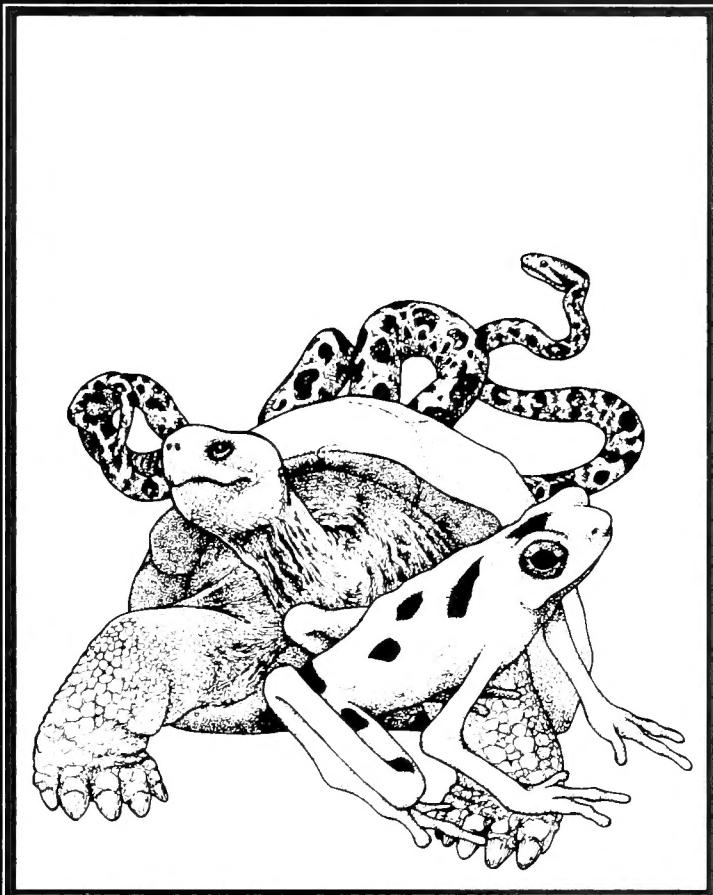


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# World Checklist of Threatened Amphibians and Reptiles



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# World Checklist of Threatened Amphibians and Reptiles

Brian Groombridge



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This checklist was compiled and revised in October 1982 for the 3rd edition by Dr B Groombridge (now at the IUCN Species Conservation Monitoring Unit, Cambridge) at the Amphibian and Reptile Section of the British Museum (Natural History), under contract NCC/E2/36/04 from the Nature Conservancy Council of the United Kingdom.

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# Preface

This checklist was originally prepared to aid the United Kingdom's Scientific and Management Authorities for the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) which the United Kingdom has implemented since the 1 January 1976.

The aim was to provide a summary of basic data on each taxon relating to the countries where it occurs in the wild, its category in the IUCN Red Data Book, its listing in CITES and important sources of reference. Particular regard has been given to listing general names, synonyms, English vernacular names and trade names. This information will help to clarify conditions on the issue of permits to trade in amphibians and reptiles, especially in those cases where ambiguous or erroneous supporting data are supplied. It is hoped that this publication will be of value to all Management and Scientific Authorities of the Party States to CITES and to all those concerned with the wider studies of herpetology and related matters.

This checklist covers only those amphibians and reptiles which are themselves threatened in some degree, or treated as 'look-alikes' under CITES, at the time of compilation. It is clearly desirable for the work to be extended to include the remaining taxa and therefore complete a full coverage of the group.

The present document was completed in January 1979 and since then has been subject to partial revision to take account of decisions affecting the Appendices at the 2nd meeting of the Parties to CITES at San Jose, Costa Rica in February 1979, the 3rd meeting at New Delhi in 1981 and new taxa included in Part 1 of the IUCN Amphibia-Reptilia Red Data Book (1982).

The United Kingdom Scientific Authority and the Nature Conservancy Council are grateful to Dr Brian Groombridge for undertaking this work on their behalf.

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Winter 1983

# Introductory notes

The purpose of this work is to provide a combined list of the amphibian and reptile species (or subspecies) appearing on Appendices I, II, and III, of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES), and those included in the Red Data Book (RDB). The latter includes data sheets from the second edition issued in 1975, together with many new or revised sheets dated 1978 or 1979 (but not generally available until 1980). A useful introduction to CITES is provided by Inskip & Wells (1979, see Reference list C).

This revised edition incorporates changes made in the CITES Appendices at the New Delhi meeting of the Parties in 1981, and changes and additions among Testudines, Crocodylia and Rhynchocephalia made in Part I of the revised Amphibia-Reptilia Red Data Book (ref. 152). New and fully revised RDB accounts for remaining reptiles and for amphibians are currently in preparation, the taxa among these groups noted in this checklist are thus not fully representative.

For each taxon, the scientific name is given first, with the currently most frequently used synonyms in brackets. Common names (English language), and trade names (in brackets), appear on the following line. Very few of the listed taxa have regularly or universally used common names. In several cases, identical trade names appear to be used for different taxa.

The Red Data Book taxa included are those listed in Preamble 8 (i.e., those for which full data sheets are provided) as well as those in Preamble 9 (that are suspected of being threatened, but for which full data are currently lacking).

## Geographical Range

The geographical range of each taxon is given in terms of political units, listed in alphabetical order. The exceptions are some of those taxa occurring on small and/or remote islands with well-known names, that are administered by another country; for most such taxa the administering country is given in brackets, e.g. Galapagos Islands (Ecuador). In certain cases, when a taxon is found in a restricted area within a larger political unit, the name of that area is given in brackets, e.g., Indonesia (West Irian).

The political names given are those in common usage, and may not in all cases be the diplomatically correct version.

When the name of a country is given as within the range of a certain species, that species may not occur throughout the country, and may even be of only peripheral occurrence.

Without surveying the range of each taxon in the field, it is necessary to rely on published records. Most taxonomic works give the range of a taxon in terms of broad geographical areas, rather than of precise political units. While some countries have a relatively well-known and well-reported herpetofauna, this is not true for others. These factors may occasionally have resulted in some of the geographical ranges given here being incomplete or inaccurate, although every effort has been made to counter this.

## Taxonomic sources.

The most recent available checklist or revision has usually been followed for the taxonomic treatment of each species or group of species herein. Certain groups are clearly overdue for species-level revision. In the interests of stability, the present list follows the taxonomic arrangement of the RDB for the forms appearing therein, unless there is good reason to do otherwise. The genera and species are in alphabetical order within each family. The scientific and common names of North American species have been modified to accord with **Standard Common and Current Scientific Names for North American Amphibians and Reptiles** (Collins, Huheey, Knight, & Smith, 1978).

The following list states the primary taxonomic source followed for most of the groups dealt with herein, and refers to an authority for each modification from that primary source. All works cited in this section appear in part (B) of the Reference list.

**Caudata and Anura:** follows Gorham (1974), except:

- (a) *Ambystoma tigrinum californense* here treated as a full species, *A. californense*, after Collins et al (1978).
- (b) *Batrachoseps aridus* is added, described by Brane (1970).
- (c) Family Atelopodidae no longer recognised, *Atelopus* here assigned to family Bufonidae, after McDairmid (1969).
- (d) *Bufo nelsoni* here reduced to a subspecies, *B. boreas nelsoni*, after Collins et al (1978).
- (e) Five species of *Nectophrynoides* are added, *N. cryptus* and *N. minimus*, described by Perret (1971, 1972); also *N. osgoodi* (transferred from *Bufo*) and *N. malcomi* described by Grandison (1978) and *N. liberiensis* described by Xavier (1978).

- (f) Sooglossidae here elevated to family rank (*Nesomantis* and *Sooglossus* listed), after Lynch (1973) and Duellman (1975).
- (g) *Rana goliath* here listed as *Conraua goliath*, after Lamotte & Perret (1968).
- (h) *Rana pipiens fisheri* now in synonymy with *Rana onca*, after Pace (1974).
- (i) Hyperoliidae elevated to family rank (*Megalixalus* listed), after Liem (1970).
- (j) Myobatrachidae elevated to family rank (*Philoria* and *Rheobatrachus* listed) after Lynch (in Vial) 1973, Heyer & Liem (1976), and others.

**Testudines, Crocodylia, Rhynchocephalia:** follows Wermuth & Mertens (1977), except

- (a) *Geoemyda tricarinata* here listed as *Melanochelys tricarinata*, after McDowell (1964).
- (b) *Pseudemys terrapen malonei* is treated as a full species, *P. malonei*, as in Schwartz & Thomas (1975) and Pritchard (1979). The species is assigned to the genus *Pseudemys* rather than *Chrysemys*, following Wermuth & Mertens (1977) and Pritchard (1979); there is considerable debate about the use of these names.
- (c) *Testudo* is broken up into four additional genera (*Acinixys*, *Chersina*, *Geochelone*, *Psammobates*) and *Testudo* is restricted to five Palearctic species, following Loveridge & Williams

(1957) and the majority of subsequent authors.

(d) *Podocnemis dumeriliana* is listed as *Peltocephalus dumeriliana* (apparently a synonym of *Peltocephalus tracaxa*, unpublished work noted in Pritchard (1979) and Rhodin et al) after Rhodin et al (1978).

(e) *Podocnemis madagascariensis* is treated as *Erymnochelys madagascariensis*, after Williams (1954), Smith & James (1958), and Rhodin et al (1978).

The above modifications within Testudines are also all incorporated in Pritchard (1979). (See Bour (1978) and Obst (1980) for different views on the nomenclature of certain of the endemic Malagasy tortoises).

(f) *Crocodylus mindorensis* here treated as a subspecies, *C. novaeguinea mindorensis*, after Wermuth & Fuchs (1978) and several earlier authors.

**Squamata; Gekkonidae and Pygopodidae:** follows Wermuth (1965), except;

(a) *Gymnodactylus serpensinsula* here treated as *Cyrtodactylus serpensinsula*, after Underwood (1954) and subsequent authors.

(b) *Phelsuma agagae* added, described by Cheke (1975).

(c) *Phelsuma dubia comorensis* elevated to a full species. *P. comorensis*, after Mertens (1966a).

(d) *Phelsuma newtoni* changed to *P. edwardnewtoni*, following Vinson & Vinson (1969).

(e) *Phelsuma modesta* added, described by Mertens (1970).

(f) *Rhoptropella ocellata* is treated as a species of *Phelsuma*. *P. ocellata*, after Russel (1977).

(g) *Phelsuma vinsoni* changed to *P. ornata*, see Mertens (1970).

**Squamata; Agamidae:** follows Wermuth (1967).

**Squamata; Chamaeleontidae:** follows Mertens (1966b), except;

(a) *Chamaeleo angeli* added, described by Brygoo & Domergue (1968).

(b) *Chamaeleo antimena* here treated as a full species, after Brygoo & Domergue (1968).

(c) *Chamaeleo balteatus* here treated as a full species, after Brygoo & Domergue (1968).

(d) *Chamaeleo belalandaensis* added, described by Brygoo & Domergue (1970).

(e) *Chamaeleo capuroni* added, described by Brygoo, Blanc, & Domergue (1972).

(f) *Chamaeleo eisentrauti* added, described by Mertens (1968).

(g) *Chamaeleo guentheri* here synonymised with *C. pardalis*, after Brygoo (1969).

(h) *Chamaeleo labordi* treated as a full species, after Brygoo & Domergue (1968).

(i) *Chamaeleo peyrieresi* added, described by Brygoo, Blanc & Domergue (1974).

(j) *Chamaeleo tsaratananensis* added, described by Brygoo & Domergue (1967/1968).

(k) *Chamaeleo tuzetae* added, described by Brygoo, Bourgat & Domergue (1972).

(l) Also see Böhme and Klaver for further recent changes.

**Squamata; Iguanidae:** several sources, notably;

(1) Montanucci, (1970), (*Crotaphytus wislizenii silus* should be regarded as a full species. *C. silus*).

(2) Collins et al, (1978), (*Crotaphytus silus* assigned to *Gambelia*).

(3) Carey, (1975), Schwartz & Thomas, (1975), Schwartz and Carey, (1977), (*Cyclura*).

(4) Peters & Donoso-Barros, (1970), Schwartz & Thomas, (1975), (*Iguana*).

(5) Gibbons, (1981), (new *Brachylophus* sp.).

**Squamata; Lacertidae:** generic assignment after Arnold, (1973).

**Squamata; Cordylidae:** after Wermuth, (1968).

**Squamata; Teiidae:** several sources, notably;

(1) Peters & Donoso Barros, (1970).

(2) Vanzolini & Valencia, (1965), (*Dracaena*).

(3) Presch, (1973), (*Tupinambis*, only two species recognised).

**Squamata; Helodermatidae, Varanidae:** follows Mertens (1963), except;

(a) *Varanus acanthurus primordius* regarded as a full species after Cogger (1975).

(b) *Varanus storri* added, described by Mertens (1966c).

**Squamata; Boidae:** several sources, see notes on p44 and p46

**Squamata; Colubridae:** several sources, notably;

(1) Peters & Orejas-Miranda, (1970), (*Clelia clelia*).

(2) Gans & Williams, (1954), Fleming and Fleming, (1973), 433 (*Elachistodon*).

(3) Dowling & Gibson, (1970); (*Cyclagras gigas* assigned to *Hydrodynastes*).

(4) Rossman & Eberle, (1977); (*Natrix sipedon* and *N. fasciata* assigned to *Nerodia*).

**Squamata; Elapidae, Viperidae:** chiefly after Klemmer, (1963).

# Explanatory Key

For each taxon, there are at least two entries in the four columns down the right-hand side of the page.

CITES: I, II, or III, referring to the CITES Appendix on which the taxon is listed as at June 1981.

RDB: Red Data Book status categories,

E = Endangered

V = Vulnerable

R = Rare

O = Out of danger

Id = Indeterminate (given as "I" in RDB, but modified here to avoid confusion with the CITES "T" entry).

K = Insufficiently Known; suspected of being threatened, but without full data.

Exp: Major exploitation of taxon, where known.

F = Food (may include local and commercial use)

LA = Live animal trade (primarily for the pet trade)

Pr = Preserved specimens

SK = Skins, for the leather trade

TS = Tortoise-shell

When known, a category of secondary importance is given in brackets.

Ref: Entry here is a number referring to an item in part

(A) of the list of References providing incidental or exhaustive information on the survival status of the taxon.

# Class: AMPHIBIA

CITES RDB Exp Ref

## Order: CAUDATA (Urodela), Newts and Salamanders

### Family: CRYPTOBRANCHIDAE

**Andrias davidianus (Megalobatrachus davidianus)** I Id F 43  
Chinese Giant Salamander LA

China

**Andrias japonicus (Megalobatrachus japonicus)** I R F 43  
Japanese Giant Salamander LA  
Japan

### Family: AMBYSTOMATIDAE

**Ambystoma californiense (A. tigrinum californiense)** – V – 4, 43  
California Tiger Salamander  
USA (California)

**Ambystoma dumerilii** II R F 43

Mexico

(RDB entry is for *A.d. dumerilii*, the Lake Patzcuaro Salamander or Achoque from Lake Patzcuaro, Michoacan; the remaining subspecies *A.d. queretarensis*, Michoacan, is not included)

**Ambystoma lermaensis** II R F 43  
Lake Lerma Salamander  
Mexico

**Ambystoma macrodactylum croceum** – E – 1, 4, 14  
Santa Cruz Long-toed Salamander 43, 67, 75  
USA (California)

**Ambystoma mexicanum** II R LA 43  
Axolotl  
Mexico (Lake Xochimilco region)

### Family: SALAMANDRIDAE

**Chioglossa lusitanica** – V – 16, 38, 43  
Gold-striped Salamander  
Portugal, Spain

### Family: PLETHODONTIDAE

**Batrachoseps aridus** – E – 4, 43, 75  
Desert Slender Salamander  
USA (California)

**Batrachoseps simatus** – R – 4, 43, 75  
Kern Canyon Slender Salamander  
USA (California)

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Batrachoseps stebbinsi</b> Tehachapi Slender Salamander USA (California)	-	R		4, 43, 75
<b>Eurycea nana</b> San Marcos Salamander USA (Texas)	-	R	-	4, 43
<b>Hydromantes brunus</b> Limestone Salamander USA (California)	-	R	-	4, 43, 75
<b>Hydromantes shastae</b> Shasta Salamander USA (California)	-	R		4, 43, 75
<b>Phaeognathus hubrichti</b> Red Hills Salamander USA (Alabama)	-	R	-	43
<b>Plethodon larselli</b> Larch Mountain Salamander USA (Oregon, Washington)	-	Id	-	4, 43
<b>Plethodon neomexicanus</b> Jemez Mountains Salamander USA (New Mexico)	-	V	-	4, 43, 73
<b>Plethodon nettingi (P. richmondi nettingi)</b> Cheat Mountain Salamander USA (West Virginia)	-	K	-	-
<b>Typhlomolge rathbuni (Eurycea rathbuni)</b> Texas Blind Salamander USA (Texas)	-	E	-	4, 43, 51
<b>Typhlotriton spelaeus</b> Grotto Salamander USA	-	K	-	-
<b>Family: PROTEIDAE</b>				
<b>Proteus anguinus</b> Olm Yugoslavia (and introduced at Vicenza, Italy)	-	V	LA	38, 43

## Order: ANURA (Salientia) Frogs and Toads

Family: LEIOPELMATIDAE  
(LEIOPELMIDAE; **Leiopelma** is sometimes included in the ASCAPHIDAE)

<b>Leiopelma archeyi</b>	-	R	-	11, 43, 64 106, 107
Archey's Frog, Coromandel Leiopelma New Zealand				
<b>Leiopelma hamiltoni</b>	-	R	-	11, 26, 43, 64 106, 107
Hamilton's Frog, Stephen Island Leiopelma New Zealand				
<b>Leiopelma hochstetteri</b>	-	R	-	11, 43, 64 106, 107
Hochstetter's Frog, North Island Leiopelma New Zealand				

Family: PIPIDAE

<b>Xenopus gilli</b>	-	V	-	43, 47
Cape Platanna, Cape Clawed Toad South Africa (Cape Town region)				

Family: DISCOGLOSSIDAE

<b>Discoglossus nigriventer</b>	-	E	-	43
Israel Painted Frog Israel (Lake Huleh)				

Family: PELOBATIDAE

<b>Pelobates fuscus insubricus</b>	-	E	-	38, 43
Italian Spadefoot Toad Italy (plains of River Po). Switzerland (Ticino, probably extinct)				

Family: LEPTODACTYLIDAE

<b>Batrachophryne macrostomus</b>	-	K	-	-
Lake Junin (Giant) Frog Peru (Lake Junin)				
<b>Eleutherodactylus jasperi</b>	-	R	-	43

Golden Coqui Frog  
Puerto Rico

Family: MYOBATRACHIDAE

(alternatively regarded as a subfamily of LEPTODACTYLIDAE)

<b>Philoria frosti</b>	-	R	-	43
Baw-baw Frog Australia				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Rheobatrachus silus</b> Platypus Frog Australia (Queensland)	-	V	-	43
<b>Family: BUFONIDAE</b>				
<b>Atelopus varius zeteki</b> Golden Frog, Zetek's Golden Frog Panama (Valle de Anton) ( <i>Atelopus</i> is sometimes assigned to a separate family, ATELOPODIDAE)	I	-	LA 50 (Pr)	
<b>Bufo boreas nelsoni</b> Amargosa Toad USA (California, Nevada)	-	Id	-	4, 43
<b>Bufo exsul</b> Black Toad, Deep Springs Toad USA (California) (sometimes treated as a subspecies of <i>B. boreas</i> , <i>B. boreas exsul</i> )	-	V	LA	4, 43, 76
<b>Bufo houstonensis</b> Houston Toad USA (Texas)	-	E	-	4, 8, 43, 79
<b>Bufo periglenes</b> Golden Toad, Orange Toad Costa Rica	I	E	-	43
<b>Bufo retiformis</b> Sonoran Green Toad Mexico (Sonora), USA (Arizona)	II	V	LA	4, 43
<b>Bufo superciliaris</b> Cameroon Toad Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Nigeria, Zaire, probably also in other countries of west and west-central Africa	I	-	LA	-
<b>Nectophrynoides cryptus</b> Viviparous African Toad Tanzania (Uluguru Mts.)	I	-	-	-
<b>Nectophrynoides liberiensis</b> Liberia (Mt. Nimba)	I	-	-	-
<b>Nectophrynoides malcomi</b> Ethiopia	I	-	-	-
<b>Nectophrynoides minutus</b> Tanzania (Uluguru Mts.)	I	-	-	-
<b>Nectophrynoides occidentalis</b> Mt. Nimba Viviparous Toad Guinea (Mt. Nimba), and adjacent parts of Ivory Coast	I	V	-	43

CITES RDB Exp Ref

**Nectophrynoides osgoodi**

I - - -

Ethiopia

**Nectophrynoides tornieri**

I - - -

Tanzania (Magrotto and Usambara Mts.)

**Nectophrynoides viviparus**

I - - -

Tanzania (Kinga, Rungwe, and Uluguru Mts.)

**Family: HYLIDAE**

**Hyla andersoni**

Pine Barrens Tree Frog

USA

(Florida populations noted as Endangered in RDB)

- R LA 4,43,  
49,133

**Pseudacris streckeri illinoensis**

Illinois Chorus Frog

USA

- Id - 4,43

**Family: SOOGLOSSIDAE**

(sometimes treated as a subfamily of  
RANIDAE)

**Nesomantis thomasseti**

Thomasset's Seychelles Frog

Seychelle Is. (Mahe, Silhouette)

- Id - 43

**Sooglossus sechellensis**

Seychelles Frog

Seychelle Is. (Mahe, Silhouette)

- Id - 43

**Sooglossus gardineri**

Gardiner's Seychelles Frog

Seychelle Is. (Mahe, Silhouette)

- Id - 43

**Family: RANIDAE**

**Conraua goliath (Rana goliath, Gigantorana goliath)**

- V F 43  
LA

Goliath Frog

Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea

**Rana onca (inc. Rana pipiens fisheri)**

- E - 4,43

Relict Leopard Frog (inc. Vegas Valley Leopard Frog)

USA (Arizona, Utah, Vegas Valley Leopard Frog restricted to Nevada)

**Family: HYPEROLIIDAE**

(sometimes treated as a subfamily of  
RHACOPHORIDAE)

**Megalixalus seychellensis (M. infrarufus)**

- K - 43

Seychelle Islands Tree Frog

Seychelle Islands (Mahe, Praslin, La Digue, Silhouette)

# Class: REPTILIA

CITES RDB Exp Ref

**Order: TESTUDINES,  
Tortoises, Turtles  
Suborder: CRYPTODIRA**

Family: KINOSTERNIDAE

***Kinosternon augustinus***

Narrow-bridged Mud Turtle  
Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Panama

- R - 152

***Kinosternon creaseri***

Creaser's Mud Turtle  
Mexico

- R - 152

***Kinosternon dunni***

Dunn's Mud Turtle  
Columbia

- R - 152

***Sternotherus minor depressus***

Flattened Musk Turtle  
USA

- Id - 152

Family: DERMATEMYDIDAE

***Dermatemys mawii***

Central American River Turtle  
Belize, Guatemala, Mexico

II V F 9, 152

Family: EMYDIDAE

***Batagur baska***

Common Batagur, River Terrapin, Tuntong  
Bangladesh, Burma, India, Indonesia, Kampuchea  
Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam?

I E F 54,136

***Callagur borneoensis***

Painted Terrapin  
Indonesia (Kalimantan, Sumatra), Malaysia, Thailand

V F 152

***Clemmys muhlenbergii***

Bog Turtle, Muhlenberg's Turtle  
USA

II Id (LA) 2,4,25,31,  
113,152

***Geoclemys hamiltonii (Damonia hamiltonii)***

Black Pond Turtle, Spotted Pond Turtle  
Bangladesh, India, Pakistan

I - LA -

***Heosemys sylvatica***

Kavalai Forest Turtle  
India (Kerala)

Id - 152

***Kachuga tecta tecta***

Indian Sawback or Tent Turtle, Roofed or Dura Turtle  
Bangladesh, India, Pakistan

I - - - -

***Melanochelys tricarinata (Geoemyda tricarinata,  
Nicoria tricarinata)***

Three-keeled Land Tortoise  
Bangladesh, India

I -- - - -

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Morenia ocellata</b> Burmese Swamp Turtle Burma	I	-	-	
<b>Pseudemys alabamensis</b> Alabama Red-bellied Turtle USA	-	Id	-	152
<b>Pseudemys felis</b> Cat Island Turtle Bahamas (Cat Island)		R	-	152
<b>Pseudemys malonei (Pseudemys terrapen malonei, Chrysemys malonei)</b> Inagua Island Turtle Bahamas (Great Inagua Island)	-	R	-	152
<b>Pseudemys rubriventris bangsi</b> Plymouth Red-bellied Turtle USA	-	R	-	152
<b>Pseudemys scripta callirostris (Pseudemys ornata callirostris, Chrysemys ornata callirostris)</b> South American Red-lined Turtle Colombia, Venezuela	2	V	F LA	152
<b>Rhinoclemmys areolata</b> Furrowed Wood Turtle Belize, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico	-	K	-	152
<b>Rhinoclemmys rubida</b> Mexican Spotted Wood Turtle Mexico	-	K	-	152
<b>Terrapene coahuila</b> Aquatic or Water Box Turtle Mexico (Coahuila)	I	V	LA	9,152
<b>Family: TESTUDINIDAE</b>				
<b>Chersina angulata (Testudo angulata)</b> Angulated or Bowsprit Tortoise Namibia, South Africa	II	-	LA	-
<b>Geochelone carbonaria (Testudo carbonaria)</b> Red-foot Tortoise Brazil, Colombia, French Guiana, Guyana, Lesser Antilles, (several islands, probably introduced), Panama, Paraguay, Surinam, Trinidad, Venezuela	II	K	F LA	152
<b>Geochelone chilensis (inc. G.donosobarrosi and G.petersi; Testudo chilensis)</b> Argentine Tortoise, Chaco Tortoise Argentina, Paraguay, probably Bolivia	II	K	F LA	34,104, 152
<b>Geochelone denticulata (Testudo denticulata)</b> Yellow-foot Tortoise, Jaboti, Forest Tortoise, Brazilian Giant Tortoise, Hercules Tortoise Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru, Surinam, Trinidad, Venezuela, possible Paraguay	II	-	F LA	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Geochelone elegans (Testudo elegans)</b> Indian Starred or Star Tortoise India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka	II	-	LA	-
<b>Geochelone elephantopus (Testudo elephantopus)</b> Galapagos Giant Tortoise Galapagos Islands (Ecuador)	I	E	-	43,114 152
<b>Geochelone elongata (Testudo elongata)</b> Yellow Tortoise Bangladesh, Burma, China, India, Kampuchea, Laos, Malaysia, Nepal, Thailand, Vietnam	II	-	F LA	-
<b>Geochelone emys (Testudo emys)</b> Burmese Brown Tortoise Burma, India, (Assam), Indonesia, Kampuchea, Laos?, Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam?	II	K	F	54,152
<b>Geochelone forstenii (Testudo forstenii)</b> Sulawesi (Celebes) Tortoise Indonesia (Halmahera, Sulawesi)	II	R	-	152
<b>Geochelone gigantea (Testudo gigantea)</b> Aldabra Giant Tortoise Aldabra, Seychelle Islands (introduced)	II	R	-	141,152
<b>Geochelone impressa (Testudo impressa)</b> Impressed Tortoise Burma, China, Malaysia (peninsula), Thailand, Vietnam, probably also Kampuchea and Laos	II	K	-	48,152
<b>Geochelone pardalis (Testudo pardalis)</b> Leopard Tortoise, Mountain Tortoise Angola, Botswana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe	II	-	(F)	-
<b>Geochelone platynota (Testudo platynota)</b> Burmese Starred Tortoise Burma	II	K	-	152
<b>Geochelone radiata (Testudo radiata, Astrochelys radiata)</b> Radiated Tortoise Madagascar	I	V	F LA	46,152
<b>Geochelone sulcata (Testudo sulcata)</b> Spurred or Grooved Tortoise Chad, Ethiopia, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sudan, probably also Cameroon, Central African Republic, Djibouti, Upper Volta	II	-	LA (F)	-
<b>Geochelone travancorica (Testudo travancorica)</b> Travancore Tortoise India	II	K	LA F	152
<b>Geochelone yniphora (Testudo yniphora, Astrochelys yniphora)</b> Madagascar Tortoise, Angonoka Madagascar	I	E	F LA	45,152

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Gopherus agassizii (G. polyphemus agassizii)</b> Desert Tortoise, Western Gopher Tortoise Mexico, USA	II	V	LA	4,15,29 75,144, 152
<b>Gopherus berlandieri (G. polyphemus berlandieri)</b> Texas Gopher Tortoise, Berlandier's Tortoise Mexico, USA (Texas)	II	Id	F LA	152
<b>Gopherus flavomarginatus (G. polyphemus flavomarginatus)</b> Bolson Tortoise, Mexican Giant Gopher Tortoise Mexico	I	E	LA F	101,144, 152
<b>Gopherus polyphemus</b> Florida Gopher Tortoise USA	II	V	LA	4,32,133, 152
<b>Homopus areolatus</b> Parrot-beaked or Areolated Tortoise South Africa	II	-	LA	
<b>Homopus boulengeri</b> Boulengers Tortoise Namibia, South Africa	II	-	-	-
<b>Homopus femoralis</b> Karroo Tortoise South Africa	II		-	-
<b>Homopus signatus</b> Speckled Tortoise Namibia, South Africa	II		-	-
<b>Kinixys belliana</b> Bell's Hinged Tortoise Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi?, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo, Djibouti, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast?, Kenya, Lesotho?, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe, (introduced on Madagascar)	II	-	F LA	-
<b>Kinixys erosa</b> Schweigger's, Common, or Forest Hinged Tortoise Angola, Benin, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zaire, (introduced on Madagascar)	II	-	F LA	-
<b>Kinixys homeana</b> Home's Hinged Tortoise Benin, Cameroon, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Nigeria, Togo, Zaire	II	-	F LA	-
<b>Malacochersus tornieri</b> Pancake Tortoise Kenya, Tanzania	II	K	LA	43,152

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Psammobates geometricus (Testudo geometrica)</b> Geometric Tortoise South Africa	I	V	LA	43,47,63 152
<b>Psammobates oculifer (Testudo oculifera)</b> Serrated Tortoise, Toothed Cape Tortoise, Kuhl's Tortoise Botswana, Namibia, South Africa	II	-	LA	-
<b>Psammobates tentorius (Testudo tentoria)</b> Tent Tortoise Namibia, South Africa	II	-	LA	-
<b>Pyxis arachnoides</b> Spider Tortoise Madagascar	II	Id	LA	43,152
<b>Pyxis planicauda (Testudo planicauda, Acinixys planicauda)</b> Madagascar Flat-shelled Tortoise Madagascar	II	Id	-	152
<b>Testudo graeca</b> Spur-thighed, Common, or Greek Tortoise Albania, Algeria, Bulgaria, Egypt, Greece, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Italy (including Sardinia and Sicily, probably introduced), Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Malta, Morocco, Romania, Spain (inc. Balearic Islands), Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, USSR, Yugoslavia, (introduced in southern France) (1. RDB entry is for <i>T.graea graeca</i> ) from Algeria, Libya, Morocco, Spain, Tunisia, and introduced in France 2. Populations in eastern Iran are occasionally treated as a full species, <i>T.zarudnyi</i> )	II	V	LA	13,38, 43,81, 131
<b>Testudo hermanni</b> Hermann's Tortoise, Greek Tortoise Albania, Bulgaria, France (inc. Corsica), Greece, Italy (inc. Sardinia, Sicily), Romania, Spain (Balearic Islands, also reported from mainland), Turkey, Yugoslavia	II	V	LA	13,38 152
<b>Testudo horsfieldii (Agrionemys horsfieldii)</b> Horsfield's Tortoise, Afghan Tortoise Afghanistan, China, Iran, Pakistan, USSR	II	-	LA	13,56
<b>Testudo kleinmanni</b> Egyptian Tortoise Egypt, Israel, Libya	II	Id	-	152
<b>Testudo marginata</b> Margined Tortoise Greece, Italy (Sardinia, introduced, possibly mainland also)	II	-	LA	13,38

## Family: CHELONIIDAE

(Because of the wide and somewhat unpredictable distribution of sea turtles away from the nesting beaches, it is impractical to list those countries in whose territorial waters individual sea turtles may be expected to occur. This applies to members of the CHELONIIDAE and DERMOCHELYDIDAE.)

### **Caretta caretta**

Loggerhead Turtle

Nesting recorded on beaches of tropical, subtropical, and temperate seas (Atlantic, Indian, Mediterranean, Pacific), wandering individuals recorded in temperate and arctic waters (to 70°N at Murmansk, USSR, and to 35°S at Rio de la Plata, Argentina)

I	V	F	
			4,6,25,38
			40,41,43,
			54,68,69,
			103,123,
			126,133,
			139,152

### **Chelonia depressa**

Flatback Turtle

Nests in north and north east Australia, not recorded outside adjacent waters

I	-	-	41,43,130,
			152

### **Chelonia mydas**

Green Turtle

Nesting recorded on beaches of tropical and subtropical seas (Atlantic, Indian, Mediterranean, Pacific), wandering individuals recorded in temperate waters (to ca. 52°N in English Channel, and to 43°S in Chile). Major breeding and feeding areas within 20°N to 20°S.  
Breeding populations in East Pacific sometimes regarded as a full species *Chelonia agassizii*.

I	E	F	
		(SK)	4,6,18,25,
			33,37,38,
			40,41,43,
			54,62,65,
			68,69,88,
			99,114,
			117,120,
			124,130,
			133,139,
			146,152

### **Eretmochelys imbricata**

Hawksbill Turtle

Nesting recorded at scattered localities on beaches of tropical and subtropical seas, usually between 25°N and 25°S (Atlantic, Indian, Pacific, rarely or formerly in Mediterranean), wandering individuals occasionally recorded in temperate regions.

I	E	F	
		TS	4,6,22,25
		(SK)	30,33,38,
			39,40,41,
			43,54,62,
			68,69,120,
			128,130,
			133,139,
			146,152

### **Lepidochelys kempii**

Kemp's Ridley, Atlantic Ridley

Single major nesting site is in Mexico (Rancho Nuevo, on Gulf coast of State of Tamaulipas), occurs most frequently in Gulf of Mexico, wandering individuals recorded in Atlantic waters (to 58°N in Scotland), and very occasionally in Mediterranean

I	E	F	
		(SK)	120,128,
			130,133,
			139,146,
			4,6,23,25,
			38,41,43,
			69,91,133,
			152

### **Lepidochelys olivacea**

Olive Ridley, Pacific Ridley

Nesting recorded on beaches of tropical and subtropical seas (Atlantic, Indian, Pacific), most sites between 30°N and 20°S occasionally recorded in the Caribbean region although does not appear to breed there

I	E	F	
		(SK)	6,40,41,
			43,55,62,
			65,68,90,
			91,121,
			130,139,
			146,152

CITES RDB Exp Ref

## Family: DERMOCHELYDIDAE (DERMOCHELYIDAE)

(see note under Family: CHELONIIDAE, p21)

### **Dermochelys coriacea**

Leatherback, Leathery Turtle, Luth

Nesting recorded on beaches of tropical and subtropical seas (Atlantic, Indian, Mediterranean, Pacific), most sites between 30°N and 20°S, wandering individuals recorded in temperate waters (north to Iceland and Norway)

I	E	F	4,6,25,38, 40,41,43, 54,57,62, 68,69,70, 87,116, 121,122, 130,132, 133,146, 152
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## Family: CARETTOCHELYIDAE

### **Carettochelys insculpta**

New Guinea Plateless Turtle

Australia (Northern Territory), Indonesia (Irian Jaya), Papua New Guinea

-	K	F	152
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## Family: TRIONYCHIDAE

### **Lissemys punctata andersoni (L.p.punctata)**

Indian Flap-shell Turtle

Bangladesh, Burma (Akyab), India, Nepal, Pakistan

I	-	F	-
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### **Trionyx ater**

Cuatro Cienegas or Black Soft-shell Turtle

Mexico

I	-	-	-
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### **Trionyx gangeticus**

Indian or Ganges Soft-shell Turtle

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan

I	-	F	-
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### **Trionyx hurum**

Peacock-marked Soft-shell Turtle

Bangladesh, India

I	-	F	-
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### **Trionyx nigricans**

Dark Soft-shell Turtle

Bangladesh

I	R	-	152
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### **Trionyx triunguis**

Nile Soft-shell Turtle

Angola (inc. Cabinda, and south to Cunene River on Angola-Namibia border), Cameroon, Chad, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea Bissau, Israel, Kenya, Liberia, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Togo, Turkey (south), Uganda, Zaire, probably also Benin, Central African Republic, Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Mali, and Upper Volta

III	-	-	-
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(Ghana)

**Suborder: PLEURODIRA,  
Side-necked Turtles**

**Family: PELOMEDUSIDAE**

**Erymnochelys madagascariensis (*Podocnemis madagascariensis*)**

II? Id - 152

**Madagascar**

(Until recently (see note on p8), a majority of taxonomists have assigned this species, and *Peltocephalus dumeriliana*, to the genus *Podocnemis*. All species of *Podocnemis* are listed on CITES Appendix II. It is here assumed, pending discussion of the matter that the intention was to include these two species also, regardless of a change in generic assignment)

***Pelomedusa subrufa***

**Helmeted Turtle**

III - - - -

(Ghana)

Angola, Benin, Botswana, Cameroon, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Saudi Arabia (southwest), Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, North Yemen, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe, probably also Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea Bassau, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Niger, Upper Volta

***Peltocephalus dumeriliana* (*Peltocephalus tracaxa*,  
new name; *Podocnemis dumeriliana*)**

II? - F 53,136

Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador? French Guiana? Peru, Venezuela  
(see note under *Erymnochelys madagascariensis*, above)

***Pelusios* spp.**

Ghana has proposed that all species of *Pelusios* found in Ghana be placed on Appendix III, the following four species, of the eight currently recognised by Wermuth & Mertens (1977), may be expected to occur in Ghana. The systematics of this genus is subject to some dispute

***Pelusios adansonii***

**White-breasted Side-necked Turtle, Adanson's Turtle**

III - - - -

(Ghana)

Angola, Chad, Congo, Gambia, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Sudan, Zaire, possibly Ghana; Cape Verde Is?

***Pelusios castaneus* (formerly inc. *P. subniger*)**

III - - - -

(Ghana)

Angola, Burundi, Congo, Gambia, Guinea, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Rhodesia, Rwanda, Senegal, Seychelle Islands, Sierra Leone, Tanzania, Zaire, Zambia, possibly Ghana

***Pelusios gabonensis***

**Stripe-backed Side-necked Turtle, Gaboon Turtle**

III - - - -

(Ghana)

***Pelusios niger***

**Black Side-necked Turtle**

III - - - -

(Ghana)

West Africa (from Liberia east, inc. Ghana, to Gabon)

***Podocnemis erythrocephala* (*Podocnemis cayennensis*)**

II K F 52,53

135,152

Irapuca, Red-headed Amazon Turtle

Brazil, Venezuela, perhaps Colombia

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b><i>Podocnemis expansa</i></b>	II	E	F (LA)	43,53 74,92 135,143, 152
Arrau, South American River Turtle				
Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador?, Guyana, Peru, Venezuela, perhaps French Guiana and Surinam				
<b><i>Podocnemis lewyana</i></b>	II	Id	F (LA)	53,135 152
Magdalena River Turtle				
Colombia				
<b><i>Podocnemis sextuberculata</i></b>	II	K	F	53,135 143,152
Brazil, Colombia, Peru				
<b><i>Podocnemis unifilis</i></b>	II	V	F (LA)	92,119 135,143 152
Terecay, Tracajá, Yellow-spotted Amazon Turtle				
Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru, Surinam, Venezuela				
<b><i>Podocnemis vogli</i></b>	II	-	F	53,135
Colombia, Venezuela				
Family: CHELIDAE				
<b><i>Phrynops dahli</i></b>	-	Id	-	152
Dahl's Toad-headed Turtle				
Colombia (Bolivar)				
<b><i>Phrynops hogei</i></b>	-	Id	-	152
Hoge's Sideneck Turtle				
Brazil				
<b><i>Phrynops rufipes</i></b>	-	K		152
Red-headed Sideneck Turtle				
Brazil, Colombia				
<b><i>Platemys pallidpectoris</i></b>	R	L		152
Chaco Sideneck Turtle				
Argentina, Bolivia?, Paraguay				
<b><i>Platemys spixii</i></b>	-	K	-	152
Spix's Sideneck Turtle				
Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay				
<b><i>Pseudemydura umbrina</i></b>	I	E	-	43,57 89,105, 130,138
Short-necked or Western Swamp Turtle				
Australia (Bullsbrook)				

**Order: CROCODYLIA**

For the many and variable trade names of Crocodylia, see King & Brazaits, 1971, and Wermuth & Fuchs, 1978, (See Reference list C.p61)

**Family: ALLIGATORIDAE*****Alligator mississippiensis***

American Alligator  
USA

II - (LA) 4,43,44  
(SK) 60,100,  
133,152

***Alligator sinensis***

Chinese Alligator  
China

I E F 42,43,102,  
SK 152

***Caiman crocodilus sub-spp.******Caiman crocodilus apaporiensis*  
(*C.sclerops apaporiensis*)**

Rio Apaporis (Spectacled) Caiman  
Colombia

I Id SK 42,43,152

***Caiman crocodilus (C.sclerops)***

3 to 5 remaining subspecies  
Spectacled Caiman

II Id/V SK 42,43  
(LA) 152,153

Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Surinam, Trinidad & Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela (***C.c.yacare***, the Jacaré, from Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay, is sometimes treated as a full species)

(In Part 1 of the new Amphibia-Reptilia RDB (ref. 152) the three widely recognised subspecies are categorised as follows. ***C.C. crocodilus 'V'***; ***C.c. fuscus 'V'*** and ***C.c. yacare 'Id'***.)

***Caiman latirostris***

Broad-nosed Caiman  
Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay

I E SK 42,43,152  
(LA)

***Melanosuchus niger***

Black Caiman  
Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru

I E SK 42,43,152  
(LA)

***Paleosuchus palpebrosus***

Dwarf Caiman, Cuvier's Smooth-fronted Caiman  
Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru.  
Surinam, Venezuela

II - (SK) 42,43,152

***Paleosuchus trigonatus***

Schneider's Smooth-fronted Caiman  
Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru,  
Surinam, Venezuela

II - (SK) 42,43,152

CITES RDB Exp Ref

## Family: CROCODYLIIDAE

### ***Crocodylus acutus***

American Crocodile

Belize, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Greater Antilles (Cuba, Dominican Republic, Haiti, Jamaica), Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, El Salvador, USA (Florida), Venezuela

I E SK 4,42,43,  
60,133,  
137,145,  
152

### ***Crocodylus cataphractus***

African Sharp-nosed or Slender-snouted Crocodile

Angola (Cabinda), Benin, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau?, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Tanzania (Ujiji), Togo, Upper Volta, Zaire, Zambia

I Id SK 42,43  
(F) 93,152

### ***Crocodylus intermedius***

Orinoco Crocodile

Colombia, Venezuela, (and single record from Grenada)

I E SK 42,43,  
134,152

### ***Crocodylus johnsoni (C.johnstonii)***

Australian Fresh-water Crocodile, Johnson's Crocodile

Australia

II V SK 42,43,130,  
147,152

### ***Crocodylus moreletii***

Morelet's Crocodile

Belize, Guatemala, Mexico

I E SK 42,43,60,  
61,80,94,  
127,152

### ***Crocodylus niloticus***

Nile Crocodile

Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

I V SK (F) 42,43,47,  
86,93,109,  
152

### ***Crocodylus novaeguineae sub-spp.***

#### ***C.n.mindorensis***

Mindoro or Philippines Crocodile

Philippine Islands

(sometimes treated as a full species, *C. mindorensis*, as in RDB)

I E SK 42,43,152

#### ***C.n.novaeguineae***

New Guinea Crocodile

Indonesia (Aru Islands, West Irian), Papua New Guinea

II V SK 42,43,  
112,152

### ***Crocodylus palustris***

Mugger, Marsh Crocodile, Broad-snouted Crocodile

Bangladesh, India, Iran (Sarbaz River), Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, (Burma?)

I V SK 42,43,44,  
85,96,149,  
150,152

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b><i>Crocodylus porosus</i></b>	I II	E (Papua New Guinea)	SK	42,43,44, 85,98,130, 147,149, 152
Estuarine or Salt-water Crocodile				
Australia, Bangladesh, Brunei, Burma, India (inc. Andaman Islands), Indonesia, Kampuchea, Malaysia, Palau Islands, Papua New Guinea, Philippine Islands, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Vanuatu, Vietnam, also records of wandering individuals from the Cocos-Keeling Islands and Fiji Islands. Extinct in Singapore				
<b><i>Crocodylus rhombifer</i></b>	I	E	SK	42,43,60, 145,152
Cuban Crocodile				
Cuba (inc. Isla de Pinos)				
<b><i>Crocodylus siamensis</i></b>	I	E	SK	42,43,98, 152
Siamese Crocodile				
Indonesia (Borneo, Java), Kampuchea, Laos, Malaysia (peninsula), Thailand, Vietnam				
<b><i>Osteolaemus tetraspis</i></b>	I	Id (F)	SK	42,43,93, 152
West African Dwarf Crocodile				
Angola (Cabinda), Benin, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zaire (the Zaire population is sometimes treated as a full species, <i>O. osborni</i> )				
<b><i>Tomistoma schlegelii</i></b>	I	E	SK	42,43,152
False Gharial, False Gavial				
Indonesia (Borneo, Sumatra), Malaysia (peninsula, Sarawak), Thailand (possibly extinct)				
<b>Family: GAVIALIDAE</b>				
<b><i>Gavialis gangeticus</i></b>	I	E	K	3,42,43, 65,71,84, 142,149, 152
Gharial, Gavial				
Bangladesh, Bhutan (probably extinct), India, Nepal, Pakistan				

## Order: RHYNCHOCEPHALIA

### Family: SPHENODONTIDAE

<b><i>Sphenodon punctatus</i></b>	I	R	-	27,43, 125, 152
Tuatara				
New Zealand				

**Order: SQUAMATA,  
Lizards, Snakes, Amphisbaenians  
Suborder: SAURIA, Lizards**

**Family: GEKKONIDAE**

**Cyrtodactylus serpensinsula**

(*Gymnodactylus serpensinsula*)

Serpent Island Gecko

Round Island, Serpent Island, (Mauritius)

II R - 12,43,  
76,77,  
83

**Oedura reticulata**

Reticulated Velvet Gecko

Australia

- V - 43,130

**Phelsuma spp.**

Genus *Phelsuma*: Day Geckos, certain species may appear in the Live Animal trade. The systematics of this genus is subject to some dispute.

**Phelsuma abbotti**

Abbott's Day Gecko

Aldabra, Amirante Islands, Assumption, Cosmoledo Island, Madagascar, Seychelle Islands

(*P.a. longinsulae* and *P.a. pulchra* from the Seychelles are sometimes regarded as a separate species, *P.longinsulae*)

II - - -

**Phelsuma agalegae**

Agalega Island (Mauritius)

II - - 24

**Phelsuma andamanensis**

Andaman Day Gecko

Andaman Islands (India)

II - - -

**Phelsuma astriata**

Astove Island, Seychelle Islands

II - - -

**Phelsuma barbouri**

Madagascar

II - - -

**Phelsuma bimaculata**

Madagascar

II - - -

(sometimes treated as a subspecies of *P.quadriocellata*)

**Phelsuma breviceps**

Madagascar

II - - -

(sometimes treated as a subspecies of *P. mutabilis*)

**Phelsuma cepediana**

Mauritius Greater Day Gecko

II - - 77

Mauritius, Reunion

(it has been suggested that *P.c. borbonica* from Reunion should be regarded as a full species)

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Phelsuma comorensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Comoro Islands (sometimes treated as a subspecies of <i>P. dubia</i> )				
<b>Phelsuma dubia</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar, Tanzania (inc. Zanzibar)				
<b>Phelsuma edwardnewtonii (P. newtoni)</b>	II	E	-	43,82
Rodriguez Day Gecko				
Rodriguez Island (Mauritius)				
(has been reported extinct, see Ref. 82)				
<b>Phelsuma flavigularis</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma guentheri</b>	II	R	-	12,43, 76,77 78,83
Round Island Day Gecko				
Round Island (Mauritius)				
<b>Phelsuma guimbeau</b>	II	-	-	78,82
Mauritius				
<b>Phelsuma guttata</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma laticauda</b>	II	-	-	-
Gold-dust Day Gecko				
Comoro Islands, Farquhar Island (Seychelles)?, Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma lineata</b>	II	-	-	-
Side-striped Day Gecko				
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma madagascariensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar Day Gecko				
Madagascar, Seychelle Islands				
( <i>P.m. sundbergi</i> from the Seychelles is frequently regarded as a full species)				
<b>Phelsuma modesta</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma mutabilis</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma ocellata (Rhoptropella ocellata)</b>	II	-	-	47
Namibia, South Africa				
<b>Phelsuma ornata (P. vinsoni)</b>	II	-	-	12, 76 77, 83
Mauritius (inc. Round Island), Reunion				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Phelsuma parkeri</b>	II	-	-	-
Pemba Island (Tanzania) (sometimes treated as a subspecies of <i>P. abbotti</i> )				
<b>Phelsuma quadriocellata</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma serraticauda</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar (sometimes treated as a subspecies of <i>P. flavigularis</i> )				
<b>Phelsuma standingi</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma trilineata</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Phelsuma v-nigra</b>	II	-	-	-
Comoro Islands (sometimes treated as a subspecies of <i>P. abbotti</i> )				
Family: PYGOPODIDAE				
<b>Paradelma orientalis</b>	II	-	-	-
Queensland Snake-lizard Australia				
Family: XANTUSIIDAE				
<b>Xantusia riversiana (Klauberina riversiana)</b>	-	R	-	43,
Island Night Lizard USA (California)				
Family: AGAMIDAE				
<b>Hydrosaurus pustulatus</b>	-	V	F	43
Sail-fin Lizard, Soa-Soa Water Lizard, (Crested Lizard) Philippine Islands			SK	
<b>Uromastyx spp.</b>				
Species of <i>Uromastyx</i> are widely termed Spiny-tailed Lizards, Palm Lizards, or Mastigures				
<b>Uromastyx acanthinurus</b>	II	-	LA	-
Black Spiny-tailed Lizard Algeria, Chad, Egypt, Libya, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Senegal, Sudan, Tunisia, Western Sahara ( <i>U.a. geyri</i> from the mountains of southern Algeria and northern Niger is frequently treated as a full species)			(SK)	

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b><i>Uromastyx aegyptius</i></b> Egyptian Spiny-tailed Lizard Egypt, Iraq, Israel, Saudi Arabia, probably Jordan	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Uromastyx asmussi</i></b> (Horn Lizard) Afghanistan, Iran, Pakistan	II	-	SK	-
<b><i>Uromastyx benti</i></b> South Yemen	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Uromastyx hardwickii</i></b> Hardwick's Spiny-tailed Lizard Afghanistan, India, Pakistan	II	F	7,72	
<b><i>Uromastyx loricatus</i></b> Iran, Iraq		SK	LA	
<b><i>Uromastyx macfadyeni</i></b> Ethiopia, Somalia	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Uromastyx microlepis</i></b> (Horn Lizard Small-grain) Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Saudi Arabia, South Yemen, United Arab Emirates, probably also Qatar and North Yemen	II	-	F SK	-
<b><i>Uromastyx ocellatus</i></b> Egypt, Sudan	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Uromastyx ornatus</i></b> Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Syria	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Uromastyx philbyi</i></b> Saudi Arabia	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Uromastyx princeps</i></b> Ethiopia, Somalia	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Uromastyx thomasi</i></b> Oman	II	-	-	-
Family: CHAMELEONIDAE				
<b><i>Chamaeleo adolfifriederici</i></b> Rwanda, Uganda, Zaire	II	-	-	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Chamaeleo affinis</b>	II	-	-	-
Ethiopia, Somalia, probably Djibouti				
<b>Chamaeleo africanus</b>	II	-	-	-
African Chameleon				
Cameroon, Chad, Egypt, Ethiopia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Somalia, Sudan, probably Djibouti and Upper Volta				
<b>Chamaeleo anchietae</b>	II	-	-	-
Angola, Tanzania, Zaire				
<b>Chamaeleo angeli</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo antimena</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar (formerly inc. in <i>C. rhinoceratus</i> )				
<b>Chamaeleo balteatus</b>	II	-	-	-
Two-banded Chameleon				
Madagascar				
(sometimes treated as a subspecies of <b>C.bifidus</b> )				
<b>Chamaeleo belalandaensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo bifidus</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo bitaeniatus*</b>	II	-	-	-
Burundi, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Somalia, Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, Zaire				
<b>Chamaeleo boettgeri</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo brevicornis</b>	II	-	-	-
Short-horned Chameleon				
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo calyptratus</b>	II	-	-	-
South Yemen, North Yemen				
<b>Chamaeleo campani</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				

\*Recently (Böhme and Klaver) three taxa formerly treated as subspecies of **C.bitaeniatus** have been elevated to species rank: **C.elliotti**, **C.hoehnelii** and **C.kinetensis**

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Chamaeleo capuroni</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo carpenteri</b>	II	-	-	-
Uganda, Zaire				
<b>Chamaeleo cephalolepis</b>	II	-	-	-
Comoro Islands				
<b>Chamaeleo chamaeleon</b>	II	-	LA	38,110
Common or Mediterranean Chameleon				
Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Gibraltar?, Greece (Crete only), India, Israel, Italy (Sicily only), Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Pakistan, Portugal, Saudi Arabia, South Yemen, Spain (inc. Canary Islands), Sri Lanka, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, North Yemen				
(populations in India, Pakistan and Sri Lanka are sometimes treated as a full species, <b>C.zeylanicus</b> , and Arabian populations as <b>C.arabicus</b> )				
<b>Chamaeleo chapini</b>	II	-	-	-
Zaire				
<b>Chamaeleo cristatus</b>	II	-	-	-
Crested Chameleon				
Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Nigeria				
<b>Chamaeleo cucullatus</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo deremensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Tanzania (Usambara Mts)				
<b>Chamaeleo dilepis</b>	II	-	-	-
Flap-necked Chameleon				
Angola, Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Kenya, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Rwanda, Somalia, South Africa, Tanzania, (inc. Pemba Island and Zanzibar), Uganda, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe				
<b>Chamaeleo eisentrauti</b>	II	-	-	-
Cameroon				
<b>Chamaeleo fallax</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo fischeri</b>	II	-	-	-
Fischer's Chameleon				
Kenya, Tanzania				
<b>Chamaeleo fuelleborni</b>	II	-	-	-
Tanzania				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Chamaeleo furcifer</b> Forked Chameleon Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo gallus</b> Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo gastrotaenia</b> Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo globifer</b> Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo goetzei</b> Malawi, Tanzania, Zambia	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo gracilis</b> Graceful Chameleon Angola, Benin, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Ethiopia, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Liberia, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zaire, probably Djibouti	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo guibei</b> Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo hoehnelii</b> Kenya, Uganda	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo incornutus</b> Tanzania	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo jacksonii</b> Jackson's Three-horned Chameleon Kenya, Tanzania	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo johnstoni</b> Burundi, Central African Republic, Rwanda, Uganda, Zaire	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo labordi</b> Madagascar (sometimes treated as a subspecies of <i>C. rhinoceratus</i> )	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo lateralis</b> Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo laterispinis</b> Tanzania	II	-	-	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Chamaeleo linotus</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo malthe</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo marshalli</b>	II	-	-	-
Short-tailed Dwarf Chameleon				
Mozambique, Zimbabwe				
(alternatively regarded as a member of the Dwarf Chameleon genus <i>Rhampholeon</i> )				
<b>Chamaeleo melleri</b>	II	-	-	-
Meller's Chameleon				
Malawi, Tanzania				
<b>Chamaeleo minor</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo mlanjensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Malawi				
<b>Chamaeleo monachus</b>	II	-	-	-
Socotra Chameleon				
Socotra (South Yemen)				
<b>Chamaeleo monoceras</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo montium</b> (inc. <i>C. feae</i> )	II	-	-	-
Mountain Chameleon				
Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Nigeria				
<b>Chamaeleo namaquensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Desert Chameleon				
Angola, Namibia, South Africa				
<b>Chamaeleo nasutus</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo oshaughnessyi</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo oustaleti</b>	II	-	-	-
Oustalet's Giant Chameleon				
Madagascar, (and introduced in Ngong Forest near Nairobi, Kenya)				
<b>Chamaeleo oweni</b>	II	-	-	-
Owen's Three-horned Chameleon				
Cameroon, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Nigeria, Zaire				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Chamaeleo pardalis</b> (inc. <i>C. guentheri</i> )	II	-	-	82
Panther Chameleon				
Madagascar, (introduced on Reunion)				
<b>Chamaeleo parsonii</b>	II	-	-	-
Parson's Giant Chameleon				
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo peyrieresi</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo pfefferi</b>	II	-	-	-
Cameroon				
<b>Chamaeleo polleni</b>	II	-	-	-
Comoro Islands				
<b>Chamaeleo pumilis</b>	II	-	-	-
Variegated Dwarf Chameleon				
Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa				
<b>Chamaeleo quadricornis</b>	II	-	-	-
Four-horned Chameleon				
Cameroon, Nigeria				
<b>Chamaeleo quilensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Angola, Benin, Botswana, Cameroon, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Kenya, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, South Africa, Tanzania (including Pemba and Zanzibar), Togo, Uganda, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe				
<b>Chamaeleo rhinoceratus</b>	II	-	-	-
Madagascar				
<b>Chamaeleo rufus*</b>	II	-	-	-
Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda				
<b>Chamaeleo senegalensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Senegal Chameleon				
Benin, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Ethiopia, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Liberia, Mali, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zaire, Zambia				
<b>Chamaeleo spinosus</b>	II	-	-	-
Spiny Chameleon				
Tanzania				
<b>Chamaeleo tempeli</b>	II	-	-	-
Tanzania				

\*Recently (Böhme and Klaver) two taxa formerly treated as subspecies of *C.rufus* have been elevated to species rank: *C.schoutedeni* and *C.schubotzi*.

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Chamaeleo tenuis</b> Slender Chameleon Tanzania	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo tigris</b>  Seychelle Islands	II	-	-	
<b>Chamaeleo tsaratananensis</b>  Madagascar	II	-		
<b>Chamaeleo tuzetae</b>  Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo verrucosus</b>  Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo wernerii</b>  Tanzania	II	-		
<b>Chamaeleo wiedersheimi</b>  Cameroon, Nigeria	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo willsii</b>  Madagascar	II	-	-	-
<b>Chamaeleo xenorhinus</b>  Uganda, Zaire	II	-	-	-
Family: IGUANIDAE				
<b>Amblyrhynchus cristatus</b> Galapagos Marine Iguana Galapagos Islands (Ecuador)	II	R	-	43
<b>Anolis roosevelti</b> Giant Anole, Culebra Giant Anole Isla Culebra (Puerto Rico) (possibly extinct)	-	E	-	43
<b>Brachylophus fasciatus</b> Fiji Banded Iguana Fiji Islands, Tonga Islands	I	E		17,43, 115
<b>Brachylophus vitiensis</b> Fiji Crested Iguana Fiji Islands (Yaduataba Island)	I	-	-	153
<b>Conolophus pallidus</b> Barrington Land Iguana Santa Fé (= Barrington) Island in Galapagos group (Ecuador)	II	R		43

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b><i>Conolophus subcristatus</i></b>	II	V	—	43,114
Galapagos Land Iguana				
Galapagos Islands (Ecuador)				
<b><i>Cyclura carinata</i></b>	I	R	LA F	43,129
Turks and Caicos Ground Iguana				
Bahama Islands, Turks and Caicos Islands				
<b><i>Cyclura collei (C.lophoma)</i></b> - possibly extinct	I	—	—	—
Jamaica's Ground Iguana				
Jamaica				
<b><i>Cyclura cornuta</i> (inc. <i>C.stejnegeri</i>)</b>	I	V/K	—	20,43
Rhinoceros Iguana				
Dominican Republic, Haiti, Isla Mona, Navassa Id.				
(In RDB <i>C.c.stejnegeri</i> from Isla Mona is in category 'V', while <i>C.c.cornuta</i> from the rest of the range is in Preamble 9—probably threatened)				
<b><i>Cyclura cyclura</i> (inc. <i>C.baelopha</i>, <i>C.figginsi</i>, plus <i>C.inornata</i>)</b>	I	R	LA F	21,43
Bahama Islands				
<b><i>Cyclura nubila</i> (inc. <i>C.caymanensis</i>, <i>C.macleayi</i>)</b>	I	V	—	43
Cayman Islands, Cuba				
<b><i>Cyclura pinguis</i></b>	I	E	—	19,20 21,43
Anegada Ground Iguana				
Anegada Id. (British Virgin Islands)				
<b><i>Cyclura ricordi</i></b>	I	K	—	20,43
Hispaniola Ground Iguana, Ricord's Ground Iguana				
Dominican Republic, Haiti				
<b><i>Cyclura rileyi</i> (inc. <i>C.cristata</i>, <i>C.nuchalis</i>)</b>	I	E/R	F LA	43
Bahama Islands				
(In RDB <i>C.r.rileyi</i> is in category 'E' the other two races are in 'R')				
<b><i>Gambelia silus (Crotaphytus silus, C.wislizenii silus)</i></b>	E	—	—	4,43,75
Blunt-nosed or San Joaquin Leopard Lizard				
USA (California)				
<b><i>Iguana delicatissima</i></b>	II	—	F	—
Lesser Antilles (inc. Anguilla, Antigua, Ile Chevreau, La Désiderade, Dominica, Ile Fourchue, Les Iles Frégates, Guadeloupe, Martinique, Nevis, Les Iles des Saints, St. Barthélemy, St. Eustatius, St. Martin)				
<b><i>Iguana iguana</i></b>	II	—	F LA SK	111,118
Common Iguana, Green Iguana, (South American 'Chameleon')				
Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Lesser Antilles (inc. Grenada, the Grenadines, Guadalupe, Montserrat, Saba, Les Iles des Saints, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Virgin Islands), Mexico, Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Surinam, Trinidad & Tobago, Venezuela				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b><i>Phrynosoma coronatum blainvilliei</i></b> San Diego Horned Lizard Mexico (Baja California), USA (California)	II	K	-	4,43,75
<b><i>Sauromalus varius</i></b> San Esteban Island Chuckwalla Mexico (San Esteban Island)	I	-	LA F	-
Family: LACERTIDAE				
<b><i>Podarcis filfolensis filfolensis (Lacerta f.filfolensis)</i></b> Filfola Lizard Filfola Island (Malta)	-	R	-	38,43
<b><i>Gallotia simonyi (Lacerta simonyi)</i></b> Hierro Giant Lizard Canary Islands (Hierro Island)	-	E	-	43,108
Family: CORDYLIDAE				
<b><i>Cordylus campbelli</i></b> Namibia	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus cataphractus</i></b> South Africa	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus coerulopunctatus</i></b> South Africa	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus cordylus</i></b> Angola, Botswana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Lesotho?, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Swaziland?, Tanzania, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus giganteus</i></b> Lesotho, South Africa	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus macropholis</i></b> South Africa	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus namaquensis</i></b> Namibia	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus peersi</i></b> South Africa	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus polyzonus</i></b> Botswana, Lesotho?, Namibia, South Africa	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Cordylus ukingensis</i></b> Tanzania	II	-	-	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b><i>Cordylus vittifer</i></b>	II	-	-	-
Angola, Botswana, Lesotho?, Namibia?, South Africa, Swaziland				
<b><i>Cordylus warreni</i></b>	II	-	-	-
Lesotho? Mozambique, South Africa, Swaziland?, Zimbabwe				
<b><i>Pseudocordylus capensis</i></b>	II	-	-	-
South Africa				
<b><i>Pseudocordylus langi</i></b>	II	-	-	-
Lesotho, South Africa				
<b><i>Pseudocordylus microlepidotus</i></b>	II	-	-	-
Namibia, South Africa				
<b><i>Pseudocordylus robertsi</i></b>	II	-	-	-
South Africa				
<b><i>Pseudocordylus spinosus</i></b>	II	-	-	-
South Africa				
<b>Family: TEIIDAE</b>				
<b><i>Ameiva polops</i></b>	-	E	-	43,58,59
St. Croix Ground Lizard				
St. Croix and adjacent cays (US Virgin Islands)				
<b><i>Cnemidophorus hyperythrus</i></b>	II	V	-	4,43
Orange-throated Whiptail				
Mexico (Baja California), USA (California)				
<b><i>Crocodylurus lacertinus</i></b>	II	-	SK	-
Brazil, French Guiana, Guyana, Surinam				
<b><i>Dracaena guianensis</i></b>	II	-	LA	-
Caiman Lizard, (Croco-Teju)				
Brazil, French Guiana, Peru, possibly Guyana and other countries bordering the Amazon basin				
<b><i>Tupinambis rufescens</i> (inc. <i>T.duseni</i> and <i>T.teguixin sebastiani</i>)</b>	II	-	LA SK	-
(Argentine Teju, Red Teju)				
Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay				
<b><i>Tupinambis teguixin</i> (Argentine or Brazil Teju) (inc. <i>T.nigropunctatus</i>) (Jacarura),</b>	II	-	LA SK	-
Common Tegu or Banded Tegu				
Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, French Guiana, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru, Surinam, Trinidad & Tobago, Venezuela, probably Ecuador				

CITES RDB Exp Ref

### Family: SCINCIDAE

#### **Gongylomorphus bojerii fontenayi**

Macabé Forest Skink

Mauritius

#### **Leiolopisma telfairii**

Round Island Skink

Round Island (Mauritius)

#### **Macroscincus coctaei** – probably extinct

Cape Verde Giant Skink

Cape Verde Islands

- R - 43,77

12,43,76,

77,78,83

38,43,140

### Family: ANGUIDAE

#### **Gerrhonotus panamintinus**

Panamint Alligator Lizard

USA (California)

- K - -

### Family: ANNIELLIDAE

#### **Anniella pulchra nigra**

Black Legless Lizard

USA (California)

- E - 4,43

### Family: HELODERMATIDAE

#### **Heloderma horridum**

Beaded Lizard

Guatemala, Mexico

II Id (LA) 43

#### **Heloderma suspectum**

Gila Monster

Mexico, USA

II V (LA) 43,75

### Family: VARANIDAE

#### **Varanus acanthurus**

Spiny-tailed Pygmy Monitor

Australia

II - -

#### **Varanus bengalensis (V.monitor, inc. V.nebulosus)**

Indian Monitor, Common Monitor (India)

(Agra, Bengal, Indian Small-grain, Penang, Rice, Talagoya, - Lizard)

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Burma, India, Indonesia, Iran, Malaysia, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Vietnam, probably Kampuchea and Laos

I - SK (F) -

#### **Varanus brevicauda**

Short-tailed Pygmy Monitor

Australia

II - - -

#### **Varanus caudolineatus**

Streak-tailed Monitor

Australia

II - - -

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Varanus dumerilii</b> Duméril's Monitor, (Fish Lizard) Burma, Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand	II	-	SK LA	-
<b>Varanus exanthematicus</b> African Savanna Monitor (African Large-grain Lizard) Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Djibouti, Ethiopia, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe	II	-	SK LA (F)	47
<b>Varanus flavescens</b> Yellow Monitor (Calcutta or Indian Oval-grain Lizard) Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan	I	-	SK (F)	
<b>Varanus giganteus</b> Perentie Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus gilleni</b> Pygmy Mulga Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus glauerti</b> Long-tailed Rock Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus glebopalma</b> Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus gouldii</b> Sand Monitor, Gould's Monitor Australia, Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea	II	-	LA	
<b>Varanus grayi</b> Gray's Monitor Philippine Islands (Luzon)	II	-	-	5
<b>Varanus griseus</b> Desert Monitor, Agra Monitor (India) (Agra, Bengal, - Lizard, Baghdad Small-grain Lizard) Afghanistan, Algeria, Chad, Egypt, India, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Yemen, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, USSR, Western Sahara, North Yemen (the RDB citation applies only to <b>V.g.caspicus</b> , the Central Asian or Transcaspian Desert (or Grey) Monitor, from Afghanistan, Iran, Pakistan (northern Baluchistan), and USSR)	I	V	(F) SK	43,81
<b>Varanus indicus</b> Pacific Monitor, Mangrove Monitor, (Amboin or Flower Lizard) Australia, Caroline Islands, Indonesia, Mariana Islands, Marshall Islands, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands	II	-	SK LA	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Varanus karlschmidti</b> Sepik Monitor Papua New Guinea	II	-	-	
<b>Varanus Komodoensis</b> Komodo Dragon Indonesia (Flores, Gili Mota, Komodo, Owadi Sami, Padar, Rintja)	I	R	LA	43,66
<b>Varanus mertensi</b> (in. <i>V.bulliwallah</i> ) Merten's Water Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus mitchelli</b> Mitchell's Water Monitor Australia	II	-	-	
<b>Varanus niloticus</b> Nile Monitor, (African Small-grain Lizard) Angola, Benin, Botswana, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Ethiopia, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe	II	SK LA (F)		47
<b>Varanus prasinus</b> Emerald Monitor Australia (Torres Straits Islands), Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea	II	-	LA	-
<b>Varanus primordius</b> Ridge-tailed Monitor Australia (frequently treated as a subspecies of <i>V.acanthurus</i> )	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus rudicollis</b> Rough-necked Monitor (Tree Lizard) Burma, Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand	II	-	SK LA	-
<b>Varanus salvadorii</b> Papuan Monitor, Tree Crocodile Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea	II	-	LA	-
<b>Varanus salvator</b> (in. <i>V.bivittatus</i> , <i>V.togianus</i> ) Malayan Monitor, Water Monitor (very many names, in leather trade according to patterning and place of origin, eg., No-mark, Plain, Rice, Ring, Borneo, Java, Philippines, Sumatra, Semi-Java, Singapore, Siam, Ramgodie, Cabragoya - Lizard) Bangladesh, Burma, China, India (inc. Andaman Is.), Indonesia, Kampuchea, Laos, Malaysia, Philippine Islands, Singapore?, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Vietnam	II	-	LA SK	-
<b>Varanus semiremex</b> Mangrove Monitor, Rusty Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus spenceri</b> Spencer's Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Varanus storri</b> Dwarf Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus timorensis</b> Timor Tree Monitor, Spotted Tree Monitor Australia, Indonesia, Papua New Guinea	II	-	LA	-
<b>Varanus tristis</b> Freckled Monitor, Mournful Tree Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Varanus varius</b> Lace Monitor Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Suborder: SERPENTES, Snakes</b>				
<b>Family: TYPHLOPIDAE</b>				
<b>Typhlops monensis</b> Mona Blind Snake Isla Mona (Puerto Rico)	-	R	-	43
<b>Family: BOIDAE</b>				
A few taxa of the family Boidae are listed on CITES Appendix I, the remainder are on Appendix II. The actual content of this family has been the subject of recent discussion among herpetologists. Both McDowell (1975, see Ref list B) and Underwood (1976) remove the genera <i>Bolyeria</i> , <i>Casarea</i> , <i>Exiliboa</i> , <i>Trachyboa</i> , <i>Tropidophis</i> and <i>Ungaliophis</i> from the family Boidae. McDowell also removes <i>Loxocemus</i> , while Underwood retains <i>Loxocemus</i> and adds <i>Xenopeltis</i> . Pending discussion, the contents of the Boidae given here closely follows the more conservative list of Stimson (1969), this also appears to be the usage of CITES and RDB. Some changes are made at low taxonomic levels, following Sheplan & Schwartz (1974), McDowell (1976, 1979), and Collins et al (1978). <i>Python oenpelliensis</i> was newly described by Gow (1977), <i>P. saxuloides</i> by Miller & Smith (1980), <i>P. bredli</i> by Gow (1981) and <i>P. carinatus</i> by Smith (1981).				
<b>Acrantophis dumerili</b> Duméril's Boa Madagascar	I	?	LA	-
<b>Acrantophis madagascariensis</b> Madagascar Boa Madagascar	I	?	LA	-
<b>Aspidites melancophalus</b> Black-headed Python Australia	II	-	-	-
<b>Aspidites ramsayi</b> Woma Australia	II	-	-	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Boa constrictor (Constrictor constrictor)</b>	II	-	LA SK	-
Boa Constrictor, (Ampalague, Giboya, Masacuate)				
Argentina, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Lesser Antilles (Dominica, Santa Lucia), Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Surinam, Trinidad & Tobago, Venezuela				
<b>Bolyeria multocarinata</b>	I	E	-	12,43 78,83
Round Island Boa				
Round Island (Mauritius)				
<b>Calabaria reinhardtii</b>	II	-	-	-
Calabar Ground Python				
Benin, Cameroon, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Ghana, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Nigeria, Togo, Zaire, probably Central African Republic				
<b>Candoia aspera (Enygrus asper)</b>	II	-	-	-
Papuan Ground Boa				
Indonesia (Moluccas, West Irian), Papua New Guinea (inc. Bismarck Archipelago as far east as Bougainville)				
<b>Candoia bibroni (Enygrus bibroni)</b>	II	-	-	-
Pacific Boa				
Fiji Islands (inc. Rotuma), Loyalty Islands, Vanuatu (= New Hebrides), (inc. Banks Islands), Western Samoa, also Ta'u Island in American Samoa, Solomon Islands (incl. Santa Cruz)				
<b>Candoia carinata (Enygrus carinata)</b>	II	-	-	-
Solomons Ground Boa				
Indonesia (eastern islands inc. Moluccas, Sulawesi, West Irian), Palau Islands, Papua New Guinea (inc. Bismarck Archipelago), Solomon Islands, (incl. Santa Cruz)				
<b>Casarea dussumieri</b>	I	E	-	12,43 78,83
Round Island Keel-scaled Boa				
Round Island (Mauritius)				
<b>Charina bottae</b>	II	R	LA	43,75
Rubber Boa				
Canada, USA				
(RDB entry is for <b>Charina b. umbratica</b> , the Southern Rubber Boa, from isolated localities in California)				
<b>Chondropython viridis</b>	II	-	LA	-
Green Tree Python				
Australia (Cape York Peninsula), Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea (mainland, not Bismarck Archipelago), Solomon Islands?				
<b>Corallus annulatus (Boa annulata)</b>	II	-	-	-
Annulated Tree Boa				
Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Nicaragua, Panama				
<b>Corallus caninus (Boa canina)</b>	II	-	LA	-
Emerald Tree Boa				
Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru, Surinam, Venezuela				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Corallus enydris (C.hortulanus, Boa hortulanus, inc. Corallus or Boa cooki)</b>	II	-	-	-
Garden Tree Boa				
Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Nicaragua, Peru, Surinam, Trinidad & Tobago, Venezuela, Windward Islands (Grenada, Grenadines, St. Vincent)				
<b>Epicrates angulifer</b>	II	Id	(SK)	43
Cuban Tree Boa				
(Maja (de Santa Maria)), Cuba (inc. Isla de Pinos)				
(RDB entry is for <b>E.a.angulifer</b> from the Isle of Pines and two small islands off the coast of Cuba)				
<b>Epicrates cenchria</b>	II	-	LA (SK)	-
Rainbow Boa				
(Araramboia)				
Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Surinam, Trinidad & Tobago, Venezuela				
<b>Epicrates chrysogaster (E.striatus chrysogaster)</b>	II	-	-	10
Bahama Islands Boa				
Bahama Islands, Caicos Islands, possibly Turks Islands				
<b>Epicrates exsul</b>	II	-	-	-
Abaco Island Boa				
Bahama Islands				
<b>Epicrates fordii (E.inornatus fordii)</b>	?	-	-	-
Ford's Boa				
Dominican Republic, Haiti				
(see note under <b>Epicrates inornatus</b> )				
<b>Epicrates gracilis</b>	II	-	-	-
Haitian Vine Boa				
Dominican Republic, Haiti				
<b>Epicrates inornatus</b>	I	E	-	43
Puerto Rican Boa				
Puerto Rico				
( <b>E.inornatus</b> , as used by CITES and RDB, appears to be in the sense of Stull (1935) and Stimson (1969, Das Tierreich 89). In this usage three subspecies are recognised, 1. <b>E.i.inornatus</b> (Puerto Rico), 2. <b>E.i.fordii</b> (Dominican Republic and Haiti), 3. <b>E.i.granti</b> (St. Thomas and Tortola in the Virgin Islands))				
Good evidence has subsequently been proposed (Sheplan & Schwartz, 1974; followed by Schwartz & Thomas, 1976) that <b>E.i.fordii</b> is best regarded as a distinct species ( <b>E.fordii</b> ) and that <b>E.i.granti</b> has greater affinities with the <b>Epicrates</b> of Isla Mona, the latter two taxa are accordingly treated as a distinct species ( <b>E.monensis</b> ) in the works cited. The present list includes the West Indian species of <b>Epicrates</b> as recognised by Sheplan & Schwartz (1974) and Schwartz & Thomas (1976); the proper treatment of <b>E.fordii</b> and <b>E.monensis</b> by CITES and RDB thus remains to be determined. It is assumed that the current CITES and RDB treatment will continue to apply to <b>Epicrates inornatus</b> (of Sheplan & Schwartz)				
<b>Epicrates monensis (E.gracilis monensis plus E.inornatus granti)</b>	?	R	-	43
Isla Mona (Puerto Rico), St. Thomas (US Virgin Islands), Tortola (British Virgin Islands)				
(see note under <b>Epicrates inornatus</b> (RDB entry is for <b>E.m.monensis</b> from the Isla Mona))				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b><i>Epicrates striatus</i></b> Fischer's Tree Boa Bahama Islands, Dominican Republic, Haiti (RDB entry is for <i>E.s.fosteri</i> from the Bahamas)	II	R	LA	43
<b><i>Epicrates subflavus</i></b> Jamaica Boa Jamaica	I	V	LA	43
<b><i>Eryx colubrinus</i></b> Kenya Sand Boa Egypt, Ethiopia, Kenya, Niger, Somalia, Sudan, Tanzania, North Yemen?	II		LA	
<b><i>Eryx conicus (Gongylophis conicus)</i></b> Indian Sand Boa (Baby 'Python') India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka	II		LA SK	148
<b><i>Eryx elegans</i></b> Afghanistan, Iran, USSR (Turkmenistan)	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Eryx jaculus</i></b> (Javelin) Sand Boa, Spotted Sand Boa Albania, Algeria, Bulgaria, Egypt, Greece, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Romania (possibly extinct), Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, USSR, Yugoslavia	II	-	LA	38
<b><i>Eryx jayakari</i></b> Jayakar's Sand Boa Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Yemen, United Arab Emirates, North Yemen	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Eryx johnii</i></b> Blunt-tailed Sand Boa Afghanistan, India, Iran, Pakistan	II		LA	-
<b><i>Eryx miliaris</i></b> Iran, USSR	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Eryx muelleri</i></b> Müller's Sand Boa Cameroon, Chad, Ghana, Ivory Coast, Mali, Mauritania, Nigeria, Senegal, Sudan, Togo, Upper Volta, probably Benin and Central African Republic	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Eryx somalicus</i></b> Somalia	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Eryx tataricus</i></b> Tartary Sand Boa Afghanistan, China, Iran, Mongolia, Pakistan, USSR	II	-	-	-
<b><i>Eunectes barbouri</i></b> Brazil	II	-	-	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Eunectes deschauenseei</b>	II	-	-	-
Brazil				
<b>Eunectes murinus</b>	II	-	LA SK	-
Anaconda				
Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru, Surinam, Trinidad, Venezuela				
<b>Eunectes notaeus</b>	II	-	SK	-
Yellow Anaconda				
Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay				
<b>Exiliboa placata</b>	II	-	-	-
Mexico				
<b>Liasis albertisii (L.fuscus albertisii)</b>	II	-	-	-
D'albertis' Python				
Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea, Torres Straits Islands (Australia)				
<b>Liasis boa (Bothrochilus boa, Nardoana boa)</b>	II	-	-	-
Barred Python				
Papua New Guinea (Bismarck Archipelago, mainland New Guinea?), Tokelau Islands?				
<b>Liasis childreni</b>	II	-	-	-
Children's (Rock) Python				
Australia				
<b>Liasis mackloti (inc. L.fuscus)</b>	II	-	-	-
Water Python (common name for L.fuscus)				
Australia, Indonesia (Lesser Sunda Islands), Papua New Guinea				
<b>Liasis maximus</b>	II	-	-	-
(known only from the type specimen, from New Guinea; a possible synonym of L.papuanus (McDowell, 1975 Ref. list B))				
<b>Liasis olivaceus</b>	II	-	-	-
Olive (Rock) Python				
Australia				
<b>Liasis papuanus (L.olivaceus papuanus)</b>	II	-	-	-
Papuan Python				
Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea				
<b>Liasis perthensis</b>	II	-	-	-
West Australian Rock Python				
Australia				
(taxonomic status uncertain, (Cogger, 1975, Ref. list B)).				
<b>Lichanura trivirgata</b>	II	-	LA	75
Rosy Boa				
Mexico, USA (Arizona, California)				
(L.t.roseofusca from Mexico and California is often regarded as a full species, Lichanura roseofusca)				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Loxocemus bicolor</b>	II	-	-	-
Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, El Salvador				
<b>Python amethistinus (Liasis amethistinus)</b>	II	-	-	-
Amethystine (Rock) Python				
Australia (Cape York Peninsula, Torres Straits Is.), Indonesia (eastern islands, West Irian), Papua New Guinea, Philippines?				
<b>Python anchietae</b>	II			-
Angolan Python				
Angola, Namibia				
<b>Python boeleni (Liasis boeleni, Liasis taronga)</b>	II	-	-	-
Boelen's Python				
Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea				
<b>Python bredli</b>	II	-		
Australia (Northern Territory)				
<b>Python carinatus</b>	II	-	-	-
Rough-scaled Carpet Snake				
Australia (Western Australia)				
<b>Python curtus</b>	II		SK	-
Short-tailed Python, Blood Python				
Brunei, Indonesia (Bangka, Kalimantan, Sumatra), Malaysia, Thailand (in Malay Peninsula)				
<b>Python molurus sub-spp.</b>	-	-	F LA SK	43,148
Indian Python, Burmese Python, Oriental Rock Python (Java Tree Python, Molurus Python, Indian Python, Bengal or Saigon Python)				
<b>P.m.bivittatus</b>	II	V	-	-
Brunei?, Burma, China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Kampuchea, Laos, Malaysia, Thailand, Singapore, Vietnam				
<b>P.m.molurus</b>	I	V	-	-
Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka				
<b>Python oenpelliensis</b>	II	-	-	
Australia				
<b>Python regius</b>	II		LA SK	-
Ball Python, Royal Python				
Benin, Cameroon, Chad, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Sudan, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zaire, probably also Central African Republic, Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Liberia				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Python reticulatus</b> Reticulated Python, (Diamond or Java Rock Python) Bangladesh, Brunei, Burma, Indonesia (not to West Irian), Kampuchea, Laos, Malaysia, Nicobar Islands (India), Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam	II	-	LA SK	-
<b>Python saxuloides</b> Lesser African Rock Python Kenya, probably Malawi, South Africa, possibly Ethiopia, Somalia, Uganda	II	-	LA	-
<b>Python sebae</b> African Python, Water Python, African Rock Python (West African Python) Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zimbabwe, Zaire, Zambia	II	-	LA SK	47
<b>Python spilotus (Morelia spilotes, Morelia argus)</b> P.s.variegata—Carpet Python, P.s.spilotus—Diamond Python Australia, Indonesia (West Irian), Papua New Guinea	II	-	SK	-
<b>Python timorensis</b> Timor Python Indonesia (Flores, Timor)	II	-	-	-
<b>Sanzinia madagascariensis</b> Madagascar Tree Boa Madagascar	I	K	LA	-
<b>Trachyboa boulengeri</b> Colombia, Ecuador, Panama	II	-	-	-
<b>Trachyboa gularis</b> Ecuador	II	-	-	-
<b>Tropidophis battersbyi</b> Ecuador	II	-	-	-
<b>Tropidophis canus</b> Bahama Islands	II	-	-	-
<b>Tropidophis caymanensis</b> Caymans Ground Boa Cayman Islands	II	-	-	-
<b>Tropidophis feicki</b> Cuba	II	-	-	-

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Tropidophis greenwayi</b>	II	-	-	-
Caicos Islands				
<b>Tropidophis haetianus</b>	II	-	-	-
Haitian Ground Boa				
Cuba, Dominican Republic, Haiti, Jamaica				
<b>Tropidophis maculatus</b>	II	-	-	-
Cuba				
<b>Tropidophorus melanurus</b>	II	-	-	-
Cuba, Navassa Island				
<b>Tropidophis nigriventris</b>	II	-	-	-
Cuba				
<b>Tropidophis pardalis</b>	II	-	-	-
Cuba				
<b>Tropidophis paucisquamis</b>	II	-	-	-
Brazil, Peru				
<b>Tropidophis pilosbryi</b>	II	-	-	-
Cuba				
<b>Tropidophis semicinctus</b>	II	-	-	-
Cuba				
<b>Tropidophis taczanowskyi</b>	II	-	-	-
Ecuador, Peru, Brazil?				
<b>Tropidophis wrighti</b>	II	-	-	-
Cuba				
<b>Ungaliophis continentalis</b>	II	-	-	-
Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico				
<b>Ungaliophis panamensis</b>	II	-	-	-
Colombia, Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Panama				
<b>Xenoboa cropani</b>	II	-	-	-
Brazil				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Family: COLUBRIDAE</b>				
<b><i>Clelia clelia (Pseudoboa cloelia)</i></b>	II	-	LA	-
Musurana				
Argentina, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Lesser Antilles (inc. Dominica, Grenada, St. Lucia), Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Surinam, Trinidad, Uruguay, Venezuela				
(snakes from Mexico and elsewhere in Central America formerly assigned to this species are now usually regarded as a full species, <i>Clelia scytalina</i> )				
<b><i>Drymarchon corais couperi</i></b>	-	V	LA	43,133
Eastern Indigo Snake				
USA				
<b><i>Elachistodon westermanni</i></b>	II	-	-	35
Indian Egg-eating Snake				
Bangladesh, India, Nepal				
<b><i>Hydrodynastes gigas (Cyclagras gigas)</i></b>	II	-	LA SK	-
South American Water 'Cobra', (Beach 'Cobra', Surucucu)				
Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay				
<b><i>Masticophis flagellum ruddocki</i></b>	-	R	-	4,43 75
San Joaquin Coachwhip				
USA (California)				
<b><i>Masticophis lateralis euryxanthus</i></b>	-	R	-	4,43 75
Almeda Striped Racer				
USA (California)				
<b><i>Nerodia fasciata taeniata (Natrix f.taeniata)</i></b>	-	R	-	4,43 133
Atlantic Saltmarsh Snake				
USA (Florida)				
<b><i>Nerodia sipedon insularum (Natrix s.insularum)</i></b>	-	K	-	-
Lake Erie Water Snake				
Lake Erie (Canada/USA)				
<b><i>Thamnophis couchi gigas (T.elegans gigas)</i></b>	-	R	-	4,43 76
Giant Garter Snake				
USA (California)				
<b><i>Thamnophis couchi hammondi (T. elegans hammondi)</i></b>	II	R	LA	4,43 75
Two-striped Garter Snake				
Mexico (Baja California), USA (California)				
<b><i>Thamnophis sirtalis tetrataenia</i></b>	-	E	LA	4,43 75
San Francisco Garter Snake				
USA (California)				

	CITES	RDB	Exp	Ref
<b>Family: ELAPIDAE</b>				
<b>Naja oxiana</b> (frequently treated as a subspecies of the Asiatic Cobra, <i>Naja naja</i> ) Central Asian or Oxus Cobra Afghanistan, India (Kashmir, Punjab), Iran (northeast), Pakistan, (north and northwest), USSR (Transcaspian region)	-	E	-	43,81
<b>Ogmodon vitianus</b> Fiji Snake Fiji (Viti Levu)	-	V	-	43
<b>Family: VIPERIDAE</b>				
<b>Bothrops insularis</b> Queimada Island Bothrops Brazil (Queimada Island)	-	K	-	-
<b>Crotalus unicolor</b> Aruba Island Rattlesnake Netherlands antilles (Aruba Island)	-	R	LA	43
<b>Crotalus willardi</b> Ridge-nosed Rattlesnake Mexico, USA (Arizona, New Mexico) (in RDB <i>C.w. obscurus</i> , the New Mexico Ridge-nose Rattlesnake, is Endangered, the four other subspecies are Vulnerable)	-	E/V	LA	4,28,36, 43,151
<b>Vipera ammodytes transcaucasiana</b> Transcaucasian Long-nosed Viper USSR (Georgia), Turkey	-	R	LA	43,81
<b>Vipera latifii</b> Latifi's Viper Iran (Lar Valley in Elburz Mtns.)	-	E	-	43,97
<b>Vipera lebetina schweizeri</b> Blunt-nosed Viper, Levantine or Lebetine Viper (names applied to <i>V.lebetina</i> as a whole) Greece (Cyclades only: Kimolos, Milos, Polyagos, Siphnos, possibly Antimilos, Kithnos)	-	V	-	38,43, 151
<b>Vipera xanthina raddei</b> Armenian Viper USSR, Turkey	-	R	LA	43,81

# Additions and Amendments

CITES RDB Exp Ref

Family: KINOSTERNIDAE

**Kinosternon flavescens spooneri**

Illinois Mud Turtle  
USA

- E - 152

# References

## (A) Sources of information on the survival status of particular species or groups of species.

The number of each Reference corresponds to entries in the 'Ref' column of the taxonomic list. The utility of the References given is rather variable; some works concentrate entirely on survival status and conservation, while others may only make a brief comment on these topics in the course of a largely taxonomic treatment. Some of the works are popular or semi-popular, while others are more rigorous in approach. Emphasis is given to more recent works, including those not cited in the third edition of the Red Data Book; the latter (item 43 in the list) contains references to many other works. It is not the intention to provide a complete bibliography of the extensive literature treating the biology and conservation of amphibians and reptiles.

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