











VARIOUS VIEWS

O F

HUMAN NATURE,

TAKEN FROM

LIFE AND MANNERS, Foreign and Domestic.

Cur tamen hos tu
Evafisse putes, quod diri conseia facti
Mens habet attonitos, et surdo verbere cædit,
Occultum quatiente animo tortere slagellum?
Pæna autem vehemens, ac multo sævior illis,
Quas et Cæditius gravis invenit aut Rhadamanthus,
Nocte dieque suum gestare in pectore testem.

Juv.

IN TWO VOLUMES.
VOL. II.

THE SECOND EDITION.

D U B L I N:

PRINTED FOR MESSRS. L. WHITE, P. BYRNE, GRUEBER AND M'ALLISTER, AND W. JONES.



00/2355577 V2

Z E L U C O.

CHAP. L.

Il est aussi facile de se tromper soi-même sans s'en apperecvoir, qu'il est dissicile de tromper les autres sans qu'ils s'en apperçoivent. Rochefougault.

A BOUT this time, Madame de Seidlits received accounts of the failure of a house at Franckfort, in which her husband had placed most part of the money he had left for the use of his widow and daughter. In the same house also was the residue of the money produced by the sale of her furniture and other effects, when she left Germany; part of which had served to defray the expence of her journey, the rest she had ordered to be remitted to her banker at Naples, and expected every day to hear that this was done, when the sad news of the failure arrived.

This news was accompanied, as is usual on such occasions, with the comfortable affertion that it was only a temporary stoppage of pay- $\Lambda 2 \qquad \text{ment};$

ment; for that the house would pay all they owed in time. However that might be, Madame de Seidlits felt very great immediate inconveniency from the accident; fhe had already contracted debts at Naples, for the discharge of which her fole reliance was upon this money: fhe concealed this misfortune from Laura, to fave her the shock of such calamitous news, and in hopes that the might in a few posts have the first statement confirmed that there would finally be no lofs by the bankruptcy. In this diffrefling fituation the lamented the absence of Signora Sporza, who was the only perfon to whom the could freely fpeak on fuch a fubject; and the once thought of writing to her for a finall supply of money for her immediate occasions; but fearing that this might not be convenient, or perhaps not agreeable, and having naturally a great reluctance to lie under a pecuniary obligation, flee determined rather to part with her jewels, even those which she had received from her husband, and on that account valued far above their intrintic worth; the accordingly applied to a jeweller, and fold them for a fum fufficient for the difcharge of her most urgent debts.

Father Pedro having feen the jeweller, with whom he was acquainted, coming out of Madame de Scidlits's house, entered into conversation with him, and endeavoured from a prying disposition not uncommon to monks, to fift from him what his business with her was; for he well knew that Madame de Seidlits was not in circumstances to purchase jewels. The jewellers in consequence of her injunctions evaded his questions,

tions, which more and more excited the curiofity of Father Pedro, who did not reft till he learned from one of the jeweller's workmen, what his mafter's bufiness with Madame de Seidlits was.

This gave the Father an idea of the diffress of her circumstances far beyond what he had hitherto entertained, and inspired him at the same time with fresh hopes of success in the scheme he was fo fanguinely engaged in. He immediately communicated the intelligence to Zeluco, adding, that he imagined it would be no longer necessary for him to exaggerate the uneafiness of his wound, but rather to admit the idea which the ladies had already received of its being better; although his general health was ftill delicate, this plan would allow him the benefit of enjoying the fresh air, the pleafure fometimes of feeing and paying his court to Laura, while the perplexed ftate in which the mother's circumstances seemed to be, with the admonitions which the Father undertook on every proper occasion to give both to the mother and daughter, might at length dispose them. to liften to his propofal.

Zchico waited on Madame de Seidlits and Laura the following day; they both manitefted fincere fatisfaction at feeing him. Madame de Seidlits cautioned him, with all the folicitude of friendfhip, to be very careful of himfelf till his health fhould be fully reftored; and Laura, imprefled with a fenfe of obligation, and foftened by the dangers in which he had been, behaved with more cordiality than the had ever thewn to him before. He continued to vifit them very frequently, and was always received in the fame

maimer.

Father Pedro congratulated him on the very friendly reception which he met with, from which he augured an agreeable answer when he should next speak to Madame de Seidlits on the subject of Zeluco's suit, which he hinted he intended to do very soon; but the same circumstances which had imparted this considence to the mind of the Father, revived Zeluco's original hopes of obtaining Laura without marriage. He imagined that the proud spirit of both mother and daughter, humbled by misfortune and terrified by the horrors of impending poverty, would in a short time acquicsce in the settlements he determined to make, unclogged with the ceremony he detested.

He wished not, therefore, that the Father, by a precipitate renewal of the proposal of marriage, should render it more difficult for him to succeed upon his own terms, as he expected, though

perhaps at a more distant period.

The wound in his arm was now on the point of healing; but the fears he had undergone, the medicines he had taken, the regimen he had followed, had weakened him confiderably, giving him also an appearance of fickness, which corresponded with the accounts that had been spread of his danger, and enabled him to support a delay in the gratification of his desires with a degree of patience which he could not have displayed had he been in perfect health.

He begged of Father Pedro, therefore, not to urge his former fuit at prefent, expressing an apprehension of disgusting the ladies by too much importunity; then talked of his forrow at the thoughts of the distress they were in, wished that

her:

the Father would prevail on Madame de Seidlits to accept of a fum of money, with which he directly prefented him, on the pretence of its coming from a perfon who fuspected her situation, but was unknown to Father Pedro and to herself, and was determined to conceal the transaction from all the world.

Although Zeluco behaved on this occasion with a good deal of address, spoke with great gentleness and in plausible terms, Father Pedro's penetration pervaded his hypocrify, and he at once saw his motive and drift.

Father Pedro, it must be confessed, was not a monk of that rigid self-denial and sublime piety, that will entitle him, an hundred years after his death, to canonization.

Had Laura been inclined to meet Zeluco on his own terms, very possibly he would have winked at the connexion, or given her abfolution on easy terms; but his mind revolted at the thought of being acceffary to betraying her: befides, the virtues of Madame de Seidlits and her daughter commanded his entire efteem; whereas the money he had from time to time received from Zeluco had not produced a fingle fentiment in his favour. He wished well to both the former, and would have cheerfully ferved them in any thing not attended with great inconveniency to himself; but he would not have abstained from a pinch of fauff when his nofe required it, to have faved the other from the gallows .- For thefe reasons Father Pedro refused the money; faving, He was fufficiently acquainted with Madame de Scidlits, to know that fuch an offer would offend her; that as for his own part he had been induced to interfere in this business, with the sole view of rendering him the most essential service that, in his opinion, one man could do to another, by assisting him in his avowed inclination of marrying one of the most accomplished, beautiful, and virtuous women in Europe: "But," continued he, "Signor, if you have altered your mind, my interference of course must end here."

To this Zeluco replied, That he was fensible of what he owed to the Father; that he would ever take the warmest interest in both the ladies; but wished not to have his former proposal pressed

on them at that particular time."

CHAP. LI.

Les passions le plus violentes nous laissent quelquesois du relâche; mais la vanité nous agite toujours.

ROCHEFOUCAULT.

ZELUCO, who was of a most suspicious temper, now imagined that Father Pedro acted in concert with Madame de Seidlits, and that the desperate state of her affairs had produced an alteration in the fentiments of her daughter, of which they had informed him, that he might push a renewal of the proposal of marriage without delay.--He thought also that the Monk's zeal had made him overfloot his commission, by imprudently mentioning the circumstance of the fale of the jewels; for he was convinced, that one reason for their wishing to have the ceremony fixedily concluded, was to prevent this and other proofs of their poverty from appearing. As he now believed therefore, that it was in his power to obtain Laura in marriage whenever he pleafed, that very conviction acting on his capricious and vircious disposition, difinclined him from it, and determined him to renew his original scheme of feduction, which he flattered himfelf the diffreffes of poverty, joined to the credit of his late exploit, would greatly facilitate.

Laura, though unacquainted with the difagreeable accounts which her mother had received from Germany, or with the exact flate of the circumstances in which she had been left by her father, knew in general that they were narrow, and therefore would have been pleafed with a more fevere fyftem of economy than was agreeable to her mother. A knowledge of this was one reason why Madame de Seidlits had always represented their situation in the most favourable light to her daughter.

This young lady, notwithstanding the admiration she never failed to excite, was by no means fond of appearing often in public. What are called public amusements, she had but a very moderate relish for, and stood in no need of them

as a refource for passing her time.

She had fuch a tafte for reading, as afforded a very pleafing fource of entertainment and improvement to her mind, without inclining her to despife or neglect other occupations becoming her age and fex. Her natural good fenfe, tafte and accomplishments, while they rendered her independent of company, made her more entertaining in it; without being over-referved, nothing could be more modest than her deportment; and very few women possessed the talent of conversing in a more cafy and agreeable manner. Her mind being undiffurbed by paffion, ferene through innocence, naturally cheerful, and eafily amused, she could have lived happy in a very limited fociety, and in the delightful occupation of promoting her mother's happiness, and that of all around her.

Madame de Seidlits was fomewhat of a different character; although Laura was the warmeft object of her affection, yet she stood in need of amusements, and had a taste for a greater share of elegant superfluities than her revenue could supply. Had she conformed herself exactly to her daughter's tafte, they could have lived free from debt upon the pention and interest of the money left by her husband; but as she often followed her own, they must have been embarrassed in a short time, even although their banker's

failure had not happened.

The particular article of expence which gave Laura most uncasiness, was what regarded her drefs. Her own taste in drefs was elegantly simple, and, in her, was so becoming, that all who beheld her, were of opinion that additional ornament would tend to diminish the lustre of her beauty; yet, when in compliance with her mother's taste she adopted ornaments to the height of the mode, the same beauty shone conspicuous through all the variations, and in spite of the extravagances of fashion.

While Madame de Seidlits endeavoured to affume the appearance of ferenity and cheerfulness before Laura, she could not resist a real depression of spirits. She saw the necessity of retrenching the limited plan of expence she had with disticulty hitherto observed, and was uncertain whether any system of economy would relieve her from a species of distress which her spirit could ill support, and which she felt with keener anguish on Laura's account—who in reality could have supported the misfortune which was so carefully concealed from her, infinitely better than her mother.

Meanwhile, Zeluco vifited Madame de Scidlits with most assiduous punctuality, and was always received with a cordial welcome. He saw the dejection of Madame de Scidlits, and the anxiety of Laura, with secret satisfaction and apparent con-

cern; he imputed both to the diffress of their circumstances, and was in daily expectation that Madame de Seidlits would apply to him for relief, which he imagined would entitle him to still greater familiarity in the family, involve her in repeated obligations to himself, and finally terminate in the fuccess of his base designs upon the honor of Laura.

Zeluco's passion was of the grossest nature; he called it love, but with more propriety, even at its height, it might have been denominated hatred; it was entirely felsish, unconnected with sentiment, or the happiness of its object; even in the midst of desire, he felt resentment against Laura, for the neglect and indifference which she had evinced towards him.

He took every opportunity, when he found Madame de Scidlits alone, of infinuating a defire of obliging her, and lamented, with mildnefs and much respect, that she was so reserved, and seemed unwilling even in the smallest instance to give him the pleasure of being of service to her.

He fometimes, on Madame de Seidlits being called out, was left for a few minutes with Laura; to her he expressed the most tender concern for her mother's health, "which he dreaded was not so good as usual; was afraid of some concealed anguish, either in her body or mind, and with the most infinuating solicitude begged to know whether Laura suspected what it was; not that he presumed to make too particular an inquiry, only in general, whether she did not suspect that her mother had some secret affliction, and whether it was bodily or mental."

Laura's

Laura's answers on all such occasions imported, that she hoped he was mistaken in imagining that any thing particular disturbed her mother; but even if it was so, she would be cautious of prying into what her parent judged proper to conceal."

In the mean while, Madame de Seidlits flattered herfelf that Laura began to view Zeluco with more favourable eyes than formerly, and entertained hopes that the would at length confent to his propofals: the was determined however to leave her to herfelf, and adhere to the promife the had given, never to folicit her on the fubject. But the found means, without apparent defign, of leaving them frequently, for a confiderable space of time, together, in the expectation that he would gradually strengthen Laura's disposition in his favour, and seize some happy occasion of renewing his suit, for the success of which she was more anxious than ever.

The idea that Laura, whom she justly thought formed for adding lustre to the highest and most brilliant rank of life, should undergo the mortifications of poverty, was what she could bear with less firmness, than the thought, horrid as it was, of mortifications of the same nature occurring to herself. Here Madame de Seidlits sell into a very general error, and what parents are peculiarly liable to, in the establishing of their children in marriage. Her daughter's happiness, not her own, was what she had chiefly in view; but in estimating this, her own ideas of happiness, not her daughter's, were what she chiefly considered.

Laura

Laura had remarked fome appearance of dejection in her mother's fpirits, before it was hinted to her by Zeluco; but had not made any inquiry about the cause, partly because she hoped it proceeded from no cause of importance, and partly

for the reason she had given to Zeluco.

She had remarked that her mother had lefs dejection in Zeluco's company than when he was not prefent; on this account the herfelf was pleafed with his vifits; the thought herfelf under great obligations to him, and in confequence of these sentiments, the whole of her conduct was fo much altered, that he became perfuaded not only that her former prejudices were overcome, but that she had conceived a great partiality for him. He was much less surprised at this, than he had been formerly at her having viewed him with indifference; which his vanity never permitted him to think was natural, but rather the artificial offspring of Signora Sporza's malice. But flie heing now at a distance, he fondly believed that his perfonal accomplishments began to operate the fame effect on the heart of Laura, which, in his opinion, they ufually did on the hearts of women of fenfibility and difcernment.

Madame de Seidlits had for fome time expected letters from a friend at Berlin, who had engaged to write to her the real ftate of her banker's affairs, and how much he would be able to pay his creditors, as foon as the truftees appointed for that bufinefs should make their report. Several posts had already arrived since the time when she expected this account, without her having received any letter on a subject which interested

terested her so much. She was sitting one day with Laura, when the servant returned from the post-office, and told her there were no foreign letters for her. She could not help discovering marks of disappointment and vexation.—" I am sure, my dear mother," said Laura, " will let me know, as soon as it is sit I should know, what it is which gives her uneasiness."—" Being disappointed when I am in expectation of letters from my distant friends, always vexes me, my dear," said Madame de Seidlits; " I cannot help it."

"I hope you will have agreeable accounts foon,"

faid Laura.

"I hope I shall, my dear," replied Madame de Seidlits, with a figh, and directly fell into a fit of musing, which brought tears into the eyes of Laura, who turned to the window, that they

might not be observed by her mother.

Zeluco was introduced.—The face of Madame de Seidlits brightened, and she received him with cheerfulness and every mark of regard. The heart of Laura, who perceived the immediate effect his presence had on her mother, throbbed with warmer gratitude and good-will towards him, than even when he delivered her from the supposed robbers.

A female acquaintance of Madame de Seidlits

at this instant called on her.

"You are low-spirited of late," faid she to Madame de Seidlits, and keep the house too much. I am come to carry you into the fresh air for a couple of hours."

"I beg you will go," faid Laura eagerly to her mother; " you really have been too much con-

fined."

"I will with pleasure, my dear," faid Madame de Seidlits.—" you will entertain Signor Zeluco, while he chuses to stay."



CHAP. LII.

Referve with frankness, art with truth ally'd, Courage with foftness, modesty with pride.

WHEN Madame de Scidlits and her friend had driven away, Laura asked Zeluco whether he chose to hear an air on the harpsichord; he answered he would prefer it to any concert, provided she would accompany it with her voice.

She played and fung a lively air; this did not exactly fuit Zeluco, who withed to make ferious and very pathetic love to her; he could not avoid, however, praiting the tune, and the execution.

"Since that air is to your taste, Signor," faid Laura, who was highly pleased with him on account of the good effect his visit had produced on her mother, "I will play another in the same style."

"You play like an angel-and are an angel,"

cried Zeluco.

"Do angels deal in music of this fort?" faid Laura, running over the keys with infinite rapidity, and finging a very gay air.

Zeluco

Zeluco being perfuaded, that he had been left by the mother to give him an opportunity of renewing his propofal to the daughter, and that the herfelf had, for fome time, expected this with impatience; he confirmed her gaiety into a defire of captivating him, and meditated how to addrefs her in terms of love, without conveying any idea of matrimony. He dreaded any hint of that kind, and imputed her frank and obliging behaviour to a difposition in Laura, of which he determined to take the advantage.

Having finished the air, and perceiving that Zeluco was grave and pensive; she said, with a sweetness of voice and manner which would have turned a less determined villain from his purpose. You do not seem to relish this so much,

Signor."

"I relish," cried he, " every thing you do, and every thing you say; and beg to be heard on a subject of infinite importance to my happines."

"You have a right, Signor, to expect to be heard by me on any subject which you yourself have not agreed to avoid," faid Laura, with a solemn and serious air, which the impassioned manner in which he had spoken, obliged her to assume.

Although Zeluco was a little furprised at the fudden alteration which had taken place in the features of Laura, he resumed his rapturous tone: How can I avoid expressing my admiration of beauty so angelic?" cried he, throwing himfelf on his knee, and attempting to seize her hand.

" Whatever

"Whatever you have to fay, Signor," faid Laura, withdrawing her hand, and speaking with firmness and dignity, "you will certainly speak more at your own ease, and to my satisfaction, by keeping your feat."

"Hear me, Madam," faid Zeluco, embar-

raffed and overawed.

" I will hear nothing," replied flie, " while you continue in that poiture;—it is too ridiculous."

Zeluco rofe.-" Now, Sir," faid fhe, " what

have you to fay?"

"I am much concerned, Madam," refumed he, hefitating, and entirely driven from his purpose; "I am forry, I say, that I have offended you;—but I really flattered myself, that after the marks of regard which I had the good fortune to—but those are trisles.—My esteem and regard are unbounded,—and the honour I proposed,—that is, the happiness of calling you mine—My fortune, my life, I consider as nothing, that is, I mean when put in competition."—In this incoherent manner he went on without knowing what he said.

There is a dignity and elevation in virtue which overawes the most daring profligate. No man of sense, however free in his morals, ever attempted a woman, till he imagined that she had some inclination he should. Let him use what delicate terms he pleases, to what purpose can he be supposed to express his own wishes, if he does not suspect that she has the same wishes with himself? This is the true point of view in which women ought

ought to confider addresses of this nature—In what other point of view can they be considered? A woman is solicited to grant what dishonours herself. Well, her solicitor, if he is not a sool, will not, in conscience, expect that she will stoop to this without a motive, or merely to please him; what then does he expect? Why, that she will consent to please herself.

The coolness and modest dignity of Laura's manner gave at once such a check to Zeluco, that he did not discover his aim. She saw only his embarrassiment, which she imputed to his being confcious of having broken the engagement which he had entered into, not to renew his proposal of marriage; for, although she had been surprised, and displeased with the manner in which he had addressed her, yet she never once suspected his real scheme.

Willing, therefore, to relieve his confusion, and to be quite certain of what he meant; fhe, with a milder aspect, addressed him in these words: "Signor Zeluco, I wish to know whether I am to conftrue what you fay into a renewal of your former propofal."-Although confcious that the miftook his intention, he answered her question by a bow .- " Then," refumed she, " I must repeat what I formerly declared on that occasion; I am truly fensible of the honour which your opinion does me. I should be happy to have any proper opportunity of shewing the sense of obligation which I have for the generous fervices which you rendered me. You are entitled to my lafting gratitude-more is not in my power to beflow; -and gratitude alone would, in a wife, be a poor

a poor return for the generous love you profess." After this avowal, and declaring with the fame breath, continued she, " that the proposals you made, in point of liberality, exceed my utmost wish; it is evident, that my reason for declining them is of a nature not to be overcome, and ought therefore to be an obstacle of as great weight with you as it is with me. Indeed, if I had not been persuaded that it had at length appeared so in your eyes, I should have taken care to avoid any occasion of an explanation, equally disagreeable for you to hear, and me to repeat."

Having faid this, fhe withdrew to another room, and left Zeluco fo much furprifed and confounded; that he remained fixed to the foot for fome minutes before he recovered prefence of mind fufficient to return to his own house.

He was now convinced, that all his conjectures were erroneous, and that, notwithstanding domestic distresses, so far from having any design upon him, Laura was determined never to accept of him as a husband. He had not pondered long on this, till, in proportion as his fears of losing her augmented, his desire to marry her increased, and before the ensuing morning he would have purchased at the highest price that very situation which, the day before, he dreaded being drawn into, and had determined to use all his address to avoid.

He plainly perceived, that her reason for refusing him proceeded from distilke; but although this conviction rankled in his breast with the severest anguish, he could not refuse his admiration of the delicacy and propriety of her fentiments, the candour and dignity with which they were expressed; while the beauty and elegance of her face and person never had appeared more attractive.



C HAP. LIII.

Nunc animum pietas, maternaque nomina frangunt. Ovidi

HE now regretted the language he had held to Father Pedro, and refolved to renew his confederacy with him on the bass on which it had formerly stood, resolving at the same time, that in one shape or other she should be his, whatever danger or guilt might attend the accomplishment of his desires.

Ever fince their last conversation, Father Pedro had kept a watchful eye upon Zeluco, being sufpicious that he meditated some design upon Laura, which he durst not wow. These suspicions he intended to communicate to Madame de Seidlits, but he was prevented by Zeluco's intreating him to renew the matrimonial treaty. He endeavoured to give some plausible reason for his former behaviour, and Pedro was too well pleased with his present disposition to criticise with much severity his late condust. But he was sincerely forry that Laura seemed so determined to reject a measure which, in his eyes, appeared absolutely necessary in the present state of her mother's circumstances.

He again fpoke to Madame de Seidlits on the fubject of Zeluco's addresses to Laura, enumerating the advantages that would result to herself, as well as to her daughter, from this alliance.

Madame de Seidlits thanked him for the interest he seemed to take in her family, adding, "That perhaps the faw the advantages of fuch an alliance in the fame light that he did, and had ftronger reasons than he was acquainted with for wishing that Laura were of the same way of thinking. But having the most complete conviction of the good fense, virtuous inclinations, and dutiful disposition of her daughter, to whom her approbation of Zeluco was perfectly known; she was refolved to adhere to her engagement, not to press her farther on that subject. There never was one human creature, Father," continued she, " who had a stronger desire to oblige another than Laura has to oblige me; the knows that few things could give me fo much pleasure as her confenting to marry him; yet she continues to reject him. What can this proceed from but a rooted diflike? whether this be well or ill founded, it would equally render her miferable to be united to a perfon flie fo diflikes; and it would be the height of cruelty in me to exert maternal influence in fuch a caufe."

Father Pedro faid, "He feared that Laura facrificed her happiness to an ill-grounded prejudice."

" She fhall, at leaft, not facrifice it to my importunity," replied Madame de Scidlits.

The efforts which Madame de Seidlits was obliged to make, to conceal the bad frate of her af-

fairs

fairs from Laura, to appear cheerful while in reality she was fad, and to adhere to her promise and refolution of giving no hint to her daughter in favour of Zeluco, hurt her health; the loft her appetite, grewthin, and uncommonly pale: when any body took notice of this, by an affected cheerfulness, and by affertions which her whole appearance contradicted, the rendered her illness more visible and more affecting.

" Alas! Madam," faid Laura, "why will you

conceal the cause of your illness?"

" I am not ill," replied she, with a fickly fmile.

" Let this be decided," faid Laura, " by a phyfician."

" Indeed, my dear, a phyfician could be of no fervice to me." " I am certain you are not well-you are al-

ways forrowful." " Can physicians cure forrow?"

"You have then fome fecret forrow," cried Laura, catching at her mother's last expression, as if it had been an avowal.—" Tell me—O tell me the cause of your affliction; -- confide in me, -trust your Laura."

" I do confide in you, my beloved girl;-I could trust my foul with you; -but you alarm yourfelf without a cause. I am happy, my love,

in your affection and goodnefs."

Laura could not refrain from tears at these expressions of her mother, but finding that she declined to acknowledge the cause of her uncasiness, The proffed her no farther: perceiving, however, that her mother's dejection of spirits continued,

and

and that she became more and more emaciated; the young lady was at last so greatly alarmed, that she communicated her fears to Father Pedro, intreating his counsel.

Hitherto he had abstained from the subject, in expectation that Laura would adopt this very

meafure.

"I have been as uneafy as you can be, my dear daughter, at the vifible alteration in your mother's spirits and health; and observing that she avoided giving any reason for it, I could not help endeavouring, by every means I could think of, to discover whether she had received any news to disturb her, or what the cause of such dejection could be, that every possible method might be tried for its removal."

" And have you discovered the cause?" cried

Laura, impatiently.

Father Pedro had heard of the failure of the banker; he begun by informing her of what he had learned on that head.

Laura was in fome degree relieved by this account; her imagination had figured fomething worse: she dreaded that some disease of an incurable nature afflicted her mother, which, out of tenderness to her daughter, she concealed.

"The diffres which this man's misfortune brings will be temporary," said she; "he will surely pay some proportion, if not the whole, of his debts. My mother feels the present inconveniency more on my account than her own. I will she wher how light it sits on my mind, and how cheerfully I can conform to any circumstances. The king's pension remains—the house here, and the farm,

farm, remain—A little time will make my mother forget this lofs; the will recover her health; and I thall again be happy."

The Father then mentioned the circumstance

of felling the jewels.

This affected Laura at first because it was a proof of her mother's immediate, distress; but soon after, she faid, "I am glad of it, it will put her at her ease for some time at least,—perhaps till the banker is able to pay part of what he owes. I am much happier, Father, than I was before I knew the whole source of my dear mother's low spirits."

"I wish," faid the Father, "this were the

whole."

" O! merciful Heaven!" cried Laura; "What is there more?"

" Shall I speak," said Pedro, " my real senti-

ments?"

"Yes, certainly," cried Laura, trembling.
"Without any cover or diffusic?" added he.

" I did not think you had ever used any," faid

"When we are obliged to blame those we love," refumed he, " it is natural to do it in the mildest manner."

" If I have failed in my duty to my mother, use

the fevereft," faid Laura.

The Monk then reminded her, That her mother had always entertained a favourable opinion of Signor Zeluco, which had been confirmed and augmented by time and more intimate acquaintance; that she had heard his proposal of marriage with great satisfaction, for few things are more

Vol. B agreeable

agreeable to a prudent and affectionate mother. taan to see her daughter united in marriage with a man deferving her efteem; that on finding her daughter's ideas different from hers on this fubject, the had facrificed her own, and with a generolity which few parents posses, had never again given her a hint on the fubject; but it was even then pretty evident the facrifice had coft her a good deal: that Zeluco's gallant behaviour tince that time, and the very important fervice he had rendered her, had renewed and sharpened her mother's original withes, that to deferving a man were as agreeable to her daughter as to herfelf, and probably had inspired her with fresh hopes that his conduct would produce that effect on fuch a generous and grateful heart as Laura's: that being disappointed in these flattering expectations at a moment when her own private affairs were fo much deranged, had, he feared, corroded the breast of Madame de Seidlits, and was the true cause of all her inquietude; for the was indued with that noble and exalted affection which inclined her to be ready to communicate to her daughter the largest portion of all her comforts, and endeavour to keep to herfelf the whole of what was painful in their common lot, as appeared confpicuous in concealing from Laura the bankruptcy which fo cruelly affected their circumfrances, and allowing the whole vexation of that unexpected misfortime to prey upon her own fpirits, and undermine her licalth.

Here the father paufed, to give Laura an opportunity of fpeaking; but perceiving that the kept her eyes fixed on the ground, and feemed

unable

unable to make any reply, he added, "That, upon the whole, it was very difficult for him to offer any advice, or point out a remedy; because, he acknowledged that Laura's taste, even her prejudices, ought to have weight in the choice of a husband, and that it would be hard to blame her for indulging them. He would not venture to affert, that religion required her to facrifice them, as Providence certainly might, if it thought proper, find other means of preserving the health of her mother; and might, in its own good time, free that worthy woman from her present difficulties, and prevent her future life from being imbittered with penury, which her elegant taste and liberal disposition could fo ill endure."

"Father," faid Laura, whose eyes were now overflowing, "I am unable at present to converse with you,—leave me to myself,—I will, if I can, talk with you more fully to-morrow morning."—

They parted.

CHAP. LIV.

Fallit te incautam pietas tua.

VIRG.

L A UR A continued reflecting on every thing that the Monk had faid, and infinuated—Zeluco's difinterested passion—his kindness to her mother—the obligation he had laid on herself—her mother's wishes, at first so plainly signified, and afterwards with such delicacy suppressed—her maternal tenderness through all her life, particularly displayed by her endeavour to conceal the assair of the jewels and the bankruptcy;—and finally, the declining state of her mother's health, which silled her with the most alarming apprehensions.

In confequence of revolving those considerations in her mind, her dislike to Zeluco began to appear in her own eyes an unreasonable prejudice, which gratitude and filial affection, with united voice,

called upon her to overcome.

The next day Laura informed her mother that flie was willing to beftow her hand on Signor Ze-Iuco. Joy was very firongly mixed with the furprife which appeared in Madame de Seidlits's countenance. Yet the addreffed Laura in thefe terms: "I defire, my dear, that no facrifice may be made to any fupposed with of mine on this occasion; I affured you formerly, and I repeat it now, that I think you have a full right in an affair of this nature to follow your own inclinations."

Laura replied, That this alteration of fentiment had taken place in confequence of her ferious rious reflections on Signor Zeluco's conduct to

Madame de Seidlits then embracing her daughter, expressed her satisfaction in the most affectionate terms; and communicated the glad tiding to Father Pedro, who was then entering, and immediately joined in Madame de Seidlits's congratulations.

Laura, however, f.iid, That as the had, in a very ferious and formal manner, refused Zeluco when he last made his court to her, it was very possible he might fince that time have altered his fentiments as well as herself.

"That I can answer for is not the case," faid Father Pedro.

"There is no need of any one's answering for it," faid Madame de Seidlits; "the truth will appear of itself. If Signor Zeluco does not shew as much ardour as ever to obtain my daughter's hand, he shall never obtain it with my consent."

Laura, fmiling, thanked her mother for being fo punctilious where the was concerned; and faid, She would explain herfelf in a letter to Signor Zeluco, which the hoped the Father would deliver to him.

Madame de Seidlits objected to her writing, The Father, the faid, might, if he pleafed, acquaint Signor Zeluco that her daughter was more favourably disposed towards him than formerly, and then leave him to take his course.

Laura faid, if her mother would trust to her expressing herself with propriety on a subject of so much delicacy, she would prefer writing, as there was one point that required explanation.

"I have perfect confidence in your prudence, my dear," faid Madame de Seidlits; " write what you think proper." She then left Laura and Father Pedro together.

Laura directly wrote what follows:

" Signor Zeluco,

"In the conversation I lately had with you, I candidly told you my fentiments; with the same sincerity I now inform you they are altered; and that I am ready to accept of your proposal. It will not surprise me if such apparent levity should induce you to renounce the too savourable opinion which you had of me; should that be the case, you certainly can have no scruple in declaring it.

"It is proper that I should further inform you, that since I last saw you, I have learnt that, by the failure of a house at Berlin, great part of the money lest by my father for the use of my mother, and which would have eventually come to me, is, in all probability, irrecoverably lost.

LAURA SEIDLITS."

Having sealed this letter, she gave it to Father Pedro, who carried it directly to Zeluco, whom he found alone in his garden, ruminating a half-digested plan of a very acrocious nature, the ob-

ject of which was the possession of Laura.

The Monk announced by his countenance that he brought agreeable news, and delivered to him Laura's letter; which, in fpite of the cold terms in which it was conceived, as it pointed a more fpeedy and fafe road to the gratification of his defires, filled him with pleafure, and entirely diffipated

diffipated the dark and desperate purposes over

which his mind was brooding.

He told Father Pedro that he would himself be the bearer of the answer to the letter; and immediately waited on Madame de Seidlits and Laura with all the expressions of joy usual on similar occasions.

From this moment there was a visible change for the better in the foirits and health of Madame de Seidlirs; the was now convinced that her daughter had overcome her groundlefs diflike of Zeluco, was fecured in a comfortable and genteel fituation for life; of courfe nine-tenths of her anxiety were removed. Laura was rejoiced at the favourable alteration in her mother, reflected with fatisfaction on the efforts the herfelf had made for the fake of a parent whom she tenderly loved, and flattered herfelf that an union agreed to on her part from fuch a pious motive, would be more fortunate than could naturally have been expected, confidering the extreme indifference, to call it by no stronger name, which flie felt for her intended hufband.

Zeluco foon became urgent with Madame de Scidlits that an early day might be fixed on for the marriage ceremony; faying, that he would in the mean time order the fettlements to be made according to the terms formerly proposed.

She expressed a desire that the ceremony might be postponed at least till the return of Signora Sporza from Rome; one reason of Zeluco's impatience was, that it might be over before her return; dreading a delay, or perhaps a total prevention from that quarter; but, without giving any hint of such fears, he earnestly insisted on

the ceremony's taking place immediately after the fettlements were ready; urging that Signora Sporza would be most agreeably surprised to find that all was over at her return; and that it would give him double pleasure to falute her on their first meeting, not as a person intended to be, but who actually was, his relation. Madame de Seidlits agreed to leave it to Laura's decision, promising, at Zeluco's request, not to write to Signora Sporza till the point should be determined.

He knew that Laura wished the ceremony should be private; he directed Father Pedro to hint to her that this would be impossible after Signora Sporza's return, whose decided taste for

parade and oftentation they all knew.

Laura was more eafily brought to agree to an carly day than was expected; having already given her confent, defpifing all affected delays, and withing to have every thing conducted with as much privacy as the nature of the cafe would admit, the decided for the earlieft day that had been mentioned. Befides the motives already mentioned, there was another which influenced this unfortunate young lady more than all the reft; the felt her original reluctance to any connexion with Zeluco threatening to return; and the withed the ceremony over, that it might be no longer in her own power to thrink from what the now thought both her duty and honour required her to perform.

The writings were prepared, and an early day appointed for the private performance of the mar-

riage.

During this interval the heart of Laura, endowed with the most exquisite fensibility, and formed

formed for the purest and most delicate sensations of love, was not agitated with those tender fears and pleasing emotions which fill the virgin's bosom at her approaching union with the beloved object of her wishes; she, unhappy maiden! selt an hourly increasing aversion to the man to whom she was destined to plight her faith, which all the struggles of her reason could not subdue. Her resolution however enabled her, in a great measure, to conceal what her reason could not conquer, and her efforts for this purpose rendered the pangs of her heart the more acute.

The night preceding the day of her marriage fhe was diffurbed with gloomy forebodings, diftracted with horrid dreams, and with terrors of a confused nature, which darted like lightning in a black and stormy night across her clouded

imagination.

She arofe early, endeavoured to banish those difinal apprehentions from her breaft, and affumed as much ferenity as the possibly could at the approach of her mother, who imputed the marks of difturbance that still remained in the counternance of Laura to no uncommon cause; vet all the endearments of maternal affection which Madame de Seidlits lavished on her daughter, were fcarcely able to keep up her fpirits: two or three times the trembling heart of Laura was ready to break through all restraint, avow her sad sorebodings, and beg that this frightful marriage might be postponed for ever. She was prevented by the fatisfaction she perceived it gave her mother, and by the thoughts of the light in which fuch fickle and childiffi conduct must put her in the opinion of others.

B 5 The

The marriage ceremony was performed privately, and Zeluco remained that night at the house of Madame de Seidlits.



CHAP. LV.

All classic learning lose on classic ground. Port.

A DAY or two before Laura's marriage took place at Naples, Signora Sporza received a letter from Germany, giving her an account of the fevere loss which Madame de Seidlits would sustain by the bankruptcy. This letter directed to her at Naples, had gone in course of post to that city, was there detained for fome days by the neglect of her fervant, and now conveyed to her the first account she had ever had of an event which gave her very great pain. She well knew the limited boundaries of Madame de Seidlits's finances; that the money which the depended on for paying fome preffing debts at Naples was in this banker's hands, and of course that she would be put to immediate and very great diffrefs by this unlucky accident; the became even afraid, left, terrified by a species of calamity which the had never experienced, Madame de Seidlits should become more urgent than ever with Laura to give her hand to Zeluco, and left Laura, in compliance with her mother's defire, might at last consent: but what made her more uneafy than all the rest, was her

her not having it in her power from any fund of her own fufficiently to relieve the diffress of her friends.

In this fituation fhe could think of nobody fo able, and whom the expected to find fo willing, to supply her in what the wanted, as the Honourable Mr. N——. She fent a message, defiring that he would come and speak with her as soon as possible. Mr. N—— was not at home. She fent again, begging that he would come to her the moment he arrived.

But her impatience increasing as the time of the departure of the post for Naples drew near, fhe drove to Mr. N——'s lodging, and calling for Buchanan, told him flie had butiness of importance with his mafter, and would wait for him Buchanan shewed her into till be came home. a room adjoining to Mr. Steele's dreffing-room, and separated from it by a very crazy partition. Steele was there with Mr. Squander and fome other young Englishmen. Signora Sporza hearing their voices, thought flie distinguished that of Mr. N-. "No," faid Buchanan, " it is a party of young gentlemen, who are taking a courfe of Roman antiquities; they wait at prefent for the antiquarian who instructs them; but it is my opinion, if the poor man profit no more by them, than they do by his lectures, he will foon be in a state of perfect starvation."

A voice was then heard, crying, "Hey, Dutches, what the devil are you about, you flut?—ay, to her Pincher; pull away;—tear it from her, boy."

"Who does he talk to?" faid Signora Sporza.

" A couple.

" A couple of quadrupeds, Madam," replied Buchanan; " the one is a fpaniel, the other a tarrier. Those young gentlemen cannot proceed in their studies without them."

Here the door of Mr. Steele's room was opened by a fervant, who faid the antiquarian had fent to know whether they were inclined to go to the

Pantheon that day, or to St. Peter's?

"Damn the Pantheon and St. Peter's both," cried Squander; "tell him we can go to neither at prefent.—Zounds! cannot the fellow quietly pocket his money without boring us any more with his temples, and churches, and pictures, and frames?"

Steele, however, finding them determined against attending the antiquorian, followed the fervant, and delivered a more civil message.

While he was absent, Squander, tossing a couple of maps on the floor, cried, "Here, Dutches, here is Roma Moderna;—and there Pincher—there is Roma Antiqua for you, boy—

tcar away."

When Steele returned, he endeavoured to fave Rome from the ravages of those Goths, but Squander told him with a loud laugh, that Dutches had made a violent rent in St. Peter's, and Pincher had torn the Pantheon to pieces.

Squander then proposed that they should walk to the stable, to examine a mare which he had thoughts of purchasing—Dutchess and Pincher followed them, and Mr. N—— came home soon

after.

"I have an unexpected call for money," faid Signora Sporza, interrupting his apologies for having having made her wait, "I hope you can let me have it."

"I hope I can, faid Mr. N--. How much do you need?"

"Three or four hundred ounces," replied she.

"I am happy that I can, without inconveniency, spare you four hundred," replied he.

"I do not think it probable that you will be

foon repaid," faid flie.

"I shall not need it," replied Mr. N---.

"You are an angel of a man," cried she; " give me then an order on my banker at Naples for that fum, for I must send it thither by this day's post."

Mr. N—— directly gave her the order.
"O my good friend!" cried fhe, "I must not tell you how I come to need this money; but, indeed, it would grieve you if you knew who -- ." Here Signora Sporza's voice was suppressed with grief at the idea of the diffress of her two friends, and the tears fell down her cheeks; after a paufe, fhe gave her hand to Mr. N-, who led her to her carriage, without either of them uttering another word.

As foon as Signora Sporza got home, fhe wrote a most affectionate letter to Madame de Seidlits, complaining of her having concealed the misfortune of the bankruptcy at Berlin, and the diftress in which this accident must necesfarily have involved her and Laura; and informing her, that the herfelf had unexpectedly recovered fome money for which she had no immediate use, she begged therefore very earnestly, that Madame de Seidlits would accept of five hundred ounces, which the could without any

inconveniency

inconveniency let her have directly. Signora Sporza added one hundred ounces, all in her power, to the four hundred advanced by Mr. N.——.

Madame de Seidlits was with her daughter when the received this letter, which the immediately thewed to Laura; they were both much affected with this inftance of friendship, and agreed that it would have an air of unkindness not immediately to acquaint Signora Sporza with Laura's marriage, by which the would understand that her liberality was unnecessary.

Zeluco not having now the fame objection that he had formerly, affented without difficulty to their propofal; and by the next post Signora Sporza received the accounts of Laura's marriage

with equal furprise and concern.

The following day she informed Mr. N—, "that she should always consider herself under as great an obligation to him, as if she had made use of his credit, but that she now found she would have no occasion for it, and desired him to instruct his banker at Naples to that effect."

At the interval of feveral hours, the informed him of Laura's marriage with Zeluco. "Good

heavens," exclaimed he, "is it possible!"

"What do you fee extraordinary," faid she, in a very accomplished woman of no fortune marrying a very rich man."

" Of no accomplishments," faid Mr. N----.

"Even if that be the case, it certainly is nothing extraordinary," said Signora Sporza. "If it is not to be wondered at, I fear it is to be regreted," added Mr. N——.

After-

After this, Signora Sporza feemed defirous to change the fubject. She would have had no feruple in acquainting Mr. N—— with any thing which regarded herfelf alone, but thought fhe had no right to inform him of the state of Madame de Seidlits's circumstances, and of course impressing with him the idea that this had driven Laura to the marriage. Signora Sporza was also much asraid that Laura, in avoiding one species of distress, had exposed herself to others, which to one of her turn of mind might prove fully as acute; and therefore she did not like to talk on the subject. Mr. N—— seeing her thoughtful and rather reserved, left her, he himself having been somewhat shocked as well as surprised at

hearing of Laura's marriage.

Whatever uneafinefs that event occasioned to Signora Sporza and Mr. N—, it was heard of with much fatisfaction by his valet Buchanan, who loft no time in communicating the news to the Baronet, who also heard of it with pleasure; for although he did not think there was fo much danger as Buchanan did, of Mr. N---'s making proposals of marriage to Laura immediately; yet he plainly perceived that he had a very high regard for that lady, and he particularly remarked, that his nephew did not at all relish a pofal which had been made by way of founding him, that he should accompany his uncle to England, without returning to Naples? in flort, he thought, that although Mr. N- might be fenfible of the inconveniencies of uniting himfelf to a woman of Laura's religion and country, yet these inconveniencies would naturally dwindle in his estimation, in proportion as his admiration of the lady increased. He therefore could not help being pleased with the account of Laura's mar-

riage.

The Baronet observed that Mr. N—— was by no means in his usual spirits after this intelligence, he therefore omitted nothing that he imagined could tend to the amusement of his young friend, and frequently proposed excursions to Tivoli, Frescati, and other places in the neighbourhood of Rome.

Mr. Steele was generally of these parties; but one day, when the Knight and Mr. N—— had agreed to dine at Albano, Mr. Steele was prevailed on to stay and make one at a cricket match with some British gentlemen and their sootmen, who were at that time at Rome.

After dinner, the Baronet asked Mr. N——, how he liked the new acquaintance whom his father and aunt had recommended to him, mean-

ing Mr. Steele.

for he is one of the best-natured easy tempered fellows alive, and at the same time of the greatest integrity. When he first arrived at Naples, he seemed thoughtful and rather melancholy. This however, being no part of his natural disposition, soon wore away, and now the genuine cheerful and obliging colour of his character is almost always predominant.

"Does he intend to remain long in Italy?"

faid the Baronet.

"I believe he will remain as long as I do," replied N---, "and no longer, for he does me the honour of being more attached to me than

to Italy; and I for my part have the most persect good-will to him, although he is not precisely the kind of man whom I should have expected my father to recommend to my particular acquaintance; yet I shall ever think myself obliged to him for it." "I do not so much as know of what family he is," continued Mr. N——, "nor by what means he got acquainted with ours, for Steele is not spontaneously communicative; and you know, Sir, I am not a great asker of questions."

"I can give you fome account of those matters," faid the Baronet, "for I have frequently heard your father describe his first interview with this young man's uncle."

But as we know more of Mr. Steele's family than the Baronet did, we shall in the next chapter give the reader a more circumstantial account

than was in his power.

CHAP. LVI.

Anecdotes concerning Mr. Nathaniel Transfer.

M R. Nathaniel Transfer, uncle to the young man now in question, had made a large fortune in the city of London, where he was born, and where he lived happily till the age of fixty-five. Mr. Transfer's life may furely be called happy, fince it afforded him the only enjoyments which he was capable of relishing; he had the pleasure of finding his fortune increasing every year; he had a remarkable good appetite, relished a bottle of old port, and flept very foundly all night, particularly after a bottle of Burton Ale. He might have continued fome years longer in the fame state of felicity, and perhaps have been conveyed to the other world in a gentle lethargy, without fickness, like a passenger who sleeps the whole way from Dover to Calais, had it not been for the importunities of a fet of people who called themselves his friends; these officious persons were continually diffurbing his tranquillity with fuch fpeeches as the following: "Why should you, Mr. Transfer, continue to live all your life in the city, and follow the drudgery of bufiness like a poor man who has his fortune to make? It is furely time for you to begin and enjoy a little case and pleasure after so much toil and labour. What benefit will accrue to you from your great fortune, if you are determined never to enjoy it? Good God, Mr. Transfer, do you intend to flave for ever?—You certainly have already more money than you have any use for.

This

This last affertion was unquestionably true, although the inference those reasons drew from it was false. The fourth part of his fortune was a great deal more than Transfer had any use for; gathering of pebbles, or accumulating pounds, would have been equally beneficial to him, if he could have taken an equal interest in the one occupation as in the other, and if he could have contemplated the one heap with equal fatisfaction with the other. He had not the shadow of a wish to spend more than he did, nor the least defire of benefiting any of the human race by the fruits of his labour. But Mr. Transfer's advifers had forgot the power of habit upon the mind of man. Transfer, like thousands of others, had begun to accumulate money as the means of enjoying pleafure at fome future time; and continued the practice fo long, that the means became the end—the mere habit of accumulating, and the routine of business, secured him from tedium, and became the greatest enjoyment of which he was fusceptible. Not being aware of this him-felf, poor Transfer at last yielded to his friends importunity. "Well, I am determined to be a flave no longer; it does not fignify talking, fays he, I will begin and enjoy without any more lots of time."

He wound up his affairs with all possible expedition, gave up all connexions in business at once, bought an estate in the country, with a very convenient house in good repair upon it, to which he went soon after, determined to rest from his labours, and to take his fill of pleasure. But he quickly found rest the most laborious thing that he had ever experienced, and that to have

have nothing to do, was the most fatiguing bufiness on earth. In the course of business, his occupations followed each other at stated times, and in regular succession; the hours passed imperceptibly without seeming tedious, or requiring any effort on his part to make them move faster. But now he selt them to move heavily and sluggishly, and while he yawned along his serpentine walks and fringed parterres, he thought the day would never have an end.

His house was at too great a distance from London for his city friends to go down on a Saturday, and return to town on Monday. His neighbours in the country were ignorant of that circle of ideas which had rolled in his brain with little variation for the last forty years of his life; and he was equally unacquainted with the objects of their contemplations: unless it was their mutual love of port wine and Burton ale, they had hardly a fentiment in common with Mr. Transfer, who was left for many a tedious hour, particularly before dinner, to enjoy rural felicity by himfelf, or with no other company than a few gods and goddeffes which he had bought in Piccadilly, and placed in his garden. "They talk," faid he to himself, " of the pleafures of the country, but would to God I had never been perfuaded to leave the labours of the city for fuch woful pleafures. O Lombardftreet! Lombard-street! in evil hour did I forfake thee for verdant walks and flowry landfcapes, and that there tirefome piece of made water. What walk is fo agreeable as a walk through the streets of London? what landscape more flowery than those in the print-shops? and what

what water was ever made by man equal to the Thames? If here I venture to walk but a fhort way beyond my own fields, I may be wet through by a fudden fhower, and exposed to the wind of every quarter, before I get under shelter; but in walking through the streets of London, if it rains, a man can shelter himself under the Piazzes; if the wind is in his face while he walks along one street, he may turn into another; if he is hungry, he can be refreshed at the pastry shops; if tired, he can call a hackney coach; and he is sure of meeting with entertaining company every evening at the club."

Such were Mr. Transfer's daily reflections, and he was often tempted to abandon the country for ever, to return to Lombard-street, and re-assume his old occupations.

It is probable that he would have yielded to the temptation, had it not been for an acquaintance which he accidentally formed with the Earl of ______.

This nobleman, who was very fubject to the gout, lived almost constantly in the country. What contributed with his bad health to give him a dislike to the town, was his fixed disapprobation of the public measures at that time carried on, and his indignation at the conduct of his eldest fon, who had accepted of a place at court, and voted with administration.

The Earl resided therefore ten months in the year at a very noble mansion in the middle of his estate, and at no great distance from the house which Transfer had lately purchased. After the death of the counters, his sister Lady Elizabeth, a maiden lady of an excellent character, always

prefided

prefided at his table, with whom Mifs Warren, the daughter of a navy officer, who had loft his life in the fervice, refided as a friend and com-

panion.

The Earl had often heard of a rich citizen who had bought an effate in his neighbourhood, and the whole country refounded with the ftyle in which he had ornamented his garden, and the peculiar charms of a little finug rotunda which he had just finished on the verge of his ground, and which impended the great London road.

As Mr. Transfer fat one day in this gay fabric, fmoking his pipe, and enjoying the duft, the Earl paffed in his carriage, which, without having observed Mr. Transfer, he ordered to stop, that he might furvey the new erection at leisure. The citizen directly popped his head out at the window, and politely invited his Lordship to enter, and he would show him not only that room, but also the other improvements he had made in his gardens.

My lord accepted the invitation, and was conducted by Mr. Transfer over all this feene of tafte. The marks of aftonifhment which the former difplayed at almost every thing he beheld, afforded great fatisfaction to Mr. Transfer; the turn of whose conversation, and the singular observations he made, equally delighted his Lordship.

" Pray, Mr. Transfer," faid he, pointing to one of the statues which stood at the end of the

walk, "what figure is that?"

"That, my Lord," answered Transfer, "that there statue I take to be—let me recollect—yes, I take that to be either Venus or Vulcan, but upon my word, I cannot exactly tell which.

-Here

—Here you, James,"—calling to the gardener; " is this Venus or Vulcan?"

"That is Wenus," answered the man; "Wulcan is lame of a leg, and stands upon one foot in

the next alley."

"Yes, yes; this is Venus, fure enough," faid Transfer, "though I was not quite certain at firft."

" Perhaps it is not an eafy matter to diftin-

guish them," faid the Earl.

" Why, they are both made of the fame me-

tal, my Lord," faid Transfer.

"She ought to be bone of his bone, and flesh of his slesh," resumed the Earl, "for you know Venus was Vulcan's wife," Mr. Transfer.

" I am bound to believe fhe was," replied

Transfer, "fince your Lordihip favs fo."

"You have fo many of these gods, Mr. Transfer," faid the Earl, "that it is difficult to

be mafter of all their private hiftories."

"It is fo, my Lord," faid Transfer; "I was a good while of learning their names,—but I know them all pretty well now.—That there man, in the highland garb, is Mars. And the name of the old fellow with the pitch-fork is Neptune."

"You are now very perfect indeed, Mr.

Transfer," faid the Earl.

At his departure, my lord invited Mr. Transfer to dine with him the following day, introduced him to his fifter, and was to entertained with his converfation and manners, that he vifited him frequently, and often invited him to N—— house, where an apartment was kept for him, to which he was made welcome as often as he found him-

felf tired of his own home, which, to the Earl's

great fatisfaction, was pretty frequently.

Yet even at N—— house, Mr. Transfer sometimes had occasion to regret Lombard-street, particularly in the forenoons, and when the weather was bad.

One day immediately after breakfast, when there was no company but Mr. Transfer—" It rains so furiously," said the Earl, "that there is no driving out.—How shall we amuse ourselves, Mr. Transser?"

"Why, I should think smoking a pipe or two the pleasantest way of passing the time in such

raw moist weather," faid Transfer.

"Yes; that might do pretty well for you and me," faid the Earl; "but as far as I recollect, neither my fifter, nor this young lady, ever fmoke."

" If that is the case" replied Transfer, " we must think of something else more to their taste, for I scorn not to be agreeable to the ladies."

"Have you got any thing new to read to us,

sister?" said the Peer.

"That might do for you and me, brother," faid fhe; "but perhaps Mr. Transfer never reads."

"Forgive me, Madam," faid Transfer, "I have no particular averfion to it. I have fometimes read for half an hour at a ftretch fince I have been fettled in the country, and I believe I could hold out longer, if I were not fo apt to fall afleep."

Some time after this, Lady Elizabeth expressed her surprise to Mr. Transfer, that as he was a batchelor, he did not think of having some of his female relations to take care of his family

rather than a mercenary housekeeper.

To this Mr. Transfer replied, That he had been put very early to business, and not being accustomed to his relations, he had never cared for any of them, except his fifter, who had lived with him feveral years in Lombard-street; and as he was then accustomed to ker, he had a good deal of kindness for her, but that she had made an ungrateful return for all his kindness.

"I am forry for that," faid Lady Elizabeth, " but I hope your fifter did nothing very bad."

"Yes, but fhe did," refumed Transfer; "for the actually married, without my approbation, a young man of the name of Steele, with little fortune, and no experience in business, although the knew that I had a very warm man of established credit in my eye for her, provided the would only have had a little patience."

" Provided flie had liked the man you had in your eve, and provided he had liked her, you mean, Mr. Transfer," faid Lady Elizabeth.

"I beg your Ladyship's forgiveness," said Transfer; " still the would have stood in need of

a little patience."

" Could not they have married when they pleafed, if they were both willing, and you defirous of the match?" added the.

" I was most desirous of the match," replied Transfer; " but still there was an obstacle."

" What obstacle?" faid she.

"The man I had in my eye for my fifter had a wife then alive," answered Transfer.

"I confess that was an obstacle!" cried Lady Elizabeth.

VOL. II. But "But she was dying of a consumption," added Transfer, "and I had reason to believe that he would propose marriage to my sister very soon after his wise's death."

" Did his wife die as he expected?" faid Lady

Elizabeth.

"Yes; that fhe did," faid Transfer; "but the might as well have lived, for my fifter had fecretly married the other three weeks before."

"That was unlucky indeed. But what be-

came of your fifter and her husband?"

"I never faw my fifter from the time of her marriage," faid Transfer, "till after her hufband became a bankrupt; for he broke within a very few years."

"Poor man!" cried Lady Elizabeth; " but

you faw your fifter after her misfortune?"

"Yes; I could not help it," faid Transfer, for the burst in upon me, begging that I would engage my credit for re-establishing her husband."

"Which I hope you did," faid Lady Eliza-

beth.

"As I had refused to have any connexion with him, even when he was in some credit, your Ladyship can hardly suppose that I would begin one after he was quite broken," said Transfer.

As Lady Elizabeth was a little shocked at this observation, she made no reply. It was not in her power to say any thing obliging on this occasion, and it was not in her nature to say any thing harsh:—she only was silent. Which the Earl, who was present, observing, "To be sure, Mr. Transfer," said he, "that is not to be supposed."

" But

"But yet," refumed Transfer, "as the was my fifter, I told her that if the would give up all connexion with her hufband, I was willing to receive her again into my house, and put her child out to nurse at my own expense."

"That was very fair on your part," faid the Earl; "well, what reply did your fifter make to

this?"

"Why, fhe abfolutely refused, my Lord; which is a pretty clear proof," continued Mr. Transfer, "of her loving her husband, though he was a bankrupt, better than her own brother, of whom there was not the least suspicion to his discredit; for which reason I turned her away, refusing positively to do any thing for her husband."

" Well, what became of them?" faid the Peer.

"I heard afterwards that they were reduced to great diffrefs. But what are bankrupts to expect;" continued Transfer; " and as for my fifter, she was not to be pitied, because she might have lived perfectly easy both in body and mind in my house in Lombard-street, if she had taken my advice, and abandoned her husband, and sent her child to nurse, or to board in the country."

"Nothing can be more clear," faid the Earl, than that you have afted like yourfelf, and have done every thing for your fifter that could be expected of you. But after all, what became

of her?"

" A relation of her hufband's happened to die, and left him a finall effate in Yorkshire, of five or six hundred a-year; and as neither he, nor my fifter, had any ambition, and were assaid of a

new bankruptcy if they had fettled in town; he retired to his finall effate, where he died a few years ago, leaving no other children but the fon whom the refuted to fend out to nurse, and who has now arrived at man's effate."

"Whereas," added the Earl, " if she had followed your advice, and given him out to nurse, she might probably have had him off her hands

long ago."

"Why, there is no knowing what might have happened," faid Transfer, "for most of those children die before they arrive at the years of discretion, which is very well ordered, as they have nothing to live on."

" Well, but Mr. Transfer," refumed the Peer,

" do you ever intend to marry?"

"No, my Lord," replied he; "I cannot fay I do—as I never was accustomed to a wife, I am not much inclined to matrimony; for through the whole course of my life I have never found any thing agree with me, but what I am accustomed to."

"That is very wifely observed," faid the Earl, but this young man of course will be your heir?"

"Unquestionably," answered Transfer; "the young man never offended me; and as he is my nearest of kin, I should be forry to do an unjust thing, and leave my fortune to any other body.—No, no; he shall have all at my death, but he must wait till then; besides, it is so far lucky that it saves my making a will, to which I have always had an aversion; for this young man being my lawful heir, there is no need to employ an attorney to leave him his due."

CHAP. LVII.

Reasons for going into Holy Orders.

Gaudet equis, canibusque.

Hor.

HE strange apathy which Transfer discovered, and which flocked Lady Elizabeth, feemed to be a fource of amusement to her brother; who, however, was furprifed at perceiving that Transfer expressed not the least defire of ever seeing an only fifter, and still more that he should have the fame indifference towards a nephew whom he confidered as his heir, and who he owned had never offended him. The infenfibility of Transfer for his fifter and nephew feemed to infpire the Earl with an interest in them. wrote to an acquaintance, who relided in that part of the country in which Mrs. Steele and her fon lived, defiring an account of both their characters, and a particular detail regarding their circumstances and manner of life, especially what the views of the ion were.

In consequence of this, the Earl was informed, that Mrs. Steele was an agreeable woman, of a cheerful temper and benevolent disposition, without much foresight, and distractedly fond of her fon, whom she had never been able to contradict in her life: that he was a young fellow of that genuine and rare good nature that resists the usual effect of so much indulgence; for, although his mother's study was to gratify, not to

 \mathbf{C}

correct

correct his humours, this ill-judged partiality had only prevented his improvement, without rendering him capricious, unfeeling, or wicked: that while he remained at school, he had applied himfelf to nothing; but that ever fince he left it, he had applied himself with unremitting diligence to hunting and fhooting, in both of which, and in the knowledge of horses and dogs, he had made great proficiency for his age; that he was made welcome wherever he went, and was a great favourite with man, woman, and child, all over the country: and that a noble Lord, of very great influence, who was particularly fond of him, had lately told young Steele, that he would be very happy to have it in his power to be of fervice to him; adding, "That if he chose to go into the army, that he would immediately procure him a cornetcy of dragoons, and would do all in his power to afilft his promotion afterwards."

Steele, after expressing his gravitude for so much goodness, declined the proposal, saying he was

quite unfit for the army.

The nobleman was the more furprifed at this, as he had a notion that the army was the profession, of all others, for which Mr. Steele was fittest, being genteel in his person, of a bold intrepid disposition, and capable of bearing the greatest bodily strigue.

"You may, perhaps, have no inclination for

the fervice," faid his Lordship .- " But-"

"Nay, my Lord," refumed Mr. Steele, "if there were any likelihood of a war, I should prefer it to any other line of life; because, in the time of war, a soldier is continually occupied, and can have no wish but doing his duty—but then what what a fad business must it be in the time of

peace?"

" During a fuccefsful war," faid my Lord, " a foldier will naturally be in high fpirits; but I do not perceive why he should be peculiarly fad in the time of peace."

" I certainly should, my Lord," faid Steele; " your Lordship knows my excellive fondness for flooting, and the chafe; --- to be obliged to attend my regiment during those seasons would render me quite miserable."

"Why, the same objection," faid his Lordfhip, " may be made to law, physic, and almost

every other profession."

" It may fo," replied Steele.

"Then you wish to be of no profession," faid the Peer.

" Forgive me, my Lord," faid the other, "I am fensible that my circumstances are so narrow, that I cannot hope to include my tafte for my favourite amusements in the style I could wish, without being affifted by the emoluments of some profession."

"What profession then would you choose to be

of?" rejoined his Lordthip.

"That of a clergyman," replied Mr. Steele. " A clergyman ! exclaimed the Peer.

"Yes, my Lord," continued Steele; "I confess I have a great defire to enter into holy orders."

"I cannot conceive," faid the Peer, " what can be your inducement."

" My fondness for hunting and shooting," anfwered Steele; " and if, by your Lordship's favour, I could obtain a tolerable living in a hunting county, I should think myself extremely

C 4 happy. happy. The business of a clergyman, as your Lordship knows, from many examples, is no way incompatible with a passion for those manly anuscements, without which I am sure life would seem a very dull assair in my eyes."

"But there are certain duties of a clergyman," faid the Peer, " which, in some people's eyes, are

not exceedingly entertaining."

" I should think them no great hardships, my Lord," faid Steele: " In case of the indisposition of my curate, on particular occasions, I have no manner of objection to reading prayers, or to preaching; and on the whole I do not despair of rendering myself agreeable to the generality of my slock; for, with regard to comforting the lick and relieving the poor, I thank Heaven I am disposed to perform those duties whether I should ever be a clergyman or not."

"All this is very wel!," refumed the Peer; but, my dear Steele, are not there fome previous studies necessary before you can be--"

"Certainly;" replied the other, interrupting his Lordship; "and I have of late been preparing myself accordingly. I confess I was too inattentive at school, which renders this task the harder upon me now; yet I hope to surmount all obstacles, and give satisfaction to the bishop. My passion for hunting and shooting instigate me to exertions in study which I never knew before."

"Nay, Heaven forefend," replied the Peer, fmiling, "that I should attempt to blunt such laudable instigations. All I have to say is, that when you are once fairly ordained, I beg you will let me know: there is some considerable chance of a living, which is in my gift, being vacant very

foon,

foon, and you may rely upon it, my dear Steele, that if you continue in your prefent way of thinking, and are completely dubbed, that I will prefer no man to yourfelf."



CHAP. LVIII.

Ille bonis faveatque, et concilietur amieis. Hor.

THIS account of Mrs. Steele and her fon did not diminish the inclination the Earl had to serve them, in which he was affisted by Lady Elizabeth. They found no difficulty in prevailing on Mr. Transfer to give Steele an invitation to visit him, with which the young man immediately complied. His appearance, natural complaisance, and everlasting good-humour, rendered him highly agreeable to all the family at N—— House, without excepting Miss Warren, the young lady who lived with Lady Elizabeth. Here it will not be improper to mention by what accident this young lady came to be introduced into the family of the Earl of ———.

Lady Elizabeth happened to pass through the county town at a time when the inhabitants, by ringing of bells, bondires, and illuminations, were announcing their joy for a victory obtained by a celebrated naval commander. She stopped her carriage at the door of an old female acquaintance,

C 5 Intending

intending merely to leave a meffage, but underftanding that the was a little indifpofed, Lady Elizabeth went to fee her; as the entered the chamber, a beautiful girl of about thirteen or fourteen years of age, with fevere marks of forrow, went out. After Lady Elizabeth had fatisfied herfelf that her friend's indifposition was but flight, and that the was in a way of recovery, the inquired who that lovely girl was who had just left the room, and why the feemed fo much afflicted.

"Alas, poor girl," replied the other, " she has received the account of her father's being killed in the very action for which the citizens are displaying all those marks of joy. Unfortunate girl," continued she, " by her father's death, she is not only deprived of her only surviving parent, but perhaps of the very means of subsistence; for there is great reason to fear that her father, who was a very generous as well as a brave man, has left more debts than effects."

"Poor young creature," faid Lady Elizabeth, how much fhe is to be pitied—how came you

acquainted with her?"

"I am a diffant relation of her mother's," replied Lady Elizabeth's friend; "on hearing of her father's death, I invited her to my house, that I might footh her affliction, and prevent her being shocked at seeing her young companions, unmindful of her particular calamity, take part in the general joy."

The humane and benevolent heart of Lady Elizabeth was firongly affected at this recital; the continued for fome time in filent contemplation on the hard lot of this unhappy orphan, whose

tender

tender bosom was wounded by one of the sharpest arrows in the whole quiver of advertity, at a time when the hearts of all around her were elated with joy.

She defired that the young lady might be introduced to her; fhe spoke to her the soothing language of fympathy; and was charmed with her appearance, her convertation, and the whole of her behaviour.

Lady Elizabeth afterwards made an application to this young lady's nearest relations, proposing to take on herfelf the charge of her maintenance and education, to which they agreed with the most ready acquiricence. She carried her to N--- House; the Earl, who had known Miss Warren's father a little, and had a high ofteem for his character, was delighted with what his fifter proposed, and Miss Warren gained daily upon the affections of both, and was now the confidential friend and infeparable companion of her patronefs.

We now return to Mr. Transfer, who became in a fhort time accustoned to his nephew, and at length fo fond of him, that he could hardly bear his absence for a few hours.

Not all the interest which Steele had in pleasing-Mr. Transfer, however, nor even the more powerful attractions of Miss Warren, could prevail on this young man to remain at his uncle's house, after he received a letter from his mother, written. in rather low spirits, and expreshing a defire to fee him.

He affured his uncle, in spite of his folicitations to the contrary, that he would fet out for Yorkfhire the very next morning. Transfer complained of this to the Earl, faying, "It was thrange perverseness in the young man to prefer his mother's company, who could do nothing for him, to his, who intended to do fo much."

"The general run of people would certainly act otherwife," replied the Earl; "but why cannot Mr. Steele have the pleasure both of your company and his mother's? for although she ought not to be put on an equal footing with a man of your great wealth, Mr. Transfer, yet the affection the young man shews to his mother is no way unnatural neither."

"I do not affert that it is," faid Transfer; but what would your Lordship have me to do, for I do not love to part with this youth, after having become accustomed to him; and perhaps his mother may not allow him to return so soon as I

could wish."

" Invite his mother to come with him," replied the Earl, " and then he'll flay as long as you

plcafe."

This was an expedient which had never entered into Transfer's mind; but he agreed to it the moment it was proposed. He wrote to his fister to detain her son as short a time as possible, and begged of her to accompany him to his house. Lady Elizabeth wrote also to Mrs. Steele, expressing a desire to be acquainted with her, and urging her to forget old misunderstandings, and accept without delay of her brother's invitation.

Mrs. Steele came accordingly with her fon, and was received by her brother with fome appearance of kindness, while to her fon he dif-

played

played as much as was in his nature to discover. The following day she was visited by the semily at N—House; was invited there, and treated in the most obliging manner: she had not resided a couple of months with Mr. Transfer, till he entirely forgot Lombard-street, and sell less desire of forsaking his own mansion for that of the Earl; and at last, being again accustomed to his sister, and she bestowing more attention to amuse him, he became fonder of her company than even of her son's, who, it must be confessed, began to have a greater desire for Mis's Warren's company than for that of either his uncle or mother.

This was a happiness he never enjoyed, however, but in the presence of Lady Elizabeth, to whom his partiality for her young friend was very

evident.

The Earl took occasion one day when he found himfelf alone with Transfer, to mention young

Steele's fancy for being a clergyman.

"That is a bufine's," faid Transfer, "which there is very little to be made of. I have no notion of purchasing in a lottery where there are so many blanks and so sew prizes, my Lord."

"Would you not be happy to fee your nephew

a Bifhop?" faid the Earl.

"I should be much happier to see him an in-

dependent gentleman," replied Transfer.

"You may enjoy that happiness when you please," faid the Earl; "for it is in your power to make him so without injuring yourself, or any person on earth."

This led to a long conversation, in which his Lordship with lefs difficulty that he expected,

convinced Mr. Transfer, that nothing would do him fo much honour, or contribute more to his own happiness, than executing what had been thus accidentally hinted. Mrs. Steele and her fon had by their cheerful attention gained the citizen's heart fo completely, as almost to alter his nature; he had no enjoyment with which they were not intimately connected; and when the Earl told him, that by giving Steele a genteel independence, he would add the generous ties of gratitude and efteem to those of blood, by which the young man was already bound to him, the citizen became impatient till the deed was drawn out, which, to the aftonishment of Mrs Steele and her fon, was prefented to him as foon as executed.

CHAP. LIX.

Neglected, Tray and Painter lie; And covie unmolefted fly.

PRIOR.

In the mean while, the shooting season passed away without Mr. Steele shewing any desire of prositing by it; his growing passion for Miss Warren entirely occupied his mind. He long watched, in vain, for a proper opportunity of declaring his sentiments to her, and when the long-expected opportunity occurred, the timidity which always attends sincere and respectful love, prevented him from seizing it. But the assable and obliging character of Lady Elizabeth encouraged him to metion to her those sentiments which he had been unable to express to the young Lady herself.

Lady Elizabeth's answer implied that he ought to attempt no engagement of such a nature, without the approbation of his mother and uncle.

He faid, he was certain of the former, but deferred fpeaking to his uncle till he had fome reafon to hope that his propofals were not difagreeable to Mifs Warren.

Lady Elizabeth confented to found her young friend on the fubject, but flie first informed her brother.

"I am rejoiced to hear this," faid the Earl; for Transfer and his fifter feem both fond of her, and I dare fay will be pleafed with the propofal; Steele is fo very good-humoured a young fellow,

fellow, that I am convinced he will make the fweet girl happy; and in her he will have one of the best wives in England. But how is she inclined herself?"

"That is what I am not quite certain of," replied Lady Elizabeth; "but Mr. Steele's appearance and disposition must be powerful advo-

cates in his favour."

When Lady Elizabeth mentioned to Mifs Warren what pafied between her and Mr. Steele, the young lady, with fome degree of folemnity and earnefrneis, begged to know whether her Ladyfhip or the Earl had any wifh, or were at all interested in the answer she should give to Mr. Steele.

" None, my fweet friend," faid Lady Elizabeth; "but that it should be distated by your

own genuine uninfluenced inclination."

"The whole of your ever noble and generous behaviour ought to have left me no doubt of fuch an answer," cried Wifs Warren, as the kiffed her Ladyship's hand. "I will now, as you defire, tell you my genuine fentiments. It is fome time," continued the, " fince I perceived Mr. Steele's partiality for me, and thought it not impossible that he might make this propoful. I have therefore had time to weigh the matter fully. Mr. Steele is evidently of a cheerful and obliging difposition; he is agreeable in his person, and I doubt not possels other good qualities: I know what his uncle has already done for him, and what there is a probability of his still doing; yet all those advantages do not tempt me from the hapby afylum I have found at N-House, for these fix fix years past; and although I think myself obliged to Mr. Steele for his good opinion, I would rather remain the friend of Lady Elizabeth N——, than be the wife of Mr. Steele."

" If the one were incompatible with the other, I am the last person in the world that would have proposed it," said Lady Elizabeth.

"I would rather if left to my own choice," faid Mifs Warren, "remain the one without be-

ing the other."

Lady Elizabeth urged her friend no farther, but in the most foothing terms possible communicated her determination to Mr. Steele, whose whole behaviour was expressive then, and for some time afterwards, of the severity of his disappointment, and the permanency of his esteem for the lady.

. The truth was, that Mifs Warren, although her heart was difengaged, and although the thought favourably of Steele in fome respects, yet being herself a young lady of a very accomplished mind, she perceived Mr. Steele's desiciency in certain parts of knowledge which she thought requisite for securing to a gentleman the esteem of the world.

The effect which her refusal had on Mr. Steele's spirits appeared in spite of his efforts to conceal it; he was teased and distressed by his uncle's inquiries into the cause of the alteration in his spirits, and finding no return of taste for his sormer amusements, he told the Earl that he had a strong inclination to go abroad for a year, and begged of his Lordship to endeavour to make his design palatable to Mr. Transfer.

The

The Earl, to whom his fifter had communicated Miss Warren's determination, approved very highly of Mr. Steele's plan, not only as the most likely measure that could be adopted for dislipating that uneafiness and dejection which obscured the natural gatety of his disposition, but also for the improvement of his mind, and enlarging the range of his ideas.

He represented therefore to Mr. Transfer, that his nephew's health was evidently on the decline, and that a short excursion to the continent was necessary for his re-stablishment. After some struggle, the Earl obtained Mr. Transfer's assent; Steele himself having by the same argument previously prevailed on his mother not only to abstain from any kind of opposition, but even to be soli-

citous for his speedy departure.

The Earl's fecond fon, the Honourable Mr. N—, had fome confiderable time before this returned to Italy, partly from choice, but in fome degree alfo on account of a complaint in his breaft, and was to fpend the enfuing winter at Naples. Mr. Steele had occasionally heard the Earl read fome parts of his letters, from which, as well as from his general character, he had formed a very high opinion of him, and had a great defire to be of his acquaintance. The Earl therefore gave him a letter to his fon, recommending him as a young gentleman in whose welfare he was greatly interested; and Lady Elizabeth wrote to her nephew in the fame strain.

When Mr. Steele came to London, he accidentally met with an acquaintance going to Milan; they went together, stopping only one day at

 $\operatorname{Paris}_{\boldsymbol{s}}$

Paris, and that merely because the gentleman had some business to transact there, which when he had sinished he had the complaisance to tell Steele, that although he himself was perfectly well acquainted with Paris, and had no farther business in it, yet rather than lose the pleasure of his company to Milan, he would remain a week or two at Paris, that he might have an opportunity of vicwing some of the curiosities of this celebrated capital before he went to Italy.

Steele thanked him, but begged that their journey might not be retarded an inftant on his account. "I thought," faid his companion, "I heard you fay you never had been here be-

fore."

" I never was," faid Steele.

"Would not you like then to take a view of

the town before we go?" faid the other.

"Why, faith," replied Steele, "I never had much pleafure in looking at towns; and as for this here, I am heartily tired of it already."

They fet out therefore directly for Milan, and the day after their arrival Steele meeting with an English footman, who had already made the tour of Italy, engaged him, and proceeded the following morning to Rome, where he slept one night, and next day he told his fervant to order post-horses, that they might continue their journey to Naples.

"Good God," cried the man, " will not

your honour stay one single day at Rome?"

"I have fome thoughts of it," faid Steele, "when I return."

He arrived in good health at Naples, where he foon found Mr. N-—, who, independent of the

the warm recommendations from his father and aunt, was in a flort time to pleased with the careless good humour and fingularity of Steele's disposition, that he procured him an apartment in the house where he himself lodged; and they had lived together ever since.

The Baronet could not give so particular a detail of Steele's family as has been now given; but he mentioned every circumstance relating to them that was known to himself—after which he and Mr. N—— returned from Albano to Rome, where they found Mr. Steele just returned to his lodgings from the cricket party.

And there we shall leave them, and return to

Naples and to Laura.

fole

CHAP. LX.

Regreter ce que l'on aime est un bien, en compaison de vivre avec ce que l'on hait. LA BRUYERE.

ZELUCO was not long married before it was pretty generally known, notwithstanding the intention of keeping it for some time secret. The marriage, therefore, was publicly avowed, and Laura appeared in all the brilliancy of dress and equipage, which riches can procure, and the oftentatious taste of her husband exacted. She was universally admired, and the acquaintance of her husband affiduously courted by many who, previous to his marriage, shewed no great inclination to cultivate it.

Possessed of great riches, with the advantage of birth, and having obtained the woman he had long ardently defired, it is natural to imagine that Zeluco now enjoyed happiness, or at least tranquillity; but any tolerable degree of tranquillity is incompatible with perfidy and fraud; befides, this wretched man possessed two qualities which never mingle fmoothly in the character of a husband; he was excessively jealous, and exceffively vain of his wife's beauty: a wifer man might have been excused for the latter, but the conduct and character of Laura left him without any rational pretext for the former. To drive around the beauteous environs of Naples in the carriage with her mother, to improve her mind by books, and to divert it by mufic, from certain painful reflections which often intruded themfelves, in fpite of all her endeavours, were the

fole amusements or occupations she was inclined to in the absence of her husband. When he was present, which was by no means the most comfortable part of her time, substituting a sense of duty, all that was in her power, in the place of affection, which she could not command, the adapted her conversation and conduct, as much as she could, to what she thought would please him: but if there are tempers of such an unfortunate frame that even when joined to goodness of disposition it is impossible to please, how then could the efforts of this unhappy young woman prove successful, who had to deal with a peevish

temper engrafted on a vicious disposition?

Zeluco's vanity was continually inciting him to carry Laura to places of public refort; yet fuch was the capricious abfurdity of the man, that he was at once defirous of difplaying the beauty of his wife, and unable to bear the admiration which it always attracted. And when the was particularly accoiled by those gentlemen whom he himself had introduced to her acquaintance, the commonest civility on her part, such as the laws of good manners render indifpenfable, filled him with chagrin, and feldom failed, for fome hours, to throw an additional shade of ill-humour upon the habitual gloom of his temper: fo that it was impossible for Laura to gratify his vanity without exciting his jealoufy; and it is difficult to determine, even during the period in which his fondnefs was at the height, whether the afforded him more pain or pleafure, while it is certain that his behaviour, from the beginning, filled ber with vexation and remorfe.

An Italian of high rank, from a different part of Italy, happened at this time to come to Naples, where he lived at confiderable expence, and in an oftentations ftyle; he was prefented to Laura by Zeluco himfelf, foon after their marriage: peculiarly pleafed with her conversation and be-Inaviour, this nobleman addressed himself more to her than to any other woman, as often as he met her in public. This was remarked by Zeluco, and produced the utual effect on his temper. --- Laura, confcious of no impropriety in thought or conduct, imputed her hufbands ill-humour on this, as on other fimilar occasions, to an unfortunate habit of fretting without cause, and took notice of it in no other way than by redoubling her endeavours to please him. Zeluco himself, though he was unable to control the fulkiness of his temper, was, for some time, athamed to mention to her what occasioned, or rather what increased it, in the present instance. At length, however, he expressed some disapprobation of the attention which this nobleman paid her.

"I will most cheerfully abstain," faid Laura, " from going to those places where I have any chance of meeting him."

"How is that possible?" faid Zeluco; "he is at every public place."

" I will go to no public place," faid Laura.

"That would feem very fingular, refumed he. "The fingularity is of finall importance," faid

fhe, " provided you are fatisfied."

"No;" replied he, "it would be improper for you not to go to those assemblies which all people of rank frequent, but you may behave in fuch a manner when you fee him there, as will prevent his fpeaking to you any more."

" In what manner is that?" faid Laura.

"A woman who is difpleafed with a man's addreffes, is never at a lofs to find it out," replied he.

"But I have not the least reason to be displeased with the manner in which this gentleman addresses me," said she; " yet, if you have, I certainly wish to converse with him no more."

"Every woman who has no defire of pleafing a man," refumed Zeluco, "knows an eafy way of breaking up all connection with him, without abfenting herielf from the places where there is a probability of meeting him."

"Well," replied Laura, endeavouring to fmile, "I am a woman quite ignorant of that eafy way, yet affuredly I have no particular defire

of pleafing the person in question."

"I am not quite fure of that," faid he.

" How faall I prove it to you?" refuned Laura.

" By turning abruptly from him," replied

Zeluco, "when he next speaks to you."

"Would not that be rude," replied Laura, "to one of his rank, and whom you introduced to me?—but I am fure you fay this only in jeft.—Come, my way is the best—let me avoid public places—at least till he leaves Naples; it is but three weeks."

"How came you to know fo exactly," faid Zeluco, with an air of furprife, "when he was to leave Naples?"

"By your informing me," replied Laura.

" My informing you!" faid he.

" Yes,"

"Yes," replied Laura; "do you not remember that a few days ago you told my mother and me that he was to fet out for Rome in less than a month?"

"The news feems to have made a ftrong im-

pression on you," faid Zeluco, peevishly.

"Just enough to make me recollect it now, for the first time since you mentioned it," replied Laura.

"Well, you will behave as you think proper," faid Zeluco, in a little better humour; "but you cannot but understand his drift in the great at-

tention he pays you."

"I have feen nothing but politeness in his harhaviour to me," she replied; but the moment he discovers any drift that ought to be disagreeable to you, I shall certainly turn from him in

the manner you defire."

Zeluco withdrew, and Laura, with a figh, exclaimed, "Alas! my mother, had you known this man, the wealth of India could not have bought your confent to his being united to your poor unfortunate daughter."—She then burst into a flood of tears, and having in this manner affuaged the anguish of her heart, the wiped her eyes, summoned all her firmness, and met her mother and husband at dinner with a ferene and cheerful countenance.

CHAP, LXI.

The Prisoners.

SOME little time after this, Madame de Seidlits received a very unexpected letter from her fon-in-law, dated from Rome, in which he acquainted her, that his friend Baron Carloftein and he were just arrived in that city and intended foon to pay

her a visit at Naples.

" Baron Carloftein had long had a great inclination to vifit Italy, and had received his fovereign's permission for that purpose; while he was preparing for his journey, it occurred to him, that his friend Seidlits would probably be happy to have an opportunity of feeing his mother and fifter, particularly the latter, of whose marriage he had lately heard. The Baron, therefore, asked it as a particular favour of Captain Seidlits to accompany him; and on the Captain's agreeing, the king's leave was obtained for him alfo; and the two friends fet out together. Carloftein foon perceived that his companion had infinitely more impatience to be with Madame de Seidlits and Laura, than admiration of those master-pieces of art which detain the connoisseur and antiquarian in their travels through Italy. That Captain Seidlits therefore might pass as much as possible of the period for which he had leave of absence with his mother and fifter, Carloftein had the complaifance to continue his courfe directly, and with great expedition, to Rome. After a hasty view of what is most remarkable in that city, he proposed to accompany his friend to Naples, remain fome

time there; and on his return to Germany, travel all over Italy with that leifure and attention which the curiofities the country prefents merit.

Captain Seidlits, in his letter to his mother-inlaw, affured her that the banker's failure would not be attended with the bad confequences which were feared at first; and concluded by expressions of the warmest affection for his sister, with compliments to her husband, to whom, he added, he was impatient of being known, and prepared to esteem.

This letter was followed, within a few days, by one from Signora Sporza, informing Madame de Seidlits that Mr. N——— had met with the Baron Carloftein and Captain Seidlits at the Cardinal Bernis' affembly, and had prefented those gentlemen to her. She dwelt a good deal on the praises of both, adding, That they were so much approved of by the Roman ladies, that she imagined they would find it difficult to leave Rome so soon as they intended: she concluded by warning Madame de Seidlits and Laura not to be greatly surprised or disappointed if Captain Seidlits did not arrive at Naples so soon as he appointed.

Baron Carloscin and his friend had been recommended in a distinguished manner to Cardinal de Bernis, who sent them an invitation to dinner some days after the date of Signora Sporza's letter above mentioned. At his very hospital and magnificent board they met with the Honourable Mr.N——, his uncle, Mr. Steele, and a variety of other strangers; it happened that there was at table one person, at least, from almost every country of Europe; the conversation turned a good

deal on national character, and feveral lively treats were mentioned by way of illustration; but whether it was owing to a notion that the British bear strokes of this kind with less good-humour than the inhabitants of other countries, or whatever was the cause, it so happened, that for a considerable time no mention was made of any

peculiar feature belonging to them.

At length the Cardinal, addressing himself to Mr. N—, faid, he could not help thinking, that the melancholy generally attributed to the English nation was greatly exaggerated. He mentioned many English gentlemen with whom he had the pleafure of being acquainted, who were as gay as any Frenchmen, without the levity of which his countrymen were formuch accused; bouldes, continued he, politely, "Can any thing be less probable, than that the nation, which perhaps of all others has the best reason to be cheerful, should be the most melancholy.---In return to this, Mr. N---- observed, that what was the most probable, was not always the most true; that, in his opinion, nothing was fo much to be envied as that charming quality which feemed inherent in the French nation, of fupporting, without murmuring, and even with gaity, many of those vexatious incidents in life which fink the people of other nations into defpondency, or overwhelm them with defpair; that, in his opinion, it is preposterous to call that quality of the mind levity which does what philosophy often attempts in vain. As for the melancholy imputed to his countrymen, he was much afraid, that notwithstanding the particular exceptions which had come under his Eminence's observation,

it was but too well founded: and he illustrated his affertion by the following anecdote:

" During a late war between France and Great Britain," faid Mr. N----, "an English vessel of fuperior force took a French frigate after an obstinate engagement, in which the French officers difplayed that intrepidity which is fo natural to them. The frigate was brought into a commercial town upon the English coast, and the officers were treated with great hospitality by some of the principal inhabitants: one very rich merchant in particular invited them frequently to his house, where he entertained them in a very magnificent manner. The first day on which they dined with him, his lady behaved with fuch peculiar attention to the prisoners, that she seemed to negest all the other guests at her table. After the company had withdrawn, fhe fpoke highly to her husband of the politeness and easy agreeable manners of the French nation, and added, that it gave her pleafure to perceive that the French gentlemen who had just left them, instead of giving way to vain repining, or allowing their spirits to be depressed by their misfortune, had thewn the utmost cheerfulness and gaiety during the whole repast, all except one gentleman, who feemed much dejected, and almost entirely overcome with the idea of being a prifoner. This the accounted for by fuppoling that his lofs was greater than that of all the rest put together; and she apprehended, from the obstinate filence he had retained, and from the difcontent and melancholy fo firongly marked in his countenance, that the poor gentleman would not long furvive his misfortune.

 D_3

" I cannot

"I cannot imagine who you mean," faid the hufband. The lady described the man so exact-

ly, that it was impossible to mistake him.

"That unfortunate gentleman," faid the hufband, " is none of the prisoners; he is the captain of the English vessel who took them.



CHAP. LXII.

Carlofiein and Seidlits arrive at Naples.

A L L the allurements of Rome, however, could not overcome Captain Seidlits's impatient defire of feeing his relations at Naples; and the Baron, yielding to his friend's eagerness, agreed to fet out sooner than Signora Sporza had given

Madame de Seidlits reason to expect.

Mr. N--- would have willingly accompanied them, provided he had been able to prevail on his uncle to go fo far as Naples. But that gentleman had received some letters from England, which made him impatient to return directly; and all the fears which were suggested by Buchanan being now dissipated by the marriage of Zeluco to Laura, he rather wished his nephew to remain another season in Italy, as he had been advised for the confirmation of his health.

Mr. N--- accompanied the Baronet on his way home as far as Florence, and there took his leave of him and Mr. Steele, who had received letters from his mother and Mr. Transfer, preffing his

immediate

immediate return in the most earnest terms. Steele, therefore, to the great fatisfaction of the Baronet, refolved to accompany him to England; and on the day they left Florence, Mr. N --- fet out on his return to Naples, where Signora Sporza had arrived before him.

Carloftein and Seidlits had reached that city a confiderable time before either. On the morning of their arrival, Zeluco had gone to the country with the nobleman whom he had accompanied from Sicily, and was not to return till the day after. Laura determined to pass that interval with her mother.

Madame de Seidlits was delighted with the thoughts of feeing her fon-in-law, for whom she had always felt the fincerest esteem and friendship; and Laura had more happiness in the expectation of patting some time with her brother, than in any reflection which had occupied her mind fince her marriage. She likewife experienced a confused sentiment of pleasure and uneafiness, the fource of which the did not clearly comprehend, in the idea of meeting Carloftein, who had struck her fancy so strongly in her youth that the impression had never since been entirely effaced.

Immediately after their arrival at Naples, Captain Seidlits waited on his mother-in-law, with whom he found his fifter; when the reciprocal congratulations and compliments were ended, Madame de Seidlits, inquiring what was become of his friend, was told, that he had infifted on remaining at the inn by himself for the first day of their meeting at leaft, that he might be no bar to that domestic kind of conversition for

natural among near relations after a long absence. "I cannot bear the appearance of your leaving your friend at an inn the moment you arrive among your relations," said Madame de Seidlits: "we shall have abundance of opportunities for domestic chat; so if you think the Baron can put up with a poor dinner, we had best send for him." Captain Seidlits, who had with reluctance left his friend to dine alone, heard this proposal with pleasure, faying, "If that is the only objection, I shall certainly endeavour to bring him; for I never knew any man have a greater relith for good company, and so much indifference for good fare."

This proposal of her mother's was not heard with perfect tranquillity by Laura; who forefaw that it would lead to their passing the whole evening together; and from what she had remarked of her husband's temper, she feared that he might not be pleased when he came to know that instead of her having passed the time of his absence with her mother only, a young gentleman besides her brother was of the party; she could not object however without giving a reason to her mother, which she wished to conceal; nor could she, with propriety, withdraw from a company of which her brother, so lately arrived, was one.

Captain Sciellits left them, and returned foon after with his friend.

The Earon Carloftein was at this time on the borders of thirty years of age; he was active and gented in his perfon; he had an open manly countenance, which announced candour and good fenfe; his converfation and conduct con-

firmed

firmed what his features indicated; his general manner was gentle; yet when provoked, which did not flightly happen, his fine blue eyes darted a fire very different from their usual expreftion.

When Captain Seidlits presented him to his fister as an old acquaintance, he was struck with admiration at the improvement which a few years had made in the graces of her face and person. Her, whom he recollected only as a lively girl, just bursting from childhood, he now beheld a woman in the full bloom of beauty, and formed by Nature's finest symmetry. If he found the appearance of Laura more interesting on account of its alterations, she was the more pleased with his, because it remained the same.

After dinner Madame de Seidlits, renewing an old fource of fportive dispute, said to her fon-in-law, "I hope your short stay at Rome was sufficient to convert you from your heretical opinions on the article of female beauty; and you will now confess that the fine expressive countenances of the Roman ladies are far more interesting than all the bloom of the Saxon.

Captain Seidlits, however, fought the cause of his countrywomen with an intrepidity worthy of a knight-errant. "I will appeal to Baron Carlostein," said Madame de Seidlits; "his partiality for his country will not blind his judgment nor corrupt his candour—which do you think the finest style of countenance, that of the Italian, or German women?"

"I prefer a mixture of both," replied he, throwing the glance of an inftant at Laura.

" A vous ma fœur," faid Captain Seidlits, who had accidentally taken up a guitar, the moment

before he made this appeal to his fifter.

Laura blushed at the import of the Baron's answer, and was embarrassed by her brother's direct application of it; she extricated herself, however, by snatching her guitar out of his hand, saying, "Volontiers mon frere," and instantly playing one of his favourite airs.

This turned the conversation; and Laura, who was a very great proficient in music, was defired to play several pieces on the harpsichord as well as guitar, which she accompanied with her voice in a manner that would have delighted

a far less partial audience.

The evening was fpent with entire fatisfaction by Madame de Seidlits and the Captain; Laura's enjoyment was blended with great inquietude; Carlostein hardly uttered a fentence, as his friend and he returned to their lodgings, where, pretending to be disposed to sleep, he retired immediately to his bed-chamber, and passed the night meditating on the accomplishments of Laura.

Zeluco at his return received the two strangers with politeness, and many expressions of friend-ship; their appearance and manners attracted the approbation of all to whom they were presented. He perceived that his connection with them did himself credit, and therefore was unremitting in his attentions, and entertained them with a profusion of magnificence exceeding what he formerly displayed.

Some fuch motive of felfishness and vanity is the usual source of oftentatious entertainment;

friendship

friendship and cordial good-will to the guests are satisfied with mere simple preparations for their

comfort and conveniency.

As Mr. N- lived in the greatest intimacy with Carloftein and Seidlits, and was highly respected by them, he was invited to all those splendid feafts which Zeluco's vanity prompted him to give for the entertainment of his brother-in-law and the Baron. Zeluco was also assiduous in contriving parties of pleasure for their amusement; and often accompanied them when they went to visit the environs of this very interesting city. He engaged a certain Abbé of diftinguished tafte in virtù to attend them as their Ciceroné, and explain the antiquities brought from Herculaneum and Pompeia, and the other curiofities collected in the Museum at Portici. Madame de Seidlits and her daughter were generally of those parties: but Captain Seidlits, as was already hinted, had not so great a relish for virtù as either his friend Carloftein or Mr. N--; nor was he enthufiaftically struck with the various natural beauties which adorn the Bay of Naples. Intended from his early youth for the profession of arms, his fludies and reflections were pretty much confined to what related to the military art; and he was not folicitous of being thought a connoisseur in any other. Having honeftly acknowledged that the Bay of Naples was the most beautiful prospect he had ever feen, he was little disposed to fav. and as little to hear, any more about it; and when the Abbé began to discant on ruins, and lava, and antiques, he left others to profit by the lecture, and walked away humming a march or fome other favourite air to himfelf. As little could could Seidlits support the Abbé's differtations on the Roman arms, and their manner of using them; although that learned ecclesiastic explained those matters with an accuracy and minuteness which would have astonished one of Cæsar's best Centurions. All this learning and cloquence were exhausted in vain to shake the early prejudice which Seidlits had conceived in favour of the firelock and bayonet. He became at length completely sick of antiquities, and often curied those everlasting curiosities, each of which drew a lecture from the Abbé, and were continually crossing their way, whatever road they took in their excursions from Naples.

When Laura was of the party, Seidlits was fond of drawing her from the rest of the company, and converfing with her apart. And the, although not exactly of her brother's way of thinking on the fubject of virtù, generally yielded to his folicitation. They talked of their acquaintance in Germany; of domestic affairs; and sometimes their convertation turned upon Carloftein; the virtues of his friend was a fubject on which Scidlits dwelt with enthusiasin; he was eager to enumerate infrances of this generous nature, and to give proofs of the noble turn of his mind. Laura and Carloftein were the two people on earth for whom Seidlits had the greatest esteem and affection; he was anxious, therefore, that they should esteem each other; and with this view he was apt to dwell on the praifes of each to the other. The fubject was more agreeable to both than he dreamt of.

CHAP. LXIII.

The Highlander.

Dextera per ferrum, pietas spectata per igues. Ovro.

CAPTAIN Scidlits was attended by an elderly man, a native of the North Highlands of Scotland, whose name was Duncan Targe. As there is fomething singular in this man's story, and in the accidents by which he came into the Captain's service, it is not foreign to our purpose to mention a few of the particulars.

His father, who rented a finall portion of land of a nobleman of that country, being upon his death-bed, expressed a desire of seeing his master; the nobleman went directly to the hut of his tenant, and condoled with him on the melancholy state he seemed to be in. "I am greatly indebted to your Lordship," said the dying man, " for the condescension and kindness which you have always shewed to me. I am now dying, my Lord, and would willingly leave to so good a master what I have of the greatest value in this world."

"I am happy to hear, my good friend," faid his Lordship, "that you have any thing of value to leave; for I was much afraid that you had lost the whole, or the greatest part, of what you had, when, contrary to my advice, you became surety for your relation at Inverness; but whatever you have, I must insist upon your leaving it all to your little

little fon Duncan here; and whatever his portion is, I am more disposed to add to it, than diminish it."

"Little Duncan is all I have to leave," replied the poor man; " and the greatest uneasiness I have in dying, is the thought of the destitute condition of that poor boy; for my relations at Inverness are all ruined by the same missfortune which has reduced me. I therefore earnestly entreat of your Lordship to accept of this poor orphan, as a pledge of my regard, and the only legacy I have to bestow."

"I do accept of him with all my heart and foul," cried his Lordship; " and if he proves as honest a man as his father, nothing but death

fhall part him and me."

"Praise be to the Almighty," cried the dying man, with uplifted eyes and arms. Thanks to the gracious God of heaven and earth for all his goodness to me and mine!—Oh! my good Lord," continued he, addressing the Nobleman, "you have made me a happy man."—Here the sudden gush of joy overwhelmed the seeble heart of this poor man; he fell back on his heath pillow, and

expired.

The Nobleman led the boy home to his caftle, and after placing him fome years at school, took him to attend his own person. He was in this situation when the rebellion broke out in the year 1745; in which his master unfortunately taking a part, young Targe, being then a stripling of sitteen or sixteen years of age, accompanied him, and continued inseparably attached to his Lordship after the battle of Culloden, during a considerable

derable time in which they skulked among the

most remote parts of the Highlands.

On this trying occasion, Targe, being a youth of a hardy Highland constitution and spirit, had the fatisfaction of repaying his master for all his former kindness by his unshaken sidelity and grateful attachment. In one or two instances he actually saved him from starving among the mountains, by bringing him, at the risk of his own life, provisions from those places where his Lordship could not appear without a certainty of being discovered. At length they both escaped to the continent, where this unfortunate Nobleman died; after which, Targe was taken into the service of Marshal Keith, by whom he was recommended to Colonel Scidlits, and now attended his son.

Buchanan and Targe generally attended their masters in their excursions around Naples. Mr. N—— had remarked an intimacy between them ever fince Captain Seidlits and he met at Rome. On perceiving them walking apart from the other fervants in close conversation together, "I'll lay a bet," said Mr. N——— to Captain Seidlits, "that your servant is from Scotland."

"He certainly is originally from that country," replied Seidlits; "but I cannot conceive how you

came to difcover this fo readily."

"Nay, I should not have discovered it," faid Mr. N——; "but I was convinced by my fervant's sudden and great intimacy with him that he had."

Some time after this Zeluco and his Lady, Madame de Seidlits, Carloftein, Mr. N., Mr. Steele, and Captain Seidlits, went to pass the day and dine at Portici; neither Buchanan

nor Targe had been ordered to attend their mafters on this occasion. As the company were returning to town, Captain Seidlits took notice of this accident to Mr. N———; and they amused themselves with various observations on the source of the great friendship which was so suddenly formed between their two domestics. While they were conversing, Mr. N——— saw one of his footmen coming at full gallop towards them from Naples. "What is the matter, Dick," cried Mr. N———.

" Lord! Sir," the man replied, " Captain Seldlits's fervant, Duncan Targe, has cut poor

Mr. Euchanan almost to pieces."

" Impossible!" cried N-----; " what! his own countryman?"

"Yes, please your Honour; they had a quarrel about the Queen; and so they fought in the garden with broad swords."

" About the Queen !-- Nonfense!" cried Mr.

N---; " what Queen?"

"The Queen of Scotland, pleafe your Honour," faid the fervant.

"The fellow's certainly mad," faid N----.

"There is no Queen of Scotland, fool."

"I don't know whether there is or not," replied the fervant; "but I am fure that Mr. Buchanan called her a w——; upon which Mr. Targe called him a liar: fo they challenged each other; and fo Mr. Buchanan is desperately wounded; and so I was ordered to come and acquaint your Honour."

Being able to get no better explanation from this messenger, Mr. N---- and Captain Seidlits rode on before the rest of the company; and after after proper investigation, were informed of all the particulars of this curious adventure.



CHAP. LXIV.

Dear is that shed to which his foul conforms,
And dear that hill which lifts him to the storms,
And as a child, whom searing sounds molest,
Clings close and closer to the mother's breast;
So the loud torrent, and the whirlwind's roar,
But bind him to his native mountains more.

GOLDSMITH.

WHEN the party was arranged for dining at Portici, and Buchanan understood that neither he nor his friend Targe were ordered to attend, the former invited his countryman to dine upon hotch potch, and minced collops, two Scottish diffies, which he had previously instructed the cook at the inn how to drefs. The invitation was joyfully accepted by Targe. After dinner, as neither was an enemy to the bottle, they pushed it pretty brifkly between them, and the conversation became more and more animated every moment; while they talked of abfent friends, the days of former years, the warlike renown of Scotland, the great men it had produced, and the romantic beauties of the country, they were in perfect unifon; and when Targe, who had a tolerable voice, fung the fongs of Lochaber, Cildcrov, the Last Time I came o'er the Muir, and the Flowers of the Forest, the sympathetic tears

flowed mutually from their eyes; but with all the prejudices which those two Caledonians had in common, there were fome articles in which

they differed diametrically.

Targe's birth and education have been already mentioned, and his political attachments accounted for; but Buchanan was born and educated among the Whigs of the west of Scotland, the descendants of the ancient Covenanters, who fuffered fo much oppression and religious perfecution by the absurd policy of the ministers of Charles the Second, and his brother James, which is still remembered with horror in that part of the country.

His father was a farmer, who was at an expence which he could ill afford, by supporting him at a neighbouring university for several years; for the poor man's great ambition was to breed him to the church, or, as he himself expressed it, to see his son George skake his head in a pulpit. But while the youth was profecuting his studies, the father's hopes were blasted, and Buchanan's plan of life entirely altered, by the natural confequence of an illicit connexion he had with a young woman.

This transgression being viewed in a more atrocious light in that part of Scotland than in the metropolis of England, and poor Buchanan being threatened at once with the public reprehension of the church and the private indignation of his own relations, fled to London, and was kindly received by fome of his countrymen; in whose breafts compassion for the delinquent had greater

influence than horror for his crime.

Several

Several attempts for placing him in a more independent way having failed, and Buchanan being impatient of remaining a burthen on his friends, he accepted of an offer of going into the fervice of the Earl of ———, where he remained feveral years, and was afterwards, at the recommendation of Lady Elizabeth, placed with her

nephew on his going abroad.

As Buchanan's political fentiments were fo different from those of Targe, it would have been fortunate if the two friends had kept clear of any discourse on such subjects; but while Buchanan was endeavouring to prove that the city of Naples was inferior in beauty to that of Glasgow, the view from the castle of Edinburgh far more sublime than that from the Castle of Saint Elmo, and the palace of Casserta, though larger, in much worse taste than Holyrood House; Targe interrupted him, and remarked with a sigh, that "it was a thousand pities that the just proprietor of that palace, the lineal descendant of so many kings, should be obliged to live like a private perfon in Italy."

It would be a much greater pity," Buchanan remarked, " to fee popery and arbitrary power established in Great Britain and Ireland."

" I do not believe there was any danger of

either," replied Targe.

"Your creed on that fubject is not gofpel, Mr. Targe," faid Buchanan; "in my opinion it was prudent in the nation therefore to fecure those important points, by the limitations made at the Revolution."

"Those limitations," answered Targe, " might have been applied to king James and his descend-

ants; and the fame reftraints which have kept one race of kings within the limits of law, would

have kept another."

"There is an effential difference between the two cafes," replied Buchanan; " a man will be very happy to accept of a good estate to which he has no immediate claim, upon conditions which the possession of the estate and his posterity would think it a hardfhip to have forced on them, particularly if they believed the effate had been transmitted to them through a long line of ancestors. And it is natural to suppose, that the latter would be more apt to break conditions which they confidered as unjust, than the former to destroy the fole foundation of his right; it is therefore wife, Mr. Targe, in the British nation to adhere to the family it has placed on the throne, as long as they adhere to the conditions on which they were there placed; and I have not heard that any of them ever shewed a disposition to infringe them."

"Whatever reason the nation had to complain of the father, his descendants were innocent," replied Targe; "and if they had a particle of equity or gratitude in their character, they never would have attempted to break through those conditions on which they were replaced on the throne of

their angeftors."

"Why, truly," Mr. Targe, "if ever you heard of any kings who were withheld by mere confiderations of gratitude or equity from extending their power, or encroaching on the rights of their fubjects, when they thought they could do it with fafety, you have the advantage of me; and I am apt to believe, that if ever fuch there were,

the

the edition is now pretty much exhaufted, and not likely to be renewed."

"You feein to have a very bad opinion of

kings," faid Targe.

"I cannot fay I was ever intimate with either kings or princes," replied Buchanan, " fo that I can fay nothing about them from perfonal acquaintance; but from what I have heard of them by word of mouth, and read of them in hiftory, I must confess my opinion of them in general is not very favourable."

" Thope you do not think them naturally worfe

than other men," added Targe.

" No, Mr. Targe, I certainly do not; but they are so accustomed from their youth to be flattered and dawted *, to have every thing done for them, and to make fo few exertions of their own; often furrounded by those who have an interest in leading them astray, and sometimes by fuch a worthless set, that if they are not at the beginning naturally better than other men, they rul a great rifk of becoming artificially worfe. But be they good, bad, or indifferent, I am clear for the fubjects keeping fuch a portion of power in their own hands, as will render it very dangerous for the monarch to make any attempt against their rights; and I am clear in another point, Mr. Targe, that when a king is fuch a gawk + as to fly with his young one into an enemy's land, it would be the height of folly ever to let either the one or the other back to the neft."

^{*} Indulged. † Gawk, a Saxon word ftill ufed in Scotland, fignifies a euckow, a filly fellow.

"Well, I cannot help thinking it extremely unjust," replied Targe, " to deprive an innocent person of his right, and to make him suffer so serverely for the faults of others, if faults there were."

"Unjust!" cried Buchanan; "Does not heaven visit the iniquity of fathers upon their

children?"

"Heaven has a right to do what it pleases," faid Targe; "but, please God, I never would take it on me to do such a thing, had I the power to-morrow."

"But the thing is done already," faid Buchanan, " and cannot be undone, without more

fighting about it than the cause is worth."

" Many a brave man, not only in Scotland, but also in England and Ireland, have shed their blood in the cause of the house of Stewart," said

Targe.

"I wish those who are disposed to shed their blood in such a cause much good of it," faid Buchanan, shrugging his shoulders; "as for my own part, I shall be as ready as my neighbours to sight for my religion or my country, but as for shedding one drop of my blood for the difference between one king and another, when the good of the country is no way concerned, I beg to be excused."

" Do you not think fighting for your king is

fighting for your country?" faid Targe.

"Very often it is just the reverse," replied Buchanan; "fighting for a bad king, I consider as fighting against my country."

"Yet you must acknowledge," resumed Targe, "that kings reign by the appointment

of God; and therefore it feems to be a very daring thing in man to attempt to dethrone them."

"The peftilence is by the appointment of God," retorted Buchanan; " yet we use every means in our power to drive it out of the land."

Targe feeming a little difconcerted and difpleafed at this observation, Buchanan filled a bumper, and gave for his toast, "The Land of Cakes."

This immediately disperfed the cloud which be-

gan to gather on the other's brow.

Targe drank the toast with enthusiasm, faying, "May the Almighty pour his blessings on every hill and valley in it!—that is the worst wish, Mr. Buchanan, that I shall ever wish to that land."

"It would delight your heart to behold the flourishing condition it is now in," replied Buchanan; "it was fast improving when I left it; and I have been credibly informed fince that, it is now a perfect garden."

"I am very happy to hear it," faid Targe.

"Indeed," added Buchanan, " it has been in a flate of rapid improvement ever fince the Union."

" Damn the Union," cried Targe; " it would have improved much faster without it."

"I am not quite clear on that point, Mr.

Targe," faid Buchanan.

"Depend upon it," replied Targe, " the Union was the worst treaty that Scotland ever made."

"I shall admit," faid Buchanan, "that she might have made a better---but bad as it is, our country reaps some advantage from it."

" All the advantages are on the fide of Eng-

land."

"What do you think, Mr. Targe," faid Buchanan, "of the increase of trade since the Union, and the riches which have flowed into the Lowlands of Scotland from that quarter?"

"Think," cried Targe; "why, I think they have done a great deal of mischief to the Low-

lands of Scotland."

" How fo, my good friend?" faid Buchanan.

"By fpreading luxury among the inhabitants, the never-failing forerunner of effeminacy of manner. Why, I was affured," continued Targe, by ferjeant Lewis Macniel, a Highland gentleman in the Pruffian fervice, that the Lowlanders in fome parts of Scotland are now very little better than to many English."

"O fye!" cried Buchanan, "things are not come to that pass as yet, Mr. Targe; your friend

the ferjeant affuredly exaggerates."

"I hope he does," replied Targe; "but you must acknowledge," continued he, "that by the Union, Scotland has lost her existence as an independent state; her name is swallowed up in that of England: Only read the English newspapers; they mention England as if it were the name of the whole island. They talk of the English army—the English sleet—the English every thing; they never mention Scotland, except when one of our countrymen happens to get an office under government; we are then told with some stale gibe, that the person is a Scotchman; or which happens still more rarely, when any of them are condemned to die at Tyburn, particular care is taken to inform the public, that the criminal is originally from Scotland:

but if fifty Englishmen get places or are hanged in one year, no remarks are made."

"No," faid Buchanan; "in that case it is

paffed over, as a thing of courfe."

The conversation then taking another turn, Targe who was a great genealogist, descanted on the antiquity of certain gentlemen's families in the Highlands, which he afferted were far more honorable than most of the noble families either in Scotland or England. "Is it not shameful," added he, "that a parcel of mushroom Lords, mere sprouts from the dunghills of law or commerce, the grandsons of grocers and attornies, should take the pas of gentlemen of the oldest families in Europe?"

"Why, as for that matter," replied Buchanan, "provided the grandfons of grocers or attornies are deferving citizens, I do not perceive why they should be excluded from the king's fa-

vour more than other men."

"But fome of them never drew a fword in defence of either their king or country," rejoin-

ed Targe.

"Affiredly," faid Buchanan, "men may deferve honor and pre-eminence by other means than by drawing their fwords. I could name a man who was no foldier, and yet did more honor to his country than all the foldiers or lords or lairds of the age in which he lived."

" Who was he?" faid Targe.

"The man whose name I have the honor to bear," replied the other; "the Great George Buchanan."

"Who? Buchanan the historian!" cried Targe.

Vol. II. E "Ay,

"Ay, the very fame," replied Buchanan, in a loud voice, being now a little heated with wine, and elevated with vanity, on account of his name. "Why, Sir," continued he, "George Buchanan was not only the most learned man, but also the best poet of his time."

" Perhaps he might," faid Targe, coldly.

"Perhaps!" repeated Buchanan; "there is no dubitation in the cafe. Do you remember his description of his own country and countrymen?"

" I cannot fay I do," replied Targe,

"Then I will give you a fample of his verfifieation," faid Buchanan, who immediately repeated with an enthufiaftic emphasis the following lines from Buchanan's Epithaianium on the marriage of Francis the Dauphin with Mary Queen of Scots."

Illa pharetratis est propria gloria Scotis, Cingere venatu saltus, superare natando, Flumina, ferre samem, contemnere frigora & æstue, Nee fosta & muris patriam, sed marte tueri, Et spreta incolumem vita desendere saman; Postliciti servare sidem, fanctumque vereri Numen amiestiæ, mores, non munus amare Artibus his, totum fremerunt eum bella per orbem, Nullaque non leges tellus mutaret avitas Externo subjecta jugo, gens una vetustis Fedibus antiqua sub libertate resedit. Substitit hie Gothi suror, hie gravis impetus hæstt Saxonis, hie Cimber superato Saxone, et aeri Perdomito Neuster Cimbro.—

" I cannot recollect any more.

"You have recollected too much for me," faid Targe; "for although I was feveral years at an accademy in the Highlands, yet I must confess I am no great Latin scholar."

. "But the Great Buchanan," faid the other, "was the best Latin scholar in Europe; he wrote that language as well as Livy or Horace."

" I shall not dispute it," said Targe.

"And was over and above a man of the firstrate genius," continued Buchanan, with exultation.

"Well, well, all that may, be" replied Targe, a little peevifhly, "but let me tell you one thing, Mr. Buchanan, if he could have fwopt* one-half of his genius for a little more honefty, he would have made an advantageous exchange, although he had thrown all his Latin into the bargain."

" In what did he ever flew any want of ho-

nesty?" faid Buchanan.

"In calumniating and endeavouring to blacken the reputation of his rightful fovereign, Mary Queen of Scots," replied Targe, "the most beautiful and accomplished princess that ever fat on a throne."

"I have nothing to fay either against her beauty or her accomplishments." resumed Buchanan; "But surely, Mr. Targe, you must acknowledge that she was a ——?"

"Have a care what you fay, Sir!" interrupted Targe. "Pil permit no man that ever wore breeches to fpeak difrespectfully of that unfortunate queen."

" No man that ever wore either breeches or a filibeg+," replied Buchanan, " thall prevent me from speaking the truth when I fee occasion."

† A part of the highland drefs which ferves inflead of

^{*} To fwop is an old English word still used in Scotland, fignifying to exchange.

"Speak as much truth as you pleafe, Sir," rejoined Targe; "but I declare that no man thall calumniate the memory of that beautiful and unfortunate princefs in my prefence, while I can wield a claymore †."

"If you should wield fifty claymores, you cannot deny that she was a Papist," faid Buchanan.

"Well, Sir," cried Targe, "what then? She was like other people, of the religion in which

fhe was bred."

- " I do not know where you may have been bred, Mr. Targe," faid Buchanan; for aught I know, you may be an adherent to the worship of the scarlet whore yourself. I should be glad to have that point cleared up before we proceed farther."
- " I cannot fay that I understand your drift, Sir," replied Targe; " but I am an adherent neither of a scarlet whore, nor of whores of any other colour."
- "If that is the case," said Buchanan, "you ought not to interest yourself in the reputation of Mary Queen of Scots,"

"I fear you are too nearly related to the falle,

flanderer whose name you bear," said Targe.

"I glory in the name; and should think myfelf greatly obliged to any man who could prove my relation to the Great George Buchanan," cried the other.

"He was nothing but a difloyal calumniator," cried Targe, "who attempted to support falsehoods by forgeries; which I thank heaven are now fully detected."

"You are thankful for a very finall mercy," refumed Buchanan; "but fince you provoke me to it, I will tell you in plain English, that your bonny Queen Mary was the strumpet of Bothwell, and the Murderer of her husband."

No fooner had he uttered the last sentence, than Targe slew at him like a tiger; and they were separated with difficulty, by Mr. N——'s groom, who was in the adjoining chamber, and had heard the altercation.

" I infift on your giving me fatisfaction, or retracting what you have faid against the beautiful

queen of Scotland," cried Targe.

"As for retracting what I have faid," replied Buchanan, "that is no habit of mine; but with regard to giving you fatisfaction, I am ready for that, to the best of my ability; for let me tell you, Sir, though I am not a highlandman, I am a Scotchman as well as yourself, and not entirely ignorant of the use of the claymore; so name your hour, and I will meet you to-morrow morning."

"Why not directly?" cried Targe, "there

is nobody in the garden to interrupt us."

" I should have chosen to have settled some things first; but since you are in such a hurry, I will not balk you. I will step home for my sword, and be with you directly," faid Buchanan.

CHAP. LXV.

-Et dulcis moriens reminiscitur Argos.

THE Groom interposed, and endeavoured to reconcile the two enraged Scots, but without success. Buchanan soon arrived with his sword, and they retired to a private spot in the garden. The Groom next tried to persuade them to decide their difference by fair boxing. This was rejected by both the champions, as a mode of sighting unbecoming gentlemen. The Groom afferted that the best gentlemen in England sometimes fought in that manner; and gave as an instance a boxing match, of which he himself had been a witness, between Lord G.'s gentleman and a gentleman-farmer at York races, about the price of a mare.

"But our quarrel," faid Targe, is about the reputation of a Queen."

"That, for certain," replied the Groom,

" makes a difference."

Buchanan unsheathed his fword.

" Are you ready, Sir?" cried Targe.

"That I am.—Come on, Sir, faid Buchanan;

" and the Lord be with the righteous."

" Amen!" cried Targe; and the conflict be-

gan.

Both the combitants understood the weapon they fought with; and each parried his adversary's blows with such dexterity, that no blood was shed for some time; at length Targe making a feint at Buchanan's head, gave him suddenly a severe wound in the thigh.

" I hope

"I hope you are now fensible of your error,"

faid Targe, dropping his point.

"I am of the fame opinion I was," cried Buchanan; fo keep your guard." So faying, he advanced more britkly than ever upon Targe; who after warding off feveral strokes, wounded his antagonist a second time. Buchanan, however, fliewed no disposition to relinquish the combat; but this fecond wound being in the forehead, and the blood flowing with profusion into his eyes, he could no longer fee diffinctly, but was obliged to flourish his fword at random, without being able to perceive the movements of his adverfary, who closing with him, became mafter of his fword, and with the same effort threw him to the ground; and standing over him, he faid, "This may convince you, Mr. Buchanan, that yours is not the righteous cause; you are in my power, but I will act as the Queen whose character I defend would order, were the alive. I hope you will live to repent of the injuffice you have done to that amiable and unfortunate Princess. He then affifted Buchanan to rife. Buchanan made no immediate answer; but when he faw Targe affifting the Groom to ftop the blood which flowed from his wounds, he faid, " I must acknowledge, Mr. Targe, that you behave like a gentleman."

After the bleeding was in some degree diminifhed by the dry lint, which the Groom, who was an excellent farrier, applied to the wounds, they assisted him to his chamber; and then the Groom rode away to inform Mr. N —— of what had happened; but the wound becoming more painful, Targe proposed fending for a surgeon.

E 4

Buchanan

Buchanan then faid, That the furgeons's mate, belonging to one of the ship's of the British squadron then in the Bay, was he believed, on shore; and as he was a Scotsman, he would like to employ him rather than a foreigner. Having mentioned where he lodged, one of Mr. N——'s footmen went immediately for him. He returned soon after, saying, That the surgeon's mate was not at his lodging, nor expected for some hours; "But I will go and bring the French surgeon." continued the Footman.

"I thank you, Mr. Thomas," faid Buchanan; but I will have patience till my own country-

man returns."

"He may not return for a long time," faid Thomas. "You had best let me run for the French surgeon, who they say has a great deal of skill."

" I am much obliged to you, Mr. Thomas," added Buchanan; "but neither Frenchman nor Spanishman shall dress my wounds when a Scottishman is to be found, for love or money."

"They are to be found for the one or the other, as I am credibly informed, in most parts

of the world, faid Thomas.

"As my countrymen," replied Buchanan, are distinguished for letting slip no means of improvement, it would be very strange if many of them did not use that of travelling," Mr. Thomas.

"It would be very strange, indeed! I own it,"

faid the Footman.

"But are ou certain of this young man's skill in his business when he does come?" faid Targe.

" I con-

"I confess I have had no opportunity to know any thing of his ikill," answered Buchanan;" but I know for certain that he is sprung from very respectable people. His father is a Minister of the Gospel; and it is not likely that his father's son will be deficient in the profession to which he was bred."

" It would be ftill less likely had the son been

bred to preaching," faid Targe.

"That is true," faid Buchanan; "but I have no doubt of the young man's skill; he feeins to be a very douce * lad; it will be an encouragement to him to fee that I prefer him to another, and also a comfort to me to be attended by my own countryman."

"Countryman or not countryman," faid Thomas, "he will expect to be paid for his

trouble as well as another."

" Affuredly," faid Buchanan; " but it was always a maxim with me, and shall be to my dying day, that we should give our own fishguts to our own fea-mews."

"Since you are fo fend of your own feamews," faid Thomas, "I am furprifed you were

to eager to deftroy Mr. Targe there."

"That proceeded from a difference in politics, Mr. Thomas," replied Buchanan, " in which the best of friends are apt to have a misunderstanding; but though I am a Whig and he is a Tory, I hope we are both honest men; and as he behaved generously when my life was in his power, I have no scruple in faying, that I am forry for having spoken disrespectfully of any person, dead or alive, for whom he has an esteem."

* Douce, a Scottish expression, meaning gentle and well disposed.

"Mary Queen of Scots acquired the efteem of her very encmies." refumed Targe; "the elegance and engaging fweetness of her manners were irresistible to every heart that was not steeled by prejudice or jealously."

"She is now in the hands of a Judge," faid Buchanan, "who can neither be feduced by fair appearances, nor imposed on by forgeries and

fraud."

"She is fo, Mr. Buchanan," replied Targe; and her rival and accusers are in the hands of

the fame Judge."

"We had best leave them all to his justice and mercy then, and say no more on the subject," added Buchanan; "for if Queen Mary's conduct on earth was what you believe it was, she will receive her reward in heaven, where her actions and sufferings are recorded."

"One thing more I will fay," rejoined Targe; and that is only to ask of you, Whether it is probable that a woman, whose conscience was loaded with the crimes imputed to her, could have closed the varied scene of her life, and have met death with such serene and dignified courage,

as Mary did?"

"I always admired that last awful scene," replied Buchanan, who was melted by the recollection of Mary's behaviour on the scaffold; and I will freely acknowledge, that the most innocent person that ever lived, or the greatest hero recorded in history, could not face death with greater composure than the Queen of Scotland; she supported the dignity of a Queen, while she displayed the meckness of a Christian?

"I am exceedingly forry, my dear friend, for the the mifunderstanding that happened between us," faid Targe affectionately, and holding forth his hand in token of reconciliation; and I am now willing to believe, that your friend Mr. George Buchanan was a very great poet, and understood Latin as well as any man alive."

Here the two friends shook hands with the utmost cordiality; but Targe, observing that Buchanan's face seemed a little pale, and that he would in his thigh bleed profusely through the dressings, begged that he would allow some other surgeon to be brought; and Mr. N——'s footman swore, if he did not he would certainly bleed to death.

Buchanan having rebuked Thomas for fwearing, added, "You know, or at least ought to know, Thomas, that let him bleed as he pleafes, no man can die till his time is come; but even if I were to die of this wound, I should be forry that the last act of my life was that of preferring a foreigner, not only to a countryman, but to one born in the fame parish with myself, which this young man was. As for Mr. Targe here, I take you to witness, that I declare him innocent, happen what may." As he pronounced thefe words, the young furgeon, who had been fo long expected, entered the chamber, and having examined Buchanan's wounds, and made proper applications, he strongly enjoined his patient to keep quietly in his room for fome time, without attempting to walk, otherwise the wound in his thigh would be very tedious in healing; and there might even be some risk of a fever." And the patient agreeing to follow his injunctions, the furgeon promifed him a speedy cure. Mr.

Mr. N—— and Captain Seidlits heard with fatisfaction the prognostic of the surgeon; and were equally astonished and entertained when they were informed of the cause and circumstances of this quarrel.



CHAP. LXVI.

Animos fub juga ahenca Mittere.

Hor.

THAT course of diffipation in which Laura was involved for a considerable time after the arrival of her brother and Carlostein, was by no means agreeable to the natural turn of her mind, yet it certainly was of service to her in her present situation. An unremitting succession of balls, assemblies, operas, and other public entertainments, however they may be oppressive to those who enjoy domestic happiness, are relaxations from domestic misery.

The difpositions of Zeluco and of Laura scarcely touched in a single point; it was impossible therefore that there could be any cordial adhesion or agreement between them: he was vain and oftentatious, she modest; he was dissembling, she open; he was malicious, she candid: some of his pleasures were of so gross a nature that the mere mention of them was shocking to her; the gentle affections of the heart, the emotions of

filial

filial affection, the glow of friendship, the effufions of gratitude, and meltings of compassion, which alternately delighted and afflicted, but always occupied the feeling soul of Laura, were sentiments of which Zeluco had hardly any idea.

Neither did the mest sablime beauties of nature, the most exquisite imitations of art, or the works of genius of any kind, to all of which she was feelingly alive, afford any enjoyment to the mind of Zeluco; although from vanity and affectation he pretended to admire fome of them, and had made himself master of the common cant of virtu. Zeluco, in fliort, had no tafte in common with Laura; fo that this ill-afforted pair could not carry on a converfation interesting to both on any one subject. It is true, Laura had never liked him; all that Father Pedro had reported in his favour, joined to the good opinion of her mother, were not fufficient to overcome the bad impression the had early formed of Zeluco; but till the actually became his wife, the could form no adequate notion of a character whose depravity developed to her abhorring heart more and more every hour.

As foon as Laura's beauty had become familiar, and of course began to pall on the jaded senses of Zuluco, she lost, in his eyes, the only attraction she had ever possessed; for he was incapable of deriving satisfaction from any of her numerous accomplishments, and the purity of her mind equally abominated his conversation and his tastes. He fought in venal beauty, and in variety, the pleasure which he no longer had in the chaste charms of Laura: the consequence of this pursuit was tedious intervals of ennui, and its never fail-

ing companion ill-humour; for what he intended to mitigate was found to irritate the evil that oppreffed him. Wretched himself, he could not support the fight of the happiness of others, and particularly nothing provoked him fo much as the idea of his wife's being in a state of composure, while he felt himfelf tormented with malignant passions; and he often endeavoured to exhaust the virulence which corroded his own breast upon the unhappy Laura, who, before her marriage, had never known but from description what envy or ill-humour were.

Hard, however, and painful to support as his ill-humours were, it appeared not fo difgusting to Laura as the fits of fondness for her with which he was occasionally feized; and fuch was the unsupportable caprice of the man, that his fondness was sometimes displayed immediately after having infulted her with the most unprovoked ill-utage. On those occasions he was an object of horror to her, and had what she suffered been known, this beautiful woman, who fhone at every public place of entertainment in all the brilliancy of diamonds and of equipage, would have been an object of universal compassion.

In the mean time, the opportunities which Carloftein had of feeing and converting with Laura, convinced him that the beauty and elegance of her face and person were equalled by her good fense and other mental accomplishments. She, on her part, thought him the most engaging of men, and felt a warmer approbation of him than of any other man whose good qualities had ever before attracted her effects. She was conscious of a real friendship for Mr. N---, and

had the highest opinion of the worth of his character; but the sentiment which she now experienced for Carlostein were of a still more interesting nature. When Mr. N—— visited her, she was pleased the moment she saw him enter the room; but if he did not come when expected, the disappointment did not so far assect the natural cheerfulness of her temper, as to prevent her from enjoying other company. But if the same happened with respect to Carlostein, if any accident prevented his coming when there was reason to expect him, her real cheerfulness sled, and nothing but an affected substitute remained with her for the rest of the evening.

Alarmed at this, and fentible of the impropriety of an attachment which was gradually gaining upon her: "Ah! let me banith this man from my thoughts," faid the often to herfelf; "let me remember that I am the wife of another." This immediately brought the image of that other before her mind's eye, in all the deformity of vice; and the contrast was so striking, and so much in favour of him whom the thought it a duty to forget, that he was pressed nearer to her heart by the very efforts she made to remove him; and the more she struggled, the deeper was the hock from which she wished to disengage herfelf fixed in her vitals.

After remaining feveral months at Naples, and feldom passing a day without being in company with Laura, Carlostein had not ventured to give a hint of his passion, but had endeavoured to conceal it from her, and the rest of the world, as much as he could: while she, on her part, behaved with such circumspection, that neither her

mether,

mother, brother, Signora Sporza, nor any other acquaintance, had an idea of her having any particular attachment to Carlostein. Even Zelaco, though curfed with a jealous temper, ever on the watch, and convinced that he never had possessed the affections of his wife, harboured no particular

fulpicion of Carlostein.

How well fo ever Laura and Carloftein fucceeded in concealing their fentiments from the rest of the world, they failed with regard to each other. Laura had too much penetration not to perceive that she occupied the attention of Carlostein in an uncommon degree; and she sometimes remarked this on occasions when a less acute or less interested observer would have been apt to think that the engaged his attention lefs than any other person in company. While his behaviour to her, in the eyes of others, appeared uniform and unvaried, because it was always respectful; she perceived a variety of thades in his conduct in her presence, which depended, in some degree, on the company, prefent, yet always harmonifed with the humour the feemed to be in-

The fex in general are very penetrating on this fubject, and it rarely happens that a man is fincerely in love with a woman, without his passion's being known to her before he is fully convinced of it himself. Notwithstanding that Carlostein therefore had never faid a syllable on the subject of love to Laura, nor had presumed to indicate any such sentiment by his looks, or in any particular deviated from that delicacy of behaviour due to a woman of virtue; she was as sully convinced of his attachment to her, perhaps more,

than

than if he had made a folemn and earnest declara-

It is more than probable, that Carloftein had fome idea also that he was not an object of indifference to her; for although there are accounts of ladies who, while they are passionately fond of their lovers, made them believe, for years together, that they could not endure them, it must be acknowledged that thefe examples are oftner found in romances than in life, and when found in real life they afford a stronger proof of the lady's pride and the lover's passion, than of the good fense of either. For our behaviour, in all respects, from things of the greatest importance to trifles, is, in spite of ourselves, different to those who engage our affections, from what it is to every other person; and the very effort to behave in the same manner to the beloved object as to others, discovers to an acute observer what is meant to be concealed; for although love is often fimulated by those who have it not, it is more difficult to conceal it where it really exists: Carloftein, therefore, ought not to be accused of vanity or prefumption, in flattering himfelf with no common share of the good opinion of Laura.

But he was not more fully convinced of her partiality for himself, than of her dislike to her husband; which Laura endeavoured with equal care and as little success to hide. Such, however, was his veneration for the character of Laura, that he presumed as little from the certainty of the latter as from his hopes of the former; indeed, he could hardly allow himself to with for a success which he could not enjoy but at the expence of the future peace of mind of the person

he loved; and if he ever permitted himself to suppose that the woman he so greatly admired might have a moment of weakness, such was his notion of her disposition and principles, that he was convinced it would be followed by everlasting remorfe on her part, and of course by misery on his; for he could not hope that ail her partiality for him, or all the sophistry he could use, would persuade a woman of real virtue and dignity to live in a manner inconsistent with both.

If, in confequence of these reslexions, Carloftein had withdrawn himself entirely from a connection of such a dangerous tendency, he would no doubt have acted a more prudent part;—but having no delight equal to that of conversing with Laura, no wish on leaving her company but that of meeting her again, the effort was above his power;—all he could do was to endeavour to hide a passion which he was unable to subdue.



CHAP. LXVII.

Il n'y a point de deguisement qui puisse long-temps eacher l'amour où il est, ni le feindre où il n'est pas. Rochefoucault.

IT is not improbable that the fentiments which Carlostein and Laura mutually entertained of each other would have been discovered by Zeluco, had not his suspicions been fixed on another object; for notwithstanding the candid behaviour of his wife, when he spoke to her concerning the Nobleman,

Nobleman, as was mentioned above, the fparks of jealoufy which glowed in Zeluco's breat had never been entirely extinguished, but were rekindled more fiercely than ever on the return of that Nobleman from Rome.

As Laura now appeared at all public places, he had frequent opportunities of accofting her; and although fhe received his compliments with an air of great referve, yet he omitted no occasion of

addreffing her.

One evening in particular, at a very numerous affembly, Laura being in company with Signora Sporza, her hufband, her brother, and Carloftein; this Nobleman no fooner faw her, than he made up to Zeluco's party, and as ufual directed his whole affiduity to Laura. Zeluco observed this with fifled rage, and apparent good-humour; Laura alone difcerned the hurricane in his heart through all the funshine of his countenance.—She rofe to withdraw—the Nobleman offered his hand -fhe feeming not to observe his motion, turned to her husband, who defired Carlostein to hand her to her carriage. She immediately prefented her hand to him, and the Nobleman feized it.-" I believe, Signor," faid Carloftein, " the Lady intended me the honour."—At that inftant Laura withdrawing her hand from the other to prevent farther dispute, took hold of Zeluco's arm, begging him to accompany her to her carriage, which he did, and drove home.

When the affembly broke up, as the Nobleman pressed across the Corridor in some hurry towards his carriage, his legs were for a moment crossed by the sword of Carlostein, who instantly loosened it from his belt, making an apology; the other,

without

without paying any regard to this, pushed forward, faying, in an imperious tone, "Make way, Sir,"—"Make you way, Sir," cried Carlostein, provoked at his infolence, and pushing him to one side. The Nobleman drew and made a lounge at Carlostein, whose sword being in his hand, he put aside the thrust, and returning it, hit his antagonist smartly near the eye with the point of the undrawn sword, and with a jerk threw the Nobleman's sword quite out of his hand.

Carlostein then walked calmly to his own carriage, where he found Signora Sporza and Captain Seidlits, who, instead of going directly to Zeluco's, where they were to sup, proposed driving a little to enjoy the refreshing breeze from the bay, to which Carlostein assented, without saying

a word of what had just happened.

Meanwhile one of Zeluco's fervants having heard an imperfect account of the fquabble, hastily entered the room where Madame de Seidlits, Laura, and Zeluco were, telling them, "That the Nobleman and Carlostein had fought, that one of them was desperately wounded, and the other killed on the spot."

" Which of them is killed?" faid Zeluco.

" I cannot tell," faid the fervant; " all I know for certain is, that one of them is dead."

" Go and learn which, blockhead," cried Ze-

As the fervant went out, Carloftein entered with Signora Sporza and Captain Seidlits; but Laura's spirits underwent such painful agitation at the servant's intelligence, that after struggling for some time to hide her emotion, she suddenly fainted

fainted and fell from her chair. Being carried to bed the continued greatly difordered, and even after her mother had acquainted her with the true flate of the cafe, which the did as foon as the was herfelf informed of it, Laura was not able to ftir abroad for near a week.

Laura having fainted just as Carlostein appeared, Zeluco's jealous temper, ever ready to put the worst construction on the most innocent occurrence, imputed her being so violently affected to her suspecting from the servant's account that the Nobleman was the person killed, and her being confirmed in that suspicion when she saw Carlostein enter the room in good health.

This very idea was a fufficient reason to render Zeluco fonder than ever of Carlostein's company; he invited him very frequently to his house, because he thought that his presence was highly disagreeable to his wife; and this idea seemed the more probable, as Laura, being conscious of the real cause of her fainting, was evidently more constrained and embarrassed in his company than she had formerly been, all which Zeluco imputed to her aversion to that gentleman on account of his quarrel with the Nobleman.

He was confined to his room for feveral weeks with an inflammation which came on his eye, and fome of his friends were imprudent enough to vapour a little about his determination of calling Carloftein to an account as foon as he was fully recovered. Carloftein, who was of a cool temper, took no notice of these, being resolved to regulate his conduct by the behaviour of the Nobleman himself, and not by that of his officious friends:

but Captain Scidlits, who was of a more fiery difposition, did not behave with the same moderation.

In a company where the captain was, the converfation turned on the quarrel; a friend of the Nobleman's gave a representation of it more favourable for him than was confiftent with truth: " I am convinced," faid Seidlits, " you have not received that account of the matter from the Nobleman himfelf, for he knows that it happened very differently."-" Do you not allow," faid the other, " that the Baron's fword was in the fcabbard?"—"I do," replied Seidlits.—" It was highly infulting then," faid the other, " to make ufe of it in that frate; why did he not draw it?"— "It was a prefent from the king, his mafter," replied Seidlits; " my friend has a high value for that fword, and does not like to draw it on flight occasions." Here, contrary to the expectation of some of the company, the conversation dropped; but it was afterwards repeated to Laura.

The next time flee faw her brother, flee blamed him for making fo haughty an answer; adding, that it might have bad consequences.—" I am forry to have done what you disapprove of, my dear fifter," faid Seidlits; " but as for the consequences, I regard them not, and I am fure Car-

loftein regards them as little as I do."

Signora Sporza, who with Mr. N—— was the only other person present, observed to Scidlits, "That he might, if he pleased, despise the open resentment of a fair enemy, but he would do well to remember, that in the country where they were, there was a mode of avenging injuries which his friend Carlostein ought to be on his

guard

guard against, otherwise than by relying on courage alone." She hinted at the same time, that there was a greater risk of a vengeance of the latter kind from the Nobleman and his relations, than of that which Captain Seidlits seemed so

much to despise.



CHAP. LXVIII.

Nam tibi cum facie mores natura pudicos, Et raras dotes ingeniumque dedit. Ovid.

THE words which had fallen from Signora Sporza, concerning the refentment of the Nobleman who had been hurt by Carloftein, and the mode of revenge he might adopt, made a lafting impression on Laura. She thought Carloftein in

the greatest danger of being fecretly murdered, if he were not openly called to the field; flie confidered herfelf as the original cause of the hazard to which he was exposed, and which she feared was increased by the imprudence of her brother: her imagination dwelt on the horrors that might enfue.

Zeluco one evening faid to her, that he had an inclination to go the following day to Puzzoli, and to cross the bay between that town and Baia; and as fhe had expressed a defire to see the Ponte de Caligula, the baths of Nero, the tomb of Agrippina, and the other ruins of that feat of ancient luxury, he would take her with him. Laura affented. But going to bed with her thoughts brooding over the fame train of reflections which had infefted her mind for fome days past, she dreamt of bravos and affassination the whole night. She fometimes thought fhe beheld Carloftein firetched on the ground, pale, and bloodless;—at other times the blood feemed to flow from a recent wound in his fide; and as often as the stooped to lend him assistance, the imagined that her hufband prevented her by terrifying looks and infulting language. Those visions disordered her so much, that she resolved next morning to decline the propofed jaunt to Puzzoli.

Some time after she arose, Zchico sent her word, that Captain Seidlits and he waited for her at breakfast. The Captain had accidentally called earlier than usual, and as foon as his fifter had entered the room, he told her that he and Carloftein intended to accompany Zeluco and her to Baia. Lauro endeavoured to excuse herself.

"What is the matter now," faid Zeluco; "you had no objection last night?" She still wished to decline going; but Zeluco suspecting that her only reason was because Carlostein was of the party, determined that she should go. He and Laura went in the carriage accordingly, Seidlits and Carlostein accompanying them on horseback. After wandering some time along this beautiful coast, Zeluco told Seidlits, he would lead him to see something peculiarly curious; but as it was at some distance, and dissicult of access, he begged of Carlostein to remain with Laura till their return.

Seidlits agreed to the proposal, because he thought it would be agreeable to his fifter to be entertained during this interval by his friend: Zeluco made it, because he thought it would be in the highest degree disagreeable to her; Laura heard it with surprise, and Carlostein with pleafure.

When Zeluco and the Captain left them, they walked flowly on without confidering where they went, and without exchanging a word, till they arrived at a flady feat, from which the various beauties around might be feen to advantage;—here Carloftein expressed a fear that she was fatigued with walking. She immediately sat down, and he placed himself at her side.

Carlostein and Laura, thus unexpectedly seated together, seemed entirely absorbed in research, and as regardless of the sublime and luxurious scene before their eyes, as if they had been blind; their mutual constraint was so great, that neither was capable of expressing a distinct idea. Carlostein made several efforts to begin a conversation,

Voi. II. F which

which proceeded no farther than one uninteresting question and answer; Laura had been so terrified with the dreams of the preceding night, that she could think or speak of nothing but what they suggested. The careless and blunt temper of her brother disquieted her very much; and she greatly dreaded some mischief from that quarter.

" I fear, Sir," faid she, making a great effort to break the silence, and forcing a smile, as if the fear she had expressed had not been ferious; " I fear you have an imprudent friend in my brother."

" Madam!" cried Carloftein, with furprife.

Laura repeated what she had faid.

"I confider your brother," replied Carloftein, as the most valuable friend that ever man had.

I owe my life to him?'

"Nay," refuned the, "I have no defign to make a breach between you; but my brother has fometimes a thoughtless and provoking way of fpeaking, which may lead to very bad confequences, and of which it is the duty of a friend to warn him."

" I do not conceive," faid Carloftein, " to

what you allude."

"Nothing," refumed flic, " rankles more in the heart than contemptuous expressions."

" Unquestionably," answered he.

" Nor," added fhe, " is there any kind of injury more apt to provoke men to revenge."

"I am convinced of it," faid Carloftein, unable

to guess to what the alluded.

"Then furely," "continued Laura, with hefitation, "it was imprudent in my brother to fpeak, as I hear he did on a late occasion."

 \le I am

"I am convinced you labour under fome miltake, Madam," faid Carloftein. "Captain Seidlits, although as fearless as any man alive, is not

apt to give wanton provocation."

"I was told," faid Laura, "that converfing lately on the unfortunate fenfile in which you were involved, he used terms which might drive your antagonist to measures he otherwise would not think of."

"The accident which happened in confequence of that foolish affair," faid Carlostein; "he who gave the first provocation brought it on himself; Captain Seidlits knows that nobody else was to blame, and I dare say he will affert this as often as the affair is talked of."

"But why irritate him with contemptuous expressions? perhaps he might become sensible he is in the wrong. What my brother says may be carried to him, and excite him to measures which otherwise he would not think of adopting."

"What measure he may chuse to adopt, it is his business to weigh with attention," said Carlostein; "but certainly is not worth Captain Scid-

lits' confideration."

"Friendship," said Laura, "might make him consider that contemptuous language; may stimulate to a mode of revenge which no degree of courage can obviate and no skill can ward off." She spoke these words with agitation, and the tear trembled in her eye: then recollecting the import of what she was saying, her sace was instantly suffused with blushes; yet mustering up all the woman within her, and endeavouring to conceal the true source of her concern, the added; "he does not think on the remorfe and misery he hardest probability."

would feel, should his imprudence be attended with any fatal confequence to——." Here perceiving that her voice faultered, her embarrassment increased; she hesitated, and was incapable

of uttering a diftinct word.

It was hardly possible for Carlostein not to see the real motive of her concern and embarrassiment; whatever satisfaction he might have in the discovery, he had too much delicacy to seem to perceive either.—" Your brother's friendship," said he, "has ever been a source of happiness to me; I should reckon myself unfortunate indeed, if it should ever become a cause of uneasiness to him, and will use every precaution to prevent such an effect, of which, however, I think there is no danger."

Laura gently bowed her head, by way of thanking him; for although somewhat recovered from her perplexity by Carlostein's reply, she was still asked to trust her voice with words. She then rose, and after they had walked a little way without speaking, Carlostein began to point out some of the most striking beauties of the landscape in their view; and she assented to his remarks in a manner that evinced how very little they occupied her thoughts. At length, seeing Captain Seidlits and Zeiuco approaching, they moved in silence to meet them.

The latter observing the reserved manner in which Laura and Carlostein advanced, concluded that their tête-à-tête had been as disagreeable as he intended it should; and the melancholy air which Laura retained, in spite of all her essorts to seem cheerful, he imputed to displeasure for having been left with Carlostein.

Replete

Replete with this notion, Zelaco let flip no occasion, while they remained at the inn where they dined, of faying things which he thought would vex and disconcert his wife, without being perceived by Carlostein or Seidlits.

" Has any one heard how his eye is to-day?" faid he, naming the perfon with whom Carloftein

had the quarrel.

"I heard," faid Seidlits, "that it ftill continues fwelled and inflamed."

" I am told he runs fome rifk of lofing it altogether," faid Zeluco, looking maliciously at Laura.

"I hope not," faid Laura, naturally, and without observing the manner in which he had spoken.

" Would it give you a great deal of pain, Ma-

dam?" rejoined he.

" I should certainly be concerned that such a misfortune happened to any body," replied she, " particularly on such an occasion."

"You will never be forgiven by the ladies, Signor," faid Zeluco, addressing Carlostein, "for

fpoiling this fine fpark's ogling."

The venom of jealoufy in Zeluco's breaft was put into a ferment by Laura's answers, natural and mild as they were. When the company were preparing to return, "Be so obliging, Signor," said he to Carlostein, "as to take my feat in the carriage, and let me have your horse; I should like to ride to town."

This obliging hufband made the proposal with no other view than that of distressing his wife. Laura's heart beat tumultuously when she heard it; the agitation which she had felt during the F 3 conversation

conversation she had just had with Carlostein, on which she already had made some reflexions, added to the glow of joy she was conscious of, on hearing her husband's proposal, determined this virtuous woman to evade it;—turning from Carlostein therefore to Captain Seidlits, "I have something particular to communicate to you, brother," said she, holding forth her hand; "I beg you will savour me with your compary in the carriage."

"With pleasure," cried Seidlits, taking his sister's hand. "Your wife and I have had a quarrel," added he to Zeluco, "and I fee she wishes for an opportunity to make it up." So saying, he went with her into the carriage, leaving Carlostein disappointed, and Zeluco ready to

burst with anger.

Whatever felf-approbation Laura felt from this victory of her reason over her inclination, yet when she observed the desponding look of Carlostein, as the carriage passed him, her heart whispered, that if Zeluco should renew his proposal, she ought not to provoke him by a second resulal. She was not put to the temptation. The carriage moved on, and her brother was obliged to ask her oftner than once, what she had to communicate to him, before he was able to rouse her from the reverie in which her thoughts were absorbed, when the carriage proceeded to town.

Zeluco having invited the two gentlemen to sup at his house, where they met with Madame de Seidlits and Signora Sporza, he could not give vent to the anger which he had so absurdly conceived against his wife, but assumed the appearance of good-hamour and extraordinary affection

for her. Laura was too much accustomed to him to be his dupe on this occasion. She saw clearly into the real state of his thoughts, and being quite convinced of his rancour, she, who herself was all candour, was so shocked at his affected kindness, that in spite of her unwillingness to give her mother uneasiness, she could not remain with the company, but was obliged to leave them abruptly, on the pretext of ill health.

Madame de Seidlits had intended to remain that night with her daughter, but being at that time in a delicate state of health herself, she was prevailed on to return to her own house, upon Signora Sporza's offering to stay all night with Laura. This was infinitely agreeable to the latter, who wished to be secured from the company

of her hufband.

CHAP. LXIX.

No more can faith or candour move; But each ingenuous deed of love, Which reason would applaud, Now, smiling ov'r his dark distress, Fancy malignant strives to dress Like injury and fraud.

AKENSIDE.

ZELUCO retained all his hatred to Signora Sporza, though he thought it expedient to let it lie dormant for the present, and to behave to her with the attention due to a relation of his wife's family. She faw through his diffimulation, and repaid his hatred with a fixed aversion; but this the carefully concealed from Madame de Seidlits, because she knew that it would give her uneasinefs. Signora Sporza's affection for Laura was increased by her perceiving that she was unhappy in her marriage; and perhaps by being convinced that she entertained the same sentiments of Zeluco with herfelf. She did not take the fame pains therefore to conceal her fentiments from Laura that the did from Madame de Seidlits. Laura, however, would understand none of her hints, and difcouraged all conversation on that subject.

Signora Sporza faw the true motive of her young friend's referve; and notwithstanding that it would have been agreeable to herfelf to have talked freely of Zeluco's behaviour and character, yet she could not help approving of Laura's pru-

dence

dence in declining all conversation on such a delicate subject. She beheld with more concern that Laura was finking into dejection of spirits; and although she strongly suspected her partiality for Carlostein, as well as his passion for her, so far from considering this as an aggravation of Laura's missfortune, she thought an attachment of this kind might prove a salutary antidote against the gloomy despondency, or even despair, with which her young friend was threatened.

With regard to Signora Sporza it has been already hinted, that whatever her manner of acting had been, the was rather a free thinker on fubjects of this nature; for although the had a high idea of Laura's virtuous principles, the could not but be fentible of the danger of fuch attachments. It would appear however, that the thought any danger worth ritking that could make a divertion from the difmal flate of mind into which Laura was falling, from a continued contemplation of her miferable connexion with a morole and jealous hufband.

Zeluco was the greatest of all self-tormentors; his envious and gloomy mind was eternally suggesting fresh causes of disquiet to itself. The two ideas which plagued him at present were, first that Laura disliked him, and also that she was fond of another. There was no cure for the first, but his becoming an honest man, which was not in his nature; and the cure of the other was nearly as difficult; for to remove suspicions from the breast of a man given to jealously, and prevent their returning, would be changing his nature. This passion has a tendency not only to

four the temper, but to observe the understanding, else how should

—Trifles, light as air, Be to the jealous confirmation strong As proofs of Holy Writ.—

Laura's having shewn a disposition to remain at home on hearing that Carlostein was of the party to Baia; her having preferred her brother's company to his when they returned; her having left the company abruptly at supper; and her dejection of spirits from the time that the Nobleman was confined by the hurt in his eye, Zeluco imputed to the interest which she took in this Nobleman, and to her dislike to Carlostein on that account.

Zeluco was one of those amiable creatures who being feldom at peace with themselves cannot bear that their neighbours should enjoy tranquillity. Laura used the pretence of ill-health, for a considerable time after her being obliged to retire from the company at supper, merely that she might be allowed to keep her apartment, enjoy the society of her mother and Signora Sporza, and be spared from that of her husband.

When he feemed a little better, her brother was added to the number of her visitors; and even after the went abroad, she visited no where but at her mother's or Signora Sporza's. Zeluco explained her referve, low spirits, and love of retirement, in the same manner that he had done her previous behaviour; and his sulliness augmented daily. Laura was endeavouring one day to divert her melancholy with her harpsichord, Zeluco heard the found while he fat in his own apartment,

apartment, and it redoubled his ill humour. He fuddenly entered the room where she was playing, and threw himself on a chair opposite to

her with every mark of difpleafure.

She had observed that taking any notice of him, particularly by speaking to him, on such occasions, never failed to draw from him some brutal answer; she therefore said nothing, but played an air of such soothing melody as might have subdued the rancour of a damon.

" You are mightily fond of Italian music, Madam," faid he, after some minutes of silence.

"I am, indeed," replied flie, stopping for a moment, endeavouring to finile upon him, and then refuming the instrument.

"You prefer whatever is Italian, I have ob-

ferved," rejoined he, with a malignant look.

"I cannot entirely fay that," answered she, quitting the harpsichord; but their music is generally preferred to that of any other nation.

"Yet you are half a German," resumed he.

" More than half," faid Laura. " I was born and educated in my father's country."

" It is a wonder then that you have not fome

partiality for your countrymen."

"I efteem them highly," faid Laura; " all the world acknowledge them to be a brave and worthy people."

"But you think the Italians more amiable?

added he, prolonging the last word.

Laura made no answer, but applied again to the harpsichord, wishing to put an end to a dialogue which she found highly disagreeable, although she did not comprehend the motive or tendency of it.

Zeluco

Zeluce flarted up, and walked with a hurried frep across the room, and then turning suddenly to I aura, "You dislike the Baron Carlostein, Madam, do you not?" resumed he.

" Diflike him, Sir?" faid she, alarmed and

blufhing.

" Yes," Madam, " you hate him."

"I should be glad," faid she, "to have no reason to hate any body."

" And what reason have you for hating him,

Madam?"

" I have not faid that it is him I hate," replied

fhe, with fome degree of indignation.

"Oh! you have not faid it," rejoined he, mistaking the implication of her words; "you have only sheaven it by your behaviour."

" I do not comprehend your meaning," faid

she.

"Why would you not admit him into the carriage on your return to Baia?"

"I wished to converse with my brother,"

faid she.

- " Perhaps you would have preferred another to either," added he, looking maliciously in her face.
 - " I do not know that I fhould," faid Laura.
- "But I know it, Madam; I know who interests you more than all the world, and on whose account the Baron Carlostein is the object of your displeasure."

Laura could not hear this name without emotion. She again coloured, repeating with a faul-

tering voice, " My diffleafure!"

" Yes,

"Yes, Madam, your displeasure," cried Zeluco, with a raised voice; "you cannot hide it, you redden with resentment at the bare mention of his name; but I would have you to know, that he is a man whom I esteem; and I wished the blow he dealt to that fine essenced mignon had beat his brains out."

As he pronounced this with violent emphases and action, he ftruck his cane through a mirror, and rushed out of the room, leaving Laura filled with contempt and indignation at his ridiculous

and frantic behaviour.

Zeluco, like many other peevish and fiery tempered people, was apt to display his ill-humour at the expence of his furniture; but Laura had never seen him so violently agitated on any former occasion.

She was not forry, however, that his fufpicions, fince suspicions of some person or other he must have, were directed to a man quite indifferent to her.

A footman entering the room as Zeluco went ont, she mentioned the mirror having been accidentally broken, and ordered another directly in its place to prevent farther remarks on the subject; and she determined to pass that evening with Signora Sporza.

CHAP. LXX.

The Indifcretion of a Friend.

HITHERTO Laura had been fuccessful in her endeavours to hide from the fervants the ill-footing on which her husband and she were; but Zeluco had spoken during the foregoing dialogue in such a loud tone, that a maid of Laura's who was in one of the adjoining chambers, heard a great

part of it.

This maid felt herfelf quite overloaded with fo much important intelligence, and feeing no body at home to whom the could conveniently confign it, the haftened to Signora Sporza, whom the knew to be the friend of her miftrefs, and immediately informed her of all the had heard; and wherever there might have been a gap in the narrative from her not having heard diffinely, the took care to fill it up from her own imagination: fo that the whole appeared an uninterrupted feene of brutal abuse on the part of Zeluco, and of patience and refignation on that of Laura.

When the had finished, "Voila un homme," said Signora Sporza, speaking in French, that the maid might not understand her; "voila un homme fait exprès pour être cocu." She then cautioned the maid very earnestly not to mention what she had heard to Madame de Seidlits, or to any other perfon, as it might be of very bad consequence to

her mistress.

The maid feeling herfelf greatly relieved by what the had already told, and being averfe to do

any thing which would injure Laura, thought she might safely promise not to mention it; which she accordingly did, with a sincere intention to keep her word.

As the maid withdrew Baron Carloftein was introduced, and foon after Signora Sporza had a proof in herfelf of what most people experience; how much eafier it is to give good advice than to follow it: for she was so full of indignation at what she had heard, that she could not contain herfelf more than the maid, but told the whole to the Baron, who was much more affected than furprifed at the information; for, from the idea he had formed of the character of Zeluco, and what he had observed of his behaviour, particularly on the day of the jaunt to Baia, he was convinced that Zeluco and Laura lived unhappily together, and conjectured that scenes similar to that which Signora Sporza had recounted to him, fometimes paffed between them.

In her narration, Signora Sporza discovered great indignation against Zeluco; in listening to it, Carlostein seemed to think only on the unhappines of Laura: while she abused the former, he compassionated the latter. After having exhausted her rage however, pity became predominant in Ler breast also, and she was actually shedding tears when Laura herself entered the room. As Laura seemed surprised at sinding her friend in this state and began to enquire into the cause of her affliction, Carlostein thought it became him to retire, and leave them at freedom.

Laura then expressed the most tender anxiety for her friend, and begged to know what distressed her. " Alas! my fweet friend," faid Signora Sporza, " why fhould I difturb you with my forrows?"

"That I may do all in my power to alleviate them," faid Laura, "that you may shew you have too much confidence in me to hide the cause of your grief from me."

"Have you shewn that confidence in me?" re-

plied she.

"Yes," replied Laura, "in every thing that concerned myself alone, or could be remedied. Tell me, therefore, what grieves you, and prove

that you think me your friend."

"I think you an angel," faid Signora Sporza, paffionately; " and I love you with all my foul; but he who is the cause of my present affliction is a monster whom I detest as sincerely as I love you." She then threw out expressions which plainly indicated that she was acquainted with the scene, above mentioned, and knew that she was very ill treated by her husband.

"Good Heaven!" cried Laura; "was this the fubication of your conversation with the Baron Car-

loftein when I entered?"

Signora Sporza owned that they had been converfing on this fubject. Laura then begged of her to fend to him directly, and intreat him not to give the most distant hint of what she had told him to Captain Seidlits. "You do not know," continued she, "the violence of my brother's temper, and were he to hear any thing of this nature, the consequence would be dreadful indeed."

Signora Sporza directly wrote a letter to Carloftein in the terms which Laura required; and he immediately returned for antwer, that he was aware of the confequences that might follow the

mentioning

mentioning any of the circumftances she had communicated to him, and affuring her he never should.

This quieted Laura's anxiety on this head, and as fhe could no longer entirely avoid converfing with Signora Sporza on the subject of her hufband's ill treatment, the endeavoured to soften it, saying, That the particulars had been exaggerated, and that some vexatious news had put him into ill-humour at that time, and made him behave in a manner different from his usual conduct.



CHAP. LXXI.

Mr. N-hears from the Baronet.

In the mean time the honourable Mr. N—'s intimacy with Carlostein and Seidlits continued, and gradually grew into friendship, especially with the former, for the character and tastes of Mr. N—— were more analogous to those of Carlostein than of Seidlits; yet he had also a very great degree of esteem for the latter. It is remarkable, that the friendship between Mr. N—— and Carlostein was not interrupted by their being fond of the same woman: both esteemed her highly, neither had a wish inconsistent with her honour; and although Mr. N—— perceived that Laura had a stronger attachment to Carlostein than to any other person, he had also that degree

degree of candour which fo few possess, of being able to acquiesce in a preference against himself.

Mr. N——— had heard no accounts of his uncle the Baronet, or Mr. Steele, fince he parted with them at l'lorence; and he had begun to be uneafy about them, when he received a letter from the former, dated Paris, the import of which was to inform him, that they should be detained in that place longer than they intended, by a hurt which Mr. Steele had received in confequence of a fall from his horse, in attempting to leap over a gate in a field a few miles from Paris; that a French gentleman, who saw the accident; had brought him to town in his carriage, much bruised; but he was already better, and would

foon be quite well.

The Baronet next mentioned, that one Carr, a Scotchman, who pretended to be an acquaintance of Buchanan, had called on him, faying, "He had lately come in a trading veffel from Naples to Marfeilles; that on his landing he had met with a young failor, who, fome years fince, had gone to the East Indies as midshipman in an English frigate, which had been lost on the coast of Malabar, but he, with a few others of the crew, were faved; that after various diffresses he had been taken into one of the veffels of the country, and again shipwrecked in the Persian gulph; had remained feveral years in Perfia, afterwards had found means to get to Alexandria, and from thence in a trading veffel to Marfeilles, where this Carr had met him, and they had travelled together on foot to Paris; but on account of his fharing his purfe with this poor failor, who then lay fick at their lodgings, Carr pretended that his

own finances were exhaufted; on which account he applied to him for a fmall fupply of money to enable them both to proceed to London. The Baronet concludes his letter in this manner: "You may believe, my dear N-, that I was willing to relieve a man who had behaved fo generously; but I wished, in the first place, to afcertain the truth of this Scotchman's ftory, which I own I thought a little romantic. I gave him, therefore, only a guinea in the mean time, and defired him to return next morning with fome proof that he was of Buchanan's acquaintance; and I fent Mr. Steel's fervant, Tom Dawfon, with him to his lodging, with another guinea to the English failer: Tom returned within a couple of hours, and informed me he had feen the failor, who was a young man of three or four and twenty. of the name of Warren; that Carr had fhewn him a letter which he faid was from Buchanan to a countryman of their own at Edinburgh; that having broke open the feal of this letter, Carr defired Dawson to carry it to me as the only testimony he could give of the truth of his story.

"After peruling it I own I have no doubts of the truth of what Carr told me, and shall certainly supply those two poor fellows with money sufficient to carry them home. Buchanan's epistle is so characteristic that I had it transcribed, and now send you the copy. As you are no very enthusiastic virtuoso, it may possibly entertain you as much as any manuscript lately dug out of Her-

culancum.

"There is another composition which I should be very well pleased to get a fight of, and that is

by no less a personage than Steele's servant, Dawfon. He told his mafter the other day, he wished to go to Verfailles, and being asked what business he had there; he faid, "He had received a let-" ter from Ben Jackson, your father's groom, " defiring him to be fure to fend him a defcrip-" tion all about France and Paris; and he there-" fore withed to add a word or two about Ver-" failles, being the king's country-house." Steele, who, you know, would fuffer great inconveniency himself, rather than deprive any person depending upon him of fuch a gratification, immediately affented; and he tells me, that Dawson has been fcribbling ever fince his return. account of Paris, and of the French nation, from fuch a hand, must of course be entertaining. am forry therefore, I cannot fend it you with the inclosed.

" Adieu, my dear Edward,—Believe me ever

fincerely

" Yours,

CHAP. LXXII.

Buchanan's Letter

To Mr. Archibald Campbell, Tobaconift, at the Sign of the Highlander, Canongate, Edinburgh.

DEAR ARCHY,

NAPLES,

"I Received your kind epiftle, with the agreeable news that all our friends in the west country are well. I would have acknowledged the favour long ago, but could not find a private hand to carry my letter; for I do not choose to put my friends to the expence of postage, and therefore I make it a rule never to write by the post to any

but strangers

"Your fears of my having forgot you are very ill founded for although it has been my lot to fojourn many years among strangers, yet, thanks be unto God, I never learned to prefer foreigners to my own countrymen: on the contrary I do feel that I like my old friends the better in proportion as I increase my new acquaintance. So you see there is little danger of my forgetting rhem, and far less my blood relations; for surely blood is thicker than water.

"As for my mafter the honourable Mr. N—, he is an exception; for he has been my benefactor, and it is impossible for me to be more attached to the nearest relations I have than to him: he is a kind-hearted and noble-minded gentleman in-

deed; and although he is most generous on proper occasions, he avoids the idle expence of many of his countrymen, whose extravagance, when they are on their tours, as they call them, render them the prey and laughing-stock of all the countries through which they pass. And if you were only to see the sums which those thoughtless young lads, who have ten times more money than wit to guide it, throw away on useless nigg-nyes*, while thousands around them are pinched for the necessaries of life, it would make the very hair of your head, my dear Archy, stand up like the locks of Medusa.

"Before we left England, which, as I wrote to you at the time, Mr. N—— was advised to do on account of his health; I endeavoured to perfuade him to go to drink goats whey among the healthful hills of the Highlands, where there are neither coughs, colds nor fhortness of breath, and where he could have lived like a king at a moderate expence; but he was prevailed on to try Italy, which has, to be fure, succeeded pretty well; but I am still in hopes that he will some time or other make a visit to Scotland, for he always speaks with respect of our country, which the ignorant and worthless of the English never do.

"You defire my opinion of Italy and its inhabitants, which I shall now give you without prejudice or partiality. The Italians are most ingenious people. I have been even tempted to think that there is fomething favourable to ingenuity in

^{*} Nigg-nycs, or bawbles.

the very air or foil, or fomething elfer belonging to this happily fituated peninfula, of Italy, for it became in the first place the seat of the empire of the world by the valour and address of its inhabitants; when I say the world, I mean all but the northern part of Great Britain, which the Romans were so far from subduing that they were obliged to build walls and ramparts across the illand; first between the Firths of Forth and Clyde, and next from Carlisle to Newcastle, to defend themselves from our ancestors the Caledonians.

" But when the Roman empire was overturned by the Goths, Rome became the feat of a new kind of empire, and that is the empire of the Popes. In thort, the inhabitants of Italy first subdued mankind by open force; and fecondly, by imposition and pawkry *. And after feveral ages of Gothic darkness, where does the light of knowledge first dawn again? Where do the arts first appear, and where are they carried to the greatest perfection? Why in this same Italy. This looks, I fay, as if there were fomething peculiarly favourable to ingenuity in this country. But whatever may be in that notion, with all the difadvantages to which they are expofed from a miferable bad government, the prefent race of Italians certainly are a civilized, difcreet, fober people, not fo frank as the Trench, nor yet fo referved as the English; but with more threwdness of understanding perhaps than cither.

Pawkry, Cunning.

"In the formation of statutes and graven images they are supposed to surpass all the nations of Europe; for in our own country, you know, this occupation was never much encouraged, because in the opinion of several serious Christians of the Presbyterian persuasion, it slies in the teeth of the second commandment.

"The Italians are fond of music to an astonishing, and even to an unwarrantable degree; the number of eunuchs which they employ at a great expence, is a pretty plain proof that they spare nothing to have their ears tickled; they even oblige them to fing in the very churches; yet furely they might find houses enough to keep concerts in without profaning the house of God.—What would you think, Archibald, of hearing a dozen of fiddlers playing in the High Church of Edinburgh before and after fermon on the Lord's-day? I am sure it would shock you,

as it did me, to a very great degree.

"Some people endeavour to defend this, faying, that it affifts devotion, and a great deal of idle elift-maclavier" of the fame kind; for my part I have no good opinion of that fort of devotion which a parcel of fiddlers can affift. And people may argue as they please, but affuredly fiddlers are better contrived to promote dancing than either meditation or prayer. At the same time it must be confessed, that Italian music, when performed in a proper place and on proper occasions, is very delightful to hear; though the best of it never thrilled through my heart so pleasingly as the sweet melody of some of our own tunes.

"As to the vulgar notion, that the Scottish music was invented by David Rizzio, the Italian fecretary to Queen Mary, it is contrary to history, to tradition, and to common fense; for nothing requires a greater degree of popularity, or would be a stronger proof of a man's being esteemed and universally admired in a country, than his forming the national taste in music; but Davy Rizzio, poor creature, was universally hated during the short time he lived in Scotland; and if any tunes had been known to be of his invention, that circumstance alone would have been sufficient to prevent their ever being sung or played in that country.

"You inquire also concerning the city of Naples compared with other places:—I will only say in a few words, that it is a large and populous town, pleasingly situated in the view of a spacious bay, little inscrior in beauty to Loch Lomond itself. The houses are built of freestone, several stories high, so that it has a more losty appearance than London, but not quite so sublime as Edin-

burgh.

"But it is not in the appearance of the fields, or of the cities, nor in the cuftoms or genius of the inhabitants, that the country where you refide has the great advantage over this land of darknefs, but in the important article of religion; which here confifts almost entirely of external show and gewgawry, of bowings, courtefies, and various gesticulations, of fantastical dresses, proceedings, and other idle ceremonials, which are in no way connected with true piety, and altegether opposite to the simplicity of the gospel, which, you my dear friend, enjoy the inestimable privilege of Vol. II.

hearing preached in its native purity and truth.—As for your high dignified clergy, their lordfhips, and their eminences, and his holinefs himfelf, I have heard fome of them perform, and if I may judge of the reft by those I have heard, they are mere pigmics upon pedestals, compared with the preachers you have an opportunity of hearing eve-

ry Lord's-day.

"Having now briefly touched upon most of the points you mention in your last letter, I must recommend the bearer, to your friendly offices; his name is Andrew Carr, of the Carr's of the South, his father being a shoemaker in Selkirk; he came to this country in the fervice of an English gentleman, whom he was obliged to quit through the malice of the valet de chambre, who taking advantage of the young man's being overtaken with liquor on the last St. Andrew's day, turned him off, on the pretext of his being an habitual drunkard.

"He remained however at Naples, in expectation of being taken into the fervice of some other English gentleman, and being young, thoughtless, and of a canty † turn of mind, he lived for some time very idly. When any of the English servants were allowed a day of pleasuring, as they call it, Andrew was sure to be of the party; and at this rate all the money he received from his late master would have been cast at the cocks: ‡—but in the midst of this, he received a letter from his mother, at Sellirk, informing him of his father's death, by which she and his sister were reduced to great poverty and distress. This news made a most laudable alteration in the conduct of Carr; he

shunned all those parties of which he had for-merly been so fond. And when our Dick pressed him very much, faying, "You used to be as fond of mirth and good wine as your neighbours;" Andrew shook his head, and replied, "Gif I drink wine, Richard, my mother and fifter must drink water;" and the very next day he called on me with forty dollars, which he defired me to pay to Mr. N-'s Banker, for an order on a house at Edinburgh, to remit the value to his mother. Air. N—— was fo much pleased when he heard of this, that he doubled the remittance to Carr's mother, and also furnished him with money sufficient to defray the expence of his journey through France to Edinburgh, where by my advice, he intends to citablish himself as a dancing-master, being one of the best dancers of an English hornpipe, a Scottish jigg, or a strathspey, that I ever It is a thousand pities that he continued so long at the shoemaking trade, because the constant ftooping has given a roundness to his back and fhoulders which hurts his air a little in dancing of a minuet; but he is to remain three weeks or a month at Paris to improve himfelf, which will remove that impediment.

"I defire, that you will put my namefake, little Geordy, to Mr. Carr's school, and I beg that you will affift him by your recommendation.

"I fend by Mr. Carr two tortoife-shell snuff-boxes, one for you, and the other for Mr. Macintosh; they are in the Neapolitan taste, only instead of their usual ornaments, I caused the maker to inlay the first with a golden thistle, with the inscription, Nemo me impune lacessit; and the other, with a cat rampant, which is the crest of the

Mackintoshes, and the motto, Touch not the cot bot * a glove. I hope you will accept of them as small tokens of my friendship to you both. I fend also a blue velvet bonnet as a new year's gift to little Geordy. I must now end this long letter, begging to be respectfully remembered to the laird of Clairvoky and his lady, to Mr. Hector Monro, and his cousin Æneas, to black Colin Campbell, and blind Saunders, and to all enquiring friends on the water of Enrick; and so my dear Archy,

I remain your affectionate coufin, George Buchanan."

CHAP. LXXIII.

Dawfon's Letter.

ALTHOUGH the Baronet could not with propriety get a fight of the letter which Dawfon had been fo long and fo carefully composing for the benefit of his friend Ben Jackson, we have the good fortune to procure a copy, faithfully taken from the original; which is here inferted as a companion to the foregoing.

---Shire.

Engliteer.

DEAR BEN,

Having received yours per courfe, this ferves to let you know, that I am well and hearty, and fo is Sir ——; but as for Mr. Steele, he had a fall

from his horse in taking a very easy leap, which hurt him a little, but he is growing better, thank God, for he is as good a foul and as generous to fervants as any alive:-it was all the horse's fault, that I must say in justice to Mr. Steele, who put more trust in his lazy toad than he deserved; being deceived by the owner, who pretended he was a very good leaper. Now to fay the truth, I have nor feen many tolerable horses sit for hunting in all this town; and as for the women, about which your fifter Befs makes enquiry, they are all for the most part painted, at least their faces; then for the rest they hardly ever nick their tails, I mean of the horfes for England is the only country for horses and women. I do not believe that all Paris can produce the like of Eclipfe, and your fifter Befs.

Since you and your fifter Bess desire it, I shall now write to you a little about the description of this here town and country. In my own private opinion, Paris is but a tiresome town to live in, for there is none of the common necessaries of life, as porter or good ale; and as for their bees, they boil it to rags. Wine to be sure is cheaper here, but not so strong and genuine as in Lon-

don.

I have been at the French King's palace, which they call Verfailles in their language; it is out of town, the fame as Kew or Windfor is with our king. I went first and foremost to see the stables, which to be sure is very grand, and there they have some very good looking horses, especially English hunters: it grieved me to see so many of our own best subjects in the service of

our lawful enemy, which to be fure the French

King is.

We little think how many of our fellow-creatures are feduced from England to diffant countries, and exposed to the worst of usage, from both the French and Spaniards; for none of them know how an English horse ought to be treated.

When I was at Verfailles, I faw the Dowfiness, which is all the same as the Prince of Wales's wife with us; she is one of the prettiest women I have seen in France, being very fair and blooming, and more like an English woman than a French, and not unlike your fister Bess, only her dress was different.

She rides like the ladies in England, with both her legs on the fame fide of the horse, whereas I have feen many women fince I came abroad ride on horseback like men, which I think a bad contrivance, and I am furprifed their hufbands permit it. But I am told the women here do whatever they pleafe, for all over France "the grey mare is the better horse." Yet what contradicts this, and which I cannot account for, is what I heard my Lord D---'s butler tell yesterday; which is this, that by a law which he mentioned, but I have forgot its name, though it founded fomething like a leek .- By that there law, he faid, that no woman can be king in France; that is, he did not mean by way of a bull, for he is of English parentage, born at Kilkenny, but he meant that no woman can ever be queen in France, as our women in England are. As for instance, suppose the king has no fons, but only a daughter, then when the king dies, this here daughter,

daughter, according to that there law cannot be made queen, but the next near relation, provided he is a man, is made king, and not the last king's daughter, which to be sure is very unjust. But you will say, can there be no queen in France then? Yes, whoever the king marries is queen; and as long as her husband lives the may govern him, and rule the nation as much as she pleases; but when he dies, she is not permitted to rule any longer, except the next king pleases.

Now this fliews, and you may tell your fifter Befs fo, that in spite of all the coaxing and courting which the French use to the women, yet they are false-hearted towards them at the bottom, and do not respect them so much as to the main point, as we English does; and yet one of those d-d Parlivoos will go farther with some women in a day, than an Englishman in a month -all owing to their impudence for a common man has as much impudence in France as a manmidwife has in England. By the bye, Ben, I wonder that you allow Tournelle, my Lord's French fervant, to be fo much with your fifter Bels; he pretends to teach her the French cortillong, but who knows what fort of cortillongs he may try to teach her; in my own opinion, old John Lancathire could teach her dancing as well, and this would be more decent for the reputation of her virtue: But you need not thew this part of my letter to Bess, but make your own me of it.

I have feen the French horse guards which they call Jangdarms; the men are imart-looking young fellows enough, but the horses are poor washy things in comparison of our dragoons. The Swifs guards are front men, clothed in fearlet, the fame as our foldiers; but they have montraches on their lips like the rateatcher in St. Giles's.

The French foot guards are dreffed in blue, and all the marching regiments in white, which has a very foolish appearance for foldiers; and as for blue regimentals, it is only fit for the blue horse

or the artillery.

I believe the French army would have no great chance with our troops in a fair battle upon plain ground. It is lucky for the Mounfeers, that there is no road by land between Dover and Calais; but as it is, I wonder the king does not fend fome regiments by fea to take Paris, which could make no great reliftance; for there is no walls round the town, and there would be a good deal

of plunder.

But after all, I like Paris better than Naples, though it is so near Mount Vesuvius, which all ftrangers go to fee, the fame as they do St. Paul's, the Monument, and lions in the Tower of London: it is to be fure continually fmoaking and throwing out flery athes and other combustibles, fuch as none of our English mountains does .-I went one night to the top of it with Mr. N——'s valet Buchanan, and one Duncan Targe, another Scotchman; I thought I should have been choked with the fmoke and fulphurous finell. But as for Buchanan and Targe, it gave them no diffurbance; the reason of which I take to be, that the Scotch are accurded from their infancy to brimfrom and bad finells in their own country. I do not fay this by way of difparagement to them two, who are not bad kind of men-only a little proud; but

but of the Scotch in general, who in my opinion ought to be reftrained by act of parliament to their own country, otherwife I do believe, in my confcience, fooner or later, they will eat up old

England.

I have fent unto you, by the bearer, a pappy mashee tobacco box, and a dozen pair of gloves, for your fifter Befs, who will also deliver to you this letter, which I have taken three days in writing, to oblige you and Bess; and I durst not write by the post, for if the French found this letter, they would take me up for a fpy, and thut me up in the Baftile during my life; and in England I am told all foreign letters are opened by the miniftry, in which case this might bring you into trouble, because of the box and gloves, which being counterband against the act of parliament, the king would be enraged if he knew of fuch a thing, which stands to reason, all sinuggled goods being fo much money out of his pocket.—All from dear Ben, with my kind love to your fifter Befs.

Your fervant to command,

THOMAS DAWSON.

CHAP. LXXIV.

A Letter from the Baronet to the Honorable Mr. N----

A FEW posts after the arrival of this packet, Mr. N—— received the following letter from his uncle:

My Dear Edward, Paris.

I will now give you a little more of Carr the Scot, and the English seamen.-In consequence of Dawfon's having mentioned to his mafter, that the latter feemed fickly, and was but very indifferently accommodated in lodgings, Steele had the humanity to do what I ought to have done, but which I confess I neglected. He sent a physician to vifit him, who having given it as his opinion, that the young Englishman required nothing but rest and proper diet to re-establish his health, Mr. Steele then fent for the landlord of the house where Carr and he were quartered, defiring that he would immediately give them a more convenient apartment, and let the young man have that particular diet which the doctor recommended; for all which he indemnified the man by an immediate advance of money, and fent a meffage to the failor, that he wished to see him as soon as he could eafily walk to the hotel, which was at no great distance from their inn.

Carr and Warren came together two days after receiving this message; the latter is a well-looking man, of about twenty-three or twenty-four years.

of age; he appeared emaciated, but is naturally of a front conflitution, and mends daily. He was defired to fit down, and he gave a fhort account of his difafters and long refidence in Persia, in a modest and fensible manner.

But I leave you to imagine our furprise and pleasure, when in the course of the conversation we discovered that this failor is brother to Lady Elizabeth's young friend Mifs Warren; the fame who went in a frigate as a midshipman to the East Indies the year before her father's death, and was fupposed to have been lost in the passage, as neither the veffel nor any of the crew were afterwards heard of. You must remember Lady Elizabeth's relating those circumstances to you and to me at N- House, one day after Miss Warren lest the room, which fhe did on your mentioning an East India ship's having struck on a bank in going out of the Channel; and your aunt at the fame time begged of you to be guarded in your difcourfe in that young lady's company, as every hint relative to naval engagements or thipwrecks was apt to rouse within her mind the painful recollection of her own family misfortunes. not attempt to describe young Warren's joy, on my informing him that I was acquainted with his fifter, and that the was well and happily fituated; nor how fuddenly that joy was checked, when he inquired about his father. "I answered, "I had heard nothing of him very lately;" but the youth had observed, that Steele made a fadden involuntary movement at the question, and he saw me look forrowful when I made the answer. "Alas", cried he, wringing his hands, my father is dead -I shall never see him more." We were filent, which

which rendered his fuspicions certainty. The young man then burst into tears; after allowing them to flow for some time in silence, I told him that his father had died in battle, exerting himfelf gallantly in the cause of his country. The satisfaction which this communicated was visible through his tears; he made me repeat all the circumstances I knew, again and again. I shall never forget the emotion and ardour which appeared in the youth's countenance while he listened.—" My father," cried he with exultation, " was a brave officer." "That he was," said I.—" I had the honor of knowing him; his behaviour during the action in which he fell was praised, and his death regretted by the whole sleet." The young man continued to shed tears.

Steele is a worthy fellow-I like him more and more; he took hold of Warren's hand, and was going to fay fomething confolatory to him, but his voice failing he also burst into tears, and he only could utter the words damn it, while he haftily rubbed his eyes, in a kind of indignation, at finding himfelf crying. I faid every thing that I imagined could footh young Warren; -we ordered an apartment for him at our hotel; -poor Carr was exceedingly happy; he faid he had always suspected that Mr. Warren was of genteel parentage, and even attempted to make an apology for fome parts of his own behaviour which he thought had been too familiar. You may eafily conceive how this was received by one of Warren's fenfibility; he shook him by the hand, called him his benefactor, and faid he would never forget what he owed to him. Carr however declared he knew what belonged to a gentleman and the fon of an officer,

officer, and only defired leave to continue to attend him in quality of a fervant till his arrival in England; and notwithstanding all Warren could urge, he would remain with him on no other conditions.

I have prevailed on this young man to accept of my credit for what is immediately necessary for his defcent equipment. All his misfortunes have not damped his fondness for his profession. He has no views nor hopes independent of it; and his most ardent wish after seeing his sister, is to return to his duty, in the hopes of promotion as an officer. Steele is wonderfully attached to him, and Warren seems to have the warmest esteem or most grateful affection for Steele; who is now so well that we think of leaving this in a few days, and my next letter, I hope, will be dated from N— House. God bless you, my dear Edward!



CHAP. LXXV.

A fecond Letter from the Baronet to the Honourable Mr. N—.

TWO or three weeks after this, Mr. N—received another letter from his uncle, of which what follows is an extract.

"Our reception at N—— House was most joyful; Steele's mother and his uncle Transfer

were both there when we arrived. The former flew with impatience into her fon's arms before he had finished his compliments to your father and Lady Elizabeth. Transfer affured Steele as he shook him by the hand, that he was not so happy even at the peace, although he had then gained fix thousand pounds by the rise of stock. the mother, uncle, and nephew were entertaining each other, I presented young Warren to his sister. The tenderness of this scene exceeds my power of description; your father was moved even to tears, while Lady Elizabeth beheld it with a finile of ferene satisfaction. I do not know how to account for this, for who is more alive to the feelings of humanity than her Ladyship? Perhaps she had anticipated the meeting in her imagination; fo that when it actually took place, nothing happened but what the had foreseen; whereas your father was taken by furprife, or perhaps Lady Elizabeth's attention to support her young friend during this pathetic interview prevented her from being fo much affected herfelf as the would otherwife have been.

"Young Warren behaved with great propriety, for his behaviour was natural. His first expressions were those of the most affectionate tenderness for his fister; his next of gratitude to Lady Elizabeth and your father, for the parental kindness they had shown to his orphan fister; the mention of which brought the recollection of their own father into the minds of both. The fine countenance of Miss Warren, bathed in tears, fell upon her brother's shoulder, while he, greatly agitated, was scarcely able to sustain her and himself.

" In this attitude they continued for fome time in the midst of a group too much affected to give

them any interruption.

" Miss Warren seemed to recover herself, and attempting to apologize to the company, Lady Elizabeth took her by the hand, and faid, " I beg you will come with me, my dear, I have something to say to you." Then supporting Miss Warren with one hand, and drawing her brother after her with the other, she conducted both into another room. "You must have many things to communicate in which you will be under restraint from the presence of even your best friends." So saying, she left them together, and returned to the company.

"Mrs. Steele was inclined to have a tete-a-tete with her fon; but Transfer, who observed her drawing him apart, opposed it, unless he were admitted of the party; he swore he loved his nephew as well as his sister could love her son, and he had no notion of allowing him to be seduced

from him on the very day of his arrival.

"After Warren and his fifter had been together about an hour, he called in Carr, when the young Lady was most desirous of seeing. She seems almost in love with this fellow ever since her brother informed her of Carr's behaviour to him; and respects him so much for the goodness of his heart, that she cannot bear to hear him turned into ridicule on any account.

"I read Buchanan's letter the other day to your father and Lady Elizabeth. We laughed a little at an expression in it concerning Carr's air in dancing a minuet. Miss Warren did not quite relish the jest. I do in my conscience believe that had

a man, with the face and person of the Belvidere Apollo, neglected her brother in his distress, no future attention to herself could have made this young Lady respect him so much as she does this

poor fellow.

"The enthusiastic affection of Miss Warren for her brother bodes well for our friend Steele, who is her paffionate admirer as much as ever; and if I am not greatly miftaken, the Lady views him already in a different light from what she did before he went abroad. I am so much convinced of this, that I have ventured to give Steele fome encourageing hints to that purpole. Your father also wishes him to renew his addresses, and I am certain that Steele's heart prompts him to the fame; his natural diffidence, however, joined to the abhorrence he has for importuning any body, have hitherto restrained him; he derives little encouragement from Miss Warren's affable behaviour to him, which he entirely imputes to complaifance for her brother, whose friendship for Steele increases daily. But in my opinion, independent of all confideration of her brother, the damfel herfelf now views honeft Scele with other eyes than fhe did formerly. Indeed both your father and Lady Elizabeth declare that he is improved in many respects by his travels. Possibly you may lay claim to part of the honour of this, for I believe you were his only ami du voyage. Adieu, my dear Edward. I rejoice in the accounts of your continued good health, and hope you will fray no longer abroad than the time requifite for confirming it, fo as that you may never again need to quit Old England on that account.

CHAP.

CHAP. LXXVI.

Prudent Conduct of Laura.

It is now full time to return to Laura, from whom the reader may perhaps think we have been abfent too long. When we left her, fhe had prevailed on Signora Sporza to write to Carloftein, and had feen his answer, wherein he gave affurances not to give the least hint to his friend Capt. Seidlits of the ill-footing on which Zeluco and his fifter were. After the discovery made by the maid to Signora Sporza, it was no longer in Laura's power to adhere to the plan she had formed, by avoiding converfations with Signora Sporza on a topic which she introduced as often as they were together by themselves. And in the course of those conversations Signora Sporza made no scruple of giving it as her opinion, that Laura ought not to submit herself to the caprices and ill-humour of a man she did not love, and whom it was imposible she ever should; one, whose love for her was already exhaufted, and which, if it should ever return, must, now that his true character had developed itself, prove a curse, not a blesling to his wife: the best measure which Laura could adopt therefore, was to inform her mother and brother of the true state of the case, and to separate, on the best terms they could procure, from her hufband for ever.

Nothing was more earneftly defired by Laura than a feparation upon any terms from Zeluco; but as this could not be done without informing her mother of the mifery of her fituation, fhe could not bear to give a parent, for whom she felt the most tender affection, the remorfe of thinking that she had been the most active cause of her child's misery. She was also asraid of her brother, whom she knew to be of a temper to call her husband to a severe account for his conduct towards her, the consequences of which in every point of view appeared to her dreadful; a third consideration, it is probable, had some weight with her—she had reason to believe she was with child.

Laura, therefore, infifted firmly with Signora Sporza to be allowed to judge for herfelf in this particular, and convinced her that she should be highly offended if Signora Sporza gave the least hint of the terms on which she was with her husband to her brother, or any other person. What had already happened, however, made Carlostein an exception; and Signora Sporza indemnished herfelf for the restraint she was obliged to use to others by speaking her sentiments very freely to him, even in the presence of Laura, on this sub-

ject, which now engrossed her thoughts.

Notwithstanding the precautions which Laura took to keep her mother from the knowledge of what would give her too much uneasines, if that lady had not been a little dazzled by the glitter of magnificence which appeared in the equipages and domestic establishments of Zeluco, and flattered by his specious behaviour to herself, she would have discovered that her daughter was unhappy. With regard to Captain Scidlits, he thought his sister so very amiable in all respects, that it never entered into his mind that the man who possessed her, and who could have no motive but love for his original attachment to her, did not think himself

felf happy in the acquisition; and although it fometimes occurred to him, from the pensive and melancholy air of his fifter, that she might not be so very fond of her husband as could be wished, he considered that as a misfortune which she had in common with many women, and for which there was no remedy; and he turned his thoughts from it as from an idea which if indulged could only plague himself, without being of service to his sifter.

It has been already remarked, that the many fine qualities and accomplishments which Laura possessed, and would have fixed the esteem and affection of a man of worth and sentiment, had little attraction for the jaded senses and corrupt taste of Zeluco, who sought in venal beauty and in variety a relief from commi, and its never-failing companion ill-humour; but all those palliations, instead of diminishing were found to augment the incurable disease under which this wretched man laboured; who, when he became unsupportable to himself, often endeavoured to exhaust the virulence which corroded his own breast upon her, who, before she knew him, had never known what ennui or ill-humour was.

Diftrefling, however, as his ill-temper was, it did not feem fo dreadful in the eyes of his wife, as the returns of fondness with which he was occasionally seized; and sometimes, from unaccountable caprice, those fits of fondness would come immediately after he had been insulting her with the most unprovoked ill usage. An attachment, therefore, which Zeluco formed about this time, and was considered as a source of great affliction to his wife, proved in reality one of the most com-

fortable

fortable incidents to her that had occurred fince her marriage.



CHAP. LXXVII.

Nering.

genus huic materna superbum Nobilitas dabat, incertum de patre serebat.

VIRG.

TWO ladies had lately arrived at Naples; one of them an elderly woman, the other about three or four and twenty, and of uncommon beauty. The account given of them by the banker on whom they had a credit, and which was supported by letters to individuals at Naples, was, that the youngest had a moderate fortune in her own possession, on which she lived in a genteel and independent manner, and had come to pass a few months at Naples, that she might enjoy the benefit of a purer air than that of Rome; that the elder lady was aunt to the younger, and the widow of an officer; that she was in reduced circumstances, and dependent on her niece.

Such was the account given of those two ladies,

whose real history was as follows:

The young one, whose name was Nerina, was the offspring of a secret amour between an unmarried woman of family in Genoa, and a musician. The affair had been hushed up; the lady being delivered at the house of a semale relation in the country, the infant given to the wise of a pea-

fant to fuckle, and the father retiring to Venice, where he lived on the profits of his profession, and on the money which he received from the child's mother. His demands became more exorbitant than it was in her power to fatisfy; he wrote menacing letters, but no threats could procure from her or her relations what fatisfied the orapacity of the mufician; on which he formed a scheme to carry away the child from the peafant's cottage, and convey her to his own house at Venice. He succeeded in his project by the connivance of the maid who had the care of the child. Having this pledge in his hands, he imagined that the mother or her relations would be more folicitous to furnish him with money: it happened otherwife; the unhappy mother retired to a convent, where in a short time the was seized with a fever, of which she died. After this her relations fet the mufician at defiance, and gave themselves no farther trouble about him or the child. The mufician was a man of the most profligate principles and manners; he lived with a woman of the fame character, who was a finger at the Opera. With this couple Nerina was edncated; the had a pretty good voice, and promited to be remarkably handsome. They expected that in a fhort time the circumstances of the family would be greatly augmented by a proper use of both; but Nerina was not of a disposition to fhare the profits arising from her perfonal accomplishments with any person whatever; at the age of fifteen therefore the abandoned her father's house, and the territories of the Republic, in company with a Venetian Nobleman. She was acquainted with the circumstances of her own birth;

birth; and although in her disposition she had more affinity with her father than with her unfortunate mother, yet in conversation she feemed to consider herself as descended from her mother alone, and never mentioned her father, more than if the had not known of his existence. She lived with the Venetian, till his flow of money, which was confiderable at the beginning of their o connexion, began to ebb; she then left him for a young Englishman, with whom she embarked in a high tide of fortune, and at last quitted him for the fame reason that she had quitted the Venetian. She afterwards established herself at Rome, and willing to acquire a decent character, she took an elderly woman into her fervice, who she pretended was a relation of her mother's, and lived for fome time with as much affected modefly as a great deal of natural impudence would permit.

It is faid that people are apt through life to fet too great a value on those things which they have found it difficult to procure in their youth, and too little on those to which they have been accustomed. Norma had been bred in a family in which there was a great scarcity of money, and a profusion of what is sometimes, however improperly, called love. Whether it was owing to this, or from whatever cause it proceeded, certain it is, that Nerina, in all her dealings, shewed the utmost attention to the former, and made

very little or no account of the other.

While Nerina lived in this decent flyle at Rome, the was protected by a certain Cardinal, who fometimes faw her in feeret, and by whose friend-thip the flattered herself that the thould be enabled to pass the rest of her life without having

necd

need of other protectors; but before the could get matters arranged to her fatisfaction, an accident happened to the Cardinal, which according to his own calculation thould not have happened for feveral years, and which Nerina did not with for till the arrangements above-mentioned had taken place. The Cardinal died the day after he had passed an evening with Nerina, during which he had been more profuse than ever of his friend-ship.

Nerina was fo violently affected by this premature accident, that in her rage, the could not abfain from many abusive expressions against his Eminence, for having so long delayed what she thought it was his duty to have performed; but her passion subsiding by degrees, she at length mustered up all her philosophy, which directed her, without farther loss of time, to have recourse to several protectors to indemnify her for

her loss of one of the Cardinals importance.

Among those was a young man of a noble family of Milan, who became desperately in love with her, and for whom she affected a reciprocal stame, but with this difference, that the young man's continued to burn with undiminished fervour after the fuel which fed Nerina's was quite exhausted. As soon as she perceived that his money was gone, and understood that he had but distant hopes of a fresh supply, a chilling alteration seemed to take place in the boson of Nerina; and the youth, instead of similes and caresses, was received with formality and cold politeness.

The imprudent youth, unable to bear this kind of behaviour from a person who commanded all his affection, proposed marriage as the only re-

compence

compence he could make to her, now that his finances were exhaufted.

This offer made an immediate impression on the mind, and fome alteration on the behaviour of Nerina; but after weighing every circumstance and balancing the advantages and difadvantages of closing with the proposal, she concluded that it would be attended with more trouble than she was willing to bestow, and more risk than she chose to run. She therefore fell on means, without appearing to have given the information, of acquainting her lover's relations that he had got into bad company at Rome, and that if he were not removed immediately, he was in danger of taking an irretrievable step of the most fatal confequence to his honour and happiness. She amused the youth himself with evasive answers, till one of his relations arrived at Rome, with peremptory orders from his father, for his immediate return to Milan; which the young man with infinite reluctance at length obeyed, after mutual oaths of eternal love, and many tears on his part as well as that of Nerina, whose agent received a liberal recompence for the intelligence.

The young man being thus ditposed of, and Nerina having a desire to see Naples, she did not think those acquaintance whom she had occasionally seen, unknown to her Milanese lover, and to each other, of importance enough to induce

her to baulk her fancy.

She went accordingly, and established herself with her pretended aunt, in the manner that has been mentioned.

CHAP.

CHAP. LXXVIII.

Il y a dans la jalousie plus d'amour propre que d'amour. Rocherougault.

ZELUCO accidentally meeting with Nerina, was fufficiently touched with her face and figure, to wifh to cultivate her acquaintance. He found no infurmountable obstacle to this, but Nerina, knowing him to be a man of great fortune, thought it worth her while to use all her powers of attraction, which, to a man of Zeluco's character, were very strong, till by degrees she cherished what was only a transient desire into a vio-

lent passion.

He wished however to conceal his connection with Nerina from his wife and her relations; and although he visited her very frequently, it was always in fecret, fo that their intimacy might have remained much longer unknown had all the world taken as little pains to difcover it as Laura, and her relations. But Laura received two letters in one day, both from unknown and fincere friends, giving her a faithful account of her husband's intimacy with Nerina; and explaining how flie might detect it. One of those friends was a woman with whom Zeluco had intrigued, and who took this step to be revenged of him for his infidelity; the other was a lady who suspected that her husband was fond of Laura, and hated her on that account, although well convinced that he would not fucceed. It would have been mortifving to those two benevolent creatures, had they known how very little their intelligence affected VOL. II. \mathbf{H} Laura. Laura. She was in the act of throwing their letters into the fire when her hufband entered the room: "You feem very eager to burn those letters," faid he. "Their contents are of a nature too indifferent for me to be eager about them," replied she.—"Pray, who are they from, if it be not a secret?" added he.—"It is a secret?" faid she.—"Indeed!" faid he, snatching one of the letters that was not consumed from the sire, "may I be admitted as a confident?" You had better not read it," faid Laura coolly, and without attempting to take it from him.—"Why so?" said he. "Because," replied she, the contents will be as little satisfactory to you as the method of obtaining them is honourable.

"So you are afraid of my reading it," faid he. "I have no fears on the fubject, faid the, walk-

ing towards the door.

"Stay, Madam," cried Zeluco, who knew the hand, and having observed the name of Nerina in the letter, suspected the contents; "I have no intention of reading this scroll, only your affecting not to know from whom it came, surprized me." "It is no affectation, I have not the least notion," said Laura.—"What then, they were both anonymous?"—"They were," added the.—"Some jeft, I suppose," said he, throwing the letter again into the sire, "or perhaps some piece of malice."—"Very possible," said she, and left the room.

While Zeluco had held the half-confirmed letter in his hand, he recognized the writing of the lady with whom he himself had intrigued. Knowing the jealousy of her disposition, and perceiving perceiving Nerina's name in the middle of the letter, he immediately suspected its contents; and albeit, unused to the blushing mood, he underwent something approaching to it, on perceiving that he had betrayed unjust suspecious of his wife, at the very instant that she received information of his own insidelity.

For fome time after this incident, Zeluco behaved with more attention to Laura, and affected a greater flure of good humour than was natural to him, while the fluewed no fymptom of being in any degree affected by the intelligence conveyed in the anonymous letters; nor did the ever after by any allution or hint revive the recollection of them.

In the mean while Mr. N—— prevailed on Captain Seidlits to make a tour with him into the two Calabrias, and other parts of the kingdom of Naples. Carloftein having declined to accompany them, faying as he was to remain in Italy after Seidlits, he would postpone it. Zeluco became daily more intoxicated with Nerina; she almost continually occupied his thoughts, and engrossed the greatest part of his time, so that Laura was left at more freedom and in greater tranquillity than she had ever enjoyed since her

marriage.

Her husband's vanity with regard to her was confiderably abated, so that he no longer insisted, as he had done formerly, on her appearing at every assembly and public place; he was better pleased that the should remain at home at her mother's, or at Signora Sporza's while he was passing his time with Nerina, and of course being missed from assemblies, it might be believed that he was keeping his wife company.

H 2

Laura's fociety at this period therefore was confined to her mother, Signora Sporza, and Carlostein; the latter she saw almost every day, and frequently had opportunities of conversing with him alone at the house of Signora Sporza. This too indulgent friend being exceedingly affected at the fettled gloom which fhe well faw had overspread the mind of Laura, and which flie thought the company and conversation of Carloftein alone had the power of diffipating, contrived frequent means of bringing them together; and this she did with such address, that they feemed to happen by accident, and without any previous arrangement on her part. Nothing could be more imprudent than the conduct of Signora Sporza, in leading her young friend into fuch flippery fituations, which she did however from no other inducement than the pleasure she took in feeing Laura pleafed and in-good spirits; as for Zeluca, the thought he richly deferved the worst that could happen, for, in her opinion, he had already put it out of his wife's power to do him injustice; but there is one consideration, which, had it occurred to Signora Sporza, would have inade her act very differently from what the did; and that is, the effect that any effential ill conduct would have had on the mind of Laura herfelf. Signora Sporza did not reflect that had this been the case, no alleviation from peculiar circumstances, no provocation on the part of her hufband, no certainty of concealment, and no confideration of whatever kind, could have made a woman of Laura's difposition forgive herfelf, or could have reftored her that peace of mind without which happiness cannot exist. It

It must be owned that the virtue of few women was ever placed in a more perilous fituation than that of Laura, when it is confidered that the had a fixed and well grounded aversion for her hufband, constantly kept alive by fresh provocations; for the was by turns teafed by his caprices, abufed by his unprovoked rage, infulted by his groundless jealousies, and stimulated by his infidelity; while a most aniable and accomplished man, for whom the could not help feeling a great partiality, was defperately in love with her, and with whom flie had frequent opportunities of being alone. She received a fecond letter from one of her anonymous correspondents, informing her, that her husband and one of his associates, with Nerina, who was also to have a companion, had formed a party to pais a few days at Cafferta and other places, and were to fet out that very day. Laura was as little affected by this letter as the former; she threw it into the fire, and thought no more of it.

That very day, Zeluco, without the fhadow of provocation, but in the mere wantonness of caprice, behaved to her in the most infolent and brutal manner, telling her, "that her favourite," meaning the Nobleman who had the favourite with Carloscin, "had abrudoned her, and set out for Venice, and he supposed that was the cause of her low spirits; on her keeping silence, he told her that her silence proceeded from info-

lence and pride."

"You are mistaken," said Laura; "I never auts insolent, and I never had less reason to be proud; I was filent from contempt of an accusation which I cannot think you yourself believe to have any foundation."

" Contempt!" cried Zeluco, fiercely.

" Contempt of a groundless accusation," replied Laura.

"Your contempt is affected, Madam," faid

Zeluco; "but your melancholy is real."

" My melancholy is indeed real," faid Laura,

bursting into tears.

After uttering some shocking observations on her being so much affected, and the supposed cause, he said, "I am going to the country for a few days, Madam, and leave you to mourn that your mignon is not at hand to comfort you during my absence."



CHAP. LXXIX.

The Portrait.

LAURA gave free way to the fulness of her forrow for a considerable time after her husband left her, but at last, fearing that her mother might call and observe the traces of affliction on her countenance, she went to Signora Sporza's, that she might have time to recover herself, in some degree, before she should meet with Madame de Seidlits.

The fervant did not know that the Baron Carloftein was with his miftrefs, he therefore told Laura that Signora Sporza was alone, and immediately introducing her into the room where she found them conversing together.

" I have

"I have been just telling the Baron, my dear," fald Signora Sporza to Laura as the entered, "that I have a letter to write, I beg therefore

you will entertain him till I return."

Carloftein perceived the marks of anguith which the last scene with her husband had left on the countenance of Laura; and he conjectured rightly respecting the cause. Without asking a question, or uttering a fyllable, his countenance expressed a thousand tender inquietudes on her account. After a confiderable filence, he at length faid, "Would to Heaven, Madam, it were in my power to alleviate your forrow, or contribute in any degree to your happiness."

"My happiness!" repeated Laura, raising her

fpread hands, and throwing up her eyes to

Heaven.

"Yes, Madam," cried Carloftein with great emotion; "your happiness, which is dearer to me than my own, or rather which, more than

any perfonal concern, is my own."

"Ah! why," faid Laura, "fhould your fair prospects be obscured by the tempests in which mine-," here the checked herfelf, and then added, "my thoughts are diffurbed, Sir, I am not well.—I know not what I fav."

"I have long dreaded," faid Carloftein, "that you were not fortunate in all your connections; but you are bleffed in fome beyond the ufual lot; you have the best of mothers, a brother who adores you, and friends who would cheerfully expose themselves to every fatigue and danger to ferve you."

" My brother, Sir," faid Laura, " first taught me to value his friend; I learned the leffon in my H 4 childhood.

childhood, and it were vain for me to affect not being pleased with the interest you take in me; but a feries of unlucky incidents have involved me in a net of misery from which the endeavours of all my friends cannot difentangle me. - Happiness and tranquillity are fled far from me,-I attempt not to recover what is beyond my grafp." Here the burst into a fresh slood of tears, and Carlostein had bathed her hand with his, while in the excess of her despair, she was insensible that he had hold of it. He attempted to comfort her by every fuggestion that could convey hope or confolation .- "No!" exclaimed fhe; "death must be my only comforter; there is no hope for fo complete a wretch as I am, but in the grave; and miserable creature that I am," resumed she, after a pause; "I cannot without reluctance even wish for that last refuge of the miserable; how can I have the heart to wish for ease to myself, knowing as I do, that it cannot be obtained but at the expence of my poor mother, who would be left a prey to remorfe, horror, and defpair."

Carloftein then in the most sympathising manner, and with all the eloquence of passion, declared the highest esteem and attachment to her; that he would consider it as the greatest honour and happiness he could ever enjoy to attempt whatever could tend to her ease or satisfaction; that he esteemed fortune, and life itself, as valuable only in as much as they should enable him to serve her, whose happiness was far dearer to him

than life.

"Alas;" cried Laura, "the completion of my mifery is the being fentible that you can be of no fervice to me. I am convinced that your generous friendship would excite you to exertions of disticulty and danger in my favour; but I am in that hopeless state, that my best friends, those united to me by blood, as well as those attached by sentiment, must struggle equally in vain to free me from the horrid rock of misery to which I am fixed by chains which no earthly hand can break,"

" Accurfed chains!" cried Carloftein, "they were forged in hell, and ought not to bind an angel!"

"They will ever bind me," faid Laura.

"Olovelieft and dearest of women!" cried Carlostein, with enthusiasm; "why did I not know you sooner; often did I hear the praises of the accomplished Laura Seidlits—whom I had only seen in childhood; but could I imagine there was such perfection, such elegance, such soulfubduing leveliness, united in woman!"

Declarations of this nature, uttered with all the energy of truth and paffion, by a graceful and amiable man, for whom the had the warmers friendship, at a time when the was full of indignation at the brutal behaviour of a hated husband, could not fail to make a lively impression on the heart of Laura, endued with exquisite fensibility, and formed for friendship, and love.

"Why did not your brother and I," exclaimed Carloftein, "follow you to Italy fooner? Why did we loiter at Berlin and Vienna while the fiends were weaving this web of wretchedness? O! would to heaven we had hurried directly to Naples!"

" Would you had!" faid Laura, in a languid voice.

"Blefs you—blefs you, my angel, for that wish!" cried Carlostein, encircing her waist with his arms.

In this fituation Laura feemed for a fhort time to have loft the power of recollection; but raifing her eyes, they met the portrait of her father, which hung on the opposite wall of the room.—She gave a sudden scream and struggled to get free.

" What is the matter, my angel?" faid Carloftein.

"Ah! looofe me;—unhand me, Sir," cried fhe, with a voice of terror, and fprung from his yielding arms.

" What terrifies you?" faid he.

"Look there!" cried fhe, pointing to the portrait.

" I fee a picture," faid Carloftein.

"I fee an angry father," faid Laura, with a

trembling voice.

Carloftein then endeavoured to footh and calm her fpirits by the most endearing expressions; but as often as he approached her, she moved from him, and entreated him to be gone.

"If I have offended you," cried he, "most

earnestly do I beg your forgiveness."

" I cannot forgive myfelf," replied Laura.

"In what are you to blame, angel of purity?" exclaimed he.

"Leave me; O leave me!" repeated fhe; it is not meet for us to be thus together.—Pray withdraw."

"When shall I see you again?" faid Carlostein, in a plaintive voice.

" You

"You shall hear from me foon," answered the; "but at present, if you have any esteem for me, leave me."

"Carloftein retired, and Laura turning to the portrait of her father, continued for a confiderable time contemplating it with carneftness, and then exclaimed, "Bleffed effigy of one to whom honour was dearer than life, how much am I beholden to you!"

When Signora Sporza returned, fhe feemed furprifed at the abience of Carloftein. Laura faid, he was obliged to go, and immediately turned

the discourse to other subjects.

The two following days Carloftein found no opportunity of feeing Laura; being uneafy at the idea of having offended her, he told Signora Sporza that he was afraid her friend had mifunderftood fome part of his conduct which he wished to explain, and begged she would deliver a letter for that purpose, as he was unwilling to fend it by a fervant.

Signora Sporza complied with his request, and the next day prefented him with the following unswer from Laura.

" To the Baron Carlostein.

"The uneafines you express at the idea of my being displeased with you, may now be at an ends—I never thought you capable of any formed plant inconsistent with my honour. But I am sensible that the pleasure I took in your conversation, and in the thoughts of your friendship, has led me into improprieties and dangers which a prudent and virtuous woman should avoid.

" The

"The ties by which I am bound to my hufband are facred, however miferable they render me. Although his behaviour deprives him of my esteem, it cannot justify my ill conduct.

" Having faid this, you cannot, with reason, blame the resolution I have taken, never again to meet you alone. I am persuaded, my cousin Sporza would not have permitted such meetings if she had not a higher opinion of me than I deserve.

" It will be in vain for you to endeavour to prove the innocence or fafety of our meeting as formerly; the only effect of fuch an attempt would be to diminish the good opinion I entertain of you.

"Adieu, and may Heaven blefs you! Every proof of regard and confidence, confiftent with duty, you may always expect from the wretched

" LAURA."

CHAP. LXXX.

— Miferi quibus Intentata nites.

Hor.

HOWEVER vexed Carlostein was at the thoughts of being deprived of the pleasure of seeing Laura as formerly, he was too well convinced of the propriety of her condust, and too much afraid of losing her good opinion, to make any immediate attempt to prevail on her to alter it.

He immediately fignified, in a letter which Signora Sporza delivered to her, his gratitude for the friendthip with which the honoured him; adding, that although he perceived not any danger in the meetings which the had determined to difcontinue, yet he acquiefced in her decifion, and would conform himfelf in that, and in every thing elfe, to her pleafure.

He faw her occasionally, however, at her own house, where he was frequently invited by Zeluco; and as, after the scene at Signora Sporza's, Laura's behaviour to Carlostein was a little more constrained than usual, Zeluco was more and more convinced that his wife struggled in vain to conceal

the diflike she had to him.

It is probable that he would have discovered his mistake in this particular, had not his mind been engrossed by his passion for Nerina, for whom he had taken a little villa at some distance from Naples, where his visits, he imagined, would be less observed than while she lived in town.

The

The fymptoms of pregnancy became aparent on Laura, which rendered the retirement the loved more expedient than ever; and as Zeluco was feldom at home, the was for feveral months almost entirely relieved from his jealoufy, ill-

humour, and fondness.

In truth, Nerina had as little affection for Zeluco as Laura had; but it was much easier for the one to fein fentiments which she had not, than the other; the first had been reared from her infancy in the school of dissimulation, in her all the alluring tricks of educated artifice were engrasted on a disposition naturally fraudulent. The other was habituated to truth; had she been inclined to dissemble, she must have failed from want of practice. And if both had been equally mistresses of deceit, still Nerina would have the easier task in affecting to love Zeluco; she only had to get the better of indifference, whereas Laura had to overcome aversion.

Zeluco had, from the hour of his marriage, observed extreme coldness in Laura; and although, from a very short period after their union, he had never been able so far to overcome the natural sulkiness of his character as to make a fair trial to gain her affection, yet he considered her want of it as a crime; for self-love made him think it impossible that a woman should be cold to him who was not capriciously prepossessed in favour of another.

Nerma had two objects in view: the one was to perfuade Zeluco that Laura was attached to another man; the other, that the herfelf was defperately fond of him. She had hitherto found no plaufible opportunity of infinuating the first,

but she endeavoured to convince him of the fecond by ten thousand little attentions, by flattering fits of jealousy, by occasional resistance, and other alurements, which she well knew how to vary opportunely; she had already drawn very considerable sums of money from him, and had acquired such an ascendency over him as she hoped to improve into a complete and absolute sway.

If Zeluco happened to dine for two days fucceffively at home, or to mention Laura with any degree of respect, he was sure soon after to find Nerina in apparent langour and oftentatious dejection of spirits: when questioned by him on the cause, she sighed, affected to hide her tears, and begged that he would not enquire into the caufe of that for which she had too much reason to fear there was no remedy. On being farther urged, the would fob, thiver, and fall into a convulfive faint; and when she had performed this with admirable nicety of action, the feemed to recover, and after a fresh discharge of tears lamented the feverity of her fate, in being passionately fond of a man who, after the facrifice flie had made, preferred another to her; and what was fill more mortifying, one who hated and despited him.

At other times the infinuated that his wife's relations formed a cabal to manage him entirely; that they had already taken advantage of the eafy generofity of his temper, and prevailed on him to fettle a large portion of his fortune on her and her children, and had plans of carrying their rapacious views still farther, so that in a short time he would be little more than a factor on his own estate.

CHAP. LXXXI.

The Displeasure of Captain Scidlits:—the Distress of Laura;—the Prudence of Carlossein,—and good Sense of Mr. N—.

SOME time after Seidlits returning from his tour he heard of this connexion with Nerina, and perceived, with an indignation which he could ill fupprefs, that Zeluco had not the fame degree of attention for Laura that he formerly displayed.

Captain Seidlits dropt fome expressions to that effect in the presence of his fister. She was alarmed at the consequence of his harbouring such a suspicion, and endeavoured to remove it; but fearing that she had not succeeded, she earnestly begged that he would not ruin her mother's peace by mentioning his suspicion to her.

"It is not to your mother, but to your hufband, I mean to talk on the occasion," faid he.

Laura then endeavoured to convince him of the impropriety of his interfering undefired between man and wife, adding, That she was sensible of the fraternal interest he took in whatever concerned her, that it was her pride and happiness to have such a friend and protector, and that she would apply to him freely when she needed his interposition.

Laura was fo distrustful of her brother's temper, that the renewed her remonstrances frequently on this subject. It happened once or twice that Zeluco entered the room on these very occasions,

733.

and the remarked with great pain, that Seidlits could with difficulty conceal his feelings, and that he returned the civilities of the other in a very cold manner.

This increased her sears so much, that, in the presence of Signora Sporza, she acquainted Carlostein with the cause of her uneasiness, and entreated him to watch over his friend, and endeavour to dissuade him from a conduct fraught with the most dismal consequences. Carlostein expressed his satisfaction at the considence which she placed in him, and promised to do every thing in his power to prevent what she dreaded.

Carloftein from after happened to meet his friend Seidlits walking by himfelf, and ruminating on the various inflances he had observed of neglect or ill-usage on the part of Zeluco towards

Laura.

"You feem thoughtful, my friend," faid Carloftein; "fomething vexes you."

" Something does vex me," faid Seidlits.

"You do not intend then, I hope, that it should be a fecret to me."

" No certainly.—This Zeluco, I fear does not use my fifter as the deserves."

" I do not know who could," faid Carloftein.

" He feems to be of a fulky, ill temper." faid Seidlits.

"If that be the case, it is a misfortune to all who are connected with him," replied Carlostein, but most of all to himself."

"But it ought to be a misfortune to himfelf only," faid Seidlits, "not to her who has the fweetest temper on earth; and I am determined that his ill humour shall not make my fister unhappy.

The

The fame world shall not contain me and the man who behaves ill to Laura Seidlits.—I'll tell him so this very day."

" Have you any particular instance of ill usage

to complain of i" faid Carlostein.

"Why there is this woman," replied Seidlits, "this Nerina, with whom he passes so much of his time; that must be mortifying to my sister, and shews what a brute he is; and besides, his general manner to her is not kind and attentive as it ought to be, and as it shall be, that I am determined on."

"My dear Seidlits," faid Carloftein, "what answer do you think you would give to any man who should tell you, that he did not approve of your keeping company with a particular woman, and that you ought to behave with more attention and kindness to your wife?"

"Well, if any man did speak to me in that manner, I should certainly give him satisfaction

one way or other."

"That kind of fatisfaction is easily given," faid Carlostein; "but your object is to promote your fifter's happiness."

" My fole object!" replied Seidlits.

" How would it be promoted should you fall?" faid Carlostein.

"Why, that kind of reasoning might be applied with equal justness, if I should demand satisfaction of the man who pulled me by the nose. You might ask what satisfaction I should receive in case I myself should fall. In short, continued Seidlits, "this is not an affair of reasoning, but of sceling; and, by Heavens! this fellow shall not behave improperly to my sister."

" Since

"Since it is entirely an affair of feeling," replied Carloftein, fome regard should be paid to the feelings of her who is chiefly concerned. Has your fifter ever complained of her husband, or giving you any hint of his having treated her ill?"

"You know," replied Seidlits, " of what heavenly mildness her disposition is; she will bear

much without complaining."

"But as fhe has never mentioned any thing in the nature of a complaint to you," faid Carloftein, it is possible that part of what you suspect is groundless; and if she has reason to complain of some things, it is probable that she considers them of far less moment than what she would suffer by your quarrelling with her husband. On the whole, it is clear that you ought to have a little patience, till it is more evident that your suspecions are well founded, and then I shall be happy to concur with you in taking the most likely méasures for your sister's relief.

Although Seidlits remained convinced that his fifter had cause to complain of her husband's conduct, yet Carlostein at length obtained his promise that he would not speak on the subject to Ze-

luco, without first acquainting his friend.

When Carloftein gave an account of this conversation to Laura, notwithstanding his softening some parts of it, she continued exceedingly apprehensive of some fatal scene between her husband and brother. She again mentioned her apprehensions to Carlostein in the presence of Signora Sporza, and knowing that it was part of their plan to visit Sicily before their return to Germany, she expressed her wishes that Carlostein would

would prevail on her brother to fet out with him

immediately.

As at this time Laura's spirits were much dejected, and as she found in the company of her brother and Carlostein the only cordial which could raise or support them, nothing but the affection which she had for her brother, and the dread of his being involved in a quarrel with her husband, could have enabled her to resist the arguments which the Baron could not help urging against their leaving Naples till she should recover from her lying-in, and in this he was affisted by Signora Sporza.

Laura's own inclinations were on the fame fide with the eloquence of Carloftein, yet she had the firmness to persevere in her request that they would depart; she even used the circumstance of her being soon to be consined as a fresh argument: "For since during my confinement I cannot see my friends at any rate," said she, "it is best that you seize that interval for your tour; and by the time you return, I shall be sufficiently

well to enjoy your company."

Carlostein therefore gave up the point, and prevailed on Seidlits to adopt the measure which his fifter had proposed; "For you must recollect," said he to Captain Seidlits, "the present state of your fister's health; whatever you may ultimately resolve on therefore, every altercation between you and Zeluco must be avoided at present, as you would avoid her destruction."

Their journey was agreed on; Mr. N——, who had talked of accompanying them, was prevented; but he supped in company with them and Signora Sporza at Madame de Seidlits's the

night

night preceding their departure. Laura endeavoured to be cheerful, partly to hide her concern for the absence of Carlostein, and partly to convince her brother, that the was not fo unhappy as he imagined. The effort was superior to her firength of mind; for although the bid adieu to her brother with composure, she trembled and turned pale when Carlostein took leave of her. This was observed by Mr. N-, who stood near him; and it was not the first time that he had remarked Laura's partiality for the Baronwhich had no other effect on the generous mind of this gentleman, than increasing the regard he had for Carloftein. His own attachment to Laura had never exceeded the limits of friendship and high esteem; he had from their first acquaintance endeavoured to guard against a passion for a woman of a different country and religion from his own. Had Laura betraved any fymptoins of affection for him, it is more than probable his precautions would have been vain; for when a man approves greatly of a woman's character and perfon, nothing is fo likely to kindle approbation into love, as his imagining that love already exifts within her breast towards him. But Mr. N. was too free from vanity, and had too much difcernment, not to perceive that Laura's regard for him was unmixed with passion; and the same differnment enabled him to perceive that her attachment to Carloftein was pure love.

C H A P. LXXXII.

Her Tongue bewitch'd as odly as her eyes, Lefs wit than mimic, more a wit than wife.

Port.

THE morning on which he left Naples, Captain Seidlits called once more on his fifter. She had passed an unquiet night, dejection and forrow were strongly marked on her countenance. Seidlits was affected in a manner unusual to him; while he embraced her on taking leave, tears were in the eyes of both. Zeluco unexpectedly entered the room at that instant; Seidlits was fretted, and confused at this intrusion; he was abashed at being seen in tears, which he considered as a weakness unbecoming of a foldier. He faluted Zeluco in an embarrassed and abrupt manner, and hurried to Carlostein, with whom he immediately embarked for Sicily.

Laura continued weeping for a confiderable time after her brother left the room, which prevented her remarking that Zeluco was displeased at the scene of which he had been an unexpected witness. His ill humour was indeed so habitual, that it might have made little impression on her al-

though fhe had.

Carloftein and Seidlits being gone, and Laura far advanced in her pregnacy, the never went abroad but for a fhort airing, or to pass a few hours with her mother, or at Signora Sporza's, where the sometimes met with Mr. N——, for whom the always felt and avowed great efteem.

Zeluco's time was almost entirely dedicated to Nerina, whose caprices increased in proportion to

her

her influence over him, which although they were generally directed to fome interested point, were never carried faither than his temper, the variation of which she attentively watched, could bear.

All her whims and caprices indeed were fo completely under her command, and managed with fuch address, that what has disgusted many lovers with their mistresses, were by her made to operate as stimulants to the passion of Zeluco, when it feemed to languish.

She poffeffed the power of amufing in an extraordinary degree; this the exercifed fometimes in a manner that would have shocked a mind more delicate than that of Zeluco, but was admirably adapted to his; he accordingly had frequent recourfe to it against the dæmons of ennui and remorfe, who haunted him alternately.

Nerina never mentioned Laura without the intention of turning her into ridicule, or infimuating fomething to her difadvantage, with frequent allufions to her altered fhape, and the complaints

incident to women in her fituation.

Madame de Seidlits and Signora Sporza were also the frequent butts of her farcasms; the first the represented as an antiquated coquet, who, calling every auxiliary of the toilette in support of her faded charms, ftill attempted freth conquefts. " I am told," faid Nerina, " that the ridiculous old Lady ftuns the cars of her yawning guefts with the enumeration of her German admirers, Landgraves, Margraves and Barons without number. But, my dear Sir, you ought really to give a hint to the imprudent old gentlewoman not to indulge her vanity at the expence of her teeth; for you may depend upon it, the pronunciation of those horrid names is one cause of their being so very loose."

Signora Sporza fhe represented as a woman of intrigue, who finding that two of her poor relations, hung a little heavy on her hands, had fobb'd off one of them upon him as a wife, and thus had secured a comfortable maintenance for both.

Her caricaturas were given with fuch exquisite pantomime and mimickry as might entertain those who were not acquainted with the characters of the persons she intended to ridicule, but must have shocked every person of candour who was.

In establishing the influence which Nerina withed to retain over Zeluco, the force of habit was now joined to the power of amufing. Having accustomed himself to go to her at certain hours, he knew not how to fill up those hours without her, and the defire of visiting her returned periodically. In the midst of apparent levity, and feeming want of defign, the observed a predetermined plan in most parts of her conduct to him; and often when he imagined her entirely vacant, or occupied in some very frivolous amufement, she was endeavouring to penetrate into his fentiments respecting certain subjects which she thought he might naturally with to conceal from herconfequence of this, it struck her, that notwithstanding Zeluco's passion for Laura was greatly cooled, and in fpite of the pains the had taken to make her ridiculous in his eyes, yet he still retained a high efteem for her character. Indications of this, to the intinite mortification of Nerina, broke from him unintentionally fometimes, at the very inftant when fhe was labouring to give him a very different impression. As Nerina was doutbful whether the herfelf had any hold of Zeluco by his fentiments of effecin, the was determined not to leave it in the possession of the woman whom she confidered as her enemy. She fecretly informed herfelf therefore, of Laura's conduct and manner of passing her time, with a view to discover some ground upon which a fabrick of falfehood injurious to the character of Laura might be raifed; and after having for some time pursued these refearches, by the means of her fpies and other agents, without fuccets, she at last formed one of the most horrid projects that ever entered into the head of a profligate woman. This shocking idea fuggested itself to her, in consequence of her having observed, that, of late, Zeluco displayed a particular diflike to Captain Seidlits, and of his mentioning to her fomething of his wife's grief at parting with her brother, and endeavouring to ridicule the pathetic manner in which they had raken leave of each other.

CHAP. LXXXIII.

Obliqua invidia, stimulisque agitabit amaris. VIRG

N due time, however, Laura was fafely delivered of a fon; and as her husband feldom went near her, even to alk how the did, the had a very quick and complete recovery; in little more than a month after her delivery, the was at church, where Nerina had the mortification of feeing her with undiminished beauty, and in all the grace and elegant simplicity. She could not but observe that Laura attracted the regard and commanded the admiration of all the fpectators, while the herfelf, although oftentatioufly drefied, was passed over without attention by the eyes of those who did not know her, and with looks of difdain by those who did. Had Nerina been aware of Laura's coming, the would have avoided fuch an occasion of comparison, well knowing that the fentiments of the spectators would be against her. This incident, however, redoubled her malice against Laura, particularly as it happened at a time when the was already fretted at Laura's having a fon; and the apprehension that he might be the means of turning the heart of Zeluco from herfelf to his wife.

In profecution of her plan, Nerina fometimes introduced the mention of Captain Seidlits, remarking with a careleft and undefigning air, That he was confidered by many people as the handfomest man in Naples.

Zeluco laughed at this, faying, That they were no great judges of male beauty who harboured fuch an opinion.

" Ye

"Yet in the opinion of most people," faid Nerina, "they are the bost judges; for you may think what you please, but this is a very general notion among the ladies."

" I did not know before," faid Zeluco, " that the proportions of a porter, and the ftrut of a Prussian serjeant, had been so much to their

tafte."

" The blunt frankness of his manner is certainly better adapted to a camp than a drawingroom," rejoined Nerina; " yet he undoubtedly is a very great favourite with the Neapolitan ladies; many of whom are thought to have cultivated the acquaintance of your wife, and fung her praises wherever there was a likelihood of their being repeated, for no other reason, than that they might be on a good footing with him; for his great affection for his fifter, and her influence with him, are pretty generally known."

These hints, however, had no other immediate effect, than drawing from Zelulo some farcasins against the person or addresses of Captain Seidlits.

In the mean time, the infant increased in ftrength and beauty, and began to diftinguish objects; and one day in particular, being dandled by the nurse, he finited in the face of Zeluco. Hard of heart and unfeeling as he was, the fmiles of his child melted him into tenderness .- He caught the infant in his arms, and yielding to the power of nature, he indulged the affection of a father.

The pleafure of those fensations made so strong an impression, that he could not refrain from praising the beauty of the child in the presence of Nerina.

These praises from him were gall and wormwood to her; they made her for a moment forget her usual caution and risk discovering her aim by

precipitation.

"The child must of course be strong and handsome," said she, "for I hear he is the express image of Captain Scidlits."——"Captain Scidlits!" repeated Zeluco.

"Yes," rejoined flie, with a carcless air, nothing can be more natural; the Captain be-

ing kalf-brother to the child's mother."

"I never remarked any fuch refemblance,"

faid Zeluco, after a confiderable paufe.

" No!" faid Norina; "then perhaps there is nothing in it; and all those who have been fruck with the likeness, must be mistaken.

Perceiving that her infinuation had taken effect, with an air of carelefs levity, the turned the difcourse to other subjects; Zeluco did not attempt to bring it back to this, but was at intervals thoughtful and musing through the rest of the evening; of this Nerina took no notice, but by gay and licentious songs, by mimickry, and a thousand playful tricks, seemed intent on nothing but amusing herself and him.

The poison which this artful woman thus administered continued to ferment in the mind of Zeluco, and occupied his thoughts by day and night. A long familiarity with vice, and every species of profligacy, made that appear probable to him, which to a man of integrity would feem

next to impossible.

He now called to his remembrance many circumflances in themselves frivolous, and which

had

had made no impression when they occurred, but which now added ftrength to the horrid infinuations of Nerina. The mutual regard which had always appeared between Laura and her brother -their fequestered walks at the first arrival of Scidlits—his frequent visits to his fifter when alone—her eagerness to have him instead of Carlottein in the carriage with her when they returned from Baia-their mutual tenderneis when they last parted, the confusion which Seidlits had betrayed, and his abrupt departure on Zeluco's entering the room---and finally, the refemblance which he imagined had firmak fo many people between Captain Seidlits and the child. He alfo recollected, that although his marriage took place five weeks before Seidlits arrived at Naples, yet the child was not born till near ten months after that period.

To those circumstances a ridiculous incident gave a degree of support, which, in the disturbed imagination of Zeluco, amounted to full proof.

He entered the nursery one day when he knew that Laura was not there; after talking a little to the nurse about the child, he had the weakness to fay, for the infinuations of Nerina deprived him of cool reflection, "Which of your Lady's relations do you think this child resembles most?

" La, Sir," replied the nurse, "why, his own father, sure."

" Idiot, which of my wife's relations, I fay i" added Zeluco.

Laura's maid, who was prefent, wishing to correct the nurses want of accuracy, interposed, faying, "Your excellency, you know, is my Lady's

Lady's relation by marriage, though not not by blood."

"Who desired you to interfere, mistress?" said Zeluco, angrily; then turning to the nurse, he resumed, "Do you not think he is like his uncle Captain Seidlits?"

" Jefu, Maria!" cried the nurse, " What

makes your excellency think fo?"

"Speak without evasion, woman," exclaimed Zeluco. "Do you not think him like my wife's brother, Captain Seidlits?"

"O Lord, yes ant please your excellency," cried the nurse, terrified at his manner; "very

like Captain Seidlits."

"You have heard many people remark it,"

continued he " have you not?"

"A great many indeed," cried the nurse, who began now to think that as Seidlits was a stately man, Zeluco was flattered by his child being thought like him; besides, she was so surried by his passionate manner of questioning, that she would have echoed back whatever question he could have asked.

But Laura's maid, who had been filenced at the beginning, could no longer reftrain herfelf; for the had suspected Zeluco of jealousy ever fince the adventure of the mirror; and imagined that his present questioning proceeded from the same motive.

"How dare you utter fuch a horrid falfe-hood," cried the maid to the nurse, "you base lying husly, you?"

"It is you who are a lying huffy," retorted

the nurse.

" Who did you ever hear fay fuch a thing?" faid the maid.

The nurse meant to injure Laura no more than the maid; but was so piqued at the maid; attack, and at her own veracity's being called in question, that she was ready to have supported the lie she had been frightened into, by her solumn oath, rather than have yielded the point to the maid.

"Who did I ever hear fav it? I have heard a hundred," faid the nurfe boldly.

" A hundred! O wretch! cried the maid,

turning up her eyes

" Ay, a thousand, ten thousand," continued the nurse.

"You never did, you never could," exclaimed the maid, "for the child refembles his own father."

"That does not prevent his being exceedingly like Captain Seidlits," continued the nurse; and I am convinced, if he lives, that he will be as stately a man to the full."

"Hold your frandalous tongue," vociferated the maid, "you vile, worthilefs, lying wretch; the child refembles no man but my mafter."

" He is ten thousand times liker Captain Seidlits; cried the nurse, in a violent rage; "and all the world think so, and say so."

" All the world !" exclaimed the maid, lifting

her eyes and arms.

"Yes, all the world," repeated the nurse; and if you will only call them into the room,

they will tell you fo to your face."

Zeluco withdrew, frowning and biting his lips. Madame de Seidlits with Laura came into the room foon after, and the altercation ceafed.

C H A P. LXXXIV.

The Danger of vicious Confidences—Indignation of Laura.

In his present state of mind, Zeluco might naturally have questioned his consideratial valet on this subject, to know what he had remarked respecting the behaviour of Laura and her brother; but this man was no longer on the same footing

with him that he had formerly been,

The valet had long beheld with indignation the influence which Nerina gained with his mafter, and endeavoured to counteract it by every means in his power; but in befieging the heart and retaining the favour of a person of Zeluco's character, Nerina was a more skilful engineer than the valet: befides, the made use of more powerful artillery than he was possessed of. Nerina therefore having completely gained the afcendency, did not choose that Zeluco should have an old confidential fervant about him, who was not devoted to her interest. She took every opportunity of difgusting the master with this man, while by many under-hand means the endeavoured to render the man equally tired of the mafter; pretending all the while that fhe was the valet's friend.

The fellow was not to eafily duped as the imagined; convinced of her enmity, defpairing of regaining the favour of Zeluco, and prompted by hatred to both, he waited fecretly on Signora Sporza, gave her a circumftantial account of the pretended robbers who had attacked Laura and

her on their return from Mount Vesuvius; and affured her that he himfelf had charged the pittols with powder only, but when it appeared from Zeluco's wound, that one of them had been loaded with ball, he faid, he recollected that in a small box in his mafter's writing-defk, he had feen four pistol bullets the day immediately preceding the expedition; and that on examining the fame box at his return, he found only two, from which he concluded that Zeluco had put the other brace into the piftol delivered to the fervant, with an intention no doubt of murdering Signora Sporza, for he had given the fervant particular directions to fire it in her face. That the wounding of Zeluco, therefore, was entirely accidental, owing to the hurry of the fervant, and the balls having miffed her.

The valet finished his narative, by declaring, that his motive in giving her this information, was good will to Signora Sporza, against whom Zeluco still retained his ancient malice; and a regard for Laura's safety, whose life, he said, was also in danger from a husband so very wicked, and who was entirely under the dominion of a woman,

more wicked, if possible, than himself.

After rewarding the man for his intelligence, Signora Sporza enjoined him to mention it to no other person, but to continue to behave to his master as usual, that there might be no suspicion of an understanding between the valet and her; and to remain quite inactive till she had time to consult with her friends what measures should be adopted, of which the valet should receive timely notice; and he might rely on being still more liberally rewarded.

I 5

Signora Sporza communicated the whole of this man's narrative to Laura, whom it furprifed and shocked exceedingly; for bad as her opinion was of her husbands disposition, she never had thought him capable of this degree of wickedness. She was filled likewise with indignation at the history of the sham attack by which her mother, and she herself, had been in some measure imposed upon, while she felt the greatest contempt for the man who was obliged to have recourse to such a pitiful trick, to throw a false lustre on his character.

Signora Sporza gave it as her opinion, that Laura should write to her brother, press his immediate return, throw herfelf into his protection, and separate for ever from her horrid husband; adding, that this attachment to Nerina, and fear of Captain Seidlits, would induce him to agree to the teparation on proper terms. But Laura, who Taid little ftress on what Signora Sporza meant by terms, felt herfelf under great difficulty in determining how to proceed; for the thought her brother a very improper negociator with Zeluco: and then, although flie had no doubt of her hutband's willingness to feparate from her, the was afraid he might object to her having the child, from whom flie could not without pain be abfent, and whom flie could not without horror abandon to the immediate care and future example of fuch a father.

After much reflection she wrote to her brother, expressing a desire of his speedy return, but not in the most urgent terms; nor did she assign any particular reason, but requested that he would inclose his answer under cover to Signora

Sporza

Sporza. When Laura had finished her letter, she told her friend, that at her brother's return, she would explain her views to him in the most cautious manner, and in the presence of his friend the Baron Carlostein.

She determined at the fame time, that in case her husband consented to leave the child even for a few years under her care after the separation took place, that she would insist on Carlostein's leaving Naples; and if he refused, she resolved never after to admit his visits, even in the company of her mother or brother. She wished, however that Carlostein should remain till every thing regarding the separation was settled, because he would be a check to the impetuosity of her brother; and also because she hoped that through his influence with her husband, he would prevail on him to agree to the article nearest her heart, of leaving the child to her own care and management.

Self-fufficiency was no part of this anniable woman's character, however virtuous her inclinations were; the was confeious of a partiality for Carloftein, which convinced her that her fafeft courfe was to forego the pleasure of his

company entirely.

In the mean while the heart of Zeluco glowed with rage against Laura and Seidlits, and he revolved in his mind various plans of revenge; but as his wrath was deadly he wished to adopt such a one as would at once satiate his venguance and secure his safety.

The last he thought inconsistent with his making Nerina a consident of his measures; for in spite of his partiality for her, and his believ-

ing that she had a great deal for him, he knew that this might not always be the case, and therefore he meditated some plan of revenge which required not her affishance, and which he meant to postpone till then return of Seidlits, being determined to involve both the brother and sister in the same ruin.

As he imagined, however, that he should need an accomplice for fome part at least of the scheme, he began to foothe his valet, and behave in a more confidential manner to him, with a view to conciliate matters; but this fellow having been feduced into vice and not originally a villain, was not fufficiently a hypocrite to deceive his master. Zeluco perceived through his affected obfequiousness, that the man was disobliged and not to be trusted; although he had never been the confident of his mafter in any thing of so much importance as that which now occupied his thoughts, yet Zeluco was confcious that this man was acquainted with certain parts of his conduct which he would not like to have revealed to the world. On obferving therefore the mutinous state of his valet's mind, which he had overlooked before, he determined to keep him in as good humour as he could till Seidlits returned, and then fend him on fome pretext to Sicily, where he knew how to have him disposed of in a manner more agreeable to his own fafety.

CHAP. LXXXV.

He retir'd unseen,
To brood in secret on his gather'd spleen,
And methodize revenge.

Dryden,

THE mind of Zeluco being engroffed with those desperate purposes, he passed much of his time in solitude and meditation.

As he walked early one morning towards the hill of Paufilippo, he observed two men coming out of the grotto: they feemed converfing together when Zeluco first saw them; but as he approached, one fell behind the other, and a little to one fide. As he who was most advanced drew near, Zeluco recognized him for an old acquaintance; his name was Bertram, the fon of a clergyman of Geneva, who from a spirit of adventure to which the natives of that city are much addicted, had travelled into Spain, to vifit a relation who was fecretary to an Ambaffador at the court of Madrid, through whose interest this young man got a commission in the Spanish service. Zeluco had been feveral times in company with him at Madrid, and particularly once, a fhort time before Zeluco himself left that city, he had met Bertram at a gaming house, and stript him of all his money: this circumstance served to make each recollect the other. After the usual compliments, "You were very unfortunate the last night we were in company together," faid Zeluco.

" It was thought fo," answered Bertram.

" I am much afraid that what I won put you to much inconveniency." rejoined Zeluco.

" Such

"Such inconveniencies must formetimes be expected by those who play," faid Bertram.

" You have quitted the Spanish service, I pre-

fume," refumed Zeluco.

" I have," faid the other.

" You do not think of leaving Naples foon?"

"It is not in my power to leave it immediately," faid Bertram.

" How fo?"

"You find me in the condition you left me—without money;—in fhort, I have overflot my credit, and I now wait for a finall remittance to

enable me to leave this place."

Zeluco then told him he should be happy to accommodate him in whatever sum he needed; "I am engaged this morning, added he, "but if you will walk a little after it is dusk in the square before the palace, I will soon join you, and conduct you to a place where we may have a cheerful glass together; I am impatient to hear

your adventures fince we parted."

Bertram promifed to meet him at the time and place appointed. They then parted, and each continued his walk; but Zeluco immediately turning, faid to Bertram, "You had best not mention my name, nor hint to any person that we are acquainted; the reason of this caution you will know hereaster; but in the mean time, I can only tell you, it will not be in my power to serve you, as I intend, if you do."

Bertram affured him he would not, and they

again took leave of each other.

Zeluco remembered, that this Bertram was confidered at the time he knew him, as a young fellow

fellow of desperate fortune and devoted to gaming, but respected on account of the presence of mind and intrepidity with which he had extricated himfelf from a very hazardous adventure, in which he was involved before Zeluco arrived at Madrid, and which was much talked of at the time. luco had heard no more of him after he himfelf left Spain, but imagined he was ruined by play, and had now become an adventurer living by his wits, and ready for any desperate enterprise in which there was a likelihood of bettering his fortune. What added ftrength to his conjectures was, his having remarked the man who was in conversation with Bertram before Zeluco joined him: this man Zeluco was perfuaded he had feen with a chain around his leg, working among the malefactors at Cafferta; which very fuspicious circumstance, and the fellow's retiring and standing aloof, while Bertram and he converfed, convinced Zeluco that his old acquaintance was just fuch a person as he was in want of. He had not fully determined in what manner he should employ him, but a variety of disjointed ideas of vengeful import floated in his imagination; and he much wished to attach to his views a man fuch as he took Bertram to be, needy, daring, profligate; but he knew that the aid he expected from him was of a nature which made it highly expedient both for his own fafety and that of his auxiliary, that their acquaintance with each other should not be known, for which reason he was impatient till they separated, lest they should be observed conversing.

C H A P. LXXXVI.

Thou hast been

As one, in suffering all, that suffers nothing:
A man, that fortune's buffets and rewards
Hast ta'en with equal thanks; and blest are those,
Whose wit and judgment are so well commingled
That they are not a pipe for fortune's finger
To found what stop she please.

SHAKESPEARE

AT the time appointed, Bertram walked before the palace gate, and was foon joined by Zeluco, wrapped in a Portuguefe cloak, who defiring him to follow, conducted him through various winding alleys, to the door of a detached house, which, on ringing a bell, feemed to open of itfelf, for nobody appeared; but Zeluco, after carefully shutting the door, led Bertram into a room commodiously fitted up, with a cold collation and various kinds of wine on the table.

This apartment Zeluco kept for the purpose of entertaining such friends as it was inexpedient to invite to his own house. Nerina, and others, had frequently met him here:—the servants were previously instructed what they should provide; and the guests were served with whatever they needed, by the means of a turning cup-board, such as

is used in convents.

"I hate being incommoded with fervants, faid Zeluco, "particularly on an occasion of this kind, when I am to enjoy a considential conversation with an old friend. I have therefore taken care that no domestic shall interrupt us.—Pray help yourself to what you like."

After

After they had supped and drank a few glasses of wine—"I am much afraid," faid Zeluco, "that the four hundred dollars I won from you at Madrid put you to great inconveniency, for I remember I was afterwards informed you were in debt at the time."

" I was indeed," faid Bertram.

" Well then, I hope you foon after won double the fum," faid Zeluco.

"I have never played fince," answered Ber-

tram.

" Never!" cried Zeluco.

" Never;" replied Bertram.

" How did you contrive to pay your debts then?" faid Zeluco.

"A brother officer, hearing of my ill luck, paid me an old debt which I had despaired of;—this helped me greatly;—living on half my pay for several months did the rest; at last I had the pleasure of paying all my debts to the last farthing."

"It is next to impossible," faid Zeluco, "for an officer in the Spanish service, of the rank you then were, to live on his full pay; I cannot conceive how you contrived to exist on the half."

"More difficult things may be performed by those who are resolved to be just," replied Bertram; "I was under the necessity of living very poorly to be sure; but if I had not, some of my creditors, who were poor trades-people, must have starved."

And what if they had, thought Zeluco, and then faying aloud; "So to prevent their flarving you half flarved yourfelf?"

" Not quite so, Signor," replied Bertram; though to be sure my table was not sumptuous."

" This

"This must have been a very cruel course of equity however," said Zeluco.

"I have been repaid by the fatisfaction it has

afforded me fince," replied Bertram.

" I dare fwear you often curfed me in your heart," faid Zeluco.

"A curse has sometimes escaped my lips," said Bertram; "but I do not remember my having

ever curfed any body in my heart."

" I should forgive you if you had.—The loss of four hundred dollars to one in your circumstances was a dreadful misfortune," added Zeluco.

"I hope they were of fervice to you," faid Bertram; for their loss was one of the luckiest things that ever happened to me. I was obliged to pinch so hard to make it up, that I have thought myself in affluence ever since."

"You are philosopher," faid Zeluco, "and

bear misfortunes with great fortitude."

" I have hardly ever had any to bear," faid Bertram.

"I am furprifed to hear you fay fo," rejoined Zeluco; because I was told that the four hundred dollars which I won, was but the conclusion of a very persevering run of ill fortune.—I heard you lost near seven thousand dollars in the space of a month."

" Thereabout," faid Bertram.

"And what in the devil's name do you call that?" faid Zeluco.—"Surely a man in the fituation you then were, who lofes fuch a fum in the course of a month's play, must think himself very unfortunate."

" Not if he previously win it all in the course of a week's play," replied Bertram, " which was precisely

precifely my cafe.—I could never have had the misfortune to lofe feven thousand dollars, if I had not first had the good fortune to win them."

"That is not the usual way in which men cal-

culate their own misfortunes," faid Zeluco.

"It is the fair way, however," rejoined Bertram; "for the most fortunate man that ever existed will be proved to be unfortunate if you pick out all the lucky incidents of his life, and leave the unlucky behind; but I had one piece of good fortune which I have not mentioned."

" What was that?" faid Zeluco.

" Out of the first thousand dollars, I remitted feven hundred to my father."

" The devil you did," cried Zeluco.

"Yes," faid Bertram, "I thank Heaven, I put that out of the power of chance."

"The old boy I hope repaid you three-fold;"

faid Zeluco.

" Ay, ten-fold," replied Bertram; " for he informed me by the next post, that it enabled him to clear off some debts that distressed him exceedingly."

"But after your lofs with me," faid Zeluco, "I am furprifed you never again tried your for-

tune at play."

"It required all my fortitude to abstain from it," faid Bertram; "for although deep play is little known among the citizens of Geneva, I was early led into it by a young Englishman with whom I was intimate before I lest that city. I continued to play with uncommon success after I went to Madrid. This propensity grew into a passion, and I was thoughtless and unjust enough to risk in play with you the money which I had appropriated

propriated for the discharge of what I owed to trades-people and others, for which as I felt a degree of remorfe which I never before experienced, I determined to effect the difcharge of my debts by the most rigid economy; yet I must own I was often firongly tempted to try my fortune once more at play; for it occurred to me that by a few fuccefsful throws of the dice I might abridge many lingering months of economy; but I reflected on the other hand, that in case I should lose, it would he at the expence of those poor creditors whom, by a strict adherence to my plan of œconomy, it was in my power to pay. - While I was balancing this matter in my mind, I received a letter from my father, which decided the point. I paid the money I had in my hands equally among my creditors, and directly after began my course of œconomy, in which I persevered till I was entirely free from debt; and I have never played, nor been in debt fince."

"Your father's letter must have contained very forcible reasoning," said Zeluco, "to pro-

duce fuch an effect."

"It contained a recapitulation of those principles which he had inflilled into my mind in my childhood; an adherence to which has been the fource of all the comfort I have had in life, and from which I never deviated, in the smallest degree, without remorfe."

"I should be glad to see this powerful epistle, or hear what you can recollect of it," said Ze-

luco.

"I am forry I have it not about me," faid Bertram; "for there is a peculiar energy in my father's flyle to which my memory cannot do juftice.

tice. The letter in question was written in confequence of his having heard that I was patronised by a certain man in power, from whom I had reafon to expect promotion; from this he took occafion to remind me, that the favour of men was precarions, and often guided by caprice; that they might smile upon me to-day, and neglect me to-morrow, however uniformly zealous I might be to retain their good-will; but he earnestly intreated me to make it my chief study to find favour in the eyes of my Creator, in whom there is no variableness, nor shadow of turning."

"Your father was a clergyman no doubt," faid

Zeluco, stifling a laugh.

" He was," replied Bertram, " and there never was a worthier."

"But did he give you any hint how you were to become a favourite? I mean," continued Zeluco, besides the old way by devotion and religious ceremonies."

" My father's devotion lay in his heart," faid Bertram, "and was little embarraffed with cere-

monies."

"Well then," continued Zeluco, "how were

you to carry your point?"

"By the duties of humanity and benevolence to my fellow-creatures, and by the most strict integrity; he recommended particularly that I should listen to the dictates of conscience, which he called the voice of God, and which, even in this life, punishes and rewards in a certain degree, according to our conduct. If ever,"—continued Bertram, giving the words of his father's letter; "If ever, my son, you should feel a propensity to do an unfair thing, overcome it immediately, for

no earthly confideration can make it your interest.—Heaven and earth shall pass away, but this truth shall remain, Whatsever a man soweth that be shall reap. Therefore, my dear Bertram, never, O never, be such a fool as to be a knave."

Bertram repeated this part of the letter with unufual fervour, and Zeluco, who was disposed to turn the whole into ridicule, had certain sensations which spoilt his inclination to mirth. He remained for some time in a kind of reverie; then rousing himself, he looked at Bertram, saying,

" Well, Sir, what happened next?"

"I told you," refumed Bertram, "that before I read this admonition, my confcience had been whifpering that it was not quite fair in me to risk the money which the poor trades-people frood so much in need of; yet my avarice, or love of play, which-ever you please, was endeavouring to illence these wispers with all the sophistry they could muster. But I thank God, my father's letter coming to the aid of conscience, I had the strength to act as I did."

By this time Zeluco plainty perceived that his old acquaintance was a very different kind of man from what he had expected, and would by no means fuit his purpose; yet he selt a strong curiosity to know the whole of his history. Zeluco therefore pursuing his inquiries; "Upon the whole, however," refumed he, "you must have passed your time but uncomfortably in the Spanish

fervice?"

"Forgive me," replied Bertram, "after I had paid my debts, tay time was fpent very cheerfully: my mind was free from felf-reproach; I posselled the frienthip of fome officers of fente and

and honour; I enjoyed good health and good fpirits, for I fo contrived matters that my hours never hung on my hands, but were rather too fhort for my emloyments; at night I fell afleep, fatisfied with the manner I had paffed the day, and arofe every morning in fpirits to perform my

duty, and eager to improve my mind."

In the course of Zeluco's inquiries, Bertram informed him, that after remaining some years in the Spanish service, a brother of his mother's had made him an advantageous proposal, which would have enabled him to live comfortably in his own country, to which he had for some time selt a strong desire of returning; his father, and other relations, having written very pressing letters to that purpose.

"You disposed of your commission, and re-

turned accordingly?" faid Zeluco.

"I could not immediately indulge my own defire, nor yield to the intreaties of my friends," replied Bertram; because there was a rumour of war, which some time after was verified, so I thought myself bound in honour to remain with the regiment which soon was sent on active fervice."

"The extraordinary expense to which officers are put during war, would bear hard on you who had no refource but your pay," faid Zeluco.

"Very fortunately I had finded mathematics and fortification at Geneva, and was frequently employed as an engineer, for which I received additional pay; this enabled me," replied Bertram, "to live as well as other officers of my rank, and to remit a small sum of meney to a semale courin of mine at Geneva, who had fallen under the displeasure of her other ralations."

"This coufin was young and handsome, no

doubt," faid Želuco.

"On the contrary," faid Bertram; fhe was an elderly woman, who never had been handfome, but had made a rash marriage, disapproved of by all her relations."

"What then interested you so much in her?" faid Zeluco; "her mental accomplishments and

virtue no doubt."

"Her accomplishments, poor woman," replied Bertram, "never were conspicuous, and rumour was by no means favourable to her reputation in the other particular; in short, her conduct assorded such just grounds to her nearest relations to abandon her, that I thought myself bound to befriend her, because her other friends were either too angry or too much assumed of her to afford her any affistance."

"But pray," faid Zeluco, "when did you

quit the Spanish service?"

"At the peace," replied the other, "when our regiment was ordered home."

"I remember to have heard that one of the captains of your regiment died on the paffage; I fuppose you were promoted to the company?"

As I was the oldeft lieutenant in the regiment, and had received two wounds in the fervice, my friends flattered me I should; but it was given to a young officer, nephew to a grandee of Spain."

"That was hard," faid Zeluco.

"Not particularly fo," faid Bertram; "men of family have been allowed advantages in all fervices; it can hardly be expected that they will ferve otherwife; and if this young gentleman had been promoted to a company in any other regiment,"

ment, it would have been equally hard on the oldest subaltern of that regiment."

"But probably this was a person of little or no merit," faid Zeluco.

" Forgive me," replied Bertram; " he is a spirited young man, and I am convinced from what I know of him, will prove an excellent officer."

" I fhould have thought it damned hard, however, had I been in your place, that another fliould carry away the whole reward due to me."

"He did not carry away the whole," faid Bertram; " for my behaviour on feveral occasions was publickly approved of by the general, and praifed by the whole army; my worthy father, and all my friends at Geneva, were informed of it, and rejoiced at the intelligence; befides, 2 have the approbation of my own mind, I . . . conscious of having been ever faithful to my trate, and of having done my duty as a foldier. I had the happiness of being loved by the foldiers as well as the officers of the regiment; many of the poor fellows were in tears when Heft them. You must be fenfible that this is a very pleafing reward, and occasions delightful fensations."

C H A P. LXXXVII.

. A fight of horror to the cruel wretch, Who all day long in fordid pleafure roll'd, Himself an useles load, has squander'd vile, Upon his fcoundrel train, what might have cheer'd A drooping family of modest worth. But to the generous still improving mind, That gives the hopeless heart to fing for joy, Diffuting kind beneficence around To him the long review of order'd life Is inward rapture.

Тноизок.

 ${
m As}$ Zeluco had never felt any of the delightful fenfations which Bertram alluded to, he became a little impatient at this observation. "Well, well," faid he, " all this is mighty fine, but pray, my good Sir, what man was he whom I faw in converfation with you this morning, a little before I joined vou?"

"That man," replied Bertram, fmiling, "is just liberated from the gallies; he is my only attendant; if my fuit be not numerous, Signior,

you must allow that it is select."

" Liberated from the gallies! cried Zeluco,

with affected furprife.

"Yes, he was condemned to the gallies or to hard labour for life! it comes to the fame thing; his last employment was at the royal works at Cafferta with other flaves, fome Christian, fome Mahometan."

"But how came you connected with him?"

faid Zeluco.

"You fhall hear," replied Bertram. "Having quitted the Spanish service, and returned to my Swect fweet native city of Geneva, I lived in the most agreeable manner; and this poor man, a Savoyard by birth, was my footman; he is a good-natured creature, though not very clever, and I fought no other: in the mean time, a worthless fellow, a Piedmontese, came to Geneva, and filling my fervant's head with many fine ftories concerning Italy, perfuaded him to quit my fervice, and accompany him to that country, whither this Piedmontele was returning from France. They travelled together to Milan, where failing in their endeavours to get into fervice, and their money being exhaufted, they inlifted in an Auftrian regiment, but had not been quite a month in this fituation, when the Piedmontese was recognised by two Neapolitans, as a perfon who had been imprisoned above three years before at Naples, on an accusation of robbery with assassination, but had made his escape from prison. An information to this purpose being formally made, the Piedmontese was taken into custody, and my poor Antonio, who had accompanied him to Milan, and enlifted at the fame time, was feifed and committed to prifon as his accomplice; for the witnesses declared there had been two men engaged in the robbery, although only one had been apprehended at Naples.

"On a requisition by the Neapolitan resident at Milan, they were both sent to Naples, but the Piedmontese had the dexterity to make his escape on the journey, and Antonio alone was brought prisoner to this city. The presumptions against him were greatly strengthened by the circumstance of a seal having been found in his pocket, which it was proved had belonged to the murdered

perfon.

"It was in vain that the wretched Antonio toldthe manner he had made acquaintance with the Piedmontefe—that he had been in fervice at Geneva at the time the murder was committed; that he had bought the feal of his companion who had escaped; with many other particulars, all of them true, but none of them credited by his judges: however, as there was no direct proof of his having perpetrated the crime, he was not convicted capitally, but was condemned to a punishment in most peoples eyes more severe, hard labour for life.

"The person who had been robbed and muralered was a man much effected on account of his character and manners; by his untimely death, a respectable family were in danger of being reduced from affluence to poverty: this created a general sympathy. The murder was supposed to have been accompanied with circumstances peculiarly cruel; the last excited as much indignation

as the former did compassion.

"The more atrocious a crime is, there certainly is the lefs probability that the individual who happens to be taken upon fufpicion of having perpetrated it, is really guilty; for this plain reafon, that a much greater proportion of mankind are capable of committing a little crime than a very great one; but it happens frequently, that the juft indignation against the crime is rashly and unjustly applied against whoever is first accused; and the very circumstance of uncommon atrocity which ought to render as difficult in the admission of the charge, is sometimes the cause of a precipitate and unjust condemnation. This seems to have been the case in the instance of poor Antonio.

"He has fince told me, that he wrote to me immediately after receiving his hard fentence; but whether from the letter's having been neglected by the perfon to whom he gave it to be put into the post-office, or from whatever other cause, it never came to my hand; but after he had been several months in this situation, I received a letter which gave me the first intelligence of his missertune; it was written in all the simplicity of truth: to convey an idea of the horrors of his fate required not the aid of eloquence. "I am condemned," said he, "to slavery for my whole life, on account of a murder committed at Naples when I was in your service at Geneva."

"The blockhead deferred to fuffer," faid Zeluco, "for his felly in leaving your ferrice, where

he was happier than he deferved.

"The poor fellow," replied Bertram, "made that very observation in his letter; but surely, Sir, his sufferings were too severe for a piece of levity, or that love of variety so natural to us all. I was so shocked with the idea of an innocent impulse was to let our numeral, that my first but on my mentioning this to some of my friends they affired me, that an attestation of the man's having been in my service at the time of the murder, and for a considerable space before and after, would be sufficient to procure his liberty. This was immediately drawn up in due form, and fent to Naples, inclosed in a letter to an eminent lawyer of that city.

"But Antonio's difinal fituation haunted me day and night. I could not walk into the fields without thinking on his being chained to endlers labour-nor eat a meal without reflecting on the feanty morfel moistened with tears on which the wretched Antonio fed-nor lie down in my bed without dreaming I beheld the unhappy man stretched on the damp pavement of a dungeon. "Alas," cried I, "is it acting up to the Divine precept, do as you would be done by, to trust the liberty and life of an innocent man to a letter, which may have mifcarried or prove ineffectual. If I go myfelf, it will be in my power to identify the man, and by a thousand circumstances make his innocence fo evident, that I must infallibly procure his immediate liberty." Thefe and fimilar reflections ingroffed my mind entirely. I was by no means fatisfied with my own conduct, " and you know, Sir" continued Bertram, "that when a man flands condemned at the bar of his own conscience, it is of small importance to his happiness to be thought innocent by all the rest of the world; for my own part I felt myfelf fo unhappy on this occasion, that in compassion to myself, as well as to Antonio, I fet out for this city, before

I could receive any answer to my letter.

"Mout four in that I did fo. The lawyer to whom my letter was addressed was gone to Messina, and my letter disregarded. I found poor Antonio at hard labour at Casserta, among a number of wretches against whom crimes had been proved similar to

that of which he was prefumed guilty.

"To paint the poor fellow's joy and gratitude at fight of me," continued Bertram, "is not in my power; but I did not find it fo eafy a matter to procure his liberty as I expected: I had more difficulty in prevailing on fome to whom I had addressed.

dressed myself, only to hear my story, than I thought I should have had in obtaining the whole of my object; and when they had heard it, they seemed to think it of less importance than I ever before believed one human creature's happiness

could possibly be to another.

" None of them expressed any doubt of the man's innocence, yet few would give themselves the least trouble to get him relieved; they shrugged up their fhoulders, faid it was hard on the man, but no business of theirs. I am convinced, Sir, that it would flock you, were I to defcribe every circumstance of the favage hardness of heart and felfish indifference which were discovered by some. Well, I with those gentlemen much good of their infensibility. I dare say it may have saved them fome unpleasant moments, which I, and I doubt not you, Sir, have felt! But of this I am convinced, that whilberty, my fatisfaction was little inferior to his; and I have no doubt but it will afford me pleafure to my last hour; and so, Sir, I leave you to judge whether or not I have reason to rejoice in having made this jaunt to Naples."

Zeluco's eyes were fixed on the ground during the latter part of Bertram's narrative; and he continued filent and penfive for fome time after it was finished. His reflexions seemed not of a pleasing nature, several sighs escaped from him; if he then threw back a glance on his own past life, he would discover no cheering ray reslected from acts of benevolence to brighten the gloomy retrospect, no cordial drop of self-approbation to

comfort his drooping spirits.

" I fear my'long ftory has tired you, Sir, faid Ecrtram; here is to your good health," added he,

filling his glafs.

"I pledge you with all my heart," faid Zeluco, endeavouring to shake off reflection, in which however he did not succeed, till he had almost entirely drowned thought in repeated bumpers.

In the course of their conversation, Zeluco renewed the offer he had made in the morning, of furnishing Bertram with what money he had occafien for, till the letter of credit which he exrected thould arrive; but Bertram affured him that he was already accommodated. was, that Buchanan having accidentally heard that a fervant had been redeemed from flavery by his mafter, had gone and converfed with the man himself, from whom he heard all the particulars, of which he was fo full, that on returning home alone, faying, "O Sir, I have jolke. No was you, which I am fure will do your heart good to hear!"—He then gave him the whole ftory as he had received it from the Savovard, concluding with this reflection: "I really do imagine, Sir, that there is fomething in the air of mountainous countries exceedingly favourable to kindness of heart.-I have heard feveral travellers declare that they had met with more hospitality in a short tour in the Highlands of Scotland, than in their journies over all Flanders and the Low Countries, although the last are as full of populous towns as the former is of mountains."

"This Bertram is a citizen of Geneva, whose territories are not mountainous," faid Mr. N——,

fmilling.

"Your honour will be pleafed to remember," replied Buchanan, "that Geneva is fituated by a fine lake, just as the village of Buchanan is by Loch Lomond; and there are mountains at no

great distance from both."

"I had forgot that," faid Mr. N—; "but I am fo charmed with the behaviour of this man, that I should like to be acquainted with him, although it could be proved against him that he had been born above a hundred miles from any lake or mountain."

Mr. N- went the very next morning to callon Bertram, and found him as be returned from his first interview with Zeluco, telling him he had done himfelf the honour of waiting on him expressly to folicit the acquaintance of a man of so much worth. In the course of their conversation, Mr. N—— difcovered that he had been well acquainted with Bertram's father when he himfelf had been at Geneva, and when Bertram was in the Spanish fervice. Mr. N—— at the same time told Bertram, that he had received many civilities from his relations, and spoke of his father in such terms of regard as brought the tears into the fon's eyes; who although he at first had declined Mr. N----'s offer, now told him he would with pleafure make use of his banker for what money he might need, till his own credit should arrive.

Zeluco feemed difappointed on finding that he was anticipated in fixing an obligation on Bertram, He asked whether he had mentioned to Mr.

N—— any thing of their prefeut meeting.

"I fancy, Sir," faid Bertram, a little gravely, "You have forgot that I promifed not to mention my being acquainted with you to any body."

Zeluco begged his excuse, saying, he kud forgot; adding "that it would be no longer necessary to conceal their acquaintance, and invited him to

dine with him the following day.

Bertram expressed no desire of knowing Zeluco's reason for his former wish of concealment, or for the secret manner in which they had met. He perceived that Zeluco began to be affected by the wine, and imputed his loss of memory, and his neglecting to explain this, to that circumstance.



CHAP. LXXXVIII.

Lentus in meditando ubi prorupuisset, tristibus dictis atrocia facta conjungebat. TACIT.

HE suspicions which rankled in the breast of Zeluco would perhaps have gradually lost their force, and at length died away, had they not been carefully cherished and kept alive by the watchful malice of Nerina. She adapted and linked tegether every accidental circumstance in such an artful manner, that to the disturbed fancy of Zeluco, they formed a chain of irrrefragable force; the absurd answers of the nurse to his questions, and the passionate interference of Laura's maid, which of themselves had made a strong impression in his mind, received additional strength from the comments of Nerina.

Laura observed an increasing gloom on the countenance of her husband, and was shocked and terrified at the looks he sometimes threw on his child. She mentioned this to Signora Sporza, who not having observed it herself, persuaded Laura, that what alarmed her proceeded entirely from her viewing the looks and actions of Zeluco through a medium of additional gloom ever fince the information given by the valet.

A packet of letters arrived from Captain Seidlits, in which was one addreffed to Mr. N-, one to Signora Sporza, and one to Madame de Seidlits, but none to Laura. This omission was a circumstance of new suspicion in the eves of Zeluco, who was with Madame de Seidlits when the opened the cover of the letters. He fufpected what was really the cafe, that there was a letter for Laura inclosed in that for Signora Sporza; and had he been without a witness, it is not impossible but he might have had the meanness to have broke open the letter. Madame de Seidlits fent it by her own fervant to Signora Sporza, and Zeluco remained on the watch to observe whether Signora Sporza did not fend or bring a letter to Laura. She thought proper to bring it herfelf, and Zeluco met her as the was going to Laura's apartment. He accosted her with affuming cheerfulnefs, faid he was going to drive out for a few miles, and being perfuaded the would not accept, he invited her to accompany him in the carriage; which she having declined, he bade her adieu, faying, he would return within a few hours; and immediately went out of the house, but returned through the garden to his own apartment, by a door of which he alone had the key, and from thence paffed unobserved into a small room adjoining that in which Laura and Signora Sporza were converfing. His defign was to discover whether his sufpicions regarding the letter were well founded, and to hear what passed between the two friends, when they thought themselves unobserved, and him at a distance.

Zeluco could not diftinftly hear every word that paffed; but from what he did hear, he underftood that a letter had come from Captain Seidlits to Laura;—that the Captain with his friend Carloftein would arrive very foon;—that Laura earneftly wished to be separated from him as foon as possible, provided she should be permitted to take her child with her;—and at last he heard Laura with a raised voice distinctly pronounce these words: "O my dearest brother, had you arrived a few weeks sooner at Naples, I should never have been united to this mean persidious man!"

Zeluco was fo transported with rage on hearing this, that he mechanically drew his ftiletto, and was on the point of bursting into the room, and stabbing his wife, when hearing the voice of Signora Sporza, he was again tempted to listen.

Signora Sporza endeavoured to footh and quiet the mind of Laura by admonitions to patience and fortitude, reprefenting that the would in a very thort time have the pleafure of embracing her brother, who would unquestionably fall on means to free her for ever from her odious tyrant; reminding her at the same time, that it was of the utmost importance to manage the temper of the monster, till such time as he should agree to deliver the child to her care.

She then told Laura, that flie was obliged to make a few morning vifits; but would fee her in the evening; and took her leave.

Zeluco

Zeluco remained for fome time boiling with indignation in his liftening place, which he left at last, and came round to the room in which Laura She had just received her child from the nurse when Zeluco entered .- He made a motion with his hand for the nurse to retire, which fhe directly did, leaving the child in Laura's arms.

Zeluco walked backward and forward for fome time with a morofe and gloomy countenance, without speaking or seeming to take notice of cither.

As this was nothing unufual, Laura paid no attention to it, nor did she remark the dreadful humour he was in, till turning quick upon her, he faid, with a fierce look, "Don't you think that child very like his father, Madam?"

"He is much too young," replied fhe. "for

his features to announce any particular likenefs."

"I have been told," faid he, that he already difplays a most striking resemblance to your brother."

" I am happy to hear it." faid Laura, carefsing the child.

" Have you the audacity to fay fo, Madam, and to my face?" exclaimed Zeluco, furioufly.

"What is it that you mean, Sir?" cried Laura, rifing from her feat; for the child fereamed, being alarmed at Zeluco's loud and threatening voice.

" Peace !--inceftuous baftard!" exclaimed he, grasping the infant by the throat with frantic vio-

lence.

" Ah, Monster! you murder your child"! cried Laura, agonized with terror, and endeavouring to remove his diftracted hand.

It was removed too late; -the child never breathed more.

The wretched mother funk again upon her feat; her foul fuspended between hope and despair, while her imploring eyes were rivetted on the face of the infant, which lay breathless on her knee.

The women hearing a confused noise, rushed into the room:—every means were used for the

recovery of the child; -all were fruitlefs.

When it became certain that there was no hope, Laura, yielding to defpair, clafped the dead infant to her bosom, crying; "O my child! my child! take thy miserable mother with thee to the grave!" and she directly fell senseless on the floor.

The child's body being removed, Laura was carried to her bed in a ftate of infentibility.



C H A P. LXXXIX.

Notre repentir n'est pas tant un regret du mal que nous avons fait, qu'une crainte de celui qui neus en peut arriver.
ROCHEFOUCAULT.

WHEN it appeared that the child was irrecoverably gone, Zeluco's jealous phrenzy dwindled into perfonal fear, left he should be called to account for the murder of the child. To the attendants, therefore, he made a great display of concern for the child's death, and still more for the consequences it might have on the health of

his beloved wife. And when Signora Sporza returned, he took care to meet her, and informed her, before the nurse and other domestics, with an air of infinite forrow, That the dear infant had been feized on a fudden in a most unexpected manner with convultions while he was in his mother's arms; and that, in spite of all the means which could be used to fave his life, the poor child had expired; on which Laura had immediately fainted, and nothing but his concern for her had prevented him from being in the fame flate; that she still continued very much disturbed, for which reason it was highly proper to keep her quiet and feeluded from all company; for the fight of any body, or asking her questions in her prefent fituation, might have very bad confequences,

Signora Sporza did not liften to this reprefentation without flewing fymptoms of impatience; and when he finished, she made no anfwer, but that she must immediately see her friend.

"You cannot think of it at present, my dear

Madam," faid Zeluco.

" I must fee my friend immediately," faid she, moving towards the apartment in which Laura was.

"Good Heavens!" cried he, stepping between her and the door, "you would not intrude upon her forrow at such a moment?"

"She never thought my visits intrusion," replied Signora Sporza; "I must fee her, Sir.—Allow me to pass."

Zeluco was apprehensive that Laura would immediately accuse him of the child's death, or allow some expression to fall from her that would unfold unfold the manner of it; he was very defirous therefore that no person should be admitted to her till he himfelf had tried to perfuade her that the infant's death was accidental; or, if he failed in that, he hoped he should, by expressing great grief and contrition for the involuntary movement his hand had made, be able to prevail on Laura to promife never to mention what she had feen. Had he once obtained fuch a promife, he knew that he should be safe, being well acquainted with her inviolable attachment to her word. He strove therefore by every argument he could devise to prevail on Signora Sporza to postpone her visit; but all his arguments were lost on her. Signora Sporza's impatience to fee her friend augmented in proportion to the earnestness he shewed to prevent it; the became louder and more violent in her manner, and Zeluco was obliged to yield the point, informing her at the fame time, that he was much afraid that Laura's fenses were difturbed by the shock of such an unexpected accident.

Zeluco did not know when he made this affertion that it was true; he even dreaded that it was not but he threw it out, that lefs firefs might be laid on any expression which, in the agony of grief, might fall from Laura. The disturbance of Laura's fenses, which he afferted at random, had in reality taken place.

Sometime after being carried to bed, as was mentioned, the fliewed figns of life, but of no diftinct recollection; after remaining a few minutes in this flate, the relapfed into a complete flupor, from which, after fome interval, the re-

covered

covered as before, having only a confused impreffion that fomething dreadful had happened, but without being able to recover her feattered fenfes fo far as to remember what it was.

When Signora Sporza came to the door of Laura's bed-chamber, she heard her in a wild, and plaintive tone, faying, " Alas! where have I been? What has happened? Can no body tell? Do all your brains turn round, do your hearts fail, like mine? She then fell back into her former stupor.

While the lay in this state, the attendants informed Signora Sporza, that their mistress repeated nearly the fame expression as often as she

recovered from those fits of fainting.

Signora Sporza feated herfelf at Laura's bedfide, with her eyes fixed on her face, and watching all her movements. As foon as the perceived her recovering, the took hold of her hand, and affectionate from her in the most foothing and affectionate from the most foothing and affection are most foothing are most foothing and affection are most foothing and affection are most foothing ar

lovely friend?" faid the.

Laura stared her wildly in the face for some time without speaking, and then cried "O! is it you? are you come at last?"—" Yes, my dear, I am come," replied Signora Sporza. do you know," faid Laura, " what has hap-pened?"—I am very forry," replied Signora Sporza, "for what has happened."-"Pray, tell me," cried Laura, " what it is? None of them will tell me; but I am fure it is fomething very fad; for fee they all look fad and mournful, and you are forrowful too, and my poor heart is fad, although I know not wherefore-but my head turns fo !----"

Madame de Seidlits, by the indiferetion of a fervant, had been told of the infant's death, with the additional circumftance that Laura herfelf

was dying.

Half frantic at the intelligence, fhe hurried from her own house to that of Zeluco, and without listening to the accounts he endeavoured to give her, or regarding the opposition that was made to her appearance suddenly before her daughter, she rushed into her bed-chamber, exclaiming, "My child! my child! where is my child?"

At this expression Laura started, fat up in the bed, and feemed in fome degree to recover her recollection; with one hand oppofing her mother's embrace, while with a folemn tone of voice, and sternness of regard, most unlike her natural fweetness she pronounced, "My child is gone for ever !- the fiend grasped him;" after which the fcreamed and fell back again infentible many expressions seemingly incoherent, but which bore fome relation to the act which had produced her diforder. Had any person been witness to the child's murder, they would eafily have perceived that Laura's most incoherent expression glanced at that deed; but as nobody had, all imagined they were quite unmeaning, and proceeding from the diforder which the child's unexpected death had produced.

Madame de Seidlits having recovered in some degree the first shock she selt on perceiving the melancholy state in which her daughter was, summoned all her fortitude that she might be

enabled

enabled to affift Signora Sporza in foothing, fup-

porting, and comforting Laura.

A Physician having arrived, was, according to the orders given by Zeluco, introduced to his apartment before he was permitted to fee Laura. Zeluco, with oftentatious forrow, told him of the child's being fuddenly carried off by a convulsion fit; that there was reason to apprehend this sad event had disturbed the senses of his wise, as she had been talking extravagantly ever since, did not know her intimate acquaintance, and was terrified at the sight of her best friends. Having thus prepared the Physician, he allowed him to visit Laura.

She was just recovered from a fit of stupor when he was introduced. On his addressing her, she raised her head from the pillow and looked very earnestly at him, but made no answer to his questions; on his proposing to retire, she said with a timid voice, "I beg, my good Sir, that you will not permit the wicked siend to come near me."

The Physician below to the manned in the benef of what Zeluco had told him, ordered her to be blooded, to be kept very quiet, and not to be diffurbed with questions, or in any way encouraged to spake, for it was too evident that her mind was disturbed; at the same time he gave Madame de Seidlits and Signora Sporza great reason to hope, that with care, she would be in a short time restored to her perfect health."

Although Zeluco had reason to be pleased with the first part of the Physician's declaration, he was alarmed at the last. While Laura remained in the present state, little stress could be laid on what she said; but should she recover, whatever account she gave, he well knew, would carry complete conviction to the minds of all who knew her. He could not indeed accuse himself of a predetermined intention of murdering the chill; but he had great reason for remorfe and felf-condemnation, when he reflected that the child's death was occasioned by the propentity he betrayed in his infancy, and had indulged ever tince, of giving way to every impulse of passion. In this hour of reflexion, among the many stinging recollections which intruded themselves on his memory, he could not exclude the remonstrance of his tutor, when he himself, yet a child, had, in a fit of groundless passion, squeezed his sparrow to death; that remonstrance now appeared to his alarmed conscience in the light of a prophecy: "Had I paid more regard," faid he to himself, "to what that worthy man then, and on other occasions, told me, I should not now have reason to dread the consequences of this curfed accident."

and accumulated infrances of wickedness, of which his confeience accused him, what chiefly kept his mind on the rack at present was, a fear that those allustive expressions, which constantly dropt from Laura, might lead to a suspicion of the fact which he wished so much to conceal; for however misterious or incoherent they might appear to others, they were so clear and connected to him, that he received a fresh alarm as often as any of them were repeated; and whatever he hoped, he was by no means certain, that when Laura recovered, the would not relate the fact as it really happened, and

accufe him publickly; for these reasons he servently withed that the might die of her present illness, or remain distracted.

The continual anxiety he had for his own fafety fufpended the ripening of a certain plan which before occupied his thoughts for the deftruction of Seidlits, who was now daily expected. His whole attention was directed towards Laura; for, although he never ventured to appear in her fight, yet he took care to have every word reported to him that fell from her lips; and he was kept in continual alarm at the import of her expressions.



CHAP. XC.

Him finall the fury pathons tear,
The vultures of the mind,
Difdainful Anger, pallid Fear,
And thane that feulks behind;

Or Jealoufy, with rankled tooth, That inly gnaws the heart; And Envy wan, and faded Care, Grim-viñag'd comfortlefs defpair. And Sorrow's piercing dart.

GRAY.

ABOUT this time Carloftein and Seidlits returned from their excursion; they went directly to the house of Madame de Seidlits, and had the first account of the child's death and Laura's indisposition from her maid; Madame de Seidlits herifelf being then in bed, indisposed with the watching and fatigue which she had undergone. The

two friends were equally shocked at this affecting narrative; they fpoke of calling at Signora Sporza's, but were informed that the flept conffantly at the house of Zeluco, and was hardly ever a moment from her bed-fide. Captain Seidlits then proposed to go directly there, whither Carloftein thought he could not with propriety accompany him; but, over-whelmed with the deepest forrow, went to his lodging, there to wait for the return of his friend.

Zeluco received Seidlits with all the appearance of affliction. " Alas! my friend," cried he, " we have lost your dear little nephew; he was cut off by convulfious in the arms of his mother. I am told by physicians, that fuch accidents are not uncommon among infants. I leave you to judge of his poor mother's fituation; she has been in a most disordered state of mind ever since; and the feems to be always worfe after feeing any of her old acquaintance."

To all this Seidlits made little or no answer; but a woman who had the particular care of Laura coming out of her bed chamber, and reporting that the was more composed than usual, he defired to be admitted to fee her.

"I fear it will increase her uneafiness," said

Zeluco.

" I am convinced it will give her pleafure," faid Seidlits; " for the had always pleafure in fee-

ing me."

" Really!" faid Zeluco, looking fireely at Scidlits, for a movement of jealoufy threw him Aff his guard.

"I have every reason to think so," resumed Seidlits naturally, and without observing how Zeluco was affected.

"The Doctor must determine," faid Laura's murse, pointing to the Physician who entered the

room.

The case being stated to him, "Let her brother's name be mentioned to her," said he, "before he appears, and we will observe how she is affected."

Zeluco did not object to the experiment; he, thought fomething might fall from Laura, on mentioning or feeing Seidlits, which would betray the intimacy that, as he suspected, had been between them.

The Phyfician conducted Seidlits to Laura's bed-chamber. Zeluco flood at the door, which

he kept a-jar for the purpose of listening.

Laura fat up in the bed, propped with pillows; Signora Sporza near her. The Physician whifpered to Signora Sporza, that Captain Scidlits was arrived, and in the house; and he then said aloud to her, "Your friend Captain Scidlits is safely arrived at Naples."

"I am most happy to hear it," faid she, look-

ing at Laura, who took no notice.

"Did you not hear, my dear," faid Signora Sporza, addreffing Laura—"Did you not hear what the Doctor faid?"

" No;" replied Laura.

" He faid your brother Captain Seidlits is re-

"Yes-"faid Laura, without any emotion.

"O merciful Virgin!" cried Signora Sporza, bursting into tears, "her fweet senses are gone;—she knows not what I say." What

What Laura heard, it appeared, made much less impression on her mind than what the faw: for the no fooner beheld Signora Sporza in tears, than the took hold of her hand, and with a look and tone of contrition, faid, "Woe is me! I fear I have offended you; truly, I meant it not."

" I know you did not, my angel," faid Signora "but furely you remember Captain Sporza;

Seidlits."

" Seidlits?" faid Laura.

"Yes, my fweet friend, your brother." rejoined Signora Sporza.

" My brother!" repeated Laura, with a va-

cant stare—" Where is my brother?"
"Here is your brother," faid Captain Seidlits, who, concealed by a tkreen, had with impatience heard the conversation, and being no longer able to restrain his emotion, broke forth in this imprudent manner.

Laura fcreamed, and hid her face under the bed-cloaths, at his fudden appearance; " My beloved Sifter," faid Seidlits, "do you not know me?" Signora Sporza and the Physician continuing to affure her that it was her brother, the raifed her head, and looked with caution and an appearance of terror at Seidlits; the threw her eyes also around the room, as if the suspected that some other person was in it.

"There is nobody prefent but your friends,

my love," faid Signora Sporza.

"I was afraid the wicked fiend had returned," faid Laura.

"There is no wicked fiend here, my love," faid Signora Sporza. "This is your brother; you know him, do you not?"

" Surely

" Surely you do, my dear," faid Seidlits, with a broken voice.

Laura then looked more attentively at him, then throwing her eyes on Signora Sporza, fhe pointed, with a fmile, to Seidlits.

"Yes, my angel," faid Signora Sporza, "that

is your brother."

Laura made no answer, but continued to look

with complacency on Seidlits.

The name of Brother affected her not; but feeing him feemed to give her an agreeable impression, without her being able to recollect his connexion with herself; yet when addressing her in the most affectionate terms he held forth his hand to her, she gave him hers, and displayed not only evident marks of satisfaction while he remained, but also of uneasiness when he proposed to withdraw.

Signora Sporza attended the Captain out of the room, and Zeluco conducted both into an adjoining apartment.

" How strange," faid Zeluco, " that she was no way affected when told that you were come?"

Seidlits made no answer, but wiped his eyes.—
"Yet she seemed pleased at seeing you," con-

tinued Zeluco.

Seidlits was abforbed in thought, and could not fpeak for fome time; he at length, faid, addrefling himfelf to Signora Sporza, "She feemed in terror at first;—she certainly took me for fome

other person. What did she mean by the wicked fiend?"

Zeluco anticipated the answer, faying, "There is no knowing what the means,—her expressions are so extravagant,—she probably has no meaning;—the severe shock the received by the sud-Vol. II. den death of the dear child, has entirely deranged her memory and judgment; only conceive a woman of her great fentibility to fee her child expire in her arms without any visible cause: for although the Physician declares he has known many instances of infants carried off in the same studden manner, yet her delicate constitution could not stand it;—but, thank Heaven! she is better than she was; and the Physician still hopes she will recover entirely."

During this recital, Signora Sporza preferved a gloomy filence, but at one time thook her head in a manner which firuck terror into the heart of Zeluco, and raifed fuspicions in the mind of Seid-

lits.

When he went to his lodgings he found Mr. N— with Carloftein. It was not without difficulty and many interruptions that he gave them an account of Laura's fituation. They were all formuch affected that little conversation passed between them, and Seidlits retired without communicating even to Carloftein the doubts which he had on his mind.

When he called next morning to know how his fifter was, he found an opportunity of speaking with Signora Sporza by herfelf. "My dear Madam," faid he, "I beg you will let me know your real fentiments of this melanchoy affair. I fear

you conceal fomething."

"I know nothing," replied fhe, "which I will communicate to you.—I do not know what to think.—I left your fifter and the child well; in a few hours I returned, and the child was dead, and your levely fifter thus; I then got the fame

account which you have heard.—We must take patience.—The Physician is an honest man, and your fister grows a little better. I never quit her; —we must have patience." Zeluco entering the room, prevented any farther conversation.

Laura feemed gradually and uniformly to grow better from the time that Seidlits arrived; but the received her bodily ftrength and looks in a greater proportion than the did her memory and judgment.

Carlostein meanwhile remained in the most agonizing state of suspence; his spirits rose or sell according to the accounts he received of her state of health from the Physician, from Signora Sporza, and from his friend Seidlits; he was continually going from the one to the other; and when they were all engaged at the same time with Laura, he walked in sight of the house watching till one of them came out, that he might receive fresh intelligence on the only subject on which he could think or converse.

CHAP. XCI.

O, it is monstrous!

Methought the billows spoke, and told me of it;

The winds did sing it to me.

SHAKESPEARE.

THE death of the child, the diforder of Laura, with the fears which opprefied the mind of Zeluco, left the immediate cause of both should be suspected from the mysterious expressions of Laura, had so much engrossed his time, that it was not in his power to be sow much of his company on Nerina; he well knew that all the display of forrow he made would be considered as mere grimace, and would even strengthen the suspections which his personal safety rendered it so necessary for him to extinguish, if he were known to visit her at the very time he was affecting so much grief on account of the child's death and his wife's disorder. He therefore visited Nerina very feldom, and with the utmost secrecy.

This conduct, though prudent and expedient in Zeluco's fituation, was highly offenfive to Nerina, and all the apologies and explanations he was able to make could not perfuade her to view in any

other light.

It is true, she was not acquainted with the chief reason he had for observing this line of conduct; for although he had informed Nerina of the child's sudden death, and the effect it had produced on Laura, he was of too reserved and cautious a temper to entrust her with the original

cause of both, which constantly preyed upon his mind, and filled him with increasing inquictude.

In one of his fecret vifits to her, the imputed the dejection of fpirits which arofe from those painful reflections, to grief for the death of his child; and considering this as an insult to her, the could not refrain from displaying her ill-humour.

" I cannot help thinking you one of the most fortunate men living," faid she to him.

"In what?" faid he, a little furprifed at the

observation.

"Why, in getting so cleverly rid of a baftard," replied she, "who would have cut off great part of your fortune from your own chil-

dren, if ever you have any."

To this Zeluco making no reply, she proceeded: "But although you have been so providentially freed from one, it would be wise in you to be a little more watchful in future; you may not get so quickly rid of the next."

At this observation he fell into a fit of swear-

ing.

"I am not furprifed at your ill-humour," continued the; "it is to be fure a little provoking to have a wife who pretends to have loft her fentes, and a brother-in-law to difagreeable to you, and to very agreeable to her, confrantly at her bed-fide."

"Pretends!" cried Zeluco; "can you conceive

it is pretence?"

"Nay," replied Nerina, "you ought to be the best judge of your wife's sensibility; but one cannot help thinking it a little extraordinary that she should be so much affected with a loss which she can so readily supply."

 L_3

Zeluco

Zeluco poured fresh execrations on Laura and her brother, wishing he knew how to get quit of both.

"Contrive only to free yourfelf from *her*," faid Nerina, "and you will be no longer troubled with *him.*"

"I shall never be freed from her," faid he previshly; " she grows better instead of worse."

"Do not despair," cried Nerina, "she may

depart when it is least expected."

"No.—She grows better, I tell you," faid Zeluco; "there is no chance of her departure now."

"There is one chance however," faid Nerina.

" What is that?" faid Zeluco eagerly.

"She may be fnapt off in fuch a fit as the child was," faid Nerina.

At this random expression, the alarmed heart of Zeluco shrunk; he became pale as ashes, and staring wildly in a voice half suppressed, he utter-

ed, "What do you mean?"

"Mean!" faid fhe, furprifed at his emotion; "What do you mean?—What in the name of wonder diffurbs you?"—Gracious heaven, how pale you are!—I do not know what I faid.—What can be the matter with you?"

"I grew fick all of a fudden," faid he, recovering his prefence of mind, "but it is paffing

away already."

"I hope it was nothing which I faid that af-

fected you fo."

"No; not in the leaft," replied Zeluco, forcing a fmile; "I did not observe what you said:—I was thinking of something else;—but I have been

been subject of late to fickish qualms which invade me suddenly, and make me look very pale."

"You never mentioned this to me before,"

faid Nerina.

"No affuredly," faid Zefuco; "I hate to mention it to any body, or even to think of it.—Let us talk of fomething elfe."

The usual consequences of vice were strongly felt by this unhappy man; though naturally bold and daring, the conscious guilt which hung upon his mind unmanned him to such a degree, that he was appalled at every accidental expression; and the constant uneasiness which this occasioned suggested fresh crimes to free him from the effects of the former.

In spite of all his endeavours against them he often sell into sits of musing while heremained with Nerina; when she accused him of this, and inquired into the cause of his dejection, he imputed it to a return of sickness; and on her stating this as a mere pretext to conceal the true cause, "Why then," said he, by way of pleasing her, and to prevent her farther inquiries, "if you will have the truth, I am embarrassed with a wife, which puts it out of my power to devote my whole time and attention to her on whom my heart is fixed."

"In her present situation," faid Nerina, "if your wife really is in the state you seem to think, it were better for the woman herself that she were dead."

"That may be," faid Zeluco; "but fhe will not die a minute the fooner for that."

" What is the Physician's opinion?" resumed Nerina.

"It is impossible to know," replied Zeluco; those fellows never give their real opinion."

"I have no notion of employing a Physician who will not give what opinion, and also what medicines are most expedient," faid Nerina.

To this ftrange speech Zeluco made no answer.

" What medicines does he give her?" refumed flie.

" Upon my foul I never afked," faid Zeluco. -

"Eccause," resumed Nerina, "I believe they give laudanum in such cases: I happened to know this by a singular accident enough; an acquaintance of mine was affected in the same way; the was ordered by a physician a certain number of drops every night; her maid, by mistake, gave a whole phial sull, and she died next morning in the pleasantest way imaginable; her relations made a rout about it at first, but on calm reflection they were satisfied that in the patient's situation it was the luckiest accident that could have befallen her."

Zeluco, without feeming to understand the import of this story, replied coldly, "I shall leave the Physician to treat his patient as he

pleafes."

The confiant terror under which Zeluco was, left Laura, whether intentionally or not, should fay any thing which might create suspicion against himself, was sufficient, independent of his abturd jealousy, to have converted his indifference for her into a rancorous hatred. He now wished for nothing more eagerly than her death, and the hint thrown out by Nerina was not lost on him; but as yet undetermined whether he should adopt it or not, he resolved at all events to act without a consident.

C H A P.

CHAP. XCII.

-Animum pictura pafeit inani, Multa gemens-Dum stupet, obtutuque hæret desixus in uno. Vire.

1N the mean time Laura feemed fomewhat better; the had been free from lethargic stupor and faintings for a confiderable interval, but still continued languid and dejected, and was in general filent, fometimes the flied tears: and without any obvious cause; at other times she seemed tolerably cheerful, particularly when her brother entered her room; her bodily health upon the whole was agreeably better, but her memory and understanding continued impaired: the never inquired for any body, nor feemed to recollect that they existed till they appeared before her, on which it was evident whom she preferred: when she fpoke, it was always in floort and unconnected fentences.

Madame de Seidlits's indifposition confined her almost constantly to her chamber, so that Signora Sporza, Captain Seidlits, and her maids, were the only persons besides the Physician whom Laura faw.

One morning after Zeluco had rode out, Signora Sporza and Seidlits, by the Phyfician's permission, conducted Laura from her own apartment to a higher chamber, from whence there was a very commanding prospect. She fat for fome time at the window, looking with complacency at the beautiful and varied feenery before her eyes, while Seidlits pointed out the particular objects.

objects. Both he and Signora Sporza were delighted with the composure of mind which Laura retained on this occasion.

She then role and walked about the room, till a picture which hung on the wall engaged her attention: the fubject was the Mailacre of the Innocents.—The inftant that the perceived it, the ftarted and betrayed great motion, but her eyes foon were rivetted on one particular group; it confined of a mother ftruggling with a fierce foldier, who with one hand aimed a poignard at her infant, while with the other he grafped the child by the throat.

When Signora Sporza perceived what peculiarly engrofied Laura's attention, she endeavoured to remove her from the picture: it was not in her power. Laura was fascinated to the spot; she held her friend with a rigid grasp, while, with her face projected, her eyes devoured the group.

"What is the meaning of this? what alarms you, my fifter?" cried Seidlits.—Laura turned to him with a diffracted glance, and then pointing with her finger to the affaffin who grafped the child, fhe cried with a voice of wildness and terror,—" Look!—look!" and being immediately feized with convulsions, she was in that state carried to bed.

The Physician prescribed some calming medicines, notwithstanding which the convulsions and spasms continued at intervals for near two hours, when they abated, and she fell into a slumber.

When Captain Scidlits understood that Laura was in this state, he had the curiofity to return to the room in which she was taken ill; and Signora

Sporza,

Sporza, excited by the same curiosity, left her friend for a few minutes and followed him. She found Seidlits examining the picture; it happened by a singular coincidence, that the face of the assassing soldier had some resemblance to that of Zeluco. Signora Sporza had not looked long at the picture till she observed it: "Almighty Providence," exclaimed she; "How is this?" and then she looked at Captain Seidlits.

"It is certainly so," faid he; "I am quite of

your opinion."

"What, you perceive a likeness?" resumed she.

"A most diabolical likeness," answered Seidlits.

"But the fubject was what first attracted her

notice," continued Signora Sporza.

"Which confirms my suspicions," said he, "that this accurfed villain—" As Scidlits raised his voice, Signora Sporza, clapping her hand on his mouth, begged him to be more temperate. After some conversation they agreed in the propriety of concealing their sentiments, till they could get more light into a matter so mysterious, and which gave birth to ideas so horrid; Captain Scidlits gave her his promise to take no step, without acquainting her, and she affaired him of all the affistance she could give in his endeavours to get at the truth.

But their mutual efforts to this purpose were suspended by the increasing danger of Laura; the slumber in which they left her did not continue long, she was restless, uneasy, and severish in the night; the severish symptoms augmented next day, she was delirious the whole of the sollowing night, and was for three days in such im-

minent

minent danger that all her attendants dreaded, and her hufband hoped, that she would expire: but all at once, when she feemed at the height of danger, the fell into a profound calm and long continued sleep, at the end of which she awoke entirely free from sever, and with her memory and senses restored.

The joy of Signora Sporza and Captain Seidlits on this happy event was fomewhat mitigated by the fear that Laura's memory being now returned, a recollection of the child's death, and the circumstances attending it, might produce a relapfe; but whether it was the natural confequence of that languor to which the fever reduced Laura, or whatever elfe was the caufe, certain it is that flie bore the recollection of the feene which first occasioned her illness with diminithed fenfibility; her forrow was accompanied with none of those violent effects, but seemed to be all at once mellowed into a calm uniform melancholy: and the Physician gave the most flattering hopes of the full reftoration of her ftrength and spirits, desiring at the same time that nothing thould be faid during her convalescence which alluded to her child.

Laura herfelf perceived that every allusion of that nature was carefully avoided; but one day when Signora Sporza was with her alone, the atked, How her poor mother had borne the thock of the child's death; and put feveral other questions to Signora Sporza, respecting the interment of the infant; during the recital, which was given in consequence of those inquiries, she wept abundantly, but soon wiping away her tears, she said, "Why should I be grieved for my child?

he has escaped many evils to which he must have been exposed had he lived; some of them of more importance than that of dying; but his

future happiness is now secure."

Signora Sporza finding, to her great furprise and fatisfaction, that the could fpeak with fuch ferenity on this subject, took occasion some time after to ask Laura, what she thought gave occafion to the convulsions of which the infant died. From this question Laura conceived at once what account Zeluco had given of that transaction, and from Signora Sporza's manner, as well as from her subsequent inquiries, Laura also perceived that her friend had fuspicions that his account was not exactly true. To these inquiries, she answered, That it was impossible for her to tell what was the cause of such sits, but she had often heard that infants were liable to them from various causes; and by her manner fhe plainly shewed that she was not inclined to fpeak more fully on the fubject. Laura knew that the was the only witness of the child's death, and although the had come to a refolution to take measures for being for ever feparated from her hufband, the was equally determined not to appear herfelf, or put it in the power of any other person to appear as his accufer.

During all the time that Laura was difordered Zeluco had kept out of her fight, on the pretence that he could not bear to fee one fo dear to him in that melancholy state; the real reason was, his dreading that she would discover symptoms of horror, and thereby give rise to suspicious which he was most solicitous to prevent.

As fhe was now, to his great forrow, much better in her bodily health, and not at all difordered in other respects, he thought it would seem very fingular for him to delay feeing her any longer; but being willing to found her own inclination in the first place, he told the Physician he was impatient to fee his beloved wife, but would not till he should know from him if he could with fafety. The Physician mentioned this to Laura, who immediately declared that she could not as yet bear the company or conversation of any body, except that of her mother, who was now fomewhat better, or of Signora Sporza; that even theirs, when unufually prolonged, occafioned head-ach and feverithness; she begged, therefore, that no other, not even her brother, or hufband, would think of vifiting her till flie was ftronger. Laura had added her brother, whom the had not feen fince the picture fcene, to render the exclusion of her husband the less extraordinary.

Ever fince her mind had recovered its powers, Laura had been reflecting how the ought to proceed in order to obtain a feparation from her hufband with the least possible celat or other disagreeable circumstance; having resolved to conceal her principal reason, the did not chuse to consult with her mother, brother, or Signora Sporza, till she had tried what effect an application to Zeluco himself would have.—What the Physician told her rendered her impatient to make this trial. Having written the following letter, therefore, the fent it to her husband, when she knew he

was alone in his own apartment.

" To Signor Zeluco.

"You cannot be furprifed, or forry to be informed, that it is my unalterable resolution never to see you more.

" I am the only witness of the horrid deed.

"I have mentioned it to no mortal, nor ever fhall, unless forced by your refusal to comply with my proposal, or by madness which a fight of you might again drive me into.

"The plan of feparation shall be proposed by me to my friends, and on a pretext which cannot affect you; all I require is your concurrence that it may take place without noise or difficulty.

of I demand no fettlement,—but shall delay mentioning this affair to my relations till my mother's health is a little better established, which there is every appearance will be very soon.

" Do not think of turning me from my purpose; the attempt alone will involve you in trou-

ble.

" I defire no answer but a simple assent, and shall ever pray that the mercy of Heaven may be extended to you.

" LAURA SEIDLITS."

Zeluco was preparing to go abroad when he received this letter, he changed his purpose, and

remained in his apartment the whole day.

He was at first so much exasperated, that he had thoughts of bursting into Laura's apartment, demanding an explanation of what she had written, with a view of intimidating her into silence, by threats of confining her for life as a distracted woman, if she dared to accuse him. But a very little reflexion convinced him of the danger such a measure

a measure would be attended with; besides, he saw that no colouring of his would efface the impression which her story, if she was forced to unfold it, must make on a public by no means disposed to think with partiality of him. Zeluco, therefore, determined on this occasion to bridle the impetuosity of his rage, and make both his pride and humour obey the distates of prudence; he relinquished every openly violent measure, and sent the following answer to Laura:

"Although I understand not what some parts of your letter allude to, I agree to your proposal of separation; when you mention this matter to your relations, you will let them know that although this proceeds entirely from a piece of humour of your own, unsought by me, yet I am willing to give you a reasonable annuity for life."

Laura was greatly pleafed with this answer; she was refolved to accept of no fettlement from Zeluco, but thought it best to say nothing on that head, till fhe should remove from his house. She herfelf would have preferred returning to Germany, had the not feared it would be difagreeable to her mother, and had fhe not mistrusted her own heart, which flie was confcious fuggefted that measure from partiality to Carlostein .-The plan, therefore, which the refolved to adopt immediately after the separation was, to take refuge for some time at least in a convent at Naples, or perhaps at Rome or Florence, where the could board at a very moderate expence; and having determined to acquaint no mortal with the chief reafon of this feparation, the expected to meet with difficulty in convincing her mother of its propriety;

propriety; and therefore she watched the advance of her health, that she might mention it at a time when she would suffer little from the uneasiness it would give her.



CHAP. XCIII.

Me, me (adfum qui feci), in me convertite ferum.
Vire.

CAPTAIN Scidlits informed his friend Carlostein of the essect which the sight of the picture had on Laura; also of his own and Signora Sporza's fuspicions relating to the child's death and the mother's illness, which suspicions acquired new strength from the second illness of Laura, and the fingular manner in which it had originated. While Laura continued in danger, the minds of her relations were fo much agitated, that they could think of nothing elfe; but when the danger was over, and it appeared that the crisis of the fever had not only thrown off the bodily difeafe but alfo the mental diforder, Seidlits refumed his conferences with Carloftein respecting the mysterious circumstances which accompanied the child's death, and had occurred fince; and Carloftein expressing a great desire to see the picture, Seidlits conducted him one day to the room in which it hung.

"There is the villain!" faid Seidlits, pointing to the figure of the foldier with the poignard. "Observe with what fury he aims at the child."—Carlostein continued to examine the group with filent attention. "It

"It is true," refumed Seidlits, "that there was no wound on the body of my fifter's infant."

"But observe," said Carlostein, "with what force the murderer grasps the child by the throat."

"Do you not fee the refemblance which strikes Signora Sporza?" continued Seidlits, not having perceived the import of Carlostein's remark.

"Yes; I perceive fomething of that nature; not a great deal however," answered Carlostein, who already repented of the infinuation which had escaped him, for he wished not to strengthen his friend's suspicions without stronger evidence.

"The refemblance feems to me very evident,"

faid Seidlits.

"Perhaps there is fome refemblance," added Carlostein; "fuch things occur often enough."

" Do you not think it would ftrike the villain

himfelf, were he to fee it?" faid Seidlits.

"I should think not," replied Carlostein, who dreaded the consequence of his friend's retaining that idea.

" Pray lend me your pencil," faid Seidlits; it fhall strike him, by heaven! if he ever looks at it."

He immediately wrote over the figure of the foldier the name of Zeluco.—"There," faid he, or now, it will be impossible for him to mistake

his reprefentative."

Carloftein endeavoured to prevail upon his friend to obliterate what he had written; but finding him obstinate, he determined to get Signora Sporza to do it before there was any probability of Zeluco's entering that room.

As Carloftein and Seidlits walked out of the court, they met Zeluco. Carloftein having re-

ceived

ceived the pencil, ftill held it in his hand, but feeing his friend's eyes kindle at the approach of Zeluco, he whifpered, "Pray, fay nothing to him at prefent."—"I must give him a slight hint," replied Scidlits; and then faid aloud to Zeluco, "We were examining the picture, Signor, which affected my fister so violently."

"What picture?" faid Želuco, "I know no-

thing of a picture."

Signora Sporza had concealed that incident carefully from him; having only informed him that Laura had relapfed fuddenly, without men-

tioning the cause.

"By much the most interesting piece in your collection," replied Seidlits; "it had almost proved fatal to your wise: pray examine it carefully, and when we next meet, I shall be glad to know how you relish it." Having faid this, Seidlits walked on, and Carlostein whispered Zeluco, "There is a name written with this pencil over the principal figure; if you wish for any further eclaircissement, apply to me.—I shall be at home in less than an hour, and ready to give you whatever satisfaction you desire."

Carloftein was fully perfuaded that the confequence of Zeluco's looking at the picture, with the ftyle in which Seidlits had directed him to it, must be a perfonal quarrel between them; he knew that Laura dreaded nothing more than such an event, and well remembered with what carnest-ness she had intreated him, if he should ever see any appearance of that kind, to do every thing in his power to prevent it. She had once said, talking on that subject to Signora Sporza, that she would consider this as the greatest obligation that

any person could confer upon her. He had accordingly endeavoured as much as he could to prevail on Seidlits to obliterate the name; he had resolved to write to Signora Sporza to do what Seidlits refused; and he had tried to prevent Seidlits from addressing Zeluco in the manner he did. Having failed in all, he saw no means of obviating a personal contest between the husband and brother of Laura, but by drawing the resentment of Zeluco from Seidlits to himself; this having struck him instantly he whispered Zeluco as has been mentioned.

Carloftein had also another reason for being folicitous to prevent Seidlits from meeting Zeluco in the field; he knew the latter to be far more skilful and expert in the use of the small sword than his friend. He had often feen them fence together, and Zeluco had an evident superiority even when he did not exert his whole powers. Although Seidlits had been as fully convinced of this as his friend, which he was not, it would, on the prefent occasion, have had no weight with them. Pittols were out of the question, no fuch weapon being used in affairs of this nature in Italy. Carlostein imagined himself rather a more skilful fencer than Seidlits, though conscious of being by much inferior to Zeluco, who was accounted one of the best in the kingdom of Naples.

When the two friends had walked a little way after quitting Zeluco, Seidlits turning round to Carloftein, who followed him, faid, "I shall certainly hear from him this afternoon or to-

morrow."

"I dare fwear," answered Carlostein, "he will take till to-morrow to consider in what manner

ner he is to ask an explanation of the words which you addressed to him."

" I shall give him a very brief and clear ex-

planation whenever he does," faid Seidlits."

"Suppose," refumed Carlostein, "he should be able to explain to your fatisfaction the circumstances which seem so dismally mysterious to us."

"I shall make an apology without hesitation," faid Seidlits. "But you will attend me in case

we do go out?"

"Of course," replied Carlostein. "If I remember, you are engaged to dinner at our minifter's—You go, I suppose?"

" I cannot do otherwife," faid Seidlits; "but I will leave word with Targe to bring me any

meffage."

"I am convinced you will have none before to-morrow," rejoined Carloftein; " and if no accommodation takes place, you will probably arrange matters for the following morning;—at all events, I shall have a post-chaite prepared to carry you directly to the ecclessifical state."

" Pray do," faid Seidlits, " for I am confident I shall do his business for all his vaunted skill:—there is some difference between a foil and a sword. Adieu, I must dress for dinner.—You dine with

Mr. N—, do you not?"

" I do," replied Carlostein; " but we shall

meet in the evening." They separated.

Zeluco had observed something sierce and menacing in the countenances both of Carlostein and Seidlits; he was much more surprised at this in the former than in the latter, because Carlostein and he had always been apparently, at least, on the most friendly sooting. He could not comprehend the import of what was said by either;

going

going up stairs, he demanded of one of Laura's maids, in what room her mistress was when she was last taken ill. On his entering the room, he threw his eyes in a curfory manner over the pictures, but the moment he perceived the maffacre of the innocents, his heart shrunk within him, and he was convinced that this must be the piece in question; with a trembling step he approached nearer to the picture, and having diftinguished the foldier grasping the neck of the child, he started back, as if the poignard had been aimed at his own breaft:-after a paufe, he advanced again, forcing his averted eyes once more on the picture, and with horror and difmay obferved his own name infcribed over the head of the foldier.

Perplexed, confounded, and terrified, he fhrunk down upon a cheir, and as foon as he was able to walk, he ftole down ftairs, and fhut

himfelf up in his own apartment.

He had promifed to pass that evening with Nerina, but finding himself in a state of such perturbation, quite undetermined what measures to adopt, not daring to inform her or any other person of the cause of his perplexity; he sent a verbal message by the servant usually employed by them, importing. That he was taken suddenly ill, and therefore could not possibly wait on her at the appointed time; but if he found himself better, he should have that pleasure the following evening.

Having difinish of the footman with this meffage, he continued in painful reflexion on these extraordinary incidents; he could no longer doubt of both Seidlits and Carloftein's having ftrong suspicious of his being the cause of the

child's

child's death and Laura's illness: he was imprefied also with the notion that those suspicions were conveyed to them by Laura, either defignedly, when the recovered her memory, or undefignedly, during the ravings of her diforder: in either case she was the object of his undistin-

guishing vengeance.

His former plan of treating her as a mad woman, he faw would not be of any use now, when, to his infinite mortification, she was perfeetly recovered. He felt the necessity under which he was to demand an explanation of Scidlits and Carlostein. As the expressions which Carloftein had whifpered were the most direct and pointed, he refolved to begin with him. Yet should the effect of this be a duel, he plainly faw, that by attracting the public attention, and exciting inquiries, it would produce a great many of those consequences he so anxiously wished to prevent.

In this flate of hefitation and direful perplexity, how often did this wretched man wish for a friend to whom he could with fafety unbofom himfelf, and from whom he might receive counsel and consolation? but having in the whole course of his life been the friend of no man, he well knew that no man was his friend. He could hardly meet an eye even in his own family, of which he did not furpest of looking on him with aversion, either from love for Laura, or direct hatred for him.

After weighing all the difficulties and dangers, a great choice of which presented themfelves to his mind, he could form no fixed plan of future conduct, but in the mean time thought himfelf himself absolutely bound without farther hesita-

tion to go and talk to Carloftein.

In all cases where he was not disturbed by confcience, which makes cowards of us all, Zeluco had less personal fear than most people; but as he was equally devoid of principle, his notions on the subject of duelling were somewhat singular.

One of his maxims was, that a man who injured another might, confiftent with good fenfe, and ought, from a regard to his own character, to fight the person he had injured, the moment he was required; but he thought it in the highest degree filly and abfurd in the injured person to take fuch a dangerous and precarious method of obtaining reparation; justice and common fense would dictate, he imagined, fome more certain plan of vengeance, except indeed the injury was known to the public, or of a nature which admitted of no delay. In fuch cases, a regard to the world's opinion superfeded every other confideration. His present business with Carlostein he confidered in this last class; he had no doubt of Carloftein's having communicated to Seidlits and to others what he had whifpered to himfelf; therefore, notwithstanding that he considered himself as the injured person, not the injurer, he thought it incumbent on him to demand an explanation in the ufual mode; being determined however not to bring matters to the last extremity, if he could find any plaufible means of avoiding it; not that he feared the iffue of the duel, being too confident in his own skill to harbour any doubt; but merely because he withed, if possible, to avoid every measure which might tend to make an eclat, or lead to inquiries into the cause of the quarrel.

С Н Л Р.

CHAP. XCIV.

What stronger breast-plate than a heart untainted? Thrice is he arm'd that has his quarrel just; And he but naked, though lock'd up in steel, Whose conscience with injustice is corrupted.

SHAKESPEARE,

ZELUCO found Carloftein, as he expected, alone. "You will not be furprifed at feeing me, Sir, after your late behaviour," faid Zeluco.

" I am not furprifed," replied Carloftein.

"You promifed me an explanation," added Zeluco.

"Propose your difficulty," rejoined Carlostein, "and you'll find me as good as my word."

"I was defired to examine a picture," faid

Zeluco, fiercely.

"Which I prefume you have done," added Carloftein, with calmnefs.

" I have," answered Zeluco; " and I find fomebody has had the infolence to inferibe my

name over one of the figures."

"You could not miss it," faid Carlostein; it was very distinctly written with this pencil;" taking the pencil out of his pocket;—" but there was no infolence intended."

"What was intended then?" faid Zeluco, in fomewhat of a milder tone, for he began to imagine that Carloftein meant to explain it in a friendly or jocular manner."

"It was intended," replied Carloftein, in a fedate and folemn accent, "to fignify the conformity of character and conduct between you

and the murderer."

Vol. H. M This

This answer, being rather unexpected, disconcerted Zeluco a little; but recovering himself, he faid, "You can have but one meaning by such behaviour, Sir; I expect you will meet me to-morrow morning."

"Wherever you are pleafed to appoint," faid

Carloftein.

After some farther conversation, they agreed to meet at a remote spot which happened to be near the villa where Nerina dwelt, and at an early hour; each to be attended by a friend.

"I prefume," faid Zeluco, "Captain Seid-

lits will accompany you."

"He is the very last man I should think of on this occasion; neither Captain Seidlits, nor any other person, except the gentleman who is to attend me, shall know of what has passed between us; for this I pledge my honour." As Carlostein pronounced the last sentence, he looked at Zeluco as if he expected an assurance to the same purpose from him.

" None but a -coward could act otherwife,"

faid Zeluco.

" It is well," faid Carloftein. "Now, Signor, your weapon?"

"The fword, unquestionably," replied Ze-

luco.

" Although you are the challenger, and I am not ignorant of your dexterity at that particular weapon, I agree," faid Carloftein.

"If you have any objection to the weapon of a gentleman, you should have thought of it be-

fore you infulted one," faid Zeluco.

"I have told you," faid Carlottein, "that I agree."

Immediately

Immediately on their feparating, Carloftein informed Mr. N—— of all that had passed; and asked the favour of his accompanying him to the

place of rendezvous.

Mr. N—accépted this invitation, after having expressed his admiration of the generous conduct of Carlostein; for he plainly perceived, notwithstanding Carlostein's having passed over that circumstance, that he had provoked the quarrel to prevent Seidlits from being engaged in it. Carlostein begged that he would let nothing escape him, in case of his meeting Seidlits, that could give him any suspicion of what was inintended. Mr. N—assured him he would be on his guard. "But I am afraid," added he, "that, by your eagerness to prevent Laura from the danger of losing a brother, you expose her to a missortune which she will feel with still severer anguish."

Carlostein made no other answer to this observation of Mr. N——'s than a gentle inclination

of the head.

The generous friendship of Mr. N—— for Carlostein was increased, and not diminished, by the great regard which he had long observed Laura had for him. What gave him most uncasiness in the business of the following morning was, the fear of any fatal accident happening to Carlostein, which, although he should regret on his own account, he was of a character to regret doubly on account of the affliction it would occasion to Laura.

When Carloftein met Seidlits in the evening, he told him, That he had as yet heard nothing from Zelaco.

Carloftein answered, That he was convinced there would be no meffage till next day; " Indeed," added he, "I think you had best keep out of his way for the evening; let him digest what he has already got, before you give him any new provocation."

" If a fight of me disturbs his digestion," said Scidlits, "he must keep out of my way, for I shall certainly take no pains to keep out of his; nor will I circumfcribe my walks or vifits on ac-

count of any man alive."

"I only meant for this evening," rejoined

Carloftein.

" Well," interrupted Scidlits, " if he wishes not to meet me this evening, he had best not appear at the Corfo; for I am engaged with fome company there about the time, and shall go directly; perhaps you will go with me."-Carloftein excufed himfelf, after begging of his friend to return foon to their lodgings. He was particularly folicitous to prevent Seidlits from meeting with Zeluco that evening, forefeeing that it might entirely defeat the plan he had already fettled for the next morning.

In the mean while, Zeluco, withing to conceal the fource of this difpute as long as possible, did not chuse to apply to any person acquainted with Seidlits or Laura to accompany him next morning, left they fhould make inquiries which he might not chuse to answer; he therefore waited on Bertram the Genevois, and as an old brother officer, and a perfon of whose gallant spirit he had an high opinion, begged he would accompany him the following morning on an affair of honour with a foreign officer, who, he faid, had infulted him.

Bertram

Bertram hefitated, and expressed a desire of knowing the particulars of the quarrel; "Is there no possibility," said he, "of accommodating the affair?"

Zeluco affired him he had been infulted in fuch a manner as no gentleman could bear, without a very ample apology; and then, to prevent his infifting on knowing the particulars, added, If any antagonist agrees to make such an apology as you shall think sufficient, I assure you that

it thall fatisfy me."

Bertram then confented, in the hope that it would be in his power to bring the affair to an amicable determination. On being informed of the place, he recollected it perfectly, having frequently taken notice of it during the various excursions which he had made since his arrival at Naples; and he promised to call on Zeluco precisely at the hour appointed.

When Zeluco returned home he found the fol-

lowing letter from Nerina:

"Merciful Heaven! what is the matter with you? What am I to think of a verbal mellage of fuch cruel import? Do you not know how my foul doats on you? Do you not know how miferable I pass the lingering moments which cruel fate obliges me to spend out of your company?—Or, are you so ill that you cannot write? Ah! let me not palliate your conduct by a supposition which would render me more wretched than even your neglect. No; let me be blest in the certainty of your recovery; and I will endeavour to support whatever other missortune may befall me. Let me know by the bearer at M 3 what

what hour I may expect you to-morrow. But I carneftly entreat, that no confideration, which folely regards me, may induce you to venture out fooner than it can be done with fafety to your health; that I may not purchase a transient happiness at the price of a whole life of despair. Alas! why am I not permitted to tend you, to watch you through the sleepless night, and endeavour to cheer the gloom of sickness? That were happiness indeed, when compared to the tortures of absence and uncertainty. Write, or rather let your valet write, a short line to the wretched

" NERINA."

Zeluco was himself a great diffembler, exceedingly profuse in compliments and professions of attachment, naturally suspicious, and generally acute in discovering the concealed motives and designs of others; yet the eajoleries of this woman lulled his usual dissidence, and his penetra-

tion was the dupe of his vanity.

Had he feen such a letter as this from any woman to another man, he would have been intiently convinced that the artful essuion was dictated by affected, not real, passion; and he would have considered it as weakness and vanity in any man to be imposed upon by it for a moment; yet such is the fascination of self-love, that he thought the same fentiments sincere and natural when he himself was their object, that he would have considered as extravagant and deceitful, had they been addressed to another man. His answer was couched in the following words:

" My dearest NERINA,

"Make yourfelf eafy—I am fomewhat better already. Your affectionate letter has contributed to my recovery. When my fervant left me, I could not write without pain; but had I thought of the uneafiness which the omission would give you, I should not have permitted him to return without a letter. I may possibly have it in my power to wait on you to-morrow at dinner, certainly not sooner; at any rate you will hear from me, and you need not expect me, nor fiend any message till then.

"I remain most affectionately, "Yours, &c. &c."



CHAP. XCV.

quo modo adolefeentulus Meretricum ingenia et mores podet nofeere: Mature ut cum cognarit, perpetuo oderit.

TERENT.

IMMEDIATELY after engaging Bertram to accompany him to the field, Zeluco took precautions to infare his own escape out of the kingdom of Naples, in case it should be necessary; he next employed himself in burning certain papers, in arranging others; and having prepared whatever he thought necessary, and given orders to his servant at what hour to call him in the morning, he went to bed in the hope of being refreshed by sleep before his receting with Carlostein; but,

but fuch a tempest of distracting thoughts rushed on his mind as totally deprived him of repose. The violent impression which the fight of the painted murderer of a child had made on Laura, with which he thought even her maids were acquainted, was fufficient to create a pretty general fuspicion of the real fact. What had been written to him by Laura, strongly hinted by Seidlits, and directly afferted by Carloftein, were evidences that they all believed him to be accessary to the death of the child. And he often curfed the unlucky incidents by which, while he was projecting a scheme of secure revenge against his wife and her brother, he found himfelf unavoidably engaged in a contest, on equal terms, with a third person, against whom he never before had harboured any enmity. In the event of his killing Carloftein, of which he had little doubt, it struck him that Laura, or perhaps her brother might during his absence mention such circumstances relative to the child's death, as would give the public an impression against him, which they themselves, should they be so inclined afterwards, might not be able to efface.

This idea prompted him to rife and to write a letter addressed to Laura, in which he cautioned her in general terms not to allow any expression to escape her which might injure him during his temporary absence; and advising her to admonsish her brother to the same effect; for that any thing of that nature would prove ruinous to themselves, and would most materially injure her mother. This letter he sealed and put into his pocket, intending to fend it to her from the field,

in

in case it should be necessary after his business with Carlostein was over.

The picture and the infcription came next into his recollection; he had already locked the door of the room, and put the key into his efcrutoir; but now, all the family being afleep, he fiele again to the room, unfixed the picture from the wall, brought it into his own bed-chamber, and

burnt it to affres.

He threw himfelf again into his bed, but with as little fuccefs as before; a retrospect of his past life, which obtruded itself upon his mind in spite of all his endeavours to exclude it, and the dread of the world's fcon reviewing it in the fame light that he himfelf did, with a confuted profpect of confequences which he dreaded without knowing how to prevent, banished sleep from his pillow. He rose and walked with precipitation about his chamber, as if he could have diffipated the unealiness of his mind by the agitation of his body. Nerina's letter lay on the table-he read it once more, and with redoubled complacency.—Convinced of the fincerity of ber attachment, he could not flatter himself with the friendship of another person on earth :-- in moments of difficulty and diffrefs, it is natural for the most arrogant and stubborn of the human race to with for the support of friendship and of love, however powerless the person is in whose breast they reside. There was yet an interval of two or three hours to the time at which Bertram was to call for him. In the feate of anxiety and impatience in which Zeleco was, it appeared an age.

M 5

With what a leaden and retarding weight Does expectation load the wings of time*?

This fine observation of the poet is not only highly applicable where he places it, but is also just when the mind is agitated with the thoughts of any important event which we know to be mavoidable, and have no hopes of tranquillity till it has taken place. Zeluco had fometimes found that Nerina had the art of unloading the wings of time; and being feized with an irrefiftible defire of paffing the interval till he should meet Carloftein with her, he ordered his horfes to be got ready, and wrote the following note directed to Bertram:

" DEAR BERTRAM,

"I have ordered two horfes to be ready, one for you, the other for the fervant, who will deliver you this, and then accompany you to the appointed place, where you will find me waiting your arrival. I will then inform you why I fet out before you.

" I am your affured friend, " and obliged fervant,

ZELUCO."

Having given the necessary directions to the fervant who waited for Bertram, he fet out, attended by another fervant, for the habitation of Merina, where he arrived a little after day-break.

Confident of a cordial welcome at all hours, he entered without knocking, by the means of a key which he kept for that purpose. Being

obliged to pass through the parlour in his way to the bed-chamber of Nerina, he was somewhat surprised to find her maid up at so early an hour. The maid was still more surprised at seeing him. He asked how her mistress was, and without waiting for her auswer, walked towards Nerina's chamber.

" Maria Virgine!" cried the maid, running between him and the door.

" What is the matter?" faid Zeluco.

"Lord, Sir!" cried the maid, "you cannot fee my mistress at present."

" Why not?"

"Dear Sir," replied the maid, "only ftay in the parlour, till I acquaint my nuffirefs that you are here."

" Pfha!" faid Zeluco, puffing her afide.

"O Lord, Sir!" cried the maid, taking held of his coat, "you will terrify my mittress out of her fenses, if you go in to her at this unfeatonable hour."

" Get along;" faid Zeluco, fliaking her from him.

" My mistress is indisposed, Sir; she is extremely ill, faid the maid.

" Ill!" cried Zeluco.

"Yes," faid the maid; " fhe has been exceedingly ill these two days."

"She did not mention that in the letter I re-

ceived from her yesterday."

"No! that is very odd, indeed," cried the maid, "but the has forgot it; for you know my mistress sometimes has but an indifferent memory. Pray, Sir, be so obliging as to return to the parlour, till I inform my mistress that you are come;

when I have informed her, I dare fwear she will

be very happy to fee you. But-"

" Yeace, babbler," cried Zeluco, pufhing her afide, and walking through the paffage towards Nerina's bed-chamber.

"Pray, Signor Zeluco, fray in the parlour; indeed, Signor Zeluco you'll frighten my mistress,—dear Signor Zeluco, I protest, Signor Zeluco," following him through the passage, and raising her voice louder and louder; but perceiving him pushing with violence at the door of the bed-chamber, she fcreamed, "O, my poor mistress will be murdered," and immediately the voice of Nerina was heard from within, shrieking and crying out, "murder! rape! murder! villain! monster, begone!"

Zeluco drew his fword, drove the door open with a violent kiel; of his foot, and to his utter aftonishment, saw a man half dressed, standing by

the bed of Nernia.

"What is your bufiness here, scoundrel?" cried Zeluco, furious with rage, and making a

push at him with his fword.

The fellow very dexteroufly put the fword afide with one hand, plunged a fliletto into the bowels of Zeluco, with the other, and made his escape.

Zeluco fell to the ground.

Nerina, who had continued fereaming from the bed, feeing Zeluco fall, fprang up, exclaiming, "Oh, the villain has murdered my dear Lord," kneeling down by him, and offering her aid.

"Be gone perfidious wretch!" faid Zeluco,

with a faint voice.

With loud lumentations she took all the faints of heaven, with the angels and blessed martyrs,

to witness that she was innocent as the chaste Susanna, or the Holy Virgin herself, for that the villain had concealed himself in her chamber, with an intention to rob or nurder her; and that being awaked by the voice of her maid in the passage, she had perceived him for the first time, and instantly cried out.

Zeluco, without feeming to regard her, defired

the maid to call in his own fervant.

As foon as with his affiftance he was placed on the bed, a meffage was dispatched to Naples for

furgeons.

The man who stabbed Zeluco, we had not occafion to mention before, although he was an old acquaintance of Nerina's. He was originally a rope-dancer; the had first feen him at Venice, where he was greatly admired for his fhape, ftrength, and agility. She found means to prevail on him to quit his profession, and attach himself entirely to her fervice; he had come with her first to Rome, where he attended her as a fervant out of livery, and afterwards accompanied her to Naples. Zeluco foon after his connection with Nerina, faw fomething in this man's appearance which he did not relish; and he gave her a hint to that effect. Nerina infrantly difinified him with fuch an air of indifference, as diffipated certain ideas which began to arife in the fuspicious mind of Zeluco. The difmission however was of little importance; the man remained fecretly at Naples, and was admitted to the bed-chamber of Nerina, when the thought herfelf fecure of not being vifited by Zeluco; those interviews were unknown to all the fervants except Nerina's confidential maid, who was actually fitting up for the purpose of letting him out before the other fervants should get up, when Zeluco entered so unexpectedly.

When Nerina heard the voice of her maid, the comprehended the reasons of her noisy remonstrances, and perceiving that Zeluco was breaking into the room, the instantly formed a resolution worthy of her abandoned character: the screamed and accused her paramour of violence, with a view to convince Zeluco of her own innocence, and instigate him to put the man to death as a housebreaker. The scene however took a different turn, and Zeluco saw the whole in a true point of view.

When the person who was sent to Naples for the surgeons was returning, he met Bertram, who had just mounted his horse, and accompanied by the other servant, was going to the rendezvous: this person knowing Zeluco's servant, informed him of the missortune which had happened to his master. Bertram desired to be conducted as fast

as possible to the house where Zeluco lay.

They overtook Carloftein and Mr. N—, who were riding to the appointed place. Bertram informed Nr. N—— of what he had just heard, and they all rode to the dwelling of Nerina.

Carloftein and Mr. N—— remained in the parlour, while Bertram introduced the furgeon and his affiftant into the room in which Zeluco was. He firetched forth his hand to Bertram, faying, "I am glad to fee you; when my wound has been examined, I wish to have some conversation with you. In the mean time," added he, pointing to Nerina, "let that woman be secured and kept separate from her maid; the is the cause of what has happened."

Zeluco had kept his own fervant by him from the time he received the wound till Bertram with the others arrived; Nerina had also remained constantly in the room, and had often renewed her lamentations. Zeluco took no other notice of her, than by begging of her not to make a noise, for he was in great pain. His eyes were now open to her true character, and she attempted in vain to deceive him any more; yet he explained himself only by keeping a steady silence till Bertram came.

A more unpleasant party than this must have been, can hardly be conceived, consisting of Zeluco, lying wounded on the bed of Nerina; Nerina herself in the most agonizing state of suspence. The servant of Zeluco was the only person of the company tolerably at his ease, and he was rather anxious that his master should die, that he might be relieved from a troublesome attendance; and that Nerina, whom he heartily hated, might be hanged.

But when the heard herfelf fo plainly accused by Zeluco, in the directions which he addressed to Bertram, the began to vindicate her innocence with all that violence of vociferation which so often attends guilt. Being forced out of the room by the company, the and her maid were

fecured in separate chambers.

Zeluco fuffered great pain while the flate of his wound was examined; after drefling it, however, the furgeon gave him hopes of recovery, but declared it necessary that he should be kept quiet, which, as he found himself easier and inclined to sleep after the drefling, Zeluco agreed to. He carnestly begged of Bertram not to leave the house,

house, who affuring him he had no such intentions, they all left the room except one fervant.

Bertrain then joined Mr. N- and Carloftein in the parlour, with the furgeon, who was the fame that had formerly attended Zeluco. He fpoke more dubiously of his recovery to these gentlemen than he had done to the patient himfelf; and leaving an affiftant to be at hand in case of accidents, he set out for Naples, pro-

mifing to return in the morning.

Bertram, with a frankness which belonged to his character, and which was encouraged by the appearance and manners of Carlostein, informed him by what accident he himfelf came there, and of the whole of his connection with Zeluco; he expressed a desire of knowing what was the origin of their quarrel, for he understood that Carlostein was the person Zeluco was to have met, had he not been prevented by the accident just mentioned.

Carlostein refrained from mentioning the real fource of the quarrel, faying, it was an unlucky business, of a delicate nature, which he was not at liberty to reveal, expressing at the same time a humane concern for the condition of Zeluco, and the highest esteem for Bertram, with whose character Mr. N—— had acquainted him.

Carloftein and Mr. N-were still conversing with Bertram, when the officers of justice arrived. Zeluco being acquainted with this, defired to fee them; in the bitterest terms he accused Nerina of being an accomplice of the fellow who had stabbed him; declared that he recollected this man to be the fame whom the had brought Naples in her fervice, and had difinified at his

request.

request. Nerina did not suspect that Zeluco had recognized this man; she therefore denied that she had ever seen him; but the maid, who was examined apart, acknowledged that he was the person who had formerly been in Nerina's service, and with whom she had been connected ever since. They were both carried to prison.



CHAP. XCVI.

Carloftein vifits Zeluco.

ZELUCO having demanded of Bertram whether he had heard any thing of the gentleman whom he was to have met, Bertram informed him that Carloftein was then in the house, and of his humane behaviour ever fince he had heard of the unlucky accident.

Zeluco expressing a desire to speak with him

alone, Carloftein was introduced.

"It is doubtful, Signor," faid Zeluco, "when, or if ever, it will be in my power to meet you in the way we had agreed upon; but it would be fatisfactory to me in the mean time to know whether you and Captain Sciollits received from my wife the impressions which both of you seem to entertain."

Carloftein replied, That both he and Seidlits had received the impressions he alluded to from certain circumstances they had themselves ob-

ferved,

ferved, without their having been pointed out by any third perfon whatever; that as for his own part he never had once feen Laura fince her being first taken ill, and that he knew she had been at great pains both before and since her illness, to make her brother believe that she lived on the best terms with her husband, and seemed extremely unhappy when she perceived that Captain Seidlits suspected the contrary, and had endeavoured by every means to convince him that his suspicion was ill founded.

Zeluco seemed satisfied with this explanation; "I have a curiosity to know also," said he, "if you have no objection, what was your inducement to draw upon yourself a quarrel which Captain Seidlits was sufficiently eager to make his own?"

" As you say this will afford you satisfaction, Signor," replied Carlostein, "I shall not scruple to tell you that when I heard Captain Seidlits express himself in the manner he did to von at your last meeting, I thought it probably would produce a quarrel between you, which might end fatally to one or other; which ever fell, the confequence would be unfortunate for Madame de Seidlits and her daughter; the former must lose a fon-in-law, and the latter a brother or hufband; whereas my being your antagonist could not have fuch ill confequences; if the chance went against me, they would be deprived of no fuch near relation; and even in the event of your falling by my fword, they would be involved in lefs trouble than if you should owe your death to their nearest relation."

"It is impossible not to admire your conduct, Sir," faid Zeluco; "you must take a prodigious

interest in those two ladies."

"There are no two perfons on earth, Signor, for whom I have a greater regard; their virtues command the efteem of all who have the honour of knowing them; but independent of my friendship for them, I will confess to you, that another confideration had weight with me; I am indebted for my own life to the gallantry of Captain Seidlits; I was defirous therefore of feizing, without his knowledge, a chance of repaying what I owed him, by taking the confequences, whatever they might be, of a meeting with you."

" Captain Seidlits is much to be envied," faid Zeluco, with a figh, "in having fuch a friend; -perhaps," continued he, after a paufe, "it may yet be in my power to convince both youand your friend, that what you have mistaken in my conduct was intirely owing to the malice and base suggestions of the accursed woman who is carried to prison, and who, I trust, will meet the fate the for well defense."

To this Carlostein made no reply; but the Physician, who had also been fent for to visit Zeluco, arriving, put an end to their difcourfe.

The Physician had not met the Surgeon, and of course could have no just notion of the danger in which Zeluco was; but finding him pretty free from fever, he ventured to pronounce still more favourably of the cafe than the Surgeon had done; and after giving fome general directions, took his leave.

Bertram remained at Zeluco's carnest request, and by his orders had the direction of every thing in the family; for the house, and all within it, was the property of Zeluco, except the wearing apparel of Nerina, which she had been permitted to pack up; and what she did not take with her was lest under the care of a maid in whom she placed considence.

Carloftein and Mr. N—— returned to Naples

after hearing the opinion of the Phylician.

Carlostein gave his friend Seidlits an account of the whole affair; stating it in such a manner, however, that his intended meeting with Zelucoappeared to have been owing to a fortuitous rencounter with him the preceding evening, in which Zeluco had directly challenged him. Seidlits seemed displeased at his friend for concealing this.—How could I, my dear Seidlits," faid Carlostein, "shuffle over on you the answer of a challenge directly addressed to myself?—Would you have acted so?"

"Well," faid Seidlits, recovering his good humour, "although, from certain circumftances which I now recoilect, I still suspect that some fraudulent practices have taken place on this occasion, yet I shall take no farther notice of them; since, however," added he, similing, "you tried to rob me of a small sprig of laurel, I rejoice that

it has missed your head as well as mine."

They then informed Signora Sporza of all that had happened, leaving it to her to mention it to Madame de Seidlits, when the found a fit opportunity; but they all agreed to keep it concealed from Laura, till the fate of Zeluco thould be more fully aftertained.

Zeluco continued tolerably eafy till towards midnight, when the pain of his wound became very fevere; amidst his groans he poured forth

horrid imprecations against Nerina.

The

The affiftant furgeon, who had been left to attend him, finding that the fomentations and other means which he had used to relieve the pain had failed, spoke of sending to Naples for some laudanum, a few drops of which, he said, might be of service.

Zeluco hearing him give orders for that purpose, told the surgeon to search one of his pockets, where he found a phial sull of that drug.—Zeluco having secretly provided himself with it, soon after a conversation with Nerina, which has been already mentioned.—Whether he would ever have used it for the purpose to which she meant to prompt him, can never be known, for the most profligate of mankind often shrink from executing the crimes which they have in speculation.

The Surgeon administered a dose of this medicine, which abated the pain, and gave him some

hours reft.



C H A P. XCVII.

What nothing earthly gives, or can deftroy, The foul's calm fun-thine, and the heart-felt joy, Is virtue's prize. Pore.

THE following morning early, Bertram underftanding that Zeluco was awake, entered his room to enquire how he was. Being then pretty eafy and refreshed by sleep, he begged that Bertram would would fit by his bed fide; and as the ftory of Antonio had made fome impression on him, he began to make more inquiry concerning him; after a few questions he said to Bertram, "On the whole, I perceive that this Savoyard has put you to a considerable deal of expence, as well as trouble."

"I have already been amply repaid," faid Bertram; "but I ftill expect an additional recompence."

"I understood the fellow had nothing," said

Zeluco.

"He has both a father and a mother," replied Bertram, "very honest people, as I have been told; they live at Chamberry, which is in my way home to Geneva; the poor old couple have been miserable on account of their son's misfortune. I shall have the pleasure of restoring him to them;—only think, Signor, what satisfaction I shall have—their old hearts will be ready to burst with joy. I often anticipate in my imagination, the scene of their first meeting;—why, Signor, a single scene of that kind is worth all the sive acts of dull felfish life."

"You enter into these people's happiness as if

it were your own," faid Zeluco.

"A great part of it will be my own," faid Bertram? "I question if any of the three will be much happier than myself. You must have often felt, Signor, what a pleasing fensation being the author of happiness conveys to the heart."

Zeluco seemed distressed, and made no reply.

" I fear your wound gives you pain," faid Bertram.

"Not at all," faid Zeluco; "and this is the only recompence you expect?" "It

"It is all I would accept of from man," replied Bertram; "the confciousness of a good action is delightful when performed, and is also a source of pleasing recollection through life.—
Would to God I had more of them to boast of! being conscious of but few, makes me perhaps too vain of this."

" You have reason to be vain indeed," faid Zeluco.

"I am certain at least," rejoined Bertram, that I should have been lower in my own eyes had I acted otherwise:—yet I make no doubt but you and many others, would have done the same thing with less hesitation than I shewed."

Zeluco groaned.

" I am heartily forry to fee you in fo much pain," faid Bertram; " fhall I call the furgeon?"

" No, no," cried Zeluco; "the furgeon can-

not relieve me."

" I fear talking does you harm; I'll leave-"

"Pray ftay," faid Zeluco; "I fhall be worse when you go.—Tell me, my friend, what fortune have you?"

Bertram named a very moderate fum.

" And with this you are happy!" exclaimed Zeluco.

"With this I am contented," replied Bertram; and I am happy in many other particulars;—

riches cannot give happiness."

" I'll be fworn they cannot," faid Zeluco;
yet I am furprifed that you, who have been abroad in the world, and have feen extensive feenes of life, could be contented with so little."

"Perhaps," replied Bertrain, "the circumfrance you mention has contributed to it; for

limited

limited as my circumftances always were, I faw multitudes of my fellow-creatures, in every country where I have been much poorer than myfelf; but what had more influence than any thing in keeping me from discontent was the remembrance of a maxim often repeated to me by my excellent father."

" What is that maxim?" faid Zeluco.

"When you are difposed to be vain of your mental acquirements, Bertram," said he, "look up to those who are more accomplished than your-felf, that you may be fired with comulation. But when you feel distaitsfied with your circumstances, look down on those beneath you, that you learn contentment."

"But even of the fmall pittance you mention," faid Zeluco, "you allowed a confiderable propor-

tion to your father."

"For that I can claim no merit," faid Bertram; "it is only a proof that I am not a monfter.—Ingratitude to a parent is the height of profligacy, including almost every kind of wickedness."

Zeluco started as if he had been stung by a serpent; the recollection of his own behaviour to his mother rushed on his mind with all the bitterness of remorfe.

"I really am grieved, Signor," faid Bertram, in a fympathifing tone of voice, " to fee you fuffer fo much."

"I do indeed fusser," said Zeluco, after a

long and painful paufe.

"I am fincerely forry for it," refumed Bertram; "I wish I knew what would give you re-

licf;

lief;—but the medical people will be here foon;
—they perhaps—"

" No, no," interrupted Zeluco, " they cannot

relieve me."

"I hope, my good Sir," continued Bertram, taking him by the hand, "that after the next dreffing your wound will become easier."

"My wound is easier," faid Zeluco with a voice of anguish; "but I have deeper wounds

which their ikill cannot reach."

" Alas!" faid Bertram; "fome mental affliction; the loss of some dear friend perhaps, cut off by a similar but more fatal accident than what has now befallen you.—Have patience, my good Sir," continued he, "reflection and the soothing hand of time—"

"I tell you," interrupted Zeluco, in the accent of despair, "that I never had a friend; that time developes fresh sources of sorrow to me; and

reflection drives me to madness."

Bertram, being greatly shocked, made no copyly; and Zeluco, after a confiderable inecession, having recollected himself, faid, with any arent composure, "I have been severish and restless; I know not what I say; but the pain seems now to abate, and I feel myself drowfy. Pray, my good friend, leave me;—perhaps I may get a little sleep before the Surgeon arrives."

When Zeluco found himfelf alone—" Happy man!" faid he, with a deep figh, " who can look back with pleafure and felf-approbation, and forward with tranquillity and hope.—What false estimates are formed by mankind! This Bertram they will consider as an unfortunate man, yet he has never been unhappy, and has found many

Vol. II. N fources

fources of enjoyment unknown to me. I have been reckoned remarkably fortunate, although I have never known what happiness is.—His life has been devoted to duty, and mine to enjoyment; yet it is evident he has had more enjoyment in his purfuit than I ever had in mine; I begin to think that pleafure is most frequently found while we are on some more worthy pursuit, and miffed by those who are in search of nothing elfe.—O fool! fool! to facrifice the permanent rewards of virtue, without enjoying the only allurement of vice. After having passed my life hitherto in disquietude, I am now stretched on a bed of danger, without a friend, or one perfon I can trust, except this stranger, Bertram, on whom I have no claim but that of humanity and benevolence, which I myfelf have fo little practifed."

After these general reflections on his past conduct, when he turned his thoughts to Laura, all his former causes of suspicion appeared in their native weakness; for anguish, languor, and humbled pride, presented her conduct in a more candid point of view, untinged by the medium of jealousy, and stripped of the glosses of Nerina.—"Ah, that persidious and accursed woman!" exclaimed he, endeavouring to relieve the anguish of his own conscience, by throwing the greater part of the guilt upon another; "I should never have behaved as I did to the most virtuous of women had I not been instigated by a dæmon."

In reflections of this kind, and in refolutions of altering his fystem of life, Zeluco passed the time till the Surgeon arrived to dress his wound. Upon this second examination, the Surgeon was confirmed in the opinion he had formed at the

first,

first, that the wound was mortal; he thought proper to tell Zeluco, however, that it looked as well as he expected, and added other expressions of an encouraging nature.

When he returned to the parlour, he found Carloftein with Bertram, and immediately after

Father Mulo alfo arrived.

The Surgeon then fairly told them, that although he had faid nothing to his patient which would deprefs his fpirits, yet he now had little or no hopes of his recovery.

"If that is your real opinion," faid Father Mulo, "why did you not inform the unhappy

gentleman of the danger he is in?"

"Because it is my business, Father," replied the Surgeon, "to cure him, if it is possible, and not to diminish the very small chance of his recovery by disagreeable news."

"You acted otherwife when you attended him formerly," replied Father Mulo; "for you then made him believe he was in more danger than

was really the cafe."

"That is a remark, my reverend Father," faild the Surgeon, "which I hardly could have expected from you; yet you are too learned in your profession not to know the use of terror in rendering mankind obedient. At the time you allude to, it was expedient to give this gentleman a strong idea of his danger, that he might submit to the regimen uccessary for his cure; but at present it would disquiet him without being of any manner of use."

"Why, Sir," rejoined the Monk, "it may

be of the greatest use."

"In my humble opinion," faid the Surgeon,
it cannot be of the least, as I dare fay those
N 2
gentlemen

gentlemen will acknowledge when I declare, I do not think it possible he can live above two, or at

most three days."

" Jefus Maria!" cried the Father, turning up his eyes; "why, for that very reason, Sir, it is your indispensable duty, on such an occasion, to tell him the truth."

"There is no cause for being in a heat, Father," faid the Surgeon, bowing; "but I cannot think it consistent with politeress to tell a gentleman a disagreeable and unnecessary truth on cary occasion.—I will refer it to this gentleman," continued he, addressing himself to Carlostein, who he knew had been at Paris, "whether in France such a thing would not be considered as quite unpardonable?"

"How it would be confidered in France is very little to the purpose," faid Tather Mulo; "the important point is, how it will be confidered in the other world, where the manner of thinking is very different from what it is in

France."

"That is faying a feverer thing of the other world than I should have expected from a man of your cloth," faid the Surgeon.

"Will you, or will you not go directly and acquaint your patient of his danger?" faid Fa-

ther Mulo.

"You cannot possibly imagine, my good Father," replied the Surgeon, "that I will behave fo *unpolitely* to a gentleman, especially when he is on the point of leaving the world."

"Why, Sir," rejoined the Father warmly, by concealing his danger from him he may die without confellion, and his foul of course will be

lost for ever."

"As for his foul, and whether it shall be lost or faved, that is his affair, or yours if you please, my good father; but it is mine not to deviate from the laws of good-breeding and politeness." So saying, with a low bow to the company, he stepped into his carriage, and drove to Naples.

CHAP. XCVIII.

Thou canst enter the dark cell
Where the vulture conscience slumbers,
And unarm'd by charming spell,
Or magic numbers,
Canst rouse her from her formidable sleep,
And bid her dart her raging talons deep.

MASON.

()N his departure, Father Mulo shewed great impatience to be introduced into Zeluco's bedchamber, and to acquaint him with the dangerous fate he was in, that every ceremony requifite for his falvation might be performed without loss of time. Captain Seidlits and Bertram being Protestants, and thinking that the intended ceremony of confession would not do so much good as the Monk's abrupt manner of communicating the immediate necessity of it would do harm, endeavoured to perfuade him to defer it a little, as Zeluco feemed disposed to fleep when the Surgeon left him. While they disputed the point the Phyfician arrived; he had met with the Surgeon, who had informed him that there was now a certainty of the bowels being pierced in fuch a manner as to leave very little or no hopes of the patient's recovery.

It was the opinion of all prefent, that this information would come with more propriety from him than from Father Mulo: out of tenderness to the unhappy man, therefore, he was defired to

centey it.

With whatever delicacy the annunciation was made by the physician, it feemed greatly to slock the patient, for till that moment he had little doubt of his furviving. He immediately renewed all his curses and imprecations against Nerina, with fuch violence, that the phylician thought proper to withdraw. What repelled the Doctor attracted the Monk. Father Mulo entered, and began an exhortation which had by no means the fame foporific effect on Zeluco with the former, or which we have made mention, but feemed on the contrary to throw him almost into convultions. "You fee, my worthy Father," faid Bertram, that he is in too much pain to liften to your admonitions at prefent; you had best leave him a little, and perhaps, after he has recovered the shock he has just received, he will be able to profit by your kind intentions."

After Father Mulo had been with difficulty removed, Zeluco defired to fee the Physician again, of whom he inquired once more if there absolutely was no hope of his recovery. The Physician expressed much uncafiness at being obliged to confirm the opinion which he had already given; adding, that although the wound, from the different functions of the parts injured, was not fo immediately mortal, yet he feared it would prove as certainly so as if the poignard had pierced his heart. Zeluco then asked, How long the Physician thought he could live? to which he other answered,

answered, There was reason to believe he could not suffer above two or three days longer.

Zeluco made no answer, and continued several hours without speaking a word to any body, but sometimes muttered indistinct sentences to himself and shewed marks of impatience when any discourse was addressed to him. He at length inquired whether Captain Seidlits had been to call for him, and expressed a desire of seeing him. The Captain, who was just taking his horse to go to Naples, immediately returned and was introduced to Zeluco's bed-chamber, every other person being requested to retire. Zeluco then addressed him to the following effect:

" Amidst many sources of regret, none affects me fo fenfibly, Sir, as my behaviour to your fifter. Prompted by headitrong pattion, I used every means I could devise, some of them not justifiable, to prevail on her to confent to a marriage to which I plainly faw the had a rooted diflike. When, by the continuation of my artifices, and the perfuafion of her mother, the gave a reluctant confent, it might have been expected that, happy in the attainment of my wishes, I should have behaved with kindness and affection to her, however difficult it was for her to behave in the fame manner towards me. The fact was otherwise: had I conducted myfelf with half the good nature to the wife I really effected, and even admired, that fee did to the husband she disliked, I should not feel the remorfe I now do. On recalling to my memory the whole of her conduct, I cannot charge her with a fingle impropriety; but in spite of her most blameless conduct, I plainly saw slie did not love me; every duty of a wife which was in her power, the fulfilled; her affection it was impossible for her to place upon me, and this I had the injustice to consider as an injury. I included groundless sufficients, which were cherished, and new ones of the most profligate nature were suggested by a devil in the shape of a woman, who, by the wickedest artifices, entangled my affections, stimulated my possions into madness, and was the cause of even involuntary crimes. I carnestly hope she will be brought to the punishment her guilt and persidy deserve. I carnestly hope—but let me drive her from my thoughts,—let no more time be lost, but let me at length make all the expiation in my power.

"I was willing that you should know, Sir, that these were my fentiments, which at a proper time you will communicate to the most virtuous

and deferving of women."

Scidlits was affected. The wretched condition to which he faw the man reduced, had long fince diffipated all his animofity; with a fympathifing accent which was not very ufual to him, and a tincerity which never forfook him, he expressed wishes for his recovery. Zeluco shook his head as if he thought that entirely out of the question, and Scidlits withdrew.

Zeluco then directed Ecrtram to fend to Naples for his lawyer, who arrived in a fhort time, and received orders regarding his last will and deed, which were executed in due form, and figned by Zeluco the following morning, in the presence of certain persons who came from Naples at his request for that purpose.

CHAP. XCIX.

Hail picty! triumphant goodness, hail!
Hail, O prevailing, ever O prevai!!
At thine entreaty, justice leaves to frown,
And wrath appeasing lays the thunder down;
The tender heart of yearning mercy burns.

PARNELL.

THE following day Laura was informed for the first time of her husband's being wounded, and that he was thought to be in danger. She was much more shocked at the intelligence than Signora Sporza who communicated it thought the had reason to be. Signora Sporza proceeded to inform her of the particulars,—on what occasion the accident had happened, and at what place her husband was then lying; those circumstances made no alterations in the feelings of Laura. "May heaven in mercy," cried the, "protong, his life till he is better prepared for death! O how dreadful for him to be hurried into eternity now!" Signora Sporza infinuated fornething regarding the wretched prospect which Laura would have before her with fuch a hufband, in cafe of his recovery. "Ah!" cried Laura, "is my temporal wretchedness to be put in the scale against his cternal misery? Almighty God, have compassion upon him!" exclaimed the, leaving Signora Sporza, and retiring to her bed-chamber, where the immediately fell upon her knees, before a crucifix, and, every felfith confideration being annihilated in her breaft, with all the fincerity of the most sublime piety, she poured forth her prayers to the fountain of mercy, that the life of

her hufband might be preferved, and that heaven might infpire him with repentance, and extend mercy to him.

Returning to the room where her mother now was with Signora Sporza, she inquired for her brother, and was told he had gone early the same morning to see Zeluco.—"Has my brother sent no message since?" said Laura. Madam de Seidlits and Signora Sporza looked at each other as if they hesitated what answer they should give. "I perceive you have heard from him," cried Laura. "Pray tell me how it is with the unfortunate man? Alas, I fear he is worse."

" It is furprifing," faid Signora Sporza, "that you flow fo much concern for one, who, had this not happened, might have been the cause of your brother's or your friend Carlostein's death."

"Heaven be praifed, they are both alive and well," cried Laura, "whereas this unhappy man is——Ah, tell me how he is? What account have you received from my brother?"—"The account is not favourable, my dear," faid Madame de Scidlits. "Alas, he is gone," cried Laura. "Merciful heaven! has he been hurried off fo fuddenly?"—"Shew her the Captain's letter," faid Madame de Scidlits. Signora Sporza then gave Laura a letter which fhe had received from Captain Scidlits a little before fhe informed Laura of what had befallen her hufband, but which fhe abstained from shewing her upon feeing her fo much affected. The letter was in the following words:

" DEAR MADAM,

"The furgeons in the prefence of the phyfician have just examined the wound; their opinions

are the same as before, notwithstanding some of the attendants had begun to entertain hopes of a favourable turn, on account of his being a great deal easier for these two hours than he has ever been fince he received the wound; he feems very weak and languid; he fometimes mentions my fifter, and once inquired if the was in the house, but in a manner as if he withed rather than expected it: on being told fhe was not-" How could I imagine the would?" faid he. "Why fhould the think of a wretch likeme?" I own I am affected at the difinal condition of this poor man. Yet it were highly improper that Laura should fee him; it would be difagreeable to her, and might have very bad effects on her health; I imagine it would be right, however, to let her know in general what has happened, and the danger in which he is. You will confult with Madame de Seidlits on this fubject. I shall probably not leave this place till the evening.

" I am, &c. &c."

"I will go and fee him," cried Laura, "as foon as fhe had perufed the letter." Madame de Seidlits and Signora Sporza endeavouring to diffuade her—"I conjure you, my dear mother," faid fhe, "as you value the future peace of my mind, do not oppose me. My sincere sympathy may comfort him in this sad hour of—. Pray, do not oppose my inclinations. Indeed, I must go." Fearing that stronger opposition might have worse consequences than the interview they dreaded, the carriage was ordered, and Laura, with her mother, immediately proceeded to the house in which Zeluco lay.

Laura

Laura passed the whole time in which they were on the road, in ejaculations and fervent prayers to Heaven, to look with an eye of mercy

and compassion on her wretched husband.

When they arrived, Captain Seidlits came to the door of the carriage,—"O brother, how is he?" cried Laura. Seidlits shook his head and was filent. "Ah, miserable man," exclaimed she, "he is gone!"—"It is but a few minutes," faid Seidlits, "fince he breathed his last."—"All merciful God, have compassion on his foul!" cried Laura.

Madame de Seidlits then ordered the coach to return with them to Naples. Laura passed the interval of her return in the same manner she had done when going; and being arrived at Naples, the intreated her mother, instead of driving directly home, to stop at the church in which they usually heard mass, and there kneeling before the altar, she spent some time in mental prayer for the soul of her husband. After which, the sent for the priest, and directed that a certain number of masses might be performed for the same pious purpose.

Any person, ignorant of the real case, would naturally have imagined that Laura had been the happiest of women in her marriage; for no woman deprived suddenly of the husband of her heart, was ever touched with more sincere anguish for her own misfortune, than the compassionate and benevolent breast of Laura was with generous solicitude for the eternal welfare of the husband who had used her so ill, and whom she

had during his life detefted.

When

When the last will of Zeluco came to be examined, which it was soon after his death, in the presence of two of the magistrates of Naples, of Captain Seidlits, Bertram, and others, it appeared that he had left his paternal estate in Sicily to a distant relation, who was his natural heir; and the rest of his fortune, which was of much greater value, to his widow, burdened with a few legacies, of which the principal was one of two thousand pistoles to Bertram, and another of one thousand to Captain Seidlits.

The relation of Zeluco, to whom he left the estate, had always been neglected by him, and had not the least expectation of the good fortune which now befell him. On his arrival at Naples, Laura having heard him fpoken of as a man of worth, and that he had a family of children, made a confiderable prefent in ready money to each of his children. She defired this gentleman also to give her a list of such of her husband's relations as were in bad circumstances; fhe had often made the fame request to Zeluco with a view to affift them, but he had always evaded it, and shewed so much ill humour every time the made the request, that the never had been able to put her good intentions towards those people in execution. The legacy to Bertram was immediately paid, to which Laura made a confiderable addition, and he foon after fet out with Antonio for Geneva, effeemed and loved by all who had known him.

Laura also used her interests to have Nerina treated with lenity while she was detained in confinement; and as it was clear that she was not directly accessary to the murder of Zeluco, she used used her influence to fosten the minds of the judges, who were violently prejudiced against Nerina, so that she was at last liberated, and immediately after left Naples.



C H A P. C.

The Conclusion.

CAPTAIN Seidlits's leave of absence was now nearly expired; he had often expressed his wishes that Madame de Seidlits and Laura would return to Germany with him; and urged, among other reasons, that it was expedient for his sister's health, and the tranquillity of her mind, that she were removed from a place where so many objects would awaken painful recollections; afterting, at the same time, that his mother-in-law and sister would now live much more happily in Germany than at Naples.

Signora Sporza had mentioned to Captain Scidlits her opinion that Carloftein was enamoured of his fifter; but from a delicacy natural to the fex, the gave no hint concerning what the was as fully perfuaded of, namely Laura's partiality for him. Seidlits readily believed what he withed to be true, and the high idea he had of his friend, left him no doubt that their love was mutual.

Although Signora Sporza had communicated only one half of her opinion on this fubject to the Captain, the unfolded the whole to Madame de Seidlits, who embraced the idea with great fatisfaction;

fatisfaction; and the proposal of returning to Berlin became more agreeable to her from that moment.

It is probable that Laura relished the plan of ultimately settling in Germany fully as much as her mother; but she was solicitous to see certain distant relations of Zeluco established in a manner which she had pointed out, and in which she wished to assist them; the arrangements she had made for this purpose could not be essectival without her presence; nor could they be properly sinished in the short interval that remained before her brother would be under the necessity of leaving Naples.

In the mean time Carloftein received a letter from the Pruflian Minister at Berlin, acquainting him that he was nominated by the King to an office at Court which had just become vacant; and hinting that he would pay his court in a manner very acceptable to his Majesty, by returning immediately with his friend Seidlits, without waiting for the expiration of his own leave of absence.

The pleasure which Carlostein would have felt from the knowledge of this mark of his fovereign's favour, did not prevent the hint with which it was accompanied from distressing him greatly. His passion for Laura, and his admiration of her conduct, were higher now than ever; and she continued to behave to him with every proper mark of considence and esteem. But he plainly perceived that the death of Zeluco, and the circumstances attending it, had made a strong impression upon her, and had put her into a frame of mind which ill accorded with

the fubject that engroffed his. He therefore abstained from any direct declaration of his sentiments to her, and it is probable would not have ventured on any thing of that nature so soon, had it not been for this letter from Berlin; but he could not think of leaving Naples in the same undecided state, with regard to what he considered as the most important object of his life.

Without mentioning the contents of the Minister's letter even to his friend Seidlits therefore, he watched an opportunity of speaking to Laura alone; and then in the warmest language of respectful love, he declared his admiration of her virtues, the sincerity of his passion, and the su-

preme wish of his heart.

The whole of Carloftein's conduct left no doubt of his fincerity in the mind of Laura, yet the flewed fome furprife at the precipitancy of these declarations.—" I would have waited," continued Carloftein, "for opportunities of giving stronger proofs than have hitherto been in my power of my attachment, before I had ventured to mention the honour and happiness to which I aspire, had I not received the intelligence by yesterday's post, which fills my heart with ten thousand disquiettudes."

" Intelligence !" cried Laura.

" Of the most crucl import," faid Carlostein; which threatens to tear me when Heast expected, from all my foul holds dear."

" What do you mean?" interrupted flie, with an alarmed voice, and becoming inflantly pale;

" pray explain yourfelf."

Carloftein then gave her the Minister's letter, which she took with an unsteady hand.

Having

Having perufed it, she said, "I see nothing here but good news; his Majesty I find has done you the honour to appoint you to an office near his

person."

Carlostein pointed to the message which hinted that the King expected him to return with Captain Soidlits, and renewing his addresses, declared, That his happiness depended on her; that if he could slatter bimself with the hope of her favour, he would immediately write to the Minister in such terms as he had no doubt would procure him his Majesty's approbation of his prolonging his stay at Naples; that no consideration could prevail on—

Laura interrupted him, defiring that he would not infift on a fubject which she thought unbecoming her, as the was then fituated, to liften to; adding, that flie would not attempt to conceal the fentiments of efteem which the had always felt for him; the acknowledged that the valued his good opinion and friendihip above that of any other man; that with respect to the Minister's letter she believed that such a hint as it contained, coming from a king or minister, was generally thought equivalent to a command; that he certainly could not confider it in any other light, and must act accordingly; that independent of the Minister's letter, she imagined there were confiderations which might determine him not to remain longer at Naples, and would oblige her not to receive his visits after the departure of her brother.

Carloftein feemed uncafy, and remained for fome time filent after this declaration; but recollecting himfelf, he faid, "Your brother, I believe, is not entirely without hopes that Madame de Seidlits

Seidlits may be perfuaded to leave this country, and return immediately with him to Germany."

"My mother is so good as to assure me," faid Laura, "that she will never separate herself from me, and certain assairs which I think indispensable will detain me a long time after my brother's departure."

" A long time!" repeated Carloftein with an

accent of forrow.

"I shall think it a long time," said she, with a simile and a look which conveyed happiness to the heart of Carlostein; "for I do assure you," added she, "that there is nothing which I wish more sincerely than to return to my native country."

Carlostein being now more assured in the hopes which he could not help indulging, did not venture to urge her fatrher; for however favourable to him her fentiments might be, he plainly perceived that Laura thought it indelicate to admit of his addresses so soon after the death of her husband.

Immediately after leaving her, he communicated the minister's letter to his friend Seidlits, informing him at the same time that he would accom-

pany him home.

The interval between this time and that of their departure, was spent almost entirely with Madame de Seidlits, Signora Sporza and Laura. Mr. N—— was very frequently of the parties, every individual of the society having the highest esteem for that gentleman.

Carloftein earneftly wished to correspond with Laura after he should leave Naples. As she should at a window apart from the rest of the company, he seized the occasion, and solicited her permission to write to her. Laura beckoned to her mother,

who having joined them, fhe faid, "The Baron, my dear Madam, proposes to write to us, which I dare say will be very agreeable to you, and will prevent our having so much reason to regret my brother's want of punctuality."

Madame de Seidlits, although she was convinced that the proposal was intended for Laura only, answered, That they should be happy to hear from him as often as his leifure permitted

him to write.

The day immediately preceding the departure of Carloftein and Scidlits was to this fociety mournful, but not unhappy; the flow of the virtuous and tender affections of the heart, of benevolence, gratitude, friendship, and love, are never without enjoyment.

— Who that bears

A human befom, hath not often felt
How dear are all those ties which bind our race
In gentleness together, and how sweet
Their force, let Fortune's wayward hand the while
Be kind or crue!?

AKERSIDE,

Targe and Buchanan supped together tête-à-tête the same evening; they selt a mutual regard for each other, a mutual forrow at the thought of separating, and they mutually agreed that the best way of disposing of sorrow is to wash it away with wine.

When the night was far advanced, Buchanan rofe, flook his friend very cordially by the hand, faying, "As you are to be up to early in the morning, I will not keep you any longer from your bed. So, God blefs you, my dear Duncan."

" Naya

"Nay, God shall not bless me these three hours," said Targe; "for as I am to rise so early, I do not think it worth while to go to bed this night: so sit you down on your seat, George, and let us have a fresh bottle without farther ceremony."

Euchanan, not being in a humour to dispute a point of this kind, immediately complied, slapping Targe upon the shoulder, and singing the

following line from an old Scottish song:

He's the king of good fellows, and wale * of all men; and never made another offer of taking leave; till he faw Targe ready to fet out with his mafter and Carloftein.

The latter wrote from the various towns of Italy and Germany in the course of their journey to Berlin, acdressing his letters alternately to Madame de Seidlits and to Laura. Captain Seidlits, who was not in love, and hated letter-writing, was contented with occasionally adding a post-script of a sew sentences to Carlostein's letters.

This correspondence continued with equal regularity after their arrival at Berlin; and Carloftein, who had repeatedly begged of Madame de Seidlits to let him know the exact time when she and Laura intended to leave Italy, at length wrote to her that he would be happy to return to Naples, merely that he might have the honour of accompanying them to Berlin, and earnestly entreated her to use her influence with Laura to confent to that measure; for which, he said, he was assured of the king's permission.

Madame de Seidlits could not give a fatisfactory answer for a confiderable time, because, al-

^{*} Wale, or choice.

though Laura herfelf was impatient to leave Naples, yet she had refolved to remain till she fettled her affairs in such a manner as not to require her returning: this she accomplished at length, having at the same time gratisted her own benevolent and generous disposition by doing, what she called, justice to the relations of Zeluco, in a degree far beyond their expectations: and so as to procure their fervent prayers for her happiness, and the admiration of all who were acquainted with her behaviour.

At the approach of fummer, Madame de Seidlits gave Carloftein the joyful news, that Laura and the were immediately to fet out on their return to Germany, and that they could not think of putting him to the inconveniency of coming to far as Naples, especially as his friend Mr. N--- being to return at the fame time to England, had offered to accompany them the whole way to Berlin; that they had agreed to accept of his efcort, however, no farther than to Milan, which did not lead him out of the route that at all events he would have taken. At Milan, Madame de Scidlits added, flie had a friend who would accompany them to Drefden; and as they could not reach that city for a confiderable time after the Pruffian reviews were over, she hoped it would not be inconvenient to Carlostein to meet them there, at a time which the mentioned, from whence he might accompany them to Berlin.

When Madame de Seidlits, Laura, and Signora Sporza, attended by Mr. N——, arrived at the inn at Milan, they were greatly furprifed to find Carloftein and Captain Seidlits ready to hand.

them

them out of the carriage. Carloftein had received his mother-in-law's letter during the reviews; his friend and he fet out for Milan foon after, and arrived fome time before the ladies.

The unexpected appearance of these two gentlemen certainly occasioned an agreeable fensation to the company just arrived; but it was too strong for the fenfibility of Laura. She could not help being a good deal agitated, the confciousness of which increased her confusion; every body obferved the manner in which the was affected, and all had the delicacy to impute it to the fatigue of the journey. Laura foon recovered her usual fenerity, and the whole party fpent a few very happy weeks at Milan; during which Mr. N-received a letter from the Earl his father, informing him that Mifs Warren had confented to give her hand to his friend Steele, to the infinite fatisfaction of old Mr. Transfer and Mrs. Steele, as well as that of Lady Elizabeth and the Earl himfelf; and that the nuptial ceremony was delayed till Mr. N---'s arrival in England, all parties being defirous that he should be present on that happy occasion.

This intelligence afforded much pleafure to Mr. N-, who had great good-will to Steele, a very high efteem for Miss Warren, and was befides of a frame of mind which takes delight in the happiness of others. With this charming difposition Mr. N- must have been highly gratified in the contemplation of the company he was then in, every individual of which was in a

State of felicity.

Signora Sporza, who loved Laura with an affection little inferior to that of her mother, could not conceal her joy in the perfuation the had of the

approaching

approaching happiness of her young friend; for it was now obvious that her marriage with Carloftein would take place soon after their arrival at Berlin. Captain Seidlits was delighted with the idea of his beloved sister's being united to the man whom of all mankind he loved and esteemed the most. The fatisfaction of Madame de Seidlits, it may be easily supposed, was equal to both theirs. Laura and Carlostein saw in each other all that their imaginations conceived as amiable; and they beheld in the faces of their surrounding friends a generous joy at the prospect of their selicity, and an impatience to see them speedily united.

It would have been difficult for Mr. N—— to have refifted the importunities of his friends and his own inclination, to accompany them to Berlin, had he not received the letter above mentioned from his father; this determined him to follow the plan he had formed on leaving Na-

ples.

On his arrival at Turin, where he ftopped only one night, he wrote an answer to his father's letter, the conclusion of which was in the following

terms:

"I am every day more confirmed in the truth of what you, my dear Sir, took fo much pains to impress early on my mind, That mifery is inseparable from vice, and that the concurrence of every fortunate circumstance cannot produce happiness, or even tranquillity, independent of conscious

integrity.

"Had I harboured doubts on this head, the fate of a person with whom I had some acquaintance at Naples, would have ferved to diffipate them; the particulars of this wretched man's flory I will communicate to you at more leifure. I need only mention at prefent, that with every advantage of person, birth and fortune, and united by marriage to the most beautiful and accomplished woman I ever had the happiness of knowing, he was miserable through the whole of his life, entirely owing to the felfishness and depravity of his heart. I am equally convinced that it is not in the power of external circumstances to render that man, who is in possession of integrity and the blessing of an applauding confcience, fo wretched as the person above alluded to, often was in the midft of profperity and apparent happiness. An acquaintance I lately formed with another person, a citizen of Geneva, of a character the reverse of the former, and who I am not without hopes of prefenting to you at my return, tends to confirm this opinion, and to convince me that the Poet is right in declaring,

[&]quot;The broadest mirth unfeeling Folly wears, Lefs pleasing far than Virtue's very tears."











