 2,718,650 12,519,162 7,636,738 1,895,315 347,972 34,659 1,727,204 1,532,791 2,606,384 2,977,796 7,338,131	16,807,838 4,543,361 872,211 135,107 871,901 3,628,679 1,134,475 1,482,821 1,869,158 3,520,171	1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884	2.915 85.252.000 4.069 121.056.000 5.183 228.499.900 7.740 201.000.000 8.872 190.669.938 10.478 234.383.132 6.658 98.149.053 4.735 65.752.000 5.582 81.155.932 6.738 101.547.564 9.184 172.874.172 10.968 226.343.427	
All other	1,453	1,406 3,436	27,768,333 \$88,488,412	\$1,518,593 \$82,571,323	1885 1886 1887	10,637 124,220,321 9,834 114,644,119 9,634 167,560,944	
TRADERS. General Stores. Grocerles, Meats and Fish Hotels and Restaurants. Liquors and Tobacco. Clothing and Furnishing. Dry Goods and Carpets. Shoes, Rubbers and Trunks. Furniture and Crockery, Hardware, Stoves and Tools. Chemicals and Drugs. Paints and Oils. Jewolry and Clocks. Böoks and Papers. Hats, Furs and Gloves. All other. Total Trading.	1,717 2,602 497 828 1,123 794 324 299 414 62 379 96 75 1,314			3,010,050 1,847,997 409,837 2,777,820 982,532	1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	$\begin{array}{c} 10.679 \ 128.829.973 \\ 10.882 \ 148.784.337 \\ 10.907 \ 189.856.964 \\ 12.273 \ 189.856.964 \\ 12.273 \ 189.866.638 \\ 10.344 \ 114.044.167 \\ 15.242 \ 346.779.889 \\ 13.885 \ 172.992.856 \\ 13.197 \ 173.196060 \\ 15.088 \ 226.096.834 \\ 13.351 \ 154.332.071 \\ 12.186 \ 130.662.899 \\ 9.337 \ 90.878.889 \\ 11.002 \ 113.092.379 \\ 11.002 \ 113.092.379 \\ 11.615 \ 11.747.67.699 \\ 12.099 \ 145.444.185 \\ 12.199 \ 145.444.202.311 \\ 11.520 \ 102.676.172 \\ 10.682 \ 119.201.515 \\ 11.725 \ 197.385.225 \\ 11.725 \ 197.385.225 \\ 11.755 \ 197.385.225 \\ 15.690 \ 222.315.684 \end{array}$	
Brokers and Transporters Total Commercial	600	465		e106 400 000	1909	12,924 154,603,465 12,652 201,757,097	
Banking.	84			\$186,498,823	1911 *1912	13,241 186,498,823 15,299 202,219,352	

^{*}Twelve months from November 1 to October 31. Other years calendar years. These statistics were prepared for The World Almanac by R. G. Dun & Co.

Receipts and Disbursements U.S. Government, 1900=1912

O	ORDINARY RECEIPTS BY FISCAL YEARS.									
	Customs.	Internal Revenue.	Direct Tax.	Miscellaneo Premiums on Loans & Sales of Gold Coin.		Total Ordinary Receipts.				

YEARS. Ending June 30.	Customs.	Internal Revenue.	Direct Tax.	Premiums on Loans & Sales of Gold Coin.		Total Ordinary Receipts.	Excess of Ordinary Receipts over Ord nary Disbursements
1900	\$233,164,871	\$295,327,927	• • • • •			\$567,240,852	\$79,527,060
1901	238,585,456	307,180,664			38,954,098	587,685,338	77,717,984
1902	254,444,708	271,800,122			36,153,403	562,478,233	91,287,375
1903	284.479,582	230,810,124			45,106,968	560,396,674	54.297.667
1904	261.274.565	232,904,120			45,538,229	539,716,914	7.479.092
1905	261,798,857	234,095,741			48,712,161	544,606,759	*18,753,335
1906	300,251,878	249.150.213			45,315,851	594,717,942	45.312.517
1907	332,233,363	269,666,773			61,225,524	663,125,660	111.420.531
1908	286,113,130	251,711,127			63,236,466	601,060,723	*20.041.667
1909	300.711.934	246,212,644			56,661,912	603,589,490	*58,734,955
1910	333,683,445	289,933,519			51,894,751	675,511,715	15.806.324
1911	314,497,071	322,529,201			64,346,103	701.372.375	47,234,377
1912	311,321,672	321,612,200		1	58,844,593	691,778,46	37,234,502

ORDINARY DISBURSEMENTS BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEARS. Ending June 30.	Loans and	Other Civil and Miscellan'ous Items.	War Department.	Navy Department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on Public Debt.	Total Ordinary Disbursements
1900		\$105,773,190	\$134,774,768	\$55,953,078	\$10,175,107	\$140,877,316	\$40,160,333	\$487,713,792
1901		122,282,003	144,615,697		10,896,073			509,967,353
1902		113,469,324	112,272,216		10,049,585	138,488,560		471,130,858
1903		124,934,305	118,619,520	82,618,034	12,935,168	138,425,646		506,089,022
1904		136,602,203	115,035,411	102,956,102	10,438,350	142,559,266		532,237,822
1905		143,033,729	122,175,074	117,550,308	14,236,074	141,773,965		563,360,094
1906		142,894,472	117,946,692	110,474,264	12,746,859			549,405,425
1907		153,045,913	122,576,466	97,128,469	15,163,609	139,309,514		551,705,129
1908		175,420,409	137,746,523	118,037,097	14,579,755	153,892,467	21,426,138	621,102,390
1909		186,502,150	161,067,462	115,546,011	15,694,618	161,710,367	21,803,836	662,324,445
1910		180,076,442	155,911,706	123,173,717	18,504,131	160,696,416	21,342,979	659,705,391
1911		173,838,599	160,135,976	119,937,644	20,933,870			
1912		173,824,989	148,795,422	135,591,956	20 134,840	153,590,456	22,616,300	654 553,963

The total receipts of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789 to 1912, have

ne total receipts of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789 to 1912, have been: From customs, \$12,016,249,418; internal revenue, \$9,267,402,977; miscellaneous, \$1,931,802,131; total, excluding loans and premiums, \$24,340,587,617.

The total disbursements, excluding postal service. Panama Canal, and public debt, same period, have been: For civil and miscellaneous, \$5,272,899,110; war, \$7,318,792,233; navy, \$2,944,033,193; Indians, \$586,354,247; pensions, \$4,619,655,700; interest, \$3,300,324,684; total, \$24,622,612,273.

* Disbursements in excess of receipts.

National Statuary Wall.

Works of art in the Capitol Building, Washington, have been acquired by gift from private individuals interested in the preservation of the historical, biographical, or pictorial art of the nation; by the gift from States, as instanced by the statues of distinguished citizens forming the collection is Statuary Hall, and by purchase by the Government. A general supervision of the art works of the Capitol Building, except as otherwise provided by law. Statuary Hall, formerly the hall of the House of Representatives, was established as Statuary Hall by act of Congress of July 2, 1864. By this legislation a National Hall of Statuary was created, and the President was authorized to invite each State to contribute to the collection to be formed; two statues, in either marble or bronze, of deceased citizens of the State whom "for historic renown or from civil or military services" the State should consider as worthy of commemoration in this National Hall of Statuary.

The following is a list of statues presented by the States and the dates of the works:

STATE.	Name.	Date.	STATE.	Name.	Date.
	J. L. M. Curry			Richard Stockton	1886
	Roger Sherman JonathanTrumbuil	1872 1872	Now Vork	Philip Kearny Robert R. Livingston	1875 1874
Idaho	George L. Shoup		New Tork	George Clinton	1873
Illinois	James Shields	1893	Ohio	James A. Garfield	1885
	Frances E. Willard	1905		William Allen	1887
	Oliver P. Morton Lew Wallace	1899 1909		J. P. G. Muhlenberg Robert Fulton	1881 1881
	James Harlon	1909		Nathanael Greene	1869
Kansas	John J. Ingalls	1904	**	Roger Williams	1870
Maine	William King	1877		John C. Calhoun	
	Charles Carroll			Stephen F. Austin Samuel Houston	1904 1904
Massachusetts	Samuel Adams	1873		Ethan Allen	
*	John Winthrop	1872		Jacob Collamer	1879
Michigan	Lewis Cass	1889		Washington	1908
	Francis P. Biair	1899		R. E. Lee	
	Thomas H. Benton	1899 1894		John E. Kenna Francis H. Pierpont	1903
	Daniel Webster			James Marquette	

Comparative Wholesale Prices of Commodities.

QUOTATIONS RULING FOR STANDARD GRADES, 1900 TO 1912.

The following table from "Bradstreet's Journal" shows average ruling prices for 106 commodities in the United States at various periods from 1900 to 1912:

in the United States at various periods from 1						
COMMODITIES.	1900.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
	Feb. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.
BREADSTUFFS. Wheat, No. 2, red Winter, in clevator, per bush. Corn, No. 2, mixed, in elevator, per bush. Oats, No. 2, mixed, in elevator, per bush. Barley, No. 2 (Milwaukee), per bush. Rye, Western, per bush. Flour, straight Winter, per barrel. LIVE STOCK.	\$0.75125 .40 .285 .46 .61 3.40	\$1.085 .82 .52 .635 .8325 4.10	\$1.235 .70 .42 .665 .80 5.40	\$0.96 .5675 .34 .71 .865 4.25	\$0.995 .795 .53 1.23 1.02 4.25	\$1.06* .70 .38 .74 .75 4.65
Beeves, best, native steers (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Sheep, prime (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Hogs, prime (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Horses, average com. to best (Chic.), per head. PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES	6.35 5.25 4.90 \$5.00	7.35 4.40 5.85 145.00	9.00 4.65 8.00 180.00	7.55 4.30 8.60 195.00	9.15 3.90 6.40 195.00	11.00 4.55 8.00 200.00
COMMODITIES. BREADSTUFFS. Wheat, No. 2, red Winter, in clevator, per bush. Corn, No. 2, mixed, in clevator, per bush. Cats, No. 2, mixed, in clevator, per bush. Rye, No. 2 (Milwaukeo), per bush. Rye, Western, per bush. Rye, Western, per bush. Flour, straight Winter, per barrel. Beeves, best, native steers (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Sheep, prime (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Cheep, prime (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Sheep, prime (Chic.), per 100 lbs. Horses, average com. to best (Chic.), per head. Provisions and concerning the control of the concerning the control of the concerning the control of the control of the concerning the control of the	$\begin{array}{c} .0775 \\ .0625 \\ .0625 \\ .03775 \\ .03775 \\ .03775 \\ .04 \\ 11.00 \\ 10.50 \\ .0625 \\ .0975 \\ .0615 \\ .255 \\ .255 \\ .44 \\ 1.05 \\ .0425 \\ .225 \\ 1.30 \\ 1.50 \\ \end{array}$. (9 .0825 .0825 .04525 .34 .44 .16.00 .1075 .115 .0980 .28 .1325 .23.00 .06375 .165 .28 .97 .05 .240 .210 .212	38 04 14.50 25.75 .1225 .145 .1265 .32 .165 20.00 7.00 .08125 .0505 .18 .28 1.00 .0505 .28 1.00 .0505 .1505	1175 16 1215 325 1525 26 00 11 046 16 32 80 045 2.80 2.45 1.25	35 04 13.50 16.75 .09125 .125 .0915 .33 .15375 .0660 .15375 .0660 .185 .35 .94 .04375 *4.80 *6.00 2.37	
Apples (State), per barrel. Cranberries, Cape Cod, fancy, per barrel. Peanuts, best Virginia, in buil, per lb. Lemons, choice, per box, 300s. Raisins, layer, per lb. Currants, new, dried, per lb.	4.50 8.00 .035 2.10 .0775 .045	2.50 5.50 .055 4.75 .0675	2.50 4.00 .05 5.00 .06 .0575	3.00 4.50 .045 5.25 .09 .075	2.00 7.50 .0575 4.50 .085 .09	2.00 5.50 .0525 4.50 .095 .08375
Native Steer hides, No. 1, per lb	.1325 .26 .37 .41	.15 .295 .35 .37	.175 .31 .37 .42	.145 .24 .32 .38	.1625 .26 .35 .39	.1975 .29 .40 .42
Cotton and ding pplands, per lb. Mool. Ohlo & Pax X. washed (Boston), per lb. Wool, Alast & Pax X. washed (Boston), per lb. Wool, Alast & Pax Y. washed (Boston), per lb. Wool, Alast & Pax Y. washed (Boston), per lb. Slik, best No. I, illature, per lb. Slik, best No. I, illature, per lb. Flax, New Zealand, spot, per lb. Flax, New Zealand, spot, per lb. Print cloths, 648 (Boston), per yard. Standard sheetings (Boston), per yard. Glirghams, Amosk. Staple (Boston), per yard. Cotton sheetings, Southern, 3 yards, per yard. METALS.	.0825 .34 .90 .145 .0375 5.20 .085 .0325 .0625 .055	.0940 .30 .83 .05875 .04 3.80 .05375 .03125 .0675 .05	3.50 3.50 .06125 .04 .08 .055	.1455 .29 .85 .05 .0425 3.675 .05 .0375 .0775 .0775	.0940 .26 .85 .05 .046 3.32 .045 .0325 .0775 .0625 .0725	.1175 .28 .86 .10125 .05875 3.625 .0775 .04 .0775 .0625 .0725
Iron ore, old range, Bessemer, hematite, per ton. Pig. No. 1, foundry, Eastern (N. Y.), per ton. Pig. No. 2, foundry, Eastern (N. Y.), per ton. Pig. Sessemer (Pittsburgh), per ton. Pig. Bessemer (Pittsburgh), per ton. Steel billets, Bessemer (Pittsburgh), per ton. The plates, American (Pittsburgh), per 100 lbs. Steel beams (Pittsburgh), per ton. The plates, American (Pittsburgh), per 100 lbs. Steel beams (Pittsburgh), per ton. Silver, commercial bars (N. Y.), per ounce. Copper, Lake Superior ingots (N. Y.), per ib. Lead, pig, Western (New York), per lb. Tin, pig, spot (New York), per lb. Quicksilver (San Fran.), per flask, 75 pounds. Anthracite, stove sizes (New York), per ton. Bituminous (Pitts), 1, 6, b. Chic., per ton. Connelisville coke, per short ton, 1, 6, b. Southern coke (Chattanooga), per ton.	6.50 25.00 17.50 25.00 35.00 35.00 4.65 45.00 .60375 .1625 .04675 2.75	4 .50 17 .25 12 .50 15 .40 25 .00 28 .00 3 .70 32 .00 .50375 .139375 .0435 .29625 44 .00	.13	5.00 15.75 11.00 15.90 23.50 28.00 3.50 27.00 .56 .128125 .0440 .3675 45.00	4.50 15.00 10.00 15.15 19.50 28.00 3.20 24.00 .54375 .0425 .415 44.50	4.25 18.25 14.00 17.90 27.00 28.00 3.60 29.00 .625 .175625 .04975 .5025 41.50
Anthracite, stove sizes (New York), per ton Bituminous (Pitts.), f. o. b. Chic., per ton Connellsville coke, per short ton, f. o. b. Southern coke (Chattanooga), per ton	4.25 3.50 3.00 4.30	5.00 3.35 1.75 4.25	5.00 3.40 2.85 4,50	5.00 3.225 1.55 4.50	5.00 3.15 1.50 4.45	5.25 3.65 4.00 4.95

Digestiveness of Foods. COMPARATIVE WHOLESALE PRICES OF COMMODITIES—Continued

COMPARATIVE WHOLESALE	PRICES	OF COY	17100011	IES—Con	tinuca.	
COMMODITIES.	1900.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
Columbia	Feb. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.
MINERAL AND VEGETABLE OILS. Petroleum, reude, in barrels (N. Y.), per barrel. Petroleum, reined, in cases, per gallon. Linseed, per gallon. Cottonseed, crude, prime (N. Y.), per pound Castor, No. 1, per 1b. Olive, Italian, in barrels, per gallon. NAVAL STORES.	.099 .56 .0426	\$1.78 .0875 .42 .0496 .1075 1.15	\$1.53 .085 .63 .0708 .10 .85	\$1.30 .0740 .97 .0727 .105 .90	\$1.30 .0735 .88 .0565 .105 .85	\$1.65 .0835 .58 .0560 .10 .88
Rosin, good strained (Savannah), per barrel, Turpentine, machine, reg. (Savannah), per gal. Tar, regular (Wilmington, N. C.), per barrel BUILDING MATERIALS.		2.70 .37 1.80	4.00 .575 1.80	5.875 .7675 2.60	6.15 .45 1.80	$^{6.10}_{\stackrel{.3825}{.2.20}}$
Brick, Hudson River, hard, per M. Lime, Eastern common, per barrel. Nails, wire, from store, base price, per keg. Glass window, 10x15 per box, 50 sq. fect. Pine, yellow, yard schedule, per M. Timber, Eastern spruce, wide random, per M. Timber, hemiock, Penna., random, per M. CHEMICALS AND DRUSS.	$\begin{array}{c} .75 \\ 3.65 \\ 2.20 \\ 22.00 \\ 21.50 \end{array}$	4.75 1.02 2.40 1.95 22.00 23.00 20.00	5.50 1.02 2.25 1.78 26.00 24.00 21.00	5.50 1.02 2.15 2.44 24.00 22.00 20.00	$\begin{array}{c} 6.00 \\ .92 \\ 2.00 \\ 1.45 \\ 26.00 \\ 23.00 \\ 21.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.75 \\ .92 \\ 1.95 \\ 2.04 \\ 26.50 \\ 23.00 \\ 23.00 \end{array}$
Alum, per pound Bicarbonate soda, American, per pound Borax, crystals, per pound, Carbolle acid, in bulk per pound, Caustle soda, 60 per cent., per pound Nitric acid, 35 degrees, per pound Sulphuric acid, 66 degrees, per 100 pounds. Phosphate rock, S. C., grd., per 2,000 pounds. Alcohol, 94 per cent., per gallon Oplum, per pound. Quinine, domestic, in bulk, per ounce. MISCELLANEOUS.	.0115 .0725 .40 .0225 .035 1.20 7.50	$\begin{bmatrix} .0175\\ .0125\\ .045\\ .11\\ .0190\\ .03875\\ 1.25\\ 7.00\\ 2.59\\ 4.25\\ .15\\ \end{bmatrix}$.0175 .0110 .04 .085 .0185 .03875 1.00 6.00 2.61 5.60	.0175 .0110 .0375 .075 .0185 .03875 1.00 6.00 2.54 4.60	$\begin{array}{c} .0175 \\ .0110 \\ .0375 \\ .16 \\ .0180 \\ .03875 \\ 1.00 \\ 6.00 \\ 2.64 \\ 7.75 \\ .14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} .0175 \\ .0110 \\ .04 \\ .14 \\ .0180 \\ .03875 \\ 1.00 \\ 6.00 \\ 2.56 \\ 7.00 \\ .195 \end{array}$
Hops, New York State, choice, per pound. Rubber, up-river, Para, fine new, per pound. Tobacco, med.leaf, Burley (Louisville), per pound Paper, news, roll, per pound Ground bone, fine, average per ton, steamed. Hay, prime (New York), per 100 pounds. Cottonseed (Houston), per ton 2,000 pounds * Basis of 100 lbs. † Pacific Coast. Average of	0.095 0.03 0.00 0.85 0.00	13.50	†.13 2.05 .175 .021 22.50 .95 26.00	†.13 1.38 .13 .026 24.50 1.10 23.00		.27 1.03 .08 .0225 21.00 1.10 17.00

Number. \$6.4346 YEAR. 1901.... Number. ' YEAR. Number. \$7.5746 7.8759 7.9364 7.9187 8.0987 8.4176 1907..... 1908..... 5.9124 6.1159 6.5713 7.2100 7.8839 1902 1909... 1909... 1911... 1903.... 1904.... 8.5153 8.9881 8.7132 9.1216 1905..... 1906..... 1912.....

The figures for 1912 are based on the numbers ruling on the first of January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, and October.

Average Savings of Salaried Men.

THE Massachusetts Labor Bureau in 1910, published statistics showing the average income, expenditures, and savings of various classes. Some of the figures relating to salarled persons and professional men are as follows:

protessional men are as			\			
A·	verage Average Ex-	Average	1	Average	Average Ex-	Average
I	ncome. penditures.			Income.	pend tures.	Savings.
Bankers and brokers \$		\$2,388	Clergymen	\$3,150	\$2,581	8369
Lawyers	4,169 2,685	1.474	Professors and tutors	2,878	2,335	543
Physicians	3.907 3.190	717	Steamboat officials	2.529	1.926	603
	3,441 2,813	628	Express officials	1,906	1,647	259
Supts. of Man'f'g Co's	3,262 2,533	7291	, -	•		

It is stated that thirty out of every one hundred acknowledged having saved nothing.

Digestiveness of Foods.

		н.	M.	Н. М.
Apples, sweet	.Raw	. 1	30	Game (most kinds)Roasted
Asparagus	.Boiled	. 1	30	Liver (calves) Fried or sauteed 2 30
Beans	. Boiled	. 2	30	Lamb Grilled
Beef, Iean	.Roasted	. 3	00	Milk
Beef, fresh salted	. Boiled	. 2	45	Milk Boiled
Beef, old salted	. Bolled	. 6	00	Mutton Boiled and broiled 3 00
Beets	.Bolled	. 3	45	Nuts 5 00
Bread, fresh	.Baked	. 3	30	Oysters
Cabbage	.Pickled	. 4	30	Oysters 3 30
Celery	.Bolled	. 1	30	Onlons Stewed 3 30
Chicken	.Bolled	. 2	00	Pork, fat Roasted
Chicken	.Roast	. 4	00	Pork, salt
Cheese, old		. 3	30	Potatoes Fried or baked 2 30
Duck	.Roasted	. 2	00	Rice Bolled 1 00
Eggs, fresh	.Raw	. 2	00	Sausage 3 30
	.Soft bolled		00	Tripe 1 00
Eggs, fresh	. Hard boiled	. 4	00	Trout
Fish, not fat	.Bolled	. 1	30	Turkey
Fish, not fat	Fried	. 3	00	Veal Roast or grilled 5 00

Principal Trusts in the Anited States.*

(Corrected to November 18, 1912.) Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Byron W. Holt.) INDUSTRIAL TRUSTS.+ CORPORATE LEADING

6 ů 6 6 මඇම ම්ව 5. 3 3 9 3 ලිලි 9 9 3 ම්ලම 9 9 9 Bonds. 2,597,000 (3,023,000 500,000 12,318,000 1.480.670 6,126,000 557,500 2,793,080 315,000 7,892,000 2,834,000 6,000,000 0.578,000 344,000 900,000 350,000 700.000 \$5,000,000 2,000,000 780,000 5,000,000 352,000 : (With Rates of Interest and Dividends.) CAPITALIZATION. Pref. Stock. 9 ල් 9 9 9 **E3** 30 96 9 669 **E**E® 16,050,000 2,000,000 600,000 1,681,540 16,723,648 25,000,000 8,705,605 \$2,500,000 41,233,300 1,100,000 10,198,6002,000,000 1,206,100 4,000,000 1,627,300 27,092,700 5,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 2,500,000 644,000 .000,000 2,548,300 1,163,500 3,009,000 500 PRESENT 33 4 ର୍ଚ୍ଚ Com. Stock. 9 9 3 9 9 8 6,478,200 3,000,000 19,820,000 8,000,000 19,400,000 4,000,000 10,539,300 2,000,000 20,237,100 2,627,550 9,920,000 11,274,100 2,347,500 19,042,500 2,550,000 1,000,000 2,100,000 6,000,000 28, 200 28, 200 25, 000, 000 25, 000, 000 25, 000, 000 35, 500, 000 35, 500, 000 31, 161, 100 5, 000, 000 1,936,250 15,000,0003,600,000 41,233,300 900 2,551,400 18,330,900 1,500,000 1,627,300 3,894,400 1,750,000 5,000,000 4,000,000 Chicago.....Mahwah, N.J. Waterbury ... ork... Boston.... Rochester... New York... New York... Chicago.... York, Pa.... Philadelphia. New York... cebanon... Philadelphia. New York. New York.. York. York.. Bridgeport.. N. Britain.. Indianapolis York.. New York.. Easton, Pa. Pittsburgh.. ersey City Location Boston... York. York. York. New York. New York Glassport, York York York New York Main Office. Cincinnati Cincinnati New York Elmira.. Ogden. New New New New New New New. New New New rkakagek zyszygykyzyg NZ Pa Pa.... Mass. Çt... N.Y Organized. Mass Ohlo Where 1903 1903 1905 1901 1910 When Organized. No. of Plants Acquired or Controlled. დ**ნ** 4 ი თ თ ထကတ္ထကတ Bottle Co.

Prake Shoe & Foundry Co.

Brass Co. (largest consumer of copper in U. S.)

Can Co. (180% U. S. output).

Can & Foundry Co. (railroad cars, 18 cos.).

Caramel Co. Am. Colortype Co.
Am. Colortype Co.
Am. Cotton Oll Co. (17 cos.)
Am. Dyewood Co. (U. S. and foreign cos.).
Am. Felt Co. (plano and organ felt).
Am. Fort & Hoe Co. (controls 90% of output).
Am. Figult Product Co. (colder, vinegar, etc.). Hominy Co., (holds Am. Ice Co.).
Ice Securities Co., (holds Am. Ice Co.).
Iron & Steele Mfg., Co., (bolts and nuts).
La France Fire Engine, Co., Oak Leather Co. Plano Co. (8 plano cos.).... Pipe & Construction Co..... Adirondack Electric Power Corp.
Aeollan-WeberPiano&PianolaCo.(piano&piano player cos.) Allegheny Steel Co.
Allis-Chalmers Co. (4 heavy machinery plants).
Alpha Portland Cement Co.
Aluminum Co. of America. Amal. Copper Co. (many cost, mines, timber and cost lands; reduction works, raliroads, sawmills, etc.)...
Amal. Sugar Co. (3 Western beet sugar cost)...
Am. Agtr. Chemical Co. (28 fertilizer plants) Axe & Tool Co. Beet Sugar Co. (5,000 tons dally) Book Co. (school book combine). Am. Cement Co. Am. Chicle Co. (85% chewing gum in U. S.) Controls Sen Chiclet Co. Laundry Machine Co. (6 cos.).
Linseed Co. (85% U. S. product). Locomouve Co. Mattal Cor., Ltd. Milling Co. (cattle feed, etc.). Coal Products..... Glue Co Graphophone Co. (cos. In U. S. and Europe) PRESENT NAME OF TRUST. Locomotive Co.. A P A B B B B Am. Am. AB. ġ AB. Am. AAA BBB AB. Am. AAB ġ Am. AB. HHH HHH

	Principal	Trusts in	the $United$	l States.	283
2,649,000 (5) 1,303,500 (6) 15,000,000 (6) 6,338,200 (4) (5, 6)	6.000,000 (4) 5.260,500 (6) 1.900,000 (6) 2.260,000 (6) 2.266,000 (6) 3.489,000 (6)		SSSSSS : :	7.49,300 (0) 4,000,000 (0) 7,000,000 (5) 396,000 (6) 1,485,000 (5) 2,000,000 (5)	2,406,000 (6, 5) 1,000,000 (6, 8) 39,062,000 (5, 8) 1,617,094 (5)
7,828.800 (3) 3,000,000 (7) 1,370,000 2,500,000 (9) 7,900,000 (7) 47,000,000 (5,6)	45.000,000 (7) 4.890,475 (5) 52.459,400 (6) 39.691,300 (6, 7) 2.000,000 (7) 7.68,600 6.557,794	4,000,000 40,000,000 850,000 12,500,000 3,000,000 280,354		1,200,000 (8) 2,000,000 (3) 7,500,000 (7) 4,550,000 (7) 1,426,266 (6) 1,000,006 (8)	
222	62624 62624	(4) (5) (1) (2)	£8 Ê		<u> </u>
9,991,325 6,765,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000 30,000,000 30,000,000 17,184,000 5,000,000	45,000,000 6,000,000 40,242,400 97,904,105 4,000,000 1,200,200 12,557,794	12:310:808 20,000 900:000 2,000:000 2,000:000 1,000:000 40,000:000	1,000,000 1,4500,000 1,4500,000 20,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	1,250,000 25,250,000 21,250,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,450 25,450 25,487,000	5,925,000 5,125,000 1,406,800 3,600,000 39,700,000 6,485,800 2,480,500
Boston. Middetown. Middetown. Pervidence. New York. Springfield Fitisburgh Cleveland New York. New York. Boston.	Jersey City New York Jersey City Jersey City Gridago Wilmington Pittsburgh	Rochester Boston Boston New York Holyoke Boston Chicago San Fran	New York New York New York Chicago New York Philadelphia Baltimore Lincoln New York	Brooklyn, Youngst'n, O. Chleago. New York. Spillwaukee San Fran. San Fran. San Fran. Pulladelphia.	Newark Kansas Clty New York New York New York Hamilton Chlcago
1899, Del	1891 1904 1004 1004 1001 1892 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001	1899 Pa. 1. 1899 Pa	1903 S. C. 1911 Del 1908 III. Y. 1911 Pa. 1902 Del 1905 K. Wa. 1904 K. Wa.	1892 W. va. 1905 W. Y. 1906 Del. 1906 Pa. 1911 Wis. 1899 Cal. 1899 Cal. 1898 Pa.	1890 N. J. 1893 No. J. 1891 Mo. 1905 N. J. 1902 Ohlo. 1892 III. 1892 III.
821 821 821 821 8421 8421 8421	1133 180 35 25 25	322 30 10 10 10	5r-res 4gagra	.02- .02- .02- .02- .02- .02- .02- .02-	œœω46ω51∞π <u>/</u>
Am Preumatle Service Co. (9 cos.) Am Radiator Co. (75% in U. S.) Am Radiator Co. (75% in U. S.) Am Serew Co. (6 cos.) Am Secting Machine Co. (6 cos.) Am Seeding Watchine Co. (8 cos. etc. on Great Lakes) Am Sippulliding Co. (8 cos. etc. on Great Lakes) Am Simpulliding Co. (8 cos. etc. on Great Lakes) Controls Am Sinelter and Securities Co. (2007) Am Sords Foundries Co. (3 big cos.) Am Sords Foundries Co. (3 big cos.) Am Stock Co.	Am. Sugar Refining Co. (50%, refined sugart by S., controlling interest in many beet and cause sugar cos). Am. Triesad Co. (serregated in 1911—see front note). Subsidiaries—13 legally independent cos. (see foot note). Am. Type Prounders Co. (Seeregated in 1911—see foot note). Controls Barnhart Bros. & Splindier. Am. Wutsanfach Nibre Co.	Confitois Am. Window Guiss Co. (35% U. S. product). Am. Woolen Co. Am. Wroting Paper Co. Am. Writing Paper Co. (31 plants, 76% all). Ames Shovet & Tool Co. Amson Co. (cameras, films, etc.). Armour & Co. (teef packers). Associated Oil Co. (Cal.	Atlantic Coast Lumber Corp. Atlantic Print & Reamship Co. Atlantic Terra Cotta Co. (largest In world) Automatic Electric Co. Automatic Electric Co. Baldwin Locomotive Works. Baldwin Locomotive Works. Baldwin Locomotive Works. Balthinge Brick Co. Bentrice Creamery Co. of Iowa (34,000,000 lbs. butter). Bentrice Creamery Co. of Iowa (34,000,000 lbs. butter). Bishop-Ballwook-Berker Co. (fauces, etc.).	Block Light Co. (use, presse, etc.). Block Light Co. (gas mandes, etc.) Border's Condense Co. Brill (J. G.) Co. (§ electric and steam car cos.). Buyrus Co. (steam shovels, dredges, etc.). Callfornia & Hawalian Sugar Refaining Co. Callfornia Fruit Canners' Association and are the company of the control of	Central Cross of the Cost of the Cost of the Cost of Central Freworks Co. (controls 6 big cos.) Central Freworks Co. (Cost of the Cost of Central Eventral Cost of the Cost of the Cost of the Cost of the Cost of Champion Cost of Paper Co. Charge Pennante Tool Co. of New Jersey. Chicago Rallway Equipment Co. (over 225 patents) Cleveland-Akron Bag Co.

284			Princi	pal	Tri	ısts	in	the	U	nited	St	ates.					
on.‡ Dividends.)	Bonds.	\$2,500,000 (6) 5,435,000 (6) 10,000,000 (3%)	46.044,000 (5, 6) 33,601,000 (5) 7,000,000 (6) 925,000 (6) 2,773,000 (5)	840,000 (6) 2,850,500 (4) 3,000,000 (6)	204,000 (5) 9,564,480 (5, 6) 3,000,000 (6)		2,203,000 (5) 2,203,000 (6) 5,375,000 (5)		2,430,000 (5)	700,000 (6)	2,500,000 (5) 3,500,000 (5 , 5 ½)	1,500,000 (6) 2,510,730 2,900,000 (6)			2,120,000 (5)	5,010,000 (5) 259,500 (6)	*
Present Capitalization. (With Rates of Interest and Dividends.)	Pref. Stock.	\$2,502,000 27,500,000 (6, 20)	2,000,000	1,149,500	29,818,533 (4)	25,000,000 (7) 7,893,800	2,000,000 (6) 1,249,125 (6) 27,654,900 (7)		2,000,000 1st \	2222	2,500,000 3,322,800 (6) 1,180,000 (6)	13,140,000 (5) 5,925,000 (7)		14,393,500 (7) 2,000,000 (6) 6,000,000 (7)	1,952,850 (7)	500,000	
Ps (With R	Com. Stock.	\$5,000,000 (2½) 2,386,500 20,000,000 (30)	34,235,500 20,000 10,446,000 2,699,100 3,400,600	2,475,300 4,000,000 3,000,000	2,000,000 49,756,533	24.578.400 24.578.400 7.135.600		16,000,000 (6) 10,000,000 (14) 30,784,140 (2)		19,586,200 (40) 4,999,600 16,074,425 (2) 4,700,000	1,254,000 6,677,200 5,000,000		8,558,900 (5) 77,335,200 (8) 4,000,000 (10)	15,822,330 3,000,000 10,000,000 (12)		150,000,000 (1+) 6,000,000 (7) 2,500,000	10,000,120,01
Location of Main	Office.	Cleveland Cleveland	HHANO	コー	Jersey City. Birmingham. Jersey City New York	Ampere Pittsburgh			Pottsville	Rochester New York Philadelphia.		Pittsburgh Phlladelphia. New York	Phillipstown. Schenectady. Providence.	Detroit Rochester Akron	Pittsburg Chicago Cleveland	St. Paul Bangor Chicago	Democro
9.	Wher Organ	1891 W. Va. 1898 Ohio 1890 Lond.	2 Col 3 Col 1 N. Y 6 Me	N. J.	ZZZZ ZZDZ	ZZZ	4 Ohio 1 III	25 Oblo	3 Pa	NNN DNN DDD	VX.V.	555 222	XXX XXX	908 N. J. 904 N. Y. 912 Ohlo.	SZZ ZZZ J.	ZZZ ZZZ	
of Plants ired or rolled.	No. o Acqui Conti Wher Organ	42 1189 189 189	10 1892 1903 19 1911 13 1906 8 1905	8 190 4 189 11 191	7 189 7 189 700 190	190	22 75.5 190 191 191	20 20 190 190 190	4 1903	20 190 7 189 12 188	3 189	69 190 20 191 191	30 30 1892 1892 1892 1892 1892 1892 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893	27 3 1908 5 1912		10 5 189 190 190	77.
PRESENT NAME OF TRUST.		Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co. Cleveland & Sandusky Brewing Co. Coats (J. & P.), Lid. (4 cotton thread cos. in U. S. & foreign)	Coprado Fuel & Tron Co. (coa and fron mines, coke ovens, raliroads, etc.). Controls Colorado Industrial Co. Computilig-Tabulading-Recording Co. Composidiated Coal Co. Consolidated Indiana Coal Co.	Consolidated Naval Stores Co. (largest in world). Consolidated Rubber The Co.		:::	Cudan-American Sugar of Cudan-American Cudan-American Sugar of Cudan Packing Co. (Gelf packers) Dayton Brewerles O. (Cultivators, etc.)	Dlamond Match Co. Dlamond Rubber Co. Distillers Segurities Corp.	Eastern Steel Co	Eastman Kodak Co. (world trust). Electric Boat Co. Electric Stonge Battery Co. Filtotta Stonger Battery Co.	Empire Steel & Iron Co. Federal Sugar Rething Co. Federal Sugar Rething Co. Four States Co. & Coke Co.	Gentand Corp. General Asphalt Co. General Baking Co. (bread, etc.)	General Chemical Co. General Five Extinguisher Co.	ಷಷ್ಟ	Great Lakes Coal Co. Great Lakes Dredge & Dock Co. Great Lakes Towing Co. (many towing and wrecking cos.)	Great Northern Iron Ore Properties. Great Northern Paper Co Great Western Carefal Co Great Western Surer Co (9 Colored America Co	

	Principal	Trusts in th	ie Unitea	states.	285
1.265.000 (5) 2.262.000 (6) 2.262.000 (6) 4.20.000 (5) 6.715.000 (6) 2.000.000 (6)	2,000,000 (6) 78,077,312 (41%, 5) 8,475,154 (5) 17,662,000 (5, 6)	2,084,000 (5) 500,000 (6) 8,995,000 (6) 5,266,000 (6) 10,645,700 (5) 3,445,700 (5) 5,050,000 (6)	270,000 (7) 4,300,000 (5) 1,500,000 (6) 15,000,000 (6) 42,058,000 (6) 21,425,333 (4,4%)	12,796,000 (4, 5, 6) 683,000 (6) 3,821,500 (5, 6) 928,500 (9) 12,100,000 (4)2)	556,000 (6) 3,528,000 (5) 1,260,000 (5)
9,600,000 (§) 700,000 (§) 4,000,000 (§) 1,278,000 5,500,000 (§) 4,600,000 6,500,000 8,905,150 2,925,500	1,250,000 (7) 13,040,200 (7) 5,809,400 60,000,000 (7) 51,730,971 8,912,626 (6) 22,406,700	1,250,000 2,000,000 8,250,000 (7) 8,250,000 (7) 13,810,556 (6) 1,466,000	5,000,000 3,000,000 (6)	24.894.500 (3) 2.6893.300 (3) 2.689.300 (3)	8,546,600 (7) 7,900,500 (4)
18,000,000 (2) 2,000,000 (6) 1,650,000 1,258,000 1,278,000 1,278,000 1,278,000 1,278,000 1,278,000 1,3918,550 6,593,125	29.031,000 (2) 7.809,000 7,676,296 8.000,000 (6) 49.931,735 11,582,626 (12+) 17,442,800 5,647,000	2,500,000 8,000,000 12,750,000 6,85,383 17,773,300 17,773,300 30,000,000 1,577,000 2,500,000	6,000,000 (7) 5,000,000 4,000,000 9,915,400 (10) 12,000,000 12,000,000 26,557,950 (8)	1,965,000 5,000,000 6,532,000 (4) 12,797,800 (15) 19,000,000 19,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 19,235,	-
1902 Pa Pittsburgh	6 N. J. Jersey Clty. 9 N. Y. New York. N. Y. New York. 2 N. J. Chicago. 3 N. J. Hoboken. 3 N. J. Hayoune. 8 N. Y. Corinth.	899 N. J., Birmingham, Providence, 901 N. J., Scranton. Stranton. Stranton. Stranton. Stranton. Morifoli, New York, New York, New York, New York, Pritsburgh, New York, Pritsburgh, New Stoly, New York, New Y	1899 Pa Pulladelphia. 1901 Twas Houston 1885 III Cincinat. 1910 W Va. Scranton 1902 N. Y. Lackawama. 1904 N. J. S. Marle. 1822 Pa Pulladelphia.	1871 Pa. Pulladelphia. Pulsburgh P	, KK
36 448484118 01 00 01 00	8 15 1909 18 1900 33 1902 1893 24 1898 1898	25. 29 1899 19902 19902 19902 19902 19902 8 19902	13 125 125 15 17 12	74 201 8 9 4 2 2 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	30 34 9
Harbison-Walker Refractories Co. (fire brick trust). Heywood Bros. & Wakefield Co. (fratan trust). Heywood Bros. & Wakefield Co. (fratan trust). Harbire-Columbia Associated Browerles Co. Hucebner-Toledo United Browerles Co. Huchenden Brick Co. Hilmos Brick Co. Hilmos Brick Co. Hilmos Brick Co. Hilmos Brick Co. West Pas. West Pas. West Pas. West Pas. Jo. (steam and air drills in U. S. and Gan).	nucerounthental Kuboer Co. (Auxician fund African planta- thermational Agricultural Corp. (fertilizer cos.) International Cotton Millis Corp. (controls 40 brands) International Harvesfer Co. (plants in U. S., Can. and Lacruational Mercantile Marine Co. (122 steamers, etc.). International Mercantile Marine Co. (122 steamers, etc.). International Paper Co. (1,700 tons print paper per day). Anternational Paper Co. (compressed air, etc., plants).	Controls—Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Co. (fun- naces, ovens, etc.). Am. & Britsh Mg. Co. (guns & engines). International Salte Co. (daily capacity 60,000 pairs). International Shee Co. (daily capacity 60,000 pairs). International Shee Co. (silverware trust). International Steam Pump Co. (90% of all) International Steam Pump Co. (90% of all) International Steam Pump Co. (20% of all)	Acts from Watch Case Co. (19,000 cases, 5,000 movements a furby Lumber Co. (300,000,000 cases, 5,000 movements a Kinty Lumber Co. (300,000,000 tall tee plants in Culcago). La Belle Iron Works (steel, pipe, nails, etc.). Lackawanna Coal & Lumber Co. (15 W. Va. cos.). Lackawanna Steel Co. (furnaces, mines in 6 States). Lacka Superlor Cop. (furnaces, mines in 6 States). Leftign Coal & Navigation Co. (4.51,5,06 tons coal in 191).	Lefligh Valley Coal Co. (9,021,206 tous anthractee coal In 19 11) All All All All All All All All All Al	Asional Car Wheof (var. 1995) and yan worth). National Casker Co. (functions selling agencies) varional Enamelling & Stamping Co. (fun. galvanized National Firebrooding Co. (terra cotta, tiles, etc.).

200			rencipai	LTUS	cs 270 c/i	e Onne	a states.	
on.‡ Dividends.)	Bonds.	\$201,000 (6)	4.000,000 (4) 2,500,000 (5)	850,000 (6) 800,000 (6) 2,250,000 (6)	20,675,000 (4.73,00) 429,000 (6) 6,319,000 (5) 19,836,120 (5)	5.613,300 (5) 1,000,000 (6) 3,674,000 (5) 75,000 (4)	7,172,000 (5) 18,051,787 (5) 8,555,000 (5) 4,782,600 (6) 1,900,000 (6)	
PRESENT CAPITALIZATION.# (With Rates of Interest and Dividends.)	Pref. Stock.§	\$24,367,600 (7) 500,000 (6) 600,000 (4)	2,520,300 (7) 10,000,000 (6) 6,737,400 2,000,000 (6) 100,000	200	1,356,700 (7) 1,416,600 (7) 6,100,100 (7) 32,000,000 (5) 10,500,000 (7)	2,761,400 (6) 2,500,000 (6) 12,500,000 (7) 12,500,000 (8)	9,000,000 (7) 13,500,000 (7) 25,000,000 (7) 10,000,000 (7) 4,383,000 (8)	6,770.000 (7) 5,900.000 (8) 1,160.000 (8) 5,600.000 (8) 3,000.000 (8)
Pr (With R	Com. Stock.	$\begin{array}{c} \$20,655,400 & (3) \\ 1,000,000 & (3) \\ 15,000,000 & (7) \\ 400,000 & \end{array}$	4,847,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 13,474,800 8,500,000 6,375,300 (4)	1,237,500 1,900,000 4,260,600 2,000,000 2,800,000	1,500,000 1,466,850 5,962,250 32,000,000 7,000,000 (S)	$\begin{array}{c} 4,520,000 \ (2) \ 4,000,000 \ (1) \ 3,573,000 \ 12,500,000 \ 12,000,000 \ (12) \ 120,000,000 \ (8+) \end{array}$	5,000,000 (10) 13,500,000 27,191,000 5,000,000 10,000,000 4,383,000 (2)2) 6,000,000 8,000,000 6,000,000 8,000,000	60,000,000 (12) 10,000,000 3,371,000 (0) 1,50,000 284,871 4,600,000 98,338,382 (20)
Location of Main	ощее.	New York Brooklyn Chicago	Paterson Jersey City. Newark. Macdonald. New York. Boston.	Fortland Oakland Greenville Alexandria Seranton				Ellzabeth Birmingham Birmingham Birmingham Bersy City Springfield. Pitsburgh. New York. New York.
n nlzed. nlzed.	Муб	1891 N. J. 1902 N. Y. 1903 N. J. 1890 Ky.	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	899 N. J. S. C. 990 Del. 897 Pa.	886 N. Y. 911 Ohlo. 899 Pa. 889 N. J. 901 Pa.	907 Va 908 Ct 904 Del. 899 N. J. 905 Ohlo. 867 III.	901 N. J. 899 N. J. 899 N. Y. 887 Ind. 887 Ind. 889 Eng.	1863 N. Y. 1899 N. J. 1899 N. J. 1890 N. J. 1890 N. J. 1890 N. J. 1890 N. J. 1882 N. J.
of Planta lired or rolled. n		81.04	84%25.0	245025	24691000	11 29 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	ed & 2004024	. 4454£17 200 200
PRESENT NAME OF TRUST.		National Lead Co. (white lead, oxides, etc.). Mathonal Licorrec Co. (in U. S. and Canada). Estimate Packing Co. (mest packers in U. S. and Eng.). National Surv. Co. (plants in S. States). Nation St. Dychier Co. (nations in S. States).	sylvania and switzentand). Sylvania and switzentand). National Sugar Refullir Co. (16% of business in U. S.) New Hersey Zine Co. (1914)s and A. and Pa.) New Hersey Zine Co. (1914)s and Pa.) New Hersey Zine Co. (1914)s and Pa.) New Hersey Zine Co. (1914)s and Salaria Co. (1914) in anny States). No. Am. Porfland Cement Co. (1904) in anny States). Olis Eleyator Co. (1918)enger elevations)	hearth coast Bretan Co., (Georgia y 693,) Parket Cotton Mills Co. (16 S. C. mills) Pen-American Plate Glass Co. Pen-American Plate Glass Co. Pen-Central Brewing Co. (Geopedry 356,000 blis.) Pensvilyania Steel Co. (nights in T. S. and Chiba)	Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mig. Co. (heating apparatus) Pioneer Pole & Shaft Co. (160% all nl U. S.) Pittsburgh Brewing Co. (capacity 1.500,000 bbis.) Pittsburgh Coal Co. (output 17,000,000 tons of coal) Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. (plants in 3 States) Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. (plants in 3 States) Pittsburgh State Co. (plicts, rods, analy, etc.)	sell through Pocahontas Coke Co.) Pope Manufacturing Co. (7 bicycle and airlo cos.) Pract Consol. Coal (° 0. (3 bicycle and airlo cos.) Practs Coal (° 0. (3 000,000 tons—Alabama) Procter & Gamble Cu. (sont, controls industry). Protect & Gamble Cu. (sont, candles, glycerine, etc.) Pullman Co. (wwns 5,936 cats).	Quarker Olds Co. (3 or 4 leading cost, in U. S.). Raphule Iron & Steel Co. (mills, mines, etc., bar and forge Rogers-Brown fron Co. (iron and coal lands, etc.). Royal Baking Powder Co. (leading cost, in U. S.). Runaly (M.J. Co. (threshes, etc.—third largest in W. S.). St. Louis Brewerles Co. (10 operative, 8 dismantled). Sinits Bread Co. (2 or 2 bakerles in an near New York). Silversmiths Co. (20 bakerles in an near New York).	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. (plants in Alabana, 40,000 tons pig. ron). South Porto Rival Steel Co. (barb wire, wire nails, etc.). South Porto Rival Co. (ane surgar, etc.). Springfield Brewerles Co. (cone surgar, etc.). Springfield Brewerles Co. (controls trade in W. Mass.). Standard Chain Co. (plants in 4 States). Standard Ollon Co. (mills in many States). Standard Ollon Co. (mills in many States). Standard Ollon Co. (segregated in 1911—see foot note).

	- rerectif			
	\$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \ 270.000 (6) \\ 3.651.000 (5) \\ 5.000.000 (6) \end{array}\$ \$\left\{ \text{5.000,000} (6) \\ 15.000,000 (6) \\ \end{array}\$	2,305,00 (5) 2,305,000 (5) 1,472,000 (6) 9,693,000 (5,6)	8.250,000 (41%, 5) 8.250,000 (41%, 5) 8.88,037 (6) 1.900,000 (5) 3.900,000 (6) 2.500,000 (6) 2.500,000 (6) 6.000,000 (6) 1.500,000 (6) 1.000,485 (0)	
2.000,000 2.500,000 (6) 2.500,000 (6) 7.75,000 1.500,000 (7) 10,400,000 (7)	570,000 1,000,000 (7) 1,173,400 (4) non-cumulative	70,600 (5) 10,000,000 (4) 10,000,000 (6) 4,000,000 (8) 5,000,000 (8) 1,954,000 1,954,000 (7)	10,747,400 (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%)	360,281,100 (7) 388,300 (8) 20,000,000 (8)
337,115,954 2,725,000 5,000,000 (4) 2,500,000 (5) 3,500,000 (12) 1,500,000 1,500,000 30,000,000	3,751,200 75,000,000 (7) 2,500,000 (6) 27,000,000 (5) 600,000 2,200,000 (8)	16,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 10,000,000 14,000,000 2,731,500 4,000,000 4,000,000	14.427.500 (2.29.7500 (3.20.7500 (3.20.7500 (4.4.27.7500	508,302,500 (5) 607,800 (8) 9,449,910 (7) 9,073,680
J. New York. J. Flusburgh. J. Chleago. Chleago. Chleago. V. Rochester. J. S. Bend. Ind. J. New York.	N. J., Jersey City II Chicago Texas. Thurber, Tex. Texas. Houston. R. I. Providence. Met Boston	New York. Boston So. Omana. Illon, N. Y. New York. New York. New York.	Hoboken Botton Boston Boston Providence Prov	New York Westfield S. Lake City Richmond
2121 2020	1905 18885 19022 18988 1898	1899 1893 1893 1893 1908 1908 1906 1906	### ##################################	1901 N. 1893 Mc 1907 Ut. 1895 N. 1899 Va
is shown the control of the control	Sunday Creek Co. Swife & Co. (meat packing, etc.). Texas & Paclic Coal Co. Texas Co. Texas Co. Texatucent Chishing Machinery Co. (65% of all). Torington Co. (61% of all).	bags per day). s.) hus States). hus iness in Chicago). ounsiyiyanis).		00

288				P
on.‡ Dividends.)	Bonds.	\$122,500 (6)	29,587,650 (5, 6)	ding concerns, which
Present Capitalization.; (With Rates of Interest and Dividends.)	Pref. Stock.§	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	\$3,998,700 (7)	e naturally compe
Pre (With Rat	Com. Stock.	\$2,250,000	-,	ament of two or mor
Location of Main	Omee.	Chicago		pool or agree
olzed.	Orgai Wher Orgai	89 111	869 Pa	combine.
T Plants fred or rolled,	No. o Acqui Conti	8 18	15.3	solidation,
PRESENT NAME OF TRUST.		Western Stone Co. (8 cos.)	Westinghouse Air Brake Co	Whitaker-Clessner Co. ** Trust, as properly understood, means a consolidation, combine, pool or agreement of two or more naturally competing enderstood.

establishes a limited monopoly—locally, nationally or internationally—with power to fix prices or rates in any lindustry or froup of industries Only the incorporated industrial consolidations are included in the tabular lists of the preceding pages. Mention is made at the bottom of the incorporated industrial treats, with a total explanation of \$8.524.159.452. Is emplied from Moody; Manual of Raifrasd and Corporation Feenthalists of the state of the incorporation of \$8.524.159.452. Is emplied from Moody; Manual of Raifrasd and Corporation Escuritists of 1912. Hundreds of minor combinations are not included in this list. Mr. John Moody, in his "Truth About the Trusts, published in 1904, and that there were then in the United States over 440 large industrial, franchise and transportation rusts, of an important and active character, with a total floating capital of \$29,379,162,511. His list included railroad, street railway, gas and other public service combinations which are

natural monopolies.

induction that the guaranteed bonds of sub-diday companies, when known, and sometimes important issued. The amount of bonds includes the guaranteed bonds of sub-diday companies, when known, and sometimes important issues of notes—notes now constituting a popular nethod of borrowing capital. In many tratances rates were lower in 1911 and 1912 than in previous years.

The proper of the preferred and common societs, are the rates actually paid during the last year, so lar as known. In many tratances rates were lower in 1911 and 1912 than in previous years.

The proper of the proper is a society of the radius of the radius ment of comply with the Supreme Court mandate being practi-eally completed, will use over 120,000,000 ibs, of tobacco. The selling young of the proper selling the proper is supplied to the radius of the selling practical and to a such in the company also mandred the proper of the selling sa, 160,753 net recent is \$40,998.870 investment in other securities. The company since dissolution will do about \$7.117, as to eigenteers \$3.00% as to smoking tobacco; 25.32%, as to plug tobacco; 25.32%, as to the reference of the American Tobacco of a so the American Tobacco. Co. and

utnot companies. Fractically, these companies appear to be working as closely together as formerly. So far as consumers are concerned the others?

The combined earnings of the New John Port Period. The prices of many important periodicits have recently been advanced to the combined earnings of the New John Port Periodicity companies have seven been advanced dividends paid in 1912; seater than yer before, although not all of the subsidiarly companies have, as yet, becun to pay dividends that the stock holders ever before received in one of the relationship of the relationship to t

\$500,000, 40%, 630; Colonial Oil, \$250,000, % (?)125; Continental, \$300,000, 50%, 920; Crescent Pipe Line, \$3,000,000 (par \$50), 12%, 66; Cumberland Pipe Line, \$1,000,000, % (?) 80; Eureka Pipe Line, \$5,000,000, 40%, 309; Galtena-Signal, \$8,000,000 + \$2,000,000, 6% preferred 16%, 230; Indiana Pipe Line, \$5,000,000 (par \$50), 24%, 138; National Transit, \$12,727,572 (par \$25), 12%, 44; New York Transit, \$5,000,000, 40%, 352; Northern Pipe Line, \$4,000,000, 20%, 127; Ohlo Oil, \$15,000,000 (par \$25), 20%, 123; Prairie Oil & Gas, \$18,000,000 and \$16,000,000 bonds, 24%, 302; Solar Redning, \$500,000 (90% in 1906), 530; Southern Pipe, \$10,000,000, 28%, 382; South Penn Oil, \$2,500,000, 40%, 720; South West Pa. Pipe Lines, \$3,500,000, 20%, 160; Standard Oil of California, \$45,000,000 (net earnings in 1911, \$3,11,628), 10%, 163; Standard Oil of Indians, 30,000,000, 12%, 310; Standard Oil of Kansas, \$1,000,000 (135 % in 1906), 335; Standard Oil of Kentucky, \$1,000,000 (20%, 11,1906), 550; Standard Oil of Solar

In most States and cities. Lumber dealers and chemical manufacturers have many price and selling agreements or pools.

Natural monopolies, such as railroads, street railways, gas, electric light and water companies are not classed as trusts because they are not composed of naturally competing concerns. Consolidations and price and rate fixing agreements in these industries exist in nearly every State and city in the country.

Many of the combinations in these lines are very important. Our greatest railroads have rate-fixing agreements or "community of interest" understandings for controlling rates and the distribution of freights. Besides, they are rapidly coming together, through absorption into larger companies, so that competition no longer exists in most sections of the country.

The following are "State Flowers," as adopted in most instances by the vote of the public school scholars of the respective States:

Alabama "Golden Rod Alaska Forget-me-not Mississippi Magnolia Arkansas Apple Blossom Mississippi Magnolia Bitter Root California Golden Rod Montana Bitter Root California Golden Rod Nevada Tstate Hosen Montana Hister Root New Mexico Tstagebrush, its Shrub Connecticut Mountain Laurel Delaware Peach Blossom New Mort Golden Rod Plorida Orange Blossoms New York Golden Rod Plorida Orange Blossoms North Dakota Wild Rose Georgia Cherokee Rose Holdina Golden Rod Ohio Carnation Idaho Syringa Oklahoma Mistetoe Illinois, The Native Violet Iowa Wild Rose South Dakota Anemone Patens Indiana Corn Flower Rhode Island Violet Iowa Wild Rose South Dakota Anemone Patens Kansas Sumflower Utah Sego Lily Kentucky † Golden Rod Vermont Red Clover Louisiana Magnolia Washington Rhododendron Maryland Black Eyed Susan Wisconsin Violet Inother States the scholars of States the Scholars of States Louisiana Mapple Blossom Wyoming Gentian

Michigan.....Apple Blossom | Wyoming......Gentian In other States the scholars or State Legislatures have not yet taken action.

*Adopted by State Legislature, not by public school scholars.
†Not adopted but generally accepted.

In England the primrose is worn on the birthday of Lord Beaconsfield. On the anniversary of Parnell's death his followers wear a sprig of ivy. The Jacobites wear white roses on June 10. In France the Orleanists wear white daisies and the Bonapartists the violet.

Life Ensurance Statistics.

CONDITION OF REGULAR LEGAL RESERVE COMPANIES JANUARY 1, 1912, AND BUSINESS THE PRECEDING YEAR.*

No. or Co's	Assets.	Premiums Received.	Total Income.	Payments to Policyholders (Losses, Div- idends, Sur-	Total Ex- penditures.	New Por	LICIES ISSUED.	Polici	es in Force.
				renders, &c.)		N o. 1	Amount.	No.	Amount.
240	\$4,163,591,688	\$632,343,059	\$836,160,804	\$419,268,446	\$579,852,567	6,245,610	\$2,870,295,457	32,381,762	\$18,002,779,939

CONDITION AND BUSINESS OF ASSESSMENT COMPANIES AND ORDERS.

No. or Co's	Assets.	Assessments Collected.	Total Income.	Payments to Policy holders	Total Ex-	New Po	Amount.	No.of Members.	Amount.
528	\$157,895,04 8	\$126,038,509	\$140,198,355	\$89,665,297	\$120,856,107	†1,775,000	\$1,306,334,743		10,190,560,188

^{*}Including industrial policies. † Estimated.

INCOME AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR TWENTY YEARS.

The following table shows the receipts and disbursements of the "old-line" life insurance companies reporting to the New York Insurance Department for twenty years:

	•	•		•				
YEAR Ending DEC. 31.	No. of Com- panies.	Total Income.	Total Pay- ments for Losses, Endow- ments, and Annuilies.	Total Payments for Lapsed, Surrendered, and Purchased Policies.	Total Dividends to Policyholders.	Total Payments to Policyholders.	Taxes, Com- missions, and other Expenses.	Total Dis- bursements.
1891	29	\$201,931,425	\$62,731,497	\$16,230,891	\$13,991,226	\$92,953,614	\$42,350,372	\$135,792,048
1892	31	223,024,998	72,576,866	15,658,759	14,386,195	102,621,820	49,665,730	152,890,333
1893	32	236,683,206	75,903,820	19,839,418	14.823.176	110,566,414	55,205,336	166,512,254
1894	33	256,624,478			14,577,455	116,054,725	61,073,545	177,863.333
1895	35	266,897,200	84,791,622	22,889,493	15,297,604		62,052,872	185,772,902
1896	36	279,373,107			17,083,169	134,219,515	64,160,732	199,173,296
1897	35	301,268,179	92,688,307	26,431,312	18,425,197	137,544,815	67,582,025	205,866,394
1898	35	320,306,169	98,465,681	26,436,307	19,694,634			
1899	37	355,946,008			20,917,143	155,786,799		243.154,558
1900	40	392,358,741			22,568,261	165,704,652	94,782,023	261,467,238
L901	38	437,935,470			23,811,649			
1902		488,736,275			26,589,715			
1903	42	534,161,859			30,617,368			349,453,70
1904	42	580,743,959			33,334,133	241,054,647		
1905		614,712,085			35,795,581			
1906		632,446,618			39,782,313			404,215,688
1907	37	625,718,823			45,109,125			401,089,73
1908		644,572,755	194,679,498		52,830,628			
1909	35	679,723,687			62,034,966			
1910	34	703,920,542			72,874,539			488,781,35
1911	33	750,115,829	2 231,848,341	75,710,202	80,095,320	387,653,861	132,545,773	521,320,11
	I		}	,		1	1	1

ASSETS OF AND AMOUNT INSURED BY THE PRINCIPAL AMERICAN COM-PANIES JANUARY 1, 1912.

COMPANIES.	Insurance in Force.	Admitted Assets.	COMPANIES.	Insurance in Force.	Admitted Assets.
Metropolitan, N. Y	\$2,399,878,087	\$352,785,890	Connecticut Mutual	\$199,154,900	\$68,842,290
New York Life, N. Y	2,102,105,746		National Life, Vt	172,678,655	
Prudential, N. J			State Mutual, Mass	147,892,354	
Mutual Life, N. Y	1,504,974,662		Phœnix Mutual, Ct	135,897,216	
Equitable Life, N. Y	1,375,441,460		Germania, N. Y	131,675,557	
Northwestern Mut., Wis			Fidelity Mutual, Pa	128,290,057	
John Hancock Mut., Mass.			Pacific Mutual, Cal	122 514,447	
Mutual Benefit, N. J			Home Life, N. Y	105,047,760	
Penn Mutual, Pa	532,550,097		Pittsburgh L. & T., Pa		
Union Central, Ohio			State Life	86,924,590	
Ætna Life, Ct			Life of Virginia	78,499,874	
Massachusetts Mutual			Manhattan Life, N. Y	68,630,595	
Provident L. & T., Pa			Berkshire Life, Mass		
Travelers' (Life Dept.)		63,029,979	Union Mutual, Me		
New England Mutual	232,817,732	58,440,119	Illinois Life, Ill	60,215,905	8,971,267

LIFE INSURANCE IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

Insurance in force, United States (including assessment insurance), \$28,213,218,530; Great Britain, \$5,870,212,000; Germany, \$2,810,346,000; France, \$762,300,000; Austria. \$1,012,340,000; Scandinavia, \$350,000,000; Switzerland, \$259,337,771; Russia, \$450,000,000; Japan, \$240,076,560,

The returns of life insurance in the first three tables were compiled from The Insurance Year-Book, published by The Spectator Company.

LIFE INSURANCE STATISTICS-Continued.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS IN 1911 OF COMPANIES REPORTING TO THE NEW YORK INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

	1	RECEIPTS.		l		SBURSEME	NTS.	
		1	1	Death	Matured	Lapsed	Dividends	Total Paid
COMPANIES.	Premiums	Interest	Total	Claims	Endow-	and Sur-	to Policy-	Policy-
	Received.	Received.	Income.	Paid.	ments.	rendered.	holders.	holders.
Ætna Life	\$10,826,641	\$4,581,306	\$15,407,947	\$3,815,386	\$2,522,765	\$1,979,221	\$1,222,688	\$9,580,068
Berkshire	2,405,368	925,931	3.331.299	908,224	196,560	439,525	320.578	1.864.887
Connecticut Mut'l.	6,426,780	3,280,741				1,121,976	1.430,329	7.532.294
Equitable, N. Y	52,882,149	23,440,783	76,322,932	20,459,435	8,456,396	12,395,372	12,367,227	54.921.301
Fidelity Mutual	4.741.404	1.269.552	6.010.956	1.704.742	45,647	527.841	200.228	2,493,477
Germania	5,676,807	2,118,743	7.795.550	1,662,105	1,522,690	794,511	726,046	4,747,361
Hartford Life	2.342.870	238.047	2,580,917	1.524.961	4,500	83,171	50.815	1.663.647
Home Life	3,817,282	1,332,589	5,149,871			691,611	484,381	2.809.865
Illinois Life	1,883,536	437,568	2,321,104			199,509	44,297	869,101
John Hancock	22,212,355	3,631,911	25,844,266			1,388,015	1,843,432	9.603.958
Life Ins. Co. of Va.	2,940,841	359,089	3,299,930			83,460		1,072,301
Manhattan	2,209,918	1,126,453	3,336,371	1,260,205			210,817	
Mass. Mutual	9,566,889		12,685,422	2,578,350	303,286	959,305	1,739,498	5,580,439
Metropolitan	82,339,846		98,006,302			2,733,639		34,421,570
Michigan Mutual	1,437,492	581,414	2,018,966			296,353		1,487,048
Mutual Benefit	20,923,279		27,723,318	6,593,687	1,480,038	2,876,348		14,320,822
Mutual, New York.	55,042,999	28,783,182	83,826,181	22,813,574	7,185,371			57,052,589
National, U.S.A	1,868,923	513,755	2,382,678	384,844	1,362,659	215,295	142,115	2,116,493
National, Vermont.	6,702,388	2,457,812	9,160,200			1,216,695		
New Eng. Mutual.	7,846,806		10,713,605	2,502,681		750,495		5,080,611
New York Life	83,254,525					12,331,582	9,259,107	53,650,847
Northw't'n Mutual.	40,421,263		54,495,753					35,627,462
Pacific Mutual	4,622,890		5,784,452		98,330	507,079	373,618	1,887,678
Penn Mutual	19,636,495	6,287,597	25,924,092				2,349,155	12,680,364
Phoenix Mutual	5,038,329	1,623,843	6,662,172	1,356,490			702,103	3,221,121
Prov.Life and Trust	9,323,749	3,696,788	13,020,537	2,307.450	2,686,362	1,033,234	1,594,715	7,724,987
Prudential	70,264,140			18,470,830	619,937	4,168,557		27,078,415
Sec'r'ty Mut'l, N.Y.	1,575,757	271,814	1,847,571	551,389				
State Life	2,342,899	560,695	2,903,594					
State Mutual	5,398,196	1,763,477	7,161,643	1,604,794	669,439			
Travelers'	7,774,311	3,420,440	11,194,751	2,603,772	961,550	770,203		
Union Central	10,947,556	5,141.826						
Union Mutual	2,251,028	773,146						1,685,205
United States	871,115	434,792	1,305,907	666,128	93,933	356,262	63,144	1,196,702

DISBURSEMENTS.—Continued.

	Commis-	a	All	Dividends		Profit		Total
COMPANIES.	sions	Salarles	Other	to Stock-	Taxes.	and	_ Total	Disburse-
	Paid.	Paid.	Expenses.	holders.		Loss.	Expenses.	ments.
Th 7 10-	2000 700	#000 404	0517.007	2200 000				
Ætna Life	\$920,783 196,604		\$517,207	\$200,000	\$457,465	\$16,255		\$12,113,006
Berkshire Connecticut Mutual	565,807	87,962 223,124	(39,017		48,978	15,650	550,173	2,415,060
Connecticut Mutual	4.790.961		415,154	7,000	229,665	200,066	1,730,933	9,263,227
Equitable, N. Y	350,424	1,414,037 179,283	3,284,957	7,000	692,673		10,780,850	65,702,15
Fidelity Mutual	497,442	179,283	363,992	24,000	115,952		1,065,734	3,559,21
Germania	170 500	221,400	093,966	24,000	69,330	4,661	1,561,713	6,309,074
Tillneis Tile	178,520	73,941		50,000	30,440	68,461	590,662	2,254,309
Illinois Life	475,395	123,783	140,030	7,000	23,920	342	771,753	1,640,854
John Hancock	1,110,040	630,832	4,707,865		311,164		6,874,727	16,478,685
Life Ins. Co. of Va	524,907	163,587		104,000	68,941	10,039	1,318,146	
Manhattan	206,265	116,603	271,405	16,000	43,473	2,994		2,928,25
Mass. Mutual	927,956	251,123	470,835		205,093		1,947,381	7,527,820
Metropolitan	3,201,743	3,251,010	16,028,579		1,198,387	701,340	24,785,321	59,206,891
Michigan Mutual	174,813	67.927	101,493	25,000	42,003	11,730		
Mutual Benefit	2,206,740	447.467	609,387		487,977	12,087	4,024,909	
Mutual, New York		1,311,768	3,831,518	11,094	767,637	612,987		
National, U.S. A	230,622	118,068	223,914	11,094	50,000		664,762	2,781,255
National, Vermont	642,501	156,103	330,372		184,797			6,239,030
New Eng. Mutual	786,623	221,729	421,858		151,557		1,647,196	6,727,807
New York Life	4,826,281	1,559,008	4,519,141		1,058,508		12,332,054	65,982,901
Northwestern Mutual.		835,159	794,605		952,227	788	7,118,518	
Pacific Mutual	719,129	184,360	246,747	80,000	75,027	8,802	1,334,958	3,222,636
Penn Mutual	2,250,012	443,499	690,574		571,260		4,221,906	16,902,270
Phoenix Mutual	530,101	169,809	402,825		156.268	4,646	1,227,769	4,498,890
Prov. Life and Trust	843,448	426,835	426,658		140,463		1.932.977	9.657.964
Prudential	2,118,657	2,500,784	15.147.681	200,000	2,166,243		22,451,546	49.529.961
Security Mut'l, N. Y	164,981	101, 104	167.098		28,406	2,007	476,952	1,411,305
State Life	359,267	131,326	148.091		39.721	415	694,489	1.727.844
State Mutual	542.804	125.204	274,682		111.094	13.998	1.107.767	4.861.309
Travelers'i	748,588	211.647	617,260	250,000	126,234		2.459.515	6.886.906
Union Central	1.123.127	378.993	732, 150	50,000	222,405	100,000	2,459,515 2,714,879	6,886,906 10,284,662
Union Mutual	197,748	98,649	154,489		50.070	24.951	546,720	2,231,925
Inited States.	62 222	80,803	04 720	18 490	14 771	1 324	282,323	1 470 025

Life Ansurance Progress in the United States.

It is within the past sixty years that the vast business of life insurance in the United States has been developed. The experimental stage was ended and the era of advance was opened when, in 1843, the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York began business, its first policy having been issued on February 1 of that year.

ruary 1 of that year.

Since then a large number of life insurance companies have been established. The following list includes those now transacting business which had their inception between 1843 and 1860 inclusive, arranged according to the date of the first policy issued:

Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1843, February 1; New England Mutual Life Insurance Company (1), 1844, February 1; New York Life Insurance Company, 1845, April 17; Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company (2), 1845, May 6; State Mutual Life Assurance Company (3), 1845, Dane 1; Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1846, December 15; Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1847 June 25; Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1847 June 25; Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1850, August 1; Mansactan Life Insurance Company, 1850, August 1; Mansactan Life Insurance Company, 1850, August 1; Mansactan Life Insurance Company, 1851, August 2; Pheenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1851, September 11; Berkshire Life Insurance Company, 1850, Corber 27; Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, 1850, February 2; Home Life Assurance Society, 1850, July 28; Washington Life Insurance Company, 1860, February 2; Home Life Insurance has progressed since the early part of 1843 is shown in the subjoined table by periods of years as indicated, assessment insurance not being included.

DECEMBER 31.	Amount of Outstand- ing Insurance.	Amount of Assets.
1843. 1867. 1892. 1899.	1,235,000,000 4,898,000,000 6,266,000,000	\$1,000,000 124,534,000 907,441,000 1,576,000,000 4,163,591,688

American Experience Table of Mortality.

This is the mortality table prescribed by statute in most of the States as the basis upon which the reserves of life insurance companies shall be computed:

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 69 40,890 2,321 8.97 5 70 38,569 2,391 8.48 2 71 36,178 2,448 8.00
$egin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & & 70 & & 38,569 & & 2,391 & & 8.48 \\ 2 & & 71 & & 36,178 & & 2,448 & & 8.00 \end{bmatrix}$
12 98,505 743 47.45 41 77,341 774 27.45	5 70 38,569 2,391 8.48 2 71 36,178 2,448 8.00
	2 71 36.178 2.448 8.00
13 97,762 740 46.80 42 76,567 785 26.79	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 72 33,730 2,487 7.55
15 96,285 735 45.50 44 74,985 812 25.27	7 73 31,243 2,505 7.11
16 95,550 732 44.85 45 74,173 828 24.54	4 74 28,738 2,501 6.68
17 94.818 729 44.19 46 73.345 848 23.81 18 94.089 727 43.53 47 72,497 870 23.08	1 75 26,237 2,476 6.27
18 94,089 727 43.53 47 72,497 870 23.08	8 76 23,761 2,431 5.88
19 93,362 725 42.87 48 71,627 896 22.30	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 77 & 21,330 & 2,369 & 5,49 \\ 78 & 18,961 & 2,291 & 5,11 \end{bmatrix}$
20 92,637 723 42.20 49 70,731 927 21.65	
21 91,914 722 41.53 50 69,804 962 20.9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 82 10,419 1,816 3.71
24 89,751 719 39,49 53 66,797 1,091 18,79 25 89,032 718 38,81 54 65,706 1,143 18,09	$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 82 & 10,419 & 1,816 & 3.71 \\ 9 & 83 & 8,603 & 1,648 & 3.39 \end{bmatrix}$
25 89,032 718 38.81 54 65,706 1,143 18.09 26 88,314 718 38.12 55 64,563 1,199 17.40	0 84 6,955 1,470 3.08
26 88,314 718 38.12 55 64,563 1,199 17.40 27 87,596 718 37.43 56 63,364 1,260 16.73	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 84 & 6,955 & 1,470 & 3.08 \\ 2 & 85 & 5,485 & 1,292 & 2.77 \end{bmatrix}$
27 87,596 718 37,43 56 63,364 1,260 16.73 28 86,878 718 36.73 57 62,104 1,325 16.00	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 85 \\ 86 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5,485 \\ 4,193 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,292 \\ 1,114 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.77 \\ 2.47 \end{bmatrix}$
29 86,160 719 36.03 58 60,779 1,394 15.39	5 86 4,193 1,114 2.47 9 87 3,079 933 2.18
29 86,160 719 36.03 58 60,779 1,394 15.39 30 85,441 720 35.33 59 59,385 1,468 14.7-	4 88 2,146 744 1.91
31 84,721 721 34.63 60 57,917 1,546 14.10	6 89 1.402 555 1.66
31 84,721 721 34.63 60 57,917 1,546 14.10 32 84,000 723 33.92 61 56,371 1,628 13.4	
33 83,277 726 33.21 62 54,743 1,713 12.80	6 91 462 246 1.19
34 82,551 729 32.50 63 53,030 1,800 12.20	ā 02 216 137 98
35 81,822 732 31.78 64 51,230 1,889 11.6	7 93 79 58 .80
36 81 090 737 31 07 65 49 341 1 980 11 10	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 94 & 21 & 18 & .64 \\ 4 & 95 & 3 & 3 & .50 \end{bmatrix}$
37 80.353 742 30.35 66 47.361 2.070 10.5	4 95 3 3 .50
38 79,611 749 29.62 67 45,291 2,158 10.00	0 11 1 1 1

Casualty Ansurance in the United States.

Insurance in force January 1, 1912—Personal Accident and Health, \$5,000,000,000; Steam Boller, \$750,000,000; Plate Glass, \$135,000,000; Employers Liability (estimated), \$2,500,000,000; Fidelity, \$1,200,000,000; Surety, \$1,000,000,000; Curety, \$1,000,000,000; Surety, \$1,000,000; Surety, \$1,000,

CASUALTY AND SURETY INSURANCE BUSINESS IN 1911.

The following was the business transacted in the United States in 1911 by the companies doing a miscellaneous insurance business:

CLASS OF BUSINESS.	Premlums Received.	raiu.	- 1	CLASS OF BUSINESS.	Premiums Received.	Paid.	P.C.
AutomobileBurglaryCredit.Fidelity and SuretyHealth	\$2,676,767 2,850,341 1,752,582 16.958,051 7,101,666	1,110,978 1,056,133 4,980,430	$\begin{array}{c} 38.9 \\ 60.2 \\ 29.3 \end{array}$	Liability. Personal Accident. Plate Glass Steam Boiler. Sprinkler.	$3,960,546 \\ 2,246,225$	11,837,347 1,714,236 282,338	43.2 43.2 12.5

Ocean Marine Insurance.

EIGHTEEN marine insurance companies reporting to the New York State Insurance Department had on January 1, 1912, assets of \$34,043,259, net surplus of \$14,274,876 and premiums received \$13,745,122, losses paid \$5,450,268, risks written \$10,395,873,098.

Fire Knaurance Statistics. CONDITION AND TRANSACTIONS OF COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES, YEAR ENDING JANUARY 1, 1912.

NUMBER OF COMPANIES.	Capital.	Assets Exclusive of Premium Notes.		Cash Premiums Re- ceived during Year.	
351 Stock*} 268 Mutual}	\$97,703,288	\$754,344,998	\$283,201,559	\$358,623,904	\$392,966,986
Number of Companies.	Paid for Losses during Year.	Paid for Dividends	Expenses other than Losses and Divi- dends during Year.	Total Disburse- ments during Year.	Risks Written during Year.
351 Stock*}	\$184,917,550	\$33,291,464	\$129,474,316	\$347,683,330	1840,000,000,000

^{*}Including Lloyds. † Approximation. These statistics of fire insurance business in the United States are, with the exception of the estimate of risks written during the year, compiled from The Insurance Year-Book, published by The Spectator Company. They do not include the returns of a few stock companies and some 500 mutuals and town and county mutuals, whose transactions are purely local and individually of small volume.

CONDITION OF THE PRINCIPAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES JANUARY 1, 1912.*

COMPANIES,	Admitted Assets.	Capital.	Net Surplus.	COMPANIES.	Admitted Assets	Capital. Net Surplus.
Home, New York	\$32,536,747	\$3,000,000	14,205,622	Scottish Union & Natl.	\$5,309,323	\$1200,000 3,029,645
Continental, New York.	26,770,568		15.193.821	Northern, England	5,303,006	
Hartford, Ct	25,435,374	2,000,000	7.805.242	Hanover Fire, N. Y	4,818,183	1,000,000 1,182,412
Ætna, Ct	21,987,822	5,000,000	7, 751, 527	WestchesterFire, N. Y.	4,657,323	300,000 1,491,977
German-American, N. Y	20,753,408	2,000,000	9,204,426	Milwau. Mechanics'	4,552,599	1,000,000 689,365
Ins. Co. of N. America.	17,002,775	4,000,000	4,000,000	Sun, England	4.519,221	†200,000 1,344,180
Fidelity-Phenix	14,379,528	2,500,000	4,273,860	London & Lancashire.	4,453,442	+ 200,000 1,658,823
Liverp., London & Globe	13,793,705	+200,000	4,491,173	Rossia, Russia	4,391,763	†200,000 709,538
National Fire, Ct	11,820,336	1,000,000	2,539,096	Providence Wash.,R.1	4,154,579	
Royal, England	11,500,596	+ 200,000	2,747,141	Agricultural, N.Y	4,022,723	
Phoenix, Ct	11,403,404			Nat. Union Fire, Pa		
Springfield F. & M	10,407,848	2,000,000		Security, Ct		1,000,000 927,997
Queen, New York	9,558,099	1,000,000	3,728,799	Phœnix, England	3,772,684	† 200,000 1,406,395
American, N. J	9,345,660			Ins. Co. State of Pa		800,000 449.120
N. British & Mercantile.				Palatine, England		
Fire Association, Pa	8,942,707	750,000	2,458,849	Franklin Fire, Pa	3,380,823	
Fireman's Fund, Col	8,662,790			Orient, Ct	3,378,172	
St. Paul F. & M., Minn	7,970,978	500,000		NatBen Franklin		
Pennsylvania Fire., Pa	7,666,515	750,000		London, England		† 200,000 838,018
Connecticut Fire	7,491,191			Williamsb'rg C., N. Y		250,000 663,302
Commercial Union	7,000,154	+ 200,000		International, N. Y	2,772,447	
Germania, N. Y	6,961,140			Norwich Union, Eng	2,741,461	† 200,000 910,573
Niagara Fire, N. Y	6,736,192	1,000,000		Commonwealth, N. Y.	2,587,927	
Firemen's, N. J		1,000,000		Buffalo German, N. Y.	2,575,275	200,000,1.611,092
Globe & Rutgers, N.Y			2,639,960	Camden Fire, N. J	2,562,690	500,000 743,325
Northwestern Nat'l, Wis		1,000,000		Girard F. & M., Pa	2,546,486	500,000 409,565
Munich, Germany		+ 200,000	1 782,761	Atlas, England	2,529,585	† 200,000 806,171
New Hampshire Fire			1,873.228	Aachen&Munich, Ger.	2,470,143	† 200,000,1,269,018
Boston, Mass				Western Canada	2,404,301	+ 200,000 1,026,800
Glens Falls, N. Y		200,000	2,778,194	North River, N.Y	2,389,805	350,000 510,087
American Central, Mo	5,471.662	2.000,000	830,558	Royal Exchange, Eng.	2,258,543	† 200,000 695.02 9
a \$300,000 of this a	mount ie	nooiel re	corno fur	d under love of State	of Mour	Torgory

a \$300,000 of this amount is special reserve fund under laws of State of New Jersey.

* Annual statements of the fire insurance companies are rendered to the insurance departments during the month of January; therefore the statistics of condition January 1, 1913, were not ready when this publication went to press.

† The New York law requires a deposit of \$200,000 from foreign companies with the insurance department. This is treated by the department as "deposit capital," and the surplus stated in the next column is "surplus beyond deposit capital" and other liabilities.

ANNUAL PROPERTY LOSSES IN THE UNITED STATES BY FIRES-1881-1912.

YEARS.	Property Loss.	Insurance Loss.	YEARS.	Property Loss.	Insurance Loss.
1881	\$81,280,900	\$44,641,900	1898	\$130,593.905	\$73,796,080
1882	84,505,024	48,875,131	1899	153,597,830	92,683,715
1883	100,149,228	54,808,664	1900	160,929,805	95,403,650
1884	110,008,611	60,679,818	1901	174,160,680	106,680,590
1885	102,818,796	57,430,789	1902	161,488,355	94,775,045
1886	104,924,750	60,506,567	1903		104,532,000
1887	120,283,055	69,659,508	1904		144,621,235
1888	110,885,665	63,965,724	1905		116,446,324
1889	123,046,833	73,679,465	1906		292,124,866
1890	108,993,792	65,015,465	1907		127,847,000
1891	143,764,967	90,576,918	1908	217,885,850	157,842,500
1892	151,516,098	93,511,936	1909	188,705,150	143,536,212
1893	167,544,370	105,994,577	1910	214,003,300	150,246,000
1894	140,006,484	89,574,699	1911	217,004,575	190,000,000
1895	142,110,233	84,689,030	1912		*195,000,000
1896	118,737,420	73,903,800	Total 32 years		\$3,404,271,685
1897	116,354,570	66,722,140	10tal 62 years	φυ,υυυ, 200,100	\$5,404,211,000

^{*}Estimated.

State Fire Marshals.

Following is a list of the Fire Marshals holding office in each of the States; their duties being to provide and put in operation means for the prevention of fires and to investigate the causes of fires that have taken place. The laws of almost all the States give them extensive powers, and they have the right to enter premises and compel the attendance of witnesses in the pursuance of their duties. The officials are usually appointees by the Governors of their respective States, but in Maine, Michigan and North Carolina the State Insurance Commissioners are State Fire Marshals exofficio. In a number of States Fire Marshal laws have not yet been passed, but legislation to this effect may be expected within the next few years.

STATES.	Fire Marshals.	Addresses.	STATES.	Fire Marshals.	
	Lorrie Rice		Nebraska	C. A. Randall	Lincoln.
Dist. of Col	P. W. Nicholson	Washington.		Jas. R. Young	
Colorado	Vacant	Denver.	New York	Thomas Ahearn	Albany.
Illinols	C. J. Doyle	Springfield.		John W. Zuber	
Iowa	Ole O. Roe	Des Moines.	Okiahoma	C. C. Hammond,	Okla. City.
Kentucky	C. C. Bosworth	Louisville.	Pennsylvania.	J. L. Baldwin	Harrisburg.
	A. T. Havey			B. A. Wharton	
Louisiana	C. H. Trousdale.	New Orleans.	S. Dakota	S. E. Crans	Lead.
Maryland	G. Edw. Myers	Baltimore.		J. E. Oliver	
Massachus'ts.	J. H. Whitney	Boston.		Walter Inglish	
Michigan	C. A. Palmer	Lansing.		Joseph Button	
	C. E. Keller		W. Virginia	Chas. Ellison	Charleston.
	J. W. Miller		Wlsconsin	T. M. Purtell	Madison.
Montana	George W. Reif	Helena.	1	()	^

The Fire Marshal for Canada is E. F. Gunther, Victoria, B. C., and for Manitoba, A. Lindback, Winnipeg.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF STATE FIRE MARSHAMS.

The officers of the National Association of State Fire Marshals are C. A. Palmer, President; T. M. Purtell of Madison, Wis., Secretary and Treasurer. The Executive Committee is composed of A. Lindback of Winnipeg, Can., Chairman; Charles Ellison of Charleston, W. Va., and Frank Craft of Mitchell, S. Dak.

Rules in Case of Fire.

CRAWL on the floor. The clearest air is the lowest in the room. Cover head with woollen wrap, wet ossible. Cut holes for the eyes. Don't get excited, Ex-Chief Hugh Bonner, of the New York Fire Department, issued the following rules applying to if possible.

houses, flats, hotels, etc.:

Familiarize yourself with the location of hall windows and natural escapes. Learn the location of exits to roofs of adjoining buildings. Learn the position of all stairways, particularly the top landing and scuttle to the roof. Should you hear cry of "fire," and columns of smoke fill the rooms, above all KEEP COOL. Keep the doors of rooms shut. Open windows from the top. Wet a towel, stuff it in the mouth, breathe through it instead of nose, so as not to inhale smoke. Standat window and get benefit of outside air. If room fills with smoke keep close to floor and crawl along by the wall to the window.

Do not jump unless the blaze behind is scorching you. Do not even then if the firemen with scaling ladders are coming up the building or are near. Never go to the roof, unless as a last resort and you know there is escape from it to adjoining buildings. In hig buildings fire always goes to the top. Do not jump through flame within a building without first covering the head with a blanket or heavy clothing and gauging the distance. Don't get excited; try to recall the means of exit, and if any firemen are in sight DON'T JUMP.

If the doors of each apartment, especially in the lower part of the house, were closed every night before the occupants retired there would not be such a rapid spread of flames.

ADVICE BY EX-CHIEF CROKER.

The following rules are suggested by Edward F. Croker, ex-Chief of the New York

Fire Department:

1. At the first sign of fire do not run away from it. 2. Get well acquainted with the surroundings where you live. 3. Do not resist a fireman in attempting rescue. 4. Do not be too hasty to jump from high places. 5. Fire drills should become a fixed law. 6. Everybody should learn how to use fire appliances. 7. At any cost calm the fears of little children. 8. No matter how hot the fire, bend every effort to keep calm. 9. Cleanliness in the home an important preventive of fire. 10. In case of too much smoke try to get a wet cloth about the mouth.

FIRE DEPARTMENT DON'TS FOR CITY RESIDENTS.

The New York Fire Department has prepared the following series of "Don'ts" re-

The New York Fire Department has prepared the following series of "Don'ts" regarding danger from fires, which are especially applicable to cities:

Don't block the fire escapes, you may need them yourself to-night. Don't leave everything to the landlord; inspect your own house from cellar to garret and locate all exits. Don't throw cigars or cigarettes out of windows. They drop on awnings and set them afire. Don't allow children to play with matches. Don't use matches or candles in dark closets or cellars. Don't keep matches except in a tin box with cover attached. Don't toss away a match unless completely extinguished, and then toss it into a metal or porcelain receptacle. Don't fill lamps or oil stoves while lighted. Don't use kerosene oil in lighting fires. Don't use naphtha or gasoline for cleaning purposes where there are open lights or fires. Don't put hot ashes on a dumb-waiter. Don't accumulate oid beds and bedding or other trash in cellars. Don't allow delivery boys to the back the dumb-waiter door in cellar; by this means fires have spread throughout buildings. Don't neglect to have the chimney flue cleaned once a year. You are responsible, not the landlord. If you must have lace curtains or other draperies near gas jets, see that the jets are properly protected. gas jets, see that the jets are properly protected.

Weln in Case of Accidents.

Drawning. 1. Loosen clothing, if any. 2. Empty lungs of water by laying body on its stomach, and lifting it by the middle so that the head hangs down. Jerk the body a few times. 3. Pult tongue forward, using handkerchief, or pin with string, if necessary. 4. Imitate motion for respiration by alternately compressing and expanding the lower ribs, about twenty times a minute. Alternately raising and lowering the arms from the sides up above the head will stimulate the action of the lungs. Let it be done gently but persistently. 5. Apply warmth and friction to extremities. 6. By holding tongue forward, closing the nostrils, and pressing the "Adam's apple" back (so as to close entrance to stomach), direct inflation may be tried. Take a deep breath and breathe it forcibly into the mouth of patient, compress the chest to expelithe air, and repeat the operation. 7. DON'T GIVE UP! People have been saved after hours of patient, vigorous effort. 8. When breathing begins, get patient into a warm bed, give warm drifts, or spirits in teaspoonfuls, fresh air, and quiet.

Burus and Scalds. Cover with cooking soda and lay wet cloths over it. Whites of eggs and olive oil. Olive oil or liuseed oil, plain, or mixed with chalk or whiting. Sweet or olive oil and limewater.

Lightning. Dash cold water over a person struck.

Sunstroke. Loosen clothing. Get patient into shade and apply ice-cold water to head. Keep head in elevated position.

Mad Dog or Snake Bite. Tie cord tight above wound. Suck the wound and cauterize with caustic or white-hot iron at once, or cut out adjoining parts with a sharp knife. Give stimulants, as Give stimulants, as whiskey, brandy, etc.

Stings of Venomous Insects, etc. apply weak ammonia, oil, salt water, or iodine.

Fainting. Place flat on back; allow fresh air, and sprinkle with water. Place head lower than rest of body

Tests of Denth. Hold mirror to mouth. If living, moisture will gather. Push pin into flesh. If dead the hole will remain, if alive it will close up. Place fingers in front of a strong light. If alive, they will appear red; if dead, black or dark. If a person is dead decomposition is almost sure to set in after 72 hours have elapsed. If it does not, then there is room for investigation by the physician. Do not permit burial of dead until some certain indication of death is apparent.

Cinders in the Eyc. Roll soft paper up like a lamplighter, and wet the tip to remove, or use a medicine dropper to draw it out. Rub the other eye.

Fire in One's Clothing. Don't run—especially not downstairs or out-of-doors, or wrap in woollen rug or blanket. Keep the head down, so as not to inhale flame. Roll on carnet.

Fire from Kerosene. Don't use water, it will spread the flames. Dirt, sand, or flour is the best extinguisher, or smother with woollen rug, table-cloth, or carpet.

Suffocation from Inhaling Illuminating Gas. Get into the fresh air as soon as possible and lie down. Keep warm. Take ammonia—twenty drops to a tumbler of water, at frequent intervals; also, two to four drops tincture of nux vomica every hour or two for five or six hours.

Rules in Case of Fire (consult Index).

Antidotes for Poisons.

First. Send for a physician.

Second. INDUCE VOMITING, by tickling throat with feather or finger. Drink hot water or strong mustard and water. Swallow sweet oil or whites of eggs.

Acids are antidotes for atkalies, and vice versa.

Arsenic. All the compounds of this substance are extremely poisonous, operate in the same

manner, and require the same treatment.

Symproms. Burning pain in stomach, with sickness and faintness, violent vomiting and retching, great thirst, hoarseness, difficulty of speech, cramps in legs, feeble, rapid, and small pulse; cold, clammy sweats; countenance expressive of great torture and anxiety; tongue and mouth parched;

delirium, coma, and finally death,

Antiports. Evacuate the contents of the stomach by emetics (mustard is the best), give milk, farinaceous or slippery elm decoction both before and after vomiting has begun. The chemical anti-dote is the "hydrated sesquioxide of iron," readily prepared by adding ammonia water to the common tincture of iron—both of which are found in every drug store; of the precipitate thrown down on mixing these teaspoonful doses in water may be freely given. An insoluble and therefore inert substance is formed with the arsenical compound

Opium and its active principles, Morphine, Codelne, Narcotine, etc.
SYMPTOMS. Giddiness, stupor, slow breathing, pupils contracted; the patient lies motionless and insensible. As the poisoning advances the features become ghastly, pulse feeble or imperceptible, and muscles relaxed.

Antiports. Emetics such as sulphate of zinc or mustard; stimulants such as ammonia, atropine hypodermically. The patient should be continually roused. Stomach pump should be used if solid opinm has been taken, but it is of little use when morphine or laudanum has been taken.

When the Boat Overturns.

Don't go out in a pleasure boat without being assured that there are life-saving buoys or cushions aboard sufficient to float all on board in case of an upset or collision. All persons should be seated before leaving shore, and no one should attempt to exchange seats in midstream or to put a foot on the edge or gunwale of the boat to exchange seats. Where the waters become rough from a sudden squall or passing steamers, never rise in the boat, but settle down as close to the bottom as possible, and keep cool until the rocking danger is passed. If overturned, a woman's skirts, if held out by her extended arms, while she uses her feet as if climbing stairs, will often hold her up while a boat may pull out from the shore and save her. A non-swimmer, by drawing his arms up to his side and pushing down with widely extended hands, while stair-climbing or treading water with his feet, may hold himself several minutes, often when a single minute means a life; or throwing out the arms, dog fashion, forward, overhand and pulling in, as if reaching for something—that may bring him in reach of help. reach of help.

Acknowledament of Deeds.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT is the act of declaring the execution of an instrument before an officer authorized to certify to such declaration. The officer certifies to the fact of such declaration, and to his knowledge of the person so declaring. Conveyances or deeds of land to be entitled to be recorded must first be acknowledged before a proper officer. Most of the States have forms of acknowledgements, which should be followed.

Acknowledgments may be taken in general by Notaries Public, Justices of the Peace, Judges or Clerks of Courts of the higher grades, Registers, Masters in Chancery, Court Commissioners, Town Clerks, Mayor and Clerks of incorporated cities, within their respective jurisdictions.

The requisites to a valid deed are the same in general as other contracts, but the appointment of an attorney to execute a deed for another person must in general be executed with the same

formalities requisite to the deed itself.

SEALS or their equivalent (or whatever is intended as such) are necessary in Alaska, Connection Seals or their equivalent (or whatever is intended as such) are necessary in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Maine, Marjuad, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minuesota, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York North Carolina, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming. In almost all the States deeds by corporations must be under seal. Forms are prescribed or indicated by the statutes of most of the States except Connecticut, Florida, Louisiana. Separate acknowledgment by tife is required in Alaska, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Kentucky, Louisiana, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas. One Witness to the execution of deeds is required in District of Columbia, Maine (customary), Maryland, Nebraska, New Jersey (usual), Oklahoma, Utah, Wyoming, Two Witnesses to the execution of deeds are required in Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Wisconsin.

Promissory Notes and Checks.

Negotiable instruments, the common forms of which are promissory notes, checks, or other bills of exchange, while having the same general requisites as other contracts, have certain distinct features. The purpose of the law is to facilitate as much as possible their free passing from hand to hand like currency. The assignment of an ordinary contract leaves the assignee in no different position for enforcing his rights than that of his assignor, but one who takes a negotiable instrument from a prior holder, without knowledge of any defences to it, before its maturity, and gives value for it, holds it free of any defences which might have been set up against his predecessors, except those defects that were inherent in the instrument itself.

To be negotiable an instrument must be in writing and signed by the maker (of a note) or drawer (of a bill or check).

It must contain an unconditional promise or order to pay a sum certain in money.

Must be payable on demand, or at a fixed future time.

Must be payable to order or to bearer.

In a bill of exchange (check) the party directed to pay must be reasonably certain.

Every negotiable instrument is presumed to have been issued for a valuable consideration, and want of consideration in the creation of the instrument is not a defence against a bona-fide holder, An instrument is negotiated, that is completely transferred, so as to vest title in the pur-

chase, if payable to bearer, or indorsed simply with the name of the last holder, by mere delivery, if payable to order by the indorsement of the party to whom it is payable and delivery. One who transfers an instrument by indorsement warrants to every subsequent holder that the instrument is genuine, that he has title to it, and that if not paid by the party primarily liable at ma-

turity, he will pay it upon receiving due notice of non-payment.

To hold an indorser liable the holder upon its non-payment at maturity must give prompt notice of such non-payment to the indorser and that the holder looks to the indorser for payment. Such notice should be sent within twenty-four hours.

When an indorser is thus compelled to pay he may hold prior parties through whom he received the instrument liable to him by sending them prompt notice of non-payment upon receiving such notice from the holder.

One who transfers a negotiable instrument by delivery, without indorsing it, simply warrants that the instrument is genuine, that he has title to it, and knows of no defence to it, but does not agree to pay it if unpaid at maturity.

The maker of a note is liable to pay it if unpaid at maturity without any notice from the holder or indorser.

Notice to one of several partners is sufficient notice to all.

When a check is certified by a bank the bank becomes primarily liable to pay it without notice of its non-payment, and when the holder of a check thus obtains its certification by the bank, the drawer of the check and previous indorsers are released from liability, and the holder looks to the bank for payment.

A bona-fide holder of a negotiable instrument, that is, a party who takes an instrument regular on its face, belore its maturity, pays value for it and has no knowledge of any defences to it, is entitled to hold the party primarily llable responsible for its payment, despite any defences he may have against the party to whom he gave it, except such as rendered the instrument vold in its inception. Thus, if the maker of a note received no value for it, or was induced to issue it through fraud or imposition, they do not defeat the right of a bona-fide holder to compel its payment from him.

The following States have enacted a similar Negotiable Instrument law: Alabama, Arizona, Colorado, Colinecticut, Dist. of Columbia, Florida, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregou, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, Washington and Wisconsin—and the same general rules apply in all the States.

Administration of Deceased Persons' Estates. INHERITANCE TAX LAWS.

The following is a synopsis of several of the laws of the various States affecting the administra-

THE following is a synopsis or several of the laws of the various states anceting the administration of the estate of a deceased person:

1. Who to Administer.—(a) If the deceased leaves a will, the duty of administration falls upon the executor. If no executor is named, or in the event of the death or refusal of the executor to act, the Court will grant administration under the will to some suitable person, generally selected from those most largely interested under the provisions of the will, such as the residuary legatees, if any, (b) If the deceased died intestate, letters of administration are granted to the following persons in practically all the States:

if any.

(b) If the deceased died intestate, letters of administration are granted to the following persons in practically all the States:

First—To the surviving husband or widow.

First—To one or more of the next of kin entitled to share in the estate.

Second—To one or more of the he next of kin entitled to share in the estate, except in localities where there is provided by law a Public Administrator who is preferred to creditors. In practically all the States an administrator is required to give bond for the faithful performance of his duties in double the value of the estate to be administered.

In most of the States, if so provided by the will, no bond is required of an executor, except that in some States an executor is required to give a bond to cover the probable amount of the debts of the estate, and in practically all the States, in the discretion of the Court, for cause shown, an executor may be required to give a bond.

2. Claims of Creditors.—The procedure in the several States in presenting creditors' claims against the estate varies very considerably. In the majority of the States the executor or administrator is required to give public notice to creditors to present their claims to him, and the creditors are required so to present their claims supported by an affidavit that the same are justly due and owing from the estate, above any offsets or counter claims, within a period limited generally to six months or a year. The law of each State should be consuited for more specific details. Most of the States direct a final closing of the estate by the executor or administrator within a year or eighteen months after his appointment, though the time limit may be extended by the Probate Court if conditions require it.

3. The following table contains an analysis of the laws of the several States, covering:

(1) The inheritance or succession tax upon property received either by intestate laws, last will, or by gift or transfer, designed to take effect at death, excepting legacics for religious, charit

the insolvency of the estate.

	e insolvency of the estate.	
STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Alabama	None.	 Funeral expenses. Administration expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Taxes. Wages of servants or employés.
Arizona	None.	No statutery provision.
Arkansas	To grandparents, parents, husband, wife, descendant, brother, sister, or adopted child the rate is 1%. \$5,000 exempt. To uncte, aunt, niece, nephew, or their descendants the rate is 2%. \$2,000 exempt.	2. Expenses of last sickness.
	scendants the rate is 2% \$2,000 exempt. To others the rates are 3% up to \$10,000; \$10,000 to \$20,000, 4%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 5%; 6% above \$50,000; \$1,000 exempt. For the purpose of determining the rate of tax.	of deceased.
California	beneficiaries are divided into five classes; (a) husband, wife or children; (b) brothers, sisters or their descendants, also son-in-law or daughter-in-law; (c) uncles, aunts or their descendants; (d) great-uncles, great-aunts or their descendants; (e) others more remote. The tax also varies with the amount of the estate or legacy. On amounts not exceeding \$25,000, the rates for the five classes of beneficiaries are respectively 1%, 2%, 3%, 4% and 5%. On amounts from \$25,000 to \$50,000 the above	Expenses of last sickness. Wages due within sixty days. Debts preferred by U. S. laws.
	rates are multiplied by 2. On amounts from \$50,000 to \$100,000 the original rates are multiplied by 3. On amounts from \$100,000 to \$500,000 they are multiplied by 4, and on amounts in excess of \$500,000 they are multiplied by 5.	
·	Amounts exempt from taxation are as follows: To widow or minor child, \$24,000; to other beneficiaries in class (a), \$10,000; to bene- ficiaries in class (b), \$2,000; to beneficiaries in class (c), \$1,500; to class (d), \$1,000; to class (e), \$500.	
Colorado	scendants, 3%. To all others above \$500: On \$500 to \$10,000.	ity. 2. Administration expenses. 3. Expenses for funeral and last sickness.
	daughter, lineal descendant, or adopted child the rate is 2%, with \$10,000 exempt. To uncle, aunt, nephew or niece or their descendants, 3%.	ity. 2. Administration expenses. 3. Expenses for funeral and lames. 4. Allowances to widow and or

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Connecticut	To parents, husband or wife, descendants, adopted child or its descendants, brother or sister, son-in-law or daughter-in-law the rate is 1%, \$10,000 exempt. To others 5%, with \$500 exempt.	laws.
Delaware	Exempt to parents, grand-parents, husband, wife, descendants, adopted child. To others exempt to \$500 and taxable on excess as follows: To brothers, sisters or their descendants, 1%; to uncles, aunts or their descendants, 2%; to great-uncles, great-aunts or their descendants, 3%; to those more remote in blood, 5%.	1. Funeral expenses. 2. Expenses of last sickness. 3. Wages to servants and laborers. 4. Rent (not over one year). 5. Judgments. 6. Obligations of record. 7. Obligations under seal. 8. Contracts for payment of mone or delivery of goods.
District of Columbia	None.	1. Judgments or decree of Court. 2. Other debts.
Florida	None.	Administration expenses. Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Judgments and debts due to State.
Georgia	None.	 Year's support of family. Expenses of funeral and last sick ness. Administration expenses. Taxes. Fiduciary obligations. Judgments, mortgages and other liens. Rent. Liquidated demands.
Idaho	Tax on estates less than \$25,000 at following rates: (a) To husband or wife, lineal issue or ancestor, 1%; exempt to widow or minor child, \$10,000; to others of Class A, exempt \$4,000.	1 Funeral expenses
	(b) To brother or sister, or their descendants, or wife or widow of son, or husband of daughter, 1½%; exempt, \$2,000. (c) To uncles, aunts or descendants, 3%; exempt, \$1,500. (d) To great-uncles, great-aunts or descendants, 4%; exempt, \$1,000. (e) To more distant relatives or strangers in blood, 5%; exempt, \$500. On larger estates than \$25,000 the above rates are multiplied as follows: \$25,000 to \$50,000, 000, 1½ times above; \$500,000 to \$500,000, 2½ times above; \$500,000 to \$500,000, 2½ times above; \$500,000 and upward, 3 times	
Illinols	above. To parents, husband, wife descendant, adopted child, brother, sister, wife of son, husband of daughter, on amounts from \$20,000 to \$100,000 the rate is 1%; above \$100,000, 2%; exempt below \$20,000. To uncle, aunt, niece, nephew or their descendants the rate is 2% on amounts less than \$20,000; 4% on amounts in excess of \$20,000; 4% on amounts in excess of \$20,000; exempt below \$2,000. To all others the rates vary with amounts as follows: Up to \$10,000, 3%; \$10,000 to \$50,000, 4%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 5%; \$50,000 to \$100,000, 6%; above \$100,000, 10%; exempt to \$500.	ants. 4. Debts to common school or town- ship funds.
Indiana	None.	 Administration expenses. Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Taxes. Debts secured by liens on real estate. Wages, not over \$50.
Iowa	Property passing to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, adopted child or issue thereof is exempt. To others 5% tax above \$1,000. To alien non-residents of the State tax is 20%, unless allen is brother or sister, when tax is 10%.	Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Public rates and taxes. Claims filed within six months after notice.
Kansas		 Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Administration expenses. Wages of servants.

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Kansas	Estates are classified by amount in five classes, with increasing rate of tax. Up to \$25,000; from \$25,000 to \$50,000; from \$50,000 to \$500,000; from \$100,000 to \$500,000; amounts in excess of \$500,000. To husband, wife, ancestor, descendant, adopted child or descendant thereof, wife of son or husband of daughter, the rates on the above classes are 1%, 2%, 3%, 4%, and 5%. To brother, sister, nephew or niece, the rates are 3%, 5%, 7½%, 10%, 10% and 12½% and 15%. To all others the rates are 5%, 7½%, 10%, 10%, 12½% and 15% on all estates over \$500 except.	 Debts due to State. Judgments. All demands presented within one year after letters of administration. Demands presented after one year and before two years.
Kentucky	Tax of 5% on all estates over \$500 except to parents, husband or wife, lawful issue, hus- band of daughter, wife or widow of son, lineal descendants or adopted child, which are exempt.	1. Funeral expenses. 2. Administration expenses. 3. Moneys due in fiduciary capacity.
Louisiana	Exempt to \$10,000 to parents or lineal ancestors, children or descendants; excess taxable at 2%; to others 5%.	5. Saiaries, cierks.
Maine	To ancestors, parents, busband, wife, descendants, adopted child, wife of son, husband of daughter, the rates are as follows: Up to \$50,000, 1%: \$50,000 to \$100,000, 1½%; above \$100,000, 2%; \$10,000 exempt to parents, husband, wife, child or adopted child. To brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece or cousin, the rates on the above amounts are 4%, 4½% and 5%; \$500 exempt. To others, rates on the same amounts are 5%, 6% and 7%; same exemption.	penses. 2. Allowance to husband, widow or children. 3. Expenses of last sickness. 4. Debts preferred under H. S. town
Maryland	or lineal descendants; to others, 5% above	4. Judgments or decrees of Court
Massachusetts.	(a) To husband or wife, parents, ancestors, children, adopted children, descendants, son-in-law or daughter-in-law the rates are 1% up to \$50,000; 1%%, \$50,000 to \$100,-000; 2% above \$100,000. Exceptions are \$10,000 to parents, husband, wife or children, or adopted children, to others in Class A, \$1,000 exempt. (b) To brother, sister, nephew or niece the rates are 3% up to \$25,000; 4%, \$25,000 to \$100,000; 5% above \$100,000; \$1,000 exempt. To all other persons the rate is 5%.	
Michigan	Tax of 1 % to parents, husband or wife, child, brother or sister, wife or wildow of son, husband of daughter, lineal descendants, adopted child, or one to whom deceased stood in relation of parent, exempt to \$2,000. To others, 5% over \$100.	Administration expenses. Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Debts preferred by U. S. laws.
Minnesota	Five classes of beneficiaries are recognized: (a) wife, or lineal descendant; (b) husband, parents, ancestors, adopted children or issue thereof; (c) brother or sister or their descendants, son-h-law or daughter-in-law; (d) uncles, aunts or their descendants; (e) others more remote. The rates for amounts not exceeding \$15,000 (called the primary rates) for the classes given above are respectively 1%, 1½%, 3%, 4%, and 5%. On amounts from \$15,000 to \$30,000 the primary rates are multiplied 1½ times; from \$30,000 to \$50,000 twice; from \$50,000 to \$100,000 2½ times; and above \$100,000 3 times. Exemptions are to classes (a) and (b), except ancestors, \$3,000; to class (c) \$1,000; to class (d) \$250 and to class (e) \$100.	Administration expenses. Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Expenses of last sickness. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Taxes
Mississippi	None.	No statutory preference.
Missourl,.	All inheritances taxable at 5% except to parents, husband or wife, adopted child, or lineal descendants, which are exempt.	 Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness; wages of servants. Taxes and public debts. Judgments. All demands presented within six months after letters. All demands exhibited after six months and before one year,

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Montana	Tax of 1% to parents, husband, wife, child, brother, sister, descendant, adopted child, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, \$7,500 exempt. To all others, 5% over \$500.	 Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Debts preferred under U. S. laws. Judgments and mortgages.
Nebraska	Taxable at 1% to parents, husband or wife, child, brother or sister, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter, adopted child, and lineal descendants in lawful wedlock, exempt to \$10,000. To uncle, sunt, nephew or niece, or descendants and the secondants in the secondants in lawful wedlock, exempt to \$10,000.	
	empt to \$10,000. To uncle, aunt, nephew or niece, or descendants, 2%; exempt to \$2,000. To others, above \$500 as follows: \$500 to \$5,000, 2%; \$5,000 to \$10,000, 3%; \$10,000 to \$20,000, 4%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 5%; above \$50,000, 6%.	
Nevada	None.	 Funeral expenses. Expenses of last sickness. Wages, within ninety days. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Judgments and mortgages.
N. Hampshire	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, brother, sister, adopted child, or issue thereof, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter. To all others, 5%.	Administration expenses. Funeral expenses. Allowance to widow. Taxes and expenses of last sickness.
New Jersey	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, children, lineal descendants, brother or sister, husband of daughter, wife or widow of son. To all others, 5%; \$500 exempt.	 Expenses of last sickness. Funeral expenses. Judgments and decrees.
New Mexico	None.	 Administration expenses. Funeral and last sickness expenses. Allowance for widow and mino children. Debts preferred by U. S. or State laws.
New York	4% above \$1,000,000. To others exempt to \$1,000; rates on excess on above amounts are 5% , 6% , 7% and 8% .	5. Taxes. 1. Funeral and administration expenses. 2. Debts preferred under U. S. laws 3. Taxes. 4. Judgments and decrees.
N. Carolina	Exempt to husband or wife. (1) To lineal	 Debts secured by liens on property of deceased. Funeral expenses. Taxes. Debts due U. S. or State. Judgments. Wages within one year. Medica attendance within one year.
N. Dakota	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, adopted child, or descendants thereof.	Administration expenses. Funeral and last sickness expenses. Allowance to family. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Debts secured by liens on property of deceased.
Ohio	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, brother, sister, nephew, niece, lineal descendant, adopted child, person legally designated as heir, and descendants thereof, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter. To others, 5% above \$200.	 Administration, funeral and last slokness expenses. Allowance to widow and children for twelve months. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Taxes. Wages up to \$150.
Oklahoma	To widow, \$10,000 exempt; next \$5,000 taxed 1%; above \$15,000 rate increases with each \$100, reaching 100% at \$1,252,500. To husband, descendant, ancestor, adopted child or descendant thereof; \$5,000 exempt; next \$5,000 taxed 1%; above \$10,000, rate increases with each \$100, reaching 100% at \$1,247,500.	 Expenses of last sickness. Support of family for ninety days Taxes to U. S. or State. Debts preferred by U. S. or State laws. Judgments or mortgages. Judgments presented within sizes
,	To more remote relatives there is a smaller exemption, and the rate reaches 100% about \$490,000. To strangers, \$100 is exempt; next \$500 taxable at 5%; above \$600, rate increases with each \$100, reaching 100% at \$95,600.	months.

STATE.	Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.
Oregon	(a) Tax of 1% to parents, husband er wife, child, brother or sister, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter, adopted child, lineal descendants or ancestors, \$5,000 exempt to each person. Estate must exceed \$10,000. (b) Tax of 2% to luncle, aumt, niece, nephew secondants, \$2,000 exempt to each person. Estate must exceed \$5,000. In all other cases above \$500; \$500 to \$10,000, 3%; \$10,000 to \$20,000, 4%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 5%; above \$50,000, 6%.	Funeral expenses. Taxes due U.S. Expenses of last sickness. Evenses of last sickness. Public rates and taxes. Debts preferred by U.S. laws. Debts secured by liens on property of deceased. Wages within ninety days.
Pennsylvania	Estates less than \$250 exempt. Exempt to parents, husband or wife, children or lineal descendants, stepchildren, adopted children, wife or widow of son. To all others, 5%.	Funeral and last sickness expenses. Wages due household servants within one year. Rent, within one year.
Rhode Island,.	None.	1. Funeral expenses. 2. Expenses of last sickness. 3. Debts due U. S. 4. State and town taxes. 5. Wages up to \$100. 6. Other claims presented within six months. 7. Other claims presented within one year.
South Carolina.	None.	Funeral, last sickness, probate and administration expenses. Debts due to public. Judgments, mortgages and executions. Rent. Bonds, contract debts.
South Dakota	To parents, husband, wife, child, descendants, brother, sister, son-in-law, daughter-in-law or adopted child, 1%. Exempt: \$20,000 to widow; to others above named \$5,000 exempt. To uncles, aunts, nephew, niece, or their descendants, 2%; \$500 exempt. To others more remote the rates are: Under \$10,000, 4%; \$10,000 to \$20,000, 6%; \$20,000 to \$50,000, 8%; above \$50,000, 10%.	Nages for ou days. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. Debts secured by Hens on property of deceased.
Tennessee	To parents, husband, wife, child or descendants, \$5,000 exempt. Upon excess, 1% up to \$20,000; 14% above \$20,000. To others, 5% above \$250.	No priority.
Texas	Exempt to parents, husband or wife or descendant taxation on other legacies varies (above such sum as is exempt) with the amount of the legacy. Six divisions as to amount are recognized: (1) up to \$10,000; (2) \$10,000 to \$25,000; (3) \$25,000 to \$50,-000; (4) \$50,000 to \$100,000; (5) \$100,000 to	Funeral and last sickness expenses. Administration expenses and one year's support of widow and children. Debts secured by mortgage or other lien.
ŧ	\$500,000; (0) above \$500,000. To ancestors, brothers, sisters or their descendants, the rates on the above amounts are 2%, 2½%, 3%, 3½%, 4% and 5%; \$2,000 being exempt. To uncles, aunts or their descendants the rates are 3%, 4%, 5%, 6%, 7% and 8%; \$1,000 being exempt. To others more remote the rates are 4%, 5½%, 7%, 8½%, 10% and 12%, \$500 being exempt.	twelve months.
Utah	Tax of 5% on all estates over \$10,000.	1. Funeral expenses. 2. xpenses of last sickness and administration. 3. Wages up to \$100. 4. Debts preferred by U. S. or State laws. 5. Debts secured by liens.
Vermont	Exempt to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, adopted child, or lineal descendant thereof, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter. To all others, 5%.	1. Funeral expenses.
Virginia	Exempt to lineal ancestors or lineal descendants, husband or wife, brother or sister. To all others, 5%	1. Funeral and administration ex-

002	The Bank, apicy Law.				
STATE.	·Inheritance Tax.	Preferred Obligations.			
Washington	(a) Tax of 1% above \$10,000 to parents, husband or wife, lineal descendants, adopted child, or lineal descendant thereof. (b) To collaterals, including the third degree of relationship, 3% up to \$50,000 to \$100,000, and 6% from \$50,000 to \$100,000, and 6% from \$100,000 upward. (c) To those further removed, 6% up to \$50,000, 9% up to \$100,000, 12% above \$100,000.	2. Expenses of last sickness. 3. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. 4. Wages, within ninety days.			
West Virginia	To lineal ancestor, husband, wife, descendant, the rate is 1% on amounts up to \$25,000; \$25,000 to \$50,000, 1½%; \$50,000 to \$100,-000, 2%; \$100,000 to \$500,000, 2½%; above \$500,000, 3%. Exempt up to \$10,-000, except in case of widow, where \$15,000 is exempt. To brother or sister the rate is 3% up to \$25,-	penses. 2. Debts owing to U. S. 3. Taxes.			
	000, and for the varying amounts stated above the rates are 4½%, 6%, 7½% and 9%. To others more remote the rates are 5%, 7½%, 10%, 12½% and 15%.				
Wisconsin	 Tax of 1% to husband, wife, lineal descendants, lineal ancestors, adopted child, and lineal Issue thereof. To brothers, sisters and descendants, wife or widow of son, or husband of daughter, 1½%. To uncles, aunts or their descendants, 3%. To great-uncles, great-aunts and their descendants, 4%. 	 Last sickness and funeral expenses. Debts preferred by U. S. laws. 			
	(5) To all others, 5%. When the estate is above \$25,000 the above rates are multiplied as follows: \$25,000 to \$50,000, 1½ times on excess; \$50,000 to \$100,000, 2½ times on excess; \$100,000 to \$500,000, 2½ times on excess; above \$500,000 to widow and lesser amounts to other relatives, down to \$100 exemptions to strangers in blood.				
Wyoming	Tax of 2% on amount above \$10,000 to parents, husband or wife, child, brother, sister, lineal descendants, wife or widow of son, husband of daughter, adopted or acknowledged child for ten years. Except that to husband, wife or child resident of the State \$25,000 to each is exempt. To others than above, tax of 5%; \$500 exempt.	 Expenses of last sickness and sixty days' wages, including medical attendance and medicines. Judgments and mortgages. All claims presented within six months. 			

The Bankrupter Law.

EXTRACTS FROM THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY ACT OF JULY 1, 1898,

AS AMENDED BY ACT OF JUNE 25, 1910.

SEC. 4. Who May Become Bankrupts.—(a) Any person except a municipal railroad, insurance or banking corporation shall be entitled to the benefits of this act as a voluntary bankrupt.

or banking corporation shall be entitled to the benefits of this act as a voluntary bankrupt.

The bankruptcy of a corporation shall not release its officers, directors, or stockholders, as such, from any liability under the laws of a State or Territory or of the United States.

(b) Any natural person, except a wage-earner or a person engaged chiefly in farming or the tillage of the soil, any unincorporated company and any moneyed business, or commercial corporation, except a municipal railroad, insurance or banking corporation, owing debts to the amount of one thousand dollars or over, may be adjudged an involuntary bankrupt upon default or an impartial trial and shall be subject to the provisions and entitled to the benefits of this act.

if alect 7 DUTIES OF BANKRUPTS.—(a) The bankrupt shall (1) attend the first meeting of bis creditors, if alected by the court or a ludge thereof to do so, and the hearing upon his application for a discharge, if filed; (2) comply with all lawful orders of the court; (3) examine the correctness of all proofs of claims filed against his estate; (4) execute and deliver such papers as shall be ordered by the court; (5) execute to his trustee transfers of all his property in foreign countries; (6) immediately inform his trustee of any attempt, by his creditors or other persons, to evade the provisions of this act, coming to his knowledge; (7) in case of any person having to his knowledge proved a false claim against his estate, disclose that fact immediately to his trustee; (8) prepare, make oath to, and file in court within ten days, unless further time is granted, after the adjudication if an involuntary bankrupt, and with ten days, unless further time is granted, after the adjudication if an involuntary bankrupt, and with the petition if a voluntary bankrupt, a schedule of his property, showing the amount and kind of property, the location thereof, its money value in detall, and a list of his creditors, showing their residences, if known (if unknown that fact to be stated), the amount due each of them, the consideration thereof, the security held by them, if any, and a claim for such exemptions as he may be entitled to, all in triplicate, one copy of each for the clerk, one for the referee, and one for the trustee; and (9) when present at the first meeting of his creditors, and at such other times as the court shall order, submit to an examination concerning the conducting of his business, the cause of his bankruptcy, his dealings with his creditors and other persons, the amount, kind, and whereabouts of his property, and, in addition, all matters which may affect the administration and settlement of his estate; but no testimony given by him shall be offered in evidence against him in any criminal proceedings.

Provided, however, that he shall not be required to attend a meeting of his creditors, or at or for an examination at a place more than one hundred and fifty miles distant from his home or principal place of business, or to examine claims except when presented to him, unless ordered by the court, or

place of business, or to examine claims except when presented to him, unless ordered by the court, or a Judge thereof, for cause shown, and the bankrupt shall be paid his actual expenses from the estate when examined or required to attend at any place other than the city, town, or village of his residence.

Distribution of Intestate's Personal Estate.

THE following is a synopsis of the laws of the various States providing for the distribution of the personal estate of a deceased after the payment of funeral expenses and other debts where there is no will:

In many of the States the widow and children are entitled to receive a small portion of the estate, generally varying from \$100 to \$500, before the claims of creditors are paid. Aside from such exempt portion of the estate, the property to be distributed to the widow or relatives is that remaining after all creditors' claims have been satisfied.

The following is the plan of distribution of a male's property. The same rules apply to a female's estate, except in some States, where the rights of a husband in the estate of his deceased wife differ from those of a wife in the estate of her deceased husband,

which will be shown in a separate table.

I. In all States where the deceased leaves a child or children, or descendants of any deceased child, and no widow, the children or descendants take the entire estate, to the exclusion of all other relatives. The children take equal shares, and in most States the descendants of a deceased child together take the share of their parent, except where the descendants are all in equal degree to the deceased (all grandchildren, no children surviving), when they share equally and do not take their proportionate share of their parent's interest.

No statement is given in this synopsis of the law of Louisiana, which, being founded on the provisions of the French code and Roman law instead of the English common law, which is the underlying principle in the other States, differs in many respects from the principles followed in the other States, especially on the question of the rights of a husband and wife in each other's property and in the property acquired by the husband and wife during their married life. The provisions of the law of Indiana are also not included, for the reason that for an accurate statement of its provisions a reading of the entire statute is necessary, together with the decisions of the Indiana courts construing its provisions, which would occupy too much space for a statement here.

- · II. (a) If deceased leaves a widow, and no children or descendants, the widow takes all. This is the rule in Alabama, Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Illinols, Kansas, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.
- (b) In the following States the widow takes one-half, the residue being taken by the other relatives in the manner and proportion in which they take the entire estate when the deceased leaves neither widow or descendants (given below): Arkansas, California, Delaware, District of Columbia, Idaho, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Missouri. Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota and Virginia.
- (c) In Massachusetts, North Dakota, Pennsylvania and Utah the widow takes the entire estate up to \$5,000 and one-half of the residue.
 (d) In Connecticut and Vermont the widow takes the entire estate up to \$2,000 and
- one-half of the residue.

 (e) In New York, in case deceased leaves a father surviving the widow takes one-
- (e) In New York, in case deceased leaves a father surviving, the widow takes one-half; if no father surviving, the widow takes one-half and \$2,000 in addition.
- (f) In New Hampshire the widow takes \$1,500, and, if the estate exceeds \$3,000, one-half of the residue.
- (g) In Wyoming the widow takes the entire estate up to \$10,000 and three-fourths of the residue.
- (i) In Michigan the widow takes the entire estate up to \$3,000 and one-half of the residue.
- III. (a) When the deceased leaves a widow and children, or descendants, the widow takes one-third and the children share equally in the residue in the following States: Arizona, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio (one-half if less than \$400), Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.
- (b) In the following States, if there be but one child, the widow takes one-half and the child one-half; if two or more children or their descendants, the widow takes one-third, as above, and the children or their descendants the residue: California, Florida, Idaho, Michigan, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Utah.
- (c) In the following States the widow takes one-half and the children, or descendants, the residue: Colorado. Kansas. Kentucky, Oregon, Washington and Wyoming.
- (d) In the following States the widow takes the same share as each of the children: Mississippi. Missouri, Tennessee and Wisconsin.
- (e) In North Carolina, if there are less than three children, the widow takes onethrd and the children the residue; if there are three or more children, the widow takes the same share as each of the children.

DISTRIBUTION OF INTESTATE'S PERSONAL ESTATE—Continued.

(f) In Alabama, if there is but one child, the widow takes one-half and the child one-half; if there are more than one child and less than five children, the widow takes the same share as each of the children; if there are five or more children, the widow the widow takes the same share as each of the children, it there are five or more children, the widow takes one-fifth and the children or their descendants share equally in the residue.

(g) In Georgia, if there are less than five children, the widow takes the same share as each of the children; if there are five or more children the widow takes one-fifth and the children or their descendants share equally in the residue.

In Nebraska if widow is not the parent of all the children of the deceased and there be more than one child, widow takes one-fourth and children the residue. If widow is parent of all children of the deceased, she takes one-half if there be but one child and the child the residue; if there be more than one child the widow takes one-third and the children the residue.

- (h) In New Mexico, the widow takes one-half of the estate acquired during marriage, otherwise than by gift (by purchase, for example) and the children or their descendants share equally in the residue; the widow also takes one-fourth of the estate acquired before marriage, or by gift or legacy during marriage, the children or their descendants taking the residue.
- IV. (a) When the deceased leaves no widow, children or descendants, the parents take the entire estate in equal shares in the following States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

In all of the States just mentioned, except Alabama, Arizona, Maine, and Texas, if one parent is dead, the surviving parent takes the entire estate, to the exclusion of brothers and sisters. In Alabama, Arizona, Maine, and Texas the surviving parent takes one-half and the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, take the residue.

In all of them, if both parents are dead, the brothers and sisters and their descendants

take the entire estate.

- (b) In the following States the father, if living, takes the entire estate; if the father is dead, then to the mother and brothers and sisters, or their descendants equally; and if both parents are dead, then to the brothers and sisters, or their descendants: Florida, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia.
- (c) In the following States the father, if living, takes the entire estate; if the father is dead, then to the mother; and if both parents are dead, then to the brothers and sisters or their descendants: Arkansas, District of Columbia, Nevada and North Dakota.
- (d) In the following States the parents, if living, and the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, take the entire estate, sharing equally, Georgia, Illinois, Mississippi, Missouri, and South Carolina.
- (e) In Delaware, Ohio and Marvland (where the property did not descend to intestate from either parent), the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, take the entire estate in preference to the parents, who only inherit if there are no brothers or sisters or lawful issue of any deceased brothers or sisters or

DISTRIBUTION OF FEMALE'S ESTATE.

In the following States, if the deceased was a married woman, the rights of her surviving husband in her personal estate differ from the rights of a widow in the estate of her deceased husband as shown in the above synopsis.

(a) In Delaware, District of Columbia, New Jersey, North Carolina, Rhode Island, and Virginia the husband takes the entire personal estate, whether there is any issue

of the marriage or not.

(b) In New York, if there are no children or descendants of children, the husband takes the entire estate. takes the entire estate.

(c) In Florida, Georgia, and Pennsylvania, if there are no children or descendants, the husband takes the entire estate; if there are children, the husband takes the same share as each child.

(d) In this the husband takes the entire estate if there are no children or descendants; if there are children or descendants, they take the entire estate.

(e) In Alabama the husband takes one-half of the estate, the children, or descendants, taking the residue.

Law Examinations in New York State.

To entitle an applicant to an examination as an attorney and counsellor he shall pay to the examiners a fee of \$15, and he must prove (15 days in advance) to the satisfaction of the State Board of Law Examiners: 1. That he is a citizen of the State, twenty-one years of age, and that his residence for six months prior to the examination is actual and not constructive, which proof must be made by his own affidavit. 2. That he has studied law in the manner and according to the conditions prescribed for a period of four years, except that if the applicant is a graduate of any college or university his period of study may be three years instead of four, annexcept also that persons who have been admitted as attorneys in the highest court of original jurisdiction of another State or country, and have remained therein as practicing attorneys for at least three years, may be admitted to such examination after a period of law study of one year within this State. 3. That the applicant has passed the regents' examination or its equivalent must be proved by the production of a certified copy of the regents' certificate filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

Address communications concerning law examinations to F. M. Danaher, Secretary, Albany, N. Y.

Law of Contracts.

A contract is an agreement of two or more parties, by which reciprocal rights and obligations are created. One party acquires a right, enforceable at law, to some act or forbearance from the other, who is under a corresponding obligation to thus act or forbear. Generally speaking, all contracts which are made between two competent parties, for a proper consideration, without fraud and for a lawful purpose, are enforceable at law.

To the creation of a valid contract there must be:

1. Precise agreement. The offer of one party must be met by an acceptance by the other, according to the terms of fired.

ing to the terms offered.

There must be a consideration. Something of value must either be received by one party or

given up by the other.

3. The parties must have capacity to contract. The contracts of inspections are not binding upon them. Married women are now generally permitted to contract as though single, and bind their separate property. The contracts of an infant are generally not binding upon him, unless ratified after attaining his majority. The contracts of an infant for 'necessaries' may be enforced against him to the extent of the reasonable value of the goods furnished. It is incumbent upon one seeking thus to hold an infant to show that the goods furnished were in fact necessary to the infant, and that however not always usualled by his preprint or guardiens. he was not already supplied by his parents or guardians.

4. The party's consent must not be the result of fraud or imposition, or it may be avoided by the

party imposed upon.

party imposed upon.

5. The purpose of the parties must be lawful. Agreements to defraud others, to violate statutes, or whose aim is against public policy, such as to create monopolies, or for the corrupt procurement of legislative or official action, are void, and cannot be enforced by any party thereto.

Contracts in general are equally valid, whether made orally or in writing, with the exception of certain classes of contracts, which in most of the states are required to be attested by a note or memorandum in writing, signed by the party or his agent sought to be held liable. Some of the provisions, which are adopted from the old English Statute of Frands, vary in some States, but the following contracts very generally are required to be thus attested by some writing:

Contracts by their terms not to be performed within a year from the making thereof.

A promise to answer for the debt, default, or miscarriage of another person.

Contracts made in consideration of marriage, except mutual promises to marry.

Promise of an executor, or administrator, to pay debts of deceased out of his own property.

Contracts for the creation of any interest or estate in land, with the exception of leases for a short term, generally one year.

Contracts for the creation of any interest or estate in fand, with the exception of leases for a short term, generally one year.

Contracts for the sale of goods above a certain value, unless a portion of the price is paid or part of the goods delivered. The required value of the goods sold varies in different States from \$30 to \$200. In a number of the States no such provision exists.

In many of the States declarations or conveyances of trust estates.

In many States representations as to the character, credit, or responsibility of another person.

Partial performance of the contract is generally held to dispense with the necessity for a writing

If the damages liable to result from the breaking of a contract are uncertain the

If the damages hable to result from the breaking of a contract are uncertain the parties may agree upon a sum to which either may be entitled as compensation for a breach, which will be apheld by the courts, but if the sum so fixed is not designed as a fair compensation to the party injured, but as a penalty to be inflicted, it will be disregarded.

A party is generally excused for the failure to perform what he has agreed only by the acto (60d or the public enemy. Except in cases involving a personal element in the work to be performed, such as the rendition of services, when the death or sickness of the party contracting to perform them is a valid excuse, or contracts for the performance of work upon a specified object, when its destruction without the fault of the party sought to be held liable is a sufficient excuse.

Arrest in Civil Action.

WHILE imprisonment for debt as it formerly existed in English and American law, by which a debtor might be arrested and imprisoned for mere inability to pay his creditor, no longer exists in the United States, the statutes of the majority of the States provide for the arrest of a defendant in a civil action under varying conditions. A large number of States determine the right of arrest by the character of the claim on which suit is brought, allowing it in actions for fraud or the injuries known in the law as "torts," such as an injury to the person or property, conversion or embezzlement, libel, slander or the like. Other States only allow arrest to prevent or punish the escape of a defendant from the State and the concealment or transfer of his property with intent to defraud creditors. Still other States combine these two theories or modify them in different ways.

The following synopsis shows a grouping of the States along lines of approximately similar legislation.

trom the State and the conceaniem of the conceaniem of the states of modify them in different ways, creditors. Still other States combine these two theories or modify them in different ways, and the following synopsis shows a grouping of the States along lines of approximately similar legislation.

In the following States no civil arrest is allowed; Alabama, Arizona, District of Columbia, Florida, Maryland, Minnesotta, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Tennessee and Texas.

In the following States the right to arrest depends upon the nature of claim in suit: In actions for fraud or torts, Connecticut; for fraud, libel, clander or violent injury to person or property, Delaware; for fraud only, Iowa and Kansas; only after verdict of jury, finding malice, fraud or wilful deceit, Colorado; for torts, breach of promise to marry, misconduct or embezzlement in office or professional capacity, Michigan, Pennsylvania, New York calso for fine or penalty or to recover property concealed from Sheriff); only after judgment for fraud or personal injuries, New Mexico.

In the following States arrest is only allowed against a defendant about to remove from State or about to conceal, transfer or remove his property, to avoid plaintiff's claim or defraud creditors, irrespective of the nature of the claim; Indian, Kentucky, Louisiana, New Hampshire, Utah, Virginia.

In the following States arrest is allowed in contract actions where the defendant is about to depart from the State, or conceal or remove his property, and also in actions for fraud or torts of various kinds, though the provisions are not identical: Arkansas (fraud only), California, Idaho, Illinois, Maine, Massachusetts, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Orecon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia (fraud only), Wisconsin.

In Georgia arrest only allowed against attorneys, sheriffs or other officers of the Court for failure to pay over money collected, and in certain circumstances against defendant who conceals prop

Marriage and Divorce Laws.

(Revised to December 1, 1912.)

Marriage Licenses.—Required in all the States and Territories except Alaska, New Mexico. California requires man and woman to appear and be examined under oath, or and South Carolina. submit affidavit.

Marriage, Prohibition of.—Marriages between whites and persons of negro descent are prohibited and punishable in Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, and West Virginia, Marriages between whites and Indians are void in Arizona, North Carolina, Oregon, and South Carolina; and between whites and Chinese in Arizona, California, Mississippi, Oregon, and South Carolina; are between first cousins is forbidden in Alaska, Arizona, Arkansa, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Washington, and Wyoming, and in some of them is declared incestuous and void, and marriage with step-relatives is forbidden in all the States except Florida, Hawaiian Islands, Iowa, Kentucky, Minnesota, New York, Tennessee, Wisconsin.

Connecticut and Minnesota prohibit the marriage of an epileptic, imbecile, or feeble-minded woman under 45 years of age, or colabitation by any male of this description with a woman under 45 years of age, and marriage of unatics is void in the District of Columbia, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Nebraska; persons having sexual diseases in Michigan.

California prohibits divorced persons from marrying anywhere within a year by granting only an interlocutory decree at first and final decree one year later. Marriage, Prohibition of.-Marriages between whites and persons of negro descent are pro-

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STATES.	Residence Required.	Causes for Absolute Divorce. In addition to adultery, which is cause for divorce in all the States.*
Alabama	3 years.	Abandonment two years, crime against nature, habitual drunkenness, violence, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, physical incapacity, imprisonment for two years for felony, if husband becomes addicted to cocaine, morphine or similar drugs.
Alaska Arizona,	3 years. 1 year.	Felony, physical incapacity, desertion two years, cruelty, habitual drunkenness. Felony, physical incapacity, desertion one year, excesses, cruelty, neglect to provide one year, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, conviction of felony prior to marriage unknown to other party, habitual drunkenness.
Arkansas		Desertion one year, felony, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, former marriage existing, physical incapacity.
	l	Cruelty, desertion one year, neglect one year, habitual drunkenness one
Colorado	1 year.	Desertion one year, physical incapacity, cruelty, failure to provide one year, habitual drunkenness one year, felony, former marriage existing.
Connecticut	3 years.	Fraudulent contract, within desertion three years with total neglect of duty, habitual drunkenness, cruelty, imprisonment for life, infamous crime involving violation of conjugal duty and punishable by imprisonment in State prison, seven years' absence without being heard from.
Delaware		Desertion two years, habitual drunkenness for two years, cruelty, bigamy, felony followed by a continuous imprisonment for at least two years—and at the discretion of the Court, fraud, want of age, neglect to provide three years.
		Marriages may be annulled for former existing marriage, lunacy, fraud, coercion, physical incapacity, and want of age at time of marriage.
Florida	2 years.	Cruelty, violent temper, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity, desertion one year, former marriage existing, relationship within prohibited degrees.
Georgia	1 year.	Mental and physical incapacity, desertion three years, felony, cruelty, force, duress, or fraud in obtaining marriage, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, relationship within prohibited degrees.
Idaho	6 mos.	Crueity, desertion one year, neglect one year, habitual drunkenness one year, felony, insanity.
		Desertion two years, habitual drunkenness two years, former existing marriage, cruelty, felony, physical incapacity, attempt on life of other party, divorced party cannot marry for one year.
	1	Abandonment two years, cruelty, habitual drunkenness, failure to provide two years, felony, physical incapacity. Desertion two years, felony, habitual drunkenness, cruelty, pregnancy of
Iowa	1 year.	Desertion two years, felony, habitual drunkenness, cruelty, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, unless husband has illegitimate child or children living of which wife did not know at time of marriage. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Insanity physical incapacity, former existing marriage, consanguinity.
Kansas	1 year.	Abandonment one year, cruelty, fraud, habitual drunkenness, gross neglect of duty, felony, physical incapacity, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, former existing marriage,
Kentucky		[Separation five years, desertion one year, felony, physical incapacity, loathsome disease, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, force, fraud or duress in obtaining marriage, joining religious sect believing marriage unlawful, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage or subsequent unchaste behavior, ungovernable temper.
Louisiana	1	Felony, habitual drunkenness, excesses, cruelty, public defamation of other
Maine		party, abandonment, attempt on life of other party, fugitive from justice. Cruelty, desertion three years, physical incapacity, habits of intoxication by liquors, opium, or other drugs, neglect to provide, insanity under certain limitations.
Maryland	2 years.	Abandonment three years, unchastity of wife before marriage, physical incapacity, any cause which renders the marriage null and void <i>ab initio</i> .
*Exclusiv	e of South	Carolina, which has no divorce law. S Not required for offence within State.

^{*}Exclusive of South Carolina, which has no divorce law. § Not required for offence within State.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE LAWS-Continued.

STATES.	Residence Required.	
Mass'chusetts	3-5 yrs.	drugs, neglect to provide, physical incapacity, imprisonment for felony, uniting for three years with religious sect believing marriage unlawful
Michigan	1 year.	pelony, desertion two years, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity, and in the discretion of the Court for cruelity or neglect to provide. Desertion one year, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelity, physical in-
Minnesota	1 year.	Desertion one year, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, physical in- capacity, imprisonment for felony.
Mississippi	1 year.	Felony, desertion two years, consanguinity, physical incapacity, habitual drunkenness by liquor, opium, or other drugs, cruelty, insanity at time of marriage, former existing marriage, pregnancy of wife by other than hus-
Missouri	1 year.	band at marriage. Felony, absence one year, habitual drunkenness one year, cruelty, indignitles, vagrancy, former existing marriage, physical incapacity, conviction of felony prior to marriage unknown to other party, wife pregnant by other than husband at marriage.
Montana	1 year.	innocent party may not remarry within two years and guilty party within
Nebraska	1 year.†	A bandonment two years, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity, felony, failure to support two years, cruelty.
Nevada	6 mos.	Desertion one year, felony, habitual drunkenness, physical incapacity,
N.Hampshire	1 year.	ness three years, failure to provide three years, treatment endangering health or reason, union with sect regarding marriage unlawful, wife separate
New Jersey	2 years.	without the State ten years, not claiming marital rights, husband absent from United States three years intending to become citizen of another country without making any provision for wife's support. Desertion two years, cruelty. No divorce may be obtained on grounds arising in another State unless they constituted ground for divorce in the State where they arose. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage. Want of legal age, former existing marriage, consanguinity, physical incapacity, idiocy. Abandonment, cruelty, neglect to provide, habitual drunkenness, felony, physical incapacity, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage. Adultery only. The marriage may be annulled for such causes as rendered the relationship void at its inception.
New Mexico.	1 year.	Abandonment, cruelty, neglect to provide, habitual drunkenness, felony,
New York	(‡)	Adultery only. The marriage may be annulled for such causes as rendered
N. Carolina		Pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, physical incapacity, husband and wife living apart for ten years and having no issue.
North Dakota	1 year.	year, felony. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage. Former existing marriage, insanity
Ohio	1 year.	physical incapacity, force or fraud inducing the marriage, or want of age.' Absence three years, cruelty, fraud, gross neglect of duty, habitual drunkenness three years, felony, former existing marriage; procurement of divorce without the State by one party, which continues marriage binding upon
Oklahoma		without the State by one party, which continues marriage binding upon other party; physical incapacity. Abandonment one year, crueity, fraud, habitual drunkenness, felony, gross neglect of duty, physical incapacity, former existing marriage, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage.
Oregon	1 year.	Felony, habitual drunkenness one year, physical incapacity, desertion one
Pennsylvania	1 year.	Felony, habitual drunkenness one year, physical incapacity, desertion one year, cruelty or personal indignities rendering life burdensome. Former existing marriage, desertion two years, personal abuse or conduct rendering life burdensome, felony, fraud, relationship within prohibited degrees physical incapacity and lunger.
Rhode Island.	2 years.	degrees, physical incapacity and lunacy. Cruelty, desertion five years, habitual drunkenness, excessive use of morphine, opium, or chloral, neglect to provide one year, gross misbehavior, living separate ten years, physical incapacity. Either party civilly dead for crime or prolonged absence. The marriage may be annulled for causes rendering the relationship originally void or voidable.
S. Carolina South Dakota	6mos. (a)	No divorces granted. Cruelty, desertion one year, neglect-one year, habitual drunkenness one year, felony. The marriage may be annulled for the following canses exist- ing at the time of the marriage: Want of age, former existing marriage.
Tennessee	2 years.	insanity, physical incapacity, force or fraud inducing marriage, Former existing marriage, desertion two years, felony, physical incapacity, attempton life of other party, refusal of wife to live with husband in the State and absenting herself two years, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage; at the discretion of the Court for cruelty, indignities, abandonment, or neglect to provide, habitual drunkenness, Abandonment three years, physical incapacity, cruelty, excess, or outrages rendering life together insupportable telony.
Texas	6 mos.	Abandonment three years, physical incapacity, cruelty, excess, or outrages rendering life together insupportable, felony.
Utah		rendering life together insupportable, felony. Desertion one year, physical incapacity, habitual drunkenness, felony, cruelty, permanent insaulty.
Vermont		Imprisonment three years, intolerable severity, desertion three years, neglect
Virginia	1 year.	to provide, assence seven years without heing heard from. Insanity at marriage, felony, desertion three years, fugitive from justice two years, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, wife a prostitute, or either party convicted of felony before marriage unknown to other, physical incapacity.
* Evelueive of Se		a. which has no divorce law. + Two years for causes arising out of State. + Actual residence.

^{*} Exclusive of South Carolina, which has no divorce law. † Two years for causes arising out of State. ‡ Actual residence.
(a) One year for causes arising out of State.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE LAWS-Continued.

STATES.	Residen ce Required.	
Washington	1 year.	Abandonment one year, fraud, habitual druukenness, refusal to provide, felony, physical incapacity, incurable insanity, cruetty or indignities rendering life burdensome, other cause deemed sufficient by the Court.
West Virginia	1 year.	Desertion three years, felony, physical incapacity, pregnancy of wife by other than husband at marriage, husband a licentious character or wife a prostitute unknown to other party, either party convicted of felony before marriage unknown to other. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Former existing marriage.
Wisconsin	1 year.	consanguinity, insanity, physical incapacity, miscegenation, want of age. Felony (imprisonment three years), desertion one year, cruelty, physical
		incapacity, habitual drunkenness one year, separation five years. In the discretion of the Court for cruelty or neglect to provide. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Want of age, or understanding, consanguinity, force or Irand inducing marriage; where marriage was contracted with former marriage existing the second marriage is yold without any divorce proceedings.
Wyoming	1 year.	Felony, desertion one year, habitual drunkenness, cruelty, neglect to provide one year, husband a vagrant, physical incapacity, indignities rendering condition intolerable, pregnancy of wife by other than involand at marriage, either party convicted of felony before marriage unknown to other. The marriage may be annulled for the following causes existing at the time of the marriage: Want of age, force or fraud. The marriage is void without divorce proceedings, consanguinity, insanity, former existing marriage.

^{*}Exclusive of South Carolina, which has no divorce law.

Divorce Statistics.

THE Bureau of the Census issued in 1910 a report of the results of a compilation of statistics of divorces of married people granted by the courts in the United States for a period of twenty years; being from 1887 to 1906, both years inclusive, and which are shown in 1912 ALMANAC, pages 197-199.

COMPARISON WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

The following table shows how the divorce rate in the United States compares with that in certain

The following table snows now the divorce has a second state of the freedright of the fact that the figures for foreign countries, neduced as a rule only absolute divorces, while those for the United States include both absolute and limited divorces. This difference is, however, of almost no practical importance, for in the United States less than I divorce in 100 is a limited divorce. If it is assumed that exactly i divorce in 100 is a limited divorce the ratio of the United States would become 72 per 100,000 population instead of 73, an

-	1_		DIVORCES: ANNUAL AVERAGE.*		
Country.	Census Year.	Population.	Num- ber.	Per 100,000 Population.	
Australia, Commonwealth of Austria Belgium Bulgaria Denmark France German Empire Prussia Saxony	1900 1900 1900 1901 1901 1900	3,773,248 26,150,708 6,693,548 3,744,283 2,449,540 38,961,945 56,367,178 34,472,509 4,202,216	359 179 705 †396 411 8.864 8,680 5,291	10 1 11 11 11 17 23 15 15	
Bavaria. Great Britain and Ireland: England and Wales. Scotland.	1900 1901 1901	6,176,057 32,527,843 4,472,103	1,209 491 568 175	29 8 2 4	
Ireland Hungary, Kingdom of Italy Japan Netherlands.	1900 1901 1898 1899	4,458,775 19,254,559 32,475,253 43,763,855 5,104,137	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	¶11 **3 215 10	
New Zealand†† Norway Roumania Servia	1901 1900 1899 1900	772,719 2,221,477 5,956,690 2,492,882	129 1,187 312	12 6 20 13	
Sweden. Switzerland United States.	1900	5,136,441 3,315,443 75,994,575	390 1,053 55,502	32 73	

*For the 5-year period of which the census year given is the median year except for Bulgaria and Servia. †Average annual number of divorces 1896-1900. ‡Annual average less than 1. Only 1 divorce granted during the 5-year period. ¶Annulments included with divorces. **Legal separations. ††Exclusive of Maoris.

The National Temperance Society.

President-Rev. David S. Dodge. Editor and Lecturer-Rev. C. H. Mead.

President—Rev. David S. Bouge. Letter and Experience Society and Publication House was organized in 1865 for the special work of creating and circulating sound temperance literature to promote the cause of total abstinence from all intoxicants, and to unify and concentrate the temperance and Christian sentiment of the nation against the drink habit and the drink traffic. The headquarters of the society is at 373 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

Statistics of Momicide.

Josiah Strong's "Social Progress" for 1906 gives the following table of homicides and the annual average:

		Con- (Con-		 	Con-
	Tried.	victed.	Tried.	victed.		Tried.	victed.
Italy		3,805 Englan	318	151	Hungary	 	625
Austria		499 Ireland		54	Holland	 35	28
France	. 847	580 Scotlan	60	21	Germany	 567	476
Belgium	. 132	101 Spain	 1,584	1,085	•		2.0

The average number of murders in the United States annually during the twenty years, from 1885 to 1904, was 6,597. In 1896 the murders reached high-water mark, 10,662, and in 1895 there were 10,500. For 1908 the Census Bureau reported the number of hondicides in the registration area of the United States—55.3 per cent. of the total population—as 3,003, and in 1909 as 2,854. According to Frederick L. Hoffman the average homicide rates per 100,000 of population for 30 representative American cities were as follows: For the years 1882-1891, 5.0; for 1892-1901, 4.9; and for 1902-1911, 7.2. The homicide rates for thirteen years ending with 1910 were as follows: For 9 Southern cities, 14.7; for 3 Western cities, 9.7; for 7 Central cities, 7.8; and for 11 Eastern cities, 4.3. The homicide rate for Memphis, Tenn., was 47.1; for New Orleans, La., 22.2; for Lousyille, Ky., 16.5; for San Francisco, Cal., 11.2; for Chicago, Il., 8.4; for Manhattan and The Bronx, 5.1; for Boston, Mass., 4.6; for Philadelphia, Pa., 3.7, and for Milwaukee, Wis., 1.7. The excessive mortality from homicide among the colored race is indicated by the following data: In New Orleans, La., for the five-year period ending 1910, the colored death rate from homicide was 66.6 per 100,000 population, as against 13.2 for the whites; in Savannah, Ga., the comparative rates were 30.9, as against 17.0; and in Charleston, S. C., 45.2 as against 11.1

Brisoners' Commutation Table.

THE following table shows the time subtracted for uniformly good conduct from the terms to which prisoners are sentenced under the regulations in force in the State prisons of New York:

SENTENCE.	.Co	.Commutation.			Remaining Short Te		SENTENCE.	COMMUTATION.			REMAINING SHORT TERM.		
	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.		Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
Years. 1 ½	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	234468 10:2570 10:3588 101368	15 15 15 15 15 15 15	:11222333344445555666	10 38 8 48 37 10 25 9 4 77 11 26 9	 	Years. 11½ 12½ 12½ 13½ 13½ 14½ 15½ 16½ 16½ 17½ 18½ 17½ 18½ 19½ 19½ 20°	44445555666666	11 11 14 69 11 24 77 9 :25 70 :35 80	15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	777788889991001101111112112118	148 1136 10158 370 259	15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15

2 months off first year, 2 months off second year, 4 months off third year, 4 months off fourth year, 5 months off fifth year and 5 months off each subsequent year after five years.

Embezzlements.

THE fidelity department of the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York keeps a record of embezzlements reported in the United States. The following are the figures for five calendar years:

	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.
Banks and trust companies. Beneficial associations. Public service. General business. Insurance companies. Transportation companies. Ourt trusts. Miscellaneous.	\$3,032,001 451,831 1,807,763 2,013,048 81,540 353,763 327,088 1,300,910	\$5,933,971 281,511 1,044,741 2,402,982 581,233 544,526 242,608 534,107	\$3,840,576 404,601 1,007,028 1,908,051 1,296,981 287,466 865,970 1,041,387	\$6,263,185 509,598 743,552 2,001,353 35,115 216,256 487,864 475,042	1,736,428 4,417,250 60,279 310,551
Total	\$9 367 964	\$11 565 679	810 652 060	\$10.731.965	\$11.489.051

fortunes in Wall Street is held responsible for increasing embezzlements among bank employes.

Crimes and 310

COMPILED FROM THE CODES OR REVISED STATUTES OF THE WITHIN the limits of the subjoined table showing the penalties prescribed by the respective States for the offences enumerated it is impossible to attain complete accuracy in comparing the several penalties, for the reason that the provisions of the several States defining these very familiar several penalties, for the treason that the provisions of the several states defining these very laminar forms are not identical. Especially is this true in regard to crimes classified in degrees, some States making but little attempt in that direction, leaving it to the discretion of the trial court to adapt the severity of the punishment to the gravity of the ofence, while other States provide a minute classification into degrees, depending on the several possible circumstances attending the commission of

fication into degrees, depending on the several possible circumstances attending the commission of the crime. Murder in the First Degree—in the table below—may be generally defined to be the unlawful intentional and premeditated killing of a human being, or such a killing rom the commission or attempt to commit one of the graver crimes such as arson, burgiary, rape or robbery.

Murder in the Second Degree is such a killing without premeditation, or resulting from the attempt to commit some lesser crime.

Manslaughter may be defined as a killing either unintentionally resulting from the careless or unlawful doing of some otherwise lawful act or from the commission of some unlawful act of comparatively trivial character, or intentionally, in the heat of passion and without premeditation.

Arson—where classified in degrees—though the number and exact definition of degrees varies greatly—is in general classified with reference to two conditions. First, the character of the building burned, whether a dwelling house or structure likely to or containing a human being; and second, whether the crime is perpetrated by day or night. Thus the most serious offence is the burning of an inhabited dwelling by night, and the least serious, the burning of an uninhabited structure by day. Often intermediate degrees are recognized, such as burning a dwelling by day or an uninhabited building by night. day. Often international building by night.

Burglary—The classification of burglary or house breaking depends on substantially the same

	Mu	rder.	Mansi	aughter.	Assault with	l
STATE.	1st Deg.	2d Deg.	1st Deg.	2d Deg.	Intent to Kill	Robbery.
1 Alabama	Death or life im- prisonment	Not Less than 10	1—10	Not over 1 and \$500	2—20	Death or not less than 10
2 Alaska	Death or life imprisonment	Not less than 15	1—20	\$300	115	1-15
3 Arizona	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	Not over 10		5 up to life im- prisonment	Not less than 5
4 Arkansas		5-21	2-7	Not over 12 months	1—21	3—21
5 California	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	Not over 10		1—14	Not less than 1
6 Colorado	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10 up to life	1—8	Not over	114	314
7 Connecticut .		Life im- prisonment	Not over 10 and \$1,000		10—30	Not over
8 Delaware	Death	Life im- prisonment	Not over 5		Not over 5 (e)	Not over 12
9 Florida	Death	Life im- prisonment	Not over 20 or \$5,000		Not over 20	Not over 20
10 Georgia	Death or life imprisonment		1—20	1—3	2—10	4-20
11 Idaho	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10 up to life	Not over 10		1—14	Not less than 5 up to life
12 Illinois	Death or not	less than 14 o life	Any term fix	ed by jury up life	114	1 up to
13 Indiana		Life im- prisonment	2—21		2—14 and \$2,000	2-14 and \$1,000
14 Iowa		Not less than 10 up to life	Not over 8 and \$1,000		Not over 30 (1)	10—20
15 Kansas	Life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	5-21	35	Not over 10	10-21
16 Kentucky	Death Impriso	or life	2—21	1—6	1—5	$2\frac{(1)}{10}$
17 Louisiana	1		Not o	ver 20 \$2,000 ver 20	Not over	Not over 14
18 Maine			l or \$	1,000	1—20	Any term of years 3—10 (u)
19 Maryland	Death	5—18	Not o	ver 10 \$500	2-10	3—10 (u)
20 Mass	Death	Life im- prisonment	Not o	ver 20	Not over 10	Life impris- onment (v)
21 Michigan	Life fm- prisonment	Life im- prisonment or any term	Not over 15		Life im- prisonment or any term	Life im- prisonment or any term
22 Minnesota		of years Life impris-	520	1-15	of years 5—10	of years 5-40
23 Mississippi	. (y) Death Impriso	onment (y) or life nment	2—20		Not over 10	Not over
24 Missouri	Death or life imprisonment	Not less than 10	Not less than 5	3—5 (ec)	Not over 10	Not less than 5

Their Benalties.

SEVERAL STATES AS AMENDED BY SUBSEQUENT LEGISLATION.

elements as that of arson, namely the building entered, whether a dwelling or other building, and whether the offence was committed by day or night.

Robbery may be generally defined as the theft of property from the person or immediate presence of the victim, accomplished by force or fear. Where degrees of robbery are recognized, the distinction is generally determined by whether the thief be armed or unarmed, though some States also distinguish the second from the first degree, where the theft is accomplished by means of threats

also distinguish the second from the mass degree, where the talet is accomplished by means of the accomplished injury.

Grand Larceny is simple theft, of property above a fixed value, generally \$25 to \$50—most States also classify as grand larceny theft of property from the person of the victim irrespective of value, though of course, accomplished without the force or fear which constitute the crime of robbery.

Assault with intent to kill, bigamy, forgery, perjury and rape, are of subdivided into degrees

in the subjoined table.

In the subjoined table.

Where crimes are divided into several degrees it is generally within the province of the jury in convicting, to fix the degree of the crime, and in almost every case in which a crime is punishable by death or imprisonment, it is the province of the jury to determine the punishment, except upon a plea of guilty, when the duty devolves upon the court.

Where the classification of a crime in a particular State does not approximately agree with the definitions given above, note is made of the fact.

The District of Columbia has no distinct penal code, but in general the provisions given in the table for Alaska would apply.

Note—In the table below, after the figures given, "years" is understood, unless otherwise stated. Where two figures are given, separated by a dash, as 1-7, the provision should be understood as "not less than one year nor more than seven," where a sum of money is given in the table the provision should be understood as meaning a fine of not exceeding the sum mentioned.

the provision	the provision should be understood as meaning a fine of not exceeding the sum mentioned.											
-	Ar	son.	Bur	glary.	Grand	1.		I	ī			
Rape.	1st Deg.	2d Deg.	1st Deg.	2d Deg.	Larceny.	Bigamy.	Perjury.	Forgery.				
Death or not less than 10	Death or not less than 10	2-10	1-20		1—10	2—5	2—5 (a)	2-10	1			
3—20 (b)	10-20	1.1	1—15	2—5	1—10	1—7	3—10 (c)	2-20	2			
Not less than 5 up to life	Not less than 2	1-10	1—15	Not more than 5	1—10	Not over 10 and \$2,000	1-14	114	3			
Death	2-10		3—7		15	3-7	115	2—10	4			
Not less than 5	Not less than 2	1—25	1—15	Not over	1-10	Not over 10 and \$5,000	1-14	114	5			
1-20	1—10		1—10		1—10	Not over 2 and \$1,000	1—14	1-14	6			
Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over 5 (d)		Not over	Not over	7			
Death or life im- prisonm't	Death	1—10	Death	Not over 20	Not over 3,& resti- tution	Not over \$2,000 & not over	Not over \$2,000 &	fine and	8			
Death or imprisinmit for life	Any term up to life	Not over 20 (f)	Any term up to life	Not over 20 (f)	Not over 5 or \$1,000	Not over 5 er \$500	Not over 20	pillory Not over 10	9			
Death or	520	2—7	1-20		1 -4 (g)	2-4	4-10	4—10	10			
Not less than 5 up to life	Not less than 2 up to life	1—10	115	Not more than 5	1-14	Not over 3 and \$2,000	1-14	1—14	11			
i up to	1-20		5—20	120	1-10	1-5 and \$1,000	1—14	1-14	12			
2-21	2—21 (h)		10—20	1—14	1—14 (h)	2-5 or \$1,000	2—21 or \$50— \$1,000	2—14 or \$1,000	13			
Any term up to life	Any term up to life	Not over 30 (j)	Any term up to life	Not over 20	Not over 5	Not over 5	Not over 10 (k)	Not over 10	14			
521	10-21	7—10 (m)	10-21	510	Not over 5 (n)	Not over	Not over 7 (0)	Not over	15			
Death or 10—20	10-20	5—12	2-10		1—5	3-9	1—5		16			
Death	Death	10—20 (p)	Death	Not over	Not over		Not over		17			
Any term of years	Life	Any term of years (r)	Any term of years	14 (q) 1—10 (s)	1—5	Not over 5 or \$500	Not over 10 (t)	Not over	18			
Death or 18 mos.— 21 yrs.	Death or not over	2—20	of years 3—10 (u)	(-,	1—15 (u)		Not over 10	1—10	19			
Life im- prisonm't or any term	Life im- prisonm't	Not over 10	Life im- prisonm't or not less	Not over 20	Not over 5	Not over 5	Not over 20 (w)	Not over 10	20			
of years Life im- prisonm't or any term	of years Life impr or any ter	lsonment m of years	than 10 Not over 20	Not over	Not over 5	Not over 5	Not over 15 (x)	Not over 14	21			
of years 7—30	Not less than 10	7—15	Not less than 10	Not more than 10	110	Not over	1—5	Not over	22			
Death or life im-	Death or life im-	Not less than 10	Not over	7—15	Not over	Not over	Not over		23			
prisonm't Death or not less than 5	prisonm't Not less than 5	(aa) Not less than 3	Not less than 5	Not less than 2	-	Not over	(bb)	Not less than 10	24			

	312					Crimes and Their		
_	STATE.		rder.		ughter.	Assault with	Robbery.	
_		1st Deg.	2d Deg.	1st Deg.	2d Deg.	Intent to Kill		
25	Montana	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	Not over 10		5—10	1—20	
26	Nebraska	Death or life im- prisonment	Life impris- onment or not less than 10	1—10		2—15	3—15	
27	Nevada	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10 up to life	Not over 10		1—14	Not less than 5 (ff)	
28	N. Hamp	Death or life	Any term	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	
29	New Jersey	imprisonment Death	up to life Not over 30	30 Not over 10 or \$1,000 or both	10	Not over 12 or \$3,000 or both	30 Not over 15 or \$1,000 or both	
30	New York	Death	Not less than	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over	
31	N. Carolina	Death	20 up to life 2—30	4 months to 20 years	15	1 ¹⁰ / ₋₂₀	No statutory definition	
32	North Dak	Death or life	10-30	5—15	1—5	1—10	Not less	
33	Ohio	imprisonment Death or life im- prisonment	Life im- prisonment	1-20		1—15	than 1 1—15	
34	Oklahoma	Death or life imprisonment		Not less than 4	24	Not over	Not less than 10	
35	Oregon	Death	Life im- prisonment	1—15 and \$5,000		1—10	Not less than 10 up to life	
36	Pennsylvania	Death	Not over 20	Not over 12 and	Not over 2 and	Not over 7 and	Not over 10 and	
37	Rhode Island	Life im- prisonment		\$1,000 Not over 20	\$1,000	\$1,000 1—20	\$1,000 Not less than 5 up to life	
38	So. Carolina.	Death or life im- prisonment		230		Not over 30	No statu- tory defi- nition	
39	South Dak	Death or life im- prisonment		Not less than 4	2-4	Not over 10	10—20 (00)	
40	Tennessee	Death	10—20	2—10	1—5	3—21	5—15	
41	Texas	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 5	2—5		2-7 (qq)	Not less than 5 up to life(qq)	
42	Utah	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10 up to life	1—10	Not over	1-20	Not less than 5 up to life	
43	Vermont	Death or life im- prisonment	Any term up to life	Not less than 1 up to life		Not over 10 and \$1,000	Not over 20 and \$1,000	
44	Virginia	Death	5—18	1—5	Not over 1	1—10	Death or 8—18	
45	Washington	Death or life im- prisonment	Not less than 10	Not over		Not less than 5	Not less than 5	
46	West Virginia	Death or life im- prisonment	5—18	1—5	Court to fix penalty	2—10	Not less than 10	
47	Wisconsin	Life im- prisonment	14—25 (uu)	5—10	4—7 (uu)	115	310	
48	Wyoming	Death	Not less than 20 up to life	Not over 20	(uu)	Not over 14	Not over 14	

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

⁽a) Alabama—Perjury on trial of a felony (3-20 years), (b) Alaska—(rape of daughter, sister or female under 12 years) life imprisonment. (c) Alaska—(perjury in trial of capital offence 2-20 years). (d) Connecticut—The punishment of larceny of over \$2,000 is not more than 20 years; the figure given in the table is larceny of over \$50 and below \$2,000 it value. (e) In Delaware, besides imprisonment and graduated fines, the pillory or whipping or both are prescribed for most of the offences scheduled. (f) In Florida the punishment for a lesser degree of arson is not over 10 years and for a lesser degree of burglary not over 5 years. (g) In Georgia various grades of larceny are recognized, for theft of horses, cattle, etc. (h) Also fine not over twice value of property destroyed or stolen. (l) Assault with intent to rape punishable by not over 20 years, lesser assault by not over 5 years. (j) Iowa recognizes two lesser degrees of arson punishaber espectively by not over 20 years and not over 15 years, according to the definition given above. (k) In Iowa perjury on trial of capital offence is punishable by not less than 10 years—up to life. (l) In Kansas lesser

1 enuite		son.	l Bure	glary.	1 -			91	
Rape.	1st Deg.	2d Deg.	1st Deg.	2d Deg.	Grand Larceny.	Bigamy.	Perjury.	Forgery.	-
Not less than 5	Not less than 5	1—5	1-15	Not over	114	Not over	1-14	1—14	25
3-20	1-20		·1—10		1—7	\$2,000 1—7	114	1-20	26
Not less than 5 up to life (gg)	Not less than 2 up to life (hh)	1—10 (hh)	1—15	Not over	114	1-5 and \$1,000	1—14	114	27
Not over 30 Not over 30 or \$5,000 or both	Not over 30 Not over 15 or \$2,000 or both	Not over 20	Not over 25 Not over 7 or \$2,000 or both	Not over 15 (II)	Not over 5 (11) Not over 7 or \$2,000 or both	Not over 10 or \$1,000	Not over 5 Not over 7 or \$2,000	Not over 7 or \$2,000	1
Not over 20 Death	Not over 40 Death	Not over 25 2—40	Not less than 10 Death	Not more than 10 Any term up to life	Not over 10 Not over 1 (kk)	or both Not over 5 4 mos.— 10 yrs.	or both Not over 10 (jj) 4 mos.— 10 yrs. & \$1,000	or both Not over 20 4 mos.— 10 yrs.	30
Not less than 10 3—20	Not less than 10 Not over 20	7—10	Not less than 10 Life lm- prisonm't	5—10 (11) 1—15	1—5 1—7	1—5 1—7	1—10 (II) 3—10	Not less than 10 1—20	33
Not less	20-30	10-20	or 5—30 7—20	2-7	Not over	Not over	5—10	7—20	34
than 10 3—20	10-20	5—15 (nn)	5—15	3—10 (nn)	1—10	1-4	(mm) 3—10 (nn)	2—20	35
Not over 15 and \$1,000 Not less than 10 up to life	Not over 20 and \$4,000 Not less than 10 up to life	Not over 12 and \$2,000 Not over 10	Not over 10 and \$1,000 Not less than 5 up to life	Not over	Not over 3 and \$500 Not over 5 or \$1,000	Not over 2 and \$1,000 1-5 or \$1,000	Not over 7 and \$500 Not over 20	10 and \$1.000	36 37
Death or life im- prisonm't	Death or not less than 10		Life im- prisonm't or not less than 5		or both 3 mos.— 10 yrs.	6 mos.— 5 yrs.	Not over	1—7	38
Not less than 10	Not less than 10	7—10 (00)	Not less than 10	5—10 (00)	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not less than 10	39
Death or not less than 10 up to life	5-21	2-21	5—15	3—10 (pp)	3—10	2-21	1—15	3—15	40
Death or any term over 5	5—20		2—12		2—10 (qq)	2—5	5—10	2—7	41
up to life Not less than 5	2—15	1—10	1—20 (rr)	6 mos.— 3 yrs.	1—10	Not over 5 and \$500	1—10	1—20	42
Not over 20 or \$2,000 or both	Any term up to life	Not over 10 and \$1,000	Not over 15 or \$1,000		Not over 10 or \$500	Not over 5	Not over 15 and \$1,000	Not over 10 and \$1,000	43
Death or 5—20	Death	5—10 (ss)	Death or 5—18	3—10	or both 1—10	3—8	Not over 1 yr. and \$1,000	1—10	44
Not less than 5	Not less than 5	Not over	Not less than 5	Not over	Not over	Not over	Not over 15	Not over	45
$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Death\ or}\\ {7-20}\end{array}$	Death or life im-	Not less than 5	5—15	2—10 (tt)	2-10	1—5	1 yr. and \$1,000	2—10	46
10-30	prisonm't 7—14	3(tt) 3-14	5—15	3—8	13	1-5	2 <u>-5</u>	1-7	47
Not less than 1 up to life	Not over 21	(uu)	Not over 14 (vv)	(uu)	Not over 10	Not over	Not over 14	Not over	48

EXPLANATORY NOTES-Continued. See following page also.

degrees of robbery are punishable (5-10) and (not over 5). (m) Two lesser degrees of arson are recognized in Kansas. (n) Theft of borses or cattle punishable by not over 7 years. (o) Kansas—Periury on trial of capital offence or felony (not less than 7). (p) In Louisiana lesser degree arson punishable (7-20). (q) In Louisiana lesser degree of burgiary punishable (not over 10). (r) In Maine a lesser degree of arson is punishable (1-10). (s) In Maine a lesser degree of burgiary is punishable (not over 5). (t) In Maine periury on trial of crime punishable by life imprisonment is punishable (not over 5). (t) In Maine periury on trial of crime punishable by life imprisonment is punishable (not less than 10). (u) And restoration of property stolen or its value. (v) In Massachusetts 3 lesser degrees of robbery are punishable respectively (not over 20) (any term of years) (not over 10). (w) In Massachusetts periury in trial of capital offence is punishable by life imprisonment or any term of years. (x) In Michigan periury on trial of capital offence is punishable by life imprisonment or any term of years. (y) In Minnesota, murder in the first degree may be punished by life imprisonment in the discretion of the court for exceptional circumstance—murder

EXPLANATORY NOTES-Concluded.

In the third degree is punishable (7-30 years). (2) In Minnesota, a third degree of arson is punishable (not over 7) and periury on trial of a felony (2-10). (aa) In Mississippi, third degree arson is punishable (not less than 10). (bc) In Mississippi, perjury on trial of felony or capital offence is punishable (not less than 10). (cc) Missouri defines four degrees of manishapeter. (dd) In Missouri larceny of horse is punishable (not over 7). (ee) In Missouri perjury on trial of felony or capital offence is punishable (not over 7). (ef) In Missouri perjury on trial of felony or capital offence is punishable (not over 7). (ef) In Missouri perjury on trial of felony or capital offence is punishable (not over 810.000 and not over twice value of property destroyed.

(II) In New Hampshire a lesser degree of burglary is punishable (not over 5) and larceny of horses or cattle (not over 7). (ji) In New York perjury on trial of a felony is punishable (not more than 20). (kk) In North Carolina larceny in aggravated cases (or habitual offenders) is punishable (not over 10). (li) In North Dakota third degree arson is punishable (4-7), lesser degrees of burglary (1-5) (1-3) and perjury on trial of a felony (not less than 10). (mm) In Okahoma perjury on trial of a felony is punishable (1-20). (nn) In Oregon third degree arson is punishable (3-10), third degree burglary (2-5) and perjury on trial of capital offence (5-20). (oo) In South Dakota arson in the third and fourth degrees is punishable (4-7) and (1-4) years respectively, burglary in the third and fourth degrees is punishable (4-7). (1-7). (p) In Tennessee third degree burglary is punishable (3-15). (qq) In Texas assault with a dagger is punishable with double penalty shown above. Horse theft is punishable (5-15). Robbery accomplished by means of deadly weapons is punishable (3-10), and lesser degrees of arson are punishable (3-10) and perjury on trial of a felony (2-10). (tt) In West Virginia lesser degrees of arson are punishable (3-10) and perjury on trial of a fel

Lynchings and Legal Executions.

Lynchings—The total number of lynchings in the United States from 1885 to November 15, 1912, was 3,413. In 1912 to November 15, there were 52 lynchings, of which 49 occurred in the South and 3 in the North; 49 were males and 3 females. Of the lynched 50 were negroes and 2 whites. The offences for which they were lynched were: Rape, 10; murder, 26; attempted rape, 2; insults to white women, 3; unknown causes, 1; robbery and assault, 1; race prejudice, 1; arson, 3; complicity in murder, 3; nurderous assaults, 2. The States in which the lynchings occurred and the number in each were as follows: Alabama, 5; Arkansas, 3; Florida, 3; Georgia, 11; Louislana, 4; Wyoming, 1; Oklahoma, 1; Pennsylvania, 5; South Carolina, 5; Texas, 3.

Legal Feccutions—In 1908 to November 15, there were 92, in 1909 there were 107, in 1910 there were 104, in 1911 there were 61, and in 1912 to November 15, there were 128, of which 62 were in the North and 66 in the South. Eighty-nine were whites, 39 colored and 127 were males and 1 female. The crimes for which they were executed were: Murder 125, rape 3. The States in which the executions in 1912 to November 15 took place, and the number in each, were as follows: Alabama, 4; Arkansas, 8; California, 4; Connecticut, 2; Colorado, 1; Florida, 3; Georgia, 9; Illinois, 6; Kentucky, 4; Massachusetts, 5; Maryland, 1; Mississippl, 7; Messouri, 1; New York, 21; New Jersey, 4; North Carolina, 4; Nevada, 2; Oho, 1; Pennsylvania, 6; South Carolina, 5; Tennessee, 9; Texas, 4; Utah, 6; Vermont, 1; Washington, 2; Wyoming, 2; Virginia, 6. From a table prepared by George P. Upton, Chicago, Ill.

Wills.

A WILL OR TESTAMENT is a final disposition of a person's property to take effect after his death. A codicil is an addition or alteration in such disposition. All persons are competent to make a will except idiots, persons of unsound miud, and infants. In many states a will of an unmarried woman is

except idiots, persons of unsound mind, and infants. In many states a will of an unmarried woman is deemed revoked by her subsequent marriage. A nuncupative or unwritten will is one made orally by a soldier in active service, or by a mariner while at sea.

In most of the States a will must be in writing, signed by the testator, or by some person in his presence, and by his direction, and attested by witnesses, who must subscribe their names thereto in the presence of the testator. The form of wording a will is immaterial as long as its intent is clear.

AGE at which persons may make wills is in most of the States 21 years. Males and females are competent to make wills at 18 years in the following States: California, Connecticut, Hawaiian Islands, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Utah; and in the following States only females at 18 years: Colorado, District of Columbia, Illinois, Maryland, Missouri, Washington, Wisconsin.

In the following States persons of 18 years may dispose of personal property only: Alabama, Arkansas, Missouri, Oregon, Rhode Island, Virginia, West Virginia; in Georgia anyone over 14 years and in Louisiana any one over 16 years is competent to make a will. In Colorado persons of 17 years, and in New York males of 18 and females of 16 years may dispose of personalty. WITNESSES—Most of the States require two witnesses, except in Connecticut (3), Maine (3), Massachusetts (3), New Hampshire (3), South Carolina (3), Vermont (3).

National Probation Association.

ORGANIZED in 1906 as the National Probation Officers' Association: title changed to present one

The purposes of the Association are to promote the more extensive and wise use of the probation and parole systems of dealing with both juvenile and adult offenders; also to encourage the adoption of the most approved methods of conducting children's courts. The Association holds an annual conference each Spring at the time and place of the meetings of the National Conference of Charities and Correction. It publishes an annual directory of probation officers in the United States, the proceedings of its annual conferences, and other literature. From time to time it appoints special committees to study and report on particular phases of probation, parole, and juvenile court work. Supported by membership fees and voluntary contributions.

Supported by membership fees and voluntary contributions.

Joseph T. Bowen, Chicago, Ill... Secretary-Treasurer-Arthur W. Towne, the Capitol, Albany, N. Y.:

State Legislation in 1912.

THE following summary of legislation by States in 1912, up to Oct. 1, is compiled by permission from the appendix to the annual address of President Stephen S. Gregory, of the American Bar Association, delivered at Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 27, 1912. Only the principal new legislation of current interest is covered by this summary.

Much of the legislation in the States consists of amendments of existing laws. laws:

laws:
Arizona—At the first session of the Legislature, after Arizona was admitted, the following, among other statutes, were adopted:
Acts to prohibit foreign corporations from removing causes to the Federal Courts; limiting the number of cars in a railroad train; requiring experienced engineers and conductors for trains; making void contracts in advance between employer and employee for the settlement of damage suits; prohibiting blacklisting; regulating child labor; providing for the punishment of desertion of wife or child; providing for indeterminate contenes; prohibiting the employment of teachers in the public schools

ilimiting the number of cars in a railroad train; requiring experienced engineers and conductors for trains; making void contracts in advance between employer and employee for the settlement of damage suits; prohibiting blacklisting; regulating child abor; providing for the punishment of desertion of wife or child; providing for indeason of the contribute to political campaigns; denying State officials the right to use and the railroads to issue passes; regulating the transportation of passengers by common carriers; providing that corporations shall pay their employees semi-monthly; a Compulsory Workmen's Compensation act; providing for an Inheritance Tax; prescribing the terms upon which licenses shall be issued to foreign corporations seeking contributions and the railroads and reference of the registration act and Primary law for elections.

California—At an extra session of the Legislature acts were passed; Providing for the registration of voters; providing for the confinement and care of persons addicted to the intemperate use of narcotics or stimulants, so as to have lost the power of the list on equal terms with all the others; a Presidential Primary and defining reciprocal or inter-insurance contracts; providing for the recall of elections, or an extra session of the rest and active providing for the primary elections. So as to permit each candidate to have his name at the head of the list on equal terms with all the others; a Presidential Primary additional duties of counties and subdivisions thereof; providing for the recall of elective officers of cities and towns; imposing additional duties resulting to the discours of serve (ty and county active therein respecting public utilities, or surrender the same to the Railroad Commission.

Hilinois—At a special session in 1912 the Legislature passed acts providing for residential primaries; regulating fraternal benefit societies; providing for mutual insurance sagainst liability in consequence of accident or casualty of employment of the State; proposing

viding for the organization of the minute, which considered the national flag; limiting for this State.

Louisiana—Acts were passed to prevent improper use of the national flag; limiting the liability of a bank to its depositors for payment of forged checks to one year after the return of checks so paid to the depositor; providing that marriages contracted between persons one or both of whom were domiciled in Louisiana and forbidden to marry shall not be there deemed valid because contracted elsewhere and where not prohibited, if the parties after such marriage return to live permanently in Louisiana; revising the law as to holidays and making Saturday afternoons half holidays in all cities of over ten thousand; the Uniform Bill of Lading act; rendering a wife competent as a witness for or against her husband in prosecutions for failure to support wife or child; authorizing municipalities to refuse permits to build negro houses in white communities and vice versa; creating a conservation commission; to support wife or child; authorizing municipalities to refuse permits to build neglo houses in white communities and vice versa; creating a conservation commission; regulating the practice of nursing; providing for an employer's liability commission; creating a commission to revise and prepare amendments to the laws of the State relative to corporations; providing a new charter for the city of New Orleans under the commission form of Government, with the initiative, referendum and recall; ereating a State tuberculosis commission, specifying its powers, etc.; prohibiting the

STATE LEGISLATION IN 1912-Continued.

exhibition of children under sixteen in theatrical and other exhibitions: providing the control of the control

STATE LEGISLATION IN 1912-Continued.

State Legislation in 1912.—Continued.

letter fraternities, sororities and secret orders among students in the University of Mississippi and in all other educational institutions supported in whole or in part by the State; providing for establishing levees, carins, canals, etc., and draining the wet swarp and overflow lands of the State; providing that proof of injury inflicted by engines, occurrence of the State; providing that proof of injury inflicted by engines, occurrence of the State; providing that proof of injury inflicted by compared to recover for injuries thus inflicted; providing that proof of injury inflicted by compared to recover for injuries thus inflicted; providing that the license of any insurance company shall be revoked on fajlure to pay a final judgment within innety days after in the state of the words "poor house"; requiring some preliminary educational reducing amending various sections of the statutes by substituting therein the words "poor house"; requiring some preliminary educational reducing amending the law of Mississippi afainst trusts; repealing the Eithery Immunity act of 1911; a resolution proposing an amendment to the State Constitution that nine or more jurors in civil sults may agree on a verdict and return it as the viding for the initiative and referendum, an amendment to the Constitution providing for the pace from the persons authorized to solemnize marriages; regulate the manu brand the product of manufacturie; provide for the sanitary condition of bakerles and limit the hours of service of adults as well as of children and forbid children under state to work at night; forbid the use in manufacturing mattresses, bed any person having infectious or contagious diseases; amend and revise the law contention and improvement of Stat

and providing for operating a State warehouse system for storing cotton and other commodities; prohibiting betting, pool selling and bookmaking, etc.; authorizing the State Board of Health to adopt, promulgate and enforce rules and regulations for the protection of the public nealth of the State; establishing a State Board of Embalming; providing that wills shall be presented to the judge of the Probate Court for probate within thirty days after the death of the deceased; providing for appeals from the orders or rulings of the insurance commissioner; requiring railroad companies to put clinder deflectors on the windows of passenger coaches; providing for elections in any city of over 4,000 inhabitants upon the question of adopting a commission form of government and for the adoption of that form of government in cities of over 10,000 and less than 25,000, and cities of over 50,000 and eless than 100,000 inhabitants; providing that the General Assembly shall not establish any new county the greatest of which shall be four times as long as the least central width thereof.

Virginia—Among the acts adopted by the Legislature of Virginia during the session were the following: Providing that in no action tried before a jury shall the trial judge give to the jury a peremptory instruction affecting what verdict the jury shall

STATE LEGISLATION IN 1912-Continued.

render; regulating the proceedings against and the liquidation of delinquent insurance corporations; requiring a reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies transacting the business of insuring against loss or damage resulting from accident; preventing deception in the sale of ice cream and establishing standards for the same, defining condensed milk and providing for its sale; prohibiting unauthorized hypnosis; regulating policies insuring against accidental bodily injury or disease; providing for the designation by cities and towns of segregation districts for disease; providing for the designation by cities and towns of segregation districts for the residence of white and colored persons; providing for the examination and testing of dairy cattle for the purpose of controlling tuberculosis; providing for a system of drainages; establishing the department of mines and dealing with coal mines and the safety of employees therein; providing for the immediate registration of births and deaths; establishing a feeble-minded colony on the farm of the Virginia State Epileptic Colony and provides for the government of the same; regulating the practice of medicine and surgery in Virginia; providing that no case shall be heard nor decided in the Court of Appeals upon an imperfect or incompetent record; amplifying the law as to the Bureau of Insurance generally, dealing particularly with foreign insurance companies; amending the act regulating the hours of labor in factories and manufacturing establishments by providing that no female and no child under fourteen years of age shall work as an operative in any manufacturing establishment in the State more than ten hours in any one day of twenty-four hours; making the unauthorized use of automobiles or motor vehicles without the consent of the owner a misdemeanor; providing for the pension, maintenance and support of disabled firemen's associations in cities of a population of 100.000 or over; providing for the holding of primary elections for United States Senators, State officers and members of the Cegislature; dealing with the militia of the State; providing for submission to the people of a proposed amendment to the Constitution as to special legislation for the organization and government of cities and towns.

Legislation of New York in 1912.

The Legislature of New York in 1912, in addition to passing laws, also approved of a proposition to be submitted to the people at the polis at the Fall election later bonding the State to the amount of \$50,000,000 for the purpose of constructing and improving State and county highways. The Legislature also passed for the first time (which must also be passed by a Legislature containing another Senate before they can be voted upon by the people at the polls) several amendments to the State's Constitution. One of these amendments to the Constitution is intended to authorize the passing of a Workingman's Compensation act. It says that nothing contained in the Constitution shall be construed to limit the power of the Legislature to enact laws for the protection of the lives, health or safety of employés; or for the payment, either by employers or by employers and employés or otherwise, either directly or through a State or other system of insurance or otherwise, of compensation for injuries to employés or for death of employés resulting from such injuries without regard to fault as a cause thereof, except where the injury is occasioned by the willful intention of the injured employé to bring about the injury or death of himself or of another.

Another proposed amendment to the Constitution increases the number of County Judges in Kings County from two to four; and also provides that the number of County Judges in any county of the State may be increased from time to time by the Legislature to such number that the total number of County Judges in any one county shall not exceed one for every two hundred thousand, or major fraction theored, of the population of such county.

A third proposed amendment to the Constitution declares that the Legislature may authorize cities to take more land and property than is needed for actual construction in laying out parks, highways or streets; provided that the additional land and property so authorized to be taken shall be no more than sufficient to form suitable building sites

or street.

A fourth proposed amendment to the Constitution provides that the Legislature may by general laws provide for the use of not exceeding three per centum of the lands of the State constituting the forest preserve for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply,

the forest preserve for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply, for the canals of the State and to regulate the flow of streams.

A fifth proposed amendment to the Constitution guarantees to cities and incorporated villages the right of municipal self-government; restricting the power of the Legislature to the enactment of general laws in reference thereto. The amendment says that the Legislature shall not pass any special or local bill affecting the municipal government of a city or incorporated village; and the statement is added: "Nor shall the Legislature provide for the filling of any municipal office now existing or hereafter to be created other than by an election by the electors within such municipality or by appointment by a duly elected officer of such municipality. The people of every city and incorporated village shall have the power to organize their own municipal government and to administer the same for municipal purposes, subject only to such general laws as the Legislature may epact." enact.

A direct tax of 1 mill was imposed, which will raise \$11,000,000.

A direct tax of 1 mill was imposed, which will raise \$11,000,000.

The Legislature, in the General Appropriation bill, appropriated \$28,113,000; in the Supply bill, \$3,565,000; for charitable institutions, prisons, and the care of the insane, \$4,294,000; in special appropriation acts, \$9,754,000; making the total appropriations for the year 1912 the sum of \$45,726,000, as contrasted with \$38,934,000 in 1911, or an increase of \$6,792,000. There was also an increase of appropriations due to sinking fund requirements from \$4,140,000 in 1911 to \$6,657,000 in 1912, or an increase of \$8,792,000. There was also an increase of appropriations due to sinking fund requirements from \$4,140,000 in 1911 to \$6,657,000 in 1912 as contrasted with 1911 the sum of \$9,309,000. There were the following specific increases: Capitol reconstruction and power plant, \$255,000; Educational Building and equipment, \$688,000; highway repairs, \$1,407,000; State aid to towns in the construction of highways, \$38,000; charitable institutions, \$2,344,000; compensating owners of diseased animals, \$130,000; publishing session laws and concurrent resolutions, \$247,000; factory investigation, \$50,000; expenses of Legislature, \$96,000; Panama-Pacific Exposition, \$25,000; Court of Appeals Building, \$100,000; to settle Philip Philipse claims, \$225,000.

An act was passed generally amending the Conservation act; defining the boundaries of the Adirondack Park, of the Catskill Park, in regard to the reforestration of private lands, etc.

hospitals.

Providing better conditions for workers in compressed air.

Providing increased protection for workers who handle explosives.

Limiting the hours of labor of women in mills and factories to fifty-four hours a week; and also

LEGISLATION OF NEW YORK IN 1912—Continued.

limiting the hours of labor of male minors under the age of eighteen years in mills and factories

limiting the nours of labor of male minors under the age of eighteen years in mins and ractories to fitty-four hours in any week.

Giving authority to the heads of New York City departments to pay employés who are injured in the discharge of duty.

Increasing the number of factory inspectors of the State Labor Department from 85 to 125.

Extending to January 15, 1913, the life of the commission appointed in 1911 to investigate the conditions under which manufacture is carried on in cities of the first and second class.

Proyeiding for fire drills, automatic sprinklers and fire-proof receptacles in factories,

Providing for fire drills, automatic sprinklers and fire-proof receptacles in factories.

Adding new requirements in respect to the licensing and regulation of immigrant lodging places.

Providing that the assignment or transfer of liquor tax certificates shall be filed in the office of the officer who issued them.

Appropriating \$1,909,924 for new buildings and improvements at the State hospitals.

Appropriating \$15,000 for the deportation of alien and non-resident lunatics.

Creating a Commission of five persons on barge canal operation; to inquire into the subject of the proper methods to be applied in the operation and maintenance of enlarged canals.

Appropriating \$1,500 to determine the water supply available for canals.

Appropriating \$12,000,000 to be expended in furnishing proper terminals for barge canal traffic.

Appropriating \$30,000,000 for the improvement of the Eric Canal, the Oswego Canal and the Champlain Canal.

Champlain Canal.

Champiain Canal.

Appropriating \$100,000 for the alteration of the "State House," to make it suitable for the use of the Court of Appeals.

Appropriating \$265,000 for the College of Agriculture at Cornell University.

Appropriating \$10,000 for the purchase of land surrounding the Sullivan Monument near the Newtown battlefield in Cheming County.

Providing that whenever reorganization of railroad corporations take place, the Public Service Commissions are to fix the capitalization.

Enabling the city of New York to deal directly with existing railroad corporations in making contracts for operating and sharing in the cost of extensions to their systems.

Amending the Tenement House law so as to include apartment and flat houses within the definition of a "tenement house."

nition of a 'tenement house.

Amending the General Corporation law in relation to corporate names.

Amending the Election law in relation to party committees and delegates; providing that State committees shall consist of such numbers and be elected from such units of representation, in even committees shall consist of such numbers and be elected from such units of representation, in even numbered years, as the respective parties shall provide, by rules and regulations adopted at a State convention at which State officers are nominated.

Appropriating \$2,01,399 for the State Commission of Highways for the maintenance and repair of public highways improved or constructed by State aid.

Appropriating \$200,000 for the construction and equipment on the State fair grounds at Syracuse, of a cattle building and for the permanent improvement of the grounds.

Providing that a trust company located in a viliage or third class city shall maintain a reserve fund of at least 30 per cent. of its resources in cash.

Amending the Election law by providing for the correction of enrolment rolls.

Providing for the apportionment of moneys for the promotion of agriculture.

Providing for the adjustion and development of forest lands by counties, towns and viliages. Regulating the sale of commodities by weight and by measure.

Amending the Highway law generally.

Providing for the apportionment and payment of the expense of constructing county highways

Regulating the sale of commodities by weight and by measure.

Amending the Highway law generally.

Providing for the apportionment and payment of the expense of constructing county highways through or into cities of the second and third class.

Authorizing savings banks to invest in "poor district bonds."

Authorizing banks, on the consent of the Superintendent of Banks, to buy the stock of safety deposit companies carrying on business on premises owned or leased by the bank.

Providing for the examination of savings banks at least once each year, instead of every two

Providing for the examination of savings banks at least once each year, instead of every two years, as heretofore.

Increasing from \$5,000 to \$7,000 the amount the Superintendent of Prisons may expend in indexing prisoners under the Bertilion system.

Changing the name of the State Commission in Lunacy to that of "The State Hospital Commission" and amending the Insanity law generally.

Providing for the recording of farm names.

Appropriating \$10,000 to pay the expenses of the Commission appointed to inquire into the prices, purity, production, distribution and consumption of food and food stuffs, farm and dairy produce in the State and to suggest legislation with respect thereto.

Providing for the leensing of chiropodists by the Board of Regents.

Providing for the punishment of misconduct in relation to petitions for the designation of candidates for a party nomination.

Providing for the punishment of persons who circulate false statements or rumors as to bank-

Providing for the punishment of persons who circulate false statements or rumors as to banking institutions.

Providing for proceedings against and the liquidation of delinquent insurance corporations. Providing for the celebration of the fitteth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg. Providing for the exemption and reduction in assessment of lands planted with trees for forestry

purposes.

Conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear and determine claims against the State incurred during the Alids investigation made by the Legislature in 1910.

Establishing the New York State School of Agriculture on Long Island.

Appropriating \$6,000,000 for the improvement of the Cayuga and Seneca Canal.

Providing for the registration of factories.

Authorizing the Board of Statutory Consolidation to examine and report a plan for the classification, consolidation and simplification of the civil practice in the courts of the State.

Providing that in counties having a population of less than 100,000 no more than two election Commissioners shall be appointed and that their salaries shall not exceed \$1,200 each.

Authorizing the Trustees of Public Buildings to sell "Geological Hall" in the city of Albany.

Authorizing the State Fire Marshal to investigate the origin of any fire or explosion.

Providing for the dedication of the Saratoga battle monument and the appointment of a Commission.

mission

Establishing a State Reformatory for misdemeanants.

Appropriating \$1,000,000 for the reconstruction of the State Capitol; \$550,000 for continuing the construction of the State Education Building, \$200,000 for equipping and decorating the State Education Building, and \$500,000 for re-establishing the State Library.

Providing for the appointment of a Panama-Facilic Exposition Commission to represent the Education Building and Education Building and State and promote an exhibition at the Panama-Facilic Exposition Commission to represent the Fanalesco, Cal., in 1915, and appropriating \$250,000 for the use of the Commission in promoting an exhibit.

Public Roads in the United States.

(From a summary of Bulletin No. 41, issued by the Office of Public Roads, United States Department of Agriculture.)

MILEACE AND COST PUBLIC ROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.

STATISTICS ON ROAD MILEAGE 1904. 1909.	STATISTICS ON ROAD MILEAGE	1904.	1909.
Total mileage of all public	Total mileage of stone roads		
roads in United States 2,151,379 2,199,645	in United States	36,818	59,237
Total mileage of all improved	Total mileage of gravei roads	.	
roads in United States 153,530 190,476	in United States	109,905	102.870(a)
Percentage of all roads im-	Total mileage of sand-clay.		,
proved 7.14 8.66	brick, bituminous-macadam	- 1	
-	& other impr'd roads in U.S.	6,806	28,372

STATES HAVING LARGEST MILEAGE OF IMPROVED ROADS.

STATES.	1904.	1909.	STATES,	1904.	1909.
IndianaOhio	23,877 23,460	24,955 24,106	Kentucky.	9,486 7,924	10,114 8,914
New York	5,876	12,787	California	8.803	8,587
Wisconsin			Massachusetts	7,843	8,463

(a) Decrease caused by reclassification of roads

STATES WHICH HAVE MADE THE GREATEST PROGRESS IN ROAD BUILDING IN THE FIVE-YEAR PERIOD:

STATES.	Miles In 1904.	1909.	Gain.	STATES.	Miles In 1904.	1909.	Gain.
New York. Georgia. Washington Missouri. South Carolina. Alabama.	1,634 1,976 2,733 1,878	12,787 5,978 4,520 4,755 3,534 3,263	6.911 4,344 2,544 2.022 1,656 1,543	Pennsylvania, Tennessee New Jersey Florida. Maryland.	4,285 2,422 885	3,364 -5,353 3,377 1,752 2,142	1, 204 1, 068 955 866 572

The gain in New York State is due largely to the fact that the State has bonded itself for \$50,-000,000, and that \$5.000,000 a year is being expended by the State, in addition to an equal sum by the counties, in building State highways.

The gain in Georgia is largely attributed to the use of 4,500 prisoners on the public roads of the

State.

The gain in South Carolina, Alabama and Florida is due largely to the fact that sand-clay roads are being built and that this is a very cheap and satisfactory type of road building.

STATES SHOWING THE OBEATEST DEDCENTAGE OF IMPROVED BOARS

DINIED BHOWING THE GREE			
STATES.	Per Cent.	Wisconsin. STATES.	Per Cent.
Rhode Island	. 49.14	Wisconsin	16.64
Massachusetts	. 49	New York	16.13
Indiana	. 36.7	Washington	13 . 19
Ohio	. 27.13	Maryland	12 . 77
Connecticut		Utah	12.23
New Jersey	. 22.76	Tennessee	11 66
Kentucky	. 18.82	South Carolina	11.02
Vermont	. 18.4	Maine	10.59
California	. 17.87	Michigan	10.01

The following States have between 5 and 10 per cent. of roads improved: Alabama, Delaware, ida, Georgia, Illinois, Minnesota, New Hampshire and Oregon. Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Minnesota,

There are twenty-two States which have less than 5 per cent. of roads improved.

AVERAGE COST PER MILE OF IMPROVED ROADS IN THE VARIOUS STATES IN 1909.

MATERIALS.	Cost.	MATERIALS.	Cost.
Sand-clayGravel	\$723 2,047	MacadamBituminous macadam	\$4,989 10,348

* These figures are based on reports received from the officials of State Highway Departments and from counties, townships and other local subdivisions of the various States.

ESTIMATED COST OF IMPROVED ROADS IN THE UNITED STATES BASED ON DATA CONTAINED IN BULLETIN NO. 41.

Roads.	Mileage.	Ave. Cost per Mile.	Total Estimated Cost in U. S.	ROADS.	Mileage.	Ave. Cost Total Estimated per Mile. Cost in U.S.
						\$10,000 \$37,710,000
	102,870		210,574,890	(B. Mac., Brick, &c.)		
Sand-clay	24,601	723	17,786,523	Grand totals	190,479	\$561,604,806

VALUE OF RIGHTS OF WAY ON ALL PUBLIC ROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.

On a basis of 40-foot width, there are 10,668,276 acres of rights of way included in the public roads of the United States.

....\$907,257,021

TOTAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR 1911. It is estimated that the total expenditure for the year 1911 was \$141,298,209.

Automobile Andustry.

In round figures, a quarter of a million automobiles were built in the United States during 1912,

In round figures, a quarter of a million automobiles were built in the United States during 1912, and practically all of this enormous output found a ready market either a home or abroad. Although September marks the end of the automobile year, some of the factories producing popular-priced cars found their output sold as early as July, an unusual situation and one significant of the prosperous state of this remarkable industry. By September 1 the factories, with few exceptions, were either producing, or on the point of beginning the production of cars, intended for the 1913 market. To a greater extent than ever before the United States during 1912 left its impress on the world's automobile market. From importing the bulk of cars required in this country ten or a dozen years ago, the situation has been reversed, and the United States is in a fair way to supply the world before many years pass. In 1901 the exports amounted to only \$367,000; by 1906 they had jumped to \$4,500,000. In 1911 the total was well over \$21,000,000. The figures for the current year have not been compiled, but they will probably reach \$25,000,000.

IMPORTS DECREASING ANNUALLY.

Imports of automobiles to the United States reached the crest in 1906, when the value of cars brought in was approximately \$5,000,000. For 1912 the total will hardly be \$2,000,000. The explanation of this enormous decrease in imports lies in the fact that American manufacturers have learned to build quite as high-class cars as those turned out of the best French, German, Italian and English plants, and those who want the best find the home industry equal to filling the demand. What has been termed the "American invasion" of Great Britain caused a great deal of comment and apprehension in that country in the year just ending. While the bulk of exports were of low-priced cars, these proved good enough to seriously affect the British market, and methods of meeting the situation are being considered at the present time. Canada remains the best outside customer of the American automobile manufacturer, taking up to September 1 more than \$6,000,000 worth of cars, while the total for the United Kingdom on that date was about \$4,000,000. Germany balso proving an appreciative customer, buying more American cars in the first six months of 1912 is also proving an appreciative customer, buying more American cars in the first six months of 1912 than in all of 1911.

PRODUCTION GREATLY INCREASED.

The output of 250,000 cars, which does not include motor trucks, represented an increase of about 50,000 over the previous season, a growth that surprised even the most optimistic. The limit of yearly demand had been supposed to be 200,000, but the lowering of price of small, light cars brought great accessions to the list of owners. By October 1 further reductions had been anounced, or were contemplated, thus bringing the motor car within reach of a still greater portion of the population.

or the population.

Carefully compiled figures indicate that the number of automobiles in use in the United States on September 1, 1912, was more than 860,000, an average of one car to every 110 persons. In New York State alone more than 100,000 cars had been registered in the Secretary of State's office, producing a revenue, in registration fees, of \$1,000,000. California stands second in the number of registrations with more than 80,000; Ohio third with 56,000; Pennsylvania fourth with 53,000, which includes licenses taken out by non-residents; Illinois fifth with 47,000; Indiana sixth with 46,000, and New Jersey seventh with 43,000, showing a slight lead over Massachusetts.

SELF-STARTING DEVICE POPULAR.

Mechanically, in the automobile field, the year just ending will go down in history as the year of the self-starter. While this useful, if not always dependable, adjunct to the motor-driven vehicle was by no means new in the industry, its value as an attraction to the car buyer became thoroughly recognized at the time of the shows throughout the country in January and February. The self-starter appeared in many forms, actuated in various ways, principally by acetylene gas, electricity, compressed air or by springs. Several manufacturers who had given the self-starter only slight consideration found themselves compelled by popular demand to adopt the device in some form in order to meet competition. It is probable that more than 90 per cent. of cars built for 1913 will be equipped with a self-starter, the electrically actuated type appearing to be most popular.

AUTOMOBILES AND GOOD ROADS.

AUTOMOBILES AND GOOD ROADS.

To a greater extent than in any previous year the growing popularity of the automobile brought a country-wide demand for highway improvement, and particularly for the building of roads capable of withstanding this form of traffic. Every State vastly increased its outlay in this respect. While New York led in the amount of money spent on its roads, the main arriers of traffic leading out of New York City were in execrable condition during the greater part of the year, and some of the principal roads on Long Island became deplorably bad. At various times during the year road congresses were arranged by leading automobile bodies, and the question of Federal aid for highways was brought before Congress with such force that a committee was appointed to look into the matter and instructed to report at the next session. California continued to increase its admirable boulevard system during the year, and is destined to prove the strongest competitor of Massachusetts as the "motorist's paradise."

Due to various causes, the motor-propelled vehicle for business uses falled in the last twelve months to make the progress that had been hoped for, although a considerable increase was shown. The number in use throughout the country is estimated at 33,000, as compared with 25,000 in December, 1911, New York leading by a wide margin in their utilization. A notable feat in motor trucking was a transcontinental journey from Philadelpila, via New York to San Francisco, by a spectacular proof of the growing dependability of the commercial motor vehicle.

RACING DURING THE YEAR.

RACING DURING THE YEAR.

Racing in the United States was at a low ebb during 1912, especially in the Eastern States. Memorial Day brought the decision of a 500-mile race on the Indianapolis Motor Speedway, an American-built car winning from a large field at an average speed of 78.6 miles an hour. The Vanderbilt Cup and Grand Prize races, previously run on Long Island and at Savannah, Ga., were transferred to Milwaukee, Wis., and run over an inferior course. The Vanderbilt Cup was won by a German car plotted by De Palma and the Grand Prize by an Italian car in the hands of Brags. The average speed in the Vanderbilt Cup race was 69 miles an hour and in the Grand Prize race 69.3 miles an hour. A regrettable feature of the Milwaukee race carnival was the death of David Bruce-Brown, a famous young American driver, following an injury in practice.

Abroad the Automobile Club of France revived the classic Grand Prix race, which was won by a French car in a two days race. Several other important road races were held in Europe curing the year, in strong contrast with previous seasons, and confirmative of the belief that road racing to not only in favor with the public but a distinct help to the makers of automobiles.

Automobile Races and Records.

OFFICIAL RECORDS ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE CONTEST BOARD OF THE AMERICAN AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION:

STRAIGHTAWAY FREE-FOR-ALL RECORDS, REGARDLESS OF CLASS.

D.	ATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
April				Burman		15.88
April				Burman	1 mile	25.40
April				Burman	2 miles	51.28
January				Hemery	5 miles	2 34
March				Bruce-Brown		5 14 2-5
January	29, 1906	Daytona	Flat	Lancia	15 miles	10
March	30, 1911	Jacksonville	Buick Bug	Burman	20 miles	13 11.92
March	28, 1911	Jacksonville	Bulck Bug	Burman	50 miles	35 52.31
March	6, 1908	Daytona	Renault	Bernin	100 miles	1 12 45 1-5
March	31, 1911	Jacksonville	Special	Disbrow	150 miles	1 55 18
March	31, 1911	Jacksonville	Special	Disbrow	200 miles	2 34 12
March	31, 1911	Jackson ville	Special	Disbrow	250 miles	3 14 55
March	31, 1911	Jacksonville	Special	Disbrow	300 miles	3 53 33.50
March	28, 1911	Jacksonville	Special	Disbrow	81.65 miles!	One Hour.

(STANDING START.)

DATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance	Time.
March 16, 1910	Daytona	Benz	Oldfield	1 mlle	40.53

SPEEDWAY RECORDS, REGARDLESS OF CLASS.

(HOUR RECORDS.)

D	ATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
April	16, 1910, .	Los Angeles	Marmon	Harroun	74 mtles	1
April	16, 1910	Los Angeles	Marmon	Harroun	148 miles	$ar{2}$

ONE MILE CIRCULAR DIRT TRACK RECORDS.

DATE.	Piace.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.	Time.
September 7, 1912				1 mile	47.85
September 14, 1912					
September 14, 1912					
September 14, 1912	Cleveland, O	Simplex	Disbrow		
September 14, 1912				5 miles	
September 14, 1912					
			Disbrow		
			Disbrow		
			Disbrow		
September 16, 1911					
August 25, 1912	Columbus, O	Mercer	Wishart	75 miles	1 15 52.50
August 25, 1912	Columbus, O	Mercer	Wishart	100 miles	1 40 51.00
August 25, 1912	Columbus, O	Mercer	Wishart	150 miles	2 30 51.00
August 25, 1912	Columbus, O	Mercer	Wishart	200 miles	3 28 04.50

24-HOUR TRACK RACES.

DATE.	Place.	Car.	Driver.	Distance.
October 19, 1910.	Brighton B'ch.	Stock Chassis Lozier Class "C" Stearns Flat	Poole & Patschke	1.253 miles.

AUTOMOBILE RACES AND RECORDS-Continued.

TRACK AND ROAD RACES.

May 4, 1912, at Santa Monica, Cal. Light car race, 101 miles—Won by G. Joermann in a Maxwell car; second, Evans (Flanders); third, Towers (Flanders), Time—th. 37m. 57s. (Average 61.68 miles per hour.) Medium car race, 151 miles—Won by R. De Palma in a Mercer car; second, J. Nikrent (Case); third, L. Disbrow (Case). Time—2h. 10m. 48s. (Average 69.54 miles per hour.) Free-for-all race, 303 miles—Won by T. Tetzlaff in a Flat car; second, C. Bragg (Flat); third, D. Bruce-Brown (Benz). (Average 78.50 miles per hour.)

May 30, at Indianapolis, Ind. 500-mile Motordrome race—Won by J. Davison in a National car; second, T. Tetziaff (Flat); third, H. Hughes (Mercer). Time—6h. 21m. 6s. (Average 78.72 miles per hour.) Prize money \$20,000 to first; \$10,000 to second, and \$5,000 to to third.

Bolllot in a Peugoet car; second, Wagner (Flat); third, Regal (Sunbeam). Time—13h. 58m. 23½s. (Average 68 + miles per hour.)

July 6, at Tacoma, Wash. 250-mile race—Won by T. Tetzlaff in a Flat car; second, E. Bergdoll (Benz); third, H. Devore (National). Time—3h. 37m. 35s.

July 6, at Portland, Me. 100-mile Beach race—Won by W. Endicott in a Schacht car; second, Rutherford (National). Time—1h. 36m. 41s. 50-mile race won by A. Hummel in a Mercer car. Time-54m. 10s.

August 30, at Eigin, Ill. Illinois trophy, distance 203 miles—Won by C. Merz in a Stutz car; second, G. Anderson (Stutz); no third. Time—3h. 4m. 32s. (Average 66.11 miles per hour.) Aurora trophy, distance 152 miles—Won by H. Hughes in a Mercer car; second, E. Pullen (Mercer); third, Trussei (Falcar). Time—2h. 20m. 40.11s. (Average 65.04 miles per hour.) Jeneks trophy, distance 101 miles—Won by H. Endleott in a Mason Special, no second or third. Time—1h. 40m. 42.6s. (Average 65.05 miles per hour.) Eigin trophy race. 254 miles—Won by R. De Palma in a Mercedes car; second, R. Mulford (Knox); third, Merz (Stutz). Time—3h. 43m. 26s. (Average 68.4 miles per hour.) Free-for-all race, 305 miles (continuation of Eigin trophy race)—Won by R. De Palma in a Mercedes; second, E. Bergdoll (Benz); third, R. Mulford (Knox). Time—4h. 28m. 36s. (Average 70.01 miles per hour.)

September 9, at Le Mans, France. French light car Grand Prix, distance 402.4 miles—Won by Zuccarelli in a Lion-Peugoet car; second, Champolseau (Schnelder); third, Milen (Vinot). Time—6h. 12m. 22s. Sarthe Grand Prix for heavy cars, same time and distance—Won by Goux in a Peugoet; second, Le Duc (S. P. A.); no third. Time—5h. 31m. 54s. (Average 73 + miles per hour.) October 2, at Wauwatosa (Milwaukee), Wis. Vanderbilt Cup race, distance 299 miles 2.764 feet—Won by R. De Palma in a Mercedes car; second, H. Hughes (Mercer); third, Wishart (Mercedes): Time—4h. 20m. 31.54s. (Average 69 miles per hour.)

October 5, at Wauwatosa (Milwaukee), Wis. Grand Prize race, distance 409 miles 4,616 feet—Won by C. Bragg in a Flat car; second, E. Bergdoll (Benz); third, G. Anderson (Stutz). Time—5h. 59m. 25s. (Average 69.3 miles per hour.)

Canadian Sports.

CANADIAN AMATEUR ATHLETIC CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1912.

CANADIAN HOCKEY.

Amateur—Ontario Hockey Association (largest in the world, 123 teams), Senior Champions, Eaton Club of Toronto. Intermediate, Preston of Preston, Junior, Toronto Cauce Club of Toronto. Intermediate, Royal Military College of Kingston, Junior, University of Toronto. Alberta Hockey Association, Senior Champions, Calgary. Saskatchewan Hockey Association, Senior Champions, Regina. Maritime Provinces Hockey League, Senior Champions, Victorias of Charlottetown, P. E. I. Winnipeg Amateur League, Senior Champions. The Victorias of Winnipeg. Allan Cup-holders, emblematic of Canadian Championship, Victorias of Winnipeg, who defeated Calgary, Eatons and Regina, 5 games in 9 days.

Professional—National Hockey Association, Senior Champions, Ouches, Hockey Club of Canadian.

Professional—National Hockey Association, Senior Champions, Quebec Hockey Club of Quebec, Maritime League, Senior Champions, New Glasgow Hockey Club of New Glasgow. Stanley Cap-

holders, Quebec.

SWIMMING.

Because of the Olympic games there were no Canadian outdoor swimming championships held during 1912. The results in the indoor championship events were as follows:

The results in the indoor championship events were as follows:

Yet of the control of the contro

Baseball.

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES, 1912.

PLAYED between New York (Glants), winners of National League Championship, and Boston (Red Sox), winners of American League Championship. Boston defeated New York 4 games to 3, with another game an eleven inning tie at 6 to 6. Results by games;

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Won. Lost. Tied. Per Cent. | CLUB. A 3 1 .571 | New York...... CLUB. Won. Lost. Tied. Per Cent. Boston.... 3 .429

RESULTS OF GAMES.

First game, at New York, October 8. Boston—4 runs, 6 hits, 1 error. New York—3 runs, 8 hits, 1 error. Batterles—Boston, Wood and Cady. New York, Tesreau, Crandall and Meyers. Second game, at Boston, October 9. Boston—6 runs, 10 hits, 1 error. New York—6 runs, 11 hits, 5 errors (11 lnnings). Batterles—Boston, Collins, Hall, Bedlent and Carrigan. New York, Mathewson and Meyers and Wilson.

Third game, at Boston, October 10. New York—2 runs, 7 hits, 1 error. Boston—1 run, 7 hits, 0 errors. Batterles—New York, Marquard and Meyers. Boston, O'Brien, Bedlent and Carrigan

Third game, at Boston, October 10. New York—2 runs, 7 hits, 1 error. Boston—1 run, 7 hits, 0 errors. Batterles—New York, Marquard and Meyers. Boston, O'Brlen, Bedlent and Carrigan and Cady.

Fourth game, at New York, October 11. Boston—3 runs, 8 hits, 1 error. New York—1 run, 9 hits, 1 error. Batterles—Boston, Wood and Cady. New York, Tesreau, Ames and Meyers.

Fifth game, at Boston, October 12. Boston—2 runs, 5 hits, 1 error. New York—1 run, 3 hits, 1 error. Batterles—Boston, Bedlent and Cady. New York, Mathewson and Meyers. Sixth game, at New York, October 14. New York, Mathewson and Meyers. Boston—2 runs, 7 hits, 1 error. Batterles—New York, Marquard and Meyers. Boston, O'Brlen, Collins and Cady. Seventh game, at Boston, October 15. New York, 11 runs, 16 hits, 4 errors. Boston—4 runs, 9 hits, 3 errors. Batterles—New York, Tesreau and Meyers and Wilson. Boston, Wood, Hall and Cady. Cadv.

Eighth game, at Boston, October 16. Boston—3 runs, 8 hits, 5 errors. New York—2 runs, 9 hits, 2 errors (10 innings). Batterles—Boston, Bedlent, Wood and Cady. New York—Mathewson and Meyers. COMPOSITE SCORE.

BOSTON.

NAMES.	G.	A.B.	R.	Н.	(2B.	3B.	H. R.	T.B.	S.O.	B.B.	Ave.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	Pct.
Hooper	- 8	31	3	9	2	1	0	13	4	5	.290		3	0	19	1.000
Yerks	8	32	3	8	0	2	0	12	3	2	.250	15	22	1 0		1.000
Speaker	8	30	4	9	1	2	0	14	2	4	.300	21	-2	2	25	.920
Lewis	8	32	4	6	3	0	0	9	1	2	.188	14	0	1	15	.933
Gardner	8	28	4	5	2	1	1	12	5	1	.179		12	4	25	.840
Stahl	8	32	3	9	2	0	0	11	6	1	.281	77	3	1	81	.988
Wagner	8	30	1	5	1	0	0	6	6	3	.167	24	24	3	51	.941
Cady	7	22	1	3	0	0	0	3	3	0	.136	30	9	1	40	.975
Bedient	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000		1	0	1	1.000
Carrigan	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	9	5	0	14	1.000
Wood	4	7	1	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	.286	1	6	1 0	7	1.000
Collins	1 2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	.000	0	3	0	3	1.000
Hall	1	4	0	3	1	0	0	4	0	0	.750	0	5	1	6	.833
O'Brien	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	.000		6	0	7	1.000
*Engle	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	.333	0	0	0	0	.000
†Ball	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	.000	0	0	Ō	Ō	.000
:Henricksen	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1.000	Ō	0	0	Ō	.000
•						<u> </u>			<u> </u>							
Totals		J293 ·	25	61	14	6	1	90	36	19	.245	222	101	13	336	.962

NEW YORK.

NAMES.	G.	А.В.	R.	н.	2B.	3В.	н. к.	т.в.	s.o.	в.в.	Ave.	Р.О.	Α.	E.	T.C.	Pct.
Devore. Doyle. Snodgrass Murray Merkle. Herzog. Fletcher. Mayers. Mathewson. **Becker Crandall **McCormick. Wilson. Shafer	7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 3 2 1 5 2 3	24 32 33 31 33 30 28 28 12 4 1	4 5 2 5 5 6 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 0	6 8 7 10 9 12 5 10 2 0 0 1 1	0 1 2 4 2 4 1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 12 9 16 13 18 6 12 2 0 0 0 1	5 2 5 2 6 3 6 3 4 0 1 0 0	7 3 2 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	.250 .250 .212 .323 .273 .400 .179 .357 .000 .000	0 0 2	1 25 1 1 16 23 5 12 1 1 0	2 4 1 0 3 0 4 1 0 0 0 0	13 44 19 24 78 27 43 48 13 1 0 4 5	.846 .909 .947 1.000 .976 1.000 .907 1.000 1.000 .000 .000 .750
Tesreau	3 2 1	8 4 0	0 0	3 0 0	0	0	0 0	3 0	3 0 0	1 1 0	.375 .000 .000		10 4 1	0 1 0	10 5 1	1.000 .800 1.000
Totals		274	31	74	14	4	1	99	38	21	.270	231	109	17	357	. 953

^{*}Engle batted for Carrigan in eighth inning of third game; for O'Brien in second inning of sixth game, and for Wood in tenth inning of eighth game. †Bail batted for O'Brien in eighth inning of third game, †Henriksen ran for St.h lin inith inning of third game, and batted for Bedient in seventh inning of eighth game. **McCormick batted for Tesreau in seventh inning of first game; for Fletcher in tenth inning of second game; for reseau in seventh inning of fourth game; for Fletcher in seventh inning of fifth game, and for Fletcher in ninth inning of eighth game. ***Becker ran for Meyers in in ninth inning of first game.

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Innings.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Totals.
Boston	3	4 3	2	1	1	1 2	6	2 3	2	3	0	25 31

St. Louis, all games.
—Clear and cool.

ATTENDANCE, RECEIPTS AND DIVISION OF RECEIPTS.

GAMES AND CITY.	Attend- ance.	Recelpts.	Players' Share.	Clubs' Share.	National Commission.
First—New York. Second—Boston Third—Boston Fourth—New York Fifth—Boston. Sixth—New York. Seventh—Boston.	35,730 30,148 34,624 36,502 34,683 30,622 32,694 17,034	\$75,127 58,369 63,142 76,644 63,201 66,654 57,196 30,500	\$40,568.00 31,519.26 34,096.68 41,387.76	\$27,046.00 21,012.84 22,731.12 27,591.84 56,880.90 59,988.60 51,476.40 27,450.00	\$7,513.00 5,836.90 6,314.20 7,664.40 6,320.10 6,665.40 5,719.60 3,050.00
Totals	252,037	\$490,833	\$147,571.70	\$294,177.70	\$49,083.60

Distribution of the money—Of the players' share, \$147,571.70, the Red Sox as winners take 60 per cent., or \$88,543.02, and the Giants as losers take 40 per cent., or \$59,028.68. The money is divided equally among the players. The Red Sox had twenty-two eligible players, and each received \$4,024.68. The Giants had twenty-three eligible players, and each received \$2,566.46.

The New York and Boston clubs each received \$17,088.85. Of the Boston club's share 25 per cent., or \$36,772.21, will be turned into the treasury of the American League for equal distribution among the other seven clubs, each of which will receive \$5,253.17. This 25 per cent. distribution to the clubs was a new arrangement, adopted by the American League at its annual meeting last year. The plan was suggested at the last annual meeting of the National League, but was not adopted then. adopted then.

RECEIPTS AND ATTENDANCE SINCE 1903.

YEAR.	Clubs.	Games.	Attendance.	Receipts.
1903	Boston-Pittsburgh	8	100,429	\$50,000.00
1905	New York-Athletics	5	91,723	68,436.00
	White Sox-Cubs		99,845	106,550.00
1907	Chicago-Detroit	5	78,068	101,728.00
	Chicago-Detroit		62,232	94,975.00
	Plttsburgh-Detroit		145,295	188,302.00
	Athletics-Chicago.		124,222	173,980.00
	Athletics-Glants		179,851	342,364.50
1912	Red Sox-Glants	8	202,037	490.833.00

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIPS TO DATE

	WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIPS TO DATE.																				
YEAR.									1		s Won.	ſ		Lo	sers				(Gai	nes	Won.
1885	Chicoland Chicol	Lourolt Y Y Selation Y	o () tis (N ork ork ork ore ore (A ork ork ore ork ork ork ork ork ork ork ork ork	N	L.) A.; N. I. I. L. L.) I. L. L.) I. L. I.	,),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				100000000000000000000000000000000000000		Metropc St. Louls Chicago St. Louls St. Louls St. Louls Brooklyn Clevelan Baltimor Clevelan Boston (Pittsbur Philadel Chicago Detroit Detroit Chicago New Yo New Yo	S (A) (N) S (A) S (A) C	ALANNIN LN LL)				032443300101312013123	tle tle
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CLUB. Cardinals (N.	L.)	. v	⊽oı 4		Lo			d. F	ST.			SERIES Es. CLUB. IS (A. L.)				L	st. 4	Tie I	đ. P	er C	ent. 29
Athletics (A.	L.) .		4		;	ı	0		.8	DELPH	HA SEF	RIES. S (N.L.)			1		4	0		. 20	
White Sox (A.	L.)		4		3	3	2				Cubs (s. N. L.)			3		4	2		.42	29
Americans			15		11	1 A.	4		. 5	77	Nation	World's lals DS FOI	 R 1	912	1	1 v L	-	4. UE.		.42	23
	7	(1	1		()			(7	7		1 1	1	1	_	1	1		_	
CLUBS.	New York.	Pittsburgh.	Chleago.	Cincinnati.	Philadelphia.	St. Louis.	Brooklyn.	Boston.	Won.	Per Cent.	CL	ves.	Boston.	Washington.	Athletics.	Chicago.	Detroit.	St. Louis.	New York.	Won.	Per cent.
New York Pittsburgh Chleago Cincinnati Philadelphia St. Louis Brooklyn Boston	18	9 11 8 7 8 4	13	11	14 10	15 15	16 14 17 16 13 10	18 18 17 11 12 12 13	103 93 92 75 73 63 58 52	.612 .609 .490 .480 .412 .379	Washi Athlet Chicas Clevel Detroi St. Lo	nngtonicsgogoand	10 7 6 11 6 5 2	13 9 4 8 8 7	71		3 14	13 15 12	19	75 69 53	.691 .599 .592 .506 .490 .451 .344 .329

PENNANT WINNERS TO DATE. NATIONAL LEAGUE.

48 59 59 78 79 90 95 101 609

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YEAR.	Winner.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.	Manager.	Clubs.	YEAR.	Winner.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.	Manager.	Clubs.
1877	Chicago Boston	31	17	.646	Spaiding H. Wright	8	1896		90	39	.698	Hanlon	$\frac{12}{12}$
1879	Boston Providence Chicago	55	23	.705	H. Wright G. Wright Anson	8 8	1898	Boston Boston Brooklyn	102	47	.685	Selee	12
1881 1882	Chicago	56 55	$\frac{28}{29}$.667	Anson	8	1900	Brooklyn Pittsburgh	82 90	$\frac{54}{49}$.603 .647	Hanlon	8 8
1884 1885	Boston Providence Chicago	84 87	28 25	.750 .776	Morrell Bancroft	8 8	1903 1904	Pittsburgh Pittsburgh New York	91 106	$\frac{49}{47}$. 650 . 693	Clarke McGraw	8
1887	Chicago Detroit New York	79	45	.637	Anson Watkins Mutrie	8 8	1906	New York Chicago	116	36	. 763	Chance	8
1889 1890	New York Brooklyn	83 86	43 43	.659 $.667$	Mutrie McGunnigle .	8	1908	Chicago Pittsburgh	$\frac{95}{110}$	$\frac{55}{42}$.643 .724	Chance	8
1892 1893	Boston Boston	102 86	48 44	$.680 \\ .662$	Selee	$\frac{12}{12}$	1911 1912	New York New York	99	54	. 647	McGraw	88
1894	Baltimore	1 881	391	. 695	Hanion	1121			L C				-

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

YEAR.	Winner.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.	Manager.	Clubs.	YEAR.	Winner.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.	Manager.	Clubs.
1900	Chicago				Comiskey	8		Detroit	92	58	.613	Jennings	8
	Chicago Philadelphia	83			Griffith Mack	8	1908	Detroit	90	54	645	Jennings	8
1903	Boston	91	47	.659	Collins	8	1910	Philadelphia	102	48	.680	Mack	8
	Boston	95 92			Collins Mack	8			101			Mack	8
	Philadelphia Chicago		58	.616	Jones	8	1912	Boston	103	*1	.091	Баш	8

COLLEGE SCORES.

College.	Games.	Won.	Lost.	Tled.	College.	Games.	Won.	Lost.	Tied.
Princeton. Yale Harvard. Pennsylvania Corneli. Columbia. Datmouth Amherst. Brown	29 24 25 24 18	18 18 12 17 11 6 10 11 17	6 9 10 7 12 11 9 10 5	2 1 1 1 0	Williams Vermont. West Point Annapolis New York University Georgetown Lafayette. Fordham	22 15 16 9 13	11 14 12 12 12 6 7	3 6 3 4 6 6 10 14	0 2 0 0 1 1 0 0

Harvard. Pennsylvania. Cornell. Columbia. Dartmouth Amherst. Brown.	24 25 24 18 19 22 22	12 17 11 12 11 10 11 10 11 17	1 1 1 0 1 0 0	Wes Ann New Geor Lafa	t Point. apolis York U getown yette	Jniversity	15 16 9 13 17 19	12 12 12 6 7 5	3 4 6 6 10 14	0 0 1 1 0 0
The records of the total print o	HÖRGCCSMCOVSSALLHSDDEPPPPWBHPPYY PROWNPREPVUCCCRLYNHHATHCY VMWDPSYADAHH 1501821170436585412388172662 355011395551113135204248 364255602866	or the seaso ARVARD. Atholic Univoston Amer eorgetown. Jumbla. Ates. Alne. Jumbla. Ates. Alne. Joby. Argaette. Julians. Julian	2 2 2 5 5 3 3 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 7 7 2 9 5 5 5 5 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 3 0 2 2 1 0 4 4 3 3 3 5 1 1 1 2 2 0 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 3 1 2 1 1 6 7 7 3 5 4 4 2 1 1 0 8 0 4 4 4 4 1 1 7 7	Wesley Vermo Vermo Wesley Vermo West T Dartm Pennsy Swarth Seventh Charles Michight Fordh Fordh Re Navy. Colgat Syracu ANNA Pennsy St. Joh Charles West I North Johns Univ. Kew Y Maryl: Lafaye ENNSY Nav. New Y Navy. New Y Navy. N	nt. POINT. outhelv	2 672123145401760 4004000207713328 35233331149483033442224214	Yale Wash' Baltim Wash' Baltim George Lehigi Niagai Regel	NELL, n Nat', n Nat', n Nat', n Nat', n Nat', n Online stern, n online stern, n online state (ton. (to	14 doles 14 doles 23 doles 23 doles 23 doles 23 doles 24 doles 24 doles 24 doles 25

Trinity	Rutgers.
THE TEXAS LEAGUE. W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. 63 70 455	CENTRAL INTERNATIONAL. W. L. Pet.
Tue Canada Teache	W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct.
Hamilton 51 46 .526 Guelph 39 51 .433 London 48 49 .495 Peterboro 40 58 .409	Portsmouth 24 20 .545 Lynchburg .11 54 .244 THE CENTRAL LEAGUE. W. L. Pet.
W. L. Pet. Lawrence	Youngst'n75 53 .586 Akron 59 68 .465 Erie 74 55 .574 Grand Rap's 56 66 .459
SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE. First Half. W. L. Pct. Jacksonville.36 17 .679 Macon	W'lks-Barre.81 57 .587 Albany62 72 .463
Second Hall. W. L. Pet. Columbus. 36 21 632 Macon	W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. Springfield .90 44 .672 Dubuque 65 73 .471 Davenport . 76 59 .563 Danville 63 71 .470 Decatur . 69 67 .507 Bloomington . 68 78 .427 Quincy 67 70 .489 Peorla55 81 .405
W. L. Pct. Wilmington .58 54 .518 Allentown . 65 47 .550 Reading52 59 .468 Trenton61 51 .545 York45 65 .409 Atlantle City59 52 .532 Chester31 81 .277	W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. Oshkosh. 87 45 659 Green Bay. 61 68 4.73 Racine. 78 51 605 Rockford. 63 71 4.79 Appleton. 67 60 .527 Aurora. 54 80 .403 Wausau. 66 67 .496 Madison. 51 85 .375
W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. Hannibal 67 62 519 Kewanee 74 51 .592 Galesburg 63 67 .477 Burlington 72 54 .571 Keokuk 48 76 .387 Monmouth 71 54 .568 Muscatine 33 94 .260	W. L. Pet. Hastings. 66 45 .595 Seward53 58 .477 Fremont66 45 .595 Grand Isl'd.51 59 .484 Kearney. 63 48 .568 York45 67 .402 Columbus56 54 .509 Superior43 67 .391
W. L. Pet. Clarksville . 68 29 .701 Paducah 46 54 .460 Henderson 52 48 .520 Hopkinsville . 44 54 .449 Evansville 46 53 .465 Carro	Salt Lake77 61 .558 Butte53 82 .391 Great Fall: 72 61 .545 Helena50 83 .376
W. L. Pct. Anderson 66 42 611 Spartanburg 54 55 495 Greensboro 51 57 472 Salem . 59 44 573 Greenville 33 79 . 295	
Charlotte 61 46 .570 BLUE GRASS LEAGUE. W. L. Pet. Frankfort 85 42 .670 Lexington 60 65 .480 Maysville 82 47 .634 Paris60 69 .465 Richmond 64 64 .500 Mt. Sterling.31 96 .244	W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet.
Richmond . 64 64 .500 Mt. Sterling.31 96 .244 SOUTH MICHIGAN LEAGUE. W. L. Pet Battle Creek74 50 .597 Adrian72 50 .590 Filmt	SOUTHERN LEAGUE. W. L. Pet. Birm'gham84 52 .618 Mashville67 70 .489 Mobile79 58 .576 Montgomery64 75 .460 New Orleans71 64 .529 Chattanoga59 74 .464 Memphis69 72 .490 Atlanta55 85 .393

CENTRAL KANSAS LEAGUE.	THE NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE.
W. L. Pet. 1 W. L. Pet.	W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet.
W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. Great Bend. 54 36 .600 Junction 47 43 .522	Seattle 79 62 .560 Victoria 65 76 .461 Spokane 78 62 .557 Portland 63 75 .456 Vancouver 78 63 .553 Tacoma 58 83 .411
Manhattan, 52 38 .578 Lyons36 54 .400	Spokane78 62 .557 Portland63 75 .456
Minneapolis.50 40 .556 Salina 31 59 .344	Vancouver78 63 .553 Tacoma58 83 .411
OHIO STATE LEAGUE.	THE APPALACHIAN LEAGUE.
First Half.	W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct. Bristol 57 43 570 Cleveland 51 51 500
First Half. W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. Portsmouth .43 30 .589 Marion34 43 .442	Bristol 57 43 .570 Cleveland51 51 .500
Portsmouth .43 30 .589 Marion 34 43 .442	Knoxville 56 46 .549 Asheville 47 58 .448
Mansheld45 34 .5/0 Lima34 43 .442	Johnson C'y.54 48 .529 Morristown .41 60 .409
Newark 42 36 .538 Chillicothe .31 43 .419	THE ILLINOIS-MISSOURI LEAGUE.
Second Half.	W. L. Pct. (W. L. Pct.
W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet.	W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct. Lincoln71 47 .602 Kankakee. 57 60 .487
Portsmouth 38 22 .633 Newark 28 32 .467	Pekin 58 54 .518 Streator 52 65 .444
Ironton31 29 .517 Mansfield 27 33 .450	Canton58 56 .509 Champaign. 51 65 .440
Lima30 30 .500 Chillicothe . 26 34 .433	THE M-I-N-K LEAGUE.
THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.	W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct. Neb'ka City.60 37 .619 Beatrice45 55 .450
W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct.	Neb'ka City.60 37 .619 Beatrice45 55 .450
Minneap'lis105 60 .636 Milwaukee.78 85 .479	Falls City61 41 .598 Humboldt45 56 .446
Toledo 98 66 .598 St. Paul 77 90 .461	Auburn56 44 .560 Hiawatha33 66 .333
Columbus 98 68 .590 Louslville66 101 .395	OHIO-PENNSYLVANIA LEAGUE.
Kansas C'y. 85 82 .509 Indianap's .56 112 .333	W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet.
THE MICHIGAN STATE LEAGUE.	East Liverp'118 12 .600 Fairmont 15 16 .484
W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet.	Sharon16 15 .516 Follansbee14 15 .483
Manistee 78 35 .690 Boyne City . 48 66 .421	SOUTH CENTRAL LEAGUE.
Traverse C'y78 36 .685 Muskegon45 69 .395	W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet.
Ludington 58 58 . 500 Cadillac 34 79 . 301	Texarkana . 21 12 .636 Longview 15 17 .469
THE INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.	Parls17 15 .531 Marshall 11 20 .355
	PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.
W. L. Pet. W. L. Pet. Toronto91 62 .595 Buffalo71 78 .477	W. L. Pct. W. L. Pct.
Rochester86 67 .562 Montreal71 81 .467	Oakland120 83 .591 Portland85 100 .459
Newark80 72 .527 Jersey City. 70 84 .455	Vernon118 83 .587 San Fran'o.89 115 .436
Baltimore74 75 .497 Providence63 87 .420	Los Angeles. 110 93.542 Sacra'ento. 73 121 .376

Archery.

THE National Archery Association of the United States held its thirty-fourth annual tournament on August 13-16 on Soldier's Field, Boston, Mass. One of the noteworthy incidents of the meet was the presence of three of the veterans who shot in the first national tournament in 1879, Dr. Edward B. Weston of Chicago, W. H. Clark of Wyoming, Ohlo, and the Rev. W. B. D. Gray of Cheyenne, Wyo. Another noteworthy incident was the showing of the new comers who had never shot in any tournament before, Miss Mary A. Brownell of Wellesley College, winning the 40-yard range medal and the wand shoot; Mrs. G. P. Bryant winning the flight and Ellis Spear, Jr., winning the Duff Arrow.

THE LEADING SCORES:

INE LEADI
DOUBLE YORK ROUND.
(144 arrows at 100 yards. 96 arrows at 80 yards.
48 arrows at 60 yards.) Hits. Sc's. G'lds.
Geo. P. Bryant, Boston, Mass 230 1,094 22
W. H. Wills, New York City 195 885 15 H. B. Richardson, Boston, Mass. 196 860 16
Dr. R. P. Elmer, Wayne, Pa176 712 8
H. S. Taylor, Chicago, Ill159 693 14
DOUBLE AMERICAN ROUND.
(30 arrows at 60 yards. 30 arrows at 50 yards. 30 arrows at 40 yards.) Hits, Sc's, G'lds.
Geo. P. Bryant, Boston, Mass177 1,153 54
Dr B P Elmer Wayne Pa 174 1 064 33
H. B. Richardson, Boston, Mass. 175 1.005 24
H. S. Taylor, Chicago, Ill 171 973 30
H. B. Richardson, Boston, Mass 175 1,005 24 H. S. Taylor, Chicago, Ill 171 973 30 H. L. Walker, Chicago, Ill 168 884 22
DOUBLE NATIONAL ROUND.
(48 arrows at 60 yards. 24 arrows at 50 yards.)
Hlts. Sc's. G'lds.
Mrs. Witwer Taylor, Chicago, Iil. 112 524 4
Miss J. V. Sullivan, Chicago, III 103 477 9 Miss F. M. Patrick, Wellesley Col. 94 424 11
Miss F. M. Patrick, Wellesley Col. 94 424 11 Miss M. A. Brownell, Well. Col., 98 388 4
Mrs. E. W. Frentz, Boston, Mass. 90 380 9
DOUBLE COLUMBIA ROUND.
(24 arrows at 50 yards. 24 arrows at 40 yards.
24 arrows at 30 yards.) Hits. Sc's. G'lds. Mrs. Witwer Taylor, Chicago, Ill. 131 787 35
Miss Mary A. Brownell, Well. Col. 128 694 20
Miss Julia V. Sullivan, Chicago 131 651 11
Miss F. M. Patrick, Weilesley Col.116 598 14
Mrs. Edward W. Frentz, Boston 122 564 9
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	TEAM ROUNDS.
	(Gentlemen's—96 arrows at 60 yds.) Hits. Scores, First Boston. 324 1.618 Chicago. 307 1,419
	Keystone
	Second Boston
	TEAM ROUNDS.
	(Women's—96 arrows at 50 yards.) Hits. Scores. Boston
	Chicago
	CHAMP'NSHIPS.—DOUBLE YORK ROUND.
	George Phillip Bryant won with 9 points Henry B. Richardson 1 point
	•
	Total
	George Phillip Bryant won with 7 1/4 points
,	Dr. Robert P. Elmer 2 1/4 points Homer S. Taylor 1/4 point
	Henry B. Richardson
	Total10 points
	Total10 points DOUBLE NATIONAL ROUND.
	Mrs. Witwer Taylor won with 8 points DOUBLE COLUMBIA ROUND.
	Mrs. Witwer Taylor won with 51/2 points
٠,	Miss Julia V. Sullivan
•	
	Total10 points
	FLIGHT SHOOT. George P. Bryant won with229 2-3 yards
ļ	Mrs. G. P. Bryant won with215 1-3 yards

Champlonship Medals. Men—York Round Gold Medal, awarded annually to the winner of the Double York Round, won by G. P. Bryant with 230 hits, 1,094 score or 9 points. American Round Gold Medal, awarded annually to the winner of the Double American Round, won by G. P. Bryant with 177 hits, 1,618 score or 7½ points. This score establishes new Double American Round Round Feerord. Women—National Round Gold Medal, awarded annually to the winner of the Double National Round, won by Mrs. Witwer Taylor with 112 hits, 524 score or 8 points. Columbia Round Gold Medal, awarded annually to the winner of the Double Columbia Round. Work of the Modal, awarded annually to the winner of the Double Round Gold Medal, awarded annually to the winner of the Double Columbia Round, won by Mrs. Witwer Taylor with 131 hits, 787 score or 5½ points.

Boxing.

PROFESSIONAL.

LACK of space precludes the recording of bouts other than those between pugilists of prominence. The abbreviations: K. O., knockout; D., draw; R. D., referee's decision; P. V., popular verdict; F., foul.

January 1, 1912—Frank Moran defeated Fred Storbeck, two rounds, F., London, Eng. Ray ason vs. Tommy Devlin, ten rounds, D., Jeffersonville, Ind. Joe Rivers K. O. Frankle Conley, en rounds, Los Angeles, Cal. Bronson vs.

Bronson vs. Tommy Devlin, ten rounds, D., Jeffersonville, Ind. Joe Rivers R. O. France eleven rounds, Los Angeles, Cal.

January 9—Tommy O'Rourke defeated Battling Nelson, ten rounds, P. V., Springfield, Mo. January 10—"Kild" McCoy defeated George Gunther, ten rounds, R. D., Parls, France.

January 11—Johnny Coulon K. O. George Kitson, three rounds, South Bend, Ind.

January 13—Al Palzer K. O. "Sailor" White, five rounds, New York City, N. Y.

January 18—"Knockout" Brown defeated Abe Attell, ten rounds, P. V., New York City.

Harry Lewis K. O. "Dixie Kild," eight rounds, Liverpool, Eng.

January 21—Frankle Burns defeated Johnny Daly, twenty rounds, R. D., New Orleans,

January 22—Johnny Coulon K. O. Harry Forbes, three rounds, Kenosha, Wis.

January 23—Jack Denning defeated Mike Gibbons, ten rounds, P. V., New York City,

January 24—Frank Loughrey K. O. Dick Roberts, two rounds, Parls, France. Frank Moran

K. O. "Stoker" Smith, one round, Parls, France. Jim Barry defeated Bill Lang, twenty rounds,

R. D., Sydney, Australia. "Packey" McFarland defeated Jack Ward, six rounds, P. V., Phila
delnbia, Pa.

January 26—Dave Smith defeated Johnny Thompson, twenty rounds, R. D., Sydney, Aus. January 29—Jimmy Clabby K. O. Jack Howard, seven rounds, Melbourne, Aus. January 31—Tommy Murphy vs. "One Round" Hogan, twenty rounds, D., R. D., San Fran-

January 31—Tommy Murphy vs. 'One Round'' Hogan, twenty rounds, D., R. D., San Francisco, Cal.

February 3—Johnny Coulon defeated Frankie Conley, twenty rounds, R. D., Los Angeles, Cal.

February 5—Frank Moran K. O. Fred Storbeck, twelve rounds, London, Eng.

February 5—Frank Moran K. O. Fred Storbeck, twelve rounds, London, Eng.

February 5—Frank Moran K. O. 'Young'' Cashman, four rounds, P. V., New York City.

February 7—Mike Gibbons K. O. 'Young'' Cashman, four rounds, P. V., New York City.

February 12—Packey'' McFarland defeated Eddie Murphy, ten rounds, P. V., South Bend, Ind.

February 17—Johnny Thompson K. O. Jack Lester, twenty rounds, R. D., New Orleans.

February 18—Johnny Coulon defeated Frankie Burns, twenty rounds, R. D., New Orleans.

February 19—Owen Moran defeated Joe Bedell, ten rounds, P. V., New Orleans.

February 22—Johnny Kilbane defeated Abe Attell, R. D., Los Angeles, Cal. Frank Mantell,

defeated Bill Papke, twenty rounds, R. D. Sacramento, Cal.

February 24—Jimmy Clabby vs. Dave Smith, twenty rounds, New York City.

February 25—Mike Gibbons K. O. Wille Lewis, twenty rounds, New York City.

February 24—Jimmy Clabby vs. Dave Smith, twenty rounds, New York City.

February 25—Young' Cashman defeated Billy Lewis, seven rounds, Stopped, New York City.

February 27—Joe Jeanette defeated And Morris, five rounds, stopped, New York City.

February 27—Joe Jeanette defeated And Morris, five rounds, stopped, New Haven, Ct.

February 27—Joe Georges Carpender K. O. Jim Sullivan, two rounds, Monte Carlo. "Packey"

Mefarland defeated Tommy Devlin, four rounds, stopped, Cleveland, Ohlo.

March 5—"Packey" Mefarland defeated Tom McMahon, slx rounds, P. V., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Merch 5—"Packey" McFarland defeated "One Round" Hogan, ten rounds, P. V., New York City.

March 9—Jack (Twin) Sullivan defeated Tom McMahon, six rounds, P. V., Pittsburgh, Pa. Tommy Murphy defeated Abe Attell, twenty rounds, R. D., Daly City, Cal.

March 12—Owen Moran vs. "Pal" Moore, ten rounds, D., P. V., New York City.

March 16—Joe Rivers K. O. Jack White, twelve rounds, Los Angeles, Cal.

March 16—Joe Rivers K. O. Jack White, twelve rounds, Los Angeles, Cal.

March 18—"Dixie Kid" K. O. Ted Lee, two rounds, Los Angeles, Cal.

March 18—"Dixie Kid" K. O. Ted Lee, two rounds, London, Eng.

March 18—"Dixie Kid" K. O. Ted Lee, two rounds, London, Eng.

March 20—Eddle McGoorty defeated Hugo Kelly, ten rounds, P. V., Kenosha, Wis. Jim Stewart defeated Carl Morris, ten rounds, P. V., New York City.

March 21—Bob Moha defeated "Sallor" Burke, ten rounds, P. V., New York City.

March 23—Frank Klaus defeated Jack Dillon, twenty rounds, R. D., San Francisco, Cal. Jack Lester defeated Johnny Thompson, twenty rounds, R. D., Sydney, Aus. "Knockout" Brown K. O., stopped. "Knockout" O'Donnell, one round, New York City.

March 28—Harry Lewis defeated Harry Mansfield, twenty rounds, R. D., Liverpool, Eng. Frank Moran defeated Tom Kennedy, ten rounds, P. V., New York City.

March 29—Frankke Burns K. O. Johnny Frayne, nine rounds, San Francisco, Cal. Jim Savage defeated Al. Kublak, ten rounds, P. V., New York City.

March 29—Frankle Burns K. O. Johnny Frayne, nine rounds, R. D., Charleston, S. C. Frank Mantell defeated Jack Herrick, twenty rounds, R. D., Charleston, S. C. Frank Mantell defeated Jack Herrick, twenty rounds, R. D., Densis, Cal.

April 1—Joe Jeanette K. O. Griff Jones, four rounds, New York City.

March 30—Tommy Sullivan defeated Clarence English, fifteen rounds, R. D., St. Joseph, Mo. April 3—Max Roberts defeated Jim Barry, twenty rounds, R. D., Parls, France. Jimmy Clabby defeated K. Mehegan, twenty rounds, R. D., Sydney, Aus. April 8—Sam Langford defeated Sam McVey, twenty rounds, R. D., Sydney, Aus. April 8—Sa

BOXING-Continued.

April 30—Bob Moha defeated Bill McKinnon, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Dick Hyland defeated Matty Baldwin, ten rounds, R. D., Salt Lake City, Utah.
May 1—Jack Britton defeated "Pal" Moore, twenty rounds, R. D., San Francisco, Cal.
May 2—Bill Papke K. O. Bill Leitch, two rounds, New York City.
May 3—Luther McCarty K. O. Carl Morris, six rounds, Springfield, Mo. Frank Klaus vs.
Jack Dillon, ten rounds, D., New York City.
May 8—Eddle McGoorty K. O. Jimmy Howard, seven rounds, Indianapolis, Ind.
May 10—Jack White defeated Frankle Conley, twelve rounds, R. D., Los Angeles, Cal.
May 11—Ad. Wolgast vs. Willie Ritchle, four rounds, D., San Francisco, Cal.
May 14—Johnny Kilbane defeated Frankle Burns, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Mike
Gibbons K. O. Paddy Lavin, eight rounds, Buffalo, N. Y.
May 21—Johnny Kilbane vs. Jimmy Walsh, twelve rounds, D., Boston, Mass. Charley White
defeated Owen Moran, nine rounds, F. Syracuse, N. Y. Tony Ross defeated Frank Moran, ten
rounds, R. D., Cleveland, Ohio. Ray Temple defeated Joe Mandot, eight rounds, R. D., Memphis,
Tenn.
May 22—Georges Carpentler defeated Willie Lewis, twenty rounds, R. D.

Tenn.

May 22—Georges Carpentler defeated Willie Lewis, twenty rounds, R. D., Parls, France.

"Young" Jack O'Brien vs. "Knockout" Brown, six rounds, D., Philadelphia, Pa.

May 23—Luther McCarty K. O. Jack Reed, three rounds, Jopin, Mo. Harry Brewer defeated

Ray Bronson, eight rounds, P. V., St. Louis, Mo.

May 27—Sam Langford K. O. "Porky" Flynn, fourteen rounds, Melbourne, Aus.

May 28—Eddle McGoorty defeated Bob Moha, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Jack

Dillon K. O. Hugo Kelly, three rounds, Indianapolis, Ind.

May 29—"Packey" McFarland defeated Ray Bronson, ten rounds, Indianapolis, Ind.

June 1—Ad. Wolgast defeated "Young" Jack O'Brien, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa.

June 3—Eddle Murphy K. O. Martin Canole, eightrounds, Providence, R. I. Leach Cross defeated "Knockout" Brown, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Jen Driscoli K. O. Jean Poesy,

twelve rounds, London, Eng.

June 3—Eddle Murphy K. O. Martin Canole, eightrounds, Providence, R. I. Leach Cross defeated "Knockout" Brown, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Jem Driscoll K. O. Jean Poesy, twelve rounds, London, Eng.

June 5—Frank Mantell defeated Dan Sullivan, twenty rounds, R. D., Sacramento, Cal.

June 7—"Packey" McFarland K. O. Frank Brennen, four rounds, Muskegon, Mich.

June 8—Jack White defeated Harry Thomas, twenty rounds, R. D., Los Angeles, Cal.

June 15—Joe Jeanette defeated "Black Bill," six rounds, stopped, New York City.

June 19—Luther McCarty defeated Tim Logan, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa.

June 21—Phil Brock K. O. Tommy Kilbane, six rounds, cleveland, Ohio. Charley Miller defeated Al Kaufmann, four rounds, R. D., San Francisco, Cal.

June 24—Willie Ritchie defeated Joe Mandot, ten rounds, P. V., New Orleans, La. Frank Kilaus, defeated Georges Carpentier, inheteen rounds, Fr. Dieppe, France.

June 25—Mike Gibbons Cefeated Joe Stein, ten rounds, P. V., New York City.

June 29—Bill Papke defeated Marcel Moreau, fifteen rounds, stopped, Parls, France. Ray Bronson defeated Harry Brewer, ten rounds, P. V., Indianapolis, Ind.

July 1—Mike Gibbons K. O. Sid Burns, five rounds, New York City.

July 2—Johnny Coulon defrated Joe Wagner, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Battling Nelson defeated Andy Bezenoli, ten rounds, P. V., Winnipeg, Can.

July 3—"Packey" McFaricin K., O. Ed. Randall, three rounds, Cincinnat, Ohio.

July 4—Jack Johnson defeated Jim Flynn, nine rounds, stopped, Las Vegas, N. M. Abe Attell defeated Eddle Marino, ten rounds, P. V., Tacoma, Wash. Frank Mantell vs. Johnny Thompson, twenty rounds, D., Sacramento, Cal. Joe Mandot defeated Ray Temple, eight rounds, R. D., Memphis, Tenn. Johnny Kilbane defeated Tommy Dixon, twelve rounds, P. V., Cleveland, Ohio. Eddie McGoorty defeated "Chicago" Brown, ten rounds, stopped, New York City,
July 16—Joe Jeanette K. O. Jef Manden, three rounds, Shoped, New York City,
July 16—Joe Jeanette K. O. Jef Madden, three rounds, New York City,
July 17—"Bombardie

July 16—Joe Jeanette K. O. Jeff Madden, three rounds; Mickey McDonough, one ronewedge of the control of the con Abe

August 3—Tommy Burns K. O. Joe Richards, six rounds, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, August 14—"Gunboat" Smith vs. "Porky." Flynn, ten rounds, D., New York City. August 17—Harry Thomas defeated Frankle Conley, twenty rounds, R. D., San Francisco, Cal. August 19—Jeas Williard vs. Luther McCarty, ten rounds, draw, P. V., New York City. Jim Savage defeated Tom Kennedy, seven rounds, stopped, New York City. Joe Jeanette K. O. Jeff Madden, two ounds, New York City. Jim Savage defeated Tom Kennedy, seven rounds, stopped, New York City. Joe Jeanette K. O. Jeff Madden, two ounds, New York City. August 21—Leach Cross defeated Tommy O'Keefe, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. August 28—"Young" Brown defeated Tommy Murphy, eleven rounds, P. V., New York City. George Kirkwood K. O. Tommy Houck, six rounds, New York City. Youngst 28—"Young" Brown defeated Joe Hirst, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. Matty McCurt defeated Harry Forbes, ten rounds, P. V., Racine, Wils. Al Williams K.O. Ed. Kennedy, one round San Francisco, Cal. Joe Jeanette K. O. Griff Jones, two rounds, New York City. September 2—"Sone Mandot defeated Joe Rivers, twenty rounds, R. D., Vernon, Cal. Jim Flynn K. O. Charles Miller, fiteen rounds, San Francisco, Cal. Eddle McGoorty K. O. Dave Smith, two rounds, New York City. Battling Nelson vs. Steve Ketchel, fiteen rounds, P. V., St. Joseph, Chave George ("Knockout") Brown K. O. "Kid" Skelly, one round, Terre Haute, Ind. Benny Chave Geteated Monte Attell, twelve rounds, F., Trinidad, Col. Jeff Clark defeated Joe Jeanette, Six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 4—Johnny Kilbane defeated Frankle Fleming, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 4—Johnny Kilbane defeated Frankle Fleming, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 7—Tommy O'Toole defeated Frankle Fleming, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 7—Tommy O'Toole defeated Frankle Fleming, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 9—Frank Klaus defeated Jen Moreau, four rounds, Stopped, Vichy, France, Frankle Burns K. O. "One

BOXING-Continued.

September 13—Harry Thomas defeated Abe Attell, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Clarence Ferns vs. Art McGill, infteen rounds, D. Tulsa, Okla.

September 14—Luther McCarty defeated Jimmy Barry, six rounds, P. V., Pittsburgh, Pa. Mike Gibjons K. O. "Young" McCartney, 2 rounds, Philadelphia, Pa. Jim Sanders defeated Jack Mike Gibjons K. O. "Young" McCartney, 2 rounds, Philadelphia, Pa. Jim Sanders defeated Jack Suillivan, eighteen rounds, stopped, Sydney, Australia.

September 16—Eddle McGoorty vs. Johnny Thompson, ten rounds, D., Cincinnati, Ohio. Hughle Mehegan defeated Matt Wells, fourteen rounds, F., London, England. Louis De Pointhieu defeated Tommy O'Keefe, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. Jack Britton defeated "Young" Saylor, six rounds, F., Boston, Mass.

September 19—Johnny Kilbane defeated Eddle O'Keefe, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. September 21—"Gunboat" Smith defeated Al Kublak, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 23—Eddle McGoorty K. O. Jack Harrison, one round, New York City. September 25—Eddle McGoorty defeated Barney Williams, six rounds, P. V., New York City. Bill Papke defeated Jack Denning, ten rounds, P. V., New York City. O'Corber 25—Eddle McGoorty defeated Barney Williams, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 28—Eddle McGoorty defeated Barney Williams, six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 30—"Gunboat" Smith K. O. Jim Sayage, three rounds, R. D., Winnipeg, Ont. O'Corber 3—"Knockout Browners of Williams, Six rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. September 30—"Gunboat" Smith K. O'Jim Sayage, three rounds, R. D., Winnipeg, Ont. O'Corber 3—"Knockout Browners of Williams, Six rounds, R. D., Winnipeg, Ont. O'Corber 3—"Knockout Browners of Williams, Six rounds, R. D., Winnipeg, Ont. O'Corber 3—"Knockout Browners of Williams, Six rounds, R. D., Winnipeg, Ont. O'Corber 4—Jack Lester defeated McKnockout Brennen, ten rounds, R. D., Winnipeg, Man. "Pai" Moore vs. Johnny Dinby defeated "Knockout" Brennen, ten rounds, P. V., Philadelphia, Pa. Grover Hayes defeated Jack Pend

Ray Horn, ten rounds, R. D., Oakland, Cal.

November 4—Joe Mandot defeated Ad. Wolgast, ten rounds, betting decision, New Orleans, La.

November 4—Joe Mandot defeated Ad. Wolgast, ten rounds, betting decision, New Orleans, La.

MATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP BOUTS.

United States Amateur Athletic Union bouts, held at Boston, April 9. Semi-final and final bouts: Semi-final bouts, 105-pound class—James Lynch, Cambridge, defeated Douglas Carnegle, New York, three rounds; Patsy Green, Cambridge, defeated Barney Snyder, Roxbury, three rounds. Final bout—James Lynch, Cambridge, defeated Patsy Green, Cambridge, three rounds. Semi-final, 115-pound class—Johnny Reagan, East Boston, defeated Jack Noonan, Dorchester, three rounds. Final—Tommy Reagan, East Boston, defeated George Pritchard, Forest Hill, three rounds. Semi-final, third bout, 125-pound class—John Cooper, Chelsea, defeated R. E. Williams, Belmont, three rounds. Fourth bout—Edward Desmond, Boston, defeated Joe White, East Boston, three rounds. Final bout—John Cooper, Chelsea, defeated Edward Desmond, Boston, three rounds. Final bout—John Cooper, Chelsea, defeated Edward Desmond, Boston, three rounds. Final—Al. Wambgans, New Orleans, defeated Harry Rex, New York, three rounds. Final—Al. Wambgans, New Orleans, defeated Mke Sullivan, East Boston, three rounds. 145-pound class—Al. Wambgans, New Orleans, defeated Mke Sullivan, East Boston, three rounds. 145-pound class, final—Charles Askhis, Boston, defeated W. P. Widdleombe, Fort McKinley, Me. Dridge, three rounds; Arthur Sherldan, New York, defeated George T. Gamble, St. Jehn, N. B., two rounds (disqualified). Final—A. Sherldan, New York, defeated B. A. Lavalle, Somerville, three rounds (final path) for the path of the path o

rounds.

Metropolitan Association A. A. U. Championships, held March 21 and 23. Results in final bouts of each class: 105-pound class—Ernest Kothe, St. Bartholomew's A. C., defeated Matt Donovan, Paulist A. C., in three rounds. Judge's decision. 115-pound class—A. Vitelle, St. Bartholomew's A. C., defeated J. Conifrey, Union Scittement A. C., in three rounds. Referee's decision after Judges disagreed. 125-pound class—Herbert Atkins, unattached, defeated James Nugent, Paulist A. C., in three rounds. Judge's decision. 135-pound class—Harry O. Rex, Hollywood Inn, defeated Henry Braun, New Polo A.A., in three rounds. Judge's decision. 145-pound class—John

BOXING-Continued.

Fitshenry, Avonia A. C., defeated Charles T. Henry, Trinity A.C., in one round. Bont stopped by referee. 158-pound class—Arthur Sheridan, Trinity A. C., defeated William Barrett, Harfem Y. M. C. A., in two rounds. Bout stopped by referee. Heavyweight class—W. Spengler, Union Settlement A. C., defeated Arthur Sheridan, Trinity A. C., in three rounds. Judges' decision.

Central Association, A. A. U. Championships, held at Cleveland, Ohio, April 11 and 13. Results in final bouts of each class: 105-pound class—Henry Goodale defeated Buddy Ayers, runner-up, in three rounds. 125-pound class—George Ficks defeated Al Sani in three rounds. 135-pound class—Bruno Lang defeated William Friedlander in four rounds. 145-pound class—Jack Hetzner defeated Barney Smith in three rounds. Heavyweights—Sam Cook defeated Paul Kruss in three rounds.

Warestling. PROFESSIONALS.

January 2, at Chicago, III.—Yusseff Mahmout defeated Samsou in two straight falls. Time—14m. 47s. and 7m. 20s.
January 4, at Battle Creek, Mich.—John Billiter defeated Henry Wirth, Chicago. Wirth was disqualified for using the strangle hold.
January 4, at Baltimore, Md.—Americus (Gus Schoenlein) defeated P. Samson in two straight falls. Time—10s. and 23m. Dr. B. F. Roller, Scattle, defeated "Shad" Link, of Baltimore, in straight falls. Time—23m. and 13m.
January 5, at Boston, Mass.—G. Raicevich defeated I. Romanoff in two straight falls.

18m. and 8m.

January 5, at Boston, Mass.—G. Raleevich defeated I. Romanoff in two straight falls. Time—18m. and 8m.

January 16, at Minneapolis, Minn.—S. Zbyszko defeated Henry Ordemann in two straight falls. Time—25m. 25s. and 48s.

January 22, at Boston, Mass.—S. Zbyszko defeated Karla, the Hindoo, in two straight falls. Time—19m. 58s. and 20m. 30s.

January 22, at Omaha, Neb.—Jesse Westergaard defeated Henry Ordemann in two straight falls. January 22, at Chicago, Ill.—Yusseff Mahmout won a handleap match, in which he agreed to pin Frank Erler and Frank Dalkus in 30m. Time—15m. 54s. and 9m. 55s., respectively.

January 31, at Baltimore, Md.—Americus (Gus Schoeniein) defeated Hjalmar Lundin in two straight falls. Time—29m. and 19m.

February 5, at Boston, Mass.—Yusseff Mahmout defeated "Cyclone" Burns in two straight falls. Time—41m. 19s. and 14m. 10s. Dr. Roller, Seattle, defeated Nogert, the Boer, in two straight falls. Time—3m. 5s. and 26m. 35s.

February 5, at Knoxville, Tenn.—S. Zbyszko defeated Dr. Roller, Seattle, in straight falls. Time—11m. and 6m.

February 12, at New York City—S. Zbyszko defeated Glovanni Raleevich in one fall. Time—54m. 52s. Raleevich quit, owing to an injury to his knee.

February 14, at Baltimore, Md.—Americus (Gus Schoenlein) defeated I. Romanoff in two straight falls. Time—25m. and 11m. Dr. Roller defeated Hjalmar Lundin in one fall. Time—15m. Lundin pinjury to his knee.

February 15, at Washington, D. C.—Americus (Gus Schoenlein) defeated John Perelli in February 17, at Omaha, Neb.—Yusseff Mahmout defeated Jess Westergaard in straight falls. Time—25m. and 15m.

February 17, at Omaha, Neb.—Yusseff Mahmout defeated Jess Westergaard in straight falls. Time—6m. and 15m.

February 17, at Omaha, Neb.—Yusseff Mahmout defeated Jess Westergaard in straight falls. Time—6m. and 15m.

February 19, at Boston, Mass.—S. Zbyszko defeated Henry Ordemann in two straight falls. Time—6m. 10s. and 16m. 45s. Dr. Roller defeated Karla, the Hindoo, in straight falls. Time—

30m.

February 20, at Washinston, D. C.—Americus (Gus Schoenlein) defeated "Yankee" Rogers, of Buffalo, in two straight fails. Time—25m. 10s. and 10m. 35s. Dr. Roller defeated "Shad" Link, of Baitimore, in two straight fails.

February 22, at Battle Creek, Mich.—Chris Jordan defeated Otto Suter, of Cleveland, in one fail. Time—25m. Suter's knee was dislocated.

February 22, at St. Paul. Minn.—Walter Miller defeated Charles Gustafson, of Winnipeg, in straight fails. Time—24m. 10s. and 14m. 4s.

March 1, at Chicago, Iil.—Yusseff Mahmout defeated Jess Pedersen in straight fails. Time—23m. 45s. and 8m. 10s.

March 1, at Baltimore, Md.—Americus (Gus Schoenlein) lost handicap match to "Cyclone" Burns, whom he failed to throw in 30m.

March 2, at Chicago, Iil.—Yusseff Mahmout defeated Joe Geshtowt, winning in 7m. 50s. and 5m. 14s.

5m. 14s.

March 3, at St. Louis, Mo.—John Billiter, of Toledo, defeated Max Luttberg, of Cincinnati, in two straight falls. Time—51m. and 7m.

March 9, at Chicago, ill.—Frank Gotch defeated Ivan Romanoff in two straight falls. Time—

March 9, at Chicago, Ill.—Frank Gotch deteated Ivan Romanon in vivo.

10m. 28s. and 10m. 20s.

March 11, at Boston, Mass.—"Cyclone" Burns defeated Jack McPhee in straight falls. Time—20m. 45s. and 19m. 14s. Dr. Roller defeated Roos in straight falls, Time—10s. and 3m. 55s.

March 13, at Minneapolis, Minn.—Henry Ordemann won a handleap match from Frank Gotch, who agreed to throw Ordemann in 20m. but falled to get a fall.

March 15, at Brooklyn, N. Y.—Dr. Roller and Karla, the Hindoo, tied. Neither man gained a fall in 30m., the bout limit.

March 17, at San Francisco, Cal.—S. Zbyszko falled to throw William Demetral twice in th. 15m. Secured one fall in 50m. 12s.

March 18, at Minneapolis, Minn.—S. Zbyszko defeated "Yankee" Rogers in two straight falls. Time—15m. and 4m.

March 18, at Minneapolis, Minn.—S. Zbyszko defeated "Yankee" Rogers in two straight falls. Time—15m. and 4m.
March 18, at Knoxville, Tenn.—Jess Westergaard was awarded decision in a catch-as-catch-can match, with Dr. Roller (the latter being unable to continue the bout due to injury), of 40m.
March 22, at Cleveland, Ohio—Joe Smeikel defeated Gustafson, of Norway, and Emil Leilon, of Belglum, winning two fails from each. Total time—29m. 30s.
March 25, at Boston, Mass.—Dr. Roller defeated Samson in one fail. Time—30m. 34s. Samson dislocated his shoulder and could not continue.
March 27, at Washington, D. C.—Americus (Gus Schoenlein) defeated John Pereili in two straight falls. Time—22m. and 10m.
March 30, at Portland, Ore.—Fred Beell defeated John Berg in 1h. 10m, without a fail. Berg was injured; bout was stopped by police.
April 4, at St. Paul, Minn.—Dr. Roller defeated Theodore Peters in two straight falls. Time—1h. 15m. and 17m.

WRESTLING-Continued.

April 9, at Kansas City, Mo.—S. Zbyszko defeated Ernest Koch in straight falls. 37m. 36s. and 12m. 50s.
April 17, at Boston, Mass.—Dr. Roller defeated Pat O'Neil in two straight falls. Time-No time

taken.

April 18, at Baltimore, Md.—Americus (Gus Schoenlein) defeated Dr. Roller in two straight.

Time—40m. and 15m.
April 18, at Detroit, Mich.—S. Zbyszko defeated I. Romanoff in two straight falls.
Time—
. 78. and 7m. 48.
May 4, at Montreal, Que.—Dr. Roller defeated R. Cazeaux in two straight falls.
Time—

May 4, at and 22m.

33m. and 22m.
June 1, at Dallas, Tex.—Yusseff Houssano defeated Dr. Roller in two straight fails. Time—1h. 7m. and 16m.
June 2, at Hancock, Mich.—Alex. Jarvinen, of Helsingfors, Finland, defeated Leo Pardello, in two straight fails. Time—20m. and 8m.
June 14, at Baltimore, Md.—Frank Gotch defeated Americus (Gus Schoenlein) in two straight fails. Time—1h. 2m. 10s. and 34s. Corph defeated Inc. Smellel in two straight fails.

falls. Time—ih. 2m. 10s. and 34s.

July 4, at Chicago, Ill.—Frank Gotch defeated Joe Smejkel in two straight falls. Time—
7m. 20s. and 4m. 55s.
July 5, at Cleveland, Ohio—Henry Gehring defeated Robert Berry in straight falls. No time

taken.

August 22d, at Kansas City, Mo.—Frank Gotch defeated Jess Westergaard in two straight falls. Time—21m. 26s. and 9m. 20s.

September 18th, at Montreal—Young Paradis defeated Eugene Tremblay, two out of three falls at eatch weights. Time—32 m. 4s.; 7m. 16s. and 4m. 27s. Constant Le Marin defeated Emile Maupas in two straight falls, same date and place.

November 1st, at Providence, R. I.—Cyclone Burns defeated Swede Marlow in two straight falls. Time—24m. 5s. and 12m. 31s.

AMATEURS,

Amateur Athletic Union National Championships held at Newark, N. J., April 13. Results: 165-pound class—G. Taylor, National Turn Verein, threw C. Benson, Swedish-American A. C., New York, with body hold, Time—3m. 55s. 115-pound class—W. Strobasch, unattached, given decision over S. Litowitz, Educational Alliance, New York, Time—18m. 125-pound class—Gus Bauer, National Turn Verein, Newark, threw V. V. Vosen, Bronx Church House, New York, with three-quarter Nelson. Time—7m. 45s. 135-pound class—Ell Hallkman, Educational Alliance, threw A. C. Anderson, Norweglan Turn Society, with body hold. Time—5m. 30s. Heavyweight class—Ellel Kailor, Finnish-American A. C., New York, threw E. W. Payne, Franklin A. C., New York, with a cross-bar hold. Time—2m. 158-pound class—J. W. Smith, New York A. C., given referee's decision over John Krug, National Turn Verein. Time—15m. 18s-Quond class—Gus Peterson, Harlem Y. M. C. A., received referee's decision over Paavo Jaatenen. Time—15m. Metropolitan Association Championships, held at New York City, March 29. Results: 115-pound class—L. Rugglero, Grace A. C., defeated L. Effikidis, Bridgeport Y. M. C. A., with a catch hold. Time—15m. 16s. 105-pound class—G. Paylor, National Turn Verein, defeated C. Benson, Swedish-American A. C., with a half-Nelson hold. Time—3m. 5s. 125-pound class—G. Bauer, Mational Turn Verein, defeated W. Strobach, unattached, with a three-quarter Nelson. Time—6m. 32s. 135-pound class—A. C. Anderson, Norwegian Turn Society, defeated S. Fleisher, Educational Alliance, with rolling fall. Time—15m. 5s. 145-pound class—G. Rayner, Mational Turn Verein, defeated W. Strobach, unattached, with a three-quarter Nelson. Time—6m. 32s. 135-pound class—A. C. Anderson, Norwegian Turn Society, defeated S. Fleisher, Educational Alliance, with rolling fall. Time—15m. 5s. 145-pound class—G. Rayner, Mational Turn Verein, defeated S. Smith, New York A. C. Referee's disqualification. Time—6m. Heavyweight—12s. Results: Feather Weight—6x1 Defeated S. W. Payne, Franklin A. C., AMATEURS.

COLLECE WRESTLING.

COLLECE WRESTLING.

DUAL MEETS.

February 3, at Bethlehem, Pa.—Lehlgh defeated Pennsylvania 4 bouts to 1.
February 9, at New York City—Pennsylvania defeated Columbia 4 to 3.
February 10, at Annapolis, Md.—Navai Academy defeated Princeton 4 to 3.
February 13, at Princeton, N. J.—Princeton defeated Lehigh 4 to 3.
February 16, at Ithaca, N. Y.—Cornell defeated Penn State 5 to 2. At Philadelphia, Pa.—
Pennsylvania and Princeton ided, 3½ each.
February 17, at Annapolis, Md.—Navai Academy defeated Lehigh 6 to 1.
February 19, at New Haven, Ct.—Yale defeated Harvard 7 to 0.
February 23, at New Haven, Ct.—Yale defeated Pennsylvania 5 to 2.
February 24, at State College, Pa.—Penn State College defeated Yale 6 to 1. At Princeton, N. J.—Princeton defeated Columbia 3½ to 2½. At Annapolis, Md.—Cornell defeated Navai Academy 4 to 3.

February 24, at State College, Pa.—Penn State College deteated Lage vol. A. A. Annapolis, Md.—Cornell defeated Naval Academy 4 to 3.

March 2, at Princeton, N. J.—Princeton defeated Pennsylvania 4 to 3. At Ithaca, N. Y.—Cornell defeated Columbia 6 to 1. At State College, Pa.—State College defeated Lehigh 5½ to 1½. At Annapolis, Md.—Neval Academy defeated Yale 6 to 1.

March 8, at New York City—Yale and Columbia tied, 3½ each. At Ithaca, N. Y.—Cornell defeated Lehigh 5 to 2.

March 12, at Philadelphia, Pa.—Penn State College defeated Pennsylvania 5 to 2.

March 12, at Philadelphia, Pa.—Penn State College defeated Pennsylvania, 5 to 2.

March 12, at New Haven, Ct.—Yale defeated Princeton 4 to 1; two draws.

INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Intercollegiate Championships held at Columbia University, New York City, March 23.

Score by points: Cornell, 27; Princeton, 16; Pennsylvania, 13 and Columbia, 9. Results by bouts: 112-pound class—T. I. S. Boak, Cornell, beat N. D. Hyman, Columbia, with a selssors and bar-Nelson hold. Time—12m. 45s. A. K. Retcher, Pennsylvania, won third place. 125-pound class—R. D. Shaw, Cornell, beat A. W. Caruthers, Columbia, bar and head lock. Time—24m. 54s. F. R. Lewis, Cornell, hird. 145-pound class—J. H. Frantz, Princeton, beat S. Mellon, Pennsylvania, with a chancery hold. Time—3m. 28s. A. Coors. Cornell, third. 15s-pound class—R. D. Shaw, Cornell, beat A. T. Ormond, Princeton, on points. Time—17m. T. E. Bisbee, Pennsylvania, third. 175-pound class—S. Bame, Cornell, Deat R. Young, Pennsylvania, with a bar hold. Time—6m. 58s. W. J. Logan, Jr., Princeton, chird. Heavyweight class—J. L. Collins, Cornell, beat J. M. Holsworth, Columbia, on points. Time—15m. A. Hogg, Pennsylvania, third.

Golf.

WRESTLING-Continued.

Results since formation of Intercollegiste Wrestling Association in 1905: April 7, 1905, at University of Pennsylvania. Score: (First place in each class counting one point.) Yale, 5; Columbia, 1½; Princeton, ½; University of Pennsylvania, 0, April 7, 1906, at Columbia, Score: (First place in each class counting two points; second place one point.) Yale, 7; Columbia, 5; University of Pennsylvania, 5; Princeton, 4, March 21, 1907, at Princeton. Score: (First place in each class counting three points; second place one point.) Yale, 1; Columbia, 7; Princeton, 7; University of Pennsylvania, 3. March 20, 1908, at University of Pennsylvania. Score: (Same as in 1907.) Yale, 12; University of Pennsylvania, 8; Cornell, 4; Princeton, 4; Columbia, 0. March 19, 1909, at Yale, 13; Princeton, 8; Cornell, 6; University of Pennsylvania, 1; Columbia, 0. March 19, 1910, at University of Pennsylvania, 5. March 25, 1911, at Princeton. Score: (First place in each class counting 4 points, second place 2 points and third place 1 point.) Princeton, 15; Columbia, 11; University of Pennsylvania, 11; Cornell, 7. March 22, 1912, at Columbia, Score: (Method of scoring the same as in 1911, with an additional point to be added for each fall secured.) Cornell, 27; Princeton, 16; University of Pennsylvania, 13; Columbia, 9.

Golf.

and 3 to play.

Southern Amateur Championship, played at Chattanooga, Tenn., June 8.—W. P. Stewart defeated Nelson Whitney, 1 up. Women's Championship, played at Nashville, Tenn.—Mrs. Frank

GOLF-Continued.

Jones defeated Mrs. George Harrington, 4 up and 3 to play. Florida Amateur Championship—R. H. McElwee defeated H. J. Topping, 7 up and 6 to play. Open—Won by Gilbert Nicholis, 133; T. McNyamara and T. McLeod tied for second with 136. Women—Mrs. E. H. Fittle defeated Miss L. S. Hyde, 3 up and 1 to play. South Florida Championship—W. J. Travis defeated James R. Hyde, 7 up and 6 to play. North and South Carolina Championship—R. H. Gwaltrey defeated H. C. Bridges, 2 up. Texas Championship—George Rotan defeated G. N. Aldredge, 7 up and 5 to play.

to play.

IMPORTANT EVENTS.

Olympic Team Cup Match, played at Wheaton, Ill., August 31—Won by the Western Golf Association with a score of 629 for 36 holes. The United States Golf Association finished second with 326. The Griscom Cup Match, played at Philadelphia, June 7-9.—Philadelphia Women's Golf team defeated New York team 14 matches to 7 and won the cup by defeating Boston team 13 matches to 8. The Metropolitan Golf team of New York defeated New Yersey State team at Batusrol, N. J., May 18, 8 up and 7 to play. Massachusetts State team defeated Connecticut State team 8 matches to 2. Massachusetts State team defeated Rhode Island 11 matches to 4. Ti-City Match—Cincinnati 33, Louisville 31, Lexington 5. Lesley Cup Matches, played at Noble, Pa., September 27-28—Pennsylvania defeated Massachusetts, 9 matches to 5; Pennsylvania won trophy, defeating New York 11 matches to 4.

Gefeating New York 11 matches to 4.

English Open Championship, played at Mulrfield, June 25—Won by Edward Ray, 295 for 72 holes; second, Harry Vardon, 299; third, James Braid, 303. Amateur Championship, played at Westward H. O. course, June 7—Won by John Ball, defeating Abe Mitchell, 1 up for 38 holes. British Ladies' Championship, played at Ayrshire—Won by Miss Gladys Ravenscroft from Miss Temple, 3 up, 2 to play. German Open Championship, played at Baden-Baden, August 21—Won by J. H. Taylor, 28 to Edward Ray's 34, in 9-hole play-off after tle at 279 for 72 holes. W. H. Horne was third with 281. French Open Championship, played at Versallies, July 2—Won by Jean Gasslat, with 289 for 72 holes; second, Harry Vardon, 290; third, Tellier, 291. Canadian Amateur Championship, played at Montreal September 13—Won by George S. Lyons from A. Hutchison, 6 up 5 to play. Canadian Women's Championship, played at Toronto, Ont., October 11—Won by Miss D. Campbell from Mrs. H. Blight, 6 up and 4 to play. Australian Amateur Championship, played at Sydney, September 18—Won by H. D. Morrison from Captain Burnham, 3 up and 1 to play. Irlsh Open Championship, September 13—Won by G. Lockhart from P. G. Jenkins, 11 up and 9 to play. COLLEGE GOLF.

Irish Open Championship, September 13—Won by G. Lockhart from P. G. Jenkins, 11 up and 9 to play, COLLEGE GOLF.

Intercollegiate Championship, played at Ekwanok Course, Manchester, Vt. F. C. Davidson, Harvard, defeated J. M. Stearns, Princeton, 1 up 37 holes. Team Championship—Yale defeated Harvard in the final, 6 matches to 3. Dual Meetings—Yale defeated Princeton, 4 up and 2 to play, Princeton defeated Cornell, 4 up and 1 to play. Oxford and Cambridge tied with a score of 4 and 4. Williams defeated Nassau Country Club team 12 matches to 2. Princeton defeated the Baltusrol team 5 matches to 4. Harvard defeated Wollaston G. C. 5 to 0. Harvard Individual Championship—E. P. Allis defeated W. F. Sargent, 2 up. Western Intercollegiate—Idlewild Club, Chicago, Ill.—R. Ridgely defeated T. McDonald, 6 up 5 to play.

Rifte Shooting.

No national matches were held in United States during 1912, but the National Rifle Association held its annual matches at the Sea Girt Range, New Jersey, during August. The results of the matches are as follows: The President's Match, carrying withit the individual military championship of the United States—Won by Corp. Cedric B. Long, Massachusetts Volunteer Milita; score, 235. The Wimbleton Cup Match (1,000 yards, 20 shots)—Won by A. L. Briggs, U. S. A.; score, 497. The Leech Cup Match (7 shots at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards)—Won by Sergt. F. H. Keene, M. V. M.; score, 104; Life Members' Match (7 shots at 200 and 600 yards)—Won by Capt. S. W. Wise, M. V. M.; score, 66. Marine Corps Match (15 shots at 600 and 1,000 yards)—Won by Capt. G. H. Emerson, Ohlo N. G.; score, 194. Regimental Team Match, United States Championship—Won by First Infantry, D. C. N. G.; score, 544. Company Team Match, United States Championship—Won by Capt. S. W. Wise, M. States Championship—Won by Massachusetts; score, 549. The Evans Skirmish Match—Won by United States Marlne Corps.

INTERNATIONAL MATCHES.

INTERNATIONAL MATCHES. Three different rife teams were sent abroad during 1912 to compete in international matches. One team went to the Olympic Games at Stockholm and carried off the honors in the International Team Match with the military rifle. Another team went to the Argentine Republic and captured the International Team Match of the newly organized Pan-American Shooting, Union; and Capt. Stuart W. Wise of Massachusetts won the Individual Championship of the Union. The American team was also successful in the competition held in Ottawa, Canada, for the Palma Trophy, defeating the Canadian team by S points. Results were American May 24. Secr. United States 4.720.

team was also successful in the competition held in Ottawa, Canada, for the Palma Trophy, defeating in the Canadian team by 8 points. Results:

International competition at Buenos Ayres, Argentina, May 24. Score, United States, 4,729, Argentina, 4,598. Five marksmen representing each nation participated in the international match, which was fired at a range of 350 metres (about 385 yards). Each man fired 120 shots (40 standing, 40 kneeling and 40 prone), and the highest possible score was 6,000 points.

Palma Trophy Shoot at Ottawa, Ont., September 14. United States, challenger, defeated Canada, holder, 1,720 to 1,712, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yard ranges. The American team was composed of: Sergt, F. H. Kean, Massachusetts; Capt. E. W. Eddy, Ohlo; Capt. K. K. V. Casey, Pennsylvania; Lieut. Ralph Alderman, District of Columbia; Major W. B. Martin, New York; Sergt, H. F. Teat, Alabama; Capt. G. C. Duff, Texas; J. W. Hessian, Connecticut, and J. H. Keough, Massachusetts.

For Olympic shooting see Olympic Games.

J. H. Keough, Massachusetts.

For Olympic shooting see Olympic Games.

For Olympic shooting see Olympic Games.

Championship of North China was won at Tien-Tsin on April 8 by Private Hendrickson, of American Legation Guard of Pekin, with 96 ex 100. He scored 31 at 200 yards; 34 at 500 yards; 31 at 800 yards.

Interclub Shooting—The Civilian Rifle Club Championship of the United States (galley ranges) was won by the Park Club of Bridgeport, Ct.; scores, Park Club, 996; New Haven, 995; St. Paul, 994.

Intercollegiate Shooting—The Intercollegiate Indoor Shooting Championship for 1912 was won by the Massachusetts Agricultural College Rifle Club of Massachusetts. The outdoor championship was won by Harvard University.

Interscholastic Shooting—The Interscholastic Championship of the United States (Astor Cup Match) was won by the lowa City High School Rifle Team of Iowa City, Iowa. Scores, Iowa City R. S., 972; Deering H. S., Fortland, Me., 958.

Trap Shooting.

THE Interstate Association's Seventh Southern Handicap Tournament, Columbus, Ga., May 14, 15 and 16, 1912. Southern Handicap—Won by Vassa Cate, Brunswick, Ga; score, 93 ex 100. The Interstate Association's Thirteenth Grand American Handicap—Won by W. E. Phillips, Chicago, Ills., June 18, 19, 20 and 21, 1912. Grand American Handicap—Won by W. E. Phillips, Chicago, Ills.; score, 96 ex 100. Amateur Championship—Won by E. W. Varner, Adams, Neb.; score, 192 ex 200. Professional Championship—Won by W. R. Crosby, O'Falion, Ill.; score, 198 ex 200. Preliminary Handicap—Won by W. S. Hoon, Jewell, Iowa; score, 94 ex 100. Consolation Handicap—Won by D. J. R. Leib, Springfield, Ill.; score, 94 ex 100. Amateur Double Target Championship—Won by Mark Arle, Thomashoro, Ill.; score, 88 ex 100. Professional Double Target Championship—Won by The Gilbert, Sprint Lake, Iowa; score, 84 ex 100.

The Interstate Association's Seventh Eastern Handicap Tournament, Bradford, Pa., July 9, 10 and 11, 1912. Eastern Handicap—Won by C. D. Henline, Bradford, Pa.; score, 96 ex 100.

The Interstate Association's Seventh Western Handicap Tournament, Kansas City, Mo., August 14, 15 and 16, 1912. Western Handicap—Won by Frank Campbell, Waukee, Iowa; score, 94 ex 100.

94 ex 100.

94 ex 100.

The Interstate Association's Seventh Pacific Coast Handicap Tournament, Portland, Ore., August 27, 28 and 29, 1912. Pacific Coast Handicap—Won by Dr. M. M. Bull, Eugene, Ore.; score, 93 ex 100.

The Interstate Association's Third Post-season Tournament, Rosedale, Ky., October 15-18, High Amateur Average—Won by A. Heil, Allentown, Pa.; singles, 763 ex 800; doubles, 170 ex 200. Total, 933 ex 1,000. High Professional Average—Won by W. Henderson, 943 ex 1,000. Professional Championship for Year—Won by W. Crosby, O'Fallon, Ill.; score, 1,952 ex 2,000.

STATE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

West Virginia—Amateur—Won by G. E. Painter, 291 ex 300; Professional—Won by Charles Young, 288 ex 300. Texas—Won by J. D. Allen, 25 ex 25 in shoot-off of tie. New Jersey—Won by B. M. Shanley, Jr., 23 ex 25 in shoot-off of tie. New Jersey—Won by B. M. Shanley, Jr., 23 ex 25 in shoot-off of tie. Spotts, 89 ex 100. Pennsylvania—Won by H. W. Kahler, 145 ex 150. New York—Amateur—Won by F. Wright, 25 ex 25 in shoot-off of tie; Professional—J. M. Hawkins, 475 ex 500. Delaware—Open—Won by A. B. Richardson, 96 ex 100: Amateur—Won by A. B. Richardson, 285 ex 300. Alabama—Won by W. T. Leslie, 99 ex 100. Virginia—Won by Dr. W. Richards, 95 ex 100. Masachusetts—Won by S. W. Pitman, 97 ex 100. North Carolina—Won by J. E. Taylor, 93 ex 100. Arkansas—Won by J. P. Wright, 47 ex 50. Ohio—Won by Dr. W. F. King, \$50 ex 50. Kansas—Won by H. Whitney, 47 ex 50. Mississippl—Won by V. W. Johnson, 95 ex 100. Maryland—Won by J. W. Ewing, amateur, 48 ex 50.

OTHER IMPORTANT SHOOTS.

National Amateur Championship, held at Travers Island, N. Y., April 5. Won by B. M. Higginson; score, 185 ex 200. World's Championship Match, held at Wilmington, Del., May 4—Won by George L. Lyon, defender, defeating L. S. German; score, 174 to 170 ex 200. World's Championship Team Match, held at Chicago, April 26—J. R. Graham and R. W Claney, defenders, defeated W. A. Davis and A. F. MacLachian, 161 to 134 ex 200. Intercity Match—Philadelphia defeated New York, 473 to 471 ex 500. New York A. C. Championship—Won by T. F. McMahon, 186 ex 200. Interstate Match—New England defeated Delaware, 935 to 901 ex 1,000. Westy Hogan's Shoot—Singles Championship—Won by C. H. Newcomb, 19 ex 20 in shoot off of tie. Doubles—A. Hell, 91 ex 100. Team Shoot—Pennsylvania, 485 ex 500. Professional—L. S. German, 437 ex 450. Grand Prik 'd' Casino, Monte Carlo, March 2—Won by M. des Chaux, 19 ex 19, live birds.

Canada Amateur Championship—Won by S. G. Vance, 49 ex 50. World's Championship, Single Match—J. S. Day defeated H. D. Freeman, 188 to 183 ex 200.

Checkers.

THE second annual American tournament of the American Checker Association was held at Cedar Point, Ohio, August 5-14. There were forty entrants and cash prizes aggregating \$1,000 in ten cash prizes. A preliminary or qualifying tourney, lasting three days, eliminated the eight weakest players. This left sixteen in a major tourney and sixteen in a minor tourney. The final standing, showing position and prize money won, follows:

Major Tourney—First, Hugh Henderson, Braddock, Pa., champion and \$300; second, H. B. Reynolds, Batavia, N. Y., \$150; third, Alfred Jordan, Toledo, Ohio, \$125; fourth, Harry Lieberman, Minor Tourney—First, Newell W. Banks, Detroit, Mich., \$80; second, John F. Horr, Buffalo, N. Y., \$70; third, Louis Ginsberg, Brooklyn, N. Y., \$60; fourth, Willis G. Hill, Nashua, N. H., \$50; fifth, S. S. Bell, Toledo, Ohio, \$40; sixth, E. C. Waterhouse, Boston, Mass., \$25.

The American Turf.

RUNNING races in the United States were confined to the South and Southwest during 1912. There was no revival of the sport in New York State, and all meets held in the East and Middle

West were either amateur or with wagering barred.

For results of famous handicaps of previous years, such as Suburban, Futurity and Brooklyn, see 1912 ALMANAC.

THE ENGLISH DERBY, EPSOM DOWNS-(ENGLISH TURF). (Distance, about 1% miles, run since 1788.)

	(Distance, about 2/2 miles, run sideo 11001)													
YEAR.	Owner and Winner.			Second.										
	opold de Rothschild's St. Amant													
1905Lo	rd Rosebery's Cicero	Satire	2.39 3-5	Jardy,										
1906. Ma	ai. Loeder's Spearmint	Carbine	2.36 4-5	Picton.										
1907 Ri	chard Croker's Orby	Orme	2.44	Slieve Gallion.										
1908 E.	Ginistrelli's Signorinetta	Chaleureux	2.39 4-5	Primer.										
1909 . Ki	ng Edward's Minoru	Cyllene	2 42 2-5	Louviers.										
1910 M1	r. Fairie's Lemberg*	Cyllene	2.35 1-5	Greenback.										
1911 J.	B. Joel's Sunstar	Sunbridge	2.36 4-5	Stedfast.										
1912 W	Raphael's Pagalie	Cyllene	2.38 4-5	Jaegar.										

Fourteenth Annual Canadian Derby, run at Port Erie, Canada, June 29, won by T. C. McDowell's The Manager; second, Buckhorn; third, Froglegs,

RECORD OF BEST PERFORMANCES ON THE RUNNING TURF.

DISTANCE.	Name, Age, and Weight.	Place.	Date.	Time.
14 mile	Bob Wade, 4	Butte, Mont.	Aug 20, 1890	0.211/4
36				0.3312
356 Turiongs	GOHSSE, 2, 123 IDS	Juarez, Mexico	Lian 17 1911	0.39 2-5
⅓ mile				0.46
41/2 furlongs	Preceptor, 2, 112 lbs. Joe Morris, 2, 103 lbs.	Belmont Park (st. c.)	May 19, 1908	0 51
	Moid Marian 4 111 lb.	Morria Bork (ct. a.)	May 8, 1909.	0.52 4-5
98 mile	Maid Marian, 4, 111 lbs. { Plater, 2, 107 lbs. { Fern L., 3, 92 lbs.	Morris Park (st. c.)	Oct. 9, 1894	0.5634
51% furlongs	Fern L. 3 921hs	Seattle Wash'n	Aug 9 1009	1.02½
*Futurity c	Kingston, aged, 139 lbs	Sheeps'd B. (C.I.J.C.)	June 22, 1891	1.08
6 furlougs	(Artful, 2, 130 lbs	Morris Park (st c)	Oct. 15 1904	1.08
o ruriongs	? Prince Ahmed, 5, 117 lbs	Empire City, N. Y	July 29, 1909	1.11
21.6	(Priscillian, 5, 113 lbs	Hamilton, Ont	iJune 19. 1911	1.11
61/2 furlongs	Lady Vera, 2, 90 lbs.	Belm't P., L. I. (st. c.)	Oct. 19, 1906.	1.16 3-5
i	Brookdale Nymph, 4, 124 lbs Roseben, 5, 126 lbs	Belmont Park, L. I	Oct 14, 1907.	1.17 2-5
7 furlongs	Colin 9 199 lbs	Polmit P. T. I (st. c.)	Oct. 16, 1906	1.22
74 furlongs	(Colin, 2, 122 lbs Restigouche, 3, 107 lbs	Belmont Park, I. T	May 29 1002	1.23 1.31 1-5
1 /2 Turiongon	(Salvator, 4, 110 lbs.t.	(Monmouth P (st.e.)	IΔ nor 98 1890	1 351/2
	Kildeer, 4, 91 lbs	Monmouth P. (st. c.)	Aug. 13, 1892	1.37%
1 mile	Kildeer, 4, 91 lbs. Kiamesha, 3, 104 lbs.	Belmont Park, L.I	Oct. 9 1905	1 27 0 5
1 mile	Dick Welles, 3, 112 lbs. Fern, L., 3, 80 lbs. Bourbon Beau, 8, 112 lbs. Macy, 4, 107 lbs. Maid Marian, 4, 106 lbs.	Chicago (Harlem)	Aug. 14, 1903	1.37 2 5
l	Fern, L., 3, 80 lbs	Seattle, Wash'n	Aug. 15, 1908	1.37 2-5
ı	Bourbon Beau, 3, 112 lbs	Jaurez, Mexico	Feb. 14, 1912 .	1.37 2-5
1 " 20 yds.	Macy, 4, 107 IDS	Chicago (Wash. Park)	July 2, 1898 /	- 40
20 yus.	(Six Shooter, 5, 111 lbs	Chicago (Wash Park)	July 19, 1905 }	1.40
1 '' 40 yds.	Main Chance, 3, 114 lbs	Buffalo, N. Y	June 29, 1907	1.42
1 " 50 yds.	Preen, 4, 104 108 Main Chance, 3, 114 lbs Vox Populi, 4, 104 lbs Bubbling Water, 4, 121 lbs Rapid Water, 6, 114 lbs CROYA! Tourist, 3, 104 lbs Green Seal, 4, 109 lbs Gretna Green, 5, 100 lbs Charles Edward, 3, 126 lbs	Seattle, Wash'n	Sept. 5, 1908.	1.40 4-5
1 " 70 yds.	Bubbling Water, 4, 121 lbs	Oakland, Cal	Nov. 30, 1910	1.42 1-5
1 " 100 yds.	Rapid Water, 6, 114 lbs	Oakland (Cal. J. C.)	Nov. 30, 1907	1.44 1-5
	(Royal Tourist, 3, 104 lbs	Oakland, Cal	Nov. 11, 1908	1.44 1 5
1 1-16 miles	Creen Seal, 4, 109 108	Seattle, Wash'u	Sept. 12, 1908 .	1.44 2-5
	Gretna Green, 5, 100 lbs	Brighton Reach	Aug. 28, 1909	1.45 5-5
11/8 "	Green Seal 4 107 lbs	Seattle Wash'n	Ang 20 1908	1 50 3-5
1 3-16 "	Scintillant II., 6, 109 lbs	Chicago (Harlem)	Sept. 1, 1902.	1.57 2-5
11/4 "	Broomstick, 3, 104 lbs	Brighton Beach	July 9, 1904	2.02 4-5
	Olambala, 4, 122 lbs	Sheepsh'd Bay (C.I.)	July 2, 1910	2.02 4-5
1 5-16 "	Green Seal 4, 107 lbs. Scintillant II	Sheepsh'd Bay (C.I.)	July 1,1908.	2.09 3-5
1 m. 500 yds	Swift Wing, 5, 100 lbs. Irish Lad, 4, 126 lbs.	Latonia, Ky	July 8, 1905	2.10 1-5
136 miles	Goodrich, 3, 102 lbs	Chicago (Work Pork)	June 25, 1904.	2.17 3-5
15%	Fitz Harbart & 199 lbs	Shooneh'd Bay((' I)	July 10, 1095	2.50%
134 "	Fitz Herbert, 3, 122 lbs	Morris Park. N. Y.	Oct. 3 1903	2.57
17% "	Orcagna, 4, 96 lbs	Oakland, Cal	Mar. 2, 1909	3.17 3-5
17/8	Orcagna, 4, 96 lbs Everett, 4, 107 lbs	Pimlico, Md	Oct. 31, 1910 .	3, 25 3-5
91-16 4	War Whoon 4 96 lbg	Ontario (Tor'to I C)	Sent 93 1005	2 2/17
21/6 21/4 21/2	Joe Murpby, 4, 99 lbs. Ethelbert, 4, 124 lbs Kyrat, 3, 88 lbs Ten Broeck, 4, 104 lbs. Hubbard, 4, 107 lbs.	Chicago (Harlem)	Aug. 30, 1894	3.42
214	Ethelbert, 4, 124 lbs	Brighton Beach, N.Y.	Aug. 4, 1900	3.49 15
252	Kyrat, 3,88 108	Newport, Ky	NOV. 18, 1899.	4.24 %
298	Unbhard 4 107 lbs	Savetore N V	Aug 0 1879.	4.0079 4.58 84
3 "	Mamie Algol. 5. 108 lbs	New Orleans (CityP)	Feb. 16 1907	5 19
4 "	Mamie Algol, 5, 108 lbs. { Lucrezia Borgia, 4, 85 lbs.†	Oakland (Cal. J. C.).	May 20, 1897.	7.11
4 "	Messenger Boy, 5, 106 lbs	Louisville, Ky	Oct. 7, 1911	7.14 1-5
	·			

HEAT RACES.

in ine.	Bob Wade, 4	Kiowa, Kan Oct. 19,1888 0.21½ -0.22½ Butte, Mont Aug. 16,1890 0.36½ -0.36½
1 ₆ "	Eclipse, Jr., 4	Dallas, Tex
× "	(Kittie Pease, 4, 82 lbs	Anaconda, Mont Aug. 17, 1895 0.47½ -0.48½ Dallas, Tex Nov. 2, 1887 1.00 -1.00
34 "	Tom Hayes, 4, 107 lbs	San Francisco, Cal Oct. 31, 1891 1.00 3-5-1.01 1- Morris Park (st. c.) June 17, 1892 1.101/2 -1.123/
**	Guido. 4. 117 lbs	Louisville
(3 in 5)	L'Argentine, 5, 115 lbs	St. Louis June 14, 1879 1.43-1.44-1.479
k mile.	What-er-Lou, 5,119 lbs	San, Fran. (Ingleside) Feb. 18, 1889 1.56 -1.54%
½ " ∣	Patsy Duffy, aged, 115 lbs	Sacramento, Cal Sept. 17, 1884 2.41% -2.41
	Norfolk, 4, 100 lbs	Sacramento, Cal Sept. 23.1865 5.271/2 5 291/2

Polo.

There were no international matches for the Challenge Cup during the season of 1912. The Polo Association matches and scores are appended:
List of Polo Association Matches, 1912—Crocker Cups—San Mateo, Cal., Canada deteated San Mateo first, 9 goals to 8. De Sabla Cups—San Mateo, Cal., Pasadena "A," defeated England, 3½ goals to 3. All-American Trophy—Coronado, Cal., Pasadena "A," defeated England, 8½ goals to 7. Kerr Cups—Camden, S. C., Camden Whites defeated Camden Blues, 9½ goals to 7½. Southern Circuit Cup—Camden, S. C., Camden Whites defeated Camden Blues, 9½ goals to 7½. Southern Circuit Cup—Camden, S. C., Camden first defeated Alken, 5½ goals to 4½. Camden Alken Cups—Camden, S. C., 11th U. S. A. Cavalty defeated Camden Freebooters, 13 goals to 2½. Serond Woodcrest Cups—Philadelphia, Pa., First Troop, Philadelphia C. C. "B," 16 goals to 8½. Moretton Cup—Philadelphia, Pa., First Troop, Philadelphia C. C. "B," 16 goals to 15½. Goals to 15½. Goals to 15½. Wootton Callenge Cup—Bryn Mawr, Pa., First Troop, Philadelphia C. C. "B," 16 goals to 15½. Goals to 15½. Wootton Callenge Cup—Bryn Mawr, Pa., Bryn Mawr defeated Philadelphia C. C., 13 goals to 8½. Wootton Callenge Cup—Bryn Mawr, Pa., Bryn Mawr defeated Philadelphia C. C., 13 goals to 8½. Wootton Callenge Cup—Bryn Mawr, Pa., Bryn Mawr defeated Philadelphia C. C., 15 goals to 14½. Second Great Neck Challenge Cup—Westbury, L. I., Great Neck defeated Great Neck second, 9½ goals to 6½. Meadow Brook Cups—Westbury, L. I., Cooperstown defeated Great Neck second, 9½ goals to 6½. Meadow Brook Cups—Westbury, L. I., finals not yet played off. Independence Cup—Cedarhurst, L. I., Bryn Mawr second defeated Great Neck second, 11 goals to 7½. Rockaway Hunting Club Cups—Cedarhurst, L. I., Great Neck defeated Cooperstown, 14 goals to 13½. Annual Open Championship—Narragansett Pler, R. I., Cooperstown defeated Bryn Mawr, 9 goals to 4¼. Army and Navy Cups—Narragansett Pler, R. I., Philadelphia C. C. Freebooters, 15½ goals to 4¼. Army and Navy Cups—Narragansett Pler, R. I., Phila

Association or Soccer Football.

FINAL standing of important Leagues for 1911-12 season. NEW YORK DISTRICT LEAGUE.

FIRST	L	IVI	sio	N.		SECOND DIVISION.	
				G	OALS.	GOALS.	
CLUBS.	W.	L.	D.	Foc.	Agst.	Pts.	CLUBS. W. L. D. For Agst. Pts.
*Newark	17	1	2	52	12	34	New York Celtic 19 0 1 60 11 39
Clan MacDonald	16	3	1	60	9	33	St. George
Brooklyn Celtic	16	3	1	66	18	33	Washington
Yonkers	9	7	4	27	33	22	Greenpoint 11 7 2 39 40 24
Arcadia Thistle	9	10	1	31	38	19	Germans
Critchley	9	10	1	18	29	19	Anglo-Saxons 6
Camerons	7	11	2	31	45	16	*Clan Gordon 7 9 4 38 44 16
Hollywood Inn	7	13	0	24	42	14	Hungarlans 6 10 4 30 54 16
*Clan Mackenzle	5 5	10	5	26	56	13	*Eureka 6 12 2 25 45 12
Columbia	5	13	2	27	40	12	*Britannia 2 14 4 20 63 6
Clan McDuff	0	19	1	11	52	1 1	Sheffield 1 1 1 1 6 7 3

*2 points deducted for playing ineligible players.
Winners First Division Past Seasons: 1907-08, Camerons; 1909, Hollywood; 1910, Clan
McDonald; 1911, Critchley; 1912, Newark.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL LEAGUE, N. J.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.	CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.
West Hudson	9	2	2	20	Jersey A. C	4	6	3	11
Wilberforce	6	2	4	16	Brooklyn F. C	4	5	2	10
True Blues	5	3	3	13	Bronx United	2	5	4	8
Paterson Rangers	5	4	3	13	Scottish-American	2	9	1	5

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ASSOCIATION. DIVISION SECOND

FIRST	, D	IVI	SIO	N.		SECON	D	DIV	ISI	ON.			
				Go.	ALS.						Go.	ALS.	
CLUBS.	W. (L.	D.	For.	Agst.	Pts.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	D.	For.	Agst.	Pts.
St. George's. Cameron New York Ceitles. Hudson United. Anglo-American. Boys' Club German. Gibraltar.	11 9 8 5	1 2 5 5 9 9	2 1 0 1 0 0 1	46 39 17 25 32 26 5	18 13 18 24 28 14 47	24 23 18 17 10 10	Washington Corinthian Hungarian Aiblon Crescent Cambridge	8 7 6 5 3 1	2 3 4 5 7 9	000000	31 27 26 10 3	16 20 20 12 35 28	16 14 12 10 6 2

NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY FIELD CLUB LEAGUE.

			Go.	ALS.	1				Go	ALS.		
CLUBS.	W. []	L. D.		Agst.	Pts.	CLUBS.	W.	L.	D.		-	Pts.
Staten Isl. C. & T. C.	8	0 0	47 28	7	16	Bensonhurst F. C.	2	4	1	19	22	5
Montclair A. C	2	$\frac{3}{2} \mid \frac{1}{3} \mid$	11	14	9	Richmond County	U	'	1	10	58	1

ASSOCIATION OR SOCCER FOOTBALL-Continued.

BUFFALO LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.	CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.
Niagra Falls Wand. Buffalo Rangers Niagara Falls Rang.	8	0 1 1	4 3 3	19	Buffalo Nomads Buffalo Argylls Buffalo Sons of St.	2	8 9	1 1	7 5
Buffalo United	4	5	3	1 11 1	George	0	11	1	1

CONNECTICUT LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.	CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.
Park City Waterbury	8	1 4	1 0	12	New Haven Thistles of Bridgep't Naugatuck	5 3	5 7	0	10

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LEAGUE.

CH.	AMPI	ONSI	HP.			(I	CUI	· T	E SE	RIE	3.			
		Go.	ALS.	11					GOA	LS.				
CLUBS.	W.	L.	\mathbf{D} .	For.	Agst.	Pts.	H	CLUBS.	W.	L.	\mathbf{D}_{\cdot}	For.	Agst.	Pts.
Rangers	6	0	0	52	11	12	Ш	Rangers	4	0	0	28	4	8
Thistle	3	3	0	18	20	6		Thistle	2	1	1	14	17	5
Clan Cameron	3	3	0	16	22	6		Clan Cameron	1	2	1	10	13	3
Hlbernian	0	(6	ιo	18	ሀ 41 ∣	0	ν,	Hibernian	1 0) 4	10	6	24	0

Rangers played a game against the pick of the rest of the League and won by 4-2.

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE (SENIOR).

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.	CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Points.
Black Diamonds Seattle Rainlers	9 5	1 5	2 2		Seattle Rangers Seattle Celtic	4	5 8	3 3	11 5

INTERCOLLEGIATE LEAGUE.

Colleges.	Won.	Lost.	Polnts.	Aver'ge	Colleges.	Won.	Lost.	Points.	Aver'ge
Yale Pennsylvania Harvard		0 2 2	10 6 6	2.42	Haverford Columbia Cornell.	3 1 0	2 4 5	6 2 0	.75 .36 .21

All-American Intercollegiate first and second teams, as selected by League Committee:

All-American Team—Dickinson, Yale, goal; Dickey, Yale and Pennell, Pennsylvania, backs; Davis, Cornell, Hilder, Columbia and Smith, Haverford, half-backs; Bentley, Haverford, Jones and McPhee, Pennsylvania, A. Gay, Yale, and Byng, Harvard, forwards.

Second All-American Eleven—Browne, Harvard, goal; Speneer, Columbia, and Sheppard, Yale, backs; Evans, Columbia, Worthington, Yale, and Hallowell, Harvard, haltbacks; Husband, Pennsylvania, Green, Harvard, Downing, Haverford, Hill, Yale and Zoller, Columbia, forwards.

Leland Stanford University defeated University of California on February 22 by score of 4 to 2.

Cambridge defeated Oxford 3 to 1 at Queen's Club, London, February 10.

For Olympic results see Olympic Games.

Odd and Miscellaneous Events.

FEBRUARY 23, 1912—Dogs Derby (Waterloo Cup) run at Altear, Lancashire, England—Won by J. W. Fullerton's Time Tide, which defeated Adversary in final heat. Betting at time of draw 40 to 1 against winner.

April 4-8—All-Alaska Sweepstakes for Dog Teams, from Nome to Candle to Nome, Alaska—Won by Mrs. C. E. Darling's Malamute team, driven by A. A. (Scotty) Allen. Time—87h. 32m. J. Johnson's team of Siberian Wolf hounds, driven by A. Holmson, was second. Time—88h. 33m. Fox Ramsey's team, driven by C. Johnson, was third. Time—89h. 2m. Winner's prize \$5,000. Record for course, 71h. 14m. 20s., by J. Johnson's team. The race was run in a temperature several decrees below zero.

degrees below zero.

May 26—Aged Men's 10-mile relay race, at Detroit, Mich.—Won by Col. J. L. Smith, who defeated a team of three runners composed of W. Bradley, Detroit; "Soldier" Burns. Pittsburgh, and C. W. Howe, Port Huron, in 1h. 2m. 54s. All four runners were over seventy years of age.

June 14—Richmond Horse Show Coaching Marathon, London, England—A. G. Vanderbilt won road coach prize and W. H. Moore's private coach prize from a field of twenty-three competing

entries.

June 22—Olympia Horse Show Coaching Marathon, Hampton Court to London, England—
Won by W. H. Moore, who became permanent owner of Marathon gold challenge cup. There were eleven starters, including A. G. Vanderbilt, who finished sixth.

July 6—Rock Drilling contest held at Tonopan, Its Woon by Page and Pickens, who established a new world's record for the result of the triple of strokes to the minute and changing from drill holding to hammering orthout loss of a stroke. Lundquist and Dahlen were second with 41.7-16 Inches.

August 24—Golf Marathon—L. C. Brosseau, of Chicago, played 108 holes on the Edgewater G. C. course between 6 a. M. and sundown. He employed four caddles and made 565 strokes during day's play.

October 12—New York to Philadelphia Walk—J. H. Scott, aged forty-four, walked from New York City Hall to Philadelphia City Hall in 23h. Im. 15s. A new record for the intercity walk. October 25—Veteran's Sculling race, held on Lake Lonely at Saradoga, N. Y.—Won by J. A. Ten Eyck, who defeated J. H. Riley over a 3-mile course in 21m. 20s. Both competitors were over May 30, 1910—Trans-Panama Walk—H. McKeown walked across the Isthmus of Panama from Colon to Panama, a distance of 47.27 miles, in 9h. 55m.

May 30, 1910—Trans-Panama Walk—H. McKeown walked across the Isthmus of Panama from Colon to Panama, a distance of 47.27 miles, in 9h. 55m.

Rowina.

YALE VS. HARVARD-VARSITY EIGHTS.

YALE and Harvard eights have rowed forty-six races, beginning in 1852 on Lake Winnipiseogee at two miles, when Harvard won. In 1855 the course was changed to Springfield and lengthened to three miles. Lake Quinsigamond was the scene for nine years, and Lake Saitonsail for 1869. After an interval of seven years the crews in 1876-77 went to Springfield, Mass., when the four-mile course was inaugurated. In 1878 the crews changed again to New London, Ct. The records:

DATE.	Won By.	TIME.		DATE.	Won By.	To	Тімк.		
DAIR.	Won by.	Winner.	Loser.			Winner.	Loser.		
July 21, 1855		19,18	all Ma	June 29, 1888		20.10	21.244		
July 26,1859.,			20.18	June 29,1889		21.30	21.55		
July 27, 1859*		19.14	19.16	June 27, 1890		21.29	21.40		
July 24, 1860		18.53	19.05	June 26, 1891		21.23	21.57		
July 29, 1864		19.01	19.4342	July 1,1892		20.48	21.42 4		
July 28, 1865		17.42%	18.09	June 3,1893		25.01%	25.15		
July 27, 1866	Harvard	18.43	19.10	June 28, 1894	Yale	22.47	24.40		
July 19, 1867	Harvard.	18.13	19.25%	June 28, 1895		21.30	22.05		
July 24, 1868	Harvard	17.48%	18.381/2	June 29.1899		20.521/6	21.13		
July 23, 1869	Harvard	18.02	18.11	June 28, 1900		21.12 4-5	21.372-5		
July 22, 1870	Harvard	Foul.		June 27, 1901		23.37	23.45		
July 30, 1876	Yale	22.02	22,33	June 26, 1902	Yale	20.20	20.33		
June 30, 1877	Harvard.	24.36	24.44	June 25, 1903	Yale	20 19 4-5	20.29 3-5		
June 28, 1878		20.4434	21.29	June 30, 1904	Yale	21.40%	22.10		
June 27, 1879		22.15	23.58	June 29, 1905		22.33	22.36		
July 1, 1880		24.27	25.09	June 28, 1906	Harvard	23.02	23.11		
July 1, 1881		22.13	22.19	June 27, 1907	Yale	21.10	21.13		
June 30, 1882	Harvard	20.47	20.50%	June 25, 1908	Harvard	24.10	27.45		
June 28, 1883		24.26	25.59	July 1,1909	Harvard	21,50	22.10		
June 26,1884		20.31	20.46	June 30, 1910		20.4616	21.04		
June 26, 1885	Harvard.		26.30	June 30, 1911		22.44	23.4134		
July 2,1886			21.05	June 21, 1912		21.4316	22.04		
July 1,1887			23.103/4	J					

* Citizen's Regatta.

Harvard crew: Stroke, G. F. Nettleton: 7, G. P. Metcalf: 6, A. Strong, Jr.; 5, L. H. Mills: 4, M. Goodale; 3, Q. Reynolds: 2, M. Eager: bow, G. H. Balch; coxswalh, C. T. Abeles; average weight of eight, 176½. Yale crew: Stroke, C. N. Snowden: 7, C. E. Allen, Jr.; 6, J. H. Philbin; 5, R. Romeyn (Capt.); 4, M. S. Denman; 3, F. L. Stephenson; 2, E. W. Freeman; bow, G. A. Gore; coxswalh, P. Barnum. Average weight of eight, 173.

VARSITY FOUR-OARED-TWO MILES.

Harvard, 11m. 24s.; Yale, 11m. 55s. Harvard crew: Stroke, L. S. Chanler; 3, E. D. Morgan, 2, F. H. Trumbull; bow, G. F. Stratton; coxswaln, A. T. Abeles; average weight of four, 164. Yale crew: Stroke, W. G. Lippincott; 3, E. H. You, Jr.; 2, R. F. Ives; bow, J. C. Oldenborg; coxswaln, Walter Badger, Jr.; average weight of four, 163.

FRESHMAN EIGHT-OARED-TWO MILES.

Harvard, 10m. 52s.; Yale, 10m. 54½s. Harvard crew: Stroke, W. B. Pirnie; 7, H. H. Meyer: 6, B. E. Harwood; 5, W. H. Trumbull (Capt.); 4, Hugo Francke; 3, Guy MacVicker; 2, Kenneth Apollonic; bow, T. J. Fuller; coxswain, Hugh Gallaher; average weight for eight, 169. Yale crow: Stroke, W.W. Crocker; 7, D. G. Acheson; 6, C. J. Cox; 5, T. B. Denegre; 4, F. M. Meyer; 3, E. B. Harrison (Capt.); 2, M. W. Gano; bow, W. R. Jutte; coxswain, J. Matthews, Jr.; average weight of eight, 166½.

INTERCOLLEGIATE REGATTA.

Rowed at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on the Hudson. Results since 1900:

VARSITY EIGHT-OARED-FOUR MILES.

VARSITY FOUR-OARED-TWO MILES.

Winners—1900, Pennsylvania, 10m. 31 1-5s.; 1901, Cornell, 11m. 39 3-5s.; 1902, Cornell, 10m. 43 3-5s.; 1903, Cornell, 10m. 34s.; 1904, Cornell, 10m. 53 3-5s.; 1905, Syracuse, 10m. 15 2-5s.; 1906, Cornell, 10m. 35 1-5s.; 1907, Syracuse, 10m. 37 1-5s.; Cornell, 10m. 40s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 49s., Columbia, 10m. 59 3-5s.; 1908, Syracuse, 10m. 52 4-5s.; Columbia, 11m. 06 3-5s.; Pennsylvanis, 10m. 57 4-5s.; 1909, Cornell, 10m. 01s.; Syracuse, 10m. 10s.; Columbia, 11m. 06 3-5s.; Pennsylvanis, 10m. 27 2-5s.; 1910, Cornell, 11m. 37 4-5s.; Syracuse, 10m. 10s.; Columbia, 11m. 148 1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 12m. 22s.; 1911, Cornell, Syracuse, Columbia, Pennsylvania, No time taken. 1912, Cornell, 10m. 34 1-5s.; Columbia, 10m. 53 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 11m. 23 2-5s. Winning crew: Stroke, E. L. Dole; 3, L. Chapman; 2, G. P. McNear; bow, C. W. Brown.

FRESHMEN EIGHT-OARED-

FRESHMEN EIGHT-OARED—TWO MILES.

Winners—1900, Wisconsin, 9m. 45 2-5s.; 1901, Pennsylvania, 10m. 20 1-5s.; 1902, Cornell, 9m. 39 4-5s.; 1903, Cornell, 9m. 18s.; 1904, Syracuse, 10m. 01s.; 1905, Cornell, 9m. 35 2-5s.; 1906, Syracuse, 9m. 51 3-5s.; 1907, Wisconsin, 9m. 55 s.; Syracuse, 10m. 01s.; 1905, Cornell, 9m. 35 2-5s.; 1906, Cornell, 9m. 20 2-5s.; Syracuse, 9m. 51 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 04s.; Columbia, 9m. 43s.; Wisconsin, 9m. 55 1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 42s.; 1909, Cornell, 9m. 11 3-5s.; Syracuse, 9m. 14 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 9m. 21s.; Wisconsin, 9m. 22 1-5s.; Columbia, 9m. 26s.; 1910, Cornell, 10m. 40 1-5s.; Columbia, 10m. 53 2-5s.; Syracuse, 10m. 53 4-5s.; Pennsylvania, 11m. 91 -5s.; Wisconsin, 11m. 15 1-5s.; 1911, Columbia, 10m. 13 1-5s.; Cornell, 10m. 20 2-5s.; Syracuse, 10m. 23 1-5s.; Pennsylvania, 10m. 24 4-5s.; Wisconsin, 10m. 38s.; 1912, Cornell, 9m. 31 2-5s.; Wisconsin, 9m. 35 2-5s.; Syracuse, 9m. 42 3-5s.; Pennsylvania, 9m. 46 2-5s.; Columbia, 9m. 47s. Winning crew: Stroke, W. V. Ellms; 7, J. E. O'Brlen; 6, W. W. Butts; 5, E. S. Craft; 4, L. F. Cramer; 3, E. L. Pollard; 2, S. V. Hiscox; bow, E. Ornelas; coxswain, M. L. Adler.

BEST INTERCOLLEGIATE RECORDS.

Varsity eight-oared, four mile race: Cornell, July 2, 1901, 18m. 53 1-5s. Varsity four-oared, two-mile race: Cornell, July 2, 1909, 10m. 01s. Freshmen eight-oared, two-mile race: Cornell, July 2, 1909, 9m. 11 3-5s.

THE OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE BOAT RACES.

Course. Time.		Winner.	Date.	YEAR.
** s. 18 47 22 31 19 9 19 32½ 21 34 20 35 19 24 20 26 19 19 50 20 14 18 29 22 3	Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake Putney to Mortlake	Oxford Cambridge Cambridge Cambridge Oxford Cambridge Cambridge Cambridge Cambridge Cambridge Oxford Oxford	March 30. March 23. April 1. March 26. April 1. April 7. March 16. April 4. April 3. March 23.	1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910

The above table covers but the last 13 annual dual regattas between the two universities. Oxford and Cambridge have rowed 69 regattas, Oxford winning 38, Cambridge 30 and one (1877) resulted in a dead heat. Distance about four and one-quarter miles. Best record, 18m. 29s., made by Oxford in 1911.

COLLEGE DUAL AND TRIANGULAR REGATTAS.

COLLEGE DUAL AND TRIANGULAR REGATTAS.

April 13—Pacific Coast intercollegiate regatta varsity race; Leland Stanford won; University of Washington second and University of California third. Distance, three miles; time, 16m. 10s. Freshman race: Stanford first, California second. Distance, two miles; time, 16m. 10s. April 27—Navy second eight defeated Harvard second eight in two-miles race. Navy, 10m. 29s.; Harvard, 10m. 44s. Navy first eight defeated Navy alumni crew in one-mile race. Navy, 4m. 46s.; Alumni, 4m. 55s. Held at Annapolis, Mar. April 27—Navy second eight defeated Union Boat Club eight by three lengths on Charles River, Cambridge, Mass. Time, 10m. 03s. for one and seven-eighth by three lengths on Charles River, Cambridge, Mass. Time, 10m. 07s. for one and seven-eighth miles.

Time, 10m. 22s. Navy first eight defeated Pennsylvania first eight in two-mile race by five lengths. Time, 10m. 23s. Navy first eight defeated Pennsylvania first eight in two-mile race by five lengths. Time, 10m. 23s. Navy first eight defeated Pennsylvania first eight in two-mile race by five lengths. Time, 10m. 23s. Navy first four defeated Arundel B. C. four in mile race by five lengths. Time, 10m. 30s. Syracuse freshmen defeated Navy fourth class crew in two-mile race by five lengths. Time, 5m. 05s. Syracuse freshmen defeated Navy fourth (lass crew in two-mile race by five lengths. Time 5m. 05s. Syracuse freshmen defeated Navy fourth (lass crew in two-mile race by five lengths. Time taken.

May 18—Child's cup triangular regatta, held on Carnegle Lake, Princeton, N. J. Distance—One and three-quarters miles. Won by Columbia Varsity eight in 9m. 51s.; Pinceton second, 9m. 58 2-5s.; Pennsylvania third, 10m. 03s. Princeton freshmen defeated Yale freshmen in one and one-quarter mile race. Time—10m. 03 3-5s.; Yale, 10m. 22 3-5s.

May 23—Cornell-Harvard-Princeton triangular regatta, held on Charles River, Boston, Mass. over one and seven-eighths mile course. Cornell first, 9m. 59s.; Harvard second, 10m. 35s.; Pinceton third, 9m. 36s.

IMPORTANT REGATTAS OF 1912.

IMPORTANT REGATTAS OF 1912.

IMPORTANT REGATTAS OF 1912.

May 25—American Henley—Trent annual regatta held over Schuyikill River course of 1 minutes

Hudson Boat Club; L. A. Jauss, Metropolitan Rowing Club, second; Joseph Atkinson, Wahnetah Boat Club, third. Time—7m. Senior double scuils—Won by Metropolitan Rowing Club, stroke, W. H. Hart; bow, F. Deering; Staten Island Boat Club, stroke, Stanford Wells; bow, R. Ernest Dupuy, second. Time—6m. 27s. Junior double glg—Won by Nassau Boat Club, stroke, Ferrish Holmes; bow, Harold Le Compte; Metropolitan Rowing Club, stroke, A. Green George D. Ford; stroke, A. Trostel; coxswain, A. Wiedlung; Active Boat Club, bow, C. Beltramini; 2. E. Suillvan; 3, George D. Ford; stroke, A. Trostel; coxswain, A. Wiedlung; Active Boat Club, bow, C. Gunther; 2, F. Preye; 2, G. Niemeyer; stroke, F. Mueller; coxswain, G. Woertz, second; Hudson Boat Club, Tow, J. Aspect, 2, F. J. O'Hare; 3, F. J. Wolff; stroke, M. Coal O'Dy, Sow A. Muendel; 2, H. Kornahrens; 3, W. Senior Jour-oared Carsar; coxswain, G. Woertz, second; Nucleon Boat Club, bow, C. Podeyn; 2, H. Cordes; 2, F. J. O'Hare; 3, F. J. Wolff; stroke, M. Coal O'Dy, Sow A. Muendel; 2, H. Kornahrens; 3, W. Wellago starcke, G. Histler; coxswain, A. Weetlung; the Judy of the Woodliff Boat Club, bow, C. Podeyn; 2, H. Cordes; Coxswain, G. Woertz, second; Nonparell Rowing Club, bow, John C. Rogan; 2, A. G. Purgold; 3, Frank P. Crowley; stroke, Charles Schwartz; coxswain, Albert B. Pacini, third; Woodelliff Boat Club, bow, C. Beltramini; 2, E. Suillvan; 3, G. D. Ford; stroke, A. Trostel; coxswain, A. Wiedlung, fourth. Time—5m. 15s.

July 27—Long Island Rowing Association's twenty-seventh annual regatta, over one mile course, Long Beach, L. I. Results; Junior single gigs—Won by Paul Elchenbrenner, Ravenswood B. C.; George Berner, Metropolitan R. C., second; Frank Rix, Wahnetah B. C., third; Harry Janelke, Union B. C., fourth. Time—6m. 23 1-5s. The Hudson Boat Club verw, the only other contestant, was swamped half mile from the start. Junior double sculls—who by Long Star B. C. of the Harlem River, J. Lillenthal, bow and J. Baum, stroke; Metropolitan R. C., L. A. Jauss, bow and J. Baum, str

tourth; Staten Island Boat Club, C. Peterson, bow; A. M. Grler, 2; W. W. Ahrens, 3; S. Wells, stroke; I. Parent, cosswain, fifth, and the Crescent A. C., A. G. Carlson, bow; W. G. Sporle, 2; H. V. L. Flannery, 3; F. B. Ma Dan, stroke; H. F. Jackson, cosxwain, sixth. Time—6m. 10s.

August 9-10—National Association Amateur Oarsmen's fortleth annual regatta, held at Peorla, Ill. Senior international four-oared shells; distance, one mile and a quarter, straightaway—Won by Winnipeg Rowing Club, Winnipeg; Arundel Boat Club, Battimore, second; Lincoln Park Boat Club, Chicago, third; Western Rowing Club, St. Louis, fourth; Central Rowing Club, St. Louis, fifth. Time—6m. 33s. Intermediate double soulis; distance, one mile and aquarter, straightaway—Won by Punshen and Phinney, Winnipeg Rowing Club, Winnipeg; Spadling and Brady, New York A. C., New York City, second; Spradling and Wolff, Sourth; Central Rowing Club, St. Louis, forther control of the control of th

Time—6m. 58 4-5s. Single scull shells, junior—Won by F. E. Fenger, Union Boat Club; William J. Griffin, Shawmut Rowing Club, second; J. G. Wiggins, Union Boat Club, third. Time—11m. 29 2-5s. Single scull shells, informediate—Won by Frank Davy, Riverside Boat Club; Henry Pike, Atlanta Boat Club, second; Eliot Farley, Union Boat Club, third. Time—11m. 26s. Club (four) Canoes—Won by Samoset Canoe Club G. Gabulson, G. Wheeler, W. French, H. Bohm); Cocheco Canoe Club, second; Bedham Boa Club, Scoola, Wheeler, W. French, H. Bohm); Cocheco Canoe Club, second; Dedham Boa Club, Boat Club, third. Time—11m. 26s. Club (Gour) Canoes—Won Second; Dedham Boa Club, Boat Club, third. Time—11m. 26s. Club (Gour) Second; Peal Withington, Union Boat Club, third. Time—6. Honor, A. Bohmy Association, second; Paul Withington, Union Boat Club, third. Time—11m. 24 1-5s. Junior quadruple fours or centipede—Won by Shawmut Rowing Association (J. Donovan, T. Donovan, W. Griffin, W. Skayhan); Union Boat Club (G. Wiggins, F. Fenger, G. B. Magrath, E. Farley), second. Time—11m. 73 -5s.

September 2—Middle States Rowing Association's Twenty-third Annual Regatta, held at Washington, D. C. Resuits: Junior single sculls—Won by F. Miller, New York A. C.; A. G. Felly, Undine Barge Club, second; W. H. Thrall, Pottoma B. C., third. Time—6m. 46 2-5s. Senior four-oared shells—Won by Vesper Boat Club, bow. F. J. Shiller, Scool State, Won by T. Shiller, W.
third; Undine Barge Club, fourth. Time—sm. 18s.

FOREIGN REGATTAS.

August 3—Canadian Henley, held at Port Dalhouse, Ont. Results: Senior doubles—Won by Willis and Carter, Dons of Toronto, a row-over. No time given. Senior singles—Won by Dibble, Dons of Toronto, Butler, Argonauts of Toronto, second; Sheehan, Mutual Rowing Club, Buffalo, dropped out. Time—10m. 10 3-5s. Junior eights—Won by Argonauts of Toronto; Detroit Boat Club, Detroit, second. Time—7m. 25s. Senior fours—Won by Ottawa Boat Club, Ottawa; Argonauts of Toronto, occond; Dons of Toronto, only Ottawa Rowing Club, second; Detroit Boat Club, third. Time—7m. 163-5s. Senior eights, 140 pounds—Won by Argonauts of Toronto; Dons of Toronto, second; Hamilton Rowing Club, Hamilton, Ontarlo, third. Time—7m. 35s. Intermediate fours—Won by Dons of Toronto; Argonauts of Toronto, second; Hamilton Rowing Club, Hamilton, Ontarlo, third. Time—9m. 47 1-5s.

July 4-6—English Henley, held at Henley-on-Thames, England. Results of principal events: Thames Challenge Cup—Won by Rowing Club by Sydney Rowing Club, New South Wales, defeating Leander. Time—7m. 35s. Grand Challenge Cup—Won by Sydney Rowing Club, New South Wales, defeating Leander. Time—7m. 6s. Ladles' Challenge Plate—Won by Eton College, Cambridge, Cambridge, Cup—Won by Queen's College, Oxford, defeating Thames Rowing Club.

PROFFESSIONAL SCULLING MATCHES, 1912.

PROFESSIONAL SCULLING MATCHES, 1912.

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July 11—Ed. Durnan defeated William Haines for Championship of America in a 3-mile race at Toronto, Ont. Time—20m. 12 2-5s.

July 29—Ernest Barry, challenger, defeated William Arnst, holder, for world's championship, in a 4½-mile race on the Thames River, London, England. \$5,000 and championship cup went to Barry. Time—23m. 8s.

September 7—Frank Greer defeated William Haines for United States championship in a 3-mile race at Boston, Mass. Time—21m. 31 3-5s.

October 14—Ernest Barry, bolder, defeated Ed. Durnan, challenger for championship of world over Putney-Mortlake Thames River course by 2 lengths. Time—22m. 31s.

WORLD'S PROFESSIONAL SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIPS SINCE 1880.

1880—E. Hanlan, Toronto, Canada, beat E. Trickett, Putney to Mortlake, November 15.
Time—26m. 12s.
1881—E. Hanlan beat E. C. Laycock, Sydney, N. S. W., Putney to Mortlake, February 14.
Time—25m. 41s.
1882—E. Hanlan beat R. W. Boyd, on Tyne, April 3. Time—21m. 25s.
1882—E. Hanlan beat E. Trickett, Putney to Mortlake, May 1. Time—28m. 00s.
1884—E. Hanlan beat E. C. Laycock, on Nepean River, N. S. W., May 22. Time not taken.
1884—W. Beach, Dapto, N. S. W., beat E. Hanlan, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., August 16.

Time not taken.

1885—W. Beach beat T. Clifford, Dapto, N. S. W., on Parramatta River, N. S. W., February

28. Time-26m. 00s.

- 1885—W. Beach beat E. Hanlan, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., March 28. Time—22m. 51s-1885—W. Beach beat N. Matterson, Sydney, N. S. W., on Parramatta River, N. S. W., December Time—24m. 11s.
 1886—W. Beach beat J. Gaudaur, St. Louis, U. S. A., Putney to Mortlake, September 18. 1886—W. Beach beat Wallace Ross, St. John's, N. B., Putney to Mortlake, September 25. Time-1830—W. Beath beat Wallace Ross, St. sollis, R. B., Takacy & Richard, September 28. 1837—W. Beach beat E. Hanlan, on Nepean River, N. S. W., November 26. Time—19m. 55s. 1837—W. Kemp, Sydney, N. S. W., beat T. Clifford, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., February Time—23m. 47s. 11. htme—23m. 478. 1888—P. Kemp beat E. Hanlan, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., May 5. Time—21m. 36s. 1888—P. Kemp beat E. Hanlan, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., September 28. Time—21m. 25s. 1888—H. E. Searle, Gratton, N. S. W., beat P. Kemp, on Paramatta River, N. S. W., October Time-22m. 44s. 1889-H. E. Searle beat W. O'Connor, Toronto, Canada, Putney to Mortlake, September 9. Time—22m. 59s.

 1890—J. Stanbury, N. S. W., beat W. O'Connor, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., June 30.

 Time—22m. 59s.

 1891—J. Stanbury beat J. McLean, N. S. W., on Parramatta River, N. S. W., April 28. Time not taken. 1892—J. Stanbury beat T. e—17m. 26 1/s. 1896—J. Stanbury beat C. Stanbury beat T. Sullivan, New Zealand, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., May 2. to Mortlake, July 13. Time—21m. 51s. 1896—J. Stanbury beat C. R. Harding, Putney to Mortlake, July 13. Time—21m. 51s. 1896—J. Stanbury Putney to Mortlake, September 7. Time—23m. 01s. 1891—G. Towns beat Jake Gaudaur, Rat Portage, Canada. Time—20m. 30s. 1894—G. Towns beat R. Fressider, on Parramatta River, N. S. W. Time—21m. 49s. 1895—J. Stanbury beat G. Towns, ou Parramatta River, N. S. W. July 22. Time—(unofficial) 19m. 50s 1906 . 508.

 1906—G. Towns beat J. Stanbury, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., July 28. Time—19m. 53 1-5s. 1907;—G. Towns beat E. Durnan, on Nepean River, N. S. W., March 2. Time—22m. 27s. 1907—W. Webb beat C. Towns, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., August 3. Time—20m. 45s. 1908—W. Webb beat R. Tressider, on Wanganul River, February 25. Time—20m. 28s. 1908—R. Arnst beat W. Webb, on Wanganul River, December 15. Time—19m. 52s. 1909—R. Arnst beat W. Webb, on Wanganul River, June 22. Time—18m. 15s. 1910—R. Arnst beat G. Whelch, Akaroa Harbor, N. Z., April 4. Time not given. 1910—R. Arnst beat E. Barry, Zambesi, Rhodesia, August 18. Time—20m. 14 3-5s. 1911—R. Arnst beat Harry Pearce, on Parramatta River, N. S. W., July 29. Time—19m. 46s. 1912—E. Barry beat R. Arnst on Thames River, London, Eng., July 29. Time—23m. 8s. 1912—E. Barry beat E. Durnan, Thames River, England, October 14. Time—22m. 31s.
 - † Afterward resigned when challenged by his brother, C. Towns.

Basket Ball.

INTERCOLLEGIATE LEAGUE-FINAL STANDING.

Columbia Dartmouth Pennsylvania INTER	7 6	4	.700 .600	TEAMS. Cornell	5	Lost. 5 7 9	P. C. .500 .300 .100
Dartmouth	10 10 10	$\begin{array}{c} 252 \\ 233 \\ 226 \end{array}$	184 186 194	Princeton	$\frac{10}{10}$	P. scored 224 192 145	$\frac{299}{170}$ $\frac{239}{239}$

Pennsylvania. 10 226 194 | Yale. 10 226 194 | 194 | Yale. 10 145 239

Dates and points score in each game of Intercollegiate League: December 16, 1911—Princeton, 30; Pennsylvania, 29; at Princeton. December 16—Dartmouth, 30; Columbia, 18; at Hanover. December 21—Cornell, 37; Princeton, 26; at Ithaca. January 6, 1912—Dartmouth, 37; Yale, 16; at Hanover. January 6—Cornell, 31; Princeton, 29; Princeton, 18; at New York. January 13—Pennsylvania, 21; Yale, 13; at Philadelphia. January 13—Dartmouth, 19, Cornell, 16; at Ithaca. January 17—Columbia, 23; Princeton, 16; at Princeton, January 19—Cornell, 33; Yale, 17; at New Haven. January 20—Columbia, 22; Yale, 20; at New York. January 20—Pennsylvania, 34; Princeton, 21; at Philadelphia. January 23—Yale, 19; Princeton, 18; at New Haven. February 2—Pennsylvania, 27; Yale, 1; at New Haven. February 3—Dartmouth, 18; Pennsylvania, 18; at Hanover. February 7—Pennsylvania, 21; Dartmouth, 18; Pennsylvania, 18; at Hanover. February 10—Columbia, 15; Pennsylvania, 20; As New York. February 10—Cornell, 22; Princeton, 25; at Princeton, 24; at Philadelphia. February 10—Cornell, 27; Yale, 13; at Ithaca. February 20—Dartmouth, 14; Yale, 12; at New Haven. February 20—Dartmouth, 24; Princeton, 25; Ale, 26; at New York. February 10—Cornell, 27; Pennsylvania, 28; Cornell, 21; at Philadelphia. February 20—Dartmouth, 42; Princeton, 12; at New York. February 23—Pennsylvania, 26; Princeton, 24; Yale, 16; at Princeton, February 23—Pennsylvania, 23; Cornell, 18; at Ithaca. February 27—Columbia, 18; Yale, 14; at New Haven. March 2—Columbia, 22; Princeton, 24; Yale, 16; at Princeton, Pedruary 23—Pennsylvania, 23; Cornell, 10; at Hanover.

TEAMS.	won.	Lost.	P. C. 1	TEAMS.	won.	Lost.	P. C.
Kingston	14	8	.632	*White Plains	8	8	. 500
Newburgh	14	9	609	*Trenton	ã	5	.350
Paterson	13	ğ	591	*Yonkers	ž	16	.058
* Withdrew.		·	.001	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	•	-0	.000
Willand W.							

NEW YORK STATE LEAGUE-FINAL STANDING.

_ TEAMS.	Won. Lost.	P. C.	Tamams.	Won.		P. C.
Troy	36 12	.750	Catskill	23	27	.460
Hudson	28 25	.528	Cohoes	21	32	.396
Kingston	$\bar{24}$ $\bar{26}$.480	Utlca	14	29	.326
			,			

Rce Yachting.

THE results of the principal events of the 1911-12 season follow:
January 11—Long Branch, N. J. Commodore's Cup—South Shrewsbury Ice Boat and Yacht Club, 10 miles—Won by X. L. N. C., Capt. Henry S. Terhune, sailed by Capt. Charles Irwin: elapsed time—28m. 55s.; Say When, Capt. Henry H. Munro, sailed by Capt. Asher Wardell; elapsed time—31m. 31s.; Hazel L., Capt. William R. Joline, sailed by Capt. Robert Curtis; elapsed time—32m. 29s.; Ingenue, Capt. J. C. Gibbons, sailed by Capt. John Bates, withdrew. Commodore's Cup. Long Branch Ice Boat and Yacht Club, 15 miles. Won by Drub, Edwin Fielder, sailed by ownered time—45m. 57s.; Snowflake, Capt. James O'Brien, sailed by Capt. Charles Biair; elapsed time—49m. 12s.; Ingenue, Capt. J. C. Gibbons, sailed by Capt. John Bates, elapsed time—51m. 8s.; Isabel, Capt. Wilter Content, sailed by Capt. John Bates, elapsed time—52m.; Blanche, Carl C. and Imp withdrew.

January 21—Long Branch, N. J. Match race for \$500 purse—Won by Imp, Capt. Robert Hettermeyer; winner's time for fifteen miles—40m. 48s.; second, Snowflake, Capt. O'Brien; time—41m. 56s.

Heltermeyer; winner's time for fifteen miles—40m. 48s; second, Snowfiake, Capt. O'Brien; time—41m. 56s.

January 21—Long Branch, N. J. Ayres and O'Brien Cups; fifteen-mile course of Long Branch Ice Boat and Yacht Club—Won by Ingenue, Capt. J. C. Gibbons; second, Drub; third, Jack Frost; winner's time—36m. 47s.

January 22—Long Branch, N. J. South Shrewsbury Ice Boat and Yacht Club championship ennant, ten mile course—Won by Say When, Capt. Wardell; time—31m. 30s.; second, X. L. N. C., Capt. Campbell; time—32m. 14s.; third, Hazel L., Capt. Curtis; time—32m. 21s.

January 23—Long Branch, N. J. Wiener Cup, 15 miles, Long Branch Ice Boat and Yacht Club course—Won by Capt. O. F. Robert's Rainbow II., salled by Capt. Harold Van Brunt; time—37m. 57s; second, Capt. Edwin Fielder's Drub, salled by owner; time—38m. 02s.; third, Capt. J. C. Gibbons's Ingenue, salled by Capt. John Bates; time—40m. 02s.; fourth, Walter Content's Blanche, salled by Capt. James O'Brien's Snowflake, withdrew on fourth lap; Capt. James O'Brien's Snowflake, withdrew on fourth lap; Capt. James O'Brien's Snowflake, withdrew on fourth lap; Capt. James O'Brien's Snowflake, withdrew on fourth lap; Capt. Saled by Capt. Riddle; time—39m. 48s.; Snowflake, Capt. James O'Brien, withdrew on first lap. Price Cup, Long Branch Club, 15 miles—Rainbow II.; time—35m. 37s.; Ingenue, Irime—37m. 29s.; Snowflake, time—35m. 52s.; Drub, time—40m. 42s.; Eagle and Clarel withdrew. Irving Cup, South Shrewsbury Club, 10 miles—Won by Hazel L., W. R. Joline; time—24m. 35s.; second, Say When, H. H. Munro; time—25m. 24s. Gibbons' Point Cup, South Shrewsbury Club, 15 miles—Red Rover finished alone in 39m. 04s. Hazel L., Say When and X. L. M. C. also started. January 23—Red Bank, N. J. Red Bank Ice Boat Commodore Cup, third class—Won by Tyro, Capt. Morford; time—25m. 14s. for ten miles; Dalsy, Capt. Asay, second; Kilty, Capt. January 24—Long Branch, N. J. Drub Cup, Long Branch Club, 15 miles—Won by the Rainbow II.; time—28m. 36s.; second. Incommodore Cup.

Hance, third.

January 24—Long Branch, N. J. Drub Cup, Long Branch Club, 15 miles—Won by the Rainbow II.; time—28m. 36s.; second, Ingenue; time—29m. 10s.; third, Blanche; time—30m. 24s. The Jack Frost and the Imp withdrew. Lateen class, Long Branch Club, 15 miles—Won by the Clarel; time—26m. 49s. Long Branch Club, 15 miles—Won by the Red Rover; time—27m. 49s. Ayres and O'Brien Cups, Long Branch Club, 15 miles—Won by the Red Rover; time—27m. 12s.; second, Rainbow III.; time—30m. 33s. The Clarel and the Eagle did not finish. South Shrewsbury Club Cup, 10 miles—Won by the Ingenue; time—16m. 52s. The Hazel L. broke away and did not finish.

January 24—Red Bank, N. J. Fair Haven Club pennant point races. First race won by Capt. Little's Jennie; time—23m. 15s.; Russel B., time—25m. 49s.; Perseus, time—26m. 47s., and Bessie B., time—27m. Ass.

Br., time—28m. Second race—Won by Jennie, time—22m. 20s.; Perseus, time—27m., and Russel Br., time—27m. 40s.

January 25—Long Branch, N. J. Wiener Cup, Long Branch Club's 15-mile course—Won by Red Rover, J. C. Gibbons; time—26m. 04s.; Jack Frost, J. O'Brien, second; time—26m. 31s.; Drub

third.

Red Rover, J. C. Gibbons; time—zom. 048.; Jack Frost, J. O'Brien, second; time—zom. 048.; Druo January 25—Long Branch, N. J. Irving Cup, South Shrewsbury Club's 15-mile course—Won by Red Rover, J. C. Gibbons; time—26m. 528.; Say When, second; time—27m. 578.

January 26—Long Branch, N. J. First race. Board of Trade Ice Yacht Club, 15 miles, time limit 50 minutes; must be won three times by any club before it can be claimed; three races in five constitutes a leg on the trophy in any one season—Won by Drub, Edwin Fielder, Long Branch Club; first lap, 2½ miles, 7m. 17s.; second, 6m. 48s.; third, 6m. 58s.; fourth, 7m. 41s.; fith, 7m. 51s.; sixtb, 7m. 27s.; elapsed time—44m. 07s.; second, fingenue, J. C. Gibbons, South Shrewsbury Club, first lap, 8m. 03s.; second, 7m. 26s.; third, 7m. 24s.; fourth, 7m. 43s.; fitht, 8m. 21s.; sixtb, 8m. 66s.; elapsed time—47m. 13s.; third, Hazel L., W. R. Joline, South Shrewsbury Club; first lap, 7m. 25s.; second, 6m. 47s.; third, 7m. 44s.; fourth, 9m. 08s.; fiths, Mo. 45s.; third, 8m. 21s.; fourth, Jack Frost, Capt. James O'Brien, Long Branch Club; first lap, 7m. 28s.; second, 7m. 21s.; third, 8m.; fourth, 8m. 59s.; fith, 8m. 43s.; sixth, 9m. 20s.; lapsed time—49m. 55s.

January 27—Long Branch, N. J. Board of Trade Ice Yacht Club; second race—Won by Jack Frost; first lap, 3m. 42s.; second, 4m. 49s.; third, 5m. 57s.; fourth, 5m. 26s.; time—30m. 07s.; second, 19m. 49s.; third, 5m. 57s.; fourth, 5m. 26s.; time—30m. 07s.; second, 5m. 27s.; third, 5m. 38s.; fourth, 5m. 28s.; time—33m. 150s.

February 3—Long Branch, N. J. Commodore's Cup, East Shrewsbury Ice Yacht Club, 5mles—Won by Eddith J., Capt. C. Mihns; second, School, Capt. H. Mihns; third, Fido II., Capt. Milds—40m. 18s.

nrst iap, am. 31s.; second, 5m. 27s.; third, 5m. 38s.; fourth, 6m. 06s.; fifth, 6m. 29s.; sixth, 4m. 37s.; time—33m. 50s.

February 3—Long Branch, N. J. Commodore's Cup, East Shrewsbury Ice Yacht Club, 5 miles—Won by Edith J., Capt. C. Mihns; second, School, Capt. H. Mihns; third, Fido II., Capt. Riddle; time—11m.

February 13—Long Branch, N. J. Drub Cup, Long Branch Ice Boat and Yacht Club, 15-mile course—Won by Jack Frost, Capt. O'Brien; time—37m.; second, Imp; time—37m. 04s.; third, Blanche; time—37m. 06s.

February 18—Port Washington, L. I. Knickerbocker Yacht Club, 10-mile race—Won by Manhasset; time—30m. 05s.; second, Knickerbocker; time—30m. 05s.; third, Whiz; time—30m. 17s.

February 23—Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Hyde Park Ice Yacht Club pennant, 10-mile course—Won by Shatemuc, Capt. Van Cleef; second, Meteor; time—50m. 05s.

February 23—Long Branch, N. J. Ayres and O'Brien Cups, final race—Won by Red Rover, J. C. Gibbons; time—32m. 30s.; second, Blanche; time—33m. 17s.; third, Drub.

February 24—Red Bank, N. J. Shrewsbury River Pennant race, 20-mile course—Won by X. L. N. C. first lap, 6m. 25s.; second, 6m. 34s.; third, 6m. 54s.; fourth, 6m. 49s.; fifth, 7m. 3s.; sixth, 6m. 59s.; seventh, 7m. 35s.; eighth, 8m. 16s.; anith, 14m. 20s.; second, Daisv: first lap, 6m. 25s.; outh, 7m. 3s.; sixth, 6m. 59s.; sixth, 7m. 58s. fifth, 7m. 35s.; eighth, 8m. 16s.; anith, 14m. 49s.; third, 6m. 45s.; fourth, 7m. 58s.; fifth, 7m. 3s.; ourth, 7m. 58s.; fifth, 7m. 58s. fifth, 7m. 58s.; fifth, 7m. 58s.; fifth, 7m. 58s.; fifth, 7m. 58s.; second, 6m. 3fs.; second, 7m. 8s.; third, 8m. 36s.; second, 7m. third, 8m. 48s.; fourth, 11m. 40s.; and 5-port Washington, L. I. Knickerbocker Yacht Club Cup races. First race, first March 3—Port Washington, L. I. Knickerbocker Yacht Club Cup races.

round—Won by Knickerbocker; time—1h. 2m. 30s.; second, Bertida; time—1h. 4m. 20s.; third, Manhasset; time—1h. 4m. 30s.; second and last round—Won by Knickerbocker; time—1h. 23m. 11s.; second, Bertida; time—1h. 30m. 53s; third, Manhasset; time—1h. 31m. Second race, first round—Won by Knickerbocker; time—3h. 19m. 50s.; second, Bertida; time—3h. 21m. 15s.; third, Manhasset; time—3h. 21m. 15s.; third, Manhasset; time—3h. 21m. 20s.; second al last round—Won by Knickerbocker; time—3h. 37m. 35s.; second, Bertida; time—3h. 43m. 02s.; third, Manhasset; time—3h. 49m. March 10—Port Washington, L. I. Knickerbocker Yacht Club Cup races. First race, 10-mile course—Won by Bertida; time—20m. 03s.; second, Manhasset; time—20m. 12s.; third, Knickerbocker; time—20m. 17s. Second race—Won by Bertida; time—19m. 02s.; second, Knickerbocker, time—19m. 04s.; third, Manhasset; time—19m. 17s.

RECORD OF RACES FOR THE ICE YACHT CHALLENGE PENNANT OF AMERICA.

DATE.	Winner.	Owner.	Competitors.	Place.	Condition of	£	Miles	Time.
					Wind.	lce.	ŬΞ	H. M. S.
			P.I.Y.C. vs. N.H.I.Y.C.			Soft	12	0.57.14
1883, Feb. 6	Avalanche	E. H. Sanford	P.I.Y.C. vs. N.H.I.Y.C.	New Hamburgh		Hard	20	0.57.00
1883, Feb. 23	Jack Frost	Arch'd Rogers	N.S.I.Y.C. vs. P.I.Y.C.	Poughkeepsie	Strong, N. W.	Hard	20	1.14.35
1884, Feb. 9	Haze	Aaron Innis	N.S.I.Y.C. vs. P.I.Y.C.	Poughkeepsic	Steady, S. S. E.	Hard	20	1.05.30
					Sailed in fog	1		i
					and drizzl:			i
			N.H.I.Y.C. vs. P.I.Y.C.		Strong, N. W.	Hard	20	1.01.15
			N.S.I.Y.C. vs. P.I.Y.C.			Hard	20	1.08.42
1887, Feb. 14	Jack Frost	Arch'd Rogers	H.R.I.Y.C. vs. P.I.Y.C.	Poughkeepsie	Steady.	Hard	16	0.43 40
1888, Mar. 8	Icicle	J. A. Roosevelt	N.S.I.Y.C. vs. H.R.I.Y.C.	Poughkeepsie	Strong, N. W.			0.36 50
1889, Feb. 25	Icicle	J. A. Roosevelt	N.S.I.Y.C. vs. H.R.I.Y.C.	Poughkeepsie	Steady, N. W.	Hard	16	0.51.41
†1892, Feb. 5	Icicle	J. A. Roosevelt	N.S.I.Y.C. vs. H.R.I.Y.C.		N. W. Gale.	Rough	14.6	0.46.19
1593, Feb. 9	Jack Frost	Arch'd Rogers	O.L.I.Y.C. vs. H.R.I.Y.C.	Poughkeepsie	Moderate, S. W.	Hard	20	0.49.30
†1899, Jan. 21	Icicle	J. A. Roosevelt	C.I.Y.C. vs. H.R.I.Y.C.	Poughkeepsie	Steady, S. W.		20	1.09.37
+1902, Feb. 7	Jack Frost	Arch'd Rogers	H.R.I.Y.C. vs. N.S.I.Y.C.	Hyde Park	S. to W. squally.	Hard	20	1.02.21
†1902, Feb. 13	Jack Frost	Arch'd Rogers	H.R.I.Y.C. vs. N.S.I.Y.C.	Hyde Park	Northerly.	Hard	20	0.58.24

† Surveyed course; others approximate. Abbreviations of the Yacht Club; N.H.I.Y.C., New Hamburgh Ice Yacht Club; N.S.I.Y.C., Abbreviations Exp sined.—P. I. Y. C., Poughkeepsie Ice Yacht Club; N.H.I.Y. C., New Hamburgh Ice Yacht Club; N.S.I.Y. C., North Shrewsbury Ice Yacht Club; R. B. Bank, N. J.; O.L.I.Y. C., Orange Lake Ice Yacht Club of Newburgh, N.Y.; H.R.I.Y. C., Hudson River Ice Yacht Club; C.I. Y. C., Carthage Ice Yacht Club.

In the races at Gull Lake, Kalamazoo, Mich., in March, 1901, the Wolverine, owned by Commodore D. C. Olin, of the Kalamazoo Club, won the Stuart International Trophy. In the last heat over a 20-mile two-point course, the time of the Wolverine was 42 minutes

At Kalamazoo, Mich., February 24, 1907, the Wolverine, owned by the Kalamazoo Ice Yacht Club, broke all world's records for a two-point course, salling 20 miles in 39m. 50s. The boat was required to turn every two miles.

Curlina.

THE principal events of the 1911-12 season follow: January 6—North vs. South of Scotland match at New York City won by South of Scotland, o 46. Total score since 1870: South of Scotland, 23 matches; North of Scotland, 19 matches, January 15—United States vs. Scotland match at Montreal won by United States, 112 to 51 to 46. 104 skips.

January 15—Windsor, Ont., vs. Chicago match at Chicago, won by Chicago clubs. ago 18. Windsor 10: Wanderers 12. Windsor 11: Wanderers 13. Windsor 10: Scores: Chicago cago 18, W Windsor 12. Windsor 10: Chicago

15. Windsor 12. January 16—Gordon Medal match, United States vs. Canada, at Montreal, won by Canada. Score: Canada, 161; United States, 136. Score by matches: Canada—St. Andrews, 25; Outrement, 21; Thistie, 18; Montreal, 24; St. Lawrence, 18; Lachine, 7; Heather, 26; Caledonia, 22; total, 161. United States—Schenectady, 7; Jersey City, 19; Caledonia, 21; Brookline, 11; Thistie, 20; Boston, 35; St. Andrews, 13; Utica, 10; total, 136.
February 2—Mitchell Medal match at New York. Final round for rink championship, G. N. C. C. Caledonian C. C. No. 2, 12; Thistie C. C., 10.
February 12—Paterson medal match at New York City: Scots, 69; Americans, 42.
February 13—Caledonian Club Championship at New York City won by John Sterling, 18; David Darlington, 14; Peter F. Gray, 13. Novice Competition—William McGregor, 12; David Templeman, 11.

David Darlington, 14; Peter R. Gray, 10.
Templeman, 11.
February 24—Conley cup match at New York City: New York Scottish Society, 43; New February 24—Conley cup match at New York City: New York C C. 58 to 53.

York Caledonians, 35.

March 3—At New York City, Caledonian C. C. defeated All-New York C. C., 58 to 53.

March 9—Boston Country Club vs. St. Andrews, of New York City, at Boston. Score: Boston C. C., 32; St. Andrews, 23.

March 9—Boston County Charves, 23.

C. C., 32; St. Andrews, 23.

Important matches played by Royal Caledonia curiers of Scotland during tour of AmericaThe results follow: January 2, at Halifax, N. S., Nova Scotla, 173; Scotland, 161. January 3, at
Halifax, N. S., Nova Scotla, 100; Scotland, 86. January 6, at St. Johns, N. B., total scores, New
Brunswick, 384; Scotland, 226. February 3, at Detroit, Mich., Michigan, 52; Scotland, 51. February
5, at Chicago, Ill., Scotland, 94; Chicago, 84. February 10, at Minneapolis, Minn., Minneapolis,
70; Scotland, 46. February 13, at New York City, Scotland, 69; America, 42.

Gymnastics.

AMATEUR Athletic Union National Championships, held at West Side Y. M. C. A., New York City, March 30. Results:

Club Championship—Won by New York Turn Verein with 24 points; West Side Y. M. C. A., second, 13 points; Pittsburgh Athletic Association, third, 11 points; National Turn Verein, fourth,

Results of Championship Individual Events: Rope Climb—Won by T. Anastas, Pittsburgh A. A.; time, 4 4-5s.; F. Slebert, Grace Club; time, 5s., second; F. Sephten, St. George A. C.; time, 5 1-5s., third. Side Horse—Won by R. E. Moore, unattached, 32-50 points; second, W. Dittman, Jr., West Side Y. M. C. A., 75 points; third, E. Zenker, Jr., New York Turn Verein, 73.75 points. Long Horse—Won by P. Krimmel, New York Turn Verein, 84 points; second, J. Gregor, Bohemlan Gymnastic Association, 80 points; third, F. Lotterle, New York Turn Verein, 75.25 points.

Tumbling—Won by M. J. Bedford, National Turn Verein, 83 points; second, A. Quinn, Clark House, 72.50 points; third, T. D. Williams, Yale University A. A., 69.50 points. Flying Rings—Won by J. D. Gleason, West Side Y. M. C. A., 85.30 points; second, T. Anastas, Pittsburgh Athlette Association, 81.30 points; third, Otto Paul, National Turn Verein, 67.90 points. Indian Club Swinging—Won by R. Dutcher, New York A. C., 26 points; second, O. A. Nelson, Rutgers College, 25.50 points; Henry Harris, Pastime A. C., and J. P. Phillips, New York University, tied for third place, with 25.25 points second, P. Arghelle Bars—Won by W. Dittman, Jr., West Side Y. M. C. A., 82.25 points; second, P. Krimmel, New York Turn Verein, 80.75 points; third, L. C. Everard, Yale University, 78.50-points. Horizontal Bar—Won by P. Krimmel, New York Turn Verein, 86 points; second, T. Anastas, Pittsburgh Athletic Association, 77.25 points; third, R. Lelssring, New York Turn Verein, 324½ points; R. Lelssring, New York Turn Verein, 366 points; R. Lelssring, New York Turn Verein, 369 points; R. Lelssring, New York Turn Verein, 360 points; R. Lelssring, New York Turn Verein, 360 points; A. Quinn, Clark House, third, 254½ points; R. Lelssring, New York Turn Verein, 360 points; A. Quinn, Middle Atlantic Association, A. A. U. Championships, held at Philadelphia, March 23.—Won Middle Atlantic Association, A. A. U. Championships, held at Philadelphia, March 23.—Won by University of Pennsylvania, 18 points; Pittsburgh A. A., second, 15 points; Episcopal Academy, Sixth, 1 points.

Academy, sixth, 1 point. Results by Events:

by University of Pennsylvania. 18 points: Pittsburgh A. A., second, 15 points; Hauter of College third, 5 points; Central High School, fourth, 3 points; Boys' Club of C. C., fifth, 3 points; Episcopal Academy, sixth, 1 points.

Results by Events: Horizontal Bar—Won by Theolog Anastas, Pittsburgh A. A.; second, Heap, Pennsylvania; third, Hackett, Pennsylvania. Side Horse—Won by Brinton, Pennsylvania; second, Braum, unattached; third, Leonard, Pennsylvania; third, Braum, unattached. Club Swing-meon by Baker, Haverford College, 25:1-10 points; second, Binder, Central High School, 25:1-10 points; second, Binder, Central High School, 25:1-10 points; second, Binder, Central High School, 25:1-10 points; third, Crease, Episcopal Academy, 24%; points; second, Binder, Central High School, 25:1-10 points; third, Crease, Episcopal Academy, 24%; points; second, Binder, Central High School, 25:1-10 points; third, Crease, Episcopal Academy, 24%; points; second, Binder, Central High School, 25:1-10 points; third, Crease, Episcopal Academy, 24%; points; second, Binder, Central High School, 25:1-10 points; third, Heap, Pennsylvania. Tumbing—Won by Baker, Leikh University, Second, McGeough, Kenslighen Boys Club; third, Heap, Pennsylvania. 24—Won by New York Turn Verein, 35 points; second, West Side Y. M. C. New York Turn Verein, 35 points; second, West Side Y. M. C. New York Turn Verein, 6 points; second, West Side Y. M. C. School, S

DUAL MEETS.

Pebruary 10—Naval Academy, 25; Princeton, 20, at Annapolis, Md. February 16—Pennsylvania, 45; Columbia, 12, at Philadelphia, Pa. February 17—Yale, 28; Pennsylvania, 26, at New Haven, Ct. February 17—Naval Academy, 28; Columbia, 17, at Annapolis, Md. February 17—Naval Academy, 28; Columbia, 17, at Annapolis, Md. February 24—Naval Academy, 31; Pennsylvania, 23, at Annapolis, Md. March 2—Naval Academy, 32; Yale, 22, at Annapolis, Md. March 2—Naval Academy, 32; Yale, 22, at Annapolis, Md. March 2—Naval Academy, 32; Yale, 22, at Annapolis, Md. March 9—New York University, 34½; Rutgers, 14½, at New Brunswick, N. J. March 9—New York University, 34½; Rutgers, 14½, at New Brunswick, N. J. March 9—Vale, 27; Princeton, 26, at Princeton, N. J. March 9—University of Pennsylvania, 44; Lehigh, 10, at South Bethlehem, Pa. March 15—New York University, 35; Columbia, 16, at New York City. March 15—New York University, 35; Columbia, 16, at New York City. March 16—University of Wisconsin, 1095.7; Colicago, 988.6, at Madison, Wis. March 16—Pennsylvania, 31; Princeton, 23, at Princeton, N. J.

Squash Racquets.

FEBRUARY 7—F. S. White won Eastern Pennsylvania championship, defeating M. L. Newhall, 8—15, 15—9, 15—4, 15—12, at Philadelphia, Pa.

February 10—The Boston Athletic Association team won the intercity team championship at Boston, Mass., defeating Baltimore 5 matches to 0, and Philadelphia 3 matches to 2. The scores: Boston vs. Baltimore—N. S. Bartlett, Jr., defeated A. R. Riggs, Baltimore, 10—15, 15—8, 11—15, 15—11, 15—8; C. Hutchins, Boston, defeated F. B. Smith, Baltimore, 15—10, 9—15, 15—9, 15—6; G. F. Wales, Boston, defeated W. S. Symington, Baltimore, 16—18, 15—9, 15—11, 18—16; C.

SQUASH RACQUETS-Continued.

H. Greenough, Boston, defeated W. F. Pirscher, Baltimore, 15—10, 15—8, 15—10; D. P. Rhodes, Boston, defeated K. Rothstein, Baltimore, 15—7, 11—15, 12—15, 15—6, 17—14. Boston vs. Philadelphia—G. F. Wales, Boston, defeated H. M. Tilden, Philadelphia, 17—16, 15—11, 15—3, F. H. Bates, Philadelphia, Gefeated M. T. Whitting, Boston, 15—8, 15—8, 15—11, 18—15, 12—15, 15—13; C. P. Greenough, Boston, defeated M. L. Newhall, Philadelphia, 18—16, 15—18, 18—16, 15—13; 15—12; F. S. White, Philadelphia, defeated N. S. Bartlett, T. Boston, 15—12, 14—15, 15—10, 15—12, C. Hutchins, Boston, defeated W. H. T. Huhn, Philadelphia, 18—17, 15—9, 15—11, 15—10, 15—12, C. Hutchins, Boston, defeated W. H. T. Huhn, Philadelphia, 18—17, 15—9, 15—11, Philadelphia won second place, defeating Baltimore 3 matches to 2. The scores: W. T. H. Huhn; Philadelphia Racquet Club, defeated K. Rothstein, Baltimore, 15—8, 15—9, 15—8. F. H. Bates, Huntingdon Valley C. C., Philadelphia, defeated W. F. Pirscher, Baltimore, 18—15, 15—11, 14—18, 16—18, 15—6. F. B. Smith, Baltimore, defeated F. S. White, Germantown C. C., Philadelphia, 18—15, 15—15, 15—11, 14—18, 16—18, 15—6, 15—15, 15—12, H. M. Tilden, Germantown Cricket Club, Philadelphia, defeated W. S. Symington, Baltimore, 8—15, 15—4, 15—12, 15—8. A. P. Rigss, Baltimore, defeated M. L. Newhall, Germantown C. C., Philadelphia, 18—15, 15—12, 15—15, 15—11, 15—15, 15—15, 15—15, 15—11, 15—15,

NEW JERSEY SQUASH LEAGUE. Final Standing.

CLUBS. Montclair A. C Crescent A. C	Won. 8 4	Lost. 0 3	CLUBS. Baltusrol G. C Englewood Club.	Won.	Lost.	CLUBS. Englewood F. C.	Won.	Lost.

Racquets.

JANUARY 6—Charles Williams won professional championship of world, defeating George Standing, 2—15, 15—9, 15—9, 15—11, at New York City.

January 9—Williams and Souter defeated Standing and Rogers, 14—17, 14—17, 15—6, 15—4, 15—3.

-New York team defeated Philadelphia team in intercity series. 3 matches to 1, January 20-

January 20—New York team defeated Philadelphia team in interest, series, at New York City.
January 28—Q. A. Shaw and G. R. Fearing won national championship from M. S. Barger and P. Whitney, at Philadelphia, by default.
February 13—J. M. Gordon Douglas won Gold Racquet Trophy, defeating H. F. McCormick, 15—5, 15—6, 17—15, at New York City.
February 25—Reginald Fincke won United States amateur championship, defeating J. M. Gordon Douglas, 15—7, 15—11, 11—15, 9—15, 15—3, at Boston, Mass.
March 16—A. H. Muir won military singles championship, defeating A. C. G. Luther, holder, 14—17, 14—18, 18—15, 15—8, 15—12, at London, Eng.
April 4—B. S. Foster won English singles championship, defeating G. G. Kershaw, 12—15, 17—14, 15—8, 15—1, at London, Eng.
E. M. Baerlein, title holder, 1908 to 1911, retired.
April 18—Cambridge University defeated Oxford in Intervarsity doubles play, four sets to one, at London. Eng.

Lacrosse.

UNITED STATES INTERCOLLEGIATE LACROSSE LEAGUE. Southern Championship won by Swarthmore. Northern Championship won by Harvard. United States Championship game played at Cambridge, Mass., June 1. Score Harvard 7, Swarthmore 3.

OTHER IMPORTANT GAMES PLAYED IN UNITED STATES.

OTHER IMPORTANT GAMES PLAYED IN UNITED STATES.

April 4, Navy 11, Lehigh I, at Annapolis. April 6, Cornell 2, Johns Hopkins 2, at Baltimore, Md. April 8, Cornell 5, Carlisle 2, at Carlisle, Pa. April 13, Johns Hopkins 5, Harvard 4, at Baltimore, Md., and Swarthmore 3, New York Lacrosse Club 1, at Swarthmore, Pa. April 18, Navy 6, Swarthmore 6, at Annapolis, Md. April 20, Carlisle 8, Johns Hopkins 4, at Baltimore, Md. May 4, Navy 6, Crescent A. C. 4, at Annapolis, Md., and Swarthmore 4, Johns Hopkins 2, at Baltimore, Md. May 10, Harvard 13, Hobart 2, at Cambridge, Mass. May 11, Swarthmore 3, Stevens 2, at Swarthmore, Pa., and Lehigh 9, Johns Hopkins 3, at South Bethlehem, Pa. May 18, Harvard 13, Cornell 0, at Cambridge, Mass., and Swarthmore 5, Carlisle 3, at Swarthmore, Pa. May 25, Cornell 6, Hobart 3, at Ithica, N. Y., and Crescent A. C. 4, Carlisle 3, at Brooklyn, N. Y. May 30, Crescent A. C. 5, Toronto University 5, at Brooklyn, N. Y. June 1, Crescent A. C. 3, Toronto University 1, at Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mount Washington 1, Carlisle 1, at Baltimore, Md. June 4, Toronto University 4, Mount Washington 2, at Baltimore, Md. June 8, Crescent A. C. 5, Mount Washington 2, at Brooklyn, N. Y. June 25, Crescent A. C. 5, St. Simon's L. C. of Toronto 8, at Brooklyn, N. Y. June 29, Crescent A. C. 9, Toronto Amateur L. C. 3, at Brooklyn, N. Y.

CANADIAN LACROSSE.

Amateur—Ontario Lacrosse Association, Senior Champions, the Excelsiors of Brampton. Canadian Lacrosse Association, Senior Champions, the Athletics of St. Catherine's. Manitoba Lacrosse Association, Senior Champions, the Canadian Northern Team of Winnipeg. British Columbia Lacrosse Association, Senior Champions, the Vancouver A. A. A. Club. Mann Cup Holders, Vancouver A. A. A. Club.

Couver A. A. Club.

Professional—Dominion Lacrosse Association, Senior Champions, Toronto Lacrosse Club of Toronto. National Lacrosse Union, Senior Champions, the Cornwall Lacrosse Club of Cornwall. Pacific Coast Lacrosse League, Senior Champions, New Westminster B. C. Club. Minto Cup Holders, New Westminster B. C. Club.

Motorcycle Racing. AMERICAN AND FOREICN RECORDS.

ACCORDING to the competition rules of the Federation of American Motorcyclists as adopted September 14, 1909, no record shall be accepted or recognized which is made on any motorcycle baving an engine of greater piston displacement than 61 cuble inches (1.000 cubic centimetres)

PROFESSIONAL RECORDS.

1 Kilo.—25 3-5s. by H. Cissac at Biackpool, Eng., July 27, 1905. *1 Kilo.—33 1-5s. by J. Oiles-lagers at Antwerp, Belgium, Juue 24, 1909. *1 Milo.—50 1-5s. by H. Cissac at Biackpool, Eng., July

1 Mile, 36 4-5s.; 2 miles, 1m. 14 2-5s.; 3 miles, 1m. 52 2-5s.; 4 miles, 2m. 30 1-5s.; 5 miles, 3m. 68 2-5s.; 6 miles, 3m. 47 2-5s.; 7 miles, 4m. 25 4-5s.; 8 miles, 2m. 30 1-5s.; 5 miles, 3m. 47 2-5s.; 7 miles, 4m. 25 4-5s.; 8 miles, 5m. 42 3-5s.; 10 miles, 6m. 21 4-5s.; 11 miles, 7m.; 12 miles, 10m. 39s.; 13 miles, 8m. 17 2-5s.; 14 miles, 5m. 45 4-5s.; 15 miles, 6m. 21 4-5s.; 11 miles, 7m.; 12 miles, 10m. 39s.; 13 miles, 8m. 17 2-5s.; 14 miles, 5m. 56 4-5s.; 15 miles, 9m. 35 1-5s.; 16 miles, 10m. 14 3-5s.; 17 miles, 10m. 53 1-5s.; 18 miles, 11m. 32 4-5s.; 19 miles, 12m. 12 4-5s.; 20 miles, 10m. 47s.; 25 miles, 16m. 27s.; 30 miles, 20m. 21 4-5s.; 31 by Ray Seymour at Los Angeles, Cal., May 24, 1912. 35 miles, 12m. 52 2-5s.; 50 miles, 35m. 41-5s.; 53 miles, 32m. 62-5s.; 50 miles, 35m. 41-45s.; 55 miles, 36m. 18 2-5s.; 65 miles, 36m. 35 2-5s.; 70 miles, 50m.; 17 1-5s.; 75 miles, 54m.; 80 miles, 57m. 41 1-5s.; 31 by Jacob De Roster at Los Angeles, Feb. 7, 1911. 200 miles, 4h. 5m. 54 2-5s.; by H. Martin at Canning Town, Eng., Feb. 15, 1909. 300 miles, 6h. 6m. 28s.; 400 miles, 45s.; by H. A. Coiller at Canning Town, Eng., May 5, 1909. 1 Hour—83 miles, 135 yards; Jacob De Roster at Los Angeles, Feb. 7, 1911. 200 miles, 4h. 5m. 54 2-5s.; by H. Martin at Angeles, Cal., Feb. 7, 1911. 2 Hours—118 miles, 719 yards; H. V. Colver at Brooklands, Eng., Dec. 9, 1903. 3 Hours—165 miles, 936 yards; H. V. Martin at Brooklands, Eng., 100 v. 21 1093. 245 miles, 1,480 yards; H. V. Martin at Canning Town, Eng., 72 miles, 73 miles, 130 wards; H. V. Martin at Brooklands, Eng., 100 v. 21 1094. 100 wards; H. Hours—194 miles, 1,320 yards; H. V. Martin at Canning Town, Eng., 72 miles, 73 miles, 130 yards; H. V. Mortin, 10 wards; H. Hours—41 miles, 11 Hours—45 miles, 1,462 yards. 6 Hours—22 miles, 1,500 yards. 16 Hours—566 miles, 17 Hours—599 miles, 1,700 yards, 14 Hours—61 miles, 1260 yards. 18 Hours—61 miles, 110 Hours—41 miles, 110 Hours—41 miles, 110 Hours—61 miles, 110 yards, 110 Hours—61 miles, 110 yards, 120 yards, 120 yards, 23 Hour

AMATEUR RECORDS.

1 Kilo.—28 2-5s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., Oct. 23, 1909. *1 Kilo.—39s.; Charles Gustafson at Springfield, Mass., Oct. 23, 1909. *1 Mile 55 4-5s.; Charles Spencer at Springfield, Mass., Oct. 23, 1909. 1 Mile, 38 4-5s.; 2 miles, 1 miles, 2 m. 38 4-5s.; 5 miles, 3 m. 18 4-5s.; 6 miles, 3 m. 59 1-5s.; 7 miles, 4 m. 40s.; 8 miles, 5 m. 20 4-5s.; 9 miles, 2 m. 38 4-5s.; 5 miles, 6 m. 42s.; 11 miles, 7 m. 23s.; 12 miles, 8 m. 03 2-5s.; 13 miles, 5 m. 20 4-5s.; 9 miles, 6 m. 011-5s.; 10 miles, 6 m. 42s.; 11 miles, 7 m. 23s.; 12 miles, 8 m. 03 2-5s.; 13 miles, 1 m. 24 3-5s.; 14 miles, 9 m. 23 4-5s.; 15 miles, 10 m. 03 4-5s.; 16 miles, 10 m. 44 2-5s.; 17 miles, 11 m. 24 3-5s.; 14 miles, 9 m. 23 4-5s.; 15 miles, 10 m. 03 4-5s.; 16 miles, 10 m. 44 2-5s.; 17 miles, 11 m. 24 3-5s.; 14 miles, 14 m. 23 3-5s.; 18 by Don Johns at Los Angeles, Cal., April 4, 1911. 21 Miles, 13 m. 40 1-5s.; 20 miles, 14 m. 23 3-5s.; 21 miles, 19 m. 35.; 24 miles, 19 m. 53s.; 25 miles, 20 m. 54s.; 30 miles, 20 m. 14 2-5s.; 35 miles, 29 m. 20 2-5s.; 40 miles, 35 m. 23 3-5s.; 45 miles, 37 m. 39s.; 50 miles, 41 m. 49 3-5s.; 55 miles, 40 m. 10 1-5s.; 60 miles, 56 m. 24 3-5s.; 65 miles, 54 m. 32 1-5s.; 70 miles, 54 m. 48 2-5s.; 10 miles, 10 miles

Oct. 2, 1909.
Straightaway Records.—1 Kilo.—27 4-5s.; Walter Goerke at Daytona. Fla., Mar. 25, 1909.
1 Mile—43 2-5s.; Robert Stubbs, at Daytona, Fla., Mar. 25, 1909. 5 Miles—3m. 30s.; Walter Goerke at Daytona, Fla., Mar. 24, 1909. 10 Miles—8m. 57s.; A. G. Chapple, Daytona, Fla., Mar. 24, 1909. 20 Miles—17m. 251-5s.; A. G. Chapple, Daytona, Fla., Mar. 24, 1909.
Transcontinental Record.—3,745 Miles—20 days, 9h. 1m.; by Volney Davis, San Francisco-New York, June 26-July 16, 1911.
Economy Records.—31 Miles, 1,400 yards, 1 pint, by F. A. Baker, Cambridge, Md., July 9, 1904.
55 miles, 528 yards, 1 quart, by E. Buffum, New York City, July 4, 1904. 190 miles, 4 qt. 10 oz., by F. A. Baker, Long Island, Sept. 15, 1907.

A. M. NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS 1912.

Two mile championship won by Don Johns at Chicago, Iii., June 2, 1912; time 2m. 01s. One hour championship won by J. U. Constant at Detroit, Mich., June 23, 1912; distance,

One hour championship won by J. U. Constant at Detroit, Mich., June 23, 1912; distance, 65% miles.

Five mile professional championship won by Ray Seymour at Columbus, Ohio, July 19, 1912; time 3m. 22 2-5s. Ten mile professional championship won by Eddie Hasha at Columbus, Ohio, July 19, time, 6m. 40 2-5s. Fifteen mile professional championship won by Eddie Hasha at Columbus, Ohio, July 20, 1912; time 10m. 53 4-5s.

One mile amateur championship won by J. U. Constant, at Columbus, Ohio, July 20, 1912; time, 40 1-5s. Five mile amateur championship won by Don Clark at Columbus, Ohio, July 20, 1912; time, 4m. 28s. Ten mile amateur championship won J. U. Constant at Columbus, Ohio, July 20, 1912; time 6m. 59 1-5s.

* Made in standing start. In U. S. the only standing start records recognized are those at 1 mile

* Made in standing start. In U. S. the only standing start records recognized are those at 1 mile and 1 kilometre.—(Compiled by Dr. J. P. Thornly, Chairman Competition Committee F. A. M.)

Roller Skating.

EASTERN STATES CHAMPIONSHIPS.

EASTERN STATES CHAMPIONSHIPS.

EASTERN States Professional Championships, held at Metropolitan Roller Rink, New York City, 1-mile, March 21, 1912—Won by William Blackburn, New York; Jesse Mason, Newark, second; Harry Burke, Bridgeport, third. Time—3m. 3s. 2-mile of Records, 191—Won by William Blackburn, New York; Harry March 18-5, 3-mile, April 1912—Won by Milliam Blackburn, New York; Harry March 19012—Won by William Blackburn, New York; Harry March 19012—Won by William Blackburn, New York; Harry March 19012—Won by F. J. Clarke, New York; Harry Burke, Bridgeport, second; Harry MacDonald, Brooklyn, third. Time—13m. 5s. 5-mile, April 18, 1912—Won by William Blackburn, New York; F. J. Clarke, New York, second; Harry Marchonald, Brooklyn, third. Time—16m. 20s.

Eastern States Amateur Championships, held at Metropolitan Roller Rink, New York; City. I-mile, February 1, 1912—Won by John Timmey, Newark; R. Van Duyne, Newark, second; William Burke, Brooklyn, third. Time—6m. 20s. 3-mile, February 15—Won by William Burke, Brooklyn, Eebruary 15—Won by William Burke, Brooklyn, Eebruary 15—Won by William Burke, Brooklyn, February 19—Won by John Timmey, Newark, second; S. Kaplan, Pittsburgh third. Time—10m. 14 1-5s. 4-mile, February 29—Won by William Burke, Brooklyn; Vewark, third. Time—12m. 44 2-5s. 5-mile, March 7—Won by John Timney, Newark, William Burke, New York, third. Time—17m. 35 2-5s.

METROPOLITAN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

METROPOLITAN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

METROPOLITAN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Metropolitan Championships, held at Brighton Beach Roller Rink. 1-mile, August 22, 1912—Won by R. Van Duyne, Newark; James F. Sullivan, Brooklyn, second; A. De Mayo, New York, third. Time—3m. 11s. 2-mile, August 24—Won by R. Van Duyne, Newark; Clarence Rhadigan, Brooklyn, second; T. Parella, New York, third. Time—6m. 18 1-5s. 3-mile, August 29—Won by R. Van Duyne, Newark; T. Parella, New York, second; A. De Mayo, New York, third. Time—10m. 19 2-5s. 4-mile, August 31—Won by R. Van Duyne, Newark; T. Parella, New York, second; A. De Mayo, New York, third. Time—15m. 1s. 5-mile, September 5—Won by J. F. Sullivan, Brooklyn; R. Van Duyne, Newark, second; A. De Mayo, New York, third. Time—16m. 48 1-5s. Haif-mile, September 7—Won by R. Van Duyne, Newark; C. Rhadigan, Brooklyn; T. Parella, New York, third. Time—13 21-5s.

New York, third. Time—1m. 32 1-5s.

1-mile World's Professional Championship Race, held at St. Louis, Mo., January 20—Won by R. Van Duyne, Newark, Second. Time—5m. 44s.

—3m. 21-5s.

1-mile World's Amateur Championship, held at Milwaukee, Wis., April 17—Won by Harley Davidson, St. Paul; R. Clonel, Morristown, Pa., second; Fred Martin, San José, Cal., third. Time—3m. 21-5s.

NATIONAL RECORDS.

Chicago, C. Cariston, Chicago, Second, E. Richstedt, Milwadkee, third. Time—sm. 4 2-35.
NATIONAL RECORDS.
PROFESSIONAL, FLAT TRACK.
1/4 mlle 1 mlle 1 m 31 4-5s. Olle Moore. Chleago. 1908 1 m - 2m 46 2-5s. Rodney Peters Pittsburgh Pa 1909 2 m - 5m 32s. Clarence Hamilton Kansas City 1009 2 m - 5m 32s. William Blackburn Detroit. 1916 3 m - 8m 32 2-5s. Clarence Hamilton Kansas City 1909 5 m - 15m 7s. Olle Moore. Pittsburgh 1908 5 m - 49m 15s. William Blackburn Toledo 1910
PROFESSIONAL, BANKED TRACK.
34 mile— 1m. 15s. Ollie Moore. Chicago. 1908 1 "— 2m. 27 2-5s. Clarence Hamilton. Chicago. 1909 2 "— 5m. 4 2-5s. John Flannery. Chicago. 1908 3 "— 7m. 55 2-5s. Ollie Moore. Chicago. 1908
PROFESSIONAL HOUR RECORDS.
1 hour— 16 mlles E. Reynolds Denver 1885 24 "— 279 " 314 yards Jesse Carey Parls 1911 144 "— 1,100 " H. Snowden Denver 1885 144 "Team Race—1,519 mlles Elsenhard and Burke Denver 1910
AMATEUR, FLAT TRACK.
36 mlle— 1 m. 26s. William Blackburn Chlcago. 1908 1 "-2 m. 39 3-5s L. Bierwerth. Oakland, Cal. 1909 2 "-5 m. 56s. Joseph Jordan New York. 1910 3 "-9 m. N. Melzer Chlcago. 1908 10 "-33m. 20s. L. Bierwerth San Francisco. 1909
AMATEUR, BANKED TRACK.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
AMATEUR MARATHON RACE.
26 miles, 385 yards—1h. 25m. 8 1-5s Chris Driscoll
AMATEUR TEAM RACE.
1 hour— 18 7-8 mlles
BACKWARD SKATING, PROFESSIONAL.
mile

Track and Field Athletics.

AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION CHAMPIONSHIPS.

NATEUR ATHLETIC UNION CHAMPIONSHIPS.

AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION CHAMPIONSHIPS.

**NAMAC U. Junior Championships held at Pittsburgh. Pr. 8., Soptember 20—Total point scoors N. N. A. C. U. Junior Championships held at Pittsburgh. Pr. 8., Soptember 20—Total point scoors N. N. A. C. U. Junior Championships held at Pittsburgh. Pr. 8. Soptember 20—Total point scoors N. N. A. C. U. C. S. Pittsburgh. Pr. 8. Missouri A. A. 3. National A. C. 6. McCaddin Lyceum, Brooklyn. 5; Sewickley Y. M. C. A., Pittsburgh. 1; Missouri A. A. 3. National A. C. 4. Pittsburgh. 1; A. C. Pittsburgh. 1; A. M. A. C. Pittsburgh. 1; A. M. A. C. Pittsburgh. 1; A. M. A. C. Pittsburgh. 1; A. C. Pittsburgh. 2; A. C. Pittsburgh

INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Senior and Junior Championships, held at New York City, December 26 and 27, 1911—Total points scored: Junior Events—N. Y. A. C., 24; Irish-American A. C., 16; Xavier A. A., 3; Boston A. A. and Harvard University, 7 each; Pastime A. C., Mohawk A. C., University of Pennsylvania, Swedish A. A. A. and unattached, 5 each; St. George A. C. and Sixty-fitth Regiment, Buffalo, 3 each; Columbia University and McCaddin Lyceum, 1 each. Senior Events—Trish-American A. C., 70; N. Y. A. C., 45; unattached, 21; Boston A. A., 11; Columbia University and Mohawk A. C., 10; Xavier A. A., 6; Long Island A. C., 5; Montreal A. A. A., 5; Mott Haven A. C., Georgetown University, Harvard University and South Paterson A. C., 3 each; Pastime A. C., West Side Y. M. C. A., Knights of St. Antony and Carlisle Indian School, 1 each. Results by Events: 300-Yard Dash—Final heat won by L. B. Dorland, New York City; L. Wood, N. Y. A. C., second; J. J. McEntee, West Side Y. M. C. A., third. Time—33 1-5s. 880-Yard Run (Junior)—Final heat won by O. W. De Grucchy, N. Y. A. C., J. Driscoll, Sixty-fith Regiment of Buffalo, second; H. Lee, Boston A. A., third. Time—2m. 1 3-5s. One Mile Walk (Junior)—Won by F. H. Kaiser, N. Y.

A. C.; S. Schwartz, Pastime A. C., second; R. B. Gifford, McCaddin Lyceum, third. Time—6m. 54 1-5s. 75-Yard Dash (Senior)—Won by A. T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C.; C. B. Clark, X. A. A., second; J. J. Archer, Irish-American A. C., third. Time—7 4-5s. 440-Yard Low Hurdles (Junior)—Won by E. M. Pritchard, Irish-American A. C.; J. W. Richmond, N. Y. A. C., second; F. L. Brady, Columbia University, third. Time—7 3-5s. 1,000-Yard Run (Senior)—Won by E. M. Pritchard, Irish-American A. C.; J. W. Richmond, N. Y. A. C., second; A. C. Kivik, Irish-American A. C.; O. Yard-Irish S. C. Second, R. Egan, Irish-American A. C.; R. Eller, Georgetown, second; V. B. Havens, N. Y. G. third. Time—92-55, Two-Mile Run (Senior)—Won by George Bonhag, Irish-American A. C.; Louis Scott, South Paterson A. C., second; J. W. Monument, Irish-American A. C., third. Time—92-55, Two-Mile Run (Senior)—Won by George Bonhag, Irish-American A. C.; Louis Scott, South Paterson A. C., second; J. W. Monument, Irish-American A. C., third. Time—92-55, Two-Mile Run (Senior)—Won by S. C. Lawrence, Boston A. A., 10 ft. 8 in.; Platt Adams, N. Y. A. C., second, 10 ft. 7½ in. B. W. Adams, N. Y. A. C., third, 10 ft. 6 in. Standing High Jump (Junior)—Won by L. Goehring, Mohawk A. C., 5 ft. ½ in.; A. Hodgson, N. Y. A. C., second, 4 ft. 11½ in.; S. Muenz, Pastime A. C., third, 4 ft. 18½ in. 56-Pound Weight for Height (Senior)—Won by M. McGrath, New York City, 16 ft. 3 in., P. McDonaid, Irish-American A. C., second, 6 ft.; J. Calli, Irish-American A. C., 3ccond, 4 ft. 11½ in.; S. McLonaid, 10 ft. 7 in. Running High Jump (Senior)—Won by S. C. Lawrence, Boston A. A., 6 ft. 2 7-8 in.; Erickson, Mott Haven A. C., second, 6 ft. 2 12 in.; W. Oler, Jr., N. Y. A. C., third, 5 ft. 11½ in. Pole Yault for Distance (Senior)—Won by H. S. Babcock, N. Y. C. A., 28 ft. ½ in.; L. Schneider, Mohawk A. C., 27 ft. 6 in., second; J. Hapenny, Montreal A. A., 27 ft. 3 in., third. 5 ft. 11½ in. Pole Yault for Distance (Senior)—Won by S. C. Lawrence, Boston A. A., 6 ft. 27-8 in.; E. Erickso

ALL ROUND CHAMPIONSHIPS.

A.A. U. All Round Championships, held at Celtic Park, Long Island City, New York, September 2—Won by James Thorpe, the Sac and Fox Indian of Carlisle Indian School, also winner of Pentathion and Decathion contests at Olympic Games. Thorpe scored 7,476 points out of a possible 10,000 in ten events, a new American record. Total points scored: J. Thorpe, Carlisle Indian School, 7,476 points, first; J. Bredemus, Princeton. N. J., 6,303, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 3,885 points, third. Results by events: 100-Yard Dash—Won by J. Thorpe, Carlisle Indian School, 832 points; J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 741 points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 688 points, third. Time—10 3-5s. Putting 16-Pound Shot—Won by J. Thorpe, Carlisle Indian School, 44 ft. 3½ in., 869½ points; J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 34 ft. 6¾ in., 408½ points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 34 ft. 1½ in., 900 points, J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 5ft., 480 points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 357 points, J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 5ft., 480 points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 357 points, third. Time—3m. 48s. Throwing 16-Pound Hammer—Won by J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 177 points, third. Shool, 122 ft. 10 in., 733 points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 37 ft. 17 ft., 3 in., 786 points; J. Thorpe, Carlisle Indian School, 527 Thorpe, Carlisle Indian School, 122 ft. 10 in., 733 points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 77 ft. 7½ in., 199 points, third. Pole Vault—Won by J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 17 ft. 3 in., 186 points; J. Thorpe, Carlisle Indian School, 12 ft. 10 in., 568 points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 9 ft., 472 points, third. Pole Vault—Won by J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 17 ft. 3 in., 186 points; J. Thorpe, Carlisle Indian School, 9 ft. 6 in., 568 points, second; B. Brodd, Irish-American A. C., 9 ft., 472 points, third. Pole Vault—Won by J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 17 ft. 5 in., 186 points; J. Bredemus, Princeton, N. J., 187 j. In., 188 points; J. Bre

METROPOLITAN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Senior Championships, Metropolitian Association A. A. U., held at Travers Island, under New York A. C. auspices, September 7—Total points scored: Irish-American A. C., 75: N. Y. A. C., 54: McCaddin Lyceum, 5; Mohawk Athletic Club, 5: unattached, 5; Mott Haven Athletic Club, 3: Dominiean Lyceum, 3: Pastime Athletic Club, 3: Kalera Athletic Club, 3: Bradhurst Field Club, 3; Long Island Athletic Club, 1. Results by events. 100-Yard Dash—Final Heat—Won by Alvah T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C.; W. E. Conway, Irish-American A. C., second; M. E. Robertson, N. Y. A. C., third, Time—10 1-58. 880-Yard Run—Won by Edward Frick, N. Y. A. C.; Homer Baker, N. Y. A. C., second; Edward Gilmore, Dominican Lyceum, third, Time—10, 57-58. 120-Yard Hurdles—Final Heat—Won by J. J. Eller, Irish-American A. C.; J. I. Wendell, N. Y. A. C., second; L. B. Dorland, Dominican Lyceum, third, Time—15 3-5s. One-Mile Run—Won by Abel R. Kiviat, Irish-American A. C.; D. V. Noble, N. Y. A. C., second; O. W. De Grouchy, N. Y. A. C., third, Time—4m, 27 4-5s. 440-Yard Run—Won by A. Pepis, Irish-American A.

Held at Boston. September 7—Total point score: Boston A. A., 85; unattached, 33; Brookline Gymnasium, 4; Powder Point and Malden Y. M. C. A., 3 each; North Dorchester A. A., and Dartmouth College, I each. Results by events: 100-Yard Dash—Won by P. H. Hardwick, B. A. A.; Howard Jamleson, Malden, second; A. Robinson, B. A. A., third. Time—102-5s. 220-Yard Dash—Won by A. R. Robinson, B. A. A., A., third. Time—232-5s. 440-Yard Run—Won by A. M. Bowser, Lynn; H. W. Holden, B. A. A., second; Frank W. Kelly, Malden, third. Time—56 3-5s. \$80-Yard Run—Won by T. J. Halpin, B. A. A.; James Burke, Powder Point, second; D. S. Caldwell, B. A. A., third. Time—1m. 56 2-5s. Mile Run—Won by James A. Powers, B. A. A.; G. P. Kimball, B. A. A., second; A. B. McKechnie, unattached, third. Time—4m. 23 4-5s. Flve-Mile Run—Won by J. G. Silva, B. A. A.; H. F. Maguire, North Attleboro, second. Time—26m. 17 4-5s. 120-Yard Hurdles—16 1-5s. 220-Yard Hurdles (Final Heat)—Won by J. High, B. A. A.; W. H. Meanix, unattached, second; N. E. Smith, B. A. A., shird. Time—62 2-5s. Pole Vault—Won by M. S. Wright, B. A. A., 5it. 10 in., second; J. McDonald, North Dorchester A. A., 5 ft. 9 in., third. Running Broad Jump—Won by A. L. Gutterson, B. A. A., 10 ft. 6 in.; L. A. Whitney, B. A. A., 10 ft., 8 ft.; H. H. Barwise, Malden Y. M. C. A., 5 ft. 10 in., second; J. McDonald, North Dorchester A. A., 5 ft. 9 in., third. Running Broad Jump—Won by A. L. Gutterson, B. A. A., 6 ft.; H. H. Barwise, Malden Y. M. C. A., 5 ft. 10 in., second; J. McDonald, North Dorchester A. A., 5 ft. 9 in., third. Running Broad Jump—Won by A. L. Gutterson, B. A. A., 6 ft.; H. H. Barwise, Malden Y. M. C. A., 5 ft. 9 in., third. Running Broad Jump—Won by A. L. Gutterson, B. A. A., 6 ft.; H. H. Barwise, Malden Y. M. C. A., 5 ft. 9 in., third. Running Broad Jump—Won by A. L. Gutterson, B. A. A., 6 ft., 9 in., third. Running Broad Jump—Won by A. L. Gutterson, B. A. A., 46 ft. 6 in.; John Lawler, unattached, 43 ft. 4 in.; A. L. Gutterson, B. A. A., 46 ft. 6 in.; John Lawler, unattache

PACIFIC COAST CHAMPIONSHIPS. Held at Stockton, Cal., September 9-Total point score: Olympic Club, 84; Pastime Club, 42; St. Mary's College, 13; University of California, 3; Sacramento Athletic Club, 5; San Francisco Y. M. C. A., 1. Results by events: 100-Yard Dash (Final Heat)—Won by Gerhardt, O. C.; Gates, P. C., second; Best, O. C., third. Time—10 2-5s. 880-Yard Run—Won by Hoenisch, P. C.; Kramer, O. C., second; Teall, P. C., third. Time—27s. 11-5s. 220-Yard Dash (Final Heat)—Won by Gates, P. C.; Gerhardt, O. C., second; Rogers, P. C., third. Time—23s. 440-Yard Run—Won by Hoenisch, P. C.; Acton, P. C., second; Rogers, P. C., third. Time—34s. 440-Yard Run—Won by Hoenisch, P. C.; Crabbe, U. C., second; Joy, O. C., third. Time—53 4-5s. One-Mile Run—Won by Bennesen, P. C.; Crabbe, U. C., second; Joy, O. C., third. Time—53 4-5s. One-Mile Run—Won by Milliard, O. C.; Lee, P. C., second; Burke, O. C., third. Time—28m. 27s. 220-Yard Low Hurdies—Won by Morris, O. C.; Glsen, St. M. C., second; Maker, P. C., third. Time—16 1-5s. High Jump—Won by Horite, O. C.; Maker, P. C., second; Gisen, St. M. C., third. Time—16 1-5s. High Jump—Won by Horite, O. C.; Guyler, St. M. C., second; Shattuck, U. C., third. Distance—154 ft. 5 in. Pole Vault—Won by Dickson, Sac, A. C.; Kendrick, O. C., second; Horine, O. C., third. Height—11 ft. 3 in. Running Broad Jump—Won by Guter, St. M. C., second; Horine, O. C., third. Height—11 ft. 3 in. Running Broad Jump—Won by Guter, St. M. C., second; Horine, O. C., third. Height—16 ft. Justance—15 ft. 10 ft. Justance—17 ft. 11 in. Distance—18 ft. Justance—18 ft. Justance—34 ft. Relay Race—Won by Pastime Club Team, (Acton, Learner, Teall and Hoenisch); Olympic Club, second. Time—3m. 34 3-5s.

FOREIGN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Shatuck, U. C., third. Distance—34 ft. Relay Race—Won by Pastime Club Team, (Acton, Learner, Teali and Hoenisch); Oilympic Club, second. Time—3nn. 34 3-5s.

English Championships held at London. June 22—Results by events. 100-Yard Dash—Won by G. H. Patching, South African Olympic Team; W. R. Applegarth, Polytechnie H., econd. Yard Run (Final Heat)—Won by W. R. Applegarth, Polytechnie H.; D. H. Jacobs, Herne Hill H., second; G. H. Patching, South African Olympic Team; W. R. Applegarth, Polytechnie H.; D. H. Jacobs, Herne Hill H., second; G. H. Patching, South African Olympic Team; W. R. Stewart, L. A.C., third. Time—22s. 40-Yard Run —Won by C. R. Applegarth, Polytechnie H.; D. H. Jacobs, Herne Hill H., second; G. H. Patching, South African Olympic Team; S. Stewart Run—won by H. Braun, Munchener Sports Club; J. T. Soutter, Aberdeen University, 836-Yard Run—won by H. Braun, Munchener Sports Club; J. T. Soutter, Aberdeen University, 836-Yard Run—won by H. Braun, Munchener Sports Club; J. T. Soutter, Aberdeen University, 836-Yard Run—won by H. Braun, Munchener Sports Club; J. T. Soutter, Aberdeen University, 836-Yard Run—won by H. Braun, Munchener Sports Club; J. T. Soutter, Aberdeen University, 836-Yard Run—won by H. Braun, Munchener Sports Club; J. T. Soutter, Aberdeen University, 836-Yard Run—won by H. Braun, 104-5s. 2-8 Mile Steeplechase—Won by S. Frost, 837-8 Xilli H., Second; M. C. Time—15m. 2-8 Mile Steeplechase—Won by S. Frost, 837-8 Xilli H., Second; M. C. Time—15m. 2-8 Xilli H., Second; M. C. J. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., third. Time—15m. 3-3-5 Xilli H., Second; M. C. J. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsford, L. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsford, L. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsford, L. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsford, L. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsford, L. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsford, L. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsford, L. A. C., 22 ft. 2 in., F. Kingsfo

Mile Schoolboye' Relay Race—Won by Barry County School; Newport Intermediate School, second; Alexandra School, Newport, third.

Scottish Championships held at Glasgow, June 15—Results by events: 100-Yard Dash—Won by W. A. Stewart, London A. C.; H. M. MaeIntosh, Cambridge University, second; R. C. Duncan, West Scotland H., third. Time—10s. 16-Pound Shotput—Won by T. R. Nicolson, West Scotland H., 42 ft. 4 ln.; Kenneth Maelennan, Aberdeen University A. A. A., 40 ft. 1 ln., second; Donald Rose, West Scotland H., 35 ft. 1 ln., third. 880-Yard Run—Won by J. T. Soutter, Aberdeen University A. A. A.; Robert Burton, Tevlotdale and Berwick H., second; Nichol Whitle, Edinburgh Southern H., third. Time—2m. 1 3-4s. 16-Pound Hammer Throw—Won by T. R. Nicolson, West Scotland H. (holder), 158 ft. 3 ln.; Donald Rose, West Scotland H., 136 ft. 5 ln., second. 120-Yard Hurdies—Won by Ian Clarke, Aberdeen University A. A. A.; William Weir, Allan Glen's School, second. Time—17 1-5s. 220 Yards. West Scotland H., 136 ft. 5 ln., second, Glasgow University A. C. and London A. C.; R. C. Duncan, West Scotland H. (holder), second. Time—23 4-5s. Second Heat—Won by W. A. Stewart, Australasian Olympic Team; J. B. Sweet, West Scotland H., second. Time—23 4-5s. Final—Won by W. A. Stewart Australasian Olympic Team; R. C. Duncan, West Scotland H., second; J. B. Sweet, third. Time—23 1-5s. Running High Jump—Won by D. Campbell, Edinburgh University A. C., 5 ft. 8 ln., J. S. Conochie, Maryhill H., 5 ft. 4½ ln., second. One-Mile Run—Won by D. T. McNicol, West Scotland H., and Polyteonic H. (holder); James McFarlane, Glasgow University A. C., 5 ft. 8 ln., J. S. Conochie, Maryhill H., 5 ft. 4½ ln., second. One-Mile Run—Won by D. T. McNicol, West Scotland H., and Polyteonic H. (holder); James McFarlane, Glasgow University A. C., 5 ft. 8 ln., J. J. McRicol, West Scotland H., and Polyteonic H. (holder); James McFarlane, Glasgow University A. C., 5 ft. S. In., J. J. McRicol, West Scotland H., and H. (holder); James McFarlane, Glasgow University A. C., 5 f

vern H., 16 points, third; Melbourne H., 12 points, fourth.

German Championships held at Duisberg, August 18—Results by events: 100 Metres—Won by R. Rau, S. C., Charlottenburg; Fischer, Hamburg, second; Herrmann, Berliner, S. C., third. Time —11 2-5s. 110-Metre Hurdles—Won by Martin, Y. F. B., Leipsic; R. Rau, S. C., Charlottenburg, second; Scholtz, Charlottenburg, third. Time—15 4-5s. 200 Metres—Won by R. Rau, S. C., Charlottenburg; Herrmann, Berliner S. C., second; Fischer, Hamburg, third. Time—23 1-5s. 400 Metres—Won by H. Braun, Munchener S. C.; Helnz, Saarbrucken, second; Traber, Duisberg third. Time—51 3-5s. 800 Metres—Won by Lehmann, S. C., Charlottenburg; Helnz, Saarbrucken, second; Noll, Dusseldorf, third. Time—2m. 9-10s. 1,500 Metres—Won by E. V. Sigel, Preussen, Berlin; Mickler, Charlottenburg, second; Gunther, Essen, third. Time—4m. 3-2-5s. 3,000-Metre Steeplechase—Won by Seyffert, S. C., Charlottenburg; Pauli, Dusseldorf, second; Neyka, Duisberg, third. Time—10m. 15 7-10s. 7,500 Metres—Won by Veltz, Leicht A. C., Berlin; Kastenholz, Koln, second; Busch, Munchen, third. Time—25m. 4 4-5s. 400-Metre Re-

lay—Won by S. C., Charlottenburg: Berlin S. C., second. Time—45 2-5s. High Jump—Won by Llesche, Elmsbutteler, Turn Verein, 1.87 metres (6 ft. 1\% in.); Forster, Magdeburg, 1.73 metres (5 ft. 8\% in.); second; Rohr, Charlottenburg, 1.68 metres (5 ft. 7\% in.), and Olaf Munster, 1.68 metres (5 ft. 7\% in.), third. Broad Jump—Won by Pasemann, Berliner S. C., 6.42 metres (21 ft. \% in.); Hagen, S. C., Charlottenburg, 6.40 metres (20 ft. 11\% in.); second; Von Bonning-hausen, Munchen, 6.31 metres (20 ft. 8\% in.); third. Fole Jump—Won by Olaf, A. S. C., Munster, 3.48 metres (11 ft. 5 in.); Pasemann, 3.48 metres (11 ft. 5 in.). Olaf won first prize on a final jump. Throwing the Discus—Won by Kerker, F. C. Holst, Seegeburg, 40.78 metres (133 ft. 9\% in.); Buchleister, Munchen, 39.36 metres (129 ft. 1 in.), second; Wilfuhr, Berlin, 38.08 metres (124 ft. 11\% in.), third. Throwing the Javelin—Won by Zimmerman, Braunschweig, 50.97 metres (167 ft. 2 in.); Herbert, Berlin, 50.22 metres (164 ft. 9\% in.); descond; Olaf, Munster, 47.69 metres (166 ft. 5\% in.), third. 3,000-Metre Walk—Won by Gunls, Teutonia, Berlin: Schmidt, Nurnberg, second; Buckow, Berlin, third. Time—14m. 133-5s. Putting the Weight—Won by Buchholz, Sc., Charlottenburg, 11.72 metres (38 ft. 5\% in.); Willfuhr, Charlottenburg, 11.38 metres (37 ft. 4 in.), second; Wirminghaus, Essen, 11.15 metres (36 ft. 6 in.), third.

MILITARY ATHLETIC LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

MILITARY ATHLETIC LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Military Athletic League Championships held at Twenty-second Regiment Armory, New York City, April 6—Total Points scored: Thirteenth Coast Artilliery Corps. 35 points; Seventy-first, 31 points; Fourteenth, 21 points; Twenty-second, 20 points; Twenty-third, 15 points; Seventy-first, 31 points; Fourteenth, 21 points; Twenty-second, 20 points; Twenty-third, 15 points; Sixty-ninth, 1 point; Second Battalion Naval Militia, 1 point. Results by events: 880-47ard Run—Won by M. W. Sheppard, Fourteenth Infantry; O. W. Dé Grouchy, Twenty-third Infantry, second; R. J. Egan, Seventy-first Infantry, third. Time—Im. 58 4-5s. 75-Yard Dash—Won by C. B. Clarke, Twenty-second Engineers; C. Hoyt, Seventy-first Infantry, second, 1. J. Archer, Sixty-ninth Infantry, third. Time—7 3-5s. 440-Yard Run—Won by M. W. Sheppard, Fourteenth Infantry: D. Kuhn, Seventy-first Infantry, second, Ed. Coyle, Twenty-second Engineers, third. Time—52 2-5s. 220-Yard Run—Won by C. B. Clarke, Twenty-second Engineers; R. Hoyt, Seventy-first Infantry, second; W. J. Keatling, Ninth Regiment, third. Time—23 3-5s. One-Mile Bicycle Race—Won by Eddle Goodwin, Thirteenth Regiment; W. Vandendries, Seventy-first Infantry, second; J. Townsend, Seventy-first Infantry, third. Time—23 2-5s. 20-Yard Hurdles—Won by R. Goggin, Seventy-first Infantry, third. Time—24s. 220-Yard Hurdles—Won by R. Goggin, Seventy-first Infantry, third. Time—28s. 176-Yard Sack Race—Won by C. P. Slattery, Twenty-second Engineers; I. Pleard, Thirteenth Regiment, second; J. McCahlil, Seventy-first Infantry, third. Time—3-5s. One-Mile Relay. J. McCahlil, Seventy-first Infantry, third. Time—6-15s. One-Mile Relay. J. Keas and J. M. Rosenberger, Thirteenth Regiment; F. Wright, Seventy-first Infantry, third. Time—5-15s. One-Mile Relay. Second: W. J. Keatling and W. J. Slade, Ninth Regiment, Regiment Regiment team; Thirteenth Regiment team, second: Twenty-third Infantry team, second: Seventy-first Infantry third. Time—5-15s. One-Mile Relay. Anchor A. C., 16 poin

Best Athletic Records.

(Furnished through the courtesy of James E. Sullivan, Secretary A. A. U.) Best American records, including those made in 1911, for amateur athletics and at standard weights and distances, as accepted by the Amateur Athletic Union, are as fol-

standard weights and distances, as accepted by the Amateur Athletic Union, are as follows:
Running—20 yards—24-5s., E. B. Bloss, Roxbury, Mass., February 22, 1892, 35 yards—4s., F. Kuhn, Chicago, February 25, 1911. 40 yards—42-5s., W. D. Eaton, Boston, February 11, 1905, 50 yards—52-5s., Victor S. Rice, Chicago, February 20, 1904; W. D. Eaton, New York, October 10, 1905; R. L. Murray, St. Louis, March 17, 1906; F. Kuhn, Omaha, April 1, 1911. 60 yards—62-5s., L. E. Myers, New York City, December 12, 1882; J. W. Tewksbury, New York City, January 13, 1899; W. D. Eaton, Buffalo, N. Y., September 6, 1901; Washington Delgado, New York City, February 4, 1901; R. Cloughen, Irish-American A. C., and R. Reed, Gordon A. A., Madison Square Garden, New York City, December 1, 1908; W. J. Keating, Albany, N. Y., February 8, 1910; R. Cloughen, New York City, January 28, 1910; J. Wasson, Notre Dame, Chicago, March 11, 1911. 75 yards—73-5s., L. H. Cary, Princeton, May 9, 1891; B. J. Wefers, Boston, January 25, 1896; Archie Hahn, Milwaukee, March 11, 1905. 100 yards—93-5s., Dan J. Kelly, Spokane, Wash., June 23, 1906. 110 yards—104-5s., R. Cloughen, Celtic Park, New York, September 5, 1910. 120 yards—114-5s., B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, September 26, 1906, 220 yards straightaway—211-5s., B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, September 26, 1906, 220 yards straightaway—211-5s., B. J. Wefers, New York, May 30, 1896, and R. C. Craig, Philadelphia, May 28, 1910. Sight curve, 211-5s., Dan J. Kelly, Spokane, Wash., June 23, 1896. 400 yards—211-5s., B. C. Craig, University of Michigan, Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1911. Around turn—213-5s., P. G. Walsh, Montreal Canada, September 21, 1902. 300 yards—30-5s., B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, N. Y., September 26, 1896. 440 yards, straightaway—47s., M. W. Long, Guttenburg Race Track. October 4, 1900. Round path, 352 yards circuit—474-5s., M. W. Long, Travers Island, N. Y., September 29, 1900. 500 yards—573-5s., M. W. Long, Travers Island, N. Y., September 29, 1900. 500 yards—573-5s., M. W. Long, Travers

Athletic Records,

| August 14, 1910, 700 yards—Im. 26 4-5s. M. Sheppard, New York, May 30, 1910, 800 yards—Im. 43 3-5s. M. Sheppard, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., August 23, 1910, 880 yards—Im. 52 4-5s., Emilo Lunghi, Montreal, Canada, September 15, 1909, 900 yards—Im. 57 1-5s., M. Sheppard, New York, August 7, 1910, 1,000 yards—2m. 12 2-5s. M. Sheppard, New York, New York, August 7, 1910, 1,000 yards—2m. 12 2-5s. M. Sheppard, New York, July 17, 1910, 2-3 mile—2m. 44 2-5s. M. Sheppard, New York, 1910, 1,320 yards—3m. 24-5s., T. P. Conneft Travers Island, N. J., August 20, 1910, 1,320 yards—3m. 24-5s., T. P. Conneft Travers Island, N. J. August 20, 1910, 1,320 yards—3m. 24-5s., T. P. Conneft Travers Island, N. J. August 20, 1910, 1,320 yards—3m. 24-5s., T. P. Conneft Travers Island, N. J. June 3, 1911, 4 miles—20m. 11s., George V. Bonhag, New York, September 2, 1895, 2 miles—9m. 25 1-5s., T. S. Berna, Cornell University, Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1911, 3 miles—14m, 32s., Geo. V. Bonhag, Travers Island, N. Y., September 10, 1910, 6 miles—31m, 51-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 10, 1910, 6 miles—31m, 51-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 10, 1910, 6 miles—31m, 51-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 10, 1910, 6 miles—31m, 51-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 6, 1909, 10 miles—52m, 34-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 6, 1909, 10 miles—52m, 34-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 6, 1909, 10 miles—52m, 34-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 6, 1909, 10 miles—11m, 521-5s., G. V. Bonhag, New York, November 14, 1909, 20 miles—11h, 58m, 21-5s., 13-3s., J. F. Crowiey, Celtic Park, November 14, 1909, 20 miles—11h, 58m, 21-5s., S. J. F. P. Murray, New York, September 26, 1851, 13-15s., 14-5s., 14-5s Olympic games, 1908.

Olympic games, 1908.

Jumping—Standing high, without weights—5 ft. 5¼ in., Ray C. Ewry, Euffalo, N. Y., September 7, 1901. Running high, without weights—6 ft. 5 5-8 in., M. F. Sweeney, New York, September 21, 1895. Standing long, without weights—11 ft. 4 7-8 in., Ray C. Ewry, St. Louis, August 29, 1904; with weights—12 ft. 9½ in., L. Hellwig, Williamsburg, Long Island, November 30, 1884. Three standing jumps—35 ft. 8 3-4 in., Ray C. Ewry, Celtic Park, New York, September 7, 1903. Standing hop, step and jump, without weights—30 ft. 3 in., J. Cosgrove, Albany, N. Y., April 25, 1894; 32 ft. 8 in., Platt Adams, Newark, N. J., November 25, 1909, With weights—31 ft. 7 in., W. W. Butler, Boston, June 18, 1886. Running hop, step and jump without weights—50 ft. 11 in., D. F. Ahearne, Irish-American A. C., Celtic Park, L. I., May 30, 1911. Running long without weights—24 ft. 71-4 in., M. Prinstein, Philadelphia, April 28, 1900. Running two hops and jump-without weights—50 ft. 2.7-10 in., Dan Ahearne, Boston, Mass., July 31, 1909. Standing jump, step and jump—32 ft. 4 1-2 in., Platt Adams, New York, September 6, 1909.

Vaulting—Fence vaulting—7 ft. 3¾ in., C. H. Atkinson, Cambridge, March 22, 1884. One-band fence vaulting—5 ft. 6½ in., I. D. Webster, Philadelphia, April 6, 1886. Pole vaulting for height—12 ft. 10% in., L. Scott, Boulder, Col., May 28, 1910. Pole vaulting for distance—28 ft. 2 in., Platt Adams, New York, October 31, 1910.

1910

1910.

Hammer Throwing, 12-pound—207 ft, 7¾ in., J. J. Flanagan, New York, October 24, 1909. 16-pound—187 ft, 4 in., M. J. McGrath, unattached, Celtic Park, L. I., October 29, 1911. 18-pound—131 ft, 1-4 in., Ben Sherman, Boston, June 17, 1908. 56-pound weight for distance—40 ft, 63-8 in., M. J. McGrath, Montreal, Canada, September 23, 1911. 56-pound weight over bar—15 ft. 11-2 in. (indoor), Con. Walsh, N. Y. A. C., New York City, February 18, 1911.

Shot putting—8-pound—67 ft. 7 in.; 18-pound—43 ft. 9 1-2 in.; 21-pound—10 ft.

3 3-8 in.; 28-pound—34 ft. 5 3-4 in., all by Ralph Rose, at Travers Island, N. Y. September 14, 1907. 12-pound—57 ft. 3 in., Ralph Rose, New York, August 29, 1908. 14-pound—53 ft. 4 in., Ralph Rose, Rose, Trenton, September 5, 1908. 16-pound—51 ft. Ralph Rose, San Francisco, August 21, 1909. 24-pound—38 ft. 10 11-16 in. P. J. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., Celtic Park, L. I., October 22, 1911. 28-pound weight, with follow—36 ft. 3 in., Dennis Horgan, Travers Island, N. Y., September 29, 1906. 42-pound stone, with follow—26 ft 8 1-2 in., J. S. Mitchel, New York, September 7, 1903. 56-pound shot, with follow—23 ft, 1-2 in., W. Real, Boston, October 4, 1888. 1906. 7, 190 tember 7, 1888.

tember 7, 1903. 56-pound shot, with follow—23 It, 1-2 In., W. Real, Poston, October 4, 1888.

Weight Throwing—14-pound, from shoulder, with follow—58 ft, 2 in., J. S. Mitchel, Boston, October 4, 1888. 56-pound, one hand, without run or follow—33 ft, 1 in., M. McGrath, New York, September 24, 1910. Thrown for height—16 ft, 61-4 in., M. McGrath, Chicago, Ill., June 28, 1910. Irish style, one hand, with unlimited run and follow—38 ft, 5 in., J. S. Mitchel, New York, September 7, 1903.

Throwing the Discus,—Throwing the discus from 7-foot circle—141 ft, 4 3-8 in., M. J. Sheridan, Irish-American A. C., Celtic Park, L. I., May 28, 1911. Throwing the discus, Greek style—116 ft, 7 1-2 in., M. J. Sheridan, Philadelphia, June 6, 1908. Throwing the discus, Olympic style (weight 4 pounds 6 1-2 cunces, 8 ft, 21-2 in. Circle)—142 ft, 10 1-4 in., M. J. Sheridan, New York, October 10, 1909.

Throwing the Javelin—166 ft, 1 in., O. Snedigar, Olympic Club, San Francisco, Cal., October 13, 1911.

Relav Racing—1,280 yards—2m. 28 4-5s., Georgetown University team (Ed-

Parallel Bars—Three successive arm-jumps, without swing—15 ft., S. Strasburger, New York, November 10, 1873. With swings—19 ft. 9 in., A. A. Conger, New York, November 10, 1873. Push-ups, without swing—60 times, John N. Woodside, New Haven, September, 1908.

Kicking—Double kick—8 ft. 13-4 in., F. C. Crane, Aurora, Ill., November 20, 1901. Running hitch and kick—9 ft. 1 in., C. R. Wilburn, Annapolis, June 6, 1888. Running high kick—9 ft. 8 in., C. C. Lee, New Haven, Ct., March 19, 1887.

Jumping from Springboard—Running high jump—7 ft. 7½ in., David Lane, Bridgeport, Ct., March 13, 1901. Running high dive—8 ft. 6½ in., Charles Stewart, San Francisco, Cal., September 10, 1903.

Long Distance Riding—Ten miles in 18.17 by Mme. Marantette (changing horses), Lansing, Mich., 1883. 50 miles in 1.50.03 (10 horses), Carl Pugh, San Bernardino, Cal., 1883. 200 miles in 8 hours (30 horses), N. H. Mowry, San Francisco, 1868. 1,071 1/2 miles in 72 hours (changing horses, 12 hours daily), C. M. Anderson, San Francisco, 1884. 1,071 1/2 miles in 72 hours (changing horses, Military—Twenty-seven men of the Third Battery, National Guard, Brooklyn, rode from Nainet, N. Y., to Brooklyn, 50 miles in 6 hours, August 27, 1908. Early stage of ride was in darkness

and over mountain roads.

and over mountain roads.

Walking (Professional)—100 miles 18.53.40, Dan O'Leary, Chicago, 1875. 200 miles in 40.46.30 and 531 miles in 144 hours, George Littlewood in 6-day race, England, 1882. Six-days, 12 hours per day, 363 miles, Joe Scott, England, 1888. American record, 363 miles, C. Faber, Pittsburgh, 1880. 4.000 quarter-miles in 4.000 consecutive periods of 10 minutes, W. Gale, England, 1877. 1,977½ miles in 1,000 consecutive hours, E. P. Weston, London, 1879. Greatest walk without a rest, 121½ miles, C. A. Harriman, California, 1883. Portland, Me., to Chicago, 1,234 miles, 30 days 17 hours, E. P. Weston (28 years) 1867; same in 1907 (68 years), in about 29 days.

Running (Professional)—100 miles in 13.26.30, 300 miles in 58.17.06, Charles Rowell, New York, 1882. 623 miles in 144 hours, G. Littlewood, New York, 1888.

NOTABLE ATHLETIC FEATS.

NOTABLE ATHLETIC FEATS.

Throwing—Lacrosse ball—497 ft. 7½ in., B. Quinn, Ottawa, 1902. Baseball—135 yds. ½ in., Ed. Crane, 1884. 135 2-3 yds., Larry Twitchell (unofficial) 1889. Cricket ball—347 ft., J. Van Iffiand, Kingston, Ont., 1883.

Football—Place kick, 200 ft. 8 in., W. P. Chadwick, Exeter, N. H., 1887. Drop kick, 189 ft. 11 in., P. O'Dea, Madison, Wis., 1898.

1855. Gloves—Andy Bowen and J. Burke, 7h, 19m. (110 rounds to a draw), New Orleans, 1893. Shortest fight with gloves—Battling Nelson knocked out W. Rossier, 3s., at Harvey, Ill., 1902. Largest number of rounds—Jack Jones defeated Patsy Tunney, 276 rounds, 4½ hours, England, 1825. Largest prize—Johnson and Jeffries, July 4, Reno, Nev., 1910, \$121,000, including a bonus of \$10,000 each. Largest side stake—\$22,500, Jack Cooper and W. Bendoff, South Africa, 1889.

MEDLEY RACE.

7. M-mile walk, ¼-mile run, ¼-mile bicycle, ¼-mile horseback, ¼-mile row, ¼-mile swim—15m. 42s., L. de B. Handley, K. A. C., Bayonne, N. J., September 2, 1900.

NEW ATHELETIC RECORDS.

NEW ATHELETIC RECORDS.

The following amateur, track, field and swimming records were accepted as authentic at the annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union held in New York City, November 18, 1912;
Running—100 metres—10 4-5s. First heat, R. G. Craig, Detroit Y. M. C. A. Final heat, H. P. Drew, Springfield H. S. At Eastern tryouts, held at Cambridge, Mass., June 8, 1912. 1,500 metres—3m. 55 4-5s., A. R. Kivlat, I. A. A. C., at Eastern tryouts, held at Cambridge, Mass., June 8, 1912. 600-yard run—1m. 21 2-5s., Ed. Frick, New York A. C., at New York A. C. games, Travers Island, N.Y., September 28, 1912. 5,000 metres (indoor)—15m. 5 4-5s., G. V. Bonhag, I. A. A. C., at Irish-American games, Madison Square Garden, January 25, 1912. 5,000 metres (outdoor)—15m. 6 2-5s., L. Scott, South Paterson A. C., at New York Post-Office Cirks' games, Celtic Park, Long Island, May 26, 1912. 8,000 metres (outdoor)—25m. 44s., W. Kramer, Long Island A. C., at Metropolitan Association Ciub's games, Celtic Park, Long Island, June 2, 1912. 120-yard high hurdles—15 1-5s., J. P. Nicholson, Missouri University, at Western intercollegiate conference meet, Lafayette, Ind., June 1, 1912.

June 1, 1912. Pole Vault

June 1, 1912.

Pole Vault—13 ft. 1 in.—R. A. Gardner, Yale University, at the Intercollegiate championships, Franklin Field, Philadelphia, Pa., June 1, 1912. 13 ft. 2½ in.—M. S. Wright, Dartmouth University, at Eastern tryouts, Cambridge, Mass, June 8, 1912.

Throwing the Javelin—166 ft. 10 in.—H. G. Lott, Mohawk A. C., at Junior Met. championships, Ceitic Park, Long Island, August 31, 1912.

Running High Jump—6 ft. 6½ in.—G. L. Horine, Stanford University, in dual meet with University of Southern California, at Stanford, Cal., March 29, 1912. 6 ft. 4½ in.—S. C. Lawrence, Boston A. A., at Boston, Mass, February 9, 1912.

Throwing the Discus—8 ft. 2½ in. circle, right and left hand, 252 ft. 8½ in.—James Duncan, unattached. Right hand, 156 ft. 1½ in. Left hand, 96 ft. 7½ in., at New York Post-Office Clerks' games, Celtic Park, Long Island, May 27, 1912. 7 ft. circle—J. Duncan, 145 ft. 9½ in., at Metropolitan Association Club's games, Celtic Park, Long Island, June 2, 1912.

Walking—1-mile walk, 6m. 28s. (Indoor)—G. Goulding, at 74th Infantry games, held at Buffalo, December 16, 1911.

Walking—1-mile walk, (December 16, 1911.
Putting 21-Pound Shot-

December 18, 1911.

December 18, 1911.

December 18, 1911.

December 19, 1911.

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The record committee also approved the following Olympic and world's records made by American athletes at the Olympic games, at Stockholm, Sweden, 1912:—100 metres—10 3-5s., Donald Lippincott; 400 metres—48 1-5s., Charles Reidpath; 800 metres—1m. 51 9-10s., J. E. Meredith; 830 yards—1m. 52 ½s., J. E. Meredith; 1,600-metre relay—3m. 16 3-5s., C. D. Reidpath, M. W. Sheppard, J. E. Meredith and F. Lindberg; running high jump—6 tr. 3.98 ln., A. W. Richards; running broad jump—24 ft. 11 1.5 ln., Albert Gutterson; pole vault—12 ft. 11½ ln., Harry Babcock; shot—16-pound, 50 ft. 3.9 ln., Patrick McDonald; shot—both hands, 90 ft. 5.4 ln., Ralph Rose; hammer—16-pound, 179 ft. 7.1 ln., M. J. McGrath.

Swimming Records—50 yards—bath, 2 turns, 23 3-5s., Kenneth Huszagh, C. A. A., Illinois A. C. bath, Chicago, Ill., March 12, 1912. 50 yards—straightaway, tidal sait water, 24 1-5s., Duke P.

NEW ATHLETIC RECORDS-Continued.

NEW ATHLETIC RECORDS—Conduned.

Kahanamoku, H. S. C., Honolulu, H. T., August 12, 1911. (Made at high tide, not aided by current.) 100 yards—straightaway, tidal salt water, 55 2-5s., Duke P. Kahanamoku, H. S. C., Honolulu, H. T., August 12, 1911. (Made at high tide, not aided by current.) 220 yards—open still water, 1 turn, 2m. 40s., Duke P. Kahanamoku, H. S. C., Verona Lake, Montcair, N. J., June 11, 1912. 440 yards—bath, 21 turns, 5m. 23 2-5s., Perry McGillivray, Illinols A. C., Illinols A. C. bath, Chicago, Ill., October 31, 1912. 1 mile—open still salt water, 21 turns, 25m. 36 1-5s., L. B. Goodwin, N. Y. A. C., Steeplechase Park natactrium, Coney Island, N. Y., September 10, 1912. Back stroke—150 yards, bath, 7 turns, 1m. 52s., H. J. Hebner, Illinols A. C., Illinols A. C. bath, Chicago, Ill., February 15, 1912. Breast stroke—200 yards, bath, 9 turns, 2m. 38 4-5s., Michael McDermott, C. A. A., Chicago A. A. bath, Chicago, Ill., March 13, 1912. Relay racing—400 yards, 4 men, 100 yards each, 20-yard bath, 3m. 51 2-5s., Illinols A. C. team—(T. W. Winans, 1m. 2-5s., A. C. Raithet, 58 1-5s.; H. J. Hebner, 55 4-5s.; Perry McGillivray, 57s.) Illinols A. C. bath, Chicago, Ill., April 27, 1912. Relay racing—500 yards, 5 men, 100 yards each, 20-yard bath, 4m. 52 3-5s., Illinols team (above and Robert Foster, 1m. 1 1-5s.), Illinols A. C. bath, Chicago, Ill., April 27, 1912. Plunging—1m. time ilmit, bath, 80 ft., F. B. Willis, U. of Penn, U. of P. bath, Philadelphia, Pa., March 9, 1912.

Best Endoor Records.

Sester, 1m. 1 1-5s.), Illinois A. C. bath, Chicago, Ill., April 27, 1912. Plunging—Im. time limit, bath, Soft, F. B. Willis, U. of Pennit, Philadelpinia, Pa., March 9, 1912.

Sigst Yathour Strough.

(Accepted by Amateur Athetet Union up to close of 1911. For year 1912 see Index for latest accepted A. A. U. Records.)

**Forty yards—W. D. Eaton, at Boston, Mass., 42-5s. 50 yards—W. D. Eaton, at Boston, Mass., 52-5m. of 1918. See Index for latest accepted A. A. U. Records.)

**Forty yards—W. D. Eaton, at Boston, Mass., 42-5s. 50 yards—W. D. Eaton, at Boston, Mass., 52-5m. of 12 yards—W. D. Eaton, at Boston, Mass., 42-5s. 50 yards—W. D. Eaton, at Records, March 30, 1908. 64-5s. D. W. J. Kers., 18 years, 1909. A property of the property of t

College Athletics.

INTERCOLLEGIATE AMATEUR ATHLETIC A CHAMPIONSHIPS. ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

INTERCOLLEGIATE AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA CHAMPIONSHIPS.

The thirty-seventh annual meet was held at Franklin Field, Philadelphia, Pa., on May 30 and June 1. Five new records were created. The points scored follows: Pennsylvania, 28; Cornell, 74; Michigan, 15; Harvard, 13; Columbia, 13; Syracuse, 12; Dartmouth, 11½; Yale, 16; Wesleyan, 7; Brown, 6; Princeton, 5; Bowdoin, 2; Rutgers, 2; M. I. T., 1.

The results by events follow: Track Events—100-yard dash—First semi-final heat—Won by Robertson, Syracuse; second, Cornet, Cornell; third, Olson, Dartmouth. Time—10 1-5s. Second semi-final heat—Won by Thomas, Princeton; second, Jacobs, Columbia; third, Bond, Michigan, Time—10 1-5s. Final heat—Won by Thomas, Princeton; second, Jacobs, Columbia; third, Robertson, Syracuse; fourth, Olson, Dartmouth. Time—10 1-5s. Second semi-final heat—Won by Reidpath, Syracuse; second, Degozzoldi, Harvard. Time—22: S. Second semi-final heat—Won by Reidpath, Syracuse; second, Degozzoldi, Harvard. Time—22: S. Final heat—Won by Reidpath, Syracuse; second, Mercer, Pennsylvania; third, Olson, Dartmouth; fourth, Degozzoldi, Harvard. Time—21: 2-5s. 440-yard dash—Final—Won by Reidpath, Syracuse; second, Haff, Michigan; third, Cozzens, Cornell; fourth, Ranney, Harvard. Time—48s. (New intercollegiate record; old record, 48: 4-5s., held by Taylor, Pennsylvania; Young, Amherst.) S80-yard dash—Final—Won by Jones, Cornell; second, Putnam, Cornell; third, Snyder, Cornell; fourth, German, Massachusetts Tech. Time—1m. 53: 4-5s. (new record; old record, in: 54: 4-5s., held by Jones, One mile run—Deat heat between Tabor, Brown, and Jones, Cornell; third, Harvard; Second, McCurdy, Pennsylvania; third, Hambaugh, Michigan; fourth, Berna, Cornell. Time—4m. 20: 1-5s. Two mile run—Won by Wthington, Harvard; second, McCurdy, Pennsylvania; third, Harbar, Beat—Won by Havens, Rutgers; second, Griffith, Pennsylvania; third, Larkin, Yale. Time—15: 3-5s. Second semi-final heat—Won by Wendeli, Wesleyan; fourth, Bradyock, Pennsylvania; third, Champlin, S

tnird, Tilly, Dartmouth, 155 it. 7 in.; fourth, Kohler, Michigan, 150 it. 6 in.

BEST I. C. A. A. A. A. RECORDS.

100-yard dash—9 4-5s., B. J. Weiers, Georgetown University, New York, May 30, 1896, and R. C. Craig, Michigan, Cambridge, Mass., May 26 and 27, 1911. 220-yard dash—21 1-5s., B. J. Weiers, Georgetown University, New York, May 30, 1896, and R. C. Craig, Michigan, Philadelphia, May 28, 1910, and Cambridge, Mass., May 27, 1911. 440-yard run—45s., C. D. Reidpath Syracass. Philadelphia, June 1, 1912. Half-mile run—1 in. 54 4-5s., J. Cones, Coole, Reidpath Syracass. Philadelphia, June 1, 1912. Half-mile run—1 in. 54 4-5s., J. Cones, Coole, Reidpath Syracass. May 12, 1911. Two-mile run—9m. 24 2-5s., P. Withingtones, Smell, Banker, J. June 1912. Running broad jump—6 42 4-5s., T. Withingtone, Harvard, Philadelphia, Pa., June 1912. Running broad jump—6 44. 4-5 in. Moff. Krenzigh, Pennsylvania, New York, May 27, 1899. Running blight in 10-3c, pp. 1895. Running blight in 1895. Runni

New York, May 28, 1898. One-mile walk—6m. 45 2-5s., W. B. Fetterman, Jr., Pennsylvania, New York, May 28, 1898.

WESTERN INTERCOLLEGIATE COLLEGE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Twelfth annual meet, held at Lafayette. Ind., June 1. Score by college teams follows: University of California, 41 1-3; University of Missouri, 29 1-3; University of Illinois, 26; University of Chicago, 15; University of Wisconsin, 12½; Coe College, 10; Minnesota, 8; Northwestern, Ames and Oberlin, 5 each; Wabash, 4 1-3; Iowa, Purdue, Earlnam, 1 each; Depauw, ½.

The results by events follow: 100-yard dash—Won by Wilson, Coe; Wood, California, second; Linn, Northwestern, third; Tormey, Wisconsin, fourth. Time—10s. 120-yard hurdles—Won by Nicholson, Missouri; Case, Illinois, second; Beeson, California, third; Kuh, Chicago, Gurth. Time—15 1-5s. 440-yard run—Won by Davenport, Chicago; Bermond, Missouri, second; Sanders, Missouri, Madise, California, second; Beeson, California, third; Shaw, Northwestern, fourth. Time——9 4-5s. 220-yard durdles—Won by Kirksey, Missouri; Madise, California, second; Beeson, California, third; Shaw, Northwestern, fourth. Time—21-5s. Half-mile run—Won by Davenport, Chicago; Bermond, Missouri, second; Cortis, Illinois, third; Linn, Northwestern, fourth. Time—21-5s. Half-mile run—Won by Davenport, Chicago; Bermond, Missouri, econd; Lindeberg, Minnesota, third; Cope, Illinois, fourth. Time—1m. 58s. One-mile run—Won by Farquhar, Iowa State; Wood, California, second; B. Brunner, University of Ohio, Hird; Calvin, Purdue, fourth. Time—4m. 28 1-5s. Two-mile run—Won by Metcalf, Oberlin; Seaton, Wisconsin, second; Wood, California, third; White, Wisconsin, total for first; Walker, Depauw, and Wahl, Wisconsin, tied for fourth. Helght—5 ft. 11 in. Pole voult—Won by Murphy, Illinois, Vall, California; Nicholson, Missourl, and Ellis, Wabash, ted for first; Walker, Depauw, and Wahl, Wisconsin, tied for fourth. Helght—5 ft. 11 in. Pole voult—Won by Miten, California; Ree, California, Second; Belting, Illinois, third; Hoover, Wabash, fourth. Dist

BEST CONFERENCE RECORDS. 100-yard dash—9 4-5s.; W. W. May, Chicago, June 1, 1907, and June 6, 1908. 220-yard run around a turn—22s.; William Hogenson, Chicago, June 3, 1905; H. J. Huff, Grinnell, June 1, 1907. 440-yard run—48 4-5s.; I. Davenport, Chicago, June 4, 1910. 880-yard run—1m. 56 3-5s.; I. Davenport, Chicago, June 4, 1910. and June 3, 1911. One-mile run—4m. 20 4-5s.; A. F. Baker, Oberlin, Lufago, June 4, 1910. Two-mile run—9m. 42 4-5s.; T. N. Metcalf, Oberlin, Lafayette, Ind., June 1, 1912. 120-yard high hurdles—15 1-5s.; J. P. Nicholson, Missouri, Lafayette, Ind., June 1, 1912. 220-yard low hurdles around a turn—24 4-5s.; J. Fletcher, Notre Dame, June 4, 1910; George Poage, Wisconsin, June 4, 1904; F. Smithson, Notre Dame, June 1, 1907. Pole vault—12 ft. 47-8 ln.; Le Roy Samse, Indiana, Evanston, June 9, 1906. Running high jump—6 ft. 5-8 in.; W. French, Kansas, June 4, 1910. Running broad jump—23 ft. 1 in.; Allen, California, June 3, 1911. Putting 16-pound shot—47 ft. ½ in.; Ralph Rose, Michigan, June 4, 1904. Throwing 16-pound hammer—157 ft. 1 in.; H. L. Thomas, Purdue, June 4, 1904. Throwing the discus—140 ft. 2½ in.; J. C. Garrels, Michigan, June 3, 1905. One-mile relay (4 men)—3m. 26 2-5s.; H. Gorman, N. Barker, R. L. Quigley, C. A. Blair, June 3, 1905.

PACIFIC COAST CONFERENCE MEET.

PACIFIC COAST CONFERENCE MEET.

Third annual meet held at Berkeley, Cal., May 4. Points scored by colleges: California, 62; Oregon, 23; Stanford, 17; Washington, 11; Pomona, 8; So. California, 3; Nevada, 1; St. Ignatius, 1. Results by events—Mile run—Won by McClure, Oregon; Wood, California, second; Huggins, Oregon, third. Time—4m. 24-2-5s. (new coast record.) 100-yard dash—Won by Courtney, Washington; Stanton, California, second; Wood, California, third. Time—10 2-5s. 120-yard hurdles—Won by Hawkins, Oregon; Kelly, U. S. C., second; Beson, California, third. Time—15 4-5s. 440-yard dash—Won by Gllette, Pomona; Vitousek, California, second; Bringham, Nevada, third, Time—50 4-5s. Two-mile run—Won by McClure, Oregon; Crabbe, California, second; Dodge, Stanford, third. Time—9m. 55 1-5s. 220-yard hurdles—Won by Maclise, California; Beeson, California, second; Hawkins, Oregon, third. Time—25 2-5s. 220-yard dash—Won by Stanton, California; Courtney, Washington, second; Brown, Stanford, third. Time—23 3-5s. 880-yard run—Won by Bonett, Stanford; Smith, California, Second; O'Shea, St. Ignatius, third. Time—2m. 02s. Hammer throw—Won by Shattuck, California, Coolidge, California, second; Rice, California, third. Distance—164 ft. 2 ln. Shotput—Won by Whe, California, Hale, California, Second; Coolidge, California, third. Distance—46 ft. 4½ ln. High jump—Won by Horine, Stanford; Beeson, California, second; Illil, California, third. High third. High third. High third. High third. Pictance—23 ft. 53½ ln. Pole vault—Won by Vali, California; Barnes, Pomona, second; Miller, Stanford, third. Hight 12 ln. Javelin throw—Won by Nell, Oregon; Grace, Washington, second; third. Helght 12 ln. Javelin throw—Won by Nell, Oregon; Grace, Washington, second; third. Helght 12 ln. Javelin throw—Won by Nell, Oregon; Grace, Washington, second; third. Helght 12 ln. Stanford, third. Distance—151 tt. 6 ln.

NEW YORK STATE INTERCOLLEGIATE A. U. MEET.

NEW YORK STATE INTERCOLLEGIATE A. U. MEET.

Held at Hamilton, N. Y., on May 30. Colgate won with 60 9-10 points. Hamilton was second with 34, 8t. Lawrence third with 23 7-10, and Union last with 22 2-5 points.

The results by events: One-mile run—Won by Gould, Colgate; Rogers, Union, second; Calder, St. Lawrence third Markwick, Colgate, fourth. Time—im. 35s. 440-yard run—Won by Baker, Colgate; Adams, Colgate, second; Lee, Hamilton, third; Shaul, Hamilton, fourth. Time—52 2-5s. 120-yard high hurdles—Won by Pickard, Colgate; Cassidy, Colgate, second; Baker, Union, hird; fourth man disqualified. Time—17s. 100-yard run—Won by Riddell, Hamilton; Williams, St. Lawrence, second; Huntington, Colgate, third; Robinson, Hamilton, fourth. Time—10 2-5s. Two-mile run—Won by Eggleston, Hamilton; Carney, Colgate, second; Calder, St. Lawrence, third; Bergstrom, Colgate, fourth. Time—9m. 59s. 880-yard run—Won by Lebarson, Union, Gould, Colgate, second; Mann, Hamilton, third; Van Nostrand, Colgate, second; Time—2m. 2s. 220-yard low hurdles—Won by Wenigmann, Hamilton; Carney, Colgate, second; Pickard, Colgate, third; Welch, St. Lawrence, fourth. Time—26 4-5s. 220-yard run—Won by Riddell, Hamilton, Huntington, Colgate, second; Williams, St. Lawrence, Lift; Robinson, Hamilton, second; Swartout, Colgate, third; Cook, Colgate, fourth. Winning distance—40 4t. 11 in. Pole value, Colgate, Swartout, Colgate, Lift; Cook, Colgate, fourth, Winning distance—18 in. Pole value, Colgate, Swartout, Colgate, Hamilton, Second; Sweet, St. Lawrence, Hird; Thurber, Colgate, Suct Hort Hord, Winning height=5 ft. 64 in. Throw-Won by McLoughlin, Colgate; Baker, Union, second; Carsid, Sweet, St. Lawrence, Hird; Thurber, Colgate, Houth, Winning distance—21 ft. 7½ in.

NEW ENGLAND INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Held at Springfield, Mass., May 17 and 18. Summary of Points—Dartmouth, 46; Brown, 23; M. I. T., 16; Bates, 12; Wesl-yan, 10; Colby, S. Vernont, S. Maine, 6½; Bowdoin, 6; Holy Cross, 5; Williams, 5; Worcester Polytecanic, 5; Trintry, 2½; Amherst, I. Results by Events: 100-yard dash—Wo b F. T. Nadini, Colby; F. Burns, Brown, second; H. Rubins, B. I. T., third; C. O. Dourmouth, Fourth, Jourth, Time—10:1-5s. 220-yard dash—Wo h F. T. Nadini, Colby; F. Burns, Brown, second; H. Rubins, B. I. T., third; C. O. Dourmouth, second; F. T. Nardini, Colby; third; C. A. Lyman, Williams, 100-18, Brown, 23:5s. 44-yard run—Won by J. H. McLoughlin, Holy Cross; T. R. Guething, M. I. T. second; E. L. Steinert, Dartmouth, third; C. B. Haskell, Bowdoin, fourth. Time—5:14-5s. 880-yard run—Won by J. M. Dolan, Dartmouth; W. R. Bylund, M. I. T., second; E. J. Marceau, M. I. T., third; G. F. Si nson, Williams, fourth. Time—15:91-5s. Mile run—Won by N. S. Taber, Brown; R. L. Keith, Worcester, Polytechnic, second; P. S. Harmon, Dartmouth, third; E. D. Germain, M. I. T., fourth. Time—4m. 25:2-5s. Two-mile run—Won by A. Power, Maine; H. T. Ball, Dartmouth, second; H. H. Hall, Bowdoin, third; W. R. Waterman, Brown, fourth. Time—6m. 25:2-5s. Two-mile run—won by J. I. Wendell, Wesleyan; V. S. Blanchard, Bates, second; H. A. Woodman, Bates, third; J. C. Dewey, Williams, fourth. Time—15:4-5s. 220-yard hurdle—Won by J. I. Wendell, Wesleyan; A. L. Gutterson, Vernont, second; V. S. Blanchard, Bates, second; W. H. Marble, Brown, fourth. Time—24:4-5s. Running hirn jump—P. W. Dalrymple, M. I. T., and H. B. Earlight, Dartmouth, tied for first place at 6 ft. 7-16 in, (a new record); D. R. Mason, Dartmouth, third, height—5 ft. 8½ in. Broad jump—Won by A. L. Gutterson, Vermont, distance—21:16. 17:6 in. a new record); H. P. Faulkner, Bowdoin, second, distance—21:16. 6½ in. Pole vault—Won by M. S. Wight, Dartmouth, height—12:16. 6¾ in. (a new record); H. Rose, Maine, and C. E. Buek, Dartmouth, tied for rish place, at 11:16. Shopt—12:16. 6¾ in. H. Pole vault—W

Tilley, Dartmouth, second, distance—142 ft. 1 ¼ in.; W. T. Englehorn, Dartmouth, third, distance—141 ft. 10 ¼ in.; H. P. Balley, Maine, fourth, distance—132 ft. 1 ¼ in.

PACIFIC NORTHWESTERN CONFERENCE CHAMPIONSHIPS

Held at Portland, Ore., June 1. Score by points: University of Oregon, 57; University of Washington, 23; Whitman College, 21; Oregon Agricultural College, 18; Washington State College, 11; Idaho, 5.

ington, 23; Whitman Colege, 21; Oregon Agricultural College, 18; Washington State College, 11; Idaho, 5.

Results by Events—100-yard dash—First heat—Won by Courtney, University of Washington; Baker, A. C., second. Time—10½s. Seond heat—Won by Cooke, W. S. C.; Kinder, W. C., second. Time—102-5s. Final—Won by Baker; Courtney, second, Cooke, third. Time—10s. Pole vault—Won by Williams, U. of O., helpht—11 ft. 81c, Williams, U. of W., second, helpht—11 ft. 5 in.; Bayman U. of W., third, helght—11 ft. 880-yard run—Won by McClurc, U. of O.; Bartlett, W. S. C., šecond; Schultz, W. S. C., third. Time—2m. Broad jump—Won by Hawkins, U. of O.; Bartlett, W. S. C., šecond; Schultz, W. S. C., third. Time—2m. Broad jump—Won by Hawkins, U. of O.; Glatance—19 ft. 2 inches; Williams, U. of W., second, distance—20 ft. 8 in.; Burdlek, O. A. C., third, distance—19 ft. Williams, U. of O.; third. Time—4m. 43 3-5s. Shotput—Won by Klogg, U. of O.; distance—39 ft. 49 in.; Nelli, Whitman C., second, distance—38 ft. 11 in.; Patten, U. of W., third, distance—37 ft. 9½ in. 440-yard dash—won by Bloomqulst, Whitman C.; Walters, O. A. C., second; Mitchen, University of Idaho, third. Time—50 3-5s. Hammer throw—Won by Klogg, U. of O.; Patten, U. of W., second; McKenzle, O. A. C., third. Distance—138 ft. 5 in. 220-yard dash—Won by Cooke, W. S. C.; Courtney, U. of W., second; Bloomqulst, Whitman C., third. Time—22 2-5s. 220-yard burdles—Won by Hawkins, U. of O.; Barrett, Whitman C., third. Time—25 3-5s. Hgb iump—Won by Bowman, U. of W., Powell, O. A. C., second; Thomsson, U. of W., third. Helght—6 ft. ¼ in. Discus throw—Won by McCoy, Whitman C., distance—116 ft. 5 in.; Nelli, Whitman C., second; Millams, O. A. C., third. Distance—116 ft. 5 in.; Love, W. S. C., third, distance—116 ft. 4 in. Javelin throw—Won by Nelligh, O. A. C., second; Southern Discuss throw—Won by McCoy, Whitman C., distance—116 ft. 4 in. Javelin throw—Won by Nelligh, O. A. C., second; Thomsson, U. of W., second; Bloomqulst, Whitman C., bird, distance—116 ft. 4 in. Javelin throw

tt. 4 in. Javelin throw—Won by Neill, Whitman C.; Phillips, U. of I., second; McKenzie, O. A. C., third. Distance—164 ft. 9 in.

Held at Baltimore, May 4. Score by points: Johns Hopkins, 48½; North Carolina, 28; A. and M., 24; V. P. I., 23½; Washington and Lee, 15; Georgetown, 13; Opkins; second, Glass, Washington and Lee, 15; Georgetown, 13; Opkins; second, Glass, Washington and Lee, 15; Georgetown, 13; Opkins; second, Glass, Washington and Lee, 15; Georgetown, 13; Opkins; second, Glass, Washington and Lee, third, Hunter, Johns Hopkins, Time—23, 2-5s. Hammer throw—Won by Toylo, Agricultural and Mchanical; second, Hutt, Agricultural and Rechanical; third, Dignan, Johns Hopkins; Hopkins; second, Coan, Ocan, Caroling, Caroling, 16; May 16; Ma

Hopkins; second, Strong, North Carolina; third, Costello, Georgetown; lourth, Iappan, Johns Hopkins; Height—Il ft. 5½ in.

NORTH CAROLINA INTERCOLLEGIATE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Held at Raleigh, N. C., April 27. Scores by points: North Carolina, 67½; Wake Forest, 33; Agricultural and Mechanical, 2½; Davidson, 12; Trinity, 4; Guildord, 2; Elon, 6.

Results by Events; 100-yard dash—Won by Mason, U. N. C.; Sears, U. N. C., second; Gilchrist, Davidson, third; Fuller, Davidson, fourth. Time—10 2-5s. One-mile run—Won by Paterson, U. N. C.; Spence, U. N. C., second; Trotter, A. and M., third; Hart, W. F. C., fourth. Time—4m. 43 1-5s. 220-yard hurdles—Won by Prince, U. N. C.; Gilchrist, Davidson, second; Herring, W. F. C., third; Houck, A. and M., fourth. Time—27 4-5s. Quarter—mile run—Won by Wakeley, U. N. C.; Mayberry, W. F. C., second; Negels, Davidson, third; Clark, U. N. C., fourth. Time—54s. 120-yard hurdles—Won by Hutchins, W. F. C.; Wolcott, U. N. C., second; Thompson, Davidson, third; Siler, Trinity, fourth. Time—17 2-5s. 22-yard run—Won by Mason, U. N. C.; Tyner, W. F. C., second; Short, Guillford, third; Kanipe, Trinity, fourth. Time—23 4-5s. Two-mile run—Won by Patterson, U. N. C.; Cobb, U. N. C., second; Smith, A. and M., third; Harris, A. and M., fourth. Time—10m. 19s. Hall-mile run—Won by Spencer, U. N. C.; Boylan, A. and M., second; Whiting, U. N. C., third; McIvor, A. and M., fourth. Time—23 4-5s. Shot put—Won by Floyd, A. and M.; Hutchins, W. F. C., second; Barringer, Trinity, third; Parker, U. N. C., fourth. Distance—38 ft. 10½ in. Pole vault—Won by Strong, U. N. C.; Huett, A. and M., second; Carter, U. N. C.; Hutchins, W. F. C., second; Johnson, Davidson, third; Langston, W. F. C., second; Abernathy, U. N. C., third; Mayberry, W. F. C., fourth. Height—10 ft. 4 in. High jump—Won by Wolcott, U. N. C.; Hutchins, W. F. C., second; Johnson, Davidson, third; Langston, W. F. C., and Hutchins, W. F. C., second; Johnson, Davidson, third; Langston, W. F. C., the for second; Brouck, A. and M., fourth. Distance—20 ft.

WESTERN CONFERENCE INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIPS.
Second annual meet held at Chicago, March 30. Scores: Illinois, 31; Wisconsin, 29; Northwestern, 21½; Chicago, 20; Minnesota, 4.
Results by Events: Oge-mile run—Won by Cleveland, Wisconsin; Thorsen, Northwestern,

second; Bradish, Wisconsin, third; Cope, Illinois, fourth. Time—4m. 32 4-5s. 50-yard high hurdles, first heat—Won by Case, Illinois; Ofstle, Wisconsin, second. Time—7s. 50-yard high hurdles, first heat—Won by Case, Illinois; Ofstle, Wisconsin, second. Time—7s. Final heat—Won by Case, Illinois; Pierce, Northwestern, second. Wisconsin, third. Time—7s. 50-yard dash, first heat—Won by Wilson, Illinois; Tormey, Wisconsin, third. Time—7s. 50-yard dash, first heat—Won by Wilson, Illinois; Tormey, Wisconsin, second. Time—5 3-5s. Second heat—Won by Linn, Northwestern; Casner, Illinois, second. Time—5 3-5s. Final heat—Won by Linn, Northwestern; Wilson, Illinois, second; Tormey, Wisconsin, third; Casner, Illinois, fourth. Time—5 4-5s. 440-yard run—Won by Sanders, Illinois; Davenport, Chicago, second; Cortis, Illinois, third; Schley, Wisconsin, fourth. Time—5s. Two-mile run—Won by Seaton, Wisconsin; White, Wisconsin, second; Colvin, Purdue, third; Thorsen, Northwestern, fourth. Time—10m. 1 2-5s. Half-mile run—Won by Davenport, Chicago, Henderson, Illinois, second; Shaughnessy, Minnesota, third; Moody, Wisconsin, fourth. Time—2m. 3 3-5s. Pole vault—Won by Murphy, Illinois, height, 12 ft.; Coyle, Chicago, second, height, 11 ft. 6 in.; Phelps of Purdue and Ray of Northwestern tled for third, height, 10 ft. 6 in. Running high jump—Won by Wahl, Wisconsin, howestern, distance, 45 ft. 3½ in.; Menaul, Chicago, second, distance, 48 ft. 11½ in.; Frank, Minnesota, third, distance, 41 ft. 9½ in.; Buser, Wisconsin, fourth, Mistance, 40 ft. 4½ in. One-mile relay—Won by Filton, Hunder, Cortis, Sanders); Northwestern, second; Wisconsin, third; Chicago, fourth. (Wilson, Hunte

(Wilson, Hunter, Cortis, Sanders); Northwestern, second; Wisconsin, third; Chicago, fourth-Time—3m. 41s.

METROPOLITAN INTERCOLLEGIATE MEET.

Held at New York City, April 20. Score by colleges: Columbia, 162½; New York University, 11; College City New York, 3½.

Results by Events: 100-yard dash—Won by F. L. Brady, Columbia; F. Kaufman, Columbia, second; R. Ormsbee, Columbia, third. Time—10 3-5s. 220-yard dash—Won by F. L. Brady, Columbia; T. B. Patton, Columbia, second; L. MeManus, New York University, third. Time—23 4-5s. 440-yard run—Won by R. M. Bonsit, Columbia; T. M. Gurney, New York University, second; J. J. Barrett, New York University, third. Time—53s. Half-mile run—Won by F. Mac-Donald, Columbia; W. Buckisch, Columbia, second; H. Whelan, Columbia, third. Time—2m. 61-5s. One-mile run—Won by S. M. Janney, Columbia; E. F. Verplanck, Columbia, second; G. Sieburn, College of the City of New York, third. Time—4m. 43 4-5s. Two-mile run—Won by H. W. Evans, Columbia; H. Thorn, New York University, second; E. Slade, Columbia, third, Time—10m. 13s. 120-yard high hurdles—Won by H. S. Babcock, Columbia; S. E. Graham, Columbia, second; B. Roth, College of the City of New York, third. Time—17: 5s. 220-yard low hurdles—Won by N. B. Ward, Columbia; R. Hegeman, Columbia, second; F. Schang, College of the City of New York, third. Time—17: 5s. 220-yard low hurdles—Won by N. B. Ward, Columbia, second, with a vault of 10 ft. 6 in.; J. L. White, New York University, second, with a vault of 10 ft.; H. C. Dickinson, Columbia, third, with a vault of 9 ft. 6 in. Shot put—Won by H. S. Babcock, Columbia, with a put of 47 ft. 6 ½ in.; R. Hale, Columbia, second, with a jump of 21 ft. 6 ½ in.; R. B. Ward, Columbia, second, with a jump of 21 ft. 9 in.; D. Tenney, Columbia, third, with a put of 47 ft. 6 in. Running broad jump—Won by H. S. Babcock, Columbia, with a jump of 21 ft. 6 in. Running broad jump—Won by H. S. Babcock, Columbia, with a jump of 21 ft. 6 in. Running broad jump—Won by H. S. Babcock, Columbia, with a put of 47 ft. 6

of 108 ft. 10 ln.; R. Hale, Columbia, third, with a throw of 105 ft. 9 ln.

PENNSYLVANIA RELAY CARNIVAL.

Held at Franklin Fleid, Philadelphia, Pa., April 27. Results of relay championship races: One-mile college championship—Won by Syracuse (Waldron, Champlin, Fegg and Reidpath); second, Illinois (Wilson, Hunter, Cortis and Sanders); third, Pennsylvania (Haydock, Smith, Foster and Mercer); fourth, Chicago (Matthews, Baird, Menaul and Davenport); ifth. Columbia (MacDonald, Patton, Brady and Bonsit); sixth, Ohio Wesleyan (Day, Banks, Bobo and Carver). Time by quarters, 53s.; lm. 44 -5s.; 2m. 35s. and 3m. 24 -5ss. Massachusetts Tech. and McGill University scratched. Two-mile college championship—Won by Pennsylvania (Church, Cross, Levering and Bodley); second, Princeton (Gordon, Sawyer, McKinney and Hayes); third, Minnesota (Tydeman, Chapin, Shaughnessy and Lindberg). Time by half miles—2m. 04s.; thm. 6 4-5s; 6m. 8 4-5s. and 8m. 8 1-5s. Indiana University scratched. Four-mile college championship—Won by Pennsylvania (Guthanz, Langner, Madeira and McCurdy); second, Michigan (Brown, Smith, Hanavan and Haimbaugh); third, Dartmouth (Dolan, Ball, Day and Harman) fourth, Princeton (Bischoff, Howell, Stickney and Curtis). Time by miles—4m. 42 2-5s.; 9m. 20 4-5s.; 13m. 53 2-5s. and 18m. 20 2-5s. Minnesota University scratched. One-mile freshmen championship—Won by Princeton; second, Pennsylvania. Time—3m. 32s. Two starters. One-mile preparatory championship—won by Princeton; second, Pennsylvania. Time—3m. 32s. Two starters. One-mile preparatory championship—won by Polneston; second, Exeter Academy; third, Hill School; Pottstown, Pa. Time—3m. 27 1-5s., breaking the world's scholastic record of 3m. 30 1-5s., made by Centenary Collegiate Institute in 1906. One-mile high school championship—won by Philadelphia Central Manual; second, Eramus Hall, New York; third, Boston English High School; fourth, Brooklyn Manual Training. Time—3m. 36s.

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DUAL AND TRIANGULAR MEETS.

March 9—Olympic A. C., 70; Leland Stanford, 55, at Palo Aito, Cal.

March 16—California, 66 1-3; Southern California, 55 2-3, at Los Angeles, Cal.

March 16—Pomona, 77½; California Freshmen, 44½, at Pomona, Cal.

March 23—Southern California, 64 2-3; California Freshmen, 57 1-3, at Berkeley, Cal.

March 23—Oxford, 5 firsts; Cambridge, 5 firsts, at London, Eng.

March 26—Stanford, 88; Pomona, 24, at Palo Alto, Cal.

March 30—California, 99; Pomona, 23, at Berkeley, Cal.

March 30—Stanford, 86½; Southern California, 35½, at Palo Alto, Cal.

March 30—Michigan, 41; Cornell, 31 (indoor), at Ann Arbor, Mich.

April 37—California, 92½; Olympic A. C., 23½, at Berkeley, Cal.

April 27—Millanis, 77; Missouri, 49, at Columbia, Mo.

April 27—Nevada, 70; St. Mary's, 52, at Reno, Nev.

April 27—Nevada, 70; St. Mary's, 52, at Reno, Nev.

April 27—Nevada, 70; St. Mary's, 52, at Reno, Nev.

April 27—Williams, 96; Wesleyan, 29, at Williamstown, Mass.

April 27—Brown, 39; Worcester, 22; Trinity, 15, at Hartford, Ct.

May 1—Lafayette, 70½; New York University, 33½, at Easton, Pa.

May 4—Pennsylvania, 68; Cornell, 49, 34; Ithaca, N. Y.

May 4—Hektrson, 64; New York University, 47½, at Haverford, Pa.

May 4—Swarthmore, 53½; Lafayette, 43½, at Swarthmore, Pa.

May 4—Swarthmore, 53½; Lafayette, 43½, at Swarthmore, Pa.

May 4—Swarthmore, 53½; Lafayette, 43½, at Swarthmore, Pa.
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- May 11—Yale, 58½; Princeton, 58½ (tle), at New Haven, Ct.
 May 11—Wesleyan, 67; Lafayette, 59, at Middietown, Ct.
 May 11—Haverford, 58; Lehigh, 54, at Haverford, Pa.
 May 11—Pennsylvania, 85; Carlisle, 32; Carnegle, 0, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 May 11—Cornell, 48; Columbia, 41½; Navy, 27½, at Annapolis, Md.
 May 18—Harvard, 71; Yale, 33, at Cambridge, Mass.
 May 18—St. Lawrence, 60; Rochester, 57, at Canton, N. Y.
 May 18—Michigan, 83; Syracuse, 43, at Ann Arbor, Mich.
 May 18—Cornell, 64 2-3; Princeton, 52 1-3, at Princeton, N. J.
 May 18—Pennsylvania, 79; Navy, 38, at Annapolis, Md.
 May 18—Pennsylvania, 79; Navy, 38, at Annapolis, Md.
 May 18—Ysle Freshmen, 63½; Harvard Freshmen, 40½, at New Haven, Ct.
 May 18—Pennsylvania State, 52½; Carlisle, 23½, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 May 25—Carlisle, 71; Lafayette, 41, at Easton, Pa.
 May 25—Carlisle, 71; Lafayette, 41, at Easton, Pa.
 May 25—Carlisle, 76; Swarhmore, 43, at Scattle, Wash.
 May 25—Rutgers, 86; Washington, 54, at Scattle, Wash.
 May 25—Rutgers, 86; Swashington, 54, at Scattle, Wash.
 May 25—Rutgers, 66; Swashington, 54, at Scattle, Wash.
 May 25—Rutgers, 66; Swashington, 54, at Scattle, Wash.
 May 25—Rutgers, 66; Swashington, 54, at Scattle, Wash.
 May 25—Missouri, 60½; Nebraska, 21 1-3; Ames, 17 2-3; Kansas, 17 1-6, at Des Molnes, Iowa.
 June 8—Rutgers, 61; Stevens, 48, at New Brunswick, N. J.
 June 10—Pennsylvania State, 86; Carnegle Tech., 26, at State College, Pa.
 INTERSCHOLASTIC MEETS.

INTERSCHOLASTIC MEETS

INTERSCHOLASTIC MEETS.

February 17—Columbia University Indoor meet at New York City—Won by Newark Central High School, 14 points; St. Paul's School, 13; De Witt Clinton and Poly. Prep., 12.

April 13—Stanford University meet—Won by Citrus Union High School, 28 points; Palo Alto, 14; Occidental Academy, 13; held at Palo Alto, Cal.

April 20—New York University meet at New York City—Won by Tome School of Baltimore, 43 points; De Witt Clinton High School, 11; Lawrenceville School, 10; Pawling School, 9; Stuyvesant, Barringer, Newark Central Commercial and Manual Training High School, 8 points each.

April 27—University of California meet at Berkeley, Cal.—Won by Palo Alto High School, 16½ points; Washington High School of Portland, Ore., 14; Sutter Union High School, 18.

May 4—Triangular track and field meet at Kansas City—Won by Central High School, 48½; Westport, 39½; Manual, 28.

May 4—Princeton interscholastic meet at Princeton—Won by Mercersburg, 30; Hill School, 22½; Lawrenceville, 11½; Philadelphia Central High, 11; St. Paul's, 10; Penn Charter, 8; Mackenzle, 8; Philadelphia Central Manual, 4½; De Lancey, 3¾; Philadelphia Northeast Manual, 3; Philadelphia Scubern Manual, 3.

May 4—Santa Rosa High School meet at Santa Rosa—Won by Santa Rosa High School, 73; Cogswell, 67.

3: Philadelphia Southern Manual, 3.
 May 4—Santa Rosa High School meet at Santa Rosa—Won by Santa Rosa High School, 73;
 Cogswell, 67.
 May 11—Columbia University meet at New York City—Won by Tome School of Baltimore,
 38; De Witt Clinton High School of New York City and Central High School of Newark, 12; Hotch kiss, 9; Stuyvesant, 6.
 May 11—Iowa State Interscholastic meet, Iowa City, Iowa—Won by East Des Molnes, 25;
 Anamosa. 20; Fairfield, 17; Marshalltown, 16; Davenport, 13 1-10; Cedar Rapids, 12 1-5; Ames, 11;
 Rolfe, Dubuque and Columbus Junction, 8 each; Marion, 7 1-10; Cedar Rapids, 12 1-5; Ames, 11;
 Iowa City and Dennison, 5 each; Albia and West Liberty, 3 each; Pomeroy, 3-5.
 May 11—North Central Nebraska High School meet at Pierce, Neb.—Won by Pierce High
 School, 47 points; Plainview, 35; Creighton, 30.
 May 11—Missouri Valley Interscholastic meet at Kansas City—Won by Central High School
 of Kansas City, 26 2-5 points; Westport, 24 1-5; Des Molnes, 20½; St. Joseph, 14½; Manual Train ing, 14 2-5.

May 11—Missouri Valley Interscholastic meet at Kansas City—Won by Central High School of Kansas City, 26 2-5 points; Westport, 24 1-5; Des Moines, 20½; St. Joseph, 14½; Manual Trainling, 14 2-5.

May 11—Southern Nebraska Interscholastic meet at Peru, Neb.—Won by Auburn, 35 points; Pawnee City and Tecumseh, 16.

May 18—Shiddle States interscholastic meet at Philadelphia—Won by Mercersburg, 49; Hill School, 35 3-6; Central High School, 22 1-3; Central Manual Training School, 8; Ocean City High School, 6; Penn Charter, 5½; Northeast Manual Training School, 4; Sidell Friends School, 31-3; Southern High School, 3; Emerson Institute, 2½; George School, 2 1-3; Lawrenceville, 23 1-5; Worcester Academy, 19 1-5; Andover, 15 2-5; Powder Point School, 12; Williston, 10; Legate School, 8; Springfield High, 7 1-5; De Witt Clinton High, 5; St. Paul's, 2; Mackenzle, 2. New Haven, Holyoke and Hartford High Schools did not get a place.

May 18—Hamilton's Interscholastic meet at Clinton, N. Y.—Won by St. John's, 30; Binghamton, 25½; Gouverneur, 2½; Canton, 23½; Syracuse North High School, 10; Albion High School, 9; Masten Park High School of Buffalo, 9; Guilford, 5; Carthage, 3; Lowville, 3; Cazenovia Seminary, 1.

May 18—Colgate Interscholastic meet at Clinton, N. Y.—Won by Lafayette High School of Buffalo, 9; Guilford, 5; Carthage, 3; Lowville, 3; Cazenovia Seminary, 1.

May 25—Westeyan Interscholastic meet at Hamilton, N. Y.—Won by Taft School, 61 points; Springfield High School, 31; Mackenzle School, 26; Hartford High School, 16.

May 25—Harvard Interscholastic meet at Cambridge, Mass.—Won by Phillips Exeter Academy, 35 points; Worcester Academy, 23; Phillips-Andover, 10.

May 25—Worthwestern Interscholastic meet at Evanston, Ill.—Won by Oak Park High School, 32½; Points; Lane High School, 29; Evanston Academy, 21.

May 25—Onthwestern Interscholastic meet at Evanston, Ill.—Won by Milwaukee West Division High School, 28 1-3 points Milwaukee South, 23; Oskosh, 10.

May 30—Exeter vs. Andover dual meet at Exeter, N.H.—Won by Exet

Academy, 35% points; rittsheid, 36%; Holyoke High School, 19.

BEST INTERSCHOLASTIC RECORDS.

50-yard dash—5 3-5s.; E. C. Jessup, St. Louis, Mo., July 4, 1904. 100-yard dash—9 4-5s.; Ernest E. Nelson, Volkmann School, Cambridge, May 2, 1908. 220-yard dash—21 3-5s.; W. Schick, 1900-'01. 440-yard run—48 4-5s.; T. Meredith, Philadelphia, Pa., May 18, 1912. 880-yard run m. 56 4-5s.; T. Meredith, Philadelphia, Pa., May 18, 1912. One-mile run—4m. 26 4-5s.; T. D. Mackenzle, Cambridge, Mass., May 20, 1911. Two-mile run—9m. 53s.; E. Humphreys, Philadelphia, Pa., June 4, 1912. 120-yard hurdles—15 2-5s.; H. Whitted, Palo Alto, Cal., April 13, 1912. 220-yard hurdles—25s.; F. Schouber, 1901. Running high jump—6 ft. 214 in.; J. S. Spraker, Princeton Interscholastic meet, 1899. Running broad jump—23 ft. 5 in.; E. T. Cook, Chillicothe, Ohlo, May 25, 1908. Pole vault—12 ft. 1 in.; Roy Mercer, Princeton Interscholastic meet, May 1, 1909.

Putting 12-pound shot—52 ft. 8 2-5 in.; Raiph Rose, San Francisco, October 10, 1903. Putting 16-pound shot—45 ft. 6½ in.; Raiph Rose, San Francisco, May 2, 1903. Throwing 12-pound hammer —197 ft. ½ in.; L. J. Talbott, Washington, Pa. May 25, 1907. Discus throw—136 ft. 5 in.; J. Mucks, Chicago, Ill., June 10, 1911. One-quarter-mile relay—46 4-5s.; University H. S., Chicago, Ill., June 11, 1910. One-haif-mile relay—1m. 32 2-5s.; Lewis Inst., at Northwestern University, May 28, 1903. One-mile relay—3m. 27 1-5s.; Los Angeles H. S. relay team, Los Angeles, Cal., 1910.

Bowling.

THE sixth annual bowling tournament of the National Bowling Association was held at Paterson, N. J., ending on March 30. The first five in each competition follow:

N. J., ending on March 30. The first five in each competition follow:

N. J., ending on March 30. The first five in each competition follow:

N. J., ending on March 30. The first five in each competition follow:

N. J., ending on the first fir

York, 656.
PREVIOUS NATIONAL BOWLING CHAMPIONS OF THE N. B. A. Individual—1907, G. F. Sauer, New York, 657: 1908, Frederick Schwartie, Brooklyn, 697: 1909, E. Thompson, Brooklyn, 699: 1910, Tony Prio, Brooklyn, 705: 1911, Joseph West, Toronto, 694: 1912, Leo Lucke, Brooklyn, 699. Two-Men Events—1907, John Nelson-Walter Tuthill, Brooklyn, 1,220: 1908, John McGuirk-John Grady, Paterson, N. J., 1,318: 1909, Satterthwalte-Rogers, Philadelphia, 1,298: 1910, Burdine-Eckstein, Washington, 1,305; 1911, Johnson-Kelsey, New Haven, 1,355: 1912, Lindsey-Johnson, New Haven, 1,301.
Five-Men Events—1907, Corinthians, New York, 2,814: 1908, Brunswicks, New York, 2,893: 1909, Corinthian No. 8, New York, 2,899: 1910, Chalmers-Detroit, Chicago, 2,817; 1911, Bonds, Cleveland, 2,969: 1912, Grand Centrals, Rochester, 2,997.
Individual All-round Champions—1907, John J. Voorhles, Brooklyn, 1,956; 1908, W. L. Erdmann, Brooklyn, 1,335: 1909, Frank Hegeman, Brooklyn, 1,908: 1910, George Freeman, Newark, 1,916: 1911, George Brunt, Paterson, 1,894: 1911, George Bungart, Chicago, 1,894: 1912, M. Lindsey, New Haven, 2,031.

N. B. A. TOURNAMENT RECORDS.

Brooklyn, 1,835; 1909, Frank Hegeman, Brooklyn, 1,908; 1910, George Freeman, Newark, 1,916; 1911, George Brunt, Paterson, 1,894; 1911, George Bungart, Chleago, 1,894; 1912, M. Lindsey, New Haven, 2,031.

N. B. A. TOURNAMENT RECORDS.

Individual High Score, One Game—O. Kallusch, 288, Buffalo, 1911. Individual Total, Three Games—Tony Prio, Brooklyn, (Baltimore), 705. Two-Men, Single Game—McGuirk-Grady, Paterson, N. J. (Rochester), 523. Two-Men, Three Game Total—Kelsey-Johnson, New Haven, Ct. (Buffalo, 1911), 1,355. Five-Men, Single Game—Keller Five, Paterson, N. J. (Rochester), 1,060. Five-Men, Total Three Games—Grand Central Club, Rochester, N. Y. (Paterson, N. J., 1912), 225 6-9.

The twelfth annual tournament of the American Bowling Congress was held at Chicago, ending on March 23. The winning teams in the various events, with scores and prizes, follow: The Weight annual tournament of the American Bowling Congress was held at Chicago, ending on March 23. The winning teams in the various events, with scores and prizes, follow: Livery Lawrence, 2,874; Livery Edwards, 24,81,830; Erruswick-Balkes, Chicago, 2,847,847; Germanias, Fort Wayne, 2,846, 8416; Spracka Machines, Indianapolis, 2,841,8376; Klondikes, Toledo, 2,823,825; Newarks, Newark, N. J., 2,813, 8285; Weeghmans, Chicago, 2,809, \$220.

Two-Men Event—Owen-Sutton, Louisville, 1,259, \$425; Weish-Maurer, Youngstown, Ohlo, 1,256, \$375; Boulin-Rolfe, Chicago, 1,241, \$325; Bippen-Beye, St. Louis, 1,236, 8275; Neuman-Munson, Canton, Ill, 1,227, \$225; Swanson-Sallander, Chicago, 1,226, \$200; Pritchett-Goodwin, Indianapolis, 1,220, \$175; Hart-Richards, South Bend, Ind., 1,216, \$150; O'Connell-Whitmarsh, Detroit, 1,213, \$125; Vandertunk-Martin, St. Paul, 1,212, \$100; H. Small, Chicago, 650, \$100; F. Brill, Chicago, 656, \$125; L. Levine, Chicago, 642, \$175; C. Theis, Cleveland, 659, \$150; N. Bruck, Chicago, 656, \$125; L. Levine, Chicago, 642, \$175; C. Theis, Cleveland, 659, \$150; N. Bruck, Chicago, 656, \$125; L. Levine, Chicago, 642, \$100, James Blouin, Cleveland, Oh

The second annual tournament of the New York Bowling Association, held in New York City, d. May 15. The results:

ended May 15. The results:

ended May 15. The results:

Five-Men Events—*Corinthians No. 4, New York City, 2,932; O. K. No. 1, Yonkers, 2,764;

Imperlal No. 1, Jersey City, 2,750; New Rochelle No. 1, New Rochelle, 2,734; Mohegan, Brooklyn,
2,731; Monarch Palace, New York City, 2,713; Metropolitan, New York City, 2,712; Roseville

A., Roseville, N. J., 2,709; Edison Association, New York City, 2,698; Pastime No. 2, New York ty_2,682. * Disqualified.

A. A., Roseville, N. J., 2,709; Edison Association, New York City, 2,695; Fastime Ro. 2, Acc., City, 2,682. * Disqualified.

Two-Men Events—Meyer-Buckholz, Rosedale, New York City, 1,214; Keller-Koster, Krickerbocker, New York City, 1,210; Meany-Strange, Passale, N. J., 1,199; Roberts-Sherwood, Metropolitan, New York City, 1,196; Scannell-Starr, Metropolitan, New York City, 1,198; Reid-Schwebke, Algonquin, New York City, 1,186; Slossfield-Schultz, Underwood, Brooklyn, 1,185; C. Spinella-Price, Mohegan, Brooklyn, 1,181; Freund-Schultz, Underwood, Brooklyn, 1,185; C. Spinella-Price, Mohegan, Brooklyn, 1,181; Freund-Schultz, Pidelia, New York City, 1,180; Pomares-liaff, Edison, New York City, 1,175.

Individual Events—Harold Horton, Yonkers, 664; Dunbar, Mineralite, N. Y., 659; Miller Hoboken, 646; Gardner, New Rochelle, N. Y., 646; Bock, Imperial, Jersey City, 635; Spinella, Aurania, New York City, 634; C. Luhrs, Ardsley, New York City, 627; Gustafson, Gotham Palace, Brooklyn, 627; Koster, Knickerbocker, New York City, 622.

Individual All-Round Event, Average—Koster, Knickerbocker, Knickerbocker, New York City, 202.7; Riddell Brunswick, New York City, 199.7; Buckholz, Rosedale, New York City, 190.7; Riddell Brunswick, New York City, 199.7; Buckholz, Rosedale, New York City, 196.7.

WORLD'S RECORDS MADE IN NATIONAL TOURNAMENTS.

High Individual Score—Louis Vieletich, Kansas City, 280, in A. B. C. tournament at Chicago in 1912. High Individual Total for Three Games—James Smith, Buffalo, N. Y., 771 in Canadian Bowling Association tournament at Toronto, Ont, 1912. High Two-Men, Single Game—John McGuifrk-John Grady, Paterson, N. J., in N. B. A. tournament, Rochester, N. Y., 1918, 523. High, Two-Men, Three-Game Total—Kelsey-Johnson, New Haven, Ct., 1,355, in N. B. A. tournament, Buffalo, N. Y., 1911. High Five-Men, Single Game—Bonds, Columbus, Ohio, in A. B. C. tournament, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1,066, 1908. High Five-Men, Three-Game Total—Grand Central Club, Rochester, N. Y., 297, at N. B. A. tournament, Paterson, N. J., 1912. High Individual Average in all Events—Mortimer Lindsey, New Haven, Ct., 2,031 for 9 games, averaging 225 6-9, in N. B. A. tournament at Paterson, N. J., 1912; James Smith, Buffalo, N. Y., 2,060 for 9 games, averaging 228 8-9, in Canadian Bowling Association tournament at Toronto, Ont., 1912. OTHER WORLD'S RECORDS.

OTHER WORLD'S RECORDS.

Individual, Open, Three Games—William E. Roach, Academy Alleys, Wilmington, Del., 300, 300, 269, total, 869; average, 289 2-3, 1906. Six Games—Lee R. Johns, Oxford Alleys, Newark, 1909, 279, 268, 248, 277, 277, 279, total, 1,628; average, 271 1-3. Head Pin—Oscar Steinquest, Riverside Alleys, New York, 118, 1909. Tournament, Three Games—Charles Schaeder, Amphion Alleys, Brooklyn, 267, 279, 278; average, 271 1-3, 1907. Six Games—Charles Schaeder, Amphion Alleys, Brooklyn, 236, 255, 267, 279, 263, 232; total, 1,537; average, 256 1-6, 1907. Seventy-five Games—Fred B. Egelhoff, Palace Alleys, Brooklyn, average, 230,29, 1906. Greatest Number of 300 Scores—John Koster, of New York, 12. Highest Woman's Score—Mrs. Neille Lester, Lenox Alleys, New York, 277, 1909. Two-Men, Open—Knox-Satterthwaite, Philadelphia, Pa., 537, Febrnary 18, 1912. Three Games—Knox-Satterthwaite, Philadelphia, Pa., 1445, February 18, 1912. Tournament—McGuirk-Grady, of Paterson, N. J., in N. B. A. tournament, Rochester, N. Y., 523, 1908. Three Games—McGuirk-Grady, same place and time, 1,318. Three-Men, Open—Mortimer Lindsey, Glenn Riddell, Alex Dumbar, Columbia Alleys, New York, 757, 1908. Tournament—Imperial team, Brooklyn Palace Tournament, 748, in 1910. Five-Men, Open—All Wooden Balls—Algonquins, New York, Columbia Alleys, New York, 1,175, 1906. Three Games—Brooklyn Interstate Team, Grand Central Alleys, Brooklyn, average, 1,124, 1905. Four Games, same team and place, average 1,124. Tournament—Howard Majors, Chicago, 1,207, 1907; Koenig & Kalser team, St. Louis, Mo., 1,207, 1908; Burkes, St. Louis, Mo., 1,207, 1909. Three Games—Howard Majors, Chicago, Ill., average, 1,124, 1906. Head Pin—Roseville A. A., Iroquois Alleys, Newark, N. J., 545, 1909.

Ece Skating.

Western Indoor Championships, St. Paul, Minn., February 2. Quarter-mile—Won by Robert McLean, I. A. C.; W. Gunderson, second; J. Fisher, third. Time—39 2-5s. Five miles—Won by R. McLean, I. A. C.; J. Fisher, second; H. Kaad, third. Time—130 3-5s. Five miles—Won by R. McLean, I. A. C.; W. Gunderson, second; J. Fisher, third. Time—3 m. 10s. Two miles—Won by R. McLean, I. A. C.; W. Gunderson, second; J. Fisher, third. Time—6 m. 10s. Half-mile—Won by R. McLean, I. A. C.; W. Gunderson, second; R. Kelly, third. Time—6 m. 10s. Half-mile—Won by H. Kaad, I. A. C.; W. Gunderson, second; R. Kelly, third. Time—1 m. 21½s.

Eastern Outdoor Championships. Newburgh, N. Y., February 12. Quarter-mile—Won by O. B. Bush, Vancouver A. C.; Joseph Miller, New York A. C., second; William Taylor, New York A. C., second; William Taylor, New York A. C., second; O. B. Bush, third. Time—1 m. 29s. One-mile championship—Won by O. B. Bush, toseph Miller, second; William Taylor, third. Time—2 m. 55: 1-5s. Five-mile handicap—Won by O. B. Bush, (scratch); Joseph Stolz, Riverside S. C. (100 yards) second; Archie Rogers, Spring Lake S. C. (100 yards), third. Time—15m. 59 4-5s. One-mile novice—Won by George Aitkins, New York; L. Muckenhought, second; Frank P. Dunn, third. Time—3 m. 21 1-5s.

International Indoor Championships, Boston, Mass., Feb. 16. 220-yards—Won by O. B. Bush, Vancouver, B. C.; R. McLean, Chicago; Lot Roe, Toronto, second; W. H. Burkholder, New York, third. Time—1 3-5s. Half-mile—Won by R. McLean, Chicago; H. Kaad, Chicago; Chird. Time—2 1. 5s. Two miles—Won by R. McLean, Chicago; Phillip Kearney, New York, Second; H. Kaad, Chicago; Chird. T

Kaad, third. Time—1m. 29 2-5s. Half-mile backward—Won by Stewart Mason, Montreal; Drew, second; John Hoernig, Cleveland, third. Time—1m. 52s. Three miles—Won by McLean; Charles T. Fisher, Milwaukee, second; Kaad, third. Time—10m. 35s.

Eastern Indoor Championships, Syracuse, N. Y., February 22—220-yard dash—Won by O. B. Bush, Vancouver B. C.; R. M. McLean, second. Time—22 4-5s. Quarter-mile—Won by O. B. Bush; R. M. McLean, second. Time—44 4-5s. Half-mile—Won by R. M. McLean, W. Burkholder, New York, third. Time—1m. 30 4-5s, One-mile—Won by R. M. McLean; W. Burkholder, New York, third. Time—1m. 30 4-5s, One-mile—Won by R. M. McLean; W. Burkholder, New York, third. Time—fin. 71 23-5s. Two miles—Won by R. M. McLean; H. Kaad, second; R. L. Wheeler, third. Time—7m. 7 1-5s.

Official standing of ice skaters in International Skating Union at close of 1911-12 season;

-		-	
NAME AND PLACE.	1st.2d.3d. Pts.	NAME AND PLACE.	1st.2d.3d. Pts.
Robt. M. McLean, Chicago, Ill	15 4 . 530	Phil Kearney. New York City	1 1 30
R. L. Wheeler, Montreal, Quebec.		John Hoernig, Cleveland, Ohio	
Harry B. Kaad, Chicago, Ill	1 2 8 150	Walter E. Gunderson, Chicago, Ill.	1 20
Oakley B. Bush, Vancouver, B. C.		Fred J. Robson, Toronto, Ont	
Lot Roe, Toronto, Ont		Anton J. O'Sickley, Cleveland, Ohio	
Chas. T. Fisher, Milwaukee, Wis	3 60	W. H. Jackson, Montreal, Quebec.	1 10
Wm. Burkholder, New York City.	1 4 60	Jack Walter, Saranac Lake, N. Y.	1 10

Wm. Burkholder, New York City. 1 4 60] Jack Walter, Saranac Lake, N. Y. 1 10

Western Outdoor Championships, Cleveland, February 24. Quarter-mile race, final—Won by R. McLean, Chicago; Wheeler, New York, second; Burkholder, New York, third. Time—39 4-5s. Three-quarter mile race, final—Won by R. McLean, Chicago; Wheeler, New York, second; Burkholder, New York, third. Time—39 4-5s. Chicago; Wheeler, New York, second; Burkholder, New York, third. Time—39 4-5s. Chicago; Wheeler, New York, second; Burkholder, New York, third. Time—47 14 3-5s. One and one-half mile race, final—Won by R. McLean, Chicago; Wheeler, New York, second; Burkholder, New York, third. Time—47 12 1-5s.

American Amateur Records: 50 yards—5 1-5s., Morris Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa., 1907. 75 yards—8 1-5s., Morris Wood, Verona, Lake, N. J., 1905. 100 yards—93-5s., Morris Wood, Verona Lake, N. J., 1905. 100 yards—35s., Morris Wood, Verona Lake, N. J., 1905. 100 yards—31 1-5s., C. D. Phillips, December 26, 1855. 200 yards—17 2-5s., E. Lamy, Sarsnac, N. Y., December 20, 1910. 300 yards—31 2-5s., G. D. Phillips, December 20, 1835. 440 yards—35 1-5s., H. P. Mosher, January 1, 1896. 660 yards—59 3-5s., Morris Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa., 1904. 880 yards—1m. 16 4-5s., Morris Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa., 1907. 1,320 yards—2m. 4 1-5s., E. Lamy, Cleveland, Ohlo, January 1, 1910. One mile—2m. 40 2-5s., E. Lamy, Broklyn, N. Y., 1908. One and one-half miles—4m. 10s., In. 56. 500 metres (1003 and 1) 100 metres (1

February 18, 1912. 5,000 metres—Sm. 37 2-58. N. V. Strunkoff, Russis; Christiania, Norway, February 4, 1911. 10,000 metres—17m. 46 3-10s., O. Mathlesen, Norway, at Christiania, Sweden, February 18, 1912.

Professional Records: 50 yards—6s., S. D. See and C. B. Davidson, New York City, 1885. 100 yards—9 4-5s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., 1893. 150 yards—11 3-5s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., 1893. 150 yards—11 3-5s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1893. 220 yards—17 2-5s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1893. 220 yards (with wind)—17 4-5s., J. F. Donohue, Red Bank, N. J., December 29, 1894; and Harley Davidson, Red Bank, N. J., January 24, 1895. 440 yards—31 3-4s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., May 5, 1893. 880 yards—1m. 16 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 4, 1897. Two-thirds of a mile—1m. 54 4-5s. O. Rudd, Minneapolis, Minn., February 28, 1899. One and one-quarter miles—3m. 43s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., January 28, 1899. One and one-quarter miles—3m. 43s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1894. One and two-third miles—3m. 43s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1894. One and two-third miles—4m. 44-5s. O. Rudd, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1894. Two end one-hair miles—7m. 32s., John S. Johnson, Minneapolis, Minn., February 26, 1894. Two end one-hair miles—7m. 32s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Three miles—5m. 41 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 4, 1900. Tree and one-hair miles—7m. 32s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles—12m. 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles—12m. 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles—12m. 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles—12m. 1-5s., John Nilsson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles—12m. 51s., John S. Johnson, Montreal, Can., February 26, 1894. Four miles (made in 10-mile race)—21m. 43s., John S. Johnson, Mont

Morris Wood, Saranac Lake, N. Y., January 30 and 31. 220-yards—Wood, first; Lamy, second. Time—20 2-5s. Quarter-mile—Wood, first; Lamy, second. Time—39 2-5s. Half-mile—Lamy, first; Wood, second. Time—1m. 57 1-5s. Three-quarter mile—Lamy, first; Wood, second. Time—2m. 33 5s. One mile—Lamy, first; Wood, second. Time—3m 35s. Two miles—Lamy, first; Wood, second. Time—6m. 55 2-5s.

Skiing,

JANUARY 1, Milwaukee, Wis.—J. G. J. Estad won professional events, doing 127 and 120 feet in the contest and 127 feet in the standing jump. The amateur honors went to S. Gergersen, with 100 and 110 feet in the contest and 112 feet in the standing jump.

January 15, Virginia, Minn.—B. Relly won professional giump. N. Floan was first in amateur contest, with 115 feet.

January 16, Winona, Minn.—Professional, first run, D. Hamnesfededt, 117 feet; second run, E. Lund, 126 feet. Amateurs: Lawson, 89 and 90 feet, first; Ormbrok, second, 90 and 91 feet; win jumps, Helland Brothers, 82 feet.

January 21, Chippewa Falls, Wis.—North Star Ski Association Tournament—Professional—Won by A. Haugen, 131 feet; second, S. Hanson, 130 feet. Amateur—Won by C. Solberg, 124 and 121 feet; second, T. Larson, 115 and 107 feet.

January 24, Stoughton; Wis.—Annual Stoughton Hill Tournament. Professional—S. Hanson, first, with 302½ points; second, J. Gierstad. Amateur—C. Solberg, first, 275 2-3 points; second, S. Gergerson, 268 2-3 points; Second, January 27—Annual Amateur Championships, National Ski Association, held at Cary, Ill. The summaries:

The summaries:

NAME AND CLUB.

Carl Solberg, St. Paul S. C..
Terje Jensen, Norge S. C...
Ragner Omtvedt, Norway...
Gergersen, Virginia 2d2d1st NAME AND CLUB.
Julius Blegen, St. Paul S. C..
Eigli Herstad, St. Paul S. C.
Sven Welhaven, Norway...
Hans Hansen, Minneapolis jump.jump. points. 111 113 257 1-3 107 107 243 2-3 jump.jump. points. 103 102 219 1-3 92 219 96 ans Hansen, S. C. 107 $9\bar{6}$ 217 1-3 108 Sigurd Gergersen, Virginia S. C., Virginia, Minn..... Ingolf Sands, Minneapolis $\frac{212}{209} \\ 200$ 96 100 228 2 - 390 91 r, Norge S. C. . Arne Sletner, Norge S. C.... Nels Floan, Duluth S. C.... 86 Anders Olson, Iola S. C. 97 101 107

January 28—Annual Professional Championships, National Ski Association, at Cary, Ill. The summaries:

2d 24 1 gt. NAME AND CLUB. Haugen. Chippewa NAME AND CLUB. jump.jump. points. jump.jump. points. Francis Kempe, Red Wing, Lars 121 123 262 Minn.

Anders Haugen, Chippewa
Falls, Wis. 94 105 224 Minn.... Erling Landvik, Stoughton, 112 113 259 1 - 3Falls, Wis. Carl Ek, Red Wing, Minn. T. H. Schoyen, Superior, Wis. Jacob Gierstad, Stoughton, 114 115 $\frac{92}{99}$ 99 $\frac{115}{128}$ 97 257 1 - 3Wis Ole Feiring, Duluth, Minn. Aug. Nordby, Virginia, Minn. Barney Reilly, Virginia, Minn. Ben Ludgaard, Ironwood, WIR $\frac{124}{107}$ 246 1-3 105 243 Wls...... 110 210 109 110 107 242 2-3 105 102 235 2 - 3

February 18-Illinois Amateur Championship Tournament, held at Cary, Ill. The summaries:

1st 1st 2d| Doints. 244 2-3 | Einar Jensen, Norge C. | Ole Bjerke, Norge C. | Sven Welhaven, Norge C. | Sven Welhaven, Norge C. . . . | Ole Star Nelsen, Rockford | Hans Ruud, Norge C. . . | Townsament Result NAME AND CLUB. jump.jump. Ragnar Omtvedt, Norge C. 122 123 Edward Andersen, Norge C. 106 108 points. 200 1-3 jump.jump. 107 103 Arne Sletner, Norge C..... Endrow Schanke, Norge C... 102 103 120 î ĭ ż 98 94 111 102 Terje Jensen, Norge C..... 121 111 101

February 25, Duluth, Mich.—Amateur Championship Tournament Results: Class A—Carl Solberg, St. Paul. 298 2-3 points; E. S. Hendrum, Duluth, 282 points; Tore Viken, Duluth, 281 points; D. Biegen, St. Paul. 281 points; Ridar Aspas, Duluth, 262 points; George Jacobson, Duluth, 248 points; E. Rigstad, Duluth, 245 points, Class B—Marrian Rust, Duluth, 146 points; C. Larsen, Duluth, 129 points; John Swomsvold, Duluth, 126 2-3 points; Oscar Pedersen, Duluth, 120 points; Nels Nelson, Duluth, 124 points.
Ski Records, N. S. A. Class A—Standing, 152 feet, by Sigurd Hanson, Fergus Falls, Minn., made at Ironwood, Mich., February 18, 1912 (world's record, accepted); Gunner Anderson Modum, Norway, 156 feet, standing, February 18, 1912. A record yet to be accepted by N. S. A., of 163 feet was made by Oscar Gunderson, of the North Star Club, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., on the same silde on the same date.

slide on the same date.

Court Tennis.

APRIL 6—G. Harding won singles championship of Philadelphia Racquet Club, defeating W. H. T. Huhn, 4—6, 6—4, 6—2, 6—4, at Philadelphia.

April 13—Jay Gould won United States singles championship, defeating Joshua Crane, challenger, 6—3, 6—1, 6—0, at New York City.

April 18—Jay Gould and W. H. T. Huhn won United States doubles championship, defeating C. F. Searing and Joshua Crane, 6—4, 5—6, 6—2, 3—6, 6—4, at Philadelphia, Pa.

Public Schools Athletic League.

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The athletic performances of the schoolboy athletes of the New York P. S. A. L. Showed considerations continued to be widespread.

The athletic performances of the schoolboy athletes of the New York P. S. A. L. Showed considerations continued to be widespread.

Best from the third of the third of the interest, both among the competitors and speciators, continued to be widespread.

Best from the third of third of the third o

Thompson), February 27, 1909. Relay race (266 yards)—3m. 2s.; DeWitt Clinton H. S. (Richards, McAulliffe, Moore, E. Hanratte), March 11, 1910. Plunge for distance—66 ft. 6 in.; G. Van de Water, Stuyvesant H. S., March 8, 1912. Fancy diving—703-8 points; E. Merrick, H. S. Commerce, March 8, 1912. SKATING—440 yards—541-5s.; L. Cremin, DeWitt Clinton H. S., March 15, 1907. 880 yards—1m. 564-5s.; L. Barnett, DeWitt Clinton H. S., March 15, 1907. 1-mile—3m. 592-5s.; L. Cremin, DeWitt Clinton H. S., March 15, 1907.

SKATING—440 yards—54 1-5s.; L. Cremin, DeWitt Clinton H. S., March 15, 1907.

1-mile—3m. 56 4-5s.; L. Cremin, DeWitt Clinton H. S., March 15, 1907.

1-mile—3m. 59 2-5s.; L. Cremin, DeWitt Clinton H. S., March 15, 1907.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS OUTDOOR RECORDS.—50-yard dash (80-pound class)

—62-5s.; C. Schneider, P. S. No. 71, Manhattan, June 15, 1907; H. Beebe, P. S. No. 144, Brooklyn, June 6, 1908. 50-yard dash (85-pound class)—63-5s.; L. Sells, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan, June 20, 1910; J. Hallheimer, P. S. No. 30, Manhattan, June 10, 1911; Dougherty, P. S. No. 19, Manhattan, June 10, 1911; Dougherty, P. S. No. 19, Manhattan, June 10, 1911; E. Meyers, P. S. No. 44, Erooklyn, June 10, 1911, 60-yard dash (95-pound class)—7s.; L. Jackson, P. S. No. 89, Manhattan, June 12, 1909. 60-yard dash (100-pound class)—7s.; H. Klauber, P. S. No. 23, Bronx, June 20, 1910. 70-yard dash (115-pound class)—8s.; N. Patto, P. S. No. 77, Manhattan, June 15, 1907; E. Murphy, P. S. No. 25, Bronx, June 12, 1909. 100-yard dash (nulimited weight)—11s.; D. Conklýn, P. S. No. 25, Manhattan, June 16, 1906; J. O'Brien, P. S. No. 10, Manhattan, June 15, 1907; J. Nihill, P. S. No. 19, Manhattan, June 15, 1909; J. Orlando, P. S. No. 83, Manhattan, June 20, 1910; F. Goodwin, P. S. No. 54, Manhattan, June 20, 1910; F. Goodwin, P. S. No. 55, Manhattan, June 20, 1910; F. Goodwin, P. S. No. 55, Manhattan, June 20, 1910; F. Goodwin, P. S. No. 55, Manhattan, June 16, 1906. 360-yard relay (80-pound class)—44 4-5s.; P. S. No. 77, Manhattan (L. Posneisky, F. Shappell, H. Kurth, B. Schenck), June 15, 1907. 360-yard relay (100-pound class)—45 2-5s.; J. Weaver, P. S. No. 17, 1907. 360-yard relay (100-pound class)—45 2-5s.; P. S. No. 19, Manhattan (Manhattan (L. Posneisky, F. Shappell, H. Kurth, B. Schenck), June 15, 1907. 360-yard relay (100-pound class)—46 2-5s.; P. S. No. 19, Manhattan (Manhattan, June 15, 1907. Running broad jump (80-pound class)—17 ft.; J. Keller, P. S. No. 440-yard relay (115-pound class)—47 ft.; J. Keller, P. S. No. 42, Bronx; June 15, 190

CHAMPIONSHIP MEETS.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIPS—Held at Forty-seventh regiment Armory, Saturday, December 16, 1911. Winners—50-yard dash (85-pound class)—78.; B. Gorschen, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan. 60-yard dash (100-pound class)—

7 2-5s.; Maynard White, P. S. No. 43, Manhattan. 70-yard dash (115-pound class)—8 2-5s.; Robert Buckman, P. S. No. 10, Bronx. 100-yard dash (unlimited weight class)—11 1-5s.; Francis Lowney, P. S. No. 18, Manhattan. 360-yard relay (85-pound class)—461-5s.; P. S. No. 18, Manhattan. 41. Tager, A. Metzler, C. Williams, I. Lostfogel). 440-yard relay (100-pound class)—554-5s.; P. S. No. 62. Manhattan (William Finkelstein, William Greenberg, Harry Rosenberg, David Feldman). 440-yard relay (115-pound class)—54s.; P. S. No. 5. Manhattan (A. Lengel, A. J. Conroy, H. Richardson, William Brown). 880-yard relay (unlimited weight class)—1m. 48 4-5s.; P. S. No. 27, Manhattan (N. Picciano, L. Gainsford, G. Arnib, B. Cliston). Running high jump (85-pound class)—4 ft. 21-2 in.; James C. Brown, P. S. No. 3, Brooklyn. Standing broad jump (85-pound class)—7 ft. 10 in.; H. Allen, P. S. No. 30, Manhattan. Running high jump (100-pound class)—4 ft. 83-4 in.; A. Kohl, P. S. No. 74, Manhattan. Standing broad jump (100-pound class)—8 ft. 10 1-2 in.; I. Shambaum, P. S. No. 62. Manhattan. Putting 8-pound shot (115-pound class)—37 ft. 10 in.; V. Glaser, P. S. No. 42, Bronx. Standing broad jump (105-pound class)—9 ft. 1-4 in.; C. Pomerantz, P. S. No. 64. Manhattan. Putting 12-pound shot (unlimited weight class)—36 ft. 6 in.; K. Slegfriedt, P. S. No. 25, Eronx. Running high jump (unlimited weight class)—5 ft.; E. Rorty, P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn.

P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn.

The points were scored on a basis of 5 for firsts, 3 for seconds, 2 for thirds,

The points were scored in the following order; P. S. No. 62, Manhattan,

18; P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn, 13; P. S. No. 83, Manhattan, 12; P. S. No. 18, Manhattan,

11; P. S. No. 42, Brook, 12; P. S. INO. 10, Manhattan, 11; P. S. No. 64, Manhattan,

19; P. S. No. 30, Manhattan, 7; P. S. No. 43, Manhattan, 6; P. S. No. 10,

Bronx, 5; P. S. No. 43, Brook, 5; P. S. No. 74, Manhattan, 5; P. S. No. 25, Bronx,

5; P. S. No. 5, Manhattan, 5; P. S. No. 74, Manhattan, 5; P. S. No. 45, Brooklyn,

4; P. S. No. 5, Manhattan, 3; P. S. No. 184, Manhattan, 3; P. S. No. 45, Brooklyn,

3; P. S. No. 147, Manhattan, 3; P. S. No. 109, Manhattan, 3; P. S. No. 44, Broox,

3; P. S. No. 186, Manhattan, 3; P. S. No. 19, Manhattan, 3; P. S. No. 9, Gronx,

2; P. S. No. 43, Brooklyn, 2; P. S. No. 16, Queens, 1; P. S. No. 44, Brooklyn,

1; P. S. No. 3, Bronx,

2; P. S. No. 16, Manhattan, 1, City Championship won by P. S. No. 62, Manhattan, 18 points,

Brooklyn Championship won by P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn, 13 Points,

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS OUTDOOR CHAMPIONSHIPS—Held at Curtis Field.

Brooklyn Champlonship won by P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn, 13 points. Bronx Champlonship won by P. S. No. 12, Bronx, 12 points.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS OUTDOOR CHAMPIONSHIPS—Held at Curtis Field. New Brighton. Staten Island, June 1, 1912. Winners—50-yard dash (85-pound class)—6 4-5s.; J. Roth, P. S. No. 83, Manhattan. 60-yard dash (100-pound class)—7 4-5s.; B. Gorschen, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan. 70-yard dash (115-pound class)—7 4-5s.; B. Gorschen, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan. 70-yard dash (115-pound class)—4 11-5s.; H. F. Rood, P. S. No. 165, Manhattan. 360-yard relay (85-pound class)—45s.; P. S. No. 37, Bronx (Hunter, Casner, Goeller, Fensterheim). 440-yard relay (100-pound class)—54 2-5s.; P. S. No. 19, Manhattan (M. Cohen, D. Lubitz, J. Olenik, D. Roth). 440-yard relay (115-pound class)—52 2-5s.; P. S. No. 14, Manhattan (H. Coote, S. Chalmowitz, W. Schurig, A. Paul). 880-yard relay (unlimited weight class)—1m. 45 4-5s.; P. S. No. 27, Manhattan (H. Caccardo, O'Neill, Armb). Running brigh jump (85-pound class)—4 ft. 6 in.: H. Berkin, P. S. No. 84, Brooklyn. Running broad jump (85-pound class)—14 ft. 41-2 in.; J. P. Horne, P. S. No. 42, Bronx. Running bigh jump (100-pound class)—5 ft.; H. Zerchner, P. S. No. 42, Bronx. Running broad jump (100-pound class)—16 ft. 13-4 in.; P. Leihman, P. S. No. 83, Manhattan, Running broad jump (115-pound class)—36 ft.; H. Levy, P. S. No. 42, Bronx. Running broad jump (100-pound shot (115-pound class)—36 ft.; H. Levy, P. S. No. 42, Bronx. Running high jump (100-pound shot (116-pound class)—36 ft.; H. Levy, P. S. No. 89, Queens. Putting 8-pound shot (116-pound class)—37 ft.; I. Rudnick, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan, Running high jump (115-pound class)—38 ft.; F. Smith, P. S. No. 89, Queens. Putting 8-pound shot (116-pound class)—38 ft.; P. S. No. 89, Queens. Putting 8-pound shot (116)—40 pound class)—5 ft.; F. Smith, P. S. No. 89, Queens. Putting 12-pound shot (116)—6 pound class)—6 ft.; P. S. No. 89, Queens. Putting 12-pound shot (116)—6 pound class)—7 ft.; P. S. No. 18, Manhattan, P. P. S. No. 18,

H. S. 1-mile relay—3m. 51 1-5s.; New York Evening H. S. (H. Weinberg, John Reilly, H. Hertzel, R. Schultze). 880-yard relay (120-pound class)—1m. 48s.; Harlem Evening H. S. (J. Carlson, R. Fichtelberg, A. Meyerheim, W. Tandler). Scores Day High Schools—The points were scored on a basis of 5 for firsts, 3 for seconds, 2 for thirds, 1 for fourths. Relay events not to count in scoring. The schools scored in the following order: Stuyvesant H. S., 20 1-2; Townsend-Harris Hall, 18; Erasmus Hall, 14; H. S. Commerce, 13 1-2; DeWitt Clinton H. S., 12; Jamaica H. S., 8; Flushing H. S., 5; Commercial H. S., 5; Curtis H. S., 4; Manual Training H. S., 3. Evening High Schools—The points were scored on a basis of 5 for firsts, 3 for seconds, 2 for thirds, 1 for fourths. Relays to score. The schools scored in the following order: New York Evening H. S., 30; Brooklyn Evening H. S., 21; Harlem Evening H. S., 20; Curtis Evening H. S., 3; Stuyvesant Evening H. S., 1; New Lots Evening H. S., 1; Bryant Evening H. S., 3; Stuyvesant Evening H. S., 1; New Lots High Schools Indoor Relay CHAMPIONSHIPS—Held at Twenty-third Regiment Athletic Games, March 30, 1912, S80-yard relay (120-pound class)—Won by Stuyvesant H. S.; DeWitt Clinton H. S., second; Manual Training H. S., third. 1-mile relay (unlimited weight class)—Won by Stuyvesant H. S.; DeWitt Clinton H. S., second; Townsend-Harris Hall, third. The points were scored on a basis of 5 for firsts, 3 for seconds, 2 for thirds, 1 for fourths. The schools scored in the following order: Stuyvesant H. S., 10; DeWitt Clinton H. S., 6; Townsend-Harris Hall, 2; Manual Training H. S., 2. High Schools Outdoor Novice And Championship Games—Held at

ond; Townsend-Harris Hall, third. The points were scored on a basis of 5 for 11151. of or seconds, 2 for thirds, 1 for fourths. The schools scored in the following order: Stuyvesant H. S., 10; DeWitt Clinton H. S., 6; Townsend-Harris Hall, 2; Manual Training H. S., 2.

HIGH SCHOOLS OUTDOOR NOVICE AND CHAMPIONSHIP GAMES—Held at Curtis Field, New Brighton, Staten Island, May 25, 1912. Novice games: 100-yard dash, junior—111-5s.; R. Walley, Jamaica H. S. 220-yard run, junior—261-5s.; A. Bernstein, Curtis H. S. 100-yard dash, senior—104-5s.; J. Bonaparte, Morris H. S. 220-yard run, senior—254-5s.; McQueeney. Boys' H. S. 440-yard run—58 3-5s.; Huelsenbeck, Manual Training H. S. 880-yard run—2m. 122-5s.; Molther. Boys' H. S., 120-yard high hurdles—19s.; E. Finberg, Townsend-Harris Hall. Running high jump—5 ft. 57-8 in.; C. Mayhew, Bryant H. S. Putting 12-pound shot—38 ft. 3 in.; H. Cann, H. S. Commerce. Running broad jump—20 ft. 5 in.; H. Cann, H. S. Commerce. Championship games: 100-yard dash, junior—104-5s.; M. White, Stuyvesant H. S. 220-yard run, junior—244-5s.; H. Finley, Townsend-Harris Hall. 100-yard dash, senior—103-5s.; Charles, Manual Training H. S. 220-yard run, senior—24s, W. Moore, DeWitt Clinton H. S. 440-yard run—55s.; E. Waugh, Stuyvesant H. S. 880-yard run—2m. 54-5s.; A. Lent, Stuyvesant H. S. 1-mile run—4m. 422-5s.; L. E. von Mechow, Curtis H. S. 120-yard high hurdles—172-5s.; D. Trenholm, DeWitt Clinton H. S. 20-yard jun, junior—244-yard jun hurdles—25-25s.; D. Trenholm, 10-Witt Clinton H. S. 20-yard jun, junior—244-5s.; R. Running high hurdles—172-5s.; D. Trenholm, Stuyvesant H. S. 1-mile run—4m. 540-yard high hurdles—172-5s.; D. Trenholm, 10-Witt Clinton H. S. Pole vault—10 ft. 11 in.; A. Rapriee, DeWitt Clinton H. S. Pole vault—10 ft. 11 in.; A. Rapriee, DeWitt Clinton H. S. Pole vault—10 ft. 11 in.; A. Rapriee, DeWitt Clinton H. S. Pole vault—10 ft. 11 in.; A. Barbee, DeWitt Clinton H. S. Pole vault—10 ft. 11 in.; A. Supriee H. S. 150 ft.; A. Faggins, Bryant H. S. for seconds, 2 for thirds, 1 f

Bamaica H. S., 8; Far Rockaway H. S., 6; Boys' H. S., 2; H. S. Commerce, 4; Eastern District H. S., 1

EVENING HIGH SCHOOLS CHAMPIONSHIP GAMES—Held at Curtis Athletic Field, New Brighton, Staten Island, May 25, 1912, 100-yard dash—10 4-5s.; I. Somergrade, Brooklyn Evening H. S. 220-yard run—25 3-5s.; I. Somergrade, Brooklyn Evening H. S. 220-yard run—25 3-5s.; I. Somergrade, Brooklyn Evening H. S. 220-yard run—25 3-5s.; I. Somergrade, Brooklyn Evening H. S. 1-mile run—4m. 54 1-5s.; J. Manning, Harlem Evening H. S. Putting 12-pound shot—43 ft. 3 in.; T. Cooke, Jr., New York Evening H. S. 1-mile relay—3m. 44 4-5s.; New York Evening H. S. (H. Weinberg, H. Hertzel, R. Schultze, J. Folek). The Evening High Schools scored in the following orde's New York Evening H. S., 16; Brooklyn Evening H. S., 16; Harlem Evening H. S., 12; Curtis Evening H. S., 7; Brooklyn Evening Trade School, 2; South Brooklyn Evening H. S., 1. HIGH SCHOOL RELAYS—Held at Curtis Athletic Field, New Frighton, Staten Island, Saturday, June 1, 1912—440-yard relay, championship (100-pound class)—52 4-5s.; won by DeWitt Clinton H. S. (Ginsberg, Weintraub, Treiler, Margullas); Manual Training H. S. (Creditor, Roache, Slotsky, Nichols), second; H. S. (A. Werner, H. Cohen, J. Ledaldi, K. Butcher), fourth, 880-yard relay, championship, (120-pound class)—1m. 39 1-5s.; won by Stuyvesant H. S. (4. Tannenbaum, L. Heyman, W. Robinson, M. White); H. S. Commerce (H. Schultz, Tow, Livingstone, Schulman), second; Manual Training H. S. (Luce, Hulsenbeck, Turek, Mount), third; Townsend-Harris Hall (Kallman, T. Greenbaum, Stemple, Zenter), fourth, 1-mile relay, championship (unlimited weight class)—3m. 37s.; won by DeWitt Clinton H. S. (Trenholm, Halasz, Weg, Moore), Stuyvesant H. S. (A. Lent, E. Waugh, W. Willis, G. Schlffman), second; Curtis H. S. (E. Ballister, L. von Mechow, F. DeKone, M. Smith), third; Townsend-Harris Hall (Kallman, T. Greenbaum, Stemple, Cohen, Miller), fourth, 1-mile relay, championship, second; Stuyvesant H. S. (Commerce (Basch, Guidici, Schi Curtis H. S., 2. UHIGH SCHOOLS CROSS COUNTRY CHAMPIONSHIP—Held at Laurel Hill, Long

Island City, December 2, 1911. Distance about 3 1-2 miles. Eleven schools entered 78 runners, of which 77 finished. First 15 were as follows: C. Ten Eyck, Jamaica H. S., 18m. 33s.; P. Keough, Morris H. S., 18m. 54s.; C. Kennedy. Morris H. S., 18m. 57s.; M. Douglass, DeWitt Clinton H. S., 18m. 54s.; C. Kennedy. Morris H. S., 18m. 57s.; M. Douglass, DeWitt Clinton H. S., 18m. 58s.; N. Weg, DeWitt Clinton H. S., 19m. 21s.; N. Kennard. Erasmus Hall H. S., 19m. 25s.; E. Isner. Commercial H. S., 19m. 20s.; S. M. Sibeling, H. S. Commerce, 19m. 37s.; L. Grah, Newtown H. S., 19m. 40s.; R. Marschat, Morris H. S., 19m. 47s.; S. Casclo, Manual Training H. S., 19m. 50s.; M. Thompson, Jamaica H. S., 19m. 51s.; Griswold, H. S. Commerce, 19m. 54s.; C. Knudsen, Manual Training H. S., 19m. 56s. Points: Morris—2, 4, 11, 16, 30–63, H. S. Commerce—9, 14, 23, 25, 27–98. DeWitt Clinton—5, 6, 29, 32, 35–107. Jamaica—1, 13, 21, 22, 55–112. Manual Training—12, 15, 17, 36, 40–120. Newtown—3, 10, 31, 45, 58–147. Erasmus Hall—7, 24, 33, 52, 53–169. Commercial H. S.—8, 28, 42, 46, 50–174. Townsend-Harris—18, 38, 39, 49, 56–200. Boys"—19, 41, 54, 57, 61–232. Eastern District—20, 47, 68, 74, 76–285.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS INDOOR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS—Held at Interior Baths, April 20, 1912. 20 yards (85-pound class)—28s.; T. Drum, P. S. No. 103. Manhattan, 40 yards (100-pound class)—28s.; T. Drum, P. S. No. 163. Brooklyn. 60 yards (115-pound class)—41s.; S. Sagar, P. S. No. 10. Manhattan, 160-yard relay (unlimited weight class)—2m. 1 1.5s.; P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn (W. Siggins, R. Umbach, H. Goodstein, F. Ford). The points were scored on a basis of 5 for firsts, 3 for seconds, 2 for thirds, 1 for fourths. The schools scored in the following order: P. S. No. 163, Brooklyn, 6; P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn, 11; P. S. No. 44, Brooklyn, 3; P. S. No. 77, Manhattan, 1.

HIGH SCHOOLS INDOOR SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS—Held at College City of New York, March 8, 1912. 50 yards—30s.; Palmer, Manual Training H. S., 100 yards—10m. 44-55.; F. J. Frerichs, Commercial H. S.,

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS SOCCER FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

Schools.	Won.	Lost.	Tled.	Points.	Schools.	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Points.
P. S. 62, Manhattan.	7	0	0	14	P. S. 46, Manhattan.	l 1	4	1	5
P. S. 84, Brooklyn	6	1	0	12	P. S. 128, Brooklyn		4	1	3
P. S. 83, Manhattan.	5	2	0	10	P. S. 152, Brooklyn		5	0	2
P. S. 9, Brooklyn	4	3	0	8	P. S. 139, Brooklyn		7	0	0

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS BASKET BALL. CITY WINNERS.

95	lbs64,	Manhattan	125 1	bs		Manhattan.
		Borough	WINN	VERS.		
95	lbs	Brooklyn.	95	lbs		Bronx.
95	lbs	Queens.	95	lbs	17,	Richmond.

ELEMENTARY INDOOR BASEBALL.

UPPER MANHATTAN AN	D BRONX.		LOWER MANHATTAN AND BROOKLYN.
Schools.	Won. Lost	.,P. C.	SCHOOLS. Won. Lost. P. C.
P. S. 83, Manhatta	12 0	1.000	
P. S. 109. Manhatta	10 2	.833	P. S. 12, Brooklyn
P. S. 171, Manhattan	8 4	.666	P. S. 158, Brooklyn 9 4 692
P. S. 40, Manhati in	6 6	,500	P. S. 144, Brooklyn 9 5 .642
P. S. 166. Manhattan	4 8	, 333	P. S. 19. Manhattan
P. S. 186, Manhattan	2 10	.166	P. S. 26. Brooklyn 4 10 .285
P. S. 26, Bronx		.000	P. S. 43, Brooklyn
	1		P. S. 45. Brooklyn 0 12 000

Public School 83, Manhattan, won final game, defeating Public School 62, Manhattan, 33 to 27.

ELEMENTARY OUTDOOR BASEBALL.

DISTRICT LEAGUE WINNERS.

Manhattan—D. A. L. 6, Public School 46; D. A. L. 7, Public School 18; D. A. L. 9, Public School 77; D. A. L. 12, Public School 62; D. A. L. 25, Public School 83.

Bronx—D. A. L. 10, Public School 25; D. A. L. 25, Public School 12.

Brooklyn—D. A. L. 1, Public School 85; D. A. L. 5, Public School 123; D. A. L. 8, Public School 128; D. A. L. 11, Public School 9; D. A. L. 15, Public School 167; D. A. L. 17, Public School 77; D. A. L. 24, Public School 110.

Queens—D. A. L. 16, Public School 72; D. A. L. 19, Public School 27; D. A. L. 20, Public School 89.

Richmond—D. A. L. 4, Public School 12.

BOROUGH CHAMPIONS.

Manhattan Public School	1 46 1	QueensPublic School 72
BronxPublic School	1 12	Richmond Public School 12
BrooklynPublic Schoo	1 77 1	

CITY CHAMPION.

Public School 77, Brooklyn.

High Schools Baseball Championship-The High Schools Baseball Championship for 1912 was won by Erasmus Hall High School; Curtis High School was second.

HIGH SCHOOL SOCCER FOOTBALL.

			-						
SCHOOLS.	Won.	Lost.	Tled.	Points.	Schools.	Won.	Lost.	Tled.	Points.
*Manual Training H. S	4	0	2	10	Morris H. S	2	3	1	5
Townsend-Harris Hall.		0	2	10	H. S. of Commerce	1	3	2	4
Boys' H. S	2	1	3	7	DeWitt Clinton H.S	0	6	0	0
Curtle H. S	2	2) 2	6			l	[_

* Won championship from Townsend-Harris Hall H. S. in play off of tie. HIGH SCHOOLS BASKET BALL.

Schools.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	SCHOOLS.	(Won.)	Lost.	P. C.
*Stuyvesant H. S		1		Commercial H. S		6	.454
*DeWitt Clinton H. S		1		Jamaica H. S		6	.454
Eastern District H. S		2		Flushing H. S		7	.364
Erasmus Hall H. S		4		Bushwick H. S		9	.182
Newtown H. S		4		Manual Training H. S		9	.182
Townsend-Harris Hall H. S	6	5	.545	Richmond Hill H. S	0 1	11	.000
472 131	<u> </u>		** ~				

*Deciding game won by Stuyvesant H. S.

SUB-TARGET SHOOTING COMPETITION FOR THE WINGATE TROPHY.

During the year ending May 1, 1912, there were 348 marksmen qualifications and 139 sharp-shooter qualifications. Several girls at the Curtis, Jamaica and Erasmus Hall High Schools succeeded in qualifying. The trophy for the school qualifying most boys was won by the Morris High School. This trophy, donated by General Wingate, is awarded as follows: For each sharpshooter qualification, 3 points, and for each marksmanship qualification, 2 points. The following is a summary of the results in the various schools:

Schools.	Marks- men.	Sharp- shooters.	Score.	Schools.	Marks- men.	Sharp- shooters.	Score.
*Curtis	21	10	72 66	Eastern District		8	42
Morris De Witt Clinton	82	34	266 15	Manual Training	33	15	111
Commerce	93	17	237	Flushing	5	6	28
Bryant	17	5	49	Totals	331	$\left \frac{8}{135} \right $	66

* Girls qualified as follows: Marksmen—Curtis 10, Jamaica 3, Erasmus Hall 4; total 17-Sharpshooters—Curtis 1, Jamaica 2, Erasmus Hall 1; total 4.

Sunday World Athletic Meets.

(From Official Report of P. S. A. L.)

Sixth Annual Field Days for elementary school boys, financed by the New York Sunday World, under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League, were by all odds the most surcessful series of athletic meets that has ever been held. One hundred and fifty-three New York public schools held Sunday World Field Day meets—45 in Manhattan, 56 in Brooklyn, 16 in the Bronx, 27 in Queens and 9 in Staten Island.

From these 153 schools, 47,000 boys were entered as qualified competitors in the games. This is nearly 11,000 more than competed in these field days in 1910, when all records as to number of contestants in any one series of athletic events in this city or in any other city of the world were broken. Three thousand four hundred and twenty boys won Sunday World medals in these 153 separate field days, and 157 banners were awarded to the school classes that won the greatest number of points in the games. Not less than a quarter of a million school children attended these meets and their enthusiastic appliause stimulated their classmates to their best work on the track or in the field events. Twelve hundred teachers acted as officials of the games or aided in training the boys for the athletic contests. How completely these field days have become an institution of the schools, enlisting general interest in every classroom, is shown by the high percentage of the enrollment of boys in the games, as compared with a total membership of the school. In many cases it has, last year, exceeded 80 per cent. One instance is that of School No. 43, Brooklyn, in which as many as 500 boys competed were no exception last year, and there were more than fity meets in which the entry list numbered more than 300. Following are some of the school. Meets in which he entry list numbered more than 300. Following are some of the schools that had the largest number of boys in their games, the figures given being the actual numbers of competitors. P. S. 34 Manhattan, 1500 P. S. 83, Manhattan, 1500 P. S. 19, Manhattan, 549 P. S. 16, Manhatta

P. S. 34 Man.
P. S. 10, Manhattan.
P. S. 147, Manhattan.
S. 160, Manhattan.
Grand final meet

P. S. 10, Manhattan., 502 P. S. 188, Manhattan., 600 P. S. 109, Manhattan., 529 P. S. 147, Manhattan., 548 P. S. 64, Manhattan., 530 P. S. 46, Manhattan., 547 P. S. 160, Manhattan., 548 P. S. 64, Manhattan., 520 P. S. 27, Manhattan., 547 P. S. 160, Manhattan., 550 P. S. 27, Manhattan., 540 P. S. 27, Manhattan., 550 P. S. 27, Manhattan., 550 The grand final meet of the sixth season of Sudday Rudio Days was held at Curtis Field, on October 14, 1911. Fifteen hundred entries were received from the 153 elementary schools that held field days during the Spring of 1911, financed by the Sudday World.

The final Sunday World's games for the seventh season were held at Curtis Field. New Brighton. Staten Island, October 13, 1912. More than 1,500 schoolboy athletes representing 157 schools of Greater New York competed, bringing the total for the seven years up to 235,000 competitors, of whom more than 23,000 have received Sunday World medals. The summaries of the meet follow:

Sunday World medals, The summaries of the meet follow:

No. 10, Manhattan, second; Sherman, P. S. No. 147, Manhattan; I. Hamberger, P. S. No. 10, Manhattan, second; Sherman, P. S. No. 64, Manhattan, third. Time. 7s. 60-yard dash—Won by V. Oliver, P. S. No. 19, Manhattan; P. Rabinowitz, P. S. No. 164, Brooklyn, second; J. Adolph, P. S. No. 3, Bronx, third. Time. 72-5s. 70-yard dash (115-pound class)—Won by A. Conroy, P. S. No. 5, Manhattan; G.

Hallet, P. S. No. 27, Manhattan, second: H. Schneider, P. S. No. 42, Bronx, third. Time, 8 4.5s. 100-yard dash—Won by R. Brown, P. S. No. 5, Manhattan; F. Zitell, P. S. No. 20, Queens, second; H. Goldstein, P. S. No. 164, Brooklyn, third. Time, 111-5s. 70-yard dash (85-pound class)—Won by Norman, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan; F. Zitell, P. S. No. 161, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan, third. Time, 9 4.5s. 80-yard dash (100-pound class)—Won by Gorscher, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan; E. Halpert, P. S. No. 164, Brooklyn, second; S. Wolfsheimer, P. S. No. 10, Manhattan, third. Time, 10s. 90-yard dash (115-pound class)—Won by W. Brown, P. S. No. 164, Brooklyn, second; S. Wolfsheimer, P. S. No. 10, Manhattan, third. Time, 10s. 90-yard dash (115-pound class)—Won by W. Brown, P. S. No. 16, Manhattan; Dubroff, P. S. No. 156, Brooklyn, second; J. Ginsburg, P. S. No. 16, Manhattan, third. Time, 104-5a, Running broad jump (85-pound class)—Won by J. Pennock, P. S. No. 9, Brooklyn; B. Silverman, P. S. No. 42, Bronx; second; H. Braverman, P. S. No. 10, Manhattan, third. Distance, 14 ft. 11-2 ln. Running high jump (100-pound class)—Won by M. Zelchner, P. S. No. 42, Bronx; Taranon, P. S. No. 64, Manhattan, second; Goldstein, P. S. No. 64, Manhattan, third. Height, 4 ft. 9 in. Running broad jump (115-pound class)—Won by M. Leone, P. S. No. 83, Manhattan; L. Fulnick, P. S. No. 42, Bronx; V. Ellitt, P. S. No. 47, Manhattan, second; G. McKay, P. S. No. 42, Bronx, third. Height, 4 ft. 8 in. Putting 12-pound shot (unlimited weight class)—Won by Verderber, P. S. No. 27, Manhattan, second; G. McKay, P. S. No. 42, Bronx, third. Height, 4 ft. 8 in. 360-yard relay race (85-pound class)—Won by Marcus, Perlstein, Dereczensky, Berlinwert, P. S. No. 64, Manhattan, Erice, Wilkinson, Hiegel, Roemmele, P. S. No. 20, Queens, second; Rosenberg, P. S. No. 62, Manhattan, third. Distance, 33 ft. 8 in. 360-yard relay race (85-pound class)—Won by Marcus, Perlstein, Dereczensky, Berlinwert, P. S. No. 64, Manhattan, Second; No. 65, Manhattan, third. Time, 47s. 440-yard rel

12, Bronx, second; A. Arendes, G. Horwich, E. Hopkins, W. Morris, P. S. No. 40. Bronx, third, Time, 1m. 47 3-5s.

After Boat Boat Brating, 1912.

St. Augustine, Fla.—20-toot Boat Brating, 1912.

St. Augustine, Fla.—20-toot Class—won by Vita, J. Stinat Blackton. 26-toot Class—Won by Vita, Jr., Stuart Blackton. 40-toot Class—won by Dianat Blackton. 26-toot Class—Won by Vita, Jr., Stuart Blackton. 40-toot Class—won by Dianat Blackton. 26-toot Class—Won by Wita, Jr., J. Stuart Blackton. 40-toot Class—won by Dianat Blackton. 26-toot Class—Won by Wita, Jr., J. Stuart Blackton. 40-toot Class—won by Dianat Blackton. 26-toot Class—Won by Wita, Jr., J. Stuart Blackton. 40-toot Class—won by Dianat Blackton. 26-toot Class—Won by Monaco—Winner Prix de Monte Carlo, Ursula, owned by the Duke of Westminater. Columbia Yacht Club, New York—Open Boat Class—Won Briggs.

Maryland Motor Boat Club, Baltimore, 200-mile Race—Won by Marguerite II. (Class A), owner A. B. Carlideg: Irma G. (Class B), L. L. Gardner; Usona (Class C), H. G. Leland.

New Rochelle to Block Island Race—Won by Thistle, owned by J. H. Wallace. New Rochelle to Block Island Race—Won by Thistle, owned by J. H. Wallace. 20-toot Class—Won by Rochelle to Block Island Race—Won by Thistle, owned by Rule K. Ledning. New York to Albany and return, Fourth Annual—Won by Repitte, Dr. V. C. Peterson, in cruiser class. Bunk III., C. Firth, won open boat class.

Annual Regatta, Mississippi Valley P. B. Association, at Davenport, Ia. 20-toot Class—Won by Baby Reliance; 32-toot Class—Won Brack Class Brack

Hudson River Motor Boat Club. To Poughkeepsle and return. Record for course made by Squaw, owned by Peter Duffy. Time—8h. 4m. 15s.
National Carnival for Manufacturers Trophles, held on Hudson River at Yonkers, N. Y. International Championship Trophy—Won by Peter Pan V., James Simpson. National Championship Trophy—Won by Big Baalam, Frank Bailey. Interstate Championship Trophy—Won by Vita, Mrs. Paula Blackton. Motor Yacht Trophy—Won by Avis, F. C. Havens. Cabin Launch Trophy—Won by Peter Pan, Senior, James Simpson.

(Compiled by Wm. B. Rogers, Jr., Editor of Motor Boat.)

Nawn Tennis. 1

THE Ranking Committee of the United States Lawn Tennis Association, composed of Henry W. Sloeum, Miles S. Charlock and Raymond D. Little, made radical changes in the system and method of ranking the players at the close of the 1911 season. But ten single names and double teams appeared in the ranking lists and the other leading players were classified in three sections. The compilations

THE RANKING COMMITTEE OF THE UNITED STATES.

V. Sloeum, Miles S. Charlock and Raymond D. Little, made radical changes in the system and method of ranking the players at the close of the 1911 season. But ten single names and double teams appeared in he ranking lists and the other leading players were classified in three sections. The compilations and the compilations of the compilations and the compilations and the compilations and the compilations and the compilations. The compilations are compilated to the compilations of the compilations and the compilations. The compilations are compilated to the compilations and the compilations and the compilations. The compilations are compilated to the compilation of the compilations. The compilations are compilated to the compilations and the compilations. The compilation of th

FOREIGN CHAMPIONSHIPS.

English Championship, at Wimbledon, England, July 8. Singles—A. F. Wilding, New Zealand, defeated A. W. Gore, England, 6—4, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4. Doubles—H. Roper Barrett and C. P. Dixon defeated M. Decugis and A. H. Gobert (holders), 3—6, 6—3, 6—4, 7—5. Women's Singles—Mrs. Larcombe defeated Mrs. Sterry, 6—3, 6—1, and championship by default. English Covered Court Championship, Singles—A. H. Gobert, France, defeated A. F. Wilding, New Zealand, 3—6, 7—5, 6—4, 6—4, 6—4. Oriental Championship, at Manila, February 9. Singles—C. R. Gardner, United States, defeated E. S. Gee, Champion of Philippines, 5—7, 6—4, 6—3, 6—1. French Championships at Neulily-sur-Seine, March 18. Singles—A. H. Gobert defeated W. H. Laurentz, 4—2, defaulted. Doubles—A. H. Gobert and W. H. Laurentz, won by default. Irish Championship, at Dublin, July 20. Singles—J. C. Parke defeated G. A. Thomas, 6—2; 6—1, 6—0. International Tournament, Barcelona, Spain, May 9. Men's Singles, final rounds—F. C. Poulin defeated F. S. Warburg, 3—6, 6—2, 6—4, defaulted. Men's Doubles—F. C. Poulin and G. Cozon defeated F. S. Warburg and R. Hedberg, 6—1, 6—4, 10—8. Ladles' Singles—Miss C. Witty defeated Miss L, Witty, 4—6, 6—3, 6—2. Russlan Championship, held at St, Petersburg. Singles,

Won by Count Saumarokoff-Eiston. Doubles—Won by Count L. Salm-Hoogstraeten and Count M. Saumarokoff-Eiston. Mexican Championship held at City of Mexico. Singles—C. M. Butlin defeated B. Jenkins, 4—6, 2—6, 6—4, 6—2, defaulted. Doubles—C. M. Butlin and B. Jenkins defeated H. E. Stuet and C. Newcomb, 6—1, 6—2, 6—1.

Olympic Championship—see Olympic games.

New England Championships at Hartford, Ct. Singles—F. H. Harris defeated F. C. Inman, 6—1, 6—4, 2—6, 6—4, and championship by default.

Doubles—Minn and Peasles defeated Harris and Currier, 7—5, 5—7, 7—5, 3—6, 6—3.

Delaware State Championships at Wilmington, Del. Singles—Dean Mathey defeated W. F. Johnson, 2—6, 6—2, 6—3, 2—6, 8—6. Doubles—F. C. Inman and A. Holmes defeated A. D. Thayer and H. M. Tilden, 4—6, 6—4, 6—0, 3—6, 6—3.

Tri-State Championships at Louisville, Ky. Singles—Gustave Touchard defeated Richard Palmer, 6—2, 6—1, 7—5. Doubles—R. Palmer and J. J. Armstrong defeated T. W. Stephens and W. S. McElroy, 6—3, 6—2, 6—3. Women's Singles—Miss May Sutton defeated Miss Helen McLaughlin, 6—1, 6—2. Doubles—M. Sutton and Mrs. G. Touchard defeated M. Browne and Miss Mary Shreve Lyons, 6—3, 6—2.

Florida State Championships at Palm Beach, Fla. Singles—P. D. Siverd defeated A. S. Dabney, 6—4, 6—4, 0—6, 6—3. Doubles—Rendal and Siverd defeated Dishory and Recec, 6—0, 6—2, 6—3. Women's Singles—A. Cunningham defeated Miss Catheld-Taylor, 6—4, 6—3.

Doubles—Miss Chaffeld-Taylor and Miss Cunningham defeated Miss. Gallatin and Miss Robertson, 6—3, 6—4.

Mixed Doubles—Miss. D. Chauncy and Craig Biddle defeated Miss C. Robertson and R. E. Forrest, 6—0, 6—0.

Middle States Championships at Mountain Station, N. J. Singles—Wallace F. Johnson defeated Walter Hall, 10—12, 1—6, 7—5, 6—1, 6—3.

Doubles—Harold N. Hackett and Lyle Edward Miss. C. Edgar and Lindley Dunham defeated Miss. B. Neff and Spencer Miller, Jr., 6—3, 6—6.

Western C. Campionships at Lake Forest, Ill. Singles—Maurice McLoughlin defeated T. C. Western Championships at Lake Forest, Ill.

Mrs. B. C. Eugar and Lindscy January 3-46.6-4. Singles—Maurice McLoughlin defeated T. C. Western Championships at Lake Forest, Ill. Singles—Maurice McLoughlin defeated T. C. Bundy, 8-10, 6-1, 6-4, 6-4. Doubles—W. T. Hayes and J. H. Winston defeated A. Squair and A. L. Greene, 6-1, 6-3, 6-2. Women's Singles—Miss M. Sutton defeated Miss Browne and Mrs. Seymour, 6-0, 6-3. Doubles—Miss Sutton and Miss Neeley defeated Miss Browne and Mrs. Seymour, 6-1, 6-3.

6-0, 6-3.

Central California State Championships at Stockton, Cal. Singles—Maurice McLoughlin defeated W. F. Johnston by default. Doubles—C. Gardner and W. Johnston defeated M. and H. Long, 2-6, 6-1, 6-4. Women's Singles—Miss Florence Sutton defeated Miss Mary Browne, S-6, 6-3. Mixed Doubles—Miss Mary Browne and N. Browne defeated Miss F. Sutton and S. Hardy, 7-5, 6-3. S. Hardy, 7-5, 6-3.
Rhode Island State Championships at Providence, R. I. Singles—Beals C. Wright defeated

Address of the second state Championships at Minneapolis, Minn. Singles—J. H. Adams defeated J. J. Armstrong, 6—0, 6—0, 6—1. Doubles—Adams and Armstrong defeated Jayne and Stellwagen, 4—6, 10—8, 6—3, 6—4. Mixed Doubles—Miss M. Davis and J. J. Armstrong defeated Miss Midred Patton and Stanley Thompson, 6—0, 6—2. Women's Singles—Miss M. Davis defeated Miss Davis 6—6—6—3.

A. Drake, 6-1, 6-3.
Metropolitan Championships at New York City. Singles—Raymond D. Little defeated Arthur S. Dabney, 6-4, 6-1, 6-3. Doubles—Harold H. Hackett and J. Hall defeated R. D. Little and Gustave F. Touchard, 0-6, 2-6, 6-3, 7-5, 6-4. Women's Singles—Mrs. R. N. Williams defeated Miss E. Marcus, 7-5, 6-4.

Cuban Championships at Havana. Singles—F. Santa Cruz defeated I. Zayas, 7—5, 6—3, 7—5. Doubles—F. Santa Cruz and L. Mojor defeated I. Zayas and J. M. Herrera, 6—3, 6—4, 6—4. Northwestern Championships at Tacoma, Wash. Singles—Meltile Long defeated W. F. Johnston, 6—1, 6—2, 6—3. Doubles—Ward Dawson and Brandt Wickersham defeated Bacon and Young, 2—6, 7—5, 6—3, 6—1. Women's Singles—Miss May Sutton defeated Florence Sutton, 6—0, 6—1, d. Stephen Georgian Company and Singles—Meltinger Md. Singles—Research Florence Sutton, 6—0, 6—1, d. Stephen Georgian Company and Singles—Meltinger Md. Singles—Research Florence Sutton defeated Florence Sutton, 6—0, 6—1, d. Stephen Georgian Company and Singles—Meltinger Md. Singles—Research Florence Sutton defeated Florence Sutton def

Young, 2-0, 1-0, 0-0, 0 ...

6-0, 6-1.

Maryland State Champlonships at Baltimore, Md. Singles—F. C. Colston defeated Fisher, 6-4, 18-11, 6-3.

Old Dominion Champlonships. Singles—N. Thornton defeated R. James, 6-1, 6-2, 8-6, and champlonship by default. Doubles—W. E. Butford and McK. Dunn defeated G. Zinn and G. McIntosh by default. Women's Singles—Mrs. J. Taylor defeated Mrs. M. Hardy, 6-4, 6-2, and champlonship by default. Doubles—Mrs. Hardy and Miss Meredith defeated Miss Boyd champlonship by default. Doubles—Mrs. Hardy and Miss Meredith defeated Miss Boyd Champlonship by default. and championship by default. Doubles—Mrs and Miss Baker, 6—2, 6—2.

Carolinas Championships, Greenville, S. C.

Singles-R. C. Reed, Jr., defeated W. Waring,

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6—1, 6—2. 8—6, 6—3.

vard, 8—10, 10—8, 6—2, 6—2.

Princeton defeated Cornell 6—3, April 27. Yale defeated Crescent A. C. 6—2, May 2. Michigan defeated Oberlin 6—0, May 4. West Side Club defeated Yale 8—2, May 4. Dartmouth defeated Mass. Tech. 6—0, May 4. West Side Club defeated Yale 8—2, May 4. Dartmouth 7—1, May 4. Princeton defeated Pennsylvania 6—3, May 4. West Side Club defeated Princeton 5—1, May 9. Yale defeated Amherst 5—1, May 11. Wesleyand defeated Princeton 5—4, May 11. Williamsown defeated Columbia 4—2, May 11. Harvard defeated Princeton 5—4, May 11. Dartmouth defeated Mass. Aggles 7—0, May 11. Wesleyan defeated Stevens Institute 6—0, May 11. Naving defeated Georgetown 6—0, May 11. Yale defeated Princeton 5—4, May 18. Virginia defeated Naval Academy 4—2, May 18. Yale defeated Pennsylvania 9—0, May 22. Minnesota defeated Yale 2—1, May 25. Pennsylvania defeated Naval Academy 6—0, May 25. Minnesota defeated Brown 2—1, May 25. Lafayette vs. Lehigh 3—3, May 25. Harvard defeated Minnesota 2—0, May 28. Lehigh defeated Swarthmore 6—0, May 30. Pennsylvania defeated Harvard 2—1, May 30. Williams and Wesleyan 3—3, May 30. Columbia defeated West Point 5—1, June 8. Wesleyan defeated California 3—2, May 10.

Missouri Valley Intercollegiate Conference tournament at Columbia Massaria 1.

May 10.

Missouri Valley Intercollegiate Conference tournament at Columbia, Mo., May 16-18, under auspices University of Missouri. Team scores: Washington, 9; Missouri, 6; Kansas, 4; Drake, 4; Ames, 4. Individual matches. Singles—A. Cannon, Missouri, defeated F. Brodix, Washington, 6-3, 6-1, 6-2. Doubles—Brodix and Adkins, Washington, defeated Burnett and Nees, Kansas, 6-3, 6-4, 6-1.

New England Intercollegiate tournament at Boston, Mass., May 27. Singles—C. L. Johnson, Jr., Amherst, defeated C. E. Bacon, Wesleyan, 5-7, 4-6, 8-6, 6-3, 6-3. Doubles—C. L. Johnson, Jr. and J. A. Miller, Amherst, defeated Conger and Thurston, Williams, 4-6, 6-2, 5-7, 6-4, 6-4.

Western Pennsylvania Intercollegiate tournament at Plitsburgh, Pa., May 21. Team scores:

Johnson, Jr. and J. A. Miller, Amherst, defeated Conger and Thurston, Williams, 2—0, 0—2, 0—3, 0—4, 6—4, 6—4.
Western Pennsylvania Intercollegiate tournament at Pittsburgh, Pa., May 21. Team scores: University of Pittsburgh, 12; Carnegie Tech., 11; Allegheny, 9; Grove City, 5; Washington and Jefferson, 5; Westminster, 3. Individual champions. Singles—J. C. Mackreil, Pittsburgh. Doubles—Dazell and Brownell, Allegheny.
Eastern Intercollegiate Championships, held at Merion Cricket Club, Philadelphia, Pa., September 4-9. Singles, final round—G M. Church, Princeton, defeated J. G. Nelson, Dartmouth, 6—4,5—7,5—7,8—6,6—1. Doubles—G. M. Church and W. H. Mace, Princeton, defeated E. H. Whitney and L. M. Washburn, Harvard, 8—10, 10—8, 6—2, 6—2.

Olympic Cames of 1912.

THE fifth revival of the Olympic games was held at Stockholm, July 6 to 15. In the track and field department—the real feature of the meet ing, bloycle racing, wrestling, revolver and rifle shooting, yachting, tennis and football. The American team consisting principally of track and field athletes, salled from New York City in the specially chartered Steamer Finland, on Friday, June 14, arriving at Stockholm some ten days later. With the exception of the Marathon runners the athletes lived aboard the steamer during the games, training in the Stadium before and during the meet. The American Olympic team of 1912 was considered by athletic experts to be the greatest aggregation of athletes ever gathered for an athletic meet States team scored 16 firsts; 12 seconds and 13 thirds in the Stadium games, and established eight of the thirteen new records made at the meet. There were a number of other contests held both in and outside the Stadium in some of which the American team had entries, including swimming, fenc--the United States scored a spiendid triumph, winning the games with 85 points, more than double that scored by any other country. The United n the history of amateur track and field sport.

DATE.	Event.	Winner.	Country.	Second.	Country.	Third.	Country.	Time or Distance.	Olympic Record.	World's Record.	Remarks,	U. S. Finland.	Sweden.	Greece.	сетияну. Сетияну.	Prance. Canada.	Italy. So. Africa.	
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*	*Made in trial heat.	Team race; points awarded to countries and individuals	points s	warded to	countri	vibal bus sa	iduals.				Totals	182	15	14	100	15	10	1:

MINOR OLYMPIC EVENTS.

Swimming. 100 metres, straight—Won by D. Kahanamoku, America. Time—Im. 3 2-5s.; second, C. Healy, Australia. Time—Im. 4 3-5s.; third, K. Huszagh, America. Time—Im. 5 3-5s. 400 metres—Won by G. R. Hodgson, Canada. Time—5m. 24 3-5s.; second, J. G. Hatfield, Great Britain. Time—5m. 25 4-5s.; third, H. Hardwick, Australia. Time—5m. 31 1-5s. (World's record.) 1,500 metres—Won by G. R. Hodgson, Canada. Time—22m.; second, J. G. Hatfield, Great Britain. Time—5m. 25 4-5s.; third, H. Hardwick, Australia. Time—21m.; 5s. (World's record.) 1,000 metres. Hatfield, Great Britain. Time—1m. 25 2-5s.; third, H. Hardwick, Australia. Time—1m. 23 1-5s.; second, Miss Wylic, Australia. Time—1m. 25 2-5s.; third, M. Hardwick, Australia. Time—1m. 22 1-5s.; second, Miss Wylic, Australia. Time—1m. 25 2-5s.; third, M. Hardwick, L. Boardman). Time—10m. 15s.; second, America (H. Hebner, D. Kahanamoku, K. Huszagh, P. McGillivray). Time—10m. 20 1-5s.; third, Great Britain (T. Battersley, H. Taylor, J. G. Hatfield, W. Foster). Time—10m. 28 3-5s. 400 metres, back stroke—Won by H. Hebner, America. Time—1m. 48s.; third, Sweden. Time—6m. 53 -5s.; second, Germany. Time—1m. 22 1-5s.; second, O. Fahr, Germany. Time—1m. 22 2-5s.; third, P. Keliner, Germany. Time—1m. 24s. 200 metres, breast stroke—Won by W. Bathe, Germany. Time—3m. 5s.; third, B. Malisch, Germany. Time—3m. 8s. 400 metres, breast stroke—Won by W. Bathe, Germany. Time—3m. 8s. 400 metres, breast stroke—Won by W. Bathe, Germany. Time—3m. 8s. 400 metres, breast stroke—Won by W. Bathe, Germany. Time—3m. 8s. 400 metres, breast stroke—Won by W. Bathe, Germany. Time—3m. 8s. 400 metres, breast stroke—Won by W. Bathe, Germany. Time—3m. 8s. 400 metres, breast stroke—Won by W. Bathe, Germany. Time—6m. 25 3-5s.; second, St. L Henning, Sweden. Time—6m. 35 3-5s.; third, P. Courman, Great Britain. Time—6m. 36s. Water Polo—Won by Great Britain; Sweden second, Belgium third. High diving, flancy—Won by W. Adderz, Sweden, 20.6 points; second, H. Luber, Germany, 77.76 points; third, K. Behrens, Germany, 77.7

19.25 polnts; second. H. Luber, cermany, 7.6 polnts, third, K. Beirens, Germany, 7.5 polnts; third, K. Beirens, Germany, 7.5 polnts; third, K. Beirens, Germany, 7.5 polnts; third, K. Beirens, Germany, 7.5 polnts; third, M. Beirens, Germany, 7.5 polnts; third, M. Beirens, Germany, 7.5 polnts; M. B. Lisa Regmell, Sweden, 36.3 polnts; third, Miss Beile White, Great Britain, 34 polnts.

Shooting, Army rife, teams of six, at 200, 400, 500 and 600 metres—Won by United States, 1.688 polnts; second, Great Britain, 1,600 polnts; third, Sweden, 1.575 polnts. Individual, 300 metres—Won by P. Colas, France, 94 polnts, and M. Saken, Norway, 91 polnts, Individual, 600 metres—Won by P. Colas, France, 94 polnts, 500 polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being a polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the polnts, 1,600 polnts; being the po

OLYMPIC TRIAL GAMES.

United States Eastern try-out meet held June 8 at Harvard University Stadium, Cambridge, Mass. Results; 100-metre dash, final r-at—Won by H. P. Drew, Springfield High; second, R. C. Craig, Detroit Y. M. C. A.; third, C. A. Rice, Powder Foint. Time—10 4-5s. 110-metre hurdles, final heat—Won by V. S. Blanchard, Boston A. A.; second, E. M. Pritchard, Irish-American A. C.; third, C. A. Chisholm, B. A. A. Time—15 3-5s. 400-metrerun, final heat—Won by D. B. Young, B.

263 ft. 6 ln.; second, Thomas Lund, I.A. A. C. Distance—219 ft. 11 ln.; third, W. F. Ross, New York A. C. Distance—202 ft. 11 ln.

United States Middle Western try-outs, held at Northwestern University field, Evanston, Ill., June S. Results: 100 metres, final heat—Won by Wilson, Coe; second, Belote, Chicago A. A.; third, Wasson, Notre Dame. Time—11 1-5s. 110-metre hurdle race—Won by Case, University of Illinois; second, Nicholson, University of Missouri (two starters). Time—15 2-5s. 400 metres—Won by Lindberg, C. A. A.; second, Curtis, University of Illinois, Illinois, Time—48 2-5s. 1,500 metres—Won by N. J. Patterson, C. A. A.; second, L. R. Anderson, University of Nebraska; third, P. J. Taylor, C. A. A. Time—4m. 2 2-5s. 800 metres—Won by Davenport, University of Chicago; second, Bermond, University of Missouri, third, Osborne, Northwestern, Time—1m. 54 1-5s. 5,000 metres—Won by Garet M. Wyckoff, Ohio State University; second, A. M. Durey, Des Moines; third, G. A. Duil, Pittsburgh A. C. Time—15n. 37 1-5s. Standing broad jump—Won by F. Fletcher, Notre Dame: second, Lesile Byrd, Adrian College; third, D. Howlett, University High School. Distance—10 ft. 6 ¼ in. Hammer throw—Won by J. Hooker, C. A. A.; second, A. L. Fletcher, Northwestern; third, William Schroeder, Wilmette, Ill. Distance—159 ft. 6 in. Javelin throw—Won by P. Hoboker, C. A. A.; second, A. L. Fletcher, Northwestern; third, William Schroeder, Wilmette, Ill. Distance—159 ft. 6 in. Javelin throw—Won by P. Hoboker, C. A. A.; second, Chure, S. Martin, C. J. Milkoff, C. A. A.; third, S. Hatch, Chicago, Time—35m. 56 2-5s. Running high jump—Won by Richards, Provo, Utah; second, Pullorok, Notre Dame; third, Gold, University of Wisconsin. Helpht—11 ft. 11 in. Throwing discus, right hand—Won by Murphy, C. A. A.; second, Chure, University of Chicago; third, Gold, University of Wisconsin. Helpht—11 ft. 11 in. Throwing discus, right hand—Won by Murphy, C. A. A.; second, Chure, Martin, College, Distance—135 ft. 6 in. Throwing discus, left hand—Won by Byrd, Adrian

Holmes, Chicago; second, Collins, Hilsboro, In.; third, Radical, St. Louis Oniversity. Distance—44 ft. 5 in.

United States Pacific Coast try-outs held at Stanford University field, Palq Alto, Cal., May 18. Results: 100 metres—Won by Courtney, Seattle; second, Gerhardt, Olympic. Time—10 4-5s. (Olympic record tied.) 200 metres—Won by Courtney, Seattle; second, Gerhardt, Olympic; third, Keily, U. of S. C. Time—21 4-5s. 800 metres—Won by Edmundson, Seattle Athletic Club; second, Bonnett, Stanford; third, Gates, Sacramento. Time—1m. 56 3-5s. 1,500 metres—Won by McClure, Multnomah; second, J. Burke, Olympic. Time—4m. 3 3-5s. 10,000 metres—Won by Millard, Olympic. Time—35m. 37 4-5s. Westerlund, Olympic, did not finish. 110-metre hurdles, first heat—Won by Kelly, U. of S. C.; second, Smithson, L. A. A. C.; third, Morris, Olympic. Time—15 2-5s. Second heat—Won by Ward, L. A. A. C.; second, Hawkins, Multnomah; third, Smithson, L. A. A. C. Time—15 2-5s. Running broad jump—Won by F. Allen, U. of C.; second, H. Morrison, Stanford; third, Sam Bellah, Multnomah; fourth, J. Donahue, L. ¼A. C. Distance—21 ft. 2 in. Running high jump—Won by George Horine, Olympic. Height—6 ft. 11, in. (new world's record); second, Edmean, Stanford; third, Thomassen, Seattle A. C. Height—4 ft. 10 in. Pole vault—Won by Sam Bellah, Multnomah. Height—12 ft. 9½ in. Boulware, Stanford, and Templeton, Olympic, tied for second at 11 ft. 61n. Shot put, right and left hands—Won by R. Rose, Olympic; right hand, 49 ft. 2½ in. left hand, 39 ft. 11½ in.; total, 89 ft. 6½ in. Throwing javelin—Won by S. Bellah, Multnomah. Distance—150 ft. 10½ in.; second, P. Alderman, Stanford; third, F. Riece, U. of C. Distance—150 ft. 10½ in.; second, P. Alderman, Stanford; third, F. Riece, U. of C. Distance—150 ft. 10½ in.; second, P. Alderman, Stanford; third, F. Riece, U. of C. Distance—150 ft. 10½ in.; second, P. Alderman, Stanford; third, F. Riece, U. of C. Distance—150 ft. 10½ in.; second, P. Alderman, Stanford; third, F. Riece, U. of C. Distance—150 ft. 10½ in.; secon

Canadian try-outs, held at Montreal, Que., June 8. Results: 100 metres, final heat—Won by McConnell; second, Kerr. Time—11 2-5s. 200 metres, final heat—Won by Howard; second, Kerr; third, Lukeman. Time—23 1-5s. 400 metres—Won by Gallon; second, Tressider. Time—

Moming Pigcons.

CHAMPION RECORDS-OLD BIRDS.

DISTANCES.	Speed. Yards per Minute.	Year.	Owner.	Loft at—
200 " 400 " 500 " 600 " 700 " 836 "	2511.87 1893.59 1848.00 1703.61 1705.62 1612.23 1546.97 Finished second day 2d 9h 43m 12s	1897 1896 1905 1908 1907	W. J. Lautz C. H. Watchman. E. Rouf William Compa. E. Edwin Atwood Fred May. W. J. Lautz Reuben Peters. Henry Reach	Baltimore, Md. Detroit, Mich. Paterson, N. J. Needham, Mass. Minneapolis, Minn. Buffalo, N. Y. Pittsburgh, Pa.

General average, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500 miles, 1394.63 yards; 1900, Harry Robertson, Brooklyn, N. Y. National general averages, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600 miles, 1177.19 yards; 1899, Charles Bang, Staten Island, N. Y. 1222.48 yards; 1905, F. C. Hersey, Jr., Wellesley, Mass.

CHAMPION RECORDS-YOUNG BIRDS.

DISTANCES.	Speed, Yards per Minute.	Year.	Owner.	Loft at—
150 " 200 " 300 " 400 " 500 "	1597.75 2121.45 1875.45 1665.25 1060.97 1191.30	1908 1894 1905 1896 1904	William P. Betts. William Eberhardt. P. G. Clark. F. P. Fetes. Jacob Eberle. E. B. Walker. G. W. Schaefer.	Buffalo, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa. Buffalo, N. Y. Newark, N. J. Buffalo, N. Y.

General average, 100, 150, 200 miles, 1356.73 yards; 1897, Adolph Busch, Staten Island, N. Y. National general averages, 1260.13 yards; 1904, Otto Kreger, Paterson, N. J.

(Compiled by John Fischer, Secretary of the International Federation of American Homing Pigeon Fanciers.)

Records of Previous Olympic Meets.

(Compiled by James E. Sullivan, Secretary A. A. U.)

60-Metre Run-Hahn (America), 7s., St. Louis, 1904; Kraenzlein (America), 7s., Paris, 1900,

100-Metre Run—Walker (So. Africa), 10 4-5s., London, 1908; Hahn (America), 11 1-5s., Athens, 1906; Hahn (America), 11s., St. Louis, 1904; Jarvis (America), 10 4-5s., Paris, 1900; Burke (America), 12s., Athens, 1896.

200-Metre Run—Kerr (Canada), 22 2-5s., London, 1908; Hahn (America), 21 3-5s., St. Louis, 1904; Tewksbury (America), 22 1-5s., Paris, 1900.

400-Metre Run—*Halswelle (England), 50s., London, 1908; Pilgrim (America), 53 1-5s., Athens, 1906; Hillman (America), 49 1-5s., St. Louis, 1904; Long (America), 49 2-5s., Paris, 1900; Burke (America), 54 1-5s., Athens, 1896.

800-Metre Run—Sheppard (America), 1m. 52 1-5s., London, 1908; Pilgrim (America), 2m. 1 1-5s., America, 1906; Lightbody (America), 1m. 56s., St. Louis, 1904; Tysoc (England), 2m. 1 2-5s., Paris, 1900; Flack (England), 2m. 11s., Athens, 1896.

1,500-Metre Run—Sheppard (America), 4m. 3 2-5s., London, 1908; Lightbody (America), 4m. 12s., Athens, 1906; Lightbody (America), 4m. 5 2-5s., St. Louis, 1904; Bennett (England), 4m. 6s., Paris, 1900; Flack (England), 4m. 31 1-5s., Athens, 1896

110-Metre Hurdles—Smithson (America), 15s., London, 1908; Leavitt (America), 16 1-5s., Athens, 1906; Schule (America), 16s., St. Louis, 1904; Kraenziein (America), 15 2-5s., Paris, 1900; Curtis (America), 17 3-5s., Athens, 1896.

200-Metre Hurdles-Hillman (America), 24 3-5s., St. Louis, 1904; Kraenzlein (America), 25 2-5s., Paris, 1900.

400-Metre Hurdies—Bacon (America), 55s., London, 1908; Hillman (America), 53s., St. Louis, 1904; Tewksbury (America), 57 3-5s., Paris, 1900. 2,500-Metre Steeplechase-Lightbody (America), 7m. 39 3-5s., St. Louis, 1904; Orton (America),

7m. 34s., Paris, 1900.

3,200-Metre Steeplechase-Russell (England), 10m. 47 4-5s., London, 1908.

4,000-Metre Steeplechase-Rimmer (England), 12m. 58 2-5s., Paris, 1900.

Running Long Jump—Irons (America), 24 ft. 6 1-2 in., London, 1908; Prinstein (America), 23 ft. 71-2 in., Atheny-1906; Prinstein (America), 24 ft. 1 in., St. Louis, 1904; Kraenziein (America), 23 ft. 6 7-8 in., Paris, 1900; Clark (America), 20 ft. 9 3-4 in., Athens, 1896.

Running High Jump—Porter (America), 6 ft. 3 in., London, 1908; Leahy (Ireland), 5 ft. 9 7-8 in., Athens, 1906; Jones (America), 5 ft. 11 in., St. Louis, 1904; Baxter (America), 6 ft. 2 4-5 in., Paris, 1900; Clark (America), 5 ft. 11 1-4 in. Athens, 1896.

Running Triple Jump—Ahearne (England), 48 ft. 11 1-4 in, London, 1908; O'Connor (Ireland), 46 ft. 2 in., Athens, 1906; Prinstein (America), 47 ft., St. Louis, 1964; Prinstein (America), 47 ft. 4 i-4 in., Paris, 1900; Connolly (America), 45 ft., Athens, 1896.

Standing Broad Jump—Ewry (America), 10 ft. 11 1-4 in., London, 1908; Ewry (America), 10 ft. 10 in., Athens, 1906; Ewry (America), 11 ft. 4 7-8 in., St. Louis, 1904; Ewry (America), 10 ft. 6 2-5 in., Paris, 1900.

Standing High Jump—Ewry (America), 5 ft. 2 in., London, 1908; Ewry (America), 5 ft. 1 5-8 in., Athens, 1906; Ewry (America), 4 ft. 11 in., St. Louis, 1904; Ewry (America), 5 ft. 5 in., Paris, 1900.

Standing Triple Jump-Ewry (America), 34 ft. 7 1-4 in., St. Louis, 1904; Ewry (America), 34 ft. 8 1-2 in., Paris, 1900.

Pole Vault—Gilbert and Cook (America), 12 ft. 2 in., London, 1908; Gouder (France), 11 ft. 6 in., Athens, 1906; Dyorak (America), 11 ft. 6 in., St. Louis, 1904; Baxter (America), 10 ft. 9 3-4 lin., Athens, 1906.

Shot Put—Rose (America), 46 ft. 7 1-2 ln., London, 1908; Sheridan (America), 40 ft. 4 4-5 ln., Athens, 1906; Rose (America), 48 ft. 7 ln., St. Louis, 1904; Sheldon (America), 46 ft. 3 1-8 ln., Paris, 1900; Garrett (America), 36 ft. 2 ln., Athens, 1896.

Discus—Sheridan (America), 134 ft. 2 in., London, 1908; Sheridan (America), 136 ft. 1-3 in., Athens, 1906; Sheridan (America), 128 ft. 10 1-2 in., St. Louis, 1904; Bauer (Hungary), 118 ft. 2 9-10 in., Paris, 1900; Garrett (America), 95 ft. 7 1-2 in., Athens, 1896.

Throwing 16-ib. Hammer—Flanagan (America), 170 ft. 4 1-4 in., London, 19 ica), 168 ft. 1 in., St. Louis, 1904; Flanagan (America), 167 ft. 4 in., Paris, 1900. 1908: Flanagan (Amer-

Throwing 56-lb. Weight-Desmarteau (Canada), 34 ft. 4 in., St. Louis, 1904.

Marathon Race—Hayes (America), 2h. 55m. 18s., London, 1908; Sherring (Canada), 2h. 51m. 23 3-5s., Athens, 1906; Hicks (America), 3h. 28m. 53s., 8t. Louis, 1904; Teato (France), 2h. 55m., Paris, 1900; Loues (Greece), 2h. 55m. 20s., Athens, 1896. Weight Lifting (one hand)—Steinbach (Austria), 168 3-5 lbs., Athens, 1906; Elliott (England), 156

weight Lifting (one hand)—Steinbach (Austria), 168 3-5 lbs., Athens, 1906; Elliott (England), 156 lbs. 8 ozs., Athens, 1896.
Weight Lifting (two hands)—Tofalos (Greece), 313 7-10 lbs., Athens, 1906; Kakousis (Greece), 246 lbs., St. Louis, 1904; Jensen (Denmark), 245 lbs., 12 ozs., Athens, 1896.
Dumbbell Competition—Osthoff (America), St. Louis, 1904, Athens, 1906; Milwaukee A. C. (America), St. Louis, 1904.

Louis, 1904.

Team Race—New York A. C. (America), St. Louis, 1904; England, Paris, 1900.

Team Race (3 miles)—England, 14m. 39 3-5s., London, 1908.

Five-Mile Run—Voigt (England), 25m. 11 1-5s., London, 1908; Hawtrey (England), 26m. 26 1-5s.;

Throwing Stone—Georgantus (Greece), 65 ft. 4 1-5 in., Athens, 1906.
Throwing Javelin (free style)—Lemming (Sweden), 178 ft. 7 1-2 in., London, 1908; Lemming (Sweden),

Throwing Javelin (free style)—Lemming (Sweden), 178 ft. 7 1-2 in., London, 1908; Lemming (Sweden), 175 ft. 6 in., Athens, 1906.

Throwing Javelin (held in middle)—Lemming (Sweden), 179 ft. 10 1-2 in., London, 1908.
Pentathion—Mellander (Sweden), 24 points, Athens, 1906.
1,500-Metre Walk—Bonhag (America), 7m. 12 3-5s., Athens, 1906.
3,500-Metre Walk—Larner (England), 14m. 55s., London, 1908.
10-Mile Walk—Larner (England), 1h. 15m. 57 2-5s., London, 1908.
Throwing Discus (Greek style)—Sheridan (America), 124 ft. 8 in., London, 1908; Jaervinen (Fineland), 115 ft. 4 in., Athens, 1906.

tand), 115 10. Ran alone.

Long Distance, Marathon and Cross Country Runs.

PROFESSIONAL.

JANUARY 2—Powderhall Marathon, at Edinburgh, Scotland—Won by W. Kolehmainen; second, Hans Holmer; third, Fred Cameron. Time—2h, 32m, 56½s.

January 4—Henri St. Yves defeated Al Raines in a 10-mile indoor match at New York City. Time—55m, 16 2-5s.

January 20—Alfred Shrubb defeated William Queal in a 10-mile indoor race at Watertown, N. Y. Time—49m, 9 3-5s.

February 3—Tom Longboat won a 15-mile match race at Edinburgh, Scotland, defeating w. Kolehmeinen and Ware Western 200.

4-49m. 9 3-5s.

3-Tom Longboat won a 15-mile match race at Edinburgh, Scotland, defeating W. nd Hans Holmer. Time—1h. 20m. 4 2-5s.

Kolehmainen and Hans Holmer.

Kolehmainen and Hans Holmer. Time—lh. 20m. 4 2-5s.

February 5—William Queal defeated Alfred Shrubb in a 12-mile indoor match race at Watertown, N. Y. Time—lh. 6m. 17 4-5s.

February 28—William Queal defeated Peroy Smallwood in a 10-mile indoor match race at New York City. Time—53m. 17s.

March 30—One hour indoor race held at New York City—Won by William Queal; second, A. Wood; third, T. Crook. Winner's distance—11 miles, 700 yards.

April 4—Alfred Shrubb defeated Tom Longboat in a 12-mile indoor match race at Toronto, Ont. Time—lh. 4m.

April 20—A. Wood defeated Al Raines, Henri St. Yves and John Swanberg in a 10-mile indoor race at New York City. Time—51m. 17 2-5s.

May 4—Hans Holmer defeated Johnny Hayes in a special indoor Marathon race held at Berlin, Germany.

Germany. May 5—A. Wood won the 15-mile indoor race held at New York City, defeating William Queal, Alfred Shrubb and Ted Crook in order named of a field of twelve starters. Time—1h. 18m. 15s.

May 25—A. Wood and C. Hefferon won a 15-mile relay race, defeating Queal and Crook, Longboat and Shrubb and Allen and Red Hawk in order named, at Toronto, Ont.

August 11-A. Wood defeated William Queal in a 10-mile match at Newark, N. J. Time-57m. 11 3-5s.

57m. 11 3-5s.
Wash. Time—th. 21m. 45 1-5s.
September 8—Paris Marathon Race—Won by Hans Holmer at Paris, France, from field of twenty-odd starters. Time—2h. 43m.
October 20—American Professional Championship Marathon, held at Newark, N. J.—Won by W. Kolehmainen in 2h. 29m. 35 1-5s. (new professional world's record); second, Hans Holmer, Time—2h. 34m. 48s.; third, Karl Nieminen. Time—2h. 43m. 10s.; fourth, Thure Johanson. Time—2h. 44m. 26s.; fitth, T. Dineen. Time—2h. 46m. 33s., with four laps to go when the race was stopped. The leader and time for each mile follows:

	TI	ME.	11			TIM	4E.				TIM	IE.
M. Leader. h	. m.	S.	M.	Leader. "	ħ.	m	s.	М.		h.	m.	s.
1 Holmer (5	14		Kolehmainen	1	00	17 1-5		Kolehmainen	1	52	22 1-5
2 Holmer (10	42			1	06	05 2-5		Kolehmainen	1	57	56 1-5
3 Holmer (16	07 2-5	13	Holmer	1	11	58 4-5		Kolehmainen	2	03	59
4 Holmer 0	21	41	14	Holmer,		17	56		Kolehmainen	2	10	$02\ 1-5$
5 Holmer (27	04	1 15		1	23	47 1-5	24		2	16	11
6 Holmer C	32	38	16	Holmer		29	38 4-5		Kolehmainen	2	22	20 3-5
7 Kolehmainen 0		07	17	Holmer	1	35	20 1-5			2	28	32
8 Kolehmainen 0	43	41	18	Holmer	1	41	07	26				
9 Kolehmalnen 0	49	18 4-5	19	Holmer	1	46	53 1-5		Kolehmainen	2	29	39 1-5
10 Kolehmainen 0	54	48 4-5)				i.					

W. Kolehmainen won 12-mile indoor race held at New York City, defeating William Queal, Hans Holmer, Karl Nieminen and Thure Johannson in order named. Time—1h. 2m. 6s.

AMATEUR.

April 19—Boston Athletic Association's sixteenth annual American Marathon race, held between Ashland and Boston. Distance, 25 miles—Won by M. Ryan, Irish-American A. C., New York City. Time—2h. 21m. 18 4-5s., a new course record. Order of finish, first ten runners:

	TIME.		TIME.
NAME and Club.		NAME and Club.	h. m. s.
Mike Ryan, Irlsh-American, N.	Y2 21 18 1-5	J. C. Karlson, Minneapolis	2 25 50
A. Sockalexis, N. Dorchester, M.	ass., 2 21 52 3-5	H. F. Jensen, Pastime A. C., N.	$Y \dots 2 26 07$
F. J. Madden, North Dorchester	r2 23 34	R. F. Piggott, Cambridge	2 26 48 4-5
T. H. Lilley, North Dorchester.	2 23 50 4-5	Edwin Fabre, Montreal	2 26 20
Fritz Corlson, Minneapolis	2 25 38 1-5	William Galvin, Yonkers, N. Y.	2 26 50
37 4 3et 1 1.11			

May 4—Missouri Athletic Club's eighth annual Marathon race, held at St. Louis, Mo. Distance, 25 miles—Won by Joseph Erxleben, M. A. C.; second, J. Forshaw, M. A. C.; third, S. Hatch, Chicago, unattached Time—2h. 36m. 30s.

May 4—New York City's modified Marathon. Distance, 12½ miles—Won by Louis Scott, South Paterson A. C. Time—1h. 8m. 28 2-5s. Order of first ten finishers;

NAME and Club. h. m. s. Louis Scott, S. Paterson A. C		TIME.		TIME.
Louis Scott, S. Paterson A. C	NAME and Club.	h. m. s.	NAME and Club.	h. m. s.
J. Gleason, Pastime A. C	Louis Scott, S. Paterson A. C	1 08 28 2-5		
J. Gleason, Pastime A. C	G. Strobino, S. Paterson A. C	1 09 20	J. J. McNamara, I. A. A. C.	1 10 23
Tom Dwyer, Mohawk A. C	J. Gleason, Pastime A. C	1 09 50	Harry Jensen, Pastime A. C.	1 10 24
J. Silva, Boston A. A	Tom Dwyer, Mohawk A. C	1 10 18	T. E. Nelson, I. A. A. C	1 11 03
May 20—London (England) Marathon Race. Distance, 26 miles—Won by J. Corkery, Irish	J. Silva, Boston A. A	1 10 19	G. F. Holden, Y. Y. M. C. A	1 11 08
Canadian A. C. Time—2h. 26m. 55 2-5s. Order of first ten finishers:	May 20-London (England	Marathon Race	. Distance, 26 miles—Won b	y J. Corkery, Irlsh-
	Canadian A. C. Time-2h. 261	n. 55 2-5s. Orde	r of first ten finishers:	

TIME.	[IME.
NAME and Club. h. m. s.	Name and Club.	h. m	
J. Corkery, Irish Canadian A. A 2 36 55 2-5	H. G. Kellaway, Herne Hill H	2 45	05
C. W. Gitsham, South African Team, 2 37 14 3-5	E. W. Lloyd, Herne Hill H	2 45	08
H. Green, H. H. H. & Harrodian A. A.2 39 22 2-5	J. G. Beale, Polytechnic H.	.245	35
8. Francom, Wirral A. C	A. Townsend, Essex Beagles	.2 48	25 1- 5
F. Lord, Wibsey Park A. C 2 44 33 2-5	C. Davenport, Coventry Godiva H.	2 50	44
May 24—Hamilton, Ont., Marathon race.	Distance 10 miles 165 vards-Wo	n hv	Harry

LONG DISTANCE, MARATHON AND CROSS COUNTRY RUNS-Continued.

Jensen, Pastime A. C., New York City; second, A. Duffy, Toronto; third, Harry Smith, unattached, New York City. Time—2h. 1m. 15s.
September 21—Bangor, Me., Marathon race. Distance, 19 miles—Won by C. De Mar, North Dorchester, Mass. A. C.; second, Andrew Sockalexis, Old Town, Me.; third, A. K. Sturgis, Dorchester, Mass. Time—1h. 54m.

October 26—National A. A. U., 10-mile championship run, held at Newark, N. J. Order of

finish, first five runners:

TIME. TIME. m. s. 34 37 34 47 34 57 NAME and Club.
A Roth, Mohawk A. C..
T. F. Barden, unattached.....
S. Leslle, Long Island A. C.... NAME and Club. R. Springsteen, Yonkers Y. M. C. A. H. Kramer, Long Island A. C.....

Columbia Interscholastic cross country race held at New York City. Won by Schenectady H. S., 51 points; second, Central H. S., Newark, N. J., 68; third, Morris H. S., 75.

A. A. U. WALKING CHAMPIONSHIP.

National A. A. U. seven-mile walking championship, held at Newark, N. J., October 26. Order of finish, first five walkers: Won by A. Vollmecke, Pastime A. C. Time—55m. 49s.; second, T. Nuendorfer, New York A. C. Time—56m. 13-5s.; third, T. Carroll, Irish-American A. C. Time—56m. 5s.; fourth, R. F. Remer, West Englewood A. C. Time—56m. 15 2-5s.; fifth, R. B. Gifford, McCadden Lyceum. Time—57m. 7 1-5s.

New Xork State Probation Commission.

The State Probation Commission, created by Chapter 430, Laws of 1907, consists of seven members. Four are appointed by the Governor for terms of four years each; one is appointed by the State Board of Charities from among its members; one is appointed by the State Commission of Prisons from among its members; and the State Commissioner of Education is a member c-officio. Commissioners serve without compensation, but are entitled to necessary travelling expenses.

The general duties of the Commission are to exercise general supervision over the work of probation officers and to keep informed as to their work; to collect and publish statistical and other information as to the operations of the probation system; to inquire from time to time into the conduct and efficiency of probation officers, and when advisable to conduct a formal investigation of the work of any probation officer; to make recommendations and to secure the effective application of the probation system and the enforcement of the probation law in all parts of the State. The Commission makes an annual report to the Legislature showing its proceedings and the results of the probation system as administered in the various localities in the State, and making suggestions and recommendations. The Commission in the discharge of its duties has access to all offices and records of probation officers, and may direct formal investigation of its duties has access to all offices and records of probation officers, and may direct formal investigation of the work of any probation officer.

President, Homer Folks, New York; Secretary, Arthur W. Towne. The Commission has its office in the Capitol, at Albany.

Evening World Weadpin Championship Bowling.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL EVENING WORLD Free Championship Headpin Bowling Tournament, rolled at Thum's White Elephant Alleys, New York City, was won by Spartan Bowling Club team No. 2 of New York City, with a high score of 543. The five members of the team bowled as follows:

A. J. Schnabel, 109; Otto Maier, 113; John Meyer, 108; Chas. Rehm, 105; Boulanger, 108. The tournament was the largest ever held in the United States; 738 five-men teams bowling for the trophy The tournament started in 1905 with 250 teams and increased in the number of participants every year.

Roque.

THE thirty-first annual championship tournament of the National Roque Association of America was held at Norwich, Ct., August 20-24. Final standing of competitors. First figures indicating games won; second, games lost, Springfield, 9—1; Harold Clark, Springfield, 8—2; L. E. Whitaker, Springfield, 7—3; C. G. Williams, Washington, 5—5; J. C. Kirk, Philadelphia, 5—5; F. C. Turner, Pasadena, Cal., 5—5; B. R. Veasey, Philadelphia, 5—5; H. T. Webb, Philadelphia, 6—4; I. Felton, Philadelphia, 3—7; Charles Jacobus, Springfield, 2—3; W. L. Robinson, Mansfield, Mass.,

Second Division—A. D. Spellman. Willimantic, 7—2; L. C. Williamson, Washington, 7—2; H. S. Thomson, Springfield, 6—3; E. W. Robinson, Mansheld, 6—3; F. M. Thompson, Danbury, 5—4; F. Symington, Norwich, 4—5; W. C. Rodman, Philadelphia, 3—6; W. Sullivan, Norwich, 3—6; L. Stockwell, Norwich, 2—6.

Play, Off Second Division Tie—L. C. Williamson, Washington, 3—2; A. D. Spellman, Willimantic,

Medal, Eddle Clark, Springheiu, Mass.

Mass.

English Championship, held at Roehampton Club, London, August 12-16. Final standing, championship cup division, figures showing games won: P. D. Mathews, 14; H. Corbally, 12; C. L. O'Callaghan, 10; Mrs. R. C. J. Beaton, 10; K. H. Izard, 10; R. Bloxsome, 9; H. W. J. Snell, 8; R. C. J. Beaton, 8; A. St. L. Taylor, 8; Miss N. E. Coote, 1.

Ladles' Championship Cup. Final standing, figures showing number of games won: Miss D. M. Standring, 8; Miss E. D. B. Simeon, 6; Mrs. F. H. White, 5; Miss D. D. Steel, 5; Mrs. M. W. Herapath, 5; Miss E. M. Bramwell, 5; Mrs. Edwin Hughes, 4; Lady Marcia Jocelyn, 3; Mrs. W. P. Blood, 3; Miss E. M. Carpmael, 1.

Fencina.

THE results of the principal championship and dual meets of 1912 follow:
National Championships of the Amateur Fencers' League of America, held in New York City,
April 26-27, final rounds:
Folls—Won by S. Hall, Fencers' Club; F. W. Allen, Boston A. A., second; A. Z. V. Post, Fencers'
Club, third. Duelling Swords—Won by A. Z. V. Post, Fencers' Club; J. A. McLaughlin, Boston
A. A., second; Dr. S. D. Breckenridge, Washington, third. Sabres—Won by C. A. Bill, New York
A. C.; F. J. Byrne, New York A. C., second; D. D. Pullen, Washington, third. Women's Championship, Folls—Won by Miss Adelaide Baylis, New York City; Miss Emily Sailer, Philadelphia, second; Miss Frances Deuson, East Orange, third.
Folls Team Championship of Amateur Fencers' League of America, held at New York Turn
Verein, March 18—Won by New York Fencers' Club team (A. Z. V. Post, G. H. Breed and S. Hall),
defeating Boston A. A. 5 to 2 in final round.
Sabre Team Championship of Amateur Fencers' League of America, held at New York A. C.,
February 5—Won by New York A. C., Score: 10 bouts won, 2 lost; Fencers', 6 bouts won, 5 lost;
New York Turn Verein, won 0, lost 9.
Fectors of the Sam Championships held at New York Fencers' Club, February 12—Won by
Fectors of the Sam Championship, Calren, deteating Turn Verein, Starch 7—Won by S. McCullagh,
New York A. C.; E Byrne, New York A. C., Second; G. C. Haas, Fencers' Club, February 12—Won by
Feotons of the Sam Championship of Parker, N. Y. A. C., 6;
International tournament held at Ostend, France, July 29-31. Results: Foll tenns—France
won, Belgium second, Great Britain third. Sabre teams—Belgium won, France second and Italy
third.

Intercollegiste Championships held at New York City, April 6—Won by United States Military

-Won by S. Hall, F. C., 7; J. P. Parker, N. Y. A. C., 6; Dr. J. E. Gignoux, N. Y. A. C., 6; March 11 Hernational tournament held at Ostend, France, July 29-31. Results: Foll teams—France won flegitum second, Great Britain third. Sabre teams—Belgium won, France second and Italy third.

Intercollegiate Championships held at New York City, April 6—Won by United States Military Academy team with 41 bouts won and 4 lost; second, United States Naval Academy team, 29 bouts won, 16 lost; third, Cornell, 28 bouts won, 17 lost; fourth, Harvard, 17 won, 28 lost; fifth, Columbia, 11 won, 34 lost; sixth, Pennsylvania, 9 won, 36 lost. Individual Intercollegiate Championship—Won by H. A. Raynor, U. S. M. A., with 15 bouts straight.

Interscholastic Championships, held at New York City, April 6—Won by Wesley House School, 6 bouts; second, Brooklyn Polytechnic Preparatory School, 3 bouts.

Olympic fencing, see Olympic Games.

January 27, Annapolis, Md.—Washington Fencers' Club defeated Naval Academy 5 bouts to 4. February 3, Brooklyn, N. Y.—New York Fencers' Club won the competition for the Manrique Cup, defeating French Y. M. C. A. 5 to 1 in final match.

February 9, Pinladelphia, Pa.—University of Pennsylvania defeated Harvard 5 to 4. February 17, West Point, N. Y.—Army defeated Washington Fencers' Club be to 4. February 21, Philadelphia, Pa.—University of Pennsylvania defeated Columbia 7 to 2. February 24, West Point, N. Y.—Army defeated Washington Fencers' Club 8 to 1. February 24, Annapolis, Md.—Naval Academy defeated University of Pennsylvania 7 to 2. February 24, New Haven, Ct.—Yale defeated Harvard 6 to 3. March 1, Annapolis, Md.—Naval Academy defeated University of Pennsylvania 7 to 2. February 24, New Haven, Ct.—Yale defeated Harvard 6 to 3. March 8, New York City, N. Y.—Army defeated Washington Fencers' Club 8 to 1. February 24, New Haven, Ct.—Yale defeated Harvard 6 to 3. March 9, New York Pennsylvania defeated University of Pennsylvania 6 feotated Columbia 5 to 4. March 9, New York Pennsylvania defeated Princeton 5

DISTANCE.

Warness Worse Racing.

SIX BEST PERFORMANCES OF 1912. Billy Burke, 2.03½, b., by Silent Brook, 2.16½; dam Crystal's Last Dudle Archdale 2.04½, bl., by Archdale, dam Dudle Egmont, 2.13½, by elding: Uhlan, 1.58, bl., by Bingen, 2.06½; dam Blonde, by Sir Waiter, TROTTERS-Stalllon: by Ondale, 2.23 ½. Mare: Egmont Chief, 2.24 ¼. GJr., 2.18 ¼. Gelding:

Egmont Chief, 2.24%. Gelding: Uhlan, 1.58, bl., by Bingen, 2.06%; dam Blonde, by Sir Walter, Jr., 2.18%.

Yearlings—Coit: Airdale, 2.15% b. by Tregantle 2.09%; dam Miss Fanny Summers 2.26%; by Bow Bells, 2.19%. Filly: Hester C., 2.21%; by Silent Brook, 2.16%; dam Carrietta, 2.18, by Directman. Two-year-olds—Coit: Magowan, 2.10%, b., by Vice Commodore, 2.11; dam Fanella, 2.13, by Arlon, 2.07%; and Peter the Gay, 2.10%, b., by Peter the Great, 2.07%; dam Miss Gay, 2.07%; by Ashland Wilkes, 2.17%. Filly: Lottle Ansel, 2.14%, b., by Prince Ansel, 2.20%; dam Lottle, 2.15, by San Diego. Three-year-olds—Coit: Baldy McGregor, 2.06%, b., by Jay McGregor, 2.07%; dam Brudeney, by Bonnie McGregor, 2.13%. Filly: Rythmel, 2.08, b., by Rhythmie, 2.06%; dam Elizabeth Eades, 2.19%, by Bow Dean, 2.30. Gelding: Brighton B., 2.11%, b., by Brighton, 2.27%; dam Black Ide, 2.17, by Cyclone, 2.23%. Four-year-olds—Stallion: Dave Halle, 2.06%, b., by Peter the Great, 2.07%; dam Ashland Mary by Ashland Wilkes, 2.17%. Mare: Margaret Parrish, 2.05%, b., by Vice Commodore, 2.11; dam Lady Leyburn by Arion, 2.07%. Five-year-olds—Stallion: Anvil, 2.06, b., by St. Vallent Vincent, 2.11%; dam Amy Smith by Emperor Wilkes, 2.20%. Mare: Grace, 2.04%, ch., by Peter the Great, 2.07%; dam Orlanna, 2.19%, by Onward, 2.25%. Gelding: Ramey Constantine, 2.10, b., by Constantine, 2.12%, dam Amy Smith by Emperor Wilkes, 2.20%. Ware: Grace, 2.04%, ch., by Peter the Great, 2.07%; dam Orlanna, 2.19%, by Todd, 2.14%; dam Glyzbeth Eades, 2.19%, by Bow Dean, 2.30. Gelding: The Warderer, 2.08%, b., by Poing Jim, Poing The Warderer, 2.08%, b., by Rhythmie, 2.08, bl. g., by Bingen, 2.08; dam Elizabeth Eades, 2.19%, by Bow Dean, 2.30. Gelding: The Warderer, 2.08%, b., by Bow Dean, 2.30. Gelding: The Warderer, 2.08%, b., by Jone Jim, Poing The Warderer, 2.08%, b., by Bow Dean, 2.30. Gelding: The Warderer, 2.08%, b., by Jone Jim, Poing The Warderer, 2.08%, b., by Genderer, 2.08%, dam Elizabeth Eades, 2.19%, by Foung Jim, Poing The Warderer, 2.08%, by Bow Dean, 2.30. Ge

WORLD'S TROTTING RECORDS.

Place.

Date.

Time.

Name.

1 mile (world's record)	Uhlan*	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 8, 1912		1 58
1 " in a race	Hamburg Belle	No Randall Ohio	Aug 25 1909		$2.01\frac{1}{4}$
1 " on half-mile track.	Uhlan*	Goshen, N. Y	Aug. 24,1911		2.02%
1 " by a stallion	The Harvester*	Columbus, Ohio	Sept. 22 1910		2.01
1 " " gelding	Uhlan*	Cleveland, Ohio	Ang 12.1910		1.58%
1 " " mare	Lou Dillou*	Memphis Tenn t	Oct 24 1903		1.58%
1 " (with runn's mate)	A vros P *	Kirkwood, Del. (kite)	Inly 3 1802		2.0316
1 " by a yearling	Airdala	Lexington, Ky	Oct 9 1019		2.15%
1 by a fearing	(Instice Brooks	Lexington Ky	Oct. 5 1910		2.09%
1 " two-year-old	Native Polle	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 6,1000		2.0734
	(Colomodo E	Lexington, K)	Oct. 0,1909		
1 " three-year-old	Notire Pollet	Lexington, Ky	Oct. 15,1910		2.0434
•	(Native Belle"	Lexington, Ky Lexington, Ky Nashville, Tenn. (reg.).	Oct. 14.1910		2.063
1 " four-year-old.	Directum	Nasuville, Tenn. (reg.)	Oct. 18,1893		2.0514
	1 (JOBIII	Lexington Ky	Oct. 13,1910		2.0484
i nve-year-oid	Lou Dillon*	Memphis, Tenn. †	Oct. 24,1903		1.58 %
six-year-old	Lou Dillon*	Memphis, Tenn	Nov.11,1904		2.01
i to high wheel sulky	Major Delmar*	Memphis, Tenn	Oct., 26,1904		2.07
Best 2 heats	Hamburg Belle	No. Randall, Ohio	Aug. 25,1909	2. 014	2.0194
1 "six-year-old 1 to high wheel sulky Best 2 heats	Billy Burke	Syracuse, N. Y	Sept. 11,1911	2.04 2.04	2.0484
2 mues	Tine marvester	Dexingion: KV.	OCL. 13.1910		4.1514
3 "	\ Nightingale*	Nashville, Tenn. (reg.) Minneapolis, Minn	Oct. 20,1893		6.55%
3	\Fairy Wood	Minneapolis, Minn	July 1,1895		7.164
4 "	Bertie R	Blackpool, England †	Sept. 11.1899		9.58
* *************************************	Senator L	Blackpool, England † San José, Cal. (reg.)	Nov. 2.1894		10.12
5 "	Bishop Hero	Oakland, Cal. (reg.)	Oct. 14.1893		12.30%
10 "	(Pascal*	New York, N. Y. (reg.)	Nov. 2.1893		26.15
10 "	Controller	Oakland, Cal. (reg.) New York, N. Y. (reg.) San Francisco, Cal. (reg.)	Nov. 23,1878		27.2314
20 "	Capt. McGowan*	Boston, Mass. (reg.) San Francisco, Cal	Oct. 31.1865		58 25
30 11	Gen. Taylor*	San Francisco Cal	Feb 21 1857		1 47 59
50 **	Ariel*	Albany, N. Y.	May 5 1846		3 55 4014
100 "	Conqueror*	Centreville, L. I	Nov 12 1853		8 55 53
			1101. 12,1000	***************************************	0.00.00
		ing-To Wagon.			
1 mile (against time)	(Lou Dillon*	.(Memphis, Tenn.t	.[Oct. 28, 190	31	2.00
1 " ("","	Uhlan*	Cleveland, Ohio	Aug. 8 1911		2.00
1 " in a race	Lou Dillon	. Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 21 190	3	2.04%
Best 2 heats	Lou Dillon	Memphis Tenn	Oct. 21, 190	2 0484	2.0484
Best 3 heats	Hopeful	. Chicago, Ill	.lOct. 12:1878	3 2 1646 2 17	2.17
2 miles	Pelegon	Belmont, Phila	. Oct. 20.1909	91	4.38
3 **	Ed Bryan	. Point Breeze, Phila	NOV 8 190	5	7.3016
5	Ed Bryan	Philadelphia	Ang 22 190		13.03
10 "	Julia Aldrich	. Philadelphia San Francisco, Cal	June 15 185	8	29.0456
20	Controller	. San Francisco, Cal	April20 187		58.57
-			. 11 pr 1120 (10)	31	1 00.01
*		ing-By Teams.			
1 mile	[] Uhlan	Lexington, Ky	Oct 11 1016	1	2.031/4
I mne	. \ Lewis Forrest	Lexington, Ly	OCt. 11,1912	1	2.0372
1 * in a race	Rose Leaf	Columbus, Ohio	Sept. 27,1894	d	2.1514
	Cally Simmons.		1 .	1 1	
1 " road wagon,	Mand S.*	Fleetwood Park, N. Y.	June 15,188	3	2.1516
	(Arab	2 1			
Best 3 heats in a race	Conde	San Francisco, Cal	Nov. 26,188	7 2.3042 2.23	2.18%
			1	1 -7	

*Against time. †Paced by runner to sulky carrying wind or dust shield, runner preceding trotter.

HARNESS HORSE RACING-Continued.

FASTEST PACING RECORDS, 1912.

Yearlings—Filly: Pella, b., 2:2034, by Trampfast, 2:12½; dam Silver Maid, 2:26, by Silver Sign. Two-year-olds—Filly: Capitola, 2:17½; b., by Dan Logan; dam Lulu Mack by Arthur Wilkes, 2:30. Three-year-olds—Colt: Impetuous Palmer, 2:05¾, b., by Impetuous Devil; dam Lilee Palmer by Norval King, 2:12¾; Filly: Annie Axme, 2:05¾, b., by Ax Me Not, 2:26; dam Anna S., by Argot Wilkes, 2:14¼. Gelding: Hemet, 2:08¼, ch., by Geo. W. McKinney, 2:13½; dam Lady Zombro, 2:24¼, by Zombro, 2:11. Four-year-olds—Staillon: Braden Direct, 2:02¾, br., by Baron Direct; dam Rraden Lass by Brown Hal., 2:12½. Mare: Flossie Patch, 2:03¾, br., by Dan Patch, 1:55¼; dam Floseca, 2:19¾, by Dletator Wilkes. Gelding: View Elder, 2:12¼, br., by Box Elder, Jr., 2:14¼; dam Baby View by Wilkes View, 2:28½. Five-year-olds—Staillon: Don Pronto, 2:02¾, b., by Direct's Star, 2:17½; dam Flower Girl by Brown Hal., 2:12½. Gelding: Jones Gentry, 2:05¾, br., by John B. Gentry, 2:00¾; dam Maud Webster by Tom Webster, 2:11¼. Fastest new performers—Staillon: Wydrad, 2:04½, br., by The Director General; dam Hazel Banks, 2:10½, Gelding: Manltoba, 2:04¾, b., by Walter Direct, 2:05¾, br., by John Ritty Clover by Redwood, 2:23¾ and Geo. Gano, 2:02, b., by Gambetta Wilks, 2:19¼; dam Credition, 2:22¼, by Whiten, 2:14¾, mile in 2:02. Fastest stailion: Vernon McKinney, by Work McKinney, and McKinney, and Song Manltoba, 2:04¼, b., by The Barl, 2:14½, mile in 2:01½. Fastest stailion: Vernon McKinney, by The Barl, 2:14½, mile in 2:01½.

WORLD'S PACING RECORDS.

DISTANCE.	Name.	Place.	Date.	Time.	
I mile. I " by a stallion. I " by a gelding. I " in the open. I " by a mare. I " (half mile track). I n a race. I yearling filly. I wyearling colt. I " two-year-old. I " three-year-old. I " four-year-old. I " high-wheel sulky. 3 miles.	Dan Patch*. Dan Patch*. Prince Alert*. Minor Heir*. Dan Patch. Minor Heir*. Minor Heir*. Minor Heir*. Frash Queen*. Frash Perry. Directly*. Fleta Dillon* (Miss De Forrest. Impet us Palmer Braden Direct. Dan Patch*. Dan Patch*. Dan Patch*. Dan Patch*.	St. Paul, Minn † St. Paul, Minn † St. Paul, Minn † New York, N. Y.† Indianapolis, Ind. Memphis, Tenn Allentown, Pa. Indianapolis, Ind. Lexington, Ky. Lexington, Ky.	Sept. 8,1906 Sept. 8,1906 Sept. 28,1906 Sept. 24,1903 Sept. 11,6,1910 Oct. 24,1903 Sept. 12,1915 Sept. 12,1911 Sept. 12,1911 Oct. 6,1999 Oct. 5,1912 Oct. 8,1912 Oct. 27,1903 Oct. 27,1903 Nov. 30,1903 Nov. 30,1903		1.55 1.55 1.57 1.5834 2.004 2.004 2.004 2.0734 2.0534 2.0534 2.0534 2.0534 2.0534 2.0534 2.0534 2.0534 2.0534
3 "	James K. Polk Joe Jefferson* Fisherman	Centreville, L. I. (reg.) Knoxville, Jowa (reg.) San Francisco, Cal. (reg.)	Sept. 13,1847 Nov. 13,1891 Dec. 19,1874		7.44 10.10 13.031/4 2.003/4

To Wagon.

DISTANCE.	Name.	Place.	Date.	Time.							
1 mile (against time)	Dan Patch*	Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 27,1963		1.57%						
1 " in a race	Angus Pointer	Memphis, Tenn	Oct. 20,1904		$2.04\frac{1}{2}$						
2 miles	Young America		l		4.581_{\odot}						
		Sacramento, Cal			7.53						
		San Francisco, Cal			10.423						
		San Francisco, Cal			12.5484						
		Memphis, Tenn			2.0534						
Best 3 heats	Johnston	St. Paul, Minn	Sept. 16,1887	2.1614 2.151	2.151/4						
Boot t House											

Ry o Team

255 10 2 5 5 5 11		
1 mile	1,1912	2.02

*Against time. †Paced by runner to sulky carrying a wind or a dust shield, the runner preceding the pacer.

Records compiled by S. S. Toman, editor of The Trotter and Pacer.

Travelers' Aid Society.

President—John Wanamal

President—John Wanamaker. Vice-Presidents—Cardinal Farley, Dr. Francis Brown, Dr. Samuel Schulman. Treasurer—Samuel M. Taylor. General Secretary—Prin C. Baker. Head-quarters, 328 East Forty-eighth Street, New York City.

The Travelers' Aid Society is a non-sectarian, protective organization incorporated under the laws of the State of New York to safeguard travelers, particularly women and girls, who by reason of inexperience, ignorance, illiness, infirmity or other disability, are in need of assistance. It provides information, advice, guidance and protection to all travelers irrespective of age, race, creed, class or sex. It thereby relieves suffering and anxiety, and prevents error, wrong, extortion and crime at a time when the desired victim is most accessible. This service is free. The agents are not allowed to receive gratuities or fees. to receive gratuities or fees.

Women agents of the society who speak the different languages, meet trains and steamers to within the elty, or to trains or steamers for other points. This protection is continued by co-operation within the elty, or to trains or steamers for other points. This protection is continued by co-operation within the city, or to trains or steamers for other points. This protection is continued by co-operation with other societies or friends at terminal points until the traveler is known to have safely reached the proper destination. When necessary the society provides temporarily for the traveler at head-quarters. Travelers' Ald agents are known by the official badge of the society.

The work is supported entirely by younnary contributions and subscriptions from philanthropic

persons and organizations who recognize the great work done by reaching the individual before there is need of rescue.

Billiards and Bool.

INTERNATIONAL 18.2 balk line amateur billiard tournament held at Paris, March 21 to April 3. Final standing:

PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	Best Average.	PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	Best Average.
Mortier Artus Darantiere Poensgen Agassiz	6 5	1 3 4 4 4	178 85 77 125 127	$\begin{array}{c} 26 \\ 13 \\ 21 \end{array}$	MauraRoudlePoggenburgLabouretComte de Dree	5	4 4 6 7 8	65 92 149 129 109	13 16 28 12 11

International 18.2 balk line amateur billiard tournament held at New York, February 14-21.

PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.	PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.
Poggenburg Conklin Mayer	5 4 4	1 2 3	92 95 84	14 22-27	RoudilGardnerMial	2	4 5 4	63 60 64	11 4-36 11 4-36 11 11-24

National amateur 18.2 balk line billiard championship tournament held at Brooklyn, N. Y., February 3-10. Final standing:

PLAYER.	.Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.	PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.
Brown	4	1 2 2 3	88 77 85 85	13 23-29	Conklin Uffenheimer Douglas	1	3 5 5	65 64 61	12 16-32 11 15-29 11 26-34

National amateur pocket billaird (pool) tournament held at New York, March 14-20. standing:

PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.		Oppon'ts Scored.	PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	Total Points.	Oppon'ts Scored.
*A. B. Hyman *E. J. Raynolds L. J. Carter	4 4 3	1 1 2	613 623 581	517	Dr. W. G. Douglas. W. A. Tilt E. F. Gray	2	3 3 5	577 555 481	591 ° 603 625

*Tied for first at end of regular tournament. Play-off won by A. B. Hyman.

National professional pocket billiard (pool) tournament held at Philadelphia, Pa., April 1-6. Final standing:

PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.
Ralph		0 1 2	Sherman Weston Wilson	4 3 2	3 4 5	King De Langh	1 0	6 7

International 18.2 balk line professional billiard tournament held at New York, November 15-22. Final standing:

PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.	PLAYER.	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.
HoppeSlossonYamadaMorningstar	6 5 4	1 2 3 4	122 166 138 167	26 6-19 25	Cline	3 2	4 4 5 6	132 140	16 20-30 23 17-21 20 20-34 16 1-31

PROFESSIONAL MATCHES.

William Hoppe defeated George Sutton at New York, February 7 in a 18.2 balk line billiard championship match 500 to 280 points. Averages, Hoppe, 29 7-17; Sutton, 16 8-17. George Sutton defeated William Hoppe at New York, March 15 in an 18.1 balk line billiard championship match 500 to 364 points. Averages, Sutton, 10; Hoppe, 7 21-49. William Hoppe defeated Calvin Demarest at New York, April 11 in an 18.2 balk line billiard championship match 500 to 440 points. Averages, Hoppe, 14 10-35; Demarest, 12 32-34. Alfredo De Oro defeated E. J. Ralph at Trenton, N. J., June 12-14 in a match for the world's pocket billiard (pool) championship 600 to 408. William Hoppe defeated Harry Cline at Philadelphia, Pa., June 4 in an 18.2 balk line billiard championship match 500 to 396 points. Averages, Hoppe, 20; Cline, 16½. Joseph Carney defeated Alfredo De Oro at Denver, Col., January 12, in a three-cushion billiard championship match 150 to 132 points. John Horgan defeated John Daly at St. Louis, April 27 in a three-cushion billiard match 150 to 132 points. BEST RECORD AVERAGES.

Professional—100 at 18.2 George Sytton New York 1906 and William Hoppe Los Angeles.

Professional—100 at 18.2, George Sutton, New York, 1906, and William Hoppe, Los Angeles, Cal., March 29, 1910; 40 at 18.1, Jacob Schaefer, Chicago, 1898; 10 at straight cushion-caroms, J. Schaefer, New York, 1833; 37.97 at Champion's Game, G. F. Slosson, Parls, 1882.

1903.

BEST RECORD RUNS. Professional—312 at 18.2, Calvin Demarest, Chicago, Ill., November 16, 1910; 155 at 18.1, William Hoppe, Philadelphia, Pa., November 29, 1910; 246 at 18.2, Maurice Vignaux, Chicago, 1883, when record balk line was first played; 85 at straight cushion-caroms, Fc. Ives, Boston, 1906; 398, Champion's Game, Paris, 1882; 2,196 at English billiards, by George Gray, Australia, at London, March 18, 1911.

Amateur—175 at 18.2, L. Rerolle, Paris, 1908; 202 at 14.2, Calvin Demarest, Chicago, 1908, Pool—Best ruu—85, B. Allen, Boston, Mass., December 24, 1909.
Three Cushion—Best ruu—15, George W. Moore, at New York City, December 7, 1910.

The following are the fly and bait easting Records.

The following are the fly and bait easting records made at the Fifth Annaling Clubs, at Washington Park, Chicago. Ill., August 15, 16, 17, 1912:

All-round Championship Fly and Bait Casting—L. E. DeGarmo. Dry Fly Accuracy, Light Tackle at Buoys—20, 27½, 35, 42½ and 50 feet (5 ounce rod)—I. H. Bellows, 99 6-15 per cent. Distance Fly Casting (5 ounce rod)—C. J. McCarthy, 114 feet. Accuracy Fly Casting at Buoys—60, 55 and 60 feet (8½ ounce rod)—I. H. Bellows, 99 9-15 per cent. Distance Fly Casting (6 aways—60, 55 and 80 feet—D. R. Linder, 99 2-10 per cent. Distance Fly Casting (6 aways—60, 65, 70 75 and 80 feet—D. R. Linder, 99 2-10 per cent. Distance Bait Casting (one quarter ounce weight)—C. J. McCarthy, 117 feet. Accuracy Quarter Ounce Bait Casting (aways—60, 65, 70 75 and 80 feet—D. R. Linder, 99 2-10 per cent. Distance Bait Casting (one quarter ounce weight)—E. J. McCarthy, 129 feet Accuracy Half-Ounce Bait Casting at Buoys—60, 70, 80, 90 and Offece—R. C. McColson, 99 4-10 per cent. Distance Bait Casting (one-half ounce weight)—B. F. Plegel, 214 feet 4 inches (average of 5 casts). Longest individual cast—B. F. Flegel 23 and 19 feet—R. C. McDison, 99 4-10 per cent. Distance Bait Casting (one-half ounce weight)—B. F. Plegel, 214 feet 4 inches (average of 5 casts). Longest individual cast—B. F. Flegel 24 four events in Open Tournaments held under the auspices of the National Association of lentific Angling Clubs:

The following are the best records made in the Angling Clubs:

Dy Fly Accuracy Half-Ounce May Casting One-half casting four events in Open Tournaments held under the auspices of the National Association of lentific Angling Clubs:

The following are the best records made in the Angling Clubs:

Dy Fly Accuracy Half Casting—H. Bellows, 99 epr cent. Chicago, Ill., August, 1912.

Dy Fly Accuracy Half Casting—H. Bellows, 99 epr cent. Chicago, Ill., August, 1912.

Dy Fly Accuracy Half Casting—H. Bellows, 99 epr cent. Chicago, Ill., August, 1912.

Dy Fly Acc

OTHER RECORDS.

Salmon Casting (Professional)—John Enright, Ireland, 152 feet (rod 20 feet, 48 ounces). Central Park, New York, October 12, 1906. Switch Fly Casting—H. W. Hawes, 102 feet (rod 11 feet). Central Park, New York, 1887. Light Rod Contest—Waiter D. Mansfield, 129 feet 6 inches (rod 5 ounces). San Francisco, 1902. Single-Handed Fly Casting—Waiter D. Mansfield, 134 feet (rod 11 feet; 10 ounces). San Francisco, 1902. Single-Handed Fly Casting—H. C. Golcher, 140 feet (rod 11 feet; 10/4 ounces). Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, 1902. At the same time T. W. Brotherton cast 137 feet in a heavy rod contest. Surf Casting—3-ounce lead at casting tournment of the Asbury Park Fishing Club on August 6, 1910, by Wm. J. Moran, 314 feet 10 inches (unofficial record).

SOME ENGLISH FLY AND BAIT CASTING RECORDS.

Salmon Fly Casting, Amateur—J. J. Hardy, 140 feet 3 inches (1895) (rod 18 feet), Wimbledon. John Enright, 147 feet (1896) (rod 20 feet), Wimbledon. Afterward, Withe Same rod, Mr. Enright made an exhibition cast before reliable witnesses of 151 feet (1896) (rod 18 feet), Wimbledon. Scotch Professional—J. Stevens, 126 feet (1890), Twickenham. Samon Casting, Masting, Major C. N. Macdonald, 109 feet, Hendon, England and J. 7, 910. Trout Fly Casting, Single-Handed Rod—P. D. Mailock, 92 feet (the Stance was made by measuring the line after casting); R. B. Marston and Hyde Clark, tie, 44 feet; Reuben Wood (of Syracuse, N. Y.), 82 feet 6 inches. Above contributed by R. J. Held, New York.

ALL attempts to designate and classify the puglistic champions and title holders are more or less arbitrary because of the fact that few such champions won and defended the championships at the same weight. Among the lighter weight boxers it is not at all unusual for a puglist to be forced from one class into the next higher by growth and increased weight. The following list, dating from 1890, is generally accepted by rritics and boxers as being the correct classification, atthough holders did not always win title from previous champions:

HEAVYWEIGHTS (over 158 lbs.)—1890-1892, John L. Sullivan: 1892-1897, James J. Corbett:

187-1893, Robert Fitzsimmons; 1899-1906, James J. Jeffries; 1906-1908, Tommy Burns; 1908-1912, Jack Johnson.

MIDDLEWEIGHTS (158 lbs.)—1890-1897, Robert Fitzsimmons; 1897-1907, Tommy Ryan; 1907-1908. Stanley Ketchel; 1908, Bill Papke and Stanley Ketchel; 1908-1910, Stanley Ketchel; 1908, Bill Papke and Stanley Ketchel; 1910, Stanley Ketchel; 1908, WELTERWEIGHTS (145 lbs.)—1890-1893, no recognized champion; 1894-1896, Tommy Wellter Weller (1898-1907, Kid' McCoy; 1898-1900, Billy Smith; 1900, "Rube" Ferns; 1901, "Matty" Matthews and "Rube" Ferns; 1901-1904, Joe Walcott: 1904-1908, "Dixie Kid"; 1908-1912, no legitimate claimants.

legitimate claimants.

legitimate claimants.

LIGHTWEIGHTS (133 lbs.)—1890-1894, Jack McAuliffe: 1894-1899, "Kid" Lavigne; 1899-1902, Frank Erne: 1902-1908, Joe Gans: 1908-1910, Battling Nelson; 1910-1911, Ad. Wolgast; 1912, Ad. Wolgast and Wille Richie.

FEATHERWEIGHTS (122 lbs.)—1890-1892, no recognized champion; 1892-1897, George Dixon; 1897, Solly Smith; 1898, Solly Smith and Dave Sullivan; 1898-1900, George Dixon; 1900-1901, Terry McGovern; 1901-1904, "Young" Corbett; 1904-1908, Tommy Sullivan; 1908-1911, Abe Attell; 1911-1912, Johnny Kilbane, BANTAMWEIGHTS (116 lbs.)—1890-1892, George Dixon; 1892-1894, no recognized champion; 1941-1898, Jimmy Barry; 1898-1901, no recognized champion; 1901-1903, Harry Forbes; 1903-1905, Frankle Nell; 1905-1907, no recognized champion; 1907-1912, Johnny Coulon.

* Ad. Wolgast lost lightweight title to Willie Ritchie at Daly City (near San Francisco), Cal., on November 28, 1912, by a foul in the sixteenth round.

LARGEST GATE RECEIPTS OF BOXING.

DATE.	Winner.	Loser.	Place.	Gate Receipts	DATE.	Winner.	Loser.	Place.	Gate Receipts.
July 4, 1910.	Johnson	Jeffries	Reno, Nev	\$270,755	Oct. 16, 1909.	Johnson	Ketchel	San Fran.	
Sept. 3, 1906.	Gans	Nelson	G'd'd, Nev	69,715	Mar. 25, 1904	Britt	Corbett	San Fran.	
Dec. 26, 1908.	Johnson	Burns	Sv'v. Ans.	167.500	July 25, 1992.	Jeffries	Fitzsimmons	San Fran.	31,800
Nov. 3, 1899.		Sharkey			Mar. 17, 1897.	Fitzsimmons	Corbett	Carson.	22,000
Aug. 14, 1903.					Nov. 15, 1901.	Jeffries	Ruhlin	San Fran,	20,800
Aug. 30, 1900.	Corbett	McCov	New York.	56,350	Sept. 9, 1905.				
Dec. 20, 1904.	Nelson	Britt	Colma Cal	48,311	Oct. 31, 1904.				
Sept. 7, 1892.	Corbett	Sullivan	N. Orleans	*45,000					
Mar. 8, 1893.	Fitzsimmons	Hall	N.Orleans	40,000	Dec. 2, 1896.				21,000
Feb. 22, 1910	Wolgast	Nelson.	San Fran	37,750					

^{*}Purse \$25,000 and \$10,000 a side. †Estimated.

Chess.

The year 1912 was the most prolific in respect of international gatherings of the masters recorded in the annals of chess. Abbazia, where the play was restricted to the King's Gamblt, San Sebastian, Breslau, Poestyen, Stockholm and Wilna followed each other in quick succession. It was a year of rlumph for A. K. Rubenstein of Warsaw, the Russian champion, who carried off the first prize at San Sebastian, Poestyen and Wilna, and in addition shared the chief honors with O. S. Duras of Prague at Breslau. These were the only competitions Rubenstein took part in, and his transcendent successes have placed that master upon a pinnacle barely below that occupied by Dr. Emanuel Lasker, World's champion. A match for the title may be looked for with confidence in the year 1913. Rudolph Spielmann of Munich was the winner at Abbazia and Alexander A. Alectine of St. Petersburg was placed first at Stockholm. In view of this extraordinary series of contests, held abroad, which were in a way to have been crowned by the proposed New York-Havana Congress, announced to start in New York on November 30, and to conclude at Havana in January, it is the more deplorable that mismanagement caused it to end in a flasco. With no cable matches or national tournaments to occupy the attention of American players, interest, naturally centred in the doings of the foreign masters, among whom, however, one of the most active was F. J. Marshall, the United States champion. Columbia University won the twentieth intercollegiate tournament against Yale, Harvard and Princeton. The 13th tournament of the Triangular College League resulted in a tie between Cornell and the University of Pennsylvania. A King's Gambit Correspondence Fournament, who over 100 players and open to players in the United States and Canada, arranged by the American Chess Bulletin, for Professor Isaac L. Rice, donor of the prize fund, was begun in November and will last until May, when the final round will be started. Records for the year as follows:

C. H. Y. P. Tournament—Won by Columbia with 10½ to 1½. J. B. Beadle, 1½; S. H. Childs, H. A. Wise, and E. L. Gluck, each 3; second, Harvard, 3½ to 3½; third, Princeton, 3 to 9; fourth, Yale, 2 to 10. The record: Harvard, 9; Columbia, 8; Yale and Princeton each 1; tie, Harvard and Yale in 1909.

H. A. Wise, and E. L. Gluck, each 3; second, Harvard, 3½ to 3½; third, Princeton, 3 to 9; fourth, Yale, 2 to 10. The record: Harvard, 9; Columbia, 8; Yale and Princeton each 1; tie, Harvard and Yale in 1909.

Triangular College League—Tie for first, Cornell and Pennsylvania, each 6 to 2; third, Brown, 0 to 8. Cornell—F. K. Perkins and A. C. Ebrilch, each 3 to 1. Pennsylvania—R. Sze, 3½ to ½, and M. J. Teitebaum, 2½ to 1½. The record: Pennsylvania, 6; Cornell, 5; tle, Pennsylvania and Brown in 1906; Pennsylvania and Cornell in 1911.

College Matches—Pennsylvania, 2½; Cluy College, ½; Brown, ½; City College, 2½; Cornell, 3½; Staten Island C. C., 1½.

Manhattan C. C. Championship—First, Magnus Smith, 7 to 1; second, J. Rosenthal, 5½ to 2½; third, A. F. Kreymburg, 4½ to 3½.

Texas Championship—O. O. Ballard, Houston, first, 27½; D. C. Connor, Beaumont, second, 25.

World's Championship—Dr. E. Lasker and Jose R. Capablanca, challenger, negotiated unsuccessfully for a championship—Er. Neither took part in any of the International Tournaments—Abazzla Gambit Tournament—First, Spleimann, Munich, 15; second, Duras, Prague, 13½; third and fourth, Cohn, Berlin, and Retl, Prague, each 11½; fifth, Dr. Varixky, Munich, 11.

San Sebastian Tournament—First, Rubenstein, 12½; second and third, Niemzowitsch and Spleimann, each 12; fourth, Dr. Tarrasch, 11½; fifth, Dr. Perlis, 10; sixth, Marshall, 9½.

Jaffee vs. Chajes—Rice Chess Club; Jaffee, 2; Chajes, 1.

Pennsylvania Championship—S. Mlotkowski, after tie with S. T. Sharp, Mlotkowski winning for the third time in succession; third and fourth, the between E. B. Edwards and R. Sze. New York State Tourney—First, J. Rosenthal, after tie with D. E. Northrup, each 3½ third, E. Tenenwurzel, 3; fourth, the between C. Jaffee, O. Koething and G. J. Schwietzer, each 2½.

Southern Chess Association—At Washington, and F. Liebenstein of Baltimore. In a final match Whitaker defeated Liebenstein 2 to 0.

Interested State Tourney—First, George G. Chapin, St. Paul; second, D. P. Elliott, Minnesp

Spielmann, 11-2; third, Marshal, 10-2; footth, the between Duras, Schiectter and Friedmann, each 10.

Intercity Chess—Franklin C. C., of Philadelphia, 8½; Manhattan C. C., 7½.

Buda-Festh Sextangular Tourney—The between Marshall and Schlechter, each 3; third and fourth, Durass and Maroczy, each 2½; fifth and sixth, Telchmann and Widmar, each 2.

Breslau Tournament—First, Rubenstein and Duras, each 12; third, Telchmann, 11½; fourth and fith, Schlechter and Tarrasch, each 11; sixth, Marshall, 9½.

Stockholm Tournament—First, Alechine, 8½; second, Cohn, 7; third, Marco, 6½; fourth, Dr. Olland, 5½; fitth, Spielmann, 5.

Western Chess Tournament—Excelsior, Minn., first, E. P. Elliott, Minneapolis, 10; second, E. F. Schrader, St. Louis, 9; third, E. Michelsen, Chleago, 8; fourth and fitth, C. Blake, Winnipeg, and H. Hokenson, Fort Russell, Wyoming, each 7.

British Championship—At Richmond; first, R. C. Griffith, 8; second, the between F. D. Yates and H. G. Coles, each 7½.

New York State Summer Meet—Trenton Falls; first class, first, E. E. Southard, Boston, 6; second, the between H. Daniel and G. H. Walcott of Boston, each 5; second class, first, H. L. Perrin, Boston, 6; Interstate Match, Massachusetts, 3½; New York, 1½; third, Lewitzky, 11; fourth, Niemzowitsch, 10½; th Plonety, Nachaka State Meet—At Lincoln; first, W. T. Pinney, Jr., of Lincoln.

Wilha Tournament—First, Rudenstein, 12, 8000...
fourth, Niemzowitsch, 1014;
fourth, Niemzowitsch, 1014;
Marshall vs. Janowski—At Blarritz, France; Marshall, 6; Janowski, 6; drawn 2.

Iowa State Meet—At Dayton; first, Dr. A. E. Crew, Marion, 11½; second, Lee Edwards, Dunlap; third, J. F. Seymour, Sigourney, 9

(Compiled by Hermann Helms.)

Swimming.

(Compiled by Otto Wahle, Chairman Swimming Committee, Metropolitan Associa-

(Compiled by Otto Wahle, Chairman Swimming Committee, Metropolitan Association, A. A. U.)

A. A. U. Championships—The Amateur Athletic Union championship competitions were held in various parts of the country, one or more events being allotted to each club. The event, date, place and result follow:
Indoor—50 yards—Held by Illinofs A. C. at Chicago, Ill., March 12. Final—Won by Phll. Mallen C. A. A., 25s.; second, Kenneth Huszagh, C. A. A.; third, Perry McGillivray, I. A. C., 100 yards—Held by Chicago Athletic Association, at Chicago, Fl., March 13. Final—Won by D. P. Kanahamoku, Honolulu S. C., 57 4-5s.; second, Kenneth Huszagh, C. A. A.; third, R. E. Frizell, City A. C., N. Y. 220 yards—Held by Pittsburgh Aquatic Club, at Pittsburgh, Pa., February 22. Final—Won by Perry McGillivray, I. A. C., '2m. 34 1-5s.; second, R. M. Ritter, City A. C., N. Y. 2m. 37 2-5s.; third, R. E. Frizell, City A. C., N. Y., 2m. 37 2-5s.; third, R. E. Frizell, City A. C., N. Y., 2m. 38s. 500 yards—Held by Pittsburgh Aquatic Club, at Pittsburgh, Pa., February 24. Heats held February 23.) Final—Won by J. H. Reilly, N. Y. A. C., 6m. 32 1-5s.; second, R. M. Ritter, City A. C., N. Y., 6m. 36 1-5s.; third, N. T. Nerich, N. Y. A. C., 6m. 38s. 150 yards, backstroke—Held by Illinois A. C., at Chicago, Ill., March 12. Won by H. J. Hebner, I. A. C., Im. 55 2-5s.; second, R. Buckland, Milwaukee A. C.; third, C. Olsen, C. A. A. 200 yards, breastistroke—Held by Chicago Athletic Association, at Chicago, Ill., March 12. Won by Michael McDermott, C. A. A., 2m. 38 4-5s.; second, N. A. Buck, Jr., H. R. Adae, R. M. Ritter), 3m. 59 3-5s.; second, C. A. A. (M. McDermott, W. Quayles, K. Huszagh, P. Mallen), 3m. 59 4-5s.; third, N. Y. A. C., (G. South, H. O'Sullivan, N. T. Nerich, J. H. Reilly). Springboard diving—Held by City A. C., N. Y., at New York City, March 2. Won by City A. C., at Travers Island, N. Y., Acceptable, A. A., place number 3, total points 489,5, average 163,3; second, A. H. McCaller, A. A., place number 3, total points 489,5, average 163,

A. C., place number 71-2, total points 713, average 142.6; second, A. E. Downes, N. Y. A. C., place number 71-2, total points 663, average 132.6.

A. A. U. SECTIONAL CHAMPHONSHIPS.

Middle Atlantic Association Outdoor Championships, held at Philadelphia, Pa., Argust 31, 100 yards—Won by E. G. Schaal, Argo S. C.; second, W. R. Loynd, Philadelphia S. C.; third, C. J. Heraty, Philadelphia S. C. Time, 62 4-5s. J. W. Monihan finished second, but was disqualified for getting out of his course. 880 yards—Won by Harry Latz, Atlantic City H. S.; second, A. R. Peters, Argo S. C.; third, Clarence Wenner, Reading H. S. Time, 14m, 22 3-5s. One mile—Won by Oscar Schley, Philadelphia S. C.; second, E. W. Sopp, Philadelphia S. C. Time, 30m, 32-5s. Indoor—Held at Philadelphia, Pa., March 13, 50 yards—H. E. Scott, Argo S. C. Time, 262-5s, 100 yards—H. E. Scott, Argo S. C. Time, 270 yards—P. H. Kendrick, Philadelphia S. C. Time, 2m, 44-5s. Diving—E. G. Schaal, Argo S. C. New England Association Outdoor Championships, held at Bosion, September 16, 100 yards—Won by L. G. Rich, Erookline S. C.; second, C. J. Cooke, Brookline S. C.; third, William Browning, Brookline Gymnasium A. A. Time, 1m, 6s. 880 yards—Won by Edward H. Duffy, Brookline Gymnasium A. A. Time, 1m, 311-5s. 440 yards—Won by Leo A. Handy, Brookline Gymnasium A. A. Time, 1m, 311-5s. 440 yards—Won by Benjamin James, Brookline S. C.; second, William D. McCarthy, Brookline Gymnasium A. A.; third, Herbert Holm, Brookline S. C. Time, 3km, 412-5s. Three miles—Won by Benjamin James, Brookline Gymnasium A. A., 100 1-3 points; second, F. Jounette, Brookline S. C., 104 points; third, William D. McCarthy, Brookline Gymnasium A. A., 100 1-3 points; second, F. Jounette, Brookline S. C., 104 points; third, William D. McCarthy, Brookline Gymnasium A. A., 100 1-3 points; second, F. Jounette, Brookline S. C., 104 points; third, William D. McCarthy, Brookline Gymnasium A. A., 100 1-3 points; second, F. Jounette, Brookline S. C., 104 points; third, William D. McCarthy, Brookline Gymnasium

Metropolitan Association Outdoor Championships. 440 yards—Brocklyn, N. Y. August 24. Won by R. E. Frizell, City A. C.; second, N. F. Nerich, N. Y. A. C.; third, J. Eddy, City A. C. Time, 6m. 23s. 880 yards—Brocklyn, N. Y., September 8. Won by L. B. Goodwin, N. Y. A. C.; second, R. E. Frizell, City A. C.; third, J. G. Eddy, T. City A. C. Time, 13m. 25 1-5s. One mile—Brocklyn, N. Y., September 10. Won by L. B. Goodwin, N. Y. A. C.; second, R. E. Frizell, City A. C.; third, J. Eddy, City A. C.; Time, 25m. 36 1-5s. Five miles—New York City, August 25. Won by L. B. Goodwin, N. Y. A. C.; second, R. E. Frizell, City A. C.; third, J. Eddy, City A. C.; Time, 25m. 36 1-5s. Five miles—New York City, August 25. Won by L. B. Goodwin, N. Y. A. C.; second, L. Tobias, City A. C.; third, C. Kaafman, A. L. S. S. Time, 1h. 25m. Indoor—100 yards—Won by R. E. Frizell, City A. C.; second, N. T. Nerich, N. Y. A. C.; third, J. H. Reilly, N. Y. A. C. Time, 59s. 220 yards—Won by R. M. Ritter, City A. C.; second, R. E. Frizell, City A. C.; third, N. T. Nerich, N. Y. A. C. Time, 2m. 34 2-5s. 500 yards—Won by J. H. Reilly, N. Y. A. C.; second, R. M. Ritter, City A. C.; third, L. B. Goodwin, N. Y. A. C. Time, 6m. 30 1-5s. Fancy diving—Won by Arthur McAleenan, Jr. N. Y. A. C., 159.4 points; second, R. C. Behrens, City A. C.; 14lf, L. B. Goodwin, N. Y. A. C., 159.4 points; second, R. C. Huszagh, C. A. A. Time, 24 2-5s. 440 yards—J. G. Morris, Evanston Academy. Time, 5m. 57s. 200 yards, breaststroke—M. McDermott, C. A. A. Time, 2m. 54 2-5s. 150 yards, backstroke—H. J. Hebner, I. A. C. Time, 2m. 12-5s. 100 yards—P. McGillivray, I. A. C. Time, 2m. 28 2-5s. 150 yards, backstroke—H. W. Buckland, Milwaukee A. C. Time, 2m. 5s. 220 yards—P. McGillivray, I. A. C. Time, 8m. 28 2-5s. 150 yards—Won by A. Norman, Y. M. G. C.; second, F. Logan, Y. M. G. C.; second, Short, Broadway; third, Desforses, Y. M. G. C.; third, L. McConnell, Time, 39s. 200 yards—Won by A. Norman, Y. M. G. C.; second, F. Logan, Y. M. G. C.; second, Short, Broadway; third, Desforses,

G. C.; second, Short, Broadway; third, Desforges, Y. M. G. C. Time, 17m, 12 1-2s. COLLEGE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Individual Championships, held at Philadelphia, Pa., March 9, 220 yards—Won by Cross, Princeton; second, Douglass, Pennsylvania; third, Palmer, Yale. Time, 2m, 34 4-5s. Fancy diving—Won by Lawrence, Princeton, 202 1-2 points; second, Stoddart, Yale, 197 points; third, Meyers, Princeton, 169 1-2 points, 100 yards—Won by Cross, Princeton; second, Shryock, Pennsylvania; third, Sanville, Pennsylvania, Time, 61 2-5s. Plunge for distance—Won by Willis, Pennsylvania, 77 feet 5 inches; second, Angney, Pennsylvania, 69 feet; third, T. H. Robinson, Princeton, 68 feet 6 inches, 50 yards—Won by Shryock, Pennsylvania; second, Culmany, Columbia; third, Auerbach, Pennsylvania. Time, 26 3-5s. Freshman relay race (800 feet)—Won by Yale (Ernst, Mayer, McPhea, Williams); second, Princeton (Finney, Merritt, Battles, Ould). Time, 2m, 55 2-5s.

New Haven, C., February 17. Won by Pennsylvania, 30 points; Yale, 23 points. Results by events; 200-yard relay—Won by Yale, breaking record of 1m, 52 1-5s. Time, 1m, 48 2-5s. Winning team—Stoddart, Roberts, Mayer, Schmidt, Fancy diving—Won by Stoddart, Yale; second, Sanville, Pennsylvania; third, Wilson, Yale, 50-yard swimmling race—Won by Shryock, Pennsylvania; third, Wilson, Pennsylvania; third, Wayer, Yale, Time, 26 1-5s. 220-yard swimming race—Won by Palmer, Yale; second, Douglass, Pennsylvania; third, Stoddart, Yale, Time, 2m, 46s, Plunge for distance—Won by Willis, Pennsylvania; second, Angrey, Pennsylvania; third, Wilson, 94 pennsylvania, breaking record held by Sharp of 1m; second, Sanville, Pennsylvania; third, Wilsonsin, 18 points; fourth, Chicago, 9 points. Results by events: 160-yard swimming race—Won by Shrap, Pennsylvania, breaking record held by Sharp of 1m; second, Sanville, Pennsylvania; third, Wilsonsin, 18 points; fourth, Soloters, Green, Whiting, Huszagh); second, Hilinois; third, Wisconsin, 18 points; fourth, Soloters, Green, Whiting, Huszagh); second, Goodman, Chicag

June 15—W. A. Williams swam from Philadelphia to Chester, 15 miles, in 4h, 31m, July 2—C. B. Dubborow swam from Philadelphia to Chester, 15 miles, in 4h, 31m, July 2—C. B. Dubborow swam from Cape May to Brockhill, Del., 40 miles across Delaware Bay, in 14h, 15m, July 7—D. Billington won eighth annual race through Parls, a distance of 41-8 miles in the Seine, in 2h, 15m, 20s, July 14—S. Kinkelman swam from Forty-second Street, New York City, to Coney Island in 61-2h. July 14—S. Kinkelman swam from Forty-second Street, New York City, to Coney Island in 61-2h. July 14—S. Kinkelman swam from Forty-second Street, New York City, to Coney Island in 61-2h. July 14—S. Kichards won Boston Harbor to Boston Light race, a distance of 91-2 miles, in 5h, 15m, 40 4-5s. July 28—C, Heath won five-mile race in Missouri River at St. Louis in 1h. 5m 19s. August 10—W. R. Vosburgh won Illinois A. C. River Marathon, at Chicago, distance 21-2 miles, in 1h. 3m, 22s. August 11—Katherine A. Diver swam from Philadelphia to Riverton, distance 91-2 miles, in 3h, 47m.; Nellie Schmidt swam San Francisco Bay, distance 5 1-2 miles, in 3h, 6m. August 17—C. Heath won annual Mississippi Marathon at St. Louis, distance 10 miles, in 1h, 39m, 21-5s.; J. H. Taylor won English long distance champlonship race, 5 miles 60 yards, on Thames River, London, in 1h, 5m, 72-5s.; Edaine Goldlarg won Point Breeze to Brighton Beach race, New York City, distance 5 miles, in 1h, 26m, 30s. August 25—A. Brown won race from Battery to Coney Island, New York City, distance 13 miles, in 5h, 6m, August 28—Lilly Smith swam from Dover to Ramsgate, England, distance 20 miles, in 6h, 42m, August 31—G. R. Meehan won 2 1-2 mile race, Charles River basin, Boston, in 1h, 39m, 58s. September 1—Ratherine A. Diver swam from Chester LONG SWIMS.

to Philadelphia, distance 16 3-4 miles, in 7h. 4m.; Edith R. Clark swam from Philadelphia to Riverton, distance 9 1-2 miles, in 2h. 54m.; Catherine Gross, aged 45, won 2-mile race for women at St. Louis in 27m. 30s. September 7—C. Heath won 41-2 mile race in Schuyikill River, Philadelphia, in 2h. 2m. 22s. September 8—Cora Miani swam same course as above in 2h. 50m. 46 2-5s. September 10—Rose Pitonof swam 16 miles in Thames River, London, in 4h. 34m. September 11—L. Romenco swam 30 miles in Caspian Sea, at Baku, Russia, in 24h. 10m. September 30—W. Pomeroy swam across San Francisco Bay, distance 51-2 miles, in 1h, 51m. 13s.

Picinot swam 16 miles in Thames River, London, in 4h. 34m. Sentember 11—L. Romenco swam 30 miles in Caspian Sea, at Baku, Russia, in 24h. 10m. September 31m. 13s.

7 Porty yards, bath, 1 turn, 19.3.5s., C. M. Daniels, New York, February 21, 1906; 50 Yards, bath. 2 turns, 23.3.5s., K. Hussagh, Chicago, Il. March 12, 1912; 50 Yards, bath. 2 turns, 23.3.5s., K. Hussagh, Chicago, Il. March 12, 1912; 50 Yards, bath. 2 turns, 30s., C. M. Daniels, Pittsburgh, Pa., December 19, 1907; 75 yards, bath. 2 turns, 30s., C. M. Daniels, Pittsburgh, Pa., March 21, 1912; 50 Yards, 1912

SWIMMING ON THE BACK.

Forty yards, bath, 1 turn, 23 1-5s., H. J. Hebner, Chicago, Ill., February 23, 1911.

50 vards, bath, 2 turns, 35 3-5s., H. J. Handy, Chicago, Ill., March 4, 1905; 75

yards, bath, 2 turns, 49s., H. J. Hebner, St. Louis, Mo., April 1, 1911; 100 yards, bath, 3 turns, 1m. 8 2-5s., H. J. Hebner, St. Louis, Mo., April 1, 1911; 100 yards, open still water, straightaway, 1m. 16 4-5s., Walter Brack, Berlin, Germany, at St. Louis, Mo., September 6, 1904; 150 yards, bath, 5 turns, 1m. 56 2-5s., H. J. Hebner, St. Louis, Mo., April 9, 1910; bath, 7 turns, 1m. 52s., H. J. Hebner, Chicago, Ill., February 15, 1912.

February 15, 1912.

MISCELLANEOUS EVENTS.

Breaststroke, 200 yards, bath, 9 turns, 2m. 328, M. McDermott, Chicago, Ill., March 13, 1912. Relay racing, 4 men each, 50 yards, 25-yard bath, 200 yards, 1m. 45s., New York A. C. (George South, 26 2-5s.; C. D. Trubenbach. 27s.; N. Nerich. 26 2-5s., and C. M. Daniels, 25 1-5s.). New York City, April 15, 1910; relay racing, 6 men, each 50 yards, 25-yard bath, 300 yards, 2m. 42 1-5s., New York A. C. (above and L. B. Goodwin, 28 3-5s., and J. A. Ruddy, 28 3-5s.). New York City, April 15, 1910; relay racing, 6 men, each 20 yards, 25-yard bath, 400 yards, 2m. 512-5s., Illinois A. C. team (T. W. Winans, 1m. 2-5s.; A. C. Raithel, 58 1-5s.; H. J. Hebner, 55 4-5s.; Perry McGillivray, 57s.). Chicago, April 27, 1912; relay racing, 4 men, each 100 yards, 25-yard bath, 400 yards, 3m. 51 3-5s., New York A. C. (N. F. Nerich, 58 4-5s.; C. M. Daniels, 56 1-5s.; H. O'Sullivan, 1m.; J. H. Reilly, 1m. 3-5s.), New York City, March 18, 1911; relay racing, 5 men, each 100 yards, 25-yard bath, 500 yards, 4m. 57s., New York A. C. (above and George South, 1m. 12-5s.), New York City, March 18, 1911; relay racing, 5 men, each 100 yards, 20-yard bath, 500 yards, 4m. 52 3-5s., Ullinois A. C. team (T. W. Winans, 1m. 2-5s.; A. C. Raithel, 58 1-5s.), New York City, March 18, 1911; relay racing, 5 men, each 100 yards, 20-yard bath, 500 yards, 4m. 52 3-5s., Ullinois A. C. team (T. W. Winans, 1m. 2-5s., A. C. Raithel, 58 1-5s.; H. J. Hebner, 55 4-5s.; P. McGillivray, 57s.; R. Foster, 1s. 4. C. Raithel, 58 1-5s.; H. J. Hebner, 55 4-5s.; P. McGillivray, 57s.; R. Foster, 1m. 1-5s.), Chicago, Ill., April 27, 1912; swimming under water, 106 yards, 2 feet, bath, 4 turns, 1m. 312-5s., E. P. Swatek, Chicago, Ill., January 2, 1905.

WORLD'S	SWIMMING	RECORDS.
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	AMATE	UR RECORDS.		_	PROFESSIONAL RECORDS.		
DISTANCE.	Made in Bath.		Made in Open Wa	ter.	*Open Water. Others m	ade in Baths	
DISTANCE.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	
		M. S.		M. S.		M.S.	
	K. Huszagh (A.)	23 3-5	A.Wickham (Aus.)				
	C. M. Daniels (A.)	54 4-5	D. P. Kah'oku(A.).	55 2-5	C. Lawes (Aus)	1, 01 2-5	
	C. Bretting (G.).	1.02 1-5	D.P. Kah'oku(A.).	1.01 3-5		••••	
	C. M. Daniels (A.)	1.10			J. Nuttall (E.)	1.182-5	
	C. M. Daniels (A.).:.	1.32 2-5	C. Healy (Aus.)		D. Billington (E.)	1.39	
200 yards	C. Healy (Aus.)	2.11 1-5	••••••		D. Billington (E.)		
	C. M. Daniels (A.)	2.25 2-5	W. Longworth (Aus	2.27 2-5		2.34 4-5	
	F. Beaurepaire (Aus.)	3.30			D. Billington (E.)	3.32	
400 yards	B. Kieran (Aus.)	4.51 1-5			D. Billington (E.)	5.03	
400 metres	J.G. Hatfield (E.)	5.21 3-5	G.R. Hodgson (C.).				
	B. Kieran (Aus.)	5.19	B. Kieran (Aus.)		D. Billington (E.)		
	B. Kieran (Aus.)	6.07 1-5			D. Billington (E.)	6.18	
	B. Kieran (Aus.)	11.11 3-5	H. Taylor (E.)			11.37	
	B. Kieran (Aus.)	12.52 2-5	F.Beaurep're(Aus)		D. Billington (E.)	13.26	
1,100 yards	B. Kieran (Aus.)	14.22 1-5	W. Longworth(Aus			••••	
	C. M. Daniels (A.)	17.45 4-5	W.Longworth(Aus		*D. Billington(E.)	17.36 2-5	
	B. Kieran (Aus.)	23.16 4-5	G, R. Hodgson (C.)		*O.Dickman (Aus	24.34 2-5	
2 miles	Geo. Read (Aus.)	54.54	W. Longworth (Aus	51.32		••••	
			1		1		
	!		1	1	1		

PECOPDS OF WOMEN

RECORDS OF WOMEN.								
100 yards Fanny Durack (Aus.) 100 metres Fanny Durack (Aus.) 220 yards Fanny Durack (Aus.)	M. S. 1.06 1.18 4-5 2.59 440 yards. Fanny Durack (Aus.) 1 mile Vera Neave (E.)	6.42						

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Swimming on the back, 100 yards, H. J. Hebner (A.), 1m. 82-5s.; 150 yards, H. J. Hebner (A.), 1m. 52s.; breaststroke, 200 yards, M. McDermott (A.), 2m. 384-5s.; plunge for distance (1m. time limit). W. Taylor (E.). 82 feet 7 inches; under water swimming, E. P. Swatek (A.), 106 yards 2 feet; relay racing, 5 men. 500 yards, Illinois A. C., Chlcago (A.), 4m. 52 3-5s. (T. W. Winans, 1m. 2-5s.; A.C. Raithel, 581-5s.; H. J. Hebner, 55 4-5s.; P. McGillityray, 57s., and R. Foster, 1 m. 11-5s.).

(A.) American. (Aus.) Australian. (E.) English. (G.) German. (C.) Canadian.

OLYME	OLYMPIC RECORDS MADE AT INTERNATIONAL OLYMPIC GAMES.									
DISTANCE.	Style of Swimming.	Name.	Country.	Time. M. S.	Date. D. M. Y.	Place.				
1,500 metres 200 metres 400 metres 100 metres 800 metres Team (4 men)	Free style. Free style. Breast Breast Back. Free style. Ladies, free style.	D. P. Kahanamoku. G. R. Hodgson. G. R. Hodgson. W. Bathe. H. J. Hebner. Australia. Miss F. Durack. Great Britain.	Canada Canada Germany Germany U. S	5 24 2-5 22 3 1 4-5 6 29 3-5 1 20 4-5 10 11 1-5 1 19 4-5	13 7 12 10 7 12 10 7 12 12 7 12 12 7 12 15 7 12 11 7 12	Stockholm. Stockholm. Stockholm. Stockholm. Stockholm. Stockholm. Stockholm. Stockholm. Stockholm.				

Xachting.

YACHT racing in both the large and small classes continued to increase in popularity during the season of 1912. Lack of space prevents recording here any but the most important events.

June 26. Manhasset Bay Challenge Cup—Won by Michicago, Chicago Yacht Club, with 11 points in three races at Greenwich, Ct.,

July 1. Lurline of San Diego, Cal., Yacht Club—Won trans-Pacific race, Los Angeles to Honolulu, distance 2,600 miles. Time—13d. 17h. 3m.

July 2. Puritan Cup race—Won by Avenger over 33 ½-mile course of Eastern Yacht Club, at Marbelhead, Mass. Corrected time—4h. 56m. 4s.; second, Elena, corrected time—5h. 5m. 58s.

July 6. Glen Cove Cup race—Won by Istalena, over 23 ½-mile course of New York Yacht Club. Corrected time—2h. 58m. 33s.; second, Aurora, corrected time—3h. 3m. 17s.

July 19-20. San Francisco-Santa Cruz race—Won by Yankee, 12h. 27m. 20s.; second, Nixie, 12h. 27m. 35s.

Club. Corrected time—2h. 5sm. 53s.; second, Antold, State 12h. 27m. 20s.; second, Nixle, July 19-20. San Francisco-Santa Cruz race—Won by Yankee, 12h. 27m. 20s.; second, Nixle, 12h. 27m. 35s.

July 28. Commodore Ricard's Cup race—Won by Irolita, over 30½-mile course of Larchmont Yacht Club. Corrected time—2h. 42m. 25s.

August 8-15. New York Yacht Club's annual cruise, Glen Cove, L. I., to Newport, R. I. Results: Yachts that won special prizes in the port-to-port runs and the number won by each: Elena, 3; Istalena, 2; Vagrant, 2; Rowdy, 2; Winsome, 2; Irolita, 1; Princess, 1; Enchantress, 1; Cara Mia, 1; Phantom, 1; Shimma, 1; Dorello II., 1; Miladi, 1; The scores:

1sts. 2ds. 3ds. Pts.

Schooners-Class B.	- (1sts. 2ds. 3ds.	Pts.
1sts. 2ds. 3ds. P	ts.	Gardenia	- 11 .
Elena 3 1 1 14	4	Adventuress 2	8
Enchantress 1 1 1	8	Phantom 1	5
Irolita 1 3 1 15	2	HermesSloops—Class P.	1
See For	4 II	Sloong-Class P	-
Sea Fox. Schooners—Class D.	*	Towns 2 9	19
The armston of Delivoners Class D.	9	Joyant 3 2	1.0
		Cara Mia 1 1	2
Muriel 2 2 1 15	9	Corinthian 1	
Princess 1 3 1 12	2	Windward	9
Schooners-Class F.	- 1	Windward	
Vagrant 3 2	9	Rowdy 4	27 1/2
Miladi 2 2	6	Alera 1	18
Margaret 1	ž 11	Phryne 4	231/2
Varona	ī	Juanita	16
Verona	-	Banzai	13
Istalena 2 1 2 10	۱۱ م	Minlom	12
		Mirlam	J
Winsome 2 7 3	9	Schoonerettes.	
Aurora 1 4/1 11	1	Algol 1	12
Sloops—Class L.		Rival 1	10
Shimna 3 2	7	Helen II 1	6
Avenger 2 3 3 8	8 II	Alys II 1 \ 1 \	12
Sloops-Class M.	- 11	Moira	11
Medora 3 2 20	n II	Alicia 1	-8
Dorello II		Vandalia	11
DOIGHO 11 2 3 13	· · ·	танцана	

August 14. Astor Cups race—Schooner race over 38-mile course off Newport, R. I.—Won by Elena. Corrected time—4h. 27m. 36s.; second, Irolita, corrected time—4h. 27m. 49s.; third, Enchantess, corrected time—4h. 48m. 5s. Sloop race, same course and distance—Won by Istalena. Corrected time—4h. 32m. 56s.; second, Winsome, corrected time—4h. 33m. 48s.; third, Avenger, corrected time—4h. 33m. 48s.;

tress, corrected time—4h. 48m. 5s. Sloop race, same course and distance—Won by Istalena. Corrected time—4h. 32m. 56s.; second, Winsome, corrected time—4h. 33m. 48s.; third, Avenger, corrected time—4h. 44m. 37s.

August 15. King George V. Cup race over 35½-mile course off Newport, R. I.—Won by sloop Winsome. Corrected time—4h. 14m. 16s.; second, Istalena, corrected time—4h. 14m. 32s.; third, Enchantress, corrected time—4h. 15m. 8s.

August 10. Richardson International Cup for supremacy of Great Lakes—Won by Patricia, challenger) representing Canada over Michicago, Chicago Yacht Club, on Lake Michigan. First race, 10½ miles—Won by Michicago—2h. 27m. 42s.; second, Patricia—2h. 28m. 4s. Second race, 13½ miles—Won by Patricia—3h. 24m. 20s.; second, Michicago—3h. 25m. 54s. Third race, 18 miles—Won by Patricia—2h. 32m. 5s.; second, Michicago—2h. 33m. 14s. Fourth and final race. IS miles—Won by Patricia—4h. 14m. 52s.; second, Michicago—4h. 33m. 38s.

Yacht Racing Association of Long Island Sound, championships for 1912. First two winners in each class:

in each class:

Class P.		1	Larchmont Interclub Class.	
Sts. 1sts. 2ds.	3ds.	P.C.		s. P.C.
Corinthian 13 6 🗪 4	3	75	Yukan 11 2 3 3	72.0
Joyant	3	70	Hamburgh II 12 4 1 1	64.9
Joyant			Manhasset Bay Twenties.	
Nepsi 14 4 4	2	76.6	Mlle. Boss 14 8 6 0	76.9
Caprice 14 3 4	ī	68.5	Scylla 13 6 7 0	
Schoonerettes.	,	į	Jewel S. Class.	
Helen II 13 6 2	3	77.2	Jade 12 1 3 5	62.2'
Vandalia	1	75.0	Amethyst 9 0 1 3	d.n.q.
Class Q.		- 1	Star Class.	
More Joy 11 6 2	2	73.0	Little Dipper 12 10 1 0	91.0
Edmee 12 6 2	2	59.4	Snake 10 1 1 2	50.7
American Raceabouts.		-	American Y. C. Dorles.	1.
Cliphora 13 9 2	1	69.1	Tautog 10 8 1 0	77.1
Maryola 12 4 7	ī	60.4	Faraway 3 1 0 0	d.n.q.

The Confederate Veteran Camp of New York.

THE Confederate Veteran Camp of New York was organized April 11, 1890, incorporated December 5, 1911. "Its object shall be to perpetuate the memories of our fallen comrades, to bury our dead and minister to the wants of the living who are needy and worthy Confederate soldiers and sailors, avoiding everything partaking of partisanship in religion or politics, and to lend our aid to the maintenance of law and order."

Commander—Gen. H. T. Douglas. Lieut.-Commander—Col. Powhatan Weisiger. Adjutant—Capt. Clarence R. Hatton. Paymaster—Geo. C. Atkinson. Meetings held last Thursday of each month. Headquarters, Hotel Astor, New York City,

Bicyclina.

PROFESSIONAL MOTOR-PACED RECORDS IN COMPETITION.

DIST.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.	Dist.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.
1 m.	1.09 1-5	Hugh McLean.	Chas.Riv.Park	Aug. 27,1903	26 m.	29.22 3-5	R. A. Walthour	Chas, Riv. Park	May 31,1904
2 m.	2.19	Hugh McLean.			27 m.	30.30 1-5	R. A.Walthour	Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904
3 m.		James Moran			28 m.	31.37 2-5	R. A.Walthour	Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904
4 m.		H. Caldwell			29 m.	32.48	R. A. Walthour	Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904
4 m.		R. A.Walthour			30 m.	33.52 3-5	R. A.Walthour	Chas. Riv. Park	May 31,1904
5 m.		R. A.Walthour			31 m.	36.26	H. Caldwell	Chas. Rlv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
6 m.		R. A. Walthour			3 ? m.	37.37 1-5	II. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
7 m.		R. A.Walthour			33 m.	38.48 4-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
8 m.		R. A.Walthour			34 m.	39.57 3-5	11. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
9 m.		R. A.Walthour			35 m.	41.07 3-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
10 m.		R. A.Walthour			36 m.	42.18 1-5	II. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
11 m.	12.36 1-5		Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904	37 m.		H. Caldwell		
12 m.		R. A.Walthour			38 m.		H. Caldwell		
13 m.		R. A. Walthour			39 m.	45.49 2-5	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
14 m.		R. A. Walthour			40 m.	47.00	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1,1903
15 m.		R. A. Walthour			41 m.	48.10 4-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
16 m.		R. A.Walthour			42 m.	49.21 1-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
17 m.		R. A. Walthour			43 m.	50.31 1.5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
18 m.		R. A.Walthour			44 m.	51.41 1-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1:03
19 m.		R. A.Walthour			45 m.	52.50 4-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
20 m.		R. A.Walthour			46 m.	54.23 4-5	H. Caldwell	Chas. Riv. Park	Sept. 1.1903
21 m.		R. A.Walthour			47 m.	55.49 3-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
22 m.		R. A.Walthour			48 m.	57.21 1-5	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1.1903
23 m.		R. A.Walthour			49 m.		H. Caldwell		
24 m.		R. A.Walthour			50 m.	59.59	H. Caldwell	Chas.Riv.Park	Sept. 1,1903
25 m.	28.14 1-5	R. A.Walthour	Chas.Riv.Park	May 31,1904	100 m.	2.48.11 4-5	H. Caldwell	Revere, Mass	Sept. 8,1904

Fastest mile in competition, 1.06 1-5, R. A. Walthour, Charles River Park, Mass., May 31, 1904.

PROFESSIONAL ACAINST TIME-MOTOR PACED RECORDS.

1/4 ml	0.19	S. H. Wilcox Salt Lake City. Aug. 28,19	10(1 4 m	4.18 2-5 [Ra	y Duer Los Ang's, Cal. June 27,1909
2 m		J. S. Johnson Nashville Oct. 29,18			y Duer Los Ang's, Cal. June 27,1909
½ m		Hardy Downing Salt Lake City. July 29,19			y Duer Los Ang's, Cal. June 27, 1909
% m. ∣		Ray Duer Salt Lake City. Aug. 28,19			
1 m	1.05	Ray Duer Los Ang's, Cal. June 27,19	09 8 m	· 8.38 1-5 Rs	y Duer Los Ang's, C '. June 27,1909
2 m	2.09 4-5	Ray Duer Los Ang's, Cal. June 27,19	09 9 m	9.45 4.5 Rs	y Duer, Los Ang's, Cal. June 27,1909
3 m	3.14 2-5	Ray Duer Los Ang's, Cal June 27,19	09□10 m	11.06 2-5 1 Rs	ay Duer Los Ang's, Cal. June 27,1909

All competition records upward have erased time trials.

On June 3, 1910, George Kreamer, paced by an automobile, rode a mile in 58s. on the Los Angeles (Cal.) Motordrome—a 1-mile circular board track.

ACAINST TIME_UNDACED DECORDS

		PRUFESS	IONAL	ACAIN	131	IN E	-UNPA	CEU	REC	JKUS.		
1_6m. (0.15 2-5 1A	l. Crebs	Salt Lake (ity. July	4,1911	3 m	6.09 1-5	E. A. I	'ye	Salt Lake Ci	ty. Aug.	28,1910
1/4 m	0.23 4-5 I	ver Lawson	Salt Lake	City. July	4,1906	4 m	8.34 3-5	Saxon	Williams	Salt Lake Ci	ty. July	20,1909
⅓m	0.33	J. Clarke	Salt Lake (City. July	24,1912	5 m	10.38	Saxon	Williams	Salt Lake Ci	ty. July	30,1909
⅓m	0.50 2-5	L. J. Clarke	Saltair	Aug.	24,1908	10 m	23.09 2-5	W.W.	Hamilton	Denver, Col	July	9,1898
% m	1.11 1-5	Alfred Goullet.	Salt Lake (City. June	17,1912	15 m	35.03	W.W.	Hamilton	Denver, Col	July	9,1898
% m	1.24 3-5	Alfred Goullet.	Salt Lake (City. July	1,1912	20 m	47.08 2-5	W.W.	Hamilton	Denver, Col.	July	9,1898
1 m	1.51	Aifred Goullet.	Salt Lake	City. July	1,1912	25 m	59.13 2-5	W.W.	Hamilton	Denver, Col.	July	9,1898
2 m	4.01 3-5 H	C. A. Pye	Salt Lake (City. Aug.	28,1910	<i>)</i>		1		·		

1 hour, 25 miles, 600 yards, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, July 9, 1898.

PROFESSIONAL COMPETITION-UNPACED RECORDS

		IN OF EGG	IONAL O	21VII - 1 1 1	1014	011.	TOLD KLOO	., 50.	
DIST.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.	Dist.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.
							Iver Lawson		
*1/3 m.	0.37 3-5 P. C). Hehir	Vailsburg	Oct. 2,1910	4 m	8.16 2-5	A. J. Clarke	Salt Lake City	June 7,1910
							Iver Lawson		
*35 m.	1.14 1-5 P. O						John Bedell		
*3/ m.	1.21 F. L	Kramer	Salt Lake City	July 5,1907	15 m	33.08 2-5	Jumbo Wells	Vailsburg	July 2,1911
*1 m.	1.47 3-5 P. O	. Hehir	Salt Lake City	Sept. 8,1912	20 m.,	43.39	Walter De Mara	Vailsburg	Ang. 24,1910
*2 m.	3.38 1-5 A. J	. Clarke	Salt Lake City	Aug. 2,1916	25 m	54.13	F. L. Kramer	New Haven	July 14,1910

* Made in handicap.

A handicap record from scratch is recognized as competition record if the time made is better than has been made in any acratch race of the same distance. One hour, 28 miles, 19 yards, W. Hedspeth, Dayton, O., July 31, 1902.

AMATEUR COMPETITION-UNPACED.

DIST.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.	DIST.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.
1-6 m.	.20 4-5	P. Lawrence	Vailaburg	Sept. 5,1909	10 m.	21.23	J. P. Linley	New Haven	May 30,1902
1/4 m.	.28 2-5	M. L. Hurley	Vailsburg	July 27,1902	15 m.	85.32	G. H. Collett		
*1 m.	.38	E. L. Young	Salt Lake City	Aug. 18,1912	20 m.	45.40 2-5	E. Stauder	New Haven	Ang. 5,1900
*½ m. *¾ m. *¾ m. *1 m.	.56 2-5	E. L. Young	Salt Lake City.	Aug. 23,1912	25 m.		Ed.W. Forrest		
*36 m.	1.18	M. L. Hurley	Providence	July 1,1901	30 m.	1.13.36	J. P. Jacobson	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
*% m.	1.24 4-5	W. De Mara	Ogden, Utah	July 21,1907	40 m.	1.39.56 3-5	J.P. Jacobson	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
*1 m.	1.55 3-5	J. B. Hume	Salt Lake City.	July 28,1906	50 m.	2.05.00 4-5	J. P. Jacobson.,	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
2 m.	3,51	Hal.McCormack	Salt Lake City	Aug. 13,1909	75 m.	3,30,36 1-5	W. Torrence	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
3 m.	5.57 1-5	A. Carter	Ogden, Utah	Aug. 3,1905	100 m.	4.57.24 2-5	W. Torrence	New York City	Aug. 25,1899
5 m	10.11 1-5	Edw. Mayer .	Salt Lake City.	Aug. 12,1909	1			1	

		-oredw. Mayer	Salt Lake City.	Aug. 12,1909	.!			,				
* 1	* Made in handicap.											
1.11	1 hour, 24 miles, 1,472 yards, George H. Collett, New York City, May 30, 1900.											
	AMATEUR ACAINST TIME-UNPACED.											
			WAI LOK	AUAIIIO		171.00	III AGEDI					
Dist.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	f Date.	DIST.	Time.	Holder.	Place.	Date.			
	-											
1-6 m.	16 1-5	Frank Cavanagh	Vailaburg	July 2,1911	1 m	1.55	Parley Giles	Saltair, Utah	July 28, 1908			
1/4 m	944-5	A. Crebs	Saltair Iltab	Ang 1 1908	9 m	4.09	Parley Giles	Orden, Utah.	July 8, 1908			
	200 6	A D C	Dardin, Ctan	M 00 1000	2	0.05 2 5	Dunlan Cillan	Galt Lake City	Ana 4 1008			
⅓ m	.03 2-0	A. B. Simons	Deming	BIAY 20,1590	3 m.,	0.25 3-5	Pariey Glies	Sait Lake City.	Aug. 4, 1000			
% m	.53 1-5	P. Lawrence	Salt Lake City.	Ang. 8,1905	4 m	8.51 2-5	Parley Giles	Ogden, Utah	Aug. 20,1908			
32 m.	1.21 1.5	J. G. Heil	Denver	July 31,1897	5 m	11.00	Parley Giles	Ogden, Utah	Aug. 20.1908			
% m.	1.23 3.5	J. G. Heil	Saltair Iltah	Aug. 19.1908								

BICYCLING-Continued.

AMERICAN ROAD RECORDS COMPETITION-AMATEUR.

(Under N. C. A. Rules.)

Dist. Time. Made By	Place.		Dist.		Made By	l'lace.	Date.
Vm. 0.83 1 5 Jerome Sielnert	H'ksv'ie,L.I.	Sept. 3.1911	10 m.	28.58	Archie Rawlings	Tamps, F.a.	July 4,1908
m. 0.40 3-5 Courtney Peer	Plainf'd, N.J.	Sept. 7,1908	15 m.	34.47 4-5	I. Lewin	Val. Str. L.l.	May 19,1907
1.28 8. R. Morrison	Val. Str. L. L.	Oct. 6,1907	20 m	53.20	J. M. Eifler		
(Henry burman.)	1		1 1		Jerome Steinert		
1 m. 9.02 R. L. Guthridge	W'tfield, N.J.				Wm. F. Blom	Chicago, III.	July 4,1907
(8. C. Haberle)					Raymond Nelson.		
2 m. 4.56 1-8 Jerome Steinert					Raymond Nelson		
3 m. 7.21 Jerome Steinert					Tnos. La Rossa		
5 m. 12.28 2-5 J. B. Hawkins	Val. Str. L.l.	Nov. 8,1908	1150 m	8.26.27	Jos. G. Kopsky	Flo' P'k,L L.	Nay 5,1912

An unpaced record of 1.17 for a half mile was made by K. J. Mil er, at Ch care, 1d., April 26, 1912. An unpaced record for 5 miles of 12.54 4-5, was established by Sylvain Segal, on Eastern Boulevard, Pelham Park, New York, November 3, 1912.

An unpaced record for 10 miles of 26.30 was made by Charles Hansen, on Bayonne (N. J.), Boulevard, Oct. 20, 1912.

An unpaced record for 15 miles, of 43.29, was established by John Becht, at Valley Stream, L. I., Ang. 29, 1909.

Professional unpaced road records were established in a time trial at Los Angeles, Cal., by Fred T. Keefe, Jan. 8, 1911, as follows: 25 miles, 1.10.00 3-5; 50 miles, 2.24.00 3-5; 75 miles, 3.44.00; 100 miles, 5.02.00.

N. C. A. PROFESSIONAL SPRINT CHAMPIONSHIP-NATIONAL CIRCUIT, 1912.

EAST'RN SERIES-RIDER.	1st.	2d.	8d.	4th.	Total Points.	WESTERN SERIES-RIDER.	1st.	2d.	8d.	4th.	Total Points.
Frank L. Kramer	5	1	1	1	31	Alfred Goullet	5	3	U	0	31
Aifred Grends	1	3	0	1	15	Joseph Fogler	0	2	8	1	13
Peter Drobach	0	1	3	0	9	Paddy Hehir	0	2	3	1	13
Frank Cavanagh	1	1	0	1	9	Iver Lawson	1	2	0	9	13
Leon Comes	0	1	2	1	8	Jackie Clarke	2	0	0	1	11
Peroy Lawrence	1	0	0	0	5	Eddie Root	0	1	1 6	8	j 6
Tommy Smith	0	1	C	0	3	Gordon Walker	0	0	0	1	1
Floyd Krebs	0	● 0	1	0	2		i	1	ŀ	l	i .
James F. Moran		0	1	0	2			1		l	İ
John Bedell	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	!	1	l	1
Albert Crobs	0	0	0	1	1	l I		ļ .	l	1	l
George Cameron		0	0	1	1	}]	ļ	J	1	l

Under the new rules, the championship was to finally be determined by a match ruce between the two leaders of the East-and Western series. As Goullet declined to ride the match under the terms prescribed, Kramer was declared the 1912 ern and Western series. American sprint champion.

N.C. A. PROFESSIONAL PACED CHAMBIONSHIP 4042

								,			
RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3.i.	4th.	Total Points.	RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Points.
George Wiley	20	101/2	21/2	0	1361/2	Hardy Downing	2	1	0	0	13
Clarence Carmen	11	6	4	2	83	E. F. Root	1	2	0	0	13
James F. Moran	1	8	8	4	49	John Bedell	1	1	11%	U	17
Ernest A. Pye	5	4	4	1	46	Nat Butler,	0	2	3 "	0	12
Menus Bedell	3	5	4	1	39	Ray Duer	-0	3	0	0	9'
Elmer Collins	3	41/6	3	2	361/2	Joe Nelson	0	0	4	0	
Percy O. Lawrence	2	5	2	2	31	Robert Walthour	1	0	1	0	7
Fred Hill	3	4	. 0	0	27	Julian Rudolphe	0	1	0	0	4
S. H. Wilcox	5	10	0	0	25	Ine Fogler	0	l i .	Λ.	ò	3

Firsts count 5 points; Seconds, 3 points; Thirds, 2 points; Fourths, 1 point. Half points are allotted for ties in heat races.

N. C. A. AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP, 1912.

RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Points.	RIDER.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total Points.
Donald McDougall	5	0	0	1	26	Raymond Eatou	0	1	0	0	3
Alvin Loftus		0	0	2	7	Gus Wohlrab	0	0	1	0	2
Fred Diver	0	1	1	0	5	Frank Abbot	0	0	1	0	2
Tommie Smith	0	1	1	0	5	John Givlin	0	0	1	0	2
Norman Hansen		1	1	0	5	Henry Van den Dries	0	0	0	1	1 1
Carl Ericson	0	1	0	0	3	Harry Kaiser	0	0	0	1	l i
Chester Smith	1 0	1 1	0	0	3	Frank B atz	0	lo	0	i	l i

Champions at various distances: ¼, ½, 1, and 2 miles, Donald McDougall, Newark, N. J.; 5 miles, Alvin Loftus, Providence, R. I.

IMPORTANT CYCLING EVENTS,

At the world's champlonshlp meet at Newark, N. J., August 25-Sq.,ember 2, 1912, George Wiley, of Syracuse, N. Y., won the 100 kilometres motor-paced professional event: Frank L. Kramer, of East Orange, N. J., won the 1-mile professional sprint champlonship. The amateur motor-paced 100 kilometre champlonship was not run, and the 1-mile amateur sprint champlonship went to Donald McDougall of Newark. Paul Guignard holds the 100 kilometre paced record, made at Munich, September 15, 1909, in the time of 59m. is. Guignard also holds the 1-hour professional paced record, made the same time and place, of 63 miles 189.8 yards. At Munich, Guignard on July 23, 1909, rode 31 miles 1,198 yards in the half-hour (a record).

The amateur 1-hour motor-paced record is 56 miles, 1,128 yards, and was made by Francois Cuzin at Munich, September 30, 1909. Cuzin completed 100-kilometres in 1h. 59m. 45 2-5s.

Oscar Egg, at Velodrome Buffalo, Parls, August 22, 1912, rode 26 31-100 miles unpaced in the hour. His time for 50 kilometres (31 ½ miles), was 1h. 14m. 47 2-5s.

Arthur Van der Stuytt made 2-hour paced record at Leipsic, Germany, October 11, 1908, at 106 miles 1,498 yards. Joe Noe, of the Wheel Club of America, reduced the record from New York to Philadelphia and return to 13h. 58m. on August 22, 1910.

Six-day race, Toronto, Onto, October 22-27, 1912, eight hours a day. Final score—Root-Hehir, 970 miles 3 laps; Moran-Perchicot, 970 miles 3 laps; Mitten-Weils, 970 miles 3 laps; Diefenbacher-Gardellin, 970 miles 2 laps, Six-day race, Boston, Mass., November 4-9, 1912, ten hours a day. Final score: Fogler-Moran, 1,390 miles 1 lap; Root-Hehir, 1,390 miles 1 lap; Din Bedeil-Pye, 1,390 miles 1 lap; Cameron-Magin, 1,390 miles 1 lap; Gardellin-Loftes, 1,390 miles. Compiled by R. F. Kelsey, Chairman Board of Control, National Cycling Association.

Revolver Shooting.

INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIP MATCHES.

THE twelfth annual indoor champlonship matches of the United States Revolver Association were held contemporaneously in twenty-seven States from March 24 to 31, inclusive. Winners of medals for first three places, with scores, for each State, follow:

State Champlonship, any Revolver—Massachusetts, G. F. Hoffman, 442; F. S. Beckford, 404; H. A. Hill, 401. Minnesota, Joseph McManus, 422; A. A. Farrington, 416; Col. F. E. Resche, 398. Missouri, Wm. C. Ayer, 454; Ed. Krondi, 440; Dr. M. R. Moore, 433. New York, Dr. J. R. Hicks, 457; John A. Dietz, 449; A. P. Lane, 436. Ohlo, T. J. Mell, 411; T. Clarke, 403; W. Howard Cox, 390. Oregon, Geo. Armstrong, 453; W. H. Hubbard, 446; F. C. Hackeney, 439. Pennsylvanla, Dr. D. A. Atkinson, 448; Herman Thomas, 441; J. Guy Royal, 426. Rhode Island, Edward C. Parkhurst, 432; H. C. Miller, 381; William Almy, 376. Utah, W. B. Albertson, 404; Herman J. Bodmer, 398; L. R. McCormick, 345. Washington, Fred V. Berger, 439; Frank Fromm, 438; L. B. Rush, 428. Washington, D. C., Capt. Sheridan Ferree, 438; J. C. Bunn, 398; W. J. Macdonnall, 393.

393.
393.
393.
394.
State Championship, any Pistol—Arizona, A. G. Paul Palen, 409; L. O. Howard, 383; Mrs. L. O. Howard, 349. California, J. E. Gorman, 459; R. S. Wixson, 445; Henry A. Harris, 444. Illinois, Col. W. H. Whigam, 442; Geo. Springsguth, 433; John Turner, 401. Indiana, Capt. C. E. Reese, 406; Capt. Albert Black, 387; Chas. Reuss, 376. Maine, R. C. Fostar, 448; H. I. Nesmith, 423; Elton H. Thompson, 326. Maryland, Lleut. John S. Upham, 383. Massachusetts, H. E. Sears, 459; L. P. Castaldini, 457; P. J. Dolfen, 454. Michigan, Capt. R. P. Patterson, 455; Gus Kirvan, 415; John H. Van Schalck, 405. Missourl, W. C. Ayer, 446; C. C. Crossman, 434; Dr. M. R. Moore, 427. New York, A. P. Lane, 469; John A. Dietz, 466; J. A. L. Moeller, 457. North Carolina, L. C. Hopkins, 414; Noyes D. Clark, 340; E. W. Oug, 202. Ohlo, Dr. J. H. Snook, 444; Jesse Smith, 430; George A. Mueusenmaier, 424. Oregon, George A. Franktong, 458. Pennsylvania, H. G. Olson, 439; J. Guy Royal, 437; H. L. Reeves, 435. Rhode Island, William Almy, 40; T. Jefferson Biesel, 396; H. C. Miller, 382. Utah, Herman J. Boddmer, 408; L. B. McCormick, 394; W. M. McConahay, 371. Washington, J. E. Wiburn, 457. Fred V. Berge, 46; Bank Romm, 450. Washington, D. C., Capt. Sheridan Ferree, 455; Frank J. Kahrs, 418; J. Blank Romm, 450. Washington, D. C., Capt. Sheridan Ferree, 455; Frank J. Kahrs, 418; J. Blank Romm, 194; John Turner, 177; Capt. G. Larson, 177; J. R. Trago, 165. Blank Romm, 194; John Turner, 177; Capt. Edwad Bittel, 166. Massachusetts, Arthur A. Tenney, 169; O. E. Gerrish, 159; H. A. Hill, 151. Missourl, C. C. Crossman, 195; W. C. Ayer, 182; Geo. C. Olcott, 173. New York, John A. Dietz, 205; Dr. J. R. Hicks, 203; H. Roedder, 203. Ohlo, T. H. Clarke, 160; J. J. Kane, 188; L. T. Peterson, 136. Oregon, Geo. Armstrong, 190; W. H. Hubbard, 181; Geo. W. Wilson, 180. Pennsylvania, T. C. Beta, 201; Dr. D. A. Atklason, 176; H. G. Olson, 170. Washington, Fred V. Berger, 204; W. C. Bartholomew, 173; J. E. Wilburn, 168. Washington, D. C., J. C. Cham, 179

NATIONAL INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIPS.

First five place winners with scores: Target Revolver—Dr. J. R. Hicks, New York, N. Y., 457;
Wm. C. Ayer, St. Louis, Mo., 454; Geo. Armstrong, Portland, Ore., 453; John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 449; Dr. D. A. Atkinson, West View, Pa., 448. Target Pistol—A. P. Lane, New York, N. Y., 469; John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 466; Geo. Armstrong, Portland, Ore., 464; Dr. H. E. Sears, Beverly, Mass., 459; J. W. Gorman, San Francisco, Cal., 459. Pocket Revolver—John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 205; Fred V. Berger, Spokane, Wash., 204; Dr. J. R. Hicks, New York, N. Y., 203; Hans Roedder, New York, N. Y., 203; A. P. Lane, New York, N. Y., 202.

Final standing of the various revolver clubs composing Interstate Interclub League, under U. S. R. A. rules. First figures show matches won, second figures matches lost: Portland, Ore., 23, 0; Springfield, Mass., 21, 2; Golden Gate, Cal., 20, 3; Manhattan, 20, 3; National Capital, D. C., 18, 5; Federal, Boston, 17, 6; Collembus, 15, 8; Los Angeles, 13, 10; Boston, 12, 11; Pittsburgh, 11, 12; St. Louis, 11, 12; Portland, Me., 10, 13; Providence, 10, 13; Shell Mound, Cal., 9, 14; Coakland, 9, 14; Chicago, 8, 15; Osborn, Mich., 4, 19; Baltimore, 4, 19; Seattle, 3, 20; Belleville, 2, 21; Youngstown, 2, 21; Citizens, Rochester, 0, 23.

Seattle, 3, 20; Belleville, 2, 21; Youngstown, 2, 21; Citizens, Rochester, 0, 23.

NATIONAL OUTDOOR CHAMPIONSHIPS.

The Outdoor Revolver Championships were held September 28 to October 6, inclusive, medals emblematic of both National and State honors being awarded. Winners and scores: Target Revolver—A. M. Poindexter, Denver, Col., 467; Parmly Hanford, New York, N. Y., 461; J. E. Gorman, San Francisco, Cal., 455; John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 459; C. M. McCutcheon, Denver, Col., 448. Target Pistol—L. P. Castaidini, Springfield, Mass., 461; Parmly Hanford, New York, N. Y., 459; A. M. Poindexter, Denver, Col., 447; C. W. Randall, Ir., Alameda, Cal., 456; John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 459; A. M. Poindexter, Denver, Col., 447; C. W. Randall, Jr., Alameda, Cal., 456; John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 459; A. M. Poindexter, Denver, Col., 477; C. W. Randell, Jr., Alameda, Cal., 456; John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 455. Millitary Revolver—Dr. J. H. Snook, Columbus, Ohlo, 212; C. M. McCutcheon, Denver, Col., 570. Millitary Revolver Match—Dr. J. H. Snook, Columbus, Ohlo, 212; C. M. McCutcheon, Denver, Col., 207; John Turner, Chleago, Ill., 201. Millitary Revolver Team Match—Denver Revolver Club, Denver, Col., 774; Federal Rifle and Revolver Club, Boston, 728; Chleago Revolver Club, Chleago, Ill., 716, Pocket Revolver—Dr. C. A. Burgeson, Denver, Col., 208; Parmly Hanford, New York, N. Y., 206; C. C. Crossman, St. Louis, Mo., 204; Dr. J. R. Hicks, New York, N. Y., 203; John Turner, Chleago, Ill., 198. State Championships—Winners and scores: California, Geo. Armstrong, 186; J. E. Gorman, 182; Capt. G. Larson, 166; Colorado, Dr. C. A. Burgeson, 208; C. M. McCutcheon, 195; A. H. Hardy, 193; Illinols, John Turner, 198; Col. W. H. Whigham, 197; C. E. Orr, 196; Massachusetts, A. A. Tenney, 199; G. F. Hoffman, 177; New York, Parmly Hanford, 206; Dr. J. R. Hicks, 203; Hans Roedder, 194; Ohlo, T. H. Clarke, 192; W. O. Brown, 154; Tod. J. Mell, 139; Panama, Jacob Bernson, 185; C. B. Larzelere, 177; M. W. Fox, 169; Pennsylvania, Dr

OLYMPIC REVOLVER CONTESTS.

OLYMPIC REVOLVER CONTESTS.

The United States Revolver Association entered teams and individuals in the Stockholm contests, winning fourth place in the team duelling match and first place in each of the other three contests to which members were eligible. Results in matches won, with scores:

Individual Pistol Match—A. P. Lane New York, N. Y., 499; P. J. Dolfen, Springfield, Mass., 474; C. E. Stewart, England, 470; C. de Laval, Sweden, 470. Individual Duelling Match—A. P. Lane, New York, N. Y., 287; A. G. Paul Palin, Sweden, 286; Lieut. H. von Holtz, Sweden, 283; John A. Dietz, New York, N. Y., 283.

Duelling Team Match—Sweden, Lieut. W. Carlbery, 290; E. Carlbery, 287; P. Palin, 284; Lieut. H. Von Holtz, 284. Total, 1,145; no misses. England, S. M. Durant, S. M. Kempster, Office of the Constant of the

Mockey.

AMERICAN AMATEUR LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	Played	Won.	Lost.	CLUBS.	Played	Won.	Lost.
Crescent A. C.* Wanderers H. C.* New York A. C	9 9 8	7 6 4	2 3 4	St. Nicholas S. C Hockey Club of N. Y	8 8	4 0	4 8

Tled at end of season. Crescent A. C. won play-off game 4 to 1, March 13. Scores In League games: Wand. 7, H. C. 1; St. N. 3, C. A. C. 2; St. N. 3, H. C. 2; Wand. 6, N. Y. A. C. 1; C. A. C. 9, H. C. 3; N. Y. A. C. 7, St. N. 3; N. Y. A. C. 7, H. C. 3; C. A. C. 5, Wand. 4; Wand. 7*, St. N. 6; C. A. C. 3, N. Y. A. C. 2*; Wand. 4*, H. C. 3; C. A. C. 4, St. N. 2; St. N. 4, H. C. 3; Wand. 8*, N. Y. A. C. 7; N. Y. A. C. 4, St. N. 3*; C. A. C. 9, H. C. 0; N. Y. A. C. 6, H. C. 2; Wand. 4*, C. A. C. 1; St. N. 7, Wand. 4*; C. A. C. 6, N. Y. A. C. 5; C. A. C. 4, Wand, 1. C. 2; Wanu. + , * Extra period games.

* Extra period games.

OTHER IMPORTANT NEW YORK GAMES.

December 29—McGill University, Montreal, 4; St. Nicholas, 3.
January 5—Victorias, Montreal, 9; New York A. C., 1.
January 3—Yerscent A. C., 4; Westmounts, Montreal, 1.
February 3—Yale, 3; St. Nicholas, 2, at New Haven, Ct.
February 12—Toronto University, 8; Wanderers, 1.
March 27—Victorias, Winnipeg, 9 All New York, 1.
World's professional championship series played at New York and Boston by four National Hockey Association of Canada sevens for title and purse of \$2,500, total goals to count. Boston, March 16—Wanderers, 5; Les Canadiens, 5. Boston, March 18—Quebec, 9; Ottawa, 2. New York, March 18—Wanderers, 12; Les Canadiens, 5. New York, March 20—Ottawa, 5; Quebec, 3.
New York, March 21—Quebec, 5; Wanderers, 4. New York, March 23—Quebec, 7; Wanderers, 4. Total scores in final round: Quebec, 12; Wanderers, 9.

e. 10tal scores in final round: Quebec, 12; Wanderers, 9.

HOCKEY AT CLEVELAND.

The record made by the Cleveland A. C. seven was the most brilliant of the season in amateur hockey circles. Thirty-three games were played, of which twenty-five were won, seven lost and one tied. The total score for season was Cleveland A. C., 149 goals; opponents, 67. Twenty-four games were won at home and three lost. On the road but one out of five games was won.

The complete record by games follows: Cleveland A. C., 6; Duluth, 0. Cleveland A. C., 8; Detroit, 3. Cleveland A. C., 8; Detroit, 2. Cleveland A. C., 3; Crescents, 2. Cleveland A. C., 3; Crescents, 2. Cleveland A. C., 3; New Edithurgh, 2. Cleveland A. C., 2; Detroit, 4. Cleveland A. C., 3; New Edithurgh, 2. Cleveland A. C., 2; Parkdales, 3. Cleveland A. C., 4; Parkdales, 3. Cleveland A. C., 4; Parkdales, 3. Cleveland A. C., 6; New Edithurgh, 2. Cleveland A. C., 5; Intercolonlais, 1. Cleveland A. C., 12; St. Paul, 2. Cleveland A. C., 4; Petroit, 6. Cleveland A. C., 6; Toronto, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Toronto, 1. Cleveland A. C., 4; Stratford, 2. Cleveland A. C., 5; Manitoba U., 3; Cleveland A. C., 4; Stratford, 2. Cleveland A. C., 5; Manitoba U., 3; Cleveland A. C., 4; Stratford, 2. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 5; Manitoba U., 3; Cleveland A. C., 4; Stratford, 2. Cleveland A. C., 6; Montreal A. S., 5. Cleveland A. C., 7; Kingston, 0. 2. Cleveland A. C., 6; Montreal A. S., 5. Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 7; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C., 6; Kingston, 0. Cleveland A. C., 4; Cleveland A. C.,

All-Stars, 2.

HOCKEY AT BOSTON.

New England Club championship and Arena Trophy won by Intercolonial team in best three out of five series. Scores: March 2—Boston A. A., 1; Intercolonials, 0. March 5—Intercolonials; Boston A. A., 1. March 12—Intercolonials, 4; Boston A. A., 1. March 23—Intercolonials, 4; Boston A. A., 2.

Other important Boston Games: December 1—Boston A. A., 1. March 23—Intercolonials, 4; Boston A. A., 2.

Other important Boston Games: December 1—Boston A. A., 1; St. Nicholas, New York, 0. December 13—Intercolonials, 3; All-Stars, Montreal, 1. December 23—Boston A. A., 5; New York A. C., 2. December 28—McGill University, Montreal, 4; Intercolonials, 2. December 30—McGill University, Montreal, 6; Boston A. A., 3. January 1—Intercolonials, 7; University of Ottawa, 3. January 10—Intercolonials, 6; Three Rivers, Montreal, 3. January 13—Boston A. A., 6; Montreal A. A. A., 0. January 22—Intercolonials, 4; Wanderers, New York, 3. February 7-Grandmere, Canada, 5; Boston A. A., 4. February 14—Boston A. A., 4; Toronto University, 2. February 2—Sherbrooks, Quebec, 13; Intercolonials, 7. February 23—Sherbrooks, Quebec, 3; Boston A. A., 1. March 7—Intercolonials, 1. March 14—Cleveland A. C., 3; Boston A. A., 1. March 15—Intercolonials, 2; Amherst Ramblers, N. S., 1. March 28—Boston A. A., 8; Victorias, Winnipeg, 6; March 30—Victorias, Winnipeg, 3; Intercolonials, 1.

28—Boston A. A., 8; Victorias, Winnipeg, 6. March 30—Victorias, Winnipeg, 3; Intercolonials, 1.

COLLEGE HOCKEY GAMES.

December 20—Yale, 2; St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., 1, at New York City. December 21—Princeton, 14; Williams, 0, at New York City; Mass. Tech., 4; Harvard, 1, at Boston. December 26—Cornell, 5; Maple Leafs, Canada, 2, at Syracuse, N. Y. December 28—Princeton, 4; Yale, 1, at Cleveland, Ohlo. December 29—Princeton, 3; Yale, 2, at Cleveland, Ohlo. December 39—Alie, 4; Princeton, 3, at Cleveland, Ohlo. January 6—Princeton, 14; Dartmouth, 0, at Boston, Mass. Springfield T. S., 6; Amberst, 1, at Amberst, Mass. January 13—Amberst, 3; Trinity, 0, at Amberst, Mass. Princeton, 6; Cornell, 1, at Syracuse, N. Y. Williams, 2; Mass. Aggles, 2, at Williamstown, Mass. Princeton, 6; Cornell, 1, at Syracuse, N. Y. Williams, 2; Mass. Aggles, 2, at Williamstown, Mass. Princeton, 3; Harvard, 2, at Boston, Mass. January 22—Princeton, 6; Columbia, 2, at New York City, January 24—Yale, 30; Mass. Aggles, 0, at New Haven, Ct. January 27—Mass. Aggles, 9; Trinity, 1, at Hartford, Ct. Williams, 5; Amberst, 2, at Amberst, Mass. Princeton, 4; Yale, 1, at New York City, February 3—Harvard, 3; McGlil, 0, at Boston, Mass. Seventh Regiment, 8; West Point, 1, at West Point, N. Y. February 10—Mass. Tech., 4; Amherst, 0, at Amherst, Mass. February 14—Yale, 4; Dartmouth, 3, at New Haven, Ct. February 17—Harvard, 4; Yale, 0, at Boston, Mass. February 19—Mass. Tech., 6; Williams, 1, at Boston, Mass. February 12—Yale 3; Harvard, 2, at New Haven, Ct.

NEW YORK PUBLIC SCHOOLS' ATHLETIC LEAGUE.

Final Standing.											
CLUBS.	Played	Won.	Lost.	CLUBS.	Played	Won.	Lost.				
Manual Training H. S Curtis H. S	4	4 3	0	Stuyvesant H. S	4	2 0	2				
De Witt Clinton H. S	4.	1 2	1 2 1								

Cricket.

NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY CRICKET ASSOCIATION

NEW 3	OR	K A FIN.		NEV	V JER		CRICKET THE CL	ASSUBS.	30CI	ATIC	N.		
CLUBS.	P.	w.	L.	D.	P. C.		CLUBS.		P.	w.	L.	D.	P. C.
Richmond County New York Veterans Bensonhurst	10 10 10	7 4 4	0 0 3	3 6 3	1.000 1.000 .571	Manr	n Island Field ent A. C		10 10 10	2 2 1	5 6 6	3 2 3	.287 .250 .142
Staten Island for		l gan			onhurs ERAGI		FIRST	TEN					
BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	NO.	H.S.	R.	Avs.	Вата	MEN AND C	LUBS.	Ins.	NO.	H.S.	R.	Avs.
A. Hoskins, Veterans. F. C. Gantier, B'hurst A. G. Laurie, R. Co. H. Leith-Ross, R. Co. M. R. Cobb, S. Island	10 4 8 6 8	2 0 2 2 2	89 110 87 *113 *123	457 186 311 177 251	56.25 46.50 44.43 44.25 41.83	H. R. O. Ti A. D.	ane, Veter Nicoli, S. arville, Ric Robinson, Standfast,	Island h. Co. S. Is.	10 5 10 6 8	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	*96 58 68 53 *58	325 142 335 166 184	40.62 35.50 33.50 33.20 30.66
* Denotes not out		ROWI	LING		ERAG	E OF	FIRST	TEN.					
BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	в.	M.	R.	w.	Avs.		ERS AND C		В,	M.	R.	w.	Avs.
A. G. Laurie, R. Co. F.A. Sargeant, B'hurst M. R. Cobb, S. Island H. R. Nicoll, S. Island L. W. Stoughton, R. Co.	419 342 554 458 516	11 15 16 13 19	230 166 290 236 287	27 19 26 21 23	$\begin{array}{r} 8.52 \\ 8.74 \\ 11.15 \\ 11.24 \\ 12.47 \end{array}$	C. E. A. Ho O. Tu	W. Ireland, Blades, B'l skings, Vete rville, Rich bhrys, Cres.	rans. Co.	438 382 573 526 482	9 3 17 12 10	289 252 370 307 292	21 18 26 21 20	13.76 14.00 14.23 14.62 14.60
M FIRST		OPO CTIO	LITA N.	.N- I	DISTR	ICT C	RICKET	LEA OND	GUE.). CT10	N.		
CLUBS.	P.	w.	L.	D.	P. C.	1	CLUBS.		P.	w.	L.	D.	P. C.
Brooklyn. Bensonhurst. Kings County. Manhattan. Paterson.	11 8 11 11 11	5 3 4 2 1	1 2 3 3 6	5 3 4 6 4	.833 .600 .571 .400 .143	Manh Brook	onhurst lattan dyn County	• · · · ·	9 8 9 8	6 5 4 1	2 2 5 7	1 1 0 0	.667 .625 .444 .125
	В	ATT	ING		ERAGE RST S	ES OF		TEN.					
BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	NO.	H.S.	R.	Avs.	7	MEN AND C	LUBS-	Ins.	NO.	H.S.	R.	Avs.
Marshall, B'hurst Blackhall, Manhattan Blrkett, Bensonhurst. Gittens, Manhattan J. Poyer, Brooklyn	7 10 5 7 9	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	78 *104 52 37 55	236 212 99 115 164	24.75	Kerry Tyers Blade	Kings Cou , Paterson , Manhatta s, Bensonh rs, Brookly	in	7 6 8 8 10	2 1 0 1	*22 51 39 54 *58	97 96 152 123 151	19.40 19.20 19.00 17.85 16.77
		OWL	ING	AV	ERAGI	ES OF	FIRST	TEN.					
BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	В.	M.	R.	<u>w.</u>	Avs.	1	ERS AND C	LUBS.	В.	М.	R.	W.	Avs.
Briggs, Brooklyn Smith, Paterson H. Poyer, B'klyn Gantier, Kings Co MacClennan, K. Co	706 514 468 210 679	30 16 21 5 19	280 227 193 113 345	45 31 25 14 42	$\begin{array}{c} 6.22 \\ 7.32 \\ 7.72 \\ 8.07 \\ 8.21 \end{array}$	Tyers, Hall, Blades	Paterson Manhatta Manhattan s, Bensonh elyn, B'hu	urst.	392 651 695 411 335	9 30 24 5 0	207 232 360 261 199	21 23 34 23 17	9.94 10.08 10.58 11.34 11.70
	. :	BAT	ring		ERAG	ES O		TEN	۲.				
BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	NO.	H.S.	R.	Avs.	1-	EN AND C	LUBS.	Ins.	NO.	H.S.	R.	Avs.
Ottewell, Bens'hurst. Jordan, Bensonhurst. Massiah, Brooklyn H. Williams, K. Co Shingler, Manhattan.	8 7 5 4 4	3 1 1 0 0	*58 *64 29 46 27	194 140 91 89 71	38.80 23.33 22.75 22.25 17.75	King.	lehurst, Ma Kings Co Brooklyn. Llyn, B'hur Ind, B'hurs		5 9 7 10 9	1 0 2 0	29 35 39 48 40	135 116 117	17.50 16.87 16.56 14.62 14.55
		OWL			ERAGI	1		TEN					
BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	B.	M.	R.	<u>w.</u>	Avs.	I.	ERS AND C		В.	M.	R.	W.	Avs.
Clarke, Bensonhurst. Corbin, Brooklyn Eve, Kings County Massiah, Brooklyn G. Gantier, B'hurst * Failed to qualify	273 417 186 282 533	7 12 5 3 12	178 245 122 159 311	25 24 12 15 24	7.12 10.21 10.26 10.50 12.95	*J. Ev *Wills *D. O *Spen *Willi	elyn, B'hu , Brooklyn 'Neal, Kin ce, Brookly ams, Kings	rs Co	249 137 192 138 110	0 2 3 3 1	254 85 150 79 86	18 6 10 5 3	14.16 14.16 15.00 15.80 28.66

CHICAGO CRICKET ASSOCIATION.

TITATAT	OTT A BUT TREE
FINAL	STANDING.

CLUBS.	w.	L.	D.	P. C.	CLUBS.	w.	L.	D.	P. C.
Wanderers	10 10 5	1 2 6	2 1 1	.22 .21 .11	Chicago		10 9	0	.4

BOWLING AVERAGES OF FIRST TEN.

BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	В.	М.	W.	н.	Avs.	BOWLERS AND CLUBS.	B.	М.	w.	H.	Avs.
G. R. Burton, H. Park H. C. Andres, Wan S. Sparkes, Chicago	973 662 347		62 46 27	360 287 185	6.4	A.T. Campbell, P'man J. Packenham, S. P'k. B. Goyler, Pullman	533 389 493	2	28 31 31	232 274 292	8 2 8.8 9.4
W. Sheppard, H. Park H. Allen, Wanderers.	844	<u>2</u>	57 48	399 360	7.0	M. Quinn, South Park H. Keen, Chicago	616	5	27 22	354 297	13.1 13.5

BATTING AVERAGES OF FIRST TEN.

BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	NO.	Tot.	H.S.	Avs.	BATSMEN AND CLUBS.	Ins.	NO.	Tot.	H.S.	Avs.
T. Smith, Wanderers. A. Dixon, South Park. W. Balster, Wan. H. C. Andres, Wan. A. T. Campbell, Pinan	12 9	3 2 5 2 3		76 *53 42	$43.1 \\ 41.3 \\ 26.5$	K. Symon, Wan B. Govier, Pullman H. P. Waller, Wan H. Allen, Wanderers. E. J. Parker, Chicago.	11 8 12	2 3 2 2 0	270 163 118 190 107	40 *54 29 45 42	19.6

* Not out.

IMPORTANT MATCHES.

Forty-second annual match between representative teams of United States and Canada resulted in a victory for United States by 8 wickets at Philadelphia, September 6 and 7. New York Veterans and Haverford College played a tiegame May 30 at Haverford, Pa., 128 each. New York Veterans defeated All-Philadelphia Colts by 230 for 9 wickets to 202 at Staten Island, July 11.

New York Veterans defeated All-Philadelphia Veterans 277 for 9 wickets to 125, at Philadelphia,

New York Veterans defeated All-Philadelphia Veterans 277 for 9 wickets to 125, at Philadelphia, June 27.

New York Veterans defeated Germantown Colts 203 to 118, at Staten Island, June 20.
Belmont C. C. won the Hallfax Cup championship in Philadelphia, 1912.
Merion Cricket Club finished first in the competition for the Philadelphia Cup, 1912.
Merion Juniors won the Junior championship, 1912. of Philadelphia. Tour of the Rosedale Club of Toronto to Philadelphia: They lost to Germantown, July 9-10; won against Philadelphia Club July 12-13; drew with Merion July 15-16; lost to Morristown-Frankford July 17; lost to Gentlemen of Philadelphia, July 19-20.
Tour of New York Veterans to Canada: Defeated Ottawa, August 12-13; lost to Montreal, August 14-15; defeated Quebec, August 16-17.
Trip of All-Philadelphia to Bermuda, February 20-26: They lost to Hamilton Club and All-Bermuda and defeated the garrison.
Trip of University of Pennsylvania to Bermuda: Lost to Army, Hamilton C. C. and Somerset United. In June.
Metropolitan District Cricket, League defeated New York and New Jersey Cricket Association

Metropolitan District Cricket League defeated New York and New Jersey Cricket Association July 4, at Staten Island, 222 to 145.

Tour of Germantown C. C. of Philadelphia in Canada: Defeated Ottawa, Rosedale and Toronto, lost to Montreal.

lost to Montreal.

Cambridge University defeated Oxford University at Lords, London, July 8-10, by 3 wickets.

Eton defeated Harrow at Lords by 6 wickets, July 12-13.

Philadelphia Cricket Club's tour in England: They won against Reigate Priory, August 5; against Royal Artillery, August 7-8; against Stoke Poges, August 9; drew with Mitcham, August 10; lost to Mr. J. R. Tildens XI., August 12-13; won against The Mote, August 14-15; lost to Folkestone, August 16-17; lost to Satton, August 21; won against Blackheath, August 22.

University of Pennsylvania won the Intercollegiate Championship.

The triangular tournament between England, Australia and South Africa resulted in a victory

The triangular tournament between Engiand, Australia and South Africa resulted in a victory of England.

The Australian tour in the United States, Canada and Bermuda, was as follows: September 27-28 30, Gentlemen of Philadelphia 185-74, Australia 122-135, lost by 2 runs; October 1-2, New York, XV., 53-167, Australia 157-255 for 8 wickets declared, Australia won by 192 runs; October 4-6, Gentlemen of Philadelphia 237-81, Australia 101-262, Australia won by 45 runs; October 7-8, Philadelphia Colts, XXII., 187-130, 5 wickets, Australia 241, draw; October 12-14, Ali-Bermuda 66-91, Australia 112-102, won by 21 runs; October 21-22, Winnipeg, XV., 102-132, Australia 54-108 for 6 wickets, won by 4 wickets; October 26-28-29, British Columbia, XV., 110-94, Australia 395-253, Australia won by 444 runs.

BEST SCORES IN CRICKET.

H. Livingstone, of the Pittsburgh Field Club, established a record for the United States by scoring three consecutive centuries in one week in a tournament held in Chicago during August, 1907. A similar feat was performed by H. N. R. Corbett in Canada in a tournament held in Vancouver, British Columbia, in August, 1906.

H. V. Hordern, of the University of Pennsylvania, established a record for the United States and Canada by securing 213 wickets during 1907.

A. C. Maclaren scored 424 for Lancashire vs. Somerset at Taunton, Eng., July, 1895, the record in a first-class match. A. E. J. Collins, playing at Clifton, June, 1899, for Clarke's House vs. North Town, scored 628 not out, the record in any match. Melbourne University scored 1,094 against Essendon at Melbourne, 1898, the highest authenticated record. In a metab between A. E. Stottart's English team and New South Wales 1,739 runs were scored, a record in first-class cricket. The longest partnership on record was 623 by Captain Oates and Private Fitzgeraid, First Royal Munster Fusileers vs. Army Service Corps at Cunagh, 1895. In a small match in Australia in 1881, F. R. Spofforth bowled down all ten wickets of his opponents in each inning, a feat without parallel.

Best records in the United States and Canada are: G. S. Patterson's eleven, playing against A. M. Wood's eleven at Philadelphia, scored 389. J. B. King scored 344 not out for Belmont vs. Merion Team B in 1906. W. Robertson, 206 not out and A. G. Sheath, 118 not out, scored 349 runs in partnership without the loss of a wicket at San Francisco in 1894. Smallest score was Americans, 0, vs. Roseville at Guttenberg, N. J., in 1897. Largest score in the Metropolitan District Cricket. League Championship, New Jersey Athletic Club, 385 for five wickets, vs. Manhattan, as Bayonne, N. J., 1897. Smallest score in the same series, Crescent Athletic Club, 44, against the New Jersey Athletic Club, 1896. J. Wisden, bowling for George F athletic Club, 44, against the New Jersey Athletic Club, 54, against the Se

Football, Intercollegiate Season, 1912.

Poor	vaii, Kniecivii	eniaic Stan	STATE SWARTHMORE Con. Con. Con. SWARTHMORE Con. C
ANNAPOLIS.	DARTMOUTH.	MICHIGAN-C	on. SWARTHMORE-Con
Johns Hopkins 7—3	Bates 26— (So. Dakota	7— 6 Bucknell 13—14
Swarthmore 6-21	Mass State 47— (Cornell	0 - 27 Dickinson $0 - 0$
Univ. of Pittsb'g 13- 6	Vermont 55-) Corner	Totals 149-30
Western Res 7— (Williams 21—	Totals15	8—65
A & M 40-0	Cornell 24	MISSOURI	Hobert 12 0
New York Univ. 39-	Harvard 0—	Central 5	2— 7 Yale
Army 6— 0)	Rolla 1	0 Carlisle Indians. 0-33
Totals 125-61	Totals	Ames	0-19 Princeton 0-62
20000512001	GEORGETOWN.	Nebraska	7 Rochester 28— 0
Colby BROWN.	Rand'n Macon 39— (Drake 1	
R. I. "Aggles" 14— 0	Wash, & Lee 20— (Wash'gton Univ. 3	3— 0 Colgate 0— 7
Wesleyan 6- 7	A. & M. of N. C. 48-	Kansas	3—12 Army 7—23
Pennsylvania 30— 7	Carlisle Indians. 20—34	Totals 13	3-59 Totals 95-160
U. of Vermont 12-7	Wash Col. 84-1		VANDERBÍLT.
Yale	Virginia 16-13	PENNSYLVANI	[A. Beehel105-0
Lafayette 21-14	Virginia Poly24— 3	F & M	b— Olmarysville100— 3
Carliele Indiana 0 20	Totals 225 66	Dickinson 1	6— 0 Georgia. 46— 0
Carrière Indians. 0—32	100015	Ursinus 34	4— 0 Mississippi 24— 0
Totals 107-114	HARVARD.	Swarthmore	3-6 Virginia 13-0
CARLISLE	Maine	Lafavette	3—7 Kentucky 22 0
Albright 50— 7	Williams 26— 3	Penn. State	0—14 Auburn 7— 7
Lebanon Valley. 45- (Amherst 46- (Michigan 2	7-21 Sewanee 16-0
Dickinson 35— 0	Brown 30-10	Carlisie Indians. 3	4—26) ————
Wash & Jeff 0- 0	Vanderbilt 0- 5	Corneil	7— 2 Totals391—19
Syracuse 33— 0	Dartmouth 3—	Totals 20	1-106 WEST POINT.
Plttsburgh 45— 8	Yale 20— (DESTA: SELECT	Rutgers 19— 0
Georgetown 34—20	Totals 176 06	Carnegle Tech 4	Yale 0— 6
West Point	10tals176-22	Wash. & Jeff 30	Colgate 18— 7
Pennsylvania 26-34	St Mary's 62_ (Cornell 29	2- 6 Carilsie Indians. 15-6
S'neld Y.M.C.A. 30—24	Warrensburg 27—	Bennavlyania 1	Syracuse 23— 7
Brown 32— 0	Drake 0 6	Villanova7	0Navy 0— 6
Totals 456-114	Kansas A. C 19— 6	Ohio State 3	7 - 0 Totals 100 20
COLCATE	Washburn 0—17	Pittsburgh 38	3— 0 Totals109—39
Cornell 13- 7	Nebraska 3-14	Totals 28	WILLIAMS.
Amherst 013	Missourl 12- 3	100015236	Springfield T. S. 10-0
Hobart 12- 2	Totala 129_55	PRINCETON	Harvard 3-26
West Point 7—19	TARAMETER	Rutgers 4	Dartmouth 0-21
Rochester 27- 0	Muhlenberg 20-3	Lehigh 3	- 0 Cornell 24-10
Byracuse 7— 0	Swarthmore 0-22	Virginia Poly 3	- 0 Wesleyan 10- 7
Totals 90-47	Yale0—16	Syracuse 63	= 7 Amherst 12- 0
100015 90-47	Pennsylvania 7— 3	Harvard	-16 Totals : 82-70
CORNELL.	Buckneil 0 (New York Univ. 54	- 0 Totals
Colgate 7—13	Syracuse 7-30	Yale	Weslevan 10— 3
Oberlin 0—13	Brown 14—21	Totals 32:	2-35 Holy Cross 7- 0
New York Univ. 14-9	Dickinson 16—13	2001.0001.000	Syracuse 21-0
Bucknell 14-0		Villanova 25	La la la la la la la la la la la la la la
Williams 10-24	Totals 78-118	Lafavette 2	2- 0 Wash. & Jeff 13- 3
Dartmouth 0-24	MICHIGAN.	Pennsylvania	3 Brown 10 0
Pennsylvania 2_ 7	Case 34— (Navy	— 6 Princeton 0— 0
Z Childy I Vallia Z — /	Ohlo State 14— (Ursinus 20)— 0 1121 V21 U
Totals 63-139	Syracuse 7-18	Lehigh ()— 3 Totals 89—32
FINAL STA	NDING MIDDLE WE	STERN CONFER	ENCE LEAGUE.
	T. COLLEGE.	W. L. T. 2 2 1 2 3 0 1 3 1	
Wisconsin 5 0 Chicago 6 1	0 Purdue Northwestern		wa
Minnesota 2 2	0 Illinois.		Only conference games listed.
		· 1	
	FOOTBALL 0400		24.0
Vrin Donat .	PUUTBALL CASU	ALTIES, 1911-1	912 EAR. Deaths. Injuries. 11 178 112 10 185 Totals 217 2426
1901 Deaths. 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Deaths. Injuries. Y	EAR. Deaths, injuries.
190215	106 1907	166 19	012
190344	63 1908	11 304	Totals217 2.426
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	63 1908 276 1909 200 1910	30 410	Totals217 2,426
	200) 2020		, 3.7. A
	RECAPITUI	ATION, 1912.	
Fractured bones	57 Internal injuries		inal injuries 2

 Fractured bones
 57 | Internal injuries
 8 | Spinal injuries
 2

 Dislocations
 13 | Torn ligaments
 41 | Minor injuries
 64

Aniation.

CONTINUED progress in the science of aviation marked the year of 1912. The advancement, however, was along new and more useful lines than at any time since the Wright Brothers first fiew in a motor-driven seroplane in 1903. The heavier-than-air filer became an important factor in warfare and war equipment and to-day there is not a country or nation that does not include the monoplane and biplane as well as the dirigible balloon in its military and naval equipment. Valuable service was rendered the armies engaged in the Italian-Turkish and the Greek-Turkish

Aeroplanes flew at great height over forts and encampments while sketches of positions were

Valuable service was rendered the armies engaged in the Italian-Turkish and the Greek-Turkish wars. Aeropianes flew at great height over forts and encampments while sketches of positions were made and information conveyed to headquarters by wireless. Aviators of various nationalities were engaged by the rival armies and rendered services of a character never before attempted in warfare. A Russian aviator, Emmonf, few over the beseiged city of Adrianople dropping circulars printed in the Turkish language, demanding the surrender of the city. Later the Buigars employed aviators and aeropianes to drop fire bombs of Pyroxylin into the Turkish forts and quarters of Adrianople. Several of the aeropianes were struck by bullets and shells and one aviator, Popoff yname, was reported as having been shot by the besieged marksmen.

Although the number of aeropianes and licensed aviators was more than doubled during 1912 as against 1911, more attention was paid to the serious aspects of aviation than to the competitive or sporting side of flying. There were few long city to city races such as marked the preceeding year abroad, and but one race of any importance in the United States. Military competitive tests, bomb dropping contests and cup flights opening for competition for a given period of weeks or months, were the principal features in this department of aviation. The secretary of the Aero Club of France, in his annual report for 1911, placed some startling figures in evidence regarding the progress made by one country alone last year. He stated that the distance flown was approximately 1,600,000 miles, while the fatal accidents were 26. He reports that 1,350 aeropianes, totalling \$80,000 horsepower, were constructed in France. The number of passengers carried was 12,000; time spent in the air, 30,000 hours; 1,400 motors were made and 8,000 propellers. It is reported that these figures were exceeded in 1912.

Then hydroaeropiane continued to be developed and used for various on and over water flights. There were a numb

MILITARY AVIATION.

Great progress has been made in the development of military and naval aviation, it having been demonstrated that the practical use of air machines in actual warfare is entirely feasible, and it is the general opinion that a nation not possessing this important auxiliary would be at a great disadvantage in war. The principal powers of the world are expending large sums for flying machines and air ships and their management. Less attention is paid to dirighle balloons than to flying machines of the various types on account of the greater cost and risk of the former.

The following are the estimated expenditures during the present year for military and naval aviation by the countries named: England, \$1,561,700; France, \$6,208,000; Germany, \$1,455,000; Russia, \$4,850,000; United States, \$140,000.

The following table gives the number of air machines owned and in use by the principal governments according to the latest reports available:

ments according to the latest reports available:

	Great Britain.	France.	Germany.	Russia.	Italy.	Japan.	United States.
Flying Machines: Army Navy		259	46	116	22 4	10	14*
Dirigibles: Army Navy		13	10	9	3	2	(

* The United States will have 10 additional flying machines by July 1, 1913.

AEROPLANE-HYDROAEROPLANE-BALLOON RACES 1912.

INTERNATIONAL SPEED RACE.

The fourth annual international James Gordon Bennett Speed Cup race was held at Chicago-September 9, 1912, and was won by J. Vedrines, representing France. The distance was 124.8 miles, consisting of 30 laps of 4.14 miles each. Vedrines flew at the rate of 105.5 miles per hour. His fastest lap was done in 2m. 17.95s. The first race was held in 1909 and was won by Glenn Curtiss, who flew the twenty kilometres (12.4 miles) in 15m. 50 2-5s. at an average speed of 47 miles per hour. In 1910 the winner was Grahame-White, who covered 100 kilometres (62 miles) at Belmont Park, L.I., in 60m. 47 3-5s., an average speed of 61.3 miles per hour. In 1911 the winner was C. T. Weymann, who covered 94 miles at Eastchurch, England, in 1b. 11m. 36 1-5s., an average of 78.77 miles per hour. There were 13 entries for the 1912 race, but only the French team consisting of Vedrines, Prevost and Frey started. The result of the race was as follows:

AVIATOR-COUNTRY.	Laps.	AVIATOR-COUNTRY.	Laps.
	1 5 10		15 20 25 30
W. Johnson Theorem	M. S. M. S. M. S.		M. S. M. S. H. M. S.
Prevost, France	02.24 11.57 23.49	Vedrines, France	35.4047.27 59.10 1.10.56 36.0148.12 60.31 1.12.55
Frey, France	09 42 11 . 40 40 . 51	Frevost, France	140 00 54 00 000

INTERNATIONAL BALLOON RACE.

The annual international balloon race for the James Gordon Bennett Cup was started from Stuttgart, Germany, on October 27, 1912, with 20 entries. The result:

BALLOON.	Country.	Pilot.	Time of Start.		Distance (miles).
Picardo		Maurice Bienaine	Oct. 27.	Near Moscow, Oct. 29	1,361 5-8
Honeymoon				Breslau, Germany, Oct. 28.	778
Busley	Austria	Capt. Frantz			
		_ Mannsbarth	Oct. 27.	Near Budapest, Oct. 28	450
Azurea	Switzerland.	R. O. Mueller	Oct. 27.	Lembachshof, L. Franconia,	
	~			Oct. 28	140
Hamburg III,	Germany	F. Elmermacher	Oct. 27.	Germany	675
Andromeda	Italy	R. N. Suelli	Oct. 27.	Germany	680
Graf. Zeppelln	Denmark	Capt. Seldelin	Oct. 27.	Hostin, Bohemia, Oct. 28	255
Ile de France		Alfred Le Blanc	Oct. 27.	Near Moscow, Oct. 29	1,243 5-8
Belgica II	Beiglum	De Muyder	Oct. 27.	Russla	755
Frankfort	Austria	F. H. Lenhart	Oct. 27.	Rosenoiskoy, Russia, Oct. 28	1,100
Zurich				Russia	946
Reichsflugverein.		Otto Korn	Oct. 27.	Dukchty, Russia, Oct. 28	860
Libia	Italy	Nino Piccoli	Oct. 27.	Gross Gorzyn, Posen, Oct. 28	425
Million Popula-					400
_ tlon Club		John Berry	Oct. 27.	Grambin, Oct. 28	430
Bearn		G. Blanchet	Oct. 27.	Russia	600
Murckelers		F. Gerard	Oct. 27.	Near Riga, Russia, Oct. 28.	802
Astarte	Austria	C. Von Siegmundt	Oct. 27.	Bielitz, Austria, Oct. 28	380
Helveda	Switzerland.	Lleut. Sorg	Oct. 27.	Dantzig, Oct. 28	533
Uncle Sam	America	H. E. Honeywell	Oct. 27.	Past Dukchty, Russia, Oct. 29.	1,194
*Dusseldorf II				1	
	Germans to				
	America	John Watts	Oct. 27.	Pskov, Russia	1,000

* Disqualified.

NATIONAL BALLOON RACE. Start made at Kansas City, Mo., July 27, 1912:

BALLOON.	Pilot.	Landed at	Time of Dist. Landing. (miles.)
Uncle Sam	H. E. Honeywell	Manassas, Va	July 29 885 July 28 625
Drifter	Albert Holz	New Berlin, Wis	July 28 425
Million Pop. Club I Goodyear	J. Berry	Nord, Iil	July 28 355
Cole	E. J. Custer	McGregor, Iowa	

MONACO HYDROAEROPLANE RACES.
First annual Monaco hydroaeroplane race meet held March 24-31, 1912, consisting of several events with total points awarded to count for prizes. Final standing:

AVIATOR.	Machine.	Motor.	Points.	Prizes.
Fischer	Henry Farman biplane	Gnome	112.10	\$1,600
Renaux	Maurice Farman biplane	Renault	100.80	800
Paulhan	Curtiss biplane	Curtiss	86.30	600
Robinson	Curtiss biplane	Curtiss	71.90	
Caudron			63.00	
Benolt	Sanchez Besa biplane	Salmson Unne	50.30	
Rugere				

Held over circuit D'Anjou, including Angers-Saumur-Cholet-Angers, France, June 16-17, 1912.

A 7-lap race around a circuit totalling 633 miles for \$10,000 in prizes. Extra time allowance for aeroplanes carrying passengers. A violent gale caused the race to be run as a two-day contest.

R. G. Garros was the only aviator to finish. Race by laps:

AVIATOR.	Machine.										La	ps.											
		н.	1		Ī.,	2 M.		1	3 M.	-	1	4	-	I.,	5		L	6 M.	_	L	7 M.		Total Time.
	Farman	1	48	48	1			1						ł					F			-	(16h.
Garros Brindeione		$\frac{2}{1}$	39 33	$\frac{38}{12}$	2	29 39	56 42	12	17 49	58 00	1	48	52	1	48	13	2	20	25	1	51	06	16m. 8s.

GRAND PRIX CONSOLATION RACE Same date and circuit, distance 292 miles, for \$10,000 prize. Resul Result:

FINISH. Machine. Time. Aviator. Machine. Time. Aviator. FINISH. н. M. s. 41 53 Espanet.. Bobba... Brindejonc Blerlot.. Nieuport.. Morane... 4 56 Garros. 53 40 $\frac{21}{32}$ 41 20 Astra. . . 5 Gaubert...

ENGLISH FLYING DERBY.

An 81-mile race from Hendon to and about London and return, held June 8, 1912, with seven starters. Order of finish:

AVIATOR.	Mach.	Engine.	Time.	AVIATOR.	Mach.	Engine.	Time.
			H. M. S.				H. M. S.
T. Sopwith	Blerlot .	70h.p. Gnome	1 23 8 2-5	W. Moorhouse.	RM.	50h.p. RM	2 00 22
G. Hamel	Bleriot .	70h.p. Gnome	1 38 46	J. Valentine	Bristol .	50h.p. Gnome	2 26 39

· Disqualified for missing pylon at return.

Morane

IMPORTANT CROSS-COUNTRY FLIGHTS OF 1912.

The principal flights of 250 kilometres or more, during 1912, follow:

DATE.	Aviator.	Course.	Distanc		Time.	Machine,
March 16.	*Sylvestre	Etampes-Suzanne-Etampes, Fr	205 ml	les 4	12	Bleriot.
April 18	Busson	Pau to Paris, France	310 m	les 9	25t	Deperdussin.
April 19	Bielovucie	Rheims to Nogent, France	199 mi	les 2	58 14	Deperdussin.
April 19	Cobioni	Lombardo to Adria, Spain	211 mi	les 3	3 14	Caproni.
April 30	Prevost	Nancy to Bay of Biscay	404 m	les	<u></u>	Deperdussin.
May 4	Bruncher	Mirecourt to Rheims, France	156 m	les 2	27	Deperdussin.
May 4	Crombez	Gench to Nieuport, Belgium	151 m	les 2	2 10	Deperdussin.
May 9	De Briey	St. Cyr to Rheims, France	335 m		5†	Deperdussin.
May 15	Vidart	Saumus to Etampes, France		les 1		Deperdussin.
May 26	Bathlat	Mourmelon to Angouleme, Fr		les 13		Sommer.
June 18	de Marny	Buc to Verdun, France	177 m.i	les 1	58	M. Farman.
June 15. \	Andreadi	Sebastopol to St. Petersburg, \	1,670 mi	les 25	dayst	Nieuport.
July 10 }	Andreadi	Russia	1,010 111	105		_
July 15	Lalanne	Rheims to Vouziers, France	145 m	les 2	10	Deperdussin.
July 17	Lalanne	Rheims to St. Cyr, France	33 <u>5</u> ml	les		Deperdussin.
July 21	*Kellar	Beppen to Frankfort, Germany		les	. t.	
July 24	Pierra	Rheims to Dunkerque, France	217 m	les 4	16†	Farman.
Aug. 7	Germain	Rheims to St. Cyr to Rheims, Fr.	770 m	les 2	dayst	Hanriot.
Aug. 18	Andemars	Paris to Berlin	541 m	les 2	dayst	Bleriot
Aug. 22	Frantz	Chartres to Mons, France	200 m	les 3	6†	Savary.
Aug. 25	*Joukoff	Sebastopol to Feodocia, R	136 m	les		Farman.
Aug. 31	Bathlat	Calais to Contis Le Buins, Fr		les 13		Sommer.
Sept. 13	Bathiat	Mourmeion to Calais, France	251 m			Sommer.
Sept. 15	Frantz	Doual to Poltiers, France	311 m	ies 6	21†	Savary.
Sept. 24	Caveller	Calais to Juvisy, France	245 m	ies	41	Deperdussin.
Sept. 28	paucourt	Seven times around Paris		lles 12	22†	Borel.
Oct. 4	Janvir	Calais to Contis Le Bains, Fr	510 m			Deperdussin.
Oct. 6	Dancourt	Valenciennes to Biarritz, Fr	538 m			Borel.
Oct. 11	Bernard	Calais to Bordeaux, France	523 m			Farman.
Oct. 12	Bownord	Mitchelin Cup Circuit, Eng Biarritz to Buc, France	186 m 434 m	nes s	3 26 7 15†	Cody. Farman.
		Blarritz to Buc, France			101	raiman.

*One passenger, †Stopped. ‡Won British Michelin Cup No. 2. CROSS-WATER FLIGHTS, 1912.

DATE. Aviator. Course. Time. Machine. H. 3 8 8 59 London to Paris. London to Paris. Paris to Eastchurch Deal to Equinen Flishguard to Crane. Holyhead to Dublin Crotoy to Chatham Salmet....* Mar. April 16 17+ Bleriot. Bleriot. Deperdussin. April 13. April 16. *Prevost. **45**† 59 1 40 1 15 33 13 45† 2 20 2 10 6 5† 2 days† 1 43 Miss Quimby..... Blerlot. April 10 April 22 April 28 May 2 May 21 May 21 May 25 May 30 Wilson.... Bleriot Hewitt..... Bleriot Ewen..... *Hamel..... Caudron. Paris to Eastchurch Nieuport to Dover to Nieuport. Chicago to Milwaukee Bleriot Deperdussin. Wright. Bleriot. Crombez..... Boulogne to London . . Valentine.....*Grahame-White ... London to Paris.... Boulogne to Folkstone... Boulogne to Bethessden. July Deperdussin. Farman. 43 37 July Aug. t Moorhouse..... Weymann.... Breguet. Hydroplane. St. Malo-Jersey-St. Malo. London to Boulogne. Fishguard to Gorey. Antwerp to Vernon. Plsa to Bastia, Corsica. Aug. 26... 40 46 15 Hydroplane. Aug. 28.. 3 Sept. Bleriot Weymann..... 6 Oct. Hydroplane. Antoni.Cogliani.... 9. Oct.

*1 passenger. †Stopped. ‡2 passengers. AVIATION FATALITIES DURING 1912.

Jan. 12			Cause.
	M. Ruchennet	Senlis, France	Lost control.
Jan. 19	Alfred Wagner	Juvisy, France	Unknown.
Jan. 21	Lleut. Boerner	Senlis, France	Capsized.
Jan. 22	Rutherford Page	Los Angeles, Cal	Wind gust.
Feb. 3	Capt. le Maguet	Versailles, France	Fall.
Feb. 8	Yamisch	St. Petersburg	Engine trouble.
Feb. 16	Schmidt	Berlin, Germany	Broken plane.
Feb. 17	D. Graham Gilmour	Brooklands, England	
Feb. 19	н. ноп.,	San Francisco, Cal	Lost control.
Feb. 23	Lieut. Ducourmeau	Pau, France	Broken propeller.
March 10	Suzanne Bernard	Etampes, France	Fall.
March 13	Lieut, Henri P T Sevelle	IPan France	I∐nknown.
March 15	Lieut. Bertoletti	Varese, Italy	
March 16	Herr Witte	Johannisthal, Germany	Broken plane.
March 23	and passenger.	Sebastopol, Russia	Lost control.
March 27	Rost	Heide, Germany,	Unknown.
April 3	C. P. Rodgers	Long Beach, Cal	Lost control.
April 10	Capt. Millan	Madrid, Spain	
April 13	Lieut. Boncour	Madrid, Spain	Lost control.
April 17	John Verrept	Versailles, France	Fall.
April 18	D. L. Allen	Holyhead, England.,	Lost at sea.
April 19	Lleut. de la Ville Avary	Verdun, France	Lost control.
May 4	Count Robillard Cosnac	Antibes, France	Wind gust.
May 7	Herr Bachmayer	Johannisthal, Germany	Motor trouble.
May 11	Lieut. Depersis	Perdonome, Italy	

DA	TE	Name.	Place.	Cause.
		Hans Schmigulski)		
May	12.,	Peter Glasser }	Cassel, Prussla	Capsized.
May	13.,	Peter Glasser E. V.B. Flsher Victor Louis Mason	Brooklands, England	
May	13	Gordian Hoesli	Berlin, Germany	Lost control.
May May		Raymond Wheeler	St. Louis, Mo	Wind gust.
May	14	Capt. Echeman — Beauvais Fred J. Southard Lieut. Schlichting George Oulmby	Abbeville, France	IF all.
May	21 25	Fred J. Southard	Abbeville, FranceXenia, Ohio	Lost control.
May May	31	George Oulmby	Seattle Wash	Collision.
June	i	George Quimby	Seattle, Wash North Yakima, Wash	Wind gust.
June	1	Reby Collardeau	Savigny-sur-Orge, France	Capsized.
June	9	Albert Buchstaetter }	Bremen, Germany	•
June	2	Lleut. Stiller		
June	7	Gottlieb Rost	Bremen, Germany Mourmelon, France	
June	9	M. Kimmerling	Mourmelon, France Mourmelon, France Washington, D. C Springfield, Ill	Wing collapsed.
		Lieut, L. W. Hazel-		
June	11	hurst, Jr.—Al. Walsh }	wasnington, D. C	
June	17	Mrs. Julia Clarke	Springfield, III	Hit tree.
June	19	Capt. Dubois Lleut. Meignan Henry Turner Lleut. von Falkenhayn Lleut. Ettenne Guyancourt Herr Stadt Lleut. Beyo	Doual, France	Collision.
June	21	Henry Turner	Mineola, L. I	Lost control. Motor trouble.
June June	25	Lieut. Etienne Guyancourt	France	
June	29 30	Herr Stadt	Muhlhausen, Germany Madrid, Spain	Lost control.
June	30	Miss Harriet Oulmby	Mauriu, Spain	Sharp banking.
July	1	William A. I. Willaid	Boston, Mass	
July July			Altona, Prussia Bucharest, Roumania	Lost control.
July	5	Lieut. Caranda	Salishury 'England	Machine turned over
July	9	Sergeant Wilson 5 · · · · ·	St Cyr France	Hit nole
July	13	Victor Morris Smith, Jr	Ravenswood, Cal	Wind gust.
July	15	Lieut. Zekutski	Sebastopol, Russia	Fall.
July July	15 18	Lieut. Preusser	Leipzig, Germany	Capsized.
July	18	Renard	St. Cyr, France. Ravenswood, Cal. Sebastopol, Russla Bourg, France Lelpzig, Germany St. Etlenne, France.	Hit by propeller.
July	26		Munich, Germany	Broken plane.
Aug.	3	Charles L. Campbell	Munich, Germany. Brooklands, England. Salisbury Plain, England. Lamar, Col. Rome, Italy Canton, China. Doual. France.	Fall.
Aug.	13 21	George Thompson	Sansbury Plain, England	Wind gust.
Aug.	26	Lleut. Manzini	Rome, Italy	Drowned in fall.
Aug. Aug.	26 28	Fung Bue	Canton, China. Doual, France. Stevenage, England	Engine trouble.
Sept.	6	Capt. Patrick Hamilton	Stevenage, England	Broken niene
	6	Lleut. Stuart	Munich Germany	Broken plane.
Sept.	10	Lieut. E. H. Hotchkiss	Munich, Germany Oxford, England Mineola, L. I.	Gasolina avnicaton
Sept.	10	Lieut. C. A. Bettington \	Minocle I I	Hit by an acroplana
Sept. Sept	11	A. Caramanlaki	Patras. Greece	Drowned in fall.
Sept.	11	William Chambers	Mineola, L. I. Patras, Greece Binghamton, N. Y. Dresden, Saxony Chicago, Iii Chicago, Iii Cheti, Italy Shenandoah, Iowa.	Engine trouble.
Sept.	11	Paul Peck	Chicago, Ill	Engine trouble.
Sept.	14	Howard Gill	Chicago, Ill	Collision.
Sept. Sept.	16	Signor Jugnetti	Shenandoah, Iowa	Struck by propeller.
Sept.	21	Lleut. Berger }		
Sept.	21	George Monod. A. Caramanlaki. William Chambers. Lleut. Selbert. Paul Peck. Howard Gill Signor Jughettl. Russell Blair. Lleut. Berger Lleut. Junghaus H. J. D. Astley. Lleut. Thomas. Lleut. Ragazzoni. John L. Longstaff.	Belfast, Ireland. Glbraubal, France Mirañori, Italy Mineola, L. I College Park, Md	Engine trouble.
Sept.	24	Lleut. Thomas	Gibraubal, France	Unknown.
Sept. Sept.	25	Lieut. Ragazzoni	Miranori, Italy	Lost control. Machine buckled.
Sept.	20	Lieut. Rockwell	College Park, Md	Unknown.
Sept.	20	Lieut. Ragazzoni. John L. Longstaff. Lieut. Rockweil Corporal F. Scott } Lieut. W. Hefer. Serg. Lackman.	Savony Cormony	Collision
Sept.	30 ∷	Serg. Lackman	Saxony, Germany	Broken strut.
Oct.	o.,	Charles F. Walsh. August Berkmeler. Erbst Alig and mechanician	Trenton, N. J	Broken plane.
Oct.	4 6	Erbst Alig	Johannisthal, Germany	Wing collapsed.
		and mechanician \		Hit building.
Oct.	6 7	M. Kondo	Savona, N. Y	Capsized.
Oct.	15	Cobloni	Berne, Switzerland	Machine collapsed.
Oct.	17	G. Piccolo	Chalons, France	
Oct.	19	Lieut. Deissbartii (Geingen Germany	Fall.
Oct.	00	Amedee Lacour	Bordeaux, France	Wind gust.
Oct.	21	Lieut. Poutrin	Laon, France	Violent landing.
Oct. Oct.	23	Louis Mitchell	Montgomery, Ala	Unknown.
Oct.	31	Lieut. Poutrin. Louis Mitchell Lieut. Moritz Hamburger. — Popoff. Lieut. Petrovitch. Sargent Marechal	Bordeaux, France. Laon, France. Montgomery, Ala. Oberwiesenfeld, Germany. Adrianople, Turkey. Goerz, Germany. Trouville, France.	Shot by Turks.
Nov.	5	Sargent Marechal	Trouville France	Broken plane.
7404*	0			•

SPEED-TIME ON A GIVEN DISTANCE, AVIATOR ALONE WORLD RECORDS.
(IN CLOSED CIRCUIT, WITHOUT STOPS.)

	Time.	н. м. в.			2 52 4-5 8 4 24 4-5 13 18 18 17 4 44 3-5 3 8 3 35 2 05 49 2 05 49		5 45 11 59 2-5 17 52 3-5 22 44 2-5 29 37 2-5 59 08		3 48 6 16 3-5 112 03 17 37 29 47 56 33	3 34 7 08 14 00 3-5
-)	Machine.	Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn Dep'dussin 140 HP Gn My Grant 140		Bürleh		Nieuport Nieuport Nieuport Nieuport Nieuport		Deperdussin	Deperdussin
IOK ALONE		Date.	22222222222222222222222222222222222222		1912 1912 1912 1912 1912 1912 1912 1913		1912 1911 1911 1911 1911		1912 1911 1912 1912 1912 1912	1911
CE. AVIALOR	Å	Da	abanuary 133 Tuly 134 Tuly 135	PASSENGER.	July 20, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 1	PASSENGERS.	June 30, March 9, March 9, March 9, March 9,	PASSENGERS.	August 16, March 10, August 16, August 16, August 16, August 16, August 16,	PASSENGERS. March 10, March 10,
TIME ON A CIVEN DISTANCE.	a cold	Flace.	Pau France. J Pau France. J Chengo, III. Pu France. J Pau Fran	ATOR AND ONE	France France J France J France J France J France J France J Welner-Weustadt, Austria.	AVIATOR AND TWO PAS		AVIATOR AND THREE PAS		AVIATOR AND FOUR PA Rhelms, France
	Holder	TOIGH.	Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines M. Tabuleau M. Tabuleau P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique G. Rourny		G. Legagneux G. Legagneux G. Legagneux G. Legagneux G. Legagneux G. Legagneux G. Legagneux Lieut. Bier		C. Nieuport. E. Nieuport. E. Nieuport. E. Nieuport. E. Nieuport. E. Nieuport.		P. Mendelli B. Mendelli P. Mendelli P. Mendelli P. Mendelli P. Mendelli	G. Busson G. Busson
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	-	н. ж.		3531	ONE.	SPEED PI	170.777	135.952	102.85	96.30	87.25	DISTANCE 720 1,252.8	401.495	112	23	25.74
		Machine.	Deperdussin. Deperdussin. Deperdussin. Morane-Saulnier. M. E. P. R. E. P. R. E. P. R. E. P. R. E. P. R. E. P. R. E. P. R. E. P.	Etrich Savary	. AVIATOR ALONE.	Machine.	13, 1912 Deperdussin.		9, 1911 N euport	E PASSENGERS. 10, 1911 Deperdussln	RERS Deperdussin			4, 1911 Etrich		
ALONE.		Date.	3, 1912 1, 1912 1, 1912 1, 1912 1, 1910 1, 1910	55, 1912 56, 1912 5, 1912 6, 1911	THE FLIGHT.	Σ	Deperdussin		Nleuport	as. Deperdussin	s. Deperdussin	ONE.	Nleuport	Etrich	Deperdussin	Deperdussin
E. AVIATOR ALONE.	-	Д	July III July III July III March IIII March IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	July July July October July	ENGTH OF	Date.	13, 1912	VIATOR AND TWO PASSENGERS	9, 1911.	AVIATOR AND THREE PASSENGERS.	AND FOUR PASSENGERS March 10, 1911	AVIATOR ALONE. 2, 1911	AVIATOR AND ONE PASSENGER.	October 4, 1911	AVIATOR AND FOUR PASSENGERS.	10, 1911
GIVEN TIME.		ce.	ako ok	Austria	EVER THE L	H	July 13	T WO)	RE	ND FOUR March 10		AND ONE (February 14 AND TWO	田田	March 10 AND FOUR	March 10
IN A		Place.	Pau, France Pau, France Pau, France Pau, France Pau, France Buc, France Buc, France Buc, France Avrance	France France France France Welner-Neusladt (Chartres, France	TED, WHAT		AVIATOR	AVIATOR AND		VIATOR A	AVIATOR AND FO	GREATEST DISTANCE. September	AVIATOR AVIATOR	AVIATOR AND THE		
DISTANCE	-	Holder.			F SPEED OBTAINED, WHATEVER THE LENGTH OF	Place.	J. Vedrines Pau, France	····· France		AVIATOR AND TH	Rhelms, France	Fourny. Buc. France	AVIATOR AND ONE PASSENGER. Lieut. Barrington-Kennett[Salisbury Plains, Eng		Rheims, France	With force stone
		Ħ	Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines Jules Vedrines M. Tabulcau M. Tabulcau P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique P. M. Bournique	G. Legagneux G. Legagneux G. Legagneux Lleut, Bler R. Level	GREATEST	ЗВ.							Seppett	Austrla.	:	
	NCE.	Miles.	28.27 52.60 104.52 145.66 192.80 203.50 304.47 324.93	$\begin{array}{c} 19.27 \\ 41.40 \\ 83.14 \\ 118.58 \\ 139.71 \end{array}$		Ногрев.	90	neux	:				rington-E			Without stons
	DISTANCE.	Ktlom.	45.664 84.665 168.244 234.241 310.287 325.90 407.67 490 522.93	31.02 66.639 133.649 1 190.85 224.85			J. Vedrine	G. Legagneux	E. Nieuport.	G. Busson	G. Busson	G. Fourny	Lleut. Bar	Lieut. Bier	G. Busson	G. Busson

								_				10	ec	ece	_
	DURATION OF FLIGHT.	†11 1 29 ‡14 7 50	4 23	2 19	1 35	32 39	1 05 48 1-6		ALTITUDE ATTAINED. Metres. Feet. 5,450 *17,878	14.304		TTOD	es. Time.	500 3m. 35a.	Not time
	DURAT			1					ALTITUDI Metres. 5,450	4.360	_		Σ	ū	**
NE.	Machine.	M. Farman. Neuport		Albatros	Harlan	AVIATOR AND FOUR PASSENGERS.	Sommer	ZE.		IE PASSENGER. 28 1912		ALONE.		Bleriot \ Bleriot	s + Without stop. + With 3 st.
GREATEST DURATION, AVIATOR ALONE.	Date.	September 2, 1911	AVIATOR AND ONE PASSENGER. IDecember 8, 1911	October 1, 1911	anuary 25, 1912	AVIATOR AND FOUR PASSENGERS. any March 8, 1912	ND FIVE PASSENGERS.	GREATEST ALTITUDE. AVIATOR ALONE.	September 17, 1912	AVIATOR AND ONE PASSENGER.	AVIATOR AND TWO PASSENGERS.	SP]		August 19, 1911	units of one hundred metres
GREATEST DUF	Place.	G. Fourney A. Buo, France. September 2, 1911. M. Farman. September 8, 1911. Neuport.	AVIATOR A Johannisthal, Germany	J. Pieceokker	Johannisthal, Germany	AVIATOR AND FC	H. Molla. France AVIATOR AND FIVE PASSENGERS. ALABUAR SG. 1912 Sommer.	GREATEST ALT	G. Logagneux	:	AUSTRIA AND June	•		T. S. M. Sopwith. Chicago, U. S. A. (August 19, 1911 glerlock Chicago, U. S. (August 19, 1911 glerlock Chicago, U. A. (August 19, 1911 glerlock Chicago, U	* In passing on altitude records the F. A. I recognizes only units of one hundred metres. + Without stop. + With
	Нограк.	G. Fourney.	Suvelack	J. Pietschker	K. Grulleh	Von Stegfried	H. Molla.		G. Logagneux	Oberlient	Von Blashke Austria			T. O. M. Sopwith.	* In passing on altitude rec

DIRICIBLE SPHERICAL AND

BALLOONS.

January 7-8—Emile Dubonact travelled from La Motte Breuil, France, to Sokolowska, Russia, 1214 miles in balloon Condor III., a new world's record for non-stop balloon voyagest, and Schwaben Stoppell Mills of Proposition of the stop of

February 19—German dirigible Parseval XI. cruised for 17 hours about Germany.

May 20—Le Breuil, in dirigible Clement-Bayard III. ascends 9,860 feet at Paris, a new altitude record. May 25-Dirigible Parseval VI. wrecked in wind squall at Leipzig, Tegoi without stops.

May 2—German dirigible Slemens-Shuckert wreeked at Blesdorf. Germany.

richshafen to Hamburg, Germany, a distance of 400 miles in 10 hours 20 minutes averaging 43 miles per hour. Carried 12 passengers.

June 8—Dirighb Farseval III. cruised 435 miles in 14 hours 15 minutes, Tegol to Koenigsburg, Germany. June 1-Count Zeppelin piloted new dirigible Z3, cruised from Fried-June 18—Dirigible Conte with six passengers ascended 9,831 feet at Paris. June 18—Dirigible Victoria-Louise cruised 350 miles from

Dusseldorf to Hamburg. Germany.

June 27—Dirigible Victoria-Louise cruised from Hamburg to Island of
Helgoland and return. a distance of about 400 miles with 12 passengers in
9 hours. July 2—Dirigible Akron exploded off Atlantic City, N. J., Killing

the builder Melvin Vaniman and four members of crew. The Akron had been built to Attern Vaniman and four members of crew. The Akron had been built to Attern Vaniman and four members of the Men July 16—17. Drigible Clement Bayard can developed the minutes of July 18—17. Drigible Conferes France, and referenced to hours 24 manuses July 18—10. Drigible Conferes Bayard and July 18—10. Drigible Conferes Bayard (and 18 about Paris, in French Milary test, altifering member 16 and specific aspect at 25. Petersburg, Russis, specific and spec A new world's record for a non-stop balloon flight. November 28—German war office recommends 20 additional dirtigibles for 1913 for the Aerial freet, each to be capable of a speed of 51 miles per hour, gas and petrol capacity for a continuous trip of 50 hrs., and a carrying capacity of 1 ton of exchesives.

The Armed Strength of the World.

COMPILED from the latest available data. For the Army and Navy of the United States, see pages devoted thereto. [Consult Index.]

LAND FORCES OF THE PRINCIPAL STATES OF EUROPE, AND OF JAPA ALSO OF THE SECONDARY STATES OF EUROPE, ASIA AND AMERICA.

Countries.	Peace Strength.	Reserves*	Total War Strength	Available for Duty Unorg. †	Countries.	Peace Strength.	Reserves*	Total War Strength.	Available for Duty Unorg.†
Germany	620,000	3,380,000	4,000,000		Switzerland	140,000/	135,000	275,000	50,000
France	560,0000	2,440,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	Turkey	420,000	780,000	1,200,000k	2,000,000
Russia	1,200,000	3,300,000	4,500,000		Greece	23,000	102,000	125.000	200,000
Austria-					China	1 80,000 <i>g</i>	100,000h	280,000	
Hungary.	360,000	1,640,000	2,000,000	3,000,000	Mexico	31,000	60,000i	91,000	1,000,000
Italy	275,000	925,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	Brazil	28,000	500,000i	528,000	1,000,000
Great Britain	254,500b	545,500c		2,000,000	Argentina	21,500	150,000 i	171,500	500,000
Japan	230,000	970,000	1,200,000	2,000,000	Chile	15, 000	132,000i	147,000	250,000
Spain		185,000	300,000	800,000	Peru	4,000	46,000i	50,000	75,000
Belgium		138,000	180,000	400,000	Venezuela		75,000i	80,600	300,000
Netherlands.	23,000d	126,000	149,000		Bolivia	3,000	50,000i	53,000	125,000
Denmark	13,000	57,000	70,000		Colombia		80,000i	86,500	200,000
Sweden	75,000	325,000	400,000		Guatemala	7,000	75,000i	82,000	50,000
Norway	22,000	88,000	110,000	100,000	Ecuador	7,000	50,000i	57,000	50,000
Portugal	30,000e	70,000	100,000	200,000	Salvador	3,000	18,000i	21,000	40,000
Bulgaria	52,500	282,500	3 35,000	100,000	Nicaragua	3,000	27,000i	30,000	20,000
Servia	35,000	195,000	230,000		Uruguay		75,000i	79,000	50,000
Roumauia	95,000	100,000	195,000	175,000	Hayti	6,000		6,000	100,000

*Except as to some of the principal and a few of the minor States, it is doubtful whether the numbers given of the reserves or auxiliary forces could be mobilized and made effective within a considerable period of time. † These figures are based on estimated male population of military age, deducting "total war strength." In some States, all men of military age are enrolled in national militia and are partly trained, a Exclusive of Colonial troops, b Including regular forces at home, in the Colonies, and 76,000 men in India and excluding the native Indian army of about 160,000. cIncludes army reserves and territorial force. A Exclusive of Colonial army of about 36,000. eExclusive of troops in Colonies, fTrained National militia. p Modern National army so far as organized, but of questionable efficiency under present unsettled conditions. h Provincial troops available in case of war. National guard, or militia. partly trained, fNominal strength. Population nearly all negroes. k Including forces in Asia.

NAVIES OF THE WORLD.

Powers.	Modern Battleships.	Cruiser Battleships	Older Battleships.	First-Class Cruisers	Second-Class Cruisers.	Third-Class Cruisers.	Gunboats,	Monitors.	Destroyers.	Torpedo Boats.	Submarines.	Personnel. Officers and Men.
Great Britain Germany United States. France Japan Russia Italy Austria-Hungary Brazil Argentina Sweden Netherlands Norway. Chile Denmark Spain. Portugal Greece. Turkey. China Mexico Siam	47 27 29 19 12 14 12 9 3 2 	10 6 4 	15 10 99 43 23 22 12 94 11 11 ::2 ::	41 9 15 15 16 7 8 1 5 1 7 .: 2 .: 8 6 .: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	42143 1178335 1232323	34 30 14 10 13 2 15 32 1	.: 49 21 16 83 13 4 5 5 2 5 1 19 8 2 	 10 	210 94 449 85 61 1033 41 9 6 5 2	58 522 325 185 48 25 788 51 50 29 14 12 128 	69 111 355 83 17 51 20 3 10 1 2 	*136,000 ‡35,500 †57,178 58,649 *49,389 46,655 13,328 46,655 1,1328 8,000 7,836 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 6,000 4,000 30,000 1,200 5,100

*Naval Reserve seamen, 26, 200. †Naval militia, 7, 320 men. ‡Reserve of 110,000 men. **Re-

Protection of the Army and Navy Uniform.

An act of Congress approved March 1, 1911, entitled "An act to protect the dignity and bonor of the uniform of the United States," provides; "That hereafter no proprietor, manager or employé of a theatre or other public place of entertainment or amusement in the District of Columbia or in any Territory, the District of Alaska or Insular possessions of the United States, shall make or cause to be made any discrimination against any person lawfully wearing the uniform of the Army, Navy, Revenue Cutter Service or Marine Corps of the United States, because of that uniform, and any person making or causing to be made such discrimination shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars."

Principal Battleships of Naval Powers.

(Compiled from the latest authentic sources of official information. Only the principal and more modern battleships are given. Most of the principal powers possess powerful armored cruisers equal to or in greater number than battleships, and in addition many vessels of smaller and older types.) Following Great Britain, the first naval power, Germany now ranks second, the United States third, France fourth, Japan fifth, Russia sixth, Italy seventh, and Austria eighth.

CREAT BRITAIN.

				:		1	ARMAMENT.			
	B : 8	Į	1 t t	1 .5	2 4 5		ARMANA	. 0	1 €	. #
NAME.	Displac ment. Tons.	Draught Fert.	Indicated Horse- Power.	KeelLaid	Date of Com-	Cost.	Guns.	Torpedo Tubes.	Speed	Com- plemen
Queen Mary (1)	27,000	28	75.000				8 13.5-in., 16 4-in	2	28	
tion)	26,350	28	70,000	1910	1912		8 13.5-in., 16 4-in	2	28	۱
Iron Duke (1)	25,000			1911	1		10 13.5-in.			
Delhi (1) Marlborough (1) Ajax (1) Audacious (1)										
Centurion (1) King George V.(1) 23,000	28	27,000 28,555 27,000 27,000 27,426 25,000 25,700 27,721 24,500 24,500		1	***************************************	10 13.5-in., 16 4-in	3	21		
Conqueror	22,500	28 28	27, 000	1910	1912	9,189,261	10 13.5-in., 16 4-in	00000000000	$\begin{vmatrix} 21 \\ 22 \end{vmatrix}$	l ::
Orion	22,500	28	27,000	1910	1911	9,334,424		l š	21	1
Thunderer	22,500	28	27,426	1910	1912	9,180,646		3	21	
Colossus	20,000	27	25,000	1909	1011	8,003,843	10 12-in., 16 4-in	3	21	٠٠.
Hercules	20,000	28	27, 721	1909	1911	7,977,172		3	21	٠٠.
Neptune	19 250	24	24,500	1908	1910	3,570,280	10 12 in.,20 4-in.,5 M	3	21 21 21 21 21	724
St Vincent	19,250	27				8,527,428	10 12 11.,20 1 11.,0 11	ă	21 22 25	724
Vanguard	19,250	27	24,500	1908	1910	8,527,428 8,813,815	• •	30000000	$2\bar{2}$	724
New Zealand	18,800	27	43,000	1909	1911		8 12-in., 16 4-in	2	25	
Indefatigable	18,750	27	$\frac{43,000}{23,000}$	1909	1911	7,484,065	10 10 in 16 4 in	2 Z	25 21 22 21 21	870
Bellerophon	18,600	27	23,000	1905	1909	8,069,767	10 12-in., 16 4-in	3	21	870
Snnorh	18,600	27	23,000	1907	1909	8,069,767 8,572,621		š	21	870
Dreadnought	17,900	27	27,500	1905	1906	9,065,500	10 12-in., 24 12-pdr	3	$\bar{2}\bar{1}$	800
innexime /	17,250	26	41,000	1907	1908	$\{8,453,184\\8,295,499\\8,401,159$	(812-in., 164-in., (5 M	5	25	731
Invincible) Lord Nelson	16,500	27	16,750	1904	1908	8,040,410	4 12-in., 10 9-in., 24			
Agamemnon		27	17,285		1	8,025,325	4 12-in., 10 9-in., 24 12-pdr., 5 M 4 12-in., 10 9.2-in., 24 12-pdr., 5 M 4 12-in., 4 9-in., 10 6-in., 14 12-pdr., 17	5		865
King Edward VII	1	27	18,138	1902	1905	7.366.225	24 12-par., 5 M 4 12-in., 4 9-in., 10	5	18	865
King Edward VII	10,000	١				1,000,220	6-in., 14 12-pdr., 17			
~	10.050	0=	18,538	1000	1005	0.000.055	3-pdr	4	19	781
Commonwealth	10,350	27	10,000	1902	1000	0,902,000	in., 14 12-pdr., 17			
				1			3-pdr	4	19	781
Dominion	16,350	27	18.438 18,521 18,440 18,698 18,725	1902	1905	6,828,950 7,272,630 7,121,875		4	19	781
Hindustan	16,350	27	18,521	1902	1905	7,272,630		4		781
Zelandia	16,300	27	18 608	1903	1906	7,121,875		4 4	18 19	$\frac{781}{781}$
Britannia	16 350	27 27	18,725	1901	1906	7,307,145 7,253,785 7,224,140	44 []	4	19	781
Hibernia	16,350	26	118. UUU	1901	1300	7,224,140	"	4		781
Queen	15,000	27	15,000	1901	1904	5,274,995	4 12-in., 12 6-in. 18			
Daimer of Wales	75 000	27	15,000	1001	1904	5,570,395	12-pdr., 83-pdr	4	18 18	$\begin{array}{c} 781 \\ 781 \end{array}$
Prince of Wales Formidable	15,000	27	15,000			5,570,595	4 12-in., 12 6-in., 18	*	10	101
1 ormidaoic	20,000	1		1	ļ		12 pdr., 83-pdr	4	18	781
Irresistible	15,000	27	15,000	1898	1902	5,240,680		4	18	750
Implacable	IID CHHI	1 27	15,000	1898	1902	4,945,580	410 1- 100 1- 10	4	18	781
London	15,000	27	15,000	1898	1902	5,189,975	412-in., 126-in., 18	4	18	755
Venerable	15 000	27	15.345	1899	1902	5 463 765	12-pdr., 8 3-pdr 4 12-ln., 12 6-in., 18 12-pdr., 6 3-pdr	4	18	781
Bulwark	15,000	27 27	15,345 15,000 12,000	1899	1902	4,889,230		4	18 18	$\frac{781}{755}$
Bulwark	14,900	28	12,000	1893	1895	4,543,945	4 12-in., 12 6-in., 18	_		L
				ı	1	4 507 010	12-pdr., 63-pdr	5	18	757
Majestic	14,900	28 27	$ 12,000 \\ 12,000$	1895	1898	4,581,910 4,477,520 4,426,060		5	17 17	757 757
Victorious	14,900	27	12,000	1895	1897	4,426,060		5	iś	757
Majestic	14,900	27	12,000	1895	1897	3,540,848	1 ''	5	17	757
Hannibal	14,900	27	112.000	1894	11897	4.533.995	l "	5	18	757
Hannibal Illustrious Jupiter Mars	14,900	27	112,000	11895	11898	4,472,925	1 :: "	555555555	17	757 757
Mars	14,900	27 27	12,000 $12,000$	1804	1897	4,510,055 4,512,010		5	18 17	757
Hood	14, 150	28	13,000	1094	1893	1 5 162 045	4 13-in 10 6-in . 10			
	1	1	1	1	1	1	6-pdr.,12 3-pdr	3	17	730
Royal Sovereign	14,150	27	13,312	1899	1902	4,195,680	6-pdr., 12 3-pdr 4 13-ln., 10 6-in., 16 6-pdr., 12 13-pdr	3	17	712
Ramillies	14,150	128	13.312	1889	1893	4,513,000	0-par., 12 10-par	3	17	$\frac{712}{730}$
	, 0 0		,			.,,000				

	4	đ	8.	2	lu .		ARMANENT.		2 3	1
Name.	Displace ment. Tons.	Dranght. Feet.	Indicated Horse- Power.	Keel Laid	Date of Cem- pletion.	Cest.	Gans.	Torpedo Tubes.	Rnote	Con
Empress of India	14,150	28	13,312	1890	1893	\$4,231,605	4 13-in., 10 6-in., 10		17	780
Resolution	14,150	28	13,312	1891	1893	4,377,610		3 3 3	17	730
Royal Oak Revenge	14, 150	28	13,312 $13,312$	$1892 \\ 1889$	1894 1895	4,496,360 4,380,505		3	17	730 730
Albemarle	14,000	27	18, 296	1900	1903	5,049,175	4 12-ln., 12 6-in., 12 12-pdr., 8 3-pdr	4	18	750
	14,000					5,115,735		4	18	750 750
	14,000	27	18,346	1899	1903	5,115,735 5,162,045		4	18	750
Russell	$14,000 \\ 12,950$	$\frac{27}{26}$	$18,229 \\ 13,500$	$1899 \\ 1897$	1903 1899	5,189.975 3,466.064	4 12-in., 12 6-in., 12	4		750
Ocean			13, 500)	8 635 102	12-pdr., 83-pdr 4 12-in., 12 6-in., 12	4	18	700
Foliath	12,950			1			12-pdr., 8 3-pdr	4		70
3lory	12,950	26	13,500	1896	1901	3,364,056		4	18 18	700
AlblonVengeance	12,950	26	13,885 13,500	1897	1901	3,434,980 3,354,668		4		700 750
Swiftsure	11,800	25	12,500	1902	1904	4,225,180	4 10-in., 14 7-in., 14 14-pdr., 8 6-pdr.,			
Friumph	11.800	25	12 500	1902	1904	4, 227, 395	2 2-pdr	2 2		700 700
Note-The 1912-13									. 20	

GERMANY.

Didenburg					U	· WIA	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Eastz Odin (1)	Oldenburg	22,500	26	[28,000]	1910	1912	••••	12 12-in., 14 5.9-in.,	6	20	1107
Helgoland.	Kaiserin (1)	20,000		28,000	1910		••••	12 12-in., 12 6.7-in	21		
Ostfriesland 22,500 27 28,000 1908 1911 """ (""" (""" (""" (""" (""" (""" ("""	Helgoland	22,500	27	28,000	1908	1911	••••	12 12-in., 14 5.9-in.,	R	20	1107
Friedrich der Grosse 22,000 26 28,000 1910	Ostfriesland	22,500	27	28,000	1908	1911			6	20	1107
Rurlarst Friedrich Wilhelm (1) 22,000 26 28,000 1910 1912 10 12-in., 14 5.9-in., 12 3.4-in. 12 3.4	Weissenburg	22.000	26	28,000	1907	1911	••••	12 12-in., 12 5.9-in	6	20	950
Company Comp	Kurfurst Eriedrich		1	1	1		••••		_		
Goeben 22,600 27 50,000 1910 1912 10 11-in 12 59-in 4 27	Kaiser	24,119	27			1912		10 12-in., 14 5.9-in.,			
Moltke 22,600 27 68,900 1910 1912	Goeben	22,600	27	50,000	1910	1912	••••	10 11-in., 12 5.9-in.,		1	
Von der Tann 18,700 27 71,500 1908 1911 \$9,165,000 101,111,110,105,9-in, 163,4-in, 105,9-in, "J" (1)	23,000	27	68,000	1911	1000		8 12-in., 12 6-in				
Posen		1		i	i	1 1		12 3.4-in	4	28	
Rheinland.					ĺ	1 1		163.4-in	4	27	883
Westfalen 18, 200 26 26, 792 1907 1909 9, 125, 000 121, 000 12 11-in, 12 5, 9 in, 16 3, 4-in, 12 1, 14 1, 15						1 1		1634-in			
Deutschland	Wort folon	18 2001	26	26,792	1907	1909	9,125,000	' '	6		
Hannover		1			ĺ			16 3.4-in	6	20	961
Schleswig-Holstein 13,040 25 16,939 1904 1905 6,070,000					1		6.070,000	3. 4-in., 41.4-in	6	18	736
Pommers				1	1			20 3.4-in 4 1.4-in. l	6		736 726
Hessen 12,997 25 16,000 1901 1904 5,787,500 11.1·ln. 14 6.7·ln. 6 18 660	Pommern	13,040	25	20,400	1904	1907	6,070.000	l "l	6	19	736
Hessen 12,997 25 16,000 1902 1905 5,787,500 " 6 18 61 18 60 18 61 18 60 18 61 18 60 18 61 18 61 18 61 18 70	Braunschweig	$13,040 \\ 12,997$	25 25	16,939 16,000	1901	1908		4 11-in., 146.7-in.	-		
Preussen 12,997 25 18,374 1902 1905 5,787,500 11:10, 14 6:7-in, 12 4:1-in, 6	Hessen	12,997					5,787,500	18 3, 4-1h	6	18	660
Lothringen	Preussen	12,997 $12,997$		$16,812 \\ 18,374$	1901	1905	5,787,500 5,787,500	4 11-in., 14 6.7-in.,	-		
Wittelsbach 11,643 25 14,000 1898 1902 5,500,000 4 0.4-in., 18 5.9-in., 6 18 715 Wettin 11,643 25 14,000 1899 1902 5,500,000 12 3.4-in., 12 1.4-in. 6 18 715 Schwaben 11,643 25 15,000 1899 1902 5,500,000 6 18 715 Schwaben 11,643 25 14,000 1900 1903 5,500,000 6 18 715 Mecklenburg 11,643 25 14,000 1900 1903 5,500,000 6 6 18 715 Kalser Frederick III 10,974 25 13,000 1895 189 4,812,500 6 18 700 K. Wilhelm II 10,974 25 13,000 1896 1900 4,812,500 6 18 700 K. Karl der Grosse 10,974 25 13,000 1896 1900 4,812,500 6 18 700 K. Karl der Grosse 10,974 25 13,000 1896 1900 4,812,500 6 18 700	Lothringen	12,997	25	16,950	1902	1906	5,787,500	4 11-in., 14 6.7-in.,	-		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Wittelsbach	11,643	25	14,000	1898	1902	5,500,000	4 9.4-in., 18 5.9-in.,	-		
Schwaben 11,643 25 14,000 1900 1903 5,500,000 " 6 18 715 Mecklenburg 11,643 25 14,000 1900 1903 5,500,000 " 6 18 715 Kalser Frederick III. 10,974 25 13,000 1895 1898 4,812,500 " 6 18 700 K. Wilhelm der Grosse 10,974 25 13,000 1896 1900 4,812,500 " 6 18 700 K. Wilhelm II. 10,974 25 13,000 1896 1900 4,812,500 " 6 18 700 K. Karl der Grosse 10,974 25 13,000 1898 1901 4,812,500 " 6 18 700	Wettin	11,643		14,000	1899	1902	5,500,000	:	6	18	715
Kalser Frederick III 10, 974 25 13, 000 1895 1898 4, 812, 500 6 18 700 K. Wilhelm der Grosse 10, 974 25 13, 000 1896 1900 4, 812, 500 6 18 700 K. Wilhelm II 10, 974 25 13, 000 1896 1900 4, 812, 500 6 18 700 K. Karl der Grosse 10, 974 25 13, 000 1898 1901 4, 812, 500 6 18 700 700	Schwahen	11.643	25	14,000	1900	1903	5,500,000	:: ::	6	18	715
K. Wilhelm II 10,974 25 13,000 1896 1900 4,812,500 6 18 700 K. Karl der Grosse 10,974 25 13,000 1898 1901 4,812,500 6 18 700	Kaiser Frederick III	10,974	25	13.000	1895	1898	4.812,500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6	18	700
K. Kari der Grosse 10,974 25 15,000 1595 1501 4,012,000 0 15 100	K. Wilhelm II	10,974	25	13,000	1896	1900	4,812,500	::	6	18	700
	K. Karl der Grosse K. Barbarossa	$10,974 \\ 10,974$	25 25	$^{ 13,000}_{ 3,000}$	1898 1898	1901 1901			6	18	700 700

GERMANY-Continued.

			0.1310	1/4 24 1		Checheler C.				
	å	ht.	7 9 te	aid.	i r of		ARMAMENT.		ъ. В	٠. ا
Name.	Displanment Tons	Peet.	Indica Hors Powe	Keel Laid	Date Com pletio	Cost.	Guns.	forpedo Tubes.	Spee	Con-
Brandenburg	9,874	25	9,640	1890	1893	\$3,720,000	6 11-in., 8 4-in. 83.4			
Worth		i i		i	1 1		ln., 12 1.4-in	3 3	$\frac{17}{17}$	552 552
Germany's 1912 pro	ogramn	ie al	lows for	1 arr	nored	battleship an	d 1 cruiser battleship			

JAPAN.

				•						
Fuso (1)	30 000		1	11912	1	ī	15 in. guns	_		
Haruna (1) Hiyei (1) Kirishima (1) Kongo (1)	1		1	1	į l		813,5-in., 166-in		27	
	20,800	28	26,500	1909	1912		12 12-in., 10 6 in., 12	_	00	960
Settsu	20,800	28	26,500	1907	1911		4.7-in.	5		960
Satsuma	19,350	27	18,000	1906	1910		4 12-in., 12 10-in., 12	_		
Aki	19,800	27	18,000	1905	1911		4.7-in., 412 pdr 412-in., 1210-in., 8 6 in., 812-pdr	5		940
Kashima	16,400	27	17,280	1904	1906		4 12-in., 4 10-in., 12	5	20	940
Katori	15,950	27	18,500	1904	1906		6-in., 12 12-pdr., 3 3-pdr 4 12-in., 4 10-in., 12	5	19	980
Mikasa	15,200	27	16,431	1899	1902		6-in., 10 12-pdr., 3 3-pdr	5		980
Shikishima	14,850	26	16,355	1897	1900		6-in., 20 12-pdr 4 12-in., 14 6-in., 20	4	10	935
Asahi Iwami (2)	15,800 13,516	28 26	15,000 16,000	1897 1900	1900 1904		12-pdr., 8 3-pdr., 4 2½-pdr	5 4		741 750
Hizen (2)	12 700	25	16 000	1808	1002	5 000 000	1-pdr 4 12-in., 12 6-in., 20	3	18	740
Suo (2)	1					1	3-pdr., 6 1-pdr 4 12-in., 10 6-in., 16 12-pdr., 10 3-pdr.,	4	18	778
Sagami (2) Fuji	$12,674 \\ 12,320$	26 26	$14,500 \\ 14,000$	1895 1894	1901 1897	5,000,000	12-pdr., 10 3-pdr., 17 1-pdr	$_2^2$	$^{18}_{18}$	$732 \\ 732$
Tango (2)	10.960	26	11.255	1892	1898	5,347,260	3-pdr., 4 44-pdr 4 12-in., 12 6 in 2 12-in., 4 9-in., 8 6-	$_{4}^{5}$		$\frac{600}{700}$
	0,012	20	0,000	1091	1092	••••	in 4 9-10., 8 6-	6	14	600
Idzumo Iwate	9,750	24	17,300	1898	1901		{48-in., 146-in., 12 12-pdr., 82½-pdr.	4	22	

FRANCE.

Bretagne (1) /	1 1		1	{		(1	[1	_
Lorraine (1) }	23.600	29	28.000	1912			10 13.4-in.,22 5.5-in.	4	10	l
Provence (1)	,						10 10.1-1H.,22 0.0-1H.	- 1	10	
France (1)	1						1010 in 00 f f in		i	
Paris (1) \	23,100	29	28,000	1911		\$12,424,800	12 12-in., 22 5.5 in., 4 3-ndr	4	20	998
Courbet (1)	23,100	29	28,000	1910		12,424,800	1212-in ,225.5-in.,4	4	20	998
	1 1			ł	ł		3-pdr		1 :	
Jean Bart (1)	23,100	29	28,000	1910		12,424,800		4	20	998
Danton	18.028	27	22,500	1908	1911	8 006 120	4 12-in., 12 9.4-in., 16			
	,,,,,,		,000			0,000,120	12-pdr., 83-pdr., 2			Í
			ĺ	i			1 nd*	2	90	690
Mirabeau	18 008	27	22, 500	1000	1011	9,016,120	1-pdr	2		690
Diderot			$\frac{22}{22}$, 500							
Condense	10,020							2		690
Condorcet	18,028	27	22,500	1907	1911	10,004,120	•••	2		690
Vergniaud	18,028	27	22,500	1907	1911			2		690
Voltaire	18,028	27	22,500	1907	1911	10,004,120	**	2	20	690
Démocratie	14,635	28	19,190	1903	1907	4.892.720	4 12-in., 10 7 in., 26			
	' 1					-,	1.8-in., 21.4-in	2	19	793
Justice	14 635	28	18 548	1903	1907	8,351,925		$\overline{2}$		793
Verité (G)	14 635	28	20, 133	1003	1008	8,307,055		5		793
Republique	14 695	28	10, 696	1001	1006	7 615 650	4 12-in., 18 6-in., 26		10	100
repronduc	14,000	20	19,020	1001	1900	7,010,000		0	10	-00
Datrio	14 005	00	1 - 0 - 0	1000	1000	0.054.050	1.8-in., 21.4-in	2	19	
Patrie	14,030	28	17,859	1902	1906		Last March Wil	2	19	793
Suffren	12,527	28	16,500	1899	1903	5,977,820	4 12-in., 10 6-in., 8	- 1	- 1	
		1					3-in., 20 1.8-in	2	18	61 5
Charlemagne	11,108	28	14,500	1894	1899	5,482,160	4 12-in., 10 5-in., 8	- 1	- {	
		- 1					4-in., 16 1.8-in	2	18	631
St. Louis	11.090	28	14.500	1895	1900	5,404,985		$\bar{2}$	18	
Gaulois	11.105	28	14,500	1896	1899	5,469,625	**	2	18	
	,		, 500			0, 200,000	•••	- ,	1	

FRANCE-Continued.

	FRANCE—continued.												
	ا الله	it.	r & E	Bid.	4 . 6	[ARMAMENT.		-	1. 4			
NAME.	Displac ment. Tone.	Draugh Feet.	Indicated Horse- Power,	KeelLai	Date of Com- pletion.	Cost.	Guns₀	Torpedo Tubes.	Speed,	Com-			
Bouvet	12,007	28	14,000	1893	1898	\$5503,850	2 12-in., 2 10-in., 8 5-in., \$3.9-in		-				
Massena Charles Martel	11,735 11,693	27 28	13,500 14,996	$1892 \\ 1891$		5,502,000 5,464,150	1	2	18 17	621 642			
Carnot	11,954 11,637 11,190 8,807	27 28 26 23	16,300 15,800 14,000 11,500 8,400	1 201	1806	5 347 680	313-in., 10 6-in 2 10-in., 7 5-in 2 12-in. 8 4-in., 4	2 2 4 2	18 17 18 17 17	632 625 625 696 464			
Bouvines	6,691	23	8,400	1890	1894	2,973,200	2 12 in. 8 4 in., 4	2	16	300			
Tréhouart	6,671	24	8,500	1892	1896	2,965,500	1.8-in., 101.4-in	$\frac{\tilde{2}}{2}$		337			
				17	TALY	.							
Leonardoda vinci(1))	21,500	š.	24,000	1 1	1 1	••••	{13 12-in., 20 4.7- in., 14 12-pdr 13 12-in., 20 4-in., 14	3	22	999			
Conte di Cavour (1)	21,500	28	24,000	1910	••••		13 12-in., 20 4-in., 14 12-pdr	3	23	999			
Dorea (1) }	21,000	1	8,000				12-pdr	3	23				
Dante Alighieri	18,300	27	26,000	1 1		••••	14 12-pdr 12 12-in., 20 5.5-in., 13 12-pdr	3	23	900			
Re Umberto	13,673	28	19,500	1887	1903	\$5,292,500	4 67-ton, 8 6-in., 16 4.7-in., 2 9-in., 15						
Sardegna	1 3,640	28	19,650	1890	1895	5,287,200	4 67-ton, 8 6-in, 16 4.7-in., 2 9-in., 15 2.2-in., 14 1.4-in 4 67-ton, 8 5.9-in., 16 4.7-in., 2 2.9-in., 20	5	19	785			
Sicilia Benedetto Brin	$13,087 \\ 13,214$	$\frac{28}{27}$	19,500 20,400	$1890 \\ 1898$	$\frac{1895}{1904}$	$5,250,000 \\ 5,750,000$	2.2-11.,101.4-11	5	19 19	785 785			
Regina Margherita	13,214	27	20,664	1898	1904	5,750,000	4 12-in., 4 8-in., 12	4	19	811			
Vittorio Emanuele	12 425	27	20,000	1901	1907	5,600,000	1.8-in., 16 3-in., 8 1.8-in	4	20	811			
Regina Elena	12,425 $12,425$	27	20,000	1901	1907	5,600,000	3-in., 12 1.8-in	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{22}{22}$	$\frac{711}{711}$			
Napoli	12,425 $12,425$ 9.645	27 27 24	20,000 20,000	1903	1909i	5,600,000	41	$\frac{\tilde{2}}{2}$	$\frac{22}{22}$	711 715			
Ammiraglio di St. Bon.			13,500			3,300,000	4 10-in., 8 6-in., 8 4- in., 2 2.9 in., 8 2.2- in., 12 1.4-in	4	18	548			
Emanuele Filiberto	9,645	24	13,500			3,500,000	, , ,	4	18	536			
		,	AUS	TRO	-HU	NCARY.	110101 10101 (
NO. VII. (1)	20.000		25.000		••••	\$12,175,000	12 12-in.,12 5.9-in., 18 12-pdr	4	20	1000			
Veritus Unitus (1) Tegethoff (1) Erzherzog Franz Fer-	20,000 20,000		25,000 25,000	1911	::::	12,175,000 12,175,000	4 12-in., 8 9. 4-in., 20	4	20 20	1000			
	$\substack{14,226\\14,226\\14,226}$	26 26	$26,000 \\ 20,000$	$\frac{1907}{1908}$	$\frac{1910}{1910}$	••••	3.9-in., 6 12-pdr	$\frac{2}{2}$	20 20	816 816			
Zrinyi Erzherzog Karl	$14,226 \\ 10,433$	26 25	$20,000 \\ 18,000$	1908	1910	3,650,000	49-in., 127.5-in., 12	2	21	816 700			
Friedrich Ferd'nd Max.	10,433	25 25	18,130 18,000	1902	1906	3,650,000 3,650,000	2.8-in., 61.8-in	2 2 2	20 20 20	700 700			
Habsburg	8,208	24	15,000	1899	1903	2,504,000	3 9-in., 12 6-in., 10	2	19	638			
ArpadBabenburg	8.208 8.208	24 24	15,000 15,000	1899 1900	1903 1904	$2,640,000 \\ 2,640,000$	2.8-in	$\frac{\tilde{2}}{2}$	20 19	638 638			
Wien	5,600	21	15,000 8,500	1893	1896	1,980,000	4 9-in., 6 6-in., 12 1.8-in			1			
MonarchBudapest	5,600 5,462	$\frac{21}{21}$	8,500 9,185	1893 1893	1896 1897	2,000,000 2,000,000	: ::	4	1816 1816 17	450 450			
					JSSI								
	23,000		42,000	1 1			12 12-in., 16 4-in., 4 3-pdr	4	23				
Petropavlovsk (1) Poltava (1) Sevastopol (1)	23,000 23,000 23,000	$\frac{27}{27}$	42,000 42,000 42,000	1910		14,000,000 14,000,000 14,000,000	 	4 4	23 23 23	••			
Alexander III. (1) } Ekaterina II. (1) }	22,500	27	25,000	1 1			12 12-in., 12 6-in	4	21				
Maria (1) Imperator Pavel I	1	1	I	1 1	- 1			- 1	1				
Imperator raverr	17,200	28	17,600	1903	1911	6,000,000	4 12-in., 14 8-in., 12 4.7-in.	5	18	933			

RUSSIA—Continued.

RUSSIA—Continued.													
NAME.	Displace- ment. Tons.	Draughi Feet.	Indicated Horse- Power.	Keel Laid	Date of Com- pletion.	Cost.	Guns.	Torpedo Tubes.	Speed, Knots.	Com- plement			
Slava	13,516	26	16,000	$\overline{1902}$	1905	\$7,500,000	4 12-in., 12 6-in., 20 3-in., 20 3-pdr	2	18	740			
Tria Sviatitelia	13,318	27	10,600	1893	1899	6,000,000				582			
Tsessarevitch	12,912	27	16,300	1899	1903	6,000,000	3-in., 20 1.8-in., 6	2	19	732			
Panteleimon	12,582	27	10,600	1898	1902	5,000,000	4 12-in., 16 6-in., 14	5		636			
Ievstafi	12,733	27	10,600	1905	19 1 0	••••	4 12-in., 16 6-in., 14 3-in., 14 1.4-in 4 12-in., 4 8-in., 12 6-in., 14 3-in	5	16	731			
Ioann Zlatoust Georgi Pobiedoncsetz	$12,733 \\ 11,032$	$\begin{array}{c} 27 \\ 26 \end{array}$	10,600 10,600	$1905 \\ 1892$	1909 1896	2,155,000	612-in., 7 6-in. 8 3.9-	5	16 16	636 500			
Sinope	10,180	$\frac{27}{24}$	13,000 8,700	1887	1890	4,500,000	6 12-in., 76-in., 6 M.	7 7 6	16	$\frac{325}{624}$			
Rostislav Alexander II	$8,880 \\ 9,244$	$\tilde{2}\tilde{3}$	8,000	1886	1890	4,200,000	4 10-in., 8 6-in	5		604			
	<u>'</u>		1	CV	/EDE		111.,4 6-par.,4 5-par.	1 3	10	004			
	. 0. 000	00	15 500				4.11 to 0.0 to 0.						
No. 1 (1)	6,800	- 1	17,500			••••	4 11-in., 8 6-in., 6 12-pdr., 4 1-pdr	2	22	450			
Oscar II. (4)	4,203	16	8,500		1	••••	12-pdr., 41-pdr., 0 28-in., 85-in., 10 2.2-in., 21.4-in 28-in., 65-in., 10 2.2-in., 21.4-in	2	18	326			
Aeran (4)	3,612	16	6,500	l 1	1	••••	2 8-in., 6 5-in., 10 2.2-in., 21.4-in	2	17	250			
Wasa (4) Tapperheten (4)	3,650 3,650	16 16	6,500 6,500 5,400	$1893 \\ 1901$	$1901 \\ 1904$	••••	**	2 2 2	17 17	$\frac{250}{250}$			
Dristigheten (4) Thor (4)	3,445	16				••••	2 8-in., 6 6-in., 10 2.2-in	2	16	250			
Oden (4) \ Njord (4) \	3.445	17	5,350			••••	10 2. 2-in	1	16	200			
Manlighten (4)	3,612	16	6,500	1		• • • •	2 8-in., 6 5-in., 10 2.2-in., 2 1.4-in	2	17	250			
Gota (4)	3,238	16	4,750			••••	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3	16	150			
Svea (4) Thule (4)	$3,051 \\ 3,248$	$\frac{17}{17}$	3,640 4.740	$\frac{1885}{1892}$	$\frac{1887}{1894}$	****	************	$\frac{1}{2}$	14 16	$\frac{268}{165}$			
				NO	RWA	Ν.							
$ \begin{array}{cccc} No. 1 & (1) \\ No. 2 & (1) \end{array} $	5,000	16					2 9-in., 4 5-in	2	15				
Norge (4)	3,847	16	4,500	1898	1901	\$1,750,000	28-in., 66-in., 812- pdr., 63-pdr	2	16	261			
Eidsvold (4) Harald Haarfagre (4).	$3,847 \\ 3,556$	16 16	$\frac{4,500}{3,700}$	1898	1901			2	16	261			
_ , ,		ļ	3,700	- 1		1,500,000	28-in., 64-in., 612- pdr., 61-pdr	2 2	17	248			
Tordenskjold (4)	0,000	10)	3,700			1,500,000	•••	4 '	17	240			
				DEI	AMA	RK.							
Herluf Trolle (4)	3,415	16	4,200			••••	2 9-in., 4 5-in., 10 2- in	3	16	250			
Olfert Fischer (4) Peder Skram (4)	3 415 3,543	16 16	$\frac{4,200}{4,200}$	$\frac{1896}{1907}$	1901	••••		3 3	16 16	$\begin{array}{c} 250 \\ 250 \end{array}$			
Skjold (4)	2,115	17	2,200	1893	1899		1 9-in., 3 4-ln., 4 3- pdr., 2 1-pdr 2 10-in., 10-6 pdr.,	4	13	210			
Iver Hvitfeldt	3,208	٠	5,100	1886	1889	\$1,000,000	2 10-in., 10-6 pdr., 8 Mach	4	1	298			
•			THE	NE'	THEF	LANDS.							
''A'' (1)	7,480	1	10,000	1	1	1	4 11-in., 10 4-in., 10 12-pdr	7		1			
De Zeven Provincien	6,525	20	7,500	1908	1910			3	18				
Marten Tromp	5,211	21	6,377			\$1,737,500	1012-pdr 2 9-in. 4 6-in. 10	••	16	440			
Koningin Regentes (4)	5,014	21	7,290	1	1	1,737,500	2.2-1n,	3	16	444			
De Ruyter (4)	5,014	į.	6,377	1	1		in	3	16	444			
Hertog Hendrik (4)	5.014	21	6,000	1899	1903		2 9-in., 4 6-in., 10 2-9 in.	333	16 16	444 444			
Jacob van Heemskerck	5,211	21	6,000			1,700,000	••	13	16	441			

				S	PAIN	•				
	4 1	١ نب	73	· ·	l l		ARMAMENT.			,
Name.	Displace- ment. Tons.	Draught. Feet.	Indicated Horse- Power.	Keel Laid	Date of Com- pletion.	Cost.	Guns.	Torpedo Tubes.	Speed. Knots.	Com-
Alfonzo XIII. (1)	15,460	25	15,300	1910		****	812-in., 20 4-in., 2 3-pdr		19	700
Jaime I. (1)	15,460 15,460 9,744	25	$15,300 \\ 15,300 \\ 9,000$	1910				::	19 19	700
relayo	0,141	20	3,000	1007		****	2 12-in., 2 11-in., 9 5-in., 12 2-pdr., 9 1-pdr., 12 M	7	16	600
				POR	TUC	AL.				
Vasco da Gama (4)	2,972	18	6,000	1875	1902	\$660,000	28-in., 44-in., 22.5- in., 21-pdr., 4 Mach.	2	15	218
				TU	RKE		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,	
Reshad-i-Hamiss (1) } Reshad V. (1) } Kheyr-ed-Din Bar- }	23,000		31,000	1		••••	10 13.5-in., 16 6-in.	5	21	
barossa (3) Furgut Reis (3)	9,901		1	1	1 1	\$2,250,000	6 11-in., 8 4-in., 8 3.4-in	3	17	568
Messoudieh	9,120	25	11,000	1874	1876	****	2 9-in., 12 6-in., 14 3-in., 10 6-pdr., 2		17	ROL
Assar-I-Tewfik (4)	4,613	25	3,560	1903	1906	****	3-pdr., 2 field 3 6-in., 7 4-in., 6 6- pdr		13	
					EEC	E.				
Hydra(4)	4,808	23	7,000	1889	1891	• • • •	3 10-in., 5 6-in., 1 4- in., 8 2.5-in., 4 1.8- in., 12 1.4-in	3	17	400
Spetsal (4) Psara (4)	4,808 4,808	$\frac{23}{23}$	$7,000 \\ 7,000$			••••	111., 12.1.4-m	3 3		400
				ARC	ENTI	NA.				
Moreno	27,600	27	39,500	1910	1912	\$12,000,000	12 12-in., 12 6-in., 16	9	22	1046
Rivadavıa Independencia (4)	$27,600 \\ 2,336$	$^{27}_{13}$	39,500 3,000	$\frac{1910}{1891}$	$\frac{1912}{1893}$	12,000,000 880,000	4-in	2 2	22	1046
Libertad (4)	2,3 36	13	3,000	1890	1892	880,000	pdr., 4 Mach 2 9-in., 4 4-in., 4 3- pdr., 2 1-pdr	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	14 14	
				BF	RAZII					
Rio de Janeiro (1)	27,500	27	45,000	1911		\$14,500,000	14 12-in., 20 6-in.,	3	22	1100
Minas Geraes					1 1		10 3-pdr 12 12-in., 22 4-in., 8 3-pdr	4	21	900
Sao Paulo Marshal Deodoro (4)	3,112	13	3,400	1896	1900	9,107,000	29-in., 44-in., 46- pdr., 21-pdr	4 2	21 15	200
Marshal Floriano (4)	3,112	13	3.400			••••	1 - 7 - 7 P	$\tilde{2}$	15	200
Valparaiso (1)	98 000	20	145,000		HILE		10 14-in 99 4 7 in	4	23	Too
Valparaiso (1) Capitão Prat	5,981	$\frac{29}{22}$	12,000	1888	1893	\$1,955,000	10 14-in., 22 4.7-in. 4 9-in., 8 4-in., 10 12-pdr	- 1		

2. Formerly of the Russian navy and after capture renamed. 3. Pur-Notes-1. Building. chased from Germany and renamed. 4. Coast defence turret ships, styled by some authorities as battleships.

UNITED STATES-For a full statement of the battleships of United States Navy see Index.

Military Order of the Serpent.

The Military Order of the Serpent is a secret social organization founded upon facts and is of historical interest. "A corporation not for profit" founded at Cleveland, Ohio, January 1, 1904, by Fred Manning and Waiter Scott MacAaron and incorporated under the laws of Ohio, August 6, 1907. It consists of the Supreme Lair of the United States and a number of Grand Lairs with Local Lairs owing allegiance to them. Having spread with great rapidity it now maintains flourishing Grand Lair organizations in the following States and Territories. Ohio, New York, Colorado, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Mexico, Missouri, Minnesota, Montana, New Jersey, Washington, Illinois, Vermont, California, Rhode Island, Wyoming and the Philippines. Its objects and purposes are: To maintain a secret social society to perpetuate the memorles of the war with Spain, the incident struggle in the Philippines, the China Relief Expedition: for literary purposes connected with these wars, as well as to more firmly establish good fellowship among the comrades of the United Spanish War Veterans. No person not a member of that body in good standing is eligible to its membership was veterans. No person not a member of that body in good standing is eligible to its membership was veterans. No person not a member of that body in Supreme Lair Headquarters, Canton, Olio. Supreme Gu Gu—Joseph A. Cossett, Canton, Olio. Supreme Lord High Keeper of the Sacred Amphora—William H. Koontz, Canton, Olio. New York headquarters, 172 East 108th Street. Grand Gu—William C. Waide. Grand Thrice Infamous Inferior Gu Gu—Ernest S. Werthelm. The insignla is a Filiphno cross bearing the arms of the United States.

Statistics of the Countries of the World.

The second secon				The second secon		and the second second second	
Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals,	COUNTRIES.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals.
China	439,214 000	4,277,170	Peking.	Turkish Empire	35,764,876	1 186.873	Constantin'ple
British Empire*	396,294,752	11,467,294		European Turkey	6,130,200		
Russian Empire	160,095,200	8,647,657	St. Petersburg	Asiatic Turkey	17,683,500	693,610	
United States	91,972,267	3,616,484	Washington.	Egypt	9,821,100	400,000	
United States and Isl'ds.	103,992,757	3,743,344	Washington.	Italy	32,475,253	110,550	Rome.
Philippines	7,635,426	122,000	Manila,	Italy and Colonies	37,825,252	859,050	Rome.
Porto Rico	1,118,012		San Juan.	Abyssinia	3,500,000		
Hawaii	191,90		Honolulu.	Eritrea	450,000	88,500	
Tutuila, Samoa	7,251	55		Somaii Coast	400,000		
Guam	12,517	210	Agana.	Tripoli	1,000,000		Tripoli.
France and Colonies	92,531,325	4,296,130	Paris.	Spain	19,503,008		Madrid.
France	38,961,945	207,054		Spanish Africa	273,709	253,580	
Colonies	53,412,340 4,739,356	4,089,076	Algiers.	Spanish Islands	127,172 20,515,000	1,957	Rio de Janeiro
Algeria	4,523,000		St. Louis,	Brazil	13,607,259		City of Mexico
	1,900,000	51,000		Korea	15,063,207	82,000	
Tunis	32,908		Cavenne.	Congo State	20,000,000	900,000	
Cambodia	1,500,000		Saigon.	Persia	7,653,000	698,000	Teheran.
Cochin-China	2,968,529	22,000		Portugal	5,423,132		Lisbon.
Tonquin	7,000,000		Hanoi.	Portugal and Colonies	14.582,084	838,442	
New Caledonia	51,514		Nouniea.	Portuguese Africa	8,245,527	793,980	******
Tahiti	10,300	600		Portuguese Asia	910,425	8,972	
Sahara	2,550,000	1,544,000		Sweden	5,476,441	172,876	Stockholm.
Madagascar,	2,505.000		Antananarivo	Norway	2,302,698	124,129	Christiania.
German Empire, in Europe	64,903,423	208,830		Morocco	5,000,000	219,000	
Prussia	40,157,573	134,603	Berlin.	Belgium	7,074.910		Brussels.
Bavaria	6,524,372	29,282	Munich.	Siam	7,000,000		Bangkok.
Saxony	4,797,700		Dresden.	Argentina	7,500,000		Buenos Ayres.
Wurttemberg	2,302,179		Stuttgart.	Roumania	5,912,520		Bucharest.
Baden	2,010,728		Karlsruhe.	Colombia	4,500,000	438,436	
Alsace-Lorraine	1,814,564		Strasburg.	Bulgaria.	4,158,409	38,080	
Hesse Mecklenburg-Schwerin	1.209,175		Darmstadt. Schwerin.	Afghanistan	4,000,000 4,249,279	215,400	Santiago.
Hamburg	874,878	158	Schwerm.	Chile	4,500,000	697,640	
Brunswick	485,958		Brunswick.	Switzerland	3,741,971	15,976	
Oldenburg	438,856		Oldenburg.	Bolivia	2,257,935		La Paz.
Saxe-Weimar	388,095	1.388	Weimar.	Greece	2,433,806		Athens.
Anhalt	328,029	906	Dessau.	Denmark	2,585,660		Copenhagen.
Saxe-Meiningen	26×,916		Meiningen.	Denmark and Colonies	2,630,000		Copenhagen.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	242,432		Gotha.	Iceland	78,470	39,756	Rejkjavik.
Bremen	263,440	99		Greenland	11,893	46,740	Godthaab.
Saxe-Altenburg	206,508		Altenburg.	West Indies	30,527	138	
Lippe	145,577		Detinold.	Veneznela	2,591,000		Caracas.
Reuss (younger line)	144,584		Gera.	Servia	2,493,770		Belgrade.
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	103,451		Neu Strelitz.	Liberia	2,060,000		Monrovia.
Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt	96,835		Rudolstadt.	Nepaul	4,000,000		Khatmandu.
Schwarzburg-Sonderh'n.	85,152		S'ndershausen	Cuba	2,048.950		Havana.
Lubeck	105,857 59,127	115	Arolsen.	Oman	1,500,000		Muscat.
Waldeck			Aroisen. Greiz.	Guat-mala	1,804,000		N. Guatemala,
Reuss (elder line) Schaumburg-Lippe	70,603 44,992		Buckeburg,	Ecuador	1,500,000 1,400,000	429,000	Port au Prince
German Africa	12,210,000	931,460	Duckeourg.	Salvador	1,707,000		Sau Salvador.
Austro-Hungarian Empire.	49,418,596		Vienna,	Uruguay	1,111,758		Montevideo.
Japan (with Formosa)	53,875,390	147,655		Khiva	800.000	22,320	
Netherlands	5,898,429		Amsterdam .	Paraguay	635,571		Asuncion.
Netherlands and Colonies	41,347,182		Amsterdam.	Honduras	553,446	46,250	Tegucigalpa.
Borneo	1,129,889	212,737	********	Nicaragua	600,000		Managua.
Celebes	1,878,473	71,470		Dominican Republic	610,000		San Domingo.
Java	28,746,688		Batavia.	Costa Rica	351,176		San Jose.
Moluccas	410,190		Amboyna.	Panama	260,542		Panama.
New Guinea	200,000	151,789		Montenegro	228,000		Cettinje.
Sumatra	3,168,312	161,612					-
Surinam	70,007	46,060	Paramaribo.	l			
w (10)							

*These estimates of the population and area of the British Empire include the recently acquired possessions in Africa. For statistics in detail see tabular page entitled "The British Empire."

Civil Lists of European Sovereigns.

Austria-Hungary, Emperor of, \$4,520,000. Bavaria, King of, \$1,286,303. Belgium, King of, \$262,500; and Crown Prince,

\$31,500. Greece, King of, \$260,000. Great Britain and Ireland, the King and Queen receive \$2,256,000; ex-Oncen Alexandra, \$556,000 and the remainder of the Royal family are allowed \$412,800. The King also receives the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster, \$500,000 per annum. The Prince of Wales those of the Duchy of Cornwall, about \$400,000.
Italy, King of, \$3,010,000, of which \$360,000 for

family,

Netherlands, Queen of, \$250,000; also a large revenne from domains, and \$62,500 for royal family, courts, and palaces. Norway, King of, \$185,000.

German Emperor, \$3,698,250; also a vast amount of private property, castles, forests, and estates, out of which the court expenditure and royal family are paid.

Romania, King of, \$227,520. Russia, Czur of, had private estates of more than 1,000,000 square miles of cultivated land and forests, besides gold and other mines in Siberia. The annual income was estimated at about \$12,-000,000. In consequence of the unsettled condition of the empire this is much reduced at present.

of the empire this is much reduced at present. Saxony, King of, \$825,000. Servia, King of, \$225,000. Spain, King of, \$1,344,000, besides \$500,000 for family. Sweden, King of, \$825,000, besides \$250,000 for family, Turkey—The Sultan's income is derived from the revenue of the Crown domains, estimated at about \$7,500,000.

Württemberg, King of, \$490,000.

Sovereigns of Europe.

ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THE DATES OF THEIR	ACCES		ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THEIR RESPECTIVE AGES.				
Soveneigns.	Accession.	Age at Acces-	Sovereigns	Yr. of Birth	Age	Jan.1	
Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria	. 1848	19	George II., Duke of Saxe-Meiningen	1826	86	m. c	
Ernest, Duke of Saxe-Altenburg John II., Prince of Lichtenstein	. 1853 . 1858	27 19	Ernest, Duke of Saxe-Altenburg Charles, Prince of Schwarzburg-Son-	1826	86	3 1	
Nicholas, King of Montenegro	. 1860	20	dershausen	1830	82	4 2	
George I., King of the Hellenes	. 1863	18 27	Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria			4 :	
Charles, King of Roumania	1866		Henry XIV., Pr. of Redss (y'nger line) Charles, King of Roumania	1820	72	7 8:	
Henry XIV., Prince of Reuss (younge	r!]	John II., Prince of Lichtenstein	1840	72	2	
line)	1867	36	Nicholas, King of Montenegro	1841	71		
Charles, Prince of Schwarzburg-Sonders	1000	50	Peter, King of Servia	1844	68	• :	
hausen	1886	30	George I., King of the Hellenes	1845	67	8	
Otto I., King of Bavaria	. 1886	39	George, Pr. of Schaumburg-Lippe	1846	66	7	
Ferdinand, Czar of Bulgaria	1887	27	William, King of Württemberg	1848	64	10	
William II., German Emperor Albert, Prince of Monaco	1888	30 42	Otto, King of Bavaria Adolphus Frederick, Grand Duke of	1848	64	8	
Bunther, Pr. of Schwarzburg-Rudolstad	1890	39	Mecklenburg-Strelitz		64		
Wilhelmina, Queen of Netherlands	. 1890	ii	Albert, Prince of Monaco	1848	64	1	
William, King of Württemberg	. 1891	44	F'k Augustus, Grand Dake of Oldenburg	1852	60	6	
Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse Frederick, Prince of Waldeck	. 1892	24 29	Gunther, Pr. of Schwarzb' ig-Rudolstadt Frederick, Duke of Anhalt	1852	60	4	
George, Prince of Schaumburg-Lippe	1893	46	Frederick II., Grand Duke of Baden	1857	55	5	
Nicholas II., Emperor of Russia	. 1894	27	Gustaf V., King of Sweden,	1858	54	6	
Frederick IV., Grand Duke of Meckley-	-1		William II., German Emperor	1859	53	11	
burg-Schwerin Fred'k Augustus, Grand Duke, Oldenburg	1897	16	Ferdinand, Czar of Bulgaria	1861	51	10	
Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy	1900	48 31	Frederick, Prince of Waldeck	1865	47	7	
Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-Coburg-	. 2000	0.	George V., King of G't Britain, etc	1865	47	6	
Gotha	. 1900	17	Nicholas II., Emperor of Russia	1868	44	7	
Villiam Ernest, G'd Duke Saxe-Weiman	1901	25 23	Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse	1868	44	1	
Henry XXIV., Pr. of Reuss (elder line). Peter, King of Servia	1903	59	Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy. Christian X., King of Denmark	1869	43	8	
rederick, Duke of Anhalt	1904	48	Haakon VII., King of Norway	1872	40	8	
Adolphus Frederick. Duke of Mecklen-	٠		Albert, King of the Belgians	1875	37	8	
burg-Strelitz	1904	56 39	William Ernest, G'd D'k Saxe-Weimar	1876	36	6	
Augustus III., King of Saxony Iaakon VII., King of Norway	1904	33	Henry XXIV., Pr. of Reuss (eld. line). Wilhelmina, Queen of Netherlands			9	
rederick VIII., King of Denmark	1906	63	Frederick IV., Grand Duke of Meck-	1000	04	4	
rederick II., Grand Duke of Baden	1907	50	lenburg-Schwerin	1882	30	0	
lustaf V., King of Sweden	1907	49	Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-	1007	20		
Albert, King of the Belgians Mohammed V., Sultan of Turkey	1909	35 65	Coburg-GothaAlphones VIII Wing of Spain	1884	28	0	
George V., King of Great Britain, etc	1910	45	Alphonso XIII., King of Spain	1894	20 18	7	
Marie, Grand Duchess of Luxemburg.	1912	18	The stand Duchess of Hulemburg.	1004	10	U	
Christian X., King of Denmark	1912		J j	- 1			

COST OF THE BRITISH ROYAL FAMILY.

The annuities paid by the British people to the royal family for its support are as follows: The King and Queen, \$2,350,000; Queen Alexandra, \$350,000; Princess Christian, \$30,000; Princess Louise (Duchess of Argyll) \$30,000; Duke of Connaught, \$125,000; Duchess of Edinburgh, \$30,000; Princess Beatrice, \$30,000; Duchess of Albany, \$30,000; Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, \$15,000; Trustees for King Edward VII's Baughters, \$90,000; The King also receives the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster. During recent years these have amounted to about \$350,000 per annum. The Prince of Wales has an income also from the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall, amounting to about \$500,000 per annum. When the royal children marry dowries are usually provided for them. The last of the children of the late Queen Victoria to marry, Princess Beatrice, received \$150,000 as dowry from the British people by Parliamentary grant.

THE RULERS OF FRANCE FROM THE REVOLUTION OF 1792.

(Whitaker's	Almanack.)
The First Republic,	The Second Republic.
The National Convention first sat Sept. 21, 1792	Provisional Government formedFeb. 22,1848
The Directory nominatedNov. 1,1795	Louis Napoleon elected PresidentDec. 19,1848
The Consulate,	The Second Empire.
Bonaparte, Cambacërè, and Lebrun Dec. 24,1799	Napoleon III. elected Emperor Nov. 22,1852
Bonaparte, Consul for 10 years May 6,1802	(Deposed Sept. 4,1870; died Jan. 9,1873.)
Bonaparte, Consul for lifeAug. 2, 1802	The Third Republic.
The Empire.	Committee of Public DefenceSept. 4.1870
Napoleon I. decreed Emperor May 18, 1804	L. A. Thiers elected PresidentAug. 31, 1871 Marshal MacMahon elected President. May 24, 1873
Napoleon II. (never reigned)died July 22, 1832	Jules Grévy elected PresidentJan. 30,1879
The Restoration.	Marie F. S. Carnot elected President Dec. 3.1887
Louis XVIII. re-entered Paris May 3,1814	(Assassinated at Lyons June 24, 1894.)
Charles X. (dep. July 30, 1830; d. Nov. 6, 1836) 1824	Jean Casimir Perier elected President June 27, 1894
The House of Orleans.	Felix François Faure elected Pres'tJan. 17.1895
Louis Philippe, King of the French	Emile Loubet elected PresidentFeb. 18,1899
(Abdicated Feb. 24, 1848; died Aug. 26, 1850).	Armand Fallières elected President. Jan. 17,1906

Heads of the Governments of the World.

DECEMBER 1, 1912.

	DISCERNATION 2, 1		-	No. in .	-
COUNTRY.	Official Head.	Title.	Born.	Acceded.	
Abyssinla	Menellk II	Emperor	1843		1889
Afghanistan	Habibulla Khan	Ameer	1872	Oct. 3,1	1901
Annam	Dr. Pogno Saong Pono	King President	1899		1907
Austria-Hungary	Francis Joseph	Emperor	Aug. 18,1830	Mar. 12,1	1848
Belgium	Albert	King	April 8, 1875	Dec. 23,1	1909
Bokhara	Habibulia Kuan. Duy Tan Dr. Roque Saeuz Pena. Francis Joseph. Albert. Seid Mir Alim Elilodoro Villazon. Hermes da Fonseca. Facriinnad	Ameer	1880	Jan. 4.1	1911
Bolivia	Eliodoro Villazon	President President	••••	Oct. 24,1	1909
Brazil	Hermes da Fouseca. Ferdinand. Ramon Barros Luce. Yuan Shi Kai. Carlos Restrepo. Albert (King of the Belgians). Ricardo Jiminez. José Miguel Gomez. Christian X. Eladio Victoria. Leonidas Plaza. Abbas II.	Czar	Feb. 26, 1861	Ang. 11,	1910 1887
Chile	Ramon Barros Luce	President	20,1001	Dec. 23,	1910
China	Yuan Shi Kai	President	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •]	1912
Colombia	Carlos Restrepo	President	4]	1910
Congo Free State	Picerdo Timinez	Prosident	April 8, 1875		1909 1910
Cuba.	José Miguel Gomez	President	1853	Jan.	1909
Denmark	Christian X	King	1853 Sept. 26,1870	May 14,	1912
Dominican Republic	Eladio Victoria	President		Feb. 27.1	1912
Ecuador	Leonidas Plaza	President	July 14, 1874	Ton 7	1912
France	Leonidas Fiaza. Abbas II. Armand Fallières†. William II. Otto.	President	1841	Jan. 17,	1892 1906
Germany	William II	Emperor)	Jan. 27, 1859		
Prussia	William II	King	Jan. 27,1859		1888
Bavaria	Otto	King.	April 27, 1848 May 25, 1865	June 13,	1886
Saxony	William II	King	May 25, 1865	Oct. 15,	1904
Anhalt	Frederick II	Duke	Aug. 19,1856	Jan. 24.	1891 1904
Baden	Otto. Frederick Augustus III. William II. Frederick II Frederick II Johann Albrecht. Frenet I ouis W	Grand Duke	Feb. 25, 1848 Aug. 19, 1856 July 9, 1857	Sept. 28,	1904 1907 1907
Brunswick	Johann Albrecht	Regent		May 28, March 13, April 10, May 30, June 13, Aug. 3, July 30, Sept. 20, Jan. 5, May 12, May 6, Oct. 31, March 16,	1907
Hesse	Ernst Louis V	Grand Duke	Nov. 25,1868	March 13,	1892
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	Adolphus Frederick	Grand Duke	Inly 22, 1848	May 30	1904
Oldenburg	Frederick Augustus	Grand Duke	Nov. 16, 1852	June 13.	1900
Saxe-Altenburg	Ernest	Duke	Sept. 16, 1826	Aug. 3,	1853
Saxe-Coburg and Gotha	Charles Edward	Duke	July 19, 1884	July 30,	1900
Saxe-Meiningen	William Fract	Grand Duko	April 2, 1826	Sept. 20,	1868
Waldeck-Pyrmont	Frederick	Prince	Jan. 20 1865	May 12	1893
Great Britain and Ireland	George V	King	June 3, 1865	May 6.	1910
Greece	George	King	Dec. 24, 1845	Oct. 31.	1863
Guatemala	Manuel Estrada Cabrera	President	Dec. 24, 1856	March 16,	1911
Honduras	Johann Albrecht Ernst Louis V Frederick Francis IV Adolphus Frederick. Frederick Augustus. Ernest. Charles Edward. George II William Ernest. Frederick George V George V Manuel Estrada Cabrera Tancrev Auguste Manuel Bonilia George V Victor Emmanuel III Yoshihito Asfendlar	President		Ang. 8, Nov. 3,	1913 1911
India. Empire of	George V	Emperor	June 3, 1865	May 6.	1910
Italy	Victor Emmanuel III	King	June 3,1865 Nov. 11,1869	July 29,	1910 1900
Japan	Yoshihito	Emperor	Aug. 31, 1879		1912
Khiva	Asfendlar D. E. Howard. Marie. Franciso I. Madero.	Brosidont	1871	Sept. I,	1910
Liberia Luxemburg Mexico	Marie	Grand Duchess	June 14, 1894	Feb 25	$\frac{1912}{1912}$
Mexico	Franciso I. Madero	President		Nov. 6.	1911
Monaco	Albert	Prince	12,040 T9'1040	Sept. 10.	1911 1889
Montenegro	Muley Vysoof	King	Oct. 7, 1841 1875		1910
Nepal	Dhiraia Tribhubana Sh'sher Jang	Sultan Maharaja	June 30, 1906	Dec 11	$\frac{1912}{1911}$
Netherlands	Wilhelmina	Queen	Aug. 31, 1880	Sept. 5.	1898
Nicaragua	Franciso I, Madero. Albert. Nicholas Muley Yusoef DhirajaTribhubanaSh'sherJang, Wilhelmina. Adolfo Diaz Haakon VII Seyyid Feysal bin Turkee. Belisario Porras. Pedro Pens	Queen	,	Mav.	1911
Norway	Haakon VII	King		Nov. 18.	1905
Panama	Religario Porres	Sultan President	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	June 4,	1888
Paraguay	Pedro Pena	President	••••	Oct. 1, March 1,	1912 1912
Persia	Pedro Pena. Ahmed Mirza.	Shah	1897		1909
Peru	Ahmed Mirza	President			1912
Portugal	Manuel de Arriaga	President	A 200 1000	August,	1911
Russia	Nicholas II	Emperor	April 20,1839	March 26,	1881
Salvador	Manuel E. Araujo	President	1865	March.	1911
Servia	Peter (Karageorgevitch)	King	1844	June 15.	1903
Siam	Vagiravudh	King	1880	Oct. 23,	1910
Sweden	Aiphonso XIII	King	May 17, 1886	August, March 26, Nov. 2, March, June 15, Oct. 23, May 17,	1886
Switzerland	M. Müller	President.	June 10, 1868	Dec. 8,	1907 1913
Tunis	Mohamed en Nasir	Bev	1855		1906
Turkey	Mohammed V	Sultan	1844		1909
United States of America.	William Howard Taft*	President	Sept. 15, 1857	March 4,	1909
Venezuela	J. Billinghurst. Manuel de Arriaga. Charles Charles Nanuel E. Araujo. Peter (Karageorgevitch). Vagriavudh III. Alphonso V. M. Müller. Mohamed en Nasir. Mohammed V. William Howard Tait* José Battle y Ordonez. Juan Vicente Gomez. Khallfa bin Harub.	President		March 1,	1911
Zanzibar	Khalifa bin Harub	Sultan		April 19, Dec. 9,	1911
*On and after March	4 1013 President Toft will be sue				

^{*}On and after March 4, 1913. President Taft will be succeeded by Woodrow Wilson, born December 28, 1856. † Election of successor to President Fallières of France, will occur on January 17, 1913 and the new President will assume office a month later.

424 Ministries of Principal European Countries.

DECEMBER 1, 1912.

AUSTRIA-HUNCARY.

Minister Foreign Affairs—Count Berchtold von und	IRE. Minister War—General Moritz, Ritter von Auffenberg.
zu Ungarschitz. Minister Finance—Dr. Leon, Ritter von Bliinski.	Minister Navy-Adm. Rudolf Count Montecuccoli.
Premter—Count Karl Stürgkh. Minister Interior—Dr. K. von Udynskl. Minister Defenee—General F. von Georgl. Minister Railways—Baron Z. von Forster. Minister Public Instruction—Ritter Hussarek von Helniein.	Minister Justice—Ritter von Hochenburger. Minister Agriculture—Dr. F. Zenker. Minister Commerce—R. S. E. von Bonnott. Minister Public Works—Otto Trnka. Minister Without Portfolio—L. von Dlugosz.
Premter and Interior—Ladislas von Lukacs. Minister Finances—Johann Teleszky. Minister Defences—Field-Marshal S. Baron Hazal. Minister Commerce—Ladislas von Beöthy.	Minister Education & Worship—Count Johann Zichy. Minister Agriculture—Count Szerényl. Minister Justice—Dr. Ferenca Szekély. Minister for Croatia—Emerleh von Josipovich.
Premier and Minister of War—Baron Charles de Broqueville, Minister of Justice and Religion—M. Henri Carton de Wlart. Minister of Foreign Affairs—M. Julien Davignon, Minister of Finance—M. Michel Levie. Minister of the Intertor—M. Paul Berryer.	Minister of Industry and Labor—M.Armand Hubert. Min. Marine, Posts and Telegraphs—M. Segers. Min. Public Works & Agriculture—M. Helleputte, Minister of Rathways—M. Vandevyvere. Minister of the Colonies—M. Jules Renkin. Minister of Science and Arts—M. Poullet.
	ARK. Minister Finance—Niels Neergaard.
Berntsen. Minister Foreign Affatrs—Count C. W. Ahlefeldt— Laurvigen. Laurvigen. Minister Interior—M. Jensen Sönderup.	Minister Instruction—Jacob Appel. Minister Agriculture—Anders Nelsen. Minister Public Works—Thomas Larsen. Minister Commerce—O. B. Muus. Minister Iceland—Hannes Halsteln.
FRAI	NCE.
President of the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs—M. Raymond Poincaré. Minister Justice—M. Brland. Minister Interior—M. Steeg. Minister Finance—M. Klotz. Minister Public Unstruction—M. Gulst'bau. Minister Public Works—M. Jean Dupuy.	Minister War—M. Millerand. Minister Marine—M. Delcassé. Minister Commerce—M. David. Minister Agriculture—M. Pams. Minister Colonies—M. Lebrun. Minister Labor—M. Léon Bourgeols.
CERM	ANY.
Chancelor of the Emptre—Herr von Bethmana-Holl- weg. Sec. Foreton Affatrs—Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter. Minister Interior—Herr Delbrück. Sec. for the Navy—Admiral von Tirpitz.	Colonial Secretary—Dr. Solf. Minister Justice—Dr. Lisco. Minister Finance—Herr Kühn. Minister Fost-Office—Herr Kraetke. Minister War—General von Heeringen.
ITA	LY.
President and Minister Interior—Avv. G. Glolitti. Minister Foreign Affatrs—Marquis of San Glullano. Minister Justice—Avv. Finocehiaro Aprile. Minister War—LleutGeneral Spingardi. Minister Marine—Admiral Leonardi-Cattolica. Minister Instruction—Professor Credaro.	Minister Finance—Avv. Lulgi Facta. Minister Treasury—Avv. F. Tedesco. Minister Agriculture—Professor F. S. Nittl. Minister Public Works—Avv. Hector Sacchi. Minister Posts and Telegraphs—Avv. Callssano.
NETHER	LANDS.
Premier and Minister Interior—Dr. Th. Heemskerk. Min. Foreign Affairs—Jonkheer D. R. de Marces von Swinderen. Minister Colonies—M. de Waal Maalefiit.	Minister Justice—Dr. E. R. H. Regout, Min. Agriculture, Industry and Commerce—Dominie R. S. Talma. Minister War and Marine—H. Colyn.
Minister Waterways (Public Works, etc.) M.L.H.W. Regout.	Minister War and Marine—H. Colyn. Minister Finance—Dr. M. J. C. M. Kolkman.
	WAY.
Prime Minister and Minister Defence—J. Bratlle. Minister Foreign Affairs—J. Irgens. Minister Worship and Instruction—E. A. Llijedahl. Minister Justice—Fr. Stang.	Min. Commerce, Navig. and Ind.—O. A. Lindvig. Minister Agriculture—E. Enge. Minister Labor—N. Hovdenak. Minister Finance—F. L. Konow.
President of the Council—M Kokowcow RUS	SIA. Min Im Domains and Agriculture—M Kriwoschein.
President of the Connetl—M. Kokowcow. Minister Foreign Affairs—M. Sasonow. Minister Finance—M. Kokowcow. Minister Instruction and Religion—M. Kasso. Minister Imperial Household—Baron Fredericks.	Min. Im. Domains and Agriculture—M. Kriwoschein, Minister War—General Stichomlinow. Minister Marine—Admiral Wojewodski. Minister Justice—M. Schischeglowitow. Min. Public Works & Communications—M. Ruchlow. Minister Commerce—Timaschew.
	AIN.
Prime Minister—Count Romanones. Minister Foreign Affairs—Senor Don Manuel Garcia	Minister Grace and Justice—Senor Don Diego Arlas de Niranda.
Prieto. Minister Public Works—Senor Don Miguel Villan-	Minister Finance—Senor Don Navarro Reventa. Minister Public Instruction—Senor Don Santlago
ue va. Minister Interior—Senor Don Autonio Barroso.	Alba. Minister War—General Agustiu Luque.
CIVE	Minister Marine—Admiral José Pidal.

Premier—Karl Staaft.
Minister Foreign A flairs—Count J.J.A.Ehrensvärd.
Minister Justice—Gustav Sandström.
Minister Justice—Gustav Sandström.
Minister Marthe—Jacob T. Larsson.
Minister Marthe—Jacob T. Larsson.
Minister Agriculture—Alfred Petersson.
Minister swithow iportifolios—Bror Petrén, K. J.
Stenström.

Reigning Families

OF THE PRINCIPAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES. AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Francis Joseph I., the Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, was born August 18, 1830, and was proclaimed Emperor of Austria after the abdication of his uncle, Ferdinand I., on December 2, 1848. He was crowned King of Hungary June 8, 1867. He married, in 1854, Elizabeth, a daughter of Duke Maximilian of Bayaria. She died by the hand of an Anarchist in Geneva, September 10, 1898. They had issue:

I. Archduchess Gisela, born 1856; married to Leopold, son of the Regent Luitpold of Bayaria.

They had issue:

1. Archduchess Gisela, born 1856; married to Leopold, son of the Regent Lultpold of Bavaria. Issue, two daughters and two sons.

2. Archduke Rudolph, late heir-apparent, born 1858; died by snicide, 1889. He married, 1881, Stephanie, daughter of the late King of the Belgians, and had issue one daughter, the Archduchess Elizabeth, born 1883; married, 1902, Prince Oto Windisch Gräetz. The widowed Crown Princess Stephanie married, March, 1900. Count Elémer Lonyay.

3. Archduchess Marie Valerie, born 1863; married, 1890, Archduke Francis-Salvator of Tuscany, The Emperor's eldest brother was Archduke Ferdinand (Maximilian). Emperor of Mexico, from 1864 to 1897, when he was shot at Queretaro. His widow, Charlotte, survives him.

On the death of the Crown Prince, in 1889, the right of succession to the throne passed to the Emperor's second brother, the Archduke Charles Louis, who was born 1833, and died 1896; he married, 1862 (second marriage), the Princess Anmunciata, daughter of King Ferdinand II, of Naples, and had Issue the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, born 1863, who is the heirs presumptive to the throne (married, morganatically, 1900, Countess Sophie Chotek, who had title Duchess of Hohenberg conferred upon her October, 1908, and renounced the claim of his issue by her to the throne): the Archduke Otto, born 1865, died 1806, married to the Princess Marie Josefa of Saxony, had two sons (Archduke Scharles, born 1887, married, 1911, Princess Marie Josefa of Saxony, had two sons (Archduke Scharles, born 1865, renounced his rights in 1911 to marry Berra Czuber, and the Archduke Edinand, born 1865, renounced his rights in 1911 to marry Berra Czuber, and the Archduke Edinand, born 1865, renounced his rights in 1911 to marry Berra Czuber, and the Archduke Scharles, toon 1865, renounced his rights in 1911 to marry Berra Czuber, and the Archduke Edinand, born 1865, renounced his rights in 1911 to marry Berra Czuber, and the Archduke Edina Brotha and Model and the Archduke Edina Brotha and the Rudolf and the

daughter.

2. Prince Leopold, born 1846; married to the Austrian Archduchess Gisela, daughter of the Emperor Francis Joseph I. There are two daughters and two sons.
3. Princess Theresa, born 1850; prioress of a convent in Munich.
4. Prince Arnulf, 1852, married the Princess Theresia of Lichtenstein, and died 1907, leaving a

3. Frincess Theresa, born 1850; prioress of a convention animon.

4. Prince Armill, 1852, married the Princess Theresia of Lichieustein, and died 1907, leaving a son, Prince Henry.

King Otto has five cousins who bear princely titles, children of his dead uncle, Adalbert.

The royal house of Bavaria comes from the Counts of Wittelsbach of the twelfth century, one of whose descendants was elevated to the rank of Elector, and a later one made King by Napoleon I.

Albert I., King of the Belgians, was born April 8, 1875, and was the nephew of the late King Leopold II., who died December 17, 1909. King Albert married, October 11, 1900, Duchess Elizabeth, of Bavaria, and has two sons, Prince Leopold, born 1901, and Prince Charles, born 1903, and a daughter, Princess Marie José, born 1906.

The King's father was Prince Phillippe, Count of Flanders, born in 1837; married to the Princess Maria of Hohenzollern. He died 1905. His eider son, Prince Badonin, born in 1859, died in 1891. His two daughters are Princess Henriette, born 1870, married, 1896, the buke of Vendome; and Princess Josephine, born 1872, married, 1894, Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen.

The late King Leopold was born in 1835, and was married, in 1853, Marie Henriette, Archduchess of Austria, who died 1902. They had the following children:

1. Princess Louise, born 1858; married to Prince Philippe of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, and divorced in 1906. Issue, one son and one daughter.

2. Prince Leopold, heir to the throne, Duke of Brabant, born 1859, died 1869.

3. Princess Stephanie, born 1864; married, 1881, to the late Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, and has one daughter. Princess Stephanie married, second, in 1900, Elemer, Count Lonyay of Nagy Lonyay and Vásáros-Namény. Chamberlain to the Emperor of Austria.

4. Princess Idenentine, born 1872, married November, 1910, Prince Victor Napoleon Bonaparte, son of the late Prince Leopold, her to the throne of France.

The autoria of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy. Prince Victor Napoleon is the Bonaparte claim

the throne of France.

The aunt of King Albert is Princess Charlotte, sister of the late King Leopold, and ex-Empress of

Mexico, widow of Maximilian of Austria, who was shot in Mexico in 1867. She was born in 1840 and lives near Brussels. She has become insane

DENMARK.

Christian X., King of Denmark, succeeded to the throne of Denmark by virtue of the law of the banish succession on the death of his father, King Frederick VIII., May 15, 1912. He was born September 26, 1870, married, 1898, the Princess Alexandria of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, born 1879, and has two sons, Crown Prince Frederick, born 1899, and Knud, born 1900.

and has two sons, Crown Prince Frederick, born 1899, and Knud, born 1900.

The King's brothers and sisters are:

1. The King of Norway, Haukon; born 1872, married, 1896, the Princess Maud of Great Britain and Ireland, born 1869, and has one son, Olaf, born 1903.

2. Harald, Prince of Denmark, born 1876, married, 1909, Princess Helena, Duchess of Sonderburg-Glücksburg, born 1888. Has two daughters, born 1910 and 1912.

3. Ingeborg, born 1878, married, 1897, Prince Carl of Sweden, a brother to King Gustaf V. of Sweden, 4. Thyra, born 1880.

5. Gustav, born 1887.

6. Dagmar, born 1890. The King's mother is the Dowager Queen of Denmark, married, 1869, the late King Frederick VIII. of Denmark, She was born, 1851, as the Princess Louise of Sweden, daughter of King Charles XV. of Sweden and Norway.

REIGNING FAMILIES-Continued.

The King's uncles and aunts are:

The ex-Queen of Great Britain and Ireland (Alexandra), born 1844; married 1863, and has four

llving children. One being the King of England.

2. The King of the Heneues (George I.), porn 1845; married to the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia.

and has one daughter and five sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Constantine The Dowager Empress of Russia (Dagmar), born 1847; married the late Czar Alexander III.

3. The Dowager Empress of Russia (Dagmar), born 1847; married the face Czar Alexander III. in 1866, and has four children, one being the present Czar.

4. The Duchess of Cumberland (Thyra), born 1853; married the present Duke of Cumberland (English title), son of the ex-King of Hahover, in 1878, and has one son and three daughters.

5. Prince Waldemar, born 1858; married, 1885, the Princess Marie of Orleans (died 1909), daughter of the Duke of Chartres, and has four sons and a daughter. He was offered the crown of Bulgeria in 1886 but daelined.

of Bulgaria lu 1886, but declined.

GERMANY.

William II., German Emperor and King of Prussia, was born January 27, 1859; succeeded his father, the Emperor Frederick III., June 15, 1888. He married the Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg (born 1858), and has had issue:

1. Frederick William, Crown Prince, born 1852, married, June 6, 1905, to Duchess Cecille of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and has four sons, William Frederick, born July 4, 1906; Louis Ferdinand, born November 9, 1907, Hubert, born September 20, 1909, and Frederick, born December 19, 1911.

2. William Eitel-Frederick, born 1883. married, February 27, 1906, Princess Sophie Charlotte of Oldeburg. 13. Adalbert, born 1884. 4. August, born 1887, married his consin, Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, 1908. 5. Oscar, born 1888: 6, Joachim, born 1890. 7. Victoria Louise, born 1892.

The Emperor's brother is Prince Henry, born 1862, and married, 1888, to his cousin, Princess Irene of Hesse, daughter of the late Princess Alice of England, and has two sons; and the Emperor has four sisters, all the children of the late Emperor Frederick and the Princess Victoria of England (the Dowager Empress Frederick, who died in 1901). The sisters are:

(the Dowager Empress Frederick, who died in 1901). The sisters are:

1. Princess Charlotte, born 1860; married, 1878, to George, hereditary Prince of Saxe-Meiningen,

and has one daughter.
2. Princess Victoria, born 1866; married, 1890, to Prince Adolph of Schaumburg-Lippe,
3. Princess Sophia, born 1870; married, 1889, to Constantine, Crown Prince of Greece, and has

three sons and a daughter. 4. Princess Margaret, born 1872; married, 1893, to Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse, and has

five sons.
'The Emperor has an aunt, the Princess Louise, born 1838, widow of the late Grand Duke Baden; and he has a number of cousins, descendants of the brothers and sisters of the Emperor William I. One of these is Princess Louise, daughter of the late Prince Frederick Charles and wife of the British Duke of Connaught, son of Queen Victoria. The reigning family is descended from Frederick of Hohenzollern, a German count in 980, and Frederick William, the Elector of Brandenburg, 1640-88, whose sou became King of Prussia.

GREECE George I., King of the Hellenes, born December 21, 1845, elected King in 1863. He is the brother of the late King of Demmark, Frederick VIII., and brother of the Dowager Gueen of Great Britain and the Dowager Empress of Russia. He married, 1867, the Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, 'granduncle to the present Emperor. They have had six children, five sons and one daughter. The eldest son is:

Prince Constantine, born 1868; married, 1889, the Princess Sophia, sister of the present German Emperor, and has three sons—Prince George, born 1890; Prince Alexander, born 1893; and Prince Paul, born 1901—and a daughter, Princes Helen, born 1896. The other sons of the King are: Prince George, born 1869; Prince Nicholas, born 1872; Prince Andrew, born 1882; Prince Christopher, George, bo

The King's eldest daughter, Alexandra, married, in 1889, the Grand Duke Paul, uncle of the present Emperor of Russia, and died September 24, 1891, leaving a daughter and a son.

ITALY.

Victor Emmanuel III., King of Italy, was born November 11, 1869, and is the only son of Humbert I., second King of United Italy, murdered by the Anarchist Bresci at Monza, July 29, 1900. He married, in 1896, Princess Helene, fourth daughter of Nicholas, King of Montenegro, and has four children—Princess Iolande, born June 1, 1901; Princess Mafalda, born November 19, 1902; Prince Humbert (heir apparent), born September 15, 1904, and Princess Giovanna, born November 13, 1907. Emmanuel, buke of Aosta, born 1869, is eldest son of the late Prince Amadeus, uncle of present King (and ex-King of Spain); married, 1895, Princess Helene of Orleans, daughter of the late Count of Paris, and they have had issue two children—Amadeus, born 1898, and Almone, born 1900. The three remaining sons of the late Prince Amadeus are Victor, Count of Turin, born 1870; Louis, Duke of Abruzzi, born 1873, and Humbert, Count of Salemi, born in 1889 of his second marriage with his niece, Princess Lettita, daughter of Prince Napoleon Bonaparte and the Princess Clotilde.

The mother of the King is Dowager Queen Margherita, daughter of the late Prince Ferdinand of Savoy. She was born 1851, and married the late King 1868.

The following were the aunts of the King:

1. Princess Clotilde, born 1843, died 1911; married, 1859, to Prince Napoleon Jerome Bonaparte, the late head of the Bonaparte family, and had issue two sons and a daughter, Letitia. (See "Bonapartists.")

2. Dowager Queen Maria Pia of Portugal, born 1847, died 1911, married, 1862, to the late King Louis of Portugal, and had one son, the late King Charles of Portugal, assassinated in 1908.

The King's great aunt by marriage was the Princess Elizabeth, widow of the Duke of Genoa, she died August 12, 1912, and had a son (Prince Thomas, Duke of Genoa, married, 1883, Princess Isabella, daughter of Prince Adalbert of Bavaria, and has three sons and two daughters) and a daughter, the latter being the late King Humbert's wife.

The family is descended from the Counts of Savory who doughted in the always the entire. voy, who flourished in the eleventh century.

NETHERLANDS.

Withelmina, Queen of the Netherlands and Princess of Orange-Nassau, born August 31, 1880, daughter of the late King William III. and Emma, daughter of Prince George Victor of Waldeck-Pyrmont. She married, February 7, 1901, Prince Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin; issue, Juliana Wilhelmina, born April 30, 1909, Princess of Orange,

The Queen's mother is the late Regent Queen Emma, whose regency lasted from the death of the late King, her husband, November 23, 1890, until the end of the minority of her daughter, August 31, 1898. The Queen's aunt is the Princess Sophia, married to the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar. She hass

REIGNING FAMILIES-Continued.

son, Prince Charles, born 1844, and two daughters. This family, known as the descended from the Princes of Orange, stadtholders during the Dutch Republic. This family, known as the House of Orange, is NORWAY

Haakon VII., King of Norway was before his election to the crown by the Norwegian people, in 1905, Prince Charles of Denmark. He is the second son of King Frederick VIII., of Denmark; was born 1872; married, 1896, Princess Mand, third daughter of King Edward VII. of Great Britain, and has one son, Olav Alexander Edward Christian Frederick, born July 2, 1903.

one son, Olav Alexander Edward Christian Frederick, born July 2, 1903.

RUSSIA.

Nicholas II., Emperor of Russia, was born May 18, 1868, and succeeded his father, the late Emperor Alexander III., November 1, 1894. He is married to the Princess Alice (Allx) of Hesse Darmstadt, daughter of the Princess Alice of Great Britain, and has four daughters and one son-Olga, born in 1895; Tatjana, born in 1897; Marie, born in 1899; Anastasia, born in 1901, and Alexis (the Czarevitch), born August 12, 1904.

The late Emperor Alexander III., born in 1845, married, in 1866, the Princess Dagmar, sister of the present King of Denmark, had issue three sons: 1. Nicholas, the present Emperor; 2. Grand Duke George (the late Czarevitch), born 1871, died 1899; 3. Grand Duke Michael, born December 4, 1878, and two daughters: 1 Grand Duke sax Centa, born April 6, 1875, married, August 6, 1894, her cousin, the Grand Duke Alexander, has six sons and one daughter; and, 2. Grand Duchess Olga, born June 13, 1882, married to Prince Peter of Oldenburg. The uncless and aunts of the Emperor are:

1. Grand Duke Vladimir, born 1847; died 1909. He married, 1874, the Princess Marie of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and had three sons and one daughter; Grand Duke Cyril, born in 1876; married, 1905, Melita, second daughter of the late Duke of Coburg and divoced wife of the Grand Duke

ried, 1905, Melita, second daughter of the late Duke of Coburg and divorced wife of the Grand Duke of Hesse. Grand Duke Boris is the second son and was born in 1877.

2. Grand Duke Alexis, High Admiral, born 1850. He was unmarried. Died November 14, 1908.

3. Grand Duchess Marie, born 1853; married the late Duke of Edinburgh, and has had one son

(deceased) and four daughters.

(deceased) and four daughters.

4. Grand Duke Sergius, born 1857; married, 1884, Princess Elizabeth of Hesse-Darmstadt, daughter of Princess Alice of England. Assassinated in 1805. He lett no issue.

5. Grand Duke Paul, born 1860; married, 1889, Princess Alexandra, daughter of the King of the Hellenes. She died September 24, 1891, leaving a son, the Grand Duke Demetrius, and a daughter, Marie, married, 1908, Prince Wilhelm, of Sweden. In 1902 he contracted a morganatic marriage with Olga Pistolkohrs, now Countess Hohenfelsen.

with Olga Pistolkohrs, now Countess Hohenfelsen.

A grand uncle, the Grand Duke Constantine, born 1827; died January 12, 1892; married, 1848, Princess Alexandra of Saxe-Altenburg, and had issue five children, the Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1850, being the eldest, and the Grand Duckes Olga, born 1851, the eldest daughter, being married to the King of the Hellenes.

A second granducle, the Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1831, field marshal in the Russian Army, dled in 1891; married, in 1856, the Princess Alexandra of Oldenburg, and had issue two sons, Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1856, married, 1907, Anastasia, daughter of the present King of Montenegro, and sister of Queen Helene, of Italy, and Grand Duke Peter, married, in 1889, Militsa sister of the preceding.

the preceding.

The last surviving granduncle of the Emperor, Grand Duke Peter, married, in 1889, Militsa sister of the preceding.

The last surviving granduncle of the Emperor, Grand Duke Michael, born 1832, died in 1910. He married, 1857, Princess Cecilia of Baden, and had issue six children, the eldest daughter, Anastasia, born 1860, being the widow of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and mother of the German Crown Princess Cecilia.

The Russian relaying family is descended in the female line from Michael Romanoff, elected Czar in 1613. The members of the family for over two centuries, however, have married so generally into the German royal houses that the present Romanoffs are practically, by blood, Germans; as much so as their kinsman, the head of the German Empire.

Alphonso XIII., King of Spain, born May 17, 1886, nearly six months after the death of his father, Alphonso XIII. His mother is Maria Christina, an Austrian princess. He married in 1906 the English Princess Victoria Eugenie, daughter of Princess Henry of Battenberg, youngest sister of King Edward VII. He has two sons, Alphonso, Prince of the Asturias, heir to the Spanish throne, born the 10th of May, 1907, and Princes Beatrice, born at La Granja Palace, near Madrid, on the 22d of July, 1908, and two daughters, Princess Beatrice, born the 21st of July, 1909, and Princess Maria Cristina, born in Madrid December, 1911.

The King's only sister, the Infanta Maria Targes how in 1802.

of July, 1908, and two daughters. Princess Beatrice, born the 21st of July, 1909, and Fincess Maria Cristina, born in Madrid December, 1911.

The King's only sister, the Infanta Maria Teresa, born in 1882, and married to the Infante Ferdinand of Bavaria, her cousin, son of Prince Louis of Bavaria, died on September 23, 1912, suddenly from the after effects of childbirth, leaving two sons and two daughters, the Infante Alfonso Luis Fernando, born in 1906, the Infante José Carlos, born in 1909, and the Infanta Maria de las Mercedes, born in 1911, and the Infante Paz Cristina Teresa, born in 1912, when her mother died.

The King's aunts are the Infantas Isabella, widow of the Count de Girgenti; Paz, wife of Prince Louis of Bavaria, and Eulalie, wife of Prince Antonio of Orleans (separated from him by deed of separation), who visited the United States and the World's Fair in 1893.

The King's grandmother, ex-Queen Isabella, born in 1830, crowned 1833, abdicated 1870, died April 9, 1904. Her husband, the Infante Francis d'Assisi, born 1822, died in 1902.

The King's grandaunt, the Infante Louisa, widow of the Duke of Montpensier (son of King Louis Philippe of France), now dead, was the mother of a son and three daughters: 1. The wife of the late Count of Paris and mother of the French pretender, the Duke of Montpensier (son the late Count of Paris and mother of the French pretender, the Duke of Orleans; 2. The late Queen Mercedes, Wife of Alphonso XII., deceased; 3. The Infanta Cristina, also deceased.

A second cousin of the King was Don Carlos, born 1848, the pretender to the Spanish throne, who died July 18, 1909, leaving a son, Prince Jaime, born 1870, the present pretender, and four daughters.

The Spanish reigning family are Bourbons, descendants of King Louis XIV. of France,

SAXONY.

Frederick August, King of Saxony, born May 25, 1865, succeeded his father, King George, ober 15, 1904. He married in 1891 Archduchess Louise of Austria (from whom he was separated

October 15, 1904. He married in 1891 Archduchess Louise of Austria (from whom he was separated in 1903). The King has three daughters and three sons, the Crown Prince being George, born 1895. The King has two sisters, Mathilde, born 1863, unmarried, and Maria Josepha, born 1867, married to the late Archduke Otto of Austria, and two brothers, Johann Georg, born 1869, married first to Duchess Isabella of Wurttemberg (died 1904), and in 1906 to Princess Maria Immaculata of Bourbon, and Max, born 1870, a priest in Holy orders.

The royal house of Saxony is one of the oldest in Europe, having given an emperor to Germany as

early as the beginning of the tenth century. The Elector of Saxony assumed the title of King in

1806; and was confirmed therein in 1815.

REIGNING FAMILIES-Continued.

Peter I., King of Servia, born in Belgrade, 1846, son of Alexander Karageorgevic, Prince of Servia from 1842 to 1858. Was proclaimed King on the night of June 10-11, 1993, by the officers of the Servian Army after they had murdered King Alexander and Queen Draga, and was crowned in October, 1904. King Peter I. was married in 1883 to Princess Zorka of Montenegro, who died in 1890. He has two sons and a daughter—George (who renounced his right to the throne in 1909), Alexander and Helen, who married, 1911, Grand Duke Ivan of Russia.

King Peter is descended from Karageorge, a peasant, who was the leader of the insurrection against Turkey in 1804. He reigned as Prince of Servia from 1804 to 1813, when he was supplanted

by the Obrenovic during a second insurrection.
SWEDEN

Gustaf V., King of Sweden, born June 16, 1858; son of Oscar II., and great-grandson of Marshal Bernadotte. He married, 1881, the Princess Victoria of Baden, and bas had three sons, the eldest of whom is the Crown Prince Gustav Adolph, who married, in 1905, Princess Margaret of Connaught, and has three sons, born 1906, 1907 and 1912, and a daughter, born in 1910. The King's other sons are: Prince Wilhelm, born 1884, and married, 1908, the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlowna of Russia, and Prince Eric, born 1889. The King has three brothers: Prince Oscar, born 1859, married Lady Ebba Munck, one of his mother's unids of honor, and relinquished his rights to the throne; Prince Carl, born 1861, and married 1897, Princess Ingeborg, eldest sister of the late King of Denmark, and Prince Eugene, born 1865. The King has a consin, Lonise, married to the late King Frederick VIII. of Denmark. The royal family comes from Napoleon's Marshal Bernadotte, as Frenchman, who was elected heir-apparent to the crown of Sweden in 1810 and became King in 1816.

WÜRTTEMBERG.

William II., King of Württemberg, born February 25, 1848, succeeded his uncle, King Charles I., October 6, 1891. He married, 1877, Princess Marie of Waldeck, who died leaving a daughter, Pauline, born 1877, and married, 1898, Prince Frederick of Wied. The King married, second, Princess Charlotte of Schaumburg-Lippe, by whom he has no children. As the King has no male descendants, the heir-presumptive is his distant kinsman, Duke Albert, born 1865, married to the Archduchess Margareta, niece of the Emperor of Austria, who died in 1902, and has three sons and three daughters three daughters.

The French Pretenders.

BONAPARTIST.

Or the Emperor Napoleon L. and his brothers Joseph and Louis, male issue is now extinct. The Emperor's brothers Lucien and Jerome are represented by the following living descendants, and they

constitute the present Imperialist house of France:

Emperor's brothers Lucien and Jerôme are represented by the following living descendants, and they constitute the present imperialist house of France:

Prince Victor Napoleon (of the house of Jerôme), born July 18, 1862, is the son of the late Prince Napoleon (who died March 18, 1891) and the Princess Clottide, who died June 25, 1911, sister of the late King Humbert of Italy. The Prince has been recognized by his party as the undisputed head of the Bonaparte family. He lives in Brussels and in 1910 married Clementine, third daughter of Leopold 1, King of Belgium. His only brother, Prince Louis Napoleon, born 1864, is a General in the Russian Army, and is unmarried. His sister, Princes Letitia, born 1864, is a deneral in the Russian Army, and is unmarried. His sister, Princess Letitia, born 1866, is the widow of Prince Amadens of Italy, her own nucle, by whom she had a son, Prince Humbert, born 1889.

The late aunt of Prince Victor Napoleon, the Princess Mathilde, born 1820; married, 1840, Prince Demidolf of Russia; died in 1904 without children.

Prince Charles Napoleon, brother of the late Cardinal Bonaparte, who died February 12, 1899, was the last representative of the eldest son of Napoleon's brother Lucien, in the male line. He was born 1839; was married and had two daughters—Marie, wife of Lieutenant Gotti, of the Italian Army, and Engénie, unmarried. He had three sisters, married respectively to the Marquis of Roccagiovine, Count Primoli and Prince Gabrelli, who have descendants.

Prince Roland Bonaparte is the only living male consin of Prince Charles Napoleon. He is a son of the late Prince Pierre Xapoleon Bonaparte; was born 1858; married, 1880, the daughter of Blanc, one of the Prince Bonaparte, who died in 1910.

Ex-Empress Engénie, widow of Emperor Napoleon III., was a daughter of Count Cyprien de Montijo, a Spanish grandee, and was born May 5, 1826. She married 1853. Became a widow, 1873. Her only son, Prince Louis Napoleon, was killed in Zulnland in 1879.

Philippe, Duke of Orleans, born 1869, su Naples.

The only uncle of the Duke of Orleans is the Duke of Chartres, born 1840, and married to a daughter

of the Prince of Joinville. The issue are two daughters and two sons, the eldest son being Prince Henry, born 1867 (died at Saison, Cochin-China, in 1891); the second, the Duke of Guise; the eldest daughter, Princess Marcia being married to Prince Waldemar of Denmark, and the second daughter, Princess Marguerite, being married (in 1896) to Patrice MacMahon, Duke of Magenta.

The granduncles of the Duke of Orleans (who were the sons of King Louis Philippe) are all dead.

The granduncles of the Duke of Orleans (who were the sons of King Louis Philippe) are all dead. They were the Prince of Joinville, born 1818, died 1900, married to a daughter of Pedro I. of Brazii, and had one daughter who married the Duke of Chartres, and had one son, the Duke of Penthièvre, born 1845; Henry, Duke of Aumale, born 1820, died (childless) 1897; Anthony, Duke of Montpensier, born 1844, died 1830 (married, 1852, a sister of Queen Isabella of Spain, and had a daughter, the wife of the Count of Paris, and a son, Prince Anthony, born 1866, who married, 1838, his consin, the Infanta Eulalie of Spain, and Louis, Duke of Nemours, born 1814, died 1896. He was the father of two daughters, the Princess Crartoryska, deceased, and Princess Blanche of Orleans, and two sons, the eldest being the Count of En, born 1842, married to a daughter of Pedro II. of Brazil, and having three children, and the second the Duke of Alençon, born 1844, and married to a Bayarian princess (who was burned in the Paris bazaar fire in 1897), and having two children. By the death of the Count of Chambord, in 1883, the elder line of the Bourbons of France became extinct, and the right of succession merged in the Count of Paris, grandson of King Louis Philippe, representative of the younger, or Orleans, line.

representative of the younger, or Orleans, line.

The British Empire.

THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Countries.	Area in Square Miles,	How Acquired by England.	Date.	Population.
England Wales Scotland Ireland	30,443	Conquest Union Conquest	1603	$\begin{array}{r} 34,047,659 \\ 2,027,610 \\ 4,759,521 \\ 4,381,951 \end{array}$
Total	121,391			45,216,741

COLONIES AND DEPENDENCIES.

	LUMIES A	ND DEPENDENCIES.		
EUROPE:	· ·			
Gibraltar	2	Conquest	1704	25,000
Malta, etc	122	Treaty cession	1814	220,000
ASIA:		Conquest	Begun 1757)	
ASIA;	1 000 000	Transfer from E. India Co.	1858	316,000,000
Empire of India	25,365	Transfer from E. India Co.	1801	4,100,000
Ceylon	3,584	Treaty cession	1878	275,000
Cyprus	10,460		1839	60,000
Aden and Socotra	1,600	(Aden) conquest	1785-1824	700,000
Straits Settlements	1,000	Treaty cession		200,000
Other Malay States	14,200	Treaty cession	1909	800,000
Hongkong	31	Treaty cession	1841	450,000
Borneo and Sarawak	85,000	Cession	1877	1,000,000
AFRICA:		/		
Cape Colony	278,000	Treaty cession	1588, 1814	2,600,000
Natal	35,400	Annexation	1843	1,200,000
Transvaal	112,000	Conquest	1900	1,700,000
Orange Free State	50,400	Conquest	1900	530,000
St. Helena	47	Conquest	1673	3,600
Ascension	38	Annexation	1815	200
Sierra Leone	30,000	Settlement	1787	1,400,000
Gold Coast, etc	120,000	Treaty cession	1872	1,500,000
Mauritius, etc	1,063	Conquest and cession	1810, 1814	400,000
Nigeria	340,000	Conquest and cession	1850-1900	18,000,000
Rhodesia	450,000	Conquest and cession	1890-1900	1.750,000
British East Africa, etc.	500,000	Conquest and cession	1870-1890	9,000,000
	300,000	Conquest and Cession	10,0.1000	9,000.000
AMERICA:				1
Ontario and Quebec	612,735	Conquest	1759-60)	ĺ
New Brunswick	29,000	Treaty cession	1763	1
Nova Scotia	21,428 $73,732$	Conquest	1627	l
Manitoba	73,732	Settlement	1813	
British Columbia, etc	358,000	Transfer to Crown	1858 }	7,200,000
Northwest Territories	1,900,000	Charter to Company	1670	
Alberta	260,000	Charter to Company	1670	l
Saskatchewan	250,000	Charter to Company	1670	
Prince Edward Island	2,184	Conquest	1745	
Newfoundland	42,750	Treaty cession	1713	245,000
British Guiana	97,800	Conquest and cession	1803-1814	310,000
British Honduras	8,600	Conquest	1798	50,000
Jamaica	4,207	Conquest,	1655	900,000
Trinidad and Tobago	1.870	Conquest	1797	350,000
Barbadoes	166	Settlement	1605	200,000
Bahamas	5,500	Settlement	1629	60,000
Bermuda	19	Settlement	1612	20,000
		1		20,000
AUSTRALASIA:	210 400	Cottlemant	1500	7 700 000
New South Wales	310,400	Settlement	1788	1,700,000
Victoria	87,884	Settlement	1832	1,350,000
South Australia	903,690	Settlement	1836	420,000
Queensland	670,500 975,876 26,215	Settlement	1824	605,000
Western Australia	975,876	Settlement	1828	290,000
Tasmania	26,215	Settlement	1803	190,000
New Zealand	104,760	Purchase	1845	1,100,000
Fiji	7,440	Cession from the natives	1874	135,000
Papua (British New Guinea)	90,540	Annexation	1884	360,000

Estimates of area and present population are by Whitaker. The entire population of the empire, according to the estimates of Whitaker, is 434,286,650, and the total area 13,153,712 square miles, of which 121,512 are in Europe, 2,187,550 in Asia, 3,618,245 in North America, 8,600 in Central America, 12,300 in the West Indies, 97,800 in South America, and 3,214,685 in Australasia.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM BY SUCCESSIVE CENSUSES.

	1841.	1851.	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
England	15,002,443	16,921,888	18,954,444	21,495,131	24,613,926	27,499,984	32,527,843	34,047,659
Wales	911,705	1,005,721	1,111,780	1,217,135	1,360,513	1.501.034	32,927,843	2.027.610
Scotland	2,620,184	2,888,742	3.062.294	3,360,018	3,735,573	4.033.103	4.472.103	4,759,521
freland	8,196,597	6,574,278	5,798,967	5,412,377	5,174,836	4,706,448		
Total	26,730,929	27,390,629	28.927.485	31,484,661	34.884.848	37,888,439	41.458.721	45.216.741

The British Royal Family.

DECEMBER 1, 1912.

GEORGE V., "by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions Beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India," was bern June 3, 1865, and succeeded his father, Edward VII., May 6, 1910. He was married to the Princess Victoria Mary of Teck (born May 26, 1867), July 6, 1893. In the first table following are the names of their children:

Princ the n	ess Victoria Mary of Teck (born Maj ames of their children;	y 26,	1867)	July 6, 1893. In the first table following	ig are
	NAME.		Died.	Married.	Date.
EDW.	ARD Albert, PRINCE OF WALES RET Frederick ria Alexandra Mary RY William	1894 1895 1897			
HEN	RY Williames Edward	1902			
JOHN	Charles	1905	1		1
-	DESCENDANTS OF	THE		E KING EDWARD VII.*	
1. AL	BERT VICTOR, DUKE OF CLARENCE, NG GEORGE V. (See above)	1864	1892	Princess Victoria Mary of Teck	1893
3. Lo	UISE VICTORIA, PRINCESS ROYAL	1867		Duke of Fife (born 1849; died 1912)	1889
A	lexandraVictoria,DuchessofFife Iaud Alexandra	1891			1
4. V	CTORIA ALEXANDRA	1868			}
5. MA	UD, QUEEN OF NORWAY Olaf Alexander Edward	1 1008		King Haakon VII. of Norway	1896
6 41	Olaf Alexander EdwardEXANDER	1903	1871		
<u>. A.</u>				TE QUEEN VICTORIA.*	
1 37 x	CTOPIA PRINCIPES POYAL	1910		Frederick, German Emperor	1858
1. VI	CTORIA, PRINCESS ROYAL. Frederick William (succ. as German Emperor, June, 1888). (Issue, 6 sons, 1 daughter). Charlotte. (Issue, 1 daughter). Henry. (Issue, 2 sons). Sigismund. Victoria	1010			
	Sons, 1 daughter)	1860		Princess Augusta of Schleswig-Holstein	$1881 \\ 1878$
	Henry. (Issue, 2 sons)	1862		Prince of Saxe-Meiningen Princess Irene of Hesse	1888
	Sigismund	1864	1866		1000
	Víctoria	$1866 \\ 1868$		Prince Adolphus of Schaumburg-Lippe	1890
	Sophia Dorothea. (Issue, 3 sons, 2 dau.)	1870		Duke of Sparta, son of King of Greece Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse	1889
0 77	Margarete. (Issue, 6 sons) NG EDWARD VII. (See above)	1872	1010	Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse	1893
2. KI	ICE MAUD MARY, GRAND DUCHESS	1941	1910	Louis IV Grand Duke of Hesse (died	$1863 \\ 1862$
	OF HESSE.	1843	1878	Princess Alexandra of Denmark. Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse (died March 13, 1892)	1002
	Victoria Alberta. (Issue, 2 sons, 2 dau.)	1863		Prince Louis of Battenberg Grand Duke Sergius of Russia	1884 1884
7	Elizabeth	1866		Prince Henry of Prussia	1888
	Irene Marie. (Issue, 2 sons) Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse:		1	·	
	(Issue, 1 son, 1 daughter)	1868	10-0	†Princess Victoria of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	1894
	Frederick William Alix. (Issue, 1 son 4 daughters)	1872	1873	Emperor Nicholas II. of Russia	1894
	Mary Victoria	1874	1878		
4. AI	FRED, DUKE OF SAXE-COBURG- GOTHA, DUKE OF EDINBURGH.	1844	1900	Grand Duchess Marie, daughter of Alex- ander II., Emperor of Russia	1874
	Alfred Alexander	1874		ander II., Emperor or Russia	120.1
	Alfred Alexander	1	1	Daniel Company	1.000
	2 sons, 3 daughters)	1876		Ferdinand, Crown Prince of Roumania Grand Duke Cyril of Russia (2d marriage)	1893 1905
	Alexandra Louise (Issue, 1 son,	1	1	Hereditary Prince of Hohenlohe-Lau-	i i
		1878		genbergInfante Affonso of Orleans	1896 1909
5. H	Beatrice. (Issue, 1 son)	1846		Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein	
	Christian Victor	1867	1900		
:	Albert John	1869	•••••		
	Victoria LouiseLouise Augusta	$1870 \\ 1872$		Prince Aribert of Anhalt-Déssau	1891
	Harold	1876	1876		
6. Lo	UISE, DUCHESS OF ARGYLL. THUR, DUKE OF CONNAUGHT. Margaret. (Issue, 2 sons, 1 daughter) Arthur Patrick. Victoria Patrick.	1848		Duke of ArgyllPrincess Louise of Prussia	$1871 \\ 1879$
4. A.	Margaret. (Issue, 2 sons, 1 daughter)	1882		Crown Prince of Sweden	1905
	Arthur Patrick	1883			
				Princess Helena of Waldeck-Pyrmont	1882
٠, ١١٢	COPOLD, DUKE OF ALBANY	1883	1004	Prince Alexander of Teck	1904
4	Charles Edward, Duke of Saxe-Co-	1004		Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein-	1005
9 Pr	burg-Gotha. (Issue, 2 sons, 1 dau.). EATRICE MARY VICTORIA FEODORE.	1884		Glücksburg Prince Henry of Battenberg (died 1896).	1905 1885
	Alexander Albert	1886		4.	1
	Victoria Ena (Issue, 2 sons, 2 dau.)	1887		King Alfonso XIII. of Spain	1906
	Leopold Arthur Louis Maurice Victor Donald	1889 1891			
		1001	1		
133	ret conging of the late Queen Victorie		ho mai	tornal line were the Duke of Cambridge	honn

First cousins of the late Queen Victoria in the paternal line were the Duke of Cambridge, born 1819, died 1904; Augusta, Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, born 1822, and Mary Adelaide, Duchess of Teck, born 1822, died 1897. Whitaker's Peerage has a list of over 320 living blood relatives of the late Queen. * Children in SMALL CAPS. Their children follow. † Marriage dissolved, 1901. She married second Grand Duke Cyril of Russia, and has by him one daughter. Grand Duke Ernest married second Princess Elenore of Solms-Hohensolms and has by her two sons. ‡ Marriage dissolved in 1900.

The British Government. THE MINISTRY.

THE PRESENT LIBERAL MINISTRY.	
Herbert Henry Asquith	
Marquis of Crewe, K.G	
Viscount Haldane Viscount Morley of Blackburn David Lloyd George	
Reginald McKenna. Lewis Vernon Harcourt. Colonel J.E. B. Seely Marquis of Crewe, K. G.	
Marquis of Crewe, K. G	
Sydney Buxton	
Chas. E. Hy. Hobhouse	
Augustine Birrell(Not in the Cabinet)	
Earl Beauchamp Sir Rufus Isaacs, K. C John W. Gulland	
W. Wedgwood Benn	
H. Webb.	
W. H. Illingworth Lord Ashby St. Ledgers. E. J. Griffith	
Francis Dyke AclandLord EmmottHon. E. S. Montagu.	2
H. J. Tennaut(In the Cabinet)Sir J. A. Simon, K.C	
Earl of Chesterfield	1

PRESENT LIBERAL MINISTRY.

Prime Minister. First Lord of the Treasury, Lord Privy Seal. Foreign Secretary, Lord High Chancellor, President of the Council. Chancellor of the Exchequer. Home Secretary. Colonial Secretary. Secretary for War.
Secretary for Mar.
Secretary for India.
Secretary for Scotland,
First Lord of the Admiralty.
President Board of Trade. Pres. Local Government Board. President Board of Education, Chancellor Duchy Luncaster, Postmaster-General. Chief Secretary for Ireland, Lord Chancellor for Ireland,

THE LATE UNIONIST MINISTRY Arthur J. Balfour. Marquis of Salisbury. Marquis of Lausdowne. Earl of Halsbury. Marquis of Londonderry. Austen Chamberlain. Aretas Akers Douglas. Hon. Alfred Lyttelton. Hugh O. Arnold Forster, Hon. St. John Brodrick. Marquis of Linlithgow. Earl Cawdor. Marquis of Salisbury. Gerald William Balfour. Marquis of Londonderry. Sir W. H. Walrond. Lord Stanley. Walter Hume Long. Lord Ashbourne. Hon. Ailwyn Fellowes. (Not in the Cabinet.) (Not in the Cabinet.)

Lords Commissioners of the Treasury.

President Board of Agriculture, First Commissioner of Works, Attorney-General,

Joint Secs. Treasury.

Paymaster-General. Paymaster-General,
Political Secretary Home Office,
Political Secretary Foreign Office,
Political Secretary Colonial Office,
Political Secretary India Office,
Political Secretary War Office,
Attorney-General,
Colonies Solicitor-General.

Hon. Edmund Talbot.
H. W. Forster.
Lord Balcarres.

Sir A. Acland Hood. Victor Cavendish. Sir Savile Crossley, Bart. Hon, Thomas Cochrane. Earl Percy. Duke of Marlborough, Marquis of Bath. Earl of Donoughmore. Sir Robert B. Finlay, K. C. Sir Edward Carson, K. C.

HOUSEHOLD OFFICIALS.

Lord Steward, Lord Chamberlain. Master of the Horse. SCOTLAND.

Earl of Pembroke. Earl of Clarendon. Duke of Portland.

(In the Cabinet). | Secretary and Keeper of Great Seal. | Marquis of Linlithgow. Lord Dunedin. | Lord Justice General. | Lord Kinross. Alexander Ure, K. C. | Lord Advocate. | Charles Scott Dickson, K. C. Lord Dunedin.
Alexander Ure, K. C.
Marquis of Breadalbane.
Lord Kingsburgh.
Duke of Montrose. Alexander Anderson.....

Earl of Aberdeen......Augustine Birrell, K. C.......Redmond Barry.........Ignatius J. O'Brien, K. C.......

Earl of Aberdeen ...

Lord Sandhurst.....

Earl of Granard......

Keeper of the Privy Seal, Lord Justice Clerk, Lord Clerk Register, Solicitor-General,

IRELAND. Lord-Lieutenant, Chief Secretary, Lord Chancellor,

Lord Kingsburgh (Macdonald). Duke of Montrose James Avon Clyde, K. C. Earl Dudley

Earl of Leven and Melville.

(In the Cabinet.) (In the Cabinet.) John Atkinson, K. C.

Attorney-General.

COURTS OF LAW.
HOUSE OF LORDS—Lord High Chancellor, Viscount Haldane, and such peers of Parliament as are holding or have held high judicial office.

ing or have held high judicial office.

Lords of Appeal in Ordinary—Lords Macnaghten, Atkinson, Shaw and Moulton.

Court of Appeal in Ordinary—Lords Macnaghten, Atkinson, Shaw and Moulton.

Court of Appeal—Ex-Officio Judges, The Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of England, the Master of the Rolls, and the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division. Master of the Rolls, Sir Herbert Hardy Cozens-Hardy. Lords Justices, Sir Roland Vaughan Williams, Sir George Farwell, Sir H. Burton Buckley, Sir Wm. Raun Kennedy, Sir John A. Hamilton. High Court of Justice, Chancery Division—President, The Lord High Chancellor. Justices, Sir Matthew Ingle Joyce, Sir C. Swinien Eady, Sir T. Rolls Warrington, Sir Ralph Neville, Sir Robert John Parker, Sir Harry Trelawny Eve.

High Court of Justice, King's Bench Division—Lord Chief Justice of England, Lord Alversione. Justices, Sir Edward Ridley, Sir Charles John Darling, Sir Athrum M. Channell, Sir Walter Phillimore, Bart., Sir Thomas T. Bucknill, Sir Reginald More Bray, Sir Alfred T. Lawrence, Sir William Pickford, Lord Coleridge, Sir Thomas E. Scrutton, Sir John Eldon Bankes, Sir Horace Avory, Sir Thomas Gardner Horridge, Sir Charles Montagu Lush, Sir Sidney A. T. Rowlatt. High Court of Justice, Sir Henry Bargrave Deane.

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEAL—All the Judges of King's Bench Division.

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEAL—All the Judges of King's Bench Division.

Bankey Firty Court—Judge, Sir W. Phillimore, Bart. Registrars, John E. Linklater, Herbert J. Høpe, Henry J. Hood.

Hepe, Henry J. Hood.

This and the following pages of information about the British Empire have been revised for THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1913 by the Editor of Whitaker's Almanack, Loudon,

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT-Continued.

ARMY.

COUNCIL.

Secretary of State for War..... Col. J. E. B. Seely, D. S. O. Chief of the Imperial General Staff—General Sir Master-General of the Ordnance—Maj.-Gen. Sir C. John D. P. French, G. C. B. Adjut' t-General-Lieut.-Gen.Sir J.S. Ewart, K.C.B.

Quartermaster-General-Lieut.-Gen. Sir H. S. G. Miles, K. C. B.

Viscount Wolseley, Colonel Royal Irish Regiment. Earl Roberts, V. C., Colonel Irish Guards, H. M. German Emperor, Col. 1st (Royal) Drag. H. R. H. Duke of Connaught. Sir Evelyn Wood, V. C., Col. Royal Horse Guards, H. I. M. Emperor of Austria-Hungary.

F. Hadden, K. C. B.
Civil Member—
Finance Member—H. T. Baker.
Secretary—Col. Sir E. W. D. Ward, K. C. B.

FIELD MARSHALS:

Lord Grenfell. Sir C. H. Brownlow, G. C. B. Viscount Kitchener of Khartoum, G. C. B. Lord Methuen, G. C. B. Lord Nicholson, G. C. B.

GENERALS-ACTIVE LIST.

R. H. Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, R. R. H. Duke of Cumberland. H. M. King of Spain. Sir Archibald Hunter, K. C. B. Sir J. D. P. French, G. C. B. Sir I. S. M. Hamilton, K. C. B.

Sir O'Moore Creagh, V.C., G.C.B.
Sir E. G. Barrow, G.C.B.
Sir H. M. L. Rundle, G.C. V.O.
Sir C. W. H. Douglas, G.C. B.
Sir L. J. Oliphant, K.C. B.
Sir B. Duff, G.C.B.
Sir B. Duff, G.C.B.
Sir B. Tuff, G.C.V.O.

Sir B. Duff. G. C. B. Sir J. H. Wodehouse, K. C. B.

J. B. Leffe. Sir W. T. Adair, K. C. B. H. C. Eagles. Sir H. L. Smith-Dorrien, K.C.B.

Sir H. F. Grant, G. C. V.O.

NAVY.

NAVY.

LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF THE ADMIRALTY.—First Lord, Rt. Hon. Wiuston Spencer Churchill, M. P.; Senior Naval Lord, Admiral Sir F. C. B. Bridgeman, G. C. V. O.; Second Naval Lord, Admiral H. S. H. Prince Louis of Battenberg, G. C. B. Third Naval Lord and Controller, Rear-Admiral A. G. H. W. Moore, C. V. D.; Junior Naval Lord, Capt. W. C. Pakenham, C. B.; Civil Lords, Rt. Hon. George Lambert, Rt. Hon. Sir F, J. S. Hopwood, G. C. M. G.

Admirals of the Fleet.—Sir Charles F, Hotham, Sir G, H, U. Noel, Sir A. D. Fanshawe. Honorary Admirals of the Fleet.—H. I. M. William II., German Emperor; H. I. M. Nicholas II., Emperor of Russia; H. R. H., Prince Henry of Prussia.

Admirals,—Sir R. N. Custance, Sir W. H. May, Sir E. S. Poō, Sir John Durnford, Hon. Sir H. Meux, Sir F. C. B. Bridgeman, Sir R. Poore, G. A. Gilfard, Sir A. rchibald B. Milne, Bt., Sir G. F. King Hall, H. S. H. Prince Louis of Battenberg, Sir G. Neville. Honorary Admirals—H. M. King of the Hellenes, H. M. King of Norway, H. M. King of Sweden.

VICE-ADMIRALS.—Sir Alfred L. Winsloe, Sir Percy M. Scott, Sir George Le C. Egerton, Charles H. Addir, Sir F. W. Fisher, C. H. Cross, Sir G. A. Callaghan, Sir J. E. C. Goodrich, Sir F. S. Ingled, J. Deuisson, Sir A. W. Paget, R. S. Lowry, Sir H. B. Jackson, Hon. Sir S. C. J. Colvilie, A. M. Farquhar, W. B. Fisher, E. A. Simons, Sir John R. Jellicoe, James Startin, P. W. Bush, G. J. Briggs, F. T. Hamilton.

T. Hamilton.

FLAG-OFFICERS IN COMMISSION.

Home Fleets—Adm, Sir George A. Callaghan (Commander-in-Chief); Vice-Adm, Sir Stanley C. (Commander-in-Chief); Vice-Adin, Sir Stauley C. J. Colville (First Battle Squadron); Rear-Adm. Lewis Bayly (First Cruiser Squadron); Vice-Adin. Sir John R. Jellicoe (Second Battle Squadron); Rear-Adm, Sir George J. S. Warrender (Second Cruiser Squadron); Vice-Adin. Cecil Burney (Third Battle Squadron); Rear-Adm, F. C. D. Stardee (Third Cruiser Squadron); Vice-Adin. Charles J. Briggs (Fourth Battle Squadron), Admiral Sir Richard Poore (None); Admiral Sir Hedwarth Meny (Portspouth). Admiral Sir Wich Meny (Portspouth). Hedworth Meux (Portsmouth); Admiral Sir William H. May (Plymouth).

Second and Third Heets. - Vice-Adm. Frederick T. Hamilton (Commander-in-Chief.

Mediterranean Fleet-Adm. Sir A. Berkeley Milne (Commander-in-Chief).

Eustern Fleet—Vice-Adm, Sir Alfred L. Wins-loe (Commander-in-Chief); Commodore Robert H. Anstruther (China Squadron); Adm. Sir Geo, K. King-Hall (Australia Squadron); Rear-Adm, Sir Alexander E. Bethell (East Indies Squadron).

Cape of Good Hope-Vice-Adm. Paul W. Bush (Commander-in-Chief).

THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH OF ENCLAND.

ENGLISH ARCHBISHOPS.

Trans. 1903. Canterbury, Randall T. Davidson, b. 1848. 1909. York, Cosmo Gordon Lang, b. 1864.

ENGLISH BISHOPS.

App. 1901. London, Arthur Foley W. Ingram, b. 1858. 1901. Durham, Handley Carr Glyn Moule, b. 1841.

1841.

1903. Winchester, Edward Stuart Talbot, b. 1844.

1898. Bangor, W. H. Williams, b. 1845.

1894. Bath and Wells, G. W. Kennion, b. 1846.

1904. Birmingham, H. Russell Wakefield, b. 1854.

1897. Bristol, George Forrest Browne, b. 1833.

1904. Carlisle, J. W. Diggle, b. 1847.

1888. Chester, Francis John Jayne, b. 1845.

1907. Chichester, C. J. Ridgeway, b. 1842.

1895. Ely, Frederick Henry Chase, b. 1854.

1903. Exter, Archivald Robertson, b. 1858.

1905. Honcester, E. C. Sunmer Gibson, b. 1848. 1805. Hereford, John Percival, b. 1834. 1891. Lichfield, Hon. Augustus Legge, b. 1839. 1910. Lincoln, Edmund Lee Hicks, b. 1843.

1900. Liverpool, Francis James Chavasse, b. 1846.

App

App.
1883. Ltandaff, J. P. Hughes, b. 1847.
1903. Manchester, Edward A. Knox, b. 1854.
1907. Newcastle, Norman D. J. Straton, b. 1840.
1910. Norwick, Bettram Pollock, b. 1863.
1901. Oxford, Charles Gore, b. 1853.
1901. Oxford, Charles Gore, b. 1853.
1884. Eipon, Thos. Wortley Drury, b. 1848.
1895. Echester, John R. Harmer, b. 1857.
1903. St. Albans, Edgar Jacob, b. 1844.
1889. St. Asaph, Alfred George Edwards, b. 1848.
1887. St. David's, John Owen, b. 1854.
1885. Satisbury, F. E. Ridgeway, b. 1848.
1907. Sodor and Man, J. D. Thompson, b. 1856.
1905. Southwark, Hubert M. Burge, b. 1862.
1904. Southwark, Hubert M. Burge, b. 1862.
1891. Truro, W. O. Burrows, b. 1858.
1897. Makeheld, George Rodney-Eden, b. 1853.
1901. Worcster, H. W. Yeatman-Biggs, b. 1843.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT-Continued.

DIPLOMATIC INTERCOURSE.

Countries.	British Representatives Abroad.	Foreign Representatives in England.
Argentina	Sir R. T. Tower	V. L. Dominguez.
	Rt. Hon. Sir F. L. Cartwright	
Belgium	Hon, Sir F. H. Villiers	Comte de Lalaing.
Brazil	Sir William H. D. Haggard	Regis de Oliveira.
Chile	H. C. Lowther	A. Edwards.
China	Sir J. N. Jordan	Lieng Yu-hao.
Denmark	Sir Claude M. Macdonald	G. Castenskjold.
Ecuador	C. L. des Graz. F.M. Viscount Kitchenerof Khartoum, K. P.	J. Avilés.
Egypt	F.M. Viscount Kitchener of Khartoum, K. P.	(None.)
France	Rt. Hon. Sir F. L. Bertie	M. Paul Cambon.
German Empire	Rt. Hon, Sir W. E. Goschen	Prince Lichnowsky,
Greece	Sir F. E. H. Elliot	Jean Gennadius.
Giratemala	Sir L. E. Greslev Carden	(Vacant.)
l taly	IRt. Hon. Sir Rennell Rodd	Marg, Imperiali,
Japan	Sir W. Conyngham Greene	Baron Kato.
Mexico	IF. W. Stronge	M. Covarrubias.
Moroceo	Hon, Sir Reginald Lister	(None.)
Netherlands	Hon, Sir Alan Johustone	Baron Gericke van Herwlinen.
Norway	M. de C. Findlay.	B. Vogt.
Persia	M. de C. Findlay. Sir_W. B. Townley	Mirza Medhi Khan.
Peru	C. L. des Graz	Carlos G. Candamo.
Portugal	Sir A. H. Hardinge	Texeira Gomes.
Russia	Rt. Hon. Sir G. W. Buchanan	Count Benckendorff.
Servia	Sir Ralph Paget	(Vacant.)
Siam	Arthur R. Peel.	A. Waradhara.
	Rt. Hon, Sir M. W. E. de Bunsen	
	Vacant	
Switzerland	lEsmé Howard.	Gaston Carlin.
Turkey	Rt. Hon. Sir G. A. Lowther	Tewfik Pacha
United States	Sir C. A. Spring Rice	Whitelaw Reid
Urnonav	Robert J. Kennedy	F R Vidiella

COLONIAL COVERNORS.

Commonwealth of Australia.—Lord Denman. New South Wales.—Sir Gerald Strickland. Victoria.—Sir J. M. Fleetwood-Fuller, Bart. South Australia.—Admiral Sir D. H. Bosanquet, Queensland.—Sir W. MacGregor. West Australia.—Lord Chelmsford. Tasmania.—Maj.-Gen. Sir Hørry Barron. New Zealand.—Earl of Liverpool. South Africa.—Viscount Gladstone, High Com'r. Matra—Lt. Gen. Sir Leslie Rundle. Sodin Africa.—viscount Grastone, Angh. Com. 1 Malta.—Lt. -Gen. Sir Leslie Rundle. Canada.—H. R. H. Duke of Connaught, K. G. Newfondland.—W. E. Davidson. Jamaida..—Sir Sydney H. Olivier. Barbados.—Sir Estlie Probyn. Bahamas.—G. B. Haddon Smith. Bermuda.—Lieut.-Gen. Sir G. M. Bullock. Trinidad.—Sir G. Ruthven Le Hunte.

British Guiana,—Sir W. Egerton,
Hongkong, —Sir F. H. May,
Ceylon, —Col. Sir Henry E. McCallum,
Fjij.—Sir G, B. Sweet-Escott,
Sierra Leone,—Sir E. M. Merewether,
Straits Settlements,—Sir A. H. Young,
Windward Islands,—Sir J. H. Sadler,
Leeward Islands,—Sir H. Bell,
Falkland Islands,—William L. Allardyce,
Mauritius,—Maj, J. R. Chancellor,
Gold Coast Colony,—Sir H. C. Clifford,
British Honduras,—Col. Sir E. J. E. Swayne,
Nigeria,—Col. Sir F. J. D. Lugard,
Gambla (West Africa,)—Sir H. L. Galway,
Eritish East Africa,—H. C. Belfield,
Uganda,—F, J. Jackson,

COVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Viceroy and Governor-General	Lord Hardinge.
Governor of Madras	Lord Pentland.
Governor of Bombay	Col. Sir George S. Clarke.
Governor of Bengal	Lord Carmichael.

wood,

SECRETARIES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE, -W. H. H. Vincent, HOME, -Sir A. Earle, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE, -E. D. Maclagan, FINANCE, -R. W. Gillan; J. B. Brunyate, FOREIGN, -Sir A. H. McMahon. ARMY DEPARTMENT,-Major-Gen. Sir M. H. S.

Grover.

COMMERCEAND INDUSTRY .- Sir B. Robertson.

COMMERCEAND INDUSTRY, -SIT B. ROBERSON.
PUBLIC WORKS, -W. B. GORDON.
Agents to Governor-General: Central India, M.
F. O'Dwyer; Rajputana, Sir E. G. Colvin; Baluchistan, Is.-Col. J. Ramsay; Khorassan, Major P. M. Sykes.

Residents: Hyderabad, Lt.-Col. S. M. Fraser; My- | Northern Army. -Lt.-Gen. Sir J. Willowsore, Lt.-Col. H. Daly; Cushmere, Lt.-Col. A. F. | Southern Army. -Gen. Sir E.C. Barrow.

Pinkey; Baroda, H. V. Cobb; Nepal, Lt.-Col. H. L. Showers; Gwalior, W. E. Jardine; Jaipur, Lt.-Col. B. E. Gurdon; Udaipur, Lt.-Col. J. L. Kaye.

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.—H. E. Gen, Sir O' Moore Creash, V. C. Chief of Staff, Lt.-Gen, Sir P. H. N. Lake, Adutant-General, Major-Gen, F. J. Aylmer, V. C. Quartermaster-General, Major-Gen, W. R. Bird-

GENERAL OFFICERS COMMANDING THE FORCES.

NORTHERN ARMY. -Lt.-Gen. Sir J. Willcocks.

The British Parliament.

THE supreme legislative power of the British Empire is, by its constitution, vested in Parliament, This body consists of two houses, the Lords and the Commons.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

ne House of Loras is composed of the whole Peerage of England and of the United Kingdom, and of certain representative Peers of Scotland and Ireland, but many members of these latter have also English titles which give them seats in the House. The Duke of Buccleuch sits as Earl of Doncaster, and the Duke of Leinster as Viscount Leinster. The House at present consists of 3 Princes of the Blood, 2 Archbishops, 22 Dukes, 24 Marquiese, 128 Earls, 47 Viscounts, 24 Bishops, 348 Barons, 16 Scotlish Representative Peers elected for each Parliament, and 28 Irish Representative Peers elected for life_in all 642 members. The House of Lords is composed of the whole Peerage of England and of the United Kingdom, and elected for life—in all, 642 members.

The Lord Chancellor of England is the Speaker of the House of Lords,

A TABLE OF BRITISH DUKES. Title. Name. Helr to Title. 1868 Abercorn*. James Hamilton, 2d Duke. 1838 1885 Marg. of Hamilton. M. P., s. 1881 Albany† H. R. H. Leopold, 2d Duke (l). 1884 1884 H. R. H. Prince Johann of Saxe-Coburg, s. Argyll John Douglas Sutherland Campbell, 9th 1701 1703 Atholl‡...... 1682 Beaufort..... H. A. 1694 Bedford ... 1673 Buccleuch&(1684) Queensberry: ... W. Montagu-Douglas-Scott, 6th \(\text{Wm. H. W. Monagu-pouglas-scott, 6th Duke (a).} \) \(\text{Duke (a)...} \) \(\text{H. R. H. Arthur William Patrick, 1st Duke 1850} \) \(\text{H. R. H. Edward, Prince of Wales...} \) \(\text{1894 1910} \) \(\text{H. R. H. Edward, Prince of Wales...} \) \(\text{1895 1878} \) \(\text{Earl of Dalkeith, s. Prince Arthur, s. H. R. H. Ernest Augustus, 3d Duke (b)... 1845 1878 Earl of Armagh, s. Victor C. W. Cavendish, 9th duke... 1868 1908 Marq, of Hartington, s. H. H. Princess Alexandra, Duchess of (c)... 1891 1912 H.H. Prin. Maud, sister, Aug. Charles Lennox Fitzroy, 7th Duke (d) 1821 1882 Earl of Euston, s. 1694 Devonshire..... Brandon..... 1694 Leeds..... 1766 Leinster* 1719 Manchester 1702 Marlborough 1707 Montrose‡ 1756 Newcastle Clinton-Hope, b. Gordon & (1675)

s, son; b, brother; c, cousin; n, nephew; u, uncle.

*Irish Dukes. † Royal Dukes, † Scottish Dukes. (a) Eighth Duke of Queensberry, descendant of the Duke of Monmonth, son of King Charles II. (b) Son of King George V., of Hanover. (c) Daughter of the Princess Louise, eldest daughter of King Edward. (d) Descendant of Henry Fitzroy, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and Barbara Villiers. (c) His mother was Miss Yznaga, of New York. His wife (whom he married November 14, 1900) was Miss Helena Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, Ohio. (f) His wife was Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, daughter of William K. Vanderbilt, of New York. (p) Premier Duke. (h) Descendant of Charles Lennox, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and Louise-Renée de Queronalles. (i) Descendant of Charles Beauclerk, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and Nell Gwynne. (f) Grandson of the great Duke of Wellington, the victor of Waterloo. (k) Husband of Princess Louise, sixth child of Queen Victoria. (l) Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. (m) His wife (1903) was Miss Goelet, of New York.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The House of Commons consists of 670 members-465 for England, 30 for Wales, 72 for Scotland,

and 103 for Ireland.

The division of parties in the House of Commons, after the General Election in December, 1910, was as follows: Liberals, 272; Nationalists, 76; Independent Nationalists, 8, and 42 Labor members: Unionists, 272; the ministerial majority being 126; the majority on December 1, 1912, was 108.

The Speaker of the House is the Rt. Hon. James William Lowther. M. P. for Penrith.

Population of Great Britain and Freland.

CENSUS OF 1911. ENGLAND.

			132101	JAKET D.			
Counties.	Population.	Counties.	Population.	Counties,	Population.	COUNTIES.	Population.
Bedford	197,660	Essex	1,329,466	Middlesex	1,144,758	Stafford	1,359,718
Berks	303.428	Gloncester	672,581	Monmouth	414,730	Suffolk	382,748
Bucks	193,951	Hants	915,503	Norfolk	488,630	Surrey	919,977
Cambridge	215,122		113,088	Northampton.	363,892	Sussex	666,876
Chester	895,410	Hertford	286,998	Northumber-	,	Warnick	1,024,196
Cornwall	325,315	Huntingdon	48,105	land	697,014	Westmoreland	63,575
Cumberland	265,780	Kent	1,019,870	Nottingham	716,517	Wiltshire	279,391
Derby	547,768	Lancaster	4,825,739	Oxford	198,499	Worcester	562,383
Devon	701,981	Leicester	481,115	Rutland	21,168	York	3,969,151
Dorset	220,502	Lincoln	557,543	Salop	266,054		
Durham		London	4,522,961	Somerset	491,320	Total	34,047,659
			SCOTI				
Aberdeen	1 311 350	Edinburgh	507.6621	Lanark	1,447,113	Roxburgh	47,192
Argyll		Elgin or	001,004	Linlithgow	79,456	Selkirk	24,600
	268,332	Moray	43,427	Nairn	9,319	Shetland	27,911
Ayr Banff	61,402	Fife.	267,794	Orkney	25,896	Stirling	161,003
Berwick		Forfar	281,415	Peebles	15,258	Sutherland	20,180
Bute		Haddington	43,253	Perth	124,339	Wigtown	31,990
Caithness		Inverness	87,270	Renfrew	314,594		01,000
Clackmannan.		Kincardine	41,007	Ross and Cro-	021,001	Total	4,759,521
Dumbarton		Kinross	7,528	marty	77,353		1,100,022
Dumfries		Kirkendbrigh t					
			WA				
Anglesey	35,368	Carnarvou	141.776	Merioneth	60,292	Radnor	17,504
Brecon	56,380	Denbigh	136,819	Montgomery			
Cardigan	80,768	Flint	69,737	Pembroke	84,869	Total	2,027,610
Carmarthen	151,077	Glamorgan	1,130,818		1		2,02.,010
			IREL				
LEINSTER.	1	Westmeath	59.812	ULSTER.	1 1	Tyrone	142,437
Carlow	36,151	Wexford	102,287	Antrim & Bel-		CONNAUGHT.	112,101
Dublin	476,909	Wicklow	60,603	fast Co. Boro.	478,603	Galway	181.686
Kildare	66,498	MUNSTER.	00,000	Armagh	119,625		63,557
Kilkenny	74,821	Clare	104,064	Cavan.	91,071	Mayo	191,969
King's	56,769	Cork & Co. Boro	391,190	Donegal	168,420	Roscommon	93,904
Longford	43,794	Kerry	159,268	Down	304,589	Sligo	78,850
Louth	63,402	Limerick	142,846	Fermanagh	61,811	ongo	10,000
Meath	64,920	Tipperary	151,951	Londonderry		Total	4,381,951
Queen's		Waterford		Monaghan	71.395	-0.000	4,001,001
	. 51,002		. 30,100				

The population returns are from the official census of Great Britain and Ireland taken in the Spring of 1911. The total population, excluding army, navy, and merchant seamen abroad, is 45,216,741.

The	Cí	tp	of London.		
Lord Mayor. Ala	l. Shift. A	<i>Layor</i>		Ald. S	hff. Mayor
Sir David Buruett, Kt			Sir William Purdie Treloar, Bart	1892	1900 1905 1899 1906
Sir Henry Edmund Knight, Kt 187	4 1875	1882		1894	1901 1907
Sir Joseph Savory, Bart	88 1894 88 1894	1890 1895			1902 1908 1903 1909
Sir Alfred James Newton, Bart 189	0 1888	1899			2000 2000
Sir Marcus Samuel, Bart 189	1 1894	1902		1897	1904 1910
Sir John Pound, Bart 189	2 1895	1904	Sir Thomas Boor Crosby, Kt., M.D.	1898	1906 1911
All the	e above l	rave pe	assed the Civic Chair.		
Sir T. Vansittart Bowater, Kt 190					1901
Sir Charles Johnston 190	7 1910		Edward Ernest Cooper	1909	1912
Sir Charles C. Wakefield 190	8 1907			1910	1909
Sir Wi llam Hy. Dnnn, Kt 190	9 1906			1912	1909
Charles Augustin Hanson 190	9 1911		John Humphery	1912	
Sir George Joseph Woodman, Kt. 190			Edward Cecil Moore	1912	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
The Lord Mayor has an annual sa	lary of	£10,0	000, or \$50,00 0.		

Population of London.

LONDON WITHIN VARIOUS BOUNDARIES.	Area in Statute	POPULATION.			
TOURDAY WITHIN VARIOUS BOUNDARIES.	Acres.	1891.	1901.	1911.	
Administrative County of London. City of London within Municipal and Parliamentary Limits. Metropolitan Parliamentary Boroughs (including the City) Metropolitan and City Police Districts (Greater London)	671 75.442	4,228,317 37,705 4,282,118 5,633,806	4,536,267 26,923 4,563,200 6,581,402	4,522,961 19,657 4,542,618 7,252,963	

The German Government.

(For the Ministry, see Index.)

THE REICHSTAG.

The members number 397, politically divided as follows: Social Democrats 110; Centre (Cierleals) 99 (inclusive 9 Alsace-Lorraine); Conservatives 56 (inclusive 8 Agrarian, 3 Reform); National Liberals 46 (inclusive 2 Independents, 1 Dane); Poles 18; Imperial 15 (inclusive 2 Independents); Miscellaneous 10 (comprising 5 Welfen, 1 National Liberal, 1 Free Conservative, 1 Centre, 2 Bavarian Banemburgh) Bauernbund).

THE ARMY.

THE ARMY.

The Commander-in-Chief is the Emperor.

Chief of the Emperor's Military Cabinet.—Freiherr von Lyncker.

Field-Marshal-Generals—Baron von Loë, von Hahnke, Prince Leopold of Bavarla, Count von Haeseler, Prince Bernard of Saxe-Meiningen, von Bock und Polach, Grandduke of Baden, Baron von der Goltz.

Von der Goltz.

General Staff, Chief-General von Moltke,
Corps Commanders-First Corps, Eastern Prussia, Königsberg, General von Kluck; Second Corps,
Pomerania, Stettin, Lieutenant-General von Linsingen; Third Corps, Berlin, General von Bülow;
Fourth Corps, Magdeburg, General Stat von Arnim; Fifth Corps, Posen, General von Strantz, Sixth
Corps, Breslau, General von Pritzelwitz; Seventh Corps, Münster, General von Einem, General von
Rothmaler; Eighth Corps, Cobleuz, General von Pietz; Ninth Corps, Altona, Lieutenant-General
von Plettenberg; Tenth Corps, Hanover, General tenmich; Eleventh Corps, Cassel, General
von Pletsenberg; Tenth Corps, Hanover, General tenmich; Eleventh Corps, Cassel, General
Duke Albrecht von Württemberg; Fourteenth Corps, Carlsruhe, General von Hoiningen; Fitteenth
Corps, Strassburg, General von Fabeck; Sixteenth Corps, Metz, General von Hoiningen; Fitteenth
Corps, Strassburg, General von Fabeck; Sixteenth Corps, Metz, General von Prittwitz und
Gaffron; Seventeenth Corps, Dantzic, General von Mackensen; Eighteenth Corps, Frankfort-on-Main,
General von Eichhorn; Nineteenth Corps, Leipsic, General von Kirchbäch; First Bavarian Army Corps,
Munich, General Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria; Second Bavarian Army Corps, Würzburg, General
Von Loewenfeld. Loewenfeld.

THE NAVY.

The supreme command is exercised by the Emperor.

Inspector-General, Prince Henry of Prussia; Chief of the Admiralty, Admiral von Tirpitz; Chief of Staff, Rear Admiral von Henry of Prussia; Chief of the Admiral von Holtzendorff; Commander of North Sea Station, Count von Baddissin; Battle Station, Admiral Coerper; First Squadron, Rear Admiral Pohl; Second Squadron, Rear Admiral von Ingenohl, Cruiser Squadron, Rear Admiral Kroslgk; Scouts Division, Rear Admiral Bachman.

French Government. (For the Ministry, see Index.)

.....ARMAND FALLIERES. President . . The annual allowance to the President of the Republic is 600,000 francs. with a further allowance of 600,000 francs for his expenses. The Presidential term of M. Fallieres will expire January 17, 1913, the date of the next election, and the new President will assume office a month later.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.—President, Antonin Dubost; Vice-Presidents, MM. Cordelet, Lecomte, Lintilhac, Ratier; Secretary-General, M. Hustin.

CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.—President, M. Paul Deschanel; Vice-Presidents, MM. Dron, Etienne,

Massé, Poech; Secretary-General, M. Launoy.

The Senators number about 300, and are at present politically divided into about 156 members of the Radical and Radical-Socialist "Left", party, 55 members belonging to the Republican "Left", 19 Independents, 58 Republican Unionists, and 23 "Right", representative of the various shades of

the Radical and Radical-Socialist. 'Left' party, 50 members belonging to the Papananal Left, 19 Independents, 58 Republican Unionists, and 23 'Right', representative of the various shades of the opposition.

The Deputies number 592, and are divided into the following groups: 73 members belonging to the Democratic ''Left' party, 113 Radical ''Left', 25 Independents, 76 Progressive Republicans, 148 Radical-Socialists, 32 Republican-Socialists, 32 members of the ''Liberal-Action' party, and 19 members of the ''Right'', including Nationalists, Royalists and Bonapartists.

THE ARMY.

Supreme Commander—General Joffre, Conseil Superiour de Guerre: Generals Gallieni, Meunier, Marion, Menestrel, Michel, Pau, Archinard, Laffon de Ladebat, Naunoury, de Aurières de Castelnau, Millary Governor of Paris—General Maunovry.

Ommanders of the Corps Armee—First Corps, Lille, General Davignon; Second Corps, Amiens, General Picquart; Third Corps, Rouen, General Valabrigue; Fourth Corps, Le Mans, General Bouleau; Eighth Corps, Spanges, General Davignon; Second Corps, Naunes, General Dubali; Tenth Corps, Rennes, General Sordet; Eleventh Corps, Nauntes, General Twith Corps, Rennes, General Sordet; Eleventh Corps, Nauntes, General Pelletier; Tourtenth Corps, Montpellier, General Faurie; Seventeenth Corps, Toulouse, General Plagnol; Eighteenth Corps, Montpellier, General Faurie; Seventeenth Corps, Toulouse, General Plagnol; Eighteenth Corps, Nondenth Corps, Nondenth Corps, Nancy, General Oudard; Nontetenth Corps, Naunes, General Plagnol; Eighteenth Corps, Nancy, General Goutschop; Commander-General of Orlonial Corps of Armee, General Vautier (Paris).

THE NAVY.

Commanders of Squadrons and Divisions of Squadrons—First, Admiral Boule de Lapeyrère (flagship Danton); Second, Vice-Admiral Bellue (flagship Waldeck Rousseau). Squadron of Ertreme Orient—Rear-Admiral Colloch de Kerilli (flagship Montcalm).

Captain Simon (flagship Du Chayla).

The Russian Government.

(For the Ministry, see Index.)
COUNCIL OF THE EMPIRE

The Commander-in-Chief is the Emperor. Communitations—Control of the Emperor.

Communitation of Military Conscriptions—First Conscription, Petersburg, H. I. H. the Grand Duke Nikolai Nikolayewitsch. Second Conscription, Vilna, General Martson. Third Conscription, Warsaw General Skalon. Fourth Conscription, Klew, General Rennenkampf. Fifth Conscription, Qdessa, General Sarnbajeff. Sixth Conscription, Moscow, General Ivanoff. Seventh Conscription,

THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT-Continued.

Kazan, General of Infantry Sandetzky. Eighth Conscription, Don, General Voronzoff. Ninth Conscription, Cancasus, General Woronzow Daschkow. Tenth Conscription, Turkestan, General Samsan. Eleventh Conscription, Western Siberia, General Szmit. Twelfth Conscription, Irkutsk. General Brilevitch. Thirteenth Conscription, Amoor, General Valjneff.

THE NAVY.

Commander-in-Chief-Vacant since death of Grand Duke Alexis,

The Italian Government.

(For the Ministry, see Index.)

PARLIAMENT.

President of the Senate-Signor Manfredi. President of the Chamber of Deputies-Signor Marcora. THE ARMY.

Chief of Staff-Lieutenaut-General Pollio.

Corps Commanders—Turin, Lieutenant-General Brusati Roberto; Alessandria, Lieutenant-General Massone; Milan, Lieutenant-General di Maio; Genoa, Lieutenant-General Tommasi; Verona, Lieutenant-General Ragni; Bologna, Lieutenant-General Nava; Ancona, Lieutenant-General Aliprindi; Florence, Lieutenant-General Della Noce; Rome, Lieutenant-General Frugoni; Naples, Lieutenant-General Grandi; Bari, Lieutenant-General Panizzardi; Palermo, Lieutenant-General Marini.

COMMANDERS OF MILITARY DIVISIONS.

COMMANDERS OF MILITARY DIVISIONS.

1. Turin, Lieutenant-General Escard; 2. Novara, Lieutenant-General de la Forest de Divonne; 3. Alessandria, Lieutenant-General Vandero; 4. Cuneo, Major-General Enrico De Chauvand de St. Eustache; 5. Milan, Lieutenant-General Vandero; 4. Cuneo, Major-General Enrico De Chauvand de St. Eustache; 5. Milan, Lieutenant-General Tirombi; 6. Brescia, Lieutenant-General Marazzi; 7. Piacenza, Lieutenant-General Nicolij di Robilant; 8. Genoa, Lieutenant-General Ricci; 9. Verona, Lieutenant-General Porro; 10. Padova, Lieutenant-General Garioni; 11. Bologna, Lieutenant-General Carlo Ruella; 12. Rayemna, Lieutenant-General Grippo; 13. Ancona, Lieutenant-General de Chaurand de Saint Fustache; 16. Livorno, Lieutenant-General Broica; 17. Rome, Lieutenant-General Ceneral D'Alvsando; 21. Bari, Lieutenant-General Broici; 20. Salerno, Lieutenant-General Lequio; 23. Palermo, Lieutenant-General Piacentinia Alberto; 24. Messina, Lieutenant-General Reijoli; 25. Cagliari, Lieutenant-General Druetti Majorga.

President of the Council—Admiral H. R. H. Prince Thomas, Duke of Genoa. Commanders of Squadrons—Active, Vice-Admiral Viale; Second Squadron, Vice-Admiral Amero.

The Austrian-Hungarian Government.

(For the Ministry, see Index.)

THE AUSTRIAN REICHSRATH.

President of the House of Lords-Prince Alfred Windischgrätz. Vice-Presidents-Prince Fürstenberg and Prince Schoenburg. President of the House of Deputies-Dr. Julius Sylvester.

THE HUNGARIAN REICHSTAG.

President of the House of Magnates-Count Albin Csaky. President of the House of Representatives-Count Stephan Tisza.

THE ARMY.

Commander-in-Chief, The Emperor and King. Representative of the Commander-in-Chief, Archduke Franz Ferdinand, G. d. K.; Chief of General Staft, F. M. L. Blasius Schemua.

Inspectors-General of Troops—G. d. I. Archduke Frederick; F. Z. M. Oscar Potiorek; G. d. I. Liborius von Frank; G. d. I. Baron Franz Conrad von Hötzendorf; G. d. I. Franz Schoedler. Cavalry-Inspector, G. d. K. Rudolf von Bruderman. Artillery-Inspector, F. Z. M. Archduke Leopold Salvator. Inspector of Fortifications, F. Z. M. Adlbert Benda.

Commander of the Imperial and Royal Austrian Reserves (Landwehr)—G. d. I. Archduke

Frederick.

Frederick.
Commander of the Royal Hungarian Reserves (Honved)—G. d. K. Baron Wilhelm von Klobucar.
Corps Commanders—First Corps, Cracow, G. d. K. Eduard von Böhm-Ermolli; Second Corps,
Vienna, G. d. I. Albert von Ziegler; Third Corps, Graz, F. Z. M. Baron Ernest von Lei. Iner; Fourth Corps,
Nindapest, F. M. L. Karl Tersztyánsky von Nádas; Fifth Corps, Poszony (Presburg), temporarily,
F. M. L. Paul Puhallo von Brlog; Sixth Corps, Kassa (Kaschau), F. M. L. Svetozar Boroevic von
Bojna; Screenth Corps, Temesvar, F. M. L. Otto Meixner von Zweienstmm; Eighth Corps, Prague,
F. M. L. Baron Anton Giesl von Gieslingen; Ninth Corps, Leitmeritz, G. d. I. Adolf Rummer von
Rummershol; Tenth Corps, Przemysl, G. d. K. Heinrich von Kummer-Palkenfehd; Eleventh Corps,
Lemberg, F. M. L. Desiderius Koloswáry de Kolosvár; Twedthh Corps, Nagyszeben (Hermannstadt),
G. d. I. Hermann Kövess de Kövesshaza; Thirteenth Corps, Agram, G. d. I. Raimund Gerba; Fourteenth Corps, Innsbruck, F. M. L. Victor Dankl; Filteenth Corps, Sarajevo, F. M. L. Michael Edler von
Appel; Sixteenth Corps, Ragusa, G. d. I. Lothar Edler von Hortstein.

Notte—G. d. I., General of Infantry; G. d. K. General of Cavalry; F. Z. M., Feldzeugmeister;

Note-G. d. I., General of Infantry; G. d. K. General of Cavalry; F. Z. M., Feldzeugmeister; F. M. L., Field Marshal-Lieutenant; G. M., Major-General.

The Spanish Government.

(For the Ministry, see Index.)
THE CORTES.

SENATE—President, His Excellency Don, Eugenio Montero Rios; Vice-Presidents, Don Amos Salvador, Don Antonio Lopez Muñoz, Don Amalio Gimeno, Don Agustine de Luque; General Secretaries, Don Francisco Garcia Molinas, Don Juan de Ranero, Marquis de Laurencin, Count de Bernar.

THE CONGRESS—President, His Excellency the Count of Romanones; Vece-Presidents, Don Antonio Aura Boronat, Don Martin Rosales, Don Francisco Aparicio Ruiz, Don Joaquin Ruiz Jiminez; General Secretaries, Don Santos Arlas de Miranda, Don Carlos Castel, Don Francisco Pi y Arsuaga, Don Joaquin Espin.

The number of Senators is 351 and they are politically divided as follows (October, 1912): Liberals

THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT-Continued.

197, Conservatives 70, Democrats 24, Independents 22, Archbishops and Bishops 18, Carlists 8, Republicans 6, Regionalists 5, and Integrists 1.

The number of Deputies is 383 and they are politically divided as follows (October, 1911): Liberals and Democrats 214, Conservatives 104, Republicans 24, Independents 10, Carlists 9, Regionalists 8, Integrists 2, Socialists 1, Federals and Nationalists 10 and Agrarians I.

THE ARMY

Supreme Commander—General Agustine Luque, Minister of War.

Military Governor of Madrid—General José de Bascaran. Supreme Council of the Army—General
Sanchez Valdes, General Manique de Lara, General Sanchez Gampomanes, General Ramon Auñon.

Captain-General of Madrid—General Marina.

Capiain-General of Mauria—General Marina. Capiain-General of Barcelona—General Valeriano Weyler. Headquarters Siaff of the Army—Chief-General Gonzalez Pairado and General Alvaro Suarez Valdés. Aide-de-Camp to the King—Duke of Santo Mauro, Marquis of Viana.

THE NAVY.

Supreme Commander—Admiral José Pidal, Minister of Marine.

Supreme Council of the Navy—Admiral Auñon, Admiral Estrada, Vice-Admiral Don Juan de la Matta. Port Capitain—Don Alvaro Blanco. Secretary—Don Guillermo Garcia Parreño.

The Japanese Government.

IMPERIAL DIET.

HOUSE OF PEERS-President, Prince Tokugawa; Vice-President, Marquis Kuroda; Secretary-Gen-Mr. Ota.

eral, Mr. Ota.

The composition of the House of Peers is as follows: Princes of Blood 13, Princes 16, Marquises 31, Counts 17, Viscounts 73, Barons 90, Imperial Nominees 124, Representatives of Highest Taxpayers 45; total, 409.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—President, Mr. Ooka; Vice-President, Mr. Sekl; Secretary-General, Mr.

Hayashida.

The number of members is as follows (the division by political parties is only approximate): Selyukai 190, Progressives 77, Daido Club 32, Yuku Club 27, Independents 53; total, 379. THE ARMY.

Supreme Commander-His Imperial Majesty.

Supreme Commander—His Imperial Majosty.

War Minister—Lieutenant-General Baron Uyehara. Field Marshals—General Prince Yamagata, General Prince Oyama, General Count Oku. Chief of General Staff—General Viscount Hasegawa. Consul Superieur de la Guerre—General H. I. H. Prince Fushimi, General Viscount Kawamura, General Viscount Y. Oshima, General Viscount H. Oshima, General Viscount Terauchi.

Military Governor of Tokio—General Viscount Kawamura. Commanders of Division d'Armee—Imperial Guard Division, General H. I. H. Prince Kan-In: First Division, Tokio, General Baron Kigoshi; Second Division, Sendal, General Nishana: Third Division, Nagoya, General Baron Watanabe; Fourth Division, Osaka, General Maron Utilinone; Fith Division, Hiroshima, General General Guardi, Sixth Division, Kumamoto, General Umezawa; Seventh Division, Asahirawa, General Hayashi; Eighth Division, Hirosaki, General Kolzumi; Ninth Division, Kanazawa, General Kamlo; Tenth Division, Himeji, General Matsukawa; Eleventh Division, Takata, General Yoda; Fourteenth Division, Usunomiya, General Baron Yamanda; Fifteenth Division, Toyohashi, General Uchiyama; Sizteenth Division, Kyoto, General Baron Yamanda; Fifteenth Division, Okayama, General Semba; Eighteenth Division, Kurume, General Semba; Eighteenth Division, Kurume, General The NAYY.

THE NAVY.

Admirals of the Fleet—Count Ito, Viscount Inouye. Commander-in-Chief of First Squadron—Admiral Baron S. Dews. Commander-in-Chief of Second Squadron—Vice-Admiral M. Yoshimatsu. Commander-in-Chief of Third Squadron—Rear-Admiral M. Naws. Admiral in Command of the Reserve Squadron at Yososuka—Rear-Admiral H. I. H. Prince Higashi-Fushimi. Admiral in Command of the Reserve Squadron at Kure—Rear-Admiral Sento. Admiral in Command of the Reserve Squadron at Maizuru—Rear-Admiral T. Kurol.

The Swiss Government.

THE FEDERAL COUNCIL is elected tri-annually (re-elections are in vogue) by Congress, bers for the period ending December 31, 1912, are as follows: Messrs. Perrier, E. Müller, A. Hoffmann,

Molta, Decoppet, L. Forrer, Schulthess.

The Federal Council is the chief executive body of the confederation, and acts as a unit. members are the directors of the respective departments of Interior, Justice, Military Finance, Commerce, Post and Railroads. The chairman of the Federal Council is the nominal President Switzerland, President—IN, Müller. The vice-president will doubtless be president in 1913. The members take this office in rotation. The president is the chief of the Department of Foreign Affairs.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY—189 members. Groups: 114 Radical-Democrats, 38 Roman Catholic Conservatives, 15 Socialists, 13 Centrum, 5 Social-Political, 4 "Wild." They are elected by the people. NATIONAL STATE COUNCIL—2 from each canton. The elections are under cantonal regulation. Military—Chief of Department—Federal Councillor Hoffmann. Chief of General Stay—Corps Commander T. Sprecher von Bernegs.

President of the Supreme Court of Switzerland-Dr. V. Merz.

The Portuguese Government.

The permanent President of the Republic of Portugal is Manuel de Arriaga, elected in August, 1911. The new ministry has been constituted as follows: Premier and Minister of the Interior—Duarti Leite; Minister of Justice—Carrela de Lemos; Minister of Finance—Vincenti Ferrela; Minister of Public Works—Loctor Costa Ferrelra; Minister of War—Colonel Carrela Barreto; Minister of Marine—Fernandez Costa; Minister of the Colonies—Cerveirad Albuqueque e Castro; Minister of Foreign Affairs—Augusto de Vasconceelos. During 1911 the United States and most of the European nations officially recognized the republic. A rising in northern Portugal in the Autumn in favor of the restoration of the monarchy was easily suppressed. Ex-King Manuel in the meanwhile is residing in England. Another rising in favor of the restoration of the monarchy was suppressed in the Summer of 1912. Nevertheless the Republic does not appear to rest on a very solid foundation.

Minisian of Africa AMONG THE EUROPEAN POWERS.

	Area.	Population.		Area.	Population
BRITISH AFRICA: Basu-			GERMAN AFRICA: Togo-		
toland, Bechuanaland	ı		land, Cameroons, South		
Protectorate, Cape Col- ony, Central Africa, East Africa Protecto-			West Africa, East Africa	930,000	15,000,000
rate, Uganda Protecto- rate, Zanzibar Protecto-			trea, Somaliland PORTUGUESE AFRICA:	191,000	750,000
rate, Mauritius, Natal, Niger Coast Protecto-	1		Angola, the Congo, Gninea, East Africa		
rate, Territory of the Royal Niger Co., South			and Islands	800,000	9,000,000
Africa, West Africa, Zululand and Islands,			de Oro, Adrar, Fer- uando Po and Islands	88,000	250,000
and the Boer colonies*. FRENCH AFRICA: Alge-	2,132,840	40,000,000	TURKISH AFRICA: Mediterranean Coast,		
ria, Senegal, French Soudan and the Niger,	1		Egypt, Soudan.*† BELGIAN AFRICA. The	1,713,000	
Gaboon and Guinea Coast, Cougo Region.	1		Congo State	800,000	15,000,000
Somali Coast, Madagas- car and Islands	4,300,000	36,600,000	Total	10,954,840	131,350,000

^{*} Egypt and the Egyptian Soudan, although nominally under the suzerainty of Turkey, are really controlled by Great Britain, and it is only a matter of time as to when they will be incorporated into the British Empire. Adding Egypt and the Soudau to the British Empire would increase the figures above given to 3,700.000 square miles and 54,000,000 population. †The war between Turkey and Bulgaria and its allies may cause further changes.

The remaining territory of Africa unoccupied is a part of the great Desert of Sahara and the Independent States of Abyssinia, Morcoco and Liberia. Even this territory, except the last, is destined to pass under the power of the Europeans. The figures are from "Whitaker's Almanack."

The Union of South Africa.

A FEDERATION of four British Colonies in South Africa, namely, the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, the Transvaal and Orange Free State, was formed provisionally in 1909 by a convention held at Capetown. The federation was confirmed by an act passed by the British Parliament August 16, 1909, and the date appointed for the establishment of the Union was fixed for May 31, 1910. Viscount Gladstone was appointed Governor-General and assumed office on that date.

The act of Union vested the executive government in the King and his successors, a Governor-General advised by an executive council and ministers of state. Legislative power was vested in a Parliament composed of the King, a Senate of forty members, eight nominated for ten years by the Governor-General in council, and eight for each original province elected for ten years by the two houses of the Colonial legislature stiting together, and a House of Assembly, consisting of members chosen as follows: From the Cape of Good Hope, 51; Natal, 17; Transvaal, 36; Orange Free State, 17. The Governor-General has the power to summon, prorouge and dissoive Parliament, and that body shall sit annually.

Provision is made for an Administrator for each province for five years, appointed by the Governor-General, and a provincial council elected for three years.

Pretoria, in the Transvaal, is the seat of Government of the Union, and Cape Town the meeting place of Parliament. The English and Dutch languages are both official. It is provided that the British South African Company's territories may be received into the Union and the government of native territories may be transferred to the Union Government.

The area of the Union of South Africa is as follows, in square miles: Cape of Good Hope, 276,995; Natal, 35,371; Transvaal, 11,426; Orange Free State, 50,392. Total Union, 473,184.

The population is as follows: Cape of Good Hope, 2,563,024; Natal, 1,191,958; Transvaal, 1,676,611; Orange Free State, 50,892. Total Union, 473,184.

The Commonwealth of Australia.

THE Commonwealth of Australia consists of the six original Australian colonies: THE Commonwealth of Australla consists of the six original Australian colonles: New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania, Each of these is a self-governing State, except as to the powers reserved to the Confederation. The Commonwealth of Australia was proclaimed at Sydney, January 1, 1901. Legislative power is vested in a Federal Parliament, consisting of the King—represented by a Governor-General—a Senate and a House of Representatives. The Senate consists of thirty-six Senators—six for each State—chosen for six years. The House of Representatives consists of seventy-five members, distributed as follows: New South Wales, 27; Victoria, 22; Queensland, 29; South Australia, 7; Western Australia, New South 5; Tasmania, 5.

5; Tasmania, 5.
The legislative powers of the Federal Parliament embrace commerce, shipping, finance, defence, post-office, telegraph, census and statistics and conciliation and arbitration in industrial disputes extending beyond the limits of any one State. Authority is given to the Commonwealth to assume jurisdiction regarding rallways, lighthouses, marriage and divorce, and emigration and immigration. The executive power is vested in the Governor-General, assisted by an Executive Council of responsible ministers. There is also a Federal Judicature. The present seat of government is at Melbourne, the Federal capital (Yas Canberra) being in process of building. The area of the Commonwealth, with the Territories (Northern Territory, Papua), and Federal District (Yas Canberra), is 3,063,234 square miles, and the population (census, 1911) is 4,805,005.

Each of the States has its own Parliament, Governor, Ministry and Judiciary.

Dominion of Canada.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT-OTTAWA.

Governor-General—Field-Marshal H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, P.C., K.G., K.T., K.P., G. C. B., G. C. S. I., G. C. M. G., G. C. I.E., G. C. V. O. Salary, \$50,000.

MINISTRY.

The salary of each member of the Dominion Cabinet holding a portfolio is \$7,000 per annum, except the Premier, who receives \$12,000. The leader of the Opposition receives \$7,000. The present Ministry was sworn into office October 10, 1911. It is conservative in politics.

Secretary of State and Minister of Mines-Hon. Louis Coderre.

Foster.

ROSIET.
Minister of Justice—Hon, Charles J. Doherty.
Minister of Marine and Fisheries and Minister of
the Naval Service—Hon. John D. Hazen.
Minister of Millia and Defence—Hon. Samuel

Hughes.

The present military was swort into oince occorded by 1811. It is conservative in points. Premier and President of the Privy Council—Right Hon. Robert Laird Borden.

Secretary of State and Minister of Mines—Hon. Louis Coderre.

Minister of Public Works—Hon. Robert Rogers.

Minister of Trade and Commerce—Hon. George E.

Minister of Railways and Canals—Hon. Francis Cookers. Cochrane

Minister of the Interior-Hon. William J. Roche. Minister of the Interior—Hon, William J Minister of Customs—Hon, John D, Reid Minister of Inland Revenue—Hon, V Nantel. Wilfrid B

Minister of Labor-Hon, Thomas W. Crothers.

WITHOUT PORTFOLIO.

Hon, George H. Perley. Hon. Albert E. Kemp. Hon. James A. Lougheed. The Senate (Dominion Parliament) is composed of 87 members. The Speaker's salary is \$4,000. Each senator receives a sessional indemnity of \$2,500. The House of Commons is composed of 221 members. The Speaker receives a salary of \$4.000. Each member of the House receives a sessional indemnity of \$2,500. The members of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the several provinging the service of the House of Commons are elected under the service of the House of Commons are elected under the service of the House of Commons are elected under the service of the House of Commons are elected under the service of the House of Commons are elected under the service of the House of Commons are cial franchises, in accordance with a federal act passed in 1898, by the Crown on the nomination of the Governor in Council The Senators are appointed for life

AREA, POPULATION AND SEATS OF GOVERNMENT, AND LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS OF THE PROVINCES.

Provinces.	Area, Square Miles,*	Popula- tion, 1911.	Seats of Government.	Lieutenant-Governors.	Ap- point- ed.
Alberta†. British Columbia. Manitoba. New Brunswick. Nova Scotia. Ontario. Prince Edward Island Quebec. Saskatchewan†. N. W. Territories Yukon Territory.	355,855 251,832 27,985 21,428 407,262 2,184 706,834 251,700 1,242,224	392,480 455,614 351,889 492,338 2,523,274 93,728 2,003,238 492,432 17,196	Victoria. Winnipeg Fredericton Halifax. Toronto Charlottetown Quebec. Regina. Ottawa	Hon, G. H. V. Bulyea (2d term). Hon, T. W. Patterson. Hon, D. C. Cameron. Hon, J. D. MacGregor. Hon, J. D. MacGregor. Hon, J. M. Gibson. Hon, B. Roger. Hon, Sir Francois Langlier. Hon, T. D. Brown. LtCol. Frederick White, Com r George Black, Com'r.	1909 1911 1912 1910 1908 1910 1911 1910
Total	3,729,665	7,205,364	1		

*Land and water included in area. † Alberta and Saskatchewan were erected into provinces in 1905, by the Extension act of 1912, the area of Ontario was increased by 146,400 square miles, Quebec by 354,961, and Manitoba by 178,100.

High Commissioner In London, England, Lord Strathcona and Mt. Royal, G.C.M.G. Salary, \$10,000.
The Dominion of Canada has an area of 3, 729, 665 square miles (excluding the Hudson Bay,

the Gulf of St. Lawrence and all tidal waters) and comprises one-sixteenth of the land surface of the globe. It is the largest of all the British possessions, Australia, the next in size, containing 2,946,691 square miles. The Government of Canada is federal, centred at Ottawa, which city is the capital of the Dominion, while the provinces have their respective local Legislatures. The head of the Federal Government is the Governor-General, appointed by the King of Great Britain, and holding office for five years, his salary being paid by the Dominion Government.

The Lieutenant-Governors of the several provinces are appointed by the Federal Government for a term of five years. The Legislatures are elected by the people of each province. The highest Court in the Dominion is the Supreme Court. composed of a Chief Justice and five Judges, each of whom receives a salary of \$9,000 per annum, except the Chief Justice, who is paid an additional \$1,000. From the decisions of this Court the only tribunal to which appeal can be made is to the Judicial Committee of the Imperial Privy Council of Great Britain. The only other Federal Court is the Exchequer Court, presided over by a single Judge, for trying cases connected with the revenue. Salary \$8,000. All others are of a provincial character, limited to jurisdiction in their respective provinces only.

FINANCES.

Revenue (financial year ending March 31, 1912), \$136.108,217 of which \$85,051,872 was from customs, \$19,261,662 from excise, \$10,492,394 from post-office, \$11,651,947 from public works, including Government railways; inscellaneous, \$9,650,342. The revenue in 1911 amounted to \$111,780,410, and in 1910 it was 101,503,711.

The expenditure on account of consolidated fund was \$98,161,441, of which \$12,259,397 was for interest; 4,774,678 for civil government; \$1,300,514 for administration of justice; \$2,439,807 for legislation, \$2,128,242 for light-house and coast service; \$1,904,514 for mail subsidies and steamship subventions; \$1,756,665 for Indians; \$843,857 for fisheries; \$679,069 for department of mines and scientific institutions; \$2,771,636 for arts, agriculture and statistics; \$7,580,600 for militia and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ lete; \$30,996,041 for public works; \$10,281,045 for subsidies to provinces; \$9,172,035 for post-office; \$13,083,469 for all ways and canals; \$2,443,846 for collecting customs revenue; \$1,128,908 for ocean and river service; \$1,365,000 for immigration; \$696,663 for mounted police; \$1,901,494 for mays service. naval service.

DOMINION OF CANADA—Continued.

NATIONAL DEBT.

The gross public debt of Canada on March 31, 1912, amou counted against gross public debt amounted to \$168, 419, 131. amounted to \$508,338,592. The total assets

DEFENCE

Every Canadian citizen is liable to service in the Militia from the age of 18 to that of 60. Militiamen are eurolled for three years to the "Active" Militia. The actual training varies in length, according to the branch of the service, from 12 to 16 days.

It is provided that if the embodiment of the Militia becomes necessary, the men, both active and reserve, would be called out in four classes or levies; first, the unmarried men and widowers (without children) from 18 to 30; secondly, the unmarried men and widowers (without children) from 30 to 45; thirdly, the married men and widowers (with children) from 18 to 45; fourthly, all the remaining men up to 60. In the case of a levée en misse, all male inhabitants capable of bearing arms may be required to serve without regard to age, class or distinction.

The active Militia includes the "Permanent Force," which furnishes the personnel of the training schools, and some nucleus units of garrison artillery, etc. There are various schools of military instruction which are established in the six divisional areas and the three military districts into which Cafada is now divided. A proportion of the officers are trained at the Royal Military College at Kinston. Total active Militia in 1912 was:

Canada is now divided. A proportion of the Kingston. Total active Militia in 1912 was:

BRANCHES OF THE SERVICE.	For	rce.	Remainder of ActiveMilitia	BRANCHES OF THE SERVICE.	Fo	rce.	Active	nder of Milita.
Cavalry and Mounted Rifles	369	264	Men. Horses 12,010 9, 775	Infantry	1 044	Horses 12		Horses 590 2,736
Field Artillery Garrlson Artillery Engineers		62		Non-combatant Corps Total		!		$\frac{2,736}{17,794}$

TRADE.

Trade.

Exports (domestic and (oreign) (1911-1912): To British Empire, \$170,156,422; United States, \$120,534,634; Germany, \$3,814.914; France and possessions, \$2,360,788; Belgium, \$3,732,222; China, \$414.807; Japan, \$487,568; Holland, \$1,782,726; Argentina, \$2,975,984; Brazil, \$773,688; Cuba, \$2,966,778; Russia in Europe, \$1,241,474. Total exports, \$315,317,250, of which goods not the produce of Canada, \$25,093,393. Imports (1911-1912). From British Empire, \$137,084,394; United States, \$368,145,107; Germany, \$11,146,746; France and Possessions, \$11,895,557; Belgium, \$3,682,769; Japan, \$2,902,271; China, \$611,311; Cuba, \$1,770,874; South America, \$5,096,602; Hay, \$1,200,454; Switzerland, \$3,507, 197; Holland, \$2,443,266; Dutch East Indies, \$1,371,969; Austria-Hungary, \$1,533,275; Mexico, \$1,009,717; San Domingo, \$1,015,268; Spain, \$1,303,707; Total Imports, \$559,320,544; Dutlable, \$343,370,082; Free, \$215,950,462; Coin and Bullion, \$26,033,881.

BANKS.

Chartered banks, March 31, 1912. Capital paid up, \$111,172,899; notes in circulation, \$95,918,404; total on deposit, 1,049,685,272; discounts to the people, \$1,020,367,913; liabilities, \$1,188,720,177; assets, \$1,414,858,991; rest or reserve fund, \$99,234,481. Savings banks, March 31,1912. Deposits in Government, \$14,655,564; deposits in poincince, \$43,563,764; special, 39,526,755; total, \$97,746,083.

RAILWAYS.

Canada has a network of steam railways, the total mileage of which at the end of June, 1911, was 25.406 miles, and 1,224 miles of electric railways.

TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH.

Telephones.—On the 30th of June, 1911, there were 302,759 telephones and 687.728 miles of telephone wire in use, of the latter 576.713 miles were urban and 111,015 rural. The earnings amounted to \$10,068,220 and the operating expenses to \$6,979,045.

Telegraphs, Government.—The length of Government lines in 1911 was 8,446 miles (including 296 miles of cables) and the number of offices was 603, from which 249,915 messages were sent and received. Chartered companies.—These companies have a line mileage of 33,905, carrying 174,-172 miles of wire (including 962 miles of cables) and 3,249 offices, from which 8,663,690 messages were sent and received. Wireless.—In 1911 there were 32 radiotelegraph stations operated in the public service of Canada, having a range of 100 to 400 nautical miles, or an average of 218 nautical miles. Messages sent and received numbered 126,863. Ten Government steamers are equipped with wireless apparatus, having a range of 100 to 200 miles, or an average of 140 miles. with wireless apparatus, having a range of 100 to 200 miles, or an average of 140 miles.

FISHERIES.

The following is a statement of the money value of the fisheries within the Dominion of Canada, 1873-1912 inclusive:

Canada, 16/16-16-16 Institute; 1873.....\$10,754,997 [1901......\$25,737,154]1905......\$29,479,562 [1909-10..\$29,629,169 [1883......16,958,192]1902......21,959,433 [1906......26,279,485]1910 11. 29,965,433 [1898......20,686,661]1903......23,101,878]1907-08.25,499,349 [1911-12..34,667,872]1900.......21,557,639 [1904.......23,516,439]1908-09.25,451,085

GENERAL STATISTICS.*

Post-offices (year ended March 31, 1911), 13,324, number of letters and post-cards mailed, 553,-546,000. Shipping, March 31, 1911, tonnage of sea-going vessels entered and cleared, 22, 297,186 tons; tonnage of shipping engaged in the Great Lakes carrying between Canada and the United States, 25,132,359 tons, vessels built and registered 234; tonnage, 50,006; lighthouses, etc., 966.

CENSUS POPULATION OF CITIES, 1911.

Montreal, 470, 480; Toronto, 376, 538; Winnipeg, 136, 035; Vancouver, 100, 401; Ottawa, 87,062; Hamilton, 81, 969; Quebec, 78, 190; Halifax, 46, 619; London, 46, 300; Calgary, 43, 704; St. John, 42, 511; Victoria, 31, 660; Regina, 30, 213; Edmonton, 24, 900; Brantford, 23, 132; Kingston, 18, 874; Maisoneuve, 18, 684; Peterborough, 18, 360; Hull, 18, 222; Windson, 17, 829; Sydney, 17, 723; Glace Bay, 16, 562; Fort William, 16, 499; Sherbrooke, 16, 405; Berlin, 15, 196; Guelph, 15, 176

Later figures not available when Almanac went to press.

Mexico.

President (Salary, 50,000 pesos). General Francisco I. Madero. Vice-President. Lic. José María Pino Suarez.

CABINET.

The salary of each member is 15,000 pesos.

Secretary of the Interior—J. Flores Magon. Secretary of Justice—Lic. Manuel Vazquez Tagle. Secretary of Improvements-Lic. Rafaél Hernan-

Secretary of Finances-Señor Ernesto Madero.

Secretary of Foreign Affairs-Lic. Pedro Lascu- | Secretary of War and Navy-General A. Garcia Peña.

Secretary of Communications and Public Works— Ing. Manuel Bonilla. Secretary of Public Instruction and Fine Arts-J.

M. Pino Suarez.

AREA, POPULATION, CONSTITUTION, AND GOVERNMENT.

AREA, I OF CLATION, CONSTITUTION, AND GOVERNMENT.							
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Area Square Miles.	Popula- tion, 1910.	Capitals.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Area Square Miles.	tion.	Capitals.
Aguas Callentes. Campeche Chiapas Chihuahua Coahuila Colima Durango Guanajuato Guerrero Hidalgo Jalisco Mexico Michoacan Morelos Nuevo Leon Oaxaca	2,969 18,086 27,222 89,974 63,728 2,273 42,265 10,948 24,996 8,575 33,486 8,949 22,656 2,734	85,795 436,817 405,265 367,652 77,704 436,147 1,075,270 605,437 641,895 1,202,802 975,019 991,649 179,814 368,929	Campeche. San Cristobal. Chihuahua, Saltillo. Colima. Durango. Guanajuato. Chilpancingo. Pachuca. Guadalajara. Toluca. Morelia. Cuernavaca. Monterey.	Queretaro, San Luis Potosi, Sinaloa Sonora Tabasco, Tamaulipas, Tepic (Ter.) Tlaxcala Vera Cruz Yucatán Zacatecas L. California(Ter) Federal District, Quintana Roo Total,	24,000 27,553 76,619 10,072 32,268 10,951 1,595 29,283 18,565 24,467 58,328 16,638	624,748 323,499 262,545 183,708 249,253 171,837 183,805 1,124,368 337,020 475,863 52,244 719,052 9,086	Tlaxcala, Jalapa. Merida, Zacatecas, La Paz, City of Mexico. Santa Cruz de Bravo,
Puebla					,		

The present Constitution of Mexico bears date February 5, 1857, with subsequent amendments. By its terms Mexico is considered a Federative Republic, divided into States, nineteen at the outset, but at present twenty-seven in number, with three Territories and one Federal District, each having a right to manage its own local affairs, while the whole are bound together in one body politic by fundamental and constitutional laws. The powers of the Federal Government are divided into three branches—the legislative, executive, and judicial. The legislative power is vested in a Congress, consisting of a House of Representatives and a Senate; the executive in a President, and the judicial in Federal Courts. Representatives elected by the suffrage of all male adults, at the rate of one member for 40,000 inhabitants, hold their places for two years. male adults, at the rate of one member for 40,000 inhabitants, hold their places for two years. The qualifications requisite are to be twenty-five years of age and a resident in the State. The Senate consists of two members from each State, of at least thirty years of age, who hold their places for four years. Senators are elected indirectly, half of them being renewed every two years. The members of both Houses receive salaries of 3,000 pesos each a year.

The President is elected by electors popularly chosen in a general election and holds office for six years. According to the last Amendment of the Constitution, it prohibits his re-election. In case of his sudden disability, the Vice-President, who is also permanent President of the Senate, officiates in his place. Congress holds two regular sessions annually, from September 16 to December 15, and from April 1 to May 31, and a permanent committee of both Houses six during the presses.

both Houses sits during the recesses.

COMMERCE.

Value of imports year ended June 30, 1911, was \$96,006.883, a decrease of \$1,426,007 from the previous year. Value of exports, year ended June 30, 1911, was \$147,451,968, an increase of \$17.428,833 over the previous year.

ARMY AND NAVY.

President Madero in his message to Congress (September 16, 1912) states that the full

Freshent Madero in his message to Congress (september 16, 1912) states that the full strength of the army is 107 generals, 6, 236 officers and 49, 332 men.

There are six gunboats of from 1,000 to 1,300 tons, armed with rapid-firing four-inch guns and with rapid-firing six-pounders; a transport of 1,600 tons, armed with 57 mm. guns; another transport of 900 tons; two training ships, one of steam, 1,300 tons, armed with 12 cm. and 57 mm., and the other, a sailing ship of 700 tons. There are, also, several small revenue cutters watching the coast on both oceans; a naval school, a navy-yard, a floating dock at Vera Cruz, a dry-dock at Salina Cruz and a shipyard at Guaymas. The Military School is at Chapultage. Chapultepec.

NATIONAL DEBT.
According to the report of the Under Secretary of Finance to the Mexican Congress on December 14, 1910, the public debt for the fiscal year 1909-10 was as follows: Debt payable in foreign currency, face value of bonds in circulation, \$150, 262, 498, 01; debt payable in Mexican currency, face value of bonds in circulation, \$68, 925, 066, 85; floating debt, uncollected balances of past budgets, \$136, 699, 37. Grand total, \$219, 324, 264, 23.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS. Miles of railway in operation, 16,000; miles of telegraph line, 50,000; post-offices, 2,964. This information about Mexico was furnished by the Pan-American Union, Washington, D. O.

Brazil.

President. HERMES DA FONSECA
The Republic of the United States of Brazil is the largest of the South American countries and
the second largest of the American Republics, extending over an area of 3,218,130 square miles,
or about 400,000 square miles less than the United States of America with Alaska. It is situated
between latitude 42 22' north and 33' 45' south and longitude 34' 40' and 73' 15' west, and has
a population of 20,515,000, equal to 6.4 per square mile, or about one-fifth the population per square
mile of the United States of America proper (29.6). A new census was taken in December, 1910.
The language of the country is Portuguese.
Under its constitution Brazil is a federal union of States, republican and representative. The
Union is composed of twenty-one States, one national territory and the Federal district. The peace
strength of the regular army is 30,000, but as every Brazilian citizen between twenty-one and fortyfive years of age is liable to military service the war strength of the Republic probably exceeds 300,000
men. The navy consists of thirty-one vessels, among which are three battleships, four protected
cruisers and fifteen torpedo gunboats,

men. The navy consists of thirty-one vessels, among which are three batterships, four protected cruisers and fifteen torpedo gunboats,
The gross receipts of the Government from all sources in 1909 were \$165,508.766, and the expenditures \$177.812,425. The foreign debt amounts to \$440,000,000. The total length of railroads in operation in Brazil at the close of December, 1911, was 13,753 miles. There are 3,246 post-offices, 2,000 telegraph offices and 18,874 miles of telegraph lines. The primary schools of the Republic number 11,147 with 565,922 pupils and the secondary schools 327 with 30,258 pupils.

Argentina.

President.

DR. ROQUE SAENZ PENA Argentina, the third largest of the American Republics, is situated between latitude 22° and 56° south and longitude west of Greenwich 53° and 57°, being bounded by the Republics of Chile, Bolivia, Paraguay, Brazil, Uruguay, and the Atlantic Ocean. It has an area of 1.135.840 square miles, equal to about two-fifthis the total area of the United States of America proper and a population of more

Paraguay, Brazil, Uruguay, and the statement of about two-fifths the total area of the United States of America proper, and a popular to about two-fifths the total area of the United States of America proper, and a popular than 7,500,000.

It is a Federal Republic of fourteen provinces, ten Territories and one Federal district. The provinces and Federal district are represented in the National Congress, composed of a Senate and Chamber of Deputies. The permanent army numbers about 20,000 men, and there is a reserve army of trained men of about 150,000. The navy aggregates over thirty research, of which three are battle-ships, four armored cruisers and three protected cruisers.

The government revenue in 1909 was \$120,701,694 gold, and the expenditures \$112,101,733 gold. The public debt was \$447,000,000 gold. The total length of railroads in operation at the close of 1910 was 17,181 miles, representing a capitalization of \$1,010,800,000. There were 1,806 post-offices, 613 telegraph offices and 36,716 miles of wire. There were in 1910 5.321 public schools for primary instruction, with an enrolment of 1,200,212 pupils, aside from the numerous schools supported by the provinces.

Chile.

......RAMON BARROS LUCE

Central and South American Trade.

10	1 WF 11411	OKIS A	NO EXPORTS, ISTIT		
				Imports.	Exports.
			Hayti		*\$15,475,331
Bolivia	22,764,849	32,226,157	Honduras	13,560,939	†3,024,726
Brazil	256,598,358	324,837,015	Mexico	96,006,883	147,451,969
			Nicaragua		*4,545,075
Colombia	18,108,863	22,375,899	Panama	±10,020,070	11.754.050
Costa Rica	8,967,561	9.020,150	Paraguay	\$6,252,481	\$4,789,065
Cuba	113.055,774	125.943,652	Peru	30,964,945	36,071,056
Dominican Republic	6,949,662	11,004,906	Salvador	5,390,370	8,406,309
Ecuador	*8,024,105	*13,666,371	Uruguay	47,687,116	
Guatemala		10,981,724	Venezuela	18,394,890	22,684,384

*For the year 1910. † Fiscal year ending July 31, 1911. ‡ Fiscal year ending June 30, 1911. § Revised figures for 1910.

For trade with the United States see Index. For population of Latin-American Republics see Index. The above returns were compiled from the reports of the Pan-American Union (International

Index. The above returns were compiled from the reports of the Pan-American Union (International Union of American Republics).

The institution was established at Washington under the recommendation of the Pan-American Conference of 1890, for the purpose of maintaining closer relations of commerce and friendship between the American Republics. At the Pan-American Conference at Mexico in 1904, its scope was enlarged, while at the Third Pan-American Conference held at Rio de Janeiro in 1906 a resolution was passed for its reorganization upon broader lines, so that it should become a world-recognized and practical institution for the development of Pan-American commerce and comity. The Governing Board consists of the Secretary of State of the United States, chairman ex-officio, and the chief diplomatic representatives in the United States of the other American Republics.

The Federal Government.

......WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT, of Ohio *.....Salary, \$75,000. President Vice-Presidentt..... 12,000.

THE CABINET.

Arranged in the order of succession for the Presidency declared by Chapter 4, Acts of 49th Congress, 1st Session, and subsequent acts.

Secretary of State—Philander C. Knox, of Penn.
Secretary of the Treasury—Franklin MacVeagh, of Illinois.
Secretary of War—Henry L. Stimson, of New York.
Vork.
Attories-General—George W. Wickersham, of Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, of Iowa.
Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, of Iowa.
Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Charles Nagel,

R. Marshall of Indiana.

Attorney-General-George W. Wickersham, of New York.

of Missouri.

The salaries of the Cabinet officers are \$12,000 each.

THE DEPARTMENTS

THE DEPARTMENTS.						
STATE DEF	PARTMENT.					
Assistant Secretary—Huntington Wilson, Ill. \$5,000 Second Ass's Secretary—A. A. Adee, D. C. 4,500 Third Ass't Secretary—A. A. Adee, D. C. 4,500 Dir. Consular Service—Wilbur J. Carr, N. Y. 4,500 Dir. Consular Service—Wilbur J. Carr, N. Y. 4,500 Counselor—Chandler P. Anderson, N. Y. 7,500 Solicitor—Joshua R. Clark, Jr., Utah. 5,000 Ass't Solicitor—Frederick Van Dyne, N. Y. 3,000 Ass't Solicitor—Edward H. Hart, N. Y. 3,000 Ass't Solicitor—Edward H. Hart, N. Y. 3,000 Prorigin Trade Adviser—Chas. M. Peffer, Ill. 4,500 Freign Trade Adviser—Evan E. Young, S. Dak. 4,500	Ch. Div. Far Eastern Affairs—Ransford S. Miller N. Y. Miller N. Y. Miller N. Y. Miller N. Y. Miller N. Y. Miller N. Y. Miller N. Y. Miller Eastern Affairs—Evan E. Young, S. Dak. (in charge) Ch. Diplomatic Bureau—S. Y. Smith, D. C. 2,250 Ch. Diplomatic Bureau—Herbert C. Hengstler, O. 2,250 Ch. Divess & Archives—John R. Buck, Mec. 2,100 Ch. Bureau Accounts—Thos. Morrison, N. Y. 2,300 Ch. Bureau Appointments—M. M. Shand, N. J. 2, 100 Ch. Bureau of Citizenship—Richard W. Flournoy, Jr., Md. Ch. Div. of Information—Sevellon L. Brown,					
	D.C					
TREASURY D						
Assistant Secretary—James F. Curtis, Mass., \$5,000 Assistant Secretary—Robert O. Bailey, Ill	Gen. Supl. Life Stwing Ser.—S. I. Klimball, Me.S.4,500 Author for Treasury—Wm. E. Andrews, Neb. 4,000 Author for Treasury—Wm. E. Andrews, Neb. 4,000 Author for Dat. Dept.—E. A. Gongwer, Ohio. 4,000 Author for Navy Dept.—H. C. Shober, S. Dak, 4,000 Author for Navy Dept.—Ralph W. Tyler, Ohio 4,000 Author for P.O. Dept.—Chas, A. Kram, Pa. 5,000 Assistant Treasury—Christian S. Pearce 3,600 Register Treasury—J. C. Napier, Tenn 4,000 Dept. Megister—J. P. Strickland, Ark 2,500 Commis. Internat Rev.—Geo. E. Fletcher, La., 4,000 Dep. Com. Internat Rev.—Geo. E. Fletcher, La., 4,000 Dep. Com. Internat Rev.—Geo. E. Fletcher, 1, 3,600 Solicitor of Tuesury—Wm. T. Thompson, Neb. 4,500 Chief Secret Service————4,000					
. Compt. of Treasury-Robt. J. Tracewell, Ind. 6,000	Chief, Superv'y Special Agts J.E. Wilkie III. 4,500					
WAR DEPA						
Ass't Secretary—Robert Shaw Oliver, N. Y. \$5,000 Ass't and Chief Clerk—John G. Scofield, Ga. 4,000 Chief of Stuff—Major-Gen. Leonard Wood. 8,000 Chief Olerk—Nathaniel Hershler, Ill. 2,000 Chief Clerk—Nathaniel Hershler, Ill. 2,000 Chief Olerk—Jacob Frech, D. C. 2,000 Chief Clerk—Jacob Frech, D. C. 3,000 Chief Clerk—Jacob Frech, D. C. 3,000 Chief Clerk—John D. Parker, Va. 1,800 Judge-Adv. Gen.—BrigGen. E. Doch H. Crowder	Sungem-Gen.—BrigGen. Geo. H. Torney\$6,000 Ptymaster-Gen.—BrigGen. George R. Smith 6,000 Ptymaster-Gen.—BrigGen. George R. Smith 6,000 Ch. of Engineers—BrigGen. George R. Smith 6,000 Ch. of Engineers—BrigGen. Wm. H. Bixby 6,000 Chief Cerk—Pliniens J. Dempsey, Va. 2000 Chief Cerk—Honn J. Gook, D. C. 2000 Chief Clerk—Ionn J. Gook, D. C. 2000 Chief Simat Officer—BrigGen. James Allen. 6,000 Chief Clerk—Horn J. Fig. Gen. Frank MoIntyre. 6,000 Chief Clerk—A. D. Wilcox, Pa. 2000 Chief Clerk—A. D. Wilcox, Pa. 2000 Chief Clerk—B. F. Concklin, N. Y. 2,400 Chief Clerk—E. F. Concklin, N. Y. 2,400 Chandscape Gurdener—George E. Burnap 2,400					
Ass't Secretary—Beekman Winthrop \$5,000	Engineer-in-ChiefHutch I. Conet\$6,000					
Chief Clerk—Frank S. Curtis. 3,000 Pres. General Board—Admiral George Dewey 13,500 Chief Yards and Docks—Civil Engineer Homer R. Stanford	Judge-4dn-Gen.—Capt. Robert L. Russell					
* Sacretary to the President Charles D. Willes of						

* Secretary to the President, Charles D. Hilles of New York (\$7,500).
† Rank of Rear-Admiral while holding said office.
‡ On and after March 4, 1913—President, Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey; Vice-President, Thomas

Chief Clerk—Geo, G. Thomson, Mich \$4,000 Ass't Chief Clerk—Frank E. Frazier, Wis 2,000 First Ass't P. M. G.—Chas, P. Grandfield, Mo. 5,000 Fecond Ass't P. M. G.—Joseph Stewart, Mo. 5,000 Third Ass't P. M. G.—James J. Britt, N. C. 5,000 Flourth Ass't P. M. G.—P. V. DeGraw, Pa. 5,000 Dir. Postat Savings System—Theo, L. Weed, Ct. 5,000 Assistant Altorney-Gen.—Russell P. Goodwin, 5,000 Purchasing Agent—John A. Holmes, D. C 4,000	Appointment Clerk—George S. Paull, Ohio \$2,000 Supt. Div. of Foreign Matis—Basil Miles, Pa 3,000 Supt. Div. of Monry-Orders—E. F. Kimball, Mass 3,500 Supt. Division of Postmusters' Appointments—Bayard Wyman, Mich
First Ass't Secretary—Samuel Adams, III. \$5,000 Assistant Secretary—Lewis C. Laylin, Ohio. 4,500 Chief Clerk—Clement S. Ucker, Ohio. 4,000 Ass't AtlyGenCharles W. Cobb, Cal. 5,000 Commis, Land Office—Fred Dennett, N. D. 5,000 Ass't Commis, —Samuel V. Proudit, Ia. 3,500 Commis, Pensions—James L. Davenport, N. II. 5,000 Kirst Deputy Com. of Pensions—Leander Stillwell Kan. 3,600 Commis, Education—Phil'der P. Claxton, Tenn. 5,000 Chief Clerk—Lewis A. Kalbach, Pa. 2,000	Com. Ind. Affairs—
Solicitor-Gen.—William M, Bullitt, Ky, \$10,000 Ass't to AttyGen.—James A, Fowler, Tenn. 7,000 Ass't AttyGen.—Jesse C, Adkins, D. C 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—John Q, Thompson, Kan 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—Winfred T, Denison, N. Y. 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—Ernest Knaebel, Col 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—Ernest Knaebel, Col 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—Charles W, Cobb, Cal 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—William H, Lewis, Mass 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—Charles W, Cobb, Cal 5,000 Ass't AttyGen.—Russell P, Goodwin, Ill 5,000	Solicitor State Dept.—J. Renben Clark, Jr., Utah
Ass't Secretary—Willett M, Hays, Minn. \$5,000 Chief Clerk—Charles C, Clark, Pa	Statistician—V. H. Olmsted, N. C. \$4,000 Entomologist—L. O. Howard, N. Y. 4,500 Chemist—Dr. Carl L. Alsberg, Mass. 5,000 Chief Bureau Biotogicat Survey—Henry W. Henshaw, Mass. 3,500 Direct. Public Roads—Prof. L.W. Page, Mass. 4,000 Statistical Scientist—G. K. Holmes, Mass. 3,500 Chief Bureau of Plant Industry—B. T. Galloway, Mo. 5,000 Librarian—Miss C. R. Barnett, N, Y. 2,000
Assistant Sec'y, —Benjamin S. Cable, Ill \$5,000 Chief Cterk—Robert M. Pindell, Jr., Md 3,000 Disbursing Cterk—George Johannes, Ohio 3,000 Chief Cterk—Robert M. Pindell, Jr., Md 3,000 Commis. Corporations—Luther Conant. Jr., 5,000 Chief Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce—A. H. Baldwin, Ct 4,000 Commissioner of Labor—C. P. Neill, D. C 5,000 Commissioner of Labor—C. P. Neill, D. C 5,000 Comm. LtH. Bureau—G. R. Putnam, Ia 5,000 Director Census—E. Dana Durand, Cal 6,000 Sup. Coast & Geod. Survey—O. H. Tittmann, Mo. 6,000 Sup. Insp., -Gen. Stbt. Serv.—Geo. Uhler, Pa. 4,000	MERCE AND LABOR. Commissioner Fisheries—G.M. Bowers, W. Va. \$6,000 Commis. Navigation—E. T. Chamberlain, N. Y. 4,000 Commis. Navigation—B. T. Chamberlain, N. Y. 4,000 Commis. Gen. Immigration—Daniel J. Keefe, Mich
Civil Service Commis.—John C. Black, Ill \$4,500 Civil Service Commis.—J. A. McIlhenny, La., 4,000 Civil Service Commis—Wm.S. Washburn, N. Y. 4,000 Chief Examiner Civ. Ser.—George R. Wales, Vt. 3,000 Secretary Civil Service—John T. Doyle, N. Y 2,500 Public Printer—Samuel B. Donnelly, N. Y 5,500 Librarian of Congress—Herbert Putnam, Mass. 6,000	Assistant Librarian—Appleton P. C. Griffin \$4,000 Director-General Pan-American Union—John Barrett 5,000 Chief Cterk Bureau Amer, Rep.—Wm. C. Wells 2,500 Secretary—Francisco J. Y. 198 3,000 Sec. Smithsonian Institut n—Chas. D. Walcott. 3,000 Dir. Bureau Amer. Ethnology—W.H. Holmes
INTERSTATE COMM Charles A. Prouty, Vt., Chairman	Franklin K. Lane, Cal
C. C. McChord, Ky. BOARD OF INDIA: Chair.—Andrew S. Draper, N. Y. Albert K. Smlley, N. Y. Merrill E. Gates, D. C. William D. Walker, N. Y. The board commissioned directly by the President	Jr., Pa. Jr.

UNITED STATES PENSION AGENTS.*

^{*}Salaries of Pension Agents, \$4,000. The act of August 17, 1912, provides for the abolishment of all pension agencies from and after January 31, 1913, and for the payment of pensions after that date by a Disbursing Clerk in the Bureau of Pensions.

HHITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASHDERS

	ISTANT TREASURERS.
Sub-Treasuries. Assistant Treasurers. Baltimore	Sub-Treasuries. Assistant Treasurers.
Baltimore	New York
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....F. M. Downer

Houlton, Me., William W. Sewall. Bangor, Me., Albert R. Day. Bath, Me., Elwell S. Crosby. Belfast, Me., Samuel W. Johnson. Castine, Me., John M. Vogell. Ellsworth, Me., Omar W. Tapley. Machias, Me., Frank L. Shaw. Kennebunk, Me., George E. Cousens. Bastport, Me., Jacob C. Pike. Portland, Me., Willia T. Enmous. Saco, Me., William L. Gerrish. Waldobrov, Me., Fred. W. Wight. Wiscasset, Me., Herbert W. Hawes. York, Me., Herbert D. Philbrick. Portsmouth, N. H., Sherman T. New Portsmouth, N. H., Sherman T.

Houlton, Me., William W. Sewall.

vrscassed, a.e., Herbert W., Hawes.
Vort, Me., Herbert D., Philbrick.
Portsmouth, N. H., Sherman T. Newton.
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Burlington, Vt., Charles H. Darling.
Newport, Vt., Curtis S. Emory.
Bridgeport, Ct., Fred. Emos.
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New Hoven, Ct., J. Rice Wincuell.
New London, Ct., Vacant.
Stonington, Ct., Charles T. Stanton.
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Edgartown, Mass., Charles H. Marchant,
Fall River, Mass., Edward T. Marvel.
Gloucester, Muss., Walter F. Osborne.
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Nantucket, Mass., Obed G. Smith.
New Bedford, Mass., Luke B. Colbert.
Nantucket, Mass., Obed G. Smith.

New Bedford, Mass., Rufus A. Soule. Plymouth, Mass., Herbert Morissey.

Plymouth, Mass., Herbert Morissey. Salem, Mass., David M. Little. Buffalo, N. Y., Freelerick O. Murray. Cape Vincent, N. Y., Frank D. Lowe. Plattsburg, N. Y., John F. O'Brien. Dunkirk, N. Y., John Bourne. Rochester, N. Y., Geo, F. Roth. New York, N. Y., William Loeb, Jr.

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Boston, Mass, Edward G. Graves.
Springheld, Moss, Henry L. Hines,
Albany, N. Y., Luther C. Warner.
Greenport, N. Y., John A. Basssrear.
New York, N. Y., Shon H. Henry.
Patchogue, N. Y., Sidney O. Weeks.
Syracuse, N. Y., Ernest I. Edgecomb.
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Pittsburgh, Pa., Mahlon M. Garland.
Baltimore, Md., Robert A. Ravenscroft.
Wheeling, W. Va., Charles T. Reed.
Atlanta, Ga., Marcellus O. Markham.
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Louisville, Ky., J. Frank Taylor.
Faducah, Ky., Walter A. Blac. Eurn.

Win. W. Lynch | Denver.

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Ogdensburg, N. Y. Win. H. Daniels,
Ogdensburg, N. Y. Win. H. Daniels,
Ogdensburg, N. Y. Win. H. Daniels,
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Ogdensburg, N. J. Win. H. Ogner,
Burlington, N. J., J. Alfred N. Dalrymple,
Perth Amboy, N. J., C. Ass Francis.
Tuckerton, N. J., Frank W. Leach,
Camden, N. J., F. Patterson, Asst. Col.
Philadelphia, Pa., Chester W. Hill.
Erie, Pa., Benjamin, B. Brown.
Gal Erie, Pa., Benjamin B. Brown. Erie, Pa., Benjamin B. Brown.
Wilnington, Del., Harry Raymond.
Washington, D. C., Whitefield McKi nlay.
Aunapolis, Md., J. K. Gladden, Deputy.
Baltimore, Md., William F. Stone.
Crisfield, Md., Lincoln A. Dryden.
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Norfolk, V.a., Frox Haghes. Stevenson.
Norfolk, V.a., Frox Haghes.
Petersburg, Va., H. Clafborne Willson.
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Richmond, Va., Benjamin B. Arnold.
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Georgetown, S. C., Edward W. Durant.
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Guifport, Miss., William R. Moseley.
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Cedar Keys, Fla., Henry G. Nelson. Fernandina, Fla., John W. Howell. Jacksonville, Fla., William H. Lucas. Key West, Fla., George W. Allen. St. Augustine, Fla., Benjamun E. Dyson. Tampa, Fla., Matthew B. Macfarlane. St. Augustine, Fis., Benjamin E. Uyson Tampa, Fis., Matthew B. Macfarlane, Pensacola, Fis., William H. Northup, New Orleans, La., Clarence S. Herbert, Brashear, La., John A. Thornton, Brownsville, Tex., Rettro B. Creager, Corpus Christi, Tex., James J. Haynea, Lenda Pass Tex. James A. Harvin, Eagle Pass, Tex., James A. Harvin. El Paso, Tex., Alfred L. Sharpe. El Paso, Tex., Alired L. Sharpe.
Galveston, Tex., Francis L. Lee.
Port Arthur, Tex., Russell H. Dunn.
Cleveland, O., Maurice Maschke.
Sandasky, O., Charles A. Jadson.
Toledo, O., George W. Huntley.
Detroit, Mich., John B. Whelan.
Grand Haven, Mich., Walter I. Lillie.
Marqvette, Mich., Charles J. Byrns.
Port Huron, Mich., John T. Rich.
Chicago, Ill., John C. Amea.
St. Paul, Minn., Marcus Johnson.
Duluth, Minn., Levi M. Willcuts.
Milwankee, Wins., G. Edward Schulz.
Great Falis, Mont., John G. Sair.
San Francisco, Cal., Fred'k S. Stratton.
San Diego, Cal., Walter T. Biake.
Los Angeles, Cal., Cornellua W. Pendleton.
Eureka, Cal., Sterling A. Campbell.
Astoria, Orc., William F. McGregor.
Coos Bay, Orc., Philip S. Malcolm.
Yaquind, Orc., Philip S. Malcolm.
Yaquind, Orc., Olando V. Hurt.
Port Townsend, Wash., Fred. C. Harper.
Junean, Alaska, John R. Willis,
Nogales, Ariz., Cornellus O'Ksefe. Galveston, Tex., Francis L. I. Juneau, Alaska, John R. Wills. Nogales, Ariz., Cornelius O'Keefe. Pembina, N. Dak., Judson La Moure. Honolulu, H. I., E. R. Stackable. San Juan, P. R., Donald E. Richardson.

SURVEYORS OF CUSTOMS.

Memphis, Tenn., Charles B. Quinn. Memphis, Tann., Charles B. Quim.
Chattanoga, Tenn., Charles L. Peacock.
Nashville, Tenn., William B. Turman.
Knoxville, Tenn., George H. Holliday.
Kansas City, Mo., Charles W. Clark.
St. Joseph, Mo., Elliott Marshall.
St. Louis, Mo., Elliott Marshall.
St. Louis, Mo., Charles F. Gallenkamp.
Cincinanti, O., Lincoln Mitchell.
Columbus, O., William C. Kennedy.
Dayton, O., Edward L. McConnaughey.
Evanswille, Ind., Frank B. Posey.
Ludianapolis, Ind., Leopold G. Rothschild.
Michigan City, Ind., Charles J. Robb.
Cairo, Ill., H. A. Hannon, Deputy.
Galena, Ill., William Vincent.

Peoria, Ill., Julius S. Starr.
Rock Island, Ill., Robert G. Pearce.
Burlington, Ia., Samuel L. Daniels, Sr.
Council Bluffs, Ia., Leander M. Shubert.
Des Moines, Ia., Geo. L. Godfrey.
Dubuque, Ia., Conrad B. Scherr.
Sloux City, Ia., James H. Bolton.
Denver, Col., John F. Vivian.
Lucoln, Neb., Hent. Tayl. Burgess.
Lucoln, Neb., Hent. Tayl. Burgess.
La Crosse, Wis., J. S. Medary, Deputy.
Grand Rapids, Mich., Andrew Fyfe.
San Francisco, Cal., Duncan E. McKinlay.
Salt Lake City, Utah, Jac. J. Greenwald. Salt Lake City, Utah, Jac. J. Greenwald. Houston, Tex., Samuel L. Hain.

NAVAL OFFICERS OF CUSTOMS. San Francisco, Cal., George Stone. Philadelphia, Pa., Walter T. Merrick.

POSTMASTERS

Boston, Mass., James O. Lyford. New York, N. Y., Frederick J. H. Kracke. Chicago, Ill., Lewis K. Torbet.

PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

POSTMASTERS OF
New York, Edward M. Morgan, 1907.
Chicugo, Ill., Daviel A. Campbell, 1907.
Brooklyn, N.Y., Edmund W. Voorhies, 1910.
St. Louis, Mo., Thomas J. Akins, 1909.
Boston, Mass., E. C. Manafield, 1907.
Baltimore, Md., Wm. Hall Harria, 1909.
San Francisco, Cul., Arthur G. Fisk, 1905.
San Francisco, Cul., Arthur G. Fisk, 1905.
Baltialo, N. Y., Fred. Greiner, 1907.
Cleveland, O., Raymond G. Floyd, 1910.
Butfalo, N. Y., Fred. Greiner, 1905.
Pittaburgh, Pa., Wm. H. Davis, 1906.
Pittaburgh, Pa., Wm. H. Davis, 1906.
Pittaburgh, Pa., Wm. H. Davis, 1906.
Syracuses, N.Y., William Cowie, 1908.
Wester, N. William Cowie, 1908.
New Strak, N. J., Frank J. Bock, 1912.
Minneapolis, Minn., William D. Hale, 1906.
Jersay City, N. J., Feier B. Wanser, 1906.

Readinon, Pa., John E. Barrett, 1911.
Fall River, Mass., Geo. T. Durfee, 1907.
Memphis, Tenn., L. W. DWithoft, 1908.
Dayton, Y. T. Litt, E. Bonesteel, 1910.
Grand Ranids, Mich., W. M. Palmer, 1912.
Grand Ranids, Mich., W. M. Palmer, 1912.
Grand Ranids, Mich., W. M. Palmer, 1910.
Grand Ranids, Mich., W. M. Palmer, 1910.
Tenton, N. J., Robert L. Barber, 1907.
Trenton, N. J., Alexander C. Yard, 1910.
Lynn, Mass., Wm. F. Craig, 1909.
Atlanta, Ga., Hugh L. McKee, 1911.
Willnington, Del., M. H. Jester, 1909.
New Orleans, J.a., Alex, F. Leonhardt1911.
Kaness City, Mo., Joseph H. Harris, 1911.
Charleston, S. C., Wilmot L. Harris, 1916.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice of the United States—Edward D. White, of Louisiana, born 1845, appointed 1910.

BOIH, App .	<i></i>
Asso, Justice-Joseph McKenna, Cal1843 1898 Asso. Justice-Charles E. Hughes, N. Y. 1862 191	10
'' Oliver W. Holmes, Mass. 1841 1902 '' W. Van Devanter, Wyo. 1859 191	10
" William R. Day, Ohio 1849 1903 " Joseph R. Lamar, Ga 1857 191	10
" Horace H. Lurton, Tenn., 1844 1909 " Mahlon Pitney, N. J 1858 191	12
Clerk-J. H. McKenney, D.C., (\$6,000). Marshat-John M. Wright, Ky., (\$4,500). Reporter-Charles	98
H. Butler, N. Y., (\$4,500).	
The salary of the Chief Justice of the United States is \$15,000; Associate Justices, \$14,500 each.	
CIRCUIT JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES,	
Cir. Judges. App. Cir. Judges. App. Cir. Judges. App.	n,
1. Le Baron B. Colt, R. I 1884 4. Nathan Goff, W. Va 1892 7. Julian W. Mack, D.C	11
William L. Putnam, Me 1892 Jeter C. Pritchard, N.C 1904 8. Walter H. Sanborn, Minn. 189	32
Frederic Dodge, Mass 1912 5. Don A. Pardee, Ga 1881 William C. Hook, Kan 190	03
2. E. Heury Lacombe, N. Y. 1887 A. P. McCormick, Tex 1892 John Emmett Carland, D.C. 191	
Alfred C. Coxe, N. Y 1902 David D. Shelby, Ala 1899 Walter I. Smith, Ia 191	11

| David D. Sneiby, Ala. | 1892 | Henry G. Ward, N. Y | 1997 | 6, Arthur C. Denison, Mich. 1911 | Martin A. Knapp, D. C. | 1910 | Martin A. Knapp, D. C. | 1910 | Loyall E. Knappen, Mich. 1910 | Erskine M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | George Gray, Del. | 1894 | Trancis E. Baker, Ind. | 1902 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1892 | Usin M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | Chin B. McPherson, Pa. | 1911 | William M. Rospon, W. 1903 | William M. Hunt, D. C. | 1911 | William M. Rospon, W. 1903 | William M. Hunt, D. C. | 1911 | William M. Rospon, W. 1903 | William M. Hunt, D. C. | 1911 | William M. Rospon, W. 1903 | William M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | William M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | William M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | William M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | William M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | William M. Ross, Cal. | 1895 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1908 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gilbert, Ore. | 1909 | William B. Gi Francis E. Baker, Ind.... 1902 William H. Seaman, Wis. 1905 Christian C. Kohlsaat, Ill. 1905 John B. McPherson, Pa... 1912 Robert W. Archbald, D.C. 1911

RODER W. Archoald, D.C., 1911 Christian C. Kohisaat, 111. 1999)
Salaries, \$7,000 each. The Judges of each circuit and the Justice of the Supreme Court for the circuit constitute a Circuit Court of Appeals. The First Circuit consists of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island. Second—Connecticut, New York, Vermont. Third—Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania. Fourti—Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia. First—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississispi, Texas. Sixt—Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee. Sevent—Hilmos, Indiana, Wisconia, Eighth—Arkansas, Colorado, Oklahoma, Iowa, Kamsas, Minseota, Missouri, Nebacka, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming. Nixt—Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregou, Washington, Hawali.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

Chief Justice—Stanton J. Peelle, Ind. Associate Judges—Charles B. Howry, Miss.; Fenton W. Booth, Ill.; Geo. W. Atkiuson, W. Va.; Samuel S. Barney, Wis. Salaries, Chief Justice, \$6,500; Justices, \$6,000.

DISTRICT COURTS OF	THE UNITED STATES.
Districts.	Districts
KansasJohn C. PollockKansas City. 1903 Ky.; W.DWalter EvansLouisville 1899	R. Island A. L. Brown Providence 1896 S. Carolina H. A. M. Smith . Charleston 1911
La.: E.DRufus E. Foster. New Orleans. 1909 W.DAleck Boarman Shreveport 1881	Tenn.: E.&M.Ed. T. Sanford., Knoxville 1968 W. D. John E. McCall, Memphis 1905
Maryland Thomas J. Morris, Baltimore 1879	W. D. Thos. S. Maxey. Austin 1888 N. D. Edw. R. Meek. Dallas 1899
Mass Frederic Dodge Boston 1905 Mich.: E. D. Alexis C. Angell, Detroit 1911 W.D. Clarence W. Sessions Grand Rapids 1911	Utah. J. A. Marshall Salt Lake C. 1896 Vermont James L. Martin.Brattleboro 1906 Va.; E. D. E. Waddill, Jr. Richmond 1898
Minnesota	W.DH.C.McDowell. Lynchburg 1901 Wash,: W.D.C.H. Hanford Seattle 1890
Miss.: N. & S. Henry C. Niles . Kosciusko 1892 Montana	" W. D. G. Donworth Seattle. 1909 " E. D. F. H. Rudkin . Spokane. 1911 W. Va.: N.D. A. G. Dayton Phillippi . 1905
'' W. D A. S. Van Val- ken burgh Kansas City 1910	Wis.: E. D
NebraskaWm. H. Munger, Omaha 1897 Thos. C. Munger, Lincoln 1907	WyomingJohn A. RinerCheyenne 1890

United States District-Attorneys and Marshals.

eann		Miniti	******		Marail	ata.
DISTRICTS.	DISTR	ICT-ATTORNEYS.			MARSHALS.	
Districts	Names.	Official Address.	Dates Appointed.	Names.	Official Address.	Dates Appointed
Alabama, N	Oliver D. Street	Birmingham	July 18, 1912	Pope M. Long Benjamin E. Walker .	Birmingham	Jan. 14, 1910
" S	Warren S. Reese James B. Sloan	Mobile	Sept. 6, 1912	Benjamin E. Walker Gilbert B. Deans. Herbert L. Faulkner. Thomas C. Powell. Harvey P. Sullivan. Henry K. Love. Charles A. Overlock. Harmon L. Remmel.	Mobile	Jan. 14, 1908
Alaska, 1st Div.	John Rustgard	Juneau	June 20, 1910	Herbert L. Faulkner	Juneau	May 9, 191
2d Div.	Gernard S. Rodey	Nome Valder	Dec. 13, 1910	Harrey P. Sullivan	Nome	June 16, 1909
" 4th Div.	James J. Crossley	Fairbanks	Aug. 8, 1912	Henry K. Love	Fairbanks	Jan. 13, 190
Arlzona	Joseph E. Morrisou	Tucson	May 1, 1912	Charles A. Overlock	Tucson	May 1, 1915
Arkansas, E	I I Worthington	Little Rock	May 18, 1909	Harmon L. Remmel	Little Rock	May 25, 1910 May 4, 1910
California, N	James B. Sloan John Rusigard Bernard S. Rodey. George R. Walker. Jamea J. Crossley. Joseph E. Morrisou. Win. G. Whipple. J. I. Worthington. John L. McNab. A. I. McCormick Harry E. Kelly. Fred. A. Scott. John P. Nields. Clarence R. Wilsou. Fred C. Cubberly.	San Francisco	Apr. 9, 1912	John F. Mayes Charles T. Elliott	San Francisco	June 22, 191
" s	A. I. McCormick	Los Angeles	Apr. 19, 1909	L. V. Youngworth		
Connecticut	Harry E. Kelly	Hertford	Feb. 17, 1912	Dewey C. Bailey Sidney E. Hawley George L. Townsend.	Denver	Mar. 2, 191
Delaware	John P. Nields	Wilmington	Feb. 13, 1912	George L. Townsend.	Wilmington	Apr. 11, 1915
Dist.ofColumbia	Clarence R. Wilsou	Washington	Apr. 6, 1910	George L. Townsend. Aulick Palmer	Washington	Jan. 9, 1910
Florida, N	Fred C. Cubberly	l'ensacola	Jan. 12, 1909	Thos. F. McGourin	Pensacola	Feb. 27, 191
Georgia, N	Farish C. Tate	Atlanta	Apr. 6, 1910	Walter II. Johnson	Atlanta	Jan. 11, 1916
. S	Alexander Ackerman,	Macon	Mar. 13, 1912	George F. White Eugene R. Hendry	Macon Honolulu	Jan. 20, 1909
Hawaii(trm 6 y)	Cura H. Linconfelton	Honolulu	Feb. 10, 1908	Eugene R. Hendry	Honolulu	Feb. 10, 1908
Illinois, N.	Jas. H. Wilkerson	Chicago	Aug. 1. 1911	Shadrach L. Hodgin Luman T. Hov	Boise	Aug. 1. 191
" E	Wm. E. Trantmann	Danville	Feb. 22, 1910	Luman T. Hoy Charles P. Hitch	Danville	Feb. 22, 1910
" 8	Wm. A. Northcott	Springfield	May 6, 1910	Wm. H. Behrens	Chicago	May 6, 1910
lowa, N	Farish C. Tate. Alexander Ackerman, Robt. W. Breckons. Curg H. Lingenfelter. Jas. H. Wilkerson. Wm. E. Trantmann. Wm. A. Northcott. Charles W. Miller. Frederick F. Faville. Mercellus I. Temple.	StormLake(P.O.)	Dec. 10, 1909	Edward H. Schmidt Edward Knott		
" B	Marcellus L. Temple.	Osceola (P.O.)	Dec. 17, 1907	Frank B. Clark	Des Moines	Dec. 10, 190
Kansas	Harry J. Bone	Topeka	Dec. 18, 1905	John R. Harrison	Des Moines Topeka Covington	July 24, 1911
Kansas Kentucky, E W	Harry J. Bone Edwin P. Morrow George Du Relle Charlton R. Beattie	Louisville	Mar. 2, 1911	Asbary B. l'atrick George W. Long		
Louisiana, E	Charlton R. Beattie	New Orleans	Feb. 18, 1909		New Orleans	June 14, 1919
" W Maine	R. H. Rando'ph Robt. T. Whitehouse. John P. Hill Asa P. French Clyde I. Webster. Fred C. Wetmore Charles C. Honpt	Shreveport	Jan. 1, 1911	Ben Ingouf	New Orleans Shreveport Portland Baltimore	Dec. 13, 1910 Dec. 19, 1911
Maryland	John P. Hill	Baltimore	Apr. 4, 1910	Henry W. Mayo George W. Padgett	Baltimore	July 17, 1910
Massachusetts	Asa P. French	Boston	Jan. 11, 1910	Guy Murchie	Boston	May 28, 1912
Michigan, E	Clyde I. Webster	Detroit	Aug. 6, 1912	Milo D. Camy bell	Detroit	May 2, 1910
Minnesota	Charles C. Honot	St. Paul	June 7, 1910	Guy Murchie. Milo D. Camp bell. Nicholas J. Whelau. Win. H. Grimshaw. Aaron M. Storer. Wm. O. Licon.	St. Paul.	Dec. 19, 1911
Mississippi, N		Oxford			Oxford	July 22, 1912
Missouri, E	Robert C. Lee	Jackson	May 9, 1911		Jackson	Feb. 12, 1912
Missouri, E	Charles A. Houts. Leslie J. Lyons James W. Freemau Francis S. Howell. Samuel Platt. Charles W. Hoitt John B. Vreeland. Stephen B. Davis Jr	Kansas City	Jan. 27, 1910 June 24, 1910	Ed. F. Regenhardt Albert J. Martin	St. Louis Kansas City Helena	Dec. 13, 1910
Montana	lames W. Freemau	Helena	July 18, 1912	William Lindsay	Helena	May 1, 1911
Nebraska	Francis S. Howell	Omaha	Feb. 1, 1910	William P. Warner	Omaha Carson City Concord	Jan. 25, 1910 May 18, 1909
New Hampshire.	Charles W. Hoitt	Nashua (P.O.)	Feb. 12, 1911	H. J. Humphreys Eugene P. Nute	Concord	Dec. 19, 1911
New Jersey	John B. Vreeland	Trenton	Dec. 10, 1907	Eugene P. Nute Thomas J. Alcott	Trenton	Diay 17, 1910
New Mexico New York, N	Stephen B. Davis, Jr.	Las Vegas	Feb. 20, 1912	Secundino Romero Daniel F. Breitenstein	Sante Fe	Aug. 20, 1912
" S	George B. Curtiss Henry A. Wise Wm. J. Youngs	New York City	Apr. 1, 1909	William Henkel Chas. J. Haubert	Utica New York City	Jan. 17, 1910
" E	Wm. J. Youngs	Brooklyn	Jan. 18, 1911	Chas. J. Haubert		
N. Carolina, E				Henry L. Fassett Claudius Dockery	Elmira	May 28, 1912 Mar. 8, 1910
" W	Alfred E. Holton	Raleigh Winston-Salem	Jan. 31, 1911	Wm E Loggn	Greensboro	Mar. 8, 1910
North Dakota	Edw. Engerud U. G. Denman	Fargo	Jan. 31, 1911	James F. Shea	Fargo	10, 1710
Ohio, N	S. T. McPherson	Toledo	May 9, 1911 Feb. 7, 1912	Hyman D. Davis	Circipant	Aug. 26, 1913
Oklahoma, E	Wm. J. Gregg	Fargo	Jan. 13, 1908	Samuel G. Victor	Muskogee	Mar. 31, 1908
" W	Honer N. Boardman.	Guthrie	July 18, 1912	William S. Cade	Guthrie	Feb. 15, 1911
P'nsylvania. E	S. T. McPherson. Wm. J. Gregg. Ho ner N. Boardman. John McCourt. John C. Swartiey. Andrew B. Dunsmore. John H. Jordan. Wm. N. Landers. Walter R. Stiness. Ernest F. Cochran. Edward E. Wagner. James B. Cox. Abram M. Tillman. Casey Todd.	Philadelphia	July 18, 1919	Eugene L. Lewis. Samuel G. Victor. William S. Cade. Leslie M. Scott. John B. Robinson	Philadelphia	Aug. 20, 191
м.	Andrew B. Dunsmore.	Scranton	Mar. 3, 1911	John B. Robinson James M. Yesger Enos Hadsell Porter Harry S. Hubbard Daniel R. Ballou J. Duncan Adams Seth Bullock James G. Crumbliss	Scranton	Dec. 21, 191
Parta Vias	John H. Jordan	Pittsburgh	Apr. 15, 1909	Enos Hadsell Porter	Pittsburgh	Jan. 24, 1910
Rhode Island	Walter R. Stiness	Providence	Sent. 1, 1912	Daniel R. Ballov	Providence	Feb. 20, 1910
South Carolina	Ernest F. Cochran	Charleston	Feb. 1, 1910	J. Duncan Adams	Charleston	Mar. 1, 191
South Dakota	Edward E. Wagner	Mitchell	Apr. 1, 1909	Seth Bullock	Sioux Falls	Feb. 8, 1910
M.	Abram M. Tillman	Nashville	Feb. 1. 1910	John W. Overall	Nashville	Mar. 9, 1910
" W	Abram M. Tillman Casey Todd Wm. H. Atwell	Memphis	June 8, 1910	J. Sam Johnson	Memphis	Apr. 25, 1910
	Wm. H. Atwell	Dallas	June 19, 1910	George H. Green	Dallas	Mar. 2, 1911
	Lock McDaniel James W. Ownby	Parls	July 1, 1910	Calvin G. Brewster Dupont B. Lyon	Sherman	June 6, 1910
" w	James W. Ownby Charles A. Boynton	Waco Salt Lake City	June 19, 1910	Eugene Nolle	San Antonio	Mar. 4, 1910
		Salt Lake City	June 27, 1910	James H. Anderson	Salt Lake City	Dog 18 1911
Virginia, E	Alexander Dunnett. D. Lawrence Groner. Birnes Gillespie Oscar Cain.	St. Johnsbury	July 24, 1919	Horace W. Bailey Clarence G. Smithers. Robert A. Fulwiler W. A. Halteman	Rutland	Jan. 25, 1910
w	Birnes Gillespie	Norfolk	Mar. 9, 1910	Robert A. Fulwiler	Norfolk Staunton Spokane	Mar. 20, 1910
44 337	Donouly W Colmon					
W. Virginia N						
.? S.	Harold A. Ritz	Huntington	Apr. 26, 1909	Jos. R. H. Jacoby James E. Doyle Frank H. Tyres	Huntington	Jan. 6, 1910
Wisconsin, E	Guy D. Goff	Milwaukee	July 6, 1911	James E. Doyle Frank H. Tyres Harry A. Weil. Rockwell J. Flint. Ilugh L. Patton.	Milwaukee	July 6, 1911
Wyomlng	Hilliard S. Ridgelv	Chevenue	Dec. 19, 1911	Hugh L. Patton	Chevenne	July 1, 1912
, ,	1	1	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	

The Army.

GENERAL STAFF OF THE ARMY.

Major-General Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff. Brigadier-General Erasmus M. Weaver, Chief of Coast Artillery. Major-General W. W. Wotherspoon. Brigadier-General Albert L. Mills,

Chief of Division of Militia Affairs. COLONELS.

John Biddle, Corps of Engineers, William A. Manu, Infantry, Edwin St. J. Greble, Field Artillery, William A. Nichols, Infantry.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Charles R. Noyes, Infantry,
John E. McMahon, Field Artillery,
Henry C. Hodges, Jr., Infantry,
Harry C. Benson, Cavalry,
William G. Haan, Coast Artillery,
Fred'k S. Foltz, Cavalry,

MAJORS. Carl Reichmann, 24th Infantry, H. D. Todd, Jr., Coast Artillery, William Lassiter, Field Artillery, Daniel B. Devore, Infantry. Daniel W. Ketcham, Coast Artillery.

MAJORS. -Continued. Benjamin A. Poore, 22d Infantry, Charles H. Martin, Infantry, Jesse McI. Carter, Cavalry, Joseph D. Leitch, 28th Infantry, Arthur S. Conklin, Coast Artillery,

CAPTAINS.

CAPTAINS.

James T. Moore, 27th Infantry.
S. J. B. Schindel, Infantry.
William J. Glasgow, Cavalry.
George C. Barnhardt, 15th Cavalry.
Halstead Dorey, Infantry.
Harrison Hall, Coast Artillery.
John R. Procter, Coast Artillery.
Frank R. McCoy, 3d Cavalry.
Charles E. Kilbourne, Coast Artillery.
William H. Raymond, Coast Artillery.
James P. Robinson, Coast Artillery.
John W. Wright, Infantry.

GENERAL OFFICERS OF THE LINE.

Major Conoro	d Tannard Wood Chief of Staff Washington D C
major-denera	Leonard WoodChief of Staff
••	Thomas H. Barry Eastern Division
69	I Homas H. Barry Eastern Division Governors Island, N. 1.
	William H. CarterCentral DivisionChicago, Ill.
	Arthur Murray Western Division San Francisco, Cal.
4.4	W. W. Wotherspoon Assistant to the Chief of Staff Washington, D. C.
Brigadier-Ger	neral. Frederick Funston Department of Luzon Manila, P. I.
• ••	Tasker H. Bliss Department of the East Fort Totten, N. Y.
**	Albert L. Mills Chief Militia Div., Gen. Staff, Washington, D. C.
**	John J. Pershing Department of Mindanao Zamboanga, P. I.
4.0	Ramsay D. Potts
4.0	Ramsay D. Potts
**	Frederick A. Smith Department of the Missouri Omaha. Neb.
60	Marion P. MausDepartment of the Columbia, Vancouver Bks., Wash'n,
6.0	Ralph W. Hoyt Department of the Lakes St. Paul, Minn.
44	. Montg'ry M. Macomb. Department of Hawaii
	Robert K. EvansDepartment of the GulfAtlanta, Ga.
***	George S. AndersonDepartment of the VisayasIloilo, P. I.
	. Clarence R. Edwards Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
6.6	Edgar Z. Steever Department of Texas San Antonio, Tex.

CHIEFS OF STAFF CORPS AND BUREAUS OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Brigadier-GeneralGeorge Andrews The Adjutant-General Washington, D. C.
.Ernest A. Garlington .Inspector-General
Enoch H. Crowder,Judge-Advocate-GeneralWashington, D. C.
Major-General, James B. Aleshire Chief of the Quartermast, Corps, Washington, D. C.
Brigadier-General. Henry G. SharpeQuartermaster CorpsWashington, D. C.
George H. Torney Surgeon-General Washington, D. C.
"George R. SmithQuartermaster Corps
James AllenChief Signal OfficerWashington, D. C.
Frank McIntyreChief Bureau Insular AffairsWashington, D. C.

RETIREMENTS OF GENERALS ON THE ACTIVE LIST.

The following are the dates of the future retirements of Generals on the active list:

The following are the dates of the future retirements of Generals on the active list:
Chief Signal Officer James Allen, February 13, 1913; Brigadier-General Walter S. Schuyler,
April 26, 1913; Brigadier-General Frederick A. Smith, May 15, 1913; Brigadier-General Edgar Z.
Steever, August 20, 1913; Brigadier-General Ralph W. Hoyt, October 9, 1913; Brigadier-General Edgar Z.
Steever, August 20, 1914; Brigadier-General Ralph W. Hoyt, October 9, 1913; Brigadier-General Edgar Z.
George R. Smith, Quartermaster Corps, May 7, 1914; Surgeon-General George H. Torney, June
1, 1914; Brigadier-General Marion P. Maus, August 25, 1914; Adjutant-General George Andrews,
August 26, 1914; Brigadier-General Ramay D. Potts, September 1, 1914; Major-General William
W. Wotherspoon, November 16, 1914; Major-General Arthur Murray, April 29, 1915; MajorGeneral William H. Carter, November 19, 1915; Brigadier-General Montgomery M. Macomb,
October 12, 1916; Brigadier-General Robert K. Evans, November 19, 1916; Inspector-GeneralErnest A. Garliugton, February 20, 1917; Brigadier-General Tasker H. Bliss, December 31, 1917;
Brigadier-General Albert L. Mills, May 7, 1918; Chief of Ordnance William Crozter, February 19,
1919; Major-General Tomas H. Barry, October 13, 1919; Major-General J. Franklin Bell,
January 9, 1920; Major-General James B. Aleshire, Chief Quartermaster Corps, October 31,
1920; Brigadier-General Henry G. Sharpe, Quartermaster Corps, April 30, 1922; BrigadierGeneral Conard Wood, October 9, 1924; Brigadier-General Frank McIntyre, January 5,
1929; Brigadier-General Frederick Funston, November 9, 1929.

GENERAL OFFICERS ON THE RETIRED LIST AND YEAR OF RETIREMENT.

Abbot, Henry L. 1836 S. Cambridge, Mass. Albsworth, Fred C. 1812, M. G. Washington, D. C. Alexander, Chas. T. 1897 R. G. Washington, D. C. Alexander, W. L. 1966. Allen, Charles J. 1894. Allen, Charles J. 1894. Allen, Charles J. 1894. Allen, Charles J. 1894. Anderson Geo. S. 1812. Anderson Geo. S. 1812. Anderson Harry R. 1897. Anderson Harry R. 1897. Anderson Harry R. 1897. Anderson Harry R. 1898. Andrews, Geo. L. 1982. Andrews, Geo. L. 1982. Andrews, Geo. L. 1982. Andrews, Geo. L. 1982. Andrews, Geo. L. 1982. Andrews, Geo. L. 1982. Baldwin, Frank I. 1996. Baldwin, Trank I. 1996. Baldwin, Thomas F. 1991. Baldwin, Thomas F. 1991. Baley, John W. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Baley, John W. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Baley, John W. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Baley, John W. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1991. Barry, Thomas F. 1992. Barry, Thomas F. 1992. Barry, Thomas F. 1993. Barry, Thomas F. 1993. Barry, Thomas F. 1994. Barry, Thomas F. 1995. Barry, Thomas F	Godfrey, Edward S.190. R. G. Cookstown, N. Goddwin, Edward S.190. R. G. Cookstown, N. Goddwin, Edward S.190. Washington, D. C. Goodale, G. A. 1965. Washington, D. C. Goodale, G. A. 1965. Washington, D. C. Goodale, G. A. 1965. Washington, D. C. Graham, W. M. 1988. Annapolis, Md. Greely, A. W. 1988. Annapolis, Md. Greely, A. W. 1988. Annapolis, Md. Greely, A. W. 1980. M. G. Ct. Conwar, N. Y. Goodale, F. L. 1962. New York City, Haille, P. L. 1962. New York City, Haille, P. L. 1962. Washington, D. C. Hall, Charles R. 1968. M. G. Porthand, Me. Hall, Bobert H. 1961. R. G. Chicagolt S. H. Hall, Brobert H. 1962. R. Gochester, N. Y. Hardin, W. D. 1970. Lake Forest, Ill. Hall, Mm. P. 1972. Washington, D. C. Harbach, Abrain, 1968. New London, Cl. Hawkins, John P. 1984. Los Angeles, Cal. Holls, John P. 1984. Washington, D. C. Holds, John D. C. 1965. Spar Holl, N. H. Hodon, Charles C. 1962. New York City, Hoodon, Mot. 1962. Washington, D. C. Holds, Henry C. 1965. Spar Holl, N. H. How, Washington, D. C. Holds, John D. C. 1965. Spar Holl, N. H. Howe, Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1965. B. G. Frockline, Mass. Irwin, E. J. D. 1984. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1965. B. G. Frockline, Mass. Irwin, E. J. D. 1984. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1985. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1985. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John M. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, John M. E. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John M. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John M. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Holds, J. John A. 1986. Washington, D. C. Hold
Abbri, Heart L 1835 . S Cambridge, Mass.	Godfrey, Edward z.19. B. G. Cookstown, N. J.
Alneworth Fred C. Hill. M. Cr. Washington, D. C.	Condala G 4 1985. Watefald Mass
Alexander W. L. 1906. Pasadena Cal	Gordon, Playid S 1896. " . Washington, P.C.
Allen Charles J 194 Washington, D. C.	Graham, W. M 1898 " Annapolis, Md.
Allison, James B 1911 New York City.	Greek, A. W. 190 M.G. Cir. Conway, N. J.
Anderson Wearn & TAN . Weshington D. C.	Granthar F T. New York Other
Anderson Thos. M. 1994 Portland, Ore.	Hains, Peter C 1964 " Washington, D. C.
Andrews, Gen. L. 1992 Washington, D. C.	Hall, Charles B 1908. M.G. Portland, Me.
Anman, William 1902 Youngstown, X. Y.	Hall, Robert H 1901. B. G. Chicago H'g' is, Ill.
Relawin Frank T 1906 . Denter Col	Harbach, Abrant A 1962. ** Borbester, N. V.
Baldwin, Theo. A. 146 Caloosa Sp gs, Ga	Hardin, M. D 1870. " Lake Forest, Ill.
Barlow, John W., 1901 Zew London, Ca.	Haskin, William L. 1903 New London, Ct.
Bart, Thomas I	Wanness A G 1995 " The Angeles Cel
Bell James M. 1961 E. G. New London Ch.	Hickey, James B., 1908. " New York City.
Bingham, Theo. A. 194 New York Oity.	Hobbs, Charles W. 1905 Washington, R. C.
Bird Charles 1902. Giodoesie: Mass	Hodges Henry C 1986 Buttalo, N. Y.
Bishee William H. 1461 Emokine Mass	Hooton Mott 1902 . Westbrook Me.
Sorden, George P. 1907 New York City.	Hoskins, John D. C. 1908., " Sugar Hill, N. H.
Bowman, A. H 1962. " _New Haven, Ct.	Howe, Walter 1910 Washington, D. C.
Breck Sampel Jest STOOKING Mass	History Harry W 1005 " Englamond V
Brooke John R. 1902 Pusheld Mass	Horris Eli L 1965. " . Teralia Cal.
Brown, Justes M. 196 B G. Hackensack, N. J.	Humphrey, Chas. F. 1907. M.G. Washington, D. C.
Brust Banie H 1911 Balumore Mc.	Hyde, John McE. 1994. B.G. Brookline, Mass.
Punharian Tas & Rais . Tinhasiar M.S.	Linear Standard F 1405 . Copputs Cult. Can.
Buffington, A. E. 1961 Madisor, N. J.	Jones, Wm. A 1905. " Ft. Shendan, Fil.
Burbank James B. 1881 Pursheld Mass	Kellogg, Edgar L. 189 Toledo, Chio.
Burn, Andrew S 1961 Washington, I. C.	Sent Jacob F 1996 Waterviet, N. Y.
Public Tohn & Take . Publish Ore	Kright L & D 1910 . Summit N. J.
Brrne, Charles C. 1901. " Washington, D. C.	Kobbe William A 194 M.G. Pasadena Cal.
Calif. Joseph M 196 Towanda Pa	Kress, John A 1965. B.G. St. Louis, Mo.
Carlot, Casel H 189	The Toront C C 1000 46 Ft S Houston Tor
Carried Carried C. C. 1906 Chicago. Il.	Lee Jesse M. 1907 M.G. Greencastle, Ind.
Catlin, Isaac S 1871 " Appalachin, N. Y.	Lieber G. Norman, 1901 . R. G., Washington, D. C.
Cariaro, Louis V 1906 Munich Germany.	Lincoln Simper H. 1902
Charge Jesse C. 1965. E. G. Springfield Ohlo.	Lodor, Richard 1896 " New York City.
Chandler, John G. 1894. " Los Angeles, Cal.	Long, Oscar F 194. " . Pledmont, Cal.
Chase Geo. F. 1911. Washington, D. C.	Lucington M. I 1905 M.G. Seanesteles, N. 1.
Chart Peter I. 4 195 . Chaman's Tenti	McCaster, Wm. S. 196 M.G., Parific Grove, Cal.
Closson, H. W 1896 " Washington, D. C.	McClellan, John 1906. B.G. Paris, France.
Coates, Edwin M. 1900 . Washington, I.C.	MrCres. Tally1908 " West Pollut. N.Y.
Cook Tenry C 188. " San Francisco Ca	McGrent Thomas 190 Benica Cal
Cholidge Chas A. 1907 Petroit, Mich	Marker zie, Alex. 140. M.G. Washington, P. C.
Conner, Michael 1899 Washington, D. C.	McKibbin Cham . 19d .B. G. Washington, D. C.
Charles L. IMB	Werefull S M 199 " Rooten Mass
Crairie David J. 1965. " Washington D. L.	Markley Alfred C. 1407 Radner, Pa.
Crawford. M 1905 " Washington, D. C.	Marshall W. L 1910 " Washington, D. C.
Daggera Aaron S. 1901 Washington D. C.	Marie, Lens A 148 Washington, D. C.
There Charles I. 1965. " Sobenegat, N. Y.	Merrill, Abner H. 1906 . B. G., Arlington, N. Y.
Intis Edward196 Hodolph, E. L.	Miler, Crosby P 1996 Burlington, YL
Invis. Seorge B 1911 M.G. Washington I. C.	Miller, James 1908 Temple, N. H.
THE TANK OF THE TANK TO BE THE TOTAL OF	Winer Charles W. 1915 Columbus Ohio.
Invis. Wirt 1961 Washington D. C.	Mizner Henry B. 1891. Detroit, Mich.
Tie Edssy. L. D 1961 New York City	Mosie, Edward 1902 San Francisco, Cal.
Tummice, Edg. D. 1905 Washington, D. C.	Moore Francis 190 New lorg Cit.
Ingest Walter T. 190 Philadelphia Pa	Morton C. 1910. Washington D. C.
Dulwoody, H. H.C. 1904. " Washington, D. C.	Moseley, Edward B.190 Los Angeles, Cal.
DETA WIL P IFIL .M.G. ABFIRE GA	Mahlenberg, J. C. 1908 Washington, D. C.
There's Wis field 1980 's Franciscon VH	West Albert T. 1916. " New York City.
Fire William 1905 Newport R. L.	Noble, Charles H. 1906 Indianapolis, Ind.
Ernst (swald E. 1906. " Washington D. C.	Noves Henry E. 1901 Berkeley, Cal.
Formula Wr. H. 1908 ** Westington D.C.	O'Fiel v. Robert M. 1909. M.G. Washington, T. C.
FOUNDAIL & W. 1905. "LIPTON Pa.	Osterhaus, Peter J 196 B.G. Duisburg.Ger.
Freeman Herry E. 1901 . " - La Boure, Wyo.	Ovenshipe
Gibson Horatio 2 1802 55 Weshington D.C.	Perker Deincorf d 1996 Cherr Chese Md
Gliespie George L. 1905. M.G. Washing on D. C.	Kress, John A. 1965, B. G. St. Louis, Mo. Lazie, a. Henry M. 1984, Winchester, Mass. Lee, Jesse M. 1981, M. Greencastle, Ind. Lieber, G. Norman, 1981, B. G. Washington, D. C. Lincoln, Sammer H. 1982, "First Rank, Obio, Louisvold, Sammer H. 1982, "Ferr Rank, Obio, Louisvold, Sammer H. 1982, "Ferr Rank, Obio, Louisvold, Sammer H. 1982, "Ferr Rank, Obio, Louisvold, Sammer H. 1982, "Perdmont, Call. Lodor, Richard 1986, "Perdmont, Call. Lodor, Richard 1986, "Perdmont, Call. Lodor, Richard 1986, "Perdmont, Call. Lodor, Richard 1988, "Predmont, Call. Lodor, Richard 1988, "Predmont, Call. Lodor, Richard 1988, "Perdmont, Call. Lodor, Richard 1988, "Perdmont, Call. McChellat, John 1988, "M. G. Paris, France, McCrea, Truly, 1988, "M. G. Paris, France, McCrea, Truly, 1988, "West Point, N. Y. McGinness, John 1988, "M. G. Paris, France, McCrea, Truly, 1988, "West Point, N. Y. McGinness, John 1988, "M. G. Paris, France, McCrea, Truly, 1988, "West Point, N. Y. McGinness, John 1988, "Bentoia, Cal. Markey and Arthur M. 1988, "Reston, Mass. Markey Alfred C. 1987, "Radior, Pa. Marshell, S. M. 1989, "Reston, Mass. Markey, Alfred C. 1987, "Radior, Pa. Merrill, Abrert H. 1986, R. G. Arlington, N. C. Merrilland, Abrert H. 1986, R. G. Arlington, N. Y. Miller, Lames, 1988, "Washington, D. C. Merrillandes, Law, 1988, "Washington, D. C. Miller, Charles W. 1988, "Washington, D. C. Miller, Charles H. 1986, "Washington, D. C. Morton, C. C. 1987, "Washington, D. C. Morton, C. C. 1987, "Washington, D. C. Morton, C. C. 1988, "Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Morton, C. C. 1988, "Washington, D. C. O'steinbaus, Peter J. 1986, "Res Took, Cal. New York City, Note, Cal. Paris, Robert H. 1986, "Res Took, Cal. Paris, Paris, Paris, Paris, Co. Paris, Robert H. 1986, "Res Took, Cal. Paris, Pa
Batts, Chass H 1 B.1908 Palling N. N. Theris, Chass H 1 B.1908 Schemecher, N 7. Batts Edward 1946. Schemecher, N 7. Batts Edward 1946. Hotolin H 1 Datts, Schrege B. 1941 M 6 Washington 1 C. Datts, Schrege B. 1951 M 6 Washington 1 C. Datts, Not M E. 1968 B 6 Hartford, Ch. Datts, Nr. 1961 Washington 1 C. De Bossy I 1 1946. New York Chry Dumnich Edr. I 1946. Profit Chry Dumnich Edr. I 1946. Profit Chry Dumnich Edr. I 1946. Profit Chry Dumnich Edr. I 1946. Profit Chry Dumnich Edr. I 1946. Profit Chry Dumnich Edr. I 1946. Profit Chry Dumnich Edr. I 1946. Washington, D. C. Horts Wu P. 1941 M 6 Aprils Ga. Barat, Charles P. 1940. Ed. New York Chry Edrerly Withdock 1949. Partition, N. P. Edrerly Withdock 1949. Partition, N. P. Edrerly Withdock 1949. Partition, N. C. Fortes, Theodore F. 1946. Washington, D. C. Fortes, Theodore F. 1946. Washington, D. C. Fortes, Theodore F. 1946. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, George L. 1946. M. G. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, George L. 1946. M. G. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, George L. 1946. M. G. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, George L. 1946. M. G. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C. Gillespie, Life C. 1940. Washington, D. C.	Penney Chas G 1985 Nordboff Cal
The series of the company of the series of t	Osterhans, Peter J. 1965. R.G., Duisburg, Ger. Orienshine, S. 1899. "Washington, R.C. Page John H. 1965. "Vever Blas, Wash, Prifer, Daingerf d 1995. "Chevy Chase, Md. Patterson, J. H. 1999. "Alkary, N.Y. Penney, Chas. G., 1890. "Nordbod, Cal. Pennington, A.C.M. 1899. "New York City.

AND DESCRIPTION OF STANDING DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

GENERAL OFFICERS ON THE RETIRED LI	
Pennypacker, Gal., 1883. B. G. Philadelphia, Pa.	Sweet, Owe J 1909 B.G. Los Angeles, Ca.
Perry, Alex. J 1892 Princeton, N. J.	Taylor, Asher C 1963 San Francisco, Cal.
Phipps, Frank H. 1907 pringfield, Mass.	Taylor, Fra k 1905
Pitman, John 1906 ' Orange, N. J.	Thomas, Ear D, 141 Lauret, Md.
Pratt. Edward B 1909 Washington, D. C.	Thompson, J. M I'm S " Salt L. City Utah.
Pratt, Richard H 1903 Ventuor, N. J.	Thorp, Frank 1906 Portland. Me.
Pratt. Sedgwick 1906 Piedmont, Cal.	Tompkins, Chas. H 1994
Price, Butler D1906 Washington, D.C.	True, Theo. F 1904. * . Los Angeles, Cal.
Quinton, William 1902. "Buffalo, N.Y.	Van Horne, W. M. 1901 Austin, Ill.
Randall George M. 1905. M.G. Denver, Col.	Van Voast, James, 1883 " Cincinnati, Ohio.
Rawles, Jacob B 1903. B. G. San Francisco, Cal.	Viele, Charles D 1:00 . " Los Angeles, Cal.
Raymond, Chas. W.1904	Vogdes Anthouy W.1904 San Diego, Cal.
Reade, Philip1908. Lowell, Mass.	Vroom, Peter D 1963 New York City.
Reed, Henry A 1966. " Barcelona, Spain.	Wade, James F 1907. M.G. Jefferson. Ohio.
Robert, Henry M., 1901 . "Owego, N. Y.	Wallace, [m. M Los., B. L., thevy lase, Md.
Roberts, Benj. K 1905 Washington. D. C.	Ward, Freder k K Islo Wash.
Roberts, Cyrus S. 1903. "Cakeville, Ct.	Ward, H. C 1966 . " . Le it vile, Ky.
Robinson, Frank U.1905 New York City.	Ward, Thomas 1902 ** Rechester, N. Y.
Robinson, W. W., Jr. 1910 eattle, Wash.	Wessells, H. W. Jr. 1901 Washing of Il. C.
Rodenbough, T. F. 1870 New York City.	Weston, John F 1908 M.G., New York Clay.
Rodgers, John L1902 Portland, Ore.	Wheaton, Loyd 1202 Chicago, I
Rodney, George B. 1903 Hollywood, Cal.	Wheelan, James N. 1901. B.G. New York City.
Rogers, William P. 1903 " Winona, Minn.	Wheeler, Dan'l D. 193 Fredericksbig, Va.
Sanger, Joseph P., 1994, M.G., Washington, D.C.	Wherry, Wm. M. 1899. " . Cincinnati, Onlo.
Sawtelle, C.G 1997. B. G. Washington, D. C.	Whipple, Chas. H. 1913
Sawyer, J. E 1910. New York City	Whitall, S. R 1906. " Grosse Isla Mich.
Schwan, Theodore. 1901. " Washington, D. C.	Whitten.ore. J. M. 1900 New Haven, Ct.
Scully, James W 1900. " Atlanta, Ga.	Wilcox, Timothy E. 1904. " Washington, D. C.
Shaler, Charles	Williams, Constart, 1967 Senenectady, N.Y.
Sheridan, M. V. 1902. ". Washington, D. C.	Williston, Edw. B. 1900 Portland. Ore.
Sickles, Daniel E., 1869, M.G., New York City	Wilson, Chas. I 1901 " . New York City.
Simpson, John 1902. B. G. Ft. L'venw'th, Kan.	Wilson, James H. 1301 Wilmington, Del.
Smith, Allen	Wilson, John M 1901 Washington, D. C.
Smith, Charles S 1907 New York City.	Wood, E. E 1919 " West Chester. Pa.
Smith, Jacob H. 1902 " Portsmouth, Ohio.	Wood, Henry C. 1896 Farmington Me.
Smith, Rodney 1893 Lockport, N. Y.	Wood, Palmer G 1906
Sniffen, Culver C. 1908. " Washington, D.C.	Woodhull, A. A. 1901 Princeton, N. J.
Snyder, Simon1902 "Reading, Pa.	Woodriff, Carle A. 1908. " Raleigh, N. C.
Stanton, William 1906 ' London, Eng.	Woodruff Chas A 1962 . San Francisco Cal.
Sternberg, Geo. M. 1902 " Washington, D. C.	Woodward, G. A 1979 Washington, D.C.
Stickney, Amos 1307 " New York City.	Woodward, S. L., 1904, " St. Louis, Mr.
Story, John P 1905. M.G. Los Angeles, Cal.	Yeatman, Rich'd T. 1909 Glendale, Onio.
Sumner. Samuel S. 196, ' S. Weym'th, Mass,	Young, S. B. M 1904. L. G. Washington, D. C.
Suter, Chas. R 1905 B.G. Brookline, Mass.	

ORCANIZATION OF THE ARMY. *

ORCANIZATION OF THE ARMY.*

The army in active service as now organized under the acts of Congress of February 2, 1901. January 25, 1907, April 23, 1908 and March 3, 1911. comprises 15 regiments of natury. 765 officers and 13,823 enlisted men; 6 regiments of field artillers, 252 officers and 5,417 enlisted men; a cuast artillers corps, 170 companies, 715 officers and 14,41 enlisted men; and perments of infantry, 1,500 officers and 30,341 enlisted men; 3 battalions of engineers, 1,942 enlisted men, commanded by officers detailed from the corps of engineers; the Porto Rico Regiment of Indatury, 32 officers and 591 enlisted men; staff corps, Service school detachments, Military Academy, Indian scouts, recruits, etc., 7 officers and 8,412 enlisted men, and a provisional force of 52 companies of native scouts in the Philippines, 180 officers and 5,732 enlisted men. The total number of commissioned officers, staff and line, on the active list, is 4.751 (including 127 first lieutenants Medical Reserve Corps on active duty, 60 Dental Surgeons, and 244 additional and detached line officers, and the total enlisted strength of the army shall not exceed at any one time 100,000. * For Military Divisions and Departments, see Index.

ENLISTMENT LAW FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

The Army act of Argust 24, 1612, prescribes a seven years' term of exclaiment in the Army after November 1, 1912, in lifen of the previous term of three years, the first fair years with the colors in active service, and the remaining three years on furious, without par, and attached to the Army Reserve established by the same act. The Army Reserves are subject to be called into active service only in the event of actual or threatened hostilities.

A soldier after four years' continuous service, either under a first or any subsequent enlistment, may be re-enlisted for seven years and receive a final discharge from his prior enlistment, or after three years' continuous service may, upon his written request, ne furloughed and transferred to the Reserve. Enlistment periods for service pay are counted as four years. If rest enlistments are continued to men between the ages of 18 and 35 years. All soldiers receive, in addition to their pay, rations, clothing, bedding, and medical attendance while with the colors.

The monthly pay during first enlistment ranges from \$15 to \$18 for privates. For non-commissioned officers the rates are \$21, \$24, \$30, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$65 and \$75, respectively, according to grade, arm or corps, and nature of duties. Master electricians of the signal corps and the Coast Artillery Corps, and chief musicians of bands, receive the highest rate, \$75 per month. Additional pay of from \$1 to \$4 per month for continuous service is allowed during each enlistment period of four years, after the first, up to and including the seventh. In addition to a lother pay, qualified or expert gunners, ritlemen, sharpshooters and marksmen receive from \$2 to \$5 ber month. Casemate electricians, plotters, planters, loaders, gun commanders, gun pointers, etc., if the coast Artillery Corps receive from \$6 to \$9 per month additional. Twenty per cent. Increase of pay is allowed for service in the Philippines and China.

Enlisted men may be retired after 30 years' service, wi

promotion to second lieutenant.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE RECULAR ARMY. (Revised to November 15, 1912.)

Abbreviations: g.o., General Officer; a.g., Adjutant-General's Department; l.g., Inspector-General's Department; j.a.g., Judge Advocate-General's Department; qm., Quartermaster Corps; med., Medical Department; eig., Corps of Engineers; ord., Ordnance Department; sig., Signal Corps; chap., Chaplains; prof., Professors, Military Academy; i.a.f., Bureau of Insular Affairs; cav., Cavalry; f.a., Field Artillery; c.a., Coast Artillery; inf., Infantry; p. r., Porto Rico Regiment of Infantry; c.p. b., Charge of Public Buildings and Grounds; c. of c., Commandant of Cadets; p.s., Philippine Scouts.

		Corne or	11 .		10
No.	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or Arm.	Z	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Arm.
	MAJOR-GENERALS.			COLONELS—Continued, Paulding, W. Mar. 8, 1908 Baker, F. Mar. 11, Sharpe, A. C. May 9, Bowen, W. H. C. Duly 1, Kingman, Ø. C. July 6, Black, W. M. July 28, Slaker, A. Dec. 8, Appel, D. M. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 12, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 14, Dridow, H. H. Dec. 14, Dridow, H. Jan. 14, Dridow, W. Jan. 14, Brechemin, L. Feb. 26, Rogers, H. L. Mar. 4, Dridow, Mar. 31, Roessler, S. W. Apr. 11, Murray, C. H. Apr. 18, Williams, A. June 5,	
1	Wood, L. Aug. 8, 1903 Bell, J. F. Jan. 8,1903 Barry, T. H. Apr. 29, 1908 Carter, W. H. Nov. 13, 1908 Murray, A. Mar. 14,1911 Wotherspoon, W. May 12, 1912 Aleshire, J. B. Aug. 24,	g. o.	32	Paulding, W	inf.
3	Rarry T H Apr 29 1908	g. 0.	24	Dodd G A Anr 14	cov.
4	Carter, W. H	g. 0.	35	Sharpe, A. C. May 9.	inf.
5	Murray, A Mar. 14,1911	g. o.	36	Bowen, W. H. CJuly 1,	inf.
6	Wotherspoon, W. W May 12, 1912	g.o.	37	Kingman, D. C. July 6,	eng.
7	Alesnire, J. BAug. 24,	qm.	38	Black, W. MJuly 28,	eng.
	BRIGADIER-GENERALS,	1	40	Annel D M Dec 12	med
1	Funston, F	g. o.	41	Ludlow, H. H Dec. 27,	c.a.
2	Crozier, W	ord.	42	Perley, H. OJan. 1,1909	med.
3	Bliss, T. HJuly 21, 1902	g. o.	43	Gray, W. W Jan. 15,	med.
5	Sharpe H G Oct 19 1905	am.	45	Brechemin I. Feb 96	med
6	Allen, JFeb. 10, 1906	sig.	46	Rogers, H. L. Mar. 4.	am.
7	### BRIGADIER-GENERALS, Funston, F. Apr. 1,1901 Crozler, W. Nov. 22, Bliss, T. H. July 21,1902 Mills, A. L. May 7,1904 Sharpe, H. G. Ct. 12,1905 Allen, J. Feb, 10,1906 Pershing, J. J. Sept. 20, Garlington, E. A. Oct. 1, Bandholt#, H. June 30,1907 Potts, R. D. Jan. 31,1908	g.o.	(*)	Cosby, S	c.p.b.
. 8	Garlington, E. AOct. 1,	i. g.	47	White, J. V	c.a.
(7)	Potte D 1) Jan 21 1009	(a)	48	Murroy C H	eng.
10	Smith, F. AOct. 24	g. o.	50	Williams, AJune 5	inf.
īĭ	Torney, G. HJan. 14,1909	med.	51	Carbaugh, H. CJune 14,	j.a.g.
12	Maus, M. PJune 10,	g. o.	52	Abbott, F.VJune 24,	eng.
13	Hoyt, K. W Mar. 18, 1910	g. 0.	53	Townsend C. Mall Oct 15	inf.
15	Macomb. M. M	g. O.	55	Miller W. H Oct. 21	eng. qm.
16	Bandholt H. H. June 30, 1907 Potts, R. D. Jan. 31, 1908 Smith, F. A. Oct. 24. Torney, G. H. Jan. 14, 1909 Maus, M. P. June 10. Hoyt, R. W. Mar. 18, 1910 Bixby, W. H. June 12. Macomb, M. M. Nov. 15. Schuyler, W. S. Jan. 5, 1911 Evans, R. K. Jan. 30. Crowder, E. H. Eeb. 15.	g. o.	56	Goethals, G. WDec. 3.	eng.
17	Evans, R. K Jan. 30,	g. o.	57	La Gardé, L. AJan. 1,1910	
18	Crowder, E. H	3 8.	58	Marsh, FJan. 24,	c.a.
20	Smith, G. R Feb. 16,1912	c.a. qm.	60	Hunter G K Feb 26	med. cav.
21	Edwards, C. R May 12.	g. o.	61	Chubb, C. St. J. Feb. 28.	inf.
22	Andrews. G	a.g.	62	Wood, W. T	inf.
23	Steever, E. Z Aug. 5,	g. o.	63		qm.
24	McIntyre, F Aug. 24, McClernand, E.J. Aug. 27,	i.af.	65	Millis, JJune 13,	inf. eng.
20	Medicinand, 15.0	8.0.	66	Hodgson, F. G. July 4.	qm.
	COLONELS.		67	Bellinger, J. BAug. 1,	qm.
1	Heistand, H.O.SJuly 22, 1902	a.g.	68	Clark, C. H Oct. 23,	ord,
2	Hatfield, C.A.PMar. 2,1903	med.	70	Ebert, R. G. Dec. 27, Arthur, W. H. Jan. 1,1911 O'Connor, C. M. Jan. 17, Robbiom. 10,	med.
4	Gorgas, W.CMar. 9, Mills, S.CApr. 12,		71	O'Connor, C. M Jan. 17.	cav.
5	Mills, S. C	i.g. inf.	72	Febiger, LJan. 19,	inf.
6	Van Orsdale, J. T Aug. 14,	inf.	73	Wilder, W. EJan. 19,	cav.
03	Clem, J. L	qm. (b)	74	Hull I A Feb 15	с.а. j. a.g.
8	Simpson, W. AAug. 18.	a.g.	76	French, F. H. Feb. 15.	inf.
9	McCain, H. P Apr. 23, 1904	a.g.	77	Biddle, JFeb. 27,	eng.
10	Chamberlain, J. LNov. 21,	i.g.	78	Hoyle, E. DMar. 3,	f.a.
11	Chamberlain, J. J. Avv. 21, Cowles, C. D. Apr. 11, 1905 Kerr, J. T. June 17, Dravo, E. E. Oct. 6, Smith, A. L. Oct. 13, Gardener, C. Dec. 26, Fiebeger, G. J. May 26, 1906 McGunnegle, G. K. July 3, Kingsbury, H. P. Ang. 31, West. F. Oct. 1.	9 0	80		qm. qm.
13	Dravo, E. E	qm.	81	McClure, C. Mar. 11.	inf.
14	Smith, A. LOct. 13,	qm.	82	Guilfoyle, J. FMar. 11,	cav.
15	Gardener, C Dec. 26,	inf.	83	Buttler, W. CMar. 3,	inf.
15	McGunnede G V July 2	prof.	85	Vonng G S Mar 3	inf. inf.
18	Kingsbury, H. PAng. 31.	i.g.	86	Bullard, R. LMar. 11.	inf.
19	West, FOct. 1,	cav.	87	Glenn, E. F Mar. 11,	nf.
20	Greene, H. AOct. 20,	inf.	88	Adams, GMar. 11,	f. a.
긺	Kingsoury, H. P. Alig. 31, West, F. Oct. 1, Greene, H. A. Oct. 20, Rivers, W. C. Oct. 26, Hersey, M. L. Oct. 27, 19yer, A. B. Jan. 25, 1907 Loughborough, R. H. R. Mar. 7, 1997 F. F. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	(b) (b)	90		nf. nf.
21	Dyer, A. B. Jan. 25, 1907	f.à.	91	Waltz, M. F. Mar. 11.	nf.
22	Loughborough, R. H.R Mar. 7,	inf.	92	Strong, F. S Mar. 11,	c. a.
23	Davis, T. FApr. 11,	inf.	93	Greble, E. St. J	f.a.
24	Parker, JApr. 18,	cav.	94	Ranerry, W. C	3.a. 3.a.
26	Maus L M May 10	med.	96	Railey C. I	3.a.
27	Wisser, J. P May 27.	c.a.	97	Townsley, C. PApr. 1,	c, a.
28	Booth, C. AOct. 1,	inf.	98	Harmon, M. FMar.13,	c. a.
29	Lougnoorough, R.H.R. Mar. 7, Davis, T. F. Apr. 11, Parker, J. Apr. 18, Garrard, J. Apr. 20, Maus, L. M. May 10, Wisser, J. P. May 27, Booth, C. A. Oct. 1, Birnie, R. Oct. 10, Crane, C. J. Oct. 25, Rossell, W. T. Feb. 28,1908	ord.	100	Bushnell C. E	prof. med.
31	Rossell, W. T. Feb. 28 1908	eng.	101	Rumbough D. J May 3	f.a.

^{*}Included in his grade in the arm to which he belongs (a) Chief (b) Assistant Chief of Philippine Constabulary.

⁽a) Chief of Philippine Constabulary

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY-Continued. (Revised to November 15, 1912.)

ġ	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or Arm.	No.	Name, Rank, and Dats of Commission.	Corps or
-	COLONELS—Continued. Treat, C. (**. May 6.1911 Getty, R. N. June 1, Getty, R. N. June 7, June 1, June 7, June 1, June 1, June 1, June 1, June 1, June 2			Asime, Name, and Date of Commission.	
02	Treat, C. G May 6,1911	inf.	10	Beach, L.H	eng.
03	Birningham H P Inne 7	med.	12	Langfitt W C June 2	eng. eng.
05	Topos & R	inf.	13	Sanford, J. CJuly 6.	eng.
06	Nichols W. A Mar. 11.	inf.	14	Crosby, W. DJan. 1,1909	med.
07	Hodges, H. FJuly 11,	eng.	15	Gandy, C. M Jan. 1,	med.
08	Benét, J. WAug. 5,	ord.	16	McCaw, W. DJan. 1,	med.
09	Finley, W. LAug. 11,	cav.	17	Kean, J. RJan. 1,	med.
10	Gresham, J.CAug. 11,	cav.	18	Raymond, H. I Jan. 15,	med. ord.
11	Cronkhite, AAug. 11,	c.a.	20	Horris H S T Feb 96	med.
13	Vincen W Ang 16	qm.	21	Downey († FMar. 4.	am.
13	Payton A R Mar. 3.	inf.	22	Gaillard, D. DuBApr. 11.	eng.
13	Van Deusen, G. WSept. 7.	f.a.	23	Wheeler, C. BJune 13,	ord.
16	Devol, C. ASept. 22,	qm.	24	Dodds, F. LJune 14,	a.g.
*)	Bennet, J. BSept.23,	(b)	25	Taylor, HJune 24,	eng. prof.
17	Frederick, D. ASept. 27,	inf.	(3)	Betnel, W. AAug. 22,	proi.
18	Foote, S. MUct. 5,	c.a.	26	Nubra Joseph F Oct 16	eng, eng.
19	HIISON, J. C. FNOV. 21,	f.a.	98	Craighill Wm E Dec 3	eng.
201	Rartlett G T Dec 5	c.a.	39	Kendall, W. P Jan. 1,1910	med.
20	Report C A Dec. 6.	c.a.	30	Banister, W. BJan. 1,	med.
23	Davis, H.C	c.a.	31	Woodruff, C. EJan. 1,	med.
24	Ridgway, TJan. 17,1912	c.a.	32	Mason, C. FJan. 1,	med.
25	Fillson, J. C. F. Nov. 27, Millar, E. A. Dec. 1, Bartlett, G. T. Dec. 5, Bennett, C. A. Dec. 6, Davis, H. C. Dec. 6, Ridgway, T. Jan. 17, 1912 Scriven, G. P. Jan. 18, Wallace, H. S. Feb. 16, Warren, J. G. Feb. 27, Sale, G. H. G. Feb. 28, Faylor, C. W. Feb. 29, Burr, E. Mar. 2, Ducat, A. C. Mar. 2,	sig,	33	Glennan, J. DJan. 1,	med.
26	Wallace, H.S Feb. 16,	qm.	34	Bradley, A. EJan. 28,	med.
27	Warren, J. G Feb. 24,	eng.	50	Poirce W S Feb 19	eng. ord.
28	Farler C W Feb 29	cav.	37	Cruse T Feb. 17	qm.
29	Rurr E Mar. 2.	eng.	38	Frick, E. B	med.
31	Ducat, A. CMar. 2.	inf.	39	McCarthy, D. EApr. 13,	ım.
32	Ruckman, J. W Mar. 7,	c.a.	40	Keefer, F. RApr. 14,	med.
33	liggett, H	inf.	41	Knight, J TApr. 21,	qm.
34]	Kennon, L. W. V Mar. 28,	inf.	42	Carson, J. M., JrJune 7,	qm.
35]]	assiter. W Mar. 3, 1911	int.	43	Holt, L. HJune II,	prof.
36 1	Morton, C. G Mar. 30, 1912	inf	45	Partor I F Inly 4	eng. im.
3/	Havnes I A Anr 1	c a	46	Zalinski M. G	im.
20 5	stevenson, W Apr. 12.	med.	47	Willcox, C. DeNSept.18.	prof.
10 1	Phillips, J. LApr. 13,	med.	48	Burr, G. WOct. 23,	ord.
41	Mallory, J. S May 28,	inf.	49	Willcox, C	med.
42	Van Vliet, R. C	iuf.	50	Raymond, T. U Jan. 1,1911	med.
43	Buck, W. L	int.	51	Snyder, H. DJan. 1,	med.
14	Zinhar H. H. H. Mar. 11, 1911	inf	52	Clarks I T Ian 1	med. med.
40 1	Brainard D. L. June 8 1912	sub.	(*)	Sladen F W Jan. 19.	c.of c.
17	Beach, W.DJuly 30.	cav.	54	Porter, J. B	a.g.
18	Shunk, W. AAug. 2,	cav.	55	Riché, C. S Feb. 27,	eng.
19]	Bishop, H.S Mar. 3,1911	cav.	ōΰ	Rees, T. HFeb. 27,	eng.
50	Andrus, E. P Mar. 3,	cav.	57	Potter, C. L. Feb. 27,	ng.
51	Sibley, F. W Mar. 3,	cav.	58	Blocksom, A. PMar. 3,	eav,
52	Walke, WAug. 5, 1912	med.	98	Dunning S W Mar 2	av.
54	Taylor, C. W. Feb. 29, 29, 29, 29, 29, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20	a.g.	61	Blocksom, A. P. Mar. 3, 6 Gaston, J. A. Mar. 3, 6 Gaston, J. A. Mar. 3, 6 Dunning, S. W. Mar. 3, 6 Galbrath, J. G. Mar. 3, 6 Erwin, J. B. Mar. 3, 6 Morgan, G. H. Mar. 3, 1 Morgan, G. H. Mar. 3, 1 Bell, G. Jr. Mar. 3, 1 Bell, G. Jr. Mar. 3, 1 McCoy, F. B. Mar. 3, 1 McCoy, F. B. Mar. 3, 1 McCoy, F. B. Mar. 3, 1 McCoy, F. Mar. 3, 1 McCoy, F. Mar. 3, 1 McCoy, F. Mar. 3, 1 May, W. T. Mar. 3, 1 Hearn, L. J. Mar. 3, 1 May, W. T. Mar. 3, 1 Wood, W. S. Mar. 3, 1 Wood, W. S. Mar. 3, 1 Williamson, G. McK. Mar. 3, 6 Slavens, T. H. Mar. 3, 6 Stanley, D. S. Mar. 3, 6 Stanley, D. S. Mar. 3, 6 Boughton, D. H. Mar. 5, 6 Wylight, W. K. Mar. 10, 1 Pendleton, E. P. Mar. 3, 1 Iobuson, F. O. Mar. 1, 1 Iobuson, F. O. Mar. 1, 1 Iobuson, F. O. Mar. 1, 1 Iobuson, F. O. Mar. 1, 1 Iobuson, F. O. Mar. 1, 1	av.
55 1	Read, R. D	cav.	62	Erwin, J. B Mar. 3.	. g.
56	Swift, E Feb. 29.	cav.	63	Morgan, G. HMar. 3,	av.
57]	Lockett, JAug. 28,		64	Truitt, C. M	nf.
58 8	Scott, H. LAug. 18. 1911	cav.	65	Bell, G., Jr	. g.
59	Lockett, J. Aug. 28, scott, H. L. Aug. 18, 1911 McCormick, I. S. Sept. 25, sickel, H. G. July 30, 1912 Slocum, H. J. Aug. 2, Nicholson, W. J. Aug. 2, Wicholson, W. J. Aug. 27, Walcutt, C. C., Jr. Aug. 27, Brewer, E. P. Aug. 28, 31bson, W. W. Sept. 2, Miller, S. W. Nov. 12,	cav.	66	Parke, J. S	nf. nf.
; 0 }	Sleaum H T	cav.	67	Nove CD Mer 2	nf.
1	Vicholson W I Aug 94	Cav.	60	Blatchford R. M. Mar. 3.	nf.
33 7	Walcutt, C. C., Jr., Apg. 27	i.af.	70	Beacom, J. HMar. 3.	g.
4 1	Brewer, E. P Aug. 28.	cav.	71	May, W. T	nf.
5	libson, W. WSept. 2,	ord.	72	Hearn, L. J Mar. 3,	nf.
6 1	Miller, S. W	inf.	73	Wood, W. S Mar. 3,	ım.
		- 1	74	Baker, C. B	ım.
, ,	LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.		70	Williamson, G. MckMar. 3,	qm.
1 1	Pahola C P Tuno 20 1004	J.a.g.	70	Stanlay D S Mar 2	im. im.
2	Alvord R Tune 17 1005	bior.	72	Lewis I N Mar. 3	2. a.
4 1	Davis, G. B Oct 6	am.	79	Boughton, D. H Mar. 5.	av.
5 0	Feb. 10. 1906	sig.	80	Wright, W. K. Mar. 10.	nf.
6	Kniskern, A. D Apr. 24.	qm.	81	Pendleton, E. P	nf.
7	LIEUTENANT-COLONELS. Dunn, G. M. Nov. 22, 1903 Echols, C. P. June 29, 1904 Alvord, B. June 17, 1905 Davis, G. B. Oct. 6, 6, 1906 Kanssford, W. A. Feb. 10, 1906 Kanskern, A. D. Apr. 24, 1907 Babbitt, E. B. Oct. 10, 1906 Eastman, F. F. Oct. 13, 1907	a.g.	82		oav.
81	Babbitt, E B Oct. 10,	ord.	83	Penrose, C. WMar. 11,	nf.

⁽b) Assistant Chief of Philippines Constabulary. (*) Included in his grade in the arm to which he belongs.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY—Continued. (Revised to November 15, 1912.)

	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or Arm.	No.	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps o
- 11	LIEUT, COLONELS—Continued. Kernan, F. J	a. g.	168	LIEUTCOLONELS-Continued. Shaw, H.A	med
36	Kennedy, C. W	inf.	164	Shaw, H. A.	med.
37	Griffith, T. W Mar. 11,	inf.	(*)	Tschappat, W. HMay 1,	prof,
8	McIver, G. WMar. 11,	inf.	165	Nichols, MMay 28,	inf.
9	Richardson, W. PMar. II,	inf. inf.	167	Krauthoff C R Inne 8	inf. qm.
ĭĬi	Bundy, O Mar. 11.	inf.	168	Carlton, GJune 30.	cav.
2]	Brown, W. C Mar.11,	cav.	(*)	Koehler, L. M July 26,	p.r.
3 1	Hatch, E. E Mar. 11,	inf.	169	Dugan, T. B July 30,	cav.
1	Shanks, D. C Mar. II,	inf.	176	McDonald, J. BAug. 2,	cav.
3 1	Rrett I. M Mar 11	inf.	172	Rivers T RAug 24	med.
7 3	Macomb. A. C	cav.	173	Kenley, W. L. Aug. 26.	f.a.
3]	Lewis, T. JMar.11,	a.g.	174	Allen, H. T Aug. 28,	cav.
9 8	Sturgis, S. D Mar. 11,	f.a.	175	Dickson, T. CSept. 2,	ord.
11	Hawthorne, H. LMar. II,	c.a.	176	Dentier, C.ESept. 8,	inf.
	Parry I. G Mar 11	c.a. f.a.	177	Forsyth W W Oct 3	cav.
3 8	Stevens, G. W. S	c.a.	11.0	1 010, 011, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,	Cav.
1	Davis R. P	c.a.			
5	Stamper, W. Y	inf.	1	Goodier, L. EJune 18, 1901	j.a.g.
	Biauveit, W. F Mar. 11,	inf.	2	Lord, H. M	qm.
1	onders G F Ang 1	cav.	3	Morrow H M Is 27 1009	um.
1	Fatchell, G. WApr. 19	c.a.	3	Smith, R. S Feb 19	am.
ì	Ruggles, C. L'HApr. 13.	ord.	6	Goodier, L. E. June 18, 1901 Lord, H. M. Feb. 20, 1902 Rochester, W. B. July 24. Morrow, H. M. Jan. 27, 1903 Smith, R. S. Feb. 18, Reber, S. Mar. 2,	sig.
I	reland, M. W	med.	7	Squier, G. O	sig.
1	Richardson, W. P. Mar. 11, Barrth, C. H. Mar. 11, Bundy, O. Mar. 11, Brown, W. C. Mar. 11, Brown, W. C. Mar. 11, Hatch, E. E. Mar. 11, Shanks, D. C. Mar. 11, Shanks, D. C. Mar. 11, Strongis, S. D. Mar. 11, Lewis, T. J. Mar. 11, Bertt, L. M. Mar. 11, Storgis, S. D. Mar. 11, Barrette, J. D. Mar. 11, Barrette, J. D. Mar. 11, Berry, L. G. Mar. 11, Berry, L. G. Mar. 11, Davis R. P. Mar. 11, Davis R. P. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. W. S. Mar. 11, Stevens, G. H. Mar. 12, Landers, G. F. Apr. 1, Satchell, G. W. Apr. 12, Inteland, M. W. May 1, McMahon, J. E. May 3, Hodges, H. C. Jr. May 26, Hirst, R. L. June 1, Roberts, H. L. Mar. 11, Pisher, H. C. June 7, Morrison J. F. June 7, Morrison J. F. June 7, Morrison J. F. June 18, Shunk, F. R. July 11, Straub, O. L. July 28, Horney, O. C. Aug. 5,	f.a.	8	Reber, S. Mar. 2, Squier, G. O. Mar. 2, Bethel, W. A. July 15, Hart, W. H. July 27, Winship, B. Jan. 24, Gambrill, W. G. Jan. 23, Davis, A. M. Mar. 17, Russel, E. July 6, McCulloch, C. C., Jr. Jan. 19, 1905 Gallagher, H. J. Jan. 19, Reynolds, F. P. Mar. 31, Canby J. Oct. 4,	j.a.g.
1	Hodges, H. C., JrMay 10,	inf.	9	Hart, W. HJuly 27,	qm.
1	Hirst R T. Tune 1	f. a. inf.	10	(4ambrill W G Ton 98	J.a.g.
Ŀ	Roberts H. L. Mar II	inf.	12	Davis, A. M Mar 17.	am.
i	Chatfield, W. H Mar. 11.	inf.	13	Russel, EJuly 6,	sig.
3	Fisher, H. CJune 7,	med.	14	McCulloch, C. C., JrJan. 19,1905	med.
I	Morrison. J. FJune 7,	inf.	15	Gallagher, H. J Jan. 19,	qm.
6	doodman, T. CJune 13,	qm.	16	Conby T Oot 4	mea.
6	Shunk R R Tuly 11	inf. eng.	18	Wilkins H. E. Oot 6	dm.
ŝ	Straub, O. I. July 28, Horney, O. C. Aug. 5, Benson, H. C. Aug. 11, sands, G. H. Aug. 11, schumm, H. C. Aug. 11, Honston, L. B. Aug. 11, Honston, L. B. Aug. 11,	c. a.	19	Saltzman, C. McK Feb. 10, 1906	sig.
I	Horney, O. CAug. 5,	ord.	20	Straub, P. F Mar. 11.	med.
1	Benson, H. CAug. 11,	cav.	21	Stark, A. N. Mar. 29,	med.
1	Sands, G. H Aug. 11.	cav.	22	Yates, A. WMar. 31,	qm.
	schumm, H. C Aug. 11, Houston, J. B Aug. 16, Root, E. A Sept. 6, Idale, H. C Sept. 6, Mott, T. B Sept. 7, Montgomery, G Sept. 21, schofield, R. McA Sept. 22, Faggart, E. F Sept. 27, Faison, S. L Sept. 27, Robinson, W Oct. 3, Hunter, A. M Oct. 3, stewart, E. R Oct. 4,	c.a.	23	Reynolds, F. P. Mar. 31, Canby, J. Oct. 4, Wilkins, H. E. Oct. 6, Saltzman, C. McK. Feb. 10, 1906 Straub, P. F. Mar. 11, Stark, A. N. Mar. 23, Yates, A. W. Mar. 31, Lynch, C. Apr. 2, Winslow, E. F. Apr. 2, Flagler, C. A. F. May 5, Joyes, J. W. June 25, Hoffer, J. E. June 25, Harding, C. June 27, Flagler, C. June 27,	med.
i	Root E. A	qm. inf.	25	Flagler, C. A. F May 5	eng.
I	Iale, H. CSept. 6.	inf.	26	Joyes, J. W June 25,	ord.
1	Mott, T. BSept. 7,	f.a.	27	Hoffer, J. EJune 25,	ord.
I	Montgomery, GSept. 21,	ord.	28	Harding, CJune 27,	eng.
1	Schoneld, R. McASept. 22,	qm.	29	Harta W. W.	med.
1	Faison S. L. Sept. 27	inf.	31	Jadwin E Sent 26	eng.
i	Robinson, W Oct. 3.		32	Morton, KNov. 12.	ord.
1	Hunter, A. MOct. 3,	prof.	33	Keller, CJan. 11, 1907	eng.
3 5	Stewart, E.ROct. 4,	prof.	34	Deakyne, H Mar. 2,	eng.
1	Hayden, J.LOct. 5,	c. a.	30	Williams C C Mar. 20,	med.
1	Zrope T F Nov 97	inf.	37	Stanton C. E. Apr. 15	ord. qm.
i	Hinds, E Dec. 1	f.a.	38	Howard, D. CApr. 24.	med.
1	Hunter, A. M. Oct. 3, stewart, E. R. Oct. 4, Hayden, J. L. Oct. 5, Hashouck, A. Nov 27, Kreps, J. F. Nov 27, Kreps, J. F. Nov 27, Hinds, E. Dec. 1, Wilson, E. T. Dec. 5, Blake, E. M. Dec. 6, Ordan, W. G. Dec. 6, Barrol, M. K. Jan. 17, 1912 irene, F. Jan. 19.	c.a.	39		inf.
1	Blake, E. M Dec. 5.	c.a.	40	Wilson, W. H May 10,	med.
1	Haan, W. G Dec. 6,	c.a.	41	Bromwell, C. SJune 7,	eng.
	Jordan, S. S Dec. 6,	c.a.	42	Cosby, SJune 9,	eng.
J.	Jan 101, Bi, K	c.a.	45	Stevens P C July 3,	qm. qm,
li	March, P.O. Feb. 8.	a.g.	45	Hof. S Aug. 9.	ord.
ĵ	Barrol, M. K. Jan. 17, 1912 Jreene, F. Jan. 19, March, P. O. Feb. 8, Ray, B. B. Feb. 16, Lervey, H. Feb. 27, McKinstry, C. H. Feb. 27, Dickman, J. T. Feb. 29, Foltz, F. S. Feb. 29, Judson, W. V. Mar. 2, Perkins, F. Mar. 2, Burnham, W. P. Mar. 7, Arrasmith, J. M. Mar. 12, Johnston, W. H. Mar. 28, Atkinson, B. W. Mar. 30, Campbell, A. Afr. 1.	qm.	46	McGlachlin, E. F., Jr Aug. 12,	f.a.
LI.	Jervey, HFeb. 27,	eng.	47	Tschappat, W. H Sept. 19,	ord.
	McKinstry, C. HFeb. 27,	eng.	48	Ayer, W. EOct. 1,	inf.
5	Foltz F. S. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Foltz F. Fol	cav.	49	Rica I H Oct 10	int. ord.
1	Indeen W. W. Mer. 9	cav.	51	Morse R C Oct 90	ora. inf.
: 1	Perkins F Mar 2	inf.	52	Finley, J. P Oct. 23.	inf.
7	Burnham, W P	inf.	53	Day, F. R Oct. 25.	inf.
8	Skerrett, DMar. 7,	c.a.	54	Ellis, W. EJan. 25,	c.a.
9 .	Arrasmith, J. MMar. 12,	inf.	55	Reichmann, C Nov. 8,	inf.
oi:	Johnston, W. HMar. 28,	inf.	56	McIndoe, J. FNov. 15,	eng. inf.
		iuf.			

^(*) Included in his grade in the arm to which he belongs.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY-Continued. (Revised to November 15, 1912.)

-	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or	1 6	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or
No	Transfer to the contract of th	Arm.	No	Trially totally and price of Contriguence.	Arm.
	MAJORS-Continued.	١.		' MAJORS-Continued.	
59	Bateman, C. CJan. 17, 1908	chap.	137	Hartnett, E.HJan. 1,1909	
60	Todd, H.D., JrJan. 20,	c, a,	138	Ford, C. SJan, 1,	med.
61	Winston, T. WJan. 21,	inf	140	Marrow, C. EJan. 1,	med.
62	Morroy I I I Ian 21	eng	141	Winn R N Ion 1	med. med.
63	Carananch I R Feb 14	eng.	142	Lyster T C Ion 1	med.
65	Horton W. E. Feb 25	am.	143	Wadhams, S. H. Jan. 1	med.
66	Lassiter, WFeb. 25.	f.a.	144	Robbins, C.PJan. 1.	med.
67	Jervey, J. PFeb. 28,	eng.	145	Rhoads, T. LJan. 1,	med.
68	King, D. MFeb. 29,	ord.	146	Gilchrist, H. LJan. 1,	med.
69	Moore, T. W Mar. 8,	2m1.	147	Lyster, W. J. L Jan. 1,	med.
70	Wright, W. MMar. 14,	a.g.	140	Persons, E. EJan. 1,	med.
71	Choothop P F Man 17	am.	150	Harrie F F	med.
72	Amos T I. Mar 17	ord .	151	Geddings E F Jon 15	c.a. med.
7.1	Bailey, G. G Mar. 19	am.	152	Bricker, E. D Jan 21	ord.
75	Muir, C. H Mar. 24.	inf.	153	Penrose, G. H. Feb. 6.	qm.
76	Groves, L. RMar. 25,	chap.	154	Scott, W. SFeb. 26,	a.g.
77	Lewis, W. FApr. 10,	med.	155	Morse, A. W Feb. 26,	med.
78	Bratton, T. S Apr. 15,	med.	156	Baker, F. C. Feb. 26,	$\mathbf{med.}$
79	Rirkpatrick, T. JApr. 22,	med.	150	Coo P W Mar. 8,	c. a.
80	Fountlerov P C Ann 23	med.	150	Reynolds C R Mon 19	c. a.
81	Wilson J S. Apr 92	med.	160	Tate, D. L. Mar 98	med. cav.
62	Dutcher, B. H. Apr. 23	med.	161	Gordon, W. H. Mar 23	
84	Fuller, L. A Apr. 23.	med.	162	Lasseigne, A. I	i.g. inf.
85	Skipner, G. AApr. 23,	med.	163	Smith, W. R Mar. 31.	c.a.
86	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	med.	164	Frier, J. H	i. g.
87	Page, HApr. 23,	med.	165	Barden, W. JApr. 11,	eng.
88	Ashford, B. KApr. 23,	med.	167	Whitney, H. H Apr. 14,	a.g.
89	Webber, H. AApr. 23,	med.	169	Waterman, J.CApr. 18,	pay.
90	Chamberlain W P Apr. 23,	med.	169	Winn F L. June 5	chap.
91	Schreiner, E. R. Apr. 23,	med.	170	Hutton, P. C. June 16	a.g. med.
92	Hartsock, F. M. Apr. 23.	med.	171	Schulz, E. H. June 24	eng.
94	Duval, D. F Apr. 23,	med.	172	Read, B. AJune 25,	a.g.
95	Manly, C.JApr. 23,	med.	173	Ballon, C. CJune 26,	nf.
96	Baker, D	med.	174	Phillips, W. A June 29,	ord.
97	Parmerter, A. LApr. 24,	ini.	170	Smith, E. VJuly 7,	nf.
98	Travidson, J. 1	qm.	177	Dungen G P July 10	med. inf.
100	Church J R May 1	med.	178	Durfee L. L. July 23	nf.
701	Hearn, C. C	c. a.	179	Penn, J. A. Ang. 10,	nf.
102	Howell, G. P May 8,	eng.	180	Macdonald, G. HAug. 22,	cav.
103	Smiley, S. E May 9,	inf.	181	Lewis, E. MSept. 4,	nf.
104	Devore, D. BMay 15,	inf.	182	Chase, A. W Sept. 9,	c. a.
105	Ford, J. HMay 20,	med.	184	Replart, S. ASept. 10,	C. a.
100	Achburn P M Inno 94	eng. med.	185	Croxton R C Oct 1	eng. inf.
109	Buck B. R. June 25	inf.	186	Young H. P Oct. 31.	qm,
109	Martin, W. FJune 30.	inf.	187	Jones, E. N. Jr. Nov. 16.	nî.
110	Johnson, E. M., JrJuly 3,	inf.	188	Roberts, W. MNov. 17,	med.
111	Walker, M. LJuly 6,	eng.	189	Cameron, G. HNov. 29,	cav.
112	Davis, W. CJuly 10,	c.a.	190	Holley, D. E Dec. 1, i	nf.
113	Shelton G U July 18,	a.g.	191	Hoffman G M Doc 2	nf.
114	Raymond R R	i. af. eng.	193	Rurgess L. R. Dec. 4	eng. c. a.
118	Ladue, W. B. Ang 7	eng.	(*)	Anderson, A. Van P. Dec. 4	o. a.
117	Mauldin, F. G Sept. 1	i.g.	194	Shipton, J. ADec. 7.	c. a.
118	Ketcham, D. WOct. 10.	c.a.	195	Chamberlaine, W Dec. 10.	c. a.
119	Gavitt, H.C Oct. 27,	chap.	196	Shook, J. RJan. 1,1910	ned.
120	Poore, B. AOct. 28,	inf.	197	Vose, W. E Jan. 1,	ned.
121	McRae, J. HOct. 31,	inf.	198	Woodbury, F. T Jan. 1,	ned.
122	Drown H A Nov. 19	ord.	900	Prefront F. I.	ned. ned.
123	Dean E A Dec 4	chap. med.	201	Brooks W H Jan. 1	ned.
125	Shattuck, A. B Dec. 7.	inf.	202		ned.
126	Lamoreux, T. B Dec. 8,		203	McAndrew, P. HJan. 1,	ned.
127	Usher, F. M. C Dec. 12,	med.	204	Brownlee, C. Y Jan. 1, r	ned.
128	Hero, A., Jr Dec. 27,	c.a.	205	Murtagh, J. AJan. 1,	ned.
129	Truby, W. F Jan. 1,1909		206	Van Book (I Man) Jan. 1,	ned.
130	Russen, r. FJan. 1,	med.	207	Reno W W Ign 1	nea. ned.
139	Greenleaf H.S. Jan 1	med.	209	Buck, C. D. Jan 1	ned.
133	Hess, L. TJan. 1	med.	210	Gosman, G. H.RJan. 1.	ned.
134	Collins, C. C Jan. 1.	med.	211	Koerper, C. EJan. 1,	ned.
135	Raymond, R. B. July 24, Ladue W. B. Aug. 7, Mauldin, F. G. Sept. 1, Ketcham, D. W. Oct. 10, Gavit, H. C. Oct. 27, Poore, B. A. Oct. 28, McRae, J. H. Oct. 31, O'Hern, E. P. Oct. 31, Brown, H. A. Nov. 12, Dean, E. A. Dec. 4, Shattuck, A. B. Dec. 7, Lamoreux, T. B. Dec. 8, Usher, F. M. C. Dec. 12, Hero, A. Jr. Dec. 27, Truby, W. F. Jan. 1, Greenleaf, H. S. Jan. 1, Greenleaf, H. S. Jan. 1, Hess, I. T. Jan. 1, Hess, I. T. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1, Edger, B. J. Jr. Jan. 1,	med.			ned.
186	Waterhouse, S. M Jan. 1,	med.	213	Patterson, R. UJan. 1,	ned.

^(°) Included in his grade in the arm to which he belongs.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY—Continued, (Revised to November 15, 1912.)

No.	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or	No.	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or
	MAJORS-Continued.	ATM.	-	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Arm.
214	O'Connor, R. PJan. 1,1910	med. med.	292	Byram, G. L, Mar. 3.1911	
216	Noble, R. EJan. 1, 'Van Dusen, J. WJan. 1, '	med.	294	Tompkins, S. R. H Mar. 3,	cav.
217	Irwin, G. LeRJan. 14,	qın. c. a.	295	Rice, S Mar. 3,	cav.
219	Brooke, RJan. 28,	med.	297	Garrard, L. F., Jr Mar. 3,	cav. qm.
220	Connor, W.DFeb. 9,	eng.	298	Clayton, B. TMar. 3,	qm.
222	De Witt, W	chap. med.	300	Pettus, H. LMar. 3,	qm. qm.
223	Martin, G. WFeb. 23,	inf.	301	Grant, F. A Mar. 3,	qm.
224	Walsh, R. D Feb. 26, Martin, C. H Feb. 28.	cav.	303	Hamilton, A	f. a. c. a.
226	Schull, H. WMar. 5,	ord.	304	Gilmore, J. C., JrMar. 3,	c. a.
227	Carr D. J Mar. 14	inf. sig.	306	Hampton, K. J Mar. 3,	c.a. qm.
229	Hanson, T. GMar. 24,	inf.	307	Traub, P. E Mar. 5,	cav.
230	Hillman, J. W	chap.	308	Carter, J. Mcl	cav. in f.
232	Read, G. W	cav.	310	Wilder, W. TMar. 11,	qm.
233	Cronin, M.DApr. 2,	inf. chap.	311	Sample, W. R	a.g.
235	Thornburgh, R. MApr. 7,	med.	313	Helmick, E. A. Mar. 11.	i.g. inf.
236	Grubbs, R. BApr. 14,	med.	314	Rose, R. WMar. 11,	
238	Van Dusen, J. W. Jan. 1, Irwin, G. LeR. Jan. 14, Heiner, G. G. Jan. 24, Brooke, R. Jan. 24, Brooke, R. Jan. 24, Brooke, R. Jan. 28, Connor, W.D. Feb. 9, Easterbrook, E. P. Feb. 14, De Witt, W. Feb. 18, Martin, G. W. Feb. 28, Walsh, R. D. Feb. 26, Martin, C. H. Feb. 28, Schull, H. W. Mar. 5, Weigel, W. Mar. 19, Carr, D. J. Mar. 14, Hanson, T. G. Mar. 24, Hillman, J. W. Mar. 29, Hallman, J. W. Mar. 29, Hallman, J. W. Mar. 31, Read, G. W. Apr. 1, Cronin, M. D. Apr. 5, Thornburgh, R. M. Apr. 1, Cronin, M. D. Apr. 5, Thornburgh, R. M. Apr. 7, Grubbs, R. B. Apr. 14, Carnon, W. C. Apr. 21, Cannon, W. C. Apr. 21, Cannon, W. C. Apr. 21, Gerbardt, C. June 12, Oakes, J. C. June 12, Oakes, J. C. June 12, Scott, W. S. Apr. 17, Cannon, W. C. Apr. 21, Gerbardt, C. June 12, Scott, W. S. July 1, Scott, W. S. Apr. 10, Sept. 10, Penfield, W. G. Oct. 15, Penfield, W. G. Oct. 15, Dean, J. T. Oct. 20, Nickolls, J. C. Nov. 1, McNair, W. S. Nov. 15, Nelson, K. Jan. 1, Pield, P. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. D. Jan. 1, 1911 Melson, R. M. Apr. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 1, Staw, H. G. Jan. 1, Whitcomb, C. C. Jan. 19, Hutcheson, G. Jan.	inf. qm.	316	Sargent, F. H. Mar. 11.	inf. qm.
239	Gerhardt, CJune 12,	inf.	317	Chase, WMar.11,	inf.
240	Oakes, J. CJune 13, McManus G. H. July 1	eng. c. a.	318	Hagadorn, C. BMar. II,	inf. inf.
242	Scott, W.SJuly 4,	qm.	320	Bookmiller, E. V Mar. 11,	inf.
243	Rolfe, R.HAug. 1,	qm. inf.	321	Taylor, J. R. M Mar. 11,	inf. inf.
245	Timberlake, E. JSept. 10,	c.a.	323	Cloman, S. A	inf.
246	Pence, W. PSept. 18,	c.a.	324	Crawford, CMar. 11,	inf.
247	Penfield, W. G Oct. 13.	qm. ord.	326	Webster, F. D. Mar. 11.	inf. inf.
249	Dean, J. ΓOct. 20,	ag.	327	Leitch, J. D Mar. 11,	inf.
250 251	McNair W.S. Nov. 15	ord. f. a.	328	Normovie J. E. Mar. 11,	inf. qm.
252	Cabell, DeR. C Dec. 1,	cav.	330	Alexander, RMar. 11,	int.
253	DeLaney, M. A Dec. 27, Bloombergh, H. D. Jan. 1,1911	med.	331	Johnson, W. O	inf. inf.
255	Halloran, P. SJan. 1,	med.	333	Sladen, F. W	inf.
256	Nelson, K Jan. 1,	med.	334	Barnum, M. HMar. 11,	cav.
258	Shaw. H. G Jan. 1.	med.	335	Hardeman, L	cav. cav.
259	Brechemin, L., JrJan. 1,	med.	337	Hay, W. HMar. 11,	cav.
261	Crabtree, G. IIJan. 1.	med. med.	339	Jenkins J. M	cav. i. g.
262	Sayre, FJan, 17,	cav.	340	Lochridge, P. D Mar. 11,	cav.
263	McAlexander, U. GJan. 19, Hutcheson G. Jan 19.	inf.	341	McClure, N. F	cav. cav.
265	Jones, W. KJan. 20,	pay.	343	Evans, E. WMar.11,	qm.
266	Williams, J. MFeb. 2,	c. a. inf.	344	Paxton, R. GMar. 11,	qm. f. a.
268	Kreger, E. A. Feb. 15,	j. a. g.	346	Lyon, Le R. S	ı. g.
269	Cheney, S. AFeb. 27,	eng.	347	Horn, T. NMar. 11,	f. a. f. a.
271	Wittenmyer, E. Feb. 16, Kreger, E. A. Feb. 17, Cheney, S. A. Feb. 27, Altstaetter, F. W. Feb. 27, Ferguson, H. B. Feb. 27, Eoggs, F. C. Feb. 27, Smith, C. S. Feb. 27, Wooten, W. P. Feb. 27, Lenihan, M. J. Mar. 3, Hersey, M. L. Mar. 3, Albright, F. H. Mar. 3,	eng.	349	Cruikshank, W. MMar.11,	f. a.
272	Boggs, F. CFeb. 27,	eng.	350	Wheeler, J., JrMar. 11,	c.a.
273	Wooten, W. P	eng.	352	Landon, E Mar. 11,	c. a. c. a.
275	Lenihan, M. JMar. 3,	inf.	353	McNeil, C. H Mar. 11,	c.a.
276	Hersey, M. L	inf.	354	Tracy, J. P	c. a. c. a.
		a.g. int.	356	Hagood, J	c. a.
279	Baylles, J	inf.	357	Patterson, G. TMar. 11,	a.g. c.a.
281	Lewis, E. A Mar. 3,	pay. inf.	359	Abernethy, R. S Mar. 11,	c.a.
282	Tayman, C. E	inf.	360	Bandholtz, H. H Mar. 12,	inf.
284	Chrisman, E. R Mar. 3.	inf.	362	Learnard, H. GMar. 20,	qm. inf.
285	Harris, P. C Mar. 3,	in f.	363	Donaldson, T. QMar. 21,	cav.
286 287	Hughes, J. B. Mar. 3,	cav.	364	Sarratt, E. O Apr. 1.	p. s. c. a.
288	Brown, R. A	cav.	365	Miller, L. SApr. 1,	qm.
289 290	Holbrook, W. A	cav.	366	Johnston F E Apr 19	qm. c.a.
291		cav.	368	Farr, O. W.BApr. 13,	. a.

^(*) Included in his grade in the arm to which he belongs.

RELATIVE RANK OF THE SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY-Continued. (Revised to November 15, 1912.)

(Nevised to dovernosi 10, 1012.)												
Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or	No.	Name, Rank, and Date of Commission.	Corps or								
MAJORS-Continued.			MAJORS-Continued.									
369 Pruden, A. A Apr. 26, 1911		423	Grove, W RDec. 10,1911	qm,								
370 Hlllmau, L. TApr. 29,	ord.	424	Nugent, G. AJan. 17, Hartmann, C. FJan. 19,	c.a.								
371 Davidson, W. T May 1,	med.	425	Hartmann, C. FJan. 19,	sig.								
370 Hillman, L. T	f.a.	426	Frazier, J. Jan. 31, Bowley, A. J. Feb. 9,	inf.								
373 Murray, P May 10,	inf.	427	Bowley, A. J Feb. 9,	f.a.								
374 Wolf, P. A	inf.	428	Newsom, E. PFeb. 14,	cnap.								
375 Moore, G. D May 23,	inf.	429	Fries, A. A. Feb. 27, 1912 Woodruff, J. A. Feb. 27,	eug.								
(*) Stewart, M. B May 24,	p. r.	430	Woodruff, J. AFeb. 27,	eng.								
376 Fleming, A.SMay 26,	a.g.	431	Kelly, WFeb. 27, Stickle, H. WFeb. 27,	eng,								
377 Uline, W	qm.	432	Stickle, H. WFeb. 27,	eng.								
378 Gose, E. B	inf.	433	Rand, L.HFeb. 27,	eng.								
379 Rice, G. D. May 27, 380 Pearce, E. D' A. May 27,	chap.	434	Markham, E. MFeb. 27,	eng.								
381 Clark, C. CJune 1,	c. a.	430	Preston, G. HFeb. 29,	cav.								
382 Caldwell, V. AJune 6,	inf.	490	Suplee, E. M	cav.								
383 Butts, E. LJune 7,	inf.	100	Anderson F Feb 90	cav.								
384 Bartlett, C. JJune 7,	med.	130	Anderson, E Feb. 29, Uptou, La R. S Mar. 2,	inf.								
385 Hunt, H. JJune 13.	inf.	140	Smith, H. A	inf.								
386 Beach, F. HJune 13,	cav.	141	Jackson, T. H. Mar. 2.	eng.								
387 Miller, CJune 21,	inf.		Cole, W. E. Mar. 7,	c. a.								
388 Miller, R. BJune 21,	med.	113	Stockle, G. EMar. 8,	gm.								
389 Gray, AJune 26,	i.g.	1444	Hacker T B Mar 11	qm.								
390 Dade, A. LJune 29,	i.g.	445	Saffarrans, G. C. Mar. 12, O' Keefe, T. P. Mar. 22,	inf.								
391 Conklin, A.SJuly 7,	c.a.	446	O'Keefe T.P. Mar 22	chap.								
392 Brown, LJuly 11,	eng.	447	Pierce, P. E Mar. 28,	inf.								
393 Ragan, C. A July 14,	med.	448	French, C. G Mar. 30,	inf.								
394 Stull, G. CJuly 19.	chap.	14491	Wahl, L Mar. 30.	inf.								
395 Winn, J. SJuly 23.	cav.	450	Spinks, M. GApr. 1,	c. a.								
396 Koehler, B. MJuly 29,	c.a.	451	Johnson, J. C Apr. 3.	c. a.								
397 Hedekin, C. A., Aug. 11.	cav.	452	Eastman, W. R Apr. 12.	med.								
398 Koester, F. J	cav.	453	Hall I F Apr 18	med.								
399 Brady, J. FAug. 11,	c.a.	(*)	Ripley, H. A. Apr. 18, Jackson, W. P. Apr. 23, Littebrant, W. T. May 21,	p. s.								
400 Dickson, T. J Aug. 12.	chap.	454	Jackson, W. PApr. 23,	inf.								
(*) Smith, A., JrAug. 16,	p.s.	455	Littebrant, W. TMay 21,	cav.								
401 Wesson, C. MAug. 25,	ord.			inf.								
402 Murphy, T. OSept. 2,	inf.	457	Crowley, M. May 28, Bradley, J. J. May 30, Henry, M. J. June 8,	inf.								
403 Bertsch, W. H Sept. 6,	inf.	458	Bradley, J.JMay 30,	inf.								
402 Murphy, T. O. Sept. 2, 402 Bertsch, W. H. Sept. 6, 404 Payne, B. Sept. 7,	f. a.	459	Henry, M. JJune 8,	qm.								
405 Bush, R. L. Sept. 8, 406 Hartman, J. D. L. Sept. 11,	inf.	460	Butler, M. C., Jr June 30,	cav.								
406 Hartman, J. D. LSept. 11,	qm.	401	McNamee, M. MJuly 30,	cav.								
407 Bennet, J. B	inf.	402	Butler, M. C., Jr. June 30, McNamee, M. M. July 30, Harrison, R. Aug. 2, Metcalf, R. F. Aug. 6,	cav.								
408 Jarvis, M. S Sept. 27,	inf.	403	Rich, E. WAug. 6,	med.								
409 Shinkle, E. M Sept. 29, 410 Carmichael, R. L Sept. 30,	ord.	404	Sottle D	med.								
410 Carinichael, R. L. Sept. 30,	qm.	400	Settle, D	inf.								
411 Brown, Earl IOct. 4, 412 Moses, AndrewOct. 5,	eng.	400	Dishon H C Ang 96	cav.								
412 Moses, Andrew	c.a.	160	Bishop, H. G Aug. 26, Langhorne, G. T Aug. 27,	f. a.								
413 Ashburn, T. Q Oct. 5, 414 Lawton, Frank H Nov. 12,	qm.	460	Voing C Ang 00	cav.								
415 Howze, R. L	qm.	470	Young, CAug. 28, Marshall, F. CSept. 3,	cav.								
416 Heavey, J. W	cav. inf.	471	Hawkins, W. JSept. 6,	cav.								
417 Hirsch, H. J	inf.	479	Switzer, J.S Sept. 8,	inf.								
418 Guionard W S Doo 1	f. a.	179	Ryan, J. ASept. 15,	cav.								
418 Guignard, W. S Dec. 1, 419 Bottoms, S. F Dec. 5,	qm.	474	Caldwell, F. MSept. 17,	cav.								
420 Cloke, H. E	c.a.	175	Headley L. H. B. Sent 22	chap.								
421 Vestal, S. C	c. a.	476	Headley, I. H. BSept. 22, Hornbrook, J. JOct. 3,	cav.								
422 Ward, P.R Dec. 6,	gin.	477	Williams, H. OOct. 13,	inf.								
722 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	11111	112001										

(*) Included in his grade in the arm to which he belongs.

FIELD OFFICERS OF RECIMENTS AND OF THE ARTILLERY CORPS.+

First Cavalry.	Fourth Cavalry.	Seventh Cavalry.	Tenth Cavatry.
Col. Walter L. Finley.	Col. Wm. D. Beach.		Col. John C. Gresham.
LtCol. Lloyd M. Brett.	LtCol. J. G. Galbraith.	LtCol	LtCol. J. A. Gaston.
Maj			Maj. George O. Cress.
Maj. James B. Hughes.	Maj. Guy H. Preston.		Maj. W. A. Holbrook.
Maj. Edmund S. Wright.	Maj. Ralph Harrison.	Maj. Francis H. Beach.	Maj. William H. Hay.
Second Cavalry.	Fifth Cavalry.	Eighth Cavalry.	Eleventh Cavatry.
Col. Frank West.	Col. Wilber E. Wilder.	Col. Eben Swift.	Col. James Parker,
LtCol	LtCol	LtCol. D. H. Boughton	
Maj		Maj. Charles W. Farber.	
Maj. John S. Winn.	Maj. Geo. T. Langho rne.	Maj. M H. Barnum.	Mai. De Rosey C. Cabell.
Maj. Francis C. Marshall.	Maj. James A. Ryan.	Maj. Thos. H. Donaldson	Maj. Robert L. Howze.
Third Cavalry.	Sixth Cavatry.	Ninth Cavalry.	Twelfth Cavalry,
Col. Jos. Hugh L. Scott.		Col. John F. Guilfoyle.	Col. Cunliffe H. Murray.
LtCol. Guy Carleton.	LtCol. A.P. Blocksom.	LtCol.	LtCol.
Maj. Daniel L. Tate.	Maj	Maj. George W. Read.	Maj. Stephen H. Elliott.
Maj. Sedgwick Rice.	Maj. John P. Ryan.	Maj. W. T. Littebrandt.	
Maj. Arthur Thayer,	Maj. Matt. C. Butler, Jr.	Maj. Charles Young.	Maj. Edward Anderson.

t''Additional'' field officers of cavalry, artillery and infantry, unassigned, created by act approved. March 3, 1911, are included in the relative rank list of superior officers.

FIELD OFFICERS OF REGIMENTS AND OF THE ARTILLERY CORPS-Continued.

Thirteenth Cavalry,
Col. Chas. A. P. Hatfield.
Lt.-Col. George H. Sands
Maj. G. H. Macdonald.
Maj. Robert E. L. Michie.
Maj. P. D. Lochridge.

Fourteenth Cavalry,
Col. Frederick W.Sibley,
Lt.-Col. Edwin P.Brewer
Maj. George H.Cameron,
Maj. Robert A. Brown,
Maj. Edwin M. Suplee,

Fifteenth Cavalry, Col. Joseph Garrard, Lt.-Col. F. O. Johnson, Maj. Charles A. Hedekin Maj. M. M. McNamee, Maj. Chas. D. Rhodes,

First Field Artillery,
Col. David J. Rumbough,
Lt.-Col.Chas. T. Meuoher
Maj. W. M. Cruikshauk,
Maj. Dwight E. Altman,
Second Field Artillery,

Third Field Artillery.
Col. Charles G. Treat.
Lt.-Col. Samuel D. Sturgis
Maj. Wm. J. Snow.
Maj. C. P. Summerall.

Fourth Field Artillery. Col. Alexander B. Dyer. Lt.-Col. Lucien G. Berry. Maj. Tiemann N. Horn. Maj. Albert J. Bowley.

Fifth Field Artillery. Col. Granger Adams. Lt.-Col. Ernest Hinds. Maj. Otho W. B. Farr. Maj. Harry G. Bishop.

Sixth Field Artitlery, Col. Eli D. Hoyle, Lt.-Col. Wm. L. Kenley, Maj, William S. McNair, Maj, Wm. S. Guinard,

Coast Artillery Corps.
Colonels.

J. P. Wisser,
A. Slaker,
H. H. Ludlow,
J. V. White,
F. Marsh,
S. E. Allen,
F. S. Strong,
W. C. Rafferty,
C. L. Phillips,
C. J. Bailey,
C. P. Townsley,
M. F. Harmon,
A. Cronkhite,
C. H. Hunter,
G. M. Foote,
G. T. Bartlett,
C. A. Bennett,
H. C. Davis,
T. Ridgway,
T. Ridgway,
J. W. Ruckman,
I. A. Haynes,
W. Walke,

LIEUT.-COLONELS.
I.N. Lewis.
H. L. Hawthorne.
J. D. Barrette.
G. W. S. Stevens.
R. P. Davis.
G. F. Landers.
G. W. Gatchell.
Q. I. Straub.

LT.-COLONELS—Con'd. H. C. Schumm. J. L. Hayden.

J. L. Hayden, E. T. Wilson, E. M. Blake, W. G. Haan, S. S. Jordan, M. K. Barroll, D. Skerrett, A. Campbell,

MAJORS,
W. E. Ellis,
J. P. Hains,
H. D. Todd, Jr.
T. W. Winston,
C. C. Hearn,
W. C. Davis,
D. W. Ketcham,
T. B. Lamoreux,
A. Hero, Jr.
F. E. Harris,
G. Blakely,
F. W. Coe,
W. R. Smith,
A. W. Chase.
S. A. Kephart.

A. W. Chase S. A. Kephart. L. R. Burgess. J. A. Shipton W. Chamberlaine, G. G. Heiner. G. H. McManus, E. J. Timberlake, W. P. Pence. J. M. Williams, A. Hamilton, J. C. Gilmore, Jr.

J. C. Gilmore, Jr.
J. L. Knowlton.
J. Wheeler, Jr.
R. E. Callan.
E. Landon.
C. H. McNeil.
J. P. Tracy.
P. M. Kessler.
J. Hagood.
F. K. Fergusson.

R. S. Abernethy.
E. O. Sarratt.
F. E. Johnston.
E. D' A. Pearce.
A. S. Conklin.
B. M. Koehler.
J. F. Brady.
A. Moses.

H. E. Cloke, S. C. Vestal, G. A. Nugent, W. E. Cole, M. G. Spiuks, J. C. Johnson.

First Infantry.
Col. Geo. K. McGunnegle.

Col. Geo. K. McGunnegle. Lt.-Col. Robert L. Hirst. Maj. J. A. Penn. Maj. Charles E. Tayman. Maj. Joseph Frazier. Second Infantra.

Second Infantry, Col. Samuel W. Miller, Lt.-Col. W. Y. Stamper, Maj. Waldo E. Ayer, Maj. Erneste V. Smith, Maj. H. O. Williams,

Third Infantry, Col. Henry Kirby, Lt.-Col. L. J. Hearn, Maj. William H.Bertsch, Maj. Lutz Wahl, Maj. Wun, P. Jackson,

Fourth Infantry.
Col. Wm. C. Buttler.
Lt.-Col. E. F. Taggart.
Maj. Paul A. Wolf.
Maj. Charles, G. French.
Maj. John S. Switzer.

Fifth Infantry.
Col. Calvin D. Cowles,
Lt. Col. S. L. Faison,
Maj. William F. Martin,
Maj. James H. McRae,
Maj. Armand I. Lasseigne

Sixth Infantry, Col. Lea Febiger, Lt.-Col. J. M. Arrasmith, Maj. Edson A. Lewis, Maj. John L. Hiues, Maj. Matthias Crowley,

Seventh Infantry,
Col. Daniel Cornman,
Lt.-Col. Wm. H. Allaire,
Maj. Carl Reichmann,
Maj. Michael J. Lenihan,
Maj. Charles Miller,

Eighth Infantry, Col. J. C. F. Tillson, Lt.-Col. Walter K. Wright Maj. Thomas G. Hanson, Maj. William O. Johnson, Maj. Harry J. Hirsch.

Ninth Infantry.
Col. Charles J. Crane.
Lt.-Col. David C. Shanks.
Maj. Geo. B. Duncan,
Maj. James Baylies,
Maj. E. V. Bookmiller.

Tenth Infantry,
Col. Henry A. Greene.
Lt.-Col. Wm.F. Blauvelt.
Maj. Charles Gerhardt,
Maj. Samuel Seay,
Maj. LaRoy S. Upton.

Eleventh Infantry,
Col. Arthur Williams,
Lt.-Col. Omar Bundy,
Maj. Harry R. Lee.
Maj. Fred. W. Sladen,
Maj. Henry J. Hunt,
Tweitth Infantry,

Thirteenth Infantry,
Col. Robert H. R. Loughborough,
Lt.-Col. Geo, W. McIver.
Maj. B. B. Buck.
Maj. U. G. McAlexander,
Maj. Peter C. Harris.

Fourteenth Infantry.
('ol. Richard H. Wilson,
Lt.-Col. Maury Nichols,
Maj. Frank H. Albright,
Maj. Henry G. Learnard,
Maj. John W. Heavy.

Fifteenth Infantry, Col. Frank B. Jones, Lt.-Col. E. A. Root, Maj. A. B. Shattuck, Maj. Charles C. Clark, Maj. Palmer, E. Pierce,

Sixteenth Infantry.
Col. Cornelius Gardener.
Lt.-Col. C. W. Kennedy.
Maj. C. S. Farnsworth.
Maj. Edw'd R.Chrisman.
Maj. William C. Bennett

Seventeenth Infantry.
Col. John T. Van Orsdale.
Lt.-Col. Harry C. Hale.
Maj. Edward N. Jones, Jr.
Maj. Geo. W. Martin.
Maj. G. C. Saffarrans.

Eighteenth Infantry.
Col. Thomas F. Davis.
Lt.-Col. A. Hasbrouck.
Maj. Mark L. Hersey.
Maj. F. E. Lacey, Jr.
Maj. George D. Moore.

Nineteenth Infantry, Col. Millard F. Waltz. Lt.-Col. Dan'l L. Howell, Maj. Edward M. Lewis, Maj. Sam'l Burkhardt, Jr. Maj. T. O. Murphy,

Twentieth Infantry.
Col. James A. Irons.
Lt.-Col. Fred. Perkins.
Maj. Charles Crawford.
Maj. Wm. S. Graves.
Maj. Frank D. Webster.
Twenty-first Infantry.

Col. George S. Young. Lt.-Col. J. F. Morrison, Maj. A. P. Buffington, Maj. Samuel E. Smiley. Maj. Wilson Chase Twenty-second Infantry, Col. D. A. Frederick,

Twenty-second Infautry, Col. D. A. Frederick, Lt.-Col. Harris L. Roberts, Maj. Benjamin A. Poore, Maj. H. H. Bandholtz, Maj. Peter Murray, Twenty-third Infautry,

Col. Edwin F. Glenn, Lt.-Col. E. P. Pendleton. Maj. D. E. Holley, Maj. Chas. B. Hagadorn. Twenty-fourth Infantry. Col. William Paulding. Lt.-Col. Frank B. McCoy. Maj. Charles C. Ballou. Maj. Marcus D. Cronin. Maj. M. S. Jarvis.

Twenty-fifth Infantry, Col. L.W.V. Kennon, Lt.-Col. Chas, W. Penrose, Maj. Ernest B. Gose, Maj. Vernon A. Caldwell, Maj. Edmund L. Butts,

Twenty-sixth Infantry, Col. Robert L. Bullard, Lt.-Col. Wm. H. Johnston Mal. Lucius L. Durfee, Mal. Sydney A. Cloman. Maj. Ross L. Bush. Twenty-seventh Infantry, Col. Robert N. Getty. Lt.-Col. W. H. Charfield, Maj. E. Wittenmyer. Maj. William R. Dashiel, Maj. John B. Bennet. Twenty-eighth Infantry, Col. Edw. H. Plummer.

Lt.-Col. Willis T. May.
Mal. Joseph D. Leitch.
Mal. James R. Lindsay.
Maj. Harry A. Smith.
Twenty-nint Infantry.
Col. John S. Mallory.
It.-Col. Chas. M. Truitt.
Maj. Henry D. Styer.
Maj. Munroe McFarland.
Maj. Douglass Settle.
Maj. Douglass Settle.

Thirtieth Infantry.
Col. Charles McClure.
Lt.-Col. William H. Sage.
Maj. Frederick R. Day.
Maj. Leon S. Roudiez.
Maj. John J. Bradley.

MILITARY DIVISIONS AND DEPARTMENTS.

THE EASTERN DIVISION.—Embracing Depart-dent of the East, Department of the Gulf, and he Panama Canal Zone; headquarters, Governors sland, N. Y. Comr., Maj.-Gen. Thos. H. Barry. THE WESTERN DIVISION—Embracing Department of the East, Department of the Gulf, and the Panama Canal Zone; headquarters, Governors

the Panama (anal Zone; headquarters, Governors Island, N. Y. Comr., Maj.-Gen. Thos. II. Barry. DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST—Embracing the New England States, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, the Island of Porto Rico and islands and keys adjacent thereto; headquarters, Fort Totten, N. Y. Commander, Brig. Gen. T. H. Bliss,

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF—Embracing the

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF—Embracing the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and the Artillery Districts of New Orleans and Galveston; headquarters, Atlanta, Ga. Commander, Brig.-Gen. Robert K. Dvans, THE CENTRAL DIVISION—Embracing Department of the Lakes, Department of the Missouri; Department of Teyes, and the military reserva-

Department of Texas, and the military reserva-tions of Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming; Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and Fort Riley, Kansas, headquarters, Chicago, Ill. Commander, Maj.-Gen. William H. Carter.

DEPARTMENT OF THE LAKES - Embracing the States of Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and North Dakota; headquarters, St. Paul, Minn. Commander, Brig.-Gen. R. W.

Hoyt.

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI - Embracing the States of Iowa, Missouri, Kansas (except that part included in the military reservations of Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley), Nebraska, South Dakota, Wyoming (except that partincluded in the Yellowstone National Park and the military reservation of Fort D. A. Russell), and Colorado; headquarters, Omaha, Neb. Commander, Brig.-Gen. F. A. Smith.

DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS-Embracing the States of Texas (except that part included in the Artillery District of Galveston), Louisiana (except that part included in the Artillery District of New Orleans), Pershing.

THE WEST-KEN DIVISION—Embracing Department of California, Department of the Columbia, and Department of Hawaii; headquarters, San Francisco, Cal. Commander, Maj.-Gen. A. Murray, DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.—Embracing the States of California, Nevada, Utah and Arizona; headquarters, Fort Miley, Cal. Commander Brig.-Gen. W. S. Schuyler.

DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA—Embracing the States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, so much of Wyoming as is included in the Yellowstone National Park, and Alaska; headquarters, Vancouver Barracks, Wash, Commander, Brig.-Gen. M. P. Maus,

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIT-Embracing the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies; head-quarters at Honolulu, H. T. Commander, Brig.-

Gen. M. M. Macomb.

PHILIPPINES DIVISION - Embracing Department of Luzon and Department of Mindanao; headquarters, Manila, P. I. Commander, Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell.

DEPARTMENT OF LUZON - Embracing all that DEPARTMENT OF LUZON—Embracing all that portion of the Philippine Archipelago lying west of longitude 121 degrees 45 minutes east of Greenwich, and north of the parallel of latitude 11 degrees 30 minutes north (excluding the island of Linapacan), and lying east of longitude 121 degrees 45 minutes east of Greenwich and north of the ninth parallel of latitude, except the island of Mindanao, and all islands east of the Straits of Surigao; headquarters, Manila, P. I. Commander, Brig. Gen. F. Funston. mander, Brig.-Gen.F. Funston.

DEPARTMENT OF MINDANAO - Embracing all islands of the Philippine Archipelago not included in Department of Luzon; headquarters Zambo-P. I. Commander, Brig.-Gen. John J.

The National Progressive Republican League.

President—Jonathan Bourne, Jr., Oregon. Vice-President—George W. Norris, Nebraska. Secretary—A. W. Prescott. Treasurer—Charles R. Crane, Chicago. Headquarters, Union Trust Building, Washington, D. C.

Emperial Order of the Dragon.

EVERY officer, soldier, sailor or marine at present in the service, or who has been honorably discharged or retired from the service, who served with the United States forces in China between May, 1900, and May, 1901, is entitled to life membership, including the official insignia, upon the payment of the initiation fee of \$2.00, and no further dues or assessments are to be made.

Grand Viceroy—Frederic C. Madden, 207 West 147th Street, New York City. Custodian of Archives—Henry M. Schimler. Custodian of Finance—C. Aubrey Lomas. 196 Bradhurst Avenue,

New York City.

The Triple Alliance.

THE Triple Alliance was formed in 1883 between Germany. Austria-Hungary and Italy for the purpose of checking encroachments by Russia and France. By its provisions the three powers are bound to support one another in certain contingencies.

Its terms were made more definite in 1887. The exact provisions of the Alliance have not been divulged, but are said to have been modified as to France and Italy in 1893. The Alliance was renewed in 1902 and in 1907, for certain periods, and the period of its last renewal extends to June 14, 1914. It would appear that the recent demands of Italy against Turkey, followed by Italy's declaration of war, were assented to by the Alliance. For many years Great Britain, while not a party to the Alliance, was closely linked with it through apprehension of French and Russian aggressiveness, but later, becoming disquieted by the growth of the German naval power, adopted, in 1902, a decided change of policy with a view to seeking in the Balance of Power greater security against invasion.

In pursuance of this policy Great Britain entered into an exceedance with France in 1904.

In pursuance of this policy Great Britain entered into an agreement with France in 1904 and with Russia in 1907. The aims of the Triple Entente, so called, Great Britain, France and Russia, were substantially as follows:

1. The Balance of Power.
2. The strengthening of the treaty law in the interests of peace and the status quo.
3. Disarmament.

In some directions this policy has met with considerable success.

In the improbable event of a war between the powers of the Triple Alliance and those of the
Triple Entente the land forces of the Entente would exceed by probably a million men those of
the Alliance, but it is doubtful whether the vast army of Russia could be promptly assembled for service in the theatre of war.

The strength of the combined navies of the Entente in ships, toppage, armament and number me me would arosed the somblined navel strength of the Alliano.

Military Small Arms.

About 1880 all the civilized countries began rearming their troops with magazine rifles of small callbre, using high power cartridges with smokless powder. Modifications and improvements in these as well as in carbines and pistols, have materially added to their effectiveness. At the present time no great difference exists in the effectiveness of the kinds or fries with which the armies of the great powers are supplied with regard to their ranges and shooting qualities. It is well known that the effectiveness of any arm depends greatly on the experience and skill of the men who use it, and that, other things being equal, the troops most thoroughly instructed and drilled in the use of the rife are the most efficient in battle.

While the wounds inflicted by the modern small calibre high velocity rifes are less fatal and yield more readily to treatment than those made by the guns of large calibre using slow-burning black powder formerly in use, yet it is claimed that men hit by the smaller bullet, even if not killed or mortally wounded, are as completely put out of action as if struck by the larger.

The automatic rifle will be, beyond question, the military weapon of the near future. Nearly all of the principal countries of Europe have been experimenting with rites of this type. It seems, however, that, as yet, no automatic shoulder rifle has been brought forward that is considered as sufficiently reliable and effective for war purposes to justify the great expense of adopting it in the place of those now in use.

Some British army officers do not regard their Lee-Enfield rifle as equal to that of some other countries. This arm is made in two lengths. Opinions differ as to the respective merits of the long and the short rifle. During the present year the British War Office has adopted and manufactured for experimentation a limited number of rifles of a new type. It is claimed that in matters of calibre, weight of builet, size of charge and effectiveness the new rifle is superior to any existing.

A few years ago

any existing.

any existing.

A few years ago the Mexican Government ordered some 4,000 rifles of the automatic type. known as the "Mondragon," with which to arm part of its army. This gun has the same calibre and uses the same cartridge as the German Mauser, with which the Mexican troops are mostly armed, but information as to the result of this experiment of introducing an automatic rifle to actual military use is lacking.

Germany adopted an automatic pistol for military use in 1908. The United States has recently adopted for the army and navy, in place of the service revolver, the Colt automatic pistol, after extended and rigid experiments and tests by a board of army officers. This is regarded as a remarkably effective weapon. Its length is 8.5 inches; length of barrel, 5 inches; weight, 2 lbs. 7 oz.; calibre, 4.5; cartridges in magazine, 7. The German automatic pistol has a length of 8.54 inches; length of barrel, 4.02 inches; weight, 1 lb. 13 ½ oz.; calibre, 35; cartridges in magazine, 8.

The appended table of military rifles in use by the principal countries of the world is compiled from the latest available data. Changes are frequently made, however, and it is difficult, if not impossible, to present accurate statistics up to date.

impossible, to present accurate statistics up to date.

Countries.	Name or Model of Gun.	Year of Introduction.	Calibre.	Without T	With Bayonet, H	Weight With	Cariridges in	Covering or Jacket of Bullets.	Weight of En- the Cartridge.	Gun Sighted to—	Muzzle Velocity.	Kind of Powder.
Argentina Austria-Hung Belgium Bollvia. Bollvia. Brazil Bulgaria. China Columbia. Denmark England France. Germany Greece. Italy Japan Mexico Netherlands. Norway. Peru Roumania Roumania Russiu. Servia Sepain.	Springfield. Mauser Mannlicher. Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Mauser Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Lebel Marki & III Mauser Mannlicher-Schn'n'r Mauser Mannlicher-Schn'n'r Mauser Mannlicher Mauser	1891 1895 1894 1895 1894 1895 1895 1894 1895 1894 1899 1891 1905 1891 1908 1891 1891 1893 1891 1893 1891 1893 1894 1895 1894 1895	.301 .315 .301 .28 .301 .315 .276 .28 .315 .303 .303 .303 .303 .303 .303 .303 .30	4.24.04.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	$\begin{array}{c} 9.3399994449992110088824850994766 \\ 44.4992110088824850544766 \\ 44.55556545545544155 \end{array}$	8.0 8.6 9.0 9.1 9.8 8.6 9.0 9.2 8.6 9.2 8.6	55555555555555555555555555555555555555	Cupro Nickel. Nickel Coated Steel. Lubricated Steel Cupro Nickel Cupro Nickel.	Grains. 395 414 454 454 454 457 458 382 417 458 382 448 415 384 415 384 384 387 384 387 384 388 389 389 389 389 389 389 389	Yards, 2,850 2,850 2,187	2,330 2,400 2,034 2,140	Pyrocellulose Nitro-ellulose

The Navy League of the United States was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York on January 2, 1903, its declared object being "to acquire and spread before the citizens of the United States, through branch organizations and otherwise, information as to the condition of the naval forces and equipment of the United States, and to awaken public interest and co-operation in all matters tending to aid, improve and develop their efficiency." It is strictly non-parlisan. Men, women and children are eligible to membership. The button of the League is of silver gilt and blue enamel, with letters in white and anchor of gold, and is worn by members. The membership fee is one dollar annually. The headquarters of the League is at the Southern Building Washington, D. C. one doliar annually. The headquarters of the League is at the Southern Building, Washington, D. C. ers are: President—Gen. Horace Porter. Vice-President—Robert M. Thompson.

The General Officers are: President—Gen. Horace Porter, Vice-President—Robert M. Thompson. Servelary—Henry H. Ward, Pressurer—J. P. Morgan, Jr. Honorary Members—President William Tatt and Secretary of the Navy George von L. Meyer.

Forts in United States and Territories.

CARRISONED POSTS.

stn. same; stage daily from Holbrook, on S. F. P. R. R., dist. 90 m.
Armistead, Fort, Md. (subpost of Fort Howard) (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Baltimore, Md., dist. 8 m.
Armstrong, Fort, H. T. (subpost of Fort Ruger) (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and tel. stn. Honolulu, H. T.

H. T.

Army and Navy General Hospital, Ark.—P. O.,
tel. and R. R. stn. Hot Springs, Ark.

Augusta Arsenal, Ga.—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn.
Augusta, Ga., dist. 3 m.; electric R. R. from
Augusta to Arsenal.

Baker, Fort, Cal. (Dept. Calif.)—P. O., and R. R.
stn. Sausalito, Cal., dist. 4 m.; tel. stn. at post;
ferry boat from San Francisco to Sausalito, dist. 6 m.

Banks, Fort, Mass. (Dept. East)—P. O. Winthrop Branch, Boston, Mass., R. R. stn., Winthrop, Mass., dist. 2 m.; tel. stn. Boston, Mass. Barrancas, Fort, Fla. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Pensacola, Fla., dist. 8 m.;

electric line to post.

Barry, Fort, Cal. (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and R. R.
stn. Sausalito, Cal., dist. 7 m.; tel. stn. Fort

Baker, Cal.
Bayard, Fort, General Hospital, N. Mex.—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Bayard, N. Mex.,

dist. 2 m.

Benicia Arsenal, Cal.—P. O., tel. stn., and boat landing, Benicia, Cal.; R. R. stn. Army Point,

Cal.
Benjamin Harrison, Fort, Ind. (Dept. Lakes)—
P. O. Indianapolis, Ind.; interurban trolley
from Indianapolis; dist. 10 m.; tel. stn. at post.
Bliss, Fort, Tex. (Dept. Tex.)—P. O. same; tel.
and R. R. stn. for passengers and small package freight El Paso, Tex.; carload freight Fort Bliss.

Bolsé Barracks, Idaho (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Bolsé, Idaho, dist. 2 m.

and R. R. stn. Bolsé, Idaho, dist. 2 m.
Brady, Fort, Mich. (Dept. Lakes) — P. O., tel. and
R. R. stn. Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. dist. 1 m.
Canby, Fort, Wash. (subpost of Fort Stevens,
Orc.) (Dept. Col'ba) — P. O. Ilwaco, Wash.;
tel. and R. R. stn. Fort Stevens, Orc.; dist.
10 m.
Carroll, Fort, Md. (subpost of Fort Howard)
(Dept. East) — P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Baltimore, Md., dist. 8 m.
Casey, Fort, Wash. (Dept. Col'ba) — P. O. same;
tel. stn. Port Townsend, Wash.; R. R. stn.
Seattle, Wash., dist. 53 m.
Caswell, Fort, N. C. (Dept. Gulb — P. O. and tel.
stn. Southport, N. C., dist. 2 m.; R. R. stn.
Wilmington, N. C., dist. 27 m. by water; contract steamer to post.
Cayey, Porto Rico. — See Henry Barracks.
Clark, Fort, Tex. (Dept. Tex.) — P. O. Brackettville, Tex.; tel. stn. at post; R. R. stn. Spofford
Junction, Tex., dist. 10 m.
Cloudcroft, N. Mex. (Dept. Tex.) — P. O., tel. and
R. R. Stn. same.

R. R. stn. same.
Columbia, Fort. Wash. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O.,
McGowan, Wash.; tel. and R. R. stn. Fort
Stevens, Ore., dist. 4 m.; government steamer to post.

to post.

Columbus Barracks, Ohlo.—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Columbus, Ohlo, dist. 1 m.

Constitution, Fort, N. H. (Dept. East)—P. O. New Castle, N. H.; tel. and R. R. stn. Portsmouth, N. H.; stage or steamer from Portsmouth, dist. 3 m.

Crockett, Fort, Tex. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Calveston, Tex.

Crook, Fort, Neb. (Dept. Mo.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.

Crook, Fort, Neb. (Dept. Mo.)—I. V., on all R. R. stn. same. Dade, Fort, Fla. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. same; tel. stn. Palmetto, Fla.; R. R. stn. Tampa, Fla., dist. 35 m.; government steamer to post. D. A. Russell, Fort, Wyo. (Central Div.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.

Davis, Fort, Alaska (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. Nome, Alaska; tel. stn. at post. De Russy, Fort, H. T. (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and tel. stn. Honolulu, H. T., dist. 4 m. Des Molnes, Fort, Iowa (Dept. Mo.)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Des Molnes, Iowa, dist. 5 m.; city line to post.

De Soto, Fort, Fla. (subpost of Fort Dade) (Dept. Gull)—P. O. same; R. R. stn. Tampa, Fla., dist. 34 m.; tel. stn. Palmetto, Fla.; daily boat (except Sunday) from Tampa; government steamer to post.

Stamer to post. Dept. Calif.)—P. O. Ft. Douglas, Fort, Utah (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. Ft. Douglas, Fort, Utah (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Dragon, Utah, dist. 4 m.; city rallway to post.

Du Pont, Fort, Utah (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Dragon, Utah, dist. 68 m.; stage line to post daily—P. O. tel. and R. R. stn. Delaware City, Del., dist. 2 m. El aso, Fox. (Dept. Tex.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Same.

stn. same.

El Paso, Tex. (Dept. Tex.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.

Ethan Allen, Fort, Vt. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.

Flagler, Fort, Wash. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. same: tel. stn. Port Townsend, Wash., dist. 5 m. and R. R. stn. Seattle, Wash., dist. 53 m.

Foster, Fort, Me., (subpost of Fort Constitution, N. H.) (Dept. East)—P. O. Kittery, Me.; tel. and R. R. stn. Portsmouth, N. H., dist. 6 m.

Frankford Arsenal, Pa.—P. O. Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Pa.; tel. stn. at post; R. R. stn. Bridesburg, Pa., dist. ½ m.

Fremont, Fort, S. C. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. same: tel. and R. R. stn. Beaufort, S. C., dist. 12m.; for freight, Port Royal, S. C.; steamer to post. Gaines, Fort. Ala. (subpost of Fort Morgan) (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. Dauphin Island, Ala.; tel. and R. R. stn. Mobile, Ala., dist. 30 m.; government steamer to post. George Wright, Fort, Wash. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. and R. R. stn. Spokane, Wash., dist. 4 m.;

P. O. and R. R. stn. Spokane, Wash. (18t. 4 m.; tel. stn. at post. Getty, Fort, R. I. (subpost of Fort Greble) (Dept. East)—P. O. Fort Greble, R. I.; tel. and R. R. stn. Newport, R. I., dist. 5 m. Glbbon, Fort, Alaska (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. Tanana, Alaska; tel. stn. at post. Governor's Island. See Fort Jay, N. Y. Greble, Fort, R. I. (Dept. East)—P. O. same; tel. and R. R. stn. Newport, R. I., dist. 5 m.; electric railway from Saunderstown, R. I., dist. 1½ m.; contract ferry service to post. Hamilton, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O. Ft. Hamilton, Stn., Brooklyn, N. Y.; car lines from Brooklyn, dist. 7 m. Hancock, Fort, N. J. (Dept. East)—P. O. same; tel. stn. Sandy Hook, N. J., and R. R. stn. Highlands, N. J., dist. 6 m.; government railway to post.

Highlands, N. J., dist. 6 m.; government railway to post.

Heath, Fort, Mass. (subpost of Fort Banks)
(Dept. East)—P. O. Winthrop Branch, Boston,
Mass.; tel. stn. Beachmont, Mass.; R. R. stn.
Highlands, Mass., dist. ¾ m.

Henry Barracks, Porto Rico (Dept. East)—P. O.
and tel. stn. Cayev, P. R.

H. G. Wright, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—R. R.
stn. New London, Ct., dist. 8 m.; P. O. Fishers
Island, N. Y.; tel. stn. at post; government
steamer to post.
Howard, Fort, Md. (Dept. East)—P. O. same,
tel. and R.R. stn. Baltimore, Md., dist. 17 m.;
government steamer to post.
Huachuca, Fort, Arlz. (Dept. Callf.)—P. O. and
tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Huachuca Siding,
Arlz., dist., 7 m.

tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Huachuca Siding, Arlz., dist. 7 m. Hunt, Fort, Va. (Dept. East)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Hunter, Va., dist. 1 m.; steamboat from Washington, D. C., dist. 15 m. Jackson Barracks, La. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. tel. and R. R. stn. New Orleans, La., dist. 6 m.; street cars from New Orleans pass the post. Jay, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O. New York, N. Y., tel. stn. Governors Island, New York City: government steamer to post.

City; government steamer to post.

FORTS IN UNITED STATES AND TERRITORIES-Continued.

Jefferson Barracks, Mo .- P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.

Kamehameha, Fort, H. T. (subpost of Fort Ruger)
(Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and tel. stn. Honolulu,
H. T.

H. T. Key West Barracks, Fla. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. and tel. stn. Key West, Fla.; R. R. stn. Knlght's

tel. stn. Key West, Fla.; R. R. stn. Knight's Key, Fla., dist. 45 m.
Lawton, Fort. Wash. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. and tel. stn., Seattle. Wesh, dist. 3 m.; R. R. stn. Interbay, Wash, dist. 2 m.
Leavenworth, Fort. Kan. (Central Div.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.
Leavenworth, Fort., Army Service Schools, Kan. —P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Kan. evett, Fort, Me. (subpost of Fort Williams) (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Portland, Me., dist. 4 m.; government steamer to post.

Lincoln, Fort, N. Dak. (Dept. Lakes)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Bismarck, N. Dak., dist. 4 m. Liscum, Fort, Alaska (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; steamer from Port Valdez, dist. 3 m.

Fort, Col.-P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Logan, same

Logan H. Roots, Fort, Ark. (Dept. Tex.)—P. O. Argenta, Ark.; tel. and R. R. stn. Little Rock,

Ark, dist. 4 m. yon, Fort, McKinley, Opent. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Portland, Me., dist. 4 m.; government steamer to Lyon,

post.

Median Port. Cal.—P. O. and tel. stn. Angel Island, Cal.; R. R. stn. San Francisco, Cal., dist. 7 m.; government steamer p. pr. O. tel. McHenn, R. R. stn. Baitimore, Mc, dist. 3 m. Called R. R. stn. Baitimore, Mc, dist. 3 m. Mackenzie, Fort, Wvo. (Dept. Tex.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Laredo, Tex., dist. 1 m. Mackenzie, Fort, Wvo. (Dept. Mo.)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; R. R. stn. Sheridan, Wyo., dist. McKlinley Fort, Mo. (Dept. Fort. Vo.) McKlinley Fort, Mo. (Dept. Fort. Vo.)

McKinley, Fort, Mc. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Portland, Me., dist. 5 m. McPherson, Fort, Ga. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. and R. R. stn. same; tel. stn. Atlanta, Ga.; electric line from Atlanta, Ga., dist. 4 m.

MRee, Fort, Fla. (subpost of Fort Barrancas) (Dept. Gul)—P. O. and tel. stn. Fort Barrancas, Fla.; R. R. stn. Pensacola, Fla., dist. 10 m.; electric line between Pensacola, Fla. and Fort Barrancas.

Madison Barracks, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O. and R. R. stn. Sacketts Harbor, N. Y.; tel.

and R. R. stn. Sacketts Harbor, N. Y.; tel. stn. at post.

Mansfield, Fort, R. I. (subpost of Fort H. G. Wright) (Dept. East)—P. O. Watch Hill, R. I.; tel. and R. R. stn. Westerly, R. I., dist. 7 m. Mason, Fort, Cal. (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and R. R. stn. San Francisco, Cal., dist. 3 m.; street cars ½ m. from post.; tel. stn. at post.

Meade, Fort, S. Dak. (Dept. Mo.)—P. O. same; tel. and R. R. stn. Sturgls, S. Dak., dist. 2 m. Michle, Fort, N. Y. (subpost of Fort Terry, N. Y.) (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. New London, Ct., dist. 11 m.; government steamer to post.

to post.
Miley, Fort, Cal. (Dept. Calif.) (subpost of Presidio)—P. O. and R. R. stn. San Francisco, Cal., dist. 6 m.; tel. stn. at post.
Missoula, Fort, Mont. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. and R. R. stn. (N. P.) Missoula, Mont.; electric street rallway to post, dist. 4 m.; tel. stn. at

Monroe, Fort, Va. (Dept. East)-P. O., tel. and

R. R. stn. same.

R. R. stn. same.

Morgan, Fort, Ala. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. and tel.

stn. same; R. R. stn. Mobile, Ala.; steamer

from Mobile, dist. 30 m.

Mott, Fort, N. J. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and

R. R. stn. Salem, N. J., dist. 6 m.

Moultrie, Fort, S. C. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. Moul
trieville, S. C.; tel. and R. R. stn. Charleston,

S. C., dist. 6 m.; government steamer to post.

Myer, Fort, Va. (Dept. East)—P. O. and tel. stn.

same; R. R. stn. Washington, D. C., dist. 4 m.;

electric rallway to post.

Niagara, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O. Youngs-

town, N. Y.; R. R. stn. Lewiston, N. Y., dist. 7 m.; electric road to post; tel. stn. at post. Oglethorpe, Fort, Ga. (Dept. Gull)—P. O. Dodge, Ga.; tel. stn. at post; R. R. stn. at post for freight and parties of 50 or more passengers,

or for less under special arrangement. R. R. stn. for other passengers. Chattanooga, Tenn., dlst. 11 m. Electric R. R. Chattanooga to post. Omaha, Fort, Neb. (Dept. Mo.)—P. O. and R. stn. Omaha, Neb., dist. 5 m.; tel. stn. at

post.

ontario, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Oswego, N. Y. Philip Kearny, Fort, R. I. (subpost of Fort Greble) (Dept. East)—P. O. Ft. Greble, R. I.; tel. and R. R. stn. Newport, R. I., dist. 7 m.; electric railway from Saunderstown,

electric railway from Saunderstown, R. I., dist. 1 m.

Phillippine Islands—All mall for troops should be addressed Manila, P. I.

Pickens, Fort, Fla., (subpost of Fort Barrancas) (Dept. Guilf)—P. O. and tel. stn. Fort Barrancas, Fla.; R. R. stn. Pensacola, Fla., dist. 9 m.; electric railway between Pensacola, Fla., and Ft. Barrancas.

and Ft. Barrancas.

Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Plattsburg, N. Y.

Porter, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Buffalo, N. Y. dist. 3 m.

Preble, Fort, Me. (subpost of Fort Williams)

(Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn.

Portland, Me., dist. 3 m.

Presidio of Monterey, Cal. (Dept. Callf.)—P. O. and R. R. stn. Monterey, Cal., dist. 2 m.; tel. stn. at post.

Presidio of San Francisco, Cal. (Dept. Callf.)

tel. stn. at post.

Presidio of San Francisco, Cal. (Dept. Calif.)—

P. O. Presidio Stn., San Francisco, Cal., tel., stn. at post; R. R. stn. San Francisco, Cal., disd. 5 m.; ctty railway to post.

Presidio of San Francisco, Gen. Hosp., Cal., Revere, Fort. Mass. (subpost of Ft. Andrews, Mass.) (Dept. East)—P. O. Hull, Mass.; R. R., stn. Stony Beach, Mass., dist. 4 m.; tel. stn. at post; qm. steamer from Boston, dist. 9 m. Riley, Fort, Kan. (Central Div.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.

at post; qm. steamer from Boston, dist. 9 m. Riley, Fort. Kan. (Central Div.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.
Robinson, Fort. Neb. (Dept. Mo.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.
Rock Island Arsenal, Ill.—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Rock Island, Ill., dist. 1 m.
Rodman, Fort. Mass. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. New Bedford, Mass., dist. 4 m.
Rosecrans. Fort, Cal. (Dept. Callf.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. San Diego, Cal., dist. 6 m.
Ruger, Fort, H. T. (Dept. Callf.)—P. O., and tel. stn. Honolulu, H. T., dist. 6 m.
St. Michael, Fort, Alaska (Dept. Col'ba)—P. O. and tel. stn. same.
St. Philip, Fort, La. (subpost of Jackson Bks., La.) (Dept. Gulf.—P. O. same; tel. and R. R.

St. Philip, Fort, La. (subpost of Jackson Bks., La.) (Dept. Guif)—P. O. same; tel. and R. R. stn. Buras, La., dist. 6 m., government steamer

stn. Buras, La., ulst. v m., so...

sto post.

Sam Houston, Fort, Tex. (Dept. Tex.)—P. O. same; tel. and R. R. stn. San Antonio, Tex.; dist. 2 m.

Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N. J.—P. O. Fort Hancock, N. J.; tel. stn. Sandy Hook, N. J.; R. R. stn. Highland, sN. J., dist. 6 m.; government rallway to post.

San Jacinto, Fort, Tex. (subpost of Fort Crockett) (Dept. Guif.—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Geliveston Tex.

San Juan, Porto Rico (Dept. East)-P. O. and

San Juan, Porto Rico (Dept. East)—P. O. and tel. stn. same.
Schofield Barracks, H. T. (Dept. Calif.)—P. O. and tel. stn. (via Honolulu, H. T.), same; R. R. from Honolulu to post, dist. 12 m. Schuyler, Fort, N. Y. (subpost of Ft. Totten, N. Y.) (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. West Chester Station, N. Y., dist. 3 m.
Screven, Fort, Ga. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. tel. and R. R. stn. stn. Str. Stn. same.

Screven, Fort, Ga. (Dept. Gulf)—P. O. tel. and R. R. stu. same.
Sequola and Grant National Parks (Dept. Callf.)
—P. O. Ranger, Cal.
Shafter, Fort, H. T. (Dept. Callf.)—P. O. and tel. stn., Honolulu, H. T., dist. 3 m.
Sheridan, Fort, Ill. (Dept. Lakes)—P. O., R. R and tel. stn., same.
Sill, Fort, Okla. (Dept. Tex.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same.

FORTS IN UNITED STATES AND TERRITORIES-Continued.

Slocum, Fort, N. Y.—P. O. same; R. R. stn. New Rochelle, N. Y., dist. 2 m.; tel. stn. at post. Smallwood, Fort, Md. (subpost of Fort Howard) (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Baltimore, Md. dist. 11 m. Snelling, Fort, Minn. (Dept. Lakes)—P. O. and tel. stn. same; electric street railway to St. Paul Minn. dist. 7 m.

Paul, Minn., dist. 7 m.
Springfield Armory, Mass.—P. O., tel. and R. R.
stn. Springfield, Mass.

Springfield Armory, Mass.—1. C., stn. Springfield, Mass.
Standish, Fort, Mass. (Subpost of Fort Strong) (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Boston, Mass., dist. 7 m.
Stark, Fort, N. H. (subpost of Fort Constitution) (Dept. East)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Portsmouth, N. H., dist. 3 m.
Stevens, Fort, Ore. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O., tel.

Portsmouth, N. H., dist. 3 m.
Stevens, Fort, Ore. (Dept. Col'ba)—P. O., tel.
and R. R. stn. same
Strong, Fort, Mass. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel.
and R. R. stn. some
Strong, Fort, Mass. (Dept. East)—P. O., tel.
and R. R. stn. Boston, Mass., dist. 5 m.;
government boat to post.
Sumter, Fort, S. C. (subpost of Fort Moultrie)
(Dept. Gulf)—P. O. Moultrieville, S. C., tel.
and R. R. stn. Charleston S. C., dist. 6 m.;
government boat to post.
Terry, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O. same;
tel. and R. R. stn. New London, Ct., dist. 13
m.; government boat to post.
Totten, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O. and tel.
stn. same; R. R. stn. Wultcstone, N. Y.,
dist. 2 m.

dist. 2 m. Fort.

dist. 2 m. Tex. (subpost of Fort Crockett) (Dept. Gull)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Galveston, Tex. S. Military Prison, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Ft. Leavenworth, Travis,

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ment steamer dally to post.
Vancouver Barracks, Wash. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P.
O. and R. R. stn. Vancouver, Wash., tel. stn. at post.

Wadsworth, Fort, N. Y. (Dept. East)—P. O. and tel. stn. Rosebank, N. Y.; R. R. stn. at post.

Walter Reed General Hospital, D. C.—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. Takoma Park, D. C.; electric line from Washington, D. C. dist. 5 m. Ward, Fort, Wash. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. same; R. R. stn. Seattle, Wash., dist. 11 m.; tel. stn. (via Seattle) at post; government boat to post.

Warren, Fort, Mass. (Dept. East)—P. O. same; R. R. and tel. stn. Boston, Mass.; steamer from Boston, dist. 7 m. Washington Barracks, D. C. (Dept. East)—P. O. and R. R. stn. Washington, D. C.; tel. stn.

post.

at post.
Washington, Fort, Md. (Dept. East)—P. O. and
tel. stn. same; steamboat from Washington,
D. C., dist. 13 m.
Watertown Arsenal, Mass.—P. O. and tel. stn.
Watertown, Mass.; R. R. stn. Faneull, Mass.,
dist. 1 m.; electric street cars from Boston,
Mass., dist. 6 m.

Mass., dist. 6 m.
Watervilet Arsenal, N. Y.—P. O. and tel. stn.
(telephone to post) Watervilet, N. Y.; R. R.
stn. Troy, N. Y., dist. 1 m.; electric street
cars to Albany, N. Y.
Wayne, Fort, Mich. (Dept. Lakes)—P. O.
Detroit, Mich.; tel. stn. at post; city railway

Detroit, Mich.; tel. stn. at post; city ranway from Detroit, dist. 4 m. West Point, N. Y. (U. S. Mil. Acad.)—P. O., tel. and R. R. stn. same. Wetherill, Fort, R. I. (subpost of Fort Adams) (Dept. East)—P. O. and tel. stn. Jamestown, R. I.; R. R. stn. Newport, R. I., dist. 2 m. Whippie Barracks, Arlz. (Dept. Calli-)—P. O. same; tel. and R. R. stn. Prescott, Ariz., dist. 1 m.

1 m.

Whitman, Fort, Wash. (subpost of Fort Worden) (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O. La Conner, Wash.; tel. and R. R. stn. Mount Vernon, Wash., dist. 12 m.

12 m.

Wm. Henry Harrison, Fort, Mont. (Dept. Col'ba.)

—P. O. Fort Harrison stn. Helena, Mont., itel. and R. R. stn. Helena, Mont., dist. 4 m,

Wm. H. Seward, Fort, Alaska (Dept. Col'ba.)—
P. O. and tel. stn. Halnes, Alaska.

Williams, Fort, Me. (Dept. East)—P. O. Cape
Cottage, Me.; tel. and R. R. stn. Portland,

Me., dist. 4 m.

Wood, Fort, N. Y. (on Bedloc's Island) (Dept,
East)—P. O. and R. R. stn. New York, N. Y.,

dist. 3 m.; tel. stn. at post.

Worden, Fort, Wash. (Dept. Col'ba.)—Tel. stn.
Same, P. O. Port Townsend, Wash.; R. R. stn.
Seattle, Wash., dist. 51 m.; government boat
to post.

to post.

to post.

Yellowstone, Fort, Wyo. (Dept. Col'ba.)—P. O.
Yellowstone Park, Wyo.; tel. stn. Mammoth
Hot Springs, Wyo.; R. R. stn. Gardiner, Mont.,
on N. P. R. R., dist. 5 m.

Yosemite National Park, Cal. (Dept. Calif.)—P.
O. and tel. stn. Yosemite, Cal. R. R. stn. El
Portel Cal dist. 15 m.

Portal, Cai., dist. 15 m.

The Southern Commercial Congress.

President—Duncan U. Fletcher, Jacksonville, Fla. First Vice-President—David R. Francis, St. Louis, Mo. Second Vice-President—Thomas S. Southgate, Norfolk, Va. Managing Director—Clarence J. Owens, Riverdale Park, Md. Treasurer and Resident Director William H. Saunders, Washington, D. C. Resident Director—G. Grosvenor Dawe, Washington, D. C.

The headquarters of the Congress is at the Southern Building, Fitteenth and H Streets, Wash-

In the neadquarters of the Congress is at the Southern Building, Fitteenth and H Streets, Wash-Ington, D. C.; Clarence J. Owens, Managing Director.

Among the purposes of the organization are the following:
(a) To promote and develop the interests of the following sixteen States of the United States known as the "Southern States," to with Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louislana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Okiahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas,

Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Company, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, West Virginia, West Virginia, West Virginia, To collect and disseminate information regarding the resources and conditions of the said (b). To collect and disseminate information them for the said and profitable investment in the said and laborer, and the im-States and the opportunities and advantages offered in them for the safe and profitable investment of capital; the attractions offered in the South to the homeseeker, artisan and laborer, and the Importance to the National Government of enacting proper legislation looking to the conservation of the natural resources of the South and the Improvement of its rivers, harbors and transporta-

tion facilities.

(c) To encourage, promote and foster the development of the resources of the South with its own capital and by its own inhabitants.

own capital and by its own innabitants.

(d) To encourage and obtain the establishment in the South of commercial, manufacturing, industrial and other enterprises, and to foster those already existing therein.

(e) To encourage, promote and foster the creation and establishment of institutions and organizations whose energies shall be principally directed toward the development of the material resources of the South.

(f) To promote and develop proper immigration to the South and to promote and foster the establishment of such organizations as may bring about the development of desirable immigration

to the South.
(9) To encourage the movement for the construction of good roads and for the extension of

(g) To encourage the movement for the construction of good foats and for the categories of railroad and trolley transportation.

(h) To encourage, foster and develop patriotic and national sentiments throughout the South and elsewhere in the nation, and particularly to promote, encourage and foster the feeling and desire for a greater nation through a greater South.

(f) To promote the improvement of educational and other conditions which tend to develop the material resources and happiness of the residents of the South.

The fifth annual convention will be held in Mobile, Ala., in September, 1913.

Military Educational System of the United States.

military educational system of the United States, exclusive of the Military Academy at West Point, comprises the following:

I. The Army War College, Washington, D. C., under the management of a President and directors detailed from officers of the army. The course of instruction is for one year, beginning September 1. A limited number of officers not below the rank of captain, selected on account of exceptional efficiency and fitness, are detailed annually for instruction. The purpose of the college is to make practical application of knowledge already acquired, not to impart academic instruction.

II. The Army Service Schools. The group of schools established at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, consisting of the Army School of the Line as the basic school, the Army Staff College, the Army Signal School, the Army Field Engineer School, and the Army Field Service and Correspondence School for Medical Officers as special affiliated schools, are designated the Army Service Schools, and are under the direction of a Commandant not of lower grade than that of a Brigadler-General.

The course of instruction at the schools, except as otherwise stated, is included in one term

from September 1 to June 30 of the following year.

1. The Army School of the Line. The object of this school is the instruction of selected officers from the line of the army in the leading and care of troops in time of war and their training in time of peace. The Assistant Commandant of the Army Service Schools is also the Director of the School of the Line.

Upon graduation, the student class are graded, in order of merit, as "honor graduates," "distinguished graduates," and "graduates," respectively.

2. The Army Staff College. for the instruction of officers detailed annually from the highest graduates of the latest class of the School of the Line, recommended by the Academic Board of that school. The object of this college is to impart instruction to officers in the duties of the general staff of an army; to prepare them for the Army War College and to investigate military inventions, discoveries and developments.

The Commandant, Assistant Commandant, Secretary and Senior Instructors of the School of the Line hold corresponding positions in the Staff College.

- 3. The Army Signal School, for instruction of officers of the Signal Corps in their duties, including aeronautics; for instruction of officers of the line, who are designated therefor, in signal duties, and to make research and experiments in subjects pertaining to the work of the Signal Corps. The school is under the general direction of the Commandant of the Army School of the Line.
- 4. The Army Fleid Engineer School, for the instruction of officers of the Engineer Corps, not exceeding ten, and engineer officers of the National Guard.
- 5. The Army Field Service and Correspondence School for Medical Officers, for the instruction of officers of the Medical Corps and of the National Guard. Part one of this school requires attendance in person for a graded course of study, and part two for a course by correspondence. The course of instruction is six weeks, from April 1 to May 15 of each year. Students who complete the course satisfactorily receive certificates of proficiency.
- III. The Army Medical School, Washington, D. C., for the instruction of medical officers of the army, candidates for appointment in the Medical Corps, and medical officers of the National Guard. The faculty consists of a President and Instructors. The course of instruction is for eight months, from October 1 each year. Graduates receive diplomas.
- nonths, from October 1 each year. Graduates receive diplomas.

 IV. The Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Virginia. The object of this school is to enlarge the field of instruction of the garrison schools for Coast Artillery officers by advanced courses of study and practical training in technical duties; to prepare specially selected officers for the more important positions in the Coast Artillery; also to educate and train selected enlisted men for the higher non-commissioned staff grades in the Coast Artillery. The courses of instruction for officers and enlisted men are each comprised in one school year, from September 1 to July 1. Special courses in Ballistics are also provided.

 Officers who are graduated are furnished with diplomas, as "honor graduates," "distinguished graduates," or "graduates," according to their standing.

- V. The Engineer School, Washington Barracks, D. C. This school is under the control of the Chief of Engineers. Its object is to prepare junior officers of engineers for the active duties of their corps; to make experiments and recommendations, and to give instruction pertaining to the civil engineering work of the army. The course of instruction is one year, beginning September 1. Diplomas are given to students who successfully complete the course.
- VI. The Mounted Service School, Fort Riley, Kansas, is under the command of a general officer, who also commands the post of Fort Riley. The object of the school is to give practical instruction to field and company officers of cavalry and field artillery, and to farriers and horseshoers. The course for field officers is from April 1 to June 15; that for company officers from October 1 to June 30, following; and for farriers and horseshoers two courses of four months each. Company officers who are graduated receive diplomas.
- VII. The School of Fire for Field Artillery, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, for practical instruction in field artillery fring. Courses of instruction are prescribed: A, for captains and lieutenants; B, for field officers of field artillery; C, for non-commissioned officers, and D, for officers of the militia. Officers and enlisted men who complete any course satisfactorily receive certificates of proficiency.
- VIII. Garrison Schools, one at each military post, for the instruction of officers of the army and the National Guard, in subjects pertaining to their ordinary duties. The course covers three years and the annual terms five months each, from November 1st. Certificates of proficiency in each subject of study are given to those who pass the prescribed examination therein.
- IX. Post Schools for Instruction of Enlisted Men in the common branches of education and military subjects.
- X. Schools for Bakers and Cooks, at for the instruction of selected enlisted men. at San Francisco, California, and Washington, D. C.,

Officers of the National Guard are admitted to most of the Army Schools, under the Militia law of January 21, 1903, and regulations prescribed by the War Department. They must be nominated by the Governors of their States. They are admitted to the garrison schools without an examination, which is required for admission to the schools of higher grade. Those admitted to any of the schools receive mileage and money commutations for subsistence, quarters, etc. A considerable number of militia officers enter these schools, notably the garrison schools, annually

The Organized and Unorganized Militia of the U. S.

(Compiled for The World Almanac from the latest official reports.)

The Militia law of January 21, 1993, as amended by the act of May 27, 1998, provides: "That the militia shall consist of every ablebodied male citizen of the respective States" and every abliebodied male of foreign birth who has declared his intention to become a citizen, who is more than 18 and less than 45 years of age, and shall be divided into two classes—the organized militia, to be known as the National Guard. ** or by such other designations as may be given them by the laws of the respective States or Territories; the remainder to be known as the

re	eserve militia.''							
_	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Official Designation of the Organized Militia.	Gen'l and Gen'l Staff Officers.	Regimen'l and Comp. Officers.	Total Commis- sioned.	Enlisted Men.	Tot'l Com- mis'd and Enlisted (Org'ized Militia).	Reserve Militia (Unorgan- ized).
1	Alabama	Alabama National Guard	57	203	260	3,703	3,963	350,006
2	Arizona	National Guard of Arizona	6	47	53	610	663	40,000
3	Arkansas	Arkansas National Guard	43	99	142	1.423	1,565	325,000
4	California	National Guard of California	45	192	237	3,076	3,313	30×,515
5	Colorado	National Guard of Colorado	29	83	112	1,314	1,426	132,00€
6	Connecticut	Connecticut National Guard	38	151	189	2,510	2,699	136,072
7	Delaware	Organized Militia of Delaware	7	30	37	329	366	32,000
8	District of Columbia	National Guard of District of Columbia	38	98	136	1,505	1,641	75,341
9	Florida	National Guard of Florida	33	71	104	1,211	1,315	158,800
10		National Guard of Georgia	40	188	228	2,690	2,918	567,104
11	Hawaii	National Guard of Hawaii	11	33	44	567	611	13,000
	Idaho	National Guard of Idaho	12	37	49	598	647	35,000
	Illinois	Illinois National Guard	109	423	532	5,620	6,152	1,031,488
		Indiana National Guard	41	150	191	2,213	2,404	640,141
	Iowa	Iowa National Guard	39	186	225	2,774	2,999	305,314
	Kansas	Kansas National Guard	28	105	133	1,5::4	1,667	370,000
17		Kentucky State Guard	30	116	146	1,532	1.678	3::6,000
		Louisiana National Guard	21	109	130	1,970	2,100	400,000
19	Maine	National Guard of the State of Maine	18	88	106	1.126	1,232	103,375
		Maryland National Guard	41	130	171	1,799	1,970	400,000
21	Massachusetts	Massachusetts Volunieer Militia	107	354	461	5,429	5,890	555,125
22		Michigan National Guard	48	173	221	2,4.17	2,718	755,000
	Minnesota	Minnesota National Guard	43	165	208	2,41.3	2,621	225,000
24	Mississippi	Mississip pi National Guard	36	94	130	1,250	1,380	825,600
	Missouri	National Guard of Missouri	58	221	279	2,9.2	3,211	660,000
		National Guard of Montana	12	51	63	779	842	38,673
27		Nebraska National Guard	31	101	132	1,327	1,459	139,000
28		National Guard of Nevada	93	66	89.	1,132	1 000	12,376
	New Hampshire	New Hampshire National Guard	106	236	042		1,221	40,000
		National Guard of New Jersey National Guard of New Mexico			65	3,716 8::5	4,058	593,503
	New Mexico	National Guard of New York	15 197	50 793	990	14,710	900	55,409
33	New York	North Carolina National Guard	65	179	237	2,277	2.514	1,600,000
		North Dakota National Guard	9	47	56	633	659	60,000
		Ohio National Guard	116	427	543	5,753	6,296	919,888
		Oklahoma National Guard	12	51	63	539	1,002	160,000
		Oregon National Guard	25	75	100	1.313	1,413	135,000
		National Guard of Pennsylvania	133	632	765	9,659	10,424	1,102,543
		Rhode Island National Guard	27	84	111	1,275	1,386	100,000
		National Guard of South Carolina	41	151	192	1,762	1,954	213,274
41		South Dakota National Guard	19	57	76	734	810	80,000
42	Tennessee	National Guard of Tennessee	35	102	137	1,344	1,451	310,000
43	Texas	Texas National Guard	53	162	215	2,743	2,958	375,000
44	Utah	National Guard of Utah	14	22	36	366	402	35,000
45	Vermont	Vermont National Guard	13	56	. 69	740	809	50,000
46	Virginia	Virginia Volunteers	38	158	191	2,287	2,478	275,000
47	Washington	National Gnard of Washington	11	73	84	1,161	1,245	235,000
48	West Virginia	West Virginia National Guard	17	85	102	1,269	1,371	180,000
	Wisconsin	Wisconsin National Guard	29	168	197	2,877	3,074	438,472
50	Wyoming	Wyoming National Guard	- 8	50	58	684	742	7,250
	Totals	J	1,989	7,410	9,437	112,940	122,377	15,726,254

(a) No organized militia.

(a) No organized milita.

Alaska has no militia, though provision is made for such if need arises, Guamand Samoa have each a small provisional force, used more for police purposes than for military. The Philippines have a constabulary force which can be used either for police or war purposes, provided the latter is on the islands. Porto Rico has a regiment of eight companies of infantry which is a part of the army. The enlisted men of this regiment are natives of Porto Rico. The reserve militia in the Southern States is assumed to include negroes capable of bearing arms.

Cost of Maintaining Armies and Navies.

The net cost of the British Army, according to estimates for 1912-13, will amount to \$139,300,000. The estimates for the Navy for 1912-13 are placed at \$220,427,000. The United States Army appropriations for 1912-13 amount to *\$93,088,664, not including the expenditure by the several States on their National Guard or the enormous sums paid for pensions to ex-volunteers. The Navy appropriations for 1912-13 amount to †\$123,518,549. The estimated military expenditures on Colonial troops. The German Empire in the budget for 1912-13 amounts to \$233,876,000, excluding expenditures on Colonial troops. The German Naval estimates for 1912-13 amount to \$111,254,000. The military stablishment. The Navy estimate for 1913 amounts to \$92,000,000. Italy during 1912 expects to spend about \$41,859,000 on her Navy, and about \$79,213,190 on her Army. The military budget of Russia, ordinary and extraordinary, amounted in 1911 to \$279,754,590. The Russian Navy expenditures in 1913 amount to \$90,716,948. The Army estimate of Austro-Hungary for 1911 was \$93,596,000 and for the Navy \$25,678,570. The military expenditure of Japan for 1911-12 will be about \$55,-000,000. The Naval estimates for 1912 amounted to \$46,079,050.

*This does not include cost of fortifications, Military Academy, etc., but only for the Army, including deficiences, etc.

ficiences, etc.

YEARLY PAY PROPER OF ARMY OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN OF THE PRINCIPAL POWERS:

UNITED STATES.	а	England. b	France.	Germany.	Russia.
General Lieutenant-General Major-General Brigadier-General.	\$11,000.00 8,000.00 6,000.00	\$14,600.00 10,950.00 6,326.00 4,866.00	\$5,558.00 3,648.00 2,432.00	3.318.00	\$1,272.00 1,017.00 762.00
Colonel	4,000.00 to 5,000.00	1,599.00	1,744.00	2,162.00	397.50
Lieutenant-Colonel	3,500.00 to 4,500.00	1,599.00	1,271.00	2,156.28	397.50
Major	3,000.00 to 4,000.00	1,421.00	1,063.00	1,560.00	397.50
Captain	2,400.00 to 3,360.00	1,029.00	676.00	1,096.00	350.00
First Lleutenant	2,000.00 to 2,800.00	577.00	486.00	450.00	274.50
Second Lieutenant	1,700.00 to 2,380.00	466.00	452.00	367.00	274.50
First Sergeant	540.00 to 828.00c		******		• • • • • •
Sergeant	360.00 to 576.00c	203.10	83.40	115.68	8.72
Corporal	252.00 to 468.00c	146.40	31.20	85.61	5.48
Private	180.00 to $300.00c$	88.80	20.40	38.52	3.78
UNITED STATES.	а	Japan.	Italy.	Spain.	Turkey.
General	\$11,000.00 8,000.00 6,000.00	\$1,500.00 1,000.00 787.50	\$2,850.00 2,280.00 1,900.00	\$6,000.00 4,500.00 3,000.00 1,800.00	\$6,500.00 3,640.00 2,600.00 1,560.00
Colonel	4,000.00 to 5,000.00	508.00	1,520.00	1,450,00	1,040.00
Lieutenant-Colonel	3,500.00 to 4,500.00	408.00	1 60 1,000,00	1,250.00	780.00
Major	3,000.00 to 4,000.00	258.00	50.00 to 1,045.00	1,060.00	650.00
Captain	2,400.00 to 3,360.00	150.00	{ to 912.00	700.00	416.00
First Lieutenant	2,000.00 to 2,800.00	114.00	{ to 684.00	500.00	312.00
Second Lieutenant	1,700.00 to 2,380.00	90.00	380.00	423.00	260.00
First Sergeant	540.00 to 828.00c		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Sergeant	360.00 to 576.00c	48.00	146.00	102.20 to 226.30	19.80
Corporal	252.00 to 468 00c	24.00	76.65	54.75 to 120.45	15.00
	180.09	7.20	70.00		10.00

a See Army Pay Table below. Lieutenant-General is now the highest grade in the United

These figures give base pay or pay proper. On account of the difference of pay of the same rade under varying conditions it is practically impossible to give the exact amounts received in each grade without an extended discussion of the entire subject. The table gives, however, approximately the correct average.

• Pay increased with each re-enlistment to the seventh.

Enlisted men may be retired on 30 years' service with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances.

Army Pay Table.

GRADE.	PAY O	P OFFICE	BS IN A	CTIVE SE	RVICE.	PAY OF RETIRED OFFICERS.						
		Y	early Pa	y•*		Yearly Pay.						
	years'	years'	After 10 years' Service.	years'	years'	years'	years'	After 10 years' Service.	years'	years'		
		10 n. c.	$\overline{20 \ p. \ c.}$	30 p. c.	$\overline{40p,c,a}$					-		
Lieutenant-General	\$11,000					\$8,250						
Major-General Brigadier-General	8,000 6,000		• • • • •			6,000 4,500		• • • • •	• • • • • •			
Colonel (b)	4,000		\$4,800	\$5,000	\$5,000		\$3,300.00	83,600	\$3,750.00	\$3,750		
Lieutenant-Colonel (b)	3,500				4,500	2,625				3,375		
Major (b)	3,000			3,900	4,000	2,250						
Captain First Lieutenant	2,400				3,360 2,800	1,800 1,500						
Second Lieutenant	1,700				2,380	1,275						

*Does not include allowances for quarters, etc.
Chaplains have the rank and pay of major, captain and first lieutenant, respectively.

ARMY PAY TABLE-Continued.

(a) Service increase of pay of officers below rank of brigadier-general cannot exceed 40 p. c. in all. (b) The maximum pay of a colonel is \$5,000. of a lieutenant-colonel \$4,500, and of a major \$4,000.

(b) The maximum pay of a colonel is \$5,000, of a lieutenant-colonel \$4,500, and of a major \$4,000. Dental Surgeons have the rank and pay of first lieutenant.

Acting bental Surgeons receive \$150 per month.

Veterinary Surgeons receive the pay of second lieutenant with right to retirement.

Army Pay Clerks receive from \$1,125 to \$2,000 per year with right to retirement.

Army Pay Clerks receive from \$1,125 to \$2,000 per year with right to retirement.

The pay of non-commissioned oliticers is from \$21 to \$99 per month, and of privates from \$15 to \$25 per month. Service outside the United States, except in Porto Rico, Panama and Hawaii, 10 per cent. additional for officers and 20 per cent, for enlisted men.

The total amount appropriated by Congress for the United States Military establishment, including construction of fortifications and the Military Academy, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, is \$98,087,607, including \$2,434,142 expenditures for 1912 and prior years not previously provided for, and for the naval establishment, including construction of ships, cost of navy yards and stations and the Naval Academy, \$123,518,649, including \$297,842 for expenditures for 1912 and prior years not previously provided for.

United States Military Academy at West Point.

Each Senator, Congressional District, and Territory, including Porto Rico, Alaska, and Hawaii, is entitled to have one cadet at the Academy; the District of Columbia, two cadets. There are also forty appointments at large, specially conferred by the President of the United States. The law, however, provides that for six years, from July 1, 1910, whenever any cadet shall have finished three years of his course at the Academy his successor may be admitted.

Appointments are usually made one year in advance of date of admission, by the Secretary of War, upon the nomination of the Senator or Representative. These nominations may either be made after competitive examination or given direct, at the option of the Representative. The Representative may nominate two legally qualified second candidates, to be designated alternates. The alternates will receive from the War Department a letter of appointment, and will be examined with the regular converted the following the parameter of appointment, and will be examined with the regular converted the following of the parameter of the following of the parameters are converted the followed the parameters are converted the followed the parameters are converted the followed the parameters are converted the followed the parameters are converted the followed the parameters are converted the parameters are converted the followed the parameters are converted the followed the parameters are converted the parameters are proved the followed the parameters are proved the followed the parameters are converted the parameters are proved the followed the parameters are proved the will receive from the War Department a letter of appointment, and will be examined with the regular appointee, and the better qualified will be admitted to the Academy in the event of the failure of the principal to pass the prescribed preliminary examinations. Appointees to the Military Academy must be between seventeen and twenty-two years of age, free from any infirmity which may render them unfit for military service, and able to pass a careful examination in English grammar, English composition, English literature, algebra through quadratic equations, plane geometry, descriptive geography and the elements of physical geography, especially the geography of the United States, United States history, the outlines of general history. The Secretary of War is authorized to permit not exceeding four Flipinos, to be designated, one for each class, by the Philippine Commission, to receive instruction at the United States Military Academy at West Point; Provided, That Flipinos undergoing instruction shall receive the same pay, allowances, and enoluments as are authorized by law for cadets at the Military Academy appointed from the United States, to be paid out of the same appropriations; And provided further, That said Flipinos undergoing instruction on graduation shall be eligible only to commissions in the Philippine Scouts. Serve for 8 years, and so largely mathematical and professional. The principal subjects taught are mathematics, English, French, drawing, drill regulations of all arms of the service, natural and experimental philosophy, chemistry, chemical physics, mineralogy, geology, electricity, history, international, constitutional, and military law, Spanish, civil and military engineering, art and science of war, and ordnance and gunnery. About one-fourth of those appointed usually fail to pass the preliminary examinations, and but little over one-half the remainderare finally graduated, The discipline is very strict—even more so than in the army—and the enforcement of penalties for oftences is inflexibl appointee, and the better qualified will be admitted to the Academy in the event of the failure of the prin-

obtain an appointment otherwise. The Superintendent is Colonel Clarence Page T Artillery Corps, U. S. A., and the military and academic staff consists of 128 persons.

National Association of Postmasters OF FIRST-CLASS OFFICES. THE National Association of Postmasters of First-Class Offices was organized at Detroit, Mich.,

October 8, 1898. The Association consists of postmasters and assistant postmasters of the first class post-offices in

the United States, and presidents and first vice-presidents of State associations of postmasters. Heads of the Post-Office Department and Chiefs of Bureaus at Washington are honorary members.

Article 3 of the constitution declares that: "The object of this Association is to aid in the improve-

ment of the Postal Service of the United States through the mutual interchange of ideas of members of the Association and officials of the Post-Office Department." The annual meetings are attended by the heads of Departments and Chiefs of Bureaus of the Post-

Office Department who address the conventions and answer questions pertaining to the practical

Office Department who address the conventions and answer questions pertaining to the process work of the post-office,

The following are the officers for 1912-13: President—Isador Sobel, Erie, Pa. First Vice-President—Robert E. Woods, Louisville, Ky. Second Vice-President—George W. Bean, Tampa. Fla. Third Vice-President—E. C. Mansfield, Boston, Mass. Fourth Vice-President—N. A. Merrith, Washington, D. C. Fifth Vice-President—John N. Dersam, McKeesport, Pa. Treasurer—D. C. Owen, Milwaukee, Wis. Secretary—To be appointed by the president.

Convention for 1913 will be held at Denver, Col.

Chaplains in United States Army and Navo.* ARMY.

With Rank of Major. Bateman, Cephas C., c. Paptist, Jan. 17, 1908. c. a. c., Groves, Leslie R., 14 lnf., Pr byterlan, March 25, 1908.

Gavitt, Halsey C., 1 cav., Methodist Episcopal, Oct. 27, 1908.

ouist Episcopal, Oct. 27, 1908. Brown, Henry A., eng., Protest-ant Episcopal, Nov. 12, 1908. Randolph, John A., 6 Inf., Meth-odist Episcopal, South, April 22, 1909.

Easterbrook, E. P., c. a. c., Methodist Episcopal, Feb. 14, 1910.

Hillman, James W., 16 inf., Presbyterian, March 29, 1910.
Perry, Barton W., 3 f. a., Presbyterian, April 5, 1910.
Pruden, Aldred A., 2 inf., Protestant Episcopal, April 26,

1911 Rice.

1911.
**Rice, George D., 27 Inf., Unitarian, May 27, 1911.
Stull, George C., 11 Inf., Methodist Episcopal, July 19, 1911.
Dickson, Thomas J., 6 f. a., Christian, Aug. 12, 1911.
Newsom, Ernest P., c. a. c., Methodist Episcopal, South, Feb. 14, 1912.
O'Keefe, Timothy P., 13 cav., Roman Catholic, March 22, 1912.

Headley, I. H. B., c. a. c., Protestant Episcopal, Sept. 22,

1912. With Rank of Captain. With Rank of Capitain.

Marvine, Waiter, c. a. c., Protestant Episcopal, Dec. 6, 1890.

Freeland, Chas. W., 6 cav., Protestant Episcopal, July 18, '92.

Springer, Ruter W., c. a. c.,

Methodist Episcopal, June 6,

1894.

Prioleau, George W., 9 cav., African Methodist Episcopal, April 25, 1895. Bell, Samuel H., 1 f. a., Presby-terian, Jan. 29, 1897.

Bader, Albert J., 9 Inf., Roman Catholic, Feb. 2, 1901. Griffes, James L., 7 Inf., Presby-terlan, Feb. 2, 1901. Brander, William W., 15 cav.

Protestant Episcopal, Feb. 2, 1901.

Clemens, Joseph, 15 Inf., Methodlst Episcopal, Feb. 2, 1901. Moose, John M., 20 Inf., Methodlst Episcopal, South, Feb. 2, 1901.

2, 1901. Smith, Samuel J., c. a. c., Bap-tist, Nov. 9, 1901. Jones, George H., c. a. c., Meth-odist Episcopal, March 13, 702. Doherty, Francis B., 26 Inf., Roman Catholic, March 13, 1902.

ssewaarde, James, 21 inf., Dutch Reformed, March 13, Ossewaarde.

Ossewarde, Jämes, 21 im.,
Dutch Reformed, March 13,
1902.
Yates, Jullan E., c. a. c., Baptist,
March 13, 1902.
Hunter, Joseph L., c. a. c., Presbyterlan, July 7, 1902.
Axton, John T., 18 linf., Congregational, July 25, 1902.
Ferry, John A., 10 inf., Roman
Catholic, June 4, 1903.
Murphy, Andrew C., 5 f. a.,
Roman Catholic, Sept. 17, '03.
Fleming, David L., 2 cav., Protestant Episcopal, Sept. 18, '03.
Waring, George J., 11 cav.,
Roman Catholic, Feb. 10, '12.
Joyce, Francis P., 4 f. a., Roman
Catholic, March 21, 1912.
Lutz, Simon M., 8 inf., Lutheran,
May 1, 1912.

Lutz, Simon M., 8 Inf., Lutheran, May I, 1912.
Smith, Herbert S., 3 Inf., Protestant Episcopal, June 19, '12.
With Rank of First Lieutenant.
Gladden, W. W. E., 24 Inf., Colored Baptist, May 21, 1906.
Scott, Oscar J. W., 25 Inf., African Methodist, Episcone. Episcopal.

can Methodist April 17, 1907. Chenoweth, John Methodist End 12, 1907 John F., 4 inf., Episcopal, Sept. 12, 1907.

Choulnard, Horace A., 5 lnf., Protestant Episcopal, Sept.

12, 1907. Lloyd, Walter K., 2 f. a., Protestant Episcopal, June 9, 1908. Kunnecke, Fred'k L., c. a. c., Roman Catholic, June 9, 1908.

Chase, Edw. R., 13 inf., F Catholic, June 9, 1908. Roman

Catholic, June 9, 1908.

Catholic, June 9, 1908.

Nonan Catholic, June 9, 1908.

Wood, Stephen R., 29 inf., Congregational, June 29, 1908.

Ramsden, Stanley C., 28 inf., Baptist, Sept. 22, 1908.

Scott, Wm. R., c. a. c., Protestant Episcopal, Feb. 16, 1909.

Feinler, Franz J., 1 inf., Roman Catholic, Feb. 16, 1909.

Fleming, Robert R., Jr., 19 inf., Baptist, April 20, 1909.

Londahl, Marinius M., 30 inf., Lutheran, June 2, 1909.

Livingston, Thomas, 23 inf., Congregational, Aug. 12, 1909.

Lutneran, June 2, 1909.
Livingston, Thomas, 23 inf.,
Congregational, Aug. 12, 1909.
Kennedy, Joseph C., 22 inf.,
Roman Catholic, Nov. 15, '09.
Houlihan, James F., 5 cav.,
Roman Catholic, Jan. 10, '10.
Carter, Louis A., 10 eav., Colored Baptist, April 14, 1910.
Stiverson, William G., 8 cav.,
United Brethren, June 9, '10.
Durrant, Henry L., 17 inf., Protestant Episcopal, Oct. 8, 1910.
Landry, Alexander P., 12 cav.,
Roman Catholic, Feb. 20, '11.
Brophy, Edward F., 7 cav.,
Roman Catholic, Feb. 20, '11.
Webb, James M. 12 inf., Presbyterian, April 15, 1912.
Watts, Wallace H., Protestant
Episcopal, Sep. 23, 1912.
Kangley, Joseph M., Roman
Catholic, Nov. 4, 1912.
MILLTARY ACADEMY.

MILITARY ACADEMY. CHAPLAIN. With Pay of Captain, Mounted. Travers, Edward S, Dec. 1, 1905.

terian, Jan. 29, 1897. 12, 1907. Travers, Edward S, Dec. 1, 1905.

SECTION 12 of the act of February 2, 1901, provides "That the President is authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, chaplains in the army, at the rate of one for each regiment of cavalry and infantry in the United States service. * * * with the rank, pay and allowances of captains of infantry." By the act of June 12, 1906, one chaplain is authorized for the Corps of Engineers. By the act of January 25, 1907, fourteen chaplains are authorized for the Coast Artillery Corps, and one for each regiment of Field Artillery. By the act of April 21, 1904, the President may select from among the chaplains of not less than ten years' service, in the grade of captain, those who have been commended as worthy of special distinction for exceptional efficiency, and may, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, promote such to be chaplains with the grade, pay and allowances of major: the number in active service so promoted shall not at any time exceed fifteen. The remaining chaplains have the grade, pay and allowances of captain, mounted, after seven years' service. Chaplains appointed after April 21, 1904, have the grade, pay, and allowances of first lieutenant, mounted, until they shall have completed seven years' service.

1. a field artillery. c. a. c. coast artillery (corps). *Revised December 1, 1912. † Appointed by Secretary of War for a period of four years at a time.

NAVY.										
NAME AND RANK.	Present Duty or Station.	NAME AND RANK.	Present Duty or Station.							
	Captain.	Arthur William Stone								
Frank Thompson		Matthew Carlin Gleeson								
	Great Lakes.		Lieutenast.							
	Navy-Yard, Mare Island									
	Navy-Yard, New York.	J. M. Francis McGinty.								
	Commander.		Newport.							
Wm.H.Ironsides Reaney	Utah.	Rank of Lieut.	jun. grade.							
John Brown Frazier	Cavite & Olongapo, P. I.	G. E. Traver Stevenson.	Naval Home, Philadel-							
Wm. Gllbert Cassard	Kansas.	1.	phla.							
Curtis_Hoyt Dickins	Florida.	Sydney Key Evans								
Louis Paul Rennolds	Sick Leave.		Station, San Francisco.							
Chas. Magnus Charlton.	Navy-Yard, Boston	Hugh Miller T. Pearce.	Naval Training Station,							
Bower Reynolds Patrick			Newport, R. I.							
	Commander.	James Duncan MacNalr								
John Frank Fleming	California.	Edm. Alex. Brodmann.	Naval Training Station,							
Eugene Ed. McDonald	Navy-Yard, New York.		Great Lakes.							
Geo. Livingston Bayard	Navy-Yard, Washington	Le Roy Nelson Taylor,.	Pittsburgh.							

The Navy.

FLAG OFFICERS.

	FLAGOR	LICE	RS.
	ADMIRAL OF	THE NA	VY.
Rank	k. Name. Di	ity.	Where Stationed.
Admiral.	George DeweyPresiden	t General	Board
120111111			
	REAR-ADMIRALS	-ACTIVE	
Ran)	k. Name. Du	ty	Where Stationed.
Rear-Adi	miral.Joseph B.Murdock Member Ger	ieral Boa	rdWashington, D. C.
	Hugo OsterhausComdg. Atla	intic Flee	t Flagship Connecticut.
	Charles E. VreelandAld for Ope	rations, I	Navy Dept wasnington, D. C.
6.6	W H H Southerland Conder Pagi	fine Har	Florehin Culifornia
	Albert Mertz Governor N	aval Hon	Philadelphia Pa
	Vinc'don L. Cottman Commandan	t Navy Y	ard Puget Sound Wash
4.6	Thomas B. Howard. Pres. Exam.	and Ret	. Boards Washington, D. C.
* *	Walter C. Cowles Commandan	t Naval 8	Station
	Austin M. KnightComdg. Atla	ıntic Rese	erve Fleet Flagship Tennessee.
	Charles J. BadgerAid for Insp	ections, I	Navy Dept Washington, D. C.
;;	Reginald F. Micholson, Comdg. Asia	ttic Fleet	I Flagship Saratoga,
	Alfred Pownelds Conda Posi	L Navai s	Station,
	Bradley A. Fieke. Conda let	Div Atla	ntic Floor Florebin Florida
	George R. Ransom Gen'l Insur	Mach'y	for Navy Philadelphia Po
	the P 114 de (President Bo	ard Inspe	ctions for Shore)
	John R. Edwards Stations, N	avy Dept	wasnington, D. C.
* 6	James M. HelmCommandar	it Navy Y	ardCharleston, S. C.
• •	Albert B. WillitsNavy Depar	tment	Washington, D.C.
	C. McK. Winslow('omdg, 3d I	iv. Atlar	rd. Washington, D. C. t. Washington, D. C. Flagship Connecticut, Navy Dept. Washington, D. C. bor. New York, N. Y. Flagship California. Flagship California. Philadelphia, Pa. ard. Puget Sound, Wash, Boards Washington, D. C. Station. Hawaii, T. H. Erve Fleet. Flagship Tennessee, Navy Dept. Washington, D. C. L. Flagship Saratoga. Station. Cavite, P. I. Tye Fleet. Flagship Florida. Flagship Pittsburgh, Intic Fleet. Flagship Florida. Flagship Florida. Flagship Florida. Flagship Florida. Flagship Florida. Flagship Florida. Flagship Florida. Flagship Florida. Flagship New Jersey. Flagship Louistana. Flags
**	Nathaniel R. Usher, Comidg. 2d I	ov. Allan	itic Fleet Flagship Louisiana.
4.6	Fronk F. Poetty Compander	TIV. AHA	and Freet, Fragship Onto.
44	Robert M Doyle Commandar	t Novy 1	'ard Vorfolk Va
	2.00civ 21. 20, 10 ommundit	10 1141) 1	with the state of
	REAR-ADMIRALS		
Rank.	ATurns a David Louis	n	Manua Basidanaa
Rear-Ad	James D. Adams Washington D. C.	Rear- A	Perry Garst Annapolis Md
1100,1101	Conway H. ArnoldLeave abroad.	110111 220	Name, Residence. d. Perry GarstAnnapolis, Md. Edward H. GheenWashington, D. C.
* *	James D. Adams, Washington, D. C. Conway H. Arnold Leave abroad George W. Baird Washington, D. C. Albert S. Barker, Washington, D. C. Alexander B. Bates, Binghamton, N. Y. Warner B. Bayley Washington, D. C. Albert G. Parry A theor of Albert G. Parry A thomostic M.d.		
* *	Albert S. Barker Washington, D. C.	• •	Caspar F, Goodrich. Leave abroad. Franklin Hanford. Scottsville, N. Y. Giles B, Harber. Washington, D. C. D. B. Harmony. Washington, D. C. P. F. Harrington. Youkers, N. Y. U. R. Harris. Washington, D. C. John M. Hawley. Washington, D. C. Joseph N, Hemphill Washington, D. C. Francis J. Higginson.Cold Springs, N. Y. John A. Howell. Atlantic City, N. J. Henry L. Howison. Yonkers, N. Y. John Hubbard. Washington, D. C. John J. Hunker. Put in Bay, Ohio. Charles T, Hutchins, Washington, D. C. Charles T, Hutchins, Washington, D. C.
**	Alexander B. Bates. Binghamton, N.Y.		Giles B. HarberWashington, D. C.
	Warner B. Bayley Washington, D.C.	::	D. B. Harmony Washington, D. C.
	Walnet G. Berry. — Annapolis, Md. Robert M. Berry. — Birmingham, Mich. George A. Bicknell New Albany, Ind. John V. B. Bleecker, Morristown, N. J. Cottfyle Blocklyter, Durbay, 1988.		P. F. Harrington Youkers, N. Y.
6.6	Goorge A. Bicknoll. Now Albany Ind.		Lohn M. Howley Weshington, D. C.
4.6	John V B Bleecker Morristown N I	• •	Joseph X Hamphill Washington D C
			Francis J. Higginson Cold Springs, N. V.
6.6	George M. Book San Antonio, Tex.		John A. Howell Atlantic City, N. J.
* *	George M. BookSan Antonio, Tex. Royal B. BradfordTurner, Me. George BrownIndianapolis, Ind.		Henry L. Howison . Yonkers, N. Y.
6.6	George BrownIndianapolis, Ind.	"	John Hubbard Washington, D. C.
	Willard H. Brownson, Washington, D. C.	6.6	John J. Hunker Put in Bay, Ohio.
	William G. Buemer. Philadelphia, Pa.		Charles T. Hutchins, Washington, D. C.
	William G. Buehler. Philadelphia, Pa. William G. Buehler. Philadelphia, Pa. Silas Casey Washington, D. C. French E. Chadwick, Newport R. I. Colby M. Chester Washington, D. C. Charles E. Clark Washington, D. C. Richardson Cloyer. Washington, D. C. H. G. O. Colby Boston, Mass. Geo. P. Colvocoresses Litchfield Ct.		Charles T. Hutchins. Washington, D. C. George E. 1de
6.6	Colby M. Chester Washington D. C.		Theodore F Jewell Washington D C
6.6	Charles E. Clark Washington, D. C.		Mortimer L. Johnson Portsmouth, N. H.
	Richardson Clover Washington, D. C.		Loins Kempii
6.6	H. G. O. Colby Boston, Mass.	6.6	William W. Kimball. Paris, Me.
* *	Geo. P. Colvocoresses. Litchfield, Ct.		Harry Knox Annapolis, Md.
	H. G. O. Colby Boston, Mass, Geo. P. Colvocoresses, Litchfield, Ct. Samuel P. Comly Woodbury, N. J. Francis A. Cook Northampton, Mass Philip H. Cooper Morristown, N. J. Albert R. Couden Michigan City, Ind. William S. Cowles Farmington, Ct. Joseph E. Craig Wasbington, D. C. Bartlett J. Cromwell. Washington, D. C. Charles H. Davis Washington, D. C. Charles H. Davis Washington, D. C. Benjamin F. Day Glasgow, Va.		Eugene H. C. Leutze, Washington, D. C.
6.6	Philip H Cooper Morriston V T	6.6	Edwin Longuaghar, Warnary Da Da
	Albert R. Couden Michigan City Ind	6.6	John Lowe Washington D C
6.6	William S. Cowles Farmington, Ct	4.6	Stephen B. Luce. Newport, R. I
**	Joseph E. Craig Washington, D. C.		Nicoll Ludlow New York, N. Y.
	Bartlett J. Cromwell, Washington, D. C.	6.6	Henry W. Lyon, Paris, Me.
4.6	Charles H. Davis Washington, D. C.		M. R. S. Mackenzie, Morristown, N. J.
	Glaries II. Zavis Washington, D. C. Benjamin F. Day Glasgow, Va. William P. Day Leave abroad, James H. Dayton South Bend, Ind. Francis H. Delano Portsmouth, N. H. Albart C. Dilliprica Dayros. Col.		William W. Kimball, Paris, Me. Harry Knox
	William P. Day Leave abroad.		Henry N. ManneyPoint Loma, Cal.
	Francis H Dolano Portemouth N TT		Adolph Mariy Now York N. Y.
4.4	Albert C Dillingham Denver Col	6.6	W A Marshall Roston Mass
4.6	Franklin J. Drake Washington D C	4.6	Newton E. Mason Washington D C
6.6	Albert C.Dillingham. Denver, Col. Franklin J. Drake Washington, D. C. Andrew Dunlap Washington, D. C. Locard C. Fatton		Washburn Maynard, Nar'sett Pier, R. I.
	Joseph G. Eaton Assinippi, Mass.		Alex. H. McCormick, Annapolis, Md.
	Wm. H. Emory Washington, D. C.	**	John McGowan Washington, D. C.
	Oscar W. Farenholt., San Francisco, Cal.	* *	Thomas C. McLean. New Hartford, N. Y.
	Wells L. Field Washington, D. C.		William W. Mead Wayne, Pa.
**	Andrew Bunap Wishington, D. C. Joseph G. Eaton Assinippi, Mass. Wm. H. Emory Washington, D. C. Oscar W. Farenholt. San Francisco, Cal. Wells L. Field Washington, D. C. William M. Folger Coronado, Cal. Lohn D. Eord Raltimyra, W. Lohn D. Eord Raltimyra, Ral		John P. MerrellMarshall, Mich.
4.4	Charles T. Forse Pittsburgh Do		Alex, H. McCornick, Annapoils, Md. John McGowan. Washington, D. C. Thomas C. McLean, New Hartford, N. Y. William W. Mead. Wayne, Pa. John P. Merrell. Marshall, Mich. John F. Merry. Somerville, Mass, Morrill Miller. Berkeley, Cal. John B. Milton. Annapolis, Md. Edwin K. Moore. Leave abroad.
6.6	James M. ForsythShamokin Pa	4.4	John B. Milton Annapolis Md
4.4	John D. Pord. Baltimore Md. Charles T. Forse, Pittsburgh, Pa. James M. Forsyth. Shanokin, Pa. Charles E. Fox., Washington, D. C.	6.4	Edwin K. Moore, Leave abroad,
	The state of the s		

±10	2		
Rank.	Name. Residence.	Rank.	Name. Residence.
Rear-Ad	Kossuth NilesWinsted Ct.	Rear-Ad	l, Arthur B. SpeyersNew York, N. Y.
	Nathan E. NilesLeave abroad.		Oscar F. Stanton New London, (t.
	Charles O'Neil Washington, D. C.		Sidney A. Staunton. Charleston, W.Va.
4.4	Edwin C. Pendleton. Philadelphia, Pa.	4.4	Thomas H. Stevens. Leave abroad.
* *	Thomas Perry Port Deposit, Md.	**	Yates StirlingBaltimore, Md.
* 4	Thomas S. Phelps Oakland, Cal.	6.6	Charles H. Stockton. Washington, D. C.
4.4	George W. Pigman Tacoma Park, Md.	6.0	Daniel D. V. Stuart., Albany, N. Y.
• 6	J. E. Pillsbury Washington, D. C.	6.6	George W. SumnerPatchogue, L. I.
**	William P. Potter Whitehall, N. Y.	6.6	William Swift Richfield Spgs, N. Y.
	Francis M. Ramsay. Cazenovia, N. Y.		Wm. T. Swinburne Leave abroad.
4.6	Allen V. ReedWashington, D. C.		Fred'k M. Symonds. Galesville, Wis.
4.4	Corwin P. Rees, Erie, Pa.	**	Edward D. Taussig. New York, N. Y.
* *	George C. ReiterNew York, N.Y.		Chauncey Thomas Bensonhurst, N. Y.
4.4	George C. Remey Washington, D. C.	4.6	Chapman C. ToddAnnapolis, Md.
4.6	Henry B. Robeson Walpole, N. H.	6.6	John H. Upshur Washington, D. C.
6.0	Frederick Rodgers St. James, L.I., N.Y.	4.4	Samuel W. Very N'ton Cent., Mass
4.4	John A. Rodgers Havre-de-G'ce, Md.		George H. Wadleigh, Boston, Mass,
	R. P. Rodgers Leave abroad.	6.6	R. WainwrightLeave abroad.
	Albert Ross Leave abroad.	6.6	Asa Walker Annapolis, Md.
	John Schouler Catskill, N. Y.		Eugene W. Watson. Washington, D. C.
	Seaton Schroeder Washington, D. C.		John C. WatsonWashington, D. C.
	Uriel SebreeFayette, Mo.		Aaron W. WeaverBella Vista, Va.
	Thos. O. Selfridge, Washington, D. C.		Harrie WebsterRichmond, Va.
**	Charles D. Sigsbee Washington. D.C.		William H. Whiting, Berkeley, Cal.
6.6	Frederic SingerLeave abroad.		Herbert WinslowLeave abroad.
6.6	John A. B. Smith, Atlantic City, N. J.		William C. Wise Ft. Monroe, Va.
4.6	Albert S. SnowBrookline, Mass.	1 44	Abraham V. Zane Washington, D. C.

For dates of future retirements of Rear-Admirals, see Index.

			•		
		* COMMODORES-	-RETIRED L	IST.	
Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.
Commodore	.W. H. Beehler	. Annapolis, Md.	Commodore.	.R.T. Mulligan	Leave abroad.
**	Reuben O. Bitler	Newton, Mass.		Val.S. Nelson	Knoxville, Tenn.
4 6	Frank M. Bostwick.	Phila., Pa.		John T. Newton.	New York, N. Y.
**	Charles G. Bowman.	Delphi, Ind.	,	John M. Orchard	Boston, Mass.
* *	W. Braunersreuther	r Dârien, Ct.	1 "	James P. Parker	Leave abroad.
" "	Guy W. Brown Sa	n Francisco Cal.	**	N. J. K. Patch	Bnffalo, N. Y.
4.6	Wilson W. Buchana		"	Chas. P. Perkins	Berkeley, Cal.
6.6	James H. Bull			Geo. H. Peters	Bluemont, Va.
* 6	John B. Collins		* *	Harry Phelps	Southport, N.C.
16	John E. CravenJ	amestown, R. I.	66		Annapolis, Md.
* 6	R. G. Davenport	Washington, D.C.	1 "		Annapolis, Md.
6.6	Robt, G. Denig,	Sandusky, O.	"	Stacy Potts	Vallejo, Cal.
**	Geo. L. Dyer	Winter Pk., Fla.	1 66	E. F. Qualtrough.	.Washington, D.C.
6.6	William C. Eaton	Hamilton, N. Y.		I.S.K. Reeves	Washington, D. C.
6.4	Frank H. Eldridge.		**	Karl Rohrer	. Washington, D.C.
* *	Charles M. Fahs	York, Pa.	**	Geo. R.Salisbury.	Independence, Mo.
* 6	James C. Gillmore	Washington, D.C.	6.6		Leave abroad.
**	Thos. D. Griffin		**		Vadesborough, N.C.
4.6	Ben W. Hodges	Washington, D.C.	**	William H. Turne	rCincinnati, O.
• 6	William S. Hogg., W		"	E. B. Underwood.	Oswego, N. Y.
4.4	Richard M. Hughes.		**	T. E. D.W. Veeder	Washington, D.C.
4.6	Albert L. Key Cha	ttauooga, Tenn.	6.8	A. V. Wadhams, W	adhams Mills, N.Y.
6.4	Edward Lloyd			Rush R. Wallace	, Washington, D. C.
• •	Robert F. LopezI			Burns T. Walling	Orange, N. J.
44	Dennis H. Mahan			Moses L. Wood	. New York, N. Y
6.6	William S. Moore, V		5.6		, Wayland, Mass,
6.6	Heury Morrell		1	Zid iii Zi, ii II giletti	
	aroury arorreamment	DIOOMIJ E, E.V.	•		

^{*}The grade of Commodore on the active list has been abolished.

CAPTAINS OF THE NAVY-ACTIVE LIST-NOVEMBER 1, 1912.

CAPTAINS.	Present Duty.	Commission	CAPTAINS.	Present Duty.	Commission
Wythe M. Parks	Mem, Egam, Board	July 1,1908	Thomas S. Rodgers	Dir. Navai Intelligence.	Sept.15,1909
	lnsp, duty Bu, St, Eng.		John G. Quiuby	Com.Rec.Ship at Norfolk	Oct. 23,1909
	Naval Station, Newport		James H. Glennon	Pres. Board on Ordnance	Oct. 25,1909
George S. Willits	Insp. duty Bu. St. Eng	July 1.1908		Com. Rec. Ship at N. Y	
Walter F. Worthington	Inap. duty Bu. St. Eng	July 1.1908		Waiting orders	
	Insp. duty Bu. St. Eng		William L. Rodgers		
	Aid for Personnel N. Dpt.		Harry McL. P. Huse	Com. Vermont	Dec. 4,1909
	Mem. Ex. & Ret. Bda		Roy C. Smith	Com. Arkansas	Dec. 27,1909
	Com. N.Yd., Mare Island		George W. McElrov		
	Com, N. Yd., Portsm'h		Robert S. Griffin	Asst. to Bu. St. Eng	Jan. 9,1910
	Supervisor Nav. Auxls		Frank W. Bartlett	Navy Yard, Portsmouth,	Mar 17,1910
	Com, 12th Naval District		George R. Clark	Com. Minnesota	May 4,1910
	Mem.Ex. & Ret. Boards		George E. Burd	Navy Yard, New York	July 1,1910
	Bu. Nav'g'n, Wash., D.C.		James H. Oliver	Com. New Hampshire	July 1,1910
	Nav. Sta., San Francisco.		John J. Knapp	Com. Connecticut	July 1.1910
	Com. N. Yd., Boston		John Hood	Waiting orders	July 1,1910
	Insp. duty, Bu. St. Eng		Edward E. Havden	Naval Home, Phila	July 1,1910
	Com. Tring Sta., Chicago		Benjamin C. Bryan	Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.,	July 1.1916
	Aid for Material		Clarence A. Carr	Insp. duty Bu. St. Eng	July 1,1910
	Pres. Bd. Ins. & Sur. Ships.		William A. Gill	Com. Colorado	July 1,1910
	Com.Navy Yd., New York		Harold P. Norton	Board Insp.Shore Sta	Sept.16,1910
	Navy Dept., Wash., D.C.		Frank M. Bennett	Com, South Dakota	Sept.22,1910
	Com. N. Yd., Phila., Pa.		John H. Gibbons	Supt. Naval Academy	Oct. 20,1910
	Com. Utah		Thomas Snowden	Com. South Carolina	Nov. 7,1910

CAPTAINS,	Present Duty.	Commission	CAPTAINS.	Present Duty.	Commission
Frank W. Kellogg	Com. New Jersey	Jan. 14,1911		Com. Maryland	July 1,1911
Charles C. Marsh	Navy Dept., Wash., D.C.	Mar. 4,1911	Charles W. Dyson		
Albert P. Niblack	Nav. At., Berlin	Mar. 4,1911	Frederick L. Chapin	Com. Wyoming	July 1,1911
Edward Simpson	U. S. S. Minnesota	Mar. 4,1911	Alexander S. Halstead	Com. California	July 1,1911
Thomas W. Kitkaid	Naval Academy	Mar. 4,1911	Harry A. Field	Com. Tennessee	
William S. Sims	War College, Newport	Mar. 4,1911	Chester M. Knepper	Com. Helena	July 1,1911
Louis S. Van Duzer	Navy Yard, New York	Mar. 4,1911	Clarence S. Williams	War College, Newport	July 1,1911
William J. Maxwell	Com. Florida	Mar. 4,1911	Frank K. Hill	Ch.of Staff, Atlantic FPt	July 13,1911
William S. Smith	Bd. lusp, and Sur. Ships	Mar. 4,1911	Roger Welles	Cem. Louisiana	Aug. 3,1911
		Mar. 4,1911		Com. Virginia	
John A. Hoogewerff	Com. Kansas	Mar. 4,1911	Hilary P. Jones	Com. Rhode Island	Oct. 17,1911
Edward E. Capehart	Com. Michigan	Mar. 4.1911	William R. Shoemaker.	Member, General Board.	Oct. 26,1911
		Mar. 4,1911	Charles P. Plunkett	Recruiting Sta., Boston	Apr. 27,1912
	Navy Dept., Bu.St. Eng.			War College, Newport	
	Insp. duty. Bu. St'm. Eug.			Com. N.sta. Guantanamo.	
	Navy Department			Com. Ohio	
	Com. Nebraska			Judge Advocate-Geoeral.	July 1,1912
	War College, Newport			Waiting Orders	
	Com. Georgia			Bd. of Insp., Shore Sta	
	Navy Yard, Phila			Com. Torpedo Flotilia, Atl.	
	Supi. Naval Observatory			Fleet, U.S.S.Dixie	
				Sick leave	July 1,1912
				Navy Retg. Sta., Phila	
John C. Leonard					

COMMANDERS OF THE NAVY-ACTIVE LIST-NOVEMBER 1, 1912.

Wm. H. G. Bullard	Navy Department Feb. 1,1909	Henry J. Ziegemeier	Secty. General Board Mar. 4,1911
	War College, Newport. Feb. 25,1909	George W. Williams	Torp. Sta., Newport Mar. 4.1911
Joseph W. Oman	Com. Maine Mar. 2,1909	Claude B. Price	Com. Kentucky Mar. 4,1911
Philip Andrews	Chief Bu. Navigation Mar.11,1909		Navy Yard, New York . Mar. 4.1911
	Hydrographer June16,1909	Carl T. Vogelgesang	Ex. Off. Wyoming Mar. 4,1911
Testab C. W. F.	War College, Newport June15,1909		
Josian S. McKean	War College, New port June 10,1909	Charles B. Sicvay	Ch. Staff, Asiatic Fleet. Mar. 4,1911
	War College, Newport July 1,1909	John H. Dayton	Training Sta., Newport. Mar. 4,1911
Mark L. Bristol	Com. Albany	Lucina A. Bostwick	Ex. Off. South Carolina. Mar. 4,1911
Newton A. McCully	Com. Mayflower July 1,1909		Ex. Off. Arkansas Mar. 4,1911
	Naval Academy July 1,1909	Julian L. Latimer	
Henry F. Bryan	Off. Naval Intelligence. July 1,1909	Douglas E. Dismukes	Waiting orders Mar. 4,1911
Andrew T. Long	Off. Naval Intelligence July 1,1909	Reginald R. Belknap	Asat. Bu. Navigatlon Mar. 4,1911
Edward H. Durell	Com. Tacoma July 1,1909	De Witt Blamer	Com, Cleveland Mar. 4,1911
	Com. Prairie	John K. Robison	
Victor Blue	Duty General Board July 1,1909	Arthur L. Willard	Navy Yard, Washington Mar. 4,1911
	Navy Department July 1,1909		Com. Kearsarge Mar. 4,1911
	Com. DenverJuly 1,1909		Ex. Off. Ohio Mar. 4,1911
	Com. Reina Mercedes July 1,1909		Navy Yard, Puget Sound Mar. 8,1911
Guy H. Burrage	Naval Academy July 1,1909	Henry C. Kuenzh	Navy 1810, 1 uget Sound Blat. 6,1911
		neary n. Hough	Nav. Att., Paris May 19,1911
	Navy Yard, Puget Sound Aug. 2,1909	Militon E. Reed	Ex. Off. Kansas June 14,1911
Carlo B. Brittain	Board Insp. for Ships. Sept. 3,1909	Harley H. Christy	Naval Academy July 1,1911
Casey B. Morgan	Com. Missouri Sept.15,1909		Com. Hartford July 1,1911
William M. Crose	Com. Nav. Sta. Tutuila Oct. 15,1909	Waldo Evans	Ex. Off. Virginia July 1,1911
John F. Hubbard	Com. Wilmington Oct. 23,1909		Bd. Insp. and Sur. Ships July 1,1911
Lloyd H. Chandler	Com. Illinois Nov. 16,1909	Jay H. Sypher	Ex. Off. Florida July 1,1911
George N. Hayward	Com. Hannibal Dec. 4,1909	Bion B. Bierer	Ex. Off. Minnesota July 1,1911
Sam. S. Robison	Cont. Cincinnati Dec. 27,1909	Charles F. Preston	Com. Alabama July 1.1911
Chas, F. Hughes	Com. Des Moines Jan. 9.1910	Richard H. Leigh	Navy Dept., Wash., D.C. July 1,1911
Albert L. Norton	Bureau of Ordnance. Feb. 20,1910	Adelpert Althouse	Ex. Off. Michigan July 1,1911
Edward L. Beach	Navy Yard, Boston Mar.11,1910	William D Brotherton	Navy Yard, Boston July 1,1911
H. O. Stickney	Naval Academy Mar 17,1910	James F. Carter	Navy Yard, New York July 1,1911
Henry A. Wiley	Com. Saratoga May 4,1910	George W. Laws	Com. Dolphin July 1,1911
F. B. Bassett, Jr.	Ex. Off. Utah. July 1,1910		Navy Rec. Sta., N.Y July 1,1911
Richard H. Jackson	Navy Dept. (ordered) July 1,1910	Luke M. Namas	Inon Auto De Cite Fam July 1,1911
Arthur B. Hoff		Luke McNamee	Insp. duty, Bu.St'm, Eng. July 1,1911
	Naval Academy July 1,1910		Insp. duty Bu. Ordnance. July 13,1911
Nathan C. Twining	Ch. Bu. Ordnance July 1,1910	Charles L. Hussey	Ex. Off. Georgia Aug. 3,1911
B. F. Hutchison	Com. Wheeling July 1,1910	John R. Y. Blakely	Bureau of Navigation Sept. 14.1911
Thomas P. Magruder	Naval Station, Cavite July 1,1910		Sick leave Oct. 17,1911
S. E. W. Kittelle	Navy Yard, Boston July 1,1910	Frederick A. Traut	Ex. Off. California Oct. 26,1911
William V. Pratt	War College, Newport July 1,1910	Robert K. Crank	Nav. Hosp., Wash., D.C. Jan. 25,1912
Louis M. Nulton	Naval Academy July 1,1910	Stanford E. Moses	Navy Yard, Norfolk Apr.27,1912
George R. Marvell	Com. Helena July 1,1910	Powers Symington	Naval Attache, London., May 10,1912
John B. Patton	Navy Yard, Norfolk July 1,1910	Yates Sterling, Jr	War College, Newport June 7,1912
Wm. D. MacDougall	Com. Nashville July 1,1910		Bureau of Ordnance July 1,1912
George B. Bradshaw	Com. Charleston July 1,1910	Joel R. P. Pringle	Ex. Off. Neb aaka July 1,1912
Cleland N. Offley	Navy Yard, Puget Sound July 1,1910		Ex. Off. Maryland July 1,1912
L. R. de Steiguer	Com. Panther July 1,1910	Edward S. Kellogg	War College, Newport July 1,1912
William W. Phelps	Com. Iowa. Sept.16,1910		Ex. Off. South Dakota July 1,1912
Louis A. Kaiser	Com. 10 ws	Part II Clark	Dance of Onlars and July 1,1912
	Com. Montgomery Sept.22,1910	Frank H. Clark	Bureau of Ordnance July 1,1912
William C. Cole	Naval Academy Oct. 20,1910		Com. Vicksburg July 1,1912
Philip Williams	Com. Tallahassee Nov. 14,1910	Edward H. Campbell	Ex. Off. North Carolina. July 1,1919
Warren J. Terhune	Com. Annapolis Jan. 7,1911		Duty General Board July 1,1919
George G. Mitchell	Com. Paducah Jan. 9,1911		Com. Pittsburgh July 1,1912
Cleland Davis	Sick leave Jan. 9,1911	Henry B. Price	Ex. Off. Delaware July 1,1912
William K. Harrison	Bu. of Navigation Jan. 14.1911	Martin E. Trench	Bureau of Navigation July 1,1912
Frank H. Schofield	Nav. War Col., Newport Jan. 29,1911	Thomas S. Wilson	Ex. Off. Colorado July 1,1919
Urban T. Holmes	Bu. of Steam Eng Feb. 15,1911	Henry A. Pearson	Sick leave July 1,1912
Jehu V. Chase	Com. Monterey Feb. 18,1911	Orton P. Jackson	Bureau of Ordnance July 1,1912
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Abbreviations: Bu.—Burean; Ch.—Chief; Com.—Commanding; Eng.—Engineer or Engineering; Ez.—Executive; Insp.—Inspector or Inspection; Nav.—Naval; Off.—Officer; Sta.—Station; St.—Staton.

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

Name.	Class.	Keel	Dis. place. ment, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse- Power.	Cost.(1)		BATTERIES.
				0.25			Main.	Secondary.
Armored Vessels. Seagoing battle-ships. Alabama	BS	1896	11,559	17	11,207	\$4,665, 820	4 13-in. B L R, 14 6-in.	16 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2
Arkansas	вs	1910	26,000	20	28,000	†4,675,000	R F guns. 12 12-in. B L R, 21 5-in.	3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a. 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. S A, 2
Connecticut	BS	1903	16,000	19	16,500	7,911,175	RF. 4 12-in, BLR, 8 8-in.	3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a. 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. m. 20 3-in. R F, 4 1-pdr. auto., 2
Delaware	вs	1907	20,000	21	25,000	5,702,757	110 12-10. D L R. 14 9-10.	2 o par. S A, 4 1-par, S A, 2
Florida	BS	1909	21,825	21	28,000	ı	10 12-in, B L R, 165-in.	4 3-pdr. S A. 2 1-pdr. S A 2
Georgia	вs	1901	14,945	19	19,060	6,543,531	R F. 4 12-1n, B L R, 8 8-in. B L R, 12 6-in, R F	3-in. F, 2 30-cal. m. 12 3-in. R F, 8 3-pdr. S A, 2 3-in. field, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal.
Idaho	BS	1904	13,000	17	10,000	5,558,731	guns. 4 12-in, B L R, 8 8-in, B L R, 8 7-in, B L R.	a., 2 30-cal. m. 12 3-in. R F G, 6 3-pdr. S A., 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. field, 6 30-
Illinois	BS	1897	11,552	17	12,757	4,621,408	4 13-in, B L R, 14 6-in.	cal. a. 10 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F,
Indiana	BS	1891	10,288	15	9,607	5,983,371	4 13-in. B L R, 8 8-in.	2 3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a. 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr.
Iowa	BS	1893	11,346	17	11,933		4 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B L R, 10 4-in. R F	R F, 1 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. a. 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a.
Kansas	вѕ	1904	16,000	18	19,545	7,565,620	guns. 4 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B L R, 12 7-in. B L R.	20 3-in. R F, 12 3-pdr. semi- auto., 2 1-pdr. auto., 2 3-in. field, 2 30-cal. a.
Kearsarge	вѕ	1896	11,520	17	11,788	5,043,591	4 13-in. B L R, 4 8-ln. B L R, 14 5-in. R F	field, 2 30-cal. a. 12 6-pdr. R F, 21-pdr. a, 2 3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a.
Kentucky	вs	1896	11,250	17	12,179	4,998,119	guns. 4 13-iu. B L R, 4 8-in. B L R, 14 5-in. R F	12 6-pdr. R F, 4 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a.
Louislana	BS	1903	16,000	19	20,748	7,425,613	guns. 4 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B L R, 12 7-in. B L R.	20 3-in. R F, 12 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. a, 2 3-in. field, 2 30-cal.
Maine	вѕ	1899	12,500	18	15,603	5,381,903	4 12-in. B L R, 16 6-in. R F guns.	m. 6 3-in. R F, 8 3-pdr. R F,2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. a. 2
Massachusetts	$\mathbf{B} \mathbf{S}$	1891	10,288	16	10,240	6,047,117	413-in, BLR, 88-ln.	cal. m. 12 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. a.
Michigan	вѕ	1906	16,000	18	16,500	†3,585,00 0	B L R. 8-12-in, B L R	1-pdr. S. A. 2 3-pdr. S. A. 8
Minnesota	BS	1903	16,000	19	20,235	7,442,103	4 12-in. B L R, 88-in.	a., 2 30 cal. m. 20 3-in. R F, 12 3-pdr. S A, 2 1- pdr. a., 2 3-in. field, 2 30-cal.m.
Mississippl	BS	1904	13,000	17	10,000	5,629,183	BLR, 127-in. BLR. 412-in. BLR, 88-in.	pdr. a., 2 3-in field, 2 30-cal.m. 12 3-in. R F, 6 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. field, 6 30-cal. a.
Missouri	$\mathbf{B} \mathbf{S}$	1900	12,500	18	15,845	5,258,260	B L R, 8 7-in. B L R. 4 12-in. B L R, 16 6-in.	6 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 4
Nebraska	BS	1902	14,945	19	21,283	6,773,259	R F guns. 4 12-in, B L R, 8 8-in	6 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 4 1-pdr., 2 3-in. F. 12 3-in. R F, 2 3-in. F, 4 30-
Nevada*	BS	1912	27,500	21	38,000	†6,0 00,000	10 14-in.BL R, 21 5-in.	cal. a. 4 3-pdr. S A.
New Hampshire	$\mathbf{B} \mathbf{S}$	1905	16,000	18	16,500	6,354,139	B L R. 4 12-in. B L R, 8 8 in. B L R,12 7-in. B L R.	20 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F, 6 30-cal.
New Jersey	BS	1902	14,948	19	23,089	6,636,726	4 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B L R, 12 6-in. R F	a., 2 30-cal. a. 12 3-in. R F, 12 3-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 4 30-cal.
New York*	BS	1912	27,000	21	28,000		guns. 10 14-in. B L R, 21 5-	a., 2 30-cal. m. 4 3-pdr., 2 1-pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F, 2
North Dakota	BS	1907	20,000	21	25,000	5,971,122	in. R F. 10 12-in. B L R, 14 5-in.	30-cal. m. 2 3-pdr. S A, 4 1-pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F., 2 30-cal. m.
Ohlo	BS	1899	12,500	18	16,220	5,265,504	R F. 4 12-in, B L R, 16 6-in.	6 3-in. R F, 2 1-pdr., 2 3-in. F, 2
Okłahoma*	BS	1912	27,500	21	38,000	†6,000,0 00	R F guns. 10 14- n. B L R. 21 5-in.	30-cal. a. 4 3-pdr. S A.
Oregon	BS	1891	10,288	17	11,037	6,575,032	BLR. 413-in. BLR, 88-in.	20 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4
Rhode Island	BS	1902	14,948	19	20,310	6,536,568	B L R. 412-in. B L R,88-in. B	30-cal. a. 12 3-in. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 8- in. F, 2 30-cal. a.
South Carolina	BS	1906	16,000	18	16,500	5,097,355	L R, 12 6-in, R F guns. 8 12-in, B L R	in. F, 2 30-cal. a. 22 3-in. S A, 2 3-pdr. S A, 8 1- pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal.
Texas*	вѕ	1911	27,000	21	28,000			pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. a., 2 30-cal. m. 4 3-p-lr., 2 1-pdr. S A, 2 3-ln. F, 2 30-cal. m.
Utah	BS	1909	21,825	21	28,000	†3,946,000	R F 10 12-in, B L R, 165-in.	2 30-cal. m. 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. S A, 2
Vermont	BS	1904	16,000		17,982	7,563,963	R F. 4 12-in. B L R, 8 8-in. B L R, 127-in, B L R.	4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. m. 20 3-in. R F, 12 3-pdr. S A, 4 1- pdr. a., 2 3-in. F, 6 30-cal. a., 2 30-cal. m.
Virginia	вѕ	1902	14,948	19	22,841	6,703,614	1 12-in. B L R, 8 8-ln. B L R, 12 6-iu. R F guns.	2 30-cal. m. 12 3-in. R F, 12 3-pdr. R F, 2 3-in F, 6 30-cal. a., 2 30- cal. m.
		<u> </u>					and a contract price of h	ulland machinery is indicated

⁽¹⁾ Figures showing complete cost are given as far as possible. In other cases contract price of hull and machinery is indicated.

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY .- Continued.

NAME.	Class.	Keel Laid.	Dis- place- ment, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse-	Cost.		BATTERIES.
	C	×Ϋ́	4 4 4 5 4 4 5 6	Kn	Power.		Main.	Secondary.
Wisconsin	BS	1897	11,552	17	12,452	\$4,723,894	4 13-in. B L R, 14 6-in.	4 3-in, R F, 4 6-pdr. R F, 6 1- pdr. 2 3-in, F, 4 30-cai, a. 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. S A, 2
Wyoming	BS	1910	26,000	20	28,000	4,450,000	12 12-in. B L R, 21 5-in. R F.	4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. S A, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. m.
Brooklyn	AC	1893	9,215	22	18,425	4,423,790	8 8-in. B L R, 12 5-in.	12 6-pdr.RF, 4 1-pdr. RF, 23-in.
California	AC	1902	13,680	22	29,000		1 12 12	field, 4 30-cal. a., 1 30-cal. m. 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr, S A, 2 3- in. F, 4 30-cal. a., 2 30-cal. m.
Colorado	ΑC	1901	13,680	22	26,837	5,692,142	48-in. B L R, 146-in.	18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 6 30-cal. a. 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-
Maryland	A C	1901	13,680	22	28,059	5,682,894	4 8-in. B L R, 14 6-in. R F.	
Montana	A C	1905	14,500	22	23,000	5,707,579	4 10-in. B L R, 16 6-in. R F.	22 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A, 2 1- pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal.
North Carolina	A C	1905	14,500	22	23,000	5,062,592	4 10-in. B L R, 16 6-in. R F.	m., 2 30-cal. a. 22 3-in. R F, 4 6-pdr. S A, 2 1- pdr. R F. 2 3-in. F, 2 30-cal. m., 2 30-cal. a.
Pittsburgh (6)	A C	1901	13,680	22	28,600	5,707,579	48-in. B L R, 14 6-in. R F.	18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 2 m., 6
Saratoga (5)	A C	1890	8,150	21	17,075			30-cal. a. 8 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. R F, 4 30- cal. a.
South Dakota	A C	1902	13,680	22	28,543	4,735,160	48-in. B L R, 146-in. RF.	18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a., 2 30-cal. m.
Tennessee	A C	1903	14,500	22	26,963	6 ,144, 802	4 10-in. B L R, 16 6-in. R F.	a., 2 30-cal. m. 22 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 3-in. F, 6 automatic.
Washington	ΛC	1903	14,500	22	27,152	6,146,302	4 10-in. B L R, 16 6-in. R F.	22 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2
West Virginia	AC	1901	13,680	22	26,135	5,729,057	48-in. B L R, 146-in. RF.	a., 2 30-cai. m. 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F 2 3-in. F, 6 30-cai. a.
DBL. TURRET MONITORS.								
Amphitrite	CD	1874	3,990	10.5	1,600	2,195,980	4 10-in. B L R, 2 4-in. R F.	R. F. 1 3-in, F. 1 30-cal.
Miantonomoh	СЪ	1874	.3,990	10.5	1,426	2,540,136	4 10-in. B L R.	a, 2 37 mm. R C. 2 6-pdr. R F, 2 3-pdr. R F, 4 1-pdr. a., 1 30-cal. a.
Monadnock	CD	1875	3,990	12	3,000	2,756,760	4 10-in. B L R, 2 4-in. R F.	5 6-pdr. R F, 4 1 pdr. R F.
Monterey	CD	1889	4,084	13.6	5,104	2,761,371	2 12-in. B L R, 2 10-in. B L R.	6 6-pdr. R F, 4 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal. a.
Puritan	CD	1875	6,060	12.4	3,700		4 12-in. B L R, 6 4-in. R F.	6 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-
Terror	CD	1874	3,990	10.5	1,600	2,217,102	4 10-in. B L R, 4 4-in. R F.	2 6-pdr. R F, 2 3-pdr. R F, 2 37- mm. R C, 2 1-pdr. R F.
SIN. TURRET MONITORS Cheyenne (1)							,	
Ozark (2)		1899	3,225	11.80	2,359	1,590,380	2 12-in, B L R, 4 4-in. R F.	3 6-pdr. S A, 4 1-pdr. a., 4 1- pdr, R F, 2 30-cal. a.
Tailahassee (3)		1899	3,225	- 1	1,739	1,623,879	2 12-in. B L R, 4 4-in. R F.	3 6-pdr. S A, 4 1-pdr. a., 4 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal. a. 3 6-pdr. S A, 4 1-pdr. a., 4 1-
Tonopsh (4)		1899	3,225	12.40	2,336	1	R.F.	Ddr., R. F. 2 30-cal, a.
UNARMORED STEEL	CD	1899	3,225	13.04	1,970	1,619,052	² 12-in. B L R, 4 4-in. R F.	3 6-pdr. S A, 41-pdr. a., 4 1- pdr. R F, 2 30-cal. a.
VESSELS. Albany	PC		3,430	20.5	7,400	(1)	10 5-in, R F.	8 3-pdr.SA,2 1-pdr.RF,13-in.F, 2 30-cal. a,
Baltimore	PС	1887	4,413	20.09	8,778	568,971	2 8-in. B L R, 6 6-in. R F.	6 6-ndr. R. F. 4 R. F. 2 30-cal.
Charleston	PC	1902	9,700	22	27,200	3,826,411	14 6-in. R.F.	a., 1 3-ln. 1-pdr. F. 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 8 1-pdr.R F, 2 30-cal. m. 4 30-cal.
Chattanoogs	PC	1900	3,200	16,5	5,303	1,686,594	10 5-in, R F.	a., 2 3-in. field. 8 6-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal. a., 1 3-in. field.
Chicago	PC	1883	4,500	18	9,000	†889,000	* 0-111. 15 14 14, 14 5-111.	30-cal. a., 1 3-in. neid. 9 6-pdr. R. F., 2 1-pdr. R. F., 2 30 cal. a., 1 3-in. F.
Cincinnati	PC	1890	3,183	19	8,290	2,371,904	R F. 11 5-in. R F.	6 6-par. K F. 2 1-par. K F. 2
Cleveland	PC	1900	3,200	16.5	4,640	1,374,509	10 5-in, R F guns.	30-cal. a., 1 3-in. F. 8 6-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal. a., 1 3-in. field.
Columbia	PC	1890	7,375	22.8	18,269	3,909,011	6-in. R F, 84-iu. RF	12 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. a., 1 3-in. F 2 30-cal. a.
Denver	PC	1900	3,191	16,75	6,135	1,415,060	10 5-in. R F guns.	
Des Moines	PC	1900	3,200	16.5	5,340	1,426,101	10 5-in. R F guns.	8 6-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal. a., 1 3-in. F. 8 6-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal. a., 1 3-in. F.

⁽¹⁾ Formerly named Wyoming. (2) Formerly named Arkansas. (3) Formerly named Florida. (4) Formerly named New York. (6) Formerly named Pennsylvania.

VESSELS OF THE					UNIT	ED ST	ATES NAVY.—Continued.		
NAME.	Class.	Keel Laid,	Dis- place- ment, Tons.	Speed,	Horse- Power.	Cost.		BATTERIES.	
:	0		- 245	Q.N			Main.	Secondary.	
Galveston	PC	1901	3,200	16.5	5,073	\$1,736,774	10 5-in. R F guns.	8 6-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4	
Marblehead	С	1890	2,072	18.4	4,937	1,291,162	8 5-in. R F guns.	8 6-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal. a., 1 3-in. F. 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2	
Milwaukee	PC	1902	9,700	22	24,000	3,935,225	14 6-ln. R F guns.	30-cal.a., 13-in. F. 18 3-in. R F, 4 3-pdr. S A, 8 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal. m., 4 30-cal. a., 2 3-in. F.	
Minneapolis	PC	1891	7,350	23.073	20,544	3,849,996	3 6-in. R F, 8 4-in. R I	30-cal. a., 23-in. F. 12 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal. a. 13-in. F.	
Montgomery Newark	C PC	1890 1888	2,072 4,083	19.05 19	5,580 8,727	1,267,109	12 6-in. R F guns.	10 6 nd* D U	
New Orleans	PC		3,430	20	7,500	(I)	10 5-in. R F.	6 3-in R F, 6 3-pdr. S. A, 41-pdr. R F, 1 3-in. F, 4 30-cal. a. 8 3-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2	
Olympia	PC	1891	5,865	21.686	17,080	2,979,283	10 5-in.R F guns,48-in B L R.		
Philadelphia Raleigh	P C P C	1888 1889	4,410 3,183	19.678 19	8,653 8,500	1,958,660 2,199,729	11 5-in, R F guns.	Housed over. 6 3-pdr. R F. 2 1-pdr. R F. 2	
Reina Mercedes San Francisco	C P C	1888	2,835 4,083	17 19.525	9,761	9 195 203	8 5-in, R.F.	30-cal. a. 1 3-in. F. Housed over. Housed over.	
St. Louis	PČ	1902	9,700	22	27,264	3,818,177	14 6-in. R F guns.	Housed over. 18 3-in. R. F., 4 3-pdr. S. A., 8 1-pdr. R. F., 2 30-cal. m., 4 30-cal. a., 2 3-in. F. 8 6-pdr. S. A, 2 1-pdr. R. F., 4 30-cal. a., 13-in. F.	
Tacoma	PC	1900	3,200	16,58	5,287	1,398,781	10 5-in. R F guns.	30-cal. a., 2 3-in. F. 8 6-pdr. S A, 2 1-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal. a., 1 3-in. F.	
UNARMORED STEEL VES- SELS, SCOUT CRUISERS.					1				
Birmingham	sc	1905	3,750	24	16,000		RF.	2 3-pdr. R F, 2 torpedo tubes.	
Chester	S C	1905	3,750	26	16,000	1,950,48	RF.	2 3-pdr. R F, 2 torpedo tubes.	
Salem	s c	1905	3,750	25	16,000	1,541,571	2 5-1n. R F, 6 3-in. RF.	2 3-pdr. R F, 2 torpedo tubes.	
GUNBOATS. Caetine	G B	1891	1,177	16	2,180	671,464	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2 6-pdr. R F.	
Don Juan de Austria**	G B		1,130	12	1,500	180,000	2 4-in. R F guns.	8 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 230- cal. a.	
Helena	GB	1894	1,397	13	1,988	539,042	8 4-in. R F guns.	4 3-pdr. R F, 4 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-	
Isla de Luzon* " Machias	GB GB	1891	1,030 1,177	11 15.46	2,700 2,046	215,000 657,761	4 4-in. R F guns. 8 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr. R F, 4 30-cal. a. 2 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal.	
Nashville	G B	1894	1,371	16	2,536	586,368	8 4-in. R F guns.	2 6-pdr.R F,2 1-pdr.R F,2 30-cal.	
Petrel	G B	1887	890	11.79	1,095	464,035	4 4-in. R F.	2 3-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal, a.	
Wilmlngton	G B	1894	1,397	15.08	1,894	531,192	8 4-in. R F guns.	4 3-pdr.R F,4 1-pdr.R F,4 6-mm.	
Annapolis	СGВ	1896	1,010	13	1,227	375,417	,	46-pdr. R F, 21-pdr.	
Dubuque	СGВ	1903	1,085	12	1,193	442,403	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr.R F, 21-pdr.R F, 230- cal. a.	
Marietta	CGB	1896	1,990	13	1,054	351,424	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 1 30- cal. a.	
Newport	CGB	1896	1,010	12	1,008	403,956	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 1 30- cal. a.	
Paducah	СGВ	1903	1,085	12	1,200	506,932	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr.RF, 21-pdr. RF, 2 30- cal. a.	
Princeton	CGB	1896	1,010	10.64	835	400,645	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr. RF, 21-pdr. RF, 230-	
Vicksburg	СGВ	1896	1,010	13	1,118	388,750	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr. R F, 21-pdr.R F, 26-mm.	
Wheeling	СGВ	1896	990	12	1,081	348,515	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 3-pdr. RF, 21-pdr. R F, 130- cal. a.	
SPECIAL CLASS.								!	
Dolphin	DВ	1883	1,486	16	2,253		2 4-in. R F guns.	5 3-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal. a.	
Vesuvius Cumberland	D G B T S	1964 1904	929 1,800	21	8,795	†349,728 581,868	6 4 in. R F guns.	13-pdr. R F. 46-pdr. R F, 21-pdr. R F, 230- cal. a.	
Intrepld	TS	1904	1,800			550,891	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 30-cal. a.	
Boxer	T B T S	1904 1895	345 1,175	::	::::	116,630 464,415	6 4-in. R F guns.	4 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. s., 2 6- mm. a.	
Dixia	8 C 8 C	1892 1893	6,000 6,114	14.5 14	3,600 3,800	575,000	2 5-in.,44-in.R F guns. 10 8-in.	2 6-mm. a., 6 3-pdr. 2 6 pdr. R F.	
PantherPrairie	IC	1889 1890	6,114 3,380 6,620	13 14.5	3,800	375,000	10 3-in. R F.	2 6-pdr. 2 6-pdr. R F, 3 1-pdr. R F.	
***		1	-,		-,,,,,,		B. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10	5 Contracted for had not not	

^{*} Under construction. † Contract price of hull and machinery. † To be built at navy yard. § Contracted for but not yet building. || Purchased during Spanish War. * Captured from Spain. (Notz. Pales, Pennsylvania, Monacacy, and Sacramento authorized. Design not yet prepared.)

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY .- Continued.

	1 .	Í	T	1	-	1	Ment To	
NAME.	Class.	Keel Laid.	Dis- place- ment, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse-	Cost.		BATTERIES.
21	Ü	×2	9 F E E	S. X	Power.	Court	Main.	Secondary.
TORPEDO BOATS.				-				-
n t	тв	1900	175	29	4,200	\$161,000		3 1-ndr P E 3 16 tn W T
Bagiey Barney Barney Biddle Biakeley Dahlgren Davis De Long	TB	1898	280		5,600		**********	3 1-pdr. R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr. R F, 3 18-in. W T.
Rarnev	TB	1900	175		4,200	161,000	***********	3 1-pdr R F 3 18 in W T
Biddle	TB	1900	175	28	4,200	161,000	**********	3 1-pdr R F 3 18-in W T
Biakeley .	TB	1899	196		3,000	159,400	***********	3 1-pdr R E 3 18-in W T
Dahleren .	TB	1897	146		4,200	194,000	************	3 1-pdr. R F, 3 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr. R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 1-pdr. R F, 2 18-in. W T.
Davis	ŤВ	1897	154		1,750	81,546	***********	3 1-pdr. R F, 2 10-11. W T.
De Long	TE	1899	196		3,000	159,400	***********	3 1-pdr. R F. 3 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr. R F. 3 18-in. W T. 4 1-pdr. R F. 3 18-in. W T.
Du l'ont. Farragut. Foote	тв	1896	165		0,000	144,000	*************	11-ndr R F 3 18 in W T
Farragut	TB	1897	279		5,878	227,500	*******	4 6 md = D D 0 10 in 1V in
Foote	ТB	1896	142		2,000	97,500	*********	4 6-pdr. R F, 2 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr. R F, 2 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr. R F, 3 18-in. W T.
For	ТB	1897	154		1,750	81,546	************	2 1 nde 12 D 2 10 in W D
Goldshorough	TB	1898	255		6,000	214,500	***********	46-ndr DE 0 10 in W/r
Gwin	ŤΒ	1897	45	20	850	39,000		1 1-ndr R W 9 18-in W T
FoxGoldsboroughGwin	ŤΒ	1897	65	20	850	48,500	***********	1 1-ndr 12 F 9 18-in W T
Manly† Morris. Porter.	TB	1000	•10	19	850	24,250	***********	9 1-pdr R E 9 18 in W T
Morrie	ΤB	1897	104	24	1,750	85,000	***********	3 l-pdr. R F 3 18-in W T
Porter	TR	1896	165	28	1,100	144,000	***********	3 1-ndr R R 8 18-in W/F
Rudware	TB	1896	143		2,295	97,500		3 1 ndr D W 2 18 in W T
Rowen	ŤΒ	1896	210		3,200	160,000		4 1 ndr P F 0 10 in W T
Rodgers	TB	1899	200	26	3,375	129,750	**********	3 landr R F 3 18 in W '5
Somers	TB	1000	150	17	1,900	72,997	**********	3 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 6-pdr. R. F., 2 i 3-i in. W. T., 1 i - pdr. R. F., 2 i 3-i in. W. T., 1 i - pdr. R. F., 2 i 3-i in. W. T., 2 i - pdr. R. F., 2 i 3-i in. W. T., 3 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 3 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 4 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 3-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R. F., 3 i 5-i in. W. T., 5 i - pdr. R.
Somers	TB	1899	200	26	3,275	129,750	***********	13 landr R F 3 18 in W '
Stringham	ŤΒ	1898	340	30	7,200	236,000	**********	4 6-ndr R F 9 18-in W T
Stringham	TB	1897	146		4,200	194,000	**********	3 1-pdr. R F, 3 18-in. W T. 4 6-pdr. R F, 2 18-in. W T. 4 1 pdr. R F, 2 18-in. W T.
Thornton		1899	200	25	3,000	129,750	***********	3 1-pdr R F 3 18-in W/F
Tingey		1899	165	25	3,000	168,000	**********	2 1 ndr D F 2 18 in W m
Wiikes	TB	1899	165		3,495	146,000	**********	3 1-pdr. lt F, 3 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr. lt F, 3 18-in. W T. 3 1-pdr. lt F, 3 18-in. W T.
** II E C S	1.0	1000	103	20	0,455	140,000	•••••	10 1-put. 16 F, & 10-111. W 1.
TORBOAT DESTROYERS.					- 1			1
Ammen	TDD	1000	742	29.50	12,000	†648,000		2 10 in 3070 # 2 2 CA 0 00
Authority #	TPD	1010	1,036	29.50	16,000	+756,100	************	3 18-in.WT, 5 3-in SA,2 30 cal.a. 3 18-in.WT, 5 4-in SA,2 30-cal.a.
Painbridge	TRI	1900	420	28.45	8,000	283,000		10 25 L L C - 1 C A 010 C ALS.
Avlwin* Bainbridge Baich Barry	TPD	1011	1,036	29.50	16,000	†756,100	***********	2 3-in. & 5 6-pd.8 A,2 18-in.WT, 3 18-in.WT, 5 4-in SA,2 30 cal.a. 2 3-in. R F, 5 6-pdr. R F, 2 18-in.W T.
Barry	TDD	1900	420	29	8,000	7130,100	***********	0 2 in 1) To 4-in bA,2 80 cal.a.
Daily	1 15 15	1000	3217	23	8,000	283,000	***************************************	10 in 1V m
Beale	TED	1011	742	29.50	12,000	+654.000	**********	210 in 37/D f 0 to C4 (100 - 1
B.nham*	FRD	1011	1,036	29.50	16,000	1756,100		3 18-in.WT, 5 3-in.SA, 2 30-cal.a. 3 18-in.WT, 5 4-in SA, 2 30-cal.a.
Benham*Burrows	PDD	1000	742	29.50			••••••	3 10-10 VV I, 5 4-10 SA.2 30-cal.a.
Cognin#	1 0 0	1011	1,020	29.50	16,006	†665,000 1761,500	•••••	3 18-in.WT,5 8-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
Cassin*	n D D	1911	420	29		†761,500	******	3 18-1n. W 1. 5 4-1n SA. 2 30-cul.a.
спаписеу	LDD	1299	420	29	8,000	283,000	**********	3 18-in. WT. 5 4-in. SA. 2 30-cal.a. 2 3-in. R F, 5 6-pdr. R F, 2 18-in. W T.
Cum min mit	מ פ זו	1011	1,820	29	16,000	+761,500		2 10 - III. W T.
Cummings*	D D D	1911	420	28			*******	3 18-in. WT, 5 4-in SA,2 30-cal.a. 2 18-in. WT, 2 3-in. RF, and
Date	LBD	1099	420	20	8,000	260,000	••••••	2 10-in. W 1. 2 3-in. R F, and
N	n n n	1000	420	28,10	0.000	000 000		5 6-pdr. R F.
Decatur	LBD	1099	420	20.10	8,000	260,000	***********	2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, and
Danis	m p p	1011	1.059	29	10.000	1000 000		5 6-pdr, R F.
Downes*	1 0 1	1911	1,073		16,000	†777,500	•••••••	3 18-in.WT,5 4-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
Drayton	TDD	1011	742	29.50 29	12,000	†644,000	•• ••••••	
Duncan*	1 5 17	1911	1,014	29.50	16,000	†779,450 †680,500	********	3 18-in.WT.5 4-in.SA,2 30-cal.a. 3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
Downes*. Drayton. Duncan*. Fanning. Flusser. Hopkins.	TDD	1000	700		12,000	7001,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 10-in. WT, 5 8-in.SA, 2 30-cal. a.
Gambina	r D D	1900	408	30.41	11,842	†624,0 0 0	••••••	3 10-in. W 1,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal. a.
Hopkins	твр	1099	400	29.02	7,200	291,000	***********	2 10-1n. W 1, 2 8-in. R F. and
cr11	n n 1.	1000	400	00.04	- 000	001 000		5 6-par. R F.
Hull	r B D	1099	408	28.04	7,200	291,000	**********	3 18-in. WT, 5 3-in. SA, 2 30-cal. a. 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F. and 5 6-pdr. R F. 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, and 5 6-ndr. R F.
Hanlay	r p r	,,,,	742	29.50	12,000	48.10 800		5 6-pdr. R F. 318-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
Henley	r D I	1011				†648,700	••••••	2 19 in Wr E 2 1 0 1 0 0
Inching	BD	1911	742	29.50	12,000	640,000	*********	3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal a.
enkins	LBD	1911	742		12,000	1654,500		3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
onett	BBD	1911	742	30	12,000	†654,500		3 18-iu. WT.5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
Lainson	LBD	1908	700	28	10,000	†585,000	•••••	3 18 In. W I .5 3-1n. SA,2 30-cal.a.
awrence	LBD	1899	446	28.41	6,375	281,000		2 18-in. W T, 7 6-pdr. K F.
Macdonough	LBD	1899	430	28.03	6,125	281,000	**********	2 18-in. W T, 7 6-pdr. S A.
onettawrenceawrence. Macdonough. Mayrant McCall Monaglan Parker*	I B D	1908	742	29.56	12,000	1664,000		5 15-10. W T. 5 3-1n.SA, 2 30-cal.a. 2 18-in. W T. 7 6-pdr. K F. 2 18-in. W T. 7 6-pdr. S A. 3 18-in. W T. 7 6-pdr. S A. 3 18-in. W T. 5 3-in.SA, 2 30-cal a.
dcCall	r B D	1909	742	29.50	12,000	1665,000		
Honaghan	r B D	1909	742	29.50	12,000	629,000		3 18-in. WT,5 3-in. SA.2 30-cal.a.
arker*	LBD	1911	1,036	29.50	16,000	+756,100	*********	3 18-in.WT,5 4-in.SA,2 20-cal.a.
Patterson	r B D	1909	742	29.50	12,000	637,000		3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal. a.
auiding	L B D	1909	742	29.50	12,000	†644,000		3 18-in. WT, 5 3-in. SA, 2 30-cal.a.
aul Jones	r B D	1899	480	28.91	7,980	285,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, and
	- 1	- 1				1		3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal. a. 3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal. a. 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, and 5 6-pdr. R F.
Perkins	r B D	1909	742	29.50	12,000	†610,000	••••	3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
Perry	r B D	1899	480	28.32	9,100	285,000	••••••	2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, and
	- 1	- 1	- 1	1				5 6-pdr. R F.
Preble	r B D	1899	480	28.03	7,600	285,000		3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a. 2 18-in.WT, 2 3-in.R F, and 5 6-pdr.R F. 2 18-in.WT, 2 3-in.R F, and
		- 1	- 1	1	- 1	1		5 6-pdr. R F. 3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.
1					10 000	†645,000		12 18 in WT 5 2 in G 4 0 20 cal a
Preston .	гв р	1908	700	28	10,000	1:40,0001	* * *	0 10-111.11 1,0 0-111.0M,2 00-Citi.a.
Preston .	r B D	1908 1908	700	31,82	12,734	+624,000		13 18-in. W L.5 3-in.SA 2 30-cal.a.
Preston .	FBD FBD FBD	1908 1908 1909	700 742	31.82 29.50	12,734	+624,000 +620,500		13 18-in. W L.5 3-in.SA 2 30-cal.a.
1	FBD FBD FBD	1908 1908 1909 1908	700	31,82	12,734	+624,000		3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a. 3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a. 3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.

^{*} Under construction or contracted for. +Purchased during war with Spain.
(Nore.—Torpedo boat descroyers Cushing, Ericsson, MacDougal, Nicholson, O'Brien, and Winslow have been authorized.
Design not yet prepared.

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY .- Continued.

NAME.	4 T P		2000	ed.	Horse-	Cost.	BATTERIES.		
	ರೆ	Keel	pla me To	Spr	Power,		Main.	Secondary.	
	TBD		742		12,000			3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.	
Stewart	TBD	1900	420	29.69	8,000	282,000	***********	2 18-in. W T. 2 3-in. R F, and 5 6-pdr. R F.	
Terry	TBD	1909			12,000	†620,000		3 18-in. WT,5 3-in.8A,2 30-cal.a.	
Trippe	TBD	1909	742		12,000	659,500		3 18-in. WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.	
Truxton	1 5 5	1099	433	29.58	8,300	286,000		2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, and 6 6-pdr. R F.	
Walke			749		12,000	648,000		3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA.2 30-cal.a.	
Warrington	TBD	1909	742		12,000	†664,000		3 18-in.WT,5 3-in.SA,2 30-cal.a.	
Whipple	твы	1899	433	28.24	8,300	286,000	***********	2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. R F, and	
Worden	твр	1899	433	29.86	8,300	286,000	•••••	6 6-pdr. RF. 2 18-in. W T, 2 3-in. RF, and 6 6-pdr. RF.	

^{*}Contract price of hull and machinery.

Submarines designated as follows: A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, B-1, B-2, B-3, C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, D-1, D-2, D-3, E-1, E-2, F-1, F-2, F-3, F-4, G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4, H-1, H-2, H-3, K-1, K-2, K-3, K-4, K-5, K-6, K-7, K-8. Nos. 40 to 47 have been authorized.

DATES OF FUTURE RETIREMENTS OF REAR-ADMIRALS.

The following are the dates of future retirements of Rear-Admirals (named in the order of their The following are the dates of future retirements of Rear-Admirals (named in the order of their rank) now on the active list for age limit under the law; Joseph B. Murdock, February 13, 1913; Hugo Osterhaus, June 15, 1913; Charles E. Vreeland, March 10, 1914; Aaron Ward, October 10, 1913; William H. H. Sontheriand, July 10, 1914; Albert Mertz, March 26, 1913; Vincendon L. Cottman, February 13, 1914; Thomas B. Howard, Angust 10, 1916; Walter C. Cowles, July 11, 1915; Austin M. Knight, December 16, 1916; Charles J. Badger, August 6, 1915; Reginald F. Nicholson, December 15, 1914; Charles B. T. Moore, July 29, 1915; Alfred Reynolds, September 7, 1915; Bradley A. Fiske, June 13, 1916; George B. Ransom, June 28, 1913; John R. Edwards, July 9, 1915; James M. Helm, December 16, 1917; Albert B. Willits, March 7, 1913; Cameron McR. Winslow, July 29, 1916; Nathaniel R. Usher, April 7, 1917; Frank F. Fletcher, November 23, 1917. Frank E. Beatty, November 26, 1915; Robert M. Doyle, May 5, 1915. The active list of the Navy comprises 2,796 commissioned and 273 warrant officers, not including 768 at the Naval Academy. There are 797 commissioned and 125 warrant officers on the retired list. The enlisted strength allowed by law is 51,500 men and apprentice seamen.

ing 768 at the Naval Academy. There are 797 commissioned and 125 warrant offic list. The enlisted strength allowed by law is 51,500 men and apprentice seamen, MARINE CORPS. For details see Index for ''United States Marine Corps,''

VESSELS OF U. S. NAVY IN COMMISSION.

Corrected to November 1, 1912.

ATLANTIC FLEET.

Rear-Admiral Hugo Osterhans, Commander-in-Chief. Connecticut, 1st C. B. S. (Flagship of Rear-Admiral Osterhaus) Capt. John J. Knapp. FIRST DIVISION.

Rear-Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, Commander.

C. B. S. (Flagship of Delaware, 1st C.B.S.Capt. Hugh Rodman. North Dakota, 1st C. B. S. al Fiske, Michigan, 1st C. B. S. Capt. He 1 st. Florida. . S. Capt. Henry B. Wilson. Capt. E. E. Capehart. Utah, 1st C. B. S. Capt. W. S. Benson. Rear-Admiral Fiske, Capt. W. J. Maxwell.

SECOND DIVISION.

Rear-Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, Commander.

Vermont, 1st C. B. S. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Usher)

Kansas, 1st C. B. S. Capt. J.A. Hoogewerff. | South Carolina, 1st C. B. S. Capt. Thos. Snowden. | New Hampshir, 1st C. B. S. Capt. Thos. Snowden. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Capt. H. P. Huse. | Ca

THIRD DIVISION.

Rear-Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow, Commander.

1st C. B. S. (Flagship of Rear-il Winslow) Capt. John D. McDonald. Georgia, 1st C. B. S. Capt.Marb'y Johnston. Rhode Island, 1st C. B. S. Capt.H.P.Jones. Capt. John D. McDonald. Capt. Spencer S. Wood. Capt. Frank W. Kellogg. Virginia. Admiral Winslow)

FOURTH DIVISION.

Rear-Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, Commander. Ohio, 1st C. B. S. 1st C. B. S. (Flagship of | Idaho, 1st C. B. S.

Capt. William L. Howard. Capt. Joseph Stranss. Rear-Admiral Fletcher) Capt. George R. Clark.

AUXILIARIES TO THE ATLANTIC PLEET. | Ontario (tender)

Solace (hospital ship) Brutus (collier) Vulcan (collier) Patapsco (tender)
Patuxent (tender)
Yankton (tender) San Francisco (mine layer) Hannihal (collier) Celtic (supply ship) Culgoa (supply ship) Hector (collier) Panther (repair ship) Leonidas (collier) Lebanon (range ship) Sonoma (tender) Mars (collier)

PACIFIC FLEET.

Rear-Admiral William H. H. Southerland, Commander-in-Chief.

| Maryland, A.C. California, A. C. (Flagship of Rear-Ad- | South Dakota, A. C. Capt. John M. Ellicott. Capt, Frank M. Bennett. miral Southerland) Capt. Alexander Halstead. Colorado, A. C. Capt. Wm. A. Gill.

Glacier	(smaply collier)	ship)
Justin (conner)	

Channeev

FLEST AUXILIARIES. Prometheus (collier) Saturn (collier)

ASIATIC FLEET.

Rear-Admiral Reginald F. Nicholson, Commander-in-Chief.

RIEST DIVISION.

Comdr. S. S. Robison. Saratoga, A. C. (Flagship of Rear-Admiral Nicholson), Comdr. H. A. Wiley Comdr. M. L. Bristol. SECOND DIVISION.

Elcano, G.....Lleut, Gomdr. S. Gannon. | Samar, G....Lleut, (j.g.) G. C. Dichman. | Quiros, G.....Lleut, J. J. Hannigan. Helena, G......Comdr. G. R. Marvell. | Villalobos, G.....Lleut, E. Durr THIRD DIVISION.

Callao, G.......Easign W. L. Heiberg. Monterey, M.......Comdr.J. V. Chase. Wilmington, G...Comdr. J. F. Hubbard. Piscatsgua, Tug...Lieut. S. W. Wallaca. FOURTH DIVISION.

VESSELS OF TORPEDO FLOTILLA.

Decatur

Dale

Balnbridge Barry FLEET AUXILIARIES.

| Wompstuk (tug) Nanshan (collier) [Rainbow (transport)

For complete list and stations of United States Naval Vessels see "Monthly Navy and Marine Corps List and Directory,"

which may be purchased from the Superintendent of Public Documents, Washington, D. C., at 10 cents per copy.

Abbreviations: 1st C. B. S.—First-class battleship, A. C.—Armored cruiser, P. C.—Protected cruleer, C. C.—Converted cruiser, C.—Cruiser, C. G.—Converted gunboat, Dest.—Destroyer, G.—Gunboat, M.—Monitor, Mer. Com.—Merchant complement, T. B.—Torpedo boat, Sta. ship—Station ship, R. S.—Receiving ship.

UNITED STATES NAVAL ENLISTMENT.

The term of enlistment in the Navy is four years, except for boys under eighteen, who culist for nority, with the consent of parents or guardian. Minors over eighteen are culisted without the

UNITED STATES NAVAL ENLISTMENT.

The term of enlistment in the Navy is four years, except for boys under eighteen, who enlist for minority, with the consent of parents or guardian. Minors over eighteen are enlisted without the consent of parents or guardian, but they must furnish a birth certificate or verified written statement of parent or guardian, but they must furnish a birth certificate or verified written statement of parent or guardian as to their age. Only American citizens of good character who may reasonably be expected to remain in the service are enlisted, and every applicant must pass the required physical examination, he able to read and write English and take the oath of allegiance. No boy under seventeen can be enlisted except by special permission from the Department.

Information regarding rates, with pay, opportunities for advancement, allowances, etc., can be obtained by addressing: Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department.

Permanent Navy Recruiting Stations are located at: Boston, Mass. 146 Tremont St.; Providence, R. I., 42 Westminster St.; Hartford, Ct., P. O. Building: New York, N. Y., 153 W. 23d St.; Philadelphia, Pa., 1418 Filbert St.; Baltimore, Md., St. Paul and Balto. Sts.; Pittsburgh, Pa., Penn Ave. and 7th St.; Buffalo, N. Y., P. O. Bldg.; St.; Syracuse, N. Y., Bastable Block; Rochester, N. Y., 187 State St.; Cincinnati, O., P. O. Bldg.; Columbus, O., Dougtas Bldg.; Dayton, O., P. O. Bldg.; Courbuille, Ky., P. O. Bldg.; Indianapolis, Ind., P. O. Bldg.; Fort Wayne, Ind., P. O. Bldg.; Terre Haute, Ind., P. O. Bldg.; Grand Rapids, Mich., Powers Theatre Bld; Toledo, O., St. Clair and Adams Sts.; Chicago, Ill., 208 N. 5th Ave.; Milwaukee, Wis., P. O. Bldg.; Minneapolis, Minn., P. O. Bldg.; St. Paul, Minn., P. O. Bldg.; Duburde, Ia., 629 Main St.; Davenport, Ia., 1042 28 st. St. Louis, Mo., 12th and Olive Sts.; Chatanooga, Tenn., P. O. Bldg.; Charlotte, N. C., 231 N. Tryon St.; Birninghan, Ala., Chamber of Common St.; On Dak., P. O. Bldg.; Lincoln, Neb., P. O. Bldg.; Sav Louis, Neb., P.

temporary offices are occasionally opened in cities throughout the country,

NAVY RECRUITING SERVICE,

On July 1, 1910, publicity offices were established at New York, N. Y. (153 W. 23d St.) for the Eastern district, and Indianapolis, Ind. (P. O. Bldg.) for the Western district, where full information regarding the pay, opportunities, etc., of service in the United States Navy may be obtained. Inquiries from the different States should be sent to the nearest of the two districts enumerated above. Address "Publicity Office, Navy Recruiting Service, 153 W. 23d St., N. Y.," or "Indianapolis, Ind.," as the case may be. All inquiries will be promptly answered by an officer of the neavy Return still if you are in a nosition to do so, call at the nearest station and get all infornavy. Better still, if you are in a position to do so, call at the nearest station and get all information first hand from the enlisted men who have seen service in our navy.

RELATIVE RANK IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY AND NAVY.

Section 1466 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

Generals rank with Admirals.

Lieutenant-Generals rank with Vice-Admirals. Major-Generals rank with senior nine Rear-Admirals.

Brigadier - Generals rank with Rear - Admirals of the junior nine and Commodores, Colonels rank with Captains.

Lieutenant-Colonels rank with Commanders. Majors rank with Lieutenant-Commanders. Captains rank with Lieutenants. First Lieutenants rank with Lieutenants Junior

Grade Second Lieutenants rank with Ensigns.

Cadets rank with Midshipmen.

The Navy.
THE NAVY—Continued.

DIMENS	-	i de	1 .	PPLY			1 2	.,1	<u></u>	PRO	TEC-	IEN		
	n Lose	readt	Draught	Supply.	capacity.	of Tubes.	_ A	вмо	R.	T1	CK.		MPLE- ENT.	Towns of
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dlana	348 0	69 3	24 0	400	1,270 1,475	1-18	18	15	17	3	234	34	619	T. S., V. T. I
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aine	388 0 257 0		23 10 14 6	1,000	1,867 335	2-18	11	12	12	7-16	5-16	41 13	772	T. S., V. T. I
arietta	174 0	34 0	12 2	120	241		6					11	134	T. S., V. T. F T. S., V. T. F T. S., V. T. F T. S., V. T. F T. S., V. T. F
aryland	502 0 348 0	69 6 69 3	24 1	900 400	2,024 1,475	2-18	6 18	6.5 15	6 17	4 3	1.5	41 34	787 671	T. S., V. T. E
lantonomoh	260 3	55 4	14 6	250	260		7	11.5				16	164	T. S., V. T. F T. S., I. C. T. S., V. T. F T. S., V. T. F
chigan	450 0	80 2	24 6	900	2,200	2-18	11	12	10	3	3	51	818	T. S., V. T. I
lwaukee	424 0 412 0		22 6 22 6	650 750	1,650 1,400	•-	• • •	•••		4	2.6	36 33	500	T. S., V. T. J
nnesota	450 0	76 10	24 6	900	2,200	4-21	*9	12	iö	3	3	41	815	T. S., V. T. I
esouri	388 0	72 2	93 11	1,000	1.837	2-18	11	12 12	12	4	2.5	47	754	T. S., V. T. I
lssissippi	375 0 259 6		24 8 14 6	600 250	1,750	2-21	9	7.5	10 11.5	3	13/	34 14	210	T. S., H. T.
ontana	502 0	72 10	25 0	900	2,014	4-21	5	9	8	*4	134 2 3	40	821	T. S., V. T. I T. S., V. T. I T. S., V. T. I
onterey	256 C	59 0 37 0	14 10 14 6	200 200	233 340	• 6	13	8	13	7-16	5-16	19 20	215	T. S., V. T. I
ontgomery	220 (38 1	11 0	150	400				::	7-10 3/8 3	5-16	11	167	T. S., Q. T. I
braska	435 0	76 2	23 9	900	1,705	4-21	ii	12	iò	. 3	3	49	857	T. S., Q. T. E T. S., V. T. E
wada*	575 C		28 6 18 9	400	882	4-21	• •			*.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	55 35	808 396	T. S., H. T. 1
iphin m Juan de Austria. buque m Juan de Austria. buque m Juan de Austria. veston orgia. lena. sho inols. lena. sho inols. llana trepid wa a de Luzon. massa. arsarge. mincky. uleiana. cchias. aristre. aristre. mincky. uleiana. cchias. line. arietta. aryland. arietta. aryland. lwauke. inneapolis. mneapolis. mneap	450 0	76 10	24 6	900	2.314	4-21	9	i 2	ii	3	1 3	41	841	T. S., H. T. I T. S., V. T. I T. S., V. T. I S. S., V. T. I
w Jersey	435 0	76 2	23 9	900	1,705	4-21	11	12	10	3	11/	40	772	T. S., V. T. F
w Orieans	346 0 168 0		16 10 12 2	750 100	767 237	::	::	::	::	3	(7)	24 11	108	s. s., v. T. F T. s., v. T. F
w York*	565 (95 2	12 2 28 6		9.850	4_21				4	2	63	1,009	
orth Carolina	502 C			900	2,014 2,500	4-21	5	* j	8	4	2	40 55	821	T. S., V. T. I
nio	510 (388 (72 2	26 11 23 7	1,000	2,500 2,000	2-18	ii	12	12	*4	2.5	41	779	T. S., V. T. I
klahoma*	575 (95 2	28 6	1 1							2	30		
lympia	340 (348 (53 0 69 3	21 6 24 6	400 400	1,136 1,449	3_18	18	15	iż	43/3	93/	30 35	454 505	T. S., V. T. E
zark (2)	252 (50 0	12 6	344	344	3-10	11	10	ii		234 1.5	131	158	T. S., V. T. E
erada* uwark. ww Hampshire ww Jerey. ww Orleana. wwpork. cerification for force of force in force of force in force of force in force of force in force of force in	174 (35 0	12 3	100	246					4		9 41	149	T. S., V. T. E T. S., H. T. E T. S., H. T. E
etrel	502 (181	69 6	24 1 11 6	900 100	1,828 213	2-18	6	6,6	6	*4 *4	1.5 5-16	41 8 34	787 126	T. S., V T. E
etrelhiladelphia	327 6	48 7	11 6 19 6	400	1,074					1 13	2.5	ા કરી	250	T. S., H. T. E

^{*} Under construction. (1) Monitor formerly named Wyoming. (2) Monitor formerly named Arkansas. (Norz.—Palos, Pennsylvania, Monocacy, and Sacramento have been authorized; design not yet prepared.)

DIMENSIONS, COAL SUPPLY, ARMOR, AND COMPLEMENT,

	on Load	readth.	Draught.	supply.	r apacity.	of Tubes.	A	RMO	в.	TI	VE CK.		PLE-	
V348514.	Length or Water	Extreme Breadth.	Meau Dra	Normal Coal Su	Bunker	Number o	Sides.	Turrets.	Barbette.	Ends.	Amid- ship.	Обсегв.	Men.	Type of Engines.
Princeton. Purlian Raleigh Reina Mercedes Raleigh Reina Mercedes Rahode Island Sadem San Fracisco Saratoga (5) Severn South Carolina South Dakota. St. Louis Tacoma. Tallahassee (3) Ternessee Terror Tercas* Tonopah (4) Topeks. Utah Vesuvius Vicksburg Virginia Washington West Virginia Washington West Virginia Whe-ling Wilmington Wisconsin Wysomsin	Ft. In. 168 0 188 0 299 3 300 0 999 2 435 0 4420 0 175 0 4420 0 175 0 602 0 602 0 252 0 602 0 252 0 602 0 252 0 602 0 252 0 602 0 252 0 0 168 0 0 252 0 168 0 602 0 502 0 502 0 502 0 502 0 502 0 502 0 503 88 0 554 0 554 0	60 1 42 0 43 3 76 2 47 1 49 3 64 10 37 0 80 2 66 6 66 0 72 10 55 6 95 2 76 10 26 0 76 2 72 10 69 6 69 6 69 6 69 6 69 6 69 6 69 6 69	12 9 1 18 0 0 18 0 0 18 0 0 18 0 0 18 0 0 18 0 0 18 16 9 18 16 0 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	100 307 575 575 900 350 750 900 650 467 355 910 250 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 120	285 2,850 388 410 2,500 2,200 132 239 1,705 1,762 2,024 241 300	2-21 2-21 2-21 2-18 4-21 4-21 4-21 4-21 4-21 4-21 4-21 4-21	11 5 6	10 9 11.5 10 12 12 9 6.5	10 10 7 6	3 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	33 1.5 2 33 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	11 40 40 41 9	2487 2977 3400 7722 3403 4733 2566 818 7877 6343 308 158 8161 147 128 7727 8168 7727 8168 7727 8168 787 128 817 817 818 818 818 818 818 818 818 81	T. S., V. T. E. 2-screw Turbine. T. S., H. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. Sail Power. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E. T. S., V. T. E.

The origin of the Navy Department may be said to date from October 13, 1775, when Congress authorized the equipment of two cruisers, mounting respectively 10 and 14 guns. Before the end of that year 15 more vessels of from 20 to 36 guns were authorized. The adairs of the Navy were at that time intrusted to a 'Marine Committee.' In 1798 the present department was formally created, and Benjamin Stoddart appointed the first Secretary.

NAVY-YARDS.

- 1. New York Navy-Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y. 2. B-ston Navy-Yard, Boston, Mass. 3. Norfolk Navy-Yard, near Norfolk, Va. 4. Portsmouth Navy-Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.
- b. Philadelphia Navy-Yard, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Mare Island Navy-Yard, near San Francisco, Cal.
 Washington Navy-Yard, Washington, D. C.
 Puget Sound Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.

There are naval stations at Charleston, S. C.; Key West, Fla.; Great Lakes, North Chicago, Ill.; a torpedo and training station at Newport, R. I., and a training station on Yerba Buena Island, Cal., and the Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

Naval stations have been established at Tutuila, Samoa; Island of Guam; Guantanamo, Cuba; Honolulu, H. I.; Cavite, and Olongapo, Philippine Islands. The latter has become an important naval base for the Asiatic Fleet.

OLD VESSELS.

There are in the Navy a small number of old vessels which are unserviceable for war purposes. A number of these vessels are in service as receiving ships at the principal navy yards.

There are 45 tugs in the Naval Service, of which the Ontario and Sanoma have a displacement of 1,120 tons, and the two smallest, the Chickasaw and Waban, 100 and 150 tons respectively. These vessels are distributed among the various naval stations in the United States and the Philippine Islands,

SUMMARY OF VESSELS IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

(In service, under construction and authorized.)

First-class Battleships, 38; Armored Crulsers, 12; Armored Ram, 1; single-turret Harbor Defence Monitors, 4; double-turret Monitors, 6; Protected Cruisers, 22; Unprotected Cruisers, 3; Scout Cruisers, 3; Guuboats, 13; light draught Gunboats, 9; Training Shipe, Naval Academy, heathed, 1; Training Shipe, 2; Training Brigantine, 1; special class (Dolphin, Veuvius), 2; Genboats under 500 tons, 12; Torpedo Boat Destroyers, 50; Steel Torpedo Boats, 25; Submarine Torpedo Boats, 49; Iron Cruising Vessels, steam, 3; Mooden Cruising Vessels, 42; March 13; Hospital Ship, 1; Receiving Ships, 6; Prison Ships, 4; Iron; Land, 399.

"Under construction. (3) Monitor formerly named Florida. (4) Monitor formerly named Nevada. (5) Cruiser formerly named New York

UNITED STATES NAVY PAY ROLL.

RANK,	Base Pay	RANK,	Base Pay
AdmiralRear-Admirals, first nine		Lieutenant-Commanders Lieutenants.	\$3,000 2,400
Rear-Admirals, second nine	6,000	Lieutenants (Junior Grade) Ensigns	2.000
Commanders	3,500	Midshipmen	600

All staff officers, such as medical directors, chaplains, naval constructors, pay directors, civil engineers, etc., receive the pay of their rank.

Chief boatswains, and other commissioned warrant officers receive the same pay as ensigns.

All officers paid under this table, below the rank of Rear-Admiral, are entitled to 10 per cent, increase upon the full yearly pay of their grades for each and every period of five years' service as 'longevity pay,' computed upon their total actual service in the Navy or Marine Corps, provided that the total amount of such increase shall not exceed 40 per cent. upon the full yearly pay of their grade.

All officers on sea duty and all officers on shore duty beyond the continental limits of the United States shall while so serving receive ten per centum additional of their salaries and increase as above proyided, and such increase shall commence from reporting for duty on board ship or the date of sailing from the United States for shore duty beyond seas or to join a ship in foreign waters,

Warrant officers (boatswains, gunners, carpenters, salimakers, pharmacists, machinists and pay clerks) are paid from \$1,125 to \$2,250 a year.

Commandants' clerks receive from \$1,000 to \$1,800 a year.

Petty officers (masters-at-arms, boatswains' mates, gunners' mates, gun captains, quartermasters, machinists, hospital stewards, yeomen, bandmasters, first musicians, coxswains, electricians, boiler-makers, coppersmiths, black-miths, plumbers and fitters, sailmakers' mates, carpenters' mates, oilers, printers, painters, water tenders, and hospital apprentices (first class) receive from \$396 to \$924 a year.

The pay of first-class seamen per month is \$26; seamen gunners, \$28; firemen, first class, \$38;

musicians, first class, \$34.

The pay of second-class seamen per month is: Ordinary seamen, \$21; firemen, second class, \$33;

shipwrights, \$27; musicians, second class, \$33.

The pay of third-class seamen per mouth is: Landsmen, for training, \$17; coal passers, \$24; apprentices, third class, \$10.

apprentices, third class, \$10.

To rowlide for the welfare and comfort of the officers and enlisted men of the Navy during the fiscal year of 1913, it is going to cost Uncle Sam just \$37,280,971. Of this amount \$9,792,890 is required to pay the officers on the active list, while the retired officers receive the sum of \$3,058,899.

The perquisites allowed officers of the Navy will aggregate nearly three quarters of a million dollars in 1913. Of this amount \$440,576 will be spent in providing quarters for the so officers who cannot be accommodated in buildings or houses maintained by the Government, and \$151,882 for the item of heat and light for officers using other than Government quarters and in Government quarters where no heating and lighting plant is maintained by the Government quarters and in Government of guarters of the sum of \$450,000 is required to pay the midshipmen under instruction at the Naval Academy.

The pay of the enlisted men of the Navy is divided into the following items. Pay of 48,000 petty officers, seaman, etc., \$21,086,080; 3,500 apprentices under training, \$742,980; 37 retired enlisted men, \$307,725, and 1,000 enlisted men in prisons undersoing sentences of court-matila, etc., \$295,200. Each man in the Navy holding an honorable discharge receives a bounty. This item will cost the pay the Female Nurse Corps of the Navy. Seventy-two thousand, nine hundred dollars is required to pay the Female Nurse Corps of the Navy and \$14,040 is allowed them for commutation of quarters. Each officer or enlisted man in the Navy and \$14,040 is allowed them for commutation of unarters. Each officer or enlisted man in the Navy and sla,040 is allowed them for commutation of quarters. Each officer or enlisted man in the Navy and \$14,040 is allowed them for commutation of quarters.

Naval Militia.

THE Naval Militia is now organized in twenty-two States and the District of Columbia, as follows:

STATE.	mis'd Offs.		ty	Meu	To- tal.	Commanding Officer.	STATE.	mis'd Offs.		ty	Men	To- tal.	Commanding Officer.
California	48	6	120	466	640	Capt. Geo.W. Bauer.			-			_	(Com. E. M. Peters,
Connecticut	17	3	81	150		Com. E. Hill, Jr	New Jersey.	28	2	61	255	346	1st Bat.; Com. A.
D.Columbia	13	0	52	95		Com. F. S. Durston.			1				(DeUnger, 2d Bat.
Florida	13	0	32	101	146	LieutCom. N. B.	New York	61	0	131	661	853	Com. R. P. Forshew
				1	}	Rhodes	N. Carolina.	40	4	60	260	364	Capt. T. C. Daniela
Illinois	44	0	100			Capt. E. A. Evers.	1		1	l i	1	- 1	[LieutCom. A. F.
Indiana	14	0	46				Ohio	17	0	34	235	286	Nicklett, lat Bat.
Louisiaua	45	5	83			Capt. J. W. Bostick.	Omo	١	1 "		20	200	Lieut. F. G.
Maine	7	U	26	99	132	LientCom, R. K.	1	l	1				Warner, 2d Bat.
					l	Dyer.	Oregon	20	3	30	170	223	Capt. Edgar M.
Maryland	14	4	107	76	201	LleutCom. C. J.						1	Simpson.
		١.			1	Fallon.	Pen'ylvania		0	34	182		Com.J.M.Mitcheson.
Мавв	42	0	135	453	630	Capt. D. M. Good-	RhodeIsland		2	39	129		Com. W. C. Bliss.
	1	l	ł	1		ridge.	S. Caroliua.	19	0	22	150	191	LieutCom. C. L. Du
	i		1	1	1	(Com.D. B. Duffield,							Bos.
Michigan	39	0	76	258	373	1st Bat.; Com. G.	Washington		0	25	120		Com. W.F.Andrews.
prioniBunit:		1		1	1	I. Stephenson,	Wiscousin	7	0	12	62	81	LleutCom. Theo.
	1	1			1	2d Bat.	1	1			1		Werder.
Minnesota													
Missouri		0	16			Com. Guy A. Eston. LieutCom. G. F.	Total.	558	29	1-001	5372		

The following vessels have been assigned to the various naval militia: Aneen, Ampontrite, Boston, Chryenne, Chicago, Concord, Don Juan de Austra, Dorothes, Dubuque, El'rida, Esex, Foote, Gloucester, Gopher, Granite Stute, Hawk, Hunterses, Isla de Luzen, Machlas, Marblehead, Marietta, Oneida, Czark, Rodgers, Sandoval, Somers, Stranger, Sylvla, Vixen,

Fe88, Isia 69 10270. Magnias, Marpusheau, Parietta, Oueron, Ocara, Magnes, Ocara, Magnes, Ocara, Magnes, Ocara, Magnes, Ocara, Magnes,

Fearly Pay of Officers and Men

OF T	HE NA	AVIES OF THE PRII	NCIPA	POWERS: *	
UNITED STATES.		ENGLAND.		GERMANY.	
Title.	Pay, b.	Corresponding Title.	Pay, c.	Corresponding Title.	Pay, d.
	6,000 4,000 3,500 3,500 2,400 1,700 600 1,500 to 2,000 1,125 to 1,500 400 420 480 480 480 480 480 480 480 480 480 48	Midshipman	8,881 7,105 5,329 5,329 2,443 1,950 1,620 1,287 444 155 } 977 710 326 264 252 237 148	Sea Captain. Frigate Captain. Corvette Captain. Captain-Lieutenant. { Senior Sea Lieutenant. Sea Lieutenant.	\$7,611 4,397 3,342 2,231 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,905 1,106 1,905 1,106
United States.		FRANCE.		RUSSIA.	
Title.	Pay, b.	Corresponding Title.	Pay.	Corresponding Title.	Pay.
Admiral of the Fleet a Admiral Admiral Bear-Admiral Commodore Captain Commander Jeutenant-Commander Jeutenant (Junior Grade) Casign Jidshipman Varrant Officer Atte Chief Petty Officer Petty Officer , First Class.	6,000 4,000 3,500 3,000 2,400 2,000 1,700 600 1,500 to 2,000 1,125 to 1,500 600 4,600 4,780 4,780	Rear-Admiral. Captaine de Valsseau Captaine de Frigate. Lieutenant de Valsseau Lieutenant de Valsseau. Enseigne de Valsseau. First Class. Enseigne de Valsseau, Second Class. Aspirant Pilote Major Adjustent Pariotal	\$34 \$10 622 \$190 \$1,061 \$1,236 \$10 1,236 \$10 1,112 \$10 1,112 \$10 451 \$10 451 \$10 451	Admirai Vice-Admirai Rear-Admirai Captain Commander. Senior Lieutenant. Lieutenant. Sub-Lieutenant. Chief Petty Officer.	\$8,273 9,660 7,689 to 9,246 2,87° 2,10°n 1,3' 4ngto d. Unite y no 7, air 4 of a far ardia conselor thrifoliow
etty Officer, First Class. etty Officer, Third Class. eaman, First Class eaman, Second Class eaman, Third Class	to 600 420 360 288 to 312 228	Maitre. Second Maitre. Quartier Maitre. Matelat. Apprentice Seaman.	to 451 222 132	Boatswain. Petty Officer. Seaman, First Class	to 10

YEARLY PAY OF OFFICERS AND MEN OF NAVIES OF PRINCIPAL POWERS-Cont.

UNITED STA	TES.	JAPAN.		ITALY.		SPAIN.	,
Title.	Pay, b.	Correspond- ing Title.	Pay.	Correspond- ing Title.	Pay.	Correspond- ing Title.	Pay.
Adm'l of Fleet a Admiral		Admiral Vice-Admiral Rear-Admiral	1,992	Admiral Vice-Admiral Rear-Admiral	\$3,474 2,316 1,930	Vice-Admiral	\$4,748 3,165 2,761
Captain	4,000	Captaln	1,243	Captain	1,621	Captain	1,543 to 1,796
Commander	3,500	Commander	945	Commander {	1,120 to 1,409	Commander	1,198
LleutCom	3,000	LieutCom		LleutCom {	984 to:1,023	Lieut., 1st Class	922
Lleutenant	2,400	Lieutenant	1 388 to 478		714 to 907	Lieutenant	648
Lleut. (Jun. Gr.)	2,000	Sub-Lleut.,	to 269				••••
Ensign	1,700		221	Ensign	502 to 579	Ensign, 1st Class.	361
Mldshipman	600	Midshipman	149	Midshipman	425	Ensign	358
Warrant Offic. {	1,500 to 2,000		to 359 to 388 209 to 299	Chief War. Off Warrant Officer	275 233		
Mate {	1,125 to 1,500			•••••	••••	•••••	
Chief Petty Off.	1 to 780			Chief Petty Off.	137		i
PettyOff., 1st Cl.	to 600	PettyOff.,1stCl.	1 80 to 153	PettyOff.,1stCl.	113		} e
Petty Off.,2d Cl. Petty Off.,3d Cl.	420 360	Petty Off., 2d Cl. Petty Off., 3d Cl.	66 to 73		••••		
Seaman, 1st Cl.	to 312	1st-Cl. Seaman.	38	Seaman, 1st Cl.	71		
Seaman, 2d Cl		2d-Cl. Seaman. 3d-Cl. Seaman. 4th-Cl. Seaman.	$\frac{33}{27}$	Seaman, 2d Cl	49		
Seaman, 3d Cl.,	192	5th-Cl. Seaman.		Seaman, 3d Cl	21		IJ

a. In the United States and nearly all other countries, Admiral is the highest naval grade.
b. Base pay or pay proper of officers. For increase for length of service, etc., see Navy Pay Roll.
c. Pay proper; does not include allowances.
d. Does not include table money.
e. Data for enlisted personnel not available.
* This table gives, approximately, the correct average of pay of each grade.
It is practically impossible to give the exact amounts received by officers because of differences of pay of the same grade under varying conditions.

United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

The students of the Naval Academy are called Midshipmen. Two Midshipmen are allowed for each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress, two for the District of Columbia, and five each year from the United States at large. The appointments from the District of Columbia and five each year fat large are made by the President. One Midshipman is allowed from Porto Rico, who must be a native of that island. The appointment is made by the President, on the recommendation of — the Governor of Porto Rico. The Congressional appointments are equitably distributed, so that as soon as practicable each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress may appoint one Midshipman during each Congress. The course for Midshipmen is four years at the Academy, when the succeeding appointment is made, and the examination for graduation takes place. Midshipmen who Calpass the examination for graduation are appointed to fill vacancies in the lower grade of the Line of Coules Navy, in the order of merit as determined by the Academic Board of the Naval Academy. The D.Cox of June 29, 1906, prescribes that the Secretary of the Navy shall as soon as possible after June 1 Florid, each year preceding the graduation of Midshipmen in the succeeding year, notify in writing each Illinois, after, Representative, and Delegate in Congress of any vacancy that will exist at the Naval Academic Bouland and the properties of the Sandard Academy. The Louisian One or moreal ternates therefor. The nomination of candidate and alternate or alternates to fill Maine. Vacancy shall be made upon the recommendation of the Senator, Representative, or Delegate, if recommendation is made by March 4 of theyear following that in which said notice in writings Marylach, but if it is not made by that time the Secretary of the Navy shall fill the vacancy by appointment an actual and boun fide resident of the State, Congressional District, or Territory, as the case may be in Maine. Other academic properties and bound for congressional District, or Territory, as th

United States Marine Corps.

**Commandant—Major-General William P. Biddie.

**Officer in Charge, Adjuant and Inspector's Department—Col. Charles H. Lauchbelmer. Quarter-master's Department—Lieut.—Col. Charles L. McCawley. Paymaster's Department—Col. George Richards. Headyuarters—Navy Department Annex (Mills Building) Washington, D. C.

The United States Marine Corps is an independent branch of the military service of the United States, serving generally under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy. The corps may be detached by order of the President for service with the army, and on various occasions parts of the corps have so served.

Marines served on shore and on board vessels of the recovery.

of the corps have so served.

Marines served on shore and on board vessels of the navy throughout the Revolutionary war, two battallons having been authorized by the Continental Congress November 10, 1775, but the present organization dates from July 11, 1798, when an act of Congress November 10, 1775, but the present organization dates from July 11, 1798, when an act of Congress was approved for establishing and organizing a marine corps to consist of 1 major, 4 captains, 16 first lleutenants, 12 second lleutenants, 48 sergeants, 48 corporals, 32 drums and fifes and 720 privates.

The authorized strength of the corps (October, 1912) was 345 officers and 9,921 enlisted men, as follows: 1 major-general commandant, 11 colonels, 12 lleutenant-colonels, 28 majors, 107 captains, 96 first lleutenants, 90 second lleutenants, 12 sergeant majors, 79 quartermaster sergeants, 1 drum major, 114 first sergeants, 86 gunnery sergeants, 480 sergeants, 897 corporals, 124 drummers, 124 trumpeters, 1 leader of the band, 1 second leader of the band, 30 first-class musicians, 30 second class musicians and 7,942 privates.

SUPERIOR OFFICERS OF THE MARINE CORPS, IN ADDITION TO THE COMMANDANT.

Colonels. Lieutenant-Colonels—Continued. Majors—Continued.

Charles H. Lauchhelmer, Adjutant and Inspector. Frank L. Denny, Quartermaster. George Richards, Paymaster. Littleton W. T. Waller. Randolph Dickins. Lincoln Karmany.

Randolph Dickins. Lincoln Karmany. Charles A. Doyen. James E. Mahoney. George Barnett. Franklin J. Moses. Joseph H. Pendleton. Lieutenant-Colonels.

Henry C. Halnes, Asst. Adjt. and Inspector. Rufus H. Lane, Asst. Adjt. and Rulius H. Lane, Asst. Adjt. and Inspector. Charles L. McCawley, Asst. Quartermaster. Cyrus S. Radford, Asst. Quar-termaster. Willam C. Dawson, Asst. Pay-

master.

Lieutenant-Cotonets—
John A. Lejeune.
Ell K. Cole.
Theodore P. Kane.
Lewls C. Lucas.
Charles G. Long.
Ben H. Fuller.
Laurence H. Moses.
Majors.
Magill Asst Louis J. Magill, Asst. Adjt. and Inspector. Albert S. McLemore, Asst. Adjt. and Inspector.

William B. Lemly, Asst. Quarilliam b. --termaster. I. Roosevelt, Henry L. Quartermaster. Norman G. Burton, Asst. Quartermaster. William G. Powell, Asst. Paymaster.

Harold C. Relsinger, Asst. Paymaster.
Wendell C. Neville.
Abn H. Russell.
Welville J. Shaw.
Phillip M. Bannon.
Newt H. Hall.
Smedley D. Butler.
George C. Thorpe.
Charles S. Hill.
Thomas C. Treadwell.
Dion Williams master Thomas C. Treadwell.
Dion Williams.
John T Myers.
Albertus W. Catlin.
William N. McKelvy.
Robert H. Dunlap.
Rando.ph C. Berkeley.
Carl Canborg Andreas Carl Gamborg-Andresen. Charles B. Hatch. Henry C. Davis.

master.

The following duties are assigned to the marine corps: To garrison the different navy yards and naval stations, both within and beyond the continental limits of the United States. To furnish the first line of the mobile defence of naval bases and naval stations beyond the continental limits of the United States. To man such naval defences, and to aid in manning, if necessary, such other defences as may be erected for the defence of naval bases and naval stations beyond the continental limits of the United States. To garrison the Isthmian Canal Zone, Panama. To furnish such garrisons and expeditionary forces for duties beyond the seas as may be necessary in time of peace. To serve on board all battleships and armored cruisers of the navy, and such other vessels as may be directed, in detachments of not less than \$% of the strength of the enlisted men of the navy on said vessels. In case of disturbances in foreign countries marines are landed to protect American interests. The marine corps garrisons the following places:

Boston, Mass Boston, Mass. Charleston, S. C. Mare Island, Cal. New York, N. Y. Norfolk, Va. Philadelphia, Pa. Puget Sound, Wash. Portsmouth, N. H. Washington, D. C.

Naval Stations. Cavite, Philippine Islands. Guam, Mariana Islands. Guantanamo, Cuba. Honolulu, Hawali. Key West, Fla.

The marine corps garrisons the following places:

Navy Yards.

Naval Stations—Continued. Olongapo, Philippine Islands. Naval Academy. Annapolis, Md. Naval Hospitals. Las Animas, Col. New York, N. Y.
Norfolk, Va. Washington, D. C. Naval Home. Philadelphia, Pa. Naval Magazines.
Dover, N. J.
Fort Mifflin, Pa. Hingham, Mass.
Iona Island, N. Y.
St. Julien's Creek, Va.

Naval Prisons.

Boston, Mass.
Cavite, Philippine Islands.
Mare Island, Cal.
Portsmouth, N. H.
Naval Proving Ground, Indian
Head, Md.
Island, Canal Zone, Penama Isthmian Canal Zone, Panama. American Legation, Peking. China. Naval Disciplinary Barracks, Port Royal, S. C. Puget Sound, Wash. Marine D. C. Barracks, Washington, Rifle Range, Winthrop, Md. Also 50 vessels of the United States Navy.

Naval Prisons.

Key West, Fla.

| Commissioned officers are appointed from graduates of the Naval Academy, from worthy noncommissioned officers, and from civil life. Applicants must be 21 years of age and not over 27, and
must pass such mental, moral and physical examinations as are prescribed by the President.

The term of enlistment in the marine corps is four years. Applicants must be 19 years of age
and not over 35, able-bodied and of good character. Minors must have consent of parents or guardian, to serve during minority.

All recruits, after acceptance, are sent for three
months to a recruit depot for instruction. Permanent marine corps recruiting stations as follows;
Baitimore, Md., 311 U. S. Custom House Bidg.
Boston, Mass., 61 Hanover Street.

Buffalo, N Y., 215 Federal Building.
Cleveland, Ohlo, Federal Building.
Cleveland, Ohlo, Federal Building.
Cleveland, Ohlo, Federal Building.
Cleveland, Ohlo, Federal Building.
Cleveland, Ohlo, Federal Building.

Betroit, Mich., 161 Griswold Street.

Chician and the properties of the Naval Academy, from worthy nonmust be 21 years of age and not over 27, and
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and not over 35, able and not over 26, and not over 26,

stations.

Soldiers' Homes.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

President of the Board of Managers... Maj. James W. Wadsworth, 346 Broadway, New York City, N.Y. Secretary......John M. Holley, Esq., La Crosse, Wis.

There are branches of the National Home at Dayton, O.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Togus, Me.; Hampton, Va.; Leavenworth, Kan; Santa Monica, Cal; Marion, Ind., Danville, Ill., Johnson Clty, Tenn., and Hot Springs, S. Dak. The aggregate number of members cared for is about 35,000.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

1. An honorable discharge from the United States service during a war in which it was engaged.

1. An honorable discharge from the United States service during a war in which it was engaged.
2. Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor
3. Applicants for admission will be required to stipulate and agree to abide by all the rules and required and the property of the Board of Managers, or by its order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Home. Attention is called to the fact that by the law establishing the Home the members are made subject to the Rules and Articles of War, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the Arny of the United States.

4. A soldler or sailor must forward with his application for admission his Discharge Paper, and when he is a pensioner, his Pension Certificate, which papers will be retained at the branchto which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him, and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers are sent with it. If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Adjutant-General of the State, must accompany the application.

There are State Homes for disabled volunteer soldlers provided by the States of California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermout, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

STATE HOMES FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

STATES.	Location.	STATES.	Location.	STATES.	Location.
California. Colorado Connecticut Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota	Monte Vista, Noroton Heights Boisé. Quincy. Lafayette. Marshalltown, Fort Dodge. Chelsea. Grand Rapids,	Missouri	Columbus Falls Grand Island, Milford, Titton. Kearny. Vineland. Bath. Oxford.		Erie. Bristol. Hot Springs. Bennington. (Orting. Port Orchard. Waupaca.

UNITED STATES SOLDIERS' HOME FOR THE REGULAR ARMY.

The United States Soldiers' Home in the District of Columbia receives and maintains discharged The United States Sodiers' inome in the District of Columbia receives and maintains discharged soldiers of the regular army. All soldiers who have served twenty years as enlisted men in the army (including volunteer service, if any), or who have served in any war, and all soldiers of less than twenty years' service who have incurred such disability, by wounds, disease, or injuries in the line of duty while in the regular army, as unfits them for further service, are entitled to the benefits of the Home.

A pensioner who enters the Home may assign his pension, or any part of it, to his child, wife, or parent, by filing written notice with the agent who pays him. If not so assigned, it is drawn by the treasurer

of the Home and held in trust for the pensioner, to whom it is paid in such sums as the governor of the Home deems proper while he is an inmate of the Home, the balance being paid in full when he takes his discharge and leaves the Home.

his discharge and leaves the Mome.

Inmates are subject to the Rules and Articles of War, the same as soldiers in the army. They are comfortably lodged, fed, and clothed and receive medical attendance and medicine, all without cost to them. There are 1,379 men now receiving the benefits of the Home.

Applications for admission to the Home may be addressed to the "Board of Commissioners, U.S. Soldiers' Home, War Department, Washington, D. C.," and must give date of enlistment and date of discharge, with letter of company and number of regiment for each and every term of service, and rate of pension, if any, and must be accompanied by a medical certificate showing nature and degree of disability if any exists,

National Cemeteries.

NATIONAL Cemeteries in which the soldiers of the civil and Spanish wars are interred are located

NATIONAL Cemeteries in which the soldiers of the civil and Spanish wars are interred are located at the following places:
Alexandria, La.; Alexandria, Va.; Andersonville, Ga.; Annapolis, Md.; Antietam.; Md.; Arsington, Va.; Balls Bluff, Va.; Barrancas, Fla.; Baton Rouge, La.; Battle-Ground, D.C.; Beaufort, S.C.; Beverly, N. J.; Brownsville, Tex.; Camp Butler, Ill.; Camp Nelson, Ky.; Cave Hill, Ky.; Chalmette, La.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Gity Point, Va.; Cold Harbor, Vv.; Corinth, Miss.; Crown Hill, Ind.; Culpeper, Va.; Custer Battlefield, Mont.; Cypress Hills, N., Y.; Danville, Ky.; Danville, Va.; Fayetteville, Ak.; Finns Point, N. J.; Florence, S.C.; Fort Donelson, Tenn.; Fort Gibson, Okla.; Fort Harrison, Va.; Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Fort McPherson, Neb.; Fort Scott, Kan.; Fort Smith, Ark.; Fredericksburg, Va.; Gettysburg, Pa.; Glendale, Va.; Grafton Wya.; Hampton, Va.; Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; Jefferson City, Mo.; Keokuk, Ia.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Lebanon, Ky.; Lexington, Ky.; Little Rock, Ark.; Loudon Park, Md.; Marietta, Ga.; Memphis, Tenn.; Maxico City, Mex.; Mill Springs, Ky.; Mobile, Ala.; Mound Gity, Ill.; Nashville, Tenn.; Natchez, Miss.; New Albany, Ind.; New Berne, N. C.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Poplar Grove, Va.; Fort Hudson, La.; Quincey, Ill.; Raleigh, N. C.; Richmond, Va.; Stone River, Va.; Sallsbury, N. C.; San Antonio, Tex.; San Francisco, Cal.; Santa, Fé, N. M.; Seven Pines, Va.; Shiloh, Tenn.; Soldiers' Home, D. C.; Springfield, Mo.; Staunton, Va.; Stone River, Tenn.; Vicksburg, Miss.; Wilmineton, N. C.; Winchester, Va.; Woodlawn, N. Y.; Yorktown, Va.

Wars of the United States.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF UNITED STATES TROOPS ENGAGED.

WARS.	From	To-	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total*
War of the Revolution	April 19,1775	April 11, 1783	130.711	164,080	309.781
Northwestern 1ndian Wars	Sept. 19.1790	Aug. 3,1795			8,983
War with France					†4,593
War with Tripoli					+3,330
Creek Indian War	July 27,1813	Aug. 9,1814	600		
War of 1812 with Great Britain			85,000		
Seminole Indian War			1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian War			1,339		
Cherokee disturbance or removal				9,494	9,494
Creek Indian War or disturbance			935	12,483	
Florida Indian War		Aug. 14,1843	11 , 163	29,953	
Aroostook disturbance	1836	1839		1,500	1,500
War with Mexico	April 24,1846	July 4,1848	30,954	73.776	-112,230
Apache, Navajo, and Utah War	1849	1855	1,500	1,061	2,501
Seminole Indian War		1858		3,687	3.687
Civil Wart	1861	1865			2.772,408
Spanish-American War **	April 21,1898	Dec. 10, 1898			§274,717
Philippine Insurrection	1899	1900		[60,000

*Including all branches of the service. † Naval forces engaged. ‡ The number of troops on the Confederate side was about 750,000. **Hostilities actually ceased Aug. 13, 1898. § Troops actually engaged, about 60,000.

THE GREAT BATTLES OF THE CIVIL WAR.

(From "Regimental Losses in the American Civil War," by William F. Fox, Lieutenant-Colonel, U. S. V.)

As to the loss in the Union armies, the greatest battles in the war were:

DATE.	Battle.	Killed.	Wounded *	Missing.	Aggregate.
July 1-3, 1863	Gettysburg	3,070	14.497	5, 434	23,001
May 8-18,1864	Spottsylvania	2.725	13,413	2.258	18,396
May 5-7, 1864	Wilderness	2.246	12.037	3,383	17,666
September 17, 1862	Antietam t	2.108	9,549	753	12,410
May 1-3, 1863	Chancellorsville	1.606	9.762	5 919	17,287
September 19-20, 1863	Chickamauga	1.656	9,749	4,774	16,179
June 1-4.1864	Cold Harbor	1.8+4	9.077	1.816	12,737
December 11-14, 1862	Fredericksburg	1,284	9,600	1,769	12,653
August 28-30, 1862	Manassas t	1.747	8,452	4, 263	14,462
April 6-7, 1862	Shiloh	1.754	8,408	2,855	13,047
December 31, 1862	Stone River 8	$\tilde{1}.73\tilde{0}$	7.802	3.717	13, 249
June 15-19, 1864	Petersburg (assault).	1.688	8.513	1.1-5	11,386

w Wounded in these and the following returns includes mortally wounded.

* Wounded in these and the following returns includes mortally wounded.

† Not including South Mountain or Crampton's Gap.

‡ Including Chantilly, Rappahannock, Bristol Station, and Bull Run Bridge.

§ Including Knob Gap and losses on January 1 and 2, 1863.

The Union losses at Bull Run (first Manassas) July 21, 1861, were: Killed, 470; wounded, 1,071; captured and missing, 1,703; aggregate, 3,334.

The Confederate losses in particular engagements were as follows: Bull Run (first Manassas), July 21, 1861, killed, 387; wounded, 1,582; captured and missing, 13; aggregate, 1,982. Fort Donelson, Tenn., February 14-16, 1862, killed, 466; wounded, 1,534; captured and missing, 13,829; aggregate, 15,529. Shiloh, Tenn., April 6-7, 1862, killed, 1,723; wounded, 8,012; captured and missing, 959; aggregate, 10,694. Seven Days' Battle, Virginia, June 25-July 1, 1862, killed, 3,478; wounded, 16,261; captured and missing, 875; aggregate, 20,614. Second Manassas, August 21-September 2, 1862, killed, 1,481; wounded and missing, 1662; captured and missing, 80; aggregate, 9,197. Antietam campaign, September 12-20, 1862, killed, 1,886; wounded, 9,348; captured and missing, 1,367; aggregate, 2,601. Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862, killed, 596; wounded, 4,068; captured and missing, 651; aggregate, 5,315. Stone River, Tenn., December 31, 1862, killed, 1,294; wounded, 7,945; captured and missing, 1,027; aggregate, 10,266. Chancellorsville, May 1-4, 1863, killed, 1,665; wounded, 9,851; captured and missing, 2,018; aggregate, 1,6764. Gettysburg, July 1-3, 1863, killed, 2,592; wounded, 12,764. Gettysburg was the greatest battle of the war. Antietam the bloodiest The leveset

1,090; aggregate, 16,971.

Gettysburg was the greatest battle of the war. Antietam the bloodlest. The largest army was assembled by the Confederates at the seven days' fight; of the Unionists at

army was asse the Wilderness.

The number of casualties in the volunteer and regular armies of the United States, during the war of 1861-65, according to a statement prepared by the Adjutant-General's office, was as follows: Killed in battle, 67,058; died of wounds, 43,012; died of disease, 199,720; other causes, such as accidents, murder. Confederate prisons, etc., 40,154; total died, 349,944; total deserted, 199,105. Number of soldiers in the Confederate service who died of wounds or disease (partial statement), 133,821; deserted (partial statement), 104,428. Number of United States troops captured during the war, 212,608; Confederate troops captured, 476,169. Number of United States troops paroled on the field, 16,431; Confederate troops paroled on the field, 248,599. Number of United States troops who died while prisoners, 30,152.

Grand Army of the Republic.

Adjutant-General—Henry J. Seeley, Bridgeport, Ct. Quartermaster-General—Cola D. R. Stowits, Buffalo, N. Y. Judge Advocate-General—Benjamin F. Bryant, Waupaca, Wis. Inspector-General—J. Payson Bradley, Boston, Mass. National Patriotic Instructor—Levi Longfellow, Minneapolis, Minn. Assistant Adjutant-General—J. L. Bennett, Chicago, Ill. Assistant Quartermaster-General and Custodian—J. Henry Holcomb, Philadelphia, Pa. Chief of Stay—Henry L. Beach, Hartford, Ct. Senor Atde-de-Camp—William F. Daly, Peru Ind.

The National Council of Administration has 44 members, each department having one member.

DEPARTMENTS (44)	Department Co	ommanders.	Assistant Adjut	ants-General.	Mem- bers.
Alabama	W. H. Brooks	New Decatur	Chas. C. Chapin	Birmingham	96
Arizona	James F. Duncan	Tombstone	Arch. J. Sampson	. Phœnix.	117
Arkansas	F. W. Tucker	Little Rock	Geo. W. Clark	. Little Rock	435
Cal. & Nev	Wm. R. Thomson	Oakland	R. G. O'Brien	Oakland	6.044
Col. & Wyo	H. M. Minor	Rocky Ford	Wm. Green	. Denver	2,300
Connecticut .	Wm. H. Dougal		Henry J. Seeley	. Bridgeport	3,093
Delaware	Jesse K. Baylis		J. S. Litzenberg	. Wilmington	489
Florida	Wm. P. Lynch	St. Cloud	S. J. Scriber	.St. Cloud	547
Ga. & S. Car	C. H. Brooks	Fitzgerald, Ga	G. E. Whitman	.Fitzgerald	284
Idaho	J. W. Shields	Twin Falls	George Hoskins	. Bolse	505
Illinois	Thomas H. Gault	Chicago	Henry C. Cook	. Chicago	15,363
Indiana	Wilbur E. Gorsuch	South Bend	John R. Fesier	. Indianapolis	12,218
Iowa	John D. Brown J. N. Harrison	Leon	Geo. A. Newman	. Des Moines	9,286
Kansas	John Barr	Ottawa	W. W. Dennison	. горека	9,914
Kentucky La. & Miss	E. K. Russ	Yes Orleans	L. J. Souer	Lebanon	1,504 777
	Wm. H. Holsten	Cumboniand Milla			4.186
Maine Maryland	George Prechtel	Unperco	Poht C Sunstrom	Politimore	1.711
Mass	Geo. A. Hosley	Boston	W A Wetherhoe	Boston	11.965
Michigan	John T. Spillane	Detroit	Henry Spaulding	Lancing	8.707
Minnesota	Wm. P. Roberts	Minneapolls	Orton S. Clark	St Paul	4.054
Missouri	Chas. W. Rubey	Lebanon	Thos B Rodgers	St. Louis	5.913
Montana	W. Y. Smith	Bozeman	G. I. Reiche	Helena	424
Nebraska	M. V. King	Geneva.	A. M. Trimble	Lincoln	3.830
	Geo. K. Stratton	Bradford	Frank Battles	. Concord	2,018
New Jersey	Terrace J. McDonald	Jersey City	Beni, H. Manning	. Jersey City	3,655
New Mexico.	J. G. Caldwell	Albuquerque	W. W. McDonald	. Albuquerque	172
New York	Oscar Smith	Albany	John Conway	. Albany	20,583
N. Dakota		.Jamestown	B. F. Bigelow		172
Ohio	Charles W. Blodgett .	Cincinnati	W. S. Matthews	. Columbus	19,354
Oklahoma	W. R. Kelley	Kingfisher	Thos. H. Soward	.Guthrle	1.498
Oregon	Thos. B. McDevltt	Portland	C. A. Williams	.Portland	1,942
	Thomas H. Cole	Erie	Samuel P. Town	. Philadelphia	19,298
Potomac	J. D. Bloodgood	Brookland, D. C.	O. H. Oldroyd	. Washington	1,640
Rhode Island.	Thomas M. Holden	Riverpoint	Philip S. Chase	. Providence	1,283 1,052
S. Dakota	O. S. Gifford A. M. Gamble	Canton	N. McMannes	Manualla	1.193
Tennessee	E. P. Brown	Et Worth	Dobt McCormish	Dollas	432
Utah	J. W. Brown	Prove	Fling Price	Salt Take City	321
Vermont	Albert A. Niles	Morricville	Frank Kanfield	Morrisville	2.271
Ve & N Cer	Chas. H. Haber	Nat Sold's' Home	F M Work	Nat Sold's' Home	471
Wash & Al'ska	R. R. Harding	P't Angeles Wash	H. W. Detv	Port Angeles	3.046
W. Virginia	E. A. Billingsiea	Fairmont.	Chas. E. Watts	Fairmont	1.074
Wisconsin	George Spratt	Shebovgan	J. A. Watrous	. Mllwaukee	6.109
Total					191,346
			1011 - F745 T		.l

The number of Grand Army posts December 31, 1911, was 5,745. Losses by death during the ended December 31, 1911, were 11,594. The first post was organized at Decatur, Ill., April 6,

1866. The first National Encampment was held a	t Indiananolia November 20 1866
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* ''
NATIONAL ENCAMPMENTS A	ND COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.
1866-(Provisional)*B. F. Stephenson, Ill.	1891-Detroit*John Palmer, New York.
1867-Indianapolis *Stephen A. Hurlbut, Ill.	1892—WashingtonA. G. Weissert, Wis.
1868-Philadelphia*John A. Logan, Ill.	1893-Indianapolis,*John G, B. Adams. Mass.
1869—Cincinnati*John A. Logan, Ill.	1894—Pittsburgh*Thos, G, Lawler, Ill.
1870-Washington*John A. Logan, Ill.	1895-Louisville*Ivan N. Walker, Ind.
1871—Boston *A. E. Burnside, Rhode Is.	1896-St, PaulThaddeus S. Clarkson. Neb.
1872—Cleveland*A. E. Burnside, Rhode Is.	1897—Buffalo*John P. S. Gobin, Pa.
1873-New Haven*Charles Devens, Jr., Mass.	1898—Cincinnati *James A. Sexton, Ill.
1874-Harrisburg *Charles Devens, Jr., Mass.	1898-Cincinnati + W. C. Johnson, Ohio.
1875—Chicago *John F. Hartranft, Pa.	1899-Philadelphia *Albert D. Shaw, New York.
1876-Philadelphia*John F. Hartranft, Pa.	1900-Chicago Leo Rassieur, Mo.
1877—Providence *J. C. Robinson, New York.	1901-ClevelandEli Torrance, Minn.
1878—Springfield*J. C. Robinson, New York.	1902-Washington, D. C. Thos. J. Stewart, Pa.
1879-Albany*William Earnshaw, Ohio.	1903-San Francisco John C. Black, Ill.
1880-DaytonLonis Wagner, Pa.	1904-Boston* W. W. Blackmar, Mass.
1881—Indianapolis*George S. Merrill, Mass.	1905-Boston
1882 -Baltimore*Panl Van Der Voort, Neb.	1905-DenverJames Tanner, New York.
1883 - DenverRobert B. Beath, Pa.	1906-MinneapolisR. B. Brown, Ohio.
1884-Minneapolis *John S. Kountz, Ohio.	1907-SaratogaCharles G. Burton, Mo.
1885-Portland, MeS. S. Burdette, D. C.	1908 - Toledo*Henry M. Nevius, N. J.
1886—San Francisco*Lucius Fairchild, Wis,	1909-Salt Lake City Samuel R. Van Sant, Minn.
1887-St. Louis*John P. Rea, Minn.	1910-Atlantic CityJohn E. Gilman, Mass.
1888-ColumbusWilliam Warner, Mo.	1911 - Rochester, N. Y. Harvey M. Trimble, Ill.
1889 – Milwaukee *Russell A. Alger, Mich.	1912-Los Angeles, Cal. Alfred B. Beers, Ct.
1890-Boston*Wheelock G. Veazey, Vt.	

^{*}Deceased. †After the death of the Commander-in-Chief the Senior Vice-Commander succeeded him.

The Boy Scouts of America. origin and growth of scouting.

ORICIN AND CROWTH OF SCOUTING.

Like many other things showing permanence and power, the scout movement can be traced back to widely separated sources where constructive ideas came to boy workers and were tested with varying degrees of success. In America there were a number of originators of methods, plans, and principles that have proved effective. In Great Britain, Lieut-Gen. Sir Robert S. S. Buden-Powell became active in organization work based largely on the idea and methods of American workers. He did this so successfully that the enrolment of British Boy Scouts soon grew into the hundred thousands, with the emphasis, not on the military note, but oneace virtues and learning some trades. Then the movement spread to Germany, France, Italy, Australia and New Zealand. to Canada and the United States; to South American republics; in short, almost the world over; since it is already established in twenty-four countries. Everywhere it has shown adaptation to new fields and nationalities. fields and nationalities.

to Canada and the United States; to South American republics; in short, almost the world over; since it is aircady established in twenty-four countries. Everywhere it has shown adaptation to new fields and nationalities.

In Germany the boys have engaged in the work with such enthusiasm and in such numbers that the Prussian and Bavarian authorities are giving the movement financial aid. But it has been left to the United States to show what the system of scouting can accomplish, when it returns to the lands in which the larger number of its working ideas and principles originated. While the number of the Boy Scouts enrolled throughout the world is estimated as not less than two million; one-fourth of the whole number are in the United States. The emphasis and ideals of the movement belong here also to the highest plans—that of efficient citizenship, service and character-building.

"The Boy Scouts of America," the name under which the movement in the United States was incorporated, February S, 1910, has as its Honorary President, The Hon. William H. Taft, President of the United States, and Col. Theodore Roosevelt as its Honorary Vice-President. Associated with these in approval and promotion of the movement are the eminent citizens from all walks of public life who are members of the National Council and of the Local Councils in the cities and towns of the whole country, and a host of others who earnestly co-operate in the work. The National Organization of The Boy Scouts of America was incorporated on the eighth day of February, 1910.

A group of men, representing the various religious and civic organizations of the community that are engaged in boys' work, are brought together as a Local Council for the promotion of this work. This Local Council receives a charter from the National Organization giving them full authority to deal with all questions relating to scouting in that district and to pass upon all Scout Masters applications. In many cases this Council engages a boys' work director, to be known as the

Honorary Vice-President—Colonel Theodore Roose-

Washington. President-Colln H. Livingstone,

D. C.
1st Vice-President—B. L. Dulaney, Bristol, Tenn.
2d Vice-President—Milton A. McRae, Detroit, Mich. Vice-President-David Starr Jordan, Stanford

University, Cal.

National Scout Commissioner—Daniel Carter Beard, Flushing, N. Y. National Scout Commissioner—Adj.-Gen. William National

National Scoul Commissioner—Auj.-Gen. National Verbeck, Albany, N. Y.
National Scoul Commissioner—Colonel Peter S.
Bomns, New York City.
Treasurer—George D. Pratt, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Colin H. Livingstone, Chairman.

Daniel Carter Beard.

Col. Peter S. Bomus. B. L. Dulaney. Lee F. Hanmer. George W. Hinckley. Milton A. McRae.

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD.

Chair- William D. Murray.
George D. Pratt.
Frank Presbrey.
Edgar M. Robinson.
Mortimer L. Schiff.
Ernest Thompson Seton.
Seth Sprague Terry.
Adj.-Gen. William Verbeck.

John Sherman Hoyt. Robert Garrett. Jeremiah Jenks George D. Porter.
Lorillard Spencer.
James E. West, Executive Sec-

American Veterans of Foreign Service.

Commander-in-Chief-R. G. Woodside, Pittsburgh, Pa. Adjutant-General-Charles J. Barbour.

Quarter-master-General-W. S. Haddock, Pittsburgh, Pa. Adjutant-General-Charles J. Barbour.

The American Veterans of Foreign Service is an organization composed of officers and enlisted men who served in the Army, Navy or Marine Cryps of the United States of America, in Cuba or Porto Rico, between April 21, 1898, and June 1, 1899, in the China Relief Expedition, or in Guam or the Philippines, from April 21st, 1898, to July 4, 1992, or who since July 4th, 1902, have served in the Philippines, and whose service entitled them to campangin badges, issued by the Government. in the Philippines, and whose service entitled them to campaign badges, issued by the Government of the United States.

Its objects are to preserve and strengthen fraternity among its members; to assist worthy comrades; to care for the widows and orphans of deceased comrades; to perpetuate the memory and history of our dead; to maintain true allegiance to the Government of the United States of America. and fidelity to its constitution and laws; to enlivate the spirit of particism which will enable us and our posterity to preserve pure and intact the free institutions of our beloved country from insurrection, treason, rebellion or anarchy; to work for the universal spread of liberty, equal rights and justice to all men; and to preserve and defend the United States of America from all her enemies whomsoever,

Men's Dress Chart for 1913.

The following is a specification of the proper attire for men on various occasions in the Spring season of 1913, prepared by the Haberdasher Company, New York.

Day Weddings, Afternoon Calls and Matinee Receptions.

Coat and Overcoat-Black cutaway, Chesterfield

or skirted overcoat.
Walstcoat—To match coat, with white edgings.
Trousers—Striped worsted of dark gray, or to

match coat.

Hat—High slik, with broad felt band.

Shirts and Cuffs—Stiff or pleated white, with cuffs

attached.

Collar—Poke or small-tabbed, wing. Cravat—Pearl Ascot, or four-in-hand, to match gloves

Gloves-Pearl suede, reindeer, or glace, to match cravat. Boots-Patent leather, buttoned cloth or kld

tops. Jewelry-Pearl or moonstone link studs and cravat pin.

Business, Lounge and Morning Wear.

Coat and Overcoat-Jacket, Chesterfield, or belted overcoat.

Walstcoat—To match jacket Trousers—To match jacket. -To match jacket or fancy fabric.

Hat—Derby or soft.
Shirts and Cuffs—Pleated or negligé with cuffs

attached

attacned.
Collar—Fold or wing.
Cravat—Four-in-hand or tie.
Gloves—Tan, cape or chamois.
Boots—Laced calf or russet, high or low.
Jewelry—Gold or jewelled links and studs, and gold chain.

Motoring, Golf, Driving, Country.

Coat and Overcoat-Norfolk or jacket, belted or Chesterfield overcoat. Walstcoat—To match jacket

Trousers-Flannel or to match jacket.

Hat—Cap or soft. Shirts and Cuffs—Negligé with soft cuffs. Collar-Fold, outing or self-attached collar or ker-

Cravat—Four-in-hand tie, stock or kerchief. Gloves—Tan, cape or chamols. Boots—Laced calf or russet, high or low.

Jewelry-Pearl or gold links, leather watch guard.

January-Garnet

April-Diamond.

February-Amethyst. March-Bloodstone.

Afternoon Teas, Church and Promenade.

Coat and Overcoat-Black cutaway, Chesterfield

overcoat.
Walstcoat—To match coat, or of fancy fabric.

Trousers—Gray striped worsted, or to match coat. Hat—High silk or black derby.

omrts and Cufts—Pleated, white or fancy, with cufts attached.
Collar—Fold or wing.
Cravat—Once-over or four-in-hand.
Gloves—Suede or reindeer.
Boots—Patent leather or calf, buttoned cloth or kid tops. Jewelry-Gold or jewelled links, studs and cravat pin.

Evening Weddings, Balls, Receptions, Formal Dinners and Theatres. Coat and Overcoat—Swallowtall, cape Paletot or

Chesterfield overcoat. Waistcoat-White single-breasted, of pique, linen or

sllk.

Trousers—Same material as coat. Hat—High silk, with broad felt band; opera at theatre. Shirts and Cuffs-Stiff pique or linen, white with

cuffs attached. Collar—Poke, small-tabbed wing or lap-front. Cravat—White tie of plain or figured pique or linen. Gloves—White glace with black backs or white reindeer; white cape for theatre.

Boots—Patent leather, buttoned cloth or kid tops, patent leather pumps.

-Pearl or moonstone links and studs, platinum bar-chain.

Evening, Informal Dinners, Club, Stag and at Home Dinners.

Coat and Overcoat-Jacket black or Oxford, Chesterfield overcoat. Waistcoat-Black or black-and-white slik or linen, single-breasted.

Trousers—Same material as jacket. Hat—Derby or Alpine. Shirts and Cuffs—Pleated white -Pleated white linen or pique

Shirts and Cuis—Pleated white linen or pique with cuffs attached.
Collar—Fold or wing.
Cravat—Black or black-and-white slik tie.
Gloves—Tan cape, chamols or grey suede.
Boots—Dull calf, laced tops or gunmetal pumps.
Jewelry—Gold or jewelled links and studs, gold bar-

chain.

Birthstones.

May-Emerald. June-Agate. July-Ruhy August-Sardonyx. September-Sapphire. October—Opal. November—Topaz. December—Turquoise.

Medding Anniversaries.

-Cotton. First-Second—Paper Third—Leather. Fourth-Fruit and Flowers. Fifth-Wooden. Sixth-Sugar. Seventh-Woollen.

Eighth-India Rubber. Ninth-Willow. Tenth-Tin. Eleventh-Steel. Twelfth—Silk and Fine Linen. Fortieth—Ruby. Thirteenth—Lace. Fiftieth—Golden Fourteenth-Ivory,

Fifteenth-Crystal. Twentieth-China. Twenty-flfth-Silver. Thirtieth-Pearl. Seventy-fifth-Diamond.

Famous Waterfalls of the World.

· —	,	
Helght	Helght (Height
NAME AND LOCATION. In feet.	NAME AND LOCATION. In feet.	NAME AND LOCATION. in feet.
Gavarnle, France	Schaffhausen, Switzerland 100	Yellowstone(upper)Montanal10
Grand, Labrador2,000	Seven Falls, Colorado 266	Yellowstone(lower)Montana 310
Minnehaha, Minnesota 50	Skiaeggedalsfos, Norway 530	Ygnassu, Brazil 210
Missour!, Montana 90	Shoshone, Idaho 210	Yosemite(upper)California 1.436
Montmorencl, Quebec 265	Staubbach, Switzerland 1.000	Yosemite (middle), California 626
Multnomah, Oregon 850	Stirling, New Zealand 500	
Murchison, Africa 120	Sutherland, New Zealand, 1,904	
Niagara, New York-Ontario 164	Takkakaw, Brit'h Columbia1,200	Victoria, Africa 400
Rjukan, Norway 780	Twin, Idaho 180	Voringios, Norway 600

Diplomatic and Consular Service.

AMBASSADORS EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Country, Name and State, Salary, Aust. Hungary, Richard C, Kerens, Mo\$17,500 Brazil. Edwin V, Morgan, N, Y. 17,500 France. Myron T, Herrick, Ohio. 17,500 Germany. John G, A, Leishman, Pa. 17,500 Great Britain. 17,500	Country, Name and State, Salary, Italy Thomas J.O' Brien, Mich. \$17,500 Japan, Larz A nderson, D.C. 17,500 Mexico Henry Lane Wilson, Wash, 17,500 Russia, Curtis Guild, Mass., 17,500 Turkey William W. Rockhill, D. C. 17,500
Argentina. John W. Garrett, Md. \$12,000 Belgium. Theodore Marburg, Md 12,000 Bolivia. Horace G. Knowles, Del. 10,000 Chile. Henry P. Fletcher, Pa. 12,000 Chile. Henry P. Fletcher, Pa. 12,000 Colombia. James T. Du Bols, Pa. 10,000 Costa Rica. Lewis Einstein, N. Y. 10,000 Cobla. Arthur M. Beaupre, Ill. 12,000 Denmark. Maurice Francis Egan, D.C. 10,000 Denmark Maurice Francis Egan, D.C. 10,000 Denmark. Maurice Francis Egan, D.C. 10,000 Greece. Jacob G. Schurman, N. Y. †† 10,000 Gradenala. R.S. Reynolds Hitt, Ill. 10,000 Hayti. Henry W. Furniss, Ind. 10,000 Honduras. Chas. Dunning White, N. J. 10,000 Morocco. 10,000	MINISTERS PLENIPOTENTIARY. Netherlands. Lloyd Bryce, N. Y.*
MINISTERS RESIDENT A LiberiaWilliam	
SECRETARIES OF EMBA Argentina Geo. L. Lorillard, R. I. \$2,855 AustHungary U. Grant Smith, Pa. 3,000 AustHungary Arthur H. Frazier, Pa. (2d.) 2,000 Belgium J. Butler Wright Wyo 2,625 Brazil George B. Rives, Va. 3,000 Chile Kollin B. Harvey, Md. 2,625 China Edward T. Williams, Ohio. China Edward T. Williams, Ohio. China G.T. Summerlin, La. (2dSec.) 1,500 Colombia Leland Harrison, Ill 2,000 Cuba Hugh S. Gibson, Cal 2,625 Ecuador Rutherford Bligham, Mo. 2,000 France Robt. Woods Bliss, N. Y. 3,000 France Sheld, Whitehouse, N. Y. (2d.) 2,000 France Warren D. Robbins, Mass(3d.) 1,200 Germany Jos. C. Grew, Mass. 3,000 Germany A. B. Ruddock, Ill. (3d Sec.) 1,300 Great Britain Irwin B. Laughlin, Pa. 3,000 Great Britain Hallett Johnson, N. J. (3d.) 1,200 Grat Britain Hallett Johnson, N. J. (3d.) 1,200 Grat Britain Hallett Johnson, N. J. (3d.) 1,200 Grat Britain Hugh R. Wilson, Ill. 2,000 Italy Post Wheeler, Wash 3,000 Italy Alex Benson, Pa. (2d.) 2,000 Ita	SSIES AND LEGATIONS. Japan
CONSULAR	
To insure prompt attention, letters upon consult Consultat	ice-Consul; D. C., Deputy Consul; C. A., Conar business should be addressed "To the American I and attended to by the person who happens to be by name they are forwarded to him unopened if he eshould in the mean time have gone out of office re given here. Where there are a consul and vice is given. Consular officers are ex-officio notaries for
	RAL AT LARGE. schalk, N. Y.; George H. Murphy, N. C.; James
Argenting.	Relaium
Buenos Ayres. R. M. Bartleman, Mass. C. G. \$4,500 Rosario Robert T. Crane, Md., C 2,500	Antwerp. H. W. Diedrich, D. C., C. G. \$5,500 Brussels. Ethelbert Watts, Pa., C. G. 5,500 Ghent. Henry A. Johnson, D. C., C. 3,000 Liege. Alex.Heingartner, Ohio, C. 3,000
Buda-Pesth. Paul Nash, N. Y. C. G. 3 500	Brazil, 4,000 Bahia

^{*}Also to Luxemburg. †Also to Bulgaria and Servia. †† Also to Montenegro. ‡ Also to Uruguay.

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Chile,	HanoverA. H. Michelson, Mass., C., \$3,000
IquiquePercival Gassett, D.C., C \$3,000 Punta Arenas. Charles L. Latham, N.C., C. 3,000 ValparaisoAlfred A. Winslow, Ind., C. 4,500	
Punta Arenas. Charles L. Latham, N.C., C. 3,000	LeipsicNicholas R. Snyder, Pa., C. 4,000
	Kehl Milo A. Jewett, Mass., C. 3,000 Leipsic. Nicholas R. Suyder, Pa. C. 4,000 Magdeburg. Alfred W. Donegan, Ala., C. 2,500 Munich. W. C. Teichman, Mo., C. 3,500 Munich. Thos. W. Peters, D.C., C. G. 4,500 Nuremberg. George N. Hft, Idaho, C. 4,000 Planen Robert B. Mosher, D.C., C. 4,000 Stettin H. C. A. Damm, Tenn, C. 2,500 Stuttgart. Edward Higgins, Mass., C. 4,000 Great Evitain and Dominions
AmoyLester Maynard, Cal., C 4,500	MannheimWm, C. Teichman, Mo., C 3,500 MunichThos, W. Peters, D.C., C.G. 4,500
Amoy Lester Maynard, Cal., C. 4,500 Cantou F. D. Cheshire, N. Y., C.G. 5,500 Chefoo Julean H. Arnold, Cal., C. 4,500	Nuremberg George N. 1fft, Idaho C 4,000
ChefooJulean H. Arnold, Cal., C 4,500	Plauen Robert B. Mosher, D.C., C 4,000
FOOCHOWJOHN FOWIER, MASS. C 4.500	Stettin H. C. A. Damm, Tenn., C. 2,500
HankauRoger S.Greene, Mass., C.G. 4,500 HarbinS. P. Warner, Md., C4,000	Stuttgart Edward Higgins, Mass., C 4,000
Harbin S. P. Warner, Md. C 4,000	Great Britain and Dominions. AberdeenWm. P. Quann, Minn., Agt. Aden, ArabiaWalter H. Schulz, Okla., C. 2,500
Mukden. Fred. D. Fisher, Ore., C. G. 4,500 Nankin. Chas. D. Tenney, Mass., C. 4,000 Newchwang Wm. P. Kent, Va. C. 4,500 Shanghai. Amos P. Wilder, Wis., C. G. 8,000 Tiontoin. S. S. Westenskin, Ohio (4), 5,500	Aberdeen Wm. P. Quann, Minn., Agt.
Nankin Chas. D. Tenney, Mass., C 4,000 Newchwang Wm. P. Kent, Va., C 4,500	Aden, ArabiaWalter H Schulz, Okla., C. 2,500
Shanghai Amos P. Wilder, Wis., C.G 8,000	Adelaide
TientsinS.S. Knabenshue, Ohio, C.G. 5,500	Barbadoes, W.I. Chester W. Martin, Mich., C. 3,000
Colombia,	Belfast, Ire Hunter Sharp, N. C., C 5,000
BarranquillaIsaac A. Manning, OreC. 3,500	Belize, Houd William L. Avery, Mont., C. 2,500
Bogotá	Birmingham Albert Halstead, D. C., C 4,500
Cartagena Graham H. Kemper, Ky., C. 2,000	Bombay, India. Edward J. Norton, Tenn., C. 4,000
Costa Rica.	Bombay, India, Edward J. Norton, Tenn, C. 4,000 Bradford, Eug. Augustus E. Ingram, Cal., C. 8,500 Brisbane James W. Collins, Agt Bristol, Eng Homer M. Byington, Ct., C. 2,000 Calcutta, India, Wm. H. Michael, Neb., C. G. 6,000 Campb't'n, N. B. Theodosius Botkin, Utah, C. 2,000 Cane Town. Biobard Gnouther Wis. C. 6, 6,000
Port Limon Chester Donaldson, N.Y., C. 2,500	BrisbaneJames W. Collins, Agt
San José Samuel T. Lee, Mich., C 3,000	Bristol, Eng Homer M. Byington, Ct., C. 2,000
CienfuegosMax J. Baehr, Neb., C 4,500	Calcutta, India. Wm. H. Michael, Neb., C. G. 6,000 Campb't'n, N.B. Theodosius Botkin. Utah, C. 2,000
CienfuegosMax J. Baehr, Neb., C 4,500 HavanaJames L. Rodgers, Ohio, C.G. 8,000	Cape TownRichard Guenther, Wis., C.G. 6,000
Santiago Ross E. Holaday, Unio, C 4 500	Cardiff, Wales. Lorin A. Lathrop, Cal., C 2,500
Denmark and Dominions.	Charlottetown.
Copenhagen Edward D. Winslow, Ill., C.G. 3,000	Charlottetown, P. E. I
Denmark and Dominions. Copenhagen Edward D. Winslow, Ill., C.G. 3,000 St. Thomas Chris. H. Payne, W. Va., C 3,000	Colombo, Cey-
	lon Charles K. Moser, Va., C. 3,000
Puerto PlataC. M. Hathaway, Jr., Pa., C 2,000	Cork, Queenst. Geo. E. Chamberlin, N.Y., C 2,500
SamanaF. Lample, Agt Fees.	Cornwall, Ont. Giles R. Taggart, N. J., C 2,000
Puerto PlataC. M. Hathaway, Jr., Pa., C 2,000 SamanaF. Lample, AgtFees. Santo Domingo. Chas. B. Curtis, N.Y., C.G.	Colombo, Cey- Jon
Echanor.	Ter
GuayaquilHer. R. Dietrich, Mo., C. G 4,500 France and Dominions.	DublinEdwin L. Adams, N. Y., C 4,000
Algiers, Africa. Dean B. Mason, Ohio, C 2,500	Dublin Edwin L. Adams, N. Y., C. 4,000 Dundee E. H. Dennison, Ohio, C. 4,000
Algiers, Africa Dean B. Mason, Ohio, C 2,500 Bordeaux Alfred K. Moe, N. J., C 4,000 Boulogne-sur-Mer Wm. Whitman, Agt	Dunfermline Howard D. Van Sant, N. J., C. 3,000
Bouloime-sur-Mer Wm Whitman, Agt	Durban, Natal Nathaniel B. Stewart, Ga., C. 3,500
Brest A. Pitel. Agt	EdinburghRufus Fleming, Ohio, C 3,500
Calais James B. Milner, Ind., C 3,000	Fort Erie, Out., Horace J. Harvey, N. Y., C. 2,000
CetteCarl D. Hagelin, Fr., Agt	Georgetown,
Boulogne-sur-Mer. Wm. Whitman, Agt Brest A. Pitel, Agt Calais James B. Milner, Ind., C 3,000 Cette Cherbourg. A. Laniece, France, Agt. Cognac George H Jackson. Ct. C 2,500	Guiana Rea Hanna, Cal., C 3,500
	GibraltarRichard L.Sprague, Mass., C. 2,500
Dieppe	Glasgow John N. McCunn, Wis., C 4,500
Agt. Dijon. Nicolas Chapuis, N.Y., Agt. Grenoble. Charles P. H.Nason, Pa., C. 2,000 Guadel'pe, W.I.Frank A. Henry, Del., C. 2,000 Havre John B. Osborne, Pa., C. 5,000 Linnoges Engene L. Beilsle, Mass., C. 2,500 Lyon Carl Bailey Hurst, D.C., C. 5,000 Mart'que, W.I.Thos, R. Wallace, lowa, C. 2,500 Mart'que, W.I.Thos, R. Wallace, lowa, C. 2,500 Nantes. Louis Goldschmidt, N. H. C. 3,000 Nantes. Louis Goldschmidt, N. H. C. 3,000	Glasgow John N. McCunn, Wis, C. 4,500 Fernie, Brit. Col. Frank C. Dennison, Vt. C. 2,000 Halliax, N.S. Jas, W. Ragsdale, Cal., C. 4,500 Hamilton, Ber. W. Maxwell Greene, R. I., C. 2,500
Observation Observation D. H. Navan De C. 2000	Halifax, N.S Jas, W. Ragsdale, Cal., C. G. 4,500
GrenobleCharles P. H. Nason, Pa., C. 2,000 Guadel'pe, W.I. Frank A. Henry, Del., C 2,000	Hamilton, Ber., W. Maxwell Greene, R.I., C. 2,500 Hamilton, Ont., Jas. M. Shepard, Mich., C 3,000
Havre John B. Osborne, Pa., C 5,000	Hobart, Tasm., Geo. M. Hanson, Utah, C 2,000
Limoges Engene L. Belisle, Mass., C. 2,500	Hobart, Tasm Geo. M. Hanson, Utah, C. 2,000 Hongkong G. E. Anderson, Ill., C.G. 8,000 Huddersfield Franklin D. Hale, Vt., C. 3,000
Lyon Carl Bailey Hurst, D.C., C. 5,000	HuddersfieldFranklin D. Hale. Vt., C 3,000
Marseilles Alphonse Gaulin, R. I., C.G. 5,500	Hull, Eng Lewis W. Haskell, S. C., C. 2,500
Mart'que, W. I. Thos. R. Wallace, lowa, C 2,500	Hull, Eng Lewis W. Haskell, S. C., C 2,500 Johannesburg . E. N. Gunsaulus, Ohio, C 5,000
	Kingston, Jam. Leo A. Bergholz, N. Y., C 4,500
NiceWilliam D. Hunter, Minn., C. 2,500	Kingston, Ont. Felix S. S. Johnson, N. J., C. 2.500
ParisFrank H. Mason, Ohio, C. G. 12,000	Leeds Benj. F. Chase, Pa., C 2,500
Paris Frank H. Mason, Ohio, C. G. 12,000 Paris Hanson C. Coxe, N. Y., D. C. G. Paris L. Memminger, S. C. V. & D. C. G.	LiverpoolH. L. Washington, D. C., C. 8,000
ParisL.Memminger, S.C. V. & D.C.G.	
Paris Bartley F. Yost, Kan., D.C.G. Rheims William Bardell, N. Y., C. 3,500	LimerickEdmund Ludlow, Agt LondonJohn L. Griffiths, Ind., C.G. 12,000
RoubaixJoseph E. Haven, Ill., C 2,500	London R. Westacott, Mass., V. & D.C.G
Rouen Julian Patter, N. B., C. 2,000	LondonCarl R. Loop, Ind., D.C.G
St. Etienne, William H. Hunt, N. Y., C. 2,500	LondonH. D. Jameson, Eng. D.C. G
St. Pierre John K. Baxter, Tenn., C 2,000	MadrasJose de Olivares, Mo, C 3,000
North Nort	MaltaJames Oliver Laing, Mo. C. 2,500
Tamatave, Mau	Manchastar
agascarJames G. Carter, Ga., C 2,500	Melbourne Wm. C. Magelssen, Minn., C. 3,000 Moncton, N. B. M. J. Hendrick, N. Y., C 2,000
TollionF. M. Mansheld, N. 1., Agt	Moncton, N. B. M. J. Hendrick, N. Y., C2,000
Aix la Chapelle, Pendleton King, N. C., C 3,000	MontrealWilliam H. Bradley, Ill., C.G. 6.000 Nassau, N. P Henry D. Baker, Ill., C 3,000
Apin Samon Mason Mitchell N. V. C. 2500	Newcastle-on-
American Geof Engele Eager, III. C. 3,500 Berlin. G. 1. Thockara, Pa. C. G. 8,000 Bremen. William Fee. Ohio, C. 5,000 Breslan. H. Ernau L. Spaln S. C. C. 2,500 Brunswick. Talbot J. Albert, M.G. 2,500 G. Newcastle - on - TyneWalter C. Hamm, Pa., C 3,000	
BerlinA. M. Thackara, Pa., C.G 8,000	Newcastle, N.
Bremen William T. Fee, Ohio, C 5,000	Newcastle, N. S. WGeo.B.Killmaster, Mich., C. 3,000
BreslauHerman L. Spahr, S. C., C. 2,500	
Brunswick Talbot J. Albert, Md., C 2,500	OntEdwin W.Trimmer, N.Y., C. 2,000
t Heilings inolinas II. Itolton, O	NottinghamSam'l M. Taylor, Ohio, C 4,500
	Ottawa, Ont John G. Foster, Vt., C.G 6,000
CologueHiram J. Dunlap, Ill., 3,500	rividuata
DresdenT.St. J. Gaffney, N. Y., C. G. 4,500	Port Antonio, JamaicaJulius D. Dreher, S. C., C 3,000
Cologne Hiram J. Dunlap, Ili. 3,500 Cologne Hiram J. Dunlap, Ili. 3,500 Danzig Ernest A. Claaszen, Ger., Agt. Dresden T. St. J. Gaffney N. Y. C. 4,500 Frankfort. H. W. Harris, Ohio, C.G. 5,500 Humburg Rab P. Skinner Ohio, C.G. 8,000	Prescott, Ont. Martin R. Sackett, N.Y., C. 2,500
HamburgRob. P. Skinner, Ohio, C.G 8,000	Prescott, OntMartin R. Sackett, N. Y., C. 2,500 QuebecGebhard Willrich, Wis., C. 3,500

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE-Continued,

DIPLOMATIC AND C	CONSU	JLAR SERVICE—Continued,
Rangoon, India. M. K. Moorhead, Pa., C	\$3,500	Nicarugna,
Rimouski Que Fred M Ryder Ct C	3,500	
St. John, N. B Henry S. Culver, Ohio, C	8,000	Bluefields. Arthur J. Clare, D. C., C., \$3,500 Corinto
St. John, N. B., Henry S. Culver, Ohio, C., St. John's, N. F. James S. Benedict, N. Y., C. St. John's, Que. A. J. McConnico, Miss. C.	$\frac{2,500}{2,000}$	Managua
St. John's N.B.Chas. A. McCollilough, Me., C. Sheffield Robit, J. Thompson, Ct., C Sherbr'ke, Que, Chas. N. Daniels, Ct., C Sierra Leone William J. Yerby, Tenn., C Singapore E.S. Cunningham, Tenn., C. Southampton. Albert W. Swalm, Jowa, C. St. Lucia, W. J. William Peter, Agt St. Vincent W. I. Ernest A. Bichards, Act.	2,006	BergenBertil M. Rasmusen, Ia. C. 2,500
Sheffield Robt. J. Thompson, Ct., C	3,000	Christiama Chas. A. Holder, Col., C. G 3.000
Sherbr'ke, Que, Chas, N. Daniels, Ct., C	3,500	Stavanger Walter A. Leonard, III., C. 2,000
Sierra LeoneWilliam J. Yerby, Tenn., C	2,000	Oman,
Singapore E.S. Cunningham, Tenn. C.G.	4,500	Maskat Homer Brett, Miss., C 9,000
Southampton Albert W. Swalm, Towa, C.	4,500	Panama, ColonJames C. Kellogg, La., C 4,000
St. Vincent, W.I. Ernest A. Richards, Agt		Colon James C. Kellogg, La., C 4,000 Panama A. G. Snyder, W. Va., C.G. 5,000
Swansea Wales C. L. Livingston, Pa. C.	3,000	Paragnay.
Sydney, N. S Chas, M. Freeman, N. H., C.	3,000	Asuncion Cornelius Ferris, Jr., Col., C. 2,000
Sydney, N.S.W. John P. Bray, N. Dak., C. G.	5,500	Persia.
Toronto, Ont Rob't S. Chilton, D. C., C	4,000	TabrizGordon Paddock, N. Y., C. 3,000 TeherenC. W. Wadsworth, N. Y., C.G.
St. Vincent, W. I. Fribest A. Richards, Agt. Swansea, Wales C. L. Livingston, Pa. C. Sydney, N. S Chas, M. Freeman, N. H., C. G. Sydney, N. S. W. John P. Bray, N. Dak, C. G. Toronto, Ont Rob't S. Chilton, D. C. C Trinidad, W. I. P. E. Taylor, Neb. C. Turks Island Chas. Forman, La, C Vancouver, B. C. David F. Wilber, N. Y., C. G. Victoria, B. C. Abraham E. Smith, Ill. C.	3,000	TeherenC. W. Wadsworth, N. Y. C.G.
Turks IslandChas, Forman, La., C	2,000	CallaoWm.H.Robertson, Va., C. G. 4.500
Vancouver, B.C. David F. Wilber, N. 1., C.C.	4,500 4,000	Portraud and Dominionis
Victoria, B. C., Abraham E. Smith, Ill., C., Windsor Ont Harry A. Copaut Mich., C.	2,500	Fayal. M. Benarus, Azores, Agt. Lisbon. Will L. Lowrie, Ill., C.G. 3.500 Oporto. William H. Stuve, Agt. St. Michael's. Edw. A. Creevey, U., C. 3.000
Windsor, Ont Harry A. Conant, Mich., C Winnipeg, Man. John E. Jones, D. C., C. G	4,500	Lisbon Will L. Lowrie, Ill., C. G 3,500
Yarmouth, N.S. Alfred J. Fleming, Mo., C	2,500	OportoWilliam H. Stuve, Agt
Greece.		St. Michael'sEdw. A. Creevey, Ct., C 3.000
Atheus	3,000	Koamania.
Patras Arthur B. Cooke, S. C., C.	2,000	BucharestR. B. Strassburger, N. Y., C.G
GuatemalaG.A. Bucklin, Jr., Okla., C.G.	3,500	BatumLeslie A. Davis, N.Y., C 2,500
	3,300	MoscowI. H. Snodgrass, W. Va., C.G. 5.500
Hayti. Aux CayesAdolph Strohm, Agt		Odessa John H. Grout, Mass., C 3,500
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Ceiba	2,000	Servia.
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Boma, C. G.	4,500	Zurich R. Mansfield, Ind., C. G. 4,500
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Matamoras,Jesse H. Johnson, Tex., C.	2,500	Port Said Harry Broadbent, Agt
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Austria-Hungary	.Dr. Konstantin Theodor Dumba	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
**	Baron Erich Zwiedinek von Sudenhorst	. Counselor of Embassy.
···········	.Mr. Charles Symon	Secretary of Legation.
Bolivia	Senor Don Ignacio Calderon	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Rrazil	Mr. Domicio da Gama	Ambassador Extraordinary and Pleninotentiary
"	.Mr. J. de Oliveira Murinelly	.First Secretary of Legation.
	.Mr. J. F. de Barros Pimentel	Second Secretary.
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China	Mr. Chang Yin Tang	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleninotentiary.
"	.Mr. Yung Kwai	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Secretary of Legation, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Secretary of Legation, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. First Secretary of Legation, Second Secretary, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, First Secretary of Legation. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, First Secretary of Legation. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Colombia	Senor Don Julio Betancourt	.Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Cuba	Senor Lodo, Autonio Martin Rivero	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
"	Senor Antonio Carrillode Albornoz	First Secretary of Legation. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Convector of the Embassy. Militery Attache.
Denmark	.Count Moltke	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentlary.
Dominican Republic .	Senor Dr. Don Francisco J. Peynado	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Ecuador	Senor Dr. Don S. S. Wither S.	Charge d'Affaires.
France	Mr. Jean J. Jusserand	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
	.Mr. de Peretti de la Rocca	. Counselor of the Embassy.
" ····································	Com Beneiet d'Azy	. Military Attache.
44	Mr. De Jean	First Secretary.
"	.Mr. de Sartides	.Third Secretary.
German Empire	.Count Johann Heinrich von Bernsterff	.Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
	Ommander Roy Ed	. Counselor of Embassy.
"	Major von Herwarth	. Military Attache.
"	.Mr. Albert Kienlin	Second Secretary.
Court Dutanto	.Mr. A. C. Horstmann	.Third Secretary.
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"	.Capt. Heathcoat S. Grant	Naval Attache.
"	.LieutCol. Moreton F. Gage	Military Attache.
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Greece	.Mr. L. A. Coromilas	.Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary,
_ "	.Mr. L. L. Caftanzoglu	. Charge d'Affaires.
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Honduras .	.Dr. Alberto Membreno	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleninotentiary.
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	.Mr. G. Catalani	.Counselor of Embassy.
	Signor G R Cecesto	Commercial Delegate
Japan	Viscount Sutemi Chinda	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
6	.Mr. Saburo Okabe	Second Secretary.
Maning	Mr. Tamekichi Ohta	.Third Secretary.
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Pareis	Joseph Lefevre	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. First Secretary. Escond Secretary. Escond Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Pirst Secretary. Charge d'Affairos. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Counselor of Embassy. Military Attache. Naval Attache. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
l'eru	Mr. Federico Alfonso Pezet	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleninotentiary.
44	Mr. Manuel de Freyre y Santander	.First Secretary.
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"	Colonel Baron de Bode	Military Attache.
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Slam	Prince Traidos Prabandh	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
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7	Dr. Alfredo de Castro	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Flavoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary. First Secretary of Legation. Second Secretary. Military Attache. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. Secretary of Legation. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary. Counselor of Embassy. First Secretary. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. First Secretary.
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*	Don asteban Gil-Borges	, First Secretary.

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Md., Battimore, Carl A. Luderitz, C.
Mass., Boston, Wilhelm T. Reincke, C.
Minn., St. Paul, Johannes Grunow, C.
Mo., St. Louis, Maximillian von Loehr, C.
N. C., Wilmington, J. G. L. Gleschen (in charge).
Olifo, Cincinnati, Oscar Mezzer, C.
P. I., Manila, Franz K. Zitelmann, C.
P. H., Ponce, Julius Umbach, V. C.
P. R., San Juan, Waldemar Hepp, C.
S. C., Charleston, Emil Jahnz, C.
Tex., Galveston, Otto Scheidt, C.
Va., Richmond, E. Carl Vietor, C.
Wash., Seattle, Wolf von Lohneysen, C.
Wash., Tacoma, Otto Richter, V. C.
GERAT BRITAIN. Vas., Richmond, E. Carl Vietor, C.
Wash., Seattle, Wolf von Lohneysen, C.
Wash., Tacoma, Otto Richter, V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, Otto Richter, V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, Otto Richter, V. C.
Alaska, Mome, Lionel R. S. Weatherley, V. C.
Cal., Los Angeles, Charles W. Mortimer, V. C.
Cal., Los Angeles, Charles W. Mortimer, V. C.
Cal., Los Angeles, Charles W. Mortimer, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Alex C. Ross, C. G.
Col., Denver, Alfred Cribben, V. C.
Col., Denver, Alfred Cribben, V. C.
Cla., Fernandina, W. B. C. Duryee, V. C.
Fla., Key West, W. J. H. Taylor, V. C.
Fla., Port Tampa, James W. Morris, V. C.
Ga., Savannah, Arthur M. Brookfield, C.
Hawali, Honolul, R. G. E. Foster, C.
Hawali, Honolul, R. G. E. Foster, C.
H., Cheago, Horace D. Nugent, C. G.
La., New Orleans, H. T. Carew-Hunt, C. G.
Mc., Fortland, John Bernard Keading, V. C.
Mich., Detroit, Howard G. Merediih, V. C.
Mich., Detroit, Howard G. Merediih, V. C.
Minn, St. Biloxi, J. J. Lemon, V. C.
Minn, St. Paul, Chas, E. Hamilton, V. C.
Mo., Kainsas City, Herbert W. Mackirdy, V. C.
Mo., Kainsas City, Herbert W. Mackirdy, V. C.
No., St. Louis, Thomas E. Erskine, C.
N. C., Wilmington, James Sprunt, V. C.
N. C., Wilmington, James Sprunt, V. C.
N. C., Wilmington, James Sprunt, V. C.
N. Y., Biffalo, Wm. H. J. Cole, V. C.
Ohio, Chevland, H. E. Gresham, V. C.
Ore., Fortland, James Laidlaw, C.
Pa., Pittsburgh, Chas, E. E. Childers, V. C.
Pa., Pittsburgh, Chas, E. E. Childers, V. C.
Pa., Pittsburgh, Chas, E. E. Childers, V. C.
Pa., Pittsburgh, Chas, E. E. Childers, V. C.
P. I., Manilla, A. E. Wileman, C. G.
P. I., Cebu, J. T. R. Knowles, V. C.
Pa., Richmond, Arthur Ponsonby Wilmer, V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, Chas, E. L. Agassiz, V. C.
Wash., Tacoma, Chas, E. L. Agassiz, V. C.

Fla., Pensacola, Gerhard Rolfs, C.

GREECE. Ala., Mobile, C. Cal., San Francisco, Richard de Fontana, C. Cal., San Francisco, Richard de Fontana, C. Ill., Chicago, Nikolaos Sallopoulos, C. Mass., Boston, Anthony L. Benachi, C. Mo., St. Louis, H. M., Pesmazoglow (in charge), Mont., Butte, J. R. Russell (in charge), V. C. Neb., Omaha., John Laten-er, C. N. C. Wilmington, D. Vaflades, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, Aristotle Tsakonas, C. Tenn., Nashville, V. C.

Wash., Tacoma, Hans Heldner, C.
Ala., Mobile, F.G. McGonigal.C.
Cal., Sau Francisco, Juan P. Matute, C. G.
Fla., Pensacola, Vincente J. Vidal, Hon. V. C.
Kan., Kansas City, Edwin R. Heath, Hon. C.
Ky., Louisville, S. M. Crawford, Hon. C.
Ili, Chicago, Angel Pena, C. G.
La., New Orleans, Mannel M. Saenz, C. G.
Md., Baltimore, C. M. Stewart, Jr., Hon. C. G.
Mass., Boston, A. C. Garcia, C.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

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Mo., St. Louis, L. D. Kingsland, Hon. C. G.
Pa., Philadelphia, Dudley Bartlett, Hon. C.
P. R., San Juan, Carlos Vere, C.
R. I., Providence, E. G. Kelton, C.
Tex., Galveston, J. Merrow, Hon. C.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          HAYTI.
     Mass., Boston, B. Preston Clark, C.
P. R., San Juan, Chas, Vere, C.
P. R., Pente, Paul Vincenti, V. C.
P. R., Mayaguez, Adolfo Stelfens, V. C.
Ala., Mobile, Drew Linard, C. Cal., Los Angeles, Tomas L. Duque, C. Cal., Los Angeles, Tomas L. Duque, C. Cal., San Francisco, Fernando S. Vivas, C. G. D. C., Washington, Alan O. Clephane, C. Fla., Tampa, T. M. Shackleford, V. C. La., New Orleans, Alberto J. Olivier, C. G. Md., Battimore, C. Morton Stewart, Jr., C. G. Mo., Kansas City, Gabriel M. Hernandez, Hon. C. Mo., St. Louis, L. D. Kingsland, C. G. Ohio, Cincinnati, E. F. Peters, V. C. Tex., Galveston, Edgard W. Wells, C. Va., Newport News, A. W. Duckett, C. A. ITALY.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              HONDURAS.
Trally,
Ala, Mobile, Glovanni, C. A.
Cal., Los Angeles, Giovanni Pluma, C. A.
Cal., Los Angeles, Giovanni Pluma, C. A.
Cal., San Francisco, Chevalier F. Daneo, C.
Col., Denver, Chevaller Orestes de Vella, C. (g)
Ct., New Haven, Michele Riccio, C. A.
D.C., Washington, Emanuele Fronani (in charge),
Fla., Tampa, Baldasare Colombo, A. C. A.
Ga., Savannah, Mose Cafiero, C. A.
Hawali, Honolulu, F. A. Schaefer, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Chicago, Gullio Bolognesi, C.
Ill., Springfield, Glovanni M. Ricco, C. A.
Kan, Frontenac, Raffaele Purgatoris, C. A.
Ks., Louisville, Gluseppe Cuneo, C. A.
Lia, New Orleans, Gualtiero Chilesotto, C.
Me, Portland, Vervena Gaspare, C. A.
Mel, Baltimore, Glovanni Schlaffino, C. A.
Mass., Boston, Gustav Di Rosa, C.
Mich., Detroit, C. Pietro Cardiello, C. A.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ITALY.
Md., Baltimore, Glovanni Sebladino, C. A. Mass., Boston, Gustav Di Rosa, C. Mich., Detroit, C. Pletro Cardiello, C. A. Minn., Duluth, Attelo Castigliano, C. A. Minn. St. Paul, Vincenza Gialloreti, C. A. Miss., Gulfport, Salvatore Pennisi (in charge) Mo., St. Louis, A lesaudro Brouleti, C. A. Mont., Butte, Carlo Trucano (in charge). Seb., Omaha, Antonio Venuto, C. A. N. J., Tenton, Felice Ronca, C. A. N. J., Tenton, Felice Ronca, C. A. N. J., Tenton, Felice Ronca, C. A. N. Y., Albany, Germano P. Baccelli, C. A. N. Y., Buffalo, Michele Caboni, C. A. N. Y., Rochester, Cesare Sconfietti, C. A. Ohio, Clincinnati, Carlo Ginocchio, C. A. Ohio, Cincinnati, Carlo Ginocchio, C. A. Ore., Fortiand, Carl Visetti (in charge). Pa., Philadelphia, Glovanni Gesare Majoni, C. Pa., Pittsburgh, L. Manzini, V. C. P. R., San Juan, Alessandro Eozzo, C. R. I., Providence, Mariano Vervena, C. A. S. C., Charleston, Giovanni Sottile, C. A. Tenn., Memphis, Gino Pierotti, C. A. Tenn., Memphis, Gino Pierotti, C. A. Va., Richmond, C. Verta, C. A. Wash., Seattle, Augusto J. Ghizlione, C. A. Japan., Mobile, Wm. P., Hutchison, Hon. C.
        Wis., Milwaukee, Arminio Conte, C. A. JAPAN.
Ala., Mobile, Wm. P. Hutchison, Hon. C. Cal., San Francisco, Matsuzo Nagai, C. G. Col., Denver, A. L. Bennett, Hon. C. Hawaii, Honolulu, Senichi Uyeno, C. G. Ill., Chicago.
La., New Orleans, John Walker Phillips, Hon. C. Mass., Boston, Erwin H. Walcott, Hon. C. Mo., St. Louis, J. E. Smith, Hon. C. Ore., Portland, Morizo Ida. C. P. I., Manila, Tsunezo Sugimura, V. C. Tex., Galveston, J. H. Langbehn, Hon. C. Wash., Seattle, Seiichi Takahashi, C.
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Ala, Mobile, M. A. Saballos, C. Cal., Los Angeles, F. S. Uban, C. Cal., Los Angeles, F. S. Uban, C. Cal., San Francisco, Adolfo Vivas, C. G. Ill., Chicago, B. Singer, C.
Kan, Kansas City, E. R. Heath, C. G.
La., New Orleans, Clarence A. Burghelm, C. G.
Mo., Kansas City, Willis Wood, C.
Mo., Kansas City, Willis Wood, C.
Mo., St., Louis, L. D. Kingsland, C. G.
Pa., Philadelphia, Lorenzo G. Potter, C. G.
P. I., Manila, T. F. Lacayo, C. G.
Va., Norfolk, Chas, M. Barnett, C.
Norway.
Ala, Mobile, Louis Douald, V. C.

Ala., Mobile, Geo. W. Lovejoy, C. Cal., San Francisco, Ray P. Saffold, C. D.C., Washington, Ernest Lyon, C.G. La., New Orleans, L. H. Reynolds, V Mass. Boston. Hat, New Orleans, D. H. Rephones, V. S. Mass, Boston, Hutchins Inge, C. G. Mo., St. Louis, Hutchins Inge, C. N. J., Jersey City, Albert W. Minick, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, Thomas J. Hunt, C. Pa., Hanila, R. Summers, C. Tex., Galveston, J. R. Gibson, C. Mexico. MEXICO Ala., Mobile, Roberto Gayon, C. Ariz., Clifton, José Lozano, C Ariz., Clifton, José Lozano, C.
Ariz., Douglas, Manuel Cuesto, C.
Ariz., Phenix, Francisco Olivares, C.
Ariz., Tucson, Enrique V. Anaya, C.
Cal., Los Angeles, Fernando Baz. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Antonio L. Crajeda, C. G.
Col., Denver, Adelaido J. Ortiz, C. (h.)
Fla., Pensacola, Juan A. Mateos, Jr., C. (i)
Fla., Tampa, L. J. Castellanos, Hon. V. C.
Hawaii, Honolulu, Guillermo Lanz, C.
Ill., Chicago, Augustin Pina. C. Ill., Chicago, Augustin Pina, C.
Ind., Indianapolis, R. B. Harrison, V. C.
Ky., Louisville, Horace C. Brannin, C. (j) Ind., Indianapolis, R. B. Harrison, V. C. Ky., Louisville, Horace C. Brannin, C. (j) La., New Orleans, Plutarco Ornelas, C. Md., Baltimore, M. L. Torres, C. Md., Baltimore, M. L. Torres, C. Md., Baltimore, M. L. Torres, C. Mosser, Boston, J. Acevedo, Hon. C. Mich., Detroit, Daniel F. Altland, V. C. Miss., Pascagoula, Vicente Ros, V. C. Mo., St. Louis, Gonzalo de A. Fernandez, C. Ohio, Cincinnati, Hugo Fromman, V. C. Ore., Portland, Frank A. Spencer, C. Pa., Philadelphia, Jorge L. Canalizo, C. P. L., Manila, José Rosalles, Hon. C. P. R., San Juan, M. P. Oller, V. C. P. R., San Juan, M. P. Oller, V. C. Tex., Galveston, José de la Madrid, V. C. Tex., Galveston, José de la Madrid, V. C. Tex., San Antonio, Manuel A. Esteba, C. G. Utah, Salt Lake City, R. L. Velarde, C. Va., Nowport News, H. B. Holmes, V. C. Va., Norfolk, Porfirio Castello, Hon. V. C. Wash., Seattle, E. R. Rodriguez, C. MONACO. Cal., San Francisco, Ray P. Saffold, C. NETHERLANDS. Ala, Mobile, A. Proskauer, Hon. V. C. C. L. Los Angeles, F. J. Zeebandelaar, V. C. L. San Francisco, G. J. G. Marsily, C. Fia, Jacksonville, W. Boellaard, V. C. Ga., Sayannah, H. R. Jolles, C. W. L. C. Ga., Sayannah, H. R. Jolles, C. L. C. Ga.

Ala., Mobile, A. Proskauer, Hon. V.C. Cal., Los Angeles, F. J. Zeebandelaar, V.C. Cal., San Francisco, G. J. G. Marsily, C. Fia., Jacksonville, W. Boellaard, V.C. Ga., Savannah, H. R. Jolles, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, H. M. von Holt, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, H. M. von Holt, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, H. M. von Holt, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, H. M. von Holt, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, H. M. von Holt, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, H. M. von Holt, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, H. M. von Holt, C. Hawaii, R. H. Mottu, C. Hawaii, R. H. Mottu, C. M. Marse, Boston, C. V. Dasey, C. (in charge), Mich., Grand Rapids, Jacob Steketel, V.C. Miss., Guliport, J. W. Corry, V. C. Mon, St. Louis, G. H. ten Brock, C. Olito, Cleveland, P. Plantinga, C. Ore, Portland, J. W. Matthes, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, Arnold Katz, C. P. L. Manika, P. K. A. M. Van Embden, C. P. R., San Juan, Albert E. Lee, C. Tex., Gall, Los Angeles, F. S. Uban, C. Wash., Seattle, C. Dameyer, V. C. Wash., Seattle, C. Dameyer, V. C. Cal., Los Angeles, F. S. Uban, C. Cal., Los Angeles, F. S. Uban, C. Cal., Los Angeles, F. S. Uban, C. Cal., San Francisco, Adolfo Vivas, C. G. Ili., Chicago, B. Singer, C. Kan, Kansas City, E. R. Heath, C. G. Kan, Kansas City, E. R. Heath, C. G. R. Heath, C. G. Kan, Kansas City, E. R. Heath, C. R. Barethin, C. G. Kan, Kansas City, E. R. Heath, C. R.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE

Alaska, Nome, Gudbrand J. Lomen, V. C.
Cal., Los Angeles, G. M. Ottis, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Knud Henry Lund, C.
Col., Denver, Viggo E. Baerresen, V. C.
D. C. Washington,
Fla., Key West, Wm. J. H. Taylor, V. C.
Ga., Savannah, Elnar S. Trosdal, V. C.
Hawaii, Honolulu, W. A. A. U. Pfotenhauer, C.
Hl., Chicago, Oscar H. Haugan, C.
Iowa, Decorah, Johannes B. Wist, V. C.
Fla., Jacksonville, Walter Mucklow, V. C.
La., New Orleans, A. E. Ugland, V. C.
Me., Portland, Percy Firman Keating, V. C.
Md., Baltimore, A. F. Sidebotham, V. C.
Md., Baltimore, A. F. Sidebotham, V. C.
Miss, Goston, Peter Justin Paasche, V. C.
Miss, Gulfport, Valdemar Angaard, V. C.
Mon, St. Louis, J. G. Borresen, V. C.
Mon, St. Louis, J. G. Borresen, V. C.
Mon, St. Louis, J. G. Borresen, V. C.
N. Y., Buffalo, S. T. M. B. Kielland, V. C.
N. Y., Buffalo, S. T. M. B. Kielland, V. C.
N. Y., Great Falls, I. A. H. Stub, V. C.
N. C., Wilmington, Walter Smallbones (in charge).
N. Dak, Grand Forks, Halfdan Bendeke, V. C.
Ohio, Cleveland, Ole M. Friestad, V. C.
Core, Portland, E. M. Cederbergh, V. C.
P. I., Manila, Harold M. Pitt, C.
P. R., San Juan, Alfonso M. Fernandez, C.
S. C. Charleston, C. J. Larsen, V. C.
Tex., Galveston, J. W. Focke, V. C.
Utah, Salt Lake City, — V. C.
Wash, Seattle, T. S. H. Kolderup, V. C.
Wash, Tacoma, Ole Granrud, V.C.
Wash, Tacoma, Ole Granrud, V.C.
Wash, Tacoma, Ole Granrud, V.C.
Wash, Tacoma, Ole Gronrud, V.C.
Wash, Tacoma, Ole Gronrud, V.C.
Wash, Tacoma, Ole Gronrud, V.C.
Wash, Milwakee, Olof I. Rove, V. C.
PANAMA.
Ala, Mobile, T. G. McGonigal, Hon, C.

Ala., Mobile, T. G. McGonigal, Hon, C. Cal., San Francisco, Pedro Obarrio, C. Ga., Atlanta, Russell Hopkins, C. Ga., Atlanta, Russell Hopkins, C.
Hawaii, Hilo, R. T. Guard, C.
Hawaii, Honolulu, A. Marquez, Hon. C.
Ill., Chicago, Gustavo de Obaldia, C.
La., New Orleans, Rodolfo Perez, C. G.
Md., Baltimore, James F. Ferguson, V. C.
Mass., Boston, Arthur P. Cushing, C.
Miss., Gulfport, Burwell Richard, Hon. C.
Mo., Kanssa City, Loren O. Booram, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Wilfred H. Schoff, V. C.
P. R., San Juan, Chas, Vere, C.
Tenn., Chattanooga, Jas. R. Shaler, C.
Tex., Galveston, A. A. Van Alstyne, C.
Va., Norfolk, J. D. Leitch, Hon. C.
Wash., Puget Sound, H. S. Garfield, V. C.
PARAGUAY.

III., Chicago, ————, C.G. Mo., St. Louis, Milton Seropyan, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, H. H. Pakradooni, V. C.

Cal., San Francisco, Enrique Grau, C. Hawaii, Honolulu, Bruce Cartwright, Jr., C. Ill., Chicago, Wm. L. Fiske, C. La., New Orleans, Richard Barthel, C. Md., Baltimore, O. G. H. E. Kehrhahn, C. Mass., Boston, E. C. Andres, C. Ore., Portland, Carlos Barreto, C.

Pa., Philadelphia, W. H. Schoff, Hon. C. P. I., Manila, A. M. Barreto, C. P. R., San Juan, M. J. Nunez, C. Va., Norfolk, E. J. Rudgard Wigg, V. C. Wash., Port Townsend, F. A. Bartlett, C. Wash., Tacoma, Luis M. Duarte, C.

Cal., San Francisco, Simao Lopez Ferreira, C. D. C., Washington, E. Fronani, V. C. Fla., Pensacola, Juan I., Borras, V. C. Ga., Brunswick, Rosendo Torres, V. C. Hawail, Honolulu, A. de Canavarro, C. G. Ill., Chicago, A. de Q. Ribeiro, C. G. La., New Orleans, Maurice Generelly, V. C. Mass, Boston, Jorge da S. D. d'Almeida, C. Miss., Gnifport, John Paoly, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, J. J. de Macado, Jr., V. C. P. R., San Juan, Jose Maria Lomba, C. Va., Norfolk, James Hanghton, V. C. Russ, Morfolk, James Hanghton, V. C. Russ, Morfolk, James Hanghton, V. C. Russia, Marchael C. Russia, Russi PORTUGAL.

Va., Norioik, James Hangard,
Russia,
Ala., Mobile, Murray Wheeler, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, Pierre Rogdestvensky, C. G.
Fla., Pensacola, Fannin Chipley, V. C.
Hawaii, Honolulu, Auguste Marques, V. C.
Ill., Chicago, Victor Chickkine, C.
Raltimore, ——————, V. C. Md., Baltimore, V. C.
Mass., Boston, Joseph A. Conry, C.
Pa., Philadelphia, William R. Tucker, C.
Tex., Galveston, Carl C. Biehl, V. C.

Cal., San Francisco, Francisco Martinez, C. G. La., New Orleans, Mass. Boston Cal. Mass., Boston, Geo. A. Lewis, Hon. C. Mo., St. Louis, L. D. Kingsland, Hon. C. SIAM.

Ill., Chicago, Milward Adams, C. SPAIN.

SWEDEN.

Ala., Mobile, Harold Green Grimley, V. C.
Alaska, Nome, —, V. C.
Cal., San Francisco, William Matson, C.
Col., Denver, Walter A. Peterson, V. C.
Fla., Pensacola, C. McKeuzie-Oerting, V. C.
Ga., Savannah, Andrew John Ritch, V. C.
Hawaii, Houolulu, Geo, F. Rodiek, C.
Ill., Chicago, J. R. Lindgren, C.
Ia., Sioux City, Gustavus N. Swan, V. C.
La., New Orleans, Gustaf Arthur Westfeldt, V. C.
Md., Baltimore, P. G. L. Hilken, V. C.
Mass., Boston, Birger G. Adolf Rosentwist, V. C.
Minn, Minneapolis, C. A. Smith, C.
Minn, St. Paul, J. A. Jackson, V. C.
Minn, St. Louis, Johan Gustav Nelsen, V. C.
Neb., Omaha, E. M. Stenberg, V. C.
No, Jak., Grand Forks, Andrew I. Widund, V. C.
Onio, Cleveland, E. L. Malm, V. C.
One., Portland, E. Y. Lidell, V. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Marcel Alonzo Viti, V. C.
P. I., Manila, Herman Forst, C.
P. R., San Juan, J. F. von U. Schomberg, C.
Tex., Galveston, — V. C.
Va., Norlojk, Henning Fernstrom, V. C.
Wash., Seattle, Andrew Chilberg, V. C.
Wis., Madison, — — (V. C.
Wis., Madison, — (V. C.
V. a., Mobile, Harold Green Grimley, V. C. Alaska, Nome, ———, V. C.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

SWITZERLAND. Cal., San Francisco, Antoine Borel, C.
Col., Deuver, Paul Weiss, C.
Ill., Chicago, Arnold Holinger, C.
La., New Orleans, Emile Hobn, C. (1)
Minn., St. Paul, Alfred Karlen, C.
Mo., St. Louis, John J. Meyer, C.
Ohio, Cincinnati, Edmund Luthy, C.
Ore., Portland, Albin C. Bigger, C. (m)
Pa., Philadelphia, Gustave A., Waither, C. (n)
P. I., Manila, Otto Gnür, C.
Tex., Galveston, Ulrich Muller, C. (o)

TURKEY. Cal., San Francisco, Maurice Hall, A. C. G. Ill., Chicago, Charles Henrotin, C. G. Mass., Boston, A. F. Effendi, C. G. P. I., Manila, Nedjib Hadj Effendi, C. G.

Ala., Mobile, J. L. Marty, V.C. Cal., San Francisco, O. M. Goldaracena, C.

Fla., Jacksonville, F. C. Scott, V. C. Ga., Savannah, Ramon Esteve, C. Ill., Chicago, Juan Moffit, C. La., New Orleans, Rafael Marin. Me., Portland, James E. Marrett, C. Md., Baltimore, Mario L. Gil, C. G. Mass, Boston, Max O. Von Klock, V. C. Miss., Pascagoula, Manuel L. Ros, V. C. N. Y. Albany, G. A. Saxton, V. C. Pa., Philadelphia, Rodman Wanamaker, C. Pa., Philadelphia, Rodman Wanamaker, C. S. C., Charleston, Antonio Gastaver, V. C. Va., Norfolk, A. G. Balley, V. C. Va., Norfolk, A. G. Balley, V. C. VENEZUELA.

Cal., San Francisco, J. L. Eastland, C.
Ill., Chicago, Alberto W. Brick wood, Hon.C.
La., New Orleans, Juan Argot, Hon. C.
Mo., St. Louis, J. G. Arbuckle, Hon. C.
Pa., Philadelphia, Martin Alvizu, C.
P. R., San Juau, Enrique Pocaterra, C.

VENEZUELA.

REFERENCE MARKS—(a) For Alaska, Cal., Nev., Ore. and Wash.; (b) for Arizona, Col., Idaho, Mont., New Mexico, Utah and Wyo.; (c) also for N. C.; (d) also for Del.; (e) also for N. Dak., S. Dak., and Neb.; (f) also for Okla.; (g) for Col., Utah, Idaho, Mont., Wyo., Kan., Neb., N.Dak., S. Dak., Arizona, and New Mexico; (h) for Col., Wyo., and Mont.; (i) also for Ga.; (j) also for Tenn; (k) also for Del., Ill., Ind., Mich., Mo., N. J., Ohlo, and Wis.) laso for Ala., Ark., Pla., Ga., N. C., S. C., and Miss.; (m) also for Wash., Idaho and Alaska; (n) also for N. J. and Del.; (o) also for Okla.; (p) for Ill., Ind., Iso., Neb., and other counties in Wisconsin not included in the jurisdiction of the consulate at St. Paul; (q) for La., and Miss.; (r) for Ark., Kan., Mo., and Okla.; (s) for Cal., Idaho, Mont., Nev., Ore., Utah, Wash., Alaska, Arizona, and Illawaii; (t) for Col., New Mexico and Wyo.; (u) also for Ind. and Ia.; (v) also for Ohio and Tenn.; (w) for Me., Mass., and N. H.; (x) also for Pennsylvania.

The Wall of Fame.

MARCH 5, 1900, the Council of New York University accepted a gift of \$100,000, afterward increased to \$250,000, from a donor, whose name was withheld, for the erection and completion on University Heights, New York City, of a building to be called "The Hall of Fame for Great Americans." A structure was accordingly built in the form of a semi-circle, 170 feet, connecting the University Hall of Philosophy with the Hall of Languages. On the ground floor is a museum 200 feet long by 40 feet wide, consisting of a corridor and six halls to contain mements of the names that are inscribed above. The colonnade over this is 400 feet long with provision for 150 panels, each about 2 feet by 6 feet, each to bear the name of a famous American.

Only persons who shall have been dead ten or more years are eligible to be chosen. Fifteen classes

Only persons who shall have been dead ten or more years are eligible to be chosen. Fifteen classes Only persons who shall have been dead ten or more years are eligible to be chosen. Fifteen classes of citizens were recommended for consideration, to wit: Authors and editors, business men, educators, inventors, missionaries and explorers, philanthropists and reformers, preachers and theologians, scientists, engineers and architects, lawyers and judges, musicians, painters and sculptors, physicians and surgeons, rulers and statesmen, soldiers and sailors, distinguished men and women outside the above classes. Fifty names were to be inscribed on the tablets at the beginning, and five additional names every fifth year thereafter, until the year 2000, when the 150 inscriptions will be completed. In case of failure to fill all the panels allotted, the vacancies are to be filled in a following year. In February, 1904, the plan was announced of an additional Hall joining the colonnade on the north, having 25 panels for foreign born Americans, six to be filled in 1905, and of a Hall of Fame for Women, about 30 by 60 feet. The erection of the former Hall was begun in Oct., 1912, with places for 50 tablets.

The rules prescribed that the Council should invite nominations from the public. Every nomina-

for Women, about 30 by 60 feet. The erection of the former Hall was begun in Oct., 1912, with places for 50 tablets.

The rules prescribed that the Council should invite nominations from the public. Every nominations econded by a member of the University Senate should be submitted to an electorate of one hundred eminent citizens selected by the Council. Chancellor Emeritus MacCracken presides in the Senate when the Hall of Fame is considered.

In October, 1900, the University Senate received the ballots of the electors. Of the one hundred indges selected ninely-seven voted. The number of names which had been submitted to them was 252. Of these each judge returned a vote for fifty. The rule required that no candidate receiving less than fifty-one votes could be accepted. The returns showed that but twenty-nine candidates received the required number and were chosen. These were as follows: George Washington, Abraham Lincoln, Daniel Webster, Benjamin Franklin, Ulysses S. Grant, John Marshall, Thomas Jefferson, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry W. Longfellow, Robert Filton, Washington Irving, Jonathan Edwards, Samuel F. B. Morse, David G. Farragut, Henry Clay, Nathaniel Hawthorne, George Peavards, Samuel F. Lee, Peter Cooper, Eli Whitney, John J. Audubon, Horace Mann, Henry Ward Beecher, James Kent, Joseph Story, John Adams, William E. Channing, Gilbert Stuart, Asa Gray. In October, 1905, under the rules named above, the Senate received the ballots of 95 Electors out of 101 appointed, of whom only 85 undertook to consider the names of women. A majority of 51 was demanded, but in the case of the names of women, a majority of only 47. The following persons were found to be duly chosen: John Quincy Adams, 59; James Russell Lowell, 68; William Tecumseh Sherman, 68; James Madison, 66; John Greenlead Whittier, 53; Alexander Hamilton, 88; Louis Agassiz, 83; John Paul Jones, 54; Mary Lyon, 58; Emma Willard, 50; Maria Mitchell, 88. The Hall was dedicated May 30, 1901, when twenty-five or more national associations each unveiled, o

Unaminations for the Consular Service.

In pursuance of the Executive order of June 27, 1906, whereby the President promulgated regulations governing appointments and promotions in the consular service, the following rules have been adopted by the Board of Examiners, who, under that order, have been designated to formulate rules for and hold examinations of applicants for admission to the consular service whom the President shall have designated for examination to determine their eligibility for appointment therein:

1. The examinations will be the same for all grades and will be to determine a candidate's eligibility for appointment in the consular service, irrespective of the grade for which he may have been designated for examination and without regard to any particular office for which he may have been designated for examination and without regard to any particular office for which he may be selected.

2. The examinations will exo determine the candidate's business ability, alertness, general contemporary information, and natural fitness for the service, including moral, mental and physical qualifications, character, address, and general education and good command of English. In this part of the examination the applications previously filed will be given due weight by the Board of Examiners, especially as evidence of the applicant's business experience and ability. The written examination will he commercial resources and the commerce of the United States; political economy, and the elements of international, commercial and martiture law. It will likewise include Amerience to possibilities of international, commercial and martiture law. It will likewise include Amerience to Europe, Latin America, and the Far East, with particular attention to political, commercial and economic tendencies. In the written examination, composition, grammar, punctuation, spelling and writing will be given attention.

3. To become eligible for appointment, except as student interpreter, in a country where the United States exercises extra territorial jurisdiction, the

admission to the consular service as a student interpreter who is not between the ages of nineteen and twenty-in indusive, and unmarried; and, provided further, that upon appointment each student interpreter shall sign an agreement to continue in the service so long as his services may be required, within a period of five years.

5. Upon the conclusion of the examinations the names of the candidates who shall have attained upon the whole examination an average mark of at least eighty, as required by the Executive order, will be certified by the Board to the Secretary of State as eligible for appointment in the consular service, and the successful candidates will be informed that this has been done.

6. The names of candidates will remain on the eligible list for two years, except in the case of such candidates as shall within that period be appointed or shall withdraw their names, and of candidates holding subordinate positions in the consular service, when eligibility alm not expire until appointment to consular rank or until separation from the service. Candidates whose names have thus been dropped from the eligible list again be eligible for appointment unless upon fresh application, designation anew for examination, and the successful passing of such second examination.

DUTIES OF CONSULAR OFFICERS.

Consular officers are expected to endeavor to maintain and promote all the rightful interests of American citizens, and to protect them in all privileges provided for by treaty or conceded by usage; to visa and, when so authorized, to issue passports; when permitted by treaty, law or usage, to take charge of and settle the personal estates of Americans who may die abroad without legal or ottake charge of and remit the proceeds to the Treasury in case they are not called for by a legal representative within one year; to ship, discharge, and, under cortain conditions, maintain and send American seamen to the United States; to settle disputes between masters and seamen of American vessels; to investigate charges of mutiny or insubordination on the high seas and send mutineers to the United States for the wrecks and cargoes if permitted to do so by the laws of the country; to receive the papers of American vessels arriving at foreign ports and deliver them after the discharge of the obligations of the vessels toward the members of their crews, and upon the production of clearances from the proper foreign port officials; to certify to the correctness of the valuation of merchandise exported to the United States where the shipment amounts to more than \$100; to act as official witnesses to marriages of American citizens abroad; to aid in the enforcement of the immigration laws, and to certify to the correctness of the certificates abroad; to aid in the enforcement of the limingration laws, and to certify to the correctness of the certificates abroad; to aid in the enforcement of the interest of the conflictions of the ports at which they reside, and by issuing to vessels clearing for the United States bills of health describing the condition of the ports at which health of our scaports by reporting weekly the sanitary and health conditions of the perform other acts which notaties and by issuing to vessels clearing for the United States bills of health describing the condition of the ports, the vessels, crews, passengers, and cargoes; and to take depositions and perform other acts which notaries public in the United States are authorized or required to perform. A duty of prime importance is the promotion of American commerce by reporting available opportunities for the introduction of our products, aiding in the establishment of relations between American and foreign commercial houses, and lending assistance wherever practicable to the marketing of American merchandise abroad.

In addition to the foregoing duties, consular officers in China, Turkey, Siam, Korea, Maskat, Morocco, and a few other so-called un-Christian countries, are invested with judicial powers over American citizens in those countries. These powers are usually defined by treaty, but generally include the trial of civil cases to which Americans are parties, and in some instances extend to the trial of criminal cases.

Farmers' National Congress.

President-Chas. F. Sanford, London, Ohio. Secretary-John H. Kimble, Port Deposit, Md. Treasurer-W. L. Ames, Oregon, Wis.

A delegate body representing more than 3,000,000 farmers. Urges: General parcels post; liberal Federal aid for good roads and inland waterways; teaching of agriculture in the public schools; a Federal pure seed law; head tax and illiteracy test on immigration; direct election of Senators; differential duties favoring American merchant marine. Opposes: Ship subsidies; interstate liquor trafficial traffic and the state of the state traffic into known dry territory; free distribution of seeds.

President—D. W. Michaux, Houston, Tex. Vice-President—C. Walton Saunders, Richmond, Va. Secretary and Treasurer—T. H. Logan, 915 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Membership, 42,000.
New York State Division: President—L. Harry Fisher. Secretary—L. C. Gosselin, No. 327 East Sixty-third Street, New York City. Headquarters—Hotel Victoria, New York.

Diplomatic Entercourse.

All representatives not otherwise designated bore the title of minister plenipotentiary or envoy extraordinary or both.

RUSSIA.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO RUSSIA.

PRESIDENTS.	Ministers.	States.	Date.*	PRESIDENTS.	Ministers.	States.	Date.*
Madison	John Quincy Adams	Mass	1809		James L. Orr		1872
66	Levett Harris, ch. d'aff	Pa	1814		Marshall Jewell		1873
ět.	Wllliam Pinkney	Md	1816		Eugene Schuyler, ch. d'aft		1874
Monroe	George W. Campbell	Tenn	1818	"	George H. Boker	Pa	. 1875
66	Henry Middleton	IS. C	1820	Hayes	E. W. Stoughton	N. Y	1878
J. O. Adams		4	1820	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Wickham Hoffman, ch. d'aff	"	1879
	John Randolph	Va	1830	"	John W. Foster	Ind	1880
	James Buchanan		1832	Garfield	"	44	1880
"	John R. Clay, ch. d'aff	"	1833	Arthur	Wickham Hoffman, ch. d'aff.	N. Y	1881
46	William Wilkins	"	1834	*	William H. Hunt	La	1882
"	John R. Ciay, ch. d'aff	1 "	1835	"	Alphonso Taft	Ohio	1884
Van Buren	Coorgo M Dollag	44	1837	Cleveland	George V. M. Lothrop	Mich	1885
44	W. W. Chew, ch. d'aff	"	1839	"	Lambert Tree	[111	1888
"	Churchill C. Cambreleng	N. Y	1840	B. Harrison	George W. Wurts, ch. d'aff	Pa	1889
	Charles S. Todd			"	Charles Emory Smith	66	1890
Polk.	Ralph J. Ingersoll	Ct	1846	"	Andrew D. White	N. Y	1892
	Arthur P. Bagby		1848	Cleveland	Clifton R. Breckinridge	Ark	1894
	Neil S. Brown			McKinley	Ethan A. Hitchcock	Mo	1897
	Thomas II. Seymour			" "	" amb		1898
	Francis W. Pickens			"	Charlemagne Tower, amb	Pa	1899
	John Appleton			Roosevelt	" "		1899
Lincoln	Cassius M. Clay	K v	1861	"	Robert S. McCormick, amb	m	1902
66	Simon Cameron	Pa	1862	"	George von L. Meyer, amb	Mass.	1905
46	Bayard Taylor	N. Y	1862	"	John W. Rlddle, amb	Mass	1907
	Cassius M. Clay			Taft	William W. Rockhill, amb	D. C	1909
Grant	Andrew G. Curtin	i'a			Curtis Guild, amb		1911

RUSSIAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Empreors.	Ministers.	Date.*	Emperors.	Ministers.	Date.*
Alexander I	Andre de Daschkoff, ch. d'aff	1809		Alexander Gorloff, ch. d'aff	1871
"	Count Theodore de Pahlen	1810		Baron Henri d'Offenberg	1872
	Andre de Daschkoff	1811		Nicholas de Voigt, ch. d'aff	1874
"	Chevalier Pierra de Poletica	1819		Nicholas Shishkin	1875
66	George Ellisen, ch. d'aff	1822	"	Michel Bartholomei	1880
	Baron de Tuvll	1823	Alex. III	Charles de Struve	1882
	Baron de Maltitz, ch. d'aff	1826	"	Baron Gustave Schilling, ch. d'aff	1892
	Baron de Krudener	1827	"	Prince Cantacuzene	1893
	George Krehmer, ch. d'aff	1838	Nicholas II	44 44	1893
	Alexander de Bodisco	1838	"	E. de Kotzebue	1896
	Edward de Stoeckl	1854	"	Count Cassini, ambassador	1898
"	Waldemar Bodisco, ch. d'aff	1868		Baron Rosen, ambassador	1905
"	Constantine Catacazy	1869		George Bakhmetieff	

^{*} Date of Commission.

AUSTRIA AND AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO AUSTRIA.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
Van Buren	Henry A. Muhlenberg	Pa	1838		John A. Kasson		1877
"	J. R. Clay, ch. d'aff	"	1840	Garfield	William Walter Phelps	N. J	1881
Tyler	Daniel Jenifer	Md	1841		Alphonso Taft		1882
Polk	Wm. H. Stiles, ch. d'aff	Ga	1845	**	John M. Francis	N. Y	1884
Taylor	J. Watson Webb, ch. d'aff	N. Y	1849	Cleveland	A. M. Kiely	Va	1885
	C. J. McCurdy, ch. d'aff		1850	"	James Fenner Lee, ch. d'aff	Md	1885
	T. M. Foote, ch. d'aff		1852	"	Alexander R. Lawton	Ga	1587
	H. R. Jackson, min. res		1853		Frederick D. Grant		1859
Buchanan	J. Glancy Jones	Pa	1858	Cleveland	Bartlett Tripp	S. Dak	1893
	Anson Burlingame		1861		Charlemagne Tower		1897
"	John Lothrop Motley	"	1861	"	Addison C. Harris	Ind	1899
Johnson	George W. Lippitt, ch. d'aff	R. I	1867	"	Robert S. McCormick	111	1901
"	John Hay, ch. d'aff	111	1.67	Roosevelt	" "	"	1901
	Henry M. Watts		1868	"	Bellamy Storer, ambassador.	Ohio	1902
	John Jay		1869	"	Charles S. Francis, amb	N. Y	1906
	Godlove S. Orth		1875	Taft		14	1909
	Edward F. Beale		1876	"	Richard C. Kerens, amb	Mo	1909

AUSTRIAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Emperors.	Representatives.	Date.	Emperors.	Representatives.	Date.
	Baron de Mareschal	1838	Franz Joseph.	Chevalier E. S. von Tavera, ch. d'aff	1877
"	Chevaller Hulsemann, ch. d'aff	1541	"	Baron Ernest von Mayr	1879
Franz Joseph.	" " "	1841	**	Count Lippe-Weissenfeld, ch. d'aff	1881
44	" min. res	1855	**	Baron Ignatz von Schaeffer	1882
44	Count Nicholas Glorgi, min. res	1863	44	Count Lippe-Weissenfeld, ch. d'aff	1885
44	Count Wydenbruck	1865	66	Chevalier E. S. von Tavera	1887
44	Baron de Frankenstein, ch. d'aff	1867	**	L. Hengelmuller von Hengervar	1895
44	Baron Charles de Lederer	1868	"	amb	1902
66	Baron von Schwarz Senborn	1874	44	Dr. K. Theodor Dumba, amb	1912
44	Count Ladislaus Hoyos	1875	J	1	

FRANCE. UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO FRANCE.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDI TS.	Representatives.	States.	Date
Confederation	Thomas Jefferson	Va		Polk	J. L. Martin, ch. d'aff	N. C	1846
Washington	William Short, ch d'aff	44	1790	"	Richard Rush	Pa	1847
"	Gouverneur Morris	N. Y	1792	Taylor.	William C. Rives	Vo.	1849
"	James Monroe	Va	1794	l'illmore	"	"	1849
"	Charles C. Pinckney	S. C	1796	l'ierce	Henry S. Sanford, ch. d'aff	Ct	1853
	(Charles C. Pinckney	"	1797	"	John Y. Mason	Va	1853
John Adams	John Marshall	Va	1797	Buchanan	W. R. Calhoun, ch. d'aff	S. C	1859
	(Elbridge Gerry	Mass	1797	"	Charles J. Fanikner	Va	1860
	(Oliver Ellsworth	Ct	1799	Lincoln	William L. Dayton	N. J	1861
"	William Vans Murray	Md	1799	**	John Bigelow	N. Y	1864
	William R. Davle	N. C	1799	Johnson	John Hay, ch. d'aff	111	1866
efferson	Robert R. Livingston	N. Y	1801	"	John A. Dix	N. Y	1866
"	John Armstrong	"	1804	Grant	Elihu B. Washburne	111	1869
Madison	Jonathan Russell, ch. d'aff	R. I	1810	Hayes	Edward F. Noyes	Ohio	1871
"	Joel Barlow	Ct	1811	Garfield	Levi P. Morton	N. Y	1881
"	William II. Crawford	Ga	1813	Arthur	44	**	1881
"	Henry Jackson, ch. d'aff	Ку	1815	Cleveland	Robert M. McLane	Md	188
"	Albert Gallatin	Pa	1816	B. Harrison	Whitelaw Reid	N. Y	1889
Monroe	James Brown	La	1823	"	T. Jefferson Coolidge	Mass	1899
Jackson	William C. Rives	Va	1829	Cleveland	James B. Eustis, ambassador.	I.a	1893
"	Nathaniel Niles, ch. d'aff	Vt	1832	McKinley	llorace Porter, amba-sador	N. Y	189
"	Edward Livingston	La	1833	Roosevelt	" " "	44	1891
"	Thomas P. Barton, ch. d'aff	Pa	1835		Robert S. McCormick, amb		1908
"	Lewis Cass	Ohio	1836	"	Henry White, ambassador	R. I	190
Van Buren	"""	"	1836	Taft		"	1909
Tyler	Lewis Cass	"	1836		Robert Bacon, ambassador		1909
*****	nenry Ledyard, ch. d'an	мись,	1842	"	Myron T. Herrick	Ohio	1919
"	William R. King	Ala	1544	1)) -		

FRENCH MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

GOVERNMENT.	Representatives.	Date.	GOVERNMENT.	Representatives.	Date.
Louis XVI	Count de Monstier	1788	Napoleon III	Viscount Jules Treilhard, ch. d'aff	1859
44	M. Otto, ch. d'aff	1789		Henri Mercier	1860
"	Colonel Ternant	1791	"	Viscount Jules Treilhard, ch. d'aff	1863
	Edmond C. Genet			Louis de Geofroy, ch. d'aff	1864
Directory	Joseph Fauchet	1794	"	Marquia de Montholon	1865
"	l'ierre Auguste Adet	1795	"	Jules Berthemy	1866
Consulate	Pierre Auguste Adet	1795	44	Count de l'averney, ch. d'aff	1869
44	I., A. Pichon, ch. d'aff	1801		Prevost Paradol	1870
Napoleon I	General Turreau	1805		Jules Berthemy	1879
"	M. Serurier	1811	Nat. Defence	Viscount Jules Treilhard	1870
Louis XVIII.	"			Henry de Bellonnet, ch. d'aff	1871
44	G. Hyde de Neuville		"	Marquis de Noailles	1872
44	Count de Menou, ch. d'aff	1822	Pr.MacMahou	A. Bartholdi	1874
Charles X	Baron de Mareuil	1824	4.6	F. de Vaugelas, ch. d'aff	1876
66	Count de Menou, ch. d'aff	1827		Mamime Outrey	1877
44	Roux de Rochelle	1830	44	Theodore J. D. Roustan	1882
L. Philippe	M. Serurier	1831	Pres. Grevy	J. l'atenotre	1891
	Alphonse Pageot, ch. d'aff		Pres. Carnot		1891
"	Edouard l'ontois	1837	"	" ambassador	1893
	Alphouse Pageot, ch. d'aff		Pres. Faure		1893
	L. Adolph Aime Fourier de Bacourt		**	Jules ('ambon, ambassador	1898
	Alphonse Joseph Yver Pageot	1842	Pres. Loubet		1898
	Guillaume Tell Lavallee l'oussin	1848	"	Jean J. Jusserand, ambassador	1902
24	E. A. Olivier Sain de Boislecomte	1850	Pres. Fallieres	44 4	1906
Napoleon III	Count de Sartiges	1851	1		

CERMANY.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE GERMAN EMPIRE.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
	George Bancroft				George H. Pendleton		
	Nicholas Fish, ch. d'aff J. C. Bancroft Davis		1001		William Walter Phelps Theodore Runyon, amb		1000
Hayes	II. Sidney Everett, ch. d'aff	Mass	1877	"	Edwin F. Uhl, ambassador	Mich	1896
	Bayard Taylor			Roosevelt	Andrew D. White, amb		1897 1897
	Andrew D. White				Charlemagne Tower, amb David J. Hill, amb		
Arthur	A. A. Sargent	Cal	1882	Taft	" " "	"	1909
44	John A. Kasson	Ia	1884	44	John G. A. Leishman, amb	Pa	1911

GERMAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Emperors.	Representatives.	Date.	EMPERORS,	Representatives.	Date.
William II	Kurd von Schlozer. Count von Beust, ch. d'aff. Karl von Eisendecher. H. von Alvensleben. Count Arco Valley. A. von Mumm, ch. d'aff.	1882 1883 1884 1888	"	Theodore von Holleben	1893 1895 1898 1904

ITALY.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO ITALY.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
	George P. Marsh	Vt			J. J. Van Alen, ambassador* .		1893
Johnson Grant		46			Wayne MacVeagh, amb William F. Draper, amb		1893 1897
Hayes	""	46		Roosevelt	George von L. Meyer, amb	44	1901 1901
Garfield	" "	"	1861	"	Henry White, ambassador	R. I	1905
	William Waldorf Astor John B. Stallo				Lloyd C. Griscom, amb John G. A. Leishman, amb		
B. Harrison	Albert G. Porter	Ind	1889		Thomas J. O'Brien, amb		1911
66	William Potter	Pa	1892	1	J)	i

* Mr. Van Alen was confirmed by the Senate but declined, and Mr. MacVeagh was appointed.

ITALIAN MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Kings.	Representatives.	Date.	Kings.	Representatives.	Date.
46 46 46 46 46	Chevalier Joseph Bertinatti, Romeo Cantagsalli, ch. d'aff. Chevalier Marcello Cerruti. Count Luigi Colobiano, ch. d'aff. Count Luigi Corti. Count Lita, ch. d'aff. Baron Alberto Blanc.	1866 1867 1869 1870 1874	"		1880 1881 1891 1892 1893 1893 1901 1910

SPAIN.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS TO SPAIN.

PRESIDENTS.	Ministers.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Ministers.	States.	Date.
Washington	W. Carmichael, ch. d'aff	Md	1790	Lincoln	H. J. Perry, ch. d'aff	N. H	1864
"	William Short, min. res	Va	1794	"	John P. Hale	"	1865
"	Thomas Pinckney	s. c	1794	Grant	Daniel E. Sickles	N. Y	1869
- "	David Humphreys	Ct	1796		Alvey A. Adee, ch. d'aff	l" ····l	1873
Jefferson	Charles Pinckney	S. C		*******	Caleb Cushing	Mass	1874
"	G. W. Erving, ch. d'aff		1805	Hayes	James Russell Lowell		1877
	Official relations with Spain				Lucius Fairchild	Wis	1880
	were broken off from 1808			Garneld			1880
	to 1814.				Hannibal Hamlin		1881
Madison	G. W. Erving	Mass	1814		John W. Foster		1883 1885
Monroe	John Forsyth	Ga	1819	Cleveland	Jabez L. M. Curry	V 8	
1 0 11	Hugh Nelson	۱۵	1823 1825		Perry Belmont	No. 1	1889
	Alexander H. Everett				Thomas W. Palmer		1890
	Cornelius P. Van Ness				E. Burd Grubb		
	A. Middleton, Jr., ch. d'aff John II. Eaton			**	Hannis Taylor		
4 an 13 dien	Aaron Vail, ch. d'aff	V V		McKinlay	Stewart L. Woodford	N V	1897
Tarlor	Washington Irving	****	1842	Dicikiniey	Official relations with Spain		100,
Polk	Romulus M. Saunders	N C			were broken off, April, 1898,		Ì
	Daniel M. Barringer				to April, 1899.	i :	
Pierce	Pierre Soule	I.a		44	Bellamy Storer	Ohio.	1899
44	Augustua C. Dodge	Ia.	1855	Roosevelt	Bellamy Storer	44	1899
Buchanan	William Preston	Kv	1858	"	Arthur S. Hardy	N. H	1902
Lincoln	Carl Schurz	Wis		"	William M. Collier	N. Y	1906
44	Gustavus Koerner	III	1862	Taft	Henry Clay Ide	V t	1909

SPANISH MINISTERS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Sovereigns.	Miniaters.	Date.	Sovereigns.	Ministers.	Date.
Carlos IV	Jose Ignacio de Viar, ch. d'aff	1789	Amadeo I	Admiral Don Jose Polo de Bernabe	1872
	Jose Ignacio de Viar. (joint)		Pr. Figueras.,		1872
	Jose de Jandenes, (ch. d'aff.)	1791	" Castelar		1872
	Carlos M. de Irujo	1796		Antonio Mantilla	1874
"	Valentin de Foronda, ch. d'aff	1807		Jose Brunetti, ch. d'aff	1878
	Official relations with Spain were	1001	Aiphouso	Felipe Mendez de Vigo y Osorio	1879
	broken off from 1808 to 1814.		44	Francisco Barca del Corral	1881
There are 3711	Luis de Onis	1809		Enrique Dupuy de Lome, ch. d'aff	1883
		1819	44		
	Mateo de la Serna, ch. d'aff	1820		Juan Valera y Alcala Galiano	1886
	Francisco Dionisio Vives		Alpn. Alli	Emilio de Muruaga	
;; ··	Josquin de Anduaga	1821		Miguel Suarez Guanes	1890
	F. H. Rivas y Salmon, ch. d'aff	1823		Jose Felipe Segario, ch. d'aff	1891
	Francisco Tacon			Enrique Dupuy de Lome	1892
M. Christina		1827	"	Emilio de Muruaga	1893
	Angel Calderon de la Barca	1835		Enrique Dupuy de Lome	1896
"	Pedro Alcantara Argaiz	1839	"	Louis Polo y Bernabe	1898
"	Fidencio Bourman, ch. d'aff	1844		Diplomatic intercourse broken off by	
"	Angel Calderon de la Barca, min. res.	1844		the war.	
	Jose Maria Magallon, ch. d'aff		66	Jose Brunetti, Duke of Arcos	1899
	Leopoldo Augusto de Cueto		66	Emilio de Ojeda	1902
66	Alfonso Escalante	1855	- 44	Bernardo J. de Cologan	1906
	Gabriel Garcia y Tassara		66	Ramon Pina	1907
	Facundo Goni		"	Marquis of Villalobar	1909
	Mauricio Lopez Roberts			Don Juan Riano y Gayangos	1910
		, 2000		The same reserved and and and are seen	

CREAT BRITAIN.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO GREAT BRITAIN.

PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.	PRESIDENTS.	Representatives.	States.	Date.
Washington	Thomas Pinckney	S. C	1792	Pierce	James Buchanan	Pa	-1853
" "	Rufus King	N. Y	1796	"	George M. Dallas	44	1856
John Adams	"	"	1796	Buchanan		**	1856
Yofformoon	(James Monroe *	Va	1803	Lincoln	Charles Francis Adams	Mass	1861
Jenerson	William Pinkney	Md	1806	Johnson	" "	"	1861
biadison	Jonathan Russell, ch. d'alt	K. I	1911	44	Reverdy Johnson	Md	1868
"	John Quincy Adams	Mass	1815	Grant	John Lothrop Motley	Mass	1869
Monroe	J. Adams Smith, ch. d'aff	"		"	Robert C. Schenck	Ohio	1870
** ******	Richard Rush	Pa	1817	"	Edwards Pierrepont	N. Y	1876
J. Q. Adams	Rufus King	N. Y	1825		John Welsh		
"	Albert Gallatin	Pa	1826	"	Wm. J. Hoppin, ch. d'aff	N. Y	
	W. B. Lawrence, ch. d'aff			"	James Russell Lowell	Mass	1880
"	James Barbour	Va	1828	Garfield	James Russell Lowell	" •	
	Louis McLane			Arthur	" " "	"	1880
	Washington Irving, ch. d'aff.		1831	Cleveland	Edward J. Phelps	Vt	1885
"	Martin Van Buren	"			Robert T. Lincoln		
"	Aaron Vail, ch. d'aff	"			Thos. F. Bayard, ambassador.		
	Andrew Stevenson				John Hay, ambassador		
	Edward Everett			"	Henry White, ch. d'aff	R. I	1898
Polk	Louis McLane	Md	1845	65	Joseph H. Choate, ambassador	N. Y	1899
"	George Bancroft	N. Y	1846				
Taylor	J. C. B. Davis, ch. d'aff	Mass	1849		Whitelaw Reid, ambassador	"	1905
	Abbott Lawrence	"	1849	Taft	" " "	"	1909
Fillmore	Joseph R. Ingersoll	Pa	1852			1 1	

BRITISH MINISTERS AND AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES.

Sovereigns.	Representatives.	Date.	Sovereigns.	Representatives.	Date.
George III	George Hammond	1791	Victoria	Sir Henry Lytton Bulwer	1849
"	Phineas Bond, ch. d'aff	1795	"	John F. T. Crampton, ch. d'aff	1851
"	Robert Liston	1796	"	" " envoy and min	1852
"	Edward Thornton, ch. d'aff	1800	"	Philip Griffith, ch. d'aff	1853
"	Anthony Merry	1803		John Savile Lumley, ch. d'aff	1855
"		1806		Lord Napier	1857
"		1809	4"	Lord Lyons	1859
"	John Philip Morier, ch. d'aff	1810	"	Joseph Hume Burnley, ch. d'aff	1864
"	Augustus John Foster	1811		Sir Frederick W. A. Bruce	1865
	Anthony St. John Baker, ch. d'aff	1815		Francis Clark Ford, ch. d'aff	1867
a	Charles Bagot	1816		Sir Edward Thornton	1868
	Gibbs Crawford Antrobus, ch. d'aff	1819		Lionel S. Sackville West	1881
	Sir Stratford Canning	1820		Sir Julian Pauncefotet	1889
	Henry Unwin Addington, ch. d'aff	1823	72	16 11 amunisanui	1893
William IV	Charles Richard Vaughan	1825	Edward VII		1893
		1825 1835	- 44	Hon, Sir Michael H. Herbert, amb Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, amb	1902
Victoria	Charles Bankhead, ch. d'aff	1836		James Davis ambassadar	1903 1907
Victoria	Henry Stephen Fox	1844	George V	James Bryce, ambassador	1910
"	John F. T. Crampton, ch. d'aff	1847		Sir Cecil A. Spring-Rice, ambassador.	1912

*Monroe was appointed alone in 1803, and then jointly with Pinkney in 1806. † Later Lord Pauncefote.

American Battle Dates.

FRENCH AND INDIAN WARS.

1754—May 28 Great Meadows, Pa.	1757—July 6Fort William Henry.
1755—July 9Braddock's Field.	1758—July 6Ticonderoga.
1755—September 8. Lake George.	1758—August 27Fort Frontenac,
1756—August 11Oswego, N. Y.	1758—November 25Fort Du Quesne.

1775—April 19 Levington and Concord 1777	WAR.
1775—May 10. Ticonderoga. 1778—J 1775—June 17. Bunker Hill. 1778—J 1775—December 31. Quebec. 1778—J 1776—August 27. Long Island. 1778—J 1776—October 28. White Plains. N. Y. 1776—November 16. Fort Washington, N. Y. 1780—M 1777—January 3. Princeton. 1780—M 1777—August 6. Oriskany. 1780—M 1777—August 16. Bennington. 1780—M 1777—September 11. Brandywine, 1781—M 1777—October 4. Germantown. 1781—M 1781—September 19. Bemis Helghts. 1781—M 1777—October 4. Germantown. 1781—M	October 17 Burgoyne's surrender. June 28 Monmouth. July 3 Wyoming massacre. August 29 Rhode Island. December 29. Savannah. July 15 Stony Point, N. Y. October 8 Savannah. May 12 Charleston captured. May 29 Waxhaw. June 23 Springfield, N. J. August 16 Camden, S. C. October 7 King's Mountain. January 17 Cowpens. March 15 Guilford Court House. September 8 Eutaw Springs. October 17 Yorktown.

WAR OF 1812.

***************************************	01 1012.
1812—August 16Detroit (surrendered).	1814—July 25 Lundy's Lane.
1812—October 13Queenstown.	1814—August 15Fort Erie.
1813-April 27York (Toronto).	1814—August 24Bladensburg, Md.
1813—May 9Fort Meigs.	1814—September 11Plattsburg, N. Y.
1813—October 5The Thames.	1814-September 13. Fort McHenry, Md.
1813—November 11Chrystler's Field.	1814—October 19Lyons's Creek.
1814—July 5. Chinnews.	1 1815—January 8 New Orleans.

Apportionment of Congressional Representation.

Ratios under Constitution and at each Ceusus, 1790 to 1910, by States,

			, instruction	CIOIL L	TICE LEC	cacn	Je miu.	34 1 100) to 19	10, 0,	Butte	· ·		
	RATIOS UNDER CONSTITUTION AND CENSUSES.													
	Consti- tution.	1790	1800	1810	1820	1830	1840	1 850	1860	1870	1880	1890	1900	1910 ——
STATE.	30, 000.	33,000.	33,000.	35,000.	40,000.	47,700.	70,680.	93, 423.	127,381.	131, 425.	151,911.	173,901.	194,182.	212, 407
						Rep	esent	ation.						
Alabama		 	·····	1 7	3 6	5 6	7 2 4	7 2 2 2 4	6 3 3 4	8 4 4 1 1	8 5 6 1 4	9 6 7 2 4	9 7 8 3 5	1 11 4
DelawareFloridaGeorgiaIdahoIllinoisIndiana	3	1 2 	1 4 	2 6 1	1 7 3	1 9 7	1 1 8 7 10	1 1 8 9 11	1 7 14 11	1 2 9 19 13	1 10 1 20 13	1 11 1 22 13	11 11 25 13	$\frac{2}{27}$
lowa. Kansas. Kentucky. Louislana. Maine. Maryland		 2 8	6 9	10 10 1 * 7 9	12 3 7 9	13 3 8 8	10 4 7 6	10 4 6 6	6 1 9 5 5 5	9 3 10 6 5 6	11 7 11 6 4 6	11 8 11 6 4 6	11 8 11 7 4 6	8
Massachusetts. Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana		14	17	13 1	13 1 1	12 1 2 2	10 3 4 5	11 4 2 5 7	10 6 2 5 9	11 9 3 6 13	12 11 5 7 14 1	13 12 7 15 15	14 12 9 8 16	13 10 8 16
Nebraska Nevada N. Hampshire. New Jersey New Mexico New York	3 4	3 10	5 6 17	6 6	6 6 34	5 6 40	 4 5 	3 5 	1 1 3 5	1 3 7 	3 1 2 7 34	6 1 2 8	10 10 37	$\frac{1}{2}$
North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania.		10 iii	12 1 18	13	13 14 26	13 19 28	9 21 24	21 21 25	7 19 124	8 20 27	9 1 21 1 28	9 1 21 21 30	10 21 21 32	3 22 8 3
Rhode Island. South Carolina South Dakota. Tennessee Texas. Utah	. 5	6 1		9 6			11 2	2	4	10 6 	2 7 2 10 11 	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 7 \\ 2 \\ 10 \\ 13 \\ 1 \end{array}$	2 7 2 10 16 1	10 18
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	10	19 106		23	22	21	15	3	6	8	$\begin{array}{ c c } & 2 \\ & 10 \\ & 1 \\ & 4 \\ & 9 \\ & 1 \\ & 332 \end{array}$	10 2 4 10 10 1 357	3 5 11 1	10 5 6 11 1

Barty Divisions

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 62D AND 63D CONGRESSES.

111 1111	THE HOUSE OF THE PARTY OF THE P								
	SIXT	OND RESS.*	Cong			SIX' SECO CONGR	OND	SIX THI CONG	
STATES.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	STATES,	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Alabama Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. Arizona. California. Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kausas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan. Mimesota Mississippi Missouri Mentana	31 :121 :972542183	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10 17345142:033598167218423		Nevada New Hampshire New Hersey New York North Carolina. Ohio Okiaho ma Oregon Pennsylvania. Rhode Island South Carolina. South Dakota. Tennessce Texas. Utah Vermont Virginia. Washington. Wisconsin Wyoming	71 23 10 16 3 9 17 :86 :9 16 :9 :42 :	123 :4 :252231 :22 :1213181	11 12 10 19 6 12 7 18 18 19 18	1 :1 :000000044 :002 :222154481
Nebraska	3_	3	3	3	Total	*228	162	291	144

*As constituted at the beginning of the Congress. In Sixty-second Congress one member each was seated from Arizona and New Mexico on their admission to Statehood. Both members Democrats. † One Socialist member in addition,

PARTY DIVISIONS IN CONCRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN 1859.

		# N Les I	0.50		1 /314 1		1000.				
CONGRESSES.	YEARS.			SENAT			House of Representatives.				
COLIGINESSES.	I LARS.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.
XXXVI	1859-1861	38	26	2			101	113	23		
	1861-1863	10	31	٠	2		42	106		28	
	1863-1865	9	36		5	1	75	102		••	9
XXXIX	1865-1867*	11	41				40	145			
XL	1867-1869*	11	42				49	143		• • •	• • •
Xri	1869-1871	11	58		• • •		78	151			12.
XLII		17	57			F	103	138 •		•••	5 †
XLIII		20	47			7 † 2 †	192	$\frac{194}{107}$		• • •	14
XLIV		29 39	43 36			1 1	168 151	142			••
XLV	1879-1881	44	$\frac{30}{32}$			_ '1	148	129			16 t
XLVII	1001 1001	38	37			Ϊį	138	146			10 1
XLVIII	1883-1885	36	401				198	124			Ti ‡
XLIX	1885-1887	34	42	•••	::	::	204	120		••	1 7 7
L		37	39				168	153		::	4
LI		37	39		::		159	166	i ::	::	
îi		39	47		::	2 1	236	88	1		8¶
LIII.**	1893-1895	44	38			3 1	220	126	1		81
LIV	1895-1897	39	42	;;	l	5 1	104	246			7 1
LŸ		34	46			10##	13488	206			16¶¶
LVI	1899-1901	26	53			11111	163	185			9;;;
LVII	1901-1903	29	56			3 \$55	153	198	١		5111
LVIII	1903-1905	32	58				174	206			2***
LYIX	1905-1907	32	58				136	250			
LX	1907-1909	31	61				164	222			••
LXI	1999-1911	32	60	• • •			172	219			-::
LXII	1911-1913	41	51				228	162			1*†
LXIII	1913-1915	1 ++ 1	††	٠	٠		291	144	1	,	,

Parties as constituted at the beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats, etc.

* During the civil war most of the Southern States were unrepresented in Congress, † Liberal Republicans. ‡ Greenbackers. § David Davis, Independen

† Greenbackers. † David Davis, Independent, of Illinois. † Two Virginia Senators were Readjusters, and voted with the Republicans. † People's party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver party. member is classed as Silver party.

**Three Senate seats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled (Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. ‡‡Five Populists, two Silver party, three Independents. \$} Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. ¶¶ Including three members classed as Silver party. There was one vacancy. ‡‡Six Populists, three Silver party. ¶¶ Five Populists, one Silver party, two Independents, and three vacancies. № Three Populists, one Silver party, one Fusion party, one vacancy. \$\$\forall One Populist, one Silver party, one Fusionist, two vacancies—one Democratic, one Republican. *\forall One Populist Data Indicating party division in Senate 63d Congress, not available when Almanac went to press. (See page 509.)

The Sixty=second Congress.

BEGAN MARCH 4, 1911, AND ENDS MARCH 4, 1913.

SENATE.

Secretary	3. Bennett, Rep., of New York.
(Terms	

Terms

Terms Expire.	Senators.	P. O. Address,	Expire.	Senators.	P. O. Address.
Expero.	ALABAMA.	21 01 22001 0001	Zanpure.	NEBRASKA.	
1919John l	h F. Johnston, D H. Bankhead, D	.Fayette.	1917Gilber 1913Norri	rt M. Hitchcock, D s Brown, R	Omaha. Kearney.
	ARIZONA.			NEVADA.	T 2
1915Marcu 1917Henry	ARIZONA. as A. Smith, D F. Ashurst, D	.Tucson. .Prescott.	1915Franc 1917Willia	eis G. Newlands, D	
	ARKANSAS.			NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
1915James 1913Jeffers	s P. Clarke, Dson Davis, D	Little Rock. .Little Rock.	1915Jacob 1913Henr	H. Gallinger, R y E. Burnham, R	Concord. Manchester.
	CALIFORNIA.		1	NEW JERSEY.	
1915Georg	e C. Perkins, R D. Works, R	Oakland.	1917Jame	S.E. Martine, D O. Briggs, R	. Plainfield.
1917John	D. Works, R	.Los Angeles.	1 913Frank		.Trenton.
	COLORADO.		1	NEW MEXICO.	
			1917Thom	as B. Catron, R	Santa Fé.
1913Simon	Guggenheim, R CONNECTICUT,	. Denver.	l	as B. Catron, Rt B. Fall, R	
1015 Frank	B. Brandegee, R	New London	1915 Elibu	Root R	New York
1917. Georg	e P. McLean, R.	.Simsbury.	1917James	Root, R A. O' Gorman, D	
	DELAWARE.			NORTH CAROLINA.	
1917Henry	r A. Du Pont, R	.Winterthur.	1915Lee S	Overman, D L. Simmons, D	Salisbury.
1913H. A.	Richardson, R	. Dover,	1913F. MC	L. SIMMONS, D	Kaleigh.
101f Tunos	FLORIDA.	To observe mills	1015 Acla	J. Gronna, R	Lakota
1915Dunca	in U. Fletcher, D in P. Bryan, D	Tackson ville.	1917. Porte	r J. McCumber, R	Wahneton
ADIT. CITALITA	GEORGIA.	.Jackson vine.	2021112 0210	OHIO,	an or disaperon.
1913 A 110119	stus O. Bacon, D	Macon	1915Theod	lore E. Burton, R	Cleveland.
1915 ноке	Smith. Danasassassassassassassassassassassassass	. A Hania.	1917Atlee	Pomerene, D	Canton.
	IDAHO, and I. Perky,* D am E. Borah, R		l	OKLAHOMA.	
1915Kirtla	nd I. Perky,* D	.Boisé.	1913Rober	t L. Owen, Das P. Gore, D	Muskogee.
1913Willia	ım E. Borah, R	 Boisé. 	1915Thom	as P. Gore, D	.Lawton.
	ILLINOIS.			OREGON.	
1010 (1) - 15		*****************	1915Geo	OREGON. E. Chamberlain, D han Bourne, Jr., R	Portland.
igiaSnero	y M. Cullom, R	.springueia.	1913Jonat	PENNSYLVANIA.	Portiana.
1015 Donto	min F. Shively, D	Conth Dand	1015 Doing	Panrosa P	Philadelphia
1917John	W. Kern, D	. Indianapolis	1917. Geo.	Penrose, R r. Oliver, R	Pittsburgh.
212111001111	IOWA.	• I natanaponta	Į.	RHODE ISLAND.	
1915Alber	t B. Cummins, R	.Des Moines.	1917Henr	y F. Lippitt, R	Providence.
1913Willia	ım S. Kenyon, R	Fort Dodge.	1913Georg	y F. Lippitt, Re P. Wetmore, R	Newport.
	KANSAS.	~	1015 Tilling	SOUTH CAROLINA.	Florongo
1919Josep	h L. Bristow, R	Salina,	1913 Reni	n D. Smith, D R. Tillman, D	Trenton.
1915Charie	es Curtis, R KENTUCKY.	. ropeka,	1010	SOUTH DAKOTA.	
1915Willia	m O. Bradley, R	·Louisville.	1915Coe I.	Crawford, R	.Huron.
1913Thom	m O. Bradley, Ras H. Paynter, D	.Frankfort.	1913Rober	t J. Ganible, R	.Yankton.
	LOUISIANA.		1015 Tules	TENNESSEE.	Nochwillo
1913 . Murni	R. Thornton, D hy J. Foster, D	Franklin	1917Luke	Lea, D Il Sanders, *R	. Chattanooga.
	MAINE.			TEXAS.	
1917Charle	es F. Johnson, D	. Waterville.	1917Charl	es A. Culberson, D h W. Bailey, D	Dallas.
1913Obadi	ah Gardner, D	.Rockland.	1913. Josep	h W. Bailey, D	Gainesville.
1015 Tohn	MARYLAND, W Smith D	Snow Hill		UTAH,	D
1917Willis	W.Smith, Dam P. Jackson, * R	Salisbury.	1915 Reed	Smoot, Re Sutherland, R	Provo.
202000 00 02000	MASSACHUSETTS.		ISITGeorg	VERMONT	san nake ony
1917. Henry	Cabot Lodge, R	.Nahant.	1915Willia	vermont. m P. Dillingham, R	Waterbury.
1913Winth	y Cabot Lodge, R rop M. Crane, R	Dalton.	1917Carro	н S. Page, к	Hyde Park.
			1015 (1016	VIRGINIA.	Chatham
1917Charle	es E. Townsend, R um Alden Smith, R	Grand Panida	1917. Claud	e A. Swanson, D	Charlot'evilla
1915 W IIII	MINNESOTA.	oranu napius,	19191 11011	WASHINGTON,	Charlot svine
1917. Moses	E. Clapp, R	St. Paul.	1915Wesle	v L. Jones, R	N. Yakima.
1913Knute	E. Clapp, R	.Alexandria.	1917Miles	y L. Jones, R Poindexter, R	Spokane.
1010 T	MISSISSIPPI.	G	2017 337:11:-	WEST VIRGINIA. nm E. Chilton, D nce W. Watson, D	CD14
1913Leroy	Percy, D Sharp Williams, D	.Greenville.	1917., Willia	im E. Chilton, D	Charleston.
1011301111	MISSOURI.	, 1 a200,	1	WISCONSIN.	
1915Willia	ım J. Stone, D	.JeffersonCity.	1915Isaac	Stephenson, R	Marinette.
1917James	s A. Reed, D	.Kansas City.	1917Rober	Stephenson, R t M. La Follette, R	Madison.
1017 Trans	MONTANA.	Homilton	l	WYOMING.	_
1913. Josep	y L. Myers, D h M. Dixon, R	. Missonla	1913. Franc	nce D. Clark, R is E. Warren, R	Chevenne.
	nted by Governor to fill				

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.						
ALABAMA.	ILLINOIS—Continued.					
	Dist. Representative. Politics. P.O. Address.					
1 George W. Taylor*. Dem. Demopolis. 2 S. H. Dent, Jr*. Dem. Montgomery 3 Henry D. Clayton*. Dem. Eufeula. 4 F. L. Blackmon. Dem. Anniston. 5 J. Thomas Heilin*. Dem. Lafayette. 6 Richmond P. Hobson*. Dem. Greensboro 7 John L. Burnett*. Dem. Gadsden. 8 William Richardson*. Dem. Huntsville. 9 Oscar W. Underwood*. Dem. Birminghan ARIZONA. At Large.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address. 13 John C. McKenle. Rep. Elizabeth. 14 James McKinney* Rep. Aledo. 15 George W. Prince* Rep. Galesburg. 16 Claude U. Stone. Dem. Peoria. 17 John A. Sterling* Rep. Bloomington. 18 Joseph G. Cannon* Rep. Danville. 19 William B. McKinley* Rep. Champaign. 20 Henry T. Rainey* Dem. Carroliton. 21 James M. Graham* Dem. Springfield. 22 Wm. A. Rodenberg* Rep. East St. Louis. 23 Martin D. Foster* Dem. Olney. 24 H. Robert Fowler. Dem. Elizabethtown. 25 N. B. Thistlewood* Rep. Cairo.					
Carl Hayden Dem . Phænix.	25 11. D. Thistiewood Rep Cairo.					
1 Robert Bruce Macon*. Dem. Helena. 2 William A. Oldielel*. Dem. Batesville. 3 John C. Floyd*. Dem. Yellville. 4 Ben Cravens*. Dem. Fort Smith. 5 H. M. Jacoway. Dem. Dardanelle. 6 Joe T. Robinson*. Dem. Lonoke. 7 W. S. Goodwin. Dem. Warren. CALIFORNIA. 1 John E. Raker. Dem. Alturas. 2 William Kent. Rep. Kentfield. 3 Joseph R. Knowland*. Rep. Alameda. 4 Julius Kahn*. Rep. San Jose. 5 Everts A. Hayes*. Rep. San Jose.	INDIANA. 1 John W. Boelne* 2 William A. Cullop* Dem. Vincennes. 3 William E. Cox* Dem. Jasper. 4 Lincoln Dixor* Dem. North Vernon. 5 Raiph W. Moss* Dem. Center Point. 6 Filley H. Gray Dem. Indianapolis. 8 John A. M. Adair* Dem. Portland. 9 Martin A. Morrison* Dem. Frankfort. 10 Edgar D. Crumpacker* Rep. Valparaiso. 11 George W. Rauch* Dem. Marion. 12 Cyrus Cilne* Dem. Angola. 13 Henry A. Barnhart* Dem. Rochester.					
4 Julius Kahn*. Rep. San Francisco. 5 Everls A. Hayes*. Rep. San José. 6 James C. Needham*. Rep. Modesta. 7 William D. Stephens. Rep. Los Angeles. 8 Sylvester C. Smith*. Rep. Bakersñeld. COLORADO. 1 Atterson W. Rucker*. Dem. Fort Logan. 2 John A. Martin*. Dem. Pueblo. At Large.	1 Charles A, Kennedy*, Rep., Montrose, 2 I, S. Pepper, Dem., Muscatine, 3 Charles E, Pickett*, Rep., Waterioo, 4 Gilbert N, Haugon*, Rep., Northwood, 5 James W, Good*, Rep., Cedar Rapids, 6 N, E, Kendall*, Rep., Albia, 7 S, F, Prouty, Rep., Des Molnes, 8 H, M, Towner, Rep., Corning, 9 Wm, R, Green, Rep., Audubon, 10 Frank P, Woods*, Rep., Estherville, 11 Elbert H, Hubbard*, Rep., Sloux City,					
Edward T. Taylor*DemGlenwood Springs CONNECTICUT. 1 E. Stevens Henry*RepRockville. 2 Thomas L. RelliyDemMerlden. 3 Edwin W. Higgins*. RepNorwieh. 4 Ebenez J. Hill*RepNorwiak.	8 H. M. Towner. Rep. Corning. 9 Wm. R. Green. Rep. Audubon. 10 Frank P. Woods* Rep. Estherville. 11 Elbert H. Hubbard* Rep. Sloux City.					
3 Edwin W. Higgins*RepNorwich. 4 Ebenezer J. Hill*RepNorwalk. At Large. John Q. Tilson*RepNew Haven. DELAWARE. At Large. William H. Heald*RepWlimington. FLORIDA.	1 D. R. Anthony, Jr.*. Rep. Leavenworth, 2 Jos. A. Taggart. Dem. 3 Phillip P. Campbell*. Rep. Pittsburg. 4 Frederick S. Jackson Rep. Eureka. 5 R. R. Reese. Rep. Minneapolis. 6 I. D. Young. Rep. Beloit. 7 George A. Neeley Dem. Hutchinson, 8 Victor Murdock*. Rep. Wichita.					
1 Stephen M. Sparkman* Dem. Tampa. 2 Frank Clark* Dem. Galnesville. 3 Dannitte H. Mays* Dem. Monticello. GEORGIA. 1 Charles G. Edwards* Dem. Savannah. 2 S. A. Roddenbery* Dem. Thomasville. 3 Dudley M. Hughes* Dem Danville. 4 William G. Adamson* . Dem Carroliton. 5 William S. Howard Dem Decatur.	1 Olle M. James* Dem Marlon. 2 Augustus O. Stanley* Dem Hienderson. 3 R. Y. Thomas, Jr.* Dem Central City. 4 Ben Johnson* Dem Bardstown. 5 Swagar Sherley* Dem Louisville. 6 Arthur B. Rouse. Dem Burlington. 7 James C. Cantrill* Dem Georgetown. 8 Harvey Helm* Dem Stanford. 9 W. J. Fields. Dem Olive Hill. 10 John W. Langley* Rep. Prestonburg. 11 Caleb Powers					
7 Gordon Lee*. Dem. Chickamauga. 8 Samuel J. Tribble. Dem. Athens. 9 Thomas M. Bell*. Dem. Gainesville. 10 Thomas W. Hardwick* Dem. Sandersvill 11 William G. Brantley*. Dem. Brunswick IDARO. At Large. Burton L. Frencht. Rep. Moscow	1 Albert Estopinal*. Dem Estopinal. 2 H. Garland Dupre Dem New Iberia. 3 Robert F. Broussard*. Dem New Iberia. 4 John T. Watkins*. Dem Minden. 5 Joseph E. Ransdell*. Dem Lake Providence. 6 7 Arsene P. Pujo*. Dem Lake Charles.					
ILLINOIS. 1 Martin B. Madden*. Rep. Chleago 2 James R. Mann*. Rep. Chleago 3 William W. Wilson Rep. Chleago 4 James T. McDermott*. Dem. Chleago 5 Adolph J. Sabath*. Dem. Chleago 6 Edmund T. Stack. Dem. Chleago 7 Frank Bucbanan. Dem. Chleago 8 Thomas Gallagher*. Dem. Chleago 9 Lynden Evans Dem. Chleago 10 George Edmund Foss*, Rep. Chleago. 11 Ira C. Copley. Rep. Aurora. 12 Chas. E. Fulicr*. Rep. Belvidere.	MAINE. 1 Asher C. Hinds Rep Portland. 2 D. J. McGillieuddy Dem. Lewiston. 3 Samuel W. Gould Dem Skowhegan 4 Frank E. Guernsey* Rep Dover. MARTLAND. 1 James H. Covington* Dem Easton. 2 Joshua F. C. Talbott* Dem Towson. 3 George Konig Dem Baltimore. 4 J. Charles Linthleum Dem Baltimore. 5 Thomas Parran Rep St. Leonard. 6 David J. Lewis Dem Cumberland.					

MASSACHUSETTS.	NEW JERSEY.
Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address. 1 George P. Lawrence*. Rep. North Adams. 2 Frederick H. Gillett*. Rep. Springfield. 3 John A. Thayer. Dem. Worcester. 4 William H. Wilder. Rep. Gardner. 5 Butler Ames*. Rep. Lowell. 6 Augustus P. Gardner*. Rep. Hamilton. 7 Ernest W. Roberts*. Rep. Chelsea. 8 Samuel W. McCall*. Rep. Winchester. 9 William F. Murray. Dem. Boston. 10 James M. Curley. Dem. Boston. 11 Andrew J. Peters*. Dem. Boston. 12 John W. Weeks*. Rep. West Newton. 13 William S. Greene*. Rep. West Newton. 13 William S. Greene*. Rep. East Bridgewater.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address. 1 Wm. J. Browning. Rep Camden. 2 John J. Gardner*. Rep. Atlantic City. 3 Thomas J. Scully. Dem. Perth Amboy. 4 Ira W. Wood*. Rep. Trenton. 5 William E. Tuttle, Jr. Dem. Westfield. 6 William Hughest. Dem. Paterson. 7 E. W. Townsend. Dem. U. Montelalr. 8 Walter I. McCoy. Dem. South Orange. 9 Eugene F. Kinkead*. Dem. Jersey City. 10 James A. Hamili*. Dem. Jersey City.
12 John W. Weeks* Rep. West Newton. 13 William S. Greene* Rep. Fall River. 14 Robert O. Harris Rep. East Bridgewater.	NEW MEXICO. At Large. H. B. FergussonDemAlbuquerque.
MICHIGAN. 1 Frank E. Doremus. Dem. Detrolt. 2 Wm. W. Wedemeyer Rep Ann Arbor. 3 J. M. C. Smith Rep Charlotte. 4 Edward L. Hamilton* Rep Niles. 5 Edwin F. Sweet Dem. Grand Rapids. 6 Samuel W. Smith* Rep. Pontlae. 7 Henry McMorran* Rep. Port Huron. 8 Joseph W. Fordney* Rep Saginaw, W.S. 9 J.C. McLaughlin* Rep. Muskegon. 10 George A. Loud* Rep Au Sable. 11 Francis H. Dodds* Rep Mt. Pleasant. 12 H. Olin Young Rep Ishpemlag.	NEW YORK. 1 Martin W. Littleton. Dem. Port Washington. 2 George H. Lindsay* Dem. Brooklyn. 3 James P. Maher. Dem. Brooklyn. 4 Frank E. Wilson. Dem. Brooklyn. 5 William C. Redneld. Dem. Brooklyn. 6 William M. Calder* Rep. Brooklyn. 7 John J. Fitzgerald* Dem. Brooklyn. 8 Daniel J. Riordan* Dem. New York. 9 Henry M. Goldfogle* Dem. New York. 10 William Sulzer*t. Dem. New York. 11 Charles V. Fornes* Dem. New York. 12 Michael F. Conry* Dem. New York. 13 Jefferson M. Levyt Dem. New York.
MINNESOTA. 1 Sidney Anderson Rep Lanesboro. 2 W. S. Hammond* Dem., St. James. 3 Charles R. Davis* Rep St. Peter. 4 Frederick C. Stevens* Rep St. Paul. 5 Frank M. Nye* Rep Minneapolis. 6 Chas. A. Lindbergh* Rep Little Falls. 7 Andrew J. Volstead* Rep Crantie Falls. 8 Clarence B. Miller* Rep Duluth. 9 Halvor Steenerson* Rep Crookston.	9 Honry M. Goldfugle* Dem New York. 10 William Sulzer*†. Dem New York. 11 Charles V. Fornes* Dem New York. 12 Michael F. Conry* Dem New York. 13 Jefferson M. Levy† Dem New York. 14 John J. Kinneed. Dem New York. 15 Thomas G. Patten Dem New York. 16 Francis B. Harrison* Dem New York. 17 Henry George, r. Dem New York. 18 Steplien B. Ayrar. 19 John E. Wrassen Dem New York. 19 John E. Wrassen Dem New York. 20 Thomas W. Gradley* Rep. Yonkers. 21 Richard F. Onnell. Dem Poughkeepsle. 22 William H. Dapper* Rep. Troy. 23 Henry S. De Forest Rep. Scheneetady. 24 George W. Fairchild. Rep. Oneonta. 25 Theron Akin. Dem Akin.
1 E. S. Candler, Jr.*. Dem. Corinth. 2 H. D. Stephens. Dem. New Albany. 3 Benj. G. Humphreys*. Dem. Greenville. 4 Thos. Upton Sisson* Dem. Winona. 5 S. A. Witherspoon. Dem. Meridian. 6 B. P. Harrison. Dem. Gulfport. 7 William A. Dickson*. Dem. Centerville. 8 James Wm. Collier*. Dem. Vicksburg.	25 Theron Akiii Deim Akiii
MISSOURI. 1 James T. Lloyd*. Dem. Shelbyville. 2 William W. Rucker*. Dem. Keytesville. 3 Joshus W. Alexander*. Dem. Gallatin. 4 Charles F. Booher*. Dem. Savannah. 5 William P. Boriand*. Dem. Kansas City. 6 Clement C. Dickinson*. Dem. Springfield. 8 D. W. Shackleford*. Dem. Jefferson City. 9 Champ Clark*. Dem. Bowling Green. 10 Richard Bartholdt*. Rep. St. Louis. 11 Theron F. Catlin Rep. St. Louis. 12 L. C. Dyer. Rep. St. Louis. 13 Walter L. Hensley Dem. Farmington. 14 Joseph J. Russell Dem. Charleston. 15 J. A. Daugherty Dem. Webb City. 16 Thomas L. Rubey Dem. Lebanon.	NORTH CAROLINA. 1 John H. Small* Dem Washington. 2 Claude Kitchin* Dem Scotland Neck. 3 James M. Falson Dem Falson. 4 Edward W. Pou* Dem Smithfield. 5 Charies M. Stedman Dem Greensboro. 6 Hannibal L. Godwin* Dem Dunn. 7 Robert N. Page* Dem Biscoe. 8 R. L. Doughtin Dem Laurel Springs. 9 Edwin Y. Webb* Dem Shelby. 10 James M. Gudger, Jr.†. Dem Asheville. NORTH DAKOTA. At Large.
At Large. Charles N. Pray*RepFort Benton.	H. T. Helgeson Rep Milton. L. B. Hanna* Rep Fargo. OHIO. 1 Nicholas Longworth* Rep Cincinnati.
NEBRASKA. 1 John A. Magulre* Dem. Lincoln. 2 C. O. Lobeck Dem. Omaha. 3 Daniel V Stephens. Dem. 4 Charles H. Sloan Rep. Geneva. 5 George W. Norris*. Rep. McCook. 6 Moses P. Kinkald* Rep. O'Nelli. NEVADA. At Large. Edward E. Roberts Rep. Carson City. NEW HAMPSHIRE. 1 Cyrus A. Sulloway* Rep. Manchester. 2 Frank D. Currier* Rep. Canaan.	1 Nlcholas Longworth* Rep. Clnclnnatl. 2 Alfred G. Allen. Dem. Clnclnnatl. 3 James M. Cox*. Dem. Dayton. 4 J. H. Goeke. Dem. Wapakoneta. 5 Timothy T. Ansberry* Dem. Defiance. 6 Matthew R. Denver*. Dem. Willinington. 7 J. D. Post. Dem. Washington C. H. 8 Frank B. Willis. Rep. Ada. 9 Isaac R. Sherwood† Dem. Toledo. 10 Robert M. Switzer. Rep. Gallipolis. 11 H. C. Claypool. Dem. Chillicothe. 12 Edward L. Taylor, Jr* Rep. Columbus. 13 Carl C. Anderson* Dem. Fostoria. 14 William G. Sharp* Dem. Flyria. 15 George White. Dem. Marietta. 16 W. B. Francis. Dem. Martin's Ferry.

508 The Sixty-second	Congress—Continued.
OHIO-Continued.	TEXAS.
Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address. 17 William A. Ashbrook*. Dem. Johnstown. 18 J. J. Whitaker. Dem. Canton. 19 E. R. Bathrick. Dem. Akron. 20 Paul Howland*. Rep. Cleveland. 21 R. J. Bulkley. Dem. Cleveland.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Addres. 1 Morris Sheppard*Dem. Texarkana. 2 Martin DiesDem. Beaumont. 3 James L. YoungDem. Kaufman. 4 Cholee B. Randell*Dem. Sherman. 5 Jack Beall*Dem. Waxahachle. 6 Rufus Hardy*Dem. Coreleant
OKLAHOMA.	7 Alexander W. Gregg*Dem Palestine.
1 Bird S. McGuire*RepPawnee. 2 Dick T. Morgan*RepWoodward. 3 James S. Davenport†Dem. Vinita. 4 Charles D. Carter*Dem. Ardmore. 5 Scott Ferris*Dem. Lawton. OREGON. 1 Willis C. Hawley*RepSalem.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Addres. 1 Morris Sheppard* Dem. Texarkana. 2 Martin Dies. Dem. Dem. Beaumont. 3 James L. Young. Dem. Beaumont. 4 Cholce B. Randell* Dem. Sherman. 5 Jack Beall* Dem. Sherman. 5 Jack Beall* Dem. Vaxahachle. 6 Rufus Hardy* Dem. Corsleana. 7 Alexander W. Gregg* Dem. Palestine. 8 John M. Moore*. Dem. Richmond. 9 George F. Burgess* Dem. Gonzales. 10 Albert S. Burleson* Dem. Austin. 11 Robert L. Henry* Dem. Watoo. 12 Oscar Calloway. Dem. Comanche. 13 John H. Stephen* Dem. Vernon. 14 James L. Slayden* Dem. San Antonio. 15 John N. Garner* Dem. Uvalde. 16 William R. Smith* Dem. Colorado.
1 Willis C. Hawley*RepSalem. 2 A. W. LaffertyRepPortland.	UTAH.
PENNSYLVANIA.	At Large.
1 Henry H. Bingham*RepPhiladelphia. 2 Wm. S. ReyburnRepPhiladelphia.	Joseph Howell*RepLogan.
3 J. Hampton Moore* Rep Philadelphia. 4 Reuben O. Moon* Rep Philadelphia. 5 Michael Donohoe Den Philadelphia.	VERMONT. 1
6 George D. McCreary* Rep Philadelphia. 7 Thomas S. Butler* Rep West Chester.	
PENNSTLVANIA. 1 Henry H. Bingham*. Rep Philadelphia. 2 Wm. S. Reyburn Rep Philadelphia. 3 J. Hampton Moore*. Rep Philadelphia. 4 Heuben O. Moon*. Rep Philadelphia. 5 Michael Donohoe. Dein Philadelphia. 6 George D. McCreary*. Rep Philadelphia. 7 Thomas S. Butler*. Rep West Chester. 8 Robert E. Dielenderfer Dem Jenkintown. 9 William W. Griest*. Rep Lancaster. 10 Join R. Farr Rep Scraaton. 11 Charles C. Bowman. Rep Pittston. 12 Robert E. Lee Dem Pottsville. 13 John H. Rothermel*. Dem Reading. 14 W. D. B. Alney Rep Montrose. 15 William B. Wilson*. Dem Blossburg. 16 John G. McHenry*. Dem Benjamin K. Focht*. Rep Lewisburg. 18 Marilla E. Olmsted*. Rep Harrisburg. 19 Jesse L. Hartman. Rep Hollidaysburg. 20 Daniel F. Lafean*. Rep York. 21 Charles E. Patton Rep Vork. 22 Curtis H. Gregg Dem Greensburg. 23 Thomas S. Crago Rep Waynesburg. 24 Charles Matthews. Rep New Castle. 25 Arthur L. Bates* Rep New Castle. 26 A. Mitchell Palmer*. Dem Stroudsburg. 27 J. N. Laugham* Rep Holdna. 28 Peter M. Specr Rep Pittsburgh. 31 James Francis Burke*. Rep Pittsburgh. 31 James Francis Burke*. Rep Pittsburgh.	1 William A. Jones* Dem Warsaw. 2 Edward E. Holland Dem Suffolk. 3 John Lamb* Dem Richmond. 4 R. Turnbull* Dem Lawrenceville. 5 E. W. Saunders* Dem Rocky Mount. 6 Carter Glass* Dem Lynchburg. 7 James Hay* Dem Madison. 8 Charles C. Carlin* Dem Alexandria. 9 C. Bascom Slemp* Rep Big Stone Gap. 10 Henry D. Flood* Dem. W. Appomattox.
19 Jesse L. HartmanRepHolldaysburg. 20 Daniel F. Lafeau*RepYork.	WASHINGTON.
21 Charles E. Patton Rep Curwensville. 22 Curtls H. Gregg Dem Greensburg. 23 Thomas S. Crago Rep Waynesburg.	1 Wm. E. Humphrey*RepSeattle. 2 Stanton L. Warburton .RepTacoma. 3 William LaFolletteRepPullman.
24 Charles Matthews Rep. New Castle. 25 Arthur L. Bates* Rep. Meadville. 26 A. Mitchell Palmer* Dem. Stroudsburg. 27 J. N. Laugham* Rep. Indiana. 28 Peter M. Specr. Rep. Oil City. 29 Stephen G. Porter Rep. Pittsburgh. 30 John Dalzeli* Rep. Pittsburgh. 31 James Francis Burke* Rep. Pittsburgh. 32 Andrew J. Barchfeld* Rep. Pittsburgh.	WEST VIRGINIA. 1 John W. Davis Dem. Clarksburg. 2 William G. Brown Dem. , Kingwood. 3 Adam B. Littlepage Dem. , Charleston. 4 John M. Hamilton Dem. Grantsville. 5 James A. Hughes* Rep Huntington. WISCONSIN. 1 Henry A. Cooper* Rep Racine.
RHODE ISLAND.	2 John M. Nelson*Rep\Madison. 3 Arthur W. Konn*RepPlatteville.
1 Geo. F. O'Shaughnessy. Dem. Providence. 2 George H. Utter Rep Westerly. SOUTH CAROLINA. 1 George S. Legare* Dem. Charleston. 2 James F. Byrnes Dem. Alken. 3 Wyatt Alken* Dem. Abbeyville. 4 Joseph T. Johnson*. Den. Spartanburg. 5 David E. Finley* Dem. Yartanburg. 6 J. Edwin Ellerbe*. Dem. Ararbu 7 Asbury F. Lever*. Dem. Lexington.	WISCONSIN. 1 Henry A. Cooper* Rep. Racine. 2 John M. Ncison* Rep. Madison. 3 Arthur W. Kopp* Rep. Platteville. 4 William J. Cary* Rep. Milwaukee. 5 Victor L. Berger. Soc. Milwaukee. 6 M. E. Burke. Dem. Beaver Dam. 7 John J. Esch* Rep. La Crosse. 8 James H. Davidson* Rep. Cashosh. 9 T. F. Konop. Dem. Kewaunee. 10 E. A. Morse* Rep. Antigo. 11 Irvine L. Lenroot* Rep. Superior.
5 David E. Finley*Dem. Yorkville. 6 J. Edwin Ellerbe*Dem. Marion.	WYOMING. At Large.
7 ASDUTY F. Lever Dem. Lexington. SOUTH DAKOTA.	Frank W. Mondell*RepNewcastle.
At Large.	DELEGATES FROM THE TERRITORIES.
Charles H. Burke*RepPierre. Eben W. Martin*RepDeadwood.	ALASKA. James Wickersham, Rep Fairbanks.
TENNESSEE.	HAWAII.
1 Sam R. Sells Rep. Johnson City. 2 Richard W. Austin* Rep. Knoxville. 3 John A. Moon* Dem Chattanooga. 4 Cordell Hull* Dem Carthage. 5 William C. Houston* Dem Woodbury. 6 Joseph W. Byrnes* Dem Nashville. 7 Lemuel P. Padgett* Dem Columbia. 8 Thetus W. Sims* Dem Linden. 9 Finis J. Garrett* Dem Dresden. 10 Kenneth D. McKellar Dem Memphis.	Jonah K. Kalanianaole*. Rep Honolulu. PHILIPPINES. Benito Legarda Rep Manila. Manuel L. Quezon N Tayabas. PORTO RICO.
9 Finis J. Garrett*DemDresden. 10 Kenneth D. McKellar.DemMemphis.	Luis Munoz Rivera U San Juan.
Democrats 228; Republicans, 162; Socialist,	1. Total, 391; plus I each from Arizona and Ne

Democrats. 228; Republicans, 162; Socialist, 1. Total, 391; plus I each from Arizona and New Mexico since admitted to Statehood.

*Served in the Sixty-first House. †Served in a previous House. ‡Resigned to assume duties as Governor of New York.

The Sixty=third Congress.

BEGINS MARCH 4, 1913, AND ENDS MARCH 4, 1915.

SEN	ATE.
President	Thomas R. Marshall, D., of Indiana. Charles G. Bennett, R., of New York.
Terms Expire. Senators. P. O. Address.	Terms Expire. Senators. P. O. Address. NEBRASKA.
1915. Joseph F. Johnston, D Birmingham. 1919. John H. Bankhead, D Fayette. ARLZONA.	1917. Gilbert M. Hitchcock, D Omaha. 1919. George W. Norris, R McCook. NEVADA.
1915. Marcus A. Smith, DTucson. 1917. Henry F. Ashurst, DPrescott.	1915Francis G. Newlands, DReno. 1919Key Pittman, DTonopah,
1915. James P. Clarke, D Little Rock. 1919. Jefferson Davis, D Little Rock.	NEW HAMPSHIRE. 1915. Jacob H. Gallinger, RConcord. 1919. A Republican.
1915George C. Perkins, ROakland. 1917John D. Works, RLos Angeles.	NEW JERSEY. 1917. James E. Martine, D
1915. Charles S. Thomas, D. Denver. 1919. John F. Shafroth, D. Denver. CONNECTICUT.	1917 Thomas B. Catron, R Santa Fé. 1919 Albert B. Fall, R Three Rivers. NEW YORK.
1915. Frank B. Brandegee, R New London. 1917. George P. McLean, R Simsbury. DELAWARE.	1915. Elihu Root, R
1917. Henry A. Du Pont, RWilmington. 1919. A Democrat. FLORIDA.	NORTH CAROLINA. 1915. Lee S. Overman, D Salisbury, 1919. Furnifold M. Simmons, D Raleigh. NORTH DAKOTA.
1915. Duncan U. Fletcher, DJacksonville. 1917. Nathan P. Bryan, DJacksonville. GEORGIA.	1915. Asle J. Gronna, R Lakota. 1917. Porter J. McCumber, R Wahpeton, 0H10.
1915. Hoke Smith, DAtlanta. 1919. Augustus O. Bacon, DMacon. IDAHO.	1915. Theodore E. Burton, R Cleveland, 1917. Atlee Pomerine, D Canton.
1915. A Republican. 1919. William E. Borah, RBoisé. ILLINOIS.	1915. Thomas P. Gore, DLawton. 1919. Robert L. Owen, DMuskogee. OREGON.
1915. See foot note (a). 1919. See foot note (b). INDIANA.	1915. George E. Chamberlain, D Portland. 1919. Harry Lane, D PENNSYLVANIA,
1915. Benjamin F. Shively, D South Bend, 1917. John W. Kern, D Indianapolis.	1915. Boies Penrose, R Philadelphia, 1917. George T. Oliver, R Pittsburgh, RHODE ISLAND,
1915. Albert B. Cummins, R Des Moines. 1919. William S. Kenyon, R Fort Dodge.	1917. Henry F. Lippitt, RProvidence. 1919. A Republican.
1915. Joseph L. Bristow, RSalina. 1919. Wm. H. Thompson, D KENTUCKY.	1915 Ellison D. Smith, D. Florence. 1919 Benj. R. Tillman, D. Trenton. SOUTH DAKOTA.
1915. William O. Bradley, R Louisville. 1919. Ollie M. James, D Marion. LOUISIANA.	1915 . Coe I. Crawford, R
1915. John R. Thornton, D Alexandria, 1919. Joseph E. Ransdell, D L. Providence. MAINE.	1917. Luke Lea, DNashville. 1919. A Democrat, TEXAS.
1917Charles F. Johnson, DWaterville. 1919A Republican (c). MARYLAND.	1917. Charles A. Culberson, D
1915. John W. Smith, D	1915 . Reed Smoot, R
1917. Henry Cabot Lodge, R Nahant. 1919. A Republican. MICHIGAN.	1915. William P. Dillingham, R Waterbury. 1917. Carroll S. Page, R Hyde Park, VIRGINIA.
1917. Charles E. Townsend, R Jackson. 1919. Wm. Alden Smith, R Grand Rapids. MINNESOTA.	1917. Claude A. Swanson, D Chatham, 1919. Thomas S. Martin, D Charlot'syille. WASHINGTON.
1917. Moses E. Clapp, RSt. Paul. 1919. Knute Nelson, RAlexandria.	1915. Wesley I., Jones, RN. Yakima. 1917. Miles Poindexter, RSpokane. WEST VIRGINIA.
1917John Sharp Williams, DYazoo. 1919James K. Vardaman, DJackson. MISSOURI	1917. William E. Chilton, DCharleston. 1919. A Republican. WISCONSIN.
1915William J. Stone, DJefferson City.	1915. Isaac Stephenson, R Marinette.

1915. William J. Stone, D. Jefferson City.
1917. James A. Reed, D. Kansas City.
1917. James A. Reed, D. Kansas City.
1917. Henry L. Myers, D. Hamilton.
1919. T. J. Walsh, D. Helena.
1919. Francis E. Warren, R. Cheyenne.
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1919. Francis E. Warren, R. Cheyenne.
1919. Francis E. Warren, R. Cheyenne.
19

The whole number of Senators is 96. Probably Democrats 49, probably Republicans 45. In doubt, Illinois 2. The Senatorial vacancies will be filled by the Legislatures. The salary of a Senator is \$7,500 per annum and 20 cents per mile for travelling from and to the seat of Government.

2100 /2100 /2	
	ENTATIVES-ELECT.
Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address
1 Caorga W Taylor* Dem Demonolis	11 Ira C. Copley" Rep. Aurora. 12 Wm. Hinebaugh. Rep. Ottawa. 13 John O. McKenzie. Rep. Elizabeth. 14 C. H. Tavenner. Dem. Cordova. 15 Stephen A. Hoxworth. Dem. Rapatee. 16 Claude U. Stone". Dem. Peoria. 17 Lonis Fitz Henry. Dem. Bloomington.
2 S. H. Dent. Jr. * Dem. Montgomery.	12 Wm. HinebaughRep. Ottawa.
3 Henry D. Clayton*DemEufaula.	13 John C. McKenzieRepElizabeth.
1 George W. Taylor*Dem. Demopolis. 2 S. H. Dent. Jr.*Dem. Montgomery. 3 Henry D. Clayton*Dem. Eufaula. 4 F. L. Blackmon*Dem. Anniston. 5 J. Thomas Helin*Dem. Lafayette. 6 Richmond P. Hobson*. Dem. Greensboro. 7 John L. Burnett*	14 C. H. TavennerDemCordova.
5 J. Thomas Heflin*DemLafayette.	15 Stephen A. Hoxworth Dem Rapatee.
6 Richmond P. Hobson* . Dem Greensboro.	16 Claude U. Stone*DemPeoria.
7 John L. Burnett*DemGadsden. 8 William Richardson*.DemHuntsville. 9 Oscar W. Underwood*.DemBirmingham.	17 Louis Fitz HenryDem. Bloomington.
9 Occar W Underwood* Dem Rirmingham	19 Chas M Borches Dem Decatur.
At Large.	20 H. T. Rainey*DemCarrollton.
J. W. Abercrombie Dem Tuscaloosa.	17 Louis Fitz Henry. Dem. Bloomington. 18 Frank T. O'Hair. Dem. Paris. 19 Chas. M. Borohes. Dem. Decatur. 20 H. T. Rainey*. Dem. Carrollton. 21 J. M. Graham*. Dem. Springfield. 22 W. N. Baltz. Dem. Millstadt. 23 M. D. Foster*. Dem. Olney. 24 H. R. Fowler*. Dem. Elizabethtown 25 R. P. Hill. Dem. Marion.
ARIZONA. Carl Hayden*Dem. Phoenix.	22 W. N. Baltz Dem Millstadt.
Carl Hayden*DemPhoenix.	23 M. D. Foster Dem Olney.
ARKANSAS.	24 H. R. Fowler Dem . Elizabetatown
2 W A Oldfield* Dem Ratesville	At Large
3 John C. Floyd *DemYellville.	W. E. Williams Dem. Pittsfield.
4 O. T. Wingo Dem. Dequeen.	L. B. Stringer Dem Lincoln.
5 H. M. Jacoway*DemDardenelle.	
1 T. H. Carraway. Dem. Jonesboro. 2 W. A. Oldfield* Dem., Batesville. 3 John C. Floyd * Dem. Pellville, 4 O. T. Wingo Dem. Dequeen. 5 H. M. Jacoway* Dem. Dardenelle. 6 S. M. Taylor Dem. Pine Bluff. 7 W. S. Goodwin* Dem. Warren. William Kont.	1 Chas, Lieb
7 W. S. Goodwin* Dem Warren.	2 William A. Cullop*DemVincennes.
1 William Vant Pon Kentfield	3 W. E. Cox* DemJasper,
1 William Kent	5 Polch W Moss* Dom Contar Point
3 Chas F. Curry	6 F H Grav* Dem Connersville.
4 Julius Kahn* Rep. San Francisco, 5 J. I. Nolan Rep. San Francisco, 6 Joseph R. Knowland Rep. Alameda.	7 Charles A Korbly* Dem Indianapolis.
5 J. I. Nolan Rep San Francisco.	8 John A. M. Adair* Dem Portland.
6 Joseph R. KnowlandRepAlameda.	9 Martin A. Morrison Dem . Frankfort.
7 D. S. Church. Dem. Fresno. 8 Everis A. Hayes* Rep. San José. 9 C. W. Bell. Rep. Pasadena. 10 William D. Stepheas*. Rep. Los Angeles.	10 J. B. Peterson Dem. Crown Point, 11 George W. Rauch* Dem. Marion, 12 Cyrus Cline* Dem. Angola, 13 Henry A. Barnhart* Dem. Rochester,
o C W Roll Ren Pasadena	11 George W. Rauch* Dem. Marion.
10 William D. Stepheas*RepLos Angeles.	12 Cyrus Ollie Dem
11 William Kettner Dem. San Diego,	13 Henry A. Darmmart Dem toomester.
COLORADO.	1 C A Kennedy* Rep Montrose
1 George Kindel Dem Denver.	2 I. S. Pepper* Dem. Muscatine.
1 George Kindel Dem. Denver, 2 H. H. Seldomridge Dem. Colorado Springs. At Large.	3 Maurice Connolly Dem Dubuque.
Edward T Taylor Dem Glenwood Springs	4 Gilbert N. Haugen*RepNorthwood.
Edward T. TaylorDemGlenwood Springs Edward Keating DemPueblo.	5 James W. Good*RepCedar Rapids.
CONNECTICUT.	1 C. A. Kennedy* Rep Montrose, 2 I. S. Pepper* Dem. Muscatine, 3 Maurice Connolly Dem. Dubuque, 4 Gilbert N. Haugen* Rep Northwood. 5 James W. Good* Rep Cedar Rapids, 6 S. Kirkpatrick Dem. Ottumwa. 7 S. F. Proputy* Pep. Des Moines
1 Augustus Lonergan Dem Hartford.	7 S. F. Prouty* Rep. Des Moines, 8 H. M. Towner*. Rep. Corning, 9 W. R. Green*. Rep. Audubon, 10 Frank P. Woods* Rep. Estherville, 11 George C. Scott Rep. Sioux City.
2 B. F. Mahan Dem New London.	9 W. R. Green*RepAudubon.
3 Thomas L. Reilly* Dem. Meriden.	10 Frank P. Woods* Rep Estherville.
4 Jeremiah DonavanDem. South Norwalk 5 Wm. KennedyDem. Naugatuck.	11 George C. ScottRepSioux City.
DELAWARE.	KANSAS.
At Large,	1 Dan'l R. Anthony, Jr. *Rep Leavenworth,
Franklin Brockson Dem Clayton,	2 Joseph Taggart* Dem. Kansas City, 3 Philip P. Campbell*RepPittsburg.
FLORIDA.	
1 Stephen M. Sparkman*. DemTampa.	5 G. T. Helvering Dem Marysville. 6 J. R. Connelly Dem Colby. 7 Geo. A. Neeley* Dem Hutchinson. 8 Victor Murdock* Rep. Wichita.
Frank Clark* Dem. Gainesville. 3 Emmett Wilson Dem. Pensacola.	6 J. R. Connelly Dem. Colby.
At. Large.	7 Geo. A. Neeley* Dem. Hutchinson.
Claude L'EngleDemJacksonville.	8 Victor Murdock*Rep Wichita.
GEORGIA.	KENTUCKY.
1 Charles G. Edwards*DemSavannah, 2 S. A. Roddenbery*DemThomasville.	1 A. W. Barkley Dem. Paducah. 2 Augustus O. Stanley* Dem. Henderson. 3 R. Y. Thomas, Jr.* Dem. Central City.
3 C. R. Crisp Dem. Americus.	3 R V Thomas Jr Dem Central City.
4 William C. Adamson* Dem Carrollton.	4 Ben Johnson* Dem Bardstown.
3 O. R. Orisp. Dem Americus. 4 William G. Adamson*. Dem Carrollton. 5 W. S. Howard*. Dem Decatur. 6 Charles L. Bartlett*. Dem Macon. 7 Corden Loc*	4 Ben Johnson* Dem. Bardstown, 5 Swagar Sherloy*. Dem. Louisville. 6 A. B. Rouse*. Dem. Burlington, 7 J. Campbell Cantrill*. Dem. Georgetown,
6 Charles L. Bartlett*DemMacon.	6 A. B. Rouse*DemBurlington.
7 Gordon Lee*DemChickamauga.	7 J. Campbell Cantrill*DemGeorgetown.
9 Thomas M Ball* Dem Gainesville.	8 Harvey Helm*DemStanford,
8 S. J. Tribble*	8 Harvey Helm* Dem Stanford, 9 W. J. Fields* Dem Olive Hill, 10 J. W. Langley* Rep. Pikeville, 11 Caleb Powers*. Rep. Barbourville,
11 J. R. Walker Dem Valdosta.	11 Caleb Powers*RepBarbourville.
11 J. R. Walker Dem., Valdosta, 12 D. M. Hughes* Dem., Danville IDAHO.	
IDAHO.	1 Albert Estopinal Dem New Orleans,
1 Burton L. French*RepMoscow. 2 Addison T. SmithRepTwin Falls.	2 H. Garland Dupre* Dem New Orleans.
	3 Robert F. Broussard * . Dem . New Iberia.
1 Martin B. Madden*RenChicago.	4 John T. Watkins* Dem. Minden.
1 Martin B. Madden* Rep Chicago. 2 James R. Mann* Rep Chicago. 3 George E. Gorman, Dem. Chicago. 4 James T. McDermott* Dem. Chicago. 5 A. J. Sabat* Dem. Chicago. 6 James MoAndrews Dem. Chicago. 7 Frank Buchanan* Dem. Chicago. 8 Thomas Gallagher* Dem. Chicago.	Adbert Estopinal* Dem . New Orleans, 2 H. Garland Dupre* Dem . New Orleans, 3 Robert F. Broussard* . Dem . New Hoeria. 4 John T. Watkins* Dem . Minden, 15 J. W. Elder Dem . Monroe. 6 L. L. Morgan Dem . Covington. 7 L. Lazaro Dem . Washington, 8 J. B. Aswell Dem . Natchitoches.
3 George E. Gorman, Dem . Chicago.	7 f. Lazaro. Dem. Washington.
4 James T. McDermott*. Dem Chicago.	8 J. B. Aswell Dem . Natchitoches.
b A. J. Sabath* Dem. Uhicago.	
7 Frank Ruchanan* Dom Chicago.	1 A C Hinds* Ren Portland
8 Thomas Gallagher*DemChicago.	2 D. J. McGillicuddy*Dem. Lewiston.
9 Fred. A. BrittenRepChicago.	3 Forrest Goodwin Rep Skowhegan.
10 Chas, M. Thomson Rep Chicago.	1 A. C. Hinds*

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Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address.
MARYLAND.	NEBRASKA.
1 J. Harry Covington*DemEaston. 2 Joshua F. C. Talbott*DemTowson. 3 George Konig*DemBaltimore.	1 John A. Maguire* Dem. Lincoln.
2 Joshus F. C. Talbott*DemTowson.	2 C. O. Lobeck*Dem. Omaha.
3 George Konig* DemBaltimore.	2 C. O. Lobeck*Dem. Omaha. 3 D. V. Stephens*Dem. Tremont.
4 J. C Linthicum* Dem. Baltimore.	4 C. H. Sloan*RepGeneva.
4 J. C Linthicum* Dem. Baltimore, 5 J. F. Smith Dem. Dunkirk, 6 D. J. Lewis* Dem. Cumberland.	4 O. H. Sloan*
6 D. J. Lewis*DemCumberland.	6 Moses P. Kinkaid*RepO'Neill.
MASSACHUSETTS.	NEVADA.
1 Allen Treadway Rep Stockbridge.	At Large.
1 Allen TreadwayRep Stockbridge. 2 Frederick H. Gillette* Rep Springfield.	E. E. Roberts*RepCarson City.
3 W. H. Wilder*RepGardner.	NEW HAMPSHIRE,
4 S. E. WinslowRepWorcester.	1 E. E. ReedDemManchester.
5 John J. Rogers RepLowell.	2 R. B. StevensDemLisbon.
6 A. P. Gardner*RepHamilton.	NEW JERSEY.
7 M. F. PhelanDemLynn.	1 William J. Browning*, Rep Camden,
2 Frederick H. Gillette* Rep. Springfield. 3 W. H. Wilder* Rep. Gardner. 4 S. E. Winslow. Rep. Worcester. 5 John J. Rogers. Rep. Lowell. 6 A. P. Gardner* Rep. Hamilton. 7 M. F. Phelan Dem. Lynn. 8 F. S. Deitrich. Dem. Cambridge. 9 E. W. Roberts* Rep. Chelsea. 10 W. F. Murray* Dem. Boston. 11 A. J. Peters* Dem. Boston. 12 J. M. Curley* Dem. Boston. 13 John W. Weeks* Rep. West Newton. 14 Edward Gilmore Dem. Brockton. 15 William S. Greene* Rep. Fall River. 16 Thos, C. Thatcher. Dem. Yarmouth.	NEW JERSEY. 1 William J. Browning*. Rep Camden, 2 J. Thomas Baker
10 W F Manney Dom Boston	A A R Welch Dow Trenton
11 A T Poters* Dem Roston	5 Wm E Tuttle Jr * Deva Westfield
12 J M Curlet* Dem Boston	6 L. J. Martin Dem Newton
13 John W. Weeks* Rep. West Newton.	7 R. G. Bremner Dem . Passaic.
14 Edward Gilmore Dem Brockton.	8 Eugene F. Kinkead Dem Jersey City.
15 William S. Greene* Rep Fall River.	9 Walter I. McCoy*Dem., East Orange,
16 Thos. C. ThatcherDemYarmouth.	10 Edward W. Townsend Dem. Montclair.
MICHIGAN	11 J. J. Egan Dem Weehawken, 12 James A. Hamill* Dem Jersey City.
1 Frank E. Doremus* Dem Detroit.	12 James A. Hamill*DemJersey City.
2 Samuel W. Beakes Dem Ann Arbor.	NEW MEXICO.
1 Frank E. Doremus*Dem. Detroit. 2 Samuel W. BeakesDem. Ann Arbor. 3 J. M. C. SmithRepKalamazoo.	At Large,
4 Edward L. Hamilton*RepNiles.	NEW YORK. Lathrop BrownDem. St. James.
5 C. E. MapesRepGrand Rapids.	1 Lathron Brown Dom St James
6 Samuel W. Smith* RepPontiac.	
7 L. C. CramptonRepLapeer.	3 F. E. Wilson*Dem. Brooklyn.
8 Joseph W. Fordney*RepSaginaw.	4 H. H. DaleDemBrooklyn.
9 James U. McLangnin*, Rep Muskegon.	5 J. P. Maher* Dem. Brooklyn.
10 R. O. Woodrun Rep., Day Olly.	6 William M. Calder* Rep Brooklyn.
12 W I McDoneld Pop Calumet	7 John J. Fitzgerald* Dem . Brooklyn.
4 Edward L. Hamilton*. Rep Niles. 5 C. E. Mapes	2 D. J. O'Leary Dem. Douglaston. 3 F. E. Wilson's Dem Brooklyn. 4 H. H. Dale Dem. Brooklyn. 5 J. P. Maher's Dem. Brooklyn. 6 William M. Calder' Rep. Brooklyn. 7 John J. Fitzgerald's Dem. Brooklyn. 8 D. J. Griffin. Dem. Brooklyn. 9 J. H. O'Brien Dem. Brooklyn. 10 H. A. Metz. Dem. Brooklyn.
P. H. KellevRepLansing.	9 J. H. O'Brien Dem Brooklyn.
MINNESOTA. 1 Sydney Anderson* Rep., Lanesboro. 2 W. S. Hammond* Dem., Madelia. 3 Charles R. Davis* Rep., St. Peter. 4 Fred. C. Stevens* Rep., St. Paul. 5 Geo. R. Smith Rep., Minneapolis. 6 Charles A. Lindbergh*. Rep., Little Falls. 7 Andrew J. Volstead* Rep., Granite Falls. 8 Clarence R. Miller* Rep., Dulttle	11 D. J. Riordan Delm. New York. 12 Henry M. Goldfogle* Dem. New York. 13 T. D. Sullivan, Dem. New York. 14 J. M. Levy* Dem. New York. 15 M. F. Conry* Dem. New York. 16 P. J. Dooling, Dem. New York. 17 J. S. Carew Dem. New York. 18 Thos. S. Patten* Dem. New York. 19 Franklin Leonard Dem. New York.
2 W S Hammond* Dam Madelia	13 T D Sullivan Dem New York
3 Charles R. Davis* Ren. St. Peter.	14 J. M. Levy* Dem New York.
4 Fred. C. Stevens* Rep St. Paul.	15 M. F. Conry*Dem. New York.
5 Geo. R. Smith Rep Minneapolis.	16 P. J. DoolingDem. New York.
6 Charles A. Lindbergh*, RepLittle Falls.	17 J. S. Carew Dem New York.
7 Andrew J. Volstead Rep Granite Falls.	18 Thos. S. Patten*Dem. New York.
8 Clarence B. Miller*RepDuluth, 9 Halvor Steenerson*RepCrookston, At Large.	19 Franklin Leonard Dem . New York.
9 Halvor Steenerson*RepCrookston.	20 F. B. Harrison* Dem. New York.
Tamas Manahan Ran Minnaanalis	21 Henry George, Jr Dem. New York.
James ManahanRepMinneapolis.	22 Henry Bruckner Delit New York
MISSISSIPPI,	19 Frankin Leonard Dem New York. 20 F. B. Harrison*. Dem New York. 21 Henry George, Jr.*. Dem New York. 22 Henry Bruckner. Dem New York. 23 J. A. Goulden. Dem New York. 24 Woodson S. Oglesby. Dem Mohegan Park. 25 R. I. Taylor. Dem Harrison.
1 Ezekiel S. Candler, Jr.*Dem., Corinth. 2 H. D. Stephens*	25 B. I. Taylor Dem . Harrison
2 H. D. Stephens*DemNew Albany.	25 B. I. Taylor Dem Harrison. 26 Edmund Platt Rep Poughkeepsie.
4 Thomas II Sissont Dam Winons	27 George McClellan Dem Kinderhook.
5 S A Witherspoon* Dem Meridian	27 George McCleilanDem. Kinderhook. 28 P. G. Ten EyckDem. Albany.
6 B P Harrison* Dem Gulfport.	29 James S. Parker Rep. Salem.
3 benj. G. Humpureys. Dem. Windons. 4 Thomas U. Sisson*. Dem. Windons. 5 S. A. Witherspoon* Dem. Meridian. 6 B. P. Harrison* Dem. Gulfport. 7 P. E. Quin Dem. McComb City. 8 James W. Collier* Dem. Vicksburg.	30 Samuel WallinRepAmsterdam.
8 James W. Collier*DemVicksburg.	31 E. A. Merritt, Jr. Rep. Potsdam, 32 Luther Mott. Rep. Oswego. 33 C. A. Talcott. Dem. Utica.
MISSOURI	32 Luther Mott
1 James T. Lloyd Dem Shelbyville.	34 George W Frirehild* Ren Oneonts
2 William W. Rucker*Dem., Keytesville.	35 John R. Claney Dem Syracuse.
MISSOURI. 1 James T. Lloyd' Dem Keytesville. 2 William W. Rucker*. Dem Keytesville. 3 Joshna W. Alexander*. Dem Gallatin. 4 Charles F. Booher* Dem Savannah. 5 William P. Borland* Dem Kansas City. 6 Clement C. Dickinson*. Dem Clinton.	33 George W. Fairchild* Rep. Onconta. 35 John R. Clancy Dem Syracuse. 36 Sereno E. Payne* Rep. Auburn. 37 Edwin S. Underhill* Dem Bath.
4 Charles F. Booher*DemSavannah.	37 Edwin S. Underhill* Dem. Bath.
5 William P. Borland*DemKansas City.	38 Thos. B. Dunn Rep Rochester.
6 Clement C. Dickinson*, Dem. Clinton, 7 Courtney W. Hamlin*. Dem. Springfield, 8 Dorsey W. Shackleford*Dem. Jefferson City.	39 H. G. Danforth*RepRochester.
7 Courtney W. Hamiin'DemSpringneid,	40 R. H. GittinsDem. Niagara Falls.
9 Champ Clark* Dem Rowling Creen	38 Thos. B. Dunn Rep. Rochester. 39 H. G. Danforth Rep. Rochester. 40 R. H. Gittins Dem Niagara falls. 41 Chas. B. Smith Dem Buffalo. 42 D. A. Driscoll Berner Berner Berner 43 C. M. Hamilton Rep. Ripley.
10 Richard Bartholdt* Ren. St. Louis	42 D. A. Driscoli* Dem . Buffalo.
11 W. L. IgoeDem. St. Louis	45 U. M. Hamilton Kep. Kipley.
12 L. C. Dyer*	
13 W. L. Hensley*DemBonne Terre.	1 John H. Small*Dem. Washington. 2 Claude Kitchin*Dem. Scotland Neck.
14 J. J. Russell* Dem Charleston.	3 J. M. Faison* Dem Faison.
8 Dorsey w. Shackterord Delm . Denerson City. 9 Champ Clark. Dem . Bowling Green. 10 Richard Bartholdt. Rep. St. Louis. 11 W. L. Igoe. Dem . St. Louis. 12 L. C. Dyer. Rep. St. Louis. 13 W. L. Hensley. Dem . Bonne Terre. 14 J. J. Russell. Dem . Charleston. 15 P. D. Decker. Dem . Joplin. 16 T. L. Rubey. Dem . Lebanon	4 Edward W. Pou* Dem . Smithfield.
To It It Itabel Titte The Itabel	5 C M. Stedman*DemGreensboro.
MONTANA.	3 J. M. Faison* Dem Faison. 4 Edward W. Pou* Dem Smithield. 5 C. M. Stedman* Dem Greensboro. 6 Hannibal L. Godwin* Dem Dunn. 1 Blant N. Breen.
1 Thomas Stout Dem. Lewiston. 2 John M. Evans Dem. Missouri.	7 Robert N. Page*DemBiscoe. 8 R. L. Doughton*DemLaurel Springs.
z John M. Evans Dem. Missouri.	8 K. L. Doughton Dem Lauret Springs.

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Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address
NORTH CAROLINA Continued.	RHODE ISLAND.
9 Edwin Y, Webb ² Dem. Shelby. 10 J. M. Gudger, Jr.* Dem. Asheville.	1 G. F. O'Shaunessy*DemProvidence. 2 Peter G. GerryDemProvidence. 3 Ambrose KennedyRepWoonsocket.
10 J. M. Gudger, Jr Dem Asheville.	2 Peter G. GerryDemProvidence.
1 H T Helgesen* Ren. Milton	5 Ambrose Kennedy Rep woonsocket,
1 H. T. Helgesen* Rep. Milton. 2 Geo. M. Young Rep. Valley City. 3 P. D. Norton Rep. Nottinger.	SOUTH CAROLINA.
3 P. D. NortonRepNottinger.	1 George S. Legare*Dem. Charleston.
OHIO.	2 Wratt Aiken# Dem Abbasille
1 S. Bowdle Dem Cincinnati.	4 Joseph T Johnson Dem Spartanburg.
2 A. G. Allen* Dem. Cincinnati.	5 David E. Finley Dem. Yorkville.
4 J. H. Cooker Dom Wanskonets	6 J. W. Ragsdale Dem Florence.
5 T T Ansherry* Dem. Defiance.	2 J. F. Byrnes*. Dem Aiken. 3 Wyatt Aiken*. Dem Abbeville. 4 Joseph T. Johnson*. Dem Spartanburg. 5 David E. Finley*. Dem Yorkville. 6 J. W. Ragsdale. Dem Florence. 7 Asbury F. Lever*. Dem Lexington.
6 S. D. Fess Rep Yellow Springs.	SOUTH DAKOTA. 1 C. H. Dillon
7 J. D. Post*DemWashington.	1 C. H. DillonRep Yankton.
8 F. B. Willis*RepAda.	2 Charles H. Burke*RepPierre.
9 Isaac R. Sher wood*DemToledo.	3 Eben W. Martin Rep Deadwood,
II H. C. Clarpoolt Dom. Chilliantha	TENNESSEE.
12 C. L. Brumbangh Dem Columbus	2 R W Austin* Ren Knoxville.
2 A. G. Allen*	1 Sam R. Sells* Rep. Johnson City. 2 R. W. Austin* Rep. Knoxville. 3 John A. Moon* Dem. Chattanooga. 4 Cordell Hull* Dem. Carthage. 5 William C. Houston * Dem. Woodbury. 6 J. W. Byrns* Dem. Noshville. 7 Lowned P. Bedgett* Dem. Columbia.
14 William G. Sharpe* Dem Elyria,	4 Cordell Hull*DemCarthage.
15 George White*DemMarietta.	5 William C. Houston * Dem Woodbury.
16 W. B. Francis* Dem. Martins Ferry.	6 J. W. Byrns*Dem. Nashville.
17 W. A. Ashbrook* Dem. Johnstown.	7 Lemuel P. Padgett*DemColumbia.
19 E R Rathrick* Dem Akron	7 Lemuel P. Padgett* Dem. Columbia. 8 Thetus W. Sims* Dem. Linden. 9 Finis J. Garrett* Dem. Dresden. 10 K. D. McKellar* Dem. Memphis.
20 Wm. Gordon Dem . Cleveland.	10 K. D. McKellar*DemMemphis.
21 R J. Buck ey*DemCleveland.	TEXAS.
14 William G. Sharpe* Dem Eijria. 15 George White* Dem Marietta. 16 W. B. Francis* Dem Martins Ferry. 17 W. A. Ashbrook* Dem Johnstown. 18 J. J. Whitacre* Dem Canton. 19 E. R. Bathrick* Dem Akron. 20 Wm. Gordon Dem Cleveland. 21 R. J. Buck ey* Dem Cleveland. 22 R. J. Buck com Dem Cleveland. 23 R. J. Buck com Dem Cleveland.	1 H W Vanghu Dem Texarkana.
	2 Martin Dies*
OKLAHOMA.	3 James Young*DemKaufman.
1 Bird S. McGuire* Rep Pawnee.	4 Sam Rayburn Dem . Bonham.
1 Bird S. McGuire*	5 Jack Beall*Dem Waxanachie.
4 Charles D. Carter Dem Ardmore.	7 Alexander W Gragg* Dem Pelestine
	8 J H Eagle Dem Houston.
$At\ Large.$	9 George F. Burgess* Dem. Gonzales.
At Large. W. H. MurrayDemTishomingo. Ciaude WeaverDemOklahoma City.	4 Sam Rayburn
Claude Weaver Dem. Oklahoma City.	11 Robert L. Henry' Dem Waco.
J. B. ThompsonDemPauls Valley, OREGON,	12 Oscar Callaway*DemComanche.
I W. C. Hawley*RepSalem.	14 lames I. Slaudent Dem San Antonio.
2 N. J. Sinnott Rep Portland.	15 John N. Garner* Dem. Uvalde.
	16 William R. Smith* Dem Colorado City.
3 A. W. Lanerty. Rep. Rep. Philadelphia. 2 George S. Graham Rep. Philadelphia. 3 J. Hampton Moore* Rep. Philadelphia. 4 G. W. Edmonds. Rep. Philadelphia. 5 Michael Donohos* Dem. Philadelphia. 6 J. W. Logne. Dem. Philadelphia. 6 J. W. Logne. Dem. Philadelphia. 7 Thomas S. Butler* Rep. West Chester. 8 R. E. Difendarfer* Dem. Ashbourne. 9 William W. Griest* Rep. Lancaster. 10 J. R. Farr* Rep. Scranton. 11 J. J. Gasey Dem. Wilkes-Rarre. 12 R. E. Lee* Dem. Pottsville. 13 John H. Rothermel* Dem. Reading. 14 W. D. B. Ainer* Rep. Montrose. 15 E. R. Kiess. Rep. Williamsport. 16 John V. Lesher Dem. Lewisburg. 18 A. S. Kreider. Rep. Sunville. 19 W. W. Bailey. Dem. Johnstown. 20 A. R. Brodbeck. Dem. Hanover. 21 C. E. Patton* Rep. Curvensville. 22 A. I. Keister Rep. Scottdale.	At Large.
1 W. S. Vare*RepPhiladelphia.	H. W. SumnersDem. Dallas. D. E. GarrettDem. Houston.
2 George S. Granam Rep Philadelphia	
4 G W Edmonds RepPhiladelphia	UTAH.
5 Michael Donoho * Dem . Philadelphia,	At Large.
6 J. W. Logne Dem . Philadelphia.	Joseph Howell*RepLogan, Jacob JohnsonRepSpring City.
7 Thomas S. Butler * Rep West Chester.	Jacob Johnson Rep Spring City.
8 R. E. Difenderfer', Dem. Ashbourne.	VERMONT. 1 Frank L. Green*RepSt. Albans. 2 Frank H. Plumly*RepNorthfield,
9 William W. Griest',RepEnicaster.	1 Frank L. Green*Rep St. Albans.
11 J J Casev Dem. Wilkes-Parre.	2 Frank H. Plumly*RepNorthfield.
12 R. E. Lee*DemPottsville.	
13 John H. Rothermel*DemReading.	1 William A. Jones*Dem. Warsaw. 2 E. E. Holland*Dem. Suffolk. 3 A. J. MontagueDem. Richmond.
14 W. D. B. Ainey* Rep Montrose,	3 A J Montagne Dem Richmond
15 E. R. Kiess	4 W. A. Watson Dem Jennings Ord'y. 5 E. W. Saunders* Dem Rocky Mount.
15 F I. Dersham Dem Lewishurg	5 E. W. Saunders*DemRocky Mount.
18 A S. Kreider	6 Carter Glass* Dem. Lynchburg, 7 James Hay* Dem. Mill wood. 8 Charles C. Carlin* Dem. Alexandria. 9 C. Bascom Slemp* Rep. Big Stone Gap. 10 Henry D. Flood* Dem. Appomattox.
19 W. W. Bailey Dem Johnstown.	7 James Hay* DemMillwood.
20 A. R. Brodbeck Dem Hanover.	a C. Rescom Slemn* Ren Rig Stone Gan.
21 C. E. Patton*RepCurwensville.	10 Henry D. Flood* Dem Appomattox.
20 A. R. Bronees. 21 C. E. Patton* Rep. Curwensville. 22 A. I. Keister Rep. Scottdale. 23 W. N. Carr Dem. Uniontown. 24 H. W. Temple Rep. Washington. 25 M. W. Shreve. Rep. Erie. 26 A. Mitchell Palmer* Dem. Stroudsburg.	TVA SUINCTON
24 H W Temple Rep Washington.	1 Wm. E. Humphrey*RepSeattle.
25 M. W. Shreve RepErie.	1 Wm. E. Humphrey*RepSeattle. 2 A. JohnsonRepHoquiam. 3 W. L. La Follette*RepPullman.
26 A. Mitchell Palmer*DemStroudsburg.	3 W. L. La Follette*RepPullman.
27 J. N. Langham*	
28 W. J. Hullings Kep Uil City.	J. A. Falconer
29 S. G. Porter*	J. W. Dryan
31 J. F. Burke*RepPittsburgh.	1 J. W Davis* Dem Clarksburg.
32 Andrew J. Barchfeld*, Rep Pittsburgh,	2 W. G. Brown, Jr. * Dem Kingwood.
At Large	3 S. V. AvisRepCharleston.
A. R. Rupley Rep. Carlisle. J. M. Morin Rep. Pittsburgh.	4 H. H. Moss, JrRepParkersburg.
J. M. Morin	1 J. W Davis*
A. H. WaltersRepJohnstown. F. E. LewisRepAllentown.	Howard SutherlandRepElkins.

THE SIXTY-THIRD CONGRESS-Continued.

Dist. Representative. Politics. P.O. Address.	Dist. Representative. Politics. P. O. Address,
WISCONSIN. 1 Henry A. Ocoper* Rep Racine. 2 M. E. Burke* Dem Beaver Dam. 3 John M. Neison* Rep Madison. 4 William J. Cary* Rep Milwaukee. 5 William H. Stafford* Rep Milwaukee. 6 M. K. Reilly Dem Fond du Lac. 7 John J. Esch* Rep La Crosse. 8 E. E. Browne Rep Waupaca. 9 T. F. Konop* Dem Kewaunee. 10 James A. Frear Rep Hudson. 11 Irvine L. Lenroot* Rep Superior.	WYOMING. Frank W. Mondell*RepNewcastle. ALASKA. James Wickersham*RepFairbanks. HAWAII. Jonah K. Kalanianaole*RepHonolulu. PORTO RICO Names of Representatives not given in official list PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manuel QuezouDemLucena, Tayabas Manuel EarnshawDem

Democrats, 291: Republicans, 144; whole number 435. *Served in Sixty-second Congress

The United States Public Bealth Service.

SURGEON-GENERAL, RUPERT BLUE,

THE United States Public Health Service is a bureau of the Treasury Department. The head of the bureau is a commissioned medical officer, with the title of Surgeon-General. The work of the Service is administered, under direction of the Surgeon-General, by seven bureau divisions—Personnel and Accounts, Scientific Research, Foreign and Insular Quarantine, Domestic (Interstate) Quarantine, Sanitary Reports and Statistics, Marine Hospitals and Relief and Miscellaneous.

The commissioned corps of the Service consists of medical officers of the following grades: Surgeon-General, Assistant Surgeons, of the Service consists of medical officers of the following grades: Surgeon-General, Assistant Surgeons, and Assistant Surgeons. Appointments in the corps are made to the grade of Assistant Surgeon, after successful examination. Qualifications for examination are graduation from a reputable medical college, one year's hospital experience or two years' professional work after graduation, and testimonials from responsible persons as to professional and moral character. Applicants for examination must be between the ages of 23 and 32 years.

The Public Health Service maintains twenty-two marine hospitals and 125 other relief stations throughout the country. Fifty-one quarantine stations in the United States and twenty-five stations in its insular possessions are also operated, and eighty-one stations for the medical inspection of immigrants. Eighteen officers are stationed at American consulates abroad to assist in the administration of quarantine and the inspection of immigrants.

At the Hyglenle Laboratory, located in the city of Washington, research work in connection with investigations of disease, sanitation and water pollution is carried on, and tests are made of the purity and potency of viruses, serums and toxins, with the supervision of the manufacture and sale of which the Public Health Service is charged by law.

The Public Health Service co-operates with State and local Boards of Health in the eradication of epi

of epidemic diseases, such as plague, cholera, yellow fever, typhus fever, smallpox and leprosy. Details of officers are also made, on request from State and municipal health authorities, to assist in the suppression of typhoid fever, infantile paralysis, cerebro-spinal meningitis, and other diseases. Among the signal achievements of the Service in recent years, in the field of public health work, have been the cradication of bubonic plague in California and the suppression of yellow fever in the South

In the South.

In addition to the commissioned medical corps, the services of 231 Acting Assistant Surgeons (physicians appointed locally and not subject to change of station) were required to conduct the operations of the Service during the fiscal year 1912.

During the year 51,078 patients were treated—14,717 in hospitals and 36,361 at dispensaries. A quarantine stations 7,908 vessels, carrying 530,452 passengers and crews, were inspected, and 275 vessels disinfected. Immigrants to the number of 1,143,234 were inspected, and 27,021 certified for rejection on account of physical and mental defects. At the immigrant hospitals at Eilis Island, N. Y., and Angel Island, Cal., conducted by Service officers under the supervision of Commissioners of Immigration, 7,356 patients were admitted to treatment.

The Socialist Vote.

A SOCIALIST authority, W. J. Ghent, has compiled the following table of the latest returns of the Socialist vote in various countries, and the number of Socialist members of the popular branches of the national parilaments. The countries are ranked according to the proportion of Socalist deputies to the total deputies,

COUNTRIES.	Deputies.	Per Cent.	Vote.	COUNTRIES.	Deputies.	Per Cent.	Vote.
Finland, 1911. Sweden, 1908. Belglum, 1910 Denmark, 1910. Luxemburg, 1909. Austria, 1907. Germany, 1907-10. France, 1910. Norway, 1907.	87 (200) 36 (165) 35 (166) 24 (114) 10 (48) 88 (516) 52 (397) 76 (584) 11 (123)	43.50 21.81 21.08 21.06 20.83 17.06 13.10 13.01 8.94	321,000 75,000 483,241 98,721 1,041,948 3,258,968 1,106,047 90,000	Great Britain, Dec. '10. Switzerland, 1908. Russia. Turkey, 1908. Greece, 1910. Servia, 1908. United States, 1912. Spain, 1910. Bulgarla, 1908.	42 (670) 7 (170) 17 (442) 6 (196) 4 (207) 1 (160) 1 (435) 1 (404)	6.27 4.11 3.82 3.06	370,802 100,000
Italy, 1909 Holland, 1909	42 (508) 7 (100)	$\frac{8.26}{7.00}$		Argentina, 1908	(120)		5,000

The Socialist vote in the United States given is an estimate. the two Socialist candidates for President in 1908 was 434,018. The actual combined vote for

Acts of Congress. SIXTY-SECOND CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

THE principal bills and joint resolutions of a public nature which became laws during the second session of the Sixty-second Congress, beginning December 4, 1911, and ending August 24, 1912, were:

were:
An act to provide a suitable memorial to the memory of the North American Indian. (Approved December 8, 1911.)
An act authorizing that commission of ensign be given midshipmen upon graduation from the Naval Academy. (Approved March 7, 1912.)
An act appropriating \$350,000 for the purpose of maintaining and protecting against impending floods the levees on the Mississippl River. (Approved April 3, 1912.)
An act to establish in the Department of Commerce and Labor a bureau to be known as the Children's Bureau. (Approved April 9, 1912.)

An act to provide for a tax upon white phosphorous matches and for other purposes. (Approved April 9, 1912.)

An act appropriating \$300,000 for the purpose of maintaining and protecting against the impending food the levees on the Mississippi River and rivers tributary thereto. (Approved April 16, 1912.)

An act to provide for the use of the American National Red Cross in aid of the land and naval forces in time of actual or threatened war. (Approved April 24, 1912.)

An act granting pensions to certain emilisted men, soldiers and officers who served in the civil war and the war with Mexico. (Approved May 11, 1912.) Providing a dollar a day pension, and involving an additional expenditure of \$25,000,000 annually for United States soldiers and satiors pensions

An act limiting the hours of daily service of laborers and mechanics employed upon work done for the United States or any Territory or for the District of Columbia and for other purposes. (Approved June 16, 1912.) The Eight Hours law.

An act authorizing the Director of the Census to collect and publish statistics of cotton. (Ap-

an act authorizing the Director of the Census to collect and publish statistics of cotton. (Approved July 22, 1912.)

An act to prohibit the importation and the interstate transportation of films or other pictorial representations of prize fights. (Approved July 31, 1912.)

An act to harmonize the national law of salvage with the provisions of the international convention for the unification of certain rules with respect to assistance and salvage at sea. (Approved August 1, 1912.)

An act to establish a standard barrel and standard grades for apples when packed in barrels.

An act to establish a standard barrel and standard grades for apples when packed in barrels. (Approved August 3, 1912.)

An act to permit the construction of a subway and the maintenance of a railroad under the postoffice building at or near Park Place in the city of New York. (August 9, 1912.) The regulation of
Mreless telegraphy.

An act to regulate radio communication. (Approved August 13, 1912.) The regulation of
Wireless telegraphy.

An act to create a Commission on Industrial Relations. (Approved August 23, 1912.)

An act to provide for agricultural entries on oil and gas lands. (Approved August 24, 1912.)

An act to give effect to the convention between the Gevernments of the United States, Great
Britain, Japan and Russia for the preservation and protection of the fur seals and sea otter which
frequent the waters of the North Pacific Ocean. Concluded at Washington, July 7, 1912. (Approved August 24, 1912.)

An act to constitute a commission to investigate the purchase of American grown tobacco by
the Governments of foreign countries. (Approved August 24, 1912.)

An act to regulate foreign commerce by prohibiting the admission into the United States of
certain adulterated grain and seeds unit for seeding purposes. (Approved August 24, 1912.)

An act to create a Legislative Assembly in the Territory of Alaska to confer legislative powers
thereon and for other purposes. (Approved August 24, 1912.)

government. An act to provide for the opening, maintenance, protection and operation of the Panama Caual and the sanitation and government of the Canal Zone. (Approved August 24, 1912.) Provides for the government of the Panama Canal after its construction and the exemption of coastwise American vessels from tolls.

American vessels from toils.

Joint resolution providing for the termination of the treaty of 1832 between the United States and Russla. (Approved December 21, 1911.) Abrogation of the treaty on account of its denial of passports to Jewish-American citizens.

Joint resolution making appropriations for the relief of sufferers from floods in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys. (Approved May 6, 1912.)

Joint resolution proposing an International Maritime Conference. (Approved June 28, 1912.)

Joint resolution to convey the thanks of Congress to Capt. Arthur Henry Rostrom, and through him to the officers and crew of the steamship Carpathia of the Cunard line, for the prompt and heroic service rendered by them in rescuing seven hundred and four lives from the wreck of the steamship Titanic in the North Atlantic Ocean. (Approved July 6, 1912.)

Joint resolution appropriating \$1,350,000 for encampment and manacuvres of the organized militia. (Approved July 8, 1912.)

Joint resolution making appropriations to be used in exterminating the army worm. (Approved July 30, 1912.)

were

Joint resolution making appropriations to be used in exterminating the army worm. (Approved July 30, 1912.)

Joint resolution directing the Secretary of War to investigate the claims of American citizens for damages suffered within American territory and growing out of the late insurrection in Mexico. (Approved August 9, 1912.)

Joint resolution authorizing the erection on the public grounds in the city of Washington of a joint memorial to Major Archibaid W. Butt and Francis Davis Millet. (Approved August 24, 1912.)

Changes and new enactments were made as riders to general appropriation bills.

were:
Provision for the establishment of an experimental parcels post.
Provision for a seven years' term of enlistment in the army—four years with the colors and three years in a proposed new army reserve.
Provision for the abolition of the Tariff Board.
The Senate ratified nine treaties during the session, including those with France and Great Britain, which the President refused to accept in amended form, and the following: Settlement of pecuniary claims between the United States and Great Britain; agreement of international naval conference on war prizes; copyright treaty with Hungary; North Atlantic isherles treaty with Great Britain; naturalization treaty with Costa Rica; international wireless telegraph treaty; international

of a Constitutional Amendment for the direct election by the people of United States Senators; the

ACTS OF CONGRESS-Continued.

ousting by the Senate of William Lorimer as Senator from Illinois, and the beginning of impeachment

proceedings against Judge Robert W. Archbald of the Commerce Court.
Investigations were made by committees, of the United States Steel Corporation, the American Sugar Refining Company, the Shipping Trust, the Beef Trust, the Money Trust and the contributionst to the National campaign of 1804.

The Senate passed a resolution declaring its disapproval of the acquisition of territory in America

The Senate passed a resolution declaring its disapproval of the acquisition of territory in America by foreign Governments for strategic purposes.

The Among the bills before Congress which falled to pass this session were: the bill to create a Department of Labor, with a member of the Cabinet: the bill to extend the Corporation Tax law to individuals; the Agricultural Extension bill; the Cotton Anti-Option bill, the bill to create a United States Corporation Commission, the bill to establish a Bureau of Markets in the Department of Agriculture, the bill to regulate the Consular Service, the bill to authorize the coinage of three cent and one-half cent pieces, the bill to regulate Immigration, and the joint resolution to extend the campaign publicity law to candidates for President and Vice-President. Among the riders to the appropriation bills which failed were the attempt to legislate Major-General Leonard Wood out office; the attempt to abolish the United States Court of Commerce and the attempt to establish aseven years tenure of office for Government clerks in Washington.

The President vetoed eleven bills, including the wool and metal tariff schedules. The House repassed the two latter over the veto but was not sustained by the Senate.

The session lasted 265 days. The number of bills introduced during the session were 4,245 in the Senate and 12,368 in the House of Representatives. The Senate resolutions were 237, joint resolutions 78. House resolutions 494, joint resolutions 359.

The number of public laws passed was 253.

The Scandinavian American Society.

This society was organized 1908. Its purposes are to cultivate closer relations between the Scandinavian countries and the United States, and to strengthen the bonds between Scandinavian Americans. The society has begun an interchange of university professors, and arranged a travelling exhibition of Scandinavian art in American cities, 1912-13. Headquarters, 507 Fifth Avenue, New York City. President-John A. Gode.

THE AMERICAN SCANDINAVIAN FOUNDATION.

Consists of a self-perpetuating board of trustees, incorporated in 1911, to hold in trust and administer an endowment of more than \$500,000, given by the late Niels Poulson, and other funds which may be intrusted to their care for the purposes similar to those of the Scandinavian American Society. The Foundation has given financial support to the art exhibit of the Society, created traveling fellowships, and received the patronage of the kings of Deumark, Norway and Sweden. Headquarters, 507 Fifth Avenue. Secretary, Henry Goddard Leach.

Cost of Living and Retail Prices.

FROM Bulletins issued by the Department of Commerce and Labor (Bureau of Labor).

NUMBER OF FAMILIES, AVERAGE SIZE OF FAMILY, AVERAGE INCOME PER FAMILY, AVERAGE EXPENDITURE PER FAMILY FOR ALL PURPOSE, AND AVERAGE EXPENDITURE PER FAMILY FOR FOOD, BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS, 1901.

(From eighteenth annual report of the United States Commissioner of Labor.)

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISION.	Families.	Average Size of Family.	Average Iucome per Family.	Aver. Expenditure per Family for all Purposes.	Aver. Expenditure per Family for Food.	GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISION.	Familles.	Average Size of Family.	Average Income per Family.	Aver. Expenditure per Family for all Purposes. Aver. Expenditure per Family for Expenditure for Food.
N. Atlantie S. Atlantie N. Central	219	$5.25 \\ 5.30 \\ 5.46$	762.78	700.62	298.64	S. Central Western United States	90	4.69	891.82	\$690.11 \$292.68 751.46 308.53 \$768.54 \$326.90

PER CENT. OF INCREASE IN RETAIL PRICES OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF FOOD-

Sugar, granulated 11.1 Sugar, granulated 11.2 Sugar, granulated 11.1 Sugar, granulated Sug	Average Price in 1911 Compared With Average Price for 10-Year Period, 1890 to 1899.		Prices in Dece 1911, Compared Average Price f Year Period, 18 , 1899.	or 10-	Price on June 15, Compared V Average Price if Year Period 18	VIth or 10-	Compared With Prices of June 15.		
Wheat flour 27.9 Wheat flour 29.5 Eggs, strictly fresh 26.1 Round steak 15.6 Butter, creamery 31.3 Sirloin steak 32.9 Mllk, fresh 32.9 Rlbroast 17.8 Milk, fresh 32.7 Mllk, fresh 32.0 Butter, creamery 33.3 Pork chops 11.2 Sirloin steak 34.9 Rlbroast 37.4 Wheat flour 39.3 Bacon, smoked 2. Lard, pure 45.3 Hens 55.3 Ham, smoked 2. Lard, pure 45.3 Hens 58.1 Lard, pure 11.2 Eggs, strictly fresh 50.2 Ham, smoked 50.9 Ham, smoked 61.3 Wheat flour 10. Hens 51.6 Corn meal 51.6 Corn meal 51.7 Corn meal 63.8 Eggs, strictly fresh Ham, smoked 55.9 Potatoes, Irish 59.0 Round steak 63.8 Eggs, strictly fresh 12.7			ARTICLE.		ARTICLE.	Per Cent.of Increase in Price.	ARTICLE.	Higher Than June 15, 1911.	
Pork chops 70.3 Bacon, smoked 87.8 Bacon, smoked 96.7 Sugar, granulated 6.0	Wheat flour Butter, creamery. Milk, fresh. Sirloin steak. Ribroast. Lard, pure. Corn meal Eggs, strictly fresh. Hens. Round steak. Ham, smoked. Potatoes, Irish. Pork chops.	27.9 31.3 32.7 34.9 38.6 45.3 47.2 51.6 55.0 70.3	Wheat flour Sirloin steak Milk, fresh. Ribroast. Lard, pure. Hens. Round steak. Ham, smoked. Corn meal. Pork chops. Potatoes, Irish. Butter, creamery. Bacon, smoked.	29.5 32.8 35.0 37.4 41.3 42.9 50.9 51.9 59.5 87.8	Eggs. strictly fresh Milk, fresh. Butter, creamery. Wheat flour Lard, pure. Hens. Sirloin steak. Ham, smoked. Corn meal. Ribroast. Round steak. Pork chops. Bacon, smoked.	26.1 32.9 33.3 39.3 55.3 59.5 61.3 63.8 84.0 96.7	Round steak. Rlb roast. Pork chops. Bacon, smoked. Ham, smoked. Ham, smoked. Hens. Wheat flour Corn meal. Eggs, strictly fresh Butter, creamery, Potatoes, Irish. Sugar, granulated	2.7 11.3 3.8 10.7 12.7 11.8 15.3 7.6 6.0	

^{* 0.1} per cent. lower than June 15, 1911.

United States Post-Office Statistics.

FISCAL	Number of	Extent of Post	Revenue of the	Expenditure of the	AMOUNT	PAID FOR.
YEARS.	Post-Offices.	Routes in Miles.	Department.	Department.	Compensation to Postmasters.	Transportation of the Mail.
1884	48,434	359,530	\$43,325,959	\$47,224,560	\$11,283,831	\$25,359,816
1885	51.252	365,251	42,560,844	50,046,235	11,243,848	27,765,124
1886	53.614	368,660	43,948,423	51,004,744	11.348.178	27.553,239
1887	55,157	392,874	48,837,610	53,006,194	11,929,481	28,135,769
1888	57,376	403,976	52,695,176	56,468,315	12,589,768	30,393,209
1889	58,999	416,159	56,175,611	62,317,119	13,168,991	33,506,648
1890	62,401	427.990	60,882,097	66,259,548	13,753,096	35, 246, 162
1891	64.329	439,027	65,931.786	73,059,519	14,527,000	38,039,584
1892	67.119	447.591	70,930,475	76,980,846	15,249,565	40,358,432
1893	68,403	453,833	75,896,993	81,581.681	15,863,621	42,904,593
1894	69,805	454,746	75,080,479	84,994,112	15,899,709	44,920,033
1895	70,064	456,026	76,983,128	87, 179, 551	16,079.508	45.716,380
1896	70,360	463,313	82,499,208	90,932,669	16,561,181	47,894,486
1897	71,022	470,032	82,665,462	94,077,242	16,908,384	49,897,992
1898	73,570	480,461	89,012,618	98,033,523	17,453,433	52.319,790
1899	75,000	496,948	95,021,384	101,632,160	18,223,506	53,945,796
1900	76,688	500.989	102,354,579	107,740,268	19,112.097	56,374,206
1901	76,945	511,808	111,631,193	115, 554, 920	19,949.514	58,264,040
1902	75,924	507,540	121,848,047	124,785,697	20,783,919	61,153,775
1903	74.169	506,268	134,224,443	138,784,488	21,631,724	65.321,711
1904	71,131	496,818	143,582,624	152,362,117	22,273,344	69.820,732
1905	68,131	486,805	152,826,585	167,399,169	22,743,342	72,862,605
1906	65,600	478,711	167,932,782	178.449.778	23,544,585	76.174.945
1907	62,659	463,406	183,585.005	190,238,288	24,575.696	81,090,849
1908	61,158	450,738	191,478.663	208,351,886	25,599,397	81,381,421
1909	60.144	448,618	203,562,383	221,004,102	26,569,892	84,052,596
1910	59,580	447,998	224.128.657	229,977,224	27,521,013	85,259,102
1911	59,237	435,388	237,879,823	237, 648, 926	28,284.964	88,058,922
1912	58,729	1 436,469	246,744,015	248,525,450	28,467,726	89.154,811

Of the whole number of post-offices at the close of the fiscal year, June 30,1912, 8,228 were Presidential offices and 50,501 were fourth-class offices.

The estimated number of pieces of postal matter of all kinds which passed through the mails of the United States in the fiscal year (1912) was 17,588,658,941. Letters, etc., registered, 42,235,000. Special Delivery pieces delivered, 16,756,499. Ordinary postage stamps issued, 9,928,263,748; postal cards, 909,411,045. The annual aggregate number of letters transmitted through the post-offices of the world may be estimated at 30,000,000,000, and of newspapers, 15,000,000,000,000.

DOMESTIC MONEY-ORDERS ISSUED IN 1912.

States and Territories.	Value.	States and Territories.	Value.	States and Territories.	Value.
Alabama	\$8,763,273.38	Maryland	\$4,321,611.17	Rhode Island	\$2,939,801.22
Alaska	2,748,918.40	Massachusetts	21,695,092.88	South Carolina	4,944,376,37
Arizona	3,984,455.79	Michigan	25,874,658.09	South Dakota	4,972,448.38
Arkansas	7,382,133.12	Minnesota	16,249,991.60	Tennessee	7,161,403.55
California	35,585,789.37	Mississippi	7,590,452.26	Texas	24,472,107.76
Colorado	9,670,672.33	Missouri	15,450,851.46	Utah	3,843,175.99
Connecticut	8,011,281.54	Montana	7,465,174.06		3,133,530.00
Delaware	828,823.83	Nebraska	10,076,152.54	Virginia	7,254,918.78
District of Columbia	2,248,017.03	Nevada	3,809,772.86	Washington	15,081,085.57
Florida	6,744,504.05	New Hampshire	3,731,250.55	West Virginia	8,145,544.91
Georgia	11,024,220.75	New Jersey		Wisconsin	17,082,507.23
liawaii	2,268,274.29	New Mexico		Wyoming	2,768,524.85
Idaho	4,964,832.98	New York	55,152,139.92		
Illinois	36,298,824.95	North Carolina	6,666,839.10	Tutuila	14,018.07
Indiana	15,841,053.19	North Dakota	6,209,886.47	Shanghai U.S.PostalAg'cy	84,627.39
lowa	15,634,541.23	Ohio	26,902,801.09	Guam	63,340,44
Kansas	11,486,244.49	Oklahoma	9,479,341.90	Supt. M. O. System	324,630.53
Kentucky	5,843,181.87	Oregon			
Louisiana	6,733,148.06	Pennsylvania	41,555,050,38	Total	594,901,623.90
Maine	6,742,532.51	Porto Rico	3,441,716,37		

The number of domestic money-orders issued in the fiscal year 1912 was 85,286,380; number of international money-orders, 3,708,773; amounting to \$86,095,404.

RURAL DELIVERY SERVICE.

The following table exhibits the growth of the rural delivery service from 1897 to 1912:

YEAR.	Carriers (number).	Daily Mileage.	Annual Cost.	YEAR.	Carriers (number).	Daily Mileage.	Annual Cost.
1897		1,843	\$14,840	1905	32,055		\$20,864,885
1898	148		50,241	1906	35,318	820,318	25,011,625
1899	391	8,929		1907	37,582	883,117	26,747,000
1900	1,276	28,685	420, 433	1908	39,143	891,432	34,500,000
1901	4,301		1,750,321	1909	40,499	979.541	35,661,034
1902	8,466	186.252	4,089,041	1910	40,997		
1903	15,119	332,618	8,051,599	1911	41,559	1,007,772	37,122,254
1904	24,566	552,725		1912		1,021,492	

The maximum salary of rural carriers was increased October 1, 1912, from \$1,000 to \$1,100.

Polar Discoveries in Recent Xears.

(By Major-Gen. A. W. Greely, Gold Medallst of Royal Geographical Society and of Societé de Geographical Society and of Societé For the first year in the history of the world

For the first year in the history of the world man is in possession of definite information as to the physical conditions surrounding the North and the South Geographical Poles. This summary brings together in correlated form the principal discoveries made by daring explorers during the uast few years in the polar regions.

ARCTIC DISCOVERIES.

Grey pears in the polar regions.

ARCTIC DISCOVERIES.

Through the priority of its exploration, and also on account of notable achievements therein by Americans, the condition of geographic discovery within the Arctic Circle is first considered. The previous nearest approach and the ultimate attainment of the North Pole were made over what is known as the American route, which was primarily opened up by the explorations of the explorations are not as a supposed and the ultimate attainment of the North Pole were made over what is known as the American route, which was primarily opened up by the explorations of the exploration of 1870 Charles Francis Hall pushed the Polaris into the newly discovered Arctic Sea, reached an unprecedented latitude by ship, added nearly 200 miles to the coasts of northwest Greenland and extended Grant Land to within 413 miles of the Pole. In 1875-1876 his immediate successor, 1877 George Narcs of the Poles Pittas Navy, whitered in the Alert of the scheme extended Grant Land to 85° W. longitude, pushed Greenland northward to Cape Britannia and made a world's record of northing by reaching 83° 24′ on the fee of the great frozen sea. From 1881-1883 Lieut. (now General) A. W. Greely, United States Army, occupied one of the International Circumpoint Stations, at Lady Frankin Bay, 81 at 44′ M. died. The whole were the exploration of the magnetism of the region—it was the most northerly station occupied. In the supplementary work of physical geography, through his own for the region of t the coast by a line trending almost straight from Academy Glacier to Lambert Land. Myllus-Erichsen discovered that Peary Channel is merely a fiord and that Hazen (Heliprin or Peary) Land is not separate, but is a northerly extension of Greenland. He also carries Greenland no less than 22 degrees of longitude to the eastward of Peary's farthest, to Northeast Foreland, which is in 12° W. 83° N. Not only is the area of northern Greenland greatly augmented—the increase amounting to 150,005 square miles—but Northeast Foreland proves to be within 23 degrees of longitude of Spitzbergen, an unexpected and remarkable narrowing of the principal connecting waterway between the Atlantic and Arctic Oceans. Elsewhere in the New World recent and important Arctic explorations are those of Sverdrup, of Amundsen and of Stefansson. In 1900-1902 O. Sverdrup, from his base in the Norwegian Fram in Jones Sound, explored the west coast of Grinnell Land to Greely Flord and attained 81° 37′ N. Off the coast he discovered Helberg and Ringnes Islands. In 1903-1905 the Norwegian explorer, R. Amundsen, from his base on King William Land, relocated by elaborate magnetic observations the North Magnetic Pole in about 70° N. 97° W. Stefansson, under the auspilees of the American Museum of Natural History, New York City, pursued ethnological investigations of the Eskimaux along the Arctic coasts from the Mackenzle River eastward to Bathurst Inlet. subsisting on the game of the country. Sharing for many months the intimacles accurate studes of a wandering life with the Eskimaux he enjoyed special facilities for acquiring an accurate subject of the language, the customs, the beliefs and the life methods of various bodies accurate studes of a wandering life with the Eskimaux he enjoyed special facilities for acquiring an accurate subject of the language, the customs, the elelets and the life methods of various bodies of Eskimaux. Between Cape Beside and Bathurst luiet he met a thousand natives in all whose lives were entirely devoid of association

POLAR DISCOVERIES IN RECENT YEARS-Continued.

people who had never seen either a white man or an Indian and were unfamiliar with the Eskimaux to the westward. The most extraordinary discovery was an isolated band of Eskimaux whose physical characteristics presented most marked resemblances to the Scandinavian types of northern Europe. Of the 40 in this band no single person had black eyebrows, but they shaded in color from brown to almost white. Stefansson supplemented his observations by photographs and head measurements. He considers himself justified in believing that these prove the existence among the Eskimaux of persons with distinct European traits. Unquestionably they present blond characteristics, as shown by reddish hair, shading gradually from light on the forehead to nearly black at the back. Many of them had straggling light beards, some of a brownish or yellowish ting, while others were of very light straw color—almost white. Of the thousand or more Eskimaux examined by Stefansson at least a dozen bad blue eyes.

them had stragging light beards, some of a brownish or yellowish tinge, while others were of very light straw color—almost white. Of the thousand or more Eskimaux examined by Stefansson at least a dozen had blue eyes.

Stefansson has decided to renew histwork among the Islands to the north of the American continent. Establishing his permanent quarters on Banks Land, with a scientific staff, he will complete his ethnological and geological studies of adjacent islands and of the natives living thereon. Additionally, he contemplates sledging from Banks Land northwestward with a view of determining it land there exists, as is believed to be the case by General Greely and Prof. Harris.

ANTARCTIC DISCOVERIES.

Additionally, he contemplates sledging from Banks Land northwestward with a view of determining it land there exists, as is believed to be the case by General Greety and Prof. Harris.

Rich as have been recent Arctic voyages in results, yet they yield in extent and in importance to those obtained in Antarctic explorations since the year 1900. While Americans at the beginning of the twentleth century were assured that their countrymen, N. B. Palmer and Charles Wikes, and discovered parts of a great southern continent, yet the existence of Wilkes Land was widely of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the new century (1898), the Belgian Identification of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the new century (1898), the Belgian Identification of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the new century (1898), the Belgian Identification of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the new century (1898), the Belgian Identification of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the new century (1898), the Belgian Identification of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the new century (1898), the Belgian Identification of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the new century (1898), the Belgian Identification of Wilkes Land. Just before the beginning of the Land. The Same year, the Swedish Frofesor O. Nordenskiold, exploring the east coast of Palmer Land. The same year, the Swedish Frofesor O. Nordenskiold, exploring the east coast of Palmer Land. The same year, the Swedish Frofesor O. Nordenskiold, exploring the east coast of Palmer Land. The same year, the Swedish Frofesor O. Nordenskiold, exploring the east coast of Palmer Land. However, the Swedish Indicated the Assac Wilker Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land. Just Barbard Land.

Geographical Research in 1912.

AFRICA.

THE union of Northern and Southern Nigeria into one government, which had been under consideration for some time, was decided on in February. The completion of the railway from Baro, on the Niger, to Kano, with its connection with the Lagos line by way of Jebba and Zungem, supplied a link between the two protectorates and paved the way for their amalgamation.

Letters were received from the Austrian Expedition to Northern Uganda, which started out in the Fall of 1911, for ethnological research in the region between Lake Rudolf and the Nile. Mount Elgon was ascended and members of the expedition elimbed to the highest point north of the crater. A party from the Italian Military Geographical Institute was sent to Tripoli, to make surveys, which will include the astronomical determination of the position of Tripoli, the measurement of abase line, and tidal observations for the determination of an attinetric datum.

The course of the Mbam between 5° and 6° 30° N. lat. was investigated by Captain Winkier and that of the lower Nun by Lieutenant von der Leyen. Both the Wibam and the Nun are too much impeded by rapids, falls, and shallows to be of practical use for navigation and they are little used even by the natives. In its lower course the Mibam is known as the Leba.

Dr. Kmunke's expedition through Northern Uganda reached Nimule on the upper Nile in February, thus crossing one of the least known portions of the protectorate. From Elgon they went by way of Lakes Salisburg and Kirkpatrick and through the districts of Nakual, Lobor and Kanichuru.

Kanichuru.

Annururu.

A new territorial division of the Belgian Congo was promulgated in a royal decree, dated March
28. The changes consist chiefly in the subdivision of the older units, especially in the interior parts
of the colony, where many were of unmanageable size.

An examination of some of the features of Egyptian deserts was made by members of the
Carnegie Institution of Washington, D.C. The water in the Libyian desert is either plutonic or is
derived from precipitation areas so widely distant that the supply is independent of local climatic
conditions apart from evaporation. Distances as great as 40 miles were traversed without the sight

of a single plant, dead or alive.

The Italian Commission for the survey of the frontier of Italian Somaliland with Abyssinia returned to Italy in January. Besides the precise survey of the frontier, the route from Dire Dawa (near Harrar) to Brava was carried out, and numerous astronomical determinations of latitude and longitude were made.

P. J. Rainey's African expedition returned with a large number of birds and reptiles. The boundaries between the wedge of Portuguese territory running up the lower Zambezi to the confluence of the Loangwa and the British territories to the north and south were fixed.

AMERICA.

Mount Sir Sanford, one of the highest peaks in the Canadian Rockies, was first scaled by Howard Palmer, Secretary of the American Alpine Club, on June 24. The mountain, which is 11,634 feet high, is practically one continuous wall of ice.

Engineers were sent out by the Canadian Government to report on the best harbor on Hudson Bay to serve as the port of call for a line of steamers from Europe and also the terminal point of the proposed railway from Le Pas, the choice in the latter lying between Port Nelson and Fort

the proposed railway from Le Pas, the choice in the latter fying between Fore Nelson and Folte Churchill.

The existing maps of Great Slave Lake, according to reports from H. V. Radford, are very inaccurate. The lake, he claims, does not extend east of 111° 45′ W. longitude.

Letters have been received from Dr. Koch-Griinberg's expedition in northern Brazil. The little known region about the headwaters of the Rio Branco, and the great northern brazel. The Rio Negro, is being explored. Studies are being made of the habits, customs and languages of the natives.

natives.

Dr. Max Schmidt completed some interesting researches among the headwaters of the Paraguay and Guapore. He visited the source region of the Jaurii, Juruena and Guapore, studying the Paressi Indians, who are comparatively recent immigrants to this region.

An expedition started out to the northern interior of South America, in charge of Dr. Hamilton Rice. After reaching San Marten he proposes to descend the Ariari River to the Jauria and then cross into the basin of the Waupes. He will make maps of the rivers and country he traverses.

The expedition organized by Yale University and the National Geographic Society, under the leadership of Prof. Bingham, continued the work of the Yale Peruvian Expedition of 1911. Maps were made of the Cuzco basin and the routes connecting the later Inca capital of Victos with the rest of Peru.

the leadership of Prof. Bingham, continued the work of the Yale Peruvian Expedition of 1911. Maps were made of the Cuzoo basin and the routes connecting the later Irac capital of Victos with the rest of Peru.

The American Geographical Society celebrated its sixtleth anniversary, and the completion of its new building in New York City. The society invited geographers from Great Britain, France, Germany and other countries as its guests. Trips were made to Yellowstone Park, Glacier National Park and other places of interest in the United States.

The province of Manitoba, Canada, secured the extension of its territory to Hudson Bay, by an act which passed the Dominion Parliament on March 12. This gives an outlet to the sea and a probable future route to Europe by way of Hudson Bay is secured.

A protocol signed at La Paz authorized the Delimitation Committee to fix the Peru-Bolivia boundary line between the Heath and Yaverya Rivers. The Commissioners have now fixed the entire line of the frontier between Peru and Bolivia.

The Smithsonian Museum has four expeditions in the field collecting exhibits for the Panama-Californian Exhibition, to be held at San Diego, Cal., in 1915. One is at work in the upper Yenesel region of Stheria, two at St. Lawrence Island, Alaska, and the fourth at the Philippine Islands.

Parts of Labrador never before visited by a white man were explored by H. G. Bryant, of the Philadelphia Geographical Society. He explored and mapped the St. Augustine River from the sea to its source, a distance of 141 miles.

A party headed by Prof. H. Parker of New York City discovered a new pass through the Alaska range, explored about 60 miles of country which has been a blank on the map, and verified the statement that the ascension of Mt. McKinley can be made along the northeastern ridge.

ASIA.

Permission was granted by the Dutch Government to A. F. R. Wollaston to explore West New Guinea. The principal object of Mr. Wollaston's expedition will be the exploration of the Snowy range. An attempt will be made to reach the watershed and if possible to ellmb Mount Carstensz

range. An attempt will be made to reach the watersned and it possible to climb Arotin Caiscense (15,960 feet), the highest point in the range.

The Arbor expedition on the northeast frontier of India sent a party to explore the unknown part of the Tsang-po valley and to reach the great falls reported to exist near the Tibetan border. Another party explored the Yam-ne valley, and the Yam-ne River was surveyed up to a point 12 miles north of its junction with the Debong, and the latter was also surveyed for several miles. A collection of papers connected with the fishery survey of the Bay of Bengal was issued by the

GEOGRAPHICAL RESEARCH IN 1912-Continued.

Bengal Secretariat Book Depot of Calcutta. The papers contain lists of the fish in the bay, their favorite haunts and their periodic migrations. Altogether 150 species were identified, and of these

at least six were new to science.

tavorite haunts and their periodic migrations. Altogether 150 species were identified, and of these at least six were new to science.

An exhaustive account of several months' sojourn in the Behring and Copper Islands in Behring Sea was published by E. K. Suvorof in the Izvestya of the Geographical Society of St. Petersburg. The southern part of Behring Island is a chaos of ranges and detached summits rising to a height of 2.200 feet, and is almost inaccessible except along the coast. Everything on Copper Island tends to show that it lies on a line of fault, and the remains of animal organism indicate that it came into existence in the Tertiary period.

An unknown area in the extreme north of the Kimberley division of Western Australia, between Cambridge Guif and Drysdale River, is being explored by C. P. Conigrave.

B. Raunklaer, under the auspices of the Royal Danish Geographical Society, travelled from Aleppovia, Bagdad, to Basra. He made valuable anthropological, zoological and botanical observations, and mapped out the country traversed.

From a study of Japanese Pilocene and post-Pilocene fossils M. Yokoyma claims that Japan during the diluvial period had a warmer climate than the present, and that the changes in temperature have been in the reverse direction from those in Europe and America.

The forests and mountains on the northern boundary of Korea were explored by a representative from the American Museum of Natural History. A partial ascent of Pair-Tre-San, one of the highest mountains in Northern Korea, was made to explore what the Koreans call "Three Big Rivers." The rivers were found to be three lakes ranging in length from one tow miles.

It was reported that Dr. Sven Hedin was organizing a new expedition to Asia.

The capital of India was moved from Calcutta to Delhi.

Russia endeavored to establish communication by sea between Pacific ports and northwestern Stheriz vie Rebring Strett. "Partles were sent out to Investigate the port of Nishil Kolymsk at the

Russia endeavored to establish communication by sea between Pacific ports and northwestern Siberia, via Behring Strait. Parties were sent out to investigate the port of Nishni Kolymsk at the mouth of the Kolyma River, to study the conditions of navigation between the mouths of the Kolyma

mouth of the Kolyma River, to study the conditions of navigation between the mouths of the Kolyma and the Lena and to survey the coast of Kamtchatka.

The French Geographical Society sent out the auxiliary motor ship Curleuse to study the fauna and flora of the Trissam-Oceana Islands south of the Cape of Good Hope, the islands north of Australia, and other little known Islands in the Pacific Ocean.

An investigation of the native types of Siberla and China was made by Dr. A. Hrdlicka of the National Museum, Washington, D. C., with the object of comparing them with the American Indians.

A Dutch expedition to New Guinea started out in August and will be in the field about nine months. It will make collections in the regions from 7,000 feet to the snow limit and will explore the mountains north of Wilhelmina Peak.

The Takla-Makan Desert, the worst of all deserts in Central Asia, was crossed by a priest of the West Hongwanji Temple of Kloto. He found sand mountains 12,000 feet high, and that the desert was a veritable sea of sand.

EUROPE.

A descriptive summary of the caverns and underground channels of Greece was published by N. N. A. Siderides. The caverns described are (1) the Palalomylos, at about the centre of the castern shore of Lake Kopals, (2) the Great Katavothra, at the northeast extremity of Lake Kopals, at present blocked near its entrance by a great fall of rock, and (3) the Katavothra of Bynla, a short distance north of the Great Katavothra, and which judging from the size of the channel leading to it seems to have been the most important of all.

The opening of an Alpine road, affording uninterrupted communication from the mountains of Dauphine to the Cote d'Azur, suggested the opening of a similar road in the Pyrenees. Studies have been made for such a road, and it was found that a road through the Pyrenees would be feasible.

feasible. The Tenth International Geographical Congress will be held in Rome, Italy, beginning March

27, 1913, and will last one week.

Representatives from Russia, Sweden and Norway met at Christiania, Norway, and agreed that Spitzbergen will be a neutral territory open to all nations, but administered by a joint board consisting of one representative of each of the contracting powers.

In tracing the analogies which may be made out between the central massif of France and that of Bihar in the Eastern Carpathians, Dr. L. Sawicki, a Hungarian geographer, defines the type winds which both wearth massife or the type winds which both wearth massife or the contraction of the cont

under which both massifs may be considered to fall.

A study of the annual migrations of sheep between the Winter and Summer feeding grounds in the Montpeller region was contributed by M. M. Sorre to the Bulletin of Languedoc Geographleal Society.

The two hundred and fiftleth anniversary of the foundation of the Royal Society (Great

Britain) was celebrated during the week beginning July 15.

A joint committee comprising representatives from the Royal Meteorological Society and from the Meteorological Office planned the publication of data on barometric pressure and wind direction in Great Britain.

In Great Britain.

Changes have been made in the names of several German cities. One of the most important is that of "Rixdorf" to "Neukolin," which is a suburb of Berlin having a population of about 236,000.

Prof. A. Mailadra, of the Royal Observatory of Vesuvius, Italy, succeeded in descending into the crater of Mount Vesuvius on May 24. The crater is about 934 feet deep, and 1,500 feet in diameter. The temperature ranged from 187 to 200 degrees Fahrenheit.

POLAR RESEARCH.

Capt. E. Mikkelsen and his engineer, who left Copenhagen, Denmark, in 1910, to recover the records left by M. Erichsen in Denmark Firth, returned in the Summer of 1912 with the records. Word was received from V. Stefanson and Dr. R. M. Anderson, who left New York City in 1908, to make ethnological studies in the Arctic region for the American Museum of Natural History, that they had made complete surveys of Langston Bay, Horton River and several other uncharted regions. On the south coast of Victoria Land a race of blond Esquimaux was found. Dr. Mawson's party landed from his ship the Aurora on the Antarctic continent in January. He spent several weeks exploring, but found no trace of the supposed Clairle Land, thought to have been seen by D'Urvill in 1838.

Capt. J. P. Koch set out to explore the interior of Greenland. The Winter of 1912 he spent in scientific work on the west side of Queen Louise Land. In the Spring of 1913 he will start across the ice sheet and hopes to reach the west coast at Salmon fjord about the first of July.

M. A. de Quervain, a Swiss meteorologist, will also make explorations in Greenland. He contemplates crossing from Holstenborg on the west coast to Angmagsalik on the east. From Koch's and Quervain's expeditions valuable data should be obtained on the Interior of Greenland.

GEOGRAPHICAL RESEARCH IN 1912-Continued.

The Crocker Land expedition was prevented from starting by the death of one of its leaders. However, plans are being made for another expedition that will begin work in the Summer of 1913.

An expedition was organized in Germany by Lieut. Schroder-Stranz to circumnavigate Northern Europe and Asia. Scientific researches will be made during the voyage, which is expected to last from three to four years.

ern Europe and Asia. Scientific researches will be made during the voyage, which is expected to last from three to four years.

An expedition was planned by the Russian explorer Russanof to Nova Zembla, with the object of further testing the possibilities of navigation to Siberia around its northern end. The Kainan Maru, with Lieutenant Shirase's party on board, returned to Yokohama on June 19. It is stated that Shirase does not believe that King Edward VII. Land is connected with South Victoria Land.

The Terra Nova, the vessel of the British Antarctic expedition, arrived at Akaroa, New Zealand, on April 1 and brought news that on Jaunary 3 Captain Scott, with five men, were within 150 miles of the South Pole, and that he intends to remain another year in the Antarctic. Captain Scott left the base at McMurdo Sound on November 2, 1911, for the poleward journey and arrived at latitude 87° 32° S. on January 3. Nearly three weeks before this date Captain Amundsen had reached the South Pole.

The loss of the White Star Steamer "Titanic" by collision with an iceberg caused considerable attention to be paid to the formations and movements of icebergs and ice fields in the North Atlantic Ocean. Among the many publications that were written on the subject, the following are worth mentioning: "Icebergs," by Prof. H. T. Barnes, published in the Royal Institute Proceedings of May 31; "Drift Ice," by H. O. Baschin of the Geographical Institute of Berlin; and "A New System for Preventing Collisions at Sea," by Sir Hiram S. Maxim.

A Russian Arctic expedition was planned by Captain Ssedow, who proposes to proceed in a ship to Franz Josef Land, and thence to attempt a siedge journey over the lee to Greenland, by way of the Pole.

the Pole.

Reports were received from Dr. Charcot of his visit to Jan Mayen. He also visited Egg Island, where he found no signs of recent volcanic activity.

Review of Scientific Progress in 1912. BY CHARLES H. HUCHES.

ARCHAEOLOGY.

AT Carchemish, Syria, quays were discovered below the Citadel mound, decorated with reliefs in the style of the Cappadocian monuments, and other reliefs were found along the wall of the great courtyard in front of the lower palace.

Interesting discoveries of antiquities in the time of King Narmer of the First Dynasty, which showed that crocodile worship in the Fayyum was already established in his time, were made by Prof. Petrle, in a necropolis at Kair Ammar in Middle Egypt.

Excavations were made at Ostia (about 13 miles from Rome, Italy), by Prof. Staglierl, who uncovered many houses and tombs.

American archaeologists have been working at Sardes, the ancient capital of the Kingdom of Lydia, and at the Village of Sart. On the inner face of the wall of the Temple of Artemis, in Sardes, a record of a mortgage was deciphered.

During the past year the excavation of the Oslerioff at Abydos continued, which was started nine years ago by the Egyptian Research Account. Tombs from the First Dynasty to the Roman period have been opened in the cemeteries, and in the sand skeletons, jars and coins have been found. Many new and interesting discoveries were made in Pompeli. Houses have been found with projecting balconies which, although common in Nocera and in other Campanian towns, were rare in Fompeli. A building was unearthed, the front of which was covered with beautiful frescoes representing various delties.

Partles from the Imperial Ottoman Museum at Constantinople excavated the tumulus of

Parties from the Imperial Ottoman Museum at Constantinople excavated the tumulus of Lagaza, near Salonica, and brought to light a vaulted tomb of the Macedonian period. The German expedition in Central Mesopotamia has been at work at Tel Halef (the site of the ancient capital of the Hittite monarchy), and succeeded in uncartiling a palace, with remarkable sculptured groups in a perfect state of preservation. The palace was built about the fourteenth sculptured groups in a perfect state of preservation. century B. C. A large cemetery was found by members of the British School of Archaeology in Egypt, only 35 miles south of Cairo, which dates from the earliest historic age down to the Pyramid period. A special feature of the cemetery is the extraordinary preservation of both the woodwork and the

clothing found.

A remarkable find of prehistoric weapons and ornaments was made at St. Kanzion, in the Karst Mountains, not far from Abbazia, Austria. At a depth of about three feet a large number of bronze articles were uncarrhed, the date of which was estimated as 1,000 B. C. Work at Memphis, by the British School of Archaeology in Egypt, resulted in the discovery of a number of monuments of immense size. One of these was the largest known example of the couchant Sphinx, being 26 feet long and weighing over 80 tons. It belongs probably to the Nineteenth Dynasty of about 1,300 B. C. An expedition under the direction of the school of American Archaeology was at work at Quirigua, Guatemala. On excavating a mound near Temple Court, a structure of several rooms was unearthed, having hierographic texts containing important data.

At Samaria, in Northern Palestine, the palace of a Hebrew King, believed to be the lyory house of Ahab, was unearthed.

of Ahab, was unearthed.

Of Ando, was uneartised.

Canadian archaeologists working under the direction of H. I. Smith, unearthed near Prescott,
Ontarlo, the remains of an Indian settlement.

At Jensen quarry, near Rock Springs, Wyo., the vertebrae of a dinosaur which in life exceeded sixty-five feet in length, was uncovered.

Prof. R. L. Hull of Yale University reported finding the remains of a two-toed horse in Briscoe County, Texas. He also reported unearthing the bones of a camel and a ground sloth.

ASTRONOMY.

An important contribution to stellar photometry was published by Prof. Pickering of Harvard University, giving the adopted magnitudes of ninety-six stars measured in the Harvard polar sequences.

REVIEW OF SCIENTIFIC PROGRESS IN 1912-Continued.

A spectroscopic determination of the period of rotation of Venus, which was found to be about one day, was made by M. Belopolsky. Another astronomer determined the period as 23 hours, 28 minutes.

28 minutes.

That the moon is not round but oval is the conclusion reached by Prof. Castadilobo of Colmbra University, Portugal. During an eclipse of the sun he took chematograph pictures of it, and from them found that at the time of the maximum obscuration the moon while completely blotting out the sun at top and bottom, did not quite cover it on the right and left. From this he concluded that the moon is not a sphere, and furthermore he estimated the difference between the greatest and least breadth as about 3 miles.

A new star of the fourth magnitude was discovered at Kiel on March 13. It was stated to be near Theta Geminorum. Another new star was discovered in Geminal by M. Enebo of Dombass, Norway, on March 12.

A catalogue of 9,800 stars was published by T. W. Backhouse. The catalogue includes the whole sky from pole to pole, and shows all stars visible to the ordinary eye. The magnitudes are discussed and reduced to a common system.

The previous values of the axis of Mars, determined from the shifts of the orbital planes of the satellites, were confirmed by Dr. Struve. He found the obliquity of the equator to the orbit to be

atellites, were confirmed by Dr. Struve. He found the obliquity of the equator to the orbit to be 25-10.2.

The previous values of the axis of Mars, determined from the shifts of the orbit to be 25-10.2.

The cellipse of the sun, April 17, afforded an opportunity of determining the exact path of the moon's shadow and the duration of totality.

The Transvaal Observatory at Johannesburg, South Africa, was renamed the Union Observatory. The work carried on will be of an astronomical nature, including the collecting of selsmological data. A rough wedge-shaped fragment of a meteorite, weighing about 1,900 grams, was found in Scott County, Kansas. It contained particles of iron and iron sulphide, one to wo millimeters in diameter, evenly disseminated throughout its mass.

The orbit of the asteroid 1911 M. T., calculated by Messrs. Haynes and Pitman, are as shown by previous observations fairly accurate. The next opposition will take place in March, 1913, but most of them occur when the planet is near aphelion, and are therefore unfavorable for observation.

The discovery of radium, uranium and emanation radiations in the spectrum of Nova Geminorum, was reported by Dr. H. Glebeler.

The 30-inch refracting telescope for the Allegheny Observatory, River View Park, Pa., was completed.

completed.

completed.

It was reported from the observatory at Mount Wilson, Cal., that, with the exception of the image forming lens, the new 100-inch reflecting telescope was completed.

The occultation of Venus, on April 15, and that of Mars on January 1 and 28, were the only planetary occultations of 1912 that were visible.

A new form of telescope mounting was devised by J. Hartness of Springfield, Vt. The telescope has no polar axis, but the same result is secured by a turret mounting revolving in the plane of the equator. To the turret is fixed the decilination axis about which the telescope revolves, and where the decilination axis cuts the optical axis of the telescope there is a totally reflecting prism turning the beam through 90 degrees. There is no dome to shelter the objective,

The Argentine Congress appropriated money for a 5-foot reflecting telescope for the National Observatory at Cordoba.

Observatory at Cordoba.

CHEMISTRY.

The Committee of International Atomic Weights issued its report and table of atomic weights to be used in 1913. The list numbers eighty-two elements, having been increased by the addition of inton, the name given to the emanation of radium.

A simple process to obtain sulphurle acid of the necessary degree of purity for estimating minute traces of arsenic was brought out by G. Bressanly and described in Gazzetta Chimica Italiana.

Pure metalic vanadium was prepared and its properties studied by Messrs. O. Ruff and W. Marten. The melting point of the pure metal was 1715° C. and its specific gravity at 18.7° C. was 5.688. In the fused condition it would dissolve either vanadium trioxide or carbide, to form mixtures of the points than the metal.

5.688. In the fused condition it would dissolve either vanadium trioxide or carbide, to form mixtures of higher melting points than the metal.

A systematic examination of thirty-six different kinds of vegetable products, including fungi, fresh and dried vegetables and cereals for arsenic, was made by Messrs. Jadin and Astruc. Arsenic was present in varying proportions in every instance—for example: in fresh vegetables it ranged from .004 milligramme in peats to .023 milligramme in lettuce.

A new adopt of radium and silver was brought out by Messrs. De Marc and Jacobs. It was obtained by reducing a mixture of silver chloride and radium sulphate by means of calcium carbonate and charcoal in a gas furnace. The resulting alloy was a yellowish radio-active substance, which was sufficiently tenacious to be drawn out into a thin whre.

The viscosity of ethylene and carbonic oxide at temperatures down to 150° C. was observed by Dr. O. Zimmern. At this temperature he found that Sutherland's law (the viscosity of a gas should vary as the square root of the absolute temperate of the gas) no longer held.

A new combound of carbon and nitrogen was prepared by M. G. Darzens. He names it carbon

A new compound of carbon and nitrogen was prepared by M. G. Darzens. He names it carbon pernitride, and prepares it by the interaction of cyanogen bromide and sodium hydrazoate. From the results of experiments, M. Darzens concludes that the new compound is the most endothermic substance known. known.

substance known.

A method of making synthetic rubber was outlined by Prof. W. H. Perkin at the Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemistry, field in New York City during September.
By employing a high temperature and a high pressure Dr. F. R. Berglus succeeded in producing artificial coal from cellulose in about 24 hours, analogous to that produced by nature.

A new source of potash was discovered in alunite. The largest occurrence is near Marysvale. Utah, and the deposit is of such importance that the United States Geological Survey issued Bulletin No. 511 concerning it.

A process for the synthetic manufacture of ammonia was brought out by Dr. H. A. Bernthsen of Ludwigshafen, Germany.

A cheap fermentation process for the production of fusil oil, one of the raw materials of isoprene,

of Ludwigshafen, Germany.

A cheap fermentation process for the production of fusil oil, one of the raw materials of isoprene,
was discovered by Prof. Fernbach of the Pasteur Institute. Isoprene is a substance having the
principal properties of natural caoutchouc and can be used for tires, electrical installations and other
purposes that rubber can.

Two important announcements were made by Dr. A. E. H. Tutton: first, that the chemical
nature of any substance which crystallizes can be ascertained by measuring the angles of the surfaces
of the crystals, and second, that means have been devised to render the molecules and their arrangements in a crystal visible.

ments in a crystal visible.

GEOLOGY.

The great slides of the Culebra cut, of the Panama Canal, were discussed by D. F. MacDonald of the Isthmian Canal Commission. He finds that the slides are generally due to geological conditions. The oldest rocks are exposed along the canal between Oblspo and Empire, and as the same tossis

REVIEW OF SCIENTIFIC PROGRESS IN 1912-Continued.

relations were found all across the Isthmus, he concluded that the Atlantic and Pacific oceans were

joined at one time.

In Erin Bay, Trinidad, an island was formed on January 4. It has an area of about 2½ acres and is about 14 feet above high water level. Geologists who have visited the new island find that it is composed chiefly of a bluish clay mud with an oily smell. The rock tragments consist of sand-

It is composed chiefly of a bithin clay mud with an only smell. The rock tragments consist of sand-stone, clay-shale, burnt clay and pyrites.

The results of an investigation of the relations existing between the observed values of gravity
anomalies at 124 stations throughout the United States, and the geological formations in which
the stations occur, were published in the American Journal of Science for March.

The Twelfth International Geological Congress will meet in Toronto, Canada, in 1913.

The United States Geological Survey published the second edition of the Data of Geochemistry.

The United States Geological Survey published the second edition of the Data of Geochemistry. In this publication the chemistry of geology is dealt with in detail.

The Mesozolc rocks obtained in four of the principal borings for coal in Kent. England, were examined by the Geological Survey. A knowledge of the range and character of the Mesozolc rocks in the southeast of England is of great importance as bearing on the prospects of finding coal at a workable depth in the Palaezolc floor which underlies the area.

A study of Australian glaciations was made by W. Howchin. Australia has experienced three well defined periods of glaciation—in the Cambrian, Permo-Carboniferous and Pleistocene. In every case the distinctive evidences of ice action are so clear that it is difficult to realize their antiquity.

A paper on the Minerals of Tonopah, Nevada, was published in the seventh volume of the Bulletin of the Department of Geology, University of California.

The volcances of Madagascar were described by Prof. A. Lacroix. The total area covered by the volcanic rocks is at least 4,000 square kilometres, and it is believed that these belong to the Tertilary period. Craters still intact show that the volcanic activity persisted until a very late Tertlary period. period.

Two further occurrences in the Tavistock-Launceston area, and in the Kilbride Peninsular Mayo have been added to the list of pillow-lavas which are so well developed upon several Palaeozoic

Mayo have been added to the list of pillow-lavas which are so well developed upon several Palaeozoic horizons in Great Britain.

The occurrence of northern erratics in the Thuringian loess is attributed by H. Habenicht to catastrophic flooding which took place at the close of the steppe-epoch that followed on the first extension of the continental ice.

The earlier thrusting in the Alps came from the northwest, and was followed by erosion carried on until a mature type of surface had been produced, is a belief advanced by B. Willis. The more recent thrusting from the southeast is regarded as Pilocene, since the scarp weathered out in the Bernese Oberland that was moved forward remains still fresh and young.

That the Thames River in England at one time had a different course than it has at present, is shown from investigations made by R. L. Sherlock and A. H. Noble, which were published in the Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society for June. The diversion of the Thames toward the south at Bourne End is believed to have been accomplished by the movement of an ice sheet.

ENGINEERING.

The Key West Railway, an extension of the Fiorida East Coast Railway, was formally opened to traffic on January 22. The Key West Railway is one of the most interesting ever constructed, as one part of it actually passes out of sight of land. Besides connecting Key West with the main land of Fiorida, it will facilitate communication with Havana, Cuba, only 90 miles away.

Rapid progress has been made on the new dock at Liverpool, Eng., which will be completed in the Summer of 1913. The dock is 1,020 feet long (nearly 140 feet longer than the steamer Olympic) and has an entrance 120 feet wide.

Work on the Panama Canal has progressed favorably, and it is the intention to allow vessels to use the canal as soon as practicable, although the official date of the opening has been set for January 1, 1915. Present indications seem to bear out the opinion previously expressed by the chairman and chief engineer of the Isthmian Canal Commission, that the canal will be opened for navigation during the latter part of 1913.

The State of New South Wales is contemplating a gigantic irrigation scheme at Burrinjuck, whereby 350,000 acres in the Murrumbidgee Valley will be made suitable for cultivation. A great dam 240 feet high and 186 feet wide at its base will be built.

The Council of Administration of the Swiss Federal Railways decided to proceed with a second Simplon Lunnel by the side of the tunna alreadount of money in fortifying her scaports. At the port of Arka, the fortifications are being strengthened, and Morro Rock, with then addition of the new guns, has been made almost imprenable.

Important santary works have been started at Buenos Ayres, Argentina, whereby the water and drainage systems which have only served 12 square miles are to be extended to cover an area of 75 square miles.

The Medway dock, the largest and heaviest floating dock ever built in England, was completed

and drainage systems which have only solved.

The Medway dock, the largest and heaviest floating dock ever built in England, was completed in June. The dock is located in the Medway River near Port Victoria, and is 680 feet long over platforms, with the side walls about 65 feet high.

On the various sections of the new subway routes in New York City upward of 5,000 men were employed. The system when completed will be the largest one in the world. (For Section on

On the various sections of the new subway routes in New York City upward of 5,000 men were employed. The system when completed will be the largest one in the world. (For Section on Subways, see Index.)

Canada is contemplating a 4,000 mile highway, from Halifax, N. S., to Alberni, Vancouver. It is estimated that it will take five years to complete it.

It was reported that the Union Pacific Railroad will build a 30,000-foot single track tunnel through the Sierra Nevada Mountains, at a point between Blue Canyon and Truckee. The proposed tunnel will be the longest on the Continent and will cost about \$10,000,000.

The Strawberry Tunnel reclamation project of the United States Government was completed. The project is primarily for irrigation purposes, bringing the waters of Strawberry Creek through the Wastach Mountains by a tunnel into the Utah vailey. The cost of the work is stated to be \$3,000,000. \$3,000,000.

The stone breakwater in the harbor of Colombo, Ceylon, work on which was started in 1875, was completed, making one of the finest harbors in the world. The total cost of construction was about \$15,000,000.

about \$15,000,000.

The new steamer Imperator (which will be completed in 1913) of the Hamburg-American line, is the largest steamer ever built. She is 900 feet long, has a displacement of 65,000 tons, and is driven by steam turblnes estimated at 75,000 to 85,000 H. P.

The Canadian Government decided to widen and deepen the Welland Canal from Port Colborne to a short distance north of Thoroid. The improvements will reduce the number of locks from 22 to 7, thereby saving 8 hours from Port Colborne to Port Dalhousic. The total cost-will be around \$45,000,000.

Freemasonry.

MASONIC CRAND LODGES IN THE UNITED STATES AND BRITISH AMERICA.

GRAND LODGES,	No. Mem- bers, 1912.	Grand Secretaries.	GRAND LODGES.	No. Mem- bers, 1912.	Grand Secretaries.
Alabama	24 361	G. A. Beauchamp, Montg'y.	Nebraska	18.507	Francis E. White, Omaha.
Alberta	3.823	G. MacDonald, Calgary.	Nevada	1.771	E. D. Vanderleith, Carson,
Arizona	1 912	G. J. Roskruge, Tucson.	N. Brunswick.		J. Twining Hartt, St. John.
Arkansas	21.776	F. Hempstead, Little Rock.	N. Hampshire		H. M. Cheny, Concord.
Brit. Col	5.017	W. A. De Wolf Smith, New	New Jersey	33.094	Benj. F. Wakefield Trent.
	0,021	Westminster.	New Mexico.	2,799	A. A. Keen, Albuquerque.
California	49.571	J. Whicher, San Francisco.	New York	173,713	E. M. L. Ehlers, N. Y. City.
Canada	48,394	Ralph L. Gunn, Hamilton.	N. Carolina	20,846	John C. Drewry, Raleigh.
Colorado,	14,917	C. H. Jacobson, Denver.	North Dakota		W. L. Stockwell, Fargo.
Connecticut	23,251	F. W. Havens, Hartford.	Nova Scotia	6,223	Thomas Mowbray, Halifax.
Delaware !	3.224	Virginius V. Harrison,	Ohio	82,833	J. H. Bromwell, Cincin'ti.
		Wilmington.	Oklahoma		W. M. Anderson, Waurika,
Dist. of Col	9,005	Arvine W. Johnston, Wash.	Oregon		Jas. F. Robinson, Portland.
Florida	10,131	W.P. Webster, Jacksonville.			John A. Perry, Philadelphia
Georgia	35, 323	V. A. Wolinin, Macon.	Pr. Ed. Island		W.P. Doull, Charlottetown.
Idaho	-3,568	Theop. W. Randall, Boisé.	Quebec	6,633	Will, H. Whyte, Montreal,
		Isaac Cutter, Camp Point.		7,811	S. P. Williams, Providence.
Indiana		C.W. Prather, Indianapolis.		4,000	J. M. Shaw, Regina.
Iowa		N. R. Parvin, Cedar Rapids.		13,772	O. Frank Hart, Columbia.
Kansas	-37.305	Albert K. Wilson, Topeka.	South Dakota		G.A. Pettigrew, Sioux Falls
Kentucky			Tennessee		John B. Garrett, Nashville.
Louisiana		R. Lambert, New Orleans.			John Watson, Waco.
Maine		Stephen Berry, Portland.	Utah		C. Dieht, Salt Lake City.
Manitoba		James A. Ovas, Winnipeg.	Vermont		H. H. Ross, Burlington.
Maryland		George Cook, Baltimore.	Virginia		G.W. Carrington, Richm'd.
Mass		Thos. W. Davis, Boston.	Washington.		Horace W. Tyler, Tacoma.
Michigan		L. B. Winsor, Reed City.	W. Virginia		John M. Collins. Charleston.
Minnesota.		John Fishel, St. Paul.	Wisconsin	26,421	Wm. W. Perry, Milwaukee.
Mississippi .		F. G. Speed, Vicksburg.	Wyoming	2,639	W.L. Kuykendall, Saratoga
Missouri		J. R. Parson, St. Louis. Cornelius Hedges, Jr., Hel.	Total.	1 500 450	1
Montana	0,907	Cornelius riedges. Jr., riel.	Total	1,042,478	1

The returns of the Grand Lodges of the United States and British America for 1911 were a The returns of the Grand Lodges of the United States and British America for 1911 were a follows: Whole number of members, 1, 493,588. Gain in membership over preceding year, 28,890.

These Grand Lodges are in full altiliation with the English Grand Lodge, of which the Duke of Connaught is Grand Master, and the Grand Lodges of Ireland, Scotland, Cuba, Pern, South Australia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Belgium, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, New South Wales, Victoria, and also with the Masons of Germany and Austria. They are not in affiliation and do not correspond with the Masons under the jurisdiction of the Grand Orient of France; they, however, affiliate with and recognize Masons under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Council. Freemasonry is under the ban of the Grands in Section and other Catholic countries and the nonpherminic excellent sections. of the Church in Spain and other Catholic countries and the membership is small and scattered.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

SUPREME COUNCIL OF SOVEREIGN GRAND INSPECTORS-GENERAL OF THE THIRTY-THIRD AND LAST DEGREE.

The officers of the Northern Jurisdiction are: M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander, Barton Smith, Toledo, O. P. O. Lieutenant-Commander, Leon M. Abbott, Massachusetts. Grand Minister of State, A mos Pettibone, Ill. Grand Treasurer-General, Leroy A. Goddard. Grand Secretary-General, James H. Codding; office, 299 Broadway, New York.

The officers of the Southern Jurisdiction are: M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander, James D. Richardson, Tenn. Secretary-General, J. H. Cowles, 433 Third Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. These grand bodies are in relations of amity with the Supreme Councils for France, England, Scotland, Ireland, Belgium, Brazil, the Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Italy, Mexico, Colombia, Chile, Central America, Greece, Canada, Cuba, Switzerland, Egypt, Turkey and Spain.

Colombia, Chile, Central America, Greece, Canada, Cuba, Switzerland, Egypt, Turkey and Spain.

Suppreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors-General of the Thirty-third and Last Degree of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, as Organized by

M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander, Andrew J. Provost, N. Y. Grand Secretary-General, Alfred C. Dupont, M. D., N. Y. The Sovereign Grand Consistory has had a continuous existence of one hundred and five years, with its Grand Orient at New York, where, under the eggis of the Grand Orient at France, it was organized by M. J. Joseph Cerneau, thirty-third degree. The Supreme Council has fraternal relations with the Supreme Councils of Great Britain and Ireland. Canada, Italy, Egypt, Cuba, Argentina, Australia, New Zealand, Mexico, Beigium, Germany, and Switzerland, Greece, Austria-Huneary, and other Grand Orients. It has jurisdiction over sevenly-three subordinate Consistories of Sublime Princes of the Royal Secret, which are subdivided into Lodges of Perfection, Councils of Princes of Jerusalem, Chapters of Rose Crox, and Consistories, with a membership of many thousands. The two Consistories in Manhattan are Cerneau, No. 1, with over a thousand Sublime Princes, and Giordano Bruno, No. 66, working in the Italian language. Official address, No. 320 Temple Court, Beekman Street, New York.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE.

The Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors-General, thirty-third and last degree of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the United States of America, their Territories and Dependencies, Orient of New York. Officers—Sovereign Grand Commander, M. W. Bayliss, Washington, D. C. Lieutenant-trand Commander, Joslah H. Long, Boston, Mass. Minister of State, George Gibson, Washington, D. C. Treasurer-General, Holden O. Hill, Providence, R. I. Secretary-General, M. W. Morton, Providence, R. I. This Supreme Council was organized in the city of New York on October 28, 1807, and exercises jurisdiction over the whole of the United States.

FREEMASONRY-Continued.

ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL GRAND CHAPTER.

General Grand High Priest-Bernard G. Witt, Henderson, Ky. General Grand Scribe-Wm. F. hn. Kansas City, Mo. Grand Treasurer-John M. Carter, Baltimore, Md. General Grand Secre-Kuhn, Kansas City, Mo. Grand Treasurer—John M. Carter, Baltimore, Md. General Grand Secretary—Charles A. Conover, Coldwater, Mich.

The General Grand Chapter was organized at Boston, Mass., October 24, 1797, and is a central organization of the Grand Chapters of the several State jurisdictions. It exercises direct jurisdiction

organization of the Grand Chapters of the several State Jurisdictions. It exercises direct Jurisdiction over territory not occupied by any Grand Chapter.

The number of grand chapters, each representing a State or Territory (except Pennsylvania and Virginia), is 47, and the number of enrolled subordinate chapters is 3,024. Hawaii, Chile, Philippine Islands, Cuba, Porto Rico, Canal Zone, Alaska, Panama and the Chinese Empire are under the immediate jurisdiction of the General Grand Chapter, with a total of 9 subordinate chapters.

The total membership of the enrolled subordinate chapters is 361,142. The degrees conferred in Chapters are Mark Master, Past Master, Most Excellent Master, and Royal Arch Mason.

The next Triennial Convocation will be held at San Francisco, Cal., 1915.

KNICHTS TEMPLAR.

OFFICERS OF THE GRAND ENCAMPMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Grand Master-Wm. B. Melish, Cincinnati, O. Grand Treasurer-H. Wales Lines, Ct. Recorder-John A. Gerow, Detroit, Mich.

The number of Grand Commanderies in the United States and Territories, each representing indi-The number of Grand Commanderies in the United States and Territories, each representing individual States or Territories (except that Massachusetts and Rhode Island are combined), is 46. Commanderies subordinate to Grand Commanderies, 1, 326, with a membership of 213,645. Commanderies subordinate to Grand Encampment, 9; membership, 1,101; total number of commanderies, 1,335; total membership, 214,716. The next Triennial Conclave will be held in Denver, Col., August, 1913. The orders conferred in a Commandery of Knights Templar are Red Cross, Knight Templar, and Kuight of Malta. A Mason, to obtain these orders, must be a Master Mason and Royal Arch Mason in good standing, and a member of both Lodge and Chapter.

COLORED MASONIC BODIES.

There are grand lodges in many different States of the United States and one in Canada. The

There are grand lodges in many different States of the United States and one in Canada. The Prince Hall Grand Lodge, of Massachusetts, is the oldest lodge, having been organized in the year 1808. It was the outgrowth of African Lodge, No. 459, the warrant for which was issued by the Grand Master of England to Prince Hall and fifteen other colored Masons September 29, 1784.

The approximate number of colored Masons in the United States and Canada is 150,000; Royal Arch, 14,000; Knights Templar, 12,000; Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, 2,000; Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, 5,712. The Grand Lodge of New York, was organized in 1848. H. A. Spencer, Grand Master, Rochester, N. Y.; W. O. Payne, Deputy Grand Master; Harry A. Williamson, Grand Secretary, 294 Putnam Ave., Brooklyn, New York; John J. T. Jackson, Grand Treasurer, New York. Meetings held at Eighth Avenue Brooklyn, N. W. Williamson, Grand Treasurer, New York Nyttle Avenue Brooklyn, N. W. Williamson, Grand Treasurer, New York Nyttle Avenue Brooklyn, N. W. Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SOVEREICH SANCTUARY OF ANCIENT AND PRIMITIVE FREEMASONRY.

RITE OF MEMPHIS-IN AND FOR THE CONTINENT OF AMERICA.

M. I. Grand Master-General...H. G. Goodale, 96° | S. P. Grand Chancellor-General, John Bowman, 95° V. I. Grand Administrator-General, W. F. Ford, 95° | S. P. Grand Secretary-General...J. C., Wilkie, 95°

The official address is 261 South Third Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. The regular convocations are held on the second Tuesday of May yearly at some place designated by the Sovereign Grand Master-General.

The Sovereign Sanctuary is composed of Masons who have received the 95th degree of Patriarch Grand Conservator of the little and has jurisdiction over the continent of America. It was formally instituted in the United States in the year 1856. The American body is in affiliation with the various Masonic powers of the world and has a regular exchange of Representatives with England. Ireland, New Zealand, Italy, Spain, Roumania, Egypt, etc. The Degrees of the Rite, which are ninety of instruction and seven official, are conferred in the subordinate bodies of the Rite, thus: Fourth to 18th degree in a Council of Sublime Masters of the Great Work; 91st to 94th degrees in the Mystic Temple and the 65th degree in the Savargin Sanatuary. and the 95th degree in the Sovereign Sanctuary.

Nobles of the Paystic Shrine.

THE Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine is not a regular Masonic body, but its membership is composed strictly of Masons who have reached the 32d degree, A. A. S. Rite (18th degree in England), or Knights Templar in good standing. There are 133 temples in the

(18th degree in England), or Knights Templar in good standing. There are 133 temples in the United States, and a total membership of about 175,000.

The following are the imperial officers for the United States for 1912-13: Potentate, Wm. J. Cuningham, Baltimore, Md.: Imperial Chief Rabban, F. R. Smith, Rochester, N. Y.; Imperial High Priest and Prophet, H. F. Niedringhaus, Jr., St. Louis, Mo.; Imperial Good Street, Pittsburgh Ra.; Imperial Recorder, Benjamin W. Rowell, 206 Masonic Temple, Boston, Mass.; Imperial First Ceremonial Master, Elias J. Jacoby Indianapolis, Ind. The 1913 Conclave will be held at Dallas, Tex. May 13.14 Tex., May 13-14.

Unights and Ladies of Security.

FOUNDED 1892; subordinate lodges, 2,200; members, 130,000; benefits disbursed since organization, 89,000,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,000,000. National President, W. B. Kirkpatrick, Security Building, Topeka, Kan.; National Secretary, J. V. Abraham, Topeka, Kan.

more, Md.

Odd Fellowship.

SOVEREICN CRAND LODGE OF THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.

Grand Stre-C. A. Keller, San Antonio, Texas.

D. Grand Stre-Robert T. Daniel, Griffin, Ga.

Grand Chaptain-J. A. Lucas, Illinois. Grand Sire—C. A. Keller, San Antonio, Texas. D. Grand Sire—Robert T. Daniel, Griffin, Ga. Grand Secretary—John B.Goodwin, Baltimore, Md. Assistant Grand Secretary-J. Edward Kroh, Balti-

Grand Marshal—Harper Wilson, Winnipeg, Man. Grand Guardian—H. R. Perkins, Rhode Island, Grand Messenger—W. G. Nye, Minneapolis, Minn.

GRAND LODGES AND MEMBERSHIP IN SUBORDINATE LODGES.*

JURISDICTION.	No. of Members	JURISDICTION	No. of Members		No. of Members
Alabama	20,689	Manitoba	8.782	Oregon	18,510
Alberta	5,450	Maritime Provinces	10,005	Pennsylvania	148,508
Arizona		Maryland	11,848	Quebec	5.321
Arkansas	30,546	Massachusetts	59,725	Rhode Island	6,290
British Columbia	5,820	Michigan	56,451	Saskatchewan	4,702
California	44.822	Minnesota	21.763	South Carolina	3,626
Colorado	14,378	Mississippi	3,690	South Dakota	12,149
Connecticut	22,097	Missouri	63,960	Tennessee	33,863
Delaware	3.091	Montana.	6.223	Texas	42.278
District of Columbia	1,873	Nebraska	23,828	Utah	3.310
Florida	4,310	Nevada	1.702	Vermont	7,510
Georgia	34,353	New Hampshire	15,400	Virginia	29.535
Idaho	8,203	New Jersey	29,468	Washington	27.900
Illinois	100,326	New Mexico	2,550	West Virginia	24,335
Indiana	-82.388	New York	122,713	Wisconsin	1 18,997
Iowa	58,740	North Carolina	16.042	Wyoming	3,006
Kansas	48,881	North Dakota			
Kentucky	29.730	Ohio	85,183	1	
Louisiana,	4,599	Oklahoma	31,951	Total	1,562,829
Maine	25,447	Ontario	46,972		1 ' '

The lodge membership of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which includes the Grand Lodges of Astralasia, 43,616; Denmark, 3,487; Germany, 6,220; Netherlands, 607; Sweden, 5,920; Switzerland, 519 (total, 60,369) is 1,623,198, female members not included. The American organization is not in affiliation with an English order entitled the Manchester Unity of Odd Fellows, *Report for 1911 not received.

*Report for 1911 not received.

STATISTICS OF THE ORDER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD FROM 1830 TO DEC. 31, 1911.

Initiations in subordinate lodges, 3, 852, 894; members relieved, 4,001,959; widowed families relieved, 325,575; members deceased, 400,261 Total relief, \$142,552,661.72; total revenue, \$293,616,903.80.

CONDITION OF THE ORDER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD DECEMBER 31, 1911.

Sovereign Grand Lodge, 1; quasi-independent grand lodges (Australasia, Denmark, Germany, Netherlands, Sweden, and Switzerland), 6; grand.lodges, 68; Grand encampments, 56; subordinate lodges, 17,985; subordinate encampments, 3,697; Rebekah Lodges, 9,543; lodge members, 1,624,606; encampment members, 227,306; Rebekah Lodge members, 687,039. Total number of persons belonging to the Order, 2,680,894; total relief paid in 1911, \$5,854,271.64; total receipts of subordinate bodies for 1911, \$18,303,210.86; total expenses of grand and subordinate bodies for 1911, \$9,462,522.98; invested funds of grand and subordinate bodies Dec. 31, 1911, \$63,331,213.87.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, MANCHESTER UNITY.
Officers of New York District: Oscar Hodgkinson, Prov. G. M.; James Yeaman, Deputy Prov
G. M.; Wm. E. de Banke, Prov. C. S., 1674 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Tbis order was founded in 1800 and is represented throughout the United States, Canada, Great
Britain and Ireland, South Africa, Australia, and New Zealand by 411 districts, 5,055 lodges, and
over 1,048,683 members, with a capital of over \$75,000,000.

GRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS OF AMERICA.

Grand Master—Edward H. Morris, Chicago, Ill. Deputy Grand Master—Henry L. Johnson, At lanta, Ga. Grand Treasurer—J. C. Johnson, Baltimore, Md. Grand Secretary—J. F. Needham. N. W. cor. 12th and Spruce Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

This organization is composed of colored Odd Fellows, subordinate to G. U.O.O. F. Friendly Society, Manchester, England. The following is the statistical report for the year ending July 15, 1912: Lodges, 5, 234; Households of Ruth, 3,993; P. G. M. Councils, 275; Patriarchies, 163; D. G. Lodges, 39; juvenile societies, 1,026; district grand households, 30. Total number of branches, 10,750. The estimated membership is 492,905. The general meetings are biennial. Next one will be held in September, 1914. will be held in September, 1914.

**HILLING HAL SUPREME LODGE.—Int. Chief Templar—Edward Wavrinsky, M. P., Stockholm, Sweden, Int. P. Chief Templar—Jos, Malins, Birmingham, England. Int. Vice-Templar—Ivar Aanseth, Christiana, Norway, Int. Secretary—Tom Honeyman, Glagow, Scotland. Int. Treasurer—Herman Blume, Hamburg. Next Session: Christiana, Norway, 1914.

MATIONAL GRAND LODGE.—N. G. C. T.—Hon. Geo, F. Coterili, Seattle, Wash. N. G. V. T.—Miss Emily Jamison, Brooklyn, N. Y. N. G. Sec.—Willard O. Wylie, Beverly, Mass. N. G. Treas.—W. I., Sterling, Waterville, Me. N. G. A. Sec.—Ivar Alstad, Minneapolis Minn. Next Session: Cleveland, Ohio, 1918.

The International Order of Good Templars is a world wide brotherhood of over 600,000 total abstainers, banded together for mutual protection and co-operation in temperance work.

The Order of Good Templars first sprang into existence in 1851 in Oneida County, N. Y. State. One of its most radical features was the recognition of women's rights.

The last report of the International Secretary returned the number of grand lodges as seventy and the membership in both adult and juvenile branches, 620,000. Grand lodges exist in nearly all States of the Union, in England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Denmark, Germany, Sweden, Norway, Switzerland, Hungary, Holland, the varions provinces of Canada, the West Indies, East, West, and South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, British India, Iceland, and other countries.

Order of the Sons of Temperance.

M. W. Patriarch—Rev. Alfred Noon, Boston, Mass.
M. W. Associate—Fred C. Ward, Toronto, Can.
M. W. Scribe—Ross Slack, 4539 N. 20th Street,
M. W. Chaplain—Rev. R. H. Stavert, New Brunswick, Can.
M. W. Conductor—Nelson E. Muggah, Sydney, Philadelphia, Pa

wick, Can, W. Conductor-Nelson E. Muggah, Sydney, M. W. Conduct Nova Scotia.

Philadelphia, Pa.

M. W. Treasuver—M. M. Eavenson, Cainden, N.J. M. W. Sentinet—Wm. P. Pratt, Portland, Me.

The Order of the Sons of Temperance was organized in the city of New York September 29, 1842.
It is composed of subordinate, Grand, and National Divisions. It has five National Divisions—one for North America, one for Great Britain and Ireland, two for Australia, and one for New Zealand. It has been introduced in India and South Africa. In the course of its existence it has had nearly four million members on its rolls, Its present membership in North America is 25,000, of whom 12,200 are in the United States. Its fundamental principle is total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors. The 67th annual session of the National Division of North America will be held at Orillia, Ont., July 16, 1913.

The Royal Arcanum.

Supreme Regent—F. T. McFaden, Richmond, Va. Supreme Vice-Regent—F. B. Wickersham, Harrisburg, Pa. Supreme Orator—P. F. McGowan, New York. Supreme Orator—P. F. McGowan, New York. Pats Supreme Regent—Clovis H. Bowen, Pawtucket, R. I.

The membership of the Order Aug. 31, 1912. was 250, 693; the number of grand councils, 30, and subardinate councils 1 939. The Supreme Council was organized at Boston June 23, 1877, and and subordinate councils, 1, 939. The Supreme Council was 250,085; the humber of grand controls, 31, 317, and incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts. Number of deaths to Aug. 31, 1912, 57, 772. Benefits paid to Aug. 31, 1912, \$15,771, 230,65. Emergency fund, Aug. 31, 1912, \$5,882,661,77.

Unights of Pythias.

Supreme Chancellor—Thomas J. Carling, Macon, Ĝa. Supreme Vice-Chancellor-Brig S. Young, Ada,

Óhio. Supreme Prelate-Joseph H. Spearing, Anniston, Âla.

Same Keeper of Records and Scal-Fred. E. Wheaton, Minneapolis, Minn. Supreme Master of Exchequer-Thos. D. Meares, Wilmington, N. C.

LODGE.
Supreme Master at Arms-Frank A. Godsoe, St. John, N. B.
Supreme Inner Guard-Douglas S. Wright, Vicks-

burg, Miss. Supreme Outer Guard-H. M. Wadsworth, Philadelphia, Pa

President resident Board of Control, I sur Union B. Hunt, Indianapolis, Ind. Insurance Dept. -Major-General Military Dept.-Arthur J. Stobbart,

St. Paul, Minn.

MEMBERSHIP, JANUARY 1, 1912.									
Alabama 11,176									
	Illinois	55,059 M	innesota	7,892	Ohio	83,273	Vermont	2,630	
Arizona 1,877		64,551 M	ississippi	8,125	Oklahoma	8,220	Virginia	6,760	
	Iowa				Ontario	3,084	Washington.	11.243	
Br. Columbia 3,904	Kansas	10,716 M	ontana	2,944	Oregon	6,954	W. Virginia	13,894	
California 21,26:	Kentucky	13,841 N	ebras ka	6,911	Pennsylv'nia	51,727	Wisconsin	12,045	
Colorado 8,016					Quebec	489	Wyoming	1,332	
Connecticut 8,412	Maine	16,959 N	ew Hamp	7,030	Rhode Island	2,880	Subordinate		
Delaware 1,724	Manitoba	2,177 N	ew Jersey	14,508	S. Carolina	11,553	lodges	1,494	
Dist. of Col 1,350	Mar. Prov's	2,317 N	ew Mexico.	1,071	S. Dakota	3,069			
Florida 5,648	Maryland	10,075 N	ew York	23,121	Tennessee	11,274	Total	710,637	
Georgia 13,975	Massach'tts.	26,270 N	. Carolina	8,948	Texas	25,437		,	

Membership of the Insurance Department (Life Insurance), 70.621, representing an aggregate insurance of \$99,723,187. Membership of the military department, 23,813. The office of the Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal is at Minneapolis, Minn. The next blennial convention of the Supreme Lodge will be held at Winnipeg, Man., beginning August 4, 1914.

Membership of Fraternal Organizations.

According to the last reports of the	suprer	ne bodies of these organizations to THE	WORLD
Almanac, membership of principal fraters	ial orga	nizations in United States and Canada is as f	ollows:
		Tribe of Ben Hur	
Freemasons1	,522,478	Orioles, Order of	72,000
Modern Woodmen of America	1,219,390	Kuights and Ladies of Honor	71,470
Knights of Pythias		Improved Order of Heptasophs	76,165
Independent Order of Rechabites	538,078	Knights of the Golden Eagle	82,654
Woodmen of the World	606,874	National Union	63,004
Improved Order of Red Men		Brotherhood of American Yeomen	167,419
Eastern Star, Order of	600,000	Protected Home Circle	83,056
Loyal Order of Moose	338,551	Catholic Mutual Benefit Association	60,418
Knights of the Maccabees of the World	287,284	Order of Gleaners	69,423
Royal Arcanum	250,693	Court of Honor	68,548
Ancient Order of United Workmen	110,086	B'rith Abraham Order	180,000
Independent Order of Foresters	242,193	New England Order of Protection	52.283
Order of Eagles	315,000	Ancient Order of Foresters	
Foresters of America	241,439	Fraternal Union of America	47,754
Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks		United Order of American Mechanics	38,700
Ancient Order of Hibernians	225,000	Independent Order of B'nai B'rith	36,834
Knights of Columbus	282,956	Knights of Malta	30,000
Junior Order of United Amer, Mechanics	191,406	Ladies of the Modern Maccabees	48,245
Ladies of the Maccabees of the World	154,105	Fraternal Brotherhood	52,000
Knights and Ladies of Security	130 000	Order of United Ancient Druids	32,525
Knights of the Modern Maccabees	70,000	Royal League	30,950
Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association		Sons of St. George	30,000
Order of Owls	258 643	Smaller organizations	
Mystic Workers of the World	72,997	Total1	2,805,422
Order of United Com'l Travelers of Am	65,000	•	

Statistics of Principal Fraternal Organizations.

NOTICE—The following data concerning Fraternal Organizations is based upon the latest information obtainable, but is subject to the frequent changes incidental to the formation of these bodies.

Ben Hur, Tribe of-Founded 1894; supreme temple, Crawfordsville, Ind.; courts, 1383; members, 122,953; benefits disbursed since organization, \$9,348,161; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,154,324; Supreme Chief, R. H. Gerard, Crawfordsville, Ind.; Supreme Scribe, J. C. Snyder, Crawfordsville, Ind.; Supreme Keeper of Tribute, S. E. Voris, Crawfordsville, Ind.

B'nai B'rith, Independent Order of—Founded 1843; grand lodges, 11; subordinate lodges, 420; members, 36,834; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$408,320; President, Adolf Kraus, Chicago, Ill.; First Vice-President, Lucius L. Solomons, San Francisco, Cal.; Second Vice-President, Jacob Singer, Philadelphia, Pa.; Treasurer, Jacob Furth, St. Louis, Mo.; Secretary, A. B. Seelenfreund, Tribune Bidg., Chicago, Ill.

B?rith Abraham Order—Founded 1887; grand lodge, 1; sub-lodges, 680; members, 180,000; benefits disbursed since organization, \$7,000,500; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$657,000; Grand Master, Leon Sanders, New York; Secretary, Jacob Schoen, 37 Seventh Street, New York

Brotherhood of American Yeomen—Founded 1897; supreme castle, 1; subordinate homesteads, 3, 850; members, 167, 419; benefits disbursed since organization, \$7,997,592; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,253,887; Grand Foreman, William Koch, Chief Correspondent, W. E. Davy; Grand Master of Accounts, F. S. Dunshee. Address of officers, Des Moines, Iowa.

Catholic Benevolent Legion-Founded 1881; State councils, 5; subordinate councils, 358; members, 15, 781; benefits disbursed since organization, \$22,445,769; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$666,786; President, R. B. Tippett, Baltimore, Md.: Secretary, J. D. Carroll, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Treasurer, John E. Dunn, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Catholic Knights of America—Founded 1877; subordinate councils, 600; members, 19,000; benefits disbursed since organization, \$17,500,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$650,000; Supreme President, Felix Gaudin, New Orleans, La.; Supreme Vice-President, Geo. D. Landwehr, Cumberland, Md.; Supreme Secretary, Anthony Matre, St. Louis, Mo.; Supreme Treasurer, Charles E. Hannauer, St. Louis, Mo.

Catholic Mutual Benefit Association—Founded 1876; grand State councils, 7; subordinate branches, 760; members, 60.418; benefits disbursed since organization, \$25,415,658; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$4,544,303; Supreme President, John J. Hynes, Buffalo, N. Y.; Supreme Recorder, Joseph Cameron, Hornell, N. Y.; Supreme Treasurer, William Muench, Syracuse, N. Y.

Court of Honor-Founded 1895; grand courts, 10; district courts, 1,170; members, 68,548; benefits disbursed since organization, \$3,295,006; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$748,566; Chancellor, A. L. Hereford, Springfield, Ill.; Recorder, W. E. Robinson, Springfield, Ill.; Treasurer, L. M. Dixon, Springfield, Ill.;

Druids, United Ancient Order of Founded 1781 (in England, 1839 (in America); number of grand groves, 18; sub-groves, 543; total number of members (in America), 32,525; benefits disbursed since 1847, \$7.651,280; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$178,970; Supreme Arch, A.J. Peters, New Orleans, La.; Supreme Secretary, H. Freudenthal, Albany, N. Y.; Supreme Treasurer, Louis Krauss, La Fayette, Ind.

Eagles, Order of-Founded 1898; grand aerie, 1; subordinate aeries, 1,600; members, 315,000; hereits disbursed since organization, \$6,937,150; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$965,669; President Wm. J. Brennan, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Vice-President, Thos. J. Cogan, Cincinnati, O.; Secretary, John S. Parry, Kansas City, Mo.; Treasurer, Frederick Hughes, Yonkers, N. Y. General Offices, Kansas City, Mo.

Eastern Star, Order of-Founded 1776; grand chapters, 51; subordinate chapters, 7,000; members, 600,000; Grand Matron, Mrs. M. Alice Miller, El Reno, Okla; Grand Secretary, Mrs. Lorraine J. Pitkin, Chicago, Ill.; Grand Treasurer, Mrs. Harriet A. Ercanbrack, Anamosa, Ia.

Elks, Benevolent and Protective Order of Founded 1868; grand lodge, 1; sub-lodges, 1,287; members in the United States, 384,742; benefits disbursed since organization, \$4,273,228; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$467,698; Grand Exalted Ruler, Thomas B, Mills, Superior, Wis; Grand Secretary, Fred. C. Robinson, Dubuque, Iowa; Treasurer, Edward Leach, New York City.

Foresters, Ancient Order of Founded 1745; established in America 1836. The American branch is composed of 3 high courts and 428 subordinate courts, and has 43,501 members. Total membership throughout the world 1,292,904, as stated by the Foresters' Directory December 31,1910. The surplus funds of the society amounted to \$48,252,055, and its assets aggregated \$85,000,000. Benefits disbursed since 1830, \$153,000,000; benefits disbursed tast fiscal year, \$5,162,000. Ollicers of the American branch are as follows: High Chief Ranger, Donald McKellar, Waterbury, Ct.; High Sub-Chief Ranger, Samuel Pearce, Ishpeming, Mich.; High Court Treasurer, Henry Kraft, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Secretary, Robert A. Sibbald, Park Ridge, N. J. (Report of 1911.)

Foresters, Independent Order of Founded 1874; supreme court, 1; high courts, 57; subordinate courts, 4,405; members, 242,193; benefits disbursed since organization, \$34,828,085; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$2,968,825; Supreme Chief Ranger, E. G. Stevenson, Toronto, Ontario; Supreme Secretary-Treasurer, Robert Mathison, Toronto, Out.

Foresters of America—Is a distinct organization, not in affiliation with the above. Its present jurisdiction is limited to the United States. Founded 1790; grand courts, 18; sub-courts, 1865; members, 241,439; benefits disbursed since organization, \$33,554,074; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,460,164; Supreme Chief Ranger, Harry W. Mace, Philadelphia, Pa.; Supreme Sub-Chief Ranger, C. P. Rendon, Stockton, Cal.; Supreme Treasurer, Edward B. O'Brien, Lynn, Mass.; Supreme Secretary, Thomas M. Donnelly, 275 Grove St., Jersey City, N. J.; Supreme Recording Secretary, Chas. W. Bagley, Waterbury, Ct.

Fraternal Brotherhood—Founded 1896; grand lodge, none; subordinate lodges, 615; members, 52,000; benefits disbursed since organization, \$2,901,448; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$443,648.

STATISTICS OF PRINCIPAL FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS-Continued.

President, J. A. Foshay; Vice-President, Emma R. Neidig; Secretary, H. V. Davis; Treasurer, William Mead. All In Los Angeles, Cal.

Fraternal Union of America—Founded 1896; grand lodge, 1; local lodges, 1,055; members 47,754; benefits disbursed since organization, \$3,769,818; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$476,163; President, V. A. Young, Secretary, C. P. Gaylora, All In Denver, Col.

Free Sons of Israel, Independent Order of—Founded 1849; grand lodges, 2; subordinate lodges, 90; members, 9,183; benefits disbursed since organization, \$6,000,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$268,017; Grand Master, M. S. Stern, 2013 Fifth Avenue, New York City; Secretary, Abraham Hafer, 21 West 124th Street, New York City; Treasurer, Louis Frankenthaler, 1215 Madison Avenne, New York City.

Gleaners, Ancient Order of—Founded 1894; supreme arbor, 1; local arbors, 1,292; members, 69,423; benefits disbursed since organization, \$2,382,473; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$400; President Supreme Council, John Livingston, Detroit, Mich.

Golden Cross, United Order of—Founded 1876; grand commanderies, 10; subordinate commanderies, 484; members, 17,420; benefits disbursed inst fiscal year, \$440,382; Commander, J. P. Burlingame, Providence, R. I.; Keeper of Records, W. R. Cooper, Knoxville, Tenn. Treasurer, J. N. Eble, Washington, D. C.

Heptasophs, Improved Order—Founded 1878; supreme concluse, 1; conclaves, 780; members, 76,165; benefits disbursed since organization, \$19,715,822; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$440,382; Commander, J. P. Burlingame, Providence, R. I.; Keeper of Records, W. R. Cooper, Knoxville, Tenn. Treasurer, J. N. Eble, Washington, D. C.

Heptasophs, Improved Order—Founded 1878; supreme conclave, 1; conclaves, 780; members, 76,165; benefits disbursed since organization, \$19,715,822; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$440,382; Commander, J. P. Burlingame, Providence, R. I.; Keeper of Heptanians of America, Ancient Order of—Founded 1806; in America, 1860; one nafional organization in 48 Sta

P. McCue, Philadelphia.

Iroquois, Order of Founded in 1898; districts, 8, comprising 14 States; subordinate districts, 51; members, 2, 487; benefits disbursed since organization, \$253,111; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$36,602; Supreme President, Medford B. Farrington; Supreme Secretary, Walter A. Rice; Supreme Treasurer, Charles F. Jekel. Headquarters, Buffalo. N. Y.

Knights and Ladies of Honor-Founded 1877; grand lodges, 15; sub-lodges, 1,392; members, 71, 470; benefits disbursed since organization, \$33,000,000; benefits disbursed (to Sept. 1, 1912), \$1,495,000; Supreme Protector, George D. Tait, Indianapolis, Ind.; Secretary, Walter W. Connel, Indianapolis, Ind.; Treasurer, George A. Byrd, Indianapolis, Ind.; Treasurer, George A. Byrd, Indianapolis, F1, subordinate councils, 1,503; members, 1,504; members, 1,504; members, 1,504; members, 1,504; members, 1,504; members, 1,504; members, 1,504; members, 1,504; members, 1,500; members, 1,504; members,

Knights of Columbus—Founded 1882; State councils, 52; subordinate councils, 1,593; members, 282,956; benefits disbursed since organization, \$5,954,206; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$665,252; Supreme Knight, James A. Flaherty, New Haven, Ct.; National Secretary, William J. McGinley, New Haven, Ct.; National Treasurer, D. J. Callahan, Washington, D. C.

Knights of Honor-Founded 1873; grand lodges, 31; subordinate lodges, 1,062; members, 17.516; benefits disbursed since organization, \$98,978,292; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$13.57.474; Supreme Dictator, Edwin C. Wood, New York, N. Y.; Supreme Reporter and Treasurer, Frank B. Sliger, St. Louis, Mo.

17.516; benefits disbursed since organization, \$98.978,292; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1.327,474; Supreme Dictator, Edwin C. Wood, New York, N. Y.; Supreme Reporter and Treasurer, Frank B. Sliger, St. Louis, Mo.

Knights of Malta, Ancient and Hlustrious Order-Founded in Jerusalem, 1048; in America, 1889; grand commanderies, 5; sub-commanderies, 276; members, 30,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$55,115; Supreme Commander, Geo. F. McCord, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Supreme Recorder, Frank Gray, Philadelphia, Pa.; Supreme Treasurer, W. J. Rugh, Pittsburgh, Pa. Knights of the Golden Engle-Founded 1873; grand castles, 14 grand temples, 6; castles, 728; temples, 320; members, 82,654; benefits disbursed since organization, \$6,631,281; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$296,583; Chief, J. M. Sheppell, Philadelphia, Pa.; Master of Records, John B. Treibler, Philadelphia, Pa.; Keeper of Exchequer, Wm. Culbertson, Philadelphia, Pa. Knights of the Maccabees of the World-Founded 1883; supreme tent, 1; subordinate tents, 4,925; members, 287,284; benefits disbursed since organization (to Sept. 1, 1912), \$48,725,833; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$3,679,635; Supreme Commander, D. P. Markey, Detroit, Mich.; Supreme Record Keeper, L. E. Sisler, Detroit, Mich.; Supreme Record Keeper, L. E. Sisler, Detroit, Mich. Supreme Record Keeper, L. E. Sisler, Detroit, Mich. Supreme Record Keeper, L. E. Sisler, Detroit, Mich. Supreme Record Keeper, A. M. Slay, Port Huron, Mich.; Finance Keeper, R. J. Whaley, Flint, Mich.

Knights of the Modern Maccabees (original order)—Founded in 1881; grand camp, 1; subordinate camps, 1,340,991; Commander, George S. Lovelace, Miskegon, Mich., Record Keeper, A. M. Slay, Port Huron, Mich. Finance Keeper, R. J. Whaley, Flint, Mich.

Knights of the Royal Arch—Founded 1901; grand lodges, 2; subordinate lodges, 87; members, 12,000; benefits disbursed since organization, \$200,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$27,000; denefits disbursed since organization, \$9,786,991; benefits disbur

STATISTCIS OF PRINCIPAL FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS-Continued.

Mystic Circle, The Fraternal—Founded 1884; grand rulings, 17; subordinate rulings, 662; members, 20, 129; benefits disbursed since organization, \$5.383,012; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$436,607; Supreme Mystic Ruler, F. H. Duckwitz, Philadelphia, Pa.; Recorder, J. D. Myers, Philadelphia, Pa.; Treasurer, John Smiley, Philadelphia, Pa.

Mystic Workers of the World—Founded 1896; grand lodge, 1; subordinate lodges, 990; members, 72,997; benefits disbursed isice organization, \$3.622,746; henefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$385,928; Supreme Master, J. Ross Mickey, Macomb, III.; Supreme Secretary, John R. Walsh, Fulton, III.; Supreme Banker, A. F. Schoch, Ottawa, III.

National Union—Founded 1881; councils, 752; members, 63,004; benefits disbursed since organization, \$36,587,021; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$2,313,040; President, Jos. A. Wright, Mys. Secretary, E. A. Myers, Toledo, O.; Treasurer, C. G. Bentley, Cleveland, O. New England Order of Protection—Founded 1887; grandlodges, 6; sub-lodges, 477; members, 56,283; benefits disbursed since organization, \$10,555,296; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,088,527; Warden, David F. Sherwood, Boston, Mass.; Secretary, D. M. Frye, Boston, Mass.; Treasurer, John P. Sanborn, Newport, R. J. State Grand Nests, 6; subordinate lodges, 203; members, 72,000; disbursements not reported. President, Fred J. Seames, Buffalo, N. Y.; Secretary, Chas. F. Plaffmau, Reading, Pa.; Treasurer, J. H. Livingston, Baltimore, Md.

Owis, Order of—Founded 1904; home nest, 1; subordinate nests, 1,840; members, 258,643; President, John W. Talbot; Vice-President, George Lauterer, Chicago, III.; Secretary, George D. Beroth; Treasurer, Dr. C. B. Crumpacker. Headquarters, 'Home Nest,' 'South Bend, Indiana. Protected Home Circle—Founded 1886; grand circles, 9; sub-circles, 640; members, 87,43,804; President, A. C. McLean; Vice-President, A. W. Williams; Secretary, W. S. Palmer; Treasurer, Alex. McDowell. Offices, Sharon, Pa.

Rechabites, Independent Order of—Founded in England 18

8743,804; President, A. C. McLean; Vice-President, A. W. Williams; Secretary, W. S. Palmer; Treasurer, Alex. McDowell. Offices, Sharon, Pa.

Rechabites, Independent Order of—Founded in England 1835, in America 1842; grand tents in America, 3; subordinate tents, 44; members in America, 1,800; in world, 538,078; benefits disbursed last fiscal year in the world, \$1,574,396; Chief Ruler, Joseph C. Eller; Secretary, J. H. Dony, 727 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.; Treasurer, Lola V. Marks. (Report of 1911.)

Red Men, Improved Order of—Founded 1763 and 1834; great councils, 66; subordinate branches, 5,372; members, 505,175; benefits disbursed since organization, \$29,781,797; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,497,163; Great Incohonee, Carl Foster, Bridgeport, Ct.; Great Senior Sagamore, Frederick O. Downes, Boston, Mass.; Great Chief of Records, Wilson Brooks, Chicago, Ill.; Great Keeper of Wampum, Wm. Provin, Westfield, Mass.

Royal Lengue—Founded 1883; advisory councils, 8; subordinate councils, 221; members, 30,950; benefits disbursed since organization, \$8,190,749; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$647,199; Supreme Archon, W. E. Hyde, Chicago; Scribe, Charles E. Piper, 1601 Masonic Temple, Chicago; Treasurer, J. W. Fernadi, Scottish Clans, Order of—Founded 1878; grand clan, 1; subordinate clans, 150; members, 14,611; benefits disbursed since organization, \$1,504,486; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, 894,600; Royal Chief, John Hill, St. Louis, Mo.; Royal Secretary, Peter Kerr, Boston, Mass.; Royal Treasurer, David King, New York City (report of 1911).

Shield of Honor—Founded 1875; grand lodges, 6; sub-lodges, 105; members, 8,983; benefits disbursed since organization to Dec., 1911, \$2,654,697; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$157,533; Supreme Master, Fred. Clement, Wilmington, Del.; Secretary, Wm. T. Henry; Treasurer, Wm. H. H. Sultzer, Baltimore, Md.

Sons of St. George, Order—Founded 1871; grand bodies, 10; subordinate bodies, 300; members, 30,000; benefits disbursed since organization,

United American Mechanics, Junior Order of Founded 1853: State councils, 33; subcouncils, 2,098; members, 191,406; benefits disbursed since organization, \$8,000,000; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$719,136; National Councilor, John J. Weizel, Cincinnati, O.; Vice-Councilor, A. D. Wilkin, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Secretary, M. M. Woods, Philadelphia, Pa.; Treasurer, Charles Reimer, Baltimore, Md.

. United Commercial Travellers of America, Order of Pounded 1888; grand councils, 28, subordinate councils, 505; membership, 65,000; benefits disbursed since organization, 83,621,736; benefits disbursed from Jan. 1, 1911; to Jan. 1, 1912, \$447,450; Supreme Councilor, C. W. Hodson, Portland, Ore.; Supreme Secretary, Charles C. Daniel, Columbus, O.; Supreme Treasurer, Riley N. Hull, Columbus, O.; Supreme Office, Columbus, O.

N. Hull, Columbus, O.; Supreme Office, Columbus, O.

United Workmen, Ancient Order of Founded 1868; grand lodges, 39; sub-lodges, 4,500; members, 110,086; hencits disbursed since organization, \$225,000,000; hencits disbursed last fiscal year, \$12,000,000; Master Workman, Will M. Narvis, Muscatine, Iowa; Recorder, M. W. Sackett, Meadville, Pa.; Receiver, Edwin F. Danforth, Skowhegan, Me.

Woodmen of America, Fraternity of Modern—Founded 1883; head camp, 1; local camps, 15,265; members, 1,219,330; benefits disbursed insecorganization, \$105,736,193; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$11,613,842; Head Consul, A. R. Talbot, Lincoln, Neb.; Head Clerk, C. W. Hawes, Rock Island, Ill.

Woodmen of the World—Founded 1890; soverein camp, 1; subordinate camps, 9,832; members, 606,874; benefits disbursed since organization, \$42,469,834; hencits disbursed last fiscal year, \$5,651,567; Sovereign Commander, Joseph Cullen Root, Omaha, Neb.; Clerk, John T. Yates, Omaha, Neb.; Adviser, W. A. Fraser, Dallas, Tex. (report of 1911).

Yeomen of America—Founded 1893; local councils, 493; members, 16,307; benefits disbursed since organization, \$842,973; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$119,834; President, Fred. B. Silsbee, Chicago, Ill.; Vice-President, George Johnson; Secretary, W. O. Guyton; Treasurer, Lee G. Metcalf. Headquarters, Aurora, Ill.

Metcalf. Headquarters, Aurora, Ill.

Religious Statistics.

NUMBERS IN THE WORLD ACCORDING TO CREED.

THE estimates in the first two tables, except foot notes thereto, are by Whitaker's (London)
Almanack; those of Religious Divisions in Europe and the World, by Gustav Sundbärg in WebbMulhall. A distinction snould be observed between followers and actual communicants.

Mitthette, 11 distriction should	THE CHISCITE OCCU	cen ronowero and tectual contin	· control
CREEDS.	No. of Followers.	CREEDS,	No. of Followers.
1 Christianity	494, 250, 000	4 Mohammedanism	200,000,000
2 Worship of Aucestors and	340,000,000	5 Buddhism	200,000,000
Confucianism		6 Judaism	10,000,000 110,000,000
o minuousin	220,000,000	1 1 Oly theisina	110,000,000

Taoism has 43,000,000 followers; Shintoism 14,000,000.-M. Fournier de Flaix.

CHRISTIANITY.								
CHURCHES.	Total Followers.	CHURCHES,	Total Followers.					
Catholic Church		Armenian Church						
Protestant Churches		Others	250,000					
Greek Church		(Deta)	494.250.000					
Abyssinian Church		Total						
		0.000; Jacobites 70,000M. Fo						
RELIGIOUS DIVISIONS OF I	EUROPE AND W	ORLD BEGINNING OF PRESI	ENT CENTURY					

NUMBER OF

	1		NUMB	MBER OF					
COUNTRY AND		Christians.	1						
CONTINENT.		Roman		Jews.	Moham-	Other Non-			
	Protestants.	Catholics.*	Total.*	1	medans.‡	Christians.			
Europe:									
United Kingdom.	36,400,000	5,600,000	42,000,000	200,000					
France	700,000	38,100,000	38,800,000	100,000		41.000			
Germany	35.400.000	20,300,000	55,700,000	600,000		20,000			
Austria-Hungary	4,300,000	35,900,000	†44,400,000	2,100,000	600,000	40,000			
Sweden	5,100,000	2,000	5,100,000	4,000		1,000			
Norway	2,200,000	2,000	2,200,000	1,000		14,000			
Denmark	2,500,000	5,000	2,500,000	3,000		5,000			
Holland	3,100,000	1,800,000	4,900,000	100,000		130,000			
Belglum	20,000		6,700,000	4,000		17,000			
Switzerland	1,900,000	1,400,000	3,300,000	12,000		17,000			
Italy	100,000	32,400,000 18,600,000	32,500,000 18,600,000	$\frac{45,000}{2.000}$		25,000			
Spaln	8,000 1,000	5,400,000	5,400,000	2,000	· · · · · · · ·	25,000			
Portugal	4.000.000	12 100 000	1100,200,000	5.400,000	3.800.000	340,000			
Russia	2.600.000	1.000	2,600,000	1.000	3,800,000	340,000			
Roumania	20,000	200.000	15,900,000	300,000	50,000	• • • • • • • •			
Turkey	20,000	300,000	12,800,000	100,000	3,000,000	200,000			
Other Balkan States	6,000	70,000	18,300,000	48,000	700.000	22,000			
Other States	25,000	200,000	†600,000		50,000	50,000			
Total Europe	98,400,000	179,100,000	†382,500,000	9,000,000	18,200,000	900,000			
zotał zaropow			1002,000,000	0,000,000	Moham-	Other Non-			
	Protestants.	Others.	Total.	Jews.	medans.	Christians.			
	Trocountris.	Others.	10001.	- JC W 5.	- Incutatio.	CHI ISUMIS.			
Asla:	1 000 000	1 000 000	0.000.000	99.000	62,500,000	000 000 000			
India	1,000,000	1,900,000	2,900,000	. 22,000	30,000,000	229,600,000			
China	200,000 40,000	1,100,000 70,000	1,300,000	2,000	30,000,000	368,700,000 51,900,000			
Japan Russian Asla	25,000	12.500.000	100,000	100,000	14,600,000	600,000			
Other countries	1,200,000	12,000,000	13,200,000	600,000	63,400,000	52,000,000			
Total Asla	2,500,000	27,500,000	30,000,000	700,000	170,500,000	702,800,000			
Africa	2,300,000	6,300,000	8,600,000	400,000	68,000,000	67,700,000			
	2,300,000	0,300,000	8,000,000	400,000	08,000,000	07,700,000			
America:	04 100 000	11 000 000				100.000			
United States	64,100,000	11,000,000	75,100,000	1,100,000		100,000			
Rest of No. Amer.	4,900,000	26,800,000	31,700,000	100,000		300,000			
South America	400,000	37,400,000	37,800,000	9,000		1,500,000			
Total America.	69,400,000	75,200,000	144,600,000	1,200,000		1,900,000			
Australasia	4,700,000	1,000,000	5,700,000	17,000	3,000	800,000			
Total for World	177,300,000	394,100,000	571,400,000	11,300,000	246,700,000	774,100,000			

*The totals are given to the nearest hundred thousand, and include Christians not separately specified. For countries outside Europe, Roman Catholics are not separately specified, but are included under the heading "Others." It is estimated that there are about 99 million Roman Catholics outside Europe, thus making a total in the world of about 268 millions, as against 177 million Protestants. Greek Catholics numbered 119,300,000. Buddhists and Brahminists about 550 millions. † Including Greek Catholics. ‡ Readjustment of boundaries owing to the Balkan war of 1912 will probably affect the figures given in table.

ENGLISH-SPEAKING RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES OF THE WORLD.

		COMMISSION OF THE HOLD	
Episcopalians	32,000,000	Free Thinkers	5,250,000
Methodists of all descriptions	19,000,000	Lutherans, etc	3,000,000
Roman Catholics	15,500.000	Unitarians	3,000,000
Presbyterians of all descriptions	13,000,000	Minor religious sects	6,000.000
Baptists of all descriptions	10,000,000	Of no particular religion	20,000.000
Congregationalists of all descrip-	/		
tions	6.250,000	English-speaking population	132,000,000

A very large number—more than 18,000,000—of Hindoos Mohammedans, Buddhists, and others in the East also spea : and read English. § From Whitaker's (London) Almanack.
The London J. wish Year Book for 1910 estimated the number of Lows in the United States at 1,903,926, in Russ at 5,082,243 (the largest) and in the world at 11,625,656.

Religious Denominations in the United States.

Statistics of Ministers, Churches, and Communicants or Members, prepared by Dr. H. K. Carroll, late Special Agent of the United States Census Office, for *The Christian Advocate*, and published in 1912.

Denominations.	Ministers	Churches	Conmu	DENOMINATIONS.	Ministers	Churches	Commu- nicants.
A DVENTISTS:				Church of God (Winebrennar-			
Evangelical	528	18 550	481 26,799	Churches of the Living God (Col.):	509	595	41,47
Samonth Don	53 i	1,537	65,288 611	Christian Workers for Friendship	51 30	44 15	2,67
Church of God	12 56	12 62	509 2,1:4	Apostolic	20	9	85
Total Adventists	1,170	2,499	95,508	Total Churches Living God	101	68	4,28
EAPTISTS:	8,223		1,211,426	Churches of New Jerusalem General Convention	107	130	8,50
Regular, North	14,635 12,772	22.795	2,304.724	General Church	24	16	890
Regular, South	10 98	11,304	1,799.222	Total Churches New Jerusalem. Communistic Societies:	131	146	9,390
Free Freewill.	1,186	1,112	8,119 70,880	Shakers		15 7	51 1,75
FreewillGeneral	604 550	623 545	40,578 33,600	Total Communistic Societies			2,27
General	100 260	76 196	5,180 13,698	CONGREGATIONAL	6,116	6,048	738,76
Baptist Church of Christ	99	93	6,416	Disciples of Christ: Disciples of Christ	6,019	11,280	1,377,30
Primitive. Primitive Colored Old Two Seed in the Spirit Predes-	1,500 1,480	2,922 797	102,311 35,076	Disciples of Christ (Conservative)	2,100	2,649	156,658
	35	55	781	Total Disciples of Christ	8,119	13,929	1,533,969
Church of God and Saints of	75	48		EVANGELICAL BODIES: Evangelical Association	979	1,665	109,506
Christ	41,627	56,439	1,823	United Evangelical Church	513	969	74,068
Total Baptists	}	20,405	5,634,665	Total Evangelical Bodies	1,492	2,634	183,574
Conservatives	3,050 218	913 75	100,600 4,000	Apostolic Faith Movement	30	11	539 703
Old Order	186	214	19,427	Metropolitan Church Association.	29	6	466
Seventh-Day (German)	8	14	250	Henziba Faith Association Missionary Church Association	36 35	10 32	293 1,256
Total Dunkard Brethren	3,462	1,246	123,677	Heavenly Recruit Church	55	27 42	935
Brethren (Plymouth): Brethren (1.)		134	2,93	Apostolic Christian Church Christian Congregation	19 26	9	4,558 393
Brethren (II.)		128 81	2,9.3 4,752 1,724	Voluntary Missionary Society (Colored)	11	3	425
Brethren (111.)	:::.	60	1,157				9,579
Total Plymouth Brethren		403	10,566	Total Faith Associations FREE CHRISTIAN ZION CHURCH	241 20	146 15	1,835
Brethren in Christ	174	65	3,675	FRIENDS: Orthodox "Hicksite"	1,257	900	99,148
Old Order, or Yorker United Zion's Children	24 22	9 25	4:3 749	" Hicksite "	99	211 48	19,597 3,880
	220			Primitive	10	8	171
Total River Brethren BUDDHISTS:		102	4,847	Total Friends	1,413	1,167	122,796
Chinese Temples	1 14	62 12	3,165	FRIENDS OF THE TEMPLE	3 59	3 66	376 34,7 0 4
-	15	7-1		GERMAN EVANGELICAL SYNOD	1,036	1,308	253,890
Total Buddhists	15	4.4	3,165	LATTER-DAY SAINTS:	1,054	1,769	143,000
Catholic Apostolic New Apostolic	14 19	11 13	2,907 2,020	Utah Branch	1,223 1,260	789 570	350,000 50,650
Total Catholic Apostolic	33	24	4,927	Total Latter-Day Saints	2,483	1,350	400,650
CATHOLIC EASTERN: Armenian Apostolic	14	21	50,000	LUTHERANS :	1,341	1,503	309,702
Ru-sian Orthodox	110	110	60,000	General Synod	248	472	49.5-5
Greek Orthodox Synan Orthodox	75 20	66 20	175,000 10,000	General Council	1,522 2,753	2,336 3,430	467,495 780,938
Servian Orthodox	9	10	59,000	United Norwegian	561	1,504	170,088
Roumanian OrthodoxBulgarian Orthodox	5 3	5 3	20,000 20,000	(Independent Synod): Ohio	603	838	131,9:3
Total Eastern Catholics	237	239	424,000	Buffalo	30 165	42 347	5,600 36, 000
CATHOLICS WESTERN:				Eielsen's	6	27 35	1,200 4,500
Roman Catholic	17,491 24	13,939 24	12,763,2:4 15,473	Texas	527	969	109,848
Reformed Catholic	7	6	3,000	Norwegian	387	1,050	91,450
Total Western Catholics	17,522	13,969	12,781,707	Danish in America	62	117	13,840 3,330
CHRISTADELPHIANSCHRISTIANS	993	1,329	1,412 87,478	Icelandic	15) 12	41 6	2,500 14,075
CHRISTIAN CATHOLIC (DOWIE) CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS (3)	35	1,306	5.865 85,096	Suomai (Finnish)	31 24	122 72	14,075 8,010
	2,612	1,306	55,095	(Finilist National	64	300	20,000

RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

Denominations.	Ministers.	Churches.	Commu- nicants,	. Denominations.	Ministers.	Churches.	Commu- nicants.
LUTHERANS - Continued ; Norwegian Free	16? 116	345 179	18,500 10,823	NONSECTARIAN BIBLE FAITH CHURCHES	50	204	6,396
Danish United	18	52	12,000	Pentecostal Church	750 115	470 30	20,501 1,429
Jehovah	9 85	11 205	1,100 26,000	Total Pentecostal Bodies PRESENTERIANS:	865	500	21,921
Total Lutherans	8,774	14,321	2,289,897	Northern	9,002 925	9,931 1,760	1,340.310
Bodies: Swedish Evan, Miss. Covenant	391	540	46.000	Cumberland (Colored)	375 91	196 148	18,066 13,759
Swedish Evan, Free Mission.	152	154	18,500	United	1,010	995	136,850
Norwegian	65	150	4,000	Southern	1,712	3,381	257,174 786
Total Swedish Evangelical	605	844	68,500	Associate Reformed, South	106	142	14,017
MENNONITES:		000		Reformed (Synod) Reformed (General Synod)	145	115 19	9,336 3,400
Mennouite	346	220	18,674 275	Reformed (Covenanted)	ii	i	40
Amish	131	57	7,640	Reformed in the U. S. & Canada	1	1	443
Old Amish	141	46	5,043 209	Total Presbyterians	13,396	16,711	1,944,181
Reformed	34	34	2,019	PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL:	1 1	2 001	947,320
General Conference	143	90 18	11,661 562	Protestant Episcopal	5,359	7,621 80	9,610
Old (Wisler)	18	9	655				
Bundes Conference	36 26	19	2,533 967	Total Protestant Episcopal	5,453	7,701	956,930
Defenceless	70	14 68	2,801	Reformed (Dutch)	750	689	117,288
Separate Conferences (2)	35	21	1,908	Reformed (German)	1,241 145	1,759	297,829 31,568
Total Mennonites	1,008	606	55,007	Hungarian Refermed	18	16	5,253
METHODISTS:		i	′	-	0.1:1	0 41.7	451,938
Methodist Episcopal	18,988 138	28,458 255	3,234,822 1×,560	Total Reformed	2,154	2,657	-
African Methodist Episcopal	6,774	5,630	620,234	Salvation Army	3,053	852	26,283
African Union Meth. Protestant African Methodist Episcopal Zion	200 3,488	125 3,298	4,000 547,216	American Salvation Army	59	20	436
Methodist Protestant	1,371	2.268	183,318	Total Salvationists	3,112	872	26,724
Wesleyan Methodist	596	574	19,121	SCHWENKFELDIANS	6	8	850
Methodist Episcopal (South) Congregational Methodist	6,413 337	16,772 333	1,892,454	SOCIAL BRETHREN	15	17	1,262
Congregational Meth. (Colored)	5	5	319	SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE	7	6	2,450
New Congregational Methodist Zion Union Apostolic	59 33	35 45	1,782 3,059	Spiritualists		1,500	200,000
Colored Methodist Episcopal	2,901	2,857	234,721	THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY		123	3,092
Primitive. Free Methodist	1,147	90	7,266	UNITED BRETHREN:		0.00	001 461
Reformed Meth. Union Episcopal.	40	1,144 58	32,158 4,000	United Brethren (Old Constitution)	1,887	3,725 537	291,461 20,373
ludependent Methodist	2	2	1,161				311,834
Total Methodists	42,563	61,969	6,819,660	Total United Brethren	2,:07 533	4,262 492	70,542
Moravian Bodies: Moravian	139	120	18,168	Unitarians	709	886 886	53,048
Union Bohemian and Moravian	3	15	771	INDEPENDENT CONGREGATIONS	267	879	48,673
Total Moravian Bodies	142	135	18,939	Grand Total for 1910	172,897	221,443	36,109,405

The aggregate of 36,109,465 represents actual church membership, and includes all Catholics (communicants, but not unconfirmed minors). It does not give all persons affiliated by family ties to Protestant bodies. The larger of the Protestant bodies may claim twice the number of their communicants as nominal adherents.—Euron of The ALMANAC.

Note.—(a) Besides actual church members the Christian Scientists claim several hundred-thousand unattached adherents.
(b) The London Jewish Year Book for 1910 estimates the number of the Jewish race in the United States as 1,903,926.

SEATING CAPACITY OF CHURCHES.

The total seating capacity of church edifices reported in 1906, according to the Census Bulletin of August 20, 1909, was 58,536,830, an increase over 1890 of 14,976,767, or 34.4 per cent. The seating capacity reported for the Protestant bodies was 53,282,445; for the Roman Catholic Church, 4,494,377; and for the remaining bodies, 760,008. The rate of increase was practically the same for both the Protestants and the Roman Catholics, being 33.6 per cent. for the former, and 33.3 per cent. for the latter. The increase in the seating capacity of churches has kept pace with the increase in population, the scating capacity being 69.2 per cent, of the population in 1890, compared with 69.5 per cent. in 1906.

The average seating capacity per organization for the Protestant bodies taken together was 317, and for the Roman Catholic Church, 436. With the single exception of the Roman Catholic Church, all the denominations showed an average seating capacity considerably in excess of the average membership. For the Protestant bodies the average seating capacity was three times the average membership per organization, while for the Roman Catholic Church the average membership was almost two and one-fourth times the average seating capacity.

534 Roman Catholic Hierarchy of the United States.

Rt. Rev. Glovanni Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate, 1811 Biltmore Street,		
Rt. Rev. Bonaventure Cerretti, D.D., Anditor, Washington, D.C. Secretar	y, Rev. John Foersh, D.	D.

Great Falia, Montana M. Lenihan 1904 Green Bay, Wisconsin Joseph J. Fox. 1904 Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, John W. Shanahan 1899 Harfford, Connecticut John Nilan 1910 Helena, Montana John P. Carroll 1940 Indianapolis, Indiana F. S. Chatard 1878 Indianapolis, Indiana Joseph Chartrand (Anx.) 1900 Kansas City, Missouri John J. Hogan 1868 Kansas City, Missouri Thomas Lillis (Coadjutor) 1904	Springfield, Massachusetts Thomas D. Beaven 1899
Duluth, Minnesota James McGoldrick 1859 Erie, Pennsylvania John F. Fitzmanrice 1897 Fall River, Massachusetts Danfel F. Feehau 1907 Fargo, North Dakota James O'Reilly 1910 Fort Wayne, Indiana Herman Alerding 1900 Galveston, Texas N. A. Gallagher 1882 Grand Rapids, Michigan H. J. Ritchter 1883	San Antonio, Texas. John W. Shaw 1910 San Francisco, California Benj. J. Keiley 1900 Savannah, Georgia Benj. J. Keiley 1900 Seattle, Washington Edward J. O'Dea 1886 Scranton, Pennsylvania M. J. Hoban 1886 Sionx City, Iowa Philip J. Garrigan 1902 Sionx Falls, South Dakot a., Thomas O'Gorman 1896
Crockston Timothy Corbett 1910 Dallas, Texas Rt. Rev. Joseph P. Lynch 1911 Davenport, Iowa James Davis 1904 Denver, Colorado N. C. Matz 1896 Des Molnes, Iowa A. Dowling 1912 Detroit, Michigan John S. Foley 1888 Detroit, Michigan Edward D. Kelly (Auxil'ry) 1911	Rockford, Illinois
Cheyenne, Wyoning P. A. McGovern Chicago, Illinols A. J. McGavick 1899 Chicago, Illinols P. Rhode (Auxiliary) 1903 Cleveland, Ohio John Farrelly 1904 Columbus, Ohio J. J. Hartley 1904 Conordia, Kansas J. F. Cunningham 1885 Covington, Kentucky C. P. Maes 1885	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, J. J. McCort (Auxidury) Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, S. Ortynsky (Ruthenian). 1907 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Regis Can-vin
Boston, Massachusetts. Brooklyn, New York. Brooklyn, New York. George Mundelein (AuxiPry) 1909 Brownsville, Texas. Buffalo, New York. Charles H. Colton. 1903 Burlington, Vermont. Joseph Rice. 1910 Charleston, South Carolina. H. P. Northrop. 1882	Newark, New Jersey
Alton, Illinois. James Ryan. Janes Altona, Pennsylvania. Eugene A. Garvey. 1903 Bakter City, Oregon. Charles O'Reilly (1908) Baltinore, Marylania. J. B. Conigan, (Auxiliary). 1908 Baltinore, Marylania. J. B. Conigan, (Auxiliary). 1908 Belleville, Illinois. J. Janesen. 1808 Bismarck, North Dakota. Vincent Webrie, O. S. B. 1910 Boise, Idaho. A. J. Glorieux. 1885 Boston, Massachusetts. Joseph G. Anderson(Auxil'ry) 1909	Louisville, Kentacky Dollar D. 200718 1990 Louisville, Kentacky Delis Donaghue 1900 Louisville, Kentacky Delis Donaghue 1900 Marquette, Michigam Prederick Eis 1849 Marquette, Michigam Prederick Eis 1897 Marquette, Tennessee Thomas Byrne 1897 Nachville, Frenessee Thomas Byrne 1894 Natchez, Mississippi John E. Gunn 1911 Natchitoches, Louisiana Cornelliur Van-de-Ven 1904
New Orleans, Louisiana. James Blenk. 1849 Albany, New York. Thos. M. Burke. Cons. 1894 Alexandria, Louisiana. Louisiana. 1868 Altou, Illinois. James Rvan. 1888	IOPS.
Boston, Massachusetts. W. H. O'Connell, Cardinal. 1891 Chicago, Illinois. James E. Quigley. 1899 Gincinnati, Ohio. Henry Moeller. 1904 Dubuque, Iowa. James J. Kesane. 1878 Millwankee, Wisconsin. Sebastian G. Messmer. 1892	Oregon City, Oregon. Alexander Christie. 1898 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Edmond F. Prendergast. 1911 St. Louis, Missouri. John Joseph Glennon. 1896 St. Panl, Minnesota. John Ireland. 1875 San Francisco, California. Patrick W. Riordan. 1883 Santa Fe, New Mexico. J. B. Pitaval. 1992
ARCHB Baltimore, MarylandJames Gibbons, Cardinal, Cons. 1868	ISHOPS. New York, New YorkJohn M. Farley, Card'l, Cons. 1895

College of Carolnals.

Pope Pius X., born 1835; year of accession 1903.

CARDINA	L BISHOPS.
NAME.' Office or Dignity, Nation. Age. Cons.	NAME. Office or Dignity. Nation. Age. Cons.
Agliardi, AntonioVice-Chancellor	Vannutelli, S Sub-Dean S. Coll Italian781887
Cassetta, Francesco	
Oreglia, D. S. S Dean Sac. Coll Italiau 84 1873	
	L PRIESTS.
Aguirre, GAbp. BurgosSpanish77190	Gennari, CResident in CuriaItalian731901
Andrieu, PBp. MarseillesFrench 62190	Gibbons, James Abp. Baltimore
Amiette, L. AAbp. ParisFrench191	Gotti, GerolamoPref. Propaganda Italian781895
Arcoverde de Albuquerque, C. G., Italian62191	Harrera, Martin de. Abp. Compostella Spanish 77 1897
Bacilieri, BBp. Veronatalian70190	Katschthaler, JAbp. SalzburgAustrian 80 1903
Bauer, Fran is SAbp. OlmutzAustrian191	Kopp, GeorgeAbp. BreslauGerman751893
Belmonte, G. diAbp. EdessaItalian191	Logue, MichaelAbp. ArmaghIrish721893
Blilot, L	Lorenzelli, BAbp. Luccaltalian591907
Bisleti, G	Lualdi, AAbp. PalermoItalian541907
Boschi, GiulioAbp. Ferrara1talian74190	Lucon, L
Bourne, FrancisAbp. Westminster English191	Lugari, G. BCong, Holy OfficeItalian1911
Capecelatro, AAbp. CapuaItalian88188	Maffi, P
Cavallari, APatrlarch VeniceItalian 63 190	
Cos y MachoAbp. ValladolidSpanish191	
De Albuquerque, J.A.C. Abp. Rio Janeiro Brazilian	
De CabriersBp. MontpellierFrench191	Nagi, FrancisAbp. Vienna Austrian1911
Di Pietro, AngeloPro-Prot. DataryItalian84189	
Dubillard, F V Abp. Chambery French	l O'Connell, Wm. H. Abp. BostonAmerican531911
Falconio, Diomede	I Pignatelli, J. G. di B
Farley, J. MAbp. New York American 62 191	
Ferrari, AndreaAbp. MilanItalian70189	4 Prisco, Giuseppe Abp. Naples Italian 76 1896
Ferrata, DPref. Cong.Bishops.Italian 65189	6 Rampolla, MApr. Vat. BasilItalian694887
Francica-Nava, GAbp. CataniaItalian66189	9 Respighi, Pietro Pope's Vicar-Gen Italian 69 1899
Gasparri, P Tit. Abp. Cesarea Italian 60 190	7 Richelmy, Agostino Abp. Turin

COLLEGE OF CARDINALS-Continued.

NAME. Office or Digni	tv. Nation.	Age. Co	ons.	NAME.	Office or Dignity.	Nation, A	ge. Cons.
Rinaldini, A Nuncio Madrid,	Italian	.681	1967	Van Rossum, G		Dutch	1911
Santos, E. R. y Abp. Seville	Spaniah	1	1911	Vaszary, Claude	Abp. Strigonlg	. Hungarian	801893
Skrbensky, Leo Abp. Prague	Bohemian	491	1901	Vici, A	Papal Nuncio to Spa	in	1911
				DEACONS.	-		
Cagiano de Azevedo. Bisleti Major-Do	mo	.691	905	Della Volpe, F	Abp. Bologna	Italian	681899
De Lai, G Sec. Sac. Cong	Italian	621	907	Vives y Tuto, G. C	.Inquisitor	.Spanish	581899
					-	-	

GENERAL SUMMARY OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES. Cardinals, 3; archbishops, 14; bishops, 97; archabbots, 2; abbots, 16; clergy, 17, 491; churches, 13, 939; seminaries, 83; students, 6,006; colleges for boys, 229; academies for girls, 701; parishes with schools, 5,119; attendance, 1,333,786; orphan asylums, 289; children in institutions, 1,540,049, Total Catholic population, 15,015,569. (Report of the Official Catholic Directory.)

Pope Pius X., nine years ago, announced his motto to be: "To restore all things in Christ."

Pius X. has effected marked changes in important matters of church government and discipline, and has been unrelearning in attackfur the dectrinal errors of Medernian which has with the "synthesis"

Pope Plus X., hine years ago, announced his motto to be: "To restore all things in Christ." Plus X., has effected marked changes in important matters of church government and discipline, and has been unrelenting in attacking the doctrinal errors of Modernism, which he calls the "synthesis of all heresies." He has reorganized the Roman Curia, made up of the various sacred congregations of cardinals who assist the Pope in the administration of church affairs, revived the venerable tribunal of the Rota, inaugurated a codification of canon law, transferred the church in the United States from the jurisdiction of the propaganda as a missionary land to the immediate supervision of the Cardinal Secretary of State in the Vatican itself, instituted in Rome a school for higher biblical studies, ordered the establishment of confraternities for the teaching of catechism in every parish, issued decrees reforming church music, introduced new legislation on marriage, recommended frequent and daily communion to the people, directed the first communion be given to children on reaching the age of reason, and on November 27, 1911, bestowed the red hat on eighteen prelates, three of whom are citizens of the United States: His Eminence, John Murphy Farley, of New York; His Eminence, William H. O'Connell, of Boston, and His Eminence, Diomede Falconio, former Apostolic Delegate at Washington, D. C. (From a statement furnished by the Chancellor of the Diocese of New York.)

Bishops of Protestant Churches in the United States.

BISHOPS OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN UNITED STATES AND ELSEWHERE.

BISHOPS OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CH	CRCH IN UNITED STATES AND ELSEWHERE.
Diocese. Cons.	Diocese, Cons.
Alabama—Charles Minnegerode Beckwith, Selma 1902	New York—Central: Charles Tyler Olmsted, Utica 1902
Alaska-Peter Trimble Lowe (missionary) 1895	" Western: William D. Walker, Buffalo 1883
Arizona-Julius W. Alwood (miss.)	46 Albany: William Croswell Doane
Arkansas—James R. Winchester	" Richard H. Nelson, Coadjutor 1902
California William Fand Nichola Con Francisco	
California-William Ford Nichols, San Francisco 1890	Long Island . Frederick Burgess, Garden City. 1905
" Sacramento: W. H. Moreland	North Carolina-Joseph Blount Cheshire, Raleigh 1894
San Joaquin; Louis C. Sauford (miss.), Fresno 1911	" E. Carolina: Robert Strange, Wilmington 1909
Los Angeles: Joseph H. Johnson, Pasadena 1896	4 Asheville: J. M. Horner (missionary) 1898
Colorado-Charles Sanford Olmsted, Denver 1902	Ohio-William Andrew Leonard, Cleveland 1889
Constant Santold Offisted, Deliver	Onio William Andrew Leonard, Cleveland
Western: Benjamin Brewster (missionary),	" Southern : Boyd Vincent, Cincinnati 1889
Glenwood Springs 1909	Oklahoma—Francis K. Brooke (miss.), Guthrie 1893
Connecticut—Chauncey B. Brewster, Hartford 1897	" East: Theodore P. Thurston, (miss.) 1911
Dakota, NCameron Mann (missionary), Fargo 1901	Oregon-Charles Scalding, Portland
46 C Course D Dille In Course Pollo	The state of the s
" S.—George B. Biller, Jr., Sioux Falls 1912	" Eastern: Robert L. Paddock (miss.), Baker City 1907
Delaware-Frederick J. Kinsman, Wilmington 1908	Pennsylvania-Philip Mercer Rhinelander, Philadelphia., 1911
District of Columbia-Washington: Altred Harding 1909	Thos. J. Garland, Coadjutor, Philadelphia. 1911
Florida—Edwin Gardner Weed, Jacksonville	" Pittsburgh: Cortland, Whitehead 1882
" Southern: William Crane Gray (miss.), Orlando., 1892	Bethlehem: Ethelbert Talbot, So. Bethlehem. 1887
Course Francis 7 th Crane Gray (miss.), Oriendo., 1992	Bettienem.Etherbett Tarbot, 30. Bettienem. 1001
Georgia-Frederick F. Reese, Savannah	narrisonrg; James H. Darrington 1905
"Atlanta: C. Kinloch Nelson	" Erie: Rogers Israel 1910
Idaho-James B. Funsten (missionary), Boise 1899	Rhode Island- James De W . Perry, Jr., Providence 1911
Illinois-Chicago: Charles Palmerston Anderson 1900	South Carolina-W. A. Guerry, Charleston
" Wm. E. Toll, Suffragan	Tennessee—Thomas F. Gailor, Memphis
6 Orient M. E. Toll, Sullingan	
Quincy. M. Edward Pawcett 1904	Texas-George Herbert Kinsolving, Austin 1892
Springueid, Edward W. Osborne 1904	" Dalias: Alex. C. Garrett 1874
Indiana-Indianapolis: Joseph M. Francis	" West: James S. Johnston, San Antonio 1888
" Michigan City: John H. White	" North: Edward A. Temple (miss.)
Iowa-Theodore N. Morrison, Davenport	
4 Henry T. Morrison, Davenport	Utah-Franklin S. Spalding (missionary), Salt Lake 1904
" Harry S. Longley, Suffragan	Vermont-Arthur C. A. Hall, Burlington
Kansas-Frank R. Millspaugh, Topeka	Virginia—Robert A. Gibson, Richmond
" Salina: Sheldon Munson Griswold	" Southern: Aifred M. Randolph, Norfolk 1883
Kentucky-Charles Edward Woodcock, Louisville 1905	" B. D. Tucker, Coadjutor, Lynchburg, 1906
" Lexington: Lewis W. Burlon	
Dexington Lewis W. Burton 1890	West Virginia-George William Peterkin, Parkersburg 1878
Louisiana-Davis Sessums, New Orleans	W. L. Gravatt, Coadjutor, Charlestown 1899
Maine-Robert Codman, Portland	Wisconsin-Milwankee: William Walter Webb 1906
Maryland-John G. Murray, Baltimore 1909	"Fond du Lac: Reginald H. Weller 1900
" Easton: William Forbes Adams	Washington-Olympia: Fred.W. Keator, Tacoma 1902
Massachusetts-William Lawrence, Boston	
Mind Lawrence, Boston	" Spokane: Lennel H. Wells (missionary) 1892
Western: Thomas F. Davies, Worcester 1911	Wyoming-Nathaniel S. Thomas (missionary), Chevenne 1909
Michigan-Charles David Williams, Detroit 1906	Africa—Cape Palmas: S.D. Ferguson (miss.), Mourovia, Lib. 1885
" Marquette: Gershom M. Williams	Brazil-Lucien L. Kinsolving (miss.), Rio Grande do Sal. 1899
" Western: John N. McCormick, Grand Rapids, 1906	China-Shanghai; Frederick R. Graves (missionary) 1893
Minnesota-Samuel C. Edsall, Minneapolis 1899	
46 Fuends A F File Co. N.	" Hankow: Logan H. Roots (missionary) 1904 " White: D. Tramball Huntington Anking 1919
Frank A. McElwain, Suffragan	
	Cuba-Albion W. Knight (missionary)
Mississippi-Theodore D. Bratton, Jackson	Japan-Tokio: John McKim (missionary) 1904
Missouri-Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, St. Louis 1867	"Kyoto: Henry St. G. Tucker (missionary) 1912
" F. F. Johnson, Coadjutor, St. Louis 1905	
Woman City Clare C. D. willer	Hawaiian Islands-Ilonolulu: Henry B. Restarick (miss.) 1902
Kansas City . Sidney C. Partridge	Mexico: Henry D. Aves (missionary)
Montana-Leigh R. Brewer, Helena	Philippine Islands-Charles H. Brent, Manila (miss.) 1901
Nebraska-Arthur L. Williams, Omaha	Porto Rico
"Kearney: George A. Beecher	Thomas Augustus Jaggar, late Bishop of Southern Ohio,
Nevada-Henry D. Robinson (miss.), Reno	in charge of European Churches, Philadelphia, Pa 1875
New Hampehire William Wester S Ville Com.	Chair of Daile let Brian of Carlot Dia
New Hampshire-William Woodruff Niles, Concord 1870	Charles C. Penick, late Bishop of Cape Palmas, Africa,
Edward M. Parker, Coadjutor, Concord. 1906	Frankfort, Ky
New Mexico-	Frankfort, Ky
New Jersey-John Scarborough, Trenton	Arthur S. Lloyd, President of Board of Missions 1909
" Newark: Edwin S. Lines. 1903	William M. Brown, late Bishop of Arkansas 1897
New York-David H. Greer, New York City 1904	
Charles C. Breer, New York City	James H. Vau Buren. late Bishop of Porto Rico 1902
" Charles S. Burch, Suffragan, New York City 1911	
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BISHOPS OF PROTESTANT CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Dictions of the Method	201 Et 15001 AE CHURCH.
Residence. Elected.	Residence, Elected.
Thomas Bowman East Orange, N. J 1872	William F. AndersonCincinnati, Ohio 1908
John M. Walden Cincinnati, Ohio 1884	John L. NuelsenZurich, Switzerland 1908
John H. Vincent	William A. QuayleSt. Paul, Minn 1908
James M. Thoburn Meadville, Pa 1888	Charles W. Smith St. Louis, Mo 1908
Earl Cranston	Wilson S. Lewis Foochow, China 1908
Joseph C. HartzellNew York City, N. Y 1896	Edwin H. HughesSan Francisco, Cal 1908
David H. Moorelndisnapolis, Ind 1900	Robert McIntyreOklahoma City, Okla 1908
John W. Hamilton Boston, Mass 1900	Frank M. BristolOmaha, Ngb
Frank W. Warne Miss. Bis., Lucknow, India., 1904	Homer C. Stuntz Argentma, S. America 1912
Joseph F. Berry Philadelphia, Pa 1904	Theodore S. Henderson Chattanooga, Tenn 1912
William F. McDowellChicago, Ill	William O. ShepardKansas City, Kan 1912
James W. Bashford Peking, China 1904	Naphtall Luccock Helena, Mont 1912
William Burt Buffalo, N. Y 1904	Francis J. McConnellDenver, Col
Luther B. Wilson New York City, N. Y 1904	Frederick D. LeeteAtlanta, Ga 1912
Thomas B. Neely	Richard J. Cooke Portland, Ore 1912
Isaiah B. ScottMiss. Bis., Afr. (Monrovia) 1904	Wilber F. Thirkleld New Orleans, La 1912
John E. RobinsonMlss. Bis., Bombay, India 1904	John W. Robinson Miss, Bis., Bombay, India 1912
Merriman C. Harris Miss. Bis., Seoul, Korea 1904	William P. Eveland Miss. Bis., Manila, P. I 1912
BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST	
E. R. Hendrix	W B Murrah Jackson Miss. 1910
J. S. Key 1886	John C. Kilgo
W. A. Candler Atlanta, Ga 1898	Walter R. Lambuth Nashville Tenn 1910
H. C. Morrison Birmingham, Ala 1898	R G Waterhouse Los Angeles, Cal. 1910
E. E. Hoss Muskogee, Okla 1902	E D Monzon San Antonio Tex. 1910
James Atkins Waynesville, N. C 1906	Ismee H. McCov. Birmingham, Ala 1910
BISHOPS OF THE AFRICAN MET	
H. M. Turner, Atlanta, Ga	James M. Connor, Little Rock, Ark
John Hurst, Baltimore, Md	C. T. Shaffer, Chicago, Ill
B. T. Tanner, Philadelphia, Pa	C. S. Smith, Detroit, Mich
B. F. Lee, Wilberforce, Ohio	L. J. Coppin, Philadelphia, Pa1900
Wm. D. Chappelle, Columbia, S. C	H. P. Parka, Chicago, Ill
Moses B. Salter, Charleston, S. C	J. Albert Johnson, Capetown, S. A
Wm. B. Derrick, Flushing, N. Y	W. H. Heard, Freetown, S. A
Joshua H. Jones, Wilberforce, Ohio	J. S. Flipper, Atlanta, Ga
Evans Tyree, Nashville, Tenn	v.o. v.pp.,
	ch are J. W. Hood, Favetteville, N.C.; C. R. Harris, Salisbury,

The Bishops of the African Methodist Episopal Zion Church arg J. W. Hood, Fayetteville, N. C.; C. R. Harris, Salisbury, N. C.; Alexander Walters, New York City; G. W. Clinton, Charlotte, N. C.; J. W. Alstork, Montgomery, Ala.; J. S. Caldweil, Philadelphia, Pa.; G. L. Blackwell, Philadelphia, Pa.; A. J. Warner, Charlotte, N. C.; J. W. Smith, Washington, D. C. The Bishops of the Colored Methodist Episopal Church are L. H. Holsey, Atlanta, Ga.; Issac Lase, Jackson, Tenn.; R. S. Williams, Augusta Ga.; Elias Cottrell, Holly Springs, Miss.; C. H. Phillips, Nashville, Tenn.; George W. Stewart, Selma, Ala.; M. F. Jamison, Leigh, Teass.

1818HOPS OF THE REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Charles Edward Cheney Chicago, Ill. Rebert L. Radolph. New York City.

Edward Cridge Victoria, B. C. William T. Sabine. New York City.

Samuel Fallows. Chicago, Ill. Herman S. Hoffman Philadelphia, Pa.,

Bishops Sergius, of North America, and Innocent, of Alaska, represent the Greek Orthodox Church, and Archimandrite
Raphael, New York, the Syrian Greek Orthodox Church.

The next general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South will be held May 6, 1914, at a place not yet determined.

Sunday=School Statistics of all Countries.

The following statistics of Sunday-Schools were compiled for the World's Sixth Sunday-School Convention, Washington, D. C., May 19, 1910:

Countries.	Sunday Schools.	Teachers.	Scholars.	Countries.	Sunday Schools.	Teachers.	Scholars.
EUROPE:				India	11,429	16,456	442,489
Anstria-Hungary	307	767	8,681	Korea	1,847	7,757	134,967
Belgium	145	542	7,209		117	199	2,049
Bohemia	145	194	3.504		22	46	862
Bulgaria	53	137	2,473		1.832	4,142	69,639
Denmark	1.376	5,250	92,200		1,588	9,708	94,496
England and Wales	44,035	637,188	6,649,320		480	1,600	43,816
Finland	8,351	16,443		AFRICA	8,996	23,835	490,298
France	1,200	7,000	67,000	NORTH AMERICA:	, ,		,
Germany		30,000			50	196	2,222
Greece	6	8	200		160,225	1,570,188	13,907,845
Ireland	1,221	18,014	184,536		10,642	85,046	853,065
Italy	372	1,103	15,364	Labrador	12	50	450
Netherlands	2,060	5,140	209,000	Newfoundland	5:29	3,252	35,263
Nerway	1,044	5,893	106,493	West Indies	2,096	12,064	163,416
Portugal	29	89	1,525		75	471	5,419
Russia	884	5,803	66,019	Mexico	36s	1,854	19,811
Scotland	3,954	57,408	592,001	SOUTH AMERICA	891	4,826	58,698
Spain	94	210		OCEANICA:		- 1	•
Sweden	6.952	24,288	320,676	Australasia	7,752	52,641	569,614
Switzerland	1,762	7,490	122,567	Fiji Islands	1,089	2,349	22,176
MALAYSIA:		.,	,	Hawaiian Islands	207	780	11,321
Philippines	311	1,752	15,409	New Zealand	1,705	10,488	120,960
Philippines	, 84	113	24,349	Other Islands	1,078	3,701	37,039
ASIA:				ľ			
Persia	78	339	4,399	THE WORLD	296,129	2,633,120	26,653,715
Ceylon	416	898	12,367		'		•

The total number of teachers and scholars in the world, according to this report, was 29,286,835. The next International Convention will be held at Chicago, Ill., in 1914. The next World's Convention will be held in Zurich, Switzerland, July 8-15, 1913. The table does not include the schools of the Roman Catholic and Non-Evangelical Protestant churches. The number of scholars in Roman Catholic Sunday-Schools in the United States is estimated at 1,000,000 by clerics.

Presbyterian Assemblies.

OFFICERS OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Moderator-Rev. Mark A. Matthews, D. D., Seattle, | Stated Clerk-Rev. W. H. Roberts, D. D., LL.D., Wash. 1319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

TRUSTEES.

President-Mr. George Stevenson, Philadelphia. | Treasurer-Philadelphia Trust Co.

The following may be addressed at 136 Fifth Avenue, New York City, viz.: The Board of Home Missions, the Board of Foreign Missions, the Board of Church Erection, and the College Board.

The following are located at 1319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., viz.: The Trustees of the General Assembly, the Board of Education, the Board of Publication and Sabbath-School Work, and the Board of Ministerial Relief.

The Roard of Ministerial Relief.

Board of Ministerial Relief.

The Board of Missions for Freedmen is located at Bessemer Building, Sixth Street, Pit

The Board of Missions for Freedmen is located at Bessemer Building, Sixth Street, Pit

The Board of Ministerial Relief. burgh, Pa., and the permanent Committee on Temperance at Conestoga Building, Pittsburgh,

The Church magazine, The Assembly Herald, has its office at 1328 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. OFFICERS OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES,*

Moderator-Rev. T. S. Clyce, D. D., Sherman, | Stated Clerk-Rev. Thomas H. Law, D. D., Spartanburg, S. C. TRUSTEES.

President—George E. Wilson, Esq., Charlotte, Secretary and Treasurer—John R. Pharr, Esq., N. C. SECRETARIES.

Foreign Missions—Rev. Egbert W. Smith, D. D., Christian Education and Ministerial Relief—Rev. Nashville, Tenn.

H. H. Sweets, 122 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Home Missions-Rev. S. L. Morris, D.D., Atlanta, Ga. Ky. Publication-R. E. Magill, Esq., Richmond, Va.

* Commonly known as the Presbyterian Church, South,

Alliance of the Reformed Churches

THROUGHOUT THE WORLD HOLDING THE PRESBYTERIAN SYSTEM.

This organization represents nine Reformed and Presbyterian Churches in the United States, with a constituency of 6,500,000; the Presbyterian Church in Canada, with a constituency of 600,000, and more than 80 different denominations on the five continents other than North America, with a constituency of at least 25,000,000 persons. The American Secretary is the Rev. W. H. Roberts, D. D. LL.D., Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia, Pa. The following are the organizations in the United LL.D., Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia, Fa. The longing States, Canada, and Mexico which are members of the Alliance:

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, NORTH.

Stated Clerk—Rev. W. H. Roberts, D.D., Ll. D., 1319 Wallout Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Next meeting of General Assembly, Atlanta, Ga., May 15, 1913. (Communicants, 1,380,058.)

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES, COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE PRESBYTERIAN

Stated Clerk—Rev. Thomas H. Law, D. D., Spartanburg, S. C.
Next meeting of General Assembly, Atlanta, Ga., May 15, 1913. (Communicants, 292.845.)

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF NORTH AMERICA.
Stated Clerk—Rev. D. F. McGill, D.D., 224 Ridge Ave., Ben Avon, Pa.
Next meeting of General Assembly, Atlanta, Ga., May 14, 1913. (Communicants, 178,601.)

REFORMED (DUTCH) CHURCH IN AMERICA.

Stated Clerk—Rev. Wm. H. De Hart, D. D., Raritan, N. J.

Next meeting of General Synod, Asbury Park, N. J., June 5, 1913. (Communicants, 118,564.)

REFORMED (GERMAN) CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES.

Acting Stated Clerk—Rev. J. Rauch Stein, Bethlehem, Pa.

Next meeting of the General Synod, Lancaster, Pa., May, 1914. (Communicants, 297,173.)

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, GENERAL SYNOD.

Stated Clerk—Rev. James Y. Boice, D. D., 4020 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Next meeting of the General Synod, Cincinnati, Ohio, May 21, 1913. (Communicants, 3,000.)

SYNOD CHRISTIAN REFORMED CHURCH IN NORTH AMERICA.

Stated Clerk—Rev. Henry Beets, LL. D., 77 Lagrave Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Next meeting of Synod, Roseland, Chicago, Ill., June 17,1914. (Communicants, 30,562.)

ASSOCIATE REFORMED SYNOD OF THE SOUTH. Stated Clerk—Rev. A. S. Rogers, Rock Hill, S. C. Synod meets in November of each year. (Communicants, 14, 436.)

SYNOD OF THE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF NORTH AMERICA. Stated Clerk—Mr. James S. Tibby, 411 Penu Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Next meeting of the Synod, Winona Lake, Ind., May 27, 1913. (Communicants, 9,336.)

WEISH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Stated Clerk—Rev. J. E. Jones, 4362 Princeton Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
Next meeting of General Assembly, September, 1913. (Communicants, 15,000.)

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN CANADA.
Stated Clerk—Rev. Robert Campbell, D. D., 68 St. Famille St., Montreal, Canada.
Next meeting of General Assembly. Toronto, Canada, June 4, 1913. (Communicants, 295, 935.)

Stated Clerk—Rev. William Wallace, Saltillo, Mexico.
Next meeting of the Synot (place not fixed when ALMANAC was printed), July, 1913. (Communicants, 10,000.)

The Federal Council of the Churches of Christ.

THE Federal council was organized as the chief consummation of the National Federation of Churches at its first meeting, held in Philadelphia, December 2-8, 1908. If it the delegated congress of thirty-two leading Christian bodies which are constitutionally federated for the purpose of providing this congress through which to realize their fellowship and united action. The Federal Council, through its Committees and Secretaries, seeks to organize efficient State and local federations, to secure co-operation in home missionary work, and to promote moral reform and social service by the churches throughout the United States.

the churches throughout the United States.

The following Churches are represented in this Federal Conneil: Baptist (North), Free Baptist, Christian, Congregational, Disciples of Christ, Evangelical Association, Evangelical Synod, Friends, General Synod, Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Episcopal (South), Primitive Methodist, Colored Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Fortestant, African Methodist Episcopal, African Methodist Episcopal Zion, Mennonite, Moravian, Presbyterian, Presbyterian South, Welsh Presbyterian, Reformed Presbyterian, United Presbyterian, Presbyterian, Presbyterian, Beformed Church in the U. S. A., Reformed Episcopal, Seventh Day Baptist, United Brethren in Christ, United Evangelical, National Baptist Convention, Congregational Methodist.

The Council has active committees on Foreign Missions, Home Missions, Sunday Observance, Temperance, Family Life, Social Service, and Christian Education. The executive and field work of the Council is in charge of the Executive Secretary, Rev. Chas. S. Macfarland, D. D., Rev. E. B. Sandford, D. D., is Corresponding Secretary, Rev. Charles S. Macfarland, Ph.D., is Secretary of the Commission on the Church and Social Service. The officers may be addressed at the National office, Clarendon Building, 215 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

Religious Education Association.

THE Religious Education Association was organized on February 12, 1903, at the close of a three days' couvention held in Chicago, called to consider the improvement of moral and religious education. tis object is the promotion of moral and religious training in existing educational agencies, in homes and through the press. It has no theological platform. It now enrolls over 2,600 members, including laymen, college presidents and professors, pastors, teachers and parents, interested in the problem of reverent, scientific, effective character training.

The officers are: President, Harry Pratt Judson, Chicago, Ill. Secretary, Henry Frederick Cope, 332 S. Michigan Avenye, Chicago, Ill.

Lutifict League of America.

President—Wm. C Stoever, Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary—Luther M. Kuhns, Omaha, Neb.
The first National Convention of the Luther League of America was held at Pittsburgh, Pa.,
October 30 and 31, 1895. The League is a Lutheran organization, linking together the Lutheran
young people who are laboring for the good of the Church by means of many judividual societies of
various names and styles of organization, each within its own immediate church. The constitution
declares that its objects shall be "to encourage the formation of the young people's societies in all
Lutheran congregations in America, to urge their affiliation with their respective State or Territorial
leagues, and with this league to stimulate the various young people's societies to greater Christian
activity and to foster the spirit of loyalty to the Church." The fundamental principles are
federation and co-operation. The membership of the various organizations is over 100,000. These
are comprised in twenty-five States, fourteen of which already have permanent state organizations
and four foreign countries. The first local organization adopting the title of "The Luther League"
was organized by delegates of six Lutheran Church societies in the city of New York, April 19, 1888,
Organizations of this League exist in Canada, Porto Rico, Japan, China and India.

World's Purity Federation.

This Federation and the Committee out of which it grew has been at work since November, 1900, and represents the largest and first real organized movement in North America, in a national and international sense, for the eradication of the traffic in women (White Slave Traffic); for the annihilation of public vice; for a higher and single standard of morals, and for the safe and sane instruction of the young in sex hygiene. Departments of work are maintained covering every phase of Social Purity work. The Seventh International Purity Congress will be held in November, 1913. The International headquarters are at La Crosse, Wis. The officers are: President, B. S. Steadwell, La Crosse, Wis.; First Vice-President, Judge Ben B. Lindsey, Colorado; Second Vice-President, Rev. Dr. Floyd W. Tomkins, Pennsylvania; Third Vice-President, Rev. Dr. T. Albert Moore, Ontario, Can.; Secretary, Dr. Emma F. A. Drake, Colorado; Treasurer, W. L. Clark, Ontario, Can.

Can.

Reformed Church in America.*

OFFICERS of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America; President, Rev. Wm. P. Bruce, Yonkers, N. Y.; Urce-President, Rev. Evert J. Blekkink, Holland Mich.; Stated Clerk, Rev. William H. De Hart, D. D., Plainfield, N. J.; Permanent Cterk, Rev. Henry Lockwood, E. Millstone,

Stony Brook Association.

THE Stony Brook Association was organized to establish a Summer colony and Chautauqua at Stony Brook, L. I.

The Chautauqua season will cover each year from the first of July to the first of September, Civic, educational, agricultural and religious conferences are held, August 15th to 31st being reserved for the Bible Conference. Business office, 1250 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. (Report of 1911.)

Seventh=Day Adventists.

The following statement has been prepared by H. E. Rogers, Statistical Secretary of the General Conference:

The doctrine of the second coming of Christ was preached extensively in the United States and Europe during 1840-1844, and found adherents in many denominations. The circulation of books and journals on this question deepened the interest, and this study and agitation brought about the formation of a movement which assumed definite form in 1846 in the New England States and was The circulation of books formation of a movement which assumed definite form in 1846 in the New England States and was tarer organized as the Seventh-bay Adventist denomination. The clifteners of this body are a belief in the literal, personal second appearance of Christ, yet without ever setting a time for that event, and the observance of the seventh day of the week as the Sabbath. Their total communicants throughout the world is 108,975. They have 116 organized conferences, 93 mission fields, 2,799 churches, 89 advanced educational institutions, 613 primary schools, total enrolment, 23,541; 37 publishing houses and branches, 102 sanitariums and branches, publish 125 periodicals, issue publications in 71 languages, are operating in about 85 countries, and employ over 10,000 evangelistic and institutional laborers, thus constituting every eleventh member an active laborer. Contrintions for 1911 were \$2,363,088,29, a per capita of \$21.68. Funds for evangelistic work since the organization of the central governing body known as the General Conference, in 1863, aggregate over twenty-three million dollars. Investments in institutions, churches, etc., exceed thirteen million dollars. million dollars.

Beginning in 1894, active work was begun in non-Christian lands, and has been continued until the present, so that a segregation of the work conducted in non-Christian and non-Protestant lands from the foregoing figures, indicates the following: Mission work is carried forward in 67 countries, at 140 main stations, and 145 sub-stations, with a total foreign force of 586, and 974 native helpers, a total force of 1,560 laborers. There are 413 churches, 17,565 adherents, 7,454 pupils in 205 schools, taught by 364 foreign and native teachers. Publications are issued in 64 languages, and work is conducted orally in 73 languages. Total income for 1911 from the foreign field was \$135, 234.87, a per capita of \$7.69.

The headquarters is in Washington, D. C., in which place will be held in May, 1913, the next quadrennial session, which will commemorate fifty years of organized work by the denomination. Beginning in 1894, active work was begun in non-Christian lands, and has been continued until

The Latter=Day Saints.

The Mormons is a term applied to the members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints. This church was organized April 6, 1830, with six members, by Joseph Smith, at Fayette, Seneca County, N. Y. After being driven by mobs from various places in Missouri, Ohio, and Illinois, they settled at Great Sait Lake, Utah, under the leadership of Brigham Young, in 1847. The total church membership is about 450,000, and the number of missionaries, about 2,000.

LATTER-DAY SAINTS REORGANIZED CHURCH.

The Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints is a separate body, having its headquarters at Lamoni, Iowa. Its membership now numbers 63,090. It has 342 active ministers in the field, 29,457 Sunday-school members and 625 Sunday-schools. It claims to be the church in succession to the one founded by Joseph Smith in 1830. It was reorganized in 1851, and is presided over by Joseph Smith, of Independence, Mo., son of the Prophet. Presiding Bishop, Edmund L. Kelley, Independence, Mo. General Church Secretary, Richard S. Salyards, Lamoni, Iowa. The only church of this denomination in New York City is at the corner of Park Place and Schenectady Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

PHISSIONARY Education PHOVEMENT.

Chairman-Fred P. Haggard, Vice-Chairman-Samuel Thorne, Jr., Recording Secretary-F. C. Stephenson. General Secretary-Harry W. Hicks. Treasurer-James S. Cushman. Headquarters, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Young People's Society of Christian Undeavor.

OFFICERS OF THE UNITED SOCIETY OF CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.—Office, Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. President, Rev. Francis E. Clark, D. D.; General Secretary, William Shaw.
Each society is in some local church, and in no sense outside. It exists simply to make the young people loyal and efficient members of the Church of Christ. It is the church training the young. Its motto is, "For Christ and the Church," In July, 1912, there were 79,077 societies, with a nembership of 3, 953, 950, chiefly in the United States and Canada, and in Australia, Great Britain, China, India, Japan, and in all missionary lands. It is found in about the same proportions in all the great evangelical denominations and in all their subdivisions.

American Sunday=School Union.

The First Day Society, founded in Philadelphia in 1791, still active, led to the formation of the Philadelphia Sunday and Adult School Union in 1817. With other similar societies it was changed to the American Sunday-School Union in 1824. Its object is twofold. To establish and maintain sunday-schools: to publish and circulate moral and religious publications. It is a voluntary union of Christians of different denominations to teach the truths of our common Christianity as they are taught in the Bible.

taught in the Bible.

Its great field is the rural districts. The Philadelphia Union began with one juvenile book in 1817, and one missionary in 1821. The American Sunday-School Union now issues a thousand works and nine periodicals. In eighty-eight years it has circulated \$12,000,000 to \$15,000,000 worth of Bibies, testaments and religions works. In ten years it founded 24,962 Sunday-schools, with 964,550 members; resulting in 218,083 hopeful conversions and 1,213 churches. In eighty-eight years the Union has founded 124,613 Sunday-schools, with 5,560,636 members. It employs Sunday-school mission-pries, who have organized an average of four new Sunday-schools for each day of the last eighty years. Its benevolent work costs \$225,000 yearly. Officers: President Martin I., Finckel; Vice-Presidents William N. Ashman, Richard Ashhurst, Clarkson Clothier; Recording Secretary, William H. Hirst; Treasurer, John E. Stevenson. Headquarters, 1816 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Young Men's Christian Associations.

OFFICERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE.—Office. No. 124 East Twenty-eighth Street, New York. Chairman, Alfred E. Marling; Treasurer, Frederick B. Schenck; General Secretary, Richard C. Morse. The International Committee consists of 69 representative Christian laymen, and employs a

York. Chairman, Alfred E. Marling; Treasurer, Frederick B. Schenck; General Secretary, Richard C. Morse. The International Committee consists of 69 representative Christian laymen, and employs a force of 89 secretaries in the home and 106 in the foreign fields.

Officers of the World's Committee Committee in the foreign fields.

Officers of the World's Committee is composed of members representing America, Australasia, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Brazil, Denmark, Finland, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Russia, Spain, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, China, Korea, Ceylon, Japan and India.

Officers of the State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the State of New York, General office, No. 215 West 23d Street, New York, Chairman, William M. Kingsley; Treasurer, Samuel Woolverton; State Secretary, F. W. Pearsull. This committee was incorporated under the laws of New York April 4, 1886, having for its object "the establishing and assisting Young Men's Christian Associations, and generally to provide for the spiritual, intellectual, physical and social well-being of young men in accordance with the aims and methods of Young Men's Christian Associations of the State of New York." The membership in the State is 61, 203, divided as follows: General, 48,167; Railroad, 925; Student, 2,405; Boys' Departments, 12,9:13; County and Small Town, 2, 723. A biennial meeting of the State Association, comprising the 221 Associations in the State, is held in February, the every years.

Officers of the Young Men's Christian Association of the State of New York. "The membership in the State of New York. President, W. Fellowes Morgan; Treasurer, Samuel Stoan; General Secretary, Henry M. Orne.

There are 8,612 Associations in the World, of which 2,192 are in North America. The total membership of these American Associations is 563,479; they occupy 756 buildings of their own, valued at \$60,454,336; and have 570 libraries; number of loans, 628,034. They have 67,417 young

The World's Young Women's Christian Association.

The World's Young Women's Christian Association was formed in 1894. Eighteen National Associations are now affiliated: Great Britain, United States, Canada, Germany, Italy, France, Australasia, Finland, Holland, Japan, Portugai, South Africa, Sweden, India, Denmark, Brazil, Hungary and China. The headquarters is in London. Office, 26 George Street, Hanover Square, West, The Executive Committee is composed of a resident membership in London. Mrs. J. H. Tritton, President; Miss Clarissa Spencer, General Secretary.

The Young Women's Christian Association of the United States of America was formed in December, 1906, the object being stated thus: "To unite in one body the Young Women's Christian Associations of the United States: to establish, develop and unify such associations; to advance the physical, social, intellectual, moral and spiritual interests of young women." 208 city associations, 660 student associations and 7 county associations are members of the national organization. There are 11 Field and State Committees. Special work instituted for immigrant women, colored and Indian students, professional art students and nurses. Each year eleven Emmer conferences are held to students, professional art students and nurses. Each year eleven Eummer conferences are held to train volunteer workers in Bible study and Association work. The National Training School to prepare young women for executive positions is located at 135 East 52d Street, New York. The official organ is The Association Moulthy. The national organization is a member of the World's Association; its Student Committee is a member of the World's Student Christian Federation, and is connected with the Student Volunteer Movement. National headquartes, 600 Lexington Avenue, New York. President of National Board, Grace H. Dodge; General Secretary, Mabel Cratty.

American Tract Society.

The Society was founded in 1825. Its work is interdenominational and international in scope, and is commended by all the evangelical churches. It has published the Gospel message in 175 languages, dialects and characters. Its total issues of books, tracts and periodicals at the Home Office amount to 781,854,461 copies. It has made foreign cash appropriations to the value of \$784, 795,39, by means of which millions of books and tracts have been published at mission stations abroad. Its colporteurs have made 17,616,521 family visits, largely among the immigrants, and have circulated 17,080,463 volumes, The grand total of its gratuitous distributions has been to the value of \$2,566,572.98. The society is wholly dependent upon donations and legacies for the support of its benevolentwork. Offices, 150 Nassau Street, New York. President, William Phillips Hall; General Secretary, Indean Swiff D. D. Secretary, Judson Swift, D.D.

American Bible Society.

THE American Bible Society was founded in 1816. It is a charitable institution whose sole object is to encourage a wider circulation of the Scriptures without note or comment. It invites the contributions and co-operation of all. The officers are a President and twenty-seven Vice-Presidents, headed by J. L. Chamberlain, Maine. There are thirty-six managers, divided into four classes as to terms of office. The Corresponding Secretaries are: Rev. John Fox. D. D., and Rev. W. I. Haven, D. D.; Recording Secretary, Rev. H. O. Dwight, Lil. D. The Treasurer is William Foulke. The issues for the year ending March 31, 1912, were 3,691,201 volumes, and for the ninety-six years of the existence of the Society, 94,219,105 volumes. This includes Bibles in many foreign 'ongues and the languages of several American Indian tribes. (The British and Foreign Bible Society, established in 1804, had distributed to March 31, 1912, 236,515,500 volumes.) The offices of the Society are at the Bible House, Astor Place, New York. Bible House, Astor Place, New York.

United Christian Church.

INCORPORATED at Baltimore, Md., for industrial and religious training. Rt. Rev. Samuel G. Kreamer, Senior Bishop, 929 Poplar Street, Philadelphia, Pa.; Rev. Howard Jones, Baltimore, Md.; Rev. Chas, Stewart, Philadelphia, Pa.; Rev. Wm. Clark, Arlington, N. J. Secretary, Mrs. Clark, 25 Harper Place, Arlington, N. J. Treasurer, Rev. B. M. Cottoms, Philadelphia, Pa. General offices, 926 Poplar Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The National W. C. T. U. was organized in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1874, and is the scher second thought of the great woman's crusade. It is now regularly organized in every State of the Union.

There are about 12,000 local unions, with a membership and following, including the children's societies, of about half a million. The W. C. T. U. has forty distinct departments of work, presided over by as many women experts, in the National Society, and in nearly every State. All the States in the Republic have laws requiring the study of scientific temperance in the public schools, and all these laws were secured by the W. C. T. U.; also the laws forbidding the sale of tobacco to minors. The first police matrons and most industrial homes for girls were secured through the efforts of this society were the refuges for erring women.

The first police matrons and most industrial homes for girls were secured through the efforts of this society, as were the refuges for erring women.

The World's W. C. T. U. was founded through the influence of Frances E. Willard in 1883, and already has auxiliaries in more than fifty countries and provinces. The white ribbon is the badge of all the W. C. T. U. members, and is now a familiar emblem in every civilized country.

The headquarters of the National organization is The Willards Rest Cottage, Evanston, Ill. The following are the officers: President, Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens, Portland, Me.; Vice-President-al-Large, Miss Anna A. Gordon, Evanston, Ill.; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Frances P. Parks, Evanston, Ill.; Treasurer, Mrs. Elizabeth P. Hutchinson, Evanston, Ill.

President—William D. Murray. Vice-President—J. S. Cushman. Treasurer—D. H. McAlpin. Recording Secretary—R. L. Wensley, General Secretary—E. M. Willis, 124 East Twenty-eighth Street, New York.

The Sliver Bay Association is incorporated under the New York Legislature, and holds the property on Lake George for the use of Summer Christian conferences. The property consists of 1,550 acres, including a large main building, seventeen cottages, auditorium and athletic field. Conferences were held June 14 to August 30, 1912, attended by 3,498 persons.

Church Temperante Society.

General Officers, — President, Rt. Rev. Frederick Courtney, D.D., New York; Treasurer, Irving Grinnell; General Secretary, H. K. Graham. The Society was organized within the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1881. Its adult membership combines those who temperately use and those who totally abstain from intoxicating liquors as beverages. It works on the lines of moral as well as of legal suasion, and its practical objects are: 1. Training the young in habits of temperance. 2. Rescue of the drunkard. 3. Restriction of the saloon by legislation. 4. Counteractive agencies, such as iced water fountains, lunch wagons, coachmen's and firemen's coffee vans, coffee-houses, workingmen's clubs, reading-rooms, and other attractive wholesome resorts. It has established the Squirrel Inn Free Reading Room. 131 Bowery, New York, and the Longshoremen's Rest, 164 Eleventh Ave., New York. The Order of Knights of Temperance deals with boys, seeking to induce them to keep sober, pure, and reverent from the earliest years of manhood, and it endeavors to perpetuate those habits in men. Headquarters, the Church Mission House, New York.

American Unitarian Association.

This Association was organized in Boston, Mass., May 25, 1825, and incorporated in 1847. Its objects, as defined in the report of the Committee on Organization, are as follows:

1. To collect and diffuse information respecting the state of Unitarian Christianity in our country.

2. To produce union, sympathy, and co-operation among liberal Christians.

3. To publish and distribute books and tracts, inculcating correct views of religion, in such form and at such price as shall afford all an opportunity of being acquainted with Christian truth.

4. To supply missionaries, especially in such parts of our country as are destitute of a stated ministry.

5. To adopt whatever other measures may hereafter seem expedient—such as contributions in behalf of clerywnen with insufficient salaries, or in aid of building churches.

of clergymen with insufficient salaries, or in aid of building churches, President—Rev. Samuel A. Eliot, D.D., Boston, Mass. Secretary— Mass. Treasurer—Henry M. Williams, Boston, Mass. Secretary-Rev. Lewis G. Wilson, Boston,

Christian and Missionary Alliante.
Officers.—President and General Superintendent, Rev. A. B. Simpson. Secretary, A. E. Funk;

OFFICERS,—President and General Superintendent, Rev. A. B. Simpson. Secretary, A. E. Funk; Treasurer, David Crear.

The Christian Alliance was founded in 1887. It combined with the International Missionary Alliance in 1897, and the present title was adopted. Membership consists of all professing Christians who shall subscribe to the principles of the order and enroll their names. The objects of the Alliance are stated to be "Wide diffusion of the Gospel in its fulness, the promotion of a deeper and higher Christian life, and the work of evangelization, especially among the neclected classes at home and in heathen countries." Its income in 1910 was over three hundred thousand dollars. Connected with the Alliance are the Missionary Training Institute, Institute for the Training of Home Workers, Berachah Home, and a High School at Nyack. Headquarters of the Alliance, 690 Eighth Ave., N. Y.

Christian Unity Foundation.

Incorporated July 18, 1910. Its purpose is to promote Christian Unity at home and throughout the world, by the method of Research and Conference. Bishop Courtney, rector of St. James's, New York, is President of the Foundation: Rev. Arthur Lowndes, Secretary: Francis E. Huntington, Treasurer. Rev. George W. Douglas is Chairman of the Executive Committee, and Rev. Reckland Tyng Homans is Chairman of the Committee on Research. Headquarters, 143 E. 37th Street, New York.

Universalist General Convention.

THE Universalist Convention has jurisdiction over the ecclesiated organizations of the Universalist Convent to the United States and Canadian provinces. The Convention is composed of the officers of the General many of the Convention is composed of the officers of the General many of the Convention is composed of the officers of the General many of the Convention is composed of the officers of the Convention is conventions, and of the canadiac of the Convention is convention. The Convention is convention, and the Convention of the Convention, and the Convention is the final court of appeal in all cases of dispute or difficulty between State conventions. It has funds to the amount of over \$300,000, the Income of which, with the contributions of its conventions. Is used for missionary and educational objects. The officers of the Convention are: *President—Rev. M. D. Shutter, D.D., Minneapolis, Minn. *Secretary—Rev. W. H. Skeels, Utica, N. Y. *Treasurer—Eugene F. Endicott, Boston, Mass. The denomination has a membership of 64,825;

The Vedanta Society.

THE Vedanta Society of New York was established in 1894 by Swami Vivekananda of India and was regularly incorporated in 1898 by Swami Abhedananda, now at its head. The object of the Society is to explain through logic and reason the spiritual laws that govern our lives; to show that the True Religion of the Soul is not antagonistic to, but in harmony with, philosophy and science; to establish that Universal Religion which underlies all the various sects and creeds of special religions; to propagate the principles taught by great seers of Truth and religious deders of different countries; and to help mankind in the practical application of those principles in their spiritual, moral, intellegants of an physical needs lectual and physical needs.

lectual and physical needs.

The present headquarters of the Society with its Circulating Library, Reading Room and Meditation Room is at 135 West Eightieth Street, New York City.

The officers of the Society are: President—Professor Herschel C. Parker. Vice-President—Edward O. Torme. Secretary—Mrs. Christina G. Kelley.

The Society has a large publishing department and issues a catalogue containing nearly forty titles of works on the Philosophy and Religion of Vedanta. Within the last five years it has sent out from its headquarters 39,876 books and pamphlets written by Swamis of India. The Vedanta Society of New York has a Summer school called the "Vedanta Ashrana." It is situated in West Cornwall, (t., ona farm of 370 acres. There are also centres in Pittsburgh, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Washington, D. C., besides a Peace Retreat in the mountains of Santa Clara County, Cal. These organizations in America are affiliated with hundreds of Vedanta Societies throughout India and Coving. zations in America are affiliated with hundreds of Vedanta Societies throughout India and Ceylon.

American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

THE head office of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions is at the Congrega-The head office of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions is at the Congregational House, 14 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass. There are three district offices: (1) at the United Charities Building, Twenty-second Street and Fourth Avenue, New York City, Rev. E. L. Smith, D. D., District Secretary; (2) 153 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill., Rev. A. N. Hitchcock, Ph. D., District Secretary; (3) Mechanics' Savings Bank Building, San Francisco, Cal., Rev. H. M. Tenney, District Secretary; (3) Mechanics' Savings Bank Building, San Francisco, Cal., Rev. H. M. Tenney, District Secretary; (3) Mechanics' Savings Bank Building, San Francisco, Cal., Rev. H. M. Tenney, District Secretary. Its officers are: President—Samuel B. Capen, LL. D., Boston, Mass. Corresponding Servituries—James L. Barton, D. D., Cornelius H., Fatton, D. D. Treasurer—Frank H. Wiggin. The American Board, which is the oldest foreign missionary society in the United States, was organized June 29, 1810. During the past one hundred years of its history it has sent out over 2,700 missionaries, of whom 612 are now in service. Into the 621 churches which have been organized by these missionaries there have been received from the first nearly 210,000 members. The total receipts from the beginning have been \$41,224,232; for year 1912, \$1,062,442.

The mission fields now occupied by the Board are: Mexico; Micronesian Islands; Mindanao, Fhilippine Islands; Japan; North China; Shansi, in Northwestern China; Foochow and Canton, in Southern China; Ceylon; Madura, in Southern India; the Marathi field of Western India; East Central Africa; European and Aslatic Turkey; Austria, and Spain,

Southern Baptist Convention.

President—Edwin Chas, Dargan, D.D., Macon, Ga. Secretary—Lansing Burrows, D.D., Americus,

Treasurer—Mr. Geo. W. Norton, Louisville, Ky.

Article II. of their constitution reads: "It shall be the design of the Convention to promote foreign

and demestic missions and other important objects connected with the Gonvention to promote foreign and domestic missions and other important objects connected with the Redeemer's kingdom, and to combine for this purpose such portions of the Baptist denomination in the United States as may desire a general organization for Christian benevolence, which shall fully respect the independence and equal rights of the churches."

Baptist Young People's Union of America.

The Union is a federation of all young people's societies connected with Baptist churches in the States and Canada. The following are the International officers: President—W. J. Williamson, D. D. St. Louis, Mo. Vice-Presidents—H. A. Porter, D. D. Louisville, Ky; C. D. Case, D. D., Buffalo, N. Y.; Rev. H. H. Bingham, London, Ont. General Secretary—Rev. Wm. E. Chalmers, Philadelphia, Pa. Recording Secretary—Rev. H. W. Reed, Ph. D., Rock Island, Ill. Treasure—H. B. Osgood, Chicago, Ill. The Union was organized July 7 and 8, 1891. It holds annual meetings.

HEADQUARTERS, 156 5th Ave., New York City. Officers: President—Miss Kate Bond. General Secretary and Treasurer—Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson.

The Order is an interdenominational, religious and philanthropic society, working locally in Circles, County and City Unions, Chapters, National, State and Provincial organizations. Branches are established in thirty-two States and in eight Canadian provinces.

The objects of the Order are "the development of spiritual life and the stimulation of Christian activities." It has a paid membership in all countries of 52,000. The Order has established and is supporting several hundred institutions of different kinds in different localities. Its members are engaged in every form of helpful work, religions, educational and philanthropic. The badge is a small sliver cross, which is also the corporate seal of the society. A monthly magazine, The Silver Cross, is the official organ of the Order.

The Daughters of the King.

The Order of the Daughters of the King was organized on Easter evening, 1885. It is desired by its promoters that a careful distinction shall be made between the Daughters of the King and the King's Daughters. This is the older organization, and differs from the King's Daughters in many important particulars. In the first place, it is an order, and is distinctively Episcopal. Its work is definite, and is "for the spread of Christ's kingdom among women," and the "active support of the rector's plans in the parish in which the particular chapter may be located." Its emblem 8 a cross of silver, a Greek cross fleury, and its motto is "Magnanimeter Crucem Sustine" and its watchword "For His Sake." Its colors are white and blue—white, the old royal color of Israel, and blue, the color of the Virgin Mary, the "blessed daughter of Israel's King, the Mother of the King of Kings, "Its constitution is framed, as far as Is possible, in the terms of that of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, the work of the two organizations being similar. The officers of the Council are: President—Mrs. Adam beamend, Baltimore, Md. General Secretary—Emma E. Behlendorff. Office of the Council, Church Missions House, 281 Fourth Avenue, New York.

Christian Science.

THE Christian Science Publication Committee, contributes the following statement:

The Christian Science Publication Committee, contributes the following statement:
There are many teachers of Christian Science, and upward of 5,000 practitioners of Christian
Science mind-healing. Organizations can now be found in almost every city in the United
States, and there are branches in Canada, Nova Scotia, British Columbia. Mexico, the British West
Incies, the Hawaiian Islands, Cuba, Philippine Islands, Holland, Sweden, British Isles, France, Germany, Norway, Switzerland, Italy, Australia, New South Wales, India, China, South Africa,
Argentina, Chile, Russia, Panama and many other countries.
In all of the churches the Sunday services are uniform, and consist of correlative passages read

from the Bible and the Christian Science text-book, "Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy. On Wednesday evening a meeting is held in every church of this

denomination.

denomination.

Mrs. Eddy said in her book, "Retrospection and Introspection": "I claim for healing scientifically the following advantages: I, It does away with all material medicines and recognizes the antidote for all sickness, as well as sin, in the immortal mind; and mortal mind as the source of all the ills which betall mortals. 2. It is more effectual than drugs, and cures when they fail, or only relieve, thus proving the superiority of metaphysics over physics. 3. A person healed by Christlan relieve, this proving the superiority of metaphysics over physics. 3. A person heated by Christian Science is not only healed of his disease, but he is advanced morally and spiritually. The mortal body being but the objective state of the mortal mind, this mind must be renovated to improve the body.' The absence of creed and dogma in the Christian Science Church, its freedom from materialism, mysticism and superstition, also the simplicity, uniformity and impersonality of its form of worship and organization, are among the distinguishing features which characterize this modern religious movement. Hypnotism, mesmerism, spiritualism, theosophy, faith cure and kindred systems are foreign to true Christian Science. Those practising these beliefs are denied admission to the Christian Science Church admission to the Christian Science Church.

The Theosophical Society.

The Theosophical Society was founded in New York City on November 17, 1875, by Mme. H. P. Blavatsky and Col. Henry S. Olcott, but its headquarters was removed in 1879 to Adyar, Madras, India, where the President, Mrs. Annie Besant, resides. Its objects are three: (a) To form a nucleus of the Universal Brotherhood of Humanity, without distinction of race, creed, sex, caste or color: (b) to encourage the study of comparative religion, philosophy and science; (c) to investigate unexplained laws of nature and the powers latent in man. It has now twenty territorial sections, each presided over by a general secretary, three by Presidential agents: America, England, Wales, India, Scandinavia, Holland, Hungary, France, Italy, Germany, Australia, Cibba, Finland, Russia, Bohemia, South Africa, Scotland, Switzerland, Belgium, Dutch East Indies, South America, Spain, Ireland and New Zealand, During the 35 years of its existence it has admitted about 30,000 members and chartered over 750 branches. The membership at present of the American section is about 3,700; there are 125 branches. Reincarnation and Karma are the basic stones of the Theosophical system. A. P. Warrington, General Secretary, Krotona, Hollywood, Los Angeles, Cal., contributes the above statement. tributes the above statement,

The National Spiritualists' Association.

Organized September 28, 1893; incorporated November 1, 1893, at Washington, D. C. The objects of said Association shall be the organization of the various Spiritualist Societies of the United States into one general association for the purpose of mutual aid and co-operation in benevolent, charitable, educational, literary, musical, scientific, religious, and missionary purposes and enterprises germane to the phenomena, science, philosophy and religion of Spiritualism.

Active working local societies, 600; State associations, 22; other local societies meeting at irregular intervals, 250; public meetings not organized as societies, 225; camp meeting associations, 32; academy for liberal education, 1; churches and temples, 200; membership of avowed Spiritualists, 200, 000; unidentified with organized societies, but believers in the philosophy and phenomena, and frequent attendants upon public services, 1,500, 000 to 2,000, 000. Number of public meediums, 1,500; private mediums, many thousands; ordained ministers, 500; total valuation of church, temple and camp meeting property, \$2,000,000.

Dr. George B. Warne, 749 Oakwood Boulevard, Chicago, President; Jas P. Whitwell, St. Paul, Minn., Vice-President; George W. Kates, 600 Pennsylvania Ave., S. E., Washington, D.C., Secretary; Cassius L. Stevens, Pittsburgh, Pa., Treasurer.

Headquarters, 600 Pennsylvania Ave., Washington, D. C. The next annual convention will be held in Chicago, Ill., October, 1913.

United Brethren Christian Undeavor Union.

The Union was organized June 5, 1890. It is a union of all forms of young people's societies within the Church, of the United Brethren in Christ. There are now 2,136 societies, with \$5,513 members. Each conference is called a Branch and holds its annual conventions, when a review of the year's work is made and new plans are laid. The Watchword is the organ of the Union. Its circulation is nearly 39,000. H. F. Shupe, D. D., Dayton, Ohio, is editor. The principal officers are: President, Rev. J. G. Huber, D. D., Dayton, Ohio; General Secretary, Col. R. Cowden, Dayton, Ohio,

The Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society.

The Universal Brotherhood and Theosophical Society, founded by Mme, H. P. Blavatsky in New York, 1875, continued after her death under the leadership of the co-founder, William Q. Judge, and now, under the leadership of their successor, Katherine Tingley, has its international headquarters at the world's Theosophical centre, Point Loma, Cal.

This organization declares that brotherhood is a fact in nature. The principal purpose of the organization is to teach brotherhood, demonstrate that it is a fact in nature, and make it a living power in the life of humanity, establishing Raja Yoga schools throughout the world, and creating a new literature. Its subsidiary purpose is to study ancient and modern religion, science, philosophy and art, to investigate the laws of nature and the latent divine powers in man. It declares in its constitution that every member has a right to believe or disbelieve in any religious system or philosophy, each being required to show that tolerance for the opinions of others which he expects for his own. The official publication of the organization is "The Theosophical Path."

Secretary, Mr. J. H. Fussell, Point Loma, Cal.

The Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip.

This organization, founded by Rev. Rufus W. Miller in Reading, Pa., in 1888, held its first federal convention in the city of New York in 1893. It is composed of members of twenty-six evangelical denominations, among them—the Reformed Church in America, the Reformed Church in the United States, the Congregational, Presbyterian (North, South, Canadian, and United), Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Protestant, Baptist, United Brethren, Lutheran, Reformed Episcopal, Church of Christ, Progressive Brethren, Friends, United Evangelical, Free Baptist, Federal, African Methodist Episcopal, and Evangelical Association. It has chapters in Australia and Japan, China and England. Its objects are embodied in the statement that "Any man can belong to the Brotherhood who will promise to pray daily for the spread of the kingdom of Christ among men, and to make an earnest effort each week to bring at least one man within the hearing of the Gospel." The number of chapters of the Brotherhood in the United States is 1,000, and the membership 44,780; 102 boys' chapters enrolling 1,972 members. The office of Rev. R. Howard Taylor, General Secretary, is at 1328 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

"The Brotherhood of St. Andrew is an organization of men in the Protestant Episcopal Church. Its sole object is the spread of Christ's kingdom among men. It works under two rules, known as (I'The Rule of Prayer: To pray daily for the spread of Christ's kingdom among men, especially young men, and for God's blessing upon the labors of the Brotherhood, and (2) The Rule of Service: To make at least one earnest effort each week to lead some man nearer to Christ through His church." There are now I.500 active chapters with a membership of about fitteen thousand men.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the Church of England in the Dominion of Canada has been formed, with five hundred chapters and forty-five hundred men. A similar organization has been formed in the Scottish Episcopal Church. In the West Indies there is a membership of 1,000 men, and there is also a national organization in Japan. June 12, 1896, the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the Church of England was formed, and now has a membership of 1,200.

The Brotherhood in the United States includes a Junior Department. It has 500 chapters in the United States, with about 6,000 members.

The officers are: President, Edward H. Bousall; Editor of St. Andrew's Cross and General Secretary, Hubert Carleton, Broad Exchange Building, Boston, Mass.

Hubert Carleton, Broad Exchange Building, Boston, Mass.

The National Council of Congregational Churches

Is composed of delegates from Congregational conferences and associations, and was organized November 17, 1871. It meets once in three years, and the next triennial meeting will be held in Kansas City, Mo., October 22-31, 1913. The officers are: Moderator—Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, D. D., New York, N. Y. Secretary—Rev. Asher Anderson, D. D., 407 Congregational House, Boston, Mass. Treasurer and Registrar—Rev. Joel S. Ives, Hartford, Ct.

Brotherhood of the Red Diamond.

BROTHERHOOD of the Red Diamond (organized 1898). Organizations for boys in churches, ven to eighteen years; inter-denominational. National headquarters, No. 150 E. 23d Street, eleven to eighteen years; inter-denominational. New York City.

The Anti=Saloon League of America.

President—Bishop Luther B. Wilson, New York City. Secretary—Rev. S. E. Nicholson. Treasurer—Foster Copeland, Columbus, Ohio.

The Anti-Saloon League of America was organized at Washington, D. C., Dec. 18, 1895, and is installed in all the States and Territories, in the Hawaiian Islands and Alaska.

The League throughout the nation employs about 600 persons, who give their entire time to the work of this institution, and it has over 132 offices from which were distributed during the year 1911 more than 2,000,000 pages of anti-saloon literature.

Federation of American Zionists.

President—Harry Friedenwald, Chairman Executive Committee—Louis Lipsky, Secretary—Bernard A. Rosenblatt, Treasurer—Michael Salit, Executive Committee—M. Brodsky, S. Abel Ab. Goldberg, Jacob Fischman, Bernard Semel, Dr. J. L. Magnes, Dr. D. de Sola Pool, B. G. Richards, Victor Schwartz. Societies, 106; Camps, 60; Circles of Young Judæa, 120. Office, 230 Grand Street.

The Epworth League.

OFFICERS OF THE EPWORTH LEAGUE OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—President—Bishop Frank M. Bristol, Omaha, Neb. General Secretary—Wilbur F. Sheridan, D. D. Treasurer—Edwin H. Forkel, Chicago, Ill. The central office of the Epworth League is located at 14 West Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

The Epworth League was organized at Cleveland. Ohlo, May, 1889, by the union of five societies then existing in the Methodist Episcopal Church. These several societies held under their jurisdiction 1,500 local societies, with a membership of about 80,000. Its official organ, the Epworth Herald, has a circulation of 90,000.

OFFICERS OF THE EPWORTH LEAGUE OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH SOUTH,—
President—Bishop J. H. McCoy, D.D. General Secretary—Rev. Fitzgerald S. Parker, D.D. The general
organ of the League is the Epworth Era, published monthly by the publishing agents of the Methodist
Episcopal Church South, Nashville. Tenn., and Dallas, Tex. The League in the Methodist Episcopal
Church South was provided for by the General Conference of 1890, and in December of the same year
its organization was effected. It came under the supervision of the Sunday-School Board. The General
Conference of 1894 created it a separate connectional board and elected a General Secretary. It has
now 4.314 chapters with a total membership of 150 000 now 4,314 chapters, with a total membership of 150,000.

Catholic Educational Association.

THE Catholic Educational Association was organized in 1904. It consists of three general depart-ments, the Seminary, College and School and embraces in its membership representatives from all the Catholic Educational Establishments in the United States. It issues in November a report of the Catholic Educational Establishments in the United States. It issues in November a report of the year's work and of the animal convention held each year in the last week of June. The Eighth Animal Convention was held June 26-30, 1911, in Chicago; the Ninth Annual Convention was held in Pittsburg, June 26-30, 1912, and the next one will be held in New Orleans, July 1-4, 1917. Honorary President-James Cardinal Gibbons. President-General—Mgr. Thomas J. Sahana, D. D., Rector of the Catholic University at Washington. General Secretary—Rev. Francis W. Howard, 1651 East Main Street, Columbus, Ohio.

The Catholic Church Extension Society.

Officers,—Cardinal Protector—Sebastian Cardinal Martinelli. Chancellor—Archbishop James E. Quigley. President—Rev. Francis C. Kelly. General Secretary—Rev. E. B. Ledvina. Treasurer—Mr. John A. Lynch. Headquarters, 1133 McCormick Building, Chicago, III.

The objects of this society are to develop the missionary spirit in the clergy and people of the Catholic Church in the United States. To assist in the erection of parish buildings for poor and needy places. To support priests for neglected and poverty-stricken districts. To send the comfort of religion to ploueer localities. In a word, to preserve the faith of Jesus Christ to thousands of scattered Catholics in every portion of our own land, especially in the country districts and among immigrants.

Society of St. Vincent de Paul.

This great Roman Catholic organization, founded in Paris, France, in which its head office is located, has branches in every part of the civilized world. Its principal mission is the care of the poor in their homes to the end that the unity of the family may be preserved, but it conducts many other works of charity, such as free employment bureaus, Summer homes, boys' clubs, hospital and prison visitation committees, etc.

The local or parish homeshes of the world.

The local or parish branches of the society are known as conferences; these conferences are grouped in sections under the jurisdiction of Particular and Central Councils, and the latter, in the United States, are under the jurisdiction of four Superior Councils. The office of the Superior Council of New York is located at No. 375 Lafayette Street, New York City. New Orleans, La., St.

Louis, Mo., and Chicago, Ill., also have Superior Councils.

The officers of the Superior Council are as follows: Spiritual Director—The Rt. Rev. Denis J. McMalon, D. D. President—Thomas M. Mulry. Secretary—Edmond J. Butler. Treasurer—Michael J.

Scanlan.

The Society for the Propagation of the Faith.

President and Treasurer-Rt, Rev. Joseph Freri. Serretary-Very Rev. John J. Dunn. The society protects missionaries in 325 vicarlates and prefectures in Africa, Asia, Oceanica, the United States, and the non-Catholic countries of Europe. It is the oldest missionary organization in the Catholic Church, dating back to 1822. Since its foundation it has given six and a half millions of dollars to the various missions of the United States.

The official publication is "The Annals of the Prapagation of the Faith," issued bi-monthly and distributed from the New York headquarters, the New York Diocescan Office is at 462 Madison Avenue, and the National Office at 627 Lexington A venue, New York City. Total membership in the world 1,000,000. New York membership 150,000.

American Federation of Catholic Societies.

The American Federation of Catholic Societies was founded in 1901. It is composed of nineteen national organizations, many State and county federations and parishes. Total membership about 3,000,000. Its objects are the cementing of the bonds of fraternal union among the Catholic laity, and the fostering and protection of Catholic interests. The Federation has the approval and blessing of eighty archibishops and bishops, and of Pope Pius X. National headquarters is at Victoria Building, St. Louis, Mo. The officers are as follows: President—Chas. I. Denechand, New Orleans, La. Kirst Vice-President—Thos. Flynn, Chicago, Ill. Secretary—Anthony Matre, St. Louis, Mo. Treasurer—F. W. Heckenkamp, Jr.

The Catholic Missionary Chuion.

President—Most Rev. J. M. Farley, of New York. Secretary-Treasurer—Very Rev. A. P. Doyle, Washington, D. C. Directors—Very Rev. E. S. Dyer, S. S., Baltimore, Md.; Rev. Waiter Elliott. C. S. P., Right Rev. Matthew Harkins, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Matthew A. Taylor.

The Catholic Missionary Union was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, November, 1896. Its object is to arouse the Catholic people and the clergy of the United States to greater missionary activity; to train priests to be Home Missionaries; to establish bands of Diocesan Missionaries in the United States, and to present the truths of the Catholic Church to all the people in a purely expository manner, without any controversy or religious ranger. Its home and training in a purely expository manner, without any controversy or religious randor. Its home and training college is the Apostolic Mission House on the grounds of the Catholic University, at Brookland Station, Washington, D. C.

The Catholic Foreign Mission Society of America. THE Catholic Foreign Mission Society of America is incorporated under the laws of New York

THE Catholic Foreign Mission Society of America is incorporated under the laws of New York State to train missioners for heathen lands.

In connection with its work it publishes books, pamphlets and other reading matter, including a monthly periodical The Field Afar.

Its incorporators include his Eminence John Cardinal Farley, Rev. James A. Walsh, Superior of the society; Rev. Thomas F. Price, Vice-President; Rt. Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, D. D.; Very Rev. John J. Dunn; the Hon. Victor J. Dowling; Major John F. O'Rourke and Michael Maginnis, esq. Although having its centre in New York the work is a national one, being organized under the protection of the entire American hierarchy.

Its offices and seminary are located on a large tract of land, "Maryknoll," reached from the Ossining railroad station, and situated part in Ossining and part in New Castle, N. Y.

The Salvation Army.

A RELIGIOUS body founded on military principles by William Booth, at Mile End, England, July 5, 1865.

The United States is divided into two departments, with the National Headquarters in New York City. Miss Evangeline Booth is in charge, with Col. William Peart as Chief Secretary. The Salvation Army is incorporated in the States of New York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts. The Department of the West, which administers the affairs of the Western States, has its headquarters in Chicago. Commissioner Thomas Estill is in charge, with Col. George French as

Territorial Secretary

headquarters in Chicago. Commissioner Thomas Estill is in charge, with Col. George French as Territorial Secretary.

The following statistics refer to the United States and are for the year ending September, 1911: Field Statistics—Corps and outposts, 870; indoor attendance, 7.814,741; local officers and bandsmen, 7,010; company attendance, 961,028; junior meetings, 55,866; junior meetings attendance, 1,598,433; War Crys published, 4,227,272. Workingmen's Hotels—Hotels, 83; accommodation, 6,792; beds supplied, 1,890,983; meals supplied, 223,436. Industrial Homes—Homes, 112; accommodation, 2818; men admitted, 16,196; men passed out, 15,667; meals supplied, 265,935; beds supplied, 871,428. Children's Homes—Homes, 5; accommodation, 385; beds supplied, 117,141; meals supplied, 283,8087. Rescue and Maternity Homes—Homes, 28; accommodation, 284; girls admitted, 1,702; girls passed out, 1,597; meals supplied, 791,768; beds supplied, 256,993; children admitted, 1,174; children passed out, 1,139.

Slum Work—Posts, 19; sick cases visited, 1,859; families visited, 23,859; persons temporarily assisted, 86,948; meals supplied, 116,752; nurseries, 8; children sheltered, 40,653. Prison Work—Hours spent visiting, 8,695; prisoners prayed with and advised, 16,793; prisoners assisted on discharge, 1,412; situations found, 229. Missing Friends—Inquiries, 1,103; persons found, 211.

General Statistics—Christmas dinners (1911), 314,106; Thanksgiving dinners (1911), 17,964; persons afforded temporary relief outside industrial homes and hotels, 209,548; mothers given Sumer outings, 6,161; children given Summer outings, 27,832; men found employment outside Army institutions, 54,340; women found employment outside Army institutions, 43,041; pounds of fee distributed, 2,303,710; pounds of coal distributed, 5,014,681.

The Volunteers of America.

This statement of the inauguration, purposes, and advance of The Volunteers of America has been prepared by its President, General Ballington Booth, for THE WORLD ALMANAC.

The Volunteers of America is a philanthropic, social and Christian movement. It was inaugurated in March, 1896, in response to a number of requests on the part of American citizens. It was subsequently incorporated on November 6, 1896, under the Membership act of the State of New York. It is organized in military style, having as its model the United States Army, but in conjunction with military discipline and methods of work it possesses a thoroughly democratic form of Its constitution and by-laws are framed by a Grand Field Council, which represents government. the minor councils of officers throughout the country annually. Though only fifteen years old, the Volunteers have representatives and branches of their benevolent cause in almost all the principal

volunteers have representatives and branches of their benevolent cause in almost all the principal centres of the United States.

The Volunteers have some 36 principal homes and institutions of benevolence, many of which are Volunteer property, and are open for poor and deserving people in different sections of the country. During the past year no less than 42,929 beds have been provided for all classes of women in the Volunteers' Women's Homes, and 3,778 have been received under the care of, and permanently aided. The commissioned workers in their visitation called upon and aided, in one form or another, no less than 25,549 families. This was primarily in the poorer sections of the large cities. In the different permanent philanthropic homes and institutions no less than 443,775 lodgings have been given, wille 496,375 free meals were given, and 287,935 meals were distributed to persons who paid for them, many doing so by work.

different permanent primathropic homes and institutions no less than 445,//5 longings have been given, while 496,375 free meals were given, and 287,935 meals were distributed to persons who paid for them, many doing so by work.

In their latest undertaking, which has proved a large responsibility, that is, the Volunteer hospital work, which hospital is located at 93 Gold Street, New York City, in the shadow of the Brooklyn Bridge, there have been 1,418 ambulance calls, 430 major operations, 6,623 days' treatment given to patients in the surgical and medical wards, 12,014 new cases treated, 15,914 old cases treated, and a total during the year of not less than 28,358 cases of all kinds, surgically and medically treated in the institution. In addition, physicians connected with the hospital made visits to 131 homes. The Volunteer Prisoners' League has embraced upward of some 75,000 members since its inauguration. It has leagues in nearly 30 State prisons, and over seventy per cent. of those having left the prisons, are, through our Hope Halls, living reformed and hones lives. Through the Fresh Air Branch of the work many thousands of mothers and children have been taken from crowded cities for a change in the open air amid hills and lakes, rivers and dales. From the regimental reports of Volunteer centres, it is carefully calculated that \$42,330 persons were gathered to our stands. By these services 5.743 were led to promise that they would lead a new life.

In addition to the Volunteer reading rooms, thousands of copies of Christian literature are circulated in the State prisons, jails, hospitals, soliders' homes, and children's homes. In connection with the Volunteers there are also sewing classes, hospital nursing, temporary financial relief departments, fresh air camps, Thanksgiving and Christmas dinners, and many other worthy undertakings. The headquarters of The Volunteers of America is at 34 West Twenty-eighth Street, New York City. The principal officers are General and Mrs. Ballington Booth, Presidents;

City. The princips Fielding, Vice-Presi National Secretary.

Entercollegiate Socialist Society.

President—J. G. Phelps Stokes, Yale University. Secretary—Leroy Scott. Treasurer—Morris Hillquit, New York Law School. Organizer—Harry W. Laidler. Westeyan Universities in the Stoke State of the study of socialism in fifty colleges and universities in the United States and alumni chapters in Boston, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia, Springfield and Washington. Headquarters, 105 West 40th Street, New York City.

President—Henry Bond, Brattleboro, Vt. Corresponding Secretary—W. C. Bitting, D. D.-5109 Waterman Avenue, St. Louis, Mo. Recording Secretary—Rev. Maurice A. Levy, Newton Centre, Mass. Treasurer—Frank L. Miner, Des Moines, 1a.

The purposes of the convention, as defined in its by-laws, are "To give expression to the opinions of its constituency upon moral, religious and denominational matters, and to promote denominational unity and efficiency for the evangelization of the world."

The next meeting will be held in Detroit, Mich., May 21, 1913.

National Baptist Convention.

President—Rev. E. C. Morris, Helena, Ark. Secretary—Prof. R. B. Hudson, Selma, Ala. Treasurer—Rev. A. J. Stokes, Montgomery, Ala.

The object of the convention is to do foreign mission, home mission, educational, publishing. Young People's Union and other work of a religious nature; this work to be done through and by its seven boards. The secretaries and chairmen of these boards are listed as officers of the convention. The seven boards and their secretaries are: Foreign Mission Board—Rev. L. G. Jordan, Louisville, Ky. Home Mission Board—Rev. R. H. Boyd, Nashville, Tenn. Publishing Board—Rev. R. H. Boyd, Nashville, Tenn. Baptist Young People's Union Board—Rev. R. W. D. Isaac, Nashville, Tenn. Benefit Board—Rev. R. M. Caver, Little Rock, Ark. Women's Auxiliary Board—Miss N. H. Burroughs, Louisville, Ky.

The membership of the National Baptist Convention as reported by the statistician at the last National Baptist Convention was 2,525,281.

Southern Baptist Convention.

President—Edwin C. Dargan, Macon, Ga. Secretaries—Lansing Burrows, Americus, Ga., er F. Gregory, Staunton, Va.

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on the Redeemer's kingdom, and to combine for this purpose such portions of the Baptist denomination in the United States as may desire a general organization for Christian benevolence, which shall fully respect the independence and equal rights of the churches.

Church of God and Followers of Christ.

This organization is under the leadership of Bishop M. Marsh, 163 Prince Street, Islip, N. Y., Rev. Joseph Mills, Newbern, N. C., Rev. M. MacClain, Nashville, Tenn., and Rev. Charles Southall.

National Conference of Charities and Correction.

THE National Conference of Charities and Correction meets annually. The Fortieth Session—1913—will be at Seattle, Wash., beginning July 2. President—Frank Tucker, 346 Fourth Avenue, New York City. First Vice-President—F. H. Nibecker, Glen Mills, Pa. Second Vice-President—Hon. James R. Garfield, Cleveland, O. Third Vice-President—O. K. Cushing, San Francisco, Cal. Treasurer—Washington Loan and Trust Company, Washington, D. C. General Secretary—Alexander

Johnson, Angola, Ind.

The purpose of the National Conference is to be a forum for discussion of the various problems of philanthropy, penology and social progress. The Conference does not formulate platforms nor adopt resolutions calling for action. Proceedings published, cloth bound, about 650 to 700 pages;

price \$2.00.

The Secretary's office includes a bureau of information on all subjects concerning charity and correction, service free to members of the Conference. Annual subscription, \$2.50. membership, \$10.00. Sustaining

American Association of Societies for Organizing

THE chief work of the Association is to carry the message of organized charity throughout the

The chief work of the Association is to carry the message of organized charity throughout the country, and to assist in the formation of new societies, in response to a call which will probably exceed all present resources for such work.

Executive Committee—John F. Moors, Boston, Mass., Chairman; Frederic Almy, Buffalo, N. Y.; William H. Baldwin, Washington, D. C.; Robert W. de Forest, New York City; J. M. Hanson, Youngstown, O.; Robert Garrett, Baltimore, Md.; Richard Hayter, Seattle, Wash.; Alice L. Higgins, Boston, Mass.; Eugene T. Lies, Chicago, Ill.; R. M. Little, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Jos. C. Logan, Atlanta, Ga.; S. T. Mather, Chicago, Ill.; John S. Newbold, Philadelphia, Pa. General Secretary—Francis H. McLean. Associate Secretary—Maurice Willows. General Office, No. 105 East Twenty-second Street, New York City.

The Baptist World Alliance.

President—Rev. Robert S. MacArthur, New York. American Secretary—Rev. J. N. Prestridge, Louisville, Ky. European Secretary—Rev. J. H. Shakespeare, London W. C., England. Treasurer—E. M. Sipprill, St. John, N. B. Treasurer for Europe—Herbert Marnham, London, England. Deputy President for the Eastern Hemisphere—Rev. John Clifford, London, England.

Lake Mohonk Conference.

President—Secretaries—Henry S. Haskins, Mohonk Lake, N. Y.; Dr. Charles F. Meserve, Raleigh, N. C. Treasurer—E. M. Wistar, Philadelphia, Pa.
The first Lake Mohonk Conference was held in 1883, when Mr. Albert K. Smiley, who was and still is a member of the Board of Indian Commissioners, invited a number of those luterested in Indian affairs to a meeting at Mohonk Lake to confer regarding measures affecting the interests of the Indiana. This was the first of a series of October meetings, which has been continued to

of the Indians. This was the mist of a series of County Indiana, and the present day.

In 1904 the scope of the Conference was enlarged to include the peoples of the Philippines, Porto Rico and other dependencies of the United States. Four of the six sessions of the 1911 meeting were devoted to questions of policy in our insular possessions.

The Conference seeks to clarify public opinion on these great questions through free discussion by those having first-hand knowledge of existing conditions.

National Municipal and Civic Organizations. NATIONAL MUNICIPAL LEACUE.

President—William Dudley Foulke, Richmond, Ind. Vice-Presidents—Chas. Richardson, Philadelphia, Pa.; J. H. McFarland, Harrisburg, Pa.; Miss Jane Addams, Chicago; Chester H. Rowell, Calliornia; Jas. M. Thomson, New Orleans, La.; Dudley Tibbits, Troy, N. Y.; A. Lawrence Lowell, Cambridge, Mass.; George McAneny, New York City; C. G. Kidder, New Jersey, Treasurer—George Birnham, Jr., Philadelphia. Secretary—Clinton Rogers Woodruff, 121 South Broad Street, Philadelphia. Executive Committee—Albert Bushnell Hart, Cambridge; R. Treat Paline, Boston; Harvey S. Chase, Boston; Wm. G. Low, New York; Eugene H. Outerbridge, New York; Richard S. Childs, New York; Arthur C. Ludington, New York; Raymond V. Ingersoll, New York; Knowtton Mixer, Buffalo, N. Y.; Wm. B. Munro, Cambridge, Mass.; Merwin K. Hart, Utica, N. Y.; Chas. W. Andrews, Syracuse, N. Y.; Clarence L. Harper, Philadelphia; Thos. Raeburn White, Philadelphia; Oliver McClintock, Pittsburgh; M. N. Baker, New York; Wm. P. Bancroft, Wilmington; Chas. J. Bonanarte, Baltimore; Elliott Hunt Pendleton, Cincinnati; A. Leo Well, Pittsburgh; Walter L. Fisher, Washington, D. C.; Edmund J. James, Chicago; Mrs. Chas. F. Edson, Los Angeles; Chas. F. Adams. San Francisco; Wm. M. Chadbourne, New York; Julius H. Cohen, New York; John S. Bryan, Richmond; Edw. L. Burchard, Chicago; W. B. Lighthall, Montreal; N. F. Hawley, Minneapolis; C. J. France, Seattle; W. G. Eliot, Jr., Portland; John A. Buuler, Milwaukee; Dwight F. Davis, St. Louls; W. S. Peters, Ransas City; Rich. W. Montague, Portland; Rev. C. N. Lathrop, San Francisco; Meyer Lissner, Los Angeles. The League is composed of individuals and associations formed in cities of the United States, and having as an object the improvement of municipal government. It has no connection with State or national parties or issues, and confines itself strictly to municipal affairs, Any association belonging to the League may withdraw at any time.

LEACUE OF AMERICAN MUNICIPALITIES.

President—D. A. Brown, Kansas City, Kan. First Vice-President—Robert F. Maddox, Atlanta, Ga. Secretary-Treasurer—John MacVicar, Des Moines, Iowa. (Report of 1911.)

The objects of the League of American Municipalities are as follows—The general improvement and facilitation of every branch of municipal administration by the following means: First—The perpetuation of the organization as an agency for the co-operation of American cities in the practical study of all questions pertaining to municipal administration. Second—The holding of annual conventions for the discussion of contemporaneous municipal affairs. Third—The establishment and maintenance of a central burgen of information for the collection compilation and disconsisting of maintenance of a central bureau of information for the collection, compilation, and dissemination of statistics, reports, and all kinds of information relative to municipal government. The membership of the League includes nearly all of the important cities in this country and Canada.

THE MODERN HISTORIC RECORDS ASSOCIATION.

Founded by Alexander Konta in 1911. Its specific objects include the use of the photographic plate as the most durable means of preserving records and documents: of the phonograph for the preservation of the utterances of celebrities; of moving picture machines in obtaining records or important events; and the application of all other suitable means for transmitting to posterity a vivid and comprehensive record of the life and civilization of the day. The association is not a commercial body. President—Herbert L. Bridgman. Scretary—William Trowbridge Larned. Treasurer—Louis Mansfield Ogden. Headquarters, the National Arts Club, Gramercy Park, New York Civic. York City.

AMERICAN CIVIC ASSOCIATION.

AMERICAN CIVIC ASSOCIATION.

President—J. Horace McFarland, Harrisburg, Pa. First Vice-President—John Nolan, Cambridge, Mass. Vice-Presidents—Chinon Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia, Pa.; Geo. B. Dealey, Dallax, Tex.; Chas. H. Walker, Chicago, Ill.; J. Lockie Wilson, Toronto, Can.; Geo. W. Marston, San Diego, Cal.; Mrs. Edward W.; Biddle, Carlisle, Pa. Executive Board—William P. Bancroft, Wilmington, Del.; Henry A. Barker, Providence, R. I.; Miss Mabel T. Boardman, Washington, D. C.; Leroy J. Boughner, Minneapolis, Minn.; Frank Chapin Bray, New York; Arnold W. Brunner, New York; H. K. Bush-Brown, Washington; D. C.; Mrs. Caroline Bartlett Crane, Kalamazoo, Mich. Charles M. Dow, Jamestown, N. Y.; Mrs., Jas. S. Frick, Baltimore, Md.; Miss Zona Gale, Portage, Wis.; Edward Hatch, Jr., New York; Harold J. Howland, Montclair, N. J.; Dr. Woods Hutchinson, New York; Mrs. A. E. McCrea, Chicago, Ill.; Miss Louise Klein Miller, Cleveland, Ohio; J. C. Nichols, Kansas City, Mo.; Frederick Law Olmsted, Brookline, Mass.; John H. Patterson, Dayton, Ohio.; Rev. A. H. Scott, Perth, Ontario, Canada; George Stephens, Charlotte, N. C. Secretary—Richard B. Watrous, 914 Union Trust Building, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—William B. Howland, New York, The American Civic Association was formed by merger of the American League for Civic Improvement and the American Park and Outdoor Art Association, June 10, 1904. The Association seeks to combine and make efficient the country-wide effort for civic betterment. It has led in the effort to prevent the destruction of Niagrar Falls for power purposes; it advocates Federal Burean of National Parks; it is inaugurating a campaign for the restraint and reduction of objectionable outdoor advertising as a defacement of nature, and it urges community beauty. It fosters parks, playgrounds, and ont-door recreation; it arouses communities, and leads them toward betterment; it conducts a city planning department, and directs a national crusade against the "typhoid" fly. A lantern-slide service is maintained,

is maintained, and many bulletins are issued.

SOCIETY OF BUILDING COMMISSIONERS AND INSPECTORS.

President—James G. Houghton, Inspector of Buildings, Minneapolis, Minn. Executive Officer—
F. W. Fitzpatrick, 4200 16th St., Washington, D. C. The International Society of State and Municipal Building Commissioners and Inspectors is an association of the chiefs of the Building Departments of the United States, Canada and Mexico, the principal cities of Europe, Australia and China, to promote the "improvement of building methods; the revision and perfecting of building ordinances and securing their more thorough enforcement; the lessening of our appalling fire losses; mutual assistance, the interchange of ideas, and the binding in closer union of the building bureaus of the several cities with the view of ultimate uniformity of building laws."

INTERNATIONAL REFORM BUREAU.

International Reform Bureau, 206 Pennsylvania Avenue, S. E., Washington, D. C. President—Rev.W. R. Wedderspoon. Secretary—Rev. Henry Austadt, D. D. Superintendent and Treasurer—Rev. Wilbur F. Orafts, Devoted to the repression of intemperance, impurity, Sabbath-breaking, gambling, and kindred evils, by lectures, letters, legislation, and literature; also giving special attention to anti-opium work in China, and the suppression of liquor selling among native races in Africa and elsewhere. The Bureau has drawn thirteen laws that have passed Congress.

ORGANIZED 1898. President—Dr. Joslah Strong. Lecturer—Dr. Jas. H. Ecob. Treasurer—John T. Perkins. Object: The gathering and disseminating of information on all branches of social thought and service. Supplies information and advice as to methods by correspondence, by its publications, by lectures and by its special reference library, open to the public. Publishes The Gospet of the Kingdom, a monthly magazine (50 cents per year) devoted to studies in social reform from the Christian standpoint, used by classes in churches, Sunday schools, church brotherhoods, colleges, Y. M. C. A.'s and Y. W. C. A.'s in all parts of the United States and Canada. The 1913 series, containing special articles and bibliographies in the What To Do department, will treat of the following subjects: Poverty, Wealth, Socialism, Eugenics, Euthenics, The Unfit, Rural Communities, The Mormon Menace, The Coming Church, Moral Training in the Public Schools, The Unemployed, Peace. The head-quarters of the Institute is at Bible House, Astor Place, New York.

American Civic Alliance.

President—John Franklin Crowell. Secretary—Gerald van Casteel. Treasurer—Bradley Stoughton, Headquarters, 165 Broadway, N. Y. The specific objects of the American Civic Alliance are to encourage the co-operation of all civic and non-partisan interests, in every part of the nation, in improving the standards of American citizenship, in increasing the efficiency of American Institutions for the service of popular welfare, and in preserving and promoting distinctively American ideals.

Annual fees, \$10, \$5 or \$1 a year. Life membership, \$100. Annual meeting, the last Monday

in December.

The Federation of French Alliances in the United States and Canada number 150 groups. The officers of the Federation are: Honorary President—J. J. Jusserand, French Ambassador. President—J. Le Roy White, Baltimore. Vice-Presidents—M. Alexander, T. Mason, New York; Z. P. Brosseut, Chicago, Ill.; G. Desaulniers, Montreal; A. Legallet, San Francisco, Cal. Secretary—M. Louis Delamarre. Trensurer—M. T. Tileston Wells. Board of Directors—Frederic R. Coudert, New York; Jonathan Godfrey, Henry E. Gourd, H. McDougall Hawkes, R. L. Saiderson, Frank D. Pavey, M. Camille Thurwanger, Fabre-Surveyer, M. Chas. Downer, and Samuel Boyle. Office, 147 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

Actors' Fund of America.

President—Daniel Frohman. First Vice-President—Joseph R. Grismer. Second Vice-President—
F. F. Mackay. Treasurer—William Harris. Secretary—E. D. Miner.
The Actors' Fund was established in 1882 to provide assistance for disabled and needy members of the theatrical profession, and burial for such as leave no means therefor. The Actors' Fund Home. West New Brighton, Staten Island, under the direction of the Actors' Fund of America, was opened May 10, 1902. This is a home for aged and needy actors and actresses. There are 29 honorary members and 339 life members. Office, Gaiety Theatre Building, 46th Street and Broadway

Actors' Church Alliance of America.

President-Rt. Rev. David H. Greer. Secretary-Mrs. May Kidder Peirce. Treasurer-Miss Eliza B. Harris.

The purpose of the Alliance is to establish closer relations between church and theatre, and ministering to members of the dramatic profession. It is established in 400 cities, and has on its rolls 1,252 chaplains. The calendars of church services of all denominations are posted in 600 theatres. The office of the General Secretary and headquarters is 550 Seventh Ave., N. Y. City. (Report of 1911.)

American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals

President—Alfred Wagstaff, Vice-President—James Grant Wilson, Secretary—Richard Welling, Treasurer—Henry Bergh, Board of Managers—Henry Bergh, Horace W. Carpentier, Herbert L. Pratt, Charles S. Roe, Thomas Sturgis, Cortlandt S. Van Rensselaer, Francis E. Ward, Gordon Knox Bell, John D. Crimmins, John H. Iselin, Evert Jansen Wendell, G. Howard Davison, Rush C. Hawkins, Howland Davis, Lorillard Spencer, Jr., Alfred Wagstaff, Richard Welling, James Grant Wilson, F. R. Outerbridge, General Manager—William K. Horton, Superintendent—Thomas F. Freel. Headquarters, Madison Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, New York.

American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society.

The society was founded by Andrew H. Green, incorporated in 1895, and is a national society for the protection of natural scenery, the preservation of historic landmarks and the improvement of cities. President—George F. Kunz, Ph. D. Secretary—Edward Hagaman Hall, L. H. D., Tribune Building Treasurer—N. Taylor Phillips.

American Humane Association.

A FEDERATION of societies and individuals "for the prevention of cruelty, especially cruelty to children and animals." The officers are: President—Dr. William O. Stillman, Albany, N. Y. Secretary—N. J. Walker, Albany, N. Y. Treasurer—Edgar McDonald, Brooklyn, N. Y.

National Highways Protective Society.

President—Thos. N. Rhinelander, Secretary—Edwards. Cornell. Treasurer—Bradley Martin, Jr. Headquarters, 46 East 29th St., New York. To prevent the improper and unreasonable use of the public highways and public roads and places by the owners and users of horses, carriages, bicycles, automoofles and all other vehicles; to enforce and protect the rights of the members of this Corporation and the public in the reasonable and proper use of such public highways, public roads and places, endeavor to secure the construction and maintenance of good roads by public authority; and in furtherance and not in way of limitation upon the objects above enumerated, to endeavor to bring about reasonable and uniform rules and regulations for the use of the public highways, roads and places throughout the United States of America; to aid in the enforcement of the laws in respect thereto, and so far as may be lawful to aid in securing any such changes or modifications thereof as may be found necessary or proper. The society has a children's farm-garden in New York City (Jones's Wood), Sixty-sixth Street, between First and Second Avenue, play-ground for small children, Sixty-ninth Street and Second Avenue. Established for the purpose of keeping children off the street and out of harm's way. street and out of harm's way,

Society of the Cincinnati.





the Hudson at the close of hostilities in the War of the Revolution for American Independence, May 10, 1783.

In forming the society it was declared that, "To perpetuate, therefore, as well the remembrance of this vast event as the mutual friendships which have been formed under the pressure of common danger, and, in many instances, cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby, in the most solemn manner, associate, constitute, and combine themselves into one Society of Friends, to endure as long as they shall endure, or any of their eldest male posterity, and in failure thereof the collateral branches who may be judged worthy of becoming its supporters and members."

For convenience, thirteen State societies were formed, and one in France, under the direct patronage of Louis XVI., which was dispersed at the Reign of Terror in 1793. Upon the roll of origihal members appeared the names of all the great historic military and naval characters of the Revolution, and upon the roll of honorary members, elected for their own lives only, appeared many of the

signers of the Declaration of Independence.

THE RIGHT TO MEMBERSHIP.

All Continental officers who had served with honor and resigned after three years' service as officers, or who had been rendered supernumerary and honorably discharged, in one of the several reductions of the American army, or who had continued to the end of the war, and all French officers who had served in the co-operating army under Count d'Estaling, or auxiliary army under Count de Rochambeau, and held or attained the rank of colonel for such services, or who had commanded a French fleet or ship of war on the American coast, were entitled to become original members, and upon doing so were required to contribute a month's pay.

STATE SOCIETIES.

The Cincinnati is organically one society in membership, but for convenience in admission of members and in its charitable and patriotic objects is subdivided into State societies, there being thirteen. Four dormant societies were rescored to membership at the triennial meeting of 1902.

Membership descends to the eldest lineal male descendant, if judged worthy, and, in failure of direct male descent, to male descendants through intervening female descendants.

The general society when legislating for the good of the Order is composed of the general officers and five delegates from each State society, and meets triennially. In 1854 it ruled that proper descendants of Revolutionary officers who were entitled to original memership, but who never could avail themselves of it, are qualified for hereditary membership, if found worthy, on due application.

GENERAL OFFICERS SINCE ORGANIZATION.

The following have been the principal general officers:

PRESIDENTS-GENERAL. 1783. Gen, George Washington, LL. D., Va.
1800. Major-Gen, Alexander Hamilton, LL. D., N. Y.
1805. Major-Gen, Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, LL. D., S. C.
1825. Major-Gen, Thomas Pinckney, A. M., S. C.
1829. Major-Gen, Aaron Ogden, LL. D., N. J. LL.D., S. C. 1825. Major-Gen. Thomas Pinckney, A. M., S. C. 1829. Major-Gen. Aaron Ogden, LL.D., N. J. VICE-PRESIDENTS-GENERAL

NNS-GENERAL.
1839. Major the Hon. William Shute, N. J.
1844. Hon. Horace Binney, LL. D., Pa.
1848. Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL. D., N. Y.
1854. Hon. Charles Stewart Davies, LL. D., Mass,
1866. Mr. James Warren Sever, A. M., Mass,
1872. Hon. James Simons, A. M., S. C.
1881. William Armstrong Irvine, M. D., Pa.
1887. Hon. Robert Milligan McLane, Md.
1896. Hon. Winslow Warren, A. M., Mass,
1902. Hon. James Simons, Jr., LL. D., S. C. 1784. Major-Gen. Horatio Gates, LL. D., Va. 1787. Major-Gen. Thomas Mirilin, A. M., Pa. 1799. Major-Gen. Alexander Hamilton, LL. D., 1890. Major-Gen. Alexander Hamilton, H. D., 1800. Major-Gen. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, Ll. D., S. C. 1805. Major-Gen. Henry Knox, A. M., Mass. 1811. Brig. -Gen. John Brooks, M. D., LL. D., Mass. 1825. Major-Gen. Aaron Ogden, Ll. D., N. J. 1829. Major-Gen. Morgan Lewis, A. M., N. Y.

SECRETARIES-GENERAL,

1783. Major-Gen. Henry Knox, A.M., Mass. 1799. Major the Hon. William Jackson, Pa. 1829. Mr. Alexander W. Johnston, Pa.

1857. Mr. Thomas McEwen, A.M., M.D., Pa. 1875. Mr. George Washington Harris, Pa. 1884. Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL.D., L.H. D., R.I.

The last triennial meeting of the general society was held at Newport, R. I., in June, 1911. The next triennial meeting will be held at Baltimore, Md., in May, 1914.

The office of the Secretary-General is at 12 Clifton Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The number of living hereditary members of the Society of the Cincinnati, as reported at the triennial meeting June, 1911, was 981. The limited list of honorary members of the Order includes President Taft, ex-President Roosevelt, Admiral Dewey, Lieut-Generals Miles and Chaffee, and ex-President Loubet, of France. Presidents Andrew Jackson, Zachary Taylor, James Buchanan, Ulysses S. Grant, Benjamin Harrison, Grover Cleveland, and William McKinley were also honorary members. ary members.

President James Monroe was an original member like Washington, and President Pierce was an

hereditary member.

SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI-Continued.

The following are the Presidents, Vice-Presidents, and Secretaries of the several State societies:									
STATES.	Presidents.	Vice-Presidents,	Secretaries,						
ew Hampshire	William Davis Sawyer	Daniel Gilman Thornton K. Lothron	Francis Coffin Martin.						
hode Island	Asa Bird Gardiner	George W. Olney	Charles L. F. Robinson.						
onnecticut lew York	Henry Larcom Abbott Talbot Olyphant	Morris Woodruff Seymour Francis Key Pendleton	Bryce Metcalf. Francis Burrall Hoffman.						
	Tanana Dr. O. Classes Land	TYTITI TO	T . T . T						

New Jersey. James W. S. Campbell. William Pennington. Lewis Dunham Boggs. Pennsylvania. Vacant. Harris Elric Sproat. Grant Weldman. Delaware. Vacant. Philip Howell White. Edwin J. Sellers, Maryland. Oswald Tilghman. Henry Randall Webb. Thomas E. Sears, Virginia. William Gordon McCabe. Francis T. A. Junkin. Levin Joynes, North Carolina. Wilson Gray Lamb. John Collins Daves. M. De Lancey Haywood. South Carolina. Junes Simons. Daniel E. Huger Smith. Henry M. Tucker, Jr. Georgia. Walter Glasco Charlton. William Hall Milton. George Francis Tennille.

Sons of the Revolution.

General President—Edmund Wetmore, N. Y. General Vice-President—J. M. Montgomery, N. Y. Second General Vice-Pres.—Hon. J.W. Weeks, Mass. General Secretary—Prof. Wm. Libbey, N. J.

| General Treasurer—Richard M. Cadwalader, Pa. | General Registrar—Hon. George E. Pomeroy, Ohio. | General Historian—Marshall D. Haywood, N. C.

The society of the "Sonsof the Revolution" was originated in New York in 1875 by John Austin Stevens, in conjunction with other patriotic gentlemen of Revolutionary ancestry. The New York Society was instituted February 22, 1876; reorganized December 3, 1883, and incorporated May 3, 1884, to "perpetuate the memory of the men who, in military, naval or civil service, by their acts or counsel, achieved American Independence; to promote and assist in the proper celebration of the Anniversaries of Washington's Birthday, the Battles of Lexington and Bunker Hill, the Fourth of July, the Capitulations of Saratoga and Yorktown, the Evacuation of New York by the British Army, and other prominent events relating to or connected with the war of the Revolution; to collect and secure for preservation the manuscript of folls, records and other documents and memorials relating to that war; to inspire among the members and their descendants the patriotic spirit of their forestation; to inculcate in the community in general sentiments of nationality and respect for the principles. ciples for which the patriots of the Revolution contended; to assist in the commemorative celebration of other great historical events of national importance, and to promote social intercourse and the feeling of fellowship among its members."

feeling of fellowship among its members."

Eligibility to membership is confined to male descendants, above the age of twenty-one years, from an ancestor who as either a military, naval, or marine officer, soldier, sailor, or marine, or official in the service of any one of the thirteen original Colonies or States, or of the national Government, representing or composed of those Colonies or States, assisted in establishing American independence during the war of the Revolution between the 19th day of April, 1775, when hostilities commenced, and the 19th day of April, 1783, when they were ordered to cease. The next triennial meeting of the general society will be held in the city of Washington, April 19, 1914.

The officers of the New York Society Sons of the Revolution are as follows: President—Edmund Wetmore. Vice-Presidents—Robert Olyphant, Walter L. Suydam and James May Duane. Secretary—Henry Russell Drowne, Frances' Tavern, corner Broad and Pearl Streets, New York. Treasurer—Arthur Melvin Hatch. Registrar—Prof. Henry Phelps Johnston. Chaptain—Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, D. D.

There are thirty-one State societies and a society in the District of Columbia. The aggregate membership is 7, 560, that of the New York Society being over 2,000, and the Pennsylvania Society over 1,000.

ship is 7,560, that of the New York Society being over 2,000, and the Pennsylvania Society over 1,000.

Sons of the American Revolution.

President-General—James M. Richardson, Ohio. Vice-Pres. - Gen. — Amedee B. Cole. Mo. Vice-Pres. - Gen. — O. D. Baldwin, Cal. Vice-Pres.-Gen.—Henry V.A. Joslin, R. I. Vice-Pres.-Gen.—Newell B. Woodworth, N. Y. Vice-Pres.-Gen.—Edw. S. Crandon, Mass.

| Treasurer-General-John H. Burroughs, N. Y Treasurer-general—John H. Buffoughs, N. Y. Registrar-General and Secretary-General—A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Institution, D. C. Historian-General—David L. Pierson, N. J. Chaplain-General—Rev. T. Stone, Ill.

The National Society of "Sons of the American Revolution" was organized in New York April 30, 1899, and was incorporated by act of Congress, June 9, 1906. State societies exist in forty-three States, the District of Columbia, Hawaii and France. A California society of descendants of Revolutionary patriots, entitled "Sons of Revolutionary Sires," organized July 4, 1875, became a part of the National Society in 1889. The total membership of the organization is about 12,500.

The New York or Empire State Society was organized February 11, 1890. The following are the officers: President—Louis Annin Ames. Secretary—Walter B. Hopping, 220 Broadway, New York.

officers: President—Louis Annin Ames. Secretary—Walter B. Hopping, 220 Broadway, New York. Registrar—Teunis D. Huntting. Historian—Josiah C. Pumpelly.

Aztec Club of 1847.

President—Wm. M. Polk, M.D., New York City. Vice-President—Gen. H. G. Gibson, U. S. A., Washington, D. C. Secretary—Wm. S. Albert, Washington, D. C. Treasurer—William Turnbull, New York City. Vice-Treasurer—Edward H. Floyd-Jones, New York City.

This soclety, originally composed of officers of the United States Army who served in the war with Mexico, was formed in the city of Mexico in 1847, and has been continued "with a view to cherish the memories and keep alive the traditions that cluster about the names of those officers who took part in the Mexican War." Membership is confined to officers of the army, navy and marine corps who served in the war, or their male blood relatives. Each primary member may nominate as his successor his son or a male blood relative, who during the life of the primary member is known as associate-member, and on the death of the former is entitled, as his representative, to full membership. There are 222 members. There are 222 members.

Societies of the War of 1812.

THE VETERAN CORPS OF ARTILLERY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, CONSTITUT-ING THE MILITARY SOCIETY OF THE WAR OF 1812.

THE Veteran Corps of Artillery of the State of New York was instituted in New York City. November 25, 1790, exclusively by officers and soldlers of the war of the Revolution, and was duly confirmed as a separate corps in the active militia of the State by Governor George Clinton, March 3, 1791. Congress, in its militia laws of 1792, 1874, 1903 and May 27, 1908, enacted that it should retain "accustomed privileges" as a component part of the active militia, supplemental to the National Guard and the status of the corps, as part of the active militia, has also been embodied in several State statutes. in several State statutes.

In several State statutes.

When composed wholly of Revolutionary veterans, it was in the military service of the United States, June 25 to July 2, 1812, and September 2, 1814, to March 2, 1815, and afterward recruited exclusively from veterans, War of 1812, until 1890, when the surviving veteran original members amended their regulations to admit male descendants of rofginal members or male descendants of those who served honorably in the War of 1812, which limitation was fixed by law March 9, 1895. On January 8, 1826, the Society of the War of 1812 was formed ac. New York City exclusively by officers of the Regular Army, Navy and Volunteer services of that war, and consolidated January 8, 1848, with the Veteran Corpsof Artillery, and was constituted by law the Civic Association of the Corps. Its last Revolutionary member, Daniel Spencer, died March 4, 1854, aged 94; its last War of 1812 member, Hiram Cronk, died May 18, 1905, aged 105.

The officers are: Commandant—Asa Bird Gardiner, Lil. D., L. H. D., Vice-Commandant—John Hone. Adjutant—Charles Eliot Warren, 32 East 42d Street, New York City. Quartermaster—Walter Lispenard Saydam. Paymaster—James Mortimer Montgomery. Commissarry—Clarence H. Eagle. Chaptain—F. Landon Humphreys, S. T. D. Ordance Officer—Paul G. Thebaud.

The officers are commissioned, and the Corps, with the National Guard, form the active milltia of the State.

the State.

THE GENERAL SOCIETY OF THE WAR OF 1812.

Composed of federated State Societies in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Illinois, District of Columbia, New York and New Jersey, the members of each of which State Societies are borne upon the membership roll of the General Society. Any male person above the age of twenty-one years who participated in, or who is a lineal descendant of one who served during the War of 1812-14 in the army, navy, revenue marine, or privateer service of the United States, offering satisfactory proof to the State Society to which he makes application, and is of good moral character and reputation, may become a member. In case of failure of lineal descendants of an actual participant in said war, one collateral representative who is deemed worthy may be admitted to membership. President-General—John Cadwalader, Pennsylvania. Secretary-General—Herbert M. Leland, 10 Post Office Square, Boston Mass. Registrar-General—Henry Harmon Noble, Essex, N. Y. Treasurer-General—George H. Richards, M. D., Orange, N. J. Surgeon-General—George Horace Burgin, M. D., Pennsylvania. Judge-Advocate-General—A. Leo Knott, Maryland. Chaplain-General—Rev. Henry Branch, Maryland. Rev. Henry Branch, Maryland.

Society of the Sons of Oneida.

President—Wm. J. Gaynor, Vice-Presidents—Jos. M. Deuel, Louis J. Conlan, Chas. R. Carruth. Treasurer—Charles E. Cady, 27 William Street, New York. Executive Committee—Elihu Root, James R. Sheffield, James E. Durass, A. Delos Kneeland, and Wm. F. Miller.

Momen's Patriotic Societies. COLONIAL DAMES OF AMERICA.

President—Mrs. Timothy Matlack Cheesman, 18 East Eighth Street, New York City. Vice-President—Mrs. Ira Davenport. Treasurer—Mrs. George Augustus Lung. Secretary—Mrs. Arthur Taylor Sutcliffe. Historian—Miss Julia Livingston Delafield.

The Society of the Colonial Dames of America was organized in the city of New York May 23, 1890, and was the first society of women for this patriotic purpose founded in this country, it was incorporated April 23, 1891. The Society is purely patriotic and educational in its objects, which are: (1) To collect and preserve relics, manuscripts, traditions, and mementoes of the founders and builders of the thirteen original States of the Union, and of the heroes of the War of Independence, that the memory of their deeds and achievements may be perpetuated. (2) To promote celebrations of great historic events of national importance, to diffuse information on all subjects concerning American history, particularly among the young, and to cultivate the spirit of patriotism and reverence for the founders of American constitutional history. This Society has already a large membership and chapters in many States. It is a distinct organization from that which follows.

NATIONAL SOCIETY COLONIAL DAMES OF AMERICA.

President—Mrs. William Ruffin Cox. Virginia, Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Elilu Chauncey, New York; Mrs. Joseph Rucker Lamar, Georgia; Mrs. Francis W. Goddard, Colorado. Secretary—Mrs. Chas. R. Miller, Red Oak Road, Wilmington, Del. Treasurer—Mrs. Alexander J. Cassatt, Haverford, Pa. The National Society of Colonial Dames of America. This society is composed of thirty-six corporate societies, of which there is one in each of the thirteen original States, and the District of Columbia, and in twenty-four other States. It was founded as a memorial of the Thirteen Colonies. Membership is by invitation only. The membership is about 9,000. It holds a biennial council in Washington, D.C.

The Colonial Dames of the State of New York maintain the Van Cortlandt House Museum in Van Cortlandt Park, give scholarships at the Teachers' College and the University of Rochester, and have a library of 1,700 genealogical and historical volumes at the rooms of the Society, 105 West Fortieth Street, New York City.

President—Mrs. William Robison. Vice-Presidents—Mrs. William B. Beekman, Mrs. F. Thompson. Treasurer—Miss Julia McAllister. Recording Secretary—Mrs. E. M. Townsend, Jr., Townsend Place, Oyster Bay, N. Y. Membership about 625.

DAUCHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

President-General-Mrs. Matthew T. Scott. Vice-President-General (of organization of chapters)-Mrs. Henry L. Mann. Chaptain-General—Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce. Recording Secretary-General—Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins. Registrar-General—Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins. Registrar-General—Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins. Registrar-General—Mrs. Wm. D. Hoover. Librarium-General—Miss. Company of the Propert Amaryllis Gillett.

The society was organized in the city of Washington, D. C., October 11, 1890. Membership, 95,000; 1,221 State chapters exist in forty-five States and Territories and the District of Columbia, presided over by regents. Chapter regents have been appointed for Cuba, China, Mexico and the Philippines.

Philippines.
Eligibility—Any woman who is of the age of eighteen years, is descended from an ancestor who, "with unfailing loyalty, rendered material aid to the cause of independence as a recognized patriot, as soldier or sailor, or as a civil officer in one of the several Colonies or States, or of the United Colonies or States, 'provided that the applicant shall be acceptable to the society. Every application for membership must be indorsed by at least one member of the National Society, and is then submitted to the Registrar-General, who reports on the question of eligibility to the Board of Management, and upon its approval the applicant is enrolled as a member. Headquarters, Memorial Continental Hall, 17th and D Streets N. W., Washington, D. C.

DAUGHTERS OF THE REVOLUTION.

President-General—Mrs. Clarence L. Bleakley, New York. Recording Secretary-General—Mrs. Herbert B. Henry, New York. Corresponding Secretary-General—Mrs. Fred M. Goss, Mass. Treasurer-General—Mrs. Frank P. Whiting, New York. Registrar-General—Mrs. Mary A. Todd, Mass. Librarian-General—Mrs. A. O. Ihseng, New York City.

The General Society was organized in the city of New York August 20, 1891. Ellgibility to membership is restricted to "women who are lineal descendants of an ancestom who was a military or naval or marine officer, soldier, sailor or marine in actual service under the authority of any of the thirteen Colonies or States, or of the Continental Congress, and remained always loyal to such authority, or descendants of one who signed the Declaration of Independence, or of one who as a member of the Continental Congress of any of the Colonies or States, or as an official appointed by or under the authority of any such representative bodies, actually assisted in the establishment of American independence by service rendered during the war of the Revolution, becoming thereby liable to conviction of treason against the Government of Great Britain, but remaining always loyal to the authority of the Colonies or States." The office of the General Society is 156 Fifth Avenue, New York.

New York State Society—Regent—Mrs, Everett M. Raynor, 464 E. 138th Street, Secretary—Miss Edith P. Gambrill, 2032 Madison Avenue, New York.

DAMES OF THE REVOLUTION

THE Society of Dames of the Revolution was organized in 1896. The regulation as to membership is that the society shall be composed entirely of women above the age of eighteen years, of good moral character, who are descended in their own right from an ancestor who, either as a military, naval or marine officer, or official in the service of any one of the thirteen original Colonies or States, or of the national Government representing or composed of those Colonies or States, assisted in establishing American independence during the war of the Revolution, April 19, 1775, when hostilities commenced, and April 19, 1783, when they were ordered to cease. Local chapters may be organized when authorized by the Board of Managers of the Society. The President is Mrs. Montgomery Schuyler, 250 Wingah Avenue, New Rochelle, N. Y. Secretary, Miss K. J. C. Carville, 257 Webster Avenue, New Rochelle, N. Y.

SOCIETY OF COLONIAL DAUCHTERS.

President—Betty Washington Taylor. Vice-President—Kate Trimble Woolsey. Secretary—Mary Florence Taney. Registrar-General and Treasurer—Georgina Hodge Bailey.
The society was organized May 1, 1907, and its object is to perpetuate in enduring form the memory of the women of the Colonial Perlod from 1607 to 1775. Headquarters, Covington, Ky.

UNITED STATES DAUCHTERS OF 1812.

President-National—Mrs. William Gerry Slade, New York. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Chas. Fisher King, Delaware. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Mathias Steelman, New Jersey. The office of the National Society is at 332 West Eighty-seventh Street, New York. Eligibility—Any woman over eighteen years of age of good character and a lineal descendant of an ancestor who rendered civil, military or naval service during the war of 1812, orthe period of the causes which led to that war (subsequent to the war of the Recoulting), recycled the amplicant be causes which led to that war (subsequent to the war of the Revolution), provided the applicant be acceptable to the society. In all the States the initiation fee is \$1. The President of the New York State Society is Mrs. William Gerry Slade; the Corresponding Secretary is Miss Eloise Rand Butler.

WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS ASSOCIATION.

Bereident-Mrs. Fred Hasbrouck. Recording Secretary-Mrs. H. Croswell Tuttle. Corresponding Secretary-Mrs. William Arrowsmith, 208 West 71st Street, New York City. The purpose of the association is to preserve the old mansion on 160th Street, near Amsterdam Avenue. New York City. which was at one time, in the war of the Revolution, the headquarters of Washington. The property is owned by the city and is under the care and direction of the Washington Heights, Knickerbocker, Mary Washington, Colonial and Manhattan Chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution, It is open daily to the public. (Report of 1911.)

CENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS.

President—Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, Austin, Tex. Recording Keefe, Walthill, Neb. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Eugene Re Charlotte, N. C. Treasurer—Mrs. J. Threadgill, Oklahoma City, Okla. Recording Secretary-Mrs. Harry L. Eugene Reilley, 508 Park Avenue,

Descendants of the Signers.

The Society was organized July 4, 1907, at Jamestown, Va. Its purpose is to help educate the reople in love and patriotism to country, and to eucourage a devotion which will stimulate them to offer upon the altar of their country their lives and property (if necessary) for its continuance and prosperity. Eligibility: Persons who are over twenty-one years of age-and are lineally descended from one of the fifty-six signers of the Declaration of Independence. Headquarters, Philadelphia, Pa. President—P. V. D. Conway, Fredericksburg, Va. Secretary—Miss Mary Vivian Conway, Fredericksburg, Va. Treasurer—John S. Braxton, Philadelphia, Pa.

Military Order of Foreign Wars.

THE Military Order of Foreign Wars of the United States was instituted in the city of New York THE Military Order of Foreign wars of the United States was instituted in the city of New York December 27, 1894, by veterans and descendants of veterans of one or more of the five foreign wars which the United States had been engaged in, to wit: The war of the Revolution, the war with Tripoli, the war of 1812, the Mexican war, "to perpetuate the names and memory of brave and loyal men who took part in establishing and maintaining the principles of the Government?" in said wars, and "to preserve records and documents relating to said wars, and to celebrate the anniversaries of historic events connected therewith." Since the institution of the order the United States has of historic events connected therewith." Since the institution of the order the United States has fought two foreign wars (war with Spain and China campaign). By an amendment to the constitution all American officers who participated in the war with Spain, or any future foreign campaign recognized by the United States Government as "war," are rendered eligible to membership as veteran companions.

state commanderies now exist in New York, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Illinois, California, Massachusetts, Maryland, Ohio, Missouri, Vermont, Virginia, Rhode Island, Louisiana, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, Texas, Georgia, Colorado, New Jersey, and the District of Columbia. The National Commandery was instituted March 11, 1896, by the officers of the New York, Pennsylvania, and Connecticut commanderies. The following are the officers of the National Commandery: Commander-General-Major-Gen, Chas, F. Roe, N. G. N. Y. Secretary-General-Major David Banks, 23 Park Place, N. Y. Treasurer-General-Col. Oliver C. Bosbyshell. Registrar-General-Rev. Henry N. Wayne. Judge-Advocate-General-James M. Laniberton, Present membership, about 1,500 companions. There are Vice-Commanders-General representing each State commandery.

General Society of Manflower Descendants.

THE Society of Mayflower Descendants was organized in the city of New York December 22, 1894, by lineal descendants of the Mayflower pilgrims, "to preserve their memory, their records, their history, and all facts relating to them, their ancestors, and their posterity." Every lineal descendant over eighteen years of age, male or female, of any passenger of the voyage of the Mayflower which terminated at Plymouth, Mass, December, 1620, including all signers of "The Compact," are eligible to membership. The initiation fee is \$10 and the annual dues are \$5. The Triemial Congress is held in September at Plymouth, Mass, Societies have been organized in New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Districtof Columbia, Ohio, New Jersey, Wisconsin, Rhode Island, Michigan, Minnesota, Maine, Colorado, California, and Washington. The officers of the General Society are: Governor-General, Thos. S. Hopkins. Secretary-General, John General, Frank Rumrill, Captain-General, MilesStandish, M. D.; Surgeon-General, Dr. Ablel W. Nelson

Order of Washington.

This Society is similar to the Orders of Chivalry, instituted in Europe. Its purposes are to promote the growth of the spirit of patriotism, to cultivate the study of history, to preserve family records and other documents relating to the rise of the Republic, to stimulate a national pride and to proserve the integrity, honor and Christian manhood of the members. Eligibility: The ancestor must have arrived in America prior to 1750, have been a landowner or founder of a town, and have held some official, military, naval or ministerial position and this ancestor must have had a descendant who assisted the Colonies in attaining their independence.

Rear-Admiral Charles H. Stockton, Washington, D. C., Commander; Gen. Marcus J. Wright, Washington, D. C., Vice-Commander; Howard P. Wright, 1743 Corcoran St., Washington, D. C., Secretary-General; Dr. Charles H. Bowker, Washington, D. C., Treasurer-General.

George Washington Plemorial Association.

Prestent—Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, New York. Treasurer—Mrs. Frank Northrop, New York, General Secretary—George Milhank Hersey, 200 Ford Building Boston, Mass.
To furnish our National capital with a building which will provide facilities for the holding of congresses and conventions—both National and international. The building will also provide office accommodations for the many societies of National scope devoted to the advancement of mankind which require National headquarters, such as the patriotic, scientific, educational, art, literary, sociological and civic virtue organizations. The structure which is to embody this idea is to be known as the George Washington Memorial. In a broader sense it will fulfil Washington's wish expressed in his Farewell Address, to 'promote as an object of primary importance institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge."

Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States.

President—Capt. George W. Booth. Vice-President—Lieut. McHenry Howard. Secretary—Capt. William L. Ritter, Reisterstown, Md. Treasurer—Capt. F. M. Colston. There are twelve vice-presidents and an executive committee of seven members. The Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States in the State of Maryland was organized in 1871. "to collect and preserve the material for a truthfull history of the late war between the Confederate States and the United States of America; to honor the memory of our comrades who have fallen; to cherish the ties of friendship among those who survive, and to fulfil the duties of sacred charity toward those who may stand in need of them." The membership is 860.

Medal of Wonor Legion.

THE Legion is composed of officers and enlisted men of the United States army and navy who

The Legion is composed of officers and enlisted men of the United States army and navy who have been awarded medals of honor for most distinguished gallantry in action during any war in which the United States has been engaged. At the present time it has 440 such members. Commander—John H. Cook, 12 E. 22nd St. New York City. Senior Vice-Commander—Chas, H. Houghton, Jersey City, N. J. Junior Vice-Commander—Michael G. Gibbous, Portsmouth, Va. Quartermuster—Alexander A. Forman, Brooklyn, N. Y. Chaplain—Wm. S. Hubbell, New York. Adjutant—Seujamin B. Levy, 211 W. 140th St., New York City. Judge-Advocate—Moses Veale, Philadelphia, Pa. Surgeon-in-Chief—Edward P. Grimes, New York. Historian—J. Madison Drake, Elizabeth, N. J.

Naval Order of the United States.

THE Naval Order of the United States is composed of a General Commandery and Commanderies in The Naval Order of the United States is composed of a General Commandery and Commanderies in the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New York, California and Illinois, and in the District of Columbia. The General Commandery meets triennially on October 5, and the State Commanderies meet annually in the month of November. The Massachusetts Commandery is the parent Commandery, and was organized at Boston on July 4, 1890. The General Commandery was established three years later, on June 19, 1893. The Companions of the Order are officers and the descendants of officers who served in the navy and marine corps in any war or in any battle in which the said naval forces of the United States have participated. The membership clause, as adopted at the triennial congress held at Boston, October 5, 1895, provides for two classes of members—first, veteran officers and their male descendants; and, second, enlisted men who have received the United States naval medal of honor for bravery in the face of the enemy.

General Commander—Admiral George Dewey, U. S. N., Washinston, D. C. Vice-Commanders—Rear-Admiral H. W. Lyon, U. S. N., Massachusetts; Brig.—Gen. James Forney, Philadelphia, Pa. General Recorder—Wm. A. Dripps, Philadelphia, Pa. General Reputral—Alex. W. Russell, clate U. S. N.), Penusylvania, General Treasurer—Geo. De Forest Barton (Late U. S. N.), New York, General Historian—Charles P. Welch, U. S. N., California. General Chaptain—George Williamson Smith, D. D. (late U. S. N.), New York, General Judge-Advocate—M. B., Field (late U. S. N.), New York (report of 1911).

York (report of 1911).

Army and Navy Union.

National Commander—Geo, Russell Downs, Erie, Pa. Senior Vice-National Commander—Louis K. Passmore, Martooro, N. Y. Junior Vice-National Commander—John P. Caugher, Phœbus, Va. Adjutant-deneral—Thomas H. Avery, Brooklyn, N. Y. Inspector-General—John A. Miller, Jr., St. Louis, Mo. Judge Advecate-General—L. E. Fugit, Washington, D. C. National Chaplain—Rev. John E. Cox, Christian Med.

Cincinnati, Ohio.

Children and Navy Union was organized at Cincinnati and incorporated under the laws of Ohio in March, 1888. The national organization (called the National Corps) was organized in August 1890. The Union admits to its ranks any man who possesses an honorable discharge from the United States service, either regular or volunteer army and navy or marine corps, whether said service was before, during, or since any war at home or abroad. There are twelve garrisons in Greater NewYork.

Society of American Wars.

Commander-in-Chief-Richard Walnwright. Recorder-General-Henry G. Commanaer-4n-Chief—Richard Walnwright. Recorder-General-Henry G. Beyer. Object: For the purpose of paying just homage to the memory of those who conquered that we might live, and to inculcate and foster in all citizens that love of country and flag and that ambition for honorable achievement upon which so largely depends the maintenance of our high position among nations. Headquarters, Washington, D. C. Membership, 995. New York State Commandery: Commander-W. B. Hotchkin. Recorder—Henry S. Colding, 251 West Ninety-second Street, New York City. Membership, 107.

Patriotic Order Sons of America.

National President—Fred A. Pope, Somerville, N. J. Vice President—Sam. D. Symmes, Crawfords— ville, Ind. Secretary—Charles H. Stees, 1617 N. Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer—O. S. Weitherhold, Reading, Pa. Place of meeting in 1913, Trenton, N. J. Membership July 1, 1912, 225,000.

National Association of Naval Veterans.

Commodore Commanding—Chas. F. Dyce, Philadelphia, Pa. Fleet Captain—Chas. H. Shepard, New York. Fleet Commander and Chief of Staff—Wm. H. Comstock, Denver, Col. Fleet Lieutenant—Communder—Francis McCarten, Los Angeles, Cal. Fleet Lieutenant—A. W. Ward, Rochester, N. Y. Fleet Secretury and Paymuster—Henry F. McCollum, 40 Shelter St., New Haven, Ct. Fleet Chaptain—Alex S. McWilliams, Detroit, Mich. Organized 1887, 7,000 members, 1,500 contributing members. 25 associations in all the principal cities of the United States.

HOURT VERNOR Ladies' Association.

The Washington Estate at Mount Vernon, Va. (237 of the 8,000 acres owned by Washington), is under the care and direction of the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association of the Union. The founder of

under the care and direction of the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association of the Union. The folinder of the Association in 1856 was Miss Ann Pamela Cunningham, of South Carolina. She was the first Regent. There are Vice-Regents for thirty States.

The present officers are: Regent-Miss Harriet C. Comegys, Dover, Del. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Henry W. Rogers, Rider, Md. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. John J. Pringle, Georgetown, S. C. Treasurer—Arthur T. Price, Washington, D. C. Advisory Committee—Lewis Cass Ledyard, N. Y., George Gray, and Col. Win. Anderson.

The National League for the Civic Education of Momen.

President—Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder. Secretary—Mrs. William Perry Northrup. Treasurer—Miss Elizabeth V. Cockcroft. Executive Secretary—Miss Genevieve W. Beavers.

The league is "a non-partisan, non-political, organization, whose purpose will be to collect, study and disseminate among women the facts of our daily civic life." Headquarters, 4 West Forty-seventh Street, New York City.

Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

Commander-in-Chief—Col. Arnold A. Rand. Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Rear-Admiral Edwin Stewart. Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Lieut.-Col. Edwin A. Landell. Recorder-in-Chief—Brevet Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson. Registrar-in-Chief—First Lieut. Thos. H. McKee, Treasurer-in-Chief—Breye Capt. J. O. Foering. Chaplain-in-Chief—Brevet Major Henry S. Burrage, D. D. Council-in-Chief—Brevet Col. Cornelius Cadle, Paymaster George De F. Barton, Capt. Urban A. Woodbury, Act. Asst.-Paymaster Henry M. Rogers, Capt. Wm. R. Hodges.

The Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States was organized by officers and exofficers of the army, navy and marine corps of the United States who took part in the War of 1861-65. Membership descends to the direct male lineal descendants, according to the rules of primogeniture. There are 21 commanderies, each representing a State, and one commandery representing the District of Columbia. The total membership of the Loyal Legion is 8,902.

ROLL OF COMMANDERIES.

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Š.	Commandery of the	Headquarters.	Instituted.	Recorders.	Address.				
1	State of Pa	Philadelphia.	Apr. 15, 1865	Brev. Lieut Col. J. P. Nicholson.	Flanders Bldg., Phila.				
2	State of N. Y	N. Y. City	Jan. 17,1866	Brevet LieutCol. U. S. Cogswell	140 Nassau St., New York				
3	State of Maine.	Portland	Apr. 25, 1866	First Lieut. Horatio Staples	83 West St., Portland.				
4	State of Mass	Boston	Mar. 4,1868	Capt. Chas. W. C. Rhoades	Cadet Armory, Boston.				
				Brevet-Col. Wm, C. Alberger					
				Lieut. Amos P. Foster					
7	State of Illinois	Chicago	May 8,1879	Capt. Roswell H. Mason	320 Ashland B., Chicago.				
8	District of Col	Washington .	Feb. 1,1882	First Lieut, Thos. H. McKee	Kellogg Bldg., Wash.				
				Major W. R. Thrall					
10	State of Mich	Detroit	Feb. 4,1885	Brevet BrigGen. F. W. Swift					
11	State of Minn	St. Paul	May 6,1885		St. Paul, Minn.				
12	State of Oregon	Portland	May 6,1885	Capt. Gavin E. Caukin	Portland, Ore.				
13	State of Mo	St. Louis	Oct. 21,1885	Capt. William R. Hodges	Laclede Bldg., St. Louis.				
14	State of Neb	Omaha	Oct. 21, 1885		Omaha, Neb.				
15	State of Kansas	Leavenworth	Apr. 22, 1886	Capt. John T. Taylor	Leavenworth, [Moines.				
				Brevet-Capt, Elbridge D. Hadley	222 Youngman B., Des				
17	State of Col	Denver	June 1,1887		Denver, Col.				
18	State of Ind	Indianapolis.	Oct. 17,1888	First Lieut. Alex. M. Scott					
				Mr. Walter B. Beals					
				Brevet Capt. H. O. Wheeler					
21	State of Md	Baltimore	Dec. 8, 1904	Lieut. Joseph J. Janney	Baltimore, Md.				
_	Tradituted Oatshan Of 1005 December Col. Taken D. Michaeles District Distri								

Instituted October 21, 1885. Brevet Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson, Flanders Building, Philadelphia, Recorder-in-Chief.

Societies of the Union Army of 1861=65. SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

President—Major-Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, Iowa. Vice-Presidents—Gen. John C. Black, Gen. Maxwell V. Woodhull, Gen. John H. Stibbs, Mrs. Chas. H. Smith. P. Tecumseh Sherman, Mrs. Jas. A. Sexton, Col. O. D. Kinsman, Gen. J. W. Barlow. Major A. V. Bohn, Major T. J. Cochrane, Mrs. Grenville Parker, Major H. B. Osborn, Capt. W. W. Scott, Major G. W. Reed, Mrs. O. C. Towne, Capt. J. S. Lothrop. Corresponding Secretary—Capt. J. L. Bennett, Ashland Block, Chicago, Ill. Treasurer—Smith Hickenlooper, Cincinnati, O. Recording Secretary—Col. Cornelius Cadle, Cincinnati, O. The Society was organized at Raleigh, N. C., April 14, 1865. The headquarters is at Cincinnati. Cincinnati.

ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE ASSOCIATION.

President—H. L. Deam. Secretary—Byron W. Bonne 7, 624 C Street, N. E., Washington, D. C. Treasurer—James S. Roy. Organized at Washington, D. C. August, 1902. All who served in that army eligible to membership.

SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND.

President—Gen. Gates P. Thruston, Nashville, Tenn. orresponding Secretary—Private O. A. Somers, Kokomo, Ind. Treasurer—Major W. J. Colburn, Chsttanooga, Tenn. Recording Secretary—Lleut. Chas. E. Stivers, Chattanooga, Tenn. Historian—Col. G. C. Kniffin. Executive Committee—Gen. C. H. Grosvenor. Chairman; Capt. H. S. Chamberlain, Capt. J. W. Foley, Sergt. D. M. Steward, Gen. Smith D. Atkins, Col. John Tweedale, Capt. W. M. Rule, H. Clay Evans, officers of the Society, ex-officio. The Society was organized in February, 1868, and its present membership is 350. The permanent meeting place is Chattanooga, Tenn. Next reunion October 15-16, 1913.

SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

President—Col. Andrew Cowan, Vice-Presidents—Gen. Thomas R. Matthews, Major Andrew H.,
Embler, Capt. Isaac P., Gragg, Gen. Thomas Sherwin, Gen. Edward S. Greeley, Elisha H. Rhodes,
Lieut. B. Ray Phelon, Col. Louis L. Robbins, Major Chas. G. Davis, Sergt.-Major A. S. Perham, Major
Edward S. Preston, Sergt. Henry J. Bardwell, Lieut.-Col. George H. Patrick, Capt. W. A. Howe.
Treasurer—Charles A. Shaw, Recording Secretary—Gen. Horatio C. King, 44 Court Street, Brooklyn,
N.Y. The Society was organized in 1868. The present membership is over 1,800

ASSOCIATION OF THE THIRTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

President—Joseph Fifer, Springfield, Ill. Treasurer—Capt. E. C. Dougherty. Secretary—Fletcher White, Pension Office, Washington, D. C. The Association was organized at Milwaukee, August, 1889

United Confederate Veterans.

Commander—Gen. Bennett H. Young, Louisville, Ky. Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff—Major-Gen. William E. Mickle, New Orleans, La.
Army of Northern Virginia Department. Commander—Lieut.-Gen. Theodore G. Garnett, Norfolk, Va. Adjutant-General—Brig.-Gen. E. V. White, Norfolk, Va. Army of Tennessee Department. Commander—Lieut.-Gen. Geo. P. Harrison, Opelika, Ala. Adjutant-General—Brig.-Gen. E. T. Sytes, Columbus, Miss.

Trans-Mississippi Department. Commander—Lieut.-Gen. K. M. Vanzandt, Fort Worth, Tex. Adjutant-General—Brig.-Gen. W. T. Shaw, Ft. Worth, Tex.
The Confederale Veteran, Nashville, Tenn., established by S. A. Cutmingham, is the official organ. This Association was organized at New Orleans, June 10, 1889. Its awowed purpose is strictly social, literary, historical, and benevolent. Its constitution says that it "will endeavor to unite in a general federation all associations of Confederate veterans, soldiers, and sailors now in existence or hereafter to be formed; to gather authentic data for an impartial history of the war between the States; to preserve relics or mementoes of the same; to cherish the ties of friendship that should exist among men who have shared common dangers, common sufferings, and privations; to care for the disabled and extend a helping hand to the needy; to protect the widows and the orphans, and to make and preserve a record of the resources of every member, and, as far as possible, of those of our comrades who have preceded us in eternity." State organizations are authorized, and are called Divisions. The permanent headquarters of the Association is at New Orleans, La. Number of Camps, 1,770. Number of members, according to last report, about 55,000. The last reunion of the veterans was at Macon, Ga. May 7-9,1912, and the next will be held at Chattanooga, Tenn., in the Spring of 1913.

United Daughters of the Confederacy.

President—Mrs. Alexander White, Paris, Tenn. First Vice-President—Mrs. Frank G. Odenheimer, Jessup, Md. Recording Secretary—Mrs. Roy W. McKinney, Paducah Ky. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Ratic C. Schnabel, New Orleans, La. Treasurer—Mrs. C. B. Tate, Draper, Va.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy was organized at Nashville, Tenn., September 10, 1894. It is composed of the widows, wives, mothers, sisters, and lineal female descendants of men who served honorably in the army and navy of the Confederate States, or who served in the clvll service of the Confederate states or one of the Southern States, or who gave personal services to the Confederate cause. The objects of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, as stated in the constitution of the society, are "social, literary, historical, monumental, benevolent, and honorable in every degree, without any political signification whatever." (2) To cultivate ties of friendship among our women whose fathers brothers, sons and in numberless cases, mothers, shared common daugers. uegree, without any pointical signification whatever." (2) To cultivate ties of friendship among our women whose fathers, brothers, sons, and, in numberless cases, mothers, shared common daugers, sufferings, and privations; and to perpetuate honor, integrity, valor, and other noble attributes of true Southern character. (3) To instruct and instill into the descendants of true people of the South a proper respect for and pride in the glorious war history, with a veneration and love for the deeds of their forefathers which have created such a monument of military renown, and to perpetuate a truthful record of the noble and chivalric achievements of their ancestors. The organization now has 1 380 chapters in the United States. Northead South and United States. has 1,380 chapters in the United States, North and South, and City, 1 Chapter in the City of Mexico. The organization has 80,000 members.

Arlington Confederate Monument Association.

During the administration of President McKinley the Confederate dead buried in the city of Washington, D. C., and vicinity were removed to the National Cemetery at Arlington, Va., the old home of Robert E. Lee, where they were reinterred in a plot of ground set apart by the President for that purpose, and designated "The Confederate Section."

The Arlington Confederate Monument Association was formed for the purpose of erecting in this section a suitable monument to the dead there burled, and to stand, in a larger sense, as a memorial to all those who lost their lives in defense of the Confederacy, as well as to the cause they represented

the cause they represented.

The Association is formed as a committee of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, the President-General of which is the President of the association. The officers of the association are: Recording Secretary, Mrs. Drury C. Ludlow, Washington, D. C.; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Lilian Pike Roome, No. 1419 Clifton Street, Washington, D. C.; Treasurer, Wallace Streater.

The American Flag Association.

President—Col. Ralph E. Prime, Yonkers, N. Y. Secretary—Theodore Fitch, 456 North Broadway, Yonkers, New York. Treasurer—Major Henry L. Swords, U. S. Custom House, New York. The American Flag Association was organized February 17, 1898, its motto being "One Flag, One Country, God Over All." Its object is to secure National and State legislation for the protection of the flag from degrading and desecrating uses, and to secure a general observance of June 14 as "Flag Day," because on that day in 1777 Congress adopted the United States flag. The Association is composed of individual members and also the members of the Flag Committees of patriotic societies for the purpose of fostering public sentiment in favor of honoring the flag of our country and preserving it from desecration. It aims to co-ordinate the efforts of all flag committees.

American National Red Cross.

INCORPORATED by Congress, 1905. National Headquarters. Room 341, War Department, Washington, D. C. President-William H. Taft. Treasurer-Lee McClung. Secretary-Charles L. Magee. Chairman of Central Committee-Maj.-Gen. Geo. W. Davis. National Director-Ernest P. Bicknell. Executive Committee-Miss Mabel T. Boardman, James Tanner, Charles Nagle, Huntington Wilson, Brig.-Gen. George H. Torney, U. S. A.; Surg.-Gen. Chas. F. Stokes, U. S. N.

Union Veteran Legion.

The Union Veteran Legion was organized at Pittsburgh, Pa., March, 1884, and the National Organization was perfected November 17, 1886. Encampments are now organized in 21 States and the District of Columbia, numbering 152 encampments. The membership is over 20,000. To become a member, the applicant must have been an officer, solder, sailor, or marine of the Union army, navy, or marine corps during the late civil war, who volunteered prior to July 1, 1863, for a term of three years, and was honorably discharged for any cause after a service of at least two continuous years; or was, at any time, discharged by reason of wounds received in the line of duty; also those who volunteered for a term of two years prior to July 22, 1861, and served their full term of enlistment, unless discharged for wounds received in the line of duty; but no drafted person, nor substitute, nor any one who has at any time borne arms against the United States, is eligible. Headquarters, 60 East Broad Street, Columbus, O. (Report of 1911.)

The Union Society of the Civil War.

President-General—Walter S. Morton, 2 Rector Street, New York City. Register-General—Mayhew W. Bronson, Larchmont, N. Y. Secretary-General—Hiram Barney, 52 Willam Street, New York City. Treasurer-General—Frederick W. Lincoin, Greenwich, Ct. Corresponding Secretary-General—Frederick Parker, Manasquan, N. J.

The society was founded in 1909 "To perpetuate the memory of those loyal officials who, outside the military and naval service of the United States, rendered invaluable aid and assistance to the National Government and Union cause during the civil war." Eligibility—Any loyal Union man who between April 12, 1861 and April 9, 1865, served as President, Vice-President, Justice of Supreme Court, Cabinet Officer, Minister Plenipotentiary abroad, Senator, Member of House of Representatives, Special Commissioner or Executive Secretary of the United States, citizens who received by name the thanks of Congress for valuable services rendered to the Government during the Civil War, Loyal Governor of Loyal State, Lieut,-Governor, Secretary of State, State Attorney-General, State Treasurer, Commissioned Officer of Governor's Military Staff, President of State Senate, Speaker of House of Representatives, Executive Secretary, State Executive, Counsellor, Office of State Provost Marshal's Department on recruiting duty for United States Volunteer Service, State Military Agent, Member of Commission, Board or Committee appointed by Governor to aid and assist in matters connected with National protection and defence, United States Military or Provisional Governor of Secession State. Any man twenty-one years of age is eligible to membership who is descended from any of the foregoing classes provided he may be found worthy.

President—Lieutenant-General Adna R. Chaffee, U.S. A. Vice-Presidents—Rear-Admiral George C. Remey, U.S. N.; Major-General William P. Biddle, U.S. Marine Corps. Registrar—Colonel George Richards, U.S. Marine Corps. Secretary and Treasurer—Captain George C. Barnhardt, U.S. A., Washington, D.C.

Lake Champlain Association.

President—Frank S. Witherbee. Historian—Victor H. Paltsits. Treasurer—S. H. P. Pell, 43 Exchange Place, New York City. Secretary—Percival Wilds, 2 Rector Street, New York City.

The purpose of this association is: "To assemble in social gatherings; to renew and extend affiliations; to perpetuate the historical traditions, and to promote the welfare of the Lake Champlain

Valley, "

The American Endian. THE annual reports of the various Indian superintendents showed as of June 30, 1912, that the

Indian population was 327,348, distributed in the several States as follows:								
†Alabama	909	Iowa	364	Nebraska	3,832	tSo. Carolina		
Arizona	40,754	Kansas	1.317	Nevada		South Dakota	20,333	
tArkansas,	460	†Kentucky	234	†New H pshire.	34	†Tennessèe	216	
California	17.517	tLouisiana	780	†New Jersey	168	tTexas	702	
Colorado	860	† Maine	892	New Mexico	21,374	‡Utah	3,225	
†Connecticut		†Maryland	55	tNew York	6,036	TVermont	26	
+Delaware		†Massachusetts.	688	i North Carolina	7.914	t Virginia	539	
† Dist. of Co' bia.		Michigan	7,519	North Dakota		Washington	11,833	
&Florida		Minnesota		†Ohio		†West Virginia		
†Georgia	95	*Mississippi	1,253	Oklahoma	117.444	Wisconsin	9.816	
Idaho	3.823	†Missouri	313	Oregon	6,401	Wyoming	1,697	
†Illinois		Montana	11,242	†Rhode Island	284	Total for U.S.	327.348	
†Indiana			1		}		,	

The expenditures of the United States on account of the Indians in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, were \$17,690,018.65. The expenditures from 1789 to 1912, inclusive, have been \$522,867. 625.65.

*261 Sill, Oklahoma). *Approximate.

Approximate.

† States in which Indian Office has no representative; 1910 census report.

† Figures compiled partly from Indian superintendent's reports and partly from 1910 census.

§ Report of special agent to Seminoles.

Society of Tammany, or Columbian Order.

Grand Sachem-John R. Voorhis, Sachems-Louis F. Haffen, George W. Loft, Thomas F. McAvoy, Thomas E. Rush, John J. Scannell, Charles F. Murphy, Julius Harburger, John F. Ahearn, Asa Bird Gardiner, George W. Plunkitt, Timothy D. Sullivan, John Fox, William Dalton, Secretary-Thomas F. Smith, Treasurer-William Sohmer, Sagamore-Bryan P. Henry. Wiskinkie-John A. Boyle.

Wiskinkie—John Å. Boyle.

This organization was formed in 1789, being the effect of a popular movement in New York having primarily in view a counterweight to the so-called "aristocratic" Society of the Cincinnati. It was essentially anti-Federalist or democratic in its character, and its chief founder was William Mooney, an upholsterer and a native-born American of Irish extraction. It took its first title from a noted ancient, wise and friendly chief of the Delaware tribe of Indians, named Tammany, who had, for the want of a better subject, been canonized by the soldlers of the Revolution as the American parron saint. The first meeting was held May 12, 1789. The act of incorporation was passed in 1805. The Grand Sachem and thirteen Sachems were designed to typify the President and the Governors of the thirteen original States. William Mooney was the first Grand Sachem. The Society is nominally a charitable and social organization, and is distinct from the General Committee of the Tammany Democracy, which is a political organization, and cannot use Tammany Hall without the consent of the Society.

Daughters of Holland Dames.

DESCENDANTS of the ancient and honorable families of New Netherland.

The objects of the Society are to perpetuate the memory and to promote the principles and virtues of the Dutch ancestors of its members, to collect documents, genealogical and historical, relating to the Dutch in America, and to erect commemorative and durable memorials to be lasting tributes to the early Dutch settlers

Directress-General—Mrs. D. Phœnix Ingraham. Recording Secretary—Miss Alice Hart Neafie, Goshen, N. Y. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Russell W. Moore, 121 Madison Avenue, New York City. Treasurer—Mrs. Wm., H. Lefferts, 308 Lexington Avenue.

The Huguenot Society of America.

This Society was organized April 13, 1883, and has its office in New York at 29 West Thirty. ninth Street. Descent from Huguenot ancestors is the qualification necessary for membership.

The American Cross of Wonor.

President—Thomas H. Herndon, 1215 Harvard Street, N. W. Washington, D. C. Vice-President—John J. Delaney. Secretary—Harry A. George. Treasurer—Richard Stockton.
The order was organized in 1598 and incorporated by act of Congress in 1906. The membership of The American Cross of Honor is composed of persons upon whom the United States Government has conferred the life-saving medal of honor, and its object is to encourage the saving of life through-

has conferred the life-saving medal of nonor, and its object is to encourage the saving of his through individual effort and by advocating the principles of universal peace. The honorary members are: the President of the United States, the Emperor of Germany, the King of Great Britain and Ireland, the King of Italy, the President of France, ex-President Roosevelt and Andrew Carnegie. The Cross of Honor of the order is awarded annually to some person who has greatly distinguished himself in saving life, and who also has received the Government life-saving medal of honor. The associate members are persons interested in saving life and wish to aid by the payment of a small sum as annual dues.

Society of Colonial Wars.

Governor-General—Howland Pell, New York. Secretary-General—Clarence Storm. Room 62, 45 William Street, N.Y. Treasurer-General—Win. Macpherson Hornor, Philadelphia, Pa. Registrar-General—Geo. N. Mackenzie. Historian-General—T. J. Oakley, Rhinelander, N.Y. Chaplain-General—Rev. Chas. L. Hutchins, Concord, Mass. Surgeon-General—Dr. Henry A. Griffin, New

York.

York.

The Society of Colonial Wars was instituted in 1892 to "perpetuate the memory of these events and of the me" who, in military, naval, and civil positions of high trust and responsibility, by their acts or counsel assisted in the establishment, defence, and preservation of the American Colonies, and were in truth the founders of this nation. With this end in view it seeks to collect and preserve manuscripts, rolls, and records; to provide suitable commemorations or memorials relating to the American Coloniel period." Eligibility is confined to an adult male descendant of an ancestor who fought in battle under Colonial authority, from the settlement of Jamestown, Va., in 1607, to the battle of Lexington, in 1775, or who served as Governor, Deputy-Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Member of the Council, or as a military, naval, or marine officer in the service of the Colonies, or under the banner of Great Britain

The Order of the Founders and Patriots of America.

Governor-General-Rev. Chas. Wadsworth. Secretary-General-John Elderkin, Lotos Club. New York City. Treasurer-General-Arthur Marvin. Attorney-General-John C. Hinckley. Genealogist-General-Secretary Smith. Historian-General-Julius M. Foote.

The Order was founded in 1896, its object being "to bring together and associate congenial men whose ancestors struggled together for life and liberty, home and happiness, in the land when it was a new and unknown country, and whose line of descent from them comes through patriots who sustained the Colonies in the struggle for independence in the Revolutionary war; to teach reverent tained the Colonies in the struggle for independence in the Revolutionary war; to teach reverent regard for the names and history, character and perseverance, deeds and heroism of the founders of this country and their patriot descendants; to discover, collect, and preserve records, documents, manuscripts, monuments, and history relating to the first colonists and their ancestors and their descendants, and to commemorate and celebrate events in the history of the Colonies and the Republic." Eligibility—Any man above the age of twenty-one years, of good moral character and reputation, and a clitzen of the United States, who is lineally descended, in the male line of either parent, from an ancestor who settled in any of the Colonies now included in the United States of America prior to May 13, 1657, and whose intermediate ancestors in the same line during the of America prior to May 13, 1657, and whose intermediate ancestors in the same line during the Revolutionary period adhered as patriots to the cause of the Colonies. There are State Societies in New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. The Governor of the New York Society is Theodore Gilman, 55 William Street, New York City. Secretary, Wm, H. A. Holmes,

Catholic Summer School of America.

A ROMAN Catholic Chautauqua or Summer School was opened at New London, Ct., in the Summer of 1892 under the auspices of distinguished clergymen and laymen, and the first meetings were held from July 30 to August 14. The association has since acquired a site at Cliff Haven, near Plattsburg, N. Y., on Lake Champlain, upon which the necessary buildings have been erected, and here the Summer School is held annually from July to September. The work of the institution is continued throughout the year by means of reading circles and study clubs on the University Extension plan. President, Rev. David J. Hickey, L.L. D., 7 East Forty-second Street, New York.

Woman's Relief Corps.

AUXILIARY TO THE CRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

National President—Cora M. Davis, Union, Ore. National Secretary—Jennie B. Higgins, Union, Ore. This organization was created by the mothers, wives, daughter's and sisters of Union soldiers of the civil war of 1861-65, for the purpose of alding and assisting the Grand Army of the Republic, and to "perpetuate the memory of their heroic dead," to "extend needful aid to the widows and orphans," to "cherish and emulate the deeds of our army nurses," and to "incideate lessons of patriotism and love of country among our children and in the communities in which we live." The organization is composed of 38 departments, which are subdivided into corps, as well as detached corps in several States where no departments exist. The year ending June, 1911, there were 2,882 corps and 164.538 members. Amount expended for relief from June 30, 1910, to June 30, 1911, \$127,874. Headquarters, Union, Ore. (Report of 1911.)

Sons of Veterans, U. S.

Commander-in-Chief-Ralph M. Grant, Hartford, Ct. Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief-Chas. B. Martin, Parsons, Kan. Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief-C. H. Hudson, Madison, Wis. Chief of Staff-Edwin M. Amies, Altoona, Pa. National Secretary-Horace H. Hammer, Reading, Pa.

Martin, Parsons, Kan. Juntor Vice-Commander-in-Chief-C.

Staff-Edwin M. Amies, Altoona, Pa. National Sceretary-Horace H. Hammer, Reading, Pa.

National Preasurer-James Lewis Rake, Reading, Pa.

Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., was organized in the city of Philadelphia September 29, 1879. The organization is composed of lineal descendants, over eighteen years of age, of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines who served in the late civil war. There are now about one thousand Camps, with a membership of fifty thousand, distributed among twenty-six Divisions, corresponding to States, the general society or national body constituting the Commandery-in-Chief. Each Camp has its own officers, the head officer being the Commander. The principal officer of the Division is the Division Commander.

The Sons of V-terans Auxiliary is an association of women auxiliary to the above organization. Miss Frances II. Fox, Rochester, N. Y., is National President, and Mrs. Mary E. Wigg, Rochester, N. Y.,

National Secretary.

Sons of Confederate Veterans.

This organization is composed of the male descendants of men who fought in the Confederate Army or Navy during the civil war. The following are the officers: Commander-in-Chief-J.P. Norfeet, Memphis, Tenn. Anjuant-General—Nathan Bedford Forest, Memphis, Tenn. Inspector-General—E. H. Smith, Montgomery, Ala. Quartermaster-General—Edwin A. Taylor, Memphis, Tenn. Judge Advocate-General—A. R. Hefflin, Hinton, W. Va. Surgeon-General—Dr. W. H. Scudder, Mayersville, Miss. Headquarters, Memphis, Tenn.

Societies of Spanish War Veterans.

Army of the Philippines.—Commander-in-Chief—F. Warner Karling. Advudnt-General—Dr. John W. Goggin, 1305 Heyworth Building, Chicago, Ill. Any officer, soldier or sailor of the regular or volunteer army, navy, and marine corps who served honorably in the Philippine Islands during the Spanish-American war or the Philippine insurrection is eligible to membership. The next reunion will be held in Denver, Col.

Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War.—Instituted February 2, 1899. Headquarters, 78 Broad St., New York City. Officers of the National Commandery.—Commander-in-Chief—Ensign W. B. Edgar, Fall River, Mass. Recorder-in-Chief—Major Frank Keck, 78 Broad Street, New York The commander of the New York Commandery is Major Frank Keck, 29 Broadway, New York. Membership is composed of persons who served on the active list or performed active duty as commissioned officers, regular or volunteer, during the war with Spain, or who participated in the war as naval or military cadets. Membership descends to the eldest male descendant in the order of primogeniture.

Society of the Army of Santiago de Cuba.—Organized in the Governor's Palace at Santiago de Cuba July 31, 1898. President—Brig.-Gen, Chambers McKhibin. First Vice-President—Lieut.—Col. Charles Dick. Second Vice-President—Major-Gen. C. F. Humphrey. Secretary and Treasurer—Col. Alfred C. Sharpe. Ass'l Secretary and Treasurer—Col. Alfred C. Sharpe. Ass'l Secretary and Treasurer—Col. Alfred C. Sharpe. Ass'l Secretary and Treasurer—Col. Enem. Philip Reade. Annual dues \$1, life membership \$25. No initiation fee. There are branch societies in Illinois and the District of Columbia.

District of Columbia.

District of Columbia.

United Spanish War Veterans.—National Encampment United Spanish War Veterans—Organized April 18, 1904, by the consolidation of the National Army and Navy Spanish War Veterans, National Association of Spanish-American War Veterans, and the Society of the Service Men of the Spanish War, to which was added in 1906 the Legion of Spanish War Veterans and in 1908 the Veteran Army of Philippines. Commander-in-Chief-O.T. Taylor, Pennsylvania. Senior Vice-Commander-E. H. Haber, St. Louis, Mo. Inspector-General—H. C. H. Stewart, New York. Historian—W. D. Tucker, Canton, O. Soldiers and sailors of the regular and volunteer army, navv, and marine corps who served honorably in the war with Spain or the insurrection in the Philippines prior to 1902 are eligible to membership. Headquarters, 436 Epler Block, Seattle, Wash. United States Volunteer Association.—All white soldiers and sailors who served honorably in the military or naval service of the United States during the war with Spain or the incident insurrection in the Philippines are eligible to membership. This society was organized at Chattanooga, Tenn., August 17, 1899, and has a membership of nearly 44,000. It is national in scope and character. Officers: President—Gol. Wm. C. Liller, Indianapolis, Ind. First Vice-President—G.A. Wheatley, Texas. Secretary-Treasurer—Capt. Frank S. Clark, Indiana.

Carnegic Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching.

An institution founded by Andrew Carnegle in 1905, and incorporated by the Congress of the United States in 1906. The institution is endowed with \$14,000,000, and its primary purpose is to provide retiring allowances for teachers and officers of colleges, universities and technical schools in the United States, Canada and Newfoundland and, in general, of advancing the profession of the teacher and the cause of higher education. By the sixth annual meeting of the trustees in 1911, 300 allowances were being paid to teachers, and 73 pensions to widows of teachers, at an annual cost of \$553,665. The amount of the average retiring allowance is \$1,628.41, the average age of retirement being about 70 years.

Sin the administration of its endowment, the Foundation has restricted its allowances to professors and officers in a list of 72 institutions selected for their educational standing, and has published a series of widely influential reports and bulletins concerning educational conditions, The president of the foundation is Dr. Henry S. Pritchett; secretary, Clyde Furst; address, 576 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The Carnegic Institution of Washington was founded by Mr. Andrew Carnegic, January 28, 1902. when he gave to a board of trustees \$10,000,000, in registered bonds, yielding 5 per cent, annual interest. In general terms, he stated that his purpose was to "found in the city of Washington an institution which, with the co-operation of institutions now or hereafter established, there or elsewhere, shall in the broadest and most liberal manner encourage investigation, research and discovery, show the application of knowledge to the improvement of mankind, and provide such buildings, laboratories, books, and apparatus as may be needed." Mr. Carnegie added \$2,000,000 to his gift in 1907, and \$10,000,000 in 1911, making a total endowment of \$22,000,000.

By an act of Congress, approved April 28, 1904, the institution was placed under the control of a board of twenty-four Trustees, all of whom had been members of the original board referred to above.

The Trustees meet annually, and during the interwels between such meanings the office of the

The Trustees meet annually, and during the intervals between such meetings the affairs of the Institution are conducted by an Executive Committee, chosen by and from the Board of Trustees, acting through the President of the Institution as chief executive officer.

The Administration Building is situated on the S. E. corner of 16th and P Streets N. W., Wash-

ington, D. C. Ington, D. C.
Trustees of the Institution—Chairman, John S. Billings; Vice-Chairman, Elihu Root; Secretary,
Cleveland H. Dodge; Robert S. Brookings, John L. Cadwalader, Simon Flexner, William N. Frew,
Lyman J. Gage; Henry L. Higginson, Charles L. Hutchinson, Seth Low, S. Weir Mitchell, Andrew
J. Montague, William W. Morrow, Wm. Barclay Parsons, Henry S. Pritchett, Martin A. Ryerson,
William H. Tatt, Charles D. Walcott, Henry P. Walcott, William H. Welch, Andrew D. White,
George W. Wickersham, Robert S. Woodward.
President of the Institution—Robert S. Woodward.

The Carnegic Corporation of New York.

The Carnegie Corporation of New York, incorporated by an act passed by the New York Legislature June 9, 1911, was organized November 10, 1911.

The purposes of the corporation, as stated in the charter, are as follows:

"Section 1. Andrew Carnegie, Elihu Root, Henry S. Pritchett. William N. Frew, Robert S. Woodward, Charles L. Taylor, Robert A. Franks, James Bertram, and their successors are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of Carnegie Corporation of New York, for the purpose of receiving and maintaining a fund or funds and applying the income thereof to promote the advancement and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States, by alding technical schools, institutions of higher learning, libraries, scientific research, here funds, useful publications, and by such other agencies and means as shall from time to time be found appropriate therefor."

printe therefor."
The incorporators met at Mr. Carnegle's house, Friday afternoon, November 10, 1911, accepted the charter, adopted the constitution and by-laws, and elected the following officers:

President—Andrew Carnegle. **Vice-President**—Elliu Root. **Treasurer**—Robert A. Franks. **Secretary**—James Bertram, 2 East 91st Street, New York City.

Mr. Carnegle transferred to the corporation, for its corporate purposes, \$25,000,000 par value first mortgage gold bonds of the United States Steel Corporation.

It is intended that the business of founding and alding libraries and educational institutions which has been carried on by Mr. Carnegle as an individual for many years, will be turned over to the corporation at an early date and carried on by the corporation.

The Carnegie Hero Fund.

In April, 1904, Andrew Carnegie created a fund of \$5,000,000 for the benefit of the dependents of those losing their lives in heroic effort to save their fellow men, or for the heroes themselves if inottnose iosing their lives in heroic effort to save their fellow men, or for the heroes themselves if injured only. Provision was also made for medials to be given in commencation of heroic acts.

The endowment known as "The Hero Find" was placed in the hands of a commission composed of twenty-one persons, residents of Pittsburgh, Pa., of which Charles L. Taylor is President, and F. M. Wilmot, secretary and Manager of the fund.

In his letter to the Hero Fund Commission Mr. Carnegie outlined the general scheme of the fund thus: "To place those following peaceful vocations who have been injured in heroic effort to save human life in somewhat better nositions neconiarily than hefore until shie to work again. It case

thus: "To place those following peaceful vocations who have been injured in heroic effort to save numan life, in somewhat better positions pecuniarily than before, until able to work again. In case of death, the widow and children or other dependents are to be provided for until she remarries, and the children until they reach a self-supporting age. For exceptional children, exceptional grants may be made for exceptional education. Grants of sums of money may also be made to heroes or heroines as the commission thinks advisable—each case to be judged on its merits."

The fund applies only to acts performed within the United States of America, the Dominion of Canada, the Colony of Newfoundland, and the waters thereof, and such acts must bave been performed on or after April 15, 1904 and brought to the attention of the Commission within three years of the date of the act.

of the date of the act.

of the date of the act.

Applications should be made by letter addressed to the manager, Oliver Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Commission has awarded 698 medals—422 bronze, 261 silver and 15 gold. In addition to
the medals, \$645,206 has been awarded for disablement benefits, and for educational and other
special purposes, and for the dependents of heroes who lost their lives, including payments made
to December 31, 1912, on monthly allowances. Pensions in force as of this date amount to
\$\$54,780 annually. The Commission has also awarded \$\$17,462 for relief of sufferers from disasters

—at Brockton, Mass., \$10,000; from the California earthquake, \$54,462; at Monongah Mines,

Monongah, W. Va., \$35,000; at Darr Mine, Jacobs Creek, Pa., \$25,000; at Lick Branch Mine, Switchback, W. Va., \$10,000, and at Mulga Mine and Palos Mine, Mulga and Palos, Ala., \$15,000; at McCurtain Mine, McCurtain, Okla., \$15,000; and at Jed Mine, Jed, W. Va., \$10,000.

Russell Sage Foundation.

The Russell Sage Foundation was incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, April 1, 1907, for the improvement of social and living conditions in the United States of America. The Foundation does not attempt to relieve individual or family need.

TRUSTEES.—President—Mrs. Russell Sage. Vice-President—Robert W. de Forest. Treasurer—Cleveland H. Dodge. Miss Helen M. Gould, Robert C. Ogden, Mrs. William B. Rice, Miss Louisa Lee Schnyler, and Alfred T. White. General Director—John M. Glenn. Office, 105 E. 22d Street, New York. York City.

National Association of State Universities.

President—William Lowe Bryan, President Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind. Vice-President—Thomas Franklin Kane, President University of Washington, Seattle, Wash. Ex-Officio Vice-President—Philander Priestly Claxton, U.S. Commissioner of Education, Washington, D. C. Secretary Treasurer—Guy Potter Benton, President University of Vermont, Burlington, Vt. Executive Committee—The President, Vice-President, and Secretary of the Association; James Alexander MacLean, President University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho; Francis Preston Venable, President University of North Carollina, Chapel Hill, N. C.

The Alfred B. Novel Prizes.

The Swedish scientist, Alfred B. Nobel, the inventor of dynamite, died in 1896, bequeathing his fortune, estimated at \$9,000,000, to the founding of a fund, the interest of which should yearly be distributed to those who had mostly contributed to "the good of humanity." The interest is divided in five equal shares, given away. "One to the person who in the domain of physics has made the most

tortune, estimated at \$9,000,000, to the founding of a rund, the interest of which should yearly be distributed to those who had mostly contributed to "the good of humanity." The interest is divided in five equal shares, given away. "One to the person who in the domain of physics has made the most important discovery or invention, one to the person who has made the most important demical discovery or invention, one to the person who has made the most important discovery in the domain of medicine or physiology, one to the person who has made the most important discovery in the domain of medicine or physiology, one to the person who has worked most or best for the fraternization of nations, and the abolition or reduction of standing armies, and the calling in and propagating of peace congresses."

The prizes for physics and chemistry are awarded by the Swedish Academy of Science, that for physiological or medical work by the Caroline Institute (the faculty of medicine in Stockholm), that for literature by the Swedish Academy in Stockholm, and the peace prize is awarded by a committee of five persons, elected by the Norwegian Storthing.

In accordance with these statutes the awarders of the prizes (the four above named institutions) elect fifteen deputies for two consecutive years, the Academy of Science electing six, and the other prize awarders three each. These deputies elect for two consecutive years four members of the Board of Directors of the Nobel Institute, which board, exclusively consisting of Swedes, must reside in Stockholm. A fifth member, the President of the board, is nominated by the Government. The Board of Directors has in its care the funds of the institution, and hands yearly over to the awarders of the prizes the amount to be given away. The value of each prize is on an average \$40,000. The distribution of the prizes takes place every year on December 10, the anniversary of Mr. Nobel's death. Full information can be obtained from "Nobelstiftelsens Styrelse" (The Board of Directors of the Nobe

1912, P French.

1912, Professor Griggiard, of Nancy, French, and Professor Paul Sabater, of Toulouse University, Medicine: 1901, E. A. von Behring, German; 1902, R. Ross, English: 1903, N. R. Finsen, Dane; 1904, Pavloff, Russian; 1905, Prof. Robert Koch, German; 1906, Prof. Ramon y Cajal, Spanish; Professor Golgi, French; 1907, Dr. Laveran, of Paris, French; 1908, Dr. Paul Ehrlich, of Berlin, German, and Professor Elie Metschnikoff, Pasteur Institute, Paris, Russian; 1909, Professor Theodor Kocher, of Berne, Swiss; 1910, Dr. Albrecht Kossel, Professor of Physiology at Heidelberg University, German; 1911, Professor Alivar Gullstrand, of Unsala University, Swedish; 1912, Dr. Alexis Carrel of the Rockefeller University, New York, French
Literature: 1901, R. E. A. Sully-Prudhomme, French; 1902, Th. Mommsen, German; 1903, Björnstlerne Björnson, Norwegian; 1904, Frederic Mistral, French, and José Echegaray, Spaniard; 1908, Professor Rudolf Eucken, Jena University, German; 1907, Rudyard Kipling, English; 1908, Professor Rudolf Eucken, Jena University, German; 1909, Professor Rudolf Eucken, Jena University, German; 1909, Professor Ludwig Heyse, German; 1911, Maurice Maeterlinek, Belgian; 1912, Anatole France, Peace: 1901, Henri Dunant, Swiss, and Fr. Passy, French; 1902, E. Ducommun and A. Gobat, both Swiss; 1903, W. R. Cremer, English; 1904, The Institution of International Law, the first award to an institution; 1905, Baroness von Suttner, Austrian; 1906, President Theodore Roosevelt, American; 1907, Ernesto Teodoro Moneta, Italian, and Lonis Renault, French; 1908, K. P. Arnoldson, Swede, and M. F. Bajer, Dane; 1909, Baron d'Estouruelles de Constant, French, and M. Beernaert, Belgian; 1910, International Permanent Peace Bureau, Berne; 1911, Professor T. M. C. Asser, founder of the Institute de Droit International, Dutch, and Alfred Fried, editor of the Journal Freiedens-Warte, of Vienna, Austrian.

Smithsonian Enstitution

(WASHINGTON, D. C.)

FOR THE INCREASE AND DIFFUSION OF KNOWLEDGE AMONG MEN. OFFICERS OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Ex-Office Presiding Officer of the Institution, William H. Tatt, President of the United States; Chaucetlor of the Institution, Charles D. Walcott; Assistant Secretary in Charge of United States; Secretary of the Institution, Charles D. Walcott; Assistant Secretary in Charge of United States National Museum, Richard Rathbun; Assistant Secretary in Charge of Library and Exchanges, Frederick W. True.

Board of Regents, — Vice-President of the United States, Chancellor; Edward Douglass White, Chief Justice of the United States; Shelby M. Cullom, Member of the Senate; Henry Cabot Lodge, Member of the Senate; A. O. Bacon, Member of the Senate; Henry Cabot Lodge, Member of the Fores, Member of the House of Representatives; Forther Ferris, Member of the House of Representatives; Forther Ferris, Member of the House of Representatives; Profile Truin S. Pepper, Member of the House of Representatives; D. C.; Charles F. Choarles, Ir., citizen of Messachusetts; George Gray, citizen of Indiana.

Charles W. Fairbanks, citizen of Indiana.

The Institution at Washington, D. C., was established by statute in 1846, under the terms of the will of James Smithson, who bequeathed his fortune in 1826 to the United States for the "increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." From the income of States for the "increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." From the income of the fund a building, known as the Smithsonian Building, was erected on land given by the United States. The Institution is legally an establishment having as its members the President of the United States, the Vice-President, the Chief Justice, and the President's Cabinet. It is governed by a Board of Regents consisting of the Vice-President, the Chief Justice, three members of the United States Senate, three members of the House of Representatives, and six cltizens of the United States appointed by joint resolution of Congress. It is under the immediate direction of the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, who is the executive officer of the Board and the director of the Institution's rectivities.

activities.

For the increase of knowledge, the Institution aids investigators by making grants for research and exploration, supplying books, apparatus, laboratory accommodations, etc. It occasionally provides for lectures, which are published. It has initiated numerous solentific projects of national importance, some of which have been turned over to the Government and resulted in the creation of independent Government bureaus. It advises Government and resulted in the creation of independent Government bureaus. It advises the Government in many matters of scientific importance, especially in those that have an international aspect. It co-operates with national scientific bodies, such as the National Academy of Sciences, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Historical Association, etc. It issues three regular series of publications: Annual Reports, containing papers of general interest intended to keep the ordinary reader abreast of the progress of science; Contributions to Knowledge, the distinct feature of which is that each memoir constitutes an original contribution to knowledge; Miscellaneous Collections, which contain bibliographies, reports of expeditions and of various scientific researches, and standard tables. All these publications are distributed gratuitously to important libraries throughout the world. to important libraries throughout the world.

The Institution maintains a library, in co-operation with the Library of Congress, which numbers 265,000 volumes and consists mainly of the transactions of learned societies and scientific periodicals. While the body of the library is deposited in the Library of Congress and accessible to all its readers, a working library is maintained at the Institution. Lists, bibliographies, rules for cataloguing and library work have been published. The Institution supports a table at the Naples Zoological Station. All these and numerous other activities may be carried on solely from the income of the Smithsonian fund. The Regents are empowered to accept gifts without action of Congress, in furtherance of the nurnoses of the Institution and to administer trusts in accord the rewith.

Regents are empowered to accept gifts without action of Congress, in furtherance of the purposes of the Institution, and to administrative charge of several branches which grew out of its early activities and which are supported by Congressional appropriations. These are the National Museum, including the National Gallery of 'Art; the International Exchange Service, the Bureau of American Ethnology, the National Zoological Park, the Astrophysical Observatory, and the United States Regional Bureau for the International Catalogue of Scientific Literature.

THE UNITED STATES NATIONAL MUSEUM is the depository of the national collections. It is especially rich in the natural history, geology, paleontology, archaeology and ethnology of America, and has unique collections of American history, as well as

and ethnology of America, and has unique collections of American history, as well as many series relating to fine arts and the industrial arts. It is both an educational and a research museum, and issues numerous scientific publications. The National Gallery of Art consists largely of the collections of etchings and engravings of George P. Marsh, the collections of Charles L. Freer, containing numerous paintings and etchings by Whistler, and examples of Chinese and Japanese art; the Harriet Lane Johnston collection, including a number of the greatest English portrait painters, and the collection of William T. Evans, of one hundred and thirty-nine paintings, representing some of the best work of one hundred and thirty-nine paintings, representing

some of the best work of one hundred American artists.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE SERVICE, carried on in accordance with the terms of treaties entered into between the United States and various foreign nations, is for the free interchange of scientific, literary and Governmental publications between the Government of the United States and foreign Governments and institutions, and investigations in the United States and foreign Governments and institutions, and investigators in the United States and foreign lands. It has correspondents in all parts of the world, and since its establishment more than 4,000,000 packages, containing many millions of publications, have been handled by it.

THE BUREAU OF AMERICAN ETHNOLOGY, for the study of the North American Laboratory Control of the North American Control of the North Ameri

Indian; THE ASTROPHYSICAL OBSERVATORY, for the study of the Norm American Indian; THE ASTROPHYSICAL OBSERVATORY, for the investigation of solar phenomena; THE NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK at Washington, containing about 1,400 animals, and the Regional Bureau of the INTERNATIONAL CATALOGUE OF SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE, for the preparation of a classified index to the current scientific literature of the United States are also branches of the work of the Institution,

Copyright Law of the United States.

DIRECTIONS FOR SECURING COPYRIGHT UNDER ACT OF CONGRESS OF MARCH 4, 1909,

The copyright law approved March 4, 1909, which took effect on July 1, 1909, provides that application for registration of any work "shall specify to which of the following classes the work in which copyright is claimed belongs:"

· SUBJECT MATTER OF COPYRIGHT.

(a) Books, including composite and cyclopaedic works, directories, gazetteers, and other compilations; (b) periodicals, including newspapers; (c) lectures, sermons, addresses, prepared for oral delivery; (d) dramatic or dramatico-musical compositions; (e) musical compositions; (f) maps; (g) works of art; models or designs for works of art; (h) reproductions of a work of art; (l) drawings or plastic works of a scientific or technical character; (j) photographs; (k) prints and pictorial illustrations. The Amendment of August 24, 1912, adds: (i) motion picture photo-plays; (m) motion pictures other than photo-plays.

The application for registration of any article should distinctly specify to which one of these classes the work belongs. An article is not entitled to registration unlessy to which one of these to class it under one or the other of the designations named in the statute.

STEPS NECESSARY TO SECURE COPYRIGHT REGISTRATION.

For works reproduced in copies for sale: 1. Publish the work with the copyright notice. The notice may be in the form "Copyright, 19... (year date of publication) by (name of copyright proprietor)." 2. Promptily after publication, send to the Copyright Office. Library of Congress, Washington, D. C., two copies of the best edition of the work, with an application for registration. In the case of motion picture photo-plays and of motion pictures other than photoplays a description of the work must be filed and a money order payable to the Register of Copy-

rights for the statutory registration fee of \$1.

In the case of books by American authors, or permanent residents of the United States, the copies deposited must be accompanied by an amidavit, under the official seal of an officer authorized to administer oaths, stating that the typesetting, printing, and binding of the book have been performed within the United States. Affidavit and application forms will be supplied by the copy-

right office on request.

performed within the United States. Ammavit and application forms will be supplied by the copyright office on request.

Books of foreign origin in a language or languages other than English are not required to be manufactured in the United States. In the case of a book in the English language published abroad before publication in this country, an ad interim copyright for 30 days from the day of the deposit of the foreign copy may be secured by depositing in the Copyright Office one complete copy of the foreign edition within 30 days after its publication abroad. If two copies of such book manufactured in this country are deposited with application for registration and fee (\$1) during the ad interim term, the copyright shall be extended for the full term of 28 years.

For works not reproduced in copies for sale: Copyright may also be had of certain classes of works (see a. b. c. below) of which copies are not reproduced for sale, by filing in the Copyright Office an application for registration, with the statutory fee of \$1, sending therewith: (a) In the case of lectures or other oral addresses or of dramatic or musical compositions, one complete manuscript or typewritten copy of the work. This privilege of registration, however, does not exempt the copyright proprietor from the deposite of printed copies for sale. (b) In the case of works of at (paintings, drawings, sculpture circulation, one photographic print. (c) It the case of works of atractic, one photographic print. (c) It the case of works of a tractic none photographic print (e) It the case of works of a natice of printed copies for sale. (b) In the case of photographs not inheaded for general circulation, one photographic print. (c) It the case of works of atracter, one photographe and description and one print taken from each scene core. In case of a motion picture other than a photo-play, a title and description with not less than two prints to be taken from different sections of a complete motion picture. In all these cases, if the work is later r

COPYRIGHT FEES.

For registration of any work subject to copyright, \$1, which sum is to include a certificate of registration under seal. But only one registration at one fee is required in the case of several volumes of the same book deposited in the Copyright Office at the same time. For every additional certificate of registration, or copy of record under seal, 50 cents. In the case of photographs the fee shall be 50 cents where a certificate is not requested. For recording and certifying an assignment of copyright, or for a certified copy of an assignment, \$1, if the instrument is not over three hundred words in length; if more than three hundred and less than one thousand words in length, \$2; if more than one thousand words in length, \$1 additional for each additional one thousand words or fraction thereof over three hundred words. For comparing a copy of an assignment with the record of such document in the Copyright Office and certifying the same under seal, \$1. For recording the transfer of the proprietorship of copyright articles, 10 cents for each title of a book or other article, in addition to the fee prescribed for recording the instrument of assignment. For recording an extension or renewal of copyright, 50 cents. Remittances should be made by money order payable to the Register of Copyrights. Forms for application for copyright tergistration will be furnished on request.

DURATION OF COPYRIGHT.

The original term of copyright runs for twenty-eight years. Within one year prior to the expiration of the original term, the author, if living, or the widow or widower of the author, or the children of the author if he be not living; or if none of these be living then the author's executors, or in the absence of a will, the author's next of kin may secure a renewal for a further term of twenty-eight years, making fifty-six years in all. In case of composite works, if the proprietor secured the original copyright, he may also secure the renewal.

ASSIGNMENTS.

Copyrights are assignable by any instrument of writing. Every assignment of copyright must be recorded in the Copyright Office within three calendar months after its execution in the United States or within six calendar months after its execution without the limits of the United States, "in default of which it shall be void as against any subsequent purchaser or mortgages for a valuable consideration, without notice, whose assignment has been duly recorded." Every assignment of copyright executed in a foreign country must be acknowledged by the assignor before a consular officer or secretary of legation of the United States authorized by law to administer oaths or perform notarial acts. The certificate of such acknowledgment under the hand and official seal of such consular officer or secretary of legation is prima fact evidence of the execution of the Instrument. officer or secretary of legation is prima facte evidence of the execution of the instrument.

COPYRIGHT LAW OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

COPYRIGHT LAW OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT RELATIONS.

Copyright relations have been established with the following foreign countries by proclamation of the President: Austria, Belgium, Chile, Costa Rica, Cuba, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain and her possessions, Italy, Luxemburg, Mexico, Netherlands and possessions, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tunis.

Copyright treaties have also been entered into with China, Japan and Hungary (the latter in effect on October 16, 1912). The Copyright Convention of Mexico of 1902 has been rathed by the United States and is effective from July 1, 1908, as between the United States and Costa Rica, Quatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Salvador.

The Initiative and Referendum.

THE Referendum has been defined as "the referring of legislation to the people for final rejection or acceptance"; the initiative as "the giving to the people the right of proposing legislation to be acted upon." It has been further said that the Referendum as it is now generally advocated requires that no law save a strictly defined class of urgent measures for the public peace, health and safety, which usually must have a two-thirds or three-fourths majority to pass, shall go into effects without which usually must have a two-thirds or three-fourths majority to pass, shall go into effect without waiting a fixed time, say interty days. If, during this time, a part of the voters, say ten per cent, sign a petition for the Referendum on that law, it would not go into effect till the next regular election, when the people would vote on it, and if a majority voted "no" it would not be a law. The initiative gives the people the power to originate laws. If a certain percentage of the voters, say ten per cent, sign a petition for a law and file it with the proper official it must come before the Legislature and perhaps be referred to the people. Sometimes the law requires that legislation be referred to the people, whether they petition it or not. This is called the "Compulsory Referendum." Where the Referendum is taken only when a certain number petition for it, it is called the "Optional Referendum." The Referendum and the Initiative provide for direct legislation, that is, legislation directly by the people. Referendum." The Referendum and the initiative provide to the Board of Library Commissioners directly by the people.

Mr. C. B. Galbreath, State Librarian and Secretary of the Board of Library Commissioners of the State of Obio, in a pamphlet issued by the Obio State Library in 1911, gives the following sketch of the progress of the initiative and Referendum in the United States:

1897—Jowa applied Referendum to all franchise grants.

Nebraska made the Initiative and Referendum optional in cities.

1898—South Dakota adopted Initiative and Referendum amendment.

1900—Utah adopted amendment, for which Legislature has never passed enabling act.

1901—Illinois passed public policy law providing for Advisory Referendum.

1902—Oregon, by Constitutional amendment, secured an effective form of the Initiative and

1902—Oregon, by Constitutional amendment, secured an enecure form of the Americana Referendum.

1903—Los Angeles, Cal., applied Initiative and Referendum in municipal affairs.

1905—Nevada, by Constitutional amendment, adopted the Referendum.

Grand Rapids, Mich., applied Initiative and Referendum to municipal affairs.

1906—Montana adopted Initiative and Referendum amendment.

Delaware, by popular vote, instructed the Legislature to provide for the Initiative and Delaware, by po Referendum. Oklahoma placed Initiative and Referendum in the Constitution to be submitted to the people.

Maine Legislature voted to submit an Initiative and Referendum amendment. Missouri Legislature voted to submit an Initiative and Referendum amendment

Missouri Legislature voiced to submit an initiative and Referendum amendment.

North Dakota Legislature voted to submit an initiative and Referendum amendment.

Delaware Legislature placed the initiative and Referendum in the charter of Wilmington.

—Missouri adopted initiative and Referendum by a vote of 177,615 to 147,290.

Mains adopted initiative and Referendum by a vote of 53,785 to 24,543.

The Legislature of North Dakota falled to submit the initiative and Referendum to the people.

The Legislature of North Dakota failed to submit the initiative and Referendum to the people, 1909—Arkansas Legislature voted to submit Initiative and Referendum amendment.

Colorado Legislature voted to submit Initiative and Referendum amendment. Proceedings of the 1910—Arkansas adopted Initiative and Referendum amendment by a vote of 91,367 to 39,111.

Colorado adopted Initiative and Referendum amendment by a vote of 89,141 to 28,698.

Arizona placed Initiative and Referendum in Constitution to be submitted to popular vote.

New Mexico placed Initiative and Referendum in Constitution to be submitted to popular vote.

Referendum and Recall.

The people of Arizona voted approval of Constitution containing provisions for the Initiative and Reported to the provision of the Initiative and Recall.

The people of New Mexico voted approval of Constitution containing provisions for the Initiative and Referendum.

The California Legislature voted to submit the Initiative, Referendum and Recall amendments, and the electors later in the same year adopted them by a vote of 168,744 to 52,093.

The Legislature of Nevada for a second time voted to submit an Initiative amendment to the

The Legislature of Nevada for a second time voted to submit an Initiative amendment to the Constitution.

The Legislatures of the States of Washington, Wyoming, North Dakota, Nebraska, Florida, Idaho and Wisconsin voted to submit to the people Initiative and Referendum amendments to the Constitution

The Legislature of Ohio in 1911 passed an act providing for the Initiative and Referendum in all the cities of the State; requiring thirty per cent, of the electors for the Initiative and iffeen per cent, for the Referendum, an initiative and Referendum system was adopted by the city of Los Angeles at a special election held on December 1, 1902. Since then Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, Pasadena, Eureka, Santa Monica, Alameda, Santa Cruz, Long Beach, Santa Barbara, Palo Alto, Richmond, and Berkeley in California have adopted charters of the model of Los Angeles. The California Legislature in 1911 passed a law conferring initiative and Referendum powers on voters in cities.

Methods of electing United States Senators by a popular vote have been adopted by the States of Oregon, Nebraska, Nevada, Minnesota, New Jersey, Ohlo, Wisconsin, Kansas, and California.

California

California.
The Initiative and Referendum bill was killed in the Massachusetts-House of Representatives in 1911 by a vote of 125 to 75. A two-thirds vote necessary in order to amend State Constitution.
—The Supreme Court of the United States on February 19, 1912, handed down a decision upon the claim of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company, that a tax upon it imposed by the Initiative and Referendum method in Oregon, was unconstitutional. The Court decided that only Congress and not the Supreme Court of the United States may object to the Initiative and Referendum. Chief Justice White announced the decision of the Court. Returns on the Initiative and Referendum measures submitted to Montana's voters at the election in November, 1912, indicated that several of them were carried by away majorities. They provide for party nominations for State offices by direct vote, limiting the campaign expenditures of candidates to 15 per cent of the office salary for one year, and providing for the direct election of United States Senators and for a Presidential primary.

The Uibrary of Congress.

The Library of Congress was established in 1800, destroyed in 1814 by the burning of the Capitol, afterward replenished by the purchase by Congress of the library of ex-President Jefferson, 6,760 volumes (cost, \$23,950; in 1851, 35,000 volumes destroyed by fire; in 1852, partially replenished by an appropriation of \$75,000; increased (1) by regular appropriations by Congress; (2) by deposits under the copyright law; (3) by gifts and exchanges; (4) by the exchanges of the Smithsonian Institution, the library of which (40,000 volumes) was, in 1866, deposited in the Library of Congress with the stipulation that future accessions should follow it. Sixty sets of Government publications are at the disposal of the Librarian of Congress for exchange, through the Smithsonian, with foreign Governments, and this number may be increased up to 100. Other special accessions have been: The Peter Force collection (22, 529 volumes, 37,000 pamphlets), purchased 1867, cost \$100,000; the Count de Rochambean collection (manuscript), purchased 1883, cost \$20,000; the Toner collection (eggravings).

The collection is now the largest in the Western Hemisphere, and third in the world. It comprised at the end of the fiscal year (June 30, 1912) about 2,012,393 printed books and pamphlets (including the law library of which, while a division of the Library of Congress, still remains at the Capitol), manuscripts, maps and Ctarts, pieces of music, and photographs, prints, engravings, and lithographs

manuscripts, maps and charts, pieces of music, and photographs, prints, engravings, and lithographs

numbering about a million.

The collection is rich in history, political science, in official documents, National, state, and foreign, and in Americana, including important files of American newspapers and original manuscripts (Colonial, Revolutionary, and formative periods). Many of the rare books and manuscripts belonging to the Library are exhibited in show cases on the second floor.

The Library is rich in special collections acquired since 1897.

In Prints—the Hubbard collection, gift in 1898 of Mrs. Gardiner G. Hubbard; Noyes works of Japanese artists; Garrett, 19,113 prints (on deposit); George Lothrop Bradley, 1,980 engravings; prints issued by the Government calcographies of France, Germany, Italy, Japan and Austria-

prints issued by the Government Calcographies of France, Germany, Italy, Japan and Austria-Hungary.

Manuscripts—The PAPERS OF NINE PRESIDENTS; Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Jackson, Van Buren, Polk, Pierce, and Johnson. AMERICAN STATESMEN AND PILITICIANS: Franklin R. Morris, Hamilton, Van Buren, Duff Green, Washburne, Clayton, Chase, Critteuden, Lyman Trumbull, E. M. Stanton, John Sherman, Gideon Welles (deposited); James H. Hammond, J. L. M. Curry, MILITARY PAPERS; Pickett papers, Gen, George B. McClellan; Gen. W. T. Sherman, DIPLOMATIC: Wm. Short papers, NAVAI PAPERS; Preble, John Paul Jones. COMMERCIAL HISTORY: Ellis, 1805-1853; Bourne, 1776-1816; Galloway tearly part of the eighteenth century); letters of William Taylor (the latter part of the eighteenth century); of John White, cashier of the Bank of the United States at Battlinore; Edward Dixon, merchant of Port Royal, 1743-1796. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Papers of William Thornton; George Watterston. EUROPEAN ARCHIVES: Stevens Index, 1763-1783; upward of 100,000 folios of transcripts of documents relating to American Colonial history. STATE PAPERS: Continental Congress; House of Representatives. COLONIAL DOCUMENTARY HISTORY: Records of Virginia Company; Spanish papers of New Mexico and Florida; Philippine and Guam Documents. SCIENTIFIC: Maury papers, MEXICAN HISTORY: Yutroide papers; Inquisition papers, 1759. LITERARY: Louise Chandler Moulton collection of letters.

Maps—The Kohl Collection; manuscript maps of Lord Howe (and many other manuscript maps); the Lowery Collection of maps of SPANISH POSSESSIONS NOW WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Printed Books—The Weber library (Sanskrit literature, 3,018 volumes, 1,002 pamphlets); Hatele Montry and the Colonial

Printed Books—The Weber library (Sanskrit literature, 3,018 volumes, 1,002 pamphlets); Hattala (Slavic, about 1,500 volumes); Yudin (Russian, 80,000 volumes); the Huitfeldt-Kaas (Scandinavian, 5,000 volumes); the John Boyd Thacher collection of Incunabula (deposited); the Deluard collection of Hebraica, comprising upward of 10,000 titles, was given to the Library by Mr. Jacob H.

Schiff in 1912.

Schiff in 1912.
In 1897 the main collection was removed from the Capitol to the building erected for it under the acts of Congress approved April 15, 1886, October 2, 1888, and March 2, 1889, at a cost of \$6, 347, 000 (limit by law, \$6,500,000), exclusive of the land, which cost \$555,000. The architects who furnished the original designs were John L. Smithmeyer and Paul J. Pelz. By the act of October 2, 1888, before the foundations were laid, Thomas L. Casey, Chief of Engineers of the Army, was placed in charge of the construction of the building, and the architectural details were worked out by Paul J. Pelz and Edward P. Casey. Upon the death of General Casey, in March, 1896, the entire charge of the construction devolved upon Bernard R. Green, General Casey's assistant, and under his superintendence the building was completed in February, 1897, opened to the public November, 1897. The building occupies three and three-quarter acres upon a site ten acres in extent at a distance of 1,270 feet east of the Capitol, and is the largest and most magnificent library building in the world. In the decorations some forty painters and sculptors are represented—all American citizens. The floor space is 326,195 square feet, ornearly 8 acres. The book stacks including the new stack built over the southeast interior court, contain about 100 miles of shelving, affording space for 3,540,000 octavo volumes and 84,000 volumes of newspapers.

east Interior court, contain about 100 miles of sneiving, afforcing space for 5,040,000 octave volumes and 84,000 volumes of newspapers.

The Library is maintained by annual appropriations by Congress for various purposes, including the purchase of books. Total appropriation for 1913—\$587, 405,00. For service and contingent expenses, \$390,420.00; purchase of books, \$98,000.00; building and grounds, \$98,985.00. Library Service.—Library proper, 340 employés; copyright, \$8; distribution of cards, 27; disbursement and care of building and grounds, 123. Total, 578. By virtue of the act of 1897, employés in the Library proper are appointed by the Librarian of Congress "solely with reference to their fitness for that protiging duties."

their fitness for their particular duties."

Copyright Office.—The Copyright Office is a distinct division of the Library of Congress, and is located on the ground floor, south side; open 9 to 4.30. It is under the immediate charge of the Register of Copyrights, who, by the acts of February 19, 1897, and March 4, 1909, is authorized "under the direction and supervision of the Librarian of Congress," to perform all the duties relating to copyrights. Copyright registration was transferred to the Librarian of Congress by the act of July 8, 1870. Of most articles copyrighted two coples, and of some one copy, must be deposited in the Library of Congress to perfect conyright

gress to perfect copyright.

Entitled by statute to draw books for home use are the following: The President, the Vice-President, senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress (no books may be given out upon the orders of members in favor of those who are not members); Heads of Departments; the Justices, Reporter, and Clerk of the Supreme Court; the Judges and Clerk of the Court of Claims; Judges of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia and Judges of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia; representatives at Washington of foreign Governments; the Solicitor-General and Assistant

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS-Continued.

Attorney-General; the Secretary of the Senate; the Clerk of the House of Representatives, the Solicitor of the Treasury, ex-Presidents of the United States; the Chaplains of the two Houses of Congress; the Secretary and Regents of the Smithsonian Institution; the members and Secretary of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and Chief of Engineers of the Army.

Inter-Library Loans,—While not a lending Library, but a reference Library, primarily and essentially, the Library of Congress maintains an inter-library loan system by which special service is rendered to scholarship by the lending of books to other libraries for the use of investigators, engaged in serious research, which it is not within the power or duty of the Library in question to supply, and which at the time, are not needed in Washington.

 \overline{Hours} .—The Library building is open to the public all days in the year excepting certain legal days. The hours are from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. week days, and from 2 p. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays and holidays, holidays.

The Main Reading Room, and Periodical Reading Room are open to the public from $9\,\text{A.M.}$ to $10\,\text{P.M.}$ week days, and from $2\,\text{P.M.}$ to $10\,\text{P.M.}$ Sundays and holidays. The Librarian's Office is open for the transaction of business from 9 a. m. to 4.30 p.m. week days,

and from 2 P. M. to 6 P.M. Sundays and holidays. The other administrative divisions of the Library, including the Copyright Office, are open for the transaction of business from 9 A.M. to 4.30 P.M. all days in the year, excepting legal holidays and

Sundays. Librarians Since the Inception of the Library.—1800-1814, the Clerk of the House of Representatives (to the time being); 1815-1829, George Watterston; 1829-1861, John S. Meeban; 1861-1864, John G. Stephenson; 1864-1897 (June 30), Ainsworth R. Spofford; 1897-January 17, 1899, John Russell Young; 1899 (April 5), Herbert Putnam.

General Administration.—Librarian of Congress, Herbert Putnam; Chief Assistant Librarian, Appleton P. C. Griffin; Chief Clerk, Allen R. Boyd; Secretary, Jessica L. Farnum.

The Rhodes Scholarship at Oxford University.

CECIL BHODES, statesman, who died at Cape Town, South Africa, March 26, 1902, directed in his will dated July 1, 1899, that a part of his fortune, estimated at \$10,000,000, should be applied to the creation of a fund for the support of a certain number of scholarships covering a three-years' course at the University of Oxford. He directed that the selection of the recipients of this gift should be made from three to nine from each of the British Colonies, two from each State and Territory of the United States, or one hundred in all, and fifteen from Germany. Mr. Rhodes desired that in awarding the scholarships, account should be taken of different qualities—literary and scholastic attainments, love of outdoor sports, strong, manly qualities such as courage, generosity, kindness, etc., high moral character, and desire to serve in public affairs.

morai character, and desire to serve in public affairs.

The agencies for final selection vary agood deal. Scholars from Cape Colony are chosen by the individual schools to which the scholarships are especially assigned. In several of the Canadian provinces and in a few States of the American Union it has been decided that an appointment shall be made in rotation by the leading universities. Under this system the field of selection each year is somewhat narrowed, but it is possible to carry out more closely than otherwise the suggestions made by Mr. Rhodes, who appears to have had in his mind selection by a single institution. The five German students for whom annual provision is made are nominated, according to the terms of the will, by the Emperor himself. In the great majority of the States of the Union, in outlying colonies like Bermuda, Jamaica and Newfoundland, in four provinces of Canada, in New Zealand and the States of Australia, the final choice of the scholar is left in the hands of a Committee of Selection. Great care has been taken in the constitution of these committees, as it has been felt that on the wise and impartial exercise of their judgment depends more than upon anything else the full success of the scheme.

In most of the States the selection is made by a committee appointed by representatives of the colleges; in some the appointments are made in rotation by the leading colleges.

The conditions regulating the award of scholarships in the American States provide that the candidates shall have satisfactorily completed the work of at least two years in some college of liberal arts and sciences. The upper age limit must be twenty-four years at the time of entering upon the scholarship at Oxford. To be eligible the candidate must be a citizen of the United States, or the son of a citizen, and must be unmarried. Each student receives an allowance of £300 a year, which is equivalent to \$1,500, payable in quarterly instalments, which is just enough to enable a man to pay the expenses of vacations as well as terms. The first instalment is not payable until the student has actually gone into residence at Oxford, so he should go abroad with one or two hundred dollars in his nossession in his possession.

At the beginning of Michaelmas term, October, 1904, there entered Oxford seventy-two Rhodes scholars; forty-three were Americans, twenty-four Colonials and five Germans. The full number osciolais; lorty-turee were Americans, twenty-four Colonias and five Germans. The full number of scholarships, when all are filled, is, at present, 189; and this number should be maintained from year to year, vacancies being filled as the men complete their three-years' course. The last examination in the United States took place in October, 1912. There will be examinations also in October, 1913, and 1915, respectively. The examinations are not competitive, but qualifying. Inquiries as to particulars by intending candidates may be addressed to any college. Information may also be obtained from The Rhodes Trust, Seymour House, Waterloo Place, Lendon, S. W., or from F. J. Wylie, Secretary to the Rhodes trustees, Brasenose College, Oxford, England.

**Enternational Academp of Sciences, Arts and Actters.

Perpetual Secretary—Dr. Francis C. Nicholas, New York, N. Y.: **President**—Dr. Thomas G. Lewis, Washington, D. C.: **Vice-**President***—E. B. Webster, Washington, D. C.: **Secretary**—C. N. Murray, 1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C. **Treasurer**, D. McLaren, Washington, D. C. Organized and incorporated, Washington, D. C., 1910. Object: The promotion of the study of sciences, arts, and letters, on an international basis. **Meetings at Oriental University Hall, 1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C. Annual dues \$2.00. Membership, 75.

New Xork Public Library.

ASTOR, LENOX AND TILDEN FOUNDATIONS.

ESTABLISHED by consolidation of the "Trustees of the Astor Library," the "Trustees of the trustees of the Astor Library," the "Trustees of the Enox Library" and the "Tilden Trust." May 23, 1895, twenty-one trustees being chosen from the Trustees of these corporations; in 1902 the number of Trustees was increased to twenty-five, of which number the Mayor of the city of New York, the Comptroller and the President of the Board of Aldermen serve ex-officio. The agreement of consolidation provided for the establishment and maintenance of a free public library and reading room in the city of New York, with such branches as might be deemed advisable for the continued promotion of the objects and purposes of these several corporations.

The Trustees soon after consolidation in 1895, determined to pursue a liberal policy and to create a great library system that would serve the needs of scholars and of the general reading public as well. An act was passed by the Legislature and approved May 19, 1897, giving the city the necessary authority to issue bonds for the construction of a building on the present site and to contract with the New York Public Library for its occupancy. Carrère & Hastings were appointed architects of the building on December 9, 1897. The corner-stone was laid November 10, 1902, and the building was opened to the public on May 23, 1911.

The building is in the form of a rectangle 390 feet long and 270 feet deep, built around two liner courts, each about 80 feet square; it has a cellar, basement and three upper floors. The area covered is about 115,000 square feet, the cubic contents 10,380,000 cubic feet. The material is already termont marble (375,000 cubic feet), bonded in brick waits. There are seats for 768 readers in the main reading room and sects in other public contents 10,380,000 cubic feet. The material is already by termont marble (375,000 cubic feet), bonded in brick waits. There are seats for 768 readers in the main reading room and sects in other p

for about 500,000 volumes.

The building fronts on Flith Avenue, looking East. On the basement floor, with entrance from Forty-second Street, are the rooms for circulation of books, for children's reading, for newspapers, a Library School and its offices, and public telephones; on this basement floor with entrance on Fortieth Street, are the shipping rooms and the printing and binding offices. On the first floor are the business offices of the circulation department, the offices of the Bursar, a reception room, an exhibition room, and reading rooms for current periodicals, technology, patents. On the second floor are the offices of the Director and Assistant Director, a lecture room, the ordering and cataloguing rooms, and reading rooms for Jewish literature, Oriental literature, Slavonic literature, science, economics and sociology and public documents. On the third floor are the public catalogue room and the main reading room, the latter occupying nearly the whole of the west front of the building, in size about 300 feet long by 80 feet wide, with seats for 768 or laterative. Along the south side of the third floor are special reading rooms devoted to American history, maps and engravings. Along the Flith Avenue front are the art and architecture reading rooms for music and for genealogy and local history.

pleture galleries. Along the north front of the third floor are reading rooms for music and for genealogy and local history.

On March 12, 1901, Mr. Andrew Carnegle offered to give \$5,200,000 to the city for the construction and equipment of free circulating libraries, upon condition that the city should provide the land and agree to maintain the libraries when built. This communication was submitted to the Mayor on March 15, and on April 26 an act was passed authorizing acceptance of the gift by the city upon the terms imposed by Mr. Carnegle. An agreement with the city was executed on July 17, the Library acting as agent for Mr. Carnegle, under which forty-two buildings are to be erected in Manhattan, the Bronx, and Richmond (later increased to fifty), on sites to be selected and purchased by the city with the approval of the Library, the buildings to be leased to the Library and to be under its control. The city agrees to provide adequate yearly maintenance, 10 per cent. of the cost of each building being agreed upon as a minimum.

November 7, 1901, an agreement was made with three firms of architects in New York to prepare plans and specifications for these branch libraries. On June 6, 1902, an issue of bonds for \$250,000 was authorized for purchase of sites. The first Carnegle building, known as the Yorkville branch, was opened December 13, 1902, at 222 East Seventy-ninth Street; the second, providing a new home for the Chatham Square branch, was opened November 2, 1903, at 33 East Broadway. By the end of 1911 thirty-two branches had been opened under this contract. The Trustees of the Library are:

Library are:
John W. Alexander,
William W. Appleton,
John L. Cadwalader,
Andrew Carnegle, Cleveland H. Dodge.

John Murphy Farley, John Henry Hammond, John Henry Hammond, Lewis Cass Ledyard, J. Plerpont Morgan,

Morgan J. O'Brien, Stephen H. Olin, Henry Fairfield Osborn, William Barclay Parsons. George L. Rives, William Stewart Tod Chas. Howland Russell,

Cleveland H. Dodge, J. Plerpont Morgan, George L. Rives, Henry W. Tatt, Mayor of the city of New York, ex-officio. Comptroller of the city of New York, ex-officio. Comptroller of the city of New York, ex-officio. Comptroller of the city of New York, ex-officio. President of the Board of Aldermen, ex-officio. Comptroller of the city of New York, ex-officio. President of the Board of Aldermen, ex-officio. Comptroller of the city of New York, ex-officio. There is an advisory committee on the city of New York, ex-officio. President of the Board of Aldermen, ex-officio. Comptroller of the city of New York, ex-officio. There is an advisory committee on the city of New York, ex-officio. There is an advisory committee on the city of New York, ex-officio. The city of New York, ex-officio. The city of New York, ex-officio. The Comptrol of New York, ex-officio. The city of New York, ex-officio. The New York, ex-officio. The City of New York, ex-officio. The New York of New York, ex-officio. The New York, ex-officio. The New York of New York, ex-officio. The New York of New York, ex-officio. The New York of New York, ex-officio. The New York of New York, ex-officio. The New York of New York, ex-officio. The New York of New York, ex-officio. The New York of Nex-officio. The New York of New York. ex-officio. The New York of

American Rearned Societies.

Actuarial Society of America.—President, W. C. Macdonald, Toronto, Ont.; Vice-Presidents, Arthur Hunter, James M. Craig; Secretary, Robert Henderson, 346 Broadway, New York City; Treasurer, David G. Alsop, Philadelphia, Pa.; Editor of the "Transactions," Wendell M. Strong, New York. The Actuarial Society of America was organized in 1889 for the purpose of promoting actuarial science. Applicants whose nominations are approved by the Council are admitted to membership on passing the regulsite examinations. There are two classes of members; fellows, now numbering 140, and associates, 110. Besides including the actuaries of life insurance companies and consulting actuaries of the United States and Canada, the membership embraces leading actuaries in Europe and Australasia

companies and consulting actuaries of the United States and Canada, the membership embraces leading actuaries in Europe and Australasia,

American Academy of Medicine.—President, Ray Lyman Wilbur, M.D., San Francisco, Cal. Secretary and Treasurer, Charles McIntire, M.D., Easton, Pa.; Editor of the "Bulletin," Charles McIntire, Easton, Pa. Object.—To maintain a proper educational standard for the medical profession and to investigate the various problems of "medical sociology." Entrance fee, \$5; dues, \$3 per annum. Present membership, 763. Organized 1876.

Americau Academy of Political and Social Science.—President, L. S. Rowe, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania; Secretary, J. P. Lichtenberger, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania; Secretary, J. P. Lichtenberger, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania; Clerk, N. J. Smith-Fisher. West Philadelphia Station, Philadelphia, Founded in 1889 to promote the political and social sciences. Membership, 6,117, distributed among every State and 35 foreign countries. Annual fee, \$5; fee for life membership, \$100. Annual meeting held in April.

West Philadelphia Station, Philadelphia, Founded in 1889 to promote the political and socieal sciences, Membership, 6, 117, distributed among every State and 35 forein countries. Annual fee, \$5; fee for life membership, \$100. Annual meeting held in April.

Annerican Antiquarian Society,-President, Waldo Lincoln, Worcester, Mass.; Corresponding Secretaries—Foreign, Franklin B. Dexter, New Haven, Ct.; Domestic, Charles Francis Adams, Lincolu, Mass.; Recording Secretary, George Parker Winship, Providence, R. I.; Librarian, Clarence S. Brigham. Annual meeting is held at Worcester, Mass, the third Wednesday in October, Organized 1812. Domestic membership restricted to 175. Admission fee of United States members, \$5; annual dues of New England members, \$5.

Annerican Asiatic Association. — President, Seth Low; Vice-President, Lowell Lincoln; Secretary, John Foord, P. O. Box 1500, New York. The purposes of the society are to foster and safeguard the trade and commercial interests of the citizens of the United States and others associated therewith in the Empires of China, Japan, and Korea, the Philippines, and elsewhere in Asia and Oceanica. Membership, 300. Organized 1898. Annual dues, \$10. Auxiliary societies at Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe.

American Association of Anatomists.—President, Prof. Rass G. Harrison, Yale University, New Haven, Ct.; Secretary-Treasurer, Prof. G. Carl Huber, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich. Has 320 members. Annual dues, \$5.

American Association for the Advancement of Science.—President, Edward C. Pickering, Harvard College Observatory; Permanent Secretary, L. O. Howard, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.; General Secretary, Henry E. Summers, Iowa State College; Treasurer, R. S. Woodward, Washington, D. C. The Association was organized in 1845 and clariered in 1840, being a continuation of the American Association of Geologists and Naturalists, organized in 1840. The membership is \$1,00. Admission fee, \$5; annual dues, \$3.

American Association of Philocal Surgeons of Bener

American Dermatological Association.—President, Isadore Dyer, New Orleans, La. Secretary, James Macfarlane Winfield, 47 Halsey St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

American Dialect Society.—President, Calvin Thomas, Columbia University, New York City; Secretary, W. E. Mead, Wesleyan University, Middletown, Ct.; Treasurer, Prof. George P. Krapp, Columbia University, New York. Organized in 1889 for "the investigation of the spoken English of the United States and Canada, and incidentally of other non-aboriginal dialects in the same countries." Publishes "Dialect Notes" yearly. Annual fee, \$1. Membership, about 230.

same countries." Publishes "Dialect Notes" yearly. Annual fee, \$1. Membership, about 230. American Economic Association.—President, Prof. Frank A. Fetter, Princeton University; Secretary, Thomas Nixon Carver, Harvard University; Cambridge, Mass. Organized 1885. Has 2,500 members; annual dues, \$5; life membership, \$100. The objects of the Association are the encouragement of economic studies and the publication of papers thereon.

American Electro-Therapeutic Association.—President, Dr. F. Howard Humphris, London, Eng.; Vice-Presidents, Dr. Edward C. Titus, New York; Dr. Geo. E. Pfahler, Philadelphia, Pa.; Secretary, Dr. J. Willard Travell, 27 E, 11th Street, New York, N. Y. Organized 1890. Membership, 280.

American Entamplacical Society.—President, Phila P. C. Level, N. V. Organized 1890.

American Entomological Society. -President, Philip P. Calvert; Secretary, Henry Skinner, M.D., Philadelphia, Pa. Organized 1859. Object-The study of entomology. Membership, 140.
American Fisheries Society. -President, Dr. C. H. Townsend, The Aquarium, New York

City; Vice-President, Prof. H. B. Ward, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.; Recording Secretary, W. T. Bower, Washington, D. C.; Corresponding Secretary, Dr. G. W. Flid, Boston, Mass. Treasurer, C. W. Willard, Westerly, R. I. Organized December, 1870, Annual dues, \$2. Membership, about 625. Next annual meeting, Boston, Mass.

American Folklore Society.-President, Prof. Lomax, Austin, Tex.; Permanent Secretary, Dr. C. Peabody, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. Organized in 1888 for "study of folklore in general, and in particular the collection and publication of folklore of North America. Membership fee, including a copy of "The Journal of American Folklore" (quarterly), \$3 per annum.

American Forestry Association.-President, Robert P. Buss, Fetersboro, N. H.; Secretary, P. S. Ridsdale, 1410 H St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Organized 1882. Membership, 7,000.

American Geographical Society.-President,

Walter B. James, John Greenoush, Anton A. Raven; Corresponding Secretaries—Foreign, William Libbey; Domestic, Archibald D. Russell; Recording Secretary, Hamilton F. Kean. Offices of the Society, Broadway and 156th St., New York City. The objects of the Society are to investigate and disseminate new geographical information; to establish in the chief maritime city of the country, for the benefit of commerce and navigation, ** a place where the means shall be afforded of obtaining accurate information for public use of every part of the globe. Organized in 1852; membership, 1, 200. Annual dues, \$10; no entrance fee.

**American Gynæcological Society.*-President, Wm. A. Dunning, Columbia University, New York; Secretary, W. G. Leland, Carnegie Institution, Washington, D. C.; Treasurer, Clarence W. Bowen, Pb. D. Association founded 1884, incorporated by Congress 1889. Object—The promotion of historical studies. Annual dues, \$33. Membership, 2, 928.

**American Institute of Architects.*-Offices and library, The Octagon, Washington, D. C. The Institute has 34 chapters, 303 fellows, 678 members, 82 corres

L. Hutchinson, at the executive offices, library, and reading-room, 33 West 39th St., New York. Entrance fee, \$5, annual dues, associates, \$10; members, \$15; fellows, \$20. Monthly meetings in various cities throughout the country. Organized 1884. Prints its "Proceedings" monthly. Membership, October 1, 1912, 7,323.

American Institute of Homeopathy.—President, Wilbert B. Hinsdale, M. D., Ann Arbor, Mich.; Secretary, J. Richey Horner, M. D., Cleveland, O. Organized in 1844, and is the oldest national medical organization in the United States. Has 3,000 members, representing every State in the Union, besides Canada. Next meeting in Denver, Col., June, 1913.

American Institute of Mining Engineers.—President, James F. Kemp. New York; Secretary, Joseph Struthers, 29 West 39th St., New York; Treasurer, Frauk Lyman, New York Membership, October 1, 1912, 4, 274. Organized 1871.—Incorporated 1905. Annual dues, \$10.

American Institute for Scientific Research.—President, Charles N. Jones; Secretary Trea-urer, James H. Hyslop, Lt. D., 154 Nassau St., New York. Associate's dues, \$5; members, \$10; fellows, \$25. Publications: "Monthly Journal" and "Annual Proceedings." Headquarters, 154 Nassau St., New York City; Vice-President, General Richard C. O'Connor, San Francisco, Cal.; Secretary, General Edward H. Daly, 52 Wall St., New York City; Treasurer, General John J. Leuehan, New York. Membership, 1, 300.

American Jewish Historical Society,—Founded 1892.—President, Dr. Cyrus Adler, Philadelphia, Pa.; Treasurer, N. Taylor Phillips, New York City; Corresponding Secretary, Albert M. Friedenberg, 38 Park Row, New York City; Recording Secretary, Dr. Herbert Friedenwald, New York.

American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological 80. Achieved Remembership, 100.

American Haryngological, Rhinological and Otological 80. Leand, Boston, Mass; Secretary, Bereican Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological 80. President, Dr. H. Halbrook Cartis, New York; Secretary, Thomas J. Harris, M. D., 104 E. 40th 84., New York.

American Lary

B. Utley, 78 E. Washington St., Chicago, Ill. Membership, 2, 400.

American Mathematical Society.—President, H. B. Fine; Secretary, George Columbia University, New York; Treasurer, J. H. Tanner; Librarian, D. E. Smith, Meetings held at Columbia University, New York, Society was reorganized July, 1894. Object—To encourage and maintain an active interest in and to promote the advancement of mathematical science. Admission fee, \$5; annual dues, \$5; life membership, \$50. Membership, \$50. The Society publishes two journals, the "Bulletin" and the "Transactions," and is located at 501 W. 116th St.

American Medical Association.—President, Abraham Jacobi, New York; Secretary, Dr. Alex, R. Craig; Editor and General Manager, Dr. George H., Simmon, Office of the Association, 535 Dearborn Avenue, Chicago, Ill. Incorporated 1897. Next annual session at Minneapolis, Minn., June 17-20, 1913. Annual fee, \$5. Membership, 37,000.

American Medico-Psychological Association.—President, James T. Searcy, M. D., Tuscaloosa, Ala; Secretary-Treasurer, Dr. Charles G. Wagner, Binghamton, N. Y. Next annual meeting at Niagara Falis, Canada, June 10-13, 1913.

American Medico-Pharmacentical League,—President, Dr. Enoch Mather, Detroit, Mich.; Secretary, Bernard Sacks, M. D., 139 East 103d St., New York; Treasurer, Eurgenie R. Eliscu, M. D., New York, Object—To tederate the medical, dental and pharmacentical professions of America, with a view to fostering all that appertains to their mutual welfare, in their relations to each other and to the public at large. Membership, 4,000.

American Microscopical Society.—President, Dr. F. D. Heald, Philadelphia, Pa.; Secretary, W. W. Galloway, Deactur, Hi.; Treasurer, Prof. T. L. Hankinson, Charleston, Ill.; Constodian, Magnus Pflaum, Meadville, Pa. Organized 1878. Incorporated at Washington, D. C., 1891. Object—The encouragement of microscopical research. Initiation fee, \$3; annual dues, \$2. Membership, 250.

American Microscopical Society.—President, B. M. Davis, Ohlo: Vice-Presidents M. A.

encouragement of microscopical research. Initiation fee, \$3; annual dues, \$2. Membership, 200.

Research funds, \$3,500.

American Nature Study Society.—President, B. M. Davis, Ohio; Vice-Presidents, M. A. Bigelow, New York; S. Coulter, Indiana; Anna B. Comstock, New York; F. L. Holtz, N. Y.; D. J. Crosby, D. C.; Societary-Editor, Elliot R. Downing, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. Society was organized in 1908 to promote critical and constructive investigation of all phases of scientific nature study in schools. The official organ is the "Nature Study Review."

American Learned Societies.

American Neurological Association.—President, Dr. William N. Bullard, Beston, Mass.; Secretary, Alfred Reginald Allen, M. D., 2013 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (Report of 1911.)

American Numismatic Association.—President, Judson Brenner, Dekfalb, Ill.; General Secretary, Waldo C. Moore, Lewisburg, Ohio; Treasurer, Wynn Hoerner, Lewisburg, Ohio. The Society was founded in 1891 for the promotion of Numismatics. Membership, 700.

American Numismatic Society, The.—Audubon Park, 156th Street, west of Broadway, New York.—Governors, Edw. D. Adams, H. R. Drowne, Wm. B. Osgood Fleid, Archer M. Huntington, Daniel Parish, Jr.; Secretary, Bauman L. Belden; Domestic Corresponding Secretary, Henry Russell Drowne. Society founded in 1858 for the promotion of Numismatics, etc., in the United States; possesses building, coin and medal collection and library. Total membership, 400.

American Ophthalmological Society.—President, Myles Standish, Boston, Mass. Secretary, W. M. Sweet, 1205 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Membership, 197.

American Oriental Society.—President, George F. Moore, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.; Corresponding Secretary, A. V. W. Jackson, Columbia University, N. Y.; Recording Secretary, George C. O. H. as, College of the City of New York; Treasurer, F. W. Williams, New Haven, Ct. Organized September 7, 1842, for the cultivation of learning in the Asiatic, African, and Polynesian languages, and the publication of works relating to these languages. Publishes an annual journal. Annual fee, 85; no admission fee. Membership, 340.

American Ornithologists? Union.—President, Frank M. Chapman; Secretary, John H. Sage, Portland, Ct. Organized 1883. Object—The advancement of its members in ornithological science, the publication of a journal of ornithology and other works relating to that science, etc. Annual dues, fellows, 85; members, 84; associates, 83. Membership, 966.

American Orthopedic Association.—President, Dr. C. Batzen, Omaha, Neb.; Secretary, Dr. H. L. Chiles, O

in-Bay, Lake Eric.

American Physical Society, President, Prof. Thomas D. Goodell, Yale University, Vtce-Presidents, Prof. Harold N. Fowler, Western Reserve University, and Prof. Frank F. Abbatt, Princeton University; Secretary and Treasurer, Prof. Frank G. Moore, of Columbia University, New York. Initiation fee, \$5; annual dues, \$3. Total membership, 650. The Association was organized in 1869. Its object is "the advancement and diffusion of philological knowledge."

American Philosophical Society - President, William W. Keen; Secretaries, I. Minis Hays, Arthur W. Goodspeed, Amos P. Brown, and H. F. Keller. Office of Society, 104 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Object-For promoting useful knowledge. Founded in 1743.

American Physical Society, - President, W. F. Magie, Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.; Secretary, Ernest Merritt, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. American Proctologic Society, - President, Lonis J. Hirschman, M. D., Detroit, Mich.; Secretary, Lewis H., Adler, Jr., M. D., 1610 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

American Psychological Association. - President, Carl E. Seashore, University of Iowa; Secretary and Treasurer, W. Van Dyke Bingham, Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H. Organized in 1892 for "the advancement of psychology as a science." Membership, 238. Annual dues, \$1. (Report of 1911.)

(Report of 1911.)

(Report of 1911.)

American Public Health Association.—President, Rudolph Hering, New York; Secretary, Prof. Selskar M. Gunn, Boston, Mass. Meeting in Colorado Springs, 1913.

American Roentgen Ray Society.—President, Dr. H. K. Pancoast, Philadelphia, Pa.; Secretary, Dr. Sidney Lange, 22 W. 11th Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

American Social Science Association.—President, John H. Finley, LL.D., College of City of New York; Treasurer, W. C. Le Gendre, 59 Wall Street, New York City; General Secretary, Robert S. Binkerd. 55 W. 44th Street, New York. Annual fee, 55. The Association was founded in 1865. Incorporated by act of Congress, 1899. Membership, 1,000.

American Society of Civil Engineers.—President, John A Ockeson, Secretary, Charles

founded in 1865. Incorporated by act of Congress, 1899. Membership, 1,000.

American Society of Civil Engineers.—President, John A. Ockerson; Secretary, Charles Warren Hunt; Treasurer, Joseph M. Knap. Regular meetings first and third Wednesdays of each month (except July and Angust) at 8,30 p. m. at the Society's house, 220 West Flity-seventh Street. New York City. Has 6,663 members. Instituted in 1852.

American Society of Curio Collectors.—President. F. May Tuttle, 1233 State Street, Osage, Iowa. Secretary, Mrs. Corinne Woolverton, Osage, Iowa. A national society for naturalists, geologists, mineralogists, archaeologists, numisinatists, and antiquarians. Membership, 346.

American Society of Mechanical Engineers.—President Alex. C. Humphreys, New York; Secretary, Calvin W. Rice, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Society House, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Society House, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City in December; monthly meetings, October to May in Boston, Cincinnati, New Haven, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, and San Francisco. Initiation fee, members and associates, \$25; juniors, \$15. Annual dues, members and associates, \$15; juniors, \$10. The Society was chartered in 1881. Membership is not limited in number.

American Society of Naturalists.—President, E. G. Conklin, Princeton University; Secretary, Prof. A. L. Treadwell, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Treasurer, Prof. W. E. Kellicott, Goucher College, Baltimore, Md. Organized 1883. Annual dues, \$1. Membership, 300.

American Society of Membership, 430. Holds annual meetings. Publishes annual "Proceedings" and Treasurer, Scote E. W. Bedford, University of Chicago, Organized 1905 to encourage the scientific study of society, Membership, 430. Holds annual meetings. Publishes annual "Proceedings" and Treasurer, Scote E. W. Bedford, University of Chicago, Organized 1905 to encourage the scientific study of society, Membership, 430. Holds annual meetings. Publishes annual "Proceedings" and the "American Society of

Luc : American Journal of Sociology.'' Annual dues, \$3.

American Statistical Association. -President, Walter F. Willcox, Ithaca, N.Y.; Vice-Presidents, Henry W. Farnum, E. Dana Durand, Chas. P. Neill, Franklin MacVeagh, Henry B. Gardner; Secretary, C. W. Doten, 491 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.; Treasurer, S. B. Pearmain. Membership, 635. Annual dues, \$2. Association organized 1839.

American Surgical Association. -President, Charles Powers, Fourth and Stout Streets, Denver, Col.; Secretary, Robert G. Le Conte, 1530 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Number of members, 144.

American Therapeutic Society. - President, Noble P. Barnes, Washington, D.C.; Secretary Lewis H. Taylor, Washington, D.C. Organized May 1, 1900.

American Urological Association.-President, Dr. Granville MacGowan, Los Angeles, Cal.;

American Urological Association.—President, Dr. Granville MacGowan, Los Angeles, Cal.; Secretary, Dr. H. A. Fowler, The Cumberland, Washington, D. C.
Archæological Institute of America (New York Society).—President, Prof. E. D. Perry, Columbia University; Secretary, Dr. Allan P. Ball, College, City of New York, Organized 1879. Has 160 members. No entrance fee. Annual dues, §10.
Arctic Club of America.—President, General A. W. Greely, U.S. A. (retired); Secretary, Felix Riesenberg, 345 Amsterdam Avenue, New York, Organized 1894. Membership, 150.
Association of American Physicians.—President, L. F. Barker, Baltimore, Md.; Secretary, Geo. M. Kober, M. D., 1819 Q Street, N. W., Washington, D.C. Organized 1886. Membership limited to 150 active and 25 associate members.
Astrological Society, The.—Incorporated at Albany, N. Y., 1912. President, Altan Z. Stevenson, 1629 Lexington Avenue, New York City; Secretary, David A. Ferro.
Astronomical and Astrophysical Society of America.—President, Edward C. Pickering

Astronomical and Astrophysical Society of America.—President, Edward C. Pickering. Cambridge, Mass.; Secretary, Philip Fox, Evanston, Ill. Organized 1899. Membership, 234.

Botanical Society of America.—President, L. R. Jones, Modisen, Wis. Secretary, Prof. George T. Moore, St. Louis, Mo. Has 99 members, 62 associates. Founded 1893. Annual dues, 85. Enlarged by federation with the Society for Plant Morphology and Physiology and the American

Mycological Society, 1906.

Geological Society of America.—President, E. A. Smith, University, Ala.; Secretary, E. O.
Hovey, American Museum of Natural History, New York; Treasurer, William Bullock Clark, Baltimore, Md.; Editor, J. Stanley-Brown. Society founded in 1888. Has 360 fellows. Entrance

fee, \$10; annual dues, \$10.

Medical Association of the Southwest.—President, A. L. Blesh, Oklahoma City, Okla; Secretary, F. H. Clark, M. D., El Reno, Okla. (Report of 1911.)

Medico-Legal Society.—President, Thomas D. Crothers, M. D., Hartford, Ct.; Secretary-Treasurer, Clark Bell, LL.D., 39 Broadway, New York City. Meetings held mouthly, on the third Wednesday, at Waldorf-Astoria, New York City. "Medico-Legal Journal" is its official organ, There are vice-presidents for each of the States and Territories and all the principal foreign countries.

Total membership, 1,800.

National Academy of Sciences.—President, Ira Remsen, Baltimore, Md.; Vice-President, Chas. D. Walcott, Washington, D. C.; Foreign Secretary, George E. Hale, Pasadena, Cal. Home Secretary, Arnold Hague, Washington, D. C.; Treasurer, Whitman Cross, Washington, D. C. The Academy, incorporated by act of Congress March 3, 1863, "shall, whenever called upon by any department of the Government, investigate, examine, experiment, and report upon any subject of science or art; the actual expense " to be paid from appropriations which may be made for the purpose." The Academy holds a stated session each year in the city of Washington on the third Tuesday in April.—An Autumum meeting is held at such place and time as the Council shall determine. Tuesday in April. An Autumn meeting is held at such place and time as the Council shall determine. There are at present 120 members and 45 foreign associates.

National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (105 E. 22d Street, New York City).—President, Homer Folks; Hon. Vice-Presidents, Theodore Roosevelt, Sir Win. Osler: Executive Secretary, Dr. Livingston Farrand.

National Association for the Study of Epilepsy.—President, W.C. Graves, Chicago. Ill.; Secretary, J. F. Munson, M. D., Sonyea, N. Y. Annual dues, S5. Next meeting in Spring of 1913.
National Astrological Society of U. S.—President, Frederick White: Secretary, Altan Z. Stevenson, 1629 Lexington Ave., New York; Treasurer, Walter H. Lewis. Incorporated 1909 in Minnesota

Minnesota.

National Geographic Society.—President, Henry Ganuett; Vice-President, O. H. Tittmann; Secretary, O. P. Austin: Director and Editor, Gilbert H. Grosvenor. Headquarters, Washington, D. C. Its purpose is "the increase and diffusion of geographic knowledge." I publishes a monthly magazine. Organized 1888. Annual dues for members, \$2. There are 140,000 members, New York Zoological Society.—President, Henry Fairfield Osborn; Secretary, Madison Grant, Il Wall Street, New York City, Treasurer, Percy R. Pyne, 30 Pine Street. William T. Hornaday, Director of the New York Zoological Park; Charles H. Townsend, Director of the Aquarium Annual dues, \$10; life membership, \$200. The Zoological Park and the New York Aquarium are under the management of the Society.

Aquarium are under the management of the Society.

Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education.—President, Wm. T. Magunder, Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio; Secretary, Henry H. Norris, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.: Treasurer, W. O. Wiley, No. 43 East 19th Street, New York, N. Y. 1, 200 members (1912), from 121 engineering colleges, 19 manual training and trades schools; 200 members are practitioners and are not teachers. Founded in the Engineering Education Section of World's Engineering Congress, 1893, Chicago.

Society of Chemical Industry (New York Section).—Chairman, M. C. Whitaker, New York City: Local Secretary, Parker C. McIlhiney, 7 East Forty-second Street, New York City. Membership, 977. The Society is international, while the New York and New England branches are the American representatives. The officers of the general society are: President, Prof. Marston T. Bogert.

Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers.—President, Stevenson Taylor; Secretary-Treasurer, Daniel H. Cox, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City, Object—The promotion of the art of shipbuilding, commercial and naval. Headquarters, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City, Membership fee, 55; annual dues, \$5. Has 824 members, associates and juniors, (Report of 1911.)

Southern Medical Association.-President, Dr. James M. Jackson, Miami, Fla.; Secretary, Dr. Seale Harris, Mobile, Ala.

National Committee on Brison Labor.

Chairman—Thomas R. Slicer. Treasurer—R. Montgomery Schell. General Secretary—E. Stagg Whitin. Headquarters, 27 East Twenty-second Street, New York City. 'The object of this organization is to study the whole problem of labor in prisons and correctional institutions, with a view to securing legislation among the States of the Union, to the end that all prisoners may be so employed as to promote their welfare and at the same time to reimburse the institutions for expense of maintenance, while preventing unfair competition between prison-made goods and the products of free labor, and securing to their dependent families a fair proportion of the rightful earnings of prisoners."

Witerature of 1912.

BY FREMONT RIDER.

The book production of the United States continues its steady increase in volume. In quality, however, if we refer to single big books of enduring worth, 1912 must be said to have failen below 1911. On the other hand, there has been a notable production of excellent books at cheaper prices, covering in the aggregate almost all branches of knowledge—a manifestly desirable tendency.

Fiction, with a few exceptions, was commonplace in 1912, perhaps by contrast with 1911. Books in pure Science were few, and History seems to have been temporarily abandoned for Biography. A new science, Eugenics, has sprung up in public luterest, with an accompanyling ropp of new books. There has been something of a renaissance in Poetrky; and the return to country living is reflected in the many good offerings in Building and Agriculture.

The following 400 odd titles, out of some 11,000 published in 1912, aim to include the most important, not only in the sense of having more or less enduring value, but also because of their popularity, possibly translent, but no less significant, as evidenced by sales or repute. Where choice was necessary, emphasis has been laid on the popular and practical rather than the scholarly and theoretical. theoretical.

FICTION.

popularicy, possiony transient, but no less significat was necessary, emphasis has been laid on the pop theoretical.

FICTION.

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PRINTING AND PUBLISHING INDUSTRY IN UNITED STATES.

The Census Bureau made the following report in June, 1912, of the printing and publishing industry in the United States in 1904 and 1909, respectively:

	CEN	sus.	Per Cent. of Increase.
	1904.	1909.	1904-1909.
Number of establishments	27,793	31,445	13
Capital	\$432.854.000 1		
Cost of materials used	\$142,514,000		42
Salarles and wages	\$194,944,000	\$268,086,000	38
Salaries	\$67,748,000	\$103,458,000	53 29 37
Wages	\$127,196,000	\$164,628,000	29
Miscellaneous expenses	\$109,141,000	\$149 297 000	37
Value of products	\$552,473,000	\$737.876.000	34
Employes:			••
Number of salaried officials and clerks	68,592	99.608	45
Average number of wage-earners employed during year.	219,087	258,434	18

The Production of Books.

The Production of Books.

American Publications, 1911 (including new editions)—Fiction, 1,024; theology and religion, 917; literature, essays, 919; general encyclopaedias, general works—bibliographies, miscellaneous, 244; medical, hygiene, 527; juvenile, 734; poetry and drama, 685; law, 682; blography, enealory, 695; listory, 442; description, geography, travel, 598; education, 300; fine arts, 196; muslc, 86; buslness, 227; domestic economy, 85; philosophy, 334; sociology and economics, 653; philology, 192; science, 624; applied science, technology, engineering, 706; aericulture, 240; games, sports and amusements, 103. Total, 1911, 11, 123; 1910, 13, 470; 1909, 10, 901; 1908, 9, 254; 1905, 8, 112; 1900, 6, 356; 1897, 4, 928.

Of the productions of 1911 there are 8, 183 books by American authors.

British Publications, 1911 (including new editions)—Religion, 273; philosophy, 930; education, 250; philology, 187; fiction, 2, 215; juvenile, 648; law, jurisprudence, etc., 303; sociology, 725; travels, geography, 601; history, 429; blography, 476; technology, 525; poetry and drama, 668; medicine, public health, etc., 413; agriculture, gardening, 169; domestic arts, 99; literature*(general), 345; business, 151; fine arts, 232; muslc, 52; games, etc., 122; science, 650; general works (encyclopaedias, magazines, etc.), 451. Total, 1911, 10,14; 1910, 10,504; 1906, 10,725; 1908, 9,221; 1907, 9,914; 1902, 7,381.

German Publicanions, 1911—Bibliography, encyclopaedias, 469; theology, 2,732; law and popular discience, 30; architecture, 469; art, 1,056; year-books, 640; miscellaneous, 618. Total, 1911, 1914; 1910, 10,304; 1909, 10,725; 1909, 1475; 1906, 1477; military science, 575; commerce, industrial arts, 203; architecture and engineering, 1,089; domestic economy, agriculture, 1,127; drama and popular diferature, 4,630; art, 1,056; year-books, 640; miscellaneous, 618. Total, 1911, 32,998; 1910, 31, 281; 1908, 30,317; 1907, 30,075; 1906, 28,703; 1905, 28,886; 1901, 25,331.

French Publications, 1910—Religion, 1,058; law, 37

New York Catholic School Board.

Headquarters, 23 East 51st Street, New York. President, Rt. Rev. Mgr. Joseph F. Mooney, V. G. Secretary—Rev. Michael J. Considine. Superintendents—Revs. Joseph F. Smith and Michael J. Larkin. This Board gives the following report of Catholic Schools: In 1910 there were in the Archdiocese of New York 156 Catholic Elementary Schools with a registration of 77,363 scholars. The valuation of land and buildings for school purposes in Manhattan was \$9,769,500; Bronx, \$1362,000; Richmond, \$216,000 and the city of Yonkers, \$345,000. In 1912 there were 173 Catholic Elementary Schools in Greater New York, at which the enrolled attendance of pupils was 125,000. 135,000.

The Prison Association of New York.

President—Eugene Smith. Treasurer—J. Seely Ward. Gen. Secretary—O. V. Lewis. Headquarters 135 E. 15th Street, New York City.
Chartered in 1846. Its objects are to secure: 1. The protection of society against crime. 2. The reformation of the criminal. 3. Protection for those unjustly accused. 4. Probation for first offenders. 5. Improvement in prisons and prison discipline. 6. Employment, and, when necessary, food, tools, and shelter for discharged prisoners. 7. Necessary aid for prisoners' families. 8. Supervision of those on probation and parole. 9. Needed legislation and correction of abuses in our penal system. system.

The Dickens Fellowship.

The Dickens Fellowship is a worldwide league of English-speaking men and women whose purpose is to exemplify the teachings of Charles Dickens and to cultivate and diffuse the spirit which pervades his writings—the spirit of innocent festivity and mirth, of religion without bigotry, of charity without coldness, of universal philanthropy and human kinship. The society began its existence in. London in October, 1902. The object and aims of the Fellowship are:

"To knit together in a common bond of friendship lovers of that great master of humor and pathos, Charles Dickens. To spread the love of humanitry, which is the keynote of all his work. To take such measures as may be expedient to remedy or ameliorate those existing social evils which would have appealed so strongly to the heart of Charles Dickens, and to help in every possible direction the cause of the poor and the oppressed. To assist in the preservation and purchase of buildings and objects associated with his name and mentioned in his works. To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them."

The Fellowship is open to all, without restriction as to class, creed or nationality. Headquarters, whitcomb House, London. Branches of the Fellowship have been formed not only throughout Great Britain but in the United States and Canada, India, Australia and New Zealand, 15,000 members in all, It is estimated that there are 24,000,000 copies of Dicken's works extant.

Statistics of the Dress.

THE Annual, published by N. W. Ayer & Son, reported the number of newspapers published in the United States in 1912 as follows:

Alabama	248 Indiana 24 Iowa	774 Nebraska 959 Nevada	628 South Carolina 167 46 South Dakota 445
Arizona		747 New Hampshire	114 Tennessee 298
Arkansas	312 Kentucky	306 New Jersey	369 Texas 1,021
California	863 Louisiana	227 New Mexico	119 Utah 98
Colorado		135 New York	1,994 Vermont 100
Connecticut	158 Maryland	163 North Carolina	304 Virginia 261
Delaware	37 Massachusetts	661 North Dakota	353 Washington 392 1,163 West Virginia 222
Dist.of Columbia.		731 Ohio	
Florida Georgia		246 Oregon	285 Wyoming 80
Idaho	157 Missouri	966 Pennsylvania	1.399
Illinois		193 Rhode Island	56 Total22,763

The total number of newspapers published in New York City, 878.

In Porto Rico, 21; Hawali, 38; Philippines, 27; Canada, as follows: Alberta, 118; British Columbia, 118; Manitoba, 143; Saskatchewan, 168; Yukon, 3; New Brunswick, 54; Nova Scotia, 76; Ontario, 665; Prince Edward Island, 15; Quebec, 152; Newfoundland, 18.

The total number of newspapers published in the world at present is estimated at about 60,000, distributed as follows: United States and Canada, 24,245; Germany, 8,049; Great Britain, 9,500; France, 6,681; Japan, 1,000; Italy, 2,757; Austria-Hungary, 2,958; Asia, exclusive of Japan, 1,000; Spain, 1,000; Russia, 1,000; Australia, 1,000; Greece, 130; Switzerland, 1,005; Holland, 980; Belgium, 956; all others, 1,000. Of these more than half are printed in the English language.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The following are the officers and directors of this organization: President—Frank B. Noyes. First Vice-President—Charles H. Taylor, Boston Globe, Second Vice-President—Crawford Hill, Denver Republican. Secretary—Melville E. Stone. Asst. Secretary—Frederick Roy Martin, Treaswer—J. R. Youatt. Executive Committee—Adolph S. Ochs, Victor F. Lawson; Charles W. Knapp, Frank B. Noyes, Charles H. Clark, and William L. McLean. Directors—Adolph S. Ochs, New York Times. Clark Howell, Atlanta Constitution; W. L. McLean, Philadelphia Bulletin; Charles A. Rook; Pittsburgh Despatch; Charles W. Knapp, St. Louis Republic; Victor F. Lawson, Chicago Daily News; Frank B. Noyes, Washington (D. C.) Star; Thomas G. Rapier, New Orleans Picanne; Herman Ridder, New York Staats-Zeitung; V. S. McClatchy, Sacramento Bee; A. C. Weiss, Duluth Herald; William R. Nelson, Kansas City Star, C. H. Clark, Hartford Courant, and W. H. Cowles, Spokane Spokesman Review.

INTERNATIONAL LEACUE OF PRESS CLUBS.

INTERNATIONAL LEACUE OF PRESS CLUBS.

Elected at the eighteenth annual convention, held in Bermuda, May 20-29, 1909: President—
T. J. Keenan, Pittsburgh (Pa.) Vice-Presidents—J. A. Rountree, Eirmingham (Ala.) Divie Mannfacturer; Elden Small, Detroit News; Ada Tower Cable, Bradford (Pa.) Herald; George H.
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E. W. Humphreys, Woodstown (N. J.); James C. Garrison, (N. Y. Otty) Press; Mrs. Josephine Arnold
Rich, Washington (D. C.); A. G. Anderson, Toledo (Ohio); C. Frank Rice, Boston Press Club;
Giles H. Dickinson, Binghamton (N. Y.) Republican; H. B. Laufman, Pittsburgh Leader; Libbie
Luttrell Morrow, Nashville Banner; Harriet Hayden Finck, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Woman's
Press Association; Belva A. Lockwood, Washington (D. C.) Pearemaker.

Order of the Blue Goose.

A NATIONAL organization of general and special agents of fire insurance companies for social purposes. Each State organization is known as a "pond" and the general organization as the "'frand Nest.'" The following are the national officers: Most Loyal Grand Gander, Ed. E. Wells, St. Louis, Mo.; Supervisor of the Flock, F. G. Snyder, Louisville, Ky.; Grand Custodian of the Goslings, Fred. W. Ransom, Columbus, O.; Grand Wielder of the Goose Quill, R. H. Wieban, Milwaukee, Wis.; Keeper of the Golden Goose Egg, E. G. Carlisle, Chicago, Ill. Grand Nest, Milwaukee National Bank Building, Milwaukee, Wis.

National Model License League.

President—T. M. Gilmore, Louisville, Ky. Vice-President—George G. Brown, Louisville, Ky. Treoscrey—O. H. Wathen, Louisville, Ky. Secretary—G. R. Washburne, Louisville, Ky.
The purpose of the organization is to conduct a national educational campaign in favor of legislation intended to take the liquor question out of politics and to put law-breakers out of the inquor business. It advocates limitation of licenses in proportion to population, thus preventing under competition; mandatory penalties suspending and cancelling licenses of law-breakers; moderate license fees enabling the license holder to make a fectionate profit, and the renewal of a license so long as the holder obeys the law, and so long as the business is not outlawed by vote of the people, thereby relieving the liquor dealer of the domination of politicians.

The League's legislative plan has been adopted as a whole by Indiana, and in part by Texas, Ohio, Alabama, Arkansas, Michigan, Louisiana, Iowa, Connecticut and Oregon, The League was organized in October, 1907. Its membership comprises leading distillers, brewers, wholesalers and retailers throughout the country, and includes numerous professional and business men.

The School of Nournalism.

(From a Statement prepared by Dr. Talcott Williams, Director.)

THE School of Journalism in Columbia University, New York City, on the Pulitzer foundation: opened September 30, 1912. It had in all-November 1, 1912-104 students, of whom 11 are women. Divided by classes there are 61 in the first year class, 15 in the second year class, 14 in the third year class and 14 in the fourth year class. Of the women who will take their degree in the School of Journalism, 9 are in Barnard, and 23 of the men are at present registered in Columbia College. but will later be transferred to the School of Journalism. Of the entering or first year class, 38 were admitted on the usual college examination and 23 under the provision laid down by the late

but will later be transferred to the School of Journalism. Of the entering or first year class, 38 were admitted on the usual college examination and 23 under the provision laid down by the late Mr. Joseph Pulltzer in his gift that students of maturity, experience and marked fitness should be admitted without an examination. This has enabled, as Mr. Pulltzer expected, a number of journalists to enter the school. Some twenty States and three foreign countries—China, Turkey and New Zealand—are represented among those attending the course of the School of Journalism. This degree will be conferred on graduates in course for the first time 2t the Commencement of Columbia University, June 4, 1913.

Besides those admitted to the first year class by examination and for special fitness, particularly as shown in journalism, those in the three upper classes, 43 in number, come from other colleges, and the fourth year class is wholly composed of college graduates who enter for a year of professional study. This attendance is far larger than was expected and establishes the position of the school. The number attending is greater in proportion to the number of journalists in the country than the number attending is greater in proportion to the number of purnalists is in proportion to the number of those practising law or medicine. Taking the number entering for the first year as a gauge and the attendance four years hence should reach 200 or more. At the opening of the next College year in September, 1913, the school will be housed in the new building, costing \$500,000, provided by Mr. Pulltzer's bequest.

No step in professional education has attracted wider public attention or awakened a more general approval in the American press. When Mr. Pulltzer proposed the school 12 years ago, its plan, purpose and need were all challenged. From the announcement of the appointment in February, 1912, of its Director, Talcott Williams, once of the New York World staff and for 38 years in active journalism, to its successful opening and Philadelphia Press.

Stone. Associated Press, New York; Charles H. Taylor, Boston Globe and Samuel Calvin Wells, Philadelphia Press,

The administrative work of the school is conducted by an administrative board, composed of President Butler; the Director, Talcott Williams; the Associate Director, Prof. John W. Cunliffe; Frederick P. Keppel, Dean of Columbia College; William P. Trent, Professor of English Literature; Henry R. Seager, Professor of Political Economy; James T. Shotwell, Professor of History; Ashley H. Thorndike, Professor of Political Economy; James T. Shotwell, Professor of Politics.

While there are over 20 universities and colleges which give courses in various phases of journalism and several which have schools of journalism, no other school has an endowment so large, reaching \$1,000,000 at present, with other glits in prospect from the Pulitzer estate; none a course giving so much time to the solid study needed for the training of the journalist, and this has also the crowning advantage of a metropolis like New York in which to train its students in reporting by sending them to see and to write upon events as they come in the life of a great city. The visit of the battleship facet and the Becker trial were two occurrences used in this way by the school. The City Hall, the departments and the regular newspaper assignments have all been used to train men in getting news as well as in writing it. Attendance on first night performances is employed in training for dramatic criticism. From the second year on, the students are under direction and correction, writing articles on financial and business subjects, editorials, special articles, and other fields of newspaper work. The headquarters of the political parties in New York City have given opportunity for training in National and State politics.

This practical training in the work of the journalist in the greatest news centre of the country comes in the last two years, but of the four years' course four-fifths are devoted to the study of history, constitutional law

iournalists.

The American Aederation of Arts.

The American Federation of Arts is an association of organizations and individuals. It was formed at a convention held in Washington in May, 1909, which was called by the Regents of the National Academy of Art. In May, 1910, a second convention was held, and by then the American Federation of Arts had 100 chapters (affiliated organizations) and about 1,000 associate members, scattered throughout the United States.

The objects of the Federation are to unite in closer fellowship all who are striving for the development of the American States of the States of the Federation are to unite in closer fellowship all who are striving for the development of the American States of the Federation are to unite in closer fellowship all who are striving for the development of the American States of the

ment of art in America, either through production or the cultivation of appreciation: to encourage and foster endeavor; to prevent, as far as possible, duplication of effort, and to furnish a chausel through which public opinion, instrumental in securing better legislation, may find expression.

Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

Painting and Sculpture. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

NATIONAL ACADEMICIANS.

NATIONAL ACAD

NATIONAL ACAD

NATIONAL ACAD

Elected.
1899. Adams, Herhert, 131 West 11th Street.
1992. Alexander, J. W., 122 East 53d Street.
1899. Bars, George P., 21., 71 West 43d Street.
1899. Bars, George P., 21., 71 West 43d Street.
1891. Beaux, Geollis, Grameroy Park.
1893. Bars, George P., 21., 71 West 43d Street.
1894. Beckwith, J., Carroll, 58 West 57th Street.
1895. Bitter, Karl West 17th Stass.
1895. Bitter, Karl West 17th Stass.
1896. Bitter, Karl West 17th Stass.
1898. Blashfeld, Eslwin H., 48 West 58th Street.
1898. Brevoort, J. R., Yonkers, N. Y.
1898. Brevoort, J. R., Yonkers, N. Y.
1898. Brishfeld, Eslwin H., 48 West 58th Street.
1898. Brown, J. G., 51 West 10th Street.
1898. Brevoort, J. R., Yonkers, N. Y.
1899. Bruter, Howard Russell, Prioceton, N. J.
1872. Calverley, Charles, Caldwell, N. J.
1899. Culler, Howard Russell, Prioceton, N. J.
1872. Calverley, Charles, Caldwell, N. J.
1899. Coller, Howard Russell, Prioceton, N. J.
1872. Calverley, Charles, Caldwell, N. J.
1890. Coller, M. H., 18 West 18th Street.
1890. Coller, M. H., 18 West 18th Street.
1890. Coller, M. H., 18 West 18th Street.
1890. Coller, M. H., 18 West 18th Street.
1891. Coller, West 18th Street.
1991. Competence of the Street of the Street.
1991. Crans, Bruce, Bronxville, N. Y.
1993. Coller, Carn, C. C., 39 West 57th Street.
1990. Coller, C., 29 Yeatral Park South.
1893. De Forest, Lockwood, T. East 10th Street.
1990. Desar, Locia Paul, 27 West 57th Street.
1990. Desar, Locia Paul, 27 West 57th Street.
1990. Desar, Locia Paul, 27 West 57th Street.
1990. Desar, Lockwood, T. East 10th Street.
1990. Desar, Lockwood, T. East 10th Street.
1990. Desar, Locia Paul, 27 West 57th Street.
1990. Desary, Lockwood, T. East 10th Elected.

1997. Lathrop, W. L., New Hope, Pa.

1897. Lippincott, William H., T West 43d Street.

Lo-kwool, Wilton, Carnegie Itali.

1890. Low, Will H., Bronzwille, N. Y.

1996. MacNonies, Frederick W., France.

1996. MacNeil, Hermou A., College Point, N.Y.

1876. Magrath, William, Towaco, X.,

1876. Magrath, William, Towaco, X.,

1876. Majarath, William, H.,

1876. Electron Garden, R.,

1876. Malchere, Garden, A.,

1876. Malchere, A.,

1876. Malch | 1906. MacNeil, Hermon A., College Point, N.Y. | 1876. Magrath, William, Towaco, N.J. | 1885. Maynard, George W., 156 East 36th Street. | 1910. Mead, William R., 160 Fifth Avenue. | 1905. Melchere, Gari, abroad. | 1875. Miller, Charles H., Queens, L. I. | 1884. Moeller, Louis, Wakefield, N. Y. | 1906. Mors, F. Luis, 142 East 18th Street. | 1884. Moeller, Louis, Wakefield, N. Y. | 1884. Moran, Thomas, 253 West 42d Street. | 1881. Mowbray, H. Siddons, Washington, Ct. | 1887. Murphy, J. Francis, 272 West 23d Street. | 1887. Murphy, J. Francis, 272 West 23d Street. | 1887. Murphy, J. Francis, 272 West 23d Street. | 1887. Murphy, J. Francis, 272 West 23d Street. | 1887. Palmer, Walter L., Albany, N. Y. | 1906. Partish, Maxfield, Windsor, Vt. | 1887. Palmer, Walter L., Albany, N. Y. | 1906. Partish, Maxfield, Windsor, Vt. | 1888. Parton, Arthur, 489 Fifth Avenue. | 1909. Pennell, Joseph, London. | 1899. Perry, E. Wood, T. West 47d Street. | 1911. Platt, Chas, A., 11 East 24th Street. | 1911. Platt, Chas, A., 11 East 24th Street. | 1906. Potthest, Edward C., Greenwich, Ct. | 1906. Potthest, Edward H., 292 Central Park South. | 1906. Potthest, Edward H., 292 Central Park South. | 1906. Potthest, Edward H., 292 Central Park South. | 1906. Rotthest, Edward H., 292 Central Park South. | 1906. Rotthest, Edward H., 292 Central Park South. | 1906. Rotthest, Edward H., 292 West 33d Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 292 West 33d Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 292 West 33d Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 292 West 33d Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 292 West 33d Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 292 West 34d Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 292 West 34d Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 350 West 15th Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 350 West 15th Street. | 1908. Rehn, F. K. M., 350 West 15th Street. | 1908. Shurtleff, R. M., 350 West 15th Street. | 1908. Shurtleff, R. M., 350 West 25th Street. | 1908. Shurtleff, R. M., 350 West 55th Street. | 1908. Shurtleff, R. M., 350 West 55th Street. | 1908. Shurtleff, R. M., 350 West 55th Street.

ASSOCIATE NATIONAL ACADEMICIANS.

ASSOCIATE N.
Alken, Robert I., 510 Park Avenue.
Allen, Thomas, Boston, Mass.
Armstvong, D. Mattland, 61 Washington Square South.
Back, Chever, 9 Sacoton, 14 Mey.
Beal, 18 Ground, 318 West 57th Street.
Beal, 18 Ground, 318 West 57th Street.
Beil, E. A., 226 Central Park South.
Bellows, George, 14E East 18th Street.
Beil, E. A., 226 Central Park South.
Bellows, George, 14E East 18th Street.
Borgert, George, 14E East 18th Street.
Borgert, George H., 204 West 55th Street.
Borgert, George H., 204 West 55th Street.
Borgum, Solon H., Norwalk, Ct.
Borglum, Solon H., Norwalk, Ct.
Borglum, Solon H., Sarraige Hall.
Boyle, John J., 109 West 7th Street.
Brandere, Robert B., Farmington, Ct.
Bridges, Miss Fidelia, Cansan, Ct.
Brunner, Arnoli W., 320 Flifth Avenue,
Burroughs, Bryson, 50 East 86th Street.
Calder, Alexander S., 51 West 10th Street.
Carlson, John F., Woodstock, N. Y.

AL ACADEMICIAAS.
Chapman, Carlton T., 58 West 57th Street.
Chase, Adelaide Cole, Boston, Mass.
Clarke, Thomas Shields, 50 Riverside Drive.
Clarkson, Kalph, Chicago Ill.
Cohen, Lewis, 27 West 67th Street.
Coleman, C. C., abroad.
Comans, Mirs Charlotte B., 939 Eighth Avenue.
Cornoyer, Faul, 152 Wast 57th Street.
Cox, Louise, 150 East 67th Street. Cox, Louise, 130 East 67th Street.
Craig, Thomas B., Rutherford, N. J.
Crowninshield, Frederick, abroad.
Cushing, Howard Gardiner, 80 West 40th Street.
Day, Francis, 27 West 67th Street.
Day, Frank Miles, Philadelphia, Ps.
Delfaven, F., 23 West 24th Street.
Deltace, Ferdival, 617 West 14th Street.
Dufage, Tedward, 318 West 14th Street.
Dufage, Edward, 318 West 57th Street.
Earle, L. C., Grand Raphis, Mich.
Eyre, Wilson, Philadelphia, Pa. Paxon, Wm. Bailey, 152 West 57th Street. Flagg, Charles Noel, Hartford, Ct. Flanagan, John, 1931 Broadway. Foole, Will Howe, Orange, N. J. Franzen, August, 222 Central Park South. Frazier, Kenneth, 86 East 78th Street. Fuller, Henry Brown, Windsor, Vt. Fuller, Lucla Fairchild, Windsor, Vt. Garber, Daniel, Philadelphia, Pa. Gaugengigi, I. M. Boston, Mass. Gauley, Robert David, 939 Elghth Avenus, Genth, Lillian M., 27 West 67th Street. Glackens, Wm. J., 29 Washington Square, Granville-Smith, W., 98 Fifth Avenus, Green, Frank Russell, 365 Fifth Avenus, Green, Frank Russell, 365 Fifth Avenus, Hardenbergh, H. J., 47 West 34th Street. Hays, William J., 145 East 23d Street. Hetter, Albert, 130 East 67th Street. Hills, Laura C., Boston, Mass. Hills, Laura C., Boston, Mass.
Hils, Laura C., Boston, Mass.
Howard, John Galon, Sar Prancisco, Cal.
Hubbell, Henry S., 1 Lexington Avenue,
Hyde, William H., 66 East 81st Street.
Johnseu, John C., 62 Washington Square.
Jong-rrs, Alphonse, 15 West 57th Street.
Keith, Dora Wheeler, 33 West 67th Street.
Keith, Dora Wheeler, 33 West 67th Street.
Kilne, William Fair, 244/West 14th Street.
La Farge, C. Grant, 25 Madison Square North.
Lawson, Ernest, 23 Macdougal Alley.
Loomis, Chester, Englewood, N. J.,
Low, Mrs. Mary Fairchild, Bronxville, N. Y.
Lukeman, H. Augustus, 145 West 55th Street.
Lyman, Joseph, 7 West 43d Street.
MacCameron, Robert, 222 Central Park South. MacCameron, Robert, 222 Central Park South.

MacEwen, Walter, abroad. March, Fred Daus, Nutley, N. J.
Martiny, Philip
Mielstz, C. F. W., 422 West 160th Street.
Moschowliz, Faul, 31 Barclay Street.
Moschowliz, Faul, 31 Barclay Street.
Nettleton, Walter, Stockhridge, Mass.
Niemeyer, John Henry, New Hisven, Ct.
O'Donovan, W. R., 569 Eagle Avenue.
Farshall, DeVitt, Carnegle Hall.
Feabody, Robert S., Boston, Mass.
Fearce, Charles Sprague, France.
Felxotio, Ernest, 65 West 57th Street.
Flocifilli, Attillo, 467 East 142d Street.
Flocifilli, Attillo, 467 East 142d Street.
Flocifilli, Attillo, 47 West 57th Street.
Frati, Bela, Doston, Mass.
Freilwitz, Edith Mitchell, 247 West 11st Street.
Ricchel, William, M. J., 15 West 67th Street.
Ricchel, William, M. J., 15 West 67th Street.
Book, Edward F., Old, Lyne, Ct.
Sartain, William, 130 West 67th Street.
Sewell, Amanda Brewster, Oyster Bay, L. I. Marsh, Fred Daua, Nutley, N. J. Sartain, William, 130 West 57th Street.
Sewell, A. Wanda Brewster, Oyster Bay, L. I.
Shewood, Rosina Emmet, 251 Lexington Avenue.
Shrady, Henry M., Elmsford, N.Y.
Sterner, Albert, 132 East 19th Street.
Story, George H., 230 West 59th Street.
Story, Julian.
Tanger, Henry O. Sherral Story, Julian.
Tanner, Henry O., abroad.
Thorne, William, 58 West 57th Street.
Vonnoh, Bessie Potter, 33 West 67th Street.
Walcott, H. M., Rutherford, N. J.
Walker, C. Howard, Boston, Mass.
Webb, J. Louis, 32 East 42d Street.
Whittemore, Wm. J., 318 West 57th Street.
Yates, Cullen, 939 Eighth Avenue.

COUNCIL, 1912-1913.

President, John W. Alexander; Vice-President, Herbert Adams; Corresponding Secretary, Harry W. Watrous; Recording Secretary, Charles C. Curran; Treasurer, Francis C. Jones; Wm. Rutherford Mead, Kenyon Cox, Frederick Ballard Williams, Henry B. Snell, J. Alden Weir.

The addresses given in the list refer to the city of New York when not otherwise specified. The National Academy was founded in 1826. The schools of the National Academy are open from the first Monday in October to the middle of May. Circulars containing rules and other details may be had on application at the Academy, corner Amsterdam Avenue and West 109th Street.

NATIONAL SCULPTURE SOCIETY.

The National Sculpture Society, with headquarters at New York, was incorporated in 1896. It is composed of lay and sculptor members, and has for its object the spreading of the knowledge of good sculpture, the fostering of the taste for ideal sculpture and its production, both for the household and museums; the promotion of the decoration of public and other buildings, squares, and parks with sculpture of a high class; the improvement of the quality of the sculptor's art as applied to industries, and the providing, from time to time, for exhibitions of sculpture and objects of industrial art in which sculpture enters. The officers are as follows:

President—Herbert Adams. Vice-Presidents—Donn Barber, Solon H. Borglum. Secretary—J.
Scott Hartley. Treasurer—I. Wyman Drummond. Class expliring May, 1913: Henry E. Frey, Donn Barber, Augustus Lukeman, H. A. MacNeil, F. G. R. Roth, John De Witt Warner. Class expliring May, 1914: Robert I. Altken, Solon H. Borglum, Charles Keck, Isidore Konti, Edmund T. Quinn, Arnold W. Burnett. Class expiring May, 1915: Herbert Adams, Karl Bitter, A. Sterling Calder, I. Wyman Drummond, J. Scott Hartley and Lloyd Warren.

ROYAL ACADEMY.

President—Sir Edward John Poynter, Bart. Keeper and Librarian—A. C. Gow. Treasurer—Sir Aston|Webb. Secretary—Sir Frederick A. Eaton. Registrar—E. F. Dixon.

1909 Belcher, John.
1911 Bramley, Frank.
1891 Brock, Sir Thomas, K.C.B.
1903 Clausen, George.
1910 Cope, Arthur Stockdale.
1877 Davis, Henry Wm. Banks.
1891 Dicksee, Frank.
1887 Fldes, Sir Luke.
1910 Forbes, Stanhope A.
1902 Frampton, Sir George J.
1891 Gow, Andrew C.

1891 Gow, Andrew C. 1881 Graham, Peter. 1910 Hacker, Arthur. 1910 Hemy, Charles N.

ROYAL ACADEMICIANS. 1890 Herkomer, Sir Hubert von, |

1890 Herkomer, Sir Hubert von, C. V. O. 1897 Jackson, Thomas Graham, 1909 John, Sir Wm. Goscombe, 1898 Leader, Benj. Williams, 1876 Leslie, George Dunlop, 1898 Lucas, John Seymour, 1905 Murray, David, 1881 Ouless, Walter William, 1911 Parsons, Alfred, 1876 Poynter, Sir Edward John, 1876 Poynter, Sir Edward John,

Bart. 1881 Rivière, Briton. 1895 Richmond, Sir Wm. Blake,

1869 Sant, James, 1897 Sargent, John Singer, 1909 Shannon, James J. 1911 Short, Sir Frank.

1906 Solomon, Solomon J. 1906 Solomon, Solomon J. 1887 Stone, Marcus, 1888 Thornycroft, Wm. Hamo, 1895 Waterhouse, John Wm. 1903 Waterlow, Sir E. Albert, 1903 Webb, Sir Aston, C.B. 1893 Woods, Henry, 1907 Wyllie, William Lionel. 1878 Yeames, Wm. Frederick.

K.C.B. Honorary Retired Academician: 1877 Shaw, Richard Norman. ASSOCIATES.

Bacon, John H. F. Blomfield, Reginald. Bromneid, Reginald.
Brangwyn, Frank.
Brown, J. A. Arnesby.
Cameron, D. Y..
Colton, William Robert.
Cowper, F. Cadogan.
Drury, E. A. B.

East, Sir Alfred. Farquharson, Joseph. Fisher, Mark. George, Sir Ernest. Henry, George. La Thangue, Henry H. Lavery, John.

MacKennal, Bertram. Newton, Ernest, North, John W. Orpen, William. Pegram, Henry A. Pomeroy, F. W. Shannon, Charles,

Sims, Charles. Smythe, L.P., R.A.-Elect Smythe, L.P., R.A.-Elect Stokes, Adrian. Storey, George Adolphus Stott, Edward. Strang, William. Tuke, Henry S. Wood, F. Derwent.

PAINTING AND SCULPTURE-Continued.

ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIVE AMERICAN ARTISTS.

PAINTERS.
Abbott, Elenore P.
Adams, Charles P.
Adams, Charles P.
Adams, Charles P.
Adams, Charles P.
Adams, Charles P.
Adams, Charles P.
Adams, Charles P.
Adams, Charles P.
Balley, Henry T.
Baker, Martha S.
Ball, Thomas W.
Barnes, Gertrude J.
Barlett, Fred E.
Baxter, Martha W.
Beatty, John.
Beaux, Cecilla.
Bisbing, H. S.
Bogert, George H.
Boggs, Frank M.
Bogert, George H.
Boggs, Frank M.
Bofm, Max.
Breckenridge, Hugo.
Browne, Charles F.
Burgess, Ida J.
Carter, Charles M.
Coman, Mrs. Charlotte.
Cooper, Emma L.
Daweson, Arthur B.
Dawson, Arthur B.
Dawson, Arthur B.
Dawson, Arthur B.
Cow, Arthur B.
Cow, Arthur B.
Cow, Charles W.
Ertz, Edward F.
Funk, Wilhelm H.
Gauley, Robert D.
Gay, Walter.
Hale, Phillip Leslie.

Harlson, Thomas A.
Haskell, Ernest.
Hower, Winslow,
Itolansen, M. J. M.
Johansen, M. J. M.
Johansen, John H.
Keller, Arthur.
Knight, Dantel R.
Knight, Louis A.
Lamb, Frederoel S.
Lowell, Orson.
Marr, Carl.
McChesney, Clara T.
McKnistry, Grace E.
Merritt, Mrs. Anna L.
McKnistry, Grace E.
Merritt, Mrs. Anna L.
Miller, Richard E.
Moran, Edward.
Mosler, Henry.
Needham, Charles A.
Nicolls, Mrs. Rhoda H.
Norton, William E.
Parker, Lawton S.
Potthast, Edward H.
Redfield, Edward M.
Roblinson, Florence V.
Rolshoven, Julius,
Rosseau, Percival L.
Sartain, Emily.
Sears, Taber.
Shannon, James J.
Sloan, John.
Smith, Francis H.

Sparhawk-Jones, Eliz Stewart, Julius L. Tanner, Henry O. Thum, Patty Prather. Tillinghast, Mary E. Vall, Eugene. Watter, Martha. Watrous, Harry W. Webster, Herman A. Wentworth, Mrs. Ceelle D. Whittaker, John B. Yeto, Genjire.

SCULPTORS.
Alfano, Vincenzo.
Barnard, George G.
Barnhorn, Clement J.
Bartlett, Paul W.
Berge, Edward.
Bissell, George E.
Borglum, John G. M.
Bracken, Clio H. H.
Brenner, Victor D.
Bringhurst, Robert P.
Brooks, Richard E.
Daillin, Cyrus E.
Dallin, Cyrus E.
Dallin, Cyrus E.
Flanagan, John.
Harley, Charles R.
Harvey, Eli.
Elwell, Frank E.

Fraser, James E. Mercer, Henry C. Meller, Joseph Maxwell. Partridge, William O. Perry, Rowland H. Rhind, J. Massey. Schonhardt, Henri. Yandell, Enid. Young, Mahonri M. Zolnay, George J.

ILLUSTRATORS.
Betts, Anna Whelan.
Christy, Howard C.
Corbett, Bertha L.
Fisher, Harrison.
Flagg, Jas. Montgomery.
Gibson, Charles Dana.
Green, Ellz. Shippen.
Guerin, Jules.
Leyendecker, Joseph C.
Morgan, Wallace.
Newell, Peter.
Penneld, Edward.
Pyle, Howard.
Reuterdahl, Henry.
Smith, Jass. W.
Stephens, Alice B.
Wonzell, Albert B.
Wilson, Rosa C. O'N.
Yohn, Frederick C.

American Academy of Arts and Letters.

The first seven members of the American Academy of Arts and Letters were selected by the National Institute of Arts and Letters from its own body in 1904 by ballot. The seven were William Dean Howells, Augustus St. Gaudens, Edmund Clarence Stedman, John La Farge, Samuel L. Clemens, John Hay and Edward MacDowell. In order to become eligible to the American Academy one must first be a member of the National Institute of Arts and Letters. This society was organized at a meeting of the American Social Science Association in 1898. The qualification for membership is stated in the constitution, "It shall be notable achievement in art, music or literature." The number in the Institute is limited to 250, and the election is by ballot.

The American Academy of Arts and Letters numbers fifty members, and the officers are William Dean Howells, President; William Milligan Sloane, Chancellor; Robert Underwood Johnson, 33 E. 17th St., Permanent Secretary.

The following are the present members of the Academy, there being two vacancies:

William Dean Howells
Henry James
Henry Adams
Thomas Raynesford Lounsbury
Theodore Roosevelt
John Singer Sargent
Alfred Thayer Mahan
Daniel Chester French
John Burroughs
James Ford Rhodes
Horatio William Parker
William Milligan Sloane
Robert Underwood Johnsou
George Washington Cable
Andrew Dickson White
Henry van Dyke

William Crary Brownell
Basil Lanneau Gildersleeve
Woodrow Wilson
Arthur Twining Hadley
Henry Cabot Lodge
Francis Hopkinson Smith
Edwin Howland Blashfield
William Merritt Chase
Thomas Hastings
Hamilton Wright Mable
Brander Matthews
Thomas Nelson Page
Eilhu Vedder
George Edward Woodberry
Kenyon Cox
George Whitefield Chadwick

Abbott Handerson Thayer
John Mulr
Charles Francis Adams
Henry Mills Alden
George deForest Brush
William Rutherford Mead
John W. Alexander
Bliss Perry
Abbot Lawrence Lowell
James Whitcomb Riley
Nicholas Murray Butler
Paul Wayland Bartlett
George Brown Post
Owen Wister
Herbert Adams
Augustus Thomas

The following now deceased, were members of the American Academy of Arts and Letters: Augustus St. Gaudens, Edmund Clarence Stedman, John La Farge, Samuel L. Clemens, John Hay, Edward MacDowell, Charles Follen McKim, Charles Ellot Norton, John Quincy Adams Ward, Thomas Balley Aldrich, Joseph Jefferson, Richard Watson Gilder, Winslow Homer, Carl Schurz, Joel Chandler Harris, Daniel Coll Gilman, Donald Grant Mitchell, Julia Ward Howe, Francis Marlon Crawford, Henry Charles Lea, Bronson Howard, Edwin Austin Abbey, Thomas Wentworth Higginson. William Vaughn Moody, Frank Davis Millet, Horace Howard Furness. John Bigelow and Edward Everett Hale,

The Forty Ammortals of the French Academy.*

	YEAR ELECTED.	Name.	Born.	Predecessor.
ī	1870	Emile Ollivier	Marseilles, 1825	De Lamartine.
$\bar{2}$	1874	Alfred Jean François Mezières	Paris, 1826	St. Marc-Girardin.
3	1886	Othénin P. de Cléron, Comted' Haussonville.	Gurev. 1843	Caro.
4	1888	Jules Arnaud Arsène Claretie. Charles Louis de Saulses de Freycinet	Limoges, 1840	Cuvillier-Fleury.
5	1890	Charles Louis de Saulses de Freycinet	Foix, 1828	Emile Augier.
6	1891	Louis Marie Julien Viaud (Pierre Loti)	Rochefort, 1850	Octave Feuillet.
7	1892	Ernest Lavisse	Nouvion, 1842	Jurien de la Gravière.
8	1893	Paul Louis Thureau-Daugin Paul Bourget Jules Lemaitre	Paris, 1837	Rousset.
9	1894	Paul Bourget	Amiens, 1852	Maxime Du Camp.
10	1895	Jules Lemaitre	Orleans, 1853	Jean Victor Duruy.
11	1896	Jacques Anatole Thibault (Anatole France).	Paris. 1844	Comte de Lesseps.
1.2	1897	A bert Comte de Mun	Lumiguy, 1841	Jules Simon.
13	1897	Gabriel Hanotaux	Beaurevoir, 1853	Challemel-Lacour.
14	1899	Henri Léon Emile Lavedan	Orleans, 1859	Henri Meilhac.
15	1899	Paul Deschanel	Brussels, 1856,	Hervé.
16	1900	Paul Hervien	Neuilly 1857	Pailleron
17	1900	Auguste Emile Faguet	La Roche, 1847	Cherbuliez.
18	1901	Charles Jeau Melchior, Marquis de Vogué	Paris, 1829	Duc de Broglie.
19	1901	Edmond Rostand	Marseilles, 1868	Bornier.
20	1903	Frédéric Masson	Paris, 1847	Gaston Paris.
21	1903	René BazinEtienne Lamy	Angers, 1853	Legouve.
22	1905	Etienne Lamy	Cize, 1845	Gerárd.
23	1906	Alexandre Félix Joseph Ribot	St. Omer, 1842	D'Andiffret Pasquier.
		Maurice Barrès		
25	1907	Maurice Donnay	Paris, 1860	Sorel.
26	1907	Marquis de Ségur	Paris, 1853	Rousse.
27	1908	Francis Charmes	Aurillac, 1848	Berthelot.
28	1908	Jean Richepin	Medca, Algeria, 1848	Theuriet.
29	1909	Raymond Poincaré	Bar-le-Duc, 1860 .	Gebhardt.
. 30	1909	Eugène Brieux	Paris, 1858	Halévy.
		Jean Aicard		
-32	1909	René Doumic	Paris, 1860	Boissier.
33	1909	Marcel Prévost	Paris, 1862	Sardou.
34	1910	Monsigneur Duchesne	Saint-Servan, 1843.	Mathieu.
35	1911	l Henri de Régnier	Honfleur, 1864	Melchior de Vogué.
36	1911	Henry Roujon. Denys Cochin		Barboux.
37	1911	Denys Cochin	Paris, 1851	Comte Vandal
- 38	1912	Louis Lvantey		Jules Henri Poincaré.
39	1912	Enine Boutroux,		Hippolyte Langlois.
40		Vacant		

*The French Academy is one of five academies, and the most eminent, constituting the Institute France. It was founded in 1635 by Cardinal Richelieu, and reorganized in 1816. It is composed of France. of France. It was founded in 1635 by Cardinal Richelieu, and reorganized in 1816. It is composed of 40 members, elected for life, after personal application and the submission of their nomination to the head of the state. It meets twice weekly, at the Palace Mazarin, 23 Quai Conti, Paris, and is "the highest authority on everything appertaining to the niceties of the French language, to grammar, rhetoric, and poetry, and the publication of the French classics." The chief officer is the secretary, who has a life tenure of his position. The present permanent secretary is Thureau-Dangin (No. 8), who was elected an Academician in 1893. A chair in the Academy is the highest ambition of most literary

Frenchmen.

The other academies of the Institute of France are: The Academy of Inscriptions and Belles-Lettres, with 40 members; Academy of Sciences, with 68 members: Academy of Fine Arts, with 40 members (as follows: Painting, 14; sculpture, 8; architecture, 8; engraving, 4; musical composition, 6), and Academy of Moral and Political Science, with 40 members. All members are elected for life,

The Commission of Fine Arts. HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That a permanent Commission of Fine Arts is hereby created to be composed of seven well-qualified judges of the fine arts, who shall be appointed by the President, and shall serve for a period of four years each, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The President shall have authority to fill all vacancies. It shall be the duty of such commission to advise upon the location of statues, fountains, and monuments in the public squares, streets, and parks in the District of Columbia, and upon the selection of models for statues, fountains, and monuments erected under the authority of the United States and upon the selection of artists for the execution of the same. It shall be the duty of the officers charged by law to determine such questions in each case to call for such advice. The foregoing provisions of this act shall not apply to the Capitol building of the United States and the building of the Library of Congress. The commission shall also advise generally upon questions of art when required to do so by the President, or by any committee of either House of Congress. "Said commission shall have a secretary and such other assistance as the commission may authorize, and the members of the commission shall each be paid actual expenses in going to and returning from Washington to attend the meetings of said commission and while attending the same.

Sec. 2. That to meet the expenses made necessary by this act an expenditure of not exceeding the thousand dollars a year is hereby authorized.

Approved, May 17, 1910. Headquarters, 1729 New York Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.

MEMBERS. Chairman—Daniel C. French, New York City: Vice-Chairman—Frederick Law Olmsted, Brook-line, Mass.; Thomas Hastings, New York City: Cass Gilbert, New York City: Charles Moore, Detroit, Mich.; Edwin H. Blashfield, New York City: Peirce Anderson, Chicago, Ill.: Secretary and Executive Officer—Col. Spencer Cosby, U. S. A.

Art Progress in the United States.

BY HENRY TYRRELL.

In gauging the art progress of the United States year by year, at the present stage of development, it is necessary to take note not only of the opening of new museums and galleries, the increasing number of organizations, the evidences of growing popular interest in art and the augmented commergial value of the product of American artists living and dead; but also the rapidly accumulating riches of our public and private collections through the acquisition of foreign masterpieces, particularly the "old masters," by wealthy connoisseurs such as Messrs. Morgan, Frick, Kahn, Huntington, Widener, Altman, Clark, Johnson and others, against whose competition the resources of European conservators are usually unavailing.

It is a matter of official record that during the year ending June 1, 1912, the aggregate value of art importations alone reached the unprecedented figure of \$40,000,000. Never before has so much been spent for art works by the United States—the nearest approach being in the last preceding year, when the value of imports of this character was \$22,500,000.

The above figures take no account of the vast and priceless collections of Mr. J. Plerpont Morgan in London, now destined for remival to New York, and of which several installments aiready been only to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; single items among these treasures, valued according to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; single items among these treasures, valued according to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; single items among these treasures, valued according to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; single items among these treasures, valued according to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; single items among these treasures, valued according to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; single items among these treasures, valued according to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; single items among these treasures, valued according to the present rising scale, are: Raffaellee; slight this prices of p

lectors for Old World masterpleces. This competition, while enormously inflating the prices of pletures, even as modern as those of the Barbizon school, has secured to America a large and increasing representation of the best work of Rembrandt, Rubens, Velasquez, Van Dyck, Gainsborough and Reynolds, besides Italian primitives and Renaissance and French landscapits and romanticists of the first half of the nineteenth century. For the two famous Velasquez portraits of King Philip IV. and his minister Olivares Mr. Benjamin Altman is said to have paid a round million. Corot's "Lake Nemi," which at the Mary Jane Morgan sale twenty-five years ago brought what was then thought a record price of \$17,000, sold recently at public auction in New York for \$85,000. At a Fifth Avenue dealer's a Rembrandt etching of Jan Lutma was lately sold for \$10,000. Two years ago an authoritative list was published of 86 Rembrandts owned in the United States. Since then there have been several notable additions to the number, including the noble "Mill." Side by side with this phenomenal acquisition of world-masterpieces, the growth of American art institutions has gone on steadily, with marked advance of patronage and prestige of the work of American artists at home and abroad.

In the past year several important new art museums have been dedicated, including the Sweet

of American artists at home and abroad.

In the past year several important new art museums have been dedicated, including the Swest Memorial, at Portland, Me.; the Toledo (Ohio) Museum; the Rice Institute, at Houston, Tex.; the Hackley Art Gallery at Muskegon, Mich.; and art institutions and schools of design at New Orleans, Detroit, Minneapoils, and Los Angeles.

The new art societies organized during the past year include; the Association of American Painters and Sculptors, with Arthur B. Davies President, and Gutzon Borglum Vice-President; the National Association of Portrait Painters, including J. W. Alexander and W. M. Chase; the Society of Women Painters; and the French Institute and Museum of New York, which plans to exhibit in America representative art treasures selected from the State museums and manufactories of France. of France.

of Prints—the first of the kind to be formally establishment at Harvard University of a Chair of Prints—the first of the kind to be formally established in any of the world's great universities—under the professorship of PitzRoy Cartington, of New York, editor of the Print Collectors Quarterly, and who will in conjunction with his Harvard lectures assume the position of curator of the print

and who will in conjunction with his Harvard lectures assume the position of curator of the print department of the Boston Museum. The accessions of the Metropolitan Museum of Art during the past year reached a total of 2,524 objects—1,131 by gift and 1,393 by purchase—of which 53 are paintings and 40 sculptures. The Museum has also acquired the indefinite loan of the Holden collection of Italian primitive paintings—a part of the important group of old masters assembled half a century ago by Consul James Jackson Jarves at Florence.

James Jackson Jarves at Florence.

The Museum of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences has Issued a sumptuous illustrated catalogue of its celebrated Avery collection of ancient Chinese cloisonnés, by John Getz, with a preface by Prof. William H. Goodyear. The Fine Arts (Albright) Academy of Buffalo, celebrated in November the fiftleth anniversary of its founding, with an impressive retrospective exhibition. At the sixteenth annual art exhibition at the Carnegle Institute, Pittsburgh, the 348 paintings shown were viewed by 30,000 persons. Eleven paintings by foreign artists and ten by Americans (including J. Alden Weir and J. Francis Murphy) were sold, at prices ranging from \$1,500 to \$5,000.

The rapidly increasing values in American paintings and sculptures form a topic of perennial interest among connoisseurs and dealers generally. Not only have the Innesses, Martins, Wyants and Homers risen in the last few years to something like the commercial level of the Barblzon masters, but such living contemporaries as Chase, Alexander, Weir, Hassam, Tarbell, Benson, Metcalf, Murphy, Crane, Foster, Henri, Thayer, Dewing, Carlsen, Volk, Melehers, Hawthorne, Brush, Walker, Redfield, Symons and Schofield fetch thousands of dollars to-day where they did hundreds a decade ago.

Wurphy, Crane, Foster, Henri, Thayer, Dewing, Carisen, 1013, 1024, where they did hundreds walker, Redfield, Symons and Schofield fetch thousands of dollars to-day where they did hundreds a decade ago.

A well kan Academiclan, in pointing out the fact that a ten year investment in American plettee pays better than stocks and bonds, quotes William T. Evans as saying: "Tarbell's Girl Croches and the stocks and bonds, quotes William T. Evans as saying: "Tarbell's Girl Croches and the stocks and bonds, quotes William T. Evans as saying: "Tarbell's Girl Croches and the stocks and bonds, quotes William T. Evans as saying: "Tarbell's Girl Croches and School, as Farge's Visit of Inches and the stocks and bonds, quotes William T. Evans as saying: "Tarbell's Girl Croches and School, as Farge's Visit of Inches and School, as Farge's Vis

In sculpture, mural painting and applied art in its various branches, the activity and recognition are impressively manifested in such public buildings as the Pennsylvania State Capitol at Harrisburg, and the new Museum Building of the Brooklyn Institute, with their extensive use of statuary; the commissions to American artists for mural paintings in capitols, court houses and municipal buildings throughout the country; and in the movement centred in the Art and Trades Club, an organization of the leaders in the art trades in New York, with the purpose of stimulating practical integers in decorative set. practical interest in decorative art.

588 Music.

Music.

BY MAZIE E. CLEMENS.

In the season of twenty-two weeks of opera-1911-12-there were 155 performances, in which thirty-four different operas were heard. Of these Wagner led in the number of works and presentations. Puccini was second, with four works, and twenty-five representations; Verdi came next with five music dramas and twenty-two performances. In addition, there were seven performances of works by the Chicago Company. The novelties mounted were "Lobetanz," a German opera by Ludwig Thuilie (see 1912 Almanac for story), "Le Donne Curlose," "Verslegelt," "Mona" and "La Vita Nuova," The Chicago Company introduced two noveltes into the repertoire, "The Jewels of the Madonna" and "Cendrillon." Forty operas were produced altogether; seventeen were Italian, ten German, eleven French and two English. German opera was the favorite in New York, in point of operas performed. French works took first place in the repertoire of Chicago.

Mme. Luisa Tetrazzini made her first appearance at the Metropolitan Opera House on December 27, 1911, as the heroine of Donizetti's "Lucla di Lammermoor." While Tetrazzini had sung better on former occasions, she showed that her volce had gained in fulness and power. In the sextet, which won applause and had to be repeated, she was at her best. To support Mme, Tetrazzini, Florench Constantino was brought from Boston to sing he part of Edgardo, which part he sang very well. Pasquale Amato impersonated Lord Enrico Ashton, Herbert Witherspoon was Railmondo and Sturani conducted.

was Raimondo and Sturani conducted,

sung better on former occasions, she showed that her voice had gained in fullness and power. In the two appliance and had to the repend, she was a line bear. The two properties of the property of the proper

Gennaro alone. Making his way to the altar of the Madonna, he replaces the jewels and stabs him-

Gennaro alone. Making his way to the altar of the Madonna, he replaces the jewels and stabs himself to death with a knife, just as the crowd enters with weapons to kill him. The honors of the evening went to Carolina White, who as Manielia excelled dramatically and vocally; Marlo Sammarco, who ably impersonated the leader of the Camorristi, Rafaele; Amadeo Bassi in the rôle of the blacksmith, Gennaro; Louise Berat as Carmela, and to Mr. Campanini, whose masterly reading of the score deserved the highest praise.

Leo, Slezak returned to the Metropolitan Opera House in a revival of "Tannhauser." His magnificent voice showed to good advantage. There was a new Wolfram in the person of Mr. Well and Putnam Griswold was a new Landgravo.

"Mona," the \$10,000 prize opera by Prof. H. W. Parker, of Yale University, and Brian Hooker, was heard on March 14. The story concerns the efforts of Mona, Princess of Britain, at the time of Roman rule, to free her country from the domination of the invaders. Mona learns that Gwynn, whom she loves, is Quintus, son of the Roman Governor, but she does not know that he has been working through his Roman connections for peace and that he had saved her life. When Mona, not knowing his devotion to Britain, discovers that Gwynn, is a Roman, she kills him.

The performance of "Mona" has not advanced, to any material degree, the cause of opera in English, although there was an improvement in the singling in the vernacular over last year's performance when the "Pipe of Desire" was put on. From a literary point of view the book has distinct of the performance of monary and the part of the words, however, is its originality of musical style. The opera was well rendered and Mr. Hertz conducted with enthusiasm and understanding. Mine, Louise Homer's impersonation of the heroine was one of her best achievements. She sang with expression and beauty. Mr. Hinshaw, as Gloom, displayed his fine voice to advantage; Riccardo Martin, as Gwynn, ad difficult part to sing, did admirably, and Puntam Griswold a Ruysdael as an Old Man.

Mme. Charles-Cahler, an American singer, made her initial bow on April 3, as Azucena in "Trovatore," but she did not gain the measure of success expected.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE-SEASON 1911-12.

OPERA.	First Perform- ance.	No. of Times.	OPERA.	First Perform- ance.	No. of Times.
"Alda" "Königskinder" "Königskinder" "La Fanciulia dei West" "Tristan und Isolde" "Lobetanz" "Madama Butterffy" "Faust" "Götterdämmerung" "Cavalleria Rusticana" "Pagilacci" "Lohengrin" "La Gloconda"	Nov. 17 Nov. 18 Nov. 20 Nov. 22 Nov. 23 Nov. 24	7755573369563	"La Travlata" "Rigoletto" "Versleget Barbe-Bieue" "Arlane et Barbe-Bieue" "Das Rhelngold" "Die Walkure" "Tannhauser" "Otello" "The Bartered Bride" "Die Meistersinger" "Mona" "Manon" "CHICAGO OPERA CO.:	Feb. 1 Feb. 8 Feb. 17	2 5 4 3 1 5 4 4 2 3 4 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 4 3
"Parsifal" "Il Trovatore" "La Bohème" "Hansel und Gretel" "Tosca" "Armide" "Orfeo e Eurldice" "Lucla di Lammermoor" "Slegfried" "Le Donne Curlose"	Nov. 30 Dec. 2 Dec. 4 Dec. 11 Dec. 16 Dec. 25 Dec. 27 Dec. 30	34 87 54 53 3	"Carmen" "Carmen" "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame" "Il Segreto di Susanna" "Le Giojelli della Madonna" "Thals" Total	Feb. 27 Feb. 27 Mar. 5 Mar. 12	1 1 1 2 1 162

The following is a review of the opera for season 1912-13, up to time of the Almanac going

The following is a review of the opera for season 1912-13, up to time of the Almanac going to press:

New Yorkers had an opportunity to hear a new soprano on the opening night of the Metropolitan Opera House for the season, on November 11. Puccinis "Manon Lescaut" was the work in which Lucrezia Bori made her very successful début, disclosing a voice of beauty and freshness. Caruso, as Des Grieux, delighted the audience with the golden notes that make him stand out as the greatest tenor. In addition there was a new conductor, Giorgio Polacco, who made a favorable impression. Scotti made a fascinating Lescaut and Andrea de Ségurola was the old suitor, Gerone. Much enthusiasm was manifested at the second night's performance. "Tannhauser" was the attraction and a superb performance was given. Olive Fremstad was Venus, Emmy Destinn sang Elizabeth, Leo Slezak was Tannhauser, Herman Weil was Wolfram and Herbert Witherspoon was Landgraf. On November 14 "La Gioconda," by Ponnhelli, was sung with an entirely familiar cast, including Caruso, who sang "Cielo e Mar" particularly well. Louise Homer appeared for the first time this season as Laura. Mr. Polacco conducted. Geraldine Farrar received a warm welcome on November 15 in Puccini's "Madama Butterfly." Martin sang Pinkerton and Scotti was Consul Sharpless. Two works rarely heard and the debut of Tita Ruffo gave an especial attraction to the second week of opera. He appeared in Ambroise Thomas's (1811-1896) "Hamlet" (1868), which was given here before in April, 1892, with La Salle as Hamlet and Marie Van Zandt as Ophelia, and again in 1896, with Calve as Ophelia. On the ovening of the 19th, Titta Ruffo received an ovation. While his acting did not come up to expectations, in voice revealed its power and clearness. It is fresh and vibrant, showing to best advantage in the drinking song. Mme. Zeppilli made a charming Ophelia and Gustay Huberdeau was an imposing Claudius. Others who effectively sang their parts were Henri Scott as the Ghost, Mme. de Cisneros as Gertrude, Fr

with spirit and skill.

Pasquale Amato sang, to an enthusiastic audience, on November 20, the prologue to "Pagliacci," which was followed by "Cavalleria Russicana." In "Pagliacci," there was a new Nedda in the person of Lucrezia Bori and Caruso sang the music of Canio.

"Il Trovatore" was selected for the evening of November 27. Marie Rappold was heard as Leonora, Louise Homer was Azucena, Leo Slezak was Manrico, and Pasquale Amato was the Count.

The first novelty to be brought out during the season was Mozart's "Magic Flute" ("Die

Zauberfloete") at the matinee of November 23. The last time this work was heard in New York was in 1903 with Sembrich, Gadski. Goritz, Reiss, Plancon and Dippel. Mr. Gatti-Casazza's presentation was a praiseworthy one and the careful planning and execution of the production was revealed in the charming and artistic result. Ethel Parks made her first appearance as Queen of the Night, disclosing a pleasing voice. Another initial bow on the Metropolitan's stage was made by Edward Lankow, who sang the arias of Sarastro. Two survivors of the former production were Goritz and Reiss. The former sang and played Papageno in a delightful manner and the latter humorously portrayed the rôle of the negro, Monastotos. Leo Slezak made an imposing figure as Tamino and sang with his usual polish of style. Others in the cast were Mme. Destinn, who sang beautifully the music of Pamino, Bella Alten as Papagena, Putnam Griswold as the Speaker, Vera Curtis, Florence Mulford, Louise Homer, Lambert Murphy and Anna Case. Hertz conducted in his usual masterly manher. his usual masterly manner. "Parsifal" was sung for

was sung for the holiday matinee of November 28 and "La Bohême" was given in

the evening.

the evening.

During the second week of December, Caruso appeared three times. He revived "Aida" on Monday night, with Destinn; "La Bohème on Wednesday night, in which Frances Aida sang for the first timeduring the season, and "Pagliacci" on Friday. The latter was followed by Wolf-Ferrari's opera, "The Secret of Suzanne," sung for the first time by a New York cast, which included Farrar, Scotti and Bade.

The newcomers in the company are: Lucrezia Borl, Louise Cox, Vera Curtis, Frieda Hempel, Stella de Mette, Lila Robeson, Paul Althouse, Umberto Maenez, Jacques Urlus, Willy Buers, Edward Erhard, Carl Braun. The conductors are: Alfred Hertz, Giorgio Polacco, Arturo Toscanini, Giuseppe Stuarani, Adolf Rothmeyer. The regular Corps de Balte consists of forty dancers. The premiere danseuses are Mile. Lucia Fornaroli, Mile. Maria Pezzatini and Miss Eva Swain. The last named is the first graduate of the ballet school and the first American girl to become a premiere danseuse of the Metropolitan Opera Co. The librarian is Mr. Lichel Mapleson.

In addition to opera given at the Metropolitan, the French Opera Co. of New Orleans visited New York in April, 1912, and gave opera at the Lyric Theatre. Among the works they sung were "Il Trovatore" in French. "Mignon" and "La Favorite."

**Philadelphia—The repertorie for opera in this city consisted of "Aida," "Louise," "Quo Vadis," "The Jewels of the Madonna," "Tales of Hoffmann," "Cendrillon" and "Traviata." "Versiegelt," by Blech, pleased its hearers. Mme. Gadski was the susceptible widov Gertrud, Goritz portrayed Lampe, the constable; Herman Weil was the Mayor; Herman Jadlowker was Bertel; Marie Matrield was Widow Willmers. Caruso appeared in "Pagliacci," and Dinh Gilly delivered the prologue. "Quo Vadis" was not received with much enthusiasm, but quite the reverse was the reception given to the performance of "The Jewels of the Madonna" on February 14. Amadeo Bassi was Gennaro, Carolina White was Maniella, and Mario Sammarco was Rafaele.

Another novelty was Attlio Parelli's one-act opera "A Lovers' Quarrel," which had its first performance on any stage on March 6. It is a catchy, tuneful little work and was well received. The libretto is by E. Comitti. A pair of country lovers, Florindo and Rosaura, were betrothed when children by their parents. Florindo loves Rosaura, but knowing that she disdains him, he pretends to be indifferent. This state of affairs causes a quarrel, much to the distress of the anxious parents. But it is patched up and the lovers express their mutual happiness. The music is charming and melodous and expresses the action of the play. In the cast were Amadeo Bassi as the young lover. His voice fitted the part and he sang well; Alice Zeppilli was Rosaura, and the parents were Marlo Sammarco and Louise Beral, as Don Fullenzio and Donna Angelica respectively.

The Philadelphia-Chicago A Grand Opera Co. commenced the Season of the Hearth." set to music be well as the provided in English case were Amadeo Bassi as the young lover. The Philadelphia-Chicago A Grand Opera Co. commenced the S

conducted.

Chicago—Ten weeks of opera was given under the direction of Andreas Dippel. Nearly all the novelties met with success. Among them were "Natoma," "Cendrillon," "The Secret of Suzanne," "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame" and "The Jewels of the Madonna." There were seventy performances of twenty-five different operas. Other works rendered were Wagner's "Die Walküre," with Jane Osborn-Hannah as Sleglinde and Heinrich Hensel as Slegmund; "Carmen" on the afternoon of January 24, with Mary Garden. In the evening of the same date, "The Jewels of the Madonna" was given, and Carolina White took advantage of all the opportunities which the work afforded and scored a triumph as Manlella. Bassi excelled as Gennaro.

The receipts were reported to be \$452,536, and in addition, \$42,040 for performances in Milwaukee. This sum is \$70,168 in excess of the amount of the previous season. The season of 1912-13 commenced on November 25, with "Manon Lescaut."

Boston—There were seventy-two subscription performances and six special ones. "The Gird of the Golden West" (4), was heard for the first time on January 17, with Carmen Melis as the Girl, Zenatello as Johnson, Giovanni Polese as the Sheriff, Luigi Cilla as Nick and Edward Lankow as Ashby.

Zenatello as Johnson, Giovanni Polese as the Sheriff, Luigi Cilla as Nick and Edward Lankow as Ashby.

During the week beginning January 21 there were rendered "Pélléas et Melisande" (5), "Rigoletto" (4), with Maurice Renaud. 'Faust" (7), with Zenatello in the title rôle, Zina Brozia as Marguerite and Vanni Marcoux as Méphistopheles, and on January 27, "Hånsel und Gretel" (4), with Jeska Swartz, Bernice Fisher, and Florence de Courcy.

Revivals of Rossinis" "Barber of Seville" (f), on January 29, and Massenet's "Manon" (2), on February 2, were given. In the former Mme. Tetrazzini appeared as Roslina, Constantino as Alimaviva, Rodolfo Fornari as the Barber and Vanni Marcoux as Basilio. In the latter performance, Zina Brozia was Manon, Edmond Clement was Des Grieux, Fornari was Lescaut, José Mardone was the Count, and Jeska Swartz was Madeleine. On January 31, Mme. Gay took the part of Suziki in "Madama Butterfly" (3), and Zenatello was Pinkerton. A dramatic and musical little opera, "La Habañera" (2), by Laparra, was revived on March 22. The east included Mme. Gay as Pilar, Jean Riddez as Ramon, Fernand de Potter as Pedro. Other works heard were "Alda" (6), "Cavalleria Rusticana" (2), "Germania" (3), "Ucula di Lammermoor" (3), "Otello" (2). "I Pagliacci" (4), "Il Trovatore" (1), "La Traviata" (2), "Tosca" (5), "Carmen" (7), "L'Enfant Prodigue" (2), "Mignon" (2), "Samson et Dallia" (6), "Thais" (8), "Werther" (2), and "Tristan und Isolde" (4). The season closed on March 30, with Debussy's music to D'Annunzio's "Martyrdom of St. Sebastian," followed by "Hänsel und Gretel" in the afternoon, and "Pélléas et Melisande," with Mary Garden, in the evening,

During the opening week of the season of 1912-13, beginning November 25, there were heard Offenbach's "Tales of Hoffmann," "La Bohême," "Madama Butterfly" and "Il Trovatore."

Pittsburgh—Victor Herbert's "Natoma" was enjoyed by its hearers on February 9, at the Nixon Theatre. Mr. Herbert, who was present, received an ovation and addressed the audience. Mary Garden was Natoma; Carolina White was Barbara; Heeter Dufranne made an effective Father Peralta; George Hamlin was the Lieutenant; Henri Scott was Don Francisco, and Mario Sammarco was Alvarado. "The Secret of Suzanne" was sung on the afternoon of February 10, and "Hänsel und Gretel" in the evening.

Denver—On October 21 "The Secret of Suzanne" was presented by the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Co. In the cast were Alfredo Costa, Alice Zeppilli and Francisco Daddi.

Los Angeles—Grazi's French Opera Co., at the Auditorium, gave "Madama Butterfly." In this well staged performance were Mme. Fregoleska as Clo-Clo-San. Another work heard was "La Bohème" with Mme. Chambellan as Miml. "Carmen" and "Lucia" were also offered. The company presented as a novelty "La Navarraise." It was followed by "Cavalleria Rusticana." On another occasion "Tosca" was sung and later in the season "Rigoletto" and "Herodlade," the latter displaying the voices of the tenor, Affre, and the soprano, Mme. Richardson, to advantage. On October 31 "Conchita" was produced by the Lombardi Opera Co.

New Orleans.—The French Opera Co. gave among their several performances "Madama Butterfly" and "Tosca." These works were very popular with the audience. Mile. Lavarenne sang the principal roles in these operas.

the principal rôles in these operas.

St. Paul—"Tristan und Isolde" received its first production in this city on January 29. Mme. Saltzman Stevens was Isolde; Charles Dalmores was Tristan; Mme. Gerville-Reache was Brangaene and Clarence Whitchill was the faithful Kurwenal. The second opera heard was 'Le Jongleur de Notre Dame,' with Mary Garden as Jean, Hector Dufranne as Bonlface, and Gustav Huberdeau as the Prior. The following offering was "The Jewels of the Madonna" by Wolf-Ferrari, with Carolina White as Maniella, Amadeo Bassi as Gennaro, and Mario Sammarco as Rafaele.

"Dle Walküre" brought out a large crowd to hear it at the Auditorium, and Mme. Fremstad eame in for a great deal of applause. The last work heard and which closed the season was Victor Herbert's "Natoma." The heralding of this work's California setting, American composer, and excellent east, caused the house to be filled. The audience showed its appreciation of Campanini's masterful conducting of the score, and Mary Garden's beautiful interpretation of the Indian maiden by much applause. It was reported that the receipts for the season amounted to \$40,000, which lacked \$6,000 of meeting expenses.

masterial conducting of the score, and Mary Garden's Deautiful interpretation of the Indian mature by much appliance. It was reported that the receipts for the season amounted to \$40,000, which lacked \$6,000 of meeting expenses.

San Francisco is the first American city that can boast of a municipal opera house. An especially musical week was given in the middle of March, when good programmes were offered by Efrem Zimbalist, Harold Bauer, Luisa Tetrazzini and Myrtle Elvyn. The opera season began with "La Bohême" on September 21, at the Cort Theatre. Zandona's "Conchita" had its first performance on the Pacific coast on September 28. On October 11, Strauss's "Salome" was rendered. Other works heard were "Carmen" and "Madama Butterfly," the latter with Amini Matrix accounts. Matini as Cio-Cio-San.

Baltimore—Opera in Baltimore was not a financial success, though it lacked nothing in the way of artistic merit. "Mignon" was given by the Aborn Opera Co., at Ford's Opera House, with Mrs. Mabel G. Slemonn as Filina.

Milwaukee—"Samson et Dalila" and "Carmen" were heard at the Pabst Theatre, and "Die küre" was sung in the Auditorium by the Chicago Grand Opera Co.

Three performances of opera were given in New Haven, tw in Portland, two in Springfield, one Walküre

in Hartford.

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Three performances of opera were given in New Haven, tween in Portland, two in Springfield, one in Hartford.

Montreal—The Montreal Opera Co., for the first time rendered Charpentier's "Louise" in January. Louise was sung by Fely Dereyne; Huberty had the rôle of the father; Courso was the mother, and Darial sang the part of the artist-lover. Two weeks of opera were given in the latter part of February by the Montreal Opera Co. The deficit in the receipts amounted to about \$75,000, "Alda" served to open the season in November, 1912. Other works heard were "Herodiade," "La Bohème," "Faust."

London—Mr. Hammerstein produced at his London Opera House fitteen weeks of grand opera. Felice Lyne, who made a sensational success in "Rigoletto," also appeared in "Lucia." Massenet's "Herodiade" introduced the Peruvian contraito, Mme. d'Alvarez, who was Herodias, and Lina Cavalleri made her reappearance in London as Salome. On January 24, Oscar Hammerstein gave a production of Cha. pentier's "Louise," with Aline Vallandri as Louise. Massenet's "Jongleur de Notre Dame" was sung on January 10, before a large audience. Interest centred chiefly around the fact that the part of Jean, written for a tenor, was sung for the first time in London by a woman. Victoria Fer as the Juggler showed that her singing and acting were of the highest. The only American in the cast was Arthur Philips, who was the monk musician. On March 2 the curtain was rung down on the close of the winter season. During the season twelve different operas were performed, "Rigoletto" and the "Tales of Hoffmann" being the favorites, with eleven performances each. "Norma" was the last work heard and had only one performance. Among the artists who appeared were Frank Pollock, of Galesburg, Ill.; Henry Weldon, who has a magnificent bass voice, and Maurice Renaud, whose great voice and artistic singing were much appreciated. Mr. Hammerstein began his second season on April 22, with "Romeo et Juliette

"Traumbilder" and "Taglioni," were heard. Berlin audiences did not care especially for "Quo Vadis," which was well staged and sung. Adam's "Village Barber" closed the season.
At the performance of "Rosenkavalier" on February 2, Florence Easton was Sophie, Margarete Ober had the principal music to sing and Dr. Muck conducted. "Il Matrimonio Segreto" as staged at the Königliche Hochschule. This work was first produced in Vienna in 1793 and was

Ober had the principal music to sing and Dr. Muck conducted. "Il Matrimonio Segreto" was staged at the Königliche Hochschule. This work was first produced in Vienna in 1793 and was again heard in Milan in 1911.

The Berlin Royal Opera season of 1911-12 closed on June 23, and the new season began on August 20. Caruso and Marguerite Sylva appeared in "Carmen" on October 7.

Parls—Puccinis "Tosca" was given at the Toulouse Opera House with Mme. Compte in the title rôle. On March 22, Miss Alys Lorraine, a young soprano of California, sang the rôle of Elsa in "Lohengrin" at the National Opera. The début of Mary Garden in "La Tosca" at the Opéra Comique caused quite a stir and she came in for a storm of praise and condemnation on the part of critics, but at her third performance on September 18 she achieved a triumph with her audience. Seause of the startling character of the plot, which deals with leprosy, praise and adverse critics but at her third performance on September 18 she achieved a triumph with her audience. Seause of the startling character of the plot, which deals with leprosy, praise and adverse critics was given when "La Lepreuse." an opera by Henry Bataille and Sylvio Lazzari, was heard at the Opéra Comique. It is a brilliant piece of work and the music, which is Wagnerian in character, is considered to interpret ably the morbid horror of the story. Mme. Marguerite Carri sang the part of Aliette. Mme. Delna was Tili, and Mr. Beyle sang the music of Ervoanik.

A drama of Bulgarian peasant life, the plot of which is something similar to that of "Cavalleria," is "The Colzar Mine," which was presented at the National Opera House on March 28. The title part was taken by M. Muratore. Augusta Doria won success in Donizetti's "La Favorita" and in Masenett's "Herodiade," which were given at La Calete.

Another novelty to Paris opera-geors was "Le Cobzar," a lyric drama in two acts, by Helene Vacaresco and Paul Milliet, music by Gabrielle Ferrari. The story of the opera Islaid in a quaint little village in Roum

Chenal created the title role.

An opera to have its first performance in Paris was "Nail," a lyric drama in three acts by Jules Bois, music by Isidore de Lara, given at La Galete, in April. It is a love story of the Algerian desert and the scenes are laid on the border of Algeria and Morocco. Marguerite Merentie impersonated the dancing girl of the Arabian tribe, Nail. Massenet's 'Roma' was heard at the Grand Opéra with a cast including Mmes. Kousnetzoff, Campredon and Arbell and MM. Muratore and Delmas. On May 16, Puccini's "Girl of the Golden West" received its first performance in the French capital at the same house. Caruso was Johnson and Carmen Melis was Minnie. "Helen of Sparta," a four-act tragedy with music, by Emile Verhaeren, was received with favor. Ida Rubinstein portrayed the heroine.

stein portrayed the heroine.

Rome—In the beginning of 1912, at the Costanzi, "La Wally" was produced. This work is set to music by Alfredo Catalani (1854-1893) and the libretto is by Luigi Illica. It was first given at Milan in 1891 and was much admired. At the production here, Ersilia Caroli sang the music of Wally. On January 10 Puccini's "Bohéme" was presented, with Ersilia Caroli sang the music of Wally. On January 10 Puccini's "Bohéme" was presented, with Ersilia Caroli sang the music of rebruary 7. It was new to Rome, though it had been heard at Milan in 1891 and was well received on February 7. It was new to Rome, though it had been heard at Milan in 1909. The Italian libretto is by Ottone Schanzer. Emma Carelli interpreted the title part. There were performances also given of Meyerbeer's "L'Africaine," Don Giocondo Fino's "La Festa de Grano," "Travitai" and "Il Trovatore." In the latter a newcomer appeared, Juanita Capella, "Conchita," the work of a promising young composer, Zandonai, was brought forth on March 23. The story is taken from the novel of Pierre Louy's "La Femme et le Paintin." Ersilia Caroli was the heroine, Taccani was Matteo, the lover, and Virali conducted. Another new work to be head was Franz Lehars' "Amor di Zingaro" ("Gypsy Love"), which was rendered in May, but it did not receive the success expected. At the Nazionale "La Casta Susanna," a comic opera whose theme is taken from the French, was given, with Vanni Galliana. The music is by G. Gilbert and the libretto by G. Okoukonsky, Safonoff, the conductor, put the symphonic poem "Salome" by Henry Hadley of San Francisco, in his repertory when he played at the Augustium. Signorina Storchio appeared in revivais of Italian opera of the old romantic school, which fitted her pure soprano voice. As Violetta in "La Travitat" she gave her best impersonation and was warmly applauded. Traviata she gave her best impersonation and was warmly applauded.

Favorable comments were given by the critics of Leoncavallo's new comic opera, "La Reginetta delle Rose," which was mounted at the Costanzi.

Nice—A new opera called "Sangre y Sol" was written by Maria Star and Henri Cain, music

NICE—A new opera canced "Sangre y Sol" was written by Maria Star and Henri Cain, music by Alexander Georges, and mounted on Marich 1. In the same city "Gin," a lyric poem in four acts, by Michael Carré, music by Jacques Larmanjat, was produced at the Municipal Opera House.

Rouen—A very picturesque work of Nougues's "L'Aigle" was given at the Theatre des Arts.
The librettists, Henri Cain and Louis Payen, have taken Napoleon I. for the central figure in the book and around him are woven various stages of his career. Like the author's "Quo Vadis," It is spectacular and abounds in novelty. The Paris tragedian, M. de Max, appeared as the Spectre of Tiefret Defeat.

Marsellles—A. Saugry produced the two operas, "Charlemagne" and "Les Trois Masques," during February. The latter is by Isidore de Lara, and the libretto by Colanti, and is taken from a one-act drama by Charles Mere.

Vienna—At the Vienna Opera House on March 16 "Approdite" was produced. It is a new act work. The book is by Hans Liebstocki, and the music by Max Oberleithner, a composer he modern school. The music, while lacking in rhythm and melody, is characterized by extraorone-act work. of the modern school. dinary orchestral effects.

Siegfried Wagner's "Banadietrich" was brought out at the Hofoper and the composer was present at its performance. In November, Eugen d'Albert's "Liebesketten" was produced at the Volks Oper.

Stuttgart—Mr. Richard Strauss's new thirty-five minute opera, "Ariadne auf Naxos," had its premiere on October 25. In the orchestration of this work Strauss has made a radical departure from his usual bombastic methods and with thirty-three players united an ensemble not unlike the chamber music style.

the chamber music style.

Arladne was sung by Fraulein Jeriska and Zerbinetta by Fraulein Siems. Bacchus was assigned to Herman Jadlowker and the tailor's apprentice was impersonated by Fraulein Greta Wiesenthal.

Hamburg—The first opera of Feruccio Busoni, "Die Brautwahl," was mounted for the first time anywhere at the Stadtheater on April 13.

Mila—Gluck's "Armide" served to open the grand opera season at La Scala with Serafin as conductor and Eugene Burzio in the principal rôle. The second opera of the season was Humper-dluck's "Figli di Re" ("Königskinder"), which won favor, with Lucrezia Bori. The "Merry Wives," the German composer Nicolal's three-act opera, written sixty-three years ago, based upon Shakespeare's "Merry Wives of Windsor," was revived. Mascagni's "Isabeau," which was highly successful in South America, had its première at the same house. Mme. Agostinelli had the principal part, De Muro had the tenor music to sing and Mme, Verger was Giglietta. A typically Russian

work was presented, "La Pskovitana" ("Ivan the Terrible"), by Rimsky-Korsakow, in April. On April 17 Cimarosa's "Matrimonio Segreto" was revived. On October 17, "Cingallegra," by Lepilli, was heard for the first time at the Lyric, and on October 27 "Radda" was given by Orefice.

Concerts—The World made possible, by a gift of \$10,000, a series of sixty-one concerts that were given during the Winter, in order that the very best music could be heard by the masses. The first concert was given December 31, in the auditorium of Normal College. Prof. Henry T. Fleck directed. Mme. Schumann-Heink was the soloist and her singling of the great airs from "Samson and Delliah" delighted the audience. On January 7 Mme. Chalia volunteered her services and sang, besides an aria from "La Gioconda," Massenet's "Pensee d' Antomme," and Secchi's "Lungi dal caro bene." The series included, besides those mentioned, recitais which the following artists appeared: Claude Cunningham, Miss Ricci, Mme. Frances Alda, Albert von Doenhoff, Virginia Root, Harriet Barkley, Signor Prati, Edward Dethier, Signor Alessandroni, Miss Rubner, Mrs. Editch Chapman Gould, Miss Carrie Hirschman, Ernstine Schumann, Miss Bridewell and Mile. Borschneck. All the boroughs of Greater New Yorkshared in the advantages arising from these concerts. At all the performances there were record-breaking crowds and more than 20,000 people were turned away from the sixty-one concerts given. The series closed on February 11. Prof. Henry T. Fleck, who developed the idea and carried out the artistic work, deserves high praise. Able assistance was given by Dr. Frank Damrosch, Prof. Cornelius Rubner and Prof. Samuel Baldwin.

Able assistance was given by Dr. Frank Damrosci, Froi. Contents Rubner and Froi. Samuel Baldwin. On November 19 Eugen Ysaye received a warm welcome when he appeared in Carnegle Hall, atter eight years absence. Among the selections on the programme were his own "Reve d' Enfant" and "Old Mute," Saint-Saen's "Rondo Capriecioso," and Mozart's C Major Concerto.

Titta Ruffo, the Italian baritone, drew a very large audience when he appeared in concert at Carnegle Hall November 25. "Largo al factotum" from "The Barber of Seville," was the first selection. It was followed by an aria from "Don Giovanni."

The Brama.

In the following summary the season is reckoned from the opening of the theatres in the Autumn of 1911, to their closing in the Spring of 1912. It does not include performances at the Irving Place

Theatre and stock company hous	es.	
SUMMARY OF EVENTS IN PRO-		STARS OF VARYING MAGNI-
DUCING THEATRES.	Tragedies	TUDES.
Number of New Plays 97	Farces	Native Stars 39
	Sources of New Plays.	Foreign Stars 8
	Original Plays	GENERAL SUMMARY OF THE SEA-
Number of Revived Plays 19	Dramatized from Published	SON.
Number of Revived Musical	Novels and Stories 6	Total weeks of New Plays, 668
Comedies	NATIONALITY OF AUTHORS.	Total weeks of New Musi-
Shakespearian Revivals 18	By Native Authors 56	cal Comedies3151/2
CLASSIFICATION OF NEW PLAYS.	By Foreign Authors 41	
Serious, Sentimental or Prob-	NATIONALITY OF MUSICAL	Plays
lem 36	COMEDY COMPOSERS.	Total weeks of Revived
Melodramas	By Native Composers 27	Musical Comedies 73
Comedies 31	By Foreign Composers 9	
The plays that were mention	ed in the 1912 ALMANAC, and that	were still running when the book

Gilmore." "The Fatted Calf," by Arthur Hopkins, at Daiy's, with Cyin Scote, was a Capanal Rasco of the second week in January brought forth seven new plays. Among them, on January S, at Daiy's, was "The Bird of Paradise," a play in three acts by Richard Watson Tully, with Laurette Taylor, Lewis Stone, Guy Bates Post, Theodore Roberts, Pamela Gaythorne, Albert Perry, Ida Waterman (Oliver Morosco, 114 times).

Waterman (Oliver Morosco, 114 times). "Officer 666" furnished genuine mirth. It was a melodramate face in three acts by Augustin MeHugh and told the story of a well to do young man, Travers Gladwin, an art collector. He learns that some one has assumed the name of Gladwin, is planning to steal his best pictures and to clope with Helen Burton. She thinks the burgiar is the real Gladwin She is willing to go with him because of all the lovely things she had heard about him and also because her aunt wishes her to marry a Mr. Hogg, whom she dislikes. Gladwin is determined to prevent the mistake, so he borrows for \$500 a uniform from officer 666 and disguises himself as a policeman. Confronting the thier, who discovers who he is, he is compelled to submit to menial tasks, even taking his own pictures down from the wall and wrapping them up. He is finally arrested and has difficulty in explaining that he is not the thier. However, the thier is folled, the girl is rescued and all ends well. George Nash as the Burgiar and Wallace Eddinger as Gladwin furnished thrilly

of melodrama and amusing situations. Ruth Maycliffe was Helen Burton (Cohan & Harris, 300

The Little Theatre was launched on its career on March 11 with John Galsworthy's comedy e Pigeon." It had literary worth but lacked dramatic substance. Frank Reicher as Ferrand, ed, off the periormance. Miss Pamela Gaythorne, as the flower girl, acted de-The Little Theatre was launched on its career on March 11 with John Caisworth, a concern the Piepeon." It had literary worth but lacked dramatic substance. Frank Reicher as Ferrand, carried off the honors of the performance. Miss Pamela Gaythorne, as the flower girl, acted designifully, and Sidney Valentine ably portrayed the drunken cabinan. At the same house were seen "The Terrible Meek," by Charles Rann Kennedy, and "The Flower of the Palace of Han," the latter a Chinese drama in five scenes and chiefly attractive because of its pictorial beauty. Both plays were thresome and uninteresting. The second season at this house opened on October 14, with "The Affairs of Anatol," by Arthur Schnitzier, paraphrased in English by Granville Barker. Miss Marguerite Clark was Hilda, Anatol's first love, and she was acharming and piquant character. Then came Blanca, a circus lady, in the person of Miss Gall Kane. The third affair was with Mimi of the opera, who was Dorls Keane, who played the rôle with distinction. Katherine Emmet was Gabrielle, and Isabelle Lee was Lona, who succeeded each other in his affections. Anatol's confidential friend Max was in the capable hands of Oswald Yorke and John Barrymore made the hero, Anatol, quite a popular chap and did full justice to the rôle (Winthrop Ames').

Interest was shown in "The Typhoon," at the Fulton, on March 12. This unusual play by Menybert Lengyel, translated by Emell Nyitray and Baron Ongley deat with its subject in an entirely new way. It was a mingling of the Orient and the Occident in a remarkably clever manner. The seenes were laid in Berlin and the charcters were Tokeramo in the person of Walker Whiteside, who gave a fine performed by Henry Bergman, and Ernest Lindner, which Malcom Williams portrayed intelligently. "The Pigeon."

intelligently.

W. A. Brady's Forty-eighth Street Theatre opened on August 12 with "Just Like John," a farce in three acts by George Broadhurst. It would not be very difficult to find a play of better timber than the one which Mr. Brady selected. The cast made the best of the parts allotted to them. Among them were William Courtenay, Joseph Kilgour, Ben Johnson, Scott Cooper and Margaret Green, 16 times.

The Messrs. Shubert opened the Hippodrome for the season on August 31, with a gorgeous new spectacle entitled "Under Many Flags." The entire production was conceived and invented by Arthur Voegtlin; musical numbers staged by Wm. J. Wilson; drama written by Carroll Fleming; music and lyrics by Manuel Kieln (*).

Another new theatre, the Eitings, was dedicated on September 1, with Bayard Veiller's melodrama of psychology and character, "Within the Law." The story is based on the life and practices of the criminal class who operate in New York. The leader is a young woman, Mary Turner, who was sent to prison on a false charge of stealing goods in a department store where she worked. In revenge she determines to make society pay its debt for the undeserved imprisonment by blackmail. She is particularly bitter against her former employer, Gilder. She plans to marry his so, and as he loves her it is a simple matter. The rôle of Mary Turner was splendfully acted by and she part of the young lover cleverly, and Dodson Mitchell gave a splendful portrayal of the effer

the part of the young lover deverty, and boson amounts seemed to the York's The Gilder (*). The new Pinero comedy, "The 'Mind the Paint' Girl," with Billie Burke, appeared at the Lyeeum, September 9. It caused quite a fire of discussion when seen at the Duke of York's Theatre, London. It derives its tile from a musical comedy song, and it is a dissection of theatrical life. Lily Parradell, whose parents keep a fish store, has become a star at the Pandara Theatre. She has two admirers, Captain Jeyes and Viscount Farncombe, the latter a member of the nobility. Jeyes who has ruined his career because of Lily, cannot afford to marry her. He is jealous of the Viscount, whom she tiels her origin and refuses to marry. After Jeyes and Lily exchange recriminations the presence of Farncombe, who does not heed them, Jeyes finally leaves her to the Viscount and she becomes Lady Farncombe (Chas. Frohman').

the presence of Farncombe, (Chas. Frohman').

The first play from the pen of Miss Alice Bradley, "The Governor's Lady," was staged by David Belasco at the Republic on September 10, and won the heart of the audience immediately, it tells the story of a man and woman married thirty years who have risen from poverty to riches. While Daniel Slade, the husband, has progressed, his wife, Mary, has stood still. He has a chance to run for Governor, but instead of being in sympathy with his ambition and helping him, she stays at home, wears old clothes, darns his socks and is altogether commonplace. He determines to run for Governor, but instead of being in sympathy with his ambition and helping him, she stays at home, wears old clothes, darns his socks and is altogether commonplace. He determines to flivore her and marry a younger woman. After two years of separation husband and wife med again in a Child's restaurant, a scene follows in which she triumphs, and they begin in June whose portrayal was sincere and natural. Emmett Corrigan gave an impressive and thoroughly human performance of the husband run. Emmett Corrigan gave an impressive and thoroughly human ferformance of the husband stream of the first him was ably impersonated by Gladys Hanson, and Roberge Bernard Shaw's "Fanny's First Play," a comedy in prologue, three acts and epilogue, was given under Granville Barker's direction at the Comedy on September 16. In the cast, which was brought from London, were Elizabeth Risdon, Kate Carlyon, Eva Leonard Boyne, Mary Barton, Tim Ryley and Waiter Kingsford (*).

A novel and enjoyab c play, "Milestones," came to the Liberty on September 17. It is the work of Arnold Bennett, the novelist, and Edward Knoblauch. While it has its humorous and quaint side, it is not lacking in pathos. The story is laid in the mid-Victorian age of 1860. A firm of shipbuilders made a fortune building wooden vessels. When the era of Iron ships made its appearance, John Rhead, son of the founder of Rhead & Sibley, takes eagerly to the new met Erlanger*)

John Mason appeared at the Garrick on September 20, in Henry Bernstein's latest play, "The Attack." It revolves around a Senator who is surprised at an attack made on his character by a newspaper. It brings up a mistake which he made in his early life. Having been successful and honest, he realizes that he is likely to be cast down by those who believed in him. He is a widder with three children and wants to retain their love as well as that of the woman whom he leaded to marry. He fights the attack and forces his senemy to retreat. Mr. Mason in the rôle of Alexandre Merital gave an excellent performance and proved himself 2 sinke Masch at Martha Hedman, a

new leading woman, acted with charm and distinction; Sidney Herbert gave a creditable performance of the hypocritical editor and Frank Hollins was the statesman's son (Chas. Frohman, 100 times).

George M. Cohan scored a genuine success' when he appeared in his own theatre and in his own play, "Broadway Jones," on September 23. It is a comedy in 4 acts and without music. With him are his father and mother, Jerry J. and Helen F. Cohan, George Parsons, Russell Pincus, Ada Gilman and Myrtle Tannehill (*).

Graham Moffat, author of "Bunty Pulls the Strings," had an addition to his laurels on September 26, when "A Scrape o' the Pen," a Scotch comedy, was presented at Weber's. Two of the scenes are laid on the farm of Matta, Inglis in Honeycuk, and another shows the viliage cross in Mianiehieve on New Year's Eve in 1874. The Scotch company included Agnes Bartholomew, Helen Hamilton, Carl Lyle, W. G. Robb, Roy Cochrane and J. Crichton Russell (77 times).

The story of a dual personality in the person of Dorothy, a victim of malicious influence, and the struggles of the doctor who would cure her or her malady, and control the mind of Balzamo, the charlatan hyproxic, wood would cure her or her malady, and control the mind of Balzamo (Robot 1, Miss Frances Sarr, as Dorothy, surpassed and the server of the Company had been secred a triumph. Albert Bruning, as Dr. Emerson, played splendidly throughout, and Charles Dalton portrayed the bold Balzamo with admirable effect.

Liebler & Company brought out at the Century, on October 12, "The Daughter of Heaven." It is a grand spectacle but is lacking in dramatic merit. It is by Pierre Loti and Judith Gautler, English adaptation by George Egerton. The climax of the brilliant display is the battle scene near the Wali of Nankin, with the Empress of China in armor leading against the invading Manchus. Viola Allen was the Ming princess and Basil Gil, an Englishman, the Manchu Emperor (*).

With a company from the Royalty Theatre, London, "The New Sin," a play in four acts by A. MacDo

A lovely, fresh and wholesome little play, "Little Women," In four acts, dramatized by Marlon de Forest from Louisa M. Alcott's story, came to the stage of the Playhouse on October 16. The acting was in keeping with the naturalness and charm of the story. Particularly good was the Prof. Bhaer of Carl Sauerman and the Meg of Alice Brady. Howard Estabrook had in Laurie a rôle which fitted him splendidly, and Marie Pavey as Joe was pleasing and effective. Gladys Hulette was Beth, Beverly West was Amy, Gertrude Berkeley was Mrs. March and Lynn Hammond made a capital Mr. March (Wm. A. Brady*).

William Collier came to town on November 2 at the Forty-eighth Street in "Never Say Die," and scored a hit. It was written by himself and W. H. Post and is an amusing little comedy. Mr. Collier proved his ability as a laugh provoker and Willie Junior added his quota of assistance. Paula Marr was Violet, Emily Fitzroy was the mother-in-law. John Chulow and Charles Dow Clark were the physicians (Lew Fields*).

James Bernard Fagan's comedy romance, "Hawthorne, U. S. A." scored a success at the Astor on November 4. It is a breezy little play that tells the story of an American, Anthony Hamilton Hawthorne, who is touring abroad. With his friend, Rodney Blake, he visits Oberon, the capital of Borrovina, and finds the place on the eve of a revolution. He falis in love with Frincess Overlich, daughter of the king, but is in ignorance of her rank. He disposes of the villainous prince who wanted to week the American business and Hathorne and mirable Minister of Police; Sam B. Hardy was Rodney Blake, the friend of Hawthorne (Cohan & Harrist). & Harris*).

A distinctive novelty, "The Yellow Jacket," was mounted at the Fulton on November 4. It is a Chinese play in three parts, by George C. Hazelton and J. Harry Benrimo. The play tells the story of Wu Sin Yin, who has designs on the lives of his wife, Chee Moo, and his son because he prefers his other wife, Due Jung Fah. They plot to kill them. The executioner is the father of the favored woman and he pleks a farmer, Lee Sin, to kill them. But Lee Sin loved Chee Moo, so he saves her life and that of her son by killing a maid, Tso, and putting her in place of the dead body of Chee Moo. Taking the son to his home he rears him. When the boy Wu Hoo Git grows to manhood he claims his rights and achieves the "yellow jacket," which is the insignia of civil and spiritual power. The work is beautifully staged and had a thoroughly Chinese atmosphere. In the cast were George Raply, who made a handsome and atractive Wu Sin Yin; Miss Saxone Moreland, who was an appealing Chee Moo; Arthur Young as the loyal farmer, Lee Sin; Grace Valentine, as Due Jung Fah and Antoinette Walker as the maid, Tso (Harris & Selwyn*).

Henry W. Savage offered a farce by Rupert Hughes, "What Alls You," on November 18, at the Criterion. It is a laugh provoking play, the first act of which reveals a fashionable restaurant at midnight; the second, the gymnasium of Medilis; and the third, the humorous things which occur in a 12-mile cross-country walk. William Courtleigh met all the requirements of the role of Medili; Shelly Hull did some excellent acting as Bayard Duclos, an intoxicated young man; Edouard Durand was the chef and Desmond Kelley and Marguerite Skirwin indulged in callsthenies in Medilis gymnasium (*).

of Medill; Shelly Hull did some excellent acting as Bayard Duclos, an intoxicated young man; Edouard Durand was the chef and Desmond Kelley and Marguerite Skirwin indulged in calisthenics in Medill's gymnasium (*).

Mrs. Fiske began an engagement at the Hudson, on November 19, in "The High Road," a story of a woman's life, by Edward Sheldon. It has for its background sociological, political and moral conditions. Mrs. Fiske's acting was skilful and effective. Arthur Byron gave a particularly good performance of John Maddock; Frederick Perry ably acted the part of Winfield Barnes, who becomes a Presidential candidate, and Charles Waldron was Alan Wilson (Harrison Grey Fiske').

"The Whlp," which occupied the Drury Lane Theatre, in London, for two years, was presented at the Manhattan Opera House on November 22 and was a big success. It is a melodrama, in four acts and 13 scenes, by Ceell Raleigh and Henry Hamilton. Among the scenes are the Chamber of Horrors at Madam Tussaud's, where a man disguises himself as Dr. Chippen and stands in Murderer's Box; a rallroad wreck from which The Whip was saved and a racing scene. Marle lilington scored the hit of the performance as the Hon. Mrs. Beamish, John L. Shine gave a capital performance of Joe Kelly, Leonore Harris was the Villainess, and Lumsden Hare was the Rev. Verner Haslam. On a whole the production was a splendid spectacle, well staged and well acted." Don Hasles Frohman presented at the Empire Mme. Alia Nazimova in the four-act play "Bella Don Bernard Fagan." Is a success here as well. Mme. Nazimova assumed the title rôle and did full action. Lothon and was a success here as well. Mme. Nazimova assumed the title rôle and did full control to character; Charles Bryant was excellent as the London physician, Dr. Isaacson; Frank Climore gave an intelligent portrayal of the husband; Robert Whitworth was Mahmoud Baroudo, and Mrs. Leslie Faber was Mrs. Marchmont (*).

The Adopih Philipp Theatre was added to the list of playhouses in the city on November 23. "Auction Ph

in this work, which is an adaptation of Paul Herve's, "Une Partie de Cartes," a French farce with music, by Jean Briquet. In the company are the German players: Miss Grete Meyer, Emil Berla

music, by Jean Briquet. In the company are and Miss Dora Bregowska, a Russian actress.

and Miss Dora Bregowska, a Russian actress.

Mme. Simone, the French actress, returned to the New York stage at Wallack's on November 25 in "The Paper Chase," a comedy by Louis N. Parker. Historic Versailles furnished the scenes and the story is of the court intrigues during the reign of Louis XVI. It is founded upon the novel by Henry Mountjoy, "The Minister of Police." Mme. Simone did some clever pieces of acting and was ably supported by a cast including Julian L'Estrange, Pauline Frederick, Dallas Anderson, Pedro de Cordoba and others. (Liebler & Co.*)

J. Hartley Manners took Wilkie Collins's novel, "Man and Wife," as the basis of his comedy, "The Indiscretion of Truth," which was brought out at the Harris on December 3. Waiter Hampden was seen in the character of Bruce Darrell, with whom Truth Coleridge eloped. Anne Meredith, in the rôle of Truth Coleridge, did remarkably well. Frank Kemple Cooper was the guardian, Sir George Stirling (*).

in the role of Truth Coleridge, did remarkably well. Frank Kempie Cooper was the guardian, sir George Stirling (*).

An English play, "Hindie Wakes," by Stanley Houghton, was staged on December 9 at the Maxine Elliott. It is a drama dealing with a rich millionaire's son and a girl weaver in his father's factory. The English company that made up the cast included Dulcie Conry, Kathleen MacPherson, Alice O'Dea, Alice Chapin, Emelie Polini, Herbert Lomas, James C. Taylor, Charles F. Lloyd and Roland Young.

MUSICAL PIECES.

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In the line of musical comedy there were several clever productions, including "The Rose Maid." which was mounted at the Clobe on April 22. It was a Viennese operetta by Bruno Granichstaedten, English book by Harry B. and Robert B. Smith. The piece was in two acts and four scenes. The story concerned the adventures of a Duke of Barchester and several American hierases who are in search of titles (Werba & Luescher, 202 times). At the Park on September 12 was "My Best Quity and the Clifton Common of the Common of Co In the line of musical comedy there were several clever productions, including "The Rose Maid,"

A RECORD OF DRAMATIC EVENTS NOT INCLUDED IN ABOVE REVIEW:

Jan. 1.—Liberty: "Modest Suzanne," a Viennese operetta in 3 acts; music by Jean Gilbert, book by Okonkowsky; the American adaptation by Harry B. and Robert B. Smith. 24 times.

1.—Criterion: James K. Hackett in "The Grain of Dust," a dramatization of David Graham Phillips' novel, by Louis Shipman.

Jan. 8—Harris: "The Talker," a comedy in 3 acts by Marlon Fairfax. In the cast were: Tuily Marshall, Lillian Albertson, Pauline Lord, Malcom Duncan, Wilson Day, Isabelle Fenton, Elaine Foster, Bert Dunn and Warren Munsell (H. B Harris), 189 times,

Jan. 8—Globe: "Over the River," a musical farce by George V. Hobart and H. A. Du Souchet, music by John L. Golden, with Eddie Foy (Werba & Luescher), 198 times.

Jan. 9—39th St.: "A Butterfly on the Wheel," a play in 4 acts by Edward G. Hemmerde and Frânels Neilson with Madge Titherndre. 192 times.

and Francis Neilson with Madge Titheradge, 192 times.

Jan. 10—Hudson: Mme. Simone in "The Return from Jerusalem," a play by Maurice Donnay, adapted by Owen Johnson (Liebler & Co.), 55 times.

Jan. 11—Bijou: Wilton Lackaye in "The Right to Happiness," in 3 acts by Gustav Guiche and P. B. Ghensl, adapted by F. C. Fay.

Jan. 16—Casino: "Sumurun," a wordless play in 9 scenes by Friedrich Friska; music by Victor Hollaender (Winthrop Ames).

Jan. 22—Liberty: Louis Mann in "Elevating a

Jan. 16—Casino: "Sumurun," a wordless play in 9 scenes by Friedrich Friska; music by Victor Hollaender (Winthrop Ames).

Jan. 22—Liberty: Louis Mann in "Elevating a Husband," a domestic comedy in 4 acts by Clara Lipman and Samuel Shipman (Werba & Luescher), 165 times.

Jan. 22—New York: Jefferson De Angelis in "The Pearl Maiden," a musical play by Earl G. Anthony and Arthur F. Kales; music by Harry Auracher (Welch & Aaron).

Jan. 22—Daly's: "The Rose of Panama," an adaptation of the German operetta "Kreolenblut," with an English libretto by John B.Shine and Sidney Rosenfeld; music by Heinrich Berte (John Cort), 24 times, hite Magic," a comedy in 3 acts by David Graham Philips and Rol Cooper Magrue (Liebler San. 29—Vew Amstedam; Charlotte Walker in "The Trail the Lonsome Pine," in 4 acts by Dugene Walter, from the novel by John Fox, Jr. (Klaw & Erlanger), 33 times.

Jan. 29—Empire: Ethel Barrymore in "A Silee of Life," an "advanced" drama by J. M. Barrie, followed by "Cousin Kate" (Chas. Frohman).

Feb. 5.—Filipon: "Making Good." in 4 acts by

Barrie, followed by "Cousin Kate" (Chas. Frohman).

Feb 5.—Fulton: "Making Good," in 4 acts by Owen Davis with William Courtenay and Doris Keane (William A. Brady), 18 times.

Feb. 6.—Grand Opera House: Chauncey Olcott in "Macusha," an Irish play by Rida Johnson Young, 26 times.

Feb. 8.—Broadway: "Hokey Pokey," a "potpouri of Weber-Field reminiscinces," by Edgar Smith, lyrics by Edgar Smith and E. Ray Goetz, music by John Stromberg. In the cast were Lew Fields, Joe Weber, Chas Mitchell, Lillian Russell, Fay Templeton, Helena Collier Garrick, Bessie Clayton and Frankle Balley. "Bunty Bulls and Settings" followed, 110 times.

Feb. 12—Liberty: Marie Cahilli nr. The Opera Ball," a musical comedy adapted from the German by Sidney Rosenfeld and Claire Kummer; music by Richard Huebenger, 38 thimes.

Feb. 26—Empire: Mrs. Fiske in "Lady Patricla," a comedy in 3 acts, by Rudolf Besier (Harrison Grey Fiske), 32 times.

Feb. 26—Eway Amsterdam: "Oilver Twist" in 5 acts, by J. Comyns Carr. In the cast were: Nat C. Goodwin as Fagin, Lyn Harding as Bill Sikes, Constance Collier as Nancy and Miss Marie Doro as Oilver (Liebler & Co.), 80 times.

Feb. 27—Daly's: "The Truth Wagon," a comedy in 3 acts, by Hayden Talbot (Oilver Morosco), 31 times.

Feb. 27—Lyceum: Gertrude Eillott in "Pressying Mr. Panmure," a comedy in 3 acts, by Arthur Wing Pinero (Chas.Frohman), 35 bt limes.

Feb. 28—Hudson: Mme. Simone in "The Lady of Dreams," in 4 acts, by Edmond Rostand, adapted by Louis N. Parker (Liebler & Co.),

Mar. 11—Daly's: Lewis Beaucaire, 64 times.

Mar. 11—Little: "The Pigeon," by John Gaisworthy, a comedy (Winthrop Ames), 57

Mar. 13—Liberty: "The Rainbow," a comedy by A. E. Thomas, with Henry Miller, 113 times.

Mar. 15-Winter Garden: "Whirl of Society," a musical play in 2 acts, by Harrison Rhodes; lyries by Harold Attridge; music by Louis H. Hirsch; "A Night with the Pierrots," a

H. Hirsen; "A Night with the Pierrois," a fantasy in one act.

Mar. 18—Hudson; Mme. Simone in "Frou Frou" (Liebler & Co.), 8 times.

Mar. 25—New Amsterdam: "The Man from Cook's," a musical comedy by Henry Bloscom; music by Raymond Hubbell (Klaw & Son; music by Raymond Hubbell (Klaw & Erlanger).

Mar. 26—Hudson: "The Right to be Happy," in 3 acts, by H. Kellett Chambers. In the cast were: Dorothy Donnelly, Louise Gal-loway, Grace Morrissey, George LeGure, Edmund Breese (Henry B. Harris), 31 times.

Mar. 28—Criterion: "The Bargain," in 4 acts, by John Maynard Booth.

Apr. 11—Moulin Rouge: "A Winsome Widow," a farce comedy with music, in 3 acts; music by Raymond Hubbell, with Harry Conor, 188 times.

188 times.

Apr. 15—Geo. M. Cohan: Blanche Ring in "The Wall Street Girl." a musical play in 3 acts, by Margaret Mayo and Edgar Selwyn; lyries by Hapgood Burt; music by Karl Hoschna, 50 times.

Apr. 15—Maxine Elliott's: Chas. Hawtrey in "Dear Old Charile," a farce in 3 acts, by Chas. H. Brookheld, 32 times.

Apr. 23—Casino: James T. Powers in "Two Little Brides," a musical comedy by Arthur Anderson and J. T. Powers; music by Gustav Kerker (Shubert).

Kerker (Shubert).

Kerker (Shubert).

May 7-Daly's: Lewis Waller in "The Explorer," by W. Somerset Maugham. In the cast were: Chas. Cherry, Constance Collier and Grace Lane (15 times).

May 13—Maxine Elliott's: "The Marriage-Not," a comedy in 3 acts, by Joseph Noel. The cast included: Robert Drouet, Oza Waldrop, Fritz Williams, Albert Howson, Sybilla Pope, Charlotte Carter (Cecil B. DeMille). DeMille).

May 20—Broadway: "Mama's Baby Boy,"
music by Hans Linne; book and lyrics by
Junie McCree.

Junie McCree.

July 22—Winter Garden: "The Passing Show of 1912." "The Ballet of 1830."

Aug. 5—Broadway: "Hanky Panky," a musical comedy in 2 acts, by Edgar Smith: lyrics by E. Ray Goetz: music by A. Baldwin Sloane (Lew Fields), 106 times.

Aug. 5—Criterion: "The Girl from Montmartre," a farce with music in 3 acts; American version by Harry B. and Robert B. Smith; music by Henry Bereney, with Richard Carle and Hattle Williams (Chas. Frohman), 59 times.

ard Carle and Hattle Williams (Chas. Frohman), 59 times.

Aug. 19—Maxine Elilott's: "Ready Money," a comedy by James Montgomery. In the cast were: William Courteney, Joseph Kilgour, Ben Johnson, Scott Cooper, Henry Miller, Jr. (H. H. Frazee), 130 times.

Aug. 22—39th St.: "The Master of the House," a comedy drama in 4 acts, by Edgar James. In the cast were: Malcom Williams, Grace Rials, Ralph Morgan, Mary Servass, Helin Reimer, Eva Randolph, Florence Reed, 85 times.

Aug. 29-48th St.: "Little Miss Brown," a farcical comedy in 3 acts, by Philip Bar-

tholomae, 84 times. Lower Do Well," a dramatization by Chas. Kieln of Rex Beach's novel, "The Ne'er Do Well" (Authors Producing Co... 40 times.

7-Daly's: Lewis Waller in "Discover-

lng America. 12—Park: Girl," a mus America. L. L. Cilfton Crawford in "My Best Girl," a musical play in 3 acts, by Channing Pollock and Rennold Wolf; music by Clifton Crawford and Augustus Barratt (H.

B. Harris), 94 times.
Sept. 16—Hudson: Tim Murphy in "Honest
Jim Blunt," a comedy in 3 acts, by Wm.
Boden. Moved to Wallack's (Liebler & Co.), 24 times.

24 times. "20—Empire: "The Perplexed Husband," a comedy in 4 acts, by Alfred Sutro, with John Drew (Chas. Frohman), 72 times. 25—Fulton: "June Madness," in 3 acts, by Henry Kitchell Webster, with Chas. Waldron, Hedwig Reicher and Renee Kelly. 28—Harris: Arnold Daly in "Steve." a 'Steve.

Sept. 28—Harris: Arnold Daly in comedy, by John T. McIntyre. Sept. 30—Hudson: Robert Loraine

comedy, by John T. McIntyre.

30—Hudson: Robert Loraine in a revival
of "Man and Superman," by George Bernard
Shaw (Liebler & Co.), 32 times.

2—Globe: "The Charity Girl," a musical
comedy in 3 acts; book and lyrics by Edward
Peple; music by Victor Hollaender.

2—Criterion: "Tantalizing Tommy," a
musical comedy in 3 acts; book by Michael
Morton and Paul Gavault: lyrics by Adrian
Ross; music by Dr. Hugo Felix (A. H.
Woods) 29 times

Morton and Faut Garata, No. 1808; music by Dr. Hugo Felix (A. H. Woods), 29 times.

8-39th St.: "The Brute," a play in 3 acts, by Frederick Arnold Kummer. In the cast were: Ernest Glendinning, Ruth Shepley, Stephen Davis, Jeffreys Lewis, Ethel Clayton, Willard Robertson and Neil Moran (Comments). 23 times. Oct.

Comstock & Gest). 23 times.

Oct. 25—48th St.: "The Point of View," in 4 acts, by Jules Eckert Goodman (W. A. Brady), 14 times.

Oct. 28—39th St.: "The Blindness of Virue,"

a play in 4 acts, by Cosmo Hamilton (Wm. Morris), 17 times.

Oct. 29—Hudson: Helen Ware in "Trial Marriage," in 3 acts, by Elmer Harris (H. B. Harris), 28 times.

Nov. 4—Harris: "A Rich Man's Son," a comedy by James Forbes. In the east were: Jessie Ralph, Paul J. Morgan, Paul Everton, Walter Allen, Louise Rutter, Lillian Slinnott, John Cumberland and Joseph Rieder. Moved to the Park (H. B. Harris), 32 times.

Nov. 4—Broadway: "The Dove of Peace," a comic opera in 3 acts; book and lyries by Wallace Irwin; music by Walter Damrosch, 25 times.

25 times.

25 times.

Nov. 4—Wallack's: Henry Kolker in "Our Wives," a comedy in 3 acts, by Helen Kraft and Frank Handel. Moved to the Galety (Jos. M. Gakes), 41 times.

Nov. 4—Lyric: "Julius Caesar," by Wm. Shakespeare. Supporting Mr. Faversham were Julie Opp; Fuller Mellish, Tyrone Power, Frank Keenan, Berton Churchill

Shakespeare. Supporting M were Julie Opp; Fuller M Power, Frank Keenan, Bel and Jane Wheatley, 33 times.

Nov. 11—39th St.: Annie Russell in "She Stoops to Conquer," a comedy in 4 acts, by Oliver Goldsmith. 16 times Nov. 25—"Much Ado About Nothing," by Shakespeare, Nov. 9—"She Stoops to Conquer" revived.

revived.

Nov. 11—Galety: "C. O. D.," a farce in 4 acts, by Frederic Chapin (John Cort), 16 times.

Nov. 14—Park: "The Gypsy," a romantic operetta by Pixley & Luders. In the cast were: Forrest Winant, Ernest Lambert, John D. O'Hars, Francis Lieb, Eleanor Kent and Blanche West (John Cort), 11 times.

Nov. 20—Winter Garden: Gertrude Hoffman In "Broadway to Paris," by George Bronson Howard and Harold Attridge; music by Max Hoffman.*

"Mere Man," a comedy by 25-Harris: Augustus Thomas (Wm. Harris), 8 times.

SOME LONG THEATRICAL RUNS.

"Cato," Addison: Drury Lane, London, April 14, 1713; 35 times.

"The Beggars' Opera," Gay: Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, January 29, 1727; 62 times.

"The Duenna," Sherldan: Covent Garden, November, 1775; 75 times. "Uncle Tom's Cabin," Alken's version: Na-tional Theatre, New York, August 23, 1853; 325

times. 'The Colleen Bawn," Bouckault: Adelphi,

"The Colleen Bawn," Boucleault: Adelphi, London, September 10, 1860; 361 times.

"Hamlet," Shapespeare: Winter Garden, New York, November 28, 1864; 100 times.

"The Black Crook," Barras: Niblo's Garden, New York, September 12, 1866; 475 times.

"Humpty Dumpty:" Olympic, New York, March 10, 1868; 483 times.

"Hamlet:" Lyceum Theatre, London, October 30, 1874; 200 times.

"Julius Carsar," Shakespeare: Booth's Theatre, New York December 27, 1875; 103 times.

New York, December 27, 1875; 103 times.

"Our Boys," Byron: Vaudeville Theatre, London, January 16, 1875, to April 18, 1879; 1,362

doi, January, Los Cloches de Corneville," Planquette: Folly and Globe Theatres, London, February, 1878; more than 600 times.
"The Merchant of Veulce," Shakespeare:

"The Merchant of Venice," Shakespeare: Lyceum, London, November 1, 1879; 250 times. "Hazel Kirke," Mackaye: Madison Square Theatre, New York, February 4, 1880; 486 times. "School for Scandal," Sheridan! Vaudeville,

School for Scandal," Sheridan: Vaudeville, London, February 4, 1882; 404 thmes. "Much Ado About Nothing," Shakespeare: Lyceum, London, October 11, 1882; 212 times. "Adonis," Gill: Bijou, New York, September 4, 1884; 603 times.

4, 1884; 603 times.
"A Trip to Chinatown," Hoyt: Madison Square
New York, November 9, 1891; 656 times.
"Charley's Aunt:" Royalty and Globe, London,
December 21, 1892, to February 24, 1897.
"Florodora:" Casino and New York Theatres,
New York, November 12, 1900; 547 times.

Theatres and Other Places of Amusement in Brooklyn.

Academy of Music, Lafayette ve., St. Felix St. and Ash-Ave., S

Amphion, Bedford Ave., near S. 9th St.

Brighton, Brighton Beach, Coney Island.

Brooklyn Inst. Arts and Sciences, East'n Parkway and Flatbush Ave.: office, Lafayette Av. Bushwick, Broadway and

Howard Ave Casino, Flatbush Ave. and State St

Columbia, Washington and Tillary Sts. Crescent, Flatbush Ave. and

Fulton St. DeKalb, DeKalb Ave. and

Broadway.

Empire, Broadway and Ralph Ave.

Fifth Ave. 5th Ave. & 4th St. Fox's Folly, Graham Ave. and Debevoise St.

Fulton, Fulton near Nostrand Ave.

Gayety, B' way & Throop Av. Grand Opera House, Elm Pl., near Fulton St.

Gotham, Fulton St. and Alabama Ave.

Greenpoint, 825 Manhattan Av. Historical Hall, Pierrepontand

Clinton Sts. Jones's, Fulton St. & Grand Av. Loew's Bijon, Smith & Livingston Sts.

Majestic, Fulton St.near Rock-

Montauk, Livingston St. and Hanover Pl.

Novelty, 782 Driggs Ave. Olympic, Adams St. bet. Ful-ton St. and Myrtle Ave. Orpheum, Rock well Pl. Fuiton St., and

Oxford, State St., near Flatbush Ave.

Payton's, 31 Lee Ave.

Phillips Lyceum, Montrose Ave. and Leonard St. Sam S. Shubert, Howard Ave. and Broad way.

Star, Jay St., near Fulton. Teller's Broadway, Broadway near Myrtle Ave.

The Stage.

BIRTHPLACES AND BIRTH YEARS OF LIVING DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL PEOPLE.

	N 1	7)		ordin Thoras.	
NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.	NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.
Abarbannell, Lena	Berlin	1890 1886	D'Arville, Camille	Holland	,1863
Adams, Maude	Riverdale, N.Y Salt Lake City, Utah	1872	De Angelis, Jefferson De Belleville, Frederic	San Francisco	1859
Adams, Maude	Indiana III	1866	De Koven, H. L. Reginald	Belgium Middletown, Ct	1850 1859
Ade, GeorgeAlbani, Emma	Indiana, Ill. Chambly, Canada New Zealand	1852	De Merode, Clro	Paris .	1874
Alda, Frances	New Zealand	1882	De Merode, Cleo	Warsaw, Poland	1855
Alda, Frances	Boston, Mass	1881	De Reszke, Jean De Wolfe, Elsie Dixey, Henry E Dodson, John E Donnelly, Dorothy Agnes	Parls	1850
Alexander George	Boston, Mass	1858	De Wolfe, Elsie	New York City	1865
Allen, Viola	A13bana	1869	Dixey, Henry E		1859
Alten, Bella	Cologne Sacramento, Cal	1881	Dodson, John E	London	1857
Anderson, MaryAnglin, Margaret	Ottawa, Canada	1859 1876	Donnelly, Derothy Agnes	London. New York. Boston, Mass	1880 1867
Arbuckle, Maclyn	Tores	1867	Dorr, Dorottay	Canada	1869
Arden, Edwin	Texas. St. Louis, Mo London, England	1864	Dressler, Marie Drew, John	CanadaPhiladelphia, Pa	1853
Arliss, George	London, England	1868	Duse, Eleanora.	Vigevano, Italy	1859
Arthur, Julia.	Hamilton, Out	1869	Duse, Eleanora. Eames, Emma Haydeu Earle, Virginia Edeson, Robert.	Vigevano, Italy Shanghai, China	1868
Ashley, Minnie	Hamilton, Out	1875	Earle, Virginia	Cincinnati	1875
Ashwell, Lena	England	1572	Edeson, Robert	Cincinnati Baltimore, Md. Brighton, Eng.	1868
Baird, Dorothea Bancroft, Sir Squire B	England	1875 1841	Ediss, Connie Edwards, George	Brighton, Eng	1875
Bancroft, Sir Squire B Bancroft, Ladv	England	1839	Edwards, George	Dublin Rockland, Me Philadelphia, Pa Boston, Mass	1852
Bancrott, Lady	England	1536	Elliott, Maxine Ellsler, Effie	Dhiladalphia Da	1871
Bangs, Frank C	Alexandria, Va	1862	Eltinge, Julian	Boston Mass	1883
Barnabee, Henry Clay	Portsmonth, N. II.	1560	Evesson, Isabel	St. Louis, Mo	1870
Barrie, James M	Kirriemuir, Scotland	1833	Evtinge, Rose	Philadelphia, Pa	1837
Barrymore, Ethel	Philadelphia, Pa	1850	Evesson, Isabel Eytinge, Rose Fairbanks, Douglas	Denver, Col	1883
Bateman, Isabel	Cincinnati, O	1854	Farnum, Dustin	Hampton Beach, N. H	1876
Bateman, Kate	Baltimore, Md	1843	Farrar, Geraldine	Melrose, Mass	1883
Bates, Blanche	San Francisco, Cal	1873 1873	Faversham, William Fields, Lewis	England. New York	1868 1867
Bears Mrs Remard	Norfolk	1856	Fiecher Alice	New 10rk	1867
Beban, George Beere, Mrs. Bernard Belasco, David	Norfolk	1862	Fischer, AliceFiske, Minnie Maddern	Indiana New Orleans	1865
	Milwankee, Wis	1851	Fornia Rita	San Francisco, Cal	1878
Bernard, Sam Bernhardt, Sarah	Birmingham, Eng.	1863	Fox, Della Frederick, Pauline Frohman, Chas Frohman, Daniel	St. Louis, Mo	1871
Bernhardt, Sarah	Paris	1844	Frederick, Pauline	Boston	1884
Bingham, Amelia.~	Hick ville, O	1869	Frohman, Chas	Sandusky, O	1558
Bispham, David	ramadelphia, ra	1857 1872	Frohman, Daniel	Sandusky, O. Anklam, Prussia New York	1850
Blass, Robert	New York City San Francisco, Cal	1012	Gadski, Johanna	Anglam, Prussia	1872 1877
Blinn, Holbrook	Cesena, Italy	1870	Garden Mary	Scatland	1876
	Mennan, Ga	1886	Genee, Mme	Scotland	1882
Boucicault, Aubrey	London	18-8	Galland, Bertha Garden, Mary. Genee, Mme. George, Grace.	New York City	1880
Bourchier, Arthur	England	1863	Germon, Effie	Augusta, Ga Kaschan, Hungary	1845
Bonita Boncicault, Aubrey Bourchier, Arthur Brady, William A Breese, Edmund Brian, Donald Buchanan, Virginia	San Francisco	1865	Germon, Effie. Gerster, Etelka. Gilbert, William S. Gillette, William.	Kaschan, Hungary	1857
Breese, Edmund	Brooklyn, N. Y St. Johns, Newfoundl'd. Cincinnati, O	1871 1880	Gilbert, William S	Hartford, Ct New York City Allegheny, Pa Boston, Mass	1836
Buchanan Virginia	Cincinnuti O	1846	Gilman Mahalla	Nam York City	1856 1880
	Washington	1886	Glaser Luln	Alleghany Po	1874
Burronghs, Marie	San Francisco	1866	Gilman, Mabelle Glaser, Lulu Goodwin, Nat C. Granville, Lillian Grippon, Eva. Hackett, James K.	Boston, Mass	1857
Byron, Oliver Doud	San Francisco Baltimore, Md	1847	Granville, Lillian	Canada	1887
Caine, Hall	lais of Man	1853	Grippon, Eva	l'aris, France	1884
Calve, Emma	Aveyron, France	1864	Hackett, James K	Canada	1869
Carasa, Frederico	London. San Sebastian, Spain	1864 1887	Hading, Jane	Marseilles, France	1859
Carew, James	Indiana	1879	Hall Panline	Muncie, Ind Cincinnati, O	1870 1865
Carey, Eleanor	Indiana. Chile, S.A	1852	Hall, Panline	Barlin Garmany	1847
Carle, Richard	Somerville, Mass	1871	Hannah, Jane Osborn	Cincinnati O	1879
Carr. Alexander	Russia. Lexington, Ky	1880	Hare, John	London.	1844
Carter, Mrs. Leslie	Lexington, Ky	1862	Harned, Virginia	Boston, Mass	1868
Carus, Emma	Berlin	1872	Harrison, Mand	England	1853
Carnso, Enrico	Berlin Naples, Italy Rome, Italy. New York.	1871 1884	Hauptmann, Gerhard	London. Boston, Mass. England Salzbrunn, Aust. Eton, England	1862
Cawthorn Joseph	New York	1868		Paris	1858 1873
Chase, Pauline	wasnington	1885			1860
Clarke, Margnerite	Cincinnati	1887	Herbert, Victor Herne, Chrystal Heron, Bijon. Hilliard, Robert S	Boston, Mass	1883
Claxton, Kate	New York City	1848	Heron, Bijou	New York City	1863
Clement, Edmond	Paris, France	1876	Hilliard, Robert S	Brooklyn	1860
Coghlan, Gertrude Evelyn Coghlan, Rose	England	1850	Hitchcock, Raymond	Diblin, Ireland Boston, Mass. New York City Brooklyn Auburn, N. Y New York City New York City Disable	1870 1848
Cohan, George M.	Providence, R. 1	1878	Holland, Joseph Jefferson	New York City	1860
Collier, Constance	Windsor, England	1882	Homer, Louise	Pittsburgh, Pa	1000
Collier, Constance	Windsor, England New York City	1869	Homer, Louise	Pittsburgh, Pa New York City	1862
Compten. Edward	London	1854	Hopper, Edna Wallace	San Francisco	1874
Conquest, Ida	Boston Worcester, Mass. Guelph, Out	1870	Illington, Margaret	Bloomington, Ill	1881
Courtleigh William	Chelph Out	1875 1867	irish, Annie	England	1862
	New York	1870	irish, Annielrving, H. B	London	1870 1870
Crabtree, Lotta	New York City	1847	Irwin, May	Toronto, Canada	1862
Crane, William H	Leicester, Mass,	1845	Janla Elsie	Delaware ()	1889
Crabtree, Lotta	Leicester, Mass Wheeling, W. Va	1865	Jeffreys, Ellis Jones, Heury Arthur	Ireland. Grandsborough, England	1868
Daly, Arnold	New York	1575	Jones, Henry Arthur	Grandsborough, England	1851
Damrosch, Walter J	Breslau, Prassia	1862	Jorn, Riga	Russia. New York	1873
Daniels, Frank	Boston, Mass	1860	Kalaar Hawhaut H I	New lork	1885
Davis, Fav	Philadelphis	1864	Kellogg, Clara Louise	London, England Sumpterville, S. C	1856 1842
Dawn, Hazel	Ogden, Utah	1891	Kendal, William H.	London	1843
Dazie, Ml'e	Philadelphia Ogden, Utah. St. Louls, Mo.	1884	Kellogg, Clara Louise Kendal, William H Kendal, Mrs. W. H	London Lincolnshire, England	1849
Destinn, Emmy	Prague	1878	Kidder, Kathryn	Newark	1868
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BIRTHPLACES AND BIRTH YEARS OF LIVING DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL PEOPLE-Continued.

NAME.	Birthplace.	Born.	NAME.	Birthplace.	Born
Klein, Charles	London	1867	Roberts, Theodore	San Francisco, Cal	-
Kolker, Henry	Berlin, Germany	1874	Robertson, J. Forbes	London	1861
Labia, Mile	Italy	1883	Robson, Eleanor	England	1853 1880
Lackaye, Wilton	Virginia	1862	Robson, May	Ontario	1868
Langtry, Lily	St. Saviour's, Jersey (E.).	1852	Rockwell, Florence	St. Louis, Mo	1880
Lipman, Clara	Chicago	1869	Russell, Annie	Liverpool	1864
Loftus, Cissie	Glasgow	1876	Russell, Lillian	Clinton, Iowa	1860
Long, John Luther	l'hiladelphia, Pa	1861	Salvini, Tommaso	Milan, Italy	
Mack, Andrew	Boston, Mass	1863	Sanderson, Julia	Springfield, Mass	1887
Maeterlinck, Maurice	Belgium	1862	Scheff, Fritzl	Vienna	1879
Mann, Louis	New York City	1865	Schumann-Heink, Mme	Anetria	1861
Mannering, Mary	London	1876	Scott, Cyril	Ireland	1866
Mantell, Robert B	Ayrshire, Scotland	1854	Scotti, Antonio.	Naples, Italy	1866
Mapleson, Helen	New York City	1874	Seabrooke, Thomas Q	Mt. Vernon, N. Y	1860
Marlowe, Julia	Caldbeck, England	1865 1879	Selwyn, Edgar Sembrich, Marcella	Cincinnati, O	
Martin, Riccardo	Hopkinsville, Ky Youkers, N. Y	1857	Shannon, Effie	Lemberg, Austria Cambridge, Mase	
Mason, John	Orange, N. J	1857	Shaw, Geo. Bernard	Dublin, Ireland	1867
Matthiaon, Edith Wynne	England.	1875	Shaw, Mary	Wolfboro, N. H	1856 1860
Maude, Cyrll	London.	1862	Skinner, Otis	Cambridgeport, Mass	1857
May, Edna	Syracuse	1877	Slezak, Leo	Schonberg, Austria	1876
Mayo, Margaret	Illinois	1882	Smith, Mrs. Sol		1830
McIntyre, Frank	Ann Arbor, Mich	1879	Sothern, Edward H	New Orleans, La	1864
Melba, Nellie	Melbourne	1866	Sousa, John Philip	Washington	1854
Miller, Henry	London	1859	Spong, Hilda	Australia	
Millward, Jessie	England	1861	Stani, Rose	Montreal	1875
Mitchell, Maggie	New York City	1832	Stanhope, Adelalde	Paris, France	1858
Mordaunt, Frank	Burlington, Vt	1841	Starr, Frances	Oneonta, N. Y	1886
Morence, Bertha	Munich	1876 1846	Stevenson, Charles A	Dublin, Ireland	1850
Morris, Clara	Bergerac, France	1841	Summerville, Amelia Taliaferro, Mabel	Kildare, Ireland New York	1887
Murphy, Joseph	Brooklyn, N. Y.	1839	Tanguay, Eya	Marbleton, Canada	1878
Nazimova, Mme.	Yalta, Crimea, Rusaia	1879	Tearle, Osmond	Plymouth, England	1852
Nethersole, Olga	London	1863	Tempest, Marie	London	1867
Nielsen, Alice	Nashville, Tenn	1876	Templeton, Fay	Savannah	1861
Nilsson, Christine	Wederslof, Sweden	1843	Terry, Ellen	Coventry, England	1848
Nordica, Lillian	Farmington, Me	1858	Fetrazzini, Mme	Italy	1874
Noria, Jane	St. Louis, Mo	1885	Teyte, Maggie	England	1891
Olcott, Chauncey	Providence, R. I	1862	Thomas, Augustus	St. Louis, Mo	1859
O'Neill, James	Ireland	1849	Thursby, Emma	Brooklyn, N. Y	1857
O'Neill, Nance Opp, Julie	Oakland, Cal New York	1875	Tree, Beerbohm	England Savannah, Ga	1853
Otto, Wilhelm	Leipzig, Germany	1871 1875	Tyler, Odette Tynan, Brandon	Dublin, Ireland	1869
Otero, Caroline	Spain.	1868	Wainwright, Marle	Phlladelphia	1853
Paderewski, Ignace J	Poland	1860	Walcot, Charles.	New York City	1840
Patti, Adelina	Madrid	1843	Walker, Charlotte	Galveston, Tex	1878
Pinero, Arthur Wing	London	1855		New York City	1873
Plympton, Eben	Boston, Mass	1850	Ward, Fannie,	St. Louis, Mo	1875
Post, Guy Bates	Seattle, Wash	1875		New York City	1838
Potter, Cora Urquhart	New Orleans			Warrington, England	1851
Powers, James T	New York City	1862		San Francisco, Cal	1866
Priest, Janet	East Lowell, Me	1881		New York City	1867
Prince, Adelaide	London	1866	Wilder, Marshall P	New York	1859
Ravelle, Hamilton	MadridLondon.	1869		Brighton, England	1853 1865
Reeve, Ada Rehan, Ada	Limerick, Ireland	1860	Wilson, Francis	Philadelphia, Pa	1854
Rejane, Gabrielle	Paris, France	1857		Hartford, Ct	1869
Renaud, Maurice.	Bordeaux, France	1852		England	1887
Richman, Charles	Chicago, III	1870		London	1864
Ring, Blanche	Chicago, III	1876	Zerola, Nicola	Naples, Italy	1876
Ritchie, Adele	Philadelphia, Pa	1874	Ziegfeld, Florence, Jr	Chicago, Ill	1867
Roberts, Florence	New York City	1871			
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PROFESSIONAL AND NON-PROFESSIONAL NAMES OF SOME ACTORS AND DRAMATISTS OF THE DAY AND OF EARLIER TIMES.

DRAMATISTS OF THE DAY	AND OF EARLIER TIMES.
PROFESSIONAL NAME. REAL NAME.	PROFESSIONAL NAME. REAL NAME.
Abertson, Lillian Dazian, Mrs.	Barrymore, Ethel Colt, Mrs. Russell G.
Abingdon, Wm. LLepper, Wm.	Barrymore, Jack Blythe, John.
Abott, BessiePickens, Miss Bessie.	Barrymore, Maurice Blythe, Herbert.
Adams, MaudeKiskadden, Maude.	Bates, BlancheCreel, Mrs. George.
Adams, SusanneStern, Mrs. Leo.	Beckley, Beatrice M Hackett, Mrs. J. K.
Albani, Mme	Beere, Mrs. BernardOlivier, Mrs. A. C. S.
Alda, Frances Gatti - Casazza, Mrs.	Bentley, Irene Smith, Mrs. Harry B.
Guilio,	Bergen, Nella
Alexander, GeorgeSampson, George.	Bernhardt, Sarah Damala, Mme.
Allen, Viola Duryea, Mrs. Peter.	Bertram, Helen Morgan, Mrs. E. J.
Anderson, MaryNavarro, Mrs. A. F. de.	Beveridge, RayVon Wrede, Countess.
Anderson, SarahBearnstein, Mrs. Joseph.	Bingham, Amelia Bingham, Mrs. Lloyd.
Angeles, AimeeConsidine, Mrs. Geo.	Blair, Eugenie Downing, Mrs. Eugenia. Blanchard, Kitty Rankin, Mrs. McKee.
Anglin, MargaretHull, Mrs. Howard. Archer, FrankArnold, Frank B.	Blauvelt, LillianPendleton, Mrs. W. F.
Armstrong, Sydney Smyth, Mrs. W. G.	Bonehlli, BessieSeeley, Mrs. Wm.
Arthur, JosephSmith, Arthur E.	Bonfanti, Mlle
Arthur, Julia	Bonita
Ashley, MinnieChanier, Mrs. Wm. A.	Booth, Hope
Atherton, AliceEdouin, Mrs. Willie.	Booth, RachelPowers, Mrs. Jas. T.
Baird, DorotheaIrving, Mrs. Henry B.	Brevaine, BeatriceAcosta, Mrs. José D.
Banks, Marguerite Toye, Mrs. Fred H.	M. de.
Barry, Mrs. ThomasRedmond, Mrs.Wm.	Buck, BerniceCorthell, Mrs. Herbert.

PROFESSIONAL AND NON-PROFESSIONAL NAMES-Continued.

PROPESSIONAL NAME	DEAL NAME	PROPERTONAL NAME	Day May
Buffalo Bill	Cody William F	Gerard Thoodors	REAL NAME.
Burnett, Frances H	Townsend, Mrs. S.	Gerster, Etelka	. Gardini, Mrs. Dr.
Burroughs, Marie	Macpherson, Mrs. R. B.	Gerville-Reache, Jeanne	.Rambaud, Mrs. Geo.
Burt, Laura	Stanford, Mrs. Hy. B.	Gliman, Mabelle	Corey, Mrs. Ellis.
Busley, Jessie	Joy. Mrs. E. C.	Granger Mande	Rayter Mrs W R
Byron, Ollver Doud	Doud, Oliver B.	Granville, Gertle	. Hart, Mrs. Tony.
Cahiil, Marie. ·	Arthur, Mrs. Daniel V.	Gray, Ada	. Tingay, Mrs. Chas. F.
Calla, Glacia	. Roy, Mrs. Paul H.	Grey, Katherine	Best, Katherine.
Calve, Emma	Mme. Alnor Gasparl.	Hading Jane	Koning, Mme, Victor.
Cameron, Violet	. De Bensaude Mrs.	Hale, Helen	. Hodge, Mrs. William.
Carter, Mrs. Leslie	Payne, Mrs. Wm. L.	Hall, Pauline	. White, Mrs. Frank.
Carus, Emma	Everall, Mrs. Harry J.	Hanley, Emma	. Allen, Mrs. Louise.
Castle, vernon	Chapler Mrs Robert	Harrison, Alice	. Metz. Alice.
	Winthrop.	Harrison, Louis	. Metz, Louis.
Cavendish, Ada	Marshall, Mrs. Frank.	Hart, Senator Bob	Sutherland, J. M.
Claude Toby	Carleton Mrs W T In	Heath, Caroline	. Barrett, Mrs. Wilson.
Clayton, Bessie	Mitchell, Mrs. Julian.	Held, Anna	.Ziegfeld, Mrs. Florence.
Clayton, Estelle	Cooper, Mrs. S. E.	Henderson, Grace	Henderson, Mrs. D.
Coo Isabelle	Gould, Mrs. Howard.	Herne Dorothy	Moses, Mrs. Jos. A.
Coghlan, Gertrude	. Pitou. Mrs. A. Jr	Herne, James A	Ahern, James.
Coghlan, Rose	Sullivan, Mrs. John.	Heron Bljou	. Miller, Mrs. Henry.
Conan, Josephine	Niblo, Mrs. Frederick.	Heron, Matilda	. Stoepel, Mrs. Robt.
Conquest Ida	Burbeck, Mrs. Frank.	Holland, Mildred	White, Mrs. Edw. C.
Conway, Minnie	. Tearle, Mrs. Osmond.	Hope, Eric	. Yarmouth, Earl of.
Conwell, Mary B	Farnum, Mrs. Dustin.	Hopper, Edna Wallace.	Brown, Mrs. A. O.
Corinne	Flaherty, Corinne Kim-	Humphrey, Kathryh	Rowers Mrs. Edw J
Courtleigh: William	. Flynn William	Irish, Annie	. Dodson, Mrs. J. E.
Crosman, Henrietta	Campbell, Mrs. Maurice.	Irving, Isabel	. Thompson, Mrs. W. H.
Dacre, Arthur	James, Arthur.	Irwin, Beatrice	.Simpson, Beatrice.
Dare, Zena	. Brett, Mrs. M. V. B.	Janis Elsie	Bierbower, Elsie Janis.
D'Arville, Camille	Creiin, Mrs. W. D.	Janisch, Mme	. D'Arco, Countess.
Dawn, Hazel	Tout, Hazel.	Jansen, Marie	. Key, Mrs. Barton.
Dazle, Mile	Luescher, Mrs. M. A.	Jenreys-Lewis, 10a	. Mainball, Mrs. H. Sleath Mrs. Herbert
De Mar, Carrle	Hart, Mrs. Joseph.	Jesslyn, Dora	. Clyde, Mrs. Wm. P. Jr
De Sousa, May	Haines, Mrs. E. A	Karl, Tom	. Carroll, Thomas.
Destinn, Emmy	Kittel, Emilie.	Keene, Laura	Taylor, Mrs.
Deutsch, Florence	. Bernard, Mrs. Sam.	Kelcev. Herbert.	Lamb. Herbert.
Dillon, Louise	. Dillon Mrs John	Kellermann, Annette	Sullivan, Mrs. Jas. R.
Dockstader, Lew	Clapp, Geo. Alfred.	Kellogg, Clara Louise	Strakosch, Mrs. C.
D'Orsay, Lawrance	Dorset, Wm. Lawrence.	Kendal, Mrs. W. H.	. Grimston, W. H.
Dorr, Dorothy Dressler Marie	pam, Mrs. Hy. J. W.	Kidder, Kathryn	Anspacher, Mrs. L. K.
Durbin, Maud	Skinner, Mrs. Otis.	Kimball, Grace	. McGuire, Mrs. M. D.
Duse, Eleanora	Cecci, Signora.	Kingdon, Edith	. Gould. Mrs. Geo. J.
Eames, Emma	Gorgorza, Mme. Emilio	Langtry, Mrs	. De Bathe, Mrs. Hugo G
Elliot, Gertrude	Robertson: Mrs. J.	Larue, Grace	. Chandler, Mrs. B. D.
	Forbes.	Laurei, Jane	. Jorgan, Mrs. Kobt.
Elisler, Effle	Weston, Mrs. Frank.	Lee. Jennie	Burnett, Mrs. J. P.
Emerson, Billy	Daiton, William. Redmond William	Lehman, Lilli	. Kalisch, Mme. Paul.
Emery, Winifred	Maude, Mrs. Cyril.	LeMoyne, Sarah Cowell	. Le Moyne, Mrs. Wm. J.
Erskine, James	Rosslyn, Earl of.	Lesile, Lisie	Parr. Mrs. John.
Etuel, Agnes	Tracy, Mrs.	Lewis, Catherine	Robertson, Mrs. Donald
Feely Mand	Durkin Mrs. Cyrn.	Lewis, Lillian	. Marston, Mrs. Laurence
Fenton, Mabel	. Kelly, Mrs. Chas. J.	Linthicum, Lotta	. Strachan, Mrs. W. C.
Ferguson, Elsie	Hoey, Mrs. Fred.	Loftus, Cecilia	. Waterman, Mrs.
Fernandez, Bljou	. Ablingdon, Mrs. W. L.	Logan, Celia	. Connelly, Mrs. Jas. H.
r couci, iscilla	ton.	Lohr, Marie	Prinsep, Mrs. A.
Filkins, Grace	Marix, Mrs. Adolph.	Lotta	. Crabtree. Charlotte.
Firmin, Annie	Jack, Mrs. John.	Mack, Andrew	. McAloon, William A.
risuer, Alice Fiske Minnie Maddar		MacLean, R. D	Shepherd, Rezin D.
	Grey.	Mannering, Mary	. Nadsworth, Mrs. Fred
Florence, Katherine	Williams, Mrs. Fritz.	Manueling, Mary	erick E.
roroes-Robertson, Be	ea-	Mantell, Robert B	. Hudson, Robert.
trice		Mantalli Mme Eugenie	.De Amicis, Mrs.
trice	Levv. Mrs. Swindurne.	Manusham Davilna	MaMahan Mes
trice	Levy, Mrs. Fitzgerald, Edwin.	Markham, Pauline	. McMahon, Mrs. Sothern, Mrs. E. H.
frice. Fox, Delia. Foy, Eddie. Frederick, Pauline.	REAL NAME. Cody, William F. Townsend, Mrs. S. Macpherson, Mrs. R. B. Standrod, Mrs. Hy. B. Standing, Mrs. Gy. Joy, Mrs. E. C. Doud, Oliver B. Arthur, Mrs. Paul H. Mme. Alnor Gasparl. Mansfield, Mrs. Richd. De Bensaude, Mrs. Payne, Mrs. Wm. L. Everall, Mrs. Harry J. Everall, Mrs. Harry J. Everall, Mrs. Harry J. Everall, Mrs. Frank. Blunt, Arthur Ceell. Carleton, Mrs. W. T., Jr. Mitchell, Mrs. Julian. Cooper, Mrs. S. E. Gould, Mrs. Howard. McKee, Mrs. Frank. Pitou, Mrs. Arthur Ceell. Carleton, Mrs. V. T., Jr. Sullivan, Mrs. John. Niblo, Mrs. Frederick. Burbeck, Mrs. Frank. Bertelli, Mrs. Riceardo. Tearle, Mrs. Osmond. Farnum, Mrs. Dustin. Flynn, William. Campbell, Mrs. Mourice. James, Arthur. Bert, Mrs. M. V. B. Crelin, Mrs. W. D. Lawrence, Mrs. Gerald. Tout, Hazel. Jusesher, Mrs. Martin. Haines, Mrs. E. A. Kittel, Emilie. Bernard, Mrs. Sam. Doblin, Charles. Dillon, Mrs. Hy. J. Kitche, Emilie. Bernard, Mrs. Hy. Robertson, Mrs. J. Forbes, Weston, Mrs. Frank. Dalton, William. Redmond, Willi	Markham, Pauline Marlowe, Julia Marr, Pauline	. McMahon, Mrs. . Sothern, Mrs. E. H. . Colliers, Mrs. Wm.
	Levy, Mrs. Swindurne. Livy, Mrs. Fitzgerald, Edwin. Andrews, Mrs. F. M. Goettler, Mrs. Chas. A.	Markham, Pauline Marlowe, Julia Marr, Pauline Martinot, Sadie	. McMahon, Mrs. .Sothern, Mrs. E. H. .Colliers, Mrs. Wm. . Nethersole, Mrs. Louis.
	Grey Williams, Mrs. Fritz	Markham, Pauline Marlowe, Julia Marr, Pauline Martinot, Sadie Materna, Mme	McMahon, Mrs. Sothern, Mrs. E. H. Colliers, Mrs. Wm. Nethersole, Mrs. Louis. Friedrich, Mme. Lewischn, Mrs. O
	. Hale, Mrs. Swindurne Levy, Mrs Fitzgerald, Edwin, . Andrews, Mrs. F. M Goettler, Mrs. Chas. A Tauscher, Mme. H Isltt, Mrs. Frank S. N Brady, Mrs. W. A Abbey, Mrs. H. E,	Mantell, Robert B. Mantell, Mme. Eugenie Markham, Paullne. Marlowe, Julla. Marr. Pauline. Martinot, Sadie. Matrina, Mme. May Edna. May Edna. Maybew, Stella. Mayo, Margaret.	McMahon, Mrs. Sothern, Mrs. E. H. Colliers, Mrs. Wm. Nethersole, Mrs. Louis. Friedrich, Mme. Lewisohn, Mrs. O. Taylor, Mrs. Billie.

PROFESSIONAL AND NON-PROFESSIONAL NAMES-Continued.

PROFESSIONAL NAME.	REAL NAME.	PROFESSIONAL NAME.	REAL NAME.
McCoy, Bessie	Davis, Mrs. R. H.	Russell, Dorothy	. Dunsmulr, Mrs. Dunsm'r
Melba, Mme	Coulter, Mrs. Robt. P.	Russell, Mme. Ella Russell, Lillian	Moore Mrs
Miliward, Jessie	Glendenning, Mrs. J.	St. John, Florence.	Marius, Mrs. Claude.
Miskel, Caroline	Hovt. Mrs. Chas. (2).	Sanderson, Julia	. Sloane, Mrs. Todd.
Mitchell, Maggle	Mann. Harry J.	Scheff, Fritzi	Rapp. Mrs. Wm. Jr.
Moore, Eva	Esmond, Mrs. H. V.	Sembrich Mme	. Stengel. Mme. Gilllalima
Moor, Mary Mordaunt, Frank	Albert, Mrs. James.	Shannon, Effie	. Kelcey, Mrs. Herbert.
Mordaunt, Mabel	Norris, Mrs. Wm.	iShannon, Lavina	Shine, Mrs. Glies.
Morris, Clara	Harriott, Mrs. F. C.	IShattuck Truly	Douglas, Mrs. S. A.
Murray, Alma	rorman, Mrs. Alfred.	Sherwood, Phyliis Slater, Jennie Douglas	Nickerson, Mrs. Thos.
Nazimova, Alla	Bryant, Mrs. Chas. E.	Spong, Hilda.	Spong, Frances.
Neilson, Adelaide	Lee. Mrs. Philip H.	Spong, Hilda. Stahl, Rose.	Bonnelli, Mrs. Wm.
Nellson, Julia	Halle, Lady.	Stanhope, Adeline Stirling, Mme. A	, w neatcroft, Mrs. N, Mackiniay, Mrs. I
Nevada, Emma	Palmer, Mrs.	IStuart. Cosmo	Lennox, Cosmo C. G.
Nielsen, Christine	Leffler, Mrs. Joseph.	Stuart, Julia	Mackay, Mrs. Ed.
Nobles, Miss Dolly	Nobles, Mrs. Milton.	Summerville Amelia	Shaw. Amelia.
Nordica, Mme	Young, Mrs. Geo. W.	Sutherland, Anne	Hartley, Mrs. Fred.
Nordstrom, Marie	Dixey, Mrs. Henry E.	Sutherland, Anne Tempest, Marle. Temple, Rose.	Stuart, Mrs. Cosmo.
Odell, Maud	Hagemann, Mrs. Adol.	l'Templeton, Fav	. Patterson. Mrs.
Olcott. Chauncey	Olcott, Chancellor J.	Terriss, Eilaline	Hicks, Mrs. Seymour.
Opp, Julie	raversnam, Mrs. W. F.	Terriss, William	Carew. Mrs James
O'Neill, Anne	Webb, Mrs. Rene.	Terry, Ellen Teyte, Maggle	Plumnon, Mrs. Eugene.
Otis Elita Proctor	Camp. Mrs. M. C.	Theo, Mme	Piccolo, Ceclle.
Palmer, Minnie	Jacoby, Mrs. Harry.	l'I'lliv. Vesta.	De Frece, Mrs. W.
Patti, Adelina	Cedarstrom, Baroness R.	Titcome, Heloise	Wills, Mrs. Nat. M. Redding, Mrs. Edw. A.
Perry, Evelyn	Chatterton, John.	Traux, Maud Tree, Henry Beerbohm	Birnbaum, Henry.
Pitt Fannie Addison I	Pitt Mrs Honey M	Travalun Hilda	Blow, Mrs. Sidney.
Pixley, Annie I Potter, Mrs I Prescott, Marie I	otter, Cora Hranhort	Truax, Sarah	Albert, Mrs. Chas. S. Shepherd Mrs P D
Prescott, Marie	Pertzel, Mrs.	Ulmar, Geraldine Valda, Mme. Giulla	Carryll, Mrs. Ivan.
Priest, Janet	Robb. Mrs. Thos. Jr.	IValda, Mme. Giulia	Cameron, Mrs. Julia. Bourchier, Mrs. Arthur.
Raleigh, Cecil	Comlonda Ma		
Randolph, Louise 1	McKnight, Mrs. Ford.	Vassar, Queenle	Cawthorn, Mrs. Joseph.
Rankin, Doris	Drew. Mrs. Sidney	Vaughn, Teresa	Mestayer, Mrs. W. A. Terry, Mrs. Herbert
Rankin, GladysI	Davenport, Mrs. H'y L.	Vincent, Ruth	Cawthorn, Mrs. Joseph. Mestayer, Mrs. W. A. Terry, Mrs. Herbert. Fraser, Mrs. Cecil. Clay, Mrs. Cecil. Roberts Mrs. Franklyn
Raymond, John T	O'Brien, John T.	Vokes, Rosina	Clay, Mrs. Cecil.
	rehan Ada	Walker, Charlotte	Walter, Mrs. Eugene.
Rejane, Mme	Porel, Mme. D. P. P.	Walsh Blanche	Travers, Mrs. Wm.
Rice, Fannie	Morrison Mrs Lewis	Ward, Fannie Ward, Genevieve	Guerbel, Countess.
Robertson, Agnes 1	Boucleault, Mrs. Dion.	Waring, Herbert	Rutty, Herbert W.
Robertson, Agnes	Selmont, Mrs. August.	Warren, Lavina Wiley, Dora	Stratton, Mrs. C. S.
		Wilton, Ellis	Doremus, Mrs. T. C.
Rorke, Kate	Gardner, Mrs. James.	Wynne-Matthison, Edith	Kennedy, Mrs.
Rorke, Kate	Kelly, Chas. J.	Woods, Al. H Wood, Marjorie	Gleason, Mrs. Jos. J.
Russell, Annie.	Yorke, Mrs. Oswald.	Yeamans, Lydia	Titus, Mrs. Fred. J.
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A Shakespearian Table.

PROFESSOR ROLFE, the Shakespearian scholar, has counted the lines which the principal characters in Shakespeare's plays have to speak. His rule was to consider parts of lines, beginnings and endings of speeches as ful lines. This is the result:

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				Speak.	Lines to Speak.
Hamlet	1.50	69 Macbeth		705 Mistress Page	361
Richard III	1.16	Cleopatra		670 Viola	
lago	1.1	7 Prospero		665 Julia ("Two C	Gentlemen'') 323
Othello		38 Romeo		618 Volumnia	
Coriolanus	88	Betruchio			
Timon		63 Touchstone		516 Lady Macbeth	
Anthony (Cleopatra's	3) 85	29 Imogen		541 Katherine (in	
Lear	7	70 Helen ("All's	Well'')		
Richard II	7	55 Isabella		426 Perdita	
Brutus	7	27 Desdemona.		389 Cordelia	115

Henry V. as king and prince (in "Henry IV." and "Henry V.") has 1.987 lines to speak, and Falstaff, in both parts of "Henry IV." and "Henry V." and in the "Merry Wives," has 1,895.

Organizations for the Promotion of Education. CHAUTAUOUA INSTITUTION.

Chanceller—John H. Vincent. President—George E. Vincent. President of Trustees—Clement Studebaker, Jr. Secretury—Arthur M. Bestor. Treasurer—Fred W. Hyde. Director—Arthur E. Bestor. The Chandangua Assembly, now Chandangua Institution, was organized in 1874 as a result of the John plan of Lewis Miller and John H. Vincent. The annual Assembly during July and August at Chantangua, N. Y. (attendance 50,000), is a sixty-day program of lectures, addresses, concerts, recitals, and various forms of platform entertainment, out-of-door recreation, and highly organized social group life. Local assemblies patterned after the mother Chantangua in the United States purples of the trusteend.

social group life. Local as number over one thousand.

number over one thousand.

The Chautauqua Summer Schools (Percy H. Boynton, Secretary of Instruction) are annually conducted during six weeks of the Assembly season. The work is that of the highest class of summer normal schools. Faculty, 102; courses over 200, in fourteen departments; six in academic subjects usually-pursued in academics and colleges, eight in special professional work in Library Training, Domestic Science, Music, Physical Education, Arts and Craits, etc. Over 3,000 students annually. The Chutauqua Interary and Scientific Circle (Frank Chapin Bray, Managing Editor), organized at Chautauqua in 1878, continues the educational influence of the Assembly throughout the year. More than 350,000 members have been enrolled. The circle aims to promote the habit of reading and study in history, literature, science, and art, in connection with the routine of daily life. The essentials of the plan are: A definite course covering four years, each year complete in itself; specified volumes approved by the courselors, allotment of time by the week and month, a monthly magazine with additional readings and notes, review outlines, and other aids. Individual readers may pursue the course alone, or local circles may be formed. The time required is about one-half hour dally for nine months. Diplomas are granted to those who complete the course. Any one may become a member of the C. L. S. C. by sending \$5 for the unit (four books, membership book and magazine for one year), to Chantauqua Institution, Chantauqua, N. Y.

NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR BROADER EDUCATION.

National Society for Broader Education of New York was organized in December, 1909. Its rose is: "Through the education of the adult to aid in the normal development of national life; Tts purpose is: "Through the education of the adult to aid in the normal development of national me; in removing the causes of distrust and antagonism between classes and in promoting the interests of the whole people."

The society carries on its work through the lecture platform, the pulpit and the newspapers. In 1912 its speakers delivered 504 lectures, its singers gave 130 concert lectures, several hundred sermons and conducted 524 discussions. *President*—George Edward Reed, S.T.D., L.L.D., Wilmington, Det. *Managing Director*—Guy Carleton Lee, Ph. D., 55 W. 44th St., New York City. *Secretary and Treaswer*—Dr. H. H. Langsdorf, Carlisle, Ph.

NORTHFIELD CONFERENCES.

Northfield Conferences and Summer Schools were established by D. L. Moody. The season is from May 1 to Oct. 1. Headquarters, East Northfield, Mass. Northfield Seminary and Mount Hermon Boys' School constitute what are commonly known as the Northfield Schools. Director—W.R. Moody; Clerk-A. G. Moody.

THE JOHN F. SLATER FUND.

In 1882 Mr. John F. Slater, of Connecticut, placed in the hands of trustees the sum of \$1,000,000, for the purpose of "upiliting the lately emancipated population of the Southern States and their posterity." For this patriotic and munificent gift the thanks of Congress were voted, and a medal was presented. The board consists of William A. Slater, President; Richard H. Williams, Vice-President, John A. Stewart, Alexander E. Orr, Cleveland H. Dodge, Seth Low, Wickliffe Rose, David F. Houston, Walter H. Page, William Lawrence, James H. Dillard, Charles E. Hughes. The Treasurer is the Metropolitan Trust Company of New York. Director, Jas. H. Dillard, 571 Audubon Street, New Orleans, La. The fund has grown through judicious investment, and the trustees have now an any proceeding of a lower \$80.000, which is used in encouraging industrial training in institutions for the nual income of about \$80,000, which is used in encouraging industrial training in institutions for the colored race in the South.

THE CENERAL EDUCATION BOARD.

THE CENERAL EDUCATION BOARD.

The General Education Board was organized in New York February 27, 1902, and incorporated by act of Congress, signed January 12, 1903. The following are members of the Board: Frederick T. Gates, Chairman: L. G. Myers, Treasurer; Wallace Buttrick, Secretary; E. C. Sage, Assistant Secretary; Charles W. Eliot, Andrew Carnegie, Robert C. Ogden, Walter H. Page, J. D. Rockfeller, Jr., Albert Shaw, George Foster Peabody, Wallace Buttrick, Starr J. Murphy, Jerome D. Greene, Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., Edwin A. Alderman, Hollis E. Frissell, Harry Pratt Judson, Edgar L. Marston, and Wickliffe Rose. The purposes of the board are to promote education in the United States, without distinction of race, sex, or creed, and especially to promote, systematize, and make effective various forms of educational beneficence. Office, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

THE SOUTHERN EDUCATION BOARD.

The Southern Education Board, the outcome of the Capon Springs and Winston-Salem Conferences, has been organized with these officers and members: Chairman, Robert C. Ogden, New York; Treasurer, George Foster Peabody, New York; Executive Secretary, Wickliffe Rose, 725 Southern Building, Washington, D. C. The purpose of this board is to co-operate with State and local authorities in building up State systems of public schools.

CONFERENCE FOR EDUCATION IN THE SOUTH.

President, Robert C. Ogden; Vice President, Walter H. Page; Treasurer, Wm. A. Blair; Executive Secretary, A. P. Bourland, 725 Southern Building, Washington, D. C.

The purpose of the Conference is to bring together men of every calling to further educational

development in the South.

Alliteracy.

(Statistics supplied by the Bureau of the Census for THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

The term illiterate, as here used, includes all persons unable to write their own language, except in the case of countries marked with an asterisk (**), which base littleracy on inability to read.

Market Will all asterial (IP. C.	i dane minerae	04.40	1	1	P.C.		
COUNTRY.	lilit-		-	Year.	COUNTRY.	Illit-		Year.
	erate		• • •			erate		
EUROPE:					AMERICA-Continued.	-		
Austria	96 9	Population over	10 079	1900	British Honduras	68 8	All ages	1901
Belgium	18 6	Population over			Canada	17 1	Population over 5 yrs.	1901
Belgium	8.5	Army recruits			Chile*	49 9	Population over 10 yrs.	
Bulgaria	65 5	Population over			Costa Rica		All ages	
Bulgaria.	58 4	Marriages					Population over 10 yrs.	1899
Denmark	0.2	Army recruits	•••••	1907	Guatemala	99 7	All ages	1593
England and Wales	1 8	Marriages	•••••	1901-10	Mexico.	75 3	Population over 11 yrs.	1900
Finland*	1 5	Population over	15 vrs	1900	Newfoundland	45 8	Population over 5 yrs.	1961
Finland (a)	4 9	Army recruits	10 3 100	1899	Peru	86 5	All ages	1876
France	14 1	Population over			Porto Rico	79 6	Population over 10 yrs.	1899
France	3.5	Army recruits			AUSTRALIA:	1.0.0	a opulation over 10 jis.	
France	4 1	Marriages				4.9	Population over 10 yrs.	1901
German Empire	0.03	Army recruits.		1905	New South Wales	l i ő	Marriages	
Greece (b)	57 9	Population over			New Zealand (g)	1 7	Population over 10 yrs.	1966
Greece	20.0	Army recruits			New Zealand		Marriages	1901 10
Hungary (c)	40 0	Population over			Queensland (h)		Population over 10 yrs.	1901
Ireland		Population over			Queensland		Marriages	1001 10
Ireland							Population over 10 yrs.	1001-10
Italy*	40.0	Marriages	10	1901-10	South Australia (f)			
Tailer	90.6	Population over			South Australia	0.8	Marriages	
Italy	30.0	Army recruits		1905	Tasmania	6.7	Population over 10 yrs.	1901
Italy	38.7	Marriages					Marriages	1901-10
Maltese Islands (d)	37.3	Population over			Victoria (i)		Population over 10 yrs.	1901
Netherlands (The)	1.4	Army recruits			Victoria	0.4	Marriages	1901-10
Netherlands (The) Poland	2.2	Marriages				4.4	Population over 10 yrs.	
Poland	59.3	Population over			Western Australia	0.6	Marriages	1901-10
Portugal*	73.4	Population over			ASIA AND OCEANIA:	l	1	
Prussia	0.06				Ceylon (All races)			
Prussia	0.4	Marriages				11.9	All ages	1901
Roumania	61.2	Population over			Ceylon (Other than	1		
Roumania	64.5	Army recruits			European)	78.4	All ages	1901
Russia	70.0	Population over			India	92.5	Population over 10 yrs.	
Russia	61.7	Army recruits		1894	Philippine Islands (k)	55.5	Population over 10 yrs.	1903
Scotland	1.6	Marriages		1901-10	Russia (1)	87.3	Population over 10 yrs.	1897
Servia (e)	78.9	Population over	11 yrs.	1900	Hawaii	36.3	Population over 6 yrs.	1896
Servia	36.7	Marriages		1901-10	AFRICA:	1	1	
Spain	58.7	Population over			Algeria (m)	7.7	Army recruits	1909
Sweden	0.3	Army recruits		1907	Cape of Good Hope (All			1
Switzerland		Army recruits		1905	races)	65.8	Population over 10 yrs.	1904
United Kingdom	1.0	Army recruits		1903-04	Cape of Good Hope	1	1	1
AMERICA:				i	(European race)	6.2	Population over 10 yrs.	1904
Continental U.S., total	1	1		1	Cape of Good Hope	ŀ	'	
population		Population over	10 yrs.	1910	Other than European			
Native white, native		1 '	•	1	race)	86.2	Population over 10 yrs.	1904
parents	3.7	Fopulation over	10 yrs.	1910	Egypt (b)	92.7	Population over 10 yrs.	1.07
Native white, foreign					Natal (European race)	2.0	Population over 10 yrs.	1904
parents		Population over	10 vra.	1910	Orange River Colony			
Foreign-born white		Population over			(European race)		Population over 10 yrs.	1904
Negro		Population over			Orange River Colony	1	1	ł
Indian	45.3	Population over			(Aborigines)	90.6	Population over 5 yrs.	1904
Chinese	15.8	Population over			Orange River Colony			
Japanese		Population over			(Mixed and other col-		1	1
Argentina	54.4	Population over					Population over 5 yrs.	1904
Bolivia	82.9	Population over	7 vrs.	1900	Transvaal (European			1 .
Brazil		All ages		1890	race).	3.9	Population over 10 yrs.	1904
					d on number "illiterate":	nut no	definition of this term	is given

(a) Huebner's Annual Tables, 1801. (b) Percentage is based on number "illiterate"; but no deflution of this term is given in the census report. (c) Includes Croatia and Slavonia. (d) Native Mattes population. (e) Servian Year Book, 1906. (f) Excluding aborigines. (g) Excluding Chinese. (h) Excluding 6,570 nomadic aborigines. (i) Including Chinese and aborigines. (j) Exclading full-blooded aborigines. (k) Civilized population. (l) Caucasia, Siberia and Central Asia. (m) Statistique. Generale de l'Algerie.

Expressive Names

IN THE NEW YORK CITY DIRECTORY.

THE New York City (Manhattan and Bronx) Directory of 1911 had 525,995 names. The first was Jacques Aa, the last Marie Zysman, the longest Zoltan de Takach Gyongyos-haiszy. Names in the Calendar—Andrew M. January, Charles F. March, Nathan April, Mary May, Jac June, Richard July, Thomas F. August, Max November. Financial—Minnie Cash, James Check, Andrew J. Million, Charles Money, William Penny. Delicatessen—Jesse E. Beans, John Mustard, Leonard Onlon, William M. Pepper, George Pickies, Albert L. Sait

Albert L. Salt.

Albert L. Salt.

Heavenward—Marie Angel, Elias Apostle, Thomas Heaven, Charles F. Paradise, Oscar R. Saint.

Feminine—Lucy Darling, Blanche Fair, Rosa Hug, Pauline Kiss, May Lovely, Mary Loveless, Sarah Birdy, Mattida Pretty, Mary Sweet.

The Weather—William J. Breeze, Agnes D. Cloud, J. Harvie Dew, John F. Frost, Harry F. Mist, Elbridge G. Snow, A. Storm, John R. Rainbow, Molly Warm, A. Wind.

Liquid Refreshment—A. Beer, Samuel Brandy, Joseph H. Boozer, Priscilla Drinker, Frank Drunke, Edwin Ginn, Abraham Lager, A. Port, William Rickey, A. Seltzer, A. Sherry, Casper Sober, Andrew M. Wines, Gustave Wurzburger.

Zoological—Constant Bird, Frank Dove, Abraham Eagle, Harry Falcon, Julius Fowl, Alfred B. Goldfinch, Irene Heron, David Lark, Martin J. Loon, Richard D. Parrot, W. J. Pigeon, Edward Swallow, Helen M. W. Swan, Joseph Elefant, A. Fox, Fred Goat, Robert M. Kid, Ada E. Lamb, A. Lion, Benjamin Mule, Sol Tiger, A. Wolf, Fred Bee, Axel Moth, A. Roach, Joseph Wasp, Anna Worm.

Statistics of Bducation.

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND TECHNOLOGICAL SCHOOLS.
(Prepared for The World Almanac by the Statistician of the United States Bureau of Education.)

	Ī	Income	in 1911.		Ī				
STATES.	For Tuition and other Education- al Services.	From Productive Funds.	From U. S. Gov- ernment.	Total Receipts, Exclusive of Addi- tions to Endow- ments.	Libraries, Bound Volumes.	Value of Scientific Apparatus, Machinery, and Furniture.	Value of Buildings.	Productive Funds.	Benefac- tions in 1911 for Endow- ment.
United States.	18,493,120	13,293,446	\$5,875,185	\$80,902,571	15073709	\$38,289,589	225,282,616	299.347,272	13,769,870
N. Atlantic Div. S. Atlantic Div. S. Central Div. N. Central Div. Western Div	8,522,470 1,845,905 1 261,077 5,993,525 870,143	6,750,017 838,875 830,698 3,843,118 1,030,738	2,516,625 1,121,918 502,817 865,187 868,638	30,972,182 8,500,431 6,598,293 27,749,025 7,082,640	1,554,849 886,112 4,808,292	12,311,085 4,177,757 2,978,328 15,258,824 3,563,595	81,647,452 31,885,454 16,956,530 71,019,962 23,773,218	148,236,139 15,375,017 15,780,781 80,277,033 39,678,302	7,501,604 1,110,028 269,512 4,534,391 354,335
North Atlantic Division. Maine. N. Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut. New York. New Jersey. Pennsylvania	149,157 143,111 78,063 2,362,975 114,265 554,689 3,197,007 312,266 1,610,937	124,445 136,828 68,807 1,913,264 172,566 810,875 2,408,170 303,720 811,342	75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 60,000 1,931,625 75,000	559,538 743,999 358,631 6,979,819 610,240 2,414,380 13,666,290 1,131,419 4,494,268	124,531 760,482 1,940,461 482,521	199,321 203,000 138,500 1,969,996 250,927 192,751 5,269,520 259,400 3,827,670	2,004,457 2,184,000 1,382,000 13,406,049 1,592,307 1,807,136 38,909,939 1,430,000 18,931,564	3,405,210 3,913,000 1,573,076 45,515,701 3,764,546 16,482,917 52,182,818 5,744,928 15,653,943	141,620 657,770 226,146 2,333,503 54,574 698,836 2,452,360 23,904 912,891
South Atlantic Division. Delaware. Maryland. D. of Columbia. Virginia. West Virginia. N. Carolina. S. Carolina. Georgia Florida. Porto Rico. South Central	8,529 250,425 289,998 414,441 57,176 298,273 266,936 211,043 49,084	4,980 237,174 21,350 250,280 22,461 126,827 60,666 61,658 53,479	67,000 584,168 104,700 60,000 66,000 50,150 30,000 52,500 45,000	106,860 1,610,452 600,813 1,461,564 515,512 1,068,890 1,128,729 1,440,312 486,544 130,755	18,000 331,163 236,173 306,749 62,600 216,283 175,852 155,300 49,000 3,729	90,000 1,316,800 327,787 567,430 142,500 528,551 624,016 390,825 172,000 17,748	144,000 12,860,117 2,705,762 4,426,868 1,088,000 2,962,604 3,704,465 2,922,043 1,004,156 67,439	83,000 5,253,228 472,745 4,545,364 574,923 1,477,579 1,227,072 991,908 748,664 534	235,544 44,604 66,579 248,000 366,560 72,026 60,100 16,815
Division. Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas Oklahoma	192,618 427,516 99,437 63,803 159,377 244,694 56,735 16,897	78,282 203,781 35,290 22,785 238,045 182,206 9,900 60,409	68,475 75,000 54,628 52,820 54,917 63,750 62,727 70,500	634,347 1,417.672 575,529 724,716 663,783 1,563,015 357,153 662,078	109,233 212,037 102 674 74,148 115,600 184,545 46,420 41,455	210,386 562,785 260,747 414,897 464,350 615,045 181,700 268,468	1.856,586 3,816,044 1,930,385 1,536,486 2,196,801 4,271,228 601,500 747,500	1,691,294 3,827,092 953,515 609,051 5,888,313 2,705,016 369,000 237,500	39,436 184,326 26,250 19,500
North Central Division. Ohio	919,274 550,435 1,905,585 492,549 373,125 298,519 583,290 380,108 32,101 42,016 163,245 263,278	812,384 221,311 1,243,176 228,116 176,864 123,606 250,129 441,376 116,006 66,188 70,323 93,639	45,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000	3,766,416 1,896,613 6,449,627 2,443,781 2,303,342 2,239,684 2,733,599 1,957,044 728,154 551,083 1,015,108 1,664,574	915,218 418,326 946,186 497,113 307,937 254,660 346,119 469,538 73,866 62,500 182,476 334,353	2,394,962 869,190 3,752,358 1,936,263 868,861 853,144 1,345,369 317,400 820,375 306,462 638,956	12,372,737 6,397,140 14,732,511 5,079,281 4,044,878 4,334,045 7,282,819 7,915,602 1,229,000 1,245,943 1,904,720 3,981,286	15,562,505 4,537,678 28,456,765 3,849,735 3,991,270 2,794,893 6,040,272 9,309,710 2,779,587 473,369 1,419,631 1,961,618	1,081,253 66,225 2,008,963 83,788 86,348 39,088 400,455 550,854 20,000 34,056 43,286 120,095
Western Division. Montana Wyoming. Colorado New Mexico Arizona. Utah Nevada Idaho Washington Oregon California. Hawaii	11,476 2,313 185,623 3,344 4,659 23,824 2,402 2,500 90,484 61,095 482,263	21,633 12,655 69,172 2,083 1,020 37,801 61,237 55,878 44,383 724,876	75,000 75,000 73,638 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 75,000 46,000	306,353 161,673 904,826 191,172 155,407 393,757 263,193 968,174 561,158 2,811,433 55,937	37,300 30,000 197,900 28,876 16,500 52,510 19,500 26,861 109,556 92,267 543,045 8,650	234,500 159,000 690,376 115,327 70,630 219,793 100,166 107,688 570,572 327,302 968,241	673,500 300,000 2,635,110 268,825 207,309 682,400 422,686 476,700 2,436,101 1,254,600 14,395,473 20,564	1,268,220 31,500 1,811,954 10,500	52,000 57,921 55,848 188,666

STATISTICS OF EDUCATION-Continued.

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND TECHNOLOGICAL SCHOOLS-Continued.

	ns.	Al	essors ND UCTORS.	STUDENTS IN 1911.									
STATES.	Institution		Total Number.		Preparatory Departments.		Collegiate Departments.		uate ments.	Professional Departments.		To: Nuu	
	Number of Institutions.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	М ошев.
United States		23,260				111449		7,577	3,281	1	1,389	203, 426	
North Atlantic Division. South Atlantic Division. South Central Division North Central Division Western Division	112 111 98 211 49	7,752 2,369 2,243 8,701 2,195	1,030 758 714 2,132 411	9,255 5,062 6,005 16,454 2,839	4,159 5,018 8,518	36, 216 12, 701 11,024 41, 536 9, 972	7,207 6,225 26,945	3,551 633 233 2,572 588	97 107	4,858 14,091	290 50 109 838 102	22,731 80,454	12,121 $12,973$
North Atlantic Division. Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island. Connecticut New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	5. 3 3 17 2 4 33 6 39	201 157 124 1,725 111 488 2,925 306 1,715	14 3 2 387 9 6 400 7 202	75 104 0 84 0 27 6, 109 526 2, 330	0 8 0 13 571 31	1,398 582 6,912 814 2,944 11,862 2,139	209 22 5, 254	39 43 0 860 66 328 1,557 153 505	3 0 1 187 44 49 715 0 193	41 196 2,457 0 460 4,263 42	77 0 0	1,746 1,605 787 10,374 901 3,882 25,343 2,861 14,239	18 197 6,136 257 155 7,795 33
South Atlantic Division. Delaware Maryland District of Colombia. Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina. South Carolina teorgia. Florida. Porto Rico.	1 15 8 20 5 13 21 17 5	23 502 539 386 99 293 227 198 84 18	0 57 46 101 22 115 165 148 58 26	0 1,079 537 802 279 493 711 731 308 122	76 347 197 901 663	1,550 1,056 2,683 560 2,558 2,013 1,777 264	285 1,130	2 155 214 95 7 64 49 10 7	0 37 14 0 9 12 20 3 2	371 2,333 527 95 448 105 181 74	0 31 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 3	4,073 842 3,510 2,948 2,748 678	972 580 1,589 517 2,173 2,705
South Central Division. Kentucky Tennessee. Alabama Mississippl Louisiana Texas. Arkansas Oklahoma	18 25 10 10 8 17 6 4	322 533 206 153 323 407 159 140	124 205 50 70 101 97 35 32	1, 128 1, 853 340 625 463 985 385 226		1, 674 1, 291 1, 635 868 3, 001 8-1	739 1,450 606 614 494 1,475 463 384	15 84 30 17 23 37 7	21 9 2 6 50 11 2 6	1,671 256 171 861 934	2 15 0 3 3 74 1	3, 028 5, 250 1, 907 2, 568 2, 233 5, 186 1, 382 1, 177	3, 494 735 1.231 1.248 3, 019
North Central Division. Ohio Indiana. Illinois Michigan. Wiscousin. Minnesota. Iowa. Iowa. Missouri North Dakota. South Dakota. Kansas Western Division.	32 11 9 9 25 25 4 7 11	1, 401 876 1, 871 560 592 400 743 807 152 149 504 646		2, 490 1,856 3,304 624 206 1,713 1,366 1,843 44 480 826 1,402	1,656 187 75 660 1,209 1,109 203 364 414	5,448 6,954 4,372 3,213 2,455 3,891 2,571 396 431 1,663	2,145 4,892 1,472 1,812	144 160 1,308 151 256 90 86 146 9 5 82	134 57 718 48 91 33 86 71 2 10 73	1.606 3.950 1,501 286 954 843 1,351 127 107			3,920 10,717 1,883 2,112 2,631 5,957 3,656 714 727 2,592
Western Division. Montana. Wyoming Colorado. New Mexico. Arizona Utah. Nevada Idaho. Washington Oregon California Hawaii.	3 1 8 3 1 1 2 1 2 6 9 12 1	101 32 58 253 317 878	17 9 25 10 13 51 70 115	85 37 303 137 54 344 49 98 504 189 1,040	74 29 221 59 110 172 124 299	1,389 1,389 76 604 112 247 1,682 1,035 4,330	33 354 100 153 1,311 632 2,332	1 6 43 24 420	39 338	429 0 0 64 0 24 312 390 1,317	0 3 0 0 23 26 41	1,023 161 376 2,541 1,913 6,881	1, 059 124 63 584 150 267 1, 565 1, 187 3, 366

THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1910.

(Prepared for The World Almanac by the Statistician of the United States Bureau of Education.)

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Втатка.	Pupils Enrolled.	Per Cent. of School Pop- ulation Enrolled.	Average Daily At- tendance.	Per Cent, of the Enrolled in A verage Attendance,	Length of School Year in Days.	Whole No. of Teach- ers.	Per Cent. of Men Teachers	Average Monthly Salary of Teachers.	Estimated Value of Aff Public Property Used for School Purposes.	Total Amount Expended for Schools.	Expended Per Capits of Total Population.	Cost Per Capita of Average Attendance.
United States	17,813,852	71. 3	12,827,307	72.1	157.5	523,210	21.1	\$61.70	1,100,007,512	426,250,434	4.64	27.85
N. Atlantic Div S. Atlantic Div S. Central Div N. Central Div Western Div	2,573,386 3,813,989 5,981,989	69. 0 65. 4 74. 4	1,687,665 2,468,257	657 64.8 74.7	132.0 125.7 165.4	129,380 62,187 86,331 206,346 38,966	26.3	67.82 42.71 50.95 56.60 70.62	53,495,980 81,174,873	165,033,625	2.20	13.45
N. Atlantic Div.: Maine N. Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut. New York New Jersey. Pennsylvania	66, 615 535, 869 80, 061 190, 353 1, 422, 969 429, 797	68.8 85.1 73.7 66.2 74.7 68.7 68.9	50,101 52,104 444,090 61,487 147,190 1,122,649 324,239	78.3 78.2 82.9 76.8 77.5 79.1 75.4	164.0 160.0 186.0 193.0 184.7 187.5	7,457 3,040 3,257 15,321 2,371 5,277 45,074 12,087 35,496	7. 1 8.9 9.1 8.9 6.2 11.7 12.3	39.75 34.75 69.95 66.82 58.95 88.15	5,509,059 3,976,466 72,685,323 7,973,232 18,869,431 198,896,310 36,438,048	1,654,163 1,608,996 20,135,745 2,486,757 5,450,006 51,861,986	3.84 4.52 5.98 4.59 4.91 5.69 6,72	30. 90 28. 96 36. 08 34. 28 31. 75 40. 91 37. 63
S, Aflantic Div.: Delaware Maryland Dis. of Columbia Virginia West Virginia. North Carolina South Carolina. Georgia. Florida.	35, 950 2:8, 393 55, 774 402, 109 276, 458 520, 404 340, 415 555, 794 148, 089	66. 1 77. 7 61. 8 78. 1 75. 4 64. 9 66. 9	22, 559 145, 762 44, 627 25;, 394 189, 900 331, 335 243, 901 346, 295 103, 892	64. 6 68. 5 63. 7 71. 8 62. 3	185.0 181.2 140.0 134.0 101.9 105.1 144.4	993 5,514 1,631 10,443 8,782 11,216 6,968 12,625 4,015	17.1 11.5 19.9 48.0 28.5 23.1 24.4	98.41 38.32 39.90 34.40 51.95 44.90	5,009,000 8,000,000 8,555,344	3,792,424 2,679,564 4,407,853 4,094,092 3,037,907 1,951,945	2. 92 8. 10 2. 15 3. 36 1. 38 1. 29 1. 70	6.93 10.70
S. Central Div.: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi Louislana Texas Arkansas Oklahoma	494, 863 521, 753 424, 611 469, 137 263, 617 821, 631 395, 978 422, 399	74.8 62.1 76.8 49.0 63.3 74.4	315, 196 363, 953 266, 589 261, 384 182, 659 544, 691 255, 135 278, 650	69.8 62.8 55.8 69.3 66.3 64.5	130.0 117.3 123.0 135.6 131.0 106.5	10,286 8,756	37.0 35.0 31.0 21.4 30.8 47.0	39.37 40.90 55.18 42.50 52.27 59.69 55.00	2,410,000 7,132,177 23,247,340 6,939,319	4,402,575 2,904,537 2,726,248 4,252,244 11,777 056 3,187,083	2.02 1.36 1.52 2.57 3.02 2.04	10.12 10.65 10.20 19.65 16.16 11.60
N. Central Div.: Ohio. Indiana. Illinois. Michigan. Wisconsin Minnesota Iowa. Iowa. Missouri North Dakota. Nebraska. Kansas.	1,002,687 541,501 464,311 440,083 510,661 707,031 139,802 126,253 281,375	71.2 71.3 67.0 72.1 80.5 72.7 83.7 74.7 78.4	779, 040 443, 458 320, 439 348, 500 360, 178	79.3 77.9 82.0 69.1 79.2 70.5 69.4 64.5 63.5 68.0	171.0 171.0 180.0 149.0 172.0 155.0 147.3 165.9 174.0	27.841 17,267 29,384 17,987 14,729 15,157 27,598 18,365 7,387 6,065 11,099 13,467	35.7 18.5 14.0 11.8 12.0 9.8 26.4 17.4 16.6 11.9	65.93 69.51 56.01 54.85 52.56 47.92 57.18 52.95	38,661,762 88,819,664 37,196,776 27,685,149 28,596,866 28,279,374 38,518,322 8,353,135 6,754,641 17,266,334	14,910,500 34,036,195 14,596,819 10,789,236 13,724,437 12,767,210 13,067,193 4,549,660 3,825,273 7,454,215	5.52 6.04 5.20 4.64 6.60 5.76 3.97 7.89 6.56 6.27	50, 25 57, 22 28, 27 28, 98 33, 67 31, 70 26, 68 39, 37 41, 12 32, 35
Western Div.: Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Arizona. Utah. Nevada. Idaho. Washington Oregon California.	91,611 10,200 76,168 215,688 118,412	87.5 65.8 63.9 75.1 58.6 83.6 70.5	107,520 37,389 20,094 69,246 7,400 51,137 156,064 103,553	68, 6 63, 7 66, 4 64, 2 75, 6 72, 5	140.9 156.0 100.0 135.5 164.8 145.3	1,474 851 2,369 489	15.6 34.4 17.0 26.6 10.8 25.5 20.0 19.4	63.22 67.82 84.98 79.03	1.246,459 12,872,186 3,694,785 1,688,653 6,147,928 750,000 4,646,423 19,069,112 8,624,731	796,021 5,211,186 793,202 1,000,628 3,052,990 619,268 2,175,063 10,493,347 4,646,270	5. 46 6.52 2.43 4.91 8.19 7.57 6.68	41.20 17.34 40.65 33.36 56.62 34.58

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOLS IN UNITED STATES, 1911.

	PUB	PUBLIC. PRIVATE.		1	PUE	BLIC.	PRIV	ATE.	
STATES.	No. of Schools.	No. of Stud'ts.	No. of Schools.	No. of Stud'ts.	STATES.	No. of Schools.	No. of Stud'ts.	No. of Schools.	No. of Stud'ts.
United States.	10,234	984,677	1,979	130,649	Alabama	142	9,895 7,763	32	1,680
N. Atlantic Div.	2,190	311,056	656	47,284	Mississippi Louisiana	137	6.434	26 32	1,632 1,455
S. Atlantic Div.		66,118	301	19,830	Texas	477	35,053		5,360
S. Central Div	1.406	97,298	361	22,447	Arkansas	107	7,700	27	1,700
N. Central Div.	4.768	410,471	486	29,170	Oklahoma	135	10,085		649
Western Div	763		175	11,918	N. Central Div.:		,		
					Ohlo	789	66.461	63	2,734
N. Atlantic Div. :		•	1		Indiana	1 579		29	2.030
Maine	169	10,701		2,598	Illinois	630	64,433	89	5,728
N. Hampshire		5,767	27	2,562	Michigan	379			2,852
Vermont	68		19	1,413	Wisconsin	281	32,730		2,430
Massachus'ts.		58,586	95	7,462	Minnesota	195	27,273		3,232
Rhode Island.		6,491	15		Iowa	582	39,473		3,300
Connecticut	63	13,706	53	3,592	Missouri	1 389	35,170	60	
New York	602		229	13,610	N. Dakota	114	5,302		247
New Jersey	153	24,623	62	4,159	S. Dakota	128	6,251	10	
Pennsylvania.	827	69,691	123	10,810	Nebraska	339	18,767	20	1,141
S. Atlantic Div.:		l			Kansas	363	27,594	22	992
Delaware	19		2	128	Western Div.:				
Maryland	77	8,353	34	2,012	Montana	44			
Dist. of Col	6		21	1,149	Wyoming	19	1,255	11	451 113
Virginia	253	12,386	63	4,140	Colorado	103	13,972	2	113
West Virginia.	72	4,916	16	1,068	New Mexico.	25	1,472	10	458
N. Carolina	228	11,798	68	4,831	Arlzona	13			234
S. Carolina	143	6,578	22	1,388	Utah	31	4,153	_ 6	311
Georgia	232	11,890	58 17	4,411	Nevada	14			3,730
Florida	77	2,920	17	703	Idaho	54	4,093		813
S. Central Div.:					Washington.	161	20,109	21	910
Kentucky	156			3,161	Oregon	115	9,877	19	1,147
Tennessee	143	10,387	ا 83	6,810	California	1 184	39,650	74	3,751

PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES.

	F	ROF	ESSIONA	L S	СНОС	LS IN	THE	UNIT		TES.					
	Тико	1.0610.41	Schools.		Law Sc	Hoots	T	MEDICAL SCHOOLS.*							
							-	Regu	lar.	Homæopathic.					
YEARS.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.			
1902-1903 1903-1904	153 153	1,031 1,055	7,372 7,392	99 95	1,158	14,057 14,302	118 122	4,253	24,847 24,694	19 19	666 666	1,462 1,289			
1904-1905 1905-1906 1906-1907	$156 \\ 150 \\ 162$	1,094 1,103 1,236	7,411 7,968 9,178	96 98 101	1,190 1,274 1,209	14,714 15,411 16,700	120 123 124	4,877	24,012 $24,927$ $22,022$	18 18 18	640 703 654	1,129 1,083 1,102			
1907-1908 1908-1909	$\frac{156}{162}$	1,348 1,350	9,583 10,218	108 109	1,424 1,343	18,069 18,553	121 116	6,342 6,802	21,237 20,519	18 17	858 · 780	1,034 997			
1909-1910 1910-1911		1,453 1,495	11,012 10,834	114 116		19,567 19,615	112	6,769		14	680 553	897 881			
		Dental S		_Schools of Pharmacy.				Nurse Training Schools.			Veterinary Schools.				
1902-1903 1903-1904 1904-1905 1905-1906	54 54 54 56	1,164 1 191 1,161 1,329	- 8,298 7,325 7,149 6,876	61 63 67 66	595 611 629 623	4,411 4,457 4,944 5,145	552 724 862 974	::	13,779 17,713 19,824 21,052	11 11 12 12	168 165 217 204	671 795 1,269 1,445			
1906-1907 1907-1908 1908-1909	57 56 55	1,346 1,595 1,609	6,919 6,519 6,178	- 71 75 78	690 760 802	5,047 5,567 5,999	1,023 1,026 1,096	::	21,119 26,457 29,320	13 15 19	231 285 373	1,692 2,239 2,677			
1909-1910 1910-1911	53 55	1,546 1,574	6,439 6,961	79 77	815 847	6,226 6,131	1,129	·	32,636 29,805	20 21	351 408	2,717 2,571			

^{*} There were a Eclectic and Physiomedical Schools, with 276 instructors and 512 students in 1910-11.

SCHOOL AND COLLECE ENROLMENT IN 1911.

_	Num	BER OF PUP	nls.		NUMBER OF PUPILS.				
GRADES.	Public.	Private.	Total.	GRADES.	Public.	Private.	Total.		
Elementary (kindergarten.				Schools for feeble-minded	6,956	592	7,548		
primary and grammar, est'd.)	17,000,000	1,450,000		Government Indian schools	39,397		39,397		
Secondary (high schools and				Schools in Alaska supported by					
academies)	984,677	130,649	1,115,326		3,841		3,841		
Secondary (preparatory de-				Schools in Alaska supported by					
partments of higher institu-				incorporated municipalities			4 ***		
tions)	20,345	68,208		(estimated)	4,500		4,500		
Universities and colleges	68,240	115,332		Orphan asylums and other					
Professional schools				benevolent institutions (esti-	1				
Normal schools	75,642	8,453	84,095	mated)		17,000	17,000		
Total for the above	18,160,433	1.826.371	19.986,804	Private kindergartens (esti'ed)					
1000 201 120 400 (011111111111111111111111111111111	10,100,100	1.020.011	10.000,001	Miscellaneous (art, music, etc.		110,000	110,000		
City evening schools (esti'ted)	375,000		375,000	estimated)		55,000	55,000		
Business schools		155,244	155,244	Total for special schools	487,353	338,529	825,882		
Reform schools	40,642		40,642						
Schools for deaf	12.347	693		Total for all schools in the					
Schools for blind	4,670		4,670	United States	18,647,786	2,164,900	20,812,686		

Principal Universities and Colleges of the United States. TABLE ONE.

The statistics embraced in this table were communicated to The World Almanac by the Presidents of the respective institutions, and represent their condition at the close of 1912.

Persons writing to the different institutions for catalogues should inclose postage stamp for reply, and also indicate the reason for request.

-	this indicate the female						
OR	Colleges. For explanation of signs, see page 619.		Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc-		Vol- nnes in Library .
1896	Adelphi College $\ddagger (q)$	Brooklyn, N. Y	Non-Sect	S. Parkes Cadman, D.D.(Act)	35	1,300	15,000
1859	Adrian Coneget	Adrian, Mich	Meth. Prot.	Rev. B. W. Anthony, D. D. Robert T. Milner	22	205	17,000
1876	Ag. & Mech. Col. of Fex.	College Stall Tex	State	Robert T. Milner	90	1,129	11,000
1905	Agnes Scott Conege	Decatur, Ga	Non-Sect	F. H. Gaines, LL. D	33	250	5,000
1872	Alabama Poly, Inst. †.	Auburn, Ala	Non-Sect	F. H. Gaines, LL.D Chas. C. Thach, A.M., LL.D.	70	810	25,000
1866	Albany Colleget	Albany, Ore	Presbyter'n	H. M. Crooks, A. B.	14	177	3,600
1861	Albion Colleget	Albion, Mich	Meth. Epis.	Samuel Dickie, LL. D	27	512	21,600
1890	Algorn A & M Col +8	Myerstown, Pa	Evangencai	H. M. Crooks, A. B Samuel Dickie, LL. D John Francis Dunlap, A. M.	18	233	10,000
1996	Alcorn A. & M. Col. † Alfred University † Allegheny College †	Alford N. V			42	447	$\frac{3,000}{25,000}$
1915	Allegheuv Colleget	Mondville Po	Moth Frie	Rev. Boothe C. Davis, Ph. D. William H. Crawford, D.D.	23	398	36,600
1887	Alma Colleget	Alme Mich	Preshyter'n	Thos. C. Blaisdell, A. M	24		24,391
1885	Am. Intern'l Col. †(dd)	Springfield Mass.	Non-Sect.	C. S. McGown	14	88	2,000
1893	American Univ. †	(Washington D (!	Meth Enis	iFranklin Hamilton Ph. D. i			20,000
1821	Amherst College	Amherst, Mass	Non-Sect	Alexander Meiklejohn	48	421	000,601
1855	Amherst College	College Springs, Ia	Non-Sect				
1852	Antioch Colleget	Yellow Springs, O.	Non-Sect	S. D. Fess, LL D	20	230	10,000
			Presbyter'n	Eugene R. Long, Ph.D	- 8	140	5,600
1891	AIR. Cumberiand Col.	Clarksville, Ark		Edward E. Morris, D.D	11	150	4,000
1032	Armour Inst. Techy	Unicago, III	Non-Sect	House O Mamican D O	20	315	2,500
1860	Atlanta Universityts.	Atlanta Ga	Non-Sect	Henry C. Morrison, D.D Rev. Edward T. Ware, A. B	32		15,000
1818	Auburn Theol. Sem'v	Aphurn N V	Preshyter'n	Rev. G. B. Stewart, D.D	13		34,278
1869	Augsburg Seminary	Minneapolis, Minn	Lutheran	George Sverdrup, Jr	14	163	7.000
1860	Augustana Colleget	Rock Island, Ill	Lutheran	Gustav A. Andreen, Ph. D.	30	529	27,250
1858	Baker University 7	Baldwin, Kan	lMeth. Epis.	IWilbur N. Mason, D. D	35	449	26.117
1855	Baldwin Universityt.	Berea, O	Meth. Epis.	Wilbur N. Mason, D. D. Virginia C.Gildersleeve, D'n George C. Chase, D. D., L.L. D. Samuel P. Brooks, LL. D. Stephen W. Stookey, LL. D. Echwad Lwight Ectop. D.			12,000
1889	Barnard College (d)	Manh'n Boro, N. Y.	Non-Sect	Virginia C.Gildersleeve, D'n	92		150,000
1863	Bates Colleget	Lewiston, Me	Non-Sect	George C. Chase, D.D., LL. D.	31		38,117
1849	Pollovno Colleget	Waco, Tex	Baptist	Samuel P. Brooks, LL. D.	90 22	1,436 159	26,408 7,000
1846	Relait Calleget	Beloit Wis	Yon-Soot	Edward Dwight Eaton, D.D.	34	380	49,630
18"1	Benedict†§	Columbia S C	Rantist	Byron W Valentine, A B	28	682	7,900
18.5	Berea Colleget	Berea, Ky	Non-Sect	Wm. G. Frost, Ph. D., D. D	80		26,000
1881	Bethany Colleget	Lindsborg, Kan	Lutheran	Rev. E. F. Pihlblad, A. M	47	919	10,000
1840	Bethany Colleget	Bethany, W. Va.,	Disciples	Byron W. Valentine, A.B., Wm. G. Frost, Ph. D., D. D Rev. E. F. Pihlblad, A. M., Thos. E. Cramblet, LL. D., Wm. M. Hudson, D. D.	29		10,000
1857	Blackburn Colleget	Carlinville, Ill	Non-Sect	Wm. M. Hudson, D.D	11	146	4,000
1871	Bonebrake Th Semt.	Dayton, O	U. Brethren	Wm. M. Hudson, D.D. Rev. J. P. Landis, Ph. D. Rev. T. I. Gasson, S. J. Lemuel Herb't Murlin, D.D. Wm. De Witt Hyde, D.D V. D. Whatley, A. M., H.B. John S. Flory, Ph. D. James H. Linford, B.S., B. D. W. H. P. Fannee, D. D. A.M.	8	76	5.500
1853	Poston University	Boston, Mass	Catholic	Rev. T. I. Gasson, S. J	40	1,230	30,000
1794	Rowdoin College	Brunewick Ma	Non-Sect	Wm Do Witt Hydo D D	149 82		37,000 163,035
1857	Bowdon College t	Bowdon, Ga.	Non-Sect	V D Whatley A M H B	îõ	550	4,000
1880	Bridgewater Colleget.	Bridgewater, Va.,	Brethren	John S. Flory, Ph. D	21		10,000
1877	Brigham Young Col.	Logan, Utah	Latter Day.	James H. Linford, B.S., B. D.	31	703	6,000
1764	Brown University t	Providence, R. I	Non-Sect	John H. Harris, LL. D. John H. Harris, LL. D. Thos. Carr Howe, Ph. D. Thes. L. Criters D. D.	84	934	195,000
1885	Bryn Mawr Col. 1	Bryn Mawr, Pa	Non-Sect	M. C. Thomas, Ph.D., LL.D.	60	452	67,209
1870	Buchtel College	Akron, O	Non-Sect	VILLET TELEVISION TO TO	22	290	10,000
1055	Putlor Colloget	Lewisburg, Pa	Non-Sect	John H. Harris, LL, D	46	700	31,000
					17	293 350	16,000 3,500
1870	Canisius College.	Buffalo, N. Y	Catholic	Angustine A. Miller, S. L.	23	425	27,000
1854	CarletonColleget	Farmington, Mo.	Meth. Epis.	C. V. Gilliland, A.M., D.D.	8	l 75l	1,500
1866	Carleton Colleget	Northfield, Minn.	Non-Sect	Donald J. Cowling, D.D	27	370	22,500
1905	Carnegie I. of Tech.(k)	Pittsburgh, Pa	Non-Sect	Augustine A. Miller, S. J. C. V. Gilliland, A.M., D.D. Donald J. Cowling, D.D. A. A. Hammerschlag (Dir.) J. M. Barrett, D.D.	170	2,700	350,000
1850	Carson & Newman C.+	Jeff. City, Tenn	Baptist	J. M. Barrett, D.D	15	430	2,800
1846	Carroll Colleget	wankesha, Wis	Presbyter'n	Wilburg, Carrier, D.D Rev. H. D. Hoover Charles S. Howe, Ph. D. John F. Buchheit, A.B. Rt. Rev. Mgr. P. J. Hayes, D. D. Rt. Kev. T. J. Shahan, D. D. Pay, D. McKinney, D. D.	18	281	7,200
1010	Caronage Coneget	Cloreland O	Lutheran.	Rev. H. D. Hoover	16	138	8,333
1000	Catawha College+	Vergion V C	Botch into	Loby E Buchboit A D	43 12	503 125	9,530
1909	Cathedral College	New York City	Cotholia	Dt Doy Mar P I Havev h h	26	378	26,000
1889	Catholic Univ. Am (f).	Washington D.C.	Catholic	Rt Rev T J Shahan D D	60	500	70,000
1894	Cedarville Colleget	Cedarville, O	Ref. Presb	Rev. D. Mckinney, D. D	12	96	3,500
1854	Central College	Fayette, Mo	Meth. Epis.	S. Wm. A. Webb	12	197	12,000
1853	Central Univ. of Ia.t	Pella, fowa	Baptist	John L. Beyl, Ph. D	20	250	6,000
1864	Central WesleyanCol.†	Warrenton, Mo	Meth. Epis.	Otto E. Kriege, D. D	22	330	9,500
1891	Charles City Col. 1	Charles City, Iowa.	Meth. Epis.	W. F. Finke, Dean	12	200	8,000
1940	Charleston Conege	Charleston, S. C	Non-Sect	J. McKinney, D. J., John L. Beyl, Ph. D. Jotho E. Kriege, D. D. W. F. Finke, Dean Harrison Randolph, LL. D., Bro, LawrenceSixtus, LL, B. Bev Rro, Edward F. S. G.	10	73	19,217
1971	Christian Bros. Col	Mamphie Tonn	Catholic	Rev. Bro. Edward, F. S. C	35 20	356 322	8,400
1853	Christian Univ. t	Canton, Mo	Christian Ch	Carl Johann, A. M., L.L. D.	14	176	5,000
1842	Cltadel Mil. Col	Charleston S. C.	State	Col. O. J. Bond	13	225	6,000
1869	Clafiln Univ, †§	Orangeburg, S. C.	Methodist	Lewis M. Dunton, LL.D	40		7,000
1902	Clark Colleg	Worcester, Mass	Non-Sect	Edmund C. Stanford, Ph. D.	25	164	65,000
1877	Clark University §t	Atlanta, Ga	Meth. Epis.	Carl Johann, A. M., LL. D., Col, O. J. Bond Lewis M. Dunton, LL, D. Edmund C. Stanford, Ph. D. Wm. W. Foster, D. D	22	479	2 000
1009	CIAFE UNIVERSITY	worcester, Mass	on-Sect	G. Stanley Hall, Ph. D., LL.D	23	901	60,000

910	Universities	ana Cou	$eges$ o_j	the	United	States—Cont	inue	l.	
0 Z	Colleges—Table One. rexplanation of signs, see page 619.	Location.	- 1	trol.		nairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*	Stu- dents*	Vol- umes in Library
1896 Cla	arkson SchoolTech. emson Agri, College	Potsdam, N. Y	Non-S	sect	John P Bro	oks, M.S	9	69	5,000
1893 C1	emson Agri.College	Clemson Col., S	.C. State.		W. M. Riggs	, B.S., LL.D	55	811	16,295
1881 Co	e Colleget	Cedar Rapids, 1	aIndep	end't.	John A. Ma	rquis, D. D	34 25	514	15,000
1819 Co	does to University	Waterville, Me	Bapti	Soot	Flavor Burn	S, A. M	44	462	50,000
1847 Co	lby Colleget	Manh'n Boro, N.	Y. City.		John H. Fi	nley, LL D	235	6,770	
1851 Co	llege of the Pacifict	San Jose, Cal	Meth.	Epis.	Wm. W. Gu	th, Ph. D	32		10,000
• 1879 Co	lorado Agr. Col. †	Ft.Collins, Col	State.	, .	Charles A. I	ory. LL D	59	799	40,000
1874 Co	lorado Colleget	Colorado Sp's,	Col Non-	sect	W. F. Slocui	n, LL. D., D. D.,	53 21	687	61,000
1754 Co	Inmhia L'niv (d)	Manh'n Boro N	Y Non-S	Sect	N M Rutler	LI. D. Ph D	744	cc9597	12,000
1839 Co	ncordia College	Fort Wayne, In	nd. Luthe	ran	Rev. Martin	Luecke	12	285	12,000
1890 Co	nverse College‡	Spartanburg, S.	C. Non-	Sect	Robert P. Pe	ell, Litt. D	27	290	4,000
1881 Co	nnecticut Agr. Col.†	Storrs, Ct	State		Chas. L. Bea	ach, B. S	25	200	12,000
1897 Co	oner College	Sterling Kang	L. Non-i	Sect	Por Poss'r	Comphell D.D.	14	188	2,200
1853 Co	rnell Colleget	Mt. Vernon, Io	wa. Meth	Enis.	James Ellio	tt Harlan, LL.D.	42	741	35,480
1865 Co	rnell University	Ithaca, N. Y	Non-S	Sect	Thos. F. Cr	ane (Act.)	696	4 518	404 700
1879 Cr	eighton Univ	Omaha, Neb	Catho	lic	Rev. E. A.	Magevney, S.J.	146 31	1,007	45,000 6,700
1880 Da	kota Wesley, Univ t	Mitchell, S. Das	Metn	Epis	Wm. Grant	Seaman, Ph.D	19	574 221	1,576
1769 Da	rtmouth College	Hanover, N. H	Non-S	sect	Ernest Fox	Nichols, LL D.	125	1 358	120,000
1837 Da	vidson College	Davidson, N. C	Presb	yter'n	Wm. Jos. M	artin, A. B	30	344	23,126
1902 De	fiance Colleget	Defiance, O	Chris	ian			1		*****
1831 De	elaware College	Newark, Del	Non-S	sect	Geo. A. Har	ter, M.A., Ph.D.	24 42	176	20,000
1897 130	Paul University	Chicago, Ill	Cathe	lie	Very Rev F	X McCahe.C M	75	915	5.000
1837 De	ele Colleget. aby Colleget. by Colleget. by Colleget. liege City of N. Y. liege City of	Greencastle, In	d., Meth	Epis	Rev.Geo. R	. Grose, D. D	50	1,115	30,000 5,000 45,000 8,000 34,000
1865 De	s Moines Col.†	Des Moines, Io	wa. Bapti	st	John A. Ea	rl, D.D., B.D	21	407	8.000
1783 Di	ckinson Colleget	Carlisle, Pa	Meth	odist	Eugene A.	Noble, L.H.D	19 21		
1881 Dr	ake Universityt	Des Moines, To	wa. Inder	egat 1. end't	H M Bell	LL D	163	1 890	12,163 26,419
1866 Dr	ew Theol. Sem	Madison, N. J	Meth	Epis.	Ezra S. Tipi	ole. D . D	14	176	121.000
1873 Dr	ury Colleget	Springfield, Mo	Non-	Sect	Joseph Hen	ry George, D. D.	23	575	30,000 5,000
1900 Ea	stern Colleget	Manassas, Va.	Non-	sect	Hervin U. F	Roop, LL.D	22 30	200 585	
1855 101	mira Colleget	Elmira N. V.	Non-	Sect	Rev A C N	facKenzie, D.D.	18	210	
1889 E1	on College t	Elon College, N	.C. Chris	tian	W. A. Hary	oer, M. A	17	298	8,000
1837 Et	nory & Henry Col	Emory, Va	Meth	odist	Chas. C. We	aver, Ph.D	16	206	11,000
1836 E1	nory College	Oxford, Ga	Meth	Ep.S.	Rev. James	E. Dickey, D.D.	17	259	35,000
1839 Er	skine College t	Due West S C	Ref I	resh	Iames S. M.	nffatt D D	18 17 16 17 23 9	140	
1855 Eu	reka Colleget	Eureka, Ill	Disci	oles	Chas. E. Ur	olderwood, A.M. er, D.D., B.D egan, D.D rown, A. M., D.D. ht (Chairman). Cluskey, S. J. pple, D.D. arley, D.D arley, A. M. anley, A. M. Poteat, D.D.	21	222	8,200
1867 Ev	ving Colleget	Ewing, Ill	Bapti	st			1		32,000
1888 Fa	urmount Colleget	Wichita, Kan.	Congr	egat 1.	Chas C Cra	er, D.D., B.D	24 28	307 541	6,000
1882 Fi	ndlay Colleget	Findlay, O	Ch. o	God	Rev. C. I. B	rown.A.MD.D.	20	243	
	sk University† \$	Nashville, Tenn	Non-	Sect	H. H. Wrig	ht (Chairman)	32	462	
1841 Fo	ordham University.	Fordham, N. Y.	C. Catho	lie	Thos, J. Mc	Cluskey, S. J	155 26	1,325 587	61,000 48,000
1894 Fr	anklin & Marshall. anklin College †	Eranklin Ind	Non-	n U. is.	Henry H. A	arley D.D.	15	174	19,000
1825 Fr	anklin Colleget	New Athens, O	Non-	sect	E. M. Baxt	er, A. M	10	45	2,500
1898 Fr	iends University†	Wichita, Kan	Frien	ds	Edmund St	anley, A. M	17	365	
1851 Fr	rman University	Greenville, S. C.	Bapti	st	Edwin McN	Poteat, D.D	14	334	
1817 Ge	allaudet College† eneral Theol. Sem		V Prot	Fnis	Percival Ha	Robbins Dean	15 18	82 135	
1850 Ge	eneva Colleget	BeaverFalls.Pa	Cove	anter.	Rev. W. Her	ary George, A.B.	19	250	5,000 12,000
1829 G€	eneva Colleget eorgetown Colleget.	Georgetown, K	y . Bapti	st	Arthur Yag	er, LL D	23	242	12,000
1815 G e	eorgetown Univ eo. WashingtonUn.†	(Washington, D	.C. Catho	onc.	Chos H Sto	A. J. Donion, S.J.	173 185	1,124	121,000
1888 Ge	eorgia Sc. of Tech	Atlanta, Ga	State	Inst	Kenneth J.	anley, A. M. Poteat, B. D. Il, M.A. Robblins, Dean rry George, A. B. er, LL. D. A. J. Donlon, S.J. ckton Matheson, A. M. rreslich, A. B.	65	857	10,000
1863 Ge	eorgia Sc. of Tech erman Wallace Col.†	Berea, O	Meth	Epis	Arthur L. B	reslich, A. B	28		6,500
1848 Gi	rard College	Philadelphia, P	a. Non-	Sect	[1 :		
1888 (10	oucner College;	Lamoni Ia	Meth	r Day	T A Guneo	lley RS (Act)	29 13	229	12,000 8,100
1892 Gr	rand Island Coll. t	Grand Island,	Veb Banti	st	L. A. Garri	son	22	500	7,000
1838 G1	reensboro Col. ‡	Greensboro, N.	C Meth	Ep.S.	Lucy H. Ro	binson	22 18 21 9 45	217	2,790
1892 G1	reenville Colleget	Greenville, Ill.	Free	Meth	Eldon G. Br	rritt, A. M.	21	293	
1847 G	reer Colleget	Grinnell Is	Non-	Sect	Tohn H T	Main Ph D	45	75 607	44 790
1884 G	rove City Colleget	Grove City. Pa	Non-	Sect	Rev. I.C. Ke	tler, Ph. D. D. D.	35	774	9,000
1888 Gi	nilford Colleget	Guilford Col., N	.C. Frien	ds	Lewis L. H	obbs, LL. D	35 14 24	242	4,326
1862 G1	stav. Adolph.C.†	St. Peter, Minr	Luthe	ran	J. P. Uhler	A, M. (Act.)	24	320 185	11,354
1854 FF	aminon College	St Paul Minn	r) Meth	ect Eni∘	S F Kerfo	ot. A. B. D. D	16	990	1 14 000
1776 H	ampden-SidneyCol.	HampSidney	Va Presh	yter'n	Rev. H. T.	Graham., D.D	19	121	18,000 30,703 23,000 95,000 980,275
1868 H	ampton N.&A.I.†(j)	Hampton, Va.	Non-	Sect	Rev. H. B.	Frissell, D. D	128	1,356	30,703
1829 H	anover Colleget	Madison, Ind.	Prest	yter'n	Wm. A. M	IIIIS, LL.D	18 24	250	95 000
1636 FF	arvard Univ (1)	Cambridge M	ass. Non-	Sect.	A bhott Lau	rence Lowell	707	5.045	980.275
1873 H	astings College†	Hastings, Neb	Prest	yter'n	R. B. Crone	, Ph. B	12		
1833 H	rman Wallace Col.† rard College. bucher Colleget. raceland Colleget. rand Island Coll.† reensboro Col.† reensworo Col.† reenville Colleget. rinnell Colleget. rove City Colleget. bufford Colle	Haverford, Pa	Frien	ds	Isaac Sharp	less, Sc.D., LL.D	22	167 160	59,500 2,500
1880 FF	eduing Coneget	Tiffin, O	Ref i	n II s	Chas. E Mi	ller. D. D. L.L. D.	32	400	15,000
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ORGAN-	Colleges—Table One. For explanation of signs, see page 619.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Facuity.	Instruc-	Stu- dents*	Vol- umes in Library
2000	Henderson Brown C.† Hendrix College †	Arkadelphia, Ark. Conway, Ark	Meth. Ep. S. Meth. Ep. S.	Rev. Geo. H. Crowell. Ph. D. A. C. Millar, A. M. D. D.	18 12	250 220	10,000 12,869
1894 1857 1855	Henry Kendall C.† Highland Univ.† Hillsdale College†	Tulsa, Okla Highland, Kan Hillsdale, Mich	Presbyter'n Presbyter'n Non-Sect	Rev. Geo. H. Crowell. Ph. D. A. C. Millar, A. M. D. D. Fred. W. Hawley, D. D. Wm. C. T. Adams, LL. D. Jos. W. Mauck, A. M., L.L. D. Miner Lee Bates, A. M., l'h. D. Eugene Blake, D. D. Wm. R. Durfee (Act.)	14 14 25	204 183 499	4,000 10,000 19,000
1850 1849 1822	Hiram College† Hiwassee College† Hobart College	Hiram, O Hiwassee Col.,T'n Geneva, N. Y	Non-Sect Meth Ep. S. Non-Sect	Miner Lee Bates, A.M., Ph.D Eugene Blake, D.D Wm, R. Durfee (Act.)	24 8 21	300 137 90	12,370 1,000 53 000
1843 1866 1889	Holy Cross College Hope College † Howard Payne Col. †. Howard Univ.†(c)	Worcester, Mass Holland, Mich Brownwood, Tex. Washington, D. C.	Catholic Ref. of Am. Baptist	Rev. Jas. N. Dinand, S. J Ame Vennema, A. M John S. Humphreys, A. M Stephen M. Newman	50 23 15	557 412 315	36,000 17,500 2,500
1845 1883	Howard College Huron College†	Birmingham, Ala.	IBantist	Stephen M. Newman J. M. Shelburne Rev. Calvin H. French, A.M. C. H. Rammelkamp, Ph.D.	132 10 23	1,409 163 484	29,116 2,000 7,280
1857	Ill. Wesley, Univ. t	Jacksonville, Ill Normal, Ill Bloomington, Ill	Presbyter'n State Inst Meth. Epis.	C.H. Rammelkamp, Ph.D. David Felmley, LL. D Rev. Theodore Kemp, D.D. Rev. J.D. Foulkes	25 51 40	308 2,892 616	18,000 22,500 10,000
1820	Indiana Universityt	Bioomington, ind.	non-sect	Rev. J. D. Foulkes Wm. L. Bryan, Ph. D., LL. D Raymond A. Pearson Edwin A. Schell, Ph. D	90 165	300 1,450 2,510	15,000 86,521 35,850
1910	Iowa Wesley. Univ.†. Jackson College ‡ Jamestown College James Millikin Univ.†	THIIS COIL. MASS.	Non-Sect Presbyter'n	Barend H. Kroeze, D. D	23 29 16	335 93 185	3,500
1876	John B. Stetson Un.T.	De Land, Fla Baltimore, Md.	Non-Sect Non-Sect	Lincoln Hulley, Ph.D., LL.D., Lra Remsen, LL D. Ph. D.	64 46 222 23	1 101 885	6,500 22,000 165,000
			Baptist Meth. Prot Meth. Enje	I. H. Brumbaugh, A. M Herbert L. Stetson (Act.) D. S. Stephens, D. D Rev. Robert P. Smith	12	419 222 	28,000 11,000 3,000
1863 1860	Kansas Wesleyan U.t. Kans, State Agr. Col.t Ky. Wesleyan Col.t. Kenyon College	Manhattan, Kan Winchester, Ky	State Meth. Ep.S.	Henry J. Waters	167 9 18	2,523 150 108	12,000 36,500 3,000 35,000
1837	Medika Coneget	Keuka Park, N. Y. Galesburg, Ill Knoxville, Tenn	Disciples Non-Sect	Jos. A. Serena, A. B Thomas McClelland, D. D Ralph W. McGraughan, D. D.	24	100 559 465	10,000 12,298 40,200
1832 1859	Lafayette College	Easton, Pa Painesville, O	Presbyter'n Non-Sect Presbyter'n	Jos. A. Serena, A. B. Thomas McClelland, D. D. Ralph W. McGranahan, D. D. Rev, E. D. Warfield, LL.D. Vivian B. Small, A. M. John S. Nollen, Ph. D. Rev, John O. Willson, D. D. Wm. McKlbbin, D. D. LL, D. Brother D. Edward	57 22 19	578 120 210	40,000 11,593 25,000
1872 1829 1867	Lake Forest College †. Lander College ‡ Lane Theol, Seminary La Salle College	Greenwood, S. C Cincinnati, O Philadelphia. Pa	Meth. Epis. Presbyter'n Catholic	Rev. John O. Willson, D. D. Wm. McKibbin, D. D., LL. D. Brother D. Edward	20 6 16	208 67 170	5,350 24,000 3,120
1847 1856 1855	Lawrence Colleget Leander Clark Col.t Lebanon Univt	Appleton, Wis Toledo, Ia Lebanon, O	Non-Sect U. Brethren. Non-Sect	Samuel Plantz, Ph.D., D.D. Wallace Elden Miller, A. M.	42 15	623	31,210 5,000
1866	Lebanon Valley Col. †.	Annville, Pa	U. Brethren. Non-Sect Non-Sect	Honry S. Drinker, I.T. D	68 214	1,656	125,000 174,379
1856 1874	Leland Univ. \$† Lenox College. † Liberty College;	New Orleans, La Hopkinton, Iowa. Glasgow, Ky	Non-Sect Presbyter'n Non-Sect	David Starr Jordan, L.L.D. I. Newton Earle, Jr. (Act.) Itev. E. E. Reed, M. A. M. M. Hatton, A. M. J. H. McMurray, Ph. D. Wm. M. Martin, D. D. George A. Hubbell, Ph. D.	20 12 15	275 158 150	600
1908 1897	Lincoln College † Lincoln Jeil'n U. †(gg) Lincoln Mem'l Un. † .	Hammond, Ind Cu'b'd Gap, Tenn.	Non-Sect	Wm. M. Martin, D. D George A. Hubbell, Ph. D	15 10 47 13	308 30,000 680 204	5,000
1851 1860 1852			Non-Sect State	Wm. M. Martin, D. D George A. Hubbell, Ph. D. John B. Rendall, D. D. Huber W. Hurt Thomas D. Boyd, LL.D.	15 70	130	18,000 10,000 35,000 41,000
1909 1885	Loyola Univ. (m) Macalester Col. †	Chicago, Ill St. Paul, Mina Manh'n Boro, N. Y.	Catholic Presbyter' n	John Mathery, S. J T.M. Hodgman, A. B. LL.D. Rev. Bro. Edward, A. B	127 26 27	1,272 307 289	45,000 12,600 15,588
1835 1864 1856	Marietta College† Marquette Univ.† Maryland Agri, Coll	Marietta, O Milwaukee, Wis College Park, Md	Non-Sect Catholic Non-Sect	Jos, Grimmelsman, S. J Rev. Silvester, LL. D.	14 173 26	151 1,660 451	60,000
1819 1863 1861	Maryville Colleget Mass. Agri. Colleget. Mass. Inst. Tech.t McCormick Th. Sem	Amherst, Mass Boston, Mass	Presbyter'n State Non-Sect	Samuel T. Wilson, D.D Kenyon L. Butterfield Richard C. MacLaurin, LL.D.	38 60 250	550 1,650	15,000 40,000 92,148
1828 1858	McCormick 1n. Sem McKendree Colleget. McMinnville Colleget Mechanics Institutet.	Lebanon, Ill McMinnville, Ore.	Meth, Epis Baptist	Rev. J. G. K. McChire, D. D. John F. Harmon, D. D	15 16 5 70	156 342 200 2.417	
1899 1809	Meredith Colleget Miami University† Mich. Agri. College†.	Raleigh, N. C Oxford, O E. Lansing, Mich.	Baptist State	Samnel T. Wilson, D. Samnel K. Wilson, D. Butterfield, Richard C. MacLanrin, L. D. Rev. J. G. K. McClure, D. D. John F. Harmon, D. D. Rev. L. W. Riley, A. B. Carleton B. Gibson, M. A. R. T. M. Vann, D. D. Raymond M. Hughes, J. L. Snyder, M. A., Ph. D. J. L. Snyder, M. A., Ph. D.	28. 47 130	370 555 1,700	3,800
	Mich, Col, of Mines Middlebury Colleget. Midland Colleget	Houghton, Mich Middlebury, Vt Atchison, Kan	State Non-Sect Lutheran	J. L. Snyder, M. A., Ph. D. F. W. McNair, B. S., D. Sc. John M. Thomas, D. D. Rufus B. Perry, D. D.	25 28 18	150 330 150	25,033 35,000 10,000
1880 1885 1892	Milligan Colleget Mills Colleget Millsaps Colleget	Milligan, Tenn Oakland, Cal Jackson, Miss	Christian Non-Sect Meth. Ep. S.	Tyler E. Utterback Luella C. Carson, LL. D Alfred F. Watkins, D. D	12 32 11	228 118 290	6,000 13,458 10.000
1880 1826	Miss'sippi A.&M.C.†y Mississippi College	Agric'l Coll., Miss. Clinton, Miss.	State Baptist,	F. W. McNair, B. S., D. Sc. John M. Thomas, D.D. Rufus B. Perry, D. D. Tyler E. Utterback. Luella C. Carson, LL. D. Alfred F. Watkins, D. D. W. C. Daland, A. M. D. D. J. C. Hardy, A. M., LL. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D. J. Schall, C. Hardy, A. M., LL. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D. J. Schall, Ph. M. L. D. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D. J. Schall Research Ph. D. J. Schall Research Ph. D. J. W. Provine, Ph. D.	14 65 16	1,090 416	10,000 25,428 4,000

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JEGAN.	Colleges—Table One. For explanation of signs, see page 619.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc-		Vol- umes in Library
1889	Missouri Val. Col. t	Marshall, Mo	Presbyter'u	William H. Black, D.D	15	230	14,610
1997	Missouri Wesl, Col. t.	Cameron, Mo	Meth. Epis.	Rev. H. R. De Bra, D. D T. H. McMichael, A. M., D. D. Harry A. King, S. T. B	23	225	3,500
1856	Monmouth Colleget	Monmonth, III	United Pres	T. H. McMichael, A.M., D.D.	28	420	8,000
1856	Moore's Hill Colleget	Moore's Hill, Ind.	Meth. Epis	Harry A. King, S. T. B	15	272	6,000
1807	Moravian Coll. & Th.S.	Bethlehem, Pa		(Augustus Schultze, D. D.	8	66	10,000
1867	Morgan College 19	Baltimore, Md	Meth. Epis.	John O. Spencer, Ph. D Alfred E. Craig	25	312	10,000
1890		Bloux City, Iowa	Meth. Epis.	Alfred E. Craig	30	456	10,000
1893		Helena Mont	Moth Enic	Chas I Powerd D.D.	41	595	11,708
1889	Mount Augel College. Mt. Holyoke College‡	Helena, Mont	Catholic	Pt Poy Pleoid O S P	26	135 165	3,000
1000	Mt. Holyoke Colleget	S. Hadley, Mass	Non-Sect.	Mary E Woolley M A	84	755	50,800
1808	Mt. St. Mary's College	Emmitsburg, Md.	Catholic	Very Rev. B. J. Bradlev	36	360	12,000
1856	Mt. Union Colleget	Alliance, O	Meth. Epis.	Rev. W. H. McMaster, M. A.	25	300	12,000
1867	Mulilenberg College	Allentown, Pa	Lutheran	John A. W. Haas, D. D	14	163	19,000
	Muskingum Colleget.	New Concord, O	United Pres.	Alfred E. Craig. James M. Hamilton, M. S. Chas, L. Bovard, D. D. Rt. Rev. Placid, O. S. B. Mary E. Woolley, M. A. Very Rev. B. J. Bradley. Rev. W. H. McMaster, M. A. John A. W. Haas, D. D. Rev. J. K. Montgomery, D. D. W. Oeschger, A. B. B. D. LL D. Clark A. Fulber (Chan).	30	561	7,000
1888	Neb. Christian U. †	Bethany, Neb	Christian	W. Oeschger, A.B.B.D.LL.D	60	350	3,000
1888	Neb. Wesleyan U.t				45	950	10,000
	Newberry College† New Brunswick T.S	Newberry, S. C N. Brunswick, N.J	Lutheran	J. Henry Harms, A. M Rcv. J. P. Searle, D.D	15	247 32	11,000
1784 1895	New Mexicos Vinest	Socorro N Mex	State	E A Droke A M	8	43	50,000
1873	New Orleans Un.ts	New Orleans, La	Meth. Epis.	Chas. M. Melden, D. D	21	535	4,000
1904	New Rochelle Col. t	New Rochelle, N. Y	Catholic	E. A. Drake, A. M. Chas, M. Melden, D. D. Rev. M. C. O'Farrell, Ph.D., Rev. George E. Horr, D.D.	34	220	9.000
1825	Newton Theol. Inst	Newton Cent. Mas	Baptist	Rev. George E. Horr, D.D.	11	82	31,000
1831	New lork univ. (w)	New York City(w)	Non-Sect	Rev. George E. Horr, D.D. Elmer Ellsworth Brown V. Rev.M. A. Drennan, C. M. Daniel Harvey Hill, Litt.D.	381	4,400	105,000
1856	Niagara University	Niagarar alls, N. Y	State	v. Kev.M. A. Drennan, C. M.	20		50,000
1889	NOT.U.Ag. & M.AIIS	iv. Kaleigh, N.C.	State	Daniel Harvey Hill, Litt.D.	56	619	8,300
1892					65 210	3 010	8,226 14,985
1890	N. Dakota Agri, Col. t	Agri, Col. N. Dak.	State	Jeo. S. Davis, LL. D John Henry Worst, LL. D	58		23,540
1861	Northwestern Col. t	Naperville, Ill	Evangelical.	L. H. Seager, D. D	23	391	11,000
1851	Northwestern Univ. †	Evanston, Ill. (h)	Meth. Epis	Abram W. Harris, LL.D Abram W. Harris, LL.D A. F. Ernst. Chas. H. Spooner, LL.D Henry C. King, D.D John W. Baer, LL. D Regy Abrat F. Smith D.D	410	4,454	171,770
1865	Northwestern Col.†	Watertown, Wis.	Lutheran	A. F. Ernst	13	204	10,000
1819	Sharlin College +	Shortin O	Non-Sect	Hanry C King D D	15 153		13,000
1887	Occidental College †	Los Angeles, Cal.	Non-Sect	John W. Baer, LL. D.	20	285	8,000
1871		Ada, O	Meth. Epis. I	Rev. Albert E. Smith, D.D.,	38	1,925	8,000 16,000
1870	Ohio State Univ.†	Columbus, O	State	W.O. Thompson, D.D., LL.D.	263	3,9281	
1804	Ohio University t	Athens, O	State	Alston Ellis, Ph. D., LL.D	75		41,000
1842	OhioWesl'n Univ.†'l	Delaware, O. (v)	Congretion I	Ron W. Baer, LL. D. Rev. Albert E. Smith, D.D. W.O. Thompson, D.D., LL.D. Alston Ellis, Ph. D., LL.D. Rev. Herbert Welch, D.D. E. G. Lancaster Ph. D.	67 24	1,290 240	33,000
1868	Dilvet Colleget(Dregon Agri. Col.t(Driental Colleget(c))	orvallis. Ore.	State	E. G. Lancaster, Ph. D Wm. J. Kerr, D. Sc	125		19.222
1903	Oriental Colleget(c)	Vashington, D. C.	Independ't. I	Helmut P. Holler, Ph. D	62	250	4,000
			Non-Sect	lohn Meissner, (Act)	8	100	4,000
1865	Ottawa Univ.†)ttawa, Kan	Baptist	Rev. S. E. Price, D.D	21	379	6,700
1847	Otterbein Univers'y. † V	vesterville, O	Bantiet I	Walter G. Clippinger, A.B	28 30		15,000
1886	Pacific University + F	Corest Grove Ore	'ongre' tion	R. G. Bowers, D.D. Wm. N. Ferrin, A.M., LL. D	22		16,000
1875 E	ark Colleget I	arkville, Mo	Presbyter'n, I	owell M. McAfee, LL. D	23		24,000
1887 I		Ifina abana Mina					
1875 F	Parsons Colleget 1		resbyter'n \	Villis E. Parsons, D.D	20	253	7,000
1889 F	Payne University ts. S	elma, Ala	Top-Soot	H. E. Archer. M.D	14 (e e)	(ce)	150 30,000
1879 F	Peabody C. for Teacht Cenn Colleget	skaloosa Iowa I	riends.	Bruce R. Payne, A.M(). M. Edwards	30	485	8.000
1869 F	ennsylvaniaCollege‡ F	ittsburgh. Pa	Non-Sect I	I. D. Lindsay, D. D.	29	120	3,500
1832 F	PennsylvaniaColleget C	ettysburg, Pa I	utheran	I. D. Lindsay, D. D Vm. Anthony Granville	28		31,650
1862 F	'enna. Military Col C	hester. Pa	Non-Sect	harles E. Hyatt	15	101	2,200
1855 I	enna, State Colleget, S	ittle Book Ark	Non-Sect	Charles E. Hyatt	190 24	2,450	46,188
1857 E	Philander Smith Col.† 1 Polytechnic Institute. F	Brooklyn, N. Y	Non-Sect.	red'k W. Atkinson Ph D	38	620	2,000 8,500
1887 F	omona Colleget C	laremont, Cal	Son-SectJ	ames A. Blaisdell, D. D crnest W. Porter, Ph. D harles M. Pratt, A. M	43		17,000
1904 F	omona College†Cotomac University † Veratt Institute† Erinceton Theol, Sem. F	Vashington, D.C.	Yon-Sect I	rnest W. Porter, Ph.D	18	345	5.000
1887 F	ratt Institute† E	rooklyn, N. Y	Non-SectC	harles M. Pratt, A. M	174	3,503 10	04,029
1812 F	rinceton Theol. Sem. P	rinceton, N. J	respyter n	r. L. Patton, D.D., LL.D no. G. Hibben, Ph. D., LL.D.	16 192	$180 9 \ 1,572 29$	90,800
1/46 F	rinceton University. Pritchett College † G	lasgow. Mo	ion-Sect	no. G. Hioben, Fn. D., Liz.D.	132		3.400
1871 F	roseminar College E	Imhurst, Ill F	Cyangelical, F	Rev. D. Irion, D. D	8	165	1,300
1869 F	uraue UniversitytL	afayette, IndS	tate V	V. E. Stone, LL. D	162	2.066	35,000
1879 F	tadcliffe College (1)C	ambridge, Mass. N	Ton-Sect I	e Baron R. Briggs, LL. D.	132	564 2	29,570
	andolph-Macon Col. A	shland, Va	lethodist R	K.E. Blackwell, A.M., LL.D. Vm, W. Smith, A.M., LL.D.	16 50		2,000
1893	" Woman's Col L Redfield College† R	ynchburg, VaI	na pa rba. v	VIII. W. SIIIIIII, A.M., LL.D.	30	516 1	0,000
18:24 F	Rensselaer Poly, Inst. T	rov. N. Y	on-Sect P	almer C. Ricketts, C. E	62	607	9.816
1892 F	thode Isl. State Col. † K Rice Institute H	ingston, R. IS	tate H	loward Edwards, M. A	31		0,000
I	Rice Institute H	louston, Tex					
1832 F	Richmond Colleget R	ichmond, Va E	Saptist F	WBoatwright, M.A., LL.D.	24		6,500
	Rio Grande CollegetR Ripon CollegetR	inon Wis	Tou-Sect.	imeon H. Bingilas Evans, A. M	24	195 230 2	4,000 0,677
1853 F	Roanoke College S	tipon, Wis	ntheranJ.	A. Morehead, A.M., D. D.	19	197 2	5,000
1850 F	Rochester Theol.Sem. F	tochester, N. Y. I	Baptist J.	. W. A. Stewart, (Act.)	16	150 3	9,000
1857 I	Rock Hill College E	llicott City, Md. C	atholic B	A. Morehead, A.M., D. D. W. A. Stewart, (Act.) Gro. Maurice, F. S. C	17		1,257
1847 I	Rockford College‡F	Cockford, Ill	on-SectJ	Ulla H. Gillilver, Fn. D	29 20	200 1	5,000 9,000
1883 T	Rose Poly, Inst	erre Haute, Ind	Von-Sect. C	Leo Mees, Ph.D	221	208 1	6.000
1872 I	Rust University †§ I	Iolly Sp'gs, Miss I	leth, Epis. J	nlia H. Gulliver, Ph.D V. F. Blackman, Ph.D Leo Mees, Ph.D ames T. Docking, Ph. D	28		4,000

Universities	ana conege	s of the	Chitett Stitles—Count	tueu.	010
Colleges—Table One. For explanation of signs, see	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instruc- tors.*	Stu- lents * Uol- umes in Library
1566 Patrona College	N Proposick N I	Non-Sect	Rev W H S Demarest D D.	60	510 66,991
1880 Sacred Heart College	Pra. dn Chien. Wis.	Catholle	Rev. W. H. S. Demarest, D. D. Geo. R. Kister, S. J. Rev. Louis C. Perry Rev. A. W. Verner, D. D. Rev. James F. Mooney, D. D. Charles F. Meserve, I. L. D.	30	292 13,450
1846 Scarritt Mor' ville C.1	Morrisville, Mo	Meth. Ep. S.	Rev. Louis C. Perry	18	302 6,000
1867 Scotla Seminary‡§	Concord, N. C	Presbyter'n	Rev. A. W. Verner, D. D	19 20	295 3,000 240 10,000
1856 Seton Hall College	Raleigh, N. C	Rantist	Charles F. Meserve LL. D.	35	500 5,200
1874 Shorter Colleget	Rome. Ga	Baptist	A. W. Van Hoose Geo. Milton Potter, A. B	24	300 2,000
1874 Shorter College‡ 1827 Shurtleff College†	Alton, Ill	Baptist	Geo. Milton Potter, A. B	15	135 15,000
		Non-Sect	H. Lefavour, Ph. D., LL. D	96 29	932 16,477 410 8,560
1860 Simpson Colleget,	N'hampton Mass	Non-Sect.	Marion L. Burton, D. D	110	1,523 40,300
1860 Simpson Colleget 1871 Smith Colleget 1859 S'th'n Bap. Th. Sem.† 1857 S'th'n Minn. Nor. C.	Louisville, Ky	Baptist	Francis L. Strickland. Marion L. Burton, D. D. E. Y. Mullins, D. D., LL. D. Oliver C. Heilman, A. M. Rev. Andrew Sledd, D. D.	10	320 24,000
1897 S'th'n Minn. Nor. C.	Austin, Minn	Non-Sect	Oliver C. Heilman, A. M	25 11	1,047 10,000 125 10,000
1859 Southern University	Greensboro, Ala	Prochyter'n	Wm Dinwiddie LL D	1 1	81 14,000
1885 Southwestern C.t	Winfield, Kan	Meth. Epis	F. E. Mossman, A.M., D.D.	30	412 8,000
1872 Southwestern Univ.†	Georgetown, Tex.	Meth. Epis	Rev. Chas. M. Bishop, D. D.	31	627 20,000
1872 Southwestern Univ.† 1830 Spring Hill College 1865 State Univ. of Ky.†. 1847 State Univ. of Iowa† 1889 St. Anselm's College.	Mobile, Ala	Catholic	Oliver C. Heilman, A. M., Rev. Andrew Siedd, D. D., Wm. Dinwiddie, I.L. D. F. E. Mossman, A.M., D.D. Rev. Chas, M. Bishop, D. D. F. X. Twellmeyer, S. J. Henry S. Barker	25 98	225 7,000 1,188 6,000
1860 State Univ. of Ky.T.	Lexington, Ky	Non-Sect	Henry S. Barker John G. Bowman, M. A Rev. Ernest Helmtetter,	155	1,188 6,000 2,175 97,000
1889 St. Anselm's College.	Manchester, N. H	Catholie	Rev. Ernest Helmtetter,	18	165 7,000
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 ** 1	250 29,000
1858 St. Benedict's Col	Atchison, Kan	Catholic	Rev. Innocent Woll, U.S.B.	15	190 10,000
1848 St. Charles College 1870 Stevens Inst. of Tech	Hoboken, N. J	Non-Sect	Rev. Innocent Wolf, O.S.B. Rev. F.X. McKenny, A.M A.C.Humphreys, Sc.D.LL.I Rev. Jos, H. Rockwell, S.J. Thomas Fell, Ph.D., LL.D.	36	343 10,400
1847 St. Francis Xavier C.	Manh'n Boro N. Y	Catholic	Rev. Jos. H. Rockwell, S.J.	34	707 55,600
1696 St. John's College	Annapolis, Md	Non-Sect.	Thomas Fell, Ph.D., LL.D.	14	200 10,000 5,800
1857 St. John's College	Collegeville Minn	Catholic	Rev. Peter Engel. Ph.D	40	439 30,000
1873 St. Joseph's College.	Dubnque, Ia	. Catholic	Rev. D. M. Gorman, LL.D.	. 23	342 9,200
1891 St. Joseph's College.	.Rensselaer, Ind	. Catholic	Rev. Aug. Leifert, C.P.P.S	24	312 8,000
1819 St. Joseph's College	Bardstown, Ky.	Catholic	Very Rev. I. P. Chidwick, D. D.	14	75 188 35,000
1858 St. Lawrence Univ. †.	Canton, N. Y	Non-Sect	Rev. Almon Gunnison, D.D	. 30	700 30,000
1818 St. Louis Univ	St. Louis, Mo	. Catholic	Alex. J. Burrowes, S. J	. 220	1,381 73,000
1863 St. Mary's College	Oakland, Cal	Catholic	Boy A A Broon S I	. 53 36	513 5,500 434 24,206
1821St Mary's College	St. Mary, Ky	. Catholic	Rev. M. Jaglowicz, C.R	12	110 6.500
1878 St. Mary's College	. Dayton, Ohio	. Catholic	Rev. Bernard P. O' Reilly	40	489 525,000
1857 St. Meinrad College	.St. Meinrad, Ind.	Catholic	Rt. Rev. A. Schmitt	23	260 23,000 520 10,000
1890 St. Stanislaus's Col.	Chicago, Ill	. ('atholic	. Rev. L. J. Zapala, C. R	. 20	210 7,000
1860 St. Stephen's College	Annandale, N. Y	. Prot. Epis.	Rev. Innocent Wolf, O.S.B. Rev. F. X. McKenny, A.M. A.C. Humphreys, Sc. D.L.I. T. Rev. Jos. H. Rockwell, S.J. Thomas Fell, Ph.D., LL.D. Rev. Peter Engel, Ph.D., Rev. D.M. Gorman, LL.D. Rev. Aug. Leifert, C.P. P.S. Brother Sulpicins, C. F. X. VeryRev. J.P. Chidwick, D.D. Rev. Almon Gunmison, D. D. Alex. J. Burrowes, S. J. Brother Fabrician, F. S. C. Rev. A. A. Breen, S. J. Rev. M. Jaglowicz, C. R. Rev. M. Jaglowicz, C. R. Rev. M. Jaglowicz, C. R. Rev. Bernard P. O' Reilly. Rev. L. J. Zapala, C. R. William C. Rodgers, D. D. P. O'Mohony, C. S. V. Rev. Chas, T. Aikens, D. D. Joseph Swain, M.S. LL.D. Joseph Swain, M.S. LL.D. Joseph Swain, M.S. LL.D. Jas, E. Russell, Ph. D. Ll.D. Jas, E. Russell, Ph. D. (Dean Mrs. Eliza A. Bhafer. Rus, H. Conwell, D. D. L.L.D. F. D. Kershier, M. A. James A. B. Scherer, Ph. D. Richard H. Crossfield.	. 10	73 20,000 400 10,006
1868 St. Viator College	Bourbonnais, Iu.	Lutheran	Rev Chas T Aikens D D	48	
1869 Swarthmore Col. †	Swarthmore, Pa.	. Non-Sect	. Joseph Swain, M.S., LL.D.	. 48	398 42,232
1870 Syracuse University	. Syracuse, N. Y	. Non-Sect	James R. Day, S.T. D., LL. D	. 260	
1867 Tabor Colleget	Talladera Ala	Congregat,	L.I. M. P. Metcalf A. M.	42	722 13,500
1883 Tarkio College t	Tarkio, Mo	.Un. Presb	.Jos. Addison Thompson	27	303 3,172
1846 Taylor University t.	. Upland, Ind	. Meth. Epis.	. Monroe Vayhinger, D.D	. 21	272 6,000
1888 Teachers' Colleget	Indiananolis Ind	Non-Sect	Mrs Eliza A Blaker	.] '31	2,730 66,845 416 5,000
1884 Temple University	Philadelphia. Pa	Non-Sect	.Rus. H. Conwell. D.D. LL.D	. 225	2,938 9,000
1873 Texas Christian Un.	† Ft. Worth, Tex.	Disciples	Jas. E. Russeil, Ph. D. (Dean Mrs. Eliza A. Blaker. Rus. H. Conwell, D.D., LL.D. F. D. Kershuer, M. A. James A. B. Scherer, Ph. D. Richard H. Crossfield. F. S. Luther, LL. D. Sister Catherine Aloysins. Wm. P. Few, Ph. D., A. M., I. Sam'l L. Hornbeak, LL. D. L. M. Suiff.	. 94	528 3,500
1891 Throop Poly. Inst. †	. Pasadena, Cal	Non-Sect	Dichard H. Crossfield	. 16	50 3.045 312 16,000
1823 Trinity College	Hartford, Ct	Non-Sect	F. S. Luther, LL. D	22	260 65,000
1900 Trinity College‡	Washington, D. C	. Catholic	Sister Catherine Aloysius	. 27	160 16,950
1859 Trinity College †	Durham, N. C.	Meth, Ep. S	Wm.P. Few, Ph. D., A. M	. 41	746 43,700 346 5,000
1884/Pri-State Colleget	Angola Ind	Non-Sect	L. M. Sniff	. 24	1,000 45,000
1852 Tufts College	Tufts Col. (e)	Non-Sect Non-Sect	. Wm L. Hooper, (Act.) Robert Sharp (Act.)	. 235	1.003 68.388
1884 Tri-State College† 1852 Tufts College 1834 Tulane Univ.† 1881 Tuskegee Institute†§	New Orleans, La	. Non-Sect	Robert Sharp (Act.)	. 313	2,536 42,500
1881 Tuskegee Instituters	Meron Ind	Christian	Booker T. Washington, A. M.	. 193 . 17	
1858 UnionChris'n Col.† 1891 Union College†	CollegeView Net	. Ad ventist.	Daniel A. Long Frederick Griggs	. 1 26	377 2,000
				. 132	351 41,000
1848 Union College	Jackson, Tenn	Bapust	Francis Brown D D	. 23	244 109,000
1848 Union College 1836 Union Theol, Sem.† 1831 Univ. of Alabama†	University, Ala.:	state	Francis Brown, D.D Geo. H. Denny, LL. D	. 100	1,200 40,000
1889 UHIV. Of A Fizonal	. Hicson, Aliz	pale	Aithai II. Whae, In.D	. 42	3 275 20,000
1885 Univ. of Arizonat 1872 Univ. of Arizonat 1872 Univ. of Arkansast. 1860 Univ. of Chitatanoogi 1892 Univ. of Chicagot	ray'teville,Ark.(g State	Reni Ide Wheeler I.I. D	. 80 407	
1867 Univ. of Chattanoogs	t Ch't'n'ga, Tenn.	† Meth. Epis	Rev. J. H. Race, D.D	. 28	363 12,000
1892 Univ. of Chicagot	. Chicago, Ill	. Non-Sect.	Harry P. Judson, A. M	. 337	6.506 381,000
1870 Univ. of Cincinnatif(Cincinnati, O	City Inst	Unas. W. Dabuey, LL D	199	1,316 69,500 1,200 64,051
1864 Univ. of Denvert	Denver, Col	Meth. Epis	s. H. A. Buchtel, D. D., LL. D	111	5 1.214 20,000
1879 Univ. of Detroit	Detroit, Mich	Catholic	Wm. F. Dooley, S. J	. 48	450 23,000
1905 Univ. of Florida	Gainesville, Fla.	State	J. H. Reynolds, M. A. Benj, I de Wheeler, LL. D. Rev, J. H. Race, D. D. Harry P. Judson, A. M. Chas, W. Dabuey, LL D. Jas, H. Baker, M. A., LL. D. H. A. Buchtel, D. D., LL. D. Wm. F. Dooley, S. J. A. A. Murphree, LL D. D. C. Barrow, A. M.	65	
Tion Chit. Of Georgia	eetatucus, Ga	IJ CARC	in C seeks Off R. ME 180000. 2.	0.	5.5: 80,000

ORGAN 12KD	Colleges—Table One. For explanation of signs, see page 619.	Location.	Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty	Instruc tors.*		Vol- nmes in Library
1892	Univ. of Idahot	Moscow, Idaho	State	James A. MacLean, Ph. D E. J. James, Ph. D. LL. D	64	750	27,707 212,700
1000	Univ. of Kansast	Lawrence, Kan	State	Frank Strong, L.L. D	175	2,600	80,000
1837	Univ. of Kansast Univ. of L'sville†(y)	Louisville, Ky	Non-Sect	Robert Judson Aley H. B. Hutchins Geo. E. Vincent, LL. D. Albert R. Hill, LL. D. Edwin B. Craighead, A. M. Samuel A very, Ph. D. J. E. Stubbs, D. D., LL. D., M. A Daniel Ross Boyd, Ph. D. Frank L. McVey Rev J. Cavanaugh, C. S. C. Stratton D. Brooks, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Prince C. Cambbell, B. A. Prince L. Campbell, B. A. Brown B. McCampbell, B. A. Brown A. J. D. Franklin B. Gault, Ph. D. J. T. Kingsbury, Ph. D. LL. D. J. T. Kingsbury, Ph. D. D.Sc. Guy Potter Benton, D. D. E. A. Alderman, D. C. L. LL. D. Thos, F. Kane, Ph. D. Chas, R. Van Hise, Ph. D. Chas, R. Van Hise, Ph. D.	::.		
1862	Univ. of Maine† Univ. of Michigan†	Ann Arbor Mich	State	Robert Judson Aley	104 317	5 620	50,000 305,684
1848	Univ. of Miss' pit	Oxford, Miss	Non-Sect				
1869	Univ. of Minnesotat	Minneapolis, Minn	State	Geo. E. Vincent, LL. D	499 238	6,953	150,000
1893	Univ. of Montana†	Missoula, Mont	State	Edwin B. Craighead, A. M.,	35	300	152,193 25,000
1869	Univ. of Nebraska†	Lincoln, Neb	State	Samuel Avery, Ph.D	383		101.317
1800	Univ. of Nevadat	Albumperane N M	State	Daniel Ross Royd, Ph. D.	45 15	275 87	9,000
789	Univ. of N. Carolinat	Chapel Hill, N. C.	Non-Sect	Francis P. Venable, Ph. D	84	817	65 000
1883	Univ. of N. Dakota t.	Grand Forks, N.D.	State	Frank L. McVey	94 75	1100	48.000 70,000 22,000
892	Univ.of N'e Dame	Notre Dame, Ind.	State	Stratton D. Brooks, R. A.	105	798	22 000
1876	Univ. of Oregont	Eugene, Ore	State	Prince L. Campbell. B. A ,	116	1,207	40,000 352,674
1740	Univ. of Penna.(z)	Philadelphia, Pa	Non-Sect	Edgar F. Smith, Ph. D	549 271	5.100	352,674
1903	Univ. of P'to Ricot(u)	Rio Piedras. P. R.	State	E. G. Dexter. Ph. D	38	991	15,000 3,659
1903	Univ.of Puget Sound †	Tacoma, Wash	Meth. Epis.	J. C. Zeller, M. A., D. D	40	420	4.000
1850	Univ. of Rochestert	Rochester, N. Y	Non-Sect	Rush Rhees, D. D., LL.D	37 52	450	59.598
1880	Univ. of S. Cal. t	Los Angeles, Cal.	Meth. Epis.	Geo. F. Boyard. A. M., D. D.	228	2.107	27,700 19,000
805	Univ. of S. Çarolina 🕇	Columbia, S. C	State	S. C. Mitchell, Ph.D., LL.D.	33	443	44.500
857	Univ. of S. Dakota†	Vermilion, S. Dak	Prot Enis	Wm R Hall R S M. A	50 27	418 246	20,000 33,731
794	Univ. of Tennessee † (c)	Knoxville, Tenn	Non-Sect	Brown Ayres, Ph.D.,LL.D	150	1.541	34.596
1883	Univ. of Texast	Austin, Tex. (s)	State	Sidney E. Mezes, Ph.D	141 70	2,250	80,000
791 1	Univ. of Utany	Burlington, Vt.	State	Guy Potter Benton, D.D.	102	550	35,205 85,000
819	Juiv. of Virginia	Charlottesville, Va	State	E.A.Alderman, D.C.L.LL.D	75	800	75,000
861 I	Univ. of Washingtont	Seattle, Wash	State	Thos. F. Kane, Ph. D.	143 516	2.632	51,062
866 [Thiv. of Wis. 7 (y)	Wooster, O	Presbyter'n	Rev Louis E. Holden D.D.	42		36,162
886	Univ. of Wyomingt	Laramie, Wyo	State	Clyde A. Dunning, Ph. D	411	317	31,000
857	Jpper Iowa Univ. †	Fayette, Iowa	Meth. Epis.	Richard W. Cooper, Litt. D.	22 15	3921	15,000
869	Irsinus Colleget	Collegeville, Pa	Non-Sect	Rev. A. E. Keigwin, D.D	19	180 200	3,000
879	J.S. Indian Sc. T	Carlisle, Pa	U.S. Gov't.	Inos, F. Kane, Ph. D. Chas, R. Van Hise, Ph. D. Rev. Louis E. Holden, D. D. Clyde A. Dunning, Ph. D. Richard W. Cooper, Litt. D. Rev. Peter Froeberg, A. B., Rev. A. E. Keigwin, D.D. Col. Cl'r'eP, Townsley, Supt. Capt. John H. Gibbons John A. Widtsoe, A. M., Ph. D. Henry B. Brown, A. M. J. H. Kirkland, LL. D., D. C. L. Jas. M. Taylor, D.D., LL. D. Geo, Rice Hovey, D.D. Rev. E. G. Dohan. Horace Fillis, A. M., Ph. D.	75	1.002	3,000
802	J. S. Mil. Academy.	West Point, N. Y.	U.S. Gov't	Col. Cl'r'eP. Townsley, Supt.	138 125	553	84,000 63,261
888 T	Jtah Agri. College †	Logan, Utah	State Inst.	John A. Widtsoe, A. M., Ph. D	ชื่อ	1.100	22,000
873	Valparaiso Univ. †	Valparaiso, Ind	Non-Sect	Henry B. Brown, A. M	196 123	5,625	14,000
861	Vanderbilt Univ. †	Nashville, Tenn	Non-Sect	J. H. Kirkland, LL. D., D. C. L., Jas. M. Taylor, D. D., L.L. D.	110	1,043	49,000
865	Va. Union Univ. 2	Richmond, Va	Baptist	Geo. Rice Hovey, D.D	16	250	11.000
842	Villanova College	Villanova, Pa	Catholic	Rev. E. G. Dohan	37 13	377	12,000
903	Circinia Chris. Col. †	Lynchburg, Va	Disciples	S. T. Willis, A. B., A. M			14,087
839	Virginia Mil. Inst	Lexington, Va	State	General E. W. Nichols	23 64		15,000
872	Virginia Poly, Inst	Blacksburg, Va	State	P. B. Barringer, M. D., L.L. D.	22	490	18,000
834 V	Vake Forest College.	Wake Forest, N. C.	Baptist	Wm. L. Poteat, LL. D	38	435	46,000 20,000
866	Valden Univ. §	Nashville, Tenn	Meth. Epis.	John A. Kumler, A.B	63 105	802	4,750
809 V	Wash & Jefferson Col.	Washington, Pa	Non-Sect	Rev. Jas. D. Moffat. D.D.	29	784 361	17,000 $22,779$
749	Wash, & Lee Univ	Lexington, Va	Non-Sect	Henry Louis Smith, Ph.D	47	500	50,000
794	Vash.&Tusc'l'mCol.†	Freeneville, Tenn	Non-Sect	C. O. Gray, D. D	16 10	161 122	8,000
892 (Wash State Col. †	Pullman, Wash	Non-Sect	Enoch A. Bryan, LL.D	150	1,310	35,000
853 \	Vashington Univ. †	st. Louis, Mo	Non-Sect	David F. Houston (Chan)	147	1,3261	29,546
851	Vaynesburg Colleget	Waynesburg, Pa	Presbyter'n	Rev. Ezra F. Baker, Ph.D	127	272 1,421	73 060
868	Vells Colleget	Aurora, N. Y	Non-Sect	Rob't L. Zabriskie (Act.)	31	185	21.000
836 V	Vesleyan Fem. Col	Macon, Ga	Meth. Ep. S.	C. R. Jenkins, A. B	27	445	3,500
831 \	Vesleyan Univ. †(p).	Middletown, Ct	Non-Sect	Wm. A. Shahkili, D. D	27	406 228	80,000 14,935
867	Vest. Maryland C. †	Westminster, Md.	Meth. Prot.	Rev. Thomas H. Lewis, D. D.	24	235	11,000
826 V	Vest. Reserve Univ.(o	Cleveland, O	Non-Sect	Geo, Rice Hovey, D.D	278 11	1,302	000,10 000,08
025 \ 865 \	Vestfield Colleget	Westfield, Ill	U. Brethren	Dean J. C. Morgan	9	107	4.000
900 1	Vest L'f'tte Col. †(")	West Lafayette, O.	Meth. Prot.	Dean J. C. Morgan Aubrey F. Hess, D. D. Chas. B. Boving, D. D.	10	115	2,000
849	Westminster College	Y Wilmington Po	Presbyter'n	Chas. B. Boving, D.D	14 25	152 219	4,150 10,000
002 \ 867 \	Westminster Col. †	Morgant'n, W. Va	State	Thos. E. Hodges	69	1,093	46,000
890 \	V.Va.Wesley'n Col. 1	Buckhan'n, W. Va.	Meth. Epis	Carl G. Doney, Ph. D. LD, D	27	507	7,000
860 \	Wheaton Colleget Whitman Colleget	Wheaton, III	Congregat'l.	Robert McW. Russell, D.D. Thos. E. Hodges Carl G. Doney, Ph. D. LD, D. Chas. A. Blanchard Rev. S. B. L. Penrose, D. D. Thornes Novika A. W. Ph.	20 31	246	20,000
901 \	Whittier College †	Whittier, Cal	Friends	Thomas Newlin, A.M. Ph. M. Dr. D. D. McKay	14	125	5,000
	Whitworth Colleget	Pacoma Wash	State.	Dr. D. D. McKay		450	7,000

Colleges—Table One. For explanation of signs, see page 619.			President or Chairman		Stu- dents*	Vol- ume-in Library
873 Wiley Universityts	Marshall, Tex	Meth. Epis	Rev. M. W. Dogan,	Ph.D		6,000
842 Willamette Univ. t	Salem, Ore	Meth. Epis .	Fletcher Homan, L	D	46 420	11,000
908 Will'm& Vashti Col. †	Aledo, Ill	Non-Sect	Frank C. English		14 312	3,000
693 William & Mary C	Williamsburg, Va.	State	Lyon G. Tyler, M.A	L., L.L. D.		15,000
849 William Jewell Col	Liberty, Mo	Baptist	John P. Greene, D. I), LL.D.	37 560	21,000
793 Williams College	Williamst'n, Mass	Non-Sect	Harry A. Garfield,	LL D		72,400
908 William Smitht	Geneva, N.Y	Non-Sect	Wm. P. Durfee (Ac	t.)	25 69	
876 Wilmington Col.†	Wilmington, O	Friends	Samuel H. Hodgin.		12 80	5,000
869 Wilson College:	Chambersburg, Pa	Presbyter'n	Anna J. McKeag, P	h.D		12,000
845 Wittenberg College †.	Springfield, O	Lutheran	Chas. G. Heckert,	D. D	41 818	18,000
854 Wofford College	Spartanburg, S.C.	Mein, Ep.S.	Henry N. Snyder, 1	1. A		21,000
865 Worcester Poly.Inst.†	Worcester, Mass.	Non-Sect	Levi J. Conant	\$2.00 miles		15,000
701 Yale University(bb)	New Haven, Ct	Non-Sect	Arthur T. Hadley,	TriviDami		893,93
881 Yankton Colleget	Yankton, S. Dak	Congregat I.	Rev. Henry K. Wari	en, M.A.		8,000
890 York Colleget	YORK, Neb	U.Brethren.	win. r. schell, A.	M., D. D. !	19 464	2,500
TABLE TW	O-COMMENCE	MENT DA	YS, CRADUAT	ES. ET	C.	

1854 Wofford Col 1865 Worcester Po 1701 Yale Univers 1881 Yankton Col 1890 York Colleg	lege oly.Inst. sity(bb). lege† e†	New Yan	rtanburg, S. C. Meth. cester, Mass. Non-S 7 Haven, Ct. Non-S kton, S. Dak. Congr k, Neb. U.Bre	Sect Levi J. Con Sect Arthur T. egat'l. Rev. Henry thren. Wm. E. Sc	Snyder, lant Hadley, y K. War shell. A.	M. A. LL.J ren, M.	19 470 21,000 54 554 15,000 0 431 3,263 893,937 1.A. 20 285 8,000 1, D. 19 464 2,500
			COMMENCEMEN				
Colleges. For explanation of signs, see page 619.	ommence- ient Day, 1913,	raduates ice Organ- zation.*	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.	COLLEGES. For explanation of signs, see page 619.	mmence- tent Day, 1913,	raduates iceOrgan- ization.*	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.
COLLEGES. For explanation of signs, see page 619. Adelphi C	June 12 June 12 June 12 June 13 June 14 June 15 June 15 June 15 June 16 June 16 June 17 June 18 June 17 June 18 June 1	## O	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation. R. Seldner, 1897. A. H. Lowrie. 1858. W. Frenckimann, 78 W. B. Glenn M. C. Randall, 1895. Mrs. A. Burdick, 47. D. S. Morris, 1843. Rev. A. Deam, 1842. T. W. Shannon, '93. 6 of Class of '76. A. Dean, 1845. D. A. Dahlsten, 1861. Class of '93. J. S. Parsons, 1867. O.H. Leland, 1836. S. D. Peet, 1851. Mrs. R. Carroll, '82. G. L. Pigg, 1873. N. E. Glad, 1891. Rev. J.B. Foote, '50. Edward Robie, 1840. John Hunt, 1842. See Note & on p. 619. Rev. J. M. Lyons, '51. Mrs. Atkinson, 1856. Rev. J. M. Lyons, '51. Mrs. Atkinson, 1856. Rev. J. M. Lyons, '51. W. Balcke, 1870. C. P. Bolles, 1844. M. S. Brennan, 1865. 4 of Class of '75. W. L. Bulkley, Class of 1905.	COLLEGES. For explanation of signs, see page 619. Fairmount C Fargo C Frisk U Fordham U Franklin & M Ga. Sch. of Tech. Georgetown C Georgetown U. Grinnell C Grove City C Guilford C. Gustavus A Hamiline U Hamilton C Hampton N. I. Hanopton N. I. Hanopton N. I. Hanopton N. I.	June 11 June 12 June 13 June 13 June 13 June 14 June 13 June 13 June 14 June 15 June 16 June 17 June 17 June 17 June 17 June 17 June 18 June 19 June 1	TES, ** "engine" 1,738 1,388 1,563 1,564 1,5	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation. W. S. Fleming, 1899. 2 of Class of 1896. J. D. Burrus, 1875. Rev. A. Branu, 1857. G. Aughinbaugh, '44. G. G. Crawford, 1890. B. T. Blewitt, 1846. F. M. Gunnell, 1844. F. M. Gunnell, 1846. 2 Class of '58. S. Dodds, 1881. L. P. Lundgren, 1890. Mrs. Meredeth, 1859. A. L. Rhodes, 1841.
Creighton U Daniel Baker (Dak. Wes!'n U Dartmouth C Delaware C Depauw U Dickinson C Doane C Drake U Earlham C Empory C	June 4 June 5 June 25 June 18 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 25 June 11 June 25 June 4	111 471 10, 334 638 2, 780 2, 459 396 3, 977 1, 050 1, 691	O. E. Murray, 1888 D. Cross, 1841. H.S. Cowden, 1842. W. R. Grennug, 43. Rev. Bowman, 1837. D. E. Tromble, 1877. J. E. Denton, 1882. E. Test, 1863.	Lawrence C Leander Clark C. Lehigh U L. Stanford U Lincoln C Lincoln Mem. U. Lownbard C Loyola C Loyola U Macalester C.	May 19 June 11 May 14 June 4 June 4	257 2, 228 401 518 787 343	H. Colman, 1857. W. T. Jackson, 1864. W. J. Kerr, 1870. Class of '92. S. Clay, 1868. G. W. Marton, 1906. 3 Class of 1856. T. L. Grimes, 1869. E. F. Milholland, '56.
Erskine C Eureks C	June 3 June 13	846 670	P. W. White, 1844. W. J. Coulson, '89. N. K. Griffin, 1850. E.A. Dickinson, '60.	Manhattan C Marietta C	June 10	893 1,035	J.P. McClancey, 66, C. H. Goddard, 1843.

Colleges— Table Two. For explanation of signs, see page 619.	Commence- ment Day, 1913.	Graduates 8.nce Organ- ization.*	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.	Colleges— Table Two, For explanation of signs, see page 619.	Commence. ment Day, 1913.	Graduates ince Organ- ization.*	Earliest Graduates Living and Year of Graduation.
Table Two. For explanation of signs, see page 619. Marquette U Mass, Agr. C Mass, Inst. Tech Mickendree C Midelbury C Midlebury C Milton C Montost, C Moore's Hill C Moore's Hill C Moore's Hill C Moore's Hill C Montagside C Mothelbury C Mt. Holyoke C Mt. Holyoke C Mt. St.Mary's C Muskingum C Neb. Ch' tian U New B' w kSem. New Orleaus U New York U Newton Theo. I. New York U N. C.Cal. A.& M. N. Dak. Agr C. N. W'n U. (III.) Vw'n C. (Wis. A.)	June 21 June 18 June 18 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 18 May 13 June 19 June 14 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 14 June 12 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 18	1,687 900 4,868 1,027 1,840 1,914 225 349 1,494 400 294 4,387 724 675 500 1,200 1,200 1,643 22,103 22,103 13,823	Living and Year of Graduation. F. X. Bodden, 1887. Class of '71. Class of 1768. J. H. Roberts, 1848. J. B. Leake, 1846. A. F. Allen, 1861. S.S. Sherman, 1838. Geo. W. Hardin, '81. Mrs. C. Maxson, '75. Mrs. Thompson, '58. Mrs. Fleming, 1896. Mrs. J. Kahler, 1856. J. B. Trimble, 1891. May C. Orr. '90. Mrs. W. Nichols, '43 Rev. F. Silas, '53. 4 of Class of '68. A. M. Scott, 1851. 2 of Class of '91. John F. Mesick, '37. J. W. Bowen, 1878. J. B. Ireland, '41. M. J. Green, '96. R. B. Read, 1895. H. M. Kilder, 1850.	Table Two, For explanation of signs, see page 619. Tarkio C. Tarvior U Temple U Trinity C. (Ct.). Trinity C. (N.C.) Trinity U Trinity U Tultae U Tultae U Tulsegee I Uniou C. (N.Y.). U. of Alabama. U. of Alabama. U. of Chattan'ga U. of Chattan'ga U. of Clicago. U. of Colorado. U. of Denver. U. of Georgia. U. of Georgia. U. of Georgia. U. of Hilmois. U. of Maine. U. of Minnesota. U. of Minnesota. U. of Montana.	June 6 June 18 June 18 June 18 June 25 June 24 June 4 June 4 June 4 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 10 June 5 June 5 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 12 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12	1,750 348 5,607 3,000 1,459 7,144 1,929 2,353 320 120 1,805 27,231 8,815 250 5,491	Living and Year of Graduation. W. R. Littell, 1887. T. T. Myers, 1894. Dr. S. Church, 1841. J. W. Alspaugh, '55. J. S. Groves, 1871. H. Hersey, 1857. P. N. Gilley, '48. J. T. Hullis, 1885. H. A. Owen, 1894. S. K. Williams, '37. W. Richardson, 1848. C. McKinney, 1873. Rev. J. Maniker, 1871. O. E. Jackson, 1892. P. V. Carlin, 1882. J. A. Russell, '83. Class of 1996. H. Newton, 1841. A. P. Adair, 1896. N. C. Rieker, 1872. L. D. L. Tosh, 1873. B. F. Gould, 1872. T. R. Palmer, 1847. W. C. Eustis, '73. Ellon P. Glanout '92.
N.W. In C. (W. Is.). Oberlin C Obio North'n U. Obio North'n U. Obio State U Ohio State U Ohio Wes. U. Oregon Agr. C. Oriental U. Ottawa U Ottawa U Ottawa U Ottawa U Ottawa U Parik C Parik C Penn S. Istae C Pillander S. C. Pennsylvania C. Pennsylvania C. Princeton U Proseminar C. Promonia C. Pratt I Proseminar C. Purdue U Radeliffe C R'd. M'con, W. C. Radeliffe C. R'd. M'con, W. C. Richmond C. Richmond C. Richmond C. Richmond C. Richmond C. Roanoke C. Roanoke C. Roanoke C. Roanoke C. Roanoke C.	June 3 June 11 June 19 June 10 Oct. 7 June 4 June 12 June 18 June 19 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 11 June 12 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 19	4,000 4,332 828 4,484 400 450 994 500 245 747 75,947 1,703 1,933 1,953 1	S. P. Gray, 187. S. P. Gray, 187. W. S. Smith, 1849. S. W. Williams, 1848. G. B. Riegel, 1907. A. Boomer, 1887. Kate W. Hanby, '57. 20f Class of '66. W. T. Scott, 1879. J. C. Williams, 1874. W. F. Eyster, 1839. J. N. Banks, 1861. R. O.Childress, 1883. Class of '94. Wm. V. Wilson, 1841. J. Dinkmeyer, 1872. Mrs. W. Clark, 1883. 2 of Class of '96. S. S. Greeley, 1846. G. W. B. Trigame, '94. P. S. Henson, 1849. Miss L. Adams '87.	U. of Nevada U. of N.Carolina U. of N.Carolina U. of N.Carolina U. of N.Carolina U. of Oregon U. of Pettsburgh U. of Penn U. of Penn U. of Rochester U. of S. Cal U. of S. Cal U. of Tennessee, U. of Tennessee, U. of Utah U. of Wisconsin, U. of Wisconsin, U. of Wooster U. of Wyoming. U. of Wyoming. U. of Wyoming. U. of Wyoming. U. of Wyoming. U. S. Mil. Acad U. S. Mayal Acad Utah Agr. C. Valparaiso U. Vanderbilt U. Vassar C.	May 14 June 4 June 18 June 18 June 18 June 25 June 18 June 18 June 18 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 14 June 15 June 17 June 18	675 8,000 823 1,785 4,179 26,800 95 2,145 1,649 607 386 1,870 1,729 223 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000	J. S. Dales, W. H. Snell, 1873, F. H. Norcross, 1891, J. C. Class of 1889, C. R. H unie, R. Stoops, 1898, d. G. Class of 1878, d. G. Class of 1878, d. Faulkner, 1840, L. Faulkner, 1840, L. Faulkner, 1840, J. W. Stanley '51, J. Bergin, '85, d. C. Class of '49, d. F. Antisdel, 1888, J. B. Heiskell, 1840, J. Hanna, 1873, W. Bradford, 1876, Mrs. C. Witt, 1876, L. Booth, 1854, L. Paine, 1862, S. B. Buckner, 1841, L. Paine, 1862, S. B. Buckner, 1844, H. Upshur, 1847, R. W. Erwin, 1894, Dr. C. (Ingerson, 1875, H. W. Morgan, 1875, H. W. Morgan, 1875,
Roanoke C Roches' r Theo. S. Rock ford C Rolins C Rolins C Rose Poly I Rust U Rust U Rutgers C Shaw M Southwestern U. State U. of Ky State U. of Ky St. Lawrence U. St. Louis U. St. Lawrence U. St. Mary's Ca St. Mary's Ca St. Mary's Ca St. Mary's Ca State U. of Iowa. Susquehanna U. Swarthmore C. Syracuse U Talladega C	May 23 June 12 May 13 June 10 May 15 June 16 June 5 June 5 June 10 June 11 June 20 June 20 June 21 June 21	1, 682 763 410 686 440 2, 370 798 5, 265 781 1, 686 938 799 900 825 658	J. A. Snyder, 1856. W. W. Sawyer, 1851. Mrs. A. S. Moore, 54 C. L. Guild, 1890. 2 of Class of '85. Thos. Wesley, 78. J. F. Mesley, 1834. N. F. Roberts, 78. Mrs. A. Brown, 1879. J. Campbell, 78. W. B. Munson, 1869. J. Henderson, 1873. H. A. Branu, 1857. D. M. Thomas, 1896. A. B. Hervey, 1862. B. Chambers, 1866. J. A. Graves, 1872. Wm. Butz, 1860. 3 of Class of '55. G. W. Marsh 1862. 5 of Class of '55. G. W. Marsh 1862. 5 of Class of '73. Mrs.N.Gregory, 1854. Rev. Y. B. Sims, 1880.	Virginia Poly. I. Vabash C. Wake Forest C. Walden U. Washburn C. Wash'gton St. C. Wash, & Tusc, C. Wash, & Tusc, C. Wels C. West in U. (Ct.) West Virginia U. Westmin.C. (Pa.) Whitman C. Willamette U. Willamette U. Willamette U. Willamette U. Willames C. Willamette U. Willames C. Williames C. Williames C. Williames C. Williames C.	June 18 June 18 June 18 May 23 May 24 June 5 June 18 June 18 June 11 June 19 June 19 June 19 June 18 June 18 June 18 June 18 June 18 June 25 June 25	893 1,184 1,401 2,073 970 4,435 836 492 1,250 420 1,654 750 5,326 1,461	I. M. Cowan, 1842. I. M. Jamison, 1871. I. M. Jamison, 1871. I. Billard, 1870. All of 18t Class. I. H. Brunner, 8147. I. L. Daggett, 1889. I. G. Reynolds, '41. I. J. Bourner, 81871. J. H. Darnan, 1856. J. C. Gose, 1886. J. C. Gose, 1886. J. C. Gose, 1886. Mrs. E. M. York, '59. R. M. Rhoades, '58. W. H. Wynn, 1851. Samuel Dible, '56. H. P. Armsby, 1871. D. F. Atwater, 1839. S. W. Burleigh, 1888. Mrs. M. B. Spore, '94.

TABLE THREE-FINANCIAL STATISTICS OF UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES.

Annual Cost of Tuition and Other Expenses of Education, and Income from Productive Funds During the Last College Year, Communicated to The World Almanac by the Colleges.

FOR COLLEGE BENEFACTIONS SEE INDEX AT "BENEFACTIONS."

	1	Living	In a se	Tot. Income.		CD 4.1	Living		Tot.Income.
COLLEGES-	Tultion.	Exp'nses	Productive	Including	COLLEGES-	Tuition.	Exp'nses	Productive	Including
For expl. nation of		Roord	Funds-	Tuition or	For explanation of	Cost per	Board,	runus	Tuition or
signs, see page 619	Annum.	etc.	Amount of.	Incidental Charges.	signs, see page 619.	Aunum.	etc.	Amount of.	Incidental
	-			Charges.					Charges.
	9100	2077			71	250 00			
Adelphi C Aj.&M.C.Tex Albany C Albion C Alcond V.	3180	\$275 up		* ******	Emporto C	\$50-60	126-191	\$83,000	(c)\$45,292 (c)30,275 12,177 23,857 62,327
A 3. & M. C. I ex	None	168 160-200 126-162	\$209,000 28,000	\$300,000	Emporia C	65 65	300	112,000	(c)30,275
Alblon C	1 46	126-162	250,000	(4) 50 252	Euroka C	60	95-135 152	144 919	12,177
Alcorn A & M. C	None	64	211 375	++3811547	Falrmount C	75	200	100,000	23,557
Alfred II	(0)75	150-250	371,310	122 003	Findley C	45	125	125,000	tt3,088
Alfred UAllegheny C	80-85	130-175	371,310 650,000	(c)85.981	Fisk II	35		55,500	50,802
Alma C Antloch C Ashland U	40-100	200	402,611	48.886	Franklin C., Ind.	75		55,500 203,000 17,000	33,919
Antloch C	56	165	200,000	12.820	Fr'nk'n COhto	50	100	17,000	(4)19,200
Ashland U	56 50	! 200	70,000		Fr'nk'n & M. C.	100	200		42.387
Atlanta U	22-30	100	83,030	48,126	Friends U	55	135	172,000	(c)19,000
Atlanta U Auburn Th. Sen	None	170	768,791	42,451	Furman U	75	100	220,000	116,791
Augiburg Sem.	. 40		83,030 768,791 20,000	16,439	George Wash. U	150	250-350	172,000 220,000 123,295	(c)19,000 ††6,791 137,421 32,483
Augustana C	1 60	150	212,000	108,091	Georgetown C	55	160-200	225,000	
Baker C Barnard C	60	160	None	18,000	G'get'n U.,D.C.	170	350-672 300		358,837 123,762 20,882
Barnard C	150	365 up	1,290,196 696,720	313,035	Goucher C	150	300	593,789	123,762
Bates C	90	123-150	090,720	143,041	Greensboro C.	85 60	140	100,000	20,882
Balolt C	99		1 206 400	(6)123,880	Crimpoll C	70		3,000 931,032 75,000	4,000
Bellevije C	60	150	1,296,499 59,000	22 820	Grove Clty C	60	120-160	75.000	120,000
Benedict C	00		137,429	34 260	Gullford C	75	144-160	176,000	125,653 82,000 50,000
Berea C	21	72	1.100,000	136,000	Hamilton C	110	350	1,000,000	(c)73,397
Barnard C. Baylor U. Belolt C. Bellevue C. Benedlet C. Berea C. Bethany C.Kan. Bethany W. Va. Blackburn C. Bonebrake Ths	52-130	115	1,100,000 65,000 400,000	85,664	Elon C. Emporia C. Erskine C. Erskine C. Falrmount C. Falrmount C. Fisk U. Findlay C. Fisk U. Frankin C. Find M. G. Fink M. G. Fink M. G. Fink M. George Wash. U George Wash. U George Wash. U George Wash. U George Wash. U George Wash. U George C. Greensboro C Greens	55-60	180	400,000	(c)73,397 232,109 25,500 (c)279,006
Bethany, W. Va.	51	110	400,000	148,000	Hampden Sid. C	65		400,000 180,000	25,500
Blackburn C	90	180	130,000	8.886	Hamp Nor&Ag.I	100	132	2,566,600	(c)279.006
	None	200-250 200 up	300,000		Harvard U	(k)150		25,756,216	2.487.470
Boston U	140	200 up	1,250,000	250,000	Hastings C	60	136	118,437	21,376
Bowdoin C	100	200-300	2,149,485	(c) 127,839	Haverford C	150		1.746.694	(c) 27,000
Brig. Young C	25	200	. 6 . 6 6 6 6 6 6	38,000	Hedding C	40	175	100,000 324,000	(c)17,000
Brown U. (j) Bryn Mawr	150	075 666	3,000,000	225,673	Heldelberg U		125-175	324,000	35,591
Bucknell U	125-200	215-315	1,890,334	1,100,775	Henderson C	65 75		*******	31,387 18,000
Carleton C	50 75	335	571 521	224 220	Highland C	60	140	200,000	18,000
Carnegie Inst	5-20	116-140	7 000,000	370 053	Hilledale C	27-50	175-250	272 227	15,000
Carnegle Inst	5-50	116-140 140-175	287.877	52,000	Hiram C	75-90	175-250 125-175	40,000 272,237 210,000	40,000
Carson New C	38-50	80-140	119,000	18.807	Hobart C	100-120	200-300	729,453	66 24 1
Case Sc. AD. Sc		190-228	2,400,000	150,000	Hamp Nor&Ag. I. Harvard U. Harvard U. Hastlings C. Haverford C. Hedding C. Hedding C. Hendris C. Hendris C. Highland C. Highland C. Highland C. Highland C. Hobart C. Holy Cross C. Holy C. Ho	100	200-260	None	1 *************************************
Catawba C Cath. U. of Am.	60	100-150 240 up 122	15,000	24,000	Hope C., Mich.	40	$\frac{250}{140}$	313,000 90,000	37,700
Cath. U. of Am.	100	240 up	1,250,000		Howard C	70	140	90,000	32,344
Cedarville C Central U. of Ia. Central Wes. C. Charles City C. Charleston C.	41	122	80,000 75,000 156,000 200,000	7,000	Howard U., D.C., H'w'd Payne C. Huron C. Hillnois C. Ill. St. Nor. U. Ill. Wes. U. Indiana U. Iowa St. C. Iowa Wes. U. (j). Jas. Millikin U.	(w)	125-200	281,319	158,218
Central V. of Ia.	50 60	150 117	156,000	23,481	H w u Payne C.	60	150 150	None 443,293	(c) 53,947 43,150
Charles City C	60	150	200,000	15,000	Illinois C	70	170-225	385,000	42 150
Charleston C	40	125	293,700	16.520	III. St. Nor. II.	15	170-225 200		251,000
Charleston C Chris. Br. C. Mo. Claffin U Clark C., Mass (j) Clark U., Mass. Clarkson Sc. T.	65	250		45,600	III. Wes. U	68	200 200-250 350	188,500	38,520
Claffin U	30	70-100 170 up	15,000	50,000	Indiana U	None (m) 50	200-250		316,473
ClarkC., Mass(j)	60	170 up	1,300,000	85,390	Iowa St. C	(m)50	350 250	725,839	871.474
Clark U., Mass.	100	210-250	3,973,000		Iowa Wes. $U_{\cdot}(j)$.	66	250		
Clarkson Sc. T	100	175	300,000	25,000	Jas. Millikin U. Jamestown C.	85-90	200-300	210,615 143,000 5,269,529	(c) 96.000
Clemson Ag. C.1	65 60	$\frac{133}{250}$	150 000	324,640	Jamestown C Johns H'pk'ns U Juanita C	150 000	175	143,000	72,015 755,826
Coe C Colgate U	100	350	450,000 2,000,000	150,200	Juanita C	65.00	235 136-150	5,269,529	755,826
Col City of N V	Free	None	2,000,000	1 285 201	Kalamazoo C	51	141-151	507 901	
Col. City of N.Y. Colorado Ag. C.	None	300		-,200,201	Kalamazoo C.,	40	141-151 225	25 000	1125 000
	65	300-500	857,194	98.013	Kan. St. Ag. C Kenyon C	75-100	180-230	172,000 597,801 25,000 365,317	(c)47,490 ††25,000 56,958 70,802
Cal Sc of Mines	150	300		136,730	Knox C	60	225 - 325	459.894	70.802
Columbia U. (b) Conn. Agr. C	150-250	(1) 513	44,154,132	††774,587	Kenyon C Knox CLaf'yette C. Pa. Lake Erle C. Lake Forest C. Lake Forest C. Lane Th.Sem. (j) Lawrence C. Lebanon Val. C. Lebigh U. Lel'd St'nf'd U. Lenox C. Llncoln C.	100 125	224	459,894 657,506 131,920	125,709
Conn. Agr. C	(m)60	250		96,542	Lake Erie C	125	225	131,920	125,709 54,658
Copper C Cornell C., Ia.(j) Cornell U., N.Y. Creighton U Dakota Wes. U.	LOUI	LAUI	83,000	(c)20,839	Lake Forest C .	67	183-300 140-150	710,881 2,100 271,000 690,000	76,625
Cornell C., la.(j)	50	150-225 300-500	417,553 9,523,405 2,750,000 250,000	75,513	Lander C	55	140-150	2,100	24,000 17,000
Cornell U., N. X.	(ee)	300-500	9,523,405	2,267,534	Lane Th.Sem.(j)	None	200	271,000	17,000
Dekete Wes II	e 80-120		2,750,000	208,840	Lawrence C	75	150 210-310	690,000	(c) 82,000 52,676
Dartmouth C	$^{60}_{125}$	125 197 150-250 95-105	2 715 904	410 994	Lebanon val. C.	100-200	200 400	61,000 $1,210,000$	32,076
Davidson C.	75	150-250	3,715,804 200,000 312,165 83,000	48 600	Lel'd St'nf'd II	45	300-400	1,210,000	††94,496
Defiance C Delaware C	55	95-105	312,165	23:046	Lenox C	50-75	150	175,000	96,934
Delaware C			83,000	65,000	Lincoln C	40	160	175,000 118,000	(4) 0 064
Denison U	267	125	750,000	100,000	Line'n Mem. U.	30-100	100	183,000	62,696
Denison U Depauw U Des Moines C Dickinson C	150	230	850,000	(c) 63,820	Line'n Mem.U. Lincoln U Lombard C	124	(i)	183,000 607,858 225,000	62,696 47,968 16,918
Des Moines C	70	200	850,000 1 <u>45</u> ,000	(c) 20,000	Lombard C	60	144 up	225,000	16,918
Dickinson C	135	140-200	377,804	83,238	Louisiana St. U.	(m)60	145.50	318,313 306,828	109,545
Doane C	. 60	123	275,318	36,697	Macalester C	138	180	306,828	63,676
Draw Th Com	90 up	175	600,000	(c)192,220	Louisiana St. U. Macalester C Manhattan C Marietta C	120	250 200	None I	54,637
Doane C Drake U Drew Th. Sem. (j) Drury C Earlham C	None	(o) 150-180	600,000	40,250	Marietta C	90		570,000 462,059	$\frac{48,458}{49,206}$
Earlham C	90	195	280,000	97 884	Maryville C Mass. Ag. C Mass. Inst. Tch McCor. Th. Sem	(m) 250 None	$\frac{88}{225}$	*02,009	49,200
Eastern C	75	200	20,000	41.000	Mass. Inst. Tch	250		92.684	(c)652,646
Elmira C	180	275	120,000	83,316	McCor. Th. Sem	None	235	2,222,280	90,100
				4	-				

019 011	werse	illes i	ina co	neyes c	ene Onu	eu si	aces-	Commuea	
Consessor Table	1	Living	Í	Tot.Income.	COLLEGES-Table	1	Living	1	Tot.Income
Colleges—Table Three.	Tuition.	Living Exp'nses	Productive Funds-	Including Tuition or	Three.	Tuition, Cost per	Exp'nses	Productive Funds-	Including Tuition or
For explanation of	Annim	Exp'nses Board, etc.	Amount of.	Incidental	For explanation of	Annum		Amount of.	Incidental
eigns, see page 619		etc.	l	Charges,	signs, see page 619.		e		Charges,
Marray days O	000	\$118.50	£197.497	821 024	St John's C Md	975	180-200	22 500	240,000
McKendree C McMinnville C.	51	150-200	59,233	26,705	St.John's C.Md. St.Joseph's C.Ia	70	1 200	145.000	\$42,000 85,000 118,960
Mechanics I] 100	1 200	1 251.000	96,000	St. Lawrence U.	60	200	500,000	118,960
Meredith C Miami U	15-30	150 200	126,000	276,010	St. Louis U	50-120	140-250 200	None	
Mich. Ag. C	150	300	86.675	463,407	St. Lawrence U. St. Louis U. St. Mary's C.Ky St. Olaf C. St. Stephen's C.	50	n 125	4	48,000 46,000 38,000
Mich. Ag. C Mich. C. of M's	(h) 80	330 200	None	101,474	St. Stephen's C.		1 1 50	100,000	46,000
Middlebury C Milligan C		105-110	5,000	9,000	Susquehanna C. Swarthmore C.	160-200	250-350 250-400 175-300	45,000 1,392,691	341,125
Mills C	1 170	350	300,494	69,512	St. Mary's C Syracuse U	20-40	250-400		
Milisaps C Milton C	44-70	100 105-160	136,000	29.370	Tabor C	60	125-175		113 000
Mississippi C	60	150	133,000	1 9.1 0.60	Talladora C				43.562
Miss. Ag.& M.C Mo. Valley C	(m)30 60	100 150		24 543	Tarkio C. Taylor U. (j). Teachers C.	30	135-180 100	196,007	30,341
Monmouth C	75	165	253.137	47,197	Teachers C	150	280-405		559,977
Mont. St. C	25 50	300 150	327,970	211,252	Throop Poly. I.	150	200-300	490,193	303,828
Moore's Hill C Morningside C	48	300	60,000 400,000	45,038	Trinity C. N.C. Trinity U., Tex. Tufts C. Tuskogoo I	70	120-180	470.751	19,385 559,977 303,828 76,653 (c)107,798 36,246
Mt. Holyoke C Mt. Union C	150	200	982,770	306,921	Trinity U., Tex.	86	150		36,246
Mt. Union C Muhlenberg C	85-95	147 165-230				5.50	250-400 100	1,500,000 1,918,665	242.062
Muskingum C	60	125	10,000 350,000	(c) 31,000	Union C., Neb	60	160	ı	(c) 74,495 242,062 29,372 115,000
Neb. Wes. U Newberry C	64	225 118-185	350,000 110,000	(c) 17 000	Union C., N.Y U. of Ala U. of Arkansas . U. of Ch't'n'ga	100-200		900,000	(c)155,000
New Rochelle C	170	280		55,000	U. of Arkansas .	None	160-260	130,000	240,000
Newton Th. I	None	250 250	800,000	620.700	U.of Ch't'n'ga	60	200 500	225,081	(c)62,589
New York U N.C. Ag. & M.C. N. C. St. N. & I	45	250-350 200-250	1,214,756	328,490	U. of Col	15-75	200-500 200-350 200-400	160.000	(c) 155,000 240,000 (c) 62,589 2,750,361 250,000
N. C. St. N. & I	45	150 200	112,000	212,000	U. of Ch't'n'ga U. of Chicago U. of Col U. of Denver U of Georgia	60-100	200-400	622,189 370,202 631,388 647,341 150,000	186,979
N. Dak. Ag. C N'thwestern C	40 65	100	69,110 230,000			None None	165 350	631,388	110,546 246,002
N'thw'th U., Ill. Norwich U. (j).	(g) 118 100	325-450	3,597,152 113,700	709,761	U. of lilinois U. of Kansas	24-50	350-450	647,341	2,305,211 451,000
Norwich U. (j).	118	280 175-325	2,577,710	57,969 788 459	U. of Kansas U. of Louisville(j)	10-25	200-200	200,000	76,000
Oberlin C Ohio N'th'n U. Ohio St. U	50-60	200-350		55,000	III of Maine	50-125	162-180	200,000 220,356	1141,074
Ohio St. U		170	950,004 120,000	1,029,958	U. of Michigan U. of Minnesota	(f) 60 20-150	150-350	900,524	c1,406,833
Ohio U. Athens. Ohio Wes. U	75	170 130-175	750,000	253,366 206,750	U. of Missouri.	None	350 350-450 190-200 200 up 162-180 162-320 150-350 175 up 300-400	1,264,839	c1,406,833 1,806,800 858,769 83,125
Olivet ()	75 up 25-55	150	352,000 10,493	40,934	U. of Montana.		300-400	150,000 745,000	83.125
Oregon Ag. C Ottawa U	23-33	$\frac{250}{144}$	192.468	609,818 (c) 11,666	II. of Nevada.	None 30	$\frac{390}{225}$	11.433	
Otterbein U	85	125	192,468 124,337	65,568	U. of N. Car U. of N. Dak		200-100	11,433 250,000	276,433 353,202 187,735 150,000
Ouachita C Pacific U. (Ore).	75 76	170 125-250	None 225,000 435,908	45,550	U. of Okla	None	158 150-250	1,679,868 1,000,000	353,202 187,735
Park C	40	125-250 75-200	435,908	124.191	U. of Oregon	None	25 0 -500		150,000
Park C. (j) Parker C. (j) Parsons C. Peabody C. (j)	30 65			(c) 24.576	U. of Penn	105-220	300-400	488 009	c1,702,809 351,354 100,000
Peabody C. (j)			230,000 1,750,000	70,000	U. of Pittsburgh U. of Porto Rico	Free	150-180 250		100,000
Pennsylvania C. Penna. State C.	1 00	200-240 140-200 250	250,000 567,000	(c) 44,000 525,596	U. of Puget S'd U. of Rochester.	70 135	250	10,000 945,000 351,383	22,000 93,320
Phil. Smith C	1 25	250 75	None	16 000	II of the Couth	45	140-235	351,383	84,916
Polytechnic In	225 90	300	270,000 542,000	825,724	U. of S. Car U. of S. Cai U. of S. Cai U. of S. Dak. (j) U. of Tenn	55 90	150 190		98,330 178,000
Pomona C Princeton Th. S.	None	165	3,205,966 5,128,200	225,491	U.ofS'ntaClara	120	330	449,000 450,000	164,050
Princeton U	160	230 up 100	5,128,200 6,000	989,850	U. of S. Dak. (j)	25 80	145-225 175		
Proseminar C Purdue U	35-60		340,000	578,483	U. of Texas (j). U. of Utah	None	200 up 180-250	409,000 2,080,000 450,000	583.098
Purdue U Radeliffe C	250	$\frac{400}{225 - 250}$	340,000 900,000	(c)128,475	U. of Utah	20-100	180-250	450,000	207,433
Ran. Macon C Randolphi	85-100	225-250 200	283,558 365,000	(c)187,500	U. of Vermont . U. of Virginia . U. of Wash	(d)	$150-500 \\ 240 \\ 300$	2.005.299	227,036 583,098 207,433 191,083 267,120 441,359 1,854,910 (c)107,606
Randolpht Rensselaer P. In.	85-100 230 (m)30	220-370 165	1,431,853	465,094	U. of Wash	(u) 70	300 2 00-3 00	3,000,000	441,359
R. I. S. C Richmond C	100	200	675,119	120,428	U. of Wis. (j) U. of Wooster U. of Wyoming. U. S. Mil. Acad.	60	180	1.288.271	(c)107.606
Rio Grande C	4.0	120	76,000 251,738	7,000	U. of Wyoming.	None	265 up	3,1,000	101,404
Ripon C Roanoke C Roch. Th. Sem. Rockford C	78-90	300 12 5- 200	137,735			1	I I	625,720 210,000 215,100 10,658	1,245,230
Roch. Th. Sem.	None	200	137,735 1,733,243	71,918	Upper Iowa U	60	150	210,000	27,793 54,712 188,604
Rollins C	60	30 0- 340 150	105,419 238,190	77,300 88,725	Ursinus C	110	150-180 200	10,658	188,604
Pose Poly In	125	180-300	900,000	56,000	Valparaiso U	15 72	95	500,000	350,000
Rust U Rutgers C	160	$\frac{75}{225}$	$125,000 \\ 726,727$	19,000 288,187	Upper Iowa U Ursinus C Utah Ag. C Valparaiso U Vanderbilt U Vassar C.	100 150	200 350	500,000 1,750,000 1,472,514 150,000	200,000
Seton Hall C	100	250	None	200,101	Tuobar O	50	$\frac{350}{250}$	150,000	1,269,008 11,500
Shurtleff C Simmons C	1 75		175,000 2,124,502	(c) 38,000	Vincennes U V. Christian C Va. Military I Va. Poly. I Va. Union U Wabash C	$\begin{array}{c} 60 \\ 425 \end{array}$	(i) 117		20,221 197,000
Simpson C	75	160-175	223,000	(c) 46,090	Va. Poly. I	136	113	None	258,000
Smith C	1 150	300 100	1,227,821	376,409	Va. Union U	25	80	90,000 650,000 455,000 47,500	258,000 50,000 57,79 5
Southern Bap. S Southern U	1 75		900,000 55,000	17,450	Wake Forest C.	60	150-200	455,000	48,000
S.W.U.(Tex.) (j)	75 85	99-212	110,000	172,585	Walden U	3-12	150-200 101-125 162	47,500	47.375
S.W.U.(Tex.) (j) S. W. C. (Kan.) State U. of K'y.	(m)	125-150 150	40.000	280,368	Wabash C Wake Forest C. Walden U Washburn C Wash C (Md.) Wash & Jeff C Wash & Lee U.	90-100	153	285,053 2,500 640,000	72,261 32,923
State U. of lows	น 20-50	150 250-400	240,845	806,902	Wash & Jeff C	60	190	640,000	150,899 118,346
Stevens I, Tech	285	240-360	882,000	131,254	wasn. & Lee U.	75	150-250	893,979	118,346

COLLEGES - Table Three. For explanation of signs see below.	Tuition, Cost per Annum.	Living Exp'nses Board, etc.	Productive Funds— Amount of	Tot.Income. Including Tultion or Incidental Charges.	COLLEGES-Table	Tuition. Cost per Annum.	Bound	Productive	Tot Income. Including Tuition or Incidental Charges.
Washington U	\$85-170	\$300	\$6,697,590	\$598,963	Whitman C	\$125	\$200	\$319,400	\$97,268
Waynesburg C.	75	154			Whittier C				(c)12,000
Wellesley C	200		939,970		Whitworth C		180 up		
Wells C	150	350			Wm. & Mary C.	55	188		
Wesleyan C	80				Wm. Jewell C	75	205		
Wesleyan U		120-300		(c)140,141	Wm. & Vashti C	75	300		
Western C	125		293,342		Willamette C.		175-200		
Western R.U. (j)					Williams C		215-316		(c)189,545
Western Th. S		198			Wilmington C				
Westfield C	50				Wilson C		235-285		
Westminster, Mo					Wittenberg C	85			
Westminster, Pa		144-196			Worcester P. I				
West Va. U					Wofford C	75			(c) 34,600
W. Va. Wes. C.					Yale U				c1,508,923
Wheaton C	60	175	180,000	††40,000	Yankton C	1 65	114-135	193,027	35,738

REFERENCE MARKS USED IN PRECEDING COLLEGE TABLES. TABLE ONE.

mer sessions.

- All departments. † Co-education of the sexes. ** Education of women only. § For the education of colored students. ‡‡ Medical Department at Mobile, Ala. †† At Athens, Tenn., also.
 - (a) Co-education excepting in Art Department. (b) Co-education in Medicine and Law.

(c) No restriction as to race.

(d) Number of instructors and students given does not include the Horace Mann or Speyer schools.

(e) Branches at Tufts College and Boston.

(e) Brancnes at Tufts College and Boston.
(f) Confined strictly to post-graduate work.
The national university of the church.
(g) Academic and Technical Departments at
Fayetteville; Law and Medical Departments at
Little Rock; Normal School (for negroes), Pine
Bluff, Ark.
(h) And at Chicago.
(i) Co-education in graduate and Medicine Departments.

partments (j) For Indians and colored youths, both sexes.

(f) For Indians and colored youths, both sexes.
(k) Separate Women's College.
(l) Radcliffe College is the women's college affiliated with Harvard University. The number of instructors and students shown at Radcliffe College are not included in the Harvard totals

(n) Formerly St. Ignatius Col., organized 1870.
(n) Affiliated with Disciples of Christ,
(o) Comprises Adelbert College for men. College for women and professional departments,
(p) Abolished in 1912.

TABLE TWO. (k) Mrs. S. C. Cole, Jas. B. Pierce, Mrs. Anna S. (y) Report at close of 1911.

Peckham, class of '73. TABLE

† At U. S. Military Academy tnition is free. Cament, out of which they pay their own expenses for board, clothing, etc.; living expenses average about \$237 per annum. Total appropriations for

about \$237 per annum. Total appropriations for the support of Millitary Academy by Congress last college year, \$1,929,703.

‡‡ At U. S. Naval Academy tuition is free, Midshipmen are paid \$600 per year each by the Government, out of which they pay their own expenses for board, clothing, etc.; living expenses average about \$24 per month, Each candidate must deposit \$280 before admission.

Education of women only,

tt Income from tuition, board or incidental charges only. ** Maintained by the city.

- (a) Including books.
 (b) In making up the figures for Columbia University, Barnard College, Teachers' College, and the New York College of Pharmacy are included, because these institutions, although independent corporations financially, are integral parts of the educational system of Columbia University.
 - (c) Exclusive of benefactions,
- (d) Average—academic, \$125; engineering, \$120; law, \$155; medicine, \$135. (e) Arts College, free. (f) Average.

(r) Schools Pharmacy and Medicine at Chicago. (s) Medical Department at Galveston. (t) Excluding Radcliffe and including the Sum-

(q) Co-education in Teachers' Courses and Sum-

mer School. (u) School of Mines at Rolla, Mo., which is in-

cluded in figures.

(v) Also at Cleveland, O.
(w) Co-education in Law, Pedagogy, Graduate, (a) Co-education in Law, Pedagogy, Graduate, Summer, and Commerce, Accounts and Finance. The Undergraduate Schools are at University Heights, Bronx Borough, New York City; Law, Pedagogy, Graduate, and Commerce, Accounts and Finance at Washington Square; Medicine at East Tweuty-sixth Street and First Avenue.

(a) College of Liberal Arts at St. Paul, Minn.; *College Physicians and Surgeons at Minneapolis.

(a) Wemen admitted to Graduate, Law, Teachers' course, Biology and Music.

(a) Dean of Medical Dept., W. E. Grant. M. D.; Law Dept., C. B. Seymour, LL. B.; Academic Dept., John Patterson.

(b) Co-education in Graduate School for Ph. D. Art and Music.

Art and Music.

(cc) Including Summer School,

(dd) For immigrants.

(ee) Teaching suspended while new buildings are being erected. (ff) Co-education in Post-graduate courses.

(gg)Correspondence University.

THREE

(g) College of Liberal Arts and Engineering. \$100; commerce, \$90; dental, \$150; law, \$150; pharmacy, \$150; medical, \$175.

(h) Residents, \$200; non-residents, \$325.

(i) Living expenses included in tuition charges.

Report at close of 1911 (k) Medical and dental, \$200.

Law, \$50; no charge in other branches.

(m) Free to State residents

(n) Law, \$150; medical, \$125. (o) Students' board in club or town.

(p) Non-residents.

(r) Include the figures for William Smith College (s) Non-residents, \$400; State appointments, \$165.

(t) Free in Dept. Arts and Sciences; to residents of Ala.; law, \$75; non-residents, \$20. (u) None except law, \$40.

(w) Literary, \$25; professional, \$75-\$125

(y) Charges for books, fees, etc., included in living expenses, (2) Free to citizens of United States.

(bb) Law, \$40. (ee) Free to \$150

(gg) Medical, \$125; dental, \$150; pharmacy, 860-8125

(tt) Medicine, \$150; law, \$50. None to undergraduates.

Adelphi College	Padalles Call
Adrian	Radcliffs Colle k. Ranssalaer Pol
Agri. and Mech. Col. of Tex Red and White.	Rutgers Colleg Simmons Colle Smith College Southwestern
Alabama Polytechnic Institute. Orange and Blue	. Simmons Coll
Atlanta University	Smith College.
Barnard College Light Blue and	White. State Universit
Baylor University Green and Gold.	State Universi
Berea College	Stevens Inst. o St. Lawrence I
Boston UniversityScarlet and Whit	e. St. Lawrence L
Bowdoln College	St. Mary's Col
Bowdon CollegeBlack and Gold	e. St. Louis Univ St. Mary's Col Swarthmore C Id. Syracuse Univ e. Talladega Col te. Temple Unive Throop Polyte Trifty Colleg e. Tri-State Coll Toffs College. Tuskege Norr Tuskegee Norr
Brown Hulsersky Brown and Whit	Byracuse Univ
Bryn Mawr CollegeYellow and Whi	te. Temple Univer
Bucknell University Orange and Blue	. Throop Polyte
Carnegis Institute	Trinity Colleg
Christian Bros Col Purple and Gold	Tofte College
Claffin UniversityOrange and Marc	on. Tulane Univer
Clemson Agricultural CollegePurple and Oran	ge. Tuskegee Norm lack. Union College University of J University of
Coloredo Agricolturol Vellem and Gran	lack. Union College
Colorado Collega	University of
Columbia University Light Blue and V	Vhite. University of
Cornell UniversityCarnelian and W	hite. University of
Dakota Waslevan University Royal Blue	University of
Dartmouth College Dark Green.	University of C
Denison UniversityDark Red.	University of
Depauw UniversityOld Gold.	Vhite. University of Universit
Drury College Scarlet and Grav.	University of University of 1
Earlham College	m. University of I
Fargo CollegeBlue and Gold.	University of 1
Clemson Agricultural College. Purple and Oran College City of New York. Lavender and B Colorado Agricultural. Yellow and Gree Colorado Collego. Black and Gold. Columbia University. Light Blue and Volcego. Black and Gold. Columbia University. Light Blue and White. Dakota Weslevan University. Boyel Blue Day Creighton University. Boyel Blue Day College. Dark Green. Denison University. Dark Red. Depanw University. Old Gold. Drake University. Old Gold. Drake University. Blue and White. Drury College. Scarlet and Gray. Earlham College. Blue and Gold. Fordham University Maroon. Franklin and Marshall College. Blue and White. Georgia Sch. Tech. Old Gold and Wideorgetown University (D. C.) Blue and Gray Gold. Gold. Gold. College. Blue and Sold. Gold. Gold. College. Blue and Blue. Georgia Sch. Tech. Old Gold and Wideorgetown University (D. C.) Blue and Gray. George Washington UniversityBaff and Blue. Grinnell College. Scarlet and Blue.	University of
Georgia Sch. TechOld Gold and Wi	hite. University of M
Georgetown University (D. C.). Blue and Gray.	University of 1
George Washington UniversityBuff and Blue.	University of
Hampton N. Agri. Institute. Navy Rine and M	University of J University of University of University of J University of J University of L University of Universi
Harvard UniversityCrimson.	University of
Heldelberg UniversityBlack, Orange at	d Red. University of
Hillsdale College	ue). University of
Illinois St. Nor. U	University of
Georgetown University (D. C.) Blue and Gray. George Washington UniversityBaff and Blue. Grinnell College	University of I University of I University of I University of I
Indiana University Crimson and Cres	um. University of University of Curiversity of F
Iowa Weslevan University	d. University of F
James Millikin University Navy Blue and V	Vhite. University of
Johns Hopkins University Black and Blue.	University of
Kansas City University Purple and Oran Kansas Waslayan University Purple and Gold	ge. University of
Knoxville CollegeLight Blue and M	ge. University of University of University of University of University of University of University of University of University of Staroon.
Lafayette College (Pa.)Maroon and Whi	te. University of
Lawrence College	te. University of t White. University of t University of T University of T University of T University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V University of V
Leland Stanford, Ir., Univ Cardinal.	University of T
Lincoln Mem. Univ	University of L
Louisiana StateOld Gold and Pur	ple. University of V
Marquette University Blue and Gold	. University of V
Maryville College Orange and Garn	et. University of V
Massachusetts Agri. CollegeMaroon and Whi	te. University of
Mass. Institute of Technology Cardinal and Grav	University of U.S. Indian Science
Mlami University	U. S. Military U. S. Naval Ac
Michigan Agricultural CollegeGreen.	U.S. Naval Ac
Monmouth Red and White. Mont. St. CollegeBine and Gold.	Upper Iowa Ut
Mount Holvoke CollegeBlue and Gold.	Upper Iowa Ut Utah Agri. Co Valparaiso Un Vanderbilt Uni
Muskingum CollegeBlack and Mager	ta. Vanderbilt Uni
Nebraska Wesleyan University . Yellow and Brow	vn. Vassar College. Virginia Polyte
New Vork University Violet	Wafford
Normal CollegeLavender and W	Virginia Polyte Wafford hite. Walden Univ. Washburn Coll
North Carolina Col., A. & M Red and White.	Washburn Coll
N. C. State Nor. and Ind. Col., White and Gold	Corn Yellow, Washington St
Northwestern (Ill.)Purple.	Wesleyan Fem
Oberlin CollegeCrimson and Gol	d. Washington Un
Ohio State UniversityOrange and Black	Wellesley Colle Wesleyan Univ
Ohio Weslevan UniversityRed and Black	Western Reserv
Ohio UniversityOlive Green and	Western Reserv West Virginia
Oregon Agricultural CollegeOrange.	Wilberforce U
Ouschita College Purple and Cold	Wiley Univers
Penna. State CollegeNavy Blue and V	Williams Colle William Jewel
Polytechnic InstituteBlue and Gray.	Wittenberg
Princeton University Orange and Risch	Yale University
Michigan Agricultural College. Green. Monmouth Red and White. Mont. St. College. Blue and Gold. Mount Holyoke College. Blue. Muskingum College. Blue. Muskingum College. Blue. Muskingum College. Blue. Muskingum College. Tana and Blue. New Orleans University. Yiolet. Normal College. Lavender and W. North Carolina Col., A. & M. Red and White. N. C. State Nor. and Ind. Col. White and Gold North Dakota Agriculture. Apple Green and Northwestern (Ill.). Purple. Gold of College. Crimson and Gold Olifo Northern University. Grange and Black Olifo State University. Red and Black. Olifo State University. Red and Black. Olifo State College. Crimson and Tan Onachita College. Purple and Gold. Ponna. State College. Purple and Gold. Ponna. State College. Navy Blue and Tan Onachita College. Purple and Gold. Ponna. State College. Navy Blue and Yellow. Prait Institute (Brooklyn). Yellow. Princeton University. Grange and Black Purdue University. Gold Gold and Bls. Purdue University. Old Gold and Bls.	Wittenberg Worcester Poly Yale University Yankton Colleg
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oly. Institute.....Cherry and White. egs...... Blue and Gold. segs ... Blue and Gold.
... White and Gold.
University. Lemon and Black.
ity of Iowa. Old Gold.
sity of Ky... Blue and White.
of Technology ... Silver Gray and Cardinal.
University ... Scarlet and Brown.
Rhua and White.
Rhua and White. rersity......Blue and White. College.........Garnet. ersity.....Orange. llege Crimson and Azure Blue. rsity......Olive and Blue. Arkansas......Cardinal. California......Blue and Gold Chattanooga Old Gold and Blue. Chicago.......Maroon. Cincinuati.......Red and Black ColoradoSilver and Gold. Denver Crimson and Gold. Georgia......Red and Black. Idaho.....Silver and Gold. Illinois.....Orange and Blue. Kansas..... Crimson and Blue. Louisville.....Scarlet and Black. Maine.....Llght Blue. Michigan Maize and Azure.
Minnesota Gold and Marcon.
Mississippi Red and Blue.
Missouri Rlack and Old Col. Missouri.....Black and Old Gold.
Montana.....Copper, Gold and Silver. Nashville Garnet and Blue. Nashville... Garnet aud Bine. F Nebraska... Scarlet and Green. Revada... Royal Blue and Silver. North Carolina.. White and Blue. North Dakota... Rose Pink and Green. Notre Dame... Gold and Blue. Goldahoma... Crimson and Cream. Green and Lemon Yello Puget Sound Maroon and White. Rochester ... Yellow.
South Carolina Garnet and Black.
South Dakota ... Vermilion.
Souther Cal. Gold.
the South ... Purple. Tennessee Orange and White. Virginia.....Orange and Blue. Washington...Purple and Gold. Wisconsin...Cardinal. Wooster...Black and Old Gold. Wyoming Brown and Yellow, School Red and Old Gold, Academy Black, Gold and Gray, cademy Blue and Gold. catery: Blue and Gold.

(inversity: Peacock Blue and White.

ollege. White and Blue.

niversity: Old Gold and Bright Brewn

niversity: Black and Gold. e.....Rose and Gray.
technic Institute Orange and Maroon.
Old Gold and Black. versity......Black and Red.
llege.......Yale Blue.
and Lee University. Blue and Whte.
state College......Crimson and Gray.
nale College......Lavender and Purple. male College. ... Lavender and PurpleJaiversity (Mo.). Red and Green.
lege. ... Deep Blue.
iversity. ... Cardinal and Black.
rve University. ... Crimoon and White.
a University. ... Old Gold and Blue.
University. ... Green and Yellow.
sity. ... Purple and White.
lege. ... toyal Furple.
lege. ... toyal Furple.
lege. ... Red and Black.
I College. ... Red and Black
I College. ... Red and and Gardinal.
lytechnic lost. ... Crimon and Steel Gray.

American College Fraternities. Men's General Fraternities.

	- 1	ME	1'S	GE	NERAL	FRATERN	ITIES.
FRATERNITY.	Total Member- ship.	Active Chapters.	Inactive Chapters.	No. Houses.		When Founded.	
Alpha Chi Rho	950	12	0	12	Trinity, 18	395	Thos, F. Flunagan, N.Y. City, Hunter S. Marsten, New York City. Wayne Musgrave, N. Y. City, Claude T. Reno, Allentown, Pa. F. W. Shepardson, Chicago, Jil. Theo. B. Appel, Lancaster, Pa. H. G. Aron, New York City, A. G. Freeland, New York City, A. G. Freeland, New York City, (Secretary not known.) Meyer Boskey, New York City, Henry T. Bruck, Mt. Savage, Md. S. J. Howe, New York City, Theo, Gliman, Jr., New York City, V. Otls, Robertson, Jackson, Miss.
Alpha Delta Phi	11,280	25	7	25	Hamilton.	, 1832	Hunter S. Marsten, New York City.
Alpha Sigma Phi Alpha Tau Omega	1,532	10	2	10	Yaie, 1845.	Frot 1005	Wayne Musgrave, N. Y. City.
Beta Theta Pi	10,020	62 73	82 22	10	Va. Milita	ry 1118t., 1865.	E W Shanardson Chicago III
Chi Phi	18,281 6,280	21	19	21	Princeton	1894	Theo B Annel Lancaster Po
Chi Psi	5,440	18	12	12	Union, 1841		H. G. Aron. New York ('ity.
Delta Kappa Epsilon	12,500	42	10	42	Yale, 1844.		J. A. Hawes, New York City.
Chi Phi	3,834	12	5	11	Union, 1827		A. G. Freeland, New York City.
Delta Psi Delta Sigma Phi	3,903 730	8	3	8	Columbia,	1847	(Secretary not known.)
Delta Sigma Phi Delta Tau Delta	10.464	9 52	26	40	Coll. City o	of N. Y., 1901.	Meyer Boskey, New York City,
Delta Unsilon	11,656	40	4	39	Williams	1834	S. J. Howe New York City
Delta Upsilon Kappa Alpha (North).	1,250	7	2	7	Union, 1825		Theo, Gilman, Jr., New York City.
Kaupa Alpha (South).	9 572	51	10	30	Wash'ton	and Lee, 1865	V. Otis Robertson, Jackson, Miss.
Kappa Sigma Lambda Chi Alpha	11,295	79	20	62	University	Va., 1869	H. M. Martin, Danville, Va.
Lambda Chi Alpha	400	7 12	4	3	Boston, U	niv., 1911	W. A. Cole, Swansea Centre, Mass.
*Phi Delta Chi Phi Delta Theta	2,500	73	26	68	Miami 184	n., 1883	Hop F I Cove Wedeshore N C
Phi Gamma Deita.	1,391	58		52	Wash & Je	efferson 1848	Thomas L. Pogue Cincinnati Ohio
Phi Gamma Delta Phi Kappa Psi	12,000	44	24		Wash, & Je	efferson, 1852	H. G. Townsend, Chicago, Ill.
Phi Kappa Sigma	4,382	26	17	22	University	Penn., 1850.	Wm. F. Norris, Philadelphia, Pa.
Phi Sigma Kappa	3,400	27 33	111	6	Mass. Agr	1 Соц., 1873	S.J. HOWE, New York City. Theo, Gliman, Jr., New York City. V. Otls Robertson, Jackson, Miss. H. M. Martin, Danville, Va. W. A. Cole, Swansea Centre, Mass. Edward Spease, Columbus. Ohio. Hon. F. J. Coxe, Wadesboro, N. C. Thomas L. Pogue, Cincinnati, Ohio. H. G. Townsend, Chicago, Ill. Wm. F. Norris, Philadelphia, Pa. W. A. McIntyre, Ardmore, Pa. P.T. Arkinson Hampden-Sidney, Va. John D. Carroll, Columbia, S. C. George S. Coleman, New York City. M. E. Holderness, Nashville, Tenn. William A. Trimpe, Chicago, Ill. Clarence E. Woods, Eustis, Fla. P. J. Ross, New York City. Wm. L. Phillips, Richmond, Va. Louis L. Moore, Ppiladelphia, Pa. E. W. Clark, Boston, Mass. B. H. Winchester, Newark, N. J. (Secretary not known)
Pi Kappa Alpha Pi Kappa Phi	$\frac{4,000}{252}$		11	10	Charlester	Va., 1868	P.T. Atkinson Hampden-Sidney, va.
Psi Unsilon	12 266	23	i	ຄຸດ	Union 183	3 (011. 2 1504.	George S Coleman New York City
Sigma Alpha Epsilon	14,335	75		39	Univ. Alab	ama, 1856	M. E. Holderness, Nashville, Tenn.
Pi Rappa Phi. Psi Upsilon. Sigma Alpha Epsilon. Sigma Chi. Sigma Nu Sigma Phi. Sigma Phi Epsilon	12,060	65	21	65	Miami, 185	5	William A. Trimpe, Chicago, Ill.
Sigma Nu	9,000	67	12 2	50	Va, Militar	y Inst., 1869.	Clarence E. Woods, Eustis, Fla.
Sigma Phi	2,745 2,200	10 33	10	10	Union, 1827	College 1001	P. J. Ross, New York City.
Digital Par Epotton	2,200	10	1	4	Vincennes	Univ 1807	Louis I. Moore Philadelphia Pa
Theta Chi	1,005	îĭ	4	ıï	Norwich U	Iniv., 1856	E. W. Clark. Boston, Mass.
Theta Delta Chi	6,500	26	15	24	Union, 1848	3	B. H. Winchester, Newark, N. J.
Sigma Pi	1,100	12	- :	12	Rensselaer	P. Inst., 1864	(Secretary not known.) Sidney L. Goodman, Brooklyn, N.Y. Robert B. Austin, New York City.
Zeta Beta Tau	2,600	15 25	1 9	11	C. C. N. Y.	1898	Sidney L. Goodman, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Zeta Psi	5,500	1100	-010	853	N. 1. Univ	ersity, 1874	Robert B. Austin, New York City.
thoinnide Tours	1011,1101	11301	9101				
*Scientific-Devoted	W	OM	N	ina i	ENERAL	FRATER	NITIES.
Alpha Chi Omass		181				Total Tour	Birdean M. Ely, Chicago, Ill, M. Hobbs, Minneapolis, Minn. Anna E. Many, New Orleans, La. Mrs. Clara M. Miels, Glencoe, Ill. Mrs. R. L. Haskell, Brookline Mass. Mrs. V. J. Adams, Atlanta, Ga. Jessie A. Parker, Olathe, Kan. Mrs. A. McCray, Dayton, Ohio. M. Agnes Burton, Detroit, Mich. (Secretary not known.)
Alpha Chi Omega Alpha Gamma Delta	2.000 700	10	i(17	De Pauly (Juiv., 1855 Jniv., 1904 ollege, 1897 Jniv., 1872	M Hobbs Minneanolis Minn
Alpha Omicron Pi	1.030	15	!	6	Barnard C	ollege, 1897	Anna E. Many, New Orleans, La.
Alpha Phi	$\frac{2,200}{1,150}$	16	9	11	Syracuse (Jniv., 1872	Mrs. Clara M. Miels, Glencoe, Itl.
Alpha Phi. Alpha Xi Delta.		18		11	Lombard (College, 1893 Univ., 1888	Mrs. R. L. Haskell, Brookline Mass.
Beta Sigma Omicrou	$\frac{1,100}{2,152}$	13 25	4 2	11	Mo. State	Univ., 1888	Mrs. V. J. Adams, Atlanta, Ga.
Chi Omega Delta Delta Delta	3,500	39	3	19	Roston Un	ansas, 1895	Mrs & McCray Dayton Ohio.
Delta Gamma	3,188	23	12	4	Univ. Mis:	iversity, 1888 sissippi, 1874 Univ., 1874 Univ., 1874	M. Agnes Burton, Detroit, Mich.
Gamma Phi Beta	1.760	14			Syracuse U	Jniv., 1874	(Secretary not known.)
Kanna Alpha Thata	5,122	33	.9	18	De Pauw I	Jniv.,1870	L. Pearle Green, Ithaca, N. Y.
Kappa Delta	850	14	2	10	Va. State N	Normal, 1897.	Mary S. Thomas, Columbia, S. C.
Kappa Delta Kappa Kappa Gamma. Phi Mu	6,000 3,000	36 11	10 5	17	Wesleven	1 COL, 1870	M. Agnes Burton, Detroit, Mich. (Secretary not known.) L. Pearle Green, Ithaca, N. Y. Mary S. Thomas, Columbia, S. C. Mary M. Rodes, Lexington, Ky. Mrs. I. M. Keller, Chicago, Ill. Amy B. Onken, Chapin, Ill. Mrs. Ethel H. Weston, Hale, Mich. Mrs. Robt. Brown, McKinney, Tex. Mrs. J. L. Bugg, Farmville, Va.
Pi Beta Phi	7,000	45	7	22	Monmonth	2 Col., 1867	Amy B. Onken, Chapin, Ill.
Sigma Kappa Sigma Sigma Sigma.,	1,000	10	1	4	Colby Coll	ege, 1874	Mrs. Ethel H. Weston, Hale, Mich.
Sigma Sigma Sigma.,	700	7	5		Va. State 1	Normal. 1898.	Mrs. Robt. Brown, McKinney, Tex.
Zeta Tau Alpha	900	14	_ 71	3	Va. State 1	Normal, 1898.	Mrs. J. L. Bugg, Farmville, Va.
Total	43,292	360	78	153			
		1	ME	DIC	AL FRAT	TERNITIES	S
Alpha Kappa Kappa	5,500	38,	2		Dartmouth	1, 1858	John P. Sprague, Chicago, Ill.
Alpha Mu Pi Omega	900	7	1	2	Univ. of P	enu., 1891	J. Gurney Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa.
Alpha Sigma	1,050	10	3	4	N.Y.Hom.	Med Col, 1893	Wm. II. Price, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Chi Zeta Chi	2,250	18 26	6	10	Cheshire N	III. A.C. 1870	P. W. Eldridge, Jr. Vonkers N. V.
Kappa Psi	2,309 4,201	30		- 0	Univ. Mich	nigan, 1882	Ernest E. Irons, Chicago, Ili.
Omega Upsilon Phi	1,100	19	[9	Univ. Buff	alo, 1895	C. A. Neal, Norwood, Ohio.
Phi Alpha Gamma Phi Alpha Sigma	1,800	16	4	5	N.Y. Hom.	MedCol,1894	Richard Street, Chicago, Ill.
Phi Alpha Sigma	1,000	6	٠. ا	6	Bellevue M	Ied.Col.,1886	E. J. G. Beardsley, Philadelphia. Pa.
Phi Beta PiPhi Chl.	4,500	37 37	8	10	UV. of Pit	Isourgh, 1891	Dunning S. Wilson Louisville Kv
	6,250 $1,200$	17	2	10	Long Is Co	l Hos 1901	W. E. Lippold, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Phi Delta Epsilop	1.500	12		4	Cornell U.A	fed.Col.,1904	J. H. Leiner, New York City.
Phi Delta Epsilon Phi Rho Sigma Phi Theta Chi	2,000	22	• 2	14	N'thwest U	J. Med S., 1890	Clifford G. Grulee, Chicago, Ill.
Phi Theta Chi	368	35		1	Tufts Cl. M	led.Sch.1902	Arthur C. Wright, Boston, Mass.
Pi Mu	950	9		_1	univ. Virg	inia, 1892	John P. Sprague, Chicago, Ill. J. Gurney Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa. Wm. II. Price. Brooklyn, N. Y. J. C. McDongall, Atlauta, Ga. P. W. Eldridge, Jr., Yonkers, N. Y. Ernest E. Irons, Chicago, Ill. C. A. Neal, Norwood, Ohio. Richard Street, Chicago, Ill. E. J. G. Beardsley, Philadelphia, Pa. David S. Long, Harrisonville, Mo. Dunning S. Wilson, Louisville, Ky. W. E. Lippold, Brooklyn, N. Y. J. H. Lefuer, New York City. Clifford G. Grulee, Chicago, Ill. Arthur C. Wright, Boston, Mass. K. Thos, Ennett, Richmond, Va.
Total	35,878	338	35	991		ļ	

AMERICAN COLLEGE FRATERNITIES-Continued.

LECAL FRATERNITIES.

FRATERNITY.	Total Member- ship	Active Chapters.	Inactive Chapters.	No. Houses.	Where and	When Founded	. National Secretary.
Alpha Kappa Phi	₹800	7		3	N'thwest	. U. L. S., 190	Otto C, Rentner, Chicago, Ill.
Gamma Eta Gamma	1,200	8	1	6	Univ. Me	. Law S., 190	Leslie H. Baxter, Lestershire, N.Y.
Phi Alpha Delta	3,500	28	7	18	N'thwest	. U. L. S., 189	James McKeog, Chicago, Ill.
Phi Delta Phi	10,200	43	1	15	Universit	y, Mich., 186	E. A. Donnelly, Milwankee, Wis.
Theta Lambda Phi	990	16	U	6	Dick'son	S. of Law, 191	George G. Bechtel, Detroit, Mich.
						-	
Total	16,690	102	9	48			1

Sigma Nu Chi, secretary says, has ceased to exist.

HONORARY FRATERNITIES.

United Chapters of Phi Beta Kappa.—The Phi Beta Kappa Society was founded at Will-ian and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., December 5, 1776, and now consists of 77 chapters located in as many of the leading colleges and universities in the land. The total living memberlain and Mary Courge, "Manager of the leading colleges and universities in the land. The total living memoriship is about 17,000. Until 1883 the growth of the Society was comparatively slow, but since the organization of the United Chapters the development has been rapid, 47 chapters having been organized. Women were first admitted in 1875, and the first charter to a woman's college, Vassar, was granted in 1898. Since then Smith, Wellesley, Mt. Holyoke and Goucher College, Vassar, was granted in 1898. Since then Smith, Wellesley, Mt. Holyoke and Goucher College of Baltimore have received charters. The first woman to be honored by election to the Senate was President Mary E. Woolley of Mt. Holyoke College. The present officers are: President, Prof. Edwin A. Grosvenor, LL. D., Amherst, Mass.; Secretary and Treasurer, Rev. Oscar M. Voorhees. A. M., 350 East 146th Street, New York City. "The Phi Beta Kappa Key" is the new official publication of the United Chapters which was authorized by the tenth National Councit. The next triennial council will be held probably in September, 1913, at which time the vacancy in the vice-presidency, occasioned by the death of Hon. John J. McCook, will be filled. It is an intersting fact that all three candidates in 1912 for election to the Presidency of the United States, viz: Woodrow Wilson, William H. Taft and Theodore Roosevelt, were Phi Beta Kappa men.

Sigma Xi.—An honorary scientific society founded at Cornell University in 1886, and having twenty odd chapters in the principal colleges and universities of the country. It is not secret. The performance of creditable scientific research in the natural and applied sciences, together with a high standard of scholarship, constitutes the basis of membership. Women are admitted as well as men.

standard of scholarship, constitutes the basis of membership. Women are admitted as well as men.

Sigma Tau.—An honorary engineering fraternity for Juniors and Seniors with three requirements, viz., scholarship, practicality and sociability. It was founded February 22, 1904, at University of Nebraska and now has 328 members and four chapters. L. W. Chase, 1245 N. 33d St., Lincoln,

Neb., is National Secretary.

Tau Beta Pi.—An engineering honorary society founded at Lehigh University in 1885. It now has 27 chapters and about 5,000 members. R. C. Matthews, University of Tennessee, at Knox-

has 27 chapters and about 5,000 members. R. C. Matthews, University of Tennessee, at Riotzville, is the National Secretary.

Alpha Omega Alpha.—An honorary medical society in which scholarship is the membership qualification, and which admits women on the same basis as men. It was founded by Dr. William W. Root at College of Physicians and Surgeons at Chicago in 1902. It now has 17 chapters and 1,400 members. Dr. William W. Root, Slaterville Springs, N. Y., is the National Secretary.

Acacia Fraternity.—An intercollegiate organization for Master Masons founded at the University of Michigan in 1904, now has a membership of 2,179 and 24 active chapters. The National Secretary Edipher, Contexying Mo.

versity of Michigan in 1904, now has a membership of 2,179 and 24 active chapters. The National Secretary is Harry F. Klimer, Centerview, Mo.

Theta Nu Epsilon.—Is the only Greek letter inter-fraternal class society. It was founded at Wesleyan University in 1870, was badly disorganized for several years and was reorganized in 1907. The society is incorporated under New York laws and is represented in fifty-five colleges of the United States, the membership belug large. Prof. Thomas J. Smull, of Ohio-Northern University, is President and John T. Finnegan, of Jamaica Plain, Mass. Secretary.

The Professional Fraternities now number over 50, with a membership exceeding 40,000. They are located in both technical and professional schools. With the exception of Theta Xi (Engineering Scientific), members of professional fraternities may also belong to the general college fraternities.

1.ccal or "One-College?" Fraternities exist in nearly all colleges, and some date back as early as 1825. There are about 75, with a membership approximating 10,000. The women's local fraternities number about 50, with a total membership of about 3,500.

PROMINENT LIVING GRADUATE MEMBERS.

Alpha Chi Rho.—Joseph F. Johnson, Dean of New York University: William R. Snepherd, Professor of History, Columbia University; Isaac Joachim Schwatt, Professor of Mathematics, University of Pennsylvania; Howard Long, Admiralty lawyer.

Alpha Delta Phi.—Theodore Roosevelt, Progressive Candidate for President of the United States; Joseph H. Choate, ex-Ambassador to England; Hamilton W. Mable, author; Charles W. Ellot, ex-President of Harvard University, Benjamin Ide Wheeler, President of the University of California; Francis Lynde Stetson, railroad magnate.

Alpha Sigma Phi.—Hon. Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of United States Treasury Department; Simeon E. Baldwin, Governor of Connecticut; Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, Ambassador to Turkey and Italy; Charles P. Taft, publisher; Henry Holt, publisher; Albert D. White, ex-Ambassador to Russia, Germany and Great Britaln; George C. Holt, United States Circuit Court Judge, New York; Cyrus Northrop, President of the University of Minnesota.

Alpha Tau Omega.—Nathan P. Bryan, United States Senator from Florida; Irving Bacheller, author; Luke Lea, United States Senator from Tennessee; Erskine M. Ross, Justice of Supreme Court of California; Willis D. Weatherford, International Secretary of Y. M. C. A.; Walter H. Page, journalist; Mazyck P. Ravenel, expert on bacteriology; Duncan C. Heyard, ex-Governor of South Carolina.

Beta Theta Fi.—Horace H. Lurton, Willis Van Devanter, Joseph R. Lamar, Associate Justices of the United States Supreme Court; William E. Borah, United States Senator from Pennsylvania; Townsend

PROMINENT LIVING GRADUATE MEMBERS-Continued.

Scudder, Justice of the New York Supreme Court; Edward C. Stokes, ex-Governor of New Yersey; Benjamin B. Odell, ex-Governor of New York; John L. Bates, ex-Governor of Massachusetts; George Fitch, author.

Chi Phi.—Samuel M. Felton, raliroad president; Hiram W. Johnson, Progressive Candidate for Vice-President of United States; Frank K. Lane, Interstate Commerce Commission; William A. Atterbury, Vice-President of Pennsylvania Raliroad; Lee S. Overman, United States Senator from North Carolina; R. E. Byrd, Speaker of Virginia General Assembly; W. H. Pope, Chief Justice of New Mexico; Sidney E. Mezes, President of the University of Texas.

Chi Psi.—William H. Hotchkiss, Progressive State Chairman, New York; Walter Eli Clark, Governor of Alaska; Frederick W. Whitridge, lawyer; Elbridge T. Gerry, humanitarian; John K. Kirkland, Chancellor of Vanderbilt University; John F. Voight, United States District-Attorney, Chicago; Timothy E. Byrnes, raliroad magnate; Francis M. Scott, Justice of Appellate Division, New York Supreme Court.

Delta Kappa Epsilon.—Robert E. Peary, Rear Admiral United States Navy; Nicholas Longworth, Congressman from Ohio; Whitelaw Reid, publisher; William R. Hearst, publisher; Owen Wister, author; Arthur T. Hadley, President of Yale University; Theodore Roosevelt, ex-President of United States; A. Barton Hepburn, banker; Frank S. Black, ex-Governor of New York; Robert Bacon, ex-Ambassador to France.

Delta Phi.—W. H. S. Demarest, President of Rutgers College; Robert Fulton Cutting, lawyer; Charles Scribner, John W. and Joseph Harper, publishers; J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., financier; Ulysses S. Grant, 3d., United States Army.

Delta Psi.—Charles A. Peabody, President of Muttal Rairoad; J. Cleveland Cady, architect.

Delta Sigma Phi.—Arvid D. Anderson, Registrar of the College of the City of New

Morgan, Jr.

Morgan, Jr.

Morgan, Jr.

Morgan, Jr.

Morgan, Jr.

Morgan, Jr.

Morgan, Jr.

Morgan, Psi.—Charles A

Peabody, President of Mutual Life Insurance Company; W.

C. Doane, Episcopal Bishop of Albany; C. B. Galboway, Bishop of Methodist Episcopal

Church Thomas Nelson Page, author; Luke E. Wright, ex-United States Secretary of

Church Thomas Nelson Page, author; Luke E. Wright, ex-United States Secretary of

Church Sigma Phi.—Arvid D. Anderson, Registrar of the College of the City of New

York; William E. Waters, Professor of Greek, New York University.

Delta Tau Delta,—Champ Clark, Speaker of House of Representatives; A. C.

Humphreys, President of Stevens Institute of Technology; K. C.

Babocok, President

of University of Arlzona; William Kent, M. E.; James E. Denton, M. E.; Will

Carleton, writer; Frederick Palmer, war correspondent; Bion J. Arnold, electrical

expert; William A. Lieb, Vice-President and General Manager Edison Electric

Company; Rev. W. T. Manning, Rector of Trinity Church, New York City; Rev. C. E.

Jefferson, Pastor Broadway Tabernacle, New York City.

Delta Upsilon.—Hon. Charles E. Hughes, Associate Justice of United States Supreme

Court; David Starr Jordan, President of Leland Stanford, Jr., University; Hon. Frank

Hitchcock, Postmaster-General of United States; Col. George W. Goethals, Chief En
gineer of Panama Canal; William H. P. Faunce, President of Brown University; Spreno

E. Payne, tariff expert; William H. P. Fraunce, President of Brown University; Spreno

E. Payne, tariff expert; William T. Horome, ex-District-Attorney of New York County;

Flavel S. Luther, President of Trinity College, Hartford; M. Linn Bruce, ex-Lieutenant
Governor of New York; Erman J. Ridgway, publisher; Leland O. Howard, Bureau of

Entomology, United States Department of Argiculture.

Kappa Alpha (Northern).—Horace White, ex-Governor of New York: Edward H.

Griffin, Dean of Johns Hopkins University; Francis E. Leupp, Commissioner of Indian

Affalrs; Frank H. Hiscock, Justice of the Supreme C

F. W. Raue, State Forester, Massachusetts; L. H. Bailey, Director of College of Agriculture, Cornell University,
Phi Gamma Delta: Charles W. Fairbanks, ex-Vice-President of the United States;
John W. Thomas railroad president; Rev. James D. Moffat, President of Washington and Jefferson College; Charles W. Dabney, President of the University of Cincinnati;
Joseph C. Hartzell and William F. McDowell, Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church.
Phi Kappa Psi.—Woodrow Wilson, President-elect of United States; Joseph B.
Foraker, ex-United States Senator from Ohlo; Arthur L. Bates, Representative in Congress from Pennsylvania; H. S. Hadley, Governor of Missouri; P. H. Dugro, Justice of the Supreme Court of New York; David H. Greer, Bishop of New York; Frank S. Monnett, ex-Attorney-General of Ohlo; George E. Chamberlain, United States Senator from Oregon; Edgar F. Smith, Provost of University of Pennsylvania, Phi Kappa Sigma.—Henry A. du Pont, United States Senator from Delaware; E. A. Alderman, President of University of Virginia; Claude A. Swanson, ex-Governor of Virginia; Horatio C. King, lawyer and author; Charles I. Wilson, Brigadier-General United States Army; Colonel William Jay, of New York; Danlel S. Tuttle, Episcopal

PROMINENT LIVING GRADUATE MEMBERS-Continued.

Bishop of Missouri; Robert Strange, Episcopal Bishop of North Carolina; Frank M. Bristol, Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Phi Sigma Kappa.—George B. Cortelyou. President of Consolidated Gas Company, New York: Charles W. Needham, President of George Washington University: Charles S. Norton, Rear Admiral United States Navy; Charles S. Howe, President of the Case School of Applied Science; Melville Davison Post, author,

Pi Kappa Alpha.—Oscar W. Underwood, Chairman of Ways and Means Committee in Congress; William Alexander, Secretary of Equitable Life Assurance Society; Floyd Hughes, Collector at Port of Norfolk, Va.; St. George Tucker, President of St. Paul's College, Tokio, Japan; Dr. D. Asa Blackburn, Pastor of the Church of the Strangers, New York City; Dr. H. A. Arbuckle, educator; James Alston Cabell, lawyer and author; Dr. W. T. Howard, bacteriologist, Cleveland. O.

Psi Upsilon.—William H. Taft, President of the United States; Andrew D, White, ex-Ambassador to England; Chauncey M. Depew, ex-United States Senator from New York; William P. Frye, United States Senator from Malne; Nicolas Murray Butler, President Columbia University; Herbert L. Bridgman, journalist; Cornelius Vanderbilt, capitalist; John B. Stanchfield, attorney; John K. Bangs, author. Sigma Alpha Epsilon.—Philander C. Knox, Secretary of State; J. M. Dickinson, ex-Secretary of War; John C. W. Beckham, ex-Governor of Kentucky; John G. Capers, United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue; James Neill, actor; Charles B. Howry, Justice United States Court of Claims; Thomas Watson, ex-Representative in Congress from Georgia.

from Georgia.

Sigma Chi.—William E. Glasscock, Governor of West Virginia; J. M. Hamilton, ex-Governor of Illinois; A. H. Lougino, ex-Governor of Mississippi; Robert S. McCormick, ex-Ambassador to France; James Deering, President of International Harvester Company; George Ade, author; John M. Harris, President of Bucknell College; Booth Tarkington, author; Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of Interior Department.

Sigma Nu.—Dr. Isadore Dyer, New Orlean's, leprosy expert; H. D. Clayton, Representative in Congress from Alabama; Harvey Helm, Representative in Congress from Kentucky; Wade H. Ellis, ex-Assistant Attorney-General of United States; Walter J. Sears, litterateur, Columbus, O.; Rev. J. R. Sampey, D. D., theologian.

Sigma Phi.—Eugene N. Foss, Governor of Massachusetts; Andrew D. White, ex-President of Cornell University; Elihu Root, United States Senator from New York; Gerritt Smith, composer; Chester S. Lord, managing editor of the New York Sun; Bradley Martin, capitalist; Montgomery Schuyler, journalist; John E. Parsons, lawyer; Robert W. Patterson, editor Chicago Tribune; W. A. Shanklin, President of Wesleyan University; George W. Hinman, editor of Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Theta Chi.—Charles F. Sayles, mechanical engineer; William R. Cutler, author and historian; General Edward B. Williston, Governor of Soldiers' Home, Washington, D. C.; George A. Converse, Rear-Admiral United States Navy; Major H. B. Hersey, United States Weather Bureau; Charles H. Spooner, President of Norwich University; De Witt C. Webb, mechanical engineer; William R. Mead, architect.

Theta Delta Chi.—W. W. Thomas, United States Minister to Norway; Right Rev. Cameron Mann, Episcopal Bishop of North Dakota; Charles R. Miller, editor of New York Times; Harry L. Wilson, United States Ambassador to Mexico; O. P. Baldwin, editor of Balthmore Sun; John A. Dix, ex-Governor of New York; Charles Macdonald, President of Union Bridge Company; Mortimer C. Addoms, ex-Judge of New York Supreme Court; Willis S. Palne, ex-New York Bank Superinednt; John W. Griggs, ex-United States Attorney-General, and Rev. Charles L. Goodell.

Theta Xi.—Frederick H. Howland, editor Providence Tribune; David L. Hough, engineer; Palmer C. Ricketts, director Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; George Gibbs, electrical engineer; Sam Higgins, railroad manager; Henry Hodge, consulting bridge engineer,

Zeta Psi.—Richard A. Ballinger, ex-Secretary of the Interior Department; Rev. Almon Gunnison, President of St. Lawrence University; Nelson Dingley, ex-Representative in Congress from Maine; George M. Rose, ex-Speaker of North Carolina House; George D. Robinson, ex-Governor of Massachusetts; Rodney Welch and William H. McElroy, journalists.

Some Forcian Colleges.

ORGAN- IZED.	Name.	Location.	Stu- dents.	ORGAN- IZED.	Name.	Location.	Stu- dents.
	Agri. & For- estry C Commercial C.	Marloku, Japan	253	1583	U. of Bonn U. of Edinburgh. U. of France	Edinburgh, S.	4,070 3,366
1845 1737 1876	Cork U	Cork, Ireland Gottingen, Ger. Soppol, Japan.	$2.740 \\ 913$	1386	U. of Heldelberg U. of Leipzig	Germany Germany Prussia	2,231 4,592 2,347 7,579
1901 1810	I. of Tokio	Tokio, Japan Tokio, Japan Berlin, Ger	5,411 416 9,000	1827	U. of St. An-	St. Andrews, S Canada	510 4,136
	Technology C	Tokio, Japan Dublin, Ireland	1,225	1582	U. of Würzburg	Germany	$\begin{array}{c} 2,048 \\ 1,512 \\ 1,691 \end{array}$

Benefactions of 1912.

THE benefactions during 1912, as reported in this list, totalled over \$300,000,000. Gifts of

donors under \$10,000 are not included.
Andrew Carnegle announced that he had given
the Carnegle Corporation in New York all his
fortune with the exception of \$25,000,000. During the year he presented \$2,000,000 to the Carnegle Foundation for the Advancement of Teachnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teach-ling; \$2,000,000 to the Carnegle Technical Schools for the establishment of a school for fine arts and music; \$100,000 to Yale Forest School; \$75,000 for a library at 160th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue; \$50,000 to the University of Denver; \$50,000 to University of Vermont; \$25,000 to the Western College of Ohlo; \$125,000 to erect branch libraries in Minneapolis, Minn.; \$20,000 to the Western College of Ohlo; \$125,000 To erect branch libraries in Minneapoils, Minn.; \$20,000 to the Mary E. Schenley Memorial, in Pitisburgh; \$60,000 for a library in Nyack, N. Y.; \$20,000 to Albion College; \$20,000 to Pacific University; \$18,000 to Wells College to complete its library; \$18,000 to Wells College to complete its library; \$13,942 to University of Rochester; \$10,000 to the endowment fining of the Tuberculosis Preventorium at Farmingdale, N. J.; an organ costing \$1,200 to the Bay Side Methodist Episcopal Church and another to Temple Emanu-el, Yonkers, N. Y.; \$5,000 to the Thanker Tund; a fund sufficient to support the Mark Twain Memorial Library in Redding, Ct. He offered to establish an endowment for future retired Presidents of the United States, amounting to \$25,000 a year each.

thred Presidents of the United States, amounting to \$25,000 a year each.

Mr. J. Plerpont Morgan gave art treasures, valued at \$50,000,000, to the Metropolitan Museum of Art on condition that a new wing be built to the building for them. He paid a large sum for their removal to this country from abroad. He also presented \$100,000 to the Peabody College for Teachers; \$50,000 to the University of Gittingen Germany. \$5 000 to the body College for Teachers; \$50,000 to the University of Göttingen Germany; \$5,000 to the Men and Religion Forward Movement; \$50,000 to the London Y. M. C. A.; \$25,000 to Fisk University; \$5,000 to the Tuberculosis Preven torium; \$50,000 to the Seamen's Church Institute of New York; uncut gems to the American Museum of Natural History; \$200,000 to Trinity College for a library; \$2,500 to the Smith Infirmary; an altar to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine; \$50,000 toward the building of a hotel for sailor men. He completed the fund collected to purchase the house in which Plerre collected to purchase the house in which Plerre Cornellie lived in France, and also gave a com-plete set of original autographs of the signers of the Declaration of Independence to the Library of Congress.

of Congress.

Among John D. Rockefeller's benefactions were: \$1,500,000 to the University of Chicago for a chapel; \$250,000 to Western Reserve University's Medical Department; \$35,000 to the Tarrytown, N. Y., Y. M. C. A.; \$100,000 to Denver University; \$150,000 to University of Chattanooga; \$5,000 to the Young Women's Hebrew Association; \$11,000 to a fund to buy the home of Association; \$11,000 to a fund to buy the home of Louis Pasteur, in France; \$10,000 to the Tuber-culosis Preventorium; a plot, 200x400 feet, as a garden for school children to till; \$10,500 to the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church, and an electric automobile to its pastor; \$15,000 to the Seamen \$Friend Society, and \$500 to the Olympic Fund; \$5,000 to the Red Cross for, relief work in the

Balkan States

Mrs. Russell Sage's gifts included a freshman dormitory to Harvard University; \$65,000 for the completion of Holder Hall in Princeton University; \$50,000 to Syracuse University for its agriculture school; \$25,000 to Columbia University; \$10,000 to the New York Women's League for Animals; \$5,000 to the Pension Fund of the Animals; \$5,000 to the Pension Fund of the Street Cleaning Department; \$5,000 to the New York China Famine Relief Committee; an aeroplane and \$650 for equipment, to the Signal Corps of the New York National Guard; \$5,000 to the Turkish wounded in the Balkans; \$5,000 to the Audubon Society; \$1,000 to the Southern Flood Relief Committee; a library liberally endowed, in memory of her grandfather, to Sag Harbor; \$12,000 a year for the support of Mashashimuet Park, in the same location, and \$150,000 for Marsh Island, La., for a refuge for birds.

Mrs. E. H. Harriman donated large sums to the Eugenics Record Office during the year. She gave \$1,000 to the Southern Rellef Committee and numerous other gifts to several charitable

causes.

The Beil Telephone Company established a \$10,000,000 pension fund for the benefit of their

At the death of Mrs. Robert Carson, \$5,000,000 was provided for the Carson College for Orphan Girls, to be situated at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Pa.
Capt. John C. Martin willed \$4,500,000 to the

Presbyterian Church, and in another document mentioned that the sum be given to teach

mentioned that the sum be given to teach Christianity to negroes. P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, Pa., gave a deed of trust for \$4,000,000 to be used as an en-downment for the Memorial School for Crippied

Children.

Gowment for the Memorial School for Crippied Children.

Charitable donations to the amount of \$2,135,-000 were provided for by the will of Richard T. Crane. They included \$1,000,000 endowment for a pension fund for the employes of the Crane Company; \$1,000,000 to establish homes for dependent widows; \$100,000 to the United Charities for the Mary Crane Nursery; \$25,000 to the Visiting Nurse Association, and \$10,000 to the Lake Geneva Fresh Air Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ryair Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ryair were generous contributors during the year. Among their gitts were: \$1.000,000 for the building of the Churen of \$5. Jean Baptiste, New York; \$250,000 for a convent school in Suffern, N.Y.; to the Convent of Perpetual Adoration, \$200,000; \$500,000 in miscellaneous gitts; \$25,000 for mural decorations in Memorial Hall, Richmond, Va.; \$500 to the Public Schools Athletic League, The Was announced that George F. Baker, of New York, would finance an alliance for medical research between the Cornell University Medical College and the New York Hospital, it is estimated.

New York, would finance an alliance for medical research between the Cornell University Medical College and the New York Hospital; it is estimated that this gift will be \$2,000,000.

Mrs. Caroline Neustadter left \$1,500,000 to charity, as follows: \$1,000,000 for the establishment of the Neustadter homes, model tenements for the poor; Hebrew Technical School for Girls, \$10,000; Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, \$20,000; Monteñore Home for Chronic Invalids, \$10,000; St. John's Guild, \$5,000; Ladles' Sewing Society of the Hebrew Benevolent Orphan Asylum, \$5,000; Ladles' Auxiliary of Mount Sinal Hospital, \$5,000; Ladles' Auxiliary Montefiore Home, \$5,000; New York Infirmary Montefiore Home, \$5,000; New York Infirmary for Women and Children, \$10,000; Fire Department Pension Fund, \$5,000; Jewish Children's Sanitarium at Far Rocksway, \$20,000; Charity Organization Society, \$10,000; Jewish Vacation Home for Girls at Beilport, \$10,000; United Hebrew Society, \$100,000; Educational Alliance, \$50,000; Wards of Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum to aid the Inmates to learn trades, \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacastions of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacasticutes of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacasticutes of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the vacasticutes of \$100,000 and \$45,000 to the va phan Asylum to aid the inmates to learn trades. \$100,000, and \$45,000 to five asylums in San Francisco, Cal. A special fund of \$100,000, to be known as the Louis W. Neustadter fund, is given

known as the Louis W. Neustadter fund, is given to Mount Sinal Hospital, the Income to be distributed annually for the aid of the charitable purposes connected with the hospital.

Mr. John Armstrong Chaloner conveyed his entire property of about \$1,500,000, in trust to the Virginia Trust Co., of Richmond, and named the University of Virginia and the University of North Carolina as residuary legatees. Nine other educational institutions received \$10,000 each.

Henry F. Dimock left \$1,867,229 to Yale University.

Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., gave \$1,000,000 for a psychological laboratory to aid in rescuing women from a life of erime; \$50,000 fund to fight white slavery; \$50,000 to Brown University.

By the will of Calvary Morris over \$1,000,000 goes to four hospitals in Cleveland.

Francis L. Leland gave 1,200 shares of the New York County Bank, valued at over \$1,000,-000, to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Edward Jackson, of Texas, left \$1,000,000 to the Roman Catholic Church.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., of Chicago, provided \$1,000,000 to teach the farmers of 1,000 counties of the United States how to make the most of

their ground.

their ground.

Mary Packer Cumming's will provided \$1,-00,000 in charitable bequests. Among them were the Packer mansion grounds, stable, etc., to the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Pa., for a park; \$40,000 to the Board of School Directors; \$20,000 for the same purpose in East Mauch Chunk; a house in Jacksonville, Fla., for a home for children and the sum of \$50,000 for its maintenance; \$45,000 to the Y. M. C. A.; \$40,000 to the Church Home for Children at Jonestown, Pa.; real estate to the Robert Packer Hospital; \$50,000 to Church of the Redeemer, at Sayre, Pa.; \$20,000 to the Protestant Episcopal Dilvinity School of Philadelphia, Pa.; \$30,000 to St. Mark's Church at Mauch Chunk and \$50,000 for parish Church at Mauch Chunk and \$50,000 for parish work; \$20,000 to support Sunday School libraries; \$40,000 for the relief of widows and orphans of deceased clergymen of the P. E. Church; phans of deceased clergymen of the F. E. Church; \$40,000 to the Rettring Fund of the same church; \$40,000 to St. John's Church in East Mauch Chunk; \$40,000 for the Coleman Memorial at Sayre, Pa.; \$50,000 for all Saints' Chapel at Lehighton, Pa., and other sums to various char-Itles. Amounts in the will of Asa Packer become available for Lehigh University.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi P. Morton donated nearly
\$1,000,000 to the Cathedral of St. John the

Divine.

Edwin Bancroft Foote, of New York, left \$1,-000,000 to charities which included \$200,000 to the New Haven Hospital and an equal amount for the New Haven Home of the Aged and Destitute Women; \$200,000 to the Good Will Home for Poor Boys of New York, \$200,000 for a like purpose in Maine; \$200,000 to the Presbyterian Hospital in New York and various sums to other charities in the same city.

Hospital in New York, and various sums to other charities in the same city.

Mrs. Marshall O. Terry, of Cleveland, Ohlo, bequeathed \$700,000 and the residue of her estate to the McGregor Home for the Aged.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Sr., announced that she would establish a home for girls.

D. M. Farson gave a million dollars to the sect

known as the Holy Jumpers.

William Hall Penfold divided \$1,000,000 among

various charitable organizations. various charitable organizations.

Mrs. Cornella Storrs, of Massachusetts, instructed in her will that her property be sold and one-half the proceeds to be given to the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital and the other half to found a school for girls at North Salem.

The estate of Sebastian de Lawrence, of Con-

necticut, will provide, according to his will, \$198,-000 for the erection of a hospital in New London; a \$100,000 free library, and a Soldiers and Sallors' monument costing \$20,000; \$10,000 for the inmates of the almshouse; \$200,000 to the Protestant Episcopal Church; \$20,000 to ald in establishing new churches; \$200,000 for the maintenance of the hospital.

tenance of the hospital.

Henry Iden, of Pelham Manor, N. Y., wlled \$1,000,000, as follows: Paintings and brie-à-brae to the Metropolitan Museum of Art; Cooper Union for the advancement of science and art, \$100,000; New York Zoological Society, \$10,000; New York Botanical Garden, \$10,000; American Museum of Natural History, \$10,000; Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, \$10,000; Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, \$10,000.

General T. Coleman Du Pont, of Delaware, announced that he would expend large amounts for building roads in several States.

for building roads in several States.

Mrs. Jennie Caldwell left \$750,000 for a home for aged and indigent women in Benton County, Ind.

\$750,000 was willed to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology by Charles H. Pratt, of Boston, Mass, for a school for naval architecture and marine engineering.

The will of William Patterson Young, of Newark, N. J., gave \$750,000 to the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Northern New Jersey for

church purposes.

The income on \$700,000 was willed to charities in Youngstown, Ohio, by Col. George D. Wick.

Bishop Charles Chapman Grafton, of Fond Du Lac, Wis., distributed \$700,000 before his death for the erection of churches, vicarages and

the improvement of his diocese.

Henry C. Frick offered the old Lenox Library building, valued at \$500,000, to the Municipal Art Commission and also volunteered to remove

Art commission and also volunteered to remove it to Central Park at a cost of \$200,000.

Miss Katherine Drexel, of the Sisterhood of the Blessed Sacrament, applies the income of her \$15,000,000 to charity.

Julius Rosenwald, of Chicago, gave \$250,000 to the University of Chicago for a woman's gymnasium and buildings for geological, geogymnaslum and buildings for geological, geo-graphical and classical departments; \$50,000 to the Chicago Hebrew Institute for the erection and equipment of a gymnasium; \$50,000 to dow-ment for a country club for social workers; \$25,-000 to Dr. Booker T. Washington for the improve-ment and elevation of schools for negroes; \$25,000 to the Marks Nathan Home for Jewish Orphans; \$25,000 to the Chicago Winfield Tuberculosis Sanitarium and \$12,500 to the Glenwood Mannai Santarium and \$12,500 to the Glenwood Manual Training School to purchase a farm. The will of Senator John B. McPherson, of New Jersey, gave \$500,000 to Yale for the aid of

students.

Mrs. Mary Hotchkiss, of Connecticut, willed \$600,000 to the Sheffield Scientific School, of Yale

University.

University.

Heary Dexter left \$250,000 for the Salvation Army, \$100,000 for the Home for Old Men and Aged Couples; \$100,000 to the Y. M. C. A., and \$150,000 to the American Bible Society; these sums are to be given on the death of his daughter.

Mr. James J. Hill, of St. Paul, Minn., presented \$50,000 to Huron College; a similar amount to the Dakota Wesleyan University; \$50,000 to Luther College and \$350,000 to St. Paul, Minn., for a reference library. for a reference library.

Mr. James Buchanan Brady made a gift of \$500,000 to the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Balti-

more, Md.

Mrs. Mary Atkins, of Kansas City, willed \$500,000 to various charitable purposes. The Eastman Kodak Co. distributed \$500,000

to its employes.
William Cooper Procter, of Cincinnati, Ohio, gave \$500,000 to Princeton University for the endowment of the Charlotte Elizabeth Procter

endowment of the Charlotte Elizabeth Procter Fellowship, in the graduate school.

Henry W. Putnam gave the village of Bennington, Vt., the water system which now supplies the city. The system is worth \$500,000.

Dr. Francis Bacon, of Connecticut, willed Yale University \$400,000; New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Society, \$100,000; Connecticut Children's Aid Society, \$10,000; New Haven County Authorities and Society, \$10,000; New Haven Hospital \$5,000.

Paris Singer, an American millionaire, founded a medical institute for research, the initial cost of which is \$400,000; in addition he will finance the

Institution.

Mr. John S. Lyle, of Tenafly, N. J., willed \$425,000 to charity, as follows: \$50,000 each to foreign and home missions of the Presbyterian Church, foreign missions of the Reform Church, the Presbyterian Hospital, the American Bible Society and the American Tract Society; \$25,000 each to the Children's Ald Society, the Charity Organization Society, the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, the New York State Charities Ald Association and the Association for Improving the Condition of the Bilnd.

Frank J. Ranson willed \$440,000 to servants

lng the Condition of the Bilnd.
Frank J. Ranson willed \$400.000 to servants
and institutions. The Church of the Holy Communion was bequeathed \$200.000, and \$100.000
to be divided among St. Luke's, Roosevett and
New York Hospitals.
Mr. and Mrs. William D. Sloane gave \$399.263
to Columbia University; and Henry T. and
William D. Sloane, together present \$300.000 to
the Sloane Laboratory of Yale University.
Mrs. Hugh J. McEvoy announced that she would
use \$300.000 of her estate to help found a woman's
home and give a liberal amount for its mainte-

home and give a liberal amount for its maintenance.

Washington University received on January 1, from Samuel Cupples and Robert S. Brookings, property valued at \$400,090.

Samuel W. Bowne, of New York, left \$49,515 to the New York Church Extension and Missionary Society; \$131,515 to Drew Theological Seminary; \$9,312 to Syracuse University; \$19,215 to Wesleyan University; \$11,300 to Dickinson College; \$18,715 to the New York Deaconesses' Home and Training School; \$18,715 to 5t. Christopher's Home; \$18,615 to the Old People's Home; \$18,315 to the Five Points Mission; \$6,000 to the Drew Ladles' Seminary; \$9,900 to the Woman's College of Baltimore; \$3,057 to Pennington Seminary; \$3,157 to the Jerry McAuley Mission. Thomas J. Ryan, of Philadelphia, willed \$300,000 to the poor in his city. The Misses Elizabeth and Sarah Pattison willed their estate of \$150,000 each to Williams College.

College.

Max Pam, of Chicago, founded a School of
Journalism in the University of Notre Dame.
\$300,000 was appropriated for pensions by the
American Sugar Refining Co.

Mrs. John S. Kennedy presented \$100,000 to
Mt. Holyoke College, \$100,000 toward the fund
for a Bible University in New York City, and
\$90,000 to the New York University for a Philosonby Hall. ophy Hall.

Three bequests, aggregating \$275,000, were made in equal parts to Mount Sinai Hospital, the German Hospital and Dispensary and Columbia University, in the will of August W. Op-

penhym

Charles A. Purcell has the distribution of \$250,000, which his sister-in-law, Mrs. Mary B.

\$250,000, which his sister-in-law, Mrs. Mary B. Purcell, left to charity.

M. C. D. Borden, the cotton manufacturer, willed \$25,0,000 to Yale University.

Miss Louise H. Le Clere willed \$20,000 to the Académie Française and the Facultided Théo logie Protestante for scholarships for ministry and \$210,000 to various other charities.

Peter F. Meyer gave his country place, valued at \$250,000 to the Little Sisters of St. Francis, for a home for the aged.

Samuel P. Avery gave \$245,000 to Columbia.

Samuel P. Avery gave \$245,000 to Columbia

Samuet P. Avery gave \$223,000 to Community.

Adolph Lewishon made a gift of \$100,000 toward the work of a Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, and the same sum for the construction of a stadium for the City College of New York.

Miss Flora E. Isham presented to New York City 2 1-3 acres of land that connects Isham Park, near Spuyten Duyvil, with the United States Ship Canal.

Canal. Anderson paid \$200,000 to the State of Larz Massachusetts to build the Anderson Bridge between Boston and Cambridge.

Henry Beekman Armstrong left \$200,000 to be used for philanthropic and charitable purposes

in Rhinebeck, N Y.
Mrs. Mina Long, of Kansas City, left \$200,000
to revert at the death of her children without issue, to the Kansas City Hospital for

Orphans.
Peter W. Severson gave \$100,000 in cash and a

Peter W. Severson gave \$100,000 in cash and a mortgage on property in Portland, Ore., to Willamette College.
Charles T. Chittenden, of Rochester, N. Y., left \$184,000 to the Y. M. C. A., of Ithaca, N. Y.
The late Rear-Admiral George W. Meiville left \$175,000, \$150,000 of which was to provide a home for deserving and aged poor; in addition, \$5,000 each to Columbia University. Stevens Institute and the University of Pennsylvania, and a similar amount to two hospitals. He also left his relies, medals, bronzes, etc., to the City his relics, medals, bronzes, etc., to the City of Philadelphia.

W. Bayard Cutting gave \$150,000 to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and left \$15,000

to Columbia University.

to Columbia University.

Eugene Kelly, the banker, bequeathed \$167,000 to St. Patrick's Cathedral, and gifts of from \$5,000 to \$15,000 to various Catholic Institutions.

Mrs. Marlon Cutting, of Newport, R. I., provided \$15,000 each for the Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor and the Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul: \$150,000 is left to St. Clare's Home in Newport.

Mr. Jacob H. Schiff sent \$100,000 to Cornell University; \$50,000 to the hospital of the Montefore Home; \$5,000 to the fund of the Young Women's Hebrew Association; \$10,000 to the

Tuberculosis Preventorium; \$250 to the Newsboy's Home Club.
Mr. Clarence H. Mackay and his mother presented \$150,000 to the University of Nevada; \$3,500 to Columbia University; and a collection of mounted heads of big game to the New York

Zoological Society.

A chapel valued at \$150,000 was given to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine by an unnamed

donor.

William H. Ewbank, of Flushing, L. I., deeded \$100,000 worth of property to St. George's Episcopal Church, and at his death willed \$25,000 to be divided between the same church and the

to be divided between the same church and the Flushing Hospital.

Jasper Stidham, of Indiana, willed \$5,000 to the Hospital-of Lafayette; \$3,000 to St. Elizabeth's Hospital; \$2,000 to St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum; \$2,000 to the Y. M. C. A.; \$15,000 to the Methodist Church; \$15,000 to build a Presbyterian church, and in addition, the residue of the estate to the two last named churches.

Mrs. May Cossitt Dodge willed \$25,000 to the Lincoln Hospital and Home; \$10,000 each to the Santa Clara branch of the Working Girls' Vacation Society, St. John's Guild, Vassar College and the Adirondack Cottage Sanitarium, and \$5,000 to the New York Bible Society. The charitable institutions named are also likely to get one-fifth of the residuary estate.

of the residuary estate.

of the residuary estate.

church of St. John the Divine, costing \$150,000.

Edmond Coggsweil Converse gave Harvard University \$125,000, for a professorship of bank-

Ellen Collins left \$25,000 to charity and the residue of her estate was divided between educating the negroes of the South and the Snow Hill Normal and Industrial Institute of Alabama; \$10,000 went to the New York Society of Friends, and small amounts to other charitable causes.

Mrs. Anna Woerlshoffer presented to Green-wich House, the social settlement in Great Jones Street, New York, \$125,000 as a memorial to her

Mrs. J. Jarett Blodgett gave \$125,000 to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Benjamin Guggenheim, who perished in the Benjamin Guggenheim, who perished in the Titanic disaster, willed \$10,000 each to the Manhattan Trade School for Girls, Hebrew Technical Institution, Emanu-El Sisterhood, United Hebrew Charides, and Mount Sinal Hospital; and \$5,000 each to the Educational Alliance, Ethical Culture Society, Hewbrew Orphan Asylum, Montefore Home, Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, Charity Organization Society, Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, Home for Colored Orphans, \$1. John's Guild Floating Hospital, Home for Friendless Girls, Society for the Suppression of Vice, Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and Union Home for Sallors' and Soldlers' Orphans; \$125,000 was promised to Dr. Lewis H. Marks, of New Orleans, for a laboratory. laboratory.

Bartholomew Shea, of Philadelphia,

gave a col-

Bartholomew Shea, of Philadelphia, gave a collection of antiques to the Philadelphia Museum of Art and \$5,000 each to nine hospitals.

Mr. Cyrus H. McCormick donated \$50,000 to the Y. M. C. A., Chicago; \$25,000 to Princeton University for the Football Association; five items from the Hoe collection relating to Americus Vespucius to Princeton University; \$1,000 to the Chicago China Famine Relief Committee.

An anonymous friend gave \$120,000 to Hamilton College.

ton College. Mrs. Lydia Mrs. Lydia Augusta Barnard willed \$115,000 to Radeliffe College, and the same institution received \$114,000 on the death of Mrs. Rebecca A. Greene.

Miss Emily H. Bourne made possible, by a gift of \$107,000, the erection of a building for the New

York Association for the Blind.

An anonymous gift, in the shape of a Zoological Laboratory costing \$107,621, was given to Yale

University. Timothy Sellew left \$104,000 to charity, 00 to the Presbyterian Church of Timothy G. Sellew left \$104,000 to charity, including \$10,000 to the Presbyterian Church of Upper Montclair, N. J., for its upkeep and \$40,000 for the enlargement of the church; each employé of his firm received \$50 for each year that he had been in the firm's service.

Mrs. George Widener Elkins, Jr., was said to

offered the Abington General Hospital have \$100,000

\$100,000. Was given by an unknown person for the endowment fund of the Yale Forest School. Mrs. Sarah Goodhue gifted to the Children's Aid Society, of New York, a 50 acre farm in West New Brighton, S. I. Arthur M. Huntington gave the site and contributed \$50,000 to the building fund for the church of Our Lady of Hope, in New York.

T. A. Snider, of Cincinnati, Ohio, in his will, gave \$50,000 to the Methodist Church for the Gospel Mission, and a like amount to other institutions.

Anthony N. Brady gave \$100,000 to the Ma-ternity Hospital in Albany, N. Y., in memory of

his daughter.

At the death of Isidor Straus his sons sent a check for \$100,000 to the Educational Alliance.
E. T. Cottrell, of San Francisco, turned over a patent to the Smithsonian Institution, the profits which are to increase the revenue of that institution.

William Augusta Spencer willed one-half the residue of his estate to the New York Public

Library A collection of tomb jades was given by Mr. Samuel T. Peters to the Metropolitan Museum of Art

\$100,000 was willed by Mrs. Julia Anna Mer-rill, of Brooklyn, N. Y., to be equally divided among the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, American Home Missionary Society, the American Missionary Association and the Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children. Mr. Nathan Straus gave \$50,000 to the Tuber-culosis Preventorium for Children, in New Jersey;

and \$2,000 and an interest in his residuary to the People's Symphony Society. In addition he willed sums to four charitable institutions in

New York A. Brisbane gave 170 acres of farm and woodland to the Tuberculosis Preventorium at Farmingdale, and a friend sent \$50,000 to the same

institution. The National City Bank and James Stillman gave \$100,000 each to the City Bank Club which is composed of the clerks of the bank.

Mr. Stillman also sent \$100,000 to the Ecole des

Beaux-Aris, in Paris, for French students.

An anonymous \$100,000 was received by the General Memorial Hospital in New York for the endowment of beds for cancer patients.

Dr. Frank J. Parker, of New York City, willed

his estate to public charities.
St. Mary's Hospital, in Brooklyn, N. Y., received \$100,000 from Mr. and Mrs. James Shevlin.

Simeon Smith left \$100,000 to Depauw University.
Abbot Lawrence Roth, of Massachusetts, gave

\$100,000 to Harvard University.

James M. Adams, of Buffalo, gave \$100,000

to charities. Rudolph Ellis, of Philadelphia, gave \$100,000 for the benefit of the widows and children of deceased employés of his company.

Mrs. Mayer Lehman presented \$100,000 to

Sinal Hospital.

Mrs. Mayer Lehman presented \$100,000 to Mt. Sinal Hospital.

John Torrance Vanneck willed \$50,000 each to the New York Post Graduate Hospital and the Montreal General Hospital.

The will of William Hawkins, of Philadelphia, bequeathed stacen houses in Germantown to Publicators; Selective and \$10,000 to the New Britain Baptist Church.

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Woodhull Perry left the Boston Museum of Art a valuable collection of laces and rugs, and to the Redwood Library; Newport, R. I., books and manuscripts; \$50,000 to the Redwood Library; \$3,000 to St. Mary's Church at Portsmouth, R. I., \$5,000 to the Rector's Fund of Trinity Church of Newport; \$10,000 to Bowdoin College; \$5,000 to the Home for Aged Women at New Brunswick, Me; \$4,000 to the hospital at Bangor, Me., and \$3,000 to the Congregational Church, Groveland, Mass.

Mrs. Adela A. Dortic bequeathed \$100,000 to the Presbyterian Hospital in New York; Mrs. Sarah B. Corcoran, \$100,000 to Allegheny College;

Dr. Oliver H. Arnold, of Providence, R. I., willed \$80,000 to Brown University for a Biological Laboratory and two Fellowships each of \$10,000, one for a Biological Fellowship for men. \$10,000, one for a Biological Fellowship for men, and the other an Archæological Fellowship for women; Mrs. Cornelia Eaton bequeathed \$2,500 to the Little Sisters of the Poor, \$2,500 to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, \$30,000 to be given to the Church of St. Francis Xavler at the death of Edward Carpentier, \$15,000 to the Presbyterian Hospital, and the residue of the estate to be given to St. Vincent's Hospital, at the to be given to St. Vincent's Hospital, at the death of her husband Mrs. George L. Rives donated a \$100,000 Chapel to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, in memory of her father.

in memory of her father.
Rev. John McGulre willed his estate of about \$100,000 to St. Mary's Church, Long Island.
William A. Clark helped to build a new National Academy of Design.
William C. Smith, of Williamsport, Ind., gave \$100,000 to Purdue University.

Mr. Benjamin N. Duke made a gift of \$100,000 Trinity College.

Bernard Corr gave \$100,000 to Villanova College. Mrs. Lucy Wharton Drexel left \$\$80,000 to the University of Pennsylvania. C. Dunham, of Hartford, Ct., gave the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale \$75,000: Sheffield Scientific School of Yale \$75,000; a bequest of the same amount went to the Presbyterian Hospital, when Edward O. Kinberg, Brooklyn, N. Y., died. William Hall Penfold willed St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children \$10,000; Presbyterian Hospital, \$10,000; Charity organizations of New York, \$10,000; New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, \$10,000; Children's Ald Society, \$10,000; Adirondack Cottage Sanitarium, \$25,000, and in addition \$300 000 will be given to charity on the

Adirondack Cottage Sanitarium, \$25,000, and in addition \$300,000 will be given to charity on the death of his relative, Edmund Penfold.

The estate of Rebecca Hay paid \$76,540 to Frinceton Theological Seminary. Catherine E. Daly bequeathed \$75,790 to the S. P. C. A., and \$10,000 to St. Luke \$Hospital. Nathan Herrmann left \$73,700 to charities. Among the largest gifts were \$15,000 to the Beth Israel Hospital; \$10,000 to the United Hebrew Charities; \$5,000 to the Mount Sinal Hospital; \$5,000 to the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society; \$5,000 to the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. Henry C. Huribert willed \$50,000 to Brooklyn charities, and \$39,000 to servants. Alexander Smith Cochran distributed \$70,000 in bonuses to persons on his payroli.

In bonuses to persons on his payrol70,000 to chart-tles, of which \$5,000 each went to the Mount Sinal Hospital, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, Beth tes, of which \$5,000 each went to the Mount Sinat Hospital, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, Beth Israel Hospital, the German Hospital Dispensary, the Montenfore Home, the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, the Educational Alliance, the Hebrew Technical Institute, the Hebrew Infant Asylum, the Young Men's Hebrew Association, the Jewish Protectory and Ald Society, and the Presbyterian and St. Vincent's Hospitals.

All Society, and the Presbyterian and St. Vincent's Hospitals.

The Brown Grand Theater, valued at \$60,000, was given to Concordia, Kans., for a Convention Hall, by the widows of Col. N. B. Brown and his son E. V. D. Brown.

Mrs. Mary Culver of Missouri, gave \$65,000 to the Christian University.

Mr. J. B. Duke gave \$57,500 to Trinity Col-

Mr. J. B. Duke gave \$57,500 to Trinity College in North Carolina.

lege in North Carolina.

Gifts of \$50,000 were made by Frank H. Holyoke, of Bangor, Me., to philanthropies in his home city; an anonymous giver of Boston, for a high tension electrical laboratory in Harvard College; Mrs. William B. Thayer, of Kansas City, Mo., to the local Art Institute, in the shape of rare Japanese prints; Leslie L. Crim, of Scattle, Wash., to the Holy Roller sect; Josephine Penfield, to New York City charities; Clara Ide, of Rochester, to found a farm for the benefit of persons who may wish to study agriculture; Isaac Schilcher, Jr., of Philadelphia, among fifty of his employes who were with his establishment over 15 years; Daniel Hudson Burnham, to the Chicago Art Institute; Henry C. Hulbert, to the Y. M. C. A., St. Christopher's Hospital and other lastitutions in Brooklyn, N. Y.; Adolph Lewisohn,

for a stadium for the City Coilege of New York; Thomas W. Phillips, of New Castle, Pa., to the Oklahoma Christian University and charities connected with the Christian Church; Louise W. Kellogg, for a scholarship in Yale; Mrs. E. P. Poer Campson, of New York, to House of Medy Hospital, Pittsfield, Mass.; John A. Harris gave the Sampson, of New York, to House of Medy Hospital, Pittsfield, Mass.; John W. Harris gave the Same amount a fund for a Medy Harris gave the Same amount a fund for a home for working women at Chicago; Francis T. Holder, \$25,000 among faithful servants and the same amount to the Cintou Historical Association; Mr. and Mrs. William R. Peters, to establish a fund for engineering in Columbia University; T. Jefferson Coolidge, to Harvard University for the erection of a chemical laboratory; John G. Shedd, of Texas, to Baylor University; E. W. Ogleboy, to Bethany Coilege; Sol. R. Guggenheim gave \$50,000 toward the building of a hospital for the Monteflore Home; Ferdinand Sulzberger and Samuel Sachs each contributed \$50,000 for the same purpose; Isaac Schlichter, Sr., of Philadelphia, distributed \$50,000 among his employés; Leon Mandel, of Chicago, set aside \$30,000 for the employes of Mandel Bros., for pensions.

The Montenore Home received \$50,000 from Mrs. Louis Wolf, to endow ander; James Long May Lange and Lange Long and the same lange and t

Mrs. Louis Wolf, to endow a department for research in the treatment of cancer; James Long gave the same home \$50,000 in memory of his brother, and J. Loughlin gave \$50,000 to Brown University.

David Cummings presented \$49,000 to Tutts College; Senator C. J. Ericsons willed \$46,000 to Augustana College; Mrs. Francis Riggs gave \$45,000 to Georgetown University Hospital. and Margaret Loof, of Brooklyn, let \$45,000 to Brooklyn charities.

Brooklyn charities.
An anonymous gift of \$41,000 was made to Stevens Institute of Technology.
Mrs. Joseph Drexel left \$40,000 to the Pennsylvania Museum; Eleanor Dix Childs presented a similar amount to Des Moines College and J. W. Wistar Brown gave \$40,000 to Haverford College, and the same institution received \$35,000 from John T. Morris; Oliver T. Kimbail, of Newton, Mass., gave \$40,000, in \$10,000 sums, to four religious institutions; Mrs. A. B. Wasson gave \$40,000 to charity; J. E. Frankin gave \$32,000 to William Jewell College; T. W. Barshydt donated a chapel, costing \$32,000, to Parsons College.

sons College.

sons College.
Mrs. Helen Chandler, of Camden, N. J., willed
\$30,000 to the Baptist Missionary Union of Boston, to carry on their work in Siam; Chatham,
N. Y., was presented with memorials to Mr. and
Mrs. George Morris in the form of a Y. M. C. A.
building, and to Albert E. Tracy in the form of a
village hall, each costing \$30,000; an intention
was announced by relatives of Edwin Hawlev to village hall, each costing \$30,000; an Intention was announced by relatives of Edwin Hawley to present the same village with a hospital to be erected in his memory; John Jacob Astor bequeathed \$30,000 to St. Paul's School in Concord, N. H.; A. Barton Hepburn, president of the Chase National Bank of New York, gave \$30,000 to St. Lawrence University. By the will of Cyprian S. Brainard, Jr., the Yale Medical School received \$25,000 and the Brainard Memorial Libarary in Haddam Ct., \$10,000 as an endowment fund. \$29,000 and the Brainard Memorial Libarary in Haddam, Ct., \$10,000 as an endowment fund. Henry Hartew, of Brooklyn, N. Y., left \$35,000 for the erection of a statue of General Lafayette in Prospect Park; E. Nicholas Churchill, of Jollet, Ill., gave Peru Ind., a \$5,000 drinking fountain, \$20,000 for a hospital and \$10,000 for a children's home.

Miss Theresa Foy willed \$27,000 of her estate to charitable institutions of New York, among them the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Little them the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Little Sisters of the Poor, Charity Organization Society, Children's Aid Society, Tribune Fresh Air So-ciety, Cooper Union and St. Vincent's Hospital. Senator George T. Olim gave \$26,000 to Bethany College.

Gifts of \$25,000 were given by the following persons: Caroline F. Butterfield \$5,000 to Woodlawn Cemetery, \$5,000 to the Orthopædic Dispensary, \$10,000 to the Children's Ald Society and smaller amounts to other institutions;

"a friend of the work," to the New York Women's League for Animals for the new hospital: Ernest Thalmann, to leaghtal in New York: Andrew Saks, to charities to be selected by Mrs. Saks; Rev. James Price, to Presbyterian institutions; a wealthy Hebrew, to establish a scholarship in the Catholic University to fight socialism and anarchy; J. H. Schaefer, to the Presbyterian, German Hospitals, and for scholarships to the Royal Schule, Offenbach, Germany; J. Harper Smith, \$5,000 to the Somerset Hospital in New Jersey, \$2,000 to the Somerset Hospital in New Jersey, \$2,000 to the Somerville Library and \$10,000 for the construction of St. John's Episcopal Church, besides glits to servants; Robert Knight, to Brown University; Marion de Forest Clark, \$10,000 to St. Paul's Parish Church, Burlington, Vt.; \$7,500 each New York Society for the Ruptured St. Paul's Parish Church, Burlington, Vt.; 87,500 each New York Society for the Ruptured and Crippied and the Orthopædic; Margaret E. Mitchell, to various charittes and religious organizations; Miss Anna Helena Vreeland to mission work in India, Emile Nickisch, to the Evangelical Lutheran Immanuel Church and other Lutheran Charittes; Mrs. R. T. Auchmuty, to the endow-Lutheran Immanuel Church and other Lutheran charitles; Mrs. R. T. Auchmuty, to the endowment fund of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York City; Mrs. Melinda Brouck, \$5,000 to St. Luke's Home for Aged, \$5,000 to St. Matthew's Church, \$10,000 to the Stony Wold Sanatorium and \$5,000 to the West End Exchange and Industrial Union; M. M. Cochran, to Bethany College; Morris M. White, to Earlham College; William Nelson Cromwell, to build a new president's house for Kenyon College; the widow and children of Philip H. Glatfetter, to Pennsylvania College; M. H. Wilson, to Northwestern University; an unknown man, to Wesleyan University.

\$20,000 was given by Alfred L. Seligman to the Young Men's Symphony Orchestra and \$2,500 to the People's Symphony Orchestra.

LINE YOUNG MEN'S SYMPHONY Orchestra and \$2,500 to the People's Symphony Orchestra.
Sums of \$20,000 were given by William Bradley to Wesleyan University, Middletown, Ct., James Bradley, to the same institution; Maurice Herbert, Robert, Walter and Norman Fox, to the city of La Porte, Ind., for a public park to be known as the Fox Memorial; Hannah M. Rockwell, among various charitable societies; Charles G. Roebling, of New Jersey, to the Union Industrial Home of Trenton; D. H. Buxton, to Drake University; Mrs. Voorhees, to Eastern College; Caroline M. Barnard, to Tufts College; Miss Susan Y. Lansing, to Rutgers College; O. W. Poxworthy to Drake University; Jacob W. Mack, \$10,000 to Mount Sinal Hospital and \$2,500 to four other Hebrew charlies.
J. W. Childress gave \$19,000 to Drake University; Mrs. Katherine I. D. Harnett left St. Vincent's Hospital \$10,000, the New York Society for the Relief of Ruptured and Crippied, \$5,000, and the Church of the Blessed Sacrament in New York, \$2,000: Henry B. Harris, the theatrical manager, willed \$5,000 aged to the Actor. Fund

or the Relief of Ruptured and Crippied, \$5.006, and the Church of the Blessed Sacrament in New York, \$2,000; Henry B. Harris, the theatrical manager, willed \$5,000 each to the Actors' Fund of America, the Sunshine Society and the Hebrew Infant Asylum; Prof. William W. Goodwin made a gift of \$16,000 to Harvard University. Mr. Irving Drew gave \$16,500 to Western College; William Hamilton gave \$15,000 to Muschingum College; Miranda B. Coon the same amount to Milton College; Dr. George M. Kober gave \$15,000 to Georgetown University Hospital; N. G. Goldtbraite a similar amount to Des Molnes College; R. H. Stockton, \$15,000 to Christian University; David J. Garth donated \$5,000 each to the Children's Ald Society, the American Bible cal School and \$500 to White Plains Hospital; Gano Dunn gave the College of the City of New York a \$13,000 radio-telegraph and telephone set; F. R. Wells, of Parls, N. Y., gave \$12,000 to the University of Rochester; Miss Oilvia Phelpsstokes provided an outdoor pulpit for the Cathedrai of St. John the Divine, costing \$15,000; the Frank D. Allen estate turned over \$16,456 to Yale University.

the Frank D. Allen estate turned over \$10,400 to Yale University.
Amounts of \$12,500 were given by Col. Alden J. Blethen in the shape of chimes to the Univer-sity of Washington; "a friend," to University of Santa Clara; Rev. D. Eberly, to Lebanon Valley College. A. R. Swann, to Carson and Newman College. Amounts of \$11,000 were given by Norman Haskins to Drake University; anony-mous, to Cornell University; Mason H. Quick, to

Kalamazoo College; Mrs. Frederick C. Penfield presented a communion rall to the Church of Our Lady of Hope, N. Y., at a cost of about \$12,000; a similar amount was presented to the University of Rochester, by F. R. Welles, of Paris, N. Y.

January and Rochester, by F. R. Welles, of Parls, N. Y. P ment' tand too' the Deutsches Haua' o' Columbia University! Anthony Lemmel, to Catholic charltes; Lev! Goldenburg, to Jewish Institutions; Newton Kelm, to Wellesley College; Simon Bernhelmer, in the shape of his music library, to the Mecca Temple Band of the Mystic Shriners of New York City; Mrs. Augusta M. Harper, to Methodist Episcopal Churches; Harriet Demuth, to Hobrew Institutions; Hon. James D. Phelan, Mary and Alice Phelan together, to University of Santa Clara; Emily C. Gammon, to the Children's Aid Society; George Plff, to the German Hospital and Dispensary in New York City; Helen Gould, to the Y. M. C. A.; William Bradford to the Humane Society of El Paso, Tex., and the Boys' Club Association; Charles Thompson, of Wisconsin, for the Indigent insane in the county Boys' Club Association; Charles Thompson, of Wisconsin, for the indigent insane in the county asylum of Waukesha, Wis; A. A. Barnes, to Franklin College of Indiana; H. W. Darling, to Fairmont College; Miss Harriet McGregor, to College of New Rochelle; Van Dolah estate, Lexington, Ill., to Illinois Wesleyan University; "a friend," to Juanita College; Rev. C. G. Kewon, to Lincoin College; "a friend," to Maryville College; Mrs. Charlotte O. Glover, Kentucky, to Moore's Hill College; Charles Steele, to Susquehanna University; Walter S. Dickson, to Tufts

College; Mrs. Freeland, to University of Toronto; Dr. L. R. Holt, to University of Rochester; Helen Gould, to the Y. M. C. A. In Portsmouth, Va. The following institutional gifts, exclusive of the above, are as follows:

Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, \$800,000; Knights of Columbus, for the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., \$365,000 of the \$500,000 endowment fund; Jewish Educational Fund, \$300,000; Social Centers Corporation, \$200,000 for a dance hall for young people; Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, \$250,000; Young Women's Hebrew Association, \$250,000; International School Farm League started to mproving the Condition of the Poor, \$250,000; Young Women's Hebrew Association, \$250,000; Young Women's Hebrew Association, \$250,000; International School Farm League started to raise \$1,000,000; New York Society for the Suppression of Vice, \$300,000; Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, \$200,000; National Committee on Mental Hygiene, \$200,000; Salvation Army, for a memorial to William Booth planned to raise \$250,000; The Tuberculosis Preventorium at Farmingdale, N. J., \$150,000; Yale Club for building fund, \$300,000; Smith Infirmary, S. I., \$141,000; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, \$116,940; Diekens Fund started to raise \$100,000; Sunshine Society, \$30,000; Newsboys' Home Club, \$30,000; Shoenberg Hospital, \$25,000; Home Rule Fund, \$20,000; Newsboys' Home Club, \$30,000; Joan of Arc Statue Fund, \$30,000; China Famine Relief Committee started a fund for \$1,000,000; Phopagation of the Faith, \$140,000; Church and Missionary Alliance, \$51,000; The New York Presbytery, \$817,592; The Episcopal Board of Missions, \$1,005,000; Foreign Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$13,000,000; American Home Mission Gifts from American Protestant Churches aggregate \$10

Federal Empeachments in History.

THE Constitution of the United States, Article II., Section IV., provides that civil officers of the United States may be removed from office on impeachment and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors; that the House of Representatives has the sole power of Impeachment, and the Senate the sole power to try impeachments; that the Vice-President shall preside at impeachments except when the President is tried, when the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall preside; and that two-thirds of the members present must vote for conviction before a person impeached shall be deemed guilty. Only nine persons have been impeached and tried before the Senate, and only two of them have been convicted. The record is as follows:

William Blount, Senator from Tennessee: impeached July 7, 1797, for conspiring to wage war with Spain. In favor of Great Britain, to excite the Cherokee Indians against Spain, and to create disaffection among the Indians toward the United States; trial, December 17, 1798, to January 14, 1799; vote, 11 guilty, 14 not guilty; verdict, acquittal.

John Pickering, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of New Hampshire: impeached 1803 for drunkenness and disregard of the terms of the statutes; trial, March 3 to March 12, 1803; vote, 19 guilty, 7 not guilty; verdict, guilty; punishment, removal from office.

Samuel Chase, Associate-Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States; impeached 1804 for misconduct at trials of persons charged with breach of the Sedition Law; trial, November 30, 1804, to March 1, 1805; vote, 9 guilty, 30 not guilty, and 15 guilty, 19 not guilty, on different counts; verdict, acquittal.

for misconduct at trials of persons charged with preach of the Schuld Law, No. 1804, to March 1, 1805; vote, 9 guilty, 30 not guilty, and 15 guilty, 19 not guilty, on different counts; verdict, acquittal.

James Peck, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Missouri; Impeached for tyrannous treatment of counsel, 1830; trial, May 11 to May 30, 1830, and from December 13, 1830, to January 31, 1831; vote, 21 guilty, 22 not guilty; verdict, acquittal.

West H. Humphreys, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Tennessee; Impeached 1852 for supporting the secession movement and unlawfully acting as Judge of the Confederate District Court; trial May 22 to June 26, 1862; vote, 32 guilty, 4 not guilty, and 38 guilty verdict, guilty; punishment, removal from office.

of the Confederate District Court; trial May 22 to June 26, 1862; vote, 32 gullty, 4 not guilty, and 38 gullty; verdict, gullty; punishment, removal from office.

Andrew Johnson, President of the United States; impeached for usurpation of the law, corrupt use of the veto power, interference at elections and high crimes and misdemeanoms; trial, March 30 to May 26, 1868; vote, 35 gullty, 19 not gullty; verdict, acquittal.

William W. Belknap, Secretary of War of the United States; impeached for accepting bribes; trial, April 5 to August 1, 1876; vote, 5 gullty, 25 not gullty; verdict, acquittal.

Charles Swayne, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida, impeached 1905 for misconduct in office; trial, February 6 to February 27, 1905; vote, 55 gullty, 37 not gullty; verdict, acquittal.

Robert W. Archbald, Associate Judge of the Commerce Court and previously United States District Judge for Middle Pennsylvania, was impeached by the House of Representatives July 11, 1912, on thirteen articles charging him with corrupt collusion with coal mine owners and railroad officials while in office. The Senate began his trial December 3, 1912, and it was in progress when the Almanad went to press.

Benefactions Announced by the Colleges.

Albion Col \$100,000		\$40,000	Shurtleff Col \$30,000
Alfred Univ 27.816	Kalamazoo Col	65,019	Simpson Col 141,000
Allegheny 150.000	Kenyon Col	39,575	So. Bapt. Theo. Sem. 100,000
Atlanta Univ 37,261	Keuka Col	12,000	Smith Col 37,810
	Lake Forest Col	23,655	State Univ. Ky 40,000
Auburn Sem 37,025 Augustana Col 92,000	Lawrence Col	100,000	Stevens I. Tech 41,000
Baker Univ 95.966	Lebanon Valley Col	21,400	St. John's Col 28,000
	Lehigh Univ	13,000	St. Joseph's Col 17,000
Barnard Col 47,196		86.000	St. Joseph S Col 17,000
Bates Col 78,045	Lenox Col	30,000	St. Lawrence Univ 140,000
Baylor Univ 383,018	Lincoln Col	22,000	St. Stephen's Col 18,000
Berea Col	Lincoln Mem. U	43,738	Susquehanna Univ 15,000
Bethany Col 110,000	Lincoln Univ	14,036	Swarthmore Col 159,683
Bonebrake Sem 39,000	Macalaster Col	12,230	Syracuse Univ 111,831
Boston Univ 82,000	Maryville Col	29,594	Temple Univ 53.000
Bowdoin Col 72,865	Mass. I. Tech2	.436 538	Throop Poly, Inst 276,060
Brigham Young Col 30,100	McMinnville Col	15,745	Trinity Col 167,447
Bryn Mawr 798,075	Mechanics Inst	16,500	Tufts Col 180.000
Carleton Col 155,484	Meredith Col	16,000	Tuskegee N. & I. Inst. 112,745
	Middlebury Col	117.207	Union Col 50,000
		13,200	Univ. of Alabama 46,000
	Mills Col		
Central Univ., Iowa 15,162	Milton Col	17,413	
Christian Univ 80,000	Monmouth Col	10,265	
Coe Col 10,000	Montana Wes	50,000	Univ. of Chicago 1,087,178
Colorado Col 16,283	Moore's Hill Col	25,000	Univ. of Denver 110,000
Columbia Univ2,175,176	Moravian Col	18,000	Univ. of Georgia 55,360
Cooper Col	Mt. Holyoke Col	125,617	Univ. of Michigan 170,480
Cornell Univ 786,297	Mt. Union Col	16,000	Univ. of Pennsylvania. 683,413
Dakota Wes. Univ 140,000	Muskingum Col	40,000	Univ. of Pittsburgh 186,333
Dontmouth (lol 70.007	Nebraska Wes. Univ	12,387	Univ. of Porto Rico., 50,000
Depauw Univ 20,000	Newberry Col	75,000	Univ. of Rochester, 294,372
Des Moines Col 75,000	New Rochelle Col	10,000	Univ. of Santa Clara 54,000
Drake Univ 110,608	New York Univ	104,370	Univ. of Southern Cal. 21,000
Earlham Col 25,000	Northwestern Col	12,000	Univ. of the South 17.437
	Northwestern Univ	51,481	Univ. of Toronto 12.800
Eastern Col		130,000	Univ. of Vermont 57,513
Elon Col		10,218	
Emporia Col	Olivet Col		Univ. of Virginia 24,833
Fairmont Col 35,975	Ottawa Univ	12,557	Univ. of Wooster 242,568
Fisk Univ 25,384	Otterbein Univ	15,625	Vassar Col 131.091
Franklin Col 17,000	Onachita Col	60,000	Villanova Col 130,000
Franklin Col., Ind 20,368		432,389	Virginia Union Univ 45.000
Friends Univ 31,000	Pacific Univ	24,000	Wash, and Lee Univ 10,000
Georgetown Univ 60,000	Park Col	6 8,705	Wash, and Jefferson 24,555
George Washington U. 33,423	Parsons Col	37,000	Washington Univ 371,915
German Waliace Col. 105,000	Penn. Col	54,000	Wellesley Col 14,426
Hamilton Col 120,000	Pa. State Col	13,250	Wesleyan Univ 235,408
Tiementon Moumal Ingt 900 625	Polytechnic Inst	660,466	Western Col 91,199
Harvard Univ	Princeton Theo. Sem	86,860	Western Reserve Univ.1.000,000
Hactings Col 19 710	Princeton Univ	137,893	West Va. Wes. Col 46,000
Haverford Col 104,000		100,000	Wheaton Col 50,000
		244,000	Whittier Col 10.000
	Band Mason Woman's	244,000	
Hiram Col 10,035	Rand. Macon Woman's	150 000	
Howard Payne Col 35,000	Col	150,000	
Huron Col 398,922		152,018	Williams Col 153,465
Illinois Wesleyan U 13,800	Richmond Col	32,646	Wm. Jewel Col 32,000
James Millikin Univ 120,000	Roanoke Col	12,000	Wilson Col 25,565
Jamestown Col 63,417	Rollins Col	40,134	Wittenberg Col 20,000
Johns Hopkins Univ 289,000	Rutgers Col	40.023	Yale 1,045,720

Federal Employer's Liability Commission.

JOINT Resolution No. 41 passed by Congress and approved June 25, 1910, provided for the appointment of a commission to investigate the matter of employer's liability and workman's compensation, as follows:

follows:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That a commission be, and is hereby, created, consisting of two members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate, and two members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker thereof, together with two persons to be selected by the President of the United States, for the purpose of making a thorough investigation of the subject of employer's liability and workman's compensation, said commission to submit a report through the President to the Congress of the United States not later than the first Monday in December, nineteen hundred and elever; and any vacancy occurring on said commission shall be filled in the same manner as the or linal appointment.

To carry out the purpose of this resolution the commission hereby created is authorized to employ persons who are familiar with the subject, and take such other steps as are necessary to make a thorough examination in the matter.

examination in the matter.

In submitting its report the commission shall recommend to Congress such legislation as to the commission seems advisable.

mission seems advisable.

All expenses of said commission, together with compensation to be fixed by the President for the two members of the commission to be appointed by the President, for all time in which said commission shall be actually engaged in this-investigation, shall be paid out of any funds in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, on a certificate of the chairman of said commission, who shall be selected from the membership of the commission named under this resolution, and the sum necessary for carrying out the provisions of this resolution is hereby appropriated. Provided, That the total expense authorized by this resolution shall not exceed the sum of rifteen thousand dollars, which shall include the compensation herein authorized.

To carry out and give effect to the provisions of this resolution, the commission hereby created shall have power to issue subpoenas, administer oaths, summon witnesses, require the production of books and papers, and receive testimony taken before any proper officer in any State or Territory of the United States.

The American Multi=Millionaires.

THE VANDERBILTS.

DESCENDANTS OF COMMODORE CORNELIUS VANDERBILT.

Born on Staten Island, N. Y., 1794; married, 1st, Sophia Johnson, 1813, she d. 1867; 2d, Frances Crawford, 1869; died 1877.

	Crawford, 18	869; died 1877.	
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
 Phebe Jane Vanderbilt, b. 1815; m. James M. Cross, 1841; d. 1853. 	1. Cornelius Vanderbilt Cross, b. 1834; m. Emma Eldert; d. 1902.	,	
	2. Ethelinda Cross; m. Burrett Wilson Horton.		
	3. Norman Cross, b. 1842; d. 1907.		
 Ethelinda Vanderbilt, b. 1818; m. Daniel B. Alleu, 1839; d. 1889. 	 Vanderbilt Allen, b. 1840; m. 1st. Heiena Mount, 1861; 2d. Edith De Silvier, 1873; 3d, Edith Mott, 1890; d. 1898. 	 Marie Fatimeh Allen, b. 1870; m. John C. Wilmerding, Jr., 1892; div. 1907; he d. 1911. Ethel Gladys De Silvier 	
		Allen, b. 1875.	
	2. William Barton Allen, b. 1844; m. Mary Sutton; d.	1. Wm. Sullivaut Allen, b. 1860.	
	1890.	 Ethelinda V. Allen, b. 1863; m. James H. Ward, 1892. 	1. Vanderbilt B. Ward, b.1893. 2. Mildred S. Ward, b. 1896.
	 Franklin Allen, d. 1909. Harry Allen, m. Annie Odell; 	1. Margaret B. Alleu; m. Arthur	
	div. 1894; he d. 1899.	C. Ketcham. 2. Annie May Allen, b. 1873.	
		3. Edith Bruce Allen.	
	5. Annle Allen, b. 1869; m. 1888, John Wallace; d. (killed) 1890.	1. Allen Wallace, b. 1889.	
3. William Henry Vanderbilt, b. 1821; m. Marla Louise	 Cornelins Vanderbilt, b. 1845; m. Alice Gwynne, 1867; d. 1899. 	 William H. Vanderbilt, b. 1870; d. 1892. 	
Rissam, 1040, u. 1003.	1099.	 Cornelius Vanderbilt, b. 1873; m. Grace Wilson, 1896. Gertrude Vanderbilt, b. 1875; 	 Cornelius Vanderbilt, b. 1898. Grace Vanderbilt, b. 1899. Flora P. V. Whitney, b. 1897
		m. Harry Payne Whitney, 1896.	2. Cornelius V.Whitney, b. 1899 3. Barbara Whitney, b. 1963.
		 Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, b. 1877; m. Elsie French, Jan. 14, 1901; div. 1908; 2d, Mrs. 	1. William Henry Vanderbilt, b. Nov. 24, 1901.
		Margaret Emerson McKim, Dec., 1911.	
		 Reginald C. Vanderbilt, b. 1880; m. Cathleen G. Neilson, 1903. 	
		6. Gladys Moore Vanderbilt, b. 1886; m. Count Laszlo Szech- enyi, Jan. 27, 1908.	2. Alice, b. Aug., 1911.
	 Margaret Louisa Vanderbilt; m. Elliot F. Shepard, 1883. 	 Maria Louisa Shepard, b. 1870; m. William Jay Schlef- felin, 1891. 	 J., b. 1896. 4. John J., b. 1991. 5. LouiseV., b. 1901. 6. Bayard, b. 1902. 7. Elliot F., b. 1904. 8. Barbara, b. 1906. 9. Henry, b. 1909.
		 Edith Shepard, b. 1872; m. Ernesto G. Fabbri, 1896. 	 Teresa Fabbri, b. 1897. Ernesto G. Fabbri, Jr., b. 1900.
		3. Alice Shepard b. 1874; m. Dave Hennen Morris, 1895.	1 D. H. Wle I. 1 1000
		4. Elliot F. Shepard, b. 1877; m. Mrs. Esther Potter, 1897.	 Dave H. Morris, Jr., b. 1900. Louise, b. 1901. 8. Marion, b. 1903. 4. Noel, b. 1904. 5. Emily,b.1907. 6. Alice,b.1911.
		5. Marguerite Shepard, b. 1880; d. 1895.	e pl. 16 1
	1849; m. Alva Murray Smith,	1. Consuelo Vanderbilt, b. 1377; m. Duke of Marlborough, 1895. 2. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., b.	 John, Marquis of Blandford, 1897. Lord Ivor Charles Spencer- Churchili, b. 1898.
	Harriman (Sands) Ruther- furd.	2. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., b. 1878, m. Virginia Fair, 1899.	 Murlel Vanderbilt, b. 19 0. Consuelo Vanderbilt, b. 19 3. William K. Vanderbilt III., b. 1907.
		3. Harold S. Vanderbi't, b.1884.	
	4. Emily T. Vanderbilt; m. William D. Sloane, 1874.	m. James A. Burden, Jr.,1895.	4. Fiorence A.
		2. Emily Vanderbilt Slane, b. 1877; m. J.H.Hammond,1898.	1. Emi y Hammond. 2. Adile. 3. Alice. 4. Rachel. 5. John, Jr.
	ı	3. LllaVanderbilt Sloane, b. 1879; m. Wm. B. Osgood Field, 1902.	Marjorie L. 4. Mary.

	THE VANDER	BILTS-Continued.	
Children.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren
 William Henry Vanderbil (Continued). 		4. Malcoim D. Sloane, b. 1881.	
(Constituted),	 Frederick W. Vanderbilt, b 1856; m. Mrs. Alfred Torrance (nee Anthony), 1880. 	9	
	& Florence Adile Venderbilt	1. Alice Twombly, b.1886,d.'9	
	I m. II. McKown Twombly	2. Florence Twombly, b. 18-1	L. Mice T Burden b 1905 d 190
	1877; he d. 1910.	m.Wm, A.M.Burden, 1904,	2. Wm.A.,Jr.,b.1906. 3. Shi ley C., b.1908.
	1	3. Ruth Twombly, b. 1886; d.	
		4. 11. McKown Twombly, b.1888, d. 1906.	
	 Eliza Osgood Vanderbitt; m. William Saward Wabb, 1881. 	I. Frederica V. Webb, b. 1882, m. Ralph Pulitzer, 1905.	
		 James Watson Webb, b.1884; m. Electra Havemeyer, 1910. 	2. Samuel B. Webb, b. 1912.
		 William Seward Webb, b. 1887; m. Gertrude Emily Gaynor, 1911. 	1. Wm. Seward Webb III., b
		4. Vanderbilt Webb, b.1891, m. Aileen Osborn, 1912.	-
	 George Washington Vander- bilt, b. 1862; m. Edith Stuy- vesant Dresser, 1898. 	1. Cornelia Stuyvesant Vander- bilt, b. 1900.	
4. Emily Vanderbilt, b. 1823 m. William K. Thorn, 1849	 William K. Thorn, b. 1851; d. 1911. 		
d. 1896.	2. Emily Thorn, b. 1853; m. 1st, Daniel King, 1869; 2d, James C. Parrish, 1873.	1. Louise Alice King, b. 1870; m. Alexander Baring.	
		 Helen Parrish, m. Archibald Brown, 1903. 	Two daughters.
		3. James C. Parrish, Jr.; m. Charlotte K. Palmer, 1910.	
	 Lena Thorn, b. 1858; m. Gustav E. Kissel, 1881; he d. 1911. 	1. Dorothy Kissel.	
	tav E.K. 1881; he d. 1911.		
		3. Thorn Kissel.	
 Cornelius Jeremiah Vander- bilt, b. 1825; d. 1882. 			
 Eliza Vanderbilt, b. 1828; m. George A. Osgood, 1849; d. 1895. 			
 Sophia J. Vanderbilt, b.1830, m. Daniel Torrance, 1849, She d. 1912 	W. Vanderbilt.	-	
	 Marie Torrauce, b. 1852; m. John Hadden, Jr., 1873. 	1. John Hadden, b. 1874.	
 Maria Alicis Vanderbilt, b. 1831; m. lat, Nicholas La Bau, 1847. 	1. Bertha V. La Bau; m. George M. Browne.		
Bau, 1847.	 Edith La Bau; m. Tiffany Dyer. 		
	3. Lillian La Bau; m. 1st, Eugene Blois; 2d, Jose Aymar,		
6 Cultural Visit No. 1	1897. 1. Clarence Johnson Barker, b.		
9. Catherine Vanderbilt, b. 1834; m. 1st, Smith Barker, 1850; 2d, Gustave Lafitte, 1861; d. 1887	1853; d. 1896.		
1850; 2d, Gustave Lafitte, 1861; d. 1887.	2. Catherine Barker, b. 1857.		
1001, 41 1001	3. Morris Lafitte, b. 1863.		
10. Marie Louise Vanderbilt, b	l. Louise Clark, b. 1853; m. 1st,	1. Edith Lyman Collins, b. 1876; m. Count Czaykowski (Rechid Bey), 1897; div. 1904; m. 2d, Marquis de Maleissye,	
1835; m. 1st, Horace Clark, 1851; 2d, Robert Niven, 1860;	Clarence L. Collins, 1874; 2d, Capt. Barty Midford; 2d, Count M. L. Suberville; she d.	(Rechid Bey), 1897; div. 1904;	
she d. 1891.	Count M. L. Suberville; she d.	m. 2d, Marquis de Maleissye, 1911.	
	2. Charlotte E. Niven; m. Count	1311.	
11. Frances Vanderbilt, b. 1836;	de Sers.		
d. 1866. 12. George W. Vanderbilt, b. 1841; d. 1866.			
,	THE CO	OULDS.	
	Y GOULDBorn May	OULDS. 27, 1836 ; married Helen D	ay Miller, 1863; died 1892.
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
 George Jay Gould, b. 1864; m. Edith Kingdon, 1886. 		1 71 - 0 - 11 1 1 - 0 1016	
	2. Jay Gould, b. 1888; m. Annie Douglas Graham, April, 1911.		
	 Marjorie Gwynne Gould, b. 1890; m. Anthony J. Drexel, 	1911.	
	Jr., April 19, 1910.	2. A son, b. Dec. 9, 1912.	
	 Helen Vivien Gould, b. 1892; m. Lord Decies, Feb. 7, 1911. 	Beresford, b. Aug., 1912	

THE COULDS-Continued

THE COULDS—Continued.					
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Graudchildren.		
1. George Jay Gould (Con-	5. George Jay Gonid, b. 1896.				
tinued).	6. Edith K. Gould, b. 1901.				
	7. Gloria Anna, b. Mar. 31,1906.				
2. Edwin Gould, b. 1866; m.	1. Edwin Gould, b. 1893.				
Sarah Shrady, 1892.	2. Frank Miller Gould, b. 1899.				
3. Helen Miller Gould, b. 1868.					
 Howard Gould, b. 1871; m. Katherins Clemmons, 1898; separated 1909. 					
Count Paul Marie Boniface	1. Boniface de Castellane, b. 1897.				
de Castellane, 1895; div. 1906;	2. George de Castellane, b. 1898.				
Perigord, Prince de Sagan,	3. Jay de Castellane, b. 1902.				
1908.	4. Chas. Maurice Jason How- ard, Duke de Sagan, b. 1909.				
6. Frank Jay Gould, b. 1877; m. Helen Margaret Kelly, 1901	1. Helen Margaret Gould, b. 1902.				
div. 1909; m. 2d, Edith Kelly 1909.	2. Dorothy Gould, b. 1904.				

div. 1909; m. 2d, Edith Kelly, 1909.	2. Dorothy Gould, b. 1904.		
Born at Waldorf, German	DESCENDANTS OF .	STORS. JOHN JACOB ASTOR. odd, cousin of Henry Bre' 1848.	voort, in New York,1785;
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
 Magdalen Astor, b. 1786; m. 1st, Gov. Adrien B. Bentzen, of Santa Cruz, 1807; 2d, Rev. John Bristed, 1819; d. 1854. 	October 6 1890 m. lat. Lanta	9 Charles Astor Bristad he	 Mary Symphorosa Bristed. Katharine Elizabeth Grace Bristed.
2. John Jacob Astor, b. 1788; d. 1834.			
 Eliza Astor, b. 1790; m Count Rumpff, 1825; d. 1836 			
4. William Backhouse Astor, b. 1792; m. Margaret Alida Armatrong, 1318; d. 1875.	Samuel Ward, 1838; d. 1841. 2. John Jacob Astor, b. 1822.	1838; m. John Winthrop Chanler, 1856; d. 1875.	1888. Div. 1895. 1898. Div. 1895. 1803. m. Margaret Terry, 1882, and had issue: I. Langa Astor Chanler, 2. John Miller, 1892. And had issue: I. Langa Astor Chanler, 2. John Miller, 1892. And Chanler, 4. 1892. Miller 1894. 1894. Miller 1894. 1894. Miller 1895. 1895. Miller 1895. 1895. Miller 1895. 1895. Miller 1895. 1896. Miller 1895. 1896. Miller 1895. 1896. Miller 1896.
-	m. Charlotte Augusta Gibbes, 1846; d. 1890.	1848; m. Mary Dahlgren Paul, 1878; she died 1895.	1879; m. Nannie Langhorne Shaw, 1906; issue, 1907, son; daughter, 1909; a sou 1912. 2. Pauline Astor, b. 1880; m. Capt. H. Spender Clay, 1904; issue 1905, a daughter; 1910, a daughter; d. 1912.

Onn	THE ASTO		Canal Casal Casa dalui
CHILDREN.	Grandohildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Graudchildren.
 William Backhouse Astor (Continued). 			 John Jacob Astor, b. 1886. Gwendolin, b. 1889; d. 1902.
	 Laura Astor, b. 1824; m. Franklin Delano, 1841; d. 1902. 		
	 Mary Alida Astor, b. 1826; m. John Carey, 1850; d. 1881. 	l. Arthur Astor Carey; m. Agnes Whiteside, 1889.	1. Reginald Carey, b. 1890. 2. Arthur Graham Carey, b. 1892.
	·	2. Henry Astor Carey; d. 1893	3. Alida Carey, b. 1893. 4. Frances, b. 1898.
		3. Margaret Laura Carey; m. 1st. Baron M. de Steurs; 2d. Count Wm. Elliot Zborowsky. He was killed April 1, 1903; she d. 1911.	Margaret Eugenia Victorine de Steurs. John Herbert Eugene Fran- cois de Steurs. Hubert Victor Arthur de Steurs.
			4. A son, — Zborowski, b.
	5. William Astor, b. 1830, d. 1889; m. Caroline Webster Schermerhorn, 1863; d. 1908.	 Emily Astor, b. 1854; m. James J. Van Alen, 1876; d. 1881. 	1. Mary Van Alen, b. 1876. 2. Janes Laurens Van Alen, b. 1878; m. 1900, Marçarel Louise Post, and had Issue James Henry Van Alen, b. 1902 Louise Astor Van Alen, b. 1913 Sarah Steward Van Alen, b. 1881; m. 1902, Robert J. F. Collier.
			2. Helen Rebecca Roosevelt b. 1881.
		 Charlotte Augusta Astor, b- 1858; m. lat, J. Coleman Drayton, 1879; 24. George Ogilvy Haig, 1896. 	1. Caroline Astor Drayton, b 1880; m. William Philipse 1810, issue, a daughter, 1919. 2. Henry Coleman Drayton, b 1883; m. Constance Knower Jan. 21, 1905. 3. Wm. Astor Drayton, b. 1888 m. Helen Fargo Squiers, 1912. 4. Alida Livingston Drayton b. 1890; d. 1898.
	ė	4. Caroline Schermerhorn Astor, b. 1861; m. Marshall Orme Wilson, 1884.	1. Marshall Orme Wilson Ir
	3000	5. John Jacob Astor, b. 1864; m. Ava Lowle Willing, 1891; div. 1909; 2d, Madeleine Talmage Force, Sept.9, 1911. He d. 1912.	 Wm. Vincent Astor, b. 1891. Ava Alice Muriel Astor, b. 1902. John Jacob Astor, b. 1912.
	6. Henry Astor, b. 1832; m. Malvina Dinehart, 1852.		
 Henry Astor, b. 1794; d. 1808. Dorothea Astor, b. 1795; m. Walter Langdon, 1812; d. 1853. 	1 Sarah Langdon, b. 1813; m. Francis R. Boreel, 1834; d.	1. William Walter Astor Boreel, b. 1838; m. Mary Emily Mil- bank; d. 1892.	I. Robert John Ralph Boreel m. Miss Ives.
1000,	100.0	2. Eliza Boreel; m. Baron H. W. Pallandt; d.	-
		3. Alfred Boreel; m. daughter of Baron de Mydrecht.	
	1	4. Robert Boreel; d. 1896.	
		5. Daughter; m. Baron Otto Groenice.	
		6. Daughter, unmarried; d.	
	2. John J. A. Langdon, b. 1814; d. 1837.		
	 Eliza Langdon, b. 1816; m. Matthew Wilks, 1842; d. 1899. 	1. Eliza Wüks; m. Byam K Stevens, 1869.	
		2. Alice Wilks, m. William N Kesfer, M. D.	2. Petrena Keefer. 3. Eliza Christine Keefer.
		3. Langdon Wilks, b. 1855; m Pauline Kingsmill, 1891.	•
		4. Matthew Astor Wilks, b 1844; m. Sylvia Green, 1909.	
		5. Katherine Langdon Wilks.	
	4. Louisa Langdon, b. 1819; m Delancey Kane, 1841.	1. Walter Langdon Kane; b 1851; m. Mary Hunter 1877 d, 1898,	 Carolyn Hunter Kane, b.1880 m. Edgar Morris Phelps, 1900 and had Issue: I. Walter Kan Phelps, b. 1901; 2. Henry Detailed Phelps, b.1902, Helen Dorothy Kane.

THE ASTORS .- Continued

CHILDREN,	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
5. Dorothea Astor (Continued).		 Delancey Astor Kane, b. 1844; m. Eleanor Iselin, 1872. 	1. Delancey Iselin Kane.
		3. John Innes Kane, b. 1855 m. Annie Schermerhorn, 1878.	
-	I	4. Louisa Langdon Kane.	,
		 Emily Astor Kane; m. Augustus Jay, 1876. 	1. Delancey Kane Jay. 2. Peter Augustus.
	1	6. Sybil Kent Kane.	
		7. Woodbury Kane; m. Mrs. Sallie Hargous Elliott, 1905; d. 1905.	
		8. Samuel Nicholson Kane; d. 1906.	
	 Walter Langdon, b. 1821; m. Catherine Livingston, 1847; d. 1893. 		
	 Woodbury Langdon, b. 1824; m. Helen Colford Jones, 1847; d. 1892. 	 Woodbury Gersdorf Lang- don, b. 1850; m. Sophia E. Montgomery, 1882. 	1. Sophie E. Langdon, b. 188. m. Barrett P. Tyler, 1911. 2. Woodbury G. Langdon, Jr. 3. 1
			4. Three younger children. 5.
14	7. Cecilia Langdon, b. 1827; m.	1. Eugene de Notbeck, b. 1852.	
	Jean de Notheck, 1849.	2. Cecilia de Notbeck, b. 1856.	
		3. A daughter.	
		4. A son.	
	 Eugene Langdon, b. 1832; m. Harriet Lowndes, 1859; 	 Marion Langdon, b. 1864; m. Royal Phelps Carroll, 1891. 	1. Marion Dorothea Carroll.
	d. 1868.	 Anne L. Langdon, b. 1865; m. Howard Townsend, 1894. 	 Sophie W. Townsend. Anne Langdon Townsend. Howard Van Renssela. Townsend. Eugene Langdon Townsend

THE ROCKEFELLERS.

DESCENDANTS OF WILLIAM A. ROCKEFELLER.* | Born 1810; married Eliza Davison.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
 John D. Rockefeller, b. 1839; m. Laura C. Spelman, 1864. 	 Ellzabeth Rockefeller, b. 1866 m. Prof. Charles A. Strong. 1889; d. 1906. 		
	2. Alta Rockefeller, b. 1871; m. 1901, E. Parmalee Prentice.	1. John R. Prentice, b. 1902. 2. Mary Adeline Prentice, b. Nov. 29, 1907.	
	 Edith Rockefeller, b. 1872 m. Harold F. McCormick, 1895. 	I. John Rockefeller McCormick, b. 1897; d. 1901. 2. Harold Fowler McCormick.	
		b. 1898. 3. Muriel McCormick, b. 1902. 4. Edith McCormick, b. 1903.	
-	 John D. Rockefeller, Jr., b. 1874; m. Abby Greene Aldrich, 1901. 		
		3. Nelson Aldrich Rockefeller, b. 1908.	
2. William Rockefeller h 1841	l. William G. Rockefeller, b.	4. A son, b. 1910. 5. A son b. 1912.	
m. Almira Geraldine Good- sell, 1864.	1870; m. Elsie Stillman, 1896. 2. Emma Rockefeller, b. 1868;		
	m. Dr. David Hunter Mc- Alpin, 1896.		
3. Percy Aver 1878; m. Is 1901.	 Percy Avery Rockefeller, b. 1878; m. Isabel G. Stillman, 1901 	I. Isabel Rockefeller, b. 1902. 2. Avery Rockefeller, b. 1904.	
	1301	3. Winitred Rockefeller, b. 1905.	
	4. Ethel Geraldine Rockefeller.	4. Faith Rockefeller, b. 1909. 5. Gladys Rockefeller, b. 1910.	
	b. 1882; m. Marcellus Hart- ley Dodge, 1907		

^{*} Previous ancestors:—John Rockefeller born in Germany in 1634. Johann Peter, his son, born in Germany in 1682. This man emigrated to America with his cousin Diell, and from these two all the Rockefellers in the country are descended. Peter Rockefeller, his son, born in Segenderf, Germany, in 1711. He married Mary Bellis. William, their son, born in Amwell, N. J., in 1566. He married Christina Rockefeller, who was a daughter of Simons, who was a grand-daughter of Diell, the other enigrant. This marriage makes all the descendants of both Diell and Johann Peter related to the present John D. Godfrey, their son, born in Germantown, N. Y., Sept. 24, 1783. He married Lucy Avery.

THE MORCANS.

DESCENDANTS OF JUNIUS SPENCER MORGAN.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
1. John Pierpont Morgan, b.	1. Louisa Pierpont Morgan, b.	1. Mabel Morgan Satterlee.	
1837; m. 1st, Amelia Sturges; 2d. 1865, Frances Louise Tracy.		2. Eleanor Morgan Satterles.	
V	 John Pierpont Morgan, Jr., b. 1867; m. 1890, Jane Norton Grew. 		
	varew.	2. Jane Norton Morgan. 3. Frances Tracy Morgan.	
		4. Henry Sturgis Morgan.	
/	2 1-11 A PI		
	 Juliet Plerpont Morgan, b. 1870; m. 1894, William Pier- 	2. Pierpont Morgan Hamilton.	
•	son Hamilton.	3. Laurens Morgan Hamilton.	
		4. Alexander Hamilton.	
		5. Eliza' eth Schuyler Hamilton	
	4. Anne Tracy Morgan, b. 1873.		
	1. Junius Spencer Morgan; m	1. Sarah Spencer Morgan.	
1839; m. 1866, George Hale Morgan; she d. 1896; he d.	Josephine Adams Perry.	2. Alexander Perry Morgan:	
1911.	2. Caroline Lucy Morgan.		
	 George D. Morgan; m. Yuki Kato, Jan. 21, 1904. 		
 Mary Lyman Morgan, b. 1844; m. 1867, Walter Haynes Burns; he diad 1897. 			
	2. Walter Spencer Morgan	1. Daughter b. 1908.	
	Burns; m. Evelyn Cavendish Bentinck, Feb. 9, 1907.	2. Son, b. 1911.	
	 Mary Burns; m. 1901, Lewis Vernon Harcourt. 	1. Doris Vernon Harcourt.	
	veruon fiarcourt.	2. Olivia Harcourt.	
		3. Daughter.	
		4. Son.	
 Junius Spencer Morgan, b. 1846; d. 1858. 			
5. Juliet Pierpont Morgan, v.	l. Uraula Junius Morgan.		
1847; m. 1867, Rev. John B. Morgan.	2. John Junius Morgan.		

DESCENDANTS OF JOHN W. MACKAY.

Born at Dublin, Ireland, 1831; m. Marie Louise Hungerford-Bryant (w.) 1867; died July 20, 1902

CHILDREN.	Grandchildten.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Eva Bryant Mackay (adopted);	1. Andrea Galatro-Colonna.		
m. 1885 Poince de Galatro- Colonna (afterward Prince	2. Bianca Galatro-Colonna.		
di Stigliano).	3. Marco Galatro-Colonna.		
1. John W. Mackay, Jr., b.			
Aug. 12, 1870; d. Parie, Oct. 18, 1895 (unmarried).			
2. Clarence H. Mackay; b.April	1. Katherine Duer Mackay, b.		
17, 1874; ni. 1898 Katherine	1900.		
Duer.	2. Ellin Duer Mackay, b. 1903.		
	2 T. b. My M		

THE HAVEMEYERS.

DESCENDANTS OF WILLIAM FREDERICK HAVEMEYER.

Born in New York, 1804; married Sarah Agnes Craig, 1828; died November 30, 1874.

Grandenmaren.	Great-Grandenidren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
1. William F. H. Armstrong; m. Jennie Herrman.		
1. Harriet Francis Havemeyer.		
2. John Francis Havemever:	I. Helen Mitchell Havemeyer.	
m. Mary Hayward Milchell,	2. John Francis Havemeyer.	
3. Alice Louise Havemeyer, m. Thos. L. Moore, 1910.		
1. William Moller Havemeyer; d. 1900.		
	1. William F. H. Armstrong m. Jenuie Herrman. I. Harriet Francis Havemeyer, 2. John Francis Havemeyer, m. Mary Hayward Mitchell 1899. 3. Alice Louise Havemeyer, m. Thos. L. Moore, 1910. 1. William Moller Havemeyer, d. 1900.	1. William F. H. Armstrong m. Jennie Herrman. 1. Harriet Francis Havemeyer. 2. John Francis Havemeyer. 1. Helen Mitchell Havemeyer. 1. Mary Hayward Mitchell. 2. John Francis Havemeyer. 3. Alice Louise Havemeyer, m. Thes. L. Moore, 1910. 1. William Moller Havemeyer. 4. 1900. 2. William F. Havemeyer. 2d.

THE HAVEMEYERS-Continued.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
d. Henry Havemeyer (Con- tinued).	3. J. Blanche Havemeyer; m. Adair Campbell.	4 children.	_
	4. Edythe Havemeyer.		
	5. Agnes J. Havemeyer; m. Burnham; d. 1893.	•	
	6. Harry Havemeyer; d		
 Hector Craig Havemeyer; d. December, 1889. 			
 James Havemeyer, b. 1842; m. Delia Conklin, 1870. She 	Adah Bryant.	1	
d. Nov. 5, 1911. He d. Aug. 18, 1912.	 Agnes Havemeyer; m. Fene- lon C. Cattus. She d. 1911. 		
7. Laura Amelia Havemeyer;		1. Charles W. Hall.	
m. Nov.30, 1869, Isaac Walker Maclay. He died 1909. She		2. Archibald Maclay Hall.	•
d. Nov., 1912.		3. Hector Craig Hall.	
	2. Agnes Craig Maclay.		
	 Wm. F. Havemeyer Maclay. m. May Yourtee. 		
	4. Henry Havemeyer Maclay. d.		
A	5. Archibald Maclay.		
	6. Laura Grace Muclay.		
 Charles W. Havemeyer; m. Julia Loomis, 1874; d. 1895 	l. Julia Loomis Havemeyer.		
	2. Loomis Havemeyer.		
9. William Frederick Have- meyer, b. March 31, 1850; m. Josephine Harmon, 1877. She d, 1898		1 child.	
	 Martha J. Havemeyer, b. 1879; m. William R. Willcox, 1903. 		
	3. Arthur Havemeyer, b. 1882.	2 children.	
	4. Raymond Havemeyer, b.		

DESCENDANTS OF FREDERICK CHRISTIAN HAVEMEYER.

Born in New York,	February 5, 1807; married	d Sarah L. Henderson, 183	1; died July 28, 1891.
CHILDREN. 1. Frederick Christian Have-		Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
meyer; b. 1832; m. 1862, Josephine Hewlett; d. 1910.			
 Mary O. Havemeyer; b. 1834; m. 1858, J. L. Elder; d. 1865. 	 Frederick H. Elder, b. 1859 died unmarried, 1885. 		
	2. Minnie H. Elder, b. 1861; m McCoskry Butt, 1884.	1. Robert McCoekry Butt; b. 1884.	
		2. Laurence H. Butt; b. 1886.	
 Charles B. Havemeyer; died in infancy. 			
 George W. Havemeyer; b. 1837; d. 1861; unmarried. 			
meyer, b. New York, May 17,	meyer, b. New York, 1864; m.	 Emily A. Mayer, b. 1885; m. J. G. Willis, 1906. 	1
1839; m. October 12, 1863, Emily De Loosey; d. April 28 1897.	John Mayer, August 1884; d. Mahwah, N. J., 1900. He d. 1912.	2. John Ed. Mayer, b. 1887; m. 1907, Natalie Foote.	1. John Mayer, 3d, b. 1908.
10 1001.	1 *****	3. Rowland Mayer, b. 1892.	
		4. Joseph Mayer, b. Rome, Italy, 1900.	
	2. Emily Blanche Havemeyer, b. Westchester, N. Y., 1865; m. Ed. Clarkson Potter, January, 1885.	ber, 1885; m. Lisa B. Mar-	1. Catharine Potter, b. May 17 1906. 2. Edward C. Potter, 3d. 1909.
		 Dorothea Havemeyer Potter, b.1887; m.Wm.G.Coogan,1907. 	 Wm. G. Coogan, b. 1908. Theo. H. Coogan, b. 1909. Emily Coogan, b. 1911.
		 Emily De Loosey Potter, b. 1889; m. C. H. Jackson, 1911. 	1. Emily L. Jackson, b. d912.
		 Thomas Wyndeat Potter, b. 1891. 	
		5. Marie Blanche Potter, b. 1892.	
		 Theodore Havemeyer Potter, 1893. 	
		7. Charles Robert Potter, b. 1895.	
•		8. Julia Blatchford Potter, b. 1898.	

THE HAVEMEYERS-Continued.

CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
5. Theodore Augustus Have- meyer (Continued).		9. Lillian Fredericka Potter, b- 1899.	
		10. Richard Milford B. Potter, b. 1900.	
		11. Eleanor May Potter, b. 1902.	
	3. Charles Frederick Have meyer, b. New York, 1867; m. Camilla Moss, 1890; d. 1898.	b. 1892,m. Vida Bispham, 1912.	
		 Charles Frederick Have- meyer, b. 1898. 	
	 Theodore A. Havemeyer, Jr. b. 1868; m. Katherine Aymas Sands, 1893. 		
	5. Blanche Maximilian Have-	1. Natalie Duncan, b. 1892.	
•	meyer, b. Vienna, 1871; m. William Butler Duncan, Jr., 1891.	2. David Duncan, b. 1893.	
		3. Dorothy Duncan, b. 1901.	
		4. William B. Duncan, 3d, b. 1903.	
	6. Marie Ida Pauline Have- meyer, b. 1872; m. Perry	1. Marion Tiffany, b. 1895.	
	Tiffany, 1894; 2d, H. F. God- frey, 1906.	1897.	
	1	3. H. F. Godfrey, Jr., b. 1906.	
	Jr., b. 1876; m. Charlotte	1. Carlotta Havemeyer, b. 1901. 2. Henry Osborne Havemeyer, 3d. b. 1903.	
	Whiting, 1900.	3d. b. 1903.	
	1	3. Florence Havemeyer, b. 1905.	
		4. Fraderick Christian Have- meyer, 4th; b. 1908.	
	8. Theodora Havemeyer, b.	1. Natalie Emily Winslow, h.	
	1878; m. Lieut-Com. Cameron McCrea Winslow, U. S. N.,	2. Henry Cameron McCrea	
	1899.	Winslow, b. 1901.	
	·	3. Theodora Winslow, b. 1903.	
		4. Emily Winslow, b. 1904.	
	9 E 1 1 2 0 1 1 1 1	5. John Winslow, b. 1908.	
	9. Frederick Christian Have- meyer, 3d, b. 1879; m. Lillie Harriman Travers, 1906.		
 Kate B. Havemeyer; b. 1843; m. Louis J. Belloni, Jr., 1863. 			
	2. Kate H. Belloni; m. Lau- rence Griffith.	1. Louie Belloni Griffith. 2. Catherine H. Griffith.	
	3. Sadie H. Belloni.	- Cumerine II. Grimen.	
	4. George (Miss) H. Belloni; m Dr. George E. McLaughlin	1. Katherine Havemeyer Mc-	
7. Thos. J. Havemeyer, b. 1845;	Dr. George E. McLaughlin.,	Laughlin.	*****
d. 1899.			
 Henry O. Havemeyer, b. New York, Oct. 18, 1847; d.1908, m. Mary L. Elder, 1870; 2d, Louisine Waldron Elder, 1883, 	 Adaline Havemeyer, b. 1884; m. P. H. B. Frelinghuysen, 1907. 	Ben, D. 1909.	
		2. George Frelinghuysen, b. 1911.	
	 Horace Havemeyer, b. 1886; m. Doria Anna Dick, Feb. 28, 1911. 		
	 Electra Havemeyer, b. 1888; m. James Watson Webb. 1910. 	l	
 Sarah Louise Havemeyer; b. 1849; m. Frederick Wendell Jackson, 1884. 	 Charles H. Jackson, b. 1885; m. Emily De Loosey Potter, 1911. 	1. Emily L. Jackson, b. 1912.	
	2. Louise A. Jackson, b. 1887.		
 Warren H. Havemeyer, b. 1849; d. 1851. 			•
	THE F	IELDS.	
	DESCENDANTS OF ., 1835; m. 1st, Nannie D.	MARSHALL FIELD. Scott, 1863; 2d, Delia Sper	
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
Nov. 27, 1905; she m. M.	2. Henry Field, b. 1895.		
Drummond.	3. Gwendolyn Field, b. 1902.		
2. Ethel Field, b. 1873; m. 1st, Arthur Tree, 1891; 2d, Capt. David Beatty, D. S. O., 1901.	1. Ronald Lambert Field Tree, b. 1897.		
David Beauy, D. S. O., 1901.	2. David Field Beatty, b. 1905. 3. Peter Beatty, b. 1910.		

	THE BEL DESCENDANTS OF .	MONTS. AUGUST BELMONT. 1849, Caroline Slidell Per	
Born at Alzey, German	ny, Dec. 8, 1816; married,	1849, Caroline Slidell Per	ry; died Nov. 24, 1890.
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
 Perry Belmont, b. 1850; m. 1899, Jessie Robbins. 			
9. August Belmont, b. 1853; m.	 August Belmont, Jr., b. 1882; 	1. Bessie Morgan Belmont, b.	
1st, 1881, Elizabeth Hamilton Morgan; she died 1898; m. 2d,	m. Alice W.de Goicouria, 1906		
Eleanor Robson, 1910.		 August Belmont III., b. 1909. Alice de Goicouria Belmont, 	
		b. 1910.	
	 Raymond Belmont, b. 1888, m. Ethel Lorraine, 1912. 		
e Oline H. D. Palment h 1959.	3. Morgan Belmont, b. 1892.		
 Oliver H. P. Belmont, b. 1858; d. 1908; m. 1st, Sara Swan 	 Natica, b. 1884; m. Wm. Proudfit Burden, April 17, 1907; d. Feb. 21, 1908. 		
d. 1908; m. 1st, Sara Swar Whiting, 1883; 2d, Alva E. Smith (Vanderbilt), 1896.	1907; d. Feb. 21, 1908.		
4. Frederika, b. 1854; m. 1877.			
 Frederika, b. 1854; m. 1877, Samuel S. Howland; d. 1902. 			
Raymond Belmont, b. 1866;		1	
d. 1887. 6. Jane P. Belmont; b. 1856; d.			
1875.			
	THE WH	ITNEYS.	
Born in Conway, Frankli Henry B. Payne, of	DENDANTS OF WILL) in Co., Mass., July 5, 184 Ohio, who died Feb. 4, 18	ITNEYS. 1: AM COLLINS WHITN 1: married, 1st, 1869, Floi 193; 2d, Sept. 28, 1896, Mrs	IEY. ra B. Payne, daughter o . Edith Sybil Randolph
		Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Grandennaten:
 Marry Payne Whitney, b. in New York, April 29, 1872; m. Gertrude Vanderbilt, 1896. 	 Flora Payne Whilney, b. 1897. 		
Gertrude Vanderbilt, 1896.	2. Cornelius V. Whitney, b.1899.		
	3. Barbara Whitney, b. 1903.		
2. Pauline Whitney; m. Almeric			
Hugh Paget, 1895.	2. Dorothy Windham Paget.		
3. Payne Whitney; m. Helen			
Hay, 1902.	 John Hay Whitney, b. Aug. 17, 1904. 		
4. Dorothy Payne Whitney; m.			
Willard Straight, 1911.			
5. Child; d. Feb. 3, 1883.			
Born at Leitersberg, Wa	THE LI DESCENDANTS OF LE shington Co., Md., 1834; died at Bar Harbo	EITERS. VI ZEIGLER LEITER married Mary Theresa (r, Me., June 6, 1904.	Carver, October 18, 1866
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Graudchildren.
1. Joseph Leiter, b. in Chicago,	1. Son, b. 1909; died 1909.		
December 4, 1868; m. June 10, 1908, Juliette Williams.	2. Son, b. July, 1910.		
	3. Son, born Feb. 25, 1912.		
2. Mary Victoria Leiter, b. May 27, 1870; m. April 22, 1895,	1. Mary Irene Curzon. 2. Cynthia Blanche Curzon.		·
itt. Hom. George mathadie			
Kedleston, ex-Viceroy of In-	3. Alexandria N. Curzon.		
dia; d. 1906.			
 Nancy Lathrop Carver Leiter: m. November 29, 1904, Major Colin Powys Campbell. 	9. Many Campbell, b. 1908		
Colin Powys Campbell.	3. John Campbell, b. 1909;d.1911		
4. Marguerite Hyde Leiter: m	1. Charles Henry George How		
Dec.26, 1904, Henry Molyneus	1. Charles Henry George How ard, Lord Andover, b. 1906.		
Paget Howard, Earl of Suffolk			
	3. Greville Howard, b. 1909.		<u> </u>
Bo	DESCENDANTS OF	OELETS. F ROBERT GOELET. arried Sarah Ogden; died	1879.
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
1. Robert Goelet, b. New York,	1. Robert Walton Goelet, b		
Sept. 29, 1841; m. Henrietta	March 19, 1880.		<u> </u>
April 27, 1899. She d. 1912.	2. Beatrice Goelet; d. 1897.		
 Ogden Goelet, b. June 11 1846; m. May R. Wilson, 1877 	1. Robert Goelet; m. Elsi	e 1. Ogden Goelet, b.Jan.17,1907.	
1846; m. May R. Wilson, 1877	Whelen, 1904.	2. Peter Gerry Goelet, b. 1911,	7
d. Aug. 27, 1897.	2. May Goelet; m. the Duke o	f	

THE LORILLARDS.

	DESCENDANTS OF	PETER LORILLARD.	
Born	March 17 1796 · married	Catherine Griswold died 18	V:7

Great-Grandchildren. Great-Great-Grandchildren.

Grandchildren.

 Pierre Lorillard, b. 1833; m. Emily Taylor, 1858; d. 1901. 	 Emily Lorillard, b. 1858; m. William Kent, 1881. 	 William Kent, Jr., b. April 14, 1882. 	
,	,	2. Emily L. Kent, b. Oct. 23, 1884.	
		3. Peter L. Kent, b. March 3, 1887.	
	·	4. Richard Kent, b. Feb. 5, 1904.	
	m. Caroline J. Hamilton, 1881.	1. Pierre Lorillard,3d, b.March 10, 1882.	
	She died March 25, 1909.	2. Griswold Lorillard, b. June, 1885.	
	 Griewold N. Lorillard, b. 1863; d. 1888, unmarried. 		
	Tailer 1992: 9d Coall Baring	1. Lorillard Tailer, b. Dec. 25, 1897.	
	London, England, Nov. 8,	2. Dapine Baring, b. Feb., 1904.	
2. George L. Lorillard, mar-	1902.	3. Daughter b. Oct., 1905.	
ried.	No issue.		
3. Louis L. Lorillard; m. Kath-	1. Louis L. Lorillard, Jr.		
	2. George L. Lorillard.		
	 Beekman Lorillard; m. 1903, Kathleen Doyle. She d.1912. 		
 Jacob Lorillard; m. Frances A. Uhlhorn. 	 Augusta Lorillard; m. Will- iam H. Sands. 		
		2. Anita L. Sands.	
	Ernest E. Lorillard; m. Eliza- beth K. Screven.	l Mary V. R. Lorillard.	
	3. Jacob Lorillard, Jr.		•
5. Eva Lorillard; m. Col. Law-			
	2. Eva Maria Kip; d. 1870.		
	3. Edith Kip; m. Richard Mc-	1. Lawrence McCreery, 1896.	
	Creery; div. 1904; m. 2d, Henry T. Coventry, 1907.	2. Victor H. Coventry, 1909.	
		3. A son, b. 1911.	
 Mary Lorillard; m. Henry I. Barbey. 	2. Mary L. Barbey; m. Alfred	1 Maria Satan	
	Seton, Jr.		
	2000,011	2. Helen Seton. 3. Henry Seton.	
	3. Ethel Lynde Barbey; m.1895,		
7		2. Emily Rita Norrie.	
		3. Valerie Norrie.	
4	4 Helene Barber: m. Count		
	4. Helene Barbey; m. Count Hermann de Pourtales.	2. Alex. Pourtales.	
		3. Jacquelin Pourtales.	
	5. Eva Barbey; m. Baron Andre		
	de Neuflize.		
	6. Rita Barbey.		
	7. Pierre L. Barbey.		
 Catherine Lorillard; m. James P. Kernochan. 	 James Lorillard Kernochan m. Eloise Stevenson; d. 1903. 		
	2. Catherine Lorillard Kerno-	1. Herbert C. Pell, Jr.	
		2. Clarence C. Pell.	
	DESCENDANT OF A	RNECIES. NDREW CARNEGIE.	7771-144-14
		25, 1835; married, 1887, Lo	Great-Great-Grandchildren
CHILDREN.	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Grandeninien.
Margaret Carnegie o. 1897.	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	of his late buother Thomas at
There are relatives of Mr. (Pitteburgh, Pa., but Andrew Ca	Carnegie residing in the United arnegie is alone the founder of t	States, including the family on the American multi-millionaire fa	mily.
75 FIG.	THE AF	MOURS.	ITR
Born in Stockbridge	SUENDANTS OF PHIL N. V. May 16, 1832: marr	IP DANFOR TH ARMO ied, 1862, Malvina Belle Og	den; died Jan. 6, 1901.
CHILDREY,	Grandchildren.	Great-Grandchildren.	Great-Great-Grandchildren.
1. Jonathan Ogden Armour, b. 1863; m. Lolita Sheldon.			
2. Philip Danforth Armour, Jr.,	1. Philip Danforth Armour, 3d	,	
b. 1869; m. 1890; d. 1900.	b. 1894. 2. Lester Armour, b. 1896.		

The American Bonapartes.

PRINCE JEROME BONAPARTE (King of Westphalia), born Ajaccio, Corsica, November 15, 1784; died at Ville Genis, near Paris, June 24, 1860, Married, first, at Baltimore, Md., December 24, 1803, Elizabeth, daughter of William Patterson, Esq. She was born at Baltimore, February 6, 1785, and died in that city April 4, 1879, The issue of the marriage was:

Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, born at Camberwell, England, July 7, 1805; died at Baltimore, Md., June 17, 1870. Married, November 3, 1829, Susan May, daughter of Benjamin Williams, who was born in Roxbury, Mass., but spent his life in Baltimore, Md. She was born April 2, 1812, and died September 15, 1881, The issue of the marriage was:

(1) Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, born at Baltimore, Md.. November 5, 1830; died at Beverly, Mass., September 3, 1893. He was educated at and graduated from West Point Military Academy, and served for two years in the American Army, entered the French Army in 1854, took part in the Crimean and Italian campaigns and resigned after seventeen years' service at the close of the Franco-German war, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

He was married September 7, 1871, to Caroline Le Roy, daughter of Samuel Applicton, granddaughter of Daniel Webster, and widow of Newbold Edgar. She died November 19, 1911. The issue of the marriage was:

- (1) Louise Eugenie Bonaparte, born February 7, 1873, Married December 29, 1896, Comte Adam de Mokke-Huitfeidt, of Denmark, and has issue; (1) Marie Louise Caroline, born November 7, 1897; (2) Leon Charles Joseph, born November 14, 1898; (3) Jerome Eugene Otto, born January 14, 1902; (4) Adam Nicolas, born May 17, 1908; (5) Another son.
- (2) Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, born Paris, France, February 26, 1878, Harvard B, A, and Georgetown University. Lives in Washington, D. C. Unmarried.
- (2) Charles Joseph Bonaparte, born at Baltimore, Md., June 9, 1851. Married September 1, 1875. Ellen Channing, daughter of Thomas Mills Day, of Hartford, Ct. No issue. Mr. Bonaparte is a Harvard B. A., 1871; LL. B., 1875; a lawyer. Was Secretary of the Navy from July 1, 1905, to December 17, 1906, and Attorney-General of the United States from December 17, 1906, to March 5, 1909.

One Bundred Rears Ago.

1813.

- JAMES MADISON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; GEORGE III., KING OF ENGLAND (THE PRINCE OF WALES, REGENT); NAPOLEON, EMPEROR OF FRANCE; FRANCIS I., EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA; FREDERICK WILLIAM III., KING OF PRUSSIA; ALEXANDER I., EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.
- The Americans, under General Winchester, captured the town.
- February 25-The British sloop-of-war Peacock was captured by the American ship Hornet.
- March 1-Alliance was signed between Austria-Russia and Prussia against France.
- March 4-James Madison was inaugurated President for a second term.
- April 27-Battle of York, Canada, between the Americans and British. The Americans won.
- May 9-Battle of Fort Meigs, between the Americans and British in Canada. The Americans won.
- May 29-Battle of Sacketts Harbor, N. Y. Americans, under General Brown, defeated the British, under General Prevost.
- June 1-The American frigate Chesapeake was taken by the British frigate Shannon. Captain Lawrence, the American commander. was killed. ("Don't Give Up the Ship.")

- January 22-Battle of Frenchtown, Canada. | June 21-Wellington defeated Joseph Bonaparte and Marshal Jourdan at Vittoria, Spain.
 - September 5-The American brig Enterprise captured the British brig Boxer off the coast of Maine.
 - September 10-Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry won his great victory over the British in the Battle of Lake Erie. ("We Have Mete the Enemy and They Are Ours.")
 - October 5-Battle of the Thames between the Americans, under General Harrison, and the British under General Proctor; an American victory.
 - October 8-Wellington, having defeated the French in several engagements in the Peninsular war, entered France.
 - October 16-19-Great Battle of Leipzic; Napoleon defeated.
 - November 17-Holland and Beigium were united and the Prince of Orange was pro-claimed sovereign Prince of the United Netheriands.
 - December 10-Buffalo town was burned by the British.

Record of Events in 1912.

Feb. 12. The republic was established in China by the abdication of the Emperor and the retirement of the Manchu dynasty. Yuan Shi Kal was elected President of the republic by the National Assembly Feb. 15.

March 7. Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, announced the discovery of the South Pole on Dec. 14, 1911.

March 14. A band of Virginia mountaineers "shot up" the court at Hillsville, Va., and killed the judge and other court officials.

April 15. The White Star liner Titanic foundered in mid-ocean after striking an iceberg. 1.503 persons were drowned, 703 saved by lifeboats.

May 15. King Christian X, ascended the throne of Denmark.

July 30. Mutsuhito. Emperor of Japan, died after a reign of forty-four years. He

was succeeded by the Crown Prince Yoshihito.

Oct. S. Montenegro declared war against Turkey, followed by Bulgaria, Servia and Greece, and the invasion of Turkish territory. Many battles were fought until hostilities between the Balkan States and Turkey were suspended by an armistice signed Dec. 3.

Oct. 15. A treaty of peace between Italy and Turkey was signed at Lausanne.

Switzerland, Tripoli being ceded to Italy,

Nov. 5. Presidential, Congressional and State elections were held in the United States. Nov. 12. Premier Canalejas of Spain was assassinated by an anarchist.

Jan. 2. Dr. Sun Yat Sen was installed at Nanking as Provisional President of the Republic

of China. Jan. 4. President Taft issued a proclamation recognizing the admission of New Mexico to the

Union as a State.

Jan. 9. A great fire destroyed the home building of the Equitable Life Assurance Society in New York, involving loss of life.

Jan. 9. American troops were ordered from

Mania to China to guard the railways.

Jan. 10. The Caillaux Ministry in France resigned. The Poincare Ministry succeeded Jan. 14.

Jan. 11. Dr. Jacob Stuart Hibben was elected President of Princeton University by the trustees.

Jan. 12. Itali in the Red Sea. Italian cruisers sank seven gunboats

A great strike of textile mill workers Jan. 12. Mass., began and was followed for at Lawrence,

weeks by rioting.

Jan. 13. In the German Reichstag elections, the Socialists made large gains, securing 64 mem-

bers. The Supreme Court of the United Jan. 14. States upheld the constitutionality of the Employers' Liability law.

Jan. 16. At Osaka, Japan, 5,000 buildings

Jan. 16. At Osaka, Japan, 5,000 buildings were destroyed by fire, rendering 30,000 people

homeless Jan. 16. President Taft warned the Cuban Government that the United States would intervene if

the military continued to interfere in political affairs.

Jan. 18. The President pardoned Charles W. Morse, the banker convicted and imprisoned for misuse of trust funds.

Jan. 18. The Turkish Chamber of Deputies was dissolved by Imperial decree.

Jan. 22. United States troops occupied Tien-

Jan. 22.

Jan. 25. The Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, was received at the White House by President Taft.

8. A mob at Quito lynched five insurgent including ex-President Alfaro. Jan. 28.

generals, including ex-President Anaro.

Jan. 29. Clarence S. Darrow, attorney for the
McNamaras, the Los Angeles labor union dyna-

Jan. 29. de la Companya del Companya de la Companya de la Companya del Companya de la Companya del Companya de la Companya de la Companya de la Companya de la Companya del Companya de la Companya del Companya de la Companya de la Companya de la Companya de la C Feb. 2 Gen. Bonilla assumed the Presidency of Honduras.

Feb. 2. A Grand Jury at Indianapolis returned forty-five indiotments in labor dynamiting

Feb. 5. Senator Eladio Victoria was elected President of the Dominican Republic.

Feb. 10. The United States Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections exonerated Senator Stephenson of charges of corruption in his election. President Taft proclaimed the admis-Feb. 14. sion of Arizona to statehood in the Union.

Feb. 14. A bill for the disestablishment of the Welsh Church was announced in the British Parliament.

Feb. 15. Adjutant-General Ainsworth, , was removed by the President for insubordination

Feb. 15. Two bank messengers were robbed by taxicab men in the New York financial district of \$12,000.

Feb. 20. The President nominated Mahlon Pit-ney of New Jersey for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court to succeed Justice Harlan.

Supreme Court to succeed Justice Harian.
Feb. 20. Gen. Li Yuen-hung was eleoted VicePresident of the Chinese Republic.
Feb. 21. A great fire at Houston, Tex.,
destroyed property valued at \$7,000,000.
Feb. 22. The Italian Parliament passed a de-

cree annexing Tripoli. Feb. 24 Textile strikers at Lawrence. Mass

were prevented from sending their children to Philadelphia and a riot ensued. Feb. 25. Col. Roosevelt assured seven Governors by letter that he would accept a Republican

nomination for President.

March 1. A strike of a million coal miners

began in Great Britain.

March 1. Suffragettes smashed hundreds of windows in London, 150 were arrested. March 2. The President issued a proclamation warning Americans to observe the neutrality laws

with Mexico.

Warch 7. The United States Senate ratified the treaties with Great Britain

France with amendments.

March 10. Yuan Shi Kai was inaugurated
President of China and proclaimed a general amnesty.

March 10. Dr. Talcott Williams was chosen director of the Pulitzer School of Journalism at

Columbia University.

March 12. The Federal Government began a suit against the Sugar Trust.

March 14. The Department of Justice began

March 14. suit for a dissolution of the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific merger.

March 14. An attempt to assassinate the King

March 14. An attempt to assassinate the King of Italy was made by an anarchist.

March 15. Dr. Wiley, chief chemist of the Department of Agriculture, resigned.

March 16. The hulk of the battleship Maine was raised in Havana Harbor and sunk in the open ocean,

March 18. A locomotive explosion on the Southern Pacific Railroad killed 32 strike-breakers and injured 54 other persons.

March 21. By a coal mine explosion at McCurtain, Okla., 52 men were killed.

March 22. Revolutionists overthrew the Govern-

ment in Paraguay.

March 23. Funeral services were held in Arlington Cemetery over the last victims recovered from the wrecked battleship Maine in Havana Harbor.

March 27. Secretary of State Knox left the United States on a visit to the Central American republics.

April -April — Floods in the Mississippi Valley devastated 200 square miles and rendered 30,000 people homeless, with a loss of \$50,000,000.

Paris.

April 3. Carony, the automobile bandit in ans, was captured by the police.

April 11. The Irish Home Rule bill was introduced in the British Parliament by Premier Asquith. It passed its first reading 360 to 266 on April 16.

April 18. The entrance to the Dardanelles was

bombarded by an Italian fleet.

April 18. The steamship Carpathia arrived in New York with survivors of the lTitanic disaster. April 19. The Senate directed a sweeping investigation of the Titanic disaster.

April 22. Twelve incendi property in Waterbury. Ct. Twelve incendiary fires burned much April 25. The anthracite coal strike in Pennsylvania was settled by allowing 10 per cent, in-

crease in wages. April 26. The bodies of John Jacob Astor and Isidor Straus, Titanic victims, were recovered at

April 26. There was a funeral procession with e remains of Gen. Frederick D. Grant in New the

York City.

April 28. A bazaar fire in Damascus, Syria, caused a loss of \$10,000,000.

April 29. The Department of Justice ordered the prosecution of the Harvester Trust.

May 1. The President in a message to Congress, denied that Japan was seeking a naval base in Magdalena Bay.

May 2. A British commission under Lord Mersey began an investigation of the Titanic disaster.

May 3. Lake Champlain commemorative cere-monies were celebrated at Crown Point, May 4. The Isle of Rhodes was seized by the

Italian fleet May Women suffragists paraded in New York City,
May 7. Ninth International Red Cross Confer-

ence was opened at Washington. May 7. The New Hampshire

Supreme Court decided that the Mary Baker Eddy trust to the Christian Science Church in Boston was valid,

May 11. President Hibben of Princeton University was installed.

May 13. Paraguayan rebels were defeated near Asuncion by Government troops.

May 13. The House of Representatives passed the Senate resolution for the direct election of

Senators by the people May 14. King Frederick VII, of Denmark died

suddenly from apoplexy in Hamburg.

May 15. San Diego, Cal., vigilantes tarred and

feathered anarchists. The National Socialist Convention at

May 11. The National Socialist Conference and Indianapolis nominated Eugene Debs for President and Emil Seidel for Vice-President.
May 19. Rev. C. T. V. Richeson was executed in Massachusetts for murdering Avis Linnell by

poison.

May 19. The super-dreadnought Texas was launched at Newport News.
May 21. The Massachusetts Legislature was the

May 21. The Massachusetts Legislature was the rest to adopt the direct vote for Senators constitutional amendment.

May 23. A decisive victory by the Mexican Government troops over the insurgents was gained at Rellano.

May 24. A negro rising against the Governbuilt.

May 24. A negro rising against the Government in Cuba broke out.

May 25. An American fleet of observation was

ordered to the neighborhood of Cuba.

June 2. The United States House of Representatives ordered an investigation of the Beef

Trust.

June 3 In a battle near Fez, Morocco, French June 3. The President welcomed a German naval squadron at Fortress Monroe.

June 5. American marines were landed in Cuba,

June 8. A statue of Christopher Columbus

was unveiled at Washington.
June 10. Transatlantic traffic was tied up at Havre when the sailors joined a strike of transport

workers. June 17. The President vetoed the Army bill which would have retired Gen. Leonard Wood. June 17. The London dock strike ended.

The National Republican Convention June 18. met at Chicago. President Taft and Vice-Presi-

dent Sherman were renominated June 22, dent Sherman were renominated June 22.

June 24. The National Democratic Convention met at Baltimore, Woodrow Wilson was nominated for President on July 2, with Thomas R. Marshall for Vice-President,

June 25. China rejected the terms of a proposed international loan of \$100,000,000.

June 28. Gen. Estenoz, leader of the Cuban bels, was killed in battle ending the Cuban

negro rebellion.

July 2. The cornerstone of the Pulitzer School of Journalism at Columbia University was laid with appropriate ceremonies.

Judy 3. Mexican insurgents

July 3. Mexican insurgence to battle in Chihuahua, losing 4,600 men. July 4. In a wreck on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, near Corning, N. jured.

July 8. The Camorrist trial at Viterbo, Italy ended with the conviction of twenty-six men, with imprisonment from five to thirty years.

July 11. Royalist revolutionists in Portugal were defeated near Fafe by Government troops.
July 11. The protest of Great Britain against the toll provisions of the Panama Canal bill was

presented to the Senate.
July 12. The National Prohibition Convention at Atlantic City nominated Eugene W. Chafin for President and Aaron L. Watson for Vice-President

July 13. The seat of William Lorimer of Illinois in the Senate was declared vacant for corrupt

methods of election by a vote of 55 to 28.

July 13. American athletes at the Stockholm Olympic Games won several events.

July 15. The National into effect in Great Britain. The National Insurance act went

July 15. Articles of impeachment against Council July 15. Articles of impeachment against Congress. He answered before the bar of the Senate, denying guilt, on July 29.

July 16. Herman Rosenthal, a confessed gamb-

ler, was assassinated in the streets of New York by men who escaped in an automobile. by,

July 24. An earthquake at Pivru, Peru, caused much devastation and loss of life.

July 26. Supreme Court Justice Keough of New

York decided that Thaw is still insane. July 26. Eight Detroit Aldermen were arrested for taking bribes.

July 29. Lieut. Charles Becker of the New York police was indicted for the Rosenthal murder, July 30. The British Board of Trade found that the loss of the Titanic was due to excessive speed.

Aug. 5. The Sultan of Turkey dissolved Parliament and declared martial law in Constantinople. Aug. 7. The National Progressive party convention at Chicago nominated Theodore Roosevelt for President and Hiram W. Johnson for Vice-President,

Aug. 8. The President's palace in Hayti blew up, killing President Leconte and others. Tan-crede Auguste was chosen to succeed as President, Aug. 9. Mulai Hafid, Sultan of Morocco, ab-

Aug. 13. President Schurmann of Cornell was appointed United States Minister to Greece. Aug. 17. Clarence S. Darrow, counsel for the McNamaras, was acquitted of the charge of brib-

ery at Los Angeles, Cal.

Aug. 18. Williams, Arizona, was seven-shaken by an earthquake.

Aug. 20. Gen. Booth, founder of the Salvation

died in England. His funeral pageant took Aug. 20. Gen. Booth, founder of the Salvation Army, died in England, His funeral pageant took place in London, Aug. 28.

Aug. 20. The Mexican Federal troops took possession of the city of Juarez.

Aug. 20. Nicaraguan rebels massacred 450 Gov-

ernment troops taken as prisoners. American cruisers and marines were ordered to Nicaragua to protect American interests.

Aug. 26. The first regular session of the Sixty-

Aug. 26. The little regular occasion of the Sacrata Sacrata Congress adjourned.

Aug. 28. Great Britain filed a second protest against the Panama Canal bill,

Sept. 3. Railway and telegraphic communications were reopened in Nicaragua by United States

Marines. Sept. 3. Sept. 3. At an election in Ohio forty-one amendments to the State Constitution were adopted, but Woman Suffrage was defeated.

ed, bun Sept. 3. Sept. 3. Vermont State elections gave a Republican plurality for Governor and chose a Republican Legislature.
Sept. 4. The Eighth International Congress of

Sept. 4. The Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemistry opened at Washington. Sept. 9. Maine State election was carried by the Republicans for Governor.

Sept. 9. Many thousand people were destroyed by a typhoon in China, Sept. 13. Count Nogi and his wife committed suicide as a tribute to the dead Japanese Eu-

Sept. 13. Great funeral ceremonies at Tokio in honor of the late Emperor were attended by Secretary of State Knox for the United States.
Sept. 22. A typhoon swept Japan, causing many deaths and \$20,000,000 property loss. Sept. 23. The Nineteenth Universal Peace Con-

gress met at Geneva, Switzerland. Sept. 23. The Fifteenth International Congress

Sept. 23. The Fifteenth International Congress of Hygiene and Demography opened at Washington with 3,000 delegates from thirty countries, Sept. 27. First review of a complete aeroplane armada took place near Paris, 72 war airships passing before the French Mimister of War, Sept. 27. A great anti-home rule demonstration was held at Belfast, Ircland, Sept. 28. Martial law was proclaimed at Augusta Ga. due to a street railway strike

Sept. 28. Martial law was proclaimed at ngusta, Ga., due to a street railway strike.
Sept. 30. The governments of Bulgaria, Servia Augusta Ga. due to a street railway strike. Sept. 30. The governments of Bulgaria, Servia and Greece ordered the mobilization of their armies against Turkey

Oct. 1. By an explosion in the engine room of ne destroyer Walke a lieutenant and two sailors the destroyer

were killed and six sailors injured.

Oct. 3. A Boston express train on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad was de-railed near Westport, Ct., killing seven and injuring forty persons Oct. 4. The

Oct. 4. The Hamburg-American liner Amerika ran down a British submarine off the English coast, drowning 14 officers and men. Oct. 6. The town of Leon in Nicaragua, the last stronghold of the revolutionists, surrendered to

the American forces. Oct. 9. An automobile, plunging from a bridge in Philadelphia, killed 9 young men.

The Montenegrins attacked the Turas Oct. 9. on the frontier and began a general advance. The Bulgarians under Czar Ferdinand invaded Mace-

Oct. 12. The United States District Court at Hartford, Ct., awarded \$250,000 damages in the Danbury hatters case against the United Hatters'

Union. Oct. 14. Oct. 14. Convicts broke out of the Wyoming penitentiary and terrorized the surrounding country. Oct. 14. Col. Theodore Roosevelt was shot in the breast by John Schrank, a lunatic, at Milwaukee.

Oct. 14. President Taft reviewed a great fleet of 123 warships in the Hudson River at New York City.

Oct. 16. The Boston team of the American League beat the New York team of the National League at Boston 3 to 2, winning the World's

League at Boston 3 to 2, winning the World's Championship at baseball.
Oct. 16. Gen, Felix Diaz raised the standard of revolt against the Madero government in Mexico and took possession of Vera Cruz, He was defeated and surrendered Oct. 23.
Oct. 17. Marcon's right eye was removed by a

surgical operation.

Oct.

17. Turkey formally declared war against Bulgaria and Servia.

Oct. 18. The Saratoga battle monument was dedicated at Schuylerville, N. Y.
Oct. 19. The siege of Adrianople by the allied Oct. 19. 7 armies began,

Oct. 19. Russia recognized the independence of Northern Manchuria, hitherto a province of China, Oct. 21. A Greek squadron blockaded the Isla of Lemnos.

Oct. 21. A Greek squarron blockaded the Isle of Lemnos, Oct. 24. Lieut. Charles Becker was convicted of instigating the Rosenthal murder. Oct. 24. A two days' battle at Kou Manova resulted in a Servian victory. Oct. 27. Gen Felix Diaz was condemned to death by a court mantial at Vera Cruz. Oct. 30. The dreadnought New York was launched at Brooklyn Navy-Yard. Oct. 30. Vice-President James S. Sherman died at Utica N. Y. Oct. 31. The Bulgarians defeated the Turks in a great two days' battle near Lule Burgas. Nov. I. The Cuban Presidential election was carried by Gen. Mario Menocal, the Conservative candidate.

candidate.

'Nov. 3. Turkey appealed to the powers to intervene in the war. Nov. 4. Salonica, Turkey, was captured by the

Greek army.

Greek army.

Nov. 10. Ambassador Bryce resigned.

Nov. 11. The Secretary of War forbid the building of 1,000-foot pigrs at Hoboken.

Nov. 13. The Second Clinical Congress of Surgeons convened at New York.

Nov. 16. President-elect Woodrow Wilson and family embarked for Bermuda for a month's rest,

Nov. 19. The four murderers of Herman Rosenthal were found guilty at New York.

Nov. 26. A pury at Salem, Mass., rendered a verdict of not guilty in the cases of Ettor, Caruso and Giorannitti, charged with murder in the Lawrence strikes.

Nov. 26. Andrew Carnegie announced that he had placed all his fortune, except \$25,000,000, in the Carnegie Corporation of New York.

Nov. 27. Albert T. Patrick, imprisoned at Sing Sing for the murler of William Marsh Rice, was paragoned by the Governor of New York.

was pardoned Nov. 27. plane bombs. Adrianople was set on fire by aero-

plane comps.

Nov. 28. Suffragetts in England destroyed
mails in the public letter boxes by acids.

Nov. 29. Ex-City Chamberlain Charles H.
Hyde of New York was convicted of bribery by

a jury. Dec. 2. Dec. 2. The Supreme Court of the United States ordered the dissolution of the Harriman Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railway merger as a violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

The Famous Old People of 1913.

(Age at the last birthday is given. The list was made up for January 1, 1913.) Age.

94.

Bishop Thomas Bowman, Methodist Episcopal Church. John Tenniel, cartoonist; Lord Strathcona, philanthropist, 92.

91. Sir Charles Tupper.

Prof. Alfred R. Wallace. 90.

Ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, ex-Confederate General Buckner, Henri 89. Fabre, scientist. Ex-Vice-President Levi P. Morton, Mrs. A. L. B. Blackwell, suffragette.

88.

Sir William Aitken, pathologist; Emile Ollivier, French academician; Gen. Daniel E. Sickles. 87. 86.

Ex-Empress Eugenle: Charles Andrews, ex-Chief Judge New York Court of Appeals.

SIr Henry James, lawyer: De Freycinet, French statesman; ex-Senator Edmunds, ex-President
Dwight, of Yale; James B. Angell, Roger A. Pryor. 84.

83. Senator Cullom, Viscount Peel, Mrs. Sol Smith, actress.

Ex-President Diaz, of Mexico; Emperor Francis Joseph, Salvini, tragedian; ex-Secretary Tracy, Bishop Doane, ex-Senator Teller, Henry M. Flagler, ex-Governor William Sprague, of Rhode Island; Dr. Abraham Jacobi, ex-Postmaster General Thomas L. James; Amelia 82. Barr, novelist.

Frederic Harrison, positivist; Henri Rochefort, Sir George Nares, Arctic explorer; Joseph 81. H. Choate.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts, British Army: Maggle Mitchell, actress; Professor Vambery, Andrew D. White, ex-Justice Shiras, Prof. William Crookes, G. W. Custis Lee. Field Marshal Lord Wolgeley; George W. Smalley, journalist; Col. J. S. Mosby, ex-Con-80.

79. gressman Grosvenor, of Ohio.

78.

Senator Depew, ex-President Ellot, of Harvard University; Sir John Lubbock (Lord Avebury).
Cardinal Gibbons, Lord Rothschild.
Pope Plus X., Rev. Lyman Abbott, Charles Francis Adams, Alfred Austin, poet; Richard Oiney,
ex-Vice-President Stevenson, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, ex-Prime Minister Combes, of
France: Hetty Green, Andrew Carnegie, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, Manton Marble,
journalist; Theodore Braga, first President of Portugal; Bishop Gray, of South Fiorlas;
ex-President McCurdy of the Mutual Life Insurance Co.; Alex. Agastiz; John La Farge, 77. artist.

Sir Edward J. Poynter, President of the Royal Academy: Prof. C. F. Chandler, James J. Hill, Joseph Chamberlain, William Winter, dramatic critic; Lord Brassey, Sir Norman Lockyer, ex-Speaker Joseph G. Cannon, ex-Senator Hale, Henry M. Alden. Gen. Horace Porter, W. D. Howells, novelist; J. Plerpont Morgan, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, John Burroughs, essayist; Miss Braddon, Admiral Dewey, Bishop Tuttle, John Muir. 76.

75 naturalist.

Ambassador Bryce, ex-Queen Liliuokalani, John Morley, John Wanamaker, ex-President Loubet, General Brooke, F. Hopkinson Smith, Senator Bacon, ex-Governor McCreary, of Kentucky, Archbishop Ireland. 74.

73. Cardinal Logue, General Miles, ex-Senator Clark, of Monta Gardiner, John D. Rockefeller, King Charles of Roumania. of Montana: Bishop Keane, Asa Bird

Admiral Mahan, Henry Watterson, Clemenceau, Palmer Cox, Sir Hiram S. Maxim, Austin Dobson, poet; Thomas Hardy, novellst; Lord Reay, President of the British Academy; Gen. S. B. M. Young, Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, Governor Baldwin, of Connecticut.

Ex-Senator Aldrich, James Gordon Bennett, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Charles Wyndham, Mounet-Sully, William Rockefeller, President Fallieres, of France. 72. 71.

Abdul Hamid, ex-Sultan of Turkey; Anna Dickinson, General Chaffee, Cardinal Rampolla, Cardinal Farley, Lord Alverstone, Flammarion, astronomer; Robert T. Lincoln, Joaquin Miller, Mayor Blankenburg, of Philadelphia; Clara Louise Kellogg.

Justice McKenna, Christine Nilsson, Adelina Patti, Senators Dillingham and Nelson, Henry James, novelist; Sereno E. Payne. 69.

Sarah Bernhardt, Dowager Queen Alexandra, General Greely, John Hare, comedian; King Peter of Servia, Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, George W. Cable, Bishop Greer, Viscount Aoki, Japanese statesman; Justice Lurton; Prof. Elle Metchnikoff, biologist.

King George of Greece, Chief Justice White, U. S. Supreme Court; William H. Crane, actor; Duke of Argyll, Elihu Root, Rear Admiral Sigsbee, Will Carleton, poet. 67.

66.

Lord Charles Beresford, Senator Wetmore, ex-Senator Foraker, Hamilton W. Mabie, Col-William F. Cody, Charles H. Taylor, journalist, George Westinghouse, Julian Hawthorne, Princess Christian of England, Elbert H. Gary, Lord Rosebery.

Thomas A. Edison, Senator Tillman, Lotta Crabtree, Oscar Hammerstein, Rear-Admiral Goodrich, Bishop Hall, of Vermont; John D. Archbold, Arthur J. Balfour, Kate Claxton, King William of Wurtemberg, King Otto of Bavaria, Alexander Graham Bell, Justice Lamar, United States Supreme Court; Senator Martin, of Virginia. 65.

84

Frances Hodgson Burnett, author; William Waldorf Astor, Senator Stone, of Missouri; Ellen Terry, actress; Louis F. Tiffany, artist.

Max Nordau, author; Bishops White, of Indiana, and Kinsolving, of Texas; Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, Henry C. Frick, steel manufacturer; William K. Vanderbilt, Daniel Frohman, Justice Day, of the Supreme Court; Thomas A. Janvier, author.

Champ Clark, Duke of Connaught, Senator Lodge, Oscar S. Straus, Rose Coghlan, Pierre Loti, Seth Low, Bishop Cheshire, of North Carolina; President Schurman, of Cornell.

Rear-Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, Felix Adler, Duke of Sutherland, Bishop Beckwith, of Alabama; Congressman S. W. McCall, Digby Bell, actor; Senator Burton, of Ohio; Mayor Gaynor, of New York; Charles J. Bonaparte, Thomas F. Ryan, Perry Belmont. 63.

62.

61.

Ex-Vice-President Fairbanks, Lily Langtry, Edwin Markham, poet; John Bach McMaster, historian; Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke. 60.

At what age does one become "old"? Five centuries ago a man was old at fifty. But the hale and hearty gentleman of to-day when turned sixty would probably protest against being classed among old people, even if famous. That his susceptibilities may not be wounded, therefore, a separating dash has been discretely introduced after age sixty-five.

Meath Roll of 1912.

Age at death is given in parentheses; vocation, place, cause, and time of death when known follow:

June 24.

Anderson, Carl Carey (35), Representative in Congress from Ohio, killed at Fostoria, Ohio,

Congress from Onio, killed at Fostoria, Onio, in automobile accident, October I.
Arbuckle, John (74), coffee merchant and philanthropist, heart failure, New York City,
March 27.
Astor, John Jacob (47), head of the Astor famliy, drowned in the Titanic disaster, April 15.
Avery, Robert (75), Major-General, U. 8.
A. (retired), heart disease, New York City, Octo-

ber 1.

ber 1. cv, heart unsaar, then the construction of North Carolina, Birmingham, Ala., April 4. Aycock, Charles B. (53), ex-Governor of North Carolina, Birmingham, Ala., April 4. Bacon, Dr., Francis (81), surgeon, allenist, yellow fever authority, New Haven, Ct., April 26. Barrison, Mabel (30), actress, tuberculosis, Toronto, Canada, October 31. Barr, Albert J. (61), former editor of the Pitts-burgh Post, apoplexy, Pittsburgh, Pa., February 24. Barr, Robert (62), novelist, heart disease, Woldingham, England, October 22. Barton, Clara (82), founder of American Red Cross, pneumonia, Washington, D. C., April 12. Bates, Eli (87), former Chief of the New York Fire Department, debility, New York City, November 9. Bigelow, Charles A. (50), actor, Meadville, Pa.,

Bigelow, Charles A. (50), actor, Meadville, Pa., March 12

March 12.

Bingham, Henry H. (71), oldest member of Congress, Representative from First Pennsylvania district, debility, Philadelphia, Pa., March 23.

Bishop, William D. (53), railroad president, Bright's disease, Sea Cliff, L. I., January 23.

Bisson, Alexander Charles (64), dramatist, Paris,

France, April 9

Blake, Hon. Edward (79), former Premier of Canada, Toronto, Canada, March 1.
Blackwood, William (76), editor of Blackwood's Magazine, England, November 11.

Boas, Emil Leopold (58), steamship owner, pneumonia, Greenwich, Ct., May 3.
Boniface, George C. (80), actor, New York City,

May 3.

Bootta, William (82), founder and General of the Salvation Army, old age, septic poisoning, London, England, August 21.

Boss, Lewis (66), director of Dudley Observatory at Albany, N. Y., arterio-selerosis, Albany, N. Y., Cotober 5.

Bostock, Frank C.(50), animal trainer and menagerie proprietor, London, England, October 9.

Bowyer, John M. (59), Rear-Admiral, U. S. N. (retired), Tampa, Fla., March 15.

Bragg, Edward Stuyvesant (34), statesman, diplomat, former Brigadier-General, U. S. A., Fond du Lae, Wis., June 20.

Brinkley, Capt. Frank (71), Japanese correspondent of the London Times, Tokio, Japan, October 28.

Brisson, Eugene Henri (77), President of the French Chamber of Deputles, Paris, France,

French Chamber of Deputies, Paris, France, April 14.

April 14.
Brown, Benjamin (70), life insurance statistician, Boston, Mass., June 22.
Browning, Robert Weidemann Barrett (63), son of Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning, artist, linguist, Asolo, Italy, July 8.
Brush, George I. (80), professor emeritus Sheffield Scientific School, Yale, New Haven, Ct.,

February 6 Brush, John T. (63), baseball manager, locomotor

Brush, John T. (63), baseball manager, locomotor ataxia, Seeburgh, Mo., November 26.
Bryson, George Eugene (45), Cuban war correspondent and adviser to President Palma, Havana, Cuba, February 28.
Burnham, Daniel Hudson (66), American architect, Heidelberg, Germany, June 1.
Butt, Major Archibaid Wilingham (41), President Taries and Major Archibaid Wilingham (41), President Taries and Major Archibaid Wilingham (41), President Taries (40), surgeon, debility, Boston, Mass., November 6.

Alexander, William (59), reigning Grand Duke of Luxemburg, Luxemburg, February 26.

Alma-Tadema, Sir Lawrence (77), painter, ulceration of stomach, Wiesbaden, Germany, Campbell, Sir John Logan (95), "Father of New

Campbell, Sir John Logan (95), "Father of New Zealand," Auckland, New Zealand, July 22.

Campbell, Sir John Logan (95), "Father of New Zealand," Auckland, New Zealand, July 22.

Canalejas, Jose (53), Premier of Spain, assasinated, Madrid, Spain, November 12.

Capecaletro, Cardinal Alphonsus, Archbishop of Capua (88), librarian of the Roman Catholic Church, Naples, Italy, November 14.

Carey, Asa Bacon (77), Brigadler-General, U. S.
A. (rettred), author, Orlando, Fla., April 4.

Carrington, Henry Beebe (88), Brigadler-General, U. S.
A. (rettred), Noston, Mass, October 26.

Carroll, Joseph D., horseman, tumor on the brain, New York City, November 23.

Carson, Major John M. (74), journalist, debility, Philadelphia, Pa., September 29.

Cartwright, Sir Richard, Canadian statesman, hernia, Kingston, Ontarlo, September 24.

Chamberlain, Emily Jordan, actress, New York City, February 19.

Church, Augustus B., D. D. (54), President of Buchtel College, pneumonia, Akron, Oho, November 17.

November 17. Clark, William Campbell (49). thread manufac-

Clark, William Campbell (49), thread manufacturer, Newark, N. J., November 14.
Cleaves, Henry B. (71), former Governor of Maine, heart disease, Portland, Me., June 22.
Clay, Col. Green (79), American diplomat, Mexico, Mo., November 1.
Clouston, Sir Edward S. (63), Canadian banker, apoplexy, Montreal, November 23.
Coleridge-Taylor, Samuel (37), negro music composer, London, England, September 1.
Collyer, Robert, D. D. (84), Unitarian clergyman, paralysis, New York City, November 30.

Colonna, Prince Marc Antonio, Duke of Palonio, head of the historic Italian family and assistant to the Pontifical throne, Rome, Italy, Jan. 29. Connell, Richard E. (55), Representative in Congress from New York, heart disease, Pough-Keepsle, N. Y. October 30. Constantine, William J. (71), actor, heart failure, New York City, March 16.

New York City, March 16.

Corral, Señor Ramon (58), former Vice-President of Mexico, Paris, France, November 10.

Coullio, Cardinal (33), Archibishop of Lyons, debility, Lyons, France, September 11.

Craig, Professor John (48), horticulturist, Siasconsett, Mass., August 12.

Cramp, Samuel H. (79), shipbuilder, apoplexy, Philadelphia, Pa., November 3.

Crane, Edith (47), actress, New York City, January, August 12.

Grane, Edith (47), actress, New York City, January, August 1, January, Crothers, August 1, January, Crothers, August 1, January, Covernor, August 1, January, Jan

ary 3.
Crothers, Austin Lane (52), former Governor of Maryland, Bright's disease, Elkton, Md., May 24.
Cutting, William Bayard (72), lawyer, social and civic leader, acute indigestion, on train near Chicago, Ill., March 1.

D'Aehrenthal, Count Alois Lexa (58), Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Vienna,

Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Vienna, Austria, Februsary 18.

Dahn, Fellx S. (78), German poet, historical novelist, Bresiau, Germany, January 3.

Dale, Richard (55), financier, President of the Society of the Cinclinnail in Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., September 18.

Davenport, Homer Calvin (44), cartoonist, pneumonia, New York City, May 2.

Davies, Phoebe (48), Mrs. Joseph R. Grismer, actress, Larchmont, N. Y., December 4.

Davis, William Leonard, journalist and mine owner, Tucson, Ariz., May 25.

Dawson, Thomas Cleveland (46), diplomat, Washington, D. C., May 1.

Dickens, Alfred Tennyson (67), lecturer, son of Charles Dickens, acute gastritis, New York City, January 2.

Charles Dickens, acute gastritis, New York City, January 2.

Dunbar, Ralph O. (67), Chief Justice of Supreme Court of State of Washington, apoplexy, Olympia, Wash, September 20.

Duncan, Joseph W. (59), Brigadier-General, U. S. A., heart disease, San Antonio, Tex., May 14.

Duncan, William Butler (82), capitalist, New York City, June 20.

DEATH ROLL OF 1912-Continued.

Eaton, D. Cady (74), professor of criticism and history of art at Yale University, New Haven, Ct., May 11.
Eberle, Robert M. (72), actor and thestaled

Ct. May 11.

Eberle, Robert M. (72), actor and theatrical manager, South Bend, Ind., May 24.

Elms, George O. (79), civil engineer, First Lieutenant Engineer Corps, C.S.A., Bright's disease, Lake Charles, La., March 21.

Evans, Robley Dunglison (65), Rear-Admiral, U.S. N. (retired), acute indigestion, Washington, D. C., January 3.

Everett. William Henry (65), Rear-Admiral, U.S. N. (retired), Newport, R. I.; June 10.

Ewers, Ezra Philetus (75), Brigadier-General, U.S. A. (retired), Indian fighter, St. Petersburg, Fla., January 18.

Eytinge, Rose (75), actress, December 30, 1911.

Faber, Beryl, actress, pneumonia, London, England, May 2.

Farley, Joseph P. (73), Brigadier-General, U.S. A. (retired), pneumonia, Charleston, S. C., April 6.

retired, pneumonia, Charleston, S. C., April 6.
Fife, Duke of, Alexander William (63), brotherin-law of King George V., pleurisy, Assuan, Egypt, January 29.
Finch, William Albert (57), professor of law at Cornell University, debility, Brooklyn, N. Y.,

April 1

Fink, Henry (81), railroad manager, kidney disease, New York City, July 15. Fischer, Cardinal Anthony Hubert (72), debility, Bonn, Rhenish Prussia, July 30.

Fish James Nelson Frassia, July 30.
Fish James Nelson (93), former banker, debility,
Frod, Isaac Nelson (64), newspaper correspondent, London, England, August 8.
Foster, David Johnson (55), Representative in

Congress from Vermont, pneumonia, Washington, D. C., March 21.

Frederick VIII., King of Denmark (68), apo-

Frederick Vill., Ming of Denmark (08), apoplexy, Hamburg, Germany, May 15.
Freeman, Max (62), actor and manager, suicide, New York City, March 28.
Freer, Paul Gaspar, M. D. (50), scientist, Manila, P. I., April 17.
Funk, Rev. Dr. Isaac Kauffman (73), publisher, psychic student, heart disease, Montciair, N. J.,

April 4. Furness, Sir Christopher, first Baron of Grantley (60), shipbuilder, London, England, November

Furness, Dr. Horace Howard (79), scholar, thority on Shakespeare, pneumonia, Philadel-phia, Pa., August 13.

phia, Pa., August 13.
Futrelle, Jacques (42), author, drowned in the Titanic disaster, April 15.
Gardillot, Leon, playwright, Paris, France, Sep-

Gardillot, Le tember 23.

Gates, George Augustus (61), President of Fisk University, Winterhaven, Fla., November 20, Goelet, Mrs. Robert (58), millionaire widow and society leader, cancer, Paris, France, Decem-

ber 4. Goodwin, William Watson (81), professor emer-itus of Greek literature at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass., June 16. Gordon, James (79), former United States Sen-

ator from Mississippi, debility, Okolona, Miss., November 28.

November 28.

Gordon, William W. (77), Brigadier-General, U.
S. A., Confederate and Spanish war veteran,
White Suiphur Springs, W. Va., September 11.

Gracle, Archibald (55), Colonel, U. S. A. (retired),
last passenger to leave the sinking steamship
Titanic, kidney disease, New York City, December 4.

cember 4. Grady, Thomas F. (59), political leader, New York State Senator, diabetes, New York City,

YORK State Senator, diabetes, New York City, February 3.
Grafton, Right Rev. Charles Chapman (81), Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Fond du Lac, author of religious works, Fond du Lac, Wis.
Grant, Frederick Dent (62), Major-General, U. S. A., cardiac thrombosis, New York City, April 12.

April 12.
Greenough, George C. (68), Brigadier-General, U. S. A. (retired), Charleston, S. C., June 28.
Grossmith, George, Sr. (65), English comedian, Folkstone, England, March 1.

Griscom, Clement Acton (72), financier, congestion of brain, Haverford, Pa., November 10.

Guggenheim, Benjamin (57), mine owner, drowned

in the Titanic disaster, April 15.

Hanscom, John Forsyth (69), Rear-Admiral, U. S.
N. (retired), naval constructor, Philadelphia,
Pa., September 30.

Harahan, James Theodore (69), rallroad financier, killed in railroad collision, Kinmundy, Ill., January 22.

Harris, Henry B. (45), theatrical manager, drowned in the Titanic disaster, April 15.

Harrity, William F. (61), politician, Philadelphia,

Pa., April 17.

Hartwell, Alfred Stedman (75), ex-Chief Justice Supreme Court of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii, August 30.

August 30.

Hathaway, Forrest H. (68), Brigadier-General, U. S. A. (retired), Portland, Ore., July 29.

Hauk, Minnle, the Baroness von Hesse-Wartegs, (60), opera singer, first Carmen in America, Munich, Bayaria, November 16.

Havemeyer, James (70), sugar manufacturer, heart disease, New York City, August 19.

Hawley, Edwin (62), raliroad president and financier, heart disease, New York City, Feb. 1.

Hayes, Edward Mortimer (71), Brigadier-General, U. S. A. (retired), Morganton, N. C., August 15.

August 15.

August 15.

Haynes, Archibald Cushman (62), life insurance agent, New York City, June 10.

Haynie, James Henry (71), author, foreign correspondent of American newspapers, Newton Centre, Mass., May 15.

Hays, Charles Melville (55), President Grand Trunk Rallway, drowned in the Titanic disactor April 15.

aster, April 15.

aster, April 15.

Heilner, Lewis Cass (62), Rear-Admiral, U. S. N.
(retired), cancer, Brooklyn, N. Y., January 25.

Herron, John W. (85), lawyer, father of Mrs.
William H. Tatt, Cincinnati, Ohio, August 5.

Keyburn, Weldon Brinton (60), United States
Senator from Idaho, heart disease, Washington, D. C., October 17.

Higgins, Anthony (71), lawyer, former United
States Senator from Delaware, New York
Citv. June 26.

City, June 26. John Fremont (57), former Governor

Maine, heart disease, Boston, Mass., March 16.

Maine, heart disease, Boston, Mass, March 16.
Hite, Mabel (27), singer and actress, cancer, New
York City, October 22.
Hochheimer, Henry, D.D. (93), oldest rabbi in the
United States, Baltimore, Md., January 25.
Hodges Charles L. (64), Brigadier-General, U.S.
A. (retired), December 26, 1911.
Holfman, Right Rev. H. F. (71), Bishop of the
Reformed Episcopal Church, heart disease,
Falladelphia, Pa., November 23.
Hoke, Robert F. (74), Major-General in the Confederate Army, Lincolnton, N. C., July 3.
Homes, John Henry (69), former editor Boston
Herald, Boston, Mass., June 18.
Honda, Yoltsu (63), first Methodist Bishop in
Japan typhold fever, Tokio, Japan, March 26.
Hogovernor of Wyoming, Washington, D. C.,
May 23. May 23.

Hubbard, Elbert H. (63), Representative in Congress from Iowa, heart disease, Sioux City, Iowa, June 4.

utchins, Stilson (73), retired journalist and philanthropist, paralysis, Washington, D. C., Hutchins. April 22.

April 22.

IJichi H. (60), Vice-Admiral of the Japanese Navy,
Tokio, Japan, January 4.

Ishmoto, Shlaroka (58), Japanese Minister of War, consumption, Tokio, Japan, April 3.

Jarrold, Ernest (60), author of the "Mickey
Finn" stories, Amityville, L. I.
Jonas, Alexander (74), socialist editor, heart
disease, New York City, January 29.

Jones, John P. (83), former United States Senator from Nevada, debility, Los Angeles, Cal.,
November 27.

November 27 Judith, Mile. (85), French actress, Paris, France, October 27.

Kelly, Eugene (53), banker, arterio-selerosis, New York City, January 18. Kerwin, Michael (76), Civil War General, debil-ity, New York City, June 20.

DEATH ROLL OF 1912-Continued.

King, Hamilton (60), United States Minister to Siam, uræmia, Bangkok, Siam, September 1. Knight, Robert (85), cotton manufacturer, debil-ity, Providence, R. I., November 26.

Knox, Rev. George William (59), religious historian, Seoul, Korea, April 25.
Labouchere, Henry (81), editor of London
Truth, bronchitis, Florence, Italy, January 16. Lamberton, Benjamin Peffer (68), Rear-Admiral, U. S. N. (retired), heart disease, Washington, D. C., June 10.

Lang, Andrew (68), critic, poet, essayist, Banchory, Scotland, July 20.

Langlois, General Hippolyte (73), one of the forty "Immortals," authority on military strategy and tactics, Paris, France, Feb. 12.

Larrabee William (80) tormer Governor of

strategy and tactics, Paris, France, Feb. 12.
Larrabee, William (80), former Governor of
Iowa, Clermont, Iowa, November 16.
Lawrence, Amory A. (64), cotton manufacturer
and railroad director, Boston, Mass., July 6.
Lea, General Homer (36), American Chinese
reformer and head of Sun Yat Sen's army,
paralysis, Los Angeles, Cal., November 1.
Lea, Overton (66), Tennessee agriculturist,
absess of the liver. Chestrut Hill Pa. Iune 10.

ea, Overton (66), Tennessee agriculturist, abscess of the liver, Chestnut Hill, Pa., June 10. Leconte, General Cincinnatus (47), President of the Haytian Republic, killed by an explosion, Port-au-Prince, Hayti, August 8.

Lefébvre, Jules Joseph (77), French portrait and historical painter, Paris, France, February 24.

Leroy-Beaulieu, Anatole (70), author, economist and sociologist, Paris, France, June 16.

Lister, Baron Joseph (85), surgeon, discoverer of antiseptic treatment, London, England,

ot antiseptic treatment, London, Engranu, February 12.
Lochren, William (80), United States District Judge (retired), Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 28.
Loeb, Morris (49), chemist, typhoid fever, Rumson, N. J., October 8.
Loyson, Abbe Charles, "Père Hyacinthe" (85), pulpit orator, Paris, France, February 9.
Ludden, Patrick A. (76), Roman Catholic Bishop, Syracuse, N. Y., August 6.
Lumley, Arthur (76), painter, writer, Mount Vernon, N. Y., September 9.
MacArthur, Arthur (67), Lieutenant-General, U. S. A. (retired), apoplexy, Milwaukee, Wis., September 5.

McCarthy, Justin (81), Irish novelist and historian, Folkstone, England, April 24.
McClure, David (64), lawyer, New York City,

torian, Folkstone, Engiand, April 20.

McClure, David (64), lawyer, New York City, April 30.

McGee, Dr. W. J. (59), anthropologist, author, cancer, Washington, D. C., September 4.

McLean, Emily Beale (Mrs. John R.) social leader and philanthropist, pneumonia, Bar Harbor, Me., September 8.

Maddern, Mary (69), actress, New York City, April 19.

Malhy. George R. (55), Representative in Con-

Malby, George R. (55), Representative in Congress from New York, New York City, July 5.
Manitou "Joe" (100), Pottawatomic Indian chief,

Manitou "Joe" (100), Pottawatomie Indian chief, Traverse City, Mich. October 24. Marie, Princess of Belgium (68), mother of King Albert of Belgium, pneumonia, Brussels, No-vember 26. Marshall, Charles Henry (74), New York capital-ist, Paris, France, July 2. Massenet, Jules Emile Frédéric (70), French composer, cancer, Paris, France, August 13. Mataafa, ex-King of Samoa, Levuka, Fiji Islands, February 14.

February 14.

Maxwell, Robert, former Assistant Postmaster-General, acute Indigestion, Batavia, N. Y.,

June 8.

Melville, George Wallace (72), Rear-Admiral,
U. S. N. (retired), naval engineer and Arctic
explorer, paralysis, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17.
Merriam, Henry Clay (74), Major-General,
U. S. A. (retired), Indian fighter, Portland,
Me., November 18.

Millet, Francis D. (66), artist and author,
drowned in the Titanic disaster, April 15.
Money, Hernando De Soto (74), ex-United
States Senator from Mississippi, Biloxi, Miss.,
September 18.

September 18.

Monod, Gabriel Jacques Jean (68), French historian, Versailles, France, April 10.

Moore, Francis C. (70), former insurance president, heart disease, Lakewood, N. J., March 18, Morgan, Rev. John B. (65), rector of American Church of Holy Trinity in Paris, heart disease, Paris, Franco, January 13.

Morris, Charles (69), Brigadicr-General, U. S. A. (retired), Portland, Me., October 27, Murat, Prince Louis Napoleon (61), Paris, France.

September 23 Mutsuhito (60), Emperor of Japan, diabetes,

Mutsuhlto (60). Emperor of Japan, diabetes, Tokio, Japan, July 30.

Nash, Henry S., D. D. (58), clergyman, Cambridge, Mass, November 6.

Newberry, General Walter Cass (76), arteriosclerosis, Chicago, Ili., July 20.

Nicholis, Francis Tillou, ex-Governor of Louisiana, Confederate General, Thibodaux, La., Japaney 5. January 5.

Nixon, George S. (52), United States Senator from Nevada, blood poisoning, Washington,

irom Nevada, blood poisoning, Washington, D. C., June 5.
Nixon, William Penn (79), newspaper publisher, heart failure. Chicago, Ill., February 20.
Noble, John W. (80), ex-Secretary of the Interior, St. Louis, Mo., March 22.
Nogl, Count Maresuki (63), Supreme Councilor of the Japanese Empire, suicide, Tokio, Japan, September 13.

Norton, Frances M. (70), author, heart disease, November 16.

Ober, George (63), actor, pneumonia, Hastings-on-Hudson, November 17. Oddie, Orville (80), co-founder of the New York Stock Exchange, debility, Greenwich, Ct.,

November 24. iver, Paul A.

November 24.

Oliver, Paul A. (81), manufacturer, former
Brigadier-General, U. S. Vols., killed by fall,
Laurel Run, Pa., May 18.

O'Reilly, Robert Maitland (68), former SurgeonGeneral, U. S. A., Bright's disease, Washington,
D. C., November 3.

Osten-Sacken, Count von der (82), Russian Ambassador to Germany, dean of diplomatic corps in Berlin, debility, Monte Carlo, May 22.

corps in Berlin, denlitty, Monte Carlo, May 22. Page, Rutherford (24), aviator, fall from aeroplane, Los Angeles, Cal., January 22. Paine, John Alsop (72), Oriental and classical archæologist, Tarrytown, N. Y., July 24. Parks, J. Lewis, D. D. (64), former rector of Calvary Episcopal Church, New York City, pneumonia, February 18. Parmelee, Philip O. (25), aviator, killed by fall with aeroplane. North Yakima, Wash., June 1. Passy Erádáric (91). Franch accormist and recent

Passy, Frédéric (91), French economist and peace apostle, Neuilly-sur-seine, France, June 12. Patterson, John J. (82), former United States Senator from South Carolina, Mifflintown, Pa., September 28.

September 28.

Pearsons, Daniel K. (92), philanthropist, pneumonia, Hinsdale, Ill., April 27.

Peel, Viscount, Arthur Wellesley (83), former Speaker of the English House of Commons, London, England, October 24.

Peffer, William (81), former United States Senator from Kansas, surgical operation, Topeka,

from Kansas, surgical operation, Topeka, Kan., October 7.
Penley, William Sydney (61), actor, Woking, England, November 11.
Petacci, Giuseppe, M. D., private physician to the Pope, Rome, Italy, October 1.
Poincaré, Jules Henri (58), mathematician, embolism, Paris, France, July 17.
Porter, James D. (34), former Governor of Tennessce, Paris, Tenn., May 18.
Prime, Ebenezer S. (55), Rear-Admiral, U. S. N. (retired), Huntington, L. I., April 27.
Pryor, Sarah Agnes (32), author, anemia, New York City, February 15.
Quimby, Harriet, aviator, killed by fall from aero-

Quimby, Harriet, aviator, killed by fall from acro-plane, Boston, Mass., July 1. Rankin, William (102), oldest college graduate in the United States, lawyer, Princeton, N. J.,

the United States, iamyer, Immediate October 20.

Ransdell, David M. (70), Sergeant-at-Arms of the United States Senate, heart disease, Washington, D. C., November 28.

Rayner, Isidor (62), United States Senator from Maryland neuritis, Washington, D. C., Bayner, Isldor (62). United States Senator from Maryland, neuritis, Washington, D. C., November 25.

DEATH ROLL OF 1912-Continued.

Read, Sheridan Pitt, former American diplomat and writer in China, heart disease, London, England, October 31. Rhett, Henry J., M. D. (50), specialist in nervous diseases, shock from operation, Newport, R. I., October 7.

Richards, Eugene Lamb (74), professor emeritus of mathematics at Yale, author, Beach Haven, N. J., August 5.

Richards, William Alford, former Governor of Wyoming, heart disease, Melbourne, Australia, July 26.

ichman, Julia (55), American educator, ap-pendicitis, Paris, France, June 25. Richman,

Richman, Julia (55), American educator, appendicitis, Paris, France, June 25.
Roble, Frederick (90), former Governor of Maine, Gorham, Me., February 3.
Rodgers, Calbrath P. (33), aviator, killed by fall with aeroplane, Los Angeles, Cal., April 3.
Ruhlin, Gus (40), pugllist, heart disease, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 13.
Salmon, Sir Nowell (77), Admiral of the British Fleet, London, England, February 14.
Sanger, Charles Roberts (52), director of Harvard's chemical laboratory, nervous prostration, Cambridge, Mass., February 25.
Sangster, Margaret E. (74), author, acute indigestion, Maplewood, N. J., June 4.
Schwab, Gustav H. (61), retired ship merchant, suicide, Litchfield, Ct., November 12.
Scruggs, William Lindsay (70), diplomat, journalist, Atlanta, Ga., July 18.
Segond, Paul, Frech surgeon, uræmia, Paris, France, October 7.
Sellgman, Alfred Lincoin (46), banker, auto accident, New York City, June 24.
Shaler, Alexander (84), former Major-General, commanding National Guard of New York, December 28, 1911.
Shanon, General Thomas J. (66), Past National Commander Union Veterans' Legion, Washington, D. C., September 21.
Sheepshanks, John (78), former Bishop of Norwich, England, June 3.
Sherman, James Schoolcraft (57), Vice-President of the United States, Bright's disease, Utica, N. Y., October 30.
Sherman, William Watts, (70), New York Social leader, New York City, June 22.
Skeat, Rev. Walter W. (77), Fellow of the British Academy, Earlington and Bosworth professor

leader, New York City, June 22.

Skeat, Rev, Walter W. (77). Fellow of the British Academy. Earlington and Bosworth professor of Anglo-Saxon at Cambridge University, London, England, October 7.

Smiley, Albert K. (84). educator and humanitarian, Redlands, Cal., December 2.

Smith, Frank G. (71). Brigadier-General, U. S. A. (retired), Washington, D. C., October 7.

Smith, John Bernhardt (54), entomologist, educator, Bright's disease, New Brunswick, N. J., March 12.

cator, Br March 12

March 12.
Smith, William (80), Brigadier-General, U. S. A.
(retired), January 17.
Smith, William R. (82), Superintendent of the National Botanical Gardens, heart disease, Washington, D. C., July 8.
Snowden, A. Louden (75), diplomat, fire underwriter, Philadelphia, Pa., September 7.
Spencer, Loyllard (53), social leader, and clube

Spencer, Lorillard (53), social leader and club-man, Bright's disease, New York City, March 14. Sperry, Henry Thompson (75), Journalist, Hart-ford, Ct., April 15. Sprague, Charles Ezra (70), banker, New York

Spenty, Tord, Ct., April 15.

Sprague, Charles Ezra (70), banker, New City, March 21.

Stahel, Julius H. (87), Major-General of Volunteers in the civil war, diplomat, heart discusses, New York City, December 4.

Stead, William T. (63), British journalist, drowned in the Titanic disaster, April 15.

St. John, Florence (58), comic opera singer, London, England, January 30.

Stoker, Abraham (64), manager for Sir Henry Irving, author, London, England, April 21.

Stowe, Eliza Tyler, last surviving daughter of Harriet Beecher Stowe, Simsbury, Ct., March 16.

Marriet Beccare Stowe, Simsoury, Ct., March 16.

Straus, Isidor (67), merchant and philanthropist, drowned in the Titanic disaster, April 15.

Strindberg, August (72), Swedish dramatist and novelist, cancer, Słockholm, Sweden, May 14.

Sumner, Edwin Vose (77), Brigadier-General. U. S. A. (retired), San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 27, Swift, George B. (65), former Mayor of Chicago, Chicago, Ill., July 2. Sykes, Lady Tatton (58), English social leader, London, England, June 3.

Tait, Royal Chapin (90), ex-Governor of Rhode banker. Island, ban R. I., June 4. manufacturer, Providence,

R. 1., June 4.

Talmage, Rev. Frank De Witt (44), only surviving son of late Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, heart disease, Philadelphia, Pa., February 9.

Tarr. Ralph Stockman (48), geographer and geologist, hemorrhage of brain, thaca, N. Y.,

March 21.

March 21.

Taylor, Robert L. (62), United States Senator from Tennessee, Washington, D. C., March 31.

Terrell, Joseph M. (51), former United States Senator from Georgia, twice Governor of Georgia, paralysis, Atlanta, Ga., November 17.

Terry, Edward O'Connor (68), British actor, neuritis, Barnes, Surrey, England, April 2.

Thomson, Clifford (79), insurance journalist, East Orange, N. J., September 29.

Tinel, Edgar, Belglan composer and director of the Royal Conservatory of Music, October 28.

Torrey, Bradford (70), naturalist, author, Santa Barbara, Cal., October 7.

Torrey, Franklin (83), sculptor, heart disease.

Barbara, Cal., October 7.

Torrey, Franklin (83), sculptor, heart disease,
Florence, Italy, November 18.

Tryon, James Rufus (75), Rear-Admiral, U. S. N.
(retired), Brooklyn, N. Y., March 21.

Utter, George H. (58), Representative in Congress
from Rhode Island, former Governor of Rhode
Island, gall stones, Westerly, R. I., November 3.

Vander Poel, Dr. S. Oakley (59), senior medical
director New York Life Insurance Co., heart
disease, New York City,
Vaniman, Melvin, balloonist, killed by explosion
of dirigible "Akron," Atlantic City, N. J.,
July 2.

July 2.

Von Bieberstein. Baron Adolf Marschall (69), German d tember 24. diplomat, Badenweller, Baden, Sep-

Von Hahnke, Wilhelm (79), German Field Mar-shal, Berlin, Germany, February 8.

snai, Berlin, Germany, February 8.
Von Radowitz, Baron Joseph M. (73), German
diplomat, Berlin, Germany, January 16.
Walker, Daniel S. (75), journalist, Civil War
General, Hoboken, N. J., June 4.
Waller, Florence (50), actress, London, England,
November 14.
Warren, Henry W. (81), Bishop of the Methodist
Episcopal Church, pneumonia, Denver, Col.,

July 23. Washburn July 23.
Washburn, William Drew (81), flour manufacturer, former United States Senator from Minnesota, Minnespolis, Minn., July 29.
Weaver, James Baird (79), People's Party Presidential candidate in 1880, Des Moines, Iowa, February 6.
Wedmann, Louis, chess expert, Chicago, Ill., Novembar 24.

November 24.

November 24.
Welch, Albert, aviator, biplane accident, Washington, D. C., June 11.
Wells, Almond B. (70), Brigadier-General, U. S.
A. (retired), Washington, D. C., September 7.
White, Sir George Stuart (77), Field Marshal,
British Army, London, England, June 24.
Wickliffe, Robert C. (38), Representative in Congress from Louisiana, railroad president, Washington, D. C., June 11.
Wiley Aquila (80), Brigadier-General, U. S. A.

ington, D. C., June 11.
Wiley, Aquilla (80), Brigadier-General, U. S. A. (retired), June 5.
Wilson, James E. (52), actor, tuberculosis, New York City, March 19.
Wilson, John L. (62), editor, former United States Senator from Washington State, angina pectoris, Washington, D. C., November 6.
Winans, Ross R. (62), millionaire financier, debility, Baltimore, Md., April 25.
Wright, Wilbur (45), inventor of the aeroplane, typhold fever, Dayton, Ohio, May 30.
Yeamans, Annie (77), actress, paralysis, New York City, March 3.
Young, Luclen (60), Rear-Admiral, U. S. N., internal hemorrhages, New York City, October 2.

Perry's Victory Memorial and Centennial Celebration.

The commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of Perry's victory on Lake Erle, by the crection of the Perry memorial at Put-in-Bay Island, Lake Erle, Ohlo, and celebrations at that historic spot and in eleven cities during the Summer of 1913, from the Fourth of July to the fifth of October, is destined to become one of the greatest partfolic and educational enterprises ever undertaken in this or any other country. The movement began with legislation by the State of Ohlo three years ago, since which time ten States have combined in it, as ollows: Ohlo, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, New York, Rhode Island, Kentucky, Minnesota and Louislana. These States have appointed commissioners, who, with the United States Commissioners appointed by President Taft, by authority of Congress, are organized under the name of the interstate Board of the Perry's Victory Centennial Commissioners, with headquarters at Cleveland, Ohlo. The general officers are: President-General, George H. Worthington, of Cleveland; First Vice-President General, Henry Watterson, of Louisville, Ky.; Secretary-General, Henry Vatterson, of Cleveland; Treasurer-General, A. E. Sisson, of Erle, Pa., and Auditor-General, Harry Cutter, of Providence, R. I. The United States Commissioners are Eleut.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., Ret., Rear-Admiral Charles E. Clark, U. S. N., Ret., and Gen. J. Warren Kelfer, of Ohlo. There are fifty-sever commissioners in all. Various States and the National Government have thus far appropriated \$508,000 for the memorial and celebration, and it is expected that not less than \$1,500,000 will be realized in all for both purposes.

\$508,000 for the memorial and celebration, and it is expected that not less than \$1,000,000 will be realized in all for both purposes.

The design for the Perry memorial was adopted in an open competition, said by competent authority to have been the largest ever held in this country. The awrad was made by the National Commission of Fine Arts at Washington, and the successful architects are Messrs. J. H. Freedlander and A. D. Seymour, fr., of New York City. The memorial will cost approximately \$1,000,000, and will consist of a Doric column 367 feet high, in the centre of an immense plaza more than 700 feet long and 500 feet wide, at one extremity of which will be an historical misseum containing a floor space of 3,000 square feet, and at the other a building emblematic of the 100 years of peace that have ensued between Great Britain and the United States since the war of 1812. It is also proposed to emphasize the international peace idea in all the centennial ceremonles, at Put-in-Bay and elsewhere

where

Representatives of the various cities which will hold local celebrations during the Summer of Representatives of the various cities which will hold local celebrations during the Summer of 1913, acting as a joint committee, have agreed upon the following schedule of dates: Put-in-Bay (formal opening, one day only), July 4; Erle, Pa., week of July 6; Cleveland, week of July 13; Detroit, week of July 20; Toledo, week of July 27; Milwaukee and Green Bay, Wis., week of August 10; Chicago, week of August 17; Buffalo, week of September 1; Lorain, Ohio, September 5 and 6; Sandusky, Ohio, September 8, 9, 11 and 12; Put-in-Bay, September 10 and 13; Louisville, Ky., week of September 29.

The Interstate Board has organized a bureau of public subscriptions under the direction of Commissioner MacKenzie R. Todd, of Kentucky, with headquarters in the general offices at Cleveland, thus affording the public an opportunity to share directly in the construction of the memorial and the various patriotic and educational celebrations contemplated during the Summer of 1913.

San Diego Panama-California Exposition in 1915.

San Diego, California, has raised \$3,500,000 for a Panama-California Exposition to be held throughout the entire year of 1915. It is an exposition intended to especially exploit the resources, opportunities for development and possibilities for immigration, colonization and commerce of the Western States of the United States. It will be international in scope, and will have exhibits from all of the countries of the two Americas and from some of the European and Oriental countries. U. S. Grant, Jr., John D. Spreckels, Lyman D. Gage, A. G. Spalding, D. C. Collier, and other men of prominence are behind the enterprise. The President is Colonel D. C. Collier, and other men of prominence are behind the enterprise. The President is Colonel D. C. Collier, of San Diego, and the Secretary is Winfield Hogaboon, of San Diego.

One of the spectacular leatures will be an elaborate exhibit showing the progress of man from primitive times down to 1915. Another great feature will be a floral and horticultural display with immense botanical gardens and groups of citrus and deciduous fruit trees in bearing, and an immense lath house—the largest ever built in the world—covered with flowering vines and surrounded by all of the tropical trees, plants and shrubs that are known to the botanical experts. There will be a

of the tropical trees, plants and shrubs that are known to the botanical experts. There will be a special exhibit of such things as irrigation, reforestration, reclamation and all of the things that

enter into the development of the West.

A number of States have already furnished appropriations for participation, and nearly one A number of States have already jurinshed appropriations for participation, and nearly one million dollars has been spent upon the grounds, which are embraced within an immense fourteen hundred-acre park, known as "Balboa Park," and lying in the very heart of the city of San Diego. San Diego offers as a reason for holding this exposition in 1915, the fact that it is the first port of entry on United States soil north of the Pacific opening of the Panama (anal, and she desires to

demonstrate to the world what possibilities lie in the vast region tributary to her as a commercial sea-port, as well as what avenues of commerce may be developed with the countries North and South on the Pacific Coast, and with the Orlent.

The exposition in its entirety will cost \$10,000,000, or more.

National Corn Exposition.

Organized and held annually under the direction of the National Corn Association. Association officers are: E. D. Funk, Shirley, Ill., President; E. G. Montgomery, Ithaca, N. Y., First Vice-President; George H. Stevenson, Columbia, S. C., Secretary and Treasurer and General Manager of the exposition. About thirty States are represented by Vice-Presidents was in Chicago, 1907; the second and third in Omaha, Neb., in 1908 and 1909; and the fourth in Columbus, Ohio, 1911. The Fifth National Corn Exposition will be held at Columbia, S. C., January 27 to February 8, 1913. The Fifth National Corn Exposition is the year at Columbia, S. C., January 27 to February 8, 1913. The headquarters of the exposition is the year at Columbia.

The slocan of the National Corn Exposition is the "Betterment of Agriculture." The exposition is composed or three prominent factors, (1) Educational exhibits from twenty-five to thirty State agricultural colleges and experiment stations, demonstrating experimental work, and principles and facts in agriculture. (2) Comprehensive and complete educational exhibits from the Federal Department of Agriculture. Three trophies are awarded, (1) Indiana Ten Ear Trophy, for best ten ears of corn, value \$1,000. (2) Colorado Oat Trophy, for best peck of oats, value \$1,500. (3) Kellog Single Ear Trophy, for best single ear, value \$1,000.

Celebration of One Hundred Rears of Peace.

Celebration of One Hundred Years of Picate.

It is proposed to celebrate in 1914-1915 the centennial of the Treaty of Ghent, marking one hundred years of peace between the United States and Great Britain. The matter was first discussed at the Harvard University Commencement of 1909, when the Hon. W. L. King, Minister of Labor of Canada, urged that a memorial be erected on the frontier at Niagara. Subsequently it was discussed at the Mohonk Peace Conference in May, 1910, and at a meeting on June 10 a temporary committee on organization, which later was made permanent, chose Andrew Carnegie Chairman; William H. Short, Secretary, 507 Fifth Avenue, New York City, and John A. Stewart, Chairman of an Executive Committee. Mayor Gaynor, of New York, in November, 1911, at the request of the Executive Committee, appointed a committee of arrangements composed of 136 prominent citizens to prepare for a celebration in the city of New York. Among the members of this committee are J. Pierpont Morgan, Chairman; August Belmont, John Clailin, George B. Cortelyou, John Drew, Cardinal Farley, Asa Bird Gardiner, George W. Perkins, William Rockefeller, Thomas F. Ryan, Nathan Straus, Henry W. Taft, Cornelius Vanderbilt, W. K. Vanderbilt, Chaires F. Murphy and Harry Payne Whitney.

The National Committee, of which Andrew Carnegie is Chairman, will act in conjunction with similar organizations in Great Britain, Canada and other parts of the English-speaking world. A number of suggestions have been made regarding the nature of permanent memorials. One proposes a monument in the form of a watergate to be erected at Detroit, Mich., and Windsor, Om., on the American and Canadian forest cover the New York to Montreal Highway, now being constructed. It has also been advocated that a building be erected in the city of New York to be dedicated to the eause of peaceful progress in which international congresses and public meetings can be held.

A suggestion is made by Senator and ex-Secretary of State Elihu Root that for

held.

A suggestion is made by Senator and ex-Secretary of State Elihu Root that for a given five minutes on February 15, 1915, the anniversary of the ratification by the British and American Governments of the treaty signed at Ghent, all human activities, so far as possible, shall absolutely cease, and that the 150,000,000 Duglish-speaking people throughout the world "shall engage in silent prayer and contemplation."

Panama=Pacific Enternational Exposition in 1915.

This Universal Exposition at San Francisco in 1915 is a distinctly national undertaking, determined upon by the Congress of the United States, and designated by the President of the United States, for the purpose of celebrating the opening of the Panama Canal, a national accomplishment that importantly affects the entire world. The exposition will open February 20 and close December 4, 1915—a period of nine months and thirteen days, extending from Winter to Winter. In assuming the burden and expense of this mammoth celebration in response to the call of the President and Congress, the people of California are discharging an important public duty and executing a national trust, the accruing benefits of which will be shared by every State in the Union and by the entire entire entire and one of the president of the nation. citizenship of the nation.

While this great inter-hemisphere waterway is a national project, it is nevertheless a world's

While this great inter-nemisphere waterway is a national project, it is nevertheless a worth a saset, and the celebration of its opening will be participated in by all countries and all peoples. The exposition will constitute an international concourse of tremendous significance in its effect upon the natural productivity and commercial activity of all countries, and of the United States in

particular.

In February, 1912, President Taft issued a proclamation announcing the holding of this great exposition and inviting the nations of the world to take part. He has also invited the representatives of foreign nations and their fleets to assemble in the harbor of Hampton Roads, Virginia, and proceed thence to Washington for a formal welcome by the President of the United States, who will accompany them back to Hampton Roads for a review of the assembled ests as they start on their voyage via the Panama Canal to San Francisco. Within only eight months of the issuance of the President's invitation an unprecedented record had been established by the acceptance of twenty-one foreign countries, which declared their intention to participate. In a like period thirty-one States and Territories had also accepted the invitation to take part.

On October 14, 1911, in the presence of a great multitude, President Taft turned the first spadeful of earth at San Francisco for the exposition. The President, the Governor of California and the Mayor of San Francisco delivered addresses. The vessels of the Pacific fleet in the harbor joined in the celebration, and there was an extended military parade in the streets.

Mayor of San Francisco delivered addresses. The vessels of the Pacific fleet in the harbor joined in the celebration, and there was an extended military parade in the streets. The exposition grounds contain 625 acres in the "Harbor View" section, forming a natural amphitheatre overlooking San Francisco Bay and its "Golden Gate" entrance from the Pacific. These grounds include part of the United States military reservations—the Presidio on one end and Fort Mason on the other. The grounds extend over two miles on the water front and are one-half mile wide. The exhibit palaces and temporary structures will be placed on leased land, while the foreign and State buildings will be located in the Presidio section. The exposition management will also erect a spacious auditorium of permanent character on land provided by the municipality in San Francisco's new civic centre at Van Ness Avenue and Market Street.

By July, 1913, each of the great exhibit palaces of the main group of exposition buildings will be under construction, and all of them will be completed before July, 1914—eight months in advance of the opening of the exposition. This will afford ample time for the setting and growth of the trees, shrubs, and vines which will be transplanted upon the exposition grounds. This early start in construction of the exposition will give it an incalculable advantage and greatly contribute to its prestize

struction of the exposition will give it an incalculable advantage and greatly contribute to its prestige and success. It will serve to stimulate the entire work which is now, in all the important phases, relatively much further advanced than at other world's expositions. The construction to be undertaken by the various foreign countries and States of the Union will undoubtedly keep pace with

dertaken by the various foreign countries and States of the Union will undoubtedly keep pace with the progress made upon the exhibit palaces.

The citizens of San Francisco subscribed \$7,000,000, and additional sums have been pledged. The State of California appropriated \$5,000,000, and the Municipal Government of San Francisco \$5,000,000, to the general fund of the exposition management. The fifty-eight counties of California are raising several million dollars for their individual representation on an elaborate scale. Large sums will likewise be expended by foreign countries and States of the Union for their official participation, and vast sums will also be spent by industrial and other concerns for private exhibits. The grand total will constitute an expenditure approximating \$50,000,000 for the Universal Exposition of 1015

Celebration of the Three Hundredth Anniversary 653 OF THE SETTLEMENT OF MANHATTAN ISLAND, NEW YORK.

OF THE SETTLEMENT OF MANHATTAN ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Manhatan Island was first settled by the Dutch in November, 1613, on a spot now covered
by No. 41 Broadway. It is proposed to celebrate the three hundredth anniversary of this event,
beginning in the Summer of 1913 by a commercial, artistic and floral display, with a world's series
of aquatic and other athletic sports, carnivals of various kinds and conventions of business and
professional organizations. Mayor Gaynor has promised to appoint a committee of one hundred
eltizens to prepare for this celebration. Among the prominent citizens interested are President
John Aspegren, of the New York Produce Exchange; President E. Martin, of the Merchants
and Manufacturers' Exchange; President Luigi Solari, of the Italian Chamber of Commerce; President William A. Camp, of the New York Fruit Exchange; President William N. Taylor, of the
Martime Association of the Port of New York; President Edmund Wetmore, of the Sons of the
Revolution of New York; President Henry L. Bogart, of the Hoiland Society and E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the United Steel Corporation.

National Rivers and Harbors Congress.

THE objects of this Congress shall be collection, preparation and presentation to the Congress The objects of this Congress shall be collection, preparation and presentation to the Congress of the United States such statistics and other information bearing upon the question of the improvement of the rivers and harbors of all the Nation as will secure for such purpose an annual appropriation by the said Congress of not less than fitty million dollars. To educate the people to the importance of the fact that the National Government, having assumed the control and improvement of the rivers and harbors of the country, is unequivocally bound to discharge these obligations promptly and by sound business methods, chief among which is the placing of annual appropriations for rivers and harbors on a parity with other great appropriation bills.

The membership of this Congress shall consist of commercial, manufacturing and kindred organizations, waterway improvement associations, corporations, companies, and individual citizens engaged or interested in commercial or industrial enterprises, who may subscribe to this constitution and contribute to the support and prosecution of the objects of the Congress. President—Hon. Joseph E. Ransdell, Lake Providence, La.

Joseph E. Ransdell, Lake Providence, La.

Food Facts in New York City.

THE New York State Food Investigating Commission's estimate in August, 1912, of the approximate quantities and retail values of some main food products annually consumed in New York City:

ZOLE CITY.			
1. Beef and other meat food prod-	11 9.	Fish-150,000,000 lbs. at 10c	15,000,000
ucts-880,000,000 pounds at 20c\$	176,000,000 10.	Coffee-45,000,000 lbs. at 25c	11.250.000
Milk—800,000,000 quarts at 8c.	64,000,000 11.	Other vegetables and fruit	5,000,000
3. Butter—139,000,000 lbs. at 35c.	58,650,000 12.	Cheese-28,956,009 lbs. at 16c	4,632,960
4. Eggs—150,501,630 doz. at 30c	45,150,489 13.	Tea-5,000,000 lbs. at 40c	2,000,000
5. Bread—900,000,000 loaves at 5c.	45,000,000 14.	Cereals	5,000,000
6. Sugar—400,000,000 lbs. at 7c	28,000,000 15.	Canned goods	150,000,000
7. Poultry	20,000,000		
8. Potatoes—750,000,000 lbs. at 2c.	15,000,000 H T	otal	\$644,683,449

The following table, compiled by the State Food Investigating Commission, shows examples of the average profits of the New York food retailer, that is, the groceryman and butcher.

FOOD PRODUCTS.	Cost to Wholesaler, in Cents.	Selling Price of Retailer, in Cents.	Per Cent. of Profit of Retaller.	FOOD PRODUCTS.	Cost to Wholesaler, in Cents.	Selling Price of Re- tailer, in Cents.	Per Cent. of Profit of Retailer.
VEGETABLES. White potatoes, ib White onlons, ib Fresh beans, qt Cabbage, head. Green corn, ear. Carrots, bunch. Tomatoes, nint box.	21.3 03.5 02.2 03.3 05.0 04.0 01.5 01.2	27.2 06.0 03.5 06.1 10.3 08.0 02.5 02.5	30.4 71.5 57.8 85.0 106.2 100.0 66.6 100.0	Peaches, qt. Apples, lb. Florida oranges, doz. Bananas, doz. Lemons, doz. Beef, hinds, lb. Beef, fore quarter, lb Pork, lb. Lamb, lb. Ham, lb. Bacon, lb. Poultry, lb	02.3 25.1 08.5 13.5 13.3 09.8 11.0 14.5 11.0	05.0 35.2 20.0 30.0 23.0 13.3 16.0 19.0 20.0	116.2 40.0 135.2 122.2 70.0 34.5 45.4 31.1 433.3
STAPLE GROCERIES. Sugar. lb.	04.5 05.7 05.2 04.0 18.5 18.0 05.0 03.3 11.0	06.0 06.9 06.4 08.0 28.0 35.0 04.3 14.5	33.3 20.0 23.0 100.0 51.3 91.8 60.0 33.0 31.8 23.5	Hallbut, lb. Cod, lb. Haddock, lb. Weaklish, lb. CANNED GOODS. Pork and beans, can. Corn, can Condensed milk, can Tomatoes, can. Salmon, can.	04.3 03.0 07.0 09.1 13.3 07.7 08.1 10.0 14.7	12.0 08.0 12.0 14.0 23.0 14.0 10.0	180.0 160.0 61.0 52.7 72.5 81.8 22.7 50.0 69.6

The higher the wholesaler's price the less the retailer's margin, the commission finds. points out the disproportionate profit on perishable stuff,

Game Laws of the

CLOSE SEASON FOR GAME

The following table shows the close season for all game in the United States, with the exception of mountain sheep and goat and a few unimportant species. Where no dates are given kind of game does not exist, or close season at all times. Local laws, where operative, should be consulted. The first date of the close season and the first date of the open season are given,

1		MAMS	MALS.		Birds.
	Deer.	Elk, Antelope, Moose, Caribou.	Squirrel.	Rabbit.	Quail.
	Jan. 1-Nov. 1 (a)		Mar. 1-Oct. 1		Mar. 1-Nov. 1
Alaska (d)	Nov. 2-Aug. 15	Jan. 1-Aug. 20 (a)			
Arizona	Dec. 1-Oct. 1, (a)	At all times			Feb. 2-Oct. 15
Arkansas	Feb. 1-Sept. I (12)		Dec. 1-May 1 (12)		Mar. 1-Nov. 1 (1
California	Nov. 1-Aug. 15 (a).	At all times	Jan. 1-Sept. 1	Feb. 1-July 31	Dec. 1-Sept.1
Colorado	Oct. 7-Oct. 1 (a)	At all times	1		At all times
Connecticut			Nov. 23-Oct. 8	Jan. 15-Oct. 1 (27)	Nov. 24-Oct. 8
Delaware				Jan. 1-Nov. 15	Jan. 1-Nov. 15
Dist. of Col	Jan. 1-Sept. 1		Feb. 1-Nov. 1	Feb. L-Nov. 1.	Mar. 15-Nov. 1.
	Feb. 1-Nov. 1		Season varies		Mar. 1-Nov. 1 (
	Jan. i-Oct. 1 (a)		Jan. 1-Oct. 1		
	Jan. 1-Oct. I (8)	D. 118:41 X (1)			Mar. 1-Dec. 1
10110	Dec. 1-Sept. 1 (12)	Dec. 1-Sept. 1 (1)	N 17 Y 1	•••••	Dec. 1-Nov. 1
	To 1919 (11)		Nov. 16-June 1		Dec. 10-Nov. 11
	At all times (9)		Oct. 1-July 1		Jan. 1-Nov. 10
	At all times		Jan. 1-Sept. 1		Dec. 15-Nov. 1
	At all times		Jan. 1-Sept. 1		Dec. 2-Nov. 15
Kentucky	Mar. 1-Sept. 1		Feb. 1-Nov. 15 (23)	Sept. 15-Nov. 15	Jan. 1-Nov. 15
	At all times		Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Oct. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1 (12
	Jan. 1-Oct. 1 (a)		March 1-July 2		Mar. 1-Nov. 15
	Dec. 16-Oct. 1 (12)		Nov. 1-Sept. 1	April 1-Sept. 1	At all times
Maryland			Dec. 2-Sept. 1	Dec. 25-Nov. 1	Dec. 25-Nov. 1
Managhueatta	At all times (12)		Nov. 15-Oct. 15	Mar. 1-Oct. 15	Nov. 13-Oct. 12.
		44 -11 4/			
	Dec. 1-Oct. 15 (12).			Mar. 2-Oct. 15	To Nov. 1, 1915
	Nov. 30-Nov. 10		•••••		Dec. 1-Oct. 1
	Mar. 1-Nov. 15 (a)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			Mar. 1-Nov. 1
	Jan. 1-Nov. I (a)	_ *********	Dec. 22-July 1		Jan. 1-Nov. 1.
Montana	Dec. 1-Oct. 1	Dec. 1-Oct. 1 (3)			At all times
	At all times		Dec. 1-Oct. 1		Nov. 16-Nov. 1
	Oct. 15-Sept. 15				Jan. 1-Oct. 15
New Hampshire	Dec.16-Dec. 1 (19)	At all times	To Oct. 1, 1913	Apr. 1-Oct. 1	Dec. 1-Oct. 1 (1:
	Nov. 6-Nov. 1 (a)			Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1
	Nov. 16-Oct. 1 (b)	At all times			Feb. 1-Nov. 1
New York	Nov. 16-Oct. 1	At all times	Nov. 1-Sept. 16	Jan. 1-Oct. 1	Nov. 16-Oct. 1
	Feb. 1-Oct. 1		Local laws		Mar. 1-Nov. 1
North Dakota	Dec. 1-Nov. 10	At all times		***************************************	At all times
Ohio			Oct. 21-Sept. 15	Dec. 5-Nov. 15	Dec. 5-Nov. 15
Oklahama	Dec. 15-Nov. 15 (a)	At all times	Oct. 21-Sept. 15		Feb. 1-Nov. 15
Оканоша	No. 1 1 1 1 1 (a) (16)	At all times	In 1 Oak I		
Oregon	Nov.1-Aug.1 (a)(12)	At all times	Jan. 1-Oct. 1	P	Nov. 15-Oct. 15 (
rennsylvania	Dec. 1-Nov. 15 (b).		Dec. 16-Nov. 1	Dec. 16-Nov. 1	Dec. 16-Nov. 1
	At all times (9)		Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Dec. 16-Oct. 15.
	Jan. 1-Sept. 1 (12)		********	***********	Mar. 16-Nov. 15
	Dec. 1-Nov. 1 (a)				
Tennessee	To Oct. 1, 1915 (14).		Mar. 1-June 1 (12)		Feb. 1-Nov. 1
Texas	Jan. 1-Nov. 1 (a)	To 1916			Feb. 1-Nov. 1
Utah	Nov. 15-Oct. 15 (b).	To March 11.1913			To Mar.11, 1913 (
Vermont	Nov. 26-Nov. 15	At all times	Dec. 1-Sept. 15	Mar. 1-Sept. 15	Dec. 1-Sept. 15
Virginia	Dec. 1-Sept. 1 (12)		Local laws	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (29)	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (19
Washington	Nov. 1-Sept. 1 (a)	Nov 1-Sept 15 (7)		1 (10) 1 -1(10) 1 (10) 1.	Jan. 1-Oct. 1 (12)
West Virginia	Dec. 1-Oct. 15. (a).	2.01. 1-ocpus 10 (1).	Dec. 1-Sept. 1	**************	Dec. 1-Nov. 1
Wisconsin	Dec. 1-Nov. 11 (12).	At all times	E-b 1 O-t 10(10)	Feb. 1-Oct. 10 (12)	Fo Oat 1 1015
Wuoming	Dec. 1-Sept. 1	At all times			
11) OHITHE	17ec. 1-5ept. 1		J		Dec. 1-Sept. 25 (1

1 Elk only. 2 Cow and calf moose, all year. 3 Moose, caribou, bison or Buffalo, all the year. 4 Prairie chicken, closed season all year. Oklahoma, Nov. 1-Sept. 1; Oregon, Oct. 15-Sept. 1. 5 Snipe—California, May 1-Nov. 15. Louisiana Apr. 1-Sept. 15; New Hampshire, Dec. 1-Oct. 1; Pennsylvania, May 1-Sept. 1. 6 Female protected all the year. 7 Moose and ant-lope, males only, elk until 1915. 8 Rail—Connecticut, Jan. 1-Sept. 12, 9 Deer raised in private preserves may be killed at any time. 10 Certain species. 11 Deer raised in inclosure for market may be killed Oct. 1-Feb. 1. 12 Local exceptions. 14 Except Fentress County, Dec. 1-Jan. 1. 16 Plover—Kanass, May 1-Aug. 1; Missouri, Jan. 1-Sept. 1; Nebraska, Sept. 1-Juj 15; 13 Except July. 19 Except Mar. 1-April 2; Sundays and Moorlays also closed seasons for ducks and other waterfowl. 21 Swan, all year; Duck, Jan. 1-Sept. 1. 23 Except June 15-Sept. 15. 27 Between Dec. 1 and Jan. 15 hunting with dog and ferret only. 28 Cock phesant may be killed Nov. 1-Feb. 1, under permit. 29 Residents of the State man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the control of the state man of the state man of the control of the state man quired in some States.

(a) Femile deer and elk and deer without horns protected at all times. (b) Except deer without horns. Non-resident not permitted to kill. (d) Game animals or birds may be killed at any time for food or clothing by native Indians or Esquinaux, or by milners or explorers in need of food, but came so killed can not be shipped or sold.

**NEW YORK. Dates for deer hunting apply to Adrondack region only rest of State no open season. (Exceptions). Unster, Orange and Sullivan Counties, Nov. 16-Nov. 1. Fawns at all times. Hunting, with dogs, traps, or devices of any

Ulster, Orange and Sullivan Counties, Nov. 19-20-21.

Kind probibited,
WILD Birns—Catching, killing, or the possession of live or dead, and robbing of nests prohibited at all times—except English sparyrow, crane, hawk, crow, owl, and blackbird.

Hunting and shooting on Sunday prohibited.

Export of game or birds taken in the State is prohibited.

FISH LAWS, NEW YORK STATE, OPEN SEASON.

Trout—May 1 to August 31. Minimum length, six inches, Not more than ten pounds of trout may be taken or transported by one person in one day. Trout must not be taken by any other method than angling.

Several States, 1913.

IN THE UNITED STATES.

Open season may be found by reversing dates. The difficulty of securing absolute accuracy in a table of this kind is very great, and absence in laws of many States of express legislation as to inclusion or exclusion of date upon which seasons open and close makes exactness almost an impossibility. Compiled and corrected to October 1, 1912.

Birds,												
Grouse and Prairie Chicken.	Wild Turkey.	Pheasant.	Woodcock.	Duck, Goose, Swan.	Plover, Suipe, Rall.							
Dec. 15-Dec. 1	Apr. 1-Dec. 1 (6)	Dec. 15-Dec. 1	Mar. 15-Sept. 1	Mar. 15-Sept. 1	May 1-Nov. 1 1							
Mar. 2-Sept. 1					Mar. 2-Sept. 1 2							
At all times	Dec. 16-Oct. 1	At all times	***********	Apr. 2-Sept. 1								
Dec. 1-Oct. 31	May 1-Sept. 1 (12).	To Mar. 14, 1913			4							
Dec. 1-Sept. 1	At all times	At all times			Mar 1-Oct. 15(5) 5							
Oct. 11-Aug.15	At all times	At all times		Mar. 2-Oct. 1	Mar. 2-Oct. 1 6							
Nov. 24-Oct. 8		Nov. 24-Oct 8	Nov.24-Oct. 8	Jan. 1-Sept. 1	Jan. 1-Sept. 1 (8) 7							
Mar. 15-Sept. 1	Dec. 26-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 15 Dec. 26-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 15 (30) Jan. 1-July 1	Apr. 16-Oct. 1 (12) Apr. 1-Sept. 1	Nov. 2-Sept. 1 8							
ым. 15-зер. 1	Mar. 1-Nov. 1	Mar. 1-Nov.1		April 1-Oct. 1 (12)								
At all times	Mar. 1-Dec. 1	At all times	Jan. 1-Dec. 1	Jan. 1-Dec. 1 (10)	May. 1-Dec. 1 11							
Dec. 1-Aug. 15 (4)	Mari I-Dec. I	Dec. 1-Aug. 15	Jan. 1-Dec. 1	Feb. 1-Sept. 1	Feb. 1-Sept. 1 12							
Nov. 18-Nov. 12	To July 1, 1913	To July 1, 1913 (28).	To July 1, 1915	April 16-Sept. 1								
Jan. 1-Nov. 10 (4)	At all times	At all times	Jan. 1-July 1	April 15-Sept. 1								
Dec. 1-Sept. 1	Dec. 15-Nov. 1	To Oct., 1915	Jan. 1-July 10	April 15-Sept. 1								
Nov. 2-Oct. 1		To 1917		April 15-Sept. 1	May 1-Sept. 1(16) 16							
	Feb. 1-Sept. 1	At all times	Feb. 1-June 20	April 1-Aug. 15	17							
Jan. 1-Nov. !		Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Dec. 1-Oct. 15	Jan. 11-Oct. 1	Dec. 1-Aug 1 18							
To Dec. 1, 1915	Apr. 1-Nov. 15(6).	To Dec. 1, 1915	Feb. 1-Nov. 15	Mar. 1-Oct. 1	Mar. 15-Oct. 1 (5) 19							
Dec. 1-Sept. 15		To April 28, 1913	Dec. 1-Sept. 15	Jan. 1-Sept. 1 (10)	Dec. 1-Aug. 1 20							
Dec. 25-Nov. 1	Dec. 25-Nov. 1	44 31 75		April 10-Nov 1								
Nov. 13-Oct. 12 (4). Dec. 1-Oct. 15 (4)	At all times	At all times	Nov. 13-Oct.12	Jan. 1-Sept. 15 (10).								
Nov. 7-Sept. 7	At all times	To Nov. 1, 1915 At all times	Jan. 2-Oct. 15	Jan. 2-Oct. 15 (12).								
1107. 1-Sept. 1	May 1-Jan. 1	At all times	Nov. 7-Sept. 7	Mar. 1 Sept. 1								
At all times	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	At all times	At all times		May 1-Sept. 15 (16). 26							
Nov. 1-Oct. 1		Nov. 1-Oct. 1		Jan. 1-Sept. 1								
Dec. 1-Sept. 1	At all times	At all times		April 6-Sept. 1	May 2-Sept. 1 (16), 28							
Jan. 2-Oci. 1		At all times	Mar. 16-Sept. 15		Mar. 16-Sept. 15 29							
Dec. 1-Oct. 1		At all times	Dec. 1-Oct. 1 (12).	Feb. 1-Oct. 1,	Feb. 1-Oct. 1 (5) 30							
	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Nov. 1	Jan. 1-Oct. 15 (12).	Mar. 16-Nov. 1 (12).								
Nov. 16-Sept. 1 (4).	Jan. 16-Nov. 1	At all times			Apr. 1-Sept. 1 32							
Dec. 1-Oct. 1		At all times (12)	Nov. 30-Oct. 15	Jan. 11-Sept. 16								
N 0 0 #	Mar. 1-Nov. 1	** .10.	Local laws	Local laws	34							
Nov. 2-Sept. 7 Dec. 5-Nov. 15	•••••	At all times	Nov. 2-Sept. 7	Dec. 16-Sept. 7	Nov. 2-Sept. 7 35							
	Jan. 1-Nov. 15	To Nov. 15, 1913 To Nov., 1914	Dec. 5-Sept. 1		Jan. 1-Sept. 1 (19) 36 May 1-Aug. 15 37							
Nov.15-Oct.15(4)(12)	Jan. 1-1107. 13	Oct. 15-Sep. 1 (12)	•••••		May 1-Aug. 15 37 Mar. 1-Oct. 1 (12) 38							
Dec. 16-Nov.1	Dec. 16-Nov. 1	Dec. 16-Nov. 1	Dec. 1-Oct. 1		Dec. 1-July 15 (5) 39							
Dec. 16-Oct. 15		At all times	Dec. 16-Oct. 15	April 1-Aug. 15								
	Mar.16-Nov. 15 (12)		Feb. 1-Sept. 1		41							
Oct. 10-Sept. 10		To Jan. 1, 1915	Oct. 10-Sept. 10	April 10-Sept. 10	Oct. 10-Sept. 10 42							
Mar. 1-Nov. 1	Mar. 1-Nov. 1 (12).	Jan. 1-Dec. 1	April 15-Oct. 1	April 15-Oct. 1	April 16-Oct. 1 43							
To 1916	April 1-Dec. 1	То 1916		7	44							
To Mar. 11, 1913		To Mar. 11, 1913			Jan. 1-Oct. 1]45							
Nov. 15-Sept. 15		To Oct. 1, 1913	Nov. 15-Sept. 15		Dec. 1-Sept. 15 46							
	Feb. I-Nov. 1 (12).	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (12)	Feb. 1-Nov. 1 (12).	May I-Oct. 15 (10)								
Jan. 1-Oct. 1 (12)	D. 1 Oct 15	Jan. 1-Oct. 1 (12)	11 00 1.1.1.15		Feb. 1-Oct. 1 (12) 48							
Oct. 1-Oct. 15 Oct. 1-Sept. 10 (12)	Dec. 1-Oct. 15	At all times To Oct. 1, 1915	Dec. 20-July 15		Dec. 20 July 15 49							
Dec. 1-Sept. 25 (12).	*********	Dec. 1-Sept. 25 (12).	Dec. 1-S-pt. 10		Dec. 1-Sept. 10 50 May 1-Sept. 1 51							
T = 1 = 0 (12)				,	1-10pts 1							

Lake Trout and Whitefish .- Lake trout not less than fifteen inches in length, and whitefish not less than tweeve inches in length, may be taken and possessed from April 1 to September 30, both inclusive. Otsego whitefish, commonly called Otsego bass, not less than nine inches in length, may be taken and possessed from January 1 to October 31, both inclusive. A person may take by angling not to exceed ten lake trout in one day, but whenever two or more persons are angling from the same boat they may take not to exceed fitteen in one day. Whitefish may be taken in any number or quantity. Lake trout and whitefish may be taken in Lakes Erie and Outario in any number or ber or quantity. Lake tront and whitefish may be taken in Lakes Erie and Ontario in any number or quantity at any time, and when so taken may be possessed. Black Bass.—June 16 to November 30, inclusive. Minimum length, ten inches, Limit per day

to one person, fifteen; to a boat, two or more persons twenty-five; bass must not be taken by any other method than angling.

Pickerel and Pike.—May I to March 1, inclusive. Pike, minimum length, ten inches. Pickerel,

minimum length (St. Lawrence River), twenty inches.

Pike Perch. -Not less than twelve inches in length may be taken and possessed in any number

or quantity from May 1 to March 1, both inclusive. Mini-

Mascalonge. -June 16 to December 31, inclusive. Must not be taken through the ice. mum length, twenty-four luches. Striped Bass less than twelve inches in length shall not be intentionally taken or possessed, Smelt or Icefish.—Smelt or icefish not less than six inches in length may be taken from the inland waters of the State in any number or quantity at any time.

Frogs.—Bullfrogs, green frogs and spring frogs, may be taken in any manner, possessed, bought and sold from June I to March 31, both inclusive. They shall not be taken, possessed, bought or sold at any other time.

(Long Island, Open Season.)

Trout.—April 1 to August 31, inclusive.
Rainbow Trout.—April 16 to September 30, inclusive.
Norz.—The State Fish and Game Lawsapply where not in conflict with the Long Island provisions.

Largest Cities of the Earth.

POPULATION ACCORDING TO THE LATEST OFFICIAL CENSUSES.

CITIES.	Year.	Populat'n.	Cities.	Year.	Populat'n.	CITIES.	Year.	Populat'n.
London *	1911	7,252,963	Kiev	1897	319,000	Elberfeld	1905	162,853
London * New York (see footnote)	1913	5,173,064	Edinburgh	1901	316,479	Vilna	1897	162,633
Paris	1911	2,846,986	Palermo	1901	309,694	(thent	1905	162,482
Chicago	1910	2.185.283	Minneapolis	1910	301,408	Amritsar	1901	162,429
Chicago Tokio, Japan	1909	2,185,283 2,168,151	Singapore	1910	\$300,000	Dundee	1901	160,871
Berlint	1910	2,064,153	Havana	1907	297,159	Goteborg Jaipur. Lemberg.	1907	160,523
Vienna	1911	2,004.291	Antwerp	1905	291,949	Jaiour	1901	160,167
St. Petersburg	1910	1,907,708	Dublin	1901	290,638	Lemberg.	1901	159,877
Centon	est.	1,600,000	Dublin Nagoya	1903	288,639	Dantzig Bangalore, Colombo, Ceylon	1905	159,648
Paking	est.	1,600,000	Prodford	1911	288,458	Bengalore	1901	159,046
Philadelphia	1910	1,549,008	Bradford Hongkong	1901	283,905	Colombo Caylon	1901	158,228
Peking Philadelphia Moscow	1907	1,359,254	Teherau	est.	280,000	Howrah	1901	157,594
Buones Avros	1911	§1,326,994	Kingston-upon-Hull	1911	277,991	Barman	1901	156,080
Buenos Ayres Constantinople			Bushavest	1900	276,178	Barmen	1910	150,000
Coastantinopie	est. 1908	1,125,000	Bucharest	1910	000 770	Dann-	1901	154,839
Osaka Shanghai		1,117,151	Jersey City		267,779 267,730	Poons	1901	153,320
Grandeln	est.	1,000,000	Montreal	1901	267,730	Bologna		152,009
Tientsin	1910	\$1,000,000	Newcastle	1911	266,603	Venice	1901	151,840
Calcuta	1910	\$994,944	Lucknow Nottingham	1901	264,049	Sunderland	1911	151,159
Hamburg	1910	936,000	Nottingham	1911	259,904	Oakland, Cal	1910	150,174
Rio de Janeiro	1906	811,265	Riga	1897	256,197	Toulouse	1906	149,438
Bombay	1901	776,006	Bordeaux	1906	251,917	Cantania	1901	149,295
WarsawLiverpool	1901	756,426	Hanover, Germany	1905	250,024	Seville Oldham, England	1900	148,315
Liverpool	1911	746,421	Tunis	est.	250,000	Oldham, England	1911	147,483
Glasgow	1901	735,906	Stuttgart	1905	249,286	Soerabava, Java	1900	146,944
Buda-Pesth	1901	732,322	Tunis Stuttgart. Kansas City, Mo	1910	248,381	St. Etienne	1901	146,559
Manchester, England	1911	714,333	Chembitz	1905	244,927	Worcester, Mass	1910	145,986
Barcelonat	1911	§700,000	The Hague	1905	242,054	Bagdad	est.	145,000
St. Louis	1910	687,029	Magdeburg Charlottenburg, Prussia	1905	240,633	AachenValparaiso	1905	144,095
Boston Cairo, Egypt	1910	670,585	Charlottenburg, Prussla	1905	239,559	Valparaiso	1904	143,769
Cairo, Egypt	1907	654,476	Seattle	1910	237,194	A berdeen	1901	143,722
Brusseis 1	1905	612,401	Seattle Rangoon	1901	234,831	Kazan	1900	143,707
Bangkok	est.	600,000	Genoa	1901	234,710	Roubaix	1901	142,365
Prague	1911	\$600,000	Genoa. Indianapolis	1910	233,650	RoubaixFez, Morocco	est.	140,000
Munich	1910	595,053	kegen (iermany	1905	231,360	Algiera T	1901	138,709
Prague	1911	§591,800	Salford Portsmouth, Eugland .	1911	231,357	Gratz	1901	138,080
Leipzig	1910	5×5,743	Portsmouth, Eugland .	1911	231,141	Syracuse	1910	137,249
Naples	1901	563,541	Bahia	1900	230,000	Saratvo	1897	137,147
Naples	1910	560,663	Bahia	1900	227,626	Posen Brunswick, Germany Yekaterinoslav	1905	136,808
Baltimore	1910	558,483	Leicester	1911	227,222	Brunswick, Germany	1905	136,397
Amsterdam	1905	557,614	Damascus	est.	225,000	Yekaterinoslav	1897	135,532
Dresden	1910	546,882	Providence	1910	224,326	Patna	1901	134,785
Madrid	1900	539,835	Stettin	1905	224,119	New Haven	1910	133,605
Pittsburgh	1910	533,905	Louisville Konigsberg	1910	223,928	Blackburn	1911	133,052
Birmingham, England.	1911	525,833	Konigsberg	1905	223,770	Nantes	1901	132,990
Marseilies	1906	517,498	Trieste	1909	δ221,993	Blemingham, Als.	1910	132,685
CologneBreslau	1910	511,042	Johannesburg	1910	220,304	Brighton, England	1911	131,237
Breslau	1910	510,929	Manija	1904	219,928	Barellly	1901	131,208
Madras	1901	509,346	Manila	1910	218,149	Bareilly Memphis, Tenn	1910	131,105
Milan	1901	491,460	Bremen	1905	214,861	Lima	1903	130,233
Sydney‡ Copenhagen‡ Lyons Mexico City	1901	481,830	St. Paul	1910	214,744	Havre	1901	130,196
Copenhagent	1901	476,806	Valencia	1900	213,530	Malaga	1900	130,109
Lyons	1906	472,114	Denver	1910	213,381	Malaga Scranton, Pa	1910	129,867
Mexico City	1910	470,659	Benares	1901	209,331	Basle	1908	129,470
Detroit	1910	465,766	Delhi	1901	208,575	Nappur	1901	127,734
Rome	1901	462,783	Toronto	1901	208,040	Nagpur Richmond, Va	1910	127,628
Sheffield	1911	454,632	Portland, Ore	1910	207,214	Aleppo	est.	127,150
Odessa	1900	449,673	Mendoza, Arg	1910	\$206,393	Aleppo. Kishinev. Paterson, N. J.	1897	125,787
Odessa Haidarabad‡	1901	448,466	Lille	1906	205,602	Paterson, N. J.	1910	125,600
Leeds	1911	445,550	Florence	1901	205,589	Omaha	1910	124,096
Buffalo	1910	445,550 423,715	FlorenceLahore	1901	202,964	Der by	1911	123,410
San Francisco	1910	416,912	Smyrna	est.	201,000	Srinagar	1901	122,618
San Francisco Frankfort-on-Main	1910	414,406	Tabriz	est.	200,000	Liege	1905	122,207
Yokohama	1910	\$400,000	Cawnpore	1901	197,170	Astrakhan	1897	121,580
Kloto	1903	380,568	Cawnpore Seoul, Korea	1902	196,646	Norwich, England	1911	121,478
Milwaukee Rotterdam	1910	373,857	Agra	1901	188,022	Heroshima	1903	121,196
Rotterdam	1905	370,390	Zurich	1908	186,999	Kassel, Germany	1905	120,267
Cincinnati	1910	364,463	ZurichAhmadabad	1901	185,889	Bozota	1886	120,000
Bristol, England	1911	357,048	Mandelay	1901	183.816	Pernambuco	1900	120,000
Dusseldori	1910	356,733	Mandelay	1911	182,259	Pernambuco Rostov-ou-Don	1897	119,889
LISDOD	1900	356,009	Columbus	1910	181,545	Surat	1901	119,306
Lodz	1897	351,570	Dortmund	1905	175,577	Fall River, Mass	1910	119,295
Belfast Newark. Kobe, Japan	1901	349.180	Kharkov	1897	173,989	Beirut	est.	118,800
Newark,	1910	347,469	KharkovAllahabad	1901	172,032	Beirut	1908	118,256
Kobe, Japan	1908	345,952	Nagasaki,	1908	169,941	Meerut	1901	118,129
New Orleans	1910	339,075	Nagasaki Halle-on-Salle	1905	169,916	Preston .	1911	117,088
Stockholm	1907	337,460	Crovdon, England	1911	169,551	Dayton, Ohio,	1910	116,577
Turin	1901	335,656	Toledo, Ohio	1910	168,497	Rouen	1901	116,316
Turin	1904	334,538	Toledo, Ohio	1905	168,320	Rouen	1901	116,163
Nuremberg	1910	332,539	Bolton	1901	168,205	Ratavia	1900	115,887
Nuremberg	1907	332,246	Bolton Oporto Strasburg Kiel, Germany	1900	167,955	Utrecht	1905	114,321
Sao Paulo, Brazil	1902	332,000	Strasburg	1905	167,678	Helsingfors	1904	111,654
Washington	1910	331,069	Kiel, Germany	1905	163,772	Murcia, Spain	1900	111,539
Montevideo Los Angeles, Cal	1909	§321,224	Manneim	1905	163,693	Athens	1896	111,486
Los Angeles, Cal	1910	319,198	Adelaide t	1901	163,430	Athens Nashville, Tenn	1910	110,364

*Population of Registration London in 1911, was: 4,522,964, and with metropolitan and city police districts, 7,252,963.

Population of Greater New York and its Westchester and New Jersey suburbs in 1910 was: 6,501,178. † Estimated population with suburbs by provisional count 1910 was 3,60,00. ‡ With suburbs. § American Couns Report.

NOTE.—The population of Chinese cities other than Canton, Peking, and Shanghai is omitted, because reports respecting it are utterly untrustworthy. There are forty or more Chinese cities whose inhabitants are numbered by rumor at from 200,000 to 1,000,000 each, but no official censuses have ever been taken, and setting saide consideration of the Oriental tendency to exaggeration, there is reason to believe that the estimates of population in many Instances covered districts of country bearing the same names as the cities, instead of definite municipalities.

Population of the United States

AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1790 TO 1910.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1830.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1910,
Alabama	309,527	590,756	771,623	964,201	996,992	1,262,595	1,513,017	1,828,697	2,138,093
Alaska							-,	63,592	64,35t
Arizona					9,658	40,440	59,620	122,931	204,354
Arkansas	30,388	97,574	209,897	435,450		802,525	1,128,179	1,311,564	1,574,449
California			92,597	379,994	560,247	864,694	1,208,130	1,485,053	2,377,549
			04,001	34,277	39,864	194,327	419,198	539.700	799,02
Colorado	907 075	200.050	970, 500		537,454	622,700			
Connecticut	297,675	309,978	370,792	460,147			746,258	908,420	1,114,756
Dakota	127.40	80.00		4,837	14,181	135,177	1.10.100	407.404	2000
Delaware	76,748	78,085	91,532	112,216	125,015	146,608	168,493	184,735	202,329
D. of Columbia	39,834	43,712	51,687	75,080	131,700	177,624	230,392	278,718	331,069
Florida	34,730	54,477	87,445	140,424	187,748	269,493	591,422	528,542	751,139
Georgia	516,823	691,393	906,185	1,057,286	1,184,109	1,542,180	1,837,353	2,216,331	2,609,121
Hawaii								154,001	191,909
Idaho					14,999	32,610	84,385	161,772	325 594
Illinois	157,445	476,183	851,470	1,711,951	2,539,891	3,077,871	3,826,351	4,821,550	5,638,591
Indiana	343,031	685,866	988,416	1,350,428	1,680,637	1,978,301	2,192,404	2,516,462	2,700,876
Indian Territory	010,001	300,000	000,110	-,000,420	2,000,001	-,0.0,001	2,102,207	392,060	±,,,,,,,,
		43,112	192,214	674,913	1,194,020	1,624,615	1,911,896	2,231,853	2,224,771
Iowa		40,112	195,514	107,206	364,399	996,096	1,427,096		
Kansas	687,917	779,828	000 405				1,437,090	1,470,495	1,690,949
Kentucky	081,911	779,828	982,405	1,155,684	1,321,011	1,648,690	1,858,635	2,147,174	2,289,908
Louisiana	215,739	352,411	517,762	708,002	726,915	939,946	1,118,587	1,381,625	1,656,388
Maine	399,455	501,793	583,169	628,279	626,915	648,936	661,086	694,466	742,371
Maryland	447,040	470,019	583,034	687,049	780,894	934,943	1,042,390	1,188,044	1,295,346
Massachusetts	610,408	737,699	994,514	1,231,066		1,783,085	2,238,943	2,805,346	3,366,416
Michigan	31,639	212,267	397,654	749,113	1,184,059	1,636,937	2,093,889	2,420,982	2,810,178
Minnesota	l l	l l	6,077	172,023	439,706	780,773	1,301,826	1,751,394	2,075,708
Mississippi	136,621	375,651	606,526	791,305	827,922	1.131.597	1,289,600	1,551,270	1,797,114
Missouri	140,455	383,702	682,044	1,182,012	1,721,295	2,168,380	2,679,184	3.106,665	3,293,335
Montana				-,,	20,595	39,159	132,159	243,329	376,053
Nebraska				28,841	122,993	452,402	1,058,910	1,066,390	1.192.214
Novodo				6,857	42,491	62,266	45,761	42,335	81,876
Nevada New Hampshire	269,328	284,574	317,976	326,073	318,300				
New Hampshire		373,306			906,096	346,991	376,530	411,588	430,572
New Jersey	320,823	919,900	489,555	672,035		1,131,116	1,444,933	1,883,669	2,537,157
New Mexico	* 010 400	0.455.504	61,547	93,516	91,874	119.565	153,593	195,310	327,301
New York	1,918,608	2,428,921	3,097,394	3,880,735	4,382,759	5,082,871	5.997,853	7,268,894	9,113,279
North Carolina.	737,987	753,419	869,039	992,622	1,071,361	1,399,750	1,617,947	1,893,810	2,206,287
North Dakota							182,719	319,146	577,056
Ohio	937,903	1,519,467	1,980,329	2,339,511	[2,665,260]	3,198,062	3,672,316	4,157,545	4,767,121
Oklahoma							61,834	398,331	1,657,155
Oregon	1	[13,294	52,465	90,923	174,768	313,767	413,536	672,76ã
Pennsylvania	1,348,233	1,724,033	2,311,786	2,906,215	3,521,951	4,282,891	5,258,014	6,302,115	7,665,111
Rhode Island	97,199	108,830	147,545	174,620	217,353	276,531	345,506	428,556	542,610
South Carolina	581,185	594,398	668,507	703,708	705,606	995,577	1,151,149	1,340,316	1,515,400
South Dakota	001,100	001,000	000,001	100,100	100,000	21.01011	328,808	401,570	583 888
Tennessee	681,904	829,210	1,002.717	1,109,801	1,258,520	1,542,359	1,767,518	2,020,616	2,184,789
Torne			212,592	604,215	818,579		2,235,523		9 000 740
Texas						1,591,749	3,200,025	3,048,710	3,896,542
Utah	000.000	001.040	11,380	40,273	86,786	143,963	207,905	276 749	373,351
Vermont	280,652	291,948	314,120	315,098	330,551	332,286	332,422	343,641	355,956
Virginia	1,211,405	1,239,797	1,421,661	1,596,318	1,225 163	1,512,565	1,655,980	1,854,184	2,061,612
Washington				11,594	23,955	75,116	349,390	518,103	1,141,990
West Virginia					442,014	618,457	762,704	958,800	1,221,119
Wisconsin	ا ا	30,945	305,391	775,881	1,054,670	1,315,497	1,686,880	2,069,042	2,333,860
Wyoming					9,118	20,789	60,705	92,531	145,965
Total								75,994,575	

^{*} Indian Territory merged into Oklahoma.

POPULATION: CENSUS OF 1790.—Connecticut, 237,946; Delaware, 59,096; Georgia, 82,548; Kentucky, 73,677; Maine, 196,540; Maryland, 319,728; Massachusetts, 378,787; New Hampshire, 141,885; New Jersey, 184,139; New York, 340,120; North Carolina, 393,751; Pennsylvánia, 434,373; Rhode Island, 68,825; South Carolina, 249,073; Tennessee, 35,691; Vermont, 85,425; Virginia, 747,610. Total U. S., 3,929,214.

POPULATION: CENSUS OF 1800.—Connecticut, 251,002; Delaware, 64,273; District of Columbia, 14,093; Georgia, 162,886; Indiana, 5,641; Kentucky, 220,955; Maine, 4 151,719; Maryland, 341,548; Massachnsetts, 422,845; Mississippi, 8,850; New Hampshire, 183,858; New Jersey, 211,149; New York, 589,051; North Carolina, 478,103; Ohio, 45,365; Pennsylvania, 602,365; Rhode Island, 89,122; South Carolina, 345,591; Tennessee, 105,602; Vermont, 154,465; Virginia, 880,200. Total U. S., 5,308,483.

POPULATION: CENSUS OF 1810.—Connecticut, 281,942; Delaware, 72,674; District of Columbia, 24,-023; Georgia, 282, 433; Illinois, 12,282; Indiana, 24,520; Kentucky, 406,511; Louisiana, 76,556; Maine, 1, 228,765; Maryland, 380,546; Massachusetts, 472,040; Michigan, 4,762; Missispipi, 40,352; Missouri, 20,845; New Hampshire, 214,460; New Jersey, 245,562; New York, 959,049; North Carolina, 555,500; Onio, 230,750; Pennsylvania, 810,091; Rhode Island, 76,393; South Carolina, 45,115; Tennessee, 261,727; Vermont, 217,895; Virginia, 974,600. Total U. S., 7,239,881. ‡Maine a part of Massachusetts until admitted in 1820.

POPULATION, 1820.—Alabama, 127,901; Arkansas, 14,255; Connecticut, 275,148; Delaware, 72,749; District of Columbia, 32,039; Georgia, 340,935; Illinois, 55,162; Indiana, 147,178; Kentucky, 564 153; Louisiana, 152,923; Maine, 2982,99; Maryland, 407,350; Massachusetts, 523,159; Michigan, 8 755; Mississippl, 75,448; Missouri, 66,557; New Hampshire, 244,022; New Jersey, 277,26; New York, 1,372,111; North Carolina, 63,829; Ohio, 581,295; Pennsylvania, 1,047,507; Rhode 13dad, 33,015; South Carolina, 502,741; Tennessee, 422,771; Vermont, 235,966; Virginia, 1,065,116. Total U.S., 9,638,453.

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Population of A. S. by Geographical Divisions.

STATE.]1	POPULATION	ı.	INCREASE FROM 1900 TO 1910.		
J. Statu.	1910.	1900.	1890.*	Number.		
Continental United States	91,972,266	75,994.575	62,947,714	15,977,691	21.0	
New England Division	6,552,681	5,592,017	4,700,749	960,664	17.2	
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut Middle Atlantic Division	742.371 430,572 355,956 3,366,416 542,610 1,114,756 19,315,892		140,200	12,315 561,070 114,054 206,336	26.6 22.7	
New York	9,113,614 2,537,167 7,665,111 18,250,621		5,258,113		34.7 21.6	
Ohio	4,767,121 2,700,876 5,638,591 2,810,173 2,333,860 11,637,921	4,821,550 2,420,982 2,069,042	3,672,829 2,192,404 3,826,352 2,093,890 1,693,330 8,932,112	817,041 389,191 264,818	7.3 16.9 16.1 12.8	
Minnesota. Iowa Missouri North Dakota. South Dakota. Nebraska Kansas South Atlantic Division	12,194,895	1,751,394 2,231,853 3,106,665 319,146 401,570 1,066,300 1,470,495 10,443,480	2,679,185 190,983 348,600 1,062,656 1,428,108	186,670 257,910 182,318 125,914 220,454	45.4 11.8 15.0	
Delaware Maryland District of Columbia Virginia West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Fiorlda East South Central Division	202,322 1,295,346 331,069 2,061,612 1,221,119 2,206,287 1,515,400 2,609,121 752,619 8,409,901	958,800 1,893,810 1,340,316 2,216,331 528,542		207,428 262,319 312,477 175,084 392,790 224,077	18.8 11.2 27.4 16.5 13.1 17.7 42.4	
Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi West South Central Division.	2,289,905 2,184,789 2,138,093 1,797,114 8,784,534		1,513,401 1,289,600		15.8	
Arkansas. Louisiana. Oklahoma Texas. Mountain Division.	1,574,449 1,656,388 1,657,155 3,896,542 2,633,517	\$790,391 3,048,710		262,885 274,763 866,764 847,832 958,860		
Montana Idaho Wyoming Coloradio New Mexico Atrona Utah Utah Devada Pacine Division	325,594 145,965 799,024 327,301 204,354 373,351 81,875	161,772 92,531 539,700 195,310 122,931 276,749 42,335	62,555 413,249 160,282 88,243 210,779 47,355	53,434 259,324 131,991 81,423 96,602 39,540	57.7 48.0 67.5 66.2	
Washington. Oregon. California	672,765	518,103 413,536 1,485,053	357,232 317,704 1,213,398	623,887 259,229 892,496	120.4 62.7 60.1	

^{*} Total population, including population of Indian Territory and Indian reservations, which were specially enumerated in 1890.

[†] Decrease.

^{\$} Includes the population of Indian Territory, which was 392,060 in 1900 and 180,182 in 1890.

Arban and Rural Population of United States.

THE Census Bureau, for purposes of discussion, has defined urban population generally as that residing in cities and other incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

	URBAN TI	ERRITORY I	N 1910.	RURAL TE	RRITORY I	v 1910.	
STATE OR TERRITORY.	•	tion in	Per Cent. In-	Popula		Per Cent. In-	Total.
	1910.	1900.	crease.	1910.	1900.	crease.	1910.
Continental United States	42,623,383	31,587,542	34.9	49,348,883	44,407,033	11.1	91,972,26
New England Division	5,455,345	4,489,531	21.5	1,097,336	1,102,486	*0.5	6,552,68
Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut.	381,443 255,099 168,943 3,125,367 524,654 999,839	339,564 226,007 148,406 2,569,494 411,679 794,381	12.3 12.9 13.8 21.6 27.4 25.9	175,473 187,013	354,902 185,581 195,235 235,852 16,877 114,039	*5.4 *4.2 2.2 6.4	742,37 430,573 355,956 3,366,416 542,616 1,114,756
Middle Atlantic Division	13,723,373	10,307,717	33.1	5,592,519	5,146,961	8.7	19,315,89
New York	7,185,494 1,907,210 4,630,669	5,352,283 1,363,653 3,591,781	34.3 39.9 28.9	1,928,120 629,957 3,034,442	1,916,611 520,016 2,710,334	$0.6 \\ 21.1 \\ 12.0$	9,113,61- 2,537,16 7,665,11
East North Central Division	9,617,271	7,331,701	31.2	8,633,350	8,653,880	*0.2	18,250,62
Ohio	2,665,143 1,143,835 3,476,929 1,327,044 1,004,320	2,027,462 876,294 2,650,023 966,826 811,096	31.5 30.5 31.2 37.3 23.8	1,557,041 2,161,662 1,483,129	1.454.156	*5.5 *0.5 2.0	2,810,17
West North Central Division	3,873,716		28.2				11,637,92
Minnesota Iowa Missouri North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kanssa	850,294 680,054 1,398,817 63,236 76,673 310,852 493,790	613,595 567,267 1,143,431 33,362 47,945 261,853 355,211	38.6 19.9 22.3 89.5 59.9 18.7 39.0	881,362	285,784 353,625 804,447	*7.2 *3.5 79.8 43.4	577,05 583,88 1,192,21
South Atlantic Division	3,092,153	2,337,717	32.3	9,102,742	8,105,763	12.3	12,194,89
Delaware Maryland District of Columbia Virginia West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia. Florida	97,085 658,192 331,069 476,529 228,242 318,474 224,832 538,650 219,080		13.3 11.0 18.8 34.3 66.0 53.0 26.8 43.2 73.5	1,585,083 992,877 1,887,813 1,290,568 2,070,471	1,499,323 821,336 1,685,595	7.1	1,295,34 331,06 2,061,61 1,221,11 2,206,28 1,515,40 2,609,12
East South Central Division	1,574,229	1,183,797	33.0	6,835,672	6,363,960	7.4	8,409,90
Kentucky, Tennessee. Alabama. Mississippi.	555,442 441,045 370,431 207,311	483,233 335,722 235,177 129,665	14.9 31.4 57.5 59.9	1,743,744 $1.767.662$	1,663,941 1,684,894 1,593,520 1,421,605	10.9	2,138,09
West South Central Division	1,957,456	1,161,736	68.5	6,827,078	5,370,554	27.1	8,784,53
Arkansas. Louisiana Oklahoma. Texas.	202,681 496,516 320,155 938,104	131,719 380,997 89,148 559,872	53.9 30.3 259.1 67.6	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,159,872\\ 1,337,000 \end{bmatrix}$	1,000,628 $701,243$	16.3 15.9 90.7 18.9	1,656,38 1,657,15
Mountain Division	947,511	574,051	65.1	1,686,006	1,100,606	53.2	2,633,51
Montana. Idaho Wyoming Colorado. New Mexico. Arizona. Utah Nevada.	133,420 69,898 43,221 404,840 46,571 63,260 172,934 13,367	26,484 26,484 21,409 108,168	n 09.9	$ \begin{array}{c} 394,184 \\ 280,730 \\ 141,094 \\ 200,417 \end{array} $	168,826 101,522 168,581	45.3 66.3 39.0	799,02 327,30 204,35 373,35
Pacific Division	2,382,329	1,178,628	102.1	1,809,975	1,238,064	46.2	4,192,30
WashingtonOregonCalifornia	605,530 307,060 1,469,739	227,614 142,608 808,406	166.0 115.3 81.8	365,705	290,489 270,928 676,647	84.7 35.0 34.2	672.76

[•] Decrease

Population per Square Mile, by States.

STATE.		JATION JARE MI		STATE.		ULATION JARE MI	
	1910.	1900.	1890.		1910.	1900.	1890.
Continental United	30.9	25.6	21.2	MississipplLouisiana	38.8 36.5	33.5	27.8 24.6
Rhode Island	508.5 418.8 337.7 231.3	$400.7 \\ 349.0 \\ 250.7 \\ 188.5$	192.3 154.8	Arkansas. Minnesota Maine.	30.0 25.7 24.8	25.0 21.7 23.2	21.5 16.2 22.1
New York. Pennsylvania. Maryland. Ohio. Delaware.	191.2 171.0 130.3 117.0 103.0	152.5 140.6 119.5 102.1 94.0	117.3 104.9 90.1 85.8	Oklahoma Kansas Washington Nebraska California	23.9 20.7 17.1 15.5 15.2	11.4 18.0 7.8 13.9 9.5	$ \begin{array}{c} 3.7 \\ 17.5 \\ 5.3 \\ 13.8 \\ 7.8 \end{array} $
Illinois Indiana Kentucky Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	75.3 57.0 52.4 51.2 50.8	86.1 70.1 53.4 48.5 46.1 40.0	42.4	Texas. Florida. North Dakota. Colorado. South Dakota.	14.8 13.7 8.2 7.7 7.6	11.6 9.6 4.6 5.2 5.2	8.5 7.1 2.7 4.0 4.5
South Carolina	49.7 48.9 47.9 47.7 45.3	44.0 42.1 45.2 45.6 38.9	36.4 39.0	Idaho New Mexico	7.0 4.5 3.9 2.7	$\frac{1.9}{1.6}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.3 \\ 2.6 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.3 \end{array}$
Georgia. Wisconsin. Alabama. Iowa. Vermont.	44.4 42.2 41.7 40.0 39.0	37.7 37.4 35.7 40.2 37.7	31.3 30.7 29.5 34.4	Montana. Arizona Wyoming Nevada. District of Columbia	2.6 1.8 1.5 0.7	$\begin{array}{c} 1.1 \\ 1.0 \\ 0.4 \end{array}$	1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4

Population, Colonial and Revolutionary Periods.

(From the Burcau of the Census.)

ESTIMATED POPULATION DURING COLONIAL AND CONTINENTAL PERIODS: 1610 TO 1780.

IMILITIES TOLO		DOLLLING							
STATE.	1610.	1620.	1630.	1640.	1650.	1660.	1670.	1680.	1690.
Maine New Hampshire			400 500				(*) 3,000	(*) 4,000	(*) 5,000
Vermont		99	1,300	300	800	1,500	2,500	4,000	5,000
Connecticut New York New Jersey			500	1,000	3,000	6,000	9,000 2,500	14,000 6,000	20,000 9,000
Pennsylvania. Delaware. Maryland. Virginia.							15,000	20,000	
South Carolina						1,000	2,500	4,000 1,100	3,000 4,500
Georgia Kentucky Tennessee							1		
Total	210	2,499	5,700	27,947	51,700	84,800	114,500	155,600	213,500
STATE,	1700.	1710.	1720.	1730.	1740.	1750.	1760.	1770.	1780.
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	*70,000 6,000 24,000 19,000 14,000 †20,000	*80,000 8,000 31,000 26,000 20,000 †35,000	*92,000 11,000 40,000 36,000 26,000 †48,000	(‡) *125,000 16,950 55,000 ‡49,000 37,000 †65,000	(‡) *158,000 24,000 70,000 ‡63,000 52,000 †100,000	(‡) *180,000 35,000 100,000 ‡80,000 66,000 †150,000	(‡) *235,000 44,000 142,000 ‡113,000 91,000 †220,000	25,000 265,000 55,000 175,000 160,000 110,000 250,000	307,000 52,000 203,000 200,000 137,000 335,000
Delaware Maryland Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Kentucky Tennessee	(†) 31,000 72,000 5,000 8,000	(†) 43,000 87,000 7,000 13,000	(†) 62,000 116,000 13,060 20,828	(†) 82,000 153,000 30,000 30,000	200,000 50,000 45,000	275,000 80,000 68,000 5,000	346,000 115,000 95,000 9,000	¶450,000 230,000 140,000 26,000 (¶)	250,000 520,000 300,000 160,000
Total								2,205,000	2,781,000

^{*} Maine included with Massachusetts. † Delaware included with Pennsylvania. ‡ Vermont included with New York. ¶ Kentucky included with Virginia.

Population of the United States According to its elements of race, nativity and parentage.

GENERAL NATIVITY AND	1	Num	BER.		PER CENT. OF TOTAL.			
Color.	1910.	1900.	1890.	1880.	1910.	1900.	1890.	1880.
Total	91,972,266	75,994,575	62,947,714	50,155,783	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native white	68,389,104		45,979,391			74.5	73.0	73.5
Native parents	49,488,441 18,900,663	40,949,362	34,475,716		53.8	53.9	54.7 18.3	
Foreign-born white.	13,343,583	10,213,817	9,121,867	6,559,679	14.5	13.4		13.1
All other*	411,285	351,385	357,780	172,020				0.3

^{*} Indians, Chinese, Japanese and other Asiatics.

MALES AND FEMALES IN THE UNITED STATES.

		1910.			1900.			
TABLE No. 1. GENERAL NATIVITY AND COLOR.	Males.	Females.	Males per 100 Females.	Males.	Females.	Males per 100 Females.		
Total population	47,332,122	44,640,144	106.0	38,816,448	37,178,127	104.4		
Native white: Native parents. Foreign parents. Foreign white. Negro. All other.	9,427,053 7,522,445 4,886,358	24,259,147 9,473,610 5,821,138 4,941,936 144,313	104.0 99.5 129.2 98.9 185.0	20,849,847 7,836,603 5,515,285 4,386,547 228,166	20,099.515 7,809.414 4,698,532 4,447,447 123,219	103.7 100.3 117.4 98.0 185.2		

		1910.		1900.			
TABLE NO. 2. Division.	Males.	Females.	Males per 100 Females.	Males.	Females.	Males per 100 Females	
United States	47,332,122	44,640,144	106.0	38,816,448	37,178,127	104.4	
New England	3,265,137 $9,813,181$ $9,392,792$	3,287,544 $9,502,711$ $8,857,829$	99.3 103.3 106.0	2,763,796 7,761,081 8,177,308	2,828,221 7,693,597 7,808,273	97.7 100.9 104.7	
West North Centrál, South Atlantie East South Central	6,092,869 6,134,600 4,245,170	5,545,052 6,060,295 4,164,731	$109.9 \\ 101.2 \\ 101.9$	5,412,014 5,222,595 3,809,666	4,935,409 5,220,885 3,738,091	109.7 100.0 101.6	
West South Central Mountain Paelfie	1,478,010	4,240,049 $1,155,507$ $1,826,426$	$\begin{array}{c c} 107.2 \\ 127.9 \\ 129.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3,372,256 \\ 940,038 \\ 1.357,694 \end{array}$	3,160,034 734,619 1,058,998	106.1 128.0 128.1	

	1	MALES P	ER 100 1	FEMALES		There are	only six	States, In-
TABLE No. 3. DIVISION.	White Native	Native White Foreign Parents.	Foreign	Negro.	All Other.	cluding the I in which at the are in the ma	me females	
United States	104.0	99.5	129.2	98.9	185.0	G	Males.	
New England. Middle Atlantic. East North Central. West North Central. South Atlantic. East South Central. West South Central. Mountain Pacific.		96.0 96.5 98.7 103.3 97.6 94.5 105.1 112.7 106.8	104.8 120.9 131.2 141.3 146.9 139.3 138.9 189.7 181.9	97.7 94.9 108.3 108.1 97.5 98.4 100.4 121.8 120.6	403.5 323.9 147.5 112.2 135.1 137.1 105.5 143.2 395.4	Mass. Rhode I dand Maryland Dist. of Col. N. Car. S. Car.	1,655,226 270,359 644,225 158,050 1,098,471 751,842	173,019 1,107,816

WHITE AND NECRO POPULATION IN UNITED STATES.

CENSUS YEAR.	Total.	White.	Negro.	All Other.*		CENT. OF '	A 11
1910. 1900. 1890. 1880.	75,994,575 62,947,714	66,809,196 55,101,258	8,833,994 7,488,676	351,385 357,780	88.9 87.9 87.5 86.5	10.7 11.6 11.9 13.1	0.4 0.5 0.6 †0.3

Indians, Chinese, Japanese, etc. † Enumeration in 1880 did not cover all Indians, as at later censuses.

Rank of States According to Population 1910.

Six Distribution of the Population of the United States.

(Preliminary Thirteenth Census Statistics Issued by the Census Bureau, October 11, 1912.)
THE population of the United States (exclusive of Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico and other noncontiguous possessions) comprised in 1910, according to the last Federal Census, 47,332,277 maleg
and 44,639,989 females, or 106 males to every 100 females; in 1900 there were 104.4 males to every
100 females. These figures are contained in a statement issued by Director Durand of the Bureau
of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor. The figures are preliminary and subject to
revision.

In the negro population males are outnumbered by females in a ratio of 98.9 to 100. Among the Chinese in this country males outnumber females by more than 14 to 1, and among the Japanese by about 7 to 1. The Indians show a small excess of males, 103.5 to 100 females.

In most European countries females outnumber males; the number of males to 100 females according to recent censuses being 93.6 in England, 96.7 in France, 96.9 in the German Empire, 96.4 in Switzerland, 99 in Italy, 96.7 in Austria, 99.1 in Hungary, and 98.9 in Russia.

Males increased more rapidly than females in the United States from 1900 to 1910. The former increased 21.9 per cent.; females 20.1 per cent. Little change occurred in the sex ratio for the native population, but among the foreign-born white the number of males per 100 females increased from 117.4 in 1900 to 129.2 in 1910.

Tabular summaries follow showing sexes by divisions and States for the total population (Table 1); by divisions and by States of the Southern divisions for whites and negroes separately (Table 2), and by principal cities for the total population (Table 3):

	Total			Males to		Total	1	1	Males to
TABLE No. 1.	Population	Males,	Females,	100 Females	TABLE No. 1.	Population	Males,	Females,	100 Females
DIVISION-STATE.	1910.	1910.	1910.		DIVISION-STATE.	1910.	1910.	1910.	
				1910. 1900.	II	1310.	!		1910. 1900.
United States*	91,972,266	47,332,277	44,639,989	106.0 104.4		l			
Geo. Divisions:				<u> </u>	So. Atlantic:			1	-
N. England,	6,552,681	3,265,114		99.3 97.7	Delaware	202,322		98,887	104,6 104.0
Mid.Atlantic	19,315,892	9,813,266	9,502,626	103.3 100.9	Maryland	1,295,346	644,225	651,121	98.9 98.4
R. N. Central	18,250,621		8,857,782	106.0 104.7	Dist. of Col	331,069	158,050		91.3 90.0
W.N. Central	11,637,921	6,092,855	5.545.066	109.0 109.7	Virginia	2,061,612	1,035,348	1.026,264	100.9 99.7
So. Atlantic	12,194,895	6.134,605	6.060.290	101.2 100.0	W. Virginia	1,221,119	644,044	577.075	111,6,108.6
E. So. Central			4.164.732	101.9 101.9			1.098.476	1.107.811	99.2 98.3
W. S. Central		4,544,505	4.240.029	107.2106.7	So. Carolina.	1,515,400		763,558	98.5 98.4
Mountain		1,478,018	1,155,499	127.9 128.0	Georgia	2,609,121	1,305,019	1,304,102	100.1 99.1
Pacific	4,192,304			129.5 P28.2	Florida	752,619	394,166		110.0 108.7
New England:					E. So. Central:				
Maine	742,371	377,052	365,319	103.2 102.2	Kentucky	2,239,905	1,161,709	1,128,196	103.0 103.1
N. Hamp'ire				100.9 99.6	Tenuessee	2,184,789	1,103,491		102.1 102.2
Vermont	355,956		173,388	105.3103.9	Alabama	2,138,093	1,074,209	1,063,884	101.0 100.5
Mass'chu'tts				96.7 95.1	Mississippi	1,797.114	905,760		101.6 101.5
Rhode Isl'nd				99.3 96.5					
Connecticut.	1,114,756	563,642	551.114	102,3 100.0	Arkansas	1,574,449	810,026		106.0 106.1
Mid. Atlantic:					Louisiana	1,656,588	835.275		101.7 101.1
New York	9.113,614	4,584,597	4,529,017	101.2 98.9	Oklahoma	1,657.155	881,578	775,577	113.7 115.3
New Jersey	2.537.167	1,286,463	1.250,704	102.9100.0	Texas	3,896,542	2,017,626	1,878,916	107.4 107.4
Penns'l vania	7,665,111	8,942,206	3,722,905	105.9,103.5	Mountain:	' '			
E. N. Central:	1 ' '				Montana	376,053	226,872		152.1 160.3
Ohio	4,767,121	2,434,758	2,332,363	104.4 102.3	Idaho	325,594	185,546		132.5 136.5
Indiana	2,700,876			105.0 104.4	Wyoming	145,965	91,670		168.8 169.4
Illinois	5,638,591			106.8 105.3		799,024	430,697	368,227	116.9 120.9
Michigan		1,454,534		107.3 106.6	New Mexico	327,301	175,245		115.3114.4
Wisconsin	2,333,860	1,208,578	1,125,282	107.4 106.6	Arizona	204,354	118,574		138.2 140.4
W. N. Central:	1 ' 1				Utah	373,351	196,863		111.5 104.9
Minnesota	2.075,708	1,108,511		114.6 113.9	Nevada	81,875	52,551	29,324	179,2 153.0
Iowa	2,224,771	1,148,171		106.6 107.6	Pacific:				
Missouri	3,293 335	1,687,813		105.1 105.6	Washington.	1,141,990	658,663		136.3 142.2
No. Dakota	577,056	317,554		122.4 125.3		672,765	384,265		133.2 129.0
So. Dakota	583,988	317,112		118,9 116,6					
Nebraska	1.492,214	627,782		111,2 112.5			lawail, Po	rto Rico,	and other
Kansas	1,690,949	885.912	80£, 037	110.0 109.5	noncontiguous po	ssessions.			

65,591 136,773 57,513 68,806

84 691

158,050

64,276102.2100.8 100,421136.2176,7

46,889 122.7 135.0 68 443 100.5 94.1

83,806 101.1 99.1

129,867 237,194

104,402 137,249 168,497

331,069

SEX DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued

TABLE 1			WE	HTE.	· .		1	VEG	RO.		MALES FEMA	TO 100 LES.
DIVISION AN	ID STATI	Е.	Male.	Fema	le.	1	Male.		Fer	maie.	White.	Negro.
United S Geographic Div		42	,178,245	39,553,	712	L	4,885,8	31	4,9	41,882	106.6	98.9
New Engla Middle Atl East North West Nort	and lantic h Centra	1 9	,227,606 ,596,348 ,223,161 ,943,884	3,252, 9,284, 8,704, 5,407	104		32,78 203,46 156,43 125,86	66 31	2	33,523 14,404 44,405 16,798	99.2 103.4 106.0 109.9	97.8 94.9 108.3 107.8
South Atla East South West South Mountain.	ntic Centra h Centra	i 2	.098,578 .927,602 .510,087 .412,148 .238,831	5,407, 3,973, 2,826, 3,211, 1,108,	$\begin{array}{c c} 724 \\ 404 \\ 307 \end{array}$		2,029,80 1,315,79 994,02 11,70	08 92 25 36	2,08 1,33 9	82,680 36,721 90,401 9,701	103.2 103.6 109.3 127.4	97.5 98.4 100.4 121.3
Pacific South Atlantic:		1		1,785,	- 1		15,94	- 1		13,249	125.4	120.4
Delaware. Maryland. District of Virginia. West Virgi	Columb nia	ia	87,387 529,072 115,001 704,363 607,326	533, 121, 685, 549.	127 446 491		16,0 114,7 42,6 330,5 36,6	15 12 07	3	15,170 17,501 51,831 40,554 27,566	104.4 99.2 94.9 102.8 110.5	105.5 97.7 82.2 97.1 132.8
North Card South Card Georgia Florida East South Cen	olina		754,852 343,544 724,488 232,545	745, 335, 707, 211,	314 089		339,58 408,03 580,26 161,36	78	34: 5: 1-	27,765 96,724 47,307	101.2 102.4 102.4 110.2	94.8 95.4 97.2 109.8
Kentucky Tennessee. Alabama Mississippi. West South Cer		::::	030,033 $869,622$ $625,891$ $402,056$	997, 841, 602, 384,	810 941		131,49 233,71 447,79 502,79	10 94 96	46	30,164 39,378 60,488 06,691	103.2 103.3 103.8 104.7	101.0 97.6 97.2 99.2
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma. Texas		::::	586,420 480,460 771,770 ,671,437	544, 460, 672, 1,533,	626 l		223,33 $353,82$ $71,93$ $344,94$	37	36	19,568 60,050 65,675 45,108	107.7 104.3 114.7 109.0	101.3 98.3 109.3 100.0
	Total Population 1910.	1910.	1910.	Males to 00 Females 1910. 1900.	TA		E No. 3.	Popt	otal dation 110.	Males, 1910.	1910.	Males to 00 Female 1910.] 1900
Albany, N. Y Atlanta, Ga	100,253 154,839	48,270 74,501	80 338	92.9 91.7 92.7 85.3	N. Y	o	eans, La. r k , N.Y.	4,7	39,075 66,883		2,384,401	99.9 98.
Baltimore, Md. Birm'am, Ala. Boston, Mass Brid'ort, Conn.	558,485 132,685 670,585 102,054	268,195 67,268 329,703 52,549	65,417 1 340,882	92.4 91.6 102.8 104.5 96.7 96.1 106.1 99.3	Bre B'	or k l	'an Bor. x Bor yn Bor ens Bor	1,6	31,542 30,980 34,351 34.041	1,166,659 217,120 809,791 144 205	213,860 1 824,560	00.2 98. 01.5103. 98.2 96. 03.1102.
Buffalo, N. Y Cam'ge, Mass. Chicago, Ill		212,502 50,161 1,125,764	211,2131 54,678 1,059,5191	100.6 98.6 91.7 93.8 106.3 103.4	New Oaki	a	'nd Bor. rk, N.J nd, Cal	3	35,969 47,469 50,174	44,707 173,389 78,222	174,080 71,952 1	08.7 96.
Cincinnati, O Cleveland, O Columbus, O Dayton, Ohio	363,591 560,663 181,511 116,577	177,511 289,262 91,452 58,848	271,401 1 90.059 1	95.4 93.1 06.6 101.8 01.5 101.7	Pate Phil	a.	a, Neb son, N,J. , Pa urgb, Pa	1,5	24,096 25,600 49,008 33,905	64,802 62,439 760,463 273,589	63,161 788,545	09.3 111. 98.9 97. 96.4 96.
Denver, Colo Detroit, Mich F. River, Mass.	213.381 465,766 119,295 112,571	107,395 240,354 57,627	105,9861 225,4121 61,668	01.3 99.0 .06.6 95.1 93.4 92.0	Port Prov Rich	la io n	ind, Ore l'ce, R.I. iond.Va,	2 2 1	07,214 24,326 27,628	118,868 110,288 60,905	88,346 1 114,038 66,723	34.5 142, 96. 7 94, 91.3 88,
Gr. Rap., Mich. Ind'polis, Ind. Jer. City, N.J Kan, City, Mo.	233,650 267,779 248,381	55,539 116,069 137,457 126,414	130,3221	97.4 94.2 93.7 97.5 05.5 101.6 03.6 102.1	St. L St. P	oi ai	ter, N.Y. uis, Mo ul, Minn. rau., Cal.	6 2	18,149 87,029 14,744 16,912	108,352 346,068 111,809 236,901	340,961 1 102,935 1	01.5 100. 08.6 107.

90.059 [01.5][01.7] Phila, Pa.
105.986101.3 99.0 Portland, Ore.
225,412 106.6 95.1 Providee, R.I.
61.658 93.4 92.0 Richmond, Va.
65.032 97.4 94.2 Richmond, Va.
65.032 97.4 94.2 Roch'ter, N.Y.
130.322 105.5100.6 St. Paul, Minn.
121.967103.6102.1 San Fran, Cal.
153.98 94.1 94.6 Seattle, Wash.
64.768 94.1 84.9 Spokane. "
64.835102.2104.5 Syracuse, N. Y.
194.389102.8 97.1 Toledo, Ohio...
144.063109.2103.5 Wash'on, D. C.
58.209 89.6 90.2 Wo'ster, Mass. Lowell, Mass. Memp'is, Ten. Mil'akee, Wis. Minn'is, Minn. Nash'ille, Ten. N.Haven, Con. 189,488 157,345 52 155 301,408 110,364 173,019 91.3 90.0 72,562 101.2 99.6 73,424 145,986 66,695 133.605 The Centre of Bonulation—1790 to 1910.

112,571 233,650 267,779 248,381 319,198 223,928 106,294 131,105

373,857

116,069 137,457 126,414 162,669 108,548 51,525 66,270

Detroit, Mich., F. River, Mass. Gr. Rap., Mich. Ind' polis, Ind., Jer. City, N.J., Kan. City, Mo. Los Aug's, Cal. Kentucky, Ky.

CENSUS YEAR.	Approximate Location by Important Towns.	From Point to Point in Direct Line.†
1800 1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860 1870 1880	23 miles East of Baltimore, Md. 18 miles West of Baltimore, Md. 40 miles Northwest by West of Washington, D. C. 16 miles North of Woodstock, Va. 19 miles West-Southwest of Moorefield, W. Va.* 16 miles South of Clarksburg, W. Va.* 23 miles South of Chillicothe, Ohio 20 miles South of Chillicothe, Ohio 48 miles East by North of Cincinnati, Ohio. 8 miles West by South of Cincinnati, Ohio.	40.6 36.9 50.5 40.4 55.0 54.8 80.6 44.1 58.1
1900	20 miles East of Columbus, Ind	14.6

West Virginia formed part of Virginia until 1860, † Movement in miles during preceding decade.

Encorporated Places of 5,000 or More Enhabitants.

*utoch	orate	o Paracen	ut 5,0	non or Ist	ore x	nnavitant	B.
ALABAM.	A. f	CONNECTICU Killingly Manchester Meriden	T-Con.	ILLINOIS-Co	ntinued.	INDIANA—Co Logansport Madison	ontinued.
Anniston	12,794	Killingly	6,564	Charleston Chicago 2	5,884	Logansport	19,050
Bessemer	10,864	Manchester Meriden	13,641 32,066 20,749 12,722	Chicago2	,185,283	Madison	6,934
Birmingham Dothan	7,016	Middletown	20 749	Chicago H'ghts Cicero	14,525 14,557	Marion Michigan	19,359 19,027
Fiorence	6,689	Naugatnek.	12.722	Clinton	5.165	Mishawaka	11,886
Gadsden	10.557	New Britain New Haven	$\frac{43,916}{133,605}$	Clinton Collinsville	7,478	Mount Vernon.	5,563 24,005
Huntsville	$\frac{7,611}{51,521}$	New Haven	133,605	Danville Decatur De Kalb	7,478 27,871 31,140	Muncie	24,005
Mobile	51,521	New London New Milford	19,659	Decatur	31,140	New Albany New Castle	20,629
New Decatur	38,136 6,118	Norwalk	5,010 $24,211$	Divon	8,102 7,216		9,446 5,073
Selma	13.6491	Norwalk Norwich	28.219	Duquoin	5.454	Peru	10.910
Selma Talladega Tuscaloosa	5,854	Orange Plainfield	11,272 6,719	Duquoin East St. Louis. Edwardsville	58.547	Peru	5,130
Tuscaloosa	8,407	Plainfield	6,719	Edwardsville	5.014	Richmond	6.448
ARIZONA	9,019	Plymouth Putnam	$\frac{5,021}{7.280}$	Elgin	25,976	Seymour	22,324 6,305
Bisbee	6,437	Southington South Norwalk Stafford	6.516	Evanston Forest Park	24,978 6,594	Shelbyville.	9,500
Globe	7.0831	South Norwalk	8,968 5,233	Freeport Galesburg	17,567 22,089	South Bend Terre Haute	53,684
Globe	11,134 5,092	Stafford	5,233	Galesburg	22,089	Terre Haute	58,157
Prescott	5,092	Stamford Stonington	28,836	Granite Harrisburg	9,903	Valparaiso	6,987 14,895
Tucson	13,193	Stratford	9,154 5,712	Harvey	5,309 7,227	Wahash	8.687
ARRANDA	11,138			Herrin	6.861	Wabash	7,854
Argenta Fort Smlth	23.975	Vernon	9,087	Jacksonville	15,326	Whiting IOWA.	6,587
Helena	23,975 8,772 14,434	Wallingford	11,155	Joliet Kankakee	34,670	IOWA.	10.047
Hot Springs	14,434	Waterbury Willimantle	73,141 11,230 7,754	Kankakee	0 307	Boone Burlington	10,347 $24,324$
Jonesboro Little Rock	7,123 45,941	Winsted	7.754	La Grange	5.282		32,811
Paragould.	5.248	DELAWAI	RE.	La Grange	5,282 11,537	Centervlile Charles City	6,936
Pine Bluff	5,248 15,102	Wilmington	87,411	Lincoln Litchfield	10,892	Charles City	5,892
Texarkana	5,655	DISTRICT	OF	Litchfield	5,971 5,774	Cilnton	25,577
CALIFORN	IA.	COLUMB	IA.	Macomb Madison	5,046	Creston.	29,292 6,924
Alameda	$\frac{23,383}{12,727}$	Washington		Marion	5,046 7,093	Davenport	43,028
Bakersfield Berkeley	40 434		A		11,456 8,033	Des Molnes	86,368
Eureka	11.845	Gainesville	6,183 57,699	Maywood	8,033	Dubuque	38,494
Fresno	$\frac{11,845}{24,892}$	Jacksonville	19,945	Maywood Moline Monmouth	24,199 9,128 6,934 8,007	Fort Dodge Fort Madison	15,543 8,900
Long Beach	17,809 319,198	Key West Lake City	5,032	Mount Carmel.	6:934	Grinnell	5,036
Los Angeles Marysville	5 130	MIRIMI	5,471 22,982	Mount Carmel. Mount Vernon.	8,007	Iowa City	10.091
Napa	5.791	Pensacola	22,982	Murphysboro	7.480	Кеокик	14,008
Napa Oakland	5,430 5,791 150,174 30,291	St. Augustine Tallahassee	5,494 5,018	Oak Park	19,444 5,011	Marshalltown . Mason City	13,374 $11,230$
Pasadena	30,291	Tampa	37.782	Ottawa	9.535	Muscatine	16,178
Petaluma	5,880 10,207	West Tampa	37,782 8,258	Pana	9,535 6,055	Oelwein. Oskaloosa.	6.028
Pomona Redlands		GEORGI	Α.	Olney Ottawa Pana Paris.	7.664	Oskaloosa	9,466
Richmond	6,802	Albany	8.190		9,897 66,950	Ottumwa Sloux City	22,012 47,828
Riverside	15,212	Americus	8,063 14,913	Peoria Peru Pontlac	7.984	Waterloo.	26,693
Sacramento	44,696 12,779	Athens	14,913 154,839	Pontlac	7,984 6,090 36,587	Waterloo. Webster City.	5,208
San Bernardino San Diego	39 578	Augusta	41,040	Quincy Rockford	36,587	KANSAS	3.
San Francisco	416,912	Augusta Brunswick	$10,182 \\ 20,554$	Rockford	45,401	Arkansas City	7,508
San Jose	39,578 416,912 28,946	Columbus	20,554	Rock Island	24,335 51,678	Atchison Coffeyville	$16,429 \\ 12,687$
San Luis Obispo San Rafael	5,157 5,934	Cordelc. Dalton. Dublin. Elberton. Fltzgerald. Galnesyllle	5,883 5,324	Springfield Spring Valley Staunton	51,678 7,035	Emporla	9.058
Santa Ana	8,429	Dublin	5,795	Staunton		Fort Scott	10.463
Santa Barbara.	11,659	Elberton	6.483	Sterling	7,467 14,253	Galena	6,096
Santa Cruz	11,146	Fltzgerald	5.795	Streator	5 446	Hutchinson Independence	16,364 10,480
Santa Monica. Santa Rosa	7,847 7,817	Galnesville	5,925 7,478	Urbana	8.245	Tola	9,032
Stockton	23 253	Griffin La Grange	5,587	Waukegan	5,446 8,245 16,069	Junction Kansas City	5,598 82,331
Valiejo	23,253 11,340	Macon Marletta	40,665	INDIAN.	A .	Kansas City	82,331
COLORAI	00.	Marletta	5.949	Alexandria	5,096 22,476 8,716	Lawrence Leavenworth	12,374 $19,363$
Boulder	0.520	Newnan	$\frac{5,548}{12,099}$	Anderson Bedford Bloomington	8,716	Manhattan	• 5.722
Canon	5,162 29,078 6,206	Rome Savannah	65 064	Bloomington	8,838	Newton	1,802
Colorado Sp'gs. Cripple Creek	6 206	Thomasville	6,727 7,656	Brazii	8,838 9,340	Ottawa	7,650
Denver	213.381	7 101 (317) (1011 1 1 1 1 1 1	7,656	Clinton Columbus	6.229	Parsons Pittsburg	$12,463 \\ 14,755$
Fort Collins Grand Junct'n.	8,210 7,754	Wayeross	14,485	Connersville	8,813 7,738	Rosedale Salina Topeka	5,960
Grand Junet'n.	7,754	Dalas IDAHO	17 250	Crawfordsville. East Chicago.	9,371 19,098 19,282	Salina	9,688
Greeley Leadville	7 508	Bolsé Coeur d'Alene. Lewiston	17,358 7,291	East Chicago	19,098	Topeka	43.684
Pueblo	44.395	Lewiston		Elkhart	19,282		7,034 52,450
Pueblo Triuldad	10,204	Pocateno	9,110 5,258	Elwood Evansville	$11.028 \\ 69.647$	Wichita Winfield KENTUC	6,700
CONNECTI	CUT.	Twin Falls		Fort Wayne	63 933	KENTUC	KY.
Ansonia	15.152	ILLINOI	S	Frankfort	8,634 16,802	Ashland	8,688
Branford Bridgeport	6,047	Alton	17,528 29,807	Gary	16,802		6,683
Bristol.	13.502	Aurora Beardstown		Greensburg	$\frac{8,514}{5,420}$	Bowling Green Covington	$9,173 \\ 53,270$
Danbury	20,000	Denevine	21,122 7,253	Hammond	20.925	Danvilla	5.420
Derby	8 991	Refuidere	7,253	Hartford	6,187 $10,272$	Dayton Frankfort	6,970
East Hartford.	8,138	Berwyn	$\frac{5,841}{25,768}$	Huntington Indianapolis	$10,272 \\ 233,650$	Handerson	10,465
Fairfield	6.134	Blue Island	8,043	Jeffersonville	10.412	Hopkinsville.	$\frac{11,452}{9,419}$
Enfield	16,463	Calro	14,548	Kokomo	17.010	Lexington	35 099
	6,495	Canton	10,453	Lafavette	20,081	Louisville Mayfield	223,928 5,916
Hamden Hartford Huntington	98,915	Carbondale	9,411	Laporte Lebanon	5 474	Mayweld	6 141
Huntington	6.545	Champalgn	12,421	Linton	5,906	Maysville Middlesboro	6,141 7,30 5
			,				

KENTUCKY-Con	. 1	MASSACHUSE	TTS-	MICHIGAN-	-Con.	MONTANA-	Con
Newport 30,	309	Continued Hudson Hyde Park Ipswich Lawrence		Jackson	31 433	Butte Great Falls	39,165
Owensboro 16,0	11	Hudson	6 7/3	Kalamazoo	39,437 31,229 8,537	Great Falls	13,948
Paducah 22,	760	Hyde Park	15,507 5,777 85,892	Lansing	31,229	rielena	$13,948 \\ 12,515$
Paris 5,5	359	Ipswich	5,777	Laurlum	8,537	Kallspel	5,549
Richmond 5,	140	Lawrence	85,892	Ludington	9.132	Livingston Missoula	5,359
Winchester 7.	130	Leominster Lowell	106 204	Manistee Marquette	$\frac{12,381}{11,503}$	Missoura	12,869
Alexandria 11,	213	Lynn	17,580 106,294 89,336	Menominee	10.507	NEBRASK	A.
Baton Rouge. 14.	97	Lynn. Malden. Mansfield.		Monroe	6,893 7,707 24,062	Beatrice	9,356
Crowley 5.0	99	Mansfield	5,183 7,338	Mt. Clemens.	7.707	Fairbury	5,014 5,294 8,718
Houma 5,)24	Mansfield Marblehead Marlboro	7,338	Muskegon	24,062		8 718
Lafayette 6,	394	Marlboro		Negaunee	8,400	Grand Island	10,326 9,338 6,202 43,973
Lake Charles 11.	149	Maynard	6.390	Niles	5,156	Hagtings	9.338
Monroe 10,3 Morgan City 5,4	209	Maynard Medford Melrose Methuen	23,100	Owosso	9,639	Kearney Lincoln Nebraska City	6,202
Morgan City 5,	100	Metrose	15,715	Pontlac	14,532	Lincoln	43,973
Morgan Clty . 5, New Iberla 7. New Orleans . 339,	175	Middleboro	11,448 8,214	Port Huron Saginaw	18,863	Nebraska Clty	5,488 6,025
Shreveport 28,0	,,,	Milford	13,055	St Incenh	5 936	Norioik	6,025
	010	Milton	7.924	St. Joseph St. Ste. Marle. Three Rivers	50,510 5,936 12,615	Norfolk Omaha South Omaha	124,096
MAINE.	26.4	Montague	6.866	Three Rivers		York	26,259 6,235
Auburn 15, Augusta 13,	JD4	Natick	$9,866 \\ 5,026$	Traverse City	12,115 8,287		
Augusta	503	Needham	5,026	Wyandotte	8,287	NEVADA	*
Bangor 24,	306	New Bedford	$96,652 \\ 14,949$	r psnanti	6,230	NEW HAMPS	10,867
	779		14,949	MINNESO	ΓА.	RenoNEW HAMPS: Berlin	11 700
Brewer 5, Brunswick 6, Calais 6,	667	Newton	$\frac{39,806}{22,019}$	Albert Lea	6,192	Berlin	11,780
Brunswick 6,	621	North Adams	22,019	Austin	6,960 5,099		7,529 $21,497$
Calais 6,	116	North Andover N. Attleboro	$\frac{5,529}{9,562}$	Austin Bemidji	5,099	Derry	5,123
	116 377	Northampton	10 421	Brainerd	8,526	Dover	13,247
Gardiner 5.	311 845	Northbridge	8,807 8,014 5,282	Chisholm Cloquet	7,684	Derry Dover Franklin	5,123 13,247 6,132
Houlton 5,	340	Norwood	8,014	Crookston	7,031 7,559 78,446 10,365 301,408	Keene Laconia.	10,068
Lewiston 26, Old Town 6,	217	Orange	5,282	Duluth	78.446	Laconia	10.183
Old Town 6. Pisque Isle 5.	179	Palmer		Mankato	10,365		5,718 $70,063$
	571	Peabody	15,721	Mankato Minneapolis	301,408	Manchester Nashua.	26,005
Portland 58, Rockland 8,	174	Pittsfield	15,721 32,121 12,141	New Ulm	0,048	Portsmouth	11 269
Rumford 6,	777	Flymouth	20,141	Owatonna	5,658	Rochester	11,269 8,868
Saco 6.	583	Quincy	32,642	Red Wing	9,048	Somersworth	6,704
Sanford 9,	049	Revere	5,818 18,219 6,928	Rochester St. Cloud	7,844 10,600	NEW JERS	
Skowhegan 5,	341	Rockland	6.928	St. Paul	214,744	Ashury Park	10,150
South Portland 7,	471	Reading Revere Rockland Salem	43,097	Stillwater	10,198	Asbury Park Atlantic City	46.150
Waterville 11, Westbrook 8,	$\frac{458}{281}$	Saugus	$\frac{8,047}{77,236}$	Virginia	10,473	Bayonne	55,545
34 4 70 377 4 3770		Saugus Somerville	77,236		18,583	Bayonne Bloomfield	55,545 15,070
MARYLAND. Annapolls 8,	റേവ	Spencer Springfield Stoneham	12,592 6,740 88,926 7,090	MISSISSIE	PPI	Briageton	14,209 8,336
Baltimore 558,	485	Spencer	0,740	Biloxi Brookhaven Columbus City	8,049 5,293 8,988	Burlington	8,336
Cambridge 6,	407	Stoneham	7,000	Brookhaven	5,293	Camden	94,538 7,468 34,371
Cumberland 21,	$\bar{8}\bar{3}\dot{9}$	Stoughton	6.316	Columbus City	8,988	Dover East Orange	34 371
	411	Swampscott	6,204	Corntn	5,020 9,610	Elizabeth	73,409
Frostburg 6.	028	Taunton	6,316 6,204 34,259	Corinth Greenville Greenwood	5,836	Elizabeth Englewood	$73,409 \\ 9,924$
	507	Taunton Wakefield	$\frac{11,404}{27,834}$	Gulfport	6,386		10,213
Salisbury 6,	690	waitnam	27,834	Hattlesburg	$11,733 \\ 21,262$	Gloucester	9,462
MASSACHUSETT	$\frac{5}{455}$	Ware	8,774 12,875	Lackson	21,262	Guttenberg	5,647
Adame 13	በՉഒ	Watertown	11,509	Laurel McComb Merldian	8,465	Hammonton	14,050 5,088
Amesbury 9,	894 112	Wellesley	11,509 5,413 9,224	MeComb	$\frac{6,237}{23,285}$	Harrison	5,088 14,498 70,324 11,877 267,779 18,659 13,298 12,451 21,550
Amherst 5,	$\tilde{1}\tilde{1}\tilde{2}$	Wellesley W. Springfield. Westboro Westfield	9.224	Meridian	23,285	Hoboken	70.324
Andover /,	our	Westboro	5,440	Vickshurg		Urvington	11.877
A Plington 11	187	Westfield			6,796	Jersey Cltv	267,779
Athol 8,	536	Weymouth Whitman Winchendon	12,895 7,292 5,678	MISSOUR		l Kearny	18,659
Attleboro 16.	215	Whitman	7,292	Brookfleid	5,749	Long Branch	13,298
Belmont 5.	542	Winchendon	5,678	Cape Girardeau	8 475		12,451
Beverly 18, Blackstone 5,	$\frac{650}{648}$	Winchester Winthrop	9,309 $10,132$	Carthage Chillicothe	$\frac{9,483}{6,265}$	Montelair	21,550 12,507 347,469 23,388
Boston 670,	585	Wohurn	15,308		6,265	Morristown	347 469
Braintree 8,	066	Woburn Worcester	145,986		9,662	New Brunswick	23 388
Bridgewater 7	688	MICHIGA	N.	i riai river	5,112	Newark New Brunswick N. Plainfield	
Brockton 56,	878	Adrian	10,763	Fulton Hannibal	5,112 5,228 18,341	Nutley	6,009 29,630
Brookline 27,	$\frac{792}{2}$	Alblon	5,833 12,706 14,817	Independence	9,859	Orange	29,630
Cambridge 104,	000	Alpena	12,706	Jefferson	-11.850	Passaic	$54,773 \\ 125,600$
Chelmsford 5,	150	Ann Arbor Battle Creek. Bay City Benton Harbor Boyne City. Cadillac Cheboygan. Coldwater. Detroit	14,817	Joelin	32,073	Paterson Perth Amboy Phillipsburg Plainfield Princeton Rahway Red Bank Ridgewood.	125,600
Chelsea 32, Chicopee 25,	101	Bay City	25,267 $45,166$	Transas City	248,381	Phillipshurg	32,121 13,903
Clinton 13,	075	Benton Harbor	9.185	Kirksville	6,347	Plainfield	20,550
Concord 6,	421	Boyne Clty	9,185 5,218 8,375	Lexington	5,242	Princeton	5,136
Danvers 9, Dedham 9,	4,07	Cadillac	8,375	Mexico Moberly	5,939 10 023	Rahway Red Bank Rldgewood Roosevelt	5,136 9,337
Dedham 9,	284	Cheboygan	0.559	Novada	7 176	Red Bank	7,398
Easthampton 8,	524	Coldwater	5,945	Nevada Popiar Bluff			5,416
			465,766	St. Charles	9,437	Roosevelt	5,786
	199	Dowaglac Escanaba	5,088 13,194	1St. Joseph	9,437 77,403	Rutherford	7,045
Fall River 119	205	Flint	38 550	St. Louis		Salem	6,614 5,060
Fitchburg 37,	826	Grand Haven	38,550 5,856		$17.822 \\ 35.201$	South Amboy	5,060 7,007
Framingham. 12	948	Grand Rapids.	112,571	Springfield	35,201	Somerville South Amboy . South Orange	6,014
Franklin 5	641	Hancock	112,571 8,981	Springfield Trenton Webb	0,000	Summit	6,014 7,500
Gardner 14.	699	Hillsdale	5,001	Webster Groves	7,080	Trenton	96.815
Gloucester 24	398	Holland	-10.490	Wellston	5,656 11,817 7,080 7,312	Union	$\frac{21,023}{5,282}$
Grafton 5. G't Barrington 5.	000	Flint	5,113 $5,030$		Τ Δ.	Westfield	$\frac{5,282}{6,420}$
Greenfield 10	427	Iron Mountain	9.216	Anaconda	10.134	West Hoboken	35.403
Haverhill 44	11.	Ionia Iron Mountain. Ironwood Ishpeming	12.821	Billings Bozeman	10.031	West Hoboken. W. New York. West Orange.	$35,403 \\ 13,560$
Holyoke 57	730	Ishpeming	12,448	Bozeman	5,107	West Orange	10,980

NEW	MEX	CO.	NO. CAROLINA Newbern	-Con.	OHIO-Conti	nued.	PENNA.—Con Homestead	tinued.
Albuque	rque .	11,020	Newbern	9,961 19,218 8,051 5,533 6,211 25,748 6,717 17,167	Washington Court House.	7,277 6,875 7,769 6,136 8,706 79,066	Huntingdon	18,713 6,861 5,749
TRAGTER II.		0.1/2	Raleigh Rocky Mount.	8.051	Wellston	6,875	Indiana	5,749
Santa Fé NEV Albany.	vobi	2,012	Salem	5,533	Wellsville	7,769	Jeannette Jersey Shore Johnstown	8,077 5,381
Albony	VIOR	100,253	Salem Washington	6,211	Wooster	6,136	Jersey Shore	5,381
Albion.		5,016	Wilmington Wilson	25,748	Xenia Youngstown	79,066	Juniata	55,482 5,285
Albion Amsterd	am	5,016 31,267 34,668	Winston	17 167	Zanesville	28,026	Vana	
Auburn. Batavla.		34,668	Willston		OKLAHOM		Kingston	6,449
Batavia.	nton	11,613	NORTH DAK	OTA.	Ardmore	8 618	Knoxvme	5,051
Bingham Buffalo.	iptou	423,715	Bismarck	5,443	ArdmoreBartlesvilleChlckasha	6,181	Lancaster Lansford	8.321
Buffalo. Cananda	igua	7,217	Fargo	14.331	Chickasha	10,320	Larksville	9,288
Catskill.		5,295	Grand Forks	5,157 14,331 12,478	Durant El Reno	7.872	Larksville Laprobe Lebanon	47,227 8,321 9,288 8,777
Cohoes.	• • • • • •	13,730	Minot	6,188	Enld	13,799	Lebanon	5 316
Corning. Cortland Dunkirk Elmira Fredonia	1	11,504	NORTH DAK BISMARCK. Devils Lake. Fargo. Grand Forks. Minot. OHIO. Akron. Ashland.		Guthrle Lawton	5,330 7,872 13,799 11,654	Lehighton Lewistown	8,166 7,772 5,426
Dunkirk		17,221	Akron	69,067	McAlester	12 054	Lockhaven	7,772
Elmira		5 285	Alliance	15,083	Muskogee	25,278	Luzerne McKees Rocks.	5,426
Fulton		10.480	Alliance Ashland	18 266	Oklahoma City	7,788 12,954 25,278 64,205 8,283 12,474	McKees Rocks.	14,702 42,694
Geneva.		12,446	Athens	5.463	Sapulpa	8,283	Mahanov City.	15,936
Glens Fa	ılis	15,243	Alliance	9,410	Shawnee	18,182	Meadville Middletown	15,936 12,780
Gloversy	ville	5 669	Bellaire	12,946	TulsaOREGON			5,374 7,861
Haversti Herkime	20	7,520	Bellefontaine	5 209	Ashland	5,020	Milivale	7.460
Hoosick	Falls	5,532	Bowling Green.	5.222	Astoria Baker City	9,599	Minersville	7,240
		13,617	Bu yrus	69,067 15,083 6,793 18,266 5,463 9,410 12,946 8,238 5,209 5,222 8,122 211,327 6,621	Baker City,	0,742	Monessen	7,460 7,240 11,775
Hudson. Hudson	Falle	5.189	Cambridge	11,327	Medford	8.840	Mononganela	7,598 17,532
Ilion.		6,588	Canton	50 217	Eugene Medford	207,214	Mt. Pleasant	5,812
Ilion Ithaca Jamesto		14,802	Bellevontaine Bellevue Bowling Green Bu yrus Cambridge Canal Dover Canton Chillicothe Cincinnati Circleville Cleveland Coumbus Conneaut	6,621 50,217 14,508 363,591	Salem	14,094	Milivale	5,812 5,185 18,877 8,329 36,280 7,707 27,875
Jamesto	wn	31,297	Cincinnati	363,591	PENNSYLVA	ANIA.	Nanticoke	18,877
Johnsto Kingsto	mu	25,908	Circleville	E60 663	Alteone	51,913	New Brighton.	36 280
Lackaw	anna	14,549 12,273	Columbus	560,663 181,511 8,319 9,603	Altoona Ambridge Archbald	5.205	N. Kensington.	7,707
Little F	alls	12,273	Conneaut	8,319	Archbald	7,194	Norristown	27,875
Lockpor	t	17,970	Coshocton	9,603	I Asmand	6,855	N. Braddock	11,824
Malone Mamaro	neck	5,699	Columbus Conneaut Coshocton Dayton Defiance	$116.577 \\ 7,327$	Ashley Bangor Beaver Falls	5 369	Oil City	15.657
Mattea	wan icsville‡	6,727	Delaware	9.076	Beaver Falls.	12,191	Old Forge	11,324
Mechan	icsville‡	6,634	Delphos	5,038 9,179	Bellevue Berwick	6,323	Olyphant	8,505
Medina Middlet		15.313	East Cleveland East Liverpool	9,179	Berwick	5,357	Philadelphia	1,549,008
Mountl	Jornan	30,91	Elyria	20,387 14,825	Bethlehem	5.345	Pittsburgh	533.905
NewRo	chelle	28,86	Delaware Delphos East Cleveland East Liverpool Flyria Findlay Fremont	14,858 9,597	Blakely Bloomsburg	7,413	Nantlooke. New Brighton New Castle. N. Kensington. Norristown. N. Braddock. Northampton. Oil City. Oid Forge. Olyphant. Philadelphia. Phoenixville. Pittsburgh. Pittston. Plymouth. Pottstown.	16,267
New Yo	ork	*, , , 00,000	= Frogtoria	9,597	Braddock	19,357	Plymouth Pottstown Pottsville Rankin	16,996
Newark	gh	27.80	Fremont Gallon Gailipolis Greenville	9,939 7,214	I Bradiord	9 256	Pottstown	15,599 20,236 6,042 96,071
Niagara	Falls	30,44	Gailinoile	5.560	Bristol Butler	20,728	Rankin	6,042
N. Tari	Falls rytown. awanda	5,42	Greenville	5,560 6,237 35,279	Carbondale	17,040	Rankin Reading Ridgway Rochester St. Clair St. Mary's Sayre Scottdale Scranton Sharon	96,071
N. Ton	awanda	7 42	Hamilton	35,279	Carlisle	10,303	Ridgway	5,408 5,903
Ogdens	hurg	15,93	3 Ironton	13,147	Carnegle Carrick Catasauqua	6.117	St Clair	6.455
Olean		14,74	3 Kenton	5,468 7,185	Catasaugua	5,250	St. Mary's	6,455 6,346 6,426
Onelda	h burg	8,31	3 Ironton. 2 Jackson. 7 Kenton. 1 Lakewood. 0 Lancaster. 2 Lima. 5 Lorain. 8 Madisonville. 9 Mansfield. 4 Marletta. 6 Marlon. 1 Martins Ferry. 6 Massilion.	15,181		11,800	Sayre	6,426
		11.48	Lancaster	13,098 30,508 28,883	Charlerol	38 537	Scottdale	5,456 129,867
Oswego	g ill urg	23,36	8 Lima	28.883	Chester	6.851	Shamokin	129,807 19,588 15,270 8,153 25,774 19,973
Peeksk	111	15,24	Madisonville.	5,193 20,768 12,923 18,232	Coaldale	5,154	Shamokin Sharon Sharpsburg Shenandoah	15,270
Plattsb	urg	11,13	Mansfield	20,768	Coatesville	11,084	Sharpsburg	8,153
Port to	ester	9.56	4 Marietta	12,923	Conmolication	19 84 5	Shenandoah S. Bethlehem	19.973
Pough	ceepsie .	27,93	6 Marion Ferry	9.133	Conshohocken.	12,845 7,480 5,252	South Sharon	10,190
Renssel	laer	10,71	Massillon	13,879	Coraopolis	5,252	Steelton	
Roches	ter	218,14	Middletown	13,15	Corry	5,991	Sunbury	7 381
Salama	nca	5,79	d Massillon d Middletown Middletown Mount Vernon. Mount Vernon. New Phila New Phila New Phila New Yourg Now Wark Now Odd. Painesville Piqua Portsmouth Ravenna. St. Bernard St. Marys. Salem	6.08	Conneisville Corsopolis Corry Darby Dickson City	6,305	Steelton Sunbury Swissvale Swoyersville	5.390
Saratos	nca ga Sp'gs	12,69	New Phlla	8,54	Dickson City	9,331	Tanaqua	9,462
Schene	ctady	72,82	Newark	25,40	Donora	8,174	Tanaqua Tarentum	7,414
Seneca.	• • • • • • •	5.13	9 Newburg	5,81	Donora. Dubols. Dubols. Dumore. Duquesne. E. Conemaugh. E. Fittsburgh. Easton. Edwardsville. Fiele.	9,331 8,174 12,623 17,615 15,727 7,486 5,046	Taylor	9,000
Syracu	se	137,24	Niles	7.85	B Duquesne	15,727	Throop Titusville	8 533
Tonaw	anda	8,29	Norwood	16,18	Duryea	7,487	Tyrone	
Troy.		76,81	Painesville	5,50	1 E. Conemaugh.	5,040	Uniontown	
Watert	own	26.73	Piqua	23,38	Faston	5,61 28,52 8,40	Warren	18,778
Water	own vliet Plains.	15,0	Ravenna	5,31	0 Edwardsville	8,40	Waynesboro	18,778 7,199
White	Plains.	15,94	St. Bernard	5,00	2 Erie	66,52		5,512
Yonke	rs	19,00	St. Marys	5,73 8,94	2 Etna 3 Forest City	5 74	West Chester.	11,767
NOR	TH CAL	ROLINA	Salem	19.98	9 Franklin	9,70	Wilkes-Barre.	67,105 18,924
Charlo	lle	34.0	14 Sidney	19,98 6,60 46,92	7 Freeland	6,19	Wilkinsburg	18,924
Concor	rd	8,7	15 Springfield	46,92	1 Gilberton	. 0,40	Williamsport.	
Durha	meth Cit	. 18,2	11 Steubenville	22,39 11,89	I Glassport	, 0,04		
Elizab	eth Cit; eville	y 8.4.	45 Toledo	168.49	1 Glassport 4 Greater 7 Punxsutawne	y 9,05	Windber	8,013 5,280
Gastor	11a	5.7	59 Troy	6,12	2 Greensburg	13,01	York	44,750
Goldsh	oro	6,10	07 Urbana	7,73	9 Greenville	7,05	RHODE IS	LAND.
Greens	sboro	. 15,8	25 Wanakoneta	5.34	9 Harrisburg	64,18	Windber Winton York RHODE IS Bristol Byrrillville	8,568 7,878
Kinsto	Point	6.9	St. Marys. Salem Salem Sandusky 14 Sidney. 15 Springfield 11 Steuben ville. 12 Tiffin. 45 Toledo. 69 Troy 07 Urbana 95 Van Wert. 25 Wapakoneta.	11.08	4 Greater Punxsutawner Creensburg Greenville Hanover Harrisburg	25,45	s (Bitthiame	. 1.0/4
*******		7,0						

Incor	грога	ieu Piaces oj	-9,000) or More 1:	nnaou	ants—Cont'd.	66.1
RHODE ISLA	ND-	TEXAS-Cont	inued.	VIRGINI	A	WISCONSIN-	-Con.
Continued.		Austin	29.860	Alexandria	15.329	Kenosha	21,371
Central Falls	22,754	Beaumont	20,640	Bristol		La Crosse	30,417
Coventry	5.848	Brownsville	10,517	Charlottesville.	6,765	Madison	25,531
Cranston	21,107	Brownwood	6,967	Clifton Forge	5.748	Manitowoc	13.027
Cumberland	10,107	Cleburne	10.364	Danville	19,020	Marinette	14,610
E. Providence.	15,808		8,222	Fredericksburg.	5.874	Marshfield	5,783
Johnston	5,935	Corsicana	9,749	Hampton	5,505	Menasha	6,081
Lincoln		Dallas	92,104	Lynchburg		Menomonie	5,036
Newport	27,149		13,632	Newport News.	20,205	Merrill	8,689
N. Providence	5,407		39,279	Norfolk	67,452	Mliwaukee	373,857
Pawtucket	51,622	Ennis	5,669	Petersburg	24,127	Neenah	5.734
	224,326	Fort Worth	73,312	Portsmouth	33,130	Oconto	5,629
S. Kingstown	5,176	Gainesville	7,624	Richmond	127,628	Oshkosh	33,062
Warren	6,585	Galveston	36,981	Roanoke	34,874	Portage	5,440
Warwick	26,629	Greenville	8,850	Staunton	10,604	Racine	38,002
Westerly	8,696	Hillsboro	6,115	Suffolk		Rhinelander	5,637
Woonsocket	38,125	Houston	78,800	Winchester		Sheboygan	26,398
SOUTH CARO		Houston H'gh's	6,984 14.855	WASHINGT	12 660	S. Milwaukee Stevens Point	$\frac{6,092}{8.692}$
Anderson	9,654	Laredo	5,155	Aberdeen Bellingham	24.208	Superior	40,384
Charleston	58,833	Longview Marshall	11.452	Centralia	7 311	Watertown	8,829
Columbia	58,833 26,319	Orange	5,527	Everett	94 814	Waukesha	8,740
Florence	7.057	Palestine	10.482	Hoquiam	8.171		16.560
Georgetown	5,530	Paris	11,269	North Yakima.	14 082	West Allis	6,645
Greenville	15,741	Port Arthur	7,663	Olympla	6,996	WYOMIN	G 0,010
Greenwood	6,614	San Angelo	10,321	Seattle	237 194	Cheyenne	11,320
Newberry	5,028	San Antonio	96,614	Spokane		Laramie	8.237
Orangeburg	5,906	Sherman	12,412	Tacoma		Rock Springs	5,778
Rock Hill	7,216 $17,517$	Sulphur Sp'ngs.	5.151	Vancouver		Sheridan	8,408
Spartanburg	17,517	Taylor	5,314	Walla Walla	19,364	PORTO RI	CO.
Sumter	8,109	Temple	10,993	WEST VIRG		Aguadilla	6.135
Union	5,623	Terrell	7,050	Bluefield	11,188	Areclbo	9,612
SOUTH DAK	OTA.	Texarkana	9,790	Charleston		Bayamon	5,272
Aberdeen	10.753	Tyler	10,400	Clarksburg	9,201	Caguas	10,354
Huron	5,791	Waco	26,425	Elkins	5,260	Fajardo	6,086
Lead	8,392 6,515	Waxahachie	6,205	Fairmount	9,711	Guayama	8,321
Mitchell	6,515	Weatherford	5,074	Grafton		Humacao	5,159
Sloux Falls	14,094	Wichita Falls	8,200	Huntington		Mayaguez	16,563
Watertown	7,010	UTAH.		Martinsburg		Ponce	35,005
TENNESSE	ייניי		00	Morgantown		San Juan	48,716
		Logan	7,522	Moundsville		YaucoHAWAII	6,589
Bristol	7,148 44.604	Ogden	25,580	Parkersburg	17,842	(District means	
Chattanooga			8,925 92,777	Wheeling WISCONS		district	
Clarksville Cleveland	5,549	Salt Lake City.		Antlgo	7 106	Ewa District.	14.627
Columbia	5,754	VERMON	г.	Appleton		Hamakua Dist.	9.037
Jackson	15,779	Barro	10,734	Ashland		Honolulu City.	52,183
Johnson City	8,502	Barre Bennington	8,698	Baraboo		Koloa District.	5,769
Knoxville	36,346	Brattleboro	7,541	Beaver Dam		Makawao Dist.	8.855
	131,105		20,468	Beloit		N. Hilo Dist	12.941
	110,364	Colchester	6.450	Chippewa F'ls.	8.893	N. Kohala Dis.	5,398
Park City	5.126		7.856	Eau Claire		Puna District	6,834
•	0,220	Rockingham	6,207	Fond du Lac.	18.797	S. Hilo District	9,604
TEXAS.		Rutland	13.546	Grand Rapids.	6.521	Walalua Dist	6,770
Abllene	9.204	St. Albans	6,381	Green Bay	25,236	Wailuku Dist	11,742
Amarillo	9,957	St. Johnsbury	8,098	Janesville	13,894	Waimea Dist	8,195
		ONE HUND			IES.		
		OUE UOND	KEN L	ARUESI UII			

Amatino 3,3	01 100. 00m	isbuty 5,000 Janes	VIIIC	10,001 Wallingto Dillo.	. 0,100
	ONE	HUNDRED LARC	EST CIT		
CITIES.	Populat'n.	CITIES.	Populat'n.		Populat'n.
New York, N. Y	4,766,883	New Haven, Ct	133,605	Houston, Tex	
Chicago, Ill	2,185,283	Birmingham, Aia	132,685	Duluth, Minn	
Philadelphia, Pa	1,549,008	Memphis, Tenn	131,105		
St. Louis, Mo	687,029	Scranton, Pa	129,867	Somerville, Mass	
Boston, Mass	670,585	Richmond, Va	127,628	Troy, N. Y	76,813
Cleveland, Ohio		Paterson, N. J	125,600	Utlea, N. Y.	74,419
Baltimore, Md		Omaha, Neb	124,096	Elizabeth, N. J	
Pittsburgh, Pa		Fall River, Mass	119,295	Fort Worth, Tex	
Detroit, Mich		Dayton, Ohio	116,577	Waterbury, Ct	72,826
Buffalo, N. Y		Grand Rapids, Mich	112,571	Schenectady, N. Y	70,324
San Francisco, Cal		Nashville, Tenn	110,364	Hoboken, N. J	70,063
Milwaukee, Wis		Lowell, Mass	106,294	Manchester, N. H Evansville, Ind	69,647
Cincinnati, Ohio		Cambridge, Mass	104,839	Akron. Ohio	69.067
Newark, N. J			104,402 $102,054$	Norfolk, Va	
New Orleans, La	339,075		100,253	Wilkes-Barre, Pa	67,105
Washington, D. C		Albany, N. Y.	98,915	Peorla, Ill.	66,950
Los Angeles, Cal		Hartford, Ct	96,815	Erle, Pa.	66,525
Minneapolis, Minn		New Bedford, Mass	96,652	Savannah, Ga	
Jersey City, N. J	$\begin{bmatrix} 267,779 \\ 248,381 \end{bmatrix}$	San Antonio, Tex	96,614	Oklahoma City, Okla	64,205
Kansas City, Mo	237,194		96.071	Harrisburg, Pa	64.186
Seattle, Wash		Camden, N. J.	94,538	Fort Wayne, Ind	63,933
Indianapolis, Ind	233,030	Salt Lake, Utah	92,777	Charleston, S. C	58,883
Providence, R. I	223,928	Dallas, Tex	92,104	Portland, Me	58,571
Louisville, Ky	218.149		89,336	East St. Louis, Ill	58,547
Rochester, N. Y St. Paul, Minn		Springfield, Mass	88,926	Terre Haute, Ind	58.157
			87,411	Holyoke, Mass	57,730
Denver, Col Portland, Ore		Des Moines, Ia	86,368	Jacksonville, Fla	57,699
Columbus, Ohlo		Lawrence, Mass	85,892	Brockton, Mass	56,878
Toledo, Ohio		Tacoma, Wash	82,972	Bayonne, N. J	55,545
Atlanta, Ga		Kansas City, Kan	82,331	Johnstown, Pa	55,482
Oakland, Cal		Yonkers, N. Y	79,803	Passalc, N. J	54,773
Worcester, Mass		Youngstown, Ohlo		South Bend, Ind	53,684
Byracuse, N. Y					i
Ditantan II. T		•		-	

Foreign Born White Males of Voting Age in continental united states, and the number who are naturalized.

PRELIMINARY THIRTEENTH CENSUS STATISTICS ISSUED BY THE CENSUS BUREAU OCTOBER 7, 1912.

According to the last census, taken as of April 15, 1910, the number of foreign-born white males of voting age, that is, 21 and over, in the United States (not including Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico, or other outlying territory) was 6,646,817. Of this number, 3,034,117, or 45.6 per cent., were naturalized.

The following summary table shows the distribution of these foreign-born white males by divisions, with the number and percentage naturalized for each division:

	FOREIGN-		ITE MALES, AND OVER.	21 YEARS OF
Division.	Total.	Per Cent. in each Division.	Naturalized.	Per Cent. Naturalized.
United States*	6,646,817	100.0	3,034,117	45.6
The North New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South South Atlantic East South Central West South Central The West Mountain Pacific	796,847 2,272,271 1,573,343 869,408 368,913 150,665 46,308 171,940 766,035	12.0 34.2 23.7 13.1 5.6 2.3 0.7 2.6 *11.5	2,526,749 323,994 879,348 812,489 510,918 157,854 61,134 25,955 70,765 349,514 113,670 235,844	45.8 40.7 38.7 51.6 58.8 42.8 40.6 56.0 41.2 45.6 44.1

^{*} Exclusive of Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico and all other outlying territory.

Approximately nine-tenths (89.4 per cent.) of the foreign-born white males of voting age were of European origin, 9.8 per cent, were natives of American countries other than the United States, and 0.8 per cent, were natives of other countries. Very nearly one-half (3,310,930) were natives of the countries grouped in the accompanying table under the heading "Northwest Europe," and of these approximately two-thirds (2,151,421, or 65 per cent.) were naturalized. Of the 2,631,458 natives of the countries comprising the southern and eastern divisions of Europe, taken together, 581,306, or 22.1 per cent., were naturalized. The countries of low percentages in the table are generally countries from which recent immigration has largely come, the lowness of the percentages being partially due to the fact that naturalization implies a minimum residence within the country of five years.

	MALES,	BORN WI 21 YEARS AND OVER	0F		MALES.	-Born W 21 Years and Over	OF
PLACE OF BIRTH.		Natura	ized.	PLACE OF BIRTH.		Natural	ized.
	Total.	Number .	Per Cent.		Total.	Number .	Per Cent .
All foreign countries.	6,646,817	3,034,117	45.6	Europe-Continued.			
Europe. Northwest Europe. Volted Kingdom. England Ireland. Scotland Wales Scandinavia Norway. Sweden Denmark Holland. Belgtum Luxemburg.	5,943,974 3,310,930 1,211,193 437,153 597,868 133,118 43,054 664,443 213,022 349,023 102,39 59,753 25,740 1,880	2,733,291 2,733,291 2,151,421 7770,092 259,569 405,590 75,161 29,772 403,776 121,651 219,057 63,068 33,922 10,611 1,258	46.0 65.0 63.6 67.8 56.5 69.2 60.8 61.6 56.8 61.6	Southeast Europe Austria Hungary Roumania Bulgaria Servia Montenegro Turkey Greece Europe (not specified). America (outside of the United States) Canada	3,331 4,520 22,790 74,977 1,586 648,373 531,061	149,914 36,609 8,014 403 298 120 1,474 4,946 564 286,809 270,804	24.6 14.3 28.8 4.2 8.9 2.7 6.5 6.6 35.6 44.2 51.0
Germany Switzerland	$1,278,679 \\ 69,242$	889,002 42,760	$\frac{69.5}{61.8}$	FrenchOther.	171,958 359,103	$76,772 \\ 194,032$	44.6 54.0
Southwest Europe Portugal	815,253 28,693	7.141	$\frac{20.3}{24.9}$	Mexico	102,022	10,932	
Spain	14,170 59,563 712,827	2,318 29,613 126,523	$16.4 \\ 49.7 \\ 17.7$	Indies* Other America	9,674 5,616		
Northeast Europe Russia.	807,866 737,150	213,933	26.5 26.1	All other countries	54,470	14,017	25.7
Finland	70,716	21,669]	·)		

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Except Porto Rico.

Statistics of Cities in the United States.

Civiks.	Aresin Square Miles.	Estimated Population Jan. 1, 1913.	Net Public Debt.	Assessed Valuation of All Taxable Property.	Per Cent. of Actual Va*	Tax ltate†	For Cities Governed by Commission, See Second Page Following This. Names of Mayors.	Terms Expire.
Alaman Ohlo	111/2		\$967,407	202 502 570	100	97.04	Frank W. Rockwell	Dec 01 1012
Akron, Ohio Albany, N. Y.	16	90,000 105,000	1.780.804	\$93,523,570 96,183,723	100	2.04	James B. McEwan.	Dec. 31,1913 Dec. 51,1913
Allentown, Pa	6	60,000	1,780,804 506,400 1,695,231	45,391,470 25,200,000	70	1.44	James B. McEwan. Chuts. W. Rinn Simon H. Walker	Dec, 1915
Altoona, Pa	4	60,000	1,695,231	25,200,000	50 60	2.50	Simon H. Walker	Dec, 1915 Dec. 6, 1915
Atlanta, Ga	26	225,000	4 895 098	150,000,000	100	1 1.20	Jas. G. Woodward Commission Govern	lDec. 31,1914
Atlantic City, N.J	31½	50,000 572,000	4,685,086 42,071,423	87,063,282 741,909,312 53,477,905	100	0.01	James H. Preston.	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Baltimore, Md Bayonne, N. J Binghamton, N. Y	4	60,000	3,099,317	53,477,905	100	2.20	Mat. T. Cronin John J. Teving	Jan. 1.1914
Binghamton, N. Y	10	56,000	885,500	51,050,775	00	2.24	John J. Irving	Dec. 31,1913
Birmingham, Ala	50.8 47	150,000 720,100	5,865,400 76,810,187	82,000,000 1,481,779,717	40 100	2.30	tohn ki kitracratil	ment.
Boston, Mass. Bridgeport, Ct. Brooklyn Boro, N. Y. Buffalo, N. Y. Butfalo, N. Y. Butte, Mont. Cambridge, Mass. Camden, N. J. Canton, Ohio. Charleston, S. C. Chattanooga, Tenn.	15. 8	103,000	1,652,192	97,683,477	100	1.04	Commission Govern John F. Fitzgeratd Clifford B. Wilson	Nov 10 1913
Brooklyn Boro. N.Y.	77.6	1.776.878	(a)	1,723,496,394	100	1.87	Incorp'd in City of Louis P. Fuhrmann,	New York.
Buffalo, N. Y	42 1	446,000 42,000	29,369,492	325,489,250	100	2.40	Louis P. Fuhrmann.	Dec. 31,1913
Butte, Mont	5 61/2	110,000	800,000 7,637,379	24,568,160 115,947,300	100	1.52	L. J. Dinican, Soc	May 1,1913
Camden, N. J.	7%	100,000	3,734,323	56,778,458	100	3.04	Chas. II. Ellis	Dec. 31.1913
Canton, Ohio	914	57,000	2,000,000	60,429,260	90	1.23	Harry Schilling, Soc.	Dec. 31, 1913
Charleston, S. C	5.2	65,000	4,148,500	19,460,385	50 48	3.95	Louis P. Fravridam. L. J. Dinican, Soc J. E. Barry. Chas. 11, Ellis Harry Schilling, Soc. John P. Grace.	Dec. 11,1915
		95,000 2,307,638	3,247,000 25,327,230 21,619,514	28,933,000 927 747 492	331/3	1 0.401	Commission Govern	ment.
Chicago, Ill Cincinnati, Ohio	1 70 (405,000	21,619,514	927,747,492 530,000,000	100	1.48	Curter H. Harrison. Henry T. Hant	Dec. 31,1913
Cleveland, Ohio	46	620,000	37,517,427	714,804,625	100			
Cleveland, Ohio Cohoes, N. Y Columbus, Ohio	8 22	25,000	518,236 10,989,297	12,620,606 235,660,100	100	1.62	John F. Scott	Jan. 1,1913
	17%	190,000 37,590	770,000	23,000,100	25	83	Thomas Malonen	Apr. — 1914
Covington, Ky Dallas, Tex Davenport, Jowa	534	55,000	2,639,153	27,592,117	60	1.75	John F. Scott George J. Karb Thomas Matoney George E. Phillips	Dec. 31,1915
Dallas, Tex	20	125,000		07.004.000	60			
Dayton, Ohio	8 16½	50,000 135,000	423,500 4,096,600	21,804,880 146,000,000	100	1.80	Alfred C. Mueller Edward Philipps Henry J. Arnold Commission Govern	Apr. 14,1914
Denver, Col	60	235,000	840,000	134,850,000	331/3	3.45	Henry J. Arnold	June 1.1916
Denver, Col Des Moines, Iowa	55	100,000	1,298,080	134,850,000 22,684,473	25	8.67	Commission Govern	ment.
Detroit, Mich	See	567,944	8,689,659	452,255,100	TOO	1.99	Oscar B. Marx	Jan,1915
District of Columbia Dubuque, Iowa	13	40.000	ng(on, D. 1,300,000	C., on follo 25,000,000	100	g pa	W. F. Luons	Anr - 1914
Duluth, Minn	75	85,000	3,676,850	43,601,841	50	3.63	M. E. Lyons J. A. McCuen	Dec. 31,1914
Elizabeth, N. J Elmira, N. Y	91/2	78,000	2,917,823	61,825,461	100	1.55	Victor Miraviag	Dec1919
Erie, Pa	716	40,000 80,000	1,020,000 273,821	22,624,372 27,000,000	40	2.00	Daniel Sheehan Wm J Stern Ind	Dec. 4 1915
Evansville, Ind Fall River, Mass	9	77,000	1,719,000	39,000,000	70	2.84	Wm. J. Stern, Ind Chas, F. Heilman James H. Kay Jesse Grice Commission Govern	Jan. 1,1914
Fall River, Mass	41	130,000	4,141,122	97,836,062	100	1.94	James H. Kay	Jan. 7,1915
Fort Wayne, Ind	1013 ₂ 16	76,320 92,000	(q)447.142 5,251,738	(q)31,683,701 62,451,780	662/3 662/3	1.08	Commission Govern	ment
Fort Wayne, Ind Fort Worth, Tex Galveston, Tex	7.8	40,000	4,431,800	29,781,076	66%			
Grand Rapids, Mich	17/2	130,000	5,988,050	29,781,076 93,235,238 47,577,993	100	2 14	George E. Ellis John K. Royad Louis R. Cheney	May 1,1914
Harrisburg, Pa Hartford, Ct	1734	75,000 110,000	1,912,900 4,171,816	94,676,606	75 75	1.50	Louis R. Chenev	Jan. 1,1916 Apr. 1,1914
Haverhill, Mass Hoboken, N. J Holyoke, Mass Houston, Tex.	17½ 32	50,000	1 .727.7361	36,506,470	100			
Hoboken, N. J	11%	74,000	2,429,537	68,503, 1 73 57,530,906	100	[2,06]	Martin Cooke	Jan. 1,1914
Holyoke, Mass	2284 16	60,000 110,000	5 995 000	96,273,850	40	1 10	Commission Comm	mout 1,1914
Judianapolis, Ind Jacksonville, Fla Jersey City, N.J Kalamazoo, Mich.	31	260,000	5,995,000 3,445,300	212,262,510	66%	2.12	Samuel L. Shank William S. Jordan H. Otto Wittpenn	Dec. 31.1913
Jacksonville, Fla	10	81,620	1 - 2.118.0001	55,629,5401	50	1.15	William S. Jordan	June 20,1913
Jersey City, N. J	20	285,000	11,260,000	257,640,505	100	2.20	Chas P Have	Dec. 31,1913
Kansas City, Kan	17	45,000 125,000	801,116 4,554,803	44,710,435 90,366,990	100	6.78	Chas. B. Hays Commission Govern	ment.
Kansas City, Kan Kansas City, Mo	58	275,000	5,080,506	90,366,990 166,792,892	40	1.25	Commission Govern Henry L. Jost	Apr. 20,1914
Lansing, Mich	716	40,000	350,000	27,000,000	100	.731	J. G. Reutler	May 1, 1914
Lawrence, Mass Lincoln, Neb	8	88,000 51,500	2,472,106 1,031,000	75,449,818	20	8.69	Commission Govern Commission Govern	ment
Little ROCK, ATK.(q)	111/2	50,000	1 240 000!	9,629,020 25,353,034	40	2 87	Charles E. Taylor GEO. ALEXANDER	Apr. 10,1913
Los Angeles, Cal Louisville, Ky	107½ 25	450,000	1 33.228.8271	458,939,129	50	1.14	GEO. ALEXANDER	Jan. 1,1914
Lowell Mass.	14	255,000 110,000	11,814,200 3,516,789	185,000,000 84,694,648	100	1.79	William O. Head Commission Govern	ment.
Lynn, Mass	1133	94,000	[3,506,793]	81,529,354	100 I	1 94	Commission Govern	lment.
Lowell, Mass. Lynn, Mass. Manchester, N. H. Memphis, Tenn.	33	71,000	384,000	68,405,295	100	1.50	Chas. C. Hayes Commission Govern	Jan,1915
Milwaukee, Wis	19	260,000 392,181	4,930,000 9,868,350	109,925,426 460,548,763	100	1.55	G. A. BADING.	Apr. 16.1914
Minneapolis, Minn	531.	320,000	14,387,414	212,563,149	50	3.22	G. A. BADING WALLACE G. NYE	Dec, 31,1914
Mobile, Ala Montgomery, Ala	13.5	94,379	3,802,649	32,126,902	33	I.la	Commission Govern Commission Govern	ment.
		45,000 35,000	2,839,677 3,930,450	22,923,429 38 ,228, 11 8	35 65	3.33	Edwin W. Fiske	Dec. 31. 1913
Nashville, Tenn Newark, N. J. New Bedford, Mass.	17. 41	130,000	5,816,806	65,788,415	80	1.30	Edwin W. Fiske Hilary E. Howse Jacob Haussling C. S. Ashley, Cit	Oct. 13,1913
Newark, N. J.	2316	375,000	1 20.714 0621	383,864,182	100	2.04	Jacob Haussling	Dec. 31,1914
New Bedford, Mass New Brunswick, N. J.	1913	105,000 28,000		101,562,334 13,861,590	100	5 30	John J. Morrison	Jan,1914 Jan. 1,1914
Now Hoven (4	1 0012	150,000	3,684,645	131,627,898	100	1.75	John J. Morrison Frank J. Rice	Jan. 1,1914
New Orleans, La	196	1.375,000	42,898,610	235 994 111	75	2 20	Commission Govern	ment.
New Orleans, La Newport, R. I. Newton, Mass	18	30,000 40,000	1,131,000 3,078,549	53,397,00 0 79,363,445	100	1.56	WILLIAM MACLEOD Chas, E. Hatfield	Jan,1914
		, 20,000	240.0424.1					

5.0	000000	• "		0.00 0.			
	1.	Estimated Population Jan. 1, 1913.			Per Cent. of Actual Val."		For Clties Governed by
	Area	335		Assessed	7.8	m	Commission See Fol-
	in	23.	Net	Valuation of	3-	Tax	lowing Page
CITIES.	Square	5 27.	Public	all Taxable	O g	Ratet	Teime Crbite
	Miles.	14 5 E	Debt.	Property.	20 2	1	Names of Mayors.
New York City‡		5,173,064		18,204,862,430	97	\$1.83	
Oakland, Cal		200,000		130,000,000	60		Frank K. MottJuly 1,1918
Oklahoma City, Okla.		72,000	3,708,846	95,173,338	75		Commission Government.
Omana, Neb	2416	140,000	13,120,000	35,064,988	20	4.07	Commission Government.
Passaic, N. J	31/2	65,000		42,859,294	100	1.75	Commission Government.
Passaic, N. J Patersou, N. J	81/3	137,000		101,993,413	100	1.66	Andrew F. McBride, Dec. 31,191;
Pawtucket, R. I	83/4	53,000	4,721,172	52,198,355	90	1.65	G. W. Esterbrooke. Jan ,1914
Peoria, III	1033	72,000	526,000	21,859,000	331/3	5.05	E. N. Woodruff May 1,1913
Philadelphia, Pa	129 %	1,625,000	99,540,950	1,556,323,614	100	1.50	Rud, Blankenburg. Jan. 3,1916
Pittsburgh, Pa	41	552,905	31,242,725	786,208,700	100	1.53	Commission Government,
Portland, Me	211/2	61,000	2,801,702	67,093,268	100	2.12	Oakley C. Curtis Dec. 8,191;
Portland, Ore, (q)	55	260,000	11,850,944	296,199,230	65	1.76	A. G. RushlightJuly 1.191;
Poughkeepsie, N. Y	21/2	31,000	1,690,000	22,492,415	80	2.09	Wm. H. Frank Dec. 31,191.
Providence, R. I	1814	230,000	11, 465,235	251,379,340	100	1.65	Jos. A. Gainer Dec. 31, 191
Quiucy, Ill	6	41,000	391,000	10,537,403	331/3	4.59	Jos. A. Gainer Dec. 31, 191- John F. Garner May -, 191
Reading Pa	61/4	135,000	1,092,746	54,312,000	80	1.80	Ira W. StrattonIDec. 4.191
Richmond, Va	11	134,146		144,226,068	65	1.75	George Ainslie Sept. 1,1910
Richmond, Va Rochester, N. Y	211/6	250,000	16,255,689	188,816,650	80	1.95	George Ainslie Sept. 1,1916 Hiram H. Edgerton, Dec. 31,1913
Rockford, Ill	5	50,000		18,828,696	331/9	1.49	Wm. W. Bennett. May 7,191;
Sacramento, Cal	26	70,000	1,036,500	63,176,420	75	1.28	Commission Government.
Saginaw, Mich	16	60,000		27.245,669	58	2.00	A. W. Jausend Jan. 1.191
Salt Lake City, U	45	100,000		62,206,073	331/3	1.30	Commission Government.
Salt Lake City, U San Antonio, Tex	36	128,000	2,098,000		100	1.44	A. H. Jones May 31, 191
San Diego, Cal	78	70,000		51,620,718	50	1.58	Commission Government.
San Francisco, Cal	46	455,000	27,500,000	510,429,316	50	2.09	James Rolph, Jr Jan. 8,191
Santa Fé. N. Mex. (a).	12	8,000	17,500	640,000	20	1 00	
Savanuah, Ga	63/2	100,000	3,000,000	53,000,000	6636	1.25	George W. Tiedeman Jan. 28,191
Schenectady, N. Y	8 8	86,000	3,160,149	53,754,567	90	2.33	Geo. R. Lunn (Soc.) Dec. 31,191;
Scranton, Pa	19	140,000	1,148,370	81,555,630	70	1.51	John Von Bergen, Jr. Dec. 31, 191
Seattle, Wash	941/6	281,896		212,929,048	44	1.54	GEO. F. COTTERILL. Mar, 191
Sioux City, Iowa	4434	55,000	1,235,200	40,107,568	70		Commission Government.
Somerville, Mass	414	80,000	1,519,000	69,632,540	100	1.88	Jan. — 191
South Bend, Ind	14%	60,000		27,692,130	40	1.29	Chas. L. Goetz Jan. 6,191
Spokane, Wash	40	125,000	4,760,000	91,934,031	60	1.30	Commission Government.
Springfield, Ill. (q)	816	51,678	850,207	17.287.881	331/3		Commission Government,
Springfield, Mass	383	100,000		149,530,350	100	1.55	John A. Denison Jan. 6.191
Springfield, Ohio	11	50,000	1,632,870	47,642,940	100	1.00	Joseph J. Miller Dec. 31,191. Chas. H. Pfeiffer Apr. 15,191.
St. Joseph, Mo	13	80,000	1,080.350	39,215,170	30	1.35	Chas. H. Pfeiffer Apr. 15,191
St. Louis, Mo	611/3	730,000		599,019,931	6634	2.22	Fred H. Kreismann Apr. 12,191
St. Joseph, Mo St. Louis, Mo St. Paul, Minn	56	242,732	7,938,399	128,785,624	60	2.93	Commission Government.
Syracuse, N. Y. Tacoma, Wash. Taunton, Mass	16	150,000	9,997,278	136,992,055		1.62	Edward Schoeneck Dec. 31,191
Tacoma, Wash	4316	110,000		73,298,456			Commission Government.
Taunton, Mass	50~	34,500	1,422,200	24.035.979	90		Commission Government.
Toledo, Onio	281/2	230,840	9,774,274	223,939,440	100		BRAND WHITLOCK, Jan. 1,191
Topeka, Kan	9	50,000	1,973,185	52,160,655	100		Commission Government.
Trenton, N. J	9	100,000	5,055,594	73,371,686		2.10	Commission Government.
Troy, N. Y Utica, N. Y	91/3	76,813	4,279,501	51,352,881	100	2.28	Cornelius F. Burns . Dec. 31.191
Utica, N. Y	12	80,000	2,836,300	44,565,159		2.23	Frank J. Baker Dec. 31,191
Washington, D.C.	6914	250,000	9,612,350	419,932,253		1.50	For Government, See p. 715.
Wheeling, W. Va	3	42,641	965,300	58,002,600	100	-66	For Government, See p. 715. H. L. KirkJune 30,191
Williamsport, Pa	7.3	32,000	391,138	15,200,000		1.20	Samuel Stabler Dec. 4.191
Wilmington, Del	10	95,000	3,500,000			1.53	Harrison W. Howell June 30.191
Worcester, Mass	381/6	160,000	6,596,065			1.72	D. F. O' Connell Jan. 6,191
Youkers, N. Y	21	90,000	7,300,471	79,841,820		2.89	James T. Lennon Dec. 31,191
Damas and A. T. H.		20,000	1,000,111	,522,520			Stemes 1. Bernion

Democrats in Ralics: Republicans in Roman; non-partisan in SMALL CAPS; Soc., Socialist; Ind.,

Democrats in Ralics; Republicans in Roman; non-partisan in Small Cars; 500., 500 land, 1 Independent.

*This is the percentage of assessment upon actual valuation. † Tax on each \$100 of assessed valuation for all purposes. ‡ Population of New York City as follows: Manhattan, 2,438,001; Bronx, 53,129; Brooklyn, 1,76,878; Queens, 344,297; Richmond, 22,689. Area in square miles—Manhattan, 21.9; Bronx, 40.6; Brooklyn, 77.6; Queens, 118.6; Richmond, 57.2. The surveyor's bureau gives the area s236.83 quare miles. Taxable valuations—all boroughs—lkealty, 87,63,985, bureau gives the area s236.83 quare miles. Taxable valuations—all boroughs—lkealty, 87,639,890; personalty, 848,653,493. Heroklyn, 480,541,742,409; personalty, 487,553,985. Queens—Realty, 816,550,539, personalty, 84,855,198. Brooklyn, Realty, 874,742,409; personalty, 848,753,985. Queens—Realty, 816,750,539, personalty, 84,856,198. Brooklyn, 81,87; Queens, 81,87; Lichmond, \$1,92. (a) See New York City above. (c) Net funded debt of New York City, \$794,349,404. Gross funded debt, \$1,082,662,851. Sinking Fund Holdings, \$237,713,447. (a) City tax. (b) Bonded debt. (j) Less \$2,652,107 indebtedness. (k) Exclusive of water debt. (q) Report of December 1,1911.

Cities.

Realty.

Personalty.

Personalt

CITIES.	REALTY.	PERSONALTY.	CITIES.	REALTY.	PERSONALTY.
Albany	\$84,631,420	\$11,552,303	Milwaukee	***************************************	\$91,883,898
Baltimore	383,955,605	357,933,707	Minneapolis		48,716,234
Boston	1,156,432,200	295,347,517			80,197,071
Buff do	297.746.090	6,937,000	New Orleans	167,177,355	68,816,756
Chicago	663,376,027	264,371,465	New York City, for divi	sion of realty and person	alty, see above.
Cincinnati	384,687,070	145,312,930	Philadelphia	1.554,302,400	2,021,214
Cleveland	506,812,210	207,992,415	Pittsburgh	738,208,700	1,294,580
Denver	103,000,000	31,000,000	Portland, Ore		48,277,270
Detroit	316,630,290	140,185,810	l'rovidence		113,870,420
District of Columbia	330.322.487	29,609,766	Rochester	165,957,275	8,122,300
Jersey City, N. J	240,478,112	17,162,393	San Francisco		62,652,079
Kansas City, Mo	114,697,800	52,095,092	St. Louis		99,462,730
Los Angeles	314,400,709	51,950,715	Seattle	176,975,528	35,953,520
Louisville	131,000,000	54,000,000	Toledo	159,351,610	64,587,830

Commission Government of Cities in United States.

The government of a city by a commission, instead of by a Mayor and other city officials, was first instituted in Galveston, Texas, in 1901. Its usual form provides for the election of a certain number of commissioners from the city at large, who, in turn, elect one of their number to act as Mayor and divide with each other the administration of the city departments. One commissioner may take charge of the police department, a second of the fire department, a third of the health department, and so on. A limited number of members of the commission, usually only five, has been the customary practice, in order to concentrate responsibility of government. Another object in limiting the number of commissioners is to secure a "short ballot." The commission movement has had added to it, in the case of some cities, the Initiative, the Referendum and the Recall. In some cases, no recognition is given to political primaries or political parties; candidates for the office of commissioner being nominated by certificate.

The cities which have adopted the commission form of government are as follows: Anthony. ALABAMA. Jackson. Arkansas City Caldwell. Birmingham. Chamberlain. Laurel. Cordova Meridian. Dell Rapids. Hartsville Chanute. Huron, MONTANA. Huntsville. Cherryvalo Lead. Missoula. Mobile. Coffeyville. Madison. Council Grove. Montgomery. NEBRASKA. Pierre. Rapid City. Sheffield. Dodge City. Beatrice. Talladega. Emporia. Sionx Falls. Lincoln Eureka, Vermilion. Tuscaloosa. Nebraska City. CALIFORNIA. Girard. Omaha. Yankton. Berkeley. Holton TENNESSEE. NEW JERSEY. Hutchinson. Chattanooga. Modesto. Atlantic City Independence. Monterey. Knovville Long Branch Iola Memphis. Oakland. Nutley. Junction City. Sacramento. Ocean City. TEXAS. Kansas City San Diego Aransas Pass. Passaic. Kingman. San Luis Obispo. San Mateo. Austin. Ridgefield Park Leavenworth Corpus Christi. Ridgewood Manhattan, Santa Cruz. Dallas. Trenton. Marion. Stockton. Denison. Neodesha. Newton. NEW MEXICO. Vallejo. Fort Worth. Roswell. Galveston. COLORADO. Olathe NORTH CAROLINA. Colorado Springs. Greenville, Parsons Greensboro. Durango. Houston. Pittsburg. Grand Junction. High Point. Kennedy Pratt. GEORGIA. Wilmington. Marble Falls. Topeka. Wellington. NORTH DAKOTA. Marshall. Cartersville. Bismarck. Palestine. IDAHO. Wichita. Port Arthur. Boisé. Mandan. KENTUCKY. Port Lavaca. Lewiston. Minot Lexington. UTAH. ILLINOIS, Newport. OKLAHOMA. Logan Carbondale. LOUISIANA. Ada, Murray. Clinton. New Orleans, † Ardmore Ogden. Decatur. Bartlesville. Shreveport. Provo, Duncan. Dixon. MAINE. Salt Lake City. Elgin. Durant. Gardiner. WASHINGTON. Forest Park. El Reno. MARYLAND. Centralia. Hamilton, Enid. Cumberland. Chehalis. Harvey. Guthrie. MASSACHUSETTS, Everett. Holdenville. Hillshoro Gloucester. Hoquiam Jacksonville. Lawton. Haverhill. North Yakima. Kewanee. McAlester. Lawrence. Spokane. Moline. Miami. Lowell. acoma Ottawa. Muskogee. Lynn. Walla Walla. Pekin. Oklahoma City. Rochelle Taunton. WEST VIRGINIA. Blue Field. Okmulgee. MICHIGAN. Rock Island. Purcell Huntington. Parkersburg. Springfield. Spring Valley. Fremont Sapulpa. Harbor Beach. Tulsa Waukegan. Pontiac. Wagoner. WISCONSIN. IOWA. Port Huron. Appleton. OREGON. Wyandotte. Burlington. Cedar Rapids. Eau Claire. Baker. MINNESOTA. Janesville. PENNSYLVANIA. Pittsburgh.* Faribault. Des Moines. Menominee Fort Dodge. Keokuk. Mankato. Oshkosh. SOUTH CAROLINA. St. Paul. Portage. Columbia. Marshalltown. Rice Lake. MISSISSIPPI. Sloux City. Sumter. Superior. Clarksdale. SOUTH DAKOTA. KANSAS. WYOMING. Gulfport Aberdeen. Sheridan. Abilene. Hattiesburg.

*The act in relation to Pittsburgh passed by the Pennsylvania Legislature leaves the Mayor at the head of the city government and abolishes the Board of Aldermeu, substituting a council of nine members. The Mayor, with approval of the council, selects the heads of administrative departments.

† Executive and legislative power lodged in the Mayor and four Commission Councilmen.

The States and the Union.

THE	THIRTEEN	ORIGINAL	STATES,
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1 2 3 4 5 5	New Jersey Georgia Connecticut Massachusetts	1787, December 12, 1787, December 18, 1788, January 2, 1788, January 9, 1788, February 6,	8 9 10 11	STATES, South Carolina New Hampshire Virginia New Yørk North Carolina Rhode Island	1788, June 21, 1788, June 26, 1788, July 26, 1789, November 21,
	Maryland	STATES ADMITTEI	T	THE UNION.	
_	STATES.	Admitted.*	1	STATES.	Admitted.*
123456789101123141561718	Vermont Kentucky Tennessee Ohio Louisiana Indiana Mississippi Illinois Alabama Maine Missouri Arkansas Michigan Florida Texas Iowa Wisconsin	1791, March 4. 1792, June 1. 1796, June 1. 1803, February 19. 1812, April 30. 1816, December 10. 1817, December 10. 1818, December 14. 1820, March 15. 1821, August 10. 1836, June 15, 1837, January 26. 1845, March 3. 1845, December 29.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Idaho Wyoming Utah	1859, February 14, 1861, January 29, 1863, June 19, 1864, October 31, 1867, March 1, 1876, August 1, 1889, November 2, 1889, November 1, 1889, November 11, 1890, July 11, 1890, July 11, 1896, January 4, 1907, November 16, 1912, January 6,

The Territories.

TERRITORIES,	Organized.	TERRITORIES.	Organized.
District of Columbia	July 16, 1790-Mar. 3,'91 July 27, 1868.	Hawaii	April 30, 1900.
Alaska	July 27, 1868.		,

* Date when admission took effect is given from U. S. Census reports. In many instances the act of admission by Congress was passed on a previous date.

NEW POSSESSIONS.—A government for Porto Rico was established by the Fifty-sixth Congress. The Philippines are under a provisional civil government, Guam and Tutuila under Governors, and the Isthmian Canal Zone under a Commission, all appointed by the President. Porto Rico is represented in the Congress of the United States by a Commissioner, and the Philippines by two Commissioners elected respectively by the people thereof.

State and Territorial Statistics.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross Area in Square Miles.*	Extreme Breadth, Miles.†	Extreme Length, Miles.		STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross Area in Square Miles.*-	Breadth,	Extreme Length, Miles.	
Alabama	52,250	200	330	Montgomery	Nebraska	77,510		205	Lincoln.
Alaska Ter	590,884	800	1,100	Juneau.	Nevada	110,700	315	485	Carson City.
Arizona	113,020	335	390	Phœuix.	New Hamp	9,305	90		Concord,
Arkansas	53,850	275	240	Little Rock.	New Jersey .	7,815			Trenton.
California	158,360	375	770	Sacramento.	New Mexico.	122,580	350		Santa Fé.
Colorado	103,925	390	270	Denver.	New York	49,170	320	310	Albany.
Connecticut			75	Hartford.	N. Carolina	52,250	520	200	Raleigh.
Delaware		35	110	Dover.	N. Dakota	70,795	360	210	Bismarck.
Dist. of Col	70	9	10	Washington.	Ohio	41,060	230		Columbus,
Florida	58,680	400	460	Tallahassee.	Oklahoma	70.057	585		Oklahoma C.
Georgia	59,475	250	315	Atlanta.	Oregon	96,030	375		Salem.
Idaho			490	Boisé.	Pennsylvania	45,215	300	180	Harrisburg.
Illinois	56,650	205	380	Springfield.	Rhode Island.	1,250	35	50	Providence.
Indiana	36,350		265	Indianapolis.	S. Carolina	30,570	235		Columbia.
Iowa	56,025	300	210	Des Moines.	South Dakota.		380	245	Pierre.
Kansas	82,080	400	200	Topeka.	Tennessee	42,050	430		Nashville.
Kentucky	40,400	350	175	Frankfort.	Texas	265,780	760	620	Austin.
Louisiana	48,720	280	275	Baton Rouge	Utah	84,970	275	345	Salt Lake C'y
Maine		205	235	Augusta.	Vermont	9,565	90	155	Montpelier.
Maryland	12,210	200	120	Annapolis.	Virginia	42,450	425	205	Richmond.
Massachus'tts			110	Boston.	Washington	69,180	340	230	Olympia.
Michigan	58,915	310	400	Lausing.	W. Virginia	24.780	200	225	Charleston.
Minnesota	83,365		400	St. Paul.	Wisconsin	56,040	290	300	Madison.
Mississippi	46,810	180	340	Jackson.	Wyoming	97,890	365	275	Cheyenne.
Missouri	69,415		280	Jefferson C'y	Total U. S	3 616 484	12,720	11,600	
Montana	146.080	580	315	Helena.	1000 0.15	0,020,101	7-,-20	7-,000	

Montana | 146,080 | 580 | 315 | Helena. | Total U. S... | 3,516,484 | 12,720 | 11,600 |

Areas of the new possessions: Philippines, 115,026 square miles; Porto Rico, 3,435; Hawaii, 6,449; Tutuila and islets, 77; Guam, 210; Panama Canal strip, 474. *Gross area includes water as well as land surface. These areas are those published by the United States Census Office in 1910. † Breadth is from east to west. Length is from north to south. † Breadth from Quoddy Head, in Maine, to Cape Flattery, in Washington; length from the 49th parallel to Brownsville, on the Rio Grande. This is exclusive of Alaska.

	GOVER	vors.			LEGISL	ATURES.	Time of Next
STATES AND			I Cook	1	No. of Description		State or
TERRITORIES.	Names.	Salarias	Ligth	Ferms Expire.	Next Regular		Territorial
	Traines.	. Salailes	Years.	Letina Expire.	Session Begins,	or of Bien, Session.	Election.
							27
Alabama	Emmet O'Neal	\$5,000	4	Jan,1915	Jan. 10, 1915	Quad 50 dys	Nov. 3,1914
Alaska	Walter E. Clark*	7,000	4	Oct. 1,1913	Mar. 3,1913	Bien. 60 dys	37 0 707.4
Arizona		4,000	4	Dec.31,1914	Jun, 1915	Bien. 60 dys	Nov. 3, 1914
Arkansas	Joe I. Robinson	4.000	2	IJan. —, 1915	Jan. 13, 1913	Bien, 60 dys	Sept. 14, 1914
California	Hiram W. Johnson (Prog.)		4	Jan. 2, 1915	Jan. 6, 1913	Bien. None.	Nov. 3, 1914
Colorado	Elias M. Ammons	5,000	2	Jan. —, 1915	Jan. 1.1913	Bien. None.	Nov. 8, 1914
Connecticut	Simeon E. Baldwin		2	Jan. —, 1915	Jan. 8, 1913	Bien. None. Bien. 60 dys	Nov. 8, 1914
Delaware	Charles R. Miller	4,000	4	Jan. 21, 1917	Jan. 7,1913	Bien. 60 dys	Nov. 3,1914
Florida	Park Trammell	5,000	4	Jan. —, 1917	Apr. 2, 1913	Bien, 60 dys	Nov. 3,1914
Georgia	Joseph M. Brown (a)	5,000	2	July 1,1913	June 25, 1913	Ann. 50 dys	Nov. 8, 1914
Hawaii	Wniter F. Frear*	7,000	4	Aug.15, 1915	Feb. 19, 1913	Bien. 60 dys	Nov. 8,1914
Idaho	John M. Haines	5,000	2	Jan. 6,1915	Jan. 6, 1913	Bien. 60 dys Bien. 60 dys	Nov, 1914
Illinois	Edward F. Dunne Samuel M. Ralston	12,000	4 1	Jan. —, 1917	Jan. 8.1913	Bien. None.	Nov. 3,1914
Indiana	Samuel M. Ralston	8,000	4	Jan. —, 1917	Jan. 9,1913	Bien. 61 dys	Nov. 3,1914
lowa	George W. Clarke	6,800	2 2	Jan. —, 1915	Jan. 13, 1913	Bien. None.	Nov. 3,1914
Kansas	George H. Hodges	5,000	2	Jan. 10, 1915	Jan. 14, 1913	Bien. 90 dys	Nov. 3,1914
Kentucky	James B. McCreary	6,000	4	Dec. 31, 1915	Jan. 1,1914	Bien. 60 dys	Nov, 1915
Louisiana	Luther E. Hall	5,000	4	May - 1916	May -, 1914	Bien. 60 dys Bien. None.	Apr, 1916
Maine	William T. Haines	3,000	2	Jan, 1915	Jan. 1,1913	Bien. None.	Sept, 1914
Maryland	Phillips L. Goldsborough .	4,500	4	Jan. 13, 1916	Jan. — 1914	Rien 190 dys	Nov. 3, 1914
Massachusetts	Eugene N. Foss	8,000	1	Jan, 1914	Jan. 1,1913	Ann. None. Bien. None.	Nov. 4,1913
Michigan	Woodbridge N. Ferris	5.000	2	Jan. 1,1915	Jan. 1.1913	Bien. None.	Nov. 3,1914
Minnesota	Adolph O. Eberhart	7,000	2	Jan. 1,1915	Jan. 7.1913	Bien, 90 dvs	Nov. 3,1914
Mississippi	Earl Brewer	4.500		Jan. 18, 1916	Jan. 2.1914	Bien. None.	Nov. 7,1915
Missouri	Elliott W. Major	5,000		Jan, 1917	Jan. 8, 1913	Bien. 70 dys Bien. 60 dys	Nov. 3, 1914
Montana	S. V. Stewart	5,000		Jan, 1917	Jan. 6, 1913	Bien, 60 dys	Nov. 3,1914
Nebraska	John N. Morehcad	2,500	2 1	Jan. — 1915	Jan. 7, 1913	Bien, 60 dys	Nov. 3.1914
Nevada	Tasker L. Oddie	4.000	4	Dec. 31, 1914	Jan. 20, 1913	Bien. 60 dys Bien. None.	Nov. 3,1914
N. Hampshire	Samuel D. Felker (b)	3.000	2	Jan 1915	Jan. 1.1913	Bien, None,	Nov. 3, 1914
New Jersey	Woodrow Wilson §	10,000	3	Jan. 19, 1914	Jan. 14.1913)	Ann. None.	NOV. 4, 1913
New Mexico	Wm. C. McDonald	5.000		Dec. 31, 1915	Jan. 2,1913	Bien. 60 dys	Nov 1915
New York	William Sulzer	10.000	2	Dec.31,1914	Jan. 1.1913	Ann. None.	Nov. 3, 1914
N. Carolina	Locke Craig	5,000		Jan, 1917	Jan. 8, 1913	Bien. 60 dys	Nov 1916
North Dakota	L. B. Hanna	5,000		Jan. 1,1915	Jan. 7, 1913	Bien, 60 dys	Nov. 3, 1914
Ohio	James M. Cox	10,000		Jan. 1,1915	Jan. 1 1913	Bien. None.	Nov. 3, 1914
Oklahoma	Lee Cruce	4,500		Jan. —. 1915	Jan 7, 1913	Bien. 60 dys	Nov. 3, 1914
	Oswald West	5,000		Jan. 11, 1915	Jan. 13, 1913	Bien, 40 dys	Nov. 3, 1914
Pennsylvania	John K. Tener	10,000	4	Jan. 17, 1915	Jan 7 1913	Bien None.	Nov. 3, 1914
Porto Rico	George R. Colton*	8,000	4	Dec. 16, 1913	Jan 13 1913	Ann. 60 dys	
Rhode Island.	Aram J. Pothier	3.000		Jan. —, 1915	Jan 7 1913	Ann. 60 dys	Nov. 3, 1914
S. Carolina	Cole L. Blease	3.500		Jan. —, 1915	Ian 9 1913	Ann. None.	Nov. 3, 1914
South Dakota	F. M. Bryne	3,000		Jan. —, 1915	Jan 7 1913	Bien. 60 dys	Nov 3 1914
Tennessee	Ben W. Hooper	±4,000	2	Inn - 1915	Tan 6 1013	Bien. 75 dys	Nov 3 1914
Texas	Oscar B. Colquitt	4.000	2	Inn - 1915	Ian 14 1013	Bien. 60 dys	Nov 3 1914
Utah	William Spry	6.000		Ian _ 1917	Tan 13 1013	Bien. 60 dys	Nov - 1916
Vermont.	Allen M. Fletcher	2,500		Oct. —, 1914	Oct 2 1014	Bien. None.	Sent 1914
Virginia	William Hodges Mann	5.000	4	Feb 1 1914	Tan _ 1914	Bien. 60 dys	Nov. 4 1913
Washington	Ernest Lister	6,000	4	Ion 1017	Tan 8 1019	Bien. 60 dys	Nov - 1016
West Virginia	Henry D. Hatfield	5,000				Bien. 45 dys	
Wiscousin	Francis E. McGovern	5,000	2	Tan _ 1015	Tan 8 1019	Bien. None.	Nov 8 1014
Wyoming	Joseph M. Carey (Prog.).	4,000	4	Tan 1 1015	Tan 14 1019	Bien. 40 dys	Nov 3 1014
	Joseph M. Care, (110g.)	7,000		Jan. 1, 1910	Jan. 14,1315		

Democrats in Italies, Republicans in Roman, Next Presidential election November 7, 1916, **Territorial Governors appointed by the President, ‡ With \$3,5.0 additional for the maintenance of Gubernotrial Mansion. § Will resign to fill office as President of United States. (a) To be succeeded by J. M. Slaton. (b) Governor elected by State Legislature January 2, 1918.

PAY AND TERMS OF MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

	١		IS OF	1			18 OF	1		TERM	
STATES AND	Salaries of		BERS,		Salaries of		ners,	_	Salaries of	Мимв	
Terri-	Members, Annual or Per	YE	RS.	STATES AND	Members,		1R9.	STATES AND	Members,	YKA	RS.
TORIES.	Diem, while		Repre	TERRI-	Annual or Per		Repre	TERRI-	Annual or Per		Repre
TORIES.	in Session.	Sena-	sent-	TORIES.	Diem, while	Sena-	sent-	TORIES.		Sena-	sent-
	In Session.	tors.	atives		in Session.	tors.	atives	1	in Session.	tors.	atives
Alabama	\$4 per diem	4	4	Louisiana	\$5 per diem	4	4	Ohio	\$1,000 ann	2	2
Alaska		4	2	Maine	\$300 ann	2	2		86 per diem	4	2
Arizona		2	3	Maryland	\$5 per diem		2	Oregon		4	2
Arkansas.		4	2	Mass	\$1,000 ann	i	l ĩ l	Penna	\$1,500 ses'n	4	2
	\$1,000 term.	4	2		\$800 ann		2	Porto Rico	\$5 per diem	4	2
Colorado	\$1,000	4	2		S1,000 ann		2	R. Island		2	2
Connec' t	\$300 ann	2	2		\$500 ses'n	1 4			\$120 ann	4	2
Delaware.	\$5 per diem	4	1 2		85 per diem				\$5 per diem	2	2
Florida	86 ' ''	4	2	Montana	\$10	1 4		Tenn		2	2
Georgia		2	2 1	Nebraska.		2		Texas		4	2
Hawaii	\$600 ses'n	4	2	Nevada		4	3 1	Utah		4	2
Idaho	S5 per diem	2	2		\$200 ann	2	2	Vermont .		2	2
Illinois	\$1,000 ann	4	2	N. Jersey	\$500	3	ī	Virginia		4	2
Indiana	\$5 per diem	4	2	N. Mexico.	\$5 per diem	l ă l	2	Wash'ton.		4	2
Iowa	\$1,000 ses'n	4	2		\$1.500 ann	2	ī	W. Va		4	2
Kansas	\$3 per diem	4	2		\$4 per diem		2		\$500 ann	2	2
Kentucky.	\$10 ''	4	2	N. Dak	\$5	1 4			\$8 per diem	4	2

All of the States and Territories pay mileage also, except Iowa, New Hampshire and New Jersey, but free transportation is accorded in New Jersey by all rallroads to members by law.

New York Counties.

SHOWING POLITICAL AND JUDICIAL DIVISIONS OF WHICH THEY ARE UNITS.

Counties.	Senatorial Districts.	Congressional Districts.	Supreme Court Districts.	Appellate Div. Supreme Court Departments.	COUNTIES.	Senatorial Districta.	Congressional Districts.	Supreme Court Districts.	Appellate Div.
A l'agram	28	28	3	3	Oneida	36	33	5	4
Albany	44	43	8	4	Onondaga	38	35	5	
Allegany	39	34	6	3	Ontario	42	36	7	4424462226226666644266666642
Broome	51	43	ទ័	4	Orongo	25	26	9	3
Cattaraugus	40	56	2	4	Orange Orleans	47	39	8	1 4
Cayuga	51	43	8	4	Omego	35	32	5	7
Chautauqua	41	37	6	3	Oswego	37	34	6	3
hemung	31	34	6	3	Otsego	36	26		၂ ႏ
chenango	37	31		2	Putnam	26 2	1, 2, 9	9 2 3 2 9	2
Clinton	33		4	3	Queens	02	2, 2, 9	6	2
olumbia	26	27	3	3 3	Rensselaer	29	28, 29	3	ျွ
ortland	40	35	6	3	Richmond	23	*11	1 2	2
Delaware	39	34	6	3	Rockland	23	25		2
Qutchess	26	26	9	2	St. Lawrence	34	31	4	3
Crie	48, 49, 50	40-42	8	4	Saratoga	30	29 '	4	3
Sssex	33	31	4	3	Schenectady	31	30	4	3
Franklin	34	31	4	3	Schoharie	31	27	3 6	3
Fulton and Hamilton	32	30	4	3	Schuyler	41	37	6	3
Benesee	44	39	8	4	Seneca	40	36	7	4
3reene	27	27	3	3	Steuben	43	37	7 2	4
lerkimer	32	33	5	4	Suffolk	1	1	2	2
efferson	35	32	5	4	Sullivan	25	27	3	3
Kings	3-10	3-10	2	2	Tioga	41	37	6	3
ewis	32	32	5	4	Tompkins	41	37	6	3
ivingston	43	39	7	4	Ulster	27	27	3	3
dadison	37	32	6	3	Warren	33	29	4	3
Ionroe	45, 46	8, 39	7	4	Washington	30	29	4	3
Montgomery	31	30	4	3 2	Wayne	42	36	7	4
Nassan	1	i	Ž	2	Westchester	24	24. 25	9	2
New York	11-22	11-24	Ιī	1	Wyoming	44	39	8	4
Niagara	47	40	8	1 4	Yates	$\overline{42}$	36	1 7	4

^{*}Eleventh Congressional District also includes Governor's Island, Bedloe's Island, Ellis Island, and portions of New York County. Blackwell's Island is in the Seventeenth Congressional District.

COUNTIES IN THE ORDER OF THEIR CREATION.

	COUNTIES	114 171	CRDE	K OF	INEIR	CKEATION,			
No. County.	Formed from	Date of	Creat'n.	No.	COUNTY.	Formed from	Date of	Cre	at'n.
1—Albany 2—Dutchess 3—Kings 4—New York 5—Orange	(Original) (Original) (Original) (Original) (Original)	Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov.	1, 1683 1, 1683 1, 1683 1, 1683 1, 1683	34—Je 35—L 36—M 37—B	enecaeffersonewis	Onelda Onelda Chenango Tioga	March	28, 21, 28,	1805 1805 1806 1806
6—Queens 7—Richmond 8—Suffolk 9—Ulster 10—Westchester 11—Montgomery.	(Original) (Original) (Original) (Original) (Original)	Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. March	1, 1683 1, 1683 1, 1683 1, 1683 1, 1683 12, 1772	39—C 40—C 41—F 42—N	llegany attaraugus hautauqua ranklin 'iagara ortiand		March March March March	11, 11, 11, 11,	1806 1808 1808 1808 1808 1808
12—Washington 13—Columbia 14—Clinton 15—Ontario 16—Rensselaer	Albany	March April March Jan. Feb.	12, 1772 4, 1786 7, 1788 27, 1789 7, 1791	44—Se 45—Si 46—P 47—W	chenectady allivanutnamvarrenswego	Albany Ulster Dutchess Washington	March March June March	7, 27, 12, 12,	1809 1809 1812 1813
17Saratoga 18Herkimer 19Otsego 20Tioga 21Onondaga	Albany Montgomery Montgomery Montgomery Herkimer.	Feb.	7, 1791 16, 1791 16, 1791 16, 1791 5, 1794	50-T	amilton ompkins ivingston	Onondaga Montgomery Cayuga and Seneca Genesee and	April	12,	1816 1816 1817
22—Schoharle 23—Steuben 24—Delaware	Albany and Otsego. Ontarlo. Ulster and Otsego.	April March March	6, 1795 18, 1796 10, 1797	52—M 53—E 54—Y	onroe	Ontarlo Genesee and Ontarlo Niagara Ontarlo	Feb. Feb. April Feb.	23, 23, 2, 5,	
25—Rockland 26—Chenango 27—Onelda 28—Essex 29—Cayuga	Orange Tioga and Herkimer Herkimer Clinton Onondaga	Feb. March March March March	23, 1798 15, 1798 15, 1798 1, 1799 8, 1799	55-W 56-O 57-C 58-F 59-W	ayne rleans hemung ulton yoming	Genesee Tioga Montgomery Genesee		11, 12, 29, 18, 14,	$\frac{1836}{1838}$
30—Greene 31—St. Lawrence. 32—Genesee	Albany and Ulster Clinton	March March March	25, 1800 3, 180 2 30, 1802		assau	Chemung, Steuben and Tompkins Queens	April	17. 1,	1854 1898

Governor William Sulzer, New York ... Term ex. Dec. 31, 1914. Salary, \$10,000 and mansion. Lieutenant-Governor. Martin H. Glynn, Albany. ... "1914. "5,000 Secretary to Governor. Chester C. Platt, Batavia. "4,000

Secretary of State	. Mitchell	May,	New Y	ork	.Term	ex. Dec	. 31,	1914Sa	lary,	\$6,000
Comptroller	. Wililam S	ohmer.	New :	York	. "		••	1914	•••	8,000
State Treasurer	. John J. K	ennedy.	. Buns	MO			**	1914	**	6,000
Attorney-General	.Thomas (carmody	. Pen	n Yan	. "		••	1914	• •	10,000
State Engineer and Surveyor	John A. B	ensel.	lew Y	ork	. "	44	**	1914	**	8,000
Superintendent of Insurance	William 7	C. Emn	iet. N	ew York		Ju	ly 1.	1915		7,000
Superintendent Banking Dept.	.George C	. Van	ruyl.	Jr., Albany	'. "	Ma	v 9.	1914	16	7.500
Superintendent State Prisons	Joseph F	Scott.	Eimi	ra	,	Ma	7 24	1916	**	6,000
Superintendent Public Works	Duncan	W. Pec	k. Syr	acuse		Dec	. 31	1912	**	6.000
State Fire Marshal	Thomas .	L Ahea	rn. N	w York		Jul	v 17	1916	44	7.000
Commissioner of Education	Andrew S	Drane	r. Alb	anv	Tern	n during	the	pleasure		Salary
Commissioner of Bancatton	•11111111111111111111111111111111111111	· Diapo	.,		of t	he Boar	d of	Regents.		\$10,000

Deputy Secretary of State—Luke A. Keenan.
Deputy Comptroller—Michael J. Walsh.
Deputy Supt. of Insurance (1st)—Henry D. Appleton.
Deputy Supt. of Insurance (2d)—Charles S. Fowler.

First Deputy Fire Marshal—George F. Roesch-New York City. First Assistant Commissioner of Education—Augus-tu; S. Downing.

CANAL BOARD. Lleutenant-Governor, Martin H. Glynn, Secretary of State, Mitchell May. Comptroller, William Sohmer. State Treasurer, John J. Kennedy.
Attorney-General, Thomas Carmody.
State Engineer and Surveyor, John A. Bensel. Superintendent of Public Works, Duncan W. Peck.

STATE ARCHITECT.

Herman W. Hoefer, New York. Salary, \$7,500.

COMMISSIONERS OF THE CANAL FUND.
Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Comptroller, State Treasurer, Attorney-General.

Jacob Neu, Proceeding, Autority-Science, Jacob Neu, Prooklyn, Chairman. Meyer Wolft, New York.
James A. Lavery, Poughkeepsle.
Harold N. Saxton, Albany, Chief Examiner.
Salarles of Commissioners, \$3,000 each.

THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS.

Gordon Reel, Kingston. Holds office during pleasure of Governor. Salary, \$7,500.

CONSERVATION COMMISSION.
George E. Van Kennen, Ogdensburg. Term ends Dec. 1, 1916.
James W. Fleming, Troy. Term ends Dec. 1, 1918.
John D. Moore, New York, Term ends Dec. 1, 1918.
Salaries, \$10,000 each and expenses.

STATE HISTORIAN.

James Austin Holden. Salary, \$4,500. FISCAL SUPERVISOR OF STATE CHARITIES. Samuel J. Tilden. New Lebanon. Term expires June 9, 1917. Salary, \$6,000.

STATE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE. William W. Farley, Binghamton, April 1, 1916. Salary, \$7,000. Term expires

THE GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

THE GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

The Adjt.-General, S.N.Y.—Henry D. Hamilton.
Milliarly Secretary—E. Gilbert Schermerhorn.
Addes-de-Camp—Major Reginald L. Foster, 12th
Infantry: Lieut.-Commander Louis M. Joseph
thal, Naval Militia; Capt. Sylvanus G. Teets,
Coast Artillery Corps; Capt. Captes R. Seymour, Battery C, Field Artillery; Capt. Luis Dl.
J. Costigan, 69th Infantry; Capt. Luis Dl. Collins, 3d Infantry; Capt. William D. Finke, Coast
Artillery Corps; Capt. Patrick J. Walsh, 22d
Engineers; Capt. Charles W. Berry, 12n.
Charles E. Fiske, C. Charles De Cavally, Capt.
Charles T. Fiske, C. Charles De Cavally, Capt.
John F. Daniell, 7th Infantry; First Lieut.
John F. Daniell, 7th Infantry; First Lieut. Paul
Malone, 65th Infantry, First Lieut. Peul
Walton, Coast Artillery Corps; Second Lieut.
William A. Niver, 2d Infantry.

Millia Council—Brigadier-General Henry D.
Hamilton, the Adjutant-General of the State, ex-

Militia Council—Brigadier-General Henry D. Hamilton, the Adjutant-General of the State, exofficio; Com. Robert P. Forshew, ex-officio; Col. Walter B. Hotchkin, Corps of Engineers, New York; Col. William Wilson, 3d Infantry; Col. Charles O. Davis, Coast Artillery Corps; Lieut.-Col. James H. Weils, 71st Infantry, New York; Lieut.-Col. Willard C. Fisk, 7th Infantry, New York; Major James C. McLeer, 2d Cavalry; Major Frank B. Barrett, First Field Artillery.

First District—William R. Willeox, Feb. 1, 1913; George V. S. Williams, Feb. 1, 1917; John Sergeant Cram, Feb. 1, 1916; Milo Roy Maltble, Feb. 1,1915; John E. Eustis, Feb. 1, 1914.

Second District—Frank W. Stevens, Feb. 1, 1913; Martin S. Decker, Feb. 1, 1915; Curtis N. Douglas, Jan. 21, 1913; John B. Olmsted, Feb. 1, 1912; James E. Sague, Feb. 1, 1914.

BOARD OF CLAIMS.
Robert L. Luce, New York: William A. Gardner,
Amsterdam; James C. McDonald, Schenectady.
\$6,000 and \$1,500 expenses.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.
Calvin J. Huson, Penn Yan. Term expires Jan.
22, 1915

22, 1915
STATE COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.
Eugene H. Porter, M. D., New York. Salary, \$5,000.
and \$1,500 expenses. Term expires Dec. 31, 1912.
HEALTH OFFICER OF THE FORT OF NEW YORK.
Joseph J. O'Connell, M. D., Brooklyn. Salary,
\$12,500. Term expires Jan. 1, 1915.
COMMISSIONER OF LABOR.
John Williams, Dec. 31, 1912. Salary, \$5,500 and
\$1,000 expenses.
First Denty.—John S. Whalen. Salary, \$4,000.

First Deputy—John S. Whalen. Salary, \$4,000. Second Deputy—Wm. C. Rogers. Salary, \$3,500. STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.
JOHN BOWE, Albany. Salary, \$5,000.
SUPERINTENDENT OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.
Fritz Reichnann, Albany. Salary, \$3,500.
STATE FISH CULTURIST.
Dr. Tarleton H. Bean. Salary, \$3,000.
James V. May, M. D., \$7,500; William Cary Sanger, \$5,000; Fred. H. Parker, \$5,000. Each, \$1,200 expenses.
STATE SUPERINTENDENTS OF ELECTIONS.

\$1,200 expenses.
STATE SUPERINTENDENTS OF ELECTIONS.
John R. Voorhis, New York; Wm. J. Hillery, Buffalo;
John Pallace, Brockport. Salary, \$5,000 each.
STATE RACING COMMISSION.
James W. Wadsworth, Geneseo; John Sanford, Amsterdam; Henry K. Knapp, New York.
REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.
Chancellor,——; Vice-Chancellor, St.
Clair McKelway; Danlel Beach, Pliny T. Sexton,
Adelbert Moot, Albert Vander Veer, William Nottingham, Abram I. Elkus, Eugene A. Phillpin, Chester S.Lord, Francis M.Carpenter, Luclus N. Littauer.
STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

ter S.Lord, Francis M.Carpenter, Luclus N.Littauer.
STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.
William Rhinelander Stewart, New York: Herman A. Metz, Brooklyn; Simon W. Rosendale, Albany; Frank F. Gow, Schuylerville; John W. Hogan, Syracuse; Horace McGuire, Rochester; Willlam H. Grawick, Buffalo; Joseph C. Baldwin, Jr., Mount Kisco; Stephen Smith, M. D., New York; Thomas M. Muiry, New York; Herman Ridder, New York; Daniel Walte Burdick, Ithaca.

New York; Daniel Waite Burdick, Ithaca,

STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION.

John J. Dixon, Brooklyn; Frank O'Nell, Binghamton, Term five years. No salary.

STATE COMMISSION OF PRISONS.

Henry Solomon, New York; Francis C. Huntington, New York; Mrs. Sarah L. Davenport, Bath; Edgar A. Newell, Ogdensburg; Simon P. Quick, Windsor; John J. Deery, New York; Frank E. Wade Buffalo Wade, Buffalo.

Term four years; compensation, \$10 for each day's attendance at meetings of Commission, not exceeding \$500 yearly.

Legislature of the State of New York.

SESSION OF 1913.

SENATE.

	VATE.
Dist. Names of Senators. Politics. P. O. Address. 1 Thomas H. O' Keefe Dem. Oyster Bay. 2 Bernard M. Patten Dem. Long Island City. 3 Thomas H. Cullen* Dem. Long Island City. 4 Henry P. Velte Dem. Brooklyn. 5 William J. Heffernan. Dem. Brooklyn. 6 William J. Heffernan. Dem. Brooklyn. 7 Danlel J. Carroll Dem. Brooklyn. 8 James F. Duhamel* I. D. Brooklyn. 9 Felly J. Sanner* Dem. Brooklyn. 10 Herman H. Torborg Dem. Brooklyn. 11 Christopher D. Sullivan Pem. New York City. 12 John C. Fitzgerald Dem. New York City. 13 James D. McClelland* Dem. New York City. 14 James A. Foley Dem. New York City. 15 John J. Boylan Dem. New York City. 16 Robert F. Wagner* Dem. New York City. 17 Walter R. Herrick. Dem. New York City. 18 Henry W. Pollock* Dem. New York City. 19 Henry Sallant Prog. New York City. 20 James J. Frawley* Dem. New York City. 21 Stephen J. Stilwell* Dem. New York City. 22 Anthony J. Griffin* Dem. New York City. 23 George A. Blauvelt Dem. New York City. 24 John F. Healy Dem. New Rochelle. 25 John D. Stivers Rep. Middletown. 26 Franklin D. Roosevelt* Dem. Hyde Park. 27 Abraham J. Palmer P. R. Milton. 28 Henry M. Sage* Rep. Meands.	Martin H. Glynn, Dem., of Albany. Dist. Names of Senators. Politics. P. O. Address. 20 George H. Whitney Rep. Mechanicsville. 31 Loren H. White* Dem. Delanson. 32 Loren H. White* Dem. Delanson. 33 James H. Rep. Warrensburgh. 34 Herbert P. Coats* Rep. Warrensburgh. 35 Elon R. Brown. Rep. Watertown. 36 William D. Peckham. Dem. Hilton. 38 J. Henry Watter. Rep. Stracuse. 36 William D. Peckham. Dem. Hilton. 38 J. Henry Watter. Dem. Hancock. 40 Charles J. Hewitt*. Rep. Stracuse. 40 Charles J. Hewitt*. Rep. Lork. 41 John F. Murtaugh*. Dem. Elmra. 42 Thomas B. Wilson. Rep. Hilms. 44 Thomas H. Bussey* Rep. Perry. 45 George F. Argetsinger*. Rep. Rochester. 46 William L. Ormrod*. Rep. Middleport. 48 John F. Malone Dem. Buffalo. 50 Gottfried H. Wende Dem. Buffalo. 50 Gottfried H. Wende Dem. Buffalo. 51 Frank N. Godfrey Rep. Olean. Democrats 3 Republicans 1 Independent Democrat. Progressive Republican 1 Total 5 e elected for two years. The terms of the above mileage.
ASSE	MBLY.
Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 1 Harold J. Hinman* Rep., Albany. 2 John G. Malone* Rep., Albany. 3 Wm. C. Baxter Rep. Watervilet. ALLEGANY. Ransom L. Richardson*. Rep., Fillmore.	ERIE—Continued. Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 4 Edward D. Jackson* Dem. Buffalo. 5 Richard F. Hearn* Dem. Buffalo. 6 James M. Rozan* Dem. Buffalo. 7 Joseph V. Fitzgerald Dem. Lancaster. 8 George Geoghan Dem. Buffalo. 9 John Dorst, Jr Dem. Akron.
BROOME. Mortimer B. EdwardsRepLisle.	ESSEX. Spencer G. Prime 2d*RepUpper Jay.
CATTARAUGUS. Clare Willard Dem.Allegany.	FRANKLIN. Alexander Macdonald*. Rep St. Regis Falls.
CAYUGA. Michael Grace*Rep Weedsport. CHAUTAUQUA.	FULTON-HAMILTON. James H. WoodRepGloversville.
1 George W. Jude Prog. Jamestown. 2 John Leo Sullivan* Rep. Dunkirk.	GENESEE. Clarence Bryant*RepLe Roy.
CHEMUNG. Robert P. Bush* Dem.Horseheads. CHENANGO.	GREENE. J. L. Patrie*Dem.Catskill.
Walter A. Shepardson*.Rep Norwich. CLINTON.	HERKIMER. E. Bert PullmanDem.Fulton Chain.
Charles J. Vert*Rep Plattsburgh. COLUMBIA. Alexander W. StoverDem.Germantown.	JEFFERSON. 1 H. Edmund Machold*. Rep Ellisburg. 2 John G. Jones* Rep Carthage.
CORTLAND. Niles F. WebbRepCortland.	KINGS.
DELAWARE. John W. TelfordDem.Margaretville.	1 John J. Kelly Dem.Brooklyn. 2 William J. Gillen* Dem.Brooklyn. 3 Frank J. Taylor Dem.Brooklyn. 4 Harry W. Kornobis Dem.Brooklyn. 5 Vincent A. O'Connor. Dem. Brooklyn.
DUTCHESS. 1 Myron Smith*Rep Millbrook. 2 John A. KellyDem. Poughkeepsie.	5 Vincent A. O'Connor Dem. Brooklyn. 6 Lester D. Volk Prog. Brooklyn. 7 Daniel F. Farrell* Dem. Brooklyn. 8 John J. McKeon* Dem. Brooklyn.
ERIE. 1 George F. Small	4 Harry W. Kornobis Dem.Brooklyn. 5 Vincent A. O'Connor Dem.Brooklyn. 6 Lester D. Volk

ASSEMBLY—Continued.

KINGS-Continued.	ORANGE.
Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 13 James H. Finnigan Dem.Brooklyn. 14 James H. Garvey* Dem.Brooklyn. 15 Thomas E. Willimott* Dem.Brooklyn. 16 Jesse P. Larrimer	Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. 1 Caleb H. Baumes* Rep Newburgh. 2 William T. Doty Dem. Circleville. ORLEANS.
15 Thomas E. Willmott*Dem.Brooklyn. 16 Jesse P. LarrimerDem.Brooklyn.	Marc W. ColeDem.Albion.
17 Frederick Unital	os WEGO. Thaddeus C. Sweet* Rep Phoenix. OTSEGO.
21 Harry Heyman* Dem.Brooklyn. 22 Joseph J. Monahan Dem.Brooklyn. 23 Thomas L. Ingram Dem.Brooklyn.	La Verne P. Butts Dem.Oneonta. PUTNAM.
LEWIS. James B. Van WoertDem.Greig.	John R. Yale*Rep. Brewster.
LIVINGSTON.	QUEENS. 1 Samuel J. Burden Dem.L. I. City.
Edward M. MageeRepGroveland Sta. MADISON. Morell E. Tallett*RepDe Ruyter.	1 Samuel J. Burden Dem.L. I. City. 2 Alfred J. Kennedy* Dem. Whitestone. 3 Alfred C. Benninger Dem. Ridgewood. 4 Howard Sutphin Dem. Jamaica.
	RENSSELAER.
1 Jared W. Hopkins* Rep. Pittsford. 2 Simon L. Adler* Rep. Rochester. 3 August V. Pappert* Rep. Rochester. 4 Cyrus W. Phillips* Rep. Rochester. 5 Charles H. Gallup Dem.Adams Basin.	1 C. Fred Schwarz* Dem. Troy. 2 Tracey D. Taylor Dem. Berlin. RICHMOND.
5 Charles H. Gallup Dem.Adams Basin.	Ralph R. McKee* Dem. Tompkinsville.
Walter A. Gage* Rep. Canajoharle.	ROCKLAND.
NASSAU. Thomas B. Maloney Dem. Great Neck. NEW YORK.	Frederick G. Grimme Dem. Sparkill. St. Lawrence.
	1 Frank L. Seaker*Rep., Gouverneur.
1 Thomas B. Caughlan*Dem.New York City. 2 Alfred E. Smith*Dem.New York City. 3 Harry E. OxfordDem.New York City.	2 John A. SmithRep., North Lawrence SARATOGA.
1 Thomas B. Caughlan*Dem.New York City. 2 Alfred E. Smith* Dem.New York City. 3 Harry E. Oxford Dem.New York City. 4 Aaron J. Levy* Dem.New York City. 5 James J. Walker* Dem.New York City. 6 Jacob Silverstein Dem.New York City. 7 Peter P. McElligott* Dem.New York City. 8 Solomon Sufrin Prog. New York City. 9 Charles D. Donohue Dem.New York City. 10 Meyer Greenberg* Dem.New York City. 11 John Kerrigan Dem.New York City. 12 Joseph D. Kelly Dem.New York City. 13 James C. Campbell* Dem.New York City. 14 Robert Lee Tudor Dem.New York City. 15 Theodore H. Ward Dem.New York City. 16 Martin G. McCue* Dem.New York City. 17 Mark Eisner Dem.New York City.	Gilbert T. Seelye Rep., Burnt Hills.
6 Jacob Silverstein Dem. New York City. 7 Peter P. McElligott* Dem. New York City.	SCHENECTADY. Arthur P. SquireDem.Rotterdam Jet.
8 Solomon Sufrin Prog. New York City. 9 Charles D. Donohue Dem New York City.	SCHOHARIE.
10 Meyer Greenberg*Dem.New York City.	Edward A. DoxDem.Richmondville.
11 John Kerrigan Dem. New York City. 12 Joseph D. Kelly Dem. New York City. 13 James C. Campbell* Dem. New York City.	John W. Gurnett* Dem. Watkins.
14 Robert Lee TudorDem.New York City.	Augustus S. HughesDem.Seneca Falls.
15 Theodore H. Ward Dem. New York City. 16 Martin G. McCue* Dem. New York City.	STEUBEN. 1 Charles A. Brewster. Dem. Addison.
17 Mark Elsner Dem. New York City. 18 Mark Goldberg* Dem. New York City.	1 Charles A. BrewsterDem.Addison. 2 James L. Seely, Jr.*Dem.Canisteo.
19 Thomas F. Denney Dem. New York City. 20 Patrick J. McGrath* Dem. New York City.	1 Stephen A. Fallon Dem. Setauket. 2 John J. Robinson Dem. Centreport.
21 Thomas Kane Dem.New York City. 22 Edward Well* Dem.New York City. 23 David C. Lewis. Dem.New York City.	SULLIVAN.
23 David C. Lewis Dem. New York City. 24 Owen M. Klernan Dem. New York City.	John K. Evans* Dem.Bloomingburgh
24 Owen M. Klernan. Dem. New York City. 25 David H. Knott Dem. New York City. 26 Abraham Greenberg. Dem. New York City.	John G. Pembleton *Rep Tioga Center.
27 Raymond B. Carver Dem. New York City. 28 Salvatore A. Cottillo Dem. New York City. 29 Charles J. Carroll Dem. New York City.	TOMPKINS. Minor McDaniels*Dem.Ithaca.
29 Charles J. CarrollDem.New York City. 30 Louis A. Cuvillier*Dem.New York City.	ULSTER.
31 Michael SchaapProg. New York City. 32 Louis D. GibbsDem. New York City.	1 Lawrence M. KenneyDem.Saugerties. 2 Samuel C. Waring*RepNew Paltz.
16 Martin G. McCue* Dem. New York City. 17 Mark Eisner Dem. New York City. 18 Mark Goldberg* Dem. New York City. 19 Thomas F. Denney* Dem. New York City. 19 Thomas F. Denney* Dem. New York City. 21 Thomas Kane. Dem. New York City. 22 Edward Veil* Dem. New York City. 23 David C. Lewis. Dem. New York City. 24 Owen M. Kiernan. Dem. New York City. 25 Devid H. Knott. Dem. New York City. 26 Abraham Greenberg. Dem. New York City. 27 Raymond B. Carver. Dem. New York City. 28 Salvatore A. Cotillo. Dem. New York City. 29 Charles J. Carroll. Dem. New York City. 30 Louis A. Cuvillier* Dem. New York City. 31 Michael Schaap. Pog. New York City. 32 Louis D. Gibbs. Dem. New York City. 33 Thomas J. Lane. Dem. New York City. 34 Thomas J. Lane. Dem. New York City. 35 Ernest E. L. Hammer. Dem. New York City.	WARREN. Henry E. H. Brereton*, Rep., Diamond Point.
35 Ernest E. L. Hammer. Dem. New York City.	WASHINGTON. Eugene R. NortonRep Granville.
1 Frank M. Bradley Rep Barker. 2 Eugene A. McCollum Dem. Lockport.	WAYNE. Albert Yeomans*Rep Walworth.
ONEIDA	WESTCHESTER
1 Fred F. Emden Dem. Utica. 2 Herbert E. Allen* Rep. Clinton. 3 John B. Fuller Rep. Marcy. ONONDAGA.	1 Tracy P. Madden* Dem. Yonkers. 2 Verne M. Bovle Dem. New Rochelle. 3 Wilson R. Yard Dem. Pleasantville. 4 Mortimer C. O'Brien Dem. White Plains.
ONONDAGA. 1 Patrick I Kally Dem Marcallus	4 Mortimer C. O'Brien Dem. White Plains.
1 Patrick J. Kelly Dem. Marcellus. 2 Stephen G. Daley Dem. Syracuse. 3 Thomas K. Smith* Rep Syracuse.	WYOMING. John KnightRep Arcade.
ONTARIO. Herman F. SchnirelRepGeneva.	YATES. Edward C. Gillett*RepPenn Yan.
	are elected for one year. Salary, \$1,500 and mileage.
ASSEMBLY.	JOINT SESSION OF LEGISLATURE.
Democrats	
Republicans 43 Progressives 4	Progressive Republican
	Progressives
Total150	Total201

Judiciary of the State of New York. Judges of the court of appeals of New York.

JUDGES,	JUDGES.		Counties.	Salaries.	Politics.	Terms Expire.
Edgar M. Cuilen, Chief J Wm. H. Cuddeback, Asso John Clinton Gray,	ociate Judge	Albany Buffalo New York	Erie	13,700	Dem Dem	
John W. Hogan, Frederick Collin,	**	Syracuse	Onondaga Chemung	13,700 13,700	Dem	" 31, 1926 " 31, 1920
William E. Werner, *Frank H. Hiscock, *Emory A. Chase,	::	Rochester Syracuse Catskill	Onondaga Greeue	$13,700 \ 13,700$	Rep	Temporary. Temporary.
Willard Bartlett.		Brooklyn		13,700	Dem	" 31. 1916

^{*} Temporary designation to Court.

JUDGES OF THE APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JUDGES OF THE APP	ELLATE DIVISION	OF THE SUI	KEME	COU	KI.
DEPARTMENT.	Justices.	Residences.	Politics.		gnations xpire.
1st. The county of New York.2d. Kings, Queens. Nassau, Rich-	John Proctor Clarke Victor J. Dowling. George L. Ingraham Chester B. McLaughlin Frank C. Laughlin. Nathan L. Miller Francis M. Scott. Michael H. Hirschberg.	Port Henry Buffalo	Dem Dem Rep Rep. Rep.	Dec.	31, 191 31, 191 31, 191 31, 191 31, 191
mond, Suttolk, Rockland, West- chester, Putnam, Orange, Dutch- ess.	John Woodward	Jamestown Brooklyn Auburn Brooklyn	Rep Dem Rep Rep Dem.	Nov. Temp	porary. 31, 1913 31, 1913 7, 1914 porary. 6, 1916
3d. Sullivan, Ulster, Greene, Co- lumbia, Schoharie, Albany, Reus- selaer, Fulton, Schenectady, Montgomery, Saratoga, Wash- ington, Warren, Hamilton, Essex, Clinton, Franklin, St. Lawrence, Delaware, Otsego, Broome, Chenango, Madison, Cortland, Tioga, Tompkins, Schuyler, Chemung.	Walter Lloyd Smith John M. Kellogg George F. Lyon James W. Houghton	Elmira Ogdensburg Binghamton	Rep Rep	Dec. Nov. Jan.	31, 1910 12, 1910 11, 191
4th. Herkimer, Oneida, Lewis, Jefferson, Oswego, Onondaga, Cayuga, Seneca, Wayne, Ontario, Yates, Steuben, Livingston, Mon- roe, Allegany, Wyoming, Gen- esee, Orleans, Niagara, Erie, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua.	John S. Lambert Nathaniel Foote Frederick W. Kruse James A. Robson	Fredonia Rochester Olean	Rep Rep	Nov. Dec.	7, 1913 31, 1916 31, 1914

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

The salaries of Justices of the Supreme Court are: First and Second Districts, \$17,500; remaining Districts, \$7,200; but non-resident Justices, sitting in the Appellate Divisions of the First and Second Departments, receive the same compensation as the Justices in those Departments; if assigned to duty in the First and Second Districts, other than in the Appellate Division, their additional compensation is \$10 per day.

DISTRICTS.	Justices.	Residences.	Politics.	Tern	as Expire
1st. The city and county of Nev	Samuel Greenbaum	New York	Dem	Dec.	31, 1915
York.	George L. Ingraham	l ''	Dem	6.1	31, 1917
	Francis M. Scott		Dem		31, 1918
	Joseph E. Newburger.		Dem	• •	31, 1919
	James A. Blanchard		Rep		31, 1918
	Vernon M. Davis		Dem		31, 1916
	Philip H. Dugro		Dem	64	31, 1914
	Victor J. Dowling		Dem		31, 1918
	Edward E. McCall		Dem	**	31, 1916
	John J. Delany		Dem		31, 1924
	Thomas F. Donnelly		Dem		31, 1926
	Henry Bischoff		Dem		31. 191
	Irving Lehman		Dem	١	31, 192
	Leonard A. Giegerich		Dem		31. 1920
	Alfred R. Page		Rep		31, 192
	Nathan Bijur		Ron	٠.	31, 1929
	Edward J. Gavegan		Rep		31, 1923
	Edward B. Amend				
	John Proctor Clarke		Dem		31, 1916
			Rep		31, 1915
	John W. Goff		Dem		31, 1918
	Samuel Seabury		Ind.L	•••	31, 1920

JUDICIARY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK-Continued.

DISTRICTS.	Justices.	Residences.	Politics.	Tern	ıs Ex	pire
lst. The city and county of New	Edward G. Whitaker.	New York	Dem	Dec.	31.	1926
lst. The city and county of New York—Continued,	M. Warley Platzek	**	Dem		31,	1920
	Peter A. Hendrick	******	Dem		31,	1920
	Mitchell I. Erlanger		Dem	111	31,	1920
	Francis K. Pendleton		Dem		31.	192
	Daniel F. Cohalan	**	Deni		31,	192
	Henry D. Hotchkiss		Dem	1 ::	31,	1923
	Lobu I Brady	**	Dem		31,	1920 1920
	James W. Gerard	**	Dem		31,	192
d. Kings, Queens, Nassau, Rich-	Isaac M. Kapper	Brooklyn	Dem		31.	192
mond, and Sunoik.	Joseph A. Burr		Rep	1 ::	31,	191
	Harrington Putnam		Dem		31,	192
	David F. Manning	**	Dem	•••	31.	192
	Almet F. Jenks		Dem		31,	192
	Garret J. Garretson	Brooklyn	Rep	1 ::	31,	191
	Samuel T. Maddox	Brookly II	Ren		31	192
	Edward B. Thomas		Rep		31.	191
	Walter H. Jaycox	Patchogue	Rep		31,	192
	Joseph Aspinall	Brooklyn	Rep	1 ::	31,	192
	Lester W Clark	New Brighton	Rep		31,	192
	Abel E. Blackmar	Brooklyn	Rep		3 1 .	192
	IWilliam I Carr	G1 - TT	Dem	* *	31.	192
	Townsend Scudder	Gien riead	Dem	1	31,	192
	James C. Van Siclen	Jamaica	Rep		31,	192
	Charles H. Kelby	Brooklyn	Rep		31.	192
d. Columbia, Rensselaer, Sullivan	William P. Rudd	Albany	Rep		31,	192
Ulster, Albany, Greene, and Schoharie counties.	Wesley O. Howard	Troy.	Rep	1 ::	31,	191
ischoliarie counties.	Alden Chester	Albany	Rep			
	Emory A. Chase	Catskill.	Rep		ăî.	192
	Gilb't D. B. Hasbrouck	Kingston	Rep		31,	192
th. Warren Saratoga St. Lawrence.	John M. Kellogg	Ogdensburg	Rep	1	31.	191
Washington, Essex, Franklin,	Charles C. Van Kirk	Whitehall	Rep		31,	191
Fulton and Schenectedy counties	Henry T. Kellogg	Plattsburg	Rep		31.	191
ranon, and selectectual countries	Chester B. McLaughlin	Port Henry	Rep		31.	192
	Edward C. Whitmyer.	Schenectady	Rep	1 ::	31.	192
ith. Onondaga, Jefferson, Oneida, Oswego, Herkimer, and Lewis	P C T De Angelia	Utico	Rep		31,	191
counties.	Irving L. Devendorf	Herkimer	Rep			
	Frank H. Hiscock	Syracuse	Rep	* **	31,	192
	Peter B. McLennan	r	В е р	1 ::	31,	192
	Irving G. Hubbs	Dulocki	Ren.		31,	192
	Edgar C. Emerson	Watertown	Rep		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	192
th. Otsego, Delaware, Madison,	Peter A. Hendrick					
Chenango, Tompkins, Broome,	Albert H. Sewell	Walton	Rep	::	31,	191
Cortland counties.	Michael H Kiley	Cazenovia	Rep.		31.	192
COLUMN COMPLICA	Walter Lloyd Smith	Elmira	Rep	٠،	31,	191
th Tielesentes Outselle	George F. Lyon	Binghamton	Rep	1 ::		
th. Livingston, Ontario, Wayne, Yates, Steuben, Seneca, Cayuga,	Adelbert P. Pick	Canandaigua	Rep	;;	31, 31	191
and Monroe counties.	Nathaniel Foote	Rochester	Rep.		31	191
	William W. Clark	Wayland	Rep			
	Arthur E. Sutherland.	Rochester	Rep		31,	191
	Samuel N Samuer	Spencerport	Rep	1	31,	191
th. Erie, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus		Fredonia	Rep.		31,	191
Orleans, Niagara, Genesee, Allegany, and Wyoming counties.	Warren B. Hooker		Rep		31,	191
gany, and Wyoming counties.	Herbert P. Bissell	Buffalo	Dem		31,	191
	l Brank C. Laughlin		Rep	;;	31,	192
	Frederick W. Kruse	Olean	Rep.		31	191
		Jamestown	Rep	1	31,	$\overline{192}$
	Cuthbert W. Pound	Lockport	Rep	1 ::		
	Louis W Marons	Buffalo	Rep	;;	31	192
	Charles H. Brown	Belmont	Rep		31,	192
	Charles B. Wheeler	Buffalo	Rep		31 .	192
th, Westchester, Putnam, Dutch-	Isaac N. Mills	Mt. Vernon	Rep	1 ''	31,	192
ess, orange and Rockland counties	Arthur S. Tompkins	Nyack	Rep	::	31,	192
	Michael H. Hirschhard	Newhurgh	Ren.		31,	191
				1		

COLONIAL.

		COLONTAL.			
Governors.	Terms.	Governors.	Terms.	GOVERNORS.	Terme.
Adriau Joris	1623-1624	John Naufan, LtGov	1699-1700	James De Lancey, Lt	
Cornelius Jacobzen Mev.	1624-1625	Earl of Bellomont	1700-1701	Gov	
William Verhulst	1625-1626	Col. William Smith Col. Abraham De Peyster)	Sir Charles Hardy	1755-1757
Peter Minuit	1626-1633	Col. Abraham De Peyster	} 1701	James De Lancey, Lt	
Wouter Van Twiller	1633-1638	Col. Peter Schuyler	()	Gov	1757-1760
William Kieft	1638-1647	John Nanfan, LtGov	1701-1702	Cadwallader Colden.	
Petrus Stuyvesant	1647-1664	Lord Cornbury	1702-1708	President	1760-1761
Richard Nicolls	1664-1668	Lord Lovelace	1708-1709	Cadwallader Colden.	
Francis Lovelace	1668-1673	Peter Schuyler, Pres	1709	LtGov	1761
Anthony Colve	1673-1674	Richard Ingoldsby, Lt	1	Robert Monckton	1761
Edmond Andros	1674-1677	Gov	1709	Cadwallader Colden,	
Anthony Brockholles.	1 1	Peter Schuyler, Pres	1709	LtGov	1761-1762
Comin-Chief	1677-1678	Richard Ingoldsby, Lt		Robert Monckton	1762-1763
Sir Edmond Andros	1678-1681	Gov	1709	Cadwallader Colden.	
Anthony Brookhalloe		Corordue Bookman	1	It -Cov	1763-1765
Comin-Chief	1681-1683	President	1710	Sir Henry Moore	1765-1769
Thomas Dongan	1683-1688	Robert Hunter	1710-1719	Cadwallader Colden,	
oir Eamona Andros	1688	Peter Schuvier, Pres	17719-1720	Lib -GOV.	1769-1770
Francis Nicholson	1688-1689	William Burnet	1720-1728	Earl of Dunmore	1770-1771
Jacob Leisler	1689-1691	John Montgomerie	1728-1731	William Tryon	1771-1774
Hanry Sloughter	1601	Din Von Dam Procident	1721 .1720	Codwelleder Colden	1
Richard Ingoldsby.		William Cosby	1732-1736	LtGov	1774-1775
Comin-Chief	1691-1692	George Clark, LtGov	1736-1743	William Tryon	1775-1780
Benjamin Fletcher	1692-1698	George Clinton	1743-1753	James Robertson	1780-1783
Earl of Bellomont	1698-1699	William Cosby George Clark, LtGov George Clinton Sir Danvers Osborne	1753-1755	Andrew Elliott, LGov.	1783
		STATE.		,	
1 Cooper (llinton	1000 1000	15 William C Bouck	1040 1044	90 Tueina Debinson	1000 1000
9 John Joy	1777-1790	19 William C Bouck	1040-1044	29 Lucius Robinson	1077-1000
2 Coorgo Olinton	1/90-1001	16 Silas Wright 17 John Young	1040-1040	30 Alonzo B. Cornell	1000-1002
4 Morgan Lawis	1801-1804	17 John 1 oung	1047-1040	31 Grover Cleveland	1005-1004
5 Daniel D Templine	1004-1507	18 Hamilton Fish	1849-1891	32 David B. Hill	1600-1661
& John Towler	1807-1517	19 Washington Hunt	1891-1892	33 ROSWEIL P. Flower	1892-1894
7 Do Witt Clinton	1017	20 Horatio Seymour 21 Myron H. Clark 22 John A. King	1000-1004	25 Events C. Dlook	1007 1000
8 Joseph C. Yates.	1017-1022	21 Myron H. Clark	1000-1000	35 Frank S. Diack	1097-1090
O Do Witt Clinton	1022-1524	22 John A. King	1007-1000	35 Incodore Roosevett	1007 1001
Nathanial Ditahan	1000	23 Edwin D. Morgan	1009-1002	20 Eropoic W. Higging	1005 1006
Mortin Von Pouce	1000 1000	24 Horatio Seyniour 25 Reuben E. Fenton	1003-1004	20 Charles W. Higgins	1007 1010
DEDOCT Thron	1020-1029	25 Reuben E. Fenton	1300-1868	Jacobs E. Hughes	1907-1910
IZ EHOS I. IHFOOD	1829-1832	26 John T. Hoffman	1869-1872	40 Horace white	1910-1910
William II. Marcy	1535-1859	27 John Adams Dix	1878-1874	41 John Aiden Dix	1911-1912
william H. Seward	1839-1842	28 Samuel J. Tilden	.187a-1876	42 William Sulzer	1913-1914

Mayors of the City of New York.

BEFORE the Revolution the Mayor was appointed by the Governor of the Province; and from 1784 to 1820 by the Appointing Board of the State of New York, of which the Governor was the chief member. From 1820 to the amendment of the Charter, in 1830, the Mayor was appointed by the Common Council. In 1898 the term of the first Mayor of Greater New York (Van Wyck) began,

MAYORS,	Terms.	Mayors,	Terms.	Mayors.	Terms.
1 Thomas Willett	1665	33 Robert Walters	1720-1725	65 Wm .F. Havemeyer	1845-1846
2 Thomas Delavall		34 Johannes Jansen	1725-1726	66 Andrew H. Mickle	1846-1847
3 Thomas Willett	1667	35 Robert Lurting	1726-1735	67 William V. Brady	1847-1848
4 Cornelis Steenwyck	1668-1670	36 Paul Richard	1735-1739	68 Wm. F. Havemeyer	1848-1849
5 Thomas Delavall	1671	37 John Cruger, Sr	1739-1744	69 Caleb S. Woodhull	1849-1851
6 Matthias Nicolls		38 Stephen Bayard	1744-1747	70 Ambrose C. Kingsland	1851-1853
7 John Lawrence		39 Edward Holland	1747-1757	71 Jacob A. Westervelt	1853-1855
8 William Dervall	1675	40 John Cruger, Jr	1757-1766	72 Fernando Wood	1855-1858
9 Nicholas de Meyer	1676	41 Whitehead Hicks	1766-1776	73 Daniel F. Tiemann	1858-1860
10 S. van Cortlandt	1677	42 David Matthews, Tory.	1776-1784	74 Fernando Wood	1860-1862
11 Thomas Delavall	1678	43 James Duane	1784-1789	75 George Opdyke	1862-1864
12 Francis Rombouts	1679	44 Richard Varick	1789-1801	76 C. Godfrey Gunther	1864-1866
13 William Dyre	1680-1681	45 Edward Livingston	1801-1803	77 John T. Hoffman	1866-1868
14 Cornelis Steenwyck	1682-1683	46 De Witt Clinton	1803-1807	[78] T. Coman(act'g Mayor)	1868
15 Gabriel Minville	1684	47 Marinus Willett	1807~1808	79 A. Oakey Hall	1869-1872
16 Nicholas Bayard	1685	48 De Witt Clinton	1808-1810	80 Wm. F. Havemeyer	1873-1874
17 S. van Cortlandt	1686-1687	49 Jacob Radcliff	1810-1811	81 S. B. H. Vance(Acting)	1874
18 Peter Delanov	1689-1690	50 De Witt Clinton 51 John Ferguson 52 Jacob Radcliff	1811-1815	82 William H. Wickham.	1875-1876
19 John Lawrence	1691	51 John Ferguson	1815	83 Smith Ely	1877-1878
20 Abraham De Peyster.	1692-1695	52 Jacob Radeliff	1815-1818	84 Edward Cooper	1879-1880
21 William Merritt	1695-1698	53 Cadwallader D.Colden.	1818-1821	85 William R. Grace	1881-1882
22 Johannes De Peyster.	1698-1699	54 Stephen Allen	1821-1824	86 Franklin Edson	1883-1884
23 David Provost	1699-1700	55 William Paulding	1825-1826	87 William R. Grace	1885-1886
24 Isaac de Riemer	1700-1701	56 Philip Hone 57 William Paulding	1826-1827	88 Abram S. Hewitt	1887-1888
25 Thomas Noell	1701-1702	57 William Paulding	1827-1829	89 Hugh J. Grant	1889-1892
26 Philip French	1702-1703	58 Walter Bowne 59 Gideon Lee	1829-1833	90 Thomas F. Gilroy	1893 1894
27 William Peartree	1703-1707	59 Gideon Lee	1833-1834	91 William L. Strong	1895-1897
28 Ebenezer Wilson	1707-1710	60 Cornelius W.Lawrence	1834-1837	92 Robert A. Van Wyck	1898-1901
29 Jacobus van Cortlandt	1710-1711	61 Aaron Clark	1837-1839	93 Seth Low	1902-1903
30 Caleb Heathcote	1711-1714	62 Isaac L. Varian	1859-1841	94 George B. McClellan	1904-1909
31 John Johnson	1714-1719	63 Robert H. Morris	1841-1844	95 William J. Gaynor*	1910-1913
32 Jacobus van Cortlandt.	1719-1720	64 James Harper	1844-1845	J_1	

^{*} John Purroy Mitchel. President of the Board of Aldermen, had full power as Mayor during part of September and October, 1910, while Mayor Gaynor was disabled by an attempted assassination

	NAME.	Birthplace.	Year.	Paternal Ancestry.	Resi-	Quali- fied.	Politics.	Place of Death.	Year.	Age at Death.
1	John Adams	Quincy, Mass	1735	English	Mass	1789	Fed	Quincy, Mass	1826	90
2		Shadwell, Va	1743	Welsh		1797	Rep	Monticello, Va	1826	83
3		Newark, N. J	1756	English				Staten Island, N. Y	1836	80
4	George Clinton	Ulster Co., N. Y	1739	English				Washington, D. C	1812	73
5	Elbridge Gerry	Marblehead, Mass	1744	English	Mass	1813	Rep	Washington, D. C	1814	70
6	Daniel D. Tempkins	Scarsdale, N. Y	1774	English	N. Y.,	1817	Rep	Staten Island, N.Y.,	1825	51
7	John C. Calhoun	Abbeville, S. C		Scotch-Irish.	s. c	1825	Rep	Washington, D. C	1850	68
8		Kinderhook, N. Y	1782				Dem	Kinderhook, N. Y	1862	19
9	Richard M. Johnson	Louisville, Ky		English		1837	Dem	Frankfort, Ky	1850	70
10	John Tyler,	Greenway, Va		English		1841	Dem	Richmond, Va	1862	72
11	George M. Dallas	Philadelphia, Pa		English		1845		Philadelphia, Pa	1864	72
12	Millard Fillmore			English				Buffalo, N. Y	1874	74
13	William R. King	Sampson Co., N. C						Dallas Co., Ala	1853	67
14	John C. Breckinridge	Lexington, Ky		Scotch			Dem	Lexington, Ky	1875	54
16	Hannibal Hamlin	Paris, Me	1809	English			Rep	Bangor, Me	1891	81
16	Andrew Johnson		1808	English		1865	Rep	Carter Co., Tenn	1875	66
17	Schuyler Colfax	New York City, N. Y	1823	English		1869	Rep	Mankato, Minn	1886	62
18	Henry Wilson	Farmington, N. H	1812	English	Mass	1873	Rep	Washington, D. C	1875	63
19	William A. Wheeler	Malone, N. Y	1819	English		1877	Rep	Malone, N. Y	1887	68
20	Chester A. Arthur			Scotch-Irish.		1881	Rep	New York City, N.Y.	1886	56
21	Thos. A. Hendricks	Muskingum Co., O		Scotch-Irish.				Indianapolis, Ind	1885	66
22	Levi P. Morton	Shoreham, Vt		Scotch						
23	Adlai E. Stevenson	Christian Co., Ky	1835	Scotch-Irish.	III	1893				
24	Garret A. Hobart	Long Branch, N. J	1844	English	N. J	1897		Paterson, N. J	1899	55
25	Theodore Roosevelt		1858	Dutch	N. Y	1901				
26	Charles W. Fairbanks	Unionville Center, O	1852	English	Ind	1905				
	James S.Sherman		1855	English				Utlca, N. Y	1912	57
28	T. R. Marshall (elect)	No. Manchester, Ind	1854	English	lind .	J	Dem	l		١

Presidents pro tempore of the United States Senate.

		A				-					
Conguess.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.	CONGRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon	N. H.	1739	1819	19, 20	1826-28		N. C	1757	183
2	1792	Richard H. Lee	Va	1732	1794	20-22	1828-32	Samuel Smith	Md	1752	183
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon	N. H.	1739	1819	22	1832	L. W. Tazewell	Va	1774	186
3	1794 -95	Ralph Izard Henry Tazewell Samuel Livermore	S. C	1742	1804	22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White	Tenn.	1773	184
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell	Va	1753	1799	23	1834-35	George Poindexter	Miss	1779	185
4	1796-97	Samuel Livermore	N. H.	1732	1803	24	1835-36	John Tyler	٧a	1790	186
4, 5	1797	William Bingham,	Pa	1751	1804	24-26	1836-41	William R. King	Ala	1786	185
5	1797	William Bradford	R. I	1729	1808	26, 27	1841-42	Saml. L. Southard	N.J	1787	184
5	1797-98	Jacob Read	S. C	1752	1816	27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum	N. C	1792	186
5	1798	Theo. Sedgwick	Mass	1746	1813	29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison	Mo	1807	188
5	1798-99	John Laurence	[N. Y]	1750	1810	31, 32	1850-52	William R. King	Ala	1786	185
5	1799	James Ross	Pa	1762	1847	32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchison		1807	188
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore	N. H.	1732	1803	33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright	Ind	1812	187
6	1800	Uriah Tracv	Ct	1755	1807	34	1857	James M. Mason	Va	1798	187
6	1800-1801	John E. Howard	Md	1752	1827	35, 36	1857~61	Benj. Fitzpatrick	Ala	1802	186
6	1801	James Hillhouse	Ct	1754	1832	36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot	Vt	1802	186
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin	Ga	1754	1807	38	1864 65	Daniel Clark	N. H.	1809	189
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley	Vt	1754	1830	39	1865-67	Lafayette S. Foster	Ct	1806	188
8	1803-04	John Brown	Ky	1757	1837	40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade	Ohio .	1800	187
8	1804 05	Jesse Franklin	N. C	1758	1823	41, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony	R. I	1815	188
8 .	1805	Joseph Anderson		1757	1837	43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter	Wis	1824	188
9,10	1805-08	Samuel Smith	Md	1752	1839	44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry	Mich.	1827	189
10	1808-09	Stephen R. Bradley	Vt	1754	1830	46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman		1813	189
10, 11	1809	John Milledge	Ga	1757	1818	47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard	Del	1828	189
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg	Pa	1755	1835	47	1881-83	David Davis	Ill	1815	188
11	1810-11	John Gaillard	S. C	1765	1826	48	1883-85	Geo. F. Edmunds	Vt	1828	
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope	Ky	1770	1845	49	1885-87	John Sherman	Ohio	1823	190
12, 13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford	(43	1772	1834	49-51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls	Kan	1833	190
13	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum John Gaillard	Mass	1750	1821	52	1891-93	C. F. Manderson	Neb	1837	191
13-15	1814-18	John Gaillard	S. C	1765	1826	53	1893-95	Isham G. Harris	Tenn.	1818	189
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour	Va	1775	1842	54-62	1895-1911	William P. Frye	Me	1831	191
16-19	1820-26	John Gaillard	S. C.	1765	1826	1					}

Speakers of the U. S. House of Representatives.

CONGRESA.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.	CONGRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenburg	D-	1750	1801	29	1845-47	John W. Davis	Ind	1799	1850
1	1789-91	r. A. Munienburg	ra	1750							
2		Jonathan Trumbull			1809	30		Robert C. Winthrop			1894
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenburg	Pa	1750	1801	31		Howell Cobb			1868
4, 5		Jonathan Dayton			1824	32, 33		Linn Boyd			1859
6	1799-1801	Theo. Sedgwick	Mass	1746	1813	34		Nathaniel P. Banks		1816	1894
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon	N. C	1757	1837	35	1857-59	James L. Orr	S. C	1822	1873
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum	Mass	1750	1821	36		Wm. Pennington		1796	1862
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clav	Kv	1777	1852	37		Galusha A. Grow		1823	1907
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves	S.C.	1776	1857	38-40		Schuyler Colfax		1823	1885
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay	Ky	1777	1852	41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine	Me	1830	1893
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor	N. Y	1784	1854	44		Michael C. Kerr		1827	1876
17	1821-23	Philip P. Barbour	Va	1783	1841	44-46		Samuel J. Randall		1828	1890
18	1823-25	Henry Clay	Ky	1777	1852	47	1881-83	Joseph W. Keifer	Ohio .	1836	
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor	N. Y	1784	1854	48-50	1583-89	John G. Carlisle	Ky	1835	1910
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson	Va	1784	1857	51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed	Me	1839	1902
23	1834-35	John Bell	Tenn.	1797	1869	52, 53	1891-95	Charles F. Crisp	Ga	1845	1896
24, 25	1835-39	lames K. Polk	Tenn.	1795	1849	54, 55		Thomas B. Reed		1839	1902
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter	Va	1809	1887	56, 57	1899~1903	David B. Henderson.	Ia		1906
27	1841-43	John White	Ky	1805	1845	58-61		Joseph G. Cannon			
28	1943-45	John W. Jones	Va	1505	1848	62	1911-	Champ Clark	Mo	1850	

Presidential Cabinet Officers

SECRETARIES OF STATE.										
PERSIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Date Ap- pointed.	PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Date Ap- pointed			
Washington	Thomas Jefferson Edmund Randolph Timothy Pickering	Va	$1789 \\ 1794$	Fillmore	Edward Everett William L Marcy	Mass N. Y	1852 1853			
Adams	John Marshall		$1795 \\ 1797 \\ 1800$	Eincoln	Lewis Cass Jeremiah S. Black William H. Seward	Mich Pa N. Y	1857 1860 1861			
Jefferson Madison		Va Md	1001	Johnson Grant	Elihu B. Washburn Hamilton Fish	III	1865 1869			
Monroe	James Monroe John Quincy Adams Henry Clay Martin Van Buren	Va Mass	1811 1817	Hayes.	Hamilton Fish William M. Evarts	N. Y	1869 1877			
J. Q. Adams Jackson	Martin Van Buren,	N. Y	1825 1829 1831	Arthur	F. T. Frelinghuysen	Me N. J	$ \begin{array}{c} 1881 \\ 1881 \\ 1885 \\ \hline \end{array} $			
	Edward Livingston Louis McLane John Forsyth	Del	1833 1834	B. Harrison	Hamilton Fish. William M. Evarts James G. Blaine F. T. Frelinghuysen Thomas F. Bayard James G. Blaine John W. Foster Walter Q. Gresham Richard Olney	Me	1889 1892			
Van Buren. Harrison	Dauiel Webster	Mass	1837 1841	Cleveland						
Tyler	Daniel Webster	S. C	1841 1843 1843	McKinley	John Sherman William R. Day John Hay	Onio	$ 1897 \\ 1897 \\ 1898$			
Polk	John C. Calhoun James Buchanan	S. C	1844 1845	Roosevelt	Elihu Root	N. Y	1898 1901 1905			
Taylor Fillmore	John M. Clayton Daniel Webster	Del Mass	1849 1850	Taft	Robert Bacon Philander C. Knox		1909 1909			
SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.										
Washington	Alexander Hamilton Oliver Wolcott	N. Y Ct	$ \begin{array}{c} 1789 \\ 1795 \end{array} $	Buchanan	Howell Cobb Philip F. Thomas	. Ga Md	1857 1860			
	Samuel Dexter	Mass	1797 1801	Lincoln	John A. Dix Salmon P. Chase	N. Y Ohio	1861 1861			
Jefferson	Albert Gallatin	Pa	1801 1801 1809	Johnson	Howell Cobb	Ind	1864 1865 1865			
Madison	George W. Campbell Alexander J. Dallas William H. Crawford	Tenn	1814	Grant	George S. Boutwell	Mass	1869			
Monroe	william H. Clawfold	"	1817							
J. Q. Adams Jackson	Richard Rush Samuel D, Iugham Louis McLane William J, Duane Roger B, Taney Levi Woodbury	Pa	1825 1829 1831	Hayes Garfield	Lot M, Morrill	Minu	1877 1881 1881			
::	William J. Duane Roger B. Taney	Pa Md	1833 1833	ATTITUT	Walter Q. Gresham Hugh McCulloch	Ind	1884			
Van Buren	Levi Woodbury Thomas Ewing	N. H	1834 1837	Cleveland	Water G. Gresnam. Hugh McCulloch Daniel Manning Charles S. Fairchild William Windom Charles Foster John G. Carlisle Lyman J. Gage Leslie M. Shaw	N. Y	1885			
Harrison Tyler				B. Harrison	William Windom Charles Foster	Minn Ohio	1889 1891 1893			
	Walter Forward John C. Spencer George M. Bibb	IN V	1 1843 (McKinley	Lyman J. Gage	īii	1897			
Polk Taylor	William M. Meredith.	Miss Pa	1845 1849		George B. Cortelyou.	N. Y.,	1907			
Fillmore Pierce	Thomas Corwin James Guthrie	Ohio Ky	1850 1853	Taft	Franklin Mac Veagh	JIII	1909			
XX7 \ I			TARI	S OF WA	NR.	T.	1850			
wasnington	Henry Knox Timothy Pickering James McHenry		$1789 \\ 1795 \\ 1796$	Pierce	Jefferson Davis	Miss	1853 1857			
Adams				Lincoln	Charles M. Conrad Jefferson Davis John B. Floyd Joseph Holt Simon Cameron Edwin M. Stanton	Ку Ра	1861 1861			
14 44	John Marshall Samuel Dexter Roger Griswold	Mass	1800 1801	Johnson	Edwin M. Stanton	Ohio	1862 1865 1867			
Madison	Henry Dearborn William Eustis John Armstrong	N 'Y	1809	:: :::	U. S. Grant (ad. in.) Lor. Thomas (ad. in.)	N Y	1868			
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	John Armstrong James Monroe William H. Crawford	Va Ga	1814 1815	Grant	Lor. Thomas (ad. in. John M. Schofield John A. Rawlins William T. Sherman. William W. Belknap. Alphonso Taft	Dhio	1869 1869			
Monroe	Geo. Graham (ad. in.).	Ку Va	1817	::	. William W. Belknap. Alphonso Taft	Ohio	1869			
J. Q. Adams	James Barbour	Va	1817 1825 1828	Hayes	James Don, Cameron. George W. McCrary Alexander Ramsey Robert T. Lincoln	Ia	$1876 \\ 1877 \\ 1879$			
Jackson	John H. Eaton Lewis Cass	Tenn Ohio	1829 1831	Garfield Arthur	Robert T. Lincoln	Ĭij	1881 1881			
Van Buren.	James Mouroe	N. Y S. C	1837 1837	Cleveland B. Harrison	William C. Endicott. Redfield Proctor Stephen B. Elkins Daniel S. Lamont Russell A. Alger	Vt	1885			
Tyler	John McLean	Ohio	1841 1841 1841	Cleveland .	Daniel S. Lamont	N. Ya.	1891 1893 1897			
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	John C. Spencer	N. Y	1841	To a a a 14***			1003			
Polk	James M. Porter	N. Y	1844 1845	:: ::	William H. Taft Luke E. Wright Jacob M. Dickinson Henry I. Stimson	Ohio Tenn	1904 1908			
Taylor	. Edward Bates	Ga M∩	1849 1850	Taft	Jacob M. Dickinson Henry I., Stimson,	$\mathbf{N} \cdot \mathbf{Y}$	1911			

SECRETARIES OF THE INTERIOR.							
	SECRE		S OF	THE INT	ERIOR.		Date
PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Ap- point'd	PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Ap- point'd
Taylor	Thomas Ewing	Ohio	1849	Hayes	Carl Schurz	Мо	1877
Fillmore	James A. Pearce	Md	$ \begin{array}{c} 1850 \\ 1850 \end{array} $	Garfield	Carl Schurz	Col	$1881 \\ 1882$
	Alexander H. H. Stuart	Va	1850	Cleveland	Lucius Q. C. Lamar	Miss	1885
Pierce	Robert McClelland	Mich	1853 1857	n ' · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	William F. Vilas	Wis	1888
Buchanau	Jacob Thompson	Miss	1857 1861	B. Harrison.	John W. Noble	Mo	1889 1893
Lincoln	John P. Usher	1110	1863	Cleveland	David R. Francis	Ga	1896
Johnson		_;; ::::::	1865	McKinley	David R. Francis Cornelius N. Bliss Ethan A. Hitchcock	N. Y	1897
	James Harlan	Iowa	1865	Boosavalt	Ethan A. Hitchcock	Мо	1899
Grant	Orville H. Browning Jacob D. Cox Columbus Delano	Ohio	1866 1869	Roosevelt	James R. Garfield.	Ohio	1901 1907
				Taft	James R. Garfield Richard A. Balliuger Walter L. Fisher	Wash.	1909
	Zachariah Chandler	Mich	~	A	LAVIV		
Jefferson	Benjamin Stoddert	Md	1801	Fillmore	William A. Graham John P. Kennedy James C. Dobbin Isaac Toncey Gideon, Welles George M. Robeson	N. C	1850
				"	John P. Kennedy	Md	1852
		Mass		Pierce	James C. Dobbin	N. C	1853 1857
Madison	Paul Hamilton	Pa	1813	Lincoln	Gideon Welles	7,	1861
**	B. W. Crowninshield	Mass	1814	Johnson		""	1865
Monroe	Swith Thomason	N V	$1817 \\ 1818$	Grant	Adolph E. Borie	Pa	1869 1869
	Smith Thompson Samuel L. Southard	N. J	1823	Haves	Richard W. Thompson	Ind	1877
J. Q. Adams	John Branch Levi Woodbury Mahlon Dickerson		1825		Adolph E. Borie	W. Va	1881
Jackson	John Branch	й. с	$1829 \\ 1831$	Garfield	William H. Hunt	La	$1881 \\ 1882$
	Mahlon Dickerson	N. J	1834	Cleveland	William C. Whitney	N. Y	1885
Van Buren	James K. Paulding George E. Badger Abel P. Upshur		1837	B. Harrison.	Benjamin F. Tracy		1889
TTo mulacan	James K. Paulding	N. Y	1838	Cleveland	Hilary A. Herbert	Ala	1893 1897
Tyler	George E. Badger	N, O	$1841 \\ 1841$	Roosevelt	John D. Fong	Mass	1901
13,101	Abel P. Upshur	Va	1841		william H. Moody		1902
	Abel P. Upshur	Mass	1843		Paul Morton	III	1904
	Thomas W. Gilmer	Va	1844 1844	:: •••	Victor H Metcalf	Md	$\frac{1905}{1907}$
Polk	George Baucroft	Mass	1845		Charles J. Bonaparte Victor H. Metcalf Truman H. Newberry	Mich	1908
_ ` `				Taft	George von L. Meyer	Mass	1909
Taylor	William B. Preston		1849	i	1		
SECRETARIES OF ACRICULTURE.							
	SECRE	TARIE	S 01	ACRICUI	TURE.		3000
Cleveland	SECRE Norman J. Colman	Mo	S 01	ACRICUI McKinley	James Wilson	Ia	1897
Cleveland B. Harrison. Cleveland	SECRE Norman J. Colman Jeremiah M. Rusk J. Sterling Morton	Mo Wis Neb	S 01	McKinley Roosevelt	James Wilson	Ia	1897 1901 1909
	Norman J. Colman Jeremiah M. Rusk J. Sterling Morton	Mo Wis Neb	1889 1889 1893	McKinley Roosevelt Taft	James Wilson		1901
Washington	Norman J. Colman Jeremiah M. Rusk J. Sterling Morton PO Samuel Osgood	Mo Wis Neb STMA Mass	1889 1889 1893 STE	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER	James Wilson		1901 1909
Washington	Norman J. Colman Jeremiah M. Rusk J. Sterling Morton PO Samuel Osgood Timothy Pickering	Mo Wis Neb STMA Mass	1889 1889 1893 STEI 1789 1791	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER	James Wilson	Ohio	1901 1909
Washington	Norman J. Colman Jeremiah M. Rusk J. Sterling Morton PO Samuel Osgood Timothy Pickering	Mo Wis Neb STMA Mass Ga	1889 1889 1893 1893 STE 1789 1791 1795	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER	James Wilson	Ohio	1901 1909
Washington Adams Jefferson	Norman J. Colman	Mo Wis Neb STMA Mass Ga	1889 1889 1893 STE 1789 1791 1795 1797 1801	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER	James Wilson	Ohio	1901 1909
Washington Adams Jefferson	Norman J. Colman	Mo Wis Neb STMA Mass Ga	1889 1889 1893 1893 STE 1789 1791 1795 1797 1801 1801	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER	James Wilson	Ohio	1901 1909
Adams Jeiferson	Norman J. Colman Jeremiah M. Rusk J. Sterling Morton PO Samuel Osgood Timothy Pickering, Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger	Mo Wis Neb STMA Mass Ga Ct	1889 1889 1893 STE 1789 1791 1795 1797 1801 1801 1809	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington	Norman J. Colman	Mo Wis Neb STMA Mass Ga Ct	1889 1889 1893 1893 5TEI 1791 1795 1797 1801 1801 1809 1814 1817	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean.	Mo	S OI 1889 1889 1893 1789 1791 1795 1801 1804 1817 1823	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean.	Mo	S OI 1889 1889 1893 1789 1791 1795 1801 1804 1817 1823	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington Adams Jefferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1789 1795 1797 1801 1809 1814 1817 1823 1825 1829 1835	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington Adams Jefferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Von Russen	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1789 1791 1795 1797 1801 1809 1814 1817 1825 1829 1835	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington Adams Jefferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Von Russen	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1789 1791 1795 1797 1801 1809 1814 1817 1825 1829 1835	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington Adams Jefferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1791 1795 1791 1801 1801 1809 1814 1817 1823 1825 1825 1835 1835	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington Adams Jefferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1791 1795 1791 1801 1801 1809 1814 1817 1823 1825 1825 1835 1835	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington Adams Jeiferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren Harrison	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1791 1795 1791 1801 1801 1809 1814 1817 1823 1825 1825 1835 1835	McKinley Roosevelt Taft RS-CENER Lincoln Johnson Grant	AL.† AL.† Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874
Washington Adams Jefferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1791 1795 1791 1801 1801 1809 1814 1817 1823 1825 1825 1835 1835	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Roosevelt Taft Taft Taft RS-GENER Lincoln Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison Cleveland McKinley McKinley	James Wilson AL.f William Dennison Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith	Ohio Wis Wis Md Va Ct Ind Tenn Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Mich Pa N Y W. Va Md Pa	1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1874 1876
Washington "Adams	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1791 1795 1795 1797 1801 1801 1801 1801 1814 1817 1823 1825 1835 1840 1841 1841 1841 1845 1849 1850 1850	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Roosevelt Taft Taft Taft RS-GENER Lincoln Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison Cleveland McKinley McKinley	James Wilson AL.f William Dennison Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith	Ohio Wis Wis Md Va Ct Ind Tenn Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Mich Pa N Y W. Va Md Pa	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1876 1881 1881 1883 1884 1883 1885 1889 1893 1895 1895 1901
Washington "Adams	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1789 1791 1795 1797 1801 1801 1801 1814 1817 1825 1825 1835 1841 1841 1841 1841 1845 1849 1850 1852 1852	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Roosevelt Taft Taft Taft RS-GENER Lincoln Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison Cleveland McKinley McKinley	James Wilson AL.f William Dennison Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith	Ohio Wis Wis Md Va Ct Ind Tenn Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Mich Pa N Y W. Va Md Pa	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1876 1881 1881 1883 1884 1883 1888 1889 1893 1895 1898 1901
Washington "Adams	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall.	Mo	1889 1889 1893 1795 1795 1797 1801 1801 1801 1801 1814 1817 1823 1825 1835 1840 1841 1841 1841 1845 1849 1852 1853 1855 1855	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Roosevelt Taft Taft Taft RS-GENER Lincoln Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison Cleveland McKinley McKinley	James Wilson AL.f William Dennison Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith	Ohio Wis Wis Md Va Ct Ind Tenn Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Mich Pa N Y W. Va Md Pa	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1876 1881 1883 1883 1885 1889 1893 1895 1898 1901 1901 1901
Washington Adams	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aaron V. Brown. Joseph Holt.	Mo	S 01 1889 1889 11893 STEI 1789 11791 11795 11801 11801 11817 11801 11817 11817 11825 11825 11837 11841	McKinley Roosevelt Taft Roosevelt Taft Taft Roosevelt Taft Roosevelt Taft Taft Taft Taft Roosevelt Roosevelt """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """	James Wilson AL.† William Dennison Alexander W. Randall John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith Henry C. Payne Robert J. Wynne George B. Cortelyou George B. Cortelyou George Von L Mever	Ohio Wis Wis Md Va Ct Ind Tenn Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Mich Pa N Y W. Va Md Pa	1901 1909 1864 1866 1869 1874 1877 1880 1874 1881 1881 1883 1889 1895 1895 1897 1901 1904 1905
Washington Adams	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aanon V. Brown. Joseph Holt.	Mo	S 01 1889 1889 11893 STEI 1789 11791 11795 11801 11801 11817 11801 11817 11817 11825 11825 11837 11841	McKinley Taft Ta	James Wilson AL.f William Dennison Alexander W. Randail John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith	Ohio Wis Wis Md Va Ct Ind Tenn Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Wis Mich Pa N Y W. Va Md Pa	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1869 1874 1876 1881 1883 1883 1885 1889 1893 1895 1898 1901 1901 1901
Washington Adams. Jeiferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison Tyler Polk Taylor Fillmore Buchanan Lincoln † The Pos	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aaron V. Brown. Joseph Holt. Horatio King. Montgomery Blair. tmaster-General was no	Mo	S OI 18899 1893 1893 1791 1891 1795 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1891 1891	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison. B. Harrison. Cleveland McKinley Roosevelt Taft Cabinet office	James Wilson AL.† William Dennison Alexander W. Randall John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith Henry C. Payne Robert J. Wynne George B. Cortelyou George Von L. Meyer Frank H. Hitchcock	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct. Ind Ind N Wis Ind Ia Wis Mich Pa W Wis Mod W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1874 1876 1887 1881 1883 1883 1883 1895 1893 1895 1897 1897 1897 1901 1904 1905 1907
Washington Adams. Jeiferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison Tyler Polk. Taylor Pillmore Pierce Buchanan Lincoln † The Pos	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aaron V. Brown. Joseph Holt. Horatio King. Montgomery Blair. tmaster-General was no	Mo	S OI 18899 1893 1893 1791 1891 1795 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1891 1891	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison. B. Harrison. Cleveland McKinley Roosevelt Taft Cabinet office	James Wilson AL.† William Dennison Alexander W. Randall John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith Henry C. Payne Robert J. Wynne George B. Cortelyou George B. Cortelyou George Von L. Meyer Frank H. Hitchcock	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct. Ind Ind N Wis Ind Ia Wis Mich Pa W Wis Mod W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1874 1876 1887 1881 1883 1883 1883 1895 1893 1895 1897 1897 1897 1901 1904 1905 1907
Washington Adams. Jeiferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison Tyler Polk. Taylor Pillmore Pierce Buchanan Lincoln † The Pos	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aaron V. Brown. Joseph Holt. Horatio King. Montgomery Blair. tmaster-General was no	Mo	S OI 18899 1893 1893 1791 1891 1795 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1891 1891	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison. B. Harrison. Cleveland McKinley Roosevelt Taft Cabinet office	James Wilson AL.† William Dennison Alexander W. Randall John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith Henry C. Payne Robert J. Wynne George B. Cortelyou George B. Cortelyou George Von L. Meyer Frank H. Hitchcock	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct. Ind Ind N Wis Ind Ia Wis Mich Pa W Wis Mod W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1901 1909 1866 1866 1874 1876 1877 1881 1883 1883 1883 1893 1895 1895 1991 1904 1905 1907
Washington Adams. Jeiferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison Tyler Polk Taylor Fillmore Buchanan Lincoln † The Pos	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aaron V. Brown. Joseph Holt. Horatio King. Montgomery Blair. tmaster-General was no	Mo	S OI 18899 1893 1893 1791 1891 1795 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1891 1891	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison. B. Harrison. Cleveland McKinley Roosevelt Taft Cabinet office	James Wilson AL.† William Dennison Alexander W. Randall John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith Henry C. Payne Robert J. Wynne George B. Cortelyou George B. Cortelyou George Von L. Meyer Frank H. Hitchcock	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct. Ind Ind N Wis Ind Ia Wis Mich Pa W Wis Mod W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1874 1876 1887 1881 1883 1883 1883 1895 1893 1895 1897 1897 1897 1901 1904 1905 1907
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Washington Adams. Jeiferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren. Harrison Tyler Polk Taylor Fillmore Buchanan Lincoln † The Pos	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aaron V. Brown. Joseph Holt. Horatio King. Montgomery Blair. tmaster-General was no	Mo	S OI 18899 1893 1893 1791 1891 1795 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1799 1891 1891	McKinley Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Taft Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison. B. Harrison. Cleveland McKinley Roosevelt Taft Cabinet office	James Wilson AL.† William Dennison Alexander W. Randall John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William L. Wilson James A. Gary Charles Emory Smith Henry C. Payne Robert J. Wynne George B. Cortelyou George B. Cortelyou George Von L. Meyer Frank H. Hitchcock	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct. Ind Ind N Wis Ind Ia Wis Mich Pa W Wis Mod W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1901 1909 1864 1865 1866 1874 1876 1887 1881 1883 1883 1883 1895 1893 1895 1897 1897 1897 1901 1904 1905 1907
Washington Adams. Jeiferson Madison Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson Yan Buren. Harrison Tyler Filmore Pierce Buchanan the Pos Washington Adams Jefferson Jefferson	Norman J. Colman. Jeremiah M. Rusk. J. Sterling Morton. Samuel Osgood. Timothy Pickering. Joseph Habersham Gideon Granger. Return J. Meigs, Jr. John McLean. William T. Barry. Amos Kendall. John M. Niles. Francis Granger. Charles A. Wickliffe. Cave Johnson. Jacob Collamer. Nathan K. Hall. Samuel D. Hubbard. James Campbell. Aaron V. Brown. Joseph Holt. Horatio King. Montgomery Blair. tmaster-General was no Edmund Randolph. William Bradford. Charles Lee. Theophilus Parsons. Levi Lincoln.	Mo	IS 01 1889 1893 STE 11789 11789 11795 11797 1801 1841 1841 1841 1841 1841 1841 1841	McKinley Taft Sas-GENER Lincoln Johnson Grant Hayes Garfield Arthur Cleveland Cleveland B. Harrison Cleveland Taft Cabinet office Laft Cabinet office Laft Cabinet office Laft Cabinet office Laft Cabinet office Laft Cabinet office Laft Monroe Monroe	James Wilson AL.† William Dennison Alexander W. Randall John A. J. Cresswell James W. Marshall Marshall Jewell James N. Tyner David McK. Key Horace Maynard Thomas L. James Timothy O. Howe Walter Q. Gresham Frank Hatton William F. Vilas Don M. Dickinson John Wanamaker Wilson S. Bissell William J. Wilson John Wanamaker Wilson Lames A. Gary Charles Emory Smith Henry C. Payne George B. Cortelyou George B. Cortelyou George Vol L Meyer Frank H. Hitchcock er until 1829.	Ohio Wis Md Va Ct Ind Tenn Wis Ind Ind Ind Wis Ind Wis Wis Wis Wis Ma Pa Wis Ma Pa Mass Del Md Pa Va Md Pa Va Va Va Va Va Va Va Va Va	1901 1909 1864 1865 1868 1869 1874 1877 1880 1874 1881 1881 1881 1892 1893 1893 1894 1901 1904 1907 1909

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL-Continued.

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PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	Dale of Ap- point- ment.	PRESIDENTS.	Cabinet Officers.	Resi- dences.	of Ap- point- ment.
Jackson	Roger B. Taney	Md	1831	Johnson	Henry Stanbery	Ohio	1866
**	Benjamin F. Butler	N. Y			William M. Evarts		
Van Buren	l ' ''		1837	Grant	Ebenezer R. Hoar		
"	Felix Grundy	Tenn	1838		Amos T. Ackerman		
	Henry D. Gflpin				George H. Williams		
	John J. Crittenden				Edwards Pierrepont		
Tyler		_'`` · · · ·	1841		Alphonso Taft		
44	Hugh S. Legare	S. C	1841	Hayes	Charles Devens	Mass	1877
*********					Wayne MacVeagh		
					Benjamin H. Brewster		
*********	Nathan Chhord	ме	1846	Cleveland	Augustus H. Garland	Ark	1885
*********	Isaac Toncey	CI	1848	B. Harrison.	William H. H. Miller	Ind	1889
Taylor	Reverdy Johnson	Ha	1849	Cleveland	Richard Olney		
	John J. Crittenden				Judson Harmon	Onio	1895
	Caleb Cushing Jeremiah S. Black				Joseph McKenna		
	Edwin M. Stanton				John W. Griggs	D. J	1897 1901
	Edward Bates			Roosevelt	Philander C. Knox		
	Titian J. Coffey(ad, in,),			Rooseven	William H. Moody	Maga	1904
					Charles J. Bonaparte	Md	1007
Johnson	James Speed	***	1865	Taft	Geo. W. Wickersham	N. Y	1909

SECRETARIES OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

Roosevelt George B. Cortelyou N. Y 1903 Roosevelt Oscar S. Victor H. Metcalf Cal 1904 Taft Charles I	Straus
victor ii. biccont car ibo4 ratt Charles i	Magel 1303

Should changes occur while the Almanac is passing through the press they will be found noted on the page of "Occurrences During Printing."

Note.—The individual States have been represented the following number of times in Cabinet positions: New York, 37; Massachusetts, 35; Pennsylvania, 29; Ohio, 24; Virginia, 22; Maryland, 18; Kentneky, 15; Illinois, 10; Connecticut, 9; Indiana, 9; Tennessee, 9; Georgia, 8; Missouri, 8; Maine, 6; South Carolina, 6; Wisconsin, 6; Delaware, 5; Iowa, 5; Michigan, 5; New Jersey, 5; Mississippi, 4; North Carolina, 4; Louisiana, 3; Minnesota, 3; New Hampshire, 3; West Virginia, 3; California, 3; Vermont, 2; Alabama, 1; Arkansas, 1; Colorado, 1; Nebraska, 1; Oregon, 1; Washington, 1.

Austices of the United States Supreme Court.

(Names of the Chief Justices in Italics)

(Names of the Chief Justices in Italics.)									
	SERVICE.		1	1	1	SERVICE.		1	1
NAME.	Term.	, é	Born.	Died.	NAME.	m	l ø	Born.	Died.
	1 erm.	Yrs.				Term.	Yrs.		
John Jay, N. Y	1789-1795	6	1745	1829	John A. Campbell, Ala	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
John Rutledge, S. C	1789-1791	2	1739	1800	Nathan Clifford, Me	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
William Cushing, Mass	1789 - 1810	21	1733	1810	Noah H. Swayne, Ohio	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
James Wilson, Pa	1789-1798	9	1742	1798	Samuel F. Miller, Iowa	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
John Blair, Va	1789-1796	7	1732	1800	David Davis, Ill	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
Robert H. Harrison, Md.	1789-1790	1	1745	1790	Stephen J. Field, Cal	1863-1897	34	1816	1899
James Iredell, N. C	1790-1799	9	1751	1799	Salmon P. Chase, Ohio	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
Thomas Johnson, Md	1791-1793	2	1732	1819	William Strong, Pa	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
William Paterson, N. J	1793-1806	13	1745	1806	Joseph P. Bradley, N. J	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
John Rutledge, S. C	1795-1795		1739	1800	Ward Hunt, N. Y	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
Samuel Chase, Md	1796-1811	15	1741	1811	Morrison R. Waite, Ohio	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
Oliver Ellsworth, Ct	1796-1800	_4	1745		John M. Harlan, Ky	1877-1911	34	1833	1911
Bushrod Washington, Va.	1798-1829	31	1762	1829	William B. Woods, Ga	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Alfred Moore, N. C	1799-1804	5	1755	1810	Stanley Matthews, Ohio	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
John Marshall, Va	1801-1835	34	1755	1835	Horace Gray, Mass	1881-1902	21	1828	1902
William Johnson, S. C Brock, Livingston, N. Y	1804-1834	30	1771	1834	Samuel Blatchford, N. Y	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Brock, Livingston, N. Y.,	1806-1823	17	1757	1823	Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Miss	1888-1893	5	1825	1893
Thomas Todd, Ky	1807-1826	19	1765	1826	Melville W. Fuller, Ill	1888-1910	22	1833	1910
Joseph Story, Mass	1811-1845	34	1779	1845	David J. Brewer, Kan	1889-1910	21	1837	1910
Gabriel Duval, Md	1811-1836	25	1752	1844	Henry B. Brown, Mich	1890-1906	16	1836	•••••
Smith Thompson, N. Y	1823-1843	20	1767	1843	George Shiras, Jr., Pa	1892-1903	11	1832	•••••
Robert Trimble, Ky	1826-1828	2	1777	1828	Howeli E.Jackson, Tenn.	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
John McLean, Ohio	1829-1861	32	1785	1861	Edward D. White, La	1894-1910	16	1845	
Henry Baldwin, Pa	1830-1844	14	1779	1844	Rufus W. Peckham, N.Y.				1909
James M. Wayne, Ga	1835-1867	32	1790	1867	Joseph McKenna, Cal			1843	• • • •
Roger B. Taney, Md	1836-1864	28	1777	1864	Oliver W. Holmes, Mass.	1902		1841	
Philip P. Barbour, Va	1836-1841	5	1783	1841	William R. Day, Ohio	1903		1849	
John Catron, Tenn	1837-1865	28	1786	1865	William H. Moody, Mass,	1906-1910	4	1853	
John McKinley, Ala	1837-1852	15	1780	1852	Horace H. Lurton, Tenn	1909		1844	
Peter V. Daniel, Va	1841-1860	19	1785	1860	Charles E. Hughes, N. Y.	1910		1862	
Samuel Nelson, N. Y	1845-1872	27	1792	1873	Willis Van Devanter, Wyo.	1910		1859	
Levi Woodbury, N. H	1845-1851	6	1789	1851	Joseph R. Lamar, Ga	1910		1857	
Robert C. Grier, Pa	1846-1870	23	1794	1870	Edward D. White, La	1910		1845	
Benj. R. Curtis, Mass	1851-1857	6	1809	1874	Mahlon Pitney, N. J	1912	۱۱	1858	

United States Department Officials.

COMMISSIONERS OF PENSIONS.

YEAR.	Commissioners.	YEAR.	Commissioners.	YEAR.	Commissioners.
1868-69 1869-71	Joseph H. Barrett. Christopher C. Cox. H. Van Aernam. James H. Baker!. H. M. Atkinson. Charles R. Gill	1881-84 1884-85 1885-89 1889	Otis P. G. Clarke, John C. Black.	1896-97 1897-1902 1902-04 1905-09	William Lochren, Dominic I. Murphy, Henry C. Evans, Eugene F. Ware. Vespasian Warner. James L. Davenport.

COMMISSIONERS OF PATENTS.

1836	Henry L. Ellsworth.	1:1868	Elisha Foote.	1885	M. V. Montgomery.
1845	Edmund Burke.	1869	Samuel S. Fisher.	1887	Benton J. Hall.
1849	Thomas Ewbank.	1871	Mortimer D. Leggett	1889	Charles E. Mitchell.
1852	Silas H. Hodges.	1874	John M. Thacher.	1891	William E. Simonds.
1853	Charles Mason .	1875	Rodolphus H. Duell.	1893	John S. Seymour.
1857	Joseph Holt.	1877	Ellis Spear.	1897	Beni, Butterworth,
1859	William D. Bishop.	1878	Halbert E. Paine.	1898	Charles H. Duell.
1860	Phillip F. Thomas.	1880	Edgar M. Marble.	1901	Frederick I. Allen.
1861	David P. Holloway.	1883	Beni. Butterworth.	1907	Edward B. Moore.
1865	Thomas C. Theaker.	1			

DIRECTORS OF THE MINT.

1792-95	David Rittenhouse.	1853			James P. Kimball.
	Henry W. Desaussure				Edward O. Leech.
	Elias Boudinot.	1861-66	James Pollock.	1893-98	Robert E. Preston.
		1867-69	Henry R. Linderman		
		1869-73	James Pollock.		Frank A. Leach.
1835-51	Robert M. Patterson.				A. Platt Andrew.
1851-53	George N. Eckert.	1879-84	Horatio C. Burchard.	1911	George E. Roberts.

CENSUS OFFICIALS.

1790		1860-65	Joseph C. G. Kennedy.
	Secretary of State (John Marshall).	1870-81	Francis A. Walker.
	Secretary of State (Robert Smith).	1881-85	Charles W. Seaton.
1820		1889-93	Robert P. Porter.
1830	Secretary of State (Martin Van Buren).		William B. Merriam.
1840	Secretary of State (John Forsyth).		Simeon N. Dexter North.
1850-53	Joseph C. G. Kennedy*.	1909	E. Dana Durand.
1853-54	James D. B. DeBow.		1

* The title of the heads of the Census Office from 1850 to 1899 was Superintendent of the Census, and since 1899, Director of the Census.

DIRECTORS OF THE U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Clarence King. John Wesley Powell.	1894-1907 Charles D. Walcott.	1907	George Otls Smlth.

COMMISSIONERS OF EDUCATION.

1867-70 Henry Barnard. 1870-86 John Eaton.	1886-89 Nath. H. R. Dawson. 1889-1906 William T. Harris.	1906-11

LIBRARIANS OF CONCRESS.

(The Clerk of the House of Representatives was Librarian until 1815.)

1815-29	George Watterston.	John G. Stephenson. 1897-99	John R. Young.
1829-61	John S. Meehan.	Alnsworth R. Spofford. 1899	Herbert Putnam.

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

1871-87	Spencer F. Baird.	111888-05	Marshall MacDonald.	111898	George W. Bowers.
1011-01	opencer r. Danu.	[[1000-90	Maistall MacDonald.	((1000	Chentee M. Doners.
1887_88	G. Brown Goode.	111206-02	John J. Brice.	11	i .
1001-00	Ja. Drown Goode.	111000-00	John J. Direc.	11	· .

CHIEFS OF THE DIVISION OF FORESTRY.

1876-83	Franklin B. Hough.	1886-98 Bernhard Fernow.	11909	Henry S. Graves.
1002 06	Nathaniel H. Egelston.	[[1898-1909]Gifford Pinchot.	11	
1000-00	manianiei n. Egeision.	11395-1909 GIIIOI G FINCHOL.	11	

SOLICITORS-CENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

	Benjamin H. Bristow.		William H. Taft. Charles H. Aldrich.		Henry M. Hoyt. Lloyd W. Bowers.
1885-86	John Goode.	1893-95	Law Maxwell, Jr.	1910-12	Frederick W. Lehmann.
1886-89 1889-90	George A. Jenks.		Holmes Conrad.	1912	William M. Bullitt.

COMMISSIONERS OF CENERAL LAND OFFICE.

YEAR.	Commissioners.	YEAR.	Commissioners.	YEAR.	_ Commissioners.
1812 1814 1822 1823 1830 1835 1836 1841 1842 1845 1847	Edward Tiffin. Josiah Meigs. John McLean. George Graham. Elijah Haywood. Ethan A. Brown. James Whitcomb. Elisha M. Huntington. Thomas H. Blake. James Shelds. Richard M. Young.	1849 1852 1855 1859 1860 1861 1866 1871 1874 1876	Justin Butterfield. John Wilson. Thomas A. Hendricks. Samuel A. Smith. Joseph S. Wilson. James M. Edmunds. Joseph S. Wilson. Willis Drummond. Samuel S. Burdett. James A. Williamson. Noah C. McFarland.	1889 1891 1892 1893 1897 1903	William A. J. Sparks, Strother M. Stockslager Lewis A. Groff. Thomas H. Carter. William M. Stone. Silas W. Lamoreux. Binger Herrmann. William A. Richards. Richard A. Ballinger. Frederick Dennett.

COMMISSIONERS OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

1850 Luke Lea. 1869 Ely S. Parker. 1893 Daniel M. Browni 1853 George W. Manypenny. 1871 Francis A. Walker. 1897 William A. Jones. 1857 James W. Denver. 1873 Edward P. Smith. 1904 Francis E. Leupp.	1836 1838 1845 1849 1850 1853 1857	George W. Manypenny. James W. Denver. Charles E. Mix.	1871 1873 1875	Francis A. Walker. Edward P. Smith. John Q. Smith.	1897 1904	Rowland E. Trowbridg Hiram Price. John D. C. Atkins. John H. Oberly. Thomas J. Morgan. Danlel M. Browning. William A Jones. Francis E. Leupp. Robert G. Valentine.
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ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS-CENERAL.

1851 1861 1864 1868 1868 1869 1870 1871 1871 1873 1873 1875 1875 1875 1875 1875	Alfred B. McCalmont. Titian J. Coffey. J. Hubiey Ashton. John M. Binckiey. J. Hubiey Ashton. T. Lyle Dickey. Walbridge A. Field. Thomas H. Talbot. Clement Hugh Hill. Walter H. Smith. Walter H. Smith. John Jorch. Thomas A. Spence. Thomas Simons. Edwin B. Smith. Augustine S. Gaylord. Edgar M. Marble. A. A. Freeman. Joseph K. McCammon. William A. Maury. Robert A. Howard.	1885 1885 1889 1889 1891 1893 1893 1893 1893 1893	Zach. Montgomery. Edwin E. Bryant. John B. Cotton. George H. Shields. James N. Tyner. A. X. Parker. Leonard W. Colby. Edward B. Whitney. Holmes Conrad. Charles B. Howry. Joshua E. Dodge. John J. Edilson. John I. Thomas. William A. Little. Isaac H. Llonberger. Willis Van Devanter. James Edmund Boyd. Henry M. Hoyt. John G. Thompson. Louls A. Pradt.	1897 1900 1901 1903 1903 1903 1904 1904 1905 1906 1907 1907 1907 1907 1909 1909 1909	James N. Tyner. James M. Beck. William E. Fuller. Frank L. Campbell. Milton D. Purdy. Charles H. Robb. James C. McReynolds Charles H. Robb. James C. McReynolds Charles H. Robb. James W. Russell Jaliah W. Robert Jaliah W. Robert Jaliah W. M. Robert Jaliah W. Brown James A. Fowler. Oscar Lawler. William R. Harr. William R. Harr. William R. Harr.

Treasurers of the United States.

Continental Treasures—The germ of the Treasury Department was planted when, on July 29, 1775, the Continental Congress appointed two Treasurers. The appointments were Michael Hillegas and George Clymer. The latter soon resigned to accept his seat as delegate to the Congress, Mr. Hillegas discharged the duties of Treasurer until September 11, 1789. The Treasury Department was organized under the act of September 2, 1789. Strictly speaking, it was reorganized, for the department, under various names, had been in existence since 1775. The Constitution went into effect March 4, 1789. Washington was inaugurated as the first President of the United States April 30, 1789. It will thus be seen that Mr. Hillegas was Treasurer for nearly five months after the inauguration of Washington, and for nine days after the Treasury Department was organized under the Constitution.

Name.	Whence Appointed.		Expiration of Service.		Whence Appointed.	Date of Commission.	Expiration of Service.
1 Michael Hillegas.	Pennsylvania.	July 29,1775	Sept.11,1789	13 James Gilfillan	Connectiont	July 1,1877	Mar. 1,1883
2 Samuel Meredith.	Pennsylvania	Sept.11,1789	Oct. 31,1801	14 A. U. Wyman	Wisconsin	Apr. 1,1883	Apr. 30,1885
				15 Conrad N. Jordan			
				16 James W. Hyatt.			
5 John Campbell	Virginia	May 26.1829	July 20,1839	17 J. N. Huston	Indiana	May 11,1889	Apr. 24,1891
6 William Selden	Virginia	July 22,1839	Nov. 23,1850	18 Enos H. Nebeker.	Indiana	Apr. 25,1891	May 31,1893
7. John Sloane	Ohio	Nov.27.1850	Apr. 6,1852	19 Daniel N. Morgan	Connecticut	June 1,1893	June 30,1897
8 Samuel Casey	Kentucky	Apr. 4,1853	Dec. 22,1859	20 Elila H. Roberta	New York	July 1,1897	June 30, 1905
9 William C. Price.	Missouri	Feb. 28.1860	Mar. 21.1861	21 Chas. H. Treat	New York	July 1,1905	Oct. 31, 1909
10 F. E. Spinuer	New York	Mar. 16,1861	June 30, 1875	22 Lee McClung	Tennessee	Nov. 1,1909	Nov.14, 1912
11 John C. New	Indiana	June 80, 1875	July 1.1876	23 Carmi A. Thompson	Ohio	Nov., 1912	
12 A. U. Wyman	Wisconsin	Inly 1 1876	Jnne 20 1877		•		1

National Platforms of Political Parties in 1912. NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY ADOPTED AT BAL-

TIMORE, MD., JULY 2, 1912.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY ADOPTED AT BALTIMORE, MD., JULY 2, 1912.

We, the representatives of the Democratic present provided in the provided of the provided states, in national convention assembled, reaffrm our devotion to the principles of Democratic government formulated by Thomas Jefferson and enforced by a long and illustrious line of Democratic Presidents.

Tariff Reform—We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the Federal Government, under the Constitution, has no right or power to impose or collect tariff the provided of the

Income Tax and Popular Election of Senators—We congratulate the country upon the triumph of two important reforms demanded in the last National platform, namely, the amendment of the Federal Constitution authorizing an income tax and the amendment providing for the popular election of Senators, and we call upon the people of all the States to rally to the support of the pending proposition and secure their ratification.

Publicity of Campaign Contributions—We note with gratification the unanimous sentiment in favor of publicity before the election of campaign contributions—a measure demanded in our National platform of 1908, and at that time opposed by the Republican party, and we commend the Democratic House of Representatives for extending the doctrine of publicity to recommendations, verbal and written, upon which Presidential appointments are made, to the ownership and control of newspapers and to the expenditures made by and in behalf of those who aspire to Presidential nominations, and we point for additional justification for this legislation to the enormous expenditures of money in behalf of the President and his predecessor in the recent Presidential Primarles—The movement toward more popular government should be promoted, through legislation, in each State which will permit the expression of the preference of the electors for National candidates at Presidential primarles.

We direct that the National Committee incorporate in the call for the next nominating convention a requirement that all expressions of preference for Presidential candidates shall be given and the selection of delegates and Aternates made through a primary election conducted by the

party organization in each State where such expression and election are not provided for by State law. Committeemen who are hereafter to constitute the membership of the Democratic National Committee, and whose election is not provided for by law, shall be chosen in each State at such primary elections, and the service and authority of committeemen, however chosen, shall begin immediately upon the receipt of their credentials respectively.

**Campaign Contributions—We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law prohibiting any corporation from contributing to a campaign fund and any individual from contributing any amount above a reasonable maximum.

Term of President—We favor a single Presidential term, and to that end urge the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution making the President of the United States incligible for reelection, and we pledge the candidate of this convention to this principle.

Record of the Democratic Congress—At this time, when the Republican party after a generation of unlimited power in its control of the Pederal Government, is rent into factions, it is opportune to point to the record of accomplishment of the Democratic House of Representatives in the Sixty-second Congress. We indorse its action and we challenge comparison of its record with that of any Congress which has been controlled by our opponents.

We call the attention of the patriotic citizens of our country to its record of efficiency, economy party organization in each State where such expression and election are not provided for by State

We call the attention of the patriotic citizens of our country to its record of efficiency, economy

It has, among other achievements, revised the rules of the House of Representatives so as to give to the representatives of the American people freedom of speech and of action in advocating, proposing, and perfecting remedial legislation. It has passed bills for the relief of the people and the development of our country: it has endeavored to revise the total forms. proposing, and perfecting remedial legislation. It has passed bills for the relief of the people and the development of our country; it has endeavored to revise the tariff taxes downward in the interest of the consuming masses and thus to reduce the high cost of living; it has proposed an amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people; it has secured the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as two sovereign States; it has required the publicity of campaign expenses, both before and after election, and fixed a limit upon the election expenses of United States Senators and Representatives.

It has also passed a bill to prevent the abuse of the writ of injunction; it has passed a law establishing an eight-hour day for workmen on all National public works; it has passed and establishing an eight-hour day for workmen on all National public works; it has passed and the state of the writ of injunction; it has passed a resolution which forced the President to take immediate steps to abrogate the Russian treaty, and it has passed the great supply bills which lessen waste and extravagance and which reduce the annual expenses of the Government by many millions of dollars.

We approve the measure reported by the Democratic leaders in the House of Representatives for the creation of Council of a National Defence which will determine a definite naval programme with a view to increased efficiency and economy. The party that proclaimed and has always enforced the Monroe doctrine and was sponsor for the new navy will continue faithfully to observe the constitutional requirements to provide and maintain an adequate and well-proportioned navy sufficient to defend American policies, protect our citizens, and uphold the honor and dignity of the Nation.

Republican Extravagance—We denounce the profligate waste of money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation through the lavish appropriations of recent Republican Congresses, which have kept taxes high and reduced the purchasing power of the people's toil. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which beits a democratic government and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

Railroad, Express Companies, Telegraph and Telephone Lines—We favor the efficient supervision and rate regulation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines engaged in interstate commerce. To this end we recommend the valuation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines by the Interstate Commerce Commission, such valuation to take into consideration the physical value of the property, the original cost, the cost of reproduction, and any element of value that will render the valuation fair and just.

We favor such legislation as will effectually prohibit the railroads express, telegraph and telephone companies from engaging in business which brings them into competition with the shippers or patrons also legislation reversiting the aversities of stories and bonds by interstate religious

We favor such legislation as will effectually prohibit the railroads, express, telegraph and telephone companies from engaging in business which brings them into competition with the shippers or patrons, also legislation preventing the overlssue of stocks and bonds by interstate railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines, and legislation which will assure such reduction in transportation rates as conditions will permit, care being taken to avoid reduction that would compel a reduction of wages, prevent adequate service, or do injustice to legitimate investments,

Banking Legislation—We oppose the so-called Aldrich bill, or the establishment of a Central bank, and we believe the people of the country will be largely freed from panies and consequent unemployment and business depression by such a systematic revision of our banking laws as will render temporary relief in localities where such relief is needed, with protection from control or domination by what is known as the Money Trust.

Banks exist for the accommodation of the public and not for the control of business. All legislation on the subject of banking and currency should have for its purpose the securing of these accommodations on terms of absolute security to the public and of complete protection from the misuse of the power that wealth gives to those who possess it.

We condemn the present methods of depositing Government funds in a few favored banks, largely situated in or controlled by Wail Street, in return for political favors, and we pledge our party to provide by law for their deposit by competitive bliding in the banking institutions of the country. National and State, without discrimination as to locality upon approved securities, and business of the country. National should state, without discrimination as to locality upon approved securities, and business of the country. The countries be made, so that it may be ascertained whether a system of rural credits or agricultural finance. Therefore we recommend that an investigatio destruction

We hold that the control of the Mississippi River is a National problem; the preservation of the depth of its waters for the burpose of navigation, the building of levees to maintain the integrity of its channel, and the prevention of the overflow of the land and its consequent devastation, resulting in the interruption of interstate commerce, the disorganization of the mail service and the enormous loss of life and property, impose an obligation which alone can be discharged

by the general government.

To maintain an adequate depth of water the entire year, and thereby encourage water transpertation, is a consummation worthy of legislative attention and presents an issue National in its

character. It calls for prompt action on the part of Congress, and the Democratic party pledges itself to the enactment of legislation leading to that end.

We favor the co-operation of the United States and the respective States in plans for the comprehensive treatment of all waterways, with a view of co-ordinating plans for channel improvement with plans for drainage of swamps and overthowed lands, and to this end we favor the appro-

ment with plans for drainage of swamps and overflowed lands, and to this end we favor the appropriation by the Federal Government of sufficient funds to make surveys of such lands, to develop plans for drainage of such lands, and to supervise the work of construction.

We favor the adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for the development and improvement of our laland waterways, with economy and efficiency, so as to permit their navigation by vessels of standard draught.

Post Roads—We favor National aid to State and local authorities in the construction and maintenance of post roads.

Rights of Labor—We repeat our declarations of the platform of 1908, as follows:

"The courts of justice are the bulwarks of our liberties, and we yield to none in our purpose to maintain their dignity. Our party has given to the bench a long line of distinguished justices who have added to the respect and confidence in which this department must be jealously maintained. We resent the attempt of the Republican party to raise a faise issue respecting the judiciary. It is an unjust reflection upon a great body of our citizens to assume that they lack respect for the tained. We resent the attempt of the Republican party to raise a faise issue respecting the judiciary. It is an unjust reflection upon a great body of our citizens to assume that they lack respect for the

It is an unjust reflection upon a great body of our citizens to assume that they have respect to courts.

"It is the function of the courts to interpret the laws which the people enact, and if the laws appear to work economical, social or political injustice, it is our duty to change them. The only basis upon which the integrity of our courts can stand is that of unswerving justice and protection of life, personal liberty and property. If judicial processes may be abused, we should guard them against abuse.

"Experience has proved the necessity of a modification of the present law relating to injunction, and we reiterate the piedges of our platforms of 1896 and 1904 in favor of a measure which passed the United States Senate in 1896, relating to contempt in Federal Courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

"Questions of judicial practice have arisen, especially in connection with industrial disputes. We believe that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality and that injunctions should not be issued in any case in which an injunction would not issue if no industrial dispute were involved.

"The expanding organization of industry makes it essential that there should be no abridgement of the right of the wage-carners and producers to organize for the protection of wages and the improvement of labor conditions, to the end that such labor organizations and their members should not be regarded as illegal combinations in restraint of trade."

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law creating a Department of Labor, which persented separately in the President's Cabinet, in which department shall be included the subject of missing and the properties party so for as the Edgeral jurisdiction extends to an employer.

of mines and mining.

We piedge the Democratic party, so far as the Federal jurisdiction extends, to an employes' compensation law providing adequate indemnity for injury to body or loss of life.

Conservation of National Resources—We believe in the conservation and the development, for the use of all the people, of the natural resources of the country. Our forests, our sources of water supply, our arable and our mineral lands, our navigable streams, and all the other material resources with which our country has been so lavishly endowed, constitute the foundation of our National wealth. Such additional legislation as may be necessary to prevent their being wasted or absorbed by special or privileged interests should be enacted and the policy of their conservation should be rigidly adhered to.

The public domain should be administered and disposed of with due regard to the general welfare. Reservations should be limited to the purposes which they purport to serve and not extended to include land wholly unsuited therefor. The unnecessary withdrawal from sale and settlement of enormous tracts of public land, upon which tree growth never existed and cannot be promoted, tends only to retard development, create discontent, and bring reproach upon the policy of conservation.

promoted, tends only to retard development, create discontent, and bring reproach upon the policy of conservation.

The Public Lands—The public land laws should be administered in a spirit of the broadest liberality toward the settler exhibiting a bona fide purpose to comply therewith, to the end that the invitation of this Government to the landless should be as attractive as possible; and the plain provisions of the forest reserve act permitting homestead entries to be made within the National forests should not be nullified by administrative regulations which amount to a withdrawal of great, areas of the same from settlement.

Immediate action should be taken by Congress to make available the vast and valuable coal deposits of Alaska under conditions that will be a perfect guaranty against their falling into the hands of monopolizing corporations, associations, or interests.

bands of monopolizing corporations, associations, or interests.

Our Mineral Resources—We rejoice in the inheritance of mineral resources unequalied in extent, variety or value, and in the development of a mining industry unequalled in its magnitude and importance. We honor the men who, in their hazardous toil underground, daily risk their lives in extracting and preparing for our use the products of the mines, so essential to the industries, the commerce, and the comfort of the people of this country. And we pledge ourselves to the extension of the work of the Bureau of Mines in every way appropriate for National legislation, with a view of safeguarding the lives of the miners, lessening the waste of essential resources, and promoting the economic development of mining, which, along with agriculture, must in the future, even more than in the past, serve as the very foundation of our National prosperity and welfare and our international commerce. and our international commerce.

Agriculture—We believe in encouraging the development of a modern system of agriculture and a systematic effort to improve the conditions of trade in farm products so as to benefit both the consumers and producers. And as an efficient means to this end we favor the enactment by

and a systematic effort to improve the conditions of trade in farm products so as to belief the the consumers and producers. And as an efficient means to this end we favor the enactment by Congress of legislation that will suppress the pernicious practice of gambiling in agricultural products by organized exchanges or others.

Merchant Marine—We believe in fostering by constitutional regulation of commerce, the growth of a merchant marine, which shall develop and strengthen the commercial ties which blud us to our sister republics to the South, but without imposing additional burdens upon the people and without bounties or subsidies from the public treasury.

and without bounties or subsidies from the public treasury.

We urge upon Congress the speedy enactment of laws for the greater security of life and property at sea, and favor the repeal of all laws and the abrogation of so much of our treaties with other nations as provide for the arrest and imprisonment of seamen charged with desertion or with violation of their contract of service. Such laws and treaties are un-American, and violate the spirit, if not the letter, of the Constitution of the United States.

Panama Canal—We tavor the exemption from tolls of American ships engaged in coastwise trade passing through the Panama Canal.

We also favor legislation forbidding the use of the Panama Canal by ships owned or controlled by railroad carriers engaged in transportation competitive with the canal.

Pure Food and Public Health—We reaffirm our previous declarations advocating the

union and strengthening of the various governmental agencies relating to pure foods, quarentine; vital statistics and human health. Thus united and administered without partiality to or discrimination against any school of medicine or system of healing, they would constitute a single health service, not subordinated to any commercial or financial interests, but devoted exclusively to the conservation of human life and efficiency. Moreover, this health service should co-operate with the health agencies of our various States and cities without interference with their prerogatives, or with the freedom of individuals to employ such medical or hygienic aid as they may see fit of which the freedom of individuals to employ such medical or hygienic aid as they may see fit of which the freedom of individuals to employ so the standard of appointment and promotion, rather than service rendered to a political party; and we favor a reorganization of the elvil service with adequate compensation commensurate with the class of work performed for all officers and employes; we also favor the extension to all classes of civil service employes of the benefits of the provisions of the Employers. Lability act; we also recognize the right of direct petition to Congress by employes for the redress of grievances.

Law Reform—We recognize the urgent need of reform in the administration of civil and criminal law in the United States, and we recommend the enactment of such legislation and the promotion of such measures as will rid the present legal system of the delays, expense and uncertaintes incident to the system as now administered.

The Philippines—We recognize the urgent need of reform in the administration of civil and convention assembled against a policy of imperialism and colonial exploitation in the Philippines or elsewhere. We condemn the experiment in imperialism as an inexcusable blunder which has involved us in conormous expense, brought us weakness instead of strength, and laid our Nation open to the charge of abandonment

Government of all our recritories and the District of Columbia should be quantitied by provided and erisidence.

The Russian Treaty—We commend the patriotism of the Democratic members of the Senate and House of Representatives which compelled the termination of the Russian Treaty of 1832, and we pledge ourselves ament to preserve the sacred rights of American chilzenship at home and abroad. No treaty should receive the sanction of our Government which does not recognize that equality of all of our chilzens, irrespective of race or creed, and which does not expressly guarantee that fundamental right of expatriation.

The constitutional rights of American citizens should protect them on our borders and go with them throughout the world, and every American citizen residing or having property in any foreign country is entitled to and must be given the full protection of the United States Government, both for himself and his property.

Partyle Post and Purel Bullery. We taken the catablishment of a process post and Purel Bullery.

Parcels Post and Rural Delivery—We favor the establishment of a parcels post or postal express, and also the entension of the rural delivery system, as rapidly as practicable.

Panama Canal Exposition—We hereby express our deep interest in the great Panama Canal Exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915, and favor such encouragement as can be

Canal Exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915, and favor such encouragement as can be properly given.

Protection of National Uniform—We commend to the several States the adoption of a law making it an offence for the proprietors of places of public amusement and entertainment to discriminate against the uniform of the United States similar to the law passed by Congress applicable to the District of Columbia and the Territories in 1911.

Pensions—We renew the declaration of our last platform relating to a generous pension policy.

Pensions—We renew the declaration of our last platform relating to a generous pension policy.

Rule of the People—We call attention to the fact that the Democratic party's demand for a return to the rule of the people, expressed in the National platform four years ago, has now become the accepted doctrine of a large majority of the electors. We again remind the country that only by the larger exercise of the reserved power of the people can they protect themselves from the misuse of delegated power and the usurpation of governmental instrumentalities by special interests. For this reason the national convention insisted on the overthrow of Cannonism and the inauguration of a system by which United States Senators could be elected by direct vote. The Democration of corruption, fraud and machine rule in American politics can be effected.

Our platform is one of principles which we believe to be essential to our National welfare. Our pleates are made to be kept when in office as well as relied upon during the campaign, and we invite the co-operation of all citizens, regardless of party, who believe in maintaining unimpaired the institutions and traditions of our country.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ADOPTED AT CHICACO, ILL., JUNE 22, 1912.

The Republican party assembled by its representatives in national convention, declares its unchanging faith in government of the people, by the people, for the people. We renew our allegiance to the principles of the Republican party and our devotion to the cause of Republican institutions established by the fathers.

It is appropriate that we should now recall with a sense of veneration and gratitude the name of our first great leader, who was nominated in this city, and whose loty principles and superb devotion to his country are an inspiration to the party he honored—Abraham Lincoln. In the present state of public affairs we should be inspired by his broad statesmanship and by his tolerant spirit toward men.

The Republican party looks back on its record with pride and satisfaction, and forward to its new responsibilities with hope and confidence. Its achievements in government constitute the most luminous pages in our history. Our greatest National advance has been made during the years of its ascendency in public affairs. It has been genuinely and always a party of progress; it has never been either stationary or reactionary. It has gone from the fulfilment of one great piedge to the fulfilment of another in response to the public need and to the popular will.

Government of Laws, Not of Men—we believe in our self-controlled representative democracy, which is a government of laws, not of men, and in which order is the prerequisite of progress.

progress.

The principles of constitutions government, which make provision for orderly and effective expression of the popular will, for the protection of civil liberty and the rights of men, and for the

Interpretation of the law by an untrammelled and independent judiciary, have proved themselves capable of sustaining the structure of a Government which, after more than a century of development, embraces 100,000,000 of people, scattered over a wide and diverse territory, but bound by common purpose, common ideals, and common affection to the Constitution of the United States. Under the Constitution and the principles asserted and vitalized by it, the United States has grown to be one of the great civilized and civilizing powers of the earth. It offers a home and an opportunity to the ambitious and the industrious from other lands. Resting upon the broad basis of a people's confidence and a people's support, and managed by the people themselves, the Government of the United States will meet the problems of the future as satisfactorily as it has solved those the constitution and the problems of the future as satisfactorily as it has solved those the constitution of the Constitution and problems of the future as the problems of the future as the constitution of the Constitution and problems of the future as satisfactorily as it has solved those the constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Nation's interest. It will strive, not only in the Nation but in the several States, to enact the necessary legislation to safeguard the public health; to limit effectively the labor of women and children; to protect wage-earners engaged in dangerous occupations; to enact comprehensive and generous workman's compensation laws in place of the present wasteful and unjust system of employers liability, and in all possible ways to satisfy the just demand of the people for the study and solution of the counties and constantly changing problems of social welfare.

The complex and constantly changing problems of social welfare.

To chassign the constitution of the protect like and the counties of th

versies between nations to an international court of justice.

Monopoly and Privilege—The Republican party is opposed to special privilege and to monopoly. It placed upon the static book the Interstate Commerce act of 1887, and the important amendments the first three provisions of these laws. It will take no backward step to permit the re-establishment in any degree of conditions which were intoierable.

Experience makes it plain that the business of the country may be carried on without fear or without disturbance and at the same time without resort to practices which are abhorrent to the common sense of justice. The Republican party favors the enactment of legislation supplementary to the existing Anti-Trust act, which will define as criminal offences those specific acts that uniformly mark attempts to restrain and to monopolize trade, to the end that those who honestly intend to more surely be punished.

The same certainty should be given to the law prohibiting combinations and monopolies that

obey the law may have a guide for their action and that those who aim to violate the law may tne more surely be punished.

The same certainty should be given to the law prohibiting combinations and monopolies that characterizes other provisions of commercial law, in order that no part of the field of business opportunity may be restricted by monopoly or combination, that business success honorably achieved may not be converted into crime, and that the right of every man to acquire commodities, and particularly the necessaries of life, in an open market, uninfluenced by the manipulation of trust or combination, may be preserved.

Federal Trade Commission—In the enforcement and administration of Federal laws governing interstate commerce and enterprises impressed with a public use engaged therein, there is much that may be committed to a Federal Trade Commission, thus placing in the hands of an administrative board many of the functions now necessarily exercised by the courts. This will promote promptness in the administration of the law and avoid delays and technicalities incident to court procedure.

The Tariff—We reaffirm our belief in a protective tariff. The Republican tariff policy has been of the greatest benefit to the country, developing our resources, diversitying our industries, and protecting our workmen against competition with cheaper labor abroad, thus establishing for our wage-earners the American standard of living. The protective tariff is so woven into the fabric of our industries and throw millions of our people out of employment. The products of American labor.

American labor.

We hold that the import duties should be high enough, while yielding a sufficient revenue, to protect adequately American industries and wages. Some of the existing import duties are too high and should be reduced. Readjustment should be made from time to intended to changing conditions and to reduce excessive rates, but without injury to any American industry. To accomplish this correct information is indispensable. This information can best be obtained by an expert commission, as the large volume of useful facts contained in the recent reports of the Tariff Board ass demonstrated. The pronounced feature of modern industrial life is its enormous diversification. To apply tariff rates justly to these changing conditions requires closer study and more scientific methods than ever before. The Republican party has shown by its creation of a Tariff Board its recognition of this situation and its determination to be equal to it. We condemn the Democratic party for its failure either to provide funds for the continuance of this board or to make some other provision for securing the information requisite for intelligent tariff legislation. We

protest against the Democratic method of legislating on these vitally important subjects without

careful investigation.

Gareful Investigation.

We condemn the Democratic tariff bilis passed by the House of Representatives of the Sixtysecond Congress as sectional, as injurious to the public credit, and as destructive of business enterprise.

Cost of Living—The steadily increasing cost of living has become a matter not only of
National but of world-wide concern. The fact that it is not due to the protective tariff system is
evidenced by the existence of similar conditions in countries which have a tariff policy different
from our own, as well as by the fact that the cost of living has increased while rates of duty have
remained stationary or been reduced. The Republican party will support a prompt scientific inquiry
into the causes which are operative, both in the United States and elsewhere, to increase the cost
of living. When the exact facts are known, it will take the necessary steps to remove any abuses
that may be found to exist in order that the cost of the food, clothing, and shelter of the people
may in no way be unduly or artificially increased. may in no way be unduly or artificially increased.

Banking and Currency—The Republican party has always stood for a sound currency and for safe banking methods. It is responsible for the resumption of specie payments, and for the establishment of the gold standard. It is committed to the progressive development of our banking and currency systems. Our banking arrangements to-day need further revision to meet the requireand currency systems. Our banking arrangements to-day need further revision to meet the requirements of current conditions. We need measures which will prevent the recurrence of money panics and financial disturbances and which will promote the prosperity of business and the welfare of labor by producing constant employment. We need better currency facilities for the movement of crops in the West and South. We need banking arrangements under American auspices for the encouragement and better conduct of our foreign trade. In attaining these ends, the independence of individual banks, whether organized under National or State charters, must be carefully protected and our banking and currency system must be safeguarded from any possibility of domination by sectional, innancial or political interests.

It is of great importance to the social and economic welfare of this country that its farmers have facilities for borrowing easily and cheaply the money they need to increase the productivity of their land. It is as important that financial machinery be provided to supply the demand of garmers for credit as it is that the banking and currency systems be reformed in the interests of general business. Therefore, we recommend and urge an authoritative investigation of agricultural credit societies and corporations in other countries, and the passage of State and Federal laws for the establishment and capable supervision of organizations having for their purpose the loaning of funds to farmers.

to farmers The Civil Service—We reaffirm our adherence to the principle of appointment to public office based on proved fitness, and tenure during good behavior and efficiency. The Republican party stands committed to the maintenance, extension, and enforcement of the Civil Service law, and it favors the passage of legislation empowering the President to extend the competitive service as far as possible, the equitable retirement of disabled and superannuated members of the civil service, in order that a higher order of efficiency may be maintained.

service, in order that a higher order of emclency may be maintained.

Employers' Llability—We favor the amendment of the Federal employé's liability law so as to extend its provision to all Government employés, as well as to provide a more liberal scale of compensation for injury and death.

Campaign Contributions—We favor such additional legislation as may be necessary more effectually to prohibit corporations from contributing funds, directly or indirectly, to campaigns for the nomination or election of the President, the Vice-President, Senators and Representatives in Congress. We heartly approve the recent act of Congress requiring the fullest publicity in regard to all campaign contributions, whether made in connection with primaries, conventions or

elections.

Conservation of Natural Resources—We rejoice in the success of the distinctive Republican policy of the conservation of our natural resources, for their use by the people without waste and without monopoly. We pledge ourselves to a continuance of such a policy.

Acquisition of Public Lands—We favor such fair and reasonable rules and regulations as will not discourage or interfere with actual bona fide homeseekers, prospectors, and miners in the acquisition of public lands under existing laws.

Parcels Post—In the interest of the general public, and particularly of the agricultural or rural communities, we favor legislation looking to the establishment, under proper regulations, of a parcels post, the postal rates to be graduated under a zone system in proportion to the length of carriage.

Protection of American Civicana.

Or carriage.

Protection of American Citizens—We approve the action taken by the President and the Congress to secure with Russia, as with other countries, a treaty that will recognize the absolute right of expatriation, and that will prevent all discrimination of whatever kind between American citizens, whether native born or alien, and regardless of race, religion, or previous political allegiance. The right of asylum is a precious possession of the people of the United States, and it is to be neither surrendered nor restricted

The Navy—We believe in the maintenance of an adequate navy for the National defence, and we condemn the action of the Democratic House of Representatives in refusing to authorize

and we condemn the action of the Democratic House of Representatives in refusing to authorize the construction of additional ships.

Merchant Marine—We believe that one of the country's most urgent needs is a revived merchant marine. There should be American ships, and plenty of them, to make use of the great American interoceanic canal now nearing completion.

Flood Prevention in the Mississippi Valley—The Mississippi River is the Nation's drainage ditch. Its flood-waters, gathered from thirty-one States and the Dominion of Canada, constitute an overpowering force which breaks the levees and pours its terrents over many million acres of the richest land in the Union, stopping mails, impeding commerce, and causing great loss of life and property. These floods are National in scope, and the disasters they produce seriously affect the general welfare. The States unaided cannot cope with this glant problem; hence, we believe the Federal Government should assume a fair proportion of the burden of its control so as to prevent the disasters from recurring floods.

penieve the Federal Government should assume a fair proportion of the burden of its control so as to prevent the disasters from recurring floods.

Reclamation of Arid Lands—We favor the continuance of the policy of the Government with regard to the reclamation of arid lands, and for the encouragement of the speedy settlement and improvement of such lands; we favor an amendment to the law that will reasonably extend the time within which the cost of any reclamation project may be repaid by the landowners under it.

Rivers and Harbors—We favor a liberal and systematic policy for the improvement of our rivers and harbors. Such improvements should be made upon expert information and after a careful comparison of cost and presentive headers.

comparison of cost and prospective benefits.

Alaska—We favor a liberal policy toward Alaska, to promote the development of the great resources of that district, with such safeguards as will prevent waste and monopoly. We favor the opening of the coal lands to development through a law leasing the lands on such terms as will invite development and provide fuel for the navy and the commerce of the Pacific Ocean, while retaining title in the United States to prevent monopoly.

Porto Rico—We ratify in all its particulars the platform of 1908 respecting citizenship for the people of Porto Rico.

the people of Porto Rico.

Philippine Policy—The Philippine policy of the Republican party has been and is inspired by the belief that our duty toward the Filipino people is a National obligation which should remain entirely free from partisan politics.

Immigration—We pledge the Republican party to the enactment of appropriate laws to give relief from the constantly growing evil of induced or undesirable immigration, which is inimical to the progress and welfare of the people of the United States.

Safety at Sea—We favor the speedy enactment of laws to provide that seamen shall not be compelled to endure involuntary servitude and that life and property at sea shall be safeguarded by the ample equipment of vessels with life-saving appliances and with full complements of skilled, able-bodied seamen to operate them.

Republican Accomplishment-The approaching completion of the Panama Canal, the establishment of a Bureau of Mines, the institution of postal savings banks, the increased provision made in 1912 for the aged and infirm solders and sallors of the Republic and for their vidows, and the vigorous administration of the laws relating to pure food and drugs all mark the successful progress of Republican administration and are additional evidence of its effectiveness.

Economy and Efficiency—We commend the earnest effort of the Republican Administra-tion to secure greater economy and increased efficiency in the conduct of Government business; extravagant appropriations and the creation of unnecessary offices are an injustice to the taxpasyer.

and a bad example to the citizen.

Civic Duty-We call upon the people to quicken their interest in public affairs, to condemn and punish lynchings and other forms of lawlessness, and to strengthen in all possible ways a respect for law and the observance of it. Indifferent citizenship is an explicit from which the law affords no adequate protection and for which legislation can provide no remedy.

Arizona and New Mexico—We congratulate the people of Arizona and New Mexico upon the admission of those States, thus merging in the Union in final and enduring form the last remaining

portion of our continental territory.

Republican Administration—We challenge successful criticism of the sixteen years of Republican administration under Presidents McKinley, Roosevelt and Tatt. We heartily reaffirm the indorsement of President McKinley contained in the platform of 1900 and of 1904 and that of President Roosevelt contained in the platform of 1904 and 1908.

We invite the intelligent judgment of the American people upon the Administration of William H. Tatt. The country has prospered and been at peace under his Presidency. During the years in which he had the co-operation of a Republican Congress an unexampled amount of constructive legislation was framed and passed in the interest of the people and in obedience to their wish. That legislation is a record on which any Administration might appeal with confidence to the favorable judgment of history.

We appeal to the American electorate upon the record of the Republican party and upon this declaration of its principles and purposes. We are confident that under the leadership of the candidates here to be nominated our appeal will not be in vain; that the Republican party will meet every just expectation of the people whose servant it is; that under its administration and its laws our nation will continue to advance; that peace and prosperity will abide with the people, and that new glory will be added to the great Republic.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, ILL., AUGUST 7, 1912.

Declaration of Principles—The conscience of the people, in a time of grave national problems, has called into being a new party, born of the Nation's awakened sense of injustice.

We of the Progressive party here dedicate ourselves to the fulfilment of the duty laid upon us by our fathers to maintain that government of the people, by the people and for the people whose foundations they laid.

We hold, with Thomas Jefferson and Abraham Lincoln, that the people are the masters of their Constitution to fulfil its purposes and to safeguard it from those who, by perversion of its intent, would convert it into an instrument of injustice. In accordance with the needs of each generation, the people must use their sovereign powers to establish and maintain equal opportunity and industrial justice, to secure which this Government was founded and without which no republic can endure.

This country belongs to the people who inhabit it. Its resources, 'ts business, its institutions and its laws should be utilized, maintained or altered in whatever manner will best promote the general interest. It is time to set the public welfare in the first place.

The Old Parties—Political parties exist to secure responsible government and to execute the will of the people. From these great tasks both the old parties have turned aside. Instead of instruments to promote the general welfare, they have become the tools of corrupt interests, which use them impartially to serve their selfish purposes. Behind the ostensible government sits enthroned an invisible government, owing no allegiance and acknowledging no responsibility to the people. To destroy this invisible government, to dissolve the unholy alliance between corrupt business and corrupt politics, is the first task of the statesmanship of the day.

The deliberate betrayal of its trust by the Republican party, the fatal incapacity of the Demo-cratic party to deal with the new sissues of the new time, have compelled the people to forge a new instrument of government through which to give effect to their will in laws and institutions.

Unhampered by tradition, uncorrupted by power, undismayed by the magnitude of the task, the new party offers itself as the instrument of the people to sweep away old abuses, to build a new and nobler commonwealth.

Covenant With the People-This declaration is our covenant with the hereby bind the party and its candidates in State and Nation to the pledges made herein.

Rule of the People—The Progressive party, committed to the pinciple of government by a self-controlled democracy expressing its will through representatives of the people, pledges itself to secure such alterations in the fundamental law of the several States and of the United States as shall insure the representative character of the Government. In particular the party declares for direct primaries for candidates for the prominency, for the direct election of United States Senators by the people; and we urge on the States the policy of the short ballot, with responsibility to the people secured by the initiality referendum and recall secured by the initiative, referendum and recall.

Constitution Should Be Easily Amended—The Progressive party, believing that a free people should have the power from time to time to amend their fundamental law so as to adapt

it progressively to the changing needs of the people, pledges itself to provide a more easy and expeditious method of amending the Federal Constitution.

Nation and State—Up to the limit of the Constitution, and later by amendment of the Constitution, if found necessary, we advocate bringing under effective national jurisdiction those problems which have expanded beyond reach of the individual States.

It is as grotesque as it is intolerable that the several States should by unequal laws in matter of common concern become competing commercial agencies, barter the lives of their children the health of their women and the safety and wellbeing of their working people for the benefit of their financial interests.

The extreme insistence on States' rights by the Democratic party in the Baltimore platform demonstrates anew its inability to understand the world into which it has gurvived or to administer the affairs of a union of States which have in all essential respects become one people.

Social and Industrial Reform—The supreme duty of the Nation is the conservation of human resources through an enlightened measure of social and industrial justice. We piedge ourselves to work unceasingly in State and Nation for:

Effective legislation looking to the prevention of industrial accidents, occupational diseases, overwork, involuntary unemployment, and other injurious effects incident to modern industry. The fixing of minimum safety and health standards for the various occupations, and the exercise of the public authority of State and Nation, including the Federal control over interstate compared with taying name to maintain such standards.

merce and the taxing power, to maintain such standards.

The prohibition of child labor.

Minimum wage standards for working women, to provide a "living scale" in all industrial occupations.

The prohibition of night work for women and the establishment of an eight-hour day for

women and young persons.
One day's rest in seven for all wage-workers.
The eight-hour day in continuous twenty-four hour industries.

The abolition of the convict contract labor system; substituting a system of prison production for governmental consumption only and the application of prisoners' earnings to the support of

for governmental consumption only and the application of prisoners earnings to the support of their dependent families. Publicity as to wages, hours and conditions of labor; full reports upon industrial accidents and diseases and the opening to public inspection of all tallies, weights, measures and check systems

on labor products.

Standards of compensation for death by industrial accident and injury and trade diseases which will transfer the burden of lost earnings from the families of working people to the industry,

which will transfer the burden of lost earnings from the families of working people to the industry, and thus to the community.

The protection of home life against the hazards of sickness, irregular employment and old age through the adoption of a system of social insurance adapted to American use.

The development of the creative labor power of America by lifting the last load of illiteracy from American youth, and establishing continuation schools for industrial education under public control and encouraging agricultural education and demonstration in rural schools.

The establishment of industrial research laboratories to put the methods and discoveries of science at the service of American producers.

We favor the organization of the workers, men and women, as a means of protecting their

interests and of promoting their progress.

Regulation of Interstate Corporations—We believe that true popular government, justice and prosperity go hand in hand, and, so believing, it is our purpose to secure that large measure of general prosperity which is the fruit of legitimate and honest business, fostered by equal justice and by sound progressive laws.

by sound progressive laws.

We demand that the test of true prosperity shall be the benefits conferred thereby on all the citizens, not confined to individuals or classes, and that the test of corporate efficiency shall be the ability better to serve the public; that those who profit by control of business affairs shall justify that profit and that control by sharing with the public the fruits thereof.

We therefore demand a strong national regulation of interstate corporations. The corporation is an essential part of modern business. The concentration of modern business, in some degree, so this inevitable and necessary for National and international business efficiency. But the existing concentration of vast wealth under a corporate system, unguarded and uncontrolled by the Nation, has placed in the hands of a few men enormous, secret, irresponsible power over the daily life of the citizen—a power unsufferable in a free government and certain of abuse.

the citizen—a power unsufferable in a free government and certain of abuse.

This power has been abused in monopoly of National resources, in stock watering, in unfair competition and unfair privileges, and, finally, in sinister influences on the public agencies of State and Nation. We do not fear commercial power, but we insist that it shall be exercised openly, under publicity, supervision and regulation of the most efficient sort, which will preserve its good while eradicating and preventing its evils.

To that end we urge the establishment of a strong Federal Administrative Commission of high standing, which shall maintain permanent active supervision over industrial corporations engaged in interstate commerce, or such of them as are of public importance, doing for them what the Government now does for the National banks, and what is now done for the railroads by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Such a commission must enforce the complete publicity of those corporate transactions which

State Commerce Commission.

Such a commission must enforce the complete publicity of those corporate transactions which are of public interest; must attack unfair competition, faise capitalization and special privilege, and by continuous trained watchfulness guard and keep open equally to all the highways of American commerce. Thus the business man will have certain knowledge of the law and will be able to conduct his business easily in conformity therewith, the Investor will find security for his capital, dividends will be rendered more certain and the savings of the people will be drawn naturally and safely late the channels of trade.

Under such a system of constructive regulation legitimate business, freed from confusion, uncertainty and fruitiess litigation, will develop normally in response to the energy and enterprise

of the American business man.

Commercial Development—The time has come when the Federal Government should co-operate with manufacturers and producers in extending our foreign commerce. To this end we demand adequate appropriations by Congress and the appointment of diplomatic and consular officers solely with a view to their special fitness and worth, and not in consideration of political expediency.

It is imperative to the welfare of our people that we enlarge and extend our foreign commerce, where the description of the decay of manufacturing; our business men are strong executives, strong organizers. In every way possible

our Federal Government should co-operate in this important matter.

Any one who has had opportunity to study and observe first hand Germany's course in this respect must realize that their policy of co-operation between Government and business has in comparatively few years made them a leading competitor for the commerce of the world. It should

be remembered that they are doing this on a National scale and with large units of business, while the Democrats would have us believe that we should do it with small units of business, which would be controlled, not by the National Government, but by forty-nine condicting sovereignties. Such a policy is utterly out of keeping with the progress of the times and gives our great commercial rivals in Europe—hungry for international markets—golden opportunities of which they are rapidly

Sinch a policy is utterly out of keeping with the progress of the times and gives our great commercial rivals in Europe—hungry for international markets—golden opportunities of which they are rapidly taking advantage.

The Tariff—We believe in a protective tariff which shall equalize conditions of competition between the United States and foreign countries, both for the farmer and the manufacturer, and which shall maintain for labor an adequate standard of living. Primarily the benefit of any tariff should be disclosed in the pay envelope of the laborer. We declare that no industry deserves protection which is unfair to labor or which is operating in violation of Federal law. We believe that the presumption is always in favor of the consuming public.

We demand tariff revision because the present tariff is unjust to the people of the United States. Fair dealing toward the people requires an immediate downward revision of those schedules wherein duties are shown to be unjust and excessive.

We pledge ourselves to the establishment of a non-partisan scientific Tariff Commission, reporting both to the President and to either branch of Congress, which shall report first, as to the costs of production, efficiency of labor, capitalization, industrial organization and efficiency, and the general competitive position in this country and abroad of industries seeking protection from Congress. Second, as to the revenue-producing power of the tariff and its relation to the resources of government; and, thirdly, as to the effect of the tariff on prices, operations of middlemen, and on the purchasing power of the consumsion should have plenary power to elicit information, and for this purpose to prescribe a uniform system of accounting for the great protected industries. The work of the commission should not prevent the immediate adoption of acts reducing these schedules generally recognized as excessive, and cannot again be trusted to keep, the promise of necessary downward revision. The Democratic party is committed to the

High Cost of Living—The high cost of living is due partly to world-wide and partly to local causes: partly to natural and partly to artificial causes. The measures proposed in this platform on various subjects, such as the tariff, the trusts and conservation, will of themselves remove the artificial causes. There will remain other elements, such as the tendency to leave the country for the city, waste, extravagance, bad system of taxation, poor methods of raising crops and bad business methods in marketing crops. To remedy these conditions requires the fullest information and, based on this information, effective Government supervision and control to remove all the artificial causes. We pledge ourselves to such full and immediate inquiry and to immediate action to deal with every need such inquiry discloses.

Improvement of the Currency—We believe there exists imperative need for prompt legislation for the improvement of our national currency system. We believe the present method of issuing notes through private agencies is harmful and unscientific. The issue of currency is fundamentally a Government function and the system should have as basic principles soundness and elasticity. The control should be lodged with the Government and should be protected from domination or manipulation by Wall Street or any special interests.

We are opposed to the so-called Aldrich currency bill because its provisions would place our currency and credit system in private hands, not subject to effective public control.

We are opposed to the so-called Aidrich currency bill because its provisions would place our currency and credit system in private hands, not subject to effective public control.

Conservation of Natural Resources—The natural resources of the Nation must be promptly developed and generously used to supply the people's needs, but we cannot safely allow them to be wasted, exploited, monopolized or controlled against the general good. We heartly favor the policy of conservation and we pledge our party to protect the National forests without hindering their legitimate use for the benefit of all the people. Agricultural lands in the National forests are, and should remain, open to the genuine settler. Conservation will not retard legitimate development. The honest settler must receive his patent promptly without hindrance, rules or delays.

We believe that the remaining forests, coal and oil lands, water powers and other natural resources still in State or National control (except agricultural lands) are more likely to be wisely conserved and utilized for the general welfare if held in the public hands.

In order that consumers and producers, managers and workmen, now and hereafter, need not pay toil to private monopolies of power and raw material, we demand that such resources shall be retained by the State or Nation and opened to immediate use under laws which will encourage development and make to the people a moderate return for benefits conferred.

In particular we pledge our party to require reasonable compensation to the public for water power rights hereafter granted by the public. We pledge legislation to lease the public grazing lands under equitable provisions now pending which will increase the production of food for the power lights hereafter granted by the public. We pledge legislation to lease the public grazing lands under equitable provisions now pending which will increase the production of food for the power rights hereafter granted by the public. We pledge legislation to lease the public grazing

It is a national obligation to develop our rivers, and especially the Mississippi and its tributaries, without delay, under a comprehensive general plan covering each river system, from its source to its mouth, designed to secure its highest usefulness for navigation, irrigation, domestic supply, water power and the prevention of floods. We pledge our party to the immediate preparation of such a plan, which should be made and carried out in close and friendly co-operation between the Nation, the state, and the cities affected.

Under such a plan the destructive floods of the Mississippi and other streams, which represent a vast and needless loss to the Nation, would be controlled by forest conservation and water storage at the headwaters, and by levees below, land sufficient to support millions of people would be reclaimed from the deserts and swamps, water power enough to transform the industrial standing of whole States would be developed, adequate water terminals would be provided, transportation would revive, and the railroads would be compelled to co-operate as freely with the boat lines as with each other.

The equipment, organization and experience acquired in constructing the Panama Caual soon will be available for the lakes-to-the-gulf deep waterway and other portions of this great work, and should be utilized by the Nation in co-operation with the various States, at the lowest net cost to the people.

Panama Canal—The Panama Canal, built and paid for by the American people, must be used primarily for their benefit. We demand that the canal shall be so operated as to break the transportation monopoly now held and misused by the transcontinental railroads by maintaining sea competition with them; that ships directly or indirectly owned or controlled by American railroad corporations shall not be permitted to use the canal, and that American ships engaged in coastwise trade shall pay no tolls.

The Progressive party will favor legislation having for its aim the development of friendship and commerce between the United States and Latin-American nations.

Alaska—The coal and other natural resources of Alaska should be opened to development at once. They are owned by the people of the United States and are safe from monopoly, waste or destruction only while so owned. We demand that they shall neither be soid nor given away except under the homestead law, but while held in Government ownership shall be opened to use promptly upon liberal terms requiring immediate development.

Thus the benefit of cheap fuel will accrue to the Government of the United States and to the people of Alaska and the Pacific coast; the settlement of extensive agricultural lands will be hastened; the extermination of the salmon will be prevented, and the just and wise development of Alaskan resources will take the place of private extortion or monopoly.

resources will take the place of private extortion or monopoly.

We demand also that extortion or monopoly in transportation shall be prevented by the prompt acquisition, construction or improvement by the Government of such railroads, harbor, and other facilities for transportation as the welfare of the goople may demand.

We promise the people of the Territories, and that Federal officials appointed there shall be qualified by previous bona did residence in the Territory.

Woman Suffrage—The Progressive party, believing that no people can justly claim to be a true democracy which denies political rights on account of sex, pledges itself to the task of securing equal suffrage to men and women alike.

Corrupt Election Practices—We pledge our party to legislation that will compel strict limitation of all campaign contributions and expenditures, and detailed publicity of both before as well as after primaries and elections.

Publicity and Public Service—We pledge our party to legislation compelling the registration of lobbylsts; publicity of committee hearings, except on foreign affairs, and recording of all votes in committee; and forbidding Federal appointees from holding office in State or National officials.

Popular Review of Judicial Decisions—The Progressive party demands such restriction

Popular Review of Judicial Decisions—The Progressive party demands such restriction of the power of the courts as shall leave to the people the ultimate authority to determine fundamental questions of social welfare and public policy. To secure this end, it piedges itself to provide: First—That when an act passed under the police power of the State is held unconstitutional under the State Constitution by the courts, the people, after an ample interval for deliberation, shall have an opportunity to vote on the question whether they desire the act to become law, notwithstanding such decision.

with standing such decision.

Second—That every decision of the highest Appellate Court of a State deciaring an act of the Legislature unconstitutional on the ground of its violation of the Federal Constitution shall be subject to the same review by the Supreme Court of the United States as is now accorded to decisions

sustaining such legislation.

Administration of Justice--The Progressive party, in order to secure to the people a better Administration of justice, and by that means to bring about a more general respect for the law and the courts, piedges itself to work unceasingly for the reform of legal procedure and judicial methods. We believe that the issuance of injunctions in cases arising out of labor disputes should be prohibited when such injunctions would not apply when no labor disputes existed. We also believe that a person cited for contempt in labor disputes, except when such contempt was committed in the actual presence of the court or so near thereto as to interfere with the proper administration of justice, should have a right to trial by jury.

A Department of Labor—We pledge our party to establish a department of labor, with a seat in the Cabinet, and with wide jurisdiction over matters affecting the conditions of labor and living.

living.

Country Life—The development and prosperity of country life are as important to the people who live in the cities as they are to the farmers. Increase of prosperity on the farm will favorably affect the cost of living and promote the interests of all who dwell in the country and all who depend

upon its products for ciothing, shelter and food.

We pledge our party to foster the development of agricultural credit and co-operation, the teaching of agriculture in schools, agricultural college extension, the use of mechanical power on the farm and to re-establish the country life commission, thus directly promoting the weifare of the farmers and bringing the benefits of better farming, better business and better living within their reach.

National Health Service—We favor the union of all the existing agencies of the Federal Gov-

National Health Service—we rayor the union of all the existing agencies of the rederal Government dealing with the public health into a single National Health Service, without discrimination against or for any one set of therapeutic methods, school of medicine or school of healing, with such additional powers as may be processary to enable it to perform efficiently such duties in the protection of the public from preventable disease as may be properly undertaken by the Federal authorities, including the executing of existing laws regarding pure food; quarantine and cognate subjects; the promotion of appropriate action for the improvement of vital statistics and the extension

subjects; the promotion of appropriate action for the improvement of vital statistics and the extension of the registration area of such statistics, and co-operation with the health activities of the various States and cities of the Nation.

Patents—We pledge ourselves to the enactment of a patent law which will make it impossible for patents to be suppressed or used against the public welfare in the interest of injurious monopolles. Interstate Commerce Commission—We pledge our party to secure to the Interstate Commerce Commission to power to value the physical property of railroads. In order that the power of the commission to protect the people may not be impaired or destroyed, we demand the abolition of the Commerce Court.

Good Roads—We recognize the vital importance of good roads, and we pledge our party to foster their extension in every proper way, and we favor the early construction of National highways. We also favor the extension of the rural free delivery service.

Inheritance and Income Tax—We believe in a graduated inheritance tax as a National means of equalizing the obligations of holders of property to Government, and we hereby pledge our party to enact such a Federal law as will tax large inheritances, returning to the States an equitable percentage of all amounts collected. We favor the raification of the pending amendment to the Constitution giving the Government power to levy an income tax.

Peace and National Defence—The Progressive party deplores the survival in our civilization of the barbaric system of warfare among nations, with its enormous waste of resources even in time of peace, and the consequent impoverishment of the lift of the tolling masses. We

pledge the party to use its best endeavors to substitute judicial and other peaceful means of settling international differences.

We favor an international agreement for the limitation of naval forces. Fending such an

We favor an international agreement for the limitation of naval forces.

We favor an international agreement for the limitation of naval forces.

Bending such an agreement, and as the best means of preserving peace, we piedge ourselves to maintain for the present the policy of building two battleships a year.

Protection of American Citizens Abroad—We piedge our party to protect the rights of American citizenship at home and abroad. No treaty should receive the sanction of our Government which discriminates between American citizens because of birthplace, race or religion, or that

ment which discriminates between American citizens because of birthplace, race of religion, or that does not recognize the absolute right of expatriation.

Immigration—Through the establishment of industrial standards we propose to secure to the able-bodied immigrant and to his native fellow workers a larger share of American opportunity. We denounce the fatal policy of indifference and englect which has left our enormous immigrant population to become the prey of chance and cupidity. We favor Governmental action to encourage the distribution of immigrants away from the congested cities, to rigidly supervise all private agencies

the distribution of immigrants away from the congested cities, to rigidly supervise all private agencies dealing with them and to promote their assimilation, education and advancement.

Pensions—We pledge curselves to a wise and rust policy or pensioning American soldiers and sallors and their doors are the configuration of the southern States in granting pensions to the ex-Confederate soldiers and sallors and their widows and children.

Parcels Post—We pledge our party to the immediate creation of a parcels post, with rates proportionate to distance and service.

The Civil Service Law—We condemn the violations of the Civil Service law under the President's refusal to punish such violation after a finding of guilty by his own commission; his distribution of patronage among subservient Congressmen, while withholding it from those who refuse support of administration measures; his withdrawal of nominations from the Senate until political support for himself was secured, and his open use of the offices to reward those who voted for his renomination.

To eradicate these abuses we demand not only the enforcement of the Civil Service act in

political support for himself was sectred, and his open use of the offices to reward those who voted for his renomination.

To eradicate these abuses we demand not only the enforcement of the Civil Service act in letter and spirit, but also legislation which will bring under the competitive system postmasters, collectors, marshals and all other non-political officers, as well as the enactment of an equitable retirement law, and we also insist on continuous service during good behavior and efficiency.

Government Business Organization—We pledge our party to readjustment of the business methods of the National Government and a proper co-ordination of the Federal bureaus which will increase the economy and efficiency of the Government service, prevent duplications and secure better results to the taxpayers for every dollar expended.

Supervision Over Investments—The people of the United States are swindled out of many millions of dollars every year through worthless investments. The plain people, the wage-earners and the men and women with small savings have no way of knowing the merit of concerns seeding out highly colored prospectuses offering stock for sale, prospectuses that make big returns seem certain and fortunes easily within grasp.

We hold it to be the duty of the Government to protect its people from this kind of piracy. We therefore demand wise, carefully thought-out legislation that will give us such Governmental supervision over this matter as will furnish to the people of the United States this much needed protection, and we pledge ourselves thereto.

Conclusion—On these principles and on the recognized desirability of uniting the progressive forces of the Nation into an organization which shall unequivocally represent the progressive spirit and policy, we appeal for the support of all American citizens, without regard to previous political affiliations.

affiliations.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE PROHIBITION PARTY ADOPTED AT ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., JULY 11, 1912.

The Prohibition party of the United States of America in convention at Atlantic City, N. J., July 11, 1912, recognizing God as the source of all governmental authority, makes the following declaration of principles:

The alcoholic drink traffic is wrong, the most serious drain upon the Nation's wealth and resources, detrimental to the general welfare, destructive of the inalienable rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, and, therefore, all laws taxing or licensing a traffic that produces crime, poverty and political corruption and spreads disease and death should be repealed. To destroy such a traffic there must be elected to power a political party which will adminster the government from the standpoint that the alcoholic drink traffic is a crime and not a business, and we piedge that the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages shall be prohibited.

We favor:

The election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

We favor:
The election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.
Presidential terms of six years, and one term only.
Uniform marriage and divorce laws.
The extermination of polygamy and the complete suppression of the traffic in girls.
Suffrage for women upon the same terms as to men.
Court review as to post-office and other departmental decisions and orders; the establishment of postal savings banks, the extension of the rural delivery and the establishment of an efficient parcels post, and add the following planks:
The protection of one day in seven as a day of rest.
The absolute protection of the rights of labor without impairment of the rights of capital.
The settlement of all international disputes by arbitration.
The initiative, referendum and recall.

The initiative, referendum and recall.

The tariff is a commercial question and should be fixed on the basis of accurate knowledge secured by a permanent omnipartisan Tariff Commission with ample powers.

The abolition of child labor in the mines, workshops and factories, with the rigid enforcement

of laws now flagrantly violated.

Equitable graduated income and inheritance taxes.

Conservation of our mineral and forest reserves, reclamation of arid and waste lands and we urge that all mineral and timber lands and water powers now owned by the Government to be held perpetually and leased for revenue purposes.

Clearly defined laws for the regulation and control of corporations transacting an interstate

business.

Greater efficiency and economy in Government service.

To the fundamental principles the National Prohibition party renews its long allegiance and on these issues invite the co-operation of all citizens to the end that the true object of popular government may be attained; i. e., equal and exact justice to all.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY ADOPTED AT INDIAN-APOLIS, IND., MAY 16, 1912.

APOLIS, IND., MAY 16, 1912.

The representatives of the Socialist party in National Convention at Indianapolis, declare that the capitalist system has outgrown its historical function, and has become utterly incapable of meeting the problems now confronting society. We denounce this outgrown system as incompetent and corrupt and the source of unspeakable misery and suffering to the whole working class.

Under this system the industrial equipment of the Nation has passed into the absolute control of any organized resistance, it stretches designed to the nation has passed into the absolute control of any organized resistance, it stretches the section of the Nation has passed into the absolute control of any organized resistance, it stretches the section of the nation of the nat

business men and driving its members into the ranks of propertyless wage-workers. The overwhelming majority of the people of America are being forced under a yoke of bondage by this soulless industrial despotism.

It is this capitalist system that is responsible for the increasing burden of armaments, the poverty, slums, child labor, most of the insanity, crime and prostitution, and much of the disease that afflicts mankind.

Under this system the working class is exposed to poisonous conditions, to frightful and needless perils to life and limb, is wailed around with court decisions, injunctions and unjust laws, and is preved upon incessanity for the benefit of the controlling oligarchy of wealth. Under it also, the children of the working class are doomed to ignorance, drudging toil and darkened lives.

In the face of these evils, so manifest that all thoughtful observers are appalled at them, the legislative representatives of the Republican and Democratic parties remain the faithful servang of the controlling of the con

organization and class solidarity, this class is unable to enforce its will. Given such class solidarity and effective organization, the workers will have the power to make all uses and control all industry in their own interest.

All political parties are the expression of economic class interests. All other parties than the Socialist party represent one or another group of the ruling capitalist class. Their political conflicts reflect merely superficial rivaries between competing capitalist groups. However they result, these conflicts have no issue of real value to the workers. Whether the Democrats or Republicans win Socialism the Expression of the workers. Whether the Democrats or Republicans win Socialism the Expression of the workers.—The Socialist party is the political expression of the economic interests of the workers. Its defeats have been their defeats and its victories their victories. It is a party founded on the science and laws of social development. It proposes that, since all social necessities to-day are socially produced, the means of their p-oduction and distribution shall be socially owned and democratically controlled.

In the face of the economic and political aggressions of the capitalist class the only reliance left the workers is that of their-economic organizations and their political power. By the intelligent and class-conscious-use of these, they may resist successfully the capitalist class, break the fetters of wage slavery, and fit themselves for the future society, which is to displace the explaints assume the working farmers and all other useful workers everywhere to organize for economic and political scion, and we pledge ourselves to support the tolers of them working form miles and we pledge ourselves to support the tolers of them working the wage-against or economic and political party in this new struggle for freedom lies the defeat or victory of the working class party in this new struggle for freedom lies the faces of triumph of the common people of all economic groups,

tion, from capitalist oligarchy to industrial democracy.

Working Programme—As measures calculated to strengthen the working class in its fight for the realization of its ultimate aim, the Co-operative Commonwealth, and to increase its power of resistance against capitalist oppression, we advocate and pledge ourselves and our elected officers

to the following programme:
Collective Ownership—First:

to the ionowing programme:

The collective ownership—First: The collective ownership and democratic management of railroads, wire and wireless telegraphs and telephones, express service, steamboat lines and all other social means of transportation and communication and of all large-scale industries. Second: The immediate acquirement by the municipalities, the States or the Federal Government of all grain elevators, stock yards, storage warehouses, and other distributing agencies, in order to reduce the present extortionate cost of living.

power. The further conservation and development of natural resources for the use and water

Fourth:

Fourth: The further conservation and development of natural resources for the use and benefit of all the people:

(a) By selentific forestation and timber protection.

(b) By the reclamation of arid and swamp tracts.

(c) By the storage of flood waters and the utilization of water power.

(d) By the stoppage of the present extravagant waste of the soil and of the products of mines and oil wells.

(e) By the development of highway and waterway systems.

Fifth: The collective ownership of land wherever practicable, and in cases where such ownership is impracticable, the appropriation by taxation of the annual rental value of all land held for speculation or exploitation.

Sixth: The collective ownership and democratic management of the banking and currency system.

system.

Unemployment—The immediate Government relief of the unemployed by the extension of uluseful public works. All persons employed on such works to be engaged directly by the Government under a work day of not more than eight hours and at not less than the prevailing union wages. The Government also to establish employment bureaus; to lend money to States and municipalities, without interest, for the purpose of carrying on public works, and to take such other measures within its power as will lesseen the widespread misery of the workers caused by the misrule of the capitalist

Industrial Demands-The conservation of human resources, particularly of the lives and

well-being of the workers and their families:
First: By shortening the work day in keeping with the increased productiveness of machinery.
Second: By securing to every worker a rest period of not less than a day and a half in

Second: By securing to every worker a rest period of not less than a day and a half in each week.

Third: By securing a more effective inspection of workshops, factories and mines. Fourth: By forbidding the employment of children under sixteen years of age. Fifth: By abolishing the brutal exploitation of convicts under the contract system and probiting the sale of goods so produced in competition with other labor. Sixth: By forbidding the interstate transportation of the products of child labor, of convict labor and of all uninspected factories and mines.

Seventh: By abolishing the profit system in Government work, and substituting either the direct hire of labor or the awarding of contracts to co-operative groups of workers.

Fighth: By establishing minimum wage scales.

direct hire of labor or the awarding of contracts to co-operative groups of workers.

Eighth: By establishing minimum wage scales.

Ninth: By abolishing official charity and substituting a non-contributory system of old-age pensions, a general system of insurance by the State of all its members against unemployment and invalidism and a system of compulsory insurance by employers of their workers, without cost to the latter, against industrial diseases, accidents and death.

Political Demands—First: The absolute freedom of press, speech and assemblage.

Second: The adoption of a graduated income tax, the increase of the rates of the present corporation tax and the extension of inheritance taxes, graduated in proportion to the value of the estate and to nearness of kin—the proceeds of these taxes to be employed in the socialization of industry.

industry.

Third: The gradual reduction of all tariff duties, particularly those on the necessities of life. The Government to guarantee the re-employment of wage-earners who may be disemployed by

The Government to guarantee the re-employment of wage-earners who may be disemployed by reason of changes in tariff schedules.

Fourth: The abolition of the monopoly ownership of patents and the substitution of collective ownership, with direct rewards to inventors by premiums or royalties.

Fifth: Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and women. Sixth: The adoption of the initiative, referendum and recall and of proportional representation, nationally as well as locally.

Seventh: The abolition of the Senate and of the veto power of the President.

Eighth: The election of the President and Vice-President by direct vote of the people. Ninth: The abolition of the power usurped by the Supreme Court of the United States to pass upon the constitutionality of the legislation enacted by Congress. National laws to be repealed only by act of Congress or by a referendum vote of the whole people.

Tenth: The abolition of the present restrictions upon the amendment of the Constitution, so that that instrument may be made amendable by a majority of the voters in a majority of the States.

States

Eleventh: The granting of the right of suffrage in the District of Columbia with representation in Congress and a democratic form of municipal government for purely local affairs.

Twelfth: The extension of democratic government to all United States territory.

Thirteenth: The enactment of further measures for general education and particularly for vocational education in useful pursuits. The Burcau of Education to be made a department.

Fourteenth: The enactment of further measures for the conservation of health. The creation of an independent Burcau of Health with such restrictions as will secure full liberty to all schools. of an independent Bureau of Health, with such restrictions as will secure full liberty to all schools

of practice.

Fifteenth: The separation of the present Bureau of Labor from the Department of Commerce and Labor and its elevation to the rank of a department.

Sixteenth: Abolition of all Federal District Courts and the United States Circuit Courts of Appeals. State courts to have jurisdiction in all cases arising between citizens of the several States and foreign corporations. The election of all judges for short terms.

Seventeenth: The immediate curbing of the power of the courts to issue injunctions, Eighteenth: The free administration of justice.

Nineteenth: The calling of a convention for the revision of the Constitution of the United States.

States

Buch measures of relief as we may be able to force from capitalism are but a preparation of the workers to selse the whole powers of government, in order that they may thereby lay hold of the whole system of socialized industry and thus come to their rightful interitance.

Democratic National and State Committees.

DEMOCRATIC NATI	ONAL COMMITTEE,			
(Appointed by or subsequent to the Democratic N	ational Convention at Baltimore, Md., July, 1912.)			
Chairman WM. F. McCombs. NewYork City.	Missouri E. H. Goltra, St. Louis,			
SecretaryJas. E. DaviesMadison, Wis.	MontanaJ. Bruce Kremer, Butte.			
Treasurer Rolla Wells St. Louis, Mo.	NebraskaP. L. HallLincoln.			
AlabamaWin. D. JelksBirmingham,	Nevada W. J. Bell Winnemucca.			
Alaska	New Hampshire. Eugene E. Reed Manchester.			
Arizona Reese M. Linz Phœnix.	New Jersey Rob't S. Hudspeth Jersey City.			
Arkansas W. M. Kavanaugh, Little Rock.	New Mexico A. A. Jones Las Vegas.			
California., John B. Sanford Ukiah.	New York, Norman E. Mack. Buffalo.			
Colorado Thos. J. McCue Denver.	North CarolinaJosephus Daniels, Raleigh.			
Connecticut H. S. Cummings Stamford.	North DakotaJohn Bruegger Williston.			
Delaware, Willard Saulsbury, Wilmington.	Ohio, Harvey C. Garber, Columbus,			
Dist of Col John F. Costello Washington.	OklahomaRobert Galbraith. Tulsa.			
FloridaJ. T. G. Crawford. Jacksonville.	Oregon Will R. King Portland.			
Georgia Clark Howell Atlanta.	Pennsylvania A. M. Palmer Stroudsburg.			
HawaiiJohn H. Wilson Honolulu.	Porto Rico Henry W. Dooley San Juan .			
IdahoR. H. ElderCoeur d'Alene.	Rhode IslandG. W. Greene Woonsocket.			
Illinois	South Carolina B. R. Tillman, Trenton.			
Indiana Thomas Taggart French Lick.	South Dakota Thomas Tauhman. Plankinton.			
Iowa Martin J. Wade Iowa City.	TennesseeR. E. Mountcastle. Knoxville.			
Kansas William P. SappGalena.	TexasCato SellsCleburne.			
KentuckyJohn C. C. MayoPaintsville.	Utah Wm, R. Wallace Salt LakeCity.			
Louisiana Robert Ewing New Orleans	VermontThos. H. BrownRutland.			
Maine E. L. Jones Waterville.	VirginiaJ. Taylor Ellyson. Richmond.			
Maryland J. F. C. TalbottLutherville.	WashingtonJohn Pattison Spokane.			
MassachusettsJohn W. Coughlin. Fall River.	West VirginiaJohn T. McGrawGrafton.			
Michigan Edwin O. WoodFlint.	WisconsinJoseph E. DavisMadison.			
MinnesotaF. B. LynchSt. Paul.	WyomingJ. E. Osborne Rawlins,			
MississippiRobert PowellJackson.	• • •			
DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE				

Mississippi I	Robert PowellJacks			
		ATIC STATE COM	IMITTEE.	
STATES.	Chairmen.	Post-Offices.	Secretaries.	Post-Offices.
Alabama*	R. Tyler Goodwyn		John P. Abbott	Birmingham.
Arizona	George A. Olney		John H. Robinson	
Arknusas	J. A. Wells	Lonoke	W. G. Hutton	Little Rock.
	R. H. Do Witt	Yreka	F. R. Starke	Vallejo.
Colorado	George T. Bradley	Denver	Chas. H. Leckenby	Steamboat Spa.
Connecticut	Geo. Forster		E. S. Thomas	
	Thos. F. Bayard			
	F. J. Fearnside			
	W. J. Harris			
Idaho*	John F. Nugent	Boisé	Frank B. Kenyon	Boisé.
Illinois	Arthur W. Charles		Robert M. S. Sweitzer.	Chicago.
Indiana	Bernard Korbly	Indianapolis	Burt New	Indianapolis.
Iowa	N. F. Reed	Ottumwa	Earl Bronson	Spencer.
Kansas	H. S. Martin	Marion	W. H. L. Pepperell	Concordia
Kentucky	R. H. Vansant	Ashland	R. G. Phillips	Elizabethtown.
Louisiana	Thos. H. Lewis	Opelousas	A. W. Newlin	New Orleans.
Maine	Jno. S. P. H. Wilson	Auburn	Wm. F. Curran	Bangor.
Maryland	Murray Vandiver	Havre de Grace	Alb't J. Almoney (Act.)	Rockville.
Massachusetts	Thos. P. Riley	Boston	Michael A. O'Leary	
Michigan	Edmund C. Shields	Howell	A. R. Canfield	Clare.
Minnesota	Martin O'Brien	Crookston	Carlos Avery	Hutchinson.
Mississippi*	J. M. McBeath	Meridian	Jos. E. Norwood	Magnolia.
Missouri	D. O. McClung	Jefferson City.	U. R. McBride	St. Louis.
Montana	T. M. Swindlehurst	Livingston	Fiplay McRae	
Nebraska	W. H. Thompson	Grand Island	Leo Mathews	Lincoln.
Nevada	C. H. McIntosh	Tonopah	J. D. Finch	Reno.
New Hampshire	John B. Jameson	Antrim	Robert C. Murchie	Concord.
New Jersey	Edw. E. Grossenn	Wenonah	William K. Devereux	Asbury Park.
New Mexico	A. H. Hudspeth	White Oaks	Arthur Seligman	Sante Fé.
New York	George M. Palmer	Cobleskill,	John A. Mason	New York City.
North Carolina	Chas. A Webb	Asheville	Walter E. Brock	Wadesboro.
"North Dakota	D. H. McArthur	Fargo	F. W. McLean	Fargo.
Ohio*	Edw. W. Hanley	Dayton	Frank Harper	Washington C. I.
Oklahoma	Tom C. Harrill	Wagoner	D. L. Frawley	Alva.
Oregon*	Alex. Sweek	Portland	J. B. Rvan	Portland.
Pennsylvania*	Walter E. Ritter	Williamsport	P. Grav Meek	Bellefonte.
Rhode Island	F. E. Fitzsimmons	Lonsdale	Freder'k W. O'Connell	Providence.
South Carolina	John Garv Evans	Spartanburg	Ohristie Benet	Columbia.
South Dakota*	R. F. Lyons	Vermillion	P. F Wickhem	Alexandria.
Tennessee	J. D. G. Morton	Gallatin.	Henry B. Morrow	Nashville.
Texas.	Walter Collins	Hillsboro	Chas. J. Kirk	Houston.
Utah	lames H. Moyle	Salt Lake City	Heber C.Jex	Provo.
Vermont*	Emory S. Harris	Bennington.	M. G. Leary	Burlington.
Virginia	. J. Taylor Ellyson	Richmond	J. N. Brenaman	Richmond.
Washington*	. Hugh C. Todd	Seattle	John W. Troy	Seattle.
West Virginia*	. W. G. Bennett	Weston	Alfred E. Kenny	Grantsville.
Wisconsin	. P A. Hemmey	Juneau	H. McLogan	Milwaukee.
Wyoming	. S. G. Hopkins	Cheyenne	Wilfrid O'Leary	Cheyenne.
* Committees	subject to revision in Sta	stes marked *		
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Republican National and State Committees.

Appointed by or subsequent to the Republica	n National Convention at Chicago, June, 1912.			
Chairman, CHAS. D. HILLES. Dobbs Ferry, N.Y.				
Secretary Jas. B. R. ynolds Boston, Mass.	MontanaT, A. Marlow Helena.			
Treasurer, George R, Sheldon, New York,	Nebraska R. B. Howell Omaha			
Alabama P. D. Barker Mobile.	Nevada H. B. Maxson Reno.			
Alaska Wm. S. Bayliss Juneau.	New H'pshire. F. W. Estabrook. Nashua.			
Arizona Ralph H. Cameron. Grand Canyon.	New Jersey Franklin Murphy, Newark.			
Arkansas Powell Clayton Wash'gton, D. C.	New Mexico., .(has. A. Spiess Las Vegas.			
California	New York Wm. Barnes, Jr Albany.			
ColoradoSim. Guggenheim. Denver.	North Carolina E. C. Duncan Raleigh.			
Connecticut Chas. F. Brooker Ansonia.	North Dakota. Thos. E. Marshall Oakes.			
Delaware T. C. du Pont Wilmington.	Ohio Sperman Granger Zanesville.			
Dist.Columbia, Chapin Brown, Washington.	Oklahoma C. M. Cade Shawnee.			
Florida Henry S. Chubb Gainesville.	Oregon R. E. Williams. Dallas.			
Georgia Henry S. Jackson Atlanta.	Pennsylvania Henry G. Wasson. Pittsturgh.			
Hawaji Thos. A. Rice Honolulu.	Philippines Henry B. McCoy Manila.			
Idaho John W. Hart Menan.	Porto RicoS. BehnSan Juan.			
Illinois Roy O. West Chicago,	Rhode IslandWin. P. SheffieldNewport.			
IndianaJas. B. GoodrichIndianapolis.	South Carolina Jas. W. Tolbert. Greenwood.			
IowaJohn T. AdamsDubuque.	South Dakota . Thomas Thorson . Canton.			
Kansas	Tennessee Newell Sanders Chattanooga.			
KentuckyJno.W.McCulloch.Owensboro.	Texas H. F MacGregor, Houston.			
Louisiana Victor Loisel New Orleans.	UtahReed SmootProvo.			
Maine Frederick Hale Portland.	VermontJohn L. LewisNorth Troy.			
Maryland Wm. P. Jackson Salisbury.	Virginia Alvah H. Martin. Norfolk.			
Massachusetts. W. Murray Crane. Dalton.	WashingtonS. A. Perkins Tacoma.			
Michigan Chas. B. Warren. Detroit.	West Virginia, Madison			
Minnesota,, E. B. Hawkins Duluth.	Wisconsin Alfred T. Rogers . Madison.			
Mississippi,L. B. Mosely Jackson.	Wyoming Geo. E. Pexton Evanston.			
REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.				

		CAN STATE COM		
STATES.	Chairmen.	Post-Offices.	Secretaries.	Post-Offices.
Alabama*	P. M. Long	Cordova	Ohas. B. Kennamer	
Arizona	J. L. Hubbell	Ganado	Chas. Arnold	Phoenix.
Arkangas	H L Remmel	Little Rock	U. S. Bratton.	Little Rock.
California	Daniel A. Ryan	San Francisco	Chas. R. Detrick	San Francisco.
Colorado	Jesse F. McDonald	Leadville	William C. Blair	Lake City.
Connecticut	J. Henry Roraback	Canaan	George E. Hinman	Willimantic.
Delaware	Edmund Mitchell	Wilmington,	Thos. S. Lewis	Wilmington.
Florida	Henry S. Chubb	Gainesville	Joseph E. Lee	Jacksonville.
Georgia*	W. H. Johnson	Atlanta	A. Graves	Atlanta.
Illinois	Roy O. West	Chicago	C, J. Doyle	Springfield.
Indiana*	Edwin M. Lee	Lawrenceburg	John F. Hayes	Indianapolis.
Iowa	Chas. A. Rawson	Des Moines	L. B. Whitney	Decorah.
Kansas	Jos. N. Dolley	Topeka	F. H. Beam	Topeka.
Kentucky	E. T. Franks	Owens boro	Alvis S. Bennett	Louisville.
Louisiana	C. S. Herbert	New Orleans	A. C. Carpenter	New Orleans.
Maine	Warren C. Philbrook.	Augusta	H. H. Hastings	Bethel.
			Benj. M. Haughey	
			Chas. S Groves	
			Chas. S. Pierce	
Minnesota	E. E. Smith	Minneapolis	J. A. O. Preus	St. Paul,
Mississippi*	Fred. W. Collins	Summit	T. V. McAllister	Vicksburg.
Missouri	Politte Elvins	Elvins	W. T. Findly	St. Louis
Montana	J. E. Edwards	Forsyth	Richard Lockey, Jr	Helena.
			R. G. Douglas	
Nevada	H. E. Reid	Reno	L. A. Gibbons	Reno.
New Hampshire*	Edmund S. Cook	Concord	Frank A. Musgrove	Hanover.
New Jersey	Edmund W. Wakelee	New York City	E. W. Gray	Newark,
New Mexico*	H. O. Bursum	Socorro	Frank W. Shearon	Sante Fé.
New York	William Barnes, Jr	New York City	Lafayette B. Gleason	New York City.
North Carolina	J. M. Moorehead	Spray	William Grissom	Spray
North Dakota	F. A. Brewster	Fessenden	James Foley	Bismarck.
Ohio	W. L. Parmenter	Lima	G. H Hamilton	Newark.
Oklahoma	Arthur H. Geisler	Oklahoma City	Geo. H. Dodson	Oklahoma City.
Oregon	Chas. B. Moore	Portland	Edward B. Baldwin	Portland.
Pennsylvania	Henry G. Wasson	Philadelphia	Andrew B. Hitchcock.	Philadelphia.
Rhode Island	Charles A. Wilson	Providence	Nathan M. Wright	Providence.
South Carolina	Jos. W. Tolbert	Ninety-Six	H. H. Mobley	Columbia.
South Dakota*	W. C. Cook	Sioux Falls	C. J. Morris	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee	J. S. Beasley	Nashville	George T Renfro	Nashville.
Texas*	Cecil A. Lyon	Sherman	Bart Marshall	Sherman.
Utah	Henry Gardner	Spanish Fork	H. L. Cummings	Salt Lake City.
Vermont	F. C. Williams	Newport	Earle S. Kinsley	Ruthland.
Virginia	C. B. Slemp	Big Stone Gap	Geo. L. Hart	Roanoke.
Washington	B. W. Coiner	Tacoma	Edgar C. Snyder	Seattle.
West Virginia	Jas. S. Larkin	Charleston	R. B. Bernheim	Welch.
Wisconsin	Geo. E. Scott	Prairie Farm	E. F. Dithmar	Baraboo.
Wyoming			. Wm. R. Weeks	Kiverton.
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^{*} Committees subject to revision in States marked *.

Progressive National and State Committees.

PROGRESSIVE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

110011111111111111111111111111111111111	CAME COMMITTEE.
Appointed by the Progressive Party Nation	nal Convention at Chicago, August 7, 1912.
Chairman. Joseph M. Dixon. Missoula, Mo. Secretary. O. K. Davis. Whitgton, D. C. Treasurer. E. H. Hooker. New York City. Alabama. Joseph O. Thompson. Birmingham. Alaska. E. Valentine. Juneau. Arlzona. J. F. Cleveland. Phoenix. Arkansas. Henry K. Cochran. Little Rock. California. Chester H. Rowell. Fresno. Colorado. Ben. B. Lindsey. Juvenile Court, Delaware Louis A. Drexier. Bethany Beach. Dist. of C. Frank J. Hogan. Whington, D. C. Florida. H. L. Anderson. Jacksonville. Georgia. C. W. McClure. Atlanta. Hawaii. A. L. C. Atkinson. Honolulu. Idaho. P. M. Smook. Bolsé. Illinois. Medill McCormick. Chicago. Indiana. Rudolph G. Leeds. Richmond. Iowa. John L. Stevens. Boone. Kansas. William Allen White Emporia. Kentucky Leslie Combs. Louisville. Louislana. Pearl Wight. New Orleans. Maine. Halbert P. Gardiner Portland. Maryland. E. C. Carrington, Jr. Baltimore. Mass. Mathew Hale. Boston. Michigan. Henry M. Wallace. Detroit.	Minn. Milton D. Purdy. Minneapolis. Miss. B. F. Fridge. Elisville. Missouri. Will H. Walker. St. Louis. Montana. Joseph M. Dixon. Missoula. Nebraska. Nathan Merriam. Omaha. Nevada. P. L. Flanigan. Reno. N. Ham. William Savacool. Manchester. N. Jersey. Borden D. Whiting. Newark. N. Mex. Miguel A. Otero. Santa Fé. New York. George W. Perkins. New York City. N. Car. J. N. Williamson, Jr. Burlington. N. Dak. A. Y. More. Fargo. Ohio. John J. Sullivan. Cleveland. Okla. Geo. C. Priestley. Bartlesville. Oregon. Henry W. Coe. Portland. Pa. William Filnn. Pittsburgh. R. Island. Edwin F. Tuttle. Providence. S. Car. B. Sherwood Dunn. Columbla. S. Dak. R. S. Vessey. Pierre. Tenn. G. T. Tayior. Nashville. Texas. Cecil A. Lyon. Sherman. Utah. Maroni Helner. Salt Lake City. Vermont. Chas. H. Thompson. Boston. Virginla. Thomas Lee Moore. Roanoke. Wash. Lorenzo Dow. Seattle. W. Va. W. M. O. Dawson. Charleston. Wils. Henry F. Cochems. Millwaukee. Wyoming. Robert D. Carey. Cheyenne.
DDACDESSIVE ST	ATE COMMITTEE

PROGRESSIVE STATE COMMITTEE.

Negal Methods of Punishment of Murderers (First Degree) in United States and Territories.

STATES.	Methods.	STATES.	Methods.	STATES.	Methods.
Alabama	Hanging.	Maine	ment.	Oregon I	Ianging.
Arizona Arkansas California	Hanging.	Michigan	Electrocution. Llfe imprison- ment.	Pennsylvania. I Porto Rico I Rhode Island. I	
Colorado Connecticut Delaware	Hanging. Hanging.	Minnesota Mississippi Missouri		S. CarolinaI S. DakotaI	
Dist. of Col	Hanging. Hanging.	Montana Nebraska	Hanging.	TennesseeF	langing.
Georgia	Hanging. Hanging.		ing at discretion of murderer.		ing at discretion of murderer.
Iilinois Indiana Iowa	Hanging.	N.Hampshire. New Jersey New Mexico.	Electrocution.	Vermont H Virginia E Washington H	lectrocution.
Kansas	Life imprisonm't. Electrocution.	New York	Electrocution. Electrocution.	W. Virginia F	
Louisiana Maryland	Hanging.	Ohio	Electrocution.	WyomingE	

Prohibition Party National Committee.

National Headquarters, 106 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. Chairman.....Virgil G. Hinshaw. Vice-Chairman J. B. LEWIS.

Alabama-J. B. Albritton, Bellwood; W. B. Smith. Arizona-Frank J. Sibley, Eugene W. Chafin, Tucson. Arkansas-George Kimball, J. M. Parker, Little Rock. California-F. W. Emerson, San Francisco.* Colorado—J. H. Ketchum, Colorado Springs; O. A. Reinbardt, DenverConnecticut—Frederick G. Platt, New Britain; E. L. G. Hohenthal, South Manchester. Delaware—
George W. Todd, Lewis W. Brosius, Wilmington. District of Columbia—Matthew E. O'Brien,
John R. Mahoney, Washington, Florida—John P. Cofin, Jacksonville; C. B. Wetherell, Orlando.
Illinois—Robert H. Patton, Springfield; Alonzo E. Wilson, Wheaton. Indiana—F. W. Lough,
Indianapolis; Charles Eckhart, Auburn. Iowa—Capt. K. W. Brown, Ames; O. D. Ellett, Marshalitown. Kansas—Earle R. Delay, Emporia; J. N. Woods, Ottawa. Kentucky—T. B. Demarce,
Wilmore; Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp, Lexington. Maine—N. F. Woodbury, Auburn; James H.
Ames, Bowdoinham. Maryland—Finley C. Hendrickson, Cumberland; George R. Gorsuch, Baltimore. Massachusetts—John B. Lewis, Boston; John M. Fisher, Attleboro. Michigan—F. W.
Corbett, Lansing; Wm. A. Brubaker, Detroit. Minnesota—W. G. Calderwood, J. D. Engle,
Minneapolis, Missouri—H. P. Farls, Clinton; Charles E. Stokes, Mansas City. Montana—Mrs.
Kate M. Hamilton, Butte. Nebraska—A. G. Wolfenbarger, D. B. Gilbert, Lincoln. New Hampshire—Alva H. Morrill, Franklin; George L. Thompson, Laconia. New Jersey—Joel W. Brown,
Jersey City; Grafton E. Day, Collingswood. New York—Olin S. Bishop, Utica; Dr. T. Alex. MacNicholl, New York. North Carolina—T. P. Johnston, Salisbury; J. M. Templeton, Greensburg,
Ohlo—Aaron S. Watkins, Ada; H. L. Peeke, Sandusky, Oklahoma—Rev. Charles Brown, Carmen;
George E. Rouch, Guthrie. Oregon—J. P. Newell, Portland; Julius G. Voget, Salem. Pennsylvania—
David B. McCalmont, Franklin; Henry S. Gill, Greensburg. Rhode Island—L. E. Remington,
Rumford; F. T. Jencks, West Barrington, South Dakota—Quincy Lee Morrow, Brooklings. Texas—
J. L. Campbell, El Paso; P. F. Paige, Dallas. Vermont—L. W. Hanson, Montpelier; Fred L. Page,
Barre. Virginia—W. F. Rife, Waynesboro; Rev. H. M. Hoge, Lincoln, Washington—R. E. Dunlap,
Seattle; O. L. Fowler, Tacoma. West Virginia—Jay E. Cunningham, Pennsboro; N. A. Emerson, San Francisco.* Colorado-J. H. Ketchum, Colorado Springs; O. A. Reinhardt, Denver-

* B. J. Vincent recommended by State Convention; State Delegation, at Atlantic City, sub-

stituted name of Mr. Atwood; National Committee referred matter back to State.

Socialist Labor Barty National Executive Committee.

PAUL AUGUSTINE, National Secretary, 28 City Hall Place, New York City. The National Executive Committee is composed of Olive M. Johnson, Fruitvale, Cal.; F. H. Kuchenbecker, Chicago, Ill.; Ernst Viewegh, Indianapolis, Ind.; James H. Arnold, Louisville, Ky.; Arthur E. Reimer, South Boston, Mass.; E. Sherman, Rockville, Ct.; Paul Dinger, Detroit, Mich.; L. Ginther, Colorado Springs, Col.; Godfrey Kinder, Newport News, Va.; Samuel Johnson, St. Paul, Minn.; John C. Butterworth, Paterson, N. J.; Henry J. Poelling, St. Louis, Mo.; John Kircher, Cleveland, Ohio; Boris Reinstein, Buffalo, N. Y.; Fannie Chernin, El Paso, Tex.; A. L. Briarcliff, Seattle, Wash.; Albert Schnabel, Milwaukee, Wis.; Williael H. Thomas, Buena Vista, Pa.

The party is organized in local organizations known as "sections," such sections existing in thirty States. Savan passons five of whom must be actual wage, workers, may form a section william.

The party is organized in local organizations known as "sections," such sections existing in thirty States. Seven persons, five of whom must be actual wage-workers, may form a section, providing they acknowledge the platform, constitution and resolutions of the Socialist Labor Party and do not belong to any other political party. But if more than seven propose to organize a section then at least three-fourths must be actual wage-workers. In places where no section exists, or where none can be formed, any person complying with the aforesaid provisions may become a member-al-large upon application to the National Executive Committee. Sections are not permitted to charge initiation fees. All questions of importance arising within the party are decided by general vote. At each meeting of the section a chairman is elected, and the same rule holds good with all standing committees.

committees.

Socialist Barty National Committee.

JOHN M. WORK, Acting National Secretary, 111 No. Washington Street, Chicago. This organization, known nationally as the Socialist Party, is officially known as the Social Democratic Party in Wisconsin, and the Public Ownership Party in Minnesota, to conform to the election laws in those States. The National Executive Committee is composed of seven members, elected by a National referendum of party members. The National Secretary is elected in like manner. The term of office is one year. The following are the members of the National Executive Committee: Victor L. Berger, Milwaukee, Wis.; Norris Hillquit, New York, N. Y.: Job Harriman, Los Angeles, Cal.; Kur. Berger, Milwaukee, Wis.; Norris Hillquit, New York, N. Y.: Job Harriman, Los Angeles, Cal.; Kur. Louis, Mo.; John Spargo, Old Bennington, Vt. The National Committee is composed of representatives from each organized State or Territory, of which there are 47. Representation is as follows: The National Committee consists of the State Secretaries of all organized States and Territories, or such other person as the members of the party in the State elect by referendum vote, with one additional member from each State or Territory for every three thousand members in good standing in such State or Territory. For the purpose of determining the representation to which each State or Territory may be entitled, the National Secretary computes the beginning of each calendar year the average dues-paying membership of such State or Territory for the preceding year. Three years consecutive membership in the party is necessary to qualify for membership in the National Committee. ization, known nationally as the Socialist Party, is officially known as the Social Democratic Party in Committee,

Aualifications for Voting in Bach State of the Union.

(Commonlested to THE WORLD ALMANAC and corrected to date by the Attorneys-General of the respective States.)

In all the States except California, Colorado, Idaho, Utah, Washington and Wyoming the right to vote at general elections is restricted to males of 21 years of age and upward. Women are entitled to vote at achool elections in several States. (See article entitled "Woman Suffrage.")

	1	PREVIO	s Resi	ENCE R	EQUIRED.	
STATES.	Requirements as to Citizenship.	ln	In County.	I In	In Pre-	
						Convicted of treason or other
Arizona*	Citizen of U. S. by nativity or	1 yr	30 dys	30 dys	30 dys	felonies, idiots, vagrants, insane. Idiot, insane, felon, under guardianship. †
Arkansas*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr	6 mo	30 dys	30 dys	guardianship. † Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, failure to pay poll-tax, U.S. soldiers, or marines.
Calif'rnia*	Citizen, male or female, by nativity, naturalization (90	1 yr	90 dys		30 dys	U. S. soldiers, or marines. Native of China, idiots, insane, embezzlers of public moneys. convicted of infamous crime.†
Colorado*.	male or female, who is duly	1 yr	90 dys	30 dys	10 dys	under guardianship, non com-
Conn. •	registered. Citizen of United States who can read English language.	1 yr		6 mo		pos mentis, insane. Convicted of heinous crime, un- less pardoned.
	Citizen of the United Statest	1	3 mo		30 dys	Insane, panpers or persons con- victed of felony unpardoned.
Dis. of Col. Florida*	See foot note on following pa Citizen of the United States	ge. 1 yr	6 mo	6 mo.	6 mo.	Idiots, duellists, convicted of fel-
						ony or any infamous crime. Felons, unless pardoned, idiots and insane.
Idaho *	Citizen of the United States	6 mo	30 dys			Idiate income convicted of fel-
Iilinois*	Citizenof the U.S. or one who obtained certificate of naturalization prior to Jan 1 1870(b)	1 yr	90dys	30 dys	30 dys	ony, bigamists, polygamists, under guardianship (n) . Convicted of felony or bribery in elections, unless restored to citizenship (h) .
Indiana*	Citizen or alien who has de- clared intention and resided	6 mo		60dys	30 dys	in elections, unless restored to citizenship (h). United States soldiers, sailors, and marines, and persons convicted of infamous crime (l).
Iowa •	Citizen of the United States (o)	6 mo	60dys		10 d(r)	Idiots, insane, convicted of infamous crime (t). famous crime, U.S. soldiers (h).
Kansas*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention (o)	6 mo	30 d y s	30dys	10 dys	Convicted of treason or felony, insane, underguardianship(d).
	Citizen of the United States (b)	1 yr		1		Convicted of treason, felony, or bribery in an election, idiots,
Louisia'a * Those able their name, o	Citizen of United States (s) (t). to read and write, or who own \$300 w r whose father or grandfather was en	2 yrs orth of titled to	1 yr propert vote o	y 255e n Jan. l	6 mo ssed in , 1867.	Idiots, insane, felons, under in- dictment, inmates of prison or charitable institution except soldiers' home.
		i	l	i	1	Paupers and Indians not taxed, under guardianship. †
	'	ì	1	ı		Felons not pardoned, lunatics,
Mass. *	Citizen who can read and write (b) .	1 yr	6 mo	6 mo	6 mo	Paupers and persons under guardianship.
Michigan*	Citizen of U.S. or alien who de- clared intention 2 yrs. and 6	6 mo	20 dys	20dys	20 dys	Indians with tribal relations. Convicted of treason or felony,
Minn, *	Citizen of United States who has been such for 3 months preceding election (b).	1 yr	30 dys	30 d ys	30 dys	Convicted of treason or felony, unpardoned, under guardian- ship, insane, Indians lacking customs of civilization.
Miss. *	Citizen of the United States who can read or understand Constitution of State,	2 yrs	1 yr	1 yr	1 yr(c)	Insane, idiots, Indians not taxed, felons, persons who have not paid taxes, bigamists.
Missouri*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention not less than 1 year or more than 5 before election.		60dys	60dys		Persons in poorhouses or asy- lums at public expense, those in prison, or convicted of in- famous crimes (k).
	Citizen of the United States (b)) -	1 -	ı		Felons not pardoned. Idiots, insane. Indians $(p)(g)$.
Nebraska*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention 30 days before election (b).	6 mo.	40 dys	30dys	10 dys	Convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights, persons non compos mentis(h).
* Austral	ian Ballot law or a modification of it in fo	rce. †	Or a pers	on unabl	e to read	the Constitution in English and to write

^{*}Australian Ballot law or a modification of it in force. † Or a person unable to read the Constitution in English and to write his mame. (a) Or citizens of Mexico who desire to become citizens under treaties of 1848 and 1854. (b) Women can vote in school elections. (c) Clergymen are qualified atter six months' residence in precinct. (d) Also solidere, sealing, and marines in U.S. service. (a) No solidere, sealing, or marine deemed a resident because stationed in the State. (1) The Australian system sometimes prevails in municipal primaries in Georgia, but same is made applicable by rule of party ordering primary and not by the law. (8) Also solidiere (except these living in soliders' homes), saliors and marines in U.S. Service. (1) During term fixed by courted the soliders of the service of

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		PREVIOU	e RESID		in Pre-	B . B
STATES.	Requirements as to Citizenship.	State.	County.	in Town.	cinct.	Persons Excluded from Suffrage.
Nevada	Citizen of the United States	6 mo.			30 dys	Idiots, insane, unpardoned con-
						victs, Chinese.
N. Hamp. N. Jersev*	Citizen of the United States (a) Citizen of the United States	1 vr	5 mo.	о що	0 1110	Idiots, paupers, insane, convicted
21, 601505						of certain crime, unless par-
N Morico	Citizen of the United States(a)	1 77	On Ave		30 dvs	doned or restored by law (j). Idiots, insane, felons, unless
M.Mexico.	Citizen of the United States(a).	1 y1	bouys		oo uy.s	restored to political rights,
NT 371-#	Citizen mike abell bene been a		4	(1)	//	Indians not taxed.
N. YORK"	Citizen who shall have been a citizen for ninety days prior	I yr	4 шо	(1)	(l)	Offenders against elective fran- chise rights, guilty of bribery,
	to election,	1				betting on elections, and per-
Woman other	wise qualified but for sex may vote at vilinoney by lax or assessment if she owns	age elec	tions(s)	ed upon	the last	sons convicted of a felony and not restored to citizenship by
preceding as	sessment roll. Elector of town not er	titled t	o vote	on pro	p osition	the Executive. Convicts in
for raising	of money or incurring town liab town assessed on last assessment roll	lity ut	lass he	or his w	ire own	
			6 mo.		4 mo	atory not disqualified. Convicted of felony or infamous
		1	1		1	crime, idiots, lunatics (o).
N. Dak, *	Citizen of the United States and civilized Indian \dagger (a).	1 yr	6 mo	90 dys	90 dys	Under guardianship, tribal Indi- ans, persons non compos mentis,
	and civilized Indian (a).	1	1		Ì	or convicted of felony or trea-
011.8	G141 - 443 - 77 - 14 - 4 G1 4 (-)			00.4	00 3	son unless pardoned
Onto*	Citizen of the United States (a	y yr	Sudys	Zudys	20 dys	Idiots, insane, and felons, per- sons in U.S. military and naval
		_	_			service on duty in Ohio.
Okla	Citizen of United States (a) (j)	1 yr.	6 mo	None.	30 dys	Felons (p) , idiots, insane, paupers (q) .
Oregon *	Citizen of U.S. or alien who has	6 mo.	No (n)	None.	None.	Idiots, insane, convicted of fel-
	declared intention more than			i	1	ony, Chinese.
Penna *	1 year prior to election (a).	l vr	l		2 mo.	Convicted of perjury and fraud
	least one month, and if 22	2		i	1	as election officers, or bribery
	years old or more must have paid tax within two years.	9	1		1	of voters.
Rhode I.*	Citizen of the United States	. 2 yrs.		6 mo.		Paupers, lunatics (g).
S. Car	Citizen of the United States (e	2yr(c)	1 yr	4 mo.	4 mo.	Felous, bribery unless par-
8. Dak	Citizen of the United States o	6 mo	30dvs	10 dys	10 dys	doned, insane, paupers. Under guardianship, insane,
	alien who has declared inten	-		-		convicted of treason or felony,
	tion, Indian who has severed tribal relations (a).	1		l		unless pardoned, U.S. soldiers, seamen, and marines.
Tenn. *	. Citizen of the U.S. who has paid	i 1 yr	. 6 mo.			Convicted of bribery or other
Towns	poll-tax of preceding year. Citizen of the U.S. or alien who		a ma	8 ma	(d)	infamous offence. Idiots, lunatics, paupers, felons
10223	has declared intention six	S 1 91	. о що.	0 1110.	. (")	unless pardoned or restored,
	months prior to election (m).			1		U. S. soldiers, marines, and
Utah*	Citizen of the United States	1 vr.	. 4 mo.		60 dys	seamen (m). Idiots, insane, convicted of trea-
	male or female, 90 days prio	r				son or crime against elective
Vermont'	to election. Citizen of the United States	1 vr	3 mo	3 ma	3 mo	franchise unless pardoned (j). Those lacking approbation of
		1	1	1	1	I local board of civil authority.
Virginia*. Wash'n*	See note at foot of page	. 2 yrs	. 1 yr	1 yr	30 dys	Idiots, lunatics, paupers (f) (j).
wasu ii .	female, and all electors of	f yr.	. souy:	30uy:	ou uy:	Idiots, lunatics, convicted of infamous crimes, Indians not
117 and 17: 4	Territory prior to Statehood	.1	00.		(4)	taxed.
west va.	Citizen of the State	yr	. ouays		(d)	Paupers, idiots, lunatics, con- victed of treason, felony, or
****	au	_	1			bribery at elections.
Wis, *	Citizen of U.S., civilized In	- 1 yr	·		10 dy:	Insane, convicted of treason or
	dians † (a).	1			1	felony(p) betting on elections, duellists.
Www.	Oltinon of the United State		00.1	100	10 4-	Idiots, insane, felons, unable
w yom. *	Cltizen of the United States male or female.	, 1 уг	Gudy	TOdy	s to ay	to read State Constitution in the English language.
		ł	1	1		

^{*}Australian Ballot law or a modification of it in force. † Indian must have severed tribal relations. § One year's residence in the United States prior to election required. (a) Women can vote in school elections. (c) Ministers in charge of an organized church and teachers of public schools are entitled to vote after six months' residence in the State. (d) Actual residence in the precinct or district required. (e) Who has paid six months before election any poll-tax then due, and can read and write any section of the State district required. (c) WLo has paid six months before election any poll-tax then due, and can read and write any section of the State Constitution, or can show that he was and has paid sil taxes due the previous vear on property in the State assessed at \$500 or more (f) or convicted of bribery, embezziement of public funds, treason, forgery, perjury, felony, and petty larceny, duelists and abetters, unless pardoned by Legislature. (g) Or persons non compos mentis, sentence to State Prison for one year or more takes away right to vote until restored by General Assembly, under guardianship. (h) And those unable to read and write English, (j) No soldier, seaman, or marine deemed a resident because stationed in the State. (l) Thirty days in election district. (in 1 in clies of 10,000 or more inhabitants all persons exempt from payment of poll tax must procure certificate of exemption from county tax collector and h ve their numes placed on list of qualified voters in said city. (n) Must be resident of county over for county officers. (o) All persons unable to read and write, and whose ancestor was not entitled to vote prior to Jan. 1861. (p) Unless restored to civil rights. (q) Except Federal and Confederate ex-solders. (r) Those unable to read and write State Constitution. (a) The general law does not apply always to villayes organized under special charters.

In Virginia—Voting qualifications. All persons who six months before the election have paid their State poll-taxes for the tree preceding years. Also any person who served in time of war in the army or navy of the United States, of the Confederate States.

Residents of the District of Columbia never hat the right to vote therein for national officers, or on other matters of national concern, after the Territory embraced in its was ceded to the United States and became the seat of the general government.

Requirements Regarding Registration of Voters.

(Continuation of "Qualifications for Voting," on preceding pages.)

The registration of voters is required in the States of Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi (four months before election), Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampsbire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania (in cities), South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming,
In Ohio it is required in cities of 11,800 to 100,000 population in Presidential years; annually in cities of 100,000 or over

cities of 100,000 or over.

In Illinois registration of voters is required by law. In all incorporated cities, villages and towns, which have adopted the Election Commissioner act of the State, persons not registered are not entitled to vote; but elsewhere generally they can vote in or registered by swearing in their votes, and producing one witness, a householder and registered voter of the voting district, as to their qualifications as electors severally

In I nown in cities having 3,500 inhabitants. In Nebraska in cities of over 7,000 inhabitants, In Kentucky in all cities of the first, second, third and fourth classes, in Kansas in cities of the first and second classes, in North bakota in cities and villages of 800 inhabitants and over, in Ohio in cities of the first and second classes.

cities of the first and second classes. In Missouri I, is required in cities of 100,000 inhabitants and over. In Oklahoma it is required in all cities of the first class. In Rhode Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before June 30. The registration of voters is not required in Arkanass or Texas.

Moman Suffrage.

In the United States women possess suffrage upon equal terms with men at all elections in woming, established in 1869; in Colorado, in 1893; in Utah, in 1896; in Idaho, in 1896; in Washington in 1910, and in California in 1912; and in the November elections in 1912 constitutional amendments granting suffrage to women were adopted in Arizona, Kansas and Oregon, making nine Stales in all in which it is recognized. In Michigan the demand of the woman suffragists for a recount of the vote in November, 1912, on the equal suffrage amendment was granted December 2d by the Wayne County board of election canvassers. The returns in the State indicated it was voted down by about 600.

Woman suffrage amendments to State constitutions were also voted upon in 1912 in Ohio and

Wisconsin, and were defeated, In 1912 resolutions to submit woman suffrage amendments to the Constitution to the vote of the

10 1912 resolutions to submit woman suffrage amendments to the Constitution to the vote of the people were defeated in the Legislatures of Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York and Virginia; in the Constitutional Convention of New Hampshire, and in the State primaries of Illinois.

School suffrage for women prevails in some form in thirty-two States, as follows: Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Ohio, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wyoming and Wisconsin. In 1912 a school suffrage resolution was defeated in the Louisiana Legislature.

In 1887 Montana gave tax-paying women the right to vote on questions submitted to tex-

In 1887 Montana gave tax-paying women the right to vote on questions submitted to tax-payers; in 1894 bond suffrage was given to women in Iowa; in 1898 the women of Minnesota were given the right to vote for library trustees, and in the same year Louisana gave women taxnayers the right to vote in person or by proxy on all questions of taxation. In 1908 Michigan adopted a con-

the right to vote in person or by proxy on at questions of taxation. In 1908 Michigan adopted a constitutional amendment providing for tax-paying suffrage for women taxpayers.

In 1901 the New York Legislature passed a law providing that "a woman who possesses the qualifications to vote for village or for town officers, except the qualification of sex, who is the owner of property in the village assessed upon the last preceding assessment roll thereof, is entitled to vote upon a proposition to raise money by tax or assessment."

In Great Britain women can vote for all officers except members of Parliament. The extension of woman suffrage to Parliamentary elections was defeated in 1912.

woman sunrage to Parnamentary ejections was deteated in 1912.

In Australia and New Zealand women have full suffrage; also in the Isle of Man and Iceland.

They have tax-paying parliamentary suffrage in Sweden and Norway.

Women have municipal suffrage in Ontario, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, Quebec, British Columbia, and the Northwest Territory, in Iceland, Depmark and Sweden. In France women engaged in

commerce have the right to vote for Judges of the Tribunal of Commerce. Women have some voting

and the Northwest Territory, in Iceland, Denmark and Sweden. In France women engaged in commerce have the right to vote for Judges of the Tribmal of Commerce. Women have some voting privileges in Cape Colony.

The International Woman Suffrage Alliance is composed of National Woman Suffrage Associations composed of twenty-two nations. Its officers are: President, Carrie Chapman Catt, New York; Vice-President, Millicent Garrett Fawcett, London; Second Vice-President, Amie Furnhjelm, Finland; Treasurer, Mrs. Stanton Coit, London; Secretaries—First, Miss Martma Kramers, Holland, Mrs. Anna Lindemann, Germany; Miss Signe Bergman, Sweden.

The officers of the National American Woman Suffrage Association are: Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, Moylan, Pa., President; Jane Addams, Hull House, Chicago, Ill., First Vice-President; Anita Whiney, San Francisco, Second Vice-President; Mary W. Dennett. 505 Fifth Ave., New York City, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Stanley McCormick, 393 Commonwealth Ave., Jamaica Plain, Mass., Recording Secretary; Mrs. Stanley McCormick, 393 Commonwealth Ave., Boston, Mass., Treasurer; Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, I Madison Ave., N. Y., First Anditor; Mrs. Joseph Bowen, 1430 Astor St., Chicago. National Headquarters, 505 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage has its central office in New York City. Hsofficers are as follows: Miss Alice H. Chittenden, President; Mrs. Fritz Achelis, First Vice-President; Mrs. Elihn Root, Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, Mrs. Francis M. Scott, Miss Charlton T. Lewis, Treasurer; Mrs. M. E. Loomis, Secretary, Engineering Societies Building, 29 West 39th St., New York City. There are also organizations in Masschusetts, Illinois, Oregon, Iowa, Washington, California, Pennsylvania and Maryland. These are founded with the object of testifying to Jegislative committees and through the medium of the public press that the opposition to woman suffrage is based upon what is claimed to be "the intelligent conviction of the majority of representative with information as to the objects of the association may be had from the Secretary,

National Democratic Acague of Clubs.

PRESIDENT. Perry Belmont, New York City; Secretary, William C. Liller, Indianapolis, Ind.; Treasurer, Frank S. Clark, Indianapolis, Ind.
The National Democratic League of Clubs is engaging actively in the work of adding to the Democratic voice in the nation. Its labors are purely a parity work, aiming simply at the increase of Democratic strength. The League exists as a vote-getting auxiliary of the regular Democratic organizations, and its success depends upon the hearty co-operation of Democratic throughout the country. It is the aim and endeavor of the National Democratic League of Clubs to aid in work of organization and to help the regular organizations to achieve greater success.

The League is a union or federation of Democratic clubs and associations, in all parts of the country. It is now in its fifth year. At the bl-annual meeting held in Washington, D. C., December 3-4, 1912, thirty-three States of the Union were represented. Its management is intrusted to a board of directors composed of some of the foremost men in the party, who take an active interest in its success.

The National Democratic League of Clubs is not organized for the purpose of either advocating or pposing any Democrats before he shall have been chosen by the constitute bodies or of furthering the interests of any man or set of men, before being indorsed by the party, but for the attainment and preservation of unity, the upbuilding of the party, and the promotion of its principles and welfare. Nor is it intended that any club or the League of Clubs shall usurp the functions of the several State, county or district committies, but rather work in harmony and in co-operation with them.

The National Democratic League of Clubs aims:

To make loyal Democrate of young men who are about to cast their first votes.

To explain clearly to the foreign-born voters the practical helpfuiness and patriotic purposes of the Democratic party, and to enlist the new-made citizen in its ranks, thus making them good Democrats and therefore better America

orable means. State Leagues or Federations of Democratic clubs, co-operating with the National League, have been organized in forty of the States and have a membership in excess of 875,000. Affiliated clubs have been organized in every State.

The League has headquarters in Indianapolis, Ind., and at Washington, D. C.

National Republican League of the United States.

The National Republican League of the United States was organized in Chickering Hall. New York Cily, December 15-17, 1887, by delegates from about 350 Republican clubs of the United States, assembled in national convention, pursuant to a call issued by the Republican Club of New York City. It is composed of the Republican clubs of the United States, organization. Its purpose is "Organization and Education." It aims to enlist recruits for the Republican party, particularly the younger men and the "first vores." National conventions have since been held at Baltimore, 1889; Nashville, 1890; Cincinnati, 1891; Buffalo, 1892; Louisville, 1893; Denver, 1894; Cleveland, 1895; Milwalkee, 1896; Detroit, 1897; Omaha, 1896 (blennial sessions afterward); St. Paul, 1900; Chicago, 1902; Indianapolis, 1904; Philadelphia, 1906; Cincinnati, 1908; New York, 1910. At the close of the campaign of 1908, the League, including the Taft campaign clubs, comprised approximately 4,000 clubs, with a membership of 1,500,000, officers—President, John Hays Hammond, Gloucester, Mass.; Secretary-Treasurer D. B. Atherton, Washingtou, D. C.

The New Fork Democratic League.

At a conference of Democrats of the State of New York, held at Saratoga, September 10, 1909, the New York Democratic League was organized and the following platform of principles was enunciated: Equal and uniform taxation, taking no more money from the people than the just needs of government economically administered requires.

The abandonment at the earliest moment practicable of our imperialistic venture in the Philippine Islands, first safeguarding their independence by sufficient guarantees.

Steady adherence to the principle of home rule and local self-government by the State and each of its political subdivisions.

Rigid economy in Government expenditures.

Rigid economy in Government expenditures.
Enforcement of Federal and State laws against criminal trusts and combinations in restraint of trade,
Election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people.
Reform in our registration and in enrolment laws, so that personal registration and enrolment shall
be required in every political subdivision of the State. Reform in our methods of election, so that each
elective officer shall be the separate, deliberate and intelligent selection of the voters of the State.

Reform in our methods of nominating candidates for public office, so that nominating conventions
shall be composed of representatives directly chosen by the members of the party.

Reform in our primary laws, so as to give to every citizen greater direct influence in naming candidates
or office and surrounding the primaries with such safeguards as will insure their honesty and providing the
necessary time and legal machinery to insure the choice of a majority of the voters being respected and
enforced in convention and committee.

enforced in convention and committee No interference with the personal liberty of any citizen except such as is essential to secure the equal

rights of all the citizens.

Taxation of corporations by the States alone.

A constitutional amendment authorizing the levy of a Federal income tax. At a conference held in Rochester, September 28, 1910, the League reaffirmed above declaration of principles, and in addition declared itself in favor of direct nominations. The following were officially declared to be the purposes of the organization: Le To spread the knowledge of fundamental Democratic or liberal principles. 2. To stimulate interest in the Democratic party organization as the best and most natural means of carrying those principles into effect. 3. To stimulate interest in the Democratic party organization as the best and most natural means of carrying those principles into effect. 3. To firing back into the party in this State, Democrats who for any cause have in recent years been dissatisfied or discouraged and have therefore ceased to take an active part in the party organization. 4. To aid in the nomination and election of such Democrats as orthly represent the liberal principles of Democracy. 5. To aid in the selection of such men to direct the party organization as represent the character and intelligence of the party.

Chairman, Thomas M. Osborne, of Auburn; Vice-Chairman, John K. Sague, Poughkeepsle, N. Y.; Secretary, Francis A. Willard, of Albany; Treasurer, William Gorham Rice, of Albany. There is an executive committee of fifteen members, with the four general officers as members ex-officio.

Bolitical National Conventions.

(For Presidential Conventions prior to 1908, see 1912 ALMANAC.) 1908.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.
THE Democratic National Convention was held at Denver, 60., July 7-10. Nominations were de July 10. William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, was nominated on the first ballot, the vote being: made July 10. William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, w Bryan, 892%; John A. Johnson, of Minnesota, 46.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.
The Republican National Convention met at Chicago, Ill., June 16. One ballot was cast, July 19, as follows;

Candidates,	First Ballot.	Candidates.	First Ballot.
Total vote Necessary to a choice	979 490	Joseph G. Cannon, Ill. Charles W. Fairbanks, Ind. Robert M. LaFollette, Wis.	40
William H. Taft. Ohio	68	Joseph B. Foraker, Ohio Theodore Roosevelt, N. Y	16

PROHIBITION PARTY NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Prohibition Party National Convention was held at Columbus, Ohio, July 15, 16. Nominations were made July 16. Eugene W. Chafin, of Illimots, was nominated for President on the third ballot, receiving 636 votes, against 451 for William B. Palmore, of Missouri, and other candidates.

OTHER NATIONAL CONVENTIONS.

The People's Party National Convention at St. Louis, April 2 and 3, unanimously nominated

Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, for President.

Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, for President.

The Socialist Party National Convention, held at Chicago, May 10-17, nominated Eugene V. Debs, of Indiana, for President on the first ballot, the vote being: Eugene V. Debs, 152; James F. Carey, of Massachusetts, 17; Carl D. Thompson, of Wisconsin, 16; A. M. Simons, of Illinois, 2. The Socialist Labor Party National Convention was held in the city of New York, July 4. Martin R. Preston, of Nevada, was nominated for President unanimously. The Independence Party National Convention was held at Chicago, July 29. Thomas L. Hisgen, of Massachusetts, was nominated for President on the third ballot, the vote being: Thomas L. Hisgen, 831; Milford W. Howard, of Alabama, 38; John Temple Graves, of Georgia, 7; William R. Hearst, of New York, 2.

1912.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Democratic National Convention was held at Baltimore, Md., June 25-July 2. Balloting for a candidate for President began June 28 and a nomination was reached July 2. There were forty-six ballots taken. The first, tenth, twenty-fifth, forty-second and final ballots were as follows:

CANDIDATES.	1st Ballot.	10th Ballot.	25th Ballot.	42d Ballot.	46th Bailot.
Total vote	1,086 724	1,088 725½	$\frac{1,088}{725\frac{1}{2}}$	1,087 ½ 725	1,086 724
Champ Clark, Missouri	440½ 324	556 350 1⁄4	469 405	430 494	84 990
Judson Harmon, Ohlo	148 117 ½	31 117 ½	$\begin{array}{c} 29 \\ 108 \end{array}$	27 104	12
Thomas R. Marshall, Indiana Simeon E. Baldwin, Connecticut. Eugene N. Foss, Massachusetts	22	31	30 43	:. 28	::
William J. Bryan, Nebraska	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	Ĩ	3/2	::
John W. Kern, Indiana William J. Gaynor, New York J. Hamilton Lewis, Illinois.			::	1	::
Ollie M. James, Kentucky		::	· <u>;</u>	i i i	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.
The Republican National Convention was held at Chicago, Ill., June 18-22, the candidate for President was cast June 22, as follows: One ballot for

CANDIDATES.	First Ballot.	CANDIDATES.	First Ballot.
Total vote	540	Theodore Rooseveit, New York Robert M. La Follette, Wis	41
Actual vote William H. Taft, Ohio		Charles E. Hughes, New York	2

* 344 delegates withheld their votes and 6 delegates were absent.

The National Convention of the Progressive party met at Chicago August 5 and on August 7 unanimously nominated Theodore Roosevelt for President on the first ballot.

SOCIALIST NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Socialist National Convention was held at Indianapolis May 17 and nominated Eugene V. Debs for President on the first ballot, the vote being: Eugene V. Debs, of Indiana, 165; Emil Seldel, of Wisconsin, 56; Charles Edward Russell, of New York, 54.

PROPIES A AUGUSTI, OF THE TOTAL

The Presidential Election of 1916.

THE next Presidential election will take place on Tuesday, November 7, 1916.

The President and Vice-President of the United States are chosen by officials termed "Electors" in each State, who are, under existing State laws, chosen by the qualified voters thereof by ballot, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November in every fourth year preceding the year in which the Presidential term expires.

The Constitution of the United States prescribes that each State shall "appoint," in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in Congress; but no Senator or Representative or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be an elector. The Constitution requires that the day when electors are chosen shall be the same throughout the United States. At the beginning of our Government most of the electors were chosen by the Legislatures of their respective States, the people having no direct participation in their choice; and one State, South Carolina, continued that practice down to the breaking out of the civil war. But in all the States now the electors are, under the direction of State laws, chosen by the people on a general State ticket.

The manner in which the chosen electors meet and ballot for a President and Vice-President of the United States is provided for in Article XII. of the Constitution, and is as follows:

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as Pice-President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct flists of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Shall

The same article then prescribes the mode in which the Congress shall count the ballots of the electors, and announce the result thereof, which is as follows:

The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be President, if such the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But In choosing the President the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not shows a President, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having thegreatest number of votes as Vice-President shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice-I resident; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

The procedure of the two houses, in case the returns of the election of electors from any State are disputed, is provided in the "Electoral Count" act, passed by the Forty-ninth Congress. The act directs that the Presidential electors shall meet and give their votes on the second Monday in January next following their election. It fixes the time when Congress shall be in session to count the ballots as the second Wednesday in February succeeding the meeting of the electors,

The Constitution also defines who is eligible for President of the United States, as follows:

No person except a natural-born citizen or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution I be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the shall be age of thirty-five vears.

The qualifications for Vice-President are the same.

SALARY OF THE PRESIDENT.

The salary of the President of the United States was the cause of discussion in the First Congress, The salary of the President of the United States was the cause of discussion in the First Congress, in view of the fact that the Constitution declared that the President should receive compensation for his services, Washington had notified his fellow citizens that he desired no salary. The limits suggested in Congress ranged from \$15,000 to \$70,000. The salary was finally placed at \$25,000 and this remained the compensation until President Grant's second term (March 3, 1873), when it was increased to \$50,000. Chapter 2918 of the Laws of the Second Session of the Fifty-ninth Congress, Approved March 4, 1907, appropriated "for travelling expenses of the President of the United States, to be expended at his discretion and accounted for by his certificate solely, \$25,000." In the Second Session of the Sixtieth Congress the matter of increasing the President's salary was again considered, and it was decided that the President's salary be fixed at \$75,000 a vear. was again considered, and it was decided that the President's salary be fixed at \$75,000 a year.

REFERENCE NOTES TO THE TWO FOLLOWING PACES.

The candidates starred were elected. (a) The first Republican Party is claimed by the present Democratic Party as its progenitor. (b) No candidate barving a majority of the electoral vote, the House of Representatives elected Adams. (c) Candidate of the Anti-Missonic Party. (d) There being no choice, the Senate elected Johnson. (e) Eleven Southern States, being within the Belligerent territory, did not vote. (f) Three Southern States distranchised. (g) Horace Greeley died after election, and Demo cratic electors scattered their votes. (h) There being a dispute over the electoral vote of Florida, Louislana, Oregon, and Bouth Carolina, they were referred by Congress to an electoral commission composed of eight Repulsions and seven Democrats, which, by a strict party vote, awarded 185 electoral votes to Hayes and 184 to Tilden. (f) Free Democrat. (f) Free Silver Prohibition Party. (g) In Massachametts. There was also a Native American ticket in that State, which received 184 votes. (m) Middle of the Road or Anti-Fusion People's Party (n) United Christian Party. (o) Union Beform Party.

Presidential Elections.

Nore.—There is, properly speaking, no popular vote for President and Vice-President; the people vote for electors, and those chosen in each State meet therein and vote for the candidates for President and Vice-President. The record of any popular vote for electors prior to 1828 is so meagre and imperfect that a compilation would be useless. In most of the States, or more than a quarter century following the establishment of the Government, the State Legislatures, appointed "the Presidential electors, and the people therefore voted only indirectly for them, their choice being expressed by their votes for numbers of the Legislature, in this tabulation only the aggregate electoral votes for candidates for President and Vice-President in the first ten quadrennial elections appear.

ELECTORAL VOTES.

1789. Previous to 1894, each elector voted for two candidates for President. The one who received the largest number of votes was declared President, and the one who received the next largest number of votes was declared Vice-President. The of votes was declared President, and the one who received the next largest number of votes was declared Vice-President. The electroal votes for the first President of the United States were: George Washington, 69; John Adams, of Massachusetts, 34; John Adams, Of Massachusetts, 41; George Clinton, of New York, 9; R. H. Harrison, of Maryland, 6; John Rutledge, of South Carolina, 6; John Idancok, of Massachusetts, and Edward Telfair, of Georgia, 19 John Hannock, of Massachusetts, and Edward Telfair, of Georgia, 19 John Adams Vice-President, 1792. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice-President, 1792. George Washington, Federalist, received 132 votes; John Adams, Federalist, 77; George Clinton, of New York, Republican (a), 50; Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, Republican, 4; Aaron Burr, of New York, Republican, 1 vote. Vacancies, 3. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice-President.

or veorge vashington was consent restrict and John Adams Vice-tresident.

1796. John Adams, Federalist, 71; Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 85; Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 59; Aaron Burr, of New York, Republican, 30; Samuel Adams, of Massachnastts, Republican, 15; Oliver Ellsworth, of Concettut, Independent, 11; George Clinton, of New York, Republican, 7; John Jay, of New York, Federalist, 5; James Iredell, of North Carolina, Federalist, 3; George Washington, of Virgini; John Henry, of Maryland, and S. Johnson, of North Carolina, Federalist, 2 votes seath; Curdes Cotesworth Pincancy, of South Carolina, Federalist, 1 vote. John Adams was chosen President and Thomas Jefferson Vice-President.

chosen resident and inomas Jenerson Republican, 33; Aaron Burr, Republican, 73; John Adams, Federalist, 65; Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 64; John Jay, Federalist, 1 vote. There being a tie vote for Jefferson and Burr, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. Jefferson received the votes of ten States, which, being the largest vote cast for a candidate, elected him President. Burr received the votes of four States, which, being the next largest vote, elected him Vice-President.

There were 2 blank votes,

1804. The Constitution of the United States having been amended, the electors at this election voted for a President and a Vice-President, instead of for two candidates for President. The result was as follows: For President, Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 182; Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 14. For Vice-President, George Clinton, Republican, 182; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 14. Jefferson was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.

1808. For President, James Madison, of Virginia, Republican, 182; Charles C. Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 47; George Clinton, of New York, Republican, 6 New York, Federalist, 181; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 47; John Langdon, of New Hampshire, 9; James Madison, 8; James Monroe, 3. Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President, almost Madison, Republican, 183; De Witt Clinton, of New York, Federalist, 89. For Vice-President, Elegis Gerry, of Massachusetta, 181; Jared Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, Feleralist, 88. Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President, Ingent Madison, 183; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 38. Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.

1816. For President James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 183; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 38. The Constitution of the United States having been amended, the electors at this election voted for a President and

Langent tengent and verry vice-tresident.

1816. For President, James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 183; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 34. For Vice-President, Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York, Republican, 183; John Eager Howard, of Maryland, Federalist, 22; James Ross, of Pennsylvania, 5; John Marshall, of Virginia, 4; Robert G. Harper, of Maryland, 3. Vacancies, 4. Monroe was chosen President and Tompkins Vice-President.

1820. For President, James Morroe, of Virginis, Republican, 231; John Q. Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican, 1. For Vice-President, Daniel D. Toupkins, Republican, 218; Richard Stockton, of New Jersey, 8; Daniel Rodney, of Delaware, 4; Robert G. Harper, of Maryland, and Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, 1 vote each. Vacancies, 3. James Monroe was closen President and Daniel D. Tompkins Vice President.

chosen President and Daniel D. Tompkins Vice President.

1824. For President, Andrew Jawkson, of Tennessee, Republican, 99; John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican, 84; Henry Clay, of Kentucky, Republican, 37; William H. Crawford, of Georgis, Republican, 41. No candidate having a majority of the electoral vote, John Quincy Adams was elected by the House of Representatives. For Vice-President, John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina, Republican, 182; Nathan Sanford, of New York, Republican, 30; Nathaniel Macon, of North Carolina, Republican, 24; Andrew Jarkson, of Tennessee, Republican, 13; Martin Van Buren, of New York, Republican, 9-Henry Clay, of Kentucky, Republican, 2, Calhoun was chosen Vice-President.

ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTES.

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Year of Election.	Candidates for President.	States.	Polit- ical Party.	Popular Vote.	Plu- rality.	Elec- toral Vote.	Candidates for Vice-President.	States.	Polit- ical Party.	Elec- toral Vota
1828	Andrew Jackson* John Q. Adams			647,231 509,097	138,134		John C. Calhoun* Richard Rush William Smith	Pa	Nat. R.	171 83 7
1832,	Andrew Jackson* Henry Clay John Floyd William Wirt (c)	Ky Ga	Nat. R.	20 100		49 11	M. Van Buren*	Pa Mass Pa	Ind	189 49 11 7 30
1836	Martin Van Buren* W. H. Harrison Hugh L. White Daniel Webster. Willie P. Mangum.	O Tenn Mass	Whig Whig Whig	761,549 736,656	24,893	73 26	R. M. Johnson (d)* Francis Granger John Tyler William Smith	Ky N. Y Va	Dem Whig Whig	147 77 47 23
1840	W. H. Harrison* Martin Van Buren James G. Birney	0 N. Y	Whig	1,275,017 1,128,702 7,059	146,315	60	R. M. Johnson L. W. Tazewell	Va Tenn	Dem Dem Dem	234 48 11 1
1844	James K. Polk* Henry Clay James G. Birney	Ку	Dem Whig Lib	1,337,243 1,299,068 62,300	38,175		George M. Dallas* T. Frelinghuysen Thomas Morris	N. J	Whig .	170 105
1848	Zachary Taylor* Lewis Cass Martin Van Buren	Mich	Dem	1,360,101 1,220,544 291,263	139,557	127	Millard Fillmore* William O. Butler Charles F. Adams		Whig. Dem F. Soil.	163 127
1852	Franklin Pierce*	N. J N. H	Whig.	1,601,474 1,380,576 156,149	220,896	254 42	William R. King* William A. Graham George W. Julian	Ala N. C	Dem Whig .	254 49

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YEAR OF ELECTION.	Candidates for President.	States.	Polit- ical Party.	Popular Vote,	Plu- rality.	Elec- toral Vote.	Candidates for Vice-President.	States.	Polit- ical Party.	Elec- tora Vote
1856	John C. Fremont Millard Fillmore	N. Y	Dem Rep Amer	1,838,169 1,341,264 874,538	496,905	174 114 8	J. C. Breckinridge* William L. Dayton A. J. Donelson	Ky N.J Tenn	Dem Rep Amer	115
1860	Abraham Lincoln* Stephen A. Douglas J. C. Breckiuridge	lli lli Ky	Rep Dem Dem Union .	1,866,352 1,375,157 845,763	491,195	180 12 72 39	Hannibal Hamlin* H. V. Johnson Joseph Lane Edward Everett	Me Ga Ore, Mass.,	Rep Dem Dem	186 1: 7:
1861	Abraham Lincoln* George B. McClellan	111	Rep	589,581 2,216,067 1,808,725	407,342		Andrew Johnson* George H. Pendleton	Tenn	Rep	215
1868	Ulysses S. Graut* Horatio Seymour	III N. Y	Rep Dem	3,015,071 2,709,615	305,456	f 214 80	Schuyler Colfax*	ind Mo	Rep Dem	21-
1872	Ulysses S. Grant* Horace Greeley. Charles O'Conor, James Black. Thomas A. Hendricks.	III N. Y N. Y Pa	Rep D.& L. Dem Temp. Dem	3,597,070 2,834,079 29,408 5,608	762,991	286 g	Henry Wilson*, B. Gratz Brown, John Q. Adams, John Russell	Mass Mo., Mass Mich	Rep D.& L. Den Temp . Lib	28
	B. Gratz Brown Charles J. Jenkins David Davis	Ga	Dem	••••		18	A. II. Colquitt. John M. Palmer. T. E. Bramlette W. S. Groesbeck Willis B. Machen	Ga III Ky O	Dem Dem Dem Dem	
1876	Samuel J. Tilden. Rutherford B. Hayes*. Peter Cooper. Green Clay Smith. James B. Walker.	N. Y O N. Y Ky	Dem Rep Gre'nb Pro Amer.	4,284,885 4,083,950 81,740 9,522	250,935	154 h 185	N. P. Bauks. T. A. Hendricks. William A. Wheeler*. Samuel F. Cary. Gideon T. Stewart	Mass Ind N. Y O O N. Y	Den Rep Gre'nb Pro	18- 18-
1880	James B. Waker. James A. Garfield* W. S. Hancock James B. Weaver Neal Dow John W. Phelps	Pa	Dem	2,636 4,449,053 4,442,035 307,306 10,305	7,018	214 155	D. Kirkpatrick Chester A. Arthur* William H. Euglish B. J. Chambers H. A. Thompson S. C. Pomeroy	N. Y Ind Tex O Kan	Amer Rep Dem Gre'ub Pro Amer.	21- 15:
1884	James G. Blaine John P. St. John Benjamin F. Butler	Me Kan Mass	Rep Pro Gre'nb	4,911,017 4,845,334 151,809 133,825	62,688	219 182	T. A. Hendricks* John A. Logan William Daniel A. M. West	Ind Ill Md Mlss	Dem Rep Pro, Gre'nb	219 18
1888	Grover Cleveland Benjamin Harrison* Clinton B. Fisk Alson J. Streeter	N. Y Ind N. J III	Dem Rep Pro U. L U'd L.	5,440,216 5,538,238 249,907 148,105 2,808	98,017	168 233	Allen G. Thurman Levi P. Morton* John A. Brooks. C. E. Cunningham W. H. T. Waketield James B. Greer.	O	Call	16 23
1892	It, H. Cowdry, James L, Curtis. Grover Cleveland* Benjamin Harrison. James B, Weaver John Bidwell. Simon Wing.	N. Y	Dem Rep Peop Pro	1,591 5,556,918 5,176,108 1,041,028 264,133	380,610	277 145 22	James B. Greer Adiai E. Stevenson* Whitelaw Reid James G. Field James B. Cranfill Charles H. Matchett	Tenn III N. Y Va Tex N. Y	Amer Dem . Rep Peop Pro Soc, L.	27 14 2
1896	William McKinley* William J. Bryan William J. Bryan Joshua Levering John M. Palmer Charles H. Matchett	O Neb Neb Md Ill	Peop { Pro N. Dem Soc. L.	21,164 7,104,779 6,502,925 132,007 133,148 36,274	601,854	271 176	Garret A. Hobart* Arthur Sewall Thomas E. Watson Hale Johnson Simon B. Buckner Matthey Maguire	N. J Me Ga Ill Ky	Rep Dem Peop Pro N. Dem Soc. L .	27 14: 2
1900	William McKinley*. William J. Bryan John G. Woolley Wharton Barker Eugene V. Debs Jos. F. Malloney	O Neb Ill Pa Ind	Rep Dem. P Pro MP(m) Soc. D. Soc. L.	13.969 7,207,923 6,358,133 208,914 50,373 87,814 39,739	849,790	292 155	Theodore Roosevelt* Adlai E. Stevenson Henry B. Metcalf. Ignatius Donnelly. Job Harriman. Valentine Remmel.	O O Mrnn Cal Pa	Rep Dem. P Pro MP(m) Soc. D. Soc. L.	29
1904	Seth H. Ellis. Theodore Roosevelt* Alton B. Parker. Eugene V. Debs	O N. Y N. Y Ind	C(n) UR (o) Rep Dem Soc	5,077,911 402,280 258,536	2,545,515	336 140	Samuel T. Nicholsou Charles W. Fairbanks* Henry G. Davis Benjamin Hauford George W. Carroll	Ind W. Va. N. Y Tex	Rep Dem Soc Pro	336
1908	Thomas E. Watson Charles H. Corrigan William H. Taft* William J. Bryan Eugene W. Chafin Thos. E. Watson August Gillhaus Thos. L. Hisgen	Ga N. Y O Neb	Soc. L. Rep Dem	6,409,104 420,793 253,840 29,100	1,269,804	::	Thomas II. Tibbles. William W. Cox James S. Sherman* John W. Kern. Benjamin Hanford. Aaron S. Watkins.	N. Y Ind N. Y	Peop Sec. L. Rep Dem Sec Pro	32 16:
1912	Woodrow Wilson* William H. Taft	у, J О	Dem Rep	13,825 82,872 6,293,120 3,485,052 4,119,582 901,839	2,173,536	::	Donald L. Munro. John Temple Graves Thomas R. Marshall*. Herbert S. Hadley. Hiram W. Johnson. Emil Seldel	Mo	Soc. L. Ind Dem Rep Prog	433
	Eugene W. Chafio Arthur E. Reimer	Ariz Mass	Pro Soc. L.	206,427 28,750			Emil Seidel	о N. Y	Soc. L.	::

^{*}The candidates starred were elected.

THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES-THEIR BIOGRAPHIES IN BRIEF.

(Compiled for The World Almanac from published memoirs, newspaper records, and personal correspondence with the families of the ex-Presidents. The references will be found on second following page.)

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Mother. ph. h.	Xear of Grad 4 1765 1776 1776 1777 1776 1777 1787 1887 1887	
Mary Ball Susama Bojiston Jane Randolph. Rally Conway. Bilza Jones. Abigali Smith. Bilzabeh Hutchlason Maria Hous. Maria Hous. Mary Armistad. Jane Kinox. Ana Karah Shrother. Phobe Millard. Ana Korox. Sarah Shrother. Phobe Millard. Ana Korox. Sarah Shrother. Phobe Millard. Ana Korox. Ana Korox. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth Speer. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth Speer. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth Sirpear. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth Sirpear. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth Birchard. Bilzabeth E Frwh. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth E Frwh. Mary McDonough. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth E Frwh. Mary McDonough. Mary McDonough. Bilzabeth E Frwh. Mary McDonough. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Bolloc. Martha Martha Bolloc. Martha Martha Martha Bolloc. Martha	d. d. d. d. d. d. d. d. d. d. d. d. d. d	
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Augustine Vashing Augustine Vashington John Alams John Adams John Adams John Adams Autrew Ackson Autrew John Tyler Benjamin Harrison John Tyler Samuel Polik Richard Taylor Nathanial Flerce James Buchand Jacob Good Grant Jacob Good Grant Jacob Johnson Jacob Johnson Jacob Johnson Jacob Johnson Jacob Johnson Jacob Adrend William Arthur William Arthur John Scott Harrison John Scott Harrison William Arthur John Scott Harrison William Arthur John Scott Harrison John John John John John John John John	Presineer, (Time), Biner. (Place), Asthington, College Creek, Westington, College Creek, County, Va., Stadwell, Albert College, Congr. County, Va., Lawyer, Charleson, March 18, 1735. Shadwell, Albert College, Westington, College	
	Burri. (Pince). (Pince). (Notar Eridges Creek, Westmorelan (Notar Eridges Creek, Westmorelan (Notar Eridges Creek, Westmorelan (Notar Eridges Creek, Westmorelan (Notar County, Notal County, Notal County, Notal County, Notal Curenty, Storick County, Mass. (Notar Cureton's Pond, Union County, Notar Cureton, Pond, Cling County, Notar Elmorille, Gorge Cling County, Notar County, Notar County, Mark County, Mark County, Mark County, Mark County, Mark County, Mark County, Notar Hodgenville, Larue County, Notar Hodgenville, Larue County, Notar Hodgenville, Larue County, Notar Hodgenville, Larue County, Mark County, Notar Hodgenville, Evander County, Mark County, Notar Hodgenville, Evander County, Notar Hodgenville, Notar Hodgenvi	
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		The Pr	eside	nts	of the	e^-U	ni	ted Ste	ates.			713
No.	PRESIDENT,	Married.	Wife's	Nam				WifeDied.	Sons.	Dau.	Home When I	Elected.
1 2 8	Washington J. Adams Jefferson Madison	1759 Martha 1764 Abigail 1772 Martha	Dandrid Smith Wayles)	lge) (Custis§ton§sonbards	1732 1744 1748		1802 1818 1782	3 1	*. 9 5	Mount Verno Quincy, Mass Monticello, V Montpelier, V	va.
4 5 6	Monroe J. Q. Adams Jackson	1786 Eliza K 1797 Louisa (ortwrigh atherine	John	nson	1768 1775		1830 1852		1	Oak Hill, Va	
7 8 9	Van 1 n Harrison	1791 Rachel (1807 Hannah 1795 Anna Sy	Hoes	n) Ro	bards	1767 1783 1775	• • • •	1819 1864	4 6		Hermitage, To Kluderhook, North Bend, O	enn. N. Y.
10	Tyler	1813 Letitis (hristlan		••••••	1790		1842	3 5	4 2	Williamsburg Nashville, Ter	, Va.
19 13	Taylor	1810 Margare 1826 Abigail 1858 Caroline	Smith.			1788		1852 1853		5	Buffalo, N. Y	La.
14 15	Plerce Buchanan	1834 Jane Me	ans App	leton	McIntosh§.	1806	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1863	3	::	Concord, N. I Wheatland, P	a.
16 17 18	Lincoln Johnson Grant	1842 Mary To 1827 Eliza Mo 1848 Julia De	dd Cardle nt	••••		1818 1810 1826	• • • •	1882 1876 1902	3 3	2 1	Springfield, Il Greenville, Te Washington,	nn.
19 20 21	Hayes Garfield	1852 Lucy W: 1858 Lucretia 1859 Ellen Le	are Web Rudolph wis Heri	b		1831 1832 1837	••••	1889 1909	7 4 1	1 1 1	Fremont, O. Mentor, O. New York Cit	
92	Arthur Cleveland B. Harrison	1886 Frances 1853 Caroline	Folsom. Lavinia	Scott	mmicks	1864 1832	••••	1892	1	3 1 1	Buffalo, N. Y Indianapolis,	
94 95 .	Cleveland McKinley	1871 Ida Saxt	(See a	bove.	mmick§	1844	••••	1907 1884	::	2 1	New York Cit Canton, O. Oyster Bay, N	-
30	TPOOL AGIR *****	1886 Edith K 1886 Helen H	ermit Ca	row.	••••••	1861 1861	••	1884	4 2	1 1 3	Cincinnati, O Princeton, N.	
No.	PRESIDENT.	Politics,			Years Serve			ious Connec	ction.		ne of Death.	Age.
1	Washington J. Adams	Federalist Federalist Republican (a)	1789 1797	57 61	7 y. 10 mo.			palian egationalist		Decen July 4	aber 14, 1799 1, 1826 1, 1826	67 90
4	Madison	Republican (a) Republican Republican	1801 1809 1817	57 57 58	8 8 8	Li Er	bera ois c o	l (c) palian palian		June 2	l, 1826 28, 1836 4, 1831	83 85 73
6	J. Q. Adams	Republican (b)	1825	57 61	57 4 Cong 61 8 Prest			regationalist Febru			ary 23, 1848 8, 1845	80 78 79
9	Harrison Tyler	Whig	1841 1841	68 51	1 mo. 3 y. 11 mo	E E	isco	palian palian		April Janua	4, 1841 ry 17, 1862	68 71
12 13	Taylor Fillmore	Democrat. Whig Democrat. Democrat. Whig. Whig.	1845 1849 1850	50	4 1 y. 4 mo. 5 2 y. 7 mo. 26	d. Ep	isco nitar	terlan palian ian.		July 9 March	74, 1802 44, 1841 .ry 17, 1862 15, 1849 0, 1850 18, 1874 er 8, 1869	53 65 74
15	Buchanan	Democrat	1857	48 65 52	4 4 4 y, 1 mo, 11	d. Pr	esby esby	palian terian yterian		April	15 1865	64 77 56
18	Grant	Republican	1869	56 46 54	3 y. 10 mo. 19	d. Mo	etho etho	dist (d) dist dist		July 2 July 2 Janua	31, 1875 3, 1885 rv 17, 1893 nber 19, 1881	66 63 70
20 21	Garfield	Republican Republican Democrat	1881	49 50 47	6½ mo. 3 y. 5½ mo. 4	Di Er	scip isco	les palian terian		Novem	nber 19, 1881 nber 18, 1886 14, 1908	49 56 71
23	B. Harrison Cleveland	Republican Democrat	1889	55 55	4	Pr	esby	terian yterian dist		June 2	13, 1901 4, 1908 nber 14, 1901	67 71 58
96	Roosevelt	Republican Republican Republican Democrat	1901	42 51	4 y. 6 mo. 10 7 y. 5 mo. 18	d. Re	forn	ned Dutch ian		_	••••••	
No.	PRESIDENT.	Cause of De			Place of De		espy	terian		ace of	Burial.	
1	Washington J. Adams	Pneumonia Debility		Mou	nt Vernou, V	a		Mount Vern			ch, Quincy, M	989.
4	Jefferson Madison Monroe	Debility Chronic Diarrhoss Debility Debility Paralysis		Mon Mon New	ticello, Va tpelier, Va Vork City			Monticello, . Montpelier, Hollywood	Albema Hanov Cemete	rle Co.,	Va. hmond, Va. irch, Quincy, M	
6	J. Q. Adams Jackson Van Buren	Paralysis Consumption		Was Herr	hington, D. C nitage, Tenn.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	į	First Congr Hermitage,	egation near N	al Chu	rch, Quincy, M	lass.
9 10	Harrison	Bilious Plenrisy Bilious Attack		Was	hington, D.	c		North Bend, Hollywood	Hamil	ton Co.	Tenn. Y. On the control of the contr	
11 19 18	Taylor Fillmore	Bilious Fever Debility		Wash Buff	hington, D. Calo, N. Y			Forest Lawr	Cemei	erv R	uffelo N. V.	
14 16 16	Buchanan	Consumption Asahmatic Catarri Bilious Plenriay Bilious Plenriay Bilious Plenriay Bilious Plenriay Bilious Plenriay Inflammation of St. Kheumatic Gout. Assassination of Faralysis Cancer Paralysis of the H Assassination Bright's Disease. Debility. Phecamonia Assassination	tomach.	Whe Was	ord, N. H atland, Pa hington, D. (3		Minot Lot, (Woodward : Oak Ridge C	old Cen Hill Ce Semeter	netery, metery y, Spri	Concord, N. H., Lancaster, Pangfield, Ill.	1. 1.
17 18 19	Johnson Grant Hayes	Cancer	eart	Mt.	er's Depot, T McGregor, N nont, O	enn		Oak Ridge C Greenville, Riverside P Cemetery, F	Greene ark, Ne Fremont	Co., Te w Yorl	enn. k City.	
90 91 99-94	Garfield Arthur Cleveland	Assassination Bright's Disease Debility		New Prin	g Branch, N. York City ceton, N. J	J		Lake View (Rural Ceme Cemetery, F	Cemeter tery, A Princete	ry, Cler Ibany, on, N. J	veland, O N. Y. J Jianapolis, Ind.	
23 26 26	B. Harrison McKinley Roosevelt	Pneumonis Assassination		Indi Buff	anapolis, Indalo, N. Y			Crown Hill Cemetery, C	auvuu,	0.	lianapolis, Ind.	
27 26	Taft Wilson (elect)	***********	• •		*******	• •						

THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

NOTES TO THE TABLES OF THE PRESIDENTS. ON THE TWO PRECEDING PAGES.

 Monroe abandoned the profession of law when a young man, and was afterward, and until his election, always holding public office. † Jackson called himself a South Carolinian, and his biographer, Kendall, recorded his birthplace in Lancaster Co., S. C.; but Parton has published documentary evidence to show that Jackson was born in Union Co., N. C., less than a quarter mile from the South Carolina line. ‡ Or of departure from college.

§ Widows. Their maiden names are in parentheses. I She was the divorced wife of Captain Robards. (a) The Democratic party of to-day claims lineal descent from the first Republican party, and President Jefferson as its founder. (b) Political parties were disorganized at the time of the election of John Quincy Adams. He claimed to be a Republican, but his doctrines were decidedly Federalistic. The opposition to his Administration took the name of Democrats, and elected Jackson President.

(c) Randall, the biographer of Jefferson, declares that he was a believer in Christianity, although not a sectarian. (d) While President Johnson was not a church-member, he was a Christian believer.

His wife was a Methodist.

Washington's first inauguration was in New York, and his second in Philadelphia. Adams was inaugurated in Philadelphia, and Jefferson and the Presidents following elected by the people, in the city of Washington. Arthur took the Presidential oath of office first in New York City. John Adams and Jefferson died on the same day, the Fourth of July, 1826, and Monroe died on the Fourth of July five years later. John Quincy Adams was a Representative and Andrew Johnson a Senator in Congress after the expiration of their Presidential terms, and both died while holding those offices. Tyler was a Representative in the Confederate Congress from Virginia, and died ir office.

Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley were assassinated while in office. Lincoln at Ford's Theatre, Washington, D. C., April 14, 1865, from a pistol shot fired by John Wilkes Booth, who was killed near Fredericksburg, Va., April 26, 1865, by Sergeant Boston Corhett. Garfield was shot in the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, Washington, D. C., July 2, 1881, and died at Elberon, Long Branch, N. J., September 19, 1881. The assassin was Charles Jules Guiteau, who was hanged at Washington, D. C., June 30, 1882. McKinley was shot twice September 6, 1901, while in the Temple of Music of the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., and died from his wounds at the home of John G. Milburn, Buffalo, September 14, 1901. The assassin was Louis Czologoz, who was sleatercoated at Anhyun State Prison New York. ber 14, 1901. The assassin was Louis Czolgosz, who was electrocuted at Auburn State Prison, New York, October 29, 1901.

Jackson was shot at in the Capitol at Washington, D. C., January 29, 1835, by a house painter named Richard Lawrence, escaping because the pistol of the assassin missed fire. Ex-President Roosevelt was

shot and wounded by John Schrank, an insane man, at Milwaukee, Wis., October 14, 1912.

Cleveland after taking the oath as President, kissed the open bible, his lips touching Psalm CXII,

verses 5-10, inclusive. Gartield's first act after taking the oath was to kiss his mother,

The sixth President was the son of the second President, and the twenty-third President was the grandson of the ninth President. William Henry Harrison was the eighth and Benjamin Harrison the tenth in descent from Pocabontas and John Rolfe. Lincoln was the first President wearing a full beard. Grant the first wearing a mustache. Buchanan and Cleveland were bachelors when they entered the White House as Presidents, but Cleveland surrendered during his first term. Washington, Monroé, Pierce and Hayes were born on Friday. J. Q. Adams, Pierce and Garfield were inaugurated on Friday. Tyler, Polk and Pierce died on Friday. Lincoln was assassinated on Friday.

There were remarkable coincidences in the lives of Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis. Both were born in Kentucky; Lincoln in 1809, Davis in 1808. Both removed from their native State in childhood, Lincoln to the Northwest, Davis to the Southwest. Lincoln was a Captain of Volunteers and Davis a Second Lieutenant of Regulars in the Black Hawk War of 1832. They began their political careers the second Lieutenant of Regulars in the Diack Hawk war of 1852. They began their pointest careers the same year, 1844. Lincoln being a Presidential Elector for Clay, and Davis for Polk. They were elected to Congress about the same time, 1845 and 1846. They were called to preside over their respective governments the same year and within a few days; Davis, February 8, 1861, Lincoln, March 4, 1861.

Washington, Monroe, and Jackson were soldlers in the Revolutionary war. Jackson, W. H. Harrisca, Tyler, Taylor, and Buchanan in the war of 1812-15. Lincoln in the Black Hawk war. Taylor, Pierce, and Grant in the Mexican war; Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, B. Harrison, and McKinley in the civil war, and Roosevelt was in the war with Spain, Adams and Jefferson were signers of the Declaration of Independence, and Washington and Madison of the Constitution.

Grant was christened Hiram Ulysses and Oleveland, Stephen Grover. W. H. Harrison was the Grant was christened Hiram Ulysses and Cleveland, Stephen Grover. W. H. Harrison was the sidest man elected to the Presidency, and Roosevelt the youngest, Grant being the next youngest by air months. Cleveland was the only President married in the White House, and his second daughter for the only President's child born therein. Monroe's daughter (Mrs. Gouverneur), Grant's daughter (Mrs. Soxtris), and Roosevelt's daughter (Mrs. Longworth), were the only children of Presidents married therein. Wives of Tyler and Benjamin Harrison died in the White House. W. H. Harrison was father of the largest family, six sons and four daughters. Eight Presidents; Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, W. H. Harrison, Tyler, Taylor and Wilson were Virginians by birth. Six Presidents: Grant, Hayes, Garfield, B. Harrison, McKinley and Taft were Ohioans by birth.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

The Presidential succession is fixed by chapter 4 of the acts of the Forty-ninth Congress, first session. in case of the removal, death, resignation, or inability of both the President and Vice-President, then the Secretary of State shall act as President and the disability of the President and Vice-President is removed or a President is elected. If there be no Secretary of State, then the Secretary of the Treasury will act; and the remainder of the order of succession is as follows: The Secretary of War, Attorney-General, Postmaster-General, Secretary of the Navy, and Secretary of the Interior. The acting Fresident must, upon taking office, convene Congress, if not at the time in session, in extraordinary session, giving tweaty days' notice. This act applies only to such Cabinet officers as shall have been confirmed by an Sacretary days act as a shall have been passica, giving tweaty days' notice. This act applies only to such Cabinet officers was the Senate and are eligible under the Constitution to the Presidency.

The States in the Presidential Elections, 1868=1912.

Arizona Rep. Rep. Dem. STATES.	1868	1872	1876	1880	1884	1888	1892	1896	1900	1904	1908	1912	
Arkansas Rep. Rep. Dem. Colorado Rep. Dem.			Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Deni.	Dem.
Colorado Rep. Rep						<u>.</u>							Dem.
Colorado.										Dem.		Dem.	
Connecticut Rep. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem.			кер.							Rep.		Rep.	
Deinware Deinware	Colorado									Dem.	Rep.		
Florida Dem.		Rep.							Rep.		Rep.		
Dem. Dem.			Rep.										
Maine Rep.	Florida	Dem. a											
Illinois Rep. Rep	Georgia	Dein.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.						
Indiana Rep. Idano							Pop.						
Rep. Rep.	Tillinois	Rep.											
Rep. Rep.	indiana	Rep.						Dem.			Rep.		
Dem. Dem.	10wa	Rep.				кер.	кер.	Rep.					
Dem. Dem.	Kansas	кер.											
Maine Rep. Rep. <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>													
Maryland Dem Dem Dem Dem Dem Dem Dem Dem Dem Rep	Louisiana	pem.	Rep.										
Massachusetts Rep. Maine	Rep.	кер.							Rep.				
Miniesota Rep. Re							Dem.			Rep.	Split j		
Mininesota Rep. R				Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.			Rep.			
Mississippi	Michigan	Rep.			Rep.			Split c					
Missouri	Minnesota	Rep.	Rep.					Rep.					
Montana Nebraska Rep Dem D	wississippi	No vote											
Nevada	Missouri		Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.				Rep.		
NewHampshire Rep.	Montana												
New Hampshire Rep. Nebraska	Rep.												
New Mexico	Nevada	Rep,									Rep.		
New York	NewHampshire	Rep.											
New York	New Jersey	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	
North Carolina Rep. Rep. Dem. New Mexico													
North Dakota	New York	Dem.							Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.
Obio. Rep. Rep. <t< td=""><td>North Carolina.</td><td>Rep.</td><td>Rep.</td><td>Dem.</td><td>Dem.</td><td>Dem,</td><td>Dem.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Dem.</td><td>Dem.</td><td></td></t<>	North Carolina.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem,	Dem.				Dem.	Dem.	
Oklahoma Dem Rep.	North Dakota							Split d	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.
Oregon. Dem. Rep.	Onio	Rep.	кер.	кер.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Split e	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.		
Penisylvania Rep.	Oklahoma			2,									
Rhode Island Rep.	Oregon	Dem.						Split f				Rep.	
South Carolina Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem. Pennsylvania	Rep.		Rep.										
South Dakota	Rhode Island	Rep.								Rep.		Rep.	
Tennessee Rep. Dem.	South Carolina.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.						
Texas	South Dakota										Rep.	Rep.	Prog.
Utah Dem. Rep. Prog. Wiscousin Rep.	Tennessee				Dem.								
Vermont Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep	Texas	No vote	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.				Dem.	
Virginia No vote Rep. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem	Utah								Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	
Washington Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Prog. West Virginia Rep. Rep. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem. Wiscousin Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep.	Vermont		Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.			Rep.	Rep.		Rep.	Rep.
West Virginia Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep	Virginia	No vote	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.			Dem.			
Wiscousin Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep.	Washington							Rep.					
	west Virginia	Rep.			Dem.	Dem.					Rep.		
Wyoming	Wisconsin	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.		Rep.	Rep.		
	wyoming						1	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.

a Electors chosen by the Legislature. b Rep., 12; Dem., 1. c Rep., 9; Dem., 5. d Rep., 1; Dem., 1. c Rep., 22; Dem., 1. f Rep., 3; People, 1. g Dem., 5; Rep., 1. h Dem., 8; Rep., 1. l Dem., 1; Rep., 8. f Dem., 7; Rep. 1. k Dem. 6; Rep. 2. n Dem. 2, Prog., 11.

Title and Term of the President.

The address of the President is simply "The President of the United States." In the First Congress, there was debate over a title and it was proposed by some members that he be addressed as "His Excellency" and by others as "His Highness," but a committee reported that "It is not proper to annex any style or title other than that expressed in the Constitution." In the Constitutional Convention the first report fixed the term of office at seven years without eligibility to re-election. In debate various periods from "during good behavior" to twenty years were favored. The limit to four years was finally adopted in grand committee and ratified by the convention.

Covernment of the District of Columbia.

The municipal government of the District of Columbia is vested by act of Congress approved June 11, 1878, in three Commissioners, two of whom are appointed by the President from citizens of the District having had three years' residence therein immediately preceding that appointment, and confirmed by the Senate. The other Commissioner is detailed by the President of the United States from the Corps of Engineers of the United States Army, and must have lineal rank senior to Captain, or be a Captain who has served at least fifteen years in the Corps of Engineers of the Army. The Commissioners appoint the subordinate official service of said government, except the Board of Education, which is appointed by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. Commissioners Cuno H. Rudolph (Republican) and John A. Johnston (Democrat), whose terms expire January 24, 1913. Major W. V. Judson (non-partisan), Corps of Engineers, United States Army, detailed during the pleasure of the President of the United States; Secretary, William Tindall. Offices of Commissioners, District Building, Washington, D. C.

Popular and Electoral Vote for President in 1912.

				POPULAR	VOTE.	<u>~</u>			ELEC	TORAL V	VOTE.
STATES.	Wilson,	Taft,	Roose-	Debs.	Chafin,	Reimer.	1	1	Wil-	Taft,	Roose
STATES.	Dem.	Rep.	velt,	Soc.	Proh.	Soc. L.	l	Plurality.	son,	Rep.	welt,
			Prog.						Dem.		Prog.
Alabama	82.439	9,731	22,689	3,029		••		59,750 D	12	•••	
Arizona	10,324	3,021	6,949	3,163	265	••		3,375 D	3	•••	
Arkansas	68,838	24,297	21,673	8,153	898	***	•••••	44,541 D	9	• •	
California	283,436	3,914	283,610	79,201	23,366	*:	•••••	174 P	2	••	11
Colorado	114.223	58,386	72,306	16,418	5,063	475	*****	41,917 D	6	••	
Connecticut	74,561	68,324	34,129	10,056	2,068	1,260	•••••	6,237 D 6 631 D	7	••	••
Delaware	22,631	15,998	8,886	556	623	••	•••••		3	***	••
Florida	36,417	4,279	$\frac{4,535}{22,010}$	4,806	1,854 147	***	••••	31 611 D 71,161 D	6	***	
Georgia	93,171 33,921	5,190 32,810	25,530	1,014 $11,942$	14/	••	·····	'i.iii b	14	••	•••
IdahoIllinois	405,048	253,613	386,478	81,278	15.710	4.066		18 570 D	29	••	••
Indiana	281, 890	151.267	162,007	36,931	19,249	3,130		119.883 D	15	••	••
lowa	185, 325	119,805	161,819	16,967	8,440	0,100		23.593 D	13	••	••
Kausas	143,670	74.844	120,123	26,807	3,110	••		23,047 D	10		
Kentucky		115,512	102,766	11,647	3,233	956		104.072 D	13		1 ::
Lonisiana	60,966	3,834	9,323	5.249	0,200			51.643 D	10		
Maine	51,113	26,545	48,493	2.541	945	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2.620 D	16		1 ::
Maryland	112,674	54,956	57,786	3,996	2,244	322		54.888 D	š		
Massachusetts	173,408	155,948	142,228	12,616	2,754	1.102		17,460 D	18		
Michigan	150,751	152,244	214.584	23,211	8,934	1,252		62.340 P			15
Minnesota	106,426	64,334	125,856	27,505	7,886	2,212		19,430 P	l I		12
Mississippi	57,164	1.511	3,627	2,017	!			53,537 D	10		
Missouri	330,746	207,821	124,371	28,466	5,380	1,778		122,925 D	18		
Montaua	27,941	18,512	22,456	10,885	32			5,782 D	4		
Nebraska	109, 109	54,348	72,776	10,219	3,419			36,333 D	8		
Nevada	7,986	3,190	5,605	3,263	***	••		2,381 D	3		• •
New Hampshire	34,724	32,927	17,794	1.981	535			2,097 D	4	••	• •
New Jersey	178,289	88,835	145,410	15,801	2,878	1,321		32,879 D	14	•••	***
New Mexico	20,437	17,733	8,347	2,859	::·:ar			2,704 D	3	***	••
New York	655,475	455,428	390,021	63,381	19, 427	4,251		200,047 D	45	٠.	••
North Carolina	144.507	29,139	69,130	1,025	117	••		75,377 D	12	•••	***
North Dakota	29,555	23,090	25,726	6,966	1,243	0.000		3,829 D	24	•••	••
Ohio	423, 152	277,066	229,327	89,930	11,459	2,623	•••••	146,086 D 28,370 D		•••	••
Oklahoma	119,156 47,064	90,786	27 600	42,262 13,343	2. 185 4. 360	••	·····	9.464 D	10	• •	••
Oregon Pennsylvania	395,619	34,673 273,305	37,600 447,426	83,164	19,533	704		51 807 P	1 1	•••	38
Rhode Island	30,142	27,703	16,878	2,049	616	236		2,709 D	5	•••	90
South Carolina	48, 355	536	1.293	164	010		•••••	47 062 D	9		
South Dakota	48.942	900	58,811	4.662	3,910	••	•••••	9,869 P	1		2
Teunessee	130,335	59,444	53,725	3,492	825	::		70.891 D	"12		
Texas	221.589	28,853	26,755	25,743	1,758	442		192,736 D	20		
Utah		42,100	24.174	9,023	1,,00			5.521 R		4	
Vermont	15, 350	23,305	22,070	928	1,154			1.235 R		4	
Virginia	90,332	23 288	21,777	820	709	50		67,044 D	12	1	***
Washington	86,840	70,445	113,698	40,134	9.810	1,872		26 858 P	1 1		7
West Virginia	113, 197	56,754	79,112	15.248	4,517			34,085 D	8		
Wisconsin	164.409	130,878	58,661	34.168	8,467	698		33,531 1)	13		
Wyoming	15, 310	14,560	9,232	2,760	434			750 D	3		
Total	6 293 120	3 485 082	4119582	901.839	206, 427	28,750			435	8	88
* *************************************	0, 40, 140	0,409,009	4115000	COT,005	200, 421	20,100			. 100	0;	0.5

Popular Vote, Wilson over Roosevelt Popular Vote, all others combined, over Wilson.....

2,173,538 2,448,560

Electoral Vote, Wilson over Taft and Roosevelt.....

339

Total Popular Vote, all candidates..... The above was compiled from the highest vote received by the electors.

15,034,800

Total Vote for President, 1908 and 1912.

			_					
STATES.	1912.	1908.	STATES.	1912.	1908.	STATES.	1912.	1908.
Alabama	117,888	103, 809	Maine	123, 637	106,335	Ohio	1,033,557	
Arizona	23,722		Maryland	231,978	238, 531	Oklahoma	254, 389	
Arkansas	123, 859	152.126	Massachusetts	488.056	456, 926	Oregon	137,040	
California	673,527	356, 597	Michigan	550,776	541,749	Pennsylvania	1,220,201	
Colorado	256, 871	263,877	Minnesota	334, 219	331.304	Rhode Island	77,894	72,317
Connecticut	190, 398	189,999	Mississippi	64,319	66,904	South Carolina.	50, 348	
Delaware	48, 694	48,024	Missouri	698, 562	715,874	South Dakota	116, 325	
Florida	51,891		Montana		68,822	Tennessee	247, 821	
Georgia	121,533		Nebraska	249,861	266, 799	Texas	305,120	
Idaho	104, 203		Ne vada	20,044	24,526	Utah	111,876	108,598
Illinois	1, 146, 103		N. Hampshire.		89,592	Vermont	62,807	52,651
Indiana			New Jersey		467, 198	Virginia	136,976	
Iowa	492, 326	494,770	New Mexico	49.376		Washington	322, 799	
Kansas	365, 444	375, 946	New York	1,587,983	1,638,350	West Virginia	268,828	
Kentucky	453, 698	490,687	North Carolina.	243.918	252,610	Wisconsin	397, 281	
Louisians	79,372	75, 146	North Dakota	86,580	94,582	Wyoming	42,296	37,609

Total vote, 1900, 13,961,566; 1904, 13,528,979; 1908, 14,888,442; 1912, 15,034,800.

Electoral Vote for President, 1892=1912.

		1912.		19)8. I	. 19	04. 1	1 196	00. 1	18	96.	1 189	2.
6	E	LECTOR.	AT.	ELECT		ELECT		ELECT			ORAL	ELECT	
0	_	Vote.	1	Vo		Vo		VOTE.		VOTE.		VOTE. *	
STATES.	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Bryan	Taft.	Par-	Roose-	Bryan	Mc-	Bryan,	Mc-	Cleve-	Harri-
	son,	Rep.	velt,	Dem.	Rep.	ker, Dem.	velt,	Dem.	Kinley	Dem,	Kinley	land,	son,
	Dem.		Prog.				Rep.		Rep.		Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Alabama	12	• •	· ·	11	•••	11		11	•••	11	••	111	
Arizona	9	• •		9	••••	9		*8	4	*8	•••	*8	
Arkansas California	2	••	ii		iö		iö		9	ı		8	ï
Colorado	6		1	5		1 '	5	4		4			
Connecticut	Ž			*	7	1	7		6		6	6	
Delaware	3		اا	5	3		3		3	·	3	3	
Florida	6			5		5		4		4		4	
Georgia	14	• •		13	*3	13	6	13	7.	13		13	• •
Idaho	4	• •	••	•••	27		27	3	24	3	24	24	• •
Illinois	29 15	• •	l ••1		15		15		15		15	15	••
Indiana	13				13		13		13		13	11	iä
Iowa Kansas	10	::			10		10		10	io	10	::	10
Kentucky	liš			13		l iš		13		ĭ	12	13	
Louisiana	10	l ::		9		9		8		8		8	
Maine	6						6		·6	1	6	1	·6
Maryland	8			6	2	7	1		8		8	8	
Massachusetts	18		1 22		16		16		15		15	5	15
Michigan	• • •		15		14	• • •	14		14		14		9
Minnesota	iö	• • •	12	iò	11,	iò	11	9	9	ġ	9	9	
Mississippi	18				iš		iš	17	::	17		17	••
Missouri	4			.:	l 3	::	1 ~š	3	::	3	::		
Nebraska		٠.		8			š		8	8	::		. š
Nevada	8 3	1 ::		3		II	3	3		3			
New Hampshire	4			ll	4		4		4		4		4
New Jersey	14				12		12		10		10	10	
New Mexico	3				::		33		1 ::		1 ::	36	• •
New York	45			;;	39	1 33	39	1 33	36	1 ;;	36		• •
North Carolina	12			12	4	12	4	11	3	11	3	11	ï
North Dakota	5 24				23		23		23	1 ::	23	i	22
OhioOklahoma	10	٠.	::	7		::		::					
Oregon	5				4		4		4		4		3
Pennsylvania		::	38		34	1	34		32		32		32
Rhode Island	·:	١			4		4		4		4		4
South Carolina	9			9		9		9	٠.	9		9	
South Dakota	iż		5	2:	4		4	::	4	4		iż	4
Tennessee		• • •		12	• • •	12		12		12 15		12	••
Texas	20	٠.	• • •	18	3	18	3			15	1 **		••
Utah	. ••	4	••		4	•••	4		4	1 0	4		4
Vermont	iż	4		iż		iż		iż		12		12	
Virginia			7	1	5		5	1	4	1 4			4
West Virginia	8				7		7		6		6	6	
Wisconsin,	13				13		13		12		12	12	::
Wyoming	3				3		3		3	3			
Total	435	8	88	162	321	140	336	155	292	176	271	277	145

^{*} Weaver, Pop., received 22 electoral votes in 1892.

The Electoral Vote.

THE following is the electoral vote of the States for 1912 as based upon the Reapportionment act of 1911:

			11 1		
Electoral Votes.	STATES.	Electoral Votes.	STATES.	Electors Votes.	
12	Maryland	8	Oregon	5	
3	Massachusetts		Pennsylvania	38	
9	Michigan			5	
13	Minnesota	12		9 5	
6	Mississippi	10	South Dakota	5	
7		18	Tennessee	12	
ż	Montana	4	Texas	20	
6	Nebraska	1 8	Utah	4	
14	Nevada	3	Vermont	4	
		4	Virginia	12	
29	New Jersey	14	Washington	7	
15	New Mexico	3	West Virginia	. 8	
		45	Wisconsin	13	
		12	W yoming	-3	
า๋รั		-5		531	
ากัก		24	10.41	991	
-6	Oklahoma		11 1	1	
	Votes.	Votes. STATES.	Votes. STATES. Votes.	STATES. Votes. STATES. Votes. STATES.	

The Direct Vote for Senators Amendment. 718

THE SIXLY-second Congress, at its second session, adopted the following joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing that Senators shall be elected by the people of the several States:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled (two-thirds of each House concurring therein), That in lieu of the first paragraph of section three of Article I. of the Constitution of the United States, and in lieu of so much of paragraph two of the same section as relates to the filling of vacancies, the following be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the States:

"The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each

State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State

Legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: Provided, That the Legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the Legislature may direct.

"This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator

chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution."

NOTE—As there are forty-eight States, the proposed amendment must receive the approval of thirty-six States. Up to November 15, 1912, it had been ratified by two States, Massachusetts and Minnesota.

City of New York Financial Budget.

COMPARATIVE TABLE GROUPING THE BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1911 AT 1912, ACCORDING TO THE GENERAL FUNCTION OR PURPOSE OF SUCH. AND FOR

1012, 110001101110 10					O COLL	
GROUPING OF APPROPRIATIONS ACCORDING TO GENERAL FUNCTION OR PURPOSE.	Budget of 1911. Group Totals.	Per Centum of Each Group Total.	Per Capita Cost 1911.	Budget of 1912. Group Totals.	Per Centum of Each Group Total.	Per Capita Cost 1912.
Interest on the City Debt Redemption of City Debt Redemption of Spec. Rev. Bonds Total for Redemption of Debt	\$34,214,137:09 9,113,559.90 7,334,125.00	5.558% 4.473%	\$6.87 1.83 1.47	\$35,473,685.93 9,770,527.32 6,010,314.92	5.495% 3.380%	\$6.86 1.89 1.16
and Payment of Interest Administrative, i.e., General Ad-	\$50,661,821.99	30.897%	\$10.17	\$51,254,528.17	28.826%	\$9.91
ministration Legislative (Aldermen and C.	2,804,079.00		.56	3,042,915.00	, , ,	.59
Clerk) Judiclai Educational Health and Sanitation	279,652.00 $7,876,021.50$ $31,355,065.73$ $16,255,724.49$	4.803%	.06 1.58 6.29 3.26	285,810.00 8,437,835.26 36,116,559.31 17,076,279.18	$\frac{4.745\%}{20.312\%}$	$\begin{array}{c} .06 \\ 1.63 \\ 6.98 \\ 3.30 \end{array}$
Protection of Life and Property Correctional Purposes Charitable Purposes	29,166,135.78 1,329,124.50 7,902,803.16	17.788%		30,179,314.61 1,362,404.00 8,165,773.38	$16.973\% \\ .766\%$	5.83 $.26$ 1.58
Streets, Highways and Bridges (Care and Maintenance of) Recreation, Science and Art, viz.:	4,663,277.60	2.844%	.94	5,083,476.84	2.859%	.98
 (a) Parks, Parkways & Drives. (b) Zoological and Botanical Gardens, Museums, etc 	2,226,128.85 1,024,151.14	1.358%	.44	2,454,853.00 1,003,476.57		.48
Public Buildings & Offices (Care and Maintenance of)	1,334,911.30		.27	1,370,906.63		
Canvassers. Publication, Advertising & Print- ing.	1,063,250.00 1,441,320.00		.21	1,208,675.00	, , ,	.23
Taxes, Rents, Pension and Relief Funds, etc. Public Enterprises (Docks and	1,928,652.37	1.177%	.39	6,445,569.20	3.625%	1.25
Municipal Ferries) Totals of Budget Appropriations,	2,655,715.75 \$163,967,835.16		.53 \$32.90	2,960,623.62 \$177,802,889.77		.57 \$34.37
Net Increases—1912 over 1911 To Provide for Deficiencies in the					\$13,835	
Collection of Taxes	10,000,000.00			3,287,366.74		633.26
Grand Totals	8173,967,835.16	l		\$181,090,256.51	\$7,122	,421.35

SUMMARY OF TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR CITY AND COUNTIES.

	Appropriations 1911.	Appropriations 1912.
The City of New York	\$168,514,029.91	
		6,888,611.29
The County of Kings	1 691 653 331	
The County of Officers	336 910 451	
The County of Richmond	117,580.47	162,531.77
Grand Totals	\$173,967,835.16	\$181,090,256.51

N. B.—The total appropriations for interest on and redemption of the city debt: education, health and sanitation; protection of life and property, and charitable purposes in 1911 were \$128,-007,428.15, or 78.06 per cent. of the total budget appropriations for said year. For 1912 the appropriations for these purposes aggregate \$136,782,139.73, or 76.93 per cent. of the total budget.

The most notable increases in the budget of 1912 over that of 1911 are—\$4,761,493.58 for educational purposes and \$4,301,345.65 for State tax—the first direct State tax which has been levied against the city since 1907, for which year it was \$75,704.13.

The Health Department's estimate of 1911 gave the city's population as 4,983,385, and its estimate of the population at the mid-period of 1912 is 5,173,064.

Presidential Primaries, 1912.

California—Democratic: Clark, 43,163; Wilson, 17,214. Republican—Tatt, 69,345; Rossevelt, 138,563; La Follette, 45,876.
Wilson, 57,267. No Presidential primary was held by the Republican party or by the New National Progressive party in Georgia.

Illinois—Democratic: Clark, 218,483; Wilson, 15,527. Republican; Tatt, 127,481; Roosevelt, 23,669; La Follette, 42,692.

Maryland—Democratic: Clark, 34,510; Wilson, 25,816; Harmon, 7,157. Republican: Tatt, 26,618; Roosevelt, 29,674.

Massachusetts—Democratic: Clark, 34,510; Wilson, 15,002; all others, 627, Republican: Tatt, 20,517; Roosevelt, 83,099; La Follette, 2,058; all others, 99.

Missourl—No Presidential primary was held in Missourl, but there was a "ballot primary" held by the Democratic primary by counties, for Missourl—No Presidential primary was held in Missourl, but there was a "ballot primary" held by the Democratic Clark State convention, and the state of the State convention, and the state of the State convention, and the state of the state and only an insignificant part of the New York delegation part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of the New York gor Roosevelt, State, and only an insignificant part of York of the Persidential part of York and York and York and York and York and York and York and York and York and York and York and York an Wisson, 10-20; Roosevelt, 83,099; La Follette, 2,005; all others, 93.

Missouri—No Presidential primary was held Missouri—No there was a "ballot primary" held issouri—Not there was a "ballot primary" held issouri—Not there was a "ballot primary" held issouri—Not held in the Democratic party, by counties, for the election of delegates to their State convention, and at this primary Champ Clark had a majority over former Gov. Joseph W. Folk.

Nebraska—Democratic: Clark, 21,027; Wilson, 14,289; Harmon, 12,454. Republican: Taft, 13,341; Roosevelt, 46,795; La Follette, 16,785.

New Jersey—Democratic: Clark, 522; Wilson, 48,336; Harmon, 60; Bryan, 47. Republican: Taft, 44,034; Roosevelt, 61,297; La Follette, 3,464.

Taft. 44,034; Roosevett, 61,297; La rouette, 3,464.

New York—No Presidential preference primaries. The Roosevett people, in 1912, contested the Congressional Districts in Manhattan and in Kings County, but outside of this there were no contests of moment elsewhere in the

Follette, 19,060.

The vote on the Presidential primary held in South Dakota was taken in June, 1912, upon the candidates for election as delegates to the national conventions of the Republican party and of the Democratic party and the result was scurred by votes under different mottoes, which were more or less conflicting, especially in the Democratic list, and the Republican party also was not free

from such entanglements.

Wisconsin—Democratic: Clark, 36,464; Wilson, 45,945. Republican: Taft, 47,514; Roosevelt, 628; La Follette, 133,354. Prohibition: Eugene W. Chain 2,808; Oliver W. Stewart,

DIRECT PRIMARY VOTE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR, COVERNOR AND CONCRESSMAN IN SOME STATES.

Georgia—Governor: John M. Slaton, Dem., 104,857; Joe Hill Hall, Dem., 24,856; Hooper Alexander, Dem., 39,037.

Hilnols—United States Senator: James H. Lewis, Dem., 228,872; Hugh S. Magill, Rep., 78 344; Shelby M. Cullom, Rep., 129,275, Law-rence Y. Sherman, Rep., 178,063; William G. Webster, Rep., 24,567; Alonzo E. Wilson, Pro.,

3.786. Governor: Ben F. Caldwell, Dem., 71.972; Samuel Alschuler, Dem., 87,127; Geo. E. Dickson, Dem., 9,034; Edward F. Dunne, Dem., 131,212; Chas, S. Deneen, Rep., 452,997; Len Small, Rep. 88,829; John E. W. Weyman, Rep., 61,178; Chas. F. Hurburgh, Rep., 29,992; John J. Brown, Rep., 31,995; Walter C. Jones, Rep., 22,491; J. McCan Davis, Rep., 6,855; Richard Yates, Rep., 45,325; John C. Kennedy, Soc., 8,333; Edwin R. Worrell, Pro. 3.568. rell, Pro., 3,568.

Kansas — United States Senator: Stephen N. Allen, Dem., 10,315; Thos. L. Bond, Dem., 7,358; Hugh P. Farrelly, Dem., 9,342; Wm. H. Thompson, Dem., 17,652; Chas. Curtls. Rep., 58,660; W. R. Stubbs, Rep., 57,353; Allen W. Ricker, Soc., 4,611.

Kentucky—Representatives in Congress: First District—Smith, Dem., 5,768; Hendricks, Dem., 3,452; Barkley, Dem., 9,261; Corbett, Dem., 8,265; Corbett, Dem., 8,265; Corbett, Dem., 8,265; Child District—R. Y. Thomas, Dem., 7,187; John S. Rhea, Dem., 6,393; Geo. Baker, Rep., 1,023; Thomas B. Dixon, Rep. 1,657. Fourth District—Ben. Johnson, Dem., 3,741; J. P. Whittingill, Rep., 774; John C. Thompson, Rep., 1,028. No returns received from the Fith, Sixth and Seventh Districts. Eighth District—Harvey Helm, Dem., 8,946; Jerry Sullivan, Dem., 2,296; J. W. Densmere, Rep., 979.

Louisiana — United States Senator: 1913 Term — Murphy J. Foster, Dem., 52,565; Joseph E. Ransdell, Dem., 57,935. 1915 Term — Robert F. Broussard, Dem., 50,263; A. P. Pujo, Dem., 26,62; J. Y. Sanders, Dem., 40,209. 209. Governor: J. B. Aswell, Dem., 23,800; L. E. Hall, Dem., 53,407; John T. Mitchel, Dem., 46,201.

Michigan— United States Senator: Alfred Lucking, Dem., 22,866; Geo. P. Hummer, Dem., 15,424; Wm. Alden-Smith, Rep., 149,922; Theodore M. Joslin, Prog., 9,283; H. S. McMaster, Soc., 3,378; Wm. A. Taylor, Pro., 2,237. Governor: Woodbridge N. Ferris, Dem., 39,457; Amos S. Musselman, Rep., 86,191; Frederick C. Martindale, Rep., 82,714; Lucius W. Watkins, Prog., 9,770; James Hoogerhyde, Soc., 3,471; J. D. Leland, Pro., 2,115. Congressman-at-Large; Edward Frensdorf, Dem., 34,655; Patrick H. Kelley, Rep., 131,066; Wm. H. Hill, Prog., 4,744; Julius B. Kirby, Prog., 3,696; Milan F. Martin, Soc., 29; Fred W. Corbett, Pro., 1,975; Harry M. McNeal, 21.

Missouri—Governor: Ball, Dem., 13,074; Bolte, Dem., 10,220; Cowherd, Dem., 89,491; Houchin, Dem., 20,369; Major, Dem., 92,233; Brewster, Rep., 583; McKinley, Rep., 95,220; Murphy, Rep., 11,209; Quick, Rep., 38,078; Swanger, Rep., 144; Ward, Soc., 6,543; Rogers, Soc. Labor, 187; Stokes, Pro., 614.

New Hampshire—Governor: Samuel D. Felker, Dem., 7,984; Franklin Worcester, Rep., 18,609

10,003. Representatives in Congress: First District— Eugene E. Reed, Dem., 4,497; Cyrus A. Sulloway, Rep., 10,098. Second District—Raymond B. Stevens, Dem., 3,334; Frank D. Currier, Rep., 8,673.

New York-The primaries in the city of New York were held on September 18, 1912, but proved to be of little interest, since in every case the "organization" candidates were selected. In the Borough of Manhattan there was only one contest of note, namely that of former Assemblyman test of note, namely that of former Assemblyman Franklin Brooks, Rep., whose name had been put on the primary ballot by petition, against John W. Yawger, Rep., for the nomination for Senator. Mr. Yawger won the nomination. In the Borough of Brooklyn there were eleven contests, but in every instance the "regulars" woo. In the third Congress District, Kings County, Frank D. Wilson, Dem., with 2,943 votes, defeated Alderman Francis P. Bent, who received 1,526 votes. In the Eighth Senate District James F. Duhamel, Ind. League, defeated his opponent, Robert B. Ward.

Washington—Representative in Congress (at Large): Robert McMurcline, Dem., 5,510: Geo. F. Clinstensen, Dem., 5,566: E. O. Connor, Dem., 9,933; Harry D. Merritt, Dem., 8,048; Henry M. White, Dem., 9,655; Edwin F. Masterson, Dem., 4,849; M. E. Gile, Dem., 9,106; Frank Hammond, Rep., 20,357; Henry B. Dewey, Rep., 28,449; Harry Rosenhauft, Rep., 17,706; John P. Fay, Rep., 18,680; A. C. Shaw, Rep., 18,231; J. E. Frost, Rep., 33,178; Arthur Simmons, Rep., 11,722; Alfred Wagenknecht, 8,757.

mons, Rep., 11,722; Alfred Wagenknecht, 8,757.
First District—Charles Helfner, Dem., 4,076;
Thos. R. Horner, Dem., 2,081; Wm. E. Humphrey,
Rep., 23,833; David Perry Rice, Rep., 6,560;
Joseph Gilbert, Soc., 4,578. Second District—
Chas. Drury, Dem., 1,646; James. A. Munday,
Dem., 1,723; Geo. Hazzard, Dem., 788; Leslie E.
Aller, Dem., 2,727; Stanton Warbarton, Rep.,
3,196; Thos. C. Van Eaton, Rep., 7,303; Albert
Johnson, Rep., 13,732; Norman S. Richards,
Rep., 5,500. Third District—Rosscoe M. Drumbelles, Dem., 5,379; V. T. Tustin, Dem., 3,400;
Martin J. Maloney, Dem., 4,054; Wm. L. La
Follette, Rep., 19,017; Geo. W. Shaefer, Rep.,

3,513; W. M. Ridpath, Rep., 4,918; Robert B. Martin, Soc., 2,060.

Martin, Soc., 2,060.

Governor: Hugh C. Todd, Dem., 7,322; L. F.
Chester, Dem., 3,980; Ernest Lister, Dem., 7,629;
Wm. Henry Dunphy, Dem., 5,387; M. M. Godman, Dem., 5,517; E. C. Million, Dem., 5,739;
*W. W. Black, Dem., 8,166; M. E. Hay, Rep.,
69,005; Orville Billings, Rep., 20,689; Anna A.
Maley, Soc., 9,788. *Supreme Court Decison
No. 10,755, October 10, 1912, granted application for permanent writ prohibiting State Canvassing Board from certifying to Secretary of
State the nomination of W. W. Black as Governor
and prohibited Secretary of State from certifying
bis nomination.

Wisconsin—Governor: John C. Karel, Dem., 48,238; Adolph J. Schmitz, Dem., 36,975; Francis E. McGovern, Rep., 81,399; Carl D. Thompson, Soc. Dem., 12,726; Chas. L. Hill, Pro., 2,385.

Wyoming—United States Senator: J. B. Rendrick, Dem., 7,216; F. E. Warren, Rep., 12,092.

Representative in Congress (at Large): T. P. Fahey, Dem., 4,369; J. J. Spriggs, Dem., 1,794; T. W. Mondell, Rep., 12,772.

STATES THAT HAVE AND STATES THAT DO NOT HAVE PRIMARY LAWS-THE ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS BY DIRECT PRIMARIES.

Connecticut—No State primary election and no amendment has been adopted calling for the direct election of United States Senators by the people.

Delaware—No State primary law, although the County of New Castle has a direct primary law.

Florida—Has not adopted an amendment calling for the direct election of United States Senators by the people.

Idaho—A State primary election was held on July 30, 1912, but the vote in detail is not yet available. The Legislature in 1911 passed a memorial asking that a resolution, which was then pending in the Senate of the United States, proposing to submit to the several States an amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by direct yote of the people be passed.

Hillnois—The laws of this State provide that any candidate for President of the United States or for United States Senator may have his name printed upon the primary ballot of his political party by filing in the office of the Secretary of State, 30 days prior to the April primary, a petition signed by a certain number of members of his party, provided that the vote upon candidates for United States Senator "shall be had for the sole purpose of ascertaining the sentiment of the voters of the respective parties in the State as a whole and not by Senatorial districts; and provided further that the vote for President of the United States specified in the sentiment of the United States specified in the sentiment and will office and the vote of the State at large shall be taken and considered as advisory to the delegates and alternates at large to the national conventions of the respective Congressional Districts shall be taken and considered as advisory to the delegates and alternates of said Congressional districts to the national convention of the respective Congressional districts to the national convention of the respective Congressional districts to the national convention of the respective Congressional districts to the national convention of the respective political parties."

Indiana-No preference primary law.

Iowa—No law requiring the direct election of United States Senators, except that the various political parties nominated their respective candidates for the office of United States Senator at the primary held the preceding June. Then when the Legislature convenes during the following Jaunary, whichever party has a majority of members in the Legislature is supposed to be in honor bound to elect the candidate nominated by that party at the primary.

Massachusetts—The State has adopted an amendment providing for the direct election of United States Senators by the people.

Minnesota—The State Legislature has ratified the amendment calling for the direct election

of United States Senators.

Montana—No primary law in this State.

Nebraska—The laws of this State provide that at the general election immediately preceding the expiration of the term of a United States Senator the voters shall express a preference for United States Senator.

Nevada—This State has not yet adopted an amendment calling for the direct election of United States Senators by the people.

North Carolina-No State primary law.

North Dakota—Election law says that a candidate for member of the Legislature may give a pledge to vote for the candidate of his party who has received the largest number of votes for United Sates Senator.

Ohlo—Has a law approved by Governor Harmon on May 18, 1911, providing that at primary elections, where candidates may be chosen to the General Assembly, whose duty it shall be to elect a United States Senator, "there shall be placed on the official primary ballots by each of the boards of Deputy State Supervisors of Elections the names of all candidates for United States Senator;" that the candidate of each party "who receives the largest number of votes at such primary election shall be and become the candidate of his party for such office," and that candidates for the Legislature may file a statement that they will always vote for that candidate for United States Senator who shall have received the largest number of votes or another statement that they will consider the vote of the electors for United States Senator "as nothing more than a recommendation" that they shall be at liberty to "wholly disregard."

Rhode Island—No primary law, and has not adopted an amendment calling for the direct election of United States Senators.

Tennessee—Has no compulsory primary law. The State has adopted an amendment calling for the direct election of United States Senators by the people.

the people.

Utah—There is no State primary election in this State. All nominations for State or county offices are made by convention.

West Virginia—This State has not adopted an amendment calling for the direct election of United States Senators by the people.

Election Returns.

BY STATES, COUNTIES, AND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS,

ALARAMA.

	Al	LABA	MA.				1
	ļ F	RESIDE	NT, 191	2.	Govi	ERNOR,	-
		ŀ	t	1	-	1	r
[4]	Wil-		Roose-		1	Thomp	1
Countine (67.)	son,	Taft,	velt.	Debs, Soc.	O'Neal	son,	v
_ (0.0)	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Suc.	Dem.	Rep.	1
Autauga	622	43	130	56	627	58	a F
Baldwin		37	141	125	467	27	1
Barbour	1,155	18 40		17 103	1,157	51 49	v
Blount		567	580	32		764	I
Bullock	736	4	2	19	578	1 1	I
Butler	903 1,666	86 238	80 423	32	808	74 451	1
Calhoun	1,486	28	113	9	1,593 1,058	30	1
Chambers Cherokee	814	88	799 1,154	47	1,373	355	I
Chilton Choctaw	880 489	140	1,154	72 4	994 474	936 15	
Clarke	1,024 1,109	13	12	25	998	33	
ClayCleburne	1,109	64	940	. 2	1,305	745	I
Cleburne	1,277	134 68	510 395	67		428 120	
Collee	946	. 228	242	79	1,312 912	174	1
Conecuh Coosa	802	60	103	26	976	31	I.
Covington	763 1,251	109 110	317 147	17 193	845 1,218	135 79	
Crenshaw	986	47	127	7	1,002	67	
Cullman	1.230	264	1,374	27	1,705 1,122	1,093	χ,
Dale	1,060 1,461	99 16	443 18	3 16	$\frac{1,122}{2,468}$	183 23	ľ
Dallas De Kalb	1 1.3791	492	623	31	1,515	936	
ramore	1,152	81	167	10	1,604	72	37
Escambia Etowah	829 1.511	52 354	887	18 144	509	104	,
Fayette	1,511 762	434	308	20	808	597	
Franklin	849 891	309	570	75	890	786	\ v
Geneva Greene	418	99	511	37	883 351	234	*
Hale	720	4	7		638	9	
Henry	711	47 82	153	26	600	32	
Honston Jackson	1,166	229	366 406	45 23	1,895	$\frac{280}{272}$	v
Jefferson	8,887	706	2,034	612	1,113 6,373 677	1,377	
Lamar	816 1,386	$\frac{61}{263}$	160 297	10 72	1,288	84 364	
Lauderdale Lawrence	643	198	261	32	681	222	١.,
Lee	1,179	43	43	60	783	26	1.
Limestone Lowndes	1,012 583	90 4	83 10	34 4	884 483	54 16	
Macon	647	24	23		692	47	
Madison	2,146	150	357	91	1.483	175 17	
	1,386 1,098	378	20 205	1 7	1,903 1,018	17 425	м
Marion Marshall	1,457	428	1.184	24	1,853	872	120
Moone	3,009	140	445	168	2,889	205	
Monroe Montgomery .	878 3,047	43	21 131	17 17	$\frac{623}{2.218}$	48	
Morgan	1.686	241	362	82	1,650	485	er
Perry	731 815	3	31 73	14 16	668 586	5 73 53	B
Pickens Pike	1 909	22 13	48	5	1,382	53	J.
Randolph	1,177	268	366		1,341	454	cε
Russell	1,003	201	35 1,233	22	390	1,334	A
Shelby St. Clair	1,181	260	687	42 75	1,359 985	618	01
St. Clair Sumter	701	9	2	10	545	5	
Talladega Tallapoosa	1,312 1,586	111 841	386 151	1 22	1,090	261 95	
Tuscaloosa	1,695	871	158	49	1, 467 1, 771	116	A
Tuscaloosa Walker	2,063	881	504	127	1,909	1,444	S
Washington	405 878	14	18	12 6	333 734	5	J. R
Wilcox Winston	508	292	893	7	533	1,049	
	93 400		22 000	0.000			
Total	82.439 59.750		22,689	3,029	77,694 58,434	19,260	D
Per cent	69.92	8.26	19 26	2.59	58, 434 80, 13	19.86	R
Scattering		117	5			22	
Whole vote.		117	.888	1	98,8	33	1

ALABAMA - Continued.

For Governor in 1910 Scott, Progressive Rep., received 837 votes; Carter, Soc., 1,042.

For President in 1908 Hisgen, Ind., received 495 votes.

Bryan's Democratic vote in 1896 was 105,390, and the Populist vote 24,917. The scattering vote: Palmer, N. D., 6,462; Levering, Pro., 2,147.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts

- I. Counties of Choctaw, Clarke, Marengo, Mobile, Monroe, and Washington. Taylor, Dem., 9,939; Doyle, Soc., 213.
- II. Counties of Baldwin, Butler, Conecuh, Covington, Crenshaw, Escambia, Montgomery, Pike, and Wilcox. Dent, Jr., Dem., 11,197.
- III. Counties of Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee, and Russell, Clayton, Dem., 11,225.
- IV. Counties of Calhoun, Chilton, Cleburne, Dallas, Shelby, and Talladega. Blackmon, Dem., 7,740; Sturdivant, Rep., 693; Longshore, Prog., 3,060.
- V. Counties of Autauga, Chambers, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Lowndes, Macon, Randolph, and Tallapoosa, Heflin, Dem., 10,210.
- VI. Counties of Fayette, Greene, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa, and Walker. Hobson, Dem., 10,065; Lunsford, Rep., 2,210.
- VII. Counties of Cherokee, Cullman, De Kalb, Etowah, Franklin, Marshall, St. Clair, and Winston. Burnett, Dem., 9,770; Stephens, Rep., 2,711; Cogswell, Prog., 5,462.
- VIII. Counties of Colbert, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison, and Morgan, Richardson, Dem., 19753; Hotchkiss, Rep., 1,160; Connor, Soc., 245.
- IX. Counties of Bibb, Blount, Hale, Perry, and Jefferson. Underwood, Dem., 12,584; Parker, Rep., 1,598.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE.

Abercrombie, Dem., 87,519; Stratton, Rep., 9,589; axwell, Soc., 2,533.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Emmett O'Neal; Lieutenant-Governor, W. D. Seed; Secretary of State, Cyrus B Brown; Anditor, C. B. Smith; Adjutant-General, J. B. Scully; Attorney-General, R. C. Brickell: Treasurer, John Purifoy; Superintendent of Education, H. J. Willingham; Commissioner of Agriculture, R. F. Kolb; ex-offic o Commissioner of Insurance, Cyrus B. Brown—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, J. R. Dowdell; Associate Justices, Ormond Somerville, A. D. Sayre, John C. Anderson, Edward de Graffinried, J. J. Mayfield, and Thomas McClellan; Clerk, R. F. Ligon, Jr.—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

			Joint Ballot
emocrats epublicans		95 4	13ŏ
-	_		- v
Democratic majority	30	87	1.21

$\begin{array}{c} \text{VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1876.} \\ Dem. Rep. Gr. Fro. Rep. Gr. Fro. Pro. Rep. Gr. Fro. Rep. G$	ALABAMA-Co	mtinue	d.	
1876. President. 102.002 68 230 *33,772 D 1880. President. 90.887 56,178 4 642 34,509 D 1884. President. 92,973 59,144 1762 *54,199 D 1886. Governor. 148,91 37,116 576 10,621 D 1889. Governor. 148,91 37,116 563 61,123 D 1889. Governor. 128,990 115,522 1892. President. 138,138 9,197 85,181 239 52,937 D 1892. President. 138,138 9,197 85,181 239 52,937 D 1896. Governor. 128,541 89,290 *39,251 D Kep. N.D. *39,251 D 1898. Governor. 111,936 59,164 6,622 1898. Governor. 111,936 59,164 70,0 1899. President. 37,131 55,512 4,178 2,762 41,619 D 2,762 41,619 D 1900. President. 79,857 22,472 5,057 612 57,385 D 1904. President. 78,857 22,472 5,057 612 57,385 D 1906. Governor 6,710,002 56,769 D				
1880. President 90.887 56 1.78 4.642 34,509 D 1882. Governor 19.391 46,386 **51,199 D 1886. Governor 14.881 37,116 576 107,821 D 1889. President 117,320 56,197 588 61,123 D 1890. Governor 139,104 24,40 1,380 57,470 D 1892. Governor 126,559 187 D 1892. President 138,138 9,197 85,181 239 52,937 D 189,230 D 1896. Governor 128,484 89,290 N. D 39,251 D 1896. President 130,307 54,737 6,462 2,147 75,570 D 1896. President 97,131 55,512 4,78 6,462 2,762 44,619 D 1902. Governor 67,763 24,421 *59,772 D 1904. President 79,857 22,472 5,057 612 57,385 D 1906. Governor 62,769 D		Gr.	Pro.	Plu.
1884 President .9.275 59.144 762 33.829 D 1886 Governor .144.821 37.116 576 107.621 D 1889. Governor .126.959 115.522 *11.437 D 1892. Governor .126.959 115.522 *11.437 D 1892. President .138.138 9.197 85.161 \$239 52.937 D 1892. President .138.138 9.197 85.161 \$239 52.937 D 1896. Governor .126.951 89.290 *39.251 D 1896. Governor .111.936 52.164 59.772 D 1890. President .97.131 55.512 4.178 2.762 41.619 D 1900. President .79.857 22.472 5.057 612 57.836 D 1904. President .79.857 22.472 5.057 612 57.836 D				*33,772 D
1884. President. 92,975 59,144 762 33,829 D 1886. Governor .144,821 37,116 583 61,123 D 1889. President .117,320 56,197 583 61,123 D 1890. Governor .128,959 .1115,522 *11,437 D 1892. Governor .128,959 .1115,522 *11,437 D 1892. President .138,138 9,197 85,181 239 52,937 D 1896. Governor .128,541 89,290 *39,251 D 1896. President .130,807 54,737 6,462 *59,772 D 1896. Governor .111,936 52,164 *59,772 D 1900. President .97,131 55,512 4,178 2,762 41,619 D 1900. President .79,857 22,472 5,057 612 57,385 D 1904. President .79,857 22,472 5,057 612 57,385 D	1880. President 90,687 56,178	4.642		34.509 D
1886. Governor. 144,821 37,116 576 33,829 D 1886. Governor. 148,821 37,116 587,6107,621 D 1889. Governor. 139,910 42,440 583 61,133 D 1890. Governor. 126,959 115,522 *11,437 D 1892. President. 138,138 9,197 85,181 239 52,937 D 1896. Governor. 128,541 89,290 N. D. 2,147 75,570 D 1896. President. 130,307 54,737 6,462 2,147 75,570 D 1896. Governor. 111,936 59,164 POp. 2,762 41,619 D 1900. President. 97,131 55,512 4,178 2,762 41,619 D 1902. Governor. 67,763 24,421 5,057 612 57,385 D 1904. President. 78,857 22,472 5,057 612 57,385 D 1906. Governor. 62,7110,002 56,769 D 62,769 D	1882. Governor 100.391 46.386			
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R. & Pop.				
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1900. President. 97,181 55,512 4,178 2,762 41,619 D 1902. Governor. 67,763 24,421 43,342 D 1904. President. 79,857 22,472 5,057 612 57,385 D 1906. Governor. 62,771 10,002 52,769 D	1000. 000011111,000 02,104		• • • •	00,114 1
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1906. Governor 62,771 10,002 52,769 D	1001 Procident 50 057 90 479			
1908. President. 74.374 25.305 1.565 665 49.066 D	1904. Flesident., 19,651 22,412	0,007		
1906, Fresident74.574 25.305 1.565 665 49.066 D	1900. Governor 62,771 10,002	1.535		
* Majority		1.005	665	49,066 D

majority.				
	A D	17	ON	
	мп	-	UN	м.

		Pere	DENT.		Cove	RNOR.	
_		1912.				1911.	
COUNTIES. (14.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Hunt, Dem.	Wells, Rep.	
Apache	108 1,973	56 403 237	1,396	10 819	1,978	1,419	
Coconino Gila Graham	339 779 540	210 103	243	96 501 164	278 1,047 627	384 540 388	
Greenlee Maricopa Mohave	652 2,606 320	109 642 69	1,818	122 472 184	2,266 351	461 1,957	
Navajo	287 693	168 353	233 615	40 109	309 840	849 849	
Pinal Santa Cruz Yavapai	352 250 1,001	80 56 445		61 38 358	365 307 1.084	350 240 1,166	
Yumâ Total	424 10, 324	3,021	359 6,949	3,163	10,947	345	
Plurality Per cent	3,375 43.60	12.74	29.29	13.30	1,906	::	
Whole vote.	J	23	, 722		19,	988	

For President 1912, Chafin, Pro., received 265

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS ELECTED 1912. Hayden, Dem., 11,389; Campbell, Rep., 3,110; Fisher, Pro., 5,819; Smith, Soc., 3,034; Gibson, Pro., 193.

Governor, George W. P. Hunt; Secretary of State and Lieutenant-Governor, Sidney P. Osborn; Treasurer, David Johnson; Auditor, J. C. Callaghan; Adjutant-General, Charles Harris; Attorney-General, George P. Bullard; Superintendent of Education, C. O. Case; Commissioner of Insurance, Sidney P. Osborn—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY. Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Alfred Franklin; Associate Justices, D. L. Cunningham, Henry D. Ross; Clerk, J. P. Dillon-all Democrats.

STATE LEGI	SLATU	RE. 191	13.	
S	enate.	House	. Join	t Ballot.
Democrats	19	31		50
Republicans	4	- 4		8
	_	_		
Democratic majority.	15	27		42
VOTE OF THE TE	BRITO	RY SIN	CE 19	00.
Dem.	Ren.	Pop.	Pro.	Mat.
1900 8,664	7.664			1,000 D
1902 9,716				477 D
1904	9,521			973 D
•	′	Soc.		Plu.
1906	8,909	2,078		2.192 D
1908		1.912	106	708 R

	ARKANSAS.							
	0		1912.	NT,	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
	Counties. (75.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose-	Robin	and.	Mikel,	
	Arkansas	869	249		1.474	Rep. 655	88	
	Ashley Baxter	1,029 536	439 142		1,130	787	108 190	
1	Ranton	9 252	541	660	2,880	1,12	384	
'	Boone Bradley Calhoun Carroll Chicot	965 772	280 137	279		572 411	90	
	Calhoun	438	72	177			205	
	Chicot	919 419	89	358 308		967 517	192	
			376	265	1.56	744	45	
1	Clay Cleburne	1,299	138	118	1.160	1 206	207	
	Cleveland Columbia	685 1,101	275		1,098	449 707	55 69	
1	Couway	1,435	527	364	2 244	11 714	72	
	Couway Craighead Crawford	1,259	269 407	229 428	1,836	345	361 150	
ĺ	Crittenaen	4.73	89	285	637	l lôā	6	
	Cross Dallas	491 654	293 228			369 692	102 45	
1	Dallas Desha	314 882	52	161	656	345	45	
1	DIEW	1 552	1 402	161	1,302	922 751	200	
1	Faulkner Franklin	1,316 1,113 590	258 453	194 235	1,854	568 386	231	
1	Fulton	1,046	300	533	2,207	1 731	246	
1	Grant	440		47	823	1 149	28 426	
	Greene Hempstead Hot Springs Howard Independence Izard	1,251 1,247	830	468	9 111	1 339	190	
١	Hot Springs	668		247 187	1,392 1,377 2,153	583 411	1 111	
1	Independence	760 1,225 746	412 215	395	2,153	857	452	
1	Jackson	746 837	215 543	137 159	1,238 1,351	1 372	83 328	
1	Jefferson	1 659	579	753	2,919	1,172	167 254	
1	Johnson Lafayette Lawrence	498	189 208	155	1,407 658	463	23	
Ì	Lawrence	929 968	218 665	167	1.370	307	251 57	
	LeeLincolnLittle RiverLoganLonokeLonokeLonoke	390	292 232	152 87	1,198 1,208	669	79	
1	Little River	1 319	232 333	87 765	I X56	513	149 307	
١	Lonoke	1,319 1,129	254	765 425	2,405	589	146	
1	Monion	507	286 160	231 145	1,543 904	1,444 334		
	Marion Miller	846 767	331 263	195 183	1,201	409	217 112	
1	Monroe	537	400	201	991 711	261 513	164	
	Montgomery	471 607	221 322	202 268	1,060 1,348	454	261 297	
	Newton	290	285	247	553	755	181	
	Perry	913 522	793 163	131 216	1,170 880	1,093 356	56 86	
1	Phillips	522 926	163 198	189	1.373	543	26 58	
	Miller Mississippi Monroe Montgomery Nevada Newton Ouachita. Perry Phillips Pike. Polinsett Polk	603 593	331 205	158 - 157	1,082 1,071	618 238	113	
ļ	Polk	694 1,517	162 334	409 556	1,071	527	357 249	
ı	Pope Prairie Pulaski Randolph Sallne Scott	647	376	163	1,962 1,092 5,322	766 504	74	
	Pulaski	3,369 997	1,044 264	1,547 178	5,322 1,613	1,677	375 219	
1	Sallne	814	164	140	1.399	351 180	81	
1	20010	Y * * * *	206 514	225 180	1,108 844	462 1,020	240 242	
	Sebastian	2,396	389	748	3,699 1,213	1,114 260	558	
١			174 114	166 194	1.011	317	393 111	
1	Sharp St. Francis Stone	563 337	296 113	90	1,278 649	595 283	98 93	
-			152	135	1,454	190	220	
١	Van Buren Washington	674	254	266 532	1.108	1 304	109 250	
1	White	1,881 1,448 903	380	481	2,532 2,564	1,304 533	340	
	White Woodruff Yell	1.4011	436	258 438	$\frac{1,249}{2.002}$	641 826	125 354	
	Total	68,838	24,297	21,673	109826	46,440	13, 384	
	Total Plurality Per cent	68,838 44,541 55,58	19.62	17.66	6. 66	63, 386 64.74	27. 37	

ARKANSAS-Continued.

For President 1912, Chaffu, Proh., received 898

votes; Debs. Soc., 8,153.

For President in 1908, Watson, Pop., received 1.026 votes; Hisgen, Ind., 289.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts

Districts
I. Counties of Clay, Greene, Craighead, Mississippi, Crittenden, Cross, Poinsett, St. Francis, Lee, Phillips, and Woodruff. Caraway, Dem., 18,036. No opposition.
II. Counties of Stone, Sharp, Randolph, Lawrence, Fulton, Izawl, Independence, White, Cleburne, Jackson, Prairie, and Monroe. Oldfield, Dem., 11,880; Wells, Rep., 4,388.
III. Counties of Washington, Benton, Madison, Carroll, Newton, Boone, Searcy, Baxter, Marion, and Van Buren. Floyd, Dem., 10,849; Carlton, Rep., 5,924.

Carlton, Rep., 5,924.

IV. Counties of Crawford, Logan, Sebastian, Scott,

IV. Counties of Crawford, Logan, Sebastian, Scott, Polk, Sevier, Howard, Pike, Little River, Montgomery, and Miller. Wingo, Dem., 11,889; Livesay, Rep., 5,601.
V. Countles of Franklin, Johnson, Pope, Yell, Couway, Faulkner, Perry, and Pulaski, Jacoway, Jr., Dem., 18,438; Remmel, Rep.,

5,680.

5,580.
 VI. Counties of Garland, Hot Springs, Saline, Dallas, Grant, Desha, Cleveland, Lincoln, Drew, Jefferson, Arkansas, and Lonoke. Taylor, 15,879. No opposition.
 VII. Counties of Hempstead, Clark, Nevada, Columbia, Union, Onachita, Lafayette, Calhoun, Bradley, Ashley, and Chicot. Goodwin, Dem., 10,956; McNally, Rep., 4,824.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, J. T. Robinson; Lleutenant-Governor, Governor, J. T. Robinson; Lieutenant-Governor, W. C. Rodgers; Secretary of State, Earle W. Hodges; Treasurer, John W. Crockett; Auditor and Insurance Commissioner, J. M. Oathout; Attorney-General, W. M. Moose, Superintendent of Education, Geo. B. Cook; Commissioner of Agriculture, J. H. Page; Commissioner of Public Lands, R. G. Dye—all Democrats.

JUDICIABY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Edgar A. McCulloch; Justices, F. G. Smith, C. D. Wood, William F. Kirby, and Jesse C. Hart; Clerk of the Court, P. D. English—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Sonate	House	Joint Ballot.
Democrats		96	130
Republicans		4	5
-		_	_
Democratic majority.	33	92	125

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1880.

1011 01 1A11 01111 01110 10001						
Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Wheel.	Plu.		
1880. Pres 60,865	42,549	4,079		18,316 D		
1884. Pres 72,927	50,895	1,847		22 032 D		
1886, Gov 90,650	54,070		19,169	36,580 D		
		U. Lab.	Proh.	·		
1888. Gov 99,229		84,223		*15,006 D		
1888, Pres 85,962	58,752	10.613	641	27,210 D		
1890. Gov 106,267		85,181		*21,086 D		
		Pop.				
1892. Pres 87,834	46,884	11,831	113	40,950 D		
1894. Gov 91,114	35,836	13,990	851	55.278 D		
1896, Gov 74,809	26,055	24,541	1,551	48,724 D		
1896. Pres 110,103	37,512		839	72,591 D		
1900, Gov 88,637	44,701	3,641		43,936 D		
1900. Pres 81,142	44,800	972		36,342 D		
1902, Gov 77,354	29,251	8,345	4,791	48,103 D		
		Soc.		-		
1904. Pres 64,434		2,318	1.816	17,574 D		
1906. Gov 102,749	40,965		3,274	61,784 D		
1908. Pres 87,015	56,760	5,842	1,194	21,904 D		
1908. Gov 111,478	45,409	6,787		59,282 D		
1910. Gov 101,646	39,570	9,196		62,076 11		

^{*} Majority.

CALIFORNIA.

		Pres	GOVERNOR,			
COUNTIES.	Wil-		Roose-	(5.1.		John-
(58.)	son,	Taft,	velt,	Debs,	Bell,	son.
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Suc.	Dem.	Rep.
Alameda	24,418		31,542	9,332	9,821	
Alpine	34	8	36	2	9	65
Amador	1,622	5	684	135	1,100	1,000
Butte	4.028	10	3,365	930	2,507	2,692
Calaveras	1.869	5	750	399	1,127	1,037
Colusa Contra Costa	1,760	3	810	111	1,313	649
	3,290 323	40	3,539	1,300	2,319	2,603
Del Norte	323	- 43	376	104	316	390
El Dorado	1,613 8,891	16 95	776	278 2,278		810
Fresuo	1,325	11	8,839 906	126	5,455 955	6,200 555
Glenn	0 887	93	3,609	1,781		3,050
Humboldt	2,887 1,295	13	1,420	446	801	1,106
Inyo	806	8	431	305	634	582
Kern	5,569	64	3,647	1,300	3,410	2,680
Kings	1,967		1,419	406	1,149	1,500
Lake	1,118		649	266	744	570
Lassen Los Angeles	644	27	559	148	437	622
Los Angeles	55,105	1,857		19,895	23,051	30,513
Madera	1,154	1	943	226 733	777	750
Marin	2,849	**	2,750		1,897	1,955
Mariposa	2,507	20 11	306 2,237	138 752	562 2,259	403 2,119
Mendocino	1,978	13	1,571	441	1,311	1,212
Merced	941	i	608	119	590	635
Modoc	182	3	106	67	156	920
Monterey	3,392	ĭ	3,081	557	1,839	2,580
Napa	2 662		2,432	478	2,372	1,629
Nevada	1.851	23	1:381	648	1,290	1,398
Orange	4.406	123	5.143	896	2,695	3,026
Placer	1,823	15	1,913	481	1,603	1,560
Plumas	742	11	762	236	423	622
Riverside	2,693	124	5,146	1,036	1,914 6,033	3,026 5,217
Sacramento	9,869 1,253	36 13	7,534 1 054	1,553 179	874	915
San Benito S. Bernardino.	5,835	171	6.202	1.901	3,611	4,111
San Diego	9 731	63	7 999	2.873	2.966	4,514
San Francisco.		65	38,610	12,354	25.065	25.528
San Joaquin	7,969	35	38,610 4 314	995	3,851	
S. Luis Obispo	2,248	13	2,373	704	1.285	2,121
San Mateo	3,246	7	2.825	827	1,828	2,389
Santa Barbara	2,819	66	3,395	619	1,295	2,334
Santa Clara Santa Cruz	9,173	174	10,868	2,068	5,416	7.078
Santa Cruz	2,875	12	3,059	892 938	1,706	2,508
Shasta	2,040	16 10	1,636 483	133	1,606 355	1,723 542
Sierra	515 2,465	29	1,740	633	1,910	
Siskiyou Solano	3,650	41	3,353	781	2,919	2,301
Sonoma	6,500	32	5,806	1,494	4,178	3,976
Stanislaus	3,127	17	3,143	749	1,798	1,992
Sutter	1,063	5	846	79	746	845
Tehama	1,595	13	1,218 343	388	1,184	1,094
Trinity	461	1	343	182	388	484
Tulare	4,293	73		1,233	2,877	3,113
Tuolumne	1,459	. 8	755	363	1,179	1,080
Ventura	2,108	71	2,055	426	1,545	1,696
Yolo	2,239 1,242	9 17	1,332 1,132	301 186	1,804 1,090	1,466 940
Yuba	1,343	11	1.102	100	1,030	-40
Total	283436	3.914	283610	79, 201	154835	177191
Plurality	200100	3,114	174	, 201		22,356
Per cent	42.08		42.10	11.76		45,94
Whole vote.			, 527			5,652
1					1	

For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 23,366

For Governor in 1910, Wilson, Soc., received 47,819 votes; Meads, Proh., 5,807. For Governor in 1902, Brower, Soc., received 9,582 votes; scattering, 14,488.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

Districts.

I. Counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Mendocino, Lake, Sonoma, Marin, Ulenn, Colusa, Butte, Yuba, and Sutter. Zumwalt, Denn., 18,756. Harf, Rep., 10,585; Kent, Prog., 20,344; Bredsten, Soc., 4,822. Kent's plurality, 1,587.

CALIFORNIA—Continued.

II. Counties of Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Trinity,
Tehama, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra, Nevada,
Placer, El Dorado, Amador, Calaveras, Al-
pine, Tuolomne, and Mariposa. Raker, Dem.,
23,467; Rutherford, Prog., 10,178; Williams,

pine, Tuolomie, and Mariposa. Raker, Dem., 23,467; Rutherford, Prog., 10,178; Williams, Soc., 3,818. Raker's plurality, 13,289.

III. Counties of Sacramento, Volo, Napa, San Joaquin, Solano and Contra Costa. Ross, Dem., 15,197; Curry, Rep., 31,060; Wilson, Soc., 6,622. Curry's plurality, 15,893.

IV. Part of San Francisco. Schiessinger, Dem., 14,884; Kahn, Rep., 25,515; Pendleton, Soc., 5,990. Kahn's plurality, 16,631.

V. Part of San Francisco. Costello, Dem., 18,516; Nolan, Prog., 27,902; Requin, Soc., 6,962. Nolan's plurality, 9,386.

VI. County of Alameda. Luttrell, Dem., 4,185; Knowland, Rep., 33,219; Wilson, Soc., 26,224. Knowland, Rep., 33,219; Wilson, Soc., 26,224. Knowland, Rep., 33,219; Wilson, Soc., 26,224. Knowland, Splurality, 8,285.

VII. Counties of Stanislans, Merced, Madera, Fresno, Kings, Tulare and Kern, Church, Dem., 32,752; Needham, Rep., 22,994; Cato, Soc., 171. Church's plurality, 758.

VIII. Counties of San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Benito, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara and Ventura. Holohan, Dem., 20,630; Hayes, Rep., 29,881; Whitaker, Soc., 8,128. Hayes's plurality, 3,241. IX. Part of Los Angeles. Kirk, Dem., 14,571; Bell, Prog., 28,485; Criswell, Soc., 11,123. Yarnell, Proh., 2,561, Bell's plurality, 14,371. X Part of Los Angeles. Kirk, Dem., 17,896; Stephens, Prog., 43,637; Wheeler, Soc., 11,128; Martindale, Proh., 2,987; Wheeler, Soc., 11,128.

Martindale, Pron., 2,995; Stephens's Piurality, 25,474.

XI. Counties of San Diego, Orange, Riverside, Imperial, San Bernardino, Inyo and Mono. Kettner, Dem., 24,822; Evans, Prog., 21,426; Richardson, Soc., 7,659; Stoddard, Proh., 4,842. Kettner's plurality, 3,456.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, H. W. Johnson, Prog., Lieutenant-Governor, A. J. Wallace, Secretary of State, F. C. Jordan; Trensmer, E. D. Roberts; Comptroller, A. B. Nye; Adjutant-General, Edwin A. Forbes; Attorney-General, U.S. Webb; Superintendent of Education, Edward Hyatt; Commissioner of Insurance, E. C. Cooper; Commissioner of Agriculture, R. L. Telfer-all Republicans, except Gover-

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, W. H. Beatty; Associate Justices, H. A. Melvin, Lucien Shaw, F. M. Angellotti, M. C. Sloss, F. W. Henshaw, W. G. Lorigan; Clerk, B. G. Taylor—all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	House.	Joint Ballot.
12	25	37
1	8	9
27	46	73
	1	1
14	12	26
	12 1 27	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 189	2.
Dem. Rep. Pop. Proh. Ind.	Maj.
1892 †Pres 118,293 118,149 25,352 8,129	. *144 D
1894. Gov111,944 110,738 51,304 10,561	. *1,206 D
1894. Sec 86,443 126,541 49,734 8,262 2,40	5 *40,098 R
N. D .	
1896. Pres143,373 146,170 2,006 2,573	*2,797 R
Soc. L.	
1898. Gov129,261 148,354 5,143 4,297	*19,093 R
Soc. D.	
1900. Pres124,985 164,755 7,554 5,024	*39,770 R
1902. Gov143,782 145,832 5,992 4,636	*1,550 R
1904. Pres. 89,404 205,226 29,535 7,380	89,017 R
1906. Gov. 117,590 125,889 16,030 8,141	*8,299 R
1908. Pres. 127,492 214,398 28 659 11,770 4,278	42,199 R
1910. Gov. 154,835 177,191 47,819 5,807	22,356 R

^{*}Plurality. †8 Democratic and 1 Republican electors were chosen.

COLORADO. PRESIDENT

1 CORERVOR

		PRES	GOVERNOR,			
COUNTIES.	Wil-	-	Roose-			
(62.)	son,	Taft,	reit,		Amons	Parks,
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.
Adams	1,312	398	942	137		
Arapahoe	1,379	765	1,344	267		
Archuleta	609	452	234	36		
Baca	430	318	241	111		
Bent	730		680	38		
Boulder	4,330	2,445	2,469	918		
Chaffee	1,641	723	693	282		
Cheyenne Clear Creek	507	237	414	148		
Conejos	1,166	469	243	65		
Costilla	2,147 567	1,587	606	225 71		
Crowley	719	1,072 467	204 356	60		
Crowley	510	347	109	19		
l Delta	1,808	803	1,523	560		
Denver	26,690	8,155	21,657	2,750		
Dolores	124	45	28	34		• • • • • •
Douglas	619	373	290	30		•••••
Eagle	727	387	234	141		•••••
Elbert	757	496	630	121		• • • • • •
El Paso	5.559	2,816	5,332	928		• • • • • •
Fremont	2,823	1,346	1,624	476		•••••
Garfield	1,806	824	880	317		•••••
Gilpin	931	443	222	54		•••••
Grand	507	248	178	18		• • • • • • •
Gunnison	1,206	553	357	156	1	
Hinsdale	157	136	27	32		•••••
Huerfano	1,277	2,814	260	64		
Jackson	242	218	34	10		• • • • • •
Jeffersou	2,309	1,011	1,650	307		•••••
Kiowa	638	273	430	62		•••••
Kit Carson	719	569	708	223		•••••
Lake La Plata	1,933	965	864	427		
Larimer	1,775	692	647	370		
Las Animas	2,597	1,932	1,661	546		*****
Lincoln	3,604	4,318 534	1,461	386		
Logau	796	664	795	76 125		
Mesa	1,338 2,733	976	1,090 2,723	1,131		
Mineral	286	186	68	97		•••••
Moffat	409	294	186	32		
Montezuma	1,017	285	352			
Montrose	1,478	631	1,022	431		
Morgan	1,005	855	936	127		
Otero	2,885	1,293	1,582	245		
Ouray	710	273	298	175		
Park	529	293	_10	46		
Phillips	448	266	_10 393	46		
Pitkin	770	208	176	170		
Prowers	1,042	928	1,003	152		
Pueblo	7,643	3,050	3,818	722		
Rio Blanco	538	372	185	17		
Rio Grande	1.286	698	625	118		
Routt Saguache	1,408	738	395	249		
Saguache	859	730	273	137		• • • • • •
San Juan San Miguel	555	231 639	89	148		
Sedgwick	1,029	639	300	118	•••••	• • • • • •
Summit	338	328	392 152	28 30		• • • • • •
Teller	600	179				• • • • • •
Washington	3,027	676 361	1,405	674		•••••
Weld	765 4,713	3,114	719 2,679	$\frac{71}{425}$		
Yuma	1,170	466	1,218	319		• • • • • •
1						E 4 . E 2 C
Total	114223			10,418	101293	04,720
Plurality	41.917	21.87	27. 09		38,258	• • • • •
Whole vote	42.79	21.871	27.09	6. 15		•••••
		266,			• • • • •	
*Unofficial re	eturns	, offici	al ret	urns t	y cou	nties
not available a	t time	of pu	blicati	011.		

not available at time of publication.
For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 5,063 votes; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 475.
For Governor in 1912, Costigan, Prog., received 63,035 votes (unofficial returns). VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

Kindel, Dem., 54.504; Means, Rep., 24,887; Crank, Prog., 30,121; Reinhardt, Soc., 2,642.

0

COLORADO-Continued.

II. Counties of Archuleta, Baca, Bent, Chaffee, Cheyenne, Clear Creek, Conejos, Costilla, Custer, Delta, Dolores, Douglas, Eagle, Elbert, El Paso, Fremont, Garfield, Gilpin, Grand, Gunnison, Hinsdale, Huerfano, Klowa, Kit Carson, La Plata, Las Animas, Lincoln, Mesa, Montezuma, Mineral, Montrose, Otero, Ouray, Pitkin, Prowers, Pueblo, Rio Blanco, Rio Grande, Rontt, Sagnache, San Juan, San Mignel, and Summit. Seldomridge, Dem., 63,271; Ballreich, Rep., 40,990; Neil N. McLean, Prog., 27,976; Van Buskirk, Soc., 9,993.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, E. M. Ammon; Lieutenant-Governor, B. F. Montgomery; Secretary of State, James B. Pearce; Treasurer, M. A. Leddy; Auditor, R. Kenehan; Attorney-General, Fred Farrar; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Mary C. Bradford, All Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Geo. W. Musser, Dem.; Justices, S. H. White, Dem.; W. A. Hill, Dem.; M.S. Bailey, Dem.; Wm. H. Gabbert, Rep.; Tully Scott, Dem.; James E. Garrigues, Rep.; Clerk, James R. Killian, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

		Senate.	House	. Joint	Ball	ot.
	ocrats		48 17		$\frac{72}{28}$	
Too be	r	_				
De	mocratic majority	. 13	31		44	
vo	TE OF THE STAT	E SINC	E ITS	ADMISS	SION.	
	Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Proh.	Maj	
1876.	Governor13,316	14,154			838	
1880.	President 24,647	27,450	1,435			
1884.	President27,723	36,290	1,958		*8,567	
1888.	President 37,567	50,774		1,266 *1	13,207	R
	Fusion	.†				
1892.	President53,585	38,620		1,638 *:	14,965	F

Fusion.
President 161,153 26,271
Governor 121,995 93,245 Pop. 1,717 134,882 F 3,786 *28,750 F 1896. 1900. 3,790 *29,661 F President, 122,733 93,072 1900. Soc. 1904.

1906. 1908. 1910. * Plurality. † Fusion of Pops. and Silver Dems.

CONNECTICUT.

	Pı	1912.	т,	GOVERNOR, 1912.		
COUNTIES. (8.)	Wit- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	win,	Stud- ley, Rep.	Smith, Prog.
Hartford	16, 757	16,962		17,933		
New Haven	22,368	19, 193		23,322		
New London.	6,942	5, 543		7.091		
Fairfield	15.668	13, 148		16, 549		
Windham	2,920	3,055				
Litchfield	4, 661	5,518				
Middlesex	3,402	2.892	1,603			1,435
Tolland	1,901	2,027	411	1,977	2,036	340
Total			34, 129			31,020
Plurality	6,237			10.733		
Percent	39.15	35. 88				
Whole vote.	1	190,398	3		189,247	

For President, 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 2, 68 votes; Debs, Soc., 10,056. Reimer, Soc. Lab., 1,250. For Governor, 1912, Beardsley, Soc., received 10,236 votes; Bassette, Proh., 2,036. For Governor in 1908. Roberts, Soc. Lab., received 482 votes; Albrecht, Ind., 622.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. County of Hartford, Lonergan, Dem., 17,256 Bissell, Rep., 16,726 Alsop, Prog., 6,445. Lonergan's plurality, 530.

CONNECTICUT-Continued.

II. Counties of Tolland, Windham, New London and Middlesex. Mahan, Dem., 14,936; King, Rep., 14,421; Davis, Prog., 4,742. Mahan's plurality, 515.
III. County of New Haven, minus twelve towns. Reilly, Dem., 16,287; Tilson, Rep., 12,989; Henderson, Prog., 5,480. Reilly's plurality, 323.

IV. County of Fairfield. Donovan, Dem., 15,616; Hill, Rep., 14,188; Vincent, Prog., 8,263.

Hill, Rep., 14,505; Vincent, Flog., 6,256.

Donovan's plurality, 1428.

V. County of Litchfield, and twelve towns of New Haven County, Kennedy, Dem., 12,073; Bradstreet, Rep., 11,724; Hoadley, Prog., 44,807. Kennedy's plurality, 349.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Simeon E. Baldwin, Dem.; Lieutenant-Governor, Lymau T. Tingier, Dem.; Secretary of State, Albert L. Phillips, Dem.; Treasurer, Edward S. Roberts, Dem.; Attorney-General, John H. Light, Rep.; Commissioner of Insurance, Burton Mansfield, Dem.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Frederick B. Hall, Rep.; Associate Justices, S. O. Frentice, Rep.; George W. Wheeler, Dem.; John M. Thayer, Dem.; Alberto T. Roraback, Rep.; Clerk, Geo. A. Conaut, Rep.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

Democrats	21	120	141
Republicans		132	146
Progressives		6	6
Democratic majority		* 6	
* Republican majority	γ.		

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872. Rep. Gr.-Lab, Proh Plu. Dem.1872. Pres. . . 45,866 50,626 4,760 R 1876. Pres.... 61,934 59,084 378 2,850 1) 1880. Pres.... 64,415 67,071 868 409 2,656 R 2,489 1884. Pres.... 67,167 1888. Pres.... 74,920 65,893 1,684 1,284 1) 74.584 240 4.234336 D Pop 1892. Pres.... 82,395 77,030 806 4.026 5,365 D Nat. Dem. 110,285 1896. Pres.... 55,740 4,334 1.808 53 545 R 1898. Gov.... 64,277 81,015 1,460 16,738 R Soc. D. 1.029 1.617 28.570 R 1900, Pres..., 73,997 102,567 Soc 1902. Gov... 69,330 1904. Pres... 72,969 1906. Gov... 67,776 85,338 2.804 1.436 16,008 R 111,089 4,543 1,506 38,180 R 1,820 88,384 2,932 20,608 R 1908. Pres... 68,255 1908. Gov.... 82,260 1910. Gov... 77,385 5,113 112,915 2,380 44.660 R 2,597 15,919 R 98.179 73,495 3,890 D 10,812 1.811

DEL AMAZADE

	26	P" bd AA	MILL	•			
	Pı	PRESIDENT, 1912.			Governor, 1912.		
Counties (3.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Mon- aghan Dem.	Mil- ler, Rep.	Hyn- son, Prog.	
Kent New Castle		3, 192 8, 340	7,090	12,081		427 1,701 891	
Sussex		4.466 15,998			$\frac{4,879}{22,745}$	3,019	
Plurality Per cent	6.631 46.48	32,85			1.285 46.95	6. 23	
Scattering Whole vote.		1,179 48,694		1	1,217 48,403		

For President, 1912, Debs, Soc., received 556 votes; Chafin, Proli., 623. For Governor, 1912. John Heyd, Proli., received

623 votes; Rearick, Soc., 556.

For President, 1908, Debs, Soc., received 239 votes; Hisgen, Ind., 30.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1912. The total vote for each candidate for Congress, 1912, vas: Brockson, Dem., 22,485; Hall, Rep., 16,740; Burton, Prog., 5,497; Dregler, Proh., 2,825.

DELAWARE—Continued.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Charles R. Miller; Secretary of State
(to be appointed by Governor); Lieutenant-Governor, Colen Ferguson; Attorney-General, Josiah O. Wolcott; Insurance Commissioner, William R. McCabe; State Treasurer, Charles A., Hastings; State Auditor of Accounts, William P. Pretty-man—all Democrats, except Miller, Rep.

man—all Democrats, except some a TUBICLARY.
Supreme Court: Chancellor, Chas. M. Cartis, Rep.; Chief Justice, James Pennewill, Rep.; Victor Landon Henry C. Conrad, Rep.; Victor sociate Justices, Henry C. Conrad, Rep.; Victor B. Woolley, Dem.; Herbert L. Rice, Rep.; William H. Boyce, Dem.; Clerk, Chas. H. Le Fevre, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Se			. Join	t Ballot.
Rept	ıblicans	9	14		23
Dem	ocrats	9 8	21		29
		-			
Ma	jority	1R	710)	6D
	VOTE OF THE S	TATE S	SINCE	1872.	
	Dem.	Rep.	N. D.	Proh.	Maj.
1872.	President10,206	11,115			909 R
1876.	President 13,381	10,740			2,641 D
1880.	President 15,183	14,150			1,033 D
1884.	President 16,976	13,053			3.923 D
	•				Plu
1888.	President 16,414	12,973		400	3.441 D
1892.	President 18.581	18,083		565	498 D
1896.	President13,424	16,804		355	3.630 R
			Soc. L).	
1900.	Governor18,808	22,421	59	584	3,613 R
1900.	President18,858	22,529	57	538	3,671 R
1902.	Treasurer . 16,602	20,705		575	4.103 R
1904.	President19,360	23,714		607	4,354 R
1904.	Governor19,780	12,532			*2.752 R
1908.	President22,071	25,014		670	2.003 R
1910.	Treasurer 21,107	21,686			*579 R

* Majority.

FLORIDA.

			DA.			
		PRESI 19	DENT, 12.	•	GOVE 19	RNOR,
COUNTIES.	Wil-		Roose-		Tram-	
(48.)	son,	Taft,	velt.	Debs,	mell.	O'Neal
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.
Alachua	1,356	221	75	56	1,338	152
Baker	175	37	93	31	268	15
Bradford	686	95	40	10	640	54
Brevard	368	61	82	82	391	34
Calhonn	346	67	59	152	475	27
Citrus	435	11	44	21	423	5
Clay	260	2b	21	54	287	11
Columbia	587	66	50	23	615	54
Dade	1,147	99	291	188	1,352	62
De Soto	886	110	78	135	886	63
Duval	3, 359	243	485		3,628	147
Escambia	1,662	72	202	158	1,771	61
Franklin	274	58	23	28	251	50
Gadsden	629	75	54	31	707	29
Hamilton	406	46	24	60	443	23
Hernando	273	18	22	42	279	15
Hillsborough.	2,588	159	269	672	3,023	- 90
Holmes	422	52	110	79	561	15
Jackson	1,213	163	68	146	1,308	86
Jefferson	481	47	39	9	450.	24
La Fayette	469	73	11	8	589	29
Lake	609	92	63	39	624	67
Lee	437	38	97	116	472	17
Leon	552	อีซี	46	15	569	28
Levy	393	74	24	30	376	32
Liberty	· 220	32	18	7	230	26
Madison	486	16	30	19	505	10
Manatee	697	55	108	98	776	27
Marien	1, 155	179	117	124	1,161	101
Monroe	1.157	414	152	221	836	118
Nassau	414	38	17	31	414	26
Orange	1,275	228	134	124	1.265	317
Osceola	504	110	159	64	610	123
Palm Beach	439	31	146	77	540	28
Pasco	488	60	74	64	455	62
Pinellas	1,559	87	250	189	1,003	44
Polk	1,504	106	141	291	1,641	56
Putnam	767	229	53	67	860	111
Santa Rosa	635	70)	48	88	751	30

FLO	RIDA	Continued

0		PRES 19	GOVERNOE,			
COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Deni.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt. Prog.	Debs, Sec.	Tram- mell, Dem.	O'Neal Rep.
St. John's	798	45	132	116	788	34
St. Lucie	342	45	36	64	395	27
Sumter	454	22	71	19	451	12
Suwanee	686	54	29	214	820	18
Taylor	234	56	19	9	260	39
Volusia	999	162		98	1,012	133
Wakulla	217	25	15	22	234	20
Walton	704	74	296	69	906	35
Washington	676	82	68	186	738	59
Total	36,417	4,279	4,535	4 806	38,977	2, 646
	31,611	-,	1,000	2,000	35, 530	2,010
Per cent	70. 18	8, 25	8, 74	9, 27		5, 39
Whole vote.		51.			48,	

For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 1,854 votes. For Governor in 1912, Hedges, Prog., received 2,314 votes; Cox, Soc., 3,467; Bingham, Proh., 1,061. In 1908, for President, Hisgen, Ind., received 553 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. At Large:—Engle, Dem., 34,324, elected; Allen. Rep., 2,942; Gunbry, Prog., 2,686; Jackson, Soc., 3,636; Coffin, Proh., 777 votes.

Gunory, 110g, 5,000, 3.

Districts,

1. Taylor, La Fayette, Levy, Marion, Citrus, Sumter, Hernanado, Pasco, Hillsborough, Polk, Manatee, De Soto, Lee, Mouroe, Lake, Sparkman, Dem., 12,400; Bean, R.p., 716; Hazzard, Prog., 469; Allen, Soc., 1,901;

COlins, Soc., 1,318.
III. Essambia, Santa Rosa, Walton, Holmes, Washington, Jackson, Calhoun, Franklin, Liberty, Gadslen, Leon, Wakula, Jefferson, Madison. Wilson, Dem., 9,057; McGourin, Hep., 483; Forter, Prog., 289; Lamberry. Soc., 659.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, P. Trammell; Secretary of State, H. C. Craw-ford; Treasurer, J. C. Luning; Comptroller, W. V. Knott, Attorney-General, Park M. Trammell; Auditor, Ernest Amos; Adjutant-General, J. C. R. Foster; Superintendent of Public Instruction, W. N. Sheats; Commissioner of of Public Instruction, W. N. Sheats; Agriculture, W. A. McRea-all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Conrt: Chief Justice, J. B. Whitfield; Justices, W. A. Hocker, R. F. Taylor, T. M. Shackleford, and R. S. Cockrell; Clerk, Milton H. Mabry-all Democrats. STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

The Legislature is: Senate, Dems., 32; House, Dems., 71.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1896. D. & Pop. Rep. N. D. Proh. 1896. President. 32,736 11,288 654 1,778 Maj. 21,444 D Pop.

6,238 1900. Governor. .29,251 23,013 D 20,693 D 1900. President..28,007 7,314 1,070 1,039 1902. Sec. State. 16,428 16,428 D

8,314 1,605 1,742 6,453 ... 2,427 10,654 1,946 3,747 1904. President. .27,046 1908. Governor. .33,036 18,732 D 26,583 D 1908. President .. 31,104 20,450 D

CEORCIA. PRESIDENT.

GOVERNOR.

	ì	19	1910.			
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Smith, Dem.	Brown Ind. Dem.
Appling	360	90	149		460	
Baker	183		5		360	
Baldwin	621	24	47		200	
Banks		9	83		332	
Bartow	963	89	553		752	
Ben Hill	535	34	263		435	
Berrien	709	35	. 70		500	
Bibb	1.741	105	71		882	
Brooks	695	37	42		299	
Bryan	400	114	120			
Bullock	932	171	44		504	

G	EORG	IA-C	bntin	ied.	•			
	PRESIDENT, GOVERNO. 1912. 1910.							
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Debs,	Smith,	Brown		
	son, Dem.	Rep.	weit, Prog.	Sec.	Dem.	Ind. Dem.*		
	440	- 22	22		164			
Burke	490	27	46		250			
Calhoun	300 238	61	70		302	• • •		
Camden	443	6	307		405			
Campbell	1,192	81	431		1.106	••		
Catoosa	280	63 22	113 49		770	• • •		
Charlton Chatham Chattaho'ch'e	3.864	238	332		1,075			
Chattaho'ch'e	137 578	69	11		48 54	••		
Charlooga	603	710	220 21		791 647			
Cherokee	956	66	81		647	::		
Clay Clayton Clinch	369	8	17		158 340			
Clayton	443 283	48	! 9		161			
Cobb	1 1,000	37	307		1,354 466			
Coffee	895 699	28	85 507		333	f		
Columbia	234	8	38		201 846			
Coweta Crawford	1,044	35			846 175			
Crawford	644	12	4		288	i		
Pade	287	18	44	í	004			
Dawson	170 500	25 35	161 34		449	::		
Decatur De Kalb	1.888	48	431	i	1			
Dodge	684	1 12	28	3	614			
Dougherty Douglas	609 617	21	1	91	1 177			
Douglas	266	18	30	7	301			
Early Echols	501 144		2	4	300	3 ::		
Echols Effingham	375	1 4	1	7	178	· · ·		
Elbert	882	13	3 23 1 12	8	831			
Emmanuel		16	30		641	ı ::		
Fannin	363	1:	3 8	7	641 281 801	<u>.</u>		
Fayette Floyd Forsyth	1,838	6	37 5 16	3	80	1 ::		
Forsyth		2	6 38	9	90	8		
Fulton	7,313	50		8	4,97 1,13	8		
Gilmer Glascock Glynn	488 109	5	$\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{11}{7}$	3	- [9:	81		
Glynn	470	1	3 1	<u>ы</u>				
Gordon	663	5 2		8	62			
Grady Greene		1	0 15	0	- 66	6		
Gwinnett	. 997	7 5	5 59	0	20			
Habersham.	1,14	11	6 27	5	•			
Hall	549	9 1	3 3	9	· 50			
Haraison	. 000	1	9 70	8	. 46			
Harris	459	9 1	1 2	9	. 51	1		
Heard	520 530	6 1	1 6	55	33	3		
Henry Honston	76			6	- 49			
Irwin		8		5	50	٠٠ اه		
Jackson	1,12	3 9 4 1	6 50	8	20	7		
Jasper Jeff Davis	. 26	8 1	9	52	16	0		
Jefferson	89	9 4	9 4	15	52	0		
Jenkins Johnson	28	5 9	23 4	92	30	100		
Jones	42	6 5	27	3	30	2		
Laurens	1,10	3	71	5	18	30		
Lee Liberty Lincoln	25	1 :	291	77	4	2		
Lincoln Lowndes	26 84	4	34	27 35	25	00		
Lumpkin	29	7	29 1	19	3	31		
Macon	41	1	19	85 46	1,1	75		
Macon Madison Marion	56 24	10	15	41	1 13	es IGN		
McDuffie	27	ĭ		06	3	72 28		
McIntosh				8 91		28 50		
Meriwether. Miller	:: î	50	4	9		·		
Miller Milton Mitchell	3		18 1	61 50	4	48		
Witchell	1,04	101		MU	•••			

G	ROR	GIA	-C	ntini	red.

GEORGIA—Continued.								
		PREST	DENT,			GOVERNOR, 1910.		
COUNTIES.	Wil- Taft, Roose- Debs, Smith,			Brown				
	son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	velt, Prog.	Soc.	Dem.	Ind. Dem.*		
Monroe	702	18	50		646			
Montgomery	854	52	22		233			
Morgan	537	24	37		635			
Murray	366	68	307		1,087	• •		
Muscog ee	1,817	51	102	• • •	901			
Newton	840	57	43		580 267	• •		
Oconee	208	1 50	180 160		550			
Ogleth orpe	400 350	25	500		496	• •		
Paulding	317	197	456		400			
Pickens Pierce	408	63	104		200			
Pike	753	34	133		555			
Polk	706	36	539		477			
Pulaski	1,080	17	39		498			
Putnam	460	4	7		380			
Quitman	152	5			112			
Rabun	323	16			443			
Randolph	514	55						
Richmond	1,871				1,161 540			
Rockdale	432				189			
Schley	213 460				225	• •		
Screven			45		509			
Spalding				1	257			
Stephens	400				369			
Stewart					463			
Talbot	1 440	8			370			
Taliaferro		20		1	204			
Tattnall	592							
Taylor	34%			1	300			
Telfair	694		19	"1	1,106			
Terrell	500				704			
Thomas			18		. 354			
Tift						1		
Toom bs	20.							
Troup				3				
Turner		21 3						
Twiggs	31	0 1	3	3		4		
Union	. 31	9 8	8 250		480			
Upson	44		7 13 5 40		1,08			
Walker	. 77) ::		
Walton	. 0.5					1 ::		
Ware						1		
Warren						1		
Washington. Wayne				il				
Webster	• 1	0		1				
White	15	2 1	1 11					
Whitfield	1 77							
Wilcox	92					1		
Wilkes	60		3 6					
Wilkinson	00		2 1					
Worth	50					0 25 00		
Total	. 93, 17		0[22,01]	0 1,01	4 75, 16	3 15, 89		
Plurality	. 71,16	1 4.2	7 16, 1	4	1			
Per cent		/1 4.2	,161	4 • • • • •				
Scattering		10	1,533		1			
Whole vote	. !		1,000					

* Vote by counties not available.
At special primary election for candidate for Governor to succeed Hoke Smith. Dec., 1911, Joseph M. Brown, received 43,395 votes; J. Pope Brown, 33,024; R. B. Russell, 25,562.
The vote for Governor in 1998 was: Joseph M. Brown, Dem., 112,392; for Yancy Carter, Ind., 11,746. For President, 1912, Chafin, Pro., received 147 votes.

votes. VOTE FOR BEPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

Districts,

I. Counties of Bryan, Bullock, Burke, Chatham, Ellingham, Emmanuel, Jenkins, Liberty, McIntosh, Screven, Tattnall, and Toombs. Charles G. Edwards, Dem., 7,944.

II. Counties of Baker, Berrien, Calhoun, Clay, Colquitt, Decatur, Dougherty, Early, Grady, Miller, Mitchell, Quitman, Randolph, Terrell, Thomas, Tit, Turner, and Worth. S. A. Roddenberry, Dem. 7,957.

GEORGIA-Continued,

III. Counties of Ben Hill, Crawford, Crisp, Dooly, Houston, Lee, Macon, Pulaski, Schley, Stewart, Sumter, Taylor, Twiggs, Webster, and Wilcox. Crisp, 7,321.
 IV. Counties of Carroll, Chattahoochee, Coweta, Harris, Heard, Mariou, Meriwether, Muscogee, Talbot, and Troup. Adamson, Dem., 8,904.

8,904.

V. Counties of Campbell, Clayton, De Kalb, Doug-las, Fulton, Newton, Rockdale, and Walton.

Howard, Dem., 12,000.
VI. Counties of Baldwin, Bibb, Butts, Fayette, Henry, Jones, Monroe, Pike, Spalding, and Upson, Bartlett, Dem., 13,171.
VII. Counties of Bartow, Catoosa, Chattooga, Cobb, Dade, Floyd, Gordon, Haralson, Murray, Paulding, Polk, Walker, and Whitfield.

Lee, Dem., 14,099. VIII. Counties of Clarke, Elbert, Franklin, Greene, Hart, Jasper, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Putnam, and Wilkes. Tribble,

IX. Counties of Banks, Cherokee, Dawson, Fannin, Forsyth, Gilmer, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Lumpkin, Milton, Pickens, Rabun, Stephens, Towns, Union, and White.

Rabuin, Stephens, Towns, Uniou, and White.
Bell, Dem., 12,496.
X. Counties of Columbia, Glascock, Hancock, Jefferson, Lincoln, McDudie, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren Washington, and Wilkinson, Hardwick, Dem., 6,474.
XI. Counties of Appling, Brooks, Camden, Charlton, Clinch, Coffee, Dodge, Echols, Glyun, Irwin, Jeff Davis, Johnson, Laurens, Lowndes, Montgomery, Pierce, Telfair, Wayne, and Ware. Walker Dem., 7,932.
XII. Hugnes, Dem., 7,791.

Î

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Joseph M. Brown (after_July 1, 1913, Governor, Joseph M. Brown (atter July 1, 1913, J. M. Slaton); Secretary of State, Philip Cook; Treasurer, Wm. J. Speer; Comptroller and exollicio Com. of Insurance, W. A. Wright, Attorney-General, Thomas S. Felder; Adjutant-General W. G. Obear; Supt. of Education, M. J. Brittain; Commissioner of Agriculture, J. D. Psico—all Demografies. Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Wm. H. Fish; Associate Justices: Beverly D. Evans, J. H. Lumpkin, M. W. Beck, Samuel C. Alkinson and H. W. Hill; Clerk, Z. D. Harrison—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

Democrats	. 43	House, 183	Joint Ballot. 226 2	
•	-	-		
Democratic majorit	y 42	182	224	

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.								
	Dem. I	Rep. Pro	h. Mai.					
1872. President		,715	13,563 D					
	30,088 50	,446	. 79.642 D					
		,086	48,384 D					
	94,567 47	,603 168	8 46,964 D					
1888. President 1	00,499 40	496 1,80	60,203 D					
Dem.	Ren.	Pop. Pr	oh. Plu.					
1892. President 129,361								
Dem. R	ep. Nat.	D, Pop , I	ron, Plu.					
1896. Gov'nor.120,827			†34,995 D					
			613 34.141 D					
1898. Gov' nor 118 557 51	.580		66,977 D					
1900. Gov'nor 90,448			†67,213 D					
			396 46,665 D					
			†75,982 D					
1904. Presid't 83,472 24	,003	21,511 .	59,469 D					
	Soc							
1906. Gov'nor 94,223	98		94.125 D					
1908. Presid't 72,413 41			59 †12,032 D					
†Majority.								

D		

4	PRESIDENT, = 1912.			Governon, 1912.		
Counties, (27.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Haw- ley, Dem.	Haines Rep.	Mar- tin, Prog.
Ada	2,569	3,198	3,512	2,972	2,437	4,186
Adams	417	598		423	601	267
Bannock	1,486	2,316	599	1,367	2.521	550
Bear Lake	916	1.271	274	952	1,312	205
Bingham	916	1,440	453	772	1,554	402
Blaine	996	988	371	988	1.008	397
Boisé	743	651	504	772	580	580
Bonner	1,055	711	1,247	1,045 718	696	1,358
Bonneville	864	1,176	628	718	1,570	456
Canyon	2,432	1,842	2,848	2,166	1,592	3,339
Cassia	846	1,459	471	931	1,579	287
Clearwater	549	373	345		470	243
Custer	501		236		416	214
Elmore	536			612		385
Fremont	1,911	3,071	1,129	1,999	3,161	910
Idaho	1,679	989	932	1,689	1,384	
Kootenai	2,506	1,690	1,805	2,354	2,060	
Latah	1,507	904	1.943	1,249	1,398	1,555
Lemhi	910		216	914	754	161
Lewis	1,131	436	694	1,145	548	501
Lincoln.	1,541	1,191	1,645	1,856	1,064	1,423
Nez Perce	1,619				1,122	1,012
Oneida	1,386	2,373		1,405	2,729	353
Owyliee	567			617	496	311
Shoshone	1,634		1,159			
Twin Falls	1,741	1,074	1,650	1,687		
Washington	1,065	724	798	1,008		
Total	33,921	32,810	25,530	33, 992	35,134	24,375
Plurality	1,111				1,142	
Per cent	32.55	31.49		36, 36	37,58	26.07
Whole vote.		104,203			93,501	

For President in 1912, Debs, Soc., received 11,942 votes. For President in 1904, Watson, Pop., received

353 votes. For Governor in 1904, Bartley, Pop., received

179 votes VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1912. French, Rep., 53,542 and Smith, Rep., 42,971 elected; Mitchell, Dem., 30,228; Pugmire, Dem.,

elected; Mitchell, Dem., 30,228; Fugmire, Dem., 30,53; Smock, Prog., 12,066.

90,53; PRESERT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, John M. Haines; Lieutenant-Governor, H. H. Taylor; Secretary of State, W. L. Gifford; Treasurer, O. V. Allen; Auditor, R. Huston; Attorney-General, J. H., Peterson; Superintendent of Education, Grace Shepard—all Popublicans. Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

1910, Governor ... 40.856 89,961

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, George H. Stewart, Rep.; Associate Justices, James F. Alishie, Rep.; Isaac N. Sullvan, Rep.; Clerk, T. W. Hart, STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Republicans 20 57 77 Democrats. 4

I		-	_	-			
ı	Republican major	ity. I	16	53		69	
Į	VOTE OF THE TERR	TOR	YAND	STAT	E SIN	CE 188	30.
ı	D	em.	Rep.			Maj.	
1	1880. Congress 3,	604	2.090			1,514	D
ł		547	741			786	D
I		404	9,609			3,203	\mathbf{R}
ĺ		948	10,262			2,314	\mathbf{R}
ł	_			Proh.	Pop.	Plu.	
ı			8,599	288	10,520	1,921	P
l	1892. Governor 6,	769	8,178	264	4,865	1,409	\mathbf{R}
ı	1894. Governor 7	057	10.208		7,121	3,087	\mathbf{R}
ł	D	em.	Rep.	Proh.	Pop.	Plu.	
ı	1896. President 23	,192	6,324	179		16,868	D
	1898. Governor 19	,407	13,794	1,175		5,613	F
	1900. Governor 28	628	26,466	1,031		2,227	F
	1900. President 26	,414	26,997	857	213	2,216	D
					Soc.		
	1902. Governor 26			636 1		5,833	
	1904. President 18			1,013 4		29.303	
	1904. Governor 24	,192	41,877	990 4		17,685	
	1906. Governor 29			1,037		8,900	R
	1908. President 36			1,986 6		16,459	
	1908. Governor 40	,145	47,864	2,168	,105	7,719	Ŗ

ILLINOIS.

PRESIDENT, GOVERNOR,								
Communic	1912.				1912.			
Counties. (102.)	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Dunne	een.	Funk,		
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.		
Adams Alexander	6,952	2,733	780 709	6,939	3,037 2,053	3,498 625		
Bond	1.278	2,003 1,152 1,361	709 725	1,973 1,205	2,053 1,268	689		
Bond Boone Brown	540 1,358	1.001		1 1.287	1,578 523	1,824 476		
Bureau	2.800	1.816	3,738 154	2,874	2,316 391	3,175		
Calhoun	602 1,098	373 1,577	1,257	606 1,115	1,723 906	126 1,137		
Carroll Cass Champaign Christian	2,223	719	1.086	2,074	906 4,006	1,054 3,978		
Champaign	4,454 3,821	3,220 1,994	4,481 1,464	4,227 3,674	2,356	1,267		
		1,897	943 624	2,507 1,884	2,032 1,669	815 620		
Clay Clinton	1,926 2,674	1,622 973	775	2.688	957	740		
Coles	3,453 130702	2,263	2,437 166061	3,492 168488	2,533 108578	2,061 113357		
Coles	2,691	1,266	1.525	2,607	1,409	1,459		
Cumberland .	1,673 1,568	9901	692 3,643	1,687 1,667	1,035 2,194	3,157		
De Witt	1,880	1,776 1,346	1.306	1,667 1,906	2,194 1,384	1,280		
Douglas Du Page	1,568 1,880 1,633 2,236	1,386	1,277 4,169	1,631 2,217	1,436 1,881	3,458		
Cumberland . De Kalb De Witt Douglas Du Page Edgar Edwards Effingham Favette	3,479 650	2,430 817	1,244 818	3,432 613	2,545 917	1,180 773		
Edwards	2,575	1 002	622	2,536	1.138	533		
	2,575 2,782	1,481 832	1,558 1,729 731	2,658 1,041	1,570 1,004	1,614 1,538		
Franklin	1,035 2,435	2,098 2,263	731	2,498	2.123	676		
Fulton	3.9021	2,263 1,051	3,334 203	3,878 1,689	2,543 1,106	3,121 157		
Greene	1,697 2,801	1 064	831	2,761	1.0771	823		
Grundy Hamilton	1,172 1,920	1,380 1,342 1,577	1,019 668	1,347 1,860	1,848 1,273	1,277 704		
Hancock	1,920 3,692	1,577	1,937	3,482 642	1,273 2,027 715	1,726 129		
Hardin Henderson	644 721	691 648	153 871	691	722	821		
Henry Iroquois	2,219 2,474	1,859 1,866	4,505 2,959	2,304 2,613	2,232 $2,112$	4,075 2,616		
Jackson	3 8931	2,780	1,339	3,324	-2.9181	2,616 1,324		
Jackson Jasper Jefferson	2,042 3 237	2,780 1,227 1,834	545 1,294	$\frac{2,060}{3.166}$	$1,258 \\ 1,948$	492 1,234		
Jersey	2,042 3,237 1,573	838	-3811	1,537	892	360 I		
Jo Daviess Johnson	2,226 952	1,233 1,025	1,747 809	2.153 931	1,526 1,082	1,539 775		
Kane Kankakee	4,394 2,532	2,415	11,494 $2,792$	4,708 3,375	2.968	10.559 l		
Kankakee Kendall Knox	531	534	1.5261	528]	2,913 727	2,403 1,336		
KnoxLake	2,758	1,750 2,183	5,386 4,888	2,708 2,611	$\frac{2,392}{3,172}$	4,670 3,738		
La Salle	1.0001	4,858	6,918	7,978 2,529	166,6	5,429 771		
Lawrence	2,550 1,995	1,617 1,482	2,747	2,167	1,673 1,575	2,510		
Livingston	3,334	2,444 1,397	2,747 3,230 1,776	3,481	2,588 1,781	2,947 1,566		
Logan Macon	3,229 4,435	3,356		3,072 4,482	3,977	3.421		
Macoupin Madison	4,902 7,155	2,177 $5,462$	2,147 3,197	4,675 7,225	2 684 6.233	1,880 2,280		
Marion	3,4931	1,586	2.0991	3.3801	1,609	2,163 1		
Marion Marshall. Mason	1,685 2,173	790 948	1,180 859	1,684 2,044	1,027	917 788		
Massac	5991	1,341	788	642	1,147	748		
Massac McDonough McHenry	2,959 1,913	$\frac{1,876}{2,370}$	1,785 3,046	2,906 2,345	2,062 2,504	1,545 2,575		
McLean Menard	1,913 5,356	4,624 620	3,046 4,350 903		2,504 4,519 892	2,575 4,861 774		
Mercer	1,530 1,602	959	2,093	1,393 1,582	1,163	1.933		
Mercer Monroe Montgomery.	1,398 3,705	$\frac{1,433}{2,195}$	299 1,476	1,409 3,526	1,431 2,412	250 1,344		
Morgan Moultrie	3.6481	1,466	2,090	3 2541	2,047	1,940		
Moultrie	1,501	747 2,014	853 2.730	1,478 1,862	2.289	857 2,359		
Ogle Peoria Perry Piatt Pike	1,750 8,364	2,594	9,229	8.125	5.408	6,554		
Piatt	2.1071	1,341 1,064	894 1,150	2,121 1,338	1,398 1,121	877 1,179		
Pike	1,417 3,371	1,668	1,169	3,243 628	1,801 1.137	1,262 584		
Pulaski	664 978	1,099 1,632	454	1.002	1,001	421		
Putnam Randolph Richland	3.217	403 1,548	583 1.169	411 2,940	466 1,730	548 1,285		
Richland	3,217 1,800	862	1,169 811	1,645	1,066	1,285 755		

ILLINOIS—Continued.

	PRESIDENT, 1912.			GOVERNOR, 1912.		
COUNTERS.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Dunne Dem.	Den- een, Rep.	Funk,
Rock Island		2,394		4,317	4,185	4 589
Saline	3,599				2,410	
Sangamon	8,406	3,994	6,196	8,052		3,778
Schuyler	1,714	849	694	1,704	924	619
Scott	1,341	686	379			
Shelby	3,467		1,431	3,366	1,738	1,461
Stark	669	549	1,053		731	841
St. Clair	10.826			10,917		
Stephenson	3,580	1,367	3,476	3,796		3,051
Tazewell	3,654	1,054	2,500	3,440		2,159
Union	2,648			2,613	1.261	434
Vermilion	5.576			5,824	6,076	
Wabash	1,676		601	1,628	1,000	492
Warren	2,080	915		2,033	1,092	2,494
Washington	1,654		1,058	1,728	1,395	
Wayne	2,378					
White	2,708		591	2,645		
Whiteside	1,996	1,437	3,904		1,968	3,535
Will	4,717	3,331	8,092	5,772		5,713
Williamson	3,258	3,209	1,765	3,303	3,336	1,582
Winnebago	2,276	2,537	7,089		3,667	5,420
Woodford	2,051	850	1,495	2,005	1,241	1,161
Total	405048	253613	286478	443120	318469	303401
	18,570			124651		
Per cent	35.34		33, 72			26, 08
Whole vote.			6,193		1,162	

For President in 1912. Debs, Soc., received 81,278 votes; Chafin, Pro., 15,710; Reiner, Soc. Lab., 4,066. For Governor in 1912. Kennedy, Soc., received 78,579 votes; Worrell, Pro., 15,231; Francis, Soc.

Lab., 3,890.
For President in 1908, Hisgen, Ind., received 7,709 votes; Watson, Pop., 633; Gillhaus, Soc.

Lab., 1,551.

For Governor in 1908, Jennings, Soc. Lab., 1,556; McCraskrin, Ind., 10,883 votes, For State Treasurer in 1910, Larson, Soc. Lab. 2,943 votes.

For President in 1904, Corrigan, Soc. Lab., 4,698;

Watson, Pop., 6,725; Holcomb, Cont., 830.
For Governor in 1904, Veal, Soc. Lab., 4
Hogan, Peo., 4,364; Speht, Cont., 780 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Congressmen-at-Large, Stringer, Dem., 415,386

Congressmen-at-large Stringer, Dem., 415,386 and Williams, Dem., 401,497, elected. Mason, Rep., received 313,608 votes; Maxey, Prog., 304,072; Boyle, Prog., 311,311, Chiperfield, Rep., 299,945, Higgins, Soc., 84,352; Thomas, Soc., 84,027; Harris, Pro., 15,721, Shaw, Pro., 15,599; Martin, Soc. Lab., 4,118; Fenves Soc. Lab., 4,013 Fenyoes, Soc. Lab., 4,012. Districts.

I. County of Cook. Donovan, Dem., 9,967; Madden, Rep., 13,608; Barnard, Soc., 2,217; Rogers,

den, Rep., 13,608; Barnard, Soc., 2,217; Rogers, Pro., 299.

II. County of Cook. Vaughan, Dem., 15,827; Mann, Rep., 21,374; Knight, Prog., 15,042; Flora, Soc., 4,637; Lee, Pro., 323.

II. County of Cook. Gorman, Dem., 16,285; Wilson, Rep., 14,133; Simons, Prog., 13,039; Gibson, Soc., 5123; Dietz, Pro., 502.

IV. County of Cook. McDermott, Dem., 14,226; Tomkiewicz, Rep., 6,097; Ganger, Soc., 4,503.

IV. County of Cook. McDermott, Dem., 14,225;
Tomkiewicz, Rep., 6,997; Gauger, Soc., 4,503.
V. County of Cook. Sabath, Dem., 11,150; Gartenstein, Rep., 4,192; Clusman, Prog., 2,825;
Toepper, Soc., 3,359.
VI. County of Cook. McAndrews, Dem., 22,520;
Ephlop Dep and Brog 18,244,1931; 12,227.

Toepper, Soc., 3,339.
 VI. County of Cook. McAndrews, Dem., 22,520; Fulton, Rep. and Prog., 18,974; Will, Soc., 7,776; Troeger, Pro., 467.
 VII. County of Cook. Buchanan, Dem., 19,452; Juul, Rep., 15,265; Armitage, Prog., 18,316; Christensen, Soc., 15,043; Parkinson, Pro., 427.
 VIII. County of Cook. Gallagher, Dem., 10,922; Hortmann, Rep., 6,309; Holm, Soc., 3,674
 Nelson Pro., 206

Nelson, Pro., 2006. IX. County of Cook. Evans, Dem., 10,210; Britten, Rep., 11,650; Ludlow, Prog., 7,556; Schillersmith, Soc., 3,964.

ILLINOIS-Continued.

X. Counties of Cook (part) and Lake, Fowler Dem ..

X. Counties of Cook (part) and Lake, Fowler Dem., 15,515; Foss, Rep., 17,325; Thomson, Prog., 19,028; Larson, Soc., 5,311; Hays, Pro., 504.
XI. Counties of Du Page, Kane, McHenry, and Will. Ripley, Dem., 14,329; Copley, Rep., 25,750; Murray, Soc., 1,167; Lea, Pro., 876.
XII. Counties of Boone, De Kalb, Grundy, Kendall, La Salle, and Winnebago, Rausch, Dem., 12,234; Fuller, Rep., 16,905; Hinebaugh, Prog., 18,334; McCabe, Soc., 2,142; Earl, Pro., 718.
XIII. Counties of Carroll, Jo Daviess, Lee, Ogle, Stephenson, and Whiteside. Rariden, Dem., 11,704; McKenzie, Rep. 14,398; Edwards, Prog., 11,875; Brooks, Soc., 516; Beers, Pro., 813.

Stephenson, and Whiteside. Rariden, Dem., 11,704; McKenzie, Rep. 14,398; Edwards, Prog., 11,875; Brooks, Soc., 616; Beers, Pro., 813.
XIV. Counties of Huncock, Henderson, McDonough, Mercer, Rock Island, and Warren. Tavenner, Dem., 17,024; Searle, Rep., 15,816; Block, Soc., 2,466; Cutter, Pro. 680.
XV. Counties of Adam, Fulton, Henry, Knox, and Schuyler. Hoxworth, Dem., 17,156; Prince, Rep., 12,098; Kincheloe, Prog., 15,173; Sjodin, Soc., 2642; Ransom, Pro. 912.
XVI. Counties of Burean, Marshall, Peoria, Putnam, Stark, and Tazewell. Stone, Dem., 20,956; Smith, Rep., 9,295; Cadmus, Prog., 12,659; Pfeiffer, Soc., 2474; Warner, Pro., 485.
XVII. Counties of Ford, Livingston, Logan, McLean, and Woodford, Fitz-Henry, Dem., 14,966; Sterling, Rep., 13,572; Sump, Prog., 9,295; Brais, Soc., 838; Means, Pro., 799.
XVIII. Counties of Clark, Cumberland, Edgar, Iroquois, Kankakee, and Vermillon. O'Hara, Dem., 19,485; Cannon, Rep., 18,707; Royse,

Dem., 19,485; Cannon, Rep., 18,707; Royse, Prog., 9,511; Walker, Soc., 1,132; Gaumer, Pro., 1,279.

Prog., 9,511; Walker, Soc., 1,132; Gaumer, Pro., 1,279

XIX. Counties of Champaign, Coles, De Witt, Donglas, Macon, Moultrie, Shelby, and Piatt Borchers, Dem., 22,166; McKinley, Rep., 20,643; Cladwick, Prog., 10,755; Peebles, Soc., 834; Eller, Pro., 791.

XX. Counties of Brown, Calhoun, Cass, Greene, Jersey, Mason, Menard, Morgan, Pike, and Scott, Rainey, Dem., 21,203; Brass, Rep., 9,478; Aylesworth, Prog., 7,007; Morgan, Soc., 783; Carson, Pro., 701.

XXI. Counties of Christian, Macoupin, Montgomery, and Sanganou, Graham, Dem., 21,361; Wilson, Rep., 18,556; Johnes, 7,286; Rahm, Soc., 2,554; Denton, Pro., 849.

XXII. Counties of Bond, Madison, Monroe, St. Clair, and Washington. Blatz. Dem., 23,112; Rodenberg, Rep., 19,438; Nixon, Prog., 5,608.

XXIII. Counties of Clinton, Crawford, Effingham, Fayette, Jasper, Jefferson, Lawrence, Marion, Richland, and Wabash. Foster, Dem., 26,938; Clark, Rep., 12,837; Jones, Prog., 9,116; McKittrick, Soc., 1411; Honey, Pro., 1,109.

9.116; McKitrick, Soc., 1,411; Honey, Pro., 1,109.

XXIV. Counties of Clay, Edwards, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Johnson, Massac, Pope, Saline, Wayne, and White. Fowler, Dem., 19,811; Blackman, Rep., 15,004; Gibbons, Prog., 5,129; Mason, Soc., 933; Scott, Pro., 682.

XXV. Counties of Alexander, Franklin, Jackson, Perry, Pulsski, Randolph, Union, and Williamson. Hill, Dem., 19,992; Thistlewood, Rep., 16,706; Cook, Prog., 6,545; Castle, Soc., 2,063; Stalker, Pro., 859.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNBENT.
Governor, E. F. Dunne; Lieutenant-Governor, B. O'Hara; Secretary of State, Harry Woods; Treasurer, W. Ryan, Jr.; Auditor, James J. Brady; Attorney-General, P. J. Lucey; Adjunantenent of Public Instruction, Francis G. Blair; Superintendent of Insurance, to be appointed by Governor—all Democrats. Governor-all Democrats.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, F. K. Dunn, Rep.; Associate Justices, Alonzo K.Vickers, Rep.; Wm. M. Farmer, Dem.; George A. Cóoke, Dem.; John P. Haud, Rep.; James H. Cartwright, Rep.; O. N. Carter, Rep.; Clerk of the Court, J. McCan Dayis Rep. Davis, Rep.

ILLINOIS-Continued.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.							
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.				
Republicans	25	51	76				
Democrats	24	73	97				
Progressives	2	25	27				
Socialists	• • • • • •	4	4				
	THE STATE	SINCE	80.				

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1880.

Dem. Rep. Gr. Proh. Plu.

1880. President. 277, 321 318,037 26,358 440 40,716 R

1884. President. 312,351 337,469 10,776 12,074 25,118 R Labor.

1888. President, 348,371 370,473 7,090 21,695 22,102 R Pop. 26,993 D President, 426,281 399,288 22,207 25,870 26,993 D

1892. President, 426,981 399,200 22,200 N. D. & Pop. N. D. W. D. & Pop. 1896. President, 464,522 607,130 6,390 9,796 142,498 R. Pop. 1896. Pop. 1896. A 3 450 R. 1898. Treasurer. 405,490 448,940 7,886 11,753 43,450 R.

1995. 1 reasurer. 300,390 342,340 \cdot 7,858 11,753 43,460 \cdot R. 1900. Governor. 518,966 580,198 8,617 15,643 61,232 R 1900. President. 503,061 597,955 9,657 17,623 94,924 R 1902. Treasurer. 360,925 450,685 20,167 18,434 89,776 R 1904. President. 327,606 632,645 69,225 34,776 365,039 R 1906. Sec. State. 271,984 417,544 42,002 88,393 145,560 R

1908. Governor. 526,912 550,076 31,293 33,922 23,164 R 1908. President. 450,795 629,929 34,691 29,343 179,122 R 1910. Treasurer. 376,046 436,484 49,687 20,113 60,438 R

INDIANA.

	P	RESIDEN	т,	GOVERNOR,		
COUNTIES,		1912.			1912.	
(92.)	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-			Bev-
ł	son, Dem.	Rep.	velt, Prog.	ton,	bin, Rep.	Prog.
	and the Personal Property			No. 10		
Adams	2,961	917	732	2,848	909	
Allen	8,654			8,891	3,234	4,519
Bartholomew.		1,321	1,604			1,647
Benton Blackford	1,425 1,651		796 1, 163		369	
Boone			2,014	3,278	1,098	
Brown	904	305		865		239
Carroll			926			
Cass		1,573		4. 296	1,465	
Clark	3,315	805			760	2.460
Clay	3,297	1,494	1.614		1,413	1.616
Clinton	3, 255	2,182	1,281	3, 197	2,109	
Crawford	1, 159	663	542	1,142	648	528
Daviess,	2,755	2,005	1,061		1,947	1,072
Dearborn	2,557	1,366	701		1,302	73:
Decatur	2,246	1, 263	1,436			1,475
De Kalb	2,766	1,125	1,623		1,112	1,571
Delaware	4,313	2,018	4,059		1,780	4,210
Dubois	3,059	666	606		656	592
Elkhart	4, 300	1,199	4,533		1,160	4,524
Fayette	1.455 3,236	1,030 669	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.214 \\ 2.580 \end{bmatrix}$	1,455 3,092	934 623	1,267 2.556
Floyd Fountain	2,499	1,560	1,067	2,418	1.451	1,113
Franklin	2,306	929	630	2,234	866	655
Fulton	2,022	1,427	694	2,019	1,398	733
Gibson	3,250	2,266	1, 270	3, 131	2,199	1,339
Grant	4,390	3,939	2,185	4,344	3,720	2,274
Greene	3,373	2,156	1.563	3, 271	2,058	1,602
Hamilton	2,463	2,247	1,834	2.426	2,126	1,864
Hancock	2,594	738	1,375	2,516	693	1,396
Harrison	2,106	900	1, 219	2,067	861	1,207
Hendricks	2,372	1,439	1,495	2,334	1,357	1,523
Henry	2,687	2,479	1,550	2,682	2, 336	1,627
Howard	2,824	2,152	2,184	2,816	1,967	2,225
Huntington	3,119	$2,108 \\ 921$	1,586 1,236	3.071	2,070 856	1,578 $1,270$
Jackson	3, 225 1, 292	1, 238	694	3,062 1,252	1,161	676
Jasper Jay	2, 786	1, 282	1,596	2,731	1,199	1,631
Jefferson	2,325	1,563	943	2,269	1,511	926
Jennings	1,577	955	839	1,529	927	862
Johnson	2,890	924	1.408	2,841	886	1.483
Knox	4,448	2, 805	1,316	4,311	2,692	1,400
Koscinsko	28, 117	1,767	2,096	2,766	1,765	2,053
La Grange	1,233	758	1,402	1,202	733	1,406
Lake	5.136	5,176	5.659	4,853	4,644	5,445
Laporte	4,847	2,701	2,749	4, 754	2,629	2.651
Lawrence	2,579	1,633	2,106	2,533	1.063	2,144
Madison Marion	6, 676	1,771	4,751	6, 376	1,697	4, 800
Marion	My, 506	13' 300	TO' CAC	35, 909	TO' 008 (W. 271

INDIANA-Continued. GOVERNOR, 1912 1912. COUNTIES. Wil-Rals-Dur- | Bever-IRoosevelt, bin, ldge. son, ton, Prog. Rep. Dem. Dem. Rep. 1,196 Marshall..... 1, 490 2, 773 2,859 1,144 1,463 2,859 1,440 3,366 2,396 3,821 2,608 553 1,995 1,402 3,285 Martin.... 874 588 1,426 1,388 2,747 1,358 1,350 2,073 Miami 1, 497 1, 246 1, 236 1,259 Mouroe. Moutgomery. 2,301 1.559 3,806 2,497 1,480 Morgan Newton..... 2,569 1,315 1.259 892 1,443 633 946 850 Noble.... 2,888 2,839 1,760 120 1,393 1,735 Ohio..... 558 545 400 118 406 1,810 Orange..... 1.830 1,521 711 849 1,480 848 1,585 674 1,964 1,798 1.621 784 684 809 Owen.... 692 Parke.... 2,031 1,891 Perry..... 1,981 520 1,130 1,870 1,939 491 1,129 1, 304 1, 396 1, 246 2, 603 1, 166 796 Pike..... 1,984 1,352 2,767 1,250 489 1 515 1,241 Porter 1,510 Posey..... Pulaski..... 1,193 586 1,235 705 729 2,922 1,354 2,158 1,988 2,829 1,288 Putnam..... Randolph.... 1,079 2,471 1,354 1.130 2,096 1,864 2,495 2,158 1,988 2,471 2,096 1,864 2,431 1,492 884 2,386 1,460 2,312 1,931 1,075 2,279 1,869 1,033 8,27 5,31 992 31 3,432 1,254 1,969 3,366 1,171 2,48 1,268 1,176 2,377 1,244 1,208 7,87 6,66 1,179 7,56 890 Ripley..... 1.124 Rush Scott.....Shelby.... 506 1.999 1,244 1,128 756 658 1,276 1,193 Spencer. Starke.... 1,266 1,290 1,210 1,231 5,391 3,146 5,240 5,298 Steuben. 1,193 St. Joseph.... 5.391 3,146 5,240 3,707 1,406 1,068 3, 194 5, 180 Sullivan..... 3.598 1,360 1,095 Switzerland ... 1,342 882 4,442 3,006 322 1,314 863 334 2.851Tippecanoe.... 2,838 4,276 Tipton..... 2,185 1,262 705 643 914 2,144 1,217 945 Union.... Vanderburgh. 643 342 692 2,738 7,167 615 369 7, 219 4, 839 1, 780 1, 621 7, 256 3, 103 2, 371 1, 363 4,839 738 7,167 4.771 680 1,688 1,540 2,880 Vermillion 671 Vigo..... 4,988 6,923 2,993 2,432 2,371 1,296 5,172 Wabash..... 1,363 Warren..... 1.082 872 1, 183 695 827 2,218 2,233 1,421 712 Warrick..... 819 2 198 1,412 Washington ... 1,113 2,161 670 1.114 Wayne..... Wells.... 5,806 1,851 2,760 812 1,606 4,554 745 1,112 4,457 3,797 2.647 745 1.937 1.581 2.169 1.042 812 1,080 822 843 990 988

For President in 1912, Debs, Soc., received 36,931 votes; Chafin, Pro., 19,249; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 3,130. For Governor in 1912, Hickman, Pro., received 18,454 votes; Reynolds, Soc., 35,464; Matthews, Soc. Lab., 2,884.

654, 474

Whole vote.

Totals...... 281890 151267 162007 275275 142503 166054

640,934

For President in 1964, Watson, Pop., received 2,444 votes; Corrigan, Soc. Lab., 1,598.

For President in 1908, Gillhaus, Soc. Lab., received 643 votes; Watson, Pop., 1,193; Hisgen, Ind., 514.

For Governor in 1904, Templeton, Peo., received 2.065 votes; Dillon, Soc. Lab., 1,437.

For Governor in 1908. Robinson, Pop., received 986 votes; Stoner, Soc. Lab., 573; Zion, Ind., 583. For Secretary of State in 1910, Stoner, Soc. Lab.,

received 2,974 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Districts,
I. Counties of Gibson, Posey, Pike, Spencer, Vanderburgh, and Warrick, Lieb, Dem., 20,014;
Ortmyer, Rep., 13,158; Heldt, Prox., 6,022;
Flanuagan, Pro., 910; Rainey, Soc., 3,737.
Lieb's plurality, 6,856.
II. Counties of Daviess, Greene, Monroe, Owen,
Sullivan, Knox, Morgan, and Martin,
Cullop, Dem., 22,082; Bland, Rep., 15,858;
Dyer, Prog., 6,001; Overman, Pro., 873;
Sheppard, Soc., 2,856, Cullop's plurality,
6,224. 6,224,

INDIANA-Continued.

- III. Counties of Clark, Floyd, Harrison, Dubois, Lawrence, Orange, Crawford, Perry, Scott, and Washington. Cox, Dem., 23,150; Barnes, Rep., 10,049; Wilkinson, Prog., 10,005; White, Rep., 10,049; Wilkinson, Prog., 10,005; White, Pro., 538; Zahnd, Soc., 1,192. Cox's plu-rality, 13,101.
 - Counties of Dearborn, Jackson, Brown, Bartholomew, Jennings, Jefferson, Johnson, Decatur, Ohio, Riptey, and Switzerland. Dixon, Denn., 24,250; Turner, Rep., 12,435; Zoller, Prog., 7,540; Thompson, Pro., 1,035; Carmichael, Soc., 1,000. Dixon's plurality,
- V. Counties of Clay, Parke, Vermillion, Vigo, Hendricks, and Putnan. Moss, Dem., 20,634;
 Blankenbaker, Rep., 11,995; Honston, Prog., 3,351; Myers, Pro., 1,444; Amis, Soc., 8,268.
 Moss's pluraiity, 8,639.
- VI. Counties of Fayette, Henry, Hancock, Frank-lin, Shelby, Union, Rusli, and Wayne. Gray, Dem. 19,967; Risk, Rep., 11,325; Jensen, Prog., 10/97; Brown, Pro., 1,378; Van Vorhis, Soc., 2,129. Gray's plurality, 8,745.
- VII. County of Marion. Korbly, Dem., 28,901; Shipp, Rep., 13,820; Zartman, Prog., 18,402; Stark, Pro. 1,387; Hays, Soc., 5,501. Korbly's plurality, 10,499
- VIII. Counties of Adams, Delaware, Jay, Madison, Randolph, and Wells. Adair, Denn., 23,530; Watts, Rep., 8,298; Toner. Prog., 13,157; Gibson, Pro., 2,033; McDonald, Soc., 3,611. Adair's plurality, 10,373.
- 2.942 IX. Counties of Boone, Clinton, Fountain, Carconnues of Boone, Clinton, Fountain, Carroll, Howard, Hamilton, Montgomery, and Tipton. Morrison, Bem., 23,574; Robinson, Rep., 15,901; Neal, Prog., 9,205; Ewing, Pro., 1,562; Kellar, Soc., 2,011. Morrison's plurality, 7,673.
- 2,371 X. Counties of Bentou, Laporte, Jasper, Tippe-660 canoe, Warren, Lake, Newton, Porter, and White, Peterson, Dem. 18,401; Crumpacker, Rep., 17,294; Bowers, Prog., 9,793; Herdrich, Pro., 591: Mark, Soc., 1,370. Peterson's plurality, 1.107.
 - XI. Counties of Blackford, Miami, Pulaski, Cass, Grant, Huntington, and Wabash. Rauch, Dem., 21,894; Stewart, Rep., 12,213; Baldwin, Prog., 10,830; Kennedy, Pro., 2,323; Malott, Soc., 2,813. Rauch's plurality, 9,681.
 - Soc., 2,345. Ranch's purality, 3,951.

 XII. Countiesof Allen, De Kalb, La Grange, Noble, Steuben, and Whitley. Cline, Dem., 19,903; Lane, Rep., 11,147; Litman, Prog., 8,114; Dibble, Pro., 2,022; Badger, Soc.,... Cline's plurality, 8,756.
 - XIII. Counties of Elkhart, Kosciusko, Fulton, Marshall, St. Joseph, Laporte, and Starke, Barnhart, Jenn., 24,865; Carlisle, Rep., 15,787; Stephens, Proz., 13,834; Mamer, Pro., 1,343; Carly, Soc., 2,937. Barnhart's plurality, 11,144.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Sannel, M. Ralston; Lieutenant-Governor, Wm. P. O'Neill; Secretary of State, L. G. Ellingham; Treasurer, Wm. H. Vollmer; Audi-tor, Wm. H. O'Brieu; Attorney-General, Thos. Honan; Soperintendent of Education, Chas. A. Greathouse-all Democrats.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, L. J. Monks, Rep.; Justices, Charles E. Cox, Dem.; Quincy A. Myers, Rep.; J. W. Spencer, Dem.; Douglas Morris, Dem.; R. K. Erwin, Dem.; Clerk of the Court, J. Fred France, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Senate.	House, Jo	int Ballot
Republicans	10	4	14
Democrats	40	95	135
Republicans Democrats Progressives		1	1
1	-	Bourse	
Democratic majority	30	90	120

732					Lie	ction	1
	NDIA	NA-	Conti	med.			1
					876.		-
1876. President	Den	i. Re	0.	Gr. E		Plu.	1
1876. President	225 6	26 208,0 28 232	011 9 164 12	, 533 , 986	b	,515 D ,641 R	
1884. President	. 244, 99	2 238,	180 8	,293 3	,028 6	,512 D	1
1000 Descident	001 0	9 009	U.	,293 8 <i>Lab</i> , 694 9	,881 2	,348 R	M
1888. President	261, 01	15 205,	501 Z,	094 y			M
1892. President 1896. President	.262,74	0 255,		, 208 13	,050 7 ,056 18	.125 D	M
1896. President 1900. Governor	. 305, 57	73 323, 38 331,	754 531	13	,056 18 451 25	181 R 163 R	M
1900. Presiden	t.309,5	34 333,	บอฮ	13	,451 25 ,718 26	,470 R	M
1002 Cad State	ດຂາດເ	25 200	10 5	Soc.	765 95	,554 R	M
1902. Sec. State	.205, 26	5 368.2	89 12.	013 23	496 93	.944 R	O V
1902 Sec. State 1904, President 1908, President	338, 26	2 348, 9	93 13,	476 18	,765 35 ,496 93 ,045 10	,731 R	Os
1908. Governor 1910. Sec. State	999 93	5 987 £	40 II, 68 19	632 17	,045 10 926 14 024 12	.453 D .367 D	P
1310. 1500. 1500.		IOW		102 11			P
		Presi			Gove	RNOE,	P
		101	2.		19	12.	P
Counties. (99.)	Wil-	Taft.	Roose- velt,	Debs,	Dunn, Dem.	Clarke	P
(,	son, Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.	R
Adair	1 195	1,248	890	31	1,186	1,541	Se
Adams Allamakee	1,215	913	571 1,278	32	1 117	1.118	St
Allamakee Appanoose	1,215 1,767 2,058	1,269 2,356	1,278 930	39 346	1,741 1,978 983	1,922 2,545	Si
Audubon	905	692	OK8	10	983	1.080	Tε
Benton	2,472 3,702	1,831	1,234 4,727 2,835	199 411	2,339 $3,441$	2,549 3,126	Τa
Blackhawk Boone	1.601	1,601 802	2,835	537	1,470	1,750	Va
Bremer	1,944 1,806	1,013	741	24 23	1,853 1,814	1,750 1,273 1 798	W
Buchanan Buena Vista	921	1,271 755	1,455 $1,852$	61	983	1,406	W
Buller	926	903	1,553 1,324	28	856	1.704	11.
Calhoun	1,182 2 326	963 664	1,324	85 53	1,238 2,474	1,400 1,006	W
Cass	1,510 1,938	1.724	1,096	103	1.400	2,100	W
Cass Cedar Cerro Gordo	1,742	1,036 1,334	1,364 1,814	43 212	1,898	1,776 2,011	w
Cherokee	930	381	1.680	56	2,214 1,104 1,883		W
Chërokee Chickasaw Clarke	1,891 910	1,022 882	662 595	35 21	1.883	1,370 1,105	١.
Clay	707		1,347	50	759	1,131	PI
Clay Clayton Clintou	2,919	1,239	1,471	142 403	2 789 3,707	$\frac{1.916}{2.072}$	Pe
Crawford	3,633 2,193	1,890 1,169	3,188 1,181	66	2,326	1 286	
Dallas	1,718		1,181 1,361	200	1,504 1,436	2.703.	-
Davis Decatur	1,453 1,659	1,184	353 773	44 90	1.590	1,341	8,
Delaware	1,659 1,399	1,351 1,394	1,145	83	1,266 3,208	1,668	
Des Moines Dickinson	3.169 502	2,136 457	2,090 850	537 38	433	2.584 866	71. 7,7
Dubuque	6,237	1.620	3,421 738	415	6,757	1.729	7,3
Emmet Fayette	9 370	602	738	90 250	2,132	1,061 2,546	2,5
Floyd	2,379 1,244	1,192 1,216 773	2 240 1,256	142	1.379	1.800	-"
Franklin Fremont	094	773 973	1,403 861	67 65	834 1,750	1,542 1,300	26
Greene	1,762 980	1,324	1.166	29	1.109	1.640	
Grundy	1,149 1,390		1.465	12	1,070	1,331	VC
Guthrie Hamilton	1.041	1,258 831	1,303 2,282	74 68	1,248	1.755	VC
Hancock Hardin	1,041 710	860	899	8	806	1,311	D.
Harrison	1,072 2 147	722 1,528	2,362 1,336	998	1,095 2,026	$\frac{2,093}{1,981}$	1.
Henry	1,580	T*009	856	47	1,448 1,328	1 863	
Howard Humboldt	1,416 634	750	837 1 377	69 16	1,328	1,283	
Ida	7 ()97	520	1,144	18	1,245 1,770	1,283 1,236 797 1,568	H
Iowa Jackson	1,841	1,237	875	24	1,770 2,224		
Jasper	2 487		1,003 1,531	109 397	2,246 1,212	2,150	
Jefferson		1,766 1,378	786	72	1,212	1.614	11
Johnson Jones	3,327 2,189	1,645 1,622	763 689	92 34	3,195 $2,139$	1,968 1,847	1
Keokuk	2.454	1,622 1,361	1,232	74	2,250	1.871	
Kossuth	1,813 3,891	857 2,016	1,860 2.299	$\frac{21}{258}$	3,799	1,535 2,630	
Linn	5.422	4,326	3,038	487	2,155 2,250 1,841 3,729 4,630 779	2,630 5,941	17
Lucas	881 968	1,070 939	891 855	58 110	779 912	1.396	
Lyon Madison	896	412	1.361	89	1.015	1,240 940	
Madison	1,185	1,274	1,121	86	1,132	1,672	1

	1 -	GOVERNOR,				
			IDENT, 12.			12.
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Taft.	Roose-	Debs,	Dann	Clarke
	bem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Dem.	Clarke Rep.
Mahaska	2,576		1,705	202	2,499	2,29
Marion	2.276	1,191	1,419	297	2,010	1 93
Marshall	2,162	. 926	3,106	324	2,160	2,78
Mills	1,512	850		57	1,240	1,436
Mitchell	1,082	590		29	1,054	1,19:
Monona	1,358	1,109		36	1,403	
Monroe	1,485		1,495		1,508	
Montgomery	1,206	917	1,713	106	1,055	
Muscatine	2,679	789	2,796	758	2,680	
O'Brien	1,506			53	1,623	936
Osceola.	786				862	72
Page	1,462	980	2,216	197	1,324	2,07:
l'alo Alto	1,325		718		1,354	1,19
Plymonth	2,038			28	2,128	1,72
Pocahoutas	1,176			69	1,356	1,30
Polk	7,239	4,665	8,110	1,695	4,840	4.210
Pottawat' mie.	4,993		4,538	489	5,593	8,608
Poweshiek	1,631	902		107	1,474	1,799
Ringgold	958		939	45	849	1,339
ac	1,124	622		58	1,143	1,445
cott	5,632	1,568	4,977	1,444	6,195	3,03
helby	1,841	572		38	1,898	1,32
ioux	1,453	5 75		55	1,458	1,78
tory	1,224	1,247	2,515	76	1,298	2,39
ama	2,446	1,179	1,722	95	2,409	2,158
Caylor	1,372	1,364	999	40	1,285	1,888
Juion	1,528	1,096	1,115	75	1,503	1,400
an Buren	1 495	1,483	675	52	1,499	1,620
Wapello	3,102	2,755	1,838	699	3,428	3,077
Varren	1.396	1,386	1,102	53	1,235	1.869
Vashington	2,003	1,264	1,330	84	1,845	1,878
Vayne	1,581	1,193	796	88	1,540	1,471
Webster	2 370	2,123	2,171	316	2,781	2.632
Vinnebago	390	532	1.035	142	391	1,112
Winneshiek	2,105	802	2,136	61	2 007	2,384
Woodbury	4,564	2,441	5,463	449	4,258	3,680
Worth	402	354	1,147	42	408	1,155
Wright	765	805	1,856	54	955	1,467
Total		119805	161819	16,967	182441	
	23,506					1,710
Per cent	37.64		32. 87	3.44		39.93
Whole vote.		492,	356		461	.097

For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 8, 440 votes.

For Governor in 1912, Stevens, Prog., received 71,882 votes; McGrillis, Soc., 14,882: Jones, Proh., 7,741.

For President in 1904, Watson, Pop., received 2,207 votes.

For President in 1908, Watson, Pop., received 261; Hisgen, Ind., 404.

For Governor in 1903, Weller, Peo., received 589 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

Districts.

Lounties of Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren, and Washington, Elder, Dem., 12,114; Kennedy, Rep., 14,167; Kublock, Soc., 882; Crall, Prog., 6,475. Kennedy's plurality, 2,053.

II. Counties of Clinton, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Muscatine, and Scott. Pepper, Dem., 24,769. Kennedy, Soc., 3,176; Pepper's plurality, 21,593.

III. Counties of Blackhawk, Bremer. Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, Franklin, Hardin, and Wright. Connelly, Dem., 19,455; Pickett, Rep., 18,166; Leach, Prog., 6,640. Connelly's plurality, 1,29.

IV. Counties of Allamakee, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, Winneshiek, and Worth, Meyer, Dem., 16,764; Haugen, Rep., 19,829; Haugen's plurality, 3,665.

IOWA—Continued.	KANSAS.						
V. Countles of Benton, Cedar, Grundy, Jones, Linn, Marshall, and Tanna. Humber, Denn, 17,531; Good, Rep., 18,034; Niles, Prog., 1,870. Good's plurality, 1,333. VI. Countles of Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek, and Wapello. Kirk- patrick, Dem., 14,915; McCord, Rep., 18,796; Patton, Prog., 4,350. Kirkpatrick's plural- ity, 1119.	COUNT: RE (705.)		PBEST 19	DENT.		Gove 19	RVOR,
VI. Countles of Davis, Jasper, Keckuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek, and Wapello. Kirk- patrick, Dem., 14,915; McCord, Rep., 13,796; Patton, Prog., 4,350. Kirkpatrick's plural-		Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	relt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Hodges Dem.	Cape per, Rep.
ity, 1.119. VII. Counties of Dallas, Madison, Marion, Polk, Story, and Warren. Price, Dem., 14,075; Prouty, Rep., 17,465; White, Prog., 5,844.	Allen Anderson Atchison Barber	1,739 1,365 2,449 883	1,692 618 1,535 295	934 1,527 1,027	391 191 91 112	2,896 1,481 2,716 1,012	2,113 1,484 2,721 1,154
Prouty's pluranty, 3,390. VIII. Counties of Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union, and Wayne. Medinnis, Dem., 15 477; Towney, Page 19 489, Loughly, Page 9 574	Barton Bourbon Brown Butler	2,209 1,774 2,005	692 1,448 1,512 971	991 1,435 2,096	195 707 119 234	2,306 2,407 2,096 2,385	1,556 2,218 2,550 2,666
Towner's plurality, 2,985. IX. Counties of Adair, Audubon, Cass, Guthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattamie, and Shelby. Mosher. Dem., 16,389: Green.	Chase Chautauqua Cherokee Cheyenne Clark	752 2,641	476 818 1,994 140 162	762 872 302	277 2,006 125 55	911 1,054 3,134 288 517	874 1 251 2,284 422 532
Rep., 20,030. Green's plurality, 3 661. X. Counties of Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Pocahontas, Web-	Clay Cloud Coffey Comanche	1,373 1,658 1,581 391	843 899 681 150	1,250 1,289 1,190	249 280 184	1,633 2,025 1,784 391	1,824 1,851 1,652 654
Patton, Prog., 4,350. Kirkpatrick's plurality, 1,119. VII. Counties of Dallas, Madison, Marion, Polk, Story, and Warren. Price, Dem., 14,075; Prouty, Rep., 17,465; White, Prog., 5,944. Prouty's plurality, 3,390. VIII. Counties of Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union, and Wayne. Mccinnis, Dem., 15,477; Towner, Rep., 18,462; Laughlin, Prog., 2,704. Towner's plurality, 2,985. IX. Counties of Adair, Audubon, Cass, Guthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattamie, and Shelby. Mosher, Dem., 16,369; Green, Pep., 20,630. Green's plurality, 3 661. X. Counties of Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Pocahontas, Webster, and Winnebago. Rood, Dem., 14,213; Woods's plurality, 9,370. XI. Counties of Buena Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux, and Woodbury, Van Wagenen, Dem., 6,168; Scott, Rep., 18,568; Hallam, Prog., 10,405. Scott's plurality, 2,400.	Cowley Crawford Decatur Dickinson!	2,781 953 2,182	1.113 2,676 256 988	2,594 1,427 388 1,937	820 3,753 121 288	2,850 3,839 1,079 2,590	3,218 3,015 530 2 446
Osceola, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux, and Woodbury. Van Wagenen, Dem., 6,168; Scott, Rep., 18,588; Hallam, Prog., 10,405. Scott's	Doniphan Douglas Edwards	1,888 764 971	1,321 1,133 276 605 175	2,053 584 735	92 129 96 200 38	2,298 847 1.113	1,916 2,711 765
Covernor C. W. Clarke, Lieutenaut Covernor	Finney	1.045	353 283 529 672	860 586 989	45 133 165 276	624	913 825 1,339 2,450
W.L. Harding; Secretary of State, W. S. Allen; Treasurer, W. C. Brown; Auditor, J. L. Bleakly; Attorney-General, George Cosson; Superintendent of Education, A. M. Deyoe; Adjutant-General, Guy E. Logan—all Republicans.	Geary	355 636 80	387 170 327 56	918 356 481 111	121 85 169 22	987 392 728 89	1,093 498 715 161
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, S. M. Weaver, Rep.; Judges, Scott M. Ladd, Rep.; F. R. Gaynor, Rep.; Wm. D. Evans, Rep.; Horace E. Deemer, Rep.; B. W. Preston, Rep.; Clerk, Burgess W. Garrett, Rep.	Gray	243 33 1,331 263 1,274	112 95 954 134 365 703 61	111 106 1,120 199 1,296 1,590	203	247 60 1,742 292 1,375 1,788	372 171 1,645 305 1,508 1,993 126
STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Republicans. 31 71 102 Democrats. 17 33 50	Hodgeman. Jackson Jefferson Jewell. Johnson.	302 1,565 1,550	136 1,027 1,158 906	319 1,286 1,116 1,497	35 45 74 143	308 1,938 1,898 2,060	438 1,923 1,895 2,227 1,946
Republican majority. 14 38 52 VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1876.	Kearny Kingman Kiowa	1,421 506	834 113 336 276	232 1,160 549	157 83 149 72	2,191 244 1,512 544	1,383 771
Dem. Rep. Gr. Pro. Plu. 1886. Pres. 112121 171.332 9.400 49.721 88.182.04 32,327 7.78.659 86.59 88.059 88.059 147.73 14.72 19.773 R 1883. Pres. .179.887 211.588 9.105 3,550 31.711 R	Labette Lane Leavenworth Lincoln Linn.	2,568 237 3,099 1,091 1,283 259	1,516 158 2,562 381 858 166	155 1,778 853 1,052	1,107 72 314 103 389 81	3,037 257 4,179 1,087 1,482 273	2,737 301 3,207 1,243 1,677 478
Pop. Pop.	Logan	2,363 1,732 2,278 1,639	. 962 863 1,492 455	1,878 1,500 1,581	322 217 178 147	2.667 2,051 2,931	2,629 2,025 2,372
1897. GOV194,514 224,501 4,288 8,357 29,987 R Dem. Pop. Pop. 7,559 63,524 R	Meade Miami Mitchell	383 1,919 1,441	1,033 737 1,842	418 1,165 951	110 239 212	1,817 404 2,350 1,608	2,632 581 1,752 1,482
1899. Gov. 183,326 239,543 1,694 7,650 56,217 R 1900. Pres 209,466 307,785 2,778 9,479 98,606 R 1901. Gov. 143,685 226,839 3,460 15,649 83,154 R	Montgomery Morris Morton Nemaha Neosho	3,011 1,144 144 1,936	487 120 961	1,244 64 1,393	1,194 79 25 40	3,981 1,292 141 2,156	3,564 1,551 206 2,068
1903. Gov 159,708 238,798 66,479 12,378 79,090 R 1904. Pres. 149,141 307,907 14,847 11,601 158,766 R 1906. Gov 196,143 216,968 9,729 8,901 20,925 R 1908. Pres. 200,771 275,210 8,237 9,837 74,439 R 1908. Gov 195,855 303,443 "107,588 13,235 R 1910. Gov 157,353 205,678 9,700 10,212 18,235 R	Ness Norton Osage Osborne Ottawa Pawnee Phillips	1,993 458 1,081 1,969 970 1,264 1,050 1,257	1,580 232 598 850 733 517 366 594	1,190 464 674 1,588 915 899 759 1,181	472 126 141 417 105 149 77 142	2,454 507 1,204 2,210 1,172 1,547 1,171 1,405	2,255 688 1,134 2,248 1,391 1 305 982 1,604
†Democratic and Greenback Fusion vote. *Majority.	Pottawatomie. Pratt	1.599	1,058 372	1,504 984	55 168	2,045 1,047	2,030 1,197

KANSAS-Continued.

			DENT,		Gova 19	RNOR,
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Taft.	Roose-	Debs.	Hod-	Cap-
	gon, Dem.	Rep.	velt, Prog.	Suc.	ges, Dem.	per,
Rawlins	568	220	854	181	561	586
Reno	3,381	1,666		480	5,766	
Republic	1,816		1,278	127	2,080	
Rice	1,314		1,186	192	1,435	1,772
Riley	1,170		2,047 715	173	1,266	2,318
Rooks	865			115	997	1, 120
Rush	810		659	92	928	806
Russell	983			65	1,085	1,270
Saline	2,263	534	1,773	221	2,382	2,163
Scott	241	56	232	71	240	300
Sedgwick	5,733	1,416	6,546	801	6,912	6,618
Seward	394	155	355	131	420 5,714	496
Shawnee	5,094 509	3,592	4,057	348	543	7,012
Sheridan Sherman	465	195	316 290	52		478 423
Smith	1,534	129 970	1,022	100 228	1,694	1,829
Stafford	1.094	422	938	160	1,174	1.290
Stanton	114	42	77	31	1110	1.250
Stevens	237	117	214		241	309
Sumner	2,557		2, 615		2,874	2,927
Thomas	432		259	79	463	348
Trego	449		417	90	486	552
Wabannsee	1.128	783	936	73	1,424	1,399
Wallace	152	81	264		158	338
Washington	1,914				2,346	2.288
Wichita	135		113		172	
Wilson	1,304		1,415		1,658	
Woodson	900	694	608		1,150	
Wyandotte	7,370	2,107	8,109	1,202	9,175	7,447
Total	143670	74,844	120123	26,807		167509
Per cent	32, 87		31,10	7.54	31 46, 58	46.54
Whole vote.		365,	444		359	853

For Governor 1912, Kleihege, Soc., received 24,804 votes.

For President in 1904, Watson, Pop., 6, 156 votes. VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. Counties of Atchison, Brown, Doniphan, Jackson, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Nemaha, and

I. Counties of Atchison, Brown, Doniphan, Jackson, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Nemaha, and Shawnee, Chapman, Dem., 20,646; Anthony, Rep., 22,978; Conwell, Soc., 768.
II. Counties of Allen, Anderson, Bourbon, Donglas, Franklin, Johnson, Linu, Miami, and Wyandotte, Taggart, Dem., 25,879; Brady, Rep., 22,007; Thomas, Soc., 3,714.
III. Counties of Chautauqua, Cherokee, Cowley, Crawford, Ell. Labette, Montgomery, Neosho, and Wilson, Brady, Dem., 20,132; V. Counties of Chautauqua, Cherokee, Cowley, Crawford, Rep., 20,973; Brewer, Soc., 12,732.
IV. Counties of Chautauqua, Pottawatomie, Wabaunsee, and Woodson, Dudley Doolittle, Den., 16,497; Jackson, Rep., 16,479; Beach, Soc., 1,534.
V. Counties of Clay, Cloud, Geary, Dickinson, Marshall, Ottawa, Republic, Riley, Saline, and Washington. Helvering, Dem., 19,618; Rees, Rep., 18,98; Chapin, Soc., 1,708.
VI. Connelley, Dem., 20,065; Young, Rep., 19,618; Aroes, Rep., 18,98; Chapin, Soc., 17,08.
VII. Neeley, Dem., 20,133; Fluley, Rep., 21,495; Amos, Soc., 2,233; Ross, Pro., 337.
VIII. Sannders, Dem., 14,449; Murdock, Rep., 17,855; Burnett, Soc., 1,202.
PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, G. H. Hodges, Dem.; Lieutenant-Governor, S. Ingalls; Secretary of State, Charles H. Sesslons; Theasurer, Earl Akers; Anditor, W. E. Davil.; Attorney-General, John S. Dawson; Adjutant-General, ; Superintendent of Education, W. D. Ross; Superintendent of Insurance, Ike S. Lewis; Commissioner of Agriculture, F. D. Coburn-all Republicana, except Governor.

KANSAS-Continued.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Win. A. Johnston; Associate Justices, Judson S. West, Silas Porter, Clark A. Smith, Rousseau A. Burch, Henry F. Mason and Alfred W. Bensen, all Republicans; Clerk, D. A. Valentine.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

S	enate.	House,	Joint Ballot.
Republicans	. 18	50	68
Democrats	. 21	73	94
Socialists	. 1	2	. 3
Democratic majorit;	y. 2	21	23

VOTE OF TH	IE STATE	SINCE 18	76	
Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Pro.	Plu.
President 37,002	78,322	7,770		40,120 R
President 59,789	121,520	19,710		61,731 R
President 90,132	154,406	16,341	4,954	64,274 1
Governor115,697	149,615		8,094	33,918 R
		U. L.		
President102,745	182,904	37,788	6,779	80,159 IL
		Pop.		
President	157,237	163,111	4,539	5,874 P
Governor 26,709	148,697	118,329	5,496	30,368 R
Dem Pop.		N. D.		
President171,810	159,541	1,209	1,921	12,269DP
· ·		· Soc.L.		
Governor134,158	149,292	642	1.092	15,134 R
Governor164,794	181,893		2,662	17,099 R
		Sec.D.		
President162,601	185,955	1,258	3,605	23,354 R
		Soc.		
		4.098		42,094 R
President 84,800	210.893	15,494	7,245	126,093 R
Governor116,991	186,731	12,101	6,584	69,740 R
Governor150,024	152,147	4,463	7,621	2,123 R
President161,209	197,216	12,420	5,333	36,007 R
Governor162,385	196,692	11,721	3,886	34,307 R
Governor146,014	162,181	15,384	2.372	16,167 R
	Dem. President. 37,002 President. 59,789 President. 90,132 Governor. 116,891 President. 102,746 President. 102,746 President. 117,810 Governor. 28,709 DemPop. President. 171,810 Governor. 184,784 President. 84,800 Governor. 117,148 President. 84,800 Governor. 116,991 Governor. 150,024 President. 160,024 President. 161,209 Governor. 150,024 President. 161,209	President 27,002 President 27,002 President 90,132 President 90,132 President 90,132 President 102,745 President 102,745 President 102,745 President 157,237 Governor 26,709 Pen Pop. President 111,151 Governor 134,158 Governor 134,158 Governor 164,794 President 162,601 Sovernor 117,148 President 84,800 President 162,601 President 162,901 President 163,912 President 163,912 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913 President 163,913	Dem. Rep. Gr.	President 37,002 78,392 2,710 President 59,789 121,500 19,710 President 90,132 154,406 16,341 4,954 Governor 116,697 149,615 8,934 President 102,746 182,904 31,788 6,779 President 102,740 182,204 31,788 6,779 President 102,740 145,297 118,329 5,496 Governor 26,709 148,697 118,329 5,496 DemPop. N. D. 192 192 President 111,1510 159,641 1,209 1,921 Governor 164,194 1818,93 80c,1) 2,662 Soc 80c 10.92 80c,1) President 162,601 185,935 1,268 8,605 Governor 111,148 189,942 4,098 6,655 President 84,800 210,833 15,494 7,921 Governor 116,991 186,721 19,101 6,844 Governor 150,094 <

KENTUCKY.

		PRESI	GOVERNOR, 1911.			
Counties. (120.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.		Мс- Creary Dent.	O'Re'r Rep.
Adair	1,398	786	1,024	9	1,615	1,706
Allen	1,366	1,146	757	16	1,403	1.809
Anderson	1,391	579		8	1,392	978
Ballard	1,706	555	119	197	1,954	600
Barren	2,993	1.563	731	48	3,121	2,300
Bath	1,477	1,002	263	15	1,658	1,426
Bell	970	1,183	1,705	120	1,195	
Boone	1.738	371	142	32	1,624	458
Bourbon	2,362	1,744	429	16		1,881
Boyd	1,772	1,271	1,236	242	2,138	2,209
Boyle	1,798	701	726	22	1,781	1,374
Bracken	1,315	693	278	89		
Breathitt	1 683	910	396	11	1,886	
Breckinridge	1,967	1,163	1,292	67	2,032	2,249
Bullitt	1,299	209		15	1,216	564
Butler	879	1,070	988	53	1,048	1,899
Caldwell	1,231	1,263	296	174	1,440	1,477
Calloway	2,380	628	325	258	2,066	1,282
Campbell	4,687	2,276	2,630	1,307	5,252	4,239
Carlisle	1,409	331	126	76	1.324	376
Carroll	1,573	317	208	3	1,465	449
Carter	1,506	1,174	1,340	79	1,521	2,182
Casey	1,158	903	806	22	1,149	1,328
Christian	2,784	3.520	717	168	3,010	3,767
Clark	2,321	1,066	836	15	2,590	1.5 9

KI	ENTU	CKY-	-Conti	nued.			
0		PRESI	DENT,		Gove 19	RNOE,	
Counties.	Wil-	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Mo- Creary Dem.	O'Re'r Rep.	_
Clay	625	1,034	516	78	707	1,542	2.3
Clinton	310 1,230	828 1.367	112 371	19 35	374 1,253	843 1,491	18
Crittenden Cumberland	577	1,367 972	156	3	645	1.029	ST
Daviess	4,314 799	1,506 736	1,839 519	83 26	4,683 805	3,085 1,098	T
Edmonson	1,006	396	136	3	1.171	507	Т
Estill	875 5,268	869 4,060	359 1,337	12 77	914 5,438	1,210 5,075	U
Fleming	1.915	1,400 961	471	21	2 025	1,798 1,229	11
Fayette Fleming Floyd.	1,553	961 783	465 604	49 20	1,534 3,081	1,229 1,399	11
Franklin	1,553 2,980 1,609	520	92	58	1,392	401	11
Fulton		174 481	112 1,055	2	856 1,491	276	11
Garrard Grant		837	171	11	1.583	1,333 977	H
Graves		863	939 1,146	18 5×	$3,854 \\ 1.797$	1,543	
Grayson	1,685 1,117	1,075 687	670	9	1,1401	2,041 1,286	P
Grayson Green Greenup	1,172	923	889	243 58	1,152 757	1,427 875	S
Hancock	757 2,656	268 632	1,250	80	2,802	1.692	
Hardin Harlan	345	612	X2341	71		1 446 (
Harrison Hart	2,514 1,674	1,193 592	246 1,314 763	21 117	$\frac{2,550}{1,712}$	1,405 1,650	Re
Henderson	3.098	1,157		362	-2.8021	1,441	Cc
Henry	2,274 1,540	805 365	484 134	12 28	$\frac{2,314}{1,648}$	400	Ls
Hopkins	3,147 216	1,357	1,616	382	3,302	2,833	Pe
Hopkins Jackson Jefferson.	216 $24,100$	911	23,516	12 1,170	$243 \\ 23,369$	1,586 18,137	М
Jessamine	1 5067	895	409	12	1,580	1,205 2,132 5,325	Gi
Johnson	7 761	998 3.512	1,264 2,272	98 1,210	1,067 8,680	5.325	v
Kenton Knott	1,034 7,761 1,114	2,512 387	100		1,168 954	598	D
Knox	888 1,265	1,391 390	1,231 568	55 22	1.268	2,704 899	I.
Larue Laurel	1,094	1.085	1.020	123 48	1,183	2,169	
Lawrence	1.648 728	1,280 570	632 400	10	1,594 745	1,656 936	
Leslie Letcher	105	606	431	2 8	110 489	992 1,064	
Letcher	1,017	978 1,185 842	372 1,063	168	1,058	1.260	1
Lincom	1.865		1,001 293	30	1.943	1,652 787	
Livingston Logan	1,009 2,697	732 1,632	551	95	1,051 3,598	1,889	
Lyon	1 996	568	107	25 25	1,087	687 2,882	1
Madison Magoffin	2,992 891	2,094 1,004	406	7	3,043 947	1,409	1.
Marion	1.848	735 634	743	17 85	1,923	1,169 919	1
Marshall Martin	1,675 256	655	287	ii	1,781 217	835	1
Mason	2.475	1,558	542	30 441	2,634 2,926	1,800 2,454	r
McCracken McCreary	225	411	501	95		i	1
McLean	1.004	822 337	381 489	111	1,413 1,147	1,183 740	
Meade Menifee	1,145 643	254	90	43	705	386	
Mercer	1,792 887	889 482	606 640		1,787 1,969	1,449 1,089	
Metealfe Monroe	806	1,072 758	680	(6	1 5/0	1,764	V
Montgomery	1,615 800	758 876		11 31			l
Morgan Muhlenberg	2,093	1.038	1.699	766	2,246	2,406	l,
Nelson Nicholas		751 700	735 276	1 10		2,406 1,239 981	'
Omo, :		1.150	1,825	361	2,638	2,811	
Oldham Owen	1.159 2.460	261	257	21	2 367	536 630	1.
Owsley	321	1 511	353	ã			1
Owsley Pendleton Perry.	1,310	1.029	365 114			1 1 031	1
Perry Pike Powell Pulaski Robertson	2,583	2.777	785	47	2,667	3,216	
Powell	1.980	1 ನಿರ್ಮ	.100	86	2,145	3,574	1
		158	262	1	619	404	
Rockcastie	808	1,089	1 458	1 41	770	1 829	1
Russell	737	785	273	41	769	1,024	•

KENTUCKY-Continued.

KENTUCKY-Continued,

			DENT, 12.		GOVERNOE, 1911.		
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Mc- Creary He in .	O'Re's Rep.	
Scott	2,361		480		2,345		
Shelby	2,487	1,129	607	25			
Simpson	. 1,639	547			1,593	818	
≍pencer	1 052		256	6	1,082	461	
Taylor	1.150	468	842		1,288	1,163	
Todd	1.482	1,435	170		1,532	1,389	
Trigg	1.263		101		1,533	1,344	
Trimble	1.183				1,092	299	
Union,	2.168	642	303		2,114	805	
Warren	3,447	1.342	1,770	55	3,020	3,158	
Washington	1.329		312	10	1,524		
Wayne	2,168	1,096	524	14		1,342	
Webster	998	905	2,036		2,392	1 550	
Whitley	1.388	723	912				
Wolfe	1 873	395	250	6	921	624	
Woodford	1,561	779	446	9	1,540	1,162	
Total	219584	115512	102766	11,647	226771	195436	
Plurality	104072				31,335		
Per cent	48, 40		22.64	2.57			
Scattering			323			,409	
Whole vote .	1	453,			435,616		

For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 3,233 votes;

For President in 1904, Debs, Soc., received 3,602 votes; orrigan, Soc. Lab., 596. For Governor in 1911, Rodd, Proh., received 3,613 votes;

anforseik, Soc., 8,718; Arnold, Soc. Lab., 860; Payton, teople's, 218. or President in 1900, Debs, Soc., received 645 votes;

For President in 1908, Hisgen, Ind., received 200 votes; illhaus, Soc. Lab., 404.

OTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Counties of Ballard, Caldwell, Calloway, Car-lisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken,

isie, Crittendeu, Fulton, Graves. Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall. McCracken, and Trigg. Barclay, Dem. 22,591; Ferguson, Rep. 10, 564; Ford, Soc., 1,787. Barclay's plu-rality, 11,927. I. Connties of Christian, Daviess, Hancock, Hen-derson, Hopkins, McLean, Union, and Web-ster. Stanley, Dem., 19,739; Hawkins, Soc., 1,462; Fox, Prog., 6,500. Stanley's plurality, 13,239. 13,239.

116,269.
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Counties of Breckinger, Bullitt, Grayson, Green, Hardin, Hart, Larue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, Taylor, and Washington, Ben Johnson, Dem., 22,188; Thompson, Rep., 5,13; Basett, Prog., 11,907; Logsdon, Soc., 862. Johnson's plurality, 15,281.

502. Johnson's Butratty, 19,291.
 Y. Country of Jefferson. Swagar Sherley, Dem., 24,795; Ashcraft, Rep., 3,823; Fox. Prog., 23,115; Dobbs, Soc., 1,493; Arnold, Soc. Lab., 505. Sherley's plurality, 1,680.
 VI. Counties of Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton, and Trimble, Rouse, Dem., 20,590, Wallace, Rep., 7,255; Blackburn, Prog., 5,701; Brinkman, Soc., 489. Rouse's plurality, 13,435.
 VI. Countles of Roushon Clark, Exfill Favette.

2,489. Rouse's plurality, 13,435.
VII. Counties of Rourbon, Clark, Estill, Fayette, Franklin, Henry, Lee, Oldham, Owen, Powell, Scott, and Woodford. Cantrill, Dem., 24,617; Jones, Rep., 5,841. Cantrill's majority, 18,776.
VIII. Counties of Adair, Anderson, Boyle, Casey, Garrard, Jessamine, Lincoln, Madison, Meccer, Shelby and Spencer, Helm, Dem., 18,699; Dinsmore, Prog., 7,631, Helm's majority, 11,059. 11.059.

KENTUCKY-Continued.

IX, Countles of Bracken, Bath. Boyd, Carter, IX. Countles of Bracken, Bath. Boyd, Carter, Elliott, Fleming, Greenup, Harrison, Lewis, Lawrence, Mason, Menefee, Morgan, Nicholas, Robertson, Rowan, Wolfe, Montgomery and Breathitt. Fields, Dem. 27, 415; Balley, Rep., 16,608; Hutchens, Prog., 9803; Williams, Soc., 1,148. X. Countles of Floyd, Jackson, Johnson, Knott, Letcher, Martin, Magoffin, Owsley, Pike and Perry, Langley, Rep., 12,200; Stafford, Prog., 5,286.

5, 286

XI. Counties of Bell, Clay, Clinton, Cumberland, Harlan, Knox, Leslie, McCreary, Monroe, Pulaski, Russell, Rockcastle, Wayne, Whit-ley and Laurel. Smith, Dem. 11.760: Powers, Rep., 18,531; Seavey, Prog., 9.044; Jackson, Soc. 577 Suc., 577.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT,

Governor, James B. McCreary; Lieutenant-Governor, Edward J. McDermott; Secretary of State, C. F. Crecelius; Treasurer, Thomas S. Rhea; Auditor, Henry M. Bosworth; Attorney-General, James Garnett; Superintendent of Probic Instruction, Barksdale Hamlett; Commissioner of Agriculture, John W. Newman; Commissioner of Insurance, M. C. Clay—all Democrats.

Court of Appeals: Chief Justice, J. P. Hosson, bem.; Justices, W. E. Settle, Dem.; C. C. Torner, bem.; John M. Lassing, bem.; John D. Carroll, bem.; T. J. Nunn, bem.; Shackelford Miller, bem.; Commissioner of Appeals, Wm. R. Clay, bem.; Commissioner of Agriculture, J. W. Newman, bem.; Clerk, Robt. L. Greene, bem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

			Sen	ate.	House	. Join	nt Ballo	t.
Dem	ocrats			33	76	-	109	
Repu	ublican	s		5	24		29	
•			-	-	_			
De	mocrat	ie majo	rity 2	18	52		80	
	vo	TEOFT	THEST	ATE S	INCE	1876.		
~		Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	N.D.	Pro.	Plu.	
1876.	Pres	159,690	97.156	1,944			62,634	D
	Pres						43,449	D
1884.	Pres	152.961	118.763	1.693		3,139	34.198	0
			,	Lab.		- 1		
1838.	Pres	183,800	155,134	622		5,225	28,666 J	D.
		,	,	Pon.		- 1		
1892.	Pres	175,461	135,441	23,500		6,442	40,020 1	D :
	Pres					4,781	281 I	5
1899	Gov	191.331	193,714	3.038		2,346	2.3831	}
1900.	Pres	235,103	227.128	1,861		3,780	7,975 I)
	Gov			4,830			27,250 I)
	Pres			2.511		6,609	11.873 I	
	Gov			-,	Soc.		18,053 F	₹
	Pres.				4.060		8,381 I	

LOUISIANA.

		Presu 19		GOVERNOR, 1912.		
PARISHES. (61.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Hall, Dem.	Suthon Rep.
Acadia	1.147	51	164	166	654	90
Ascension	413	64	135	12	367	116
Assumption	423	149	171	1	316	316
Avoyelles	949	38		116	888	63
Baton R'ge, E.	1,067	45	96	41	530	35
BatonR'ge,W.	170	19	15	0;	122	24
Bienville	822	- 8	34	141	855	11
Bossier	427	6	11	43	303	
Caddo	1,946	34	129	91	727	11
Calcasien	2,144	171	362	569	1,621	135
Caldwell	366	18	20	100	282	1
Cameron	119	13	9	0	184	3
Carroll, E	161	4	19	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Carroll, W	159	i	14	77	277	
Cataboula	275	ıî	44	43	254	3 5
Claiborne	785	10	20	36	647	5
Concordia	205	6	6	8	102	
De Soto.	815	11	19	74	640	5
Evangeline	457	31	15	43	296	13
Feliciana, E.		1	12	å	254	
The Care of the Title of	800		1 22		202	111

LOUISIANA-Continued.

		PRR#1	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
PARISHES.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs,	Hall, Dem.	Suthon Rep.
Feliciana, W	281	3	30	0	152	
Franklin	449	8		88	382	ĩ
Grant	446	15	48	208		12
Iberia	666	222	350	58		
[berville	487	100		3		
Jackson	561	19	80	107		. 4
Jefferson	607	7	97	27	559	
Lafayette		244	53	76		
Lafourche	667	315		14		
La Salle	366	7		151		
Lincoln	644	3	42	73		4
Livingston	379	3		24		3
Madison	146	0	7	l ő		١ ،
Morehouse	411	8	9	33		5
Natchitoches.	759	21	43	188		14
Orleans	26,433	904	4,965		20, 254	1,547
Ouachita	902	17	48	108	586	10
Plaquemines.	361		29	5		25
Pointe Coupée		55	90	6	183	44
Rapides	1,334	46	110	182	1.174	33
Red River	357	6	18	85	448	5
Richland	393	2	20	22		2
Sabme	715		37	115		8
St. Bernard	221	17	ĭi	i		l š
St. Charles	157	28	9	16	199	34
St. Helena	214	13	10	4		10
St. James	367	228	77	7	393	284
St. John Bapt.	190	74	. 8	38	201	79
St. Landry	938	101	15ŏ	26	648	62
St. Martin	375	68	116	23		52
St. Mary	652		242	17	501	387
St. Tammany	668	30	70	44	663	38
Tangipahoa	1,061	40	155	70	1,017	36
Tensas	220	1	19	U	81	ĩ
Terrebonne	455	89	247	31	544	314
Union	696	11	26	61	857	3
vermillon	531	124	119	116	579	97
Vernon	754	44	50	428	1.214	15
Washington	491	18	46	36	435	12
Webster	696	9	13	111	616	5
Winn	600	26	49	364	983	18
Total	60,966	3,834	9,323	5,249	50,581	4,961
Majority	::::::	••••••			40.000	• •
Plurality	51,643		.::-::	*****	45,620	***
Per cent	76.42		11.75	6.61	91,04	8, 93
Whole vote.		79, 3	72		55,	046

For Governor in 1912, J. R. Jones, Ind., received 984 votes.

For Lieutenant-Governor in 1912, T. C. Barrett, Dem., received 49,316 votes; L. E. Robinson, Rep., 4,761; J. W. Barnes, Ind., 678.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

- I. Parishes of Plaquemines and St. Bernard, and part of the city of New Orleans. Estopinal, Dem., 14,770; Otero, Iud., 1.
- II. Parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John Baptist, and St. James, and part of the city of New Orleans. Dupre, Dem., 14,406. No opposition.
- III. Parishes of Assumption, Iberia, Lafayette, Lafourche, St. Martin, St. Mary, Terre-bonne, and Vermilion. Broussard, Dem., 5,035.
- IV. Parishes of Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Clalborne, De Soto, Red River, Webster, and Winn. Watkins, Dem., 5,693; Norris, Soc.,
- V. Parishes of Caldwell, East Carl, West Carroll, Catahoula, Concordia, Franklin, Jackson, Lincoln, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, and Union. Elder, Dem., 5,785. No opposition.

LOUISIANA-Continued.

VI. Parishes of Ascension, Baton Rouge, East; Baton Rouge, West; Feliciana, East; Feliciana, West; Iberville, Livingston, Pointe Coupée, St. Helena, St. Tammany, Tangipahon, and Washington. Morgan, Dem., 6,10.
VII. Parishes of Acadia, Allen, Beauregard, Calcasien, Cameron, Evangeline, Jeff Davis, and St. Landry. Lazaro, Dem., 4,943; Putnam. Soc., 713.

nam, Soc., 713.
VIII. Parishes of Avoyelles, Grant, La Salle,
Natchitoches, Rapides, Sabine, Vernon, and
Winn. Aswell, Dem., 6,033; Jones, Soc., 1,734.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, L. E. Hall: Lieutenaut-Governor, T. C. Barrett;
Secretary of State, Alviu E. Hebert; Auditor, Paul Capdeville: Treasurer, L. E. Smith; Attorney-General, R. G. Pleasuit; Superintendent of Education, T. H. Harris; Commissioner of Agriculture, E. O. Bruner; Commissioner of Insurance, A. E. Hebert; Commissioner of Public Lands, Fred J. Grace—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, J. A. Breaux: Associate Justices, A. D. Land, Walter B. Summ-rville, Frank A. Monroe, O. O. Provosty; Clerk, Paul E. Mortimer—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

Both Houses Democratic.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

		Dem	. 1	Rep.	$M\alpha j$.	
1872.	President	66.46		9,975	6,492	
1872.	President	*57.02	9 71	1,634	14,605	
	President	83,72	3 77	174	6,549	
1876.	President	*70,50		5.315	4,807	$_{ m R}$
1880.	President	65,06	7 38	628	26,439	
1884.	President	62,52		3.347	16,182	D
1888.	President	85 03	2 30	.484	54,548	D
			F_t	ision.		
1892.	President	87,92	2 26	3,563	61,359	
1896.	Governor	116.21	6 90	1.138	26,078	D
				Nat.D	. Plu.	
1896.	President	77.175	22.037	1,834	55,138	
190u.	Governor	60,206	2,449		†48,580	
1900.	President	53,671	14,233		†39,438	D
1904	Governor	48,345	5.877		142,468	D
			.,	Soc.		
1904.	President	47,708	5.205	995	42,503	
1908.		63,568	8.958	2,538	54,610	D
1908.		60,666	7,617	1,247	53,049	1)

* Count of the Rep. Returning Board. + Majority.

MAINE.

1		PRESU 191	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
COUNTIES. (16.)	Wil- son, Dem.		Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Plais- t-d, Dem.	Haines Rep.
Androscoggin.	4,516	859	4,424	316	5,664	4,404
A roostook	1,924	898	4,799		3,350	
Cumberland	8,480	5,154	6.537	355		9,945
Franklin	1,421	668	1,633	38	1,762	2,409
Hancock	2,555	1,399	1,932		3,537	3,590
Kennebec	4,397	1,782	5,195	175	6,473	
Knox	2,751	1,097	1,392	225	3,089	2,390
Lincoln	1,633	457	1,527	83	2,142	1,930
Oxford	2,941	1,234	3,068	111	3,506	3,968
Penobscot	5,093	3,367	5,294	145	7,657	7,849
Piscataquis	1,210		1,704	20		2,187
Sagadahoc	1,331	885	1.129	108		
Somerset	2,317	1,235	2,479			3,967
Waldo	2,145	881	1,636			
Washington		1,862		86		4,041
York	5,121	3,960				
	-,					
Total	51,113	26, 545	48,493	2,541	67,748	71.043
Plurality	2,620		1	1		3,295
Per cent	39.44		37.41	2.00		
Whole vote		129		105		

For President 1912, Chafin, Pro., received 945 votes.

For Governor 1912, G. A. Englund, Soc., received 2,110 votes; W. I. Sterling, Pro., 1,204.

The vote for State Auditor in 1910 was; Hatch, Rep., 67,370; Stevens, Dem., 20,913; Bramkell, Soc., 1,904; Skillings, Pro.,

MAINE-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912 Districts I. Countles of Cumberland and York. O'Brien,

I. Counties of Cumberland and York, O'Brien, Dem., 15.589; Hinds, Rep., 17,635; Albert, Soc., 463; Perrigo, Pro., 420. Hinds' pinrulity, 2,055.
 II. Counties of Androscoggin, Franklin, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford, and Sagadahoc. D. J. Mc-Gillienddy, Den., 18,07; Wm. B. Skelton, Rep., 16,796, Barlow, Soc., 768, Howe, Pro., 245. McGillienddy's phirality, 1,281.
 III. Counties of Huncack Kennebec. Somerset

III. Counties of Haucock, Kennebec, Somerset, and Waldo. Sam'l W. Gould, bem., 16.512;

and Waldo. Sam'l W. Gould, Dem., 10-112; Forrest Goodwin, Rep., 17, 221; Putnam, Soc., 574, Emerson, Pro., 215. Goodwin's plurality, 709.

IV. Counties of Aroostook, Penobscot, Piscata-quis, and Washington. C. W. Mullen, Dem., 16,725, Frank E. Guernsey, Rep., 20,198; W. A. Rideout, Pro., 235. Guernsey's plurality, 2,472 3,473.

3,473.

Governor, Win. T. Haines, Rep.; Secretary of State, Cyrus W. Davis, Dem.; Treasurer, James F, Singleton, Dem.; Adjutant-General, Elliot C. Dill, Rep.; Auditor, T.F. Callahan, Rep.; Attorney-General, W. R. Pattangall, Dem.; Superintendent of Education, Payson Smith, Rep.; Insurance Commissioner, A. P. Havey, Dem.; Commissioner of Agriculture, John P. Buckley, Dem.; Commissioner of Public Lands, F. E. Mace, Dem.

Supreme Judicia Court: Chief Justice, Wm. P. Whitehouse, Rep.; Associate Justices, L. C. Cornish, Rep.; Albert M. Spear, G. F. Bird, Dem.; Albert R. Savage, Rep.; A. W. King, Rep.; Geo. F. Huley, Dem., and Geo. M. Hanson, Dem.; Clerk, C. W. Jones, Rep.

STATE LE	GISLAT	URE, 191	3.
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans		78	99
Democrats		73	83
		-	
Republican majorit;	y 11	5	16
VOTE OF TH	E STAT	E SINCE	1872.
Dem.	Rep.	Gr. F	ro. Plu.

*32,335 R 16,477 R 1872. President. 29,087 61,422 1876. President . 49,823 66,390 1880. President . 65,171 74,039 663 235 4,408 8,868 R 1884. President 51,656 71,716 3,994 2,160 20,060 R Lab. 1888, President..50,481 73,734 1,344 2,691 23.253 R 1890. Governor. .45,331 64,214 1,298 2,981 18,883 R 14,979 R 1892, President. 48,044 62,923 2,381 3,062 1894. Governor. 30,621 69,599 5,321 2,730 38,978 R . D.

1896, President . 34 688 80,465 1,870 1.570 1898, Governor . . 29,497 54,266 315 2,335 24,769 R Soc. D. 1900. Governor. 39,823 73,955 632 3,538 1900. President. 36,822 65,435 878 2,555 1902. Governor. 38,349 65,839 1,973 4,376 632 3,538 34.132 R 28,613 18 27,490 R 25,800 B

1904, Governor, 49,791 75,591 1,576 1904, President, 27,630 64,437 2,103 1906, Governor, 61,477 69,215 1,553 2 756 36.807 R 1,510 7.838 B 1,139 30,584 R 1908, President., 35,403 66,987 1,758 1,487 7,653 R 8,753 D 1908, Governor, 66,675 73,728 1,430 1,425 1910, Governor, 73,425 54,672 1,582 1,352

* Majority.

MARYLAND.

	PRESIDENT, 1912.				GOVERNOR, 1911.		
Counties. (24.)	Wil-	Tart,	Roose-	Debs,	Gor-	Golds-	
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc. 1,036	Dein. 3,430	Rep. 4.372	
Allegany	3,049	2,222	2,631 794	57	3,041		
Baltimore C'y Baltimore Co.	11,524	4.247	6,211	212	10,578	9,482	
Calvert Caroline	1,882	1,445	196	40	1,713		
Carroll Cecil	2,491	1,509	646	16 33	2,229		
Charles	2,509				1,054	1,629 2,765	

MARVIAND Continued

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	MA	. RIL		-Conti	inen.			
Son, Tatt, Debs.			PRESIDENT, 1912.				Governor, 1911.	
Garrett 1,065 655 1,069 108 777 1.4 Harford 3,064 1,737 802 14 2,783 2.4 Howard 1,523 1,004 934 7 1,935 1.4 Kent 1,816 1,021 463 18 1,725 1.4 Montgomery 3,501 1,675 884 47 2,904 2.4 Pr'cetieorge's 2,424 1,456 1,308 47 2,504 2.4 Pr'cetieorge's 2,424 1,456 1,308 47 2,504 2.4 Pr'cetieorge's 1,461 1,525 370 8 1,432 1.7 Somerset 1,617 1,525 370 8 1,432 1.7 St. Mary's 8 13 1,262 144 8 1012 1,0 Talbot 1,888 1,365 100 8 1,843 1,2 Washington 4,589 1,907 2,606 338 4,029 4,7 Worcester 1,764 757 663 3,966 10339 1065 Plurality 5,4888 1,265 1,768 3,966 10339 1065 Plurality 5,4888 1,469 1,478	Counties.	son,		velt,	Dens,	man, Dem.	Golds- boro., Rep.	
Harford 3,064 1,737 802 14 2,783 2,4 14 2,783 2,4 14 2,783 2,4 14 2,783 2,4 1,4 1,725 1,1 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2						4,757 777	5,607 1,721	
Kent		3,064	1,737	802				
Pr'cet'eorge's 2, 424	Kent	1,816	1,021	463	18	1,726	1,604	
Somerset 1,617 1,528 370 8 1,432 1.35 1.44 8 1 012 1.0 1.432 1.2 1.44 8 1 012 1.0 1.02 1.0 1.02 1.0 8 1.843 1.84 1.84 1.84 1.0 2.606 338 4.092 4.7 4.092 4.7 4.092 4.7 4.092 4.7 2.787 2.5 4.092 4.7 4.77 2.6 3.8 1.845 1.2 7.77 2.5 4.09 4.7 2.787 2.5 4.7 2.787 2.5 4.7 2.787 2.5 4.7 1.2 4.7 1.2 4.7 1.2 1.2 4.7 1.2 4.7 1.2 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>47</td> <td>2,504</td> <td>2,434</td>					47	2,504	2,434	
St. Mary's 843 1, 282 144 8 1 012 1.0 Talbot 1,888 1,835 190 8 1,834 1,5 Washington 4,589 1,907 2,606 338 4,029 4,7 Wicomico 3,176 2,038 442 7 2,787 2,87 Worcester 1,764 757 663 3 1,845 1,2 Total 112674 54,956 57,786 3,996 10339 1063 Plurality 54,898								
Washington 4,589 1,907 2,606 338 4,029 4,7 Wicomico 3,176 2,038 442 7 2,787 2,87 Worcester 1,764 757 663 3 1,845 1,2 Total 112674 54,956 57,786 3,986 103395 1063 Plurality 54,888 2,5	St. Mary's	843	1, 262	144	- 8	1 012	1,075	
Worcester 1,764 757 663 3 1,845 1,2 Total 112674 54,956 57,786 3,996 103395 1065 Plurality 54,888	Washington	4,589	1,907	2,606	338	4,029	4,747	
Plurality 54.888 2,9								
	Total		54,956	57,786	3,996	103395		
	Plurality Per cent	54.888 48.57	23.69	25. 00	1.72	47.40	2,997 48,79	
Whole vote 231,978 215,967		13.01			_,			

For President 1912, Chafin, Pro., received 2,244 votes; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 322.

In 1908 one Taft elector received the highest vote, 116,513. Six Democratic and two Republican electors chosen. In 1911 scattering vote for Governor: Dulany, Pro., 2,397; Develin, Soc., 3,783.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

- I. Counties of Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester. Covington, Dem., 17,744; Grier, Prog., 2,303; Elderdice, Pro., 744.
- II. Baltimore City, counties of Baltimore, Carroll, and Harford. Talbot, Dem., 22,087; Sparks, Rep., 12,782; Bormau, Pro., 649; Hutman, Soc., 435.
- Konig, Dem., 15,189; Sproes-III. Baltimore City. Konig, Dem., 15,189; Sproesser, Rep., 11,078; Fenley, Pro., 558; Kraut, Soc., 967.
- IV. Baltimore City. Linthicum, Dem., 19,075; Murbach, Rep., 11,257; Day, Pro., 421; Develin, Linthicum, Dem., 19,075; Soc., 595.
- V. Counties of Howard, Charles, Anne Arundel, Prince George's, St. Mary's, Calvert, and the 21st, 23d and 24th wards of Baltimore City. Smith, Dem., 13,085; Parran, Rep., 12,168; Todd, Pro., 366; Jackson, Soc., 1,113.
- VI. Counties of Allegany, Frederick, Garrett, Montgomery, and Washington, Lewis, Montgomery, and Washington. Lewis, Dem., 20,434; Wagaman, Rep., 14,147; Pur-dum, Pro., 601; Young, Soc., 1,326.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Phillips L. Goldsborough, Rep.; Secretary of State, R. P. Graham, Rep.; Treasurer, Murray Vandiver, Dem.; Adjutant-General, C. C. Macklin, Rep.; Attorney-General, Edgar Allan Poe. Dem.; Superintendent of Education, M. B. Stophens, Lew Poe. Dem.; Su Stephens, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Court of Appeals: Chief Judge, Andrew H. Boyd; Associate Judges, N. Chas. Burke, William H. Thomas, John R. Pattison, Hammond Umer, John P. Briscoe, Henry Stockbridge, and Albert Constable; Clerk, Caleb C. Magruder—all Democrats except Stockbridge and Urner, Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

STATE LEG	JISLAT U	RE, 1913.		
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot	
Democrats		60 41	79 49	
Democratic majority	. 11	19	30	

MARYLAND-Continued.

	Dem.	Ren.	Gr.	Pro.	Plu.	
1876. Presiden	t. 91,780	71,981			*19,799	D
1880. Presiden	t. 93,706	78,515	818		15,191	D
1884. Presiden	t. 96,866	82,748	578	2,827	11,118	D
1888. Presiden	t.106,168	99,986		4,767	6.182	D
			Pop.			
1892. Presiden	t.113.866	92,736	796	5.877	21,130	D
1895. Governo:	r.106,169	124,936	989	7,719	18,767	R
			N. D.			
1896. Presiden	t.104,735	136,959	2,507	5,918	32,224	R
1899. Governo	r. 125,409	116.286	******	5.275	12.114	D
			S. D.	. ,		
1903. Governo	r. 108.548	95,923	1.302	2.913	12,625	D
1904. Presiden	t. 109,446	109,497	2,247	3.034	51	R
1907. Governo:	r. 102.051	94,300	Soc.	3,776	7,751	D
1908. Presiden			2,323	3,302		

Majority.

MASSACHUSETTS.

	PRESIDENT, 1912.			GOVERNOR, 1912.		
COUNTIES. (14.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Foss, Dem.	Walk- er, Rep.	Bird, Prog.
Barnstable	1,322					
Berkshire	6,211		3,809			
Bristol					12,617	9,193
Dukes	215					196
Essex	20,691	21.441		23,660		
Frankiin	2,046	2,636		1,905		
	10,620	11,393			11.318	
Hampshire	3,088	4,512		3,050		
Middlesex	36,689	30,511	33,517	30,931	29,850	29,787
Nantucket	247					
Norfolk	9,244	9.650		9,184		10,520
Plymouth		5,590		7,721		
Suffolk	46,059	24, 179	24,977	52, 468	19.757	21,792
Worcester	17, 565	24,719	15,013	21,839	21,040	12,948
					143597	122602
Plurality	17,460			49,587		
Per cent	35.53	31.95	29.14			
Whole vote.		488,056			459,383	
				1	•	

For President, 1912, Debs, Soc., received 12,616 votes; Chaîn, Pro., 2,754; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 1,102 For Governor, 1912, Savyer, Soc., received 11,435 votes; Rand, Pro., 2,702; Mulligan, Soc. Lab., 3,212. For Governor, 1911, McGoff, Soc. Lab., received 1,492 votes.

1,492 votes.
For Governor, 1907, Whitney received 13,547
votes on Dem. Citizeus, Independent Citizens and
no designation tickets; Hisgen, Independence
League, 75,489; Prohibition Party, 3,810; Brown,
Soc., 7,621; Brennan, Soc. Lab., 2,999.
For President in 1908, Hosgen, Ind., received
19,239 votes; Gillhaus, Soc. Lab., 1,018.
For President in 1904, Corrigan, Soc. Lab., received 2,359 votes; Watson, Pop., 1,294.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. Counties of Berkshire, Franklin (part), Hamp-

I. Counties of Berkshire, Franklin (part), Hampden (part), Hampshire (part), MorrIssey, Dem., 12,075; Treadway, Rep., 12,920; Blagden, Prog., 3,889; Bucklands, Soc., 13,98.
II. Counties of Franklin (part), Hampden (part), Hampshire (part), Worcester (part). Mo-Kechnie, Dem., 10,940; Gillett, Rep., 12,301; Hissen, Prog., 5,442.
III. County of Worcester (part). O'Connell, Dem., 9,742; Wilder, Rep., 12,345; Marshall, Prog., 5,287; Stoddard, Soc., 883.
IV. Counties of Worcester (part) and Middlesex

5,287; Stoddard, Soc., 883.

IV. Counties of Worcester (part) and Middlesex (part). Thayer, Dem., 11,216; Winslow, Rep., 18,156; Potter, Prog., 3,626; Abbott Soc., 535.

V. Counties of Essex (part) and Middlesex (part). O'Sullivan, Dem., 11,037; Rogers, Rep., 12, 237; Osgood, Prog., 4,200; Carroll, Soc., 593.

VI. County of Essex, (part). Schofield, Dem., 9,704; Gardner, Rep., 16,918; Nason, Prog., 7,326.

MASSACHUSETTS-Continued.

VII. Countles of Essex (part), Middlesex (part), vii. commess of rssex (part), Madness (part). Phelin, Dem., 12,964; Bennett, Jr., Rep., 2,952; Ranger, Prog., 5,086; McNally, Soc., 1,262. ViII. County of Middlessex (part). Destrick, Dem., 12,484; Dallinger, Rep., 11,208; Long, Prog., 6,865; Reammont, Soc., 445. IX. County of Suffolk (part). Rowland, Dem., 8,799; Polyerts Rep. 14,091; Harburt Prog.

IX. Connty of Suffolk (part). Rowland, Dem., 8,732; Roberts, Rep., 14,021; Herbert, Prog., 7,364; Putney, Soc., 954.
X. Counties of Suffolk (part), Norfolk (part), Murray, Dem., 12,031; Jenkins, Rep., 2,418; Callahan, Prog., 3,711; Carpenter, Soc., 634.
XI. Country of Suffolk (part). Peters, Dem., 17,875; Cook, Rep., 8,786; Claus, Soc., 1,253.
XII. Counties of Bristol (part), Norfolk (part). Carley, Dem., 14,875; Robinson, Rep., 5,812; J. B. Connolly, Prog., 9,001; T. C. Connolly, Soc., 789.

Soc., 789. XIII. Counties of Dukes, Nantucket,

XIII. Counties of Dukes, Nantucket, Bristol (part), and Plymouth (part), Mitchell, Denn., 13,583; Weeks, Rep., 15,334; Fiel, Prog., 5,855; XIV. Counties of Barnstable, Plymouth (part), and Bristol (part), Gilmore, Denn., 11,395; Harris, Rep., 9,968; Kincaide, Prog., 11,341; McCarty, Soc., 2,005.

XV. Coughin, Dem., 8,975; Greene, Rep., 11,207; Weeks, Prog., 4,172; Wright, Soc., 482.

XVI. Thacher, Dem., 10,461; Bullock, Dem., 8,186; Thompson, Prog., 6,549; Palme, Soc., 826.

At the special election held Mar. 22, 1910, to fill vacancy in the 14th district: Eugene R. Foss, Dem., 15,084 votes; William R. Buchanan, Rep., 9,470; John McCarty, Soc., 734.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Eugene N. Foss, Dem.; Lieutenant-Governor, D. J. Walsh, Dem.; Secretary of State, F. J. Donahue, Dem.; Treasurer, Elmer A. Stevens; Anditor, John E. White; Adjutant-General, G. W. Pearson; Attorney-General, James M. Swift; Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, J. Lewis Ellsworth; Commissioner of Insurance, Frank H. Hardison; Commissioner of Education, David Snedden—all Republicans except Foss, Donahue and Walsh Donahue and Walsh.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Judicial Court for the Commonwealth; Chief Justice, Arthur Prentice Rugg; Justices, James M. Morton, John W. Hammond, Henry Newton Sheldon, William C. Loring, Henry K. Braley, and Charles Ambrose Le Courcy; Clerk of the Court, C. H. Cooper-all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913,

	Senate.	House,	Joint Ballot
Republicans	27	137	164
Democrats		94	107
Progressives	0	8	8
socialists	. 0	1	1
y (-	
Republican majorit	y. 14	34	49

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1892.

	Dem, Rep,	Pop.	Pro.	Plu.
1892.	President, 176,813 202,814	3,210	7,539	26,001 R
	Governor 123,930 189,307	9,037	9,965	65,377 R
1895.	Governor., 121,599 186,280	7,786	9,170	64,681 R
	DemPop. Rep.	$N. D_{\bullet}$	Pro.	
1896.	Governor., 103,662 258,204	14,164	4,472	154,542 R
1896.	President., 105,711 278,976	11,749	2,998	173,265 R
1897.	Governor., 79,552 165,095	13,879	4,948	85,543 R
		Soc.		•
1899.	Governor., 103,802 168,902		7.402	65.100 R
	President, 156,997 238,866	2,599	6.190	71,869 R
1901.	Governor, 114,362 185,809	8.898	4.780	71,447 R
1902.	Governor, 159 156 196 276	39 708	3 538	37,120 R

^{1902.} Governor. 159,156 196,276 39,708 3,538 37,120 R 1903. Governor. 163,700 199,684 25,251 3.278 35,984 R 1904. President. 165,746 237,822 13,604 4,279 92,076 R 1905. Governor. 174,911 197,469 12 874 3,286 22 558 R 1907. Governor. *70,842 188,068 7,621 3,810 103,689 R 1908. President. 155,542 265,966 10,781 4,379 110,433 R 1909. Governor. 182,252 190,185 10,137 5,437 7,934 R 1911. Governor. 214,897 206,795 13,355 3,461 8,102 D 8,102 D *Total Democratic vote, including Independent Citizens', etc., 84,379,

MICHICAN

MICHIGAN.									
PRESIDENT 1912,					GOVERNOE, 1912,				
Counties. (83.)					-				
(00.)	Wil- son,	Taft,	Roose-	Ferris,	Mus-	Wat			
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog			
Alcona	145	212	465	223	284	39			
Alger	264	294	471	343	290	39			
Allegan	1,935	2,130 710	3,119	2,356	2,598	2,30			
Antrim	455	601	1, 234	1,377 748	736	1,12			
Arenac	453	423	959	662	4-0.4				
Baraga	281	297 1.590	511		328 1.798	45			
Barry	1 9 9×9	2,614	1,889 4,760	2,187 3,506	2,834	1,31 3,99			
Benzie	331		049	536	594	45			
	1 4, 254	2,757 1,879	4,353	4.518	3, 315	3,52			
Branch	2,185 3,793	1,879	1,839 4,472	2,653	1.865	1, 41 3, 74			
Calhoun	2.081		1,442	4,409 2,208	3,581 1,596	1,00			
Cass Charlevoix	568	1,472 1,300	1,203	1.114	1,796 1,349	76			
		900	1,178	1,305	904	86			
Chippewa Clare Clinton Crawford Delta	883 437	890 561	1,605 663	1,285 573	851 589	1,24			
Clinton	1,729	1.737	1,826	2,309	1.796	1.00			
Crawford	187	1,737 261	250	258	216	13			
Delta	1,061 361	1,114	1.922	1,254	1,177	1,71 $1,16$			
Dickinson Eaton	2,481	1.584 2,335	1,338 2,234	436 3, 253	1,449 2,452	1, 16			
Emmet	1 925	835	1,104	1.294	970	06			
	3,016	3,447	1,104 5,948	1,294 4,440	3,551	4,42			
Gladwin	336	639 825	563	407	667	44			
Gogebic Gr'd Traverse.	572 943	910	1,368 1,697	698 1,344	851	1, 21 1, 10			
Crotict	1 1 926	1 810	2,135	1 9 367	1, 153 2, 130	1.28			
Hillsdale Houghton	2,238 2,385	1,443 3,575	3,071	2.606	1,600	2,55			
Houghton	2,385 1,238	3,575 1,821	5,472 3,188	2,010	4,458	4.24			
Huron Ingham	3, 927	3,519	4,810	1,817 5,221	2,099	2, 30 3, 78			
10nia	2,766	2,045	2,599	3,565	3,328 2,740	1.13			
losco	420	519	814	617	521	61			
Iron Isabella	221 1,403	1,037 1,424	883 1,777	315 2,002	1,113	1,11			
Jackson	4,290	2, 465	5,841	4,892	1,489 2,377	5, 32			
Kalamazoo	3,685	2,659	4.177	4.240	2, 377 3, 251	3,07			
Kalkaska	298 9,437	2 500	479	510	439	30			
Kent Keweenaw	60	6,538 497	13,617 505	11,794 81	10, 357 544	7,40 43			
Lake Lapeer	1 189	230	480	257	290	34			
Lapeer	1,208 349	1,735	2,322	1,662	2,086	1,55			
Leelanau Lenawee	4.247	624 2, 299	687 3, 512	4,554	675 3, 268	50			
Livingston	1,963	1,407	1,457	2,326 179	1.536	98			
Luce	102	234	271	179	274 600	15			
Mackinac Macomb Manistee	733 2,838	612 2,519	396 1.808	869	600	27			
Macomo Manistee	1,804	1,237	1.316	3,290 $2,176$	2,730 1,341	1,15			
	1.000	2,617	3,625 1,737	1.281	2,666	3,28			
Mason	1,072	843	1.737	1,391	1,143	1, 15			
Mecosta Menominee	971 1,199	1,054 1,192	1 654 1 825	1,803 1,440	$\frac{1.102}{1.207}$	1,56			
Midland	671	906	1,443	783	GH 7	1.29			
Missaukee	346	672	903	568	777	60			
Monroe	2,933	2, 251	1.890	3, 239 2, 151	2, 427	1, 46			
Montealm M'ntm'r'ncy.	1,381 163	1,876 325	2,853 239	203	2,393 360	1,59 16			
Muskegon	1,679	1,526	4, 331	-2.022	1.854	3 64			
Valvavoo	778	961	1.861	1 · 241 4 · 707	1.1×5	1,23 2,17			
Oakland	3,676 804	4, 087 856	3.317 1,847	1,225	4,161	2, 17			
Oceana Ogemaw	317	539	731	430	1,098	1,21			
Untonagon	509	7-21	731 513	392	779	4:2			
Osceola	612 68	1,328	1,417 159	1,132	1,432	80			
Oscoda Otsego		449	381	74 415	131 369	13 25			
Ottawa	2,043	1.831	4,416	2,620	2,731	2, 99			
Ottawa. Presque Isle	263	732	899	458	820	61			
Roscommon	150	136	$\frac{275}{5,679}$	251	143	. 17			
Saginaw Sanilae	5,850 1,172	5,040 2,170	3, 207	6,691 1,905	5,613 2,734	4,30			
Schoolcraft	341	596	3, <u>22</u> 7 575	423.	659	43			
the kineses were a	1 959	2,314	2,908	2,540	2,324	2,34			
Smawassee	4, 101	4,013				-,			
Shlawassee St. Clair St. Joseph	3,011 2,396	2,974 1,224	4,42a 2,399	3.762	2,966 1,388	3,81 1,93			

PRESIDENT, GOVERNOR, 1912. COUNTIES. Wil-Mus- | Wat-Taft, Ferris son, velt, Rep. Dem. Prog. Dem. Rep. Prog Tuscola..... Van Buren.... Washtenaw .. Wayne..... Wexford 820 1,076 1,716 1,352 1,057 1,116 \dots 150751 152244 214584 194017 169963 155372 Plurality..... 27. 37 27. 64 38. 96 35. 36 30. 80 28. 32 Per ceut.... 548,561 Whole vote. 550, 776

For President in 1912. Debs., Soc., received 23,211 votes: Chafin, Pro., 8 934; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 1,252. For Governorin 1912, Hoogerbyde, Soc., received 1,398 votes; Leland, Pro., 7,811. For Governor, 1996, Richter, Soc. Lab., received

1,153 votes.

For President in 1904 Watson, Pop., received 1,159; Corrigan, Soc. Lab., 1,012 votes. For President in 1908, Gillhaus. Soc. Lab., re-

ceived 1,096 votes; Hisgen, Ind., 742.

Congressman-at-Large: Frensdorf, Dem., 152,188; Kelley, Rep., 185,657; Corbett, Pro., 8,624; Martin, Soc., 19,789; Hill, Prog., 174,451. Kelley's plurality, 11.206.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Districts.
I. County of Wayne (part). Doremus, Dem., 22,573; Beechler, Rep., 16,687; Pound, Prog., 16,801; Martin, Soc., 2,418; Titus, Soc., Labor, 266. Doremus's plurality, 5,886.
II. Counties of Lenawe, Monroe, Jackson, W. Watshamar and Wayne (part). Resks.

16,801; Martin, Soc., 2,418; Titus, Soc. Labor, 266. Doremus's plurality, 5,865.

II Counties of Lenawee, Monroe, Jackson, Washtenaw and Wayne (part). Beaks, Dem., 16,761; Wedemeyer, Rep., 16,651; Foster, Soc., 814; Probert, Prog., 13,660. Beaks's plurality, 111.

III. Counties of Branch, Hillsdale, Kalamazoo, Calhoun and Eaton. Carney, Dem., 14,482; Smith, Rep., 14,609; Rogers, Soc., 2,746; Dingley, Prog., 12,907. Smith's plurality, 127.

IV. Counties of St. Joseph, Cass, Berrien, Van Buren, Allegan and Barry. Beebe, Dem., 14,382; Hamilton, Rep., 14,788; Gifford, Soc., 1,404; Valentine, Prog., 12,712. Hamilton's plurality, 408.

V. Counties of Ottawa. Kent, and Ionia, Sweet, Dem., 16,481; Mapes, Rep., 16,749; Cheney, Pro., 669; Kosten, Soc., 2,203; Sheldon, Prog., 11,747. Mapes splurality, 601.

VI. Counties of Otakland, Genesee, Livingston, Ingham and Wayne (part). Cummins, Dem., 18, 412; Smith, Rep., 21,686; Kellogg, Prog., 18, 157. Smith's plurality, 3,274.

VII. Counties of Macomb, Lapeer, St. Clair, Sanllac, Huron and Wayne (part). Eql., Dem., 11,988; Crampton, Rep., 15,089; Ackerman, Prog., 12,588. Crampton's plurality, 2,501.

VIII. Counties of Clinton, Saginaw, Shiawassee and Tuscola. Purcell, Dem., 11,527; Fordney, Rep., 13,215; Woolman, Pro., 568; Seiferlein, Soc., 1,568; Chandler, Prog., 11,593. Fordney's Rep., 13,215; Woolman, Pro., 568; Seiferlein, Soc., 1,568; Chandler, Prog., 11,593. Fordney's IX. Counties of Muskegon, Oceana, Newayso,

plurality, 1,622.

IX. Counties of Muskegon, Oceana, Newaygo,
Mason, Lake, Manistee, Wexford, Benzie,
and Leelanaw, O'Connor, Dem., 8,620,

and Leelanaw. O'Connor, Dem., 8,620, McLaughlin, Rep.,11,966: Sears, Prog.,10,619.

McLaughlin's plurality, 1,347.

Counties of Bay, Midland, Gladwin, Arenac, Ogemaw, Iasco, Alcona, Oscoda, Crawford, Montmorency, Alpena, Presque 1sle, Otsego, Cheboygan, and Emmet. Coumans, Dem., 10,129; Loud, Rep., 12,141; Gaffney, Soc., 1541; Woodruff, Prog., 12,882, Woodruff's plurality, 741. plurality, 741

MICHIGAN-Continued.

- XI, Counties of Moutcalm, Gratiot, Isabella, Mecosta, Osceola, Roscommon, Missaukee, Kalkaska, Grand Traverse, Antrim and Charlevoix, McCall, Dem., 9,381; Lindquist, Rep., 19,303; Chatterton, Pro., 46; McLean, Soc., 1,443; Patchin, Prog., 9,231. Lindquist's plurality, 9,942.
- XII. Counties of Delta, Schoolcraft, Chippewa, Mackinac, Ontonagon, Marquette, Menomi-nee, Dickinson, Baraga, Houghton, Kewee-naw, Alger, Luce, Iron, and Gogebic, Power, Dem., 10,322 Young, Rep., 18,199. McDonald, Prog., 18,433.

RESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, W. N. Ferris, Dem., Lieutenant-Governor, John Q. Ross; Secretary of State, Fred'kC, Martindale; Treasurer, John C. Haarer; Auditor, Oramell B. Fuller; Attoruey-General, Grant Fellows; Adjutant-General, R. C. Vandercook; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Luther L. Wright; Commissioner of Insurance, Calvin A. Palmer; Commissioner of State Land Office, A. C. Carton-all Republicaus, except Ferris and Vandercook.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Joseph H. Sterer; Justices, John E. Bird; Joseph B. Moore; Aaron V. McAlvay; Chas. A. Blair; Flavius L. Brooke; John W. Stone; Russell C. Ostrander; F. C. Kuhn; Clerk, Charles C. Hopkins—all Republicans

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans	21	54	75
Democrats	5	35	40
Progress	6	11	17
			-
Republican majority	10	8	18

VOTE OF THE STATE STAGE 1979

VOTE OF TH	IE STAT	E SINC	E 1872	
Dem.	Ren.	Gr.	Pro.	Pln.
1872. Pres 78,350	138,458			*60.108 R
1876. Pres141,595	166,901	9,060		*25,306 R
1880. Pres131,300	185,190	34,795		53.890 R
DemGr.	+ 8	str Gr.		
1884. Gov186,887	190,840	414	22,207	3,953 R
1884. Pres 189,361	192,669	753	18,403	3,308 R
1886, Gov 174,042	181,474		25,179	
Dem.	,	U, L ,		.,
1888, Pres 213,469	236,387	4.555	20 945	22,923 R
,	,	,	•	22,020 10
1890. Gov 183,725	172,205	Indus, 13,198		11 POO TO
1891. Sup. Ct. 148,271	153,211	9,121	28,651	11,520 D 4.940 R
1051. Sup. Ct. 140,271	100,211	•	14,144	4,940 K
		Pop_*		
1892. Pres202,296	222,708	19,892	14,069	
1893, Sup. Ct. 148,712	164,754	14,469	14,526	16,039 R
1894. Gov 136.823	237,215	30.012		106,392 R
1895. Sup. Ct. 108,807	189,294	25,943	18,116	80,487 R
DemPop		N. D .		
1896. Gov221,022	304,431	9,738	5,499	
1896. Pres236,714	293,582	6,879	5,025	56,868 R
		Pop.		
1898. Gov168,142	243,239	1,656	7,006	75,097 R
1899, Sup. Ct165,482	216,828	4,856	8,789	51,346 R
· ·		Soc. D.		
1900. Gov226,228	305,612	2,709	11,834	79,384 R
1900. Pres 211,685	316,269	2,826		104.584 R
1902. Gov 174,077	211,261	4.271	11.326	
1903. Sup.Ct. 127,582	215,825	6,402	14,611	88,243 R
1904. Gov134,151	361,866	8,941		227,715 R
1906. Gov129,963	227,557	5,926	9,140	97,594 R
1908. Gov252,611	262,141	Soc.	16,092	9,530 R
1908, Pres 175,771	335,580	11,586		159 809 R
1910. Gov159,670	202,863		9,989	43,193 R

[.] Majority. † Fusion.

MINNESOTA -Continued.

MINNESOTA.

1.679	MIN	ME2	UIA			1	211.	O'M D'O'	JIA-	-Conti	necess.		
	Pr	1912.	т,	G	1912.	R,			ESIDEN 1912.	T,	Ge	1912.	R,
COUNTIES.						- 6:1	COUNTIES.	Wil-		Roose-	Ring-	Eber-	Col-
(86.)	Wil-	Tatt,	Roose-	Ring-	Eber-	Col-		son,	Taft,	velt,	dal,	hart,	lins,
	Dem.	Rep.	velt, Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.
	413	362	842	508	634	235	Washington	1,289	581		1,109	1,989	573
Aitkin	591	562	729	455	1,022	189	Watonwan	618	254	1,139	623	865	
Anoka	732	509	1,350	639	1, 228	362	Wilkin	586	209		449	536 2,236	183
Becker Beltraml	790	490	794	644	1,001	198	Winona Wright	3,004 1,333	1,042	1 917	1 219	1 737	445 555
Benton	562	468	728	646	690 588	244 183	Yellow Med	737	852	1,917 1,203	669	764	393
Rig Stone	2,025	1,344	591 1,579	522 2,059		430							
Blue Earth	1,359	472	943		1,162 734	172	Total	106426	64, 334	125856	99,659	129688	33,455
Brown		283	1,115	641		312	Plurality	21 81	10 95	19,450	21 97	30, 029	10.50
Carver	1,008	742	933	932	1,446	180	Per cent Whole vote.	01.04	334. 21	9 31.02	31.27	318.44	7
Cass	565 870	431 412	693 1,133	404 809	829 827	184 231	77 doi:0 10tc.				}	020, 22	
Chinnewa	435	346	1,649	429		522	For Preside	ut 1912	. Deb	s. Soc	rec	eived	27,505
Chisago	942	549	1,300		1,336	318	For Presider votes; Chafin, For Govern received 25,769	Pro,	,886;	Reime	er, Soc	. Lab.	, 2,212.
Clearwater	123	125	566	169	375	107	For Govern	or 191	$_{2}$ Mo	rgan,	Pub.	Owne	ership,
Cook	65	30	172	66		35	For Governo	votes	; Lobe	eck, Pi	ro., 29,	,876.	rchin
Cottonwood	511 709	325 691	1,032 1,079	471 653			received 11,173	votes.	310 154	irrere,	1 00.	Owne	тоштр,
Crow Wing	3 000	609	1.608			453	VOTE FOR RE	PRESE	NTAT	IVES I	N CON	GRES	s,1912.
Dakota Dodge	543	470	897	464	926	285	Districts						
Douglas	793	435	1,379	476	909	271	I. Counties of	Dodge.	, Fillin	nore, F	reebo	rn, Ho	juston,
Douglas Faribault	919	393	1,724 1,888	817 827		370 447	Mower, C	Jiniste inona	Ro	binsor	waoas D	em	10.786
Fillmore	220	1,169 672	1,902	992	1, 553	416	Anderso	n. Rep	24.6	81.	.,	,	20,100,
Freeborn	1.405	1,051	2,844 952	1,678	2,179	758	Mower, (and W Anderso	of Blue	Earl	h, Br	own, (Çottor	wood,
Grant	381	146	952	284									
Grant Hennepin	15,530	14,379	11,489	12,428	19,569	4,887 300	Pipeston mond, L Hollister	e, Koc	ск, а 1718-	Hu W	atony	Ren	13 093
Houston	102	000	1,400	1 111	1 1 7 7 7 7 7		Hollister	r. Pub	Ü., I	.479.	Hamr	nond'	s plu-
Hubbard		314	10,025				rality 1	625					
Isanti Itasca	699	440	1 880	n = 727	1 886	237	III. Counties	of C	arver	, Dak	ota, (Roodh	ne, Le
Jackson	913	468	1, 234	.898	1,072	296	Sueur, F	MCT600	Ron	conet, 18 526	Glots	, accor	Dem
Kanabec	1 410					111 275	9.763 : Ma	arzahn	. Pro	1919.	0.100	30002	20 min
Kandiyohi Kittson			7,770	423		219	IV. Counties	of Chi	isago,	Rams	ey, a	nd Wa	shing-
Koochiching.	638	239			624	101	ton, St	evens,	Rep.	, 15,4	79; Ite	gan,	Dem.,
Lac Qui Parle	1 608	343	1,40	660		384 64	III. Counties Sueur, A Sibley, I 9,763; Ma IV. Counties ton. St 11,333; I Pro., 9,22 V. County of	козепа	uist, I	cub. C	., 0,0.	.,	aioeit,
Lake	198 1, 488		95		1,307	301	V. County of G. R. S Ownersh VI. Counties	Henr	iepin.	Dw	yer,	Dem.	6,987;
Le Sueur Lincoln	40		664	47	628	3 199	G. R. S	mith,	Rep.	, 17,86	1; La	timei	, Pub.
Lyon	1,068	460		7 1.03	3 940	299	Ownersh	iip, 6,9	29; 50	enall,	Prog.,	8,5/4.	onglas
McLeod	1,226	65	89		1,101	l 195 l 37	With Counties	Med 10	eker	Mori	rison.	Sher	burne.
Mahnomen	293		1,72	74	1,00		Stearns,	Todd.	Wade	ena, ai	id Wr	ight.	Linde-
Marshall	1 4 4 4	57	1.34	11.32	1 1 169	2 327	bergh, I	lep., 2	1,286:	Gilki	ison,	Dem.	, 9,920;
Meeker	1,099	56	1,45	8 99	5 1,413	3 449	Uhl, Pro	., 2,839		tone	China	nows	Grant
Mille Lacs	. 44	39 1 69				7 143 0 286	Wandive	sorr	ic Oni	Parl	e. Lii	colu.	Lyon,
Morrison	1,34	1,32	1 1 37	1 1,00	9 2.04	6 360	Pope, R	edwoo	d, R	enville	e, Ste	vens,	Swift,
Mower	1,22	38	8 95		5 96	6 201	Travers	e, and	Yell	ow M	edicii	ie. V	olstad,
Murray Nicollet	. 92	9 52	5 82		4 1,02	7 167	Rep. , 25	,053. J	NO OL	poner	lt. kra Cs	arlton	Cook.
Nobles	. 1 35			2 94 3 48	2 77	3 33° 8 16	I vill. Coulti	tasca.	Kana	bec. I	Cooch	ichins	, Lake.
Norman	1,54		0 1,46	7 1,40	1.60	10 43	Mille L	acs, P	ine, a	ind St	_Lou	is. Jei	iswold,
Olmsted Otter Tail	11.73	9 75	5 3,16	8 1,84	5 2,18	3 76:	Jr., Det	m., 12,	494; N	Liller,	Rep.,	20,52	s; Kap-
Pannington.	.1 42	3 24	41 78	41 42	7 64	8 11	lan, Pul	5. U., 7	,698. pokar	Belt	rami	Clav	. Clear-
Pine Pipestone Polk	77	7 51		1 8t	6.5	9 31	Owners VI. Counties Hubbarc Stearns, bergh, F VII. Counties Rep., 25 VIII. Counties Travers Rep., 25 VIII. Counties Wille L Jr., Deel Ian, Pul IX. Counties water, man, Lake, I 5 O., I.l.s	Kittso	n, Ma	hnom	en, M	arsha	il, Nor-
Pipestone	1,66	5 30 2 73		25 1,6	1,76	32 40	man,	itter '	rail,	Penni	ngton	, Pol	k, Red
Pone	1,00	131 35	9 1 2	331 23	4()) 22	<i>7</i> 01 20	3 Lake, I	Roseau	, and	Wilk	m. Br	attian	ia, Pub.
Pope Ramsey	. 12,43	31 4,10	19 12,43	26 11,0	12 14,59 23 30	3,24	0. , 11,19	FOR C	eners:	эн, ке essмэ	11., 22, N - A T~	LARGI	E.
Red Lake	1 35	41 2			23 34	02 6 76 35	Buell, Den Calderwood	n. 69.	652:	Manah	an,	Rep.	154,308;
Redwood] 13		12 1,2	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 12 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$	K(11 1 7	18 38	4 Calderwood	Pro., 25	,863;	Ingal	ls, Pu	b, Ôwi	nership,
Renville	1,6		03 1, 7 20 1, 7	h5 1,4	96 1, 96 70 7	00 47	4 30,042.				******	703-700	
Rock	4	DO	63 7	ວ′≀ 4.	70	68 15	OCOTOR	ESENT	stat.	E GOV. Ebe	rhart:	: Lier	tenant-
Rock Roseau	2	99 2			11 6 7	$\begin{array}{c c} 65 & 15 \\ 06 & 2,11 \end{array}$	Governor, J.	A. B	urnai	iist : E	ecreta	ary o	f State,
St. Louis	5,1	24 3,8	$\begin{bmatrix} 81 & 8, 4 \\ 62 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 80 & 6.7 \\ 96 & 1.0 \end{array}$	49 8	37 2,11	Governor, J. Governor, J. Julius A. S. Treasurer,	Schma	hl;	Andito	r, S.	G. 1	verson
Sherhurne	3	60 3	35 6	76 3	34 h	62 OI	4 Treasurer,	Walter	J. S	mith;	Atto	rney-(reneral.
Sibley	8	90 3	83 1,1		93 1,1	37 29	8 L. A. Smith	; Aaju	nam-	icatio	a, rr n. C	(4. E	Schultz
Sherburne Sibley Stearns Steele Stevens	3.3	17 1,1	341.1.6	$82 \mid 3, 1$	93 1,1 37 1,7 64 1,1	59 60	14 Treasurer, 128 L. A. Smith Superintend Commissioner of Manual Property 1988 (1988)	er of I	nsur	ince.	J. A.	Preus	; ('om-
Steele	1,2	34 6	51 1,1	05 1,8 28 1	32 1,6	01 1	missioner o	f Agr	icultu	re, J	. F.	Maxf	ield—al
			42 1.0	33 8	sh/I	2011 2	to Republicans	3.					
Todd	1,0	68 1,	38 1,6	098 1,6	53 1,4	50 3	21			CIARY		vin L	Brown
Traverse		DIT .	131 (8	111	41 4	283 1	51 Rep Asso	ciate :	lustic	es. A	ndrew	Hol	t, Rep.
Wabasha	1,4		197 - 1,0 278	$\begin{array}{c c} 068 & 1,4 \\ 515 & 3 \end{array}$	82 1,2 303	519 1	36 C. L. Brun	n, Der	n.; P	E. I	3rown	Rer	o.; Osca
Wadena Waseca	1.5	062			922 1,	110 2	Supreme C Rep.; Associated C. L. Brun: Hallam, Re	p., Cle	rk, I.	A. Ca	swell,	кер.	
** ascou. ****													

MINIMPROT	A Continued

MIL	INEGU)1A-(.0111111110	eu.		
Republicans		. 42	Hous 90	e. Joi	nt Ball 132	nt.
Democrats		. 20	26		46	
Republican m	ajority	22	64		86	
VOTE C						
		Rep.			Plu.	
1884. Pres	70,065		3,583 U. Lab		41,620	R
1888. Pres	104,385				38,106	R
1892. Pres	100,920	122,823		14.182	12,367	R
1896. Pres	139,735 Fus.	193,503		4,348		
1898. Gov		111,796	1,766	5,299	20.184	F
1900, Gov					0 051	
1900. Pres	112,901	190,461	Soc.	8,555		
1902. Gov	99.375	155,861		5.725	56,486	\mathbf{R}
1004 Pros		216 651			161 464	

MISSISSIPPI.

5,006

6,516

14,527

7,024 28,002

8,960

76,633 D

60,406 R

86,442 \bar{R}

1906. Gov..... 168,715 92,082

1908. Gov..... 175,036 147,034

1908. Pres..... 109,401 195,843 11,107

1910. Gov..... 103,779 164,185 6,510

			,,,,			
		Presi 19			PRESI	DENT,
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Debs.		m. e.
(79.)	son, Dem.	Rep.	velt, Prog.	Soc.	Bryan, Dem.	Taft, Rep.
Adams	491	31	232	9	712	86
Alcorn	1.010	40	43	20	761	48
Amite	666	5	13	2	1,026	16
Attala	1,060	49	38	69	1,001	98
Benton	489	18	22	12	552	34
Bolivar	324	10	14	8	642	208
Calhoun	937	17	15	86	928	- 63
Carroll	658	16	42	54	628	31
Chickasaw	856	19	49	24	764	63
Choctaw	609	24	39	7	559	48
Claiborne	399	-3	1	i	436	8
Clarke	638	17	29	59	1.089	40
Clay	628	4	24	16	686	19
Coahoma	396	16	26	2	683	58
Copiah	1,234	10	31	27	1,146	25
Covington	570	8	44	62	774	64
De Soto	546	10	19	2	739	14
Forrest	886	16	59	112	832	59
Franklin	301	4	38	. 21	311	20
George	231	5	14	41	311	20
Greene	268	13	21	9	332	43
Grenada	469	3	21	2	523	12
Hancock	365	28	56	3	269	57
Harrison	1,292	45	181	78	1,199	178
Hinds	2,065	40	88	30	1,749	68
Holmes	936	5	20	21	987	31
Issaquena	99	3	8	-i	85	ii
Itawamba	914	24	67	18	854	67
Jackson	514	14	64	21	648	118
Jasper	860	12	31	39	754	21
Jefferson	408	2	20	1	409	4
Jeff. Davis	542	43	51	13	406	89
Jones	1,058	34	145	195	1,181	172
Kemper	828	20	44	18	703	46
Lafayette	973	28	46	19	1,028	43
Lamar	399	16	83	7	311	-68
Lauderdale	2,204	50	92	94	2,038	72
Lawrence	332	9	24	6	397	47
Leake	910	ıi	24	102	1,005	30
Lee	1,390	39	42	15	1,232	40
Leflore	616	12	35	8	632	21
Lincoln	768	41	102	14	1,068	206
Lowndes	872	12	15	ii	877	95
Madison	663	îĩ	38	21	659	60
Marion	438	12	21	8	532	89
Marshall	779	19	48	ů	913	29
Monroe	1.377	25	24	12	1,529	50
Montgomery.	697	4	23	18	699	8
Neshoba	806	22	33	45	911	6î
Newton	1,197	6	ii	51	1,333	16
Noxubee	646	5	12	31	626	7
Oktibbeha	851	30	25	6	703	10
Panola	760					16
		. +2	. 05	11	. 2021	10

MISSISSIPPI-Continued.

		PRESI	DENT, 12.		PRESI 19	DENT, 08.
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft,	Roose- velt, Prog-	Debs, Soc.	Bryan, Dem.	Taft, Rep.
Pearl River	290	7	13	2	374	20
Perry	257	4	22	31	144	31
Pike	1,068	24	79	58	1,284	5.5
Poutotoc	1.009	47	112	13	879	
Prentiss	839	85	141	33	716	15
Quitman	195	4	15	5	199	3:
Rankin	718	- 7	15	25	757	1:
Scott	722	7	11	2	724	- 9
Sharkey	157	3	8	0	220	9
Simpson	606	19	32	25	716	61
Smith	854	12	40	11	712	32
Sunflower	462	9	23	6	522	11
Tallahatchie	695	16	28	8	681	1 79
Tate	612	23	57	13	865	58
Tippah	1,056	34	51	34	1,021	57
Tishomingo	701	65	102	36	538	112
Tunica	188	1	2	2	185	14
Union	962	23	8ĩ	12	1,089	10:
Warren	1.135	55	125	24	1,310	169
Washington	731	20	72	4	760	72
Wayne	569	15	25	46	430	58
Webster	655	32	102	55	804	191
Wilkinson	379	8	10	20	530	i
Winston	743	9	41	$\overline{29}$	729	41
Yalobusha	788	22	29	24	1,085	33
Yazoo	887	7	30	ĩô	979	14
Total	57, 164	1,511	3,627	2,017	60, 287	4,363
Plurality	53, 557				55,924	
Per cent	88.88	2. 35	5.64	3, 14	89.61	6.63
Whole vote.	54, 319	1			66.	904

For Governor in 1907, Noel. Dem., received 29,529 votes. For Governor in 1911, Bre received 40,200 votes; Rose, Soc., 3,822. For Governor in 1911, Brewer, Dem.,

For Lieutenant-Governor in 1911, Bilbo, Dem., received 32,237 votes; Lester, Soc., 8,922 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. Counties of Alcorn, Itawamba, Noxubee, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss, and Tishomingo, E. S. Candler, Jr., Dem., 7,954. No opposition.

II. Counties of Benton, De Soto, Lafayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tippah, Tate, and Union. P. D. Stephens, Dem., 5,801. No opposition.

III. Counties of Bolivar, Holmes, Coahoma, Issaquena, Leffore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower,
Tunica, and Washington. B. G. Humphreys,
Dem., 3,154. No opposition.
IV. Counties of Attala, Calhoun, Carroll, Chick-

Counties of Attala, Calhoun, Carroll, Chick-asaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Montgomery, Pontotoc, Webster, and Yalobusha, T. U. Sisson, Dem., 7,402. No opposition.
 Counties of Clarke, Jasper, Kemper, Winston, Landertale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, and Smith. S. A. Witherspoon, Dem., 3,154.

No opposition.
VI. Counties of Covington, George, Greene, Han VI. Connties of Covington, George, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Lamar, Pearl River, Forrest, Jefferson Davis, Simpson, and Wayne.
B. P. Harrison, Dem., 7, 347; Clark, Soc., 392.
VII. Counties of Adams, Amite, Claborne, Copian, Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, Pike, and Wilkinson. P. E. Quin, Dem., 4, 486.
VIII. Counties of Warren, Yazoo, Madison, Hinds, and Rankin, J. W. Collier, Dem., 4, 660. No opposition.

opposition.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Earl Brewer; Lieutenant-Governor, Theo, G. Bilbo; Secretary of State, J.W. Power; Treasurer, P. S. Stovall; Anditor, D. L. Thompson: Superintendent of Education, J. N. Powers; Attorney-General, Ross A. Collins; Adjutant-General, Arthur Fridge; Land Commissioner J. H. Brown; Commissioner of Agriculture, H. E. Blakeslee; Commissioner of Insurance, T. M. Henry-sell bemoress. Henry-all Democrats.

MISSISSIPPI-Continued.

JUDICIARY. Supreme Court: Chief Justice, S. Smith; Associate Justices, S. C. Cook and R. F. Reed; Clerk, George C. Myers-all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.
The State Legislature is wholly Democratic.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1884.

Dem. Rep. 1884, President... 76,510 43,509 1885, Governor... 88,783 1,081 Gr. Pop. Maj. 33,001 D 87,702 D Proh. 910 10,256 29,981 D ... 17,466 "22,407 D Nat, D. Piu. 1892. President. . 40,237 1,406 1895. Governor. . 46,873 ... 390 1,021 58,404 D 1896, President.., 63,253 4,849 Soc. Pop. 1,425 50,187 D

1911. Governor... 40,200 3,822 *Plurality.

1904. President ... 53,376 3,189 1908. President, .. 60,287

MISSOURI.

4,363

978 1,276 55,924 D 36,378 D

							Morgan	1,163	1,239	282	1,188	1,282	219
1							New Madrid	1,945	1,607	344	1,949	1,580	336
	P	ESIDEN	τ,	G	OVERNO	R,	Newton	2,421	1,470	1,633	2,440	1,608	
		1912.			1912.		Nodaway	3,490		1,307	3,498	2,194	
COUNTIES.							Oregon	1,688	486	333	1,718	439	313
(114.)	Wil-	Taft.	Roose-	Major,	Mc-	Nor-	Osage	1,394	981	485	1,414	1,118	326
	son,	Rep.	velt,	Dem.	Kinley	toni,	Ozark	575	695	787	596	895	55
	Dem.	rep.	Prog.	Treat.	Rep.	Prog.	Pemiscot	1,617	973	283	1,642	1,051	36
Adair	1,784	1,427	1,200	1,792	1,537	1,066	Perry	1,564	1,735	86	1,575	1,764	5
ndrew	1,750	1,634		1,754	1.713	355	Pettis	3,771	2 423	1,512	3,842	2,620	1,25
tchison	1,534	1,138	529	1,557	1,156	492	Phelps	1 565	782	379	1,604	870	266
	3,332	1,360	377	3,379	1,330	314	Pike	2,720	1,901	176	2.841	1,860	10
Andrain	2,300	1,396		2,378	1,576	885	Platte	2,535	510	375	2,539	508	37
Barry	1,791	1,010		1.806	1,057	582	Polk	1.935	1,802	754	1,952	1,840	70
Barton	3,057	1,383		3,094	1,519	1,161	Pulaski	1,268	631	267	1,285	669	20
Bates	1.209	1,142	618	1,226	1,190	562	Putnam	933	1,859	420	926		29
Benton	1,512	1,100	348	1,522	1,143	304	Ralls	1,734	591	240	1,854	628	20
Bollinger	5,027	1,350	695	5,022	1,409	663	Randolph	4.186		641	4,229	1.141	60
300ne	8.869		2,639	9,119	4,675	2,096	Ray	3.042		561	3,065		
Buchanan		$\frac{4,412}{1,851}$	408	1,934	1,890	363	Reynolds	1.030		169	1,031	394	
Butler	1,946		965	1,504	1 251	871	Ripley	1,249		353	1,273		25
aldwell	1,483	1.187	284				St. Charles	1,792		525	1,858		
allaway	3,544	1,525		3,577	1,569	212	St. Clair	1,710		727	1.776	1,101	61
'amden	667	918	246	686	976	180	St. François	2,786	2,305	344	2,803	2,348	26
'ape Gir'rd'u	2,587	2,203	899	2,604	2,392	719	St. Genevieve.	1,138	1,160	47	1.155	1.099	
carroll	2,648	1,519	1,361	2,731	1,728	1,143	St. Louis	5,409	6,177	2,854	5,403	6.641	
arter	458	256	116		267	101	St. Louis City.				60 875		
'ass	3,247	1,034	1,178	3,283	1,079	1,116	Saline	3,929	1,443	1,413	3.987	1.509	1.31
ledar	1,392	1,242	623	1,429	1,299	542	Schuyler	1.218	766	193	1,234	827	11
hariton	3,112	1,528	745	3,128	1,560	696	Scotland	1,525	860	379	1,544	892	34
hristian	793	1,203	832	829	1,258	758	Scott	1,945		303			25
'lark	1,586	1,214	484	1,606	1,258	413	Shannon	1,110		376	1,955 1,131	1,255 396	
lay	3,417	592	679	3,437	587	657	Shelby	2,450		331	2,458	892	
dinton	1,968	777	679	1,989	776	669	Stoddard	2,603	1 262	586	2,623		
'ole	2,447	2,103	252		2,236	74	Stone	506		642			56 52
'ooper	2,444	2,270	299		2,310	222	Sullivan			576	521	1,029	45
'rawford	1.037	1,045	327	1,055	1,057	283	Taney	2,226 588	852	259	2,248	1,915 894	19
)ade	1,313	1,196	776		1,258	695	Texas	2,067	1,232	553	603 2,094	1 000	46
Dallas	870	1,051	480		1,058	431	Vernon	3,483					58
Daviess	2,284	1,099			1,243	928	Warmen	431	1.654	655 499	3,514 443	1,714	43
De Kalb	1,652	1,090	499		1,235	418	Warren		1,067				
Dent	1,280	959	153		990	132	Washington Wayne	1,121	1,059	307 304	1,131	1,142	21 26
Douglas	566	855	1,092	577	1,029	884	Webster	1,432			1,444		
)unklin	2,723	987	494		1,010	458	Worth	1,649		744	1,666	1,460	65 16
Franklin	2,239	2,424	671	2,261	2,601	507	Worth	973	769	183	981	776	
asconade	51×	1,539	495	526	1 629	403	Wright	1,356	1,163	895	1,392	1,291	72
ientry	2,268	1,268	524	2,277	1,361	443	Makel	22074.	207423	104921	995/110	015015	1007.4
reene	5,089	4,350	2,184	5,199	4,711	1.788	Total	100000	207821	1242/1	110000	311911	10914
trandy	1,310	1.051	1,484		1,197	1,359	Plurality	122925 47, 34	00.75	17 00	119200	21 15	120
Iarrison	1,985	2.081	965	2,025	2,163	876	Per cent	47, 64			48, 20		10.0
Tenry	3,396	1,162	1,500	3,416	1,229	1,437	Scattering		35,624			35,226	
lickory	421	735	375	430	784	326	Whole vote.		698,562	3]	t	99,210	
Iolt	1,519	1,522	583	1,523		505	For Presider	it. 1915	2. Deb	s. Soc	rece	ived	28,46
loward	2,672	896	192	2,690	895	176	votes; Chafin, For Governo	Proh.	5.380:	Reini	er. Soc	Lab.	.1.778
Iowell	1.565	1.465		1.588	1,618	649	For Governo	r. 1919	. War	d. Soc	. rec	eived	28.14
ron	845	666	65	864	672	50	votes: Stokes,	Proh.	5.220:	Roger	rs. Soc	Lab.	.1.861
ackson						22, 174	ForGovernor	1908	Diller	i. Pon	1.058	votes.	, =, = ==
asper	6,789	4,571	3,309	6,985	4,809	2,954	For Governo						
efferson	2,368	2,127	485	2,411	2,216	372	Alldredge, Pro						_,
ohnson	3,468	1,772	1,141	3.502	1,868	1,020	For Presider				n Pon	. rec	eiver
Lnox	1,666	1,092	297	1.761	1,109	310	1,165 votes; Gill	hons s	Sec Le	h .868	Hiso	en. In	d. 409
	1.634	1,478	463		1,580	374	For Presiden						
aclede		9 467					1,674 votes: Wa				00.4 1166	بان ۽ ووب	(01100
ALLE VELLE	3,650	2,367	1,291	0,000	B1004	1,120	Tions Antes! MS	rison,	τυp.,	2 ,4400 i			

MISSOURI-Continued.

Will-		Рн	1912.	г,	G	VERNO 1912.	R,
Lawrence	COUNTIES.	Wil		Room		Ma.	. Nor
Dem. Rep. Prog. Dem. Rep. Prog. Lawrence 2,884 1,322 1,536 2,938 1,467 1,46 Lawrence 2,834 1,344 2,980 1,043 2,334 2,386 1,043 2,334 2,386 1,043 2,334 2,386 1,633 2,341 1,539 1,351 1,343 2,900 1,529 1,352 1,443 2,900 1,529 1,352 1,443 2,900 1,529 1,352 1,444 1,441 9,88 3,64 1,422 1,441 9,88 3,64 1,422 1,441 9,88 3,64 1,422 1,441 1,48 3,84 1,442 1,441 1,48 1,58 1,442 1,441 1,48 1,58 1,444 1,441 1,48 1,444 1,441 1,441 1,444				velt.	Major,	Kinley	
Lewis 2,340 1,004 334 2,386 1,033 27 Lincoln 2,236 1,258 167 2,371 1,259 1,351 Livingston 2,34 885 1,562 2,331 981 3,57 McDonald 1,326 916 442 1,341 988 364 Macon 3,610 1,286 1,820 3,651 1,249 1,79 Madison 1,126 827 171 1,141 855 13 Maries 1,096 448 1,281 1,555 470 8 Maries 1,096 448 1,281 1,555 470 8 Maries 1,096 448 1,281 1,555 1,70 Moniteau 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,332 37 Mississippi 1,288 1,050 78 1,389 1,055 76 Moniteau 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,332 37 Moniteau 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,332 37 Moniteau 1,612 1,375 2,15 1,635 1,429 140 Monroe 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 1,552 1,55		Dem.	Kep.	Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.
Lewis 2,340 1,004 334 2,386 1,033 27 Lincoln 2,236 1,258 167 2,371 1,259 1,351 Livingston 2,34 885 1,562 2,331 981 3,57 McDonald 1,326 916 442 1,341 988 364 Macon 3,610 1,286 1,820 3,651 1,249 1,79 Madison 1,126 827 171 1,141 855 13 Maries 1,096 448 1,281 1,555 470 8 Maries 1,096 448 1,281 1,555 470 8 Maries 1,096 448 1,281 1,555 1,70 Moniteau 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,332 37 Mississippi 1,288 1,050 78 1,389 1,055 76 Moniteau 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,332 37 Moniteau 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,332 37 Moniteau 1,612 1,375 2,15 1,635 1,429 140 Monroe 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 3,566 583 2,15 1,899 140 Monroen 1,552 1,55	Lawrence	2,384	1.312	1.536	2.393	1.467	
Different 1,285	Lewis	2,340	1.004	334	2,386	1.043	277
Livingston	Lincoln	2,326	1,258		2,371	1.269	134
McDonald	Livingston	2,890	1,452	1,434	2,900	1,539	1,359
Macoon 3,610 1,288 1,820 3,651 1,249 1,79 Madison 1,126 827 1,71 1,141 855 1,34 Marion 3,471 1,683 3,531 3,533 1,729 43 Mercer 780 995 996 794 1,036 95 Miller 1,257 1,240 152 1,276 1,389 1,055 74 Mississippi 1,388 1,050 78 1,389 1,055 7 Monrogomery 1,883 1,697 215 1,635 1,499 4 Morgan 1,631 1,239 282 1,181 1,282 21 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 344 1,949 1,580 88 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 337 3,498 1,41 1,849 31 Oragon 1,688 486 333 1,718 439 31 Osage 1,394 981<	McDonald	1 396		1,002	1 341	9/2	1,374
Madison 1,1266 827 171 1,141 855 13 Maries 1,066 448 128 1,156 470 83 Marion 3,471 1,683 531 3,533 1,739 43 Mercer 780 985 996 794 1,036 78 Miller 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,332 37 Moniroe 3,566 583 150 78 1,399 1,491 1,555 76 Montroa Montgan 1,612 1,375 215 1,635 1,499 1,44 1,400 1,41 1,400	Macon	3.610		1.830	3 651		
Maries 1,0866 448 128 1,155 470 8 Marion 3,471 1,683 531 3,533 1,729 43 Mercer 780 985 986 794 1,036 95 Miller 1,257 1,240 512 1,276 1,352 37 Mississippi 1,388 1 6050 78 1,389 1,055 74 Moniteau 1,612 1,375 215 1,635 1,499 14 Monroe 3,586 583 218 3,689 576 20 Monitgomery 1,833 1,697 219 1,901 1,756 14, Morroe 1,556 583 218 3,689 576 20 Morroe 1,566 583 218 3,689 576 20 Morrogan 1,163 1,239 282 1,188 1,282 21 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 344 1,949 1,580 30 Newton 2,421 1,470 1,033 2,440 1,608 89 Nodaway 3,490 2,138 1,307 3,498 2,194 1,23 Oregon 1,688 486 333 1,718 499 31 Osage 1,394 981 485 1,414 1,118 32 Ozark 656 686 787 596 886 55 Peniscot 1,617 973 283 1,642 1,611 86 Perry 1,564 1,735 86 1,575 1,764 5 Perry 1,564 1,735 86 1,575 1,764 5 Perry 1,564 1,735 86 1,575 1,764 5 Pertis 3,771 2,423 1,512 8,842 2,620 1,259 1 Platte 2,535 510 375 2,339 568 37 Platte 2,535 510 375 2,339 568 37 Puthash 1,288 683 267 1,285 689 20 Puthash 1,285 1,802 744 1,952 1,804 78 Puthash 1,285 1,802 744 1,952 1,804 78 Puthash 1,285 683 267 1,285 689 20 Puthash 1,285 683 267 1,285 689 20 Puthash 1,285 683 267 1,285 689 20 Puthash 1,285 1,802 764 1,952 1,804 78 Reynolds 1,030 367 1,89 1,303 344 20 Reynolds 1,030 367 1,89 1,304 39 1,344 8,34 1,44 1,580 18 Reynolds 1,030 367 1,89 1,141 68 Reynolds 1,030 367 1,89 1,141 68 Reynolds 1,030 367 1,89 1,34 8,99 2,34 1,580 1,144 8,50 18 St. Charles 1,792 3,350 555 1,858 2,445 40 8 St. Louis City 58,845 46,509 24,745 60 875 4,109 23,34 58 1,500 83 1,365 1,100 83 1,365 1,100 83 1,365 1,100 83 1,365 1,100 83 1,365 1,100 83 1,365 1,100 83 1,365 1,3	Madison	1,126	827	171	1 141	San	134
Mercer	Maries	1.096	448	128	1,155	470	85
Miller	Marion	3,471	1,693		o,955	1,729	431
Montreau 1,612 1,375 215 1,635 1,439 144 Montroe 3,566 583 218 3,699 576 28 Montgomery 1,883 1,697 219 1,901 1,756 144 Morgan 1,1613 1,239 229 1,180 1,525 144 Norgan 1,1613 1,239 229 1,180 1,525 144 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 344 1,949 1,580 33 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 344 1,949 1,580 33 Newton 2,421 1,470 1,033 2,440 1,668 86 Nodaway 3,490 2,139 1,307 3,498 2,194 1,23 Oregon 1,684 846 333 1,718 4,99 1,413 Oragae 1,394 981 445 1,414 1,118 32 Ozark 575 696 747 596 886 576 196 886 1,575 1,764 576 Penriscot 1,617 973 283 1,642 1,051 36 Penriscot 1,617 973 283 1,642 1,051 36 Perry 1,564 1,735 86 1,575 1,764 57 1,764 1,765 1,765 1,76	Millor	1 055	1 010	996	794	1,036	959
Montreau 1,612 1,375 215 1,635 1,439 144 Montroe 3,566 583 218 3,699 576 28 Montgomery 1,883 1,697 219 1,901 1,756 144 Morgan 1,1613 1,239 229 1,180 1,525 144 Norgan 1,1613 1,239 229 1,180 1,525 144 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 344 1,949 1,580 33 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 344 1,949 1,580 33 Newton 2,421 1,470 1,033 2,440 1,668 86 Nodaway 3,490 2,139 1,307 3,498 2,194 1,23 Oregon 1,684 846 333 1,718 4,99 1,413 Oragae 1,394 981 445 1,414 1,118 32 Ozark 575 696 747 596 886 576 196 886 1,575 1,764 576 Penriscot 1,617 973 283 1,642 1,051 36 Penriscot 1,617 973 283 1,642 1,051 36 Perry 1,564 1,735 86 1,575 1,764 57 1,764 1,765 1,765 1,76	Mississippi	1,207	1,290	013	1.375	1,352	318
Montroe	Moniteau	1.612	1.375		1.635	1 499	145
Montgomery 1.883 1.687 219 1.90 1.756 144 148 1.880 218 1.881 1.282 22 1.188 1.282 22 1.881 1.282 22 1.881 1.282 22 1.881 1.282 22 1.881 1.282 22 1.881 1.688 23 1.884 1.688 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Monroe	3,586	583	218	3.699	อิ76	262
Morgan 1,163 1,239 282 1,188 1,282 211 New Madrid 1,945 1,607 344 1,949 1,580 380 Newton 2,421 1,470 1,633 2,440 1,608 89 Nodaway 3,490 2,139 1,307 3,498 2,194 1,320 Oregon 1,628 466 333 1,718 449 31 Osage 1,344 981 445 1,414 1,118 20 Ozark 575 665 787 596 885 55 Penniscot 1,617 973 233 1,642 1,051 36 576 676 787 596 885 55 Penniscot 1,617 973 233 1,642 1,051 36 57 Perry 1,564 1,735 86 1,575 1,764 57 Perty 1,564 1,735 86 1,575 1,764 57 Pettis 3,771 2,423 1,512 8,842 2,620 1,25 Phelps 1,565 782 379 1,604 870 29 Pikke 2,720 1,901 76 2,841 1,860 1,871 2,835 568 37 Polk 1,255 1,502 3,402 1,800 37 2,335 688 37 Polk 1,255 1,502 1,801 68 37 Polk 1,255 1,255 1,801 68 37 Polk 1,255 1,255 1,801 76 1,255 1,255 1,801 76 1,255	Montgomery .	1.883	1,697	219	1.901	1.756	143
Newton	Morgan	1,163	1,239	282	-1,188	1,282	219
Nonaway 3,490 2,189 1,307 3,498 2,194 1,235 Oregon 1,688 486 323 1,718 4,49 31			1,607		1,949	1,580	336
Pettis	Newton	2,421	9.120	1,035	2,440	1,608	891
Pettis	Oregon	1 688	486	333	0,498	2,194	1,258
Pettis	Osage	1.394			1.414	1.118	
Pettis	Ozark	575			596	89á	559
Pettis	Pemiscot	1,617	973		1.642	1,051	360
Platte 2,555 510 375 2,38 508 375 2,39 508 3	Perry	1,564	1,735		1,575	1,764	51
Platte 2,555 510 375 2,38 508 375 2,39 508 3	Pholos	3,771	2 423	1,512	3,842	2,620	1.250
Platte 2,535 510 375 2,539 508 377 Polik 1,935 1,802 754 1,952 1,840 76 Pultaski 1,298 631 267 1,285 669 20 Pultaski 1,298 631 267 1,285 669 20 Pultaski 1,298 631 267 1,285 669 20 Ralls 1,734 591 240 1,854 628 20 Ramdolph 4,166 1,126 641 4,229 1,141 60 Ray 3,042 1,192 561 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 169 1,031 384 12 Ripley 651 363 1,273 748 25 St. Chaire 1,792 2,350 552 1,858 2,445 40 St. Claire 1,792 2,350 552 1,858 2,445 40 St. Claire 1,792 2,350 552 1,858 2,445 40 St. Claire 1,702 1,046 727 1,776 1,101 61 St. François 2,786 2,305 344 2,803 2,348 285 St. Louis 1,794 6,177 2,354 5,303 6,641 2,33 St. Lonis City 58,845 66,509 24,746 66 875 88,109 20,83 St. Louis 5,496 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,35 St. Louis 1,558 860 24,746 66 875 88,109 20,83 St. Louis 5,496 6,177 2,374 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 34,746 66 875 88,109 20,83 Schupter 1,218 746 1,413 3,887 1,509 1,31 Schupter 1,248 1,443 3,887 1,509 1,33 Shelby 2,460 859 331 2,488 892 30 Stoddard 1,555 860 34,766 67 3,814 820 34 Scotland 1,555 860 34,766 67 3,814 820 34 Scotland 1,555 860 30,70 1,444 820 34 Scotland 2,666 8,662 2,631 1,095 63 Stoddard 2,666 8,662 2,631 1,095 63 Stoddard 2,666 8,662 3,31 1,465 1,355 25 Stanmon 1,110 885 30,31 1,655 1,355 25 Stoddard 2,666 8,662 3,31 1,464 1,474 1,090 36 Warren 3,41 1,657 449 443 1,137 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 3,41 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,147 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657 449 443 1,157 43 Warren 4,431 1,657	Pike	0.790	1 001	379	0.04	1 920	260
Polic	Platta	9 535	510	375	2,530	508	
Handolph 4,166 1,126 641 4,228 1,141 69 14 4,228 1,141 61 Ray 3,042 1,192 561 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,040 361 363 1,237 748 25 St. Chairs 1,710 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,710 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,170 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,170 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Louis City 58,845 66,509 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis 5,409 6,177 2,534 5,403 6,641 2,33 St. Louis City 58,845 66,509 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis 1,258 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 5	Polk	1 935	1,802	754	1.952	1.840	
Handolph 4,166 1,126 641 4,228 1,141 69 14 4,228 1,141 61 Ray 3,042 1,192 561 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,040 361 363 1,237 748 25 St. Chairs 1,710 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,710 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,170 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,170 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Louis City 58,845 66,509 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis 5,409 6,177 2,534 5,403 6,641 2,33 St. Louis City 58,845 66,509 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis 1,258 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 5	Pulaski	1,268	631	267	1,285	669	205
Handolph 4,166 1,126 641 4,228 1,141 69 14 4,228 1,141 61 Ray 3,042 1,192 561 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 161 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,040 361 363 1,237 748 25 St. Chairs 1,710 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,710 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,170 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Chairs 1,170 1,046 737 1,776 1,101 61 St. Louis City 58,845 66,509 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis 5,409 6,177 2,534 5,403 6,641 2,33 St. Louis City 58,845 66,509 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis 1,258 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 183 1,234 827 11 Scotland 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 53 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 946 642 531 1,099 52 Stoddard 2,2603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 56 2,623 1,385 5	Putnam	933	1,859	420	926	1,937	294
Ray 3.042 1,192 561 3,065 1,196 53 Reynolds 1,030 367 169 1,031 384 12 Ripley 1,249 651 333 1,273 748 25 St. Chair 1,702 2,350 525 1,858 2,445 40 St. François 2,766 2,305 344 2,803 2,348 2,805 St. Louis 5,496 6,177 2,544 1,606 47 1,155 1,099 3 St. Louis 5,496 6,177 2,546 5,003 2,348 2,348 23 St. Louis 5,499 6,177 2,544 1,609 3 3 1,155 1,099 3 Schnaphyer 1,218 7,609 1,341 3,897 1,548 829 1,385 25 25 1,135 1,291 1,32 1 1,224 827 11 3 2,468 892 3 3 1,234 827 11 3 3 1,234 827 11		1,734	591		1,854	628	
Reynolds	Rar Rar	2,186	1,126	541	4,229	1.141	
St. François. 2,786 2,305 344 2,803 2,348 265 St. Genevieve. 1,138 1,100 47 1,155 1,099 3 3 St. Louis. 5,409 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,335 St. Louis. 5,409 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,335 St. Louis. 11,238 1,609 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis. 11,248 766 193 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,245 829 30 Sthannon. 1,110 385 376 1,131 366 35 Stonderd. 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 565 Stone. 5,606 946 642 521 1,029 52 Stollivan. 2,256 1,819 576 2,248 1,915 45 Stollivan. 2,256 1,256 2,257 1,257 4,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,	Reynolds .	1.030	367	169	1 631	204	128
St. François. 2,786 2,305 344 2,803 2,348 265 St. Genevieve. 1,138 1,100 47 1,155 1,099 3 3 St. Louis. 5,409 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,335 St. Louis. 5,409 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,335 St. Louis. 11,238 1,609 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis. 11,248 766 193 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,245 829 30 Sthannon. 1,110 385 376 1,131 366 35 Stonderd. 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 565 Stone. 5,606 946 642 521 1,029 52 Stollivan. 2,256 1,819 576 2,248 1,915 45 Stollivan. 2,256 1,256 2,257 1,257 4,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,	Ripley	1.249	651		1.273	748	
St. François. 2,786 2,305 344 2,803 2,348 265 St. Genevieve. 1,138 1,100 47 1,155 1,099 3 3 St. Louis. 5,409 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,335 St. Louis. 5,409 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,335 St. Louis. 11,238 1,609 24,746 60 875 48,109 20,83 St. Louis. 11,248 766 193 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,234 827 113 Scotland. 1,555 860 133 1,245 829 30 Sthannon. 1,110 385 376 1,131 366 35 Stonderd. 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 565 Stone. 5,606 946 642 521 1,029 52 Stollivan. 2,256 1,819 576 2,248 1,915 45 Stollivan. 2,256 1,256 2,257 1,257 4,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,258 1,	St. Charles	1,792	-2.350	525	1.858	2.445	400
St. Genevieve. 1,128 1,160 47 1,155 1,099 3. St. Louis . 5,499 6,177 2,354 5,403 6,641 2,33 St. Louis City 58,845 65,593 34,746 60 875 88,109 20,85 Saline . 3,929 1,443 1,413 3,987 1,509 1,33 Schupler . 1,218 766 183 1,234 827 1,350 Scott . 1,945 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Scott . 1,945 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Scott . 1,945 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Scott . 1,945 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Scott . 1,945 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Scott . 1,945 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Scott . 1,945 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Schupler . 1,465 1,235 860 379 1,644 882 34 Schelby . 2,460 859 331 2,458 892 30 Stoddard . 2,603 1,363 586 2,923 1,385 56 Stone . 506 946 642 521 1,099 52 Stoliwan . 2,226 1,819 576 2,248 1,915 45 Stone . 508 946 642 521 1,099 52 Stoliwan . 2,226 1,819 576 2,348 1,915 45 Taney . 558 852 259 603 884 19 Texas . 2,067 1,322 259 53 2,094 1,944 1,258 40 Warren . 431 1,067 489 443 1,127 43 Washington . 1,21 1,059 307 1,131 1,142 21 Wayne . 1,432 1,052 304 1,344 1,090 26 Webster . 1,649 1,387 744 1,666 1,460 65 Wright . 1,356 1,163 895 1,392 1,291 72 Total . 330746 207821 124371 337619 217817 10914 Porcent . 47,34 29,75 17,80 48,20 31,15 15,6 Scattering . 35,624 870 18 18 15 15,6 Whole vote . 698,562 6869,210		1,710	1.046	727	1,776	1,101	61:
St. Louis City 58, 845 66, 509 24, 746 60 875 84, 109 20, 85 Saline 3,929 1,443 1,443 3,987 1,509 1,31 Schupler 1,218 766 1981 1,234 827 11. Scotland 1,555 860 379 1,544 822 34 Scott 1,445 1,235 860 379 1,544 822 34 Scott 1,445 1,235 831 2,458 829 30 1,455 1,235 25 Shannon 1,110 385 376 1,131 396 33 Shelby 2,460 859 331 2,458 829 30 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 500 800 800 642 521 1,029 53 Stone 500 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	St. Francois	2,786	2,305	344	2,803	2,348	262
Saline 3,929 1,443 1,443 3,987 1,509 1,31 Schnyler 1,218 766 193 1,234 827 11 Scolland 1,555 860 379 1,544 892 34 Scott 1,945 1,235 560 379 1,544 892 34 Scott 1,945 1,235 563 376 1,131 396 33 Shelby 2,460 859 331 2,458 892 30 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560		5,165	6 177	0 951	1,100	2.099	0 200
Saline 3,929 1,443 1,443 3,987 1,509 1,31 Schnyler 1,218 766 193 1,234 827 11 Scolland 1,555 860 379 1,544 892 34 Scott 1,945 1,235 560 379 1,544 892 34 Scott 1,945 1,235 563 376 1,131 396 33 Shelby 2,460 859 331 2,458 892 30 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 586 2,623 1,385 56 Stone 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560	St. Louis City	58 845		24 746	60 875	48 109	20 835
Schinyler 1,218 766 193 1,234 827 11 Scotland 1,555 860 379 1,544 892 34 Scott 1,495 1,235 903 1,955 1,355 25 Shannon 1,110 385 303 1,955 1,355 25 Stoddard 2,603 1,363 386 2,953 1,385 56 1,953 1,385 56 1,953 1,385 56 560 1,946 642 521 1,099 52 58 852 259 603 84 1,915 45 1,915 45 72 1,929 52 58 852 259 603 84 1,91 45 72 1,938 49 1,97 72 1,281 40 1,281 40 1,281 40 1,281 40 1,281 40 1,281 40 1,41 1,41 58 48 1,29 1,281 40	Salina	5 000	1 442	1.413	3 987	1 509	1.31:
1,945 1,235 303 1,955 1,255 258 258 258 259 258 259 259 258 259 25	Schuyler	1.218	766	193	1,234	827	118
1,945 1,235 303 1,955 1,255 258 258 258 259 258 259 259 258 259 25	Scotland	1,525	500	379	1,544	892	340
Shelby 2,460 859 331 2,458 892 30 Stoddard 2,603 1,963 586 2,683 1,895 56 Stone 566 946 642 521 1,995 52 Sullivan 2,266 1,819 576 2,348 1,915 44 Taney 588 852 259 603 84 19 Texas 2,067 1,322 253 3,204 1,288 49 Vernon 3,483 1,654 655 3,514 1,774 58 Washington 1,121 1,059 307 1,131 1,122 21 Wayne 1,422 1,052 304 1,444 1,690 26 Webster 1,649 1,387 744 1,686 1,466 16 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,322 1,291 72 Total 330746 207821 124371 337619	Scott	1,945	1,235	303	1.955	1.255	256
Stode	Shelby	9,450	850		1,131	396	
Stone	Stoddard	2,603	1 363	586	9 699		567
Texas 2,067 1,232 258 603 844 19 Texas 2,067 1,232 253 2,094 1,258 46 Vernon 3,483 1,664 655 3,2194 1,714 58 Warren 431 1,067 489 443 1,127 43 Washington 1,121 1,059 307 1,131 1,142 21 Wayne 1,432 1,052 304 1,444 1,090 26 Webster 1,649 1,387 744 1,666 1,460 65 Worth 973 769 183 981 776 16 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,392 1,291 72 Total 330746 207821 124371 337619 217817 10914 Plurality 122925 25 17.80 48 20 31.15 15.6 Scattering 35,624 895 16,69,210 Whole vote 698,562 689,210	Stone	506	946	642		1 1.029	523
Texas 2,067 1,232 258 603 844 19 Texas 2,067 1,232 253 2,094 1,258 46 Vernon 3,483 1,664 655 3,2194 1,714 58 Warren 431 1,067 489 443 1,127 43 Washington 1,121 1,059 307 1,131 1,142 21 Wayne 1,432 1,052 304 1,444 1,090 26 Webster 1,649 1,387 744 1,666 1,460 65 Worth 973 769 183 981 776 16 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,392 1,291 72 Total 330746 207821 124371 337619 217817 10914 Plurality 122925 25 17.80 48 20 31.15 15.6 Scattering 35,624 895 16,69,210 Whole vote 698,562 689,210	Sullivan	0.006	1.819	576	2,248	1,915	450
Wayne 1,432 1,652 304 1,444 1,690 25 Webster 1,649 1,387 744 1,666 1,460 65 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,382 1,291 72 Total 330746 20782 1,24371 337619 217817 10914 Plurality 122925 119200 21 119200 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	Taney	588			603	894	197
Wayne 1,432 1,652 304 1,444 1,690 25 Webster 1,649 1,387 744 1,666 1,460 65 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,382 1,291 72 Total 330746 20782 1,24371 337619 217817 10914 Plurality 122925 119200 21 119200 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	Texas	2,067	1,232			1,288	466
Wayne 1,432 1,652 304 1,444 1,690 25 Webster 1,649 1,387 744 1,666 1,460 65 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,382 1,291 72 Total 330746 20782 1,24371 337619 217817 10914 Plurality 122925 119200 21 119200 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	Warren	8,485	1,004		3,514	1,714	430
Wayne 1,432 1,052 304 1,444 1,090 26 Webster 1,649 1,387 744 1,656 61 4,650 68 Worth 973 769 183 981 776 16 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,392 1,291 72 Total 330746 207821 124371 337018 217817 10914 Plurality 122925 119200 48, 20 31, 15 15, 6 Scattering 35, 224 35, 226 689, 210 Whole vote 698, 562 689, 210	Washington		1.059			1,145	214
Weotster 1,649 1,387 744 1,666 1,460 65 Worth 973 769 183 981 776 16 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,382 1,291 72 Total 330746 207821 124371 337616 21817 10914 Plurality 122925 17,80 48,20 31,15 15,6 Scattering 35,624 35,226 35,226 Whole vote 698,562 699,210	wayne	1,432	1,052	304	1,444	1,090	264
Worth 973 769 183 981 776 16 Wright 1,356 1,163 895 1,392 1,291 72 Total 330746 207821 124371 337019 217817 10914 Purrality 122925 171 119200 48,20 31,15 15,6 Scattering 35,624 35,226 699,210	Webster	1,649	1,387	744	1,666	1,460	655
Total 33074b 20782l 12437l 337019 217817 10914 Plurality 122925 17.80 181920b 17.80 1820 1820 1820 1820 1820 1820 1820 18	Worth	973	769	183	981	776	163
Plurality 122925 17.80 18200 31.15 15.6 Scattering 35.624 Whole vote. 698,562 17.80 48.20 31.25 15.6 699,210	wright	1,356	1,163	895	1,392	1,291	723
Plurality 122925 17.80 18200 31.15 15.6 Scattering 35.624 Whole vote. 698,562 17.80 48.20 31.25 15.6 699,210	Total	330746	207821	124371	337019	217817	109146
Per cent	Plurality	122925			119200	l i	
Scattering 35,624 35,226 Whole vote. 698,562 699,210	Percent	47, 34			48 20	31 15	15, 61
whole vote. 698,562 699,210 For President, 1912, Debs, Soc., received 28,460	Scattering		35,624			35,226	
For President, 1912, Debs. Soc., received 28,460						99,210	
	For Presider	it, 1915	2. Deb	s, Soc	., rec	erved	28,466

MISSOURI-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. Counties of Adair, Clark, Knox, Lewis, Macon Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland, and Shelby. Lloyd, Dem., 20,874; Bonfoey, Rep., 12,144; Warner, Prog., 5,686. Lloyd's plurality, 8,730.

11. Counties of Carroll, Chariton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph, and Sullivan. Rucker, Dem. 22,786; Haley, Rep., 10,132; Williams, Prog., 6,776, Rucker's plurality, 12,654.

111. Counties of Larddwell, Clay, Clinton, Daviess, De Kalb, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray, and Worth. Alexander, Dem., 20,179; Morroway, Rep., 11,182; Wightman, Prog., 6,212.

112. Counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway, and Platte, Booher, Dem., 20,232; Hockman, Rep., 11,284; Robinson, Holt, Nodaway, and Platte, Booher, Dem., 20,232; Hockman, Rep., 11,284; Robinson, Prog., 5,347. Booher's plurality, 8,484.

123. V. Counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway, and Platte, Booher, Dem., 20,232; Hockman, Rep., 11,284; Robinson, Holt, Nodaway, and Platte, Booher, Dem., 20,328; Hockman, Rep., 19,885.

124. Counties of Bates, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Henry, Johnson, and St. Clair. Dickinson, Dem., 17,858; Dunnavant, Rep., 9,083; Theelman, Prog., 6,788, Dickinson's plurality, 4,032.

125. Counties of Boone, Camden, Cole, Cooper, Miller, Moniteau, Morgan, and Osage, Shackleford, Dem., 16,219; Peters, Rep., 11,985; Pemberton, Prog., 2,331. Shackleford, Dem., 16,219; Peters, Rep., 11,985; Pemberton, Prog., 2,331. Shackleford, Dem., 16,219; Peters, Rep., 11,985; Pemberton, Prog., 2,331. Shackleford, St. Counties of Andrain, Callaway, Franklin, Gasconade, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, St. Charles, and Warren, Clark, Dem., 21,

IX. Counties of Audrain, Callaway, Franklin, Gasconade, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, St. Charles, and Warren. Clark, Dem., 21,782; Cole, Rep., 16,283. Clark's plurality 5,493.

X. County of St. Louis, and city (part). O'Connor, Dem., 31,227; Barthold, Rep., 33,242; Seifert, Prog., 16,417. Barthold's plurality, 2,015.

X. St. Louis City. Igoe, Dem., 19,653; Catlin, Rep., 12,442; Ward, Prog., 4,812.

XII. St. Louis City. Gill, Dem., 11,249; Dyer, Rep., 11,381; Cotton, Prog., 3,041.

XIII. Counties of Bollinger, Carter, Iron, Jefferson, Madison, Perry, Reynolds, St. Francois, St. Geneviere, Washington, and Wayne, Hensley, Dem., 16,079; Nipper, Rep., 13,406; Dam, Soc., 1,373. Hensley's Plurality, 2,673.

XIV. Counties of Butler, Cape Girardeau, Christian, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Femiscot, Ripley, Scott, Stoddard, Stone, and Taney. Russell, Dem., 26,081; Curry, Rep. Prog., 25,066.

XV. Counties of Barry, Barton, Jasper, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton, and Vernon, Decker, Dem., 21,009; McPherson, Rep., 12,550; Gregg, Prog., 7,797; Bedingfield, Soc., 3,303. Decker's plurality, 8,150.

XVI. Counties of Crawford, Dallas, Dent, Laclede, Maries, Phelps, Pulaski, Shannon, Texas, Webster, and Wright, Rubey, Dem., 15,008; O'Bannar, Rep., 10,811; Bradford, Prog., 3,678. Rubey's plurality, 5,097.

Governor, E.W. Major, Lieutenant-Governor, W. R. Painter; Secretary of State, Cornelius Roach; Auditor, John P. Gordon; Trassurer, E. P. Deal; Attorney-General, John T. Barker; Superintendent of Education, Wm. P. Evans; all Democrats except Evans.

Democratic majority, 16

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Leroy B. Valliant, Dem.; Associate Justices: Henry Lamm, Rep.; Walter W. Graves, Dem.; A. M. Woodson, Dem.; H. W. Bond, Dem.; C. B. Faris, Dem.; R. F. Walker, Dem.; John C. Brown, Rep.; Clerk, J. D.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913. Senate. House. Joint Ballot. 138 Democrats...... 25 113 37 9 Republicans..... 28 i Progressive..... 1

84

100

MISSOURI-Continued.

	VOTE OF TH	E STAT	ESINCE	1904.	
	Dem.	Rep.	Proh.	Soc.	Plu.
	ident296,312	321,449	7,191	13,009	25,137 R
	ernor326,652	296,552	5,591	f1,031	30,100 1)
	State 292,421	283,417			9,004 1)
	ident346,574	347,203	4,231	15,431	1,026 R
1908. Gov	ernor340,053	355,932	4,169	14,505	15,879 16

MONTANA.

Counties. PRESIDENT, GOVKENOR, 1912. 1912. 1912. 1912. 1912. 1912. 1912. 1913.	_
COUNTIES.	
	-
(31.) Taft, Roose Stew Wil- Ed	ds.
Dem. Rep. Prog. Dem. Rep. Pro	g.
Beaverhead 713 708 320 755 756 5	214
Blaine 218 204 507 264 258	190
	203
	94
	22
Choteau 402 561 259 360 615	29
	86
	50
	360
	95
Flathead 1,106 493 1,256 1,038 674 1.	343
Gallatin 1.407 683 929 1.309 926	136
Granite 346 195 256 319 210 9	275
Hill 624 536 545 516 706	123
Jefferson 479 239 299 481 284 5	236
Lewis& Clarke 1.505 1.062 1.375 1.221 1.026 1.	33
Lincoln, 346 218 206 310 272	38
	224
	265
Missoula 1.523 589 1.773 1.276 837 1.3	595
	346
Park 666 609 687 768 791	62
Powell 545 335 418 499 439	323
Ravalli 858 316 896 716 395 8	345
Rosebud 313 392 368 245 528 2	280
	312
Silver Bow 4,542 2,232 1,802 4,504 2,380 1,	170
	312
	292
Valley 696 668 858 541 762 9	904
Yellowstone 1,193 1,004 1,386 724 1,805 1,1	124
Total 27,941 18,512 22,456 25,381 22,950 18,6	381
Plurelity 5.485 9.421	
Per cent 35.00 23.19 28.13 31.82 28.76 23.	67
Whole vote 79,826 79,778	

For President in 1912, Debs, Soc., received 10,885 votes; Chafin, Proh., 32. For Governor in 1912, Duncan, Soc., received

12,566 votes.
In 1912, Prohibitionists failed to file electoral ticket in time to get on ballot.

NOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1912. Stout, Dem., 25,891; Evans, Dem., 24,492; Pray, Rep., 23,505; Allen, Rep., 19,633; Everett. Prog., 16,644; Horkan, Prog., 15,336; LeBeau, Soc., 10,271; Mabie, Soc., 10,056.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Senute.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Democrats	. 16	45	61
Republicans	. 13	23	36
Progressives	. 2	16	18
Socialists		1	ì
	-		
Democratic majority	7. 3	22	25

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

GOVERNOR, W. W. McDowell, Dem.; LieutenantGovernor, W. W. McDowell, Dem.; Secretary of
State, A. M. Alderson, Dem.; Attorney-General,
D. M. Kelly, Dem.; Treasurer, W. C. Rae, Dem.;
Auditor, W. Keating, Dem.; Superintendent Fublic Instruction, H. A. Davee, Dem.; Railroad Commissioners, J.H. Hall, Dem., D. Boyle, Rep., E. A.
Morley, Rep.

missioners, J.H. Hall, Dem., D. Boyle, Kep., E. A. Morley, Rep. JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Theo. Brantley, Rep.; Justices, Henry C. Smith, Rep.; Wm. L. Holloway, Rep.; Clerk, John T. Athey, Rep.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1904.

1904. Governor ... 35,377 26,957 3,431 ... 8,420 D

1908. President ... 29,328 33,335 8,555 827 3,007 R

1908. Governor ... 32,233 30,792 5,112 ... 1,490 D

	NE	BRA				
		Passi 191	DENT,		Gove 19	RNOR,
COUNTIES.	W11- 1		Roose (D.L.	Moore	Ald.
(92.)4	son,	Taft, Rep.	velt.	Debs, Soc.	head,	rich,
	Dem.		Prog.		Dem.	Rep.
dams	2.117	801 877	943	188	2,180	1,741
ntelope	1,238 57	53	947 128	50 35	1,404	1,648 17
		126	3 07	000	204	198
ooneox Butte	1,360	570	942 424 653 415 1,256 1,005	51	1.526	1, 35
ox Butte	520	2.00	424	97	572	601
0 V a	651	281	653	57	755	823
rown utfalo	9 067	206	1 076	92	496	719
unaio	483 2,061 1,040 1,756 2,009	1,0⊀1 865	1 005	261 41	2,298 $1,271$	2,073 1,658
urt utler	1, 756	823	586	40	1,984	1,30
ass	2,009	967	1, 132 1, 045 265 631 281	154	2.328	1 84
	1,515 264	722	1,045	9	1,000	1,62
hase	264	216	265	38	338	39
herry	1,052 348 1,694 998 1,484 2,426	689	631	229 78	1,117	1,18
lieyenne	1 504	232 557	1,292	78 52	379	ÐŲ.
olfow	1,003	620	390	80	1,749 1,115	1,80 91
nming	1:484	759	476	30	1,687	1,07
uster	2, 426	1, 051	1,874 357	353	[2,531]	2,87
edar. hase herry lieyenne lay uning uster akota	612		357	50	l 6507	73
awes awson euel	583	298	610	ที่จั	631	86
awson	1,613 135	451	1,207 157	76	1,723 154	1,57 21
euel	823	64 582	955	25	910	1,46
odge	1,987	1 254	934	25 24 209 12,154	2,331	1,99
ouglas	12,953 304	6,212 148	7,930	12,154	15, 428	12,00
loodge	304	148	3471	72	379	43
illmore	1,736 1,148	972	7871	78	1,816	1.59
ranklin	1,148	334	779 582	58	1,238	1,07 87
ronuer	1 266	293 354	982 915	120 83	679	1.10
urnas	1,266 2,593	1,336	815 2,159	173	1,375 3,119	2,99
arden	282	156				
arfield	234	192	245	135	283	39
osper	524	129	283	10	563	58
urnas age arden arfield cosper crant. reeley Hall Hamilton Iayes Hitchcock Holt Hooker	93	82 371 1,047 450	245 283 52 376 974 1,054 613 246 31,196 57 544 1,208	.7	111	11
reeley	913 2,086	371	376	65	1,057	62 1.73
Iail Inmilton	1,433	450	1 054	249 87	2, 454 1, 450	1,50
Tarlan	922	325	613	142	1,017	1,30
laves:	189	106	246	41	220	33
litchcock	471	128	371	60	486	47
Iolt	471 1,456	778	1,196	130	1,693	1,74
looker Ioward efferson	122	103	57	19	122	15
offoreon	1,115 1,399	481 655	1 908	87 226	1,224	91 1,68
ohnson	1,890	672	649	27	1. 226	1 00
ohusou Kearney	1 612	338	657	44	1,226 985	1,61
Ceith Ceya Paha Cimball	304	188	236	85	359	36
Ceya Paha	221	258	246	70	264	4:2
Cimball	109	73	208	18	117	27
Inox	1,864 6,685	1,028	930 4,143	81 445	1,912 7,111 1,200 146	1.83
incoln	1,129	2,566 690	910	400	1 200	6, 25 1, 56
ogan	153	97	110	17	146	20
oup	114	131	148	59	151	1 24
icPherson	180	1114	232	45	193	31
Ladisou	1,720 951	1,181	1,016	56	2,089	1,8
Herrick	392	526			1,104 417	1,1
forrill	716	220	· 400	75	855	1,0
Nance Nemaha Nuckolls Otoe	1.374	672	842	5.9	1 711	1.21
vuckolls	1.312	738	852	78	1,471	1.43
)toe	1,946	922	1,054	71	2,240	1,75
Pawnee	. 958	593	711	58	1,471 2,240 1,110	1,43 1,73 1,13
erkins	. 254	101	190	32	240	9 43
Phelps Pierce	. 974 948	254 694	1,072	76 18	1,307 1,073	1,0
Plerce	2,015	589	1 997	4:	2,334	1.51
Platte	996	485	785	89	1 1 10:24	1,5
Polk Red Willow Richardson	927	256			1,052	9
Richardson	1.980	965	1,350	107	2,740	1,6:
Rock	. 280	231	289	56	299	4:
Saline	. 1,942	1, 18	39	58	31,2,268	1,6
sarpy	. 857	404	440)] 71	1,085	9 1
RockSalineSarpySaundersSaunders	2,080	864 814	1,510	230	2,384	2,1
Seward		1 788	968	27	7 2, 025	1,59
Sheridan	630	377	619	1 12	705	1 7 77

NE	BRA	SKA-	-Continued	

NI	LDILA	SKA-	-Conti	wea.		
Counties.		PRES	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Moore- head, Dem.	Ald- rich, Rep.
Sherman	675	455	595	124	809	926
Sioux	375	151		63	449	492
Stanton	725	471	297	16	836	704
Thayer	1,491	703		87	1,710	1,457
Thomas	172			22	167	189
Thurston	834			63	927	858
Valley	789			*121	895	1,030
Washington	1,182	599		91	1,300	1,384
Wayne	808			20		
Webster	1,168	536	915	79	1,286	1.355
Wheeler	194	71	179	38	207	226
York	1,886	962	1,086	86	2,036	1,903
Totals			72,776	10.219	124000	120572
Plurality	36,333				2, 428	
Per cent	43.68	21, 75	29.13	4.68	48, 02	46, 70
Scattering		3,419			13,621	
Whole vote.	١.	249,	861		258.	193

For President 1912, Chafin, Pro., received 3,419 votes.

. For Governor 1912, Wright, Soc., received 9,959 votes; Wilson, Pro., 3,662.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Counties of Cass, Johnson, Lancaster, Nemaha, Otoe, Pawnee, and Richardson, John A. McGuire, Dem., 17,446; Clark, Rep., 15,706; Carraker, Pro., 43; C. R. Oyler, Soc., 868. McGuire's plurality, 1,706.

II. Counties of Douglas, Sarpy, and Washington, Baldrige, Rep., 15,622; Lobeck, Dem., 15,889; Carter, Soc., 2,146. Lobeck's plurality, 269.

III. Counties of Antelope, Boone, Burt, Cedar, Colfax, Cuming, Dakota, Dixou, Dodge, Knox, Madison, Merrick, Nance, Pierce, Platte, Stanton, Thurston, and Wayne. Stephens, Dem., 26,229; Cook, Rep., 21,667; Nye, Soc., 912. Gibson, Pro., 537; Stephens' plurality, 4,562

IV. Counties of Butler, Fillmore, Gage, Hamilton, Jefferson, Polk, Saline, Saunders, Seward, Thayer, and York, Sloan, Rep., 22,293; Skiles, Pem., 18,279; Olmsted, Soc., 950; White, Pro., 557. Sloan's plurality, 4,014.

V. Counties of Adams, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hall, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Kearney, Nuck-olls, Perkins, Phelps, Red Willow, and Webster. Barton, Rep., 18,818; Sinherland, Dem., 17,522; Elliott, Soc., 1,421; Porter, Pro., 610. Barton's plurality, 1,296.

Pro., 60c. Barton's plurality, 1,256.
VI. Counties of Boyd, Banner, Blaine, Box, Butte, Brown, Builalo, Cheyenne, Cherry, Custer, Dawes, Dawes, Dewen, Deniel, Garden, Garfield, Grant, Greeley, Holt, Hooker, Howard, Keya Paha, Keith, Kimbaill, Lincolu, Lozan, Loup, McPherson, Morrill, Rock, Scott's Bluff, Sheridan, Sherman, Sioux, Thomas, Valley, and Wheeler, Wm. J. Taylor, Dem., 15,539; Moses P. Kinkaid, Rep., 24,556; Warren, Soc., 3,788; Armstrong, Pro., 4,997, Kinkaid's plurality, 6,236. plurality, 6,236.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Jas. H. Moorehead, Dem., Lieutenant-Governor; S. R. McKahil, Rep.; Secretary of State, Addison Wait; Treasurer, W. A. George; Auditor, W. B. Howard; Attorney-General, Grant G. Martin; Superintendent of Education, Jas. E. Delzell; Commissioner of Insurance, E. C. Pierce; Commissioner of Public Lands, Fred, Beekmanall Republicans, except Governor.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Manoah B. Reese; Justices, Chas. B. Letton, Francis G. Hamer, Jacob Fawcett, William B. Rose, John B. Barnes, and Samuel H. Sedgwick; Clerk, H. C. Lindsay—all Republicans.

15,361 R

I GOVERNOR.

NEBRASKA-Continued.

STATE	LEG	ISLATU	RE. 19	13.		
011112		enate.			it Ball	ot.
Democrats		15	54	• • • • •	69	
Republicans		18	46		64	
-		_	_		_	
Majority		3 R	8 I)	5 D	
VOTE OF			E SINC			
		Rep. 8			Ptu:	
1900. President. 11		121,835		3,655	7,822	ĸ
	Jem.		Soc.			
1902. Governor. 9	1,116	96,471	3,157	3,397	5,355	к
Mark Daniel Lane	1 0-0	100 227	r (10	Pop_*	60.000	1>
1904. President.	1,010	100,000	1,412	20,518 Pro.	86,682	п
1904. Governor. 110	9 568	111 711	5,132	5.488	9.143	R
1906. Governor. 8			3,999	5.106	12.973	
1908. President. 13				5.179	4.102	
1908. Governor13			3,069	4.464	11,884	
1010 Clarraman 10			0 000	-,	15 001	

^{*} Majority. ‡ Fusion.

1910. Governor .107,522 122,883 6,268

NEVADA. PRESIDENT.

COUNTIES.		19	1910.			
(16.)	wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs,	Dick- erson, Dem.	Oddie, Rep.
Churchill	349	157	305	211	332	377
Clark	358	114	264	108	419	354
Donglas	144	80	172	22	233	217
Elko	847	395	513	253	. 889	854
Esmeralda	713	246	481	379	1.344	1,543
Eureka	211	69	122	21	120	282
Humboidt	719	207	535	339	911	783
Lander	197	69	200	53	230	344
Lincoln	275	99	145	28	284	287
Lyon	436	131	352	239	352	479
Mineral	219	59	145	131		
Nye	869	349		718		1,357
Ormsby,	294	150		65		420
Storey	395	162			419	457
Washoe	1,449	644	1,150	362		1,953
White Pine	515	259	431	302	814	728
Total	7,986	3,196	5,620	3,313	8,798	10, 455
Plurality	2,381		1 :.			1,637
Per cent,	39.70	15, 88	27, 94	16.47	42.65	50.59
Whole vote		20,	115			626
	1				1	

For Governor in 1910 Gegax, Soc., received 1,393 Votes

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Tallman, Dem., 7.311; E. Roberts, Rep., 7,379; Springmeyer, Soc., 2,072. Roberts's plurality, 68.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, T. L. Oddie, Lieutenant-Governor, G. C. Ross; Secretary of State, George Brodigan; Treasurer, William McMillan; Comproller, Jacob Eggers; Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. E. Bray; Attorney-General, C. H. Baker—all Dems., except Oddie, Eggers and McMillan, Reps. JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, G. F. Talbot, Dem.; Justices, P. A. McCarran, Dem.; Frank Norcross, Rep.; Clerk, Joe Josephs, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913. Senate. House, Joint Ballot,

150 11400.1200.5			91	40
Republicans		8	19	27
Progressives		1	1	2
Socialists		1	1	2-
		-	-	
Democratic major	rity.	2	10	12
VOTE OF T				1900.
	Dem.	Rep.	Pon.	Soc. Plu.
1900. President	6.347	3.849		2.498 1)
1902. Governor	6,529	4.786		1.743 D
1904. President	3.982	6,867	344	925 2,885 R
1908. Governor	8,686	5,338	,	815 3,348 D
			Soc.	Ind.
1908. President	11,212	10,775	2,103	436 437 D

NEW JERSEY.

COUNTIES.		Presi	Governor, 1910.			
(21.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Wil- son, Dem.	Lewis, Rep.
Atlantic	4,885	4,422	4,245	220	5,253	9,926
Bergen	9,978	5,078	8,594	947	12,827	
Burtington	5,592	3,967	3,973	220	7,042	6,564
Camden	10.812	7,911	8,718	1,744	12.985	14,651
Cape May	2,124	909		66	2,182	2,356
Cumberland		1,895		303	4,424	5,927
Essex	26.250	16,994	33,627	3,320	45,279	31,069
Gloucester	3,564			206	4,275	4,088
Hudson	40.517	8,763	24.156	3,169	49, 809	23,687
Hunterdon	4,103				4,818	
Mercer	7,775	5,676	6,907		11,839	
Middlesex		4,743	5,061		10, 195	
Monmouth	9,799	3,683		232	12, 321	8,932
Morris	5,628	3,329	4,440	413	7,395	5,856
Ocean	1,858	919			2,798	2,279
Passaic	10,810		11,701	2,374	11, 149	15,830
Salem	2,745	1,803	1,374	80	3,069	3,097
Somerset						3,405
Sussex	2 852				3,190	1,972
Union	9,695		8,429		13, 209	
Warren	4 663	1,411	2,007	144	5,473	2,717
			145410	15,801	233682	184626
Plurality	32,879				49,056	
Per cent	41. 22			3.65		
Scattering	1		199		14.	,984
Whole vote.	!	432	.534		433	292

For President, 1912, Chafin, Pro., received 2,878 votes; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 1,321.
For President in 1998, Hisgen, Ind., received 2,922 votes; Gillhans, Soc. L., 1,196.
For Governor, 190, Repp, Pro., received 2,818 votes; Killingbeck, Soc., 10,134; Butterworth, Soc., 10, 15, 2, 252 Lab., 2,032.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Districts.
1. Counties of Camden, Gloucester, and Salem. Craven, Denn, 13,170; Browning, Rep., 14,472; Jess, Prog., 5,891. Browning's plurality, 1,502.
11. Counties of Cape May, Cumberland, Atlantic, and Burlington. Baker, Dem., 16,139; Gardner, Rep., 12,330; Potter, Prog., 7,384. Baker's plurality, 3,800.
111. Counties of Middlesex, Monmouth, and Ocean. Scolly Dem. 25,566. Exown. Ben. and Prog.

Scully, Dem., 20,506; Brown, Rep. and Prog., 14,363. Scully's plurality, 6,233.

14,363. Scally's planality, 6,233.

IV. Counties of Hinterdon, Somerset, and Mercer, Walsh, Dem., 13,232; Blackman, Rep., 8,607 (ill, Prog., 6,685. Walsh's plurality, 4,615.

V. Counties of Union, and Morris, Tuttle, Dem., 13,820; Runyon, Rep., 10,085; Ennis, Prog., 7,393. Tuttle's plurality, 3,835.

VI. Counties of Bergen, Passaic, Warren, and Sussex, and townships of Pompton and West Milford, Martin, Dem., 15,216; McClave, Rep., 8,73; Sage, Prog., 7,007. Martin's plurality, 6,843.

VII. County of Passaic (part). Bremner, Dem., 9,90; Smith, Rep., 6,666; Marelli, Prog., 4,746.

VII. (county of Passaic (part). Bremner, Dem., 9990; Smith, Rep., 6,666; Marelli, Prog., 4,746.
Bremner's plurality, 3,324.
VIII. County towns of Belleville. Bloomfield, Nutley, part of city of Newark and Jersey City, city of Bayonne, and counties of Harrison and Kearney. Kinkend. Dem., 14,055; Taw, Rep., 2,569; Bouton, Rep. and Prog., 9,527. Kinkend's plurality, 4,531.
IX. Cittes of Orange and East Orange; and part of Newark. McCoy. Dem., 10,196; Walker, Rep., 5,818; Walker, Prog., 6,403. McCoy's plurality, 4,531.

of Newara. Rep., 5,818; Walker, Prog., 6,403. McCoy's plurality, 4,378. Part of Newark, towns of Tryington, etc. Townsend, Dem., 10,854; Adams, Rep., 7,111; Morgan, Prog., 7,847. Townsend's plurality,

X1. Townships of Weehawken, North Bergen, etc. Eagan, bem., 14,308; Bosson, Rep. and Prog., 7,018. Eagan's plurality, 7,190.
XII. First, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth wards of Jersey City. Hamill, Dem., 17,890; Record, Rep. and Prog., 8,089. Hamill's plurality, 9,891.

3,244 R

7.171 R

895

449

NEW JERSEY-Continued.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT,
Governor, Woodrow Wilson, Dem.; Secretary of State, D. S.
Craler, Dem.; Treasurer, Daniel S. Voorhees; Rep.; Auditor,
William E. Drake, Rep.; Comptroller, Edward I. Edwards,
Dem.; Attorney-General, Edmund Wilson, Rep.; AdjuantGeneral, Wilbur F. Sadler, Jr., Rep.; Commissioner of Education, Calvin N. Kendall, Dem.; Commissioner of Insurance, G. M. La Monte, Dem.; Commissioner of Agriculture, F. Dye, Rep.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, W. S. Gummere, Rep.; Justices, Charles W. Parker, Rep.; T. W. Trenchard, Rep.; Samuel Kalisch, Dem.; C. G. Garrison, Dem.; James J. Bergen, Dem.; Willard P. Voorhees, Rep.; James F. Minturn, Dem.; F. J. Swayze, Rep.; Clerk, J. P. Tumulty, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Senute.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans	. 9	8	17
Democrats		51	63
		-	_
Democratic majority		43	46

Dem. Dem. Rep. Soc. D. Prob. 1901. Governor..166,681 183,814 3,489 5,365 1904. President.164,566 245,164 9,587 6,845 Plu17,133 R 80,598 R 1904. Governor, 179,719 231,363 8,858 6,687 1907. Governor, 186,300 194,313 6,848 5,255 1908. President, 182,567 265,326 10,253 4,934 51,644 R 8,613 R 82,759 17

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

	P	RESIDEN 1912,	T,	GOVERNOE, 1912.							
COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Fel- ker, Dem.	Wor- cester, Rep.	C'hill, Prog.					
Belknap	1,862 1,820	1,454	881	1.931 1,825	1,774 1,563						
Cheshire	2,765 2,229	1,938	1,103	2,105	1,941	1,091 840					
Grafton Hillsborough . Merrimack	3,752 8,909 4,741		4,586		7,958	1,920 3,618 1,752					
Rockingham			2,465 1,265	2,692 3,957		2,084 1,037					
Sullivan	1,528	1,677	1,014	1,430	1,724	842					
Total Plurality Per cent	34,724 2.097 39.59		17, 794 20, 28	34,203 *1.699 41.07		14, 401					
Scattering Whole vote		2,516 87.961	20.20		$2,170 \\ 83,278$	17. 29					

For President in 1912, Debs, Soc., received 1,981

rotes; Chafin, Proh., 555. For Governor in 1912, Morrill, Proh., received 496 votes; Wilkins, Soc., 1.674. For President in 1908, Hisgen, Ind., received 584

For Governor in 1910, Drew, Soc., received 1,022 votes; Berry, Proh., 449.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Districts.
 1. F. E. Reed, Dem., 18,888; C. A. Sulloway, Rep., 17,363; S. O. Titus, Prog., 4,307; M. B. Roth, Soc., 856; J. M. Bliss, Proh., 207.
 II. R. B. Stevens, Dem. and Prog., 21,794; F. D. Currier, Rep., 17,961; H. W. Spokesfield, Soc., 724; J. C. Berry, Proh., 174.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
GOVERNOF, Samuel D. Felker; Secretary of State,
Treasure;
Auditor, Frank A. Musgrove; Adjutant-General,
Herbert E. Tutherly; Attorney-General, J. P. Tuttle: Superintendent of Education, Henry C. Morrison: Commissioner of Agriculture, Nahum J. Bachelder: Commissioner of Insurance, R. J. Merrill-all Republicans except Governor,

*Governor elected by Legislature which convened January 1, 1913; November, 1912, election

JUDICIARY Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Frank N. Parsons, Rep.; Associate Justices, Robert J. Peaslee, Dem.; Reuben E. Walker, Rep.; John E. Young, Rep., George H. Birgham, Dem.; Clerk, A. J. Shurtleff, Rep.

NEW HAMPSHIRE-Continued.

Senate. House, Joint Ballot.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913,

Republicans	12	210		222	
Democrats	8	195		203	
	-				
Republican majority	4	15		19	
VOTE OF THE	STATE	SINCE	1884.		
Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Proh.	Plu.	
1884. President., 39,187	43,250	1,571	552	4,063	\mathbf{R}
1888, President., 43,382	45,724			2,342	
		Soc.	Pop.		
1896. President. , 21,650	57.444			35,794	\mathbf{R}
		S. Dem			
1900. President 35,489	54,803	790 :	1,270	19.314	R
1304. President 33,992	54,177	1,090	749	20,185	R
1906. Governor. 37,672	40,581	1,011	2,212	2,909	R
1908. President., 33,655	53,149	1,299	905	19,494	

^{*} Pop.

1908. Governor.. 41,386 1910. Governor... 37,737

44.908 NEW MEXICO.

44,630 1,086

1.022

		Presi 191	GOVERNOR, 1911.			
COUNTIES, (26.)	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	D. 1 .	McDo-	Bur-
(20.)	son,	Rep.	velt,	Dehs, Soc.	nald.	sum.
	Den.	net.	Prog.	500.	Dem.	Rep.
Bernalillo	1,199	1,002	1.394	670	3,052	
Chaves	1,339	465	398	347	1,994	645
Colfax	1,182	1,036	564	77	1,940	
Curry	634	123	253	194	988	
Doña Aña	895	912	241	16		1.284
Eddy	936	145	371	166	1,460	
Grant	1,130	439	416	134	1,535	1,095
Guadalupe	761	651	154	96	1,035	1,018
Lincoln	461	452	109	105	801	671
Luna	461	81	194	83	632	265
McKinley	224	264	237	7	409	465
Mora	1,002	1,022	264	44	1,259	1,449
Otero	420	220	201	165	692	
Quay	884		358	285	1, 167	
Rio Arriba,	1,004	1,549	161	ò	1,189	1.941
Roosevelt	599		259	249	837	291
Sandoval	126	211	583		759	
San Juan	493		229	141	823	
San Miguel	1,740	2,479	207	27	2,153	
Santa Fe	1,012	1,432	390	64		
Sierra	352	176	86	11	576	
Socorro	1,078		269	20	1,414	
Taos	765		277	21	1,013	1,289
Torrance	390	520	232	174	814	883
Union	1,119		449	228	1,379	
Valencia	231	1,263	111	30	303	1,775
Total	20.437	17,733	8,347	2,859		28,019
Piurality	2,704				3,017	
Percent	41.39	35, 91		5, 79	51.00	46.06
Whole vote		49,	376	ł	60,	846
	20.437 2.704 41.39	35, 91 49,	8,347 16, 90 376	2,859 5, 79	31,036 3,017 51,00 60,5	28,0 46,8 846

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Ferguson, Dent., 22,139; Jaffe, Rep., 17,900; de Bacha, Prog., 5,883; Eggum, Soc., 2,644.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, William C. McDonald, Dem.; Lient.-Governor, E. C. de Baca, Dem.; Secretary of State, Antonio Lucero, Dem.; Treasper, O. N. Marron, Dem.; Auditor, W. G. Sargent, Rep.; Attorney-General, Frank W. Clancy, Rep.; Supt. Education, Alvan N. White, Dem.

JUDICIARY,

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Clarence J. Roberts; Associate Justices, Richard H. Hanna, and Frank W. Parker; Clerk, José D. Sena-all Republicans.

STATE LE	GISLAT	тики, 191	·0,
A	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot
Republicans	. 17	33	50
Democrats,		16	23
	materia.		-
Republican majorit	y.10	17	27

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. District

Brown, Dem., 16,503; Hicks, Rep., 11,690;
 Counties of Suffolk, Nassau, and Queens (part).
 Brown, Dem., 16,503; Hicks, Rep., 11,690;
 Cockran, Prog., 11,229; Sands, Pro., 608;
 Paine, Soc., 183; Hotine, Soc. Lab., 106.
 II. County of Queens. O'Leary, Dem., 23,090;
 Hopkins, Rep., 6,941; Danmar, Prog., 2,918;
 Traeger, Pro., 318; Fritsche, Ind., 7,175;
 Willer, Soc. 43.

HOPKINS, Kep., 6,941; Danmar, Prog., 2,918; Traeger, Pro., 318; Fritsche, Ind., 7,175; Miller, Soc., 43.

III. County of Kings (part). Wilson, Dem., 12,658; Schulz, Rep., 6,633; Prentice, Prog., 4,918; Davie, Pro., 4,918; Jennings, Soc., 1,793.

IV. County of Kings (part). Dale, Dem., 9,059;
 Liebermann, Rep., 3,674; Greenblatt, Prog., 5,139;
 Palmateer, Pro., 33;
 Nolan, Soc.,

5,139; Palmateer, Pro., 33; Nolan, Soc., 1,432.
 V. County of Kings (part). Maher, Dem., 12,508; Gaynor, Rep., 7,677; Ryan, Prog., 5,673; Terry, Pro., 62; Malley, Soc., 927.
 VI. County of Kings (part). Roy, Dem., 13,270; Calder, Rep., 21,691; Fuller, Jr., Prog., 9,310; Berry, Pro., 132; Hammond, Soc., 846.
 VII. County of Victoria.

VII. County of Kings (part). J. Fitzgerald, Dem., 16,082; Brady, Rep., 5,021; M. Fitzgerald, Prog., 5,513; McKee, Pro., 62; Crygier, Soc.,

VIII. County of Kings (part). Griffin, Dem., 17,403; Seelman, Rep., 6,027; Banzhaft, Prog., 8,867; Foster, Pro., 96; Lachemacher, Prog., 8,867 Soc., 1,098.

Soc., 1,098.
IX. Counties of Queens (part) and Kings (part).
O'Brien Dem., 12,456; Swift, Rep., 8,473;
Kennedy, Prog., 6,931; Koenig, Soc., 1,783.
X. County of Kings (part). Metz, Dem., 7,449;
Haskell, Rep., 5,213; Holtzmanu, Prog.,
5,900; Davidson, Pro., 36; Wolff, Soc.,

X. County of Kings (part). Metz, Dem., 7,449; Haskell, Rep., 5,213; Holtzmann, Prog., 5,909; Davidson, Pro., 36; Wolff, Soc., 1,784.
 XI. Counties of Richmond and New York (part). Riordan, Dem., 15,417; Rose, Rep., 4,078; Mills Prog., 5,570; Magroth, Pro., 150; Nagie, Soc., 437.
 XII. County of New York (part). Goldfogle, Dem., 4,592; Wolf, Rep., 339; Moskovitz, Prog., 2,602; Myers, Pro., 8; London, Soc., 3,646.
 XIII. County of New York (part). T. D. Sullivan, Dem., 5,697; Rinehart, Rep., 1,151; Rotter, Prog., 3,615; Wanhope, Soc., 790.
 XIV. County of New York (part). Levy, Dem., 8,950; Kindelberger, Rep., 3,468; Goodman, Prog., 4,457; McDonald, Soc., 958.
 XV. County of New York (part). Conry, Dem., 16,791; O'Neill, Rep., 4,721; Hickey, Prog., 4,791; Mulhen, Soc., 632.
 XVI. County of New York (part). Dooling, Dem., 15,036; Dale, Rep., 5,919; Healy, Prog., 5,019; Byrne, Soc., 681.
 XVII. County of New York (part). Carew, Dem., 12,330; Ozden Mills, Rep., 4,891; Bates, Prog., 5,516; Wall, Soc., 1,074.
 XVIII. County of New York (part). Carew, Dem., 12,000; 5,516; Wall, Soc., 1,074.
 XVIII. County of New York (part). Patten, Dem., 12,704; Kaufman Rep., 4,913; Pinchot

XVIII. County of New York (part). Patten, Dem. 13,704; Kaufman, Rep., 4,943; Pinchot, Prog., 6,644; Lee, Soc., 2,085.

County of New York (part). Leonard, Dem., 13,684; Brough, Rep., 7,104; Chandler, Prog., 13,987; Tait, Pro., 48; Frost, Soc., 873.

XX. County of New York (part), Harrison, Dem., 5,221; Goodman, Rep., 1,596; Reiter, Prog., 4,694; Aleinekoff, Soc., 996.

XXI. County of New York (part). George, Dem., 13,189; Ansorge, Rep., 5,265; Reilly, Prog., 8,384; Bartholomew, Soc. 1,164.
XXII. County of New York (part). Brueckner, Dem., 15,886; Johnston, Rep., 6,098; Crane, Prog., 9,462; Gall, Soc., 1,835.

XXIII. County of New York (part). J. A. Goulden, Dem., 19.320; Wynne, Rep., 8,779; Raldins, Prog., 13,150; Paulitsch, Soc., 2,351.

NEW YORK-Continued.

District.

District.
XXIV. Counties of New York (part) and West-chester (part). Oglesby, Dem., 17,681; Kingman, Rep., 8,219; Smith, Prog., 12,496; Lindemann, Pro., 130; Benson Soc., 1,767.
XXV. Counties of Rockland and Westchester (part). Taylor, Dem., 15,870; Husted, Rep., 12,522; Bucher, Prog., 8,559; Elliott, Pro., 320; Kobbe, Soc., 785.

12,522; Bucher, Prog., 8,559; Elliott, Pro., 320; Kobbe, Soc., 785.

XXVI. Counties of Dutchess, Orange, and Putnam, Sague, Dem., 10,912; Platt, Rep., 11,943; Gray, Prog., 3,129; Downing, Pro., 278; Brooks, Ind., 78; Chefer, Soc., 215.

XXVII. Counties of Columbia, Greene, Schoharie, Sullivan, and Ulster, McClellan, Dem., 23,743; Ward, Rep., 19,125; Manning, Prog., 4,779; Dawner, Pro., 453; Chase, Soc., 1,0cl.

XXVIII. Counties of Albany and Rensselaer (part). Ten Eyck, Dem., 23,103; Prior, Rep., 23,076; McLaughlin, Prog., 4,918; Negus, Pro., 215; XXIX. Counties of Saratoga, Warren, Washington, and Rensselaer (part). Huppuch, Dem., 18,170; Parker, Rep., 22,348; Draper, Jr., Prog., 8,103; Northrup, Pro., 898; Repnolds, Soc., 1,225.

XXX. Counties of Fulton, Hamilton, Montgomery, and Schenectady. Reynolds, Dem., 13,881; Wallin, Rep., 13,894; Hale, Prog., 4,721; Thompson, Pro., 645; Lunn, Soc., 9468.

XXXI. Counties of Clinton, Essex, Franklin, St., Lawrence, Lucey, Dem., 12,905; Mertitt, Jr., Rep., 18,458; Burnham, Prog., 7,971.

XXXII. Counties of Jefferson, Lewis, Madison, and Oswego. Gregg, Dem., 15,853; Mott, Rep., 20,492; Kelley, Prog., 8,926; Curlis, Soc., 1,034. W. Mott received 1,116 Pro. votes. Rep., 20,402 Soc., 1,034. votes.

XXXIII. Counties of Herkimer and Oneida. Talcott, Dem., 17,855; Snyder, Rep., 16,769; Gilbert, Prog., 16,799; Gyrder, Rep., 16,769; Gyrders, Soc., 16,79.

XXXIV. Counties of Broome, Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego. Bayard, Jr., Dem., 20,272; Fairchild, Rep., 22,072; Estelow, Prog., 5,572; Reese, Pro., 1,647; Scudder, Soc., 801, XXXV. Counties of Cortland and Onondaga. Clancy, Dem., 18,009; Driscoll, Rep., 17,874; Stilwell, Prog., 11,626; Richards, Pro., 1,075; Sander, Soc., 2423.

XXXVI. Counties of Cayuga, Ontario, Seneca, Wayne, and Yates. Drummond, Dem., 17,900; Payne, Rep., 20,604; Gould, Prog., 81,151; Tillapough, Pro., 1,127; Bosch, Jr., Soc., Value of Cayuga, Schulur, Stephen, Step

XXXVIII. County of Monroe (part). Decker, Dem., 14,440; Dunn, Rep., 15,776; Babcock, Prog., 11,202; Filkins, Pro., 466; Shedd, Prog., 11.2 Soc., 2,657.

Soc., 2,657.

XXXIX. Counties of Genesee, Livingston, Orleans, Wyoming, and Monroe (part). Ward, Dem., 15,629; Danforth, Rep., 17,881; Strivings, Prog., 9,023; Carpenter, Pro., 1,023; O'Rourke, Soc., 926.

XL. Counties of Niagara and Erie (part). Gittins, Dem., 16,065; Summons, Rep., 14,450; Ferguson, Prog., 9,869; Blighton, Pro., 610; Regan, Soc., 1,811.

XII. County of Erie (part). Smith, Dem., 14,866; Daris, Rep., 9,578; Kobler, Prog., 9,471; Alten, Pro., 285; Simon, Jr., Soc., 2,528.

XIII. County of Erie (part). Driscoll, Dem., 14,851; Ticknor, Rep., 8,613; Dorr, Prog., 7,161; Stone, Pro., 259; Leary, Soc., 1,613.

XIII. Counties of Allegany, Cattaraugus, and Chautanqua. Wyvell, Dem., 12,479; Hamilton, Rep., 17,346; Carlson, Prog., 11,709; Welch, Pro., 2,082; Williams, Soc., 2,146.

NEW YORK-Continued. PRESIDENT. LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, 1912. 1912. Population GOVERNOR. by 1910 Wads-WII-Taft. Debs, COUNTIES. Rus-Glynn, Sulzer, Hedges, velt. Strans. sell, worth, son. Boc. (61.) Rep. Census. Dem. Rep. Prog.* Dem. Prog. Dem. Soc. Rep. 17,738 4,487 625 19,702 17,235 20,416 5.167 545 19,617 3.898 2.777 7,611 6,530 Albany..... 173,666 17,037 2,891 3,668 283 2,664 266 41,412 8.885 7,494 2,608 2,826 354 Allegany..... 7.949 2.5862,367 352 6,627 78,809 6,641 4,971 5,148 5,035, 4,886 4,820 3,487 605 Broome.
Cattaraugus...
Cayuga.
Chautauqua
Chemung...
Chenango 577 3, 117 65,919 4.887 5.024526 5,788 2.4286.306 4,891 2,645 620 6,254 67,106 4,950 8,170 4.937 7.899 6.577 8,155 6.514 1,370 4.876 105,126 4.821 3,072 6,008 4,146 3,341 3,317 2,733 410 5, 985 377 54,662 35,575 3, 035 2,456 5,902 4,042 1,609 934 93 3, 265 3, 141 4,173 1.479 3,214 52 3,322 3 903 1.2063,554 51 1, 113 48,230 3.078 3,623 1,318 76 3,661 4,599 3,148 2,283 3 740 4,955 2,195 3,672 1,346 74 43,658 4.824 1,629 69 2,958 3,161 1,472 63 29,249 2,106 4,642 4,511 1,895 327 4,731 4,418 266 4,704 1,684 45,575 4,341 202 8,586 8,865 8,910 2,126 8,657 176 8,997 1,909 87,661 8,784 37,630 24,854 33,518 19,182 26,353 776 37.607 27,067 5.072528,985 22,503 2,106 2,752 2,8111,720 68 3,036 2,070 3, 126 3,032 1,701 1,405 61 2,706 3,930 2,550 3,741 2,656 3,231 3,647 2,711 Essex Franklin Fulton Genesee 33,458 2,023 73 3,930 3,777 1,363 75 2.682 4, 040 45,717 2,173 1,043 1,214 2,805 3,676 2.314 2.061 3.235 81 2,512 2,042 652,462 37,615 $\frac{3.222}{2.600}$ 92 3,624 2,593 818 742 87 30,214 3,573 452 492 454 163 5 486 164 4,373 489 446 4,936 5,120 6,617 6,054 3.128 458 5,341 4,665 396 5,225 5,595 4,921 3,210 56,356 BUIL 3.603 5,725 109,151 6.6926.553 3,339 564 80,297 50, 299 109748 51, 239 71, 173 11, 459 67,2808,779 50,245 1,634 351 106,657 Kings..... 2.0641 512 2,015 2,338 2,231 2,219 2,9252,009 1.28824.849 4,004 3,201 3,726 3,160 $\frac{1,786}{2,709}$ 51 3,726. 1.601 2.578 43 2.927 $\frac{3}{3},923$ $\frac{3}{3},731$ 38,037 258 Livingston..... 3,118 3,490 278 39,289 3,046 20,391 17,863 16,876 14,919 2,943 Madison.... 3,247 509 20, 159 283,212 57,567 16, 110 19,708 19,612 408 5,363 4,507 4,546 7,073 5,040, 1,894 Monroe 1,889 4,938 5.211 4,840 6, 917 167, 174 4.546 7,073 4,608 51,070 166157 63,107 6,563 149 Montgomery.... 5,963 133 112,010 14,193 Nassau. New York..... 4,534 98.98. 83,930 6,832 124 2,762,522 4,256 8,332 159,699 49,681 8,218 12,344 6,859 7,647 5,654 10,910 12,182 11,245 5,654 762 734 3.627 92,036 8,138 6,489 266 8.640 , 267 14, 975 15, 827 16, 202 10, 694 5, 046 4, 728, 4, 897 | 2, 278 10, 646 9, 402 10, 360 3, 509 154,157 11,952 10,757 2,430 11,418 2,322 15, 442 200,298 15,158 14.687 ให้อั 4,811 9,718 146 2,303 52,286 5,020 3, 291 293 115,751 9,591 10.557 1,365 71 2.941 2,447 2.983 6.001 5,256 5,996 5.098 5,338 5,138 2.413 1.360 58 Orleans....OswegoOtsego...Putnam 32,000 2,379 2,920 5,930 148 3 950 3, 427 127 5, 269 5, 269 5, 263 71,664 47,216 1,696 125 121 5,325 1,609 5, 106 593 1,215 29,552 13,434 1,321 1,267 598 28,044 9 201 14,967 1.296 1,289 515 16 1,196 3,326 14,665 8,621 28,044 11,667 3, 101 8 899 29,414 Queens...... 284,041 11, 163 11, 683 10, 853 3, 735 2, 696 8, 437 3, 035 3, 771 858 $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{11,16811,68310,853} & 3.7351 \\ 2.6961 & 8.4377 & 3.435 & 3.771 \\ 2.132 & 4.2411 & 2.2171 & 2.302 \\ 7.898 & 5.329 & 8.403 & 4.221 \\ 6.143 & 5.292 & 6.598 & 2.219 \\ 5.325 & 5.345 & 5.229 & 2.640 \\ 2.272 & 3.355 & 2.389 & 5.000 \\ 1.747 & 1.416 & 1.649 & 526 \\ 2.389 & 2.573 & 2.336 & 1.081 \\ 6.295 & 7.32615 & 6.984 & 4.100 \\ \end{array}$ $\frac{4.146}{3.522}$ 643 13, 307 10.954 825 122,276 200 8 339 8,230 2,812 2,118 7,93885,969 177 Richmond 4,141 2.258 151 46,873 4,082 198 Rockland..... 4,074 181 5.0184,927 89,005 341 St. Lawrence.... $\frac{2}{3},055$ 5,248 St. Lawrence.
Saratoga
Schenectady.
Schoharie
Schuyler
Seneca
Steuben
Steuben
Suffolk
Suffolk
Suffolk 311 5, 258 5, 992 6.062 61.917 6.273 3.456 4,343 5, 188 88 23 31 3.226 $\frac{2}{1}, \frac{282}{722}$ 553 34 23.855 3,190 1,396 40 35 415 14,004 1.365 2,622, 7,211 7,511 88 1,049 3,656 5,115 78 2,592 2.371 26,972 618 4 109 593 6,325 7.396 5,983 7,091 7,436 6.318 83,362 5,611 7.878 5,484 343 5.590 996 $\frac{5}{2},985$ 96,138 961 135 3,000 3,864 3,702 2,335 3,037 suffolk
Sullivan.
Tioga
Tompkins.
Uster
Warren
Washington. 109 834 3,682 2.692 2,400 2,642 2,251 3,272 2,237 7,363 8,510 7,482 3,062 2,302 3,153 4,546 3,555 4,593 33,808 1.052 195 946 113 2,708 25,624 2,304 2.0683,386 2,566 2,265 2,537143 3, 227 7, 927 33,647 2.951 150 8,018 7,368 3,046 91,769 1,608 $\bar{2}55$ 2,786 1.522 242 32,223 47,778 2,828 2.605 195 3, 587 $\frac{2.453}{2.535}$ 176 4.411 3,720 20,721 3.527 4,579 3,934 4,769 2.574 82 78 50,179 3,654 4,581 15, 342 21, 160 15, 838 15, 051 2 822 2, 540 2, 836 2, 270 2, 040 1, 456 1, 793 905 1, 345 Wayne..... 15, 116 2, 820 2, 030 14,634 1,195 20,196 2,410 283,055 61 Westchester 2.442 2,109 54 31,880 83 Wyoming 1.553 811 64 18,642 1.521 Yates.... 665, 762 450, 539 655475 455428 390021 63, 381 215, 223 200047 393, 183 56, 917 444.105 649,559 9.113.279 25. 15 3. 63 205.454 41.44 28.34 Plurality

10.834. Progressive 390.021

oratic, 667,468. In 1912, Democratic, 655,475; Republican, 455,428; Progressive, 390,021.

The proposal to bond the State for an additional \$50,000,000 for good roads construction was carried by 376,283 votes in the election of Nov. 5, 1912. There were 657,548 votes cast in favor of the proposal and 281,265 recorded against it the proposal, and 281,265 recorded against it.

YORK FOR PRESIDENT AND COVERNOR, 1912. VOTE OF CITY OF NEW

	MAN	HATT	AN AN	ID BR	ONX.				BRO	OKLY	'n.		
-] P	RESIDENT	`.	1 (POVERNO	R.			RESIDENT			OVERNOE	
Dist.	Wilson, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	R'velt, Prog.	Sulzer, Dem.	Hedges, Rep.	Straus, Prog.	Dist.	Wilson, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Prog.	Dem.	Hedges, Rep.	Straus, Prog.
1	3,599	1,234	1, 291	3,711	988	1.059	-1	4,077	2,003	2,161	3,735	1,958	2,040
2	3.411	764	1,625	3,089	334	2,226	2	4, 091	774	1,433	4,030	707	1,211
3	4.941	709	1,712	5,099	397		3	4, 493	861	1,082	4, 397	745	969
4	2,879	735	1,389	2,533	318		4	4,056	2,077	2, 370	3,913	1,903	2,401
5	5.044	1, 181	1,304	5.182	976	1,146	5	4, 582	2,950	3,830	4.426	3,231	3,320
6	1,860	1,704	1.870	1,507	978	2,942	6	3,049	1,902 1,377	2.847	2, 733	1.402	3,676
7	4,410	1,180	1.607	4,520	1,052		7	4,301	1,377	1.831	7,208	1,236	1,475
8	2,211	686	2.313	1,654	233		8	4, 347	1,164 2.782	1.572	4,269	1.063	1,377
9	3,988	966	1,393	4,069	841		9	7, 765	2.782	5, 156	7.812	2,771	4,429
10	2.218	1.229	2,198	2,339	598	2,746	10	4,771	2,348	2.910	4,591	2,587	2,440
11	5, 132	1,170	1.482	5,172	1,021	1,253	11	4. 559	2,454	2,902	4.282	2,715	2,558
12	4.643	915	1.257	4,913	568	1 233	12	5,489	3.080	3,597	5,213	3,524	3,213
13	4,092	1,042	1.698	4,007	935		13	3,823	1,546	1.783	3, 877	1,276	1,641
14	4.609	1,690	1 229	4,719	1,482		14	3, 908	1,110	1,614 1.745	3,904	803	1,674
15	5.090	3,380	3,014	4,365	2,905		15	4, 529	1.664	1.745	4,719	1,439	1,346
16	4.047	1,200	1,439	4,153	870		16	7,972	3.440	6,078	7.582	3,437	5,871
17	4,893	2.645	3, 219	4,314	2,154	4,006	17	3, 877	2,677	3,430	3,533	3,140	3,001
18	3,988	1.374	1.721	4,070	1,036		18	7.355	4.821	6.453	6,980	5,276	5,894
19	7,051	3.181	4.790	6,083	2.589		19	3.476	1.503	1.862	3,595	1,230	1,737
20	4,090	1,068	1.586	4,020	740	1,806	20	4,094	2.218	2.884	4,398	2,344	2,116
21	4.846	2,460	4,806	4,558	2,094	5,147	21	2, 107	1.015	1,711	1,842	642	2.422
22	4.001	1,074	1.914	4,258	846		22	8,150	4. 794	6,848	8,408	4,840	6,010
23	11, 249	5. 135	8,910	10,356	4,458	10.058	23	4,926	2,675	5.084	4, 210	2,126	6 389
24	3,002	820	1,354	2.869	539	1,591	Total	109,748	51, 239	71, 173	106,657	50,245	67,280
25	3.699	2,271	2, 113	3,538	2.265	2,069			-	UEENS	2	-	
26	3,034	1,173	3.137	2.527	555		-						4 40 5
27	3.329	2.202	1,927	2,938	2,236	2,116	1	5,908	1,799	2,184	6,206	1,605	1.635
28	2,370	873	1,655	2.282	587	1,912	2	5,807	1,452	2,857	6,071		2,248
29	4, 287	2,573	2,592	3,571	2,001		3	9,424	9,245	4,272	10,369	2,811	3,045
30	5,878	2,043	3.779	5.801	1,718	3,713	4_	6,905	2,705	5,654	6,768	3,139	4,739
31	3.916	2 140	4,938	3,020	1,198	6,698	Total	28,044	9,201	14.967	29,414	8.892	11,667
32	10.968	3 683	7.250	10 915	2,947	7,683	-						
33	5,445	1.930	3, 384	5.612	1.541	3,350				HMON			
34	9,387	3,264	7,872	9,242	2,570	8,681	Total	8,437	3,035	3,771	8,230	2,812	3,522
35	8,550	3,413	5,217	8,693	3,111	5,161	Gr'd	1	-				
Total	166.157	63, 107	98,985	159,699	49.681	112,010	Total	312,386	126,582	188,896	304,000	111 630	194 479

			QUEENS.		
DISTRICT.		Republican.		Elected.	Plurality.
2	Patten 28,544	Weiland 9,190	Baldwin 11,074	Patten's	17,587
		BF	ROOKLYN.		
3	Cullen 11,923	Gibbons 3,641	[Moore 4,00]	Cullen's	7,921
4	Velte 10,799	Ritch 7.782	McClelland 7.44	3 Velte's	3.017
5	Heffernan 15.246	Hallagher. 12.140		Heffernan's	4,106
6	Carswell 13,42.	Travis 10,897	Smith 5,93	Carswell's	
7	Carroll 12.206	Lissner 3,771	Miller 4,26	l Carroll's	. 8,005
8	Duhamel 18,10	Burningame 12,806	Hann 12.709	Duhamel's	
9	Sanner 9,569	Lawson 4,658	Wacker 4.96	Sanner's	4 606
10	Torborg 12,346	(Moore 8,041	. Trapani 9,33	Torborg's	3,013
			TAN AND BRON		
ü	Sullivan, C. 8,330	Shapiro 1,090	Ratuoff 5,130	Sullivan's	3 200
12	Fitzgerald, 9.063	Flaman yaum 2,397	Schneider 5.75	Fitzgerald's	
13	McClelland, 13,225	Lindsay 2,946	Durkin 3.93-	McClelland's	9.291
14	Foley 13.303	Rock 3.270	McMahon 3,356	Foley's	9.947
15	Boylan 12,232	Devine 7,757	McCormick 5.10	Boylan's	
16	Waguer 12,783	Greenburger 2.652	Buzzufi 4.45	Wagner's	
17	Herrick 10,123	Bayard 7,520	Baiaas 5,90	Herrick's	2.603
18,	Pollock, 15,304	Yawger , 8,701	Bennett 11,740	Pollock's	
19	Simpson 18,681	Newcomb 8,910	Galant 18,71	Galant's	
20	Frawley 7,998	Bauer 1.911	Kelleher 6,200	Frawley's	1,792
21	Stillwell 16,504	Schector, 5,531	Gorman 9,88-	stillwell's	6.620
22	Griffin 23,504	Hunter 8,360	Beers 14,50	2Griffin's,	9,062
	RICHMOND	-(Forms Twenty-t	hird Senate District v	with Rockland Cou	inty.)
23	Blauvelt 7,911	Price3,097	McGeeban 3,23	Blauvelt's	
	. VOT	E OF THE STAT	E OF NEW YORK		
	Dem, Rep .		lu	Dem. Rep. Pr	cg. Soc. Plu.
		8 15,868 23,526 156,		733,704 813,964	36,257 80,560 R
	s				21,751 57,897 R
	Jus. 554,680 493.79				33,994 69,462 R
1898 GOT	z 643 921 661 70	7 22 860 18 282 17	786 R 1908 Pros	667 468 870 070	28 451 909 609 R

^{67: 1770}h. 1744. 15.869 23.526 156.108 R 17.667 16.052 268.469 R 20.854 19.653 60.899 D 23.860 18.383 17,786 R 13.493 22.704 111.126 R 12.622 22.043 143.606 R 15.886 20.490 8.803 R 36.883 20.787 175.552 R 1904, Pres.... 683,981 859,513 * Populist vote in addition, 16,429. † Populist vote, 11,049. Dem. Reform vote, 27,302. ‡ National Democratic vote, 18,950. Social Democratic vote, 12,869,

1908. Pres..... 1910. Gov.... 1912. Pres.... 1912. Gov....

689,700

735,159 804,651 33,994 69,462 ft 667,468 870,070 38,451 202,602 R 659,700 622,299 48,529 67,401 D 655,475 455,428 390,021 63,381 200,047 D 649,559 444,105 393,183 56,917 205,454 D

15:4, GOV ... 751,710 76,317 1896, Pres ... 4551,369 819,838 1897, Ch. Jus. 554,680 493,791 1898, GOV ... 643,921 661,707 1900, GOV ... 693,733 804,859 1900, Pres ... 5578,386 821,992 1902, GOV ... 656,347 655,150 1904, Dres ... 829,647 655,150

tal.

Progressive.

Republican.

Democrat.

1Coughlan	******* 9'9!							1	051		Tot	304	
2. A. E. Smith.	3,25	1 Cohe	1	• • • • • • • • • •	422	Sprayers	gan		1,051 1.674				
L. Coughian. L. A. E. Smith. II. E. Oxford. A. J. Levy. Walker. Silverstein. McElligott. Schalln. Donohue. Carpenberg. Campbell. Campbel	2,72	9 Node	11		383	Slutsky.	,		1,414	œ	Rich- mond.	00,00	808 808
Walker	5,07	8 Horte	011	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	944	Canavan			1,106	2	-	73	222
McElligott	4,50	3 Barch	ay	 . 	1,083	McCarth	Y		1,309	2	Queens	∆. α 4. α	3,101
Schalin.	1.85	5 Livin	igstou		576	Suffin			2,298	M	Ş	C3	-
Greenberg	2,23	8 Weis	S	•••••••••	772	Birnkraı	It		2,247	0	6	19	35.
Kerrigau	4,75	10 Heni	ıy	• • • • • • • • • • •	1,769	Nensisus	·		194	ŏ	ings.	. 75 ¢	200
Campbell	4,82	a Bosse 4 Ryan	rt	,	2.533	Webber			1,091		×	3"	0
Tudor	4.3	8 Thon	ipson		1,746	Bandry.			1.125	Z	1 1 1	8:5	23
Ward	4.47	0 Craw	ford	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,542	Dyett			3.028	₹.	Bronz.	တ္ဖ	112,010 14,193
Eisner	4,50	3 Bour	ke		2,774	Salinger			2,957	ы	da -	12	'=-
Goldberg	3,8	5 Loeff	el		1,040	Broderic	k		1.896	z	tan,		
McGrath	4 08	Halll	ou leimer.		810	Kahrs			a,090 1.520	씾	. 1	= :	50 m
Kane	4,5	5 Nelso	n		2,664	Palmer.			4,313	빞	9	- er	2.0
2. Weil	3,97	1 0'Ne	ill		5 192	Moore		•••••	1,869	ES	Governor	T. 2	Straus, Prog Russell, Soc
Kiernan	2.81	8 Swar	tz	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	615	Simpson			$\frac{0.352}{1.357}$	2	9	Ser	sel
Knobb	3,31	2 Stode	lart		2,800	Essig	• • • •		1,664		- 1	3	a i
Carver	3,04	ы sand 21 Spen	ers cer		2.397	Meyer .		••••	678 1.750	o,		y. =	. X. ==
Cottillo	2,1	6 Wov	ello		722	Findlate	·r		1,756	91	-:	986	35.4
Carsall	3,81	Falcl	kner		2 733	Baldwin			2,493	18	Total	213	33.5
Knobb. Greenberg Carver Cottillo Carsall Cuvillier Sternberg Gibbs Lane McMahon Hausnier	3.3	34 Jano	roner		1,726	Schaap.			5.392			က်	44.
2., Gibbs	11.2	30 Grins	sler		3,045	Wachtel	l. 	• • • • • • •	6.675	쁜	ich-	53.0	8 E 8 E 8
McMahon	9.3	11 Lesii 167 Fleci	e		3.204	Hensche	-i		2,973 7 167	0	至音	00 0	ວົດວົ
Hausnier	8,7	47 Yule			3,511	Gross			4,327	>	os l	7:	3.5
										ı×ı	Queens	0.0	1.42 to
			191	2.			0.000			08	3	C.	7
T 0	Clause T												
For Supreme Dem., 163,007: B	Court Justi	1 ce, Firs	t Distric 249: Gi	ct—Don lbert. R	nelly, tep., 6	Dem.,16 33.553: F	litchin	w nita i gs. Pr	er,	9	. 1	- 00 S	65.25
For Supreme Dem., 163,007: E 9,900; Fltzgerald	Court Just Brown, Rep Prog., 89,6	lce,Firs 54, 376; Blo	t Distric 249: Gi	ct—Don lbert, R	nelly, tep., 6 D; Hile	Dem.,16 33,553; F quitt, Soc	litchin 2., 15,3	w nitar gs, Pr 69; Kin	er, og., ids,	-	ing.		1,173
For Supreme Dem., 163,007: E 19,900; Fltzgerald Proh., 482; Willian 63.	Court Just Brown, Rep , Prog., 89,6 mson, Proh	lce,Firs p., 54,2 376; Blo ., 5,687	t Distric 249: Gl ock, Soc ; Hietzi	ct—Don lbert, R e., 16,720 ner, Soc.	inelly, tep., 6 0; Hile . Lab.,	Dem.,16 33,553; F quitt, Soc , 978; De	litehin Litehin L., 15,30 utsch,	w nitar gs, Pre 69; Kin Soc. La	er, og., ids, ib.,	> 3	Kings.	109	12.2
For Supreme	Court Jus	tice. Se	cond Di	strict-						EW Y		109	12.2
For Supreme lng, Dem., 138,3	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se ett, Rej	cond Di p., 109,	strict— 669.	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	NEW Y		157 109	38.22 ECIL
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	ER NEW Y	Brota.	157 109	ica
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	TER NEW Y		157 109	18,124
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	TER NEW Y	Brota.	157 109	18,124
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	ER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	166,157 109	rog. 98,985 71
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	EATER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	166,157 109	Prog. 98,985 71
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	REATER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	166,157 109	Prog. 98,985 71
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	REATER NEW Y	Brota.	166,157 109	Prog. 98,985 71
For Supreme	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	REATER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	166,157 109	Prog. 98,985 71
ob. For Supreme Ing, Dem., 188,3 VOTE FOR S. TFOR Secretary 170g., 353,170; A. 396. For Compiling, Prog., 341,1 Asb., 4,373. For 3avcroft, Prog., 20c., 61,284; Wo eer and Survey 170g., 351,226; Frog., 351,2	Court Jus 198; Fawce	tice, Se	cond Di p., 109,	strict—	Jenks	, Dem., 3	03,387	; F. M	an-	REATER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	166,157 109	, Prog. 98,985 71
For Supreme llng, Dem., 138,3 Por FOR ST FOR ST FOR S.353,170; A 5,396. For Comp king, Prog., 341,1 Aab., 4,373. For Sawcroft, Prog., 2048, Ind., 12,67 Dem., 651,875; S 60c., 61,284; Wo leer and Survey. Prog., 351,226; F	Court Jus 198; Fawer 198; Fawer 198; Fawer 199; Fawer 199; Satte 199; Satte 1	tice, Sett, Rep FICER -May, 61,548; ohmer, , Soc Kenn Ehreni Soc. Lal Rep oh., 20,	cond Di p., 109,6 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457; nedy, D tried, S b., 4,291 457,838 175; Jo 587; Mo	strict—669. 912—V. 649,073 t, Proh. 658,392 Clause em., 65 oc., 61, For ; Palmi sy, Soc. 39; Will ott, Pro	Jenks OTE ; Hu; , 20,2; ; Cum n, Pro 0,513; 311; Atton eri, F, Lab., liams, h., 19,	OF ENT go, Rep. 40; Moc h., 19,79; Archer Amldon, rney-Gen Prog., 35- 4,403. Rep., 5 ,950; De	O3,387 FIRE , 460,6 onelis, , Rep. , Rep. , Proh leral 4,450; For St 661,822 Lee,	; F. M STAT: Soc. L ₆ Soc. L ₆ , 463,9 wns, S 458,1 19,9 Carmo Sloboc ate E ₁ ; Lela Soc. L ₆	an-	REATER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	166,157 109	Prog. 98,985 71
For Supreme lng, For Supreme lng, Dem., 138,3 For Secretary rog., 353,170; A. 396. For Com; Sing, Prog., 341,1 ab., 4,373. For Sawcroft, Prog., 20c., 61,284; Wo leer and Survey rog., 351,226; F	Court Jus 198; Fawer 198; Fawer 198; Fawer 199; Fawer 199; Satte 199; Satte 1	tice, Sett, Rep FICER -May, 61,548; ohmer, , Soc Kenn Ehreni Soc. Lal Rep oh., 20,	cond Di p., 109,6 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457; nedy, D tried, S b., 4,291 457,838 175; Jo 587; Mo	strict—669. 912—V. 649,073 t, Proh. 658,392 Clause em., 65 oc., 61, For ; Palmi sy, Soc. 39; Will ott, Pro	Jenks OTE ; Hu; , 20,2; ; Cum n, Pro 0,513; 311; Atton eri, F, Lab., liams, h., 19,	, Dem., 3	O3,387 FIRE , 460,6 onelis, , Rep. , Rep. , Proh leral 4,450; For St 661,822 Lee,	; F. M STAT: 551; C Soc. La , 463,9 wns, S 458,1 19,9 Carmo Slobode ate En ; Lela Soc. La	E. all, ab., 01: 60c. 74: 102; dy, liln, ngi-nd, ab.,	REATER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	166,157 109	Prog. 98,985 71
For Supreme llng, Dem., 138,3 Por FOR ST FOR ST FOR S.353,170; A 5,396. For Comp king, Prog., 341,1 Aab., 4,373. For Sawcroft, Prog., 2048, Ind., 12,67 Dem., 651,875; S 60c., 61,284; Wo leer and Survey. Prog., 351,226; F	Court Jus 198; Fawee 198; Fawee 198; Fawee 198; State- 11len, Soc., 1906; Smith Treasurer 341,581; 2; Kuhn, \$2 341,581; 2; Kuhn, \$0 70-Bensel 1991. 1991.	FICER -May, 61,548; ohmer, SocKenn Ehren Soc. Lan Rep. sh., 20, sh., 20, c., 61,5	cond Dip., 109,6 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457; neried, 8 b., 4,29 4,57,838 175; Joseph MAYC	strict—669. 912—V. 649,073 t. Proh. 658,392 Clause em., 65 co., 61. 1. For ; Palmi ss, Soc. 39; Will ott, Prol	Jenks OTE ; Hu; , 20,2; ; Cum n, Pro 0,513; 311; Atton eri, F, Lab., liams, h., 19,	OF ENT go, Rep. 40; Moc h., 19,79; Archer Amldon, rney-Gen Prog., 35- 4,403. Rep., 5 ,950; De	O3,387 FIRE , 460,6 onelis, , Rep. , Rep. , Proh leral 4,450; For St 661,822 Lee,	; F. M STAT 551; C Soc. Lg, 463,9 wns, S 458,1 19,9 Carmo Sloboc ate Er ; Lela Soc. Lg ORK, 1905. Manhat	E. all, ob., o1. soc. 74: dy, iln, ngi-nd, ab.,	CREATER NEW Y	Fresident, Manhal-	Wilson, Dem 166,157 109	Roosevelt, Prog. 98,985 71 Debs, Soc 18,124 11
For Supreme lng, For Supreme lng, Dem., 138,3 For Secretary rog., 353,170; A. 396. For Com; Sing, Prog., 341,1 ab., 4,373. For Sawcroft, Prog., 20c., 61,284; Wo leer and Survey rog., 351,226; F	Court Jus 98; Fawee Parte OFI of State- llen, Soc., ptroller—S. 06; Smith Treasurer 341,581; 2; Kuhn, stethbrink, odruff, Pro or—Bensel urman, So VOTI 1901.	tice, Sett, Rep FICER -May, 61,548; ohmer, , Soc Kenn Ehreni Soc. Lal Rep oh., 20,	cond Di p., 109,6 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457; nedy, D tried, S b., 4,291 457,838 175; Jo 587; Mo	strict—669. 912—V. 649,073 t, Proh. 658,392 Clause em., 65 oc., 61, For ; Palmi sy, Soc. 39; Will ott, Pro	Jenks OTE ; Hu; , 20,2; ; Cum n, Pro 0,513; 311; Atton eri, F, Lab., liams, h., 19,	OF ENT go, Rep. 40; Moc h., 19,79; Archer Amldon, rney-Gen Prog., 35- 4,403. Rep., 5 ,950; De	O3,387 FIRE , 460,6 onelis, , Rep. , Rep. , Proh leral 4,450; For St 661,822 Lee,	STAT: Soc. Ls., 463,9 wns, S. 458,1 19,9 Carmo Sloboc ate En; Lela Soc. Ls. ORK. 1905. Manhat tan and	E. all, b., ol., ol., ol., ol., ol., ol., ol., ol	CREATER NEW Y	Manhat- tan, Brota.	Wilson, Dem 166,157 109	Roosevelt, Prog. 98,985 71 Liebs, Soc. 18,124 11
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For Supreme Ing, Dem., 138,3 VOTE FOR SI FOR Secretary rog., 353,170; A 396. For Com, Ling, Prog., 341,7 ab., 4,373. For Swercott. Prog., 341,7 ab., 4,373. For Swercott. Prog., 341,10,00; 61,284; Wo eer and Survey rog., 351,226; F,414.	Court Jus 98; Fawee 198; Fawee 198; Fawee 199; Fawee 19	tice, Settt, Rep FICER -May. 61.548: ohmer, -SocKenn Ehren Soc. Lal Rep. oh., 20, oh., 20, -Sol EFOR	cond Dip., 109,0 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457; nedy, Dirtied, S b., 4,29; 457,838 175; Jo., 6498,8 187; Ma	strict—669. 912—V. 649.073 t. Proh. 658.392 Clause em., 65 oc., 61. For: Palmi ss. Soc. 339; Will btt, Prod. Richmond. 6,009 6,772 772	Jenks OTE : Hu; . 20,2: : Cunn n, Pro 0,513 .311; Attor eri, F Lab., llams, h., 19, GREA	, Dem., 3 OF EN7 go, Rep. 40; Moc iningham h, 19,75; ; Archer Amidon, rney-Gen ryog., 35; 4,403. Rep., 5,950; De	O3,387 FIRE , 460,6 onelis, , Rep.)3: Do , Rep. Proh eral - 4,450: For St 61,822 Lee,	; F. M STAT: 551; C Soc. Ls, 463,9 wns, S 458,1 19,9 Carmo Slobod ate Et; Lela Soc. Ls ORK. 1905. Manhat tan and Bronx. 140,264	E. all, alb., 01; 60c. 74: 10dy, 1lln, ngl-nd, 1b., 686 61	CREATER NEW Y	President, Manbat-	Wilson, Dem 166,157 109	Ricosevelt, Prog. 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98,
For Supreme Ing, Dem., 138,3 VOTE FOR SI FOR Secretary rog., 353,170; A 396. For Com, Ling, Prog., 341,7 ab., 4,373. For Swercott. Prog., 341,7 ab., 4,373. For Swercott. Prog., 341,10,00; 61,284; Wo eer and Survey rog., 351,226; F,414.	Court Jus 98; Fawee 198; Fawee 198; Fawee 199; Fawee 19	tice, Sett, Rep FICER -May, 61,548; ohmer, Soc., Kenn Ehren Soc. Lal Rep., bh., 20, , Dem. c., 61,5	cond Dip., 109,0 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457: nedy. Dirick, 239 457,838 175; Jo. MAYC	strict—669. 912—V. 649.073 t. Proh. 658.392 Clause em., 65 cons. 658.392 Will bott, Fron Rich mond. 6,009 6,709	Jenks OTE : Hu; . 20,2: : Cunn n, Pro 0,513 .311; Attor eri, F Lab., llams, h., 19, GREA	, Dem., 3 OF EN7 go. Rep. 40; Moo iningham h., 19,73; ; Archer Amidon, rney-Gen rrog., 35; 4,403. Rep., 5,950; De	O3,387 FIRE , 460,6 onelis, , Rep.)3: Do , Rep. Proh eral - 4,450: For St 61,822 Lee,	; F. M STAT: 51; C Soc. La, 463,9 wns, S 458,1: 19,9 Carmo Sloboo ate En; Lela Soc. La ORK. 1905. Manhat tan and Broux. 140,264 64,28; 123,29;	E. all, ab., 01; 600; 600; 600; 600; 600; 600; 600;	CREATER NEW Y	President, Manbat-	Wilson, Dem 166,157 109	Ricosevelt, Prog. 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98, 98,
For Supreme lng, Dem., 138,3 VOTE FOR S. For Secretary rog., 353,170; A. 396. For Com, Sing. Prog., 341,1 Aab., 4,373. For Sweroft, Prog., 341, 280c., 61,284; Wo neer and Survey Prog., 351,226; F. Shepard, Dem., Shepard, Dem., Manierre, Proh., Jan., 41,414.	Court Jus 98; Fawee 198; Fawee 198; Fawee 199; Fawee 19	E FOR Brook-lyn. Brok-lyn. Brok-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. 114,625	cond Dip., 109,0 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457, fried, 8,29 b., 4,29 457,838 175; Jo., 649,8; 587; Mc	strict—669. 912—V. 649.073 t. Proh. 658.392 Clause em., 65 oc., 61. 1. For; Palmi ss, Soc. 339; Will ott, Pro Richmond. 6,009 6,772 71	Jenks OTE : Hu; . 20,2: : Cunn n, Pro 0,513 .311; Attor eri, F Lab., llams, h., 19, GREA	, Dem., 3 OF EN7 go. Rep. 40; Moo iningham h., 19,73; ; Archer Amidon, rney-Gen rrog., 35; 4,403. Rep., 5,950; De	O3,387 FIRE , 460,6 onelis, , Rep.)3: Do , Rep. Proh eral - 4,450: For St 61,822 Lee,	; F. M STAT. 551; C. Soc. La. 463,9 wns, S. 458,1 . 19,9 Carmo Sloboe ate Er; Lela Soc. La. 1905. Manhat tan and Bronx. 140,236 64,280 123,29;	an- E. all, ab., 001. 001. 74: 002; dy, lin, agl- nd, bb., 686 6184	CREATER NEW Y 1835 1835	President, Manbat-	Wilson, Dem 166,157 109	Reoseach, Prog. 98, 987 19
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For Supreme Ing, Dem., 138,3 VOTE FOR SI FOR Secretary rog., 353,170; A 396. For Com, Ling, Prog., 341,7 ab., 4,373. For Swercott. Prog., 341,7 ab., 4,373. For Swercott. Prog., 341,10,00; 61,284; Wo eer and Survey rog., 351,226; F,414.	Court Jus 98; Fawce 198; Fawce 198; Fawce 199; Fawce 19	FICER - May - 61.548; ohmer - 80. Lal Rep - 19. No c. Lal Rep - 19. No c. 61.6 FOR - 19. See - 1	cond Dip., 109,0 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457, fried, 8,29 b., 4,29 457,838 175; Jo., 649,8; 587; Mc	strict—669. 669. 649.073 t. Proh. 658.392 (Clause em., 65 c. 61 t. For ; Palmi ss. Soc. 39; Wilbutt, Prob. OR OF (Mich. 1998) (1998)	Jenks OTE ; Hun, 20,2; Cun n, Pro,0,513,311; Attore Liams, h., 19 GREA	, Dem., 3 OF ENT go, Rep. 40; Mooningham oh., 19,7; ; Archer Amidon, rney-Gen rrog., 35 4,403. Rep., 5,950; De ATER N dellan, De s, Rep st, M. O. 3	rire , 460.6 onelis, Rep. 33: Do , Rep. Proh leral— 4,450: For St 61,822 Lee,	; F. M STAT: 551; C. Soc. L4, 463,9 wns. 458,1 19,9 Carmo Sloboc ate Er ; Lela Soc. L2 ORK. 1905. Manhat tan and Bronx. 140,264 64,288 123,29: 1909 Manhat tan and Bronx.	Bro ly 84	CREATER NEW Y	President Manhat.	Wilson, Dem 166,157	Richer Prog. 20, 101 Prog. 20,
For Supreme Ing, Dem., 138,3 For Secretary 170g., 353,170; A. 396. For Comp (ing, Prog., 341,1.) Ab., 4,373. For 3avs, Ind, 12,67 3ew., 651,875; S. 30c., 61,284; Wo eer and Survey 170g., 351,226; F.,414. Shepard, Dem	Court Jus 98; Fawee 98; Fawee 109, Fawee 109, Soc. 109,	E FOR Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn. Brook-lyn.	cond Dio., 109,0 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457; nedy. Dirick, 85,0,4,4,29 Kred, 85,0,4,4,29 Kred, 87,5,38 Kred, 87,5,38 Kred, 87,5,38 MAYC	strict—669. 649.073 t. Proh. 658,392 (Clause em., 65, 650, 61, 1. For r. Palmi ss, Soc. 39; Will ott, Pro. OR OF 6,772 71 120 Richmond. 6,458	Jenks OTE : Hun : 20,2 : Cun n, Pro 0,513 311; Attor liams, h., 19, GREA	, Dem., 3 OF EN7 go, Rep. 40; Mooningham oh., 19,75; Archer Amidon. rney-Gen rrog., 35 4,403. Rep., 5 950; De ATER N	03,387 FIRE , 460,6 nellis, , Rep. 93; Do , Rep. eraso- Fro St 661,822 Lee, EW Y	; F. M STAT: 551; C. Soc. Ls. 463,9 wns. S. 458,1; Carmoo Sloboc ate Er: 19.95 Manhat tan and Bronx. 140,25 64,28 123,29; 1909 Manhat tan and Bronx. 134,075	Brod ly 91 Brod ly 91	OOK- 1,788 1,922 1,835 1,000 1	Quee	1987 1997 1997 Dem. 1987 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997	Roosevelt, Prog. 18,124 11, 12, 12, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13
For Supreme dng, Dem., 138,3 VOTE FOR ST For Secretary rog., 353,170; A 396. For Comging, Prog., 351,170; A 374. For Sweroft, Prog. averoft, Prog. averoft, Prog. averoft, Prog. averoft, Prog., 351,226; F 414.	Court Jus 998; Fawee 989; Fawee 998; Fawee 9	tice, Sett, Rej FICER -May, 61,548; ohmer, Soc., Soc., Kenn Ehrent Soc. Lal Rep., , Dem. c., 61, 20, , Dem. 88,858 114,625 1,638 2,692	cond Dip., 109.4 p., 109.4 S IN 1 Dem., Wrigh Dem., Wrigh Dem., 61,457; nedy, Diried, S b., 4,39,457,838 IT75; Jo Queens. 13,679 13,113 74 181; 613	strict—669. 669. 649.073 t. Proh. 658.392 Clause em., 65 c., 61. i. For ; Palmi sa, Soc. 29; Will the Proh. 6,772 6,72 71 120 Richmond. 6,009. Richmond. 6,4687 6,687	Jenks OTE: Hu. 20,2; Cun , 20,2; Cun n, Prc 0,513 Attoi liams, h., 19, GRE MeCU lvins Hean	, Dem., 3 OF EN7 go, Rep. 40: Moo mingham oh., 19,75; Archer Amidon, rney-Gen rog., 35 4,403. Rep., 5 950: De ATER N dellan, De, s, Rep rst, M.O.	03,387 FIRE , 460,6,460,600,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,1	; F. M STAT 151: C Soc. Lt. 463.9 463.9 458.1 19.0 151: Car mood at 68.1 19.0 161: Car mood at 68.1 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19	Brogling - Brogling -	OR- 1,192 1,193 1,	Quee 13, 77 111 15 15 17 17 17 17	Milson, Dem. 196, 127, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128	Robert Prog. 99,495 11.
For Supreme	Court Jus 998; Fawee 989; Fawee 998; Fawee 9	tice, Setti, Rej FICER - May, 61.548; ohmer, Soc., - Kenn Ehren Soc. La Rep., bh., 20, bh., 20, 50, 50 ft., 20, 50	cond Dio, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 109, 6 1, 118, 6	strict—669. 649.073 t. Proh. 658,392 (Clause em., 65, 650, 61, 1. For r. Palmi ss, Soc. 39; Will ott, Pro. OR OF 6,772 71 120 Richmond. 6,458	Jenks OTE: Hu. 20,2; Cun , 20,2; Cun n, Prc 0,513 Attoi liams, h., 19, GRE MeCU lvins Hean	, Dem., 3 OF EN7 go, Rep. 40; Mooningham oh., 19,75; Archer Amidon. rney-Gen rrog., 35 4,403. Rep., 5 950; De ATER N	03,387 FIRE , 460,6,460,600,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,1	; F. M STAT 151; C. Soc. L. 463.9 458.1; A63.9 458.1; Slobod ate Er Soc. Ls ORK. 1905. Maphat tan and Bronx. 140.26 438.1 140.26 123.29; 1909. Maphat 134.7	Bro ly 6884 499 3 3	CREATER NEW Y	Quee (an) Brown 113. 7. 115. 11. 115. 11. 115. 11. 115. 11. 11	196,157 109 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Prog. 98,985 71

NORTH CAROLINA

	P	RESIDE:	īT,	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
Counties.	Wil-		,Roose-			-	-
(99.)	son,	Taft, Rep.	velt.	Craig, Dem.	Settle, Rep.	Mear Prog.	3
	Dem.		Prog.	1			- 1
Alamance	2,132 852	150 523	1,637 497	2,168 871	324 852		,
Alleghany	652	208	256	676	366	103	3
Anson	1,487	125	118	1,513	135	641	
Ashe,	1.643 217	478 138	1,241 950	227	1,027 172	817	1
Asne	1,605	295	548	1,825	293	482	1
Bertie	1.571 1,140	43 33	61 511	1,636 1,229	28 43	57 414	
Bladen Brunswick Buncombe	777	280	456	827	380	201	1
Buncombe Burke	3,716	426 48	2 285 1,288	3,875 1,375	1,045 91	1,493 1,211	- 1
Cabarrus	1,365 1,738	389	1.284	1 1,864	1,094	782	İ
Cabarrus Caldwell Camden	1,627	482 40	1, 167 62	1,661 317	593 29	828 48	1
Carteret	1.153	218	537	1,165	222	489	
Caswell	705	154 203	45		202 300	10	1
Catawba	2.110 1.052	70	1,872 1,343	2,136 1,683	155	1,763 1,219	1
Cherokee	906	734	477	949	1,165	74	İ
Chowan	663 372	60 17	77 887	695 381	48 9	60 386	
Cleveland	2.551	81	943	2.398	114	845	
Columbus Craven	1.668	155 79	892 190	1,894 1,859	343 118	.424 135	
Cumberland	1.678	235	870	1,786	499	480	
Currituck Dare	622 397	6 238	8 80	629 391	21 243	4 14	
Davidson	2.484	1.509	1,143	2,305	2.118	567	1
Davie Duplin	823 1,757	810 33	345 1,066	1 835	1,082 46	68 970	
Durham	2,197	126	1.204	1,829 2,264	349	932	
Edgecombe Forsyth	1.85I 3,042	101	77 1;262	1,823 3,119	$\frac{93}{2,646}$	43 312	
Franklin	1,856 2,333	71	346	$\frac{1.941}{2,363}$	113	202	
Gaston	2,333 618	71 244 95 261	1,297 179	2,363 640	390 110	1,076 100	l.
Graham	416	261	223	431	411	72	ľ
Granville Greene	1,561	192 152	343 152	1,670	289 163	198 99	
Guilford	5,830	460	1,979	3,874	661	1.685	
Guilford Halifax	2.300 1,364	42 148	135 1,035	2, 334	40 208	120 901	
Harnett Haywood	2.068	357	861	$\frac{1.409}{2.087}$	561	695	1
menderson	$\frac{1.092}{742}$	471	380	1,086	695 88	865 53	
Hertford Hoke	626	61 63	105 40	764 658	24	32	1
Hyde	636	76	300	685	57	236	
Hyde Iredell Jackson	2,528 1,210	392 315	729	$\frac{2,649}{1,233}$	512 764	1,000	
Jonnston	1,210 2,757	1,335	1,083	2.959	1,761	502 66	
Jones	635 862	35 451	125	694 888	76 95	386	ľ
Lee Lenoir Lincoln	$\frac{1,568}{1,280}$	140	347	1,666	214	201	
Macon	$\frac{1.280}{1.020}$	122	1,066	1,324 1,056	67 314	1,015	
Madison	8071	134	1,320	925	842	900	
Martin McDowell	1,251	430 229	34 773	1.264 1,062	231 886	18 189	
Mecklenburg	3.961	343	533	4-110	452	342 717	
Mitchell Montgomery	$\frac{385}{1,012}$	325 203	716 846	$\frac{412}{1,132}$	177 291	668	ľ
Moore	1 1671	144	678	1 908	464	410	
Nash New Hanover	1.862 2.021	252 140	576 107	1,922 1,990	$\frac{200}{211}$	426 69	
Northampton	1,625	57	53	1.672	43	42	1
Onslow	997	66 172	550 821	904	55 516	444 468	
Orange Pamlico	694	74	329	703	108	279	
Pasquotank Pender	972 967	19	184 268	1.011	$\frac{61}{21}$	117 234	
Perquimans	647	998	44	686	310	42 62	'
Person	820 2, 303	784 347	184 433	847 2,420	811 457	62 239	
Polk	675	153	501	676	621	5	
Randolph	2,665	370 82	1.809	2,828	475 116	1,759 85	1
robeson	$\frac{1.319}{2.706}$	154	660	1,357 3,103	211	344	
Rockingham	1,939 $2,748$	694 280	778 1,537	$\frac{1,997}{2,839}$	899 808	453 961	
100 W 411	4, 140	200	1,001	a, 000	000	201	

NORTH CAROLINA-Continued.

	P	1912.	NT,	G	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Danie,	Settle, Rep.	Mears Prog.		
Rutherford	2,180	82	1,553	2, 241	165	1,423		
Sampson	1,265				176	2,366		
Scotland	751	9		774	8	48		
Stanly	1,702	105	1,548	1,742	600	1,005		
Stokes	1,144		210	1,168	1,585	48		
Surry	1,919	2,277	608	2,006	2,529	288		
Swain	766				789			
Transylvania	651	107			310	321		
Tyrrell	297	224		382	309	43		
Union	1,786	92		1,724	114	326		
Vance	1,204	168		1,223	199	151		
Wake	3,996	282	1,517	4.221	593	943		
Warren	987	112	46	1,044		22		
Washington	503	384		509	471	39		
Watauga	933	420	819		723	455		
Wayne	2,295	95	1,090		131	948		
Wilkes	1,636	331	2,571	1,622	528	2,332		
Wilson	1,741	82	561	1,877	65	442		
Yadkin	713	791	599	774	1,068	426		
Yancey	1.112	60	1,036	1, 150	50	1.028		
Total	144507	29,139	69,130	149975	43,625	49, 930		
Plurality	75377			100045				
Percent	59, 27	11.95		61.58	17. 91	20.50		
Whole vote	2	43,918	, ,	5	243, 530			

For President in 1912 Debs, Soc., received 1,025 votes; Chafin, Proh., 117.

For Governor in 1912 Hodges, Soc., received 944 votes.

For President in 1900 McKinley, Rep., received 133,081 votes; Bryan, Dem., 157,752 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

Beaufort, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell, and Washington, Small, Dem., 12,537, Leggett, Prog., 202. Small's majority, 12,335.

- II. Bertie, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Lenoir, Northampton, Warren, and Wilson, Claude Kitchen, Dem., 11.09; Brown, Prog., 982. Kitchen's majority, 10,109.
- III. Carteret, Craven, Duplin, Jones, Onslow, Pamlico, Pender. Sampson, and Wayne. Faison, Dem., 11.624; Kennedy, Prog., 6,042; Faison's majority, 5,582.
- IV. Chatham. Franklin, Johnston, Nash, Vance, and Wake. Pon. Dem., 13,906; Mitchell, Prog., 3,586. Pon's majority, 10,320.
- V. Alamance, Caswell, Durham, Forsyth, Granville, Gullford, Orange, Person, Rockingham, Stokes, and Surry, Stedman, Dem., 21,075; Curry, Prog., 15,985; Greene, Rep., 499. Stedman's majority, 4,611.
- VI. Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, Cumberland, Harnett, New Hanover, and Robeson. Godwin, Dem., 13,028; no opposition; Scattering, 181.
- VII. Anson, Davidson, Davie, Hoke, Lee, Montgomery, Moore, Randolph, Richmond, Scotland, Union, Wilkes, and Yadkin. Page, Dem., 17,873; Lawn, Prog., 12,449. Page's majority, 5,424.
- VIII. Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Iredell, Rowan, Staply, Watauga. Donghton, Dem., 15,180; Reynolds, Prog ,12.078. Doughton's majority, 8,102.
- IX. Avery, Burke, Catawba, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Madison, Mecklenburg, Michell, and Yancey. Webb, Dem., 17,073; Paul, Rep., 2,228; Smith, Prog., 7,869. Webb's majority, 6,976.

NORTH CAROLINA—Continued.

X. Counties of Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay, Gra-ham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, McDow-ell, Macon, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Tran-sylvania, Gudger, Jr., Dem., 16,183; Staton, Prog., 14,237. Gudger's majority, 1,346.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Locke Craig; Lieutenant-Governor, E. L Daughtridge; Secretary of State, J. B. Grimes; Treasner, B. R. Lacy; Anditor, W. P. Wood; Attorney-General, T. W. Bickett; Superintendent of Education, J. Y. Joyner; Commissioner of Agri-culture, W. A. Graham; Commissioner of Inculture, W. A. Graham; Commissionsurance, J. R. Young-all Democrats.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Walter Clark, Dem.; Justices, Geo. H. Brown, Dem.; Wm. A. Hoke, Dem.; Wm. R. Allen, Dem.; P. D. Walker, Dem.; Clerk, L. Seawell, Dem.

STATE LEG	BISLATU	RE, 1913.	
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Democrats		104	151
		6	107
Republicans			
Progressives	. 2	10	12
	_	_	
Democratic majority	. 44	98	132
VOTE OF THE	STATE	SINCE 1	.880.
Den	ı. Ren.	Gr, P	roh, Maj.
1880. President124.2	04 115,878	1,136	*8,326 D
1884. President142,9	52 125,068		454 *17,884 D
1888, President147,9	02 134,784	2	,789 13,118 D
		Pop.	
1892. President 132,9	51 100,342	44,736 2	,636 32,609 D
	em. Rej		
1894. Ch. Justice 127	,593 1	48,344	20,751 RP

1894. Ch. Justice. 127,598 148,344 20,751 R. Drin. Rep. Pop. Prob. Plut. 1896. Governor . 145,216 154,652 30,932 8,335 Flux. Rep. X.D. ser. 19 986 8,936 R Fus. Rep. 1896. President . . . 174,488 155,222 675 19,266 F 578 Dem.

.... 17,938 D 1898. Judge......177,449 159,511 Soc. 1902. Jns. Sup. Ct 132,239 71,275 50,964 D 41,679 D 49,256 D 22,058 D 37,342 D 1904. President. . 124,121 82,442 361 1904. Governor...128,761 79,505 1908. President...136,995 114,937 237 109 360

310

* Plurality.

1908. Governor...145,102 107,760

NORTH DAKOTA.

							Treasurer, Gunder
	P	RESIDEN	T,	G	1912.	R,	son; Attorney-Gene
Counties.	1	1912.			1912.		intendent of Educa
(49.)	Wil-	Taft.	Roose-	Hell-	Hanna	Sweet,	sioner of Agricultur
(20.7	son,	Rep.	velt,	strom,	Rep.	Prog.	sioner of Insurance,
	Dem.	rec p.	Prog.	Dem.	Leop.		
Adams	249	205	305	186	588	79	G
Barnes	940	570	ชีวีอี	946	983	269	Supreme Court: Cl
Benson	594	51ô		667	968	358	Justices, Chas. J.
Billings	547	671	495	485	1,170	123	Goss, A. A. Bruce
Bottineau	825	700	625	900	972	316	Republicans, except
Bowman	361	302	258	492	482	40	STATE L
Burke	308	264	207	262	459	79	SIAIE L
Burleigh	609	720	552	768	1 099	136	Th
Cass	1,814	1,316	1,669	1,732	2,481	750	Republicans
Cavalier	932	561	746	1,091	957	255	Democrats
Dickey	723	494	354	754	671	177	The second and the
Divide	375	404	459	345	921	125	Rep. majority
Dunn	246	285	297	244	586	63	VOTE OF TH
Eddy	376	199	290	453	327	123	1012 01 11
Emmons	524	410		539	707	55	1894. Governor
Foster	403	285	232	417	455	77	1894. Governor
Grand Forks	1,492	955	1.327	1,730	1,480	578	1000 Descrident
Griggs	434	144	314	567	239	113	1896. President
Hettinger	381	442	288	307	822	43	1000 G
Kidder	218	322	210	205	498	83	1898. Governor
La Moure	588	436	419	600	645	181	1900. President
Logan	146	269	225	175	475	16	1900. Governor
McHenry	959	589	672	990	1,009	259	1003 Garrannan
McIntosh	125	202	607	323	519	106	1902. Governor 1904. President
McKenzie	293	285	228	258	500	91	1904. Governor
McLean	583	505	526	674	797	191	1906. Governor
Mercer	142	147	389	200	415	85 297	1908. President
Morton	1,017	1,011	1, 262	1,027	2,081	136	1908. Governor
Mountrail	807	407	347	273	730	198	1910. Governor
Nelson	526	448	511	608	743	199	Tate Governor

NORTH DAKOTA-Continued.

	P	1912.	т,	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Hell- strom, Dem.	Hanna Rep.	Sweet Prog.	
Oliver	139	131	178	146	299	58	
Pembina	975	615		1,089	1, 190		
Pierce	453	264	276	474	433		
Ramsey	917	739	472	995	1,078	151	
Ransom	490	495	540		763	217	
Renville	420	224	341	355	471	119	
Richland	1,380	1,034	742	1,497	1, 285	406	
Rolette	396		322	501	499	106	
Sargent	641	605	277	713	798	86	
Sheridan	170	306	447	170	565	165	
Stark	678	387	597	607	974	100	
Steele	253	237	444	373	290	292	
Stutsman	1,100	757	7:6	1,052	1,256	284	
Towner	532	352	317	568	544	114	
Traill	507	365	755	604	585	467	
Walsh	1,206	586	868	1,394	987	325	
Ward	1.071	686	1,065	1,004	1,441	42	
Wells	494	356	611	559	694	237	
Williams	696	549	402	661	880	167	
Total	29.555	23,090	25,726	31, 544	39.811	9,406	
Plurality	3,829				8.267		
Per cent	34.14	26, 67	29.73			10.74	
Whole vote		86,580] {	37,596		

For President in 1912, Devotes; Chafin, Proh., 1,243. Debs, Soc., received 6,966 For Governor in 1912, Bowen, Soc., received 6,835

For President in 1908, Hisgen, Ind., received 43

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Lovell, Dem., 9,609; Helgesen, Rep., 33,528; Durocher, Soc., 1,310. Minckler, Dem., 7,426; Young, Rep., 16,912;

Yoeder, Soc. , 1,922.

III. Halverson, Dem., 7,306; Norton, Rep., 12,935;

Leseuer, Soc. , 5, 254.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, L. B. Hanna; Lieutenant-Governor, Governor, L. B. Hanna; Lieutenant-Governor, A. T. Kraabel; Secretary of State, Thomas Hall; Treasurer, Gunder Olson; Auditor, C. O. Jorginson; Attorney-General, Andrew Miller; Superintendent of Education, E. J. Taylor; Commissioner of Agriculture, W. C. Gilbrath; Commissioner of Insurance, W. C. Taylor—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, B. F. Spalding; Justices, Chas. J. Fisk, E. T. Burke, E. B. Goss, A. A. Bruce; Clerk, R. D. Hoskins—all Republicans, except Fisk.

STATE	LEGISLAT	URE, 191	13.
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
leans	44	104	148

Democratis	•				
Rep. majority	38	97		135	
VOTE OF THE	STATI	ESINC	E 1894.		
	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	P/n.	
1894. Governor	8,188	23,723	9,354	14,369	R
			Proh.		
1896. President	20,686	26,335	358	5,649	\mathbf{R}
	Fus.				
1898. Governor	19,496	27,308		7,812	R
1900. President	20,519	35,891	731	15,372	
1900. Governor	22,275	34,052	560	11,777	R
	Dem.	•	Soc.		
1902. Governor	17,566	31,621	1,139	4,055	\mathbf{R}
1904. President	14,273	52,595	2,005		ĸ
1904. Governor	16,744	47,828	1,760	31,084	
1906. Governor	34,420	29,359	975	5,115	
1908. President	32,885	57,680	2,421	24,795	
1908. Governor	49,346	47,093	490	2,253	
1910. Governor	47,003	45,015	****	1,988	D

OHIO.

Counties.	P	RESIDE:	t,	G	OVERNO 1912.	n,
(88.)	Wil-		Rouse			Gar-
(***)	son,	Rep.	Roose-	Cox, Dem.	Brown	ford.
	Dem.		Prog.		Rep.	Prog.
Adams	2,279	1,863	563	2,258	1,944	502
Allen	5.696	2,638	2,337	5, 925	2.405	2, 236
Ashtabula	3,364	1,017 2,214	1,559	3,355 3,169	2 160	1,521 5,286
Athens	2,393	1 3.090	12.811	2.569	$2,160 \\ 2,988$	2,666
Auglaize	3,726	1,401	1 1 025	3, 767	1,403 4.813	955
Belmont	5,412	1 5 267	1,584 569	1 5, 192	4.813	1,966
Brown	3,451 7,763	1,650 3,431	1 787	3,529 8,662	2 068	1 220
Carroll	1,293	1,096	1,787 1,089	1,244	1,793 3,068 1,149	1,330 936
Butler	1,293 2,763 5,217 3,610	2,392	1.423	2 840	1 2 437	1,297
Clark	5,217	6,036	3,239	6,081 3,650	5.498	2, 953
Clark Clermont Clinton	2,010	$2.543 \\ 2.916$	1,115 841	2,019	2,627 $2,889$	943 815
Columbiana.	4,816	4.601	3,811			9 405
Coshocton	3.465	1,984	968	3,475	1,971	972
Coshocton Crawford Cuyahoga	4.733 43.610	1,432	1,176	3,475 4,741 43,512	1,392 13,599	1,104
Cuyanoga	5 027	$14,176 \\ 3,107$	33, 824 1, 175	4,991	2,982	33,910 816
Darke Defiance	5,027 2,784 2,934	879	1,439	2,947	906	1.315
Delaware	2.934	2,584	1,510	2,980 3,918	2,379 $2,522$	1,315
Erie	3,504	4.090	1,675	3,918	2,522	1,632
Fairfield Fayette	5,101 2,261	1,672	1,439 1,510 1,675 1,774	5,035 2,317	1,702 2,164 11,610	1,632 1,767 808
F'rankiin	20,697	2, 186 12, 791 929	11. 737	21 667	11 610	1.627
Fulton	1,805	929	11,737 2,304	1,789		$1,627 \\ 2,212$
Ciama	1,765	1,355	2.027	21,667 1,789 1,787 836	1,361	1,978
Geanga	$\frac{873}{2,107}$	579 3, 242	1,618 993	9 944	1,361 587 3,171	1,631 902
Guernsey	4. 720		1,373	2,244 2,736 47,319	3.369	1,235
Hamilton		42, 119	TK 8081	47, 319	42,700	12, 439
Hancock Hardin	4,309 3,912	$\frac{2,241}{2,775}$	1,757	4, 205 3, 910	$\frac{2.399}{2,798}$	1,659
Harrison	1./14	1,950	1,757 1,236 704	1,661	1,945	1,161 689
Henry	2.994	8041	1. Intil	3,070	852	1,073
Highland	$\frac{3,314}{2,295}$	2,757 1,354	1,116 935	3,324	2, 829	1,001 876
Hocking Holmes	2.429		581	$\frac{2.336}{2.428}$	1,364 448	588
Huron	3, 317	1,707	2,810	3, 413	1 641	2,783
Jackson	$\frac{2,049}{3,171}$	1,860 4,777 2,530	1,584	2,095	1,839 4,578 2,546	1.541
Jefferson Knox	3,632	2 530	2, 042 1, 226	$3,514 \\ 3,634$	2 546	1,850 $1,231$
Lake	1,429	1. 1991	2 115	1.362	1, 190	2,103
Lawrence	2,042	$\frac{2,650}{3,385}$	1,937 1,203 2,278	2.1391	2,686	1,807
Licking Logan	$\frac{4}{2}, \frac{438}{727}$		2 978	6,349 $2,773$	$\frac{4,177}{1,991}$	1.811 2,304
Lorain	4,591	2,226	5, 156	4.404	1, 9051	5.657
Lucas	13,999	0,623	12, 442		5, 042	12,600
Madison Mahoning	$\frac{2,172}{6,838}$	2, 271 5, 839	681	2,228 7,209	2,249 5,527	664
Marion	4,024	3,218	5,226 934		3,069	4,876 932
Medina	2, 108	660	2,514 1,353 570	2. 0221	6791	$\frac{2.581}{1,256}$
Meigs	1,738 3,591	2,129	1,353	1.850	2,112 1,284	1,256 481
Mercer Miami	4,310	1,324 3,615	9 (156)	$\frac{3,743}{4,675}$	3,448	1 763
Monroe	3.199	1,055	3801	3,207	1,088	1,763 362
Montgomery	15,544	1,055 10,341	6,236 705	3, 207 18, 252	1,088 9,115	5, 017
Morgan Morrow	1,633 1,880	1,448	1 124	1,660 1,849	1.529	596 1,157
Maskingum	5 376	1,240 4,134	1,124 3,207		1,175	2,795
Noble	1.842	1.804	0011	1,858	1,01/	
Ottawa Paulding	$\frac{2}{2}, \frac{728}{296}$	791	957	2,786	823 1,559	934 1.175
Perry	3.147	1,739	1,223 2,220	2,326 3,235	1,903	1.953
Pickaway	3, 311	1,542 1,739 2,282	909]	3.3181	9 9271	1,953 519
Pike Portage	$\frac{1,691}{2,855}$	1.184	2,583	1,726	1,222 1,207	371
Preble	2.859	$\frac{1,162}{2,135}$	910!	$\frac{2,868}{3,111}$	2.056	2,494 1 188
Putnam	4 0001	1.(00)	1,182	4 0211	2,056 966	1,940
Richland	5 201 4,494	$\frac{2,389}{3,600}$	2,058	5, 226	2,434	966
Ross Sandusky	4, 333	1,576	1,096 $2,103$	4,596	3,584 1,480	2,020 1,883
SC1010	3.5081	3,609	2, 0121	3,718	3, 426 2, 298	1.882
Seneca Shelby	5,082 3,305	2,362	2,062 678	5,320	2,298	625
Stark	9, 908	1,613 6,033	6.802	3, 433 9, 906	1.466 6,038	6,411 7,804
Summit Trumbull	9, 908 7, 786 3, 847	3,502 2,633	7,478 3,556	7.5721	3.2061	7, 804 3, 335 1,720
rumoull	3, 547	2,633)	a, 556l	3,196	2,737	1,720

OHIO-Continued.

0	P	1912.	т,	Governor, 1912.		
COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Cox, Dem.	Brown Rep.	Gar- ford, Prog.
Tuscarawas	4,978		1,749	5,051	3,416	
Union	2,362	2,051	1,209	2,371	2,065	1,037
Van Wert	3,287	2,490	1.050	3,315	2,469	
Vinton	1,228	952	581	1,238	982	
Warren	2,101	2,788		2,266		1,307
Washington	4,637	3,326	1,222	4,653	3,239	2,377
Wavne	4,737		2,351	4,636	1,644	726
Williams	2,875	1,145	2,081	2,932	1,404	1,759
Wood	4,356	2,020		4,333	2,226	2,842
Wyandot	2,848	1,409	854	2,906	1,383	83
Total		277066	229327	439323	272500	21790
	146086			166823		
Per cent	40.94	26, 80	22.19	42.38	26, 29	21.01
Whole vote.	1	,033,55	7	1	, 036, 73	31

For President in 1912, Debs, Soc., received 89,930 votes; Chafin, Pro., 11,459; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 2,623.

For Governor in 1912, Ruthenberger, Soc., received 87,709 votes; Poling, Pro., 16,607; Kircher, Soc. Lab., 2,689.

For Governor in 1910, Mailey, Soc. Lab., received 2,920 votes.

For President in 1908, Gillhaus, Soc. Lab., received 720 votes; Hisgen, Ind., 475; Watson, Pop., 163.

For President in 1904, Corrigan, Soc. Lab., received 2,633 votes; Watson, Pop., 1,392; there were scattering and void ballots not counted, 21,236.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

Districts.

- County of Hamilton (part). Bowdle, Dem., 22, 330; Longworth, Rep., 22,229; Andrew, Prog. 5.771; Zett, Soc., 2,853. Bowdle's plurality, 101.
- II. County of Hamilton (part). Allen, Dem., 26,066; Renner, Rep., 21,113; Hay, Prog., 4,940; Moore, Soc., 3,820. Allen's plurality, 4,553.
- III. Counties of Montgomery, Butler, and Preble. Gard, Dem., 26,711; Buckley, Rep., 15,333; Pease, Prog., 6,976; Strickland, Soc., 12,774; Huffman, Pro., 410. Gard's plurality, 11,372.
- IV. Counties of Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer, and Shelby. Goeke, Dem., 21,512; Cable, Rep., 10.267; Rudy, Prog., 4,993; Wilkins, Soc., 2,132; Bollinger, Pro., 1,091. Goeke's plurality, 11,245.
- V. Counties of Defiance, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert, and Williams. Ansberry, Dem., 20,691; Staley, Rep., 10,177; Kirks, Soc., 1,121. Ansberry's plurality, 9,914.
- VI. Counties of Brown, Clermont, Clinton, Greene, Highland, and Warren. Hempstead, Dem., 17,300; Fess, Rep., 18,090; Vandewort, Soc., 1,384. Fess's plurality, 790.
- VII. Counties of Clark, Fayette, Madison, Mlami, and Pickaway. Post, Dem., 19,301; Hughey, Rep., 18,595; Tibbetts, Soc., 3,002; Raup, Pro., 428. Post's plurality, 706.

OHIO-Continued.

- VIII. Counties of Champaign, Delaware, Hancock, Hardin, Logan, and Union. Durbin, Dem., 17,965; Willis, Rep., 19,379; Herbert, Prog., 5,429; Parthener, Soc., 1,430. Willis's plurality, 1,414.
- IX. Counties of Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa, and Wood. Sherwood, Dem., 26,523; Webster, Prog., 17,490; Devine., Soc., 5,769. Sherwood's plurality, 9,038.
- X. Counties of Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Pike, and Scioto. Caldwell, Dem., 13,424; Switzer, Rep., 13,606; Pricer, Prog., 7,091; Miller, Soc., 2,581. Switzer's plurality, 182.
- XI. Counties of Athens, Fairfield, Hocking, Meigs, Perry, Ross, and Vinton, Claypool, Dem., 21,469,; Douglass, Rep., 18,729; Smith, Soc., 3,519. Claypool's plurality, 2,740.
- XII. County of Franklin. Brumbaugh, Dem., 24,340; Taylor, Rep., 14,682; Bachman, Soc., 7,095; Schmidt, Pro., 450. Brumbaugh's plurality, 9,658.
- XIII. Counties of Crawford, Erie, Marion, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wyandot. Key, Dem., 26,895; McLaughlin, Rep., 13,021; Schiedler, Prog., 6,779; Maxwell, Soc., 3,272. Key's plurality, 13,874.
- XIV. Counties of Ashland, Huron, Knox, Lorain, Morrow, and Richland. Sharp, Dem., 25,522; Kerr, Rep., 14,142; Storek, Soc., 3,569. Sharp's plurality, 11,381.
- XV. Counties of Guernsey, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble, and Washington. White, Dem., 18,169; Joyce, Rep., 14,678; Baker, Prog., 4,988; Martin, Soc., 3,033; Orr, Pro., 531. White's plurality, 3,491.
- XVI. Counties of Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, Jefferson, and Monroe. Francis, Dem., 16,570; Hollingsworth, Rep., 15,781; Carson, Soc., 2,933. Francis's plurality, 789.
- XVII. Counties of Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Tuscarawas, and Wayne. Ashbrook, Dem., 25,453; Milne., Prog., 5,895; McCartin, Soc., 3,358. Ashbrook's plurality, 19,452.
- XVIII. Counties of Columbiana, Mahoning, and Stark. Whitacre, Dem., 23,936; McCullough, Rep., 23,305; LeLanskey, Soc., 7,617. Whitacre's plurality, 586.
- XIX. Counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Portage,
 Summit, and Trumbull. Bathrick, Dem.,
 20,251; Starkey, Rep., 11,574; Harris, Prog.,
 16,035; Sheplin, Soc., 7,805; Johnson, Pro.,
 804. Bathrick's plurality, 4,216.
- XX. Counties of Lake, Medina, and part of Cuyahoga. Gordon, Dem., 24,385; Howland, Rep., 12,733; Woods, Prog., 18,184; Willert, Soc., 5,240. Gordon's plurality, 6,191.
- XXI. County of Cuyahoga (part). Bulkeley, Dem., 20,742; Taft, Rep., 8,811; Hatton, Prog., 13,760; Ruppel, Soc., 5,059. Bulkeley's plurality, 6,982.

OHIO-Continued.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, J. M. Cox; Lieutenant-Governor, Hugh L. Nichols; Secretary of State, Charles H. Graves; Treasurer, J. M. Bronnan; Anditor, V. Donahey; Attorney-General, Timothy S. Hogan; Adjutant-General, not appointed; Commissioner of Insurance, Edmond H. Moore, Superintendent of Education, Frank W. Miller all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John A. Shanck, Rep.; Associate Justices, James G. Johnson, Maurice H. Donohue, J. F. Wilkin; O. Newman all Republicans; R. M. Wanamaker, Ind.; Clerk, Frank McKean, Republican.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913,

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot,
Republicaus	7	32	39
Democrats	26	88	114
Progressives		3	3
			-
Democratic majority.	19	53	72

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1884.

	Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Pro.	Plu,
1884.	Pres368,286	400,082	5,170	11,269	31,802 R
	Pres396,455	416,054		24,356	19,599 R
		,	Pop.		
1892.	Pres404,115	405,187	14,850	26,012	1,072 R
1895.	Gov334,519	427,141	52,675	21.264	92,622 R
1896.	Sec. of S.473,471	525.020		5.469	51,549 R
			N. D .	,	
1896.	Pres477,494	525,991	1.857	5,068	48.497 R
	Gov401,750	429.915	1.661	7,558	28,165 R
	Sec. of S.347,074	408,213		7.689	61.139 R
	,		Ind.	,	
1000	Gov368.176	417,199	106,721	5,825	49.023 R
1900.	Pres 474,862	543,918	Soc.	10,203	69,036 R
	0 000 505	103 003		0.050	00.500.10
	Gov 368.525	436,092	7,359	9,878	
	Sec. of S 345,706	436.171	14,270	12,336	
	Gov361,748	475,560	13,495	13,592	113,812 R
1904.	Pres 344,674	600,095	36,260	19,339	255,421 R
1905.	Gov473,264	430,617	17,795	13,061	42,647 D
1906.	Sec. of S.351,676	408,066	18,432	11,970	56,390 R
	Pres 502.721	572,312	33,795	11,402	
	Gov 552,569	533,197	28,573	7,665	19,372 D
	Gov 477,077	376,700	60,637	7,129	100,377 D

OKLAHOMA.

Counties.		PRESID	Governor, 1910.			
(77.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Debs'	Chafin Pro.	Cruce, Dem.	Mc- Neal, Rep.
Adair		850	147	11	753	693
Alfalfa	1,179	1,714	395	90	1,288	1,88
Atoka		669	567	11	1,005	630
Beaver		1,070			963	1,20
Beckham	1,566	648	874	21	1,524	620
Blaine	744	831	349		1,286	1,48
Bryan	. 2,278	711	842			94
Caddo		2,413				2,73
Canadian		1,794	339		1,941	2.14
Carter	. 1 860				2,116	89
Cherokee			138		1,291	1,26
Choctaw		692				76
Cimarron						41
Cleveland		938				94
Coal					1,166	61
Comanche						2,38
Cotton						
Craig	. 1,772					1,23
Creek	. 1.681					1.91
Custer	. 1,774	1,693	503			1,76
Delaware	ւ 1 983	732	174	10	924	70

OKLAHOMA-Continued

	· ·	- Jun	Conti	riucu,				
Counties.			12.			GOVERNOE, 1910.		
COUNTIES.	Wil-	1	1 -	Cha-	-	las v		
	bem.	Taft, Rep.*	Debs, Soc.	fin, Pro.	Dem.	McNeal Rep.		
Dewey	1, 075	1,086	769	2				
Ellis	918 2, 353		465 398	68		1,417 3,436		
Garvin	2, 114		1,053	11	2,055	959		
Grady	2,577	1 1 121	753	i		1.287		
Grant	1,559	1,729	270	108	1.642	1.186		
Greer	1,334	351	385	19	1,409	814		
Harmon	895		278	12				
Harper	523			23 13	701	810		
Haskell Hughes	1,388 1,769		672 984	20		1,176 1,204		
Jackson	1.819	588	650	35	2,089	613		
Jefferson	1.118	361	665	13	1.446	563		
Johnson	1,289 2,380	506	732	17	1,314	641		
Kay	2,380	2,508	302	77	1 2,400	2,635		
Kingfisher	1.235	1.527	325	36 30		1,901		
Kiowa Latimer	1,831 722	1, 167 482	921 338	50 7	1.414 690	1,054 527		
Le Flore	2 .019	1.538	504	21	1,843	1,529		
Lincoln	2.137	2.459	913	56	2,298 1,300	2,662		
Logan	1,700	2,546	477	84	1,300	2,761		
Love	750	199	404	5	815	308		
McClain McCurtaiu	1,273 1,059	583 704	408 821		1,292 1,130	671 650		
McIntosh	1,325	970	530	12	1,256	1,000		
Major	689	1,200	543	51	704	1,379		
Marshall	958	315	682	12	845	389		
Mayes	1,391	1,079	201	13	1,274	1,137		
Murray	987	321	549	6	987	445		
Muskogee	3,681 1,188	2,385 1,266	526 266	23 23	3,241 1,258	2,367 1,447		
Noble Nowata	1,012	1,087	146	26	1,077	1,070		
Okfuskee	952	651	724	16	957	749		
Oklahoma	6,963	5. 706	827	83	6,140	5,056		
Okmulgee	1,243	1,140	537	27	1,183	1,246		
Osage	1,900	1,713	476	21	1,872	1,651		
Ottawa Pawnee	1,384 1.316	1,315 1,332	163 441	8 31	1,410 1,394	1,274 1,495		
Payne	1.534	1.669	733	71	1,699	1,834		
Pittsburg	2,767	1,574	1,438	35	2.901	2,049		
Pontotoc	1.842	642	919	18	1,893	711		
Pottawatomie	3,032	2,107	1,013	41	[2,694]	2,431		
Pushmataha Roger Mills	747 902	479 716	483 548	8 17	691 1,014	535 673		
Rogers	1,631	1. 258	426	19	1,638	1,195		
Seminole	1,172	1,258 715	741	17	1,064	0641		
Sequoyah	1,416	1,115	193	12	1,596	1,238		
Stephens	1,735	598	896	19	1,802	819		
Swanson	764	683	234		252	323		
Texas Tillman	1,801	638	351	21	1,143	1,130 735		
Tulsa	2,747	2,029	523	48	1,758 2,594	2,193		
Wagoner	888	555	251	11	1.182	828		
Washington	1,561	1,477	322	25	1,517	1,484		
Washita	1,663	1,100	731	36	1,723	1,081		
Woods Woodward	1,247 1,083	1.679 1,403	499 565	42 28	1,327 1,200	1,510 1,523		
" Jouwaiu	1,000	4,400	000		1,200	1,040		
Total	119156	90,786	42,262	2,185	120218	99, 527		
Plurality	28370			••	20691			
Percent	46. 84		16.61	••	ا ۱۰۰			
Whole vote.		254, 3	03					

*Roosevelt vote included in Taft's; Roosevelt electors not on ballot,

For President in 1908, Hisgen, Ind., received 24 votes; Watson, People's Party, 412.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. District.

 Counties of Garfield, Grant, Kay, Kingfisher, Lincoln, Logan, Noble, Osage, Pawnee, and Payne, Davis, Dem., 18,456; McGuire, Rep., 10,055, Paysborn, 18,456; Payne. Davis, Dem., 18,456 19,035; Renshaw, Soc., 4,447.

II. Counties of Alfalfa, Beaver, Blaine, Caddo, counties of Atlaita, Beaver, Blaine, Caddo, Canadian, Cimarron, Custer, Dewey, Ellis, "Grady, Harper, Major, Okiahoma, "Roger Mills, Texas, Woods and Woodward, Carney, Dem., 23,669; Morgan, Rep., 24,354 · M' Kenzie, Soc., 6,463.

OKLAHOMA-Continued.

Counties of Adair, Cherokee, Craig, Creek, Delaware, Hughes, Mayes, *McIntosh, *Mus-kogee, Nowata, *Okluskee, Ottawa, Rogers, III. Seminole, Sequoyah, Tulsa, Wagoner, and Washington, Davenport, Dem., 27,184; Daniel,

Washington, Davenport, Dem., 27, 184; Daniel, Rep., 20, 884; Irvin, Soc., 6, 468.
Counties of Latimer, Marshall, Love, Le Flore, *Okfuskee, *Muskogee, McCurtain, Murray, Pontotoc, Atoka, Bryan, Coal, Haskell, Johnston, *Hughes, *McIntosh, Choctaw, Carter, Pittsburg, and Pushmataha, Carter, Dem., 23, 987; Wright, Rep., 11, 421, Holt, Soc., 11, 321.

V. Counties of Kiowa, Washita, *Roger Mills, Beckham, Garvin, Comanche, Jackson; Greer, Cleveland, McClain, Tillman, Pottawatomie, Stephens, *Carter, *Love, *Mnray, and Jefferson. Ferris, Dem., 29,574; Clark, Rep., 11,987; Stallard, Soc., 11,033.
*Part of county in district.

For Congressmen at Large, Murray, Dem., 121,289; Weaver, Dem., 119,012; Thompson, Dem. 119,643.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Lee Cruce; Lieut.-Governor, J. J. McAlester; Secretary of State, Ben. F. Harrison; Treasurer, Robert Dunlop; Auditor, Leo Meyer; Attorney-General, Chas. West; Commissioner of Insurance, P. A. Ballard; Commissioner of Education, R. H. Willson; President Board of Agriculture, G. T. Bryan—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY. Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John B. Turner; Associate Justices, Mathew J. Kane, Robert L. Williams, Jesse J. Dunn and Samuel W. Hayes; Clerk of the Court, W. H. L. Campbell—all Demo-

STATE LEGISL	ATURE	. 1913	
			Joint Ballot.
Republicans,	8	19	27
Democrats	36	80	116
		_	
Democratic majority.	28	61	89
Th Th	Go a	Den	7

Pop. Ind. Plu. 3 ... 27,345 D Rep. Soc. 110,296 9,30 1907. Gov..... 137,641 110.296 9,303 ... 27,345 D 1908. Pres....122,363 110,474 21,734 412 245 11,889 D ORECON.

PRESIDENT,

GOVERNOR,

1, 197

1912. 1910. COTIVETES. Wil-Roos West, Bower-Taft, Debs, (34.) son, velt, man, Rep. Soc. Dem. Prog. Dem. Rep. Baker 1,395 648 1,120 1,705 1,440 469 715 Benton..... 986 123 588 1,162 3,025 Clakamas. 2,171 728 1,503 2,045 2,084 578 729 611 722 574 Clatsop..... Columbia..... 446 1,436 914 507 295 926 Coos. Crook..... 1,081 701 837 1,346 949 1,449 1,060 770 608 980 899 219 102 192 89 294 176 1,601 1.267 1.224658 1.913 1.868 310 348 35 150 361 440

Curry Donglas. Gilliam..... 413 167 Grant..... 418 523 475 348 562 Harney...... Hood River.. 538 377 169 140 517 519 396 491 121 449 565 2,079 702 Jackson..... 847 1,620 794 2,556 548 1,256 Josephine 305 397 821 877 799 Klamath..... 815 433 502 163 687 297 Lake..... 257 286 108 367 484 2,596 1,986 1, 815 265 Lane 2,602 2,725 773 Lincoln..... 227 375 410 620 463 1, 229 1, 301 Linn Malheur..... 2,134 2,502 412 1,675 656 418 648 165 741 728 Marion..... Morrow 2,588 2,523 1,919 580 3,751 2,795 275 447 187 121 310 574 Multnomah... 13,894 9, 212 12, 523 3 578 14, 796 13, 498 Polk.... Sherman.... Tillamook... 1,201 1,043 637 207 1, 377 ,083 166 244 21 157 232 295 393 411 369 590 499 Umatilla..... 1,261 1,563 1.044 2.022 304 1,905 1,090 Union..... Wallowa.... 1,295 671 946 334 214

600

610

	OREG	ON-	Contin	ued.			
		PRESIDENT, 1912.				GOVERNOR, 1910.	
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Dem.	Bower- man, Rep.	
Wasco Washington Wheeler Yamhlll	929 1,429 222 1,378	775 1,261 307 1,312	587 1, 455 129 885	212 290 14 271	1,021 1,596 248 1,526	321	
Total Plurality Per cent	47,064 9,464 35,08		37,600 27,44		54,853 6,102 46.60		
Scattering Whole vote.	137,040				117,	086 690	

For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 4,360 votes. For Governor in 1910, Eaton, Proh., received 6,027 votes;

Richards, Soc., 8,059.

For President in 1944, Watson, Pop., received 184 votes. YOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. First Dis't—K. J. Smith, Dem., 15,410; W. C. Hawley, Rep. (incumbent), 26,9:5; Campbell, Prog., 8,879; Richards, Soc., 7,181; Giliman, Pro., 4,335.

Second Dis't—Graham, Dem., 8,322; Sinott, Rep., 15,121; Abercrombie, Soc., 3,037; Cleaver, Proh., 1,300.
Third Dis't—Munly, Dem., 11,553; Lafferty, Rep.-Prog., 15,783; Campbell, Soc., 3,055; Baldwin, Proh., 1,419; McCuster, Ind., 6,280.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Oswald West, Dem.; Secretary of State, Ben W. GOUCTROT, CAWAIL VIEW, DEMI, SECRETARY OF CRASE, SER W. OLCOTI, Rep., State Treasurer, Thomas B., Kay, Rep.; Superfinement of Public Instruction, L. R. Alderman, Rep.; Adjutant-General, W. E. Finser, Dem.; Attorney-General, A. W., Crawford, Rep.; Commissioner of Insurance, J. W. Ferguson, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Robert Eakin: Justices, Thomas A. McBride, Frank A. Moore, Henry J. Bean and George H. Burnett; Clerk, J. C. Moreland—all Republicans.

Senate. House, Joint Ballot.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

Repub	licans			28	48	1	16	- 1
				2	5		7	- 1
Republ	lican Pr	rogressiv	e	0	6		6	- 1
Democ	rat Pro	gressive.		0	1		1	- 1
		_		_		-	_	- 1
Repu	blican	majorit	y	26	36		2	- 1
		VOTE (OF THE	STATE SI	NCE 187	6.		
		Dem.	Ren.	Lab.	Pro.		Plu.	1
1876.	Pres.	14,158	15,208				1,050	R
1880.	Pres.	19,948	20,619	249			671	R
1884.	Pres.	24,604	26,860	726	492		2,256	R
1888.	Pres.	26,522	33,291	363	1,677		6,769	R
			,	Pop.		Fusion	. '	
1892.	Pres.	14,243	35,002	26,965	2,281	35,813	811	F
1896.	Pres.		48,779			46,662	2,117	11
1900.	Pres.		46,526		2,536	33,385	13,141	11
1902.	Gov.	41,857	41,581		3,483	3,771	276	1)
				Soc.	Pro.	-		
1904.	Pres.	17,521	60,455	7,619	3,860	3,806	42,934	R
1906.	Gov.	46,002	43,508	4,468	2,737		2,494	D
1908.	Pres.	38,049	62,530	7,339	2,682		24,481	R

PORTO RICO.

Governor, G. R. Colton; Secretary, M. Drew Carrel; Treasurer, Allan H. Richardson; Auditor, W. Bonner; Attorney-General, Wolcott H. Pitkin, Jr.; Commissioner of Education, Edward M. Bainter; Commissioner of the Interior, John A. Wilson; Resident Commissioner of Territory at Washington, Louis Munoz Rivera.

Judiciary-Chief Justice, José C. Hernandez; Justices, Emilio del Toro, James H. McLeary, Adolph G. Wolf and Pedro de Aidrey; U. S. Dis-trict Judge, Paul Charlton; U. S. District-Attor-ney, W. N. Landers.

The Insular Legislature consists of an upper and ower house. The lower house is the elective lower house. branch and has 35 members, five from each of seven districts. Twenty-eight belong to the seven districts. Unionist party and 7 to the Republican party.
The Legislature sits for sixty days each year, the
sessions beginning on the second Monday in January.

PENNSYLVANIA.										
	P	1912.	Т	G	1910.	R,				
COUNTIES. (67.)	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Grim,	Tener,	Berry,				
(01.)	bon, Dem.	Rep.	veit, Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Key-				
Adams	3,682	819	2,548	2,221	2,017					
Allegheny	31,365	93 800	50,017	4,350	47,817	1,818 39,298				
Armstrong	3,027	1,904	50,017 4,297	550 447	3,673	3,490				
Beaver Bedford	3,037 2,694	2,759 1,140	$\frac{4,517}{2,971}$	902	3,510	4,687 2,234				
Berks	16,430	3,032 3,138	11.284	7,997	$\frac{2,355}{5,354}$	2,234 7,243 6,716				
Blair Bradford	4,108 2,960	2,034	8,179 5,379	1,074 536	4,290 3,205	6,716 4,693				
Bucks	6,773	5 459	5,379 4,280	6,404	5.204	1.858				
Butler	4,022	1,273 3,252 388	4,327	813	2.726	3.474				
Cambria. Cameron. Carbon	7,282 291	388	10,066 553	1,259 148	5,829 576	7,311 484				
Carbon	3,652	1,246	3,598	2,004	2,036	2,346				
Centre	3,445 6,901	1,507	2,612 6,596	911 1,149	2,199 5,488	2,701 8,028				
Chester Clarion	3,079	5,708 916	1,724	1,174	1,183	1,968				
Clearfield	4,670	1.523	4.902	1,043	2 755	5,065				
Clinton Columbia	2,200 4,905	1,214 889	1,926	656 1,513	1,201 1,353	1,429 3,068				
Crawford	3,908	2,497	2,697 4 139	1,229	4.500	3,494				
Cumberland	5.023	2,566	3.507	1,229 1,096 1,110	3,658 9,197 7,158	4,678				
Dauphin Dela ware	7,470 6,001	6 012 8,418	$10,676 \\ 8,272$	993	7 158	9,699 8,442				
Elk	2.057	603	2,638	1,717	-1.096	1 225				
Erie	5,633	4,958	5,019	2 515	-5.823	2,120				
Fayette	7,363 373	4,168 240	4,257 588	2,092 194	7,042 511	4,430 431				
Franklin	4,50a	2,710	3.787	1,239	3,373	4,300				
Fulton	1,080	317	622	606 1,320	622 1,401	306				
Greene Huntingdon	3,551 1,538	1,150 903	1,063 3,493	290	1,598	1,857 2,699				
Indiana	1,593	1,720	3.969	407	2,719	2,735				
Jefferson Juniata	2,510 1,148	1,608 374	3,501	562 299	2,814 656	2,966				
Lackawanna .	12,423	3,799	1,184 $15,199$	5.390	11,020	1,348 8,307				
Lancaster	8,574	12 668	12 031	2,132	11,020 12.874	8,551				
Lawrence Lebanon	1,976 2,972	2,128 2,378 2,722	4 537	243 386	2,357 3,503	3,927 4,636				
Lehigh	10.834	2,722	7,580	6,844	5 883	3.809				
Luzerne	13, 495	4,915	22.590	3,444	12,389	15.265 4,958				
Lycoming McKean	6,039 2,362	1,631 1,345	5,208 3,489	459	3,237 1,986	2 104				
Mercer	4.039	-1.873	4.418	804	3,301	4.824				
Mifflin Monroe	1,400 3,107	654 536	1,831	436 1,511	871 628	1 890 973				
Montgomery	11,894	8,978		5,399	8,843	10,395				
Montour	1.492	8,978 308	937	499	415	1.038				
Northampton N'thumberl'd	10.325 6,802	3,893 2,371	6,602 7,064	5,648 2,048	5,328 3,150	4,909 5,618				
Perry	1 941	1,140	1,670	705	1,524	1 677				
Philadelphia	66,308	91,944	82,963	16,474 683	130465					
Pike Potter	995 1,445	191 850	437 1,907	392	495 1,112	192 2.137				
Schuylkill	11,812	3,557	13,686	5.563	-6.880	2,137 8,844 1,129				
Snyder Somerset	991 2,164	626 1,428	1,622 5,026	215 504	1,020 2,783	1,129				
Sullivan	912	547	472	1 468	629	456				
Esusquehanna.	2,588	1,988	2,498	663	2,228	1 932				
Tioga	1,901 1,126	1,895 470	4,314	480 279	3,204 1,113	2,920 1,659				
Union Venango	1 2.507	1.660	1,776 3,111	892	2.417	1.861				
warren	1,686	1.564	12,934	512	1 800	1 782				
Washington Wayne	5,563 1,924	4,297 659	6,395 2,594	742 798	7,473 1,293	2 074				
i w esimorei a	9,262	4,299	10.193	2,374	7,365	9.429				
Wyoming	1,505	480	1,464	335	976	1,392				
York	14,979 395619				8,017 412658					
Plurality			51,807	128999	33, 484					
Per cent	32.42	22. 39	51,807 36.67	12.95	41.03	38. 27				
Whole vote.		1,220.2		1	998,444					
For Presider	nt 191: Prob	19 53	S, SOC	., rec	eived	83,164 b 704				

PENNSYL VANIA.

For President 1912, Debs. Soc., received 83,154 votes: Chafin, Proh. 19,533; Reimer, Soc. Lab. 704. For Governor, 1906. Emery received votes: Commonwealth party, 6,094; Lincoln party, 145,657; Referendum party, 784; Union Labor party, 15,657; Stuart received 4,610 votes of the Citizens' party. For Governor, 1910, Tener on Workingmen's League Ticket received also 2,953 votes; Larkin, Proh. 17,445; Slayton, Soc., 53,053; Geo. Anton, Industrialist, 802.

For President, 1908, Debs, Soc., received 33,913 votes; Hisgen, Ind., 1,057; Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.,

CONGRESSMEN-AT-LARGE (ELECTED).
Morin, Rep. and Prog., 618,537; Lewis, Rep. and Prog., 607,701; Walters, Rep. and Prog., 608,709; Rupley, Rep. and Prog., 606,709.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

Disprets.
I. County of Philadelphia (part). Hall, Dem. and Prog., 10,492; Vare, Rep. and Prog., 25,205; Gautz, Soc., 1,006.
II. County of Philadelphia (part). Schlipf, Jr., Dem. and Keystone, 7,004; Graham, Rep., 14,206; Parker, Soc., 938; Uinstead, Pro., 15; Lamburth, Washington, 5,796.
III. County of Philadelphia (part). Fow. Dem., 6,212. Moore Rep. and Linchh 15,49; Ruby

6,212; Moore Rep. and Lincoln, 15,491; Ruby, Soc., 986; Walter, Keystone and Washington, 5,920.

Iv. County of Philadelphia (part). Nelson, Dem., 8.482; Edmons, Rep., 21,733; DeKyne, Soc., 1419; Russell, Pro., 97.
V. County of Philadelphia (part). Donahoe, Dem., 21,971; Borneman, Rep. and Liucoln, 15,181; Whitehead, Soc., 2,604; Moore, Pro., 1199.

VI. County of Philadelphia (part). Logue, Dem. and Keystone, 22,091; Mackey, Rep. and Prog., 19,291; Long, Soc., 1,997; Letson, Pro., 264; Tobin, Workingmen's, 57; Drake, Washington, 19,642

VII. Use of Chester and Delaware. Bonniwell, Dem. and Keystone, 12,225; Butler, Rep. and Prog., 18,276; Lodge, Soc. 611; Seflew, Pro., 378; Howard, Washington, 7,647.
VIII. Counties of Bucks and Montgomery. Difenderfer, Dem. and Keystone, 18,239; Bean, Rep., 15,840; Hogan, Sr., Soc., 1,456; Ober, Jr., Washington, 12,205.
IX. County of Lancaster, Reilly, Dem., 8,043; Griest, Rep., Keystone and Washington, 14,112; Hetrick, Prog., 9,947; Musser, Soc., 657; Von Neida, Pro., 272.
X. County of Lackawanna, M'Ginley, Dem. and Keystone, 12,777; Farr, Rep. and Washington, 14,530; Davies, Prog., 217; Gibbs, Soc.,

ton, 14,980; Davies, Prog., 217; Gibbs, Soc., 865; Larkin, Pro., 1, 296.

XI. County of Luzerne, Casey, Dem. and Keystone, 15,343; Bowman, Rep., Prog. and Pro., 9,864; Quinn, Soc., 2.119; Coughlin, Washington, 10,507

ton, 10,507
XII. County of Schnylkill. Lee., Dem., Keystone and Prog., 14,902; Garner, Rep. and Washington, 10,463; Thorn, Prog., 513; Foley, Soc., 3,464; Reber, Pro., 217.
XIII. Counties of Berks and Lehigh. Rothermel, Dem., 26,569; Rens, Rep. and Washington, 20,403; Wixson, Soc., 4,983; Mohr, Pro., 272; Cyphers, Keystone, 82; Harrison, Independent 36. dent, 36

XIV. Counties of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming. Hill, Dem., 8,384; Ainey, Rep., Keystone and Washington, 14,747;

and Wyoming. Hill, Denn., 8,384; Amey, Rep., Keystone and Washington, 14,747; Welch, Soc., 312; Heermans, Pro., 796.

XV. Counties of Tioga, Potter, Lycoming, and Clinton. Wilson, Dem. and Keystone, 13,643; Kless, Rep. and Washington, 14,211; Noll, Soc., 2,282; Salmon, Pro., 814.

XVI. Counties of Northumberland, Montour, Columbia, and Sullivan. Lesher, Dem., 14,209; Kling, Rep. and Washington, 12,733; Dornbach, Soc., 2,737; Jepson, Pro., 453.

XVII. Counties of Perry, Juniata, Mifflin, Huntingdon, Fulton, Franklin, Snyder, and Union, Dershem, Dem. and Keystone, 14,073; Footh,

Dershem, Dem. and Keystone, 14,073; Focth, Rep. and Prog., 10,978; Bowers, Soc., 1,377; Bratton, Pro., 337; Clayton, Washington,

9,412. XVIII. Counties of Dauphin, Cumberland, and Lebanon. Kanfman, Dem. and Keystone, 14,082; Kreider, Rep. and Prog., 14,485; Ibach, Soc., 1,988; Molly, Pro., 802; Ibach, Soc., 1,988; Molly Demming, Washington, 13,504.

PENNSYLVANIA-Continued.

XIX. Counties of Blair, Cambria, and Bedford. Bailey, Dem., 13,626; Hartman, Rep. and Prog., 12,633; Murphy, Soc., 2,879; Stevens, Pro.,580; Blake, Keystone, 474; Brua, Washington, 12,688.

XX. Counties of Adams and York. Brodbeck, Dem., 16,514; Lafean, Rep. and Prog., 14,283; Bacon, Soc., 1,498; Trumpfheller, Pro., 404; Bair, Washington, 3,186.

XXI. Counties of Cameron, Centre, Clearfield, and McKean, Gleason, Dem., 10,538; Patton, Rep., Keystone and Washington, 13,732; Rep., Keystone and Washing Fox, Soc., 2,041; Watt, Pro., 956

XXII. Counties of Westmoreland and Butler. Gregg, Dem. and Prog., 14,943; Keister, Rep. and Washington, 15,560; Cunningham, Soc., 4,735; Albright, Pro., 2,206.

XXIII. Counties of Fayette, Greene and Somer-set. Carr, Dem., 12,211; Crago, Rep., 7,836; Gans, Soc., 2,928; Forsythe, Pro., 942; Berkeley, Washington, 7,588.

XXIV. Counties of Beaver, Lawrence, and Washington, Lacock, Dem., 8,585; Matthews, Rep., 10,797; Frethy, Soc., 5,082; Peebles, Pro., 1,363; Temple, Washington, 11,495.

XXV. Counties of Eric and Crawford. Shacklett, Dem., 10,446; Shreve, Rep., 13,078; Schwartz, Soc., 2,727; Pike, Pro., 1,243.

XXVI. Counties of Carbon, Monroe, Pike, and Northampton. Palmer, Dem., 18,201; March, Jr., Rep., 14,451; Miller; Soc., 1,032; Wolfe, Pro., 392,

XXVII. Counties of Armstrong, Indiana, Clariou, and Jefferson. Mohney, Dem., 9,472; Lang-ham, Rep., 17,138; Fredericks, Soc., 1,858; Houk, Pro., 1,743.

XXVIII. Counties of Mercer, Warren, Forest, Venango, and Elk. Hines, Den., 9,741; Speer, Rep., 7,136; McKeown, Soc., 4,997; Neilly, Pro., 1,692; Hulings, Washington, 10,363.

XXIX. County of Allegheny (part). Gallagher, Dem., 5,509; Porter, Rep., 15,925; M'Con-nell, Soc., 3,839; Smith, Pro., 425; Chubb, Keystone, 225.

XXX. County of Allegheny (part). Ferree, Dem. and Prog., 6,708; Kelly, Rep. and Pro., 17,230; Merrick, Soc., 7,570; Brought, Independent, 82.

XXXI. County of Allegheny (part). Joyce, Dem., 4,894; Burke, Rep., 10,679; Prosser, Soc., 5,101; Brittain, Pro., 242.

XXXII. County of Allegheny (part). Hegner, Dem. and Prog., 7,987; Barchfeld, Rep., 12,565; Kennedy, Soc., 5,672; Shrodes, Keystone, 4,169.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, John K. Tener; Lieutenant-Governor, John M. Reynolds; Secretary of the Commonwealth, Robert R. McAfre; Treasurer, C. F. Wright; Auditor-General, A. E. Sisson; Adjutant-General, Thos. J. Stewart; Attorney-General, John C. Bell; Superintendent of Public Instruction, N. C. Schaeffer; Insurance Commissioner, C. Johnson; Commissioner of Agriculture, N. B. Critchfield—all Republicans, except Schaeffer, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, D. Newlin Fell; Associate Justices, J. Hay Brown, Wun. P. Fotter, John Stewart, Robert Von Moschzisker, S. L. Mestrezat, and John P. Elkin-all Republicans, except Mestrezat. Prothonotary, Eastern District, James T. Mitchell; Prothonotary, Middle District, Villes lam Pearson; Prothonotary, Western District, George Pearson.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot,
Democrats	. 15	56	71
Republicans,	. 34	127	161
Progressives	, 1	24	25
•			
Republican majority	. 18	47	65

PENNSYLVANIA-(Continued),

VOTE OF T	HE STA	TE SIN	CE 1890).	_
Dem.	Rep.		Pro.	Pln.	
1890, Gov464,209	447,655	P_{op} .	16,108	16, 554	D
1892. Pres452,264	516,011		25,123	63,747	R
1896, Pres433,228	728, 300	11,000		295,072	
1898, Gov, 358,300	476,306	Soc. D.		118,006	R
1900. Pres424,232	712,665			288,433	R
1902, Gov 436,447	592,867		23,327	156,410	\mathbf{R}
1904, Pres 335,430	840,949	21,863	33,717	505,519	\mathbf{R}
1906. Gov 457,957	506,392	15,169	24,793	48,435	R
1908, Pres448,778	745,779	33,913	36, 694	297,001	R

RHODE ISLAND.

Counties.	PRESIDENT, 1912.	Governor, 1912.		
(5.)	Wil- son, Rep. Roose- velt, Prog.	Green, Poth'r H'mes Dem. Rep. Prog.		
Bristol Kent		1.057 1.362 210 2.122 2.500 818		
Newport Providence Washington .	23, 127 19, 695 13,090	25, 184 24, 789 6, 476		
Total	30,412 27;703 16,878			
Plurality Per cent Whole vote.	. 39. 05 35. 58 21, 68			

For President 1912, Debs, Soc., received 2,049 bles; Chafin, Pro., 616; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 236. For President 1812, 1828, 1828, 1820, 1821, 236, 1821,

307 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Districts,
1. O'Shaunessy, Dent., 13.657; Sheffield, Rep., 9.663; Bolan, Prog. 3.044; Prentic, Pro. 214.
11. Gerry, Dent., 10.728; Bliss, Rep., 10.335; Ball, Prog., 3.642; Lawton, Pro., 258,
111. Rattey, Dem., 9.841; Kennedy, Rep., 11,718; Tuttle, Prog., 2,158; Merry, Pro., 199.
Governor, Aram J. Pothier; Licutenant-Governor, Aram J. Pothier; Licutenant-Governor, R. B. Burchard; Secretary of State, J. Frederick Parker; Attorney-General, Herbert A. Rice; Treasurer, Walter A. Read; Adjutant-General, Charles W. Abbott, Jr.; Audltor, Charles C. Gray; Commissioner of Public Schools, Walter E. Ranger; Commissioner of Insurance, Charles C. Gray-all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Edward C. Dubois; Associate Justices, Clark H. Johnson, C. Frank Parkhurst, W. B. Vincent, William H. Sweetland; Clerk of the Court, B. S. Blaisdell-all Republicans.

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93 45

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913. Senate, House, Joint Ballot.

Republicans.....

Democrats	U	υ.	,	10	- 1
		_	•		- 1
Republican majority.	26	25	2	48	
VOTE OF THE	STATE				- 1
Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Pro.	Plu.	- 1
1900. Governor17,184	26,043	2,858	1,848	8,859	
1900. President19,812	33,784	1,423	1.529	13,972	R
1902, Governor32,279	24,541	1,283	1.689	7,738	
1903, Governor 30,578	29,275	943	936	1,303	
1904. President 24 839	41,605		768	16,766	
1905. (dovernor25,816	31,311	367	882	5,495	
1906, Governor 33,195	31,877	395	714	1,318	
1907. Governor33,300	31,005		831	2,295	
1908. President 24,706	43,942	1,365	1,016	19,236	
1909. Governor25,209	37,043	857	1,358	11,834	
1811. Governor 80,675	37,969	1.269	813	7,894	P

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Counties.		PRE<1 191		GOVERNOR, 1912.		
(44.)	Wil-		Roose-1			11 11
	son,	Taft,	velt.	Deha,	Blease	Brit-
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Sec.	Hem.	Soc.
Abbeville	1,095	9	4		965	
Aiken	1,452	2	4		1.341	
Auderson	2,158	2 25	66	16	2,158	
Bamberg	616	3	1		569	
Barnwell	1.139	15	5		1.017	
Beaufort	464	50	62		461	
Berkeley	323	5	13	1	343	
Calhoun	460	15	68		476	
Charleston	1.760	34	100	54	1.707	90
Cherokee	1,259	16	7		1.047	
Chester	1.286		20		1,259	
Chesterfield	1,178		4	1	960	
Clarendon	932		32		880	
Colleton	797	14	12		762	•••
Darlington	883		-2		587	
Dillon	680	2	11		629	• • •
Dorchester	576	18	13		475	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Edgefield	779	3	18		766	•••
Fairfield	622	š	18		562	•••
Florence	1,496	6	65	6	1,171	
Georgetown	405	10	37		407	17
Greenville	3,140	10			3, 452	33
Greenwood	1.307	17	11	3	1,198	ű
Hampton	631		**		566	
Horry	863	13	7		823	
Jasper	198				195	
Kershaw	708	7	25		630	
Lancaster	1,140	6	5		1.034	
Laurens	1,566	6	17	1	1,400	· 1
Lee	571	3	6	_ ^	503	_
Lexington	1,201	3	30	31	1,116	36
Marion	710		11		619	
Marlborough .	719				676	
Newberry		6	12	6	1,064	
Oconee	760	58	69		776	
Orangeburg		40	95		.758	1 1
Pickens	815	15	18		879	l
Richland		23	161	25	1,177	13
Saluda	1 000		3	14	749	3
Spartanburg	3.616	37	185	6	3,328	4
Sumter	910	31	52	177	769	l
Union	1.609	20	56	1	1,712	l
Williamsburg'	729	-6	18		652	1
York	1,641	12	12		1,517	
m						
Total	48, 355	536	1,293	164	44,122	203
Plurality			2. 57	*****	43,914	1 ::
Per cent	96.02			[0.33	94.78	
Whole vote.	ł	90	, 348		40,	330

For President in 1908, Debs, Soc., received 100 votes; Hisgen, Ind., 42.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

1. Counties of Berkeley (part), Charleston, Colleton (part), Beaufort, Georgetown, and Will-lamsburg (part). Legare, Dem., 4,550; lamsburg (part). Prioleau, Rep., 85.

II. Counties of Aiken, Barnwell, Saluda, ounties of Aiken, Barnwell, Saluda, Edge-field, and Hampton. Byrnes, Dem., 6,033. No opposition.

III. Counties of Abbeville, Anderson, Newberry, Oconee, and Pickens. Aiken, Dem., 7,458. No opposition.

IV. Counties of Fairfield, Greenville, Laurens, Richland, Spartanburg (part), and Union. Johnson, Dem., 7,244. No opposition.

V. Counties of Chester, Chesterfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, Spartanburg (part), Union (part), and York, Finley, Dem., 7,907. No opposition.

VI. Counties of Clarendon, Darlington, Florence, Horry, Marion, Marlborough, and Williams-burg (part). Ragsdale, Dem., 6,446. No opposition.

VII. Countles of Berkeley (part), Colleton (part), Lexington, Orangeburg, Richland, and Sumter. Lever, Dem., 6,660; Dantzler, Rep., 106. all Democrats.

COUNTIES.

SOUTH CAROLINA-Continued.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT. PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Coleman L. Blease; Lieutenant-Governor, C. A. Smith; Secretary of State, R. M. McCown; Attorney-General, J. F. Lyon; Treasurer, S. T. Carter; Comptroller-General, A. W. Jones; Superintendent of Education, J. E. Swearingen; Adjutant-General, W. W. Moore; Commissioner of Agriculture, E. J. Watson; Commissioner of Insurance, F. H. McMaster-all Democrats

JUDICIARY. Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Eugene B. Gary; Justices, C. A. Woods, D. E. Hydrick, R. C. Watts and Thos. B. Fraser; Clerk, U. R. Brooks -all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913 Senate. House. Joint Ballot. 124 Democrats 43 167 VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1898.

			Reorg.	Reg.		
		Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Plu.	
1898.	Governor	28,159	No o	pposi	tion.	
1900.	Governor	46,457	No	pposi	tion.	
1900.	President	47,236	3,579		43,657	\mathbf{D}
1902.	Governor	31,817	Noc	pposi	tion.	
1904.	President	52,563	2,554		50,009	D
1906.	Governor	30,251	32		30,219	\mathbf{D}
			Rep.			
1908.	President	62.288	3,963		58,325	D
1908.	Governor	61,060	No	Soc.	ition.	
				Soc.		
1910.	Governor	30,832		70	30,762	D

SOUTH DAKOTA.

PRESIDENT, GOVERNOR, 1912. Wil- | Taft, |Roose-| Dahe | John- |p.

(57.)	7711-	12.0,	velt,	Debs,	JUHA-	Byrne,
	son,	Rep.	Vert,	Soc.	son,	Prog.
	Dem.		Prog.		Dem.	
Aurora	801		652	42	851	642
Beadle	1,464		1,493		1,490	1,579
Bennett	179		68	1 3	194	58
Bon Homme.		••				
	1,059	••	1,228	45	1,163	1,166
Brookings	740	••	1,389	58	708	1,420
Brown	2,488	• •	1,746	385	2,513	1,852
Brule	842		644	65	946	615
Buffalo	105		83	4	112	80
Butte	600		647	188	704	627
Campbell	150		574	10	189	562
Charles Mix	1,625	• •	1,817	59	1.874	
		• •	1,017			1,645
Clark	668	• •	949	36	644	999
Clay	929	•• `	1, 262	27	1,097	1,151
Coddington	1,111		1,195	71	1,188	1,195
Corson	455		508	46	456	527
Custer	419	••	395	90	458	401
Davison	1,266		1,364	68	1,310	1,402
Day	787		1,209	118	801	1, 297.
Deuel	441	••	887	14	464	1, 201.
Deuter		• •				847
Dewey	411	••	509	42	447	499
Douglas	714	• •	765	12	937	580
Edmunds	729		640	27	722	659
Fall River	712		846	100	886	710
Faulk	614		568	21	462	771
Grant	619		830	55	624	850
Gregory	1,175		1.348	96	1,511	1,138
Hamlin	474		1,058	17	470	1,086
Hand	826	••		45		
Tianu		••	738		854	710
Hanson	632	••	708	21	597	778
Harding	325		600	113	317	647
Hughes	544		447	71	579	480
Hutchinson	647		1,451	12	860	1,280
Hyde	332		399	51	264	404
Jeranid	436		545	11	490	572
Kingsbury	747		1,153	าเรี	782	1, 182
Lake	657	• •	1,174	81	779	1.137
Lawrence	2,412	••				
Tipoolu	2,412	• •	1,692	326	2,512	1,662
Lincolu	719	• •	1,673	56	886	1,581
Lyman	766		990	135	891	935
Marshal	541		601	45	640	559
McCook	961		1,063	56	1,015	1,059
McPherson.	327		949	6	388	615
Meade	975		1, 032	15Ĭ	1,194	869
Mellette	320		261	5	319	265
Miner	721	••				
Minnohoho		••	851	39	767	843
Minnehaha	2,576	• • •	3,051	256	2,956	2,882

SOUTH DAKOTA-Continued.

	_	PRES 19	IDENT, 12.		GOVERNOR, 1912.					
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	John- son, Dem.	Byrne, Prog.				
Moody	637	•••	932	119	766					
Pennington Perkins	1,135 832	••	1,073 1,052	117 177	1,443 830	832 1,076				
Potter	423		439			396				
Roberts	812		1,361	201						
Sanborn	577		880	19	626	826				
Spink	1,347	••	1,432	128		1,625				
Stanley	1,051 242	• •	981 292	127 19	1,071	1,075				
Sully Tripp	982		1,153	82	247 1,146					
Turner	906		1,603	22	964	1,601				
Union	965		1,396	24	1.108					
Walworth	451		585		511	595				
Yankton	1,239	•••	1,511	61	1,787	1,090				
Zieback	349	••	371	36	380	316				
_Total	48,942	*	58,811		53,850	57, 160				
Plurality	::::	•••	9,869			3,310				
Per cent	42.08		50.56	4.00						
Whole vote.			, 325			,828				
# Mofeto man	# Mofeta managed and Doughties a hall of Dought									

* Taft's name not on Republican ballot, Progressive list of electors printed thereon instead. For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 3.910 votes.

For Governor in 1912, Lovett, Soc., received 3,479 votes; Butterfield, Proh., 3,339.
For President in 1908, Chafin, Proh., received 4,039 votes; Debs, Soc., 2,846; Hisgen, Ind., 88.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

Districts
I. Dillon, Rep., 25,405; Dowdell, Dem., 18,178;
Templeton, Pro., 1,021; Jacobson, Soc., 675;
II. Burke, Rep., 23,043; Boyd-Barrett, Sr.,
Dem., 14,347; Edgar, Pro., 1,778; Atwood,

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT, Governor, Frank M. Byrne; Lieutenant-Governor, E. L. Abell; Secretary of State, Frank Glasner; Treasurer, A. W. Ewart; Superintendent Instruction, C. G. Lawrence; State Land Com-Glasher, Head Com-instruction, C. G. Lawrence; State Land Com-missioner, F. F. Brinker; Attorney-General, Royal C. Johnson; State Auditor, Henry B. Anderson-all Republicans, except Governor Byrne, Prog.

Supreme Court: Presiding Judge, Ellison G. Smith; Justices, Dick Haney, Charles S. Whiting, S. C. Polley and J. H. Gates; Clerk, Frank Crane-all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

Governor 44,837

Senate. House. Joint Ballot. Republicans..... 35 89 Democrats..... 10 11 21 Republican majority. 15 78 103

VOTE OF THE STATESINCE 1900. Pro. 1,542 2,245 Dem. Rep. 54,530 Maj. 1900. President 39,544 14,986 1902. Governor.... 21,396 President 21,969 48,196 26,800 1904. 72,083 2,965 3,398 50,114 1906. Governor.... 28,784 48,709 19,925 1908. President 40,266 67,536 4,039 27,270

62,945

3,536 18,108

TENNESSEE.

Counties.		PRES 19	GOVERNOR, 1912.			
(96.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Mc- Millin, Dem.	Hoop- er, Rep.
Anderson	597	539	1,148	55	717	1,484
Bedford	2,305 1,095	1,474 652	96 289	30	1,688 934	2, 137 1, 053
Bledsoe	464 836	379 870		10	476 776	728 2, 158
Blount Bradley	645	485	548	···i0	612	843
Campbell	554 1.184			52	614 1, 030	1,110 743

		PRESTI	DENT,		Governos, 1912.		
Counties.	Wil-	Taft.	Roose-	Debs,	Me-	Hooper	
	Bon, Dem.	Rep.	velt, Prog.	Soc.	Millin Dem.	Rep.	
Carroll	1,653		967	$-\frac{1}{69}$	1,434	2,327	
Carter	478	1,362 1,243 317	1,926		502	2.900	
Cheatham Chester	1.096	317	123	23	974	518	
Chester	636 903	312 589	388 1,098	38 19	612 899	611 1,494	
Claiborne (lav	718	440	83	12	695	534 I	
Claiborne Clay Cocke	597	757	549	10	646	1,317	
Coffee Crockett Cumberland	1,705 1,297	521	63 509	28 27	1, 242 1, 089	1,036 1,295	
Crockett	489	852 372	434	11		803	
Dayidson	9.517	1,428	1.330	20ri	8,077	4,994	
Decatur De Kalb Dickson	758 1,394	405 1,219	491 265	15 2	774 1,297	752 1,554	
De Kalb	1,689	448	293	55	1.461	936	
Dyer	1,469	318	348	82	1,166 717	843	
Dyer Fayette Feutress	830	59	93	21	717 433	227 691	
Fentress Franklin	399	444 370	317 164	32	1,762	924	
Gibsou	2,172 2,671	1.002	518	35	1 1.967	2.003	
Grainger	3,081	1,596	419	2	2,340	2,681	
Grainger	841	741 1,650	900	5	1,038 2,012	1,333 2,911	
Chunda	599	122	1,242 87	121	470	242	
Hamblen	722	427	325	18	614	801	
Hamilton	4,394	1,493	2,454 84	281	4,927	3.559	
Hamilton Hancock Hardeman	1,323	659 320	264	8	1,144	1,267 706	
Hardin	738	955	592	32	667	1,517	
Haywood	1,026	828	660	18	859	1,354	
Haywood Henderson	1,069 738	34 473	88 947	28 19		137 1,372 1,765	
Henry	2,526	941	282	111	1.942	1.765	
Hickman	1,288	868		13	1,105	1.140	
Houston	586	172 343		86	1 000	343 676	
Humphreys Jackson	1,283 1,344	743	251		1.137	1 157	
Tames	202	169	408		196	916	
Jefferson Johnson Knox	514	933	940	9	486 270		
Knov	256 4,069			125	3,904	5,764	
Lake	. 1 4499	122	31	1	3 482	157	
Lauderdale	1,020	186	598	2	824		
Lawrence	. 1,504	878 126		4	1,393 342	1,491 273	
Lewis	2.651	679	98	1	1,846	1,433	
Lincoln Loudon		325	348	3 .0	363	619	
Macon	. 787 912	1,25	183	1	1 751 7 770	1,441	
McNairy	1,155			il*	1,194	1,357	
Madison*		1	l				
Marion	. 810			7	4 768 1 992		
		376 61			1 004	1.837	
Meigs	517	33	163	3	1 464	II 488	
Meigs Monroe Montgomery.	. 1,136	72	L! 478	5	1,05 2 1,269	1,061	
Montgomery.	. 1,638 694	514 11		8	1 606	1 231	
Moore Morgan Obion	466	31:			5 540	1,015	
Obion	. 2,152	45	193	6	3 1,540) 1.115	
		743 379	J 10.			1,235 492	
Perry. Pickett	411		5 13	4	388	489	
Polk	. 867	53	62		9 834		
Putnam	. 1,00	92		9	5 1,678 8 53	810	
Rhea Roane	692		2 82	6 7	0 53	1,196	
Robertson	. 2.28	51	3 14	2 12	5 1.49	91 1.417	
Rutherford	. 3,40	5 1,21	7 28		4 2,630 5 18	2,268	
Scott	160	η 13	5 L.20	4 12	9 33	7 232	
Sequatchie Sevier Shelby	34	1 96	7 2,41	U	1 55	3 3,038	
Shelby	. 6.73	2 58	9 2.95	1 22	8 8,13	$8 \ 2.336$	
Smith	1,86	91 2 48	5 5	4 10	7 1.59 1.28	8 554	
Sullivan	. 1.31 2,41	SI DO		5 1	2, 14		
Shelby Smith Stewart Sullivan Sumner	2,47	7] 76	9 8	9 (1,82	2 1,441	
Tipton Trousdale	98	7 56	4 22	2 1	2 92 37	4 899 7 898	
					1 15	7 1,017	

TENNESSEE-Continued.

		PRESI 191	GOVERNOR, 1912.				
Counties.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Mo- Millin Dem.	Hooper Rep.	
Union	404	307	1 192	10	468	1.089	
Van Buren	225	106	30	24	216	135	
Warren	1 745	339	250	16	1,370	946	
Washington	1,531	1,134	1,592	- 9	1,441	2.343	
Wayne	435		390	9	402	1,345	
Weakley	2,810		350	33	2,027	2,296	
White	1,222	330		57	1,053	698	
Williamson	2,205		62	9	1,573	1,467	
Wilson	2,325	682	292	6	1,654	1,595	
Total	130335	59,444	53,725	3,492	114369	123829	
Plurality	70.891					9,459	
Per cent	52.59	123.98	21	1.41	46.96	50.84	
Whole vote.		24	,821		243, 563		

* Vote for Madison County not available because of missing ballots.

For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 825 votes.

For Governor in 1912, Poston, Soc., received 4,464 votes; Harold, Proh., 2,702.

For President in 1908, Watson, Pop., received 1,081 votes; Hisgen, Ind., 332.

For President in 1904, Debs, Soc., received 1,354 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS 1912.

Districts.

I. Counties of Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Hawkins, Johnson, Sullivan, Unicol, and Washington. Sells, Rep., 16,105; Massey, Rep., 16,105.

II. Counties of Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier, and Union. Williams, Dem., 6,681; Austin, Rep., 12,712; Buttram, Rep., 7,025; Miller, Soc., 275.

HI. Counties of Bledsoe, Bradley, Franklin, Grundy, Hamilton, James, McMinn, Marion, Meigs, Mouroe, Polk, Sequatchle, Van Buren, Warren, and White. Moon, Dem., 18.340; Stewart, Rep. 6,380; Eastman, Prog., 2,168; Shirly, Soc., 290.

IV. Counties of Clay, Cumberland, Fentress, Jackson, Macon, Overton, Pickett, Purnam, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, and Wilson, Hull, Dem. 17,077; Human, Rep., 9,165; Compton, Soc., 63.

V. Counties of Bedford, Cannon, Coffee, De Kalb, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore, and Rutherford, Houston, Dem., 12,056; Beasley, Dem., 8,437; Aydelott, Dem., 1,685.

VI. Counties of Cheatham, Davidson, Houston, Humphreys, Moutgomery, Robertson, and Stewart. Byrns, Dem., 15,341; Althauser, Rep., 2,860; Wiles, Soc., 499.

VII. Counties of Dickson, Giles, Hickman, Lawrence, Lewis, Maury, Wayne, and Williamson, Turner, Dem., 9,380; Padget, Dem., 12,751; Bevis, Soc., 23.

VIII. Counties of Benton, Carroll, Chester, Decatur, Hardin, Henderson, Heury, Madison, McNairy, and Perry. Slms, Dem., 10,162; Ross, Rep., 7,461; Grissam, Prog., 2,035; Parker, Soc., 123.

IX. Counties of Crockett, Dyer, Glbson, Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Oblon, and Weakley. Garrett, Dem., 13,392; Cochran, Rep., 3,500; McNell, Soc., 55.

X. Counties of Fayette, Hardeman, Shelby, and Tiptou. Kellar, Dem., 12,910; Pardue, Soc., 177.

TENNESSEE-Continued.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Benj. W. Hooper, Rep.; Secretary of
State, H. W. Goodloe, Den.; Treasurer, George
T. Taylor, Rep.; Commissioner of Agriculture,
George Peck, Rep.; Superintendent of Education,
J.W. Brister, Dem.; Comptroller, Frank Dibrell,
Dem.; Adjutant-General, Frank Maloney, Rep.;
Attorney-General, Class. T. Cates, Jr., Dem.;
Commissioner of Insurance, Geo. T. Taylor, Rep.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John K. Shields;
Justices, A. S. Buchanan, Grafton Green, M. M.
Neil and D. L. Lansden; Clerk, Joe J. Roach—all
Democrats.

Democrats.

STATE L	EGISLA	TURE, 1	1913.		
	Senai	le. Hor	ise. Joi.	nt $Ball$	ol.
Democrats	18	F	7	75	
Republicans	6	2	2	28	
Progressives			3	3	
Independents	. 9	1	7	26	
Independents,			_		
Democratic majori	ty. 3	1	5	18	
VOTE OF TH			E 1886.		
Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Proh	. Plu.	
1886. Gov126,628	109.835				D
1888, Pres158,779				19,791	
1890, Gov113,549			11.082		
	,	I. Dem			_
1892. Gov127,247	100,629			26,618	D
	,	Pop.	0,1201		
1892. Pres138,874	100,331		4.851	38,543	D
1894. Gov104,356	105,104			†748	
DemPor		20,022		1710	-
1900. Pres144,751	121,194			*23,557	3)
1902. Gov 98,954	59,000		2,193	39 552	
1904, Pres131,653	105,369		1,889		
10010 1 100011111101,000	200,000	Soc.	2,000	a0,a0.	_
1906. Gov101,766	92,804			8.962	D
1908, Pres135,608	118,324		300	17,284	Ð
1908. Gov 133,913	113,033			20,880	Ď
1910. Gov., 121,674	133,999			12,325	
20201 0011111112221012	a copere			22,020	

* Majority. † A recount of the vote by the Legislature resulted in the rejection of certain returns for irregularities and elected Turney Governor.

TEXAS.										
	Pa	1912.	т,	G	1912.	ι:,				
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Col-	John.	Last				
(234.)	son,	Rep.	velt,	quitt,	s∵n,	ter,				
	Dem.	nep.	Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.				
Anderson	1,745	446	104	1,821	425	56				
Andrews	97	1	4	97	1	4				
Angelina	1,107	45	25	1, 111	29	16				
Aransas	189	7	29	194	3	25				
Archer	460	25	42	474	19	24				
Armstrong	274	32	31	298	22	22				
Atascosa	647	16	17	647	16	17				
Austin	1,202	244	77	1,279	175	53				
Bandera	414	158	130	458	126	91				
Bastrop	1,086	216	165	1,153	162	69				
Baylor	553	15	48	579	11	25				
Bee	495	30	64	503	28	53				
Bell	3,036	128	42	3,079	10	3				
Bexar	4,909	1,022	2,506	7,069	474	952				
Blanco	449	127	76	504	103	49				
Borden	128			132						
Bosque	1,225	65	87	1,260	54	58				
Bowie	1,542	317	218	1,626	160	167				
Brazoria	748	263	342	825	229	258				
Brazos	768	142	43	772	131	35				
Brewster	333	29	40	367	3	24				
Briscoe	148	2	5	147	2	3				
Brooks	403		164	373	19	197				
Brown	1,466	115	129	1,600	88	86				
Burleson	1,000	228	79	1,028	194	67				
Burnet	627	85	67	648	58	38				
Caldwell	1.068	56	82	1,110	61	65				
Calhonn	356	36	61	376	33	36				
Callahan	785	45	46	820	29	22				
Cameron	2,146	151	126	2,160	134	110				
Camp	492	155	61	487 223	149	56				
Carson	201 1,284	19 402	58 239	1,351	15 325	31 178				
Cass				198						
Castro	177		19	242	9 74	14 30				
Chambers	219	80	§ 30							
Cherokee	1,686	145	· 61	1.707	1291	42				

TEXAS-Continued.

TEXAS—Continued.											
	PF	ESIDEN 1912.	г,	Go	1912.	R,					
COUNTIES.	Wil-	Taft,	Roos-	Col-	John-	Lasa-					
	Bon, Dem.	Rep.	velt, Prog.	quitt, Dem.	Rep.	ter, Prog.					
Childress	723	34	46	724	27	24					
Clay Coke	1,005 302	54 8	140	946 307	47 7	108 12					
Coleman	1,284 3,197	52	59	1,270 3,301 426	41	44					
Collingsworth	3,197	342 15	223 27	3,301 426	329 11	198					
Colorado Comal	1,024	106	140	1,053	99	118					
Comanche	1,661	157 69	174 183	864 1,720	40 44	30 39					
	345 1,780	16 206	33 143	354 1.826	11 195	11					
Coryell	1.270	70	67	1,357	33	40					
Concho	311 53	8 5	18 3	315 55	3 2	12					
Crosby	247	7	41	278	2	8					
	145 247	1 18	1 68	144 278	13	45					
Dallas	7,925 95	591	1,260	8,440	489	834					
Dawson Deaf Smith	221	21	22 35	221	$^{6}_{21}$	2 24					
Delta	908 2,293	51 190	35 113	928 2, 268	40 191	21 104					
Delta Denton De Witt	1.080	219	162 38	1.268	124	74 14					
	279 292	11 134	38 36	281 215	51	14 38					
Dimmit Donley Duval Eastland	388	12 80	36	378		34					
Eastland	917 1,499	80 66	31 79	931 1.489	41 62	37 45					
Ector Edwards	89 133	4	4	94	2	-2					
	3,454	114 293	75 159	$\frac{163}{3,528}$	$\frac{95}{268}$	61 107					
El Paso	2.914 1,569	291 156	799 161	3, 327 1, 616	134 107	434 106					
Falls	1,663	353	190	1.731	299	124					
EMS. El Paso. Erath Falls Famin Fayette.	2,661 2,016	227 461	$\frac{222}{214}$	$2,641 \\ 2,286$	219 371	186 147					
	572 383	11	21	574	10	12					
Floyd Foard	383 431	21 19	41 41	377 428	10 17	22 36					
Fort Bend Franklin	681	275	145 9	725 478	264	107					
Freestone	474 1,306	19 475	29.	1.331	15 487	3 23					
Frio Gaines	418 68	25	50 3	445 68	16	19					
Galveston	2,601	459	472	2,751	272	341					
	147 307	219	1,070	159 746	143	653					
Gillespie Glasscock	53	414	76	68	345	40					
Goliad Gonzales	500 1,330	318	98	608 1,409	291	69					
Gray	272 3,937	13 510	65 444	294 4,013	460	29 351					
Gregg	605	126 39	32	624	102	26					
Grimes Guadalupe	939 1,140	39 1,072	51 538	976 1,599	$\frac{27}{741}$	27 171					
Hale	554	20	58	575	16	43					
Hall Hamilton	775 993	24 68	46 119	769 938	20 59	31 69					
Hausford	93 861	12 36	$\frac{35}{62}$	96 863	11 30	28 35					
Hardeman Hardin	989	114	101	1.067	78	60					
Harris	6,431 1,145	726 130	1,124	7,103 1,176	510 29	599 18					
Hartley Haskell	116	16	29	130	12	17					
Haskell	1,001 939	45 60	53 52	1,075 911	33 48	27 35					
Hays Hemphill	315	61	116	327	61	105 84					
Henderson Hidalgo	1.295 1.203	136 39	79 94	$1,384 \\ 1.205$	135 41	75					
Hill	2,680 675	129 38	144 59	2,712 676	104 32	76 40					
Hopkins	1,999	146	80	2,007	120	56					
Houston Howard	1,461 531	342 21	64 32	1,598	313 12	45 10					
Hunt Hutchinson	4,040	225 16	213	3, 452	227 11	200					
Irion	91 132		6	139 136		10					
Jack Jackson	762 326	86 35	96 88	770 340	80 36	63 65					
Jasper	628	40	44	602	35	30					

	TEXA	S (I	mtinue	d.		TEXAS - Continued.		GOVERNOR,					
		RESIDE			OVERNO	R,			1912.	T,		1912.	
COUNTING.	Wil-	1912.	Roose-	Col-	1912, John	Lasa-	COUNTIES.	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Col-	John-	Lasa- ter,
	son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	velt, Prog.	quitt,	Son, Rep.	ter, Prog.		Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.
Jeff Davis,	129	62	100	133	79	11	Schleicher Senrry	111 665	3 30	13 20	112 677	20	15 18
Jefferson Jim Wells	1,726 242	188 43	320 24	1,845 245	154 22	214 35	Shackellord Shelby	246	18 76	23 20	264 1.493	7 78	13 19
Johnson	2,487	109	109	2,506	98	72	Sherman	97	22	24	109	18	15
Karnes	1,301 710	63		1.304	51 31	42 28	Smith Somervell	1,958	485 12	418 21	-275	462 5	353 6
Kanfman Kendali,	2,098 223	226 178		2,070 453	226 74	73 88	Starr Stephens	674 463	252 11		677 466	248	3 2
Kent	135	7	19	153	2	6	Sterling	165	4	9	170	3	2
Kerr Kimble	578 133	127 19	146 19	665 145	102 14	60 12	Stone wall	334 62	7 12	12 17	360 73	10 6	ıí
Kinney	77 76	2 99		79 76	2 94		Swisher Tarrant	280 7, 219	533	$\frac{24}{1,112}$	290 7.917	16 386	24 654
Knox.,	649	32	54	672	29	24	Taylor	1,536	59 36	90	1,562	36	46 33
Lamar	2,281 53	206 6	18	2,407 36	137	86 13	Terrell	118 94	3	39 5	99	4	
Lampasas La Salle	517 339	66 21	35	543 349	59 13	32 25	Throckmorton Titus	252 943	4 70	13 87	249 992	2 56	41
Lavaca	1,498 688	267 134	237	1.715 734	155 103	82 38	Tom Green Travis	907 2,734	50 466	86 453	951 3, 126	31 298	43 151
Leon	856	191	57	886	154	45	Trinity	661	92	44	703	88 31	25
Liberty Limestone	583 1,667	80 153		599 1,718	81 121	90 49	Tyler Upshur	539 895	32 168		537 970	137	3 30
Lipscomb Live Oak	251 308	47 26	105 42	258 288	40 50	97	Upton Uvalde	601	53	3 73	27 627	43	1 41
Llano	432 266	30 16	45	478 377	14 14	18 12	Val Verde Van Zandt	298 1,790	133 110	196	827 1,852	141 69	89 62
Lubbock	122	6	3	125	ā	2	Victoria	698	100	162	768	99	82 22
Madison Marion	379 339	37 85	23 36	391 344	35 83	19 61	Walker	633 595	323 144	98	684 680	284 86	54
Martin Mason	125 473	152	2	123 557	107	$\frac{1}{122}$	Ward Washington	147 1,109	6 546	$\frac{34}{192}$	165 1,212	299 299	12 24
Matagorda	718	108	174	759	85	135	Webb	654	888 109	31	697 808	840 98	25 162
Maverick McCulloch	185 593	141 41	61	191 623	137 33	70 42	Wharton Wheeler	403	33	48	415	31	34
McLennan McMullen	3,836 50	296 9	310	62	219	176 1	Wichita Wilbarger	1,128 994	108 44	131 71	1.157 1,072	39 25	107 39
Medina	651 109	220 17	263 39	877 143	123 7	88 13	Willacy Williamson	105 2,056	4 246		2, 223	147	99
Menard Midland	216	11	10	215	11	6,	Wilson	799	109		954 26	70	25
Milam	1,939 577	244 92	68	608	217 65	40 43	Winkler Wise	$\frac{26}{1.842}$	156		1.840	134	111
Mitchell Montague	573 1,534	18 151	32 114	666 146,1	14 125	27 89	Wood., Yoakum	1,449 41	147	74	1,480	. 1	52 1
Montgomery	616 57	120 5	113	643 57	122 5	74 11	YoungZapata	922	35 199		911	38 199	32
Moore Morris	608	89	48	640 202	57 4	30 5	Zavala	242	42	54	248	44	57
Motley Nacogdoches	1,619	94 94	15 42	1.640	71	24	_Total	221589	28, 853	26,755	233811	22,612	16, 333
Navarro Newton	2,590 278	165 8	128 12	2,617 284	157 8	93 12	Plurality Per cent	192736 72.62	9.46	8, 77	77.71	7.30	5.43
Nolan Nueces	656 910	60 85		665 942	55 64	13 94	Whole vote		00, 120			300,88	
Ochiltree	94	4	17	94 90	3 23	15 18	For Presider	Dano	1 599 .	Pain	00 50	n Lah	44.9
Oldham, Orange Palo Pinto	92 556	25	44	577	18	31	For Governo 25, 270; Housto	or 1919	2, An	drews	, Soc	., rec	eived
Palo Pinto Panola	1.237 1.213	68 82		1.272 1.213	49 85	39 49	414.						
Parker Parmer	1,700 115	135	146 54	1,776 116	96 6	62 40	VOTE FOR REF	ot I	n rea_	Summ	ers D	em 2	% 319 ·
Pecos	256	76 41		246 634	67 37	64 31	Congressmar Garrett, Dem. son, Rep., 29,2 Prog., 32,498;	219, 63	2; El	gin, Re	p., 29	,172; F	Iarri-
Polk Potter.	615 801	41	124	807	35	79	Prog., 32,498;	Conni	ber, P	ro , 1	736; I	Richar	dson,
Presidio Rains	191 441	88 67	20	2×0 496	45 70	17 17	Soc., 14,839; H Districts.						
Randall Reagan,	269 34	21	29	287 34	14	11	I. Counties of Hopkins, Cass, and	Bowie	Red	Rive	r, Lai	mar, I	Delta, orris
Red River	1,497	255	203 43	$\frac{1,559}{289}$	251 8	203 25	Cass, and	Marie	on. V	augha	in, D	eni., 1	1,180;
Reeves	276 207	118	84	234	110	23 20	Baker, K	ep., at L.Leffe	erson.	Orang	e, Ha	rdin, I	yler,
Robertson	183 1,053	16 153	31 53	195 1, 149	12 89	17	Jasper, N gelina, Cl	ewtor reroke	ı, Sabi e. Na	me, Sa cogdo	n Aug ches, l	ustine Shelby	, An-
Rockwall Runnels	648 1,128	17 58	16 73	650 $1,170$	17 35	16 31	geima, Ci nola, and Smith, R III. Counties Smith, II	l Hai	rrison.	Die	s, De	nı., 1	1,120;
Rusk	1,453 430	488 19	78 10		488	66	III. Counties	of W	ood,	Upshu	r, Gr	egg,	Rush,
San Augustine	375	12	18	352	7	9 34	man, i	Jung.	Dem.	, 10,11	7.		
San Jacinto San Patricio	379 558	196 174	46 72 35	382 567	186 151	60	IV. Countles and Rains	of Gra	yson,	Collin	, Far	nnin,	Hunt
San Saba	692	39	35	707	80	23	and Kains	, ILE	, ourn	nem.	, , 0,014	-	

TEXAS-Continued.

V. Counties of Dallas, Rockwell, Ellis, Hill, and Bosque. Beall, Dem., 11,220; Johnstone, Prog., 86; Green, Soc., 125.
VI. Navarro, Freestone, Limestone, Robertson, Brazos, and Milam. Hardy, Dem., 7,830; Wilson, Soc., 157.
VII. Anderson, Houston, Trinity, Polk, San Jacinto, Liberty, Chambers, Galveston. Gregg. Dem., 8,168.

Wilson, Soc., 157.

VII. Anderson, Houston, Trinity, Polk, San Jacinto, Liberty, Chambers, Galveston. Gregg, Dem., 8,168.

VII. Harris, Fort Bend, Austin, Waller, Montgomery, Grimes, Walker, Madison, Leon. Eagle, Dem., 11,928; Miller, Rep., 462.

IX. Gonzales, Fayette, Colorado, Wharton, Matagorda, Brazoria, Jackson, Lavaca, De Witt, Victoria. Cathoun, Aransas, Refugio, Bee, Goliad, Karnes, Burgess, Dem., 11,391.

X. Williamson, Travis, Hays, Caldwell, Bastrop, Bee, Burleson, Washington, Burleson, Dem., 12,109.

Bee, Burleson, Washington. Burleson, Dem., 12,109.

XI. McLennan, Falls, Bell, Coryell, Hamilton. Henry, Dem., 7,623.

XII. Tarraut, Parker, Johnson, Hood, Somervell, Erath. Callaway, Dem., 10,759.

XIII. Cook, Denton, Wise, Montague, Clay, Jack, Young, Archer, Wichita, Wilbarger, Baylor, Throckmorton, Knox, Foard, Hardeman, Cottle. Motley, Dickens, Floyd, Hale, Lamb, Bailey, Childress, Hall, Briscoe, Swisher, Castro, Parmer, Deat Smith, Randall, Armstrong, Donley, Collingsworth, Wheeler, Gray, Carson, Potter, Oldham, Hartley, Moore, Hutchinson, Roberts, Hemphill, Lipscomb, Ochiltree, Hansford, Sherman, Dallam, Stephens, Dem., 20,363: Cooper, Rep., 1116.

XIV. Bexar, Comal, Kendall, Bandera, Kerr, Gilespie, Blanco, Burnet, Llano, Mason, McCulloch, San Saba, Lampasas, Mills, Brown, Slayden, Dem., 4,686.

XV. Cameron, Hidalgo, Starr, Zapata, Webb, Duval, Nucces, San Patriclo, Live Oak, Atascosa, Wilson, Guadaline, McMillen, La Salle, Dinmit, Maverick, Zavala, Frio, Medina, Uvalde, Kinney, Val Verde, Garner, Peros, Crockett, Schleicher, Sutton, Edwards, Kimble, Menard, Concho, Tom Green, Irion, Upton, Crane, Ward, Reeves, Loving, Winkler, Ector, Midland, Glasscock, Sterling, Coke, Runnels, Eastland, Callahan, Taylor, Nolan, Mitchell, Howard, Martin, Andrews, Gaines, Dawson, Borden, Scurry, Fisher, Jones, Shackelford, Stephens, Palo Pinto, Haskell, Stonewall, King, Kent, Garza, Crosby, Lubbock, Lynn, Terry, Yoakum, Cochran, Hockley, Smith, Dem., 21,186.

21,186.
PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, O. B. Colquitt; Lieutenant-Governor,
Will H. Mays; Secretary of State,
Attorney-General, B. F. Looney; State Treasurer,
J. M. Edwards; Comptroller, W. P. Lane; Superintendent of Public Instruction, F. M. Brally;
Land Commissioner, J. T. Robinson; Commissioner of Agriculture, E. R. Kone—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Thos. J. Brown;
Associate Justices, N. Phillips and W. E. Hawkins; Clerk, F. T. Connerly—all Democrats,
STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

9.1.V	STATE LEGISLATURE, 1915.								
	Senai	e. House.	Toint Ballot.						
Democrats	30	108	138						
Republicans	1	1	2						
-	_	-							
Democratic Ma	jority 29	107	136						
VOTE (OF THE ST.	ATE SINCE 19	00.						
	em. Rep.	Pop, Pro .	Maj.						
1900. Pres 267.	.837 121,173	20.976 2.644	146,164 D						
1904. Pres 167	200 51,242	8,062 4,292	105,958 D						
1906. Gov 243	,942 42,169	5,910	201,773 D						
1908. Pres 217		972 1,634	151,636 D						
1908. Gov. 218			*145,651 D						
1910 GOV 173	003 96 107	6 059	147 996 Tx						

* Majority. 1 Independent Republican

UTAH.

1						
	Pı	1912.	īT,	G	OVERNO 1912.	OR,
COUNTIES. (27.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Tol- ton, Dem.	Spry,	Mor- rs, Prog.
Beaver	602	674			432	
Box Elder	1 402	1,650				
Caché	3.288	2,845				1.275
Carbon	503	783		446	862	
Davis	1 1 1 4 3	1,295				
Emery	755	762			859	
Garfield	249	673	128	339	596	
Grand	. 215	193				86
Iron	544	695	64	605	656	37
Juab	985	1,171	347	970	1,168	330
Kane	115	429	20	161		
Millard	865	-970	397	1.084	847	249
Morgan	234	319	273	218	323	278
Piute		206	146			
Rich	237	329	99			99
Salt Lake	10,468	12,691	8,899	9,746	13,592	8,657
San Juan		146	95	164	155	55
San Pete	1,976	2.489	1,272			1,380
Sevier	909	1,451	-758		1,351	
Summit	983	1,294	425		1,328	391
Tooele	647	952	261		1,006	224
Uintah	566	545	642	564	547	644
Utah	4,636	4,175	2,295	4,374		2,442
Wasatch	924	1,216	432	924	1,252	373
Washington	845	712	72	833	739	47
Wayne	183	283	24	200	266	22
Weber	2,991	3,171	3,608	2,917	3,424	3,370
Total	36, 579	12,100	24,174	36.076	42,552	23, 591
Plurality	امتنها	5, 521		6,476		
Per cent	32. 70	37.63	21.60			21.16
Whole vote	1	11,876		1	11,495	

For President, 1912, Debs, Soc., received 9,023 votes. For Governor, 1912, Burt, Soc., received 8,797 votes; Battell, Soc. Lab., 479.

The wote for Representatives in Congress, 1912, was: Johnson, Dem., 36,649; Homas, Dem., 37,192; Howell, Rep., 43,183; J., 50anson, Rep., 42,682; Love, Prog., 22,385; Lisnon, Prog., 24,34; Kuerr, Soc., 8,253; King., Soc., 8,971; Anderson, Soc. Lab., 553; Doseph, Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 5,842; Johnson, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. Howelf's plurality, 565; Desph. Ind., 187. H son's plurality, 4,858.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, William Spry; Secretary of State, D. Mattson; Treasurer, J. D. Jewkes; Auditor, L. G. Kelly; Attorney General, A. R. Barnes; Saperintend-nt of Education, A. C. Nel-son; Commissionerof Insurance, Willard Done—all Republicans. JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, W. M. McCarty; Justices J. E. Frick and Daniel N. Straup; Clerk, H. W. Griffithall Republicans

STA	TE LEGI	SLATURE	, 1913.			
	Se	nate. I	House.	Join	t Ball	ot.
Democrats		2	14		16	
Republicans		16	31		47	
		-	-		-	
Republican majo			17		31	
VOTE OF						
	Dem.	Rep.	Soc.	Pro.	Plu	
1900. Pres	.45,006	47,139	720	209	2.133	R
1904. Pres	. 33, 413	62,446	5,767		29,033	R
1904. Gov	.38,047	50.837	4.892		12,790	R
1908. Pres	42,601	61,015			18,414	
1908. Gov	43 375	52 913	4 095		9 548	

VERMONT.

		RESIDEN 1912.	r,	Ge	GOVERNOR 1912.	
COUNTIES. (14.)	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	Howe, Dem.	Flet- cher, Rep.	Mets- ger, Prog.
Addison	621	1,835	1,487	795	2,456	892
Bennington	1,057	1,464	1,380	1,292	1.868	802
Caledonia	1,065	1,583			1,235	1,424
Chittenden	2,266	2,368	1,663	2,709	3,026	921
Essex	348	463	353	606	494	177
Franklin	1,317	1,433	1,457	1,798	2.117	985
Grand Isle	210	193	204	273	443	105
Lamoille	43	852	996	607	981	546
Orange	956	1,289	1,426	1,146	1,461	1,207
Orleans	628	1,475	1,891	851	1,594	1.767

	ERM	ONT-	-Contin	rued.	•		
PRESIDENT, 1912.			т,	Governor, 1912.			
COUNTIES.	Wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	relt, Prog.	Howe, Dem.	Flet- cher, Rep.	Metz- ger, Prog.	
Rutland Washington . Windham Windsor	2,075 1,743 1,327 1,302	2,797 2,143	2,020	2,462 2 469 1,424 1,544	3,569 2,526 1,927 2,550	1,841 1,343 1,722 1,897	
Total Plurality Per cent Whole vote	15,350 24.44	1, 235	22,070 35.14	20.001 30.90	26, 237 6, 236 40, 60 64,812	15, 629 24. 11	

Total vote for Governor in 1912, 64,812, of which Allan M. Fletcher, Rep., had a plurality of 6,236 over Harland B. Howe, Dem., but Fletcher lacked the majority required for election by the Vermont Constitution. The election went to the joint ses-sion of the Legislature, which elected Fletcher and the full State ticket, none of which was elected

and the 1111 State ticket, to be of which was elected by popular vote. For President in 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 1,154 votes: Debs, Soc., 928. For Governor in 1912, C.F. Smith, Proh., received 1,735 votes: F.W. Suitor, Soc., 1,210. For Governor in 1908, Backus, Ind., received

1,351 votes. VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. Counties of Addison, Bennington, Chittenden, Franklin, Grand Isle, Lamoille, and Rutland, Meldon, Dem., 9, 154; Greene, Rep., 15,469; Story, Proh., 797; Spargo, Soc., 648.

II. Counties of Caledonia, Essex, Orange, Orleans, Washington, Windham, and Windsor. Cochran, Dem., 6, 226; Plumley, Rep., 13,396; Sawyer, Dem., 8, 269; Phillips, Proh., 532; Ordway, Soc., 766.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
GOVERNOM, F. E. Howe; Secretary of State, Guy W. Bailey; Treasurer, Edward H. Deavitt; Anditor, Horace F. Graham: Attorney-General, R. E. Brown; Adjutant-Gen'l, Lee S. Tillotson; Superintendent of Education, Mason S. Stone; Commissioner of Insurance, E. H. Deavitt, and Guy W. Bailey; Commissioner of Agriculture, O. L. Martin—all Republicans. -all Republicans. JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John W. Rowell; Assistant Justices, Loveland Munson, John H. Watson, Seneca Haselton, Geo. M. Powers: Clerk, L. C. Moody, -all Republicans, except Haselton.

	Sei	rate.	House	. Joir	it Ballo	t.
Republicans		27	164		191	
Democrats			57		57	
Progressives		3	22		25	
I logiessives	•	_			_	
Republican major	itv	24	85		109	
VOTE OF T			SINC	E 1872		
De	111	Rep.		Proh.	Plu.	
		1,481			*30,554	R
	350 4	4,428			*24.078	
		5,567				Ŕ
		9.514	785	1,752		
				1,460		Ŕ
		5,192				R
		3,462		1,161		
1892. Pres 16.	325 - 3	7,992	£	1,415	21,669	R
		2.20	Pop.	4	00.535	n
1894. Gov 14,	142 4	2,663	740	457	28,521	ĸ
			N, D ,			_
1896. Pres 10,	637 5	1,127	1,331	733	40,490	к
			Soc. D			_
		48,441	567		31,312	
1900. Pres 12.	849	42,568		368	29,719	
1902 GOV 7.	364	31.864		2,498	24,500	
1904. Pres 9,	777	40,459	859	792	30,682	
	566	48,115	769	1 175	31,549	R
		42,332	512	733	15,420	R
		39.552		799	28,056	\mathbf{R}
	953	45,598	547	918		R
		35.263	1.055	1.044	17,838	
10201 000	120	00,200	-,			_
* Majority.						

VIRGINIA.

PRESIDENT, 1912.						Governor, 1909.	
COUNTIES AND CITIES.	*****						
(120.)	Will-	Taft, Rep.	Roose-	Debs, Soc.	Mann, Dem.	Kent,	
	Dem.	_ `	Prog.	1	1,038		
Accomac	1,825 1,215	153 144	126	15	857	289 140	
Alexandria C.	951	132	104	11	817	132	
AlexandriaCo	846 894	86 125	153 263	8 10	201 349	78 325	
Alleghany	325	32	50			820	
Amherst	765	64	60	8	673	41	
Appomattox.	654	28 568	51 272		595 1,227	50 726	
Augusta	1,556 329	159	39	3	2981	140	
Bedford	1.219	142	343 118	9	988 355	175	
Bath Bedford Bland Bote to urt	289 889	206 517	191	2	777	299 787	
Bristol City	405	86	64	8	391	137	
Bruns wick	643 524	67 223	43 389	5	492 293	82 402	
Buchanan	603	97	110	::	564	218	
Bucki ngham . Buena Vista C	155	43	48	8		71	
Campbell	810 590	97 144	126 126	11		63	
Carroll	765	874	346	::	801	1,261	
Carroll Charles City	1 101	37 175	23 123	·· ₁₀	97 605	20 20	
Charlotte Charlottesv'le Chesterfield	609 454		24	4 8	353	43	
Chesterfield.	702	61	75	8	443	99	
Clarke Clifton ForgeC	576 293	39 63	14 61		466 343	39 147	
Craig	331	62	150	1	372	176	
Craig Culpe per Cumb erland Danville City.	752	108		1	678 302	111	
Comberland	302		31 79	l ii	609	12	
Dickenson	529	398	157	5	419	489	
Dinwiddie	512	58 43		11 11 5 1	402 571	14:	
Elizabeth C'y	347 278	72	11	l °	393	2	
Fairfax	992	187	150	6	770	23	
Danville City. Dickenson. Dinwiddie Ellzabeth C'y Essex Fairfax Fauquier Floyd Fluvanna Franklin Frederick Fredericksb'g Giles	1,187	182 222	87 712	5 5 5 5	945 318	139 63	
Fluvanna	409	53	-0	5	433	8	
Franklin	1,238	415	601	3	1,111 632	979	
Frederick	922 414	51	112 100		420	16	
Giles	725	267	247	4	709	47	
Gloucester	510 322		56 82	6	437 262	13	
Grayson		832	290	1	834	1,10	
Greene	238		95		196 212	23	
Greenesville	294	426	72 127	15		26	
Halifax Hampton C'y Hanover	1,260	13	31	1		١	
Hanover	609		105		456 529	10 19	
Henrico	952 707	216	369	8	659	48	
Highland	313	221			227 516	21 11	
Henry Highland Isle of Wight James City King George.	708 128		101 15	1		1 5	
King George.	250	48	103		211	12	
King and Q'n	246	68	48 68		273 205	11	
King William Laucaster	305 479	8	16	:1 1			
Tao	1 000	699	671	1 2	1,162	1,38	
Loudonn Louisa	. 1,386 . 578	29t	87 141		II I,IUO	1 51	
Louisa	508	6	il 50)) 4	307	4	
Lunenburg . Lynchburg C	. 1.48	7 111	218	19	743	12 23	
Madison Mathews	. 40:	2 210		ì '	357 364	6	
Mocklenburg	1.039	9 191	91		666	18	
Middlesex Montgomery Nansemond	. 37	1 129 4 349	531	i	322	61	
Montgomery Nansemond	54	1 54	8 6	5	808	18	
Nelson	70	h] 1 b∈	9	5 1	5 592	16	
New Kent	. 160 8 93	0] 3() - 1 +		142 3 2.401	69	
Norfolk City	3,53	9 19	45	1 3	3 721	61	
Norfolk Co	1,08	9 42	2 21	5 1	1 947	49	
Nansemond Nelson New Kent NewportN'w Norfolk City Norfolk Co Northamptol North'mber' Nottoway	n 72	0 10	3 70	2	371	11	
	. 68		2 7	0	4 506		

VIRGINIA - Continued.

VIRGINIA—Commuea, PRESIDENT, GOVERNOR,								
			GOVERNOE, 1909.					
COUNTIES	Wil-	Taft.	Roose-	Debs,	Mann,	Kent		
AND CITIES.	son,	Rep.	velt,	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.		
	Dem.	тер.	Prog.	500.		- Leep.		
Orange	619	87	57		376			
Page	703	340	138	10	608	37		
Patrick	698	434	350	3	667	789		
PetersburgCity	1,122	75	44	2	724	16		
Pittsylvania	1,558	527	321	15	1,011			
Portsmonth C.	1,529		321	16	1,258	39		
Powhatan	230		51	11	206	12		
Prince Edward	584		46		517	79		
Prince George.	204		48	1	126	3		
Princess Anne.	422	40	63		341	2		
Prince William	814	82	93	5	448	111		
Pulaski	781		484	13	659	56		
Radford City	185	36	95	- 8	207	9		
Rappahannock	356	94	9	13	279	70		
Richmond City	5,632		483	91	3,876	63		
Richmond Co	342	110	40		295	11.		
Roanoke City	1,913		502	39	1,901	60		
Roanoke Co	696		191	9	1,001	- 00.		
Rockbridge	949		212	13				
Rockingham	1,761	937	421	25	1,413	1,10		
Russell	1,298	588	623	-6	693	89		
Scott	1,311	557	1.075	12	960	1,39		
Shenandoah	1,336		493	17	1,139			
Smyth	1,022	609	578	6	878	1,10		
southampton.	861	95	49		740	1,10		
Spottsylvania	390	58	158	• • •	474	23		
Stafford	347	141	183	2	335	27		
Staunton City.	632	65	287		526	34		
Suffolk City	480	71	63	•:	920	J-1		
Surry	360	57	37	2 6	307			
Sussex	435	59	53	. 0		8		
Tazewell	979	586	871	19	384 637	97		
Warren	571	122	39		404			
Warwick	123	17	30	2		16		
Washington	1,721				107	2		
Westmoreland	341	590	996	4	1,173	1,22		
Williamsb'g C.		69	43	2	294	113		
Winchester C.	113	11	14	*:	118	5		
Wiee	447	141	63	3	342	24		
Wise	1,279	851	573	34	720	1,16		
Wythe	1,110	633	650	õ	875	1,20		
York	211	34	26	3	196	6		
Total	90,332	23,288	21,777	820	68.750	36,249		
Plurality	67,044			-50	32, 501			
Percent	65.95	17, 00	15, 90	0. 59		34.0		
scattering		7	59			337		
With ole meets		100	1100		300	000		

Whole vote.. 136,976 106,336 For President 1912, Reimer, Soc. Lab., received 50 votes; Chafin, Pro., 709.

For Governor, 1909, Dennett, Soc. Lab., received 1,377 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. Counties of Accomac, Caroline, Elizabeth City, Essex, Gloucester, Hampton, King and Queen, Lancaster, Matthews, Middlesex, Northampton, Northumberland, Richmond, Spottsylvania, Warwick, Westunoreland, Westmoreland, York, and cities of Newport News and Fredericksburg. Jones, Denn., 10,361; Cole-man, Soc., 753; Kinder, Soc. Lab., 269. II. Counties of Isle of Wight, Nansemond, Nor-

folk, Princess Anne, Southampton, and cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth, and Suffolk, Holland, Dem., 10,061; Green, Prog., 1,121; Downey, Soc., 50; Chesman, Soc. Lab., 63.

Downey, Soc., 50; Chesman, Soc. Lab., 63.

III. Counties of Charles City, Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, James City, King
William, New Kent, and cities of Richmondand Williamsburg. Montague, Dem., 10,541;
Haight, Soc., 154; Muller, Soc. Lab., 107;
Allen, Ind., 4.

IV. Counties of Amella, Brunswick, Dinwiddie,
Greenesville, Lamenburg, Mecklenburg, Nottoway, Powhatan, Prince Edward, Prince
George, Surry, Sussex, and the city of

George, Surry, Sussex, and the city of 1908. Pres.... Petersburg, Watson, Dem., 7,847; Herzig, 50c., 269; Turnbull (complimentary), 23.

VIRGINIA-Continued.

- V. Counties of Carroll, Franklin, Grayson, Henry, Patrick, Pittsylvania, and the city of Dan-Saunders, Dem., 9,479; Hamner, Rep., ville. 5,449; Shelton, Soc.,349.
- VI. Counties of Bedford, Campbell, Charlotte, Floyd, Halifax, Montgomery, Radford, Roanoke, and the cities of Roanoke and Lynchburg. Glass, Dem., 8,194; Browning, Prog., 2,312; Harvey, Soc., 366; Yoder, Ind., 278
- VII. Counties of Albemarle, Clarke, Frederick, Greene, Madison, Page, Rappahannock, Rockingham, Shenandoah, Warren, and the cities of Charlottesville and Winchester. Hay, Dem., 10,015; Earman, Rep., 3,539; Garvison, Soc., 446,
- VIII. Counties of Alexandria, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudonn, Louisa, Orauge, Prince William, Stafford, and the city of Alexandria. Carlin, Dem., 9,083; Evans, Soc. 628; Fling, Soc. Lab., 303.
- IX. Counties of Bland, Buchanan, Dickenson, Giles, Lee, Pulaski, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise, Wythe, and the city of Bristol. Ayers, Dem., 13,857; Slemp, Rep., 14,868; Graham, Prog., 1,004; Dutton, Soc., 13.
- X. Counties of Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Augusta, Bath, Botetourt, Buckinghan, Craig, Cumberland, Fluvanna, Highland, Nelson, Rockbridge, and the cities of Buena Vista, Staunton, and Clifton Forge, Plood, Dem., 9,615; McCullock, Prog., 2,458; Parkins, Soc., 842.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

	Senate.	House.	Joint Batto
Democrats	35	90	125
publicans		10	15
Democratic majority	30	80	110

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, William H. Mann; Lieuten-ant-Governor, J. T. Ellyson; Secretary of Com-monwealth, B. O. James; First Auditor, C. Lee Moore; Treasurer, A. W. Harman, Jr.; Super-intendent of Instruction, J. D. Eggleston, Jr.; Attorney-General. Samuel W. Williams; Ad-jutant-General, W. W. Sale; Commissioner of Agriculture. George W. Koiner; Commissioner of Insurance, Joseph Button—all Demograes Insurance, Joseph Button-all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court of Appeals: President, James Keith; Justices, S. G. Whittle, John A. Bu-chanan, George M. Harrison, and Richard H. Cardwell; Clerk of the Court, H. Stewart Jonesall Democrats.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1892.

		Dem.	кеp.	Λ , D .	Pro.	мaj.		
1892.	Pres	163,977	113,262	12,275	2,738	†50,715	Ð	
				Pop.				
1893.	Gov	127,940		81,239	6,962	†39,726	D	
1896.	Pres	154,709	135,368	2,129	2,350	†19,341	D	
1897.	Gov	109,655	56,840		2,743	†52,815	D	
1900.	Pres	146,080	115,865		2,150	†30,215	D	
	Gov	116,682	81,366		1,896	†35,316	D	
1904.	Pres	80,648	47,880	359	1,383	†32,768	D	
1905.	(fov	83,544	45,795	Soc.		†37,749	D	
1908.	Pres	82.946	52,573	255	1,111	130,373	D	

WASHINGTON.							
	P	RESIDEN	T,	GOVERNOR,			
COUNTIES.	1912.			1912.			
(39.)	Wil-	Taft,	Roose-	Lister.	Hay,	Hodge	
(03.)	son,	Rep.	velt,	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	
	Dem.		Prog.		-		
Adams	949	398		970	847	286	
Asotin	551	579	513	501	802	250	
Benton	1,238	728	1.373	1, 199	1,486	623	
Chehalls	1,953	3,055	1,847		3,644	1,336	
Chelan	1, 331	970	1,994	1, 037	1,802	1,480	
Clallam	464	727	686		781	670	
Clarke	2,549 855	1,872	2,082	2,434	$^{2,532}_{830}$	1,326	
Columbia	919	673 1,348	803	986 803		513 1,103	
Cowlitz Douglas	1,357	642	1,006 794	1,352	$1,352 \\ 837$	550	
Ferry i	609	286	502	538	577	251	
Franklin	612	293	525	508	717	206	
Garfield	426	345	667	473	369	585	
Grant	771	458	914	720	906	533	
Island	310	332	503	272	443	435	
Jefferson	642	636	741	602	893	485	
King	20,088	15, 579	26,887	26,243	18, 927	18,727	
Kitsap	969	1,224	2,321	1,031	1,820	1,572	
Kittitas	1,407	1,157	1,902	1,580	1,422	1,505	
Klickitat	1,028		795	917	1,565	424	
Lewis	2,471	3, 200	2,032	2,879	3,127	1,683	
Lincoln	1,829	691	1,864	1,733	1,704	963	
Mason	522	439	464	570	483	349	
Okanogan	1,461	804	1,088	1,196		516	
Pacific	971	1,375	1,251	904		916	
Pend d'Oreille	747	305	716	641	778	286	
Pierce	6,855 311	6,517 341	346	10,724	6,972	$9,514 \\ 285$	
San Juan	1.962	2,399	2,529	269 2,090	$\frac{414}{2,579}$	2,389	
SkagitSkamania	262	251	2,329	230	343	147	
Snohomish	3.846		7,347	3,597	3,677	6,930	
Spokune	10,845	4, 205	16,687	10,576	11, 792	9,387	
Stevens	1,979	810		1.873		1,227	
Thurston	1,456	1,937	1,471	1,634	1,974	1,397	
Wahkiakum	185	282		134	374	228	
Walla Walla	2,507	1,937	2, 727	3,586	2,355	1,309	
Whatcom	2,773	4,187	4,562	2,785	4,576	4,014	
Whitman	3,621	1,989	3,061	3,519	3,481	1.034	
Yakima	3,209	3,304	4,360	4.016	4,569	2,297	
Total	86,840	70,445	113698	97,251	96,629	77,792	
Plurality			26, 858	622	00.65		
Per ceut	26.90	21.82	35. 22	30, 55	30. 35	24. 44	
Whole vote.		322,799	9	1	318, 35	9	

For President in 1912. Debs, Soc., received 40,134 votes; Chafin, Proh., 9,810; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 1,872. For Governor, 1912. Maley, Soc., 37,155 votes; Stivers, Proh., 8,163; Brearcliff, Soc. Lab., 1,389. vote FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Congressmen-at-Large, Connor, Denn., 72,133; White, Dem., 72,184; Dewey, R., 87,613; Frost, R., 86,300; Falconer, Prog., 95,049; Bryan, Prog., 90, 348.

Districts:

80,300; Falcoher, Prog., 90,048; Bryan, Prog., 90, 438. Districts:
I. Counties of King, Island, Kitsap, Skagit, Suohomish, Whatcom. Heifner, Dem., 26, 973; Humphrey, Rep., 35, 252; Landon, Prog., 34, 562; Gilbert, Soc., 16, 987.
II. Counties of Chehalis, Clarke, Cowlitz, Jefferson, Klickitat, Lewis, Mason, Pacific, Pierce, Thurston, Wahkiakum. Munday, Dem., 16, 790; Johnson, Rep., 25, 497; Warburton, Prog., 24, 214; Aller, Soc., 11, 998.
III. Counties of Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Franklin, Garfield, Kittitas, Okanogan, Pend d'Oreille, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman, Yakima. Drumheller, Dem., 31, 148; La Follette, Rep., 35, 049; Goodwin, Prog., 29, 666; Martin, Soc., 10, 138.
PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Ernest Lister, Lieut, Gov., Louis Hart; Secretary of State, I. M. Howell: Treasurer, Edw. Meath; Anditor, C. W. Clausen; Superintendent of Education, J. P. Preston; Attorney-General, V. W. Tanner—all Republicans except Governor.

except Governor.

except Governor.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, R. O. Dunbar;
Associate Justices, O. G. Ellis, H. D. Crow, M. A.
Fullerton, W. Mount, M. F. Gose, S. J. Chadwick,
George E. Morris and Emmett N. Parker-all
Reps., except Chadwick; Clerk, C. S. Reinhart.

STATE LEG	HSLATU	RE, 1913	3.
	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot,
Republicans	27	48	75
Democrats	7	18	25
Progressives	7	30	37
	-		
Republican majoril			13

1306. GOVERNOL	WES			14 3,8	14 52,	004 R	
	W E G		DENT,	iA.	Gover	SYOR	
COUNTIES.		191			1912.		
(55.)	Wil- son,	Taft,	Roose-	Debs,	Thom-	Hat- field,	
	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.	
Barbour	1,561	607	1,424	99	1,595	2,008	
Berkeley	2,703 1.119	1,349	1,204	135	2,757	2,483	
Boone Braxton	2,611	416 580	627 1,816	314 39	$\frac{1,126}{2,638}$	1,032 2,327	
Brooke	850	972	453	244	839	1,571	
Cabell	4,793 1,349	1,798 575	3,210 476	480	5,301 1,370	4,503	
Calhoun Clay	932	352	766	12 55	982	1.029 1.070	
Doddridge	866	622	1,192	44	879	1,775	
Fayette	3,757 1,493	2,697 469	3,140 516	1,428 22	4,262 1,505	5.290	
Gilmer Grant	356	349	1.025	13	348	1.368	
Greenbrier	2,707	622	1,797 266	84	$\frac{348}{2,776}$	2,344	
Hampshire	1,777 634	406 664	266 557	$\frac{4}{125}$	1,807 657	645	
Hancock Hardy	1.209	344		7	1,220	1,171	
Harrison	4,378	1,754	3.443	1,077	4.678	4.698	
Jackson	1,935 2,525	1,199 993	1, 355 152	48 55	2,042 2,539	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,430 \\ 1,180 \end{bmatrix}$	
Jefferson Kanawha	6.658	1,780	6.360	3,071	7,120	7,403	
Lewis	1.929	1,029	1,146	146	1,872	2.085	
Lincoln	1,876 1,404	631 518	1,618 642	56 247	1,948 1,788	2,179 1,092	
Logan Marion	4, 535	1,625	2,447	826	4,707	3, 912	
Marshall	2,405	1,610	1.842	521	2, 521	3.301	
Mason Mercer	1,812 3,497	1,024 1,507	1,692 2,958	247 158	2.036 4.343	2,379 5,588	
Mineral	1.367	513	1,446	165	1,361	1.888	
Mingo	1,832	1,569	884	72	1.861	2,448	
Monongalia Monroe	1,673 1,570	1,216 798	1,772	580 17	1,764 1,684	2,807 1,418	
Morgan	549	612	518	75	566	1.136	
McDowell	2,497	4,341	2,425		3,156	6.158	
Nicholas Ohio	2,018 5,771	3, 956	1,425 2,666	29 1,579	2,105 5,701	6,646	
Pendleton	1,162	475	434	17	1,161	912	
Pleasants	796	493	364	22 94	791	867	
Pocahontas Preston	1,428 1,845	589 1,461	1,086 2,387	221	1,457 1,654	1,650 3,601	
Putnam	1 540	531	1,401	326	1,664	1,718	
Raleigh	2,343 2,563	897 756	2,854 1,411	484 371	2,850 2,629	3, 056 2, 085	
Randolph Ritchie	1,270	937	1.264	91	1, 324	2, 136	
Roane	1 2 045	708	1.670	52	2.102	2,336	
Summers Taylor	2, 111 1, 445	791 791	1.250 1.316	88 175	$\frac{2,272}{1,437}$	1.909 2.084	
Tucker	1 0001	54%	1,265	253	1.254	1,764	
Tyler	1,193	706	1,265 1,129	170	1,254 1,272	1,760	
Upshur Wayne	895 2,634	835 1465	1,706 797	61 85	922 $2,714$	2, 334 2, 192	
Webster	1,330	307	524	93	1.356	780	
Wetzel	1,330 2,710	1, 092	733	163	2,731	1,813	
Wirt Wood	953 3,784	213 2,509	762 1,823	28 428	$\frac{964}{3,798}$	745 4,327	
Wyoming	881	569	620	8	967	1,085	
Total	113197	56,754	79,112	15,248	119173	127942	
Plurality	34,085		29. 43			0 -00	
Per cent	42. 10	268.	29.43 828	0.69	44.49 267	47.77 831	

268,828 For President, 1912, Chafin, Proh., received 4,517

Whole vote.

267,831

For Governor, 1912, Hilton, Soc., received 14,900 votes; Jackson, Proh., 5,816.

WEST VIRGINIA-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

L. Counties of Brooke, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marion, Marshall, Ohio, and Wetzel. Davis, Dem., 24,777; Laughlin, Rep., 24,608. Davis's Dem., 24,777; plurality, 169.

piuraity, 168.

II. Counties of Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral, Monongalla, Morgan, Pendleton, Preston, Randolph, Taylor, Tucker, Brown, Dem., 25, 386; Conley, Rep., 23, 190; Brown's plurality, 196.

III. Counties of Clay, Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Monroe, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Summers, Upshur, Webster, Littlepage, Dem., 24,560; Avis, Rep., 26, 037; Avis' plurality, 1,477. 1,477.

T. Countles of Calhoun, Jackson, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Wirt, Wood, Braxton, Doddridge, Gilmer, and Tyler. Hamilton, Dem. 19, 346; Moss, Rep., 20, 225. Moss' plurality, 879
 V. Countles of Cabell, Lincoln, Mason, McDowell, Mercer, Putnam, Raleight, Wyoming, Wayne, Boone, Mingo, and Logan. Beavers, Dem., 29, 593; Hughes, Rep., 35, 104; Hughes' plurality, 5, 576.
 PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
 Governor, H. D. Hatfield; Secretary of State, Stuart F. Reed; Superintendent of Free Schools, M. P. Shawkey; Auditor, John S. Darst; Com-

Suart r. Reed; Superintendent of Free Schools, M. P. Shawkey; Auditor, John S. Darst; Commissioner of Agriculture, Howard E. Williams; Attorney-General, A. A. Lilly; Treasurer, E. L. Long; Adjutant-General, Charles D. Elliott; Secretary State Board of Agriculture, J. M. Millan-all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court of Appeals: President, L. Judson Williams, Rep.; Associate Justices, George Poffenbarger, Rep.; Ira E. Robinson, Rep.; Charles W. Lynch, Rep.; Henry Miller, Rep.; Clerk, W. B. Mathews, Rep. STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913.

Senate. House. Joint Ballot.

16 33 49

33 49 Democrats 16 53 67 Republicans 14 20 Republican majority.

 Democratic majority. VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1896.

		Dem.	Rep.	N. D.	Pro.	Maj.
1896.	Governor .	93,974	105,477		1,054	11,503 R
1896.	President.	92.927	104,414	677	1,203	11,487 R
1900.	Governor	100,226	118,807		1,373	18,581 R
	President				1,692	21.022 R
	President				4,413	31,758 R
	Governor				3,999	9,083 R
1908	President	111,418	137,869	3,679	5,139	26,451 R
1908.	Governor	118,909	130,807		4,967	11,898 R

WISCONSIN.

CORRENOR

1		PRES:	1912.			
(70.)	Wll- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Roose- velt, Prog.	500.	Karel, Dem.	McGo- vern, Rep.
Adams	460	689	204		325	991
Ashland	1,452	937	676		1,235	1,797
Barron	1,065	1,414	968		920	
Bayfield	659	508	664	304	539	
Brown	3,557	2,764	1,396	569		3,936
Buffalo	848	1,239	373			
Burnett	305				214	983
Calumet	1,366	931	455	86		
Chippewa	2,029		1,133	108		
Clark	1,528					
Columbia	2,473	2,463				
Crawford	1,513	1,406	322	68		
Dane	9,017	5,115		298		8,358
Dodge	5, 246	2,559	705			2,687
Door	769	1,167	690			1,358
Douglas		741	2,290	765		2.450
Dunn	833	1,403	1,174	235		
Eau Claire		2,014	895			2,947
Florence	131	262		18	146	386

TATEGIN	MICHA	Ohm	timarad
WISCO	MOTH	-001	unuea

Tond dn Lac. A S38 3,014 1,236 348 4,824 3,965 67 67 67 67 67 67 67			PRESI	GOVERNO.,			
Son	C	30773			-		
Dem. Comp. Prog. Sec. Dem. Rep. Fond du Lac. 4,587 3,014 1,395 338 4,824 3,955 567 567 578 481 7,072 3,964 3,965 3,964 3,965 3,9	COUNTIES.				Debs,		
Fond du Lac			Rep.		Soc.	Dem.	
Forest	Fond du Lac	4.838	3.014		348	4.824	
Green Lake. 1, 407 1, 208 1, 39 1, 526 1, 199 1	Forest	567	520			693	569
Green Lake. 1, 407 1, 288 193 39 1, 526 1, 299 10wa 2, 215 1, 886 450 33 2, 2098 2, 343 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		3,615	3, 283				
1	Green	1,721	1,595				1 200
Toron		2 103	1 886				2 343
Jackson	Iron	347	473				628
Juneau. 1,236 1,369 1,669 1,669 4,32 2,722 2,730 Kewanee 1,896 1,115 262 22 1,635 1,415 La Crosse. 4,285 2,272 2,999 337 3,628 3,689 La Fayette 1,852 1,845 756 28 1,971 2,414 Langlade 1,387 710 810 91 1,421 1,461 1,311 Lincoln. 1,758 7112 611 212 1,421 1,661 Manitowoc 3,436 2,389 1,989 590 4,387 3,818 2,951 Marathon 4,043 3,033 1,274 597 4,374 3,865 Marinette. 1,558 1,618 1,125 276 1,762 2,612 Marquette. 923 881 365 22 926 1,161 Milwankee 27,807 18, 231 5,74 597 4,374 3,865 Marinette. 1,558 1,618 1,125 276 1,762 2,612 Marquette. 923 881 365 22 926 1,161 Milwankee 27,807 18, 231 5,74 597 4,374 3,865 Morioce 2,084 1,841 628 125 1,869 2,441 Oconto 1,523 1,988 654 139 1,710 2,273 0,000 464 1,841 628 125 1,869 2,441 Ozonto 1,523 1,988 654 139 1,710 2,273 0,000 464 1,841 628 125 1,869 2,441 Ozonto 1,523 1,988 674 1,401 192 3,831 4,777 2,074 4,744 1,401 192 3,831 4,277 2,074 4,652 2,955 Price. 985 866 1,297 1002 465 2,955 Price. 662 708 662 290 683 1,255 Rachne. 3,909 2,606 1,400 612 3,918 3,748 5,748 674 2,976 862 290 682 1,255 Rachne. 3,909 2,606 1,400 612 3,918 3,748 5,748 674 2,976 862 290 682 1,255 Rachne. 3,909 2,606 1,400 612 3,918 3,755 Rachne.	Jackson		1.398				1,830
Kenosha 2, 215 1, 689 1, 449 22, 722 2, 750 Kewanee 1, 686 1, 115 262 22 1, 635 1, 415 La Grayette 1, 858 1, 222 999 337 3, 628 3, 688 La Fayette 1, 858 710 810 91 1, 446 1, 341 Lincoln 1, 758 712 611 212 1, 1, 416 1, 341			1,926			4,546	
Kewanee 1,896 1,115 262 221 1,635 1,415 La Crosse 4,285 2,272 999 337 3,628 3,682 3,683 1,611 1,212 1,421 1,416	Konosha	9 915	1,322			9 799	2 750
La Crosse. 4, 283 2, 272 999 337 3, 628 3, 689 La Fayette 1, 852 1, 645 756 28 1, 771 2, 710 Langlade 1, 387 710 610 1212 1, 421 1, 661 Manitowoc 3, 436 2, 389 919 890 8, 818 2, 951 Manathon 4, 443 3, 033 1, 974 557 4, 374 3, 885 Marinette 1, 558 1, 618 1, 125 276 1, 764 2, 613 Manuthete 2, 881 365 22 76 1, 764 2, 613 Milwaukee 27, 807 18, 231 5, 739 19, 979 31, 746 17, 771 Monroe 2, 084 1, 841 622 1, 125 1, 868 2, 441 Oconto 1, 523 1, 988 554 139 1, 710 2, 233 Oneida 717 777 423 175 700 1, 107 Outagamie 4, 139 2, 384 1, 401 192 3, 831 4, 076 Ozaukee 1, 878 749 241 77 2, 074 714 Pepin 410 527 806 1, 297 102 694 2, 295 Polk 830 848 1, 075 270 694 2, 295 Portage 2, 297 7, 922 890 101 2, 652 2, 336 Portage 2, 297 7, 922 890 101 2, 652 2, 336 Portage 2, 297 7, 922 890 101 2, 652 2, 336 Racine 3, 939 2, 666 1, 297 102 694 2, 295 Racine 3, 939 2, 666 1, 297 102 694 2, 295 Racine 3, 939 2, 666 1, 297 102 694 2, 295 Racine 3, 939 2, 666 1, 1, 400 612 3, 918 3, 725 Richland 1, 492 1, 622 3, 656 126 1, 444 1, 423 3, 725 Rick Croix 1, 896 1, 728 823 188 1, 720 2, 442 Sauk 2, 460 2, 173 842 204 427 976 St. Croix 1, 896 1, 738 228 31 88 1, 730 2, 442 Sauk 2, 460 2, 173 842 204 427 976 St. Croix 1, 896 1, 738 823 1, 684 4, 227 4, 447 976 Scattering 3, 949 499 488 148 4, 227 4, 185 Waushara 74 1, 346 74 1, 331 2, 880 Wankesha 3, 596 2, 715 598 196 3, 521 3, 285 Waushara 74 1, 346 74 1, 331 3, 393 3, 741 Waushara 74 1, 346 74 1, 331 3, 393 3, 741 Wannebago 4, 631 1, 922 410 478 4, 838 5, 400 Wood 2, 2, 251 686 525 388 2, 340 2, 422 400 Wood 2, 2, 251 686 525 388 2, 340 2, 322 3, 304 Whole vote 688 Whole vote 688		1.696	1.115	262		1.635	1.415
Langlade	La Crosse	4.263	2.272	999	337	3,628	3,688
Indicate		1,852	1,845			1,971	2,414
Manitowoc 3,436 2,389 919 890 3,818 2,951 Marathon 4,043 3,038 1,274 557 4,774 3863 Marinette 1,558 1,618 1,125 276 1,764 2,612 Marquette 923 881 368 22 992 1,611 Monroe 2,084 1,841 658 125 1,793 3,746 7,777 Oneida 7177 777 777 749 179 2,873 4,076 700 1,102 2,237 Ozaukee 1,878 749 241 77 701 1,237 748 749 <th< td=""><td></td><td>1,387</td><td>710</td><td></td><td>619</td><td>1,446</td><td></td></th<>		1,387	710		619	1,446	
Marathon 4,043 3,038 1,274 597 4,374 3,855 Marinette 1,558 1,618 1,125 276 1,764 2,612 Marquette 923 881 368 222 925 1,161 Milwaukee 22,894 1,841 628 125 1,869 2,41 Oconto 1,523 1,988 554 139 1,710 2,273 Oneida 717 777 429 1,75 700 1,107 Otaukee 1,878 749 241 77 2,074 714 Pepin 4,878 749 241 77 2,074 714 Pepin 4,878 749 241 77 2,074 714 Pepin 4,878 749 241 77 2,074 714 Pepin 4,881 4,982 1,975 270 2,442 2,257 1,107 Price 662 708 662 </td <td></td> <td>3 436</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3 818</td> <td></td>		3 436				3 818	
Marquette.	Marathon	4.043		1.274		4,374	3,865
Milwaukee		1,558	1,618	1, 125		1,764	2,612
Monore	Marquette	923	881	365	22		1, 161
Oconto 1,523 1,988 554 139 1,710 2,273 Oneida 7177 249 175 700 1,107 Outagamie 4,139 2,384 1,401 192 3,831 4,076 Ozaukee 1,878 749 241 77 2,074 714 Peierce 965 986 1,977 1297 102 463 2,095 Polk 830 848 1,075 270 465 2,095 Portage 2,297 1,932 890 101 2,652 2,368 Price 652 703 662 290 682 1,932 890 101 2,652 2,368 Racine 3,992 2,606 1,440 612 2,931 1,922 8,422 1,252 Richland 1,492 1,622 365 126 1,441 1,930 8,931 181 1,203 4,277 2,04 261 4,263	Monroe	27,807		5. 139	19,979	31,740	9 441
Outagamie 4, 139 3,54 1,401 192 3,831 4,076 Ozaukee 1,878 749 241 77 2,074 714 Pepin 410 527 328 27 453 748 Pierce 965 986 1,971 102 463 2,095 Polk 830 848 1,075 270 463 2,095 Price 652 703 662 280 682 1,265 2,62 2,652 2,366 1,261 1,440 612 2,981 3,918 3,725 Rock 3,031 4,277 2,04 261 1,423 4,672 2,04 261 1,423 4,772 2,425 2,460 1,733 32 204 427 4,797 976 Sauk 2,460 1,723 324 244 4,273 4,772 2,423 1,444 1,533 2,44 2,74 2,734 2,742 2,344 2,74<		1.523				1.710	2, 273
Outagame 4, 139 3,54 1,401 192 3,831 4,076 Ozaukee 1,878 749 241 77 2,074 714 Peplin 410 527 328 27 453 748 Peppin 410 527 328 27 453 748 Peppin 450 295 748 749 Peppin 450 295 748 749 Peppin 453 748 848 1,075 270 463 2.095 708 662 280 101 2,652 2,366 280 101 2,652 2,366 1,225 848 1,477 204 261 1,423 1,427 204 261 1,423 1,427 204 261 1,423 1,427 204 261 1,423 1,427 242 204 427 976 2,422 243 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,423 1,42		717	777	429	175	700	1,107
Pepin	Outagamie		2,384			3,831	4,076
Pierce 985 986 1.97 102 694 2.295 Polk 83 848 1.775 270 465 2.995 Portage 652 703 662 280 101 2,652 2.36 Price 652 703 662 280 101 2,652 2.36 Racine 3,998 2,660 1,440 612 3,918 3,725 Richland 1,492 1,622 365 128 1,441 1,33 4,717 Rusk 550 577 342 204 2,41 427 97 54 1,238 4,717 Sauk 2,460 1,737 720 67 2,348 2,773 Sahawano 1,660 1,553 1,031 1,001 1,386 2,733 Sheboygan 3,992 2,683 1,681 1,637 77 1,757 1,195 77 1,757 1,196 2,735 1,803 1,283 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>749</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2,074</td> <td>714</td>			749			2,074	714
Polk	Pierce						2 295
Portage 2, 297 1, 982 890 1 011 2, 652 2, 356 Price 682 703 662 280 682 1, 293 682 1, 292 682 280 682 280 682 280 682 280 682 280 682 280 682 1, 293 3, 725 860 1, 740 612 3, 918 3, 725 80 682 1, 292 81 4, 283 4, 717 820 677 2, 442 204 427 976 51 81 1, 720 677 2, 482 2, 44 27, 74 2, 442 204 427 976 51 1, 21 100 1, 284 7, 74 2, 482 2, 442 2, 442 234 2, 442 2, 442 234 2, 442 2, 442 2, 442 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 424 2, 427 1, 717 <					270		2.095
Rachine 3,909 2,606 1,440 612 3,918 3,735 Richland 1,492 1,622 365 128 1,444 1,203 Richland 1,342 1,422 342 204 427 976 St. Croix 1,806 1,728 823 188 1,720 2,442 Sauk 2,460 2,173 270 67 2,348 2,74 Sawyer 432 205 1,41 16 354 455 Shawano 1,660 1,535 1,103 100 1,366 2,733 Sheboygan 3,969 2,683 1,628 1,084 4,927 4,117 Taylor 821 773 379 49 1,206 2,474 Vennon 1,234 1,762 795 49 1,206 2,471 Valsor 3,266 3,681 1,821 2,183 402 488 148 448 448 448 448	Portage	2, 297	1,932	890		2,652	2,356
Richiand	Price		708				1,225
Rock	Richland	3,909	1 200	1,440			1 930
St. Croix	Rock	3,031				4, 263	4.717
Sauk 2,460 2,173 720 67 2,348 2,774 Sawyer 432 295 144 16 354 485 Shewauo 1,660 1,555 1,051 1,051 1,052 2,783 Sheboygan 3,99 2,693 1,628 1,054 4,227 4,197 Trempealeau 1,234 1,762 795 49 1,906 2,475 Vilas 2,352 304 212 71 383 410 Waisbridth 2,335 2,664 463 74 1,310 2,890 Washburn 388 409 488 148 414 76 2,287 2,835 Waushas 3.5 60 2,715 889 2.99 2,755 1,803 3,741 Waushas 3.5 2,755 1,868 2,805 3,762 3,811 3,33 3,741 Waushara 7,747 1,346 741 33 3,511	Rusk	520	577	342	204	427	976
Sawyer. 432 255 144 16 354 485 Shawano. 1,650 1,555 1,103 100 1,366 2,763 Sheboygan 3,969 2,683 1,628 1,034 4,227 4,197 Taylor 821 Trempealeau 1,234 1,762 795 49 1,206 2,474 Vernon 1,234 1,762 795 49 1,206 2,474 Vernon 2,35 2,664 663 74 1,310 2,889 Walworth 2,35 2,664 663 74 1,310 2,889 Washburn 3,86 409 1,237 78 2,227 2,835 Washburn 4,388 409 1,237 78 2,237 2,835 Washigton 2,425 1,801 303 150 2,735 1,803 Wankesha 3,566 2,715 598 148 3,521 3,235 Waupaca 1,563 2,205 1,767 131 1,539 3,741 Waushara 747 1,346 741 93 586 2,123 2,325 Waod 2,525 1,686 525 388 2,340 2,422 Total 164409 130878 58,661 34,168 167316 17930 Per cent 33,531 Per cent 41,39 32,34 14,79 8,60 12,655 Scattering 41,39 32,34 14,79 8,60 46,655 Whole vote 538 288 1,48 938,384	St. Croix	1,806	1,728			1,720	2,442
Shawano	Sawver	2,460				2,340	2,774
Sheboygan 3,993 2,693 1,638 1,638 4,227 4,197 Taylor 821 773 37 93 4,227 4,197 Trempealeau 1,234 1,762 795 49 1,206 2,474 Vernon 1,233 2,634 63 74 1,310 2,890 Valsorth 2,135 2,664 1,237 79 2,287 2,835 Washburn 398 409 488 148 476 823 Washington 2,425 1,801 303 150 2,735 1,803 Waupaca 1,563 2,205 1,767 131 1,839 3,741 Waushara 774 1,366 741 93 586 2,125 5,400 Wood 2,255 1,686 525 388 2,304 42.53 5,400 Total 164409 130878 58,661 34,168 167316 179360 46,656	Shawano	1 660	1 535				
Trempealeau 1, 234 1, 762 795 49 1, 189 247 Vernon 1, 253 2, 664 63 74 1, 310, 2, 880 Vilas 2, 364 409 488 148 476 821 Washburn 388 409 488 148 476 821 Washburn 386 2, 715 598 196 3, 521 3, 285 Waupaca 1, 563 2, 205 1, 767 131 1, 339 3, 741 Wanshara 74 1, 346 741 93 5562 1, 285 1, 803 Waupaca 4, 531 1, 922 410 478 4, 398 5, 490 Wood 2, 2,525 1, 686 525 388 2, 340 2, 422 Total 10449 33, 531 1, 285 2, 285 1, 686 55 388 2, 340 2, 422 1, 285 1	Sheboygan	3,969	2,693	1,628		4,227	
Vernon 1 253 2 664 463 74 1 31 2 8804 212 71 833 416 Walworth 2 384 409 488 148 476 82 2 285 287 88 148 148 467 82 18 88 148 476 82 18 88 148 148 467 82 18 88 148 </td <td>Taylor</td> <td>821</td> <td>773</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>757</td> <td>1,195</td>	Taylor	821	773			757	1,195
Walworth 2,135 2,686 1,237 78 2,287 2,835 Washburn 398 49 488 48 476 821 Washington 2,425 1,801 303 150 2,755 1,802 Waupaca 1,563 2,255 1,767 131 1,339 3,741 Waupaca 1,532 2,255 1,767 131 1,339 3,741 Wannebago 4,631 1,922 410 478 4,398 5,490 Wood 2,525 1,686 525 368 2,341 2,492 Total 164409 130878 58,661 34,168 167316 179390 Per cent 41,39 32,94 14,79 8,60 42,53 45,60 Scattering 46,655 388,814 393,334 46,656		1,234	1,762				
Walworth 2,135 2,066 1,237 76 2,287 2,835 Washburn 38 409 488 148 476 82 Washington 2,425 1,801 303 150 2,735 1,803 Waupaca 1,568 2,715 598 196 3,521 3,235 Waushara 7,747 1,346 741 93 566 2,124 Winnebago 4,631 1,922 410 478 4,898 5,490 Wood 2,525 1,686 5,255 388 2,340 2,422 Total 16499 130878 55,661 34,108 167316 173360 Per cent 4,331 3,241 44,79 8,66 5,253 46,658 Whole vote 38,814 388,384 393,334		1, 295	204			383	416
Washington 2, 425 1, 801 303 149 481 476 821 Washington 2, 425 1, 801 303 150 2, 735 1, 803 Waupaca 1, 563 2, 205 1, 767 131 1, 33 3, 531 Waupaca 1, 563 2, 205 1, 767 131 1, 33 5, 86 2, 142 Winnebago 4, 631 1, 922 410 478 4, 93 5, 490 Wood 2, 525 1, 686 525 368 2, 340 2, 422 Total 164499 130878 58, 661 34, 168 167316 179390 Per cent 41, 39 32, 94 14, 79 8, 60 42, 53 45, 60 Scattering 46, 655 Whole vote 388, 814 393, 334 393, 334	Walworth	2.135	2,696	1. 237			
Walikesha 3, 596 2, 715 598 196 3, 521 3, 235 Waupaca 1, 563 2, 205 1, 767 131 1, 333 3, 741 Waushara 774 1, 346 741 93 586 2, 142 Wood 2, 525 1, 686 525 368 2, 340 2, 422 Total 164409 130878 58, 661 34, 168 187316 179390 Pirrality 33, 531 1.94 14, 79 8, 601 42, 53 45, 60 Scattering 41, 39 32, 94 14, 79 8, 60 46, 656 Whole vote 388, 814 393, 334 393, 334		1 398	409	488		476	821
Waupaca 1,563 2,205 1,767 131 1,333 3,741 Waushara 74 1,346 741 93 566 2,142 Winnebago 4,631 1,922 410 478 4,394 5,490 Wood 2,525 1,686 525 388 2,340 2,422 Total 104499 130878 58,661 34,108 107316 173360 Per cent 41,39 32,94 14,79 8,661 42,53 46,658 Scattering 40,000 388,814 393,334 393,334	Washington		1,801			2,735	1,803
Waushara 774 1 346 741 93 586 2 142 Winnebago 4,631 1,922 410 478 4.88 5,490 Wood 2,525 1,686 525 368 2,340 2,422 Total 164409 130878 58,661 34,188 167316 179350 Piurality 33,531 12,044 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	Waupaca		2,715	1 767		1 330	3, 230
Windenago 4, 631 1, 922 410 478 4, 398 5, 490 Wood 2, 2,525 1, 686 525 388 2, 340 2, 422 Total 164409 130878 58, 661 34, 168 167316 179360 Per cent 33, 531 12, 944 14, 79 8, 60 42, 53 45, 698 Whole vote 388, 814 398, 393, 334	Waushara	774	1 346	7,741		586	2, 142
Total 164409 130878 58,661 34,168 167316 179350 Plurality 33,531 1 12,044 1.39 32,94 14.79 8.60 42.53 45.60 Whole vote. 388,814 3938,334 393,334	Winnebago		1,922		478	4,398	5,490
Purality		2,525	1,686			2,340	2,422
Per cent	Total	164409	130878	58,661	34,168	167316	
Scattering 41, 391 32, 94, 14, 791 8, 601 42, 531 45, 504 46, 658 46, 658 393, 334	Per cent	33, 531			i		12,044
Whole vote. 388,814 393,334	I rei cent	41.39	32.94		8,60	12.53	658 658
000(001	Whole vote.	l				393	.334
	For Presider	t. 191			ro., re		

votes; Reimer, Soc. Lab., 698. For Governor 1912, Thompson, Soc., received 34,468 votes; Hill, Soc. Lab., 9,433; Curtis, Pro., 2,757. For Governor in 1910: Kremer, Soc. Lab., received

430 votes For Governor in 1908: Bottama, Soc. Lab., received 393 votes.

For Governor in 1906: Rosass, Soc. Lab., re-Geived 455 votes.

For President in 1904, Watson, Pop., received 530 votes; Corrigan, Soc. L., 223,

For President in 1908, Gillhaus, Soc. Lab., re-

ceived 314 votes. VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1912. Districts.

I. Counties of Racine, Kenosha, Walworth, Rock,

Green, La Fayette. Stewart, Dem., 13,318; Gooper, Rep., 18,318. II. Counties of Jefferson, Dane, Columbia, Green Lake, Marquette, Adams. Burke, Dem., 20,666; Grill, Rep.; 14,698.

Election Re	eturns.						769
WISCONSIN—Continued.		W	YOM	INC.			
III. Counties of Grant, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Juneau, Vernon, and Iowa. Long, Dem.,	Counties.		Presi 191	12.		Gove 19	10.
18,196; Nelson Rep., 22,380. IV. County of Milwankee (part). Cary, Nonpartisan, 14,776; Beffel, Rep., 6,399; Gaylord, Soc., 10,057.	(21.)	wil- son, Dem.	Taft, Rep.	Velt, Prog.	Debs, Soc.	Carey, Prog.	Mul- len, Rep.
V. Counties of Milwankee (part) and Wankesna. Stafford, Nonpartisan, 15,971; Trottman, Rep.,	Albany Big Horn Campbell	1, 044 691 361	882 794 186	531 594 163	177 136 19		1,057 1,386
8,016; Berger, Soc., 13,880. VI. Counties of Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Dodge, Washington, and Ozankee. Reilly, Dem.,	Carbon Converse Crook	957 436 726	1,106 540 505	489 349 461	258 40 166	1,196	1,209 888 1,003
16,742; Davidson, Rep., 15,505. VII. Counties of Pepin, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Eau Claire, Clark, Mouroe, and La Crosse. Coffland, Dem., 11,023; Esch, Rep.,	Fremont Goshen Hot Springs	318 345	811 292 273		131 23 80	2,130	803
VIII. Counties of Portage, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago, Calumet, and Manitowoo.	Johnson Laramie Lincoln	1,923 1,028	522 1.871 1,430	580	21 131 354		
Plowman, Dem., 12,265; Browne, Rep., 17,034. IX. Counties of Brown, Kewannee, Door, Ontagamie, Oconto, and Marinette. Konop Dem	Natrona Niobrara Park	282 672	500 534	142 470	52 30 88	749	445
16,843; Morse, Rep., 16,139. X. Counties of Iron, Vilas, Oucida, Forest, Flor- ence, Langlade, Lincoln, Shawano, Mara-	Sheridan Sweetwater	1,649 916	888	1,305 390	398 279	1.095	804
thon, Taylor, Price, Ashland, and Wood, Donohue, Dem., 8,794; Frear, Rep., 19.865. XI, Counties of Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Chip-	Washakie Weston	535 221 459	717 258 449	463 168 306	207 23 80	2,197 711	1,877
16,843; Morse, Rep., 16,139. X. Counties of Iron, Vilas, Oueida, Forest, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Shawano, Marathon, Taylor, Price, Ashland, and Wood. Donohue, Dem., 8,74; Frear, Rep., 19,865. XI. Counties of Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Pierce, Polk, Sawyer, St. Croix, Washburn, and Rusk, Johnson. Dem., 7,993; Lenroot, Rep., 17,883. PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.	Total Plurality Per cent	750			2. 760 6. 53	5,851	
Governor, F. C. McGovern; Lieutenant-Governor, Thomas Morris; Secretary of State, John	Whole vote. For Preside		42,	296		1 37.	926
S. Donald; Treasurer, Henry Johnson; Attorney- General, W. C. Owen; Superintendent of Edu- cation, C. P. Cary; Commissioner of Insurance, H. L. E. Kern; Commissioners of Public Lands	For Presider votes; Hisgen			hafin,	Pro.,	recei	ved 66
Secretary of State, Attorney-General and State Treasurer—all Republicans.	VOTE FOR RE	PRESE	NTAT				14.720
Snpreme Court: Chief Justice, John B. Winslow, Dem.; Associate Justices, Wm. H. Timlin, Dem.; R. G. Siebecker, Dem.; A. J. Vinje, Rep.; Rouje D. Marshall, Rep.; J. C. Kerwin, Rep.; John Barnes, Dem.; Clerk, Clarence Kellogs, Rep.	Mondell, (Rep Winter, (Prog Carlson (Soc). Laughlin (Pro))	••••••		• • • • • • •	•••••	19,130 4,828
STATE LEGISLATURE, 1913. Senate. House. Joint Ballot.	Governor, J L. Houx; Tre Commissioner tant-General, Douglas A. Pr	os, M, easurer of Ins M. C, reston	Carey r, J. I suranc Barky : Supt	r; Sec L. Ba e, R. I vell; z Lof P	retary ird; = B. Fora Attorn ublic	of Sta Audito syth; ey-Ge Instru	neral, etion,
Republican majority 13 14 27 VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1884.	Rose Baird—I Carey, Prog.;	rest R	epul	cans.	eston,	Demo	erats;
Dem. Rep. Gr. Pro. Plu. 1884. President.146,459 161,157 4,598 7,656 14,698 R U. Lath.	Supreme Co	ourt :	upter Chief Sansi	Justi Beard	ce, R.	H. s. N. F	Scott; otter;
1888. President.155,232 176,553 8,552 14,277 21,321 R 1894. Governor.142.250 196,150 25,604 11,240 53,900 R	Clerk, W. H. I	ATE L	EGISL.	ATURI	e, 1913.		
1896. President 165 523 268,135 7,509 102,612 R 1898. Governor 135,353 173,137 8,577 8,078 37,784 R Soc.	Republicans	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	5	House. 31 26	Joint.	Ballot- 46 38
1900, President, 159, 285 285, 866 *524 10.124 106,581 R 1900, Governor, 160,764 264,420 *7,095 9,707 103,656 R 1902, Governor, 145,818 133,471 15,970 9,647 47,599 R 1904, President, 124,107 280,164 28,220 9,770 156,057 R 1904, Governor, 175,288 226,995 24,116 11,920 51,732 R	Republican i	najori OF T	ty нк sт) <i>Rei</i>	ρ . So	c. Pr	ю. Pl	8 u. 83 D
1904. Governor, 175,268 256,995 24,116 11,920 51,732 R 1906. Governor, 103,311 183,558 24,437 8,211 80,247 R 1908. Governor, 165,977 242,955 28,583 11,760 76,958 R 1908. President, 166,632 247,747 28,17011,572 81,115 R 1910. Governor, 110,442 161,619 39,547 7,450 51,177 R *Socialist Labor vote.	1896. President 1900. President 1902. Governot 1904. President 1906. Governot 1908. Presiden	t10,16 r10,01 t 8,90	4 14 4 7 14.4 4 20,4 3 16.3	82 83 5 67 1,0 96 1,3	52 77 10	4,4 4,4 11,5	18 R 66 R 63 R
HAWAII.	W T Pone:	Deles	ate to	Cons	rress	JK	Kala-

HAWAII.
At the Territorial election held in 1912 for Delegate to Congress, Lincoln L. McCandless, Dem., received 5,770 votes; J. K. Kalanianaole, Rep., 7,023; C. K. Notley, H. R., 346; Byron O. Clark, Soc., 201.

Present Territorial Government: Governor, Wal-Present Territorial Government: Governor, water F. Frear; Secretary of the Territory, Frnest A. Mott-Smith; Attorney-General, Alexander Lindsay, Jr.; Auditor, J. H. Fisher; Treasurer, D. L. Conkling; Supt. of Public Works, Marston Campbell; Commissioner of Public Lands, Chas. S. Judd; President of the Board of Health, J. S. B. Prett. Superintendent of Public Lands, Chas. S. Pratt: Superintendent of Public Instruction,

W. T. Pope; Delegate to Congress, J. K. Kalmianaole. Judiciary: Alex. G. M. Robertson, Chief Justice: Associates, Antonio Perry and John T. DeBolt; Clerk, James A. Thompson; Circuit Judges, Henry E. Cooper, W. L. Whitney, W. J. Robinson, Jacob Hardy, S. B. Kingsbury, C. F. Parsons.

Present Federal Officials: District Judges, San-Fresent Frederit Officials: District Judges, Sarford B. Dole, Chas. F. Clemons; Clerk, A. E. Murphy; Marshal, E. R. Hendry; Collector of Customs, E. R. Stackable; Callector of Internal Revenue, Chas. A. Cottrill; District-Attorney, R. W. Breckons.

Color Chart

SHOWING MEASURE OF HARMONY OF COLORS IN COMBINATIONS_IN_DEC-ORATIONS, CLOTHING AND VARIOUS ORNAMENTATION. (Prepared by the Haberdasher Company, New York).

BLUE. GRAY. HELIO. LAV'ND'R | MAROON. | MYRTLE. NAVY. Beown, I CREAM. GREEN. Good Good Strong Good Rad Bad Fair Fair Weak BLUE..... Weak Cond Good Good Good Fair Fair Strong Strong Brown.... Good Good Good Weak Good Good Good Good Good CREAM..... GREEN.... Fair Good Good Bad Bad Fair Weak Fair Strong GRAY Good Fair Weak Good Good Good Good Good Good Weak Rad Bad Rad HELIO..... Bad Strong Good Rad Good LAVENDER..... Bad Weak Bad Bad Bad Bad Strong Good Good MAROON.... Fair Weak Good Fair Good Bad Bad Fair Fair Weak Cond MYRTLE.... Fair Good Good Good Bad Bad Fair Good NAVY..... Weak Good Good Fair Good Bad Bad Fair . . . NILE..... Bad Fair Good Weak Good Bad Fair Bad Bad Bad OLIVE..... Fair Good Good Weak Good Bad Bad Fair Weak Good ORANGE..... Strong Weak Good Fair Good Bad Rad Bad Strong Strong Weak Weak Rad Strong Weak PURPLE..... Weak Strong Good Strong Good Fair Weak Good Strong Good Bad Bad Weak Fair Fair RED..... SALMON..... Fair Weak Good Strong Good Bad Rad Rad Strong Strong Bad Good Fair Good Bad Good Weak Bad Bad SKY BLUE..... Good Good Bad Weak Fair Rad Good Good Fair Good Good TAN..... WINE.... Fair Weak Good Fair Good Bad Bad Weak Fair Good Strong YELLOW..... Bad Strong Rad Rad Strong i Strong Bad Weak Fair RED. SALMON. SKY BLUE TAN WINE. YELLOW. OLIVE. ORANGE. PURPLE. Fair Weak Good Fair Strong BLUE..... Bad Fair Strong Weak Fair Bad Weak Bad Brown.... Fair Weak Weak Good Good Strong Weak CREAM..... Weak Cond Weak Good Good Good Good Good Cond Good Bad GREEN.... Weak Weak Fair Strong Strong Strong Bad Fair Eair. Bad Good Fair GRAY..... Good Good Good Cond Good Good Good Strong HELIO.... Bad Bad Rad Weak Bad Weak Good Bad Bad LAVENDER..... Fair Bad Bad Weak Bad Rad Bad Good Rad Bad MAROON..... Trook Strong Rad Fair Bad Bad Weak Bad Rad Toir MYRTLE.... Bad Weak Good Fair Bad Strong Strong Fair Strong Bad NAVY..... Bad Good Strong Weak Fair Strong Good Good Good Strong NILE..... Weak Bad Bad Bad Fair Weak Fair Rad Rad OLIVE..... Weak Weak Weak Bad Strong Bad Bad Bad Rad ORANGE..... Bad Strong Weak Weak Rad Fair Bad Rad Strong PURPLE..... Bad Good Weak Strong Bad Strong . . . Weak Bad Bad Weak Strong RED..... Bad Bad Weak Weak Weak Rad Good Salmon..... Fair Weak Rad Weak Fair Good Bad Bad Rad SKY BLUE..... Good Bad Fair Weak Rad Rad Bad Bad Fair Weak TAN..... Good Fair Weak Good Good Good Good Fair WINE.... Bad Good Strong Bad Weak Bad Weak Weak Rad Strong Fair Weak Strong Bad Rad Rad Strong Bad

NOTE—When it is desired to use in window trims, decorations, etc., two colors which make a displeasing combination, the introduction between them of gray, white or black relieves the discord. White in conjunction with any color intensifies that color. Black has the opposite effect. For pink use the salmon line; for ivory use the cream line; for pear use the gray line.

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Government of the City of New York.

LIST OF OFFICIALS AND SALARIES-(SUBJECT TO CHANGE).

Mayor.-William J. Gaynor (\$15,000). Secretary. -Rob't Adamson, 6 City Hall (\$6,500).

Bareau of Licenses .- 1 City Hall. Borough Presidents.

Borough Presidents.

Manhattan. — George McAneny, 10 City Hall (\$7,500); Leo Arnstein, Secretary (\$5,000).

Broux.—Cyrus C. Miller (\$7,500), 3d Ave. and 17th St.; George Donnelly, Secretary (\$4,000).

Brooklyn.—Alfred E. Steers (\$7,500), 16 Boro' Hall; John B. Creighton, Secretary (\$4,000).

Queens.—Maurice E. Connolly (\$5,000), L. I. City; Joseph Flanagan, Secretary (\$4,000).

Richmond.—George Cromwell (\$5,000), New Brighton; Maybury Fleming, Secretary (\$2,500).

President—John Purroy Mitchel (\$5,000). Vice-Chairman—Ardolph L. Kline. City Clerk and Clerk of Bourd of Alderman—P. J. Scully (\$8,000). Joseph F. Prendergast, 1st Deputy (\$5,000). Chief Clerk—John T. Oakley (\$5,000). Aldermen receive \$2,000 salary per year.

BOROUGHS AND DISTRICTS.

BOROUGHS AND DISTRICTS.

Democrats, 34; Republicans (and Fusion), 39.

Muthattan.—I, William Drescher, D.; 2, Michael
Stapleton. D.; 3, J. J. White, D.; 4, J. J. Smith, D.;

6, J. M. Hannon. D.; 6, F. J. Dotzler, R.; 7, F. L.

Dowling, D.; S.M.S. Levine, D.; 9, J. F. McConrt, D.;

10, H. J. Cummuskey, D.; 11, L. Wendel, Jr., D.;

12, W. P. Kenneally, D.; 13, John McCann, D.;

14, John Loos, D.; 15, N. R. Becket, R.; 16, J. T.

Eagan, D.; 17, D. M. Bedell, R.; 18, J. J. Nugent,

D.; 19, W. D. Brush, R.; 20, J. J. Reardon, D.;

23, J. H. Boschen, R.; 24, John A. Bolles, R.; 25,

Chas. Delaney, D.; 26, H. H. Curran, R.; 27,

Nathan Lieberman, R.; 28, C. Nicoll, R.; 29, John

F. Walsh, D.; 30, Ralph Folks, R.; 31, Percy L.

Davis, R.; 32, M. J. McGrath, D.; 33, Samuel

Marks, R.

Bronz—34, J. L. Devine, R.; 35, T. J. Mulli-

(\$6,000 each). Clerk, W. T. Austin.

Brooklyn, —Alex. J. Rooney and Edward Glinnen.

(\$6,000 each). Queens.—Gustav J. Schaefer and A. S. Ambler, College Point, J. I. (\$4,000 each). Richmond.—W. H. Jackson, New Brighton, S. I.

(\$4,000).

Department of Finance.-Stewart Building. Compiredler.—William A. Prendergast (\$15,000). Deputies.—D. Mathewson, E. D. Fisher (\$7,500). Assistant Deputy.—Hubert L. Smith (\$6,000). Secretary—Geo. L. Tirrell (\$6,000).

Auditor of Accounts.—Chas, S. Herrey (88,000).
Chief Accountant—Duncan MacInnes (88,000).
Receiver of Titles.—F. H. E. Ebstein (85,000).
Collector of City Revenue and Superintendent of
Markets.—Sidney Goodacre (83,800).

City Paymaster.-John H. Timmerman, 83 Chambers Street (\$6,000). Collector of Asses

Collector of Assessments and Arrears.—Daniel Moynahan (\$4,500); Deputy, Geo. W. Wanmaker (\$5,500). Deputy.—Brooklyn—Theo, G. Christmas (\$4,000).

Bureau of Municipal Investigation and Statistics-

James Tilden Adamson (\$5,000).
Chambertain.—Robt, R. Moore, 63 Stewart Bulding (\$12,000).
Deputy.—Henry J. Walsh (\$5,000).
Public Works and Other Departments.

Commissioner Public Works. - Manhattan-E. V. Frothingham (\$7,300); Assistant, Wm. R. Patterson (\$6,000), Bronx-Thos, W. Whittle (\$5,500), Brooklyn-Lewis H. Pounds (\$6,000), Queens-Dennis O'Leary, (\$4,000), Richmond-L. L. Tribus (\$8,000).

Bureau Public Bldgs. and Offices.—Manhattan— Supt. (\$5,000). Broux-Roger W. Bligh, Supt. (\$4,000). Brooklyn-Howard Le

W. Bign, Supr. (\$4,000). Brooklyn-Howard Le Woody, Supr. (\$5,000), Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Elec-tricity.—Henry S. Thompson (\$7,500). Deput.—J. W. F. Bennett (\$6,000). Bronx—J. L. Jordan (\$4,000). Br'klyn-F. T. Parsons (\$5,500). Queens —M.P. Waish (\$4,000). Richmond—John E. Bowe (\$3,000).

Commissioner of Bridges — Arthur J. O'Keeffe (\$7,500). Deputy—W. H. Sinnott (\$4,500). Chief Engineer — A. Johnson (\$10,000). Secretary—E. E.

Schiff (\$4,000).

Scill (34,000).
Commissioner of Street Cleaning.—W. H. Edwards (37,500). Deputy—Manhattan—J. F. Lynch (35,000). Bronx—Deputy—J. F. O' Brien (55,000). Brooklyn—Deputy—J. F. Scott (35,000). Secretary.—Chas. A. Whitney (33,000).
Tenement-House Department—44 East 23d St.—Commissioner—July J. Marchy (37,500).

Tenement-House Department—44 East 23d St.— Commissioner—John J. Murphy (\$7500). First Deputy Commissioner—William H. Abbott, Jr. (\$4,660). Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond—503 Fulton Street.—Second Deputy Commissioner—F. Mann (\$4,600). Bronx—291 East 149th Street— Superintendent—William B. Calvert (\$3,000).

Department of Police.

Central Office, Grand and Centre Streets. Commissioner.—Rhinelander Waldo (\$7,500).

Central Office, William and Waldo (\$7,500).
Commissioner, Rhinelander Waldo (\$7,500).
Secretary—Winfield R. Sheehan (\$3,000).
Chief Clerk,—William H. Kipp (\$5,000).
Deputies.— (First) Donglas I. McKay (\$6,000).
(Second) George S. Dougherty (\$6,000). (Third)
John J. Walsh (\$6,000). (Fourth) James E. (Third)

John J. Walsh (85.000). (Fourth) James E. Dillon (85.000).

In spectors. — Max F. Schmittberger, Cornelius F. Cahalane, George F. Titus, Wm. J. Lahey, J. J. Murtha, E. P. Hughes, J. F. Dwyer, P. J. Harkins, G. W. McClusky, John J. Farrell, Deuis Sweeney, Chas. A. Formosa, Henry Cohen, Robert E. Dooley, John Daly, Donald Grant (act.), John D. Herlihy, T. J. Kelly (83.500 each).

Detective Bureau.—Joseph A. Faurot, Inspector.

Department of Health.

Walker and Centre Streets. President and Centre Streets.

President and Commissioner.—Ernst J. Lederle (\$7,500). Secretary.—Eugene W. Scheffer (\$5,000). Sautary Supt.—Walter Bensel (\$7,000). Assistant Markette Report Markette Report (\$5,000). Satuary Sum. - watter bensei (44,000). ASSIST-ants. - Manhattan - Alonzo Blauvelt (\$3,500). Broux-Marion M. McMillan (\$3,500). Brooklyn-T. R. Maxfield (\$3,500). Queens-John H. Barry (\$3,500). Richmond-John T. Sprague (\$3,500).

Law Department.-Hall of Records.

Corporation Counsel, -Ar'b'd R. Watson (\$15,000) Secretary, -Edmund Kirby (\$3,500), Assistants, -Theo, Councly (\$12,000); G. L. Sterl-

Assistants.—Theo, Connoly (\$12,000); G. L. Sterling and C. D. Olendorf (\$10,000) each).
Assistant.—Brooklyn—Lames D. Bell (\$10,000).
Bureau for Street Openings.—Joel J. Squier, 90
West Broadway (\$7,000).
Bureau for Collection of Arrears of Personal
Taxes.—Geo, O. Reilly, 250 Broadway (\$5,000).
Bureau for Recovery of Penalties.—Herman
Stiefel, 119 Nassan Street (\$6,000).
Tenement-House Bureau.—John P. O'Brien, 44 E.
394 Street (\$8,500).

32d Street (\$6,500).

Department of Fire.—157 E. 67th St. Commissioner.—Joseph Johnson (\$7,500). Clief.—John Kenlon (\$10,000). Deputy.—George W. Olvany (\$5,000). Brooklyn and Queens.—Philip P. Farley (\$5,000). Deputy Chief.—Thomas Lally (Brooklyn and Queens) (\$7,500).

Fire Marshals.—John P. Prial (\$3,000) (Manhattan, Bronx, and Richmond); Thomas P. Brophy (\$3,000) (Brooklyn and Queens).

Secretary. - Daniel E. Finn (\$4,800). Department of Parks.—Arsenal Central Park,
President and Commissioner of Manhattan and

President and Commissioner of Manhallan and Richmond, Charles B. Stover (\$5,000). Commissioner of Brooklyn.—Michael J. Kennedy (\$5,000). Bronx.—Thos. J. Higgins (\$5,000). Queens.

-Walter G. Eliot (\$5,000). Secretary Park Board. - Clinton H. Smith (\$4,000). Barean of Buildings. -220 Fourth Avenue. Superintendent. - Manhattan-Rudolph P. Miller (\$6,000). Assistant. - Robert B. Insley (\$4,009). Chief Inspectors. - Alfred Ludwig (\$5,000) and Frederick

Inspectors.—Alred Liddwig (\$5,000) and Frederick H. Dewey (\$4,000).

Bront.—3d Ave. & 17th St. Jas. A. Henderson, Supt. (\$5,000). Brooklyn—Borough Hall—John Thatcher, Supt. (\$5,000). Queens.—Borough Hall—John J. Simmons, Supt. (\$3,000). Richmond.—Borough Hall—John Seaton, Supt. (\$2,500).

Department of Taxes and Assessments.

Hall—John Light of Pacesta.

President.—Lawson Purdy (88,000): Commissioners, Daniel S. McElroy, Judson G. Wall, Chas. T. White, Edward Kaufman, C. J. McCormack, John J. Italieran (87,000 each). Secretary.—C.R. Tyng (\$4,500).

Department of Charities .- Foot E. 26th St. Commissioner, —Michael J. Drummond (\$7,500). Secretary.—J. McKee Bo den (\$3,500). 1st Deputy.—Frank J. Goodwin (\$5,000).

Thomas L. Fogarty (\$5,000).

Thomas L. Fogarty (\$5,000).

3d Deputy-Wm. J. McKenna (\$5,000).

Commissioner of Jurors. -127 Stewart B'ld'g.
Thomas Allison (County of New York) (\$6,000).

Commissioners of Accounts. -115 Stewart B'ld'g. Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Harry M. Rice (\$5,000).

Municipal Civil Service Commissioners. 299 Broadway.

Frank Gallagher, Pres. (\$6,000); Richard Well-

Frank Gallagher, Pres. (\$5,000); Richard Welling, Alexander Keogh, Commissioners (\$5,000).
Secretary, —Frank A. Spencer (\$5,000).
Public Administrator.—119 Nussuu Street,
W. M. Hoes (\$10,000), F. W. Arnold, Asst. (\$5,000).
Chief Clerk.—John J. Connell (\$2,700).
Department of Correction.—148 F. 20th St.
Commissioner.—Patrick A. Whitney (\$7,500).
Depart,—William J. Wright (\$4,000).
Secretary.—John B. Fitzgerald (\$3,000).

Department Docks and Ferries. -B: Commissioner. -Calvin Tomkins (\$7,500) -Battery Pl.

Deputies.-B. F. Cresson, Jr., and Wm. J. Barney (\$5,000).

Serving, Matthew J. Harrington (\$4,000). Chief Engineer-Chas. W. Stanlind (\$10,000), Supi. Docks.—Chas. A. Manly (\$5,000). Supi. Perries.—W. J. Seurs (\$5,000). Deputrment of Education—Parkay, &59th St.

President.—E. L. Winthrop, Jr. Vice-President.— John Greene. Secretary.—A. E. Palmer (\$5,500). Chief Clerk—Thos. A. Dillon (\$3,000).

Supt. of School Buildings. -C.B.J. Snyder (\$10,000). Supt. of School Supplies. - Patrick Jones (\$7,500). City Supt. of Schools-Wm. H. Maxwell (\$10,000). Supervisor of Lectures .- Henry M. Leipziger (\$6,500).

Associate City Superintendents (\$6,500 each). - An-Associate City Supermienaents (50,000 each).—Andrew W. Edson, John H. Haaren, Clarence E. Meleney, Thomas S. O' Brien, Edward B. Shallow, Edward L. Stevens, Gustave Straubeumüller, John H. Walsh.

District Superintendents (\$5,000 each).

Franciscs (\$4,000 each).—Tunes C. Byrnes.

Examiners (\$6,000 each). —James C. Byrnes, Walter L. Hervey, J.A.O'Connell, George J. Smith. Board of Estimate and Apportionment. 277 Broadway.

Members.-The Mayor, Chairman; the Comp-

troller, the President of the Board of Aldermen, the Presidents of Manhattan, Brooklyn, Bronz, Queens and Richmond (no salary).

Secretary, Joseph Haag (\$7,500).

Chief Engineer.—Nelson P. Lewis (\$12,000.)

Bureau of Franchises.—H. P. Nichols, Engineer

Bureau of Franchises.—H. P. Nichols, Engineer (\$85,000).

Commissioner of Licenses.—277 Broadway. Herman Robinson (\$85,000).

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.—280 Broadway. Members.—The Mayor. Chairman; the Comptroller, the Chamberlain, the President of Board of Aldermen, and Chairman Finance Committee of Board of Aldermen; Secretary, John Korb, Jr.

Board of Water Supply.—165 Broadway. Chas. Strauss. President; Chas. N. Chadwick, John F. Galvin (\$12,000 each).

Chief Engineer.—J. Waldo Smith (\$16,000).

Secretary.—Joseph P. Morrissey (\$5,000).

City Record.—21 Park Row.

Superway.—David Ferguson (\$5,000).

City Record. 21 Park Row.
Supervisor.—David Ferguson (\$5,000).
Board of Assessors.—320 Broadway.
Joseph P. Hennessy. President; Antonio C. Astaria, Wm. C. Ormond (\$5,000 each).
Secretary.—Thomas J. Drennan (\$5,000).
Board of Elections.—Headquarters, 107 W.
41st St. J. G. Britt, President; Moses M. McKee, Secretary.

Permunent Census Board.—500 Park Ave., 3d floor. The Mayor, City Superintendent of Schools and Police Commissioner; George H. Chatfield, Secretary.

County Clerk (Court House).—Wm. F. Schneider (\$15,000). Departy.—Charles E. Gehring (\$6,000). Kings County Clerk (Hall of Hecords, Brooklyn).—Chas. F. Devoy (\$12,000). Departy.—John Feitner

(\$5,000).
Sheriff New York County (299 Broadway). - Julius Harburger (\$12,000 and half of fees).

Uniter Sheriff.—John F. Gilchrist (\$5,000). Deputies receive \$2,500 each. Warden of County Jail .- Eugene A. Johnson

Rinter of County Jun.—Engele R. Johnson (\$3,000).
Sheviff Kings County (186 Remsen St., B'klyn).—
Charles B. Law (\$15,000). Under Sheviff.—Lewis
M. Swasey (\$6,000). Deputies receive \$2,200 each,
Warden.—Richard Wright (\$3,000).
Sheviff Queeus County (Long Island City).—
George Emeuer (\$10,000). Under Sheviff.—Samuel
J. Michell (\$2,500).

Mitchell (\$2.500).

Sheriff Richmond County (Richmond, S. I.).— Joseph F. O'Grady (\$6,000).

Joseph F. O'Grady (\$6,000).

Register (Hallof Records).—Max. S. Grifenhagen

(\$12,000). Deputy—William Halpin (\$5,000).

Register Kings County (Hall of Records, Brook
lyn1.—E, T. O' Loughlin (\$12,000). Deputy.—Alfred

T. Hobley (\$5,000). Deputy Mortgage Tax Dep't.—

P. T. Williams (\$3,500).

Commissioner of Records,—Chas. H. Graff (\$5,000).

Deputy.—Wm. F. Thompson (\$4,000).

Commissioner' of Records, "Chas. H. Graft (\$5,000). Deputy. - Wm. F. Thompson (\$4,000). STATE OFFICERS.

EXCISE DEPARTMENT.—I Mindison Avenue. Special Deputy Commissioners—Thos. F. McAvoy, Manhattan and Brook (\$5,000); Geo. S. Jervis (Queeus) (\$45,500). HEALTH OFFICER (of the Port of New York). —Quarantine Station, N. Y. Harbor. Term expires Jan. 1, 1915. Salary, \$12,500. LABOR DEPARTMENT.—391 Fourth Ave. PILOT COMMISSIONERS.—I7 State Street. Commissioners.—A. F. Higgins, President; J. H. Winchester, V. H. Brown, Thomas P. Ball, W. I. Comes. Servetary. —Dannel A. Nash. PORT WARDENS.—I Broadway. Hordens.—Michael H. Blake, President; Charles A. Bayles, Geo. E. Bickwith, Morris Levy, George M. Jamrin, Wm. H. Burns, Marcus Braun, David Lazarus, Thomas M. Tobin (fees). Culleto:—John Regan. Secretary.—A. W. Dodge. Public Service Commission.—154 Nassau St. W. R. Willeox, Chalman; George V. S. Williams, M. R. Maltble, John E. Enstis, J. Sergeant Cram, Commissioners (\$15,000). Travis H. Whitney, Secretary (\$6,000).

retary (\$6,000).

Law Courts in Manhattan and Bronx.

SUPREME COURT.
PART I—TRIAL TERM (the Criminal Term of the Court for the trial of indictments), held by a Justice of the Supreme Court in the Criminal Courts Building, Centre and Franklin Streets.

GENERAL BEST	JIOIN (I al to	1, 2, 0, x add 0) -111	Circ. C I IIII III III	Courts Dunding.	
JUDGES OF SESSIONS.	Term Expires.	JUDGES OF SESSIONS.	Term Expires.	JUDGES OF SESSIONS,	Term Expires.
Edward Swann	Dec. 31, 1921	James T. Malone Thos. C. O'Sullivan Otto A. Rosalsky	Dec. 31, 1919		Dec. 31, 1913

Clerk of Part 1, Trial Term, Supreme Court, and of the Court of General Sessions (office in the Criminal Courts Building)—Edward R. Carroll. Judges of General Sessions receive annual salary of \$17,500 each,

	COURT	OF SPE	CIAL SESSIONS.		
		Expires.	JUSTICE.	Salary. Term	Expires.
Isaac Franklin Russell, Chief			Joseph F. Moss	\$9,000 July	
Justice	\$10,000 July	1, 1916	George J. O'Kcefe	9,000 Dec.	
Joseph M. Deuel	9,000	1, 1913	Cornelius F. Collins	9,000 May	
Franklin Chase Hoyt	9,000	1, 1919	Morgan M. L. Ryan	9,000 Dec.	31, 1913
John Fleming	9,000 Jan.	6, 1918	Arthur C. Salmon	9,000 July	1, 1918
Howard J. Forker	9,000 "	4, 1918	Robert J. Wilkin	9,000 April	15, 1913
James J. McInerney	9,000 Dec.	31, 1921	Henry Steinert	9,000 July	1, 1921
			Lorenz Zeller		1, 1915
Classical language della event	at Cotundor O	ander on	d local halfdana from 10 , as	4 . 1	

Court is open daily, except Saturday, Sunday and legal holidays, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Frank W. Smith, Chief Clerk; salary, \$6,000; office 32 Franklin Street.

PART 1—Criminal Courts Building, Borough of Manhattan, John P. Hilly, Clerk; salary, \$5,000; William M. Fuller, Deputy, \$4,000.

PART V—Criminal Courts Building, Borough of Manhattan, and when held in any other county in the same building provided for the Court of Special Sessions.

CHILDREN'S COURTS.

Held by one of the Justices of the Court of Special Sessions in accordance with assignment of Justices.

Held by one of the Justices of the Court of Special Sessions in accordance with assignment of Justices. Court opens at 10.00 A. M. Cally, except Sunday and legal holidays.

New York County—No. 66 Third Avenue, Manhattan, Dennis A. Lambert, Clerk, salary, \$4,000; Kings County—No. 102 Court Street, Brooklyn, Joseph W. Duffy, Clerk, salary, \$3,000. Queens County—No. 19 Hardenbrook Avenue, Jamalea, Sydney Ollendorff, Clerk, salary, \$2,000. This court is held on Thursdays. Richmond County—Corn Exchange Bank Building, St. George, S. 1.4 William J. Browne, Clerk, salary, \$2,000. This court is held on Tuesdays.

CITY MACISTRATES. (Salary, \$7,000; Chief Magistrate, \$8,000.)

MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	MAGISTRATE.	Term Expires.	Magistrate.	Term Expires.
Frederick B. House	June 30, 1919	John J. Freschl	Jan. 30, 1915	Henry W. Herbert Keyran J. O'Connor.	" 14, 1917
Matthew P. Breen Paul Krotel	30, 1919	Daniel F. Murphy.	July 30, 1920	Francis X. McQuade	" 14, 1917 " 30, 1922
Chas. W. Appleton Robert C. Cornell Chas. N. Harris	Apr. 30, 1913	Arthur C. Butts	Apr. 30, 1913 May 1, 1917	Chief Clerk, Phill (Salary, \$5,0	
Chas. N. Harris		MAGISTRATES	COUNTS		

First District—Criminal Courts Building, Centre and Franklin Streets. Second District—125 Sixth Avenue (Jefferson Market). Third District—69 Essex Street. Fourth District—151 East 57th Street. Fifth District—170 East 121st Street. Sixth District—East 162d Street, corner Brook Avenue. Seventh District—314 West 54th Street. Eighth District—Walker Avenue, Westchester. Ninth District (Night Court for Women)—125 Sixth Avenue (Jeferson Market). Tenth District (Night Court for Women)—125 Sixth Avenue (Jeferson Market). Tenth District (Night Court or Women)—125 Sixth Avenue (Jeferson Market). Tenth District (Night Court or Men)—151 East 57th Street. Eleventh District (Domestie Relations Court)—Temporary quarters, corner Prince and Wooster Streets.

Criminal Courts Building. Centre and Franklin Streets. The salary of the District-Autorney is \$15,000 per annum; assistants \$7,500; deputy assistants salaries vary from \$5,000 to \$1,500.

NAME.	Office.	NAME.	Office.	NAME.	Office.
Charles S. Whitman Frank Moss. Charles C. Nott, Jr Charles Albert Perkins Robert C. Taylor. Hugh J. Belrne Pris.	Asst.	Charles F. Bostwick William A. DeFord. Isldor Wasservogel Robert S. Johnstone T. Channon Press	::	W. H. L. Edwards James A. Delehanty John K. Clark L. L. Manley Henry D. Sayer	Asst Chief

APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

FIRST JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, MADISON AVENUE AND TWENTY-FIFTH STREET,
JUSTICE.

Term Expires.

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Term Street, | Transitive | Term Expires | Francis M. Scott. | Dec. 31, 1925 | Nathan L. Miller | " 31, 1918 | Victor J. Dowling | " 31, 1918 Term Expires.
George I. Ingraham, Pres. Justice. Dec. 31, 1919 Francis M. Scott. Dec. 31, 1925
Chester B. McLaughlin. "31, 1925 Nathan L. Miller. "31, 1925
Frank C. Laughlin. "31, 1923 Victor J. Dowling. "31, 1915
John Proctor Clarke. "31, 1915
Court opens at 2 P. M. Motion Days, 1st and 3d Fridays, when court opens at 10,00 A. M.
Clerk—Alfred Wagstaff. Denuty Clerk—William Lamb. AN APPELLATE TERM to hear appeals from the City and the Municipal Courts will sit in the County Court-House. Justice.

OUDDEME	COURT	T 1	APPELLATE SP	FOL	AL AN	D TRIAL 1	CERMS	
			11			JUSTICE.		erm Expires
	Term Expir							
Samuel Greenbaum James A. Blanchard Nathan Bijur Edward J. Gavegan Veruon M. Davis Edward E. McCall Edward B. Amend Francis K. Pendleton Henry Bischoft	Dec. 31, 19 31, 19 31, 19 31, 19 31, 19 31, 19 31, 19 31, 19 31, 19	915 915 923 923 916 916 916		66	31,1914 31,1924 31,1919 31,1920 31,1920 31,1920	John Ford John J. Brad Mitchell L. Er Charles L. Gu James W. Ge Irving Lehma Daniel F. Coh Henry D. Hot Edw. A. Whi	langer ly rard alan chkiss	ec. 31, 1920 " 31, 1920 " 31, 1920 " 31, 1920 " 31, 1921 " 31, 1922 " 31, 1925 " 31, 1920 " 31, 1927
Thomas F. Donnelly.					′ 1	1	1	

Clerk-County Clerk William F. Schneider, ex-officio. Salary of Supreme Court Justices, \$17,500.

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CITY COURT—CITY HALL.

The Judges are elected for a term of ten years at naumal salary of \$12,000

NAME.	Office.	Term Expires.
Edw'd F. O'Dwyer	Chief Judge	Dec. 31, 1917
Edward B. La Fetra	Judge	" 31, 1918
Joseph I. Green		" 31, 1915
Richard T. Lynch		" 31, 1918
F. B. Delehanty		" 31,1921
Thos F. Donnelly		44 31 1917
Alexander Finelite.		31,1917
John V. McAvoy		** 31.1917
Peter Schmuck		31,1917
Richard Smith		1 31,1920

Clerk.-Thos. F. Smith; salary, \$6,000. Deputy.-Edward H. Piepenbring; salary, \$3,000.

SURROGATES' COURT.

HALL OF RECORDS. The Surrogates are elected for a term of fourteen years at an annual salary of \$15.000.

NAME.	Office,	Term	Expires.
Robert L. Fowler St John P. Cohalan	rregate	Jan.	1, 1914 1, 1922
CterkDaniel J. Dov	wdney; salary,	\$4,500	

COUNTY COURT, KINGS COUNTY. COURT HOUSE.

Judges-Norman S. Dike, Rep., and Lewis L. Fawcett, Rep., \$12,500.

SURROCATE'S COURT, BROOKYLN.

HALL OF RECORDS.

Surrogate-Herbert T. Ketcham, Dem., \$10,000. Chief Clerk-John H. McCooey.

COMMITTEE OF ARBITRATION

OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF NEW YORK STATE, 65 LIBERTY ST.

A method of arbitration established by the Chamber of Commerce for the adjustment, without litigation, of differences arising between in-dividuals, firms or corporations. This method dividuals, firms or corporations. This method can be availed of by either members or nonmembers. Sereno S. Pratt, Secretary.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEY, KINGS CO.

66 COURT STREET.

District-Attorney-James C. Cropsey, Fus., \$10,000.

MUNICIPAL COURTS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

The Justices are elected for a term of ten years at an annual salary of \$8,000. The Clerks are appointed by the Justices for six years, and receive annual salaries of \$3,000.

Courts.	Location.	Justices.	Clerks.
1st District	54-56 Lafayette St	Wauhope Lynn	Thomas O'Connell. Francis Mangin, Deputy.
2d District	264 Madison St	Benjamin HoffmanLeon SandersThomas P. DinneanLeonard A. Snitkin	James J. Devlin. Michael H. Looney, Deputy.
3d District	314 W. 54th St	Thomas E. Murray	Michael Skelly. Patrick Bird, Deputy.
4th District	207 E. 32d St	Michael F. Blake	Abram Bernard. James Foley, Deputy.
5th District	96th St. and Broadway	Alfred P. W. Seaman (William Young	John H. Serves. Harry W. Baldwin, Deputy.
6th District	83d St. and 3d Ave	Jacob Marks)	Edward A. McQuade. Charles J. Dunn, Deputy.
7th District	70 Manhattan St	Philip J. Sinnott	John P. Burns, Robert Andrews, Deputy.
8th District	Sylvan Place and 121st St {	Leopold Prince	Hugh H. Moore. Patrick J. Ryan, Deputy.
	59th St. and Madison Ave	Fred De Witt Wells Frank D. Sturges William C. Wilson	Frank Bulkley. Elijah T. Keehn, Deputy.
BROXX.	The same II all Weet about a	Deter A Shell	Stephen Collins,
ist District	Town Hall, Westchester	reter A. Shell	Philip A. Ryan, Deputy.
2d District	E. 162d St. and Wash'n Ave	William E. Morris	Thomas A. Maher. John Monoghan, Deputy.

UNITED STATES COURTS IN MANHATTAN.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS (2d Circuit). — Post-Office Building, Judges.—E. Henry Lacombe, Alfred C. Coxe, Henry G. Ward and Walter C. Noyes, Clerk—William Parkin; salary, \$3,500. Term. - Second Monday in October.

by the President, and confirmed by the United States Senate.

Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court Assigned to the Second Circuit. - Charles E. Hughes; salary, \$12,500.

United States Circuit Judges.—E. Henry Lacombe, Alfred C. Coxe, Henry G. Ward, Walter C. Noyes; salaries, \$7,000 each.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (Southern District of New York).—Post-Office Building.

United States District Judges, -George C. Holt, Chas, M. Hongh, Learned Hand, Julius M. Mayer; salaries, \$6,000 each. Clerk. - Alex. Gilchrist, Jr. Deputy. - William

Tallman.
Stated Term. - First Tuesday in every month.

Motion Calendars. - Bankruptcy, Monday; General Motions, Friday.

The Judges of the Federal Courts are appointed [United States District-Attorney.—Henry A. Wise; salary, \$10,000.

Assistant District-Attorneys. -Goldthwaite H. Dorr, sistand District-Allorneys.—Goldthwalte H. Dorr, Addison S. Pratt, James R. Knapp, Abel I. Smith, Jr., Carl E. Whitney, C. A. Thompson, Frank M. Roosa, Henry A. Gniler, John E. Walker, Henry N. Arnold, John N. Boyle, Isaac H. Levy, Robert Stephenson, Herbert B. Gruber, Ruymond G. Brown, Charles H. Griffith, Kenneth M. Spence, Roger B. Wood, John L. Bradley, Samuel Hershenstein,

Marshat.-William Henkel; salary, \$5,000.

Chief Deputy.-William C. Hecht; salary, \$2,750.

Commissioners.—John A. Shieldt, Samuel R. Betts, Samuel M. Hitchcock, Ed. L. Owen, Henry W. Goodrich, Herbert Green, Daniel B. Deyo, Alex. Gilchrist, Jr., Wm. P. Prentice, D. W. Esmond, Edward J. Collins, Edward T. Mc-Enany, Mortimer B. Patterson.

Amusement Places in Manhattan and Bronx.

*Seating capacity is given from information furnished by the owners or managers of the theatres, but as some houses are all to add extra seats during important engagements the figures, in a few cases, are likely to vary slightly. On Dec. 12, 1911, the Board of Aldermen adopted a charter amendment permitting standers in theatres. The amendment provides that "any number of persons or rows of persons" may stand in the aisles are six feet wide or under, and that ten feet shall be kept clear when the aisles are sixteen feet wide or under, and that ten feet shall be kept clear when the aisles are more than sixteen feet in width. Only one row of standees is permitted in the galleries.

THEATRES, ETC.	Location.	Proprietors or Managers.	Seat. Ca pacity.*
Academy of Music	E. 14th St. and Irving Place	Samuel F. Kingston	3,400
Adler's	46 Bowery,	Jacob P. Adler	1,375 300
Aerial (New Amsterdam Roof)	205 E. 57th St	Adolf Philipp Klaw & Erianger.	714
Alhambra	7th Ave. and 126th St	B. F. Keith.	1,400
American.	8th Ave. and 42d St	B. F. Keith. Loew's Theatrical Enterprises.	1,680
Astor	Broadway and 45th St	Conan & Harris	1,134
Audubon	44th St., near Broadway	William Fox.	3,327 1,000
Belasco	44th St., near 5th Ave	David Belasco Robert Campbell.	440
Bijou	Broadway and 30th St	L. S. Sire. W. H. Woods.	762
Broadway	Broadway and 41st St	W. H. Woods	1,678
Carpagia Lucanm	W. 57th St., near 7th Ave	C. C. Smith.	2,900 600
Casino	Broadway and 39th St	C. D. Boynton. W. L. Rowland.	1,482
Casino Century(Children'sThea. atop)	62d St. and Central Park West	Geo. C. Tyler	2,100
City	East 14th St., opposite Irving Pl	William Fox. W. W. Freeman.	3,000
Colonial	W. 41st St., near6th Ave	R E Kaith	1,457
Columbia	7th Ave. and 47th St.	B. F. Keith J. Herbert Mack	1,350
Cort	48th St. E. of Broadway	John Cort. Charles Frohman	1.027
Criterion	Broadway and 44th St	Charles Frohman	916
Daly's Dewey	Broadway and 30th St	E. B. Tilton William Fox	1,074 1,252
Eden Musee	14th St., near 3d Ave	Eden Musee Co.	300
Eltinge		Eden Musee Co A. H. Woods	892
Empire	Broadway and 40th St. Broadway and 28th St.		1,099
Fifth Ave	48th St. E. of Broadway	G. E. McCune. W. A. Brady Theatre Co. J. W. Rosenquest.	1,304
Fourteenth Street	W. 14th St., near 6th Ave	J. W. Rosenquest.	1,500
Fulton	46th St., west of Broadway	Henry B. Harris Cohan & Harris and Klaw & Erlanger	906
(injety	Broadway and 46th St	Cohan & Harris and Klaw & Erlanger	800
Garrick	35th St., near 6th Ave	Charles Frohman	8:8 1,000
Globe	Broadway and 43d St	Cohan & Harris Charles B. Dillingham	1,200
(intham	125th St., hear 3d Ave		1,.22
Grand Central Palace	Grand St., cor. Chrystie St	Harry Beekman	1,866
Grand Central Palace	W 024 Ct and Cth Ara	Cohan & Harris	2,250
Hammerstein Roof Garden	W. 23d St. and 8th Ave	Cohan & Harris. William Hammerstein	1.600
Harlem Opera House	W. 125th St., near 7th Ave	B. F. Keith	1,500 768
Harris	42d St., near 8th Ave	B. F. Keith. Henry B. Harris.	763
Hippodrome	oth Ave. and 44th St	Messrs, Shubert	5,200 1,066
Hurtig & Seamon's	44th St., near 6th Ave	Hartig & Seamon	1,156
Irving Pace	E. 15th St. and Irving Pl	Hurtig & Seamou M. Baumfeld.	1,200
Jackson	Westchester and Forest Aves	Samuel Bowitz Edw. J. McMahon	2,200
Keeney's Keith's Bronx	3d Ave. and 31st St	H. A. Bailey	1,260 1,800
Keith's Union Sq	2.1 Ave. and 2d St. Broadway and 38th St.	B. F. Keith	1,034
Keith's Union Sq. Kessler's Second Ave	2-I Ave. and 2d St	Max R. Wilner	1,907
Knickerbocker	Broadway and 38th St	Chas. Frohman	1,352
Liberty Lincoln Square	234 W. 42d St Broadway and 66th St	Klaw & Erlanger	1,200 1,560
Lipzin	935 Bowery	M. Heine	1,100
Little	235 Bowery 238 W. 44th St	M. Heine. Winthrop Ames	299
Longuere	220 W. 48th St	H. H. Frazee	1,000
Lyceum	75th St., near Broadway 7th Ave. and 42d St	Daniel Frohman Sol Manheimer.	957 1,456
Manhattan Opera House	34th St., near 8th A∀e	Comstock & Gest	3,174
Maxine Ellictt	39th St., near Broadway	Geo, B. Appleton	924
McKinley Square	169th St. aud Boston Road	Daniel Supple	1,800 1,224
Metropolia House	142d St. and 3d Ave	Daniel Supple. Louis J. Fosse Metropolitan Opera House Co. Estate Henry C. Miner (Inc.). Acme Theatre Co. Estate Henry C. Miner (Inc.).	3,066
Miner's Bowery	Bowery, near Delancey St	Estate Henry C. Miner (Inc.)	1.400
Miner's Bronx	3d Ave. and 156th St	Acme Theatre Co	1,772
Miner's 8th Avenue	8th Ave., n-ar 25th St	Estate Henry C. Miner (Inc.)	1,100 1,900
Miner's l'eople's	201 Bowerv Lexingtou Ave. and 42d St	Tom Miner	1,300
National	149th St. & Bergen Ave	Henry Loew	2,354 1,702
New Amsterdam	42d St., west of Broadway	Klaw & Erlanger	1,702
New Star	Lexington Ave. and 107th St	J. Gordon Edward	3,100
New York	Broadway and 45th St	Harry Harris	1,700
Olympic	Broadway and 47th St	Palace Theatre Co	1,800
Perk	Broadway and 47th St	Frank McKee	1,500
Playhouse	1141 W. 48th St	Wm. A. Brady. David Benjamin.	879
Plaza Music Hall	Madison Ave. and 59th St E. 58th St., near 3d Ave	E E Proctor	1,600 1,670
Proctor's	W. 23d St., near 6th Ave	F. F. Proctor	1.25
Proctor's	195th St. and Levington Ave	F. F. Proctor	1,800
Prospect	Prospect & Westchester Aves	Frank Gersten David Belasco	1,800 1,000
Republic	Broadway and 96th St	Herman Goldman	2,400
Seventh Avenue	17th Ave. and 194th St		1,530
Thirty-Ninth St	39th St., near Broadway	Ralph Long	655
Viotoria	42d St. and 7th Ave	Oscar Hammerstein	1,000

AMUSEMENT PLACES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX-Continued.

THEATRES, ETC.	Location.	Proprietors or Managers.	Seat. Ca- pacity.*
Wadsworth	181st St. and Wadsworth Ave	Ornstein & Bock	999
Wallack's	Broadway and 30th St	Charles Burnham	1,200
		Joseph Weber	780
Weber & Fields' Music Hall	West 44th St	C. S. Breed	1,540
West End	125th St., near St. Nicholas Ave	U. S. Amusement Co	1.840
Winter Garden	Broadway and 50th St	I. F. Cass	1,600 1,200
Yorkviile	Soth St. and Lexington Ave	Eugene Meyers	1,200

THEATRES IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION ON JANUARY 1, 1913.

Broadway and 146th St., 116th St. and 5th Ave., 7th Ave. and 116th St., Lenox Ave. and 11th St., Broadway and 97th St., 5th Ave. and 106th St., 3d Ave. and 87th St., 138-146 W. 48th St., 221-233 W. 44th St., Broadway and 47th St., 207-223 E. 13th St., Ave. B and 5th St. The following is a list of structures to be used as theatres for which plans were filed during 1912: 7th Aye., 131st to 132d St.; 222-230 W. 45th St., 538-540 W. 147th St., 242-250 W. 46th St., 253-

7th Ave., 131st to 259 W. 125th St.

The hour for beginning theatrical performances in New York varies, being dictated by the length of the plays. Curtains rise between 8 and 8.30 P. M.; doors at all theatres open at 7.30 P. M. Saturday matinees are given at all theatres; mild-week matinees are given on Tuesdays, Wednesdays or Thursdays, the days varying at different theatres and attractions. A few popular-price theatres and all-vaudeville houses give daily matinees. Such afternoon performances begin about 2 P. M.

The standard price for the best seats in New York theatres of the first class is \$2, and in some houses \$2.50, the scale grading down to fifty cents, according to location. In cases of the appearance of great celebrities an additional charge is sometimes, but not often, made.

The standard price for the best seats at the so-called popular-price theatres is \$1, the scale grading down to twenty-five cents, according to location. At these theatres matines seats are usually sold at reduced rates. A number of theatres of both the first and second classes in New York are being temporarily used as mixed moving-pleture and vaudeville houses. Among such theatres are the Savoy, Lincoin Square, Third Avenue, New Star, Grand Street Theatre, Proctor's 23d and 58th Street Theatres, Circle, Herald Square, the Greely Square at 6th Ave. and 30th St., and Hammerstein's Roof Garden. The prices of admission vary at these houses when used for moving-pleture entertainments, some as low as the cents.

The standard price for the best seats at the Metropolitan Opera House is \$3, the scale grading down to \$1,000 to 100 to

Museums and Art Galleries

IN MANHATTAN AND BROOKLYN.

THE Metropolitan Museum of Art (J. Pierpont Morgan, President; Edward Robinson, Director), in Central Park, main entrance on Fifth Ave. at 82d St. Open daily, including Sundays. Free, except on Mondays and Fridays, when an admission of 25 cents is charged. Paintings (including the Hearn, Marquand, Vanderblit and Wolfe collections) and sculpture of ancient and modern schools, American and foreign; casts, antiquities, arms and armor, porcelains, musical instruments, tapestries, laces, metal work, furniture, and decorative arts.

Museum of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and

inetal work, furniture, and decorative arts.
Museum of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and
Sciences (A. Augustus Healy, President; William H.
Goodvear, Curator of Art Department), Eastern
dally, Including Sundays. Free, except on Mondays and Tuesdays, when an admission fee of 25
cents is charged. Paintings by American and foreign artists, Sargent's water colors, Tissot's New
Testament series, casts and sculptures, Lawrence
collection of Barve broomes. Avery callection of collection of Barye bronzes, Avery collection of Chinese cloisonnes, Professor Goodyear's archi-

tectural photographs.

New York Historical Society, 76th St. and Central Park West. Paintings by old and modern mastrai Park West. Paintings by old and modern mas-ters (including 200 American portraits). Audubon's original water colors for natural history plates, Peter Marié collection of miniatures processes. New York Public Library, Filth Ave., 40th-42d

Street.

Fine Arts Building, 215 West 57th St., headquar-ters of Architectural League and Art Students' League. The semi-annual exhibitions of the National Academy of Design and the Water Color Society are held here,

National Arts Club and Galleries, 14 Gramercy Park.

Park.

The American Museum of Natural History (Incorporated 1869). Central Park West, 77th St. and Columbus Ave. A museum and library of natural history to privide for the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular instruction in the public ameans of popular in the public ameans of popular in the public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public ameans of public are also given on Tuesday and Saturday evenings under the auspices of the Board of Education. Public lectures are delivered to the public are also given on Tuesday and Saturday evenings under the auspices of the Board of Education. Public lectures are delivered on holidays, and several courses of lectures are given to members of the museum during the year. The library contains over 60,000 volumes.

Zoological Gardens, Central Park, entrance Fith Ave. and 64th St., and at Bronx Park, 182d St. and Southern Boulevard. Admission free, except on Mondays and Thursdays, when 25 cents is charged.

Botanical Gardens (Bronx Park). Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4.30 p. M. Free.

Aquarium, Castle Garden, Battery Park. The American Museum of Natural History (in-rnorated 1869), Central Park West, 77th St.

Banks in Manhattan and Bronx.

The Clearing-House is at 77 Cedar Street, Manhattan Borough, Wm, Sherer is Manager, Wm, J. Glipin, Assistant Manager, Forty-eight banks and fifteen trust companies are associated for the purpose of exchanging the checks and billsthey hold against each other. Other banks, not members of the association, clear through members. The representatives of the members appear at the Clearing-House at 10 o'clock A. M. every business dax, with the checks and bills to be exchanged. The resulting balances are ascertained in about an hour, and before 1.30 o'clock those indebted pay their balances, and after that hour the other banks receive the amounts due them. The Clearing-House has been in operation since 1853.

Following are extracts from the Manager's annual report for year ending September 30, 1912; The Clearing-House transactions for the year have been as follows: Exchanges, \$96,672,300,863; balances, \$5,051,262,291; total transactions, \$101,723,563,155. The average daily transactions: Exchanges, \$319,050,497; balances, \$16,670,832; total, \$335,721,330. Total transactions since organization of Clearing-House 69 years): Exchanges, \$2,321,152,175,784; balances, \$107,524,362,—

570; total, \$2,428,676,538,355.

Banks are open from 10 a.m. to 3 r.m., and on Saturdays from 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Commercial paper, except sight or demand bills, falling due on Saturday is payable on the following business day. NATIONAL BANKS

NATIONAL BANKS.								
Name.	Location.	Capital.	Surplus and Undivided Profits.	President.	Cashier.			
Aetna	Greenwich&Warren	\$500,000	\$535,000	C. E. Finlay	E. V. Connolly.			
American Exchange	128 Broadway	5,000,000	4,766,000	Lewis L. Clarke	Walter H. Bennett.			
Bank of Commerce.	31 Nassau St	25,000,000	16,000,000	James S. Alexander	S. E. Ward.			
Bank of New York	48 Wall St	2,000,000	3,841,966	Herbert L. Griggs	Joseph Andrews.			
Battery Park	2 Broadway	200,000	120,000	E.A. de Lima	E.B. Day.			
Bronx	369 E. 149th St	200,000	245,414	F. A. Wurzbach	Harry Kolbe.			
Butchers & Drovers'	683 Broadway	300,000		D. H. Rowland				
Chase	83 Cedar St	5,000,000		A. H. Wiggin				
Chatham & Phenix.	192 Broadway	2,250,000		Louis G. Kaufman				
Chemical	270 Broadway	3,000,000		J. B. Martindale				
Citizens' Central	320 Broadway	2,550,000		Edwin S. Schenck.				
City	55 Wall St	25,000,000	29,540,747	F. A. Vanderlip	Arthur Kavanagh.			
Coaland Iron	Liberty & West Sts.	1,000,000		John T. Sproull				
East River	680 Broadway	250,000		Vincent Loeser				
Fifth National	3d Ave. & 23d St	250,000	525,000	Stephen Kelly	W. S. Beckley.			
First National	2 Wall St	10,000,000	21,355.303	Francis L. Hine	C. D. Backus.			
Fourth National	Pine St., cor. Nassan	5,000,000	5,821,203	James G. Cannon	Daniel J. Rogers.			
Garfield	5th Ave., cor. W. 23d	1,000,000	1,264,200	R. W. Poor	A. W. Snow.			
Gotham	990 8th Ave	200,000	130.423	Henry H. Bizallion	Thos. C. Fry.			
Hanover	Nassau St., cor, Pine	3,000,000	13,471,300	William Woodward	E. E. Whittaker.			
Harriman	5th Ave. & 44th St	500,000	633,218	Jos. W. Harriman	John A. Noble.			
Imp't'rs& Traders'	Broadway & P k Pl.	1,500,000	9,072,762	Edward Townsend	H. H. Powell.			
Irving Nat'l	Broadway & P k Pl.	4,000,000	3,102,000	R. P. Grant	Harry E. Ward.			
Liberty	139 Broadway	1,000,000	2,700,000	S. Prosser	Chas. W. Riecks.			
Lincoln	32 E. 42d St	1,000,000	1,725,000	Chas. E. Warren	David C. Grant.			
Market and Fulton.	81 Fulton St	1,000,000	1,885,000	Alex, Gilbert	T. J. Stevens.			
	33 Wall St. (b)		8,640,525	G. W. McGarrah	Joseph S. Honse.			
Mercantile	In liquidation		2 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		3			
Merchants',	42 Wall St 257 Broadway	2,000,000		R. M. Gallaway	Joseph Byrne.			
Merchants' Exch	257 Broadway	600,000	516,000	P. C. Lounsbury	E. V. Gamoier.			
Nassau	9 Beekman St	1,000,000		Edward Earl	A. W. Gilbart.			
National Park	214 Broadway	5,000.000	13,313,027	Richard Delafield	Maurice H. Ewer.			
National Reserve	165 Broad way	1,200,000	385,000	William O. Allison.	Robert B. Minis.			
New York County	8th Av., cor. 14th St.	500,000	1,836,894	Francis L. Leland	Thos, A. Painter.			
Seaboard	18 Broadway	1,000,000	2,226,186	Samuel G. Bayne	C. C. Inompson.			
Second National	5th Ave., cor. 28th	1,000,000	2,469,000	Wm. A. Simonson.	William Pabst,			
Sherman	33d St. & Astor C'rt	260,000	55,900	E.C. Smith	Ct. C. Marshall.			
Union Exchange	21st St. and 5th Ave.			Henry S. Herrman.	David Nevius.			
STATE BANKS.								

Bank of America 44 Wall St	\$1,500,0001	\$6,260,201 William H. Perkins W. M. Bennet.
Bank of Europe First Ave. c. 74th St.	100,000	65,000 Thos. Capek F. A. Sovak.
Bank of Metropolis. 31 Union Square	1,000,000	2,161,247 Stephen Baker Edwin S. Laffey.
Bowery 124 Bowery	250,000	800,000 John S. Foster Charles Essig.
Bronx Bor'gh Bank 440 E. Tremont Ave.	150,000	70,000 C. A. Becker Jay Lehrbach.
Bryant Park 123 W.42d St	200,000	59,160 W. W. Warner E. F. Giese.
Century § 135 5th Ave	500,000	530,000 H. L. Crawford W. H. Devlin.
Chelsea Exchange a 266 W. 34th St		162,000 A. E. Stilger G. B. Williams.
Colonial † 441 Columbus Ave		550,000 Alexander Walker. Geo. S. Carr.
Columbia†† 507 5th Ave		787,400 Joseph Fox W. S. Griffith.
Corn Exchange 13 William St	3,000,000	5,600,000 Walter E. Frew Fred'k T. Martin.
Cosmopolitan 803 Prospect Ave	100,000	22,000 C. A. Becker M.F. Odell (Ass't).
Fidelity Mad. Ave., c. 75th		168,888 Edward H. Peaslee, E. W. Dutton.
5th Av. Bank of N. Y. 530 Fifth Ave		2,119,314 A. S. Frissell Theo. Hetzler.

† Branches at 1960, 2217 and 2701 Broadway; Columbus Ave., 92d St., and cor. 105th St.; W. 116th St., cor. 7th Ave. † Branches, Dey, cor. Church St.; 530, 1178, 2902 B'way; 23 Astor Pl.; Columbus Ave. and 72d St.; 5th Ave., cor. 7th St.; 333 W. 42d St.; 7t. 242d St., Ave. D, cor. 10th St.; 372 Grand St.; 34 Union Sq. E.; 101 W. 125th St.; 962 Sth Ave.; Amsterdam Ave. and 143d St.; 522 Willis Ave. St. Nicholas Ave., cor. W. 181st St.; also Seventh Ave. and 33d St. Brooklyn—Court and Montague Sts., 949 Broadway, 19 Flatbush Ave., Greenpoint and Manhattan Aves, Queens—Borden Ave. and Fourth St., Academy St. and Bridge Plaza, L. I. C.; also New Brighton, S. I. † Branch 407, Broadway, 5 Branches 122 Rowery, 104th St. and Broadway, 3d Ave. and 47th St. (a) Branch at 135th St. and 7th Ave. (b) Will move to 50 Wall St. in May, 1913.

STATE BANKS-MANHATTAN AND BRONX-Continued.

NAME.	Location.	Capital.	Surplus.	President.	Cashier.
	23 Broad St	\$750,000	\$717,250	Casimir Tag	J. F. Frederichs.
German Exchange	330 Bowery	200,000	830,921	Jos. M. Adrian	George Kern.
Germania		200,000	1,055,986	Edward C. Schaefer	Loftin Love.
	402 Hudson St. ††	500,000	949,427	Wm. C. Duncan	Frank Hammond.
Hungarian-Am'c'n	147 5th Av. In Liqu.				.,,.,.,.,,,
	60 Wall St	500,000	131,186	T. H. Hubbard	A. J. McGrath.
Jefferson					
Manhattan Compa'y	40 Wall St	2,050,000	4,684,965	Stephen Baker	D. H. Pierson.
Metropolitan	4th Ave. & 23d St.(c)	2,000,000		Henry Ollesheimer.	Augustus C. Corby.
Mount Morris	85 E. 125th St	250,000		L. M. Schwan	
Mutual	B' way, c. 33d St	200,000		Charles A. Sackett.	
	41 W. 34th St	200,000		J. Adams Brown	
	Produce Exch. §			Forrest H. Parker	
Pacine	470 Broadway (1)			O. H. Cheney	
Security	1 E. 14th St	1,000,000		R. Ross Appleton	
	395 Canal St		,	Scott Foster	William Milne.
Plaza	Abs. byUnionTr. Co.	900 000		T	N. A. M. M
Public	91 Delancey (n)	300,000	278,000	Joseph S. Marcus	C. L. Marcus.
Royal (q)	93-95 Nassau St	100,000	44,000	Philip Sugerman	F. C. Straat,
	378 Grand St. ‡‡			Oscar L. Richard	
	135th St. & 3d Ave.§§.		90,004	Charles W. Bogart.	Chas, P. Bogart.
wasnington H'ghts.	Amstm. Ave. & 155th	100,000	1 000,000	John Whalen	Walten Westervelt
	485-487 Eighth Ave		519 036	C. F. Tietjen	Emost Wellsgitz
YORKVIIIe	85th St., c. 3d Ave	100,000	918,926	August Zinsser, Jr	Ernest workevitz.
	,	' '		1	,

[§] Also Madison Ave., near 60th St., cor. Columbus Ave. and 93d St., cor. 58th St. and 7th Ave., cor. 116th St. and 3d Ave. cor. 10td St. and 1st Ave., B way and 86th St., Manbutan St. and Amsterdam Ave., 14th St. and 2d Ave. †† Also at 260 W. B'way, 874, 153H Bway, Herali Square, 153 William St., ‡† Also 5th Ave. and W. 115th St.; †† kith and Stone Aves. also Graham Ave. and Varet St., Brooklyn. §§ Also 860 Boston koad and 2803 Third Ave. (c) 14so 160 William St., 271 and 555 Broadway. (f) Also Madison Ave. and 21sth St. (q) Report of 1911.

Banks for Savings in Manhattan and Broux.

NAME.	Location.	President.	No. of Deposi- tors.	Deposits.	Rate Int. ‡	Surplus.	Unless otherwise stated, banks close at 12 noon on Saturdays.
American Bank for Savings Bowery Broadway Bronat Br	115 W. 42d St 4th Av., c. 22d St. 4th Av., c. 22d St. 128 Bowery. 5 Park Place 429 Tremont Ave 2508 Sd. Ave 234 Bowery 291 Broadway. 231 Bowery 234 Bowery 234 Bowery 234 Bowery 234 Bowery 234 Bowery 234 Bowery 236 St. & 6th Ave 236 St. & 6th Ave 248 St. & 6th Ave 248 Sixth Ave 170 Broadway. 248 Broadway. 249 Broadway. 240 Broadway. 240 Broadway. 240 Broadway. 241 Broadway. 2420 Third Ave 2420 Third Ave 240 Union Sq. E.	John B. Irwin. Walter Trimble. Henry A. Schenck. H. F. Hutchinson. Win. B. Aitken. Henry H. Schenck. Henry H. Schenck. John H. Boschen. Geo. E. Edwards Andrew Mills. D. S. Ramsay. Thomas M. Mulry. Esaac A. Hoper. William J. Roome. William J. Roome. William J. Roome. William J. Roome. William J. Trotter. H. E. Tener. H. E. Tener. Joseph N. Francolin. Louis Windmuller. Joseph Bird. J. B. Currey. Win. Pelsinger. Alex P. W. Kinnon. Alex P. W. Kinnon. Win. H. Rockwood.	Depositors. 8,290 157,848 154,000 4,561 27,609 2,335 40,246 69,775 27,884 143,000 15,999 23,389 51,224 153,807 95,994 24,207 4,568 21,679 24,21 14,757 4,588 21,679 15,869 42,000 18,000 18,000 15,210	\$3,057,475 \$93,057,475 101,214,611 12,407,672 930,000 16,339,970 345,784 10,026,000 39,125,71 28,670,692 12,103,325 21,168,336 59,961,755 65,438,162 1,230,000 16,737,102 3,992,000 16,757,102 3,993,635 1,092,000 16,757,102 3,993,635 1,092,000 16,757,102 3,993,635 1,092,000 16,757,102 3,993,635 1,092,000 10,714,000 975,000,000 10,714,000 10,081,192	33 34 55 4 55 4 56 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	\$105,650 9,450,799 11,113,122 641,458 16,500 134,579 2,837,910 374,579 600,254 116,460,735 116,462 1,670,400 817,344 103,667 117,500 927,309 927,309 927,309 937,525 130,525 1	banks close at 12 non on Saturdays. 9 a. m. to 4 P. m. (a) 10 a. m. to 3 P. m.; Monday, 10 a. m. to 6 P. m. 10 a. m. to 3 P. m.; Monday, 10 a. m. to 6 P. m. 10 a. m. to 3 P. m.
United States Universal (q)	606 Madison Ave.	Chas. N. Tsintor Wilbur F. Brown C. O. Bigelow	12,145 687	4,386,602 112,545	31/2	150,355 1,575	10 a.m. to 3 P. m., Mon. 10 to 7 P. m. 9 a. m. to 4 P. m. (a) 10 a. m. to 3 P. m. 9 a. m. to 3 P. m. Sat. and Mon. 6 to 8 P. m. (h)

[†]Subject to change. (a) Open Monday nights also. (d) Open Mondays from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. (f) Except June, July, subject to change. (a) Not open Saturday evenings June, July and August. (q) Report of December 1, 1911. (e) Localding undivided profits.

Banks in Brooklyn and Auceus. NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS.

MATIONAL AND STATE BANKS:								
Name.	Location.	Capital.	Surplus and Undivided Profits.	President.	Cashler.			
Broadway	Jamaica §§	s Trust	Co.	S. R. Smith				
Coney Island Corn Exchange	In Liquidation Coney Island See Banks in Man	100,000 hattan	51,985 (a)	W. J. Ward Broux on preceding	(i. H. Mailey.			
First Nat. of Jam	Corona Jamaica Ozone Park	100,000	45,000 39,425	Wm. J. Hamilton Starr Brincker-Hoff John B. Reimer	O. G. Alexander. Rich'd Van Siclen.			
First National Hillside	B'way& Havemeyer Richmond Hill Pen. & Liberty Avs.	300,000 100,000	672,333 33,769	Joseph Huber Joel Fowler E. L. Rockerfellow	William S. Irish. Fred'k Boschen.			
Manufact'ers' Nat . Mechanics' §	84 Broadway Court & Montague	252,000 1,000,000	912,835 765,742	A. D. Seymour Geo. W. Channey.	J. C. Nightingale. Chas, G. Balmanno.			
Nassau National National City	350 Fulton St	1,000,000 300,000	1,119,897 579,000	Henry M. Randall. Edgar McDonald Henry M. Wells	G. Foster Smith. B.T.V'n Benthys'n			
North Side	Far Rockaway 225 Havemeyer St Broadway & Quincy	200,000	174,497	H. G. Heyson Paul E. Bonner Geo. W. Spence	Henry Billman,			
Ridgewood Nation'l State Bank.	Flatbush & Ch. Avs. Ridgewood See Banks in Man	100,000 hattan	67,000 140,000 and	W. D. Buckner Louis Berger Bronx on preceding	Chas, Straub, Elliott R. Conden, pages,			
Woodhaven	In charge of Bank	ing Dep	artment.		1			

§ Branches at 5th Ave. and 9th St., 5024 Third Ave., 10 Third Ave., 2590 Atlantic Ave., 1365 Broadway. §§ Also Long Island City, Flushing, Far Rockaway, Rockaway Beach, Richmond Hill, Elmhurst, College Point, L. I. City, Sea Side. ‡‡ Also 577 Broadway. (a) Surplus only.

Banks for Savings in Brooklyn and Aucens.

NAME.	Location,	President.	No. of Deposi-	Deposits.	Rate	Surplus.	Business Hours.
2111111111		2	tors.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Int.*		close at 12 noon on Saturdays.]
Brevoort		Howard M.Smith	15,642	\$3,647,561	4	\$190,294	9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also
Brooklyn		Ed'n P. Maynard	67,000	49,500,000	4	5,500,000	Monday, 7 to 9 P. M. 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon-
Bushwick		Jere. E. Brown	12,804	5,049,577	4	301,770	day, 5 to 7 P. M. also. 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon-
City	Graham Ave. 4th & Flatbush	R. Rushmore	8,200	2,718,000	3½	162,000	day, 4 to 7 P. M. also. 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon-
	Aves.	Fred. W. Grell,	3,142	1,401,294	4	114.541	day, 6 to 8 P. M. also. 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Wed.
_	College Point.	J. L. Marcellus	1	41,721,343	1 1		& Sat., 6 to 8 P. M. 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon-
	Fulton St.				1		day, 5 to 7 P. M. also.
iamsburg.	Havemeyer.	W. P. Sturgis		8,950,000			10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon- day, 5 to 7 P. M. also.
		Eugene F. Barnes		7,120,182		525,000	9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
E. District (q)		Lewis E. Meeker	17,725	4,630,402	4	195,334	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.; Mon. &
E. New York		Fred. Middendorf	8,303	3,066,720	4	267,380	Sat., 6 to 8 P. M. also, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon-
German		J. H. Schumann.	39,066	17,252,913	3½	1,076,523	day, 6 to 8 P. M. also. 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. (b)
Germania	Boer um St. 375 Fulton St	Adolph Goepel	18,280	10,734,186	4	643,634	9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon-
Greater N V	408 Tifth A TO	C. J. Obermayer.	14,458	3 065,700	316	80 330	day, 5 to 7 P. M. also. 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. (c)
		E. A. Walker		7,377,500		786,500	9 A. M. to 3 P. M. ; Mon-
	cor. Calver St.				1		day 5 to 8 P. M. also.
Hamburg	1451 Myrtle Ave.	James Moffett	4,708	1,078,000			9 A. M. 103 P.M. (b)(d)
Home	804 Man'n Ave	George H. Gerard	2.010	425,000			9 A. M. to 3 P. M. (ε)
Jamaica		Wm.A. Warnock.	9,552	4,584,475	4	367,971	9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Kings County	Jamaica. Broadway and	Hubert G. Taylor.	14,163	11,917,367	4	875,912	9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon-
L. I. City		W. J. Burnett	17,795	5,956,338	4	623,190	day 4 to 7 P. M. also. 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. (b)
Prudential	Bridge Plaza. 975 Broadway	D. W. Kaatze		1,335,000	4	20,000	9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sat. &
	1		7,692	3,039,328		171 000	Mon, 5 to 8 P. M. 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Thurs-
-	Flushing.	L. M. Franklin					day, 7 to 8 P. M. also,
S. Brooklyn	Atlantic Ave.	Wm. J. Coombs	34,218	20,917,230	4	2,934,104	9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon- day 6 to 8 P. M. also.
Sumner	12 Graham Ave.	Nathan S. Jonas.	2,063	632,925	31/2	22,000	9 A. M to 3 P. M. (a)
Williamsb'rg	175 Broadway	Ezra B. Tuttle		61,439,120	4	8,321,124	10 A. M. to 3 P.M. Mon- day 4 to 7 P. M.
* (No. 2) (. Class	adama (. 35		to 9 B M (b) Mondays 5

^{*}Subject to change. Banks close at 12 noon on Saturdays. (a) Mondays 7 to 9 P. M. (b) Mondays 5 to 8 P. M. (c) Mondays to 7 P. M. (d) Saturdays 6 to 9 P. M. (e) Mondays and Saturdays, 6 to 8 P. M. (g) Report of 1911

	or Companies	2			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Name.	Location.	Capital.	Surplus & Undiv. Profits.	President.	Secretary.
A stor	Fifth Ave. & 36th St	\$1,250,000	d\$1,368,599	E. C. Converse	J. R. Trowbridge.
Bankers'	Wall and Nassau Sts	10,000,000	15,000,000	E. C. Converse Frederic G. Lee	G. G. Thomson.
Broadway	754 Broadway (k)	1,000,000	565,313	Frederic G. Lee	J. W. H. Bergen.
Central	54 Wall St	3,000,000	17,000,000	J. N. Wallace	Milton Ferguson.
	60 Broadway (i)	2,000,000	7,162,017	Willard V. King	L. W. Wiggin.
	Broadway & 41st St	500,000	173,640	R. R. Moore	J. G. Hemerich.
Commonwealth	27 Pine St	250,000	375,306	P. R. Bomeisler	L. A. Rapelyea.
	42 Broadway ##	1,500,000	1,650,749	L. W. Baldwin	M. J. Brown.
Equitable	37 Wall St. f	3,000,000	10,747,000	A. W. Krech	R. R. Hunter.
Farmers' Loan &	22 William St., 475 Fifth	,			
Trust Co	Ave	1.000,000	6,570,754	E. S. Marston	A.V. Heely.
Fidelity	1 Hudson St	1,000,000	1,250,000	S. S. Conover	A. H. Mars.
Fulton	149 Broadway	500,000	800,000	H. C. Swords	C. M. Van Kleeck
Guaranty	140 Broadway (e)	10,000,000	23,323,623	A. J. Hemphill	E. C. Hebbard.
Guardiau	170 Broadway	500,000	475,928	E. F. Clark	L. C. Haynes.
Hudson	1411 Broadway	500,000	718,862	E. R. Chapman	R. A. Purdy.
Lawvers' Title Ins.			1		
& Trust Co	160 Broadway (h)	4,000,000	5,949,656	L. V. Bright	W. N. Vail.
Lincoln	208 Fifth Ave (i)	1.000,000	557,132	Alex. S. Webb, Jr.	H. F. Poor, Treas,
	Merged with Bankers'	Trust Co	mpany.		
Mercantile	Merged with Bankers'	Trust Co	mpany.		
Metropolitan	49 Wall St	2,000,000	6,800,000	B. Chew, VPres.	G. N. Hartmann
*Mutual Alliance.	35 Wall St	1,000,000	461,305	James H. Parker.	F. J. Leary.
N. Y. Life Insur-		_,			
	52 Wall St	1.000,000	4,413,358	Henry Parish	Z. W. van Zehn.
New York $(a),$	26 Broad St	3,000,000		O. T. Bannard	H. W. Morse.
Savov	Merged with Broadwa	y Trust C	0.		
Standard	. Merged with the Guar	anty Trus	t Co.		
Title Guarantee d			i		
Trust Co	. 176 Broadway	5,000,000	11,605,683	C. H. Kelsey	J. W. Cleveland.
	67 William St	700,000	339,862	Julius Pirnitzer	G. Plochmann,
Trust Company o		,			[Treas.
America	Absorbed by the Equi	table Trus	t Co.		1
Union	80 Broadway tt	1,000,000	7,763,928	Edwin G. Merrill.	H'ry M. Popham
II S Mortgage &	+	1	1 ' '		
Trust Co	55 Cedar St.§§	2,000,000	4,569,437	J. W. Platten	Alex. Phillips.
United States.	45 Wall St	2,000,000		E. W. Sheldon	
Washington	253 Broadway	500,000	1,340,000	F. H. Page	G. W. Toerge.
3377 3	. 65 Cedar St. **		1 050 000	Clark Williams	II Mr Tofforgon

*Also at 286 Grand Street and Lenox Avenue and 116th Street. † Branch at 128 Bowery, 618 Fifth Ave, and Fifth Ave, cor. 60th St. § Branch 222 Broadway, †† Also 425 and 786 Fifth Avenue. **Also 47th Street and Fifth Avenue. †‡ Also 242 East Honston Street, 487 Fifth Avenue. § Also 125th Street and Eighth Avenue, Broadway and 73d Street. (**) Also Broadway and Lispenard Street and Broadway and 72d Street. (**) Also 180 Broadway and 12d Street. (**) Also 185 Honston Street and 2810 Third Avenue. (**d) Surplus earnings undivided. (**e) Branch Fifth Avenue and 434 Street and 28 Broad Street. (**h) Also 185 Montague Street, Broaklyn. (**i) Also 355 Fifth Avenue, 100 W. 125th Street, 143th Street and Third Avenue. (**d) Also 1128 Broadway, Broadway and Lispenard Street, and Broadway and 72d Street. (**k) Also cor, Broadway and Barclay Street. (**q) Report of 1911.

RECOKLYN TRUST COMPANIES.

	BROOKEIN		00		
NAME.	Location.	Capital.	& Undiv. Profils.	President.	Secretary.
‡Brooklyn Citizens'	B' way & Sumner Ave.	1,000,000	325,000	Theo. F. Miller N. S. Jonas	Frank J.W. Diller J. H. Conroy.
Flatbush	166 Montague St. ††	1,000,000	1,281,460	Arthur K. Wood. W. E. Edmister	C. W. Ludlum.
Hamilton Home Kings County	198 Montague St 342 Fulton St	750,000	400,000	F. E. Gunnison J. D. Fairchild	W. K. Swartz.
L. I. Loan & Trust Co** Nassau	44 Court St	1,000,000	2,178,915 437,072	C. L. Rossiter A. T. Sullivan	F. T. Aldridge. Francis Weekes.
† People's & Title Guarantee &	181 Montague St	1,000,000	1,690,000	C. A. Boody	C. L. Schenck.
Trust Co Williamsburg	In Liquidation	(See table	above.)		

†Branches at Bedford Avenue and Halsey Street, Clinton and Myrtle Avenues, and Fifth Avenue and 54th Street, ‡Branches at Fulton Street, cor, Bedford Avenue; Manhattan Branch, Branch, cor, Wall Street, **Branch, 356 Fulton Street, \$ Branches at 350 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I., and 67 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City. ††Also 569 Fulton Street, 908 Broadway, Williamsburg.

The American Philomathic Association.

THE following is furnished by the Secretary of the association: "The American Philomathic Association is a social philosophical body which recognizes the practical importance of increased relations with independent and original thinkers; and, also, the great amount of pleasure derivable from the combination of mental with social intercourse. The scope of the society is as broad as possible; it proposes to present an absolutely open and unbiased mind for the hearing and discussion of any subject which vitally concerns humanity, save only those which may be barred by the universally recognized canons of good taste or feeling. Briefly, the keynote of the society is mutual help; general advancement through the interchange of ideas, and the affording of opportunities for the forming of friendly relations with congenial minds." Annual dues, \$5. Secretary—Henry J. Davidson, 45 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York City.

Monuments and Statues in Manhattan.

ARTHUR, CHESTER A., Madison Square. BARTHOLDI STATUE, see "Liberty," below. BEETHOVEN, bronze bust, on a granite pedestal, 15 ft. high, Central Park.on the Mall; unveiled 1884. BRYANT, WILLIAM CULLEN, Bryant Park, W. 42d St. and 6th Ave.

BURNS, bronze statue, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1880.

CERVANTES, bust of Cervantes, author of "Don Quixote," in Central Park. marble statue, in Central Park; un-COLUMBUS.

veiled 1892. COMMERCE, bronze figure, Central Park, near the 8th Ave. and 59th St. entrance; unveiled 1865.

CONKLING, bronze statue, Madison Square Park, cor, Madison Ave. and 23d St.

COOPER, PETER, statue opposite Cooper Union. Cox, bronze statue of the statesman S. S. Cox,

COX, bronze statue of the Statesman S. S. COX, erected by the letter-carriers, Astor Place.

DE PEYSTER, ABRAHAM, statue in Bowling Green.

DODGE, bronze statue of William E. Dodge, at Broadway, 6th Ave., and 36th St.; unveiled 1885. ERICSSON, statue of the inventor, on the Battery FARRAGUT, bronze statue, Madison Square Park, near 5th Ave. and 26th St.

FRANKLIN, bronze statue, Printing House Square;

unveiled 1872.

GARIBALDI, bronze statue, Washington Square; unveiled 1888.

GRANT, ULYSSES S., tomb, Riverside Drive and 123d St.; 160 feet high; dedicated April 27, 1897. GREELEY, bronze statue, at the front entrance of GREELEY, Greeley Square, 33d St. and Broadway. HALE, brouze statue of Nathan Hale, the martyr spy of the Revolution; City Hall Park, near

Broadway and Mail St; erected by the Sons of the Revolution in 1893.

HALLECK, bronze statue, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1877.

HAMILTON, granite statue of Alexander Hamilton, Central Park, on the East Drive, above the Met-

ropolitan Museum of Art. IANCOCK, in Hancock Square, St. Nicholas Ave. HANCOCK, and W. 124th St.

HEINE, poet, Lorelei Fountain, Mott Ave. and le1st St.

ISIS St.
HOLLEY, bronze bust of Alexander Holley, Washington Square; unveiled 1890.
HUDSON, HENRY, 100 foot shaft, Spuyten Duyvil,
HUMBOLDT, bronze bust, Central Park, near the
5th Ave. and 56th St. entrance.
HUNT, RICHARD M., Memorial, 5th Ave., opposite

Lenox Library.
Indian Hunter, bronze figure, Central Park,
near lower entrance to the Mall.

IRVING, bronze bust, Bryant Park, on W. 40th St.; unveiled 1866.

LAFAYETTE, bronze statue, Union Square, lower end of Park; unveiled 1876.

LIBERTY ENLIGHTENING THE WORLD, on Liberty Island, in the Harbor, copper statue, on granite and concrete pedestal; statue, 151 feet

high; pedestal, 155 feet high; total height above low-water mark, 305 feet 11 inches; unveiled 1886. LINCOLN, bronze statue, Union Square, southwest

corner; unveiled 1868. IAINE, U. S. S., MEMORIAL, National, Colum-MAINE. bus Circle.

MARTYRS' MONUMENT, Trinity Churchyard, in memory of the American soldiers and sailors who died in the British prison ships in the Revo-Intionary war.

MAZZINI, bronze bust, Central Park, on the West Drive.
MOORE, bronze bust of Thomas Moore, the poet.

Central Park, near the Pond and 5th Ave, entrance; unveiled 1880.

Morse, bronze statue of the inventor of the tele-

graph, Central Park, near 5th Ave, and 72d St.

entrance; unveiled 1871.

OBELISK, Central Park, near the Metropolitan
Museum of Art; brought from Egypt, and erected 1881; granite, 70-feet long, and weighs 200 tons. SCHILLER, bronze bust, Central Park, in the Ram-

ble; unveiled 1859. SCOTT, bronze statue of Sir Walter Scott, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1872.

SEVENTH REGIMENT, bronze figure of a soldier of this regiment, to commemorate its dead in the civil war, Central Park, on the West Drive; unveiled 1874.

SEWARD, bronze statue, southwest corner of Madison Square Park; unveiled 1876.

SHAKESPEARE, brouze statue, Central Park, at the lower end of the Mall; unveiled 1872. SHERMAN, General, equestrian statue, 5th

Ave. and 59th St. SIGEL, FRANZ, bronze monument, 106th St. and

Riverside Drive; unveiled in October, 1907 SIMS, bronze statue of Dr. Marion Sims, Bryant Park, north side.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' MONUMENT, Riverside Drive.

STUYVESANT, marble effigy of Gov. Peter Stuyvesant, in the outer wall of St. Mark's Church. THE PILGRIM, bronze statue, Central Park, near E. 72d St. entrance.

THORWALDSEN, bronze statue, 59th St., facing 6th Ave.

VERDI, statue, Sherman Square.

VERRAZANO, statue, Battery Park, WASHINGTON AND LAFAYETTE, bronze statue, W. 114th St., Morningside and Manhattan Aves. Washington, bronze equestrian statue. Uni

bronze equestrian statue, Union Square, southeast side,

WASHINGTON, bronze statue, at the entrance to the Sub-Treasury Building, Wall St.; unveiled 1883. WASHINGTON MARBLE ARCH, Washington Square, at the foot of 5th Ave.
WATER GATE, foot W. 110th St., where Henry

Hudson landed,

WEBSTER, bronze statue, Central Park, on the West Drive, near 72d St.

Worth, granite shalt, in honor of Major-General Worth, U. S. A., at Broadway,5th Ave., and 25th St.; unveiled 1857.

Railroad Passenger Stations in Manhattan.

Baltimore & Ohio, ft. W. 23d and Liberty Sts. Central of New Jersey, foot of W. 23d and Liberty Streets; New Jersey Southern Division (in Summer), foot of W, 42d and Cedar Streets, also. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, foot of Bar-clay, Christopher and W. 23d Streets.

Erie, foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets. Hudson Terminal, Cortlandt, Church and Fulton

Streets. Hudson and Manhattan R. R. Newark and Jersey City to Morton St., N.Y., to Christo-pher St., to 6th Ave., along 6th Ave., to 33d St.

Lehigh Valley, foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets and Hudson Tunnel.

Long Island, 7th Ave. and 33d St., foot E. 34th St. Atlantic Avenue Branch, junction of Flatbush and Atlantic Avenues, Brooklyn.
New Jersey & New York, foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets.

New York & Long Branch, foot Liberty, Cortlandt,

Desbrosses and West 23d Streets. In Summer, foot W. 42d and Cedar Sts., also

New York Central & Hudson River, 42d St. and 4th Ave.; Harlem, 125th St.; Mott Haven, 138th St.; Harlem Division, 4th Ave. and 42d St., 125th St.; Harlem Division, 4th Ave. and 42d St., 125th and 138th Streets.
New York, New Haven & Hartford, 4th Avenue and 42d Street.
New York, Ontario & Western, foot of Cortlandt, and West 42d Streets.
New York, Susquehanna & Western, foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets.
Northern of New Jersey, foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets.

West 23d Streets.

West 230 Streets.

Pennsylvania, foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses

Streets, 7th Ave. 31st to 33d Street.

Philadelphia & Reading, foot of W. 23d and Liberty

Streets

Staten Island, foot of Whitehall Street. West Shore, foot Cortlandt and West 42d Streets.

Libraries in Manhattan and Bronx.

Academy of Medicine, 17 W. 43d St.-Open 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Aguilar. -See "N. Y. Public Library."

American Geographical Society, Broadway & W. 186th St.

American Institute, 19 W. 44th St. - Open 9 A.M to 4 P.M.

American Law, 27 Cedar St. - Open 9 A.M. to To P.M. American Museum of Natural History, Central Park W., cor. W. 77th St. American Numismatic Society, W. 156th St.

and Broadway.

Bar Ass'n, 42 W.44th St. Open 8 A.M. to 12 P.M. Benjamin and Townsend, Bellevue Hospital,

Bryson, W. 120th St., near Broadway, Chemists Club, 52 E, 41st St.

City, 10 City Hall, free.—Open 10 a.m. to 4 P.M. Columbia Univ., W. Hefth St. and Amsterdam Av. Cooper Cnion, 7th St. & 4th Ave.—8 a.m. to 10 P.M. Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records. Witt, 286 Rivington St. - Open daily, except

Sunday, from 3 to 7 P. M. Directory, 202 E. 12th St.

Genealogical and Biographical, 226 W. 58th St.— Open 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.; Mondays, 8 to 10 P. M. Hispanic Society, W. 156th St. near Broadway. Historical Society, 170 Central Park W.—Open 9 M. to 6 P. M., except during August and on Holidays.

Institute of Musical Art, 120 Claremont Ave.

Italian, 395 Broome St.

Law Library of Equitable Life Assurance Society, 165 Broadway. - Open 9 A.M. to 7 P.M.; Summer,

9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Lawyers', 115 B'dway. — Open 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

Lenox Hill, 446 E. 72d St. Loan Libraries for Ships, 76 Wall St.

Masonic, 71 W. 23d St. -Open 7 to 10.30 P. M. Mechanics and Tradesmen Soc., 20 W. 44th St. Mercantile, 13 Astor Place, 141 Broadway, -Open

8.30 A. M. to 6 P. M. Rates: Clerks, \$4 per annum; others, \$5.

Methodist, 150 Fifth Ave. — Open 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. Metropolitan Museum of Art—Central Park & 82d St. — Open daily, 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. More House, 104 E. 20th St.

More House. 104 E. 20th St.
New York Homeopathic, Avenue A & E. 63d St.
N. Y. Law Institute, 118 Post-Office Building.
N. Y. Mercantile Exchange, 6 Harrison St.
New York Public Library.—See Index.
N. Y. Port Society, 46 Catharine St., 156 Eleventh Avenue. Open 10 A.M. to 9.30 P.M.
N. Y. School of Philanthropy, 105 E. 22d St.
New York Society, 109 University Place.—Open
9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

9 A. M. to 6 P. M. New York University, University Heights; Law,

Washington Square.

Washington Square.
Olivet Memorial, 59 Second Avenue.
Railroad Men's, 361 Madison Avenue.
Riverdale, Riverdale.—Open Monday, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday, 8 to 10 P.M.
St. Aloysius, 198 E. 4th St.
St. Paul Building, Law, 220 Broadway.
Samuela 241 West St. Free—Open 10 A. M. to

Seamen's, 341 West St., free.-Open 10 A. M. to

10 P.M. Sociological Reference, 105 E. 22d St. - Open 9 A. M to 5 P.M

(10) P.M.
Squirrel Inn, 131 Bowery.
Typothetae, 45 E. 17th St.
Union Settlement, 241 E. 104th St.
Union Th. Sem., Broadway, cor. W. 122d St.
United Engineering Society, 33 W. 39th St.—Open

Ünited Engineering Society, 23 W. 39th St.—Open daily except Sunday, 9 a.m. 10 9 p.m.
Vedanta, 135 W. 89th St.
Woman's, 9 E. 8th St.
Xavler Free for the Blind, 801 W. 181st St.
Young Men's Benevolent Ass'n, 311 E. Broadway.
Young Men's Christian Ass'n, 129 Lenox Ave.,
foot W. 720 St., 5 W. 125th St., 361 Madison Ave.,
531 W. 155th St., 131 E. 86th St.,
222 Bowery, 215 W. 23d St.—Open 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.
Young Women's Christian Ass'n, 7 E. 15th
St.—Onen 9 a.m. to 9 15 p.m. Sundays excepted

St.-Open 9 A.M. to 9.15 P.M., Sundays excepted.

Safe Deposit Companies in Manhattan.

Astor, 389 Fifth Avenue. Asiot, 369 Find Avenue. Atlantic, 49 Wall Street. Bankers, 4 Wall Street. Broadway, 312 Fourth Ave. Bronx, East Tremont Avenue, corner Park

Avenue.

Central Park, 919 Seventh Avenue. Chelsea, 266 W. 34th Street. Commercial, 1451 Broadway.

Empire City, 160 Fifth Avenue, Equitable, 37 Wall St., 43 Exchange Pl., 220 Broadway, 618 Fifth Ave. Federal, 253 Broadway, Fidelity, 1 Hudson St.

Fidenty, 1 Hudson St.
Fifth Avenue, 250 Fifth Avenue.
Garfield, 200 Fifth Avenue.
Hanover, 7 Nassan Street.
Hudson Safe Deposit Co., 1411 Broadway.
Knickerbocker, 358 Fifth Avenue, 60 Broadway,
100 West 125th Street and 2810 Third Avenue.
Lenox, 786 Fifth Avenue.
Lincoln, 32 East 42d Street, 45 East 41st Street.

Madison, 208 Fifth Avenue, 1128 Broadway, 413 Broadway. Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Co., Lexington Avenue, corner East 42d Street, and Seventh Avenue, corner West 52d Street.

Avenue, corner West 52d Street,
Mercantie, 120 Broadway,
Merchants', 260 West Broadway,
Metropolitan, 3 East 14th Street,
Mount Morris, 83 East 125th Street,
New Maiden Lane, 170 Broadway,
New York County, 79 Eighth Avenue,
New York Stock Exchange Buildings Co.'s, 10

Broad Street.

North America, 45 Exchange Pl.

Produce Exchange, 2 Broadway. Safe Deposit Co., of New York, 149 Broadway. Standard, 25 Broad Street.

Thirty-fourth Street, 41 West 34th Street, United States, 32 Liberty Street, 2109 Broadway

and 275 West 125th Street. Wall Street, 48 Wall Street. Windsor, 580 Fifth Avenue.

Safe Deposit Companies in Brooklyn and Queens. Long Island, 196 Montague Street, Long Island Storage and Safe Deposit, Nostrand

Brooklyn City, Montague and Clinton Streets. Brooklyn Warehouse and Storage Company, 335 Schermerhorn Street. Eagle Warehouse and Storage Company, 28 Fulton Street Franklin, 164 Montague Street.

and Gates Aves.
Pioneer, 41 Flatbush Avenue.
Security, De Kalb Avenue and Fulton Street.

Public Buildings in Manhattan.

Army Building, Whitehall and Pearl Streets. City Hall, City Hall Park. County Court-House, Chambers St., near B way. Criminal Courts Building, Centre & Franklin Sts. Custom-House, Bowling Green. Hall of Records, Chambers and Centre Sts.

Ludlow Street Jail, near Grand Street. Municipal Building, near City Hall, Post-Office, Broadway and Park Row. State Arsenal, 7th Avenue and 35th Street. Sub-Treasury, Wall and Nassau Streets. Tombs, Centre and Franklin Streets.

Churches in Manhattan and Bronx.

WITH NAMES OF PASTORS

BAPTIST.

Baptist Ministers' Conference meets every Monday at 11 A. M., at East 31st St., cor. Madison Ave.
Abyssinian, 242 W. 40th St. A. Clayton Powell.
Alexander Ave., cor. E. 141st St. G. (

Johnson.

Amity, W. 54th St., bet. 8th and 9th Aves. Leighton Williams.

Ascension, 160th St., bet. Morris and 4th Aves.

C. H. Fountain.
Baptist Temple, 20 W. 133d St. M. B. Hucless,
Bethesda (Col.), 229 W. 61st St. R. B. Brodie,
Calvary, W. 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Aves. Branch at 67th St., near Amsterdam Ave.

Central, Amsterdam Ave., cor. W. 92d St. F. M. Goodchild. Branch, 239 W. 69th St. D. McIntyre. Central Park, E. 83d St., bet. 2d and 3d Aves.

. Ford.

Collegiate Baptist of the Covenant, 327 W. 33d St. Oscar Haywood.

Creston Ave., E. 189th St., cor. Creston Ave. Ben-jamin Blackwell.

Day Star (Col.), 512 W. 157th St. R. J. Brown. Eagle Ave. (Col.), Eagle Ave., near 162d St. L. Rabe.

nace.
Behenezer (Primitive), (Col.), Intervale Ave. cor.
Home. J. McConnell.
Behenezer, 1621 Lexington Ave. N. A. Mackey.
Emmanuel, E. 216th St., cor. Williamsbridge Rd.
Henry John Smith.
Fifth Ave. 8.W. 48th St. Cornellus West St.

Fifth Ave., 8 W. 46th St. Cornellus Woelfkin. First, W. 79th St., cor. Broadway. I. M. Haldeman

First German, 336 E. 14th St. William Swyter. First German, 220 E. 118th St. Frederick Niebuhr. First Italian, cor. Oliver and Henry Sts. G. Petrelli.

First Lettish, 3 Henry St. Wm. Butler, First Slovak, 162 2d Ave. Geo. Skriescka, First Swedish, E. 55th St., bet. 3d and Lexington Aves. C. R. Ashack, Ft. Washington, 600 W. 181st St. E. J. Bosworth, Grace, 823 Ritter Pl. Virgil V. Johnson, Harlem, 215 E. 123d St. Adam Chambers, Hope, cor. 104th St. and Broadway. Edwin S. Holloway.

Holloway. Immanuel (German), 411 E 75th St.

mmanuel (German). 411 E 75th St. F. Knorr. Madison Ave., cor. Madison Ave. and E. 31st St. Charles A. Eaton. Mariner's Temple, 12 Oliver St. Wm.N. Hubbell. Memorial, Washington Sq. S., cor. Thompson St. Edward Judson. Mercy Metropolitics

Mercy Metropolitan, 45 W. 134th St.

Sepps. Mount Gilead (Col.), 39 E. 132d St. L. B. Twisby. Mount Morris, 5th Ave., near W. 126th St. J. H. Randall.

Mount Olivet, 161 W. 53d St. W. P. Hayes, Jr. North, 234 W. 11th St. E. T. Sanford. Second Ave., 166 2d Ave. R. F. V. Pierce. Second German, 407 W. 43d St. W. A. Lipphardt. Sharon, 173 E, 99th St. E. Dromgoole. Shiloh, 232 W. 124th St. E. W. Walnwright. Sixteenth, 257 W. 16th St. W. Lissenden.

Spanish, 123 W. 57th St. S. F. Gordiano. St. John's, 351 W. 37th St. Richard R. Wilson. St. Paul, 352 W. 35th St. H. A. Booker. Tabernacle, E. Islat St., cor. Elton Ave.

Tabernacle, 148 W. 133d St. E. D. Bowles.
Third German, 1127 Fulton Ave. R. Hoefflin.
Timothy (Col.), 108 W. 30th St. J. H. Newkirk.
Tremont, Tremont Ave., cor. Ryer. K. C. Mac-

Arthur Trinity (Col.), E. 224th St. nr. Barnes Ave. B. T.

Harvey. Union, 204 W. 63d St. G. H. Sims. Unity (Col.), 68 W. 99th St. Washington Heights, 145th St. and Convent Ave. Harrold Pattison.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Armenian Evangelical. 207 E. 30th St. M. G. Papazian.

Bedford Park, Ba A. T. Tamblyn. Bainbridge Ave E. cor. E. 201st St. Bethany, 10th Ave., near 35th St.

Tabernacle, Broadway and 56th St. Broadway

C. E. Jefferson. Camp Memorial, 141 Chrystie St. William James. Christ, Boulevard and Grand Concourse. H. M. Brown.

Claremont Park, 167th St., cor. Teller Ave., J. C. Whiting.
First Morrisania, E. 166th St. and Forest Ave.

A. Reoch. Manhattan, W. 76th St. and Broadway. H. A.

Stimson. North New York, E. 143d St., near Willis Ave. W. H. Kephart, Pilgrim, Madison Ave., cor. 121st St. Madison C.

Peters.

Smyrna (Welsh), 206 E. 11th St. D. I. Williams, Swedish Evang, Bethesda, 138 E. 50th St. Swedish Evang, Immanuel, 308 W. 139th St. Emil

Thorne. Trinity, William Milton Hess.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.

First, 152 W. 81st St. Wm. L. Fisher. Lenox Ave. Union, 74 W. 126th St. Wm. B. Craig. Second, E. 169th St., near Franklin Ave. Irving S. Chenowith.

St. Paul's, 2138 Newbold Ave. P. A. Benthin. Russian, 63 Second St. J. Johnson.

EVANGELICAL

Dingeldein Memorial (German), 429 E. 77th St. O. Panten.

First Church of the Evangelical Association, 214 W. 35th St. E. M. Glason.

W. 55th St. E. 3t (Hason, Second Church of the Evaugelical Association, 424 W. 55th St. Carl Buebler. St. Paul's, 159 E. 112th St. H. Rexroth. W. 55th St. Carl Buehle St. Paul's, 159 E. 112th St.

Swedish Bethesda, 138 E, 50th St. Carl Liljekoist. FRIENDS.

East 15th St., cor. Rutherfurd Pl. Twentieth St., 144 E. 20th St. E. Ransome.

GREEK CATHOLIC.
Holy Virgin Mary, 347 E. 14th St. Peter I. Popoff, Our Lady of Grace (Ital.), 14 Stanton St. C. Pinnola, St. George, 22 Seventh St. N. Pidhorecki, St. Peter's Chapel (Syrian), Church St., cor. Bardley A. Bachewski. clay. A. Bachewate.

JEWISH.

JEWISH.

Adereth El, 135 E. 29th St.
Agudath Jeshorim, 115 E. 36th St.
D. Davidson.
Ahawath Chesed, 552 Lexington Ave. I. S. Moses.
Anshe Chesed, W. 14th St., cor. 7th Ave. J. Kohn,
Aterist Ave. E. 121s St., near 1st Ave. F. Light,
Beth-El, 5th Ave., cor. E. 76th St.
Beth Hamedrash Hagodol, 64 Norfolk St.
Beth Hamedrash Shaarei Torah, 80 Forsyth St.
Darb Israel Bikur (Pollim, 72d St. and Lexington) Beth Israel Bikur Cholim, 72d St. and Lexington

Ave. Aaron Eiseman. B'nai Israel, 225 E. 79th St. E. Jacobson. B'nai Jeshurun, 65th St. and Madison Ave. Congregation Anshei Reishe, 70 Willett St. Wolowsky.

Congregation Peni-E1,533 W.147th St. E. Margolius. First Galizo Duckler Mugen Abraham, 87 Attorney St.

First Hungarian Cong. Oheb Zedek, 172 Norfolk St. P. Klein.

First Roumanian Am. Congregation, 91 Rivington St.

Kahal Adath Jeshurun, 14 Eldridge St. Kehilath Jeshurun, 117 E. 85th St. M. S. Margolies. Kol Israel Ansche Poland, 22 Forsyth St. Machzikei Torah Anshar Sineer. 292 Madison St. Nachlath Zevi. 59 E. 109th St. H. Kamenetzky.

JEWISH-Continued,

Rodoph Sholom, 63d St. and Lexington Ave. R. Grossman.

Grossman,
Shaarai Tephilla, W. 92d St., near Amsterdam
Ave. F. de Sola Mendes.
Shaari Zedek, 38 Henry St.
Shearith B'nailsrael, 22 E. 113th St.
Shearith Israel, 100 Central Park West, cor. 70th
St. H. P. Mendes. Temple Emanu-El, 5th Ave. and 43d St. J. Silver-

Temple Israel, Lenox Ave., cor. 120th St. M. H.

Harris. Tiffereth Israel, 126 Allen St. Joseph Lotz.

Zichron Ephraim, 67th St., near Lexington Ave. B. Drachman.

LUTHERAN.

Synod of New York of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, Julius B. Remensnyder, President, 900 Madison Ave.

Advent, Broadway and 93d St. W. M. Horn. Atonement, Edgecombe Ave. and 140th St. F. H. Knubel

Bethany, 14 Teasdale Pl. W. Freas, Jr.

Bethally, 14 Leasuage F. W. Francisco.
Bethlehem, 239 E. 62d St. A. G. Steup.
Christ, 406 E. 19th St. G. U. Wenner.
Church of Holy Comforter, 126 W. 165th St.,
Broux. CarlZimsmeister.

City Mission, 4 State St. Concordia, Oak Ter. and Crimmins Ave. H. Pottberg.

Deeg, Brown Pl., cor. E. 137th St. F. V. Christ. Emigrant House Chapel, 4 State St. F. Evers. Epiphany, 72 E. 138th St. F. B. Clausen, Grace, 123 W. 71st St. J. A. Weyl. Grace, Valentine Ave., near 198th St. A. Koerber,

Gustavus Adolphus, 151 E. 22d St. M. Stolpe. Harlem Swedish, 191 E. 121st St. J. A. Bernhardt. Heilands, 2420 Walton Ave. Herman Von Hollen. Holy Trinity, Central Park West and W. 65th St.

Chas, J. Smith. Holy Trinity, E. 167th St., near Kelly St. E. L.

Schwankovsky Holy Trinity (Slovak), 288 E. 10th St. L. A. Engler. Immanuel, 213 E. 83d St. C. J. Renz. Immanuel, 88th St., cor. Lexington Ave.

F. Schoenfeld. Immanuel (Scand.), 1410 Vyse Ave. C. M. Wester-

Messiah, 412 Brook Ave. J. Johnson.
Morris Heights, Aqueduct and Tremont Aves.
C. Zimsmeister.

Our Saviour, 179th St. and Audubon Ave. W. H.

Our Saviour, 179th St. and Andubon Ave. W. H. Feldmann.
Our Saviour (Norwegian), 237 E. 123d St. J. C. Gram.
Redeemer, 424 W. 44th St. F. C. G. Schumm.
Reformation, 1335 Bristow St. G. J. Ketner,
St. Janes S, Madison Ave., cor. E. 73d St. J. B.
Remensnyder,
St. John's, 81 Christopher St. John J. Young.
St. John's, 217 E. 119th St. H. C. Steun,
St. John's, Fulton Ave. and 170th St. T. Posselt.

St. Luke's, Adams St. and Van Nest. Ave.

Eickmann. St. Luke's, 233 W. 42d St. W. F. Koepchen. St. Mark's, 323 6th St. G.C. F. Haas. St. Matthew's, Broome St., cor. Elizabeth.

Sieker

St. Matthew's, E. 156th St., near Courtlandt Ave. W. T. Junge. St. Matthew's, 145th St. and Convent Ave. Otto

St. Paul's, East 178th St., cor. Lafontaine Ave. Karl Kretzmann.

Karl Kletzmann. St. Paul's, 313 W. 22d St. Leo Koenig. St. Paul's, 149 W. 123d St. F. H. Bosch. St. Paul's, 794 E. 156th St. G. H. Tappert. St. Peter's, E. 219th St., near White Plains Rd.

F. Nieldeke. St. Peter's, Lexington Ave. and 54th St. A. B.

Moldenke. St. Peter's, Alexander Ave. and 141st St. H. A.

Steininger. St. Stephen's, Union Ave., near 165th St. Paul Roesener.

LUTHERAN-Continued.

St. Thomas's (English), E. 175th St., cor. Topping Ave. F. J. Baum. Saviors, 2430 Walton Ave. Slovak Evang, Cong., 288 E. 10th St. L. A. Engler. Swedish, Randall Ave., E. 233d St. H. Larson. Trinity, 9th St., and Ave. B. Otto Graesser. Trinity, 164 W. 100th St., near Amsterdam Ave. E Rrennacke. E. Brennecke.

Trinity (Danish), Hoe Ave., cor, Home St. A. V. Andersen.

Washington Heights, W 153d St., near Broadway. E. A. Tappert. Woodlawn, McLean and Webster Aves. T. C.

Ortmann. Zion, 339 E. 84th St. W. Popcke.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Denominational Headquarters, 150 5th Ave. Battery Swedish, 359 W. 24th St., near 9th Ave.

Carl J. Andreen.
Bedford St., 28 Morton St., G. W. Downs.
Beekman Hill, 319 E. 50th St., W. E. Schoonhoven,
Bethel Swedish, 1163 Fox St., Bronx. J. A. Nyden. Bliun Memorial (German), 103d St. and Lexington Ave. Carl Reuss.

Bostou Road, Boston Rd. cor. Suburban Pl. Alfred Hodgetts,

Calvary, 129th St. and 7th Ave. C. L. Goodell.

Centenary, 1074 Washington Ave. and E. 166th St. W. B. Tower.
Chelsea, Fort Washington Ave. C. A. Holla, 182

Broad way. Church of the People, 63 Park St. F. J. Belcher. Church of the Saviour, E. 111th St., cor. Lexing-

ton Ave. J. S. Stone. City Island. G. W. Roesch, 113 Bay St. Cornell Memorial, E. 76th St., uear 2d Ave. James

Cornell Memorial, E. 76th St., uear 2d Ave. James H. Lockwood, Jr.
Duane, 294 Hudson St. R. H. Travis,
East Side Parish, 9 2d Ave. J. R. Henry,
Eighteenth St., 297 W. 18th St. Geo. E. Barber,
Eleventh St. Chapel, 545 E. 11th St. E. L. Fox.
Epworth, 367 E. 158th St. C. H. Andrews,
First German, 48 St. Mark's Place. John Lange,
Five Points Mission, 63 Park St. F. J. Beicher,
Fordham, 2543 Marion Ave. G. W. Grinton,
Forty-fourth St., 461 W. 44th St. G.S. Davis,
German, Elton Avenue, cor. E. 158th St. John
Mueller.

Mueller. German (Second), 346 W, 40th St. G. Bubeck. Grace, White Plains Road. H. A. Wood. Grace, 131 W, 104th St. C. F. Reisner.

Grace, 131 W. 194th St. C. F. Reisner. Hadley Rescue Hall, 293 Bowery. John Callahan, Hedding, 337 E. 17th St. M. L. Robinson, Italian, 409 E. 114th St. Filoteo A. Taglialatela, Jane St., 13 Jane St. Jonas Inman, John St., 44 John St. L. R. Streeter. Madison Ave., Madison Ave., cor. 60th St. W. MacWuller,

MacMullen,
Metropolitan Temple, 58 7th Ave. S. C. Hearn.
Morris Heights, 1790 Sedgwick Ave. Thos. S., Bond.
Mott Ave., Mott Ave., cor. E. 150th St. F. M. Turrentine.

Turrentine.

Mount Hope, Tremont Ave., cor. E. 177th St.

A. M. Morgan.

Norwegian, 1073 Kelly St. S. H. Haver.

Olin, White Plajus Ave., W'sbridge. H. H. Dubols,

Park Ave., Park Ave., cor. 86th St. A. Jamieson.

Perry St. 132 Perry St. Jonas Inman.

Prospect Ave., Prospect Ave., cor. Macy Pl. W.

M. Carr. Rose Hill, 221 E. 27th St. F. J. Shackleton. St. Andrew's, 126 W. 76th St. W. H. Fluch. St. James's, Madison Ave. and 126th St. Ball.

St. John's (German), Richardson Ave., Wakefield. W. H. Brooks.

St. Mark's, W. 53d St. and 8th Ave. W.H.I St. Paul's, 86th St. and West End Ave. St. Paul's (German), 308 E. 55th St. Stephen's, Marble Hill Ave., cor. W. 228th St.

E. A. Lowther. Second St., 276 2d St. W. C. Wilson. Sixty-first St., 229 E. 61st St. Benjamin F. Saxon.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL-Continued.

Swedish, Lexington Ave., cor. E. 52d St. Lofgren

Thirty-fifth St., 460 W. 35th St. K. R. Buchanan. Tremont, Washington Ave., cor. E. 178th St. Tremont, W R. E. Bell.

Tremont German), Bathgate Ave., near E. 176th St. F. H. Rev. Trinity, 233 E. 118th St. J. Benson Hamilton. Trinity, City Island Ave. G. W. Roesch Fwenty-fourth St., 399 W. 24th St. J. H. Bell-

ingsley. Juion, W. 48th St., near Broadway. J. Lewis Union,

Hartsock.

Wan Nest. Bronxdale. W. D. Carnes. Washington Heights, Amsterdam Ave., cor. 152d St. J. E. Price.

Washington Sq., 137 W. 4th St. P. M. Watters. Westchester, Walker Ave., near Avering St. A. Faust.

Willis Ave., cor. E. 141st St. R. Hegarty. Woodlawn, E. 237th St., near Katonah Ave. R. J. Trevorrow. Woodycrest, High Bridge, G. M. Elsbree.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL (AFRICAN).

Bethel, 239 W. 25th St. B. W. Aruett. Bethel Mission, 62d St., near 11th Ave. S. H. V. Gumbs

Bethsaida, 112 W.133d St. T. F. Sales, Little Zion, 138th St., nr. Lenox Ave. J. H. Mc-Mullen

Metropolitan Union American, 230 E. 85th St. J. Fernandez. Zion, 127 W. 89th St. R. M. Bolden.

MORAVIAN.

First, Lexington Ave. and 30th St. M.W. Leibert. Second, Wilkins Ave. and Jennings St. C. Hermstaedt. Third, 224 W. 63d St. V. Flinn. Fourth, 63 W. 134th St. Chas, Martin.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Denominational Headquarters, 156 5th Avenue.

(Rev. Jesse F. Forbes, Stated Clerk.) Adams Memorial, 207 E. 30th St. F. D. Niedermeyer.

Alexander Chapel, 7 King St. Hugh Pritchard. Beck Memorial, 181st St., West Farms. Ma

land Bartlett,
Bedford Park Boulevard, cor.
Bainbridge Ave. A. Black.
Bethany, E. 137th St., near Willis Ave. F. E.

Marsten. Bohemian, 1217 Washington Ave. Bohemian (John Huss), 349 E. 74th St. V. Pisek. Brick, 5th Ave., cor. 37th St. William P. Merrill, Broadway, Broadway and 114th St. W. D. Bu-

chanan, Central, W. 57th St., bet. Broadway and 7th Ave. W. Merle-Smith. Christ, 336 W. 36th St. Theodore F. Savage. Christ, 336 W. 36th St. R. B.

Church of the Puritans, 15 W. 130th St. Clark.

Covenant, 310 E. 42d St. G. S. Webster. East Harlem, 116th St., bet. 2d and 3d Aves N. M. Thomas.

Thomas.
Emmanuel Chapel, 7356th St. J. C. Palmer,
Faith, 359 W. 48th St. R. R. White.
Fifth Ave., 5th Ave., cor. 55th St. Memorial Chapel, E. 62d St., near1st Ave. John H. Jowett.
First, 54 5th Ave. Howard Duffield.
First, 225th St., Williamsbridge, A. B. Gantz.
First Magyar, 232 E. 116th St. L. Harsony.
First Union, 147 E. 86th St. H. G. Furbay.
Fourth, West End Ave. & 91st St. E. W. Work.
Fourtheenth St., 14th St., cor. 2d Ave. L. Harsony.

PRESBYTERIAN—Continued.

Hunts Point, Spafford Ave., cor. Coster St. Graham C. Hunter. Madison Ave., Madison Ave., cor. 73d St. H. S.

Coffin. Madison Square, 24th St. and Madison Ave. C. H.

Parkhurst

Morningside, Morningside Ave. and W. 122d St. Allen W. McCurdy. Morrisania, 1263 Washington Ave. M. F. Johnston, Mount Tabor, 67 W. 13thl St. H. G. Miller. Mount Washington, Broadway, cor. Dyckman St.

Mount Washington, Broadway, cor. Dyckman Se. G. S. Payson.
G. S. Payson.
New York, 7th Ave. and 128th St.
North, 525 W. 155th St. John R. Mackay.
Northminster, W. 115th St., near St. Nicholas
Ave. Arthur H. Limouze.
Olmstead Ave., Olmstead Ave. and Newbold
Ave. C. E. B. Ward.
Park, 36th St. & Amsterdam Ave. A. P. Atterbury
and A. H. Evans.
Biverrable Riverdale. I. S. Dodd.

Riverdale, Riverdale, I. S. Dodd, Rutgers, Broadway and W. 73d St. William H.

Foulkes. St. James's, 357 W. 51st St. Wm. R. Lawton. St. Nicholas Ave., 141st St. & St. Nicholas Ave. T. W. Smith.

W. Smith.
Scotch, 96th St, and Central Park W. D. G. Wylle.
Sea and Land, 61 Henry St. Russell S. Gregory.
Seventh. cor. Broome and Ridge Sts. J. T. Wilds.
Spring St., Spring St., near Varick St. H. R. Bates.
Throggs Neck, Fl. Schuyler Road, R. B. Mattice.
Tremont, Washington Ave., near E. 174th St.
J. H. Hartmann.
United, E.187th St., cor. Lorillard Pl. John A. Shaw.
University Heights. Physics its Percy

University Heights, University Heights. Percy

B. Wightman, niversity Pl., University Pl., cor. 10th St. G. Alexander; Bethlehem Chapel, 196 Bleecker St. University D.E. McCurry; Emmanuel Chapel, 735 6th St. J.

C. Palmer. Van Nest, Barnes Ave., cor. Morris Park Ave. F. M. Lindsay. Welsh, 225 F. 13th St. Joseph Roberts. West End, 105th St. and Amsterdam Ave. A. E. Keigwin.

West Twenty-third Street, 210-212 W. 23d St. H. G. Mendenhall

Woodstock, E. 165th St. and Prospect Ave. James Cromie.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL

Diocesan House, 416 Lafayette Street.

Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, 7 Gramercy Pk., Bishop; Rt. Rev. Chas, S. Burch, Suffragan, Bishop; George F. Nelson, Cathedral Canon and Diocesan Register, h. 416 Lafayette St. All Angels', 81st St., cor, Wes

, 81st St., cor, West End Ave. S.De L.

Townsend.
All Saints', 286 Henry St. P. Johnson.
All Souls', 86 st. Nicholas Ave. S. D. McConnell.
Anglo-Am, Free Church of St. (4eorge, 222 W. 11th St Ascension, 36 5th Ave., cor. 10th St. P Ascension Memorial, 253 W. 43d St. Percy S. Grant. J. F. Steen Beloved Disciple, 89th St., near Madison Ave. M. Barbour.

Calvary, 273 4th Ave. Theo. Sedgwick. Cathedral of St. John the Divine, W. 113th St., between Amsterdam Ave. & Morningside Ave. Wm. M. Grosvenor. Chapel of Atonement, Beach Ave., near West-

chester Ave. Chapel of Christ the Consoler, foot E. 26th St. (Bellevue Hospital).

Chapel of St. Elizabeth of Hungary, 2 W. 106th St. Chapel of St. Elizabeth of Hungary, 2 W. 106th St. Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Blackwell's Island. I. W. Beard, Chapel of the Good Shepherd (General Theological

Seminary). Chelsea Square

Chapel of the Messiah, 206 E. 95th St. Christ, Broadway and W. 71st St. G. A. Strong.

Christ, Riverdale. G. A. Carstensen.

Church of the Advocate, Washington Ave., near E. 180th St. G. N. Deyo.

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PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL-Continued.
Church of the Resurrection, E. 74th St., near
Park Ave. A. D. Pell.
Congregation of Transfiguration Chapel, 221 W.
69th St. I. C. Rich.
Du St. Esprit, E. 27th St., near 4th Ave. A. V.
     Wittmeyer.
Wittmeyer.

Epiphany, 259 Lexington Ave. W. T. Crocker.
God's Providence Mission, 230 Broome St.
Grace, 800 Broadway. Chas. L. Slattery.
Grace, Main St., City Island. Arthur Forbes.
Grace, West Farms, Vyse Ave., near Tremont Ave.
A. J. Derbyshire.
Grace Chapel, 41 E. 14th St. Geo. H. Bottome.
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Grace Emanuel, 212 E. 116th St. Wm. K. McGown Heavenly Rest, 551 5th Ave. Herbert Shipman, Holy Apostles, 300 9th Ave. A. Grannis, Holy Comforter, 343 W. Houston St. Chas. A. Grannis. St. Chas. B.

Carpenter. Holy Communion, 324-6th Ave. Henry Mottet, Holy Cross, 43 Ave. C. N. D. Van Syckel, Holy Faith, 694 E. 166th St. C. S. Gregg.

Holy Nativity, Bainbridge Ave., cor. Woodlawn Road. H. E. Clute. Holyrood, Broadway, cor. W. 181st St. Stuart Crockett

Holy Spirit, Westchester Ave. R. H. Chevill, Holy Trinity (St. James' Parish), 316 E. 88th St. J. Chalmers. Holy Trinity, W. 122d St. and Lenox Ave. H. P.

Nichols. Incarnation, 205 Madison Ave., cor. 35th St. H. C. Robbins; Chapel, 242 E. 31st St. E. M. H. Knapp. Intercession, 158th St. and Broadway. M. H. Gates.

"Little Church Around the Corner" (Transfiguration), 5 E. 29th St. G. C. Houghton.
Mediator, Kingsbridge Ave., near W. 231st St. John Campbell.

Redeemer, 153 W. 135th St., Henry C. Dyer. St. Agnes's Chapel, 92d St., near Columbus Ave. W. W. Bellinger.

V. W. Bellinger. Alban's, Summit Ave., near E. 164th St. H.R.

FeII. St. Ambrose (Italian), 236 E.111th St. A.Cincottl. St. Andrew's, 127th St., near 5th Ave. G. R. Van De Water.

St. Ann's, St. Ann's Ave. . near E. 140th St. St. Ann's (Deaf Mutes), W. 148th St., near Amster-

L. Augustine's Chapel (Trinty Parish), 107 E. Houston St. W. Geo, W. Anthony. L. Barnabas's Chapel, 306 Mulberry St. John H. Watson.

St. Bartholomew's, 348 Madison Ave. Leighton Parks; Chapel, 209 E. 42d St.; Swedish Chapel, 921 E. 127th St.

Christopher's Chapel (Trinity Parish), 213 St. Fulton St.

St. Chrysostom's Chapel (Trinity Parish), 201 W. 39th St. C. N. Moller. St. Cornelius's, 43 W. 46th St. I. C. Sturges. St. Cornelius's Chapel, Governor's Island, E. B. Smith.

Cyprian's Chapel, 171 W. 63d St. John W. Johnson.

St. David's, 382 E. 160th St. E. G. Clifton. St. Edmund's, 177th St., near Morris Ave. J. C. Smiley. t. Edward the Martyr, 109th St., near 5th Ave. P. C. Pyle.

t. George's, A. Ketchum. E. 219th St., Williamsbridge.

St. George's, 7 Rutherfurd Pl. Karl Reiland. St. Ignatius's, West End Ave. and W. 87tl West End Ave. and W. 87th St. Arthur Ritchie. St. James's, 71st St., cor. Madison Ave. Frederick

Courtney
St. James's, Fordham, Jerome Ave., cor. E. 190th
St. D. L. Pelton.
St. John's, 46 Varick St.

St. John the Divine Cathedral, W. 113th St., between Amsterdam and Morningside Aves. Wm. M. Grosvenor. tween

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL—Continued.

St. John the Evangelist, 222 W. 11th St. J. A. Wade, St. Luke's, Convent Ave., cor. W.141st St. George

A. Oldham.
St. Luke's (Trinity Parlsh), Hudson St., opp. Grove St. Edward H. Schlueter,
St. Margaret's, E. 156th St., cor. Leggett Ave. C.

A. Hamilton, St. Mark's, 2d Ave. and 10th St. W. N. Guthrle, St. Martha's Chapel, Cruger Ave., near Morris Park Ave. Percy R. Stockman, Park Ave. Percy R. Stockman,

St. Mary's, Alexander Ave., cor. 142d St. B. H.

St Mary's, Lawrence St., near Amsterdam Ave.
John L. Scully.

St. Mary the Virgin, W. 46th St. and 6th Ave. J. G. H. Barry. St. Mathew's, W. 84th St., near Central Park West. A. H. Judge. St. Michael's, Amsterdam Ave., near W. 99th St.

J. P. Peters St. Paul's, Washington Ave., cor. St. Paul's Pl. Taylor.

H. F. Taylor.
St. Paul's (Trinity Parish), Broadway and Vesey
St. W. M. Geer.
St. Peter's, 342 W. 20th St. O. S. Roche.
St. Peter's, Westchester Ave. F. M. Clendenin,
St. Philip's, 134th St., near 7th Ave. H. C. Bishop, St. Prisc... Candless. Priscilla Chapel, 130 Stanton St. Thos. Mc-St. Simeon's, E. 164th St., cor. Sheridan Ave. R.

J. Walker. St. Stephen's, 124 W. 69th St. N. A. Seagle. St. Stephen's, E. 238th St., cor. Vireo Ave. P.

McIntire. St. Thomas's, 5th Ave., cor. 53d St. E. M. Stires. St. Thomas's Chapel, 230 E. 60th St.

San Salvatore(Italian), 359 Broome St. Sisto Noce. Transfiguration ("Little Church Around the Corner"), 5 E. 29th St. G. C. Houghton.

Trinity, Broadway and Rector St. Wm. T. Man-

Trinity, E. 164th St., near Boston Road. A.S. Hull. Trinity Chapel, 15 W. 25th St. John Mockridge, Zion and St. Timothy, 332 W. 57th St. Henry Lubeck.

REFORMED CHURCH IN AMERICA. Denominational Headquarters, Reformed Church Building, 25 E. 224 St. Anderson Memorial, cor. E. 183d St. and Cambre-

ling Ave. Archibald F. Parker.
Ave. B German, Albert Bruchlos, 602 Fifth St.
Bethany Mem., 400 E. 67th St. A. B. Churchman.
Bloomingdale, West End Ave. and 106th St. W.

W. Ketchum. Church of the Comforter, 279 E. 162d St. Peter H. Pleune.

H. Fleune.
Fordham Manor, Kingsbridge Road, cor. Claffin Terrace. J. M. Hodson.
Fort Washington. W. 181st St., nr. Ft. Washington Ave. A. J. Muste.

Fort Washington, W. 181s. St., nr. Ft. Washington Ave. A, J. Muste.
Fourth German, 412 W. 45th St. J. H. Oerter,
German Reformed, 353 E. 68th St. Julius Jaeger.
Grace, 845 7th Ave. J. R. Duryee,
Hamilton Grange, W. 148th St. and Convent Ave.
Harbor Mission, Ellis Island, Paul Land,
Lenox Ave., 267 Lenox Ave. E. Tilton, Jr.
Madison Ave., Madison Ave., cor. 57th St. Wm.
Carter.

Carter.

Meirose, Elton Ave., cor. E. 156th St. G. H. Miller. Mott Haven, 3d Ave., cor. 146th St. O. M. Voorhees, New York Collegiate:

Knox Memorial, 405 W. 41st St. E. G. W. Meury. Marble, 5th Ave. and 29th St. D. J. Burrell, Middle, 2d Ave. and 7th St. J. G. Fagg. North, 113 Fulton St.

Reformed, Harlem, 191 E. 121st St. Floyd Decker. St. Nicholas, 5th Ave., cor. 48th St. M. J. Mc-Leod.

Leod. Thirty-fourth St., 307 W. 34th St. R.W. Courtney. Vermilye Chapel, 416 W. 54th St. W. R. Ackert. West End, 77th St. and West End Ave. H. E.

REFORMED CHURCH IN AMERICA-Cont'd. South, Park Ave., cor. 85th St. T. R. Bridges, Manor Chapel, 348 W. 26th St. James Palmer, Sunshine Chapel, 550 W. 40th St. H. W. Murphy, Union, Ogden Ave., near 198th St. Simon Blocker, West Farms, Fairmount Pl., near Prospect Ave. R. Hart.

Zion Ger. Evang., 1081 Boston Rd. J. W. Geyer.

REFORMED CHURCH IN THE U. S. Bethany, 235 E. 109th St. C. F. A. Klein, Martha Memorial, 419 W. 52d St. St. Paul's, 612 E. 141st St. J. Schmitt. REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

First, Madison Ave., cor. 55th St. W.D. Stevens, St. Paul's, 236th St. and Vireo Ave. Geo. E. Wright.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN.

Second, 304 W. 122d St. R. M. Sommerville, Third, 238 W. 23d St. F. M. Foster.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

His Eminence, John Cardinal Farley, Archbishop, 452 Madison Ave.

482 Madison Ave, All Saints', Madison Av., cor. 129th St. J. W. Power. Annunciation, B. V. M., Convent Ave., cor. 121st St. W. L. Penny. Ascension, 107th St., near B'way, E. M. Sweeny. Assumption, 427 W. 49th St. John P. Neumann. Blessed Sacrament, W. 71st St., near Broadway.

M. A. Taylor. Chapel of the Sacred Heart, Hart's Island, Corpus Christi, 531 W. 121st St. John H. Dooley, Epiphany, 373 2d Ave. D. J. McMahon, Good Shepherd, 207th St. and Broadway. T. A.

Guardian Angel, 511 W. 23d St. Jas, F. Raywood, Holy Cross, 335 W. 42d St. Chas, McCready, Holy Family, Castle Hill Ave., cor. Watson Ave, A. N. Stehle

A. N. Stelle. Holy Innocents, 126 W. 37th St. M. C. O'Farrell, Holy Name Mission, 319 Bowery. Wm. J. Rafter, Holy Name of Jesus, Amsterdam Ave. and 96th St.

J. J. Kean. Holy Rosary, 442 E. 119th St. William J. Guinan. Holy Spirit, Burnside Ave., cor. Aqueduct Ave.

J. D. Roach. Holy Trinity, 229 W. 82d St. M. J. Considine. Immaculate Conception, 505 E. 14th St. W. G. Murphy.

Immaculate Conception (German), 385 E. 150th St. F. A. Bader.

Immaculate Conception, Williamsbridge. Cassanetti. Incarnation, 175th St. and St. Nicholas Ave. P. J.

Mahony Mary, Help of Christians, 431 E. 12th St. Voghera,

Mary, Star of the Sea, Governor's Island, M. J. Henry,

Most Holy Redeemer, 165 3d St. Jos. A. Schneider. Most Precious Blood, 115 Baxter St. R. Simoni. Nativity, 48 2d Ave. B. J. Reilly. Nativity, 48 2d Ave. B. J. Reilly.

Notre Dame, 40 Morningside Drive. T. Wucher.
Our Lady of Esperanza, 156th St., near Riverside

A. Buisson. Our Lady of Good Counsel, 236 E. 90th St. J. N.

Connolly. Our Lady of Grace. 14 Stauton St. C. Pinnola. Our Lady of Guadalupe, 229 W. 14th St. A. S.

Chaboud.

Our Lady of Loretto, 303 Elizabeth St. W. H. Walsh. Our Lady of Lourdes, Convent Ave. and W. 142d St.

Joseph H. McMahon. Our Lady of Mercy, 2504 Marlon Ave. P. N. Breslin.

Our Lady of Mount Carmel, 453 E. 115th St. A. Mueller. Our Lady of Mount Carmel, E. 187th St., cor.

Belmont Ave. Jos. Caffuzzi. Our Lady of Perpetual Help, 321 E. 61st St. Joseph Scott

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued.

Our Lady of Pity, E. 151st St., near Morris Ave.

Our Lady of Pany, E. Michael St. A. Demo Our Lady of Solace, Van Nest. D. J. Curley. Our Lady of Sorrows, 165 Pitt St. V. Buessing, Our Lady of the Rosary, 7 State St. M. J. Henry

Our Lady of the Scapular of Mount Carmel, 34 E.

28th St. P. P. O'Dwyer.

Our Lady of Victory, 171st St. and Webster Ave.

B. F. Galligan, Our Lady of Vilna, 7 Varick St. Jos, J. Shestokas, Our Lady Queen of Angels, 228 E. 113th St. J. O'Donovan.

Our Saviour, 183d St. and Washington Ave. F. P. Duffy.

Resurrection, 282 W. 151st St. T.F. Murphy. Sacred Heart, Shakespeare Ave., nr. W. 169th St. J. J. Lennon. Sacred Heart of Jesus, 447 W. 51st St. Joseph

Sacred Heart of Jesus, 447 w. 515 St. Joseph F. Mooney.
St. Adalbert's, 424 E. 156th St. Jos, Zanlewicz.
St. Agnes, 143 E. 43d St. H. A. Brann.
St. Alphonsus, 312 W. Broadway, J. G. Schnelder.
St. Aloystus, 215 W. 132d St. John McKenna.
St. Ambrose's, 515 W. 54th St. Peter F. Quinevan.
St. Andrew's, Duane St., cor. City Hall Pl. Luke
J. Eyers

J. Evers. St. Angela's, Morris Ave. and 163d St. T. W. Wallace.

St. Ann's, 112 E. 12th St. Thos. F. Myhan.

St. Ann's, 308 E. Hubb St. J. Transeric.
St. Anselm's, 677 Tinton Ave. B. Kevenhoerster,
St. Anthony's, 828 E. 166th St. O. F. Strack,
St. Anthony of Padua, 188 Sullivan St. C. Viola.
St. Anthony, Commonwealth Ave. cor. Mansion
Ave. P. Maltese.

Athanasius, Tiffany, cor. Fox Sts. Wm. F. Dougherty. St. Augustine's, E. 167th St., cor. Fulton Ave. T. F. Gregg.

St. Barnabas, 321 E. 241st St. M. A. Reilly. St. Benedict the Moor, 313 W. 53d St. T. M. O' Keefe.

O'Keefe.
St. Bernard's, 332 W. 14th St. Joseph F. Smith,
St. Boniface's, 882 2d Ave. J. S. Braun,
St. Brendan's, Hull Ave., Broux. W. A. Courtney.
St. Brigid's, 123 Ave. B. P. J. Minogue.
St. Catherine of Genoa, W. 152d St., near Amsterdam Ave. P. E. McCorry.

St. Catherine of Sienna, 420 E. 69th St. G. I.

Conlan. Cecilia's, E. 106th St., near Lexington Ave. St.

M. J. Phelan. St. Charles Borromeo, W. 141st St., near 7th Ave.

Francis H. Wall. St. Clare's, 436 W. 36th St. P. Savastano. St. Clements, 552 W. 50th St. Jos. Letanche.

St. Columba's, 339 W. 25th St. Thornton. Thomas A. St. Elizabeth's, W. 187th St., cor. Broadway. W.

J. Stewart St. Elizabeth of Hungary, 345 E. 4th St. M. A. Tamassy.

Frances of Rome, Richardson Ave., Wakefield, F. P. Moore.

St. Francis de Sales, 139 E. 96th St. J. L. Hoey. St. Francis of Assisi, 139 W. 31st St. E. Schling-

mann. St. Francis Xavier, 36 W. 16th St. J. H. Rockwell, St. Gabriel's, 312 E. 37th St. William Livingston. St. George, 28 E. 7th St. N. Pidhoretzky. St. Gregory the Great, 119 W. 89th St. Jas. Fitzmann.

simmons. St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Ave., cor. E. 84th St.

David W. Hearn.
St. James', 32 James St. J. B. Curry.
St. Jean Baptiste's, 159 E. 76th St. A. A. Letelller. St. Jerome's, Alexander Ave., cor. 138th St. G. T.

Donlin.

St. Joachim's, 24 Roosevelt St. V Jannuzzi. St. John Baptist's, 209 W. 20th St. J Hausmann. St. John Chrysostom's, 167th St., and Hoe Ave. B. F. Bredy.

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued.

St. John Evangelist's, 355 E. 55th St. J. J. Flood. St. John Nepomuk's, 350 E. 57th St. St. John's, 2911 Kingsbridge Ave. Francis X. Kelly.

Kelly.

St. John the Martyr, 254 E. 72d St. J. T. Prout,
St. Joseph's, 59 6th Ave. John Edwards,
St. Joseph's, 1948 Bathgate Ave. Peter Farrell,
St. Joseph's (German), 408 E. 87th St. G. Bruder,
St. Joseph's, 125th St., cor. Columbus Ave. G. H.
Huntmann.

St. Joseph's, 46 Washington St. Francis Wakim. St. Leo's, 11 E. 28th St. St. Lucy's, 340 E. 104th St. P. J. Lennon. St. Luke's, E. 138th St., near Cypress Ave. J. J. Boyle.

Boyle.
St. Malachy's, 243 W. 49th St. J. F. Delany.
St. Margaret's, Riverdale. M. J. Murray.
St. Mark, Evangelist, 63 W. 138th St. Christopher
J. Plunkett.
St. Martin of Tours, E. 1824 St., cor. Grote. E. J.
O'Gorman.

St. Mary Magdalen's, 529 E. 17th St. M. Grasser. St. Mary's, 438 Grand St. J. M. Byrnes. St. Mary's, White Plains Road. Jno. J. Carr. St. Mary's Star of the Sea, City Island. C. 1

Crowley. St. Matthew's, W. 67th St., near Amsterdam Ave.

P. F. Maughan. t. Michael's, W. 34th St. and 9th Ave. J. A. St.

St. Michael S. W. State and Cheeson.
St. Monica's, 409 E. 79th St. J. D. Lennon.
St. Nicholas of Tolentine, Andrews Ave., cor. W.
Fordham Rd. John A. Daley.
St. Nicholas', 155 2d St. John A. Nagelelsen.
St. Patrick's Mott St. cor. Prince St. J.F. Kearney.
St. Patrick's Cathedral, cor. 5th Ave. and 50th St.

M. J. Lavelle. St. Paul's, 121 E. 117th St. John McQuirk. St. Paul the Apostle, Columbus Ave, and W. 60th St. J. J. Hughes

St. Peter's, 20 Barclay St. James H. McGean. S. Peter and Paul, 159th St. and St. Ann's Ave. W. H. Murphy.

SS. Peter and Paul, 19810 St. and So. And Save. W. H. Murphy.
St. Philip Neri's, Grand Boulevard and Concourse, opp. E. 202d St. D. F. X. Burke.
St. Pius, 416 E. 145th St. F. M. Fagan.
St. Raphael's, W. 41st St., bet. 10th and 11th Aves.

M. A. Cunnion. St. Raymond's, Walker Ave., cor. Castle Hill Ave.

E. McKeuna. St. Rita of Cascia, 442 College Ave. Jas. P.O'Brien. St. Rocco, 18 Catharine Slip. V. Jannuzzi. St. Roch's, 734 E. 150th St. J. Milo.

St. Rocco, Is Catanine Sup. V. Jannuzzi.
St. Roch's, 734 E. 150th St. J. Milo.
St. Rose's, Caunou St., near Broome. P. McNamee.
St. Rose of Lima, W. 165th St., near Amsterdam
Ave. Edw. J. McCue.
St. Staulisaus's, 107 7th St. J. H. Strzelecki,
St. Stephen's, 149 E. 28th St. T. F. Cusack.
St. Stephen of Hungary, 420 E. 14th St. John
Froelich.

St. Teresa's, Rutgers, cor. Henry St. J. T. Mc-Entyre.

St. Thomas the Apostle, W. 118th St., near St. Nicholas Ave. John B. McGrath. St. Thomas Aquinas's, 1011 Tremont Ave. D. F.

Coyle, St. Valentine's, E. 221st St., Williamsbridge, C. Czarkowski, Christopher St., near Greenwich,

St. Veronica's, Christopher St., near Greenwich.

J. F. Flannelly, St. Vincent de Paul, 127 W. 23d St. T. Wucher, St. Vincent Ferrer, 871 Lexington Ave. E. R. St. Vincent Fitzgerald

Transfiguration, 25 Mott St. Fred. Barni.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS.

Conference, 32 Union Square, E. Bronx English, 1115 Fox St. L. T. Nicola, Bronx German, 689 Melrose Ave. O. F. Schwedrat, Bronx Swedish, E. 137th St., near Willis Ave. E

Rosenwold.

New York Bohemian-Slavish, 356 E. 72d St. L. F. Kucera.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS-Continued. New York Harlem, 184 W. 135th St. J. K. Humphrey. New York Swedish, 308 E. 55th St. E. Rosenwold.

UNITARIAN.

Denominational Headquarters, 104 E. 20th St. All Souls', 4th Av. and 20th St. Thomas R. Slicer. Lenox Ave., Lenox Ave., cor. 121st St. M. St. C. Wright, E. 34th St., cor. Park Ave. John H.

Washington Heights, 600 W. 181st St. Peter H. Goldsmith.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.

Charles St., 41 Charles St. James A. Reed.

Charles St., 41 Charles St. V. L. Charles St. 151h St. East 187th St. First, 16 W. 108th St. T. W. Anderson. Second, 119 W. 12th St. R. W. Kidd. Washington Heights, 172d St. and Audubon Ave. West 44th St., 434 W. 44th St. H. H. Wallace.

UNIVERSALIST.

Fourth (Divine Paternity), Central Park West and 76th St. Frank Oliver Hall.

MISCELLA NEOUS.

All Night Mission, 8 Bowery.
Apostle of Faith Mission, 227 W. 61st St.
Armenian Evangelical, 207 E. 30th St.
Beacon Light Rescue Mission, 2372 33 Ave.
Belle Cooke Mission, 221 E. 27th St.
Bethany Gospel Mission, Bryant Ave., cor. E.

173d St.

173d St.
Bowery Mission, 227 Bowery.
Broome St. Tabernacle, 395 Broome St.
Catharine Mission, 24 Catharine Slip.
Catholic Apostolic—Central, 417 W. 57th St.; Harlen (Berman), 202 W. 114th St., 57th St.; Chinatown Midnight Mission, 17 Doyers St.
Christadelphian, 4 W. 132d St.
Christian Israelites' Sanctuary, 108 1st St.
Christian Mission, 45 W. 132d St.
Christ's Mission, 331 W. 57th St.
Christ's Mission, 331 W. 57th St.
Christ's Order of Christ (Scientist)—First. Central Park

Christ's Mission. 331 W.57th St.
Church of Christ (Scientist)—First, Central Park
West, cor. W. 96th St.; Second, Central Park
West, cor. W. 68th St.; Third, 35 E. 125th St.;
Fourth, W. 82d St., near Broadway; Flith, 19
W. 44th St.; Sixth, 529 Park Ave.
Church of Son of Man, 227 E. 104th St.
Church of the Strangers, W. 57th St. and 8th Ave.
De Witt Memorial, 280 Rivington St.
Doyers St. Mission, 17 Doyers St.
Eighth Ave. Mission, 230 8th Ave.

Dovers St. Msssion, 17 Dovers St.
Eighth Ave. Mission, 330 8th Ave.
Eighth Ave. Mission, 330 8th Ave.
Eighth Ave. Mission, 330 8th Ave.
Evangel Hall, 974 8th Ave.
Faith Mission, 211 West 60th St.
First Assn. (Spiritualist), 1947 Broadway.
Five Points Mission, 63 Park St.
Foreigners', 195 Worth St.
Funeral, 241 W. 230 St.
German Mission, 334 E. 86th St.
Gospel Chapel, 305 W. 30th St.
Gospel Chapel, 305 W. 30th St.
Gospel Tabernacle, 692 8th Ave.
Hebrew Christian Mission, 280 Rivington St.
Helen F. Clark Mission, 195 Worth St.
Huugarian Reformed, 121 Th St.
Italian, 198 Bleecker St.
Japanese Mission, 230 E. 57th St.

Japanese Mission, 230 E. 57th St. Lord's Mission, 2417 Eighth Ave. Mariners', 46 Catharine St.; West Side Branch, 156 Elevent W. Ve.

McAuley's Water St. Mission, 316 Water St. McAuley's Water St. Metropolitan Independent, 19 W. 44th St. Mission of the Living Waters, 291 Third Ave. New Apostolic, 207 E. 120th St. New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian), 883 7th Ave. New Jerusalem, 114 E. 35th St. New Thought, Columbus Ave., W. 79th St. Olivet Memoriel, 23 2d Sr.

Olivet Memorial, 63 2d St. 146th St. Mission, 146th St., near 3d Ave. People's Tabernacle, 52 E. 102d St. Redeemer's Mission, 2417 8th Ave. Russisp Et. Nicholes Cathedral, 17 E. 97th St.

MISCELLANEOUS-Continued, Salvation Army (see Index). Seamen's Christian Association, 339 West St. Strachan, Margaret, Chapel, 105 W. 27th St. St. Trinity (Greek Orthodox), 153 E., 72d St. True Reformed Protestant Dutch, 21 Bank St.

MISCELLANEOUS—Continued. United Christian, 33 W. 132d St. J. Volunteers of America (see Index). J. Edmeade. West-Side Gospel Mission, 269 W. 47th St. West-Side Noonday Prayer, 281 Greenwich St. Young People's Christian Union, 154 E. 54th St.

Churches in Brooklyn.

WITH NAMES OF PASTORS.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Temple, 3d Ave., cor. Schermerhorn St. W. B. Wallace. Bay Ridge (Swedish), 257 Bay Ridge Ave. H. Litorin.

Bedford Heights, Bergen St., cor. Rogers Ave. F.

Chas, H. Shaw,
Berean (Colored), Bergen St., n ar Rochester Ave.
L. J Brown. Bethany (Colored) Clermont and Atlantic Aves. H. Powell.

Bethel (Colored, 3d Ave, and Warren St. T. White, Borough Park, 48th St. & 13th Ave. W. W. Ludwig, Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave., cor. Weirfield St. J. Whitaker.

Calvary, 14th St., near 4th Ave. H. A. Tupper, Jr. Central, Adelphi St., near Myrtle Ave. J. A. Hansen.

Concord (colored), Duffield St., near Myrtle Ave.

W. M. Morse.
East End, Van Sicklen Ave., near Glenmore Ave.
Emmanuel, Lafayette Ave., cor. St. James' Pl.
Euclid Ave., Euclid Ave., cor. Hill St. Wm.A. Kloeppel. First Canarsie, Remsen Ave., Canarsie. W. P.

W. Haff.

W. Hall, First, in East New York, Hendrix St., near Arling-ton Are. W. J. Barnes. First (colored). E. 15th St., Sheepshead Bay. J. E. Robinson. First, E. D., Lee Ave., cor. Keap St. J. A.

Huntley.

First German, E. D., Montrose, near Union Ave. J. C. Grimmell. First German, Prospect Ave., near 6th Ave First Italian, 16 Jackson 8t. P. E. Saltarelli, First Nor. Danish, 4th Ave. near 31st St. P. Stiansen

First Swedish, Dean St., near 6th Ave. O. J. Engstrand. Greene Ave., near Lewis Ave.

Greene Ave., Greene Ave., near Lewis Ave. Curtis L. Laws. Greenwood, 7th Ave. and 6th St. Joel B. Slocum. Hanson Place, Hanson Pl., cor. S. Portland Ave.

L. L. Henson. Holy Trinity (colored), 595 Classon Ave. S. W. Timms.

Lefferts Park, 69th St. and 14th Ave. Crane. Nostrand Ave., cor. Lenox Road.

Lenox Road, Nostra D. A. MacMurray. McDonough St., Patchen Ave., cor. McDonough

St. C. T. Snow. Marcy Ave., Marc C. P. Rhodes. Marcy Ave., cor. Putnam Ave. W.

Memorial, 8th Ave. and 16th St. Dowkontt. Mount Hebron (colored), Throop, near Park Ave. J. W. Bright.

Mount Lebanon (colored), Howard near Herkimer St. J. W. Brooks. Prospect Park, Ave. C and E. 4th St. George

Stuart. Redeemer, cor. Cortelyou Road and E. 18th St. Second German, Evergreen Ave., cor. Woodbine.

G. J. Klipfel.
Sixth Avenue, 6th Ave. and Lincoln Place.
Strong Place, Strong Place, cor. Degraw St.
Sumner Ave., Sumner Ave., cor. Decatur St. R.

B. Hull. Swedish Ebenezer, Herkimer St. and Schenec-tady Ave. T. Grandin. Tabernacle, Clinton St., cor. 3d Pl. Erwin Dennett

BAPTIST—Continued,
Trinity, Greene Ave., cor. Patchen. R. E. Hill
Union, Noble, near Manhattan Ave. J. D. Field
Washington Ave., Washington Ave., cor. Gates Washington R. MacDonald. Ave.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Beecher Memorial, Herkimer St., near Rockaway Ave. R. F. Berry.
Borough Park, 49th St. near Ft. Hamilton Ave.
G. W. Humphreys.

Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave., cor. Cornelia St. J. L. Clark,

Central, Hancock St., near Franklin Ave. S. P. Cadman,

Carman. Calman Ave., Cor. Lafayette Ave., N. Boynton; Atlantic Ave. Chapel, Atlantic and Grand Aves, W. S. Woodworth. Evangel, Bedford Ave. and Hawthorne. Albert Edward Roraback.

Flatbush, Dorchester Road, cor. E. 18th St. L. T. Reed. Iglesia (Hispano-Americau), 873 Greene Ave.

Kings Highway, Ocean Ave. and Avenue P. J, W. Roberts. Lewis Ave., Lewis Ave., cor. Madison St. R. J.

Kent. Mapleton Park, 65th St. near 18th Ave

Nazarene, 412 Herkimer St. A. P. Miller. Ocean Avenue, Ocean Ave. and Ave. I. Armstrong.

Park, 8th Ave., cor. 2d St. R. W. McLaughlin. Parkville, 18th Ave., near Ocean Boulevard. Chas. I. Allen.

Pilgrim (Swedish), 413 Atlantic Ave. Peterson. Pilgrims, Henry St., cor. Remsen. Edward San-

derson Plymouth, Orange St., near Hicks. N. D. Hillis. Puritan, Lafayette Av., cor. Marcy. Geo. E. Merriam.

Redeemer (Italian), 156 Union St. Rockaway Ave., Rockaway Ave., near Blake Ave. South, President St., cor. Court St. C. R. Raymond.

mond.
St. Marks, Decatur St., near Ralph Ave. T. Bell.
St. Paul's Chapel, New York Ave. and Sterling Pl.
S.V. R. Trowbridge.
Tabernacle, 32655th St. J. A. Friedlund.
Tompkins Ave., Tompkins Ave., cor. McDonough St. N. McG. Waters. Park Ave.
Branch, Park Ave., cor. Marcy.
United, Lee Ave., cor. Hooper St. U. G. Warren,
Willoughby Ave. near Grand. W. J. Buchanan.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.

Borough Park, 12th Ave. and 45th St. Nichols.

Cast, Sterling Pl. and 7th Ave. M. M. Amunson, Flatbush, Dorchester Road and E. 15th St. Fred. M. Gordon.

Second, Humboldt St., near Nassau Ave. Keevil.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL.

Bethlehem, 595 E. 7th St. W. E. Bourquin, Emanuel, 400 Melrose St. A. D. Pfost. riedens, Nichols and Ridgewood Aves, Schmidt. Friedens.

Harrison Ave., 121 Harrison Ave. G. Philipbar. Salems, 1200 Jefferson Ave. F. Beuscher. St. Paul's, 641 Leonard St. C. Bast. Zlon's, Liberty Av., near Wyona St. Wm. Schmid.

CHURCHES IN BROOKLYN-Continued.

JE WISH.

Ahawath Scholom Beth Aron, 98 Scholes St.

Anshe Ernes, 136 Stanhope St.
Asifas Israel, 420 Wallabout St. Idel Leibowitz.
Beth El, 110 Noble St., Greenpoint.
Beth Elohim, 8th Ave. and Garfield Pl. Alex.

Lyons. Beth Israel, Harrison St., near Court St. Beth Jacob, S. 3d St., near Marcy Ave. S. Rabino-

witz. Bikur Cholim, Wyona, near Fulton St. S. Saper-

stein. B'nai Sholaum, 327-9 9th St. Herbert Levinthal, B'nai Jacob, 167 Prospect Ave. Dr. Jagel.

Chebrah Bnei Sholoma, 148 Varet St. Emanuel Temple, 14th Ave. and 49th St. Nathan Lublin.

Israel, Bedford and Lafayette Avs. Nathan Krass. Ohav Sholom, 135 Thatford St. R. Finkelstein, Ohav Sholom, 19 Varet St. R. Rezikoff. Shaar Zedek, Putnam Ave., near Reid Ave.

Blau. Sons of Israel, Bay 22d St., near Benson Ave. Henry S. Morris.

Temple Beth Elohim, Keap St., near Division Ave. S. R. Cohen.

LUTHERAN.

Ascension, Borough Park. W. H. Steinbecker, Advent, E. 12th St. and Ave. P. H. Schroeder, Bethlehem, 6th Ave. and 51st St. F. W. Schue F. W. Schuermann

Bethlehem (German), Marion St., near Reid Ave. E. W. Kandelhart.

Bethlehem, 3d Ave. and Pacific St. F. Jacobsou. Bethlehem (Norwegian), Russell St., near Nassau Ave. A. Fjeldsyaard.

Calvary, Rochester Ave., near Herkimer St. G.A. Blessin.

Christ, 1035 Lafayette Ave. C. B. Schuchard. Church of the Epiphany, 831 Sterling Place. H. Stutts.

Church of Good Shepherd, 1192 Nostrand Ave. R. F. Bachre.

Church of Messiah, 129 Russell St. Church of Redeemer, 1345 Sterling Place. E. J.

Flanders, Emanuel. 7th St., near 6th Ave. Emil Roth. Finnish Seaman's Mission, 529 Clinton St. Makinen. K.

Finnish, 44th St., near 7th Ave.

First Scand. - Nor., 194 Kent St. German Evangelical, Schermerhorn St., near Court St. J. W. Loch. Good Shepherd, 4th Ave. and 75th St. C. D.

Trexler.

Grace, Bushwick Ave. and Weirfield St. C. F. Inteman.

Holy Trinity, Cumberland St., near Lafayette Ave. E. E. Fisher.

Immanuel, S. 9th St. near Driggs Ave. Holthusen.

Immanuel (Swedish), 519 Leonard St. Letzler.

Incarnation, 5323 Fourth Ave. G.J. Muller, Mediator, 68th St. and 22d Ave. Geo. C. Loos, Nativity, 787 Coney Island Ave. G.C. Loos, Norwegian Seaman's, 111 Pioneer St. J. Ekland. Our Saviour (Danish), 193 Ninth St. R. Andersen, Our Saviour (English), 37 Covert St. J. H. C. Fritz.

Our Saviour (Norwegian), Henry St., near 4th Pl. . S. Everson

Redeemer, Bedford Ave., cor. Hewes St. S. G. Weiskotten.

Reformation, Barbey St., near Arlington Ave. H. P. Miller. Salem's Danish, 123 Prospect Ave. N. H. Nyrop. Salem's Swedish, 46th St., near 4th Ave. G. Nelsenius.

St. Andrew's, St. Nicholas Ave. and Harmon St.

O. S. Yerger.
St. Barnabas, 21 Lenox St. E. H. Trafford.
St. Jacobl, 4th Ave., near 55th St. H. C. A. Meyer.
St. Johannes's, 133 Maujer St. A. J. Beyer.

LUTHERAN-Continued,

St. John's, 84th St. and 16th Ave. L. Happ. St. John's, New Jersey Ave., near Liberty St. St. John's, New Jersey Ave., near Liberty St. J. G. F. Blaesi, St. John's, Prospect Ave., near 5th Ave. H. C. Wasmund.

St. John's, E. D., Milton St., near Manhattan Ave. F. W. Oswald. St. Luke's, Washington Ave., near De Kalb Ave. W. A. Snyder.

W. A. Shywei. St. Mark's, Bushwick Ave., opp. Jefferson St. J. T. Frey. St. Mark's, 26 E. 5th St. F. Holter. St. Matthew's, E. 92d St., near Flatlands Ave.

T. A. Petersen. St. Matthew's (German), N. 5th St., near Driggs

Ave. G. Sommer. St. Matthew's, 6th Ave., cor. 2d St. G. B. Young. t. Paul's, Knickerbocker Ave., cor. Palmetto St. J. P. Riedel. t. Paul's, Henry St., near 3d Pl. J. Huppen-St.

St. hauer St. t. Paul's, Coney Island, W. 5th St. Kitzmeyer.

Klizmeyer. St. Paul's, E. D., S. 5th St., cor. Rodney St. H. W. Hoffmann. St. Paul's (Swedish), 392 McDonough St. J.

Eastlund.

St. Peter's, Bedford Ave., near De Kalb Ave. J.
J. Heischmann.

St. Peter's, 94 Hale Ave. A. Brunn. St. Stephen's, Newkirk Ave., cor. E. 28th St. L.

D. Gable.

T. Game.

Tabor (Swedish), Ashford St., near Glenmore
Ave. G. Anderson.

Trinity, 249 Degraw St. Geo. F. Schmidt.

Trinity (Norwegian), 4th Ave. and 46th St. S.O.

Sigmond. Wartburg Chapel, Georgia Ave. and Fulton St.

R. Herbst. R. HEIDSL.
Zion, Henry St., near Clark St.
Zion, Bedford, near Church St.
Zion, Seds, 59th St. and Ilth Ave. G. Anderson.
Zion(Norwegian) 4th Ave. and 63d St. G. Ellertsen

METHODIST EPISCOPAL. Andrew's, Richmond St., near Etna Ave. F. G.

Howell. Bethel Ship (Norwegian), 297 Carroll St. H. C. Munson.

Borough Park, 50th St. and 14th Ave. Irvine. Buffalo Ave., Buffalo Ave., cor. Bergen St. H. O.

Gilman. Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave., cor. Madison St. Hubert B. Munson.

Cropsey Ave., Cropsey Ave., near Bay 35th, W.M. Hughes. W. M. Hughes, De Kalb Ave., De Kalb Ave., near Franklin Ave. W. W. W. Wilson. Eighteenth St., 18th St., near 5th Ave. M. O.

Lepley.

Embury, Decatur St., cor. Lewis Ave. W. E. Thompson.

Fenimore St., near Rogers. W. G. Giffin. First, Henry, cor. Clark St. G. L. Thompson First Pl., 1st Pl., cor. Henry St. Rowland Hi Rowland Hill. Flatlands, E. 40th St., near Flatlands Ave. P. N. Taylor.

Fleet St., Fleet St., cor, Lafayette Ave. Davison. Fourth Ave. , 4th Ave., cor. 47th St.

Goodsell, Sheridan Ave., cor. McKinley Ave. W. C. Craig. Grace. 7th Ave., cor. St. John's Pl. C. W. McCormick

Grace, 4th and Ovington Aves. B. F. Kidder. Gravesend, Neck Road and Van Sicklen St. G. M. Powell

Greene Ave. (German), 1171 Greene Ave. F. W. Schneider. Greenpoint, Manhattan Ave. and Noble St. O.

O. Osterheld.

Hanson Pl., Hanson Pl., cor.St. Felix St. Herkimer St., Russell Pl. and Herkimer St. J. J. Moffitt.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL-Continued. ABLINOISI EFISCOPAL-continued.
Janes, Reid Av., cor, Mouroe St. Robert Bagnell.
Knickerbocker Ave., knickerbocker Ave., cor.
Ralph. A.C. Flandrenu.
New York Ave., New York Ave., cor. Dean St.
F. W. Hannan.
Nostrand Ave., Nostrand Ave., cor. Quincy St.

A. F. Campbell.
Ocean Parkway, near Foster Ave. T. T. Martin.
Prospect Ave., Greenwood and Prospect Aves. W. S. Jackson.
Salem, Vanderveer Park. J. J. Messmer.
Sheepshead Bay, Voorhees Ave., cor. Ocean Ave.
P. F. Barton.

Simpson, Clermont Ave., cor. Willoughby Ave. F. D. Walter.

Sixth Ave. 8th St., near 6th Ave. E. C. Tullar. South Second, 181 S. 2d St. E. L. Thorpe. South Third St., South 3d St., near Hewes St. William Hamilton.

St. James's, 84th St., near 20th Av. W. D. Beach. St. John's, Bedford Ave., cor. Wilson St. Robert

M. Moore. St. John's, Sumner Pl., near Flushing Ave. J. H. Boese.

St. Mark's, Ocean Ave. and Beverley Rd. Dorchester St. Paul's, Richards St., near Sullivan St. D. E.

Lyon. St. Paul's (German), Marcy Ave., cor. Penn. E. F. Fuessle.

Summerfield, Washington Ave., cor. Greene Ave. F. D. Torrey.

Sumner Ave., Sumner Ave., cor. Van Buren St. J. H. Bell. Swedish Bethany, Troy Ave., cor. Herkimer St.

Nilsson. Swedish Elim, 48th St. and 7th Ave.

Thornblad. Swedish Immanuel, 424 Dean St. H. Young, Union, Leonard, cor. Conselyea. J. J. Blythe, Vanderveer Park, E. 31st St. and Glenwood Rd.

Henry Blatz, Jr. Warren St., Warren, near Smith St. Tuckey. Wesley, Glenmore Av., cor. Atkins. J. H. Fair-

child. conid.
Williams Ave., Williams Ave., near Atlantic Ave.
J. F. Dunkerke.
York St., near Gold St. E. Cunningham.
METHODIST, FREE.

Brooklyn, 16th St., near 4th Ave. H. W. H. W. Hodge. Hooper St. 76 Hooper St. L. H. Ketels.

METHODIST, PRIMITIVE.

First, Park Pl., near Nostrand Ave. E. Hum-

phries.

orchard, 49 Oakland St. W. T. Blackeby.

METHODIST, PROTESTANT.

Grace, E. 92d St. and Church Lane. G. K. Ackley.

AFRICAN METHODIST. EPISCOPAL. Bethel, Schenectady Ave., cor. Dean St.

Mason.

Bridge St., 313 Bridge St. C. P. Cole. Grace, 322 Classon Ave. T. Chase. Payne Memorial, S. Oxford St. and Atlantic Ave.

Bedford, Ainsile St., near Graham Ave. A.

Anderson, Annahie St., near Granam Ave. A. Anderson, John Wesley, Saratoga Ave. and Sumpter St. Wm. H. Hoople.
Nazarine, Utica Ave., bet. Dean and Bergen Sts.
J. A. Ward.

J. A. Ward.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ainsile St., near Manhattan Ave. R. J. Jensen.

Arlington Ave., cor. Elton St. John H. Kerr,

Bay Ridge, 81st St., cor. 2d Ave. C. T. Edwards.

Fort Hamilton Branch, 94th St. and 4th Ave.

Bedford, Dean St., cor. Nostrand Ave. S. E.

Young. Bethany, McDonough St., near Howard Ave. L.

O. Rotenbach.

PRESBYTERIAN—Continued.

Borough Park, 46th St. and 15th Ave. John Deans. Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave. and Ralph St. H. E. Schnatz.

Central, Marcy Ave., cor. Jefferson Ave. J. F. Carson.

Classon Ave., Classon Ave., cor. Monroe St. J. D. Burrell.

Cuyler, 358 Pacific St. R. Waggoner. Duryea, Sterling Pl. and Underhill Ave. W. I. Davenport.

Ebenezer, Stockholm St., near St. Nicholas Ave. C. C. Jaeger, Fifth German, Halsey St., near Central Ave. C.

H. Schwarzbach,

First, Henry St., near Clark St. L. M. Clarke. First of Bensonhurst, 23d Ave, and 83d St. D. Junor, First German, Leonard St., cor. Stagg St. J. G. Hehr.

Flatbush, E. 23d St., near Foster Ave. H. H. Fields.

Franklin Ave., 165 Franklin Ave. S. L. Testa. Friedens' Kirche, Willoughby Ave., near Broadway. L. Wolferz. Glenmore Ave., Glenmore Ave., cor. Doscher St.

Carl Podiu. Grace, Stuyvesant Ave., cor. Jefferson Ave. R. H. Carson.

Greene Ave., Greene Ave., near Reld Ave. G. H. Eggleston. Home Crest, cor. Ave. T and E. 15th St. E. L.

Tibbals.

Irving Square, Weirfield St. and Hamburg Ave. A. L. Kurtz. Lafayette Ave., Lafayette Ave. . cor. S. Oxford St. Lefferts Park, Lafa Ave. and 72d St. A. J. Bruck-

lacher. Memorial, 7th Ave., cor. St. John's Pl. J. Barlow.

Mount Olivet, Evergreen Ave., cor. Troutman St. T. Steele. Noble St., Noble St., cor. Lorimer St.

Olivet, Bergen St., near 6th Ave. J. G. Snyder, Parkside, 40 Lenox Rd. J. D. Long. Prospect Heights, 8th Ave., cor. 10th St. E. D.

Bailey.

Bailey.
Ross St., Ross St., near Lee Ave. J. E. Adams.
Spencer Memorial, Clinton St., cor. Remsen St.
Louis Vanden Berg.
Siloam, 406 Lafayette Ave. W. A. Alexander.
South, 24th St., near4th Ave. J. J. MacDonald.
South Third St., S. 3d St., cor. Driggs Ave. N. W. Wells.

Throop Ave., Throop Ave. and Decatur St. A. D. Carlile

Wells Memorial, Foster Ave. and E. 13th St. W. B. Gates. Westminster, Clinton St., cor. 1st Pl. Simmons

Wyckoff Heights, Harman St., near St. Nicholas

wyckon neighus, narman St., near St. Nicholas Ave. A. E. Barrows. F. Brooklyn, Eldert's Lane and Etna St. First, S. 1st St., cor. Rodney St. G. H. McClelland. Second, Atlantic Ave., cor. Bond St. W. M. Wighel Second, Atlantic Ave., cor. Bond St. W. M. Nichol. Westminster, Bainbridge St. and Hopkinson Ave.

A. H. Crosbie. PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL

Advent, 75th St. and 17th Ave. H. E. Covell. All Saints', 7th Ave., cor, 7th St. E. S. Harpe Annunziazione, 65th St., pear 13th Ave. E. S. Harper

Filosa.

Ascension, Kent St., near Manhattan Ave. W. E. Bentley. Chapel, Russell St. Atonement, 17th St., near 5th Ave. F. H. Handsfield.

Calvary, 966 Bushwick Ave. J. Williams. Christ, E. D., Bedford Ave., near Division. W.S.

Chase Christ, Clinton, cor. Harrison. W. D. Johnson. Christ Chapel, Wolcott St., near Van Brunt St. F. B. Bartlett. Christ, 2d Ave. cor. 74th St. H. Arrowsmith.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL-Continued. Good Shepherd, McDonough St., near Lewis Ave. Robert Rogers.

Grace, E. D., Conselyea St., near Lorimer St. William G. Ivie. Grace, Hicks St., cor. Grace Court. C. F. J. Wrigley. Holy Apostles, Greenwood Ave., cor. Prospect. G. F. Bambach.

Holy Comforter Chapel, 44 Debevoise St. John Manning. Holy Cross Mission, 176 St. Nicholas Ave. H. E.

Payne. Spirit, Bay Parkway, cor, 82d St. J. C. Wellwood.

Holy Trinity, Clinton St., cor. Montague St. J. H. Melish.

Incarnation, Gates Ave., near Classon Ave. J. G. Bacchus. Messiah, Greene Ave., cor. Clermont Ave. St. Clair Hester.

Nativity, Ocean Ave. and Avenue F. A. Fleming. Redeemer, Pacific St., cor. 4th Ave. T. J. Lacey. St. Alban's, Ave. F. cor. E. 94th St. A. C. Wilson. St. Andrew's, 50th St. and 4th Ave. R. T. Walker. Ann's, Clinton, cor. Livingston St. Walker.

St. Augustine's, St. Edward's St., near Myrtle Ave. G. F. Miller. St. Barnabas', Belmont Ave. and Elton St. M. F.

Duty. St. Bartholomew's, Pacific St., cor. Bedford Ave. Frank M. Townley.

t. Clement's, Pennsylvania Ave., cor. Liberty. F. W. Appleton.

St. Gabriel's, Hawthorne St., near Nostrand Ave. S. R. Brinkerhoff, St. George's, Marcy Av., cor. Gates. St. James's, St. James Pl., cor. Lafayette Ave. St. John's, St. John's Pl., cor. 7th Ave. T. B. Holland.

St. John's, 99 W. A. Swan, 99th St., cor. Fort Hamilton Ave.

St. John the Baptist, Parkville. V. D. Ruggles. St. Jonn's Chapel, Atlantic Ave., cor. Albany.

E. C. Angell. St. Jude's, 55th St., near 13th Ave. Henry S. Sizer. Luke's, Clinton Ave., near Fulton St. H. C. St.

Swentzel. St. Lydia's, Glenmore Ave. and Crystal St. St. Mark's, Adelphi St., near De Kalb Ave. F. A.

Wright. . Mark's, Brooklyn Ave. and E. Parkway. J.

St. Mark's, Brooklyn Ave, and E. Farkway. J. D. Kennedy.
St. Martin's, President St., c. Smith. F. W. Davis, St. Mary's, Classon, n. Willoughby Av. J. C. Jones, St. Matthew's, McDonough St. and Tompkins Ave. F. W. Nords.
St. Matthias, E. 23d St., Sheepshead Bay. T. A.

Hyde,

St. Michael's, High St., near Gold St. St. Michael's, N. 5th St., near Bedford Ave. M.

A. Trathen. t. Paul's, Clinton St., c. Carroll. Andrew C.

St. Pau. Wilson. Paul's, Church Ave., cor. St. Paul's Pl. T. G.

Jackson. Peter's, State St., near Bond St.

St. Peter s, Sunce and McCready.
St. Phebe's, DeKalb Ave., cop. Ft. Greene Pl. St. Philip's, 11th Ave., cor. 80th St. J. H. Sat St. near Troy Ave. St. Philip's, Ith Ave., opp. Ft. Greene Pl. St. Philip's, Ith Ave., cor. 80th St. J. H. Sattig. St. Philip's Chapel, Dean St., near Troy Ave. N. P. Boyd.

St. Stephen's, Patchen Ave., cor. Jefferson Ave.

Robert Merriman. t. Thomas's, Cooper St., cor. Bushwick Ave. D. M. Genns.

St. Timothy's, Howard Ave., near Atlantic Ave.

H.J. Glover. Transfiguration, Ridgewood and Railroad Aves.
A. H. Backus.

Trinity Arlington Ave., near Schenck Ave. W. B. Hill.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL. Grace, Herkimer St., near Saratoga Ave. G. R. Swartz.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL-Continued. Reconciliation, Jefferson Ave., cor. Nostrand Ave. P. C. Edrop. Redemption, Leonard St., near Norman Ave. C.

L. Quinn. REFORMED.

Bay Ridge, Ridge Blv'd and 80th St. F.P. Young, Bethany Reformed, Clermont Ave., near Willoughby, P. H. Clifford.

loughby. P. H. Clifford. Church of Jesus, 64 Ralph St. Dutch Evang. Conklin Av. Canarsie. Jacob Meier. First, 7th Ave., cor. Carroll St. J. M. Farrar. Flatbush (First), Flatbush Ave., cor. Church Ave.

J. E. Lloyd. Flatbush (Second) (German), Church Ave., cor. Bedford Aye. Louis Goebel.

Flatlands, Kouwenhoven Pl., near E. 40th St. J. S. Gardner, Grace, Lincoln Rd., c. Bedford Ave. G.W. Carter, Gravesend, E. 1st St. and Ave. V. Greenwood, 7th Ave., cor. 45th St. C. T. Anderson.

Heights, Church on the, Pierrepont St., near Henry, Fred. F. Shannon.

Henry, Fred. F. Shannon, KentSt., KentSt., near Manhattan Ave. Robert Mission, 125 Eagle St. A. Watson; Children's Mission, 125 Eagle St. Raymond L. Noonan.

New Brooklyn, Herkimer St., cor. Dewey Pl. F. C. Erhardi. New Lots, New Lots Road, cor. Schenck Ave. H.

New Utrecht, 18th Ave., near 83d St. O.E. Fischer. Ocean Hill, Herkimer St., cor. Hopkinson St. A. Hegeman

Old Bushwick, Conselyea and Humboldt Sts. South, 4th Ave. and 55th St. W. J. Macdonald, St. Petri, Union Ave. cor. Scholes St. G. G. Wacker. Old Bushwick, Conselvea and Bushwick, Bushwick Ave. and Himrod St. H.N. Pfeiffer,

Twelfth St., 12th St., near 5th Ave. J. C. Caton Williamsburg, Bedford Ave., cor. Clymer St. A. Wouters.

Woodlawn, Av. M. and E. 9th St. J. G. Addy. REFORMED IN UNITED STATES, Christ Evang., 54 Wyona St. Paul Wienand. German Emanuel, 410 Graham Ave. W. Walenta. St. Luke's, 53 Sutton St.

Sutton St. H. Bram. ROMAN CATHOLIC C. E. McDonnell, Bishop.

All Saints' (German), Throop Ave., cor. Thornton. George Kaupert. Annunciation of the B. V. M. (German), N. 5th St., cor. Havemeyer St. Peter Henn. Assumption of the B. V. M., York St., cor. Jay St.

W. J. Donaldson,
Blessed Sacrament, Fulton St., cor. Euclid Ave.
T. A. Nummey.

Chapel of St. John's Home, St. Mark's Ave., cor.

Chapel of St. John's Home, St. Mark's Ave., cor. Albany Ave. C. F. Vitta.
Chapel of St. Mary's Female Hospital, 155 Dean St. Chapel of St. Mary's General Hospital, Rochester and St. Mark's Aves. J. Mackiverkin.
Chapel of St. Peter's Hospital, Henry St., cor. Congress St. Wm. Crotty.
Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Hopkinson Ave., cor. Pacific St.

cor. Pacific St.

Chapel of the Precious Blood, Ft. Hamilton Ave. Chas. Wightman.

Chas, Wightman.
Chapel of the Visitation Convent, 89th St. & 2d
Ave. J. McGinley.
Epiphany, 100-104 South 9th St. E. A. Duffy.
Fourteen Holy Martyrs, Central Ave., cor. Covert
St. Bernard Kurz.
Chapelion Augel Ocean Perbway near Nontine

Guardian Angel, Ocean Parkway, near Neptune
Ave. John J. Cullen.
Holy Cross, Church Av., n. Rogers, J. T. Woods, Holy Family, Rockaway Ave., and 98th St. John

Reynolds, Holy Family (German), 13th St., cor. 4th Ave. Holy Innocents, E. 17th St. and Beverley Rd.

Wm.Costello.

Win, Costendard Manne of Jesus, 9th Ave., cor. Prospect Ave. T.S. O'Reilly. Holy Rosary, Chauncey St., Reid Av. J. McEnroe. Immaculate Conception, Leonard St., cor. Maujer. J. F. Crowley.

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued.

Immaculate Heart of Mary, Fort Hamilton Ave., cor, E. 4th St. M. J. Tlerney. Most Holy Trinity (German), 132 Montrose Ave. F. M. Schnelder. Nativity, Classon Ave., cor, Madison St. John L. M. J. Tierney

Belford.

Our Lady of Angels, 4th Ave., cor. 74th St. M. J. Flynn. Our Lady of Charity, Dean St. and Schenectady Ave. Louis Caporaso. Our Lady of Consolation, (Polish), Metropolitan

Our Lady of Consolatin, (Fousia, Metropolitan Ave, and Berry St. Alexis Jarka. Our Lady of Czestohowa (Polish), 25th St., near 4th Ave. Boleslaus Puchalski. Our Lady of Good Counsel, Putnam, near Ralph

Ave.

Our Lady of Guadalupe, 73d St. and 15th Ave. John J. Durick.
Our Lady of Loretto (Italian), Pacific St., cor. Sackman St. V. Sorrentino.
Our Lady of Lourdes, De Sales Pl., near Broadway. Wm. T. McAdam.
Our Lady of Mercy, Schermerhorn St., near Bond. J. J. McAteer.
Our Lady of Mount Carmel (Italian), N. 8th St., cor. Union Ave. P. Saponara.
Our Lady of Peace (Italian), 526 Carroll St. Franciscan Fathers.
Our Lady of Perpetual Help, 5th Ave., near 59th St. Thos. Galvin.
Our Lady of the Rosary of Pompail St. 1

Our Lady of the Rosary of Pompeii, Seigel St.

O. Silvestri.
Our Lady of the Presentation, Rockaway Ave., cor. St. Mark's Ave. James F. Flynn.
Our Lady of Refuge, Foster Ave. and 21st St.

Rev. Robert O' Donovan. Our Lady of Solace, W. 17th St. and Mermaid Ave.,

Coney Island. A. Arcese. Our Lady of Sorrows, Morgan Ave. and Harrison Pl. H. Mertens.

Our Lady of Victory, Throop Ave., cor. McDonough St. James J. Woods.

Sacred Heart, Barren Island. B. Malinowski, Sacred Heart, Clermont Av., n. Park Av. J. F. Nash. Sacred Hearts of Jesus and Mary, Degraw and Hicks Sts. John Vogel.

Hicks Sts. John Vogel. St. Agatha, 7th Ave. and 49th St. James Smyth. St. Agnes's, Hoyt St., cor. Sackett. J. S. Duffy. St. Aloysius, Onderdonk Ave. and Stanhope St. J. W. Hamman Hauptman.

St. Alphonsus's (German), 177 Kent St. W. Guhl. St. Ambrose, Tompkins Ave., cor. De Kalb Ave. Thos. F. McGronen.

St. Anne's, Front St., cor. Gold. T. F. Horan. St. Anthony of Padua, Manhattan Ave., opposite Milton St. P. F. O'Hare. St. Augustine, 6th Ave. and Sterling Pl. E. W.

McCarty. St. Barbara's, Central Ave., cor. Bleecker St. J.

J. Hanselmann.

St. Benedict's (German), Fulton St., near Ralph Ave. Joseph Traenkle. St. Bernard's (German), Rapelye St., cor. Hicks. St. Blaise, Kingston Ave. and Maple St. Vincent

Di Giovanni. St. Boniface's (German), Duffield St., near Willoughby St. Martin Lang.
St. Brendan's, 1426 E. 12th St. T. A. Hickey.
St. Brigid's, Linden St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.
P. J. Farrelly.
St. Casimir's (Palish). Croppe Ave. Prop. 4 delay.

St. Casimir's (Polish), Greene Ave., near Adelphi St. A. Nawrocki.

St. A. Nawfork!
St. Catherine of Alexandria, 41st St. and Ft.
Hamilton Parkway. John J. O'Neill.
St. Ceclia's, N. Henry St., cor. Herbert St. E.
J. McGolrick, St. Charles Borromeo's, Sidney Pl., cor. Liv-

ingston St. J. E. Bobier.
St. Columbkille, 140-146 Dupont St., R. A. Schenck.
St. Edward's St., Edward's St., cor. Leo Pl. J. F.

Mealia. St. Elias's, 720 Leonard St. P. Keshelak. St. Finbar's, Bay 20th St. and Bath Ave. W. A.

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued. St. Francis de Chantal, 57th St., near 13th Ave.

John P. Rohleder.

St. Francis of Assisi, Lincoln Road and Nostrand Ave. F. X. Ludeke. St. Francis Xavier's, Carroll St., cor. 6th Ave.

D. J. Hickey St. Gabriel's, T. Fitzgera New Lots Road and Linwood St.

Fitzgerald. St. George (Lithuanian). A. Kodis.

St Gregory, Brooklyn Ave, and St. John's Pl. M. Fitzgerald. St. James's Pro-Cathedral, Jay St., cor, Chapel St.

Peter Donohoe.
St. Jerome, cor. Newkirk and Nostrand Aves. T. F. Lynch.

St. John's Cantius, Blake and New Jersey Aves. T. Misicki.

St. John the Baptist's, Willoughby Ave., near Lewis Ave. J. W. Moore. St. John the Evangelist's, 21st St., near 5th Ave. T. S. Duhigg.

St. John's Chapel, Clermont Ave., near Greene Ave. George W. Mundelein. St. Joseph's, Pacific St., near Vanderbilt Ave.

t. Joseph's, Pac W. T. McGuirl.

St. Leonard of Port Maurice's (German), Ham-St. Leonard of Port Maurice's (German), Hamburg Ave, cor. Jefferson St. Geo. D. Sander, St. Louis's (French), Ellery St., near Nostrand Av. St. Lucy's (Italian), 810 Kent Ave. F. Castellano, St. Malachy's, Van Sicklen Ave., near Atlantic Ave. D. J. Cherry. St. Mark's, E. 14th St. and Shore Rd. D. J. McCarthy.

Carthy.

St. Martin of Tours, Knickerbocker Ave. and Hancock St. James H. Lynch. St. Mary's, 85th St., cor. 23d Ave. H. F. Murray, St. Mary's of the Angels (Lithuanian), S. 4th and Rogbling Sts. Vincent Varnagiris.

St. Mary's Star of the Sea, Court St., cor Luquer

J. O'Connell. St. Matthew's, Utica Ave., cor. Lincoln Pl. J F. O'Hara.

Matthias, Elm Micholas M. Wagner. Ave., near Onderdonk.

St. Michael's, 4th Ave., cor. 42d St. J. I. Barrett. St. Michael's Archangel (Italian), Lawrence St., cor. Tillary St. Jos, R. Agrella. St. Michael's (German), Jerome St., near Liberty Ave. Antonine Wilmer.

Ave. Antonine Wilmer. St. Nicholas's (German), Devoe St., cor. Olive St.

St. Mcnoias streeman, bessel J. P. Hoffman.
St. Patrick's, Kent Ave., cor. Willoughby Ave.
Thomas Taafle.
St. Patrick's, 95th St., c. 4th Ave. J. P. McGiuley.
St. Paul's, Court St., cor. Congress St. M. G. Flannery.

St. Peter's, Hicks St., cor. Warren St. M. A. Fitzgerald.

S. Peter and Paul's, Wythe Ave., near S. 2d St. Wm. B. Farrell. Roch (Italian), 22d St., near 3d Ave. A. de St.

Donatis St. Rosalia's (Italian), 62d St. and 14th Ave. P.

Sapienza St. Rose of Lima's, Lawrence Avc., Parkville,

J. McAleese. St. Savior's, 6th St. and 8th Ave. J. J. Flood.

SS. Simon and Jude, Ave. T. and Van Sicklen St. J. J. McCarron.

St. Stanislans' (Scandinavian), 14th St., near 6th

Ave. C. H. Dumahut. St. Stanislaus' (Polish), Driggs Ave., near Humboldt St. Leo Wysiecki. t. Stephen's, Summit St., cor. Hicks St. J. G.

Fitz Gerald.

Teresa's, Classon Ave., cor. Sterling Pl. J. St. McNamee. t. Thomas Aquinas's, 4th Ave., cor. 9th St. J. St.

Donohue. t. Thomas Aquinas's, Flatbush Ave., near Av. N. E. W. Dullea.
t. Vincent de Paul's, N. 6th St., near Driggs

Ave. Thomas E. Carroll.

ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued. Transfiguration, Hooper St., cor. Marcy Ave. W. J. Maguire,

J. Maguire.
Visitation of the B. V. M., Verona St., cor.
Richards St. W. L. Long.
SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.
First, 270 Hamilton. N. P. Nellsen.
First English, Hopkinson Ave. and Bainbridge
St. A. V. Cotton.
First German, 1831 Gates Ave. B. E. Miller.
Second, 1631 Dean St. J. K. Humphrey.
Seventh Ave. (Swedish), 7th Ave. and 45th St.
E. Rosenwold.

E. Rosenwold.

South Brooklyn, 48th St. & 6th Ave. R. G.Bryant. Church of New Jerusalem, Monroe Pl. and Clark

St. Arthur Mercer, First (German), Jefferson and Knickerbocker,

W. Diehl. New Jerusalem, Gates Ave. and Broadway. F. Muhlert.

UNITARIAN. Saviour, Pierrepont St., cor. Monroe Pl. John H. Lathrop. Willow Place Chapel. Lathrop. Willow Place Chapel. Fourth, E. 19th St., c. Beverley Rd. L.A. Harvey.

Second, Clinton St., cor, Congress St. C. S. S. Dutton. Unity Third, Gates Ave., cor. Irving Pl. W. M.

Brundage.

UNIVERSALIST. All Souls' Church, Ditmas and Ocean Aves. L. W. Brigham.
Church of Our Father, Grand Ave., cor. Lefferts Pl. T. E. Potterton.

Church of the Good Tidings, Madison, cor. Stuyvesant. C. B. Etsler.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Brooklyn Tabernacle, 17 Hicks St. Christian Church of the Evangel, 678 Leonard St. Church of the Covenanters, 452 Monroe St. Church of the Second Advent, Greene Ave., cor.

Church of the Second Advent, Greene Ave., cor. Tompkins Ave.
First Brethren, 354 60th St. J. K. Miller.
First Brethren, 354 60th St. J. K. Miller.
First Bree Baptist, Keap St., cor. Marcy Ave.
Friends (Hecksite), 107 Schermerhorn St.
Gospel Mission, 106 Powers St.
Grace Gospel, Balnbridge St., near Saratoga Ave.
Latter-Day Saints, Park Pl. and Schenectady Ave.
Lighthouse, Myrtle Ave. and Hart St.
Meserole, 123 Meserole Ave.
Moravian, Jay St., near Myrtle Ave.
Norwegian Evan. Free, 15th St. and 4th Ave.
People's, 77 Sutton St.
Soc. Friends (Orthodox). Lafavette, cor. Wash-

Soc. Friends (Orthodox), Lafayette, cor. Wash-

ington. South Brooklyn Gospel, 4th Ave., cor. 56th St. St. Nicholas Greek Orthodox, 301 Pacific St. Vanderveer Park, New York Ave., near Ave D.

\$0,50

Mack and Cab Fares in Manhattan Borough.

THE legal rate of fare, of which an official copy shall be furnished by the Bureau of Licenses, and carried by every licensed backman, shall be as follows:
Mileage rates charged for general driving.

Cabs For any stop over five minutes in a trip, for every fifteen minutes or fraction thereof...

Coaches-

For one mile or any part thereof. \$1.00
For each additional half mile or part thereof. 50 For any stop over five minutes in a trip, for every fifteen minutes or fraction thereof ...

Hourly Rates.—These hourly rates, except by special agreement, are to apply only to shopping or calling, and shall not include park or road driving, nor driving for more than three miles from the starting point: Cabs-For one hour or any part thereof, \$1.00; For each additional half hour or part thereof, 50c. Coaches-For one hour or any part thereof, \$1.50; For each additional half hour or any part thereof, 75c.

Taxicabs are governed by rates specified for Cabs and Coaches. The maximum rate for which meters are adjusted is 50 cents for the first two-fifths of a mile and 10 cents for each additional fifth

additional fifth.

RECULATIONS.

Any vehicle kept for hire shall be deemed a public hack, and a vehicle intended to seat two persons inside shall be deemed a cab, and a vehicle intended to seat more than two persons inside shall be deemed a caoch, and the term hackman shall be deemed to include owner or driver, or both. Every hack shall be provided with a suitable lamp on each side, and shall have securely fastened across the middle of the outside of each lamp a metal band not less than two inches in width, out of which the official number of the license shall be cut after the manner of a stencil plate, the component figures of such numbers to be not less than one and one-half inches in height, and the style of the whole to be approved by the Mayor or Chief of the Bureau of Licenses. Every licensed hack shall have the official number of the license legibly engraved or embossed upon a metal plate and affixed inside, as designated and approved by the Mayor or Chief of the Bureau of Licenses, and no licensed hack shall carry or have affixed to it, inside or outside, any number except the official number as aforesaid. the official number as aforesaid.

Every licensed hackman, immediately after the termination of any hiring or employment, must carefully search such hack for any property lost or left therein, and any such property, unless sooner claimed or delivered to the owner, must be taken to the nearest police station and deposited with the officer in charge within twenty-four hours after the finding thereof; and in addition a written notice. with brief particulars and description of the property, must be forwarded at once to the Bureau of

Licenses.

Every licensed hackman shall have the right to demand payment of the legal fare in advance, and may refuse employment unless so prepaid, but no licensed hackman shall otherwise refuse or neglect to convey any orderly person or persons, upon request, anywhere in the city, unless previously engaged or unable so to do. No tleensed hackman shall carry any other person than the passenger first employing a hack without the consent of said passenger.

Twenty blocks north and south to constitute a mile; seven blocks between the numbered and lettered avenues will be deemed a mile, as from Avenue B to Sixth Avenue or from Second Avenue to

Ninth Avenue.

No owner or driver of any taxicab which seeks patrons on the streets, avenues or highways of the city of New York, or occupies space thereon by reason of a permit or license from the city of New York, shall exact any fare from a passenger greater than that set forth in the official schedule of rates above provided.

Disputes as to rates and distances may be settled by the police, or complaints may be made to the Burcau of Licenses, Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, City Hall, New York.

Mospitals in Manhattan and Broux. N. Y. University), 141 W. 54th St. New York Infirmary for Women and Children.

American Vet. (N. Y. University), 141 W. Babies', 135 E. 55th St. Bellevue, foot E. 25th St. Beth David, 246 E. 82d St.; 82 Second Ave. Beth Israel, Jefferson and Cherry Sts. Beth Israel, Jefferson and Cherry Sts.
Bronx Eye and Ear Infirmary, 404 E. 142d St.
Central Islip State Hospital, office 1 Madison Ave.
City, Blackwell's Island, office foot E. 26th St.
Columbus, 226 E. 20th St.
Flower, Ave. A., cor. E. 63d St.
Fordham, S. Boulevard, cor. Crotona Ave.
Free Home for Incurable Cancer, 426 Cherry St.
French Benevolent Society, 450 W. 34th St.
General Memorial, 2 W. 106th St.
German, E. 77th St., cor. Park Ave.

German, E. 77th St., cor. Park Ave. German Poliklinik, 137 Second Ave.

German Poliklink, 13:/Second Ave.
Grace, 414 E. 14th St.
Gouverneur, Gouverneur Slip, cor. Front St.
Hahnemann, Park Ave., near E. 67th St.
Harlem Eye, Ear, & Throat Inf., 2009 Lexington Av.
Harlem Lenox Ave., cor. W. 136th St.
Harlem Italian Sanitarium, 281 Pleasant Ave.

Har Moriah, 138 Second St. Hospital for Consumptive Children, W. 236th St.,

near Spuyten Duyvil Parkway. Hospital for Consumptives, 59 E. 59th St. Hospital for Consumptives, Blackwell's Island. Hospital for Contag. Eye Diseases, 341 Pleasant Ay Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, 1917

Hospital for Deformation and State Madison Ave.
Hospital of the N. Y. Am. Vet. Col., 337 E. 57th St. House of Relief, 67 Hudson St.

Italian, 83d St. and East River, Italian Benevolent Institute, 165 W. Houston St. Jewish Maternity, 272 E. Broadway. J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, W. 131st St.,

cor. Amsterdam Ave.
King's Park State, office 1 Madison Ave.
Laura Franklin, Free Hospital for Children, 19 E.

Hith St. Lebanon, Westchester Ave., near Cauldwell Ave. Lincoln, E. 141st St., cor. Concord Ave. Linteran, 502 Canal St.

Mauhattan Eye, Earland Throat, 64th St., nr.3d Av. Manhattan Maternity, 327 E. 60th St. Manhattan State Hospital, Ward's Island, Metropolitan, Blackwell's Island, Metropolitan Throat, 361 W. 34th St

Minturn, foot of E. 16th St. Misericordia, 531 E. 86th St. Mt. Sinai, 5th Ave., cor. E. 100th St. Neurological, Blackwell's Island.

New Amsterdam Eye and Ear, 230 W. 38th St. New York, 8 W. 16th St. New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, 218 Second Ave. New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital, Ave. A, near E. 63d St.

Mospitals in Brooklyn.

Bay Ridge, 60th St. and 2d Ave. Bedford, 343 Ralph Ave. Bethany Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, 237 St. Nicholas Ave.

Bradford St., 109 Bradford St. (Br. of Kings County). Brooklyn E. D., 106 S. 3d St. Brooklyn E. D., 106 S. 30 St. Brooklyn Eye and Ear, 94 Livingston St., 79 Schermerhorn St.

Brooklyn Home for Consumptives, Kingston Ave. and St. John's Pl Brooklyn, Raymond St., near De Kalb Ave.

Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital, 396 Herkimer St.

Bushwick, Howard Ave. and Monroe St. Caledonian, St. Paul's Pl. and Woodruff Ave. Coney Island, Ocean Parkway, near Ave. Z. Cumberland St. Hospital & Training School for

Nurses, 105 Cumberland St.

Faith Home for Incurables, 546 Park Pl. German, St. Nicholas Ave. and Stanhope St.

Holy Family, 155 Dean St. Jewish, Classon and St. Marks Aves.

Kings County, Clarkson Ave., near Albany Ave. Kingston Ave., Kingston Ave. and Fenimore St.

New York Infirmary for Women and Children, 321 East 15th St.

New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, 19 W. 1018; St.

New York Neurological Institute, 149 E. 67th St.

New York Neurological Institute, 149 E. 67th St.

New York Neurological Institute, 149 E. 67th St.

New York Neurological Institute, 149 E. 67th St.

New York Ophthalmic and Aural Inst., 46 E. 12th St.

New York Ophthalmic, 241 E. 23d St.

New York Polyclinie, 347 W. 50th St.

New York Polyclinie, 347 W. 50th St.

New York Red Cross, oilice 396 Central Park W.

New York Red Cross, oilice 396 Central Park W.

New York Red Cross, oilice 396 Central Park W.

New York Rodictors, oilice 396 Central Park W.

New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, 135 E. 42d St.

New York State Institute, 119 W. 81st St.

New York State Institute, 119 W. 31st St.

New York Veterinary, 117 W. 25th St.

New York Veterinary, 117 W. 25th St.

Nursery and Child's, 571 Lexington Ave.

Our Lady of Grace, 221 E. 79th St.

Pasteur Institute, 361 W. 23d St.

Peoples, 203 2d A Ve.

Pillanthropin, 2076 Fifth Ave.

Peoples, 203 2d Ave.
Philanthropin, 2076 Fifth Ave.
Presbyterian, E. 70th St., near Park Ave.
Riverside, North Brother Island.
Riverside (Reception), foot E. 16th St.
Rockefeller Institute, foot E. 66th St.
Roosevelt, W. 59th St., near 9th Ave.
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital for Women
and Children 213 E 12th St.

and Children, 213 E. 17th St. St. Ann's Maternity, 130 E. 69th St. St. Elizabeth's, 415 W. 51st St. St. Francis, E. 142d St., cor. Brook Ave.

St. Francis, E. 142d St., cor. Brook Ave.
St. John's Guild Floating Hospital, 103 Park Ave.
St. Joseph's, E. 143d St., cor. Brook Ave.
St. Joseph's Infirmary, E. 82d St., n. Madison Ave.
St. Lawrence, 447 W. 163d St.
St. Luke's, Amsterdam Ave., cor. W. 113th St.
St. Mark's, 177 2d Ave.
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, 407 W. 34th St.
St. Vincent's, 157 W. 11th St.
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, 356 2d Ave.
Seaside of St. John's Guild, office 103 Park Ave.
Seton (for Consumptives), W. 226th St., near

Seton (for Consumptives), W. 236th St., near Spuyten Duyvil Parkway. Sloane Maternity, 44 W. 59th St., Society of Lying-in Hospital, E. 17th St., c. 2d Ave.

Society of Lying-in Prospital, F., IAIISE, C. 20AV Sydenham, 339 E. 116th St. Tuberculosis, 426 1st Ave. United States Marine, 109 Broad St. Vanderbilt Clinic, 60th St. and Amsterdam Ave. Volunteer, 93 Gold St. (building at Beekman and Water Sts)

Washington Heights, 552 W. 165th St.

Willard Parker, foot E. 16th St. Woman's, 110th St., near Amsterdam Ave. Woman's Infirmary and Maternity Home, 359 W.

Long Island College Hospital, Henry St., near Pacific St.

Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, 55 Willoughby St. Latheran, East New York Ave. and Junius St. Memorial, for Women and Children, 827 Sterling Pl. Methodist, Episcopal (Seney Hospital), 7th Ave.,

cor. 6th St. Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, 46th St., cor. 4th Ave.

Polhemus Memorial Clinic, Amity St., corner Henry St.

spect Heights and Brooklyn Maternity, corner Washington Ave, and St. John's Pl. Samaritan, Fourth Ave. cor.17th St.

St. Catherine's, Bushwick Ave., near Ten Eyek St. St. John's, (Church Charity Foundation), Atlantic Ave. cor. Albany Ave.
L. Mary's General Hospital, Buffalo and St.

Mark's Aves. Sisters of Charity. St. Peter's, Henry St., cor. Congress St. Sisters of

the Poor of St. Francis. Swedish, Sterling Pl. and Rogers Ave.

Swedish, Stering Pt. and Rogers Ave. U. S. Naval, Flushing Ave., opposite Ryerson St. White Cross, Troy Ave. and Fulton St. Williamsburg, Bedford Ave., cor. S. 3d St.

Asplums and **Homes in Manhattan and Bronx.**

Amer, Female Guardiau Soc., 936 Woodycrest Ave. | American Sunshine Association, Home, 352 W. 40th St Association for Relief of Respectable Aged In-

digent Females, 891 Amsterdam Ave.

digent Females, 891 Amsterdam Ave.
Austrian Emigrant Home, 84 Broad St.
Babies' Shelter, Church Holy Communion, Reception House, 49 W. 20th St.
Baptist Home for Aged, E. 68th St. and Park Ave.
Baron de Hirsh Home, 223 E. 13th St.
Bide-a-Wee Home (for animals), 511 W. 36th St.
Blind Asylum, Blackwell's 18land.
Bloomingdale Insane Asylum, White Plains, N. Y.
Office, 7. W. 15th St.
Brace Farm School for Boys, 105 E. 22d St.
Brace Memorial Lodging House, 14 New

Memorial Lodging House, 14 Chambers St

Catholic Protectory, Van Nest Station, office 415 Broome St.

Broome St.
Chapin Home for Aged and Infirm, 151 E. 66th St.
Charity Organization Society, 105 E. 22d St.
Children's Aid Society, executive effice, 105 E.
22d St.; Henrietta, 224 W. 63d St.; Italian, 155
Worth St.; Jones Memorial, 407 E. 73d St.; Rhinelander, 350 E. 88th St.; Sixth St., 630 6th St.; Shihelander, 350 E. 88th St.; Mott St., 256 Mott St.;
Pike St., 25 Pike St.; East Side, 287 East Broadway; 247 E. 44th St.; 552 W. 53d St.; 537 E. 16th St.
Christian Home for Girls, 217 E. 62d St.
Christian League Women's Industrial Home, 5 E.
12th St.

12th St.

Christian Waiters, 427 E. 51st St

Christian Workers, 129 E. 10th St. Christo Doro House, 145 Avenue B, 603 E. 9th St.

Christi Doro House, 145 Avenue B, 505 E, 3th St. Christliches Madchenheim, 217 E. 624 St. Church of God Missionary Home, 2132 Grand Ave. Colored Orphan Asylum, W. 261st St., near Riverdale Ave

Co-operative Home, 444 W. 23d St. Darrach Home for Crippled Child'n, 118W.104thSt. Day School and Home for Crippled Children, 2111

Madison Ave. Deaconess Home (Baptist), 312 W, 54th St.
Dominican Convent Our Lady of Rosary (Home for Destitute Children), 329 E. 63d St.

Edgewater Creche, C. D. Kellogg, Treas., 105 E. 22d St.

Elizabeth Home for Girls, 307 E. 12th St. Emergency Shelter for Women with Children, 311

E. 12th St. Epworth League Home for Working Girls, 239 E. 32d St.

Eva Home, 153 E. 62d St.

Finnish Woman's Co-operative Home, 1040 Lexington Ave

Five Points House of Industry, 442 W. 23d St. Five Points Mission, 63 Park St.

Foundling Asylum, 175 E. 68th St., near 3d Ave. Free Home for Young Girls, 23 E. 11th St.

French Evangelical Home for Young Women, 341 W. 30th St. German Lutheran Emigrant Home, 4 State St.

German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum, Havemeyer Ave., near Watson, Unionport.

Grace Church Hospital, 414 E. 14th St. Heartsease Home for Friendless Women, 413 E. 51st St.

Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Amsterdam Ave., near W. 137th St.

Hebrew Infant Asylum, 100 W. Kingsbridge Road. Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society,

229 E. Broadway.

Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Orphan Asylum,
(Pleasantville, N. Y.), 507 W. 155th St.

Hirsch, Clara de, Home for Working Girls, 225

E. 633 St.

Holy Cross House, 300 E. 4th St. Home for Aged and Infirm, Blackwell's Island, Homefor Aged and Infirm Hebrews,121 W.105thSt. Home for Boys, 225 W. 35th St. Home for Convalescents, 433 E. 118th St.

Home for Crippled and Incurable Children, Broadway, cor W. 155th St.

, Home for Destitute Crippled Children,141 W.61stSt.

Home for Homeless and Orphaned Boys, 521 E. Home for Indinerses and Orphaned Boys, 521 F.
130th St., 150 W. 127th St.
Home for Incirables, 3d Ave., cor. E. 182d St.
Home for Italian Immigrants, 3 Charlton St.
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, 1060Amster-

dam Ave. Home for Protestant Immigrant Glrls, 9 State St. Home for Relief of Destitute Blind, 896 Amster-

dam Ave. Home for Scaudinavian Immigrants, 24 Greenwich St

Home for the Aged, 213 E. 70th St., 135 W. 106th St., and E. 183d St., cor. Belmont Ave.

Home for Unemployed Young Women, 116 E.

106th St. Home for Young Women, 49 W. 9th St. Branches at 308 2d Ave., 153 E. 62d St., 24 W. 12th St. and 118 W. 13th St.

Home of the Rodeph Sholom, 157 E. 94th St., 2028 Seventh Ave.
Hopper, Isaac T., Home, 110 2d Ave.
House of Calvary (Incurable Cancer, Females),

5 Perry St. House of Mercy (Protestant Episcopal), W. 214th St., cor. Bolton Rd. House of Nazareth, W. 236th St., near Spuyten

Duvvil. House of Refuge, Randall's Island.

House of Rest for Consumptives, Inwood-on-the-Hudson, office, 59 E. 59th St.

House of the Good Shepherd, foot of E. 90th St. House of the Holy Comforter for Incurables, foot W. 139th St. House of the Holy Family, 136 2d Ave.

Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers. 225 E. 11th St.

Hugnenot Home of French Church Du St. Esprit, 237 W. 24th St. Hungarian Relief Society, 32 Pearl St. Industrial Building and Wood Yard, 516 W. 28th St.

Infant Asylum, Amsterdam Ave., cor. 61st St. Insane Asylum, Ward's Island, Institution of Mercy, 1075 Madison Ave.

Isabella Heimath, Amsterdam Ave and W. 190th St. Japanese Mission Home, 330 E, 57th St.

Jeanne d'Arc Home for French Girls, 251 W.24th St. Jennie Clarkson Home for Children (Valhalia, N.A.), office 55 Liberty St.

Juvenile Asylum, office, 103 Park Ave Lake Ruth Industries(Outcalt, N.J.), 271W.125thSt. Leake and Watts' Orphan House, Hawthorne Ave., near City Line. Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants,

6 State St. Lincoln Hospital and Home, E. 141st St., cor. Con-

cord Ave. Loeb, Solomon and Betty Memorial Home for Convalescents, 356 2d Ave.

Lutheran Pilgrim House, 8 State St. McAuley's Water St. Mission, 316 Water St.

Margaret Jane Unsectarian Home for Aged People, 512 E. 89th St.

Margaret Louisa Home of Young Women's Chrlstian Association, 14 E. 16th St. Messiah Home for Children, Andrews Ave., cor.
W. Tremont Ave.

Methodist Episcopal Home, Amsterdam Ave., cor. W. 92d St

Midnight Mission and St. Michael's Home, office, 289 4th Ave

Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary for the Protec-

MISSION OF OUR LARY OF the Rosary for the Protection of Irish Immigrant Girls, 7 State St.
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, 375 Lafayette St.
Montefiore Home, Broadway and W. 133th St.
National Florence Crittenion Mission, 21 Bleecker
St. Office 165 E. 22d St.
National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers,
office, 346 Broadway.

Newsboys' Lodging House, 14 New Chambers St. New York—Asylums and Homes bearing prefix "New York" will be, as a rule, found in this list minus the prefix."

New York Magdalen Benevolent Society, Bolton

Road, near Dyckman St.

ASYLUMS AND HOMES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX-Continued.

New York Orphan Asylum, Hastings, office 105 E. |

22d St.
New York State Reformatory at Elmira, office,
135 E. 15th St.

135 E. 15th St. Orphan Asylum and Home of P. E. Church, cor. Convent Ave. and W. 135th St.

Orphan Home and Asylum of Protestant Episcopal Church, office, 105 E. 22d St. Our Lady of Grace Hospital and Home for Desti-tute Mothers, 221 E. 79th St. Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women,

2064 Boston Rd.
Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men,

office, 97 Warren St. Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, 49 E. 73d St. Protestant Half-Orphan Asylum, 104th St. and

Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, 49 E. 73d St. Protestant Half-Crphan Asylum, 104th St. and Manhattan Ave.
Rescue Home, 316 E. 15th St.
Robertson, Gilbert A., Home, Scarsdale, N. Y.
Secretary, 59 Wall St.
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Sedgwick Ave., cor. Kingsbridge Rd., office, 470 Madison Ave.
Russian Immigrant, 347 E. 14th St.
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, Ft. Washington Ave., cor. W. 190th St.
Sallors' Snug Harbor, S. I. (office, 21 Nassan St.)
St. Agatha's Home for Children, 175 E. 68th St.
St. Agatha's Home for Deaconesses, 549 E. 171st St.
St. Ann's Home for Children, 546 E. 90th St.
St. Barnabas's House, 304 Mulberry St.
St. Barnboar's Home for Destinte Colored Children, 175 Lafayette St.
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School (female deaf mutes), 235 E. 14th St.
St. Joseph's Home for Aged, 609 5th St.
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, 209 W. 15th St.
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, 209 W. 15th St.
St. Joseph's Home for Working Girls, 117 Broad St,
St. Joseph's Home for Working Girls, 117 Broad St,
St. Joseph's Night Shelter for Homeless Women.

St. Joseph's Night Shelter for Homeless Women, 144 W. 15th St.

St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, 89th St., cor. Ave. A. St. Luke's Home for Aged Women, 2914 Broadway,

St. Mary's Home for Protection and Comfort of Respectable Young Women While Seeking Em-ployment, 143 W. 14th St. St. Philip's Home for Industrious Catholic Boys,

417 Broome St.

St. Philip's Parish Home, 1119 Boston Rd.

St. Raphael's Home, 10 Charlton St.

Rose's Free Home for Incurable Cancer, 426 Cherry St.

St. Vincent de Paul's, 215 W. 39th St.

St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women, 125 E.52d St.

Salvation Army Rescue Homes, 316 E. 15th St.; Industrial Home, 229 E. 120th St.; Samaritan Home for the Aged, 414 W. 22d St. Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, office, 356 2d Ave. Scandinavian Saliors' Home; 6 Catharine Sijp.

Scalling van Salois in the Cultarine Silp. Sevilla Home for Children, Hunt's Point, Bronx. Shelter for Women and Children, 311 E. 12th St. Shelter for Women and Children, 311 E. 12th St. Sheltering Arms, 504 W. 129th St. Sick Children's Mission, 237 E. Broadway, branch

of Children's Ald Society.
Sister Catherine's Home. 212 E. 46th St.
Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children, 297

4th Ave. Stepping Stone House, 48 Charles St. Stepping Stone House, 48 Charles St. Stony Wold Sanatorium, 118 W. 69th St.; Secretary, 167 W. 73d St.

Strachan, Margaret, Home, 103 W. 27th St.
Swedish Epworth Home, 588 Lexington Ave.
Swedish Lutheran Immigrant Home, 5 Water St.
Swiss Home, 35 W. 67th St.

Training Home for Christ'n Workers, 127 E. 10th St. Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, 221 W.

24th St.
Trinity Mission House, 211 Fulton St.
United Hebrew Charities, 356 24 Ave.
United Hebrew Charities, 356 24 Ave.

Volunteers of Am. Ind. Home for Men, 1837 Carter Ave. Washington Sq. Home for Friendless Girls, 9 W.

8th St.

Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, Sedgwick Ave., cor. W. 188th St. West-Side Boys' Hotel, 225 W. 25th St. White Rose Home for Working Girls, 217 E, 36th St.

Woman's Shelter, 243 Bowery,

Duration of Sunshine on United States Territory.

THE acquisition of Porto Rico, the Sandwich and Philippine Islands, and a portion of the Navigetor or Samoan Group has very considerably affected the duration of continuous sunshine on our territory. The mathematical discussion of this subject would be out of place here, but any one who desires to not place here, but any one who desires to the self on this matter can easily and satisfactorily do so by using a terrestrial globe having an artiforal nortron statehed to it, and carefully complying with the following instructions: Place the globe so that the North Pole shall be directed toward the north, and elevate it 23° above the horizon as indicated by the brass meridian. Assuming, of course, that the sun is in the zenith, this will be the position of the earth in reference to the sun at the Summer solistice, June 21. As we turn the globe on its axis from west to east, the sun will be rising at all places on the eastern and setting at all places on the eastern horizon, and we shall find on turning the globe through an entire revolution that some portion or other of our territory—including the slands named above—will always be above the horizon or will have continuous sinshilne during the twenty-four hours. If we now depress the North Pole 23° below the horizon we shall have the relative position of things at the Winter solistice, December 21, and we shall find the opposite conditions to prevall; that is to say, the sun will not now shine continuously on our territory, but some portion of it will always be involved in darkness or below the horizon. in darkness or below the horizon.

say, the sun will not now same continuously on our territory, but some portion of it will always be involved in darkness or below the horizon the globe in the horizon, which is the relative position at the equinoxes, March 21 and September 21, and turn the globe through a complete revolution, we shall find that for a very short time during the twenty-four hours the whole of our territory will be below the horizon or in darkness. Finally, let us elevate the North Pole about 5° above the horizon, then we shall find, as we revolve the globe on its axis, that some portion of our territory is always above the horizon or has sunshine. Therefore, we conclude that when the sun's northern declination exceeds 5°, or from the 3d of April to the 10th of September, the sun will shine continuously over some part or other of United States territory.

If we consider the effect of refraction, which accelerates the time of rising and retards the time of setting, the above dates may be practically extended to within two or three days of the equinoxes.

Great Britain, France, and Holland are the only nations on whose dominous the sun never sets. Those of Great Britain, France, and Holland are the only nations on whose dominous the sun never sets. and so a setting at one, it is rising on another. The Freech possessions consist for the most part of numerous small islands in the Atlantic, Indian, and Pache Oceans, with continental territories in South America, Africa, and Asla, and accordingly are so distributed that the sign is always above the horizon of some of them. The foreign possessions of Holland are far more extensive than most people imagine. With the exception of Dutch Guiana in South America, they consist of two groups of Islands—one on the coast of Smaller Islands scattered throughout the East Indian Archipelaco, extending over 40° of longitude. These, with Holland itself, are so situated as to cheir difference of longitude that the sun is always shining on some of them. of them.

Prominent Societies and Associations (IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUCHS).

Actors' Society, 145 W.45th St. Georgia Earle, Sec. Actuarial Society, Arthur Hunter, Sec., 346 Broadway.

Agricultural Experts' Association, 128 W. 43d St.

Chas, H. Plump, Sec.
Albany Medical Col. Association, 44 W, 37th St,
Albany Society, 1133 B'way. M. J. Lewi, Sec.
Alliance Against Accident Fraud, 21 Park Row. Amantee Against Accident Fland, 27 Lak Ross.
Frank L. Arnold, Sec.
Amateur Athletic Union of U. S., 21 Warren
St. James E. Sullivan, Sec.

Amen Corner, Wm. Lander, Sec., 63 Park Row. Am. Anti-Boycott Association, 27 William St. Herman F. Lee, Sec.

Am. Automobile Association, 4375th Ave. John N. Brooks, Sec. Association, 11 Pine St. Fred

Am. Bankers' E. Farnsworth, Sec.

Am. Bison Society, Zoological Park, Bronx. Wm. P. Wharton. Sec. Vm. P. Wharton, Sec. Am. Booksellers' Association, 27 E. 22d St., W.

S. Lewis, Sec. Am. Bureau of Shipping, 68 Beaver St. W. S. Nichols, Sec.

Am. Church Missionary Society, 281 4th Ave. Wm. J. Schieffelin, Pres. Am. Citizenship Association, 519 W. 123d St.

Frank Hoffman, Sec.

Am. Copyright League, Robert U. Johnson, Sec., 33 E. 17th St. Am. Embassy Association, 505 5th Ave. Frank

D. Pavey, Sec. Am. Institute, 19 W. 44th St. A. B. Dayton, Sec. Am. Institute of Banking, 5 Nassau St. A. C.

Dorris, Sec.
Am. Missionary Association, 287 4th Ave. H.
P. Douglas and Chas. J. Ryder, Secs.
Am. Newspaper Pub. Association, 61 Park Row.

John S. Bryan, Sec. Am. Protective Tariff League, 339 Broadway.

Francis C. Leland, Pres. Am. Railway Association, 30 Vesey St.

F. Allen, Sec. Am. Red Cross, 1 Madison Ave. Mrs. W. K.

Draper, Sec. Am. Seamen's Friend Society, 76 Wall St. Geo. McP. Hunter, Sec.

Am. Socialist Society, 239 E. 84th St. A. H. Lee, Sec. Am. Sunday-School Union, 156 5th Ave. E. P.

Bancroft, Sec. Am. Sunshine Association, 147 W. 23d St. Louisa

F. Knaner, Sec Am. University Society, 47 W. 34th St. Am. Water-Color Society, 215 W. 57th St.

Merritt Post, Sec. Aquarium Society, N. Y. Aquarium, Battery Park.

Relief Society, Mrs. Henry Bischoff, Army Sec., 180 W. 59th St. Artists' Aid Society, 215 W. 57th St.

Art Students' League, 215 W. 57th St. R. F. Bloodgood, Sec.

Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, 136 2d Ave. Miss Almee Delmonico, Sec. Association for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, 904 Lexington Ave.

Mutes, 904 Lexington Ave.
Association of American Advertisers, 17 Park
Row. Chas. P. Knill, Manager.
Andubon Society, Central Park West, cor. W.
77th St. Emma H. Lockwood, Sec.
"Big Sisters," Anna H. Vanderbilt, 660 Fifth Ave.
Board of Foreign Missions, 150 5th Ave. Adna
B. Leonard, HomerC, Stuntz, S. O. Benton, Secs.
California Society, 5 Beekman St. Chas. J.
Brooks. Sec.

Brooks, Sec. Canadian Society, 2 Rector St. W. C. Margeson,

Charity Organization Society, 105 E. 22d St. E. T. Devine. Gen. Sec. Chattel Loan Society of N.Y., 50 Union Sq.,

Arthur Ham, Sec. Children's Aid Society, 105 E.22d St. C. L. Brace, Sec.

Citizens Union, 41 Park Row. J. O. Hammitt, Sec.

City Vigilance League, 105 E. 22d St. T. L. Mc-Clintock, Sec. Civil Service Reform Association, 79 Wall St.

Elliot H. Goodwin, Sec.
Commercial Society, 2 Stone St. Ernst Korn, Pres.

Consumers' League, 106 E. 19th St. Mrs. F. I. Cobb, Sec.

Cooper Union, for Advancement of Science and Cooper Union, for Advancement of Science and Art, 8th St. and 4th Ave. R. Fulton Cutting, Sec. Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the P. E. Church, 281 4th Ave., John W. Wood, Sec. Emma Willard Association, Mrs. Lucius E. Wilson, Sec. 67 W. 11th St. Equal Franchies Society, I Madison Ave. Miss

Equal Franchise Society, 1 March 2012 Ethel Gross, Sec. Ethel Gross, Sec. Evangelical Alliance, 222 W. 23d St. Leander Chamberlain, Pres. Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, 182 Broadway. Walter J. Drimmond. Sec. Gaelic Society, 222 West 46th St. Thos. J. Bren-Gaelic Society, 222 West 46th St.

Georgia Society, 111 Broadway. Geo. B. Williams, Sec.

Hams, Sec. German Society, 147 4th Ave. A. Behrens, Sec. Helping Hand Association, 229 E. 59th St. Mrs. Arthur M. Hunter, Sec. Holland Society, 99 Nassau St. H. L. Bogert, Sec. Home and Foreign Missionary Society of A. M. E. Church, 61 Bible House, H. W. W. Beckett, Sec. Horticultural Society, Geo. V. Nash, Sec., Botani-cal Gardens cal Gardens.

Cai Gardens,
Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, 105
E. 22d St. Robert Olyphant, Pres.
Hithois Society, Vm. J. Filbert, Sec., 71 B'way.
Irish Emigrant Society, 51 Chambers St., 29
Reade St. Thos. V. Brady, Sec.
Irish Ind Leggue of America, 20 Vaccy St.

Reade St. Thos, V. Brady, Sec.
Jrish Ind. League of America, 20 Vesey St.
John Quinn, Sec.
Japan Society, Hotel Astor. Eugene C. Worden, Sec., 165 Broadway,
Kansas Society, 31 E. 22d St. M. P. Gould Sec.
Ladies' Christian Union. 49 W. 9th St.; 308 2d
Ave. and 163 E. 62d St. Mrs. Wm. W. Clark, Sec.
Legal Aid Society, 239 Broadway, 1 Broadway,
127 Madison Ave., 401 W. 59th St., 89 Delancey
St., 2022 Lexington Ave. Cornelius P. Kitchel, Sec.
Little Mothers' Aid Association, 236 2d Ave.

St. 2022 Lexington Ave. Cornellus r. Alledellas. Little Mothers' Aid Association, 236 2d Ave. Mrs. Emilie Van Biel, Sec. Maryland Society. Paul C. Whipp, Sec., 54 Wall St.

Merchants' Association, 54 Lafayette St. S. C. Mead, Sec. Michigan Society. Jas. S. Dunstan, Sec., 42

Broadway. Minnesota Society, 21 Park Row. Henry G. Ingersoll, Sec.

Missour Society, 1 Wall St., Geo. E. Stewart, Sec. Municipal Art Society, 1 W. 34th St., Miss Laura . Post, Sec. Nat'l Association of Credit Men, 41 Park Row.

Nat'l Association of Credit Men, 41 Park Row.
J. H. Tregoe, Sec.
Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Purity.
5 E. 12th St. Mrs. E. B. Grannis, Pres.
Nat'l Humane Alliance, 105 E. 22d St. H. G.
Fiske, Pres.
National Rough Riders' Association. Colton
Reed, Sec., 206 Broadway.
Nat'l Society of New England Women, 310 W.
55th St. Mrs. Malcolm McLean, Sec.
New England Society. H. A. Cushing, 43 Cedar
St., Sec.

New England Society. 11. A. Communication of Sciences, Central Park West, Sc. N. Y. Academy of Sciences, Central Park West, cor. W. 77th St. E. O. Hovey, Rec. Sec. N. Y. Association of Working Girls' Societies, 209 E. 23d St. Mrs Vernon C. Brown, Sec. N. Y. Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 E. 22d St. Frederick T. Hill, Sec. N. Y. Bible Society, 68 Bible House. Chas. W. Parsons, Sec. N. Y. Browning Society, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, Mrs, Thos. J. Vivian, Sec.

PROMINENT SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS—Continued.

N. Y. City Federation of Women's Clubs, 77 W. N. Y. City Federation of Women's Clubs, 77 W. 85th St. Mrs. P. D. Hackstaff, Sec. N. Y. City Mission and Tract Society, 105 E. 22d St. A. E. Schauffler, Pres. N. Y. City Teachers' Association, Florence Moffitt, Sec., 159 E. 49th St. N. Y. Civil Service Ass'n. Wm. V. McCoy, Sec. 2033 Mapes Ave. N. Y. Electrical Society, 29 W. 39th St. Geo. H. Guy Sec.

N. Y. Electrical Society, ...
Guy, Sec.
N. Y. Flower and Fruit Mission, 104 E. 20th St.
Miss F. L. Russell, Sec.
N. Y. Genealogical and Biographical Society,
226 W. 58th St. H. R. Drowne, Sec.
N. Y. Historical Society, 170 Central Park W.
John A. Weeks, Cor. Sec.

N. Y. Kindergarten Association, 524 W. 42d St. James M. Bruce, Sec. Y. Law Institute, 118 P.-O. Building. Alfred Heinrichs, Sec.

Mænnerchor Society, 203 E. 56th St. N. Y. Mæni Kuntz, Sec. Y.

N. Y. Society for the Frevention of Charles to Children, 297 4th Ave. Geo. G. Haven, Jr., Sec. N. Y. Society for the Suppression of Vice, 140 Nassau St. A. Comstock, Sec.

Nassau St. A. Comstock, Sec.
N. Y. Society of Pedagogy, 400 E. 86th St. John
W. Davis, Sec.
N. Y. Southern Society. Thomas S. Fuller,
Sec., 30 Broad St.
N. Y. Sunday-School Association, 105 E. 22d St.
J. T. Goodman, Sec.
N. Y. Typothetic Society, 147 4th Ave. Fred.
P. Smith, Rec. Sec.
N. Y. Zoological Soc., 11 Wall St. and E. 183d St.,
cor. Southern Boulevard. M. Grant, Sec.
North Carolina Society. Henry B. Short, Sec.,
So Liberty St. 55 Liberty St.

Ohio Society, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. David I. Bates. Jr., Sec. H. Bates, Jr., Sec. Old Guard, 229 W. 51st St. A. P. Vrendenbergh, Sec.

Oratorio Society, 1 W. 34th St. W. B. Tuthill, Sec. Pennsylvania Society, 249 W. 13th St., Barr Ferree, Sec

Philharmouic Society, Carnegie Hall. Felix F. Leifels.

Prison Ass'n, 135 E. 15th St. Engene Smith, Pres. Professional Woman's League, 1999 Broadway, Mrs. Ida Wells, Sec.

Public Education Ass'n, 28I 4th Ave. W. Dunn, Sec.

Purim Ass'n, M. H. Moses, Pres.

Russian Symphony Society, Carnegie Hall, St. Andrew's Society, 105 E, 22d St. Wr MacBean, Sec. St. David's Soc., 289 4th Ave. G. M. Lewis.

G. M. Lewis, Sec. St. George's Society, 108 Broad St.

Cauty, Sec. St. Nicholas Soc., 1328 Broadway. C. Storm, Sec. St. Nicholas Soc., 1328 Broadway. C. Storm, Sec. Society for Instruction in First Aid to the Injured, 105 E. 22d St. J. N. Borland, Sec. Society for the Prevention of Crime, 105 E. 22d St. T. D. Kenneson, Sec. Society for the Relief of Half-Orphans and Destitute Children, Manhattan Ave., near W. 104th St. Mrs. J. R. Wheeler, Sec. Society of Louisiana, 6 Wall St., Oscar Yenni, Sec. South Carolinans. Wm. A. Barber, Pres., 165 Broadway.

Broadway.

Tennessee Society. J. C. Lavender, Sec., 57 E. 9th St.

University Settlement Society, 134 Eldridge St. Robt. G. Mead, Sec. Veteran Firemen's Association, 132 Nassau St. Charles McNamee, Sec.

Virginians (The), Stuart G. Gibboney, Sec., 30 Broad St.

West Virginia Society. Wm. De H. Washington, Pres., 267 Fifth Ave.
Wisconsin Society. Bernard G. Heyn, Treas., 60 Wall St.

Women's Prison Association, 110 2d Ave. Women's Frison Association, 110 2d Ave. Mrs. H. M. Guilleudea, Sec. Young Men's Hebrew Association, Lexing-ton Ave. and E. 92d St. E. H. Paul, Sec.

Wotels in **Manhattan**. Marlborough, 1355 Broadway

*Albemarle, Broadway and 24th Street.

*Albemarle, Broadway and 24th Street.

*Albert, University Place and 11th Street.

*Ansonia, Broadway and 73d Street.

*Ashton, Madison Avenue and 93d Street.

*Ashton, Madison Avenue and 93d Street.

*Astor, Broadway, 44th and 45th Streets.

*Barthodi's, Broadway and 23d Street.

*Belleclaire, 2173 Broadway.

*Belmont, 42d Street and Park Avenue.

*Beresford, 1 West 81st Street.

*Bresslin, Broadway and 29th Street.

*Bresont. 5th Avenue and 8th Street.

Brevoort, 5th Avenue and 5th Street.
Broadway Central, 673 Broadway.
Brunswick, 89th Street and Madison Avenue.
Buckingham, 5th Avenue and 50th Street.

*Cadillac, Broadway and 43d Street.

*Cosmopolitan, Chambers St. and W. Broadway.

*Empire, Broadway and 63d Street.

*Empirè, Broadway and 63d Street.
†Endicott, Columbus Avenue and 81st Street.
†Flanders, 135 W. 47th St.
†Gotham, 5th Avenue and 55th Street.
†Grand, Broadway and 31st Street.
†Grand Union, 4th Avenue and 42d Street.
†Great Northern, 118 W. 57th Street.
†Great Northern, 118 W. 57th Street.
†Grenoble, 7th Avenue and 56th Street.
†Herald Square, 34th Street, near Broadway.
†Hermitage, 7th Avenue and 42d Street.
†Hoffman House, 1111 Broadway.
†Holland House, 5th Avenue and 30th Street.
†Imperial, Broadway and 32d Street.
†Knickerbocker, Broadway and 42d Street.

*Imperial, Broadway and 320 Street.

*Knickerbocker, Broadway and 42d Street.

*Latham, 4 E. 28th St.

*Longacre, 157 West 47th Street.

*Majestic, 4 West 72d Street.

*Manhatian, 42d Street and Madison Avenue.

*Marie Antoinette, Broadway and 66th Street.

*Marseille, Broadway and 103d St.
*Martha Washington, 4th Avenne and 29th Street.

*Martinique, Broadway and 32d Street.

*McAlpin, Broadway and 33d Street.

*Mills, Bleecker and Thompson Streets.

*Mills, Rivington and Chrystie Streets.

*Mills, 7th Avenue and 36th Street,

*Murray Hill, Park Avenue and 40th Street,

*Navarre, 510 7th Avenue,

*Netherland, corner 5th Avenue and 59th Street,

*Netherland, corner 5th Avenue and 59th Street.
*Park Avenue, Park Avenue and 32d Street,
*Plaza, 5th Avenue and 59th Street.
*Prince George, 14 E, 28th Street.
*Prince George, 14 E, 28th Street.
*Ritz-Carlton, Madison Avenue and 46th Street,
*Ritz-Carlton, Madison Avenue and 69th Street,
*Roland, Madison Avenue and 59th Street,
*St. Denis, Broadway and 11th Street,
*St. George, Broadway and 12th Street,
*St. George, Broadway and 12th Street,
*St. Regis, 5th Avenue and 55th Street,
*San Remo, 8th Avenue and 57th Street,
*Saville, corner 29th Street and Madison Avenue

*Seville, corner 29th Street and Madison Avenue.

*Seville, corner 29th Street and Manson Avenue. *Sherman Square, Broadway and W. 71st Street. *Smith & McNell's, 197 Washington Street. *Times Square Hotel, 206 W. 43d Street. *Union Square, 15th Street and Union Square.

Times Square, 15th Street and Union Square.

Vanderbilt, 34th Street and Park Avenne.

Vatoria, 5th Avenne and 27th Street.

Vaddorf-Astoria, 5th Avenne, 33d to 34th Street.

Waldorf-Astoria, 5th Avenne and 55th Street.

Wolcott, W. 31st Street, near 5th Avenne.

Woodstock, 135 W. 43d St.

'York, 7th Avenne and 36th St.

*European Plan. †American Plan. ‡American and European Plans.

Bridges Kn and About the City of New York. BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

The bridge connecting Manhattan and Brooklyn over the East River from Park Row, Manhattan, to Sands and Washington Streets, Brooklyn, was begun January 3, 1870, and opened to traffic May 24, 1883. Total cost of the bridge to date about \$22,400,000.

The tolls are: For foot passengers, free; railway fare, 3 cents, or 2 tickets for 5 cents. Roadway tolls for vehicles abolished July 18, 1911. On August 23, 1897, the bridge railway was leased to the elevated railroad companies (now operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit), paying therefor 10 cents per car; trolley cars, 5 cents per round trip. A bout 125,000 surface cars cross the bridge each month. The following are the statistics of the structure: Width of bridge, 86 feet. Length of river span, 1,995 feet 6 inches. Length of each land span, 930 feet. Length of Brooklyn approach, 1998 feet. Length of New York approach, 1,562 feet 6 inches. Total length of carriageway, 6,016 feet. Total length of the bridge, with extensions, 7,580 feet.

Size of Manhattan caisson, 172 x 102 feet. Size of Brooklyn caisson, 168 x 102 feet. Timber and fron in caisson, 5,253 cubic yards. Concrete in well holes, chambers, etc., 5,669 cubic feet. Weight of Manhattan caisson, about 7,000 tons. Weight of concrete filling, about 8,000 tons.

Manhattan tower contains 46,945 cubic yards masonry. Brooklyn tower contains 38,214 cubic yards masonry. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Brooklyn, 45 feet. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Brooklyn, 45 feet. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Brooklyn water, 272 feet. Clear height of bridge in centre of river span above high water at 900 F., 135 feet. Height of floor at towers above high water, 119 feet 3 inches. Grade of roadway, 34 feet in 100 feet. Height of towers above roadway, 153 feet. Size of anchorage at tow, 117 x 104 feet. Height of anchorages, 89 feet front, 85 feet rear. Weight of each anchor plate, 23 tons.

Number of cables, 4. Diameter of each cable, 12,000 tons. Weight of wire, 11 feet per pound Each cable

a solid cylinder, 15% inches in diameter. Permanent weight suspended from cables, 14,680 tons.

MANHATTAN BRIDGE.

Manhattan terminal, Bowery and Canal St.; Brooklyn terminal, Nassau, near Bridge St. Estimated cost, \$26,000,000; of which \$14,000,000 is for structure, \$8,000,000 for land in Manhattan, and \$4,000,000 for land in Brooklyn.

Width of bridge, 122 ft. 6 in. Length of river span, 1,470 ft. Length of each land span, 725 ft. Length of Manhattan approach 2,067 ft. Length of Brooklyn approach, 1,868 ft. Total length of roadway, 6,855 ft. Bridge is of double-deck design, first deck to have one 35-foot roadway in centre and two subway tracks on each side and one 11-foot footwalk on each side, top deck to have four trolley tracks. Approximately 40,000 cubic yards excavation for each auchor pier; approximately 115,000 cubic yards masonry and concrete in each anchor pier.

Height of cables at top of tower above mean high water mark, 32 ft. 6 in. Height of roadway at the first of the strength of th

30,000 tons.

Weight of steel cables and suspenders, 8,000 tons. Weight of each tower, 6,300 tons. Weight of main spau, 9,000 tons. Weight of each side span, 5,000 tons. Weight of steel in each anchorage, 1,300 tons. Weight of Manhattan approach, 8,500 tons. Weight of Brooklyn approach, 8,000 tons.

Work of construction of tower foundation in Brooklyn commenced October 1, 1901. Roadway opened for traffic December 31, 1909. East footwalk opened to pedestrians July 18, 1910. West footwalk opened to pedestrians July 18, 1910.

footwalk opened May 11, 1911.

WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE.

The tower foundations for the bridge in Manhattan are at the foot of Delancey Street, and in Brooklyn at a point between South Fifth and South Sixth Streets. The bridge ends at Clinton Street in Manhattan, and at Havemeyer Street in Brooklyn. Construction commenced November 7, 1896. Size of Manhattan caissons (2), 76 x 60 feet; Brooklyn caissons (2), 76 x 63 feet. Depth of tower foundations in Manhattan the caisson 55 feet, south caisson 66 feet below mean high water; in Brooklyn, north caisson 107 feet 5 inches, south caisson 91 feet 9 inches below mean high water. Height of masonry in Manhattan and Brooklyn towers, 23 feet above mean high water. Total height of towers above mean high water, 322 feet 9 inches. Size of both anchorages at top, 149 feet x 127 feet 5 inches. Length of main span, 1,600 feet; each side span, 596 feet 6 inches; Manhattan approach, 2,650 feet. Brooklyn approach, 1.865 feet. Total length from Clinton Street, Manhattan, to New Street, Brooklyn, 7,308 feet. Width over all, 118 feet. Two roadways, each 20 feet wide, two footwalks, each 17 feet 8 inches wide. Height of roadways at coursers, 125 feet 8 inches above mean high water. Clear height of roadways at centre of bridge, 145 feet 6 inches above mean high water. Number of supporting cables, 4. Diameter of each cable, 18% inches. Length of each single wire in cables, 2,985 feet. Total length of wire in four cables, 17,404 miles. Weight of four cables, including suspenders, 4,900 tons. Weight of structural steel and fron in main bridge, 23,800 tons in approaches, 16,600 fons; total, 45,300 tons. Bridge opened for pedestrians and vehicles December 19, 1903. Surface railway for Ronklyn lines began operation November 3, 1904. Surface railway for Manhattan lines began operation February 9, 1905. Elevated railway began operation September 16, 1908. Cost of construction, including station in Manhattan, \$14,000,000. Cost of land, \$9,100,000. The tower foundations for the bridge in Manhattan are at the foot of Delancey Street, and \$9,100,000.

QUEENSBORO BRIDGE.

Plans approved by the War Department, February 23, 1901. Main bridge is a continuous cantilever. Fridge, with approaches, extends from Second Avenue, between Fifty plant and Sixtieth Streets, Manhattan, to Crescent Street, Queens. Construction commenced

BRIDGES IN AND ABOUT THE CITY OF NEW YORK-Continued.

June, 1901. Height of highest masonry piers, 124 feet above mean high water. Length of Manhattan approach, 1.052 feet; west channel span, 1.182 feet; Island span, 630 feet; east channel span, 984 feet; length of Queens approach, 2,672 feet 6 inches. Total length from Second Avenue to Croscent Street, 7.449 feet. In addition, the Queens plaza has a length of 1.152 feet, extending from Crescent Street to Jackson Avenue. Width over all, 89 feet 6 inches. Width of roadway, 53 feet. Two sidewalks, each 16 feet wide. Height of roadway in central portion of bridge, 143 feet above mean high water. Height of footrwalks in central portion of bridge, 165 feet above mean high water. Height of lower balconies on towers on Blackwell's Island, 202 feet. 6 inches above mean high water. Height of upper balconies on towers on Flackwell's Island, 333 feet above mean high water. Clear height of bridge for channel width of 400 feet for both east and west channels. 135 feet above mean high water. Weight of steel and iron in main bridge, 54.200 tons; in cpproaches, 23,000 tons. Total, 74,500 tons. Bridge opened for pedestrians and vehicles March 30, 1908. Surface railway began operation, September 19, 1909. Cost of bridge construction, \$13,500,000; cost of land, \$4,400,000; total, \$17,900,000.

District Readers in New York City. DEMOCRATIC LEADERS AND EXECUTIVE MEMBERS.

Ass'y Dist.	Ass'y Dist.	Ass'y Dist.
1-D. E. Finn.	16-Edward F. Boyle.	32-Fred, C. Humphries,
2—Thomas F. Foley.	17—Rosswell D. Williams.	T. H. O'Neill.
3-John C. Fitzgerald.	18-John V. Coggey.	33-Michael J. Garvin.
John T. Oakley.	Bart Dunn.	34-Stephen A. Nugent
4-John F. Ahearn.	19-James J. Hynes.	35-Ellsworth Heally.
P. J. Scully.	20-William N. Shannon.	
5-C. W. Culkin.	21-John H. O'Connell.	James A. Foley.
6-David Lazurus.	22-William H. Sinnott.	Lewis Nixon.
7—Frank J. Goodwin.	23-Thomas F. McAvoy.	Antonio Zucca.
8-C. D. Sullivan.	24-J. J. Dietz.	Robert L. Luce.
9-P. J. Dooling.	25-Joseph F. Prendergast.	William F. Grell.
William Dalton,	26-J. J. Frawley.	John R. Voorhis.
10-Solomon Goldenkranz.	27-George Donnellan.	George E. Best.
11-T. J. McManus.	28-Nicholas J. Hayes.	Chairman - Thomas F. McAvov.
12-C. F. Murphy.	29—Thomas E. Rush.	Thomas E. Rush.
13-John F. Curry.	30 S-P. E. Nagle.	Secretaries Thomas E. Rush. Thomas F. Smith.
14-M. J. Cruise.	30 N-Wallace S. Fraser.	Treasurer—Philip F. Donohue.
15—James J. Hagan.	31-William J. Wright.	•

REPUBLICAN	LEADERS AND EXECU	TIVE MEMBERS.
Ass'y Dist.	Ass'y Dist.	Ass'y Dist.
1—William G. Rose.	14-John S. Shea.	27—Joseph W. Spencer,
2-Joseph Levenson,	15-Niles R. Becker.	28-John B, Cartwright.
3—James E. March,	16-Charles K. Lexow.	29—William Chilvers,
4—Alexander Wolf.	17—Abraham Gruber.	30—Frank K. Bowers.
5-Joseph T. Hackett.	18-Joseph E. Neiedly.	31 - John J. Lyons.
6-Samuel S. Koeuig.	19-Alexander Brough.	32 Upper—John J. Knewitz.
7—Benjamin Fox.	20-William C. Hecht.	32 Lower-William II. Ten Eyck.
8—Louis Jacobson,	21-Moses M, McKee.	33—Alfred E. Simonds.
9-Michael H. Blake.	22—Ambrose O. Neal.	34—Ernest W. Bradbury.
10—Frederick L. Marshall,	23—Collin H. Woodward.	35—Thomas W. Whittle.
11—George W. Wanmaker.	24-Morris Levy.	President—Samuel S. Koenig.
12-William Henkel.	25-Frederick C. Tanner	Sec'y-John Boyle, Jr.
13-Anthony P. Ludden.	26—Samuel Krulewitch.	Treas,—Ogden L. Mills.

New York Chamber of Commerce.

Organized April 5, 1768. Incorporated by George III. March 13, 1770. Reincorporated by the State of New York April 13, 1784. Its object is indicated in the following words of the original charter: "Sensible that numberless inestimable benefits have accrued to mankind from commerce that they are, in proportion to their greater or lesser application to it, more or less opulent and potent in all countries; and that the enlargement of trade will vastly increase the value of real estates as well as the general opulence of our said colony," and "to carry into execution, encourage, and promote, by just and lawful ways and means, such measures as will tend to promote and extend just and lawful or promote and extend just and lawful ways and means, such measures as will tend to promote and extend just and lawful or promote and e ful commerce."

During the decade 1760-1770, according to Lord Sheffield's Observations, the average yearly value of American Colonial imports from Great Britain was £1,763,409, and of exports to the same country 11.044,591. Up to the evacuation of the city by the British and its occupation by the Americans, the 25th of November, 1783, the New York Chamber of Commerces. In May, 1763, the Nandy Hock Lighthouse was lighted up for the first time. In 1784 petitioned the Chamber of Commerce first suggested the construction of the Eric Canal, and in 1784 petitioned the New York Legislature (which so ordered) that duties should be levied under a specific instead of an ad valorem tariff.

As a society the Chamber of Commerce is limited to fifteen hundred resident and two hundred and fifty non-resident members. Initiation fee, \$50. Annual dues, \$50 per annum.

members, \$25 per annum.

The building of the Chamber is at 65 Liberty Street, New York. Officers: President—John Claffin; Secretary—Sereno S. Pratt; Assistant-Secretary—Chas. T. Gwynne; Treasurer—William H. Porter.

Parks in Manhattan.

HEADQUARTERS FOR MANHATTAN, THE ARSENAL, CENTRAL PARK.

Battery, foot of Broadway. 21 acres.
Bryant, 6th Av. and W. 42d St. 4 acres.
Carl Schurz, between Av. B and East River, E.
84th St. to E. 89th St. 12½ acres.
Chelsea, 27th St. and 9th Ave. 3 acres.
City Hall Park, Broadway, Park Row, and Chambers St. 8 acres.
Colonial, 145th to 155th St. Prodbuyer, Av. to

bers St. 8 acres.
olonial, 145th to 155th St., Bradhurst Av. to Colonial.

Columbus, Mulberry and Bayard Sts. 21/2 acres. Corlears Hook Park, Corlears and South Sts. 8 acres.

De Witt Clinton, 52d to 54th St., North River. acres

Fort Washington, Ft. Washington Point, Hudson River. 40% acres. Hamilton Fish Park, Houston and Willett Sts.

3½ acres. Highbridge Park, 155th St. to Washington Bridge, 75% acres.

west of Driveway. 75% acres Isham, 215th St. and Broadway

John Jay, 76th to 78th St., East River. 3 acres.

Madison Square, Broadway and 23d St. 61/2 acres. Manhattan Square, Central Park W., 77th to 81st Sts. 171/2 acres.

Morningside, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs. and W. 110th and W. 123d Sts. 31 acres. Mount Morris Park, between Madison and Mt. Morris Aves, and 120th and 124th Sts. 20 acres.

Riverside Park, between Riverside Ave. and the N. Y. C. R. R. and W. 72d and W. 129th Sts. 140 acres.

St. Gabriel's Park, 1st Ave. and 35th St. 3 acres. St. Nicholas, 130th to 141st St., St. Nich'ls to 10th Av. 1916 acres.

19% acres.
Seward, Canal and Jefferson Sts. 3 acres.
Stuyvesant, Rutherfurd Pl. and E. 16th St. 4 acres.
Thomas Jefferson, 111th St., 1st Av., 114th St.
and Harlem River. 15% acres.
Tompkins Square, Av. A and 7th St. 10½ acres.
Union Square, Broadway and 14th St. 3 acres.
Washington Square, 5th Av. and Waverley Pl. 8
acres.

acres.

The great park of New York extends from 59th St., to 110th St., being over 2½ miles long, and from 5th Ave. to 8th Ave., being over half a mile wide. It covers 343 acres, of which 185 are in lakes and reservoirs and 400 in forest, wherein over half a million trees and shrubs have been planted. There are 9 miles of roads, 5½ of bridle paths, and 31 of walks. The landscape architects of the Park were Prederick Law Olmsted and Calvert Vaux. Public park carriages can be found (except in Winter) at the entrances on 5th Ave. and 8th Ave. The fare for an extended ride through the Park is 35 cents. Work was begun on the Park in 1857. The following fancitul names have been oldically applied to the several entrances to the Park is 185. The following fancitul names have been oldically applied to the several entrances to the Park is 5th Ave. and 58th St., Scholar's Gate; 5th Ave. and 58th St., Artist's Gate; 7th Ave. and 59th St., Vernan's Gate; 8th Ave. and 7th St., Worman's Gate; 8th Ave. and 7th Ave. and 58th St., Mariner's Gate; 8th Ave. and 58th St., Stranger's Gate; 8th Ave. and 67th St., Studen's Gate; 5th Ave. and 58th St., Miner's Gate; 5th Ave. and 7th St., Winer's Gate; 5th Ave. and 7th St., Winer's Gate; 5th Ave. and 58th St., Woodman's Gate; 5th Ave. and 7th St., Winer's Gate; 5th Ave. and 7th St., Woodman's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Woodman's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Woodman's Gate; 5th Ave. and 10th St., Warrior's Gate. CENTRAL PARK,

FACTS ABOUT PUBLIC PARKS FACTS ABOUT FUBLIC PARKS.

Union Square was purchased by the city in 1833 for 8116,061; Madison Square, in 1847, for \$65,952;
Tompkins Square, in 1834, for \$93,258; Washington Square, in 1827, for \$77,970, and Manhattan Square, in 1859, for \$654,657. The latter is assessed as a part of Central Park. The other four are assessed at over \$16,000,000, and are easily worth \$20,000,000, while their original cost to the city was only \$353,331.
Prospect Park, Brooklyu, contains 526 1-6 acres. In woodland, 110 acres; in lakes and watercourses, 7a acres; in meadows, 70 acres; in plantations, 259 1-6 acres; in drives, 9 miles; in bridle roads, 31-10 miles; in walks, 12 miles. Ocean Parkway is 51-2 miles long and 210 feet wide. Eastern Parkway is 21-2 miles long and 210 feet wide. London has 271 public parks, containing 17,876 acres of ground. The largest European city park is in Denmark; it contains 4,200 acres. The great forest of Northern New York covers an area of 3 558 808 acres. York covers an area of 3,588,803 acres.

PARKS IN BOROUCH OF THE BRONX.

HEADQUARTERS, ZBROWSKI MANSION, CLAREMONT PARK.

Bronx, north of E. 182d St. and White Plains Poe. 2½ acres. Road, 719½ acres. Claremont, Belmont St., Clay Av. and 170th St. 113 acres. 1134 acres.

38 acres. Crotona, Fulton, 3d, and Arthur Aves. 154% acres.

De Voe, Sedgwick Av. and 188th St. 5¾ acres. Echo. 4 acres. Franz Sigel, Walton Av., and 158th St. and Mott

Av., 17½ acres.
Macomb's Dam, Jerome Av., and 162d St., 27 acres.
Pelham Bay, on Long Island Sound and East
Chester Bay. 1,755 acres.

James, Jerome Av., Creston Av., & E. 191st St. 11% acres.

St. Mary's, 149th St., St. Ann's and Robbins Avs. 3434 acres.

University. 2% acres.

Van Cortlandt, northern boundary of city, 1.132% acres.

Washington Bridge, Sedgwick Av., Harlem River. 816 acres.

On August 26, 1911, the City Record published a report of the Department of Taxes and Assessments, placing a value on the parks in the Bronx at \$55,627,000.

The Borough of the Bronx contains 26,017 acres, of which nearly 4,200 acres, or about 15.2 per cent, is devoted to park purposes, giving one acre of park land to each 130 of the people living in the

Borough.

PASSERS-BY IN NEW YORK CITY.

Counts of the number of persons passing given points in the city of New York in ten hours were made by direction of Manhattan Borough President McAneny, as follows: Broadway at Fulton Street. 113.111 | Forty-second Street from Sixth Avenue 38,000

Forty-second to Broadway.

Fifth Avenue from Fourteenth to Fifteenth Street.

Fifth Avenue from Thirty-third to Fory-second Street between Lexington 75,996 75,766 72,500 and Park Avenues. Park Row from Ann to Beekman Street. 33,771 Greeley Square. Nassau Street from Beekman to Spruce 26,223 24,778 Street.....

The number of vehicles passing points named below in ten hours was: Fifth Avenue and Thirty-fourth At Eighth Avenue and Twenty-third

Street At Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street... 7,318 At Broadway and Houston Street

Army of the United States

STATIONED IN AND NEAR THE CITY OF NEW YORK. Eastern Division-Headquarters, Governors Island, New York Harbor, Major-General T. H. Barry, U. S. Army, Commanding,

DIVISION STAFF.

Chief of Staff—Col. W. A. Mann. Adjutant-General—Col. W. A. Simpson, Inspector-General—Col. S. C. Mills, Judge-Adocate—Col. J. A. Hull, Chief Quartermaster—J. B. Bellinger.

Chief Surgeon—Col. L. M. Maus. Chief Engineer Officer—Col. W. M. Blinck. Chief Ordannee Officer—Col. O. B. Mitcham. Chief Signal Officer—Major Samuel Reber. Coast Defense Officer—Col. W. C. Rafferty.

DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST—Headquarters: Fort Totten, Willets Brig.-Gen. T. H. Bliss, U. S. Army, commanding.
DEPARTMENT STAFF—Adjutant-General—Lieut.-Col. Benjamin Alvord. Fort Totten, Willets Point, Whitestone, N. Y .;

DEPARTMENT STAFF—Adjudni-General—Lieut.—Col. Benjamin alvord.

Army Rulding—No. 39 Whitehall Street, Manhattan, New York City. Quartermaster's Depot—Lieut.—Col. M. G. Zalinski, Lieut.—Col. R. McA. Schofield, and Capt. R. S. Granger., Quartermaster Corps—(Pay and Subsistence) Col. E. E. Dravo, Col. H. L. Rogers, Maj. W. B. Rochester, Maj. W. B. Rochester, Maj. W. B. Rochester, Maj. W. K. Jones, Capt. G. D Arrowsmith, Capt. W. McK. Lambkin, Capt. Jack Hayes. Engineer Corps—Col. S. W. Roessler and Capt. E. M. Adams. Medical Supply Depot—543 Greenwich Street, New York City; Lieut.—Col. H. D. Snyder and Maj. C. C. Whitcomb. New York Arsenal—Governors Island, New York, Col. O. B. Mitcham.

Posts in and near New York City

A OUGS IN MING MOME INC.	TOIL CILY.		
Posts.	Location.	Commanding Officers.	Troops.
Fort Jay	Governors Island, N. Y {	Col. J. S. Mallory, 29th Infantry	Headquarters Band and 3d Batt., 29th Infantry.
Fort Hamilton	Narrows,Long Island, N.Y.	Col. J. V. White, Coast Artillery Corps	5th Band, 3d, 84th, 98th, 122d, 123d Cos., Coast Artillery Corps.
Fort Hancock	Sandy Hook, N. J	LtCol.M. K. Barroll, Coast Artillery	(48th, 56th, 76th, 113th, 136th, 137th Cos.,
Sandy Hook Proving	Sandy Hook, N. J	Maj. J. E. Hoffer, Ord. Corps	(Coast Artillery Corps.
Fort Totten	Willets Point, White-	Col.A.Cronkhite, Coast Artillery	101st, 114th, 135th, 165th, 167th Cos., Coast Artillery Corps.
Fort Wadsworth	Narrows, Staten Island, N. Y.	Maj. Edwin Landon, Coast Artillery	53d, 54th, Cos., Coast Artillery Corps.
Fort Wood	Bedloe's Island	Capt. W.A. Covington, Signal Corps	Co. G, Signal Corps.

Jury Duty in Manhattan and Bronx.

To be qualified to serve a person must be not less than 21 nor more than 70 years of age, and he must be a male citizen of the United States, and a resident of the county of New York; and he is a resident within the meaning of the jury law if he dwells or lodges here the greater part of the time between the first day of October and the last day of June. He must be the owner, in his own right, of real or personal property of the value of \$250; or the husband of a woman who is the owner, in her own right, of real or personal property of that value. He must also be in the possession of his natural faculties, and not be infirm or decrepit; intelligent, of good character, and able to read and write the English language understandingly.

THE FOLLOWING PERSONS ARE ENTITLED TO EXEMPTION.

THE FOLLOWING PERSONS ARE ENTITLED TO EXEMPTION.

A Clergyman, Minister of any religion officiating as such, and not following any other calling. A practicing Physician, Surgeon, Surgeon-Dentist, or Veterinary Surgeon not following any other calling, and a licensed Pharmaceutist or Pharmaceit, or a duly licensed Embalmer, while actually engaged in his profession as a means of livelihood. An Attorney or Counsellar-at-Law regularly engaged in the practice of law as a means of livelihood. A Professor or Teacher in a college, academy, or public school, not following any other calling. Editor, Editorial Writer, or Reporter of a daily newspaper or press association regularly employed as such, and not following any other vocation. The holder of an office under the United States, or the State, or city or county of New York, whose official duties, at the time, prevent his attendance as a juror. A Consul of a foreign nation. A Captain, Engineer, or other officer actually employed upon a vessel making regular trips; a licensed fibro, actually following that calling. A Superintendent, Conductor, or Engineer employed by a Radiroad Company other than a street railroad company, or a Telegraph Operator employed by a Press Association or Telegraph Company who is actually employed as such. Inspectors, Poli Clerks, and Baliot Clerks, or a person who is physically incapable. Grand, Sheriff's, Special, and Municipal Court Jurors.

Weight of Drominent Points in Manhattan and Broux.

	Feet Above		Feet Above
	Sea Level.		Sea Level.
Battery	. 5	Reservoir, Central Park (water level)	. 112
City Hall	. 36	Morningside Park	132
Fifth Avenue Hotel	. 38	Broadway and 118th Street	. 135
Central Park Plaza, 59th St. and 5th Ave.	47.5	Kingsbridge Road and 175th Street	. 200
Central Park Circle	76.5	Washington Bridge Road and 184th St	250
Mount Morris	100		

Steamships from New York City.

This table gives the destination of the steamer, then the street from the foot of which the steameships sail, and the location of the office of the agent in Manhattan. Loading berths are liable to be changed from those here shown.

Antigua, W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 29 B' way. Antwerp, foot W. 21st St., Red Star Line, 9 Broadway

Antwerp, Phoenix Line, 22 State St.

Antwerp, Phoenix Line, 22 State St.
Australia, Am. & Australian S.S. Co., Produce
Exchange; U. S. & Australasia S.S. Co., 24
State St.; United Tyser Line, 8 Bridge St.
Azores, Fabre Line, 17 State St.
Bahamas, Wall St., N. Y. & Cuba Mail S.S. Co.,
Pier 14, E.R.
Baltimore, Md., foot Old Slip. New York, and
Baltimore Trans. Co., Pier 10, E. R.
Barbadoes, Martin Stores, Brooklyn, Booth S. S.
Co. 17 Battery Place.

Co., 17 Battery Place.
Barbadoes, W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 29 B'way.
Barbadoes, Pier 42, N. R., Sanderson & Son, 22 State St.

Barcelona, Pier 8, E. R., Compania Transat-lantica, 8 E. R. Bermuda, W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 29 B'way. Bermuda, Pier 42, N. R., Royal Mail S. P. Co., 22 State St.

Brazil, Lamport & Holt Line, Produce Exchange, Booth S. S. Co., 17 Battery Place; Lloyds Bra-zileiro, 17 State St.; Prince Line, S Bridge St. Bremen, 3d St., Hoboken, North German Lloyd,

5 Broadway. vistol. Eng., foot W. 29th St., Bristol City Line, Bristol, Eng., foo 25 Whitehall St.

Buenos Ayres, Roberts Stores, Brooklyn, Lam-

port & Holt Line, Produce Exchange. Buenos Ayres, Norton Line, Produce Exchange; Prince Line, 8 Bridge St.; Houston Line, 17

Battery Place. Cadiz, Compania Transatlantica, S.E. R. Callato, Compania Transarianted, 52 K.
Calcutta, American & Indian Line, 8 Bridge St.
Callao, Merchants' Line, Hanover Square.
Callao, West Coast Line, 25 Broad St.
Cape Town, Norton & Son, Produce Exchange,

Cape Town, Norton & Son, Produce Exchange, Prince Line and Hansa Line, 8 Bridge St. Carthagena, see "Savanilla." Charleston, S. C., Pier 36, N. R., Clyde Line, Pier 36, N. R., and 290 Broadway. Cherbourg, North German Lloyd, Hamburg-American Line and White Star Line, Clina, Barber & Co., 11 Broadway, American & Oriental Line, 24 State St.; American & Manchurian Line, Produce Exchange. Christiania, 17th St., Hoboken, Scandinavian-American Line, 10 Bridge St. and 1 Broadway. Colon, foot W. 27th St., Panama R. R. Steamship Line, 24 State St.

Colon, foot W. 27th St., Panama R. R. Steamship Line, 24 State St. Colon, Pier 42, N. R., Sanderson & Son, 22 State St. Colon, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 45 Broadway. Copenhagen, 17th St., Hoboken, Scandinavian-American Line, 10 Bridge St. and 1 Broadway. Costa Rica, W. 25th St., Aflas Line, 45 B Way. Curaçoa, Pier 11, Brooklyh, Red ''D'' Line, 82

Wall St. Curaçoa. Bush Docks, Royal Dutch Line, 10

Curaçoa. Bush Docks, Royal Dutch Line, 10 Bridge St. Demerara, Royal Dutch Line, 10 Bridge St. Demerara, W. 10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 29 B'way. Dominica, W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 29 B'way. Dominica, W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 29 B'way. Fishgnard, Cunard Line, 21 State St. Galveston, Pier 45, N. R., Mallory Line, Pier 45, N. R., and 200 Broadway. Galveston, W. 11th St., Morgan Line, 366 B'way. Genoa and Gibraltar, 1st St., Hoboken, Hamburg-American Line, 45 Broadway; 3d St., Hoboken, North German Lloyd, 5 Broadway; W. 19 h St., White Star Line, 9 Broadway; W. 19 h St., Cunard Line, 21 State St., Grand St., Jersey City, Lloyd Sabudo, 37 Broadway. Glasgow, W. 24th St., Anchor Line, 17 B'way. Hallax, Richards St., Brooklyn, Red Cross Line, 17 Battery Place.

17 Battery Place.

Hamburg, let St., Hoboken, Hamburg-American Line, 45 Broadway. Havana, Wall St., New York and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., Pier 14, E. R. Hayana, Pier S, E. R., Compañla Transatlantica,

8 E.R.

No. 17 Battery Place. Havre, W. 15th St., French Line, 19 State St. Haiti, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 45 Broadway, Haiti, Bush Docks, Royal Dutch Line, 10 Bridge

St., Hoboken, Wilson Line, 22 State St. Jacksonville, Pier 36, N. R., Clyde Line, Pier 36, N. R., and 290 Broadway.
Japan, Barber & Co., 11 Broadway. Norton & Son, Produce Exchange.
Key West, Pier 45, N. R., Mallory Line, Pier 45, Y. R. and 290 Broadway.

Key West, Pier 45, N. R., Mallory Line, F. et al., N. R., and 290 Broadway. Kingston, Jamaica, W. 25th St., Hamburg-Am. Line (Atlas Line), 45 Broadway. Kingston, Pier 42, N. R., Sanderson & Son, 22

State St.
Kingston, Pier 16, E. R., United Fruit Co., 17
Battery Pl.

La Guayra, Pier 11, Brooklyn, Red "D" Line, 82 Wall St., Bush Docks, Royal Dutch Line, 17 State St.

State St.
Leghorn, Anchor Line, 17 Broadway.
Libau, Russian-American Line, 27 Broadway.
Liverpool, W. 14th St., Cunard Line, 21 State St.
Liverpool, W. 19th St., White Star Line, 9 B' way.
London, W. 16th St., Atlantic Transport Line, 9
Broadway.
Manchester, Roberts Stores, Brooklyn, Lamport
& Holt Line, 201 Produce Exchauge.
Manila, American & Oriental Line, 24 State St.
aud Norton & Son, Produce Exchange.
Marsellies, Fabre Line, 17 State St.
Martinique, W.10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 29 B' way.
Melbourne, American and Australian Line, Pro-

Melbourne, American and Australian Line, Pro-

duce Exchange. Melbourne, United States and Australasia Line, 24 State St.

Montevideo, lines shown at "Buenos Ayres" call at Montevideo.

at Montevideo.

Naples, Auchor Line, Fabre Line, North German
Lloyd, Hamburg-American, White Star Line,
and Cunard Line all call at Naples.

Nassau, Wall St., New York and Cuba Mail S.S.
Co., 14 E.R.
New Orleans, W. 11th St., Southern Pacific Co.,
266 Procedurer.

366 Broadway. Newport News, Norfolk, and Old Point Comfort,

Newport News, Nordor, and old rolling Common, No. Moore St., Old Dominion S.S. Co., on pler. New Zealand, United Tyser Line, 10 Bridge St., and Am. & Australian Line, Produce Exchange, Para, Martin Stores, Brooklyn, Booth S. S. Co.,

Para, Martin Stores, Brooklyn, Booth S. S. Co., 17 Battery Place, Pernambuco, Lloyd Brazileiro, 17 State St., and Prince Line, 8 Bridge St. Philadelphia, Pier 45, N. R., Clyde Line, on pier. Philippine Islands, see "Manila." Port au Prince, see "Haiti." Portlaud, Pier 18 N. R., Maine S. S. Line, 290 Broadway, and on pier. Port Limon, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 45 B way, Porto Rico, New York and Porto Rico S. S. Line, 11 Broadway. 11 Broadway.

Porto Rico, Pier 11, Brooklyn, Red "D" Line, 82 Wall St.

82 Wall St.
Progreso, Wall St., New York and Cuba Mail
S. S. Co., 14 E. R.
Puerto Cabello. Pier 11, Brooklyn, Red "D" Line,
82 Wall St.; Royal Dutch Line, 17 State St.
Queenstwm, Cunard, and White Star Lines call here.

Rio de Janeiro, Dock in Brooklyn, Lamport & St. John's, N. F., Red Cross Line, 17 Battery Pl. Holt Line, Prince Line and Lloyd Brazileiro. Rotterdam, 5th St., Hobo: en, Holland-America Line, 39 Broadway and 10 Bridge St. Teinidad, Royal Dutch Line, 8 Bridge St. Rotterdam, Russian-American Line, 27 B'way, Santiago de Cuba, New York and Cuba Mail Line, Mail Line, 29 Broadway, Royal Mail Line, 22 Btate St.

Santiago de Cuba, New York and Cuba Mail Line, Pier 14 E. R. Savannah, Spring St., Savannah Line, on pier and 501 Flith Avenue. Savanilla, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 45 Broadway. Savanilla, Sanderson & Son, 22 State St. Southampton, W. 23d St., American Line, 9 B'way; W. 18th St., White Star Line, 9 B'way. Southampton, 3d St., Hoboken, North German Lloyd Line, 5 Broadway.

Tampico, New York, and Cuba Mail Line, Pier

Trinidad, Royal Dutch Line, 8 Bridge St. Trinidad, Trinidad Line, 29 Broadway, Royal

Mail Line, 22 State St. Valparaiso, W. R. Grace & Co., Hanover Square, West Coast Line, 25 Broad St.

Venezuela, Pier 11, Brooklyn, Red "D" Line,

82 Wall St.

Vera Cruz, Wall St., New York and Cuba Mail Line, Pier 14 E. R. Wilmincten, N. C., Pier 36 N. R., Clyde Line, Pier 36 N. R. and 290 Broadway.

Ferrics from and to Manhattan.

To Astoria.-From ft. E. 92d St. " Bedloe's Isl. (Liberty Island). —From Battery.
" Blackwell's Island. —From ft. 26th St., ft. 53d
St., ft. 70th St., E. R.
" Brooklyn Borough. —From * Catharine St. to Main St., Brooklyn Boro. From ft. E. 23d St. to Greenpoint Aven Brooklyn Boro, rom ft. E. 23d St. Avenue, From ft. E. 23d St. to B'way, Brooklyn Boro. From * E. 42d St. to
B'way, Brooklyn Boro.
From ft. E. Houston St. to Grand St., B'klyn Boro. From ft. Fulton St. to Fulton St., Brooklyn Boro. From Grand St. Grand St. and Broadway,

Broadway, B'klyn Boro.
From * Wall St. to Montague St., B'klyn Boro.
From ft. Whitehall St. to Atlantic and Hamilton Aves., Brooklyn Boro. From ft. Whitehall St. to 39th St., Brooklyn Boro

Brooklyn Boro. From ft. Roosevelt St. to

College Point (Queens Borough),-From ft, E. 99th St. (125th St.). Edgewater, -From W. 130th St Ellis Island.-From Barge (Barge Office,

hall St. " Governors Island-From Battery, ft. Whitehall St.

To Hart's Island. - From ft. 26th St., E. R.

"Hoboken.-From ft. Barclay, Christopher and W. 23d Sts. to Newark and Ferry Sts., Hoboken.

Hoboken -- From ft. W. 23d St. to 14th St., Hoboken.

" Jersey City.-From ft. Chambers and W. 23d Sts. to Pavonia Ave. Jersey City. (Erie, Northern of New Jersey, and N. J. & N. Y. R. R.) From t. Cortlandt and Desbrosses

Sts. to Montgomery St., Jersey City. (Pennsylvania R. R., Le-high Valley R. R., and New York, Susquehanna & Western R. R.) From ft. Liberty and W. 23d Sts.

"From ft. Liberty and W. 23d Sts.
to Communipaw., Jersey City.
(Central R. R. of New Jersey.)
"North Brother Island.—From ft. E. 132d St.
"Queens Borough (Long Island City).—From ft.
E. 34th St. to Borden Ave.,
Long Island City (L. I. R. R.)
"Randall's Island.—From ft. E. 25th, E. 120th and
E. 125th Sts.
"Richmond Borough (Staten Island).—From ft.
Whitehall St. to St. George

Whitehall St. to St. George, Staten Island. Also from

Bay Ridge (69th St.).
"Riker's Island—From ft. E. 26th St.

" Ward's Island.-From ft. E. 116th St.

"Weehawken.-From ft, Cortlandt and ft.W. 42d St. (to W. Shore R.R. Depot). "West New York .- From ft. W. 42d St. to Old Slip.

* Operations suspended; may resume at any time.

Developed Lorse Power.

wheels and horse power in 1908, by states and territories. [From Report of National Conservation Commission, compiled by Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor.]

STATES.	Wheels.	Horse- power.	STATES.	Wheels.	Horse- power.
Alabama	1.804	161.694	Nebraska	227	12,792
Alaska	106	17.289	Nevada	39	20.577
Arizona		16.855	New Hampshire	1.799	183,167
Arkansas	255	5.868	New Jersey	902	38,011
California	1.070	466,774	New Mexico	56	2,310
Colorado	353		New York	6,513	885,862
Connecticut	1,546		North Carolina	3,975	162,284
Delaware	277		North Dakota	16	613
District of Columbia	6		Ohio	873	34,840
Flortda	207	4,539	Oklahoma	29	2,994
Georgia	2,314	166,587	Oregon	590	231,379
Idaho	285	78,743	Pennsylvania	5,596	290,990
Illlnois	413	50,116	Rhode Island	387	37,165
Indiana	495		South Carolina	1,301	207,242
Iowa	461		South Dakota	68	11,112
Kansas	184		Tennessee	2,160	95,060
Kentucky	834	14,156	Texas	195 260	9,966
Louisiana	79		Utah	2.018	64,265
Maine	2,797	343,096	Vermont	3.011	170,276
Maryland	694	21,715 260.182	Virginia	475	100,123 $147,041$
Massachusetts	2,749 1,498	205,019	Washington	672	20,500
Michigan	531	152.380	Wisconsin		220.916
Minnesota	336	7,922	Wyoming	66	3,855
Mississippi	397	10,107	W young.	00	0,000
Missouri		148,052	Total,	52,827	5,356,680
Montana	J 20%	140,002	1 10001,	0~,0211	0,000,000

(Bar Association Building, No. 42 West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.)

President—Lewis Cass Ledyard. | Vice-Pres. - William E. Curtis. | Rec. Secretary-S. B. Brownell. | Vice-Pres. - Will. | Robert W. De Forest. | Cor. Secretary-Henry Melville. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Robert W. De Forest. | Cor. Secretary-Henry Melville. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vice-Pres. - William F. Curtis. | Vic Vice-Pres.-Wm. N. Cohen. Henry W. Taft. George Zabriskie. Treasurer-S. Sidney Smith.

"Henry W. Taft. | "George Zabriskie. | Treasurer—S. Sidney Smith. Atthe time of the last report of the Executive Committee there were 2,142 members of the Association. It was instituted in 1869, and its presidents have been as follows: 1870 to 1879. William M. Evarts; 1880 and 1881, Stephen P. Nash; 1882 and 1883, Faracis N. Bangs; 1884 and 1885, James C. Carter; 1886 and 1887, William Allen Butler; 1888 and 1889, Joseph H. Choate; 1890 and 1891, Frederic R. Coudert; 1892 to 1894, Wheeler H. Peckham; 1895 and 1896, Joseph Larocque; 1897 to 1899, James C. Carter; 1900 and 1901, John E. Parsons; 1902 and 1903, Wm. G. Choate; 1904 and 1905. Elliuh Root; 1906 and 1907, John L. Cadwalader; 1908 and 1909, Edmund Wetmore; 1910 and 1911, Francis Lynde Stetson. The admission fee is \$100, and the annual dues from resident members, \$50, and from mambars bowing offices in New York City and residing elsewhere. \$25. members neither Final Roof; 1906 and 1907, John L. Cadwanater; 1906 and 1908, Edmind Weiner; 1910 and 1911, Francis Lynde Stetson. The admission feel is \$100, and the annual dues from resident members, \$50, and from members having offices in New York City and residing elsewhere, \$25; members neither residing nor having offices in New York City shall be exempt from the payment of annual dues. The Lawyers? Club.—115 Broadway, New York City. President—Wm. Allen Butler, Ir. Secretary—R. G. Babbage, Treasurer—Byrou M. Fellows, Total membership, 1, 100. Membership is not restricted to lawyers. The entrance fee for resident membership st 100, annual dues, \$100; the entrance fee for resident membership than 1000.

trance fee for non-resident members is \$50, annual dues, \$25. Resident membership limited to 1,000

Federal Officers in New York City.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.-Bowling Green.

Collector.—William Loeb, Jr. (\$12,000).
Solicitor to Collector—Mark P. Andrews (\$5,000).
Chief Clerk of Customs and Special Deputy Collector. Henry C. Stuart (\$6,000). Frederick A. Collins (\$3,500).

(\$3,500). Deputy Collectors.—John J. C. Barrett, Jesse C. Grant, Charles A. King, John C. Williams, Elbert J. Allendorf (\$3,500 each); James H. Johnson, H. L. Swords (\$3,000 each). Bowling Green. Acting Disbursing Agr.—Geo. W. Brinck (\$3,000). Auditor.—Josiah S. Knapp (\$4,500). Micro Officer.—Frederick J. H. Kracke (\$3,000). Special Deputy Naval Officer.—Thomas J. Skuse \$4,000).

Surveyor .- Nelson H. Henry (\$8,000).

Special Deputy Surveyor and Auditor. -Geo. J. Smyth (\$4,000).

Deputy Surveyors—Alex. McKeon (\$2,500); John Racztiewicz, Richard Parr (\$3,500 each); Wilhelm Lutz (\$3,000).

heim Lutz (\$3,000).
Secretary to Surveyor.—Benj. S. Ashly (\$3,000).
Appraiser.—Frederick A. Higgins (\$5,000), Christopher and Greenwich Streets.
Assistant Appraisers.—M. Nathan, Harry B. Stowell, John D. McEwen, Amos M. Knapp, C. W. Bunn, C. W. MacDonough (\$3,500 each).

Dennty Appraisers.—Henry M. Clapp, Frank N. Petrie, Albert McC. Barnes, Jr. (\$4,000 each).

BOARD OF U. S. GENERAL APPRAISERS.—
641 Washington Street.

H. M. Somerville, President; T. S. Sharretts,
W. B. Howell, I. F. Fischer, B. S. Watte, E. G.
Hay, C. P. McClelland, R. H. Chamberlain, S. B.
Copper (\$89,000 each). Cooper (\$9,000 each). SUB-TREASURY.—Wall, corner Nassau Street.

Assistant Treasurer.—Chas. S. Millington (\$8,000) Acting Assistant Treasurer and Cashier.—Edward W. Halo (\$1 200)

. Hale (\$4,200). Deputy Assistant Treasurer.-Ulysses S. Grant (\$3,600).

POST-OFFICE.—B' way and Park Row. See Index. PENSION AGENCY.—65 Bleecker Street. Pension Agent.—L S. Fountain. After Jan. 31, 1913, all payments will be made from Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL BANK EXAMINER - Custom House

Examiner.—E. F. Rorebeck (fees).
U. S. ASSAY OFFICE.—30 Wall Street.
Superintendend.—Daniel P. Kingsford (\$5,000).
Assayer.—Geo. R. Comings (\$3,000).
Mething and Repining Dept. Supt.—H. J. Slaker

(\$3,000). INTERNAL REVENUE OFFICERS.
(Compensation of Collectors not to exceed \$4,500 a

year for each district).

Second District.—Ist, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th, 15th, and parts of the 14th and 16th Wards, and Porto Rico. Chas. W. Anderson, Collector,

Custom House. Third District.—7th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, and parts of the 14th and 16th Wards, Blackwell's, Randall's, and Ward's Islands, Frederick L. Marshall, Cottector, 3d Avenue and 16th Street.

3d Avenne and 16th Street.
Fourteenth District, 7th Division.—From Harlem River north to city line, Borough of Bronx, H.
B. Davis, Deputy Collector, 34 E. 146th St.
Brooklyn Borough.—First District.—Embracing allof Long Island and Richmond Borough (Staten Island), W. J. Maxwell, Collector, Post-Office Building, Brooklyn Borough,
COM'R OF IMMIGRATION.—Ellis Island.
Commissioner.—William Williams (\$6,500).
Assistant Commissioner.—Byron H. Uhl (\$4,500).
U.S.SHIPPING COMMISSIONER.—Pier 4, E. R.
Commissioner.—Pillip Elling (\$5,000).

Commissioner, Philip Etting (\$5,000).

Deputy, Theodore S, Price (\$1,800).

SUPERVISING CHIEF ENGINEER U. S.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, Custom House.

Chief Englieer.—Alfred B. Fry.
Chief Clerk.—Joseph M. Morgan.
LAW COURTS.—See Index.
WEATHER BUREAU.—17 Battery Pl.
District Forecaster.—James H. Scarr.
STEAM VESSELS'INSPECT'S—Custon House.

Supervising Inspector.—Henry M. Seeley (\$3,000). Local Inspectors.—G. T. Charlton and J. L. Crone (\$2,500 each)

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE .- Storehouse 507 Hudson St.

Gustoms Collectors at Bort of New York.

e unionia	Contractors	A 11.	. 40000 00 0				
Collector. John Lamb	Annoint	ed.	Collector.		Appo	ointe	e d.
John Lamb	March 22.	1784	Preston King		Aug.	12,	1865
John Lamb	March 29.	1791					
Joshua Sands	April 26.	1797	Moses H. Grinnell.		March	29,	1869
David Gelston	July 9.	1801	Thomas Murphy .		July	13,	1870
Jonathan Thompson	Nov. 29.	1820	Chester A. Arthur				1871
Samuel Swartwout	March 29	1830	Edwin A. Merritt		July		1878
Jesse Hoyt	March 29.	1838	William H. Robert	son	May	18,	1881
John J. Morgan	Warch 1.	1841	Edward L. Hedder	n	July		1885
Edward Curtis	March 18.	1841	Daniel Magone		Aug.		1886
C. P. Van Ness	June 29.	1844	Joel B. Erhardt (E	Bond)	May		1889
Cornelius W. Lawrence.		1845	J. S. Fassett (Bon	d)			1890
Hugh Maxwell		1849	Francis Hendricks	(Bond)	Sept.		1891
D. S. Dickenson			James T. Kilbreth				1893
Greene C. Bronson	April 8.	1853	George R. Bidwell				1897
Herman J. Redfield		1853	Nevada N. Strana				1902
Augustus Schell		1857	Nevada N. Strana	han (Bond)April		1906
Hiram Rarney	March 23.	1861	Edward S. Fowler		Nov.		1907
Simeon Draper	Sept. 7.	1864	William Loeb, Jr.		March	. 5,	1909
Dimeda Diapei iiiiiii							

Schools in Manhattan.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

0.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	Location.
1	Henry, Catharine and Oliver	56	351 W. 18th St.	116	215 E. 32d St.
•	Sts.	57	176 E 115th St.		170 E. 77th St.
2	116 Henry St.	58	176 E. 115th St. 317 W. 52d St.	119	133d & 134th Sts., near 8th A v
	Hudson and Grove Sts.	59	226 E. 57th St.	120	187 Broome St.
	Rivington and Pitt Sts.	60	197 E. Broadway.		102d St., bet. 2d and 3d Ave
	141st St. and Edgecombe Ave.	61	E. 12th St., near Ave. B.		9th St. and 1st Ave.
	Madison Ave. and 85th St.	62	Hester, Essex and NorfolkSts.		29 Horatio St.
	Hester and Chrystie Sts.	63	3d and 4th Sts. , e. of 1st Ave.		536 E. 12th St.
	29 King St.	64	9th and 10th Sts., e. of Ave. B.	127	515 W. 37th St.
1	West End Ave. and 82d St.	65	Eldridge and Forsyth, near	130	143 Baxter St.
	117th St. and St. Nicholas Ave.		Hester St.	131	272 E. 2d St.
	314 W. 17th St.	66	88th St., near 1st Ave. 114-124 W. 46th St.	132	182d St. & Wadsworth Av
	Madison and Jackson Sts.	67	114-124 W. 46th St.	135	51st St. and 1st Ave.
	239 E. Houston St.	68	116 W. 128th St. 125 W. 54th St.	137	Grand and Essex Sts.
1	225 E. 27th St.	69	125 W. 54th St.	140	116 Norfolk St.
	728 5th St.	70	207 E. 75th St.	141	468 W. 58th St.
3	208 W. 13th St.	71	188-192 7th St.	147	Henry and Gouverneur S
	47th & 48th Sts., W. of 8th Ave.	72	Lexington Ave. and 105th St.	150	95th & 96th Sts., e. of 2d Av
	121 E. 51st St.	73	209 E. 46th St. 220 E. 63d St.	151	91st St. and 1st Ave.
	344 E. 14th St.	74	220 E, 63d St.	157	St. Nicholas Ave. & 127th St
í	Rivington and Forsyth Sts.	75	25 Norfolk St.	158	Ave A, 77th and 78th Sts.
í	Mott and Elizabeth Sts., bet.	76	Lexington Ave. and 68th St.	159	119th St., bet. 2d and 3d Av
٠.	Spring and Prince Sts.	77	1st Ave. and 86th St.		Rivington and Suffolk Sts.
2	Stanton and Sheriff Sts.	78	Pleasant Ave. and 119th St.	161	105 Ludlow St.
	Mulberry and Bayard Sts.	79	38 1st St.	162	36 City Hall Place.
ì	128th St., nr. Madison Ave.		225 W. 41st St.	165	108th and 109th Sts., bet. At
5	330 5th St.	81	119th and 120th Sts., near 7th	1	sterdam Ave. and B' way
;	124 W. 30th St.	0.	Ave.	166	89th St., bet. Amsterdam a
7	41ot & 49d Ster IF of 2d Avo	82	1st Ave. and 70th St.		Columbus Aves.
8	41st & 42d Sts., E. of 3d Ave. 257 W. 40th St.		16 E. 110th St.	168	104th and 105th Sts., bet.
9	Albany, Washington and	84	430 W. 50th St.	1	and 2d Aves.
,	Carlisle Sts.	85	1st Ave. and 117th St.	169	Audubon Ave., 168th a
0	88th St., bet. 2d and 3d Aves.	86	Lexington Ave. and 96th St.	1	169th Sts.
	200 Monroe St.	87	Amsterdam Ave.&W.77th St.	170	111th St., bet. 5th & Len
2		88	300 Rivington St.	l i	A ves.
3	357 W. 35th St. 418 W. 28th St.	89	Lenox Ave. and 134th St.	171	103d and 104th Sts., bet.
1	108 Broome St.	90	147th and 148th Sts. , w. of 7th	11	and Madison Aves.
5	160 Chrystie St.	30	Ave.	172	108th and 109th Sts., bet.
9	TIO TO Oth St	91	Stanton and Forsyth Sts.	1	and 9d Ares
ċ	710 E. 9th St. 113 E. 87th St.	92	Broome and Ridge Sts.	174	Attorney, near Rivington
7 B	Clarke, Dominick & Broome	93	Amsterdam Ave. & 93d St.	177	Market and Montoe Stor
5		94	68th St. and Amsterdam Ave.	179	101st and 102d Sts., Det. C
•	Sts.	95	West Houston St., near	1	lumbus&AmsterdamAv
	235 E. 125th St. 320 E. 20th St.	20	Varick St.	183	66th and 67th Sts., east of
)		96	Ave. A and 81st St.		A VA
	36 Greenwich Ave.		38 Sheriff St.	184	116th and 117th Sts., east
3	Hester, Orchard and Lud-	100	138th St., w. of 5th Ave.	11	Lenox Ave.
	low Sts.	101	111th St., w. of Lexington Ave.	186	145th and 146th Sts., near A
	Amsterdam Ave. & 129th St.	109	113th St., east of 2d Ave.	11	sterdam Ave.
1	Hubert and Collister Sts.	102	119th St. and Madison Ave.	188	Manhattan, East Houst
5	225 W. 24th St.		413 E. 16th St.	11	Lewis and E. 3d Sts.
3	St. Nicholas Ave. & W. 156th		269 E, 4th St.	190	lood C+ bot 1st and 2d AV
	St.		Lafayette St., n'r Spring St.		136th St, and A'sterd'm A
7	225 E. 23d St. (School for the		274 W. 10th St.	***	Cocational School for Do
	Deaf).	107		11	138th St., w. of 5th Ave. (1
3	124 W. 28th St.	108	60 Mott St. 199th & 100th Sts., e, of 3d Ave.	11	100)
9	237 E. 37th St.	109		11	Manhattan Trade School
0	211 E. 20th St.	110	28 Cannon St.	11	Girls, 209 East 23d St.
1	523 W. 44th St.	112		11	Truant, 215 E. 21st St.
2	Broadway and Academy St.	1114	Oak, Oliver and James Sts.	11	Nautical Schoolship, foot
	207 E. 79th St.	115	176th and 177th Sts., east of	11	E. 24th St.
4	Amsterdam Ave. & 104th St.	11	St. Nicholas Ave. *	11	

High Schools. - De Witt Clinton, 10th Ave. 58th and 59th Sts.; Wadleigh, 114th and 116th Sts., of 10th Ave.; Washington Irving, Irving Pl., 16th & 17th Sts.; Commerce, 55th & 66th Stst, Wash B way; Stuyvesant, 15th and 16th Sts., near 1st Ave. Training School for Teachers, 119th St., near 7th Ave. THE BRONX.

	College Ave. and 145th St.	Ι.
÷ .	Olitege 11 to the 11 to the	Ι΄
2	3d Ave., near 170th St.	١.
3	157th St. and Courtlandt Ave.	١.
4	Fulton Av. and 173d St.	
5	2436 Webster Ave.	
6	Tremont, Bryant and Vyse	
	Aves West Farms.	1
7	Kingsbridge Ave. and 232d St.	
8	Mosholu P'kw'y, Bedi'd Pk.	Г
9	491 E. 138th St.	Ĺ
10	Eagle Ave. and 163d St.	ì
11	Ogden Ave., Highbridge.	1

12	Overing St., Densen & Frisby
	A ves., Westchester.
13	216th St. and Willett Ave.,
	Williamsbridge.
14	Eastern Boulevard, Throgs

Neck. Westchester and St. Law-15

rence Aves.

Matilda St., Wakefield; Annex, 5th Av., East Chester.

Fordham Ave., City Island. 18 Courtlandt Ave., n. 148th St.

19 234th & 235th Sts., n. Woodl'n 20 Fox, Simpson, and 167th Sts. 21 225th & 226th Sts., near White Plains Ave., Wil-

liamsbridge. liamsoridge.
2 599 E. 140th St.
23 165th St. and Union Ave.
24 Kappock Rd., Spuyten Duyvil,
5 Union Ave. & 149th St.
26 Andrews and Burnside Aves.
27 St. Ann's Ave., 147th and
148th Sts.

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No	Location.	No	Location.	No.	Location.
	Tremont & Anthony Aves.;		Blackrock Ave., Unionport.		196th St., Bainbridge and
	Annex, 1787 Weeks Ave.,	37	145th and 146th Sts., east of		Briggs Aves.
	Mt. Hope.		Willis Ave.	47	Randolph, St. Lawrence and
	Cypress Ave. and 136th St.		157th St. and 3d Ave.		Hammond Aves.
	141st St., near Brook Ave.	39	Longwood Ave., Kelly and	48	Spofford Ave., Coster and
31	Mott and Walton Aves., 144th	1	Beck Sts.	1	Faile Sts.
	and 146th Sts.	40	Prospect Ave., Jennings St.		261st St., Riverdale.
32	183d St. and Beaumont Ave.	ł	& Ritter Pl.	50	*Bryant and Vyse Aves.,
	Annex, Boston R'd, Bronx-	41	Olinville Ave. and Magenta	1	north of 172d St.
	dale.		St., Olinville.	51	*158th St., Jackson & Trinity
33	Jerome and Walton Aves.,	42	Washington and Wendover	1	Aves.
	north of 184th St.	1	Aves.	52	*Kelly St., east of Ave. St.
34			Brown Pl., 135th & 136th Sts.		John.
	St., Van Nest.		Prospect Ave. and 176th St.	53	*168th St., Findlay & Teller
35	163d St., Grant and Morris	45	189th and Hoffman Sts. and	-	Aves.
	Α 7,00.		Lorillard Pl.		

HIGH SCHOOL.-Morris, 166th St., Boston Rd., Jackson Ave. *Under construction.

EVENING	HICH AND TRADE SCHO	ols.
Riv. and Forsyth Sts. (men). DeWitt Clinton H. S., 59th St. & 10th Ave. (men).	Wadleigh, 114th St., near 7th Ave. (women). Morris, Jackson Ave., Bos-	Harlem Even'g Trade, 138th and 139th Sts., west of 5th Ave. (men).
27 41st St., E. of 3d Av. (women) 62 Hester, Essex and Norfolk	ton Rd. & 166th St. Stuyvesant Evening Trade,	Murray Hill Evening Trade, 232 E. 38th St. (men).
Sts. (women). 184 116(h St.n' r Lenox Av.(men).	15th and 16th Sts., west of 1st Ave. (men).	200 200 200 (2002)

EVENING SCHOOLS FOR MALES.

2	116 Henry St.	32	(357 W. 35th St.	65	Eldridge, near Hester St.
	Bronx, 157th St. &Court'tAv.				207 E. 75th St.
	29 King St.	40	320 E. 20th St.	77	85th St. and 1st Ave.
	208 W. 13th St.	42	Bronx, Washington & Wend-	79	42 1st St.
20	Rivington, Forsyth and El-		over Aves.	11 83	1216 E. 110th St.
	dridge Sts.		129th St. & Amsterdam Ave.	109	99th St., near 3d Ave.
21	Elizabeth St., near Spring.		237 E. 37th St.	147	Henry and Gouverneur Sts.
22	Stanton and Sheriff Sts.	1 58	52d St., near 8th Ave.	160	Rivington and Suffolk Sts.
	TOD 1171		NO DOVO WOMEN A		01010

			ND BOTS,			
7	Bronx, Kingsbridge Ave. & 232d St. Bronx, Overing St., West-chester. Bronx, 216th St., W'msbridge	29	Albany, Wash	ı'n and Carl	isle 43	Bronx, Brown Pl., 135th and
	232d St.		Sts.		- 11	136th Sts.
12	Bronx, Overing St., West-	34	Bronx, Amet	hyst St., M	or- 67	120 W. 46th St.
	chester.		ris Park.		89	Lenox Ave. and 134th St.
13	Bronx, 216th St., W'msbridge		1		1114	Oak, Oliver and James Sts.
						-

EVENING SCHOOLS FOR FEMALES

TVERTICAL CONTROL ON TERMALECT							
10 Eagle Ave. & 163d St., Bronx. 13 239 E. Houston St. 14 225 E. 27th St. 17 335 W. 47th St.	59 E. 57th St., near 3d Ave. 157	154 Broome St. Amsterdam Ave. and 93d St. Ave. A and 81st St. St. Nicholas Ave. & 127th St. Market and Monroe Sts.					

NORMAL COLLEGE,

PARK AVE., CORNER EAST SIXTY-EIGHTH ST.

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY, UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS AND 32 WAVERLEY PLACE.

COLLEGE CITY OF NEW YORK, AMSTERDAM AVE. AND 138TH STREET.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,

WEST 116TH ST., NEAR AMSTERDAM AVE.

FOR CORPORATE SCHOOLS, SEE INDEX FOR "ASYLUMS" AND "SOCIETIES."

Board of Education in City of New York.

President, Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr.

MANHATTAN MEMBERS.

Until Jan. 1, 1914—Thomas W. Churchill, L. Haupt, A.Stern, Olivia Leventritt, Ira S. Wile. Until Jan. 1, 1915—N. J. Barrett, Until Jan. 1.1915—N. J. Barrett, E. L. Winthrop, Jr., Mrs. E. W. Kramer, Patrick F. McGowan. Until Jan. 1.1916—Robt, L. Har-rison, John Whalen, Martha L. Draper, Henry J. Bigham. Until Jan. 1. 1917—Dennis J. McDonald, Cornelius J. Sulli-wan Isidore M. Levy. Mortheys van, Isidore M. Levy, Morton

Stein.
Until Jan. 1, 1918—George J.
Gillespie, Francis P. Cunnion,
M. Samuel Stern, Antonio Pisani, M.D.

BROOKLYN MEMBERS.

Until Jan. 1, 1914-Robert E. McCafferty, Ernest W. Stratman, George W. Wingate.

Until Jan. 1, 1915 – Herman A. Metz, John R. Thompson, George C. Miller.

Until Jan. 1, 1916-Joseph E. Cosgrove, Louis Newman, Mrs. Reba C. Bamberger.

Until Jan. 1, 1917-Thomas M. De Laney, Joseph Barondess.

Until Jan. 1, 1918-John Greene, Alexander Ferris, Arthur S. Somers.

BRONX MEMBERS.

Until Jan. 1, 1915-Michael J. Sullivan. Until Jan. 1, 1916-Peter J. Lavelle.

Until Jan. 1, 1917-Frank D. Wilsey.

Wheey. Until Jan. 1, 1918—A. G. Miller. QUEENS. Until Jan. 1, 1915—Alice L. Post. Until Jan. 1, 1916—A. H. Man. Until Jan. 1, 1917—Rupert B.

Thomas. Until Jan. 1, 1918-B. Suydam. RICHMOND.

Morrison. Until Jan. 1, 1917 - John Martin,

2 47.4 4 8 6 6 W. 4 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1	dams and Concord sts. th st., near 3d ave. ancock, near Bedford ave. arkeley pl., near 5th ave. lary, Bridge & Lawr'e sts. arren, near Smith st. ork, near Bridge st. arren, near Smith st. ork, near Bridge st. icks, Middagh & Poplarsts. erling pl. & Vanderbit av. have. and 17th st. ashington, near Greene av. leiphil, wear Myrtle ave. graw, near Hicks st. ave. and State st. lison, near Bedford ave. iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. aujer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. oion ave. and Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat av. nselyea, n'r Humboldtst. funption pl., cor. Beaver st. fuyette, near Sumner av. lincy, near Ralph ave. elskin, cor Kiks st. erkimer, near Ralph ave.	70 68 8 1 7 1 7 1 7 7 8 8 1 8 2 2 8 3 8 4 4 8 5 6 8 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 1 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 3 8 1 8 1 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 9 3 8 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Bushwick av ,c. Koschisko st. Ryerson st., near Myrdle av. Pratchen ave., cor. Macon st. Heyward, near Lee ave. New Lots rd., cor. Schenek st. McDougall, c. Rockaway ave. Koschisko st., n'r Broadway Evergreen av., cor. Ralph st. Wyona, near fellon st. 2d st., near 6th ave. Pacific st., near Court st. Koschisko, n'r Summer ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Iraman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vander' t pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 21st st. Bedford and Church aves.	No. 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147	Location. Ft. Hamilton av., 43d & 44th Manhattan and Met. aves Butlerst., bet 4th & 5th aves 18th ave. & Ocean Parkway. Church ave. and E. 48th st. 4th ave., 40th & 41st sts. Saratoga av. & Bainbridge st Prosp' tpl., w. of Nost'd ave Ave. c', E. 18th and 14th sts 60th st., west of 4th ave. Leonard. McKibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pi and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6tl and 7th aves. Boshwick ave., Seigel & Me.
2 471 4 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	th st., near 3d ave, ancock, near Bedford ave, erkeley pl., near 5th ave, llary, Bridge & Lawr'e sts, arren, near Smith st. ork, near Bridge st., icks, Middagh & Poplar sts erling pl. & Vanderbit av nave, and 17th st. ashington, near Greene stelphi, near Myrtle ave, egraw, near Hicks st. ave, and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave, iggs ave, cor. N. 5th st. auljer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. oKibbin, near Manhat, av. va, near Manhattan ave, near Manhattan ave, mear Myslyes, or. Beaver st. fayette, near Sminer ave, licoy, near Ralph ave, elson, cor. Hicks st.	69 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 81 82 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 91 92	Ryerson 81., near Myrtle av. Pattchen ave., cor. Macon 81. Heyward, near Lee ave. New Lots rd., cor. Schenck 81. McDougall, c. Rockaway ave. Koschusko 81., n'r Broadway Evergreen av., cor. Ralph 81. Wyona, near Follon 81. 2d 81., near 61h ave. Pacific 81., near fourt 81. Koschusko, n'r Summer ave. W. 17th and W. 19th 81., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker 81. Hergen, cor. Schenectady av. (glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't 81. Irving ave., cor. Itaman 81. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames 81., c. Vandery't rpl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 381 81.	132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	Manhattan and Met. aves Butlerst., bet. 4th & 5th aves 18th ave. & Ocean Parkway Church ave. and E. 48th st. 4th ave., 40th & 41st sts. Saratogaav. & Bainbridge st Prosp't pl., w. of Nost'd ave Ave. C. E. 13th and 14th sts 60th st., west of 4th ave. Leonard, McKibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
3 H. 4 H. 6 F. 7 Y. H. H. 6 F. 7 Y. H. H. 6 F. 7 Y. H. H. 6 F. 7 Y. H. H. 11 Y. 12 Y. 12 Y. 13 Y. 14 Y. 15 Y. 15 Y. 16 Y. 17 Y. 17 Y. 18 Y	ancock, near Bedford ave, erkeley pl., near 5th ave, llary, Bridge & Lawr'e sts. 'arren, near Smith st. ork, near Bridge st. icks, Middagh & Poplar sts erling pl. & Vanderbilt av have, and 17th st. ashington, near Greeneav delphi, near Myrtle ave, egraw, near Hicks st. avy, and Concord sts. ave. and State st. llavy and Concord sts. ave. and State st. layer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st., ion ave. and Keap st. cklibbin, near Manhattan ave, near Manhattan ave, near Manhattan ave, inol, c. c. Beaver st. flayette, near Sanner av. lincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	71 72 73 74 75 77 78 79 80 81 82 88 88 88 88 99 90 92	Patchen ave., cor. Macon st. Heyward, near Lee ave. New Lots rd., cor. Schenck st. McDougall, c. Rockaway ave. Kosclusko st., n'r Broadway Evergreen av., cor. Ralph st. Wyona, near Folton st. 2d st., near 6th ave. Pacific st., near Court st. Kosciusko, n'r Sumner ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 21st st. Bedford and Clumcry aves.	133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	Butlerst., bet. 4th & 5th aves 18th ave. & Ocean Parkway Church ave. and E. 48th st. 4th ave., 40th & 4ts sts. Saratoga av. & Bainbridge st Prosp't pl., w. of Nost'd ave Ave. C. E. 13th and 14th sts 60th st., west of 4th ave. Leonard, Mckibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6tl and 7th aves.
4 B 6 6 WY 1 12 A 6 6 WY 1 12 A 6 1 1 1 1 1 2 A 6 1 1 1 1 1 2 A 6 1 1 1 1 1 2 A 6 1 1 1 1 1 2 A 6 1 1 1 1 1 2 A 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 A 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	erkeley pl., near 5th ave, llary, Bridge & Lawr'e sts. 'arren, near Smith st. ork, near Bridge st. icks, Middagh & Poplarsts erling pl. & Vanderbilt av have, and 17th st. ashington, hear Greene av leiphi, near Myrtle ave. graw, near Hicks st. ave, and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave. iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. auljer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. oinon ave, and Keap st. cKibbin, near Manhattan ave. myselyea, n'r Humboldt st. fon pl., cor. Beaver st. fayette, near Summer av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	72 73 745 756 777 789 81 82 83 84 85 889 991 92	Heyward, near Lee ave. New Lots rd., cor. Schenck st. McDougall, c. Rockaway ave. Kosclusko st., n'r Broadway Evergreen av., cor. Ralph st. Wyona, near Fulfon st. 2d st., near tha ave. Pactife st., near Conrt st. Kosclusko, n'r Summer ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Itaman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vander'r tpl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 38t st. Bedford and Clurch aves.	134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	18th ave. & Ocean Parkway Church ave. and E. 48th st. 4th ave., 40th & 41st sts. Saratogaav. & Bainbridge st Prosp't pl., w. of Nost'd ave. Ave. C. E. 13th and 14th sts. 60th st., west of 4th ave. Leonard, McKibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6tl and 7th aves.
5 TW Y 111 WA 0 111 W	ilary, Bridge & Lawr'ests. 'arren, near Smith st. ork, near Bridge st. icks, Middagh & Poplarsts erling pl. & Vanderbilt av nave. and 17th st. ashington, near Greeneav delphi, uear Myrtle ave. egraw, near Hicks st. avys and Concord sts. ave. and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave. 'iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. angler, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. icklibbin, near Manhattan ave. ya, near Manhattan ave. ya, near Manhattan ave. ya, loonard st. icklibbin, cor. Beaver st. flayette, near Samboldt st. flayette, near Samboldt st. gelson, cor. Hicks st. elson, near Ralph ave.	73 74 75 77 78 79 81 82 83 84 85 88 88 88 88 99 91	McDougall, c. Rockaway ave. Kosclusko st., n'r Broadway Evergreen av., cor. Ralph st. Wyona, near fellon st. 2d st., near 6th ave. Pacific st., near Court st. Kosciusko, n'r Sumner ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Iraman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vander' ttpl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Clumch aves.	136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	Church ave, and E. 48th st. 4th ave, 40th & 41st sts. Saratogaav, & Balnbridge sl Prosp't pl., w. of Nost'd ave Ave, C. E. 13th and 14th sts 6th st., west of 4th ave. Leonard, McKibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Nollst. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6tl and 7th aves.
7 Y 19 9 St. 11 11 W A O A O A O A O A O A O A O A O A O A	ork, near Bridge st. icks, Middagh & Poplarsts erling pl. & Vanderbitt av have, and 17th st. ashington, near Greeneav leiphi, near Myrtle ave. graw, near Hicks st. avys and Concord sts. ave. and State st. itson, near Bedford ave. riggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. anjer, near Leonard st. ald, cor. Keap st. ich may and Keap st. ich may and Keap st. ich may and handatan ave. ya, near Manhattan ave. ya, lear Manhattan ave. rinely, cor. Beaver st. flayette, near Sunner av. lincy, near Ralph ave.	74 75 76 77 78 80 81 82 83 84 86 87 88 89 90 91	Kosciusko st., n'r Broadway Evergreen av., cor. Raiph st. Wyona, near Folton st. 2d st., near 6th ave. Pacific st., near Court st. Kosciusko, n'r Sunmer ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vandery't pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 21st st. Bedford and Clumch aves.	137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	Saratogaav, & Balnbridge sl Prosp't pl., w. of Nost'd ave Ave. C. E. 13th and 14th sts 60th st., west of 4th ave. Leonard, McKibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Nollst. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6tl and 7th aves.
8 H10 7 W H21	icks, Middagh & Poplarsts, erling pl. & Vanderbilt av have, and 17th st. askington, near Greene av delphi, wear Myrtle ave. graw, near Hicks st. ave, and Concord sts. ave, and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave. iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. anjer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st, nion ave, and Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat. av. va, near Manhattan ave. myselyea, n'r Humboldt st. fion pl., cor. Beaver st. flayette, near Sumner av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	75 76 77 79 80 81 82 834 85 88 89 91 92	Evergreen aw., cor. Raiph st. Wyona, near felion st, 2d st., near 6th ave. Pacific st., near Court st. Koscinsko, n'r Sumner ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Iraman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vander' t pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Clumch aves.	138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	Prosp't pl, w. of Nost'd ave Ave. C, E. 13th and 14th sts 60th st, west of 4th ave. Leonard, McKibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave. Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
10 7 W 11 12 A	n ave, and 17th st. askington, near Greene av lelphi, uear Myvtle ave. 2graw, near Hicks st. avy and Concord sts. ave, and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave. iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. anjer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat av. va, near Manhattan ave. ya, near Manhattan ave. yoleyea, ny'r Homboldt st. fungelyea, n'r Homboldt st. fungette, near Sammer av. lincy, near Ralph ave. 2lson, cor. Hicks st.	77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 90 91	2d st., near 6th ave. Pacific st., near Court st. Kosciusko, n'r Sumner ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Itaman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vander' t pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Clurch aves.	139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	both st., west of 4th ave. Leonard, McKibbin and Boerim sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave. Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
10 7 W 11 12 A	n ave, and 17th st. askington, near Greene av lelphi, uear Myvtle ave. 2graw, near Hicks st. avy and Concord sts. ave, and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave. iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. anjer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat av. va, near Manhattan ave. ya, near Manhattan ave. yoleyea, ny'r Homboldt st. fungelyea, n'r Homboldt st. fungette, near Sammer av. lincy, near Ralph ave. 2lson, cor. Hicks st.	77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 90 91	2d st., near 6th ave. Pacific st., near Court st. Kosciusko, n'r Sumner ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Itaman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vander' t pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Clurch aves.	140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147	both st., west of 4th ave. Leonard, McKibbin and Boerim sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave. Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA 11 WA WA	ashington, near Greene av delphi, uear Myrtle ave. graw, near Hicks st. avy, and Concord sts. ave. ave. ave. ave. sts. ison, near Bedford ave. iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. aujer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat av. va, near Manhattan ave. ave. ave. ave. ave. ave. ave. ave.	79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	Pacific st., near Court st. Kosciusko, n'r Summer ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vandery't rpl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Clurrch aves.	141 142 143 144 145 146 147	Leonard, McKibbin and Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Haverneyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Nollst. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
13 De 13 De 14 No. 15 N	graw, near Hicks st. avy and Concord sts. ave. and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave. riggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. anjer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat. av. va, near Manhatan ave. and keap st. clopelyea, n'r Humbold st. rion pl., cor. Beaver st. flayette, near Sammer av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92	Kosciusko, n'r Sunnier ave. W. 17th and W. 19th sts., near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemnore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Itamana st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vandery' tpl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	143 144 145 146 147	Boerum sts. Henry and Rapelye sts. Havemeyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pl and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6tl and 7th aves.
14 N. 15 N. 16 N.	avy and Concord sts, ave, and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave, iggs ave, cor. N. 5th st. anjer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st, ckibbin, near Manhat av, va, near Manhattan ave, nyelyea, n'r Homboldt st. floyeltyea, rear St. flayette, near Sammer av, lincy, near Ralph ave, elson, cor. Hicks st.	81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	near Neptune ave. Harway ave. and Stryker st. 4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemnore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Iraman st. Herkinner, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vanderr' trpl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	143 144 145 146 147	Have meyer, N. 6th & 7th sts Howard ave., Prospect pi and St. Mark's ave. Central ave., and Noll st. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
15 3d 16 3d 16 3d	ave, and State st. ilson, near Bedford ave. iggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. aujer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. other st. extended the st. cKibbin, near Manhat. av. va, near Manhatan ave. near Manhatan ave. other st. fayette, near Summer av. lincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	Harway ave, and Stryker st. 4th ave, cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vanderv't rpl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	144 145 146 147	Howard ave., Prospect pi and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Nollst. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
116 W 118 M	ilson, near Bedford ave, iggs ave, cor. N. 5th st. aujer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st, ion ave, and Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat. av, va, near Manhatlan ave, ujselyea, n'r Humboldt st. fon pl., cor. Beaver st. fayette, near Sunnier av. lincy, near Ralph ave, leson, cor. Hicks st.	82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	4th ave., cor. 36th st. Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glemmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vandery't pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	145 146 147	and St. Mark's ave. Central ave. and Nollst. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
177 Drn 18 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	riggs ave., cor. N. 5th st. aujer, near Leonard st. 2d, cor. Keap st. ion ave. and Keap st. cKibbin, near Manhat. av. nselyea, n'r Humboldt st. cion pl., cor. Beaver st. flayette, near Sunner av. lincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	Bergen, cor. Schenectady av. Glenmore, cor. Stone ave. Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkinner, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vanderv'rt pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	146 147	Central ave. and Nollst. 18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
18 M2 22	anjer, near Leonard st. 2d. cor. Keap st. 12d. cor. Keap st. ckibbin, near Manhat. av. va, near Manhattan ave. njselyea, n'r Humboldt st. fon pl., cor. Beaver st. flayette, near Sumner av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92	Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vanderv'rt pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	146 147	18th and 19th sts., bet 6th and 7th aves.
220 Util 1	nion ave, and Keap st, cKlbbin, near Manhat, av, va, near Manhattan ave, njselyea, n'r Humboldt st, tion pl., cor. Beaver st, fayette, near Sumner av, ilnoy, near Ralph ave, elson, cor. Hicks st.	86 87 88 89 90 91 92	Evergreen ave., cor. Cov't st. Irving ave., cor. Harman st. Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st., c. Vanderv'rt pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.		and 7th aves.
223 Coo Coo Coo Coo Coo Coo Coo Coo Coo Co	cKibbin, near Manhat, av. va, near Manhattan ave, nselyea, n'r Humboldt st. fion pl., cor. Beaver st. flayette, near Sumner av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	87 88 89 90 91 92	Herkimer, cor. Radde pl. Thames st.,c. Vanderv'rt pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.		Bushwick ave., Seigel & Mc
222 Ja Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co	va, near Manhattan ave, nyselyea, n'r Humboldt st. rion pl., cor. Beaver st. riayette, near Sumner av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	88 89 90 91 92	Thames st., c. Vanderv'rt pl. Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.	140	
233 Co 125 Co 125 Co 126 Co 127 Co 128 Co 128 Co 128 Co 128 Co 128 Co 128 Co 128 Co 128 Co 130 Co 131 Co 140 Co 150 Co	nselyea, n'r Humboldt st. rion pl., cor. Beaver st. ifayette, near Sumner av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	89 90 91 92	Newkirk ave., cor. E. 31st st. Bedford and Church aves.		Kibbin sts.
24	rion pl., cor. Beaver st. dayette, near Sumner av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	90 91 92	Bedford and Church aves.	148	Ellery and Hopkinssts., nea: Delmonico pl.
25 La 226 Qu 227 N∈ 228 H∈ 229 Co 30 Co 30 Co 332 H∈ 333 H∈ 335 De 334 N∈ 335 De 337 N∈ 337 N∈ 338 N∈ 338 S∈ 341 De 341 De 342 De 343 Bo 344 Co 345 Co 346	ifayette, near Sumner av. nincy, near Ralph ave. elson, cor. Hicks st.	92		149	Sutter ave., Vermont and
27 Ne 228 He 228 He 228 Coo 200 Coo 20	elson, cor. Hicks st.		E. New York & Albany aves.		Wyona sts.
28 He	erkimer, near Ralph ave		Rogers ave. & Robinson st	150	Christopher ave. & Sackman
29 Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co C		94	New York av. & Herkimerst.	1.71	st., near Belmont ave.
30 Co Du Du Du Du Du Du Du Du Du Du Du Du Du	lumbia, cor. Amity st.	95	6th ave., 50th and 51st sts. Van Sicklen, near Neck rd.	151	Knickerbocker ave., Halse; and Weirfield sts.
31 Du 32 Ho	nover, Sullivan & Wolcott		Ocean ave., near Ave. U.	152	Ave. G, E. 23d and 24th sts
324 HG 323 HG 324 NC 325 Dec 326 Stg 327 N. 327 N. 328 Gth 40 15t 41 Dec 41 Dec 41 Bo 41 Bo 41 HG 42 HG 43 HG 44 HG 44 HG 45 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 HG 46 H	pont, n'r Manhattan ave.	97	Benson, cor. 25th ave.	153	Ave. T & E.12th st., Home'st
34 No. 35 De 35 De 35 No. 36 St. 37 So. 38 No. 38 So. 36 St. 37 So. 38 So. 36 S	oyt, cor. President st.	98	Ave. Z. cor. E. 26th st.	154	11th ave., Windsor pl. & Sher-
36 Sta 37 38 37 38 38 38 38 38	eyward, near Broadway.	99	Coney Island rd. & Elmave.		man st.
36 Sta 37 38 37 38 38 38 38 38	ormanave and Eckfordst.	100	W. 3d, between Park pl. and	155	E'n Parkway& Herkimerst,
37 S	ecatur, cor. Lewis ave. agg, near Bushwick ave.	101	Sheepshead ave. 86th st., near 18th ave.	156	Sutter ave., Barrett & Graf- ton sts.
88 N. 89 6th 40 15t 41 De 42 St. 43 Bo 44 Th 45 La 46 Un 47 Pa 48 18t 49 Ma 50 S. 46 Me	4th, near Berry st.	102	71st st. and 2d ave.	157	Kent ave., near Myrtle ave.
89 6th 40 15t 41 De 12 St. 13 Bo Th La Un Pa 18t 18t 18t 18t 18t 18t 18t 18t 18t 18t	7th, near Berry st.	103	14th ave., 53d & 54th sts.	158	Belmont ave , Ashford and
15t De St. Bo Th La Un Pa 18t	ave., cor. 8th st.	104	92d st., cor. 5th ave.		Warwick sts.
12 St. Bo H4 Th La La H6 Un Pa H8 H8 H8 H8 H8 H8 H8 H	h st., near 4th ave.	105	Ft, Hamilton av., 58th & 59th.	159	Pitkin ave., Hemlock and
H3 B0 H4 Th La H6 Un Pa H8 H8t H9 M8 50 S. 4	an, cor. New York ave. Mark's and Classon aves.	106	Hamburg and Putnam aves. and Cornelia st.	160	Crescent sts. Ft. Ham. ave., 51st & 52d sts
H Th La 16 Un 17 Pa 18 18t 19 Ma 50 S. 4	erum, near Manhat. ave.	107	8th ave. and 13th st.	161*	2d ave. and 56th st.
15 La 16 Un 17 Pa 18 18t 19 Ma 50 S. 4	roop, cor. Putnam ave.	108	Linwood, cor. Arlington ave.	162	St. Nicholas and Willoughby
17 Pa 18 18t 19 Ma 50 S. 6	fayette, near Classon ave.	109	Dumont ave., Powell and		_ aves. and Suydam st.
18 18t 19 Ma 50 S. 4	ion, near Henry st.	1220	Sackman sts.	163	Benson and 17th aves, and
19 Ma 50 S. 4 51 Me	cific & Dean sts.,n'r3d av.	110 111	Monitor st. and Driggs ave. Sterling pl., c. Vanderbilt av.	164	Bay 14th st.
50 S. 4	h ave. and 67th street. aujer, near Graham ave.	112	loth ave., 71st and 72d sts.	165	14th ave., 42d and 43d sts. Lott and Hopkinson aves.
51 Me	th, near Havemeyer st.	113	Evergreen ave. & Moffat st.	100	and Amboy st.
	ekerav .cor Humboldt st.	114	Remsen, cor. Ave. F.	167	Schen'dy ave. & East. P' way
52 E11	lery, near Broadway.	115	Canarsie ave., near Ave. M.	168	Throop ave. Bartlett and
	arr, near Central ave.	1116	Knickerb' rave.,c. Grove st.	100*	Whipple sts.
4 W	alworth, near Myrtle ave. oyd, near Tompkins ave.	117 118	Stagg st. and Bushwick ave.	100*	7th ave. , 43d and 44th sts. 6th ave. , 71st and 72d st.
55 Flo 56 Bu	Jyu, near rompkins ave.	119	59th st, and 4th ave. Ave. K and E. 38th st.	171	Ridgewood, Lincoln and
7 Re	shwick av cor Mad'n st	120	Barren Island,		Nichols aves.
8 De	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st.	121	E. 55th st. and Ave. C.	172†	172 4th ave., 29th & 30th sts.
59 Leo	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st.	122	Harrison av. & Heyward st.	173†	Pennsylvania ave.bet.Liber-
0 4th	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassau ave.	123	Irving ave. and Suydam st.	1014	ty and Glenmore aves,
1 Fu 12 Bra	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassau ave. ave., cor. 20th st.	1124	4th ave, and 13th st, Blake and Thatford aves,	1/41	Dumont, Alabama and Wil- liams aves.
3 Hi	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassau ave. I ave., cor. 20th st. Iton st. and N. Jersey ave.	195	Meserole ave. & Guernsey st.	175†	Blake & Hopkinson aves. &
	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassau ave. ave., cor. 20th st. Iton st. and N. Jersey ave. adford, near Liberty ave.	125		1.01	Bristol st.
	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassan ave. a ave., cor. 20th st. Iton st. and N. Jersey ave. adford, near Liberty ave. nsdale, n'r Glenmore ave.	125 126 127	7th ave., 78th and 79th sts.	176†	12th & Bay R'e aves. & 68th st
6 Ost	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. id ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassau ave. ave., cor. 20th st. Iton st. and N. Jersey ave. adford, near Liberty ave.	125 126 127 128	7th ave., 78th and 79th sts, 21st ave., 83d & 84th sts.		Truant, Jamaica ave., opp
	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. di ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassau ave. ave., cor. 20th st. lton st. and N. Jersey ave. adford, near Liberty ave. nsdale, u'r Glenmore ave. rriman and Belmont aves. chmond, n'r Ridgewood av. born, near Sutter ave.	125 126 127 128 129	21st ave., 83d & 84th sts. Quincy st., near Stuyvesant.		
* Not	shwick av., cor. Mad'n st. di ave., cor. Van Buren st. graw, near Smith st. onard, near Nassau ave. ave., cor. 20th st. lton st. and N. Jersey ave. adford, near Liberty ave. nsdale, u'r Glenmore ave. rriman and Belmont aves. chmond, n'r Ridgewood av. born, near Sutter ave.	125 126 127 128 129 130	21st ave., 83d & 84th sts. Quincy st., near Stuyvesant. Fort Hamilton av & E. 5th st.		Enfield st.

Bays' High School. ... Putnam, or. Marcy ave.

Manual Training. ... 17th ave., 4th and 5th sts.

Bashwick ... Evergreen ave., Ralph and Grove sts.

Bay Ridge 18th ave., 4th and 5th sts.

Evergreen ave., Ralph and Grove sts.

Training School for Teachers, Park pl., west of Nosirand ave.

Bay Ridge 18th Ave.

Eventreen ave., 18th Ave.

Eventreen Schools. — Night sessions are held for men and boys at School for Teachers, Park pl., west of Nosirand ave.

18th Serve women and glris: Nos. 2, 15, 18, 22, 26, 123, 141, 142, 150, 157. For men and boys, women and girls, Nos. 5, 40, 80;

192, 190, 144, 158. Eastern Evening High School for men held in P. S. No. 122; Brooklyn Evening High School for men, held in Eastern District High School fid Girls' High School Building, Williamsburg Evening High School for women, held in Eastern District High School; Evening High School for Most. Now Lots

Evening High School for men, held in Public School No. 143; Bay Ridge Evening High School for women, held in P. S. 140.

Orphan Asylum, 1435 Atlantic ave.
R. C. Orphan Asylum, (Boys), Albany and St. Mark's aves.
R. C. Orphan Asylum (Girls), Willoughby and Summer aves.
Church Charity Foundation, Albany ave. and Herkimer st.
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Dean st. and Troy ave.
Industrial School Association, 141-153 B. 3d at.

Industrial School Ass'n and Home for Destitute Children. Sterling pl., near Flatbush ave. Convent of the Sisters of M-rcy, v73 Willoughby ave. Sheltering Arms Nursery, 157 Dean st. Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Ralph ave., near Pacific st.

81	0 Schoo	lg	in Queens Boi	coi	ւցի.
	JAMAICA TRA	INI	NG SCHOOL FOR TEACHE	RS,	JAMAICA.
No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	
1	9th st. and Van Aist av., L. I. City.	1	Springfield rd. and Hollis av., Queens.	65	Snediker av. and 2d st., South Woodhaven.
2	Hulst st., and Nott av., L. I. City.	1	Palatina and Prospect avs., Hollis.	11	Union pl. and Tulip st., Brook- iyn Hills. (Ri'm'd Hill P.O.)
3	Colonial av. and Euclid st., Forest Hills.	36	Everett st. and Central av., St. Albans.	11	Central av. and Oimstead pl., Glendale.
4	Prospect and Crescent sts., near Beebe av., L. I. City.	37	Higbie av. and Springfield rd., Springfield.		Bergen and Rathjen avs., Ever- green. Trotting Course la., Whitepot,
5	Academy st., near Grand av., L. I. City,	38	Foster's Meadow rd., Rose- dale.	70	Newtown. Juniper st., Middie Village.
6	Steinway av., near Jamaica av.,	39	State st. and Roanoke av., Far Rockaway.	71	Forest av., East Williams- burg.
7		40	Pacific and Union Hall sts., Jamaica.	72	Maspeth av., Maspeth. Lexington av., Maspeth. Woodward av. and Starr st.
8	L. I. City. Steinway av., near Ditmars	†41	Franklin and Crocheron avs., Bayside.		Metropolitan. (B'klyn P. O.) Bleecker st. and Covert av.
9	av., L. I. City. Munson st., near Fulton av.,	42	Boulevard and Vernam av., Rockaway Beach.		Ridgewood. Montgomery & Congress avs.
	L. I. City. Flushing av., Bowery Bay.	43	Washington av., Rockaway Park.	77	Laurel Hill. Covert av., Centre and George
	Woodside av., Woodside. Annex, Woodside.	44	Boulevard and Academy av., Rockaway Beach.	78	sts., Ridgewood Park. Maurice av. and Carroll pl., Winfield.
	Prospect st., Winfield, Irving pl., Elmhurst.		Three-mile rd., Jamaica South.	79	7th av. and 14th st., White-
	Junction av., Corona. Annex. Grinnell av.		Old South rd., Aqueduct. South and Church sts., Ja- malca.	80	Stone. Greenpoint av., near Bradley av., L. I. City.
16 17	Sycamore av., Corona. Myrtle av., Corona.	49	Brenton av., Jamaica.	H	Cypress av., Ralph and Bleeck- er sts., Evergreen.
18	Corona av., Corona.	30	Wyckoff st., Talfourd Lawn, Jamaica.	82	Kaplan av., Hammond and Horton sts., Jamaica.
19 20	Evergreen av., Corona. Sanford av. and Union st.,	51 53	Johnson av., Richmond Hill. Elm st. near Atlantic av.,	83	Vernon av., bet. Pierce and Graham avs., L. I. City,
21	Flushing. Washington and Union sts.,		Richmond Hill. Hillside av. and Sherman st.,	11	Albert and Theodore sts., near
22	Flushing. Sanford av. and Murray st., Flushing.	55	Richmond Hill. Maure av. and Beaufort st.,	85	DeBevoise av., near Woolsey av., L. I. City.
23	Whitestone av. and State st., Flushing.	56	Richmond Hill. Orchard av. and Elm st., Richmond Hill.		Old Flushing av., near Grand st., Maspeth. Washington av. and Pulaski
24	Queens and Robinson avs., Flushing.	1	Curtis av., near Broadway, Morris Park.	11	st., Middle Village. Elin av. and Fresh Pond rd.,
	Jamaica av., Head of Vieigh, Flushing.		Walker and Grafton avs., Woodhaven.		Ridgewood Heights. Orchard av., 5th and 6th sts.,
	Fresh Meadow and Black Stump rds., Flushing.	59	University pl. and Rockaway rd., Woodhaven. 2d st., near Shaw av., Wood-	90	Elmhurst. Washington av., near Jamaica
	13th st. & 1st av., College Point. 6th st., bet. 1st and 2d avs.,		2d st., near Shaw av., Wood- haven. Elm st., near Union pl., Brook-	†91	av., Richmond Hill. Myrtle, Washington and Ridgewood avs., Glendale.
	College Point. 16th st. and 6th av., College		lyn Hills, (Richmond Hill P. O.)	1	Hayes av., 42d and 43d sts., North Corona.
	Point. 11th av. and 19th st., Whitestone.	62	Washington av., near Broad- way, Chester Park, Wood- haven.	†93	Forest and Putnam avs. and Woodbine st., Ridgewood Heights.
32	Bell av., Bayside. Lakeville rd., Little Neck.		Old South rd., near Wood- haven rd., Woodhaven.	*94	
33	Madison av. and Cedar st., Creedmoor.	64	Broadway, near Spruce st., Woodhaven.		Parental Schools, Jamaica rd., Flushing.
*	Under construction. †Not yet	start	ed.		
			HICH SCHOOLS.		

ton. 15 Grant st., Tompkinsville.

Bryant Academy and Radde sts., L. I. City. Flushing Sanford av., Flushing. Jamaica
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30 fchmo C chaole in

No. Location. 1 Academy pl. Tottenville. No. Location. No. Location. No. Location. 27 Richmond av., New Spi	
1 Academy pl Tottonyillo 16 Madison av Tompkingville 27 Dichmond av Now Spi	
	ring-
Wiener st., Richmond Valley. 17 Prospect av., New Brighton. 28 Centre st., Richmond. 18 Broadway, W. New Brighton. 28 Centre st., Richmond.	
3 School at Prince Bay 19 Greenleaf av., West New 29 Manor rd., W. New Brigh	
4 Fresh Kill rd., Kreischerville. 20 Heberton av., Port Richmond. 31 Pleasant av., Bogardus	Cor-
5 Amboy rd., Huguenot. Annex, Richmond av. ners. (Prince Bay P. C	
7 Fresh Kill rd., Green Ridge. 22 Richmond av., Graniteville. 33 Washington av., Grant C	City.
8 Linwood av., Great Kills. (Port Richmond P. O.) (Midland P. O.).	_
10 Richmond rd., New Dorp. 24 Washington av., Summerville.	ıĸ.
11 Jefferson st., Dongan Hills. (P. O., Port Richmond; R. 12 Steuben st., Stapleton. F. D.)	
13 Pennsylvania av., Rosebank. 25 Chelsea rd., Bloomfield. (P. O.) HICH SCHOOL.	
14 Broad and Brook sts., Staple- Port Richmond R. F. D.) 26 Richmond turnpike, Linoleum- Curtis — Hamilton av. and	St

22 Richmond av., Granteville.
Port Richmond P. O.)
23 Andros av., Mariners' Harbor.
24 Washington av., Summerville.
(P. O., Port Richmond; R. F. D.)
25 Chelsea rd., Bloomfield. (P. O., Port Richmond turnpike, Linoleumville.

HiCH SCHOOL.

Curtis — Hamilton av. and St. Mark's pl., New Brighton.

The Public Schools of New York City.

(By A. Emerson Palmer, Secretary, Board of Education, New York City.)

PUBLIC education in New York City began with the founding of the Free School Society (after 1826 the Public School Society) in 1805. The society started in a small way, depending upon private subscriptions, but soon received aid from the city. It gradually expanded, and until 1842 had control of the moneys supplied for educational purposes by the city and the common school fund of the State. This condition of affairs was unique. The society, being under the direction of high minded citizens, enjoyed a large degree of public confidence. So anomalous a system could not last, however, and by an act of the Lexislature, passed in 1842, the Board of Education was established. The Public School Society continued to conduct its schools until 1853, when, by mutual consent, they were all taken over by the Board. The society at that time had more than a hundred schools; the value of the property it transferred to the city was estimated at 845,000, and during its existence it educated some 600,000 children. The Board of Education was an elective body from 1842 to 1871, the members being chosen first by wards, and from 1862 by school districts; since 1871, they have been appointed by the Mayor. In Brooklyn a Board of Education was created in 1843; the members were chosen by the Common Council until 1862, in which year the appointing power was vested in the Mayor. When consolidation took effect, in 1898, separate school boards were provided for the several boroughs (Manhattan and the Bronx being united), with a central Board of Education (a delegated body) having charge of the finances, the erection and repair of buildings, the acquiring of sites, the purchase and distribution of supplies, cit. This system was dropped on the revision of the Charter in 1901, and since 1902 there has been one Board of Education for the elty. It consists of forty-six members—twenty-two for Manhattan, fourteen for Bro-klyn, four each for the Bronx and Queens, and two for Richmond. Their term of office is five yea-3.

The Board of Superintendents

The Board of Superintendents, consisting of the city superintendent of schools and eight associate superintendents, has large powers in the nomination, promotion, and transfer of teachers, the recommendation of text-books and scholastic supplies, the determination of courses of study, the fixing of qualifications for teachers' licenses, etc. Its important acts require the approval of the Board of Education. There are twenty-six district superintendents, whose duties are to visit schools and observe the work of teachers. The Board of Examiners (consisting of the city superintendent and four examiners) conducts all examinations for would-be teachers, and prepares eligible lists. The school superintendents and examinations for would-be teachers, and prepares eligible lists, the school superintendents and examinations for would-be teachers, and prepares eligible lists, and so secretary and auditor, having no fixed term. Principals and teachers are appointed by the Board of Education on the nomination of the Board of Superintendents. The merit system is in full operation, and teachers are appointed in order of standing. Beginners are on probation for three years, their licenses being renewable from year to year; when permanently licensed, their tenure is assured, and they cannot be removed except on charges. New teachers are appointed only after pursuing a trafning school course.

only after pursuing a training school course.

only after pursuing a training school course.

The budget appropriation of the Department of Education for 1912 was \$33,849,819,74, of which \$28,421 601.04 constituted the general school fund (for teachers' salaries). For 1913 the appropriation is \$35,206,846,90, the general school fund being \$29,195,810,70. Under the so-called Equal Pay law (Chapter 902, laws of 1911) teachers (men and women) in elementary schools serve three years at \$720; they then advance, with yearly increments of \$60, to \$1,500. This applies to the great majority. In the upper grades the maximum salaries are \$1,820 and \$2,260. Assistants to principals (heads of departments) receive \$2,400, and principals \$3,500. In high schools salarter range from \$900 to \$3,250, in training schools are from \$1,000 to \$3,250. Frincipals of high schools and training schools are paid \$5,000, and \$5,000 is the salary of district superintendents. Saminers receive \$6,000. Associate superintendents receive \$6,500. This salary of the city superintendent is \$10,000. The number of elementary schools is 502—160 in Manhattan, 171 in Brook-lyu, 50 in the Bronx, 87 in Queens and 34 in Richmond. The number of high schools \$21. There are also three training schools for teachers, two vocational schools, three truant schools and one nautical school. In the elementary schools there are 1,395 men and 15,153 women teachers; in the high schools 808 men and \$27 women. In the evening schools (high and elementary) there are 2,142 teachers. Ninety-four attendance officers enforce the Compulsory Education law. The latest available figures show the attendance as follows:

	Elementary Schools. (Kindergarten, Primary, Grammar),	High Schools.		Elementary Schools. (Kindergarten, Primary, Grammar).	High Schools.
Manhattan	248,988	13,989	${\tt Richmond}$	13,700	971
The BronxQueens	240,444 77,391 52,427 part time (three and th	3,374 4,038	Totals		38,812
	•				81
Brooklyn The Bronx		37,952 31,839 5,258			90,844

Capacity, as per rule adopted by the Board of Education, May 24, 1911, pursuant to Section 451 of the State Education Law:

202 02 020	- Ladoution -				
	Elementary Schools.	High Schools.		Elementary Schools.	High Schools
Manhattan Brooklyn The Bronx	217,876 200,343 60,331 55,712	22,627 23,414 3,818 6,474	Richmond Totals	$\frac{16,644}{550,896}$	$\frac{1,199}{57,532}$

The increase in capacity since September, 1911, has been 22,035, and the increase in the number of part-time pupils has been 10,024.

Teachers incapacitated after thirty years' service are retired on pensions (half pay); the number of retired teachers is 1,378.

School buildings and sites are paid for with the proceeds of city bonds (corporate stock); the amount issued since consolidation has been \$101,438,375.

Express Offices in the City of New York.

Adams.-Principal office, 53 Broadway. Other offices, 152 W. 26th St., 1789 Lexington Ave., 8 W. 45th St., 227 W. 106th St., 308 W. 124th St., 151 Bowery, 259 Greene St., 137 W. Broadway, 309 Canal St., 324 Lafayette St., 29 Seventh Ave., 132 Hamilton Pl., Cortlandt Ave. and E. 148th St., 19 W. 23d St., 127 Prince St., 13 E. 14th St., 91 Maiden Lane, 1257 3d Ave., 11 Wooster St., 355 Amsterdam Ave., Lexington Ave. and 49th St., 2 Reade St., 200 Chambers St., 242 W. 47th St.; in Brooklyn, 325 Fulton St., Furman St. Depot, 793 Flatbush Ave., Bush Terminal, Jefferson Ave. and Ormond Pl., 137, 2497 Atlantic Ave., 107 Broadway; in Long Island City, 71 Jackson Ave.; in Jersey City, 2 Exchange Pl. and Pier D.

American.—Principal office, 65 Broadway. Other offices, 142 W. Broadway, 302 Canal St., 18 Astor Pl., 18 Chatham Sq., 922, 1434 and 2293 Broadway, 33d St. and 10th Ave., 22 W. 15th St., 1251 3d Ave., 139 Spring St., 251 W. 125th St., 138th St. and Park Ave., 375 Madison Ave., Lexington Ave. and 44th St., 93 Bowery, 2800 Webster Ave.; in Brooklyn, 339, 1392 Fulton St., 823 Flatbush Ave., Lee Ave and Gwinnett St., 954 Broadway, 2566 Atlantic Ave., Dock and Water Sts., 33 Bond St., Third Ave, and 44th St

Borough.—Principal office, 119 W. 125th St. Other offices, 205 W. 74th St., 296 Canal, foot of Christopher, foot of Liberty, 142 West St., 2 Rector Christopher, 100 to Liberty, 142 western, 128 ts., 127 Franklin St., Morris and Greenwich Sts., 128 Division St., 7 E. 14th St., 35 West 3d St., 555 W. 23d St., 24 E. 21st St., 7 E. 39th St. 128th St. near 3d Ave., West 83d St. near Broadway, 1243 Third 3d Ave., West 83d St. near Broadway, 1243 Third Ave., 696 Columbus Ave., 31 W. 30th St., 311 W. 43d St., 51 Fulton St., 1775 Broadway.

Cuban & Pan-American (Foreign), 52 Broadway, 136 Franklin St.

Davies, Turner & Co. (Foreign) .- 5 State St.

Dodd.—Principal office, 1254 Broadway. Other offices, 7 Cortland ts. 1.70, 379, 461, 988 Broadway. Liberty Cortland t, Desbrosses, and W. 234 St. Ferries, Citizens' Line and Catskill Evening Line foot of Barrow St.; People's Line, foot of Canal St.; Providence Line; Fall River Line, foot of Warren St.; 235, 6015th Ave., 245 Columbus Ave.; Worwich Line, New Bedford Line, foot of Clarkson St.; Pennsylvania Station, 111 W. 125th St., 60 W. 1836 St.; in Brooklyn, 52 Nassau St., 336 Fulton St., Platbush Ave. Station, 4 Court St., 479 Nostrand Ave.; in Jersey City, 2 Exchange Pl. Dodd.-Principal office, 1354 Broadway. Other

Downing's (Foreign), -45 Pearl St.

Long Island.—Principal office, Long Island City, Other offices, foot of E. 34th St., 19 E. 17th St., 300 Canal St., 613 6th Ave., 257 Mercer St., 574 Colum-bus Ave., 1047 6th Ave., 406 W. 126th St.; 1n Brook-lyn, 38 Hanson Pl. Depots, 501 Broadway, 4113 3d Ave., Bushwick Ave., Atlantic and Vesta Aves., Vanderveer Park, Bath Beach.

Morris's European Ex.-53 B' way.

National.-Principal office, 141 Broadway, Other offices, 4 Temple St., 88 Liberty St., 158 Duane St., 114 W. Broadway, 22 Hudson St., 186 Greene St., 134 W. 25th St., 9 W. 31st St., 2800 Webster Ave., 2393 Broadway, 138th St. and Park Ave., 105 Bleecker St., 1251 3d Ave., 251 W. 125th St.; in Brooklyn, same offices American Express; in Jersey City, 109 Hudson St.: in Hoboken and Weehawken, West Shore R. R. Depot.

New York and Boston Despatch.-Foot E. 22d St., 300 Canal St., 100 Maiden Lane, 63 Gold St., 121 Prince St., 613 6th Ave., 97 Charles St., 46 Dey St. 53 E. 11th St., 34 E. 21st St., 308 E. 124th St., 257 Mercer St., 19 E. 17th St.

New York Transfer Company.-See Dodd.

Pitt & Scott, Ltd. (Foreign). -60 Pearl St.

Southern. -71 Broadway. -See Adams.

United States.-Principal office, 2 Rector St. Other offices, 1775 Broadway, 313 W. 43d St., 31 W. 30th St., 296 Canal St., foot of Christopher St., foot of Liberty St., 51 Fulton St., 142 West St., 129 Franklin St., 128 Division St., 205 W. 74th St., 24 E. 21st St., 555 W. 23d St., 7 E. 39th St., 119 W. 125th St., 1243 3d Ave., 696 Columbus Ave., 7 E. 14th St., 35 W. 3d St., foot of W. 23d St. (C.R. R. Terminal); in Brooklyn, 339, 1392 Fulton St., Dock, Water and Front Sts., 255 Lee Ave., 33 Bond St., 2566 Atlantic Ave., 823 Flatbush Ave., 41st St. and 3d Ave., 954 Broadway; in Long Island City, 327 Jackson Ave.; in Jersey City, 83 Railroad Ave., Depot of Central' R. R. of New Jersey at ferry; in Hoboken, on Ferry St., two blocks from ferry.

Wells Fargo & Co. (Foreign).-51 Broadway.

Wells Fargo & Co.-Principal office, 51 Broad-Wells Fargo & Co.—Principal office, 51 Broadway, 615 her offices, 1781 Broadway, 613 6th Ave., 310 Canal St., 17 W. 23a St., 376 Columbus Ave., 80 E. 8th St., 100 Warren St., 18 Chatham Sq., 173 Mercer St., 107 John St., 128th St. and 3d Ave., foot of W. 23d St., 35 Greenwich St., 25 W. 26th St., 625 Madison Ave., 501 Fifth Ave., 19 E. 17th St., 132 W. 125th St.; in Brooklyn, 312 Livingston St., 22 Rockwell Pl.; in Brosklyn, 312 Livingston St., 22 Rockwell Pl.; in Jersey City, 229 Pavonia Ave., 3nd at ferry foot of Pavonia Ave. Ave. and at ferry foot of Payonia Ave.

Westcott.—Principal office, 219 E., 42d St. Other offices, 84, 149, 350, 399, 425, 429, 922, 1183, 1216, 1278, 1434, 1465, 2238 Broadway, foot of Barclay St., foot of Chambers St., foot of Corrlandt St., 18 Astor Pl., foot of W. 23d St., foot of Christopher St., foot of W. 42d St., Grand Central Station, 1231 3d Ave., 121, 251 W. 125th St., 125th Street and Park Ave., 1899 Park Ave.; in Broadlyn, 338, 505, 726, Fulton St., 22 Court St., 15 Bergen St., 954 Broadway. way.

Bopulation of New York City by Boroughs.

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YEAR.	Manhattan.	Bronx.	Brooklyn.	Richmond.	Queens.	Totals.
1913. 1910. 1900. 1890. 1880. 1870. 1860. 1850. 1840. 1830.	. 2,331,542 1,850,093 1,441,216 1,164,673 942,292 813,669 515,547 312,710 202,589	531,219 430,980 200,507 88,908 51,980 37,393 23,593 8,032 5,346 3,023 2,782	1,776,878 1,634,351 1,166,582 838,547 599,495 419,921 279,122 138,882 47,613 20,535 11,187	92,669 85,969 67,021 51,693 38,991 33,029 25,492 15,061 10,965 7,082 6,135	334,297 284,041 152,999 87,050 56,559 45,468 32,903 18,593 14,480 9,049 8,246	5,173,064 4,766,883 3,437,202 2,507,414 1,911,698 1,478,103 1,174,779 696,115 391,114 242,278 152,056
1810 1800	. 96,373	2.267 1.755	8,303 5,740	5,347 4,564	7,444 6,642	119,734 79,216

Fire Department in New York City.

Table showing number of firemen in active service in New York, and salaries they receive:

MANHATTAN, BRONX AND RICHMOND.	Salary.	BROOKLYN AND QUEENS.	Salary.
1 Chief of Department	\$10,000	6 Deputy Chiefs	\$4,200
9 Deputy Chiefs of Department	4,200	22 Chiefs of Battalion	3,300
1 Chief of Construction and Repairs		110 Captains	2,500
to Apparatus	3,300	146 Lieutenants	-2,100
22 Chiefs of Battalion	3,300	184 Engineers of Steamers	1,600
144 Captains	2,500	1,099 Firemen 1st Grade	1,400
216 Lieutenants	2,100		1,200
258 Engineers of Steamers	1,600	94 ou	1,000
,627 Firemen 1st Grade	1,400	1 20 4(11	1,000
130 '' 2d ''	1,200	5 Medical Officers	3,300
114 30	1,000	3 Pilots	1,500
91 " 4th "	1,000 3,600	1 Marine Engineer	1,400
5 Medical Officers	3,300	making a total of uniformed force, 4,354.	
17 Pilots	1.500		
5 Marine Engineers		. 1	

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 790, Greater New York Charter, all uniformed members of the Fire Department are entitled to retire at the expiration of twenty years' continuous service on a pension equal to not less than one-half of the salary they may be receiving at the time of their application. The Fire Commissioner also has the power to retire members of the department who, from any cause, are found to be unable to perform active duty in the department. If the disability occurs from injuries while in the discharge of duty, the pension must equal one-half of the salary; if from natural causes, the Fire Commissioner can decide upon the amount of the pension.

FIRE ENGINE COMPANIES, MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

ENCINE COMPANIES, MANNALIAN AND BROKE.

(Headquarters, 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street.)

(36-220 W. 37th St.

(37-173 Franklin St.

(28-604 E. 11th St.

(29-160 Chambers St.

(30-280 Spring St.

(30-280 Spring St.

(53-175 E. 104th St.

(73-655 Prospect Ave.

(74-207 W. 77th St. -165 W. 29th St. -530 W. 43d St. -417 W. 17th St. -119 Maiden Lane. 5-340 E. 14th St. 6-113 Liberty St. 53-175 E. 104th St. 54-304 W. 47th St. 30 –280 Spring St. 31 –87 Lafayette St. 75-2085 Jerome Ave. 7-100-102 Duane St. 8-165 E. 51st St. 9-55 E. Broadway. 76-105 W. 102d St. 77-Foot of Main St., 32-49 Beekman St. 55-363 Broome St. 33-42 Great Jones St. 34-440 W. 33d St. 35-223 E. 119th St. | 23-42 Great Jones St. | 43-440 W. 33d St. | 56-120 W. 83d St. | 57-Battery Park (Boat). | 77-Foot of Main St., 25-23 E. 119th St. | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit Cryptak | 58-Bit C 56-120 W. 83d St. 10-8 Stone St. 11-437 E. Houston St. 12-261 William St. 13-99 Wooster St. 14-14 E. 18th St. -269 Henry St. -223 E. 25th St. 17-91 Ludlow St. 18-132 W. 10th St. 19-355 W. 25th St. Burnside Ave. 44-221 E. 75th St. 45-925 E. 177th St. 46-451 E. 176th St. 47-502 W. 113th St. 48-2504 Webster Ave. -243 Lafayette St. -216 E. 40th St. -159 E. 85th St. -215 W. 58th St. (Fire Boat). 67–518 W. 170th St. 68–1080 Ogden Ave. lem River (Boat). 88-2225 Belmont Ave. 23-89-1799 First Ave 24-78 Morton St. 90-1841 White Plains Av 49-Blackwell's Island. 69-243 E. 233d St. -342 5th St.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANIES, MANHATTAN AND BRONX

| 22-766 Amsterdam Ave. | 31-1213 Intervale Ave. | 23-804 W. 140th St. | 24-113 W. 33d St. (Water 33-2053 Jerome Ave. Tower No. 3 and 34-515 West 161st St. | Searchlight No. 2). | 35-142-144 West 63d St. | 25-205 W. 7th St. | 36-62 E. 114th St. (Water Tower No. 4). | 27-453 E. 176th St. | 38-2223 Belmont Ave. | 29-620 E. 138th St. | 40-64 Hancock Place. | 39-1799 First Ave. | 29-104 West 135th St. | 41-1843 White Plains Ave. | 30-104 West 135th St. | 41-1843 White Plains Ave. | 30-104 West 135th St. | 41-1843 White Plains Ave. | 30-104 West 135th St. | 41-1843 White Plains Ave. | 30-104 West 135th St. | 41-1843 White Plains Ave. | 30-104 West 135th St. | 41-1843 White Plains Ave. | 31-1213 Intervale Ave. | 32-449 East 165th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 West 163th St. | 31-415 Wes -104 Duane St. | 11-742 5th St. | 12-243 W. 20th St. | 13-243 W. 20th St. | 13-69 F. 37th St. | 13-69 F. 37th St. | 14-20 E. 125th St. | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip, bet, Water | 15-014 Slip 1-104 Duane St. 2-126 E. 50th St. 35-142-144 West 63d St. 36-Sedgwick Ave., opp. Burnside. -788 8th Ave. and Front Sts. 5-107 Charles St. 16-159 E. 67th St. 17-341 E. 143d St. 6-77 CanalSt. 7-217 E. 28th St. 8-14-16 N. Moore St. 9-209 Elizabeth St. 18-84 Attorney St. 19-886 Forest Ave. 20-157 Mercer St. 21-432 W. 36th St. 41-1843 White Plains Av. 10-191 Fulton St.

Exchanges in Manhattan.

Building Material Exchange, 20 Vesey St.
Building Trades, 30 W. 33d St.
Coffee Exchange, 13 Pearl St., and 66 Beaver St.
Consolidated Stock Exchange, 63 Broad St.
Cotton Exchange, Beaver and William Sts.
Crockery Board of Trade, 149 Church St.
Fruit Trades, 235 West St. and 81 Beach St.
Iron and Steel Board of Trade, 257 Broadway.
Jewellers' Board of Trade, 156 Maiden Lane.
Lager Beer Brewers' Board of Trade, 109 E.15th St.
Maritime Exchange, 28 Broad St. Maritime Exchange, 78 Broad St.

National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St. and 56 Cooper Square W. (7th St. and 4th Ave.), New York Fire Ins. Exchange, 123 William St. New York Furniture Exchange, 480 Lexington

Ave.
New York Mercantile Exchange, 6 Harrison St.
New York Metal Exchange, 111 Broadway.
New York Produce Exchange, Broadway and Beaver St.

New York Stock Exchange, 10 Broad St. Real Estate Exchange, 14 Vesey St.

EDWARD M. MORGAN, Postmaster; THOMAS F. MURPHY, Assistant Postmaster.

OFFICES AND OFFICE HOURS-SECOND FLOOR.

Postmaster.—Room 1, south end. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.
Assistant Postmaster.—Room 2, Broadway side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M. Secretary to

Assistant Postmaster.—Room 2, Broadway side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M. Secretary to the Postmaster, Room 1, south end.

Superintendent of Delivery.—Room 5, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Anditor.—Rooms 9 and 17. Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Cushier.—Rooms 21 and 15, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Moncy-Orders.—Superintendent of Department, Room 42, City Hall side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Domestic and Foreign Money-Orders, Rooms 40 and 41, City Hall side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Domestic and Foreign Money-Orders issued also from 5 P.M. to 12 P.M. Broadway side, Ground Floor. Section 30. No Money-Order business transacted on Sundays or holidays.

Inquiry Office for Missing Letters, etc.—Room 14, B'way side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.
MEZZANINF FLOOR.

MEZZANINE FLOOR,

Assistant Custodian.—An officer of the Treasury Department in charge of the building and ich. Room 1, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A, M, to 4 P, M, watch. Registry Department and windows for received in and delivering registered letters and parcels. Rooms 4 and 6. Broadway side. Office hours, S a. M. to 8 P. M. Holidays, S a. M. to 10 A. M. Closed on Sundays. Registered letters and parcels also received from S P. M. to midnight, Broadway side, ground floor.

United States Customs Bureau.-Room 9, Park Row side. Hours, 9 A. M. to 4.30 P. M.

Saturdays, 9 A.M. to 12 M. Closed on Sundays and holidays.

FIFTH FLOOR. Order Department of Instruction.—Room 161A, Broadway side. Office P. M. All offices on Second and Fifth Floors are closed on Sundays and holidays. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4 ENTRANCE FLOOR.

Superintendent of Mails.—Sec. 31, Park Row side. Office hours. 9 a.m. to 4 P.m. Superintendent General Post-Office Delivery.—Sec. 13, Park Row side. Superintendent Carriers' Department (General P. O. District).—B'way side. Section 26. Bank Window.—Sec. 17, Park Row side.

General Delivery (Park Row side).—Men's Window, sec. 5 and 7, Dark Power 11. Ladies' Window, sec. 11. Foreign Sumplementary Mail.—Sec. 27. Dark Power 12. Dark Power 13. Dark Power 14.

General Delivery (Park Row side), -Men's Window, secs, 5and 7; Advertised Letter Window, sec 1; Ladies' Window, sec 11. Foreign Supplementary Mail.-Sec, 27, Park Row side, Mail Inspection and Rating Department, -Sec, 4, south end. Parcels Post Mails.-Sec, 27, Park Row side. Office hours, 9.a. M. to 5 r. M. Postage Stamps, etc. -Stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers and postal cards. Sales in sums from \$1 up; windows 1 and 2 sec, 30, north end of Broadway tobby, and windows 6 and 7 wholesale stamp booth, Broadway side, south lobby. Sales in sums of \$5 or less, windows 4 and 5, secs. 26 and 28, north end of Broadway lobby; windows 8, 9 and 10, retail stamp booth, Park Row side of south lobby; and windows 11 and 12, Park Row lobby. Wholesale department open 8.30 a.m. to 5 p.M., except Stundays and holidays.

side of south lobby; and windows 11 and 12, Park Row lobby. Wholesale department open 8.30 a.m. to 5 p.m., except Sundays and holidays.

Redemption and Special Request Envelope Department.—Room 15, Second Floor. Hours, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Closed on Sundays and holidays.

OPEN ALWAYS.—Outgoing Domestic Letter Mails Department.—Secs. 24, 22, 20, Broadway side. General Post-Office Delivery Department.—Sec. 13, Park Row side. On general holidays, viz.: January 1, February 12, 22, May 30, July 4, Labor Day, October 12, Election Day, Thanksgiving Day, December 25, and such days as the President of the United States, or the laws, or Governor of the State may designate as holidays, fast, and thanksgiving days, all mails are closed as on other days of the week, but only such carrier deliveries are made as may have

mails are closed as on other days of the week, but only such carrier deliveries are made as may have been previously announced.

Mail in Quantities.—For New York City delivery, received at sec. 16, Broadway side, Letters for outgoing domestic mails received principally at the Hudson Terminal station, 30 Church Street, and at General Post-Office, letters at sec. 21; circulars, sec. 18, Broadway side. Letters for foreign countries received at sec. 18, Broadway side. Mail in quantities should be assorted by States by the sender before mailing. Delivery for Newspaper Exchanges.—Sec. 25, Park Row side.

Drous.—For outgoing domestic mails, sec. 25, Park Row side, and secs. 20, 22, Broadway side. For New York City delivery, sec. 3, South End, sec. 15, Park Row side, and sec. 16, Broadway side.

Special Delivery Letters for New York City or Elsewhere.—Sec. 15, Park Row side, and sec. 20, Broadway side.

Lock-Boxes.—South end and B'way side. Lock-boxes for newspaper exchanges, Park Row side.

Lock-Boxes. -South end and B' way side. Lock-boxes for newspaper exchanges, Park Row side.

CARRIER STATIONS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

A—Cor. Prince and Greene Sts.
B—Grand St., southeast cor. Attorney St.
C—West 13th St. and Ninth Ave.
D—103-105 East 12th St.

 \mathbf{E} -110-114 West 32d St., near Sixth Ave. \mathbf{F} -149-155 East 34th St., bet. Lex'n and Third Aves.

G-217-225 West 51st St., near Broadway. H-178-180 West 102d St. 1-232-234 West 116th St.

-309 West 125th St. K-202-204 East 88th St., near Third Ave.

L-147 East 125th St., cor. Lexington Ave. M-2088 Amsterdam Ave.

N-Broadway, cor. 69th St. O-112-116 West 18th St.

-Custom House Building.

R-378-380 East 149th St., bet. Third and Courtlandt Aves.

Broadway, cor. Howard St. 507-509 East 165th St., bet. Third and Washing-

ton Aves

U—Third Ave., cor. 103d St.
V—Northwest cor. West Broadway and Beach St.
W—160-162 West 83d St.
X—373-377 East 138th St., near Willis Ave.

-1160-1162 Third Ave., near 68th St.

City Island-S. W. cor, Main and Adam Sts, College-305-307 West 140th St., near Eighth Ave. College -305-307 West 140th St., near Eighth Ave. Fordham Had. Foreign - Webster Ave., nr. Fordham Rd. Foreign - West St., cor. Morton St. Fox St., -Fox St., bet. 167th and 169th Sts. Grand Central Station - 110 East 45th St., bet. Lexington Ave. and Depew Place. Hamilton Grange - 521-523 West 146th St. High Bridge - West 165th St., bet. Lind and Sammit Aves

Summit Aves.

Hudson Terminal Station—Cortlandt Bulding, 30 Church St., bet. Cortlandt and Dey Sts.

Jay St.—Jay and Greenwich Sts. (not a carrier station).

Kingsbridge-5233 B'way, bet. 273d & 274th Sts. Madison Square-310-316 Fourth Ave., bet. 23d

and 24th Sts Morris Heights-West 177th St., near Cedar Ave. Times Square—231-241 West 39th St.
Tompkins Square—12th St. and Ave. B.
Tremont—1931 Washington Ave., between 177th

and 178th Sts. Wall St. -60 Wall St

Washington Bridge-Amsterdam Ave., near 180th St.

POST-OFFICE (MANHATTAN) NEW YORK CITY-Continued.

Westchester-1471 Williamsbridge Road, near | Williamsbridge-3455 White Plains Ave., near Eastchester Road. Gun Hill Road.

Branch Offices-Pelham Branch, Pelham, N. Y.; Pelham Manor Branch, Pelham Manor, N. Y. Grand Central and Madison Square Stations are open on week days from 7 A. M. to 12 P. M.; for

the transaction of money order business from 8 a. M. to 8 P. M. Hudson Terminal Station is open on all days of the year from 7 a. M. to 12 P. M. No money order business is transacted on Sundays or holidays. Registry business is transacted from 7 a. M. to 10 a. M. on holidays; no registry business is transacted on Sundays.

All other carriers' stations are open on week days from 7 A, M, to 8 P, M, ; for the transaction of money order business from 8 A, M, to 8 P, M,

On Sundays carriers' stations are open from 9 a. m. to 11 a. m.; on holidays from 7 a. m. to 10 a. m., excepting High Bridge, which is open on Sundays from 4 P. m. to 6 30 P. m., and Morris Heights from 4.30 P. m. to 6 30 P. m., and worth Heights from 4.30 P. m. to 6 30 P. m., by money order business is transacted on Sundays or holidays at carriers' stations registry business is transacted on holidays from 7 a. m. to 10 a. m.; no registry business is transacted on Sundays

Postal Savings Bank-Room 40, 2d floor. Open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. except Sandays

and holidays.

Postal Letter Carriers in New York City.

Table showing number of letter carriers employed in the different boroughs, and the salaries they

Вокоген.	Number of Carriers.	Borough.	Number of Carriers,
Manhattan and Bronx Brooklyn. Queens: Flushing Jamaica. Long Island City.	1,040 52 50	Richmond: Port Richmond West New Brighton. New Brighton Rosebank Stapleton Tompkinsville	$\frac{11}{9}$

Total number in New York City, 3,793 (December, 1912.)
The salaries of letter carriers are graded by law as follows: In Manhattan and Bronx, carriers are originally appointed as substitutes and receive pay at rate of 30 cents per hour and 8 cents for each special delivery letter they deliver; when appointed as regular carriers they receive, the first year, \$600; second year, \$800; third year, \$900; touth year, \$1,000; atth year, \$1,100; sixth year, \$1,200, 1,843 receive \$1,200 each; 308, \$1,100 each; 122, \$1,000 each; 117, \$900 each; 79, \$800 each, and 95 receive \$600 each,

each, and 95 receive \$600 each.

In Brooklyn, carriers receive from \$600 to \$1,200 per annum each. In Jamaica, carriers receive from \$600 to \$1,200. In Long Island City, twenty-six carriers receive \$1,200 each, four \$1,100 each, two \$1,000 each, two \$800 each and two receive \$600. In Flushing carriers receive from \$600 to \$1,200 per year. In Rosebank carriers receive \$1,100, one \$1,000. In Tompkinsville five carriers receive \$1,100 each and one \$1,000. In West New Brighton eight carriers receive \$1,100, one receives \$1,000, one \$600 and one 30 cents per hour. In New Brighton eight carriers receive \$1,100, one \$600. In Stapleton eight receive \$1,200 each, one \$1,000 and one \$1,000. In Port Richmond two receives \$1,000 each, two \$1,000, three \$800 each and one \$1,000. The Port Richmond two receives \$1,000 each, two \$1,000, three \$800 each and one \$500.

There is no retirement pay for any of the civil service employes of the United States Government.

Post=Office—Brooklyn, New Fork.

Postmaster.—Room 102. Office hours, 9 a. M. to 5 p. M. Assistant Postmaster.—Room 102. Office hours, 9 a.M. to 5 p. M. Cashier.—Room 104. Office hours, 9 a.M. to 5 p. M. Superintendent City Delivery.—Room 111. Office hours, 9 a.M. to 5 p. M. Superintendent of Mails.—Room 112. Office hours, 9 a.M. to 5 p. M. Superintendent of Mails.—Room 112. Office hours, 9 a.M. to 5 p. M. Inquiry Dep't.—Washington Street Corridor. Office hours 8 a.M. to 6 p. M. Money-Order Dep't.—Rooms 201 and 202. Office hours, 9 a.M. to 5 p. M. Night Window for Money Orders.—Washington Street Corridor, from 5 p. M. to 10 p. M. Registry Dep't.—Room 109. Office hours, 8 a.M. to 6 p. M. Night Window for Registry Business.—Washington Street Corridor. Fostage Stamps, etc., in amounts over \$2.—Wholesale Window, Johnson Street Corridor. Mail in Quantities.—Received at Window of Superintendent of Mails in Washington Street Corridor. Drops.—In Washington Street Corridor. Lock Boxes.—Johnson Street Corridor. Street Corridor.

Postal Savings Bank—Room 108 (Johnson St., corridor), open from 9.00 a. M. to 5 p. M., except Saturdays, when it is open from 9 a. M. to 9 p. M. No withdrawals can be made after 5 p. M. On general holidays the first carrier delivery only is made. Collections, one in forenoon,

three in afternoon.

BRANCH POST-OFFICES.

A-661 Broadway

A-661 Broadway.
B-1266-1268 Fulton Street.
C-5316-5318 Fifth Avenue.
D-1915-1917 Fulton Street.
E-2634 Atlantic Avenue.
F-Flatbush, 830 Flatbush Avenue.
G-860 Manhattan Avenue.
H. Beth Pacoch 1848 Beth Avenue.

H-Bath Beach, 1848 Bath Avenue.

J-Myrtle Ave., near Wyckoff Ave.

K-Blythebourne, 13th Avenue and 55th Street.

L-L.I.R.R. Depot, Flatbush and Atlantic Aves.

M-Conev Island, Surf Ave., opp. West 17th St.

M-conev Island, Surl Ave., opp. West 17th St. N-Fort Hamilton, 9110 Fifth Avenue.
O-Sheepshead Bay, 1750 Shore Road.
P-1731 Pitkin Avenue.
R-(Vanderv'r) Flatbush Av., n'r Nostrand Av.
S-1262-1264 Broadway.
T-170 Hamilton Avenue.

V-Fifth Avenue and 9th Street. W-Broadway and South 8th Street.

-Gravesend Avenue and 47th Street.

[All branch stations are open on week days from 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.; for money-order business from 8 A.M. to 9 P.M. (for the registry of letters from 8 A.M. to 9 P.M.) On Sundays stations are open from 10 to 11 A.M. No money-order business is transacted on Sundays or holidays. No registry business is transacted on Sundays, but on holidays letters and parcels may be registered from 8 to 10 A. M.]

Pawnbrokers' Regulations in the City of New Fork.

PAWNBROKERS in New York City are regulated by statute. The rate of interest fixed by law is 3 PAWNBROKERS in New York City are regulated by statute. The rate of interest fixed by law is 3 per cent, a month or any fraction of a month for the first six mouths, and 2 per cent, per month for each succeeding month upon any loan not exceeding \$100, and 2 per cent, a month for the first six months and 1 per cent, a month for each succeeding month on any loan exceeding \$100. Pledges cannot be sold until after they have been kept one year, and then at public auction by a licensed auctioneer, after publication of at least six days in two daily newspapers designated by the Mayor, Pawnbrokers pay a yearly license fee of \$500 to the city and are under the control of the Mayor, Criminal Courts, Magistrates, Police and Bureau of Licenses.

PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY (EXECUTIVE OFFICE, 346 FOURTH AVE., COR. 25TH ST.) LOANING OFFICES: 346 FOURTH AVE., 186 ELDRIDGE ST., 180 E. 72D ST., COR. E. HOUSTON & ESSEX STS., 736 SEVENTH AVE., 124TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AVE., 409 CRAND ST.; BRONX, COURTLANDT AVE. AT 148TH ST.; BROOKLYN, 24 CRAHAM AVE., PITKIN AND ROCKAWAY AVES.

Office hours: 9 a. M. to5 F.M.; Saturday to 6 F.M. Ticket good for one year only. Loans may be paid by instalments, in sums not less than \$1. Rates of interest: One per cent. per mouth, or any fraction thereof. Only one-half month interest charged on all loans redeemed within two weeks after date of pledge. Condition of loan, agreed to by the holder of the ticket in consideration of interest being charged at less than the rate allowed by law. The Provident Loan Society of New York shall not be liable for loss or damage by fire, breakage, dampness, theft, or moths; nor shall to be liable for loss or damage by fire, breakage, dampness, theft, or moths; nor shall to be liable for more than 25 per cent. in addition to the amount loaned. Otto T. Bannard, President; Frank Tucker, Vice-President; James Speyer, Treasurer; Mortimer L. Sohiff, Secretary.

When making payment by instalment, the full amount of interest due on the sum loaned must be included, and the ticket must be returned. The interest due on the loan cannot be paid by instalment. The Society has thus far limited the classes of personal property on which it has made loans to clothing and so-called ''jewelry,'' including under that designation all articles of gold or silver, precious stones, opera-glasses, eye-glasses, also men's clothing in good condition, and ladies' and men's furs.

men's furs.

Biers in Manhattan.

North River.				North River,			
Pier No. St	reet.	Pier No. Street.	Pier No.	Street.	Pier No.	Street.	
A & 1 Batter	v Place.	44 Christopher.	Old 89 W	. 50th.	91 W	. 51st.	
o a o (Bi	attery Pl. & Morris.	45 W. 10th.	014 00 11		RIVER.	. 0130.	
2 & 3 {	& Morris.	46 Charles.	4 Bro			lancey.	
		47 Perry.	5.6.7	8 Coenties Slin	1 (D	elancey & Riv-	
5 & 6 { M	orris &	48 W. 11th.	0,0,1,	10 Coenties &	49}	ington.	
9000	Rector.	49 foot Bank.	8,9 &	10 Old Slip.	50 Riv	vington.	
7 Rector		50 Sethune & W.	11 Got	nverneur Laue.	- (R	ivington &	
g { Recto	r & Car-	(12th.	12 W a	all.		Stanton.	
(11816	·. I	51 Jane.		all & Pine.	52 Sta	nton.	
9 Carlisl		52 Gansevoort.	14 Ma	iden Lane.	En (S)	anton & E.	
10 Alban	y.	53 Bloomfield.	15 & 1	6 Burling Slip.	99 }	Houston.	
11 Cedar.		54 W. 13th.	/ 17 Fu	lton.	54 E.	Houston,	
13 Cortla	andt&t	56 W. 14th.		ekman.	55 3d.		
Dey	•	57 W. 15th.		0 Peck Slip.	56 E.	4th.	
14 Fulton	.	58 W. 16th.	21 Do		57 5th		
15 Vesev. 16 Barcia		59 W. 18th.		mes Slip.	58 6th		
17 Park F	ž. 1	60 W. 19th.	25 Oli		59 7th	·· .	
18 Murray		61 W. 21st.	26 & 2	7 Catharine.	60 E.	8th.	
19 Warre	. 1	62 W. 22d. 63 W. 23d.	98 J C	atharine & Mar- ket.	66 E.		
20 Chamb		64 W. 24th.	20035	Ket.	67 E.		
21 Duane	Jers.	65 W. 25th.	29 Ma	(Dilya & Man	68 E. 69 E.	2011.	
22 Jay.	٠ ا	66 W. 26th.	30 & 3	l { Pike & Mar- ket.	72 E.		
23 Harris	ion	67 W. 27th.	i	(Dilea & Dut	73 E.		
24 Frank		68 W. 28th.	32 & 3	gers.	74 E.		
25 North		69 W. 29th.	34 Ru	trare	76 E.		
26 Beach		70 W. 30th.		6 Jefferson.	77 E.	29th	
27 Huber	i l	71 W. 31st.	37 Cli		78 E.	30th	
28 Laight		72 W. 32d.		inton & Mont-	79 E.		
29 Vestry	7. J	73 W. 33d. 74 W. 34th.		gomery.	85 E.		
30 Desbro	osses.	74 W.34th.	39 Mo	utgomery.	86 E.	36th.	
31 Watts.		75 W. 35th.	40.41	B- 40 Gouver-	87 E.	37th.	
32 & 33 {	Watts &	76 W.36th.	40,41	& 42 { Gouver- neur.	88 E.	38th.	
(Canal.	77 W. 37th.	42 8- 4	4 Gouverneur & Jackson.	89 E.		
34 Canal.		78 W. 38th.	100.1	" \ & Jackson.	90 E.	40th.	
35 Spring	5	79 W. 39th.	45 Gr		91 E.		
36 {Sprin	g & Charl-	80 W. 40th.	46 Br	oome.	102 E.		
(ton.		81 W. 41st.	47 \ B	roome & De-	103 E.	61St.	
37 Charlt	on.	83 W. 43d.	, f		104 E.		
38 King 39 W. Ho	noton	84 W. 44th. 85 W. 45th.	Foot of A	farket & Pike.	ION PIERS	Forb	
40 Clarks		86 W. 46th.	Foot of E	aarker & Pike.	Foot of W	. 190th	
41 Leroy.	on.	87 W. 47th.	Foot of E		Foot of V	Vhitehall	
42 Morto		88 W. 48th.	Foot of E			erry House.	
43 Barro		New 89 W. 49th.	Foot of B		Foot of A		

Weight of Brominent Buildings in Manhattan

TE CU	11.	or face				in Julanijai	ta	и.
NAME AND LOCATION	ž	Height.	Name and Location.	No. of Stories.	Height.	NAME AND LOCATION.	No. of	Height.
Acollan Hall, 27 W.	17	262 ft.	Elghty Maiden Lane, 80 Maiden Lane.	25	315 ft.	PulitzerBuilding, Park Row.	22	Extreme,375 1/2
Amer. Exch'ge Bank, B'way and Cedar St.	16	232 ft.	Empire, B'way and Rector St.	20	293 ft.	Pullman, 17 Madison Ave.	15	178 ft.
American Surety Co., B'way, cor Pine St.	23	306 ft, 1 in,	Evening Post, Nassau and Liberty Sts.	32	385 ft.	Queens Insurance Co., c. William and Cedar	15	195 ft.
Amer. Tract Society, Nassau, c. Spruce St.		306 ft.	Flatiron (Fuller), B'way and 23a St.	20	286 ft.	Sts. Rector's Hotel, B'way	13	200 ft.
Ansonia Hot., B'way,	16	180 ft.	Germania Life In- surance, Fourth Ave.	20	281 ft.	and 44th St. Singer Mfg. Co.,		612 ft. 1 ln.
Ashland, Fourth Ave.	20	266 ft.	and 17th St. Heidelberg, Broadway		410 ft.	Broadway near Lib-	41	012 It. I in.
Atlantic Mutual In		242 ft.	and 42d St. Home Life Insurance	l	To roof top,219	St. James, Broadway.	16	204 ft.
William Sts. Banke s' Trust Co		53- ft.	Co., 256 Broadway.		ft.; to spire top, 280 ft.	St. Paul Bdg., Ann St. and Broadway.	26	308 ft.
Walland Nassau Sts. Bank of Commerce,	20	276 ft.	Hotel McAlpin, Boad- way, 33d to 34th Sts.	l	307 ft. 5 in.	Standard Oil Building, 24-30 Broadway.	15	263 ft.
c. Nassau and Cedar	l		Hotel Netherland, cor. 59th St. & Fifth Ave.	1	ft.	Times, Broadway and 42d St.	28	419 ft. 9 in. from lowest
Bowling Green Bldg., 5-11 Broadway.	ŀ	272 ft.6 in.	Hudson Realty Co., 32-34 Broadway.	1	205 ft. 6 in.			top of obser-
Brevoort, 2 W. 45th	i.	1	Hyde, Madison Ave. and 25th St.		288 ft. 3 in.	Ten E. 27th St.	20	vatory rail. 273 ft.
Broad Exch'ge Bldg. Broad St. and Ex-		276 ft. 61/2 in.	Johnston Building, 30- 36 Broad St.	ĺ	205 ft. 242 ft.	Tronity, 111 B'way. Twenty W. 22d St.	21 16	280 ft. 6 lu. 198 ft.
change Pl. Broadway Chambers, N. W. c. Broadway		225 ft.	Loft, cor. 5th Ave.and 12th St. Manhattan Life In-	1	To roof top, 246	Two Eighteen Fifth Ave. Underwood, 28 Vesey		269 ft.
and Chambers St. Biogan, Fourth Ave.	1	216 ft.	Broadway. 64-68		ft.; to top of tower, 348 ft.	St. United States Rub-	1	272 ft. 81/4 ln.
and 20th St. Browning, 141 W.	22	259 ft. 2 in.	Masonic, N. E.cor. 23d St. and 6th Ave.		291 ft.10¼ in.	ber Co., cor. Broad- way and 58th St.	1	
36th St. C aredon, Fourth Ave.	20	263 ft.	Metropolitan Life In- surance Co.	1	700 ft. 3 in.	United Underwriters, John and Dutch Sts.	1	197 ft
and 18th St. Cammercial Cable, 20- 22 Broad St.	21	255 ft., exclus-		1	560 ft. 1 in. To roof top,210	Walderf-Asteria Hotel, 13-19 W. 33d		214 ft.
Downing Building, 106 and 108 Fulton St.	là			13	ft., to roof garden,230 ft.	St. Walker, Lispenard 18 Walker St.	17	338 ft.
Dun (R. G. Dun),	15	190 ft. 1223 ft.	New York Realty Co., 9-13 Maiden Lane.	15	203 ft. 6 in.	Washington Life Ins. Co., Broadway and	19	278 ft.
290-294 Broadway East River Savings	19	252 ft.	Park Row, 13-21 Park Row.	29	To roof top 309 ft.; to tower,	Liberty St. Woolworth, Broad	51	750 ft.
Bank, Broadway and Reads St.					382 ft.	way bet, Park Pl. and Barclay St.		

Wanamaker's, Bway, 8th and 9th Streets, 14 stories, 211 ft. 6 in. high; 85 Exchange Place, 16 stories, 211 ft. 8 id. high; Trinity Place, cor. Rector St., 23 stories, 308 ft. high; Fifth Ave., 5-th, 59th 8ts. (Plaza Hotel), 18 stories, 25 ft. 11 in. high; Cedar and West Sts., 28 stories, 306 ft. high; Bway and Corlandt St., 26 stories, 306 ft. in. high; Bway and Celar St., 21 stories, 297 ft. high; 37 Wall St., 25 stories, 31 ft. high; 11 St., 25 stories, 217 ft. high; Corllandt And Church Sts., 22 stories, 215 ft., 31 high; Cornel and Church Sts., 22 stories, 215 ft. and Liberty St., 22 stories, 25 ft., 31 high; Church and Church Sts., 22 stories, 215 ft. and Liberty St., 22 stories, 25 ft. 9 in. high; Church and Church Sts., 22 stories, 306 ft. 3 in. high.

HIGH BUILDINGS FOR WHICH PLANS WERE FILED FROM OCT. 16, 1911 TO NOV. 22, 1912

NAME AND LOCATION	No. of Stories	Helght.	NAME AND LOCATION.	No. of Stories.	Height.	NAME AND LOCATION.	No. of Stories	Height.
Cor. Broadway & 21st	_		42-44th Sts., Madison	_		26th St. & 5th Ave.	20	264 ft.
St.	23	271 ft.	& Vanderbilt Aves.	26	305 ft.	1148 Broadway.	20	263 ft. 11 in.
89-95 Madison Ave.	16	200 ft, 5 in.	110-112 W. 40th St.	25	335 ft.	57-61 Broadway.	32	424 ft.
43-45 Centre St.	18	204 ft.	Cor. 79th St. & Park			221 W. 41st St.	29	341 ft.
Cor. Broadway & 20th			Ave.		210 ft.	Cor. 40th St. & Park		
St.		263 ft.	19-25 E 24th Sts.	17	256 ft.	Ave.	16	214 ft. 5 1/2 in.
Cor. 4th Ave. & 21st			Cor,4th Ave. & 29th		1	Cor. Broadway & Dey		
St.		299 ft.	St.	16	209 ft.	St.	28	403 ft. 6 n.
Cor. 4th Ave. & 30th			Cor. Madison Ave. &			22-26 W. 32d St.	16	213 ft. 3 in.
St.		227 ft.	30th St.			18-20 E. 41st St.	20	252 ft. 7 in.
12-16 W. 27th St.		234 ft.	113-119 W. 40th St.		29× ft.	46-52 Broad St.	20	242 ft.
25-33 W. 38th St.		200 ft.	11-13 E. 26th St.	21	274 ft. 8% in.	56-58 W. 45th St.	17	217 ft. 6 in.
Cor. 42d St. & Madi-		!	25-33 W. 45th St.	16	205 ft.	Cor. Irving 11.& 15th	- 1	
son Ave.	20	279 ft.	352 4th Ave.	16	202 ft.	St.	18	257 ft.

Brooklyn Navy Xard.

UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, ENTRANCE, FOOT SANDS STREET, BROOKLYN, Commandant—Captain Albert Gleaves.
Captain of the Yard—L. S. Van Duzer,
Inspection Officer—Lieut.—Com. W. T. Cluverius.
Engineer Officer—Capt. G. E. Burd.
Pay Officer—Pay Director J. Brooks,
Clothing Depot—Pay master A. F. Huntington,
Civil Engineer—F. R. Harris,
Naval Constructor—R. Stocker.
Naval Hospital—Medical Inspector J. C. Burges
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Naval Hospital—Medical Inspector J. C. Burges
Naval Hospital—Medical Inspe

Purchasing Paymaster - Pay Inspector Reali

Medical Officer-Medical Insp. A. R. Wentworth, Supervisor of Harbor-39 Whitehall St. N. Y. Navy Recruiting Office-153 W. 230 St. N. Y. Marine Recruiting Office-112 E. 23d St., N. Y. Application to visit he ships in the yard mustbe Naval Constructor—R. Slocker.

Naval Hospital—Medical Inspector J. C. Byrnes.

Marine Barracks—Lient, -Col. J. A. Lejenne.

Visiting hours are between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. made to the executive officers on board.

Clubs in Manhattan.

PRINCIPAL CLUBS AND CLUB-HOUSES. SEE ALSO "SOCIETIES."

	í .	MEMBERSHIP.										
	ed.		LIMIT.		PRES	SENT	INITIATION FEE.		ANNUAL Dues.		Λ,	
NAME OF CLUB.	Organized.	Club-House,	Limit.		NUMBER:						Secretary.	
	rga		Resi-	Non- Resi-	Resi-	Non- Resi-	Resi-	Non- Resi-	Resi-	Non- Resi-		
	°		dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.	dent.	R	
Aero of America	1906	297 Madison Ave	750		341	164	450	\$25.00	\$25.00	\$10.00		
Aldine Association	1895				620	182	100	None.	75 00	25.00	K. V. S. Howland. A. C. Patterson.	
Alpha Delta Phi (w)	1890	136 W. 44th St	None. 300	None.	550	525	30 50	10.00	p30.00	10.00	A. C. Patterson.	
Arion	1854	Park Ave. & 59th St	None.		275 1,000	20	None.	None.	75.00			
Arkwright	1893	320 Broadway	700	None.	700	20:	50	20.00	50.00	20.00	H. F. Orr. M. C. Martin. Duffield Osborne.	
Army and Navy	1889	7th Ave. c W 5 th St	None.	None.	301 130	2,066 100		10 25.00	40.00	10.00	M. C. Martin.	
Automobile	1899	54th St., W. of B'way	2,500	1,000	1.757	464	100	50.00	50.00	1 95 00	W A Edwards	
Baltnsrol Golf	1895	Park Ave. & 59th St 320 Broadway	750	None.	700 485	41	50 35	15.00	30-60		L. Keller, 29 B'way. Edward L. Parris. S. F. Barry.	
Calumet	1879	237 Fifth Ave. 121 W. 68th St. 120 Central Park South 7 W. 43d St. 52 E. 41st St.	400	None.	350		100	100.00	(u) 100.00	50.00	S. F. Barry.	
Camera	1896	121 W. 68th St	None.	None.	130	60	None.	None.	40,00			
Cantury Association	1811	120 Central Park South	1 000	None.	750 982			10.00 100.00	60.00 70.00	35.00	Percy J. King. H. O. Taylor. John E. Teeple.	
Chemists	1898	52 E. 41st St. 55 W. 44th St. 50 W. 54th St. 21 W. 44th St. 122 Mad son Ave.	1,000		515	566	25	5.00	40.00	10.00	John E. Terple.	
City.	1892	55 W. 44th St	None.	None.	950 700	31.0			60.00 75.00		R. S. Binkerd. Stanley M. Isaacs.	
City History of N.Y	1897	21 W. 44th St	None.	None.	700	1	100	25,00	(q)		Augusta Drake.	
Colony	1903	122 Mad son Ave	750	250	750		150	150.00	160.00	50.400	Mrs. Arthur Iselin.	
Columbia University	1901	18 Gramercy Park	Your.	None.	1,060 550	212	10	10.00	20.00 30.00	10.00	Perry D. Bogue. George R. Branson.	
Coney Island Jockey	1879	Sheep h ad Bay	Z OHe.					10 00				
Cornell University	1889	65 Park Ave		S	200			10 00	25.00	10.00	F. L. Ackerman.	
Dentscher Press	1855	Sheeph ad Bay. 65 Park Ave. 116 W. 58th St. 21 City Hall Place 100 Pine St. 100 William St. 22 W. 40th St. 345 Amsterdam Ave. 107 W. 45th St. 11E 44th St. 139 W. 47th St. 139 W. 47th St.	None.	None.	470		None.	None.	20.00	12.00	F. L. Ackerman. Wm. P. Esrle, Jr. Geo. Neumann.	
Downtown Ass'n	1860	10 Pine St	1,000	None.	1,000	107	200	100.00	100.00			
Drug and Chemical	1894	100 William St	500	None.	460 974		100	5.00 100.00	50.00 75.00	10.00	C. O. Pate. Jos. Strouthers.	
Explorers	1905	345 Amsterdam Ave			76		10	5.00	15,00	5.00	F. Dellenbough.	
Friars	1907	107 W. 45th St	None.	N ne.	(1) 892	298	40		40.00	15.00	John H. O'Neil.	
Graduates (W)	1904	11 E. 49th St	1,500 None	1,500 None	260 (k) 750		25 25		30,00	30.00	Verne M. Bovie, Engene L. Koneke,	
Grolier	1884	29 E. 32d St	250	150			100	50.00	30,00	15.00	Walter Gilliss.	
Hardware	1892	29 E. 32d St. 253 Broadway. 23 W. 194th St. 4 E. 60th St. 21 W. 44th St. Fifth Ave. & 46th St. Fifth Ave. & 32d St. 130 W. 44th St.	600	None.	60A				50.00 30.00	25.00	Joseph Gales.	
Harmonie	1852	4 E. 60th St	900	None.	800	None.	200	None.	125.00	None.	Wm. F. Velten. E. E. Spiegelberg.	
Harvard	1865	21 W. 41th St	None.	None.	1,748		10	10.00	(j)	1 15.00	L. P. Marvin.	
Knickerhocker	1871	Fifth Ave. & 32d St	-75	None.	475	None.	300	••••	125.00		F. K. Sturgis, Frank E. Polk.	
Lambs	1874	130 W. 44th St	(f)775	300	(f)775		(e)200	100,00	75.00	60 00	Goo V Hobert	
Lawyers	1887	115 Broadway. 110 W. 57th St. 50 Church St. 26th St. & Madison Ave Carnegie Hall.	1,000	None.	600	595	100	25.00	100.00 75.00	25.00	R. G. Babbage. C. W. Price. Fred Stadelman.	
Machinery	1907	50 Church St	800	1,500	200	500	50	20.00	50.00	20.00	Fred Stadelman.	
Manhattan.	1865	26th St. & Madison Ave		None.	800	400	None.		25.00	10.50	L. Sternberg. E. H. Underhill. Adolph Geering. Frederic S. Wells.	
Manhattan Single Tax	1888	47 W. 42d St	None.	None.	200 730	309	None.	None. None.	1.00	1.00	E. H. Underhill.	
Masonic	1894	46-54 W. 24th St	1,200	None.	600	800	15	5.00	15.00	5.00	Adolph Geering.	
Metropoliten	1871	Fifth Ave. cor 60th St	1 150	150	370 1,070			75.00 200.00	75.00	25 00	P R. Puna.	
National Democrat	1886	617 Fifth Ave	1,100	None.	1,000	260	100	25.00 50.00	50.00	20.00	William H. Jasper.	
New York	1845	20 W. 40th St	500	None.	425	250	100	50.00	100,00	50.00	P. R. Pyne. William H. Jasper. C. L. Despard. Fred R. Fortmeyer.	
Manhattan Chess Manhattan Single Tax Manhattan Single Tax Mathatan Single Tax Merchanta Merchanta Merchanta Netropolitan National Democrat New York N. Y. Athletic N. Y. Caledonian N. Y. Press N. Y. Railroad N. Y. Yacht Phi Gamma Delta Players Princeton Progress Request and Tennis Republican Repub	1856	846 Seventh Ave	None .	None.	400		5	100.00	6,00			
N. Y. Press	1872	21 Spruce St	None .	None.	800			5.00	24,00	8.00	John McGilvray. C. H. Redfern.	
N. Y. Kailroad	1872	37 W. 44th St	None .	None.	1,600 2,350	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	200		2.00 75.00		H. D. Vought, G. A. Cormack, J. W. Salisbury, Hnmilton Bell.	
Phi Gamma Delta	1886	34 W. 44th St			300	400					J. W. Salisbury.	
Players	1888	16 Gramercy Park	500	600	786	714	100	100.00	50.00 40.00	25.00	Hnmilton Bell. Walter C. Booth.	
Progress	1870	1 W. 88th St	500	None.	500	24	100	50,00	50.00	50.00	Moses Hochster.	
Racquet and Tennis	1875	27 W. 434 St	1,100	300	1,100		200	200.00	125.00	62.50	Sherman Day. Bert Hanson.	
Retorm	1879	54 W. 40th St	None.	None.	450	250		None. 25.00	50.00	95 00	Ed. R. Finch.	
Rubinstein	1887	Waldorf Astoria Hotel	550	50	550	20	25	None.	15.00	5.00	Mary J. Baker. De Forest Hicks.	
Saint Nicholas	1875	7 W. 44th St	250	Vous	220 531			100.00 25.00	75.00 35.00	37.50	De Forest Hicks. Howard Giles.	
Seawanhaka Cor. Yachi	1871	Oyster Bay, L. 1		lione.	201		50		50.00		George Nichels.	
Three Arts Club	1908	340 W. 85th St	. 83	None.	88		1	1.00	1.00	1.00	Mrs. Harry Markoe.	
Turf and Field.	1895	571 Fifth Ave. (m)	450	None	293 295			25.00	£0.00 25 00	25.00	H, W. Bull.	
Underwriters	1898	16 Liberty St	650	None.	550	30			25.00	10.00	G. H. Brewer.	
Union League	188	of Fifth Ave. & 51st St	1,600	None.	1,600 1,800		300 300		125.00 100.00		George Nichols. Mrs. Harry Markoe. D. W. Pardee. H. W. Bull. G. H. Brewer. Chas. H. Be kman. George H. Taylor. William Manice.	
University	186	5 Fifth Ave., cor. 54th St	2,000	1,500	2,000	1,500	200	100.00	75.00	35.00	George H. Taylor. William Manice.	
Wool	189	4 W. B'way & Beach St	. 400	150 None	850 1,725		None.	None, 20.00	60.00 20.00	20 00	R. J. Rendall. J. McL. Walton.	
# da. 0	.109	roo magell ot	· AOMb.	(cone.	1,720	. 1,010	- 20	20.00	20.00	10.00	O. A. Oli. Trailoris	

(a) Army and Navy memb rs, 16, dues, \$10. (b) Total membership. (c) Professional, (d) Non-professional \$45. (f) Professional and non-professional. (g) Country Honse, Travers Island, Felhain Manor, N. Y. (1) Foreign, 29, Army and Navy 5. (j) \$10, \$20, and \$40. (k) Itesident and non-estimate Belmont Park, Queens, (n) Suburban members 125. (o) Suburban initiation fee \$20. (p) Suburban \$20. (q) \$2 to \$45.5. (r) Active members. (l) Non-professional \$40. (u) Single \$10, man and wife \$15. (v) Single \$5, man and wife \$7.40. (w)

Bolice Force of New York City.

(December 1, 1912.)

1 Chief Inspector, 18 Inspectors, 1 Acting Inspector, 25 Surgeons, 1 SuperIntendent of Telegraph, 2 Assistant SuperIntendents of Telegraph, 1 Chief Lineman, 5 Linemen, 2 Boiler Inspectors.

Borougus.	Captains.	Lleu- tenants.	Sergeants.	l'atrolmen.	Matrons.	Total.
MauhattanThe Bronx.	38	304 47	338 51	5,136 683	41	5,857 794
Brooklyn		182 51	182 39	2,440 506	$\frac{2\hat{1}}{2}$	2,858 611
Richmond	4	17	10	156	$\overline{2}$	189
Total	97	601	620	8,921	70	10,309*

^{*}Including in school for recruits, on probation, 55 Patrolmen, Rank of Doorman abolished by act of Legislature, April 16, 1912.

SALARIES.

Chief Inspector, \$3,500; 18 other Inspectors, \$3,500 each; 1 Acting Inspector, \$3,500; 25 Surgeons, \$3,500 each.

geons, \$3,500 each.
Superintendent of Telegraph. \$4,000; Assistant Superintendent of Telegraph, \$3,000; Chief Lineman, \$1,500; Linemen, \$1,200 each; 2 Boiler Inspectors, \$1,300 each.
Captains, \$2,750 each; Lieutenants, \$2,250 each; Sergeants, \$1,750 each.
Patrolmen, First Grade, five years' service, \$1,300 each is service, \$1,300 each.
Patrolmen, Third Grade, less than five years and more than four years and six months, \$1,350 each.
Patrolmen, Fourth Grade, less than four years and six months and more than four years, \$1,250 each.
Patrolmen, Fifth Grade, less than four years and more than three years, \$1,150 each.
Patrolmen, Sixth Grade, less than tree years and more than to years, \$1,000 each.
Patrolmen, Sixth Grade, less than two years and more than one year, \$900 each.
Patrolmen, Seventh Grade, less than one year, \$800 each.
Members of the police force may be retired on one-half rate of compensation after service of the tellowing the service of the police force of the geofficial of the years, or after twenty years' service upon certificate of police surgeons of permanent disability, or after 20 years' service if a veteran of civil war. Members of the police force who have not served twenty years' service if a veteran of civil war. Members of the police force surgeons of permanent disability or disease contracted without misconduct on the part of the officer, and by reason of the performance of duty, at not to exceed one-half nor less than one-fourth rate of compensation. one-half nor less than one-fourth rate of compensation.

Police Station-Houses in Manhattan and Bronx.

(Headquarters, cor. Centre and Broome Streets.)

PERCINCE AND LOCATION. 1st. Old Slip.

2d. 156 Greenwich Street. 5th. 9 Oak Street.

6th. 17 and 19 Elizabeth Street. 7th. 247 Madison Street. 8th. 17 and 19 Leonard Street. 9th. 105 & 107 Eldridge Street.

10th. 24 and 26 Macdongal Street. 12th. 205 Mulberry Street. 13th. 118-120 Clinton Street

14th, 135 and 137 Charles Street. 15th. 79 First Avenue. 16th, 253 Mercer Street.

10th. 253 Mercer Street. 17th. 130 Sheriff Street. 18th. 221 W. 17th Street. 21st. 327 E. 22d Street. 22d. 434 W. 37th Street. 23d. 138 W. 30th Street. 25th. 160 E. 35th Street. 26th. 345 and 347 W. 47th Street.

PRECINCT AND LOCATION.
28th. 150 W. 68th Street.
29th. 163 E. 51st Street.
31st. 153 E. 57th Street.
32d. 134 W. 100th Street.
32d. 134 W. 100th Street.
35th. 432 E. 88th Street.
35th. 432 E. 88th Street.
35th. 432 E. 88th Street.
35th. 432 Denox Avenue.
55th. 432 Denox Avenue.
55th. 52d availed Ave. 53th Sadawigt Ave. 53th.
55th. 1925 Bathgate Ave.

37th. 409 Lenox Avenue, 39th. 177 E. 104th Street, 40th. 1854 Amsterdam Avenue,

40th. 1854 Amsterdam Avenue.
43d. 1858 St. Nicholas Avenue.
43d. 186 St. Nicholas Avenue.
43d. 186 E. 138th Street.
Traffic A. City Hall.
Traffic C. 188 West 30th Street.
Traffic D, 118 Waverly Avenue.
Brooklyn. St. Pikland.
Avenue.
47th. City Island, 570 City Island.
48venue.
48th. Webster Ave. and Mosholu
Parkway.
68th. Webster Ave. and Mosholu
Parkway.

Brooklyn,
Bridge A, 179 Washt'n St., B'klyn
Harbor-Station A, Pier A, North 79th,
Divor

Avenue,
Avenue,
Avenue,
Wakefield.

61st. Alexander Av. & 138th St.

66th, Sedgwick Ave, and Wolf St. High Bridge. 68th, Webster Ave. and Mosholu

Police Station-Houses in Brooklyn.

(Headquarters, 269 State Street, Brooklyn.)

PRECINCT AND LOCATION.

Bridge A, 179 Washington St. 143d. 4th Ave. and 43d St. 144th. 5th Ave. and 16th St. 145th. Richards and Rapelye Sts.

146th. 6th Ave. and Bergen St. 147th. 17 Butler St. 148th. Emmett and Amity Sts. 149th, 818 Adams St.

150th, 49 Fulton St. 151st, Grand Ave. and Park Pl. 152d. Atlantic&SchenectadyAvs. 153d. Miller and Liberty Aves.

PRECINCT AND LOCATION. 155th. Gates and Throop Aves.

156th. De Kalb and Classon Aves. 157th. Flushing and Clermont

158th. Tompkins & VernonAves. 159th, Lee Ave. and Clymer St. 160th, Bedford Ave. & N. 1st St. 161st. Manhattan & Greenpoint AVES

Humboldt & Herbert Sts. Stagg St.and Bushw'k Av. 162d. 163d. 153d, Miller and Liberty Aves, 154th. Ralph Ave, and QuincySt, 165th. Liberty and E. N. Y. Aves. PRECINCT AND LOCATION.

166th. E, 95th St, and Ave. G.

167th, 35 Snyder Ave., Flatbush. 168th, Ave. U and E. 15th St. 169th, W. 8th St., near Surf Ave.

169th, W. 8th St., near Surf Ave. 170th, Bay 22d St. and Bath Ave. 171st, 86th St. and 5th Ave. Lawrence Ave. and Ocean 172d.

Parkway 173d. Prospect Park. 174th, 1116 E. 35th St.

Branch Bureaus: Petective, Information and Property Clerk. 269 State Street.

Subway Systems in New York City.

For Tunnels in and about New York City, see Index.

EXISTING SUBWAYS.

THE subway operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company comprises. A four-track trunk line from City Hall Park through Lafayette Street, Fourth Avenue, Forty-second Street and Broadway to Ninety-sixth Street.

Second Street and Broadway to Ninety-Sixth Street.

A two-track southern extension from City Hall, down Broadway to the Battery, there connected by the Rapid Transit Tunnel under the East River to the Brooklyn subway, which extends along Joralemon and Fulton Streets to Atlantic Avenue.

Two northern branches from Ninety-sixth Street, viz. (a) the Broadway and (b) the Lenox

Avenue.

(a) The Broadway or West Side branch extends along Broadway, St. Nicholas and Amsterdam Avenues, and Broadway to 242d Street (Van Cortlandt Park). It has three tracks from Ninety-sixth Street to 137th Street and two beyond. Part of it is an elevated structure.

(b) The Lenox Avenue branch has two tracks (portions of which are carried on an elevated structure). (b) The Lenox Avenue branch has two tracks (portions of which are carried on an elevated Total length of all the above routes, 26.3 mlles, having 85.2 mlles of track. Standard four-track cross section (two for express trains and two for local) 54 leet 8½ inches wide over all and 16 feet 7 inches high, with roof supported by steel columns. 97.500 tons of structural steel and 725.000 cubic yards of concrete used. The contract for the subway in New York north of City Hall was awarded January 15, 1900, to John B. McDonald and completed by him October 27, 1904. The contract for subways south of City Hall and in Brooklyn were awarded after the one in New York to the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Co., who completed them in 1908. Total cost about 875,000,000 on which \$50,000,000 was expended on the construction of the subway, and \$25,000,000 on the equipment, viz., power house, rolling stock, sixnals, etc.

McAdoo uptown tunnels and subway. Part of the Hudson and Manhattan Rallroad system. Connect with north tunnels under the Hudson River at Morton Street and extend to Christopher Street, then to Sixth Avenue and up Sixth Avenue to Thirty-third Street. Shield construction (outside diameter 16 feet 7 inches) was used as far as Twelfth Street, where it changes to a reinforced concrete section, the two circular sections becoming rectangular single-track compartments, each 13 feet wide by 14 feet 6 inches high inside, separated by a 15-inch wall.

SUBWAYS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

Borough of Manhattan. The Lexington Avenue subway will connect with the present subway somewhere between Thirty-second and Forty-second Streets, and will give the Interborough an east side route up Lexington Avenue. This line will run up Lexington Avenue from Forty-second Street to and into the Bronx, and will connect with the present subway south of Forty-second Street, making a complete east side line from the Harlem River to the Battery.

making a complete east side line from the Harlem River to the Battery.

The Interborough also will operate a branch of the present subway to be built from Times Square down the west side to a new tunnel under the East River to Brooklyn. This extension will run down Seventh Avenue, Varlek Street. West Broadway and other streets to the Battery, making a complete west side line from Harlem River to the Battery. A branch will be built through Park Place, Beekman Street, William Street and Old Slip to a tunnel under the East River to Clark Street, Brooklyn, and through Clark Street to a connection with the present subway in Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

Street, Brooklyn, and through Clark Street to a connection with the present above.

Street, Brooklyn, Rapid Transit Company will enter lower Manhattan by a new tunnel under the East River, and will follow the old tri-borough route as far as Ninth Street, previously laid out, as follows: from the Battery to Church Street, Vesey Street, to Broadway and Ninth Street. This will be extended up Broadway to Fifty-ninth Street, then east on Fifty-ninth Street. This will be extended up Broadway to Fifty-ninth Street, then east on Fifty-ninth Street. This will be extended up Broadway to Fifty-ninth Street, then east on Fifty-ninth Street to the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Broge, the Centre Street loop subway will be extended south, through Nassau and Broad Streets, to a connection with a new tunnel under the East River and thence under Montague Street, Brooklyn, connecting with the Fourth Avenue subway. For route of Fourth Avenue subway see Borough of Queens below.

Borough of the Bronx. The Lexington Avenue subway in the Bronx has two branches, one east through 138th Street, and then into Southern Boulevard and Westchester Avenue to Jerome Avenue and up the latter to Woodlawn Road. North of 157th Street on Jerome Avenues to Jerome Avenue and up the latter to Woodlawn Road. North of 157th Street on Jerome Avenue the subway will run on an elevated structure, as it will also north of Whitlock Avenue on the east branch.

Besides the branches of the Lexington Avenue subway, the Interborough will build a connection between the present Ninth Avenue elevated, which terminates at 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, over the Harlem River by the Putnam Bridge and west across 162d Street to the Jerome Avenue

line just described.

The Lenox Avenue branch of the present subway will be extended by an elevated line from the terminus at Bronx Park at 180th Street, up White Plains Road to 241st Street, which is near

The Lenox Avenue Branch of the Bresch Sawas, and the terminus at Bronx Park at 180th Street, up White Plains Road to 241st Street, which is near the city line.

The Third Avenue elevated will be extended from its terminus at Fordham, through Webster Avenue and Gun Hill Road to White Plains Road, where it will connect with a proposed elevated line along White Plains Road.

Borough of Queens. From the Queens end of the Queensboro Bridge two elevated roads will be built, one north through Debevoise Avenue to Ditmars Avenue, Astoria, known as the Astoria Branch, and the other northeast through Queens Boutward Grenpolic and rocked the Astoria Branch, and the other northeast through Queens Boutward of Prepolic and rocked the built by the Arthur and the Control by the Interborough and Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

The Interborough will connect with the above branches by a new road to be built from the Steinway Tunnel, which ruus from Forty-second Street, Manhattan, under East River, to Fourth Street, Long Island City.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit will connect with the two branches by the Broadway subway in Manhattan, which turns in at Flity-Inth Street at Seventh Avenue and runs east through Flity-Inth and Sixtleth Streets, to and across Queensboro Bridge.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit will have its northern connection with Brooklyn at Fourteenth Street, Manhattan, by a subway known as the Eastern District line that runs east on Fourteenth Street, across the Williamsburg Bridge to North Seventh Street, Metropolitan, Bushwick, Johnson and Wyckoff Avenues, and on to a junction with the present Myrtle Avenue elevated, and also a function with the present Broadway elevated and Cypress Hills elevated.

SUBWAY SYSTEMS IN NEW YORK CITY-Continued.

The Cypress Hills elevated is to be extended by a new elevated structure through Jamaica Avenue and Fulton Avenue to Jamaica. The Myrtle Avenue line will be extended north to the Lutheran Cemetery. An extension will also be made to the present elevated on Liberty Avenue, out Liberty Avenue to Leferts Avenue.

The Brooklyn Loop subway in Manhattan runs from Brooklyn Bridge through Centre Street to Delancey Street Extension, Delancey Street Extension to and over Willamsburg Bridge, with a spur at Canal Street over Manhattan Bridge. This subway is practically completed. It will be operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, which will run trains from its Myrtle Avenue and Broadway elevated lines in Manhattan by way of the Williamsburg Bridge. It will also be used by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit to run trains from the Fourth Avenue subway into Manhattan by way of the Manhattan Bridge and thence through Canal Street to connect with its Broadway subway.

The Fourth Avenue subway starts at the Brooklyn end of the Manhattan Bridge and runs with four tracks (two express and two local) under Flatbush Avenue extension to Fulton Street, through Ashland Place and along Fourth Avenue to Forty-third Street. This subway is practically completed.

The Fourth Avenue subway will be extended from its present terminal at Forty-third Street down Fourth Avenue to Eighty-ninth Street. At Thirty-eighth Street there will be a branch to connect with the lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit to Concy Island, Ly., Culver line, New Utrecht Avenue ilne and Sea Beach line. There will also be a connection at Sixty-fifth Street between the Fourth Avenue subway and Sea Beach line. All of the Concy Island lines will be elevated.

The present Brighton Beach line to Coney Island will be connected with the Fourth Avenue subway by a subway to be built from Fourth Avenue through St. Fellx Street and Flatbush Avenue to the Brighton Beach line at Malbone Street.

Provision will be made at Sixty-fifth Street for a tunnel to Staten Island, which will connect with the Fourth Avenue subway.

The present subway in Brooklyn will be extended from its terminal at Flatbush and Atlantic Avenues, through Flatbush Avenue and Eastern Parkway to Buffalo Avenue, with an elevated extension from Buffalo Avenue through East Ninety-eighth Street and Livonia Avenue to New Lots Road. The Eastern Parkway subway will also have a branch running south on Nostrand Avenue as Iar as Flatbush Avenue.

FACTS ABOUT THE SUBWAYS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

None of the subways will be operated by New York City, but either by the Interborough or the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

56,000,000 for construction, and \$21,000,000 for construction purposes, the Interborough about \$56,000,000 for construction, and \$21,000,000 for equipment; and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit \$34,000,000 for construction, and \$26,000,000 for equipment.

The total cost for construction and equipment will be nearly \$300,000,000. No other city in the world has ever had such a complete and expensive transit system planned and on which work has actually been started. At the time of going to press contracts excelling \$60,000,000 have been awarded. The New York subway system will rival, from engineering and financial standpoints, the building of the Panama Canal.

Commerce of the Port of New York.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE AND BULLION.

THE following compilation gives the foreign trade movement of the port for twentyone calendar years ending with 1911. It shows the foreign imports, domestic exports and foreign exports of the Port of New York, as well as the special movement in the form reported from year to year by the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce:

VALUE OF FOREIGN IMPORTS INTO THE PORT HVALUE OF EXPORTS FROM THE PORT OF NEW OF NEW YORK FOR THE LAST TWENTY-ONE YEARS, ENDED DEC. 31. YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS FOR THE LAST TWENTY-ONE YEARS, ENDED DEC. 31.

YEARS	Dutiable,	Free Goods.	Specie and Bullion.	Total Foreign Imports.	YEARS	Dome-tic Exports.	Foreign Exports.	Specie and Bulli-n.	Total Exports.
1891	\$254,102,154	\$268,329,418	835,154,540	\$557,586,112	1891	\$378,392.937	\$8,772.099	\$25,916,277	
1892	254.360,354	317,939,925			1892	368,559,145	9,164,×29	93,204,967	470,928,941
1893	236,490,931	291,999,022	65,827,758	594,317,711	1893	348,097,228	9,900,460	06,397,995	
1894	198,646,169	239,767,676	20,671,236		1894	332,621,123	7,958,095	129,003,594	
1895	284,036,654	232,250,120	32,856,122	549,142,896	1895	323,402,003		139,950,607	472,300,928
1896	243,235,760	197,236,035	90,733,968	531,205,763	1896	365,570,813		104,036,418	479,058,062
1897	248,297,819	218,238,881	28,079,302		1897	396,388,942		177,531,109	482,282,233
1898	241,921,371	177,770,748	10,580,905		1898	460,875,299		53,343,879	528.347,115
1899	294,505,183	224,290,748			1899	467,554,122			
1900	304,855,071	221,251,710	29,039,486		1900	526 153,270		02,933,991	641,177,663 611,521,388
1901	319,912,752		19,367,785		1901	498,413,605		100,563,364	557.143.042
1902	348,747,880		10,842,054		1902	479,634,582	12,096,879	165,411,5*1	581.889.093
1903	339,052,370		29,652,689		1903	503,495,265		65,860,849	
1904	343,684,492				1904	490,914,304	13,318,853		637,610,737
1905	409,767,035				1905	545,708,317			678,733,817
1906	456,240,684		99,389,034		1906	611,082,425	11,389 037	87,380,626	
1907	480,413,136		08,913,641		1907	670,725,511	12,400,018		
1908	376,007,190	274,194,602	127,367,241		1908	624,829,288	11,973,904		
1909	486,381,430				1909	615,182,660	12,579,181 18,771,917	140,206,442 89,574,130	
1910	481,002 050		32,135,692	951,510,979	1910				
1911	449,479,078	446,621,726	26,978,532	923,079,336	1911	786,700,775	14,351,076	0.470,00,00.1	000,010,310

Foreign Consuls in New York City.

Chile.—Ricardo Sanchez-Cruz, C. G., 2 Rector St. China.—Liang Luen Fang, C.; Kuo-Chi Loo, V. C.,

18 Broadway.

18 Broadway.
Colombia.—Francisco Escobar, C. G., 24 State St.
Costa Rica.—Manuel González Z., C.G.; A. Monestel, V. C., 1 Hanover Square.
Cuba.—Mariano Rocafort, C.G.; F. Taboada, C.;
L. V. Roig, V. C., 82 Beaver St.
Denmark.—J. Clan, C. G., 8 Bridge St.
Dominican Republic.—Juan B. Alfonseca, C. G.;
Persio C. Franco, Chancellor, 31 Broadway.
Ecuador.—Luis A. Plaza, Acting C.G., 11 Broadway. way.

Egypt .- See "Turkey." France.—Etienne Lanel, C. G.; Henri Goirand, D. C.; Stanislas d'Halewyn, V. C., 35 S. William St.

St. Ziegler, C., Il Broadway.

Great Britain.—Courtenay Walter Bennett, C.G.;
J. J. Broderick, V. C.; G. Napier-Martin, V. C.;
R. L. Noseworthy, V. C., Il State St. Office for shipping seamen, 2 State St.

Greece.—D. N. Botassi, C. G., 35 S. William St.

Greece.—B. N. Botassi, C. G., 35 S. William St.

Greetmals.—Dr. Pamor, Bengeeches (1964).

Guatemala.-Dr. Ramon Bengoechea, C. G., 12 Broadway

Hayti.—Geffrard Cesvet, C.G.; Ernest Bastlen, V. C., 31-33 Broadway. Honduras. -R. Camilo Diaz, C.G., 66 Beaver St.

Argentina.—Dr. Abel Pardo, C. G.; Manuel A. Hungary.—See "Austria-Hungary." Italy.—G. Fara Forni, C. G.; G. Gentile, V. C.; V. Austria-Hungary.—Alexander von Nuber, C. G.; Ernst Kirchknopf, V. C., 24 State St.
Belgium.—Pierre Mall, C., Ch. Feguenne, V. C.; J. Van Rickstal, V. C., 73 Fith Ave.
Bolivia.—Adolfo Ballivian, C. G., 4 Stone St.
Brazil.—Manuel Jacintho Ferreira da Cunha, C. G.; Mexico.—Enrique Martinez Sobral, C. G.; Alfonso L. Jimenez, V. C., 33 Broadway.

D. Garcia Leao, V. C. and Chancellor, 17 State
St.

Netherlands.—J. R. Planten, C. G.; Dr. A. van de Sande Bakhuyzen, C., 11 Broadway, Nicaragua.—Humberto Pasos Diaz, C. G., 66

Beaver St.
Norway.—C. Ravn. C. G., 17 State St.
Panama.—Ramon Diego de Ycaza, C. G., 11

Panama,—Ramon Diego de Ycaza, C. G., 11 Broadway, Paraguay.—Fellx Aucaigne, C. G., 557 West 181st St.; Wm. W. White, C., 309 Broadway, Persia.—H. H. Topakyan, C. G., 225 5th Ave. Peru.—Eduardo Higginson, C. G., 25 Broad St. Portugal.—Oscar George Potier, C. G.; Carlos Olavo, V. C., 17 State St. Russia.—Baron Oscar Korff, V. C., in charge, 22 N. Washington Sa

Washington Sq.
Salvador.—José Alfaro Morán, C. 42 Broadway.
Santo Domingo.—See "Dominican Republic." Siam.-L. T. Hildreth, C.G., 34 Nassau St. and 27 W, 44th St.

Syain.—Pompeyo Diaz Cosslo, C. G.; Fernando Perer del Pulgar, V. C., 18 Broadway. Sweden—M. Clarholm, C.; C. G. G. Anderberg, V. C., 17 State St.

Switzerland. - . - 18 ExchangePL Switzeriand. Turkey, -Djelal Munif Bey, C. G., 59 Pearl St. Uruguay, -Mario L. Gil, C. G.; Alfredo Metz Green, C., 17 Battery Pl. Venezuela. -Pedro R. Rincones, C. G., 80 Wall St.

Subway Stations in New York City.

FARE, five cents, Children under 5 years of age, free.

Trains will run daily between City Hall, Atlantic Ave. (B'klyn), South Ferry, Brooklyn Bridge, 137th St., Dyckman and 242d Sts. and Broadway, and 145th St. and Lenox Ave., and 180th St. and Boston Rd. Trains from the East and West Branches meet at 96th St. junction, making the Interval between that point and Brooklyn Bridge as follows: Local trains, 12 midnight to 8.30 A. M. to 12 midnight, 1½ to 4 minutes. Express trains from 6.25 A. M. to 9.24 A. M., 3 to 1.40 minutes, and from 9.24 A. M. to 12.24 A. M., 1.40 to 4 minutes. Running time, Local trains, 123th St. and Lenox Ave. to City Hall, 38 minutes. Running time, express trains; 242d St. to South Ferry, 47 minutes: Dyckman St. to South Ferry, 38% minutes; 190th St. to Atlantic Ave., 50 minutes. Brooklyn Bridge to 142d St. and Broadway, 14.19 miles; Brooklyn Bridge to 145th St. and Lenox Ave., 9.48 miles; Brooklyn Bridge to 180th St. and Boston Rd., 13.60 miles.

MAIN LINE.

South Ferry, Bowling Green. Wall Street. Fulton Street. City Hall Loop. Brooklyn Bridge. Worth and Laf'y'tte Sts. Canal and Lafayette Sts. Spring and Laf'y'tte Sts. Bleecker and Laf'tte Sts. Astor Pl. and 4th Ave. 14th St. and 4th Ave. 18th St. and 4th Ave. 23d St. and 4th Ave. 28th St. and 4th Ave. 28th St. and 4th Ave. 33d St. and 4th Ave. 42d St. and Park Ave. Times Sq. Station (42d St. and Broadway).

50th St. and Broadway. 191st St. and Broadway. Columbus Circle (59th Dyckman St. and B'way. Street). 66th St. and Broadway.

72d St. and Broadway. 79th St. and Broadway. 86th St. and Broadway. 91st St. and Broadway. 96th St. and Broadway,

BROADWAY LINE.

103d St. and Broadway. 110th St. and Broadway. 116th St.and Broadway. Manhattan St. & B' way. 137th St. and Broadway. 145th St. and Broadway. 157th St, and Broadway. 158th St, and Broadway. 168th St, and Broadway. 181st St, and Broadway. 149th St, and 3d Ave.

207th St. and Broadway.

215th St. and Broadway. 225th St. and Broadway. 231st St. and Broadway. 238th St. and Broadway. 242d St. and Broadway, Van Cortlandt Park.

110th Stand Lenox Ave.

116th St.and LenoxAve. 125th St.and LenoxAve.

135th St.and Lenox Ave. 145th St.and Lenox Ave.

Mott Ave. and 149th St.

Jackson and Westchester Aves.

Prospect and Westchester Aves. Intervale Ave.

Simpson St. and Southern Boulevard. Freeman St. and Southern Boulevard.

174th St. and Boston Rd. 177th St. and Boston Rd. 180th St. and Boston Rd. LENOX AVE. AND WEST FARMS LINE.

BROOKLYN BRANCH

Atlantic Ave. Nevins St. Hoyt St. Borough Hall.

New York Blectrical Society.

President—Henry L. Dogherty, New York City. Secretary—George H. Guy, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, New York City. Treasurer—Herbert S. Spencer, Brooklyn, N. Y. Membership, 732.

The object of the Society is: "The dissemination of the knowledge of theoretical and applied electricity—to be accomplished by periodical meetings for the reading and discussion of relevant topics, by collective visits to places of interest, and by such other means as may be advised by the Executive Committee—and the promotion of social intercourse among its members." Headquarters-Engineering Societies Building. 29 West Thirty—Inth Street, New York City.

Elevated Railroads in Manhattan.

Fare, Five Cents. Children under five years of age, free,

SECOND AVENUE LINE.

Trains will run between South Ferry and 129th Street daily and Sunday at intervals of 2 to 6 Trains will full between South Ferry and 138th Street daily and Sanday at intervals of 2 to 6 minutes from 4.37 A.M. to 12.43 A.M. midnight. Time, 35 minutes. Transfer to and from Third Avenne Line at 129th Street and Chatham Square. Through trains between Canal and Freeman Streets 6.22 and 8.24 A. M., and 4.51 and 6.21 P. M. South Ferry to 129th Street, 8.74 miles.

STATIONS.

South Ferry. Hanover Square. Fulton and Pearl Sts. Franklin Square. Chatham Square. Canal and Allen Sts. Grand and Allen Sts. Rivington and Allen Sts. 42d St. and 2d Ave.

1st St. and 1st Ave. 50th St. and 2d Ave. 57th St. and 2d Ave. 65th St. and 2d Ave. 8th St. and 1st Ave. 14th St, and 1st Ave. 19th St. and 1st Ave. 72d St. and 2d Ave. 23d St. bet.1st and 2d Aves. 80th St. and 2d Ave. 34th St. & 2d Ave., branch 86th St. and 2d Ave. to 34th St. Ferry, E. R. 92d St. and 2d Ave. 99th St. and 2d Ave.

111th St. and 2d Ave. 117th St. and 2d Ave. 117th St. and 2d Ave. 121st St. and 2d Ave. 127th St. and 2d Ave. 129th St. (see stations on 3d Ave. and Subway Division north of 129th St.).

THIRD AVENUE LINE.

Trains will run daily and Sunday between City Hall and Bronx Park at intervals of 1½ to 4 minutes m 5.34 a.m. to 12.45 a.m., then every 20 minutes to 5.40 a.m. Trains will run daily and Sunday between from 5.34 A.M. to 12.45 A.M., then every 20 minutes to 5.40 A.M. Trains will run daily and Sunday between South Ferry and 129th Street at intervals of 6 minutes from 5.19 A.M. to 12 midnight, then every 20 min-| South Ferry and 129th Street at intervals of 6 minutes from 5.19 a.m. to 12 midnight, then every 20 minutes to 5.14 a.m., south Ferry trains run through to Bronx Park making 10 minutes headway between Broux Park and Chatham Square, Branch to Grand Central Depot every few minutes from 6 a. m. to 12 midnight daily. Branch to 34th Street Ferry every few minutes from 5.30 a.m. to 12 midnight daily. Time between City Hall and Bronx Park, 51 minutes, Chatham Square to 129th Street, 28½ minutes; South Ferry to 129th Street, 34 minutes. Transfer to and from Second Avenue Line at Chatham Square and 129th St.

Trains will run daily and Sunday between 129th Street and Bronx Park at an interval of 2 to 6 minutes from 5 a. M. to 12 46 a.M., then every 10 minutes until 5 a.M. Running time, 21 minutes from 129th Street (Second or Third Avenue) to Bronx Park.

Eight Street and Third Avenue, to Bronx Park and Third Avenue, 5.17 miles.

Express trains leave Bronx Park for City Hall 6.32 to 8.32 A. M., and from City Hall 4.52 to 6.21 P. M. South Ferry to 129th St. and Third Ave., 8.52 miles; City Hall to 129th St. and Third Ave., 7.62 miles,

South Ferry. Hanover Square Fulton and Pearl Sts. Franklin Square. City Hall. Chatham Square. Canal and Bowery. Grand and Bowery. Houston and Bowery. 9th St. and 3d Ave. 14th St. and 3d Ave. 18th St. and 3d Ave.

South Ferry

| Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stand | Stan

Wendover and 2d Aves. Pelham Ave. (Fordham.)

SIXTH AVENUE LINE.

Trains will run daily and Sunday between South Ferry and 155th Street at intervals of 11/2 to 4 min-Trains will run daily and Sunday between Solth Ferry and 155th Street at Intervals of 125 to 4 minutes to 165th Street, to 12 midnight to 155th Street, and from 12 midnight to 6.02 A. M. every 10 minutes to 155th Street; Rector Street to 58th Street from 8.08 A. M. to 10.32 A. M., 6 minutes interval, and 3.56 to 6.20 P. M. The 58th Street station closes at midnight. A shuttle train is run between 58th Street and 50th Street station 5.55 to 8.19 A. M., 10.15 to 4.06 P. M., 6.05 to 12 midnight, all main line trains after 6.20 P. M. from South Ferry going to 155th Street. The through time from Rector Street to 58th Street is 1814 minutes; to 155th Street, 40½ minutes. Passengers transferred at 55th Street to 75th Avenue line without extra charge. Crosstown (surface) cars run from Grand Central to 42d Street station. South Ferry to 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, 10.62 miles; Rector Street to 58th Street and Sixth

Avenue, 4.67 miles.

14th St. and 6th Ave. 18th St. and 6th Ave.

South Ferry.
Battery Place.
Rector & N. Church Sts.
Cortland & N. Church St.
Chambers & W. Broadw' y
Franklin & W. Broadw' y
Bleecker & W. Broadw'y,
Sth St. and 6th Ave.
Sth St. and 6th Ave.
Sth St. and 6th Ave.
Sth St. and 6th Ave.
Sth St. and 6th Ave.

STATIONS.

59th St. and 9th Ave. 66th St. & Columbus Ave. 72d St. and Columbus Ave. 125th St. and 8th Ave. 120th St. and 8th Ave. (59th St, and 9th Ave. 81st St. & Columbus Ave. 135th St. and 8th Ave. 86th St. & Columbus Ave. 140th St. and 8th Ave. 98dSt, and Columbus Ave. 145th St, and 8th Ave. 104th St. & Columbus Ave. 155th St, & 8th Ave., con-110th St., between 8th and | nects with New York & Putnam Railway. Columbus Aves.

NINTH AVENUE LINE.

Trains will run daily and Sunday from South Ferry to 135th St. every 4 to 6 minutes, and from 135th St. to South Ferry every 2 to 6 minutes between 5.04 A. M. and 11.55 P.M.; 11.55 P.M. to 5.04 A.M., every 10 minutes. There is a superior to 125th St. to 2011 and 11.55 P.M. to 5.04 A.M., every 10 minutes. 10 minutes. Time, 36 minutes to 135th Street.

Passengers transferred at 59th Street to Sixth Avenue Line without extra charge.

Express trains leave 155th Street for Rector Street 6.44 to 9.08 A.M., and Rector Street for 155th Street 2.21 to 6.35 P.M. South Ferry to 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, 10.00 miles; South Ferry to 59th Street and Ninth Avenue, 5.08 miles. South Ferry to 135th Street 9.00 miles.

STATIONS.

South Ferry.
Battery Place.
Rector & Greenwich Sts. | Christopher & Greenwich. | 34th St. and 9th Ave. |
Franklin & Greenwich Sts | 14th St. and 9th Ave. | 42d St. and 9th Ave. |
Desbrosses & Gr'nwich Sts | 23d St. and 9th Ave. | 50th St. and 9th Ave. | Cortlandt & Gr'nwich St Houston & Greenwich Sts 30th St. and 9th Ave.

Barclay & Greenwich Sts

59th St. and 9th Ave.

New York Water Supply.

NEW YORK CITY has grown so rapidly in the past ten years that the water system, which when first planned was considered ample for many years, has been taxed to its limit, and there is at present an urgent need for the new system, which is being built, for bringing the water from the Catskill Mountains. The city consumes every day 500,000,000 gallons of water, and, assuming a population of 5,000,000, then every man, woman and child uses 100 gallons a day. The new Catskill Aqueduct will have a capacity of 500,000,000 gallons a day, and the largest reservoir in the system (the Ashokan) once filled, could supply the city for 335 days at the present rate of consumption, without any water flowing into it.

THE PRESENT SYSTEM.

The present system has two pressures, namely, "low" and "high." The former delivers the water under a hydraulic head, but in the latter the pressure is obtained by pumps. The high pressure results, used for the number of solid head the date of the pressure is obtained by pumps. service (used for fire purposes only), draws its supply from the low pressure mains (or in case of emergency uses salt water) and distributes the water through its own system, which is Independent of the low pressure. At present the high pressure service is only in parts of the Boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn.

LOW PRESSURE SYSTEM.

The Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx are supplied from both the Croton, and the Bronx and Byram watersheds. The Croton covers an area of 360 square miles, and from various reservoirs water is brought through more than 30 miles of masonry conduit to distributing reservoirs in the boroughs. The Bronx and Byram watershed covers about 22 square miles.

In Manhattan, Croton water is used entirely, but in the Bronx one-half the population is supplied with Croton water, the other half being supplied from the Bronx and Byram Rivers. Approximately 305,000,000 gallons are used every day in Manhattan and the Bronx.

In Brooklyn about 80 per cent. of the water comes from wells, and the remainder from small streams, the watersheds having an area of nearly 170 square miles. All the water is pumped and 155,000,000 gallons are consumed daily. Flatbush and Borough Park are supplied by private companies from wells.

companies from wells.

The city supplies only the first and third wards in the Borough of Queens, while the other wards are supplied by private companies. The water is taken from wells and the consumption averages 30,000,000 gailons daily.

In Richmond, the city owns the wells which furnish about 15,000,000 gallons daily,

HIGH PRESSURE FIRE SERVICE SYSTEM.

HIGH PRESSURE FIRE SERVICE SYSTEM.

The high pressure fire service system in Manhattan is bounded by Twenty-third Street, Irving Place, Fourteenth Street, Third Avenue, Bowery, Houston Street, East River, Maiden Lane, Nassau Street, Chambers Street and North River, and covers an area of 2,810 acres.

There are two pumping stations, one located at Gansevoort and West Streets, and the other at Oliver and South Streets. Each station has six electrically driven centrifugal pumps that are connected to the Croton Supply (see above), the Gansevoort and West Street station being also connected to the North River, and the Oliver and South Street station to the East River. Thus, either fresh or salt water may be used, the latter, however, only being used in emergencies. Each pump can deliver 3,000 gallons a minute against a head of 300 pounds at the station. The combined capacity of the two stations is equal to about 50 fire engines delivering two good sized streams. The pumping stations respond to every alarm with a pressure of 125 pounds per square inch.

The distributing system consists of 95 miles of mains, 8 to 24 inches in diameter, and about 2,070 four-nozzle hydrants and the necessary valves.

The pressure at any point can be increased or decreased by telephoning to the pumping stations, For this purpose there are approximately 370 telephone boxes, besides telephones communicating with the Fire Headquarters and with the main and subsidiary stations of the New York Edison Company.

Company.

Company.

The present system cost about \$5,600,000 for stations, land, mains and appurtenances. The system is being extended to the Battery, and plans for future extension are being prepared.

In Brooklyn there are two high pressure fire service systems, one protecting the business and manufacturing districts, and the other the amusement section of Coney Island.

The one for the business and manufacturing districts is bounded by the upper bay, Hudson Avenue, Tilliary Street, St. Edward's Street, St. Felix Street, Fort Greene Place, Fifth Avenue, Twenty-fourth Street, Thirty-ninth Street to the water front, and covers an area of 3,100 acres.

The supply is furnished by two stations, the main one being located at the foot of Joralemon Street, and the reserve one at Willoughby and St. Edward's Streets. Both draw their supply from the Ridgewood mains, the main station being also connected to the East River.

The pumps are electrically operated in both stations, and have a combined rated capacity of 24,000 galions per minute against a pressure of 300 pounds per square inch.

The distributing system consists of about 34 miles of mains, 8 to 20 inches in diameter, with the usual hydrants.

The distributing system consists of above 2 and 1 and

THE CATSKILL MOUNTAIN SYSTEM.

The new water supply system for New York, which is now under construction, consists of the building of the following reservoirs, viz.: the Ashokan for impounding the water, Kensico for storage, Hill View for equalizing and distributing, and the Silver Lake for distributing and serving as a terminal reservoir, and besides these reservoirs the Catskill Aqueduct for conveying the water. In New York City the system will be inter-connected with existing works, and no changes need be made in the present pipe lines. However, the city pumping plants in Manhattan, having a capacity of 75,000,000 gallons daily, in Brooklyn 25,000,000, and the various private plants of 30,000,000, and at any time be dispensed with as the water brought by the new system will have sufficient pressure to reach the twentieth floor of a building.

ASHOKAN RESERVOIR.

The main supply will be impounded or collected in the Ashokan Reservoir, which is 13 miles west of Kingston, N. Y., from its tributary watersheds, the Esopus, now being developed 255 square miles and the Catskill Creek, 163 square miles available for development in the future. The reservoir, formed by the building of the Olive Bridge Dam and annumber of dikes, is approximately 12 miles long by one mile wide, with a maximum depth of 190 feet. When full, the surface of the water is 590 feet above sea level.

CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Leading from the Ashokan Reservoir is the Catskill Aqueduct, into which, through future development, may also empty the Lackawack Reservoir (supplied by the Rondout watershed, having an area of 176 square miles), the aqueduct bringing the water to Stork King, four miles above West Point, then under the Hudson River in a tunnel to Breakneck Mountain, from Breakneck Mountain to Kensico Reservoir, and from the latter to Hill View Reservoir in Yonkers, just morth of the city line.

The type of construction depends entirely on the nature of the country the aqueduct crosses. Wherever possible it is built in the open, that is in cut and cover, but in many cases tunnels and siphons are required. The cut and cover portion is of concrete, having a horseshoe cross section, 17 feet high and 17 feet 6 inches wide, with the flat part resting on the ground. The dimensions of the tunnels range from approximately those just given to a circular section 14 feet 6 inches indiameter. The entire waterway is concrete lined.

The most difficult tunnel to bore was the one under the Hudson River between Storm King and Breakneck Mountains. Here it was necessary to cut through solid rock at a distance 1,100 feet below the surface of the river. From Breakneck Mountain to Kensico Reservoir (cast of Tarrytown, N. Y.) cut and cover construction, with an occasional tunnel or siphon is followed; similarly the Kensico Reservoir is connected to the Hill View Reservoir, and from the latter is the tunnel for supplying New York. The Catskill Aqueduct is about 92 miles long, 55 miles being cut and cover, 31 miles tunnels and 6 miles of steel pipes.

CITY TUNNEL OF CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

The tunnel from Hill View Reservoir will pass under the Borough of Bronx, the Harlem River, the Borough of Manhattan, the East River and terminate in Brooklyn. At the Brooklyn terminal pipes will extend to Queens and to Richmond, the pipes to the latter being of cast from, crossing the Narrows and discharging into an equalizing reservoir at Silver Lake, 225 feet above sea level.

The tunnel will be circular in section, reducing from 15 feet to 11 feet in diameter, lined with concrete, and varying from 200 to 750 feet deep in solid rock. It will thus pass far below all subways and building foundations. About every 4,000 feet connections will be made to the present distributing system, through controlling valves set to furnish the water at any lower pressure than that in the tunnel, which existing conditions may require.

The tunnel will deliver 500,000,000 gallons daily, the water rising at the Brooklyn end to nearly 240 feet above tide water, a height sufficient to supply without pumping the highest sections of the borough. The estimated cost of the tunnel and pipes within the city and the reservoir on Staten Island is \$25,000,000.

the borough. The es Island is \$25,000,000

Island is \$25,000,000.

The total cost of the entire system as projected, including the development of four large Catskill Mountain watersheds, as needed by the growth of the city of New York, the necessary reservoirs, Catskill Aqueduct and all appurtenances will be about \$176,000,000. It is expected the work will be completed in 1915. During the working season at least 15,000 men are employed by the contractors. Monthly estimates during certain months of both 1911 and 1912 have exceeded \$2,200,000; and October 1st, 1912, with about \$94,000,000 of contracts awarded the waterway was about

The Strangers' Welfare Fellowship.

88 per cent. completed to the city line and about 74 per cent. completed to Staten Island.

Director—Rev. Jas. B. Wasson, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City. Treasurer—Zelah Van Loan, 25 Broad Street, New York City. The Fellowship's ideal is to make real to the friendless stranger the brotherhood and sympathy of the city. What the Fellowship has done is summarized from the report for the year ended September 30, 1912: Men and women ministered to, 690; letters of counsel, introduction, etc., 495; officiated at funerals of strangers, 90; persons helped to employment, 106; disbursed in charity relief, \$290; cost of maintaining the work, \$3,080.

Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress.

THE twenty-fourth annual session of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress will be held in Wichita during the first two weeks of November, 1913. This congress represents the commercial organizations of the Trans-Mississippi region and its principal consideration is agriculture, commuty organization, commercial spirit, good roads, improved waterways.

President-James H. Brady, Pocatello, Idaho. **Vice-President-John L. Powell, Wichita, Kan. Secretary-E. J. Becker, Kansas City, Mo. **Chairman, Board of Control-C. W. Southward, Wichita, Kan. **Secretary, Board of Control-R. H. Faxon, Wichita, Kan.

Negroes in New York City.

APPROXIMATELY there are 85,000 negroes in Manhattan and the Bronx: 27,000 in Brooklyn, 7,000 in Queens, and 2,000 on Staten Island, a total of 121,000 in the entire city, an increase of 10 per cent. over the negro population of the same district ten years ago.—New York Age.

American Peace Society.

NATIONAL Headquarters, Colorado Building, Washington, D.C. Organized in New York City, May 8,1828, and formed by the merging of many State and local societies, the oldest of which, the New York, dated back to 1815. Located in Boston from 1837 to 1911. Moved headquarters to Washington, D. C., May 1, 1911. President, Theodore E. Burton, Washington, D. C.; Executive Director, Arthur D. Call; Treasurer, George W. White, National Metropolitain Bank, Washington, D. C.; Secretury, Benjamin F. Trueblood: Director Central West Dept., Charles E. Benis, 39 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.; Director Parific Coast Dept., Robert C. Root, Los Angeles, Cal.; Director New England Dept., James L. Tryon, Boston, Mass.; Director N. Y. Dept., Samuel T. Dutton, Columbia Univ.; Director South Atlantic States Dept., J. J. Hall, Atlanta, Ga.

New Fork County Lawyers' Association.

President—Joseph H. Choate. Vice-Presidents—Charles F. Brown, Thomas H. Hubbard, Benjamin N. Cardozo. Secretary—Charles Strauss. Treasurer—Edward M. Grout. 105 Broadway. Total membership, 2,960.

License Fees in Manhattan and the Bronx.

(BUREAU OF LICENSES, CITY HALL, NEW YORK,)

(DOI)	EAU	of Licenses, Citi ha	LL, N	EW IORK,	
Hoist, General	\$25,00	Shooting Gallery	\$5.00	Public Coach	\$3.00
" renewal	12.50	renewal.	2.50	'' renewal	1.50
" Special	1.00	Bowling Alley	5.00	Special Cab	3.00
" Special renewal	50	renewal	2.50	renewal	1.50
Peddler, Horse & Wagon	8.00	Billiard Tablerenewal	3.00 1.50	Public Cab	2.00
" renew'l		Gutterbridge		" renewal Hack Driver	
" Push Cart	4.00	Hand Organ	1.00	renewal	50 25
" renewal.	2.00	Public Porter	1.00	Stand, Newspaper	5.00
" Basket	2.00	" renewal	25	Fruit	10.00
" renewal	1.00	Pawnbroker	500.00	" Newspaper and	
Express	5.00	Second-hand Dealer renewal.	25.00	Fruit	15.00
renewal	2.50	renewal.	12.50	" Bootblack, Chair	-5.00
Public Cart	2.00	Junk Shop	20.00	Stage Coach	20.00
renewal		renewal	10.00	venicle for time	2.00
Dirt Cartrenewal	1.00	Junk Boat	0.00	renewal	1.00
Typese Deiron		Junk Cart	5.00	Surface Railroad Car, 20.00 Public Taxicab	90.00
Express Driverrenewal		renewal	2.50	Special Taxicab	10.00
Stand, Elevated R. R		Special Hack Stand		Taxicab Driver	2.00
Common Show	25.00	Special Coach	5.00	Public Dance Hall	50.00
renewal	12.50	Special Coachrenewal	2.50		

Barks in Brooklyn and Queens. SHOWING SIZE, BOUNDARIES, AND VALUE.

Prospect, 526 acres, 9th Ave., 15th St., Coney Island, Parkside, Ocean and Flatbush Aves.. value \$27,735,000

Fort Greene, 29 acres, De Kalb Ave., Washington Park, Willoughby St., St. Edward's St. and Myr-tle Ave., value \$1,890,000.

Bedford, 4 acres, Brooklyn and Kingston Aves., Park Pl. and Prospect Pl., value \$150,000.

Brooklyn Heights, 5 parks, comprising one acre, Columbia Heights, fronting on Furman St., value \$200,000.

Tompkins, 8 acres, Tompkins, Greene, Marcy and Lafavette Aves., value \$400,000.

City, 7% acres, St. Edward's and Navy Sts., Park and Flushing Aves., value \$325,000.

Borough Hall, 134 acre, junction of Court and Fulton Sts., value \$100,000.

Carroll, 2 acres, President, Court, Carroll and Smith Sts., value \$390,000.

Dreamland, Coney Island, 14% acres.

Winthrop, 9 acres, Nassau and Driggs Monitor and Russell Sts., value \$325,000.

Highland, terminus of Eastern Parkway Exten-on and Jamaica Ave., 42½ acres, value sion \$1,000,000.

\$1,000,000.

Sunset, 24½ acres, 41st to 45th Sts., 5th to 7th
Ave., value \$200,000.

Red Hook, 5½ acres, Richards, Dwight, Verona
and Floneer Sts., value \$150,000.

Bushwick, 7 acres, Knickerbocker and Irving
Aves., Starr and Suydam Sts., value \$150,000.

Brooklyn Botanic Garden, 69 acres, Washington
Ave Eastern Parkuya out Flathush Ave Value Ave., Eastern Parkway and Flatbush Ave., value \$3,000,000.

Parade Ground, 40 acres, Coney Island Ave., Caton Ave., value \$1,200,000. Dyker Beach, 140 acres, 7th Ave., New York Bay, Bay 8th St., Cropsey and 14th Aves., value \$300,000.

Kings, 11½ acres, Fulton, Alsop and Ray Sts. and Sheldon Aye., Jamaica. McKinley, 8½ acres, Fort Hamilton and 7th Aves. and 73d St., value \$124,000. Rainey, 4 acres, Vernon Ave., at Graham. Bensonhurst Beach, 13 acres, Bay Parkway, Gravesend Bay, 21st and Cropsey Aves., value \$88,000 \$88,000.

Lincoln Terrace, 7½ acres, Eastern Parkway, Bulfalo Ave., President St. and Rochester Ave., value \$120,000. Canarsie, 30½ acres, Skidmore, Seaview and Denton Aves., and Jamaica Bay, value \$105,000.

New Lots Playground, 214 acres, Sackman St., Newport, Christopher and Riverdale Aves., value \$16,000.

Cooper, 6 acres, Maspeth and Morgan Aves., Sharon and Olive Sts., value \$55,000. Irving Sq., 3 acres, Hamping and Knicker-bocker Aves, Halsey and Weirfield Sts., value \$70,000.

\$70,000. Saratoga Sq., 3½ acres, Saratoga and Howard Aves., Halsey and Macon Sts., value \$121,000. Linton, 2½ acres, Bradford St., Blake, Dumont and Miller Aves., value \$75,000. Forest, 536 acres, between Jamaica Ave. and Union Turnpike, Flushing and Myrtle Aves., Richmond Hill, value \$1,250,000. Fort Hamilton 4½ acres, 4th Ave., Fort Hamilton 4½ acres, 4th Ave., Fort Hamilton 4½ acres, 4th Ave.

Fort Hamilton, 41/2 acres, 4th Ave

ton Ave. and Shore Road, value \$150,000.

PARKWAYS.

Ocean Parkway, 5½ miles, Prospect Park to Coney Island, value \$4,000,000. Eastern Parkway, 2½ miles, Prospect Park to Ralph Ave., value \$3,000,000. Eastern Parkway Extension, 1½ miles, Ralph Ave., bet. Union St. and Lincoln Pl., value \$1,000,000.

300,000.

300,000. Fort Hamilton Parkway, 4½ miles, Ocean Parkway to Fort Hamilton, value \$1,000,000. Bay Parkway, 3 miles (formerly 22d Ave.). Ocean Parkway to Bensonhurst Beach, value \$1,000,000. Bay Ridge Parkway (Shore Drive). 1½ miles, Fort Hamilton Ave., bet, 66th and 67th Sts., to Shore Road, value \$5,500,000. Rockaway Parkway, 3½ miles, Buffalo Ave. to Canarste Beach.

Canarsie Beach.

Amerstort, 3% aures, aver., — \$100,000.

McCarren, 38% acres, Berry, Lorimer, Leonard, Bayard and 12th Sts., Nassan, Driggs, Manhattan and Union Aves., value \$2,000,000.

McLaughlin, 3% acres, Bridge, Tillary and Jay Sts., value \$130,000.
Seaside, 10% acres, foot Ocean Parkway and Atlantic Decan. Amersfort, 31/2 acres, Ave. J, E. 38th St., value

Williamsburg Bridge, 41/4 acres, Bedford and Kent Aves.

Highland, 5½ acres, Highland and Clinton Aves., Jamaica. Rockaway Park, 18 acres, Triton Ave., Pelham Ave., Atlantic Ocean, Rockaway. Kissena Lake Park, 65 acres, Rose St. aud Oak

Ave., Flushing.
Linden Park, 3 acres. Linden, Lake, Sycamora and Park Sts., Corona.

Fatalities in Manhattan.

TRACIC DEATH LIST FOR THE PAST SIX YEARS SHOWING THE NUMBER OF PERSONS KILLED AND THE CAUSES THEREOF.

(From a re	port furnished b	y George P. Le OF DEATHS R	Brun, Secretary EPORTED AS	of the Board of	Coroners.)	
1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1 1911	
5890	6056	5443	5222	5408	5701	
			CIDES.	0100	, 5701	
METHOD.	110061100711008	3 1909 1910 1911		1000,1000,10		
Shooting Assault Infanticide Poisoning	1900 1907 1908 64 99 63 42 39 32 6 4 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 60 & 108 & 93 \\ 2 & 14 & 36 & 37 \\ 6 & 4 & 15 \end{bmatrix}$	METHOD. Maipractice Stabbing Gas	32 17	$\frac{08}{8} \begin{vmatrix} 1909 \\ 14 \\ \dots \end{vmatrix} \frac{1910}{11} \begin{vmatrix} 191 \\ 16 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	
		SUIC	IDES.			
METHOD. Shooting. Stabbing Polsons. Leaped in front o moving trains. Submersion.	110 125 174 21 44 14 51 67 63 4 10 1 34 14 3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	METHOD. Illuminating ga Hanging. Jumped from w dows Strangulation.	s . 124 123 1 11- 27 49 27 34	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
ACCIDENTAL	DEATHS BY	SHOOTING, PO CAU	DISONS, ILLUN USES.	AINATING GA	S AND OTHER	
CAUSE. Shooting Poisons Gas Elevators Bends—Caisson Disease	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CAUSE. Submersion Food in larynx Cutting	202 209 2	$\frac{108}{113} = \frac{1909}{203} = \frac{1910}{232} = \frac{1911}{213} = 191$	
	(Includes fall	ERSONS KILLI is from building	ED IN CASUA	LTIES.	`	
1906	1907	1 1908	1909	1910	(1911	
684	744	641	637	707	720	
CAUSE. Automobiles Surface cars Elevated trains. N. Y. Central	$\begin{array}{c c} & \text{PERSO} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c c} 1906 & 1907 & 190 \\ \hline 24 & 37 & 4 \\ 97 & 147 & 6 \\ \hline 14 & 19 & 6 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CAUSE. Horse vehicles. Subway trains Bicycles	OVER. 1906 1907 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
trains*	., 02, 21, 2	0 22 14 15 ES LOST IN C	Steam rollers.			
1906	1907	1908	1909	1 1910	(1911	
182	82	191	43	36	161	
	ENTIFIED	DEAD REPOR	TED TO CO	RONER'S OF	FICE.	
1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	
170	178	179	147	111	144	
					NS AND FALLS	
CAUSE. Contact withstove Hot water Bonfires Matches Conflagrations	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{c c c c c} 0 & 53 & 69 & 61 \ 1 & 6 & 3 & 5 \ 2 & 21 & 34 & 24 \ \end{array}$	CAUSE. Fire-escapes Windows Clothes ignited Candles Carbolic ointm	15 16 30 47	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
CHILI	OREN UNDER	TWELVE YE	ARS KILLED			
CAUSE.		8 1909 1910 1911			08 1909 1910 191	
Surface cars Automobiles	37 38 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 22 & 12 & 28 \\ 6 & 23 & 25 & 30 \end{bmatrix}$	Horse vehicles.	$ \cdot 62 51 $	39 41 53 69	
PRISONER	SARRAIGNE	D BEFORE CO	RONERS, CHA	RGED WITH I	HOMICIDE.	
1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	
729	796	525	444	344	221	
The Property Clerk of the Coroner's Office received during the course of a year thousands of dollars' worth of jewelry and money found upon and belonging to the dead, which is promptly delivered to the relatives of the dead or to the Public Administrator, as required by law. The Coroners' Physicians, owing to the large number of autopsies which they perform in the course of a year, obtain knowledge and information which are of great value to medical science.						

course of a year, obtain knowledge and information which are of kreat value to medical science.

As a result of investigations made by the Coroners' Office into deaths by casualties, laws have been enacted along as the revenue of unnecessary and reckless loss of life, by compelling employers to unnish proper and safected folding, stricter care in employers for the working in calssons, proper safeguards in operation of elevators, fire prevention law, and forbidding the transferring of dying patients from one hospital to another.

* Includes Eleventh Avenue.

City of New York, Department of Finance.

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE TAX RATE IN EACH BOROUGH COM-PRISING THE GREATER CITY OF NEW YORK FROM 1899 TO 1912, IN-CLUSIVE, TOGETHER WITH THE STATE TAX RATE AS LEVIED BY THE CITY, 1899-1907, AND FOR THE YEAR 1912.

This Table also shows the total amount of State Taxes which were levied against and paid by the city of New York to the State from January 1, 1899 to 1907, inclusive; also the amount of State Taxes levied against the city for 1912 and 1913, respectively.

		Borou	GHS.		State Tax	Amount of State
YEAR.	Manhattan and The Bronx.	Brooklyn.	Queens.	Richmond.	Rate as Levled by the City.	Tax as Levied and Pald by the Clty.
1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1911	1.61407 1.67804 1.75790 1.72248 1.83	Cents. 2.36424 2.32113 2.38853 1.48945 1.50264 1.50264 1.55409 1.76780 1.76780 1.81499 1.75502 1.87	Cents. 3.27445 2.34216 2.35702 2.31873 1.47508 1.57228 1.55523 1.55482 1.55393 1.66031 1.72536 1.81079 1.73645 1.84	Cents. 2.42373 2.22073 2.35191 2.33653 1.49675 1.59281 1.55821 1.55822 1.56884 1.71115 1.77522 1.87501 1.81657	Mills. 2.49 1.96 1.20 1.3 1.3 1.3 0.9 0.11495 0.008642	\$6,275,659,10 7,905,488,02 6,959,037,02 4,519,559,29 556,142,203 75,7024,49 707,7024,49 71,7024,49 71,7024,49 71,701,18 NIL NIL NIL NIL 4,301,345,65

COMPARATIVE TABLE — YEARS 1897-1913, BOTH INCLUSIVE — SETTING FORTH THE ASSESSED VALUATIONS OF TAXABLE REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY, AND THE TOTALS THEREOF.

		ED VALUATION	S OF	TOTAL	a 0.7	Grand
	Real Estate	Real Estate	1			
YEAR.	(Lands and	of Cor-	Special	Real	Personal	Totals.
	Buildings).	porations.	Franchises.	Estate.	Property.	
1897	2,463,135,687			2,463,135,687	419,679,395	2,882,815,082
1898	2,532,516,819			2,532,516,819	548,987,900	3,081,504,719
1899	2.837.461.039	94,984,425		2,932,445,464	545.906.565	3.478.352.029
1900	2.918,986,004	29.892.345	219,679,351	3.168.557.700	485.574.495	3.654.132.193
1901	2,995,580,622	30,863,445	211.334.194	3,237,778,261	550,192,612	3,787,970,873
1902	3,079,351,079	30,676,345	220.620.155	3.330.647.579	526,400,139	3.857.047.718
1903	4,487,399,006	28,967,495	235,184,325	4,751,550,826	680,866,092	5,432,416,918
1904	4,731,771,724	32,170,605	251,521,450	5,015,463,779	625,078,878	5,640,542,657
1905	4,886,924,891	32,463,860	302,193,550	5,221,582,301	690,561,926	5,912,144,227
1906	5,326,413,110	50,594,835	361,479,300	5,738,487,245	567,306,940	6,305,794,185
1907		69,615,950	466,855,000	6,240,480,602	554,861,313	6,795,341,915
1908		88,425,200	492,490,470	6,722,415,789	435,774,611	7,158,190,400
1909	6,257,352.379	75,825,425	474,001,900	6,807,179,704	443,320,855	7,250,500,559
1910	6,491,335,999	87,447,075	465,409,600	7,044,192,674	372,644,825	7,416,837,499
1911	7,211,325,769	166,496,295	481,018,100	7,858,840,164	357,923,123	8,216,763,287
1912		169,170,440	413,148,799	7,861,898,890	342,963,540	8,204,862,430
1913	*	1 *	I .		l	

^{*} The assessed valuations of 1913 not determined until February, 1913.

Real Estate Exempted from Taxation in New York City. THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT—EXEMPTED BY SUBDIVISION 1, SECTION 4 TAX LAW.

	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
Forts	\$12,161,000	\$12,676,000	\$13,591,000	\$13,591,000
Navy Yard	26,660,000	26,660,000	26,872,400	26,951,000
Post Office	11,618,000	11,625,000	13,022,500	14,622,500
Custom House	7,900,000	7,900,000	8,000,000	8,176,500
Public places	60,000	60,000	225,000	139,500
Lighthouses	405,700	427,200	549,800	564,800
Barge Office	540,000	540,000	550,000	500,000
Army Building	810,000	810,000	810,000	810,000
Assay Office	2,130,000	2,100,000	2,400,000	2,500,000
Treasury Building	5.275.000	5,525,000	5.525.000	5,525,000
Coast Survey	140,000	140,000		
United States Appraisers' Stores	1,050,000	1,050,000	1,400,000	1,400,000
Government land under water	26,000	26,000	6,000	106,000
Cemeterles	1,043,100	1,043,100	1,051,000	1,055,000
Total	\$69,818,800	\$70,582,300	\$74,002,700	\$75,941,300

THE STATE OF NEW YORK—EXEMPTED BY SUBDIVISION 2, SECTION 4, TAX LAW.

	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
Armories	\$1,252,500	\$1,252,500	\$2,167,800	\$2,167,800
State Normal School	129,900	$\frac{200,000}{129,900}$	132.500	129,800
State landsQuarantine		$110,000 \\ 64,500$	183,975 64,500	186,475 64,500
Land under water		04,500	700,000	700,000
Total	\$1,708,150	\$1,756,900	\$3,248,775	\$3,248,575

THE CITY OF NEW YORK—EXEMPTED BY SUBDIVISION 3, SECTION 4, TAX LAWEXCEPT RAPID TRANSIT (SUBWAY), WHICH IS EXEMPTED BY CONTRACT.

	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912
Bath Houses	\$2,776,500	\$2,266,700	\$2,532,750	\$2,532,450
Recreation Piers	1,146,000	1,175,000	1,332,000	1,372,000
Board of Education	92,283,825	98,583,250	108,802,700	111,292,700
Fire Department	7,149,500	7,455,300	7,934,425	8,089,125
Street Cleaning Department	788,350	788,350	970,750	958,950
Department of Water Supply, Gas	1		1	
and Electricity, Aqueduct Com-	40 107 400	40 *** 40.		
mission	40,167,480	43,556,130	49,400,040	50,651,015
Department of Docks and Ferries (piers, bulkheads and land un-	1		1	
der weter)	66,522,700	75 007 550	00 000 015	101 277 040
der water) Department of Bridges	58,269,300	75,997,550 79,000,100	99,082,215 95,453,200	101,377,240 $97,896,300$
Department of Correction	18,285,500	19,015,500	23,326,800	23,417,800
Department of Public Charitles	31,490,700	25,966,400	27,752,200	28,448,100
Department of Parks (public	01,100,700	20,000,400	21,102,200	20,110,100
places and buildings)	435,342,205	445,163,255	506,915,980	509,194,280
Armories	12,171,000	12,892,500	13,863,000	14,177,300
Department of Health	855,500	938,500	1,082,350	1.082,350
Librarles (public)	18,131,000	18,785,500	19,914,100	21,004,300
Police Department	5,776,400	6,540,150	7,000,150	7,094,350
Sewerage System	55,669,250	56,661,450	72,386,775	72,454,930
Fire and Police Electric System	1,755,000	1,741,000	1,596,000	1,646,000
Corporation Yards	415,000	418,500	477,600	540,600
Markets	6,472,550	6,442,550	7,642,300	_6,750,150
Rapid Transit (subway)	65,025,300	60,914,800	72,715,300	78,657,500
Public Buildings and Places, etc	6,700	6,700	22,383,900	28,219,350
Total	\$920,499,760	\$964.309,185	\$1,142,564,535	\$1,166,856,790

OTHER OWNERS, CORPORATIONS, ASSOCIATIONS; ETC.—EXEMPTED BY SUB-DIVISIONS 5, 7, 9, 10 AND 11, SECTION 4, TAX LAW, AND IN A FEW CASES BY THE CHARTER OF THE CORPORATION OR BY SPECIAL LAWS.

	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
Churches, synagogues, monasteries, convents, mission and parish houses, including parochial schools, theological seminaries and cemeteries located on church				
lots, subdivision 7, section 4	\$163,699,010	\$168,780,310	\$179,777,730	\$181,859,480
tion 4	26,082,925	26,826,125	30,548,280	29,621,355
Christian, social, moral and mental benevo- lent associations and ald societies, nurs- eries, settlement and lodging houses and	28,478,350	29,620,725	32,29⊕ ,825	33,164,275
Salvation Army properties, subdivision 7, section 4	25,152,250	27,742,125	31,254,195	32,103,625
schools, subdivision 7, section 4 Cemeteries, subdivision 7, section 4	32,278,050 21,921,000	33,374,201 $22,246,950$	42,231,850 26,210,495	42,976,250 27,102,370
Libraries, other than city, subdivision 7, section 4	5,760,400 985,050	6,102,400 1,112,000	6,386,900 1,089,300	3,808,400 1,100,900
Agricultural societies, subdivision 10, section 4 Pensioners, subdivision 5, section 4 Clergy, subdivision 11, section 4	18,500 513,781 385,425	15,500 491,693 300,675	$\begin{array}{c} 15,500 \\ 524,959 \\ 303,785 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,500 \\ 562,366 \\ 312,285 \end{array}$
Rapid Transit Subway L, 1891, chapter 4, section 35		5, 753,050	5,753,050	8,432,338
Total	\$305,274,741	\$322,365,754	\$356,392,869	\$361,059,144

LOCATION BY BOROUCHS.

	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.			
Manhattan. The Bronx. Brooklyn. Queens.	87,679,385 230,774,655 33, 6 21,700	91,328,650 242,964,747 37,470,705	141,965,975 $276,576,412$ $46,254,890$	143,535,130 288,533,359 46,982,815			
Richmond	13,120,061	13,856,861	15,484,527	16,792,652			
Total	21 207 201 451	£1 250 014 130	\$1.576.208.870	\$1.607.105.809			

Constancy of Employment of Wage Barners.

THE Census Bureau on November 24, 1911, issued a statement showing greatest variation in the number employed by the leading industries in the United States. The average number of wage earners employed in all these industries during 1909 was 6.616,046; the largest number, 7.006,853, was employed in November, and the smallest number, 6.210,063, in January, equal to 88.6 per cent. of the maximum. The statistics are embraced in the following tables:

INDUSTRIES IN WHICH LARGEST NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS ARE EMPLOYED,

	Average			MINIMUM MONTH.		
Industries.	Number of Wage Earners.	Month.	Number of Wage Earners.		Number of Wage Earners.	PerCent. of Maxi- mum.
Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings. Bread and other bakery products Cars and general shop construction and re-	198,297 100,216	Dec Oct	102,770	May Jan	96,639	94.0
pairs by steam railroad companies Clothing, men's, including shirts	239,696 153,743 378,880	Dec Oct Dec Dec	251,349 167,525 383,529	May Jan July Jan Jan	268,700 230,650 135,034 374,433 482,080	91.8 80.6 97.6
Furniture, including refrigerators	128,452 129,275 240,076 695,019	Nov Nov Dec Nov	136,615 134,540 283,629 739,160	Jan Jan Mar Jan	120,524 $123,308$ $215,076$ $649,239$	88.2 91.7 75.8 87.8
Printing and publishing	166,810	Dec Dec Nov	176,369	July Jan Jan	251,757 161,563 158,318	91.6

IMPORTANT INDUSTRIES SHOWING LARGE VARIATIONS IN NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS.

Brick and tile	76,528 July 59 968 Sept	104,930 Jan 154,800 Jan	38,312 19,998	$\frac{36.5}{12.9}$
Ice, manufacturedOll, cottonseed and cake	59,968 Sept 16,114 July 17,071 Nov	22,872 Jan 29,334 July	9,847 5,174	43.1

Cemeteries in and About the City of New York.

Cemeti	ries in and Avou	t the City	of New Fork.
NAME.	Location.	Office.	Railroad or Ferry.
Arlington	Arlington, N. J., 4 1-2 miles from J. C		
Bay Side and Acacia	Old South Road, Woodhaven, L. I	At Cemetery	Kings County Elevated or trolley.
Bay View	Greenville, N. J., 2 1-2 miles from J. C	At Cemetery	Cent. R.R. of N. J. or trolley from J. C.
	Bergen, N. J., 1 I-2 miles from J. C	98 Slp Ave., J. C	Cortlandt, Desbrosses, W. 23d St. Ferries.
Calvary	Newtown, L. I	24 E. 52d St., N. Y	Long Island City or Williamsburg Ferries, Long Island R.R. or Bkn. Rapid Transit.
Cedar Grove	Near Corona, L. I., 5 1-2 miles from N. Y.	I Madison Ave., N. 1	Long Island R.R. or Ban. Rapid Transit.
Constable Hook	Bayonne, N. J., 7 miles from J. C	Bul B way, Bayonne	Cent. R.R. of N. J. or trolley from J. C.
Cypress Hills	Described Research Panalca Plank Road,	I Madison Ave., N. 1	Roosevelt St., and Fulton Ferries, and
F	Brooklyn Borough.	At Cametery	also by cars from Brooklyn Bridge.
Evergreens	Bushwick Ave. & Conway St., Brooklyn Staten Island, near Castleton Corners	W New Brighton N V	Trolley from Bklyn Ferries, or El. R.R's.
Fair view	Prospect Park, Brooklyn Borough	795 F 31 ot St Bibin	Pulton and Unnilton Forming
			Cars from Bridge Depot, Fulton, South,
Greenwood	5th Ave. and 25th St.	Tro Broadway, Int.	and Hamilton Ferries.
Hoboken	New Durham, N.J., 4m. from Hoboken fer.	225 W'sh'gton St., Hob.	Nor. R. R. of N. J.: West Shore: trolley.
Holy Cross (R. C.)	Flatbush, L. I., Brooklyn Borough	Jay & Chanel Sts., B'k'n	Fulton, and Roosevelt St. Ferries.
Holy Trinity (R. C.)	Central Ave., East New York	At Cemetery	Trolley from Brooklyn Ferries.
Jersey City	Newark Ave., Jersey City, N. J	At Cemetery	Cortlandt, Desbrosses, W. 23d St. Ferries.
Kensico	Harlem R. R., 25 miles from N. Y	16 E. 42d St., N. Y	Harlem R. R.
Linden Hill (M. E.)	East Williamsburg, L. I.	48 St. Mark's Pl., N.Y.	Williamsburg Ferries.
Lutheran	Jamaica Turnpike, near Middle Village	68 William St., N. Y	Trolley from W'msburg and Fulton Fer.
Machpelah	New Durham, Hudson County, N. J	102 W. 25th St., N.Y	Nor.R.R. of N.J.; N.Y., S. & W.; W.S.R.R.
Machpelah (Heb.)	Adjoining Cypress Hills Cemetery	At Cemetery	Same route as for "Cypress Hills," above.
Maple Grove	Hoffman Boul., 6 miles from L. I. City.	At Cemetery	East 34th St. Ferry.
Moravian	New Dorp, Staten Island	Located about six miles	from St. George Landing, Staten Island.
Mount Hope	Mount Hope, Westchester County	o E 107th Ave., N. 1	Putnam Div., N Y. Central R. R.
Mount Hope	Jamaica Ave., Brooklyn Borough	110 M 1974 Ct N V	Trolley from B'way Ferry, Bkln Borough.
Mount Nebon	Adjoining Cypress Hills Cemetery Maspeth, L. I	on Wallet N V	Same route as for **Cypress Hills," above. Trolley from foot of Broadway, Brooklyn
Mount Onvet	Maspeth, L. I	02 Wall St., N. 1	Borough, or E. 34th St. Ferry Depot.
Mount Zion	Maspeth, L. I	41 Park Row N V	Trolley from E. 34th St. Ferry Depot.
New York Ray	Ocean Ave., Greenville, N. J.	At Cemetery	Cent. R. R. of N. J.; or trolley from J.C.
Nyack Rural	Nyack, N. Y	Nyack, N. Y	Nor. R. R. of N. J. or West Shore R.R.
Oakland	Yonkers, N. Y	51 Warburton Ave	Trolley from Yonkers,
Pelham	Lafavette Ave., City Island, N. Y	286 Minnieford Av., C.I.	Horse-car from Bartow, on N. Hav. R.R.
Pine Lawn	Pine Lawn, L. I	1271 B'way, N.Y	Long Island R.R.
Potter's Field	Flatbush, L. I., Brooklyn Borough	Almshouse, Flatbush	Cars from W'msburg and Fulton Ferries.
Potter's Field	Hart's Island, N. Y	148 E. 20th St., N. Y	Boat foot of E. 26th St.
Rockland			Northern R.R. of N. J. & West Sh. R.R.
Rosedale and Linden	Linden, N. J., 14 miles from N. Y	1135 Broadway	Cortl'dt, Desbrosses, W. 23d St. Ferries.
Rosehill and Crematory	Linden, N. J.	1101 Flatiron Bdg., N.Y.	Via Penna, R.R.
St. John's	Yonkers, N. Y	At Cemetery	N. Y. Central or Putnam Div.
	Middle Village, L. I		
St. Michael's	Flushing Ave., Newtown, L. 1	225 W. 99th St., N. 1	East 34th and 92d St. Ferries.
St. Peter's (R. C.)	Tonnele Ave., Jersey City Heights	120 M. i. Ct. (D	Cortlandt, Desbrosses, W. 23d St. Ferries. N. Y. Central & Hudson R.R.
Sleepy Hollow	Tarrytown, N. Y	17 Water St., 1 Stryt'n.	Whitehall St Ferry
Twiniter Church	Amsterdam Ave. and W. 153d St	187 Pulton St N V	Sixth or Ninth Ave Elevated R.R.
Washington	Near Parkville, L. I.	Gravesend	Trolley from Bridge and Ferries.
Weehawken & Palisade	Hoboken, N. J., 2 miles from ferries	At Cemetery	Hoboken and Weehawken Ferries.
Woodlawn	On Jeroms Ave. and 233d St	20 E. 23d St., N. Y	Harlem Div., N. Y. Central R. R.

National Guard, New York,

Headquarters Division, Stewart Building, 280 Broadway, Manhattan.

Major-General John F. O'Ryan, Commanding, Adjutants-General....Lieut.-Col. Chauncey P. Williams, Lieut.-Col. R. Foster Walton and Lieut.-Col. Franklin W. Ward.

Commissary...Lieut.-Col. Henry O. Sternberger, Quartermaster..Lieut.-Col. Arthur F Townsend, Lieut.-Col. Win (4.1 Populition of the Col. nspectors-General Lieut.-Col. William

Chapin and Lieut.-Col. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Judge-AdvocateLieut.-Col. W. W. Ladd. Ordnance Officer Lieut. - Col. Nathaniel B. Thurston.

Surgeon.....Lieut-Col, Wm. G. Le Boutillier. Engineer.....Lieut.-Col. Engene W. V. C. Lucas. Signal Officer Lieut.-Col. Frederick T. Leigh. Aides.......Capt. Edward Olmsted and First Lleut. James L. Kincaid.

ATTACHED TO HEADQUARTERS DIVISION NATIONAL GUARD.

ORGANIZATION.	Armory.	NUMBRICAL STRENGTH.		Commander.	Adjutant.	Headquarter
		Officers.	Men.			Night.
	Park Ave. & 34th St., Man			Capt.Wm.L. Hallahan		Mon. & Thur.
	801 Dean Street, Brooklyn			Capt. G. E. Schenck		Monday.
Corps of Engineers	67th St. & Broadway, Man	54	724	Col. W. B. Hotchkin .	Capt. R. J. Daly	Monday.
First Cavalry	94th St.& Madison Ave., Mau.	18	516	Col. O. B. Bridgman	Lt.A.R. Whitney, Jr	Friday.
Second Cavalry	Bedford Av.& Uulon St.,B'k		384	Col. C. I. De Bevoise	Lieut. Chas. Curie	Monday.
First Field Artillery	West 66th St., near B'way	19	461	LieutCol.NathanielB.	Capt. H. F. Jaeckel.	
	·		1	Thurston] Jr	Tuesday.
Second Field Artillery	Franklin Av. & 166th St., Br'x	20	374	Col. Geo. A. Wingate.	Capt. J. I. Berry	
	Park Ave. & 94th St,		586	BrigGen. E. F. Austin	Capt. E. E. Acker	Friday.
Ninth Artillery Dist	125 West 14th St	48	763	Col. Wm. F. Morris	Capt, L. R. Walton.	Mon. & Fri.
Thirteenth Arullery Dist	Sumner & Jefferson Avs., B'k	5 I	1038	Col. Chas. O. Davis	Capt. W. D. Fink	Tuesday.
First Field Hospital	56 West 66th St., Manhattan	4	53	Maj. W. S. Terriberry .		Monday.
	Albany, N. Y		22	Maj. Jos. A. Cox		
First Ambulance Co	Binghamton, N. Y	3	64	Capt. Frank W. Sears.		
Second Ambulance Co	Rochester, N. Y	3	56	Capt. Chas. O. Boswell.		
Third Ambulance Co	56 West 66th St., Manhattan.	٠	١	Maj .W . S. Terriberry .		1

Total, city of New York, attached to Headquarters, last report: Officers and men. 5,463.

FIRST BRIGADE.

Headquarters, Park Ave. & 34th Street, Manhattan. Brigadier-General George R. Dyer, Communding; Adjutant-General, Major F. L. V. Hoppin. Headquarter Night, Monday.

ORGANIZATION.	Armory.	Numer Stren Officers.	GTH.	Commander.	Adjutsut.	Headquarter Night.
Twelfth	Park Ave. & 67th St	38 37	716 694	Col. D. Appleton Col. Thos. W. Huston. Col. L. D. Conley Col. W. G. Bates	Capt. A. D. Porter. Capt. J. J. Phelan.	Daily. Monday.

First Brigade, September 30, 1912: Officers and men, 3,274.

SECOND BRICADE. Brooklyn and Queens.

Headquarters, Armory, 23d Regiment, Brooklyn, Brigadier-General John G. Eddy, Commanding;
Adjutant-General, Major Walter F. Barnes. Headquarter Night, Monday.

ORGANIZATION.	Armory.	Numer Strend	GTH.	Commander.	Adjutsnt.	Headquarter Night.
Fourteenth	8th Ave. and 15th St	50	790	Col. John H. Foote	Capt. T. F. Donovan	Monday.
Twenty-third	1322 Bedford Ave	5 I	772	Col. Frank II. Norton.	Capt. C. H. Newman	Monday.
Forty-seventh	Marcy Ave. & Heyward St.	41	694	Col H. C. Barthman	Capt. H McCutcheon	Monday.

Second Brigade, September 30, 1912: Officers and men, including headquarters, 2, 409. National Guard, city of New York, last report, 11, 146; for National Guard, New York State see Index at "National Guard."

The Naval Militia of New York, on September 30, 1912, comprised 1,140 officers and men. 1st Battallon, foot West 97th Street, New York City, with separate divisions attached at O-sining and New Rochelle; 2d Battalion, foot 52d Street, Brooklyn, N. Y .; 3d Battalion, located at Rochester, Buffalo, and Dunkirk, N. Y.

Prisoners in the United States.

FROM a report for 1908, issued by the Commissioner-General of Immigration, showing the number of persons confined in penal institutions in the United States:

	NUMBERS IN PENAL ESTABLISHMENTS.					
GROUPS OF STATES, INCLUDING TERRITORIES.	Foreig	n Born.	Native Born.	Total.		
	Aliens.	Naturalized.				
North Atlantic. South Atlantic North Central South Central Western.	2,610	4,360 330 2,410 130 690	32,830 25,750 32,690 24,310 9,920	46,530 26,560 37,710 25,080 12,670		
Total	17	7,920 14 73	125,500 42 313 709	148,550 73 559 719		
Grand total	15,330	8,007	126,564	149,901		

Practical Etiquette. AS OBSERVED IN AMERICAN SOCIETY.

CALLS.

The hours for women's formal calls are between 3 and 6 in the afternoon. Men may call in the evening or on Sunday afternoons if their engagements are such as to make it impossible for them to call upon the "At Home" day. A formal call should not last more than fifteen or twenty minutes. On an "At Home" day it may be even more brief. Calls should always be paid on a woman's "day," if possible. On other days it is permissible for her to give orders to her servants that she is "not at home."

The first call is made by an old resident on a new comer. A bride receives calls before she pays them. A visiting stranger should be called upon by residents before she is expected to pay any calls herself.

The reception of an invitation to any social function, whether the invitation be accepted or declined, constitutes a social debt to be discharged by a call. Failure to do this is a slight to the hostess. The guests invited to a wedding must call on the mother of the bride soon after the wedding, and call promptly on the bride as soon as she is settled after her marriage. Calls are in order after a bereavement in a family. Calls of inquiry, when there is illness in a household, are also desirable. Such calls as these are made whether social calls are due or not.

First calls should be returned within a week or ten days after they are received. The

First calls should be returned within a week or ten days after they are received. The call should be on the "At Home" day, when feasible. Calls of purely formal acquaintances should be exchanged at least once a season if the social relations between them is to be

maintained.

A man, in calling, leaves his overcoat, overshoes, and umbrella in the hall. At a first call he may carry his hat and cane into the drawing-room with him, although this is not obligatory. At later calls he should leave them in the hall. woman wearing overshoes and a storm-coat when calling may leave them in the

hall with her umbrella.

With ner umbrena.

When a man and a woman are calling together it is the man's place to wait for the woman to give the signal to leave. When two women are calling together it is the place of the senior of the two to make the first move. It is bad form to linger over the leave-takings after a start has been made.

CARDS.

Men's calling cards should be small, thin, and perfectly plain except for the inscription in script, old English, or block lettering. The man's full name or the initials of his Christian names and his surname should be given, always preceded by "Mr.," unless it is followed by "Jr.," or in cases where a title or a degree is appended. A physician may have his name preceded by "Dr." or followed by "M. D." A clergyman's card may either read "Reverend John H. Smith," or, if he has a degree, "John H. Smith, D. D."

The address should be in the lower right-hand corner. If both a house and a club address are given, the latter is in the lower left-hand corner, the former in the lower right-hand corner.

hand corner

Abbreviations or nicknames of any sort are out of place on a card. So are fac-simile

signatures.

woman. The cards for women are larger and heavier than that used by the unmarried woman. The cards for women are larger and heavier than those for men, are very plain, and are lettered in the same fashion. The matron's card bears her married name, as "Mrs. David James Pitkin." The address is in the lower right-hand corner, the "At Home" day in the lower left-hand corner. The hours at which she is "At Home" are also

Home" day in the lower left-hand corner. The hours at which she is "At Home" are also mentioned if she wishes to limit these.

The unmarried woman's card bears simply the title and the surname, if she is the oldest or only daughter, as "Miss Brown," A younger daughter's given name should appear, as "Miss Eleanor Brown," Young girls in their early social seasons have their names engraved on the same cards with their mothers. A widow's card may bear either her married name, as she wrote it in her husband's lifetime, or her own given names

preceding her surname.

when visiting a friend who is stopping in the house of some one who is a stranger to the caller, the latter leaves a card for the hostess as well as for the friend. In calling on other than an "At Home" day, the cards are handed to the maid at the door, after the inquiry as to whether or not the hostess is at home. They are left in either case. Cards may be made to take the place of a call on occasions of condolence, congratulation, or inquiry. They may be left in person or sent by post. The former method is better form.

INVITATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS.

An invitation to a large and formal dinner should be sent out not less than a week or ten days in advance. A reply should be sent within twenty-four hours. If the invitation is written in the third person the reply should be couched in the same form. If it is framed in a less formal way the answer should be in similar fashion. A written regret should, of course, be sent if a person, after accepting an invitation to dinner, is prevented

should, of course, be sent if a person, after accepting an invitation to dinner, is prevented from being present.

Invitations to large weddings are sent out from two to four weeks before the ceremony. No reply is necessary to an invitation unless especially requested. When a guest is unable to attend a home wedding cards should be sent to the parents of the bride the day of the marriage. No acknowledgment is demanded for cards to a church wedding, although cards should be left for the bride's mother after the marriage. A good general rule for all invitations, except those to church weddings, is to reply to them as promptly as possible. Announcement cards should be met by a call on the bride's mother, or by cards left for her, and by personal cards sent to the bride upon her return from her wedding trip, or by a call in person on her "At Home", days. Out of town friends should send cards, and the failure to acknowledge the receipt of a wedding announcement, by a note or cards, is a serious breach of good manners, and warrants the inference that the recipient is either ignorant or indifferent to the courtesy.

Cards should be left in acknowledgment of announcement of an engagement or a birth. The notes of condolence which should always be sent to a bereaved family should be acknowledged by a note, or by a card bearing a word of thanks or appreciation

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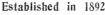
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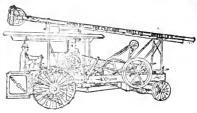
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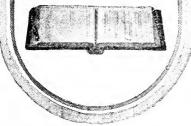
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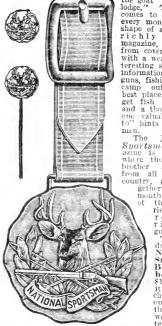
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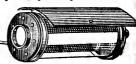
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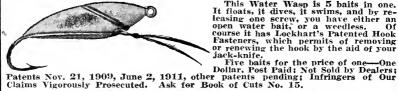
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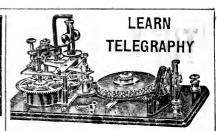
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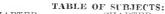
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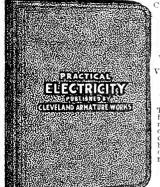
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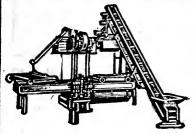
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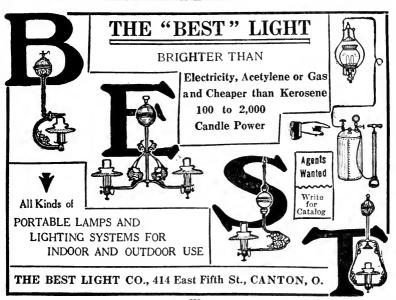
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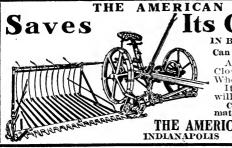
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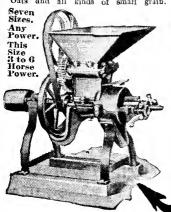
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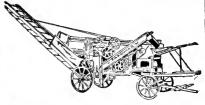
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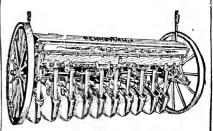
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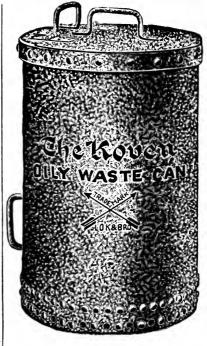
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Everywhere there are Germans, and everywhere you will find the Lincoln Frele Presse, Our biggest circulation is in the prosperous agricultural States of the Middle West—Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, Texas, Illinois, Kansas, etc., ranking in the order named. In these States we go to nearly every post-office and cover the rural settlements thoroughly. Our circulation during the last twelve months has averaged over averaged over

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Uniere Aufaabe.

einer Bebeutung, feiner Geschichte und feiner Die deutsche Presse hat in diesem Lande eine Sie foll die Ricbe gur alten Seimath, gu beutund vertraut machen, so daß sie gute Bürger dieses Landes werden. Daß die "Freie Presse" Aufgabe gewissenbaft nachzutommen trebt, wird allseitig anerkannt; sie trägt zur Erhaltung der deutschen Sprache in hobem Mage bei und ist stets darauf bedacht, daß bem Deutschium im Bölkergemenge Amerikas die Stellung eingeräumt wird, Die ihm auf Grund der Sprache, Art und Sitte zu erhalten streben augleich die Lefer mit den Berhältnissen Einrichtungen der neuen Heimath bekannt chwere, aber segensreiche Pssicht zu erfüllen. diefer

Deshalb ist es, daß fo viele Deutsche in Amerita die "Freie Preffe" unterstützen, lefen Berdienste gutommt. ind barin fiegt

Unfere Schriftleituna.

gen ist die "Lincoln Frete Presse" die berbret-Sie mird allwöchentlich von Hunderttaus enden aufmerklam gelefen, die darin Reuigs Bon den bielen deutsch-amerikanischen Zeituneiten aus aller Welt, Belehrung und Unterpaltung suchen und finden.

In iiberfichtlicher Bearbeitung finden die Lefer im Depefchentheile Berichte über die Borgange und Ereignisse bes brennende Tagesfragen von einem unparteis Bom Beften das Befte, - fo lautet das 3n- und Auslandes; in den Leitartikeln werden Die "Lincoln Freie Bresse" wird sorgsam relichen Standpuntte aus beleuchtet. Schriftleitung. per Motto bigirt.

gen; die Erzählungen find ausschließlich bemerkenswerthe Schöpfungen befannter Autoren; unfere Novellen, Novelletten, Humoresten, Stigfind immer interessant und unter-Der Unterhaltungsstoff ist reich und



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For the first time in years this good laby, who been deaf, hears the church bells. She is in apparatus or drugs, She got this book and learned sectasy. Only this morning has she been able to hear the prattle of her grandchildren and the voice of her daughter. Twenty-three years ago she first deal-noises, Observe her delight in this hypothetical for her daughter. Twenty-three years ago she first dilustration! Any reader of "The World Almana" found herself becoming deaf, and, despite numerous remedies, medical advice, hearing devices and specialists' treatments, she found it more and more difficult to hear. Of late years she was harassed by difficult to hear, of late years she was harassed by peculiar noises in the head which add-d to her misery. At last she was told of a book which ex-



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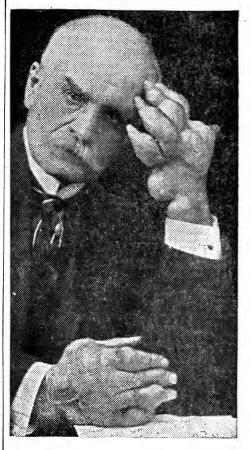
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your hearing is already failing. Even if it is still good, you have the added burden of knowing that these Head Noises are only that these the signals of ap-

The whistle proaching Deafness. of docomotive does not indicate any plainer the approach of the train, than Head Noises indicate the approach of Deafness.

You may only have the Noises in the head occasionally, or when you have a cold, but you are in danger all the same. You need immediate treatment.

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Straightened at Home

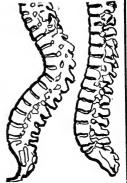
WE PROVE WE CAN STRAIGHTEN YOUR SPINE BY LETTING YOU USE THE WONDERFUL SHELDON APPLIANCE 30 DAYS FREE



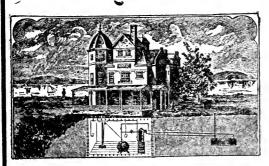
It is no longer necessary to go to a sanitarium and undergo great expense and painful treatment in order to correct crooked spine, hunchback and other spinal troubles. The Sheldon Appliance has straightened crooked spines in sufferers of all ages. Our records show proof of over 17,000 cases successfully treated. We have revolutionized the treatment of spinal deformity.

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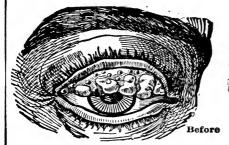
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By all Means Write to Her and Learn how She did it.

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To make sure that the remedy was responsible for

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neighbors. It was successful in every case. None of them has touched a drop of intoxicating liquor since.

She now wishes everyone who has drunkenness in their homes to try this simple remedy, for she feels sure that it will do as much for others as it has for her. It can be given secretly if desired, and without cost she will gladly and willingly tell you what it is. All you have to do is to write her a letter asking her how she cured her husband of drinking, and she will reply by return mail in a sealed envelope. As she has nothing to sell do not send her money. Simply send a letter with all confidence to Mrs. Margaret Anderson at the address given above, taking care to write your name and full address plainly.

(We earnestly advise every one of our readers who wishes to cure a dear one of drunkenness to write to this lady to-day. Her offer is a sincere one.)

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1 offer a genuine, guaranteed Remedy for tobacco or snuff habit, in 72 hours. It is mild, pleasant, strengthening. Overcomes that peculiar nervousness and craving for eighrettes. Cigars, pipe, chewing tobacco or anuff. One man in 10 can use tobacco without apparent injury; to the other nine it is polaonous and seriously injurious to heulth, causing such disorders as nervous dyspepsia. aleepleasness,

gas, belching, gunwing, or other uncomfortable sensation in gas, belching, gunwing, or other unconfortable sensation in stomach: constipation, hendache, wenk STOP eyes, loss of vigor, red spots on skin, STOP throat Irritation, astima, bronchitis, RUINING heart failure, lung trouble, enturrh, RUINING heart failure, lung trouble, enturrh, surming the melancholy, neurastienta impoency, loss of YOUR memory and will power, impure (poisoned blood, the memory and will power, impure (poisoned blood, the LIFE burna, torpid liver, loss of appetite, bad teeth, foul breath, enervatued, lassitude, luck of ambition, failing out of hair, baldness, and many other disorders. It la nursafe and tarturling to attempt to enervature, leaf to the enervature. safe and torturing to attempt to cure yourself of tobacco or

safe and torturing to attempt to cure yourself of tobacco or sould habit by merely stopping—don't do it. The gentle, safe, agreeable way it to eliminate the nicotine poison from the system, strengthen the weakened, irritated membranes and heries and genuinely overcome the crasting. You can BOOK quit tobacco and enjoy yourselt a thousand times better white feeling always in robust FREE bealth. My FRFE book tells all about the beautiful 3 days Method. Inexpensive, reliable, Alse Secret Remedy for conquering habit in another without his knowledge. Full particulars including my book or Tobacco and Smith Habit malled in plain wrapper, free. Don't delay. Keep this; show to others. This adviper, free. Don't delay. Keep this; show to others. This ale's niay not appear again, Address: EDW. J. WOODS, 534 Sixth Ave., 657 E New York, N.Y. This adv't

DIABETES

Civil Engineer Discovers Tropical Herb That Cures This

Dread Disease.

ONE WEEK'S SUPPLY AT HALF PRICE.

I feel that the most valuable result of my life in the tropics, where I spent more than twenty years in building railroads and opening new fields for American commerce, was the discovery of a simple herb that is an actual specific for Diabetes, and I have come home to devote the balance of my life to saving those who are suffering from this dread discase which has heretofore been considered incurable.

Write me at once and I will send you a liberal package, one week's supply, for only 25 cents to help pay postage and packing; also book of valuable diet lists and information

the diabetic. for

This treatment is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless, and the one week's treatment relieves the patient of all his worst symptoms. Call the attention of your afflicted friends to this offer. I want the worst cases, those have given up all hope of cure.

Write me to day and see how quickly Diabetol herb will reduce both the specific gravity and the sugar, restore weight and build up the system. F. M. AMES, Box 313 Whitney Point, N. Y.

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My New External Remedy So Good That I Take All Chances on Results

COUPON BRINGS IT TO TRY FREE

am so sure that my Drafts will bring relief to you, no matter how bad your case, want you to try them at my that I



Send pense. m y coupon With your name and address, and b v return mail you will get a regular Dollar pair of my famous Magic Foot Drafts to try free.

If you could read my letters telling of marwill believe me when I say that I know of nothing so safe and sure for Rheu-matism of every kind, no matter where located or how severe. as my Drafts, which are already in demand all over civilized t li e

FRED'K DYER, Cor. Secy. world. We have letters even from cases of 30 and 40 years' standing saying that at last they have been cured. But it takes very little faith to fill out and mail a coupon and then if you are satisfied. you can send me

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Good d	for a	regular	\$1.00	pair	of M	lagic Fo	юt
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Mail this coupon to Magic Foot Draft Company, WA13 Oliver Bldg., Jackson, Mich.

Greatest Nerve Vitalizer Known

SENT FREE

A Recent Discovery. The Most Effective Nerve Strengthener Ever Found by Science. 50c Trial Package Sent Free to Any Man or Woman to Prove Its Remarkable Results.

nis is the world's newest, safest, most reliable, and effective nerve invigorator, revitalizer, brain awakener, body strengthener, without equal in the world's history of medicine. It brings about a change from that awful, dull, weak, lazy, don'tgive-a-hang feeling to brightness, strength, clear-headedness and courage which is remarkable. Its results are better than you would obtain from a twoweeks' vacation on a farm.



Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers Make You Feel Fine All the Time.

This change comes rapidly. The results are lasting. It is absolutely safe, containing no injurious ingredients whatever.

ing no injurious ingredients whatever. Absolutely different from anything that has ever before been used for nerves. A high medical authority says: "In the forms of neurasthenia it deserves the unique position of being the only treatment which is curative, dispensing with all treatments of rest, travel, diversion of mind, dietetics and physico-mechanics."

Every man and woman suffering with fagged, weak nerves, nervous prostration, excessive nervousness, brain fag, insomnervousness, orain rag, insom-nia, neuralgia, low vitality, general weari-ness, loss of strength and weight, or any condition which arises from poor, weak nerves, may now get "nerves of steel," clear head, courage, power, quick wit,

energy, by taking this great discovery, Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers. FREE

Prove the results of this great discovery for nerves, FREE. It speaks for itself, A 50% trial package of this great nerve awakener will be sent free in sealed wrapper, by return mail, to every man or woman who sends his or her name and address, as instructed below. Do it to-day, A regulation is in store for you. A revelation is in store for you.

FOR MEN.—Nerve force gone? You are what your nerves are, nothing else. If you feel all run-down from overwork or other causes, if you suffer from insom-nia, "caved-in" feeling, brain fag. exnia, "caved-in" feeling, brain fag, extreme nervousness, peevishness, gloominess, worry, cloudy brain, loss of ambition, energy and vitality, loss of weight and digestion, constipation, headaches, neuralgia, or the debilitating effects of tobacco or drink, send for the free trial package of Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers.

FOR WOMEN.—If you suffer from nervous breakdown, extreme nervousness, "blue" spells. desire to ery nervousness, ous breakdown, extreme nervousness, 'blue' spells, desire to cry, worry, neuralgia, back pains, loss of weight or appetite, sleeplessness, headaches, and constipation, and are all out-of-sorts, Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers will make you feel that Sanitone Wafers will make you feel that there is more to life than you ever realized before. Send to-day for the free trial package.

No more need of dieting, diversion, travel, thresome exercises, dangerous drugs, electricity, massage, or anything else-Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers do the work for each and all, give you nerve-force and make you love to live, A 50c, trial package of this great dis-

covery will prove that they do the work. They are guaranteed—every wafer. Send your name and address to-day for the free 50c. trial package of Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers, to F. J. Kellogg Co., 1240 Hoffmaster Block, Battle Creek, Michigan, in the city of peace, happiness and health.

FREE PACKAGE COUPON F. J. KELLOGG CO., 1240 Hoffmaster Block, Battle Creek, Mich.

Send me by return mail, free of charge, a 50c, trial package of the wonderful discovery for nerves, Kellogg's Sanitone Wafers, I inclose 6 cents in stamps to help pay postage and packing.

Name	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•
Street	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

City..... State.....

Let Me Send You a Treat-ment of My Gatarrh Gure Free How John



C. E. GAUSS.

I Will Take Any Case of Catarrh, No Matter How Chronic, or What Stage It Is In, and Prove EN-TIRELY AT MY OWN EX-PENSE, That It Can Be Cured.

Curing Catarrh has been my business for years, and during this time over one million people have come to me from all over the land for treatment and advice. My method is original. I cure the disease by first curing the cause. Thus my combined treatment cures where all else fails. I can demonstrate to you in just a few days' time that my method is quick, sure and complete, because it rids the system of the poisonous germs that cause catarrh. Send your name and address at once to C. E. Gauss, and he will send you the treatment referred to. Fill out the coupon below.

FREE

This coupon is good for a package of GAUSS COMBINED CATARRH CURE, sent free by mail. Simply fill in name and address on dotted lines below, and mail to C. E. GAUSS. 2485 Main street, Marshall, Mich.

Quit Drinking



Costs Nothing to Try

Golden Remedy Is Odorless and Tasteless-Any Lady Can Give It Secretly at Home in Tea, Coffee or Food

If you have a husband, son, brother, father or friend who is a victim of liquor all you have to do is to send your name and address on the coupon below. You may be thankful as long as you live that you did it.

Free Trial Package Coupon

Dr. J. W. Haines Company, 3228 Glenn Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio. Please send me, absolutely free, by return mail, in plain wrapper, so that no one can know what it contains, a trial package of Golden Remedy to prove that what you claim for it is rue in every respect.

Name	
Street	
City	
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Brown Your Hair

With BROWNATONE Hair Stain

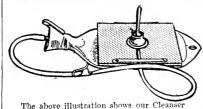
Absolutely Safe and Harmless and Instantly Applied Send for Trial Package

Your hair can be beautiful, rich, natural brown of any shade desired-or black if you prefer. Just apply BROWNATONE Hair Stain with your comb or brush, Light spots, gray streaks and all unnatural shades are quickly restored to a beautiful brown color. Guaranteed to be free from all such ingredients as sugar of lead, sulphur, silver, mercury or peroxide. 25c and \$1.00 at first-class druggists, or direct from us, if your druggist will not supply you with the genuine. Two Shades: Golden or Medium Brown, Dark Brown or Black. Satis-

faction guaranteed. Send your name and address, and enclose 25c (stamps or coin) and we will mail you a liberal trial package in plain sealed wrapper,

THE KENTON PHARMACAL Co., 266 E. Pike St., COVINGTON,

THE IMPROVED EAGER INTESTINE CLEANSER



in position for use.

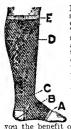
Every sufferer from Constipation should when its simplicity of application is known they would have no other as a gift. The weight of the body on our Pressure Seat forces the water the full length of the Large Intestine, cleaning it without the use of Medicines.

Medicines, Send for our free booklet and learn respecting the many evils caused by an Inactive Large Intestine, or send \$4.00 m.d. for our full outfit. If you have a Water Bag, send \$2.00 for our Pressure Seat and Pipes, which fit all Water Bags, They

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time will save much trouble. Support the Varicose Veins by wearing Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps, Anklets, etc.
Elastic Stockings from \$2.00. I give in the fitting of Elastic Hosiery.

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Arch Supports,
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the best 100-mile
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Corpulent people find relief in our true-fitting Eastic Hosiery gives sure relief in Varicose conditions.
Those afflicted should obtain expert Suspensions, such as should obtain expert Suspensions, such as should obtain expert Suspensions, formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation of superfluous formation for superfluous for superfluous for superfluous formation for superfluous for superfluous for su advice in this direction. Your physician's opinion in time will save much arch. Supports, the surrounding muscles



Attention given to special supports for stage purposes. Also Riding Belts, etc.
OBESITY BELTS FROM \$3.00.

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New Book Gives Important Information on Eve Weaknesses

HOW TO ATTAIN STRONG, CLEAR EYESIGHT

3000 COPIES FREE

A book has been recently published that shows how strained and weak eyes may be treated by one's self without drugging, how glasses or spectacles may be avoided or cast aside, and how, by strengthening the eyes, the general health may be wonderfully improved.

Worth Its Weight in Gold

People who acknowledge their eyesight to have been saved through what they learned of in this book have declared it "worth its weight in gold." We have testimonials of persons who were going blind-or who had been wearing glasses for years, yet they can now see well without glasses! If your eyes are not perfect, whether you wear glasses or expect soon to be compelled to, you ought to send at once and get one of the books entitled "Save Your Eyes." This is an opportunity you cannot afford to pass by. Simply write Okola Laboratory, Rochester, N. Y., and say you want that new book that tells how to save the eyes. It will come promptly in plain wrapper, postpaid, and we hope you will soon join the legions of those who are declaring it to have given them good eyes and good health without glasses.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR

I Cured It Quickly So It Never Returned.

I Will Send Free to Any Other Woman the Secret of How They Too Can Remove All Trace.

For years I was the victim of a horrid hair growth on my face. I knew I was a sight, and every time I met another woman with this "mannish" mark and saw how it spoiled her looks I became the more distracted, for I had tried all the pastes, powders, liquids, and other "hair retweer" seemingly highly independ that powders, liquids, and other "hair removers." seemingly highly indorsed, that I had ever heard of, but always with the unsatisfactory result. My time, money and patience were about exhausted, when a friend persuaded me to try a secret from Japan, almost against my will, for I had little faith owing to former experiences.



What was my amazement when I found that it actually did what was claimed for it! It was so simple that it took but a few minutes' time to work a complete transformation in my appearance. Any woman who is troubled with superfluous hair can readily appreciate what a difference it would make to her looks if it were removed, for no woman can be beautiful if she is afflicted with a hairy growth on her face, neck or arms. My experience with this wonderful remedy was so remarkable that I feel it my duty to put my sensitive feelings aside and tell my experience to my sisters in distress, in order that they may profit by it and not waste their time and money on worthless "concoctions" as I did.

Therefore, to any lady who will write to me within the next few days and who will send me a two-cent stamp for actual return postage I will send quite free, in a plain, sealed envelope, full information which will enable you to forever end all trace of embarrassing halr by the wonderful method that cured me. Please state whether Mrs. or Miss. Address your letter Mrs. Caroline Osgood, Apartment 101 B V—118 East 28th St., New York City.

OITR

Treatment FREE



If you have an ugly goitre let me send you a generous sample of my wonderful remedy for a test. Don't be discouraged by

failure of other doctors and reme-Don't Be dies. My treatment is different. Disfigured Let me prove its value to you in the privacy of your own home by

sending you my \$2.50 Goitre Treatment FREE. It quickly reduces the size of goitre, relieves choking and other disagreeable symptoms. My treatment is almost always effective

from the first. Patients everywhere report cures.

Here Is What Mrs. V. G. Watson, Mrs. E. J. Alsbach, Santa Ana, Cal., Pinnacle, N. C., One Grateful Woman, Says:

"I can highly recommend your treatment to all who suffer from goitre, for I have taken one treatment and so far as I know I am permanently cured. My! goitre has entirely disappeared and my nerves and general health are a great deal better."

Writes:

"I hardly know how to thank you enough for what you did for me in the cure of my goitre. It has been over a year since I quit treatment and there are no signs of its return. I feel that I am entirely cured. I am satisfied that your treatment will cure goitre in any form."

"After one month's treatment of your medicine, I am very glad to report that my goitre is entirely gone." MISS GEORGIA J. DROST, Austin, Minn.

Write to-day for the \$2.50 FREE TREATMENT in plain package and let it speak for itself. You risk nothing. Do it now.

GOITRE REMEDIES CO.

864 MINTY BLOCK. BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

The Positive French Method of Developing the Bust, by Madame DuBarrie, is now being explained for the first time to the ladies of America. "How to obtain a luxurious bust development seems to be little understood in this country," says Madame DuBarrie. "This French method, on the contrary, is extremely effective, the results are prompt, and the bust becomes firm sym.

bust becomes firm, symmetrical and luxurious in a safe and lasting way.

Any Woman May Now Develop Her Bust.

By this method the breasts may be developed from 2 to 8 inches in 30 days in women of almost any age, from young girls to elderly matrons, whether the bust is absolutely not developed at all, or has grown weak and limp, no matter from what cause.

This may sound remarkable to those who have neverseen it done, but to any woman who wants to know how she may do it effectively, luxuriously and in a safe and lasting

and in a sate and issuing way, Mdme. Du Barrie will be only too glad to send, without charge, a finely illustrated booklet in plain sealed wrapper with full information, if she will enclose 2 cents in stamps to pay for postage.

We suggest to our lady readers that they write to Madame DuBarrie for particulars of this ef-fective French Method, enclose 2 cents in stamps for the illustrated booklet and address it to Mdme. DuBarrie, Suite 3484, Pontiac Building, Chicago, Ill.

Eczema Cured in 10 to 30 Days

The Paris Medicine Co., 2624 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine, have a new and wonderful discovery, GROVE'S SA-NARE CUTIS, which they guarantee to cure any case of ECZEMA, no matter of how long standing, in 10 to 30 days, and will refund money if it fails. GROVE'S SA-NARE CUTIS is perfectly clean and does not stain. If your druggist hasn't it, send us 50c. in stamps and it will be sent by mail.

STONES REM.
EDY. No oil.
Pain in Pit of Pain in Pit of Right Side and Backache, the Shoulder Blades. Stome, Indigestion, Sick Headache, under the Stomach. ach Trouble, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Billiousness, Colle, Jaundice, Blues, Con-stipation, Piles, Catarrh, Nervous Weak-ness, Debility, Loss of Energy, Soreness, Fulness, or Oppression, over Stomach or Liver, Wind or Pain in Stomach or Bowels, Appendicitis Symptoms, Weak or Irregular Heart. These are common symptoms of GALL TROUBLES. Send for copyrighted Medical Book on Liver, STOMACH AND GALL TROUBLES FREE APPENDICITIS.

GALL STONE REMEDY CO., Dept. 251, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago.

HOW FRENCH WOMEN DEVELOP THE BUST HOW TO HAVE EYES The Positive French Method of Developing the by Madame DuBarrie. is now being ex. THAT FASCINATE

Wonderful New Discovery Makes Eves Beautiful While Making Them Strong.

THROW AWAY YOUR GLASSES

Scientist's Secret-How to Strong, Beautiful Healthy Eyes-Offered Free.

Without beautiful eyes no one is really beautiful, while even a homely face is made attractive by eyes that please or appear forceful.

Without strong eyes no one can enjoy life to the utmost. Those whose eyes are weak and who have to wear glasses are greatly handicapped in life's race,



A distinguished Science-Professor has made a A distinguished Science-Professor has made a wonderful discovery which not only makes the eyes beautiful, but also seems destined to make spectacles and eyeglasses entirely unnecessary, except in very special cases. Indeed, it adually cures nearly all kinds of eve-weakness, including eyestrain, bloodshot, granulated eyelids, itching and inflammation. It is absolutely necessary to those who wish to make their vision stronger and more capable. Neither operation nor drugs are necessary, and it is absolutely harmless. In addition, through the wonderful discovery and free advice of this distinguished scientist, you may have eves as radiant as the Evening Star-

may have eyes as radiant as the Evening Star-eyes that attract and fascinate—eyes that have the power to influence others—eyes that people call

wonderful.

If you wish to make your eyes bright, healthy, strong and beautiful, write to-day, inclosing two cents in stamps for reply (please state whether Mr. Mrs. or Miss), and address your letter to Prof. Smith, Dept. 101 A. B. Addreh Building, Providence, R. I., and you will receive the secret free.

879

CH-E FREE

Sodalto, No., Jan. 2-1910. 26 7809 17 MAT GOIGHTS:-

Dr. Canneday, of our ol m

To commant, or or or one as a property of the command of the comma



and postpaid, the most perfect book that was ever printed on eczema (145 pages) and then if you are not convinced, you can put my moderate fee in the Bank and if the treatment does not do more than I claim, return the treatment and get your money in

full. Read the letter the bank gave in this notice.

The cause of eczema is in the blood and not a

tull. Read the letter the bank gave in this notice.

The cause of eccema is in the blood and not a germ. I would tell you here what causes eczema but you would not believe it until you had used my free trial and see how perfectly it works. My treatment removes that cause in the blood and in the property of the proper

Dr. J. E. Cannaday, 12 Park Square, Sedalia, Missourl.

(Could you do a better act than to send this notice to some poor sufferer of eczema?)

STRENGTH and MUSCLE CONSERVER for MEN and YOUTHS. In Athletics, the most important part of the body to protect against strains, are the Abdominal Walls and Muscles. Also the cords and veins that extend below the Abdomen.

The right support is necessary to prevent Rupture, Varicocele, &c.
Avoid all ill-shaped or colored Supports—makeshifts do

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ESTABLISHED 1870. TELEPHONE CONNECTION. See pages 869-870-884.

RH-ASTHM CURED WHILE YOU SLEEP



Sizes.

Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Throat, Bad Breath. Three or four cents a day if satisfied; otherwise NOTHING. World's Best Inhaland the satisfied; otherwise NOTHIAM. World's Deet Humannt, CONTINUOUS BYNIGHT—or day. Better than Change of Climate, Agreeable, Safe, Private, does not hinder breathing, and almost absolutely certain. Many, 70 years old, cured of ASTHMA. Patients named it "THE LITTLE WONDER," "THE BOSS," "THE BLESSED LITTLE INHALER," "THE ONLY CATARRH CURE," and it deserves all these names. Seventeen years unequalled, being Right Method with Right Medicine; Science with Common Sense. Takes not a moment's time, needs no help from other medicines. FREE BOOK with Overwhelming proof. LONG Trial. Legal Guarantee. Write today for never before has come to you a thing so Wise in its Means, so Strong in its Proofs, so Easy in its Application, so Generous in its Terms, so Certain in its Results. E.C.C.CATARRH-ASTHMA CURE, 3006 Van Buren St., OHIOAGO

A Genuine Rupture Cure

Sent on Trial to Prove It



The above is C. E. Brooks, Inventor of the Appliance, who cured himself and who has been curing others for over 30 years. If ruptured, write him to-day.

Cured at the Age of 76

Mr. C. E. Brooks, Marshall, Mich. Dear Sir:-

Dear Sir:—
I began using your Appliance for the cure of Rupture (I had a pretty bad case) I think in May, 1905. On November 20, 1905, I quit using it. Since that time I have not needed or used it. I am well of rupture and rank myself among those cured by the Brooks Discovery, which, considering my age, 76 years, I regard as remarkable. Very sincerely yours, Jamestown, N. C. SAM A. HOOVER

Others Failed but the Appliance Cured

C. E. Brooks, Marshall, Mich. Dear Sir:-

Your Appliance did all you claim for the little boy, and more, for it cured him sound and well. We let him wear it for about a year in all, although it cured him 3 months after he had begun to wear it. We had tried several other remedies and got no relief, and I shall certainly rec-ommend it to friends, for we surely owe Yours respectfully. WILLIAM PATTERSON

No. 717 S. Main St., Akron. O.

Child Cured in Four Months 21 Jansen St., Dubuque, Iowa. Brooks Rupture Appliance Co.

Gentlemen:-The baby's rupture is altogether cured,

thanks to your Appliance, and we are so thankful to you. If we could only have known of it sooner our little boy would not have had to suffer near as much as he did. He wore your brace a little over four months and has not worn it now for six weeks. Yours very truly.
ANDREW EGGENBERGER

Throw Away Your Truss My Appliance for Men. Women and Children Actually CURES

Send the FREE Coupon To-Day

If you have tried most everything else, come to me. Where others fail is where I have my greatest success. Send attached coupon to-day and I will send you free my illustrated book on Rupture and its cure, showing my Appliance and giving you prices and names of many people who have tried it and were cured. It is instant relief when Remember, I use no all others fail. salves, no harness, no lies.

I send on trial to prove what I say is true. You are the judge and once having seen my illustrated book and read it you will be as enthusiastic as my hundreds of patients whose letters you can also read. Fill out free coupon below and mail to-day. It's well worth your time whether you try my appli-

ance or not.

Remember

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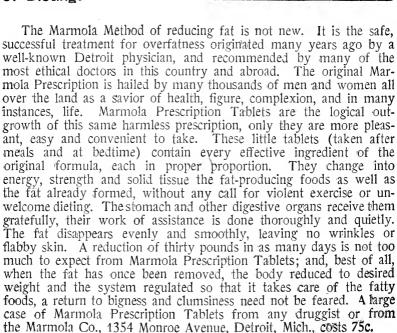
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R. F. D..... State....

Marmola Prescription Tablets

Take Off the Fat Where It Shows

Harmless, Pleasant Little Tablets, Made After the Famous Marmola Prescription, Quickly Reduce Fat Without Exercise or Dieting.



Let Us Make You Fat

50c Box Free

We Will Prove at Our Own Expense That It Is No Longer Necessary to Be Thin, Scrawny, and Undeveloped.



"Gee! Look at that pair of skinny scarecrows!
Why don't they try Sargol?"

This is a generous offer to every thin man or woman that reads this announcement. We positively guarantee to increase your weight to your own satisfaction or no pay. Think this over—think what it means. At our own risk, we offer to put 10, 15, yes, 30 pounds of good, solid "stay there" flesh on your bones, to fill out hollows in cheeks, neck or bust, to get rid of that "peaked" look, to rejuvenate and revitalize your whole body until it ingles with vibrant energy; to do this without drastic diet, "tonics," severe physical culture "stunts," detention from business or any irksome requirements—if we fail it costs you nothing.

We particularly wish to hear from the excessively thin, those who know the humiliation and embarrassment which only skinny people have to suffer in silence. We want to send a free 50-cent package of our new discovery to the people who are called "data" and "bean poles," to bony women whose clothes never look "anyhow," no matter how expensively dressed, to the skinny men who fail to gain social or business recognition on account of their starved appearance. We care not whether you have been thin from birth, whether you have lost flesh through sickness, how many flesh builders you have experimented with. We take the risk and assume it cheerfully. If we cannot put pounds and pounds of healthy flesh on your frame we don't want your money.

The new treatment increases the red corpuscles in the blood, strengthens the nerves and puts the digestire tract into such shape that your food is assimilated and turned into good, solid, healthy flesh instead of passing through the

system undigested and unassimilated. It is a thoroughly scientific principle, this Sargol, and builds up the thin, weak and debilitated without any nauseous dosing. In many conditions it is better than cod liver oil and certainly is much pleasanter to take.

better than counter to take.

Send for the 50-cent box to-day. Convince us by your prompt acceptance of this offer that you are writing in good faith and really desire to gain in weight. The 50-cent package which we will send you free will be an eye-opener to you. We send it that you may see the simple, harmless nature of our new discovery, how easy it is to take, how you gain flesh privately without knowledge of friends or family until you astonish them by the prompt and unmistakable results.

It is only the astounding results of our new method of treatment that make such an offer and such a guarantee possible on our part. So cut off the coupon to-day and mail it at once to The Sargol Company, 200-A Herald Bidg., Binghamton, N. Y., and please inclose 10c. with your letter to help pay distribution expenses. Take our word, you'll never regret it.

Free Sargol Coupon

This certificate, with ten cents to help part postage and distribution expenses, entitles the holder to one 50-cent package of Sargol, the Flesh Builder. The Sargol Co., 200-A Head Bidg., Bingbanation, N. Y.

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And since 1870 adding years to a man's life—SCHNOTER'S ARMY AND NAVY SUSPENSORY BANDAGE is the only permanent relief for VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, and RUPTURE.

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Ask your druggist for the "GENUINE SCHNOTER'S SUSPENSORY BANDAGES." (Look for the above trade mark.)
If he has not our make in stock, and refuses to get 14 for you, send direct to us and we will mail to you, in plain wrapper on receipt of price. Plain style, COTTON, 80c. and 40c.; LINEN, 50c.; SILK, 50c., 60c., and 75c.; A. and N.STYLE, no elastic, 30c.; ARMY and NAVY style, with liste elastic belt and strape, COTTON, 85c. at LINEN, 75c.; BEST SILK, \$1.

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(Headquarters) 523 6th Ave., near 31st St., New York, U.S. A. See pages 869-870-880



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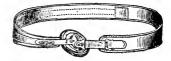
Being helpless, bed-ridden for years with a double rupture. which physicians said could only be cured by a mutilating surgical operation, and which involved the risk of my life. I made use of valuable, information, which I had luckly obtained and was completely cured. Many others have since adopted the same means of self-treatment and were soon rid of distressing, dangerous, life-shortening rupture—single, double, inguinal, labial, femoral, scrotal, etc. Don't send a cent, merely write, mentioning what kind of rupture you have, and you shall receive a Trial Treatment, Free, with book of thrilling interest and valuable information. Absolutely free. Address Capt. W. A. COLLINGS, Inc., 59B, Arsenal St., Watertown, N. V.

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A new appliance, affording instant relief and comfort. No understraps, no chafing, no binding, perfect freedom, no harness. A complete home cure. One of the simplest and best trusses ever invented for holding a rupture.

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If interested yourself or for a friend SEND FOR DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR

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Treating Indigestion with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is an Exact Science - They Give Ouick Relief.

Medical men have learned more about the stomach than perhaps any other vital organ. They have discovered why the stomach rebels at certain conditions-what causes the formation of gases-what causes flatulency, heartburn, dyspepsia, burning sensation, brash and all the other disorders of the stomach.

They have gone further. They have found remedies for all these afflictions, these results of improper digestion. They have learned that pepsin, hydrochloric acid and fruit salts are powerful digestants that relieve quickly and surely all the troubles to which the stomach is subject. They have discovered that one grain of these properties will digest 3,000 grains of food.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not a medicine. They are a scientific compound that supplies the stomach with the digestive agents which it is itself unable to provide. When your stomach is sick and not working right when it fails to give out enough of the digestive juices to properly take care of the food you eat, these tablets will make up the deficiency. You will have no indigestion. Your food will digest thoroughly.

You never can tell just when your stomach is going back on you. It gives no warning. If you eat a big meal, if you eat hurriedly, take one of these little tablets. You will avoid

a lot of pain and misery.

Some of the most prominent men carry these tablets in their vest pockets when they attend banquets, etc., and never fail to take them.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists at 50c a box.

Disease

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EYEGLASSES NOT NECESSARY.

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The author of this Book is the inventor of "Actina," an instrument that is

attracting the attention of people in all parts of the world owing to the wonderful results obtained from its use.

In the treatment of Eve disease the author says: "Nine out of ten persons wearing glasses might better be without them. Eye Glasses Do Not Cure. The defects that make them necessary can be removed in most cases by proper There is also no need for cutting or drugging the Eye for most forms of disease-for the cause can be removed by a newer and more humane method."

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All charges prepaid. Plain package, any assortment you desire. Twelve full quarts, \$1,50; twenty-four full quarts, \$250, FREE—Our Booklet, "Secrets and History of Making Llquors at Home," sent free to any one sending us their name and address.

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Every Man ^{or} Woman



Would you like to eat all you want to, and what you want to without having distress in your stomach?

Would you like to say farewell to Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Distress after Eating, Nervousness, Catarrh of the Stomach, Heart Fluttering, Sick Headache and Constipation.

Then send us 10 cents to cover cost of packing and we will mail you absolutely free one of these wonterful Stomach Drafts. They relieve the bowels, remove soreness, strengthen the nerves and muscles of the stomach, and soon make you feel like a new man or woman. Suffer no longer but write to-day enclosing 10 cents for postage, etc., and get one of Dr. Young's Peptopads that are celebrated because they have cured where medicines alone failed. Write Dr. G. C. Young Co., 10 Patriot Building, Jackson, Mich.

I Will Stake This Medicine Against Your Time

A Few Days Will Be Sufficient to Prove That You Are Curable

A few minutes of your time for a few days and I will demonstrate to you, without expense to yourself, that I have a medicine that drives Uric Acid poison from the system and by so deing cures kidney trouble, bladder trouble and rheumatism. I don't ask you to take my word for it, but simply want you to let me send you some of this medicine so that you can use it personally.

sonally.

I am trying to convince sufferers from these diseases that I have something far better than the usual run of remedies, treatments and such things, and the only way I can demonstrate that fact is to go to the expense of compounding the medicine and sending it out free of charge. This I am glad to do for any sufferer who will take the time to write me. Understand, I will not send you a so-called "sample, proof or test treatment," nor will I send you a package of medicine and say that you can use some of it and pay for the rest, but I will send you a supply free of charge and you will not be asked to pay for this gift nor will you be under any obligations.

this gift nor will you be under any obligations,

All I want to know is that you have a disease for which my medicine is intended, as it is not a "cure-all." and I give herewith some of the leading symptoms of kidney, bladder and rheumatic troubles. If you notice one or more of these symptoms you need this medicine, and I will be glad to send you some of it if you will write me the numbers of the symptoms you have, give your age and your name and address. My address is Dr. T. Frank Lynott, 9051 Deagan Building, Chicago, Ill. You promise me nothing; you pay me nothing for it. All I ask, so there shall be no mistake, is that you send me the numbers of your symptoms or a description in your own words, and that you take the medicine according to the directions I send you. It is my way of getting publicity for my medicine so that it will become widely known.

become widely known.

You will agree when you have used it that it dissolves and drives out uric acid poison. It tones the kidneys so that they work in harmony with the bladder so that frequent desire to urinate and other urinary disorders are banished. It stops rheumatic aches and pains immediately. It dissolves uric acid crystals so that back and muscles no longer ache and crooked joints quickly straighten out. It reconstructs the blood and nerves so that you soon feel healthier and more visorous, sleep better and eat better and have energy throughout the day. It does all this, and yet contains nothing injurious and is absolutely vouched for according to law.

Sufferers from these dreadful and dangerous diseases can surely afford to spend a few minutes each day for a few days to demonstrate to their own satisfaction if they are curable, especially when you consider no expense is involved, and I willingly give you my time and my medicine. All any fair-minded afflicted person wants to know is if a certain thing will cure HIM or HER, and here is an opportunity to find out without cost obligation or important loss of time. THESE FEW DAYS may be the turning point in your life.



DR. T. FRANK LYNOTT, who will send medicine to any one free of charge.

All who are interested enough to write me for the free medicine will also receive a copy of my large illustrated medical book which describes these diseases thoroughly. It is the largest book of the kind ever written for free distribution, and a new edition is just being printed. I will also write you a latter of disquesie and medical advice a new edition is just being printed. I will also write you a letter of diagnosis and medical advice that should be of great help to you; but in order to do this I must know that you need my medicine. Write me the numbers of the symptoms that trouble you, and your age, and I will promptly carry out my promises. Show an inclination to be cured and you will be.

These Are the Symptoms:

-Pain in the back.

Too frequent desire to urinate.

-Burning or obstruction of urine. Pain or soreness in the bladder.

-Prostatic trouble.

-Gas or pain in the stomach.
-General debility, weakness, dizziness.

S—Pain or soreness under right rib.
9—Swelling in any part of the body.
10—Constipation or liver trouble.

10—Pain in the hip joint.
12—Pain in the hip joint.
13—Pain in the neck or head.
14—Pain or soreness in the kidneys.
15—Pain or swelling of the joints.
16—Pain or swelling of the muscles.
17—Pain and soreness in nerves.
18—Acute or chronic rheumatism. -Palpitation or pain under the heart,

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full measure quarts
Rieger's Monogram Whiskey
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For over twenty years, Rieger's Monogram Whiskey has been the standard of excellence. It is an absolutely pure, wholesome article, distilled of the richest grains. It is a delightful stimulant and beverage and is excellent for medicinal purposes. The Medical Fraternity

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Accept no substitute under the name of "Monogram." If you want the absolute, the pure, the perfect whiskey, the label on the bottle must read "Rieger's Monogram Whiskey"—then you are sure that you have the best.

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"Private Stock"
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Although quoted at an economical price **Rieger's Monogram Whiskey**, "Private Stock" is of an excellent quality. Our superior facilities and large operations place us in a position to offer this fine whiskey to you at the low price of 62½ cents per quart, all express charges prepaid, when 8 quarts or more are ordered in one shipment.

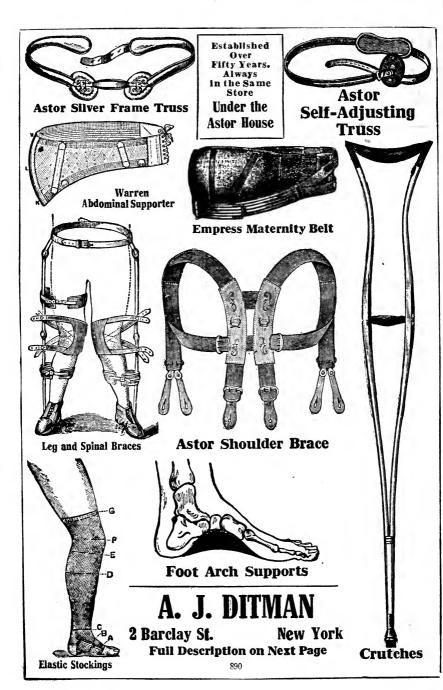
Our Offers and Guarantees while the above offers are very liberal, considering the high quality of the goods, we do not content ourselves with merely selling these whiskies. When you buy goods from us, they must prove absolutely and perfectly satisfactory, or else you may return them at our expense and we will refund the entire purchase price, charging nothing for goods you use in testing.

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Don't spend another needless day of suffering. I will send you my REGULAR, FULL, COMPLETE, THREE-FOLD LEXOID, COMBINED COURSE OF TREATMENT—FREE TO TRY. I don't mean a SMALL WORTHLESS SAMPLE, or a TRIAL TEST TREATMENT, that you can't tell anything about. I mean a REGULAR, FULL TREATMENT, that you can't tell anything about. I mean a REGULAR, FULL TREATMENT, and when I say a full treatment, I MEAN A FULL TREATMENT, just as I say. I will send it to you COMPLETE—CHARGES PAID—DELIVERED TO YOUR DOOR—READY FOR YOU TO USE—SO YOU CAN COMMENCE YOUR CURE AT ONCE.

You may not believe my offer, because you do not know me personally, and you do not know my word is good as gold. You may have seen ads. before offering full treatment, and then when you answered them, found out that in each case you go a small trial treatment, lasting a few days or a week, and that you had to send money first to get the full treatment, and you may think this offer is just like all the rest—IT IS NOT—please don't think I am trying to fool you—no—I don't do that kind of business. Don't think there is a 'string' to this offer—There are no strings to this offer—NO, INDEED. I said I would send you a full, complete treatment, and I WILL DO SO. You won't be fooled. I will send you a REGULAR FULL TREATMENT, just as I say I will. I will send it charges paid, as soon as I hear from you—THE SAME DAY—BY RETURN MAIL. There are no promises to make—no papers to sign—no references to give—no charges or C. O. D.'s to pay, and you are not obligated to spend a penny. spend a penny.

I have helped thousands to regain their health. Those with tired, lame, aching backs, with unbearable bladder and urinary troubles, others stiff and bent with rheumatism—and I have made them well, the most chronic, severe, long standing obstinate cases, after all else had failed to cure them. I offer my wonderful treatment to you—FREE TRY—TAKE IT—USE IT—AND GET WELL. If you have backache, KIDNEY, BLADDER TROUBLE or RHEUMATISM, dizziness, puffy swellings under the eyes or in the feet and ankles, nervousness, tired and worn out feeling, if the urine is light and pale, dark colored or cloudy, if you make water often, getting up during the night, if it smarts and burns in passing, if there is sediment or brick dust when it stands, YOU NEED MY TREATMENT WITHOUT A MINUTE'S DELAY. TREATMENT WITHOUT A MINUTE'S DELAY.

I want you to have my regular FULL COMPLETE TREATMENT. My new scientific course, of the best remedies in the world for such diseases. Harmless, soothing, healing, penetrating remedies, that REACH THE SPOT, DRIVES AWAY URIC ACID, CLEANSES, PURIFIES, STRENGTHENS, INVIGORATES, AND ENCOURAGES THE KIDNEYS TO PROPERLY FILTER THE BLOOD. THAT STOPS THE PAIN, GIVES STRENGTH TO THE NERVES, NEW LIFE AND AMBITION TO THE MIND AND BODY, AND DOES IT QUICKLY, QUIETLY, WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME.

STOPS BACKACHE

MY UNEQUALLED OFFER

Now, here is my offer-I will send you A REG-ULAR, FULL, COMPLETE, THREE-FOLD LEXOID
IN ADVANCE—CHARGES PAID—READY TO USE
COURSE OF TREATMENT, WITHOUT A PENNY
—FREE TO TRY. I don't mean a SAMPLE, or a TRIAL, or a TEST, such as others call PROOF TREATMENTS. I MEAN A REGULAR, FULL, COMPLETE COURSE OF REMEDIES—SO YOU CAN START YOUR CURE AT ONCE. Take it when it comes. Use half of it, AND SEE JUST WHAT IT DOES. Then when you know it has helped you, WHEN YOU KNOW

helped you, WHEN YOU KNOW YOU ARE GETTING BETTER, just send me a small amount, an amount within your easy reach-an amount you can easily afford to spare—that is all I ask. I know you'll be willing to do your part and send me some money—WHEN IT HELPS YOU—AND YOUR WORD IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR ME. It will he

But you are to pay nothing UNTIL quickly. But you are to pay nothing UNTIL IT DOES. Use it first, pay afterward when you know—NOT BEFORE. When you have used half of it, if you are not satisfied, return what's left, AND PAY NOTHING. IT DOESN'T COST YOU A PENNY TO TRY MY TREATMENT—I will send it to you charges paid. TAKE IT, TRY IT FREE, AND FIND OUT.

I am the only one to-day making this offer, sending a full treatment, for such diseases, FREE TO TRY. I could not afford to do it, if I was not sure it would help you-if I did not know it would cure-if I wasn't sure. That's why I can afford to send it first-BUT YOU ARE THE ONE TO DECIDE, you are the one to be the judge. It must help you, it must satisbe the judge. It must help you, it must sat fy you—BEFORE YOU SEND A PENNY. And you are the one to say. I WILL TAKE YOUR WORD. It's all left right with you yourself. What you say goes. That's all I care for. I don't want a penny until it helps you. I would not take a cent that I am not entitled to. I believe in giving a graying deal, in being howest. every one a square deal-in being honest-

it's my religion-I want to do what's right—that's why I am making you the BEOADEST, MOST STRAIGHT-FORWARD, FAIREST, MOST LIBERAL ONE-SIDED OFFER EVER When I have confidence MADE. enough in my treatment to send it to you this way, I know you'll BE WILLING TO TRY IT FREE. Don't send a penny in your letter. EVEN A POSTAGE STAMP. your name and address and where to send the treatment. Address your letter to me personally, like this: DR.
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Also your Free book about Urid Acid, Kidney.
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Tiresome, torturous trusses can be thrown away forever, and it's all because of STUART'S PLAPAO-PADS, which are so different from the painful truss, being medicine applicators made self-adhesive purposely to prevent slipping and to afford an arrangement to hold the parts securely in place. Think what that means to YOU! No more a slave to the bonds that would hold you caged up forever. To prove this let us send you FREE, postpaid, a TRIAL of the marvelous PLAPAO together with Mr. Stuart's powerful, logical book for rupture sufferers. Write your name and address plainly on a postal card, send it to us, and by return mail we will send you

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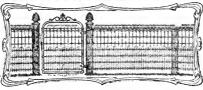
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