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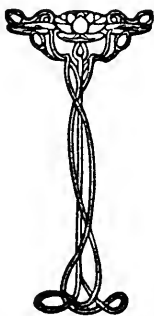


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YEAR BOOK^c

SOCIETY OF SONS
OF THE REVOLUTION

IN THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA



1914...1915

west Va. Sons of the Revolution

1492487

OFFICERS

OF THE

GENERAL SOCIETY

General President,

JAMES MORTIMER MONTGOMERY, 102 Front St., New York City

General Vice-President,

RICHARD McCALL CADWALADER, 133 South 12th St., Phil., Pa.

Second General Vice-President,

WALTER GILMAN PAGE, Fenway Studios, Boston, Mass.

General Secretary,

PROF. WILLIAM LIBBEY, Princeton, N. J.

Assistant General Secretary,

W. HALL HARRIS, JR., 216 St. Paul St., Baltimore, Md.

General Treasurer,

JAMES A. SAMPLE, Cashier, Treasury Dept., Washington, D. C.

Assistant General Treasurer,

RALPH ISHAM, 1411 Ritchie Place, Chicago, Ill.

General Chaplain,

RT. REV. DANIEL S. TUTTLE, St. Louis, Mo.

General Registrar,

HON. GEORGE ELTWEED POMEROY, 510 Madison Ave., Toledo, O.

General Historian,

HOLDRIDGE OZRO COLLINS, 814 San Fernando Building, Los Angeles, Cal.

SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE REVOLUTION
IN THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

Instituted April 19, 1884

Incorporated under the laws of the State of West Virginia . . . May 7, 1894

INCORPORATORS

JOHN MARSHALL HAGANS

JOHN DAILY

HENRY HAYMOND

WILLIAM CLARK MCGREW

JOHN GEORGE GITTINGS

JOHN BASSEL

CHARLES MATTHEW HART

THOMAS MOORE JACKSON

JOHN B. HART

Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia

OFFICERS

Elected February 22nd, 1914.

President,

THOMAS RAY DILLE,
Morgantown.

Vice-President,

CHARLES L. HICKMAN,
Clarksburg.

Secretary,

BAIRD MITCHELL,
315 Schmulbach Building, Wheeling.

Treasurer,

FRANCIS E. NICHOLS,
Fairmont.

Registrar,

BAIRD MITCHELL.

Historian,

FRANK LEE BURDETTE,
Clarksburg.

Board of Managers.

HENRY HAYMOND.
BAIRD MITCHELL.
WILLIAM H. MORGAN.
WILLIAM H. LEWIS.
OWEN S. MCKINNEY.

Delegates to the General Society.

Triennial Meeting of 1914.

REED McC. BAIRD.
CHARLES L. HICKMAN.
M. G. SPERRY.

Alternates.

WILLIAM H. MORGAN.
THOMAS C. MILLER.
DR. I. C. WHITE.

THE CONSTITUTION

Done at the City of Philadelphia, on the 12th day of February, 1890, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and fourteenth.

Adopted in the City of New York, March 8th, 1890.

Section III amended April 23rd, 1892.

Section VIII amended April 21st, 1896.

Section VII amended April 19th, 1905.

I.

It being evident, from a steady decline of a proper celebration of the National holidays of the United States of America, that popular concern in the events and men of the War of the Revolution is gradually declining, and that such lack of interest is attributable, not so much to the lapse of time and the rapidly increasing flood of immigration from foreign countries, as to the neglect, on the part of descendants of Revolutionary heroes, to perform their duty in keeping before the public mind the memory of the services of their ancestors and of the times in which they lived; therefore, the Society of the Sons of the Revolution has been instituted to perpetuate the memory of the men who, in the military, naval and civil service of the Colonies and of the Continental Congress by their acts or counsel, achieved the Independence of the country, and to further the proper celebration of the anniversaries of the birthday of Washington, and of prominent events connected with the War of the Revolution; to collect and secure for preservation the rolls, records, and other documents relating to that period; to inspire the members of the Society with the patriotic spirit of their forefathers; and to promote the feeling of friendship among them.

II.

The General Society shall be divided into State Societies, which shall meet annually on the day appointed therefor in their respective by-laws, and oftener if found expedient; and at such annual meeting the reasons for the institution of the Society shall be considered, and the best measures for carrying them into effect adopted.

III.

The State Societies, at every annual meeting, shall choose by a majority of the votes present, a Vice-President, a Secretary, a Registrar, a Treasurer, a Chaplain, and such other officers as may by them respectively be deemed necessary, together with a board of managers consisting of these officers and of nine other members, as may be provided by their respective Constitutions and By-Laws.

IV.

Each State Society shall cause to be transmitted annually or oftener, to the other State Societies, a circular letter calling attention to whatever may be thought worthy of observation respecting the welfare of the Society or of the

general Union of the States, and giving information of the officers chosen for the year; and copies of these letters shall also be transmitted to the General Secretary, to be preserved among the records of the General Society.

V.

The State Societies shall regulate all matters respecting their own affairs, consistent with the general good of the Society; judge of the qualification of their members, or of those proposed for membership, subject, however, to the provisions of this Constitution; and expel any member who, by conduct unbecoming a gentleman or a man of honor, or by an opposition to the interests of the community in general or of the Society in particular, may render himself unworthy to continue in membership.

VI.

In order to form funds that may be respectable, each member shall contribute, upon his admission to the Society and annually thereafter, such sums as the by-laws of the respective State Societies may require; but any of such State Societies may provide for the endowment of memberships by the payment of proper sums in capitalization, which sums shall be properly invested as a permanent fund, the income only of which shall be expended.

VII.

The regular meeting of the General Society shall be held every three years, and special meetings may be held upon the order of the General President or upon the request of two of the State Societies, and such meetings shall consist of two Delegates from each State Society and one additional Delegate for every one hundred (100) members or major fraction thereof; and on all questions arising at meetings of the General Society each Delegate there present shall be entitled to one vote, and no votes shall be taken by States, and the necessary expenses of such meeting shall be borne by the State Societies.

VIII.

At the regular meeting, a General President, General Vice-President, General Second Vice-President, General Secretary, Assistant General Secretary, General Treasurer, Assistant General Treasurer, General Registrar, General Historian and General Chaplain shall be chosen by a majority of the votes present, to serve until the next regular general meeting, or until their successors are duly chosen.

IX.

At each general meeting the circular letters which have been transmitted by the several State Societies shall be considered, and all measures taken which shall conduce to the general welfare of the Society.

X.

The General Society shall have power at any meeting to admit State Societies thereto, and to entertain and determine all questions affecting the qualifications for membership in or the welfare of any State Society as may, by proper memorial, be presented by such State Society for consideration.

XI.

Any male person above the age of twenty-one years, of good character, and a descendant of one who, as a military, naval, or marine officer, soldier, sailor, or marine, in actual service, under the authority of any of the thirteen Colonies or States or of the Continental Congress, and remaining always loyal to such authority, or a descendant of one who signed the Declaration of Independence, or of one who, as a member of the Continental Congress or of the Congress of any of the Colonies or States, or as an official appointed by or under the authority of any such legislative bodies, actually assisted in the establishment of American Independence by services rendered during the War of the Revolution, becoming thereby liable to conviction of treason against the Government of Great Britain, but remaining always loyal to the authority of the Colonies or States, shall be eligible to membership in the Society.

XII.

The Secretary of each State Society shall transmit to the General Secretary a list of the members thereof, together with the names and official designations of those from whom such members derive claim to membership, and thereafter upon the admission of members in each State Society, the Secretary thereof shall transmit to the General Secretary information respecting such members similar to that herein required.

XIII.

The Society shall have an insignia, which shall be a badge suspended from a ribbon by a ring of gold; the badge to be elliptical in form, with scalloped edges, one and one-quarter inches in length, and one and one-eighth inches in width; the whole surmounted by a gold eagle, with wings displayed, inverted; on the obverse side a medallion of gold in the center, elliptical in form, bearing on its face the figure of a soldier in Continental uniform, with musket slung; beneath, the figures 1775; the medallion surrounded by thirteen raised gold stars of five points each upon a border of dark blue enamel. On the reverse side, in the center, a medallion corresponding in form to that on the obverse, and also in gold, bearing on its face the Houdon portrait of Washington in bas-relief, encircled by the legend, "Sons of the Revolution"; beneath, the figures 1883; and upon the reverse of the eagle the number of the badge to be engraved; the medallion to be surrounded by a plain gold border, conforming in dimensions to the obverse; the ribbon shall be dark blue, ribbed and watered, edged with buff, one and one-quarter inches wide, and one and one-half inches in displayed length.

XVI.

The insignia of the Society shall be worn by the members on all occasions when they assemble as such for any stated purpose or celebration, and may be worn on any occasion of ceremony; it shall be carried conspicuously on the left breast, but members who are or have been officers of the Society may wear the insignia suspended from the ribbon around the neck.

XV.

The custodian of the insignia shall be the General Secretary, who shall issue them to members of the Society under such proper rules as may be formu-

lated by the General Society, and he shall keep a register of such issues wherein each insignia issued may be identified by the number thereof.

XVI.

The seal of the Society shall be one and seven-eighth inches in diameter, and shall consist of the figure of a Minute-man in Continental uniform, standing on a ladder leading to a belfry; in his left hand he holds a musket and an olive branch, whilst his right grasps a bell-rope; above, the cracked Liberty Bell; issuing therefrom a ribbon bearing the motto of the Society, *Exegi monumentum aere perennius*, across the top of the ladder, on a ribbon, the figures 1776; and on the left of the Minute-man, and also on a ribbon, the figures 1883, the year of the formation of the Society; the whole encircled by a band three-eighths of one inch wide; thereon at the top thirteen stars of five points each; at the bottom the name of the General Society, or of the State Society to which the seal belongs.

Constitution of the Society of Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia

ARTICLE I.

NAME OF SOCIETY.

The Society shall be known by the name, style and title of "SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE REVOLUTION IN THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA."

ARTICLE II.

OBJECTS.

The objects of the Society are social, educational and patriotic, and the Society is formed for the particular purpose of perpetuating the memory of the men who, in military, naval and civil service of the Colonies and of the Continental Congress, by their acts or counsel, achieved the independence of the country; and to further the proper celebration of the anniversaries of the birthday of Washington, and prominent events connected with the War of the Revolution; to collect and secure for preservation the manuscripts, records and other documents relating to that period; to inspire the members of the Society with the patriotic spirit of their forefathers; and to promote the feeling of fellowship among its members.

ARTICLE III.

MEMBERSHIP.

Any male person, above the age of twenty-one years, shall be eligible to membership in this Society who is descended from an ancestor, as the *propositus*, who either as a military, naval or marine officer, soldier, sailor or marine, or official in the service in any one of the thirteen original Colonies or States, or of the National Government representing or composed of those Colonies or States, assisted in establishing American Independence during the War of the Revolution, between the 19th day of April, 1775, when hostilities commenced, and the 19th day of April, 1783, when they were ordered to cease.

Provided: That when the claim of eligibility is based on the service of an ancestor in the "minute men" or "militia," it must be satisfactorily shown that such ancestor was actually called into the service of the States or United States, and performed garrison or field duty; and

Provided further: That when the claim of eligibility is based on the service of an ancestor as a "sailor" or "marine," it must in like manner be shown that such service was other than shore duty, and regularly performed in the Continental Navy or the Navy of one of the original thirteen States, or on an armed vessel, other than a merchant ship, which sailed under letters of marque and reprisal, and that such ancestor of the applicant was duly enrolled in the ship's company, either as an officer, seaman, or otherwise than as a passenger; and,

Provided further: That when the claim of eligibility is based on the service of an ancestor as an "official," such service must have been performed in the civil

service of the United States, or one of the thirteen original States, and must have been sufficiently important in character to have rendered the official specially liable to arrest and imprisonment the same as a combatant, if captured by the enemy, as well as liable to conviction of treason against the government of Great Britain.

In the construction of this article the Volunteer, Aides de Camp of General Officers in Continental Service, who were duly announced as such, and who actually served in the field during a campaign, shall be comprehended as having performed qualifying service.

The civil officials and military forces of the State of Vermont during the War of the Revolution shall also be comprehended in the same manner as if they had belonged to one of the thirteen original States.

No service of an ancestor shall be deemed as qualifying service for membership in this Society where such ancestor, after assisting in the cause of American Independence, shall have subsequently either adhered to the enemy, or failed to maintain an honorable record throughout the War of the Revolution.

No person shall be admitted as a member of this Society unless he be eligible under one of the provisions of this Article, and unless of good moral character and adjudged worthy of becoming a member.

ARTICLE IV.

OFFICERS.

The officers of the Society shall be a President, a Vice-President, a Secretary, a Registrar, a Historian, a Treasurer, and a Chaplain, who shall be chosen by ballot from among the members thereof, annually, to serve for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

ARTICLE V.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

The Board of Managers of the Society shall be five in number, who shall be chosen by ballot from among the members of the Society, annually, to serve for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified. The Board shall have power to fill vacancies occurring in their own number.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMISSION OF MEMBERS.

Every application for membership shall be made in writing, subscribed by the applicant and approved by two members over their signatures. Applications shall contain, or be accompanied by, proof of eligibility, and such applications and proofs shall be submitted to the Board of Managers, who shall have full power to determine the qualifications of the applicant.

Payment of the initiation fee and subscription to the declaration required by the Constitution of this Society, shall be prerequisite of membership.

ARTICLE VII.

DECLARATION.

Every member shall declare upon honor that he will endeavor to promote the purposes of this Institution and observe the "Constitution" and "By-Laws" of this Society, and, if he be a citizen of the United States, shall declare that he will support the Constitution of the United States. Such declaration shall be in writing, and subscribed by the member making it.

ARTICLE VIII.

SUBJECTS PROHIBITED.

No question involving religious doctrine or the party politics of the day within the United States shall ever be discussed or considered in any meeting of this Society.

ARTICLE IX.

COMMEMORATIONS.

It shall be a standing regulation that the members shall, when practicable, hold a commemorative celebration and dine together at least once in every year.

ARTICLE X.

SEAL.

The seal of this Society shall be one and seven-eighths of an inch in diameter, and shall consist of the figure of a "Minute man" in Continental uniform, standing on a ladder leading to a belfry, and holding in his left hand a musket and an olive branch, and grasping in his right hand a bell rope. Above, the cracked "Liberty Bell;" issuing therefrom a ribbon, bearing the motto of the "SONS OF THE REVOLUTION," "*Execi Monumentum Aere Perennius.*" Across the top of the ladder, on a ribbon, the figures "1776," and at the left of the Minute man, and also on a ribbon, the figures "1883," the year of the Centennial commemoration of the permanent evacuation by the British army of American territory; the whole encircled by a band three-eighths of an inch wide; thereon at the top thirteen stars of five points each, and on the bottom the legend, "SONS OF THE REVOLUTION;" the following being a facsimile thereof:

The Secretary shall be the custodian of the seal, which shall be identical in every particular with this description.

ARTICLE XI.

INSIGNIA.

The insignia of the Society shall consist of a badge pendant from the ribbon by a ring of gold.

The badge shall be elliptical in form, with scalloped edges, one and one-quarter inches in length, and one and one-eighth inches in width; the whole surmounted by a gold eagle, with wings displayed, inverted. On the obverse side a medallion of gold in the center, elliptical in form, bearing on its face the figure of a soldier in Continental uniform, with musket slung. Beneath, the figures "1775;" the medallion surrounded by thirteen raised gold stars of five points each, upon a border of dark blue enamel.

On the reverse side, in the center a medallion, corresponding in form to that on the obverse, and also in gold, bearing on its face Houdon's portrait of Washington in bas-relief, encircled by the legend, "SONS OF THE REVOLUTION." Beneath, the figures "1883," and upon the reverse of the eagle the number of the particular badge engraved; the medallion surrounded by a plain gold border, conforming in dimensions to the obverse, upon which members may have their names engraved in script.

The ribbon shall be dark blue, ribbed and watered, edged with buff, one and one-half inches wide, and one and one-half inches in display length.

The insignia of the Society shall be worn by the members on all occasions when they assemble as such for any stated purpose or celebration and may be

worn on all occasions of ceremony. It shall be carried conspicuously on the left breast, but members who are or have been officers of the Society may wear the insignia suspended from the ribbon around the neck.

The Treasurer of the Society shall procure and issue the insignia to the members, and shall keep a record of all issued by him.

Such insignia shall be returned to the Treasurer of the Society by any member who may formally withdraw, resign or be expelled, but otherwise shall be deemed an heirloom.

No member shall receive more than one badge unless to replace one, the loss or destruction of which shall first be satisfactorily established.

On occasions other than meetings for any stated purpose of celebration, members may wear a rosette of the prescribed ribbon and pattern in the upper buttonhole of the left lapel of the coat.

The Treasurer shall procure and issue the rosettes to members.

ARTICLE XII.

SEAL AND INSIGNIA.

The seal of the Society, the insignia to be worn by members, and the rules governing the use of the latter, shall always conform to those prescribed by the General Society of the Sons of the Revolution.

ARTICLE XIII.

ALTERATIONS AND AMENDMENTS.

No alterations nor amendments to the Constitution of this Society shall be made, unless notice thereof be duly given in writing, signed by the members proposing the same, at a meeting of the Society, and unless the same shall be adopted at a subsequent meeting held at least thirty days after such notice, by a vote of three-fourths of the members present, and in the notices issued for such meeting the fact shall be stated that a proposed amendment to the Constitution will be considered.

BY-LAWS

SECTION I.

FEES, DUES AND CONTRIBUTIONS.

The initiation fee shall be five (\$5) dollars; the annual dues five (\$5) dollars, payable on or before the first day of February in every year. *Provided*: That any member who shall have been elected during the last three months of the fiscal year shall not be required to pay the annual dues for the current fiscal year. The payment at one time of fifty (\$50) dollars shall constitute a life membership. The payment at one time of one hundred (\$100) dollars shall constitute a perpetual or endowed membership, and upon the death of the member so paying, the membership shall be held by his eldest son, or such other descendant from the ancestor from whom he claims as he may nominate; in failure of such nomination, the Society may decide which one of the descendants shall hold the membership; *Provided always*, that the Society reserves to itself the privilege of rejecting any nomination that may not be acceptable to it. All those holding life or endowed memberships shall be exempt from the payment of the initiation fee and annual dues.

SECTION II.

PERMANENT FUND.

All donations which shall be paid to the Society shall remain forever to the use of the Society as a permanent fund, the income only of which may be expended.

SECTION III.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Society shall be held on the 22d day of February (except when that day is a Sunday the meeting shall be held on the next ensuing day), at such place as the Board of Managers shall annually determine, of which every member shall have at least thirty days' notice, at which a general election of officers and managers by ballot shall take place. In such election a majority of the ballots given for any officer or manager shall constitute a choice; but if on the first ballot no person shall receive such majority, then further balloting shall take place, in which a plurality of votes given for any officer or manager shall determine the choice.

SECTION IV.

QUORUM.

At all meetings of the Society ten (10) members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

SECTION V.

PRESIDENT.

The President, or in his absence, the Vice-President, or in the absence of both, a chairman, *pro tempore*, shall preside at all meetings of the Society, and shall have a casting vote. He shall preserve order, and decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Society.

SECTION VI.

SECRETARY.

The Society shall elect a Secretary, who is a member of the Board of Managers. He shall conduct the general correspondence of the Society. He shall notify all members of their election, and of such other matters as may be required by the Society. He shall have charge of the Seal, Certificate of Incorporation, Constitution, By-Laws, and Records of the Society, and shall issue certificates of membership. He, together with the presiding officer, shall certify all acts of the Society, and in proper cases authenticate them under seal. He shall affix the seal to all properly authenticated certificates of membership and transmit them without delay to the members for whom they shall be issued. He shall, under the direction of the President or Vice-President, give due notice of the time and place of all meetings of the Society and attend the same. He shall keep fair and accurate records of all the proceedings and orders of the Society, and shall give notice to the several officers of all votes, orders, resolves and proceedings of the Society affecting them or appertaining to their respective duties. He shall be Secretary of the Board of Managers and keep the records of their meetings in the regular minute book of the Society.

SECTION VII.

TREASURER.

The Treasurer shall collect and keep the funds and securities of the Society; and so often as these funds shall amount to one hundred (\$100) dollars, they shall be deposited in some bank or banking house to be designated by the Board of Managers, to the credit of "Society of Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia," and shall be drawn thence on the check of the Treasurer for the purposes of the Society only. Out of these funds he shall pay such sums as may be ordered by the Society or by the Board of Managers. He shall keep a true account of his receipts and payments, and at each annual meeting render a statement of the same to the Society, when a committee shall be appointed to audit his accounts. He shall give such security as may from time to time be required by the Board of Managers.

SECTION VIII.

REGISTRAR.

The Registrar shall keep a roll of members, and in his hands shall be lodged all the proofs of membership qualifications, and all the historical and other papers of which the Society may become possessed; and he, under the direction of the Board of Managers, shall make copies of such similar documents as the owners thereof may not be willing to leave permanently in the keeping of the Society.

SECTION IX.

CHAPLAIN.

The Chaplain shall be a regular ordained minister of a Christian denomination, and shall perform such duties as ordinarily appertain to such office.

SECTION X.

HISTORIAN.

The Historian shall keep a detailed record, to be deposited with the Registrar, of all the historical and commemorative celebrations of the Society; and he shall edit and prepare for publication such addresses, essays, papers and other documents of an historical character (other than a register of members) as the Secretary may be required to publish; and at every annual meeting, if there be a neerological list for the year then closing, he shall submit the same with carefully prepared biographies of the deceased members.

SECTION XI.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

The Board of Managers shall judge of the qualifications of every candidate who shall make proper application for admission to the Society, and shall have power to admit him to membership if found eligible under the Constitution. Three negative votes shall constitute a rejection of the applicant.

They may, through the Secretary, call special meetings of the Society at such times as they may see fit, and shall call such meetings at any time upon the written request of ten members of the Society. They may also arrange for commemorative celebrations by the Society.

They shall recommend plans for promoting the purposes of the Society, and authorize the disbursement and expenditure of unappropriated money in the treasury for the payment of the current expenses of the Society. At each annual meeting of the Society they shall make a report in writing. They shall, by appointment, fill all vacancies in all offices, regardless of how the same may arise, until the next regular meeting of the Society.

SECTION XII.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

At all meetings of the Society and of the Board of Managers the following order of business shall be observed so far as the same may be applicable:

1. Reading of minutes of prior meetings not previously acted upon.
2. Reports of officers.
3. Reports of committees.
4. Unfinished business.
5. Election of officers and managers when necessary.
6. Miscellaneous business.

SECTION XIII.

COMMITTEE ON ADMISSIONS.

The Chairman of the Board of Managers shall appoint annually three members thereof as a Committee on Admissions, whose duty it shall be to pass upon the qualifications of applicants for admission to the Society, and report to the Board of Managers.

SECTION XIV.

EXPULSION AND SUSPENSION.

The Board of Managers shall have power to expel any enrolled member of this Society who, by conduct unbecoming a gentleman and a man of honor, or by

an opposition to the interests of the community in general or of this Society, in particular, may render himself unworthy to continue a member, or who shall persistently transgress or without good excuse wilfully neglect or fail in the performance of any obligation enjoined by the Constitution, By-Laws, or any standing rule of this Society; *Provided*, that such member shall have received at least ten days' notice in writing of the complaint preferred against him, and of the time and place for hearing the same, and have been thereby afforded an opportunity to be heard in person.

Whenever the cause of expulsion shall not have involved turpitude or moral unworthiness, any member thus expelled may, upon the unanimous recommendation of the Board of Managers, but not otherwise, be restored to membership by the Society at any meeting.

The Board of Managers shall drop from the roll the name of any enrolled member of the Society who shall be two years in arrears in the payment of dues, and who, on notice to pay the same, shall fail and neglect to do so within thirty days thereafter, and upon being thus dropped, his membership shall cease and determine; and he may be restored to membership at any time by the Board of Managers, on his application therefor, and upon his payment of all such arrears and of the annual dues from the date when he was dropped to the date of his restoration. The Board of Managers may also suspend any officer from the performance of his duties, for cause; which proceeding must be reported to the Society and acted upon by it within thirty days, either by rescission of the suspension or removal of the suspended officer from office, or otherwise the suspension shall cease.

SECTION XV.

RESIGNATION.

No resignation or voluntary withdrawal from membership by any member enrolled in this Society shall become effective as a release from the obligations thereof, unless consented to and accepted by the Board of Managers.

SECTION XVI.

DISQUALIFICATION.

No person who may be enrolled as a member of this Society shall be permitted to continue in membership when the proofs of claim of qualification by descent shall be found to be defective and insufficient to substantiate such claim, or not properly authenticated. The Society, or the Board of Managers, may, at any time after thirty days' notice to such person to properly substantiate or authenticate his claim, require the Secretary to erase his name from the list of members, and such person shall thereupon cease to be a member; *Provided*, he shall have failed or neglected to comply satisfactorily with such notice.

Where the Board of Managers shall direct the erasure of a person's name for a cause comprehended under this section, such person shall have a right of appeal to the next annual meeting of the Society; but he shall not be restored to membership unless by a vote of three-fourths of the members present on that occasion, or at a subsequent meeting to which the consideration of the appeal may have been specifically postponed.

SECTION XVII.

SERVICE OF NOTICE.

It shall be the duty of every member to inform the Secretary, by written

communication, of his place of residence, his postoffice address, and of any change thereof.

Service of any notice under the Constitution or By-Laws upon any member of the Society, addressed to him at his last recorded place of residence or post-office address, and forwarded by mail, shall be deemed sufficient service of such notice.

SECTION XVIII.

ALTERATIONS OR AMENDMENTS.

No alteration or amendment of the By-Laws of the Society shall be made unless notice thereof shall be duly given in writing, signed by the member proposing the same at a meeting of the Society, and unless the same shall be adopted at a subsequent meeting, held at least thirty days after such notice by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SECTION XIX.

DELEGATES TO THE GENERAL SOCIETY.

Delegates to the General Society shall be chosen by the members of this Society at its meeting next preceding that of the General Society; and, failing such choice, shall be selected by the Board of Managers. The Society is entitled to one delegate for each one hundred members, or major fraction thereof, and to two delegates at large.

Regulations for the Establishing Chapters in the Society of Sons of the Revolution

When five or more members of the Society in the State of West Virginia, residing in any county of the State, shall petition the Board of Managers, it may authorize and empower such petitioners to form a Local Chapter, to be known as _____ Chapter of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia.

Such Chapter, when authorized, may adopt such local regulations and by-laws as to it may seem proper, provided that such regulations do not conflict in any particular with the Constitution of the General Society of the Sons of the Revolution, or with the Constitution and By-Laws of this Society.

Only members in good and regular standing in this Society shall be eligible to membership in the Chapters. When any person, from any cause, ceases to be a member of this Society, his membership in a Chapter thereof shall terminate.

The officers of every Chapter shall be a Regent, a Secretary and a Treasurer, and any other officers it may desire; and an Executive Committee, constituted in such manner as it may prescribe.

Members of the State Society residing in adjacent counties shall be eligible to membership in the Local Chapter nearest their place of residence.

The Senior officer of every Local Chapter may attend the meetings of the Board of Managers of the West Virginia State Society, notice whereof shall be sent to him by the Secretary thereof.

When an application for membership in this Society shall be made to the Board of Managers by any person residing within a locality comprised in a Local Chapter, such application shall be first submitted to the Executive Committee of such Local Chapter, and a report thereon to the Board shall accompany such application before action thereon.

No Local Chapter shall have power to involve the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in any pecuniary obligation.

How to Become a Member of the Society of Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia

The West Virginia Society of the Sons of the Revolution respectfully invites your attention to the aims of this organization, and solicits the membership of those who are eligible, in order that its sphere of usefulness may be increased. Our objects are:

1. To keep alive the spirit of patriotism.
2. To revive the memories of the heroes of 1775-1783.
3. To foster devotion toward the institutions of our country.
4. To encourage historical research in relation to the Revolution.
5. To preserve documents, relics, and individual records of the Revolutionary Period.
6. To promote the celebration of patriotic anniversaries.
7. To impress the importance of these subjects upon the rising generation.

The Society is non-political and non-sectarian.

To become a member of this Society the applicant should be twenty-one years old, of good repute in the community, and be recommended by two members.

Proof is required that the applicant is a lineal descendant of an ancestor who was at all times unflinching in his loyalty, and rendered actual service in the cause of American Independence, either as an officer, soldier, seaman, marine or minute-man in the armed forces of the Continental Congress, or any one of the several colonies, or as a signer of the Declaration of Independence, or as a member of any Continental, Provincial or Colonial Congress or Legislature, or as a civil officer of one of the colonies or states, or of the National Government, or as a member of a Committee of Safety or Correspondence.

The first step in applying for membership should be to ascertain the name of the ancestor who lived at a time that would possibly include him in the Revolutionary service, and the name of the place in which he lived. Then write to the Adjutant-General or Secretary of State in the colony or state where the ancestor lived, and obtain from him a certified copy of the ancestor's record.

Simply write the official and ask for the military record of _____, said to have been a soldier in the Revolutionary War, serving from _____.

The officials are accustomed to receiving such requests and will reply promptly. A small fee is usually charged for making the search, varying as to the amount of work required. In many cases the information desired can be obtained by addressing the Honorable Commissioner of Pensions, or the Adjutant-General, War Department, Washington, D. C. Neither of these officials will make any charge for making a search for a name. Not all names of Revolutionary soldiers appeared on either the pension or muster rolls of the general government. A great majority of the names can only be found on the rolls of the state from which the soldier served. As West Virginia was a part of Virginia, the records of soldiers whose service was within the state can only be obtained at Richmond. As a large part of Virginia's records were destroyed during the War of the Rebellion, it is often impossible to obtain very satisfactory evidence. The land records at Richmond, showing the grants given to soldiers for their services, offer the best source of information.

A blank form with full instructions will be furnished by the Secretary. A concise record of the ancestor's service is required. The pedigree should be traced only to the ancestor who served in the war.

Citations from authorities in proof of service are required from duly authenticated histories and printed records. If more than one line of descent is claimed, supplemental applications should be made for each line of descent.

The initiation fee is five dollars; annual dues five dollars.

Roll of Members of the Society of Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia

February 22, 1915.

Admitted	Name	Residence
1910	ADAMS, EARL DABNEY..... Great-great-great-grandson of Francis Quarles.	Wheeling
1899	ANNAN, WILLIAM DENT ROBERDEAU..... Great-great-grandson of John Dent. Also great-great-grandson of John Evans. Also great-great-grandson of Daniel Roberdeau.	Newburg
1902	ARCHER, ROBERT LAMLEY..... Great-great-great-grandson of William Williams.	Huntington
1902	ARNETT, THOMAS WATSON..... Great-great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1899	AVIS, SAMUEL BRASHEAR..... Great-great-grandson of Christian Streight.	Charleston
1908	BACKUS, GARLAND CLIFFORD.....543 West Third St., Dayton, O. Great-great-grandson of William Langdon.	
1913	BAIRD, DU BOIS..... Great-great-grandson of Dr. Absalom Baird.	Wheeling
1895	BAIRD, DR. REED McCOLLOCH..... Great-grandson of Absalom Baird.	Wheeling
1897	BAIRD, GEORGE B..... Great-grandson of Absalom Baird.	Wheeling
1900	BAKER, STARKE L..... Great-great-grandson of Zedekiah Morgan. Also great-great-great-grandson of John Hart.	Beverly
1900	BEACH, AUSTIN.....230 McKee Place, Pittsburg, Pa. Great-grandson of Elisha Mix. Also great-grandson of Burr Beecher.	
1913	BLAND, ROBERT LINN..... Great-great-grandson of Robert Linn. Also great-great-grandson of Rev. Ebenezer Newcomb. Also great-great-grandson of Thomas Bland.	Weston
1914	BOYDSTON, DR. WALTER JASON..... Great-great-grandson of Peter Miller.	Fairmont

Admitted	Name	Residence
1900	BOWIE, EDWARD BEATTY..... Great-great-grandson of Allen Bowie, Jr.	Wheeling
1894	BROCKUNIER, CHARLES WESLEY..... Great-grandson of Ebenezer Zane.	Nevada City, Cal.
1900	BURDETTE, FRANK LEE..... Great-great-grandson of Thomas Lillard. Also great-great-grandson of James Hill. Also great-great-grandson of John Garrett.	Clarksburg
1897	BURKE, WILLIAM PAXTON..... Great-great-grandson of Edward Devenish Burke.	Wheeling
1910	CARPER, DAVID BASSELL..... Great-great-grandson of Paul Kerber.	Clarksburg
1899	CHANCELLOR, EDMUND PENDLETON, JR..... Great-grandson of Christian Miller. Also great-grandson of Thomas Chancellor. Also great-great-grandson of John Henderson.	Parkersburg
1899	CLARK, GEORGE RAMSEY..... Great-grandson of Daniel McCollum.	United States Navy
1913	CONOWAY, WAITMAN HARRISON..... Great-grandson of John Span Conoway.	Fairmont
1904	DILLE, THOMAS RAY..... Great-great-great-grandson of Daniel McFarland. Also great-great-grandson of John Evans.	Morgantown
1899	DODDRIDGE, JOHN SEHON..... Great-great-grandson of Andrew Waggener.	United States Navy
1901	DUNCAN, GEORGE LEE..... Great-great-grandson of Return Jonathan Meigs.	Clarksburg
1900	DWIGHT, EDGAR NEILL..... Great-great-great-grandson of Abiel Pease.	Wheeling
1908	EDMONDSON, DR. RICHARD HENRY, JR..... Great-grandson of Samuel Edmondson.	Morgantown
1895	EDWARDS, WILLIAM SEYMOUR..... Great-great-grandson of Timothy Edwards. Also great-great-grandson of Edward Antil, 3d.	Charleston
1913	FLEMING, BROOKS, JR..... Great-great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1902	FLEMING, GEORGE WATSON..... Great-great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	14 Wall St., New York
1895	GOFF, NATHAN..... Grandson of Job Goff.	United States Senate

Admitted	Name	Residence
1913	GOODWIN, GEORGE REAY..... Great-great-grandson of John Neville.	Morgantown
1913	HALE, ROY RAPHAEL..... Great-great-great-grandson of Robert Hale.	Weston
1915	HARDING, CHARLES HENRY..... Great-grandson of James Provin.	Clarksburg
1894	HART, CHARLES MATTHEW..... Great-great-grandson of John Hart.	Clarksburg
1894	HART, JOHN BATTELLE..... Great-great-grandson of John Hart.	Clarksburg
1901	HARTLEY, JOSEPH MILTON..... Great-grandson of Peter Miller.	Fairmont
1894	HAYMOND, HENRY..... Great-grandson of William Haymond. Also great-grandson of Richard Bond.	Clarksburg
1902	HAYMOND, WILLIAM S..... Great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1904	HAYMOND, THOMAS..... Great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Clarksburg
1909	HENNEN, EARL MALCOLM..... Great-great-grandson of Jacob Baer.	Morgantown
1909	HENNEN, RAY VERNON..... Great-great-grandson of Jacob Baer.	Morgantown
1899	HICKMAN, CHARLES LEWIS..... Great-grandson of Sotho Hickman.	Clarksburg
1896	HUPP, DR. FRANK LEMOYNE..... Great-grandson of John Hupp. Also great-grandson of John Todd. Also great-grandson of Michael Cox. Also great-great-grandson of Isaac Cox.	Wheeling
1913	JACKSON, GEORGE..... Great-great-grandson of John Jackson.	Clarksburg
1911	JORDAN, LEWIS STEENROD..... Great-great-grandson of John Jordan.	Wheeling
1902	LEWIS, WILLIAM HAY..... Great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Clarksburg
1911—	LITTELL, REV. JAMES HARPER..... Great-grandson of William Littell.	Wheeling

Admitted	Name	Residence
1911	LOUGH, ROY ARTHUR..... Great-great-grandson of William Pritchard.	Morgantown
1898	MARTIN, FREDERICK THORNTON..... Great-grandson of James Broadus. Also great-great-grandson of Charles Martin.	Grafton
1907	MARTIN, ARTHUR GEORGE..... Great-great-grandson of Charles Martin.	Fairmont
1911	MATHERS, MAX..... Great-great-great-grandson of Zaquill Morgan. Also great-great-great-grandson of John Evans, Sr.	Morgantown
1908	MATTHEWS, WILLIAM BURDETTE..... Great-great-grandson of Christopher Parrott.	Charleston
1909	MECKLING, JOHN SMYLIE..... Great-grandson of Gideon Gibson.	Casper, Wyo.
1901	MERRIMAN, JOHN DONLON..... Great-great-grandson of Samuel Hitchcock.	Wheeling
1906	MILLER, THOMAS CONDIT..... Great-grandson of Abner Messenger.	Shepardstown
1904	MITCHELL, BAIRD Great-great-grandson of Absalom Baird.	Wheeling
1914	MORELAND, JAMES ROGERS..... Great-great-grandson of Joseph Huston. Also great-grandson of William Moreland.	Morgantown
1913	MORFIT, CHARLES CAMPBELL..... Great-great-grandson of George Bender. Also great-grandson of Henry Pitner Morfit.	Fairmont
1909	MONROE, SYLVESTER G..... Grandson of George Monroe.	Clarksburg
1913	MORGAN, DR. DAVID PORTER..... Grandson of Morgan Morgan.	Clarksburg
1910	MORGAN, WILLIAM HENRY..... Great-grandson of Zaekquill Morgan.	Parkersburg
1914	MUSGRAVE, CLARENCE LOWMON..... Great-great-great-grandson of Philip Pindall.	Fairmont
1913	McCOY, ROBERT LEE..... Great-great-grandson of John Evans.	Fairmont
	McKINLEY, JOHNSON CAMDEN.....	Wheeling

Admitted	Name	Residence
1897	McKINNEY, OWEN S. Grandson of Patrick Sullivan.	Fairmont
1911	NEWCOMB, REV. JAMES FRANCIS. Great-great-grandson of Jonathan Newcomb.	Summit, N. J.
1899	NICOLL, EDWARD LARKIN. Great-great-great-grandson of Robert Monroe.	Wheeling
1900	NICHOLS, FRANCIS EDMUND. Great-grandson of Peter Miller. Great-grandson of William Nichols.	Fairmont
1900	OGLEBAY, FRANKLIN MARTIN . . 300 West 11th St., Kansas City, Mo. Great-great-grandson of Charles Martin.	
1909	PARRIOTT, WILLIAM OSBORNE. Great-grandson of Christopher Parriott.	Newburg
1896	PAULL, ALFRED. Great-grandson of James Paull. Also great-grandson of Archibald Woods.	Wheeling
1899	PAULL, ARCHIBALD WOODS. Great-great-grandson of Archibald Woods. Also great-great-grandson of James Paull.	Wheeling
1896	PAULL, JOSEPH FRYE. Great-grandson of Archibald Woods.	Wheeling
1901	PETERKIN, WILLIAM GARDNER. Great-great-grandson of Richard Henry Lee. Also great-great-grandson of Cabel Gardner. Also great-great-great-grandson of Samuel Hanson. Also great-great-grandson of William Dent Beall.	Parkersburg
1895	PETERSON, B. WALKER. Grandson of Daniel Peterson.	Wheeling
1911	POFFENBARGER, GEORGE. Great-great-grandson of James Edmiston.	Point Pleasant
1910	POST, DR. SIDNEY HAYMOND. Great-great-great-grandson of Paul Kerber.	Clarksburg
1907	REAY, DAVID CHADWICK. Great-great-grandson of John Neville.	Morgantown
1900	REED, DR. ROBERT JEFFERY. Great-grandson of William Reed.	Wheeling
1900	RICHARDS, HOWARD CAMPBELL. Great-great-grandson of Nathaniel Irish. Also great-great-grandson of Thomas Wylie.	Wheeling

Admitted	Name	Residence
1914	RITCHIE, J. FRANK..... Great-great-great-grandson of John Carrothers.	Fairmont
1906	SHUGART, CHARLES THEODORE..... Great-grandson of Zachariah Shugart.	Charles Town
1914	SMITH, EDWARD GRANDISON..... Great-great-grandson of Thomas Smith.	Clarksburg
1912	SMITH, HARVEY FARIS..... Great-great-grandson of Thomas Smith.	Clarksburg
1910	SMITH, HENRY FINLEY..... Great-great-grandson of James Carrothers.	Fairmont
1905	SPERRY, CLARENCE B..... Great-great-grandson of Ambrose Hine.	Clarksburg
1905	SPERRY, EZRA CORTLAND..... Great-great-grandson of Ambrose Hine.	Clarksburg
1905	SPERRY, MELVIN G..... Great-great-grandson of Ambrose Hine.	Clarksburg
1908	STALNAKER, HENRY EDWIN..... Great-great-grandson of James Smith. Also great-great-grandson of Zedekiah Morgan.	Wheeling
1897	STALNAKER, RANDOLPH..... Great-grandson of Zedekiah Morgan. Also great-grandson of James Smith.	Phillipi
1907	TALBOT, MARONE CAPITO..... Great-great-grandson of John Hart.	Philippi
1898	THAYER, DR. ABEL H..... Great-grandson of Abel Thayer.	Grafton
1909	THAYER, HOWARD B..... Great-great-grandson of Abel Thayer.	Grafton
1911	THRALLS, FRANCIS..... Great-grandson of Richard Thralls.	Fairmont
1896	UPDEGRAFT, ALEXANDER..... Great-great-grandson of Peter Miller.	Wheeling
1910	VINCENT, GEORGE ANDREW..... Great-grandson of John Carrothers. Also great-great-grandson of Andiel Duval.	Fairmont
1914	WALKER, WORTHINGTON HENRY..... Great-great-grandson of James Walker.	Parkersburg
1909	WALMSLEY, WILFRED DAILEY..... Great-great-great-grandson of John Hart.	Clarksburg

Admitted	Name	Residence
1902	WATSON, ALBERT THURMAN..... Great-great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1902	WATSON, CLARENCE W..... Great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1902	WATSON, GEORGE THOMAS..... Great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1913	WATSON, HARRY HUSTON..... Great-great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1902	WATSON, JAMES OTIS, JR..... Great-great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1902	WATSON, SYLVANUS L..... Great-grandson of William Haymond.	Fairmont
1907	WEES, BOYD..... Great-great-great-grandson of John Hart. Also great-great-grandson of Zedekiah Morgan.	Elkins
1902	WELLS, CHARLES EVANS..... Great-grandson of Zadoek Morris.	Glover's Gap
1900	WHITE, ALBERT BLAKESLEE..... Great-great-grandson of Paul White.	Parkersburg
1907	WHITE, ISRAEL C..... Great-grandson of Jacob Baer.	Morgantown
1905	WILSON, WILLIAM HENRY..... Great-grandson of Archibald Wilson.	Elm Grove

**ROLL OF DECEASED MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY OF
SONS OF THE REVOLUTION IN THE STATE
OF WEST VIRGINIA.**

- 1910 ABBOTT, GEORGE LUCIUS.....Grafton
Grandson of Ezekiel Seegar.
- 1894 BASSELL, JOHN.....Clarksburg
Grandson of John Norris.
- 1897 BEACH, ALBERT HENRY.....Wheeling
Grandson of Burr Beecher.
- 1897 BROCKUNIER, WILBUR C.....Wheeling
Great-grandson of Ebenezer Zane.
- 1901 CHANCELLOR, WILLIAM NELSON.....Parkersburg
Great-grandson of Thomas Chancellor.
- 1900 CRANMER, GIBSON LAMB.....Wheeling
Grandson of John Cranmer.
- 1897 CULBERTSON, JOHN DICKEY.....Wheeling
Great-grandson of Samuel Culbertson.
Great-grandson of Thomas Grier.
- 1896 DENT, DR. WILLIAM MARMADUKE.....Newberg
Grandson of John Dent.
- 1896 DU BOIS, JOSEPH D.....Wheeling
Great-grandson of Peter Miller.
- 1901 GOFF, CHARLES J.....Clarksburg
Grandson of Job Goff.
- 1894 GITTINGS, JOHN GEORGE.....Clarksburg
Great-great-grandson of Return Jonathan Meigs.
- 1894 HAGANS, JOHN MARSHALL.....Morgantown
Grandson of Daniel McCollom.
- 1910 HAYMOND, SYDNEYClarksburg
Grandson of William Haymond.

- 1904 HENDERSON, HAROLD W.....Clarksburg
Great-grandson of Michael Henderson.
- 1894 JACKSON, THOMAS MOORE.....Clarksburg
Great-great-grandson of Return Jonathan Meigs.
- 1896 LAMB, GIBSONWheeling
Great-grandson of Ebenezer Zane.
- 1906 MILLER, DANA PAUL.....Morgantown
Great-great-grandson of Abner Messenger.
- 1906 MILLER, WILLIAM EDMUND.....Fairmont
Grandson of Abner Messenger.
- 1895 MORELAND, JOSEPHMorgantown
Grandson of William Moreland.
Great-grandson of Joseph Huston.
- 1897 MORGAN, HENRY M.....Morgantown
Grandson of Zackquill Morgan.
- 1897 McMECHEN, BIRNEY KENNARD.....Wheeling
Great-great-grandson of William Armistead.
- 1896 PAULL, ARCHIBALD WOODS.....Wheeling
Great-grandson of James Paull.
Great-grandson of Archibald Woods.
- 1894 PETERSON, WILLIAM FAIRFIELD.....Wheeling
Grandson of Daniel Peterson.
- 1896 TALLMAN, ALBERT P.....Wheeling
Great-grandson of James Tallman.
- 1896 TALLMAN, WILBUR H.....Wheeling
Great-grandson of James Tallman.
- 1896 WOODS, JOSEPH J.....Wheeling
Grandson of Archibald Woods.

Roll of the Ancestors of the Members of the West Virginia Society Sons of the Revolution

NOTE:—Only the ancestors of members in good standing and those of members who died while in good standing appear in this list. The names of the members who are eligible through each ancestor are given.

ANTIL, EDWARD, 3d. (1742-1787.)

Engineer Gen. Montgomery's Staff, 1775; Lieutenant-Colonel appointed by Congress in 1776; served with American troops in Canada, 1776; under Gen. Sullivan in 1777; taken prisoner and exchanged Nov. 10, 1780; served in Virginia in 1781, and was present at the surrender of Cornwallis; was an original member of the Order of the Cincinnati.

See Public Archives.

Edwards, William Seymour.

ARMISTEAD, WILLIAM.

Ensign 11th Virginia; served 11th March, 1776, to ———.

Heitman—Reg. Off. Cont. Army, page 65.

McMechen, Birney Kennard.

BAIRD, ABSALOM. (1755-1805.)

Ensign in a Company attached to one of four Regiments authorized by act of Congress in 1776; Surgeon's Mate; served in Penn., N. J. and N. Y.; was present at the storming of Stony Point, July 15, 1779, and rendered medical attention to Gen. Anthony Wayne; on duty in Soldiers' Hospital at Fishkill, N. Y., August 17, 1779; commissioned Surgeon, March 20, 1780, in Col. Jeduthan Baldwin's Regiment of Artillery and Artificers, and served until March 29, 1781.

Heitman—Reg. Off. Cont. Army, p. 71.

Pa. Archives, II. Ser., Vol. 2, pp. 257, 556, 559.

N. Y. Col. Doc., Vol. X., p. 902.

Baird, Reed M.

Baird, George B.

Mitchell, Baird.

Baird, Du Bois.

BAER, JACOB. (1758-1837.)

Enlisted 1776 at Lancaster, Pa.; served two months under Capt. John Roland; enlisted January, 1777; served under Capt. Thos. Dorsey, Col. Moyland; attached to Gen. Pulaski's Life Guards until honorable discharge in October, 1778.

Records Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

White, Israel C.

Hennen, Ray Vernon.

Hennen, Earl Malcolm.

BEALL, WILLIAM DENT.

Officer of the "Maryland Line" during the Revolution, afterward an officer of the U. S. Army; was a member of the Society of the Cincinnati.

Records of the Maryland Society of the Cincinnati.

Peterkin, William Gardner.

BEECHER, BURR. (1757-1823.)

Private, 1776, Fifth Company, Captain Jonas Prentice, Fifth Battalion, Col. Douglas, Connecticut State Brigade, Gen. Wadsworth; saw service in New York, battles of Long Island and White Plains; term expired December 25, 1776.

Rec. Conn. Men Rev. War, pub. 1889.

Beach, Albert H.

Beach, Austin.

BENDER, GEORGE. (1752-1843.)

Private in Capt. Daniel Barnes' Company, Col. Jonathan Ward's Regiment, Massachusetts troops.

Records U. S. Bureau of Pensions, Sur. File 34024.

Morfit, Charles Campbell.

BLAND, THOMAS.

Bland, Robert Linn.

BOND, RICHARD. (1728-1819.)

Member House of Delegates, State of Maryland, 1777, from Cecil County; was also engaged in the manufacture of small arms for the use of the Revolutionary army.

Jour. Md. Assem., 1777.

Md. Hist. Soc.

Haymond, Henry.

BOWIE, ALLEN, JR. (1737-1803.)

Raised a military company in Frederick County, Maryland, in 1776, of which he was commissioned Captain; afterwards, Colonel; he was afterwards reimbursed by the Colony for expenses he incurred in providing for the wants of his regiment; served as Justice of Montgomery County, 1777.

Archives of Maryland, page 424.

Bowie, Edward Beatty.

BROADUS, JAMES.

Private and Sergeant in the Virginia Line, March, 1776, to September, 1779; Ensign 2d Virginia, 25th September, 1779; retired 2d September, 1780; present at the surrender of Cornwallis.

Heitman—Reg. Off. Cont. Army, p. 100.

Martin, Frederick T.

Martin, Arthur G.

BURKE, EDWARD DEVENISH. (1758-1808.)

Private, Capt. Jacob Gerrish's Company, Col. Moses Little's Regiment (17th Massachusetts), Gen. Greene's Brigade; enlisted April 24, 1775; was wounded in the battle of Bunker Hill; served nine months.

Pub. Rec. Mass., Vol. 15, p. 8; Vol. 56, p. 86, and Vol. 57, File 9.

Burke, William Paxton.

CAROTHERS, JAMES.

Private in Capt. John Carothers' 12th Pennsylvania Regiment, Second Battalion Cumberland Co. Militia.

Pennsylvania Archives, 5th Series, Vol. 6, page 181.

Smith, Henry Finley.

Ritchie, J. Frank.

CHANCELLOR, THOMAS. (1745- .)

Private in the Virginia Line in the Revolutionary War; was paid £47 12s 2d on Aug. 15, 1783.

Va. State Doc.

Chancellor, Edmund Pendleton, Jr.

Chancellor, William Nelson.

CONOWAY, JOHN SPAN. (-1784.)

Captain of Black Water Company, Salisbury Battalion, from Somerset County, Maryland; member Council of Safety, 1777-1778.

Maryland Archives, Vol. XVI., pages 381 and 464.

Conoway, Waitman Harrison.

COX, ISAAC. (1724-1784.)

Administered oath of allegiance and fidelity renouncing King George of Great Britain in 1777, to the people of Washington County, Pa.; Captain and Colonel, Washington County Militia; Paymaster Penn. Rifle Reg., Col. Samuel Miles, September 18, 1776.

Crumrine's History Washington County, Pa., pages 129, 188 and 744.

Colonial Records, Vol. X., page 722.

Penna. Archives, 2nd Series, 2nd Edition, pages 200 and 208.

Historical Registry Officers of Continental Army, page 137.

Hupp, Frank LeMoyne.

COX, MICHAEL. (1759-1832.)

Private of Rangers on the frontiers, 1778-1783; also private in Capt. Andrew Tourley's Co., Lieut. Elijah Miles' Co., and Ensign David Rubel's Washington County Militia; Fifer in 8th Penna. Reg. Continental Line.

Penna. Archives, 3rd Series, Vol. XXIII., pages 204, 205, 215 and 218.

Penna. Archives, 2nd Series, Vol. XIV., pages 739, 744 and 746.

Penna. Line, July 1, 1776, to November 3, 1783.

Crumrine's History Washington County, Pa., page 83.

Ellis' History Fayette County, Pa., page 64.

Hupp, Frank LeMoyne.

CULBERTSON, SAMUEL. (1737- .)

Col. Sixth Battalion Cumberland County Associators, July 31, 1777; service in and around Philadelphia; Col. Sixth Battalion Cumberland County Associators, May 14, 1778; Lieutenant-Colonel Fourth Battalion Cumberland County Militia, May 10, 1780.

Pa. Arch., II. Ser., Vol. XIII., pp. 408, 433, 458.

Culbertson, John Diekey.

DENT, JOHN. (1755-1840.)

Private, Captain David Scott's Company, 13th Virginia Regiment, Col. John Gibson, and served April, 1777, to spring of 1778; Lieutenant in Capt. Jacob Sullivan's Company, 1778 to 1780; Captain of a Company of

Cavalry, spring of 1780 until November, 1780; Pensioner under act of Congress in 1832.

Va. State Doc.

Annan, William Dent Roberdeau.
Dent, William Marmaduke.

1492487

DUVALL, DANIEL.

Ensign Fifth Virginia Regiment, Feb. 24, 1776, to ———.
Heitman's His. Reg. Officers of the Continental Army.
Vincent, George Andrew.

EDMISTON, JAMES. (1746-1817.)

Private Capt. Hays' Company, Col. George Matthews' Regiment (the —th Virginia Regiment.) The rolls show he enlisted April, 1777, and was released in October because of wounds received during the months of July and August of that year.

Records of the Adjutant-General, U. S. War Dept.
Poffenbarger, George.

EDWARDS, TIMOTHY. (1738-1813.)

Member of the Committee of Safety for Western Massachusetts; Member of Continental Congress at Philadelphia; Member of Massachusetts Legislature; Commissary-General of Massachusetts, and provisioned Gates' army.

Pub. Rec. Mass.
Pub. Rec. Stockbridge, Mass.
Edwards, William Seymour.

EDMONDSON, SAMUEL.

Served as Quartermaster Continental Army, Fourth Maryland Battalion, 1776; Hospital Surgeon's Mate and Physician, 1777 to 1781.

Heitman's Official Register Officers of the Continental Army.
Public Records, Maryland.
American Archives, 5th Series, Vol. 3.
Edmondson, Dr. Richard H., Jr.

EVANS, JOHN. (1737-1834.)

Colonel, under General Broadhead, in Revolutionary Army; Member of the Convention of 1776; Military Commandant of Monongalia County, Va.; Representative to General Assembly of Virginia.

His. of Monongalia Co., p. 521.
Annan, William Dent Roberdeau.
Dille, Thomas Ray.
McCoy, Robert Lee.
Mather, Max.

GARRETT, JOHN. (1740-1815.)

Sergeant Capt. John Chapman's Co., Col. Jos. Crocket's Regiment; under Gen. Jos. Rogers Clark's command of Virginia troops; was granted for his service, certain land (see Warrant No. 3924, dated June 21, 1785).

Public Records Virginia.
Register of Land Office, Richmond, Va.
Burdett, Frank Lee.

GARDNER, CALEB. (1739-1806.)

Successively, Captain, Major and Lieutenant-Colonel of the First Rhode Island Regiment, 1775-6; in 1778, at Newport, he piloted the French Squadron under Comte d'Estaing through the blockading fleet of Admiral Howe.

Appleton's Ency. of Am. Biog. 11, page 597.

"Lee, of Virginia," by Dr. Edw. J. Lee, 1895, page 478. In this volume is given a letter from the French Minister of Marine, dated November 3, 1781, conveying to Caleb Gardner the thanks of the King of France for his service, certain land (see Warrant No. 3924, dated June 21, 1785.)

Yorktown.

Peterkin, William Gardner.

GOFF, JOB. (1760-1845.)

Private, enlisted 1777; Rhode Island Regiment, Major Isaac Johnson; served for twelve months; his company being commanded respectively by Captain Galvin and Captain Green; enlisted 1782 in a New York Regiment, Col. John Abbot; pensioned under act of Congress in 1832.

Comm. of Pensions.

Goff, Nathan.

Goff, Charles J.

GIBSON, GIDEON.

Private, Bedford's Company, Pennsylvania Militia.

Pennsylvania Archives, 5th Series, Vol. 4, page 239.

Meehling, John Smylie.

GRIER, THOMAS.

Private, Captain George Crawford's Company, First Battalion, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, Associators, "called out by an order from Council, July ye 28th, 1777," and in service that summer.

Pa. Archives, II. Ser., Vol. XV., p. 567.

Culbertson, John Dickey.

HALE, ROBERT. (1739-1784.)

Private, Capt. Thomas Knowlton's Company, Col. Israel Putnam's Regiment, Connecticut Continental troops; was first cousin of Nathan Hale, the Revolutionary martyr.

Conn. Archives, 2nd Series, Vol. III., Doc. 18.

Conn. Men in the Revolution, pages 55 and 151.

Records of Conn. Historical Society, Vol. VIII., page 15; Vol. XII., pp. 46, 131, 294.

Hale, Roy Raphael.

HANSON, SAMUEL.

Commissioned by Maryland Convention as Lieutenant-Colonel in the "Upper Battalion of Charles County." Brother of John Hanson, President of the Continental Congress. Father of Thomas Hanson, who was Captain in the 3rd Maryland Battalion of the "Flying Camp."

"A Biographical Encyclopaedia of Maryland and District of Columbia."

"History of Old Kent."

Peterkin, William Gardner.

HART, JOHN. (1711-1779.)

Member of the Colonial Assembly of New Jersey, 1761 to 1772; Member of the Provisional Congress in 1774, which met at New Brunswick, N. J.,

and in 1776 deposed Governor Franklin, the Royal Governor, and established a new State Government; Member of the Committee of Safety; Member of the Continental Congress from New Jersey; voted for and signed the Declaration of Independence; Speaker of the Legislature of New Jersey from July, 1776, until his death in 1779. The State of New Jersey erected a monument to his memory in the church yard at Hopewell, which ground he had presented to the Baptists.

“Lives of the Signers,” Losing and Sanderson.

Hart, Charles Matthew.
 Hart, John Battelle.
 Butcher, Bernard Lee.
 Butcher, Daniel Hutton.
 Baker, Stark L.
 Talbot, Marone Capito.
 Wamsley, Wilfred Dailey.
 Wees, Boyd.

HENDERSON, JOHN. (1741-1787.)

Was first a private in the troops of his brother-in-law, Gen. Andrew Lewis, in the battle of Point Pleasant, Oct. 10, 1774; corporal in Company No. 12, Capt. John Gregory, in Col. Daniel Morgan's 11th and 15th Virginia Regiments.

Hardesty's Geographical and Historical Encyclopaedia.

Saffell's Revolutionary Records, pages 267 and 256.

Chancellor, Edmund Pendleton, Jr.

HAYMOND, WILLIAM. (1740-1821.)

Captain Monongalia County Militia, commissioned by Gov. Patrick Henry, March 13, 1776; commissioned Major of Militia by Gov. Benjamin Harrison, Nov. 12, 1781; in command of Pickett's Fort on the Monongahela river in 1777, with a detachment at Scott's Mills, and served from 1776 until the close of the war; selected May, 1777, as one of the officials to administer an oath to the male inhabitants of Monongalia County, over the age of 16, renouncing allegiance to King George III., and swearing allegiance to the Commonwealth of Virginia; Sheriff of Monongalia County in 1783.

Va. State Doc.

Watson, Sylvanus L.
 Watson, James Otis, Jr.
 Watson, Arthur Thurman.
 Lewis, William Hay.
 Haymond, William O.
 Haymond, Henry.
 Watson, George Thomas.
 Watson, Clarence W.
 Watson, James Fay.
 Fleming, George Watson.
 Arnett, Thomas Watson.
 Haymond, Thomas.
 Haymond, Sidney.
 Watson, Harry Huston.
 Fleming, Brooks, Jr.

HINE, AMBROSE. (1726- .)

Was Second Lieutenant Fifth Battalion, Gen. Wadsworth's Brigade, under Gen. Washington; participated in battle of White Plains, New York, Oct. 28, 1776. and in retreat across New Jersey; was a member of first Legislature from State of Connecticut.

Public Records Connecticut.

Certificate by Adjutant General.

Sperry, Clarence B.

Sperry, Ezra Cortland.

Sperry, Melvin G.

HILL, JAMES. (1758-1831.)

Enlisted from Virginia as private for three years' service, January, 1777, Capt. Thos. Ewell's Company, Col. Geo. Gibson's Regiment; was engaged in battle of Monmouth, June 28, 1778, and attack on Stony Point, July 15, 1779; re-enlisted as Corporal of Infantry, Va. State Line; was in Virginia Campaign of 1781; received £17 19s 1d balance of pay from State of Virginia, April 16, 1784; pensioner under act of Congress in 1818.

Burdette, Frank Lee.

HITCHCOCK, SAMUEL. (1757-1841.)

Private in Capt. Joel Clark's Co., 8th Reg., Col. Jedidiah Huntington, Conn.; discharged December 8, same year; private in Capt. Samuel Maddock's Co.; enlisted May 9, 1777, for three years; discharged May 9, 1780; private in Capt. Gad Stanley's Co., June 24, 1776; in Col. Fisher Galf's Sec. Bat., raised to reinforce Washington at New York; served at the Brooklyn front in the battle of Long Island, August 27th in the retreat to New York, August 29th and 30th in retreat from New York City, September 15th with main army at White Plains; time expired December 25, 1776; pensioner of Connecticut.

Connecticut Men in the Revolution, pages 86, 235, 396, 652, 679.

Merriman, John Donlon.

HICKMAN, SOTHA. (1749-1834.)

Private, Virginia troops, Revolutionary War; part of time in Capt. William Lowther's Company.

Comm. of Pensions.

Hickman, Charles Lewis.

HUPP, JOHN. (1747-1782.)

Was a private in Capt. Eleazear Williamson's Co. of Rangers on the frontier, 1778-1782.

Penna. Archives, 3rd Series, Vol. XXIII., page 310.

Hupp, Frank LeMoyne.

HUSTON, JOSEPH. (-1830.)

Private, Captain John Biggs' Company, and served with him on Col. Crawford's expedition to Sandusky in 1782, as is shown by the records in the State Library of Pennsylvania.

Pa. Archives.

Moreland, Joseph.

Moreland, James R.

IRISH, NATHANIEL. (1720-1790.)

Commissioned Feb. 7, 1777, Captain in the Corps of Artillery Artificers; was in service April, 1782, and remained until 1783, when he was retired.

Penna. Archives, 2nd Series, Vol. XI., pp. 250, 254. His name appears on the roll of the original members of the Pennsylvania Society of the Cincinnati. Second volume of Penna. Archives, app.

Richards, Howard Campbell.

JACKSON, GEORGE. (1756-1831.)

Enlisted as a private early in the War of the Revolution and served throughout the war; later advanced to the rank of Colonel; large tract of land near Zanesville, Ohio, given him by the State of Virginia for his services.

Virginia Land Records, Richmond.

Jackson, George Reynolds.

JORDON, JOHN, JR. (1724-1799.)

Lieutenant, Captain and Major at different times in Pennsylvania Militia and Continental troops.

Heitman.

Pennsylvania Archives.

Original documentary evidence in the shape of orders, rolls, accounts and letters in the possession of Hon. Lewis Steenrod Jordon, Wheeling, W. Va.

Jordon, Lewis Steenrod.

KERBER, PAUL. (1725-1778.)

Served as Quartermaster Sergeant in Col. Holler's Battalion, Flying Camp, Pa. His name first appears on a return dated at camp at Delanceys Mills, Sept. 27, 1776, with remark, "On furlough," and it last appears on a return dated Oct. 5, 1776, with remarks, "Absent since Sept. 26, 17—, by leave of Col. Holler; no time limited; recruiting at Amboy."

War Department, Record of Pension Office. No. 639320.

Carper, David Bassell.

Post, Dr. Sidney Haymond.

LANGDON, WILLIAM. (1750-1820.)

Was master of the "Success," which sailed from Beverly to Charleston, S. C., and was captured by the British frigate "Dimond." An order of Council, June 17, 1777, directed that measures be taken to effect his exchange. Was commissioned Commander of the Cent. Pied., Dec. 23, 1777.

Revolutionary Rolls Commonwealth of Mass.

Mass. Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolution, Vol. 9, page 491.

Pennsylvania Archives, 5th Series, Vol. 5, page 641.

Backus, Garland Clifford.

LEE, RICHARD HENRY. (1732-1794.)

Member of the Continental Congress and signer of the Declaration of American Independence.

Peterkin, William Gardner.

LILLARD, THOMAS. (1742-1825.)

Sergeant, Captain Philip Slaughter's Company, Virginia Infantry, Continental Line; was in the American army at the siege of Yorktown and surrender of Lord Cornwallis in 1781; served till close of war.

Virginia State Doc. No. 44, 1834.

Virginia Historical Society, and other papers.

Burdette, Frank Lee.

LINN, ROBERT.

Bland, Robert Linn.

LITTELL, WILLIAM. (1746-1823.)

Private, Capt. Courtenay's Company, Col. Thos. Proctor's Regiment, Pennsylvania and Continental Artillery, in 1775; later served under Col. Strobach; taken prisoner at battle of Bound Brook, April 13, 1777, and carried to New York and held until exchanged and discharged, August 5, 1778; was for a time with General Washington as his private secretary; applied for and received pension, 1818.

Penn. Archives, Vol. II., reprint of 1891.

Penn. Archives, 2nd Series, Vol. XIII., page 132.

Records U. S. Pension Office, Surv. File 40, 944 Rev. War.

Littell, James Harper.

MARTIN, CHARLES.

Charles Martin, a Minute Man, was in command of a fort on Crooked Run, Monongalia County, W. Va., not far from Morgantown, from 1773 to 1783. This fort was built as a defense for the people of Monongalia County against the Indians, but when the Declaration of Independence was declared, was used as a defense against both British and Indians, and was attacked June, 1779, and ten whites killed and captured. Charles Martin was granted 400 acres of land in Monongalia County, 1769.

References—Wiley's History Monongalia County, pages 63, 696, 38.

Oglebay, Franklin Martin.

Martin, Arthur George.

Martin, Frederick Thornton.

MESSENGER, ABNER. (-1842.)

Private, Capt. Matthew Smith's Company, Gen. David Waterbury's State Brigade, Connecticut, 1781.

Connecticut Public Records.

Connecticut Men in the Revolution, page 570.

Miller, William Edmund.

Miller, Thomas Condit.

Miller, Dana Paul.

MEIGS, RETURN JONATHAN. (1740-1823.)

Recruited a company at the beginning of the war and marched to Cambridge; Major of the Continental Line, accompanying Arnold to Quebec, and with Montgomery in the attack on the Citadel; captured December 31, 1775; exchanged in 1776; Colonel of the Sixth Connecticut, 1776; received a vote of thanks and was presented with a sword by the Conti-

mental Congress for his brilliant services at Sag Harbor, May 22, 1777; with Gen. Wayne at the capture of Stony Point, July 15, 1779; served until the close of the war.

Rec. Conn. Men Rev. War.

Jackson, Thomas Moore.

Duncan, George Lee.

Gittings, John George.

MILLER, PETER. (1737-1794.)

Private, Captain Andrew Burkhart's Company, 3d Battalion of Philadelphia Associators, Col. J. H. Morgan: active service in 1777 and 1778.

Pa. Archives.

Updegraff, Alexander.

Du Bois, Joseph D.

Baird, Du Bois.

MILLER, PETER. (1759-1838.)

Served as private for five months (1776) in Capt. Blauvett's Company. Col. Drake's Regiment, from New Jersey; served as private for three or four months in Capt. Parson's Company from New Jersey; served as private for three or four months in the summer of 1777, Captain Marion's Company, from New Jersey; engaged in the battle of White Plains. Residence at time of enlistment, Tippon, N. J. Residence at time of application for pension, Monongalia Co., Va.

Nichols, Francis Edward.

Hartley, Joseph Milton.

Hartley, Harry John.

Jackson, Samuel Newton.

Boydston, Dr. Walter Jason.

MILLER, CHRISTIAN. (1744-1836.)

Sergeant in the Virginia troops under Captain Jacob Rinker, from August, 1780, to May, 1781; in September, 1832, received a pension.

Comm. of Pensions.

Chancellor, Edmund Pendleton, Jr.

MIX, ELISHA. (1761-1818.)

Enlisted as private, May 26, 1777, Capt. Eli Catlin's Company, Colonel Philip Burr Bradley, 5th Regiment Conn.; rendezvous, Danbury; camp at Peekskill; Sept., '77, ordered to Penn. with McDougal's Brigade; battle of Germantown, October 4, '77; assigned to Huntington's Brigade; wintered at Valley Forge, '77-'78; June 28, '78, at battle of Monmouth; wintered at Reading, '78-'79; in operations of '78, with Heath's wing, east side of Hudson; wintered at Morristown Heights, '79-'80; following summer in Conn. Division, Main Army, both sides of the Hudson; wintered '80-'81 opposite West Point.

Page 200, Conn. Men in the Revolution.

Page 234, Capt. Titus Watson's Co., Seventh Regiment; enlisted Aug. 14, '77, for the war; Corporal, July 1, 1777.

Page 541, Capt. Ozier Bissell's Co., Col. Eno's Regiment, on the Hudson. Page 643, Conn. Pension Act of 1818.

Elisha Mix, Corporal.

Resided in New York.

Beach, Austin.

MONROE, GEORGE. (-1817.)

Served as Surgeon and Surgeon's Mate during the War of the Revolution with Virginia troops; appears as Surgeon's Mate on Roll of Field and Staff of the Fifth Virginia Regiment, commanded by Col. John Green, Feb., 1779; appears as Surgeon on pay roll of the officers of the Virginia Line for years 1781, '82 and '83.

War Department, Records of Adjutant General's Office.

Monroe, Sylvester G.

MORELAND, WILLIAM. ()

Private, Captain George Vance's Company, Westmoreland Co., Penna. Rangers; also private in Col. Crawford's Virginia Regiment.

Penna. Archives, Vol. XXIII., page 313.

Virginia Land Records.

Moreland, Joseph.

Moreland, James Rogers.

MORFIT, HENRY PITNER. (1757-1795.)

Entered the Revolutionary War in 1776 in the Flying Camp and the Pennsylvania Line as a Lieutenant; was at White Plains, Valley Forge, Germantown, Princeton, Saratoga and Brandywine; taken prisoner in 1778 and confined in the "Sugar House," N. Y., until the end of the war.

Records of U. S. Bureau of Pensions, W. F. 24020.

Morfit, Charles Campbell.

MORGAN, MORGAN. (1746- .)

Lieutenant in Captain William Haymond's Company, commissioned 1776. (See Captain William Haymond on another page of this record.)

Virginia Records.

Also original rolls and other documents in possession of Col. Henry Haymond, W. Va. Society Sons of the Revolution.

Morgan, Dr. David Porter.

MORGAN, ZACKQUILL. (1758- .)

He enlisted from Monongalia County, Virginia, and served seven months and twenty-three days as a private under Col. John Evans and Capt. James Brinton; pensioner under act of Congress in 1832.

Comm. of Pensions.

Morgan, William Henry.

Mathers, Max.

MORGAN, ZEDEKIAH. ()

Served from Connecticut in the War of the Revolution as conductor, 1779-1781.

Rec. Conn. Men Rev. War, p. 628.

Stalnaker, Randolph.

Stalnaker, Henry Edwin.

Wees, Boyd.

Baker, Starke L.

MORRIS, ZADOCK. (1759-1845.)

Enlisted as a private in Captain Thomas Holland's Company, Col. David Hall's Regiment, Delaware, in 1776, and served during the war; engaged in battle of Camden.

Wells, Charles Evans.

MUNROE, ROBERT. (1712-1775.)

Ensign, Capt. John Parker's Company of Minute Men, and was killed by the fire of the British troops at the battle of Lexington, April 19, 1775.

Hudson's Hist. Lexington, 1868.

Roster Col. Troops, p. 181.

Roster Capt. Parker's Co., p. 379.

Nicoll, Edward Larkin.

McCOLLUM, DANIEL. (1754-1842.)

Ensign 2d Company, 1st Battalion, York County, Pennsylvania Association; his battalion was incorporated with the force known as the "Flying Camp," in the year 1776; served in the battle of Long Island, and was present at the surrender of Fort Washington, in November following.

Pa. Arch.

Clark, George Ramsey.

Hagans, John Marshall.

McFARLAND, DANIEL. ()

He was Colonel commanding a body of rangers, Monongalia County; served in Monongalia and Ohio Counties from April 22 to July 20, 1778.

Pennsylvania Archives, 3rd Series, Vol. 23, page 458.

Dille, Thomas Ray.

McKINLEY, JOHN. (-1782.)

Entered service as private or Sergeant, 1776; later commissioned Lieutenant and afterwards Captain in 13th Virginia Regiment; killed by Indians when with Crawford's Expedition, 1782.

Heitman, Page 279.

Congressional Record, 27th Congress, 2nd Session, August 20th, 1842.

McKinley, Johnson Camden.

NEVILLE, JOHN. ()

Served as Colonel of a Regiment in the Virginia Line.

War Department, Bureau of Pensions.

Reay, David Chadwick.

Goodwin, George Reay.

NEWCOMB, REV. EBENEZER. ()

Bland, Robert Linn.

NEWCOMB, JONATHAN. (1744-1804.)

Sergeant in Dean's Company, Daggett's Regiment, Dec. 8, 1776; later Sergeant in Capt. Israel Travis' Company, Col. John Daggett's Regiment, 1778.

War Service Records, Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the War of the Revolution, Vol. II.

Newcomb, Rev. James Francis.

NICHOLS, WILLIAM. ()

Private soldier, Pennsylvania Rangers, 1778, 1783.

Pennsylvania Archives, 3rd Series, Vol. 23, page 274.

Nichols, Francis Edmund.

NORRIS, JOHN. (1760-1836.)

Private, Capt. James Scott's Company, Virginia Militia; served three months; enlisted February, 1777; private, Captain Turner Moorehead's Company, Virginia Militia; served two months; enlisted March, 1781; Sergeant, Captain Thomas Helm's Company, Virginia Militia, served two months; enlisted September, 1781; served at the siege of Yorktown, Virginia, and was present at the surrender of Cornwallis; pensioned under act of Congress in 1832.

Comm. Pensions.

Bassel, John.

PARRIOTT, CHRISTOPHER. (1755-1820.)

Enlisted 1777; served three years; served under Col. Howard; from State of Maryland; engaged in battles of Trenton, Princeton, Brandywine, Germantown, Monmouth, Stony Point and Yorktown.

Public Records, Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

Parriott, William Osborne.

Matthews, William Burdette.

PAULL, JAMES. (1760-1841.)

Guarded stores at Brownsville, Pa., 1778; First Lieutenant under Capt. Whaley and Col. Crocket; commissioned by Thomas Jefferson, Governor of Virginia; private in Crawford's Campaign of 1782; pensioner under act of Congress, 1832.

Comm. Pensions.

Pa. Archives.

Paull, Archibald W.

Paull, Alfred.

Paull, Joseph F.

PETERSON, DANIEL. ()

Member of the Regimental Staff of the New Hampshire Regiment commanded by Col. Thomas Stickney, in Gen. John Stark's Brigade, July, 1777.

Army Roll N. H., Fol. 18, Vol. 1, "D."

Peterson, B. Walker.

PEASE, ABIEL. ()

First Lieutenant, Eighth Connecticut, July 6 to Dec. 16, 1775; subsequently served as Captain and Major Connecticut Militia.

Heitman's Register of the Officers of the Continental Army, page 322.

Dwight, Edward Neill.

PINDALL, PHILLIP. (1731-1804.)

Captain of a Company in Lemuel Barrett's Battalion of Maryland Militia, known as the Third, or Western Battalion; commissioned May 16, 1778.

Maryland Archives, Vol. XXI., page 86.

Musgrave, Clarence Lowmann.

PRITCHARD, WILLIAM. (-1777.)

Enlisted as a private, 1776, in Captain Alexander Lawson Smith's Company, General Daniel Morgan's Regiment.

Maryland Archives, Vol. X., page 132.

Lough, Roy Arthur.

PROVIN, JAMES. ()

Private, Capt. William Cooley's Company, Col. John Mosley's Regiment, Sept. 22, 1776, to Nov. 16, 1776; Sergeant, Capt. Samuel Sloper's (12th) Company, Col. David Mosley's (3rd Hampshire Co.) Regiment, Massachusetts Continental troops, 1782.

Harding, Charles Henry.

QUARLES, FRANCIS. (1752-)

Enlisted in the Continental Army in 1775 from Virginia; engaged in battles of Jamestown, Waxhan, Camden and Yorktown; served under Captains Thos. Dillard and Gabriel Skelton, Colonels Morgan and Abraham Buford; served until end of the Revolution; was granted a pension after 1832.

Records of Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

Public Records of Virginia, "Soldiers in the Revolution."

Adams, Earl Dabney.

REED, WILLIAM. (-1830.)

Ensign of a company of foot in the Fourth Battalion of Militia, in the County of York, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Reed, Robert Jeffery.

ROBERDEAU, DANIEL. (1727-1795.)

Brigadier General, Penn. Militia, July 4, 1776, to March, 1777; Member of Continental Congress, 1777-8-9; signer of Articles of Confederation between the colonies.

Pa. Archives.

Heitman's His. Register Officers of Continental Army.

Americans of Royal Descent.

Amman, William Dent Roberdeau.

SEEGAR, EZEKIEL. (1753-1851.)

Appears with rank of Private on muster alarm roll of Capt. William Bacon's Co., Col. Fellows' Regiment, which marched, April 21, 1775, from Sheffield; length of service, seventeen days; town to which soldier belonged, Sheffield; appears with rank of Private on muster roll Capt. Bacon's Co., Col. Fellows' Regiment, dated Aug. 1, 1775; enlisted May 8, 1775; time of service, three months, one day; town to which soldier belonged Sheffield; appears with rank of Private on Company Return, Capt. Bacon's Company, Col. Fellows' Regiment, dated Dorechester, Oct. 6, 1775; town to which soldier belonged, Sheffield.

Public Records Mass.

Abbott, George Lucius.

SMITH, JAMES. (-1837.)

Private, Delaware Line, Revolutionary Army; pensioned under act of Congress in 1818.

Comm. Pensions.

Stalnaker, Randolph.

Stalnaker, Henry Edwin.

SMITH, THOMAS. (1743-1799.)

Private, First Regiment, Monmouth County, New Jersey, Militia; later Private, First Battalion, Second Establishment New Jersey Continental

Line, and Private, Captain Aaron Ogden's Company, First Regiment, New Jersey Continental Line.

New Jersey Records of War of the Revolution, in the Adjutant General's Office, page 760.

Smith, Harvey Faris.

Smith, Edward Grandison.

STREIGHT, REV. CHRISTIAN. (1749-1812.)

Chaplain, 8th Virginia Regiment (Col. Muhlenberg), 1st of August, 1776, to July, 1777.

Heitman's Historical Register, Officers of the Continental Army, 1775-1783, page 387.

Also see Kercheval's History of the Valley.

Avis, Samuel Brashear.

SULLIVAN, PATRICK. (1751-1841.)

Private, Captain Michael Doudel's Company, Col. William Thompson's Battalion, Pennsylvania Riflemen; served with Gen. Daniel Morgan's Corps; enlisted June 24, 1775, and re-enlisted June 24, 1777; served until close of war.

Pa. Archives.

McKinney, Owen S.

TALLMAN, JAMES. (1745-1810.)

Private soldier from Feb., 1777, to close of war; member of Company 7, 11th Regiment, Virginia Continental Line; company commanded by Capt. Peter Bryn Bruen, the regiment commanded by the famous Col. Daniel Morgan, of rifle renown, until May 15, 1778; afterwards by Col. Abram Buford; it was incorporated in Woodford's Brigade, and participated in all of Washington's operations in the Jerseys and about Philadelphia, subsequent to Feb., 1777; was sent south early in 1780, taking part in the Carolina campaigns under Greene; was present at Yorktown.

Original Bounty Land Warrant No. 8243, issued by General Land Office, July 27, 1819, to soldiers who served to end of war.

Saffel's Rec. Rev. War, p. 263.

Rec. War Dept.

Tallman, Wilbur H.

Tallman, Albert P.

THAYER, ABEL. (1741-1805.)

Lieutenant, Lexington Alarm Roll; Captain, Col. John Fellows' Massachusetts Regiment; commissioned June 7, 1775.

Pub. Rec. Mass., Vol. 13, p. 140; Vol. 16, p. 51; Vol. 56, p. 47; Vol. 146, p. 147.

Thayer, Abel H.

Thayer, Howard B.

THOMAS, SAMUEL, JR. (1748-1839.)

Captain, 2d Regiment, Rhode Island Militia, March, 1776, to May, 1777; served also as volunteer in expedition to Tiverton; also as private in Captain Richard Updike's Rhode Island Artillery Co.; assisted in capture of British vessel "Cyrus."

Year Book New York Soc. Sons of the Rev., 1896, p. 477.

Thomas, Nathaniel Seymour.

THRALLS, RICHARD. (1753- .)

Private in Capt. Thomas Campbell's Company of Virginia troops: enlisted in 1777 and served two years.

Record Division, U. S. Bureau of Pensions.

Surv. File 6240.

Thralls, Francis.

TODD, JOHN. (1756-1829.)

Was a Second Lieutenant in Capt. James Anderson's Co., 1st Battalion, Bedford County Militia, May 23, 1778.

Pa. Archives.

Hupp, Frank LeMoyne.

WAGGENER, ANDREW. (1743-1813.)

Captain, 12th Virginia, June 20, 1776; transferred to 8th Virginia, Sept. 14, 1778; Major, Dec. 15, 1778; taken prisoner at Charleston, S. C., May 12, 1780; exchanged, Nov., 1780; retired, Feb. 12, 1781.

Hist. Reg. Off. Cont. Army, 1775-1783, Heitman, page 413.

"Life of Washington." Marshall.

Doddridge, John Sehon.

WALKER, JAMES. (1773-1840.)

Private in Massachusetts troops; served six weeks in 1775; eleven months in 1776, under Captain Badlam, Col. Knox; two months in 1777; eight months in 1778, under Capt. Kent, Col. Wood; nine months in 1779, under Capt. Smith, Col. Marshall; was at the capture of Burgoyne.

Records of U. S. Pension Office, Sur. File 29522.

Walber, Worthington Henry.

WHITE, PAUL. (1744-1796.)

Paul White served as private in Captain Isaac Martin's Company, Col. Ezra Wood's Regiment, Major-General Spencer's Brigade, for services in Rhode Island; he enlisted April 17, 1777, and was discharged May 7, 1777; roll sworn to at Boston. Paul White served in the Continental Army in Capt. Samuel Read's Company; enlisted for town of Uxbridge, March 6, 1778, and discharged Nov. 5, 1778; by resolve of Feb. 3, 1778. Paul White also served in Captain Bezalel Taft's Company, Col. Nathan Tyler's Regiment, in Rhode Island, on the alarm of July 27, 1780.

The above facts are duly attested in certificate issued by Wm. M. Olin, Secretary of State of Massachusetts, dated Jan. 8, 1900.

White, Albert Blakeslee.

WILSON, AMBROSE. (1749-1814.)

Commissioned January 20, 1776; Lieutenant in Militia of Dunmore County, Virginia; was later commissioned as Captain, in which capacity he served until the close of the Revolution.

Public Records of Virginia.

Original commission as Lieutenant is in possession of family at present time.

Wilson, William Henry.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM. (1731-1811.)

Member of the Committee of Correspondence and Safety in Connecticut; Member of Congress in 1776, and while a member of that body signed the Declaration of Independence; Speaker of the Connecticut Assembly in 1775; Member of Congress in 1783-84; member of the Connecticut Convention that adopted the National Constitution.

"Lives of the Signers," Lossing and Sanderson.

Areher, Robert Lemley.

WOODS, ARCHIBALD. (1764-1846.)

Sergeant, Capt. John Cartwell's Company, Virginia Riflemen, attached to the regiment commanded by Col. Otho H. Williams, in North Carolina, under General Nathaniel Greene; enlisted in 1781; served on the Haw and Alamee rivers; marched with the troops to Virginia, serving there under Gen. Anthony Wayne, in the army commanded by La Fayette; participated in the action of Jamestown Ford, July 6, 1781.

Va. Doc.

Paull, Archibald W.

Paull, Joseph F.

Paull, Alfred.

Woods, Joseph J.

ZANE, EBENEZER. (1747-1812.)

Colonel, Virginia Militia; participated in the defense of Fort Henry (Wheeling), Sept. 1, 1777, against a large force of Indians and others, which was the first attempt of the British and their savage allies against the Western Frontier after the Revolutionary War began; in command at Fort Henry (Wheeling), Sept. 11, 1782, when a company of British Regulars, under Capt. Pratt, and a large body of Indians, laid siege to the fort; member of the Virginia Convention of 1788 that adopted the Constitution of the United States; made the first settlement in Wheeling in 1769.

Washington-Irvine Corr., pp. 397, 398.

Border Warfare, Withers, pp. 160-165, 262-266.

Brockunier, C. W.

Brockunier, Wilbur C.

Lamb, Gibson.

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

Annual Meeting of the Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia in 1914

Clarksburg, W. Va., Feb. 23, 1914.


The regular annual meeting of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia was held this day at 2:30 o'clock P. M., in the Assembly Hall of the Waldo Hotel in the City of Clarksburg, W. Va.

Prof. Thomas Condit Miller, the President of the Society, being absent at the time the meeting assembled, the Vice President, Mr. Thomas Ray Dille, presided.

Mr. Baird Mitchell, Secretary.

There were present:

Col. Henry Haymond.....	Clarksburg.
James R. Moreland.....	Morgantown.
Max Mathers	Morgantown.
H. B. Thayer.....	Grafton.
Harvey F. Smith.....	Grafton.
Francis E. Nichols.....	Elkins.
Boyd Wees	Fairmont.
John B. Hart.....	Clarksburg.
W. H. Morgan.....	Parkersburg.
M. G. Sperry.....	Clarksburg.
O. S. McKinney.....	Fairmont.
Ray R. Hale.....	Weston.
F. L. Burdette.....	Clarksburg.
Chas. L. Hickman.....	Clarksburg.
Robert L. Bland.....	Weston.
Dr. D. P. Morgan.....	Clarksburg.
C. B. Sperry.....	Clarksburg.
R. A. Lough.....	Morgantown.
S. G. Monroe.....	Clarksburg.
Henry F. Smith.....	Fairmont.
George L. Duncan.....	Clarksburg.
Thomas R. Dille.....	Morgantown.
Baird Mitchell	Wheeling.



The minutes of the last meeting of the Society and those of the meetings of the Board of Managers held during the ensuing year were read, and there being no objection, were approved as read.

The report of the Treasurer of the Society, Mr. Francis E. Nichols, was presented, and being acceptable to the Society, was ordered to be made a part of these minutes, viz:

To the Society of the Sons of the Revolution:

Fairmont, W. Va., Feb. 23, 1914.

Below please find a statement of the receipts and the disbursements of your Treasurer during the year ending February, 1914:

RECEIPTS.

March 19, 1913, balance on hand.....	\$388.57
February 23, 1914, receipts from dues.....	347.00
One member	5.00
	————\$740.57

DISBURSEMENTS.

Salary, 1913, of Secretary.....	\$ 50.00
Postage, printing, etc.....	66.84
	————\$116.84

Balance to credit of the Society in the National Bank of Fairmont..\$623.73

Very truly yours,

F. E. NICHOLS,

Treasurer.

The report of Mr. Baird Mitchell, the Registrar, was presented, showing that the names and credentials of all new members admitted during the year had been properly filed in the archives of the Society and with the General Society, was received and noted.

The report of Prof. F. L. Burdette, the Historian of the Society, was presented and very enthusiastically received. On motion of Mr. McKinney, seconded by Mr. Hickman, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That whereas, the Historian of this Society, in his report just submitted, has very evidently expended a considerable effort and great care in the preparation thereof, and has produced a historical record which should be preserved, the thanks of the Society be hereby tendered to Mr. Burdette, and the Secretary is hereby directed that the said report be published in the Society's Year Book.

The following communications from the General Society of the Sons of the Revolution were received:

SONS OF THE REVOLUTION, OFFICE ASST. GEN. SECY.,

W. HALL HARRIS, JR.,

218 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Md.

February 19, 1913.

To Sons of the Revolution Society in the State of West Virginia:

The General Society, Sons of the Revolution, hopes the Society in the State of West Virginia has enjoyed a prosperous year, and tenders its best wishes to that State Society at its Annual Meeting on the twenty-second day of February, nineteen hundred and thirteen.

SONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

By WILLIAM LIBBEY,

General Secretary.

W. HALL HARRIS, JR.,

Assistant General Secretary.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SECRETARY,

Princeton, New Jersey.

February 14, 1914.

Baird Mitchell, Esquire, Secretary, Sons of the Revolution, in the State of West Virginia:

Dear Sir—The Regular Triennial Meeting of the General Society, Sons of the Revolution, will be held in the City of Washington, D. C., on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, the 17th, 18th and 19th days of April, 1914.

Yours faithfully,

WILLIAM LIBBEY,
General Secretary.

On motion, the Secretary was directed to extend to William Libbey and W. Hall Harris, Jr., General Secretary and Assistant General Secretary, respectively, of the General Society, an expression of thanks for and appreciation of their courteous letters of good wishes, and the notice of the regular triennial meeting of the General Society was duly noted.

The following communications from the Sons of the Revolution of the State of California were received, and on motion of Mr. M. G. Sperry, seconded by Mr. Hickman, the matters referred to therein were referred to the delegates and alternates to the Triennial Meeting of the General Society, elected by this Society, with power to use this Society's votes and influence in connection with the said resolution as they may deem proper:

SOCIETY SONS OF THE REVOLUTION IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Los Angeles, Jan. 22, 1914.

Baird Mitchell, Esq., Secretary, Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia, Wheeling, W. Va.:

Dear Sir—The enclosed Memorial to the General Society is self-explanatory and a copy has been sent to each of the General Officers.

This Society is very anxious to enlist the support and aid of the West Virginia Society, and the California Society will esteem it a favor if you will bring this matter to the attention of your Board of Managers or Executive Board, so that your Society's delegate to the ensuing Triennial Meeting of the General Society may be instructed accordingly.

Will you kindly acknowledge the receipt of this communication, so that I may report intelligently to our Board of Directors.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT LE ROY BEARDSLEY,
Secretary.

SOCIETY SONS OF THE REVOLUTION IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Los Angeles, Jan. 22, 1914.

To the General Society, Sons of the Revolution, Greeting:

By a resolution adopted at the Annual Meeting of the Society, Sons of the Revolution in the State of California, held in the city of Los Angeles, California, February 22, 1913, the Board of Directors of said Society was directed to memorialize your honorable body as by the terms and in the interest of the following preamble and resolution:

RESOLUTION.

Whereas, The General Society of the Sons of the Revolution has never published a Register, containing a complete roll of membership, their lineage tables and accounts of careers and Revolutionary services of the ancestors under whom said membership has qualified; and,

Whereas, There is now both a demand and need for such publication, in view of the fact that our kindred Society, the Society of Colonial Wars, published a complete Register in 1899, and has continued the same by the publication of supplemental lists of membership; and the changing attitude of other patriotic Societies, which are yielding to the public demand for the publication of their ancestral and genealogical records, as notably in the case of the Colonial Dames of America, which recently, after considerable agitation and discussion, has decided to publish all of their records, of which two splendid volumes are now in print; therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Sons of the Revolution in the State of California, that the General Society be so memorialized, that steps be immediately taken and carried to an early completion for the publication by the General Society of a Register, to contain a complete roll of membership, their lineage tables and accounts of careers and Revolutionary services of the ancestors under whom said membership has qualified; this, for the following reasons, namely:

1. This Society cannot afford to be less enterprising than its kindred societies, and its membership is primarily entitled to have the benefit of such a measure of the value of that membership.

2. The Society owes a duty to the public, particularly those interested from a genealogical or historical standpoint, who may not be members, to have this information available for their use in the public libraries and genealogical society headquarters.

3. The Society, while naturally exclusive in its membership, must perforce secure additions in order to maintain its numerical growth, and such a publication invites prospective new members to more easily prepare their claims and applications for membership.

4. It will promote the refinements of patriotism and crystalize those lofty sentiments springing from the recording in positive, permanent and attractive form the immortal martial achievements of the heroes of Revolutionary times.

Your memorialists would further say that we esteem the purpose and object of this publication to be a duty which we owe to posterity, as an exhibition of labor and expense which cannot be computed by any known rule of financial calculation, and which is an exhibition and example of the truest and most lofty type of patriotism and of a citizenship superior to any other on earth.

Your memorialists beg to advise your honorable body that a copy of this Memorial, together with a letter asking their co-operation, has been transmitted to each of the *State Societies*.

Your memorialists will ever pray.

Done by order of the Board of Directors of the Society, Sons of the Revolution in the State of California, the day and year before written.

Witness our hands and the seal of the Society.

(SEAL)

BRADNER W. LEE,
President.

Attest: ROBERT LE ROY BEARDSLEY, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Mitchell, seconded by Mr. Nichols, the Chairman was empowered to appoint a committee of three to draft resolutions anent the death of members reported by the Historian. Mr. Dille thereupon appointed Messrs. O. S. McKinney, F. L. Burdette and Col. Henry Haymond.

On motion of Mr. McKinney, seconded by Mr. Hickman, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, after the acceptance of amendments proposed by Mr. M. G. Sperry:

Whereas, The definite location of many of the old Revolutionary and Indian forts are fast being lost from sight through the advances of civic improvements and divisions of property, etc.; be it

Resolved, That this Society undertake, as far as it can, to perpetuate the history and memory of such forts, by erecting markers or memorials thereof, in the shape of boulder monuments, at as many of the locations of such forts as can definitely be ascertained; said markers to be suitably lettered, giving the name of the fort, where erected, and to bear the inscription, "Erected by the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in the State of West Virginia."

Resolved, Further, that the cost of each of said markers shall not exceed the sum of \$100.00, and that the committee of three members be elected or appointed as a standing committee, of which the President in office shall be a member, and that the said committee shall be given power to act under this resolution at such times as it may deem proper, and the cost of erecting such markers can be taken from the funds of this Society.

On motion of Mr. Sperry, seconded by Mr. Hickman, it was resolved that the suggestion be given to the President elected at this meeting, that the committee on marking of the old forts be appointed as to include Mr. F. E. Nichols and Mr. F. L. Burdette, the Historian and Treasurer of the Society, respectively, who have heretofore been actively interested in such work in the Society's behalf. (Note: After the election as President, Mr. Dille complied with this suggestion by appointing Mr. Nichols and Mr. Burdette to constitute said committee with himself.)

On motion of Mr. McKinney, seconded by Mr. Mathers, the Secretary was directed to publish during the ensuing year a Year Book, containing a roster of the members of the Society, and such other information as has been customarily published in the Society's Year Book heretofore.

On motion of Mr. Hickman, seconded by Col. Haymond, it was resolved that the flags and emblems belonging to the Society be placed in the custody of its Treasurer.

On motion of Max Mathers, seconded by Mr. McKinney, Mr. Thomas Ray Dille was placed in nomination for the office of President of the Society for the ensuing year. Mr. Dille receiving the affirmative votes of all present, was duly declared unanimously elected.

On motion of Mr. McKinney, seconded by Mr. Mathers, Mr. Charles L. Hickman was nominated for the office of Vice President. There being no other nominations, Mr. Hickman was unanimously elected by acclamation.

On motion of Mr. M. G. Sperry, seconded by Mr. Hickman, Mr. Baird Mitchell was nominated for the office of Secretary and Registrar, and there being no other nominations, Mr. Mitchell was unanimously elected to the said office by acclamation.

On motion of Mr. Hickman, seconded by Mr. M. G. Sperry, Mr. Francis E. Nichols was nominated for the office of Treasurer, and there being no other nominations, Mr. Nichols was unanimously elected to the said office by acclamation.

On motion of Mr. McKinney, seconded by Mr. Mathers, Prof. F. L. Burdette was nominated for the office of Historian, and there being no other nominations, Mr. Burdette was unanimously elected to the said office by acclamation.

On motion of Mr. M. G. Sperry, seconded by Mr. John B. Hart, the old Board of Managers, consisting of Col. Henry Haymond, W. H. Lewis, W. H. Morgan, O. S. McKinney and Baird Mitchell, were unanimously elected again.

Mr. W. H. Morgan nominated Mr. Charles L. Hickman, Mr. McKinney nominated Dr. Reed M. Baird, and Mr. W. H. Morgan nominated Mr. M. G. Sperry to the Triennial Meeting of the General Society. No other nominations being received, Messrs. Hickman, Dr. Baird and Mr. Sperry were unanimously elected by acclamation.

On motion of Mr. McKinney, Dr. I. C. White was nominated as alternate for Mr. Hickman, and on motion of Mr. Nichols, Prof. T. C. Miller was nominated as alternate for Dr. Reed M. Baird, and on motion of Mr. Mathers, Mr. W. H. Morgan was nominated as alternate for Mr. M. G. Sperry. No further nominations of alternates being made, Dr. White, Prof. Miller and W. H. Morgan were unanimously elected in the order named.

No further business appearing, the meeting adjourned, to reassemble at 9 o'clock P. M. in the Banquet Hall of the Waldo Hotel for the Annual Banquet of the Society.

The Annual Banquet—1914

The Banquet at the Waldo Hotel on February 23, 1914, was one of the most enjoyable ever given under the Society's auspices, being enlivened, for the first time in the history of the Society, by the presence of a number of ladies.

The committee in charge consisted of Col. Henry Haymond, Francis E. Nichols, Owen S. McKinney and William H. Lewis.

The Secretary, finding it necessary to leave Clarksburg shortly after the guests were seated, and being without personal acquaintance of a number of those present, was compelled to obtain a list of the guests by passing a register about the table, and gives below the names appearing on such register, as they were signed:

GUESTS.

Max Mathers	Morgantown.
Mrs. Max Mathers.....	Morgantown.
H. B. Thayer.....	Grafton.
R. R. Hale.....	Weston.
Charles L. Hickman.....	Clarksburg.
Harvey F. Smith.....	Clarksburg.
D. C. Morgan.....	Clarksburg.
F. L. Burdette.....	Clarksburg.
Mrs. A. W. Rapp.....	Clarksburg.
H. F. Smith.....	Fairmont.
Mrs. Lynn S. Horner.....	Clarksburg.
Robert L. Bland.....	Weston.
Emily Stoner Garrard.....	Clarksburg.
Genevieve B. Parr.....	Clarksburg.
Mary Garrard Haymond.....	Clarksburg.
O. S. McKinney.....	Fairmont.
Thomas Ray Dille.....	Morgantown.
Francis E. Nichols.....	Fairmont.
Rev. Charles Baird Mitchell.....	Clarksburg.
Cornelia Bruen Bassel.....	Clarksburg.
Col. Henry Haymond.....	Clarksburg.
Ethel F. Moreland.....	Morgantown.
James R. Moreland.....	Morgantown.
Ethel S. Leach.....	Clarksburg.
Melvin G. Sperry.....	Clarksburg.
Gertrude B. Wilson.....	Clarksburg.
Boyd Wees	Elkins.
Mary Templeton	Clarksburg.
W. H. Morgan.....	Parkersburg.
Mrs. H. L. Campbell.....	Clarksburg.
John B. Hart.....	Clarksburg.
Mrs. R. A. Lough.....	Morgantown.
S. G. Monroe.....	Clarksburg.
Edwin R. Kingsley.....	Parkersburg.
Baird Mitchell	Wheeling.

MENU

Martini

Celery

Olives

Salted Almonds

Crab Flake Cocktail

Canape Caviar a la Russe

Chicken Boullion en Tasse

Haute Sauterne

Sweetbreads Patties a la Supreme

Sorbet au Rhum

Roast Long Island Duckling, Apple Dressing

Mumm's Extra Dry

French Peas

Rissole Potatoes

French Endive Salad

Meringue Glace

Philadelphia Cream Cheese

Bar le Duc Jelly

Demi Tasse

Perfectos

Cigarettes

HISTORIAN'S REPORT

To Society of the Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia.

February 22, 1913.

NECROLOGY.

THOMAS MOORE JACKSON.

Born in Clarksburg, Va., June 22, 1852; died February 3, 1912; was the son of James Madison and Caroline Moore Jackson.

He was a lineal descendant of Return Jonithan Meigs, Colonel 6th Connecticut Regiment from 1777 to 1781, and his first wife Joanna Winborn. He was also a lineal descendant of George Jackson, Captain of a Monongalia company of volunteers in the Revolution, and his wife who was a Miss Brake.

Mr. Jackson was educated in the common schools of his state, at Northwestern Academy at Clarksburg, Bethany College, and Washington and Lee University, graduating from the latter in 1873. He had received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Mining and Civil Engineer, and Doctor of Science. He organized the Department of Civil and Mining Engineering in West Virginia University in 1889, and was Dean of that department till 1891.

He was actively engaged in the work of civil and constructive engineering during many years of a busy life. He was chief or assistant engineer at some time of Middle Island Railroad, Weston and West Fork Railroad, Iron Valley and Morgantown Railroad, West Virginia and Pennsylvania Railroad, Clarksburg and Weston narrow gauge railroad, and West Virginia and Pittsburgh Railroad, from 1874 to 1900. He was one of the chief promoters in the construction of the West Virginia Short Line and Clarksburg and Northern Railways. He assisted as chief or consulting engineer in extensive coal and other mining enterprises, and at one time operated an independent coal mining plant. He was active in establishing a number of manufacturing plants in his home town of Clarksburg, and was President of the Traders' National Bank till it was merged with the Union National Bank of that place.

He was a charter member in the Society of Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia when it was instituted, and one of its Board of Incorporation, May 7, 1894.

In 1884 he was married to Miss Emma Lewis, daughter of Judge Charles S. and Maria Patton Lewis of Clarksburg, W. Va. Of his family the widow and one daughter, Miss Florrie Jackson, survive him and reside at Clarksburg.

Mr. Jackson was a courteous and cultured gentleman, friendly and companionable on all occasions, and was esteemed and admired by all who knew him.

SIDNEY HAYMOND.

Born at Quiet Dell, Harrison County, Va., in 1829; died August, 1912.

He was a lineal descendant of William Haymond, Captain of a Monongalia company of militia from 1777 to 1781, and later Major, and his wife Cassandra Clelland Haymond. He was a son of Cyrus Haymond of Harrison County, Va., a soldier of the War of 1812, and his wife Jane Summerville Haymond of Lon-

donderry, Ireland. He was one of the few grandsons of Revolutionary ancestry. He became a member of this Society in 1910.

Mr. Haymond was educated in the common schools of the locality in his day. He was a large landowner and was engaged extensively in the raising and exporting of cattle. He had held a number of offices of trust and honor in his native county of Harrison. He had filled with credit and ability the offices of County Surveyor; Representative of his County in the State Legislature; Member of Harrison County Court; Recorder of Deeds in Harrison County under the state's first constitution; Member of the West Virginia State Commission at Chicago World's Fair in 1893; and was one of the directors of the Empire National Bank at Clarksburg from the time it was established till his death.

He was married June 8, 1869, to Miss Virginia Davisson, who of his immediate family alone survives him. Mr. Haymond was a splendid business man, an excellent citizen, public spirited, and devoted to all his undertakings. The esteem in which his fellow citizens held him is equalled by that of very few men in public life.

HISTORIC REPORT.

The scope of this report, or rather of this paper, is limited to the territory of West Virginia, and mainly to the period prior to the year 1783. In keeping with the aims of this Society it is designed to place some historic settings that are directly connected with West Virginia in the Revolutionary struggle, and to keep alive the memory of events of that period. Under different headings much information has been secured, most of which will need be developed later and the report submitted by the historian at another time. Only a brief record under one of three headings is herewith appended. The material for the full and accurate history of West Virginia in the Revolutionary period is widely scattered and difficult of access, and in many particulars entirely lacking. For this reason the gathering and recording of the state's Revolutionary history will need be slow and painstaking.

The three headings under which investigation has been carried on are:

- I. Counties—Their Organization, Extent, Population, and Army Service.
- II. Forts and Block Houses—Their Exact Location and History.
- III. Battlefields and Skirmish Grounds—Location and History.

While considerable information has been secured and noted on each of these topics, time for investigation and the necessary limitations of this paper preclude any accurate report on any of the topics except the first.

At the close of the Revolutionary War in 1783, five of West Virginia's counties had been organized; three of those then and now in Virginia included part of West Virginia territory; and part of one that was found to lie mainly in Pennsylvania extended over into the present borders of this State, till the close of the year 1782.

Hampshire, the oldest county in the state, was formed in 1754 from parts of Frederick and Augusta counties. At the time of its formation it included all of what are now Hampshire, Mineral, Grant and Hardy, and parts of Barbour, Upshur, Webster, Preston, Morgan, and Pendleton counties, West Virginia, and part of Highland county, Virginia.

Berkeley was formed in 1772 from Frederick county. It then included all of the territory now embraced in Berkeley, Jefferson, and Morgan. Fewer changes have been made in the original boundaries of Berkeley than in any other of the five oldest counties of the state.

Monongalia was formed in 1776 from the District of West Augusta. The county then included all the territory now included in Monongalia, Harrison, Randolph, Doddridge, Lewis, Gilmer, Ritchie, Taylor, Tucker, and Marion, and parts of Barbour, Braxton, Calhoun, Upshur, Webster, Wirt, Wood, Pleasants, and Preston, W. Va., and part of Greene and Fayette counties, Pa., till after the boundary adjustment of November, 1782.

Ohio was formed in 1776 from the District of West Augusta, and then included all of the present counties of Hancock, Tyler, and Wetzel; all of Ohio, Marshall, and Brooke except a narrow strip along the Pennsylvania border; and a part of Pleasants.

Greenbrier was formed in 1777 from Botetourt and Montgomery. It then included all of the present area of Greenbrier, Clay, Jackson, Roane, Nicholas, and a part of Monroe, Summers, Fayette, Kanawha, Mason, Putnam, Braxton, Calhoun, Wirt, and Wood in West Virginia, and of Alleghany county, Virginia.

Of the three Virginia counties, Augusta then included parts of Pendleton and Pocahontas; Botetourt included part of Monroe; and Montgomery included all of Cabell, Wayne, Mingo, Logan, McDowell, Wyoming, Mercer, Raleigh, Boone, Lincoln, and parts of Putnam, Mason, Kanawha, Fayette, and Summers. Yohogania, found to lie mainly in Pennsylvania, included parts of Marshall, Ohio, and Brooke, till after the definite location of the Mason and Dixon Line in 1782.

Assuming that the other two West Virginia counties made the same per cent. of increase in population from 1783 to 1790 that Hampshire, Monongalia including Harrison, and Greenbrier including Kanawha made, the population of the five West Virginia counties stood as follows at the close of the Revolution:

Hampshire	7982
Berkeley	10655
Monongalia	2383
Greenbrier	6174
Ohio	1825
Total	29019

Including the people who then lived in those parts of Augusta, Botetourt, Montgomery, and Yohogania included in West Virginia's borders, the population in 1783 must have been fully 33,000.

A graphic representation of the state's settled districts at that period by means of a shaded map to represent the parts inhabited would show the densest population in Berkeley, covering practically all of its territory, with the heaviest shading on the Potomac and Shenandoah rivers. Next would come Hampshire, with the greatest population on the branches of the Potomac, and sparser population throughout the county. Greenbrier would rank third, with a scattered population throughout the length of Greenbrier Valley, on the New and Kanawha rivers, and an occasional small settlement on the Ohio. Monongalia would rank fourth, and practically all her population would be on the Monongalia, Cheat, Tygart's Valley, Buckhannon, and West Fork rivers. A very meager population was on the Ohio.

Ohio county had the smallest population, and also the smallest area excepting Berkeley county. Ohio's population was chiefly on or near the Ohio river in the Panhandle as it has since been called.

It is interesting to note the different nationalities that made up the population of West Virginia in Colonial and Revolutionary times. Both the old Colonial and the sturdy German, Scotch, and Irish element were in evidence

from the first settlement of the state. The first authentic report that furnishes a basis for investigation on that point was the census of 1790, seven years after the close of the Revolution. At that time, doubtless, the percentage of foreign element was slightly greater than at any previous time. That census showed for three counties whose reports were saved from the fire of 1814 when the British burned the National Capitol, six principal nationalities as constituting the population. It may be taken as fairly representative of the ratio that held throughout the state. The nationalities with the numbers of each, and the counties reported are:

	English & Welsh	Scotch	Irish	Dutch	French	German	Others
Hampshire	5609	524	136	74	35	735	10
Harrison	1242	156	51	7	14	29	8
Monongalia	2019	192	91	0	0	0	0
Total	8870	872	278	81	49	763	18

This is a total of 8,870 native stock and 2,061 of all other nationalities, or 81 per cent. of native born. The Virginia state censuses from 1782 to 1785 furnish the names of many reported in the national census of 1790, and form a basis of determining the influence of the different nationalities in the early development of the state.

The number of soldiers furnished by the state to the armies of the Revolution cannot be known definitely. Soldiers from West Virginia served in the Continental Army accredited to Virginia, in the Virginia State Establishment, in the County Militia Organizations, and in enlistments credited to other states. The state of Virginia made ten allotments of troops to be enlisted in the different counties to make up her proportion in the Continental Army. Lewis's Third Report of the State Department of Archives and History gives the following apportionment for the West Virginia counties as being approximately correct:

First Call.	Second Call.	Third Call.	Fifth Call.	Eighth Call.
175	735	215	1000	195

The total for these five calls was 2,320. It is safe to say that the number included in the other five calls for Continental recruits included as many more. That would make a total of 4,640 in the Continental Service resulting from the ten calls for additional troops. To that number should be added those who had already volunteered, those enlisted with the troops of other states, those in the Virginia State Establishment, and those engaged in the military service with the County Militia Organizations. From every quarter and in all the various military organizations in the army, there must have been 8,000 to 9,000 men in the Revolutionary service from West Virginia. Finding and preserving the names of those who served in the armies of the Revolution, while not of vital historic importance, should be one of the aims of the historian.

The records of the men and events connected with West Virginia history during the struggle for independence are largely in fragments, but considerable material is available for those who are willing to search for it. The main sources of information are to be found in the Virginia state records, which include Records of the Land Office, where all Revolutionary land bounty warrants are recorded; Records of the Society of the Cincinnati; Revolutionary Paymasters' Records; Records of Revolutionary Claims; Militia Returns for 1777-1784; Virginia State Documents 30 to 34, being the reports of John Hill Smith on Revolution Claims; Calendar of Virginia State Papers; and

Roster of Officers of Continental and State Lines. There are in existence in different places Original Muster Rolls; Records in different counties of soldiers' statements as to service; and a large amount of printed and other correspondence about Revolutionary affairs. The national government has a very complete record of all soldiers who became pensioners on its rolls. A large amount of available material on every phase of the state's history is included in the library of the Department of Archives and History at Charleston. The state collections of Pennsylvania and Maryland doubtless contain considerable early material bearing on affairs of history in this state.

It would seem desirable for every section of the state to have one or more persons who are interested in gathering accurate information to work conjointly with the historian of this Society. There should be a repository for the Society's collection at some place in the state where it will be available for any person who may care to examine it. And lately it would seem desirable that the work of the historian of this Society be closely related with that of the Department of History in the State University, the State Department of Archives and History, and with local Historic Societies,

Respectfully submitted,

FRANK L. BURDETTE,
Historian Society.

HISTORIAN'S REPORT

To Society of the Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia.

February 23, 1914.

NECROLOGY.

JOSEPH MORELAND.

Born in Connellsville, Pa., May 26, 1842; died in Morgantown, Dec. 2, 1913; was the son of John and Priscilla Rodgers Moreland.

He was a grandson of William Moreland and a great-grandson of Joseph Huston, the former an officer and the latter a soldier of the War of the Revolution from the state of Pennsylvania. He became a member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia in 1895. He was reared on a farm in Pennsylvania and was early engaged in the coal and coke development in his native state. He was educated in the public schools of Pennsylvania, at Monongahela Academy at Morgantown, at Dunlap Creek Academy in Pennsylvania, and at Washington and Jefferson College, graduating from the latter in 1866. In 1867 he located in Morgantown and took up the profession of law. At different times he was a member of the firm of Hagans, Fleming & Moreland; Willey & Moreland, Moreland & Glasscock, and of Moreland, Moreland & Guy. During his long and successful career he handled some of the most noted cases at the bar of Monongahela county, and was regarded by all as an able and worthy legal representative.

In public life he served as prosecuting attorney of Monongalia county, was several times mayor of Morgantown, member of the city council, member of the school board, member of the West Virginia University Board of Regents and member of the Railroad Board of Assessors. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of the Delta Tan Delta Fraternity.

In 1875 he was married to Miss Mary E. Brown, daughter of the late Thomas Brown of Kingwood, W. Va. She died in September, 1911. He is survived by one son, Mr. James R. Moreland, and one daughter, Miss Eleanor B. Moreland, of his immediate family, both of Morgantown.

Judge Moreland never sought political preferment, but rather preferred to further the ambitions of others, and himself remain an active practitioner of the law. He was a citizen of unsurpassed honesty and worth, and his presence and his influence will be greatly missed.

WILLIAM MARMADUKE DENT.

Born at Granville, Monongalia county, Va. (W. Va.), March 6, 1831; died January 29, 1914; was the son of Dr. Marmaduke and Sarah Price Dent.

He was a grandson of John Dent, who was a soldier in the War of the Revolution from 1777 to 1780, having served as a private, lieutenant and captain successively in the Virginia State Line. The Dent family is of English origin. The American branch was established in Virginia and Maryland as early as 1676, and its members were prominent planters and men of affairs in both colonies. Capt. John Dent of the Revolution settled in Monongalia county in 1776, and was the first sheriff of that county.

Dr. William Marmaduke Dent, subject of this sketch, was educated in the common schools of his day, at Monongahela Academy at Morgantown, and was a student two years at West Point Military Academy, where he was a room-mate of Gen. Philip H. Sheridan. Because of an affliction of asthma, he resigned his cadetship at West Point and took up the study of medicine in 1852. In 1858 he located in Morgantown, and in 1863 moved to Newburg, where he resided till his death.

For a number of years he was surgeon for the Baltimore & Ohio Railway at Newburg, was a member of the American Medical Association, and he was the first West Virginia delegate to the International and American Medical Congress. He had been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of the Mystic Shrine of Masons since 1872, and of the Society Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia since 1896. He was several times mayor of Newburg, and was twice a candidate for the West Virginia State Senate. He was an eminently successful physician and surgeon, a friend to the needy, and a man of charity toward all.

On March 25, 1852, he was united in marriage to Miss Harriett Hess of Laurel Point, who died in February, 1907. To this union three children were born, of whom one son, Mr. Marmaduke E. Dent, alone survives.

ALBERT HENRY BEACH.

Born in Northfield, Ct., March 19, 1833; died in Wheeling, W. Va., February 14, 1914; was the son of Isaac C. and Eunice M. Beecher Beach.

He was a grandson of Burr Beecher, a soldier in the War of the Revolution from the state of Connecticut. His ancestors were of New England's purest colonial stock. He became a member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution in West Virginia in the year 1897, he served as President of the Society for a time and was one of the most active and efficient members. He was reared on a farm in Connecticut and was educated in the public schools of that state. He early entered into business in Terryville and Hartford, Ct., and for more than a quarter century he has been one of Wheeling's active business men.

He was surveyor of customs for the port of Wheeling for a term of four years; he was an active promoter of the business interests of the city of Wheeling through his membership in the Board of Trade; he was a member of the Associated Charities, of the Playground Association, and of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was a member of the Masonic Fraternity, of the Masonic Club, of Fort Henry Club, and of the Wheeling Country Club.

In early manhood he was united in marriage to Miss Cornelia E. Mix, daughter of Elisha and Lucy Mix, of Plymouth, Ct., who preceded him some years to the Great Beyond. He is survived by one son, Mr. Austin Beach of Pittsburgh, Pa., who is also a member of this Society.

In business, the lodge, the club, benevolences, this Society and the church, General Beach will be sadly missed. A large circle of friends cherish the memory of the courteous gentleman, of the competent and upright member.

REPORT.

The Historian's Report for February, 1913, had for its subject, "West Virginia Counties at the Close of the Revolution, Their Organization, Extent, Population and Army Service." The report for 1914 has for its subject an additional chapter suggested in the previous year's report, viz: "Early Forts and Block Houses in West Virginia, Their Location and History." Considerable work had been done in learning the names and locations of these old forts,

when a fairly complete list of them was found in the First West Virginia Report of Archives and History, 1906, pages 206-247. So this report contains little new data of value, but is mainly a re-classification of facts gleaned from that source and others of similar content. At this time it is impossible to determine with accuracy what was the real strength as fortifications of the various forts, so styled, or of what they consisted. In this paper the term "fort" is used to designate any building constructed for defense, or a place of refuge for a number of families who belonged to the same neighborhood. A "fort" might be a group of cabins, a block house, or a stockade.

Among the seventy-two forts named in this paper, three, in the opinion of the writer, are of sufficient importance in the annals of the state to deserve special mention. Others may have been the scenes of as fierce, or of fiercer struggles, but the three had a wider influence, because of location and military significance in shaping the state's future destiny. The first of these was Fort Savannah, also called Camp Union, situated in the Big Levels, or Savannahs, of Greenbrier county, on the present site of Lewisburg. A fort was established there probably in 1755 by Capt. Andrew Lewis, acting under the orders of the Virginia Colonial government while General Braddock was on his disastrous march against Fort Du Quesne. Certain it is that a fort was built on the site in 1770. Here was a distributing point and a reserve station during the early operations of the Greenbrier Land Company, and the first settlements in the Kanawha—New River valley. From it General Andrew Lewis led his army to Point Pleasant in 1774, and relied upon it as a possible point of safety in case of defeat by the hostile Indians. It was at the western terminus of the first Virginia State Road west of the mountains in 1785; and it was on the line of the first turnpike built by the James River Company in the early 30's. The site of old Fort Savannah is unmarked, but the exact location is well known, being now occupied by a two-story brick building in the town of Lewisburg.

Another of these forts was Fort Randolph, situated on the north bank of the Kanawha river at its juncture with the Ohio in the town of Point Pleasant, in Mason county. It was built by the order of Lord Dunmore under the direction of General Andrew Lewis in 1774, and stood on the site of the famous battle of Point Pleasant. It was several times destroyed or allowed to fall to decay, only to be rebuilt to meet new demands in military operations. Its history is well known during Dunmore's War, in the Revolution, and during the long struggle of Greenbrier and Kanawha county militia to keep back incursions of the Ohio Indians. An imposing monument marks the site of old Fort Randolph on the battle ground in the town of Point Pleasant.

The third of these important forts was Fort Henry, built on the present site of the city of Wheeling. It was established during the summer of 1774 on the suggestion of Dr. John Connally under the military direction of Maj. Angus McDonald. He called it Fort Fincastle in honor of Lord Dunmore, who was the Viscount of Fincastle. The name was changed to Fort Henry in 1777 in honor of Patrick Henry, then the first governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The fort was a rendezvous and supply depot for the army of General George Rogers Clark for a short time in his western expedition to the Illinois country. It was made famous by its heroic and successful resistance to the attacks of the allied Indians of the Northwest in 1777 and 1782. The site of Fort Henry is appropriately marked by a bronze tablet in the city of Wheeling.

The number of old forts within the borders of the state is too great to give any extended history of each of them in the scope of this report. A brief mention only will be made of those in the valley of the Monongahela, in the valley of the Ohio, and in the valley of the Kanawha. It is regretted that no data has been found on old forts in the valley of the Potomac, where there

must have been a number built at a time ante-dating those established in the other great valleys in the state. On the Monongahela and its tributaries the following forts were more or less famous:

1. *Fort Bush*, built in 1769 at the mouth of Turkey Run, District of West Augusta, now in Upshur county.
2. *Fort Pierpont*, built in 1769 about four miles from the present city of Morgantown, District of West Augusta, now in Union District, Monongalia county.
3. *Fort West*, built on Haeker's Creek in 1770, District of West Augusta, now in Haeker's Creek District, Lewis county.
4. *Fort Cobun*, built in 1770 on Cobun's Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Morgan District, Monongalia county.
5. *Fort Statler*, built in 1770 on Dunkard Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Clay District, Monongalia county.
6. *Fort Powers*, built in 1771 on Simpson Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Simpson District, Harrison county. Here it is said was born and reared William Powers, author of the notes from which Wither's Chronicles of Border Warfare was written.
7. *Fort Richards*, built in 1771 at the mouth of Sycamore Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Union District, Harrison county.
8. *Fort Kearns*, built in 1772 on the east side of Monongahela river near the mouth of Decker's Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Morgan District, Monongalia county.
9. *Fort Morgan*, built in 1772 on the present site of the city of Morgantown, District of West Augusta, now in Monongalia county.
10. *Fort Nutter*, built in 1772 on Elk Creek near the present city of Clarksburg, District of West Augusta, now in Clark District, Harrison county.
11. *Fort Martin*, built in 1773 on Crooked Run, District of West Augusta, now in Cass District, Monongalia county.
12. *Fort Stewart*, built in 1773 on Stewart's Run, District of West Augusta, now in Grant District, Monongalia county.
13. *Fort Currence*, built in 1774 on the waters of Tygart's Valley river, District of West Augusta, now in Huttonsville District, Randolph county.
14. *Fort Butler*, established in 1774 at the mouth of Roaring Creek on Cheat River, now in Portland District, Preston county.
15. *Fort Jackson*, established in 1774 on Ten Mile Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Sardis District, Harrison county.
16. *Fort Morris*, built in 1774 on Hog Run, a branch of Sandy Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Grant District, Preston county.
17. *Fort Prickett*, established in 1774 at the mouth of Prickett's Creek on the east side of Monongahela river, District of West Augusta, now in Marion county.
18. *Fort Warwick*, built prior to 1774, District of West Augusta, now in Huttonsville District, Randolph county.
19. *Fort Westfall*, built in 1774 near the present town of Beverly, now in Beverly District, Randolph county.
20. *Fort Minear*, built in 1776 on the east side of Cheat River on the present site of the town of St. George, Monongalia county, now in St. George District, Tucker county.
21. *Fort Coon*, built in 1777 on the West Fork river, Monongalia county, now in Marion county.
22. *Fort Buckhannon*, built prior to the year 1778 on Buckhannon river on the present site of the city of Buckhannon, Monongalia county, now in Upshur county.
23. *Fort Harbert*, built prior to 1778 on Ten Mile Creek, Monongalia county, now in Eagle District, Harrison county.

24. *Fort Hadden*, built prior to 1780 at the mouth of Elkwater Creek on the west bank of Tygart's Valley river, Monongalia county, now in Huttonsville District, Randolph county.

25. *Fort Friend*, built prior to 1781 at Maxwell's Ferry on Leading Creek, Monongalia county, now in Leadville District, Randolph county.

26. *Fort Wilson*, built prior to 1782 by Col. Benjamin Wilson on Tygart's Valley river, in Monongalia county, now in Beverly District, Randolph county.

27. Other forts established early in the history of the Monongalia Valley, the date of whose establishment is not known by the writer, are Fort Baldwin, in Clay District, Monongalia county; Fort Burris, in Morgan District, Monongalia county; Fort Dinwiddie or Fort Rogers, in Union District, Monongalia county; Fort Edwards, near Boothesville in Booth District, Taylor county; Fort Harrison, near the source of Crooked Run, in Cass District, Monongalia county; and Fort Pawpaw on Pawpaw Creek in Pawpaw District, Marion county.

On the Ohio and its lesser tributaries were the following forts:

1. *Fort Wetzel*, built in 1769 on Wheeling Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Sand Hill District, Marshall county.

2. *Fort Tomlinson*, built in 1770 on the present site of the city of Moundsville, District of West Augusta, now in Marshall county.

3. *Fort Clark*, built in 1771 on Pleasant Hill, District of West Augusta, now in Union District, Marshall county.

4. *Fort Wells*, built in 1773, between Cross Creek and Harmon's Creek, in District of West Augusta, now in Cross Creek District, Brooke county.

5. *Fort Van Meter*, built in 1774 on Short Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Richland District, Ohio county. The first court of Ohio county was held in this fort in 1776.

6. *Fort Randolph*, erected in 1774 at the mouth of the Great Kanawha, Botetourt county, as before stated, now in Point Pleasant, Mason county.

7. *Fort Henry* or *Fort Fincastle*, erected in 1774, District of West Augusta, as before stated, now in Wheeling, Ohio county.

8. *Fort Shepherd*, built in 1775 at forks of Wheeling Creek, District of West Augusta, now in Triadelphia District, Ohio county.

9. *Fort Holiday*, built in 1776 at Holiday's Cove, Ohio county, now in Butler District, Hancock county.

10. *Fort Liberty* or *Court House Fort*, built about 1776 at West Liberty, Ohio county, now in Ohio county, and the former seat of the county court house.

11. *Fort Beech Bottom*, built about 1777 on the Ohio in Ohio county, now in Buffalo District, Brooke county.

12. *Fort Beeler*, built in 1779 on the site of the present town of Cameron, Ohio county, now in Cameron District, Marshall county.

13. *Fort Link*, built in 1780 on Middle Wheeling Creek, Ohio county, now in Triadelphia District, Ohio county.

14. *Fort Rice*, built sometime prior to 1782, on the present site of Bethany College, now in Buffalo District, Brooke county.

15. *Fort Baker* or *Fort Cresap*, built in 1782, on Cresap Bottom, Ohio county, now in Meade District, Marshall county.

16. *Fort Bowling*, built in 1782 above Wheeling in Ohio county.

17. *Fort Chapman*, built about 1784 on the present site of New Cumberland, then in Ohio county, now in Hancock county.

18. *Fort Belleville*, built in 1785 near the present town of Belleville, Greenbrier county, now in Harris District, Wood county.

19. *Fort Flinn*, built in 1785 on the Ohio at the mouth of Lee's Creek, Harrison county, now in Harris District, Wood county.

20. *Fort Neal*, or *Neal's Station*, built prior to 1789 on the south bank of the Little Kanawha, a short distance from its mouth, Harrison county, now in Lubeck District, Wood county.

21. *Fort Martin*, built prior to 1793 at the mouth of Fish Creek, Ohio county, now in Franklin District, Marshall county.

22. *Fort Robinson*, built in 1794 at Six Mile Island, Kanawha county, now in Robinson District, Mason county.

23. *Fort Edgington*, built at uncertain date on Harmon's Creek, in Cross District, Brooke county.

On the Kanawha and its tributaries the following forts were established:

1. *Fort Savannah* or *Camp Union*, probably built in 1755 on the Savannahs of Augusta county, later Botetourt county, now in the town of Lewisburg, Greenbrier county.

2. *Fort Stuart*, built in 1769 at Fort Spring, Botetourt county, now in Fort Spring District, Greenbrier county.

3. *Fort Donnelly*, built in 1771 near the present village of Frankfort, Botetourt county, now in Falling Spring District, Greenbrier county. Old logs from this fort still lie on the original site.

4. *Jarrett's Fort*, built in 1772 on Greenbrier river at the mouth of Wolf Creek, Botetourt county, now in Monroe county.

5. *Fort Keckley*, *Fort Day*, or *Fort Price*, built in 1772 on the Little Levels, Botetourt county, now in Academy District, Pocahontas county.

6. *Fort Woods*, built in 1773 near Red Sulphur Springs, Botetourt county, now in Red Sulphur District, Monroe county.

7. *Fort Morris*, built in 1774 on the south side of Kanawha river opposite the mouth of Campbell Creek, Fincastle county, later Montgomery county, now in London District, Kanawha county.

8. *Fort Arbuckle*, built in 1774 in the Greenbrier country north of the river, now in Blue Sulphur District, Greenbrier county.

9. *Fort Culbertson*, or *Fort Byrd*, or *Fort Field*, built in 1774 on Crump's Bottom in Fincastle county, later in Montgomery county, now in Pipestem District, Summers county.

10. *Fort Kelley* or *Kelley's Station*, erected in 1774 at Cedar Grove at the mouth of Kelley's Creek on north side of Kanawha river, Botetourt county, now in Cabin Creek District, Kanawha county.

11. *Fort Lee*, built in 1778 on the site of Slaughter's redoubt of 1774 in the present limits of the city of Charleston, Greenbrier county, now in Kanawha county. This fort was called Clendennin's Fort later, under all probability.

12. *Keeney's Fort*, built in 1778 at the foot of Keeney's Knob, Greenbrier county, now in Tolcott District, Summers county.

13. *Fort Cook*, built about 1778 on Indian Creek, Greenbrier county, now in Red Sulphur District, Monroe county.

14. *Fort Tackett*, built in 1788 a few hundred yards below the mouth of Coal river, in Montgomery county, now in Jefferson District, Kanawha county. in the outer limits of the town of Saint Albans.

15. *Fort Cooper*, built in 1792 on the north side of Kanawha river eight miles from its mouth, Kanawha county, now in Cooper District, Mason county.

16. Other forts located in what is now Summers county, the dates of whose establishments is not known, are Fort Farley on Crump's Bottom, and Baker's Fort on Gatliff Bottom.

These numerous posts for defense and others like them unnamed, were the first seats of an advancing civilization in the borders of West Virginia. In and near them were performed great deeds of heroism and sacrifice. The present generation owes a debt of gratitude to the early heroes and heroines who blazed the way for the state's future peace and contentment. The location of these old forts, without exception, should be marked by durable monuments of stone or bronze, fitting emblems of the enduring hardihood of our pioneers.

Respectfully submitted,

F. L. BURDETTE, Historian.

"THE PIONEER WOMEN OF WEST VIRGINIA."

Henry Haymond, Clarksburg.

Presented February 22, 1914.

The making of a new settlement in a remote wilderness is accompanied by unavoidable hardships and privations, but when to these are added the horrors of a warfare with cruel, brutal savages, who spare neither age nor sex, the anxiety and suffering tax the capacity of the human race to its utmost endurance.

This, at the time of the settlement of West Virginia, was the situation, as there was not an acre of cleared land in her limits—all was covered by a dense forest.

If the condition saddled many responsibilities upon the men, what must have been the burden borne by the women? Cut off from their parents, and friends of their childhood, no mails or means of communicating with them, often with scanty clothing, and without nourishing food, no amusements or diversions save the dull drudgery of household duties in their cold, uncomfortable cabins; and besides, there was the constant anxiety for the fate of the husbands engaged in war with the savages, and not knowing what moment a terrible fate would befall herself and little children. Many wilted like broken flowers in the sun and died in their young womanhood, unable to bear the privations and terrors of life in the wilderness. It was a time that tried the souls of men and broke the hearts of women.

After a long and weary journey along a lonely trail over the mountains, camping out at night, with all his worldly goods carried on two or three pack horses, the settler, arriving at a suitable place on the waters of the Monongahela to take up his 400 acres, his first efforts were directed to building a rude log cabin to shelter his family. This was built without a nail or a plank being used in its construction, and the only implements used being an axe and an augur.

The furniture was of the rudest character. Wooden blocks split from trees, with legs inserted, answered for chairs; the table was two or three slabs of wood, one end attached to the wall and the other supported by sticks; the bedsteads were poles held up by forked sticks at one end and the other resting in the wall, with short sticks laid across, on which was thrown skins and blankets. Stoves, sewing machines, umbrellas, rubber shoes, matches and lamps were unknown.

The cooking was done in an open fireplace over a wood fire. The utensils were iron pots, frying pans and a Dutch oven. The table furniture consisted of knives, forks, wooden bowls, trenches, wooden mugs called noggins, and gourds for drinking purposes.

As soon as a crop of corn could be raised, johnny cake and corn pone were the only forms of bread used. Sugar was made from maple sap, and mulberries, cherries, plums, grapes, huckleberries and crab apples, which grew wild, were used in season.

Hominy, mush and milk, with venison and bear meat, constituted the principal articles of food.

During the period of the War of the Revolution, the British government, from its headquarters at Detroit, equipped Indian war parties and sent them against the helpless settlers on the frontiers of Virginia, Pennsylvania and Kentucky.

Quite a number of women and children were killed and captured in Harrison county, and some taken to Detroit for the purpose of ransom.

A Mrs. Freeman was killed near Jane Lew; Mrs. McIntire and Miss Coon, near Shinnston; Mrs. Thomas, near Bridgeport; Mrs. Grigsby, near Romines Mills, and Mrs. Johnson and three children, near Sardis.

Mrs. Thomas Cunningham, who lived in what is now Eagle district in 1785, was captured, her four children killed, and herself carried to an Indian village in Northern Ohio, where, after living a miserable existence for months, she was finally ransomed and returned home by the long, weary journey through Kentucky and the valley of Virginia, lived to a good old age, and her descendants are still with us.

Occasionally the Indians found the wrong woman, as when a party attacked the cabin of Bozart, in Monongahela county. Mrs. Bozart seized an axe and killed three of them, and the others ran away in disgust. Several children were killed on this occasion.

A Mrs. Merrill, when her cabin was attacked by a party of four Indians, with an axe killed three of them and cut half the face off of the fourth. The wounded one fled in terror, and upon arriving at his village beyond the Ohio reported that the white squaws had taken the war path, and fought worse than the long knives.

The expedition sent out from Fort Pitt (now Pittsburgh) under Col. Henry Boquet in 1764 against the western Indians proceeded as far as where the town of Coshocton, Ohio, now stands and sent runners to all the Indian villages demanding that all the white captives held should be brought and surrendered to him at his camp within twelve days, or he would destroy all of them.

The Indians, terrified by the large force of the whites, complied, and from day to day brought in men, women and children. On this occasion many touching scenes occurred; husbands met wives, brothers met sisters, parents their children, from whom they had been separated for years. Yet there were many distressing scenes; some looked in vain for loved ones they were never to see again. One mother looked in vain for a child stolen from her years before; day by day she anxiously watched the captives, but no daughter's voice reached her ears. One young girl, clad in savage attire, was brought before her; it could not be her daughter. "Can you not remember some mark upon her person?" asked Colonel Boquet. "There is none," said the anxious mother. "Sing a song you sang over her cradle; she may remember," said the commander. One is sung by the mother. As the song of childhood floats out among the trees, the maiden stops and listens, then approaches. The long lost chords of memory are touched. Yes, she remembers the long unheard song of childhood. Mother and child are reunited and held in close embrace, and the stern soldier, Boquet, drops a tear at the pathetic scene.

The dress of the women of the frontier was a coat and gown of home-made linen, woolen stockings, moccasins or rude shoes and sunbonnets. Many of them were grown before they saw the inside of a store room.

After the close of the Indian wars, and the country became more thickly settled, roads were opened to the east, conditions began to change for the better, and living was more comfortable, and matters were more cheerful.

All the world loves a lover, and a wedding on the frontier attracted the entire neighborhood, as it was the only gathering not accompanied with hard work, such as house building, road making and log rolling. People married

young, and the morning of the wedding the settlers for miles around gathered on horseback at the home of the groom's father and proceeded to escort him to the house of the bride. When about a mile from the house of the bride the procession halted and three or four were selected to race for Black Betty. The start was announced by an Indian war whoop, and away they went, over logs, brush, hill and dale and stream, and the first one who reached the house was handed a big black bottle called Black Betty, well filled with home-made whiskey. The winner at once returned to the procession with the prize, who emptied the contents without delay. Dancing followed the ceremony and continued all night, and the next day the company proceeded to the home of the groom's father, where the festivities, with the help of Black Betty, were continued until everyone was worn out. This was known as the infair.

Instead of quantities of silver, china and furniture, as is given the present day, the bride received a feather bed and a cow, and the neighbors turned out and built them a cabin, and so they started in life.

I personally recall a lady here in Clarksburg describing with some pride to her grandchildren her riding in the race for Black Betty, down in Monongalia county, and winning the prize over all the men.

Another sturdy pioneer woman I have heard of, who had the record of standing with both feet in a half bushel measure and throwing a four-bushel bag of corn on a horse.

Both of these worthy dames left many descendants, some of whom have been distinguished in public affairs, in military and civil life, and some of them are here with us tonight.

What they would say could they see their fair granddaughters in the present style of dress would be plenty.

These worthy dames never saw a split or hobble skirt, nor danced the tango, turkey trot, a hesitation waltz; never played bridge or progressive euchre; never saw the inside of a theater or a moving picture show. With them life was stern and real; they had no time for social affairs, had no rest from a constant and laborious struggle for a simple livelihood. They were not the kind to pick up their skirts, scream, and run from a mouse.

This is a brief and inadequate description of the stout-hearted women who faced the privations and dangers of a savage frontier, and did their share in helping their husbands conquer the wild, hew out homes for themselves in the woods, and make the wilderness blossom as the rose.

Nearly all of them fill unknown and unmarked graves, but they, by their works, have builded an enduring monument in the hearts of those who came after. Peace be to their noble ashes.

