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# THE WOUNDS OF CIVIL WAR BY THOMAS LODGE

1594

THE MALONE SOCIETY REPRINTS

This reprint of the Wounds of Civil War has been prepared by J. Dover Wilson with the assistance of the General Editor.

Dec. 1910.

W. W. Greg.

PR 2659 L822 W

# Lodge's Wounds of Civil War was entered in the Register of the Stationers' Company as follows:

### xxiiijto Die maij [1594]

Entred for his copie vnder thand of Master Cawood a booke Iohn Danter./. intituled the woundes of Civill warre liuely sett forth in the true Tragedies of Marius and Scilla . . . . . . . . vi<sup>d</sup> C. [Arber's Transcript, II. 650.]

In pursuance of this entry a quarto duly appeared from Danter's press with the date 1594. Of this, the only early edition known, various copies are extant. For the purpose of the present reprint four have been collated throughout, those namely preserved in the Bodleian Library and the Dyce collection at South Kensington, together with the two at the British Museum, one (C. 12. e. 16) forming part of the Royal library and one (C. 34. d. 20) of the Garrick collection. The Royal copy is a duplicate from the Bridgewater Library. The last leaf, which is blank, is present in the Bodleian and Dyce copies, but is wanting in both those at the British Museum. Besides the usual differences due to accidental causes, these copies present a number of definite variants originating in intentional alterations made in the type while the sheets were passing through the press. With rare and doubtful exceptions the two copies at the British Museum agree together against a similar agreement of the Bodleian and Dyce copies. Details are recorded in the list of readings given below; it is sufficient to observe here that the outer forme of sheet A is more correct in the former, while the outer forme of sheet C and the inner of sheet D are more correct in the latter group. The original is badly printed in an ordinary roman type of a body approximating to modern Pica (20 ll. = 84 mm.).

The text is divided into five acts, but the divisions are not always accurately marked. The distribution has been corrected, and that into scenes added,

in the margin.

The authorship of the play is assigned on the title-page to Thomas Lodge, an ascription which has been accepted by every one since Winstanley, who for some reason includes 'Marius and Scylla'

among the tragedies of Lodovic Carlell.

The facsimile of the title-page which accompanies the present reprint has been made from the Bodleian copy. In this the date is partly cut away. Unfortunately the copies which show the date best are in other ways unsuitable for reproduction.

# LIST OF IRREGULAR AND DOUBTFUL READINGS including variants between copies

N.B.—The letters BM stand for the agreement of the two British Museum copies.

```
Title Sunne in Paules
                                   701 c.w. Lncius. (702 Lucius:)
       (Sunne in Paules Dyce)
                                   705 world.
                                   709 is
  3 Lictorius:
                                   717 looks.
  4 and Cynna: (Cynna: and
                                   751 for me seem es Dyce:
       Mark Anthony:?)
                                          for me fee me Bodl.:
 25 Legionsfull (?)
                                          for me feeme, BM
 30 robdof (?)
                                          (read for me feemes)
 94 dilhonor to (?)
                                   761, 765 slaue:
 96 makethe (?)
                                   773 aSailer
 98 Yer (i. e. Ere)
                                   805 Capitoll,
103 Licto:
131 Could (1 doubtful)
                                       c.w. Lecto-
                                          (806 Lectorius,)
186 Scillas (Seillas Bodl. Dyce)
                                   831 pal fies (?)
197 ipence
                                   834 Anrhonie,
202 should laugh
227 mate (make)
                                   837 rule (r Dyce)
                                   844 prefumptions
234 Scilla proceeds
                                          (prefumptions BM)
       (Scilla, proceed?)
                                   850 fway? (fway.?)
277 agreein (?)
                                   93 I C.W. Iailer
317 discordsand
                                   939 dwels. (dwel Dyce)
394 ma de
                                   955 fame (fume BM)
395 fight, (fight:?)
                                        bodie (bodia BM)
398 Pontus (Pontus,?)
                                   966 my (\text{my } BM)
401 name. (name,?)
                                   971 fubdude (fuqdude BM)
411 Scilla (Scilla.)
                                   974 French-man. (Frehch-man.
418 The (?)
434, 440 Scilla (Scilla.)
                                          BM)
                                   980 leaue (leane BM)
465 falne, (falne; BM Royal?)
512 winch
                                   983 hough (hongh BM)
                                   984 il (ii BM)
572 friends.
                                   985 fera (possibly sera in Bodl.
575 Mithridates,
584. Beheld (Be held)
                                          Dyce)
585 there (their?)
                                   986 founta (fouut a BM)
                                   995 Quarante (Quasante BM)
    lines, (liues,)
665 c.w. Will (666 will)
                                   996 danfoure (?)
                                   999 dispatch, (dispotch, BM)
697 in iustice (iniustice)
                                  1000 his (fils BM)
701 be frend, (befrend.)
```

1069 Actus tertius. (Act. III,	1606 foe?
sc. iii)	1621 dangerwisedome (?)
1082 Ionia. (Ionia,)	1625 that (that,)
1090 friends.	1657 c.w. Corn: (1658 Cornel:)
1097 c.w. Lu. (1098 Lucretius:)	1659 vnto (not to?)
1109 read these	1660 fame. (fame,?)
1135 Valerius (Bafillus?)	1714 T he 1727 Ivnto (?)
1152 yeeld	1727 IVnto (f)
1154 B eleeue (?)	1730 Silla
1188 foes. (foes. Exeunt.)	1736 fought
1190 onrootes. (?) 1193 bestrepast (?)	1749 Exeunt (Exeunt.)
	1798 c.w. I fou (in BM there are traces possibly of a
1204 eount (count) cuening (?)	broken letter following)
forrow.	1836 releefe, (releefe,?)
1208 hells.	1842 doth
1217 Liues (Liue?)	1866 AEsculapius
1266 shore.	1879 moritur (moritur.)
1284 you pr refent	1932 quartus. (quintus.)
(your prefent)	1937 c.w. Ima- (1938 Imagine)
1285 foe man	1951 Phocida.
1295 Cynna haue your (Cynna.	1977 My (Carbo: My)
Hauc you?)	1980 stoope (stoope?)
1303 farewell come (farewell.	2007 Canbo: (Carbo:)
Come)	2011 hence, (hence BM)
1304 Ascourge (?)	2012 It would be (Twould not
1313 VS,	be?)
1370 c.w. Remem	2013 wh en (?)
1383 lone (loue)	2019 Ful-fild
1390 throue,	2021 Lentulus. (Lentulus, Ca-
1392 iu: (pa:)	rinna.?)
1400 long Marius (long may	2026 linkes
Marius?)	2032 Narbonus,
1416 Rome.	2067 fhal be (?)
1418 blood.	2068 fell (?)
1448 contemnnd?	2077 makes
1455 octavius 1477 c.w. That (The)	2079 c.w. Oh (O <i>Bodl.</i> ) 2081 discomfetted
	2103 aretreat.
1501 ac counted (?) 1511 Cynnn:	2104 Romaine
1512 publishthis	2149 c.w. Preseru (Preserue an
1596 In steed	indistinct mark after the
1601 fills	u in Bodl, and Dyce only)

```
2159 y ou (?)
                                  2427 desires
2179 Luer: (Lucr:)
                                 2431 mytale.
2191 fprung (fprung:)
                                       c.w. Pop: (2432 Popp.)
2206 dreeping (creeping?)
                                 2447 refignd,
                                 2463 vp braides
2218 Exeunt (Exeunt.)
2234 Scillaand (?)
                                 2465 th ese (?)
2253 c.w. Pompey
                                 2485 fleepe.
2208 courrage
                                 2489 foule.
2305 periwialions
                                 2497 meete.
2325 Yee
                                 2505 fexe.
     the mfelues (?)
                                 2507 land.
2355 Ssilla:
                                 2529, 2532 (not indented)
2361 c.w. Romanes
                                 2548 ouer-beare?
       (2362 Romanes:)
                                 2578 faires,
2417 fore. but
                                 2585 it
2419 feekes
                                 2588 warre.
     (line not full)
                                 2591 bleffe (?)
```

The bad printing of the original shows itself chiefly in the uncertain word-division. Only when a wrong division is quite clear has it been reproduced in the text, all doubtful cases being merely queried in the above list. The printer was very short of upper case letters and eked out his stock in various ways. Frequently an obvious lower case letter is used, but more often perhaps a small capital. In cases where these can be readily distinguished from the corresponding lower case letters, they have been replaced in the reprint by upper case: but in cases where the form of the letter is the same in upper and lower case, a lower case letter has been printed. A small initial 's', however, has been regarded as being a small capital (and consequently has been replaced by an upper case letter) on the ground that in such a position the long form would be normal in lower case. There are two slightly varying forms of the small 'w', one of which is probably a small capital, but the two seem to be used indifferently. An italic upper case letter is often replaced by the corresponding roman letter: the opposite change is less frequent.

The variations between the copies are readily analysable. The earliest state of the outer forme of sheet A is represented by Bodl. In working, some of the type on the title-page shifted as in Dyce. In BM this has been readjusted and an error on A4\* corrected (1. 186). The apparent variation of BM Royal on B4\* (1. 465) is probably accidental. The earliest state of the

outer forme of C is unrepresented in the four copies collated: the reading in 1.751 must have been 'feemes'. In Dyce the 'es' has already shifted away from the 'feem': in Bodl. the 's' has dropped out, the 'm' has left the 'fee' and joined the following 'e' and the 'fee' has also shifted further from the preceding 'me'. After this the forme was corrected, but the correction was wrongly made, for while the type was shifted back into place correctly, a comma was inserted in place of the lost 's': the reading therefore of BM is inferior both in form and punctuation. The great majority of the variants occur in the inner forme of D, which appears in a very incorrect state in BM. At least twelve obvious misprints were corrected in this forme before Bodl. was printed. Dyce also represents a corrected but rather later state, the ends of two lines (837, 939) having dropped out or become damaged. There is also a variant in the outer forme of H; but whether the comma at the end of l, 2011 has been inserted in Bodl, and Dyce or lost in BM, is not quite clear: most likely the latter, since there seems to be some trace of the last letter of the catchword on H4 in the former but not in the latter copies. The variant in the catchword on H3" is evidently due to accidental causes.

#### LIST OF CHARACTERS

in order of entrance.

SULPITIUS.
QUINTUS POMPEY.
JUNIUS BRUTUS.
LUCRETIUS.
LECTORIUS.
LUCIUS MERULA.
CINNA.
CAIUS GRANIUS.
CAIUS MARIUS.
MARK ANTHONY.
SCILLA (i. e. Sulla).
MARIUS the younger.
a Soldier of Scilla's.
LEPIDUS.

Pausanius | Magistrates of | Lucius Favorinus | Minturnum.

CETHEGUS.
a Slave of Cinna.
OCTAVIUS.
a young Citizen
an old Citizen
of Rome.
a Jailor.
PEDRO, a Frenchman.

Lucullus.
Basillus.

ARCATHIUS
ARISTION
ARCHELAUS
ALBINOVANUS.
a Soldier of Marius'.
FLACCUS.
a Messenger.
CORNELIA, wife of Scilla.
FULVIA, her daughter.
a Soldier of Marius'.
a Clown, servant to Anthony.
three Soldiers of Marius'.

a Captain.
METELLUS.
CARBO.
NORBANUS.

Publius Lentulus.
Carinna.

a Soldier of Marius the younger's. TUDITANUS. two Citizens of Praeneste.

VALERIUS FLACCUS.

CURTALL
POPPEY
Burghers.
Genius.

Senators, lictors, captains, soldiers, an ancient, attendants on the magistrates of Minturnum, Roman lords, Moors, prisoners of divers nations, citizens of Rome, consular guard.

Archelaus and Scipio, whose entrances are noted at ll. 1073 and 2021 respectively, have no parts assigned them. Nor has Publius Lentulus (l. 2021) unless he is to be identified with Carinna (properly Carrinas a legate of Carbo's) who speaks

l. 2047, but whose entry is not marked. Flaccus appears as a supporter of Marius in IV. i, Valerius Flaccus as a supporter of Scilla in V. v, while a Valerius is named (perhaps in error for Basillus) at l. 1135. The words 'Appian folus.' (l. 373) which now stand like a stage direction must seemingly have originated in a reference to an authority, namely the 'Civil Wars' of Appianus, an Alexandrian historian of the second century.

# THE VVOVNDS of Ciuill VVar.

Lively set forth in the true Trage-

As it hath been epubliquely plaide in London, by the Right Honourable the Lord high Admirall his Seruants.

VV ritten by Thomas Lodge Gent.

O Vita! misero longa, falici breuis.



LONDON,

Printed by Iohn Danter, and are to be fold at the figne of the Sunne in Paules Church-yarde.

2004- 3

A I RECTO (BODL. COPY)





## The most Lamentable and

true Tragedies of Marius

Enter on the Capitoll Sulpitius Tribune: Caius Marius: Q. Pompey Consull: Iunius Brutus: Lucretius: Caius Granius: Lictorius: Lucius Merula Inpiters
Priest: and Cynna: whom placed, and their Lictors before them with their Rods and Axes, Sulpitius beginneth.

#### SVLPITIVS TRIBVNE



Raue Senators and Fathers of this State,
Our strange protractions & vnkind delays
wher waighty wars doth cal vs out to fight.
Our sactions wits to please aspiring Lords,
You see hath added powre vnto our soes,

And hazardedrich Phrigin and Bithinia,
With allour Asian Holds and Cities too:
Thus Scillaseeking to be Generall,
(VVho is invested in our Consuls Pall)
Hath forced murders in a quiet State:
The cause whereof even Pompos may complaine,
VVho seeking to advance a climing friend,
Hathlost by death as weete and curteous sonne.
VVho now in Asia but Mithridates,
Laughs at these fond discentions I complaine?
VVhile we in wrangling for a Generall,

Forsake:

A 2 RECTO (BODL. COPY)



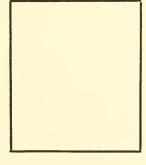
# T H E VV O V N D S of Ciuill VVar.

Liuely set forth in the true Tragedies of Marius and Scilla.

As it hath beene publiquely plaide in London, by the Right Honourable the Lord high Admirall his Seruants.

VVritten by Thomas Lodge Gent.

O Vita! misero longa, fælici breuis.

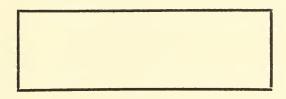


LONDON,

Printed by Iohn Danter, and are to be fold at the figne of the Sunne in Paules Church-yarde

1594.





### The most Lamentable and

true Tragedies of Marius and Scilla.

Enter on the Capitoll Sulpitius Tribune: Caius Ma-Act I rius: Q. Pompey Consull: Iunius Brutus: Lucretius: Sc. i Caius Granius: Lictorius: Lucius Merula Iupiters Priest: and Cynna: whom placed, and their Lictors before them with their Rods and Axes, Sulpitius beginneth.

#### SVLPITIVS TRIBVNE.

Raue Senators and Fathers of this State,
Our strange protractions & vnkind delays
wher waighty wars doth cal vs out to fight 10
Our factious wits to please aspiring Lords,
You see hath added powre vnto our foes,

And hazarded rich *Phrigia* and *Bithinia*,
With all our *Asian* Holds and Cities too:
Thus *Scilla* feeking to be Generall,
(VVho is inuested in our Consuls Pall)
Hath forced murders in a quiet State:
The cause whereof euen *Pompey* may complaine,
VVho seeking to advance a climing friend,
Hath lost by death a sweete and curteous sonne.
VVho now in *Asia* but *Mithridates*,
Laughs at these fond discentions I complaine?
VVhile we in wrangling for a Generall,

Forfake

The true Tragedies of Forfake our friends, forestall our forward warre, And leave our Legions full of dalliance, VVaighting our idle wills at Capua. Fie Romaines, shall the glories of your names, The wondrous beauty of this Capitoll, Perish through Scillas insolence and pride, As if that Rome were robd of true renowne, 30 And destitute of warlike Champions now? Loe here the man, the rumor of whose fame, Hath made Hiberia tremble and submit; See Marius that in managing eltate, Through many cares and troubles he hath past, And spent his youth, vpon whose reuerend head The milke-white pledge of wisedome sweetly spreds: He fixe times Conful, fit for peace or warre, Sits drooping here content to brooke difgrace, VVho glad to fight through follies of his foes 40 Sighs for your shame whilst you abide secure; And I that fee and should recure these wrongs, Through Pompeys late vacation and delay, Haue left to publish him for Generall, That merites better Titles farre than these: But (Nobles) now the finall day is come, VV hen I your Tribune studying for renowne, Pronounce and publish Marius Generall, To leade our Legions against Mithridates, And craue (graue Fathers) fignes of your content. Q. Pomp: Beleeue me Noble Romains, & graue Se-This strange election, and this new made Law, (nators, VVill witnes our vnstable gouernement, And dispossesses Rome of her Emperie; For although Marius be renownd in Armes, Famous for prowelle, and graue in warlike drifts, Yet may the funne-shine of his former deeds Nothing eclipfe our Scillas dignity: By lot and by election he was made, Chiefe

#### Marius and Scilla.

Chiefe Generall against Mithridates, And shall we then abridge him of that Rule; Twere iniurie to Scilla and to Rome: Nor would the height of his all daring minde, Brooke to the death so vile and sowle disgrace.

Iu. Brutus: VV hy Pompey, as if the Senate had not To appoint, dispose, & change their Generals: (powre Rome shall belike be bound to Scillas Rule, VVhose haughty pride and swelling thoughts puft vp. Foreshowes the reaching to prowd Tarquins state: Is not his lingring to our Romaine loffe At Capua where he braues it out with feasts, Made knowne thinke you vnto the Senate here? Yes Pompey, yes: and hereof are we fure If Romaines State on Scillas pride should lie, Romes Conquests would to Pontus Regions flie: Therefore graue and renowned Senators, (Pillers that beare and hold our Rule aloft, You stately, true, and rich Piramides) Descend into the depth of your estates, Then shall you finde that Scilla is more fit, To Rule in Rome domestical affaires, Then have the Conquest of Bithinia, Which if once got, heele but by death forgoe, Therefore I say Marius our Generall.

Lucretius: Lo thus we striue abroad to win renowne, And naught regard at home our waning states; Brutus I say the many braue exploits, The warlike Acts that Scilla hath atchieude, Showes him a souldier and a Romaine too, Whose care is more for Country than himselfe: Scilla nill brooke that in so many warres, So hard aduentures and so strange extreames, Hath borne the palme and prize of victory, Thus with dishonor to giue vp his charge: Scilla hath friends and souldiers at commaund,

A 3

That

60

70

80

The true Tragedies of
That first will make the towres of Rome to shake,
And force the stately Capitoll to daunce,
Yer any robbe him of his iust renowne:
Then we that through the Caspian shores have runne,
And spread with ships the Orientall Sea,
At home shall make a murder of our friends,
And massaker our dearest Countrimen.

Licto: The powre of Scilla nought will vaile gainst And let me die Lucretius ere I see, (Rome, Our Senate dread for any private man, Therefore Renownd Sulpitius send for Scilla backe, Let Marius leade our men in Asia.

L. Merula: The Law, the Senate wholy doth affirme, Let Marius lead our men in Asia.

Cynna: Cynna affirmes the Senates Censure iust, And saith let Marius leade the Legions forth.

C. Granius: Honor and victory follow Marius steps, For him doth Granius wish to fight for Rome.

Sulpitius: why then you fage and auncient Syres of Sulpitius here againe doth publish forth, (Rome, That Marius by the Senate here is made, Chiefe Generall to lead the Legions out, Against Mithridates and his Competitors, Now victory for honor of Rome follow Marius.

Here let Marius rowse himselfe.

Marius: Sage and imperiall Senators of Rome, Not without good aduifement haue you feene, Old Marius filent during your difcourse: Yet not for that he feard to pleade his cause, Or raise his honor troden downe by age, But that his words should not allure his friends, To stand on stricter tearmes for his behoose: Sixe times the Senate by election hath, Made Marius Consul ouer warlike Rome, And in that space nor Rome nor all the world, Could euer say that Marius was vntrue,

These

130

100

#### Marius and Scilla.

These filuer haires that hang vpon my face,
Are witnesses of my vnfained zeale,
The Cymbrians that yer-while inuaded France,
And held the Romaine Empire in disdaine,
Lay all confounded vnder Marius sword,
Fierce Scipio the myrrour once of Rome,
whose losse as yet my inward soule bewailes,
Being askt who should succeede and beare his Rule,
Euen this (quod he) shall Scipios armour beare,
And therewithall clapt me vpon the backe:
If then graue Lords, my former passed youth,
was spent in bringing Honors into Rome,
Let then my age and latter date of yeares,
Be sealed vp for honor vnto Rome.

Here enter Scilla with Captaines and Souldiers.
Sul: Scilla, what means these Arms and warlike troops
These glorious Ensignes and these fierce Allarms,
Tis prowdly done to braue the Capitoll.

Scilla: These Armes Sulpitius are not borne for hate, 150 But maintenance of my confirmed state:

I come to Rome with no seditions thoughts,

Except I finde too froward iniuries.

Sul: But wisedome would you did forbeare, To yeeld these slight suspitions of contempt, where as this Senate studieth high affaires.

Scil: what ferious matters have these Lords in hand?

Sul: The Senators with full decree appoint, Old Marius for their Captaine Generall, To leade thy Legions into Asia, And fight against the fierce Mithridates.

Scilla: To Marius? Iolly stuffe: why then I see,

Your Lordships meane to make a babe of me.

Iu. Brutus: Tis true Scilla the Senate hath agreed, That Marius shall those bands and Legions beare, which you now hold against Mithridates.

Scil: Marius shal lead them then, if Scilla said not no,
And

140

•

The true Tragedies of And I shall be a Consuls shadow then, Trustles Senators and ingratefull Romaines, For all the Honors I have done to Rome, 170 For all the spoiles I brought within her walles, Thereby for to enrich and raise her pride, Repay you me with this ingratitude: You know vnkinde, that Scillas wounded Helme, VVas nere hung vp or once distaind with rust: The Marcians that before me fell amaine, And like to winter haile on euery fide, Vnto the City Nuba I pursude, And for your fakes were thirty thousand slaine: The Hippinians and the Samnits Scilla brought, 180 As Tributaries vnto famous Rome: I, where did Scilla euer draw his fword, Or lift his warlike hand aboue his head For Romaines cause but he was Conquerour: And now (vnthankeful) feeke you to difgrade, And teare the plumes that Scillas fword hath wonne. Marius I tell thee Scilla is the man, Disdaines to stoope or vaile his pride to thee; Marius I say thou maist nor shalt not haue, The charge that vnto Scilla doth belong, 190 Vnleffe thy fword could teare it from my hart, VVhich in a thousand folds impalls the same. Marius: And Scilla hereof be thou full affurde, The honor whereto mine vindaunted minde, And this graue Senate hath enhaunfed me, Thou nor thy followers shall derogate, The spence of yeares that Marius hath ore-past, In forraine broyles and civil mutenies, Hath taught him this, that one vnbrideled foe, My former fortunes neuer shall oregoe. 200 Scilla: Marius, I smile at these thy foolish words, And credit me should laugh outright I feare,

If that I knew not how thy froward age,

Doth

Doth make thy fence as feeble as thy ioynts.

Marius: Scilla, Scilla, Marius yeeres hath taught Him how to plucke so proud a yonkers plumes, And know these haires that dangle downe my face, In brightnes like the siluer Rodope: Shall add so haughtie courage to my minde, And rest such percing objects gainst thine eies, That maskt in sollie, age shall force thee stoope.

Scil: And by my hand I fweare ere thou shalt mase mee

My foule shall perish but Ile haue thy bearde, Say graue Senators shall Scilla be your Generall.

Sulpitius: No the Senate, I and Rome her selfe agrees Ther's none but Marius shall be Generall. Therefore Scilla these daring tearmes vnsit, Beseeme not thee before the Capitoll.

Scilla: Befeeme not me? Senators aduife you, Scilla hath vowd whose vowes the heauens recorde, VVhose othes hath pierst and searcht the deepest vast, I and whose protestations raigne on earth: This Capitoll wherein your glories shine, VVas nere so prest and throughe with scarlet gownes, As Rome shall be with heapes of slaughtred soules Before that Scilla yeeld his titles vp. Ile mate hir streets that peere into the clouds, Burnisht with gold and Juorie pillors faire, Shining with Iasper, Iet, and Ebonie, All like the pallace of the morning sunne,

Mar: These threats against thy country and these Lords, Scilla proceeds from forth a Traitors hart, VVhose head I trust to see advanced vp On highest top of all this Capitoll:

As earst was manie of thy progenie,
Before thou vaunt thy victories in Rome.

To fwim within a sea of purple blood Before I loose the name of Generall.

Scilla: Graybeard, if so thy hart and tongue agree,

Draw

210

220

Draw forth thy Legions and thy men at armes, Reare vp thy standerd and thy steeled Crest, And meete with Scilla in the fields of Mars, And trie whose fortune makes him Generall.

Marius: I take thy word: Marius will meet thee there, And proue thee Scilla a Traitor vnto Rome, And all that march vnder thy traiterous wings, Therefore they that loue the Senate and Marius Now follow him.

Scilla: And all that love Scilla come downe to him,
For the rest let them follow Marius
And the Divel himselfe be their Captaine.

Here let the Senate rise and cast away their Gownes, hauiug their swords by their sides: Exit Marius and with him Sulpitius: Iu: Brutus: Lectorius.

Q. Pompey: Scilla, I come to thee.

Lucretius: Scilla, Lucretius will die with thee.

Scilla: Thankes my Noble Lords of Rome.

Here let them goe downe and Scilla offers to goe forth and Anthony calls him backe.

Anthony: Stay Scilla, heare Anthony breath forth, 260

The pleading plaints of fad declining Rome.

Scilla: Anthony, thou knowst thy hony words doo pierce, And moue the minde of Scilla to remorse: Yet neither words nor pleadings now must serue, When as mine honor calls me forth to fight, Therefore sweete Anthony be short for Scillas hast.

Anthony: For Scillas hast, O whither wilt thou slie? Tell me my Scilla what dost thou take in hand? VVhat warres are these thou stirrest vp in Rome? VVhat fire is this is kindled by thy wrath? A fire that must be quencht by Romaines blood, A warre that will confound our Emperie, And last an Act of sowle impietie. Brute beasts nill breake the mutuall law of loue, And birds affection will not violate,

The

270

The fenceles trees have concord mongst themselves, And stones agree in linkes of amitie, If they my Scilla brooke not to haue iarre, What then are men that gainst themselves doo warre? Thoult fay my Scilla honor stirres thee vp: 280 Ift honor to infringe the lawes of Rome? Thoult fay perhaps the titles thou hast wonne, It were dishonor for thee to forgoe: O, is there any height about the highest, Or any better than the best of all? Art thou not Conful? Art thou not Lord of Rome? VVhat greater Tytles should our Scilla haue? But thou wilt hence, thou wilt fight with Marius The man, the Senate, I and Rome hath choic. Thinke this before, thou never liftit aloft, 290 And lettest fall thy warlike hand adowne, But thou dost raze and wound thy Citie Rome: And looke how many flaughtred foules lie flaine, Vnder thy Enfignes, and thy conquering Launce; So many murders makest thou of thy selfe. Scilla: Inough my Anthony, for thy honied tongue VVasht in a sirrop of sweete Conservatives, Driueth confused thoughts through Scillas minde,

Driueth confused thoughts through Scillas minde, Therfore suffize thee, I may nor will not heare, So farewell Anthony, honor calls me hence, Scilla will fight for glorie and for Rome.

Exit Scilla and his followers.

Merula: See Noble Anthony the trustles state of rule,
The stayles hold of matchles soueraignetie,
Now fortune beareth Rome into the Clowds,
To throw her downe into the lowest hells,
For they that spread her glory through the world,
Are they that teare her prowd triumphant plumes:
The hart-burning pride of prowd Tarquinius,
Rooted from Rome the sway of kingly mace,
And now this discord newly set abroach,

3 2

Shall

300

Shall rase our Consuls and our Senates downe.

Anthony: Vnhappy Rome and Romaines thrife accurft, That oft with triumphs fild your Citie walls, VVith kings and conquering Rulers of the world, Now to eclipfe in top of all thy pride, Through civill difcords and domesticke broiles:

O Romaines weepe the teares of fad lament, And rent your facred Robes at this exchange, For Fortune makes our Rome a banding ball,

Tost from her hand to take the greater fall.

Gra: O whence proceeds these fowle ambitious thoughts,
That fires mens harts and makes them thirst for Rule:
Hath soueraignty so much bewitcht the minds
Of Romaines: that their former busied cares
VVhich erst did tire in seeking Cities good,
Must now be changed to ruine of her walls?
Must they that reard her stately Temples vp,
Deface the sacred places of their Gods?
Then may we waile and wring our wretched hands,
Sith both our Gods, our temples and our walls,

Ambition makes fell fortunes spightfull thralls. Ex: all.

A great Alarum: let young Marius chase Pompey ouer Act the stage, and old Marius chase Lucretius: Then let enter sc. ii three or fowre souldiers and his Auntient with his cullors, and Scilla after them with his hat in his hand, they offer to slie away.

Scilla: Why whither flie you Romaines,

VVhat mischiese makes this slight?

Stay good my friends, stay dearest Countrimen.

1. fouldier: Stay let vs heare what our Lord Scilla faith. 340 Scilla: What wil you leave your chieftains Romains then?

And loose your Honors in the gates of Rome? VVhat shall our Country see, and Scilla rue, These Coward thoughts so fixt and firmd in you? VVhat are you come from Capua to proclaime, Your hartles treasons in this happy towne? VVhat will you stand and gaze with shameles looks,

VVhilst

VVhilst Marius butchering knife assailes our throats? Are you the men, the hopes, the staies of state? Are you the fouldiers prest for Asia? 350 Are you the wondered Legions of the world, And will you flie these shadows of resist? VVell Romaines I will perish through your pride, That thought by you to have returnd in pompe. And at the least your Generall shall proue, Euen in his death your treasons and his loue. Lo this the wreath that shall my body binde, VVhilst Scilla sleepes with honor in the field: And I alone within these cullors shut, VVill blush your dastard follies in my death. 360 So farewell hartles fouldiers and vntrue, That leave your Scilla who hath loved you. 1. fouldier: VVhy fellow fouldiers shall we flie the field, And carelesty forfake our Generall? VVhat shall our vowes conclude with no availe? First die sweete friends, and shed your purple blood, Before you lofe the man that wills you good. Then to it braue Italians out of hand: Scilla we come with fierce and deadly blowes, To venge thy wrongs and vanquish all thy foes. 370



Exeunt to the Alarum.

# Actus fecundus. Scena prima.

Act II

sc.

Appian solus.

Enter Scilla triumphant, Lucretius, Pompey, with souldiers.

SCilla: You Romaine fouldiers, fellow mates in Armes, The blindfold Mistris of incertaine chaunce, Hath turnd these traiterous climers from the top, And seated Scilla in the chiefest place.

 $B_3$ 

The

The place befeeming Scilla and his minde. For were the throne where matchles glorie lits, Empald with furies threatning blood and death, Begirt with famine and those fatall feares That dwell below amidst the dreadfull vast: Tut Scillaes sparkling eyes should dim with cleere The burning brands of their consuming light, And master fancie with a forward minde, And maske repining feare with awfull power. For men of baser mettall and conceipt Cannot conceive the beautie of my thought. I crowned with a wreath of warlike state, Imagine thoughts more greater than a crowne, And yet befitting well a Romane minde. Then gentle ministers of all my hopes, That with your fwords ma de way vnto my wish, Hearken the frutes of your couragious fight, In spite of all these Romane Basilisks, That feeke to quell vs with their currish lookes, We will to Pontus weele have gold my harts, Those orientall pearles shall decke our browes: And you my gentle frends, you Romane peeres, Kinde Pompey worthie of a Confulls name. You shall abide the father of the state, Whilst these braue lads Lucretius and I, In spight of all these brauling Senators, Will, shall, and dare attempt on Asia, And drive Mithridates from out his doores.

Pomp. I Scilla, these are words of mickle worth, Fit for the master of so great a minde:
Now Rome must stoop, for Marius and his frends
Haue left their armes, and trust vnto their heeles.

Scilla But Pompey, if our Spanish Iennets feete Haue learnt to poast it of their mother winde, I hope to trip vpon the gray beards heeles, Till I haue cropt his shoulders from his head. 380

390

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400

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410

As

As for his sonne, the proud aspiring boy, His beardlesse face and wanton smiling browes, Shall (if I catch him) decke youd Capitoll: The sather, sonne, the frends, and souldiers all, That sawne on Marius, shall with surie sall.

Lucr: And what event shall all these troubles bring? 420

Scilla. This: Scilla in fortune will exceed a king.

But frends and fouldiers, with dispersed bands Goe seeke out Marius fond confederates:

Some poalt along those vnfrequented paths, That trackt by nookes vnto the neighbring sea:

Murther me Marius, and maintaine my life.

And that his favorites in Rome may learne

The difference betwixt my fawne and frowne, Go cut them short, & shed their hateful blood, Ex. Soul.

To quench these furies of my froward mood.

Lucr. Loe Scilla where our senators approach, Perhaps to gratulate thy good fuccesse.

Enter Anthonie, Granius, Lepidus.

Scilla I that perhaps was fitly placed there: But my Lucretius, these are cunning Lords,

VVhose tongues are tipt with honnie to deceiue: As for their hearts, if outward eyes may see them,

The diuell scarce with mischiefe might agree them.

Lep. Good fortune to our Confull, worthy Scilla. Scilla And why not Generall against the king of Pontus? 440

Gran: And generall against the king of Pontus.

Scilla. Sirrha, your words are good, your thoughts are ill,

Each milke white haire amidst this mincing beard, Compard with milions of thy trecherous thoughts,

VVould change their hiew through vigor of thy hate.

But did not pitie make my furie thrall,

This fword should finish hate, thy life and all.

I pre thee Granius, how doth Marius?

Gran: As he that bydes a thrall to thee and fate, Liuing in hope as I and others doo,

450

To catch good fortune, and to croffe thee too.

Scilla: Both blunt and bold but too much Mother wit, To play with fier where furie streames about, Curtall your tale fond man cut of the rest:
But here I will dissemble for the best.

Granius: Scilla my yeares hath taught me to difcerne, Betwixt ambitious pride and Princely zeale.

And from thy youth these Peeres of Rome haue markt, A rash reuenging hammer in thy braine,
Thy tongue adornde with flowing eloquence,
And yet I see imprinted in thy browes,
A fortunate but froward gouernaunce.
And though thy riuall Marius mated late,
By backward working of his wretched fate
Is falne, yet Scilla marke what I haue seene
Euen here in Rome the Fencer Spectacus,
Hath bin as fortunate as thou thy selfe:
But when that Crassus sword assayed his crest,

Scilla: You saw in Rome this brawling sencer die, VVhen Spectacus by Crassus was subdewd: VVhy so, but sir I hope you will applie, And say like Spectacus that I shall die? Thus peeuish eld discoursing by a fire, Amidst their cups will prate how men aspire: Is this the greeting Romanes that you giue, Vnto the Patron of your Monarchie? Lucretius shall I play a prettie iest.

The feare of death did make him droope for woe.

Lucre: VVhat Scilla will, what Romane dare withstand?

Scilla: A briefe and pleasing answere by my head,

VVhy tell me Granius dost thou talke in sport?

Granius: No Scilla my discourse is resolute,

Not coynd to please thy fond and cursed thoughts:

For were my tongue betraide with pleasing words,

To feed the humors of thy haughty mind:

I rather wish the rot should roote it out.

Scilla

460

Scilla: The brauest brawler that I euer heard, But fouldiers fince I fee he is opprest VVith crooked choller, and our Artists teach, That fretting blood will prefle through opened veines, 490 Let him that hath the keenest sword arrest, The gray-beard and cut off his head in iest. Souldiers lay hands on Granius.

Granius: Is this the guerdon then of good aduise? Scilla: No but the meanes to make fond men more wife.

Tut I have wit, and carry warlike tooles, To charme the scolding prate of wanton fooles. Tell me of Fencers and a tale of Fate? No, Scilla thinkes of nothing but a state.

Granius: VVhy Scilla I am armd the worst to trie. 500 Scilla: I pray thee then Lucretius let him die.

Exeunt with Granius.

Beshrow me Lords but in this iolly vaine, Twere pitty but the prating foole were flaine: I feare me Pluto will be wroth with me, For to detaine fo graue a man as he.

Anthony: But seeke not Scilla in this quiet state, To worke reuenge vpon an aged man,

A fenator, a foueraigne of this towne.

Scilla: The more the Cedar climes the fooner downe, And did I thinke the prowdest man in Rome, VVould winch at that which I have wrought or done, I would and can controwle his infolence. VVhy fenators, is this the true reward, VVherewith you answere Princes for their paine, As when this fword hath made our Citie free,

A brauing mate should thus distemper mee? But Lepidus and fellow fenators,

I am refolude and will not brooke your taunts, VVho wrongeth Scilla, let him looke for stripes.

Marke Anthony: I but the milder passions show the man:

For as the leafe doth beautifie the tree,

The

The pleasant flowres bedecke the painted spring,
Euen so in men of greatest reach and powre,
A milde and piteous thought augments renowne:
Old Anthony did neuer see my Lord,
A swelling showre that did continue long,
A climing towre that did not tast the wind,
A wrathfull man not wasted with repent.
I speake of loue my Scilla, and of ioy
To see how fortune lends a pleasant gale,
Vnto the spreading sailes of thy desires:
And louing thee must counsaile thee withall,
For as by cutting fruitfull vines increase,
So faithfull counsailes workes a Princes peace.

Scilla: Thou hony talking father speake thy minde.

Scilla: Thou hony talking father speake thy minde. Anthony: My Scilla scarce those teares are dried vp,

That Romaine Matrons wept to fee this warre: Along the holy streets the hideous grones, Of murthered men infect the weeping aire: Thy foes are fled not ouertaken yet, And doubtfull is the hazard of this warre: Yea doubtfull is the hazard of this warre, For now our Legions draw their wastfull swords, To murther whom? Euen Romaine Citizens. To conquer whom? Euen Romaine Citizens. Then if that Scilla loue these Citizens, If care of Rome, if threat of forraine foes, If fruitfull counsailes of thy forward friends May take effect, goe fortunate and driue,

Our wary foes affaile our Citie walls.

Pompey: My long concealed thoughts Marke Anthony,
Must seeke discouerie through thy pliant words:
Beleeue me Scilla civill mutenies,
Must not obscure thy glories and our names:

Then fith that factious Marius is supprest,

Least while we dreame on civil mutenies,

The king of Pontus out of Asia,

Goe

530

540

Goe spread thy colours midst the Asian fields,		
Meane while my felfe will watch this Cities weale.		560
Scilla: Pompey I know thy loue, I marke thy w	ords,	
And Anthony thou hast a pleasing vaine,	1	
But senators I hammer in my head,		
VVith euery thought of honor some reuenge:		
Enter Lucretius with the head.		
Speake what shall Scilla be your Generall?		
Lepidus: We doo decree that Scilla shall be Gen-	erall.	
Scilla: And wish you Scillas weale and honour to		
Anthony: We wish both Scillas weale and honor	too.	
Scilla: Then take away the scandall of this state		570
Banish the name of Tribune out of towne,	•	,, -
Proclaime false Marius and his other friends.		
Foe men and traitors to the state of Rome,		
And I will wend and worke fo much by force,		
As I will master false Mithridates,		
Lepidus: The name of Tribune hath continued l	ong	
Scilla: So shall not Lepidus if he withstand me.	ong.	
Sirra you fee the head of Granius,		
VVatch you his hap vnlesse you change your word	le	
Pompey now please me Pompey graunt my sute.		5 8 o
Pompey: Lictors proclaime this our vndanted doc		, • •
we will that Marius and his wretched fonnes,	, inc,	
His friends Sulpitius, Claudius and the rest		
Beheld for traytors, and acquit the men		
That shall endanger there vnluckie lines, And henceforth Tribunes name and state shall cease		
	٠,	
Graue Senators how like you this decree?		
Lepidus: Euen as our Confulls wish, so let it be.		
Scilla: Then Lepidus all friends in faith for me,		<b>.</b>
So leaue I Rome to Pompey and my friends,		590
Refolud to manage those our Asian warres,		
Frolike braue Souldiers wee must foote it now,		
Lucretius you shall bide the brunt with me,		
Pompey farewell, and farewell Lepidus,	Moules	
C 2	Marke	

The true Tragedies of
Marke Anthony I leave thee to thy books,
Study for Rome and Scillas Royaltie.
But by my fword I wrong this graybeards head,
Goe firra place it on the Capitoll:
A iust promotion fit for Scillaes foe.
Lordings farewell, come fouldiers let vs goe.

Lordings farewell, come fouldiers let vs goe. Exit.

Pompey: Scilla farewell and happy be thy chaunce,

VVhose warre both Rome and Romaines must aduaunce.

Exeunt senators.

Enter the Magistrates of Minturnum with Marius very Act II melancholie, Lucius Fauorinus, Pausanius with some atten-sc. ii dants.

Pausanius: My Lord the course of your vnstaied fate,
Made weake through that your late vnhappie fight,
VVithdrawes our wills that faine would worke your weale:
For long experience and the change of times,
The innocent suppressions of the iust
In leaning to forsaken mens reliefe,
Doth make vs feare lest our vnhappie towne,
Should perish through the angrie Romaines sword.

Marius: Lords of Minturnum when I shapd my course,

To flie the danger of pursuing death,
I left my friends, and all alone attaind
(In hope of succors) to this little towne,
Relying on your curtesses and truth.
VVhat foolish feare doth then amaze you thus?

Fauorinus: O Marius, thou thy felf, thy fonne, thy friends, Are banished and exiles out of Rome, Proclaimd for traitors, reft of your estates, Adiudgde to death with certaine warrantize.

Should then fo small a towne my Lord as this, Hazard their fortunes to supplie your wants?

Marius: VVhy Citizens, and what is Marius? I tell you not fo base as to dispaire, Yea able to withstand ingratitudes.

Tell

Tell me of foolish lawes decreede at Rome, To please the angrie humors of my foe: Beleeue me Lords I know and am affurde, That magnanimitie can neuer feare, And fortitude so conquer silly sate, As Scilla when he hopes to haue my head, May hap ere long on sodaine lose his owne.

Pausanius: A hope beseeming Marius, but I feare,

Too strange to have a short and good event.

Marius: VVhy fir Pausanius haue not you beheld, Campania plaines fulfild with greater foes, Than is that wanton milke-sop natures scorne. Base minded men to liue in perfect hope, VVhose thoughts are shut within your cottage eues, Resuse not Marius that must fauour you: For these are parts of vnaduised men, VVith present seare to lose a perfect friend, That can, will, may controwle, commaund, subdue, That brauing boy that thus bewitcheth you.

Fauorinus: How gladly would we fuccour you my Lord,

But that we feare.

Marius: VVhat? the Moone-shine in the water.
Thou wretched stepdame of my fickle state,
Are these the guerdons of the greatest minds,
To make them hope and yet betray their hap,
To make them clime to ouerthrow them straight?
Accurst thy wreake, thy wrath, thy bale, thy wheele,
That makst me sigh the forrowes that I feele.
Vntroden paths my seete shall rather trace,
Than wrest my succours from inconstant hands.
Rebounding Rocks shall rather ring my ruth,
Than these Campanian piles where terrors bide.
And nature that hath list my throne so hie,
Shall witnes Marius triumphs if he die.
But shee that gaue the Lictors rod and axe,
To wait my fixe times Consulship in Rome,

 $C_3$ 

Will

660

630

The true Tragedies of will not purfue where erst she flattered so, Minturnum then farewell for I must goe, But thinke for to repent you of your no. Pausa: Nay stay my Lord and daine in private here, To waight a mellage of more better worth, 670 Your age and trauels must have some releefe, And be not wroth, for greater men than we Haue feared Rome and Romaine tirranie. Marius: You talke it now like men confirmde in faith, well let me trie the fruits of your discourse, For care my minde and paine my bodie wrongs. Paufanius: Then Fauorinus shut his Lordship vp, within some secret chamber in the state, Meane while we will confult to keepe him fafe, And worke fome fecret meanes for his supplie. 680 Marius: Be trustie Lords, if not I can but die. Exit Ma. Pausanius: Poore haples Romaine, little wottest thou, The wearie end of thine oppressed life. Lucius: Why my Paufanius, what imports these words? Pausanius: Oh Lucius age hath printed in my thoughts, A memorie of many troubles past, The greatest townes and Lords of Asia, Haue stood on tickle tearmes through simple truth, The Rhodian records well can witnes this. Then to preuent our meanes of ouerthrow, 690 Finde out fome stranger that may sodainely, Enter the chamber where as Marius lies, And cut him short, the present of whose head Shall make the Romaines praise vs for our truth, And Scilla prest to graunt vs priviledge. Lucius: A barbarous act to wrong the men that trust. Pausanius: In Countries cause in iustice proueth iust.

Lucius: A barbarous act to wrong the men that trust.

Pausanius: In Countries cause in instice proneth inst.

Come Lucius let not fillie thought of right,

Subject our Citie to the Romaines might:

For why you know in Marius onely end,

Rome will reward and Scilla will be frend,

Lncius.

Lucius: Yet all successions will vs discommend. Exeunt. Enter Marius the younger: Cethegus: Lectorius with other Act 11 Romaine Lords and souldiers. sc. iii

Young Marius: The wayward Ladie of this wicked world.

That leads in luckles triumph wretched men, My Romaine friends hath forced our defires, And framde our minds to brooke too base reliefe. VVhat land or Libian defert is vnfought. To finde my father Marius and your friend: Yea they whom true relent could neuer touch, These fierce Numidians hearing our mishaps, VVeepe flouds of mone to waile our wretched fates. Thus we that erst with terrors did attaint, The Bactrian bounds and in our Romaine warres, Enforst the barbarous borderers of the Alpes, To tremble with the terrors of our looks. Now flie poore men affrighted with our harmes, Seeking amidst the desert rocks and dens, For him that whilom in our Capitoll, Euen with a becke commaunded Asia. Thou wofull fonne of fuch a famous man, Vnsheath thy fword, conduct these warlike men To Rome, vnhappie Mistris of our harmes:

So die vndaunted, killing of thy foes, That were the offspring of these wretched woes. Lectorius: VVhy how now Marius, will you mate vs thus, That with content aduenture for your loue? VVhy Noble youth resolue your selfe on this,

That sonne and father both have friends in Rome: That seeke olde Marius rest and your reliefe.

And there fince tyrants powre hath thee opprest, And robd thee of thy father, friends and all,

Marius: Lectorius, friends are geason now adaies, And grow to fume before they talt the fire: Aduersities bereauing mans auailes, They flie like feathers dallying in the winde,

They

710

The true Tragedies of	
They rife like bubbles in a stormie raine,	
Swelling in words and flying faith and deedes.	
Cethegus: How fortunate art thou my louely Lord,	740
That in thy youth maist reape the fruits of age,	
And having loft occasions hold-fast now,	
Maist learne hereafter how to entertaine her well:	
But fodaine hopes doo fwarme about my hart,	
Be merry Romaines fee where from the Coast,	
A wearie messenger doth poast him fast.	
Enter Cinnas flaue with a letter inclosed posting in ha	A.
Lectorius: It should be Cinnas slaue or els I erre,	
For in his forhead I behold the scar,	
Wherewith he marketh still his barbarous swaines.	750
Marius: Oh stay him good Lectorius for me seem es	3
His great post hast some pleasure should present.	
Lectorius: Sirra art thou of Rome?	
Slaue: Perhaps Sir no?	
Lectorius: VVithout perhaps fay Sirra is it so?	
Slaue: This is Lectorius Marius friend I trow,	
Yet were I best to learne the certainetie,	
Lest some diffembling foes should me discry.	
Marius: Sirra leaue off this foolish dalliance,	
Lest with my sword I wake you from your trance.	760
slaue: Oh happie man, Oh labours well atchieude,	
How hath this chance my wearie lims reuiude:	
Oh Noble Marius, Oh Princelie Marius.	
Marius: what meanes this Pefant by his great reioic	
slaue: Oh worthy Romaine, many months have past	•
Since Cinna now the Conful and my Lord,	
Hath sent me forth to seeke thy friends and thee:	
All Libia with our Romaine Presidents,	
Numidia full of vnfrequented waies,	
These wearie limbs have troad to seeke you out,	770
And now occasion pitying of my paines,	
I late arriude vpon this wished shore,	
Found out aSailer borne in Capua,	31
Ί	`hat

That told me how your Lordship past this way. Marius: A happie labor worthie some reward. How fares thy mafter? whats the newes at Rome? Slave. Pull out the pike from off this iauelin top, And there are tidings for these Lords and thee. Marius: A pollicie beseeming Cynna well: Lectorius read, and breake these letters vp.

780

Letters. To his honourable frend Marius the yonger greeting.

REing Consull (for the welfare both of father and sonne, with other thy accomplices) I have under an honest policie since my instalment in the Consulship, caused all Scillas frends that were indifferent with the other neighbring Cities to reuolt: Octauius my fellow Consull with the rest of the Senate mistrusting me, and hearing how I sought to unite the old Citizens with the new, hath wrought much trouble, but to no effect. I hope the 790 Souldiers of Capua shall follow our faction, for Scilla hearing of these hurly-burlies is hasting homeward verie fortunate in his warres against Mithridates. And it is to be feared, that some of his frends here have certified him of my proceedings, and purpose to restore you. Cethegus and Lectorius I heare say are with you. Censorinus and Albinouanus will shortly visit you. Therefore hast and seeke out your father, who is now as I heare about Minturnum. Leuie what power you can with all expedition, Rome the 5. Kalends of December. and stay not.

### Your unfained frend, Cinna Consull.

800

Marius: Yea Fortune, shall yong Marius clime alost, Then woe to my repining foes in Rome, And if I liue (sweete Queene of change) thy shrines, Shall shine with beautie midst the Capitoll,

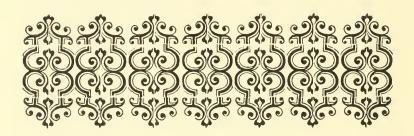
Lecto-

Lectorius, tell me what were best be done.

Lector: To fea my Lord, feeke your warlike Sire, Send backe this pefant with your full pretence, And thinke alreadie that our paines have end, Since Cynna with his followers is your frend.

Marius: Yea Romanes we will furrow through the fome Of swelling flouds, and to the facred Twins Make facrifice to shield our ships from stormes. Follow me Lords, come gentle messenger, Thou shalt have gold and glorie for thy paines. Exeunt.

Finis secundi Acti.



# Actus tertius. Scena prima.

Act III

810

Enter Cynna, Octauius, Anthonius, Lictors, Citizens.

Cyn: VPbraiding Senators bewitcht with wit,
That terme true iustice innovation:
You ministers of Scillas mad conceipts,
Will Confulls thinke you stoope to your controules?
These yonger Citizens, my fellow Lords,
Bound to maintaine both Marius and his sonne,

Craue

Craue but their due, and will be held as good For priviledge, as those of elder age: For they are men conformd to feats of armes, That have both wit and courage to commaund. These fauorites of Octavius, what with age 830 And palfies shake their iauelins in their hands, Like hartleffe men attainted all with feare: And should they then ouer-top the youth. No, nor this Confull, nor Marke Anrhonie, Shall make my followers faint, or loofe their right, But I will have them equall with the belt. M. An: Why then the Senates name (whose reuerent rule Hath blazd our vertues midit the Welterne Ile) Must be obscurde by Cynnas forced powre. O Citizens, are lawes of Countrey left? 840 Is instice banish from this Capitoll? Must we poore fathers see your trooping bands Enter the facred Synode of this state. Oh brutish fond presumptions of this age, Rome would the mischiefes might obscure my life. So I might counfaile Confulls to be wife. VVhy Countri-men wherein confilts this strite? Forfooth the yonger Citizens will rule, The old mens heads are dull and addle now:

And in elections youth will beare the fway?

O Cynna, fee I not the wofull fruits

Of these ambitious stratagems begun, Each flattring tongue that dallieth pretie words, Shall change our fortunes and our states at once. Had I ten thousand tongues to talke the care,

So manie eyes to weepe their wofull misse, So manie pennes to write these manie wrongs:

My pen your paines by reafons should approve

My pen your paines by reasons should approue.

Cynna: VVhy Anthonie, seale vp those sugred lips, For I will bring my purpose to effect.

D 2

Anth:

The true Tragedies of Anth: Doth Cynna like to interrupt me then? Cynna: I Cynna fir, will interrupt you now, I tell thee Marke, old Marius is at hand, The verie patron of this happie law, VVho will reuenge thy cunning eloquence. Ma. An: I talke not I to please or him or thee, But what I fpeake, I thinke and practife too: Twere better Scilla learnt to mend in Rome, 870 Than Marius come to tyrannize in Rome. Octa: Nay Marius shall not tyrannize in Rome. Old Citizens, as Scilla late ordaind, King Tullius lawes shall take their full effect, The best and aged men shall in their choice, Both beare the day and firme election. Cynna: Oh braue Octavius you will beard me then, The elder Confull and old Marius frend, And these Italian freemen must be wrongd. First shall the frute of all thine honors faile, And this my ponyard shall dispatch thy life. 880 Lepid. Such insolence was neuer seene in Rome: Nought wanteth here but name to make a King. Octa: Strike villaine if thou lift, for I am prest, To make as deepe a furrow in thy brest. Yong Cit: The yong mens voices shal prevaile my lords. Old Cit: And we will firme our honors by our blouds. Thunder. Anth: O false ambitious pride in yong and old: Old Cit: What shall we yeeld for this religious feare?

Anth: O falle ambitious pride in yong and old:

Harke how the heavens our follies hath contrould.

Old Cit: What shall we yeeld for this religious feare?

Anth: If not religious feare, what may represse

These wicked passions, wretched Citizens.

O Rome, poore Rome, vnmeet for these misseedes,

I see contempt of heavens will breed a crosse:

Sweete Cynna gouerne rage with reverence.

Thunder.

O fellow Citizens, be more aduisde.

Lepid.

Lepid. VVe charge you Confulls now diffolue the Court The Gods contemne this brawle and civill iarres.

Oct: We will submit our honors to their wills:

You ancient Citizens come follow mee.

Exit Octavius, with him Anthonie & Lepidus.

900

Act III sc. ii

920

930

Cynna: High Ioue himselse hath done too much for thee, Els should this blade abate thy royaltie.

VVell yong Italian Citizens take hart,
He is at hand that will maintaine your right:
That entring in these fatall gates of Rome,
Shall make them tremble that disturbe you now.
You of Preneste and of Formiæ,
VVith other neighbring Cities in Campania,

910
Prepare to entertaine and succor Marius.

Citizen: For him we liue, for him we meane to die. Exe.

### Enter old Marius with his keeper, & two fouldiers.

Marius: Haue these Minturnians then so cruelly,

Prefumd fo great iniustice gainst their frends?

Iailer: I Marius, all our Nobles haue decreed

To fend thy head a prefent vnto Rome.

Marius: A Tantals present it will proue my frend, VVhich with a little smarting stresse will end Old Marius life, when Rome it selfe at last, Shall rue my losse, and then reuenge my death.

But tell me Iailer, couldst thou be content, In being Marius for to brooke this wrong.

Tailer: The high estate your Lordship once did wield, The manie frends that fawnd when fortune smild, Your great promotions, and your mightie welth: These (were I Marius) would amate me so,

As losse of them would vexe me more than death.

Marius: Is Lordship then so great a blisse my frend?

Jailer: No title may compare with princely rule.

Marius: Are frends so faithfull pledges of delight?

D 3 Iailer

*Tailer:* VVhat better comforts than are faithfull frends? *Marius:* Is welth a meane to lengthen liues content? *Iai:* VV here great possessions bide, what care can tutch? Marius: These stales of fortune are the common plagues That still mislead the thoughts of simple men. The shepheard swaine that midst his country cote, Deludes his broken flumbers by his toyle, Thinkes Lordship sweete, where care with lordship dwels. The trustfull man that builds on trothles vowes, 940 VVhose simple thoughts are crost with scornfull naves, Together weepes the losse of welth and frend: So Lordship, frends, welth, spring and perish fast, VV here death alone yeelds happie life at last. O gentle gouernor of my contents, Thou facred chieftaine of our Capitoll, VVho in thy christall orbes with glorious gleames, Lendst lookes of pitie mixt with maiestie, See wofull Marius carefull for his fonne, Carelesse of lordship, welth or worldly meanes, 950 Content to liue, yet liuing still to die: VVhose nerues and veynes, whose sinewes by the sword Must loose their workings through distempering stroake: But yet whose minde in spight of fate and all, Shall liue by fame although the bodie fall. Tail: VVhy mourneth Marius this recurelesse chance? Mar: I pre thee Iailer wouldst thou gladly die? *Iail:* If needes, I would. Mar: Yet were you loath to trie.

Iail: VVhy noble Lord, when goods, frends, fortune faile 960

VVhat more than death might wofull man auaile?

Mar: VVho calls for death (my frend) for all his fcornes, VVith Aefops flaue will leaue his bush of thornes. But fince these traitrous Lords will haue my head, Their Lordships here vpon this homely bed, Shall finde me sleeping, breathing forth my breath, Till they their shame, and I my same attaine by death.

Liue

Liue gentle Marius to reuenge my wrong, And firrha fee they stay not ouer-long. For he that earst hath conquered kingdomes many, Disdaines in death to be subdude by anie.

970

980

He lies downe.

Enter Lucius Fauorinus, Pausanius, with Pedro a French-man.

*Iail:* The most vindanted words that euer were. The mightie thoughts of his imperious minde, Do wound my hart with terror and remorfe.

Paus: Tis desperate, not perfect noblenes.

For to a man that is preparde to die,

The heart should rent, the sleepe should leave the eye:

But fay Pedro, will you doo the deed?

*Pedr:* Mon monfieurs per la fang dieu, mee will make a trou fo large in ce belly, dat he fal cry hough come vne porceau. Featre de lay, il a true me fadre, hee kill my modre. Faith a my trote mon espee: fera le fay dun soldat, Sau, sau, Ieieuera, come il founta pary, me will make a spitch-cocke of his persona.

Fauor: If he have flaine thy father and thy frends, The greater honor shall betide the deed: For to revenge on righteous estimate, 990 Befeemes the honor of a French mans name.

Pedro: Mes messiers, de fault auoir argent, me no point

de argent, no point kill Marius.

Paus: Thou shalt have forty crowns, wil that content thee? Pedro: Quarante escus, per le pied de Madam, me giue more dan foure to se prettie damosele, dat haue le dulces tettinos, le leures cymbrines. Oh they be fines.

Fauorinus: Great is the hire and little is the paine, Make therefore quicke dispatch, and looke for gaine. See where he lies in drawing on his death,

VVhose eies by gentle slumber sealed vp. Present no dreadfull visions to his hart.

Pedro: Bien monsieur, le demourera content. Maries tu es mort. Speake dy preres in dy sleepe, for me fall cut off your head from your espaules before you wake. Qui es stia, what kinde a man be dis.

Fauor: VVhy what delaies are these, why gaze ye thus? Pedr: Nostre dame, Iesu estiene, oh my siniors der be a great diable in ce eies, qui dart de flame, and with de voice d'un beare, cries out, Villaine dare you kill Marius. Ie trem- 1010

ble: aida me finiors, autrement I shall be murdred.

Paul. VVhat fodaine madnes daunts this stranger thus? Pedro: Oh me no can kill Marius, me no dare kill Marius: adieu messiers, me be dead si ie touche Marius, Marius est vne diable. Iefu Maria faua moy. Exit fugiens.

Paul. VVhat furie haunts this wretch on fodaine thus?

Fauor: Ah my Paufanius I haue often heard,

That yonder Marius in his infancie

VVas borne to greater fortunes than we deeme:

For being scarce from out his cradle crept,

And sporting pretely with his compeeres,

On sodaine seuen yong Eagles soard amaine,

And kindly pearcht vpon his tender lap. His parents wondring at this strange euent,

Tooke counfaile of the Southsaiers in this,

VVho told them that these seuen-fold Eagles slight,

Forefigured his feuen times Confulship:

And we our felues (except bewitcht with pride)

Haue seene him fixe times in the Capitoll

Accompanyd with rods and axes too.

And some divine instinct so presseth mee,

That fore I tremble till I fet him free.

Pauf: The like affaults attaint my wandring minde. Seeing our bootleffe warre with matchleffe fate, Let vs intreat him to forfake our towne,

So shall we gaine a frend of Rome and him:

Marius

1020

Marius awaketh:

But marke how happely he doth awake.

Mar: What, breath I yet pore man, with mounting fighs Choaking the rivers of my restlesse eies?

Or is their rage restraind with matchlesse ruth?

See how amazd these angrie Lords behold

The poore confused lookes of wretched Marius.

Minturnians why delaies your headsman thus

To finish vp this ruthfull tragedie?

Fauorinus: Far be it Marius from our thoughts or hands

To wrong the man protected by the Gods: Liue happie (Marius) fo thou leaue our towne.

Marius: And must I wrestle once againe with fate?

Or will these Princes dally with mine age?

Pausan: No matchles Romane, thine approued minde

That earst hath altred our ambitious wrong Must flourish still, and we thy servants live To see thy glories like the swelling tides

Exceed the bounds of Fate and Romane rule.

Yet leave vs Lord, and seeke some safer shed, Where more secure thou maist prevent mishaps:

For great pursuits and troubles thee awaite.

Marius: Ye piteous powres that with successfull hopes, And gentle counsailes thwart my deepe dispaires:

Olde Marius to your mercies recommends His hap, his life, his hazard and his fonne.

Minturnians, I will hence, and you shall flie Occasions of those troubles you expect.

Dreame not on dangers that have faud my life: Lordings adieu, from walls to woods I wend,

To hills, dales, rockes, my wrong for to commend. Exit.

Fauor: Fortune vouchsafe thy manie cares to end. Exe.



### Actus tertius.

Act III sc. iii

Enter Scilla in triumph in his chare triumphant of gold, draw-1070 en by foure Moores, before the chariot: his colours, his creft, his captaines, his prisoners: Arcathius Mithridates son, Aristion, Archelaus, bearing crownes of gold, and manacled. After the chariot, his souldiers bands, Basillus, Lucretius, Lucullus: besides prisoners of divers Nations, and sundry disguises.

Cilla: You men of Rome, my fellow mates in Armes, OVVhose three yeares prowesse, pollicie, and warre, One hundreth three score thousand men at Armes Hath ouerthrowne and murthered in the field: VVhose valours to the Empire hath restorde, All Grecia, Afia, and Ionia. VVith Macedonia subject to our foe: You see the froward customes of our state, VVho measuring not our many toiles abroad, Sit in their Cells imagining our harmes, Replenishing our Romaine friends with feare. Yea, Scilla worthy friends, whose fortunes, toiles, And stratagems these strangers may report, Is by false Cynna and his factious friends. Reuilde, condemnde, and crost without a cause. Yea (Romaines) Marius must returne to Rome, Of purpose to vpbraid your Generall. But this vindaunted minde that neuer droopt: This forward bodie formd to fuffer toile, Shall halt to Rome where euerie foe shall rue, The rash disgrace both of my selfe and you:

1080

1090

Lu.

Lucretius: And may it be that those seditious braines,

Imagine these presumptuous purposes?

Scilla: And may it be? why man and wilt thou doubt,

VVhere Scilla daines these dangers to auerre?

Sirrha except not so, misdoubt not so,

See here Ancharius letters reade the lines,

And fay Lucretius that I fauour thee, That darest but suspect thy Generall.

Read the letters and deliuer them.

Lucr: The case conceald hath moued the more misdoubt,

Yet pardon my presumptions worthy Scilla,

That to my griefe haue read these hideous harmes.

Scilla: Tut my Lucretius, fortunes ball is tost,

To forme the storie of my fatall powre:

Rome shall repent, babe, mother, shall repent,

Aire weeping clowdie forrowes shall repent, vvind breathing many sighings shall repent

To fee those stormes concealed in my brest,

Reflect the hideous flames of their vnrest:

But words are vaine, and cannot quell our wrongs,

Briefe periods ferue for them that needs must post it.

Lucullus fince occasion calls me hence,

And all our Romaine fenate thinke it meete,

That thou purfue the warres I have begun,

As by their letters I am certified,

I leave thee Fimbrias Legions to conduct,

vvith this prouifo, that in ruling still,

You thinke on Scilla and his curtesies.

Lucullus: The waightie charge of this continued warre,

Though strange it seeme, and ouer great to wield,

I will accept if so the Armie please.

Souldiers: Happie & fortunate be Lucullus our Generall.

Scilla: If he be Scillas friend, els not at all:

For otherwife the man were ill bested,

That gaining glories straight should lose his head.

But fouldiers fince I needly must to Rome,

Bafillus

CIII

1120

E 2

Bafillus vertues shall have recompence. Lo here the wreath Valerius for thy paines, VVho first didst enter Archilous trench: This pledge of vertue sirrha shall approue, Thy vertues, and confirme me in thy loue.

Basillus: Happie be Scilla, if no foe to Rome.

Scilla: I like no iffs from such a simple groome,

I will be happie in despite of state,
And why? because I neuer feared fate.
But come Arcathius for your fathers sake,
Enioyne your fellow Princes to their taskes,
And helpe to succour these my wearie bones.
Tut blush not man, a greater state than thou,
Shall pleasure Scilla in more baser fort.
Aristion is a iolly timberd man,
Fit to conduct the chariot of a King.

VVhy be not fqueamish, for it shall goe hard, But I will give you all a great reward.

Arcath: Humbled by fate like wretched men we yeeld

Scilla: Arcathius these are fortunes of the field. Beleeue me these braue Captyues draw by art, And I will thinke vpon their good desart. But stay you strangers, and respect my words. Fond hartles men, what folly haue I seene: For feare of death can Princes entertaine Such bastard thoughts, that now from glorious armes Vouchsafe to draw like oxen in a plough. Arcathius I am sure Mithridates

VVill hardly brooke the fcandall of his name:

Twere better in Picæo to haue died

Aristion, than amidst our legions thus to draw.

Aristion: I tell thee Scilla, captiues haue no choice,

And death is dreadfull to a caytiue man.

Scilla: In such imperfect mettals as is yours. But Romanes that are still allurde by fame, Chuse rather death than blemish of their name,

1140

1150

1160

But

But I have hast, and therefore will reward you.

Goe fouldiers, with as quicke dispatch as may be,
Hasten their death, and bring them to their end,
And say in this that Scilla is your frend.

Arcathius: Oh ransome thou our lives sweet conqueror.

Scilla: Fie foolish men, why slie you happines,
Desire you still to lead a servile life.
Dare you not buy delights with little paines.

VVell, for thy fathers sake Arcathius,
I will preferre thy triumphs with the rest.

Goe take them hence, and when we meete in hell, Then tell me Princes if I did not well.

Exeunt milites.

1180

Lucullus, thus these mightie foes are downe, Now striue thou for the king of Pontus crowne. I will to Rome, goe thou, and with thy traine, Pursue Mithridates till he be slaine.

Lucul: VVith fortunes help, go calme thy countries woes VVhilft I with these seeke out our mightie foes:

# Enter Marius solus from the Numidian mountaines, Act III feeding on rootes.

Mar: pat: Thou that hast walkt with troops of flocking
Now wandrest midst the laborynth of woes, (frends,
Thy best repast with manie sighing ends,
And none but fortune all these mischieses knowes.
Like to these stretching mountaines clad with snow,
No sun-shine of content my thoughts approcheth:
High spyre their tops, my hopes no height do know,
But mount so high as time their tract reprocheth:
They finde their spring, where winter wrongs my minde:
They weepe their brookes, I wast my cheekes with teares.
They weepe their brookes, I wast my cheekes with teares.

Yet high as they my thoughts some hopes would borrow,

E 3

But

But when I count the euening end with forrow. Death in Minturnum threatned Marius head, Hunger in these Numidian mountaines dwells: Thus with prevention having mischiefe fled, Old Marius findes a world of manie hells. Such as poore simple wits have oft repinde, But I will quell by vertues of the minde. 1210 Long yeres miffpent in manie luckles chances, Thoughts full of wroth, yet little worth fucceeding, These are the meanes for those whom fate aduances: But I, whose wounds are fresh, my hart still bleeding, Liues to intreate this bleffed boone from fate, That I might die with griefe to liue in state. Sixe hundreth fonnes with folitarie walkes, I still have fought for to delude my paine, And frendly Eccho answering to my talkes, Rebounds the accent of my ruth againe: 1220 She (curteous Nymph) the wofull Romane pleafeth, Els no conforts but beafts my paines appeafeth. Each day she answeres, in your neighbring mountaine, I doo expect reporting of my forrow, Whilst lifting vp her lockes from out the fountaine, She answereth to my questions even and morrow: Whose sweete rebounds my forrowes to remoue, To please my thoughts I meane for to approue. Sweet Nymph draw nere thou kind & gentle Eccho. Eccho. VVhat help to ease my wearie paines haue I? 1. 1230 VVhat comfort in diffres to calme my griefes? griefes. Sweet Nymph these griefes are growne before I thought so? I thought fo. Thus Marius liues disdaind of all the Gods. O ods. VVith deepe dispaire late ouertaken wholy. Oly.

Thus Marius liues distaind of all the Gods.

VVith deepe dispaire late ouertaken wholy.

And wil the heavns be neuer wel appeased?

VVhat meane haue they left me to cure my smart?

Nought better fits old Marius mind then war.

Then full of hope say Eccho, shall I goe?

goe.

Is

Is anie better fortune then at hand.

Then farewell Eccho, gentle Nymph farewel.

Oh pleasing folly to a pensiue man.

VVell I will rest fast by this shadie tree.

VVaiting the end that fate allotteth mee.

fat hand. 1240

farewell.

fat downe.

### Enter Marius the sonne, Albinouanus, Cethegus, Lectorius, with souldiers.

Marius: My countrimen and fauorites of Rome, This melancholy defart where we meete, Refembleth well yong Marius restles thoughts. Here dreadfull filence, folitarie caues, 1250 No chirping birds with folace finging fweetlie, Are harbored for delight: but from the oake Leaueles and faples through decaying age, The scritch-owle chants her fatall boding layes. VVithin my breft, care, danger, forrow dwells, Hope and reuenge lit hammering in my hart, The balefull babes of angrie Nemesis Dispearse their furious fires vpon my soule. Lector: Fie Marius, are you discontented still, VVhen as occasion fauoreth your defire? 1260 Are not these noble Romanes come from Rome? Hath not the state recald your father home? Marius: And what of this, what profit may I reape, That want my father to conduct vs home. Lector: My Lord, take hart, no doubt this stormie flawc That Neptune fent to cast vs on this shore. Shall end these discontentments at the last. Mar: pat: VVhom fee mine eyes, what is not you my fon? Mar: iu: vvhat folitarie father walketh there? Mar: pa: It is my fonne, these are my frends I see: 1270

vvhat haue forepining cares, fo changed mee?
Or are my lookes, diftempred through the paines

And agonies that iffue from my hart?

Fie

Fie Marius, frolicke man, thou must to Rome,

There to reuenge thy wrongs and waight thy tombe.

Marius iu: Now fortune frowne, & palter if thou please, Romanes behold my father and your frend. Oh father.

Marius pa: Marius thou art fitly met:

Albinouanus and my other frends,

VVhat newes at Rome? what fortune brought you hither?

Albino: My Lord, the Confull Cynna hath restord

The doubtfull course of your betrayed state,

And waits you pr resent swift approch to Rome,

Your foe man Scilla poasteth verie fast,

VVith good successe from Pontus to preuent

Your speedie entrance into Italy.

The neighbring Cities are your verie frends,

Nought rests my Lord, but you depart from hence.

Mar: iu: How manie desart waies hath Marius sought, 1290

How manie Cities haue I visited,

To finde my father and releeue his wants?

Marius pat: My sonne, I quite thy trauells with my loue,

And Lords and Citizens we will to Rome,

And ioyne with Cynna haue your shipping here?

VVhat are these souldiers bent to die with mee?

Soul: Content to pledge our liues for Marius.

Lect: My Lord, here in the next adioyning port,

Our ships are rigd and readie for to faile.

Marius pa: Then let vs saile vnto Hetruria,

And cause our frends the Germanes to reuolt, And get some Tuscans to increase our power.

Deferts farewell come Romanes let vs goe,

A scourge for Rome that hath deprest vs so.

Exeunt.

1300

1280



Actus

## 

# Actus quartus. Scena prima.

Act IV

Enter Marke Anthonie, Lepidus, Octavius, Flaccus, Senators.

Octa. That helpes my Lords to ouerhale these cares? What meanes or motions may these mischiefs You fee how Cynna that should succor Rome, (end? 1310 Hath leuied armes to bring a traitor in. O worthleffe traitor, woe to thine and thee, That thus disquieteth both Rome and vs, Anth: Octavius these are scourges for our sinnes, These are but ministers to heape our plagues: These mutinies are gentle meanes and waies, VVhereby the heavns our heavie errors charmes. Then with content and humbled eyes behold The christall shining globe of glorious Ioue: And fince we perish through our owne misdeedes 1320

Go let vs flourish in our frutefull praiers.

Lepid: Midst these confusions mighty men of Rome, VVhy wast we out these troubles all in words, VVeepe not your harmes, but wend we straight to armes, Loe Distia spoyld, see Marius at our gate:

And shall we die like milksops dreaming thus? Octa: A bootles warre to fee our countrey spoild.

Lep: Fruteles is dalliance whereas dangers bee.

Anth: My Lord, may courage wait on conquered men? Lep: I euen in death most courage doth appeare.

Octa: Then waiting death I meane to feate me here, Hoping that Confulls name and feare of lawes, Shall iustifie my conscience and my cause.

Enter a messenger.

Now

Now firrha, what confused lookes are these, VVhat tidings bringest thou of dreriment?

Messen: My Lords, the Consull Cynna with his frends

Haue let in Marius by Via Appia,

VV hofe fouldiers walt and murther all they meete,

VVho with the Confull and his other frends

VVith expedition hasteth to this place.

Anth: Then to the downfall of my happines,

Then to the ruine of this Citie Rome.

But if mine inward ruth were laid in fight,

My streames of teares should drowne my foes despight.

Octa: Courage Lord Anthony, if Fortune please, She will and can these troubles soone appease. But if her backward frownes approach vs nie,

Resolue with vs with honor for to die.

Lep: No storme of fate shall bring my forrowes downe, 1350 But if that Fortune list, why let her frowne.

Anth: VVhere state's opprest by cruell tyrants bee, Old Anthony, there is no place for thee.

Drum strike within:

Harke, by this thundring noyse of threatning drums, Marius with all his faction hether comes.

Enter Marius, his Sonne, Cynna, Cethegus, Lectorius with fouldiers: upon sight of whom Marke Anthony prefently flies.

Octa: Then like a traitor he shall know ere long,

In leuying armes he doth his countrey wrong.

Marius pa: And have we got the goale of honor now,

And in despight of Consulls entred Rome?

Then rouze thee Marius, leave thy ruthfull thoughts:

And for thy manie toiles and cares sustained, Afflict thy soes with twice as many paines.

Goe fouldiers feeke out Bebius and his frends,

Attilius, Munitorius with the rest,

Cut off their heads, for they did croffe me once:

And if your care can compasse my decree,

Remem 1370

1340

Remember that same fugitive Marke Anthony, VVhose fatall end shall be my frutefull peace. I tell thee Cynna, nature armeth beafts With iust reuenge, and lendeth in their kindes Sufficient warlike weapons of defence: If then by nature beafts reuenge their wrong, Both heauens and nature grant me vengeance now. Yet whilst I liue and sucke this subtill aire That lendeth breathing coolenes to my lights, The register of all thy righteous acts, Thy paines, thy toiles, thy trauells for my fake, Shall dwell by kinde impressions in my hart, And I with linkes of true vnfained lone VVill locke these Romane favorites in my brest, And liue to hazard life for their releefe.

Cyn: My Lord, your fafe and swift returne to Rome, Makes Cynna fortunate and well appaid, Who through the false suggestions of my foes, VVas made a coffer of a Confull here: Lo where he fits commanding in his throue, That wronged Marius, me, and all these Lords.

Mar: iu: To quite his loue, Cynna let me alone. How fare these Lords that lumping pouting proud Imagine how to quell me with their lookes. No welcome firs, is Marius thought fo base? VVhy Itand you looking babies in my face? VVho welcomes mee, him Marius makes his frend: VVho lowres on mee, him Marius meanes to end.

Flaccus: Happie and fortunate thy returne to Rome. Lepidus: And long Marius liue with fame in Rome. Marius: I thanke you curteous Lords that are so kinde. Mar: iu: But why endures your Grace that brauing mate To fit and face vs in his roabes of state.

Mar: pa: My sonne he is a Consull at the least, And grauitie becomes Octavius best.

1380

The true Tragedies of	
But Cynna would in yonder emptie feat,	
You would for Marius freedome once intreate.	
Cynna presseth vp, and Octavius staieth him.	
Octa: Auant thou traitor, proud and insolent,	
How darest thou presse nere civill government.	1410
Mar: VVhy Master Consull, are you growne so hot?	
Ile haue a present cooling card for you.	
Be therefore well aduifde, and moue me not:	
For though by you I was exilde from Rome,	
And in the defart from a Princes feate	
Left to bewaile ingratitudes of Rome.	
Though I have knowne your thirstie throates have longd	
To baine their felues in my distilling blood.	
Yet Marius Sirs, hath pitie ioynd with powre:	
Loe here the Imperial Ensigne which I wield,	1420
That waueth mercie to my wishers well:	
And more see here the dangerous trote of warre,	
That at the point is steeld with ghastly death.	
Octa: Thou exile, threatnest thou a Consull then?	
Lictors, goe draw him hence: fuch brauing mates,	
Are not to boast their armes in quiet states.	
Marius: Go draw me hence. VVhat no relent Octavius?	
Mar: iu: My Lord what hart indurate with reuenge,	
Could leave this loffell, threatning murther thus?	
Vouchsafe me leave to taint that traitors seate	143
VVith flowing streames of his contagious blood.	
Octa: The fathers sonne, I know him by his talke,	
That fcolds in words when fingers cannot walke.	
But Ioue I hope will one day fend to Rome	
The bleffed Patron of this Monarchie,	
VVho will reuenge iniustice by his sword.	
Cynna: Such brauing hopes, fuch curfed arguments,	
So Itrict command, fuch arrogant controwles.	
Suffer me Marius, that am Confull now,	
To doo thee iustice, and confound the wretch.	144
Mar: pat: Cynna, you know I am a private man,	
That	

That still submit my censures to your will.

Cynna: Then fouldiers draw this traitor from the throne,

And let him die, for Cynna wills it fo.

Mar: iu: I now my Cynna, noble Confull speakes,

Octavius, your checkes shall cost you deare.

Octa: And let me die for Cynna wills it so?

Is then the reuerence of this robe contemnnd?

Are these affociates of so small regard?

VVhy then Octavius willingly consents,

To entertaine the sentence of his death.

But let the proudest traitor worke his will,

I feare no strokes, but here will sit me still.

Since iustice sleepes, since tyrants raigne in Rome,

octavius longs for death to die for Rome.

Cyn: Then strike him where he sits, then hale him hence.

A souldier stabs him, he is caried away.

Octa: Heauens punish Cynnas pride and thy offence.

Cynna: Now is he falme that threatned Marius,

Now will I fit and plead for Marius.

Mar: pat: Thou doost me iustice Cynna, for you see

These peeres of Rome have late exiled mee.

Lepid: Your Lordship doth iniustice to accuse

Those who in your behalfe did not offend.

Flace. VVe grieue to fee the aged Marius

Stand like a private man in view of Rome.

Cyn: Then bid him sit, and loe an emptie place,

Reuoke his exile, firme his gouernment,

And so preuent your farther detriment.

Lepid: VVe will accompt both Marius and his frends, 1470

His sonne and all his followers free in Rome:

And fince we see the dangerous times at hand,

And here of Scillas confidence and hast,

And know his hate and rancor to these Lords,

And him create for Confull to preuent

The policies of Scilla and his frends.

Cyn: Then both confirmd by state and full consent,

F 3

That

1450

The true Tragedies of	
The rods and axe to Marius I present,	
And here inuest thee with the Consuls pall.	
Flaceus. I and fortunate and hannie life heride	1480
Flaccus: Long, fortunate and happie life betide	1400
Old Marius in his feuenfold Confulship.	
Mar: iu: And fo let Marius liue and gouerne Rome,	
As cursed Scilla neuer looke on Rome.	
Marius pat: Then placde in Consuls throne, you Romane	
He takes his seate. (states	
Recald from banishment by your decrees,	
Enstald in this imperial feate to rule,	
Old Marius thankes his frends and fauorites:	
From whom this finall fauor he requires,	
That feeing Scilla by his murthrous blade	1490
Brought fierce feditions first to head in Rome,	. 17-
And forced lawes to banish innocents:	
I craue by course of reason and desert,	
That he may be proclaimd as earst was I,	
A traitor and an enemie of Rome:	
Let all his frends be banisht out of towne:	
Then cutting off the branch where troubles spring,	
Rome shall have peace and plentie in her walls.	
Cynn: In equitie it needes must be my frends,	
That one be guiltie of our common harmes:	1500
And fince that Marius is accounted free,	
Scilla with all his frends must traitors bee.	
Mar: iu: My fathers reasons Romanes are of force:	
For if you fee and liue not too fecure,	
You know that in fo great a state as this,	
Two mightie foes can neuer well agree.	
Lepid: Then let vs feeke to please our Consull first,	
And then prepare to keep the exile out.	
Cynna, as Marius and these Lords agree,	
Firme this Edict, and let it passe for mee.	1510
Cynnn: Then Romanes, in the name of all this state,	
I here proclaime and publishthis decree:	
That Scilla with his frends, allies and all,	
Are	

Are banisht exiles, traitors vnto Rome.

And to extinguish both his name and state,

VVe will his house be raced to the ground,

His goods confiscate: this our censures is.

Lictors proclaime this in the market place,

And see it amounted out of hand

And fee it executed out of hand. Exit Lictor.

Mar: pat: Now fee I Senators, the thought, the care, 1520

Mar: pat: Now fee I Senators, the thought, the care, The vertuous zeale that leads your toward mindes, To loue your frends and watch your common good: And now establish Consull in this place, Old Marius will foresee aduenient harmes: Scilla the fcourge of Asia as we heare Is prest to enter Italie with sword, He comes in pompe to triumph here in Rome, But Senators you know the wavering wills, Of foolish men I meane the common fort, VVho through report of innovations, Or flattering humors of well tempred tongues, VVill change and draw a fecond mischiefe on: I like your care, and will my felfe apply To aime and leuell at my countries weale. To intercept these errors by aduice, My sonne yong Marius, Cethegus and my frends, Shall to Prenefte to preuent and stop The speedie purpose of our forward foe. Meane while ourselves will fortifie this towne, This beautie of the world, this maiden towne, VVhere streaming Tybris with a pleasant tyde, Leads out the stately buildings of the world. Marius my hope, my fonne, you know your charge, Take those Iberian legions in your traine, And we will spare some Cymbrians to your vse, Remember thou art Marius sonne, and dreame On nought but honor and a happie death.

Mar: iu: I go my Lord in hope to make the world

Report my feruice, and my dutie too,

And

1530

The true Tragedies of	
And that proud challenger of Asia,	1550
Shall finde that Marius fonne hath force and wit.	
Exit cum Cethego.	
Marius pat: Goe thou as fortunate as Greekes to Troy,	
As glorious as Alcides in thy toiles,	
As happie as Sertorius in thy fight,	
As valiant as Achilles in thy might.	
Go glorious, valiant, happie, fortunate,	
As all those Greekes and him of Romane state.	
Enter led in with souldiers Cornelia and Fuluia.	
Corn: Traitors why drag you thus a Princes wife,	1560
As if that beautie were a thrall to fate.	
Are Romanes growen more barbarous than Greekes,	
That hale more greater than Cassandra now?	
The Macedonian Monarch was more kinde,	
That honored and relieud in warlike campe	
Darius mother, daughters and his wife,	
But you vnkinde to Romane Ladies now,	
Perhaps as constant as the Asian Queenes,	
For they subdude had frendship in disgrace,	
VV here we vnconquered liue in wofull cafe.	1570
Mar: VV hat plaintiffe pleas presents that Ladie there?	
VVhy fouldiers, make you prisners here in Rome?	
1 Soul: Dread Confulls, we have found Cornelia here,	
And Scillas daughter posting out of towne.	
Marius: Ladies of worth, both beautifull and wife,	
But nere allied vnto my greatest foe:	
Yet Marius minde that neuer ment disgrace,	
More likes their courage than their comely face.	
Are you Cornelia Madame, Scillas wife?	
Corn: I am Cornelia Scillas wife: what then?	1580
Marius: And is this Fuluia Scillas daughter too?	
Fuluia: And this is Fuluia Scillas daughter too.	
Mar: pat: Two welcome guests, in whom the maiestie	
of my conceit and courage must consist:	
VVhat thinke you Senators and countrimen?	

See

Marius and Scille	Ma	rius	and	Scilla
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See here are two the fairest starres of Rome, The deerest dainties of my warlike soe, Whose lives your confists

VVhose liues vpon your censures doo consist.

Lepid: Dread Confull the continuance of their liues,

Shall egge on Scilla to a greater haft. And in bereauing of their vitall breath,

Your grace shall force more furie from your foe:

Of these extreames we leave the choice to you.

Mar: Then thinke that some strange fortune shall insue.

Ful: Poore Fuluia, now thy happie daies are done,

In steed of marriage pompe, the satall lights

Of funeralls must maske about thy bed.

Nor shall thy fathers arms with kinde embrace Hem in thy shoulders trembling now for feare.

I see in Marius lookes such tragedies,

As feare my hart, and fountaines fills mine eyes.

Corn: Fie Fuluia, shall thy fathers daughter faint

Before the threats of dangers shall approach? Drie vp those teares, and like a Romane maid,

Be bold and filent till our foe haue faid.

Marius: Cornelia wife vnto my traitor foe? VVhat gadding mood hath forst thy speedie flight, To leave thy country, and forsake thy frends?

Corn: Accurfed Marius, off-spring of my paines,

VVhose furious wrath hath wrought thy countries woe: 1610

VVhat may remaine for me or mine in Rome,

That see the tokens of thy tyrannies?

Vile monster, robd of vertue, what reuenge

Is this, to wreake thine anger on the walls?

To race our house, to banish all our frends,

To kill the rest, and captive vs at last?

Thinkst thou by barbarous deedes to boast thy state,

Or spoyling Scilla to depresse his hate? No Marius, but for euerie drop of blood

And inch of wrong he shall returne thee two.

Flaccus: Madame, in danger wisedome doth aduise,

In

1620

1590

1600

G

The true Tragedies of In humble termes to reconcile our foes. Marius: She is a woman Flaccus, let her talke, That breath forth bitter words in steed of blowes. Corn: And in regard of that immodest man, Thou shouldst desist from outrage and revenge. Lect: VVhat, can your Grace indure these cursed scoffs? Mar: VVhy my Lectorius, I haue euer learnt, That Ladies cannot wrong me with vpbraids. Then let her talke, and my concealed hate, 1630 Shall heap reuengement vpon Scillas pate. Fulu: Let feauers first afflict thy feeble age, Let palsies make thy stubborne fingers faint, Let humors streaming from thy moystned braines With cloudes of dymnes choake thy fretfull eyes, Before these monstrous harmes assaile my syre. Mar: Byr Ladie Fuluia, you are gaily red, Your mother well may boalt you for her owne, For both of you have words and scoffs at will: And fince I like the compasse of your wit, 1640 My selfe will stand, and Ladies you shall sit: And if you please to wade in farther words, Lets fee what brawles your memories affords. Corn: Your Lordships passing mannerly in iest, But that you may perceive we smell your drift, VVe both will fit and countenance your shift. Mar: VVhere constancie and beautie doo consort, There Ladies threatnings turnd to merry fport.

How fare these beautifull, what well at ease? Ful: As readie as at first for to displease.

For full confirmd that we shall surely die, VVe wait our ends with Romane constancie.

Mar: why think you Marius hath confirmd your death? Ful: VVhat other frute may spring from tyrants hands? Mar: In faith then Ladies, thus the matter stands,

Since you mistake my loue and curtesie, Prepare your felues, for you shall furely die.

Corn:

Cornel: I Marius, now I know thou dost not lie:
And that thou maist vnto thy lasting blame,
Extinguish in our deaths thy wished fame.

Grant vs this boone that making choice of death,
VVe may be freed from furie of thine yre.

Marius: An easie boon, Ladies I condiscend.

Corn: Then suffer vs in private chamber close
To meditate a day or two alone:
And tyrant if thou finde vs living then,
Commit vs straight vnto thy slaughtring men.

Marius: Ladies I grant, for Marius nill denie,
A sute so easie, and of such import:
For pitie were that Dames of constancie,

Here he whispers Lectorius.

Should not be agents of their miserie.

Lectorius, harke, dispatch. Exit. Lector.

Corn: Loe Fuluia, now the latest doome is fixt,

And naught remaines but constant Romane harts,

To beare the brunt of yrksome suries spight,

Rouse thee my deare, and daunt those faint conceipts,

That trembling stand agast at bitter death:

Bethinke thee now that Scilla was thy syre,

VVhose courage heauen nor fortune could abate.

Then like the off-spring of sierce Scillas house,

Passe with the thrice renowmed Phrigian Dame,

As to thy marriage, so vnto thy death:

For nought to wretches is more sweete than death.

Ful: Madam confirmed as well to die as liue,

Fuluia awaiteth nothing but her death.
Yet had my father knowne the course of change,
Or seene our losse by luckie augurie,
Thys tyrant nor hys followers had liued,
To ioy the ruine of sierce Scillas house.

Mar: But Ladie, they that dwell on fortunes call, No sooner rife, but subject are to fall.

Ful: Marius I doubt not but our constant endes,

Shall

Shall make thee waile thy tyrants gouernment.

Marius: VVhen tyrants rule doth breed my care & woe

Then will I fay two Ladies told me fo.

But here comes Lectorius,

Now my Lord, haue you brought those things.

Lector: I haue noble Confull.

Mar: Now Ladies, you are resolute to die.

Corn: I Marius, for terror cannot daunt vs:

Tortors were framde to dread the baser eie,

And not t'appall a princely maiestie.

Than Rome or rule of Romane Emperie.

Marius: And Marius liues to triumph ore his foes, That traine where warlike troopes amidst the plaines, And are inclosed and hemd with shining armes, Not to appall such princely Maiestie. Vertue sweete Ladies is of more regard In Marius minde where honor is inthronde,

Here he puts chaines about their neckes:

The bands that should combine your snow white wrests, Are these which shall adorne your milke white neckes: The private cells where you shall end your lives, Is Italy, is Europe, nay the world: Th'Euxinian sea, and sierce Sicilian Gulph, The river Ganges and Hydaspis streame, Shall levell lye, and smoothe as christall yee:

VVhilst Fuluia and Cornelia passe thereon: The souldiers that should guard you to your deaths,

Shall be fiue thousand gallant youths of Rome,
In purple roabes crosse bard with pales of gold,
Mounted on warlike coursers for the field,
Fet from the mountaine tops of Cortia,
Or bred in hills of bright Sardinia,

VVho shall conduct and bring you to your Lord, I vnto Scilla Ladies shall you goe,

And tell him Marius holds within his hands, Honor for Ladies, for Ladies rich reward,

But

1700

1710

But as for Silla and for his compeeres
VVho dare gainst Marius vaunt their golden crests,
Tell him for them old Marius holds reuenge,
And in his hands both triumphs life and death.

Corn: Doth Marius vse with glorious words to iest, And mocke his captiues with these glosing tearmes?

Mar: No Ladies, Marius hath fought for honour with his And holds disdaine to triumph in your fals. (fword, Liue Cornelia, liue faire and fairest Fuluia: If you haue done or wrought me iniurie, Scilla shall pay it through his miserie.

Fuluia: So gratious (famous Confull) are thy words, That Rome and we shall celebrate thy worth,

And Scilla shall confesse himselfe orecome.

Corn: If Ladies praiers or teares may mooue the heauens, Scilla shall vow himselfe old Marius frend.

Mar: Ladies for that I nought at all regard, Scilla's my foe, Ile triumph ouer him, For other conquest glorie doth not win. Therefore come on, that I may send you vnto Scilla. Exeunt 1749

# Enteraclownedrunke with a pint of wine in his hand, and Act IV two or three souldiers.

1 foul: Sirrha, dally not with vs, you know where he is. Clowne: O fir, a quart is a quart in any mans purse, and drinke is drinke, and can my master liue without his drinke I pray you?

2 foul: You have a master then sirrha?

Clowne: Haue I master thou scondrell? I haue an Orator to my master, a wise man to my master. But sellowes, I must make a parenthesis of this pint pot, for words make men dry: now by my troth I drinke to Lord Anthonie.

3 foul: Fellow fouldiers, the weaknes of his braine hath made his tongue walke largely, we shall have some nouelties

by and by.

Clowne:

1730

Clowne: Oh most surpassing wine, thou marow of the vine,
More welcome vnto me, than whips to schollers bee,
Thou art and euer was a meanes to mend an asse,
Thou makest some to sleep, and manie mo to weep,
And some be glad & merry, with heigh down derry, derry.
Thou makest some to stumble, and many mo to sumble:
And me haue pinkie nine, more braue and iolly wine: (ho. 1770
VVhat need I praise thee mo, for thou art good with heigh

3 Joul: If wine then be so good, I pree thee for thy part, Tell vs where Lord Anthony is, & thou shalt have a quart.

Clow. First shal the snow be black, & pepper losehis smack And stripes for sake my backe, first merrie drunke with sack, I will go boast and tracke, and all your costards cracke, Before I doo the knacke shall make me sing alacke: Alacke the old man is wearie, for wine hath made him mer-

(rie: with a heigh ho.

1 foul: I pre thee leave these rymes, and tell vs where thy 1780 master is.

Clown: Faith where you shall not bee vnles ye goe with mee. But shall I tell them so? O no sir, no, no, no, the man hath manie a foe, as farre as I doo know: you doo not flout me I trow. See how this licor sumes, & how my force presumes. You would know where Lord Anthonie is? I perceiue you. Shall I say he is in yond farme house? I deceiue you. Shall I tell you this wine is for him? the gods forsend, and so I end. Go fellow sighters theres a bob for ye.

2 foul: My masters, let vs follow this clowne, for que- 1790 stionles this graue orator is in yonder farme house. But who

commeth yonder?

Enter old Anthonie.

Anth: I wonder why my peafant staies so long, And with my wonder hasteth on my woe, And with my woe I am assaild with seare, And by my seare await with faintful breath The final period of my paines by death.

1 foul: Yonds the man we feeke for (fouldiers) vnsheath your swords, and make a riddance of Marius ancient ene-1800 mie.

Clowne: Master slie, slie, or els you shall die: a plague on this wine hath made me so fine, and will you not be gone, then Ile leaue you alone, and sleepe vpon your woe, with a lamentable heigh ho.

Exit.

Anth: Betraid at last by witles ouersight, Now Anthony, prepare thy selfe to die: Loe where the monstrous ministers of wrath Menace thy murther with their naked swords.

2 foul: Anthonie well met, the Confull Marius with 0-1810 ther confederate Senators, have adjudged thee death, therfore prepare thy felfe, and thinke we favor thee in this little

protraction.

Anth: Immortall powers that know the painefull cares, That waight vpon my poore distressed hart, O bend your browes and leuill all your lookes Of dreadfull awe vpon these daring men. And thou fweet neece of Atlas on whose lips And tender tongue, the pliant Muses sit, Let gentle course of sweet aspiring speech, 1820 Let honnie flowing tearmes of wearie woe, Let frutefull figures and delightfull lines Enforce a spring of pitie from their eyes, Amase the murthrous passions of their mindes, That they may fauour wofull Anthonie. Oh countrimen what shal become of Rome, VVhen reuerend dutie droopeth through difgrace? Oh Countrimen, what shal become of Rome, VVhen woful nature widdow of her ioyes, VVeepes on our wals to fee her lawes deprest? 1830 Oh Romaines hath not Anthonies discourse, Seald vp the Mouthes of false seditious men,

Affoild the doubts and queint controlls of powre, Releeud the mournfull matrone with his pleas? And will you feeke to murder Anthonie? The Lions brooke with kindnes their releefe, The sheep reward the shepheard with their sleece: Yet Romanes seeke to murder Anthony.

i foul: Why what enchanting termes of arte are these?

That force my hart to pitie his distresse.

2 foul: His action, speech, his fauor, and his grace,

My rancor rage and rigor doth deface.

3 foul: So sweet his words that now of late me seemes

His art doth draw my foule from out my lips.

Anth: VVhat enuious eies reflecting nought but rage, VVhat barbarous hart refresht with nought but blood, That rents not to behold the fensles trees In doaly feafon drooping without leaues? The shepheard fighs vpon the barrain hills To fee his bleating lambs with faintfull lookes. Behold the vallies robd of springing flowres, That whilom wont to yeeld them yerely food. Euen meanest things exchange from former state, The vertuous minde with some remorfe doth mate. Can then your eyes with thundering threats of rage, Cast furious gleames of anger vpon age? Can then your harts with furies mount so hie, As they should harme the Romane Anthonie? I farre more kinde than fenfles tree haue lent A kindly fap to our declining state, And like a carefull shepheard have foreseene The heavie dangers of this Citie Rome, And made the citizens the happie flocke Whom I have fed with counsailes and advice. But now those lockes that for their reverend white, Surpasse the downe on AEsculapius chin: But now that tongue whose termes and fluent stile For number past the hoasts of heauenly fires:

But

1840

1850

But now that head within whose subtill braines The Queene of flowring eloquence did dwell:

Enter a Captaine.

These lockes, this tongue, this head, the life and all, To please a tyrant traitrously must fall.

Capt: VVhy how now foldiers is he living yet?

And will you be bewitched with his words?

Then take this fee false Orator from me, stab him.

Elizium best beseemes thy faintfull lims.

Anth: Oh bliffull paine, now Anthony must die,

VV hich ferud and loud Rome and her Emperie.

1880 Capt: Goe curtall off that necke with present stroke,

And straight present it vnto Marius.

1 foul: Euen in this head did all the Muses dwell:

The bees that fate vpon the Grecians lips, Distild their honnie on his tempred tongue.

2 foul: The christall dew of faire Castalian springs,

VVith gentle floatings trickled on his braines:

The Graces kift his kinde and curteous browes, Apollo gaue the beauties of his harpe,

Enter Lectorius pensiue.

And melodies vnto his pliant speech.

Cap: Leaue these presumptuous praises, countrimen,

And fee Lectorius penfiue where he comes.

Loe here my Lord the head of Anthony,

See here the guerdon fit for Marius foe,

Whom dread Apollo prosper in his rule.

Lector: Oh Romanes, Marius fleepes among the dead,

And Rome laments the loffe of fuch a frend.

Cap: A fodaine and a wofull chance my Lord,

VVhich we intentiue faine would vnderstand.

Le: Thogh swolne with sighs my hart for sorrow burst, 1900

And tongue with teares and plaints be choaked vp,

Yet will I furrow forth with forced breath

A fpeedie passage to my pensiue speech.

Our Confull Marius, worthie fouldiers,

Of

1870

The true Tragedies of Of late within a pleafant plot of ground, Sate downe for pleasure nere a christall spring, Accompanied with manie Lords of Rome: Bright was the day, and on the spredding trees The frolicke citizens of forrest sung Their layes and merrie notes on pearching boughes: 1910 VVhen suddenly appeared in the East, Seauen mightie Eagles with their tallents fierce, VVho waving oft about our Confulls head, At last with hideous crie did soare away. VVhen fuddenly old Marius all agast, With reverent smile determinde with a figh The doubtfull filence of the standers by. Romanes (faid he) old Marius now must die. These seuen faire Eagles, birds of mightie Ioue, That at my birth day on my cradle fate, 1920 Now at my last day arme me to my death: And loe I feele the deadly pangs approach. VVhat should I more? in briefe, with manie praiers For Rome, his fonne, his goods and lands disposd, Our worthie Confull to our wonder dide. The Citie is amazde, for Scilla hasts To enter Rome with furie, fword, and fire. Goe, place that head vpon the Capitoll, And to your wards, for dangers are at hand. Exit. Capt: Had we foreseene this luckles chance before, 1930 Old Anthonie had liude and breathed yet. Exeunt.

## Actus quartus.

Act V

A great skirmish in Rome and long, some slaine. At last enter Scilla triumphant with Pompey, Metellus, Citizens, souldiers.

Scilla: Now Romanes after all these mutinies, Seditions, murthers, and conspiracies,

Ima-

Imagine with vnpartiall harts at last VVhat frutes proceed from these contentious brawles. Your streetes, where earst the fathers of your state 1940 In robes of purple walked vp and downe, Are strewd with mangled members, streaming blood. And why? the reasons of this ruthfull wrack, Are your feditious innouations, Your fickle mindes inclinde to foolish change. Vngratefull men, whilft I with tedious paine In Afia feald my dutie with my blood, Making the fierce Dardanians faint for feare, Spredding my cullers in Galatia, Dipping my fword in the Enetans blood, 1950 And foraging the fields of Phocida. You cald my foe from exile with his frends, You did proclaime me traitor here in Rome, You racde my house, you did deface my frends. But brauling wolues, you cannot byte the moone, For Scilla liues fo forward to reuenge, As woe to those that fought to doo me wrong. I now am entred Rome in spite of force, And will so hamper all my cursed foes, As be he Tribune, Confull, Lord or Knight 1960 That hateth Scilla, let him looke to die. And first to make an entrance to mine yre, Bring me that traitor Carbo out of hand. Bring in Carbo bound.

Pomp. Oh Scilla, in reuenging iniuries, Inflict the paine where first offence did spring, And for my sake establish peace in Rome, And pardon these repentant Citizens.

Scilla: Pompey, I loue thee Pompey, and confent To thy request, but Romanes have regard, Least over-reaching in offence againe, I load your shoulders with a double paine.

Exeunt Citizens.

H 2

But

But Pompey see where iolly Carbo comes
Footing it featly, like a mightie man.
VVhat no obeisance sirrha to your Lord?
My Lord? No Scilla, he that thrice hath borne
The name of Consull scornes to stoop to him,
Whose hart doth hammer nought but mutinies.

Pomp: And doth your Lordship then disdaine to stoope 1980

Carbo: I to mine equall Pompey as thou art.

Scilla: Thine equall villaine, no he is my frend,

Thou but a poore anatomie of bones, Castle in a knauish tawny withred skin:

VVilt thou not stoop? art thou so stately then? Carbo: Scilla, I honor gods, not soolish men.

Sci: Then bend that wythered bough that will not break

And fouldiers cast him downe before my feete:

They throw him downe.

Now prating fir, my foote vpon thy necke, Ile be fo bold to give your Lordship checke. Beleeue me fouldiers, but I ouer-reach, Old Carbos necke at first was made to stretch.

Carbo: Though bodie bend, thou tyrant most vnkinde,

Yet neuer shalt thou humble Carbos minde.

Scilla: oh fir, I know for all your warlike pith, A man may marre your worship with a wyth. You sirrha leuied armes to doo me wrong: You brought your legions to the gates of Rome: You fought it out in hope that I would faint. But sirrha, now betake you to your bookes, Intreate the Gods to saue your sinfull soule. For why this carcasse must in my behalfe Goe feast the rauens that serue our augures turne. Me thinkes I see alreadie how they wish, To bait their beakes in such a iolly dish.

Canbo: Scilla thy threates and scoffes amate me not: I pre thee let thy murthrers hale me hence, For Carbo rather likes to die by sword,

Than

1990

Than live to be a mocking stocke to thee.

Scilla: The man hath hast good souldiers take him hence,
It would be good to alter his pretence.
But be aduisde, that when the soole is slaine,
You part the head and bodie both in twaine.
I know that Carbo longs to know the cause,
And shall: thy bodie for the rauens, thy head for dawes.

Carbo: O matchles ruler of our Capital

Carbo: O matchles ruler of our Capitoll, Behold poore Rome with graue and piteous eie, Ful-fild with wrong and wretched tyrannie.

Exit Carbo cum militibus. 2020

Enter Scipio and Norbanus, Publius Lentulus.

Scilla: Tut the pore mans praier will neuer pierce the skie.

But whether prefle these mincing Senators?

Norbanus: VVe presse with praiers, we come with mourn Intreating Scilla by those holy bands (full teares, That linkes faire Iuno with her thundring Ioue, Euen by the bounds of hospitalitie,
To pitie Rome afflicted through thy wrath.
Thy souldiers (Scilla) murder innocents.
O whither will thy lawles surie stretch,
If little ruth ensue thy countries harmes.

Scilla: Gay words Narbonus, full of eloquence, Accompanied with action and conceipt.
But I must teach thee iudgement therewithall.
Dar'st thou approch my presence that hast borne Thine armes in spight of Scilla and his frends? I tell thee soolish man thy iudgement wanted In this presumptuous purpose that is past:
And loytering scholler, since you saile in art, Ile learne you iudgement shortly to your smart. Dispatch him souldiers, I must see him die.
And you Carinna, Carbos ancient frend, Shall sollow straight your heedles Generall.
And Scipio were it not I loud thee well,

2040

2030

Thou

Thou shouldst accompanie these slaves to hell: But get you gone, and if you loue your felfe. Exit Scipio.

Carinna: Pardon me Scilla, pardon gentle Scilla.

Scilla: Sirrha, this gentle name was cound too late,

And shadowed in the shrowds of byting hate. Dispatch: why so, good fortune to my frends, As for my foes, even such shall be their ends.

Conueigh them hence Metellus, gentle Metellus, Fetch me Sertorius from Iberia,

In dooing to, thou itandelt me in itead,

For fore I long to fee the traitors head.

Metell: I goe confirmd to conquer him by fword,

or in th'exployt to hazard life and all.

Scilla: Now Pompey let me fee, those Senators Are dangerous stops of our pretended state, And must be curtald least they grow too proud,

I doo proscribe just fortie Senators,

Which shalbe leaders in my tragedie. And for our Gentlemen are ouer proud, Of them a thousand and sixe hundreth die, A goodlie armie meete to conquere hell.

Souldiers performe the course of my decree, Their friends my foes, their foes shalbe my friends,

Go fell their goods by trumpet at your wills. Meane while Pompey shall see and Rome shall rue,

The miseries that shortly shall ensue.

Exit.

2050

2060

2070

Alarum skirmish a retreat, enter young Marius uppon the Act V walles of Preneste with some souldiers all in blacke and wonder-sc. ii full mellancoly.

Marius: Oh endles course of needy mans auaile, VVhat fillie thoughts, what fimple pollicies makes man prelume vpon this traiterous life? Haue I not seene the depth of forrow once, And then againe have kill the Queene of chaunce,

Oh

Oh Marius thou Tillitius and thy frends, 2080 Hast seene thy foe discomfetted in fight. But now the starres have formed my finall harmes, My father Marius lately dead in Rome, My foe with honour doth triumph in Rome, My freends are dead and banished from Rome, I Marius father freends more bleft then thee: They dead, I liue, I thralled they are free. Here in Prenefte am I cooped vp, Amongst a troope of hunger starued men, Set to preuent false Scillaes fierce approach. 2090 But now exempted both of life and all. VVell Fortune fince thy fleeting change, hath cast Pore Marius from his hopes and true desiers, My resolution shall exceed thy power, Thy coloured wings steeped in purple blood, Thy blinding wreath distainde in purple blood, Thy royall Robes washt in my purple blood Shall witnes to the world thy thirst of blood, And when the tyrant Scilla shal expect To fee the sonne of Marius stoope for feare, 2100 Then then, Oh then my minde shal well appeare, That fcorne my life and hold mine honour deare.

#### Alarum aretreat.

Harke how these murtherous Romaine viper like, Seeke to betray their fellow Cittizens, Oh wretched world from whence with speedie slight, True loue, true zeale, true honour late is sled. sould: VVhat makes my Lord so carelesse and secure,

To leave the breach and here lament alone?

Mar: Not feare my frend for I could neuer flie,
But studdy how with honor for to die.
I pray thee cal the cheefest Cittizens.
I must aduise them in a waightie cause,
Here shal they meete me and vntill they come,

Ι

The true Tragedies of I wil goe view the danger of the breach.

Exit Marius and the souldiers.

2120

2130

2140

Enter with drum and souldiers Lucretius with other Ro-Act V manes, as Tuditanus &c.

Lucretius: Say Tuditanus, didst thou euer see

So desperate desence as this hath been:

Tudit: As in Numidia Tygers wanting food,

Or as in Libia Lions full of yre,

So fare these Romanes on Preneste wals.

Lucret: Their valure Tuditanus and refist, The manlike fight of yonger Marius, Makes me amazd to see their miseries,

And pitie them although they be my foes.

VVhat faid I foes? O Rome with ruth I fee

Thy state consumde through folly and dissention.

VVell found a parle, I will fee if words

Can make them yeeld, which will not flie for strokes?

Sound a parle, Marius vpon the wals with the

Citizens.

Marius: What feeks this Romane warrior at our hands?

Lucr: That feekes he Marius, that he wisheth thee: An humble hart, and then a happie peace.

Thou feelt thy fortunes are deprest and downe, Thy vittels spent, thy souldiers weake with want,

The breach laid open readie to affault,

Now fince thy meanes and maintenance are done,

Yeeld Marius, yeeld, Prenestians be aduisde,

Lucretius is aduisde to fauor you.

I pre thee Marius marke my last aduice.

Relent in time, let Scilla be thy frend: So thou in Rome maist lead a happie life,

And those with thee shall pray for Marius still.

Mar: Lucretius, I consider on thy words,

Stay there awhile thou shalt have answere straight.

Lucretius: Apollo grant that my perswasions may,

Preferu

Marius and Scilla. Preserve these Romane souldiers from the sword. 2150 Marius: My frends and citizens of Preneste towne, You fee the wayward working of our starres, Our harts confirmd to fight, our victuals spent. If we submit, its Scilla must remit, A tyrant, traitor, enemie to Rome, Whose hart is guarded still with bloodie thoughts. These flattring vowes Lucretius here auowes, Are pleasing words to colour poyloned thoughts. What will you liue with shame, or die with same? 1 Cit: A famous death, my Lord delights vs most. 2160 2 Cit: We of thy faction (Marius) are resolud To follow thee in life and death together. Marius: VVords full of worth, befeeming noble mindes The verie Ballamum to mend my woes. Oh countrimen, you see Campania spoild, A tyrant threatning mutinies in Rome, A world dispoyld of vertue, faith and trust. If then no peace, no libertie, no faith, Conclude with me, and let it be no life. Liue not to fee your tender infants slaine, 2170 These stately towers made levell with the land, This bodie mangled by our enemies fword: But full refolud to doo as Marius doth, Vnsheath your ponyards, and let euerie frend,

Sirrha, display my standerd on the wals, And I will answere youd Lucretius, VVho loueth Marius, now must die with Marius.

Luer: VV hat answere wil your Lordship then return vs?

Marius: Lucretius, we that know what Scilla is,

How diffolute, how trothles and corrupt: In briefe conclude to die before we yeeld: But fo to die (Lucretius marke me well) As loath to fee the furie of our fwords Should murther frends and Romane citizens.

Bethinke him of a fouldierlike farewell.

T

The true Tragedies of Fie countrimen, what furie doth infect Your warlike bosomes, that were wont to fight VVith forren foes, not with Campanian frends? Now vnaduised youth must counsaile eld: For governance is banisht out of Rome. 2190 Woe to that bough from whence these bloomes are sprung VVoe to that Aetna, vomiting this fire: VVoe to that brand, confuming Countries weale: Woe to that Scilla, careles and fecure, That gapes with murther for a Monarchie. Goe fecond Brutus with a Romane minde, And kill that tyrant: and for Marius fake Pitie the guiltles wives of these your frends, Preferue their weeping infants from the fword, Whose fathers seale their honors with their bloods. 2200 Farewell Lucretius, first I presse in place stab. To let thee see a constant Romane die. Prenestians, loe a wound, a fatall wound, The paine but small, the glorie passing great. againe. Preneftians fee a fecond stroke: why fo. I feele the dreeping dimnes of the night, Closing the couerts of my carefull eies. Follow me frends: for Marius now must die With fame, in spight of Scillas tyrannie. moritur. 1 Cit: We follow thee our chiefetaine euen in death, Our towne is thine Lucretius: but we pray For mercie for our children and our wives. moritur. 2 Cit: O faue my fonne Lucretius, let him liue. moritur. Lucretius: A wondrous and bewitched constancie. Befeeming Marius pride and haughtie minde, Come let vs charge the breach, the towne is ours Both male and female put them to the fword:

A little skirmish, a retreat: enter in royaltie Lucretius. Act V

So please you Scilla, and fulfill his word.

Lucret:

Exeunt

Lucret: Now Romanes we have brought Preneste low, 2220
And Marius sleepes amidst the dead at last.
So then to Rome my countrimen with ioy,
VVhere Scilla waights the tidings of our fight.
Those prishers that are taken, see forthwith
VVith warlike iauelins you put them to death.
Come let vs march, see Rome in fight my harts,
VVhere Scilla waights the tidings of our warre.

Enter Scilla, Valerius Flaccus: Lepidus, Pompey, Citizens Act V Guard: Scilla seated in his roabes of state is saluted by the sc. v Citizens, &c.

Flaccus: Romanes you know, and to your greefes have 2231 A world of troubles hatched here at home, (feene VVhich through preuention being welnigh crost By worthie Scilla and his warlike band: I Confull with these fathers thinke it meet To fortifie our peace and Cities weale, To name some man of worth that may supply Dictators power and place, whose maiestie Shall croffe the courage of rebellious mindes. VVhat thinke you Romanes, will you condifcend? 2240 Scilla: Nay Flaccus, for their profits they must yeeld, For men of meane condition and conceipt Must humble their opinions to their lords. And if my frends and Citizens consent Since I am borne to manage mightie things, I will (though loth) both rule and gouerne them. I speake not this as though I wish to raigne, But for to know my frends: and yet againe I merrit Romanes farre more grace than this. Flaccus: I countrimen, if Scillas powre and minde 2250

If Scillas vertue, courage and deuice, If Scillas frends and fortunes merit fame, None then but he should beare Dictators name.

Pompey

Pompey: VVhat think you Citizens, why stand ye mute?

Shall Scilla be Dictator here in Rome?

Citizens: By full confent Scilla shalbe Dictator.

Flaccus: Then in the name of Rome I here present The rods and axes into Scillas hand,

And fortunate proue Scilla our Dictator.

Trumpets sound: crie within Scilla Dictator.

Scilla: My fortunes Flaccus cannot be impeacht,

For at my birth the plannets passing kinde

Could entertaine no retrograde aspects.

And that I may with kindnes quite their loue, My countrimen I will preuent the cause,

Gainst all the false encounters of mishap. You name me your Dictator, but prefixe

No time, no course, but giue me leaue to rule,

And yet exempt me not from your reuenge:

Thus by your plefures being fet aloft,

Straight by your furies I should quickly fall.

No Citizens, who readeth Scillas minde,

Must forme my titles in another kinde.

Either let Scilla be Dictator euer, Or flatter Scilla with thefe titles neuer.

Citizens: Perpetuall be thy glorie and renowne,

Perpetuall Lord Dictator shalt thou bee.

Pompey: Hereto the Senate frankly doth agree.

Scilla: Then fo shall Scilla raigne you Senators,

Then fo shall Scilla rule you Citizens:

As Senators and Citizens that please mee

Shall be my frends, the rest cannot disease mee.

Enter Lucretius with souldiers.

But fee whereas Lucretius is returnde. Welcome braue Romaine where is Marius?

Are these Prenestians put vnto the sword.

Lucre: The Cittie noble Scilla raced is, And Marius dead not by our fwords my Lord, But with more constancie than Cato died.

Scilla:

2260

2270

Scilla: VVhat constancie and but a verie boy. VVhy then I fee he was his fathers fonne, But let vs haue this constancie describde.

Lucr: After our fearce assaults, and their resist, Our feige, their falying out to stop our trench: Labor and hunger rayning in the towne, The yonger Marius on the Citties wall, Vouchsafte an interparle at the last: VVherein with constancie and courrage too,

He boldly armed his freends him felfe to death. And spreading of his coloures on the wall, For answere saide he could not brooke to yeeld,

Or trust a tyrant such as Scilla was.

Scilla: VVhat did the bransicke boy vpbraid me so? But let vs heare the rest Lucretius.

Lucre: And after great perswsasions to his freends And worthy resolution of them all: He first did sheath his ponyard in his breast, And so in order dyed all the rest.

Scilla: Now by my fword this was a worthy left.

Yet filly boy I needs must pittie thee, VVhose noble minde could neuer mated bee. Beleeue me countrymen a fodaine thought, A fodaine change in Scilla now hath wrought. Old Marius and his sonne were men of name,

Nor Fortunes laughes, nor lowers their minds could tame,

And when I count their fortunes that are past, I see that death confirmde their fames at last. Then he that striues to manage mightie things, Amidst his triumphes gaines a troubled minde. The greatest hope the greater harme it bringes:

And pore men in content their glory finde.

If then content be fuch a pleasant thing, VVhy leave I country life to live a king?

Yet Kings are Gods and make the proudest stoope, Yee but themselues are still pursude with hate:

2290

2300

2310

2320

And

The true Tragedies of	
And men were made to mount and then to droope.	
Such chances wait vpon incertaine fate,	
That where she kisseth once shee quelleth twice,	
Then who fo liues content is happy wife.	
VVhat motion moueth this Philosophy?	233
Oh Scilla fee the Ocean ebbs and floats.	2
The fpring-time wanes when winter draweth nie.	
I, these are true and most affured notes.	
Inconftant chance fuch tickle turnes hath lent,	
As who fo feares no fall, must feeke content.	
Flaccus: VVhilst grauer thoughts of honor shuld allure	
Scilla: I that have past amidst the mightie troopes	
Of armed legions through a world of warre,	
Doo now bethinke me Flaccus on my chance,	234
How I alone where manie men were flaine,	
In fpite of Fate am come to Rome againe.	
And lo I wield the reuerend files of flate,	
Yea, Scilla with a becke could breake thy necke.	
VVhat Lord of Rome hath darde as much as I?	
Yet Flaccus knowst thou not that I must die?	
The laboring fifters on the weary Loombs,	
Haue drawne my webb of life at length I know:	
And men of witt must thinke vpon their tombes.	
For beafts with careles steps to Lethe goe:	235
Where men whose thoughts and honors clime on hie,	
Liuing with fame, must learne with fame to die.	
Pomp: What lets my Lord in gouerning this state,	
To liue in rest, and die with honor too?	
Ssilla: What lets me Pompey? why my curteous frend,	
Can he remaine fecure that weilds a charge?	
Or thinke of wit when flattrers doo commend?	
Or be aduifde that careles runs at large?	
No Pompey, honnie words makes foolish mindes,	
And powre the greatest wit with error blindes.	236
Flaccus, I murdred Anthonie thy frend,	

Romanes

Marius and Scilla.

Romanes: fome here haue lost at my commaund Their Fathers, Mothers, Brothers, and Allies, And thinke you Scilla thinking these misseeds, Bethinks not on your grudges and mislike? Yes Countrimen I beare them still in minde. Then Pompey were I not a silly man, To leaue my Rule and trust these Romans than?

Pompey: Your Grace hath small occasions of mistrust, Nor seeke these Citizens for your disclaime.

Scilla: But Pompey now these reaching plumes of pride, That mounted vp my fortunes to the Clowds, By graue conceits shall straight be laid asside, And Scilla thinks of sarre more simple shrowds. For having tride occasion in the throne,

Ile fee if she dare frowne when state is gone.

Now deignes to give inferiors highest place. Loe here the man whom Rome repined oft,

Loe Senators, the man that fate aloft,

2380

2370

A private man, content to brooke difgrace,
Romanes, loe here the axes, rods and all,
Ile mafter fortune, leaft fhe make me thrall.
Now who fo lift accuse me, tell my wrongs,
V pbraid me in the presence of this state.
Is none these iolly Citizens among,
That will accuse or say I am ingrate.
Then will I say and boldly boast my chaunces,
That nought may force the man whom Fate advances.

Flaccus: what meaneth Scilla in this sullen moode,
To leave his titles on the sodaine thus?

Scilla: Confull I meane with calme and quiet mind,

2390

To passe my daies while happy death I finde.

Pomp: What greater wrong, than leave thy countrey so?

Scilla: Both it and life must Scilla leave in time.

Cit: Yet during life have care of Rome and vs.

Scilla: O wanton world that flatterst in thy prime,

And breathest balme and poyson mixt in one.

See

See how these wavering Romaines wisht my raigne, That whylom fought and sought to have me slaine, My Countrymen this Cittie wants no store Of Fathers warriors to supplie my roome, So grant me peace and I will die for Rome.

2400

Enter two Burgers to them Poppey and Curtall.

Curtall: These are verie indiscreet counsailes neighbor

Poppey, and I will follow your misaduisement.

Poppey: I tell you goodman Curtall the wenche hath wrong, oh vaine world, oh foolish men, could a man in nature cast a wench downe, and disdaine in nature to lift hir vp again? could he take away hir dishonestie, without bouncing vp the banes of matrimonie? oh learned Poet wel didst thou 2410 write Fustian verse.

These maides are dawes that goe to the lawes and a babe

in the belly.

Cur: Tut man tis the way the world must follow, for

maides must be kinde, good husbands to finde.

Poppey: But marke the fierce if they swell before, it will grieue them fore. but see yondes Master Scilla, faith a prettie fellow is a.

Scilla: what feekes my countrymen? what would my freendes?

Curt: Nay fir your kinde words shall not serue the turne, why thinke you to thrust your souldiers into our kindred with your curtesses sir.

Poppey: I tel you Master Scilla my neighbour wil haue the Law, he had the right he wil haue the wrong for therein

dwels the Law.

Confull: what defires these men of Rome?

Cur: Neighbour sharpen the edge tole of your wits vpon the whetstone of indiscretion that your wordes may shaue like the rasers of Palermo, you have learning with ignorance 2430 therefore speake mytale.

Pop:

Popp. Then worshipfull Master Scilla, be it knowne vnto you, that my neighbors daughter Doritie was a maid of restoritie, faire fresh and fine as a merrie cup of wine. Her eies like two potcht egges, great and goodly her legs, but marke my dolefull dittie, alas for woe and pittie: a souldier of yours vpon a bed of slowers, gaue her such a fall, as she lost maidenhead and all. And thus in verie good time I end my rudefull rime.

Scilla: And what of this my frend, why feeke you mee, 2440

Who have religned my titles and my state

To liue a priuate life as you doo now?

Goe moue the Confull Flaccus in this cause, VVho now hath power to execute the lawes.

Curtall: And are you no more Master dix cator, nor Generalitie of the souldiers?

Scilla: My powers doo cease, my titles are resignd,

Curtall: Haue you signd your titles? O base minde, that being in the powles steeple of honor, hast cast thy selfe into the sinke of simplicitie. Fie beast, were I a king, I would 2450 day by day sucke vp white bread and milke, and go a letting in a lacket of silke, my meat should be the curds, my drinke should be the whey, and I wold haue a mincing lasse to loue me euerie day.

Poppey: Nay goodman Curtall, your discretions are verie simple, let me cramp him with a reason. Sirrha, whether is better good ale or small beere? Alas see his implicitie that

cannot answere me: why I say ale.

Curtall: And fo fay I neighbor.

Poppey: Thou hast reason, ergo say I tis better be a King 2460 than a clowne. Faith master Scilla, I hope a man maye now call ye knaue by authoritie.

Scilla: VVith what impatience heare I these vp braides

K

That whilome plagude the least offence with death.

Oh Scilla these are stales of desteny,

By some vpbraids to try thy constancie.

My friends these scornes of yours perhaps will moue,

The

The true Tragedies of The next Dictator shun to yeeld his state, For feare he finde as much as Scilla doth. But Flaccus, to preuent their further wrong, 2470 Vouchsafe some Lictor may attach the man, And doo them right that thus complaine abuse. Flaccus: Sirrha, goe you and bring the fouldier That hath fo loofly leant to lawles luft; VVe will have meanes sufficient be affurd To coole his heate, and make the wanton chaft. Curtall: We thanke your mastership: come neighbour, let vs iog, faith this newes will fet my daughter Dorothie a Exeunt cum Lictore. gog. Scilla: Graue Senators and Romanes, now you fee 2480 The humble bent of Scillas changed minde. Now will I leave you Lords, from courtly traine To dwel content amidst my country caue, VVhere no ambitious humors shall approch. The quiet silence of my happy sleepe. Where no delicious Iouisance or toyes, Shall tickle with delight my tempered eares, But wearying out the lingering day with toile, Tyring my veines and furrowing of my foule. The filent night with flumber stealing on 2490 Shall locke these carefull closets of mine eies. Oh had I knowne the height of happines, Or bent mine eies vpon my mother earth: Long fince O Rome had Scilla with rejoyce Forfaken armes to leade a private life. Flaccus: But in this humblenes of minde my Lord, VVhere as experience prooude and Art doo meete. How happy were these faire Italian fields,

If they were graced with so sweete a sunne: Then I for Rome and Rome with me requires, That Scilla will abide and gouerne Rome.

Scilla: O Flaccus, if th'Arabian Phænix striue By natures warning to renue her kinde,

VVhen

VVhen foaring nie the glorious eye of heauen, Shee from her cinders doth reuiue her fexe. VVhy should not Scilla learne by her to die? That earst haue beene the Phœnix of this land. And drawing neere the sunne-shine of content, Perish obscure to make your glories growe. For as the higher trees do shield the shrubs, From posting Phlegons warmth and breathing fire, So mighty men obscure each others fame, And make the best deservers fortunes game.

2510

Enter Genius.

But ah what fodaine furies doo affright? VVhat apparitious fantasies are these? Oh let me rest sweete Lords, for why me thinks, Some fatall spells are sounded in mine eares. Genius: Subsequitur tua mors: privari lumine Scillam.

2520

Numina Parcarum iam fera precipiunt.
Precipiunt fera iam Parcarum numina, Scillam,
Lumine priuari, mors tua subsequitur.
Elysium petis, ô fælix! & fatidici astri:
Præscius Heroas ô petis innumeros!

Innumeros petis ô Heroas! præscius astri Fatidici: & fælix, ô petis Elisium!

Euanescit subitò.

Scilla: Ergóne post dulces annos properantia fata?
Ergóne iam tenebræ præmia lucis erunt?
Attamen, vt vitæ fortunam gloria mortis
Vincat, in extremo funere cantet olor.

2530

Pom: How fares my Lord? what dreadful thoughts are these VVhat doubtfull answeres on a sodaine thus?

Scilla: Pompey the man that made the world to stoope, And fettered fortune in the chaines of powre, Must droope and draw the Chariot of Fate Along the darksome bankes of Acheron. The heauens haue warnd me of my present fall. Oh call Cornelia forth, let Scilla see

His

K 2

The true Tragedies of
His daughter Fuluia ere his eyes be shut.

Exit one for Cornelia.

Flaccus: VVhy Scilla, where is now t

2540

2550

2560

Flaceus: VVhy Scilla, where is now thy wonted hope In greatest hazard of vnstaied chance? VVhat shall a little biting blast of paine Blemish the blossomes of thy wonted pride?

Scilla: My Flaccus, worldly ioyes and pleasures fade. Inconstant time like to the fleeting tide VVith endles course mans hopes doth ouer-beare? Nought now remaines that Scilla faine would haue, But lasting same when bodie lies in graue.

Enter Cornelia, Fuluia.

Cornelia: How fares my Lord? how doth my gentle Scilla? Scilla: Ah my Cornelia passing happie now. Free from the world, allied vnto the heavens, Not curious of incertaine chaunces now.

Cornelia: VV ords full of woe still adding to my griese, A curelesse crosse of many hundreth harmes. Oh let not Rome and poore Cornelia loose, The one hir frend, the other her delight.

Scilla: Cornelia, man hath power by some instinct And gracious revolution of the starres, To conquer kingdomes not to master fate: For when the course of mortall life is runne, Then Clotho ends the web hir fifter fpun: Pompey, Lord Flaccus, fellow Senators, In that I feele the faintfull deawes of death Steeping mine eies within their chilly wet, The care I have of wife and daughter both, Must on your wisedomes happily relie. VVith equall distribution see you part, My lands and goods betwixt these louely twaine. Onely bestow a hundred thousand Sestercies, Vpon my friends and fellow fouldiers. Thus having made my finall testament, Come Fuluia let thy father lay his hand,

2570

Vpon

Vpon thy louely bosome and intreat A vertuous boone and fauour at thy hands. Faire Romane maide, see that thou wed thy faires, To modest vertuous and delightfull thoughts: Let Rome in viewing thee behold thy fire, 2580 Honour Cornelia from whose fruitfull woombe, Thy plenteous beauties fweetly did appeare, And with this Lesson louely maide farewell. Fuluia: oh tedious and vnhappy chance for me. Scilla: Content thee Fuluia, for it needes must bee. Cornelia I must leave thee to the world, And by those loues that I have lent thee oft, In mutuall wedlocke rytes and happie warre. Remember Scilla in my Fuluia stil: Confull farewell, my Pompey I must hence, 2590 And farewel Rome, and Fortune now I bleffe thee, That both in life and death wouldst not oppresse mee. Cornelia: oh hideous stormes of neuer danted fate, Now are those eyes whose sweet reflections coold The fmothered rancors of rebellious thoughts Clad with the fable mantles of the night. And like the tree that robd of funne and showres Mournes desolate withouten leafe or sap: So poore Cornelia late bereft of loue, Sits fighing, haples, ioyles and forlorne. 2600 Fuluia: Gone is the flower that did adorne our fields. Fled are those sweete reflections of delight, Dead is my Father, Fuluia dead is hee In whom thy life, for whom thy death must bee. Flaccus: Ladies, to tyre the time in restles mone VVere tedious vnto frends and nature too, Sufficeth you that Scilla fo is dead, As fame shall sing his power though life be fled. Pompey: Then to conclude his happines my Lords, Determine where shall be his Funerall. 2610 Lepidus: Euen there where other Nobles are interd. K 3 Pompey:

Pompey: VVhy Lepidus what Romane euer was, That merited fo high a name as hee? Then why with fimple pompe and funerall VVould you intombe fo rare a paragon?

Corn: An vrne of gold shall hem his ashes in, The Vestall virgins with their holy notes Shall sing his famous (though too fatall) death. I and my Fuluia with dispersed haire VVill waight vpon this noble Romanes hearse.

Fuluia: And Fuluia clad in blacke & mournfull pale

VVill waight vpon her fathers funerall.

Pomp: Come beare we hence this trophee of renowne, VV hose life, whose death was farre from fortunes frowne.

Exeunt omnes.

The Funeralls of Scilla in great pompe.

Deo iuuante, nil nocet liuor malus: Et non iuuante nil iuuat labor grauis:

### FINIS.

















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