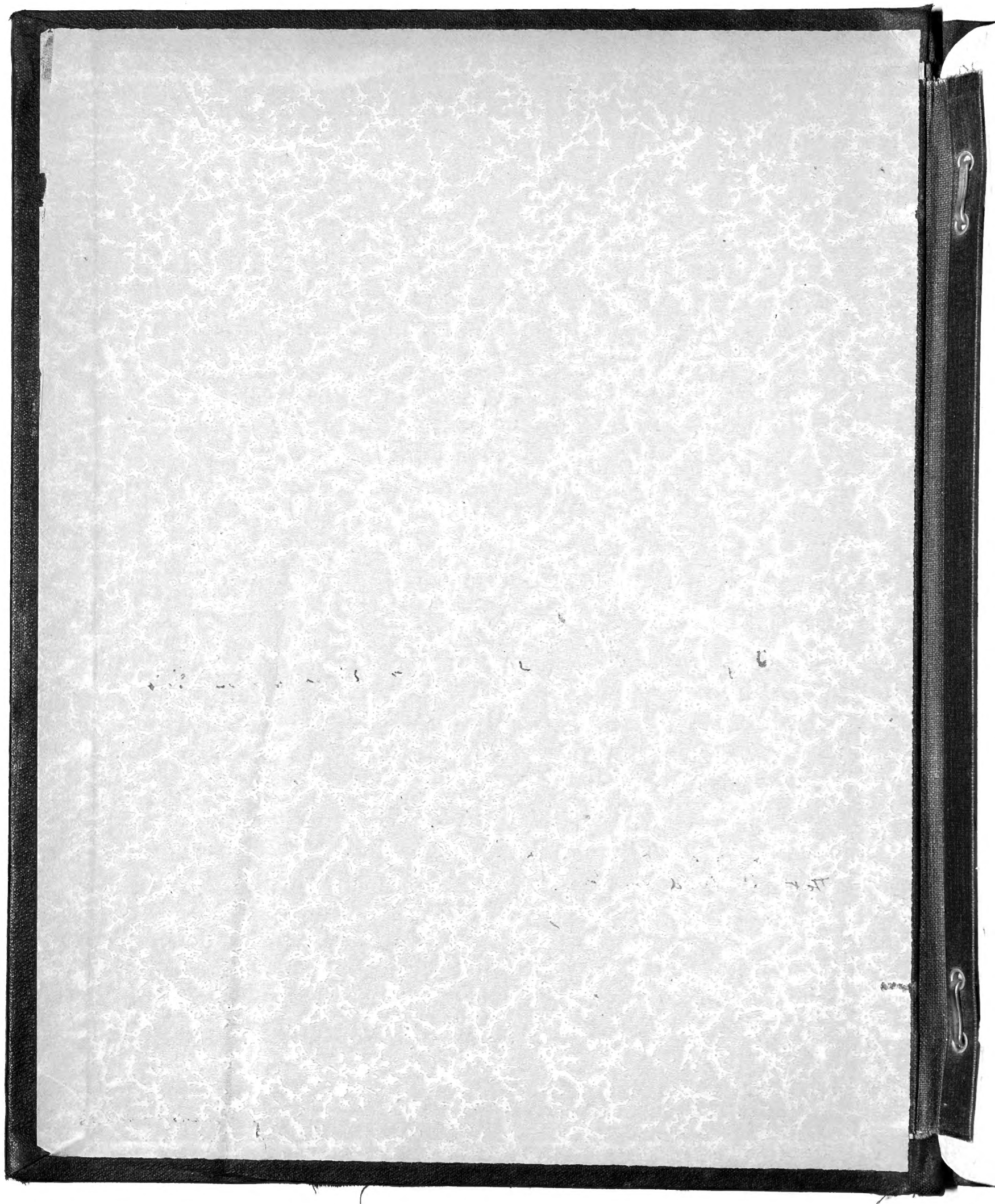


1948
Arensold
Cape York Expedition
Journal of
S. H. H. Tate



Crystal Cascade
Cairns Lake
Duckwater

5/11/12

Shipments to B.P., Cairns.

no. 96

1 from Thursday Island
(SS. Alagna)

1 Knockdown box skins

2. " Portland Roads.
(SS Wardana)

2 black boxes
no. 24 - skulls
no. 95 skins

3 " Portland Roads
June 26-27.
(SS Wardana)

1 Knockdown box # 97 l. sk.
1 Black box (small skins) # 77
1 " " (" ") # 23

4 " Portland Roads
for Cairns.

1 Black box # 27 (sm. skins)
1 " # 74 (alc + skulls)
1 " # 30 (Gramm. serphus)
1 " # 32 (H.V.D.)
1 Amm. box # 16 (Amm.)
1 " " # 90 (skulls)
1 empty suitcase (H.V.D.)

5. " In Cooktown

1 Gun box.
1 black box # 67
2 Amm boxes # 11, 12
1 package (3 knockdowns)

6 " Coen

1 box large skulls (air express)

7 " Coen

3 black boxes (3m gram) #4
#17
#59
1 Knockdown (skins & skulls)
1 large black box (l. skins)

8 Cooktown

2 black b. (21, 67)
1 " min traps (19)
1 empty suitcase
3 Amm. - (8, 11, 12)
1 black b. (21)

1947.

- Dec. 1 Left Grand Central Station, Len & Geoff saw me off.
 5 Left San Francisco (P.A.A.) a few minutes before midnight.
 6 Arrived Honolulu 9.30 a.m. Left again 3 pm. } Red C. Barrett
 6 Arrived Canton Island about midnight. } "Koonwana" &
 (Crossed international date line & lost a day). } Ratcliffe, "Jag"
 8 Arrived Fiji for breakfast. } "Tues" & "Duff"
 " Nounou (30 miles away from), New Caledonia for lunch
 " Sydney 6.30 pm.
 Held up there for re-vaccination

Dec. 11.- Steamer "Bideford Victory", on which my equipment traveled, reached Sydney, She was at anchor out in the harbor until a couple of days before Christmas. And my cargo came ashore too late for me to work in New South Wales as planned.

Dec. 12-29 The Christmas season precluded moving the goods until after Christmas and there were other complications. I worked meanwhile at the Museum, measuring, photographing, etc. the choicer mammals of the collection. Troughton left for his vacation at Lord Howe Island on Dec. 17th.

I attended the annual museum "snoots" as guest. There were witty speeches and several paid entertainers. Very enjoyable.

(Uma) Met the zoologist ^{A. Skelton} Lesouef, who took me to lunch at the zoo, & wanted to arrange for me to visit his sister's station at Widgiewa (south west NSW), Mrs Otway Falkiner. Lack of equipment prevented.

Met E. J. Helstrom, wealthy manufacturer of refrigerators, who is interested in helping the zoo (two kangaroos & a collection of African mammals), & has a ^{large} private collection of parrots and birds of paradise. His assistant: Mr. Asprey.

* Bus no. 140 to Woodland Road

Visited Yvonne Roun's father, Mr. S. Aurovesall at Manly* and her cousin, Mr. Tom Miller at Cheltenham.

Discovered lost branch of my own family - Reginald and Gladys Tate at Woollahra and Bardi, respectively.

Revised "Troughton", the Museum men met were: A. B. Walkom, Director; ^{Silvanus P.} W. Hitley, Ichthyology;

List of mammals of NE Australia
 Based on "Furred Animals of Australia" - E. Sproyler, and
 other work.

	Collected	Exam. Neuloser
<u>Ornithonyctes anatinus flossius</u>		✓
<u>Tachyglonus aculeatus acanthion</u>	✓	
<u>Antechinus flavipes adustus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
" <u>godmani</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Planifole Ingrami bruceus</u>		
<u>Smintopsis crassicaudata macrura</u>		✓
" <u>leimboltzi</u>	✓	
<u>Dasyurus quoll. (?)</u>		✓
<u>Satanellus fallucatus predator</u>	✓ ✓	
<u>Dasyurosa gracilis</u>	✓	
" <u>maculatus (?)</u>		
"Striped Marsupial Cat"		
<u>Isobidon prinisulae</u>	✓ ✓	✓
" <u>macrurus torosus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
Echimyura <u>Trametes nasuta pallescens</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Acrobatis pygmaeus frontalis</u>	✓ ✓	
<u>Eudromicia macrura</u>		?
<u>Dactylopsila picata</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>fumosa (?)</u>		✓
<u>Petaurus brevicauda longicaudatus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
" <u>norfolkensis gracilis</u>		
" <u>austalis reginae</u>		✓
<u>Scolimobatis minor</u>	✓	✓
<u>Pseudochaimus peregrinus peregrinus</u>	✓	✓
" " <u>incanens</u>		?
" <u>herbertensis herbertensis</u>	✓ ✓	
" " <u>colletti</u>		?
" <u>arcteri</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>lemuroides lemuroides</u>		✓
" " <u>cervinus</u>		
<u>Trichosurus vulpecula mesurus</u>		
" " <u>johnstoni</u>	✓ ✓	
" " <u>iberacensis</u>	✓	
<u>Phalanger maculatus nudicaudatus</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>orientalis</u> ?	✓	✓
<u>Hypsiprymnodon moschatus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Pettegia leueu (?)</u>		✓
<u>Aepyprymnus rufescens</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Lagorchestes conspicillatus pallidior</u>		
<u>Dendrolagus leimboltzi</u>	✓	✓
" <u>bennettianus</u>	✓	

1947

Miss Joyce Allan, Conchology; Musgrave and
McKeown, entomologists; ^{T.R.} Kinghorn, reptiles
and birds; Tom Dredall, nomenclature & biological
literature; Rainbow, librarian; Fletcher, invertebrate
palaeontology.

In Sydney stayed at:

Stretford Hall (Mrs Neil) Phone FM 3687
47 Yamanaka Road (Bus 369 to Thornton Rd)
Darling Point.

Visited Botanical Gardens. Got a few books at stores: Angus
& Robinson; Tyrrell; Moore (who knew Geoffrey Vernon);
K. Stewart. (L. H. Barker & Brisbane)
Maps from Rainbow. Permit from Anderson. Pattern Book.

Dec. 29 Left Sydney at 1.35 pm. Arranged sleeper on train.

Dry scrub with small eucalyptus trees over high, ridgy
country. Much burnt.

at 2.50 down to the drowned estuary of the Hawkesbury
River - miles of winding, twisted valleys among steep
hills clad with dry forest. Oyster beds. Resorts.

3.02 Way-way - a resort

3.10 Gosford, a bigish country town where there is
some citrus grown. So far looked in vain for unburned
country.

3.50 Morisset. Some good-sized hills west. Dove Creek.
This is again drowned land. Followed by light ground.

4.10 Teralba, Cockle Creek. This is another large
estuary. Entering mining country - slight dips. Turning
definitely away from the sea.

4.20 Cardiff, outpost of Newcastle

4.28 Broadmeadow. Swamps & tidal river reaching
west. Saw magpies, Crows & Curlew. Train going
steadily up-valley.

5.40. West Maitland. Rock beds dip steeply to S.E.

6.15. Whole broad again denuded of trees and turned
into dairy pasture.

A badly disorganised rush for supper at next
stop - Mitchellbrook - at 7.20 pm. Dark.

Dec. 30. 5⁰⁰-6.20 a.m. Light early as soon awake. Country
cleared all through highlands to Glen Innes, though

		Collected	
<u>Petrogale</u>	<u>inornata</u> <u>godmani</u> <u>subsp</u> ;	✓	✓
<u>Thylogale</u>	<u>stigmaticus</u> <u>coxeni</u>	✓✓	
"	" <u>stigmaticus</u>	✓✓	✓
<u>Protemnodon</u>	<u>apilis</u> <u>jardini</u>	✓✓	✓
"	<u>parryi</u>		✓
"	<u>bicolor</u> <u>apicalis</u>		✓
"	<u>rufofresca</u> <u>ruficollis</u>		✓
"	<u>dorsalis</u>		✓
<u>Macropus</u>	(<u>Osphranter</u>) <u>robustus</u> <u>reginae</u>	✓	✓
"	(<u>Megaleia</u>) <u>rufus</u> <u>dissimulata</u>		✓
"	(<u>Macropus</u>) <u>cernuus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Hydromys</u>	<u>longmani</u>		?
"	<u>noae</u>	✓ ? /	
<u>Xeromys</u>	<u>myoides</u> (?)		
<u>Rattus</u>	<u>leucopus</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>conatus</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>assimilis</u> <u>coraciis</u>	✓ ✓	✓
"	<u>culmorum</u> <u>apex</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>villosissimus</u>		
<u>Leggadina</u>	<u>berneyi</u>	✓	(which?)
"	<u>patria</u>		
<u>Mesembriomys</u>	<u>fouldii</u> <u>rattoides</u>	✓	
<u>Conilurus</u>	<u>pericillatus</u> <u>race</u>		
<u>Notomys</u>	<u>alexis</u> <u>alexis</u>		
"	" <u>reginae</u>		
"	<u>agilis</u>		
<u>Melomys</u>	<u>ceruinipes</u> <u>eboeus</u>		✓
"	<u>littoralis</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>australis</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>limicauda</u>		
<u>Uromys</u>	<u>caudimaculatus</u>	✓ ✓	
<u>Pteropus</u>	<u>scapulatus</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>fouldii</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>conspicillatus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Robsonia</u>	<u>regina</u>	✓	
<u>Nyctimera</u>	<u>robinsoni</u>	✓ ✓	
"	<u>papuanus</u>		
<u>Syconycteris</u>	<u>australis</u>		(which?)
<u>Odontonycteris</u>	<u>pygmaeus</u>		
<u>Rhinolophus</u>	<u>megaphyllus</u>	✓ ✓	
<u>Rhinonycteris</u>	<u>auaranticus</u>		

1947

Dec. 30. 15 minutes north of here the land is somewhat less spoiled.

6.30. A broad grassy valley & rocky stream flowing west. Much steepest erosion.

6.33. Divide. All steep country. Some wooded hills 10 miles west.

6.47 - 7.15 Good, worthwhile collecting country: -

6.47 Deepwater, 3183 feet.

7.02 Unspoiled hills east.

7.04 Masses of large boulders west, forested. Good hill country. Railroad very winding.

7.10 All good ridgy country.

7.12 A green steep-pasture valley

7.13. wooded hills and staked stream east

7.15 Unspoiled scrub east of track.

7.18. *Bolivia*. Weeping willows much planted in bottom lands.

7.32 Sandy flat-farming. Wooded hills 10 mi E

7.42 Rocky hills west.

7.47 Rocky cliffs west.

7.52 Rocky hillside west.

7.54 *Bentgulla*

8.05 Tentfield. Not good; too much clearing.

9.10 Wallanfare (boundary; change to Q. M. track)

9.27 *Lura* (no good)

11.55 *River*. Termite hills numerous. Begin Derby Downs.

12. noon. Warwick (left there 12.20).

1.15 Clifton. Soil black rich. Fertile wheat country

"Stacks" of grain.

1.22. King's Creek. Low wooded hills 3 miles west.

Dissected peneplain?

2.02 *Cambooya*. Open, black-soil farming country.

Toowoomba. Soil red before reaching.

7.30 *Foristars*. To *Lennons Hotel*, George St. 103211.

The last portion: steeply down the scarp from *Toowoomba* for 101 miles to *Foristars*. Ipswich, coal-mining town. Numerous farmers' coal pits passed. Coal beds 20-30 feet down.

Dec 31. Bought a street map & took taxi straight to Queensland Museum. Found director George Mack already there. He took me to Customs house where we saw Mr. Burns,

Collected

<u>Hipposideros</u> <u>diidema</u> <u>ryuanae</u>	✓	✓
" <u>cervinus</u>	✓	✓
" <u>altanensis</u>	✓	✓
" <u>semonei</u>	✓	✓
<u>Macroderma</u> <u>gigas</u>	✓	
<u>Nyctophilus</u> <u>bifax</u>		✓
<u>Pipistrellus</u> <u>abramus</u>	?	
<u>Chalinolobus</u> <u>pouldii</u>		
<u>Myotis</u> <u>macropterus</u>		
" <u>australis</u>		
<u>Eptesicus</u> <u>Scoteanax</u> <u>scoteanus</u> <u>ruffellii</u>	✓	✓?
<u>Scotomus</u> <u>influatus</u>	✓	✓
<u>Miniopterus</u> <u>australis</u>	✓	✓
<u>Phoniscus</u> (<u>Kirivoula</u>) <u>papuanensis</u>		
<u>Taptosous</u> <u>australis</u>	✓	✓
" <u>georgianus</u> ?		
" <u>flaviventris</u>		✓
" <u>nudicleniatus</u>		
<u>Nyctinomus</u> <u>australis</u>		
" <u>norfolkensis</u>	✓	✓
<u>Chaerophon</u> <u>plan</u> <u>colonicus</u>		

1947

Dec. 31 Box van, a dentist, lives at Cairns. Brooks cleared baggage at van. It was delivered to museum at 4.30 pm. just in time for us to break open the crates & take out the boxes.

Commenced planning western trips.

1948.

Jan. 1 Worked all day unpacking & reorganizing contents of boxes. That evening crossed river to visit C. T. White, botanist of Botanic Gardens. Also met Mrs White, who brews a good cup of coffee. White furnished many details of special areas, not only for western line but for subsequent travel. Rains starting early.

Fri.

Jan. 2. To Botanic Gdns, where White introduced me to his new ^{S.T.} Blake and ^{L.} Smith. They added much more information. Plans nearly complete.

Back at museum now work on equipment. Question of permit and all-lines tickets - Also the 3 cent rule.

A visit in the evening from Mrs Ann Lethbridge, of Inkerman Sta., 200 miles N. of Normanton (5 miles from Sandy Ridge Centre). (See Jan 3)

Sat

Jan. 3. Called on manager of Penney's (P. P. sco, actually), W. McQuie about supplies. W. Kennedy, i/c the grocery department. McQuie mentioned P. W. Vidjeon, Chelver St, W. Chelver, who has a station right at Somerset.

Last night Mrs Lethbridge gave name of daughter, Mrs (Dr) W. Griffin, Clermont, out from Emerald on the Winton Line; also of another daughter, Mrs C. M. Currie of Taldora, 120 m. n. of Julia Creek (between Charters Towers and Cloncurry). [Road to Inkerman: via Mungana, to Mitchell R. Mission.]

In p.m. Meek took me to the top of the nearby ridge, Mt. Cootla. Good view of city & sea, with Stradbroke & Moreton Islands beyond.

Sun. Jan 4 Jim Brass called up in morning. We are to meet tomorrow. Spent most interesting afternoon & evening with Mrs & Mrs Helen Longman at their home at River Terrace, Chelver, U 7824, via Indooroopilly. He was formerly director of the Museum. Meek has now taken his place.

Hobart M. Van Deusen,
12 Highland Avenue
Montclair, N.J.

1948.

I knew him in 1936-1937 when I was on the 2nd Archbold New Guinea Expedition. The depression (or inflation?) has hit them. They have a lovely garden. He has caught birds in the Isodon obscura at foot of garden beside river with box traps, and used to have Tachyphonus at times - also Pseudois and Trichurus. In garden many interesting plants: Lagerstrœmia, Monstera, Plumbago, Acacia. Took a couple of photos of them (the Longmans).

Mon. Jan. 5. Prass came to the museum to net track. He & I took supper with Mr & Mrs C.T. White. Smith, White's assistant was also there.

Tues. Jan. 6. The permit for the Archbold party was brought over in the morning. I took my gear to the station at 11, and left on the 3.20 train.

Was introduced to Mr O'Shea, politician for out in the western line area, who knew a good deal about the country. Also met Mr. Allen, agriculturalist, of the National Research Station, 20 miles SE of Curnamulla, who suggested I go out to them. Changed my present destination from Mungallala to Angellala on advice. A Scot named Buchanan got on at Toowoomba.

Noted some (doubtful) interesting places: - Lockyer Creek; 556 feet; banks lined with lush vegetation. Murphy's Creek, 796 ft. More woody but creek smaller.

Rocky cliffs opposite Calobra, nearing summit.
Reached Toowoomba on time - 7.15 pm.

Wed. Jan 7. Awoke after we left Roma about 5 a.m. We were going through grazing country almost deforested. A quite large impounded body of water at Eureka, 1262 ft, 382 miles from Brisbane but no change of Tenaxia until after leaving Mitchell, 372 miles. There are low hills both north & south of Mitchell about 10 miles from the railroad. Another hill north of Ulandelin, 384 miles. Quite good undergrowth at 392 miles between Ambroola and Ooline, 393 m.

At Mungallala, 400, where I had intended to stay, I found everything cleared for miles. Both milga and brigalow present in about equal quantities. Moreen is quite a little town, with rocky out crops to S.W. Just beyond is the "natural"

The first part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the general theory of the problem. It is shown that the problem is equivalent to a problem in the theory of differential equations. The second part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the special case of the problem. It is shown that the problem is equivalent to a problem in the theory of differential equations. The third part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the general case of the problem. It is shown that the problem is equivalent to a problem in the theory of differential equations.

open grassland named Victoria Downs. Most of the land is thickly treed to lay. There are very few creeks & those nearly dry.

Angellala

Suzanne (5)
+ Judith (2)

Reached Angellala at 10.45 a.m. (442 miles). Only two places anywhere near the tracks: the first is the railroad town, where Mr. & Mrs James Mutch live. Mutch works only the line; Mrs Mutch acts as station mistress. The other party is Mr. Reilly, wealthy owner of a large property on the south side of the track.

I am staying with the hospitable Mutch's. After lunch took a long walk up the creek, nearly dry except for the impounded water behind a 6 ft concrete dam. The country here is so flat that the stream becomes backed up for several miles. The trees throughout are said by Reilly to be being backed back for some 9 miles away from the railroad. There has been much burning. Old stumps show that the scrub was once much heavier. Most trees now are a foot or less in diameter. There are burnt remains of 4-footers. Some up along the creek are about that large, but most are about 2 feet. A few scrubby bits of brush adjoin the creek.

At 6 o'clock set out my 20 rat traps - 10 in float-debris heaps, 5 in bushy places by the creek, 5 near the creek valley.

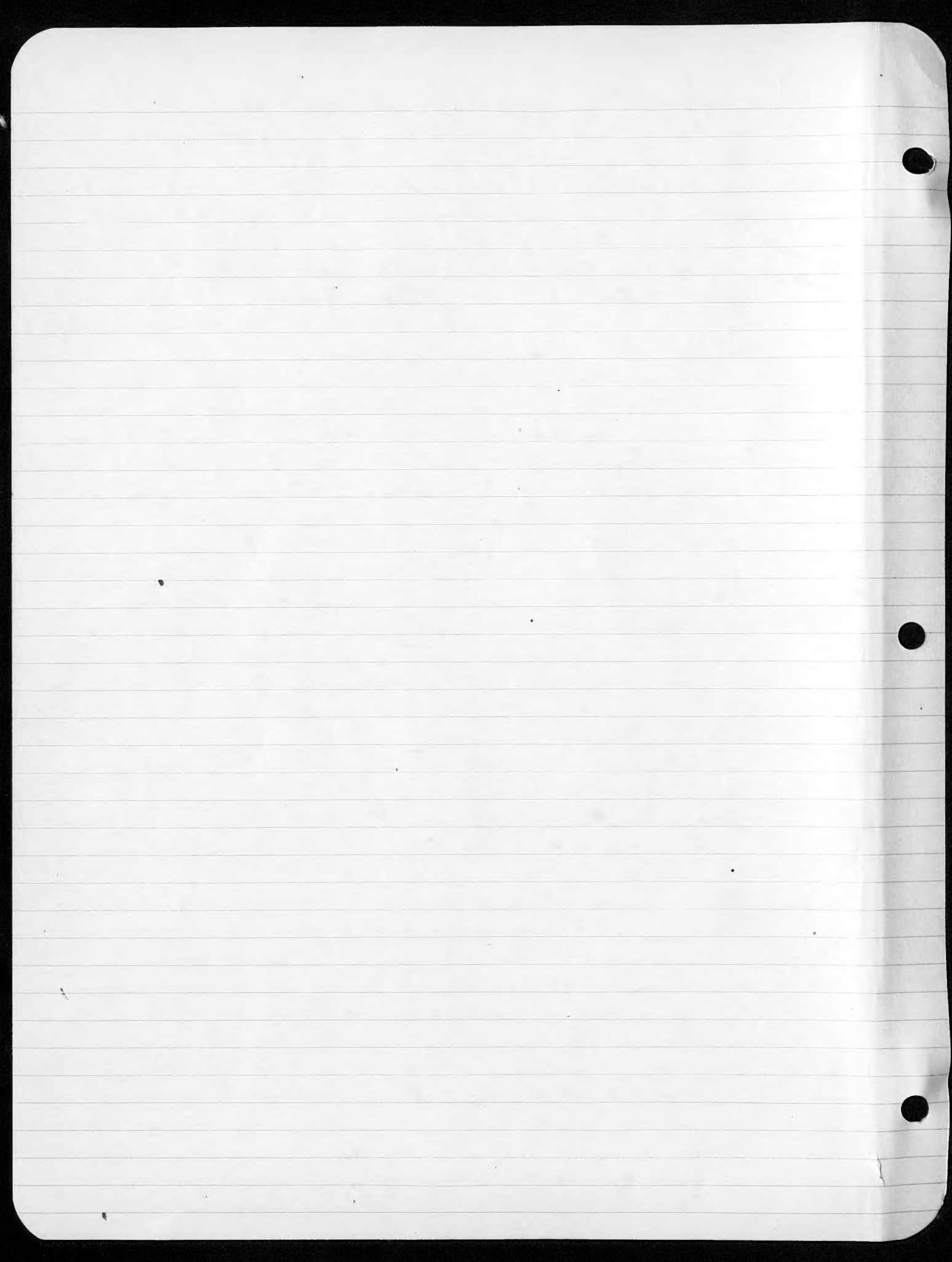
I am camped in the verandah, my hammock slung cornerwise.

Thurs. Jan 8.

Ran traps at 5 a.m. Found two mice which are very like house mice (the female with $3-2=10$ mammae). Mutch set in his house & caught a number of others. Skinned the two wild-caught specimens. Rabbits abundant. A considerable variety of parrots & jays. Aprooth birds, butcher birds, crons, black whistlers crons, magpies, fantails, larks, jays, "black ducks".

Went out at 10 with Mutch on horseback to see dammed up water holes at 4 and 8 miles out. Kangaroo tracks in mud but not many.

Simple flowers & glaucous-leaved white daisies wild (escaped) around station. Creeks nearly dry



except when damped back. Heat very oppressive; -
temp at 1.30, 92° ; cold at night, + I needed
extra blanket for hammock at 3 a.m.

Reilly says that there are "very few" animals left here.
Possums "used to be here". Among the "roos", according to
Huntel are the red + great gray, the wallaroo, the
whip-tail (rarely).

Saw one fox. Red-winged parrots feed on sunflowers. Retrieved
traps in p.m.

Saw blackish brown duck with eight young. Baby ducks
swam across creek while mother stood near guard fully
exposed. Young swam out from cover + whole family
swam away down middle of stream. I followed
on foot, finally catching up rather close. The females
packed the youngsters in some cavities in the opposite
bank (when, look as I would, I could not see them),
swam out to mid stream + took flight.

Dropping is pig to be very hard in this place.

Went out jockeying from 8 to 10 pm up the stream.

Saw a number of rabbits but absolutely nothing else. Night
hunts in this country absolutely requires a compass. There
are no trails. The semi-open ~~savanna~~ forest is monotonously
uniform. So far as I am concerned the southern
constellations mean little or nothing. Wasted a shell on
a glowing log (there is still much burning going on).

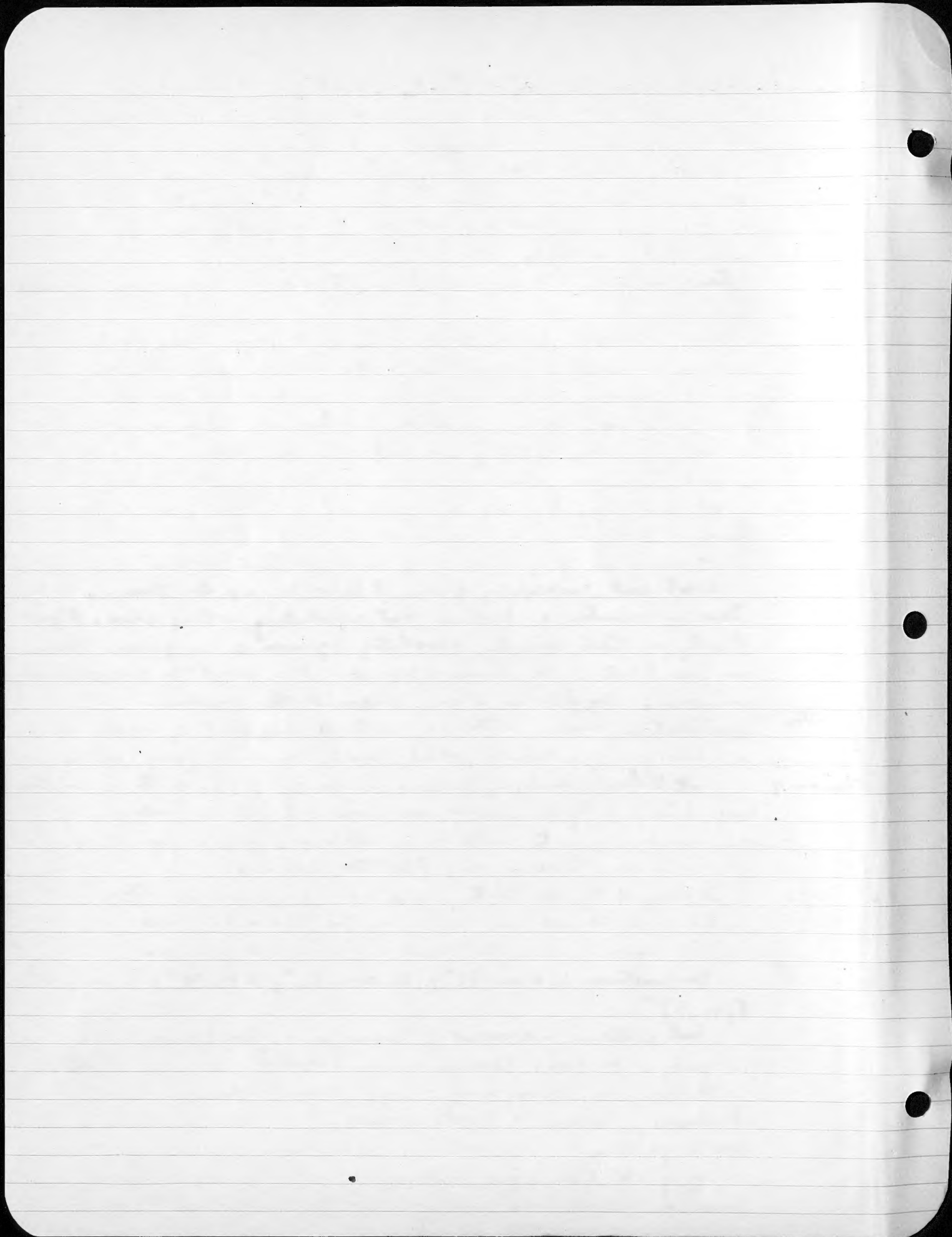
Fri. Jan. 9

It takes nearly 2 hours in early morning to run the
trap line. Only 3 more house mice - all so badly
damaged by ants as to be worthless. Took several
photographs, kodachrome, for the record.

It occurs to me that man has dispossessed the
native rodents out here just as the placental fox +
rabbit have routed the native marsupial fauna.

Temperature 6 a.m. 81° ; 10 a.m. 86° ; 11.30, 91° ; 3 pm, 90° .
5 pm. 87° .

Met Allan Barnes, manager of the Reilly
property. He says there is rocky ground 2 miles north
of the line 4 miles west - by second dam, + that
wallaroos, Grays + Reds occur, but no whip tails.
He says there is a skeleton of a flying phalanger
lying on the wire fence 4 miles west, + that
once a Koala was seen. (This last doubtful to me.)



Sat, Jan 10. Temp. 3 a.m. 73°; 6 a.m., 75°

Left Angellala on "Western Mail" train for Mirrabooka, near Offham, where Mr. N. Geary had invited me. The way leads thru quantities of Mulga to Charleville, where I met Mr. Buchanan and Mr. A.A. Baker, mayor of Charleville. The latter very anxious that I should go out to the Carnarvon Range, 160 miles north, where aboriginal burials and outlines of "bards" in caves are plentiful. There was a dining car which was put on at Mitchell. A sleeper was cut off at Charleville.

Around best gate, 13 miles W. of Charleville, where the Quilpie line branches off, I saw a "bottle brush"-like shrub 4-8 ft, with large orange inflorescences. On pits ^{Portulacae} ~~along~~ all along the tracks.

Along toward Dillala (517 miles) the mulga is smaller + closer. Very large "downs" at Wyandra and Cleverton give the impression of artificial clearing. But Mr. Geary assures me that all such grass-covered areas are completely natural. Quantities of pink breasted, pearl gray galleah parrots.

Plants everywhere very bad. Large red mounded Termitaria, the latter sometimes taken over by ~~one~~ large active blackish road-making ant.

Mirrabooka
and

Offham.

Cypress
pine,
Callitris

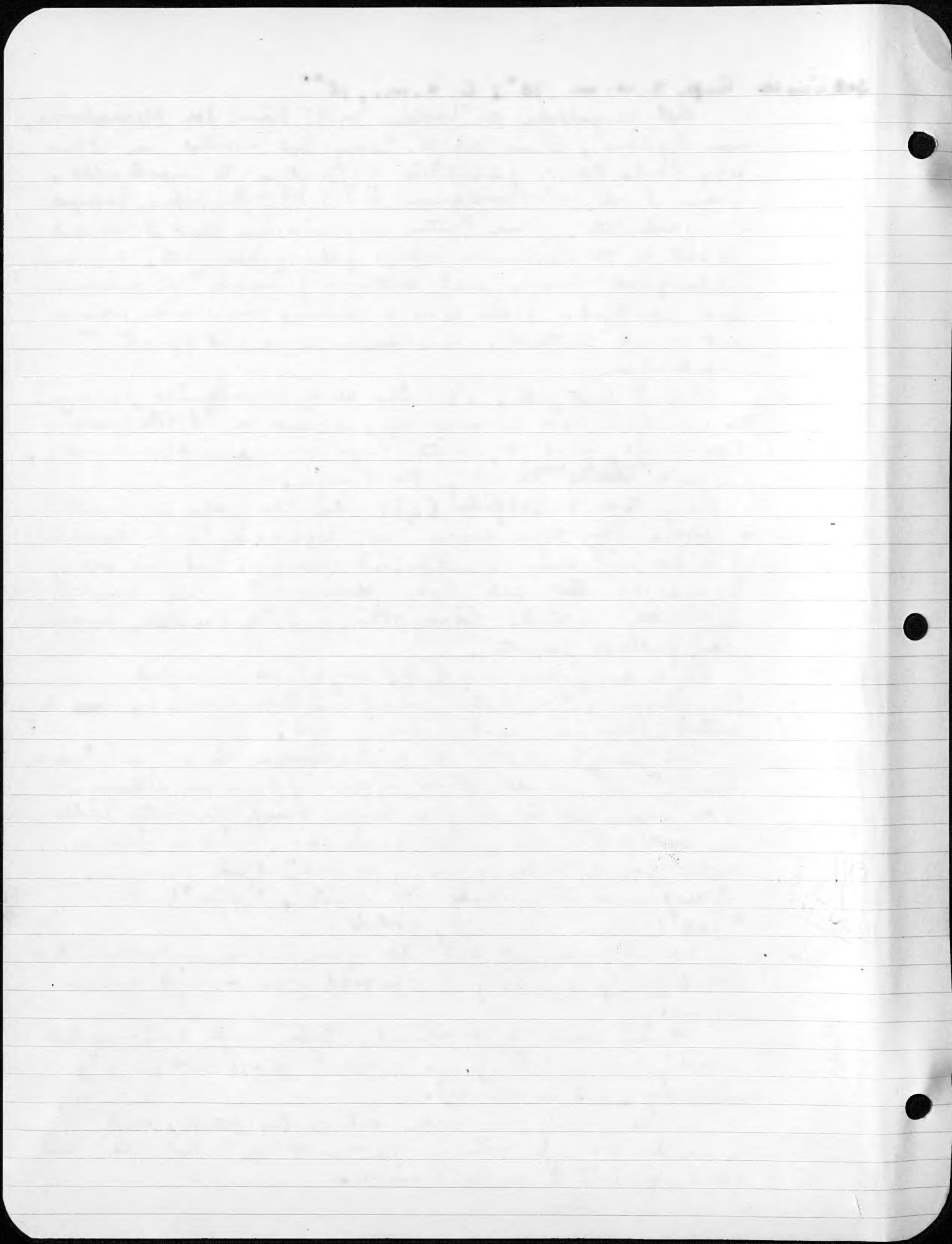
Mr. Geary's station at Mirrabooka is on a "bore drain" - small stream flowing from an artesian bore hole. It is a fine large sheep property with an excellent house, well screened, with ample water piped to the rooms. A delightful shower.

Trees around include tamarisk, "pine" (), "box" (), gidgie ().

We at once set out 20 more traps in spots that looked fairly promising (The yield was a single house mouse).

We had roast lamb + hand potatoes with fried-custard pudding. Then both of us washed up. (The family is away, Mr. S. alone).

I slung my hammock out on the porch, but a wind got up between 12 + 2 + so cooled the air that I had to move inside.



Sun. Jan. 11.

Imnumerable parrots screaming & crying at dawn. Up at 5³⁰ to run traps. Breakfast of dry cereal & bacon & eggs. Did a big wash in large zinc wash tub (this town has everything).

Mr. Geary showed me number of photos of abo. work in Carraroon ranges (almost all the burials have been desecrated he says). He had also some very good pictures of the Bonyra mts., and of an abo. tribe living 200 miles n.w. of Alice Springs. He gave me some of the latter & also a print of two very unequal-sized young in pouch of *Macropus giganteus* (= kangaroo). The fly pest is just as bad here as elsewhere.

Temp: 11 a.m., 93°; 3 p.m. 95°.

Photographed house; also some trees: "box", "pine", bunbunt (a narrow-leaved, dense, sprawling shrubby tree), and gydea ("gidger"); also tamarisks by house. Two small herbs, a blue and a yellow, in some ^{color} pictures.

Mr. Geary & I drove in his Chevrolet pickup ("utility"), eastward across the railroad & camped by the "fore" drain (overflow ditch from artesian well). I had ten each of rat & mouse traps which next morning were quite undisturbed.

We looked at dusk for bats but saw none.

at 8 p.m. went out with hunting lamps. After passing at least a score of rabbits saw a kangaroo browsing on the "cooch" grass at the side of the ditch. It proved to be a doe of *Macropus kangaroo* with a large joey in her pouch. We plugged the two back to camp between us.

Mon. Jan 12

Up soon after 5, started the tea water boiling & picked up traps. We left at 6, as there were two good sized animals to be skinned. The nipples in the pouch consisted of 2 pairs. Three undeveloped were but 3 mm. long. The fourth was 80 mm. long.

The young had paired large glands on throat beneath skin - probably thyroids. I was cut, i² just coming through. I'd thought I would feel the decidua i³ reported by me in the Journal

E. coolibah

of mammalogy late this last year. I³ was not developed. The only teeth were p₂³ and dp₄⁴. The movement of the lower jaw may spread the incisors for cleaning.

Temp. 3 pm., 96°:

Drove over to Offham, 565 miles from Brisbane, in the afternoon. A more picturesque homestead than Mirribooka, with much more shade and an ever-flowing six inch bore only a little way from the house. We drove down to Goulburna Hole on the Warrigo River and camped there for the night. ~~Twenty~~ rat traps and ten mouse traps produced only one shaw coloured house mouse (which am saving). Jacking from 8 to 10 resulted only in the accidental shooting of a Boobook owl, the paired eyes of which I thought were those of a flying phalanger. No other eyes, not even of a rabbit, were seen. A few bats flew through the beams.

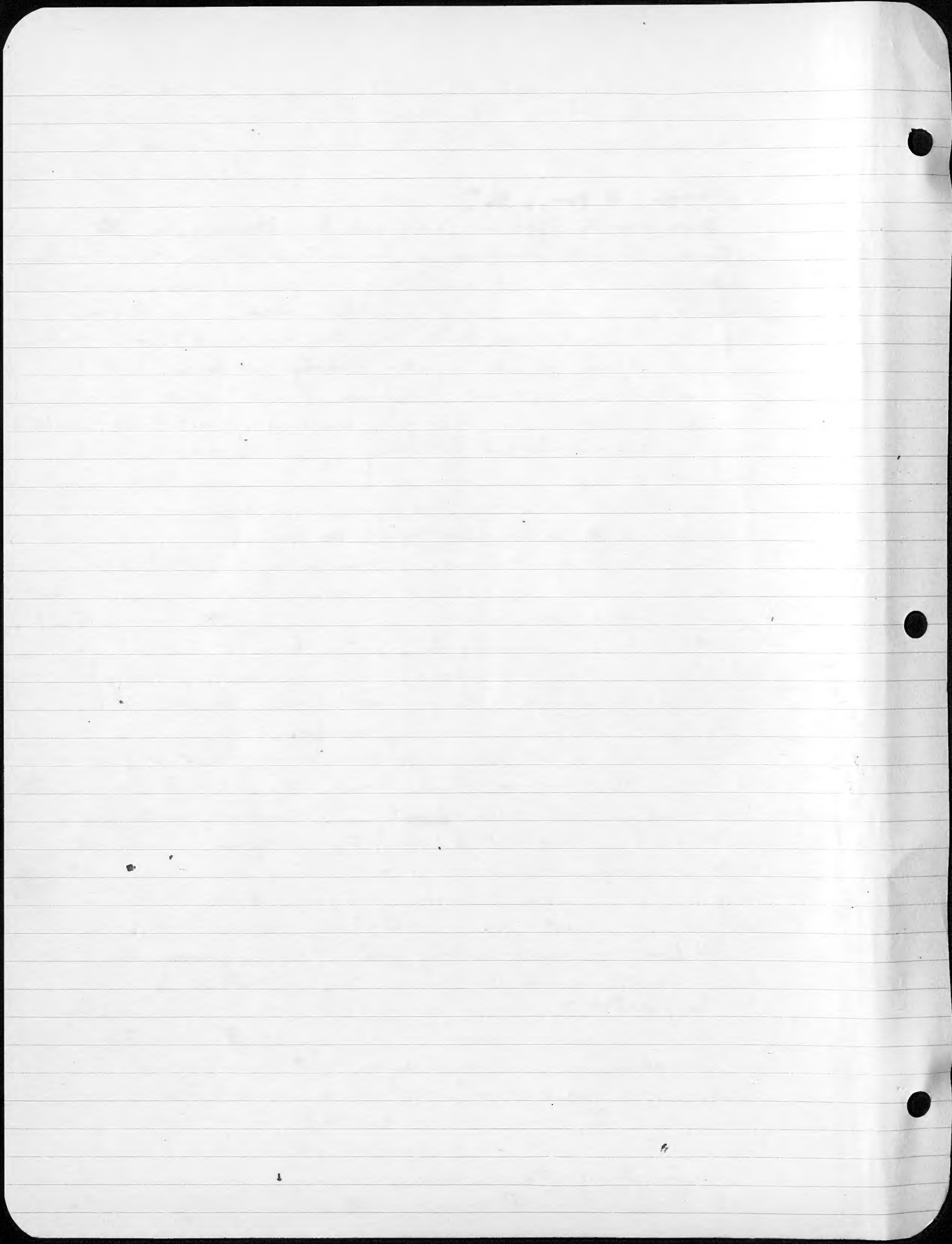
The Warrigo at that place is a subterranean river with numerous dry flood beds, which made perfect hunting trails for me of the hunting light. (see photos)

At Offham we stayed for tea & met the manager Mr Palmer & his relatives. Offham is Mr. Gray's real headquarters. He is just holding the fort at Mirribooka in his brother's absence.

The vegetation at Goulburna Hole is the finest I have seen in eastern Queensland. Huge Eucalyptus rostrata, gums with beautiful smooth pale ~~green~~ ^{pearly} green bark fringe the water, and great gnarled old Eucalyptus coolibah, Coolibahs, with staggery, blackish gray bark stand higher up on the dry soil. Masses of bushy fringing scrubby are formed by low-growing li-tree, Melaleuca.

The bore has been flowing ~~for~~ ^{since} 1908, ~~years~~ its flow during that time has fallen off by about 20%.

The great rat plague of n. Queensland originated in the Huxford area in March 1909. Were they R. villosulatus? There was a light mouse plague in 1908. Both years were "good" years for vegetation. The rats appeared in such swarms that if a bone were thrown out from the camp sufficient eyes or ten would rush to eat at it. Saddles, anything eatable had to be put away at night & all house doors tightly closed. For



1948.

miles the most of the rabbit proof fence was clogged by the bodies of the rats, caught at their hind quarters.

Tu. Jan. 13

Took several pictures at the river side camp on the Warrego, then time to skin the mouse.

Mr. Seary gave me what looks like an ammonite, collected Jan. 1906 at Cameron Downs Station, Haydon District in bank of Landsborough River, in reworked soil.

Photographed a green tree toad which at night wanders about the house & makes a noise like someone sawing wood.

Put kangaroo skulls out on "meat-ants" nest under protecting wire to keep away cat or dogs.

The periodicity of the rat infestations is like that of the lemmings but they do not occur in exactly the same regions.

Note { Mullbulbin Guest House, Bungya Mts, via Dalby.
Lucerne patch, forester: Reg. Cullen (Ring Sterling)

Maiden, "Mayor" of Injine, ^{stockkeeper,} foot of cliffs (lft) 50 miles from Injine. Bottle tree; eucalypt scrub. Roadman's shed on Boogerbo Creek. (Telgram, 3/8)

{ Lamington Plateau O'Reilly - Tambourine.
Springbrook

A pair of wedge tailed eagles on a dry tree. Seary has studied their nests. Wide variety: small pigs; bits of kangaroo; goannas; about 20% lamb. He has twice seen a pair of these birds kill full grown kangaroos. They beat them with their wings & wear them down - then literally tear them to pieces.

Thermon. 4 pm, 86°.

{ At Dalby: Thomas Jack, Mayor. - for Bungya Mts.
Sheel Hoppe: Snowballer - (bats kept). (schoolmaster)
Stirling: In house in timber due west (property owner).
Cullen's: Lucerne patch (forester's) & shack.
Camp.

Wed. Jan. 14

A very cool night. Temp. 5.30 down to 68° Two house mice in traps. The white-bellied animal taken y'day may have been a *Thetomys*.

Mr. Seary reports that a lone cat once brought in a fat-tailed "mouse" (*Sminthopsis*). No trace of them at present.

Schroeder
Dehm
Munnich.

fossils
Tambour
Creek

plm.
plm.

Divisums. } Staroom.
 } Adaville west of Charleville.

Boater.

Baker.

Modifications, defects in equipment: black leads pins to be smaller; smaller needles; finer thread; bait needs more peanut butter (wetter); arsenic + alum to be crushed finer; frying pan; more bread; writing pad; stable lanterns;

Dalby: Fossils: Thomas Jack - opp. T. & Co. (cross line to S. side).
Hotel Russell.

Late afternoon again visited Offham. Had supper with the Palmers there. No mammals. Geary gave me some photos of nests, ants, a good picture of the cliffs of Carnarvon Range (which I'll not have time to visit);

A *Tachyglossus* was seen at Offham 2 months ago. "Forty years back possums & bears" (Koalas) occurred along the Warrego River. A few bats sometimes seen. Rats ("water") occasionally taken. No regular rats known. A few mice there, *Bilbies* and to be common. Saw sheep sprayed.

This is a land of spirits & burs: the "galvanised bur", a corn cockle that may have come from America. Other minute burs. Geary thinks a dust storm threatens.

Driving back to Merriabooka saw the eyes and form of a small fox.

Thurs Jan 15

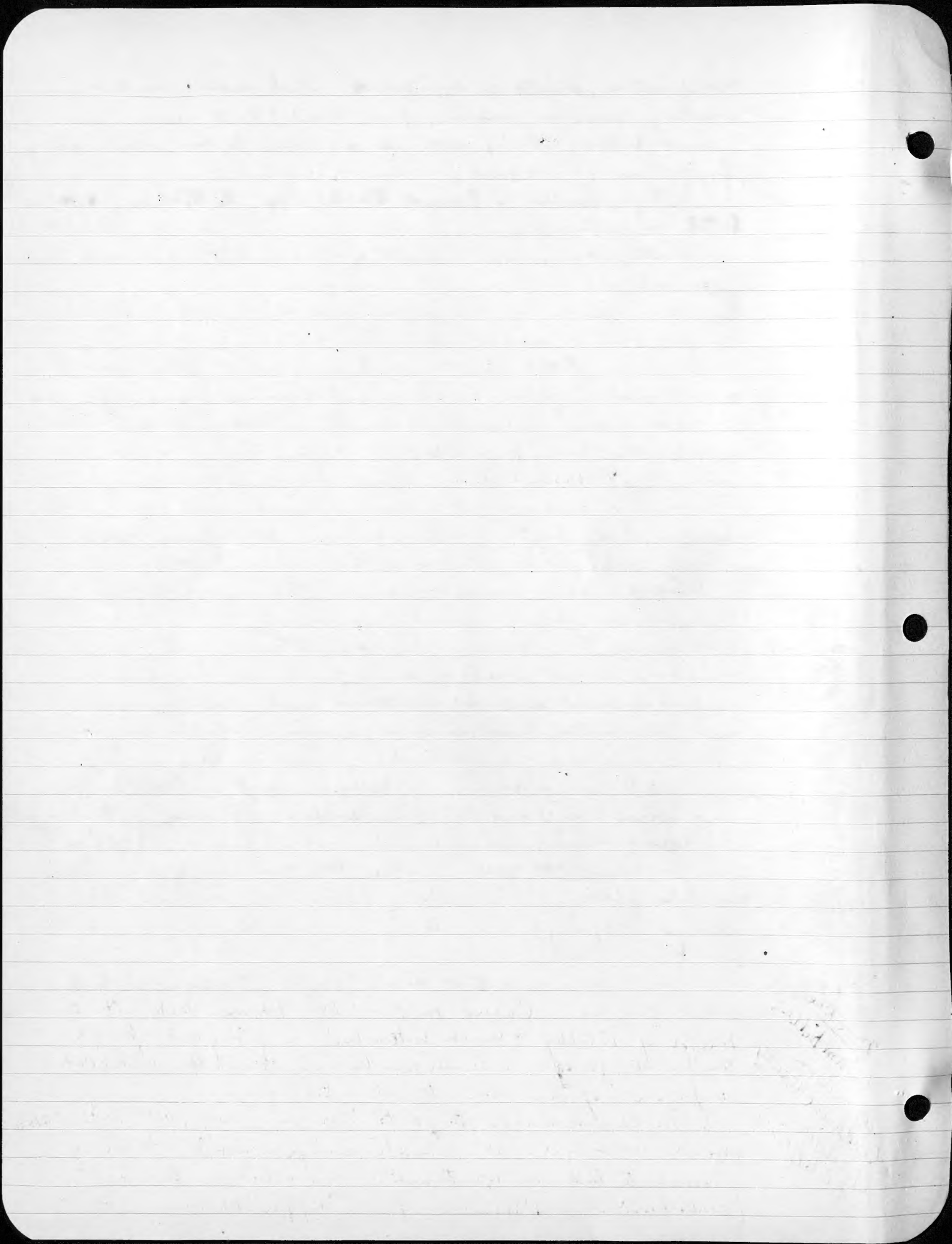
Picked up traps & caught 9.30 train returning toward Brisbane. Plan to get off at Dalby & go up to Bungya Hornblende.

Man on train declares: wallaroos used to be common near Charleville - Quilpe line; emus still common, red kangaroos on Mitchell grass downs; grey kangaroos in mallee. Black-striped wallabies (formerly) few miles north of Charleville. Possums got disease; their bones often in hollow trees. Bilbies were common 40 years ago. He has cliffy ground on his place. Ring-barking drives fence out. He pays 25/- per day to man for ringing trees.

Fri, Jan. 16


MacKies,
William Billie,
Coomin down
Cundamine Highway
Churchilla
W of Lake (fossil)

Reached Dalby at 5.30 a.m. Everything tightly closed till about 8 o'clock. Called on Mr & Mrs Thomas Jack. He is Mayor of Dalby & much interested in getting out fossils. He had a garage & hardware business but has abdicated in favor of his son. He is a Scot from
No car available to go to Bungya today, but Mr. Jack's general manager Mr. Baxter arranged for Mr. Baker of Bungya to take me up tomorrow. Meanwhile we have talked fossils hard. Dinosaurs from "upper Permian" at



Taroom, Adaville west of Charleville, and (the first ever found, according to Jack) from "Chinchilla" forms western edge of dippr covered lake. Other localities are various creeks and in the block east or at Mockies place at Wiambilla, 40 miles down the Condamine Highway, at Timboud Creek & others of the Condamine drainage system. Hard, ^{resist.} sandstones nearby.

Red kangaroos
were common - 40
years ago say at
around Dalby

Mr. Jack has still a few fossils - parts of Diprotodon chiefly. He has one which neither of us have seen: I am going to photograph it. It is part of a mandible, the lower half chipped away, exposing a single long,itudinally situated tooth and traces (impressions) of alveoli in front  and behind it. Externally there are 3 small foramina. Beneath the nerve canal is wholly exposed by breaking away of the inferior part of the dentary.

Enjoyed a hunt at the hotel.

Stupid trees, carpet snakes, up on Bungia.

Chapman of Melbourne (paleontologist).

He found: Ringtail; Possum; phalanger; mouse possum; scrub wallaby; dingos; grey kangaroo at foot; wombat; various rats & mice; marsupial mice; bats; (caves below Stirling house).

"Part of Condamine averages 20 feet below general ground level." (Eucalyptus?)

Fossil leaves at Glen Inyan - Senat - 100 m. SW of Dalby. In lateritized conglomerates. (2 specimens)

Flask (crockets) in Dalby 1870. Now all gone.

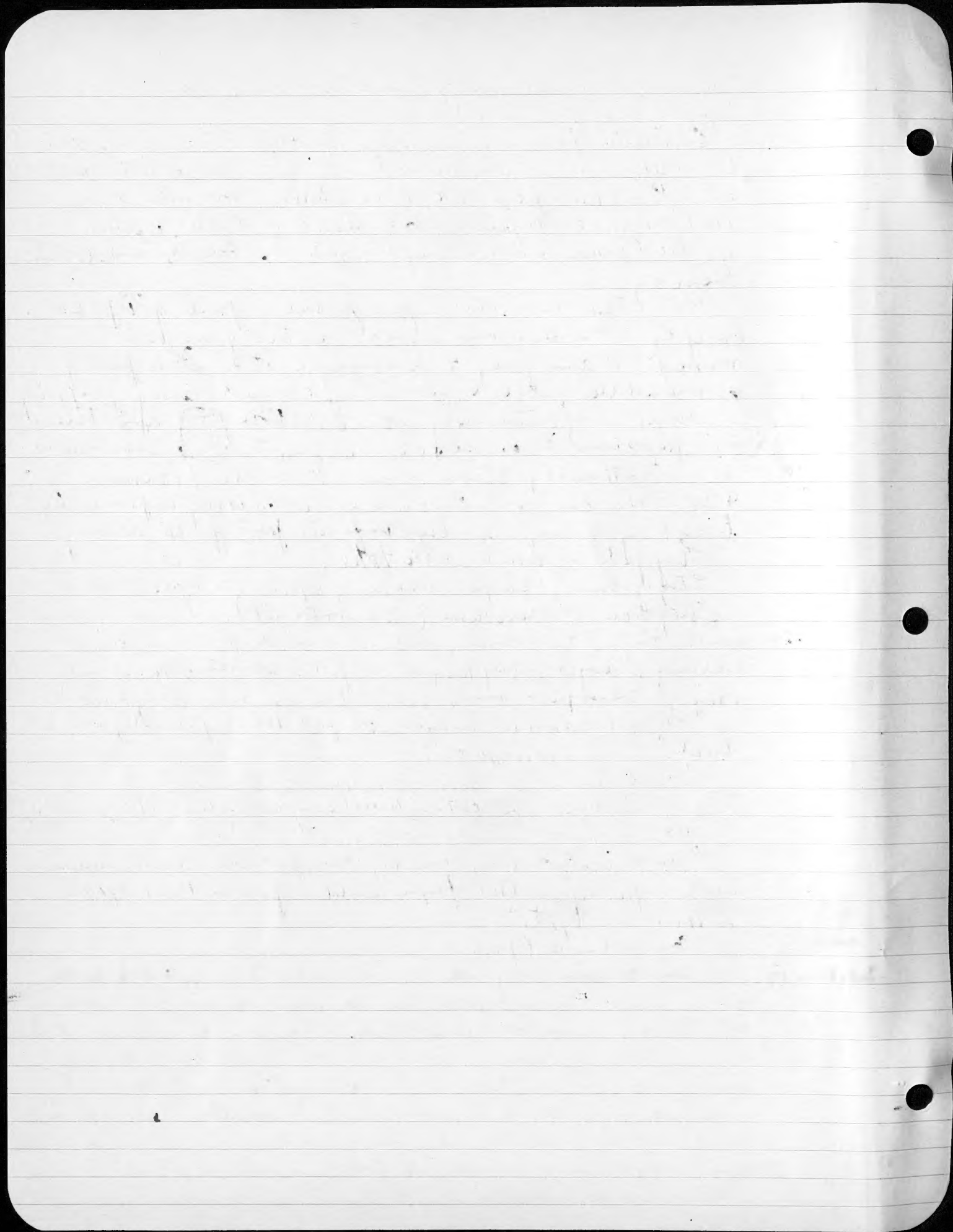
"At Bonjelon during night, from just the death address were so plentiful that people couldn't go about at night without a light."

Myall Creek (photo.)

Due to leave Dalby with Stan Baker (who turns out to be the son of mayor Baker of Charleville), but we did not get away till 10.30. Reached the foothills of the Bungia Range at 11.30 & got up to the Guest House at 12.30. The way led north over black soil planted mainly to wheat. Then the country changed in patches to outcrops of "basaltic" (said to be) rock - low flat-topped hills - outcrops of Bungia Range. The grey-green eucalypt forest persisted, then became interfingered with the deeper green of rain forest, of which

Bungia photo.

Sat. Jan. 17



(A number of bare patches of pasture - often very steep - except up things the forest to the coast. Sky looked artificial to me.)

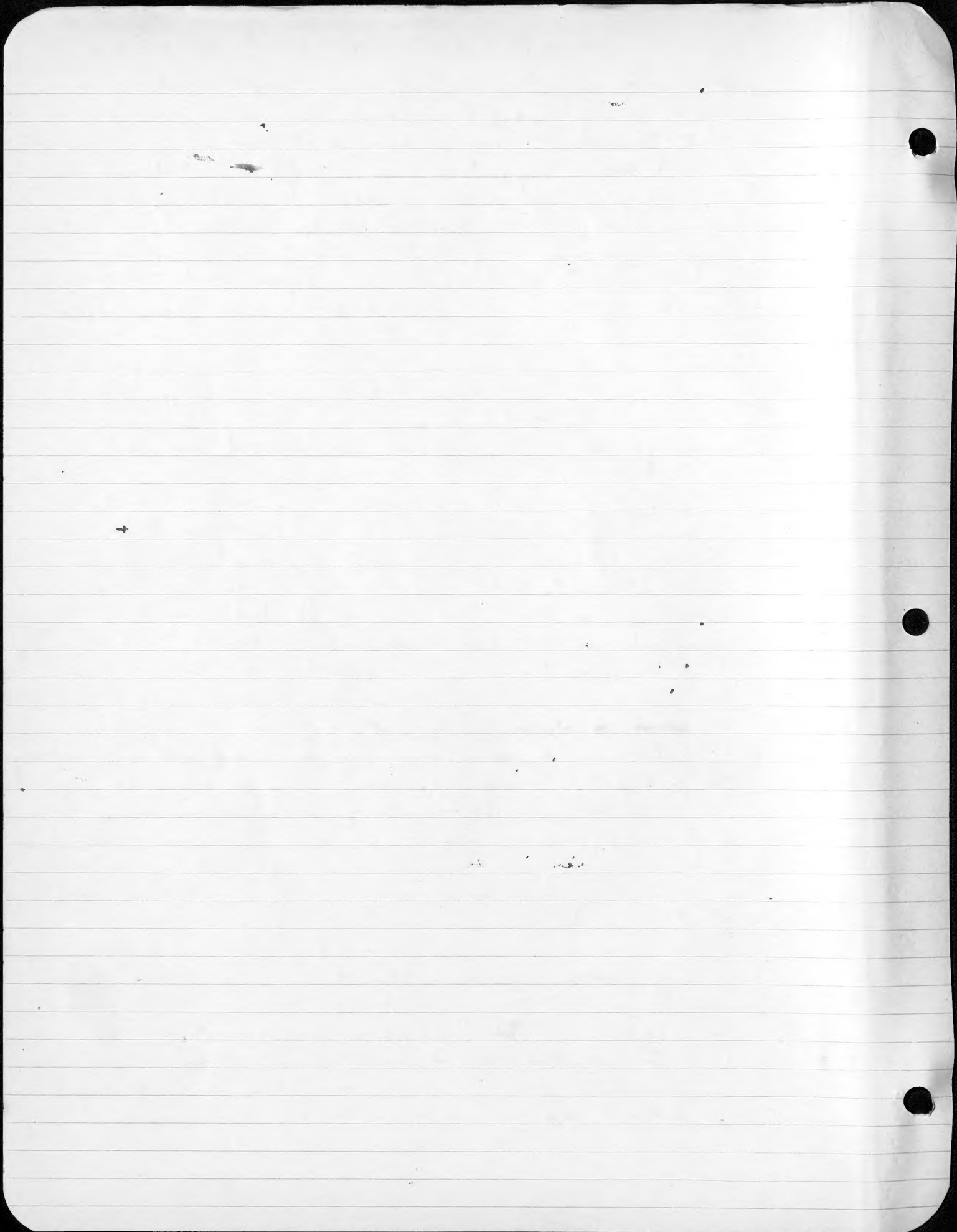
impressive quantities in patches and bands could be seen higher up the range. The road became increasingly bad but the Ford pick-ups climbed it quite well. We gradually entered ~~the~~ valley, crossing ~~over~~ crossing a small stream repeatedly. We were climbing near the eastern end of the ridge (which it really is). Past steel, to the right (and east) lay a very large high patch which Stan said was "forest reserve". There has been a good deal of lumbering of the Bourya pine and Hoop pine (both Araucaria!). We reached the narrow crest in an area grass covered and bare of forest and turned northwest. We could look out equally to right of course to the lowlands of the coast or the lowlands of the interior. Soon we entered fine rainforest & keeping more or less to the divide descended & ascended to the Sault House.

This guest house was built by Mr. W. A. Russell, a former prominent citizen of Dalby, who owned several thousand acres of Bourya & felled them to his native town. (A little drinking fountain in stone is erected on the top to his memory.) The house is now occupied by Mr. & Mrs. Athorn (pronounced "eye-thorn"), who despite the bad road & lack of a telephone are trying to run it as a hotel. I was given my pick of the rooms as I was the only guest.

After a really excellent dinner I started out westward along the continuation of the trail. Found a camp occupied by Mr. & Mrs. MacClemens & daughter; met the local postman, Mr. J. Strong; found a W.A.C. camp (vacant just now); & a little beyond the home of Mr. & Mrs. Stirling owners of very considerable property on Bourya & elsewhere. Just beside their home is the little bungalow of Stan Parker & his wife. He has two children & also staying there are his mother & a young nephew from Brisbane, Rowan Campbell.

R. Callan & Ted Richardson are the forest rangers whose home is located beyond the Stirling's place. I met Callan & the afternoon & Richardson this evening.

Set out 25 mouse traps & 10 rat traps.



Sun Jan. 18

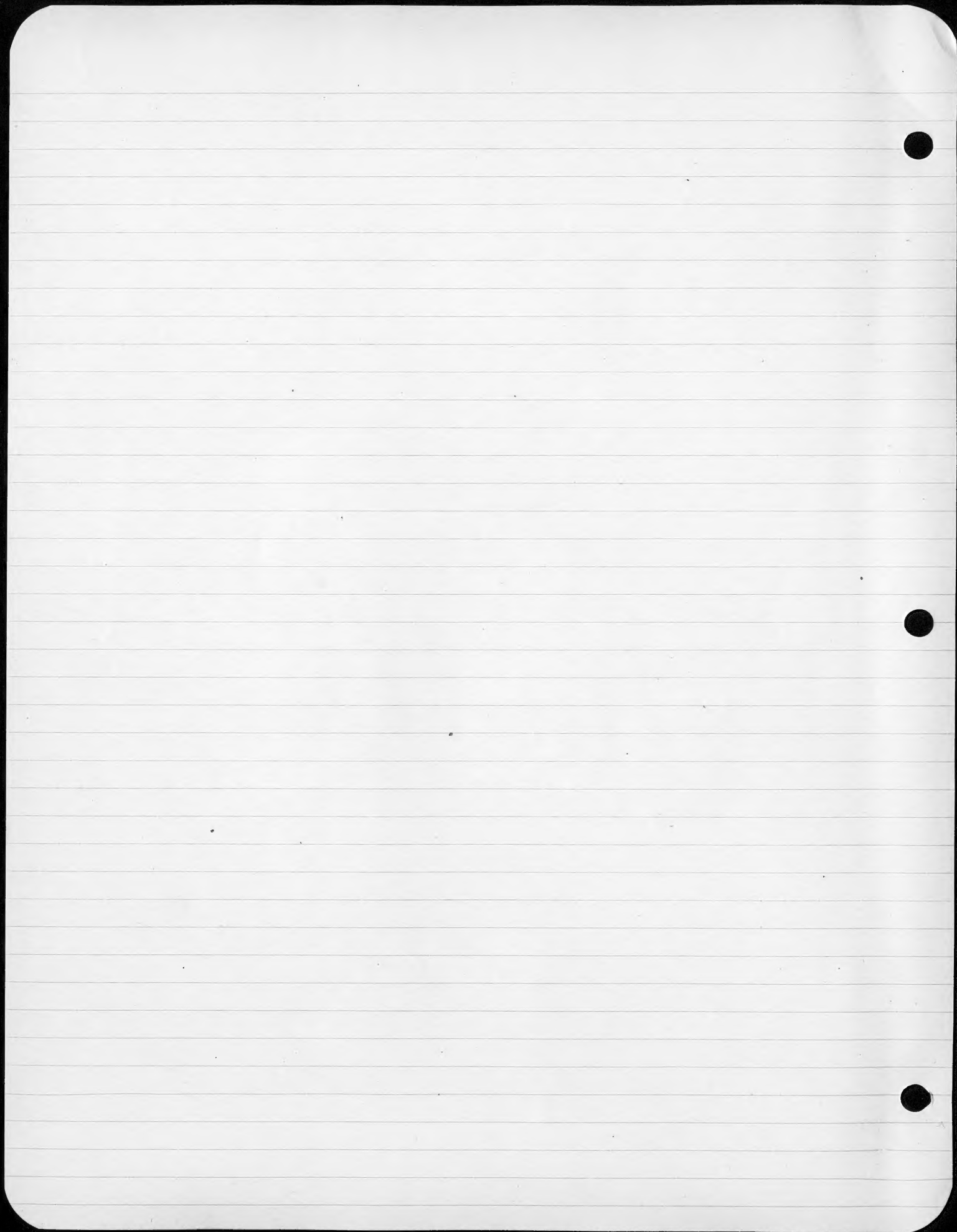
Very busy. Last night shot two Ps. rubidas and two ~~Ps. rubidas~~ trichosomus. The rubidas ♂ + ♀ were a mile apart, the ♀ with 2 functional nipples. The ~~trichosomus~~ trichosomus were in the same tree + probably mother + daughter. In the traps 2 Rattus assimilis + 8 mice, apparently of two species, though I'm uncertain. Don't know whether one of them is Mus musculus. They are all rain forest rodents, though some have been taken to visiting the pig pen which is close to the edge of the woods but in the open.

Skimming till 3 o'clock then went out with foresters + Miss Mac Clemon + young Allan Stirling to the west end of the ridge through the park to see grass-trees there. Road very bad. There is a road to the "falls" (which are dry), + a side trail to the "lucerne patch" (no lucerne) where the two forestry boys have their camps. On way back saw a 5-ft carpet snake (photo). Got Mr. Stirling on his way back from the lowlands. He is about 60. He, the foresters + I went out night hunting in the evening. Shot a male ~~Ps. rubidas~~ trichosomus; saw another + left him. Saw Rattus assimilis up in a shrub 6 feet from the ground. So evidently they are good climbers. Young Rowan brought me ~~four~~ bats just as I was returning from rebaiting traps. Will see later what they are. Got to bed just before midnight + the night before at 11.15 pm. Feel the need of a rest.

Mon. Jan

19. A few mice in the traps. The four bats are either Pipistrellus or Eptesicus (the former, I think). Took quite a number of photographs in the afternoon - both colored + black + white. Most of the collecting + observing done is right on top of the range or down only slightly into the rainforest. The rainforest (here called scrub) in many places crosses right over the top of the ridge from side to side. At other spots it is interrupted either by open eucalyptus forest (here called "forest"), or by open grassy knolls + hummocks or meadows. I hope the color pictures will reveal the odd mosaic made by interfitting of the rain forest + eucalyptus areas - the dark green against the gray-green.

E. tereticornis
blue form.



The open spaces look artificial & contain such weeds as
thistles, which clog the roads though the scrub are imported
netles & dock. The open spaces are nevertheless hundreds
of years old; however they may in part represent old
clearings or old burns. Any soil changes? ^{Basalt the}

lots of birds are seen or heard, including ² ~~red & blue~~ ^{country} ~~red & blue~~
parrots, brown birds, & the coachwhip bird.

The national park occupies the ^{most} western end of the Pungas,
privately owned land the center (where I am), and
the forest reserve the south eastern end. The Pungas are
an elevated portion of the dividing range.

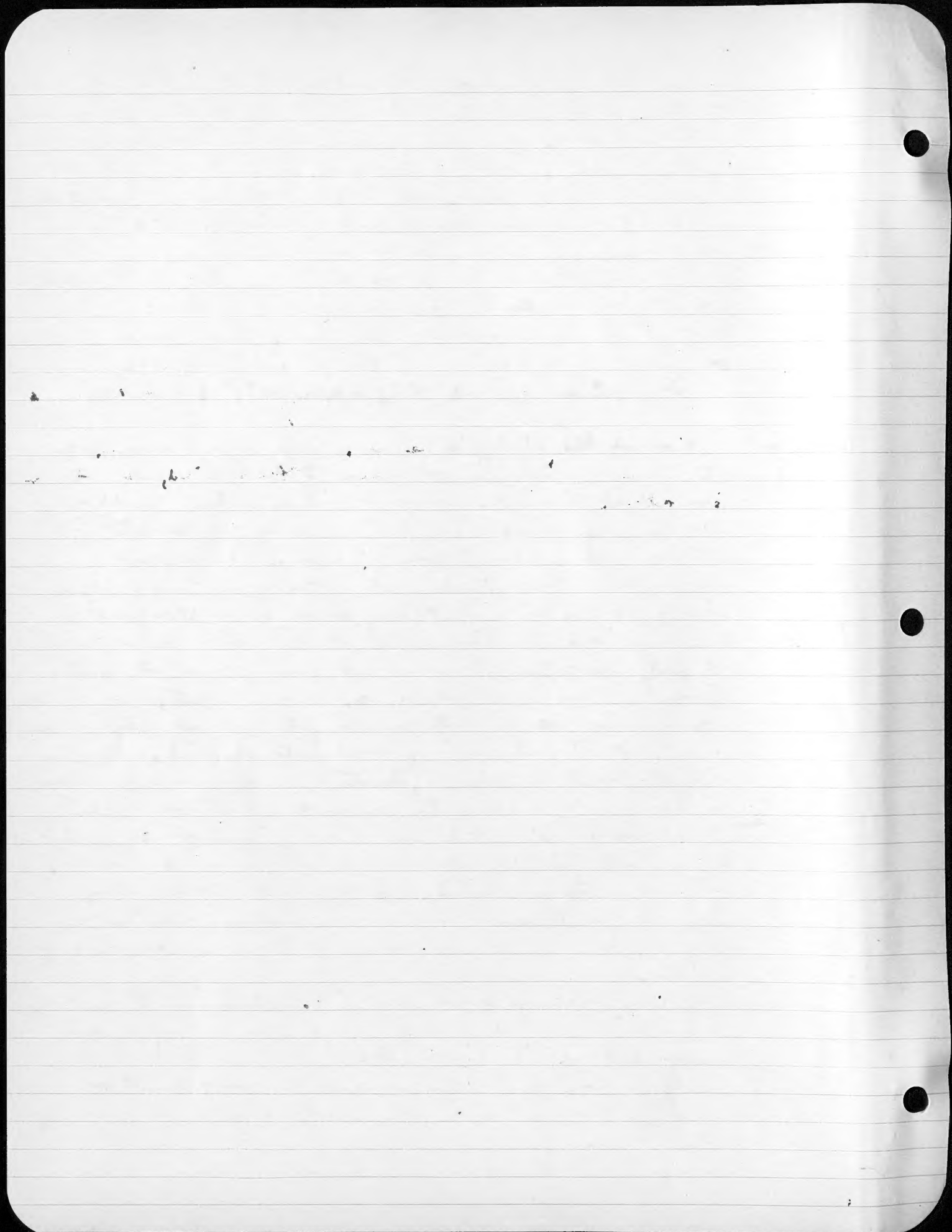
Temperatures 7 p.m.: 75°; 6 a.m. 60°; 3 p.m. 79°

Tu. Jan. 20

Reached the Stirling's house a little before 8 a.m. to go
with him, Richardson & Callan to a cave where bats
were alleged to dwell. We found quite a party of would be
cave seekers there. The two Clemmerts & Mrs Stirling
went as well as also three children. The way led
along one of the lateral crests of the main range, S.W.
dipping at the top very steeply down some 1500 feet
to a ravine. A line of 30 ft limestone cliffs about
100 feet above the stream had been somewhat water
etched to form shallow caves. The largest, a circular
room some 10-12 feet in diameter formed the entrance
of a low tunnel running back into the hill. There
was at least a foot of ^{any} dust (or perhaps much more)
on the floor of the outer cave & continued to the
inner one. I netted the inner tunnel & squirted
50% into the tunnel as far as I could crawl,
but no bats appeared. I have not doubt they
used to go there. But am equally sure that
they have not been living in the cave for many
months.

On way back up spur saw "basaltic" cliffs to N.W. of
us feeding an adjoining valley. The geology here
seems to be quite involved.

Excellent soil in clearings - red & black earth -
grows potatoes, beans, squashes, strawberries, peaches,
lettuce &c.



Noted distinction of Loop pine & Bunya pine. The former has the leaves subuliform, only $3/4$ inch long, & set all around their stems. The latter are broadish, flattish, sharp tipped, & lie flat to the sky. Loop pines appear dark-foliated as grow down at the 2000 ft level. Bunya Pines have much paler green, peculiar thro (see photo), & grow at the 3000 ft level.

Rattus assimilis was trapped in empty house.

Stirling drove me and the forester over six miles through the park towards the grass trees and we hunted back from there for about 4 miles between 8 & 10 pm. Saw two Pseudocherius rubidus (1 shot) and four Trichosurus (none collected). Moon half full. Two of the Trichosurus were mother & child, the other isolated.

Wed. Jan
21.

After skinning went with Richardson, the forester, for a four hour walk through the Park. We took the turning down to the Falls (now virtually dry). Rails beautifully laid out & graded - a triple narrow but excellently level & easy to walk on. What a pity the approach from Dalby up the mountain is such a bad road!

Saw number of goannas, & the smaller "water goannas". Got right down into the Loop pine country. Took lot of pictures. Saw deposit of owl deceit contents (scattered) with the spread of the roots of a huge fig tree (the center all rotted away), comprising Rattus assimilis and Pseudocherius rubidus. Saved some.

4 tower birds said to prefer blue flowers so. The male has various antics - lies on his back & kicks his legs. Nest in bush only a few feet up from ground use same brown year after year (Stirling).

"Fern" wallaby may be the rare M. parma.

Sunset 6.52 pm.

Stringy trees may grow very large 4-8 ft at base. Resist cutting down by suckering from roots. Root easily, even from short pieces, like sugar cane.

11-22-1964

11-22-1964

11-22-1964

1948

Thurs. Jan
22

Packed up & went down to Dalby. Saw one swamp-wallow, *P. bicolor*, 2 snakes, black with orange belly, one time here.

Tombow
Creek.

Fixed up affairs in Dalby, had lunch with Mr & Mrs Thomas Jack. In the afternoon they drove me out to Tombow Creek to look for fossils. Found bits of *Diprotodonts* & *Macropods* in bed - none in banks. Heavily incrustated with lime.

(photo)

After tea Mr Jack gave me the fragment of mandible with the flat-crowned pincer tooth in it; also a nearly complete mandible of a *Diprotodont*. Then he gave me a peculiar hollow horny but tooth like specimen somewhat resembling a pincer. What is it? All these from the bed of the Condamine River.

Tombow Creek runs a few miles to the west of Dalby through "black earth". Vertical sections 6 ft high show few sandy lenses. Bed of creek, nearly dry, is full of limy nodules & concretions. The creek feeds up in the Bungy mts. In possible source of lime - see hot-spring strata (p.). Re-salted rock at top in foot hills (within few miles of Dalby) of Bungy mountains. (Photo of creek)
Saw another one.

Fri Jan. 23.

Brisbane

By train Dalby back to Brisbane (5.30 am - 1 pm). Unpacked specimens at museum. Conferred with Len Press - Tomorrow is half day only; Sunday & Monday (Australia Day) are holidays. Much to be done. Called on W. S. Conrad Peck.

Sat Sun Mon

24 25 26

Busy reorganizing & at museum. Visited Longman again. Photos & studying museum specimens. Monday was "Australia Day" - everything closed.

Len left at 1.15 pm for Cairns. Due to sleep at Townsville. Mack still away. Had new conference with C. T. White over itinerary. Delphoides H. G. Simmons, Br. Jans. Rockampton.

Tue. Jan
27

Application for registration (new law). Special photos taken. Work in museum - Photos skulls.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem. It is shown that the problem is of great importance in the theory of differential equations.

2. In the second part, we consider the case of a linear differential equation. It is shown that the problem is solvable in this case.

3. In the third part, we consider the case of a nonlinear differential equation. It is shown that the problem is solvable in this case.

4. In the fourth part, we consider the case of a system of differential equations. It is shown that the problem is solvable in this case.

5. In the fifth part, we consider the case of a partial differential equation. It is shown that the problem is solvable in this case.

Wed. Jan Passport photos deposited; permit to be ready tomorrow. Few boxes made
28. at mus. to contain camp gear. Photogr. more fossil types.

Thurs. Jan Mack back from vacation. Bought sleepers to Rockhampton. Checked
29. baggage to same (overweight charges 8/-). Made quite a lot more
photos. Left Dunstons at 9 p.m.

Fri. Jan Slept until a little before Bendabey, where had breakfast.
30. The best proportion of the country northward from Bendabey is
in light Eucalyptus forest. Some fields (cane) are planted
both sides of Bendabey.

I noticed several termite nests against many trees and benches.
Had as fellow traveler Mr. - Dring, owner of department store in
and President of the Board of Trade of Gladstone. Took one
color picture near Rosedale (251 miles).

To west all way north ranges of hilly hills - mainly in
eucalypt scrub but with a few pockets of dark green
forest.

Wild scrambles for breakfast & lunch at Bendabey and Gladstone. (328)
Beyond Gladstone much fire. Quite high hills on
east side of track near Yarwun (339 miles). Highest feature
is Mt Larcom.

Mtms also reappear on west - Mt Morgan dominates.
A good sized river (about 360 m.) with narrow fringe of green
vegetation.

A nice plantation at Sisalera (in flower). (372 miles)

The little quarry at Marmora (370 m.) where Lyons received
fossil fragments. (the Buserkers)

Considerable hills, on peninsula east of Rockhampton.
H.G. (copy)

Rockhampton

On arrival got in touch with Mr. Simmons, Curator of
Bot. Gdns from Critcham Hotel (all found for 18/-). He introduced
me to "politician" of local vintage. Later the hotel mgr, Mr.
Smith presented me to Dr Leeds.

Plans still unsettled want to visit localities of 20th,
interest had today is Friday - a bad day due to coming
weekend.

Faint handwritten text at the top of the page, possibly a title or introductory sentence.

Second paragraph of faint handwritten text.

Third paragraph of faint handwritten text.

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Fifth paragraph of faint handwritten text.

Sixth paragraph of faint handwritten text.

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Sat. Jan
31.

Mr. Simmons turned up tempo. He took me to call upon various people, beginning with the mayor, Mrs. H. & Jeffries; Mr. F. Jardine, Headmaster of the Rockhampton boys grammar school. Then town clerk & various aldermen; ~~but not~~ and Mr. F. M. Allen, store-merchant who owns a quarry at Gracemere ^{and Stanwell} where he claims there are "kangaroo ~~rocks~~ ^{rats}" (meaning *Aepyprymus*?) We are also tracking down two naturalist brothers named Vallis: - E. C. Vallis (entomology), Berserker St., R. and R. E. Vallis (mammals), Stanford St., R. The latter is for the moment at Yeppoon, where we go tomorrow on the way to Payfield.

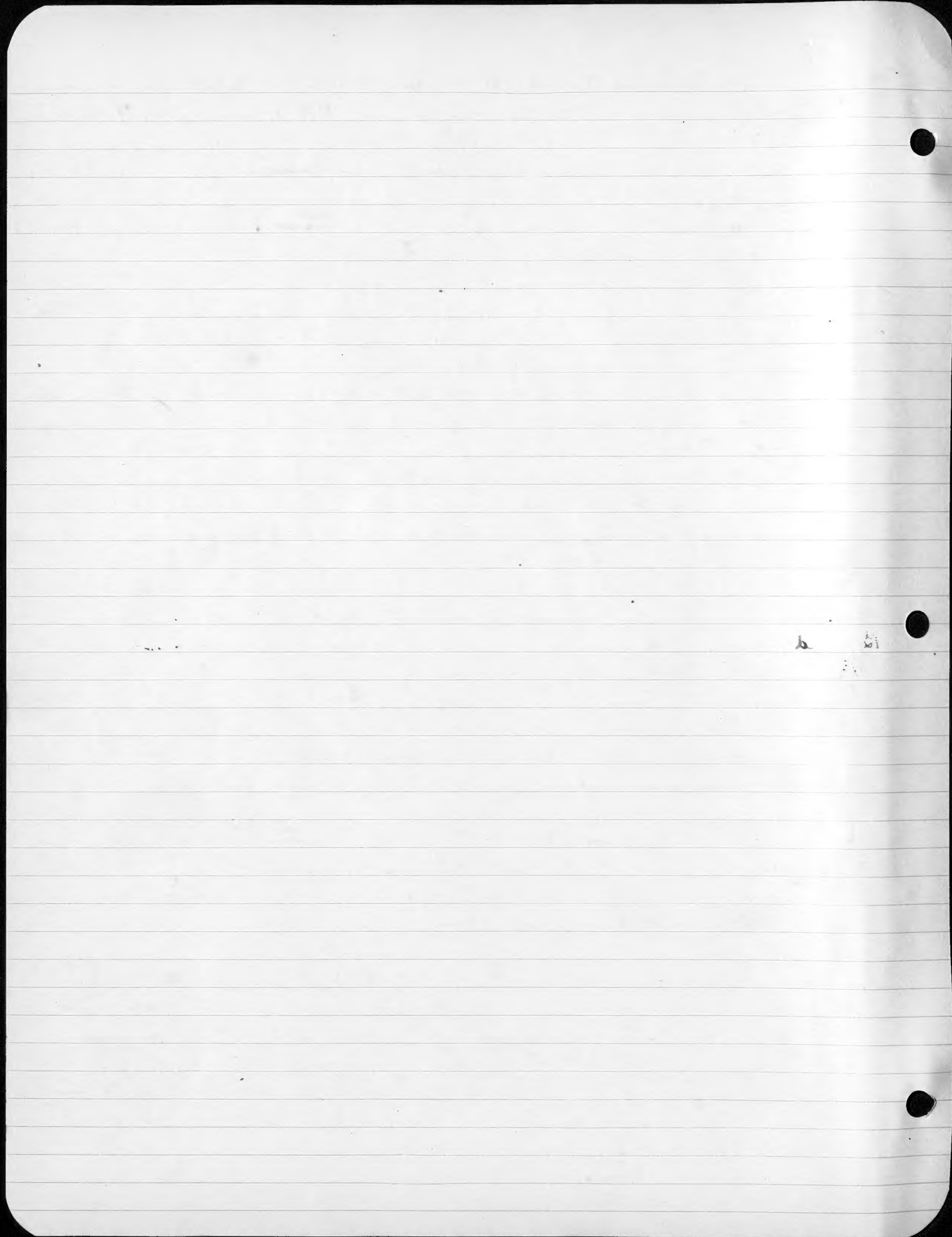
In the afternoon we drove out a dozen miles along the "wester road" and turned off SW 2 miles about to Mr. Allen's quarry at Stanwell. I took along my hammock & spent the night there as I wanted both to pick up my traps very early and to do some night hunting. We walked up to the quarry. I set 15 mouse traps and 5 rat traps there. Signs (droppings) of ~~the~~ rock wallabies were plentiful over and under the piles of loose "carboniferous" sandstone. But when I walked up there that night I saw no trace of them. The quarry has been abandoned for many years and quite thick young trees have grown up between the railroad ties. "Rosewood" (*Eucalyptus* sp.) is common there. The area as a whole is quite wild but absolutely dry & barren.

Two traps in the creek bed by camp produced nothing. A single near town. none from the quarry traps.

Mr. Allen told of two old "latters" who lived near there, interested respectively in gardening and alcohol. They quarried all the time. One used to ~~eat~~ the wallaby carcasses Allen shot.

Sun. Feb.
1st.

Had a quiet night. Up at 5.15 to collect the traps. Simmons comes at 7. Had hot cake & water for supper & breakfast. Simmons took me back to the Post. Gdns for breakfast (second) & to skin my mouse. ^{Stanwell} The quarry was in eucalypt country - very dry & rather rocky. Much of the land near Rockhampton is diked up for swamps. Some old ox-bow - perhaps parts of the Fitzroy River.



We set out for Yeffoon and Byfield. The latter is noted for the "Byfield fern" (a cycad), and is type locality for one of Troughton's mice. Yeffoon is on the coast; (photo) of island off shore (SE). ~~Had~~ Picked up Allen who is much interested in rat hist. (all phases).

Road through eucalypt scrub - bloodwood trees all in creamy bloom, also a cream-yellow wattle. Whitish banks of the "scented gum" (*Eucalyptus*).

at Yeffoon picked up Ted Meiland (prominent "meiland"). Formerly resident at Byfield who has recently sold out to Cyril Darwin. We then hunted out Bob Vallis (the naturalist). I arranged to meet him in Rock. Later.

Road Yeffoon to Byfield starts along cliffy coast but soon turns inland. After 10 miles woods change. Become denser. Dark-foliaged "turpentine trees" appear. "Stringy-bark" storm tree. At dry creek the Byfield fern. "Rocky Creek," 5 miles S. of Byfield permanently running. Palms. Creepers. Figs. Two species of *Banksia* (trunk-trunks).

Byfield

Reached Byfield at 3.30. Mr. & Mrs Eugene Meiland there at home. Also a lot of their relatives & the young man to whom they are selling their citrus property.

Went on 2 1/2 miles to a deep creek (the bottom of which is formed by tertiary lignites (in which Major Jeffries is interested. Found no better collecting places so returned to Byfield.

Jan 5.30 to 6.30 set out 30 mouse traps.

Tecklingford wood full of flying foxes feeding on bloodwood flowers. Shot *V. scapularis*. Tired.

Mon

Feb. 2nd

One ~~Rattus~~ ^{Hydromys} in traps. Early morning temperature 72° (6 a.m.). Heavy dew. Chilly.

Set rest of traps today. Took series of photos, both black & white and color. Tailed lizards in traps (photo). Ants everywhere.

Traps in Water Park Creek for *Hydromys*. Fine palms, some lawyer cane (not bad). Two cycads (including the Byfield "fern"). Many She-oaks in dry land areas. Many *Koelobanias*.

du, m.

6.16

1948.

At night shot another *Pteropus scapulatus* and a gray possum, *Trichosurus*, with pale ears & with the tail far less haired than that of the Berge Mountains.

Tues. Night much warmer - 78° and increasing humidity & cloudiness. In morning cloudy & threatening. Rain began while I was out at trap line. I decided with the change of weather to pick up all traps.

Found a large male *Hydromys* in one of the water sets along Water Park Creek. Nothing else but a couple of skinks. Spent all morning at skinning. Simmons due in afternoon.

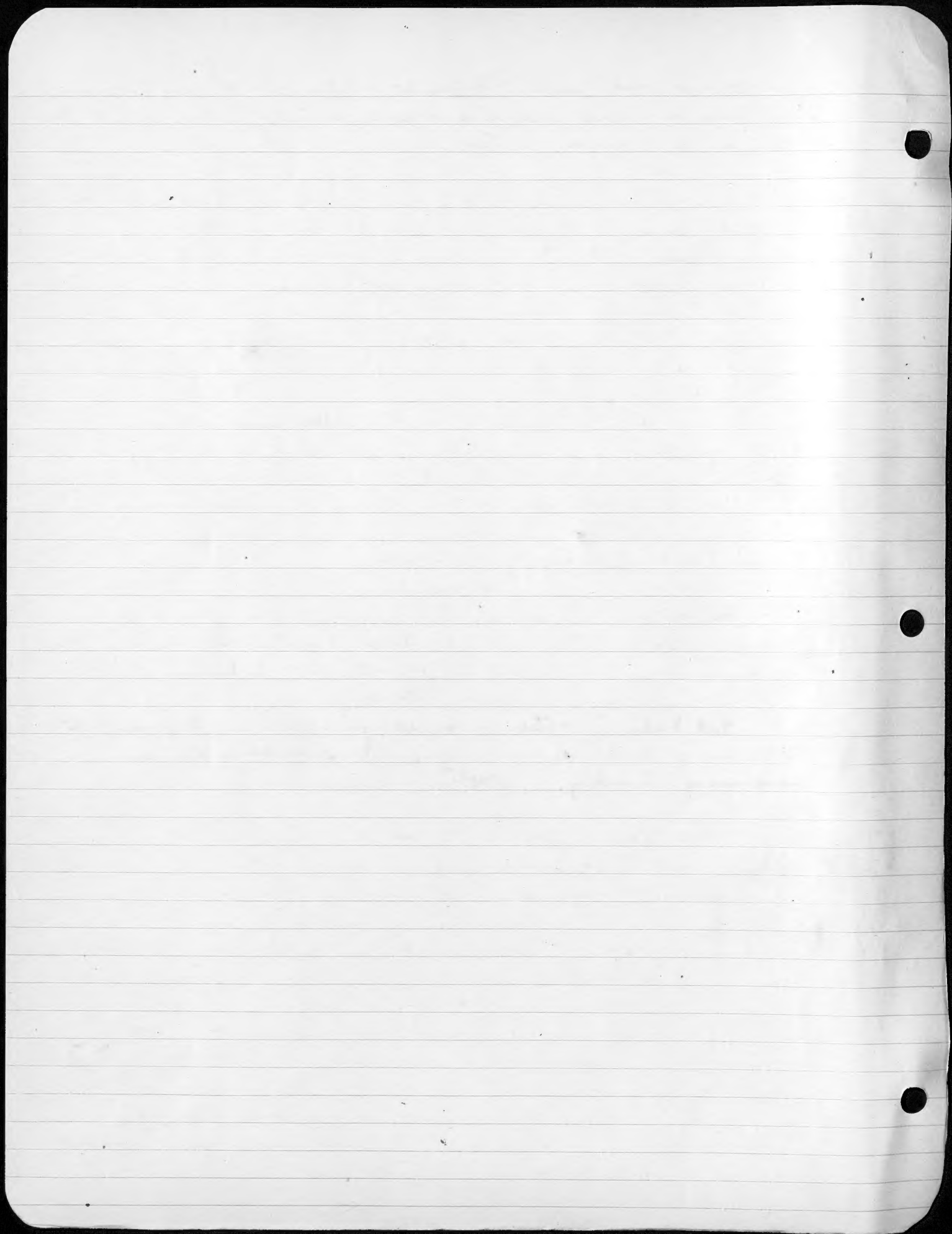
Simmons arrived at 3:20 pm. We were back in Rockhampton by 6 pm. After supper went up to the garden for the evening. The railroad strike (all Queensland) is on. Don't know what may become of my projected travels yet.

Wed. Mt. Vaughan, Kodak, Rockhampton
Feb. 4 " Harris " Townsville.

Set the trays of specimens out to dry at the Botanic Gardens. Did other chores. The railroad strike threatens to cramp my style quite badly. Am to meet local naturalist R.E. Vallis this afternoon to see what he suggests.

Met Vallis in afternoon & arranged with him to go out to a valley in the Beresken Range, east of Rockhampton, on Wednesday. Thursday. Write to Suff.

• Thurs. We set out for the Beresken almost at noon.
Feb. 5 It was not far. Simmons came along in his car too. We set up camp in the valley bottom of Prewers
Beresken Creek. The creek was rocky & full of big stones and Hills. bone dry, except for a teacup-sized hole in the basalt (or slate, ?) at which every wasp, bee, & fly in the region was feeding himself.
The creek before drying had served as breeding places for countless mosquitoes. Black, high-powered insects that came at us even in broad daylight when we went up to set traps in the p. m. Between us we set about 50 traps, which next day resulted only in a couple of hawks.



Friday
Feb. 6.

That evening, besides the small black mosquitoes we were visited by a few very large pale gray one with white marks. Later I put on the headlight & went nearly to the top of the hills but saw nothing, though I did hear a wallaby. Vallis has a tame one however - the P. dorsalis.

The lack of mammals in the dry areas is really striking. It looks as though they almost died out, perhaps breeding up again after the rains (which are now overdue).

The fire hazard in Brewers creek was very real. Mounds of tinder dry Lantana were everywhere. We built our fire in the creek bed among the stones.

~~The total~~

The total failure of the traps combined with Vallis' description of another locality with permanent water, induced me to clear out of Brewers Creek at once. We packed up and went back to Vallis's, intending to make a very early start next morning.

The strike runs very bad.

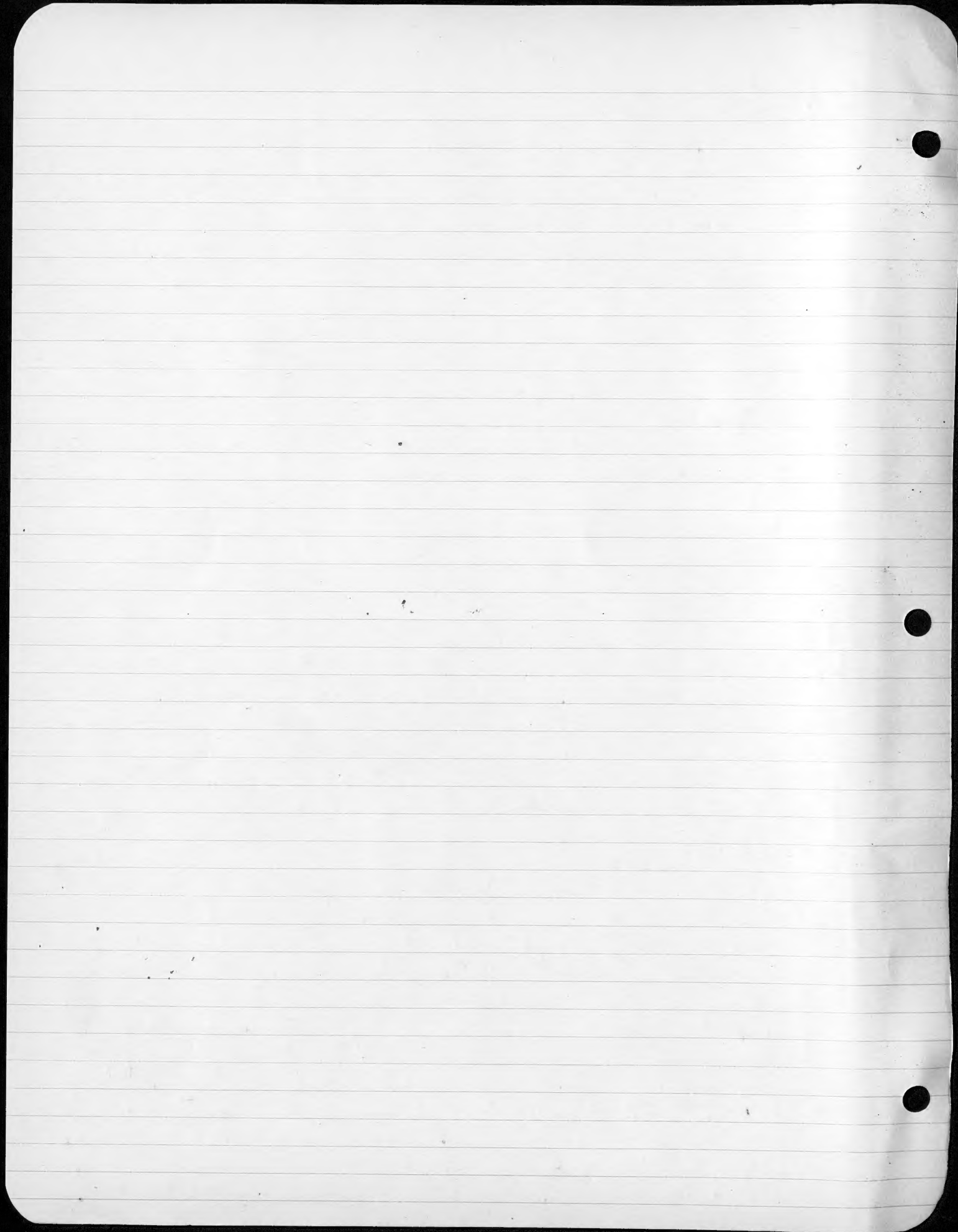
Sat.
Feb. 7.

We were joined by "Closey" Vallis on our trip to the "Serpentine", 5 miles north of Gate Hedlow about 20 miles north east of Rockhampton. "Swamp" is one of a fine series of ox bows, dug out quite deep - to 8 feet - but closed off at intervals. These arise in the coastal hills & flow west into the Fitzroy river. On the way out passed a ~~small~~ dead nearly decomposed Aepyprymnus.

Vallis says P. dorsalis is commonest wallaby, but the whiptail and the Swamp wallaby occur, as does the first grey kangaroo.

Along the "Swamp" quantities of blue water lilies; large trees, "black" ducks; black swans (3) seen. Closey caught a catfish & a tortoise with fork & line of a swamp ruined by cattle. Dorsalis wallabies seen on low "hill". Much barking & ring barking in woods. Saw fruit on "hill". Plenty of water used & 2 kinds of shells eaten by them.

That night we hunted. Two wallabies (dorsalis), 1 ring tail (longimanus), 1 Scolimotaxis volans, 1 Thylogale. In holes 1 Hydromys, 1 Mus (?)



The Pseudoveturis had a well dev. y. in pouch. Have saved skull so search can be made for dp⁴.

Sun. Feb.
8.

A storm of wind & rain greeted us at 6 a.m. & lasted till about 10 o'clock. Terrible ordeal; lost keys, but found them again after hours of search.

Skimming six mammals - what a peculiar and homing stench the Schreibers gives off!

Packed in the p.m. Left camp at 1.30 in Prof Vallis' old model & reached "Rocky" at 4 o'clock. Some rain threatening. The season is changing at last. Drove everything to Simmons' house by the "Gardens" & opened them up to dry. Must work on them to-morrow.

Closey regretted we found no bandicoots. Said there were two species. Also said that the ptalomyine squirrels, austalis, bruciceps, acutalis, can only be seen at blossom trees. There were none (in spite of the fact that bloodwoods were in flower at Bayfield).

Mon. Feb.
9.

Spent day cleaning skulls & putting finishing touches on skins. Arranged tentatively to go out to Mt Etna (10 mi. n.) to limestone caves after bats. RR strike now complete. Weather stormy. Temperature cool.

Tues. Feb. 10

With Simmons & Vallis drove to Olsen's Cave, Mt Etna, about 10 miles north of Rockhampton. An extensive series of caverns dissolved in the limestone - stairs & bridges built in. Olsen was away. Collected a number of Rhinolophus, the dominant bat and signs of Tauroscopus and a vesperilionid - perhaps Scotoneurus?

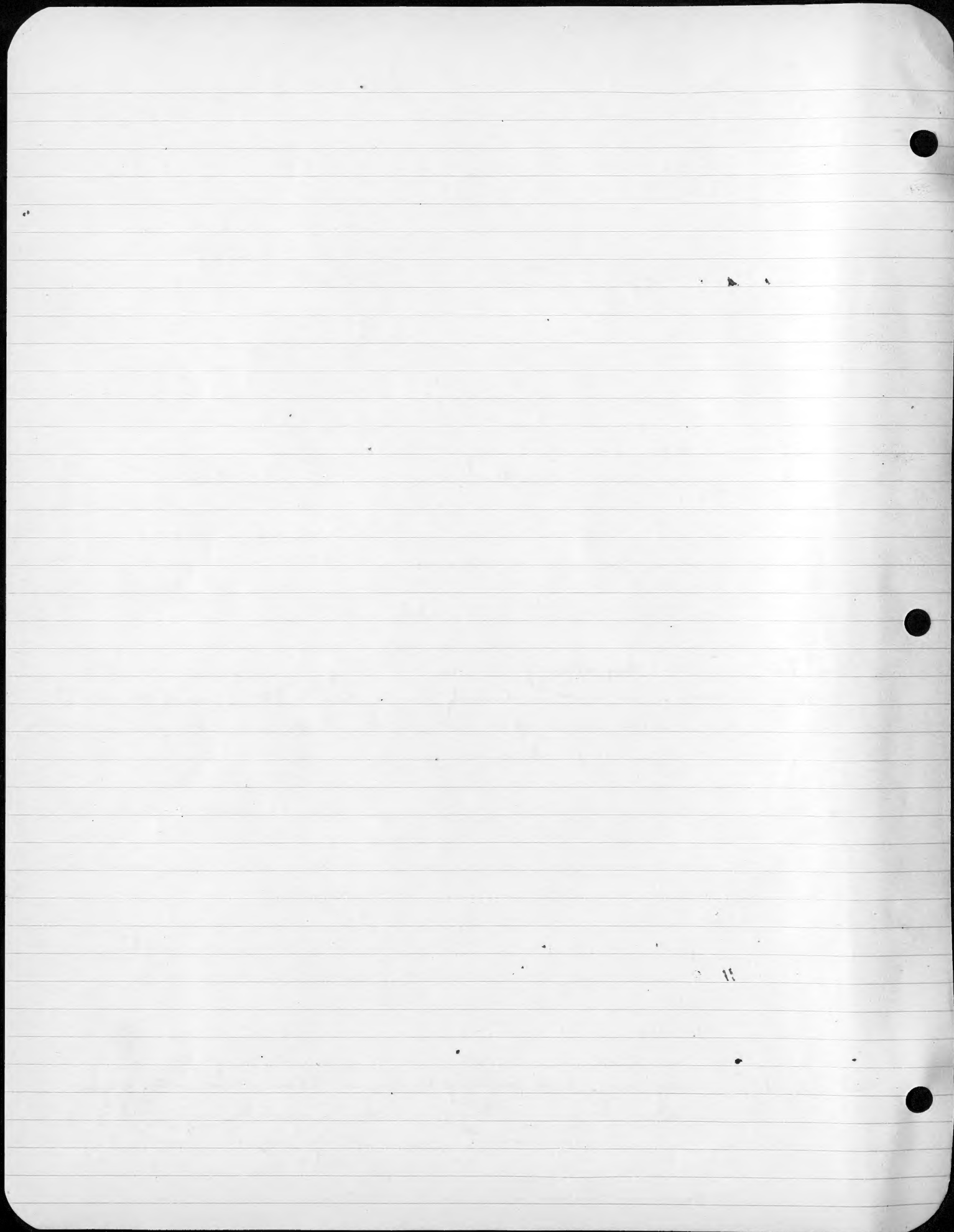
Skinned under Simmons' house that evening.

Saw brown tree-snake.

Weather rather wet.

Wed Feb. 11

Heavy rain. Put finishing touches on Olsen's cave bats. Strike getting worse: picketing of emergency bus transportation. Possibility of going out after the woodrat described by Longman from "Epping Forest", 60 miles from Clermont. But don't want to get marooned there.



Thurs
13

made reservation by ANA to fly to Townsville next Tuesday. No sign of strike ending. Taking part of baggage by air - rest by train when they run again. Put traps out in Botanic Gardens but took only the house mouse. No rats. Some bandicoots said to be about. Photographed gray kangaroo & Whiptail at zoo - also emus and "active companion" or broga.

Sat. Dec.
14.

Tardieu, F. Physiography of the Fitzroy Basin. Roy. Geog. Soc. Queensland, about 1923-1924. He gave me several other of his papers. Swinns conducted us all through the botanical gardens.

Talking to man from Wyndham (100 mi. S), on Fitzroy River of north Western Australia. He records (he thinks accurately) a first plague of rats which "came from the south" in April, 1934, followed by a plague of feral cats. This was at the end of the rainy season.

Sun. Dec.
15.

Caves

A very big day at Mt. Etna. First went in to Pilkington's Cave with his foreman and Bob Vallis. Had to descend 20 feet of rope & series of other difficult descents. Found Pipistrellus-like bats clustered in squeaking groups in hollow like inverted cup in ceiling. Shot one separately. Other bats flying about but no shot possible. Inside from 11 to 12. Moved to other cave, Johanson's Cave.

Then found Macroderma pipae - small colony of perhaps 20. They hang up in groups of 2 or 3 - not very close together however. Carry shot. Considerable local masses of fresh guano - strong smell of ammonia.

Bob picked up legless lizard - narrow, pointed head.

I found skull of rock wallaby in F. Cave.

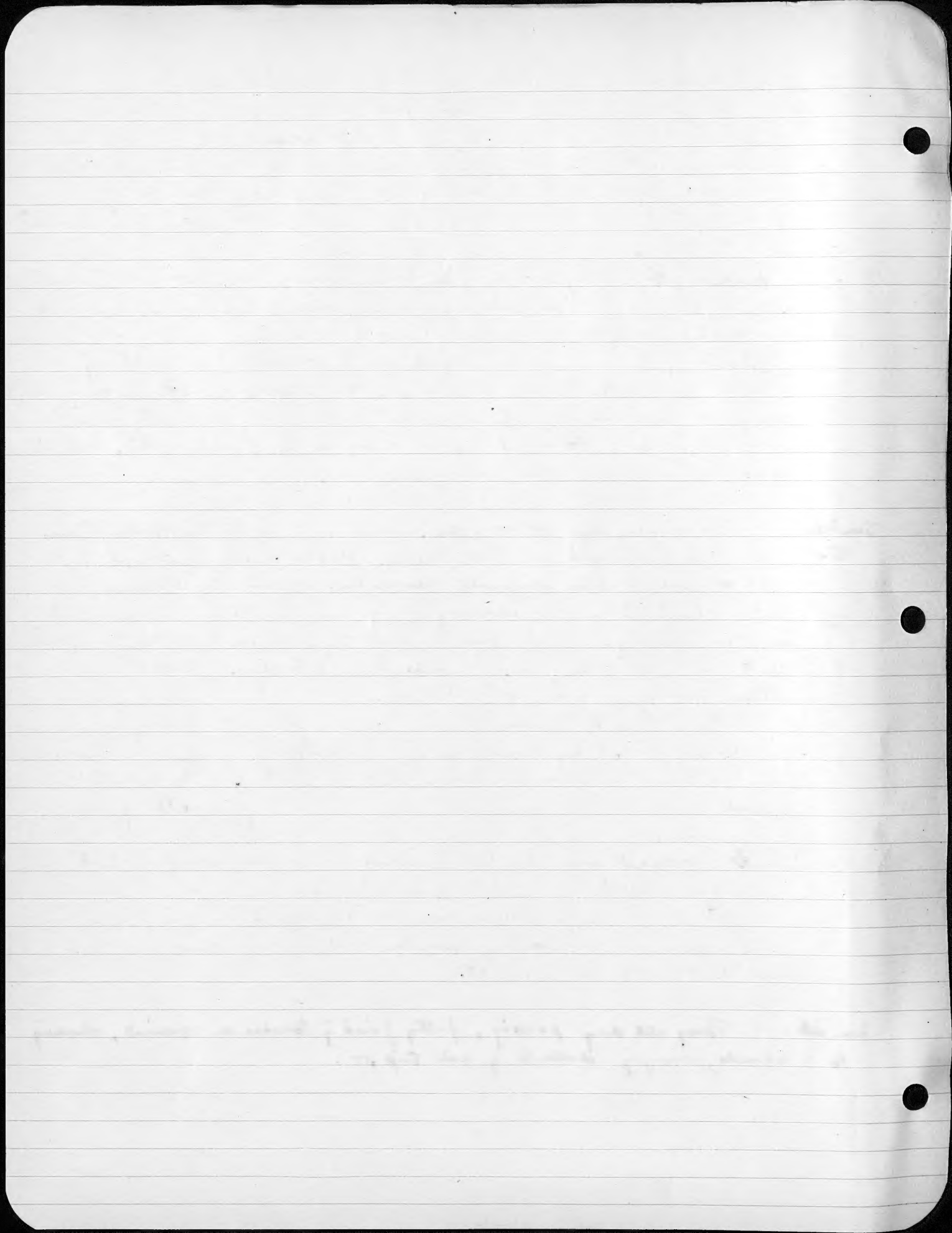
Bob picked up lower jaw of ? padymelon.

Preparations of 20 Pipistrellus & 7 Macroderma took till 11 o'clock at night.

Mon. Dec.

16.

Busy all day packing, partly finishing touches on specimens, cleaning skulls, analyzing details of air trip etc.



Tu. Feb. 17. Book £10,000 extra life insurance for £1.1.8 & sent letter to Brass making him my "legal representative".

Plane left at 8.50 Reached Mackay about 10, Bowen about 11 & Townsville about 12 noon. The eucalypt forest of the vegetation persisted all the way, except where man had intervened to plant pastures or sugar cane. At Mackay, for example, everything was a sea of green cane.

The famous Bourdekin River was quite low.

There were many heavy showers with inland, but seaward, where for the most part we flew, was usually pretty clear. No bad bumps.

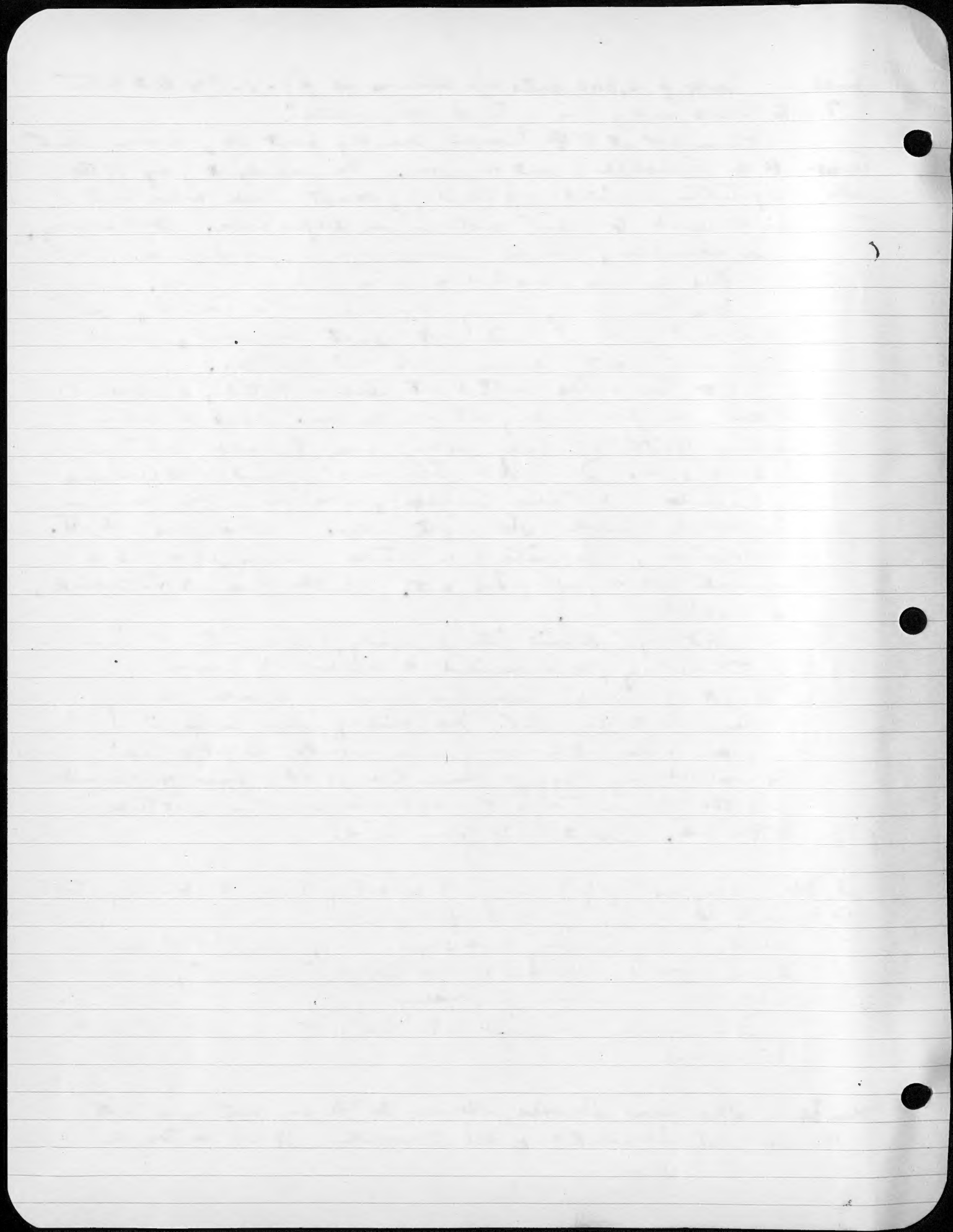
At Townsville settled at Queens Hotel, a pleasant 120-room pub looking out on the sea. Found a letter from Keith Kennedy asking me to call between 3 & 3.30. Delphoid Simmons' friend Pat Andrews, Curator of Botanic Gardens, who gave me names of several people who might help. One was Mr. T. Robinson, proprietor of a butcher business, who had a picnic zoo a few miles out. Another was Dr. J. Breind, a medical man.

Had my interview with Kennedy, whose interest is anthropology, & we decided to call Mr. Crewe of dept of Public Education regarding space for my specimens to dry out. The building where he is is close to the hotel & very convenient. I got a taxi & rescued my baggage from the ANA office & opened up the specimen trays & added new formal mixtures to the lots. Great relief to my mind!

Wed. Feb. 18. Very busy trying to arrange train out of town. K. Kennedy took me to top of Castle Hill 925 feet where I saw a relatively few interesting land snails. In p.m. Pat Andrews drove me to hills N.E. & back by 2 "common", where met Comm. Warden Mr. Joyce.

Finally settled on Suddell mtn for first trip with Mr. Speck to follow.

Thurs. Feb. 19. The man Davies, who was to take me out came with the most derelict of old Chevrolts. It got us there all



right. The way went SE across the Alligator & Crocodile Creeks, around the seaward end of Saddle Mountain, eastern offshoot of Mt Elliot and alongside the RR to Cromarty water stop.

A couple of Mt Elliot local storks were met.

Cromarty

Arrived at town of Tom. Mrs. Mason, care given. Nearby is home Mr. Mrs. Means on whom I called, as they owned a patch of green scrub in which I wanted to set traps. The green scrub very mosquitoey but set 20 traps. A few put out in cave, along ledges, in wood piles, etc.

Region said to be very barren. A few dingos. Some rock wallabies on isolated hill across swamp. ~~But~~

So Mayport Creek very low but running. Tried jacking. Poor luck due partly to lack of trail & dry grass. Saw two Microsomus. Two Phyllophus killed with towels in bedroom.

Fri. Feb. Traps yielded ~~four~~ ^{nice} mice, which are probably home mice. Skinned bats & mice. Photographed. Went up valley to call on Duckworths (father & his brother & son). Not much prospect there. Native cats very rare. Bandicoots - but try to get them!

Sat. Feb. 21. Davies came in his ancient "utility" about 10 a.m. Nothing but a lizard (skink) in any traps. Picked all up, packed & went back to Townsville to get ready for trip to Mt Speck on Sunday.

Found a wire from Brass: the "Vardulia" with our baggage on board will not reach Cairns before the 7th March, she has wired Geoff to fly if necessary.

Strike news still very bad. The railway men are now trying to stop oil deliveries.

Sun. Feb. 22. The Mt ^{Speck} bus left promptly at 9 a.m. We reached the guest house at the top, 2900 feet about 11.30. Mt Speck is merely a part of the granite scarp locally known as the Pelernat Range.

The trail leads WNW parallel to the railroad for 1 1/2 hours - probably 40 miles, then it turns abruptly SW and climbs the face of the scarp. The first half

... the first time I saw a ...
... the first time I saw a ...
... the first time I saw a ...
... the first time I saw a ...

of the trip is well away from the mountains though much low swampy ground, traversed by frequent creeks, at least one of which is tidal. The vegetation is small eucalypt scrub - layer at streams. The cloud belt today start at about 2500 feet & showers fell at Mt Speck about 1 pm. They've had much cloudy we. & some rain lately.

The trail winds up & in some places though much fine forest - trop pine, silky oak, she-oaks. At 1000 feet it crosses Crystal Creek falls (photos). A certain amount of logging is going on at high levels. There is a small community with a post office & one store. The P.O. is called Paluma.

Saw a live digger in road ahead of the bus in the lowlands. He stood high on his toes with tail well up & only moved a little out of our way as we passed.

Don't see rain later. Leeches, pink & purple, abundant; also a small blackish one.

Mon. Feb 23 Heavy rain during night. Quite a number of Rattus assimilis in traps, including juveniles and post. breeding females. Two or three partly eaten (probably by Dasymys or feral cats.) One rat trap in creek bed taken away.

Mr. Cavil, who runs the guest home, has been a possum hunter. They used to make their baits of "pollard" (^{broken} wheat) with addition of oils of anise and eucalyptus & just cyanide in it. The baits were put on the ground.

He says water rats and a large rat with white tail tip (possibly Uromys) occur. There is a skin of Dasymys gracilis in the p.o. Cavil has a photo of another he killed in his chicken house. They call it "tiger cat". Also at the p.o. is a skin of a baby platypus & a half from live Trichosurus, yellow-buff beneath, with ears rather pale.

The forest is good vine scrub full of larger canes & on hillsides which for the most part are very steep. The rock is granitoid. There is a little place the river in the creek. Drainage is virtually all westward into the Dandenong Ranges.

Stones during the morning. Everything very damp & musty. (By phone; no rain in Townsville).

Cavil says this fern scrub extends only a dozen miles to the south and, five miles or so inland, changes back to

[Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side.]

to eucalypt forest which continues sw on the main divide.

Heavy rain as shown all afternoon. Retiring at 5 o'clock I believe I saw Hypsiprymnodon. Saw it only indistinctly. It was rat-sized & slightly hopping in gait but going directly away. It scoured tops in among the flaring roots of an old forest tree.

Rain all night.

Saw small animal run from near waste-food dump behind guest house (old cans etc). It may have been a Trictosimus but according to Cecil was more likely a native cat.

Caught two of the little "scrub turkeys". They are red-headed & look for all the world like bedegged bantams. Both were in steel traps set for the Dasyurus near the dump. Cecil says they are chicks; the adults becoming as large as a hen.

Tues Feb

24

Rain most of night. Twelve R. assimilis in traps, including 3 juveniles. This rat is unquestionably extremely common in the scrub. Surprised to get no Melomys.

A small tick about.

Picked up some traps

Went out with hunting lamps. Very little moving. Much mist in forest. Shot a ringtail.

Wed Feb.

25

Only R. assimilis in traps. The ten concentrated yesterday around the place where I saw the Hypsiprymnodon (?) caught nothing.

First fine day. Took photos. Bus takes me down in afternoon. Reached Tivoli 6 pm. Booked seat on a Qantas plane for Cairns tomorrow night.

Thurs. Feb.

26.

Packed specimens which had left with Cecil. Got ready for evening plane. Took l. insurance. Saw Keith Kennedy again. Sharp snow in a.m.

Plane late but reached Cairns at 10.45 p.m.

Found Jeff, Van & Len at Airport. All well. The two former had arrived the night before from Sydney, Len the day before that.

My "reconnaissance" class at midnight & I shall leave "Archbold expedition" tomorrow.

which is all in the same line
According to the
The first part of the book is
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Thu Feb. Wea. continues fair. Last night flew at 10,000 feet
27. over a big storm south of Innis falls.
Mr. Gilbert Bates with entomologist ^{cott} Tom Busfatoff
drove us up the range & behind the Kuranda Falls
(which the new road does not reach) to visit an
experimental sugar plot. Back at 1.30. In pm
got out skins & skulls in B.P.'s warehouse.
In evening (5 o'clock) met Mr. Gallup (Main
Roads Comm.) for drinks & at 8 pm attended
meeting of Cairns Orchid Society.

Sat. Feb. The Cairns Nat Hist Soc. took us up to Atholm Tableland.
28. Members of the party: Len, Van & myself: Ernie & Gordon
Stephens, George ~~Brooks~~ ^{Bates}, Tom Webb.
We breakfasted at Kuranda then drove via Mareeba
to Yungaburra only 4 miles from the isolated rain
scrub of Lake Eacham, where we booked rooms & left our
hand baggage. Then we went east to slopes south
of Bartle Tree overlooking the sea (distast) where
Len searched for a special type of vine. Had lunch
in the "bush". Van hunted spiders & beetles.
Returned to Eacham at 4 pm. There Van & I set
traps along Wright's Creek near the Lake. That night
Van & I went out in Eacham scrub with head
light. I shot 2 Pseudoechinos arcteri & a Thylacole
stigmatica.

Sun.
Feb.
29 Next morning skinning till 11 a.m. Cars left earlier
but George & ~~Bates~~ returned for me & Van. We
lunched in the bush near Lake Euramo. Supper
at Kuranda. Home about 8 pm.

Main impression is the very restricted area of the
rain scrub, the great amount of deforestation
of the Tableland to make dairy & corn country,
the abundance of eucalyptus "forest".

Mon.
Tues.
March

(Mr. Gallup)
arranged for trip with Main Roads Commission to drive up
to Chillipoe caves after bats. Moved our collected material to
new quarters (Mrs. Ames) & spread them out. Went with
Ernie Stephens to see of Gij fox camp.

Atkins. Phone 2470

Archives Exp. Petrol License No. 246450

(10.15)

Wed.
Mar. 3.

Heavy rain. We left at 7:30; passed through Atterton & drove Van Dusen to Mt. Popper (Roads). I continued. Mr. T. J. Abbas, wopeln; Mr. Moon, driver, with me.

Bad weather until beyond Herberton (the Hutuk R. in flood). Then gradual clearing. A few creeks with but little water: the Ibis Creek crossed 3-4 times Irvingbank then. Next Emu Creek. Finally, close to Alma-den, Crooked Creek.

We were pretty battered by atrocious roads. Averaged 13 m.p.h. & arrived at 5 pm (left Cairns at 7:30 a.m.) & so spent the night at the "Seaside House" ("Aliris House"). Learned at the "pub" of one or two extra cans & mine shafts.

On road saw 1 green snake; 1 scrub turkey, ^{dark} 1 dingy. The dip was somewhat darker on the back than the one I saw on the way to Mt. Spec. It had rather massive jaws and the tail up-curved.

Bats: reported doubtful at Chillagoe (Mr. Sheppard)
some at Bungaree Caves (about Shaw)
plenty at Tommy Dams Mine, Lappa Tero.
Some at Vidler Mine, Irvinebank.

The way was hilly throughout - though somewhat more so near Herberton. Saw several ~~new~~ flowering shrubs including a Hibiscus with white flowers delicately tinted with pink, its leaves 5-palmate.

Irvingbank is a long rock-sided gully. Some cliffs appear on both sides well back from the road at about 3/4 hour east of Alma-den. No picture.

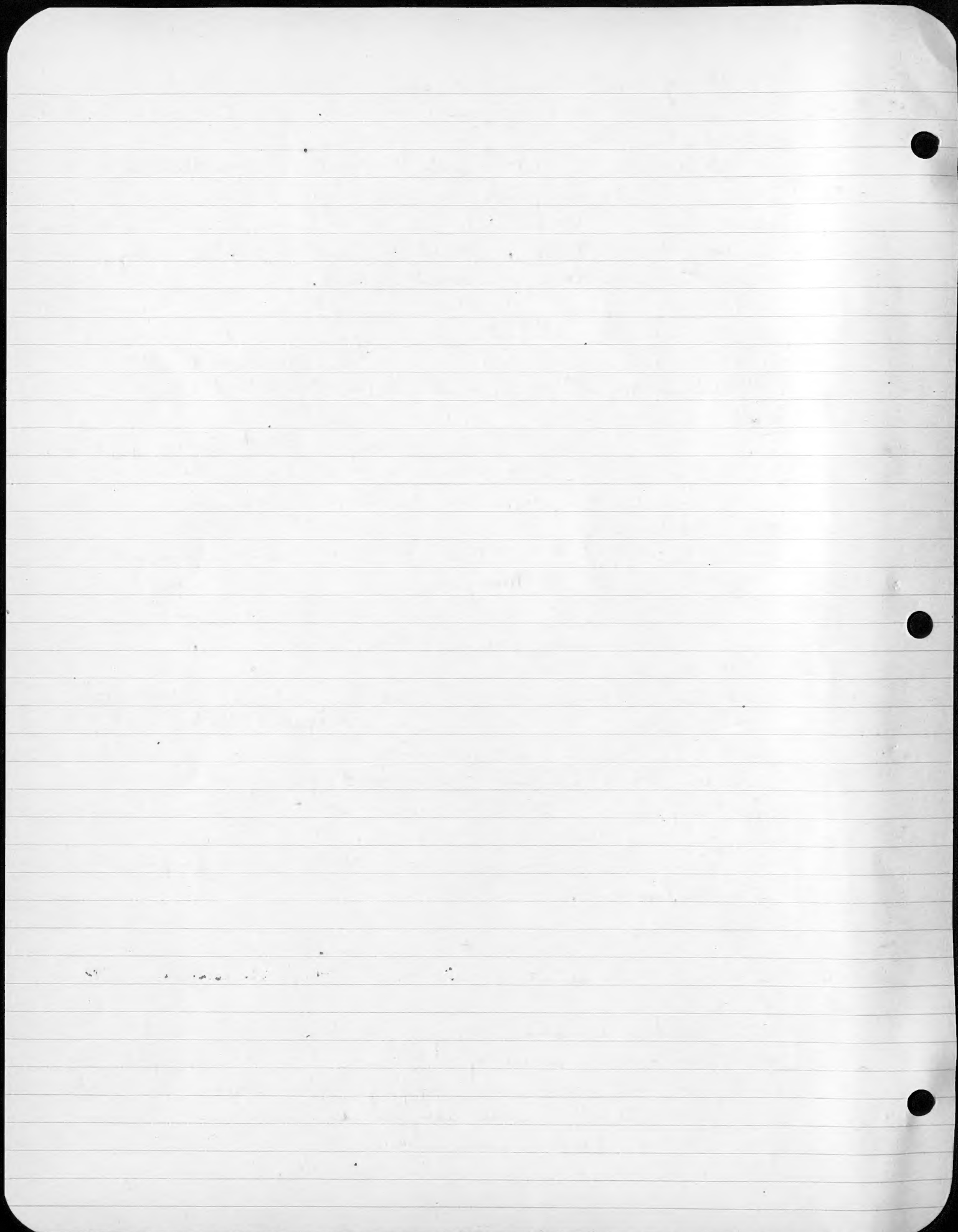
Young man, teacher in 1-room school, has 20 pupils aged 5-16 years.

Thurs.
Mar. 4.

Slept down at night at Alma-den. Breakfast at 7. away before 8. reached Chillagoe at 9 am. Found Sheppard who was with us all day.

Got onto the limestone, leaving the granite, some 5 miles from Alma-den. L.S. gradually took over from granite first as country rock with thick beds dipping a few degrees S & later as high shattered masses rising above the general level of the road for a hundred feet or so.

Chillagoe village is a smelting locality. There are big



Smelting furnace there in which the perovskite lime is used on our sand in fire elsewhere.

Black cockatoos (15) flying. Photo of limst. bluff.

We were in Chillojos cave for about an hour. It is a complicated cavern, not wet, in which 3 men were once lost for 3 days. A few roof openings, no doubt used by bats, occur. Mr. Stefford ^(aka 79) who acts as custodian runs it well. He regretted we used no carbide lamps, which would have illuminated the beauties of the cave better than our spot lights.

There was only one species in the cave, to judge from the fruits of several notes - a Trinomiopterus. We got out about 11.45 & walked a few hundred yards to Jarry Cave, a much smaller cavern and wholly bat-less. Then we drove the couple of miles back to Chillojos for lunch at the hotel. In the afternoon we tried the Madonna cave (in another block of limestone). We saw two wallaroos - big reddish sandy fellows which made no bones about leaving up the massed & slatted limestone to vanish over the top of the cliff. The Madonna proved not to be quite chalk enough - at least there were no bats in it!

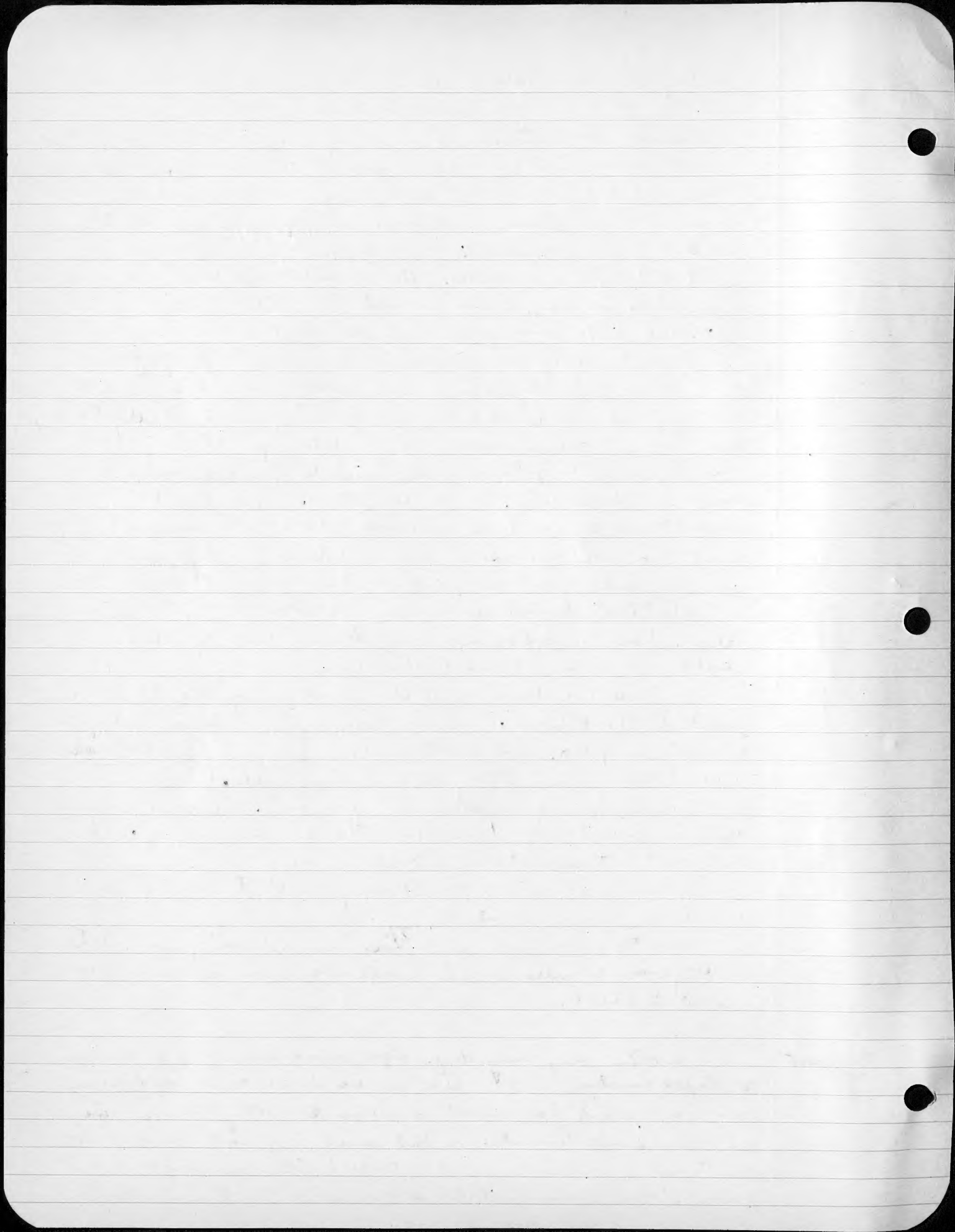
Then there we drove 2 miles back along the Alma-dun road to Pink Cave. This was only moderately large & not complex. I shot a tiny group of 3 Scotivores without being sure they were bats at all. (I also shot a couple of patches of fungus). On the way out I picked up three fine Taphozous singly. We had not noticed them at all going in.

White cockatoos on the way back to Alma-dun which we reached at 6 pm.

Another cave (not seen) ^{the} ~~was~~ "Tank Cave", and at Mengana 11 miles beyond Chillojos other bat caves are said to exist.

Fri. June 6

Another very busy day. Left Alma-dun at 7.30 & went to Lapps Junction (RR) where we drove in a round-about way southward for about 5 miles to Betty Burns Mine, an abandoned tunnel. I had used my last dust-shot cartridge (blame to RR strike) the day before & had some .410 loaded with #8 shot. This was really



far too large for small bats. In any case not a bat hung up
where I could see it to start at it, though plenty were
flying in the tunnel. We got sticks & knocked down 9 -
all alike & apparently Scoternis of a species larger than
any those of the day before. Outside, soon spotted another
red wallaroo bounding away.

From Tom Barnes we drove to the town of Irvinebank -
a quite important tin-mining center. We were intending
to visit the Vulcan Mine. However, the Vulcan, we were
told had no tunnel but went down 1500 feet. So we
gave that one up. We met an old miner who said
"Bets! - Why there's bats in my tunnel, ^{the 'Submain'} you can take
them in your hand. We went with him, armed with
forked sticks. He lit his carbide lamp & we went in.
At about 200 feet he said "there they are". I could
not use my stick in the cramped space so I tried
grabbing them & got all three of the cluster. They
were like Pipistrellus or Scoternis. In his second
cave "The Queen" were Rhinolophus. I was able
to seize two of them in the same way. Our time
was getting short but we managed to go to one
more abandoned tunnel, of which there seem to be scores,
where we again took 4 Rhinolophus + 1 Pipistrellus.

It began to drizzle. We headed back east &
got safely across all creeks. Reached Havelton
after most shops had closed (at 5.15) but bought
some tinned food + 3 loaves of bread. Then on
in the mist & rain down the road leading to
Ravenstoe, but turned off on the Innisfail
road (all bitumen road). Finally we turned off
again into the road "under construction" where Van
had been taken 3 days earlier to the camp of
the Main Roads Commission. We arrived by after
dark between 7.30 & 8.

Van reported terrific rain all the time he had been at
the road construction camp at Walter Hill Range.
They had had 20 inches of rain in 3 days. He had
so far taken a Urocyon + several Rattus assimilis,
most of the camp people were away for the week end, so
he was starting to camp alone. He had not actually had
to fix a meal yet however.

(Terminology)

Note: 1. Good region is Rossville, 27 mi. s. of Coletown.

Also Mt Hartley, on coast from Rossville.

2: George Moore of Rossville has striped cat.

3 Percy Hatfield knows scrub at Rossville.

Informants: Mr Mrs Bowditch.

Red Island - Somerset Area.

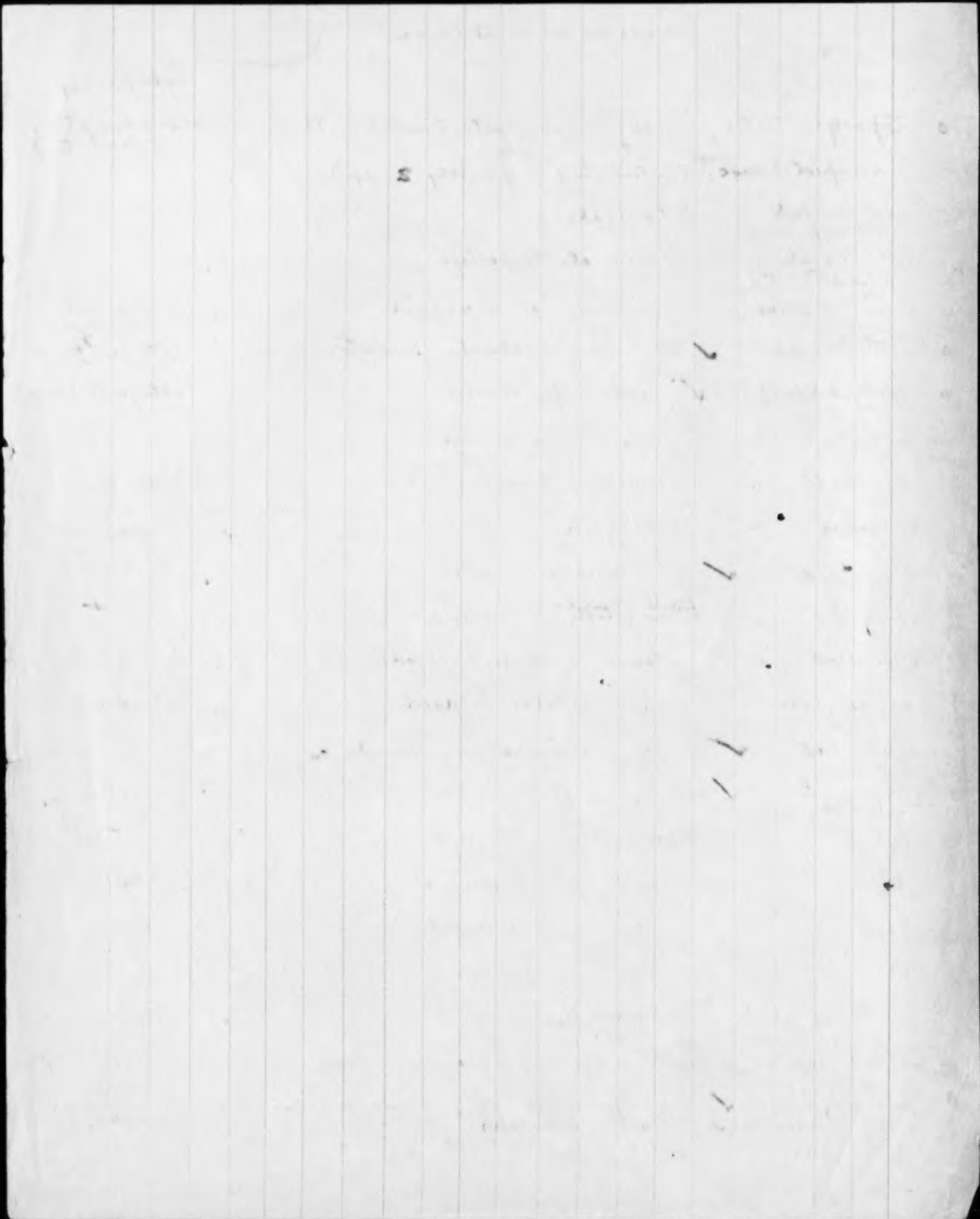
		Type Locality.
Spiny Ant eater,	<u>Tachyglossus aculeatus acanthion</u>	Rockhampton.
marsupial mouse,	<u>Antechinus</u> ^{gammeli} (possibly 2 spp).	?
Flat skulled marsup. mouse.	<u>Planifelis</u>	?
<u>Phascogale</u> } "Rusty-tailed Rat" }	<u>Phascogale tapoatapa</u>	???
<u>Sminthopsis</u>	<u>Sminthopsis aruensis</u>	?? Aru Isl. (Wells).
Little Native Cat	✓ <u>Datanellus lalucatus predator</u>	Utinja (Kemp).
Short leaved bandicoot	✓ <u>Isodon peninsulae</u>	Utinja (Kemp)
Large " "	" <u>macrurus</u>	?
Narrow leaved "	<u>Perameles nasuta pallidus</u>	?? Poros Loe (Sterrin)
New Guinea "	<u>Echimyops</u>	? Rosty Sewt.
Pigmy Glider	✓ <u>Acrobatis p. frontalis</u>	??? Herbert R.
Pigmy Possum	<u>Eudromicia</u> <u>Eucantela</u> <u>macrura</u>	??? Alberton
Yellow bellied Glider	<u>Petaurus australis reginae</u>	??? Burdabay.
Squirrel glider	" <u>norfolcensis pacilis</u>	??? Cardwell
Sugar glider	✓ " <u>brevicaps longi caudata</u>	?
<u>Dactylopsila</u> } Stupid Possum }	✓ <u>Dactylopsila plicata</u>	Port Albany.
Rap tail	<u>Pseudocheirus peregrinus</u>	?? Coktown
"	" <u>leukotis</u>	??? Herbert R.
"	" <u>leucoides</u>	??? Alberton T.
"	" <u>arctus</u>	???
Saint Hly's Phal.	<u>Thomomys minor</u>	??? Herbert Vale
Bush-tail Possum	<u>Trichosurus vulpecula obsoletus</u>	?? {Olin Creek, Cape York Pt. Albany, Cape York.
Phalanger, Spotted	✓ <u>Phalanger maculatus nudicaudatus</u>	??? Coktown
" Tree Kangaroo.	" <u>orientalis</u> <u>Dendrolagus temminckii</u>	

→ beta. Coleman & Mitchell R.s.

1880

The first thing I noticed when I stepped
 out of the train was the cold. It was
 a sharp contrast to the warm blanket
 I had been wrapped in. The air was
 crisp and clear, and I felt a sense of
 freedom. I had been waiting for this
 moment for so long. The train had
 been my only companion for the last
 few days, and now I was finally
 here. I looked around at the
 unfamiliar faces and the strange
 sights. It was a new world, and I
 was excited to explore it. I had
 heard so much about this place, and
 now I was finally seeing it with
 my own eyes. The train had been
 my only way of getting here, and
 now I was finally here. I had
 heard so much about this place, and
 now I was finally seeing it with
 my own eyes. The train had been
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 my own eyes.

			Type locality
Gazelle Wallaby.	<u>Dorcopsis</u>	???	New Guinea.
⊙ Sent Wallaby.	✓ <u>Thylogale stigmaticea</u> <u>coxeni</u>		Port Albany. (Coxen)
⊙ Sand " "	✓ <u>Pestomodon</u> <u>agilis</u> <u>jardini</u>		Cape York (Broadbent)
White-tail.	" <u>parryi</u>	??	Pt Stephens
Water Rat	✓ <u>Hydromys</u>		
⊙ "Spring-tailed" rat	✓ <u>Rattus</u> <u>culmorum</u>	race 2	
⊙ Cape York Spring Rat.	✓ <u>Rattus</u> <u>leucopus</u>		Cape York.
Mouse.	<u>Lygodina</u>	???	
"Rabbit Rat" ("Polcat")	<u>Desmersonomyia</u> <u>gouldii</u> <u>rattoides</u>	??	Corkton
White-ft Rabbit Rat.	<u>Conilurus</u> <u>paniculatus</u>	race.	
Kangaroo mouse	<u>Notomys</u> <u>agilis</u>	?	Cape York (Cockburn).
⊙ Giant Rat.	✓ <u>Uromys</u> <u>caudirostratus</u>		Port Albany.
⊙ Dial-tailed rats.	✓ <u>Melomys</u> <u>australeis</u>		Piara, 2 1/2 miles WNW from Somerset (Kemp) Rockhampton.
⊙ Gould's flying fox	✓ <u>Pteropus</u> <u>gouldii</u>		
Spectacled " "	" <u>crispicollis</u>		Fitzroy Isl.
Little " "	" <u>scapulatus</u>	2	Cape York
Hydrodromys Type mouse rat	<u>Nyctinomys</u> <u>papuanus</u>		N. Guinea.
Large " "	" <u>robinsoni</u>	?	Corkton
<u>Odontonycteris</u>	two species.		
<u>Tysonomyia</u>	one "		
<u>Rhipidolagus</u>		??	N. S. W.
<u>Plinomyia</u> <u>amentacens</u>		??	Port Essington
<u>Hypsiprymna</u> <u>senoni</u>		?	Corkton
⊙ " ✓ <u>cewensis</u>			Albany Isl.
⊙ " ✓ <u>alborensis</u>			" "
" <u>diadema</u> race			



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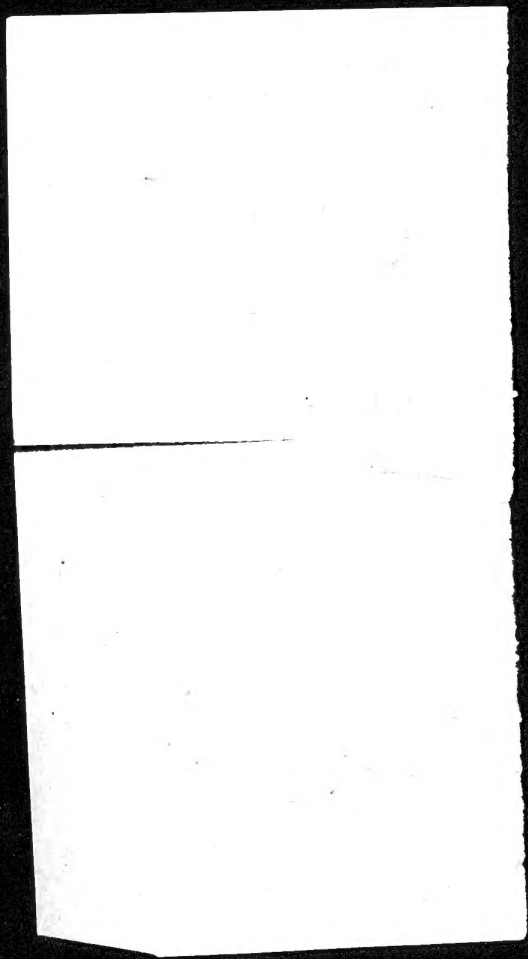
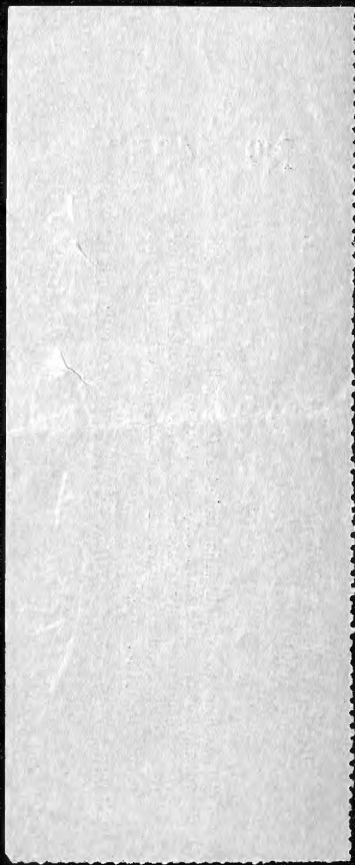
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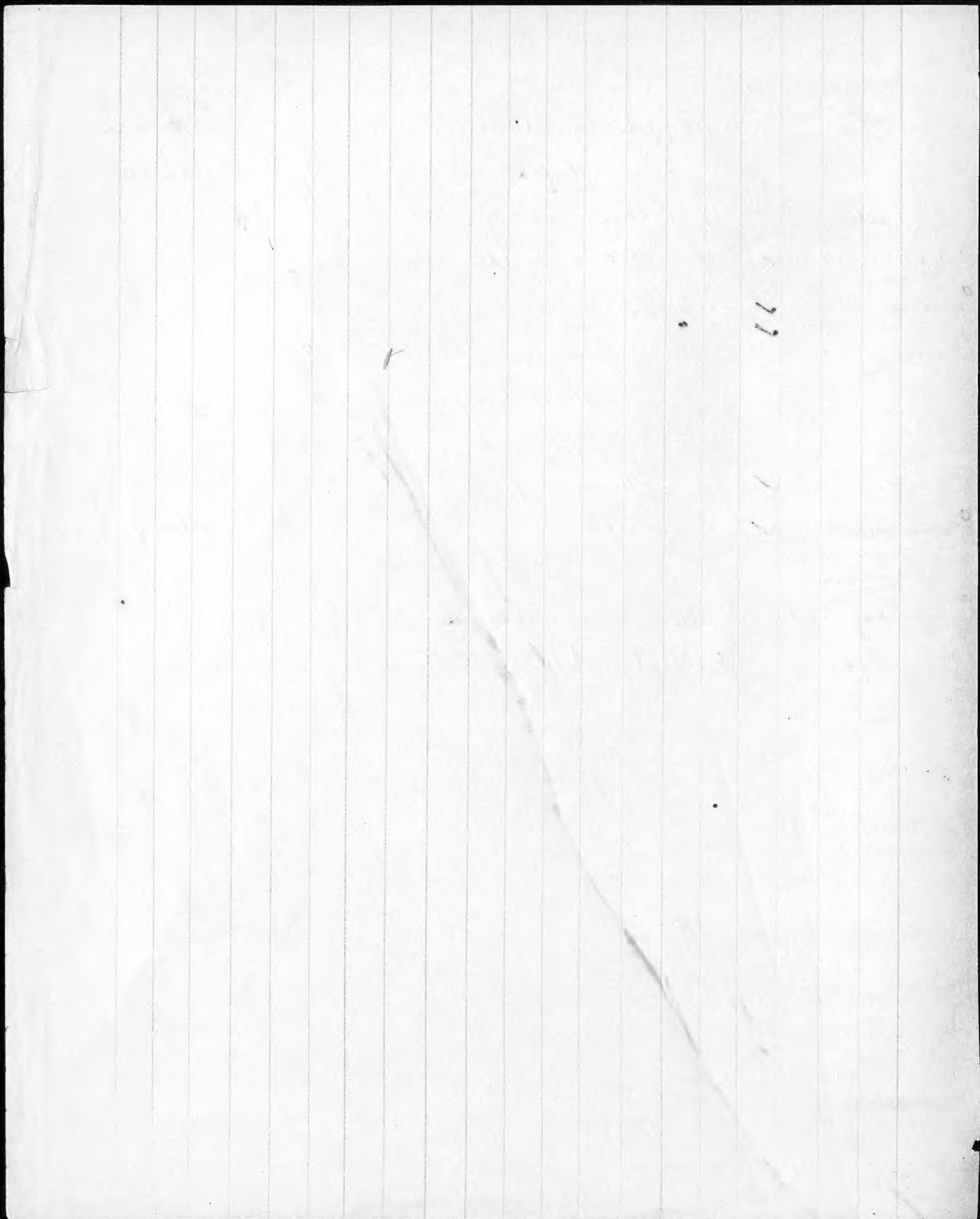
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No



Long-eared bats	<i>Nyctophilus g. pallidus</i>	??	Alexandria
"	" <u>bifax</u>		Torre St. Isles
Pipistrellus	<i>Pipistrellus abramus</i>	?	
Large-eared bats	✓ <i>Chalinolobus fouldii</i>	new ?	
Broad-eared bats	✓ <i>Scotemis</i>	sp.	
Mouse-eared "	✓ <i>Myotis (Leuconoe) macropterus</i>	??	
" "	" <i>australis</i>	? ??	
	<i>Phoniscus papuensis</i>	???	
Antrozous	✓ <i>Mimopterus</i>	sp. ?	
<i>Tophosus</i>	✓ <i>T. australis</i>		Albany Isl.
<i>Saccolaimus</i>	<i>S.</i>	sp. ??	
Bull-dog bat	<i>Nyctinomus norfolkensis</i>	??	
<i>Chaerephon</i>	<i>Streptail</i>	batt ??	



Went out jacking for an hour + shot a shaggy gray Pseudocheirus

Sat. Mar.

6.

In the morning the rain had stopped. The camp was located in a sea of mud where bulldozers had churned up the country side.

Went out with Van to see his traps. He got 4 Rattus and a Uromys. Some photos. A couple of hours of sunshine. Set out that night jacking up the road.

Saw bats + 2 flying foxes. Shot a Chalcophaps (?) with the light saw 2 dups too far to shot. Shot one other Pseudocheirus herbertensis.

Am persuaded this scrub is relatively empty. Perhaps the bulldozers + blasting have frightened away the game.

Van shot a feral black cat and a Peromyscus.

Sun. Mar

7.

In traps (Van's) 4 Rattus assimilis, 1 Uromys caudimaculatus.

No trace of Hypsiprymnodon. The road building people obviously don't know it, yet Harry Raven got two not far from here. The trouble is that we know nothing of its habits.

Went out with Van went out for a couple of hours. He shot a Myiophobus but could not find it.

Mon. Mar.

8.

Packed up + left for Millers Mill where Harold Moon, my driver to Chillagoe was to meet us between 12 + 1. Met various people there. Snowy Baker had met a man who as a boy worked for Harry Raven + others remembered him.

An American from the mining areas told me that our expedition is reputed to have hidden motives: we are looking for Uranium or something.

We descended by the one-way highway (3.30 to 5) to Gadmole. The cloud forest gives way at 1500-1800 feet to eucalypts, she-oaks, cycads, umbrella trees, etc.

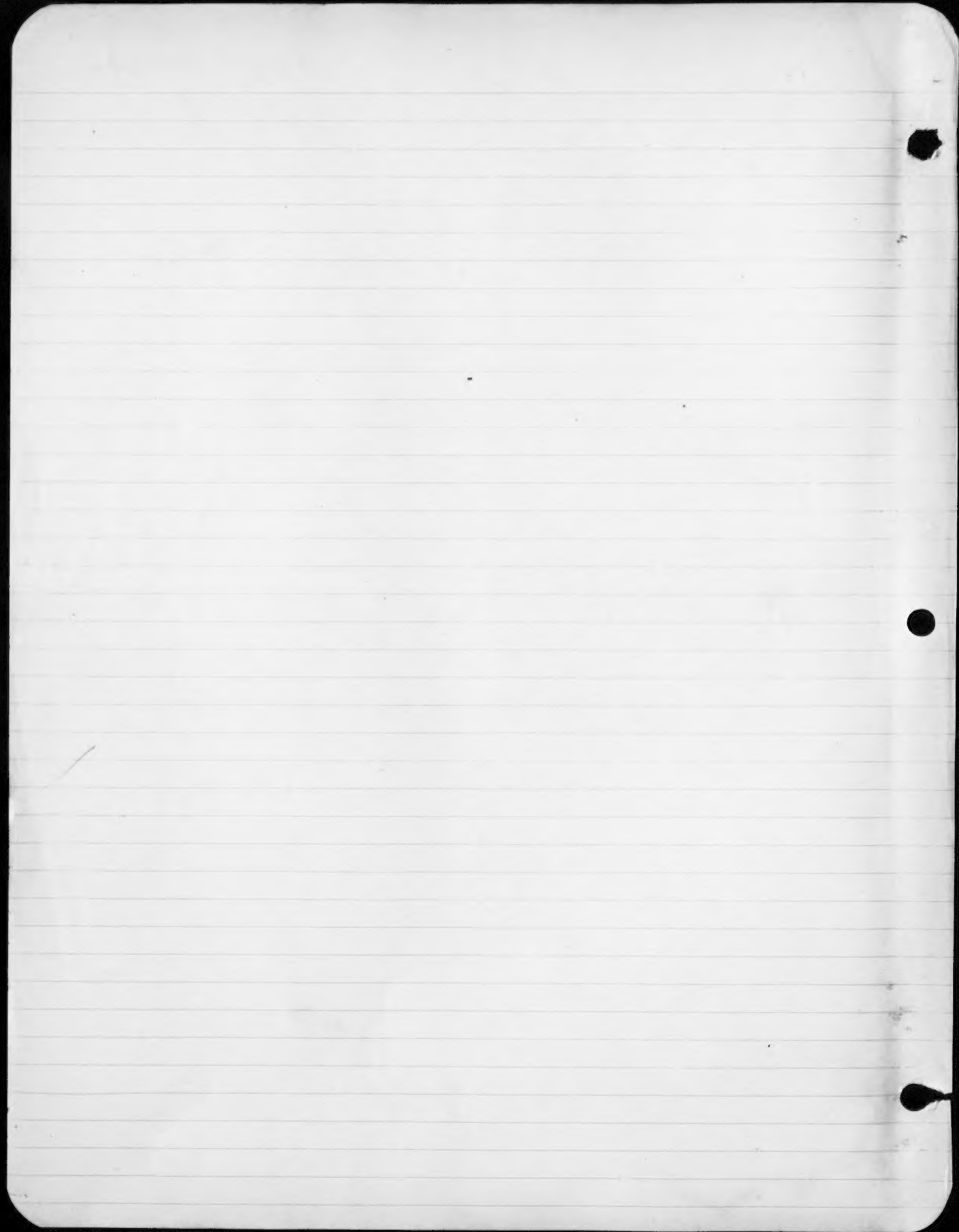
We visited Lake Barrine - rather commercialized but otherwise much like Lake Eacham. Also saw the big "pine", Agathis _____, 27 feet in girth.

Reached Cairns about 5.30 pm.

Tu. Mar

9

Setting specimens in shapes; outfitting Guff + Van for trip to Rossman. Gave talk before Cairns Naturalists Club entitled "Australia's S. Amer. Companion".





CAIRNS LEGACY

CIRCULAR

*Reminding Members of the next HIGH TEA
to be held at 6.30 p.m. on Friday next _____
18th March
at the R.S.S.A.I.L.A. Club Rooms, Cairns.*

*If accompanied by a guest or unable to be present
please advise the Secretary before Wednesday next.*

C. J. CUMMINGS,

Hon. Secretary

Refreshments 6 p.m.

GUEST SPEAKER :

*Dr. Tate
(Archbold Expedition)*



THE GREAT

OFFICE

It is the duty of every citizen to support the laws of the United States.

and to pay the taxes imposed by the same.

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Wed. Mar

10.

Thurs Mar

11.

Went to Pease St swamps flying fox roost. None there. Doing tea at Ernie Stevens' home. In p.m. accompanied Mrs. Laurie, electrical engineer to Kuranda power station. We hunted bat in tunnel for the 3-foot power pipe. Two species very nervous + hard to get: Rhinolophus and Sotermis? Took 2 of each.

Left Van to Mossman by bus Thursday a.m.

That night I skinned the 4 bats. George Brookes bought an Isocodon a car had killed at 8 pm. Injected it with formal for a.m. skinning.

Fri Mar

12.

Skinned the bandicoot. My dog looked for tow animal from Townsville. Set half to Van at Mossman. We have been unravelling rope - a tedious process - to get Tow.

Talk before Cairns Legacy in evening on "Exploring + Expeditions".

Sat. Mar

13.

A trip with Mr + Mrs Hunter to Barron water in p.m. Busy in a.m. reorganizing gear in Mus. + getting ready for ~~Sat~~ Monday trip.

Sun. Mar

14

Packed pickled bats in a.m. Len + I to lunch with ^{Mrs} Ernie Stevens + in pm to bat cave at ~~Truly Beach~~ ^{Hartley's Creek} 25 miles up to coast towards Mossman. The bats were but 2 - scattered - in a sea cave in a fissure in the rock (with Taptozous).

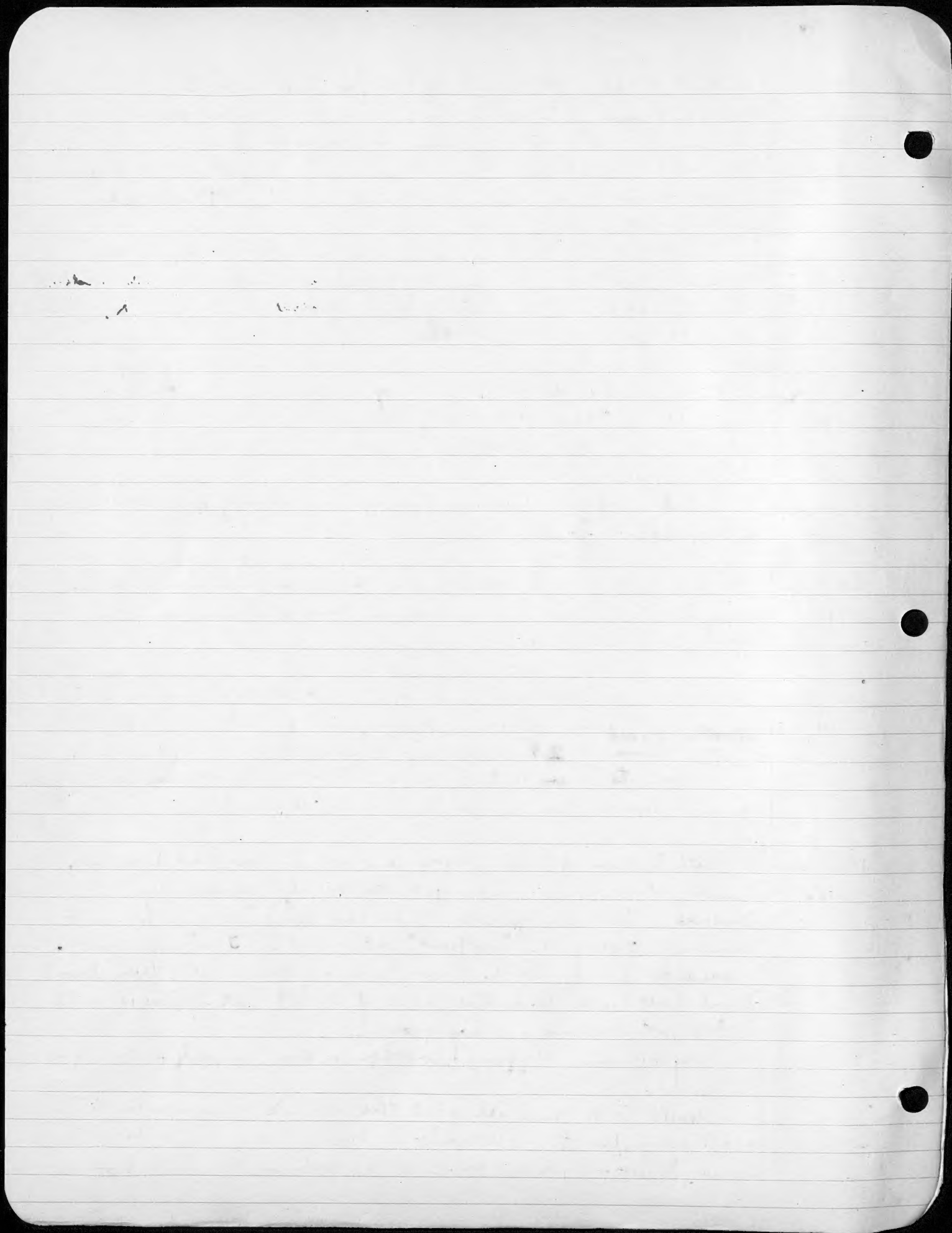
Mon. Mar

15.

With Abbiss of Main Roads to Mossman via Port Douglas. Lunched at Mossman. Changed to "utility" driven by Mr Davies. First camp when lowland "forest" changes to scrub comes at 700 feet. "Lookout" at about. "Top" at 1400. Thereafter fairly level. Scrub lasts about a mile, then Devil Devil Creek, a headwater creek of the Mitchell. Staying with Mr + Mrs Hanna, dairy farmers.

They claim Hypniphyllodes on their property - at margin of scrub.

Davis took me all around the upland (laya mtns to west town) - to Rumala - Miss + her friend from Parkman. - to Julatten - to see silt



of flying fox camp & back by eastern road through "forest".
Saw half breed, Paddy Groves, kangaroo hunter. He
says there are great frogs (not rees) & 2 sorts of
wallabies. He knows Hypsi pumodon.

Set a dozen traps in trail in scrub. After supper
tried brief "jacking" but rain spoiled it - quite
heavy rain.

Took a Hypsi pumodon in house. It hung up under
bed spring in my room. I patted it by hand.

Tu. Mar.
16.

Found an Artichinus and a Rattus (possibly conatus)
in my 11 traps. Walked out with gun but saw no trace
of Hypsi pumodon. A grove (natural) of fan palms
capable of throwing good shade.

This is inclined to be "melon-hole" country. Holes
a foot deep are dotted all through the scrub. These
holes when the forest has been cleared constitute a certain
danger for cattle.

Went "jacking" with Paddy, a half-breed. He took me
into some old timber trails. Heard one animal, but
saw no eyes at all. Paddy brought some Rhinodaphus from
the rice he works in

Wed. Mar.
17

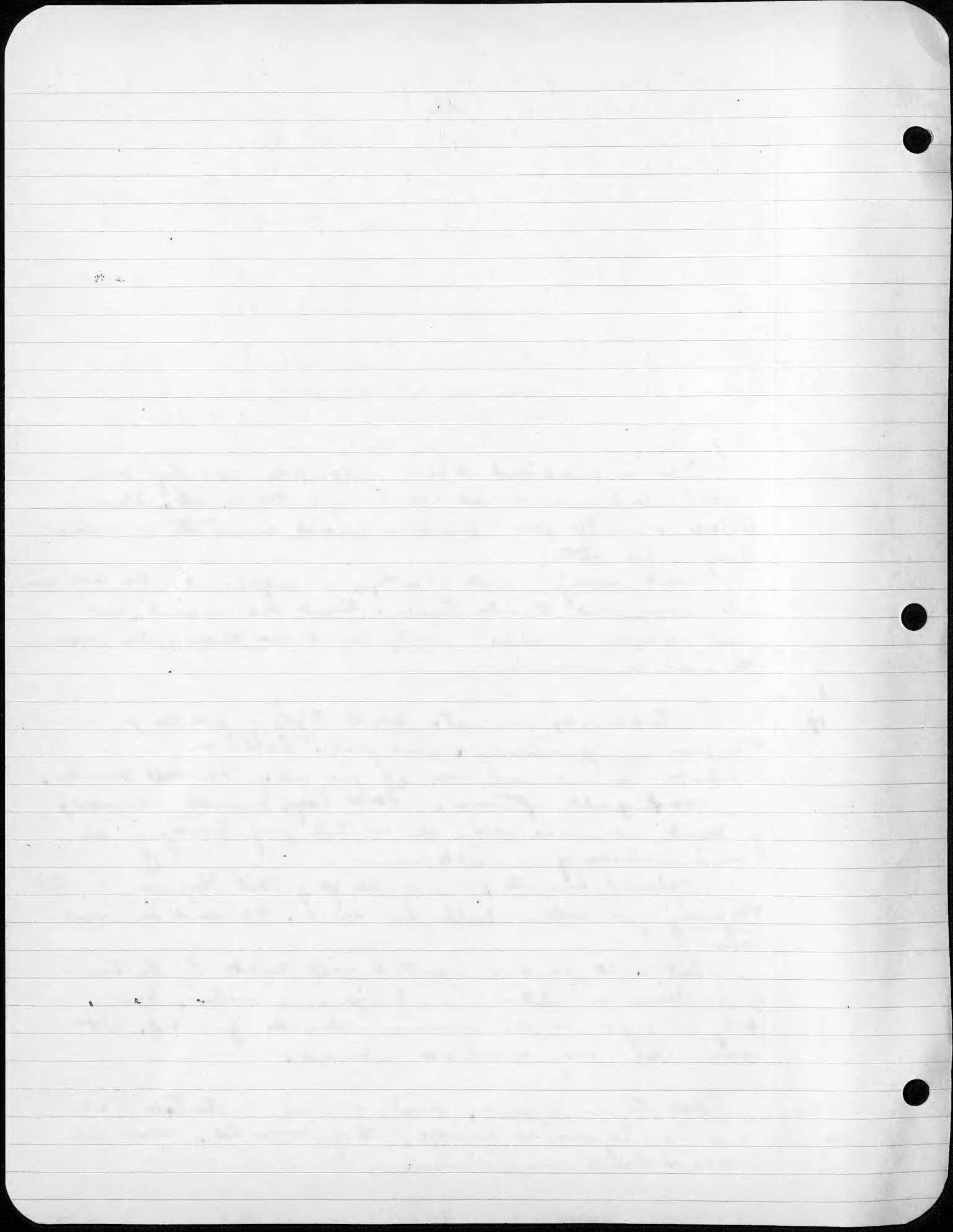
In traps only one rat. Went to flying fox camp -
Pteropus conspicillatus. Shot five. Called on Miss
Salisbury, who had one rat for me. Pickled same.
Skinned all afternoon. Took large & small jarinas;
kept the little one. A whitish-gray tree frog in
Miss Salisbury's milk can.

Rebaited in late pm., while going Phil Hanna hunted
Hypsi pumodon with his .410. He said he oaw
one.

That night he & I hunted with lights to the top
of the Prosser's Hill - a round top of 5 miles. Saw
only a 7-ft carpet snake at side of road. It
was seen there when we returned.

Thur.
Mar. 18.

Two rats in traps. Visit's from F. Robertson (who
knew Finlayson) & Keridge, both of Milanda. Also Bill
Balls & David from Cairns.



In pm rebaited and near end of track in heavy scrub saw & shot a ♀ Hypsiprymodon. Just 5 pm. Pouch contained 4 mammals, but only the anterior pair had been functional. Further hunting but no more. Specimen packed with round worms (some saved). Stomach distended with chewed-up vegetable matter - apparently starchy - berries, etc.

Tue. Mar. 19. Two more Rattus. Saw another Hypsi streak across forest trail. Too quick for me.
Back in Cairns in pm.: Jack Davie took me down to Mossman, & I rode in with the Clellan at 4.30. Opened up boxes that evening. The boys were back half an hour ahead of me.

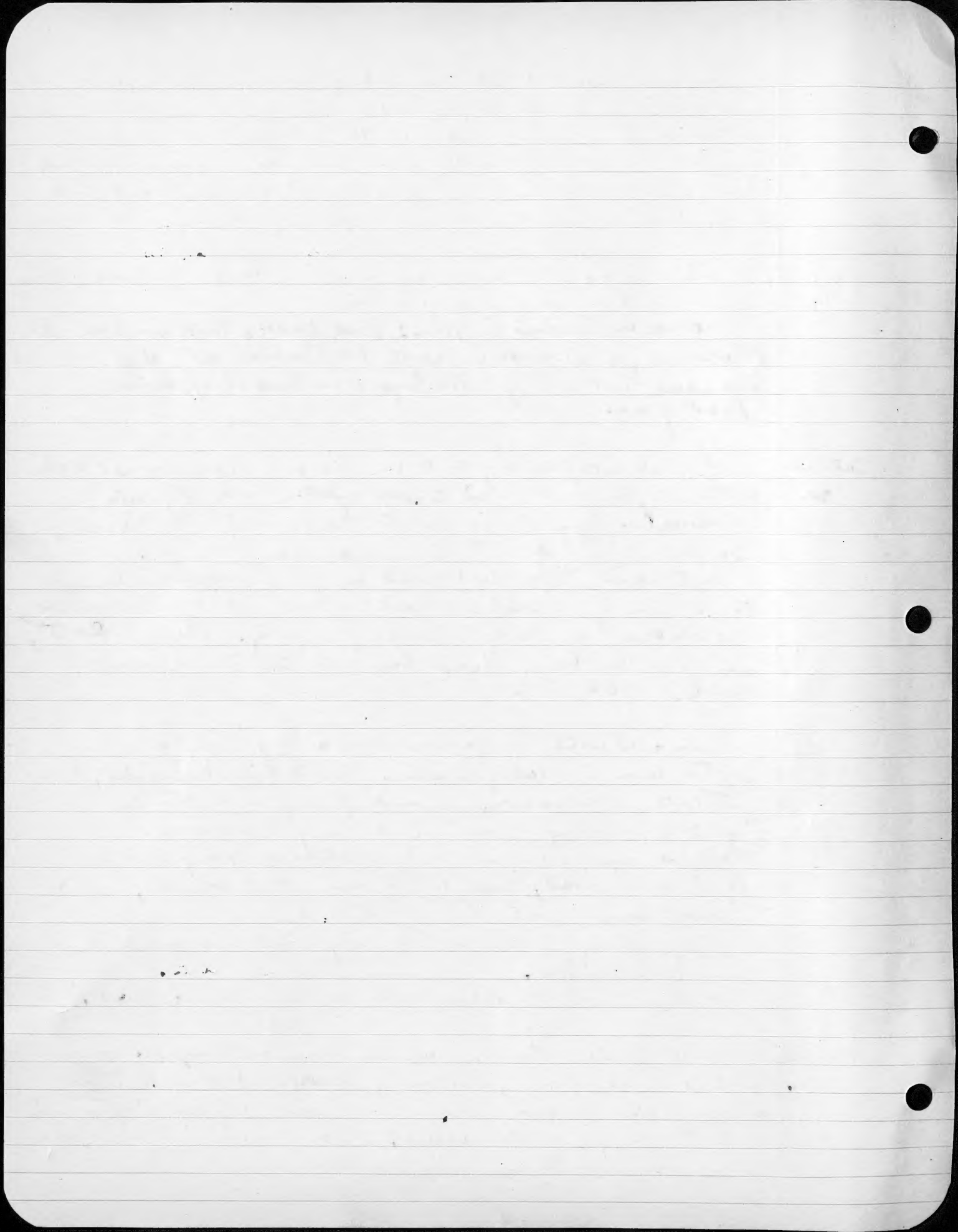
Sat. Mar. 20. General reorganizing in a.m. Len & I taken by Gil Batts south along the coast road to see Bell's Peak, opposite Gordonvale. We drove on to the home of Mr. Kirns, who has climbed Mt Bellenden Ker 7 times.
Afterward took dirt road in from Gordonvale to base of Bell's Peak where met Mr. Thomason, proprietor of large cane property. Buzzakott, his son-in-law, has been to the top of Bell's Peak. (3300 ft).

Sun Mar. 21. Van & I with George Brookes & his family on a long motor run to Tully Falls. Went via Keranda, Atherton, Ravenshoe. Tried for fruit bats on "old Ravenshoe road" but they had moved.
Picked up Stopus conspicillatus (young one) on N. Cairns road, Cephalopus at Evelyn, and Tridosaurus at Creek.

The Tully falls were lovely - not too full but very impressive.

Returned via Millaa Millaa and Innisfail.

Mon. Mar. 22. With Ernie Starnes up the Keranda Range to see Robert Veivers, brother of George Veivers who owns farm near Sanyang Creek where "stupid acts" supposed to occur. Found him at Myola strapping out logs with bullocks. He knew a



Went about the Coen district - Peach River + Rocky Scrub. After lunch at Kuranda went to north of Mareeba rd to Clohesy River - Ernie to inspect fan. Heard of camp of flying foxes near by. Star v. l. Ad. P. conspicu-illatus. Van meanwhile had gotten up 7 Nyctinomus from roof of house in Cairns, and al.

(Good).

Fri. Mar.
26.

With the Stevens bros (and Mrs E. Stevens) up Kuranda range & in to Speewah property on the upper Clohesy River (8 1/2 miles due west of Cairns). On a nearby tributary, the Ganyang Creek the fabulous "striped tiger car" is reputed to occur.

The location very attractive - on old house with hilly scrub to S & E - tending to open forest n & w.

Just afternoon Van set traps, while one of the local sons of the house showed me the way to Ganyang. Over there fine forest in which lumbering for "maple" has been done 3 years ago by tractor & bulldozer.

Hunting at night - n.g.

Sat. Mar.
27.

Cairns folk went back (Ernie & his wife had wanted to go earlier but a leak in their radiator stopped them) in the afternoon. Traps set by Van produced Hellgramites, Uremys, Arctechinus.

Hypsigymnaden is here.

Saw two Hypsigymnaden run across the trail between 5 & 6 o'clock. Sets made with Star traps for spotted cats & civets(?).

Sun Mar.
28

Nothing in my traps Van few more mice.

Mon. Mar.
29.

Some traps sprung by pig or cassowary? or possibly dingo. Saw glimpses of 2 more Hypsigymnaden.

Van got second species of rat - resembling the New Guinea Stenomys. Gift of 2 skins of T. stigmaticeus and Dactylopsila.

Ernie Stevens took us down to Cairns in p.m.

Spr of 2 Dactylopsila by Mr.
R. H. Wells of Tomatis Creek,
Barron River, a few miles
north of Cairns, N. Q.

Tu. Mar.
30.

Still no definite news of the "Tinie" at Townsville.
In a.m. setting out specimens to dry - George Brooker
brought us a Heposideros diadema reynae the evening
before.

Thurs. ap.
1.

Moved out in the afternoon to the eastern foot of Bellenden
ker Mtn. The exact locality is a sugarcane area on
the north side of Junction Creek (rising off the slopes
of the mtn), a tributary of the Russell River, which
in turn joins the Mulgrave a little above their
combined mouth. Settled in at the cane "knacks"
of a property owned by Stone, Siddens & Wiener.

Fri. ap.
2.

Van & I had managed to get out approximately
40 traps. Most were set along the edge of the
cane fields but a few were in second growth &
much chopped about scrub. The catch comprised 2
Belomys (Carbuncle), a number of Rattus coronatus,
2 Rattus culmorum, & a coronatus-like rat,
having the underside of the tail black.

In p.m. went up to the beginning of the trail leading to
the top of Bellenden Ker but lost the trail in a "burn".

Messrs Kern (and sons) are apparently the only
people who know the trail well.

The fairly flat areas are fenced & planted to
cane while the gullies between are used to feed
stock. A nearby patch of scrub (isolated) is
badly burned & cut up. There are some good
pieces to the s.w. Jacking produced nothing.

Sat. ap.
3.

Found entrance to trail up mountain through wild raspberry
patch but lost trail in large "burn" (Len found it later).
The catch rather poor, so shifted traps to unspoiled scrub
where the Junction Creek comes off Bellenden Ker.

Heavy rain at frequent intervals.

Kern came out to learn whether we wanted to go up
the mtn. Len & I arranged to go Monday, Van to take
over my trap line.

[Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper]

Sun
Apr. 4.

A very stormy night. Another large catch - 14, including 2 *Dreelomys*. Van is at last developing skinning speed. Very glad of that.

Packing for Bellenden Ker climb in the morning. Len is going to get plants, I to entomologize.

Am getting badly bitten about the ankles by leeches. They go right through my socks & take hold in the same place! The bites bleed for a considerable time & itch quite a bit. They cause swelling of the ankles. I'm trying various preventives - not too successfully.

Turned over my trap line to Van this p.m. more rain makes a bad outlook for tomorrow's traps.

Mon. ap.
5.

Left for the mountain with two young local chaps who knew the trail to the summit - Bill Kerns and Sven Neilson - at 7.30 a.m.

We traveled taking approximately ~~one~~ 5 minutes rest every half hour. The first 700 feet was through first a bamboo or otherwise altered tangle & later through a tangle of lawyer cane and a creeping bamboo - vile territory! We crossed a couple of gullies & a small creek (where there is a dangerous, slippery sheet of granite covered with an inch of water, to be crossed).

Then began a series of steep climbs interrupted by short lengths of crest trail leading to the top of a jagged ridge projecting ENE from the main range. The eastern tip is reached at about 1000 feet. The way leads along this ridge - mostly up but sometimes down, which in places becomes almost knife-edged.

Len picked up several good plants along that section, including a new, sweet-scented white-flowering shrubby member of the Rubiaceae.

The ridge also carried some Kauri pine. It was all forested, though in narrow places several lookouts could be made. The river end of this ridge juts out from the main Bellenden Ker range at a spot where there is a trickle of water and climbers generally stop for lunch. We did a "boil-up" too.

Next came 700-800 feet of extremely steep, rocky slope, which finally rounded off; and we were on the top of one of the knobs of the range - 3100 feet. We arrived there at 1.10. Another half hour, down & up

[Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper]

past two other knots to the north brought us to "Tick Camp", a tiny palm hut, with a very leaky roof, at 2. pm.

Rain came on as we finished our lunch. We arrived at Tick Camp in rain, and the downpour continued well into the night. Our improvised carrying bags, our blankets, everything we had except two ^{wallets} articles - my small tarsock and a waxed food bag - were speedily saturated.

The lean-tos had been built to protect against a dry west wind. The rainy southeaster that day blew right through it. Sven & Bill had to rig up an opposing roof & an extra lean-to (attached) for covering space. All leaked badly.

~~The~~ Exactly two hours were needed to start a fire. The boys had been telling us of an infallible mountain firewood named "jiddo" (ghittoe), which lit with a single match & burned with the greatest of ease. This was the wood which needed two hours to light.

We slept in wet blankets on wet mud.

Tues.

Apr. 6.

At 8 next morning we started for the summit. Tick Camp proved to be only 3000 feet above sealevel - not the 4000 we had been told. This left us 2000 feet instead of 1000 feet to climb that day. No rain came till we were halfway up. The climbing varied - no worse than the day before. We went up through the same general type of rain scrub, with certain new species. At about 4500 feet the first of the peculiar *Dracophyllum* was encountered & this with other peculiar species of plants continued to the top.

The summit was forested with a gnarled, weather-beaten forest, many of the trees prostrate. There was an undergrowth of grassy & bushy vegetation - all very dense & appallingly wet. The summit consisted of a very narrow & rather short crest.

The men (and we too) were shaking with the cold. We spent about 3/4 hour up there & then went down. Len collected a lot of plants, I found some oranges.

Main Peak
at least 2000
ft. higher

5000
Tide Camp

Downward
3100

Red
Trench

Start
Climb

Junction
Creek



colored slugs, 2 spiders, & 2 myriapods.

We reached Tick Camp at about 2 pm. The rain had stopped & it remained fine until night - fortunately for us.

A roaring fire let us dry most of our saturated clothes; & we improved sleeping conditions somewhat by cutting more palm leaves. Rain came again at night.

Wed
Apr. 7.

A drizzle was falling. We cooked a tortoise and breakfast, bundled up our packs, and left at about 8 o'clock. We reached the Junction Creek camp just after noon - bone-weary from carrying our heavy rain-soaked packs & stumbling down the slippery trail.

The young rats trapped at Tick Camp & taken down to be skinned were perfectly preserved by the injections of $\frac{1}{2}$ formal, $\frac{1}{2}$ water I had given them. One of them had been taken out of the trap early morning of the 6th.

Thur.
Apr. 8.

The shaky little "utility" came for us in the pm & took us back to Cairns. My ankles festly swollen from leech bites.

Found that both rr & ship strikes were over & the men back to work.

Fri.
Apr. 9.

The "Time" arrived during the night.

Sat. Apr. 10

Nothing unloaded which belongs to the expedition, yet.

Sun. Apr.

"

In late pm with George Brookes to see the valley of Freshwater Creek and the Cairns water intake. I wanted to compare it with Barron Waters in case we had to choose a locality for more field work temporarily. Van went out to Green Island, & Bamber Reef.

In a.m. met plan, monthly to Sydney, on which E. T. Gillies a passenger. Rechecked news.

Topotypes (virtual) from the Cairns & Atherton area.
(not secured marked *)

- | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| * Ornithomyces | anatinus | proximus | Th. 1923 | Ravenstoe | |
| * Antechinus | flexipes | adustus | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe | |
| * " | godmani | | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe | |
| * Dasyur ops | gracilis | | Ramsay, 1888 | Bellenden Ker | |
| * Perameles | nasuta | pallidescens | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe | |
| | Aerobates | pygmaeus | frontalis | De Vis, 1887 | Herbert R. Mts |
| * Eudromia | maerum | | Nyctey, 1916 | Cedar Creek, Atherton | |
| * Petairus | norfolkensis | gracilis | De Vis, 1883 | N. of Cardwell | |
| | Dactylopsila | picata | fumosa | Tate | Lake Barrine |
| * Pseudocheirus | peregrinus | vicinens | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe | |
| | Pseudocheirus | herbertensis | Collett, 1884 | Herbert Vale | |
| * " | " | " | collettei | Waile, 1899 | Poor Pocket, Tinaroo |
| * ? | " | archeri | Collett, 1884 | N. Q. | |
| * " | " | leucomoides | Collett, 1884 | N. Q. | |
| * " | " | cervinus | Longman, 1915 (syn.) | Atherton Table | |
| * Schoinobatis | minus | | Collett, 1887 | Herbert Vale | |
| * " | " | civireus | Ramsay, 1890 (syn.) | Bellenden Ker | |
| * Trikosurus | vulpecula | johnstonii | Ramsay, 1888 | " | |
| * Hypsiprymnops | moschatus | | Ramsay 1876 | Rockingham Bay | |
| * Dendrolagus | leucomolli | | Collett, 1884 | Herbert Vale | |
| * " | " | fulvus | De Vis, 1888 (syn.) | Herberton | |
| * ? | Protemnodon | bicolor | apicalis | Sunther, 1874 | Cape Crofton |
| * Hydromys | longmani | | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe | |
| | Rattus | assimilis | coraciis | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Epermyia | chionogaster | | Longman, 1916 (E. rathus?) | Tolga | |
| | Uromys | serrini | | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Melomys | cervinipes | eboreus | Thomas, 1924 | Ravenstoe | |
| | Melomys | littoralis | | Longman, 1916 | Russell River |
| * Nyctophilus | bifax | | | Thomas, 1915 | Herberton |
| * Taptozous | filmosus | | | De Vis, 1905 | Gourie Creek, Cardwell |
| * " | " | nubi-chloriatus | | De Vis, 1905 | " " |

Mon. Ap.
12.

Ernie Stevens got me the data on a ^{young} *Preserbronyx* in the Cairns museum - Cairns No. 806, "shot about 1/4 mile along railway line from Catterlin towards Tolga. Wm Kingston, 3.1.40". This probably implies that it is an arboreal "forest" rat. It is sometimes referred to as a "polecat".

Van's pody melon with skin inside out: -

Mossman boys. Mar. 18. 1948

T.L. 677; T. 294; H.F. 113; E(CR) 53.

Tue. Ap.
16.

Got away just after midnight last night. Passed Mossman at dawn, + ~~the~~ Snapper Island + the mouth of the Daintree River about 9 o'clock. Mt. Thornton (Thornton Park, up which Pass has been twice) stood out clearly to N.W. Passed Cape Tribulation about noon. The Polvornfield River about 2 pm. The Annam River about 5 and into the Endeavour River at Cooktown about 5:30.

To the north appear prominent ^(Cape Tribulation) level bedded sedimentaries in marked contrast to the hitherto granitic rocks and rounded topography.

Primarily speaking the terrain fronting the sea between Cairns and Cooktown is clad in rain scrub - though a number of the projecting ridges have their crests bare, grassy or covered with ^{short} exposure vegetation. One is impressed with the fact that the landscape is filled with bold hills + mountains + that flat areas are few + far between.

In the evening we called upon Dr Kesteven, the eminent anatomist + friend of W. K. Gregory at the Cooktown Hospital. He kindly gave us two flats - a specimen of *Hipposideros semoni* and a species of *Scoteinus*. He is working now on the embryology of the crocodile + badly needs well preserved material.

Sat. Ap.
17.

At dawn passed low road of sand dunes. - Coming up on barren cape Dlattey. From Dlattey to Lookout Point (about 20 miles) continues, extensive sand dune country. Inland (westward) extensive sedimentary ranges up to 2000 feet.

Starks and
Munburra.

Saddle Hill
1472

2045

1336

386

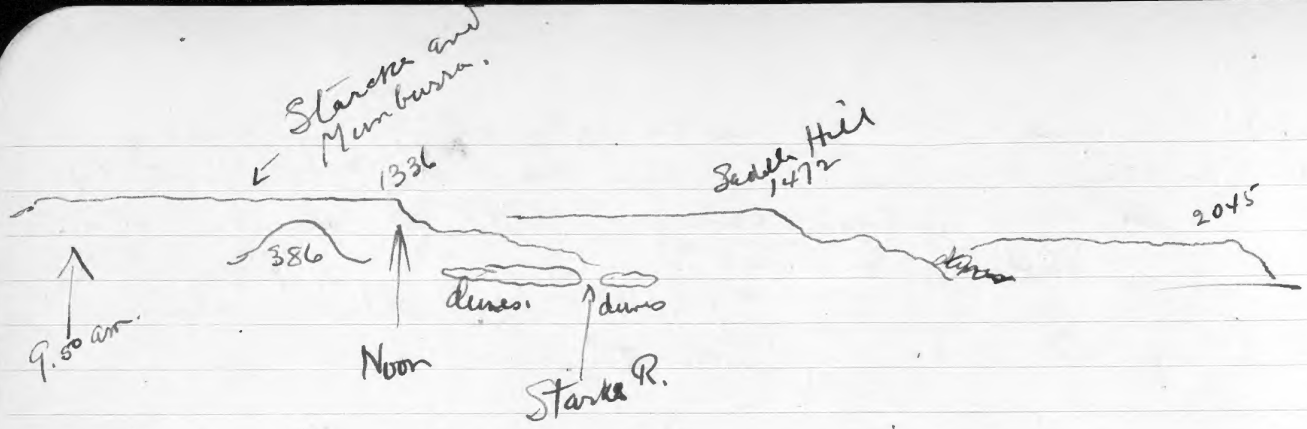
dunes.

dunes

Noon

Starks R.

9.50 am



Passed bare, isolated Lookout Point at 9. a.m. 1902
sand dunes high but less developed, giving way to fringe of
mangroves. Rounded, bare Peak ahead. Tenth group
formed at 9.50. Passed inside Newton Is. at 2. pm.

Saddle Hill about 1.30 pm.

Mt Stuckey Range¹⁴⁰⁰⁻¹⁵⁰⁰, Saddle Hill Range^{1400±} and the
range NW of Jeannie R.,² 1300 to 2000 feet all
appear to be horizontally bedded sandstone.

Noble Island, off mouth of Jeannie R. has produced
tin. A shaft has been sunk in Warson Is.
to test for wolfram (n. good).

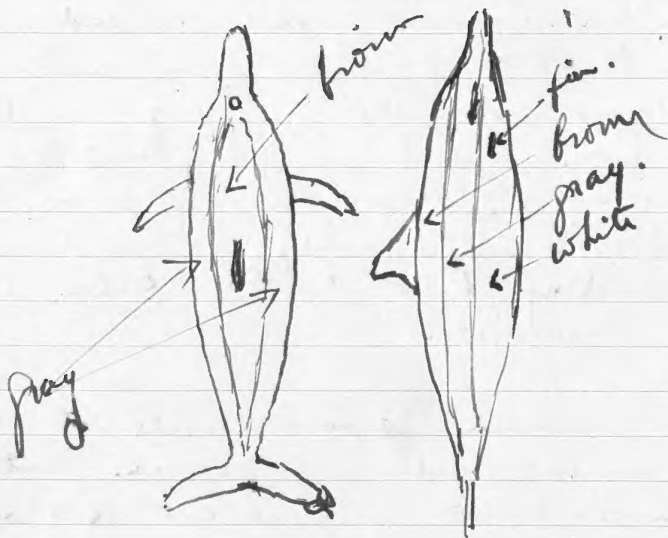
Next prominent features are Abbey Peak, North Bay
Point, and Cape Melville (no altitudes given on
17 m.p.i. map.).

Boat pilot says he went in truck this year from
Corktown to Starke. Road had a good deal of down
time. Creeks fairly numerous but dry quickly.
Starke has some salt pans. It is a cattle station.

In late afternoon we stopped by a temporarily abandoned
boat which had run aground on Schweitzers Reef, a
"dead" reef between the outer Barrier and the mainland.
The water (at a little after low tide) was about a foot
deep & dotted with masses of green seaweed. We
four rowed over to it & spent half an hour wading
about. "Scent clams" were common. They were generally
from 6" to 1 ft long. Saw also many butter-stars,
black sea cucumbers, deep blue star fish, tan
starfish with red spots, a variety of bivalves and
univalves, including Trochus-like shells. Collected
a few shells as souvenirs.

Sumap.
18.

We must have rounded Cape Melville at about
10-11 pm. as we ran into quite a chop of sea. At 12.15
~~the motor stopped for a few~~ I looked out to sea in
hills due south, which may have been Cape Melville
still. At 4.30 the motor stopped a few minutes
& I again went on deck. There was again hills
to S., which were either the Flinders Is. or the
Bathurst Range. All night we held a
westerly course.



At dawn we were in Princess Charlotte Bay heading north again. The coast 10 miles away & the hills low & dim. The one Shwailt Range, behind which lies Coen, was wreathed in cloud.

To the north the southernmost peaks of the Lockhart Mission coast range - 1000-1600 feet stood out on the distant horizon.

Passed the Lockhart about 8 o'clock & started across Lloyd's Bay, at the inner end of which lies Portland Roads.

In the night the sea quite choppy as we rounded Cape Grenville.

Mon Ap.
19.

Darfon star. Low hills & distant sand dunes. Engine trouble. Crossed Shelburne Bay mostly under sail. In mid-p.m. reached Hamital Island. Went ashore for 2 hours while engine repairs.

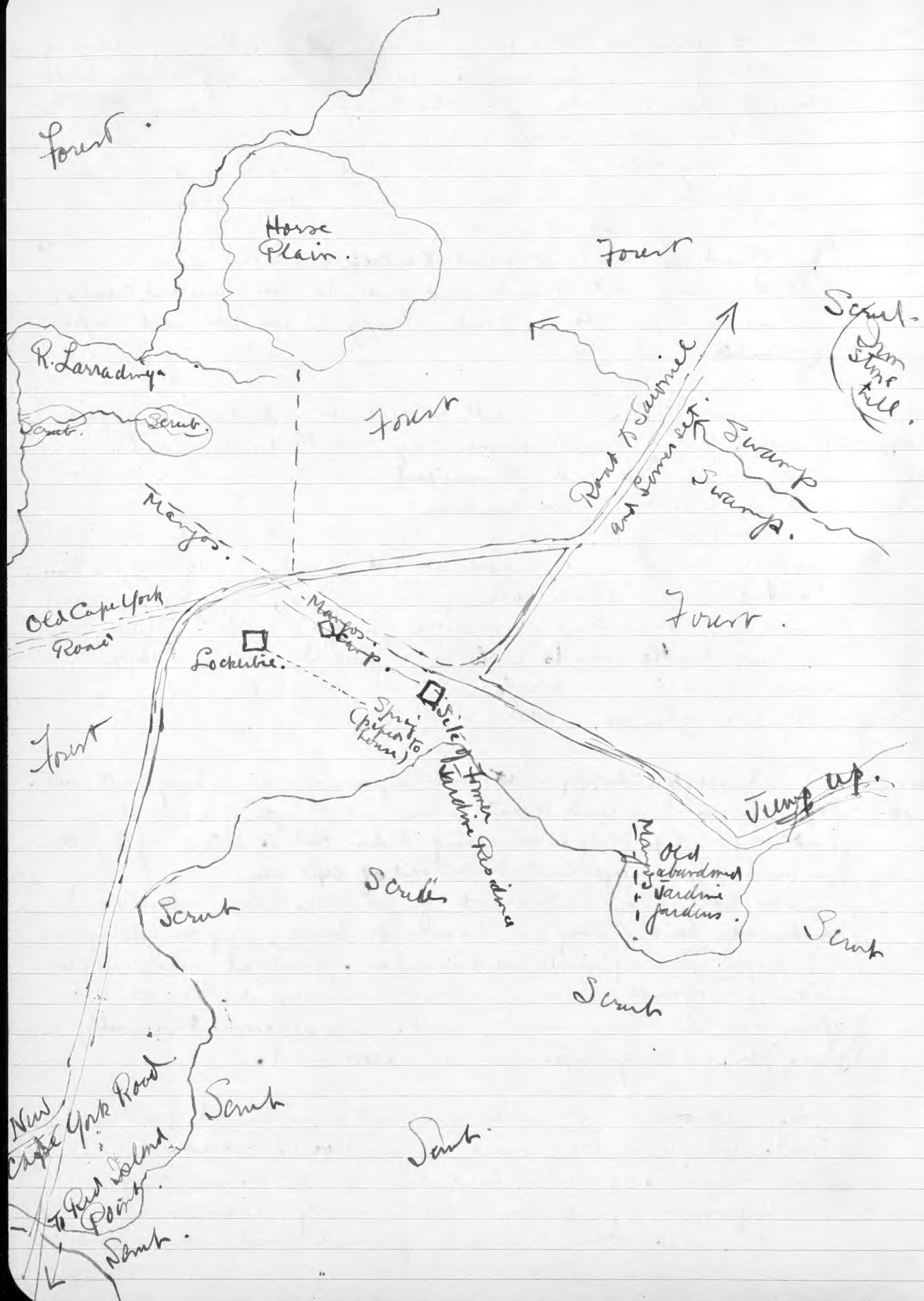
Tide was low. In from the reef the shore partly sandy. A core of sedimented coral rock. Vegetation: Casuarina; Convolvulus per-caprae, a fig, a variety of small trees & shrubs. Some sedges, Portulaca, etc. Two turtle nests with eggs found. Plan to save some of each for Kesteven. Got quite a few southern shells. Still 80 miles to go.

Tues.
Apr. 20.

A rough, choppy night with a few showers - strong south-east. Left Hamital Island about 6 pm. Shot length of anchor chain & tied left ship drift on rising tide. Had to start engine to go back & pick up last boat load of oyl-seas.

In early a.m. had school of porpoises (Lagenorhynchus?) under our bows. They were tricolored brown, gray & white (see opp. page). The spiracle was circular. Pectoral fins scimitar-like. Difficult to see how speed maintained. Neither fins nor tail were moved much. An occasional anguilliform wriggle was only sign of propulsive effort.

Dawn soon after we had come through Albany strait. At 6.30 we passed Cape York. Seeds of mist or rain. Misty low island to W. and N.W. SW Course by 7.30 a.m. Tip mostly bare or in "forest". Another run-out of fuel but soon restarted.



Forest

Horse Plain

Forest

R. Larradyn

Forest

Scrub
Don't get tall

Road to Summit
and Summit

Swamp
Swamp

Mangos

Forest

Old Cape York
Road

Lockerie

Mangos
Camp

Forest

Spring
(piped to house)

Site of former
Residence

Jump up

Scrub

Scrub

Old abandoned
garden &
gardens

Scrub

Scrub

New
Cape York Road

Scrub

Scrub

To Red Island
Point

Scrub

We had to stand quite far out until nearly opposite Red Island (at 9 a.m.), then turn directly in, heading for a beaver, + final sharp right to the wharf.

A wretched place strewn with hundreds of empty 100-octane gas drums - the aftermath of war.

Our new cork Joe McRoylin ("Betty Joe") was waiting on the wharf.

Transportation had not yet arrived. Dick Holland of Lockebie, the original home (and name) of Terdine. His two sons Stan and Tom arrived in their trucks + jeeps + said that Dick was on the way. There had been recent heavy rains, and fearing the short roads impassable, he had taken the long way around.

Meanwhile Joe made some lunch. Dick arrived about 1.30. We loaded up his "blitz" truck + crossing a number of streams + swamps without bogging down, reached Lockebie about 3.30 pm.

Lockebie

Here we met Mrs Holland, a Scots woman from Dumfriesshire + later a daughter about 20 and a third son Dick, about 18.

Sufficient camp was erected under some of old maples so we could sleep in shelter. In the evening we were invited over to talk a while with the family.

Wed.

Apr. 21.

Practically the whole day devoted to making camp. A second load (and last) came up about 11. But we were ready for the baggage. In the late p.m. gave my two boys, George + Hector about 5 traps each to test them out. The former, an old able hunter, has several wallaby spears.

Van went about jacking in light woods + killed a y. male spotted cuscus and a Melomys.

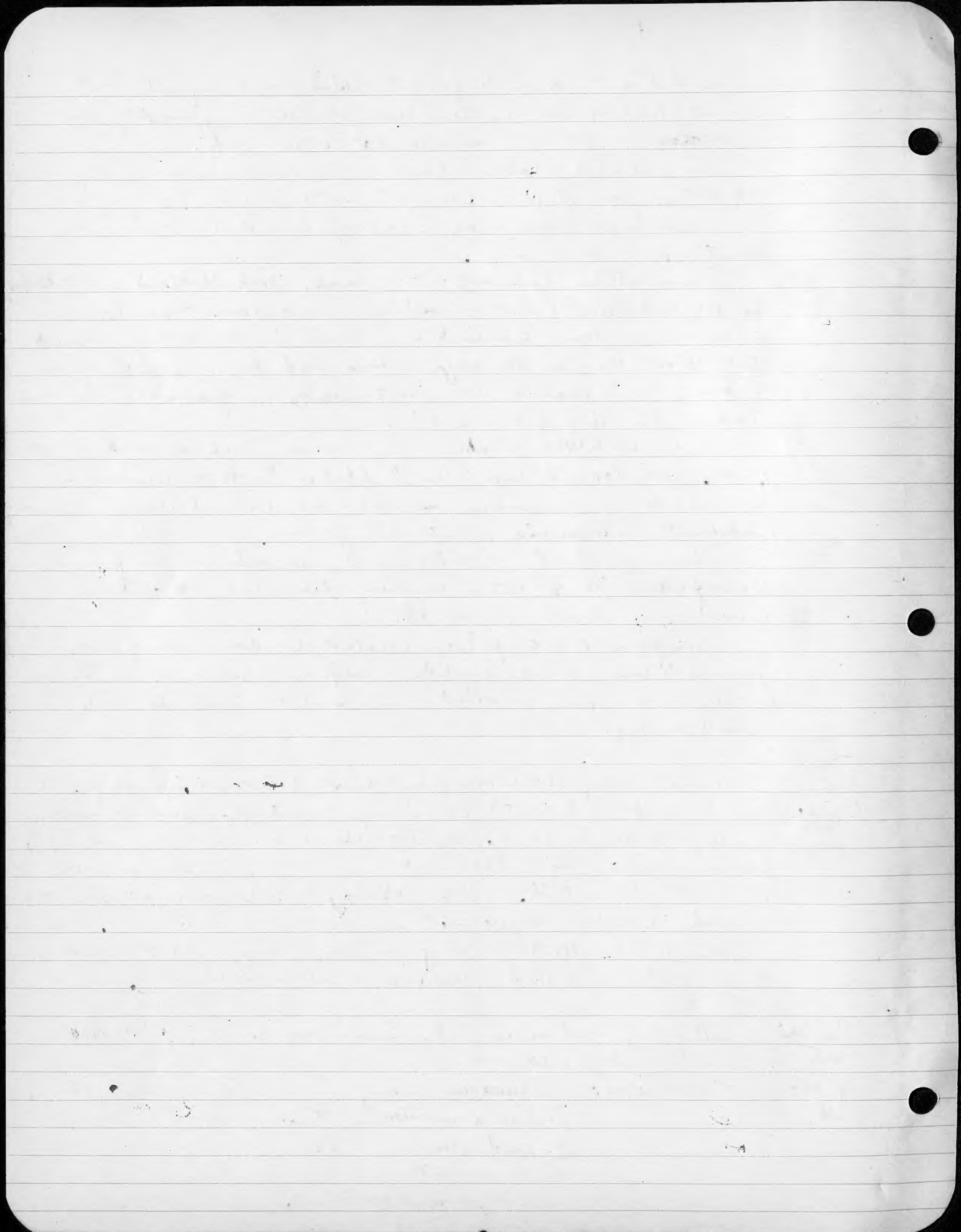
Thurs. Fri
Sat.

Apr. 22-
24.

Setting trap routine in land. Teaching boys to skin. Van out "jacking" but a full moon. -

Taken so far: R. leucopus many
Melomys australis 10+
D. culmorum 2.
Ph. maculatus 1
Dactylopsila pectus 1.

Protemnodon apilis !



Sun
Apr. 25.

Last night Van got another Dactylopsila. I went jacking - by 7
on Jan 7 15 to 9.15. Did not see an eye! Boy took two Uromys.
This evening the boys caught two Hipposiderus altarensis in
their tents.

Lockhart is on "ironstone" laterite. It is just at the west
foot of the dividing ridge. The ridge is scrub-covered, the
lowlands mostly in forest. There are little "scrubs"
scattered around. The Larradunga Creek runs NW from
near here. It is mostly edged with forest but a little
scrub appears also. The scrub is composed of only
moderately tall trees - at most 10 feet. The savanna
is chiefly in tall spear grass. Some patches of short
grass swards at Horse & Chair.

Temperatures on land. There 8 days nights were
cool - down to 75°. Last night, partly overcast,
the thermometer did not drop below 80°. Tonight it
is 79°. The S.E. winds are blowing strong.

Jacking, saw bright eyes of bats in flight - probably
small fruit bats such as Myotis, Ochtonycterus, and
Syconycterus.

Mon. Apr.
26.

Shot scrub turkey. Moved 10 traps to Larradunga
Creek & set for Hydromys. At night received about a
score of Micropterus, 1 Chalinolobus, 2 Taptozous
from mice turned on Possession Is., collected by the
crew of the "Lockhart". Dried tree holes for bats.

Tues. Apr.
27

Rattus & Melomys still coming in. The Rattus
of the gestui group is still scarce (we now have
4). No Hydromys. The older of my two boys,
Moreton shot a Thylacynus stylax, coxeni.
Set 15 more wire traps. Re baited old line with
dried fish.

Wed. Apr.
28

Jacking in Saw Mill scrub produced only a pecko. Saw
number of bats. Van shot ad. ♀ Cuscus & a Dactylopsila.

Thur. Apr.
29.

Hunter, Serge Moreton killed large male sand wallaby.
Mail days. Self went down with truck to Red
Down Point.

"Tip" forms

	upt and includi May 25	Main sp.	Revised list for "tip"	
Tachyglossus	0	0	0	✓ Daintree ridge
Satanellus	0 + 1 + 2	0	4	shaggy tree scrub
Isi don	4 + 1	1	6	tree scrub
Aerobates		1		Bloodwood trees
Petaurus	0	2 + 2	6 (2 pch. yg)	Bloodwood trees
Dactylopsila	3 + 4	1 + 1	9	edge forest, scrub
Phalanger	2 + 1	0	4	✓ rain forest
Thylacale	1 + 2	1	8 (3 pch. y.)	✓ edge rain forest
Protemnodon apilis	3 + 1	1	10 (2 pch. y.; 1 skull only)	pressy forest ✓
Petaurus leucopus	± 70 + 23	1	124	✓ vine scrub
Petaurus culmorum	4 + 3	0	7	grassy forest ✓
Mesembriomys	0	0	0	forest ?
Conilurus	0	0	0	grassy forest ?
Hydromys	0	2	2	stream in forest
Uromys	3 + 1	1	7	✓ rain forest
Melomys australis	30 + 1 + 8	2	53	✓ rain forest
Pteropus fouldii	0 + 1	0	1	
" conspicillatus	0	0	0	
" scapulatus	0	0	0	
Nyctinomys papuanus	0	0	0	
Odontonycteris	0	0	0	
Syconycteris	0	0	0	
Rhinonycteris	0	0	0	
Hipposideros senonvi	0	0	0	
" corvinus	0	1	39	+ 28
" albanensis	3	0	3	
Nyctophilus	0	0	0	
Pipistrellus	0	0	0	
Chalinolobus	1	0	1	
Scotomus	0	0	3 { 2 off }	
Myotis	0	0	0	
Tapozous australis	2	1	3	
Nyctinomus	0	0	0	
Chaerophon	0	0	0	
Miniopterus	15	0	15	
Canis Dingo	1	0	1	
Species	12 (15)	12	307	
	19		21 species	
	6	4		

In the evening the Hollands drove us a few miles west of on the Cape York Road. Old Dick + I hunted back over the open country (hills, forest + scrub), young Dick + Van kept the truck + hunted along the road. They got 2 bandicoots + a quilled wallaby. We got nothing.

Fri. Apr. 30. Another bat (*H. albarensis*) - killed by the boys in their tent. Some *Rattus* + 2 *Melomys*. Shifted my entire water-side line (25 traps along the *Lanadleya*) to long-grass sets to try to fill out our series of *Rattus culmorum* subsp., of which we have only 3 or 4 specimens.

Sat. May. 1. Cut new trail from end of "mango line" to top of "jump-up" - about a mile. Did not quite finish. Mostly heavy scrub growing on iron stone.

Went with Dick Hollands, young Dick, + Buff + all four dogs out to place nearly due west - a stream flowing through palm-swamps. The Dick's + the dogs went hunting pig or a bullock. Buff + I went bag hunting. A bullock was shot. We returned about 4.30 pm.

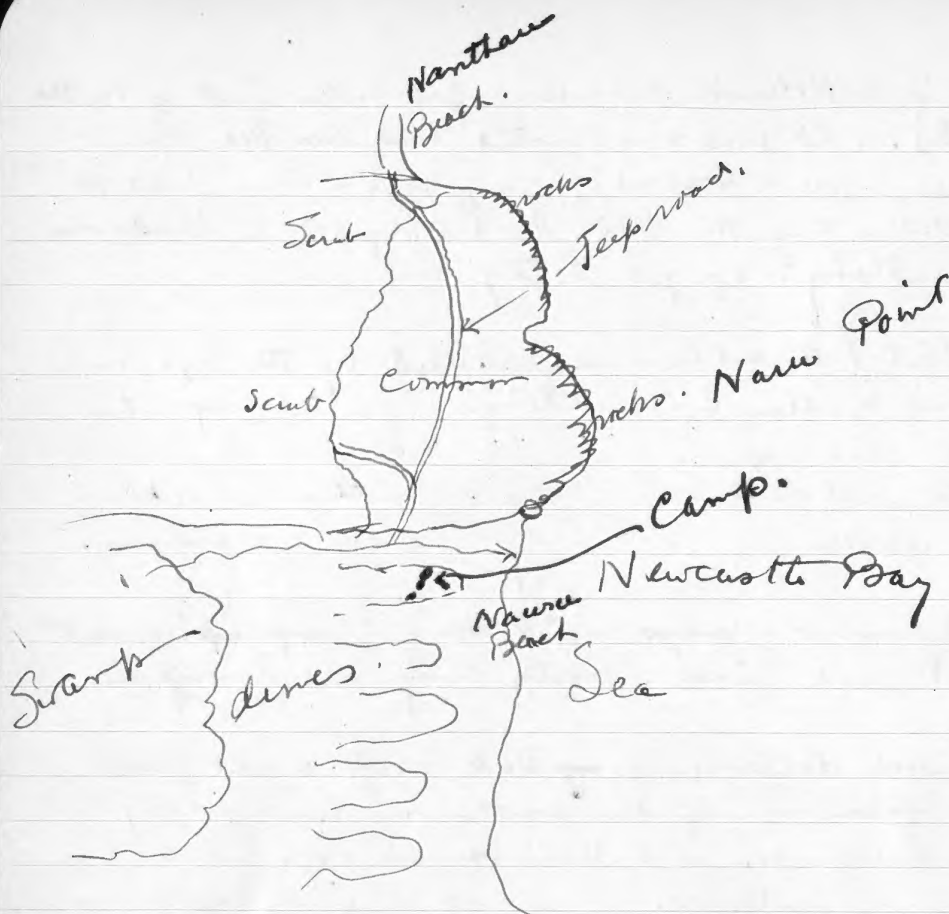
Found that two of the boys had quit their jobs + returned to Cowal Creek Mission. The old hunter stayed to take a letter from Len addressed to the head of the mission.

Sun. May 2. Completed trail after skinning out catch. Set 25 traps at its end in p.m.

Newcastle Bay

Thu. May 6. Moved to Newcastle Bay, 3 mi. s. of Somerset. Track had a many trees to be cut out. Near Somerset the powerful truck left the road + crossed open forest country. Stopped to see red-filled Lake Bront. Got bogged in stream only 1 mile from destination.

Left Lockertie 745 arrived Newcastle Bay 12.15 pm. Camp up + almost in working order by night. Set few traps. Van got a *Uromys* + a new *Melomys*. The *Uromys* among iron stone rocks + cliffs just above the beaches.



Fri. May
7.

This cap consists of sea beach, ironstone low heathered backed by short grass scrub, sand dunes, a *Prosternis* swamp which breaks out as small streams to the sea at intervals through the dunes. The dunes are cut up by the prevailing SE trade wind.

Trapped brief stormers. Van trapped 1 *Melomys*, 1 *Thomomys*. Total traps out: about 160. Jacking at night: Van shot a *Dactylopsila*; I caught a night-hawk by hand.

Sat. May
8.

Trapped 2 *Melomys*; Van + Morton nil. Van's *Melomys* of yesterday may be new. Beach south of us is named Nare Beach, that north Nantkau Beach (1 inch = 1 mile). The rocky point between is Nare Point.

Far to SE can see heights of Turtlehead Island.

Van + I cleared back trail to Somerset Rd for about a mile - across creek where truck bogged down earlier in week. Weather improved.

Jacking I shot a *Petaurus brevicauda*. Van shot something but couldn't find it. I picked up a pale gray fecko by hand, + 2 frogs.

Sun.
May 9.

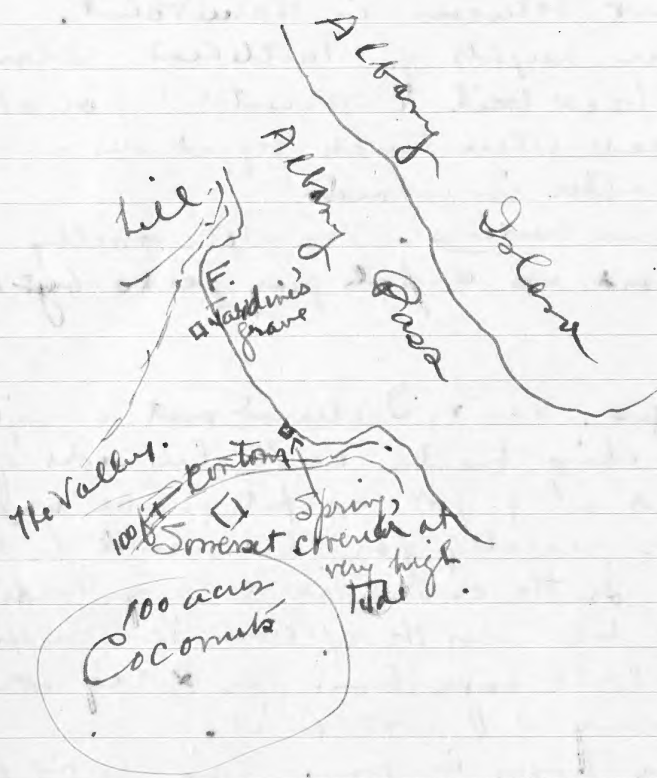
Nothing in any of the traps. Van + I cleared out a night hunting system of bunching trails on the lee side of the scrub. Van killed a 7-foot carpet snake under the tree where she was searching for the animal he had lost the night before. In the c.s. were a baby bandicoot and an *Acrobatis*. Was this the specimen Van dropped the night before? It could have been. An x-ray would show whether it had any #11 shot in it.

I shifted 15 of my traps in pm. Van looking for bats at sea-cliff.

Mon. May
10.

Van netted *Toptoxas* and *Hipposiderus cervinus* in crevices in ironstone cliffs facing sea, Morton too, 1 *Rattus leucopus* + 1 skink.

I cut new track behind dunes to connect with my s.w. trail. Plenty of green hornets.



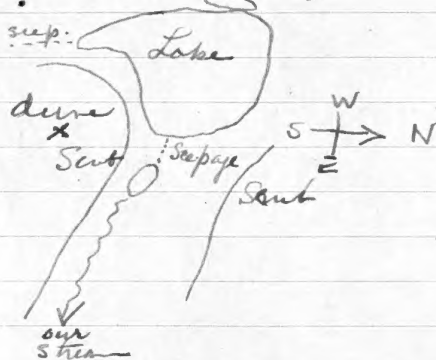
1948.

Wed.

May 12.

This morning hunting for hollow trees possibly containing bats - out to Lake.

Old dunes, now heavily forested may in the lake to SE. There is no true outlet but seepage occurs through low sandy plain.



No bat.

Yesterday bat hunt with Van in a.m. Shifted some traps. Jacking at night.

Dick Holland arrived in his truck. He + Van went jacking for 3 hours. No results.

Thurs.

May 13.

Nothing in traps. Morton shot a *Thylogale*. Trip to Somerset.

At Somerset we saw the old Jardine residence - abandoned now for at least 5 years. Also saw Jardine's grave - just behind the beach in the valley. Took nearly 40 bats, *Hipposideros eurus*, including the red phase, in the ceilinged living room. Albany Island, across Albany Pass (1/2 mile wide?). Looked attractive.

Back at camp about 5 pm., after stopping to examine both Lake Brown and Lake Wicheura.

Returned in a.m. to Lockhartie.

Sat.

May 15.

Sent Van to work the saw mill scum - 2 miles NW of Lockhartie.

Sun

May 16

Mon.

May 17.

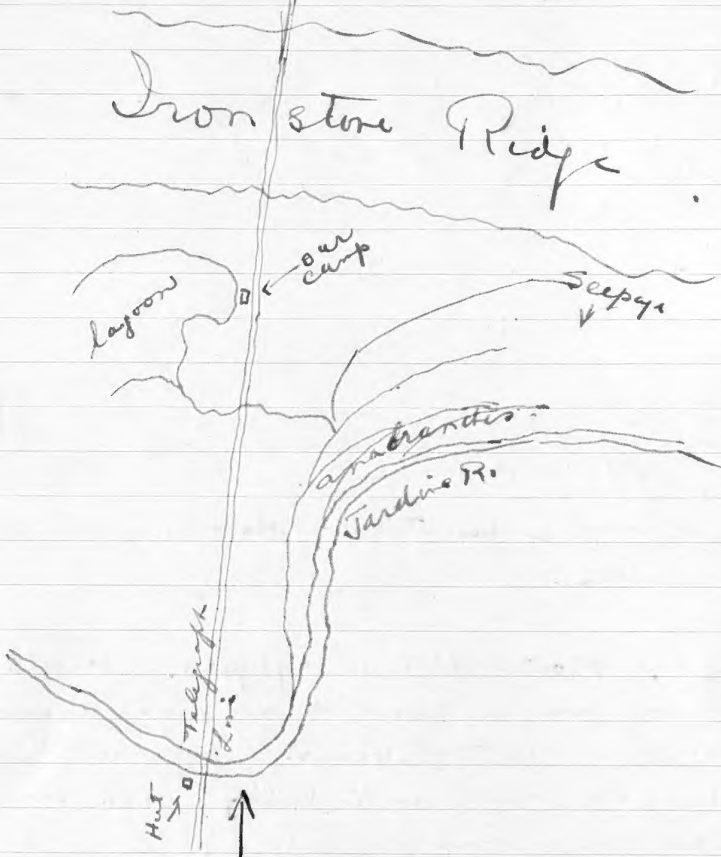
Mostly packing. Shot another *Phalanger maculatus*.

Jardine River.

Tues, May 18.

Left Lockhartie at 7.30. Dick drove us out to the Higgins Field at Sackey-jackey Creek; then back to the Muter Head Road + along the telegraph line. Crossed the Higgins Creek (sandy swamps) by a very rickety

Sanara
Lagoon



Longitude: 142° 22'

old bridge. South of that a succession ^{very low} of ironstone ridges with sandy hollows intervening led to Lake Saranere - large ^{shallow} swampy lake - on our right (west). One more ridge gave on the Tardine River (100 yards wide). Camp was finally placed at the 5 foot of the last ridge by a little swampy lagoon subject to a 3-4-foot rise in flood time. Thus Saranere is 1 1/2 miles away north of the Tardine crossing 1 mile south - but the river can be reached only 300 yards east by crossing a knee-deep ox-bow.

The land is poor and sandy. The boy Roy + I put out 75 traps. That evening I hunted back along the road to Saranere. All I saw was a flying fox on the wing. There are lots of specialised plants, however, and Len is sure to reap a harvest.

Wed. Day
19. Nothing whatever in the traps. We had 3 lines: one along the lagoon & its approach slopes (35 traps); 15 more up on the ironstone ridges; and 25 more along the banks of the Tardine.

Later, when taking a "walk-about", found an old, dead male wallaby (*Dor. gyilis*), and saved the skull. Probably he came to this inhospitable land to die.

Thurs.
May 20. Jacking last night: 1 wallaby (saw) with large "joey". Could have shot others. Killed a night hawk by error.

Today traps empty + undisturbed.

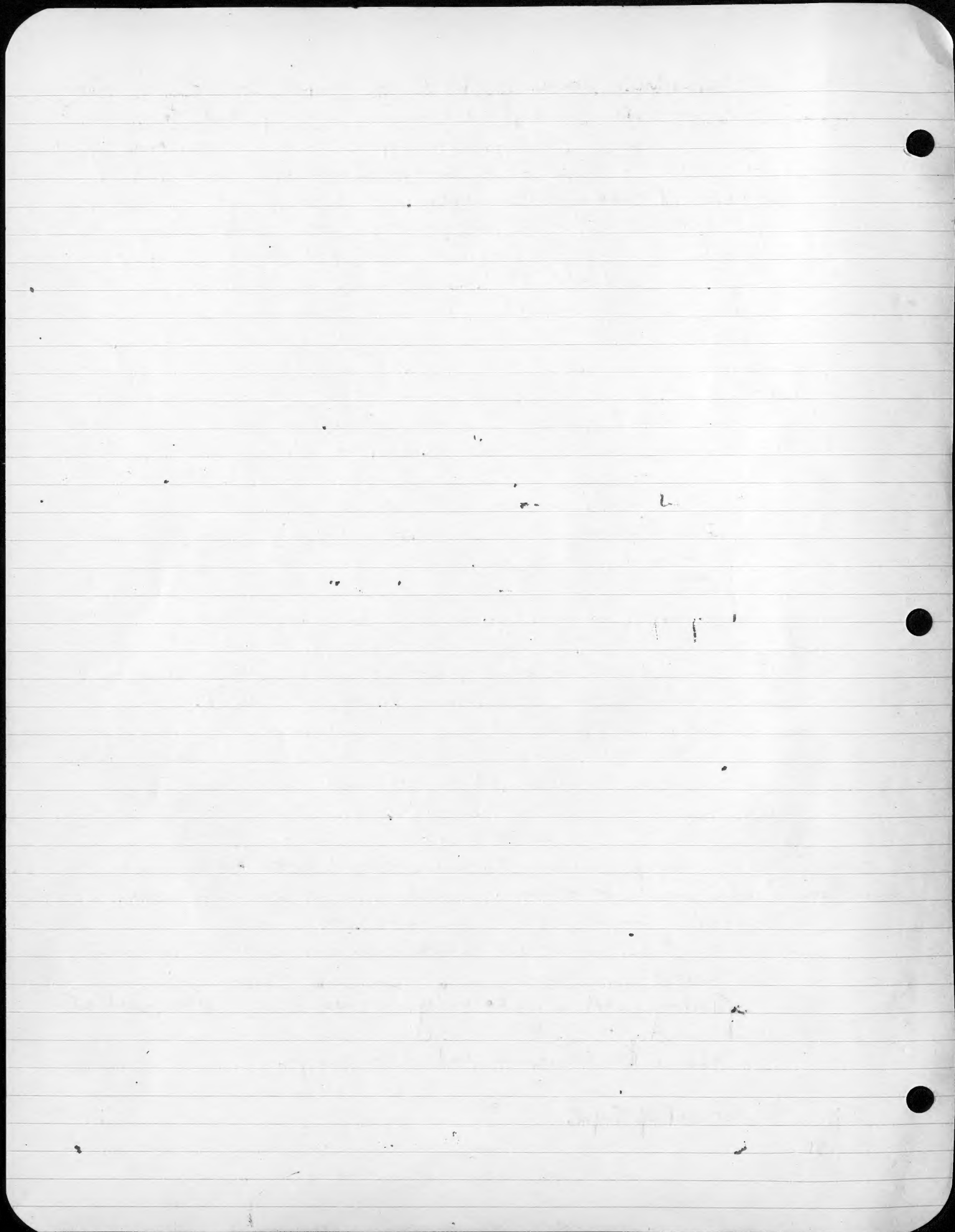
In p.m. used wallaby carcass to bait digo traps - dug-bait.

Jacking. Shot a jekko in "Cryptomeria" at river side, right at road crossing.

This is certainly a dud of a camp.

Fri.
May 21

Picked up traps.



Sat

May 22

* Dick Holland drove into camp about 5:30. We jacked. In a.m. got away about 8 a.m. We had: drizzle. Q got at a fly. Place of "sand foames". Reached Red Island Point about 11:30. Found Van + Mator A.K. Van had 2 flying phalopus - various vts, a Phalopus, a spotted cat. Evening set traps for spotted cats: a battery of 8 beneath beam wind. Van caught me in old iron cage on beach.

Sun

May 23.

Skinning the wallaby + Uromys taken by light last night. Also killed a civet-marked white eyed feline cat 5 miles out. A "typical shark" star of jetty. Drying specimens + tents. Sent logs to the fruit to try to Potted Roads. Jacking at night - nothing. Full moon.

Mon.

May 24.

Reorganizing. Van got a "cat" at Coral Creek in ceiling of school house.

In my view the "Tip", roughly 10 miles x 10 miles represents the relatively poor part of northeastern Australia. It may however have been much richer or have had a very different population at various times in the past - for it undoubtedly served as the highway for communication with New Guinea.

Today its greatest height of land fails to reach 300 feet. Its geology is basically granitic, altered in some parts to laterite residual material, in other parts to sand and, rarely, clay.

It is chiefly covered with open forest. But along the main ridge + parts of subsidiary ridges there are also considerable areas of scrub or rain forest. The presence of this rain forest is controlled by a combination of humidity and soil conditions. Optimum forest + highest rain fall are found at + around the sawmill pocket, 2 mi n.w. of Lockerbie. It carries some swamp + vine areas. With the exception of the bats the ~~fauna~~ ^{fauna} is

Topotypes thus far secured at the "Tip" (except *)

Satarellus kallecalus predator Thomas, 1926.

The type was taken by Robert Kemp at Utinge.

Isodon peninsulae Thomas, 1922

" " " " " "

Dactylopsila picala Thomas, 1908.

Type taken at Port Albany by C. Coxen.

Phalangium ^{maculatum} nudicaudatus Gould, 1850.

Type taken by Macgillivray at "Cape York".

" " "var. ochropus (a synonym) Gray, 1866.

From Port Albany, collected by C. Coxen.

Thylapsa stigmatica coxeni Gray, 1866.

Type from Port Albany by C. Coxen

" " gazella De Vis (= coxeni)

Type from Somerset by .?

Protemnodon apilis jardini De Vis, 1884.

Type from "Cape York", collected by R. Broadbent.

Rattus leucopus Gould, 1867.

Type from "Cape York" collected by "Dämel"

" terraereginae Alston (synonym) 1879.

" Cape York"

Uromys eudimaculatus Peters, Krefft, 1867

" Cape York"

" macropus Gray, 1866 (homonym).

Port Albany, collected by Coxen.

Uromys australis Thomas, 1924.

Type from Piara, collected by R. Kemp.

* Pteropus seepulatus Peters, 1862.

Type from "Cape York"

Hippobosca cerinus Gould, 1854.

Types from "Cape York and Albany Isd" by Macgillivray

" albanensis Gray, 1866

Type from Port Albany by C. Coxen.

Leptozous albatris Gould, 1854

Type, Albany Isd, coll. Macgillivray

Haplotis personata Krefft, 1867

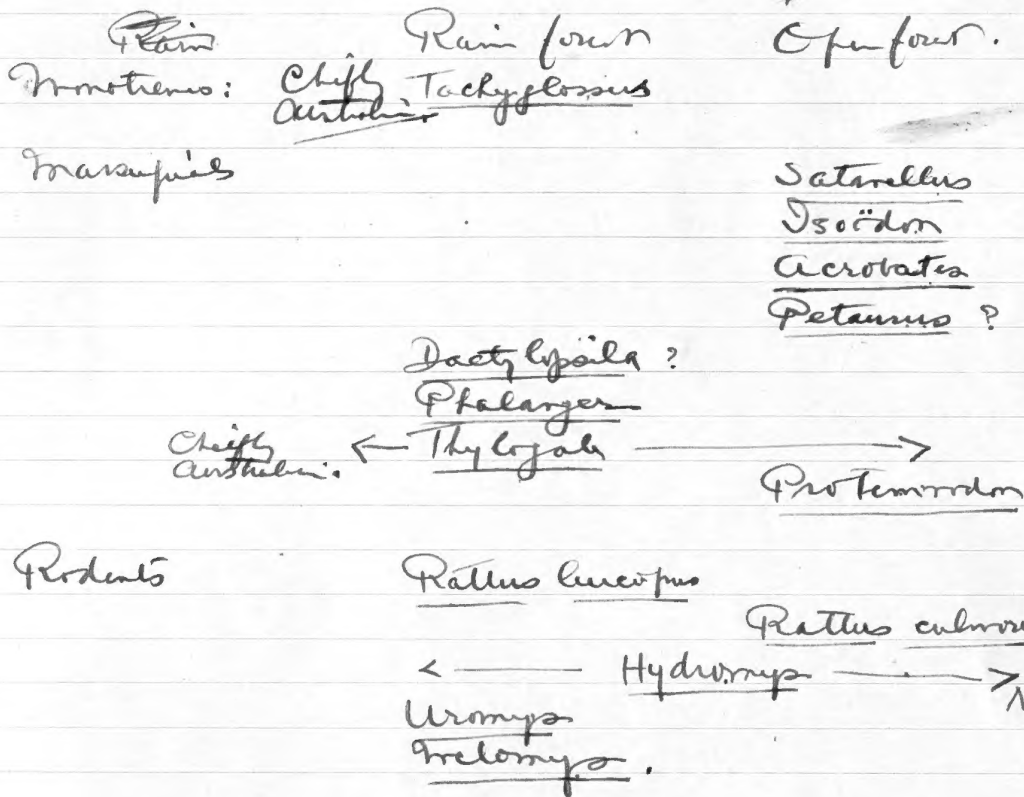
Type from "Cape York". (1 + 1, lat parts in Pteropus rathus)

Notomys agilis Thomas, 1921

Type from "Cape York" collected by Cookerell

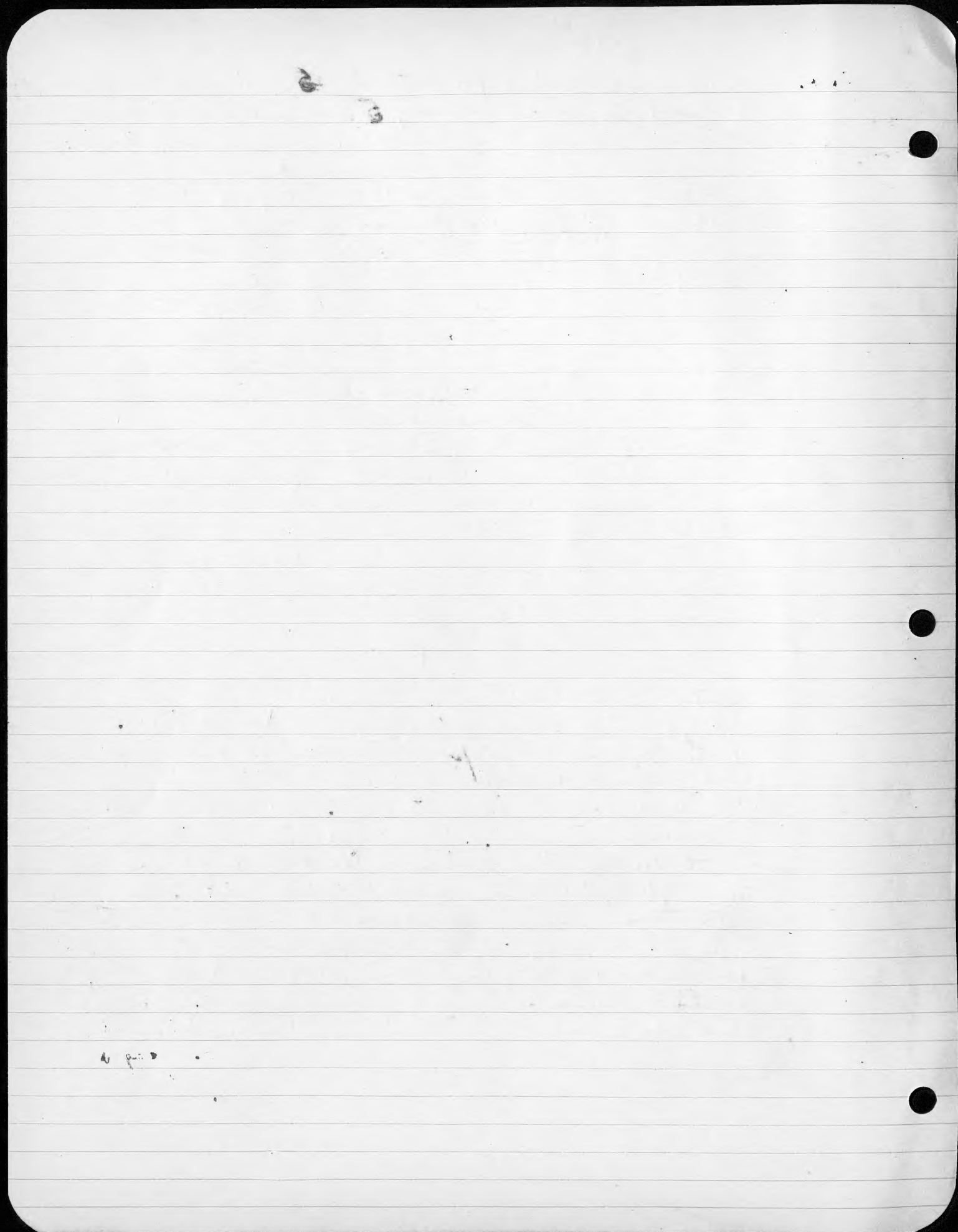
14

of the "T-p"
 fauna, comprises for certain species: Monotremes, 1;
 Marsupials, 8; rodents, 5. These are divided
 between rain forest + open forest habitats as follows: -



Of the "rain forest" group all but Thylogale and Hydromys find their nearest relatives in New Guinea.

Of the "open forest" group Satanellus is the Australian representative of a New Guinea genus but the subfamily to which it belongs is Australian. All others of this list are Australian. Hydromys is common to both Australia and New Guinea but the other genera of the Hydromyinae are confined to New Guinea. Thylogale with these Australian species + one belonging to New Guinea may be held to be chiefly Australian. Tachyglossus is chiefly Australian, only penetrating into southern New Guinea. I am not wholly convinced that it should be classed as a "rain forest" animal.



Thursday Island

Wed. The "barge" (Lardin barge of our vintage) came late in
May 26. the afternoon when the tide was low. We got up at 2 a.m.,
Thurs. loaded the barge at high tide & left as soon as possible
May 27 (3.30) for Thursday Island, arriving there Thursday
at 8 - in time for breakfast.

We tied up alongside the "Algebra", a 700-ton steamer, which will take us tomorrow or Saturday to Portland Roads.

We are staying at Mrs Callahan's hotel, near door to Burns Philps Co.

In the afternoon I crossed the island via the old cemetery to look at the north shore. Van located quite a lot of bats in old buildings.

We are invited this evening to Kadzow's. Met there four captains of ships, Dr. & Mrs Barnes (the former came on a brief visit to Lockerbie while we were there), and Mr & Mrs Meek. Mr Meek, in banking, is the son of A.S. Meek, who did so much zoological work for Rothschild in New Guinea.

Kadzow years ago visited Somerset & there met Robert Kemp, collector of several local mammals. Kemp, says Kadzow, used to collect for Gregory Matthews, ^{now} one of the governors of the Australian Museum, Sydney. Kemp worked at Utzinge and Para.

Fri. Van has developed an eye infection and may possibly have
May 28. to remain behind in T. I. under the care of Dr Barnes.

A good day for photos. Haircut. Skinned 16 bats - Scotinus - collected by Van in port at west end piled on top of hill. In pm we went out there for more. They hang in dense clusters, partly from the ceiling, partly from one another. A reddish headed & rumped form with the ordinary gray. The reds mostly ♀.

The "Algebra" to Horn Island at 5 pm. Will return to pick us up at 9 a.m. tomorrow. Going to visit Dr. & Mrs Barnes this evening.

Captured at

Portland Roads:-

Melomys ^{large} _{small}

Hydromys

Platymastomys

Thylogale

Uromys

Nyctimene

Pteropus

Rhinolophus

Pteropus

Taptozous

Open forest

Small scrubs (rain forest)

✓

(creek in open)

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓ (in hut)

* mangrove

✓ (in hut)

Fri
Sat May

29.

28.

Alagna to cross to Horn Island this pm & leave T. J. Sunday
at 9 a.m.

Skinned 16 Scotinus found by Van in ammunition room
in fat at western end of T. I. Then we went & collected
51 more living. They could be secured by the handful,
as they lay in great clusters, sometimes from one another's
bodies from the ceiling.

Van under sodium sulfacetamide - Dr. Barnes.
To Dr. Barnes house that evening (previous evening to
house of Mr. Kadzov) & got the Torres Strait's Pilots (4 of
them).

Sat May
29.

Alagna sailed at 9 a.m. Van's eye much better, though
still having drops. A good passage & fair weather.
We pickled all 51 bats in formalin. Passed through
Albany passage & again saw Somerset.

Portland Roads.

Sun. May
30.

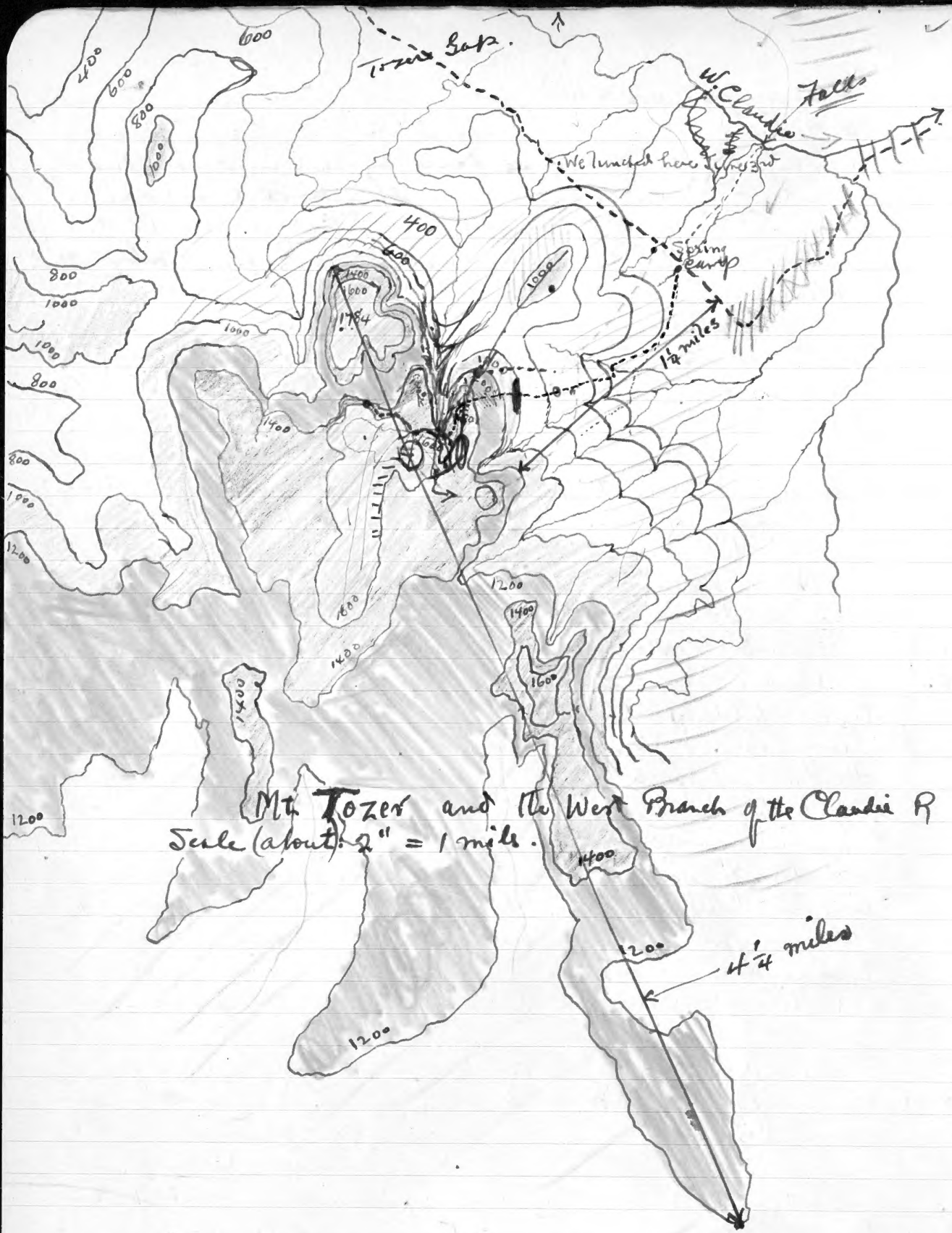
Reached Portland Roads pier about 8.30 a.m.
Unloaded very promptly & ship left. Used John's
truck to take traps up to disused army hut on
his place. Vernon had arrived on the Wandana
the day before (we passed her at 9 pm. the
night before). In pm got out 60 traps &
Van a number more. Total something over 100.
Went jacking. Van shot a possum, I a
white-tailed rat. We could find neither of them.
In pm we climbed the hill on which the
former radar station stands. Good view but
unimpressed with possibilities of the place.

Mon.
May 31

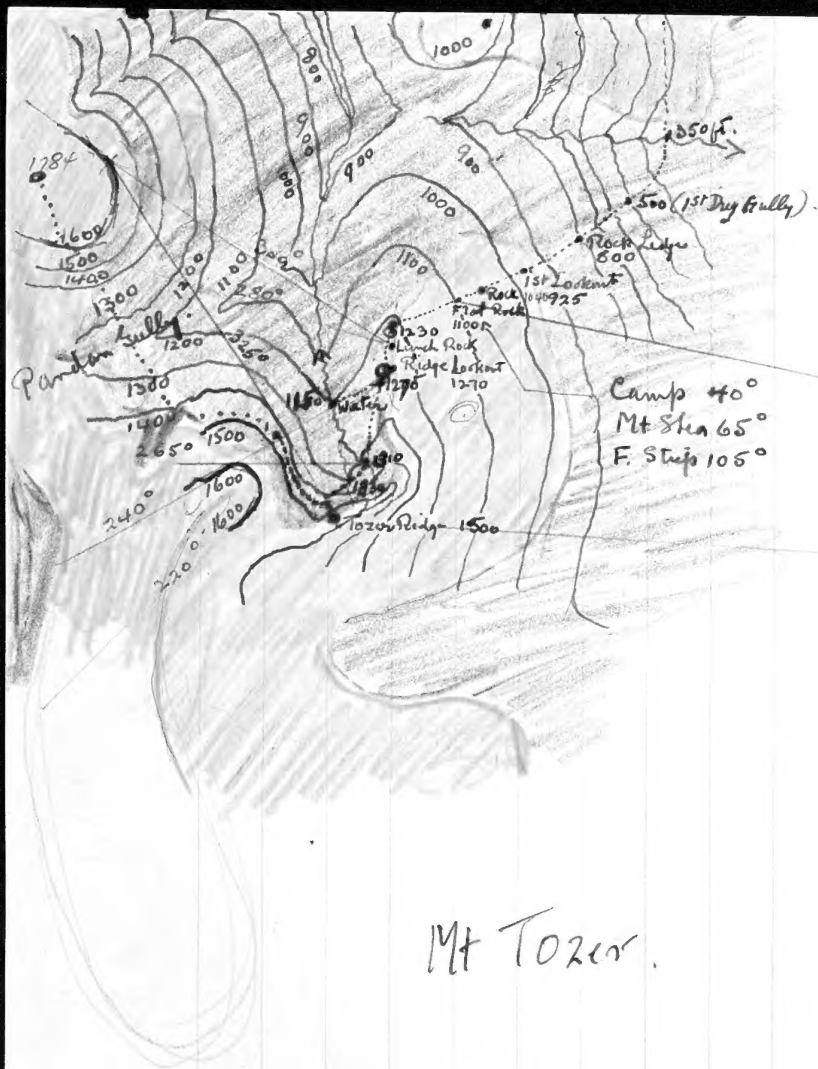
In traps only a Troglodytes and a Hydromys -
Van none. We had - Honey. Vernon getting
some birds.

Tue.
June 1.

In traps a Rattus only; Van had a young Uromys.
the night before caught a Nyctinomys. It had
brilliant golden eyes under the light & seemed to be
photophobic. It fluttered to me & settled on
my chest. I patted & missed. Then
it flew to Van who also missed. Next it flew
down into the grass where we seized it.



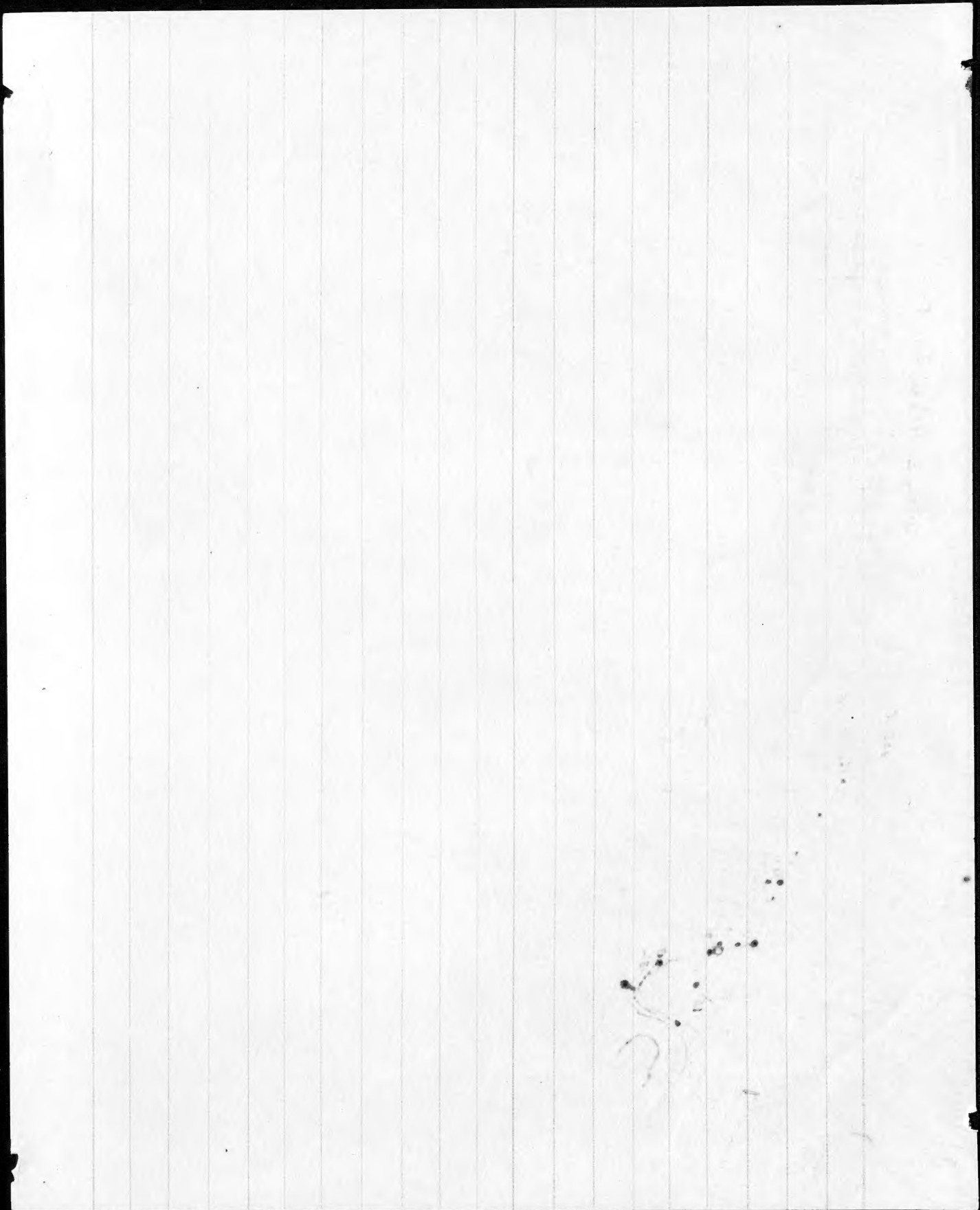
Mt. Tozer and the West Branch of the Claudi R
Scale (about): 2" = 1 mile.



Green = Rain forest.
 Orange = "Turkey Bush"
 Brown = Open grass + savanna forest.

Camp 40°
 Mt Sta 65°
 F. Sta 105°

Mt Tozer.



Wed.
June 2.

This place is another Newcastle Bay - a fair variety of species but very few specimens. Today another Rattus of the leucopus group.

Jacking is unsatisfactory: - Van + I out three successive nights for about 2 1/2 hours. Thus we have put in 7 1/2 man-hours. The results are 1 Petaurus; we ~~both~~ missed another shot each; Van another Petaurus (?) and I a native cat (?). If we had secured these we should still be reading 2 hours jacking to the specimen.

A letter from Dr. Kesteven dated May 24th stating he is sending more Poulin solution.

Sat.

June 5

Moved in two trucks to Iron Range, 16 miles away. Len + I had been there the previous Thursday & traveled with Mr. Pinwell by jeep to the flying field and afterwards up to the Tozer Camp (opp. page). We had the worst weather for several weeks, but selected camp sites for the next ~~two~~ 1 1/2 to 2 months work. Saw a big cassowary.

At Iron Range we settled ourselves in the former radio hut belonging to the Army (in war times). This is in the center of a small patch of forest surrounded more or less by scrub. It is centrally placed close to the junction of the three main roads - to the south, west, and northwest. It is also near the junction of the North Claudie River and the Gordon Creek.

Sunday

The few traps yielded ^{several} Rattus related to leucopus and a Uromys.

Mon.

June 7.

Uromys, Rattus, Uromys, 3 specimens of Antechinus near godmani. With lights: Cuscus.

Tues.
June 8

Shot 2 y^o Cuscus with jacklight's - Both near same spot as earlier. Turtle in trap.

N

Gordon Creek

North Claville R.

Shapiro Mine

To Parkland
Road

Gordons
Trail

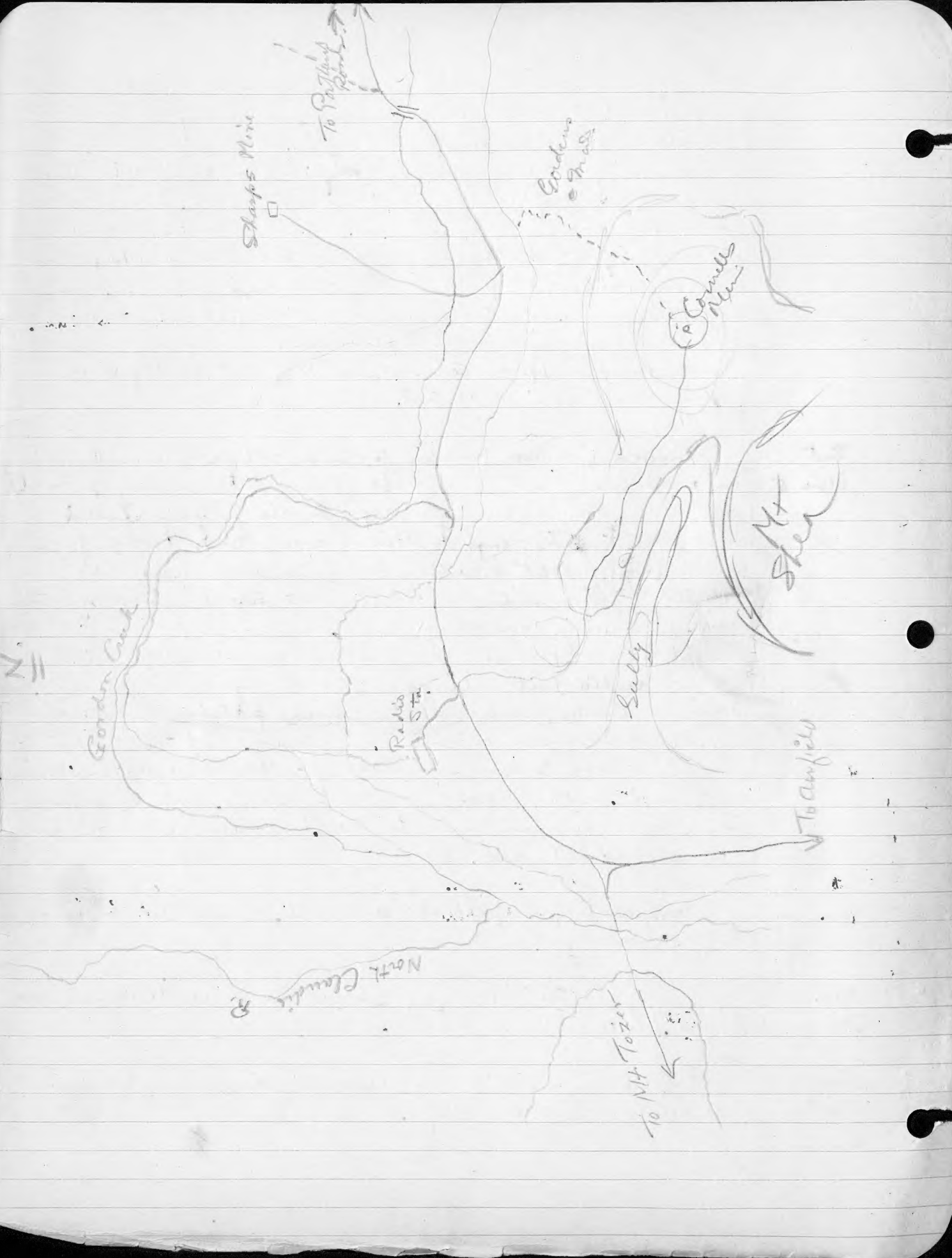
A Cornells
Mtn

Sully

Mt
Shea

To Angfield

To Mt Tozer



Wed
June 9. Weather now fair. Injuncted poor. Not a scrub
wallaby *Thylacynus stigmatus*. Mail day. Plane in
at 4 pm. Harvest moon & "Snowy" Baker arrived from
Wenlock. Sallup of "Wami Woods" deer by plane.
Mail night.

Thurs.
June 10. Shot *Cuscus* on ground in flood forest. Three
phascogalis in traps. In pm Van & I went up Mt
Slee (620 ft.). Conditions shabby & unattractive.

Sund.
June 13. Trip with Lin, Pinwell & Norm to within 4 miles of
Pascoe River crossing. (see below).
Large wallaby or Wallaroo? Shot by Barry Fisher
between Claude & New Claude air strips. Male. Weight.
56 lbs. Sandy colored, & scarcely darker than Sand
Wallaby. Dimensions: Total length (taken by Don Vernon)
~~73~~ inches (^{85.5}~~87~~); tail, 33 (838); hind foot,
9½ (²⁴¹~~256~~); ear from notch, 3¾ (^{92.9}~~94~~);
greater girth (?), 27 inches ()
Skull: - cond. basal l., 154 mm; z. b., 80; pl. l. 96.
p⁴, 9.5; m¹, ± 6; m², ± 7; m³, ± 8.5; m⁴, ± 10.

Wed.
June 16. Extremely busy last few days. - Numerous spotted cuscuses
and fair number of trapped mammals. Night hunting
every night.
Weather uncertain - stormy.

Sat.
June 19. Very busy last few days. More cuscuses; a spring antelope,
a bandicoot. A cold snap last night, with minimum 58°

June 21. Don caught a large ♀ *P. maculatus* with tiny pouch young.
The mother weighed 8 lbs 4 oz. The young was given to us
(Cambfield no. 10945).

Captured at Iron Range.

	open forest	rain forest.
<i>Phalanger maculatus</i>		✓
" <i>orientalis</i>	✓	✓
<i>Melomys (leys)</i>		✓
" <i>small</i>	✓	
<i>Rattus leucopus</i>		✓
<i>Uromys</i>		✓
<i>Antechinus</i>		✓
<i>Hipposidrus diadema</i>		(none)
" <i>cerwinus</i>		(")
<i>Rhinolophus seroni</i>	r (house)	(")
<i>Thylogale</i>		✓
<i>Hydromys</i>		✓
<i>Dobsonia</i>	✓	
<i>Scotomus</i>	house	
<i>Sminthopsis</i>	✓	
<i>Rattus leucopus</i>	✓	
<i>Tachyglossus</i>		✓
<i>Isodon</i>	✓	

Sun.
June
20

a proposed schedule designed to carry things to Coen follows:

1. Pack 3 weeks stores for 2 camps.
 - a. Tozer area June 28 - July 12.
 - b. Bonni's Creek July 12 - July 19
2. Return to In-Ridge and reorganize: - July 19 - July 21
3. Move entire outfit to Werlock July 22 - July 26
4. Werlock to Arctur River July 27 - 28.
5. Arctur to Coen arrive July 28.

Work in Coen for a month + reach Skipton's Flat, via Corkton about Sept. 1st.

Meas. ♀ Phal. maculatus (in Q'land mus). 955; 445; 75; 20 (ear).

Sun
June 27

All last week occupied trying increase collection. Van spent 2 nights at the Gordon Landing strip + got a very good collection which included Hipposideros senouxi. I went up to the Douglas Fisher "mine", Scarlet Pimpernel with Barry Fisher in search of a "fat-tailed mouse" which used to be seen there 5 years ago. The place was totally abandoned + little left of it. We camped in Barry's truck. I set out 80 traps + caught nothing.

We moved up to the north foot of Mt Tozer today. Barry failed us (probably car trouble), + Brian Rouda + Leo Ferris of the Airport together took us up the six miles of hill-road to this place. (See map 2 pages back).
Set a few traps out.

Mon.
June 28.

Grass Neelomys, Smithopsis, Rattus celebicum coratus (?),
Isodon. Started cutting track for camp on Mt Tozer. Grr up to about 800 feet. Van + Morton already to traps. Will take Roy with me tomorrow.

Animals expected in Mt Tozer station

Tachyglossus		Nyctinomys	?
Antechinus (in rain forest)	✓	Sycomyrmex	??
Sminthopsis	✓	Odontonyctus	??
Dasyuraps	??	Rhinolophus	?
Satanellus	?? ✓	Hippodamia	?
Isoodon	✓	"	?
Peramelops	??	"	?
Echymipus	???	Nyctophilus	??
Aechmops	??	Chalinolobus	??
Eudromicia	??	Eptesicus	??
Dactylopsila	?	Scotomys	?
Petaurus hircops	?	Miniopterus	??
Petaurus	??	Myotis	???
Scolinobates	??	Taptozous	??
Pseudochelis peripinus	??	Nyctinomys	??
" Archeri	??	Chaerophon	???
" lemnoides	??		
Trichosurus	??		
Phalanger maculatus	✓ ✗		
" orientalis			
Hypsiprymnodon	???		
Aepyprymnus	???	✓ means: collected.	
Dendrolagus	?		
Petrogale	??		
Thylacale stipitatus	? ✓		
Protemnodon agilis	?		
Macropus robustus	??		
Macropus (giant kangaroo) (Carpenter)	??		
Hydromys	?		
Rattus leucopus	✓		
" culvorum	✓		
Lagadina	???		
Mesembriomys	??		
Conilurus	??		
Notomys	???		
Melomys australis	✓		
Melomys	✓		
Uromys	✓		
Pteropus	?		
Dobsonia	?		

Tues.
June 29.

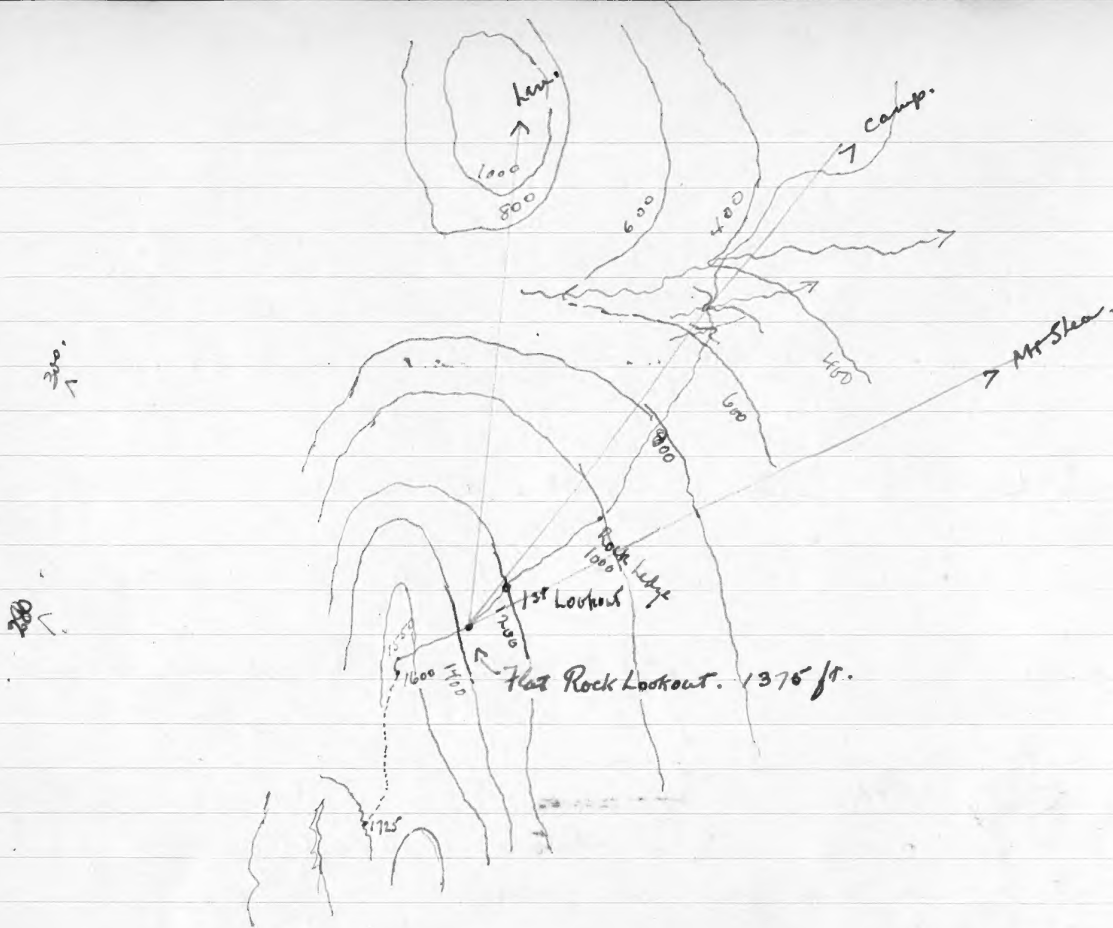
Took bag + lunch + returned to the attack on Mt Tozer. Aneroid
read high in terms of the map contours. The last 300 feet
to the east of the ridge I was ascending yesterday was dense
"turkey bush" + very tangled + hard to go through. It was
mixed with loose rock (granite). The cut was reached
about 11.30. On its western side low open rain forest,
which immediately replaced the bush, gave much easier
going. The ridge cut ran due south. I paralleled it
50 feet below in the rain-forest. After lunch cut on south
for another hour.

A bandicoot's nest 200 feet $\frac{1}{2}$ below the cut on the east side.

Wed.
June 30

Finished prelim. exploration of Tozer, + located water + camp
site. A diagram showing form lakes + vegetation is shown
herewith. Plans for camp: -

Tent fly	10 lbs.	Blankets	lbs.
80 m. traps	10 "	3 Blankets each.	3 lbs. 6 (or sleeping bag 5 lbs).
25 rat. "	10 "	1 Swag cover	3
10 steel "	10 "	extra clothes	4
Bait	-	1 machete + file	1 1/2 15 = 30 lbs.
Tomato + Hypo	1 "	(notebook open)	
Gun	8 "	Luncheon soap? 2	2
Ammo	1 "	1 loaf bread.	6
Poison bait	1 "	2 Tins cond. milk	2
Jack light	2 "	1/2 Tea	1/2
	<u>53 lbs.</u>	Sugar.	1
		oatmeal	
	45 lbs.	water bag	
	15 "	paraffin	
	15 "	plastic knives/porks spoons	
	<u>75 "</u>	soap	
		onions	
		2 billy cans	
Drum.	30 "	1 frying pan.	25 lbs.
bird eyes	15 "		
	<u>120 "</u>		
5 canisters	25 " each	curries	2 1/2 lbs.
4 "	30 " "	meat	2 lbs.
3.	40 " "	medical.	
		can opener	
		tomato	



Thur.
July 1.

Levi went up to Tozer. Van + Don getting ready for camping up there tomorrow. Han boys, Norton + Roy, cleaning the road back to Tozer Creek for night beauty. Went down to the Claudia - Very pretty rock pool - quite large - large exposure of granite rocks - very picturesque.

Fri.
July 2.

Van + Don, each carrying approximately 50 lbs, left for Tozer shortly after 8 a.m. Weather misty to drizzly. Not too favorable.

Rain forest traps (110 of them) produced a Pattus leucopus + 2 Melomys. Open forest traps (55) gave nothing. Ned Pinwell, of "Rain Roads", who spent the night here returned to below this a.m. Norton out with gun. Roy setting traps.

Traps out:

Van	55
Roy	30
Norton	48
Tate	80
Milani	106
	319

Sat
July 3.

Wear. very bad. Unfortunate for men on top. Cloud, drizzle with rare gleams of sunshine. Trapping poor. Left down to Portland Road to meet our incoming supplies on the "Wardana". Wewak people took him down.

Sun.
July 4.

Boys down from mtn report almost incessant rain. No mammals. Swarms of very large crickets ate the bait off the traps + by swarming + loading the treadles spray the mouse traps. Don got only 2 birds. Boys marked Δ-mark on Mt Tozer but got no view.

Late pm. Wewak folk + self returned. We managed to accommodate 3 men, 2 women + 4 children for the night.

Hills to S. + E of Mt Tozer. Seen from Puffaloonie Park



Mt Tozer.

Mon
July 5.

Only 3 mammals in traps. Drizzle & mist continue. Wrenlocks peep, after trouble starting car, got away about 9 a. m.

Tues.
July 6.

Hugh Jiska brought: 1 snake from west Claude's River; 1 Lizard from Iron Range Flying Strip; 1 Hippoboscus cervinus from Louie at J. R. D. S.

Wed. Thurs. Fri.
July 7-9

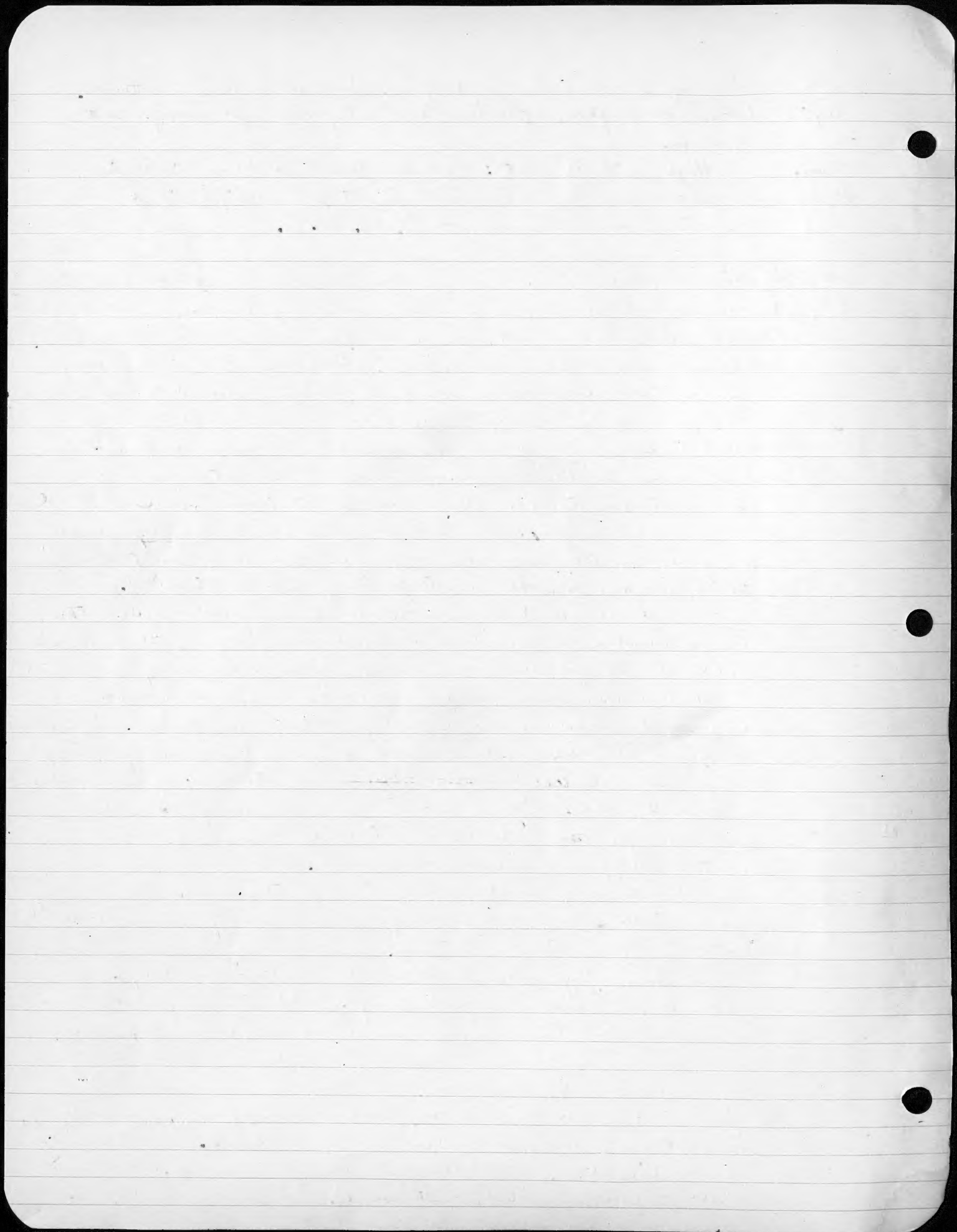
Up mountain. Ran into bad weather but left gear in new camp made by Van & Don & taking traps, 12 steel, 10 rat, 15 mouse, went on to Pardon Gully where met Guff & Len coming back in the drizzle. Len showed me the places under low casuarina forest which he believed to be "runways". Though I could not agree with him I set the whole of my steel traps, with bacon & museum bait lines suspended over each, in that area. I also put 5 rat traps & 15 mouse traps there. The other 5 rat traps were placed in Pardon Gully. In 2 nights 4 grass Peromyscus were caught in the last named place & 2 in some traps in the Casuarina. No other trap there was disturbed.

What deceived Len on the runway question was the large number of cavities & such caused by the natural fall of the casuarina leaves, almost exactly like the "port places" seen in pine woods at home where for years the needles have fallen & lain undisturbed on sticks & debris. Such cavities are not runways, though they may be used ~~sometimes~~ sometimes by mammals & become such. Other more open "runways" were in my opinion down-hill water channels flooded with dropped Casuarina needles.

Len & Guff went down that afternoon. That evening the weather being only damp, not raining, I went out with jack light. Nothing.

Thursday. Found the above mentioned Peromyscus in other traps near camp nothing. All traps put out had bait guards to keep off, as far as possible, the voracious "crickets" (really wingless locusts) reported by Van & Don.

In pm rebaited & the sun appearing momentarily, took few photos of Pardon Gully & Tozer. That evening fog & drizzle. The traps began to snap. I found three & four crickets at each. Often struggling to



get at the baited cavity beneath the bait guard. Despite my having set the traps "hard", the crickets by crowding onto the treads often set the traps off. They were cannibalistic & the newcomers enthusiastically devoured the still living bodies of those snarped in the traps. In one spring trap with loose treads I saw one cricket wrestling with the movable treads in its attempts to get at the bait under the bait guard, raising & lowering the hinged treads in its attempt. Several crickets came into camp, apparently attracted by our fire. The crickets appeared to be most plentiful when ^{with} rain or fog-drip was falling.

Rain stopped at about 9 pm. The night remained dry. Picked up traps in the morning. 3 more grass holonys at Gardam Sully. Geoff & Willie came about 10 to help move camp down below. Arrived just after 12.

Van meanwhile had trapped a native cat, Satanellus; & Proctor had shot a fine large male spotted euscus. A few smaller mammals had been brought in, but the fauna in general remains very scanty. From the Toza area faunally we have only 11 species. And we move out next morning.

Sat
July 10

Another native cat (Van) - a young ♀ with the pouch area a distinctive purplish pink. Traces 4-4 = 8 Pouch of y. animal little developed.

In pm cycled out on west road photographing. A couple fresh foot prints of dingos & pigs but none of wallaby. No signs of bandicoot.

Sun
July 11.

Last night made an eight-trap set for dingos, the tracks of which were numerous on the road $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to a mile west of camp. Nothing caught or disturbed this morning, however. Fine, fair day yesterday & everything dried up. Today cloudy & threatening showers again.

Mammals Expected at Brown's Creek, (1 week).

Phalanger	→ ????	Tringoides	??
Tachyglonus	???	Taphosoma	??
Antechinus	??	Nyctinomys	??
Smithopsis		Chaerophon	??
Satanellus	✓		
Isodon	✓ (pieces in crow's stomach)		
Acrobato	??		
Dactylopsila	??		
Petaurus bruscus	?		
Trichosurus	??		
Cephalopimus	???		
Petrogale	???		
Thylogale	??		
Protemnodon opili	?		
Macropus robustus	??		
" caryacus	??		
Hydromys	? ✓		
Rattus leucopus	???	✓ (Q)	
" cultratus	? ✓		
Leggadina	???		
Neolembus	???	✓	
Conilurus	???		
Notomys	??		
Neelomys australis	✓		
Neelomys (lyre)	???	✓ (Q)	
Uromys	??		
Pteropus gouldii	?? ✓		
Dobsonia magna	?? ✓		
Nyctinomys	???		
Syconycterus	???		
Odontonycterus	???		
Rhinolophus	? ✓		
Hippoboscids	??		
" diadema	???		
" ceruinus	???		
" albanensis	?		
Nyctophilus	??		
Chalinolobus	??		
Eptesicus	??		
Scotomys	? ✓		

Mon

July 12.

My drigo trap-set (8) caught a neteri cat - 3 legs + head each caught in a separate trap.

Main Goods truck came in good time. A very tight fit to get us moved - in fact, Don Yerson cycled to the new camp at Brown's Creek. Nearly all set up by mid-p.m.

Traps: Roy, 10 steel, 10 rat; Van, about 16 traps; myself, 28 traps.

Evening: Van & I out for a mile along SW road. 1 Pteropus gouldii on bloodwood flowers.

Tues.

July 13.

Traps: - 2 spotted cats in one double set (2 traps at one peg). Nobody else caught. Van took a rat's foot (probably P. culmorum).

Cycled almost to canoe creek. Drigo traps common; native cat fairly numerous; wallaby few.

Wed.

July 14.

Today Van took the only specimens: 2 Hydromys, 1 Rattus culmorum.

By late pm the number of traps put out was:-

	Steel traps	Rat traps	Tram traps	Total
Van.	10	30	45	85
Myself.	40	30	35	105
Roy	5	30	0	35
	55	90	80	225

My traps are disposed: 25 low Turkey bush (mouse); 10 dry gully (mouse); 10 high dry open forest (rat); 15 high cliff-edge, in gully woods, overlooking Brown's Creek (rat); 4 low, below same cliffs (rat); 1 water edge (rat); 3 water edge (steel); 2 below cliffs (steel); 4 above cliffs (steel); 10 open forest (steel); 20 variously placed up-stream.

Weather overcast, becoming drizzly in late p.m.

Thurs.

July 15.

Sacklighting last night shot two frogmouths and a Pteropus gouldii. The birds were perched at the side of the road 10 feet up and 200 yards apart. The fruit bat, which contained a large embryo, was on bloodwood flowers. Others were seen flying by at considerable heights.

This a.m. only a small Melomys. Don took a Rattus leucopus. 9 1/2 h. ft. 36; wt 3.6 oz.; manm., 1-2=6; Tail, 186.

6

10

4
33

Extra mammal supplies for Werlock - Coen work.

- 1 box B.B.
- 1 box 9
- 1 " 6
- 1 " 410 # 11
- 1 " " dust.
- 2 cans bait ✓
- large tail wire
- naphthalene
- ~~1 cotton~~
- 1 labels (skull)
- file
- wrapping paper
- 2 boxes batteries ✓
- beaming board ✓
- formalin ✓
- paradichlorb. ✓
- alcohol. ✓
- repellent.

Iodine
Epsom salts

Ret. 22 am.

Van's box 35² & suitcase
" wants no 94 (broken end back)

bottles for

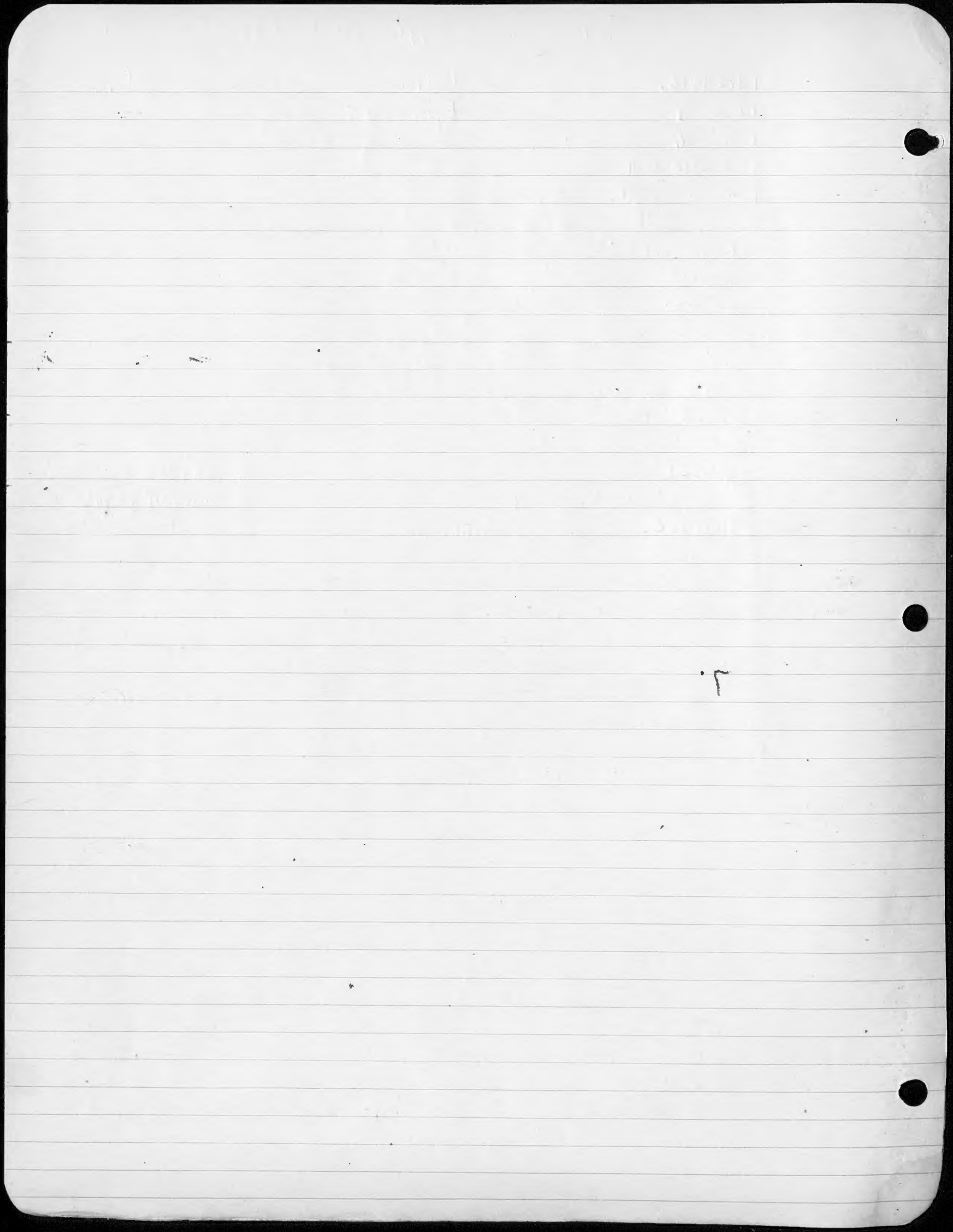
Fri.
July 16.

Van shot a tiny Scotomys last night & knocked down a Rhinolophus with a stick. Roy brought a grass Melomys & Van another. I had luck: took our first Mesembryomys, a young male, in a double steel set placed at the base of one of the few ^{tree-}surviving ^{large-}old savanna trees at the base of which is a joanna hole.

Sat.
July 17

Last night we went out early, taking along our lights, to a dry creek a mile west. At dusk we shot three Tapposom flaviventris. About 8:30 George Nankervis came thru from Werlock bringing a fine male wallaroo shot at the west foot of St. William Thompson Range (a new rise in the land dividing the Batura & Pascoe drainage systems from each other).

The Tapposoms are white beneath becoming slightly dusky posteriorly - not yellow. There is a throat pouch in both sexes (everyone thought). All paired dwarf tails - tiny sacs $\frac{1}{4}$ inch long, beneath the skin, open into the base of each pouch on either side of the median line. Those of the ♀ are much smaller than those of the male. The wallaroo weighed 93 lbs. Its i^3 considerably worn, its m_1 not fully in place.



7

A plan was reached to let Van go ahead tomorrow to Wenlock, thus gaining several collecting days there. He will go with Nankervis, who returns there tomorrow.

Sun
July 18. Van, with Norton, got away for Wenlock just after dinner. They should be there before dark. Traps: 1 layer Melomys and the dipo trap yielded another native cat. Our own conveyance for Iron Range did not come. It is due tomorrow, however. Picked up most traps - all the less productive parts of the line. In D. R. we expect to reorganize for the Coen trap, leaving ourselves for Wenlock next Thursday.

Mon.
July 19. The main roads driver, George Brown, arrived at noon. We reached Iron Range, over rather slippery roads in the scrub section, at about 3 pm. Unpacked & settled in. Started sorting cargo. A rum party, which I avoided, got started in the evening.

Tues.
July 20. Introduced Roy to a single shot gun. Saw him 12 steel traps baited with bacon. Sorting baggage all day.

Wed.
July 21. Small line of 28 steel traps, ^{at Mt She in rain forest,} gave 4 mammals mentioned provisionally: -
1. Antechinus ♂ 265 - 124 - 24 - 13 Rain forest
2. Melomys ♀ 275 1140 - 27 - 14 "
3. Rattus ♂ 318 - 167 - 34 - 19 "
4. Uromys ♂ 627 - 345 - 63 - 30 "

The plane failed to arrive. Roy found a porcupine in open forest.
5. Tachyglossus open forest

Thurs.
July 22. In traps: -
6. Tachyglossus Rain forest.
7. Rattus ♂ 330 - 170 - 36 - 20 "
8. Hydromys ♂ 555 - 375 - 63 - 16 " (Gordon Creek).

The porcupine (♂) had set off my last steel trap in the dense rain forest without getting caught, had become scared (?) and burrowed down close beside the trap, leaving only his dorsal spine visible.

Archer River

Archer River

Mammals expected at Wullock.

Ornithorynchus ???		Myotis ??	
Tachyglyssus	✓	Eptesicus ??	
Smimtopsis ?		Seotemia	✓
Satanellus	✓	Seotearua ??	
Isodon	not obtained	Painioplus ??	
Acrobates ??		Typhlosus australis	✓
Dactylopsala ??		" ?	
Trichosurus	✓	Nyctinomis ??	
Petaurus breviceps	✓	Chaerophon ??	
Pseudochairus ???		Caris	✓ (⊙)
Aepyprymus ???			
Lepidobates ???			
Petrogale	not secured		
Thylacynus ??			
Perameles gibberus ?	✓		
Macropus caliginos	✓		
" rufus	✓ 2/3		
" rufus	✓ ?		
Hydromys ?	✓		✓
Rattus culmorum ?			
Lepidrodia ???	✓		
Neolemurinus			
Onilurus ??			
Notomys ??			
Melomys (parv) ??	✓		✓
Uromys ???			
Ptilopus bairdii	✓		
Dobsonia ^{scapularis} ?	✓		⊙
Nyctinomis ???			
Syconyctus ??			
Odontoryctes ??			
Rhinolophus	✓		
Rhinomyotis ??			
Hippobosca			
"			
"			
Microdromus ??			
Nyctophilus ??			
Pipistrellus ??			
Chalinobius ??			

Fri.
July 23.

Word came that our transport Overlock (Hugh Fisher) is stalled with broken steering column at Coen. His brother Norman will drive down today for us.

Van phoned in p.m. (1 o'clock), describing Overlock's & his situation.

Norman Fisher arrived with his truck at 11 p.m.

Sat.
July 24.

We cross at 4.30 & left just as day broke. Up to Tozer Camp by 7.30. Brown's Creek 9.30 where located remains of cays. Reach R. Pascoe 10 am. Tea. Pascoe a much better looking locality than was Brown's Creek. Reached top of Sir Wm Thompson Range at 12.30 after climb through broken granite ridge country. On SW side descent very slight, with many stretches of sandy road to Overlock & the Batarui R. Entire trip through "open forest". No game waters seen. Van says because we passed there at midday. He went there in late p.m. & saw numerous kangaroos & wallabies.

At Overlock Van has already secured males of the three big kangaroos: the grey, the red^(?) & the wallaroo. But as yet no rock wallabies. He also has Pteropus scapulatus, females only, P. fouldsi, Lepidurus australis, and Rhizolophus, the last two from mine tunnels.

We were given a great welcome at Overlock.

Sun-Tues
25-27 July

Extremely busy. Night hunting 5+ m. nights. working w. night. Down mine 10. afternoons.

Wed.

At night a farewell party given for our group by Mr & Mrs Jor. Fisher.

Thurs. July
29.

Left Overlock at 12.30 noon - arrived Archer River at dusk. Just time to get a few traps out. Only 6 kangaroos seen in 35 miles. Two were feeding on green grass sprouts that follow burning. Archer River still running, but fairly low. Runs through pegmatite granite with NW-SE jointing.

Mammals expected in Coen area.

<i>Omithorhynchus</i>			<i>Pellus villosissimus</i>	0	
<i>Tachyglossus</i>			<i>Lagadina</i>	0	
<i>Antechinus</i>	R	✓	<i>Pseudomys</i>	0	
<i>Planigale</i>	0		<i>Thetomys</i>	0	
<i>Smintopsis</i>	0	✓	<i>Mesembomys</i>	0	
"			<i>Zyromys</i>	0	
<i>Datanellus</i>	0	✓	<i>Corilomys</i>	0	
<i>Dasyurus</i>	R		<i>Notomys</i>	0	
<i>Isodonta</i>	0	✓	<i>Melomys</i>	R	✓
<i>Elkomyia</i>			"	0	✓
<i>Peromyscus</i>	R		<i>Uromys</i> ^(grass) _(very large)	RR 0	✓
<i>Acrobatis</i>	0	✓(Q.M.)	<i>Pteropus scapulatus</i>	0	✓
<i>Petaurus brevicauda</i>	0	✓	"		
" <i>australis</i>	0		"		
<i>Setonobates</i>	R		<i>Hobsonia</i>		✓
<i>Pseudochelone</i> ^{pergandii}	0	✓	<i>Nyctinomys</i>		seen
"	R		<i>Sycoryctes</i>		
"	R		<i>Odontoryctes</i>		
"	R		<i>Rhynchophorus</i>	R 0	✓
<i>Trichomys</i>	0	✓	<i>Rhynchotus</i>		
<i>Phalanger maculatus</i>	R	✓	<i>Hippodamia diadema</i>		
" <i>orientalis</i>	R	✓	" <i>semonii</i>	R 0	✓
<i>Dactylopsila</i>	R	✓	" <i>albimanus</i>		
<i>Eudromicia</i>	R		" <i>cervinus</i>		
<i>Hypsiprymna</i>	R		<i>Macrodon</i>		
<i>Atellogia</i>			<i>Nyctophilus</i>	R	✓
<i>Ceryle pygmaea</i>	0		"		
<i>Leporilestes</i>			<i>Pipistrellus</i>		
<i>Dendrolagus bennettianus</i>	R		<i>Chalvoldobus</i>		
<i>Petrogale</i>	0(2)		"		
<i>Thylacale stigmatica</i>	R		<i>Myotis</i>		
<i>Peromyscus apilis</i>	0		<i>Eptesicus</i>		
" <i>parvi</i>	0		<i>Scotomys</i>		
<i>Macropus conopus</i>	0		"		
" <i>rufus</i>	0		<i>Miniopterus</i>		
" <i>ryllae</i>	0	✓	<i>Xeromys</i>		
<i>Hydromys</i>		✓	<i>Leposax australis</i>	0	✓
<i>Petaurus leucopus</i>	R		"		
" <i>coratus</i>	R	✓	<i>Nyctinomys</i>		
" <i>cultratus</i>	0	✓	<i>Chaeopterus</i>		

Fri
July 30. Two grass melomys. Boulton made tom with rifle: saw nothing. Last night Van shot a young Johnson Crocodile. Few bats flying about. Country badly burnt; seems to contain little or no game.

at night three of us went jacking. I saw but failed to get a Petaurus brevicauda. Country was porphyritic granite, the feldspar up to 1/2 inches in length.

Sat.
July 31 One grass melomys, one Scotomys shot by Van previous evening over sand bar, one Hydromys.

Sun. Aug 1. Left the Archer at 10. Reached Coen (The Bend, 1 mile out) & camped on the Coen River, a pretty stream flowing from the north, at 4.30 pm. Road rough & mostly along the telegraph line. Some bad sandy creek crossings - particularly Deep Creek. Van set a few traps (a Hydromys caught). All but myself (tired & sleepy) drove in to Coen in the evening.

Mon. Aug 2.

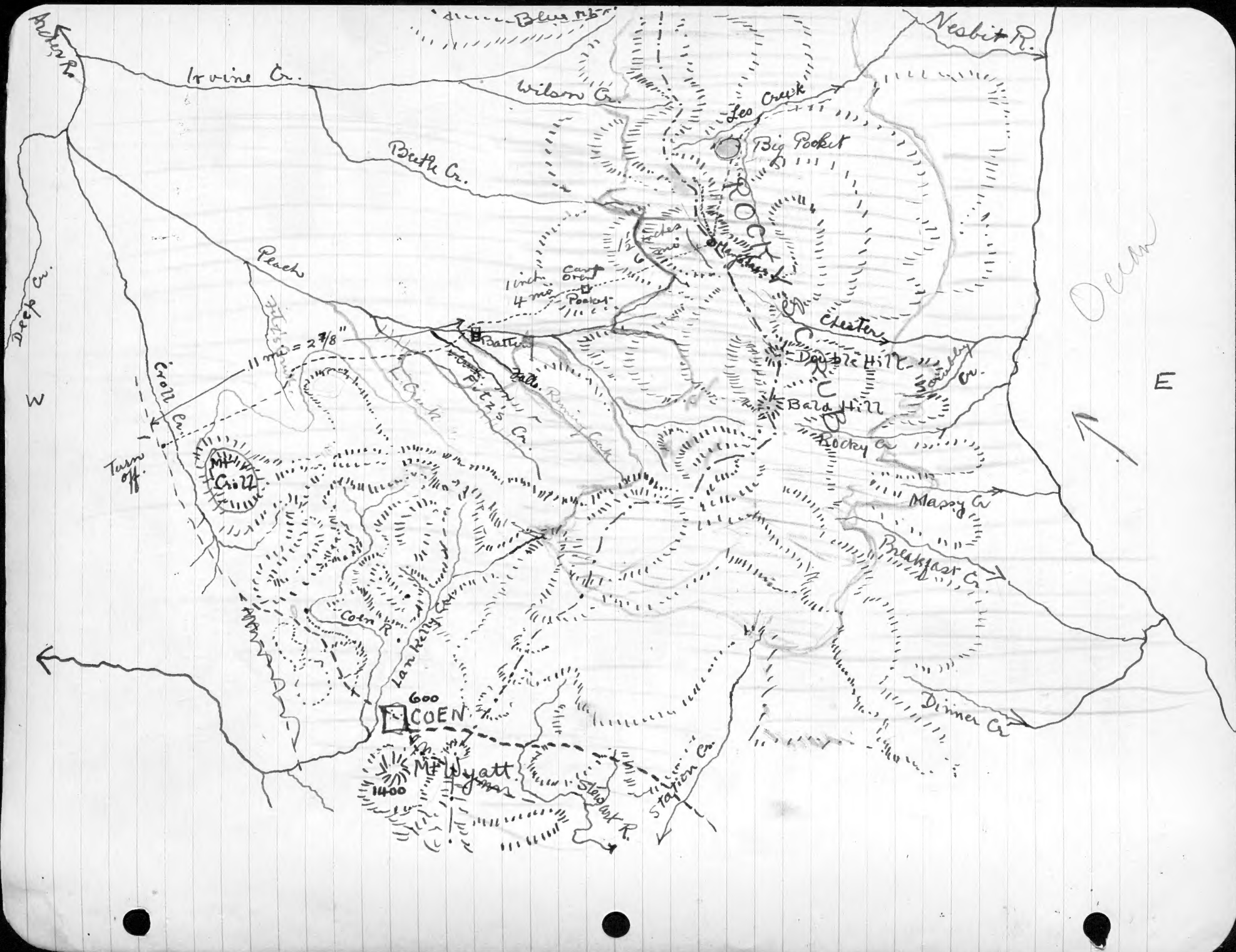
Van:	30	mouse	20	rat	-	stail
Traps Roy:		"	25	"	"	"
Tabs:			20		10	"

Went to Coen in a.m. Met Mrs. Armburast who has the most ornamental place in Coen, including quite a nice garden. Also met Herb Thompson, aged 72, who knows a little about Rocky Scent. Met Cecil Wilson, brother of Luke Wilson of Wenlock. Cecil is in the trucking business & will probably drive us out on the Mt Kroll-Rock Scent road.

The Coen horse races come on Friday & Saturday. Everything at a standstill till they are over. Bush people from all over the peninsula are gathering for the event.

Also met Mr. Walter Rose who runs the telegraph office & acts as reporter for the "North Queensland Reformer."

Set the above-listed traps in p.m. We are very comfortably ensconced in the 4-room cottage of Mr. Thompson's son-in-law.



Thurs.
Aug 5.

Notes from Mr Steppard who moved battery from Leo Creek to Peach River :-

1. From turnoff of Coen-Werlock Rd to Battery site on Peach R. 11 mi.
2. " Battery on Peach to Camp Over Pocket (depending on route) 4-5 "
3. " " " " edge of big scrub (~~scrub~~) 9 "
4. " Camp Over Pocket to mango tree (crest of range) 6 "
5. " mango tree to both Leo camps $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ "
6. Camp Over Pocket to edge of big scrub 5 "
7. mango tree from edge of big scrub (See sketch map opposite), 3 "

Coen a very poor place for mammals. Heavily pastured & very dry. Working mainly for bats in mine tunnels. Considerable trouble to get information on Rocky Scrub. The above, given by Steppard summarizes the delay of several days of inquiry. Today & tomorrow are the days of the annual Coen horse races. We are going tomorrow to put in an appearance. Expect to get away early next week.

Altitude about 600 feet at Coen town. Mt Wyatt rises to 1400 + the main range appears to be much higher.

Fri.
Aug 6.

Second day of Coen races. Van, Geoff, Don & I went. Colorful but primitive, with bush horses, a sprinkling of whites & quite a lot of blacks in attendance. Dolly in traps.

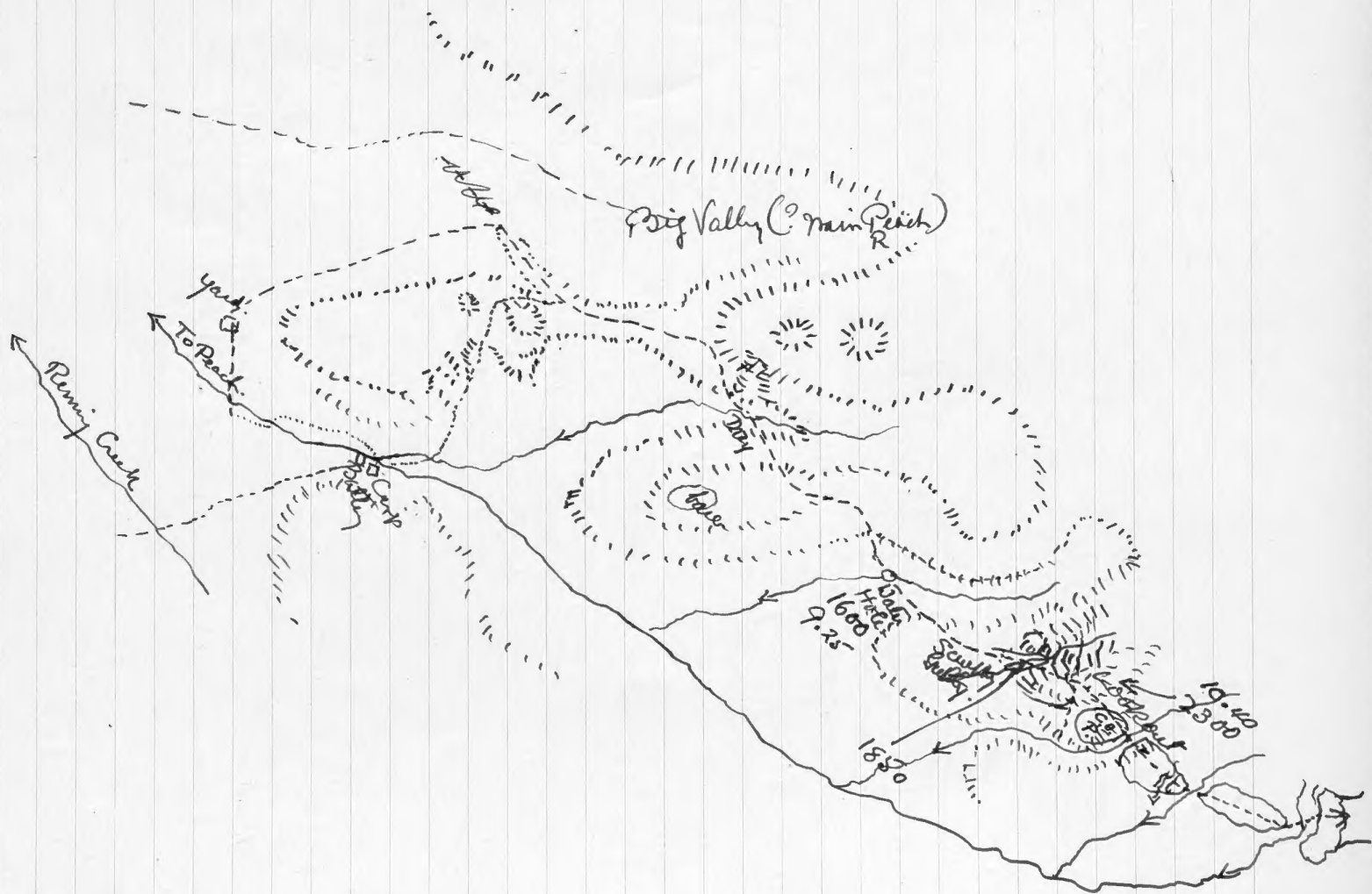
Forest Home Station, near Georgetown, 40 miles from Lister R., near beyond Joseph - Wombat's reputed to be there.

Sat.
Aug 7-

Night hunt with Mr. Fisher. Visited Pride Peak Mine & got 5 *Taphozomys*. The night hunt gave good results - *Possums*, *Pseudochelis percipinus*, & *bandicoot* & a native cat.

Sun
Aug 8.

Work all day on night's catch. Packing for start to Rocky Scrub next day.



Mon.
Aug. 9.

Due to disability of cook we made late start, truck leaving at 2.30 pm. Went out on Coen-Werlock Rd thru 8-mi paddock gate to abt 9 miles. We had Steppard's "boy". He searched out crossing of Croll River - very sandy, shore dry, & needed corduroying. Track very indistinct & hard to find. However it kept up close to the southern hills, leading most of the lesser gullies. Fitz's Creek, with headwaters of which are many deep-cleft ravines & a curious pinnacle rock, was bone dry. We pushed on thru the night, cutting road, & a more or less road procedure, till we finally, at 8 ~~or~~ abouts, found water in L. Creek.

Tue.
Aug. 10.

Left early. Fairly easy progress. At abt 9 crossed a saddle behind a n.w.-projecting spur, then the boy got us off the road for half a mile but we circled back to it. For most of the day the big spur was in sight, at the n.w. foot of which ran the Peach River & was formerly located old Steppard's battery (for crushing rock-ores). We crossed a running branch of the Peach at about 11.30 - then on over a number of dry gullies as we neared the big spur. Arrival at the Peach was almost unexpected - at about 2.30 pm.

The pack & saddle horses (2 stall) arrived about 4 pm. Len + I will ride up the hill tomorrow.

We saw on flying fox - alone - then Van saw & shot a second. They were *P. scapulatus*.

The road to the Peach was very poor. There was much down-timber & much new regrowth - all of which had to be removed from the road before the truck could go on. The gully crossings of the required much work.

The peach flows thru a strip of flood forest (scrub) at Steppard's battery. The altitude appears from my barometer to be only 100 feet higher than that at Coen - or 700 - 800 feet.

Sot out a few traps.

Revised map of Peck-Rocky Ave.

Wed.

Aug. 11

Frans & I with Shephard's man Alf set out on horseback for the highlands. We went taken down the Peach a way to the old Armbrust "yard" (cattle). Then east up the s. side of a broad valley, s.e. up a slight ridge to a scrubby ridge running E-W which separates the "broad valley" from our valley (Shephard's Battery Site). This ridge projects westward from Double Hill. Turned SE away from Double Hill crossed dry gully - grass tree ridges, & down to Water Hole. Due S. lay Bald Hill. Left B. H. on our right & swung SE to Lookout ⁽²³⁰⁰⁻²⁴⁰⁰⁾ then down thru Camp Oven Pocket, across Lumber Creek ⁽¹⁸⁵⁰⁻¹⁹⁰⁰⁾, up Peach Pocket.

Turned east - thru series of Pockets & scrub creek crossings. The pockets narrow, their length E-W varying. Turned back at 12.20. Renewed blazes; missed the trail at scrubby ridge & headed straight from camp - S by W. Arr. 5 pm.

Thur.

Aug. 12

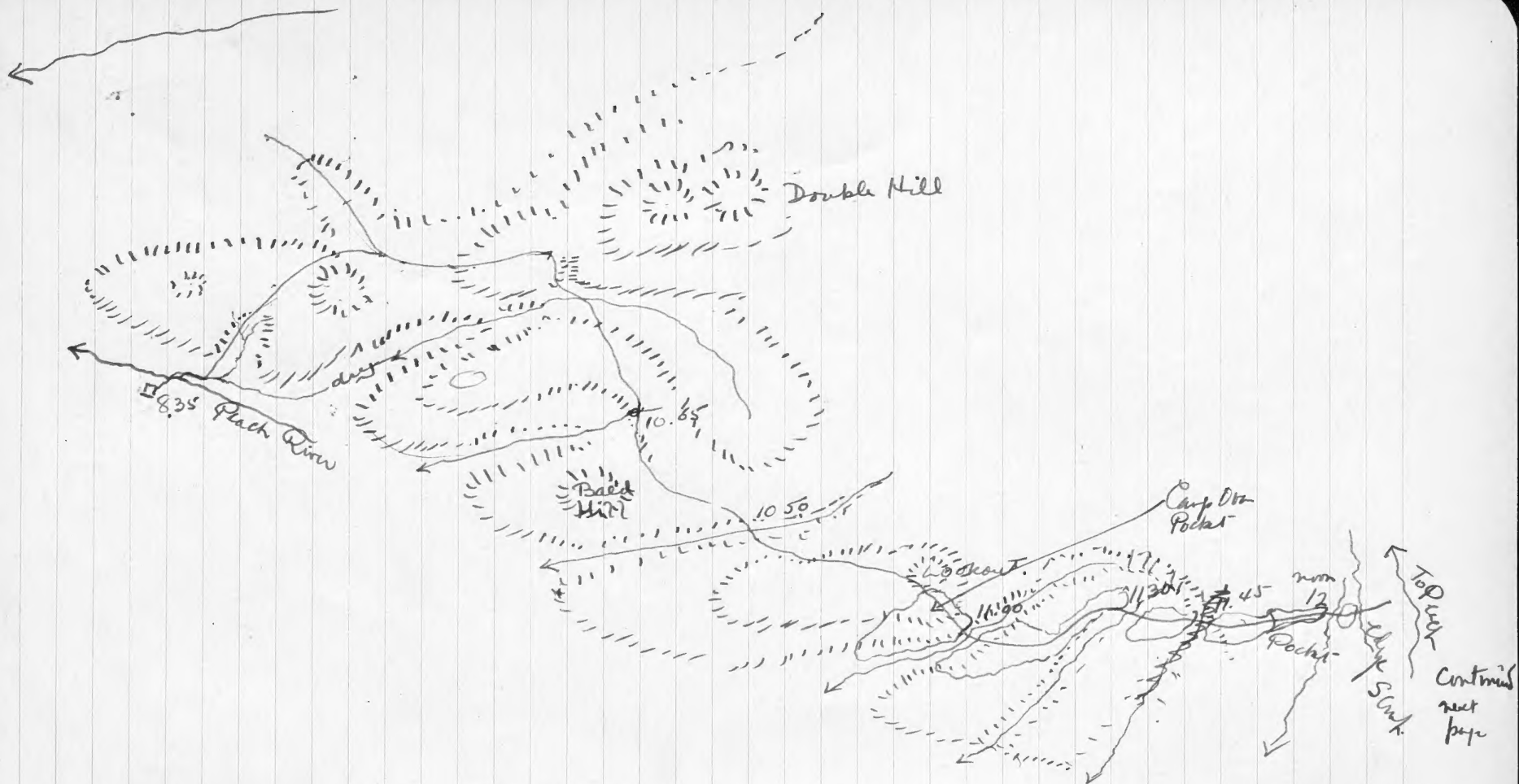
Don, Willie & I with 3 pack horses & their driver Alf left camp at 9 a.m. (1 hour late). Crossed Peach at better place than y'day. Open track up scrubby ridge (about 10.30 a.m. (alt 1200-1400 ft); reached Water Hole, SW of Double Hill at 10.50; Camp Oven Pocket creek at 12.30. Arrived at Creek Detour 1 pm. Lost 1/2 hour because of bogged horse. Reached "farthest point" of yesterday at 3 pm. Entered big scrub few minutes later. Crossed stream (Alf says Peach Drain) at 3.30. Reached first twig watercourse of Nesbit R. at 4 pm & camped.

Sent Alf back with horses to put them on good grass in one of the pockets. He is to return early tomorrow morning. Present alt.: (my aneroid, 2350 ft) true alt, probably abt 2000.

Fri

Aug. 13

Several lectures. No rain. Alf returned from grazing the horses on Peach - Camp Oven Pocket about 7.30 a.m. We left at 8 a.m. Camp was well within the beginning of the "big scrub". The trail, which required a good deal of clearing & some detours on acct of fallen trees, went in a generally easterly direction, with an up-and-down course. At 9.30 a second Nesbit stream was crossed at 2150 feet, and at 11 o'clock the other close together at 2100 ft. The road veered to NE & at 11.30 the "mangrove" (second of them), where much mining activity has taken place,



To edge main scarp.

Continued
next
page

(11.30 am).
was reached - the altitude 2275. It marks a fork in the rd.
Shortly after this the trail (right hand branch) began
definitely to descend - its course generally n.e. The last
half mile was quite steep & led into the ravine of the
Claudie Creek & Lakeland's Peatling Silt, our destination.
It was then 12.30-1 pm. The final altitude of my
barometer 1800 feet.

Discarding the over-registration, I gave the camp site an
altitude of 1500 feet.

The Silt was once considerably cleared. Barren
mounds & live trees are scattered about. There is
much regrowth. The Claudie is a steeply running,
creek filled with granite boulders. There is one tiny
clearing a few yards across.

I made camp - (Don Vernon, "Willie", & I) - &
put out 60 rat traps. Jacking up the trail that
night gave nothing. Later, washing hands, saw eyes of
native cat in distance.

Sat.

Aug. 14.

In traps 4 Antechinus, 6 Rattus.
Van & Geoff with Ray arrived at 1.15. Brought
extra supplies. Set out a lot more traps. Van went
jacking for few minutes.

Sun.

Aug 15

Temp.
6.30 am.
61.

In traps Antechinus, Rattus & a very large Iselomys.
Len arrived at 1.30 with more supplies.
Van & I jacking walked back in dusk to Tompo
tree, looking for Hypsiprymnodon. Later Van shot a
Iselomys and a Dactylopsila. Saw bats, including
Nyctinomus.

Mon.

Aug. 16.

Traps produced, besides the usual, one Uromys &
one Hydromys. Netted one Hipposideros semoni at night trail at
1800 feet. Saw Nyctinomus.

Tu.

Aug 17

Traps: 1 Antechinus, 6 Rattus; a Iselomys shot the eve. before.
Also trapped 2 psammes. Temp. 59 at 6.30.

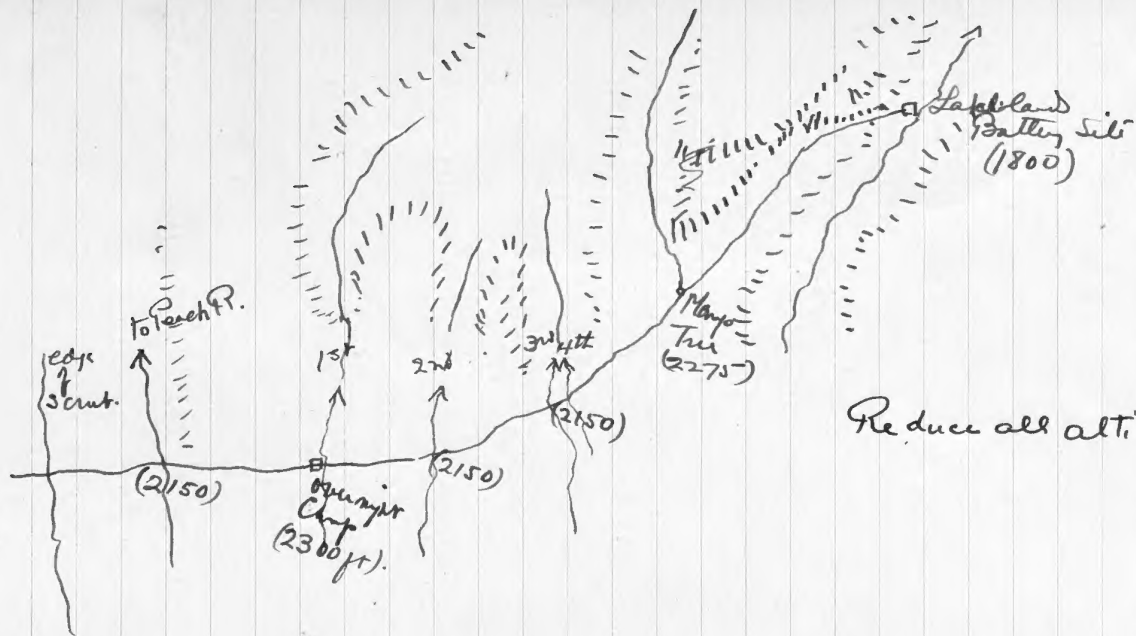
Traps: 128 rat traps, 61 otul traps.

Bat net: 1 Nyctophilus, 2 Rhinolophus, 1 Hipposideros semoni.

Wed.

Aug 18.

Temp., 6.30 a.m. 58°. Traps: nothing new. At night Van
& I netted 2 more Rhinolophus & 2 more Hipposideros



Reduce all altitudes by 300 ft.

Thur. Aug. 19. The day for Van + me to move to the top of the range to test the few savanna pockets. Picked up traps + moved to Camp Over Pocket, also 1500 feet, but on the western slope. The pack horses came late - not till 2.30. So we reached C. O. P. much later than we anticipated. Just before dark. Full moon. Set out 10 traps each by moonlight. Then thoroughly hunted C. O. P. with kuryly lights but no results.

Fri Aug. 20. Temp 56° - Very chilly all night. Heavy condensation on all objects. Sky clear. 1 Rattus cultrorum in grass + 1 R. coratus in scrub. Established camp.

Temp. 6:30 am 56°. A picturesque place with steep grassy slopes sloping to narrowly scrub-lined creek, tributary of the Peach River. Our camp is cut just into the edge of the scrub so that we look into the trees on one side and out on the pastures on the other. Our objectives are two: to make a quick survey of the mammals generally; and to get more specimens of the Echimyus found by Darlington in 1932.

In pm set traps:

Totals :-	Steel	Rat.
Van.	26	30
Boy	15	15
Geo.	20	40
	<u>61</u>	<u>85</u> = <u>146</u> .

Anderson 5 pm 1975 ft.

Sat. Aug. 21. Altitude: 7.30 am. 1900 ft; 11. a.m. 1880 ft; 2 pm. 1950 ft; 5 pm 1975 ft; 9.00 pm. 1925

Temp. 6:30 a.m. 60°. Traps: In grass: 1 grass Rat (cultrorum); 2 Smintysia
 " scrub: 3 Antechinus; 1 Rattus coratus.

	Left Aug 19	Arr Aug 12	Round Trip Aug 11.
Nesbir R Camp.	3.15 ↓ 1825 ft	12.30 1800 ft.	
Mango trees.	4.00 2350	11.30 2275 "	
Two Creeks.	5.00 2275	11.00 2100	
First Creek	5.15 2225	9.30 2150	
Camp Creek	5.20 2450	8.00 ↑	4 pm. (camp)
First Scrub Creek	5.40 2450	Left Camp. ←	
last open area	5.45		
Savanna + Scrub.	5.50		12.20 (turn back). "JA" ^{hike} 11.50. 2350
Dry Creek Scrub.	5.55		
"Bog Scrub."	6.05	1 pm	
Dry Scrub.	6.15		
Camp Over Pocket Ck.	6.35	12.30 pm	11.00 am 1850 ft. (1900 at 1.25 pm)
Hill N. of C. O. P.			10.40 2300 ft. (2400 " 2 pm)
Scrubby Gully			9.50 1850 ft
Peach Water Hole		10.50 1600 ft.	9.25 1600 ft. (1725 at 2.30)
New Rd to Ridge -		1200 ft	
Crossing Pometean		Ridge 10.00 10.30 to 1400 ft.	
Sheppard Betty Sils (Camp).		9.20 Left ↑ 9.00 a.m.	6 am ↑ 975 ft (1000 at 5 pm)

Sun
Aug 22
Temp.
6.30 a.m.
69°

Overcast. A much warmer night. - Clear & Sunny thru day.
Anasid 6.30 a.m. 1930 ft.; 3.30 p.m. 1960 ft.

A good catch of 15 specimens - Rattus, Melomys,
Antechinus, Sminthopsis.

Geoff & Russ passed thru at 4 pm on their way
down from the upper Neabit camp to Peach River (Shepherd's
Battery Site). The animals come back for us tomorrow.
Van & Beach start a bat this evening -

Mon
Aug 23.
Temp 6 am
65°

Two grass Melomys. Horses arrived about 9.30-10. Broke
camp & moved out about 11. Down at Shepherd's Battery Site
at 1.30.

Don Vernon had taken several brown cuscuses and a ♂
Acrobatis, the last in a rat trap. (Its underparts white to the
base of the hairs)

H+B (longest way) = 80 mm.

Tail 82 "

H Dors (s.u.) 14 "

Ear (from notch) 12 "

The A. was taken at the foot of a very large tree near the edge of
the river in rain (gully) forest about 150 yards from the
nearest open forest.

Jacking that night took 3 Pteropus juliocephalus?, 1 P. conspicillatus
?, and two Dobsonia. Also two Phalanger orientalis.

Thursday
Aug 24.

Busy all morning skinning. No truck had arrived at 2.15 pm
that night two Pteropus.

Wed.
Aug. 25

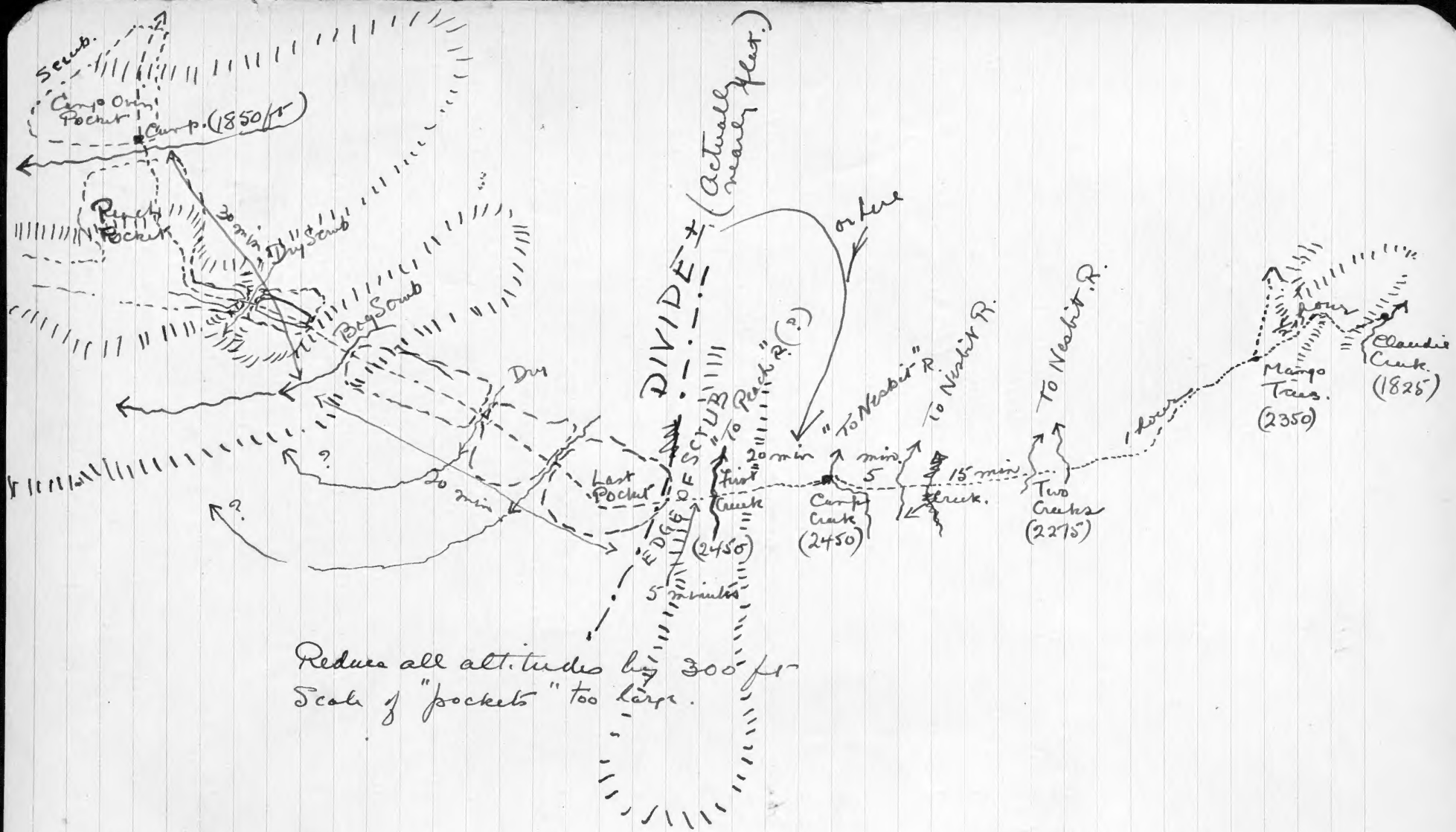
Geoff & Len started at dawn to walk out & find out what
was wrong. After 10 miles they passed the ~~10 mile mark~~
truck on its way in to get us. They decided to keep
on to the air post - 18 miles.

We left Peach River in the truck at 1.30 pm & reached
the air post at 4. There we picked up Len & Geoff
& reached the Coen Bend at about 5 o'clock. I walked
in to town to get the mail.

Spent evening wrapping & packing dry specimens.

Thurs
Aug 26

Packing till 11 am. Then by truck out to Rothwell
mine, 5 miles SE of Coen, where took 40 bats -
31 Rhinolophus + 9 Hipposideros cownisi. The former



is apparently topotypical of Allen's R. m. ignifer, which red phase of R. megaphyllus came from Coen. All but one grey & a few intermediates were distinctly red. Spent rest of evening picking the bats & doing the remaining packing.

Fri.
Aug 27.

Got away from The Bend at 9 & from Coen at 10. fairly rough road but long stretches of sand - all "open forest". Reached Ebbawool, our overnight place, at 3.45 - 28 miles from Coen.

It was once a mining center - and there are many ruins of houses about. The water supply is from a well & it is stored in a 2000 gal. tank, now 2/3 empty. Alt. about 700 ft.

Got about 50 traps set out.

went jacking up the telegraph line - a Trichosurus. In a.m. traps gave 1 Melomys.

Sat.
Aug. 28.

Left camp at 8 a.m. Carried Melomys & Trichosurus injected. Skinned in p.m. - both in perfect condition.

R. Solomon & Burns - station. 700.

700

Yarriden - left passage.

700

Billy Spionkop - Burns set out to Swartkops. Bamboo station.

Crest of the range. 950 ft.

Down range to dinner camp.

Musgrave Tel. Sta. } 3.45 pm.
400/500 ft.

Set out traps (Ray).

Sun.
Aug. 29

Left Musgrave at 8 a.m. Road mainly along telegraph line & speed rather better - much sand - enormous numbers of ant hills - cauliflower type, white's hats, waspetic, etc.

Lost 1/2 hour testing rock pile for rock wallabies - plenty of wallaroo sign but none of r. w. Crossed the borehead of a bit after 11 am. Arrived at ~~Hannu~~ Hannu River about 1 pm - about 40 miles south of Musgrave.

Skinned morning catch - 2 Rattus, 1 Hydromys. Van under weather.

Ray put out 25 rat traps.

(84)

Mammals expected ^{to exist} in the Cooktown Area

<i>Ornithorhynchus</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Hydromys</i>	✓	<i>Periosteus</i>	16
<i>Tachyplous</i>	✓	<i>Rattus conatus</i>	✓	<i>Miniopterus</i>	17
<i>Antechinus</i>	✓	" <i>culmorum</i>	✓	" <i>australis</i>	✓ 18
<i>Planigale</i>	?	<i>Leggadina</i>		<i>Taflozous</i>	(Seen at 19 Black Mts) 20
<i>Trimorphia</i>		<i>Pseudomys</i>		"	
"		<i>Thetomys</i>		<i>Nyctomys</i> ^{notofensis}	✓ 21
<i>Satanellus</i>	✓	<i>Mesembriomys</i>		<i>Chaerophon</i>	22
<i>Dasyurus</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Zyromys</i>	??		
"		<i>Comilurus</i>	?		
<i>Isododon macroura</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Notomys</i>	?		
" <i>perin zulee</i> ?		<i>Melomys</i> (scut)	✓		
<i>Echimypha</i>	?	" (juv)	✓		
<i>Perameles</i>	✓	"			
<i>Acrobates</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Uromys</i>	✓		
<i>Petaurus bruciceps</i>	✓	<i>Pteropus conspicillatus</i>			1
" <i>australis</i>		" <i>fordii</i>			2
<i>Schirobates</i> ?		" <i>scapulatus</i>	✓		3
<i>Tritosurus</i>	✓	<i>Dobsonia</i>			4
<i>Phalanger maculatus</i>		<i>Nyctinomys</i>	(seen)		5
" <i>orientalis</i>		"			6
<i>Dactylopsila</i>	✓	<i>Syconycterus</i>	✓		7
<i>Eudromicia</i>		<i>Odontonycterus</i>	✓		8
<i>Pseudocheirus peregrinus</i>		<i>Rhinonycterus</i>			1
" <i>arcteri</i>		<i>Rhinolophus</i>	✓		2
" <i>lemnoides</i>		<i>Hipposideros semoni</i>	✓		3
" <i>Lerbutensis</i>		" <i>diadema</i>			4
<i>Hypsignathos</i>	✓	" <i>cervinus</i>			5
<i>Ptilonotis</i>	?	" <i>albionensis</i>			6
<i>Acrypygma</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Macrodroma</i>			7
<i>Leporcheilus</i>	?	<i>Nyctophilus bifax</i>	✓		8
<i>Dendrolagus bennettianus</i>	✓	"			
<i>Petrogale</i>	✓	<i>Pipistrellus</i>			9
<i>Thylacynus</i>	✓	<i>Scotinus large</i>	✓		10
<i>Protemnodon opilio</i>	✓	" <i>small</i>	✓		11
" <i>foarpi</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Chalinolobus</i>			12
<i>Macopus caninus</i>	✓	"			13
" <i>rufus</i>		<i>Myotis</i>			14
" <i>robustus</i>	(BEEN)	"			
		<i>Eptesicus</i>			15

Mon
Aug 30.

Left Hann River 8 a.m. Previous afternoon shot specimens out of camp of flying foxes of the species *P. scapulatus*. The first camp of this species we have come across. It is scattered along the very thin fringe of river scrub - usually about one mile thick for an undetermined distance (west of the crossing). Single individuals were also plentiful. All five shot were males. The pups immediately close by may have reached fifty bats. (See also Sept. 18)

At bright jacking, they were all thick the woods feeding on the tree flowers & (?) bloodwoods. They became fewer as the river was left behind.

Crossed the River (dry) at 11.15
Reached Fairview about 12.15 - Crossed the Little Laura River & 20 mins. later the Big Laura & Reached Laura at 1.30 pm

Bunked in the almost abandoned railway station. Laura - a town of few shops - the "hotel" has a very few rooms. *Rhinolophus* hides under the beds, largely from the bed springs. Laura very sandy, dusty & excessively dry. Water is carted from some miles away. Police represented by Constable Vincent Booth Hotel run by Mrs I. R. Solomon.

Skinned 5 flying foxes & 1 *Rhinolophus*.

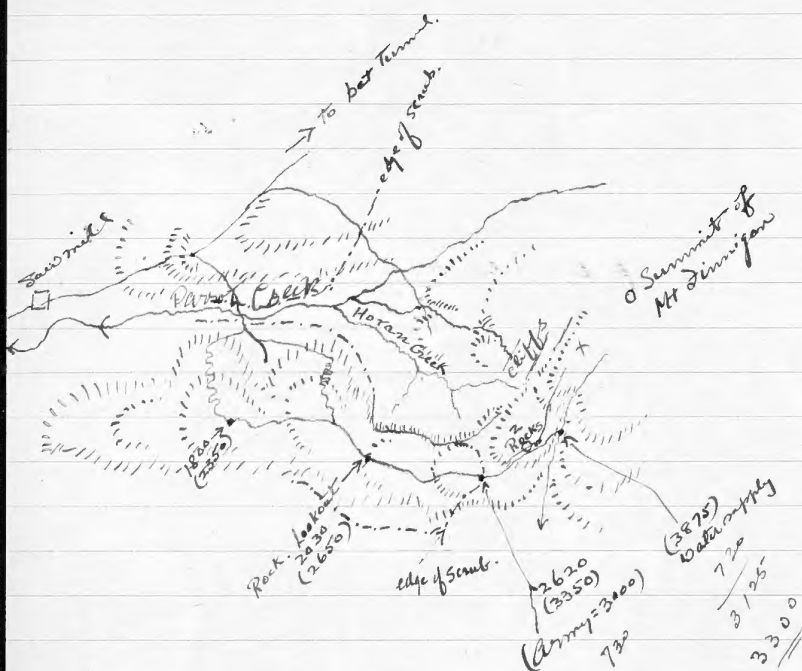
Hugh & Vincent took us to water hole in river where Johnson Ave. said to be plentiful. Saw a few eyes of young crocs - but far away. No mammals.

Tues.
Aug. 31.

Slept in ~~fairview~~ ^{railroad} station. Railmotor due at 11.30; leaves for Cooktown at 1. Photographed Laura River & old wreck of r.r. bridge. Met Jack Dwyer, owner of good collection of Australian birds' eggs. Well catalogued as well, apparently. Reached Cooktown 4.30 pm. Stayed in hotel. Went up to see Dr. Kesteven at the hospital.

Wed.
Sep. 1.

Reorganized equipment. Packed mammal skins.



Climb done on
Fri Sep. 3. 1948

Sat. Sep. 4. Examine big scrub at mouth of Horan Creek - main traps.

Sun " 5 Ride out to bat tunnel.

Mon " 6

Local Camps: - Horan Creek 5-6 days.

Diminigan 2-3 nights.

Base Camp } fill in.
 at Sawmill

Mon. Sep. 13. Go out to Helenvale - spend 4⁵ days. - traps & packing in
 night scrub.

Tue Sep. 18. Go to Black Mt. - Test 2 nights.

Sun Sep 20 Go to Green hill - try two days for wallabies, etc.

Tue. Sep. 22 Return Corkton.

Wed Sep 23. Go to Alderbury (24th mile) on Mr. Gladstone's gas truck
 for rock - wallabies, etc.

Thurs Sep 27 Be back in Corkton, possibly spending one night in
 silver gum country for possums, ringtails, squirrels.

Thur.

Left Courtland about 11 a.m. Lunch at Mrs Wadding at Helenvale about 1.30 pm. Reached Shipton's Flats at about 4.30 pm.

Sep. 2.

Much of the way is through open forest - Past Black Mountain, a pile of granite boulders almost wholly blackened by lichen or fungus. River scrub along the creeks - Wallaby Creek etc.

Shipton's Flats is a disused sawmill & lumbering camp. The builds, some of which we occupy, in poor condition.

Fri

Sep. 3.

Cold. 55°. In traps: grassy clearing 3 Melomys; in little valley scrub behind house, 2 scrub Rattus conatus.

Len & I left at 9 a.m. to explore Mt Jiminyan. We had as guidance a letter written by an army man who had done trig. station work on top. From the sawmill we went east up over a rather steep ridge & down to Parrot Creek. We crossed the creek in poor scrub then turned up grassy, she-oak-covered denude, going generally south. The crest of the ^seast-^west ridge up which we then climbed was 1800 by Len, 2300 by me. Turned SE ~~up~~ ^{along} the ever-ascending crest - all open forest & mainly "oaks". Passed top of spur (which we descended in the pm & found too steep). Reached exposed rock "look-out" 2030 (2650) ft. Continued upward closer to mountain to "edge of scrub, 2620 (3350) feet (Army gave \pm 3000 ft). ~~Track~~

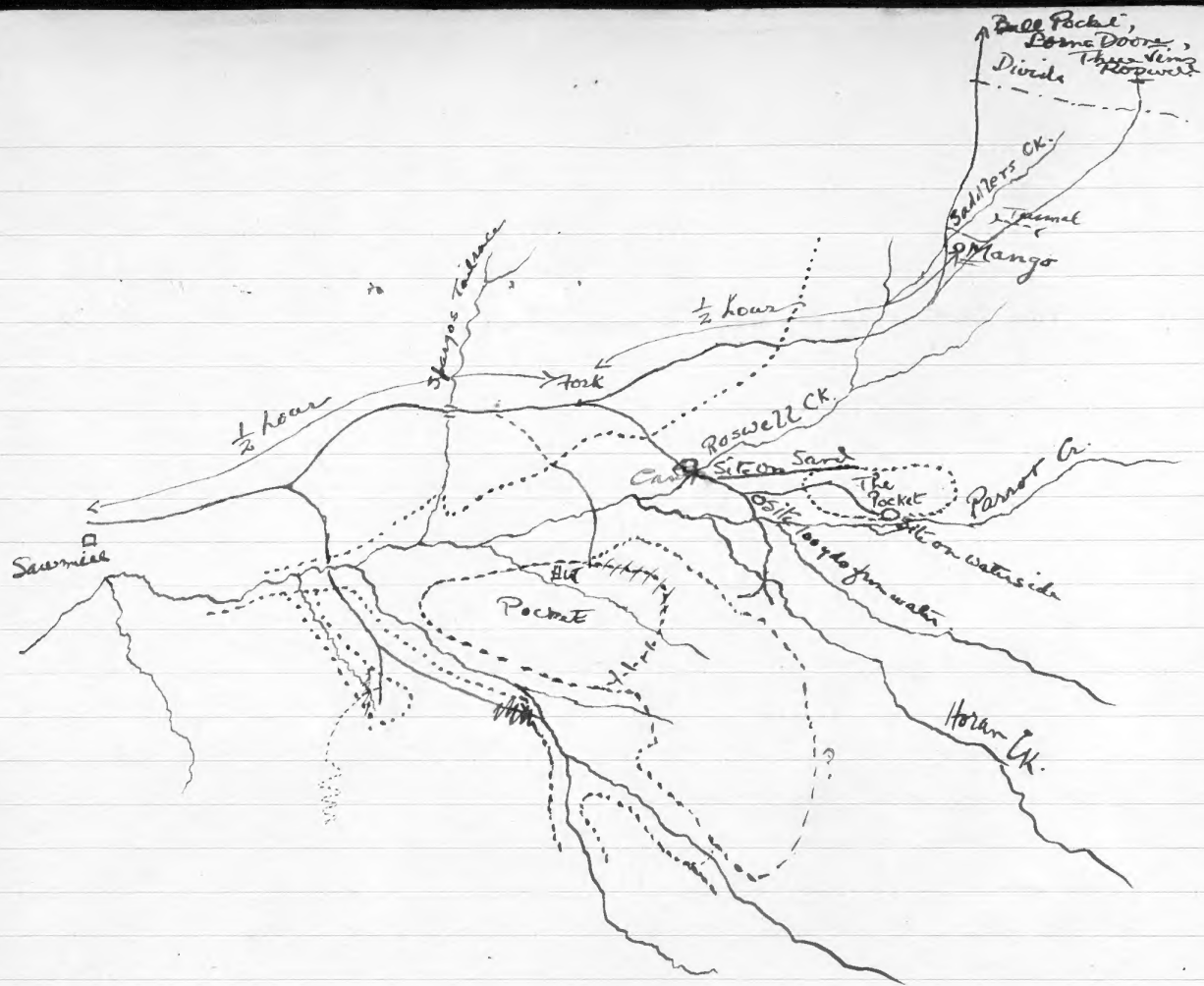
Track inside scrub more confused & difficult to follow than the pack trails of Rocky Scrub. But pushing up right side of ridge just under crest, found the 2 20 ft rocks described in letter, & then traversing south side for 100 feet or so came to water. Not very much of it & flowing steeply down a rocky bed inclined at nearly 60°.

Returning I improved the track & met Len, who had also been searching fruitlessly for water, at "edge of scrub".

Sat.

Sep. 4.

Colder. 53°. Traps: 1 Melomys. Aneroid 1075 ft (= \pm 800). A reconnaissance walk with Van & Horton to locate "big scrub". Land sw of Horan Creek mostly open forest. Flat between Horan Creek & Parrot Creek all scrub. Back in p.m. to clean track & pick camp site. Evening, sat by potential Platypus hole but saw no Platypus. Set 10 steel traps.



Temp. 57. Slight overcast. Traps. 3 Rattus.

Sun

Sep. 5

Rode up with Jack Roberts to examine tunnel said to contain bats. also to see scrub roads & select a camp site in scrub. Much stringing tree, much lawyer care.

Lin, Don, Van completed preparations for trip to Mt Jiminjan.

Van shot a Nyctophilus in sawmill shed.

Mon.

Sep. 6.

The travelers to Mt Jiminjan got away after two false starts — due to a pack horse twice bucking off its load — at 9.30.

In traps 2 Delomys, 2 pass Rattus, 3 scrub Rattus.

At 4.30 or 5 the boy Noadie returned with the horses & a note from Lin to Marie, also a ♀ tree kangaroo in a sack. It appeared that Roy & Willie, sent for water, found two up a tree, yelled for a gun (which Noadie took up to them) & shot one — the female. It was sent down at once. I injected it ready for skinning in the morning.

Rebaited traps. Packed in readiness for my move to the scrub with Froston tomorrow.

About 5 pm the horses & their driver returned from the top camp, bringing a tree climbing kangaroo — the first for the collection and a female example of the rare Dendrolagus bennettianus. The pouch though copious was unoccupied. The "boys" had been sent up for water & saw two up trees. They called for someone to bring a gun, Roy shot one but lost the other.

Shot another Nyctophilus in the sawmill shed.

Tu.

Sep. 7.

Skimming tree k., 2 rats & the Nyctophilus.

Jack Roberts came with his horses after lunch. Reached present camp on Roswell Creek (see opposite p.) at 3 pm. Established camp & set out 25 traps. Hunted twice, 6 pm to 8 and 9.30 to 10.30. Nothing seen. Wallaby heard.

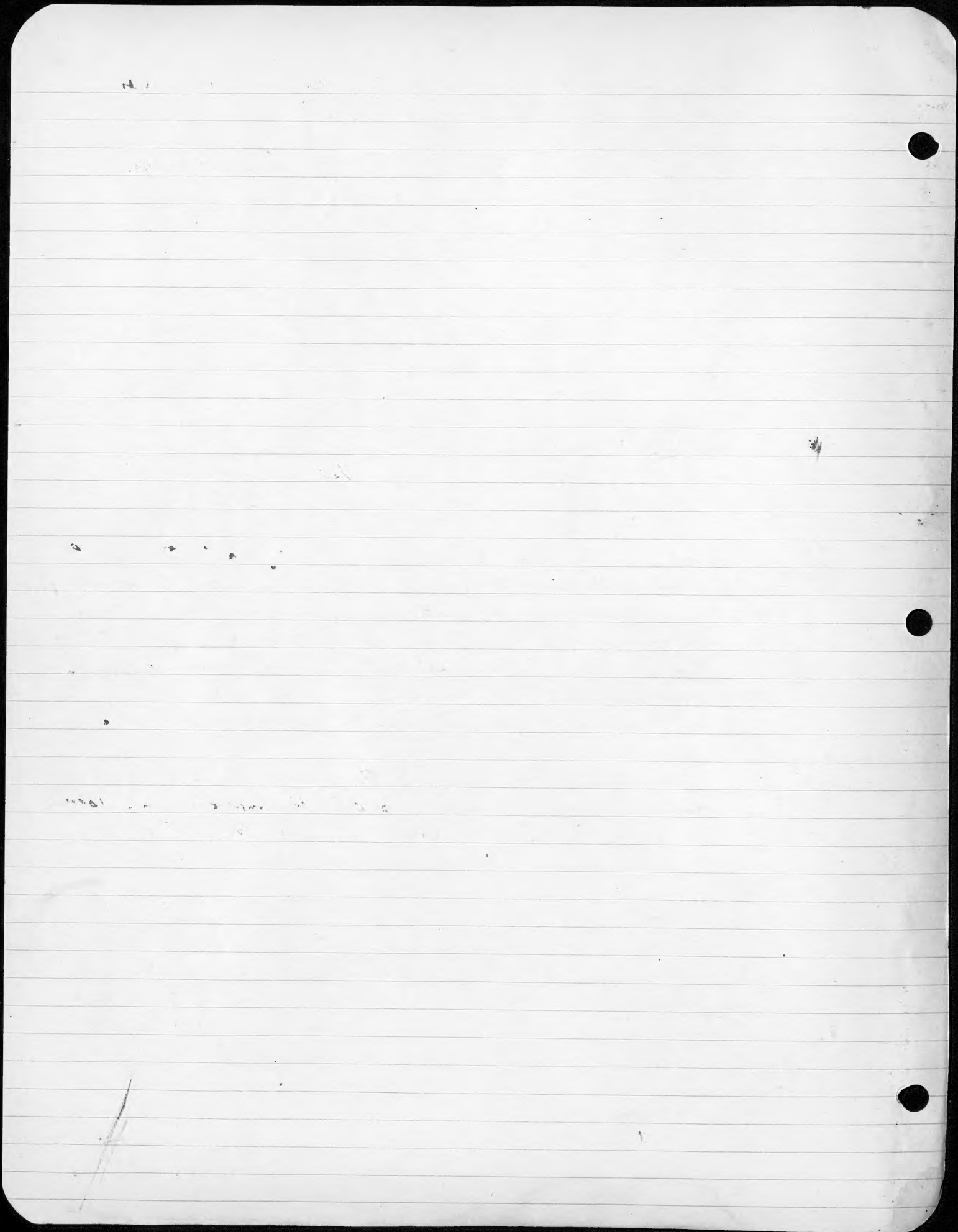
Wed.

Sep. 8.

Warm night. Traps: 2 Delomys, several Rattus. Skinning all a.m. Set traps in pm. Morton, who hunted a.m. or pm., reported nothing seen or heard. At night went up to bat tunnel.

On way down shot smelly — possibly possum — but couldn't find it.

Shot a big headed, narrow necked gecko with curiously enlarged tail on the road. Shot a Peromyscus close to camp. It squeaked a couple of times, giving me the direction. Finally I caught the faint glow of one of its eyes.



Thurs.
Sep. 9. (9) About 20 Rattus + Melomys. Morton shot 2 scrub wallabies
(Thylgale). No night nothing.

Fri.
Sep. 10. Eight Melomys + Rattus. Geoff + Roy arrived at 11.40. The
former plans to come up each morning up down at 6-9 at night.
I took Roy + specimens down to sawmill in p.m. Returned at
5.30 Very windy night spoiled jacking. Geoff got a death-adder
only 100 ft from camp. Went down about 8.

Sat.
Sep. 11. Boys (Van, Don, Geoff, Roy) due this a.m. Len + Marie
passed about 9 on way into rain forest.

Traps: 3 Melomys, Uromys, Centodermis with 7 young
attached (By log 150 feet from nearest water)

Newcomers arrived about 11.30. Van had shot a Pteropus
Scapulatus. Relaid in p.m. Let Roy + Morton go out with
their guns (they found nothing!). Don shot a Nyctophilus.

Sun.
Sep. 12. Today Morton, Roy, Nogie went hunting for just two things:
Hypsigymnaxodon and Dendrolagus. They found nothing. In
the p.m., after skinning, Van + I went out far up the
mtn slopes. We found nothing.

Traps: Rattus, Melomys.

Mon.
Sep. 13. Shot a scrub-ben for Don. In traps: 3 Rattus, 2 Melomys.
Van + I took specimens down to the main camp. Relaid the
light mtn material + wrapped fielded specimens.

Anacoid (11.45 sun time) = 1550. This anacoid from 1000
feet up has consistently registered 300-400 feet too high.

Tue.
Sep. 14. Packed up + left Rossiter Cr. Camp in 2 relays. Van + Don
had shot a Thylgale + 3 leaf-tailed lizard (geckos) the night
before. That evening Van took a 5th Nyctophilus in the
sawmill. Geoff had found a Tachyglossus walking across
the road on the 13th.

Thurs.
Sep. 16. Van + I with the two boys moved out ~~to~~ ^{with} Helenville
in Jack Roberts' model A Ford in two relays. Set up
a nice little camp right on the Arman River. Lunched at
Mrs Wetkin's Hotel.

11
13
forearms of P. seepurolatus ♂♂. not saved. (see opp page); others
135 skinned.
134
137
138
135
~~144~~
135
~~142~~
145
133
132
136
134

Fri
Sep. 17
Temp.
6.50
59°

Jacking in evening for a Dactylopsila.

Troops:- Van.	14 nest	4 stal.	
Roy	10 "	10 "	
Self	15 "	15	
	<u>39</u>	29	= 68 total.

also Van put 10 the second night in outbuildings (no results).

Catch:- 3 Rattus culvorum in grassy open country; 2 Sitomelba on "open forest" hill side.

Scam night before: boy in local village supposedly bitten by death-adder. Old fellow named Rick came to ask help. Found the lad had been taken Watkin's & they had incised the bite. No swelling developed. The lad ate a big supper & went home to bed. Was OK in a.m.

Sat.
Sep. 18.

Temp 59° Morning bright in 18 Pteropus scapulatus from large "camp" just above "the waterfall", 3 1/2 miles down the river. They comprise 17 males, 2 females. He shot only two - into two clusters. The only other Pteropus scapulatus camp we have seen was that on the Tham River (see Aug. 30). Females, which are lighter brown beneath, appear not to be frequent. One male has the glandular side areas of the mantle very pale buff. Mantle color in others varies from light orange brown to dark red brown. Testes in most were large. See app. for.

In afternoon Norman Watkin drove us out to the edge of a Lagoon (Beasley's Lagoon) on the road from the Wallaby Creek west to "the lake" (seen from Mt Jimjima) of King's Plains in search of burnt Gray Kangaroos. He found them easily feeding at a patch of burnt grass (burnt 6 weeks earlier). He & Van shot a female with a male pouch y. ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~shot~~ ^{another} very young male, & an adult male. Skinned till 9 or 10 o'clock.

Sun.
Sep. 19

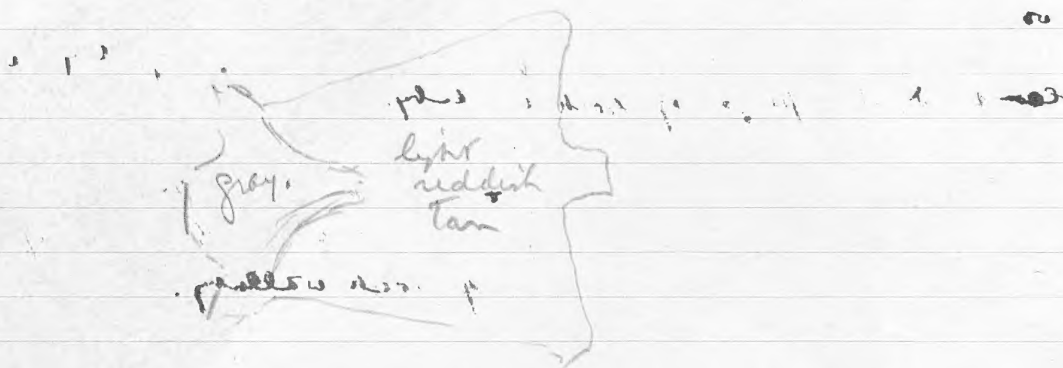
After a very cold night we packed up & moved to Black Mountain, nearly 5 miles nearer Corktown. Norman drove his truck thru open forest to the edge of a tiny perennial stream, Bowie's Spring, which runs out from under the rock-pile which is Black Mountain. The stream dries up but its rainy season bed empties into Dardy Creek.

Black Mountain is a great pile of generally loose granite boulders, blacked by lichen, from it

Firm: E.W. Parsons, } wallaby + kangaroo hunters, who
 Abe Jensen } worked chiefly in Greenhill-Helmvale area.

Coast wallaby	- thousands	market weight: 12 oz.
Swamp " (very rare)		
Gray K.		1 lb.
Red Wallaroo	}	1 1/2 lb.
Mtn Wallaroo		

no red Kangaroos in peninsula
 White-tail - King Plains - formerly common 1/2 lb.



Deep Creek runs into the domain by.

Butcher Hills

Seagreen's Farm (Sidg Jensen's)

5 mi beyond.

8-9 mi
 by road
 12 by road

Dr. Winder
 (Palmer)

Ashtville Taxi
 Dr. Savage - Jim Savage - utility
 Phy Hales Truck

practically all soil (if there ever was soil) has been eroded out, leaving only the vast jumble of rock. We are after rock wallabies (Petrogale). We stay until Tuesday, Sept 21.

Mon
Sep. 20.

Traps out last night, 20 rat, 15 steel, produced nothing. All three ^{two} hunted along the base of the granite, & afterwards Van & I went there with jack-lights. Saw two "jockey lizard" (hardy geckos). Very early this a.m. the three of us were out again (long before sunrise), with equal results.

Despite the presence of the spring this area seems almost devoid of mammals. I did see dry droppings of wallaroo size, & the night before, up on the rocks, very dry sun-bleached droppings of rock wallaby.

After breakfast Norton leads for the Anman River Falls at the west end of Black Mt., which Van & I worked around the base to the road & investigated the scrubby place Norman told us of the day before. Almost no signs of rock wallaby.

Norton went back to the Anman River Falls, where an old native, Monday, had previously taken the rock wallabies, and he returned in the afternoon with one female with a young joey in her pouch. Her pattern is relatively marked: grey; base of tail tawny head & limbs tawny; tail, hands, feet black.

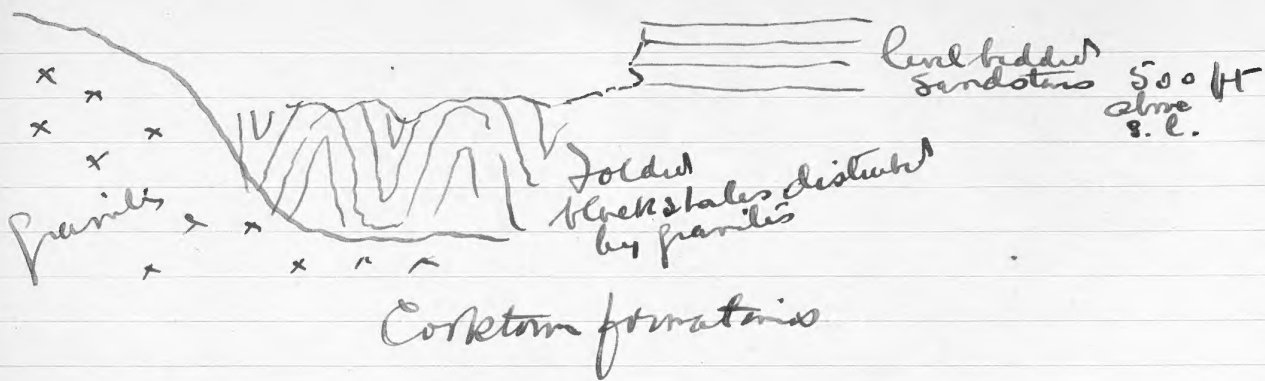
Shot 2 Scotomys in evening.

Tues.
Sep. 21.

Trapped 1 Neolomys, 1 Satanellus. Went hunting rock wallabies in Anman Gorge. Back in camp by 10. Skinned. Norman Watten & truck arrived 11 - reached Cockatoo 1.30 pm. Reorganizing arranged trip to Alderbury (mile 29) for more rock wallabies, & later to Scagran's Dam (Sat. & Monday). Got permission from Sgt. Griffiths of Police to shoot town possums. Van shot 1 one (a Trichosurus).

Wed.
Sep 22

Had talk with Carlton Olive re Linty. Arranged Saturday trip in Dornay Savage's pick-ups. Sgt Griffiths lending us his tracker Sammy for weekend. Len wrote that our boys to go on Wednesday.



level bedded
sandstone 500 ft
above
s.l.

folded
black shales, disturbed
by granites

granites

Corktown formation

Thur.

Sep. 23.

By train at 8 am to Alderbury at mile 25. Van & I walked up to the gorge in sandstone rocks to learn route. Camped at station. Out in late p.m. taking 30 steel traps & our hunting lights.

No rock wallabies seen & their droppings but rarely - more wallaroos. Van shot 2 Petaurus australis. ~~Flax~~

Fri.
Sep 24.

Out long before sun-up. Traps n.g. Hunted up gorge. No rock wallabies. Saw a large frog. Wallaroo hopping away fast.

Two wallaroos came along opposite side of gorge 200 yards away. Stopped. Feeding. Observed in a moment of "boxing", when they stood facing, close together & seemed to claw each other's shoulders with their fore paws.

Van caught a Scotomys in roof of station.

Left at 2 pm by power-band-car.

Stopped at culverts where 3 Rhizoglyphus.

Stopped at Seagreen's Farm, 10 mi. from

Cooktown to verify plans for hunting whiptails.

Reached Cooktown about 3.30 when found Len Geoff, DM, was already settled in Commercial Hotel.

Sat.

Sep. 25.

Left Cooktown with Donny Savage's truck, ^{about 10 a.m.} bound for Seagreen's Farm. Arrived 11 a.m. Objective: whiptail wallabies. Arranged for "Sammy", Sept. Griffiths' tracker to go out to Fern Sully for whiptails also.

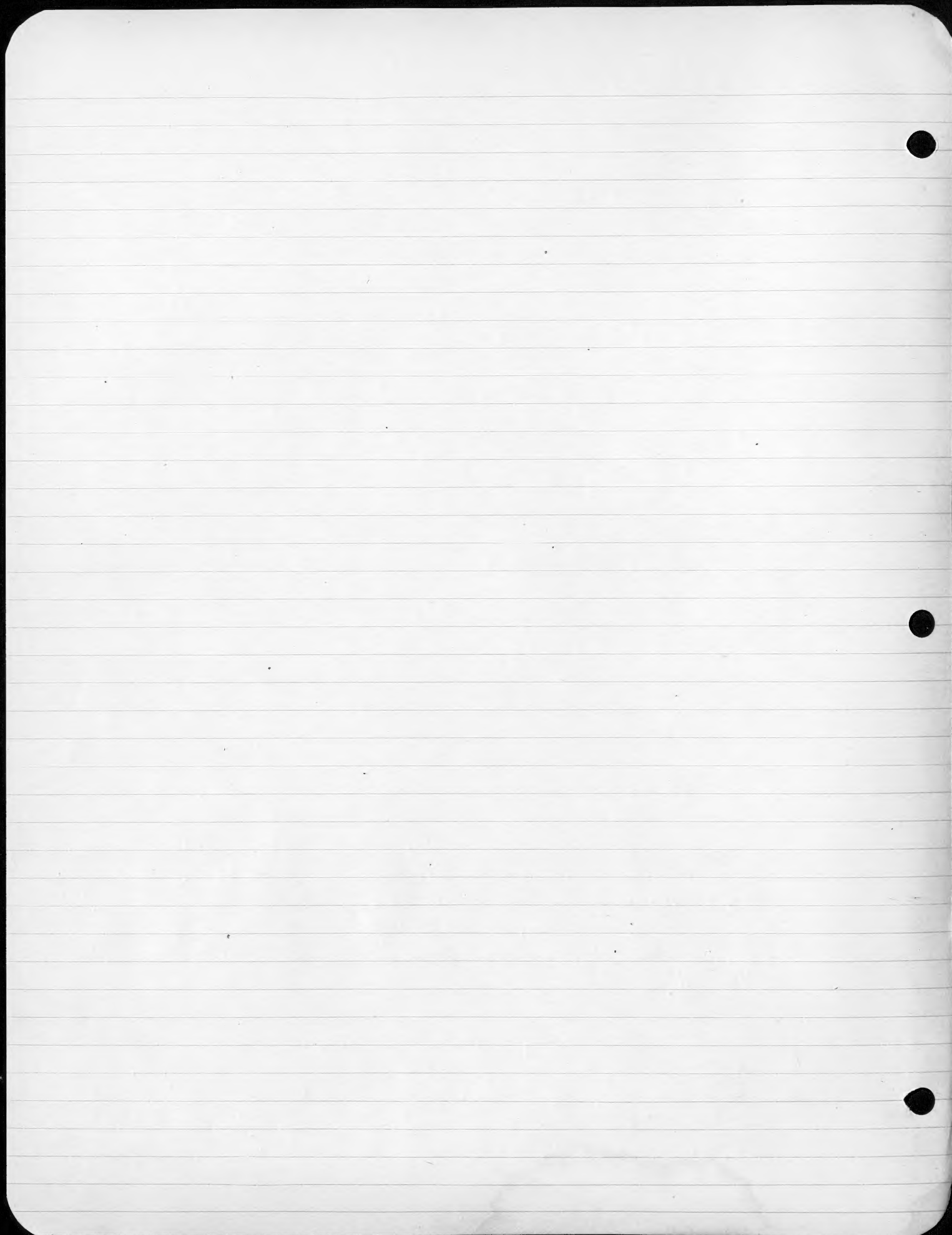
At 4 pm Van & I went out up the hills - 1 mile west along the line & then up the east side of a big gully toward the sandstone-capped hills. Saw 1 ground. Took up at night. Van, flying squirrel.

Sun.

Sep. 26.

Out very early - till 11 a.m. - about 6 miles. Van saw 2 wallabies in distance but not certainly whiptails.

Several mammals in traps: Rattus culmorum, Hydromys, shot 2 spp of Scotomys.



Mon
Sep 27

Bats shot by Van: - 1 *Scotermis* 3
Macroglossine at flowers of Century Plant (Sisal).
Cut after bat was taken - 2 found under
fall iron shaft in middle of red-earth peanut
field. Field originally in open forest.
Nthly in traps.
Back to Corkton by noon.
Sam & Don had left in a.m. plane for
Cairns.
Did some packing for ship journey.

Tues.
Sep 28.

Finished packing. Came down to boat in
a.m. We got on board tonight. Due to sail
early Wed. a.m.; and arrive Cairns Wed. eve.
Working out schedule for RR trip - Cairns
onwards.

Wed.
Sep 29.

Left 5 a.m. Stopped at Blainfield R to take on
Lady Bissett, wife of ex-commander of the "Queen
Mary". Stopped at Daintree for fruit. Reached
Cairns 4 pm

Thurs.
Sep 30 -
Fri Oct 1
Sat Oct 2

Baggage repacked. I terminated my association
with Archibald & wife. as of morning of Oct 2.
Don went down to the warehouse & worked crates
all morning.

Reconnaissance trip renewed by overnight
visit to Baram Waters (trapping) see beyond. Also
accepted offer accompanying Mr. Gallup of
"Diam Road" on survey of Windsor Tableland.
To start Monday pm.

George Brooker drove me out to stay with
Bob Hunter at Baram Waters. Set 21 steel
traps + 22 net traps.

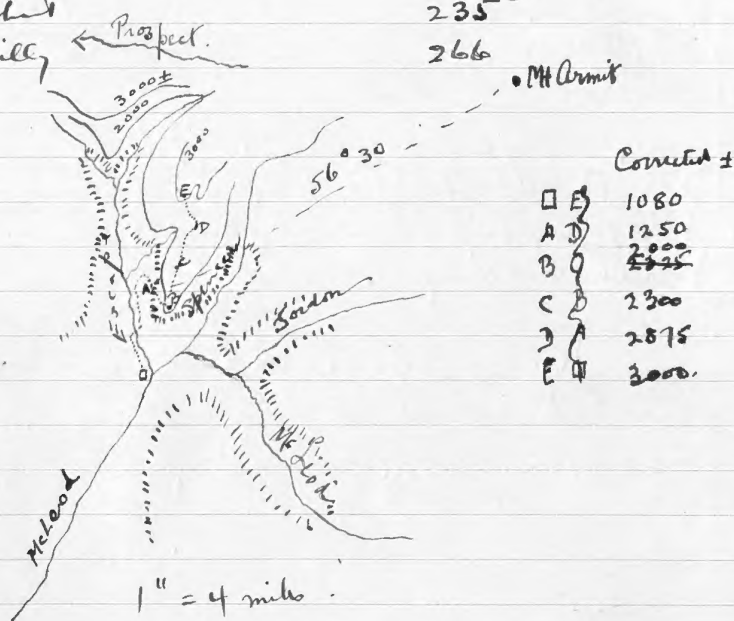
Sta D₂. Elephant 222°

Sta D₁ Turkey Hill (quartz gully) 202° 30'
Elephant 225°
Desaiilly 248° 30'

Sta D. Armit 56° 30'
Turkey Hill 206°
Elephant 226°
Desaiilly 249

Sta C. McCord-Escape Tctm (camp) 187°
Turkey Hill 221°
Elephant 233°
Desaiilly 254° 30' ^{mag. Vanuatu} 6° E

Sta B. Alto 145° 30'
McCord-Escape 187° ±
Turkey 226° = 232.
Elephant 235°
Desaiilly 266°



Note: Mr. Galloway (main road) collected *Nototherium* in 1932 at Richardt River crossing 40 mi from Durketon.

Sun.
Oct 3.

Catched only a Peromyscus in rocky scrub above
house & Uromys in kitchen. Porters came
again for me at 11. In pm with Van to visit
the Heales

Mon.
Oct 4.

Horace picked up my baggage at 10.30 & returned for me
at noon. We left - 6 of us in 2 cars - about 1.30 pm.
We went up the Cassowary highway which I visited in
March, south the Mt Molloy ^(timber) west to Mt Carbine (Wolfram)
& continued west to the crossing of the McLeod River near
Cunaghmore Station, where we spent the night. All open
country south & west of Juliettin. From Mt Molloy tower a
large mass of mountain (Mt Dasher) very prominent. This
is the southern tip of a massive chain of mtns running
thence NNW to Mt Armit.

Tues.
Oct 5.

An early start. Drove up the escape track about 2 miles.
Parked the command car, & climbed the ridge between
the valleys of the Escape and Spencer.

	Stockyard	8.30 am.	1090 ft.	8.30 pm.	1290
1 1/4 hrs.	Stn A (lylcar)	9.45 am.	1275 "	4.10 "	1525
35 min	Stn B.	10.20 "	2030 "	3.40 "	2250
45 min.	Stn C	11.08 "	2435 "	3.00 "	2630
50 min	Stn D.	12. noon.	3020 "		?
1 hr. 60	Stn E	1 pm.	3160 "	Started down	at 1.50 pm.
3.10 min. up.			1 hr camp. 4.30 pm		2 1/2 hr down

Not in scrub anywhere visible. River scrub in Spencer &
McLeod valleys. Saw Gray Kangaroos (2). Up in this
lots of Wallaroo sign.

Wed.
Oct 6.

Shot 2 Trichosurus, 1 Pseudocherius last night. Stayed
in camp to skin them while G. Gallup & his men went
out again to search for road. In pm. collected insects up
to Spencer - McLeod Junction. The McLeod supplies virtually
all the flour.

Left 4 Trichosurus in shot. Plenty of possum droppings.
They seem to discard the food to defecate - at least sometimes.
In evening went out looking in same area. Collected a
♀ Pseudocherius (with 2 pct yg). Saw & left
unmolested 5 Trichosurus.

No trees
seen from anywhere
along the railway west of
Tomsville.



Thurs.
Oct 7.

Skinned the Pseudoctonus. Then we broke camp & returned to Cairns. Left Camp 8:30 Reached Cairns at 3-p.m. Repacking for departure in a.m.

Fri.
Oct 8.

This marks the real resumption of the reconnaissance trip. Left Cairns by 10 a.m. train for Townsville, which arrived at 7:30 p.m.

Bellenden Ker clouded. No rain however - Very dry everywhere.

Mountains of Coast advance & recede. Mass just n. of Cardwell. Another s. of the Tully R. The Tully valley fairly open, as is that of the Herbert. In latter case mountains out of sight. Next come mts of Seaview Ra (Mt Speke).

Vegetation Semi-scrub as far as Tully, mixed with true scrubs & patches of gum forest. Further south it is all open forest. Necessary to draw the rain-forest lines on a good map, as small scale maps will not accommodate.

Sat.
Oct. 9.

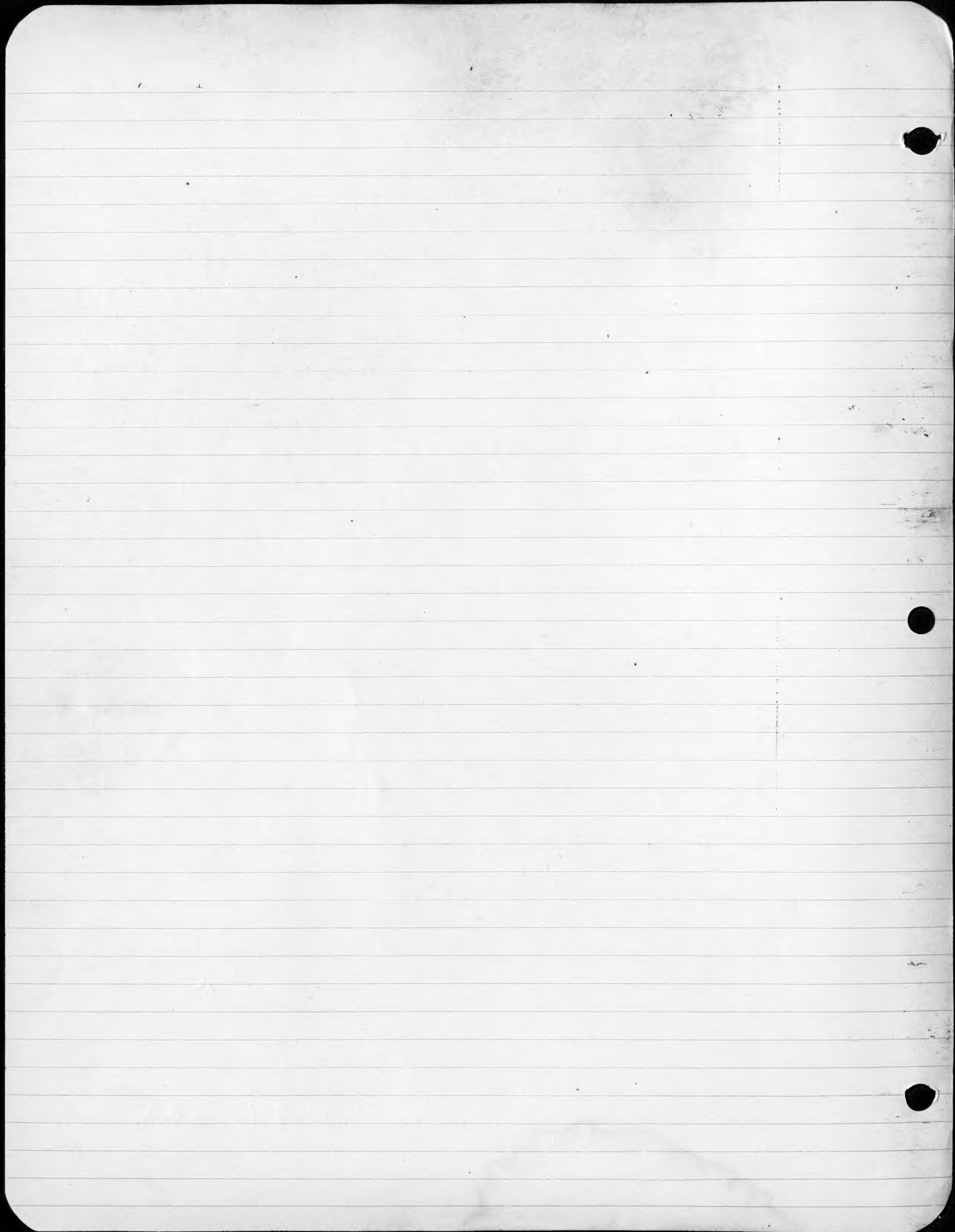
Train for Mt Isa leaves 11 a.m. On this trip shall see only the terrain as far as Pentland ^(198 mi.) and/or Warrigal which the train reaches just at dark.

At daybreak I shall be at Julia Creek (398 mi). Due at ~~Mt Isa~~ Cloncurry (481 mi) at 9:40 a.m.; Mt Isa (608 mi) 3:15 p.m. Oct 10th

First 2 hours - through broad ^{poor} open forest, flat, gradually rising. Hills begin to encroach on either side, just before descent to open valley of Reid River ^(248 mi) (35 mi.). All very barren & dry. This basin is separated from the Burdekin R. by a low part of the Leichardt Range - higher part (952 ft) at Mingela. The Burdekin is famed near Macrossan (793 ft $\frac{3}{4}$ & 69 miles out of Townsville).

Sedimentary cap-rocks to s. between Reid & Burdekin - Houghton Valley (photo - looking SE). 2 Locomotives for succeeding hills. Summit flat - (Mingela) ←

The Burdekin is an enormous river - close to Macrossan (70 $\frac{1}{2}$ mi), crossed by a high steel bridge. Its bed is broad, flat & all sand.



Water in it (Oct) is reduced to disconnected water holes.

Charles Towns dusty barren, a landlocked good place. Few growing bushes. No rain since last March 12 months. (Missed rain last season) However, as there ~~is~~ is plenty of open forest a mile either side I think the local forest must have been cut for timbering stops & tunnels.

Miles of flat country beyond Charles Towns. Sidgea, Bridgwater re - 1 Begin to climb again at Homestead.

Pentland ^{1323 ft.} - dead flat - few scattered trees. A few scattered hills to n & s 8-10 miles away. Miss Neutauiser collected Rock Wallabies here.

Met. J. Meredith, former main road man, has lived at Ravenshoe. Thinks he remembers Harry Raven. He claims they found *Eudromicia* ^(mid 19th century) along Cook Highway.

Green Porcupine formerly between Milarade & Herberton (1 pouch young only).

Porcupine caught at Charles Towns ^{in mid 19th} & Blackhall.

Pale grayish when young.

Open forest ends about 20 miles E of Hayledon -

Whiptail as far as Cloncurry.

Plague in 1940 Hayledon to Cloncurry of Rats

Well was choked with dead rats

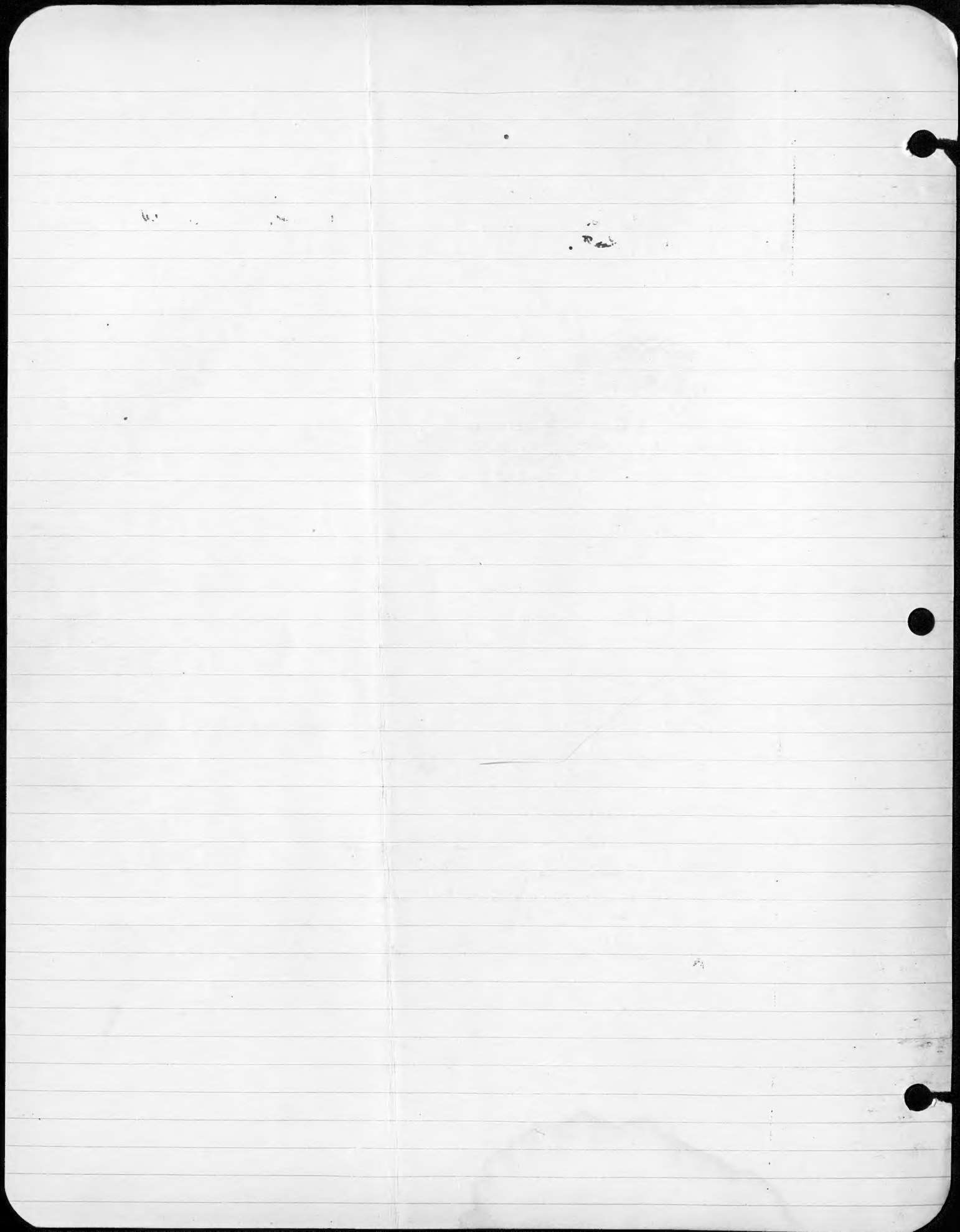
Plague for 12 months.

West of Hayledon climb low rocky hills to divide. Trees very small & dense - Lancewood. Goes to Iron Bark & Bloodwood.

Warrigal - Take on second engine to cross range.

At Obiada the line passes from grass country back to scattered forest.

Fed. King better of Bew. King, 1/2 harden at Denton. Bew. Lancewood & Sidgea peculiar odor.



Sun
Oct 10.

6 a.m.

Tuba Creek, - wide open Mitchell grass country with an occasional small tree. Burnt to dry grass color. No creek.

8 a.m. Scattered bushes - particularly along creeks. } E. n. s.
8.30 Creek. Incus at trough bushes. } 3. n. s.

8.35 Undina - State Mitchell grass + Sidgee. Dead flat.

8.45 Red gravelly soil near shrubby bushes locally, + Mitchell grass on the rise. - Spinifer 29???

9.00 Pymura or state. Set by cloudy.

Hills to south - outposts of Cloncurry system
10.00 Small farms along Cloncurry River - few hills of Winton about.

Between Dolomite + Marico a few small rock outcrops - Scattered "spinifer" clumps.

Yoomoo among rock hills - promising!

21 mi - "spinifer"

Malbon N.G. - all flat.

Flat anticline of white shales (° dolomite?) at 520'

Scattered flat topped hills show dissected peneplain.

W. of Lear at 536.

Cloncurry - again plenty of "spinifer"

Rocky Outcrops (S.S.?) of 547

W. of Hotel - Rocky hills - Spinifer.

27th Dry creek - temporary increase in vegetation: gums + trees. W. of Lear area promising.

Train arrived 1 hr. late. Difficultly to get into Hotel. Very crowded - Sports teams. To my astonishment a sand storm which speedily changed to rain came over the town at

6.30 ^{W. of Lear} The big mine very impressive - Iron, W. - Knittschmitt. - Chief Lead, Zinc, + some Copper.

1st Hotel, manageress Mrs O'Grady.

Spent evening with Mr + Mrs Knittschmitt. To see Mr. Benn, school teacher in children's society names. Then to Rife Creek to Watts for day or so.

Harry Ormsby
Police Station
Birdsville

Mr. J. H. Bates

Mon
Oct 11.

A cool a.m. (66°) & dense mist like fog which was actually suspended dust.

Visited the children's school (principal, Mr. Brown) to learn whether kids had seen any mammals. Several stood forward. They were to try hunting this p.m., & I am to pay 6¢ for each specimen tomorrow morning. One boy said he had seen traces of spring ant catw.

Then up to the mine, where Mr. — took me out to see some small natural caverns. One, 20 ft deep, had plenty of droppings of rock badger & a few of wallars. No bats. Other holes too small. After lunch back to the mine to search in no 1 (200 ft) level for possible skeletons of rats which crowded into the tunnel during the 1940 rat plague. None found, but picked four skeletons off the ceiling of the 85 ft level.

Discrepancy in the stories of the rat plague: — some they migrated, others random movement. None supporting migration disagree & on the question of direction.

Met Mr. J. H. Bates, who has just returned from Birdsall, S.W. Q. & says a rat plague is actually in progress there. Am writing to Police Officer Harry Ormsby, Police Stn, there to try to obtain specimens.

Evening. To dinner with Mr. & Mrs. Kruttschnitt.

Mr. Bates also recalled what would seem to be *Antechinus* when he was a boy out at Baerlen, 90 mi. S. of Dajana. It was in the loose bank at the foot of a fence post towards

All preparations made for me to go up to the dam at Rupa Creek, Y. Id. Walter. A car will pick me up at 10.15 a.m.

Spine fox seen & felt for first time today.

Dined with Mr. & Mrs. Kruttschnitt.

Found swallows' nests under lip of dam, but no swallows.
Found also, cormorant, black duck, jabiru stork. Small flocks in
muddy places.

Rocks: ^{land} conglomerate quartzite (?), ^{shales of quartzite} ^{water holding} ^{oolite}, black shale (stony
on edge in stream bottom).

Various gum trees etc in bottom of Rifle Creek. The springer going
to seed.

Tues
Oct 12.

Left for Rifle Creek at 11 a.m.; and 11.50. Mr. Watts very cordial. Went out on dammed up lake in small power boat for $\frac{1}{2}$ hour after lunch.

The creek normally dries up before the dam was built. There is a catchment area of 16 sq. miles, & the water caught lasts over several dry seasons. Last year the dam did not overflow. It has overflowed to a depth of 4 feet.

Going up the lake, which winds among steep rocky hills, we saw 2 gray, white chested wallabies. Watts says that a hunter recently shot one 80 animals of which 3 were gray kangaroos, the rest wallabies. No red wallabies here. Some quite dark - blackish.

Have found 3 or 4 wallaby skulls up gully opposite house, in which is a tiny perpetual spring.

Trapping: - 25 mixed traps up said gully among rocks & spinifex grass. (No catch); also 25 above the dam, partly high up at the foot of the cliffs, partly along the high water mark of the lake (built 1922) (One mouse). A few traps in house (1 mouse).

Evening: with jacklight saw 4 sick wallabies at water. shot one - found another in my steel trap. Dr. Watts trapped yet another using lettuce & bread for bait. $\frac{1}{2}$ mouse.

At dusk saw one bat. missed it.

Wed.
Oct 13.

Ran traps. Went on to two small caves seen in side of hill edging lake $\frac{1}{4}$ mile above dam.

First Cave: - Mummified remains of 2 wallabies, 1 "joy" wallaby, 1 bird. Second cave: - Skin of rock python; two large gray Taphozoms, both collected.

The mice resembled above a pale gray house mouse, larger than house mice, with the bases of the tails fattened - thick-skinned. Perhaps a water storage mechanism. The tails draw out easily & the vertebrae + muscles show no such thickening. They remind me of Ladonys.

Returned from caves across top of hills on "horse tracks". Fine view. Skinning mice, bats, wallabies. Must take care of Thomas.

"Kangaroo rats" said by Watts to occur out on the spinifex flats. "reticulated" at Quarry.

Rev. J. C. Bradford
P. O. Box 37
Mt. Isa. N. Q.

Send off of "Preparation of soil samples"

Colin Watts
Rifle Creek Dam

H. P. Veness.
Winton

Thurs.
Oct. 14.

Picked up traps: another rock wallaby which I killed + skinned; still another which I released. They get into traps very easily. Also trapped: - another *Laomys* (?), a *Smithopsis*, fat-tailed, with 6 pouch young; and a house mouse.

Finished packing about 3.30. Mr. Watts drove me down to the station by 4.30.

There I got a break: - found a 10th sleeper attached to the "morning". So had good night's sleep.

Fri.
Oct. 16.

Day break $\frac{1}{2}$ hour before we reached Talia Creek.

Mitchell Grass country. Dead flat.

Breakfast at Nelia - still flat Mitchell grass country - heavily grazed in places.

Great man who said there is a species of possum at Spring Creek - some 15 miles N.W. of Mt Isa.

Nonda (360 mi) has some trees + low shrubby bushes, compared with the almost bare country about Nelia (368 mi). It is also higher: 520 ft, compared with 465 ft at Nelia.

Maxwellton is all grass now.

Talnoe. Trees, grass, a gushing bore - cattle.

Genoek: - Guns + tent!

Richmond: Small town on Flinders R. Boiling water bore. Grass patches. Country e. of Richmond becoming a bit more rolling. Train has tracks to go up hill.

3.30 pm. Still Mitchell grass. Two bushes. True ridge - to NE. (~~partly the line of Flinders R.~~)

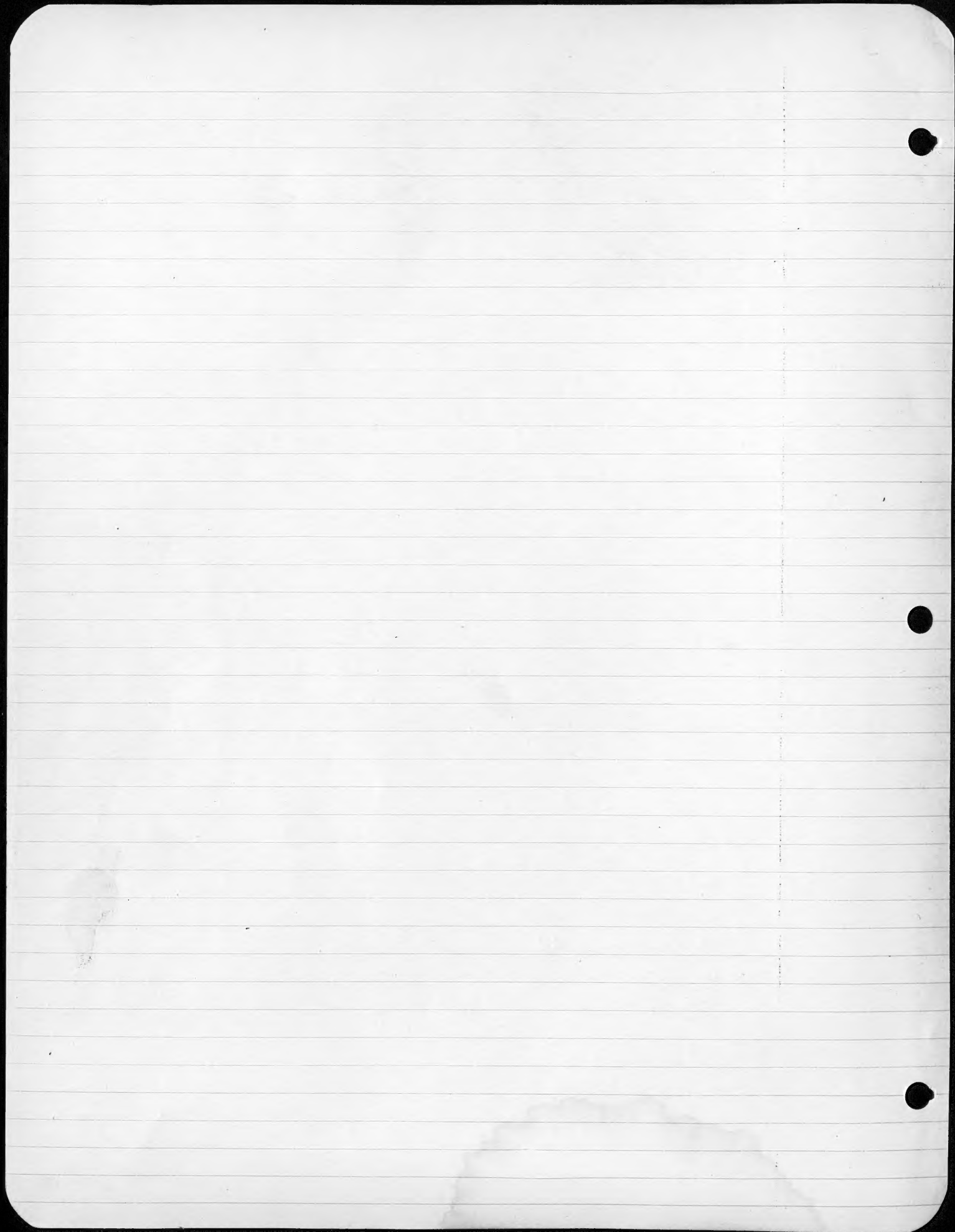
Mozelle - Mitchell grass - much grazed. The big ridge is across the Flinders R. 20 miles away. It

shuts from N by E to NE \pm .

(278 mi) ^{520 ft} from E end of ridge about due N. Still in grass. This ridge said to be basalt or very rough. It carries forest

and later (8.00 pm) at Hughendon. In bright moonlight walked down to the Flinders R. - 200 yards wide + a dry bed of sand with temporary water road crossing it. A large timber construction.

Visited G.O. + Police Sta. to try to trace Gabriel Newbauer Scott (who collected mammals here). Found Mr. Scott's former prospecting partner - Mr. Mottershead.



He said the Scotts lived until last April for Tomsville where they lived in one of the "Country Women's" huts till July. Then Mrs. S. took a job out at Selwyn (carpenter + well-driller), while she with the children went to Brisbane. He was sure her address could be had either at the P. O. or the museum.

The Police sgt told me that the place where the fossils "near Hughenden" were taken out was Stamford, on the Winton line. Stamford is 38 miles from Hughenden.

Sat
Oct 16.

Train for Winton left at 6.30 (1/4 hour late).
Lands flat - bare. A forested plateau (basalt?) a few miles east. Much dust haze in air.
Mt. Alla, steep station - not too heavily grazed.

US. Country becomes completely treeless. Mitchell grass. Beyond Wariana the Mitchell grass downs are much overgrazed.

Stamford suffering extreme drought. Apparently no one ever heard of discovery of fossils here!

Chinbi - slight improvement in grass. Rocks basaltic? or schistosity? - good sized blocks, some with conchoidal fracture. Dead animal and turtle bones!

Whitewood - heavily grazed & no trees.

Tarvans, steep station. Mitchell grass not too bad

Siberia

Corfield (lunch place). ^{about} completely about. Dust. ^{heavily grazed}

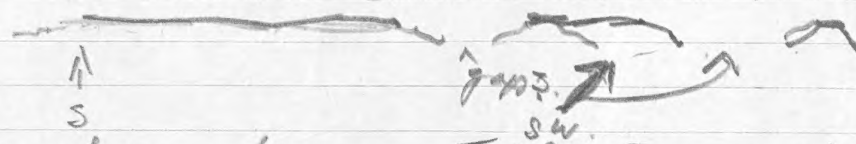
Pronounced mirages to N. Mimosa tree & round stemmed tree photoed.

A prodigious "willy-willy" (dust storm) west of Olio plateau.
Olio more less grazed out.

A drigo, reddish tree, a mile NE of Lana (denuded)

Pruebi. Distinct hills (Tall but?) about about

20 miles



Andonoo - bare & barren. Tableland composed of ^{about} dissected fragments.

The hills are low & pale sandy brown - possibly a clay. The first hill due left at 356 miles. over

Stalini master at Linton has specimens of silicified wood,
which he thinks came from Rangeland Station.

The railroad passed thru the easting of the 2 gaps. There is some low open forest of pines, others are nearly bare. Top of gap at ± 358 .

Another is sedimentary - this begins (1 mile) and is directly east of Rayland's Station (360 mi.).

Looks like rock wallaby country. (Winton only 8 miles ahead. Talland reappears (continues?) 10 mi to S.W. Also (across watershed) a faintly discernible second separated area to S.E. This must be toward Mt Alice + Mt Leichardt.

Arrived Winton 3:30 just in time for the engineers & conductor to hear the "Melbourne Cup" on the radio.

After a bath went to present letter of introduction, given me by Mr. Watts, to Mr. Veress. He in turn gave me the addresses of people who might know about local mammals, and afterwards presented me at the Winton Club, where I shall go tomorrow seeking still more information. Veress's list of mammals (reputed):

Kangaroos (various)

Wallaroos, & rock wallabies in hill country (Rayland)

Dingo

Kangaroo mice

Macropus mice

Peromyscus

Bandicoots (which?)

{ Waterrats in a waterhole in a
{ creek 30 mi west.

Despite 3 years drought & the last around Winton being devoid of all fodder, mosquitoes a flying about me in the hotel as I write.

Sun.

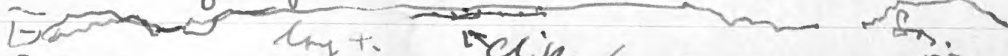

Oct. 17.

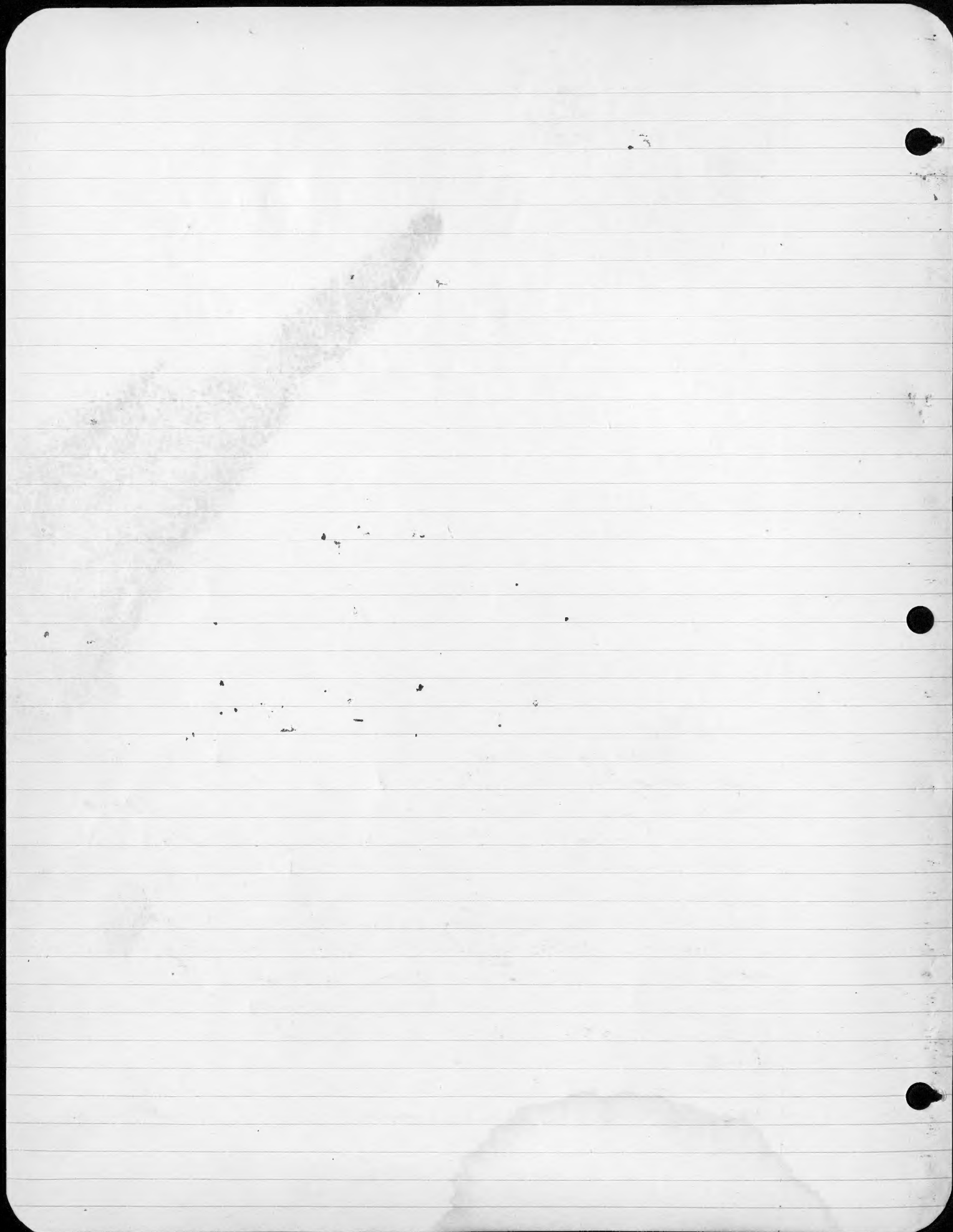
Arrived sleepers to get me to Gairdian the covering of the 20th. Saw 4 boobys. These quaint birds come right into town after food & water. To the club to write letters.

Mon.

Oct. 18.

Left at 8 a.m. Due E, being Rayland to N. - passing between them & the "distant talland" alluded to on Saturday. Also then talland appears to be remains of dissected plain. Small hill here at 530 miles; eastern tip of long talland here at 523

523  
cliffs (rock wallabies) 528



There is much more of this tableland to the west S & SSE. - 20-25 miles away. To extreme eastern tip level with 505 miles; 10-15 miles to SE.

498 mi. Another block of tableland to SSE - 25 mi. Mitchell grass still grazed down almost to zero.

E. of Chonagon the land not quite so heavily grazed but no wood. Small coolibah trees along dry creek beds. An occasional windmill (489 mi).

Morilla (level: the cup of tea & the meat pie or sandwich); all grass virtually gone: 3 carloads of sheep attached to this train. "Main Roads" doing good work on this Winton-Loppreck highway = culverts bridges etc. Inhabitants say they work much too slowly.

457 miles. Increase in the number of trees (Pagno sta.) Laticytic nodules. 454 1/2. Many trees (all small) been cut for fence posts.

450 More Mitchell grass fodder. Invertebrates again. But plenty a short way N. Descending.

Large water hole at 447. Country more gullied from N-S. Darr. Plenty of small wood & the aforesaid permanent water, but feeds all used up.

E of Darr - low, sandy. Some few shrubby trees. 442 1/2 low crest of red soft ss. crossed. Complete change from grass country of Winton, etc. Low ss ridge to N - 50-100 ft. (5 miles away).

Just before reaching Loppreck crossed two water-filled channels of the Thompson River, NOT flowing but way across in water holes (have name Long Rocks). Fringed by big (6ft wide) tufts of a grass stem short resembling our Kerria, but leafless. These could well take small mammals. The entire valley of the Thompson, very flat except for channels in a couple of miles wide. It looks as though in flood times it filled up completely.

Loppreck much more picturesque as the water part of flowing shrub. A big water tower filled from the river.

Country from back to eaten-up condition - ditched across all way to S are old dune.

Constable G. W. Reilly (Robin Str.)
Clermont

met Constable J. J. Phelan
on train
Central Queensland Naturalist Club

Wombats

Tu. Oct
19.

From Barcelona to Terich, I was tired (6 pm).
The land is called the "desert country" - mostly
bare & sandy. There are few quills at least the trees
are much less in this district & often thick - broad -
15" to 2 ft. It remained mostly forest on sandy
soil but there were a few open patches.

Got no view of the western slopes of the ranges -
Terich, Alpha etc.

About 1-2 a.m. passed thru forests & cuts in
fairly level undulating sedimentary rocks of the high
divides - Dressmond, Ahern's Gap etc.

at dawn in rough country with large forest
& mostly afterwards large clipped hills to S. near
Bluff (106 mi). Country thereafter rolling,
forested. a few bits of erosion.

49.50 mi Lots of big prickly pear bushes in bloom -
isolated not masses. Great thick masses of shales
dipping steeply. Terrain very broken, deeply gullied.
A bottle tree, a cica tree.

40 mi Bogango - Open flats. More hills ahead.

Saw no sign of rain forest

Constitution
note - 50. Fossiliferous belt ^{70-80 mi} of Cleburn - 2 mi X
50. Bear 50 mi. E of Cleburn.

Arrived Rhampton 11.40. Was lucky enough to
get a berth this time on the 12.15 for Brisbane. Saw
to transfer of luggage.

Stage Binmore at station asked me to buy
some tobacco for him.

"The Ruck of the Mind" J.B. Phine

"Seven Gothic Tales" Isaac Dinesen

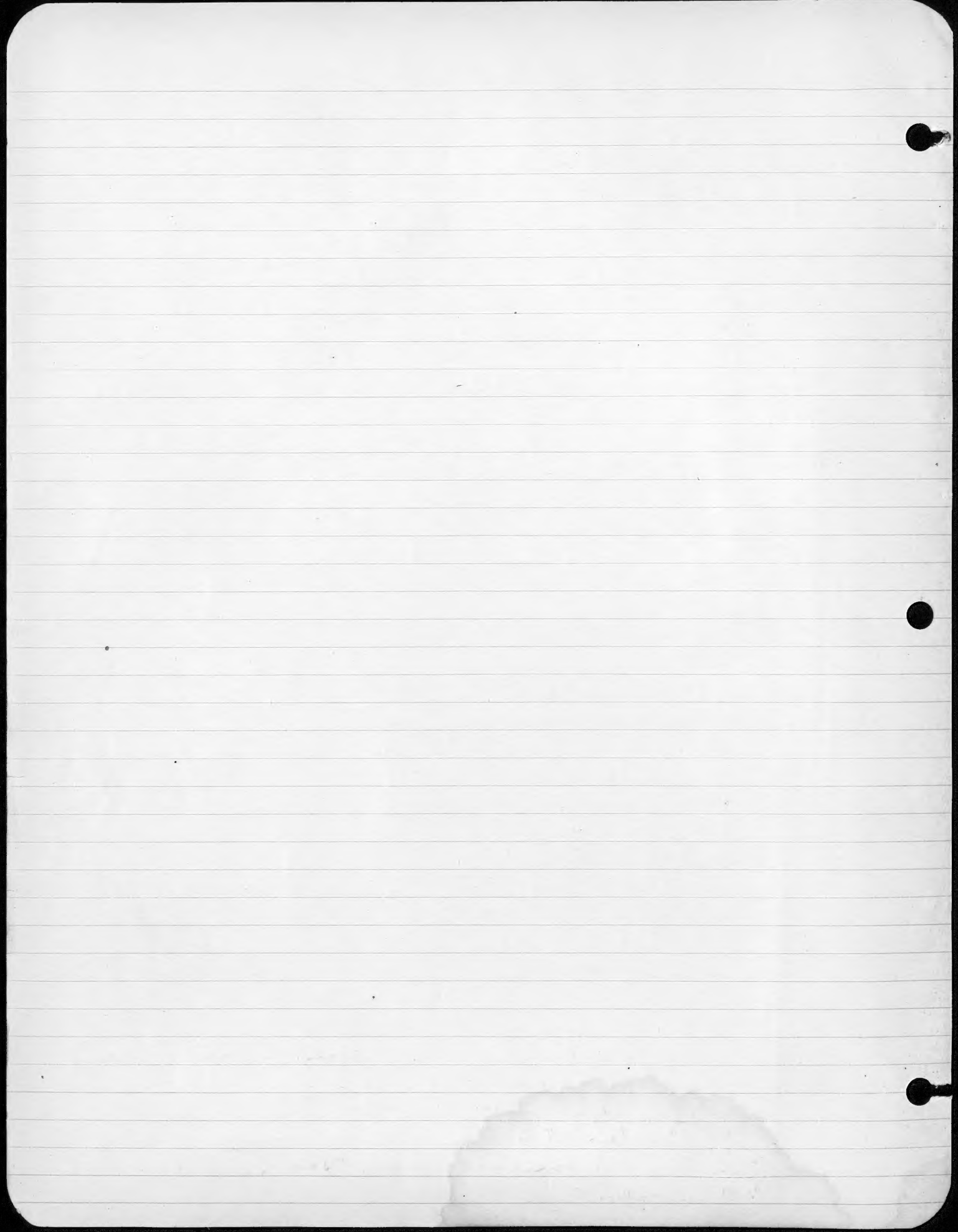
met Constable J.D. Phelan (opp. page) who
has lived at Cleburn intended in Nat. Hist.

Sumner said a Central Queensland Nat Soc. book
for 2. Lock (tea) at Gladstone.

Left Ruckhampton at 12.15 pm. A young policeman
gave me address (opp. page) of his friend Gailly, who is
interested in Nat Hist.

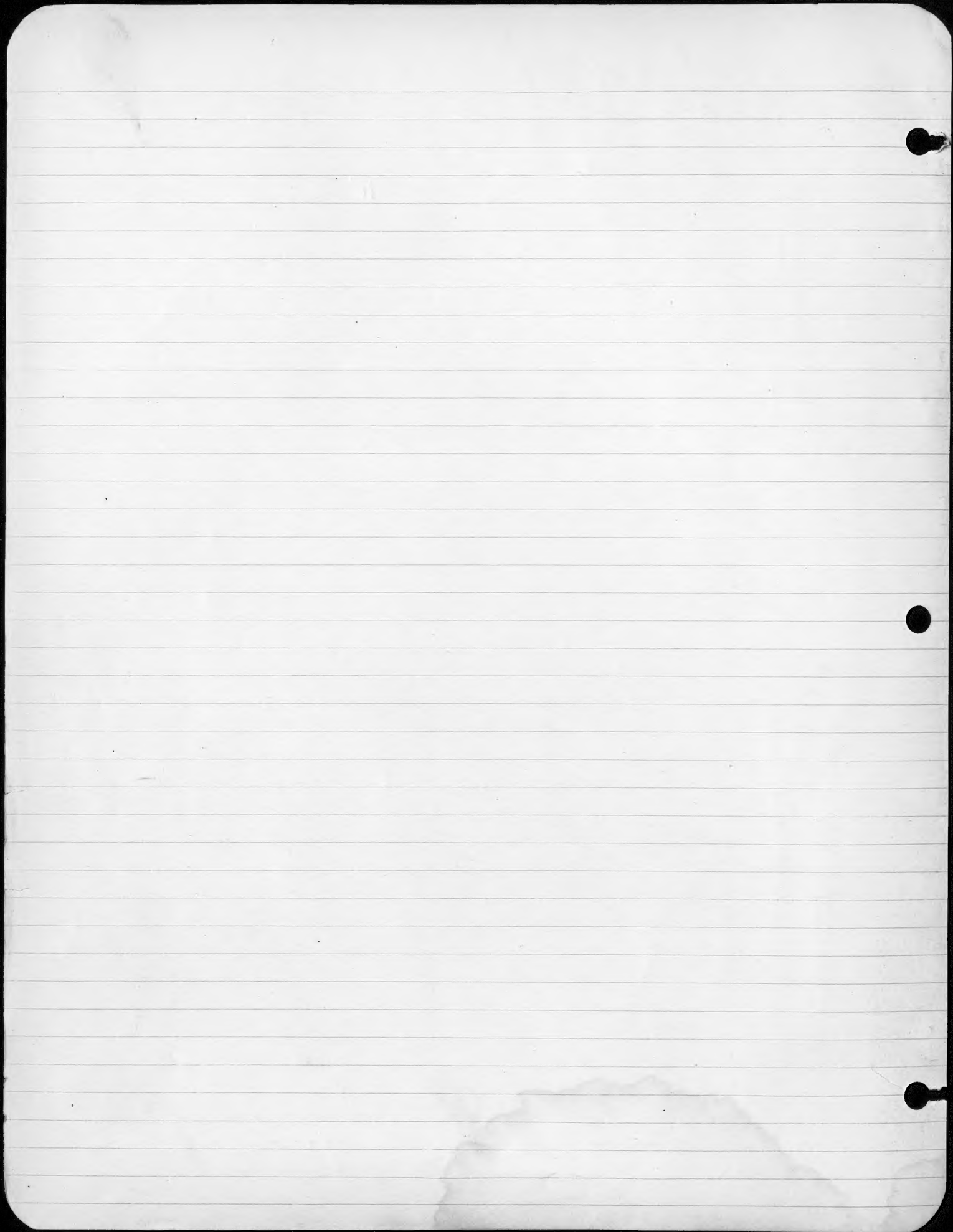
Portman at 6. a.m. at Annam copied names
from their catalogue (see next page). Notes continued
thereafter.

Wed Oct
20



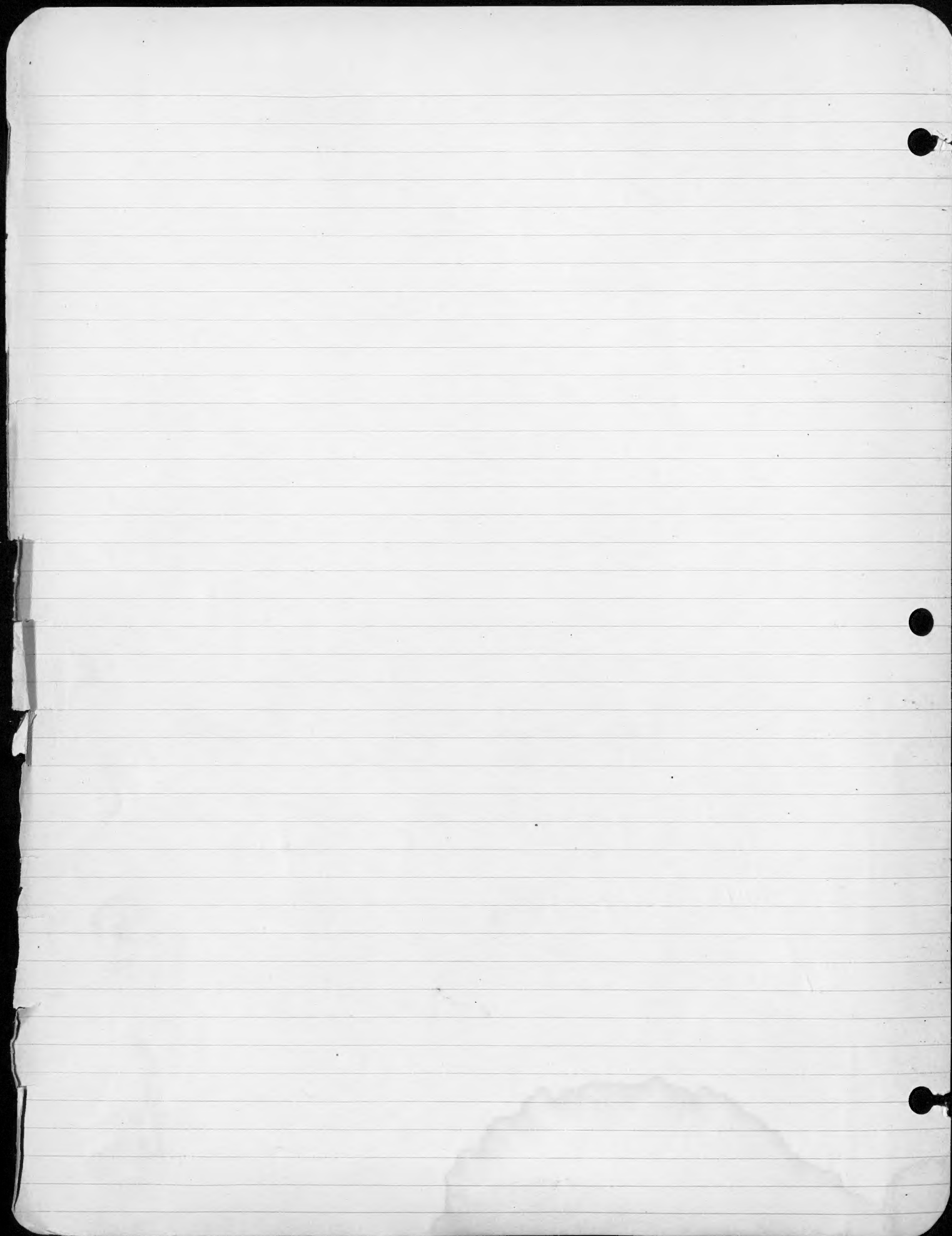
J

1911,		no.		Extracts from Mammal-Reptile Cat. Queensland Mus.	
July 5	11-14	<i>Echidna aculeata</i>		Woodford, Q,	50 mi n. Pruitan
Sep 2	11-19	<i>Phasc. cinereus</i>		"	
	21	11-20	<i>Tach. aculeatus</i>	"	
	21	11-26	<i>Acrobatis pygmaeus</i>	Whondai,	100 mi ^{NW} of Pruitan
Nov. 29	36	<i>Phascel. cinereus</i>		Blackall R.	
Dec. 29	41	<i>Pseudoch. pergrinus</i>		Toowoomba	
1912 Jan 23	85	<i>Ps.</i>	"	Terris's Ck,	n. of Dayboro, n.w. of SE. Q. ^{Pruitan}
"	86	<i>Phasc. pericallalis</i>		"	
"	87	<i>P. volans</i>		"	
27	90	<i>Perom. lajotis</i>		Swat, ^{SE} of Roma	Belconn R.
Apr. 25	104	<i>Sturnella</i> <i>Sturnella</i> <i>obscura</i>		Terris Ck.	
	27	105	<i>Perom. rufus</i>	Pruitan	
← May 9	120	<i>Trich. vulpina</i>		Woodford	
June 11	144/5	<i>Hypsigynchos rosulatus</i>		Yungaburra	
"	146/7	<i>Dendrolyna lamberti</i>		Cairns Dist.	
Aug 31	307	<i>Dendrolyna Bennettianus</i>		Dainton R.	<u>Type</u>
Sep. 13	337/8	<i>Pseudoch. fertatus</i>		Yungaburra	
	14	339/41	" <i>lunata</i>	Yungaburra	
	14	342/3	" <i>arctus</i>	Yungaburra	
✓	17	344	<i>Trich. v. johnstoni</i>	Yungaburra	
	17	345/6	<i>Ps. lunata</i>	Yungaburra	
	17	347	<i>T. v. johnstoni</i>	Yungaburra	
Oct 3	357	<i>Tachylyna</i>		Warrick	
	17	377	<i>Acrypygma</i>	Woodford	
	22	384	<i>Perom. rufus</i>	Noosa Heads, ^{N. Coast}	Belconn R.
	29	385/7	<i>Smith. crassus</i>	(?)	Roma
	29	388	<i>Dactylopsila t</i>	Hatton R	
Nov. 22	568/70	<i>Acrobatis frontalis</i>		Herbert Range	
	26	571	<i>Phasc. macdonnellianus</i>	Alice Springs (Spencer Coll)	
	26	572	<i>Smith. Larapinta</i>	Charlotte Water (" ")	
	26	573	<i>crustaceus</i>	"	"
	26	574	<i>Notomys</i>	"	"
	26	578	<i>Phasc. minutissimus</i>	Q.?	(6 gms upch)
1913 Jan 9	671	<i>Phascel. gillespiei</i>		Doonie R., St George, Q	
Feb. 1	755	<i>Ps. arctus</i>		Herbert R. Dist.	
	1	756	" <i>fertatus</i>	"	
	1	757	<i>pergrinus</i>	"	
	7	774/5	<i>D. lamberti</i>	"	
✓	8	778	<i>Trich. vulpina</i>	Alpac, Q	
	9	779	<i>Perom. rufus</i>	Portfield, Q	

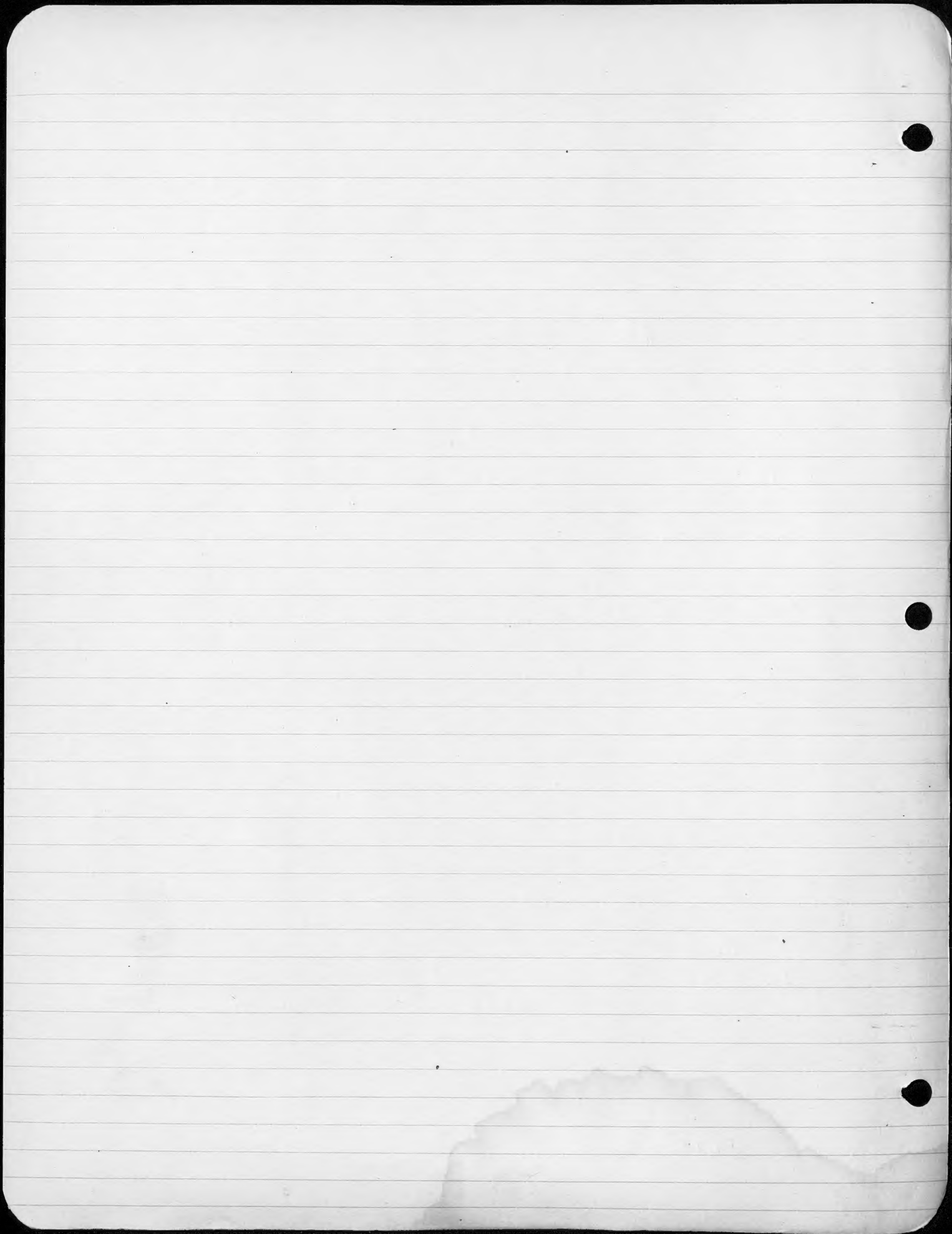


1913

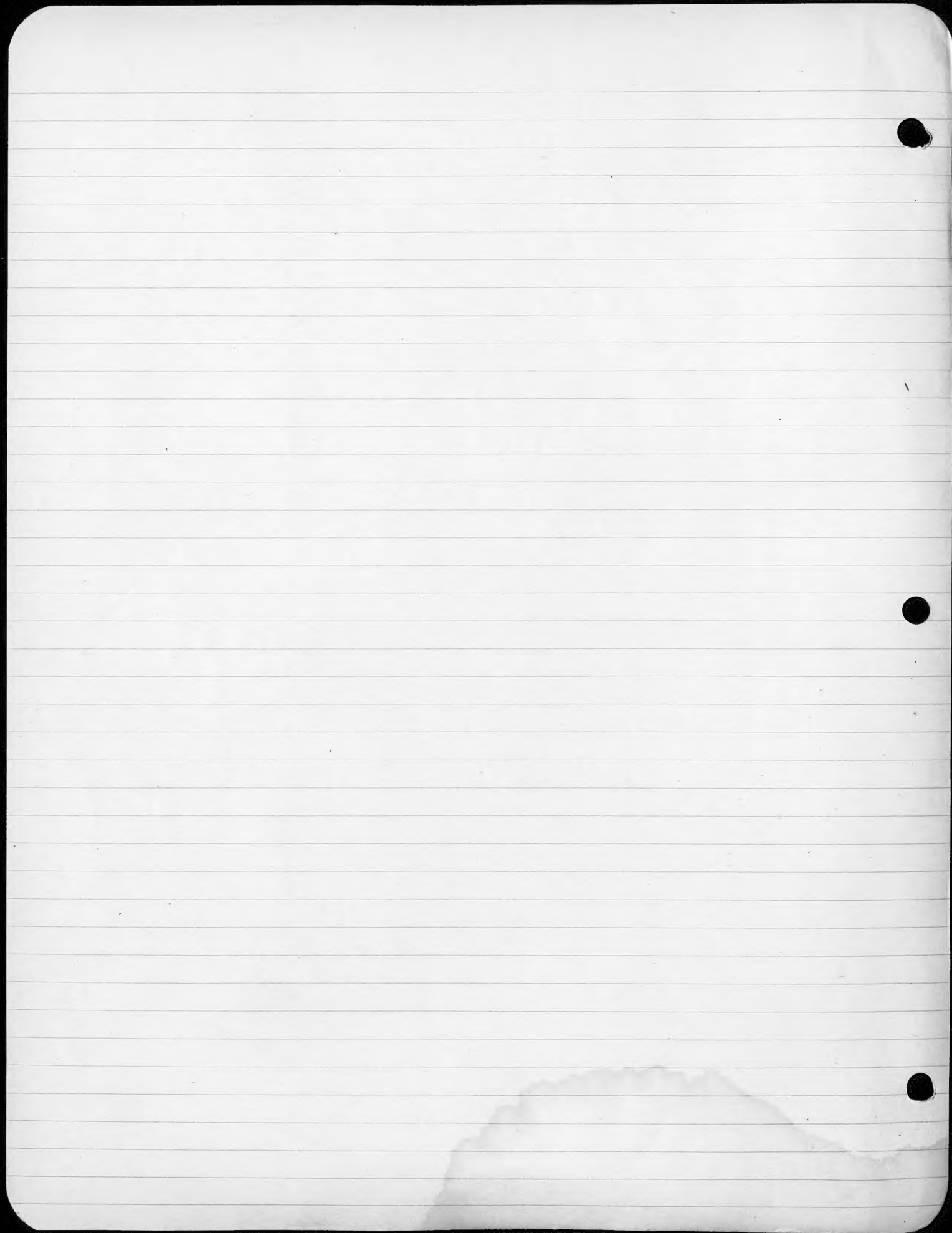
Jan. 4	881	Zaer. parryi	Southbrook, Q
Aug 5	1217	Trich vulpec.	Bundaberg, Q
Sep 18	1255	Acrobatis pyg.	Cannon Hill, Homingside, Q
Oct. 23	1302	Petaurus sciuens	Pointe aux Peres, Q
Jan 14	1433	Phase. flavipes	Noosa Heads, Q
16	1480	Pteropus polioceph.	Towong
	1492	Hydromys	Bundaberg
Mar 23	1737/8	Neomys barfieldi	Dunk Is.
23	1742	Ph. murina	Black Sea Lk, Rockhampt.
24	1745	Conilurus pedunculatus	Alice Springs
24	1758	Nyctinomus australis	Sowie Creek, Cardwell
"	1759	Chalvobates fouldii	" " "
"	1760	"	Chinchilla
"	1762	Nyctophilus timoni	Calourda, Q.
"	1763	"	Chinchilla
25	1770	Platypus	Trachay
May 6	1839	Phase. cinerea	near Pointe aux Peres
June 2	1858	Hydromys	Sarnford, 20 mi n of Pointe aux Peres
3	1860	Tachyglonus	Caspero, submt. Pointe aux Peres
15	1876	Dasyurus maculatus	near Pointe aux Peres
18	1890	Hypob. bicolor	Dunk Isl.
18	1891-3	Veoperys pusillus	"
July 15	1941	Q. aratus	Innerville, N. C. Line
	1942/3	Sm. crass.	Murwick Sta., W. Q
17	1944	Cepypyrus	Oxley, Pointe aux Peres
20	1945	Phase. flaviventris	Wood Point, North Bay
20	1947/8	" nudi chincilla	Sowie Creek, Cardwell
20	1949/53	" fuscus	" "
Oct 1	2064	Z. parryi	Wynnum
21	2022	Acrobatis p.	Murgon.
21	2027	"	Woodford, N. C. Line
1915	2096	Nyct. plectus	Pointe aux Peres
Jan 1	2275	Pet. sciuens	Tiaro
May 26	2322	Minipterus sch.	Pointe aux Peres
June 10	2379/82	Nyct. plectus	Bundaberg:
	2382	Minipterus striatus	"
21	2389/90	Platypus	Eidsvold, Q (Parramatta)
22	2396	Z. parryi	Esté
28	2399	Cepypyrus	Bundaberg



1915 June 29	2402-3	Pet volans.	Burdabay
	2404	Scotermis inflata	
Sep. 13	2526	Helomyza	Cape York
	2527	"	Rockhampton
	2528-33		Herbert Vale, nr. Cardwell
Feb. 21	2521	Phascogaster	Mundubbera
Oct. 21	2562	Trusmiomyza hirsuta	Darwin
Nov. 23	2634	Trac. fuscata	Lironia, Tasson
"	2635	" dorsalis	" "
"	2636a	" ualulatus	" "
"	2636	Phascogaster	" "
Dec. 15	2641	Nyctiphila	Woodford
1916 Feb. 22	2699	Hydomyza	Mt Tambourine
"	2700	Sm. crassa	Murweh, SW. Q
Feb. 64	2704/5	P. volans	Slacks Creek Mts
Mar 24	2734	Phascogaster	Curumbin, Q
Apr 14	2739	Artectomyza	?
" 14	2740	Ph. plumbeus	Poisson dist,
Apr 20	2743-4	Pet. volans	Woodford Q
July 7	2783	Dasi. maculatus	Mira, N. C. Line
" 12	2784	P. macrura	Woodford, N. C. Line
Aug 5	2789	Helomyza	Mt Tambourine
Aug 22	2794	Phas. flavipes	Tray Peaks, nr. Gladstone
Sept. 21	2816	Trach. macrura	Tambourine
Dec. 20	2884	Nyctiphila gouldi	Woodford
" 22	2835	Phas. flavipes	Eumundi
1917 Feb. 27	2865	P. volans	Yandina
Mar 6	2873	Ph. plumbeus	Nam, Tocumta
June 8	2879	Pet. scircus	Sunnybank, S. Q
July 24	2962	Pseudomyza monticola	Pittsworth, D. Dist
" 30	2968	Smith cross	Candamie Plains, Brisbane
Oct 1	3045	Aerobata	Woodford
Oct. 31	3052	Halimetus fardinii	Cape York
Nov. 13	3069	Notomys mitchelli	Mulgellie Sta, nr. Eidsvold
	3070	Hydomyza	"
	3071	aratoris	"
Nov. 26	3082-3	Sacc. flaviventris	Eidsvold
" 27	3096	Phas. minutissima	Pittsworth Dist.
Dec. 3	3097	Ps. perpinia	Bauple, nr. Traybros
1918 Jan 8	3109/10	Smith virginiae	Hampton, nr. Mackay

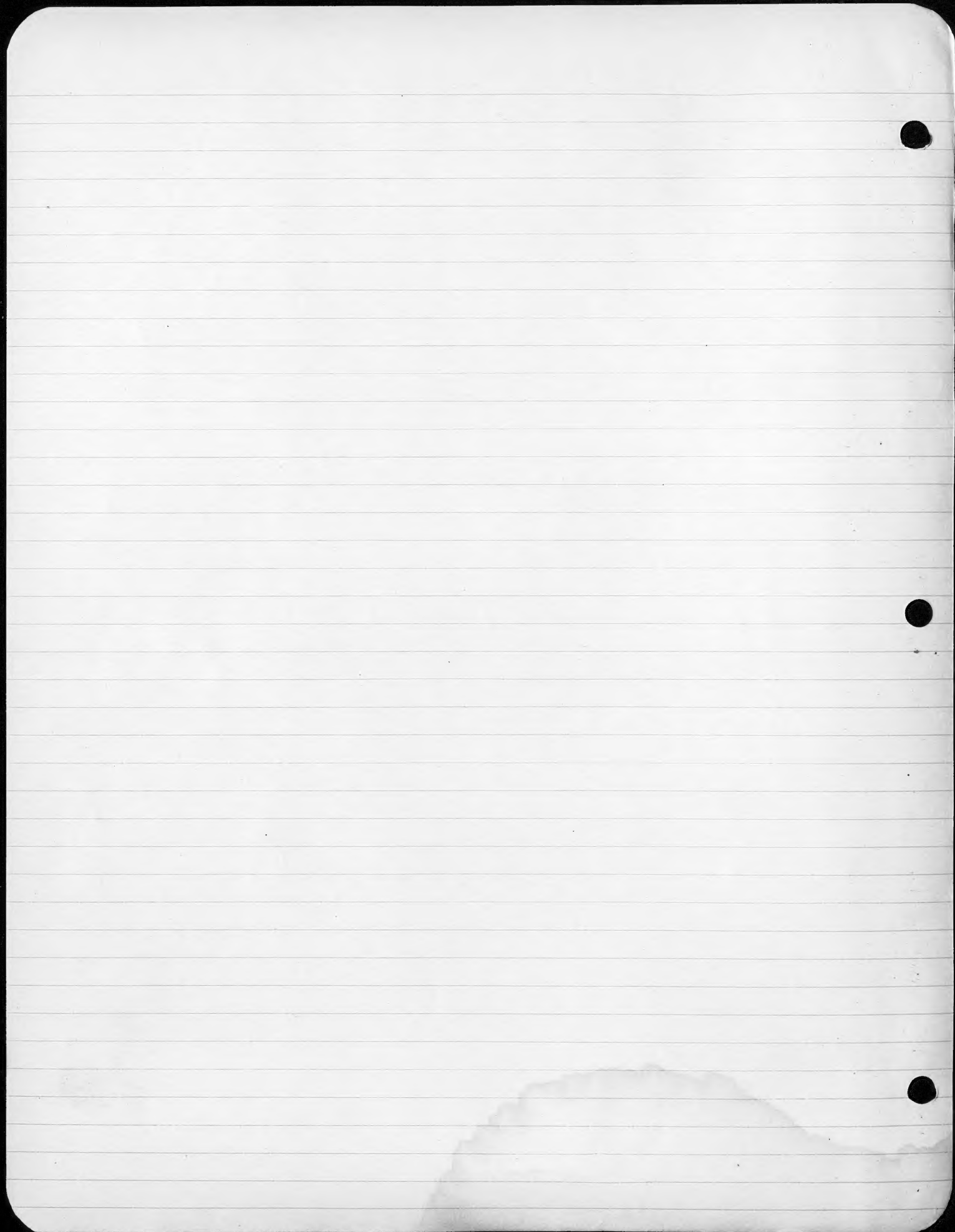


Feb. 2	3130	<i>Nyctophilus tenuis</i>	Boulton
Mar. 15	3145	<i>Melomys</i>	Darwin (Clame Is)
19	3146	<i>Tachyglomys</i>	Eroffera (Brookly)
Apr. 20	3156	<i>D. maculatus</i>	Burdeby Dist
22	3158	<i>Acrobata</i>	Muyalokk via Pona
May 27	3168	<i>P. penicillata</i>	Toowong
June 4	3174	<i>Acrobata</i>	Milmanea, Darby Downs
14	3176	"	Warwick, 170 mi W TB.
26	3179	<i>I. macurus</i>	Corklin
	3180	<i>I. obscurus</i>	Boulton
July 23	3184	<i>Hydromys</i>	Clermont
Sept 6	3195/6	<i>Mac. ruficollis</i>	Stanthorpe, Q
Oct 17	3209	<i>Tachyglomys</i>	Silver Spur, 150 mi SW Q.
Dec. 31	3237	<i>Sminthopsis leucopus</i> (spindle)	Corklin
1919			
Jan. 9.	3241	<i>I. macurus</i>	Amily Pt. Stradbroke!
Feb. 1.	3251	<i>M. wilcoxi</i> (skull)	Tambourine
Feb 10	3261	<i>Ph. minutissimus</i>	Tambourine
Feb. 28	3270	<i>Acrobata</i>	Barnard, 90 mi SW Rockh. Darwin Valley
Mar 31	3273	<i>Ph. flavipes</i>	Canungua, S. Tambourine Plateau
Apr 30	3283	<i>Tachy gl.</i>	near Toowong
✓ Sep. 5	3331	<i>Tach. vulp</i>	Kaigaroo, 60 mi N. B. Line
Oct 31	3342	<i>Acrobata</i>	Landsboro, N. C. Line
Nov. 20	3345	<i>Ph. minutissimus</i> (474 mg)	Mundubbera
Dec. 16	3358	<i>Aepyprymus</i>	Toowong
22	3359	<i>Ph. scalpulatus</i>	Dalbyville
1920			
May 31	3386	<i>P. volans</i>	Thulimbah, N.S. C. Line
July 15	3404	<i>Plasmodiotes</i> (skull)	Britia Isl., M. Bay
Oct 14	3436	<i>Nyctinomys tryoni</i>	Canungua, S. Q. <u>type</u>
July 22	3511	<i>Sm. cross.</i>	Barah, N.S.W
Sep. 23	3533	<i>Lepidosteus c. richardii</i>	Torrans Creek (Mount Hills),
	3534	<i>Aepyprymus</i>	↳ 180 m. W. of Torrville
	3535	<i>M. fijianus</i>	"
	3536/7	" <i>robustus</i>	"
	3538	" <i>rufus</i>	"
Sept. 29	3544	<i>Das. fallicatus</i> (skull)	"
1	3545	<i>T. vulpulus</i>	"
Oct 6	3548	<i>Aepyprymus</i>	Stanthorpe
	3549	<i>P. penicillatus</i>	"
Oct 24	3554	<i>Lyotis</i>	Bulgroo Sta., Adelaide, W. Q

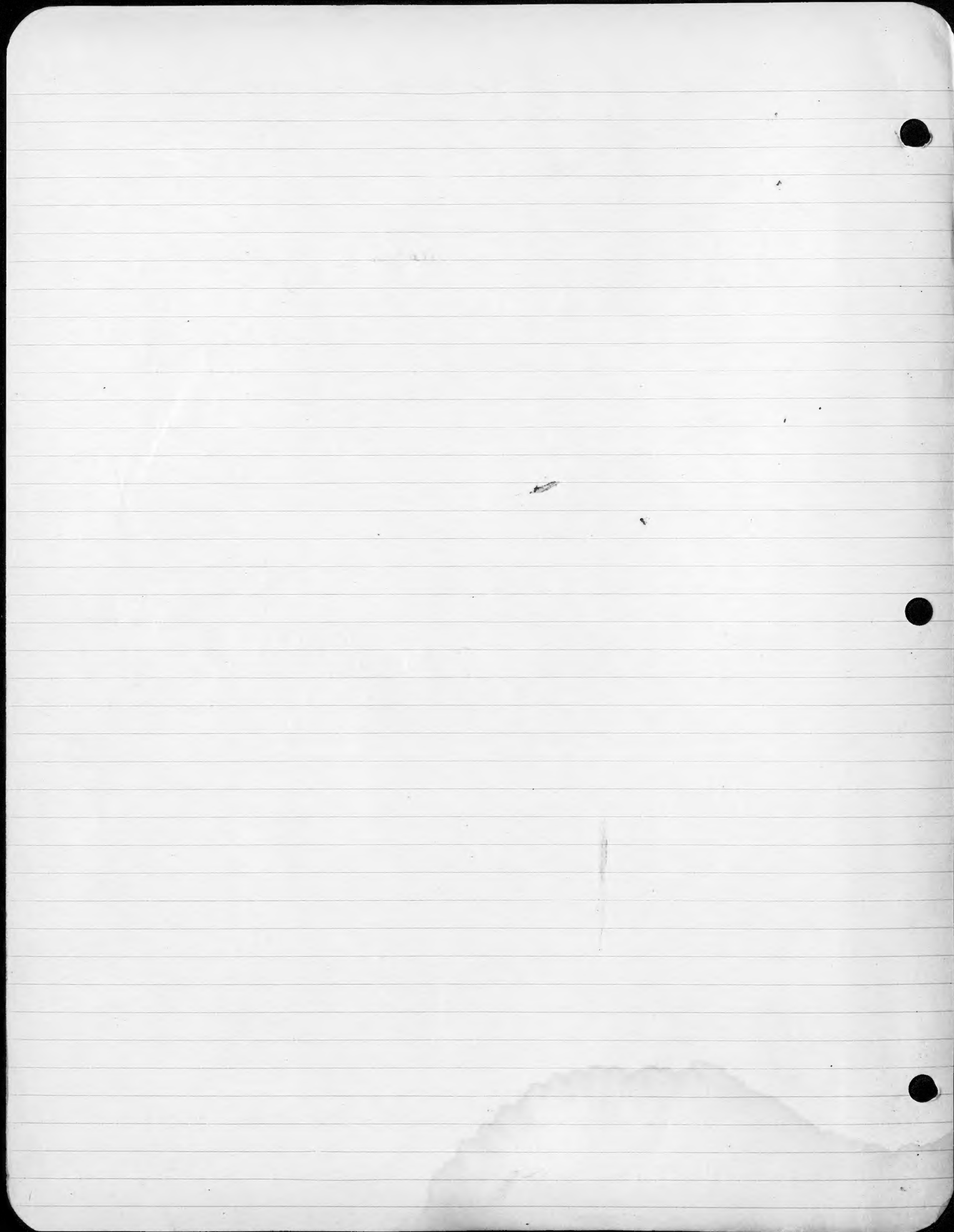


toward Canby

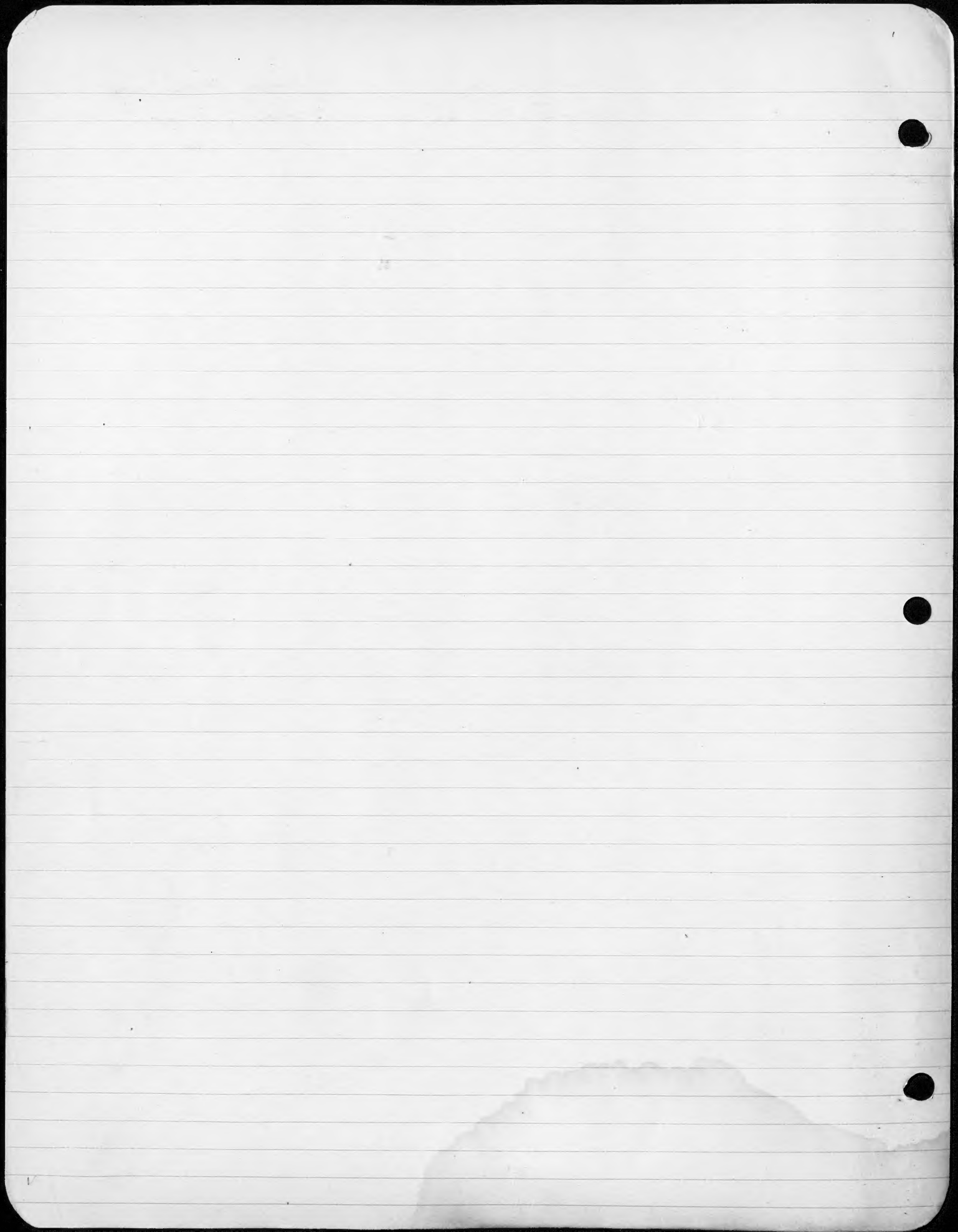
	Nov. 1	3556	<i>Acerata</i>	Logan Valley, S. Q.
	1922 Jan. 19	3585	<i>M. styracina temporalis</i>	Rockhampton
	Mar 4	3596- 3600	<i>Petauridea volans</i>	Starbuck
✓		3601	<i>Tritonus vulpula</i>	"
	26	3611	<i>D. fallucatus</i>	Inkerman
	Apr. 10	3623	<i>Ps. pygmaea</i>	Paddington, Brisbane
	Apr. 19	3625	<i>Mel. curvipes claus</i>	Cedar Creek
		3627	<i>Hydromys</i>	Dunk 1.
		3628	<i>Phascolites</i> (stall)	Mt Gloucester, 30 mi W. Q.
	May 18	3636	Petauridea <i>Pipenicillia</i>	Buderim Pt., 15 mi S. Q.
	June 12	3650	<i>M. parvi</i>	Burnah, S. Q.
		3652	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	Westwood, via Rockhampton
	June 29	3659/60	<i>Pet. violata</i>	Kaban
		3661/2	<i>Dendr. limboltrii</i>	Evelyn
		3663/4	<i>Pet. v. minor</i>	6 mi S.W. of Ravenshoe
		3667/8	<i>T. johnstonei</i>	Evelyn
		3669/70	<i>P. curvipes</i>	"
		3671	" <i>terbuteus</i>	"
		3672/3	<i>Ph. johnstonei</i> (O.T.)	"
		3675	<i>M. curvipes claus</i> (?)	Babinda
	July 20	3688/9	<i>Sm. crass.</i>	Westwood, via Rockhampton
		3691	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Wellton, Mac Intyre R. Murray R. W. Q.
	Aug. 2	3685/6	<i>Petauridea</i>	Lockbarber CK, Mundubbera
		3697-3700	<i>M. dupi collis</i>	"
	7	3701	" <i>calabatus</i>	"
		3702/3	" <i>dorsalis</i>	"
		3713	" <i>wilcocki</i>	"
		3715	<i>Acerata</i>	Clemont
		3716	<i>Ph. flavipes</i>	Tambourine
	Aug 9	3717	<i>Acerata</i>	Yarraman 30 mi NW Brisbane Valley Line
	18	3720	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Soradiwindi, SW, St George 220 mi W. Q.
	28	3724	<i>Acerata</i>	Coonoola, Colosseum, N.C. Line
	Sep 6	3726	<i>Cepypyrus</i>	Central Kerry, via Beaudesert
	Oct 4	3735	<i>Sm. crass.</i>	Toowoomba
	Oct 24	3737	<i>Acerata</i>	Home Creek
	1923 Mar. 21	3784	<i>Hydromys johnstonei</i>	Dinna CK
		3785-90	all Dennis CR to films	
		3798	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Rockhampton
	Apr. 14	3800	<i>M. parvi</i>	Westwood



Number	Species	Location
3813/5	<i>M. giganteus</i> (skull)	Old Cashmere, S.W. Q.
3816	<i>Ph. cinereus</i>	" "
3822	<i>D. maculata</i>	Zillmere, ^{Suburb n. Brisbane} "
3824	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	Rorra
3826	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	Boonnie R., St George Dist
3832/3	<i>Ph. cinereus</i>	Bowen
3835/6	<i>R. coronatus</i> <u>typicus</u>	Arman R.
3839-40	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Morven, W. Q., n. Mitchell
3842/5	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	Darling Downs.
3850	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Boorah (no. 3845)
3853	<i>D. fallucata</i>	Buderin H.T., Q.
3855	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Inaroochy R., Yandina
4004	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Pellena Sta., S. Q.
4006	<i>M. lupus</i>	Toovilla, via Richk.
4009	Tach.	Julia Cr
4024	<i>Chal. gouldi</i>	Rorra
4032	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	Old Cashmere, Mitchell
4064	<i>M. erubescens</i>	Tamaree, n. Symphie
4069	<i>S. flaviventris</i>	Hyderabad Dist
4072	<i>Peltophaga jodmani</i>	Cowan Cma, North Isl.
4074-6	<i>Rattus yingi</i> parvulus	15 mi E of Mein
4082	<i>M. agilis</i>	Cowan Cma, North Isl.
4091	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Eutanagee, Cairns Dist.
4100	<i>Dictyopsida</i>	Salut Isl., North Bay
4101	"	Tolja
4102/3	<i>Petro. purpuricollis</i>	Yurjatuna
4105/6	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	50 mi n.w of Dejana
4109	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Purga, Q
4110	<i>M. thalictus</i>	Stredbroke Is.
4113	<i>M. agilis</i>	"
4123	<i>P. breviceps</i>	"
4129	<i>Acrobatus</i>	Tartmire Dist
4165	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Collingston, 33 mi n. Tomsville
4166/70	<i>M. robustus</i> (variegated color)	Silburt Range, via Heylendon
4196	<i>M. thalictus</i> (skull)	"
4208/4212	<i>Pselops rubrik</i>	Burleigh Heads, S. Q.
4214	<i>Psent. australis</i>	Bonita Bay
4215	" <i>patris</i>	Lake Saliceo, N. Q.
4237	<i>Myotis australis</i>	Wahrook Belyardes Thompson Rivers
		Kangaroo Pt., 93 mi



4238	<i>Trinopterna schreibersi</i>	Kangaroo Pt, B'ane
4239	<i>Smithopsis "leucopus"</i>	Spur of McPherson R. (Parish of Wittmer).
4270/1	<i>Plasopla</i>	"
4272	<i>Pet. seniens</i>	Oxley, 10 mi SW of B.
4285	" "	Legume, nr Killarney,
✓ 4290	<i>Trichoman caninus</i>	Woolfus, ^{NSW.} Q
4291/2	<i>Pet. luj. canaliculatus</i>	Napier
4296/7	<i>P. volans</i>	W. Borrie, Kyjary Dist
4298	<i>Mac ruficollis</i>	" "
4299	" <i>willkowi</i>	Mt Starley, Kyjary Dist
4318	<i>Isodon racema</i>	Eagle Jct, Pinalac
4323	<i>M. tethys</i>	Mt Starley, Kyjary Dist
4324	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	" "
4328	<i>P. volans</i>	Bijary Dist
4333	<i>Tachyg.</i>	Ask Grove, Q (Parish NW)
4337	<i>Hydrolyps</i>	Toowong
4336	<i>Acrotata</i>	Tamborine
4338	<i>Min. schreib.</i>	Stanthorpe
4339	<i>Dio. maculata</i>	Tamborine
4345/7	<i>Acrotata + 2 yg.</i>	Capalba, Cleveland Rd.
4355	<i>Smith curv.</i>	Pritchell
4356	<i>Plascolucta</i>	"
4631	<i>Ingaduna</i>	Oleum Cave, Rockh.
✓ 4622	<i>T. vulpura</i>	"
4374	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	Pigarden, Q, 150 mi NW
4389	<i>Acrotata</i>	"
4395	<i>M. ualobatus</i>	Stradbroke
4409	<i>Nyctoph. timorensis</i>	Kuranda
4411	Smith <i>Isodon racema</i>	Eroffea
4412	<i>Syconyctus</i>	Tombilla
4418	<i>Acrotata</i>	Rudlo, Q
4429	<i>Monopus dissimilis</i>	St George Dist, Q
4430	<i>Acrotata</i>	Canungra, Q (Vally 20-30 mi S. B.)
4447	<i>Pet. luj. can.</i>	Paratyf
4448	" <i>willkowi</i>	"
4450	<i>Nyctoph. tyoni</i>	Papa R
4460	<i>Plascolucta</i>	W. Valley
4468/9	<i>Pet. celsus</i>	Ring Is, Pass Str.
4471	<i>Min. schreib.</i>	Ambattalla, na Charleville
4472	<i>Chal. guldii</i>	Tombilla
4473	<i>Scot. greyi</i>	Cardwell
		Rockh.



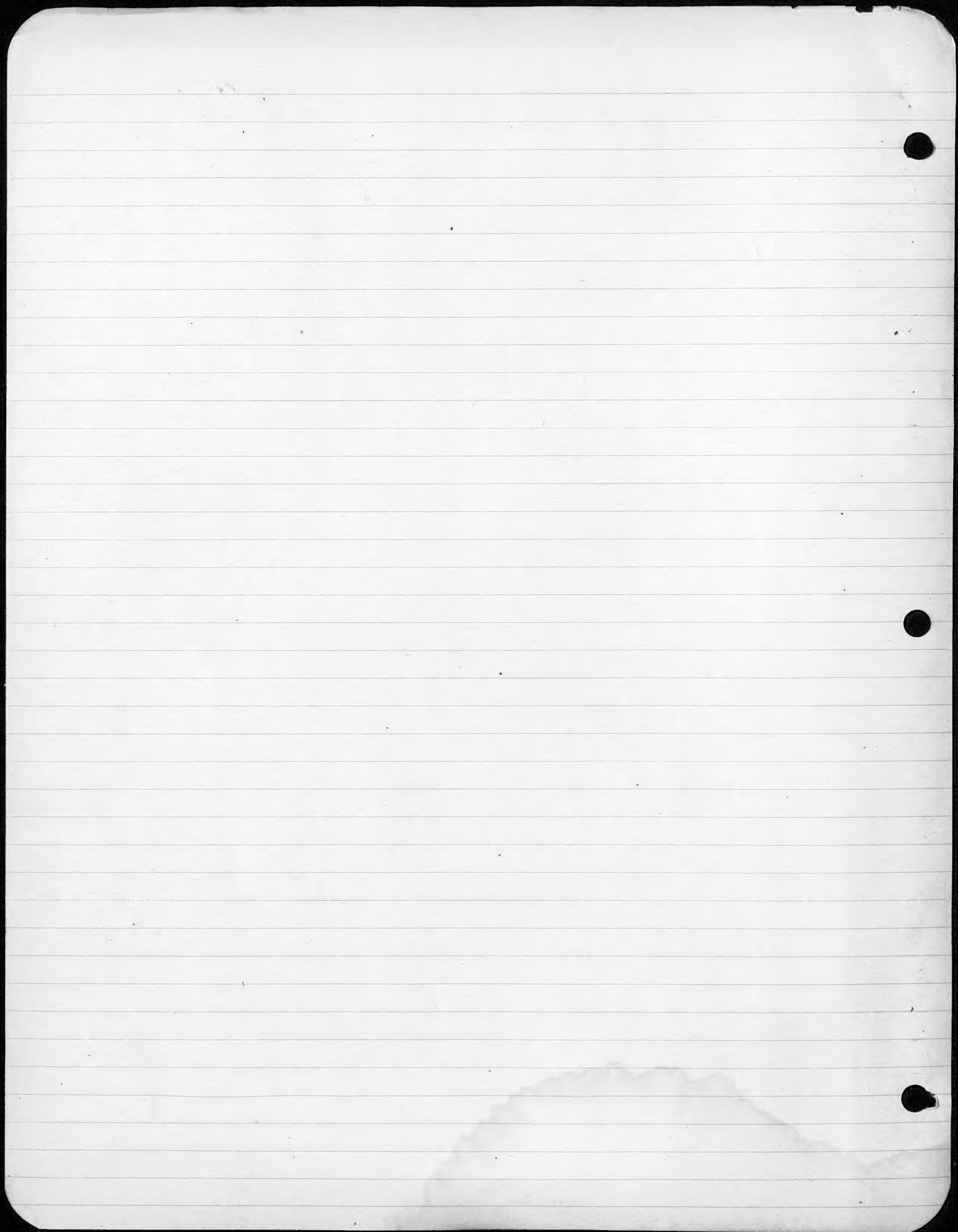
4496	<i>Petrogale fulleri</i>	Porcupine Sage, Hagerman
4482/4	<i>Oryzopsis fasciata</i>	Scalpers Injures + Mendocino
4508	<i>Das. maculatus</i>	Goobarrum, Bendigo Dist
4518	<i>P. lan. modestus</i> Partridge	Stony R., NSW
4519	<i>Pet fulleri</i>	Torrens Cr.
4520	" <i>terbata</i> Partridge	Eidsvoll
4521	<i>P. lan. robustus</i>	Rip Run, N. Terr.
4522	<i>P. lan. oralis</i>	Bromsby, C. Q.
4523	<i>Das. fallax</i> Partridge	C. Creek (Cape York)
4524	" <i>resans</i> "	Grout E.
4534	<i>Phascopli</i>	Goapoon
4535	<i>Sac. flaviventris</i>	Homebush, n. Prackay
4536	<i>T. vulpura</i>	Tonville
4573	<i>Pet. penicillata</i>	Murdittan
4574/5	<i>Das. pany</i>	Sayndak, n.w. 220 mi P.B.
4577	Kissip <i>Das. fallax</i>	Kissip Tonville
4578	" "	" " (849 mi P.)
4580	<i>Petrogale</i>	Fragate Is. Tonville
4581	<i>Pt. forsteri</i>	Tonville
4610	<i>D. maculatus</i>	Oxley, Brisbane
4612/13	<i>Ph. maculatus</i>	Porter's R.
4627	<i>Pet. scimus</i>	Seeburg, Q (Brisbane 8 mi n.)
4638-40	<i>M. robustus</i>	Coombsbrook
4641-2	<i>S. flaviventris</i>	Kenmore, Brisbane (SW, 10 mi)
4643	<i>P. volans</i>	" "
4651	<i>Nyct. tonville jaffoyi</i>	Bicarville, Lynech
4652	<i>Scroph. guyi</i> or <i>inflata</i>	" "
4666	<i>Helops. ceruipes</i>	Stedhake
4668	<i>Phascol. an</i>	Footbal Pt., Caboolture
4671	<i>Mac. wellshyi</i>	Amaly Pt., Stedhake Is
4672	<i>Hydromys</i>	" "
4693	<i>Dorodon macurus</i>	Trinityfall
4695	<i>Phas. pen.</i>	Taringa, Brisbane
4698	Smith cross 640g	Barcolle, Lynech
4699/4705	" "	" "
4706	<i>Sesternis guyi</i> or <i>inflata</i>	" "
4708	<i>Nyctin. napolkensis</i>	Brisbane
4722	<i>Mac. wilsoni</i>	Barlyk Hds 60 mi S. B. Q
4723	<i>Pter. scopulata</i>	Enryon Dms, Brisbane
4727	<i>P. forsteri</i>	Brisbane
4738	<i>P. volans</i> var	Kivama, Hahut R.

What?
is it
✓

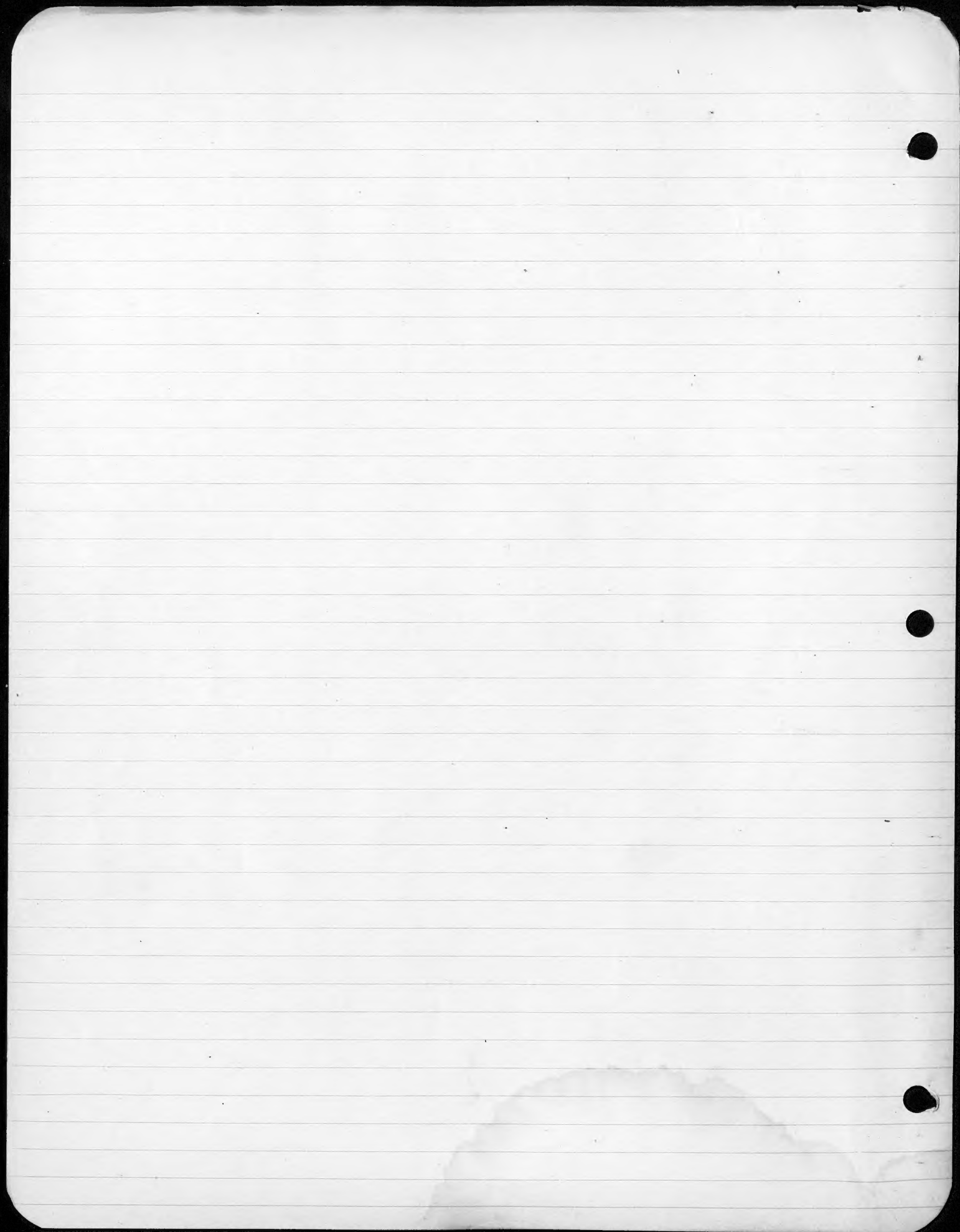
Jackson and Osullivan ^{map}
Corner Mail Bdg. opp B.P.O.

Balonne River

- | | | |
|----------|--|--|
| 4742 | <i>Nyctea tyona</i> | Watalpa, N. C. Lin |
| 4754 | Chal. sp <i>nigropurpurea</i> | St George, Q S. W. Q |
| 4765 | Pter. sp <i>flav.</i> | Alderley, Brisbane |
| 4778 | <i>Sminth. crass.</i> | Bronnan Sta. St George I. |
| ✓ 4781/2 | <i>Trich. caninus</i> | Carrollture, 30 mi 30 mi Brisbane |
| 4784 | <i>Isodon</i> | Imis jail |
| 4812 | <i>P. assimilis</i> | Tambourine |
| 4813 | " <i>lutulus</i> | " |
| 4817 | <i>Potamo. tridactylus</i> (fry. skull) | " |
| 4820 | <i>Das. fallax</i> | Townsville |
| 4826 | <i>Acrobata</i> | Sin Sin, Q (Gympie) |
| 4830 | <i>Pt. perice</i> | Camp Rtn, S.E. Q, 20 mi W B. |
| 4831/2 | <i>Oxyechus graecus</i> | Dawson R. |
| 4833 | " <i>pygmaeus</i> | " |
| 4834 | " <i>robustus</i> | " |
| 4838 | <i>Potamo. 3 dent.</i> (vic. skull) | Macrotchydore, ^{east 80 mi} S.E. Q |
| 4839 | <i>paradoxus</i> | Telemon, ^{45 mi} S. Brisbane |
| 4855 | <i>Pt. scapula</i> | Cowraholo |
| 4863 | <i>Aepypterus</i> | Rockhampton |
| 4865 | <i>Pter. assimilis</i> | " |
| 4868 | Chal. <i>nigropurpurea</i> | St George, |
| 4882 | <i>P. lan. oralis</i> | Rockh. |
| 4889 | <i>Aepypt.</i> | Cowraholo |
| 4890 | <i>M. ualobatus</i> | " |
| 4891/2 | <i>Pt. punctilata</i> | " |
| 4893 | <i>M. parryi</i> | " |
| 4902 | <i>Peromela</i> | Mackay |
| 4907 | <i>Isodon</i> | " |
| 4947 | <i>Eptereon. fumus</i> | Stanthope |
| 4967 | <i>Phal. maculatus</i> | Dilra Isl., 15 mi from Savarai |
| 4975 | <i>Smin. crass.</i> | Dartmouth, ^{SE} 11/2 hr. ^{Papua} |
| 4978/83 | <i>Sminthopsis larripula</i> (3) | Barronville, Leyland |
| 4999 | <i>Nyctea australis</i> | Toowong Brisbane |
| 5001 | <i>Scot. nappella</i> | " |
| 5009 | <i>Acrobata</i> | Wallumbilla, S.W. Q |
| 5015-8 | Chal. <i>signifer</i> | Cleveland, ^{25 mi} S.E. Q |
| 5028 | <i>Per. myzomus</i> | Mullatorre Plains, S. Aust. |
| 5047 | <i>Phascot.</i> | Springrove (in cave near) |
| 5061 | <i>Acrobata</i> | Bonal, re Ipswich |
| ✓ 5075/6 | <i>Trich. vulpulus</i> | Abiespigo |
| 5078 | <i>Aepypterus</i> | Enoggera, Brisbane |



5081	<i>Dasyne pallucatus</i>	Bersuben Pa. (Jefferson)
5113/6	<i>Pseudomyia delicatulus</i> ?	Barcaroll, Leyland
5168	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Frontville, 70 mi n Brisbane
5173/4	<i>Smiththopsis</i> (alc.)	Julia Creek
5186/8	<i>Petropala puerella</i>	Portland
5189/90	<i>M. robustus</i>	"
✓ 5192	<i>T. vulp.</i>	Corwarbrook
5218	<i>Phascodactylus</i>	Woodford, 50 mi n n w B.
5222	"	Grappleton, 80 n Brisbane
5236	<i>Tachyglossus</i>	Maxwellton, Cloncurry Line
5264	<i>N. tryoni</i>	Rockhampton coast
5272	<i>P. gouldii</i>	Palm Id.,
5273	<i>P. scap.</i>	"
5274	<i>Nyct bifox</i>	"
5275	<i>Hydromys</i>	"
5314	<i>Nyctinus tryoni</i>	Cooroy
5331	<i>Acrisates</i>	Tambin, Callide Valley,
5349	<i>Billybutia</i>	Mullighin R
5383	<i>Sm. crass.</i>	Fort Harvitt, Quilpie
5387	<i>D. maculatus</i>	Stanthorpe
5889	<i>Pet. buncipis</i>	Nambour
(1932) 5392	<i>Acrisates</i>	Peehey, Turwarra
5422	<i>Phascodom. mitchelli</i>	Stanthorpe
5431	<i>Acrisates</i>	Kilroy
5433	<i>Nyct. norfolkensis</i>	Priso
5442	<i>Tachygl.</i>	Sunnybank
5459	<i>Sm. virginiana</i> ? ?	Garonna, Julia Ck
5461/2	<i>Acrisates</i>	Mil. End, Warwick
5494	<i>Maerid. gipis</i>	Camowee
5476	<i>Ept. darlingtoni</i>	Woodford Pa.
5483 } 5486/7 }	<i>Phas. pinic.</i>	Praya Park, Dally
5576	<i>Tachygl.</i>	Woodharum
1934 5609	"	Blackall
5631	<i>Chel. gouldii</i>	Maleny, S E Q
5647	<i>Phal. flavipes</i>	Cotton Vale, In Arriens, S Q
5672	<i>Pet. seminivus</i>	Camp 90th
5708	<i>Smithth. munda</i>	Brisbane (Mt Nero Rd)
5728	<i>Acrisates</i>	Camp Mt
5732	<i>P. volans</i>	Boontana, D.D., S Q
5749	<i>Phascodactylus</i>	Ridge, n B.
5774	<i>Minioptera australis</i>	Rockhampton



5780	D. MACULATUS	NOGO JUNCT, CERATODUS S.E.Q.
5804	ACRO.	POMONA N.C. LINE
5808-13	MACR. RUF.	TELEMON STA. ^{BURKES} N.W.Q.
5825	PSEUDOMYS CF PATROS	HELSEY CR. PROSERPINE
5835	PHAS. PEN.	NUMINBAH VALLEY S.E.Q.
5838	TACHY.	ALTBION (BRISBANE)
5843	PHAS. FLAVIPES (9 YR)	CLOSEBURN VIA DAYBORO
5861	DROM. UNICOLOR	LAM. NAT. PK. (O'REILLY'S) S.E.Q.
5873	ACRO.	NANANGO
5884	TACHY.	BOWEN HILLS BRISBANE
5885	Hypsi.	YARRABAH
5898	SMIN. LEUCOPUS	NUMINBAH VIA NARANG
5913, 14	" MURINA	HAZELDENE VIA KILCOY
1936 5923	SCOT. GREYI	" RUTHVEN" - ISISFORD C.Q.
5928	SMIN. MURINA	SPLINTER CR. BANCROFT ^(BURNETT R.)
5931	ACRO.	INGLEWOOD
5932-4	"	GREENBANK (NEAR BEAUDESERT)
5938	PSEUDOMYS M. FLAV.	BARCAROLE
5952	MACRODERMIA G.	PALMERVILLE, P. RIV. C. YORK
5967	ISO. MACR. (SKULL)	IMBIL S.E.Q.
5971	M. WILCOXI	EMU VALE VIA WARWICK
5987-92	GYOMYS BERNEYI	BARCAROLE
5997	NOTOMYS A. REGIN. ^(HOLO-TYPE)	"
6012	PHASCOGOLE MIN.	RYWUNG W.L.
6013	ACRO.	GURGEENA VIA GAYNDAH
6045	PHASCO. FLAV.	TEWANTIN S.E.Q.
6059	ACRO.	COOROY
6067	NYTI. NORFOL.	WINDSOR, BRIS.
6080	PHAS. MIN.	BALLENDEN S.Q.
6096	PHASCOLARCTOS	BOWEN DIST.
6098	ONITHO.	PINE RIV. S.E.Q.
6144	RHINDL. M.	TAMBORINE MT
6184	NYCT. GOULDI	RETRO, CAPELLA Q.
6203	PHAS. MITCHELLI	MITTAGONG N.S.W.
6239-40	WOMBAT	EPPING FOREST STA. ^{CHEAMONT DIST.}
6242	PHAS. FLAV.	UPPER NERANG S.E.Q.
6248-50	Hypsi.	MT. MOLLOY
6251	P. PERE. (2 PH. YG.)	MT. SPURGEON
6257	PETRO. PENIC. (?)	CARNARVON RANGE ^{CLYDE CREEK}
6267	PHAS. MIT.	BET STANTHORPE + WALLANGARRA

1937

1938

1938

6281-2	RAT. LUTRE. MT	MALENY S.E.Q.
6283-4	WOMBAT	EPPING FOREST
6320	AEPY.	SANDHURST, FERNLEES ^{C.Q.}
6339	DACTYL. (SKIN) (WATSON)	TEL. STA. CAPE YORK
6345	PTER. CONSP.	MT. SPURGEON
6346	MINIOP. SCH.	CUNNEBOY MT. GARNET
6347	RAT. ASSIM.	MT. SPURGEON
6349	UROMYS	" "
6350	PERAM.	" CARBINE (?)
6351	PT. VOLANS	" SPUR.
6352	PT. AUST.	" "
6354	PS. ARCH.	LAKE BARRINE
6355	PS. LEM.	DANBULLAN
6356	PS. HERB.	EVELYN
6357	PS. PER. (IN ORIG. SENSE)	MT. SPUR.
6358	PS. L. INCANENS	MT. "
6359	AEPY.	" "
6360	MAC. STIG.	" "
6361-2	PETRO. INDR.	" CARBINE
6368	POT. TRIDAC.	TERROR'S CR. S.E.Q.
6375	PETRO. PUR.	QUAMBY
6376	PS. LAN.	BRISBANE DIST.
6378	HYDRO.	MULGELDIE, ^{W. EIDORRETT}
6395	PHAL. MAC.	COEN (LONE PINE) 200
6409	ACRO.	PT. RDS.
6411	D. HALL.	CLERMONT
6412	NYCT. NORF.	MALBON
6413	EPT. PUMIL.	QUAMBY
6414	" "	PENTLAND
6415	TAPH AUST.	QUAMBY
6419	MAC. PARRYI	INYUNE
6420	P. SCIURIUS	BROOKFIELD BRIS
6422	" "	NORTH TAMBORINE
6424	NYTI. NORFOLK.	GLASSHOUSE MTS.
6449-50	PTERO. SCAP.	P. OF W. IS., TORRES ST.
6467-8	TAPH. FLAV.	PLEASANT PKI, DALBY
6475	POT. TRIDACT.	KIAMBA (NEAR YANDINA) ^{S.Q.}
6479	SMIN. ERAS.	OLD CASHMERE, ST. GEORGE
6480	PHASCOLARCT	PENTLAND
6498-99-6500	LEG.	COEN

1939

6509-10	PTERO. GOULDI	COEN
6513	SYCO. AUS. (?)	Rocky Se. (PEACH R.)
6514	PET. BREV.	SOMERSERT
6515	MINIOP. AUS.	PT. STEWART
6516	ANTECHINOMYS LANIGER	MALBON
6532	NYCT. NOR.	BOWEN HILLS, BRIS.
6539-52	TAPH. GEOR.	CLONCURRY
6553	EPT. PUM.	"
6563-7	MINIOP. SCH.	PENTLAND
6569	AEPY.	YARBA CR. ^{S.E.Q.} KENILWORTH
6571	EUD. (+ NEST)	NEAR JORDON CR. ^(W. PALMERSTON AREA VIA INNISF.)
6618	SMIN. CR.	TIRAGOMINDAH S.W.Q.
6624	HYDRO.	MULGOWIE VIA LAIDLAY ^{S.Q.}
6640	PH. FLAV. (7 YG.)	BINNA BURRA VIA ^{BEECHMOUNT S.Q.}
6657	TACHY.	SOUTHPORT
6679	PHAS. PEN.	CUNNINGHAM'S GAP - MAIN RANGE
6710	MAC. WELLS. (SMIN)	STRADBROKE IS.
6711-15	RAT. VILL.	BOULIA (1940)
6717-24	"	"
6740	DRNITH.	WIDGEE CROSSING ^{S.E.Q. (MARY RIV.)}
6757	ACRO.	HIVESVILLE, PROSTON ^{S.E.Q.}
6761-3	MELOMYS CER. (W 2 YG.)	BEECHMOUNT S.E.Q.
6789	PHASCOLACTOS.	MOONEE RIV. (S. OF TARA S.W.Q)
6790-92	MEL. CER. (W. 2 YG.)	HAZELDEANE, KILCOY S.E.Q.
6822-24	HYPST.	LAKE BARRINE
6829	"	HERBERT GORGE
6832	"	^{20 MI. W. INNIS.} PALMERSTON SCRUBS
6835	HIPPO. REG.	LK. BARRINE
6848	LAGOR. C. L.	COOMOODOOLAROO, DUARINGO, Q.
6852	DACTYL.	RAVENSHOE
6866	ACRO.	STRADBROKE IS.
6874	PETAUR VOL. (1 YG.)	WOOMBYE N.C. LINE
6886	PHAS. PENIN.	CLIFTON, DARLING DOWNS
6902	P. SCAP.	ANGOR (NEAR CHAR. TWRS.)
6903	SACC. FLAV.	QORINDI. (G.N. RR.)
6923	PHAS. FLAV.	TEWANTIN S.E.Q.
6939	MESEM.	DARWIN N.T.
6940	ISO. TOR.	YERONGA, BRIS.
6963	NYCT. AUS.	MT. CARBINE
6981	PHAL. MAC.	BLUE MT. (COEN)

1944

1945

1946

1947

7002	Smin. mur (1 YG.)	Mt. LARCOM
7011	EUDR.	Mt. SPURGEON
7019	Smin "	MILLBANK, KOGAN, WARRA
7023-6	Iso. OBES.	BRISBANE
7052	Nyct. AUST.	TAMBORINE MT.
7078	PETAUR. V.	Rd. FR TOOWOOMBA, GATTON
7118	PHASCOL. (SKULL)	CAMP MT.
7121	MAC. PAR.	ESH
7122	ACRO.	SALT BUSH PK, ST. LAWRENCE Q.
7129	Smin mur.	Nt. TAMBORINE MT.
7130	CHAL. GOULDI	BINNA BURRA
7137	ACRO.	GATTON S.E. Q.
7138	D. HALLUC. (?)	DA GUN, MARY VALLEY LINE LAGOON POCKET VIA GYMPIE
7143-4	PHAS.	Mt. SPURGEON
7145	Uromys	"
7146	MELOMYS	"
7186	MAC. GIGANTEUS	BLACKALL
7198	PET. NOR.	CORINDA, (BRIS.)
7200	PHAS. PEN.	MOGGILL (N. BRIS.)
7207	ANT. FLAV.	WOOMBYE (N.C. LINE)
7253	ANT. "	BEERTBURRUM S.E. Q.
7303	ACRO.	DECEPTION Bay S.E. Q.
7306	Smin ER.	JACKSON, W. Q.
7310	PERM. N.	CHELMER, BRIS.
7317	Nyct. TIMOR	THE SUMMIT VIA STANTHORPE
7324	PET. NOR.	Mt. GRAVATT, BRIS.
7326	Ps. LANIG.	OXLEY, BRIS.
7341	TACHY.	GUYRA N.E. N.S.W.
7342	P. NOR.	ASHGROVE BRIS.
7343	"	Mt. COTTON S.E. Q.
7348	ACRO.	ELIMBAH S.E. Q.
7353	MICRONOMUS NOR.	WOOLLOOWIN BR.
7355	ANT. FLAV.	BEAUDESERT S.E. Q.
7356-7	P. NOR.	TEXAS S. Q.
7360	ORNITHO.	N. PINE RIV. S.E. Q.
7385	Smin. mur.	TINGOORA S. Q.
7386	MINIOP AUS.	HOME HILL N.E. Q.
7402	Smin. mur.	LOGAN LEA S.E. Q.
7405-6	" CRASS.	WALLUMBILLA CENT. S. Q.
7407	Smin. mur	TEXAS S. Q.

Postal Guide

H.E.C. Robinson, 221 George St (Lyn)
Bookstall Co. Market + Colchester (uplin)

7409	HYDRO.	IMBIL S.E.Q.
7411	PTERO. G.	T.I. TORRES ST
7412	SCHOIN. V.	CABOOLTURE S.E.Q.
7413	AERO	BEERWAH S.Q.
7415	RAT. LUTR.	BINNA BURRA

Notes on recommended trip continued from prior to above list.

Wed Oct. ²⁰ The copying of catalogues occupied several days -
 continued was not completed till Saturday.

The other members of the party still here. Their boat not due to leave till the 26th. Mack, of museum, very pleased with his (Vernon's) share of the results of the trip.

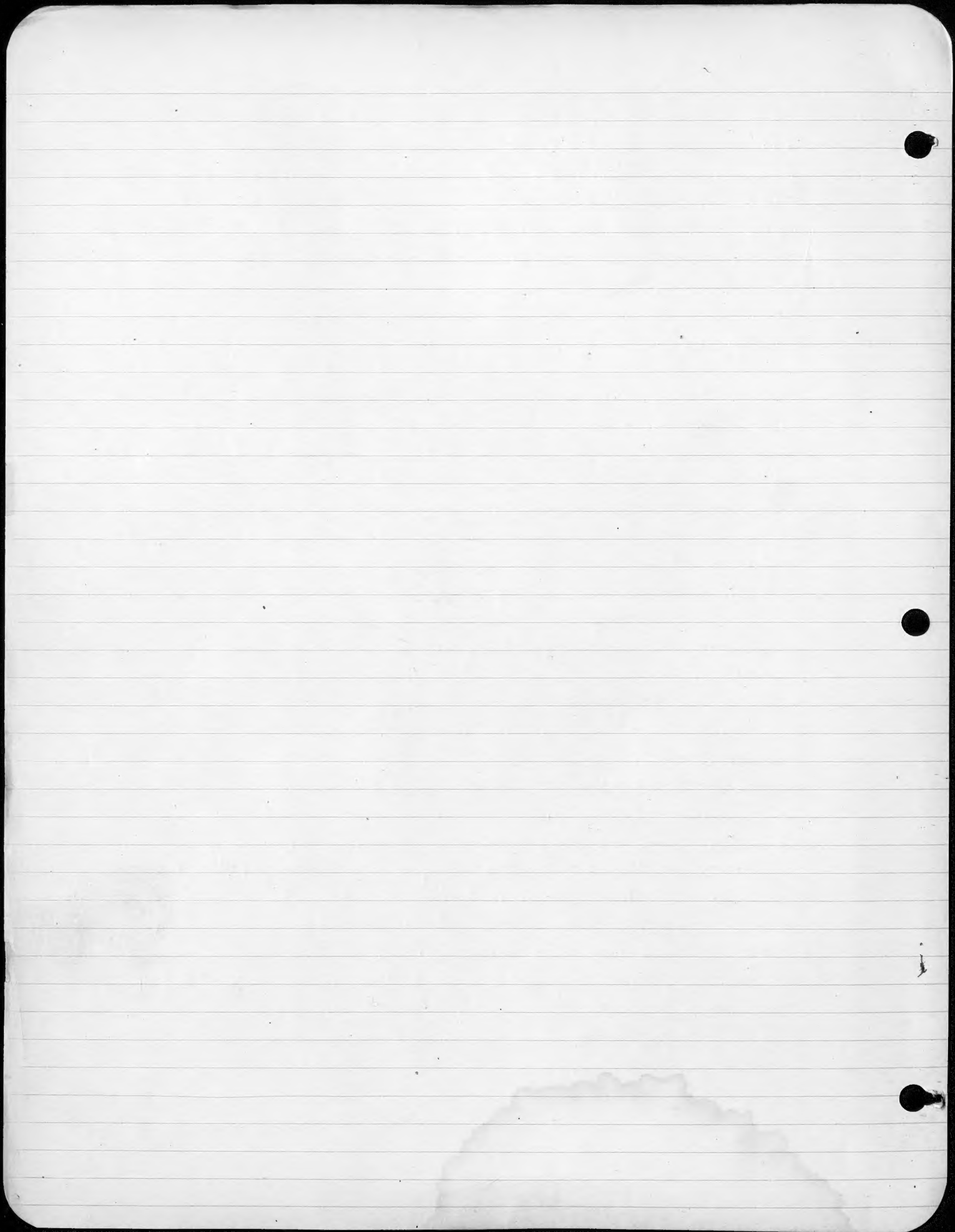
Thurs Oct 21 } Working in museum + arranging my transportation.
 Fri Oct 22 } Am flying to Sydney by Ansett Airways
 Sat Oct 23 } Monday! P. A. A. into they have
 booking for me on the 27th at 11:59 pm.

Was very busy taking trips to the country + making Kodachrome pictures. My shoulder, while I strained when taking boxes into the baggage car at Rifle Creek, is still very annoying. - sometimes positively painful.

Was I attended meeting of the A. O. U. Saturday pm. Quail good.

Sun. - Nothing special.

Mon Plane to Sydney, leaving 7.45, arriving
 Oct 25 11.30 am. Chkd in at Pan American
 + got room at Swan Central H. Saw Walkom + Troughton
 at museum in afternoon. Got air ticket for U. S. A.
 Wednesday night at midnight (continued after many pages
 on notes from Aus. Mus. registration).
 Over



From mammal catalogues at Sydney.

The catalogues are in 4 series: -

1. The "old" Palmer catalogue, mixed phyla, containing
 1. "Australia's mammals" no. 1-1153
2. The "A" Catalogue
 1. Mixed organisms, pp 1-91, unnumbered. (June, 1877)
 2. "A" numbers begin on p. 92 - #1-6625 (mixed vertebrates)
3. The "A" catalogue continued: -
 1. Nos A 6626-19026 (Oct. 1883) mixed
 2. Beginning the "B" catalogue nos 1-1254 (March 1884) mixed
4. The "B" catalogue
 1. No 1255-10435 (Dec. 1886) mixed
5. The "M" (mammal) catalogue.
 1. Nos. 1-7239 (Nov. 1946). Vol. 1.
 2. " 7240 to date (Oct. 1948). Vol. 2

There is also the condensed book under species done from the card catalogue:

M. giganteus Leckham R. NSW; Coonbie; Boro, Broadwood Dist; Bonke Dist; Blue Mtns; Blackland Swamps, Lithgow; Warwick, Q; Inverell, NSW; Cumberk; Parkes; Surat, Q; Tasmania; Coolang Yerrandine; Mudgee; Armidale Dist; Newnes; -

M. melanocephalus Trangie;

M. fuliginosus Kangaroo Isl.

M. robustus Lithgow; Blackland Swamp, Lithgow; Pinda Inverell; Oakley Creek, Bonshaw, N.S.W.; Buckaroo, Mudgee; Score; Armidale; Coolang Yerrandine; within 12 mi Cootamundra (no. M4606); Berbera Ck, nr Sydney; Glen Innes; Patali R. valley, 20 mi Picton

Notes: -

Yalgoo, Murchison, N.W.A.; Inasa Ra., S of Noosaman, S.W.A.;

Great Ranges, N.W. Territory

Adel's Drive, S of Lawn Hill Sta, N. Q.

Terrey St, Diamantina R.; Crystal Brook, S.A.;

Hermannsburg, C.A.; Parkington, N.W. Q.; Yalawanna, nr Charleville.

Lagostrophus fasciatus P. no. 1094

M. rufus Bourke Dist; Blue Mts; Ashburton R, W.A.;
Coorambie; Widgiewa; Boggabri; Serby or Morse;
Oban Sta. 10 mi SW of Gra & Urundowie, N. Q.

M. ruficollis Pradwood Dist; Littgow; Bow; Blue Mts;
Potter's Swamp; Bundaroo; Wallerawang; Thiroul;
Pallie, Barrup R.; Mt Horeb, Tumut Dist; Tamworth;
Tilliby, Wyong Dist; Nattai R, Bouragorang; Coolong,
Yeranderrin Dist; Newnes;

M. tenuis Lady Bannan, Flinders I, Bass Str; Wynyard;

M. panyi Clarendon R.; Grafton; within 12 mi Corlette (M. 4607); Dawson Val.;
Coppamant; Sarina, on trackway.
P.# 997

M. antelopinus Port Darwin

M. bernardus S Allyn R (lead); E of Darwin;

M. bicolor Tomolan Caves; Wallerawang; Mudga; Murrumbidgee;
Yarramalong, nr Wyong; Doonalong, Wyong; Mt Irvine, Blue Mts;
Parrish Creek, Wallumbilla Dist; 85 mi SW.

M. apicalis, ingrami, Bellenden Ker; Wallumbilla nr Roma, S Q;
Wellshy; Stredhoran Is.

M. aythi Pt Essington; Ditson R, W.A.; Corlette; Bunkettm; Adel's
Isle, s of Lanyon Hill Sta., N.W. Q.

M. billiardieri Flinders I, Bass Str; West Island, Bass Str; nr Hart;
Hummock Is, Bass Str; Burnie, Tas.

M. dorsalis Manilla;

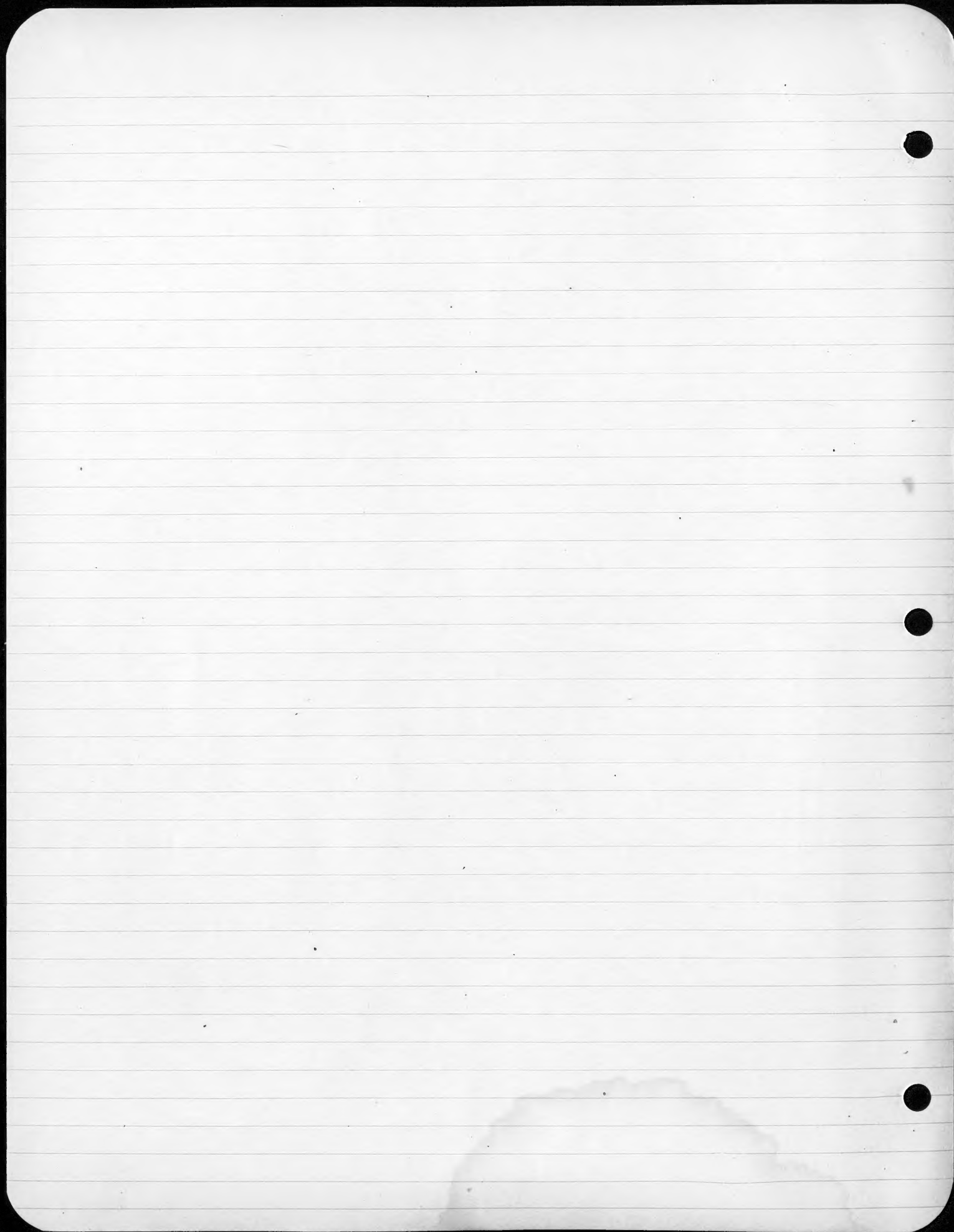
Stromia hutchinsoni King R., 10 mi Albany W.A.; Princess Royal Bay; Normalep,
near Denmark, S.W.A.

M. irma, Cranhook; Emu Pt, Albany;

M. stipitata Bellenden Ker; Herberton Dist; L. Bassine;

M. parma, Wollongong, s. coast (1000[?]); Cantawana; Sassafras.

M. wilsoni Ballina, Richmond R.; Murrumbidgee; Wyong, nr Sydney; Parrish
creek, 20 mi from Wyong.



P. eugenii Kogaroo Isl; Naragin, SWA; Balladonia, via Nooson,
W. A.;

P. thetis Wollongong (1025) (T. note: OK for parva); Bellinger R, Newct;
Bullie, Barrington R.; Myall Lakes; Tilly, Wuyy Dist; Hornbrook,
Mullumbimby, NSW;

P. pinnellata Cambawana, S. Coor; Litzgow; Wacey Cr, Richmond;
Colo River; Mt Irvine; Bush Creek, Wollombi Dist, 85 mi
N. Syd.

P. xanthopus Port Augusta, S. A.; Ingarathena Sta, Geraldton, NWA;

P. lateralis Kookapiin Rock, 20 mi Kellerberrin, W.A.; Hermannsburg.

P. inornata: Magnetite Isl.;

12 mi SW Mt Isa

P. turbata Westwood, Rockhampton

Darwin R; Alice Sp.

P. pulla Toron Cr.

P. juniperoides Dajana (m 3405 Holotype)

P. alens Teracy Sta., Diamantina R.; Blackwater Cr Adelaide, SWA;
Gray's R.; N of Adelaide.

P. brachyotis Alligator R

Onychogalea fuscata Wagga; Cobarr; Slim Innes; Granilla Dist;
~~Wagga~~ Namoi R.;

Cephyromys Marilla; Bullie, Barrington R.; Darwin R Vally; Bulba
Isl, L. Dracquerie; "near Corston"; nr Tomsville

Lepocheilus e. lichteckii w of Parketon; Type # 1103 ♂ (1861)

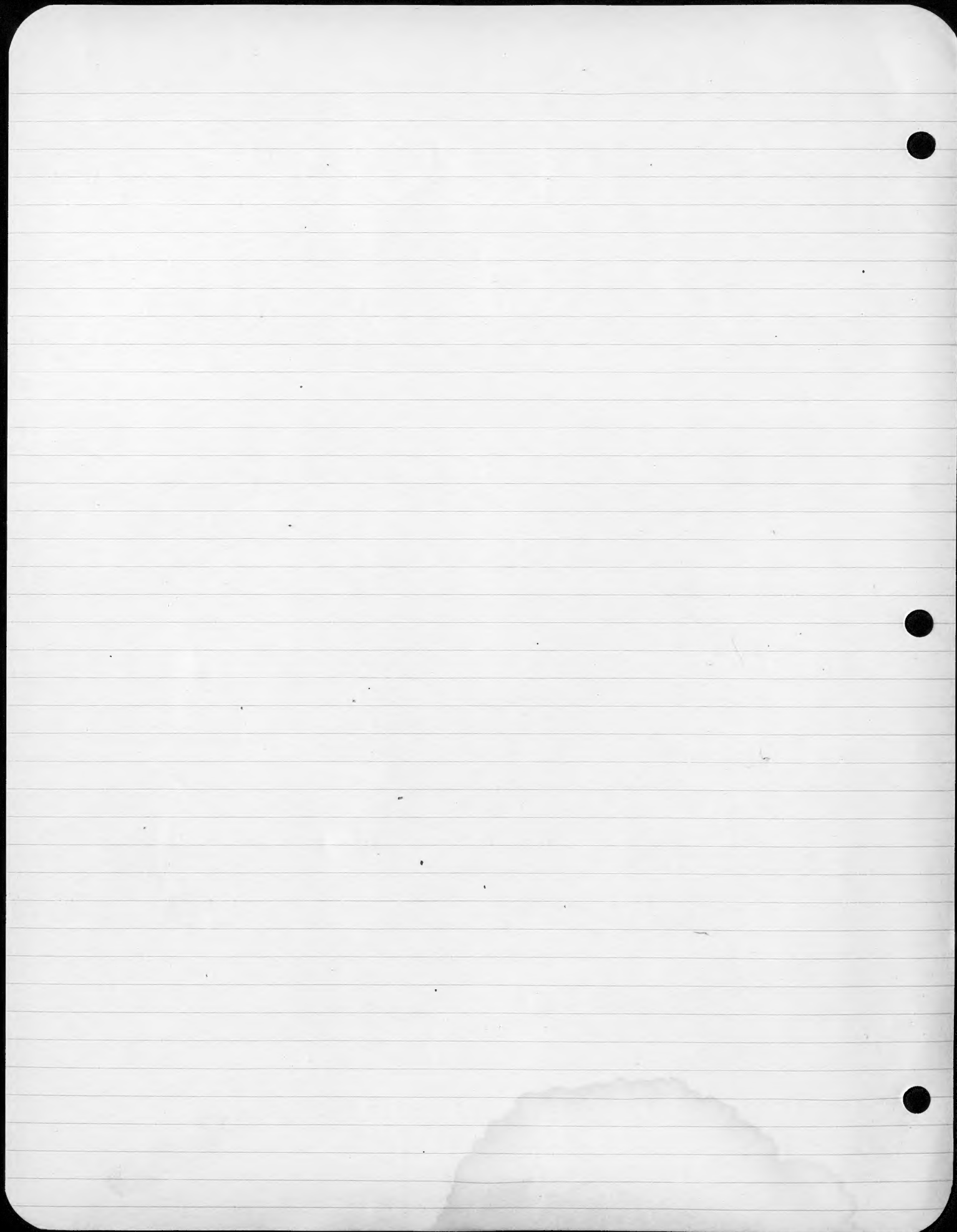
Lagocheilus leproide Yandumbah, NSW.

Potomus platyops Salt R., S.W. A.

POT. heidach Bellinger Dist; Bullie, Barrington R.;

Perod. pennitham Blomfield R.; "Corston";

Hyposci. mosch Palau no 1135
A no. 9813



Trich vulpulus Nelson; Herbert R, Q; Tarana; Pallin, Bangh
R.; Toolillie, Spencer Gulf; Warrington, nr Sydney; Rogans Is S. A;
Carrs Pt, Rogans Bay; ^{nr Sydney} ~~Warrington~~ (17 mi); Quirindi; Mt Horeb, Tumut
Dist; Berri (2200 ft); Traralgon, Vic; Flinders Is Ban Str;
Pinnac Hill ^{nr Sydney}; Mickaloy, 22 mi e Tumut; Sledstone Dist Q;
Almaden, NQ; Killara, Syd; Yanco, Murrumbidgee R; Nattai
R.; Bungarong; Sympie Dist; Terry Hills, Kurigai Chase; Poynton-
le-sands, Syd; Vanduse, Syd.

T. v. andersoni Pt Darwin; Bathurst Is.; Pelville Bay

T. v. johetmi Bellenden Ker; Herberton; Almaden (etnensis?);

T. caninus Glen Innes; Blounton; Mt Irvine;

T. c. nigrans Tweed R.

Ps arcteri Belker; Herberton Dist.

Ps lemnoides Herberton Dist

Ps occidentalis Norralup, nr Denmark, SW A.

Ps peregrinus Murrumbidgee; Chatswood; Nanandina; Coev;
Sutherland; Mt Horeb, Tumut Dist; Darrin Valley, Q; Mossmans,
Sydney

Ps caniglossus Inyall Lakes; Dungog; Tindilyra, Monaro Dist; Tumut;
Coolang, Yerrandine; Argaloy, nr Tumut; Mt Lofty, S. A (M4838);
F. Gray Valley Q; Yanco, Murrumbidgee; Cheltenham, Syd; Nattai R,
Bungarong; Mt Irvine; Eastwood, Sydney.

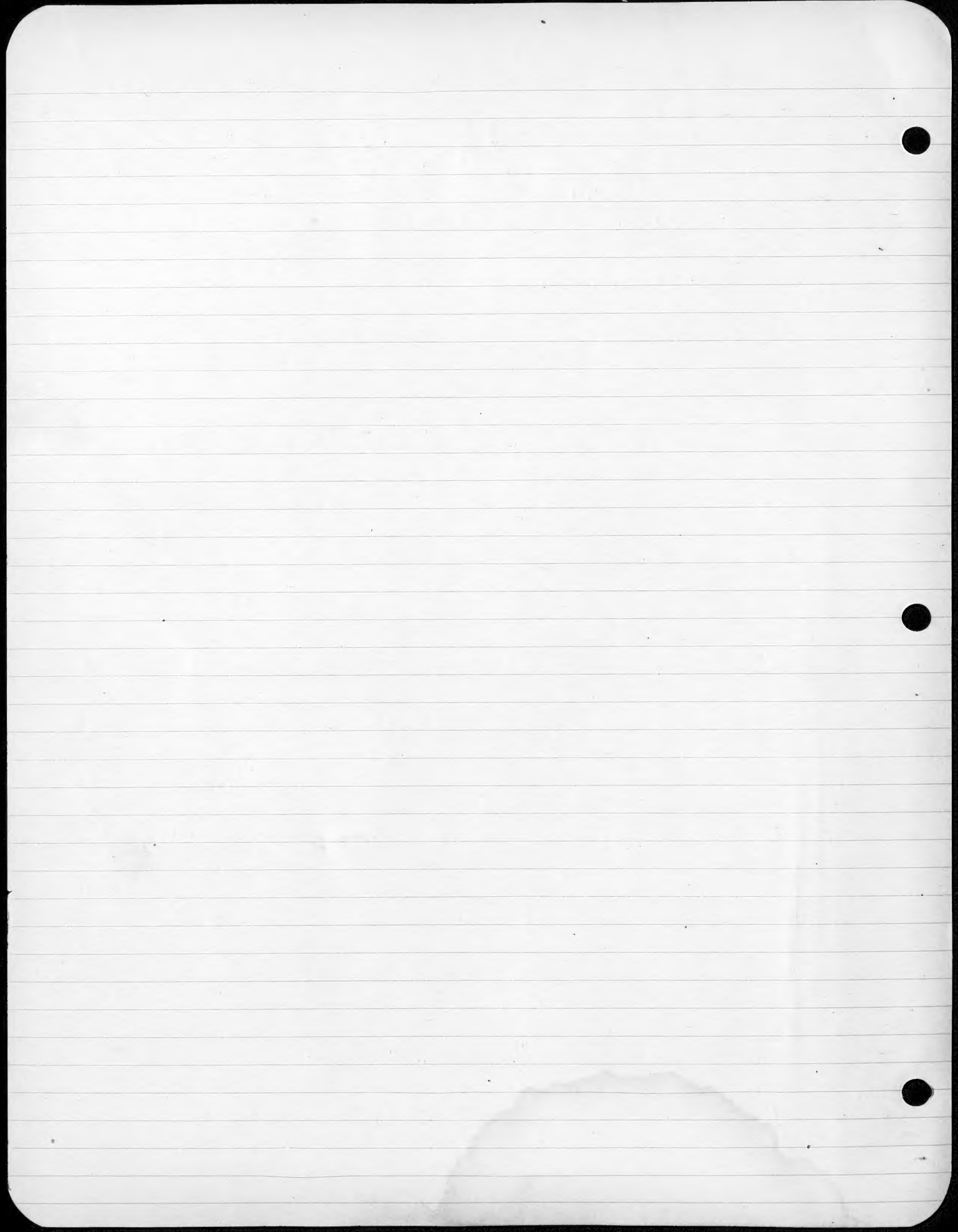
Ps l. oris Kilsay Creek, Proserpine

Ps l. victor Westernport, Vic.

Phal. mac. Cape York Pen (no. M4667)

Dactylopsala pic. Ruessell R; Clump Pt, Tronville; Holroyd-Rindell Jetm, NQ;
Tully R nr Callah; Bellenden Ker., Cape York (no. 568);
Aberowic, Cardwell;

Monica nana (?) North Head, NSW.



Set. rolans ^{Dist: ♂ ♀} ^{Herberton, NQ (M 362-3, type of cinereus)}; Tumberrumba; Helensburg,
5 east; Port Macquarie; Bowral; La Perouse, Syd; Micalong, Tumult;
Dungry; Myall Lakes; Rylston; Dawson Val Q; Moss Vale; Coolang,
Yerrandine; Burragorang; Bundock R, n coast; Smithfield,
nr Syd.; Caroda, nr Palmata; Braidwood; n of Sinderin Q;
E Kingaloon, Bowral Dist; 8 mi SW Kosciuszko; Burragong, Syd;
Sesford; Mt Irvine; Eccleston, below Baniga Tops;

Pet australis 30 mi from Pictou

Pet hircus Tully R. Q; Blomfield R; Tendron Caves; Upper Crane R.;
Ourumba; S. Allijelin R.; Coen; Bowral; Railton, Tas;
Berrina; Bathurst Isl. n Darwin; Sesford; Tahmo 30 mi noree;
Moolgoa, nr Penrith; Bulli Dist; Aggaly n Tumult; Moss Vale;
Coolang, Yerrandine; Hargraves; Bombala; Lat PK Syd;
Serogely, 70 mi from Albury. Lindfield Syd.; Carden, Syd.;
Blackheath, Blue Mts; Doore PK Syd., Innes via Dalto; Danfield
Syd; Midelyo, S.T.; Port Hackin, s. Syd. Turramunga; Engadine;
Cape Arnhem, N.T.; Tylgum, Tweed R.; Blue Mts.

Pet sciurus Tendron Caves; Bega; Smithfield; Bulga nr Singleton;
Cooroombon, Rockliff; Dawson Val 65 mi nr Taroom; Casiro;
Wye n Syd; Sympie Dist; Yetran s.e. of Swoodwirdi.

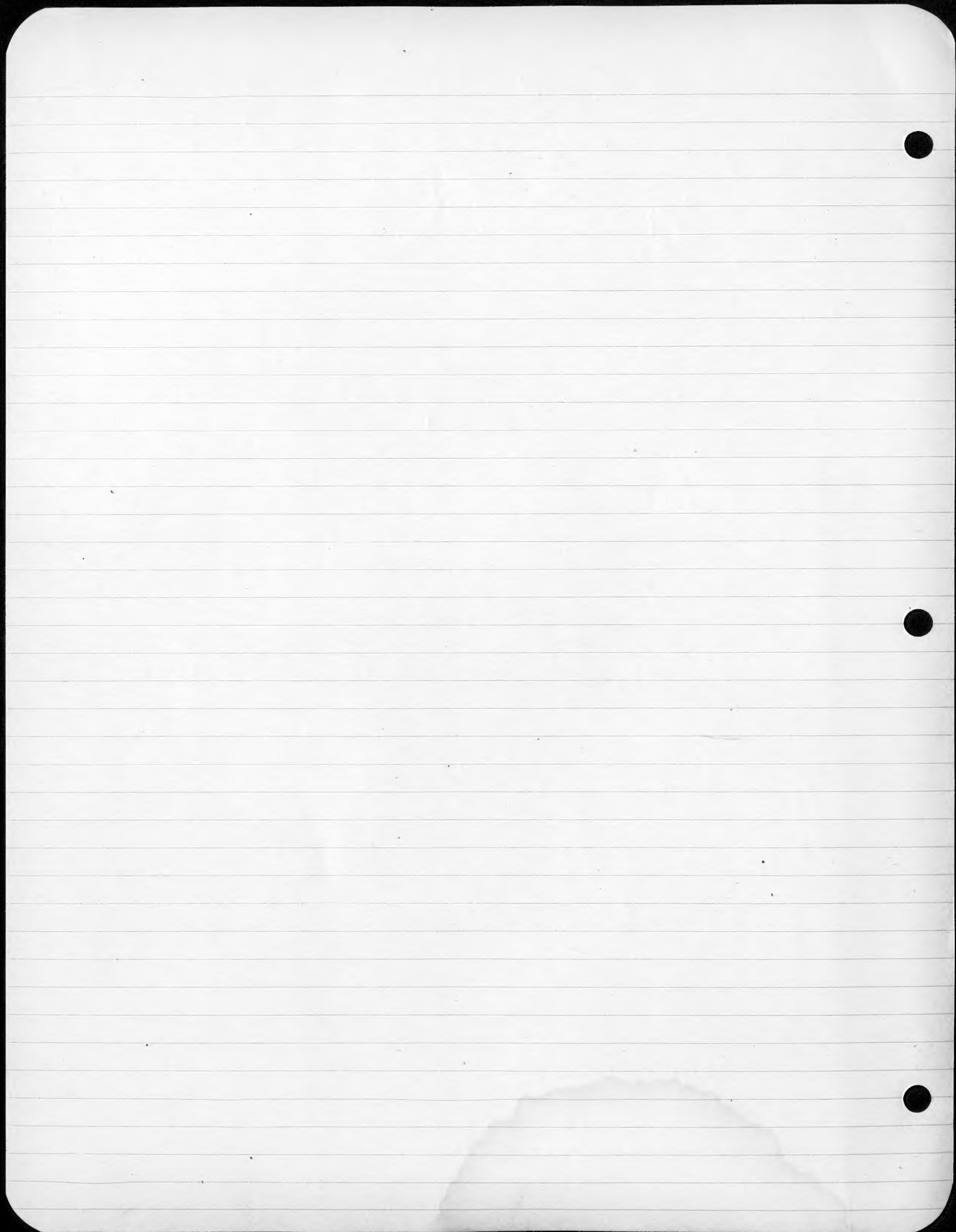
Acrotata pyg. Smithfield; Borkham; Bombala; Hornsby; Belltrees, Scree;
Parramatta; Gayndah, Q; Manangeroo; Braidwood; Uralla;
Carden; Percoby n Barksston; Newnes Jetn; Cox R, Lithgow;
Portland; NSW Coonabarabran; Lindfield; Aundale, Burragate;
Hartley; Pymble, Syd; Martinsville, L. Macquarie Dist; Glen
Innes, Balgowlah, Syd; Bylongia Rylston; Ashford nr Innes.

Peram. jumi Railton Tas;

" rayosurus Salt R., W.A.

" m. notwin Diker, Nullock Plains; Ooldea; Rawlins

P. nasuta Herberton Dist Q; Parramatta; Tarana; Backley's Cross ng;
Tendron Caves; Ourwirdi; Lindfield; Killara; Nepean + Wangaratta R
Jetn; Sladesville; Northwood, Sydney; Dawson R Val; Longueville, Syd;
Murrill, Palmwood, via Brisbane; upper Barksston, Syd; Carramuel,
Syd; Palmwood, S.E. Q., Mossman, Syd; Killara, Syd;
Ryde, Syd;



Isodora obscurus Pine Mts, Q; Portman Swamps; Lettgar; Cranbrook, W.A.; Berryma Mts, Albany SWA; West Sister Is., Bass Str; So. Portland, Vic.

Isodora Hinckley Mts. H. Lloyd Kendall Jctm

I. macrurus Cape Arden; I. torvus Hecker R.; Conlay; Berryma Mts; Hurlock via Mullumbimby

Procerus ligitus Bathurst; ^{Type} Groongal, 43 mi S.W. Linc (1898) Gracefield, W.A.; Cranbrook, W.A.; Corrigan; W.A. Ternterden, G. So. Linc, W.A.; Rawlinna; Coombie

M. l. ocellata Hermannsburg, C.A.

Phascolarctos Boro, Fairwood; Camburana; Wallerawang; Belluga Dist; W. Maitland; Hampden, 9 mi Mackay; Portman Bay, Syd; Dawson Val.; French's Is., Vic.; Daybrough, Q; Putnam; Kunajong; Clareville on Mon. Vale; Berowra Waters on Syd; Careel Bay, Pittwater, Syd;

P. e. victor Victoria (M. 5732 Holotype)

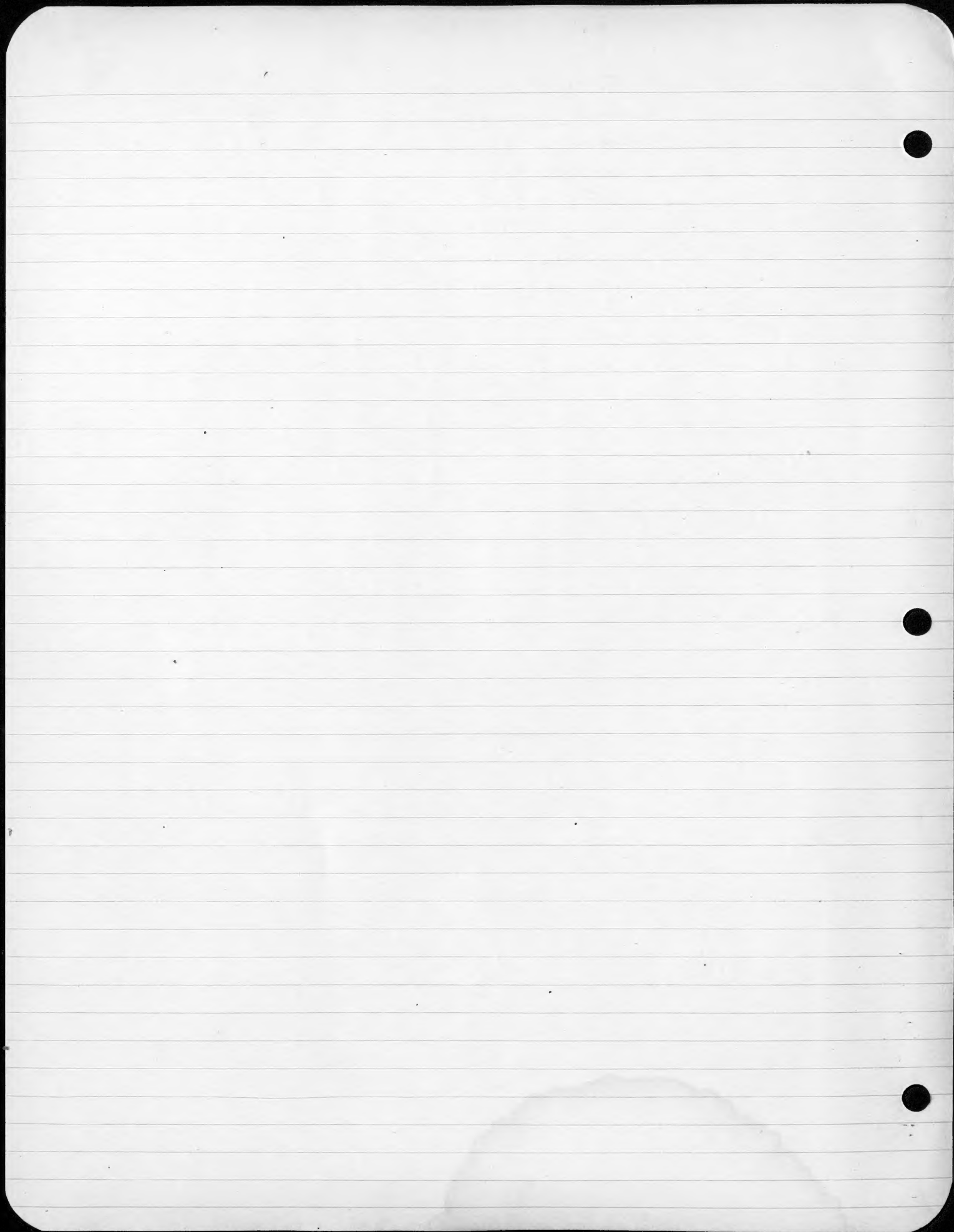
Thylac. cyrenoph. Tasmania (4)

Sarc. farrisi " (6)

Myzomermis fasciatus Gracefield, W.A.; Hastings, W.A.; Cranbrook, W.A.

Das. maculata Thirlmere; Wagga; Linsfield; Pictou Dist; White Swamp, Old Koralek; Argalong on Tennant; Woolford, Blue Mts; ~~W~~ Wauchope; Wangimere Mts via Gosford; Millaa Millaa (M-6637); Paterson, N. Newcastle; Foxpond via Serrigny

Das. fuchs Bellenden Ker (M 155 Type); Snowy Mountains, n of Gin Gin, Q.



Dro. viverrina Colovale; Goulburn; Lawson; Concord; Gosman's Bay; Kempsey; Waverley Syd; Smithfield; Cremorne Pt; Tarrago Pt (Cunyo); Gladstone Dist NE Tas; Dawson Syd Val; Vauclux Syd; Musselton, NE Tas; Rose Bay;

D. jeffoyi Feringaungup WA;

D. L. hallucina Frackay

Dasyurus cristatus Coldea; Pawlina; Jinta, TA Line.

Antich. florifer Gurodgerie, Borda; N. Stru Syd; Port Jackson (Type of stuarti); Warraming R; Smithfield; Gum Flat, Inverell; Antonio via Rydal; Etn; Pt Antons; Koorawatha; Megalong Val; Surf Cr via Barraba; Nat PR Syd; Whitlock, 10 mi. Bathurst; Dryall Lakes; Rocky Scrub, NQ; Strattonstone, Mt Horb, Tumut; Pt Lockwood 12 mi Etn; Corlong, Yerranderie; Argalng, nr Tumut; Yeumburn, via Yass; Hermitdale, Coban Lake; Tonatt Cr., Corlong; Imbil, Kyogle Dist; Mt Irvine, Blue Mts

Ant swainsoni Pt Lockwood, 12 mi Etn; Argalng, nr Tumut; Arthur & Roger Rocks, NW Tas.;

Ph. minima West Tamar, Tas.

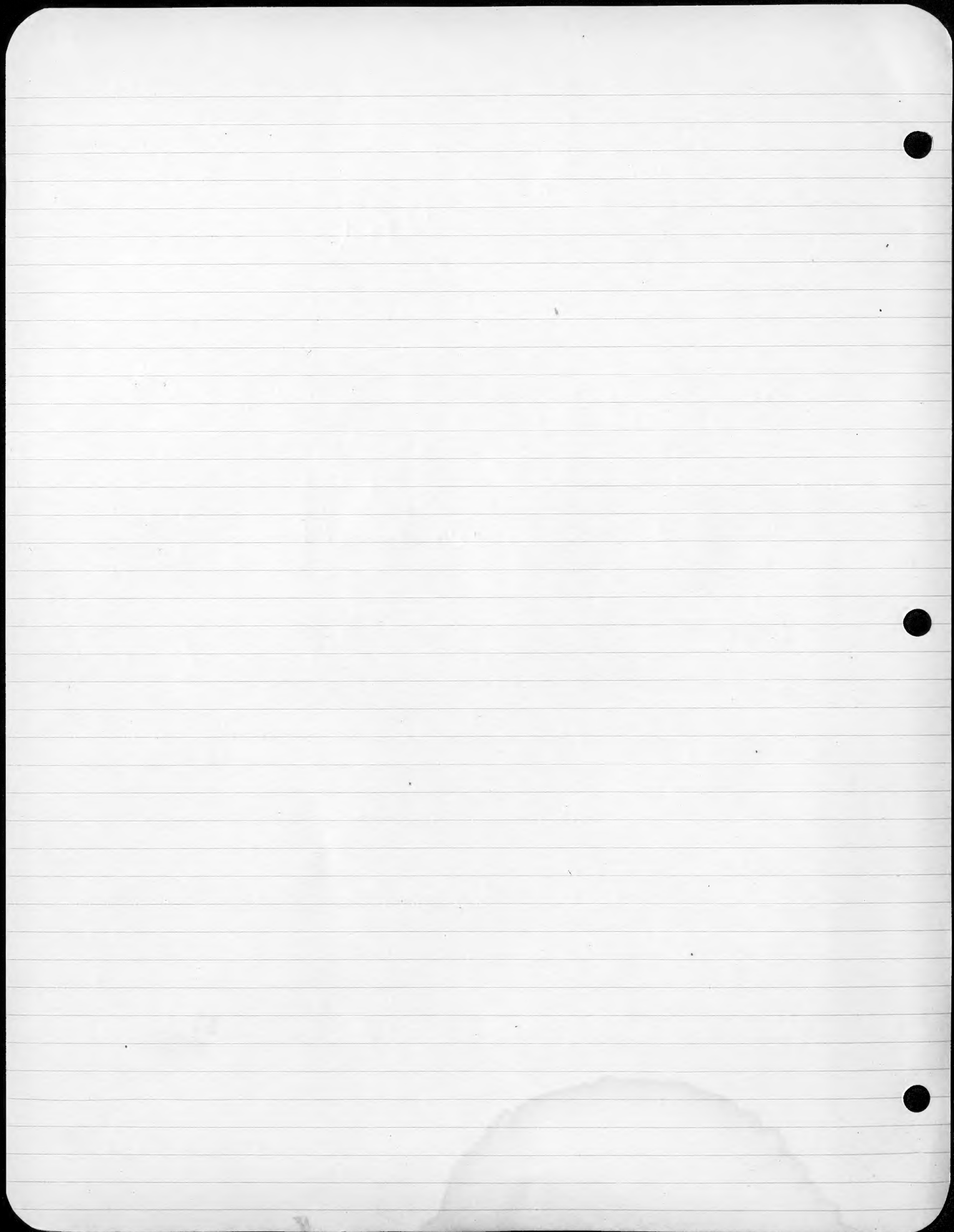
Ph. tapoatya Kingswood; Bega; Grandurak; Yam Cr, nr Port Essington, N.T.; Beechum, nr Vauclux Pt; Rubyt; Terterfield, nr coast.
Tr says Bradward took it in NE cr vic.

Ph. pirata Yarrakali, nr Cape Arnhem.

Ph. sp. M2696 Widgiewa; M.3787 Costarundra

Ph. apicatus Salt R. W.A.

Sm. crass Widgiewa; Dundoo; Mullaley nr Eumedah; Tambellup, W.A.; Macdonnell Ra; Taylor's Plains, Narrabri



Sm. murina King George Sound W.A.

Sm. larapinta Charlotte Waters; Wyangarie, Richmond, N.Q.;
Diamonds R. region;

Ant. laegeri 588 a —
588 b NSW (Type)
588 c Sir T.A. Mitchell
588 e in spirit

M 1799 Miorra Downs, Mullangudgery NSW
M 621 Walbendrie

Ant. spenceri Rawlins (M4641)

Amantulus lirusulus Blue Mts; Lithgow; Batlow;
Gippsland, Vic; Mt Darragh, Cooma Dist; Mittagong;
14 mi Oberon, ^{near Bathurst} Derrin; Keringa, 30 mi Parahulok;
Taralga; Berry;

Phaeocol. ursinus Lady Barron, Flinders Is., Bass Str.

Notonyctes 250 mi n. Br. Australia Bight.

Omitomyctes Tarana; Lithgow; MacDonnell R; Warilla;
Haroi R; Nepean R; Inverell;

O. c. crispus Rullin, NW Tas; Portwell Tas.

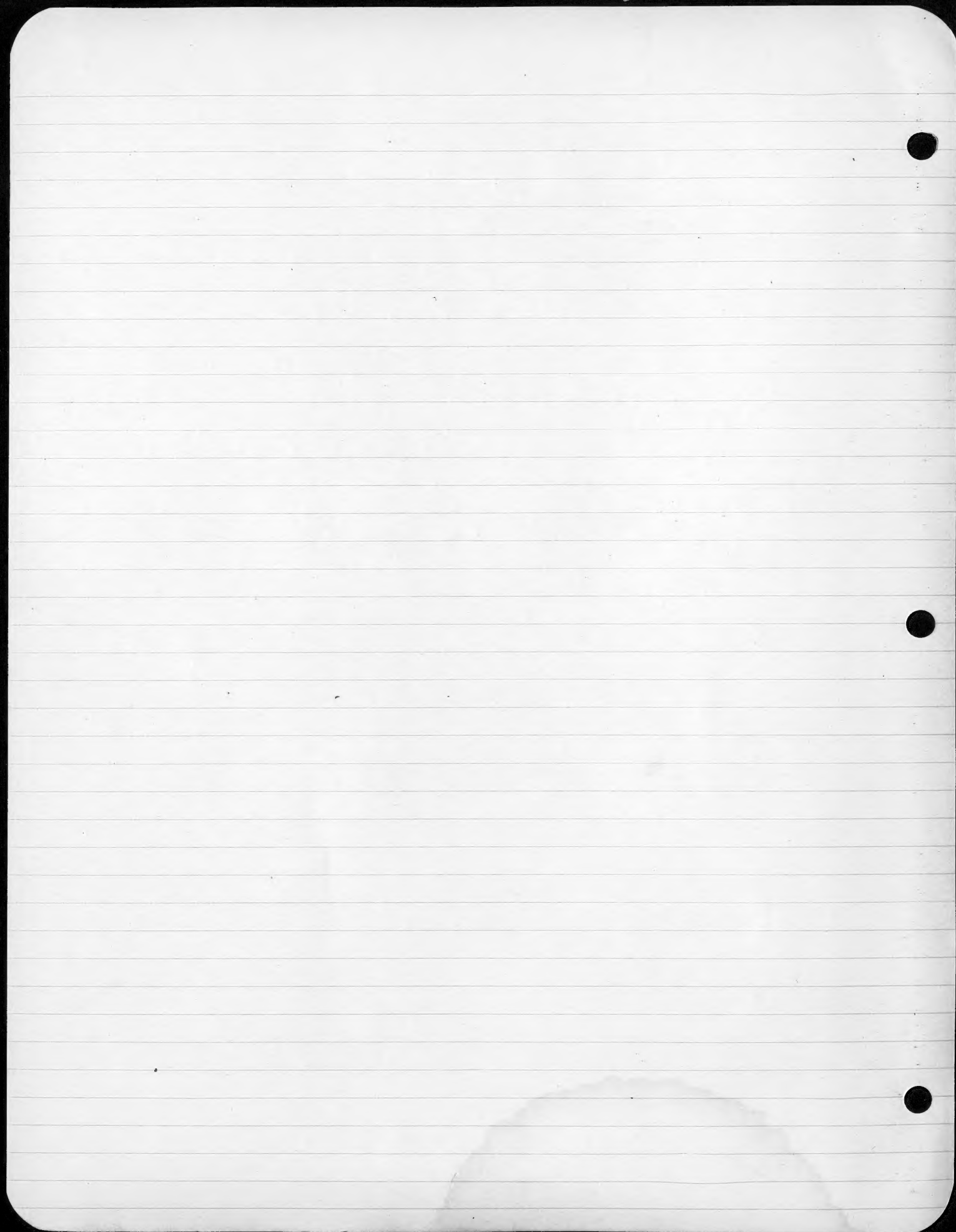
Tachygnathus Narabean; Koyan Is.; Lake Cargellico; Popper R ^{Miss?}
N.T.; Maa Is.; Lawn Hill Sta, S of Benketon;
Melville Bay + Cape Arden; Mt Kosciuszky 4000 ft.

T. setosus Tasman Archip; Flinders Is., Bass
Str.

Arctophthalmus douglasi Seal Rocks, Pt Stephens;
Montague Is., S coast NSW; Lady Julia Percy Rocks, Pt
Fairy, Vic;

Arctophthalmus fosteri Dinedin NZ; King Is., Bass Str;
Rudolfs Archip, S.W. A.

Eumetopus albicollis Lion Is., Esperance Bay, S.W. A.



Ogmochinus leptomys Granby NSW; Port Phillip Bay;
Wollongong;

Hydromys chr. Sydney; Lawson Cr., Foudge; Tarana;
Parandera; Carlebury Cr., Sydney; Roodwick;
Hen-Chicken Bay; Longrose Pt., Parramatta R.; 25 mi S.
Mt Horeb, Tumut; Tumut; Condolobin; Liverpool;
Musselrow, NE Tas.; Helder Is Pass Str; Thredbo
R., Mt Kosciuszko; L. Macquarie; Eubaly, W Lauchlan
R.; Argalby via Tumut; Brompton; Turner, SE of
SA.; Mt Lofty Ra., S. A.; Tendon Caves

H. c. lutella Goat Is., Sydney Harbor (M 5723).

H. c. rufus Abingdon in Victoria; Carns Dist.

H. c. fulvoviratus Bourke Dist; Condolobin;

H. c. fuliginosus King Sea Sound (Palma no 121); Cronkirk,
W. A.; Tudor, Denmark Line, S W A; Formalys in Denmark
W. A.

H. c. leucogaster Campbellton, NSW; Camden, Birdsville Dist;
Bathurst; Tarana;

Hydromys. Yandibar (M 645); Pt Darwin (M 2302); Hinchinbrook
Is. (M 4338).

H. c. lawrensi Adels Grove, Lawn Hill Creek, NW Q

H. c. bynani Lake Burra

H. c. meliceris Bathurst Is., N.T.

H. c. moa Moa or Barks Is.

H. c. proterus Groote Eylandt

H. c. orinus Mt Lamington Dist, Papua

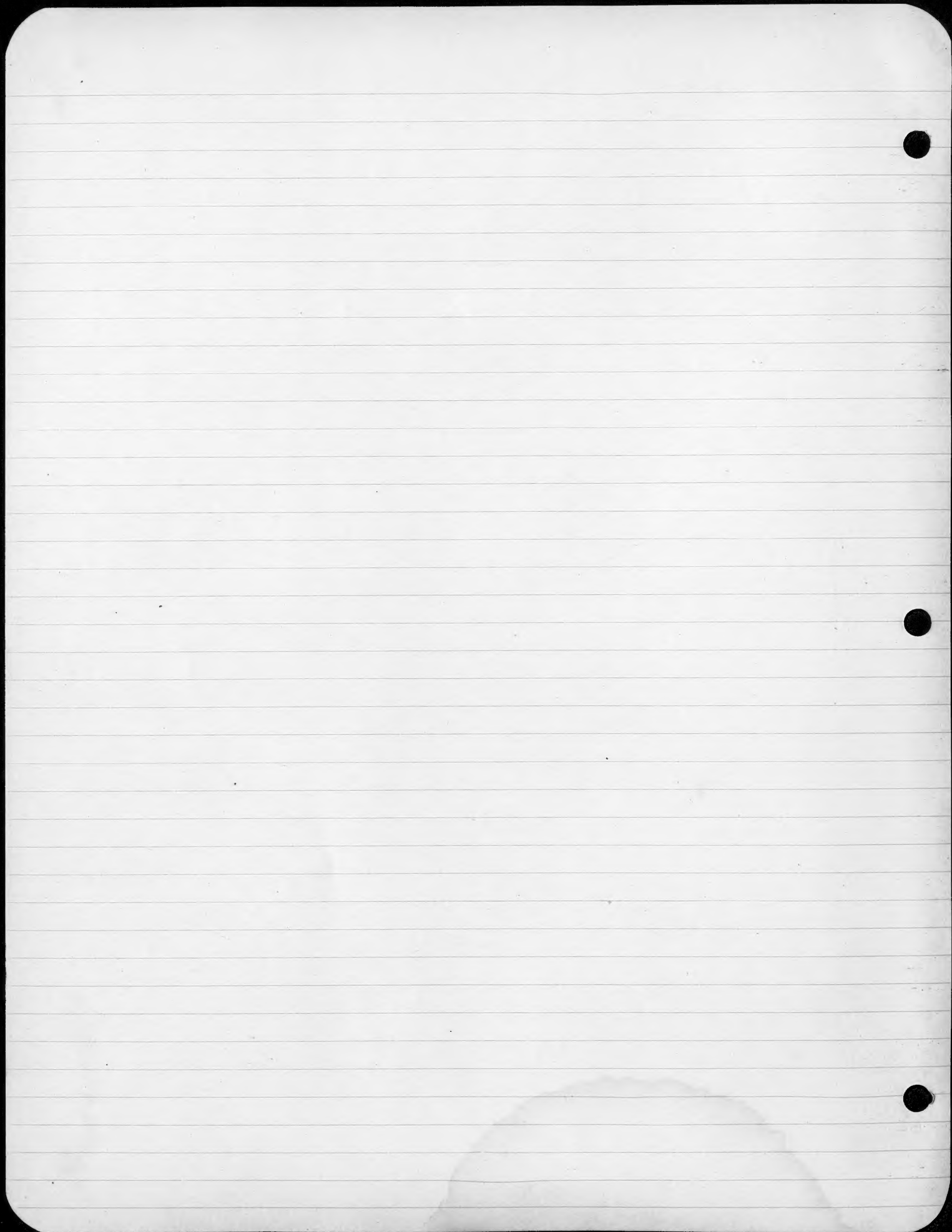
Uromys candiaculatus Cape York (Colype skull 51848);
^{88, 89, 90, 64}

Blomfield R; Tinetin Holroyd & Kendall (coll Lesing).

U. c. exilis Hinchinbrook Is.

U. c. lamington Mt Lo, Papua's Diodora, N.E.

U. c. stenium Hinchinbrook Dist; Bellenden Ker Pa;



Melomys barfieldi Dunk Is.
Coomon, Rockh. Dist (M 3784)

M. cervinus Pt Lorkant 12 mi Ebor;
? { M 6730 Imbil, Gympie Dist Q.
M 6305, ~~6265, 6307~~ near Mackay
M 6306, 6307 56 mi Mackay
M 6551 Sarina, 25 mi Mackay
M 6553 Hatara, v. Mackay

M. curvifalvus Hinchinbrook Is.

M. littoralis insularis Hinchinbrook Is.

M. littoralis Port Denison; Ayr; Townsville; Innisfail;

M. curvicaudus Herberton Dist.

M. australis Bloomfield R

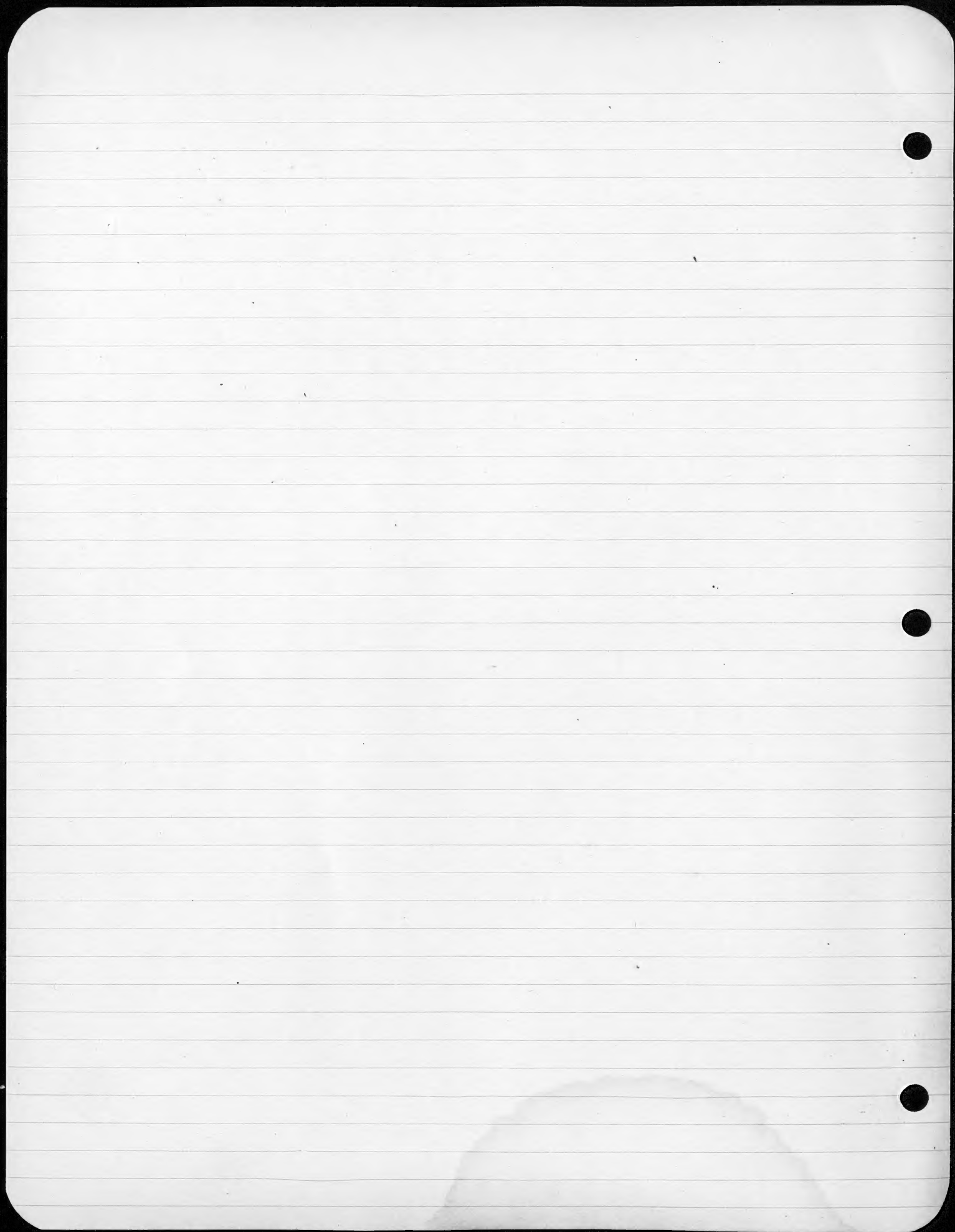
→ { Pabinda; Cairns Dist's "Intake" at Cairns;
Innisfail (?)

M. mixtus Groote Eylandt (type + 2 paratypes only)

M. limicauda Hayman Is., Whit Sunday Is. (Type only)

M. rubicola (= Bramble Cay)

Rattus arauicanus Lithgow; Kosciuszko; 20 mi S. Nowra;
Punchmore Lagoon, 15 mi Kingscote; Blackheath;
Chickster, Dungog; Dryall Lakes; Atherton Tableland Q;
Ebor; John Thredbo + Snowy Rs; Argaly on Tumut;
Woyang; Capertee; Minnamurra, S.C.; Nat PR Syd;
Lygon Q; 9 mi W Mullumbimby; ~~Thredbo~~ Samaras;
So Portland, Vic; Imbil, Gympie Q; Mt Irvine, Blue Mts;
Barrington Tops.



R. rattus (many) many mud examined

R. leysianus

R. fuscipes Clelands Gully, Port Compass, S.A.; Arthur & Regal Rivers, NW Tas;

Burchinck Lagoon, 15 mi Kingscote, Kangaroo Isl.
Tulka, 8 mi S. Port Lincoln, Eyre Pen.

R. timmisi dispar Alice Springs

R. noronhaiensis Ricketts Lagoon

R. colletti Allyn R. N.T.

R. fuscipes stultorum Darling Downs (Poodbest), Long Bay;
King George Sound WA; Ricketts R; Joroumbra; Ft Macquarie;
Arthur & Regal Rivers, Tas;

R. l. imbil Imbil Sympie

R. fuscipes Normalis; King George Sound; Bumbury

R. culm. valisium Rome

R. culm. apex Skull Creek, Cape York

R. culm. yampi Strickland Isl.

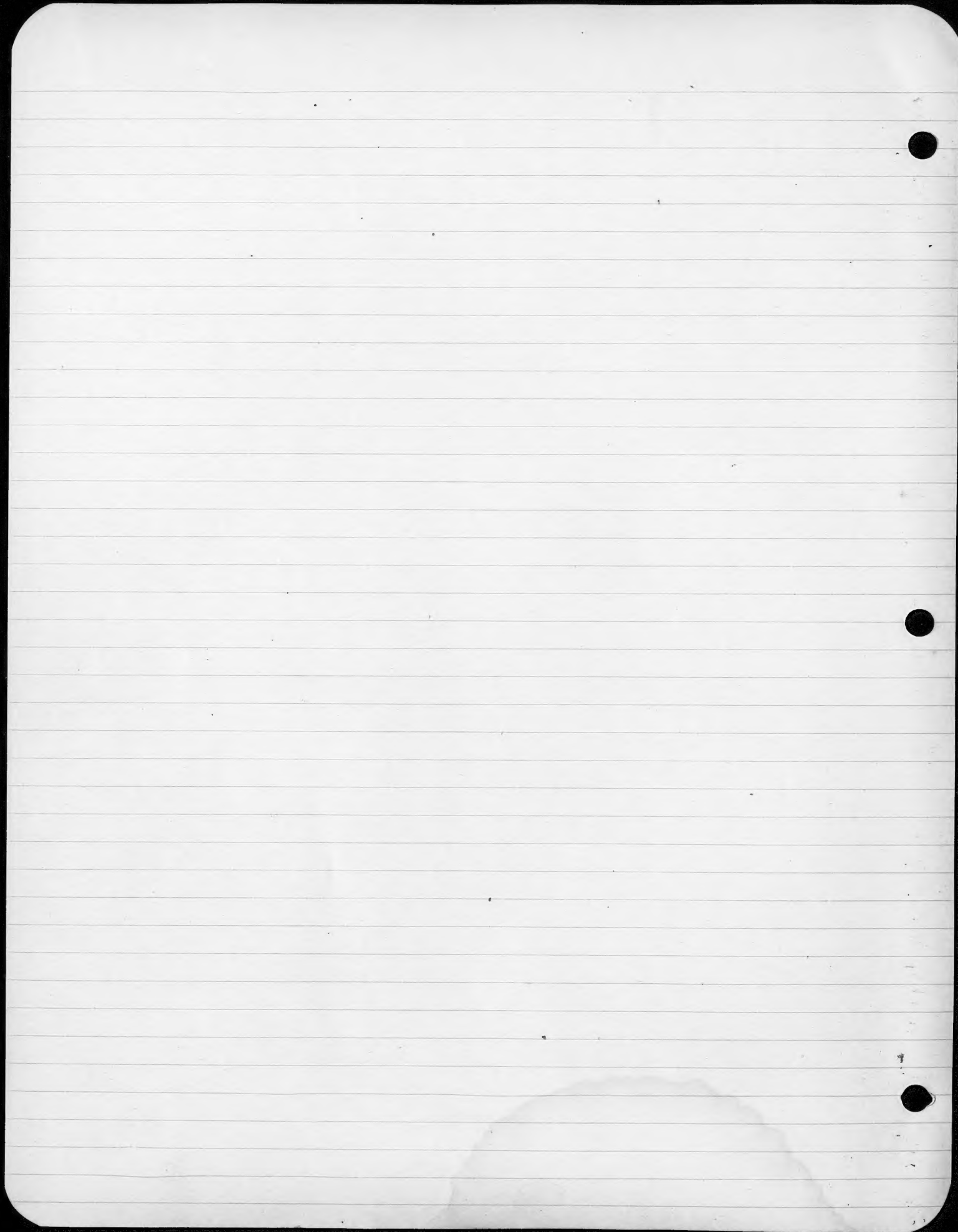
R. conatus Dighton; Dickey; "Intake", Cairns;

R. l. velutinus Tasmania (about 8 specimens)

R. l. carolinus Mt Irvine, Blue Mts; Myall Lakes; Ebor;

R. l. luteus French's Is. Vic (M4844).

R. villosus Victoria R, N.T.; Tomplate R, 17 mi S Mt Isa;
Oban Sta, n of Uranderie, ¹⁹³⁴ N.Q.; Arvon Downs Sta, N.T.; (1934)
Alexandria Downs Sta (1934); Adel's Cove, on Lawn Hill,
N.Q. (1934)



Mesembryops lewinii Gt Darwin 1910

M. macrurus Derby & WA;

Loomys pedunculatus Alice Springs; Illamurta C.A.;

Mesembryops feldi Cape Arnhem 1941

Conilurus penicillatus Swote Ey.

Lymnites cordatus Colden

" apicatus Darling R.

Trastacomyx Gt Kosciuszko; Beech Forest, Otway Dist Vic.

Pteropus kerandreni? - conspicillatus?

" scapulatus Yam Creek N.T.; Proome, NWA; Lospud NSW;
Wellington NSW; Inverell; Griffiths; Sydney;

Pteropus philippensis from Duke of York = P. pusillus?

Nyctinomus papuensis Westsper, Goodridgebee Prov NSW (M 3221)

" capitata Cockerham (M 1244); Blomfield R.

Rhinol. megaphyllus. Cockerham; Almaden.

Hipp. d. repinae Cardwell (Type).

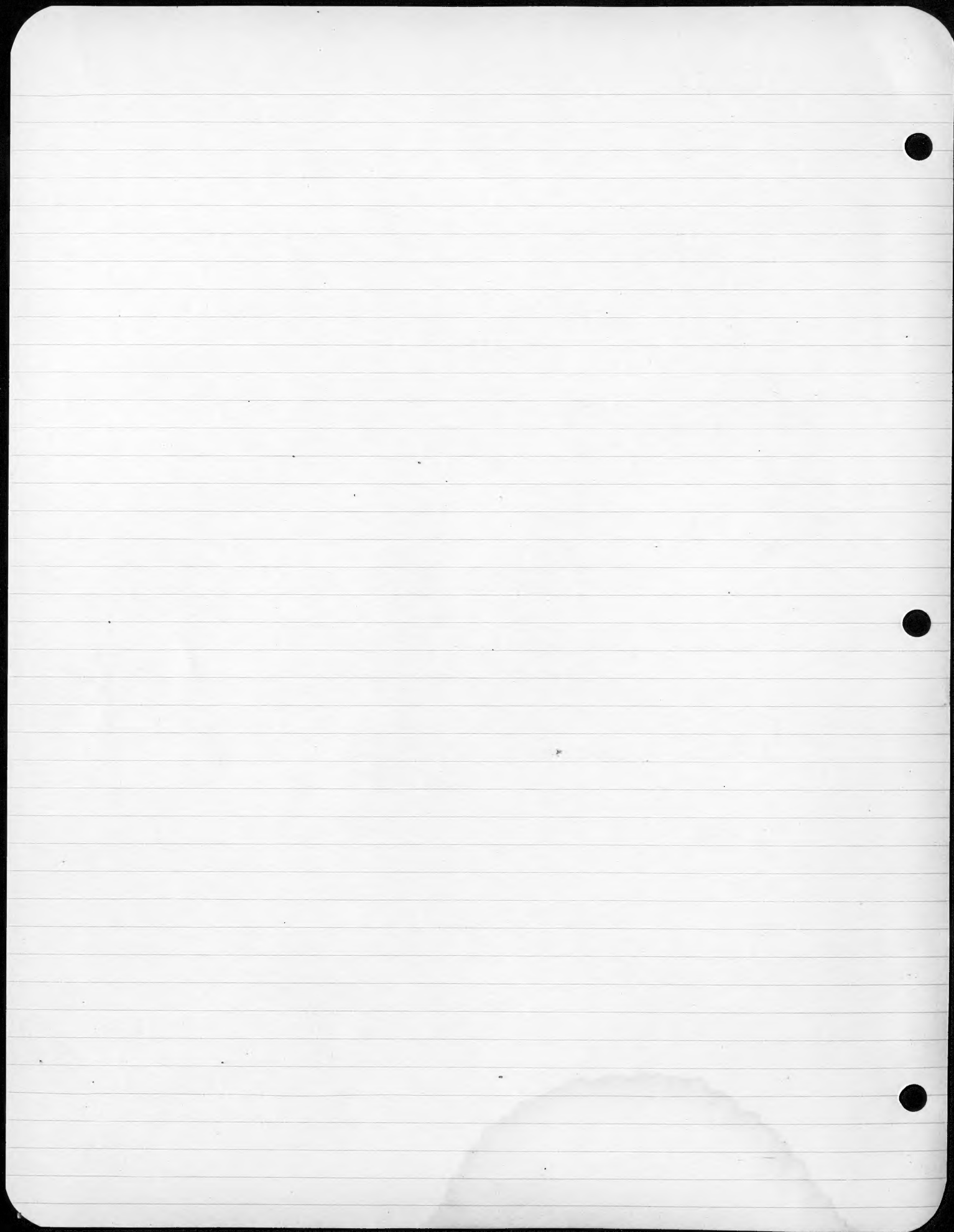
Macrodama pygmaea Swote Ey (M 505-6)

Nyctophilus geppoyi Todd R. 20 mi Patkulinda, S.A.; Danilla;
Timut; Tambellup, W.A.

" fulvipes Kosciuszko 5000 ft; Cotar.; Yass;

" torquatus thomasi Denmark, S.W.A.; Tambellup, S.W.A.

Pip. tasmanicus Burwood, Sydney; Argaloz; Benima



Myotis advenus (iracundus) Dyalgum, Tweed R.

F. p. foveatus Eidsvold, Q; Tulka, 8 mi P+Lindis, S.A.;
Sudr sid p, Denmark Line, W.A.; Lideman's Is., in Bowen;
Argaloy, in Tumut; Lord Howe Id.; Balladonia in
Nossenden, W.A.; Brook Ey.; Tambellup, swa;
8 mi S. Mt Isa, NWQ

F. p. vulturinus Bickeno, E coast Tas.,

Chal. joualdi Tarana; Belarinar; Mt Lyndhurst,
30 mi E, Jarvis, S.A.; Smithfield, Sydney;
Berrima, ^{2000 ft} Argaloy, Tumut; Ooldea, ^{SA} Cairns,
NSW; Leura;

Ch. roosei Lithgow; Tambellup, W.A.

Ch. nigrogriseus Tyndane, Bonke; 20 mi NW Baudine;

Ch. pictus Byrock;

Scotomus greyi Victoria R., N.A.

Miniopterus sch. Woolloomooloo; Glen Dornagh; Chillagoe
Caves; Prospect Reservoir; Elizabeth Bay, Syd.

Min Clarence R (M 2518)

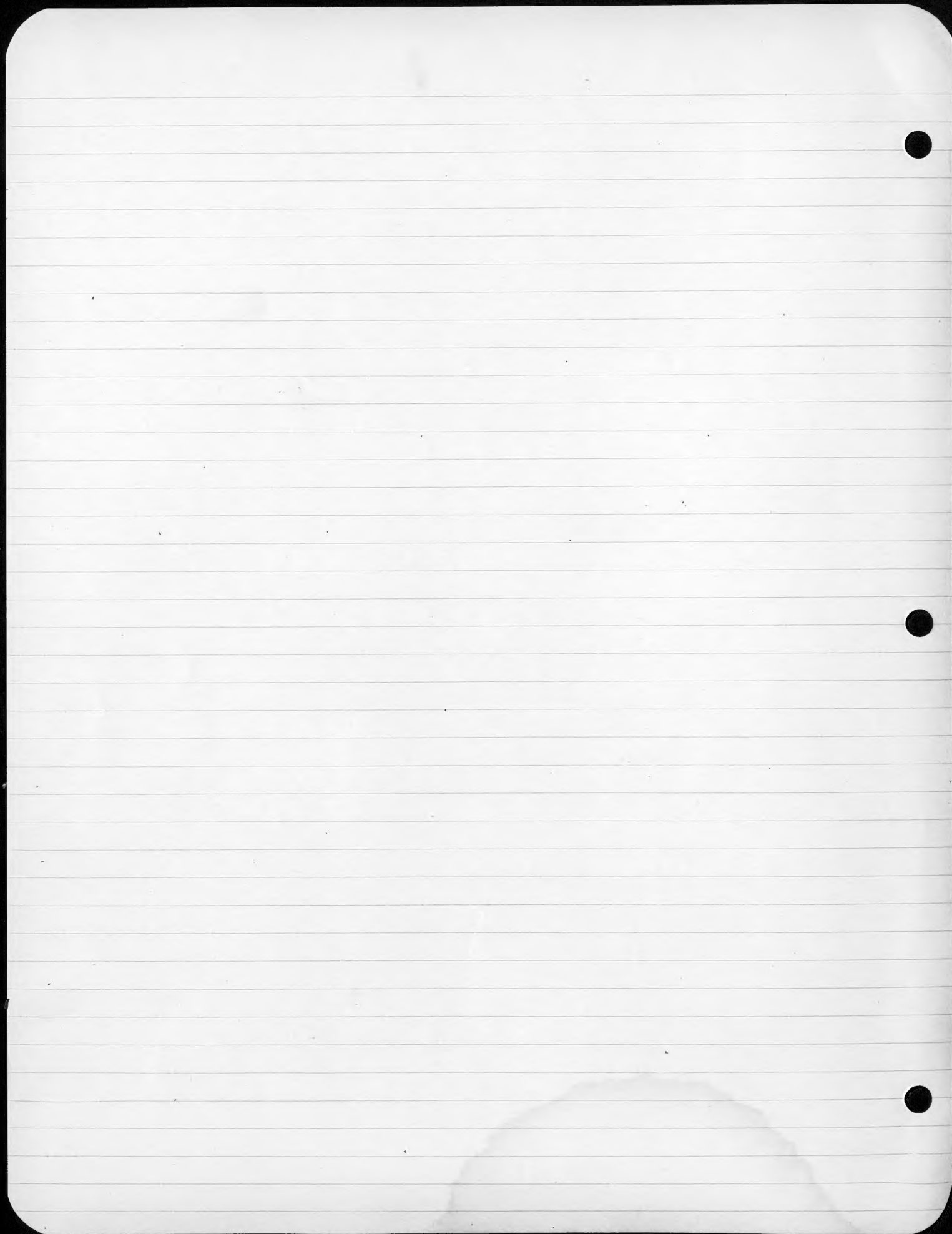
M. onimus Dawson

Taph. flaviventris Stanwell in Balli; Narranger,
Cairns; Barron Tetr; Brook Ey.

Nyctinomus australis Cudal; Musselbrook; Elands,
Tara Dist; Wentworth; Cairns; Kittinggong; Mulgee (M 1181)

N. plumiceps Wangaratta + Neplein Tetr (Rivers)

N. novollandensis Smithfield, Syd.; Gosford.



Chaerophon p. colonicus ^m Burckelwin; 8 mi S. Mt. Isa.
Nov.
Oct 27 (cont'd from before the foregoing notes).

Spent all Oct 26 at work on register & most of today. Expect to leave for U.S. at 11.59 pm.

P.S. About 4 o'clock who should come into the Museum but Bob Miller, the ichthyologist of the Amberland Expedition. It turns out that we are going out on the same plane tonight. He will stop off at Honolulu to visit friends.

G. H. H. Tate

1948

ARR. SYDNEY OCT. 25
(MONDAY)

IN SYDNEY

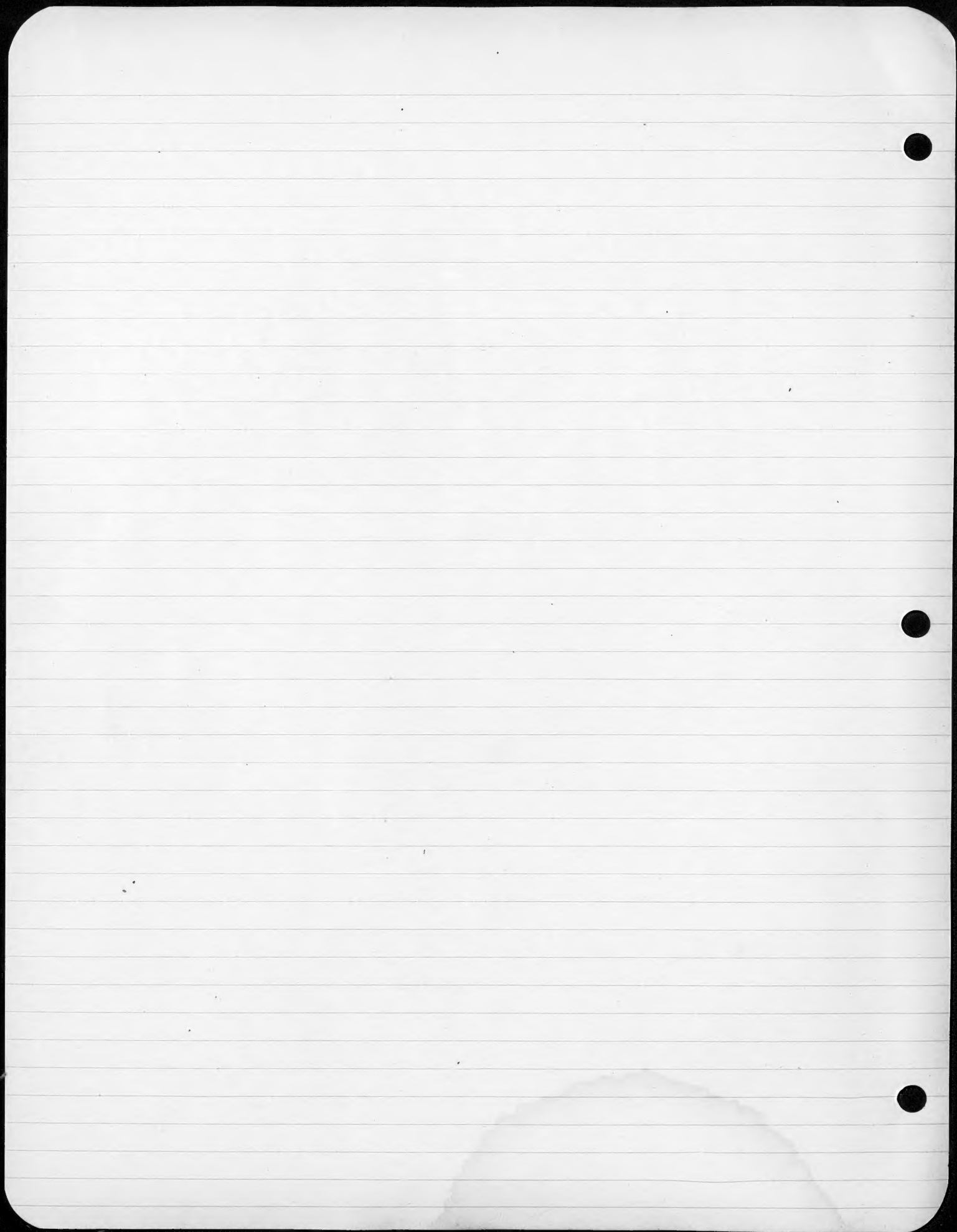
OCT. 25 - 27
(MON.) (WED.)

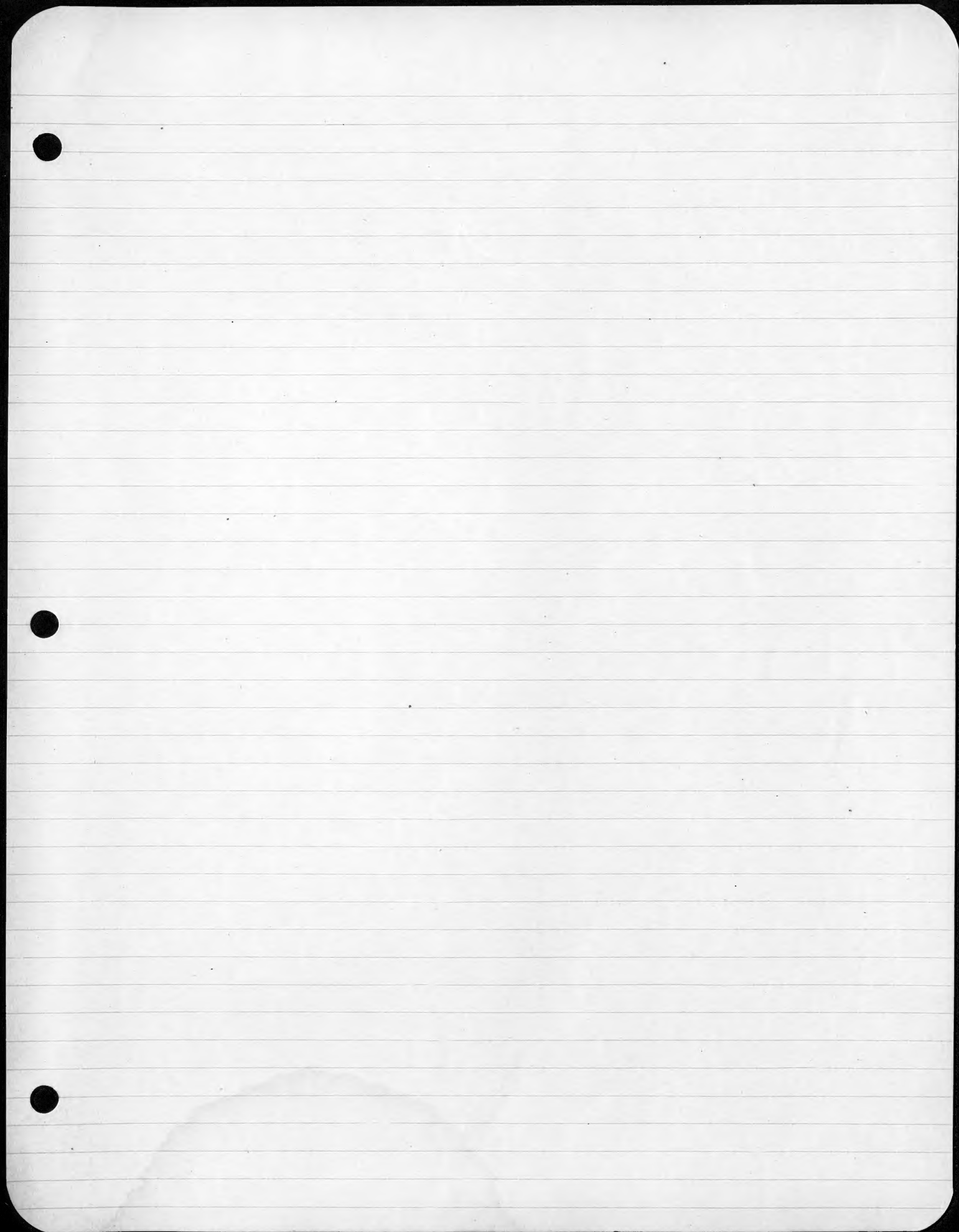
TO U.S.A. 11:59 P.M.
WED.

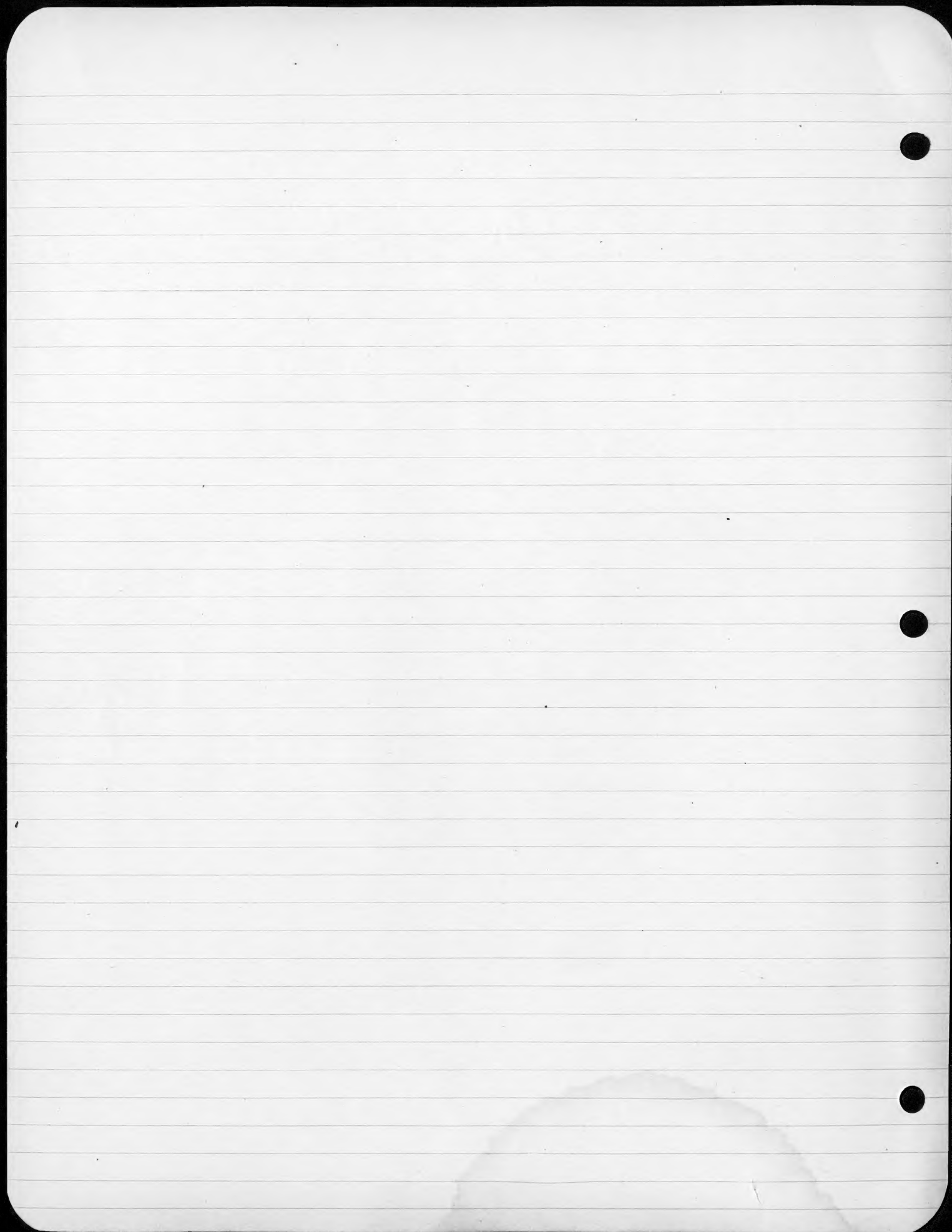
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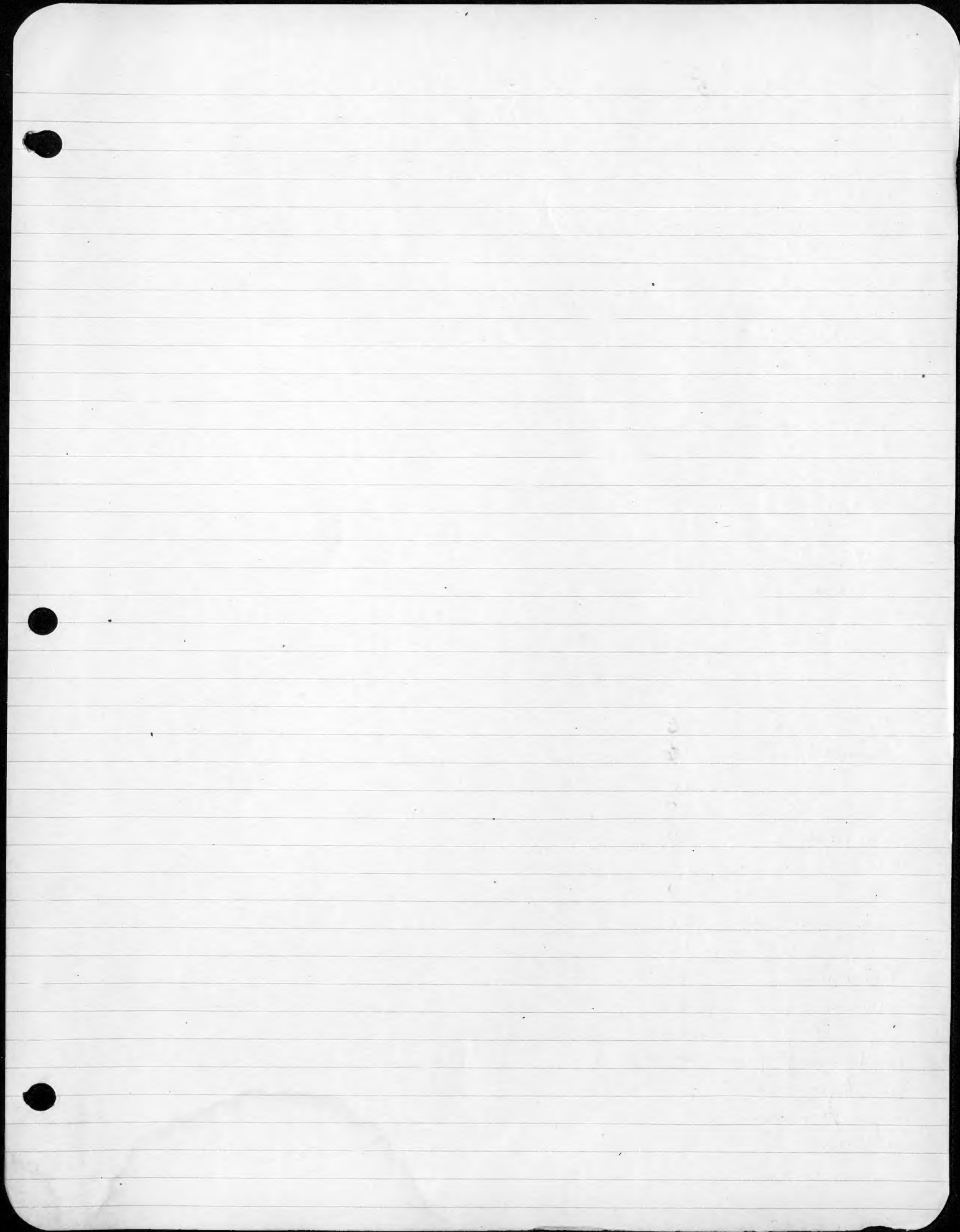
AUST. MUS. CATALOGUE

(no mention of
photographs)









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1

Tritosurus

One at Werlock farm tree cut down by rats. Seemingly
more at Brinn's Creek. Six others shot at Werlock - all
in open forest.

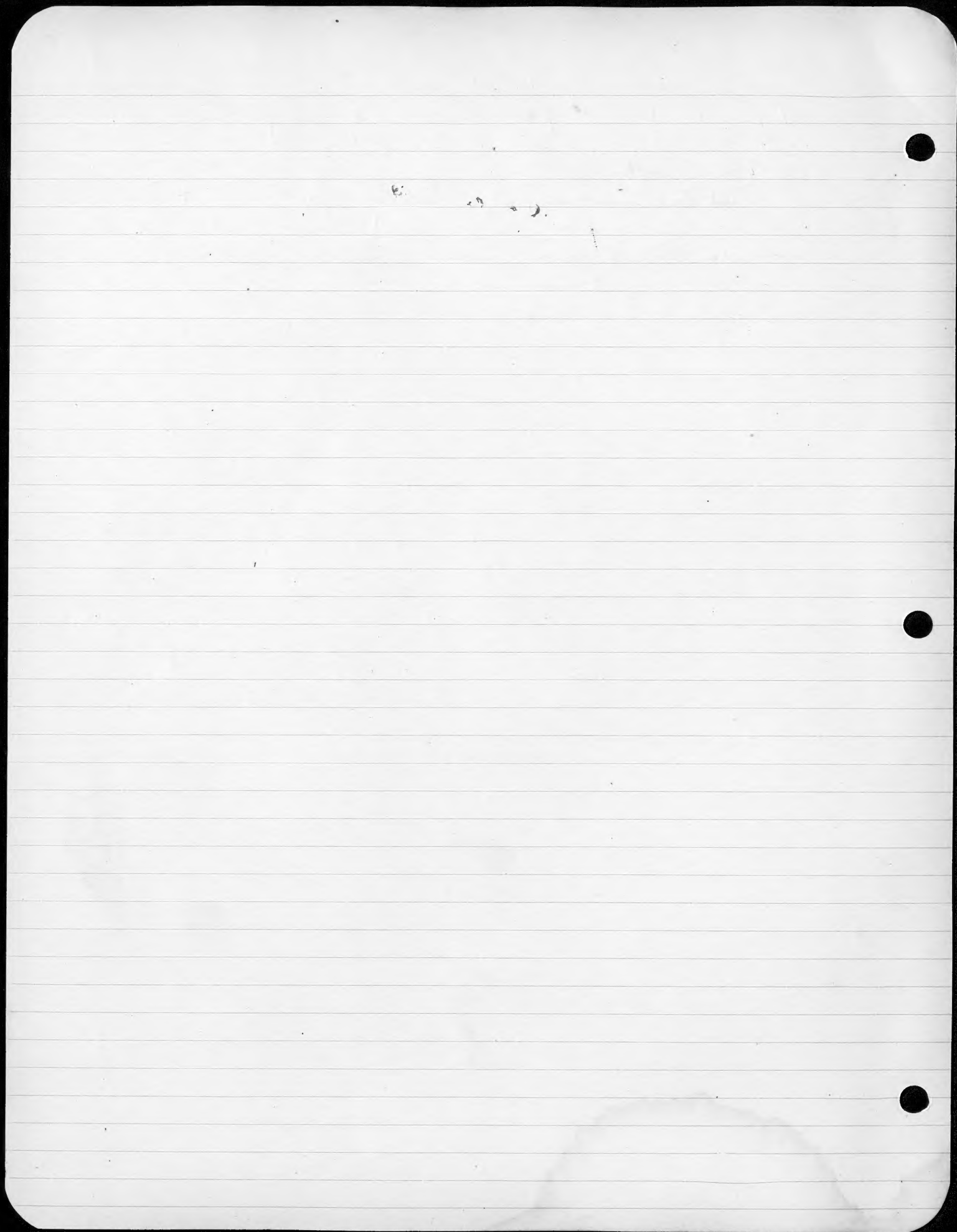
At Coen several were taken in the Armbrust paddock
at about 8 miles out on the Coen-Werlock Road. The one
female had 1 pouch young.

Shot one at "The Bend", another at Abergoolah.

One seen by buff in Lewis's store at Cocktown

One shot by Van behind Hotel, Cocktown

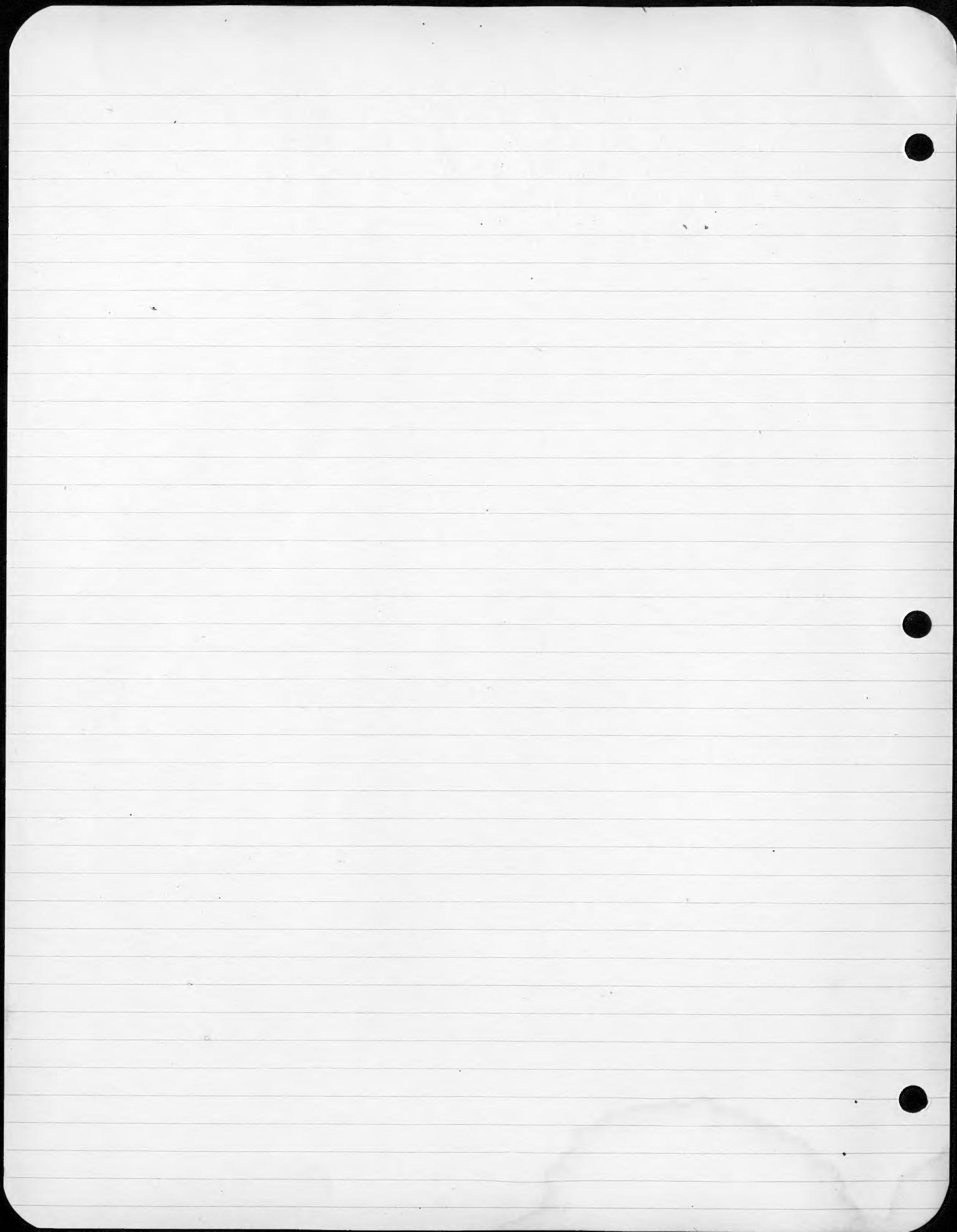
Two shot by me at McLeod's Escape Station, N.O. of Mt Spurgeon



Mesembryomys

A rather young male of this beautiful rat trapped at base of old bloodwood tree (one of the few which have survived fires) at Brown's Creek. Morton knew them. Said they did not extend to "Tip" (Cocktown, 10 mi)

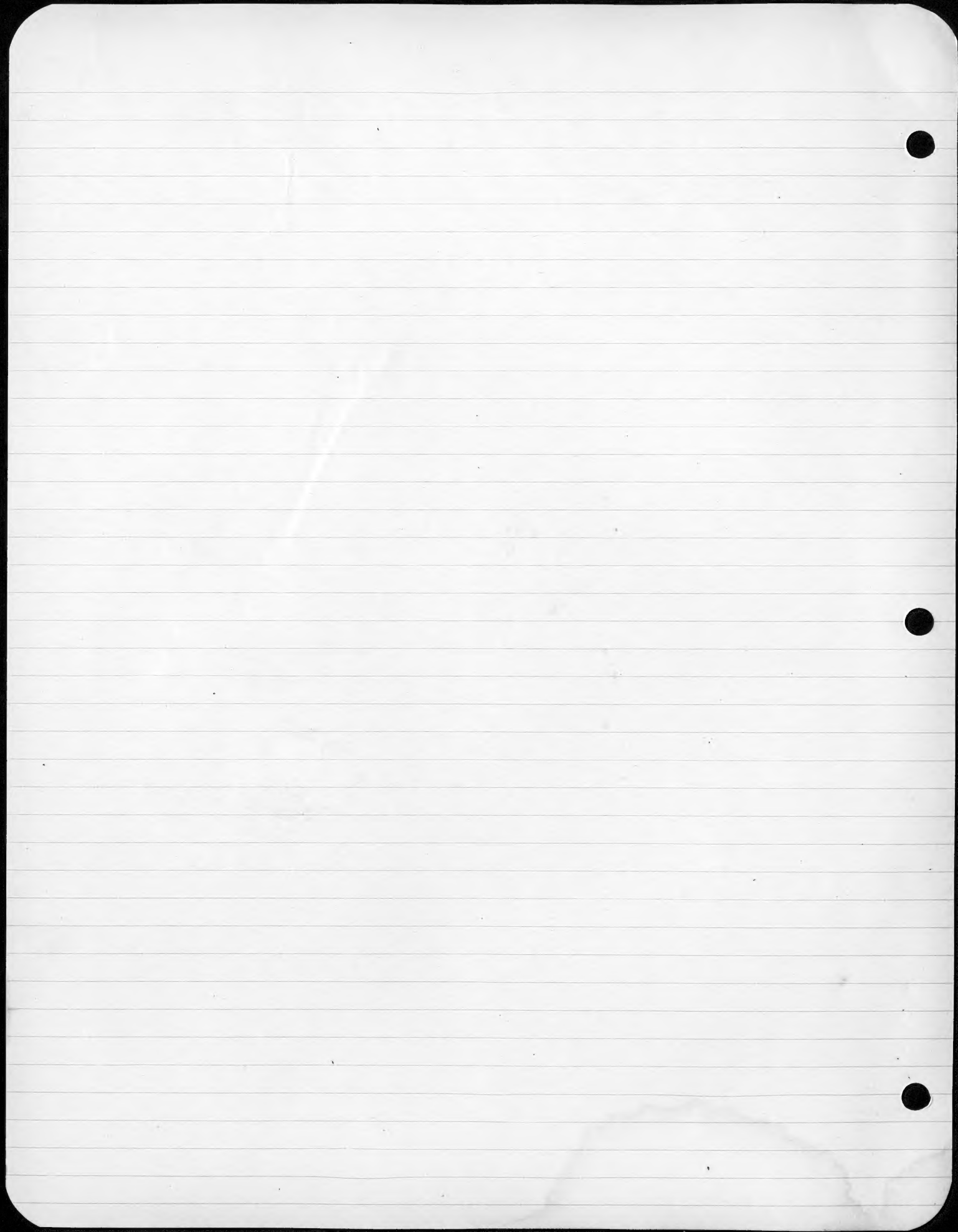
The Seagen family claimed to have this animal



Legadira.

A single example of Australian *Legadira* found by G. M. Tate
under log near lagoons at Winlock in open forest.

Two found in shallow burrows in fallow peanut field,
under piled skulls of falc. iron at Seepen farm, 10 mi out
on Coklam - Lampa RR.



Pseudocheirus penninus.

A small series of Captain Cook's Ringtail was obtained - chiefly on "string-bark trees" - in the Arboretum paddock 7-8 miles from Coen on the Coen-Wendock Road. All but one were females. The females had most of them a pouch young. The presence of this ring tail so far north of Coorctown is especially interesting. It is also noteworthy that this Pseudocheirus lives in "open forest".

One shot in "box" plain (open forest), McLeod-Escape Junction, NW of Mt Spurgeon.

10

11

12

13

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15

16



Tachyglossus

None taken until Iron Range, though they were reported at the tip as being moderately common on the crests of the scrub covered iron-stone ridges (200 ft). Tom Hollands stated he once came upon a group of four or five.

One was dug from a 2 way hole beneath a very large ^{rain} forest tree at the edge of a shallow gully. Another was caught in the hollow base of a rain forest tree wedged in a cavity but had scarcely burrowed down at all.

A third was found by Van Pat Iron Range Air strip entangled with wire netting. A fourth was spotted by Van at night (when hunting with the light). It looked at first like a hummock of weeds. It did not move ^{and} ~~but~~ was readily caught. The fifth was brought in by a native.

The platysma muscles are enormously developed and the bases of the spines are so deeply embedded in it that the muscle can be only imperfectly preserved when skinning the animal. There is no external ear - only a large meatus - yet large internal cartilages indicate the former presence of external cartilages.

Another was found for Queensland Mus by a dog close to the Iron Range Air Strip, & still another was picked up by my boy Roy in open forest at Iron Range upon a rather bare hillside. ~~Van~~ ^{for} George Nankervis found a small one in open country at Wenlock.

One picked up at night at Wenlock a few yards from Batavia R.

One shot by Van on Mt Dinnigan at night at 2800 ft. One found crossing road by Giff at Dinnigan, 1300 ft.

00

Dasyceridas .

6

We have seen no truly wild dasycerids (May 19). Yet these animals at Tunis make themselves quite at home with man. They live among the timbers of the R. I. P. wharf & feed on left over fish bait. One (purchased by me) was caught by having an overcoat thrown over it. They are said to inhabit abandoned army huts, stacks of empty kerosine drums, & particularly to like old empty stores. Dick Hollands insisted they fed on cockroaches. They appear to inhabit ~~so~~ low, open forest; not scrub or rain forest. The male brought by me had eyes which shone well. The total taken in the "Tip" area was four - all Satavellus hallucatus. ~~Two~~ were in houses, one in an old iron barge stranded on the shore. ~~2nd taken~~

The next Satavellus were taken at ~~Jim's traps~~ and Brown's Creek where they were moderately common. They were reported from Portland Roads, though we did not secure any. Claws, apparently only matched by their own species, were found in the storerooms - also remains of lizard, centipede, lains, vegetation. The normal formula is 4-4=8; the pouch color of a virgin female light purplish pink. At Brown's Creek two males were caught in two steel traps attached to a common stake. How? Did the second attack the first trapped one with cannibalistic intent and himself get caught also. Both were considerably bitten by morning. Van trapped one at Werlock.

Two taken at Coen, - one trapped (very poor & emaciated) one from hollow log 2 miles n.w. of Coen.
Two trapped on bare open forest hillside at Helwale.
One at Black Mountain,

Handwritten text, possibly a signature or date, located in the lower middle section of the page. The text is faint and difficult to decipher, but appears to include the number '11' and some illegible characters.

Cuscuses.

7

(maculatus)
At the "tip" spotted Cuscus, was only moderately common. We never got a fully adult male. The eyes shine brilliantly. The animals in habit scrub, rarely venturing out into "forest". (orientalis)

No gray cuscuses found at the "tip".

Iron Range proved to be ~~rich~~ rich in Spotted Cuscuses. An excellent series of all steps in both sexes was secured.

Three brown (gray) cuscuses were collected at Iron Range. The Spotted Cuscuses were eating the fruits of the Leichart tree, Nauclea of the Rubiaceae

Spotted Cuscuses were apparently rarer at the western side of the scrub: only 2 were collected.

Two brown cuscuses shot by Van at Shephard's Battery Site, Peach River; also others taken by Don Vernon at same place. Pouch young in ♀♀.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Stupid possum, Dactylopsila.

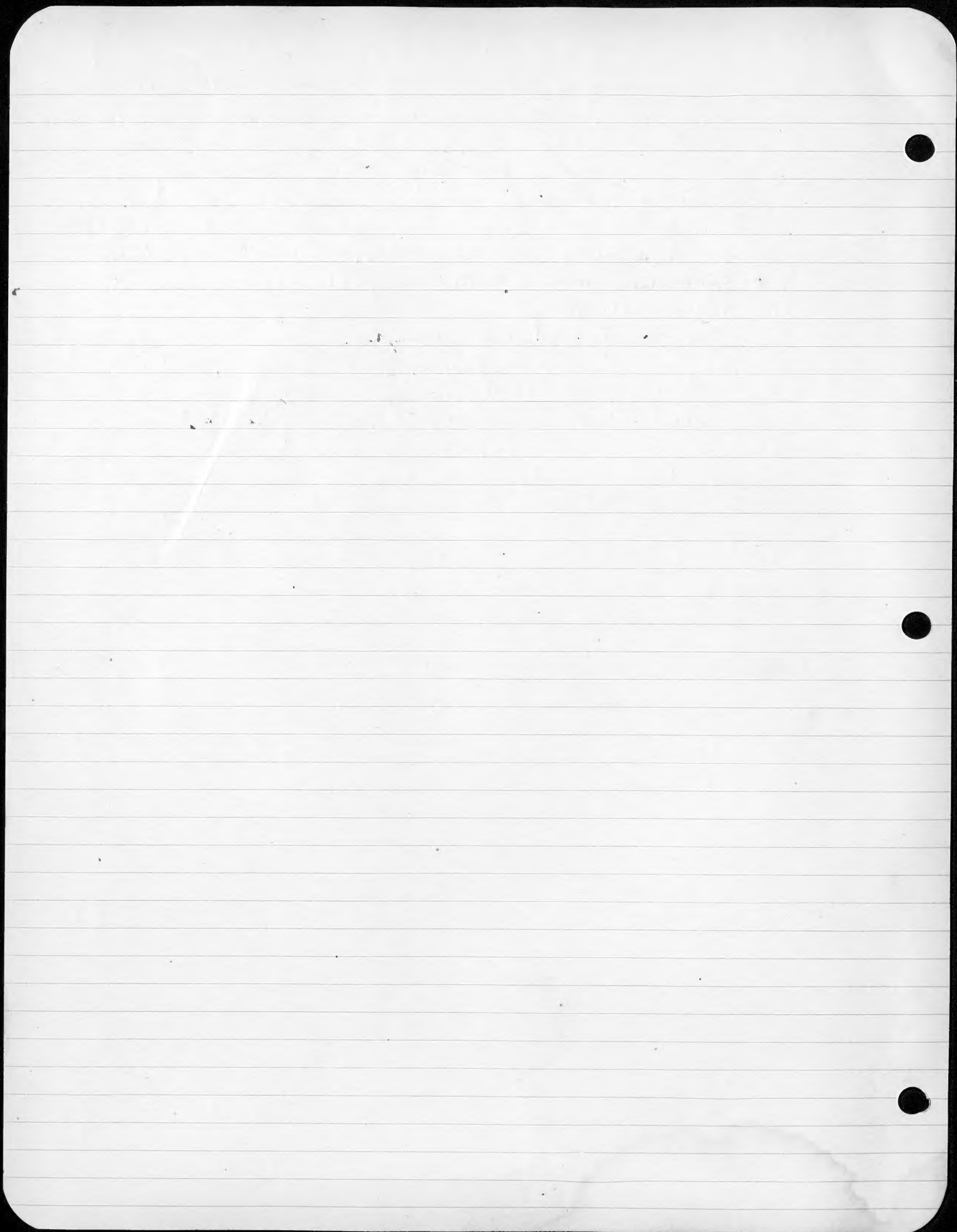
Van was the real collector of this animal. He shot all we took by patiently waiting in small scrubs for the animals to reveal themselves by noises. Their eyes shone rather well. As they were also taken in the "big scrub" it seems they prefer rain forest to open forest. In some cases they must have crossed open forest to ^{reach} such isolated scrubs. Several were taken at Lockerie, one at the sawmill scrub, one at the Newcastle Range.

No Dactylopsila was discovered at Portland Roads, or Iron Range, or Mt Tozer, or Warlock.

A young Dactylopsila given Mrs Dixon by Miss Gabriella Neutäuser, was raised by the former. The mother, shot, is reported to have been taken a few miles below the town on the Coen River.

One adult shot by Van near "Mango Tree" top of McDermott Range - 1800 ft.

One shot in river scrub (border of river in open forest) at Helensvale, 20 mi. S. Cooktown.

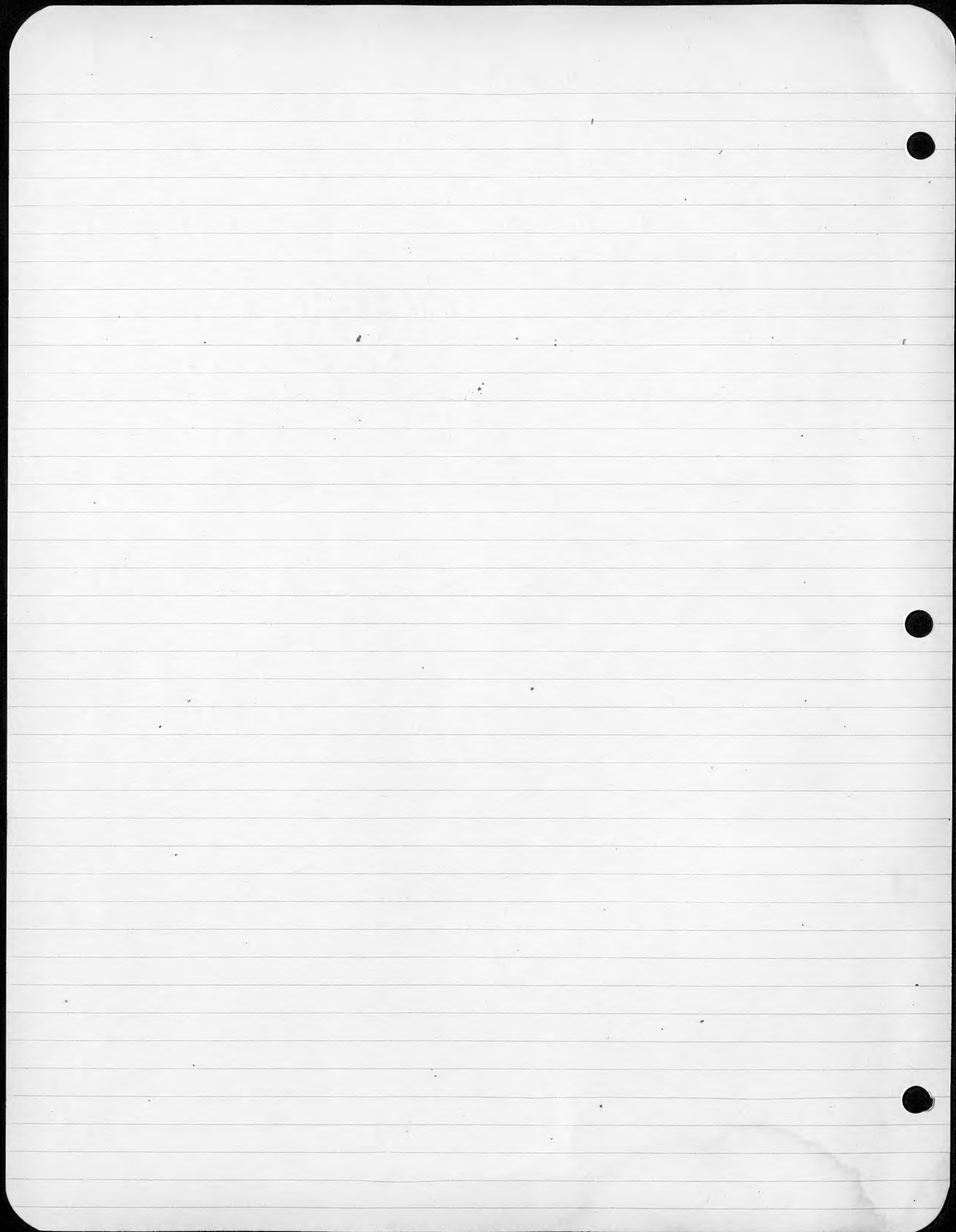


Acrotatus - Feather-tail ^{fly} Phalanger.

Van first saw the eyes & later the white underparts of this tiny animal in a flowering bloodwood tree behind the belt of scrub at Newcastle Bay. He shot it but could not find it (at night). Next day hunting for it he shot a carpet snake under the same type. The snake had an Acrotatus in its stomach. X-ray will probably show lead pellets inside. This capture marks the northern limit of the species.

Reported to occur at Iron Range in open forest.

One taken by Don Vernon for Queensland Mus. (♂) in the gallery flood forest at Shephard's Battery Site, 800 ft, on Peck River. Caught in rat trap at base of very large tree.



Sugar Flycatcher - Pitaeus heurycaps. 10

None of these were found at Lockerie; but Van & I each shot one ^{at night} feeding in flowering bloodwood trees behind Newcastle Bay. One had 2 young in the pouch.

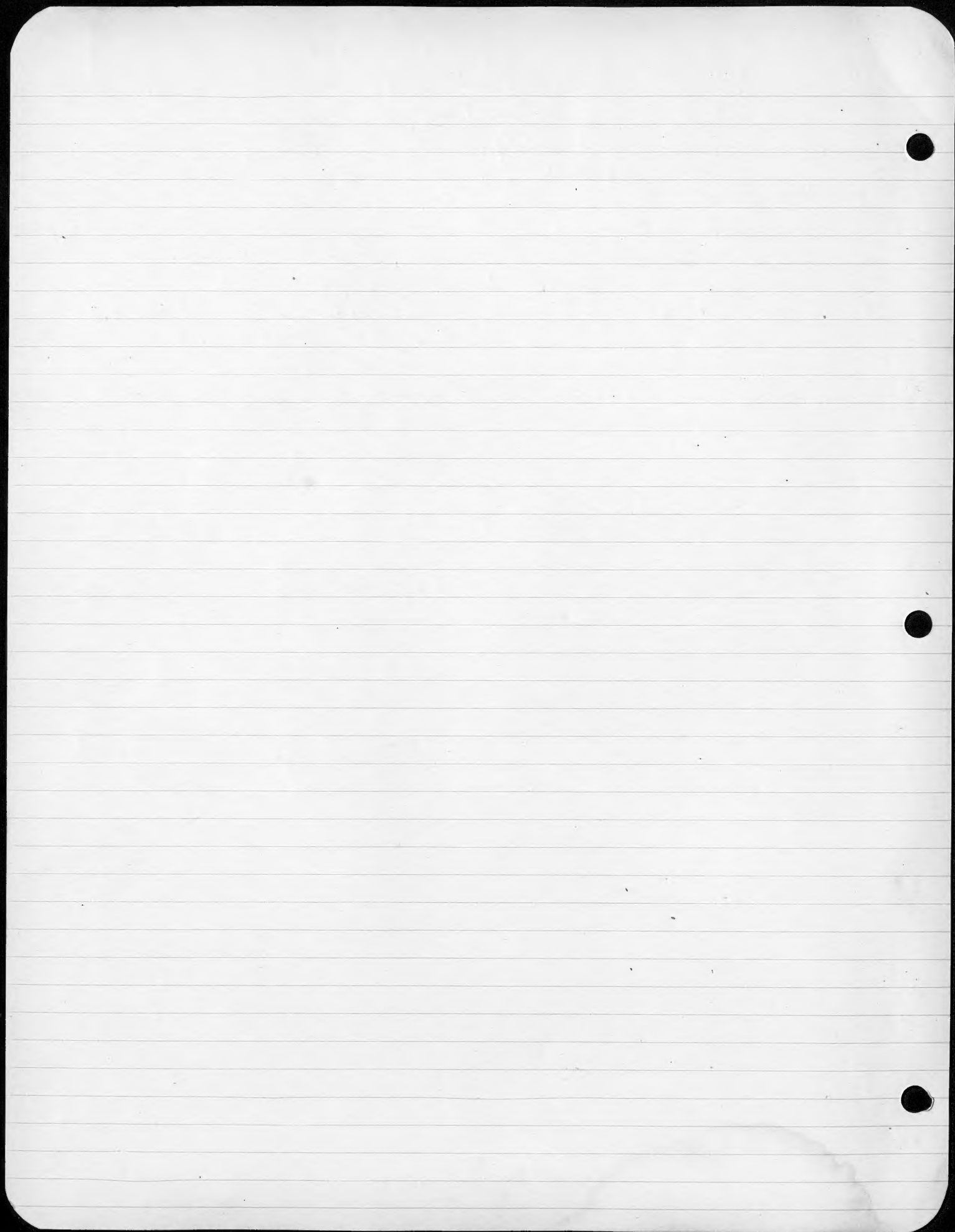
Van collected 2 more at the mouth of the Larradinya River.

at Portland Roads one was shot in low eucalyptus forest; none at Iron Range; none at Tozer.

A juvenile from Werlock (in alcohol: no. 11046); also two adults, one of them with 2 pouch young. One seen at Archer River. Two shot at Coen.

Said to be found at Laura.

One at Skipton's Flats, Mt Finnigan, 1000 ft.
Two at Aldubury Stn (25 mi., Cocton - Laura RR)



Dingo

f. Lockhartie

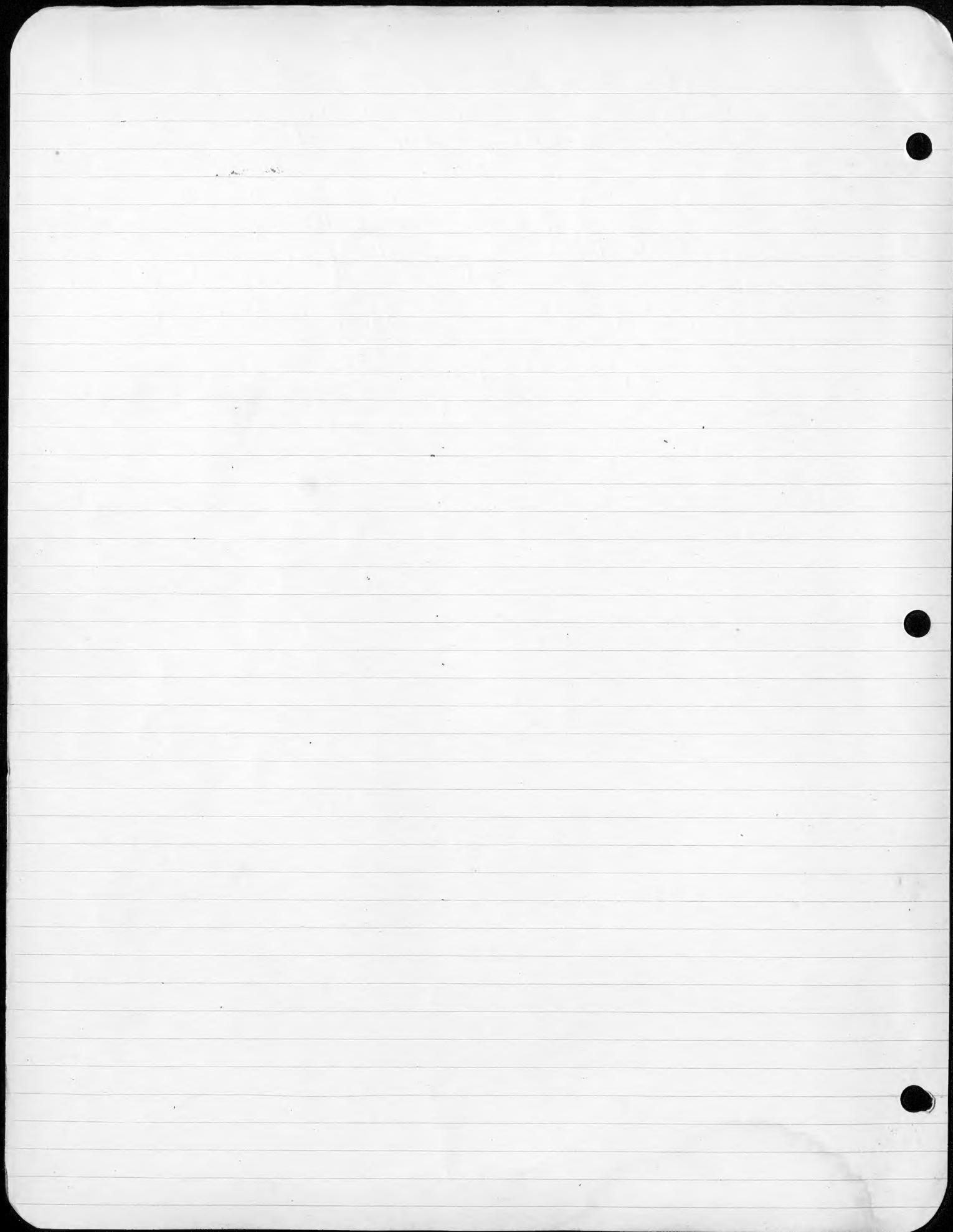
Dick Hollard, killed a large male dingo, accompanied by a yellow female, which had attacked his dog. He said it was dark along the track.

I saw two yellow dingos, one 10 miles nw of Tomsville, the other between Hurlingham and Chillope.

Occasional tracks at Iron Range, many more at Mt Toser and Brown's Creek. One was seen crossing the Flying Strip at I.R. Trapping with 8-trap sets caught native cats but not dingos

Van trapped a fine female dingo on wallaby at Warlock also saved skulls of 2 poisoned specimens. I saw two at Arara River.

One seen from train, Laura-Cooktown, about 20 miles out of C.



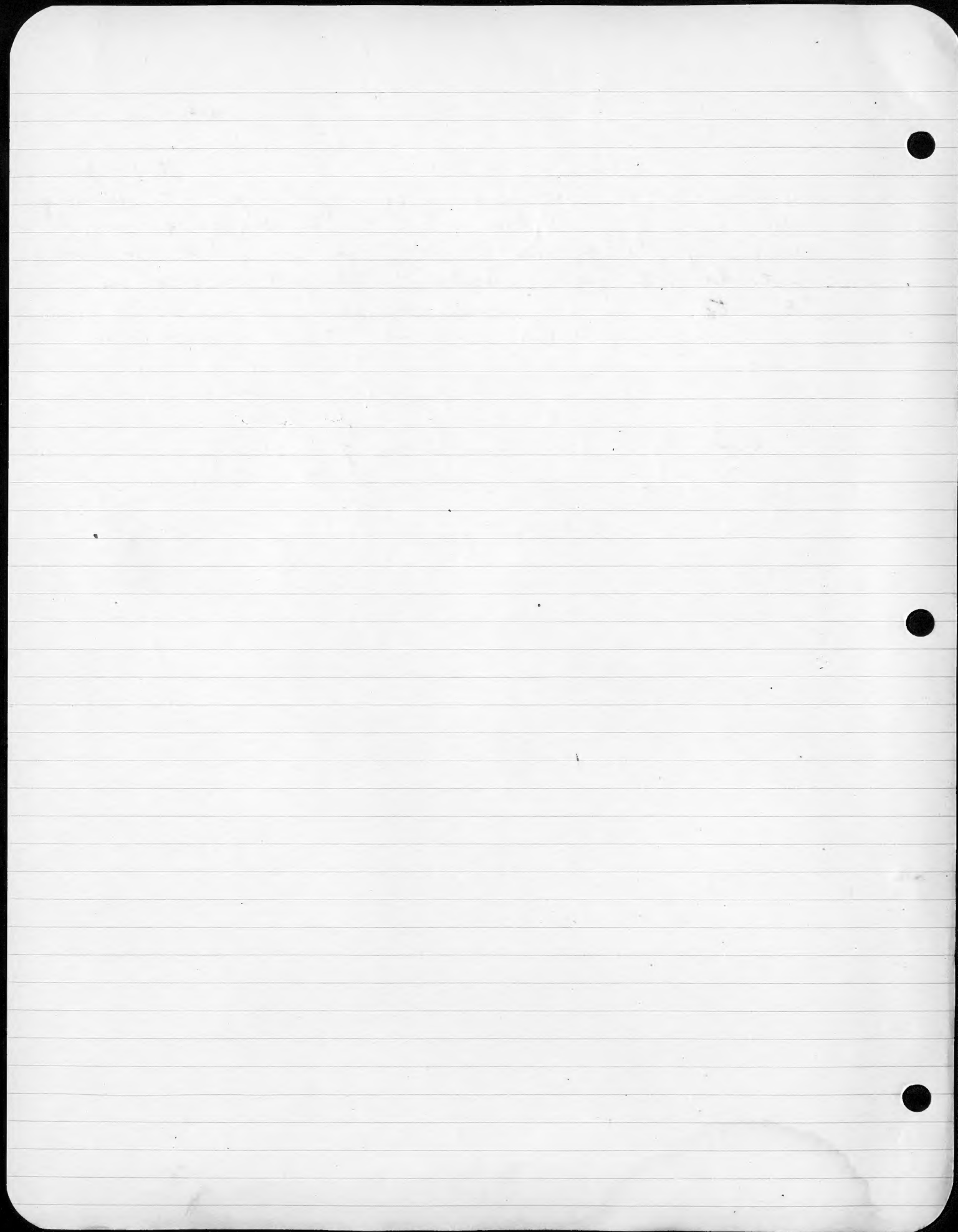
12

Goodwin - broad-leaved bandicoot.

The species, *I. pennsylvanicus* (if any good!) is represented by 4-5 specimens. They inhabit the grasses of the open forest at Lockyerbie. Its tracks, which I saw on the sand dunes repeatedly, are curiously like those of our N. Am. rabbit. The forepaws are similarly placed one ahead of the other, but the hind feet do not pass ahead of the front ones as in rabbits. A very small one found in a carpet snake.

One was picked up dead at Iron Range. Its color was pale rusty brown. A foot of a second was found by Van in a trap. At Mt Tozer a single very young animal (not pouch young however) was killed by the blow of an axe by one of our "boys". No other was seen. The remains of a bandicoot in a crow's ~~stomach~~ ^{stomach} at Brown's Creek.

One hunted out of a hollow log by a dog & shot, taken 8 mi. n.w. of Coen.



Macopus ayalis

Abundant, the stamping of the feet often heard, but, due to the very long grass at Lockerbie, hard to see — even with a hunting light at night. On the other hand in the short grass country by the Tardine River I stone their eyes easily.

I found no signs of the related M. uleleatus at the "lip".

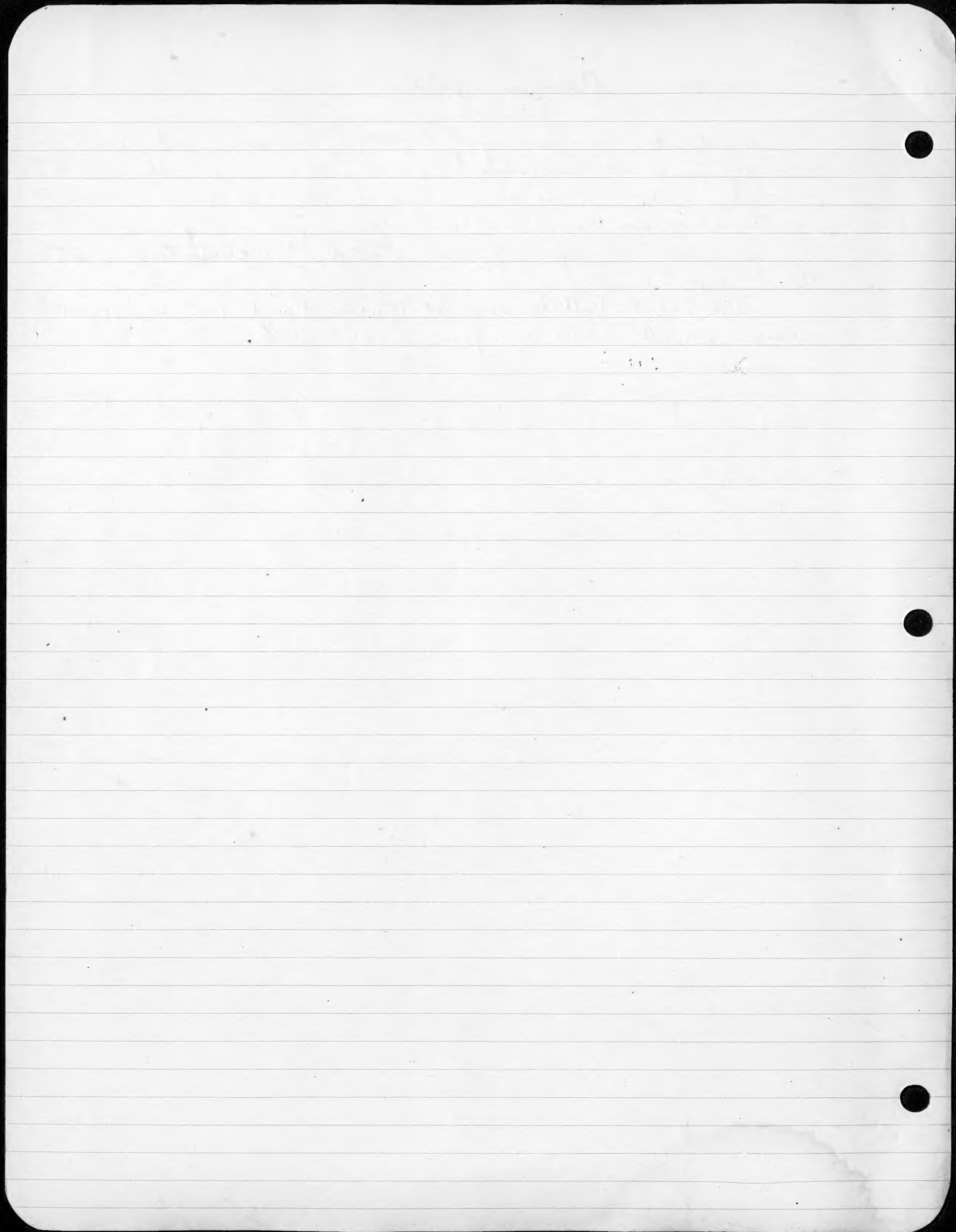
The hunter killed one at Nare Point in the "forest" slieve which leads there from Lake & Brook.

It was common at Portland Roads and in the small pockets of "forest" at Inverness. No specimen discovered at Mt Tozer (and no tracks). Two tracks + two seen but not taken, at Broomie Creek.

Two males at Wullock. Two seen a few miles outside Coen, their hip stripes conspicuous.

One shot at Abergooleah had ~~50~~ very pitted work.

" found up at Greenhills, Co. Down.

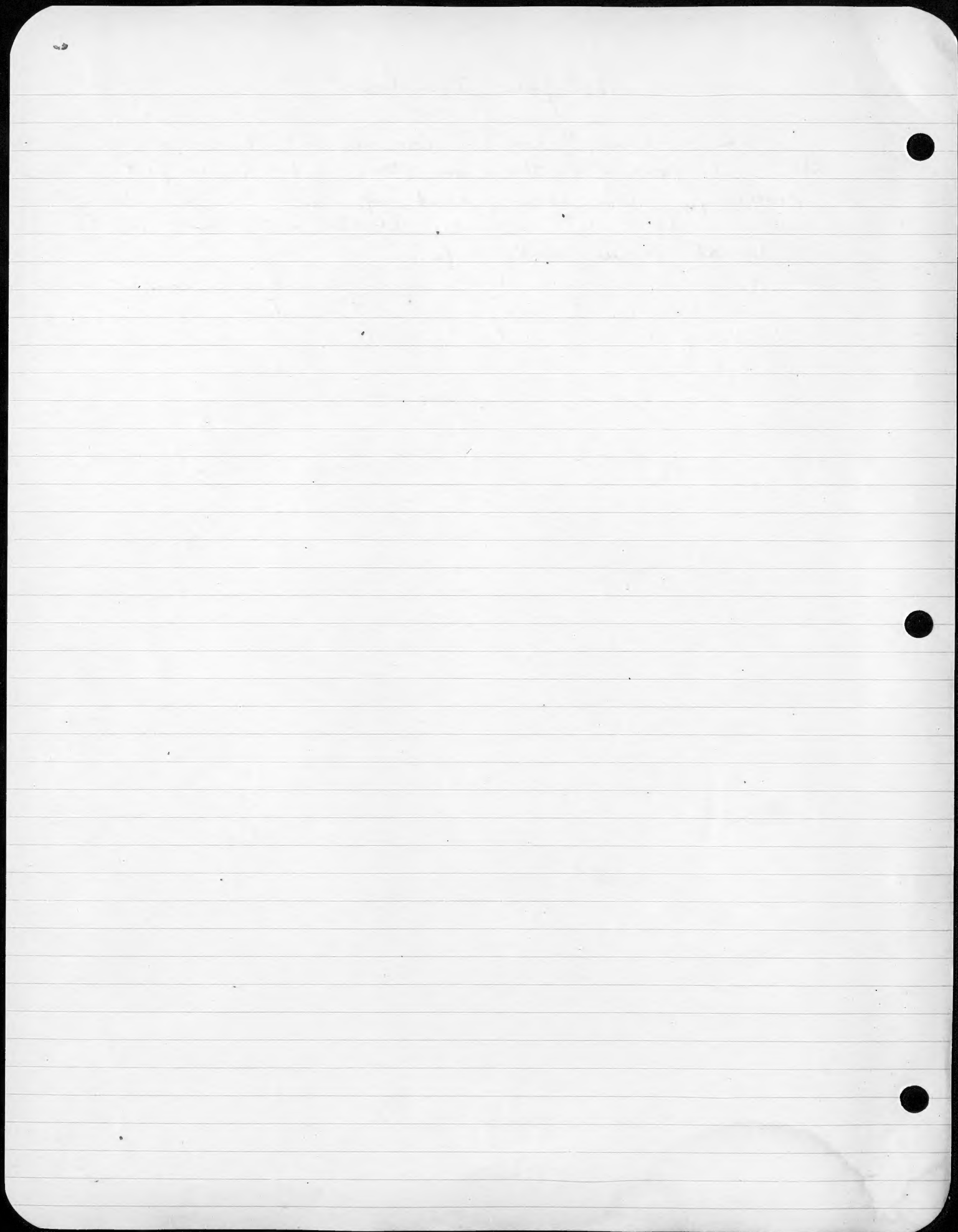


Thylagal stigmaticeus

The northern "race" (?) coxleyi is not uncommon in the scrub growing on the iron-stone ridge (200 feet) above Lookerby. One was picked up dead on the road close to the R. I. P. creek. Another was shot in the scrub at Narre Point camp.

Both at Portland Roads and Iron Range specimens were collected. A single one at Mt Tozer in the scrub of the West Claudie River.

Two in Mt Jimmigan scrub, 1100 ft.



Rattus leucopus group

Extremely common in the scrubs on the limestone ridges at Leticia and at the sawmill 2 miles to the NE. Rare at Nam Point camp - even in the scrubs. Not found at the Tardine River camp even in the low limestone ridge (in forest scrub).

Old animals have a strongly rusty color, possibly due to accumulations from the limestone in the channeled dorsal spines.

Denials have the mammary formula 1-2=6.

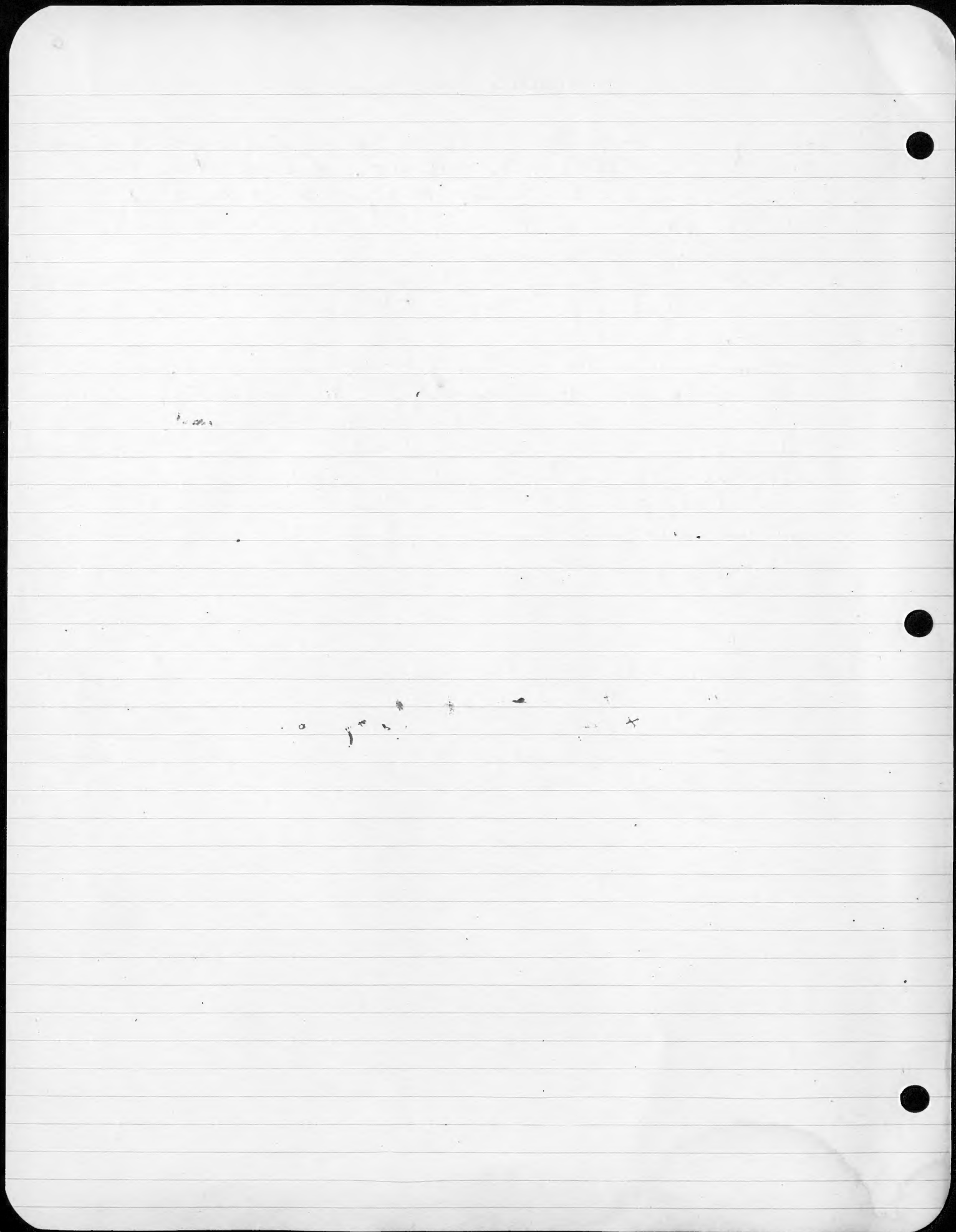
Animals climb moderately, and can be trapped up on logs as much as 4 feet from the ground.

Much less common at Iim Range and Portland Roads. The rusty color of limestone is below or beneath.

Only a couple taken in the most tozer scrubs, where it was scarce. One only at Brown's Creek, where it is very rare.

Rattus l. conatus taken in numbers in Rocky Scrub, 1500 ft ^{east fall} at Camp Over Pocket (west fall of McIlwraith Range). Two at Sheppard's Bathing Site, Peck R.

Rattus conatus Large series of near topotypes from scrubs of Mt Finigan, 700-3200 ft, 30 miles S. of Corktown.



Rattus near eulmorum and festri.

(R. c. ~~sp.~~ troughton)

Rare at the "tip". Its ^{habits} open grassy "forest". Has become slightly more plentiful in the clearing in the immediate vicinity of Lockyer's house.

Females have mammary formula 3-3=12.

Males may grow very large - weight up to 1/2 lbs. This species was not found at Newcastle Bay or at the Jardine River camp.

This must be rather a local rat, as several were taken at "Main Roads" camp, yet none in the grassland of Iron Range. None at Potters roads. Three were collected at Iron Range Air Strip in savanna forest. Later we heard that this rat was becoming rather a pest around the Main Roads camp.

At Mt Tozer it was very rare. One at Brown's Creek. Rare there.

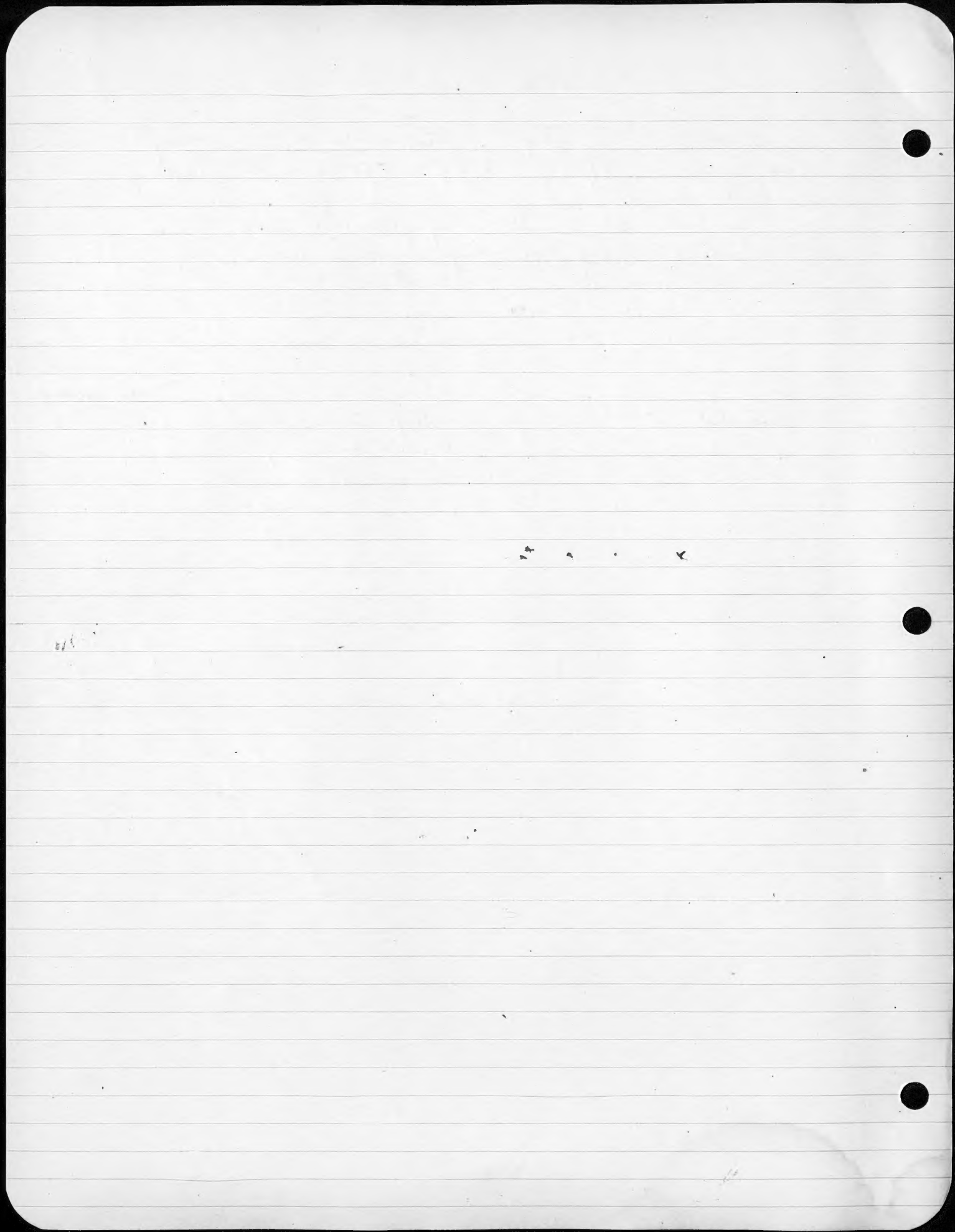
Found again ⁽²⁾ in long pass of Camp Over Pocket, 1500ft on west fall of McIlwraith Range, ne of Coen.

Two trapped at Musgrave Telegraph Station.

Two " " Shipton's Flats in "blady pass", open forest.

Three at Helmsdale in open forest.

Three at Seagen's farm, 10 mi out of Cooktown



Melomys australis (?)

A common scansorial rain-forest rat at Lockerbie occasionally working out a little way into open "forest". Present also at Newcastle Bay where specimens were taken in the creeks (falling scrub) which cut through the dunes to the sea. None at the Tardine.

A possible second species was trapped by Van in the dune-binding dwarfed Callophyllum.

A similar species in the scrubs of Portland Roads & Iron Range. It sometimes ventured out into grass country. At Mt Tozer a number were secured in the scrub. Only three taken at Brown's Creek (2 ♀).

At fair series collected at the McIlwraith Range, with east-west slopes.

At large series with foot 28-30 from wet slopes of Mt Jimjagan, 800-3200 ft.

One at Black Mountain

Examples of an unusually large rainforest Melomys secured at Upper Nesbit R.

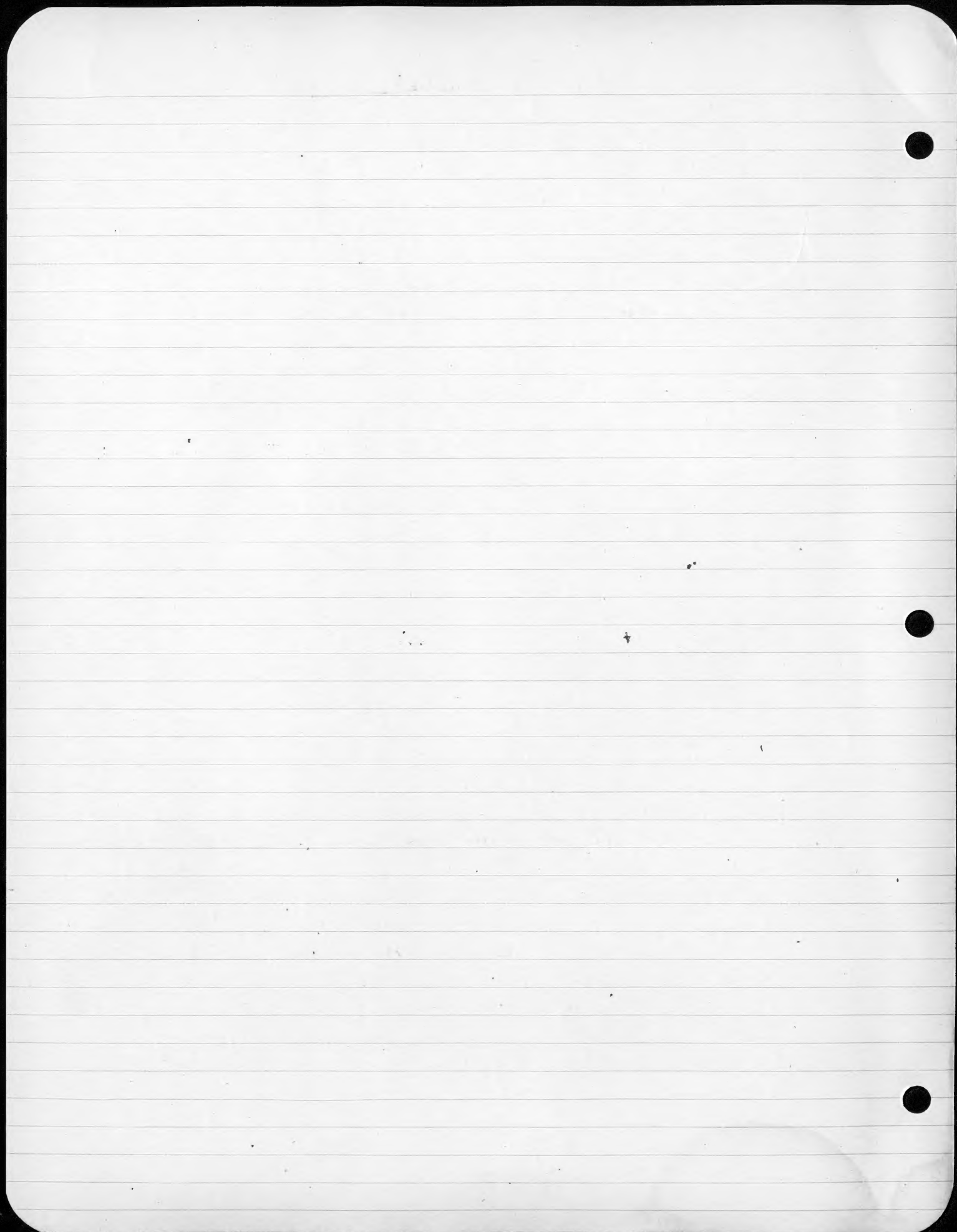
Melomys near luteillus.

This tiny species was found at Portland Roads & Iron Range but not farther north, though it is a close relative of the New Guinea sp. It inhabits grasslands. A good series was taken in the Iron Range Area. Another good series at Mt Tozer, also 6 at the upper parts of the mountain in "Pardon Sully" containing Pardalipus and low shrubs & grasses. It spread slightly into dwarf Casuarina forest where it sometimes used the cover formed by cast-off Casuarina needles. Like Pinus needles then formed a mat covering fallen sticks &c. & left many run-way-like openings. Some of these were used by this Melomys. Two or three at Brown's Creek. Two at Worelock; Two at Arthur R.; one at Glen - close to Worelock.

Four taken at Camp Over Pocket, McIlwraith Range.

One at Abeyoolah

Secure at Shipton's Flats: feet 24-26 mm.



Uromys caudimaculatus.

The "white-tailed rat" was not rare in the scrubs of the limestone ridge at Lockerbie. One was taken by Van at Newcastle Bay among the limestone cliffs of Naru Point, where it probably fed on the seeds of Pandanus. It was partly isolated from the main scrub by $\frac{1}{4}$ mile of windswept, open, tussocky common.

Found to be fairly common in the Iron Range area. One was shot by Van at the Flying Ship about 100 feet out in the "forest" from the "scrub". A few taken in the Int. Tazew scrubs. These powerful rats can tear a small mouse-trap apart. None at Pinnac's Creek.

One, unexpectedly at Coen, in the Coen River gorge, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile above "The Bend". Taken in cliffy place which is surrounded by rocky hills & open forest. One at Upper Nabit R., 1500 ft; one at Pevek River.

One at Mt Jimiyan, 1150 ft.
One at Barron Waters, Cairns.

1890 () of the Creek ()

Hydromys

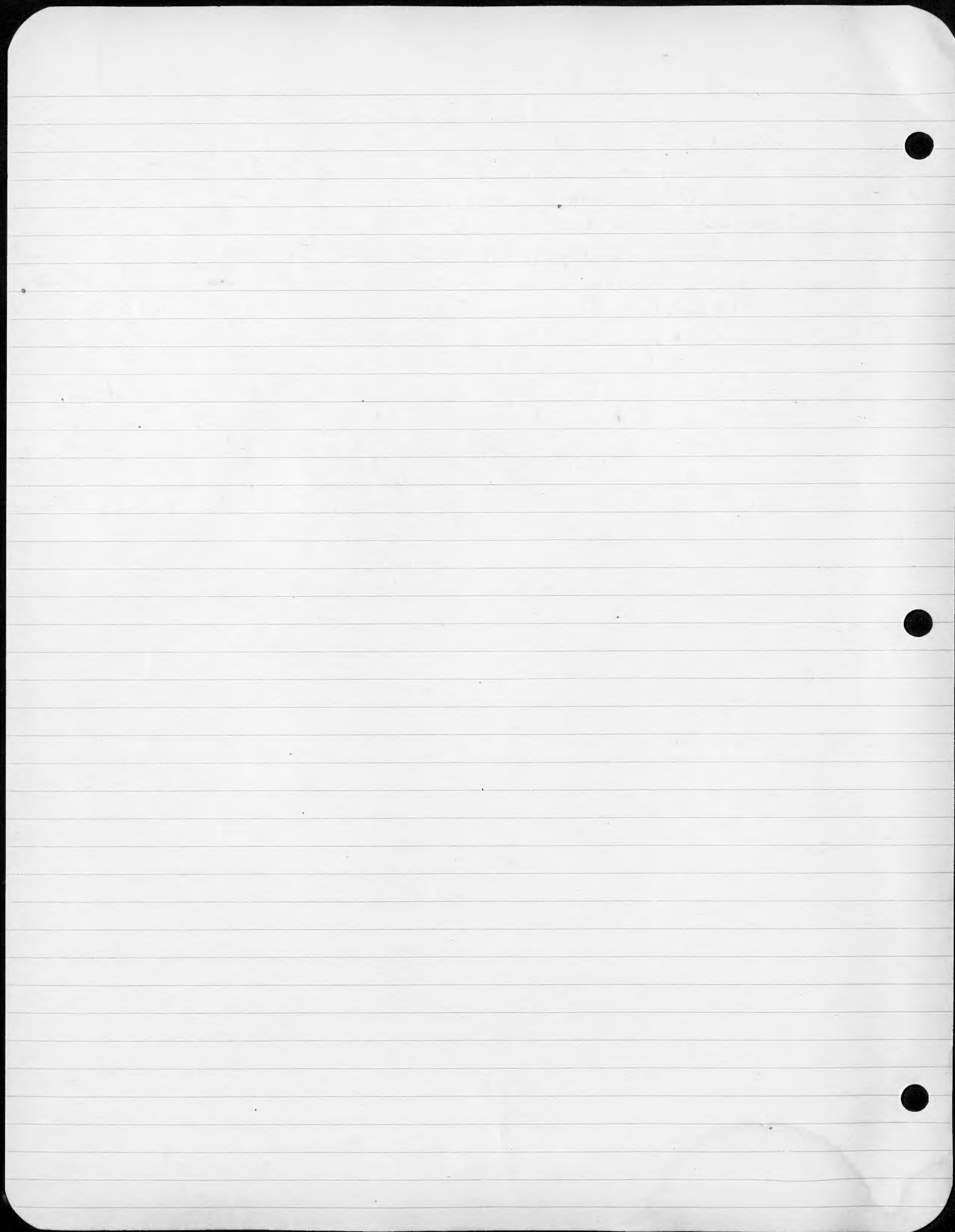
The water-rat was collected at the "Tip" at Naze Point camp in the little streams draining the bog behind the dunes. It was not common. One was trapped in a tiny stream passing through stunted vegetation (shrubby), the other in the more densely wooded creek $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the south, where I had a trap line.

No water rats were taken at Lockhart in the Larradeena Creek - a clear-water stream with but thin fringes of arboreal vegetation (where trapped). None was taken at the Terdine River.

One in a creek leading to the mangrove swamps of Portland Roads. One in Gordon's Creek, Jim Rags. Two at Brown's Creek. Four at Wrelock. Two at Archer River. At Corn two (Don Vernon, Q. Mus., also got one). One at Upper Nestor R., 1500 ft, also one at Peach R., 800 ft. One at Muograw Telegraph Station.

One at Mt Finnigan: Rossville Creek Camp (rare)

One at Seep's farm, 10 mi from Esktown.



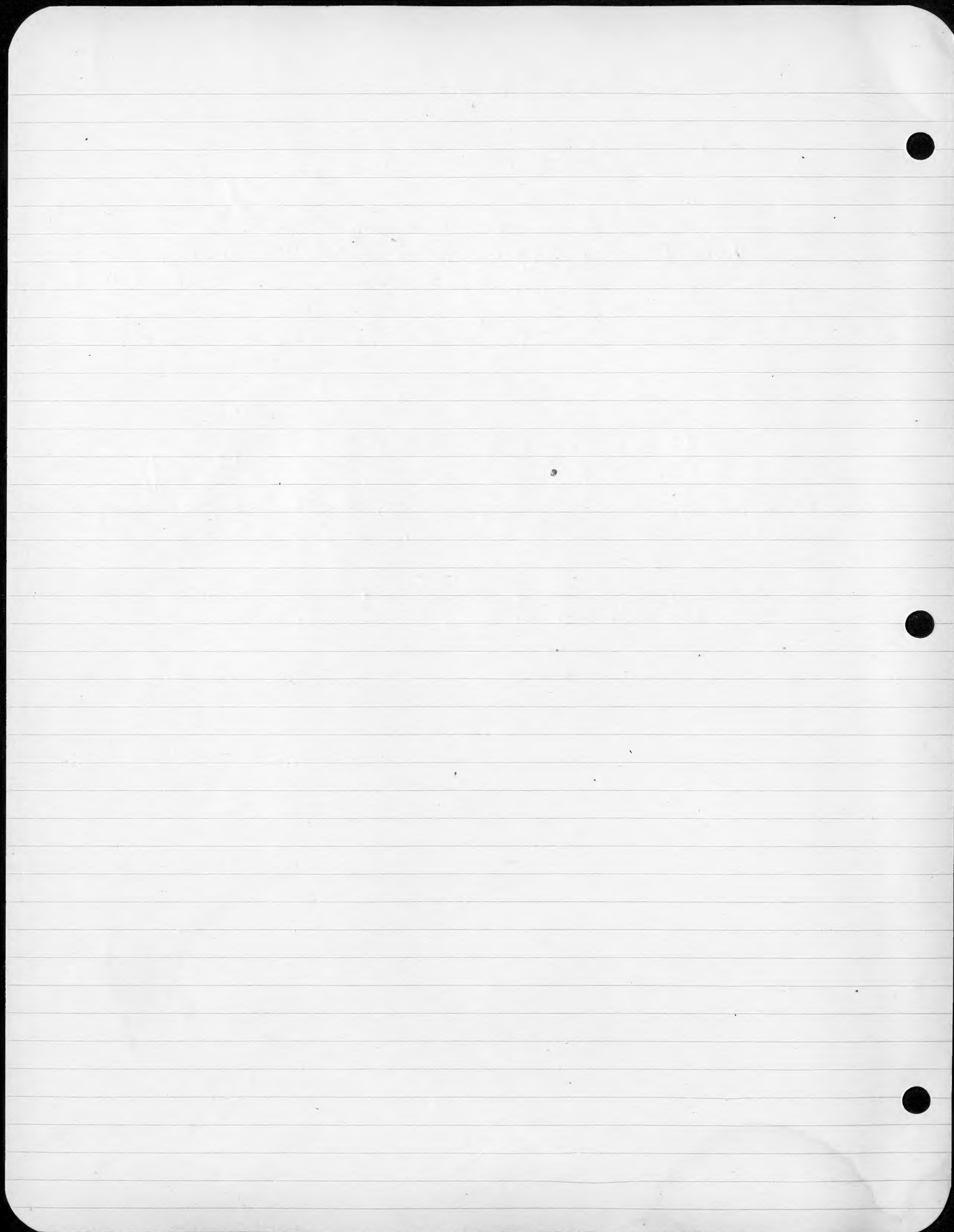
Sminthopsis

A species closely resembling S. arvensis of New Guinea was collected at Iron Range. It lived in grasslands, preferring stony hillsides. None taken farther south. It was not easily trapped.

Three taken in "open forest" at Mt Tozer, one of them in a swampy area, the others at the hole-riddled base of an old stump. None at Pown's Creek.

Three at Camp On Pocht, 1500 ft, west slope of McIlwraith Range.

A second species - fat tailed - & possibly new - was taken at foot of cliffs among rock debris & spinifex, above the dam at Rifle Creek. It had six young - I could see only 6 nipples. The ears & bands about them are conspicuously pale & brown, in contrast to the gray brown of the body. The thickening of the tail unrelated to vertebral thickens.



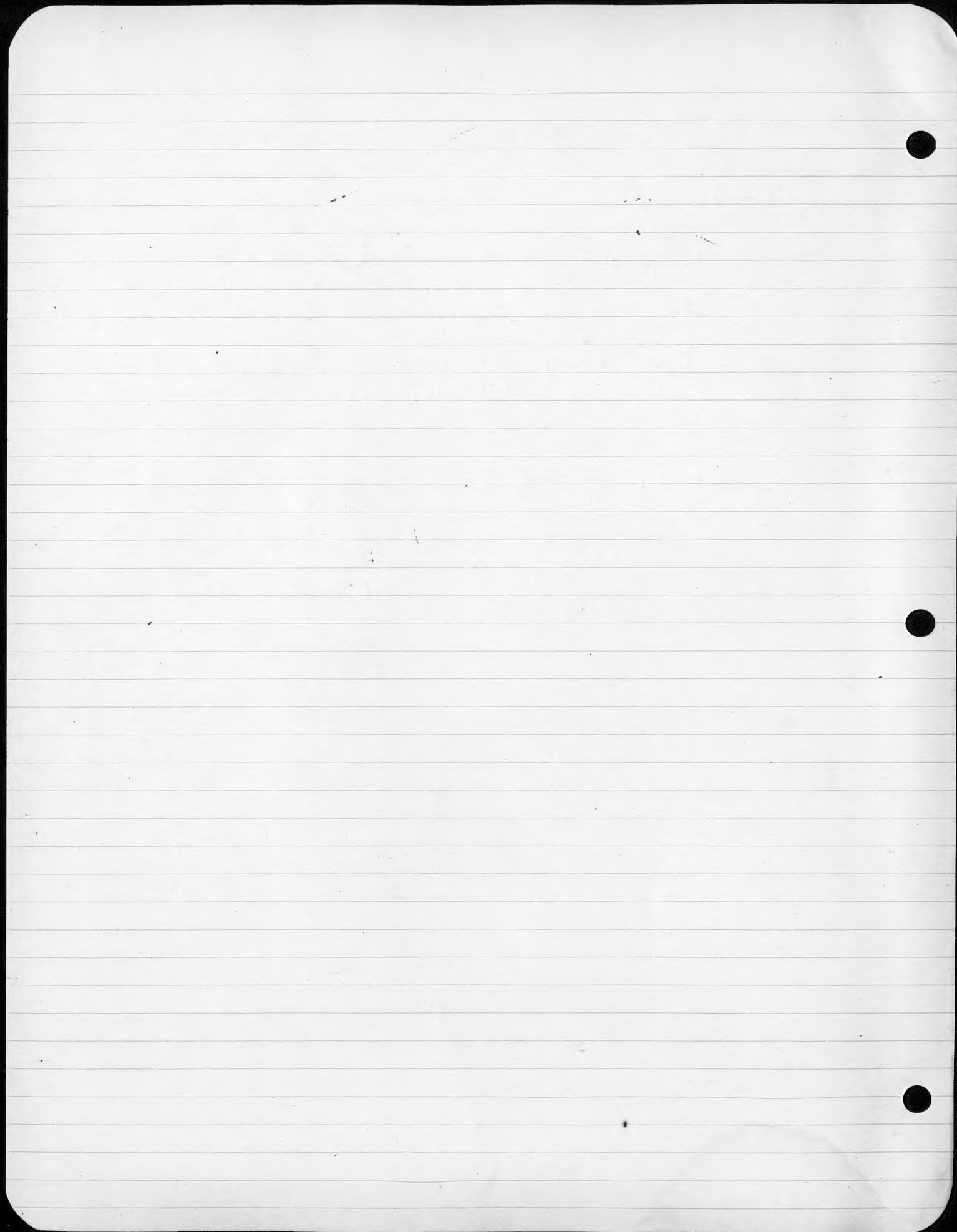
Antechinus fodrmani

This large Antechinus was found first at Iron Range in the rain forest - both flood plain and hill side. It was fairly abundant. A good climber. The mammals were seldom visible. In two females the formula was clearly 5-5=10, arranged $\begin{matrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{matrix}$. A male was shot while climbing a creeper on a large tree about 6 feet above the ground. Usually trapped under old logs or among roots of large trees.

Tozer camp scrub also provided a fine series of this describable animal. None at Summ's Creek.

A series showing possible difference in formula (4-4) taken at McIlwraith Range (Cap Orn Pocket and Upper Nestor R.). Extremely plentiful at latter.

Antechinus flavipes (?) 3 here at Mt Finnigan, 1150, 2700, 2900 ft. The ♀ at 1150 had 7 well developed young attached.



Tachyglossus aculeatus.

None found at "tip", though it exists there.
 One at Iron Range, found by "boy". Deep in 2-way
 hole beneath ~~of~~ huge rain forest tree along edge of
 dry gully.

Dobsonia magna.

One shot by Van out of a bloodwood in flower, behind
 the house at Iron Range. The eyes shone well. A
 second shot by Ned Pinwell with .22 on low tree
 in scrubby heath lands 4 miles east of Iron Range.
 One (?) seen by Van + Ned in ~~room~~ ^{room} of
 abandoned dwelling 5 miles S. of Iron Range.
 Not certainly identified; not collected.

One shot at but missed (a black fruit bat with
 glowing eyes) at Burrows Creek. (This was probably
Pteropus gouldii, as one which flew similarly was shot a
 little later). Two seen (only one collected) in the
 Wilson Mine tunnel at Coen.

Two shot at Peach River feeding on Tea tree flowers.

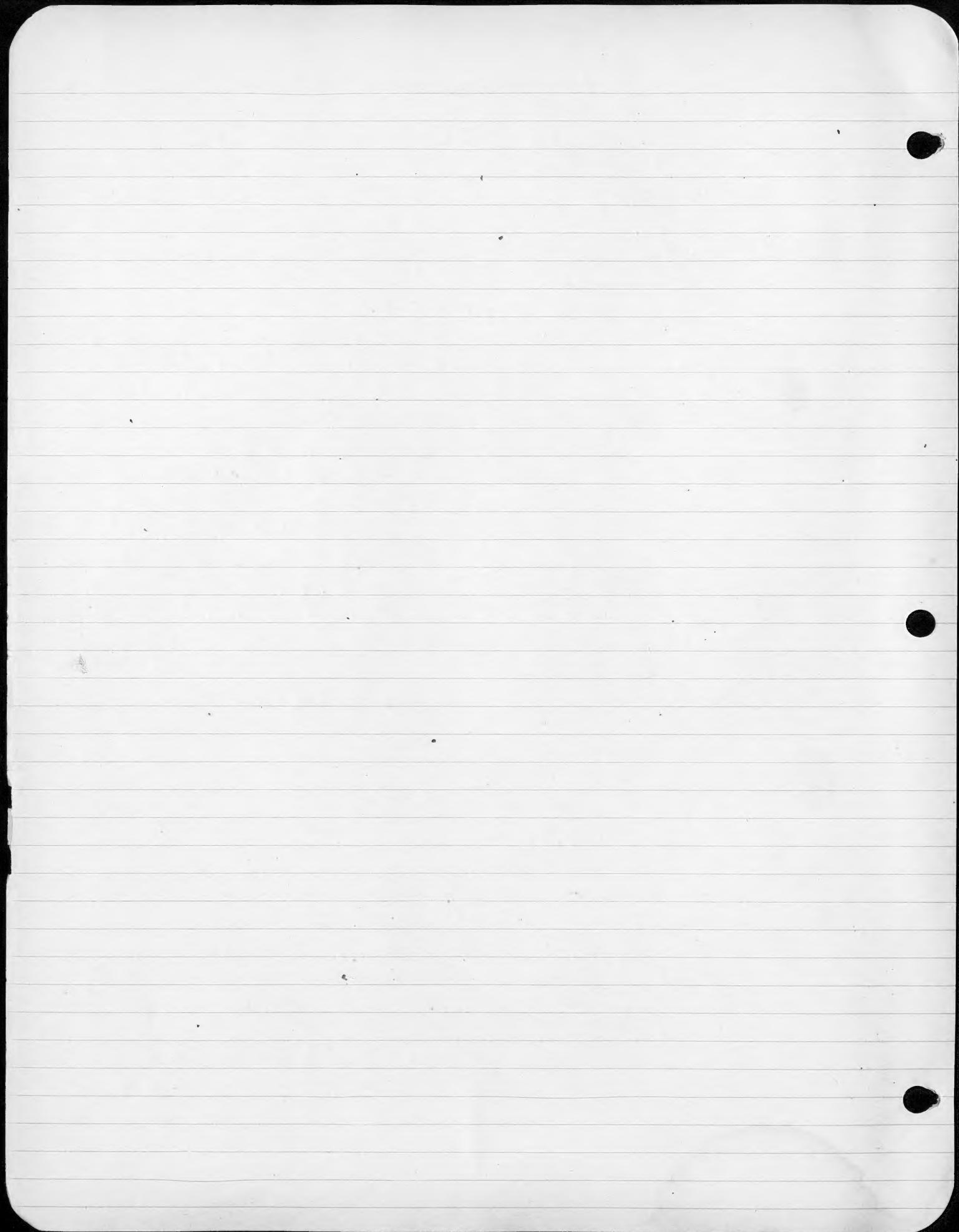
Nyctinomis

This in scrub, through timber roads; its eyes shine
 brilliantly. Saw several at Lockhart. They seem
 attracted by light. At Potters Ponds one flew into
 our lights & settled on my chest. It fluttered to Van
 + then down into the ferns where we captured it. This
 took place in "open forest".

Seen but not taken at Upper Nesbit R + Peach R.

See

At Deeringan. 1500 ft



Hipposidrus diadema.

A small colony of this fire bat taken in "Gordon's Mine" at Iron Range. It was accompanied by the little *H. cervinus* and large numbers of *Rhinolophus*. It congregated at first about 30 feet from the entrance but later moved to a back chamber 100 feet in and around & down, in total darkness.

Hipposidrus senosi.

A specimen in alcohol given by Dr. Keeton at Cockton, the type locality. A ♀ was ~~found~~ found laying in an oven inside an open-door shed. The abdominal "nipples" were cream colored in the fresh-killed specimen.

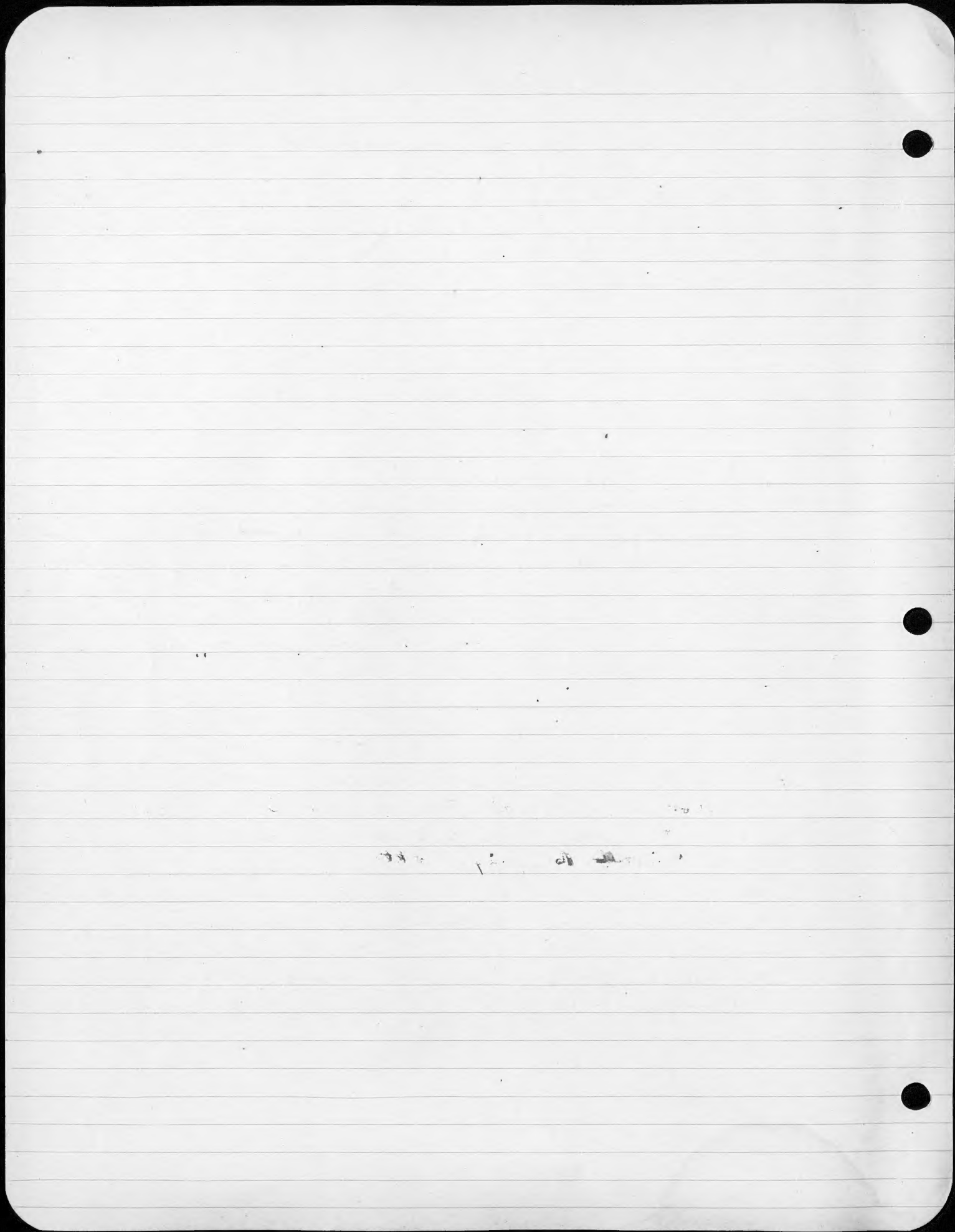
A second specimen (no. 10970) from a room in an abandoned hut at Iron Range Air Strip. A third found in closet in home 1 mile n.w. of Coers.

Four *H. senosi* netted in trail in rain forest outcrop of McNeill Ridge - 1800 ft.

Hipposidrus cervinus

A colony of about 100 - mostly in red phase - but some in gray phase was found at Somerset in the dining room of the old Gardiner house. A few were also taken in the ^{Gordon's} mine tunnel at Iron Range where they associated with *H. diadema* and *Rhinolophus*. One was taken in a small pit net by Van who was netting ^{species on the} the cliffs at Newcastle Bay for *Taphozous*.

One picked up dead in room at Iron Ra. Air Strip.



Hyposidrus altarensis

This little species, common in hollow trees in New Seara, was caught at Lockerie in the "boys" tent. Three specimens.

Rhynchophus megaphyllus

Evidently a very common bat. About 2000 estimated in Gordon mine tunnel at New Seara. Commonly flies into houses ~~at night~~ at night. Stone killed three at Lockerie + Ironville. Common in tunnels on road, Huberton to Chillyre. One shot at Brown's Creek. Several found by Van in mine at Tunnel Bully, Werlock. I saw one in the tunnel of the "Homeward Bound", even but did not catch it. Several netted at upper Nesbit R & four shot in scrub road, top of McElwraith Ridge, 1800 ft. One from hotel at Luma, where they hide during the day, hanging from the bed springs.

Several from water-tunnel at Mt Finnigan; two from houses at Skipton's Flats

Three in culverts 15 mi from Cockton

class

Taptozous australis

A cave and crevice-haunting bat. Usually rather shy.
 Chillepo; sea-cave (crevice) 20 miles north of Cairns;
 Rockharpton (Olson's Cove); Newcastle Bay (limestone
 cliffs); Portland Point (ammunition room). Several
 in mine tunnels at Tunnel Sully, Weirlock. At Coln,
 two in "Homeward Bound tunnel" and five at "Pinnac
 Peak".

Taptozous flaviventris

Then shot at Brown's Creek. Pouch in both sexes, less
 developed in female. Paired diverticula at base, larger in
 ♂, smaller in ♀ (U).

Nyctinomus

Then shot at dusk flying along river Arman at Helensvale.

Handwritten text, possibly a date or name, located at the top left of the page.

Handwritten text, possibly a signature or initials, located in the upper middle section of the page.



Micropterus

Only specimens sent us from Possession Island; off Tip
of Cape York (Carpenter's side).

One M. australis from Camp Oven Pocket, McMurdo
Range; one from Shipton's Flat.

Scotemis

Many specimens from various localities, including big
series from Thursday Island. Probably several species.
One thing one shot at Brown's Creek. One shot at
Archer Fairway.

One at Aldbury, 25 mi from Cooktown.

Two " Black Pttn.

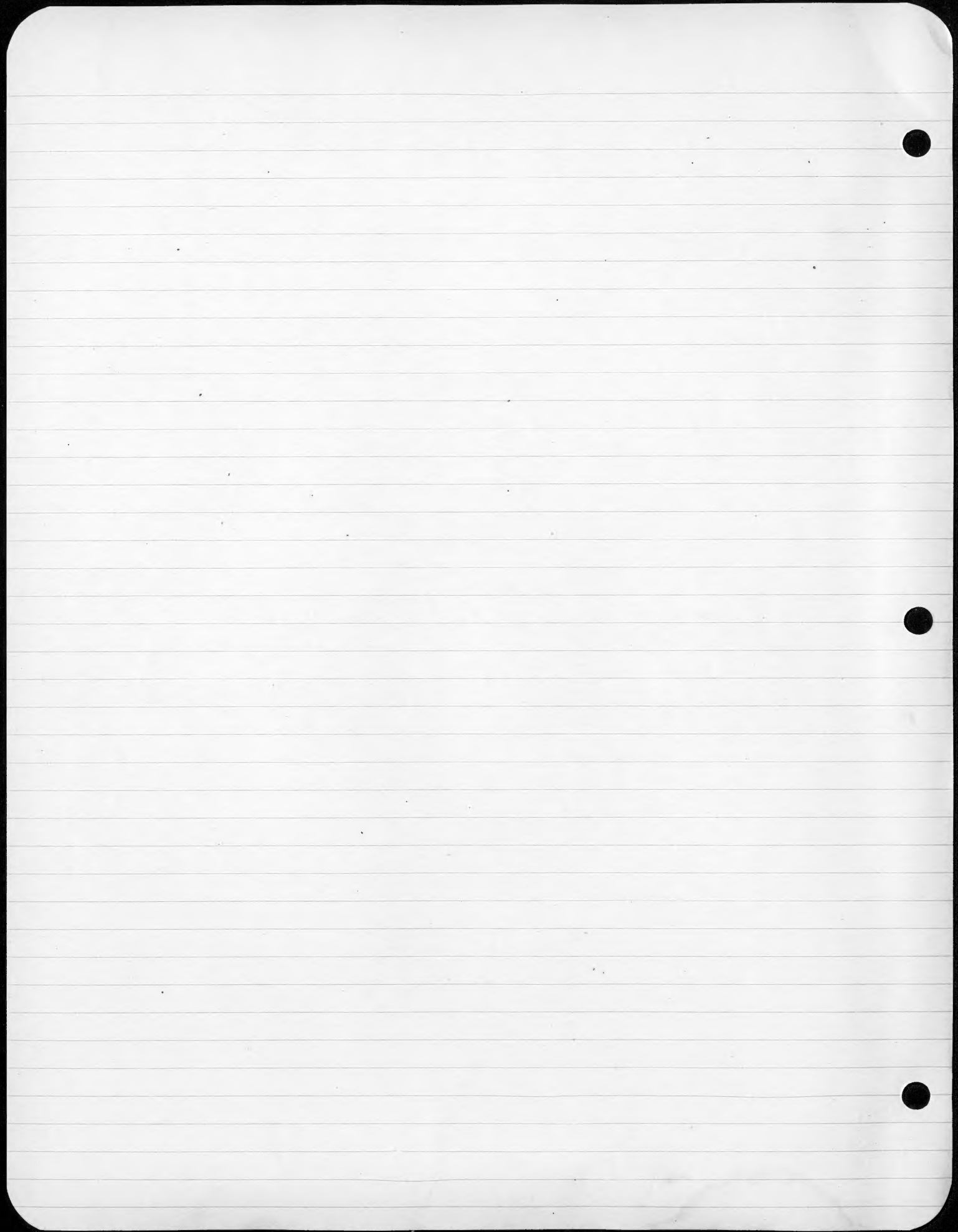
Three " Teege's farm.

Jan 22 - 1947

Chalinolobus

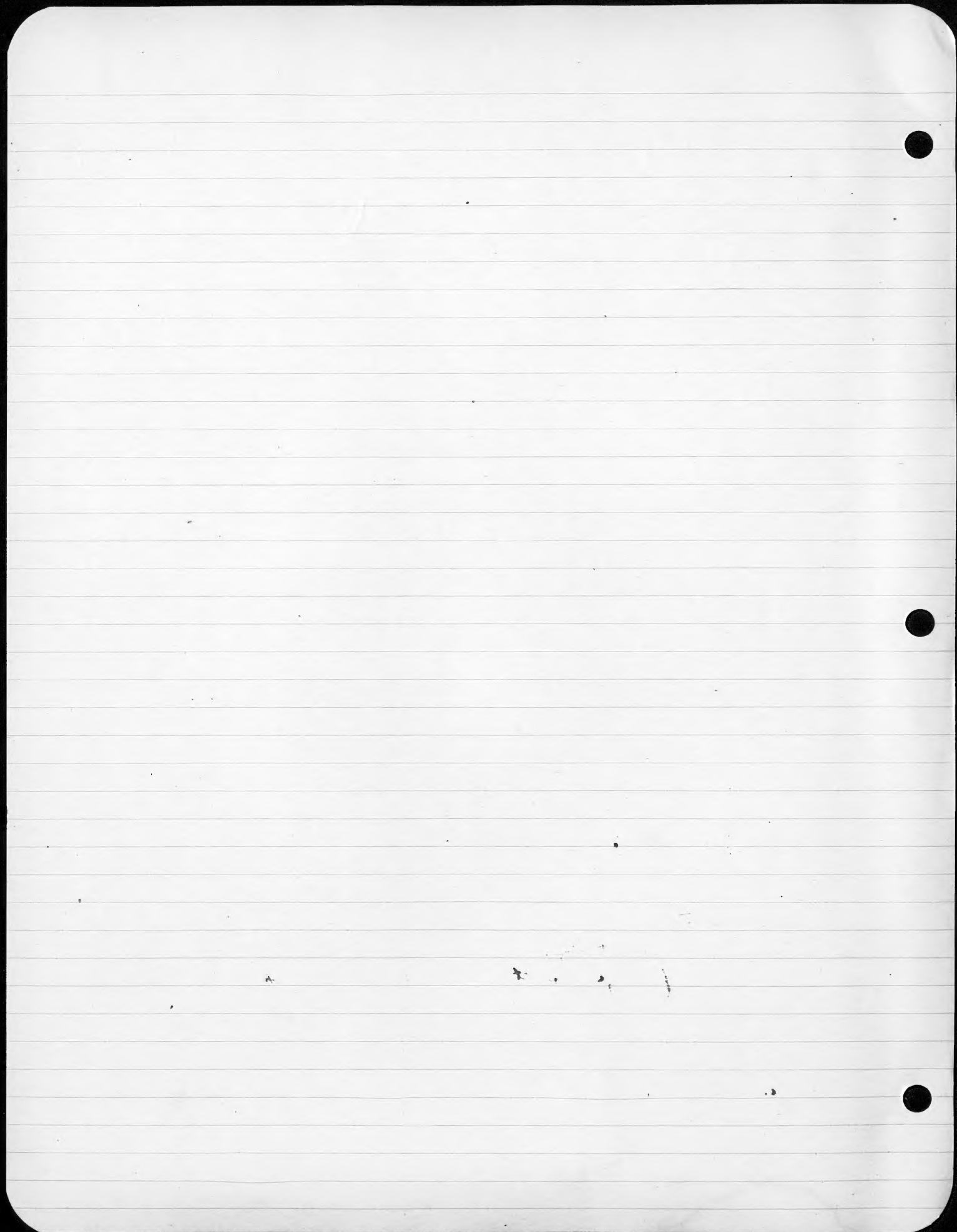
Nyctophilus

One ~~was~~ netted in rain forest at "Mango tree", top of McIlwraith Range, 1800 feet. Three from Mt Finnigan: two of them inside saw mill at Shipton's Flats, 9000 ft; the other shot at dusk while flying at level of top of rain forest. The first two flew back & forth under the saw mill roof. Still another under saw mill roof.



Macroderma

Taken only in cave in Mt Etra area, north of Rockhampton



Pteropus

P. fouldii. One shot by Van at Lockhart (on bloodwood).
Four in mangroves (by day) at Potted Roads. One
on bloodwood flowers at Brown's Creek. Remains of
poisoned specimens at Werlock (poisoned parakeets)

P. conspicillatus Common in various "camps" on
Attulim Tableland. One on road (dead) a few
miles north of Cairns. One? shot at Tea tree flowers at Peach
River. No embryo.

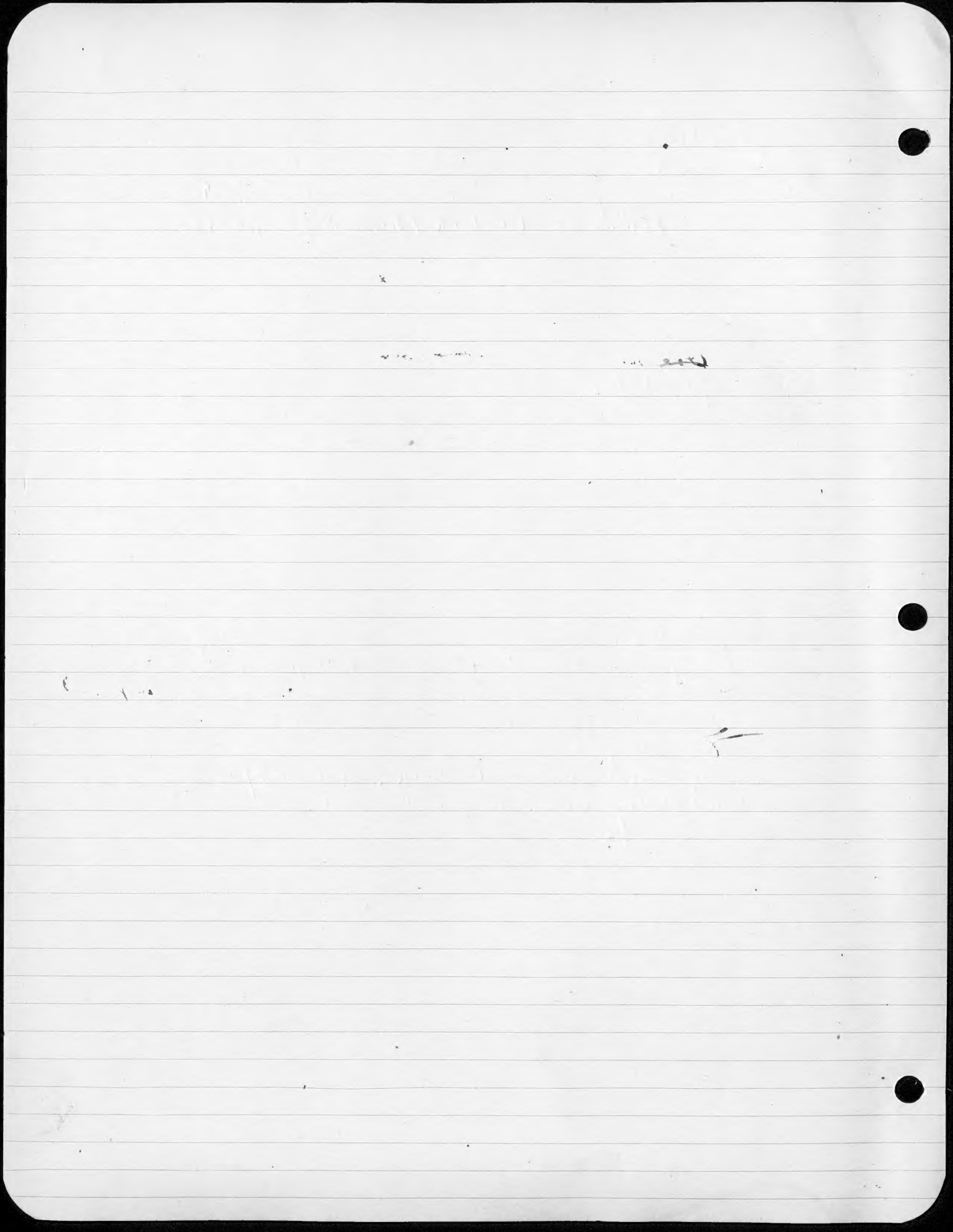
P. scapulatus. Two on bloodwoods at Byfield, n.e. of
Rockhampton. Readily looks at light; spreads wings
under light as display (seemingly). This species
possibly in a camp at Werlock (described as
"brown" flying foxes).

Very abundant at Werlock. Sexes apparently going to
separated feeding trees. A number shot. One shot near
Peach Creek.

One shot by day, roosting in "open forest" on road from
Coen to Peach R. Another seen. A "camp" scattered along the Ham
River: shot 5. Many being singly. Tea trees full of them at night.

One shot at night at Skipton's site feeding on flowers of
Seven fan lily camp at Auner Falls, 3 mi from Helmerah.

P. poliocephalus What seems to be this species shot at Tea tree flowers
at Peach River - all females - all pregnant or about at term. Does
this southern species spend the Australian winter this far north & return
to S. Q. + N.S.W. when warmer weather starts there?



Procyon robustus.

One at Sir Wm Thompson Range, 16 miles n.e. of
Wenlock. (Old notes says found at Norton but
sent to Jardine R.)

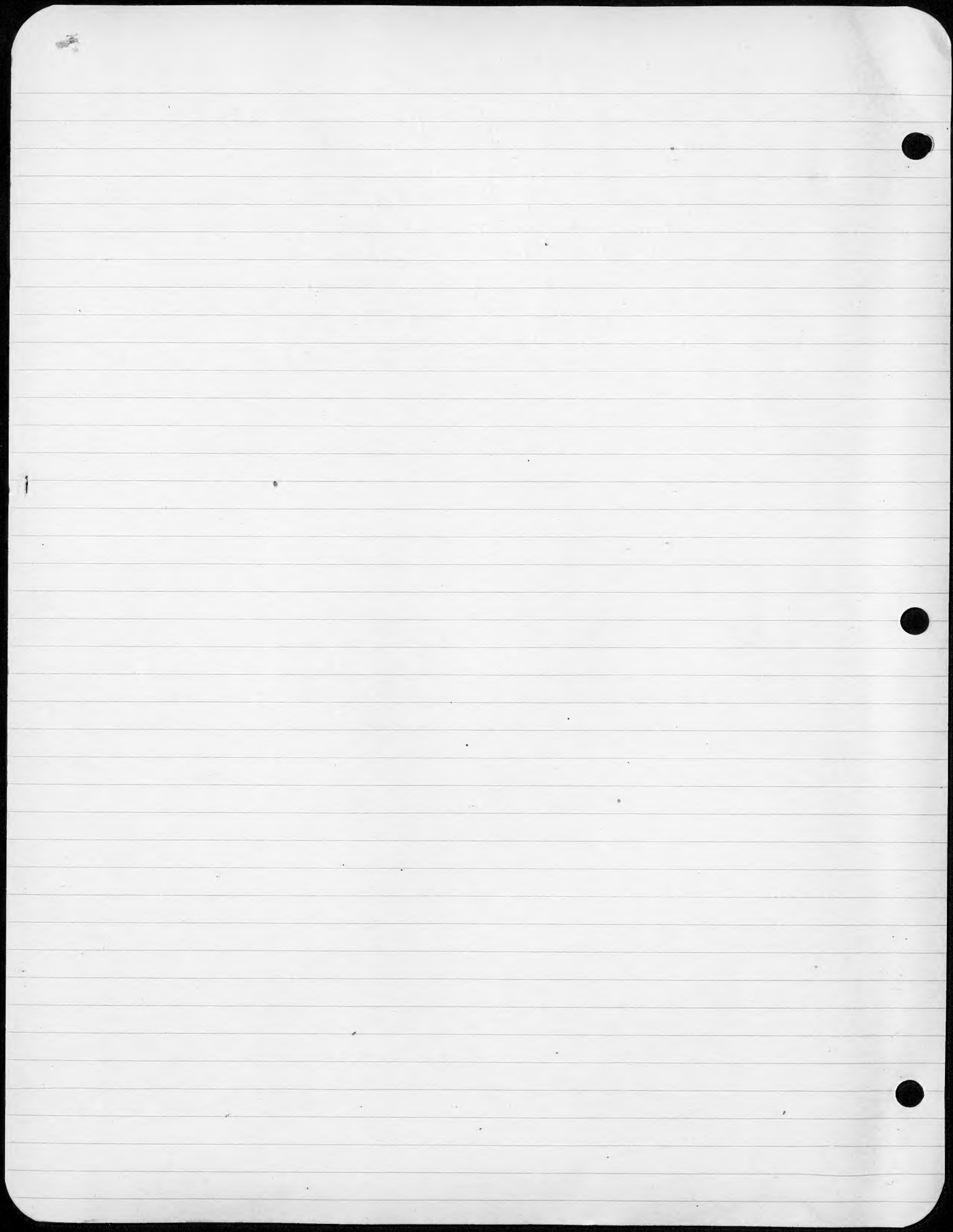
Several stor at Wenlock. Both "wan" and "red"
forms obtained. The red forms seem to be confused
in mind of locals with true *Procyon rufus*. One
dull grayish ♂ (88 lbs) stor at Coles, also a female + a
young ♂, all of them gray-dark with little or no
rust. ~~One young one from near Ebbagoola~~

~~One seen at McLeod-Escarp Junction.~~

Procyon caninus

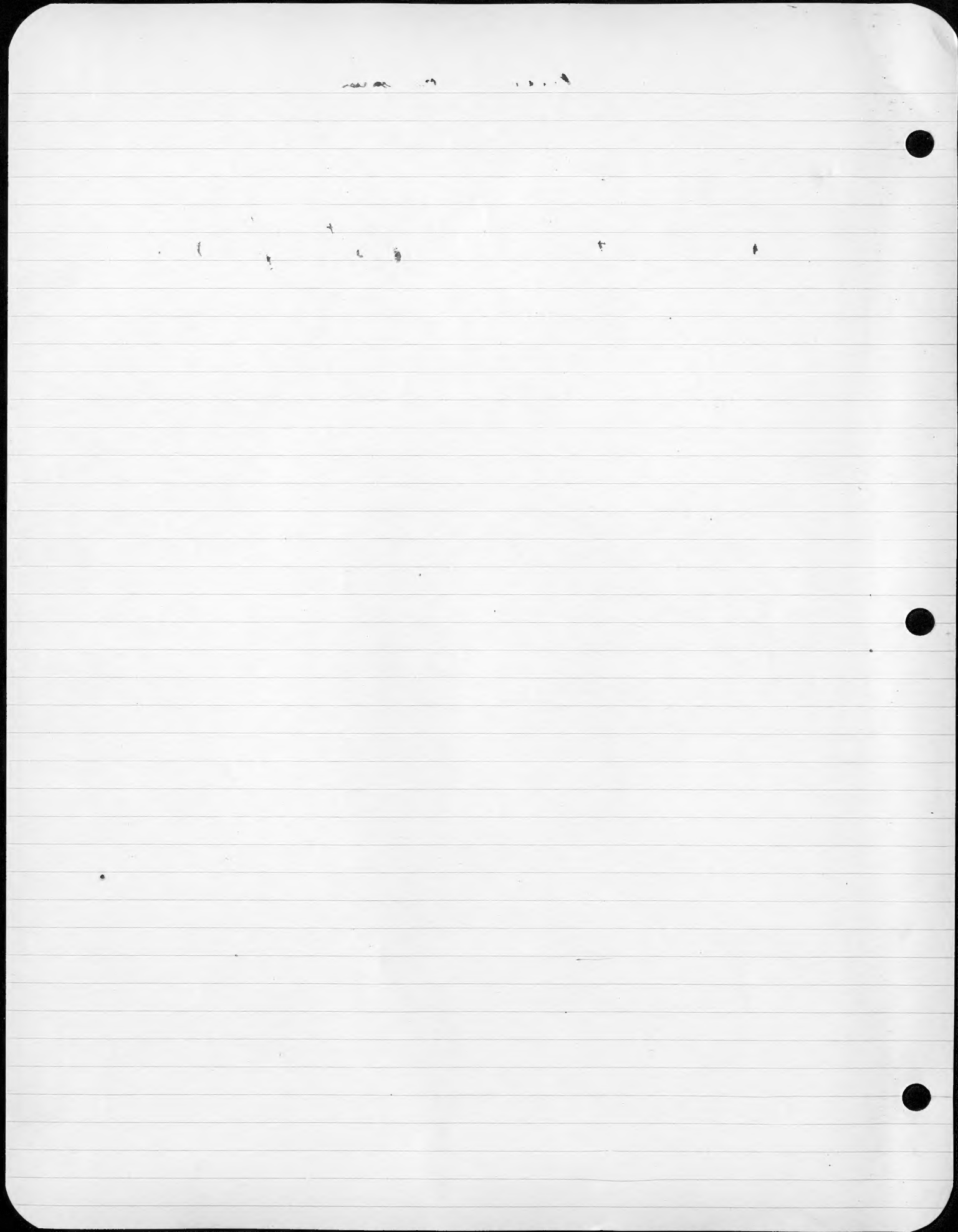
One stor + skinned with skull at Wenlock.

One young one brought from Ebbagoola (see also p. 32)



Dendrolagus bennettianus

One adult ♀ at Mt. Jimijan, 2800 ft. It was accompanied by a second, smaller one still except.



Macropus kangaroo

At Helmsdale, 20 mi s. of Cooktown (3 mi wsw) a female with young, accompanied by a very young male (still in the "woolly" stage) & a large male. Our guide explained the kangaroos go in "mobs" up to 15. He estimated about 50 in the 10 miles radiating westward from Helmsdale. In wet weather the mobs merge. (See also p. 30)

all for me

Hypsiopygus

One shot in late pm. at Tuleton in vine scrub; another
at Mt. Jimijun, 3100 ft.

A skin recd from Le Roy. at "The Tableland", 20 mi
south of Corktown.

12-11-1954

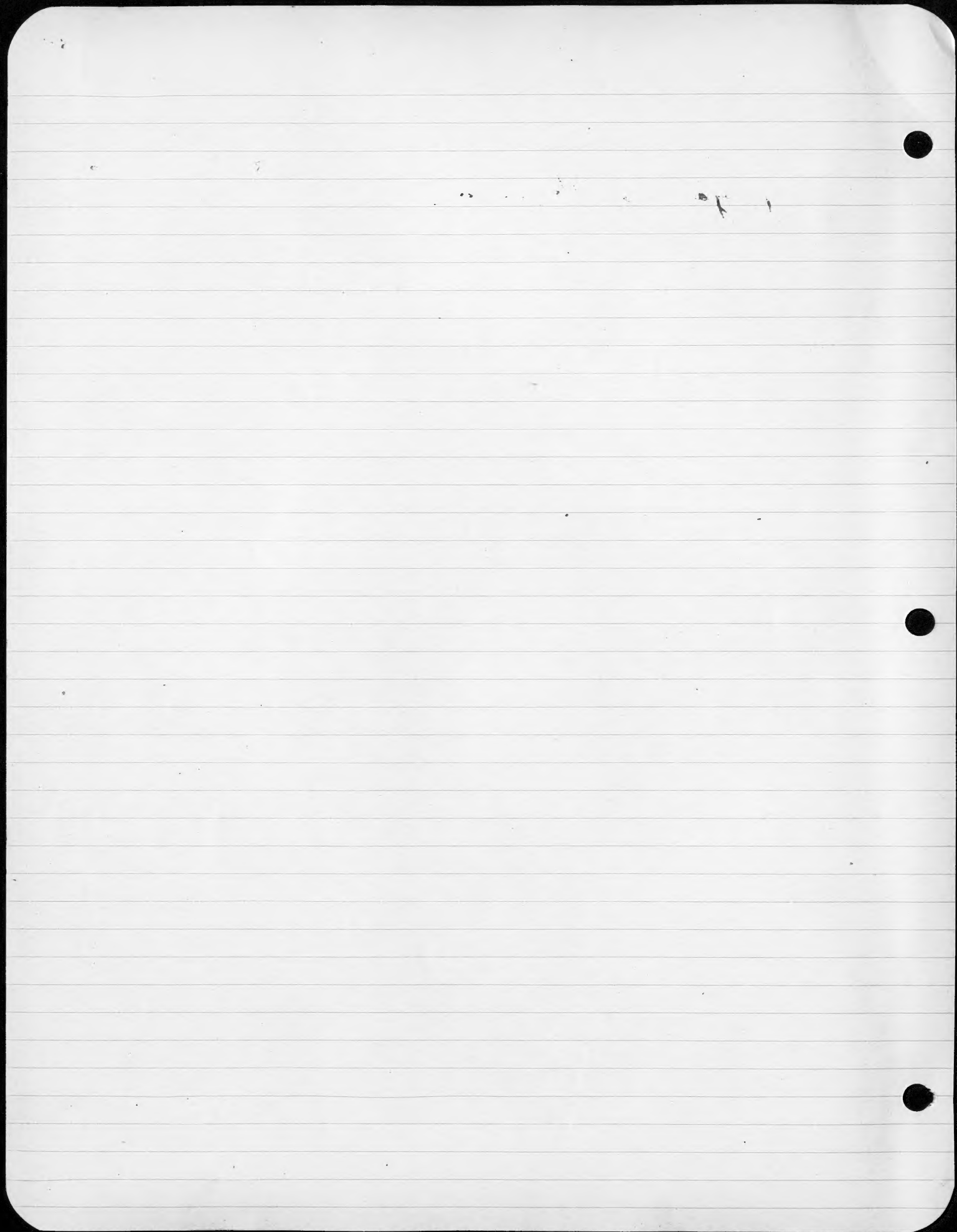
12-11-1954

Peromyscus

— One young male at Speewah in "oak" woods. One at Mt Jimingam, 1150 ft, with 2 well grown young in pouch, at edge of scrub.

One large male shot in "river scrub" at Helmsdale.

One trapped at Barron Waters, Cairns.

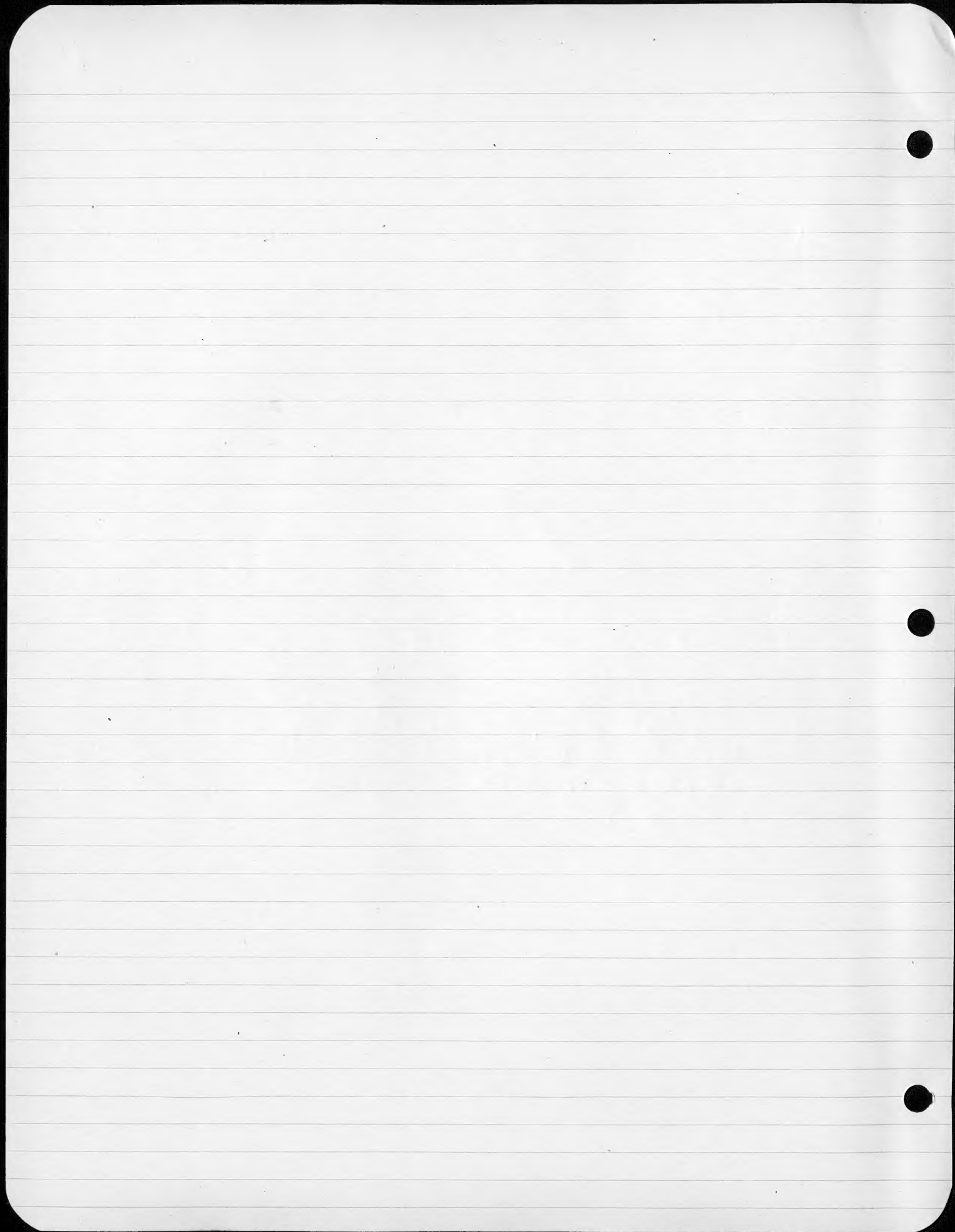


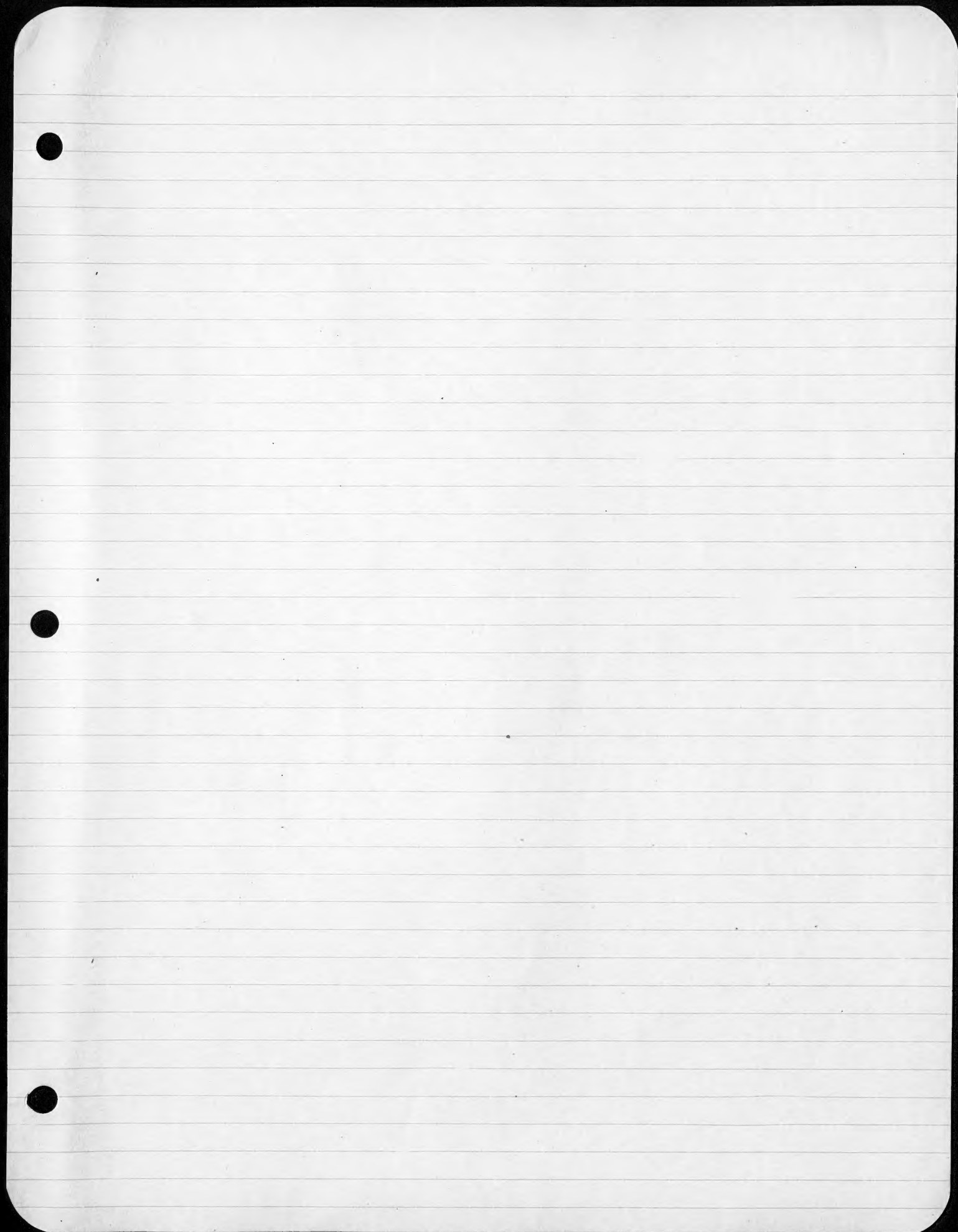
Macroflorosa.

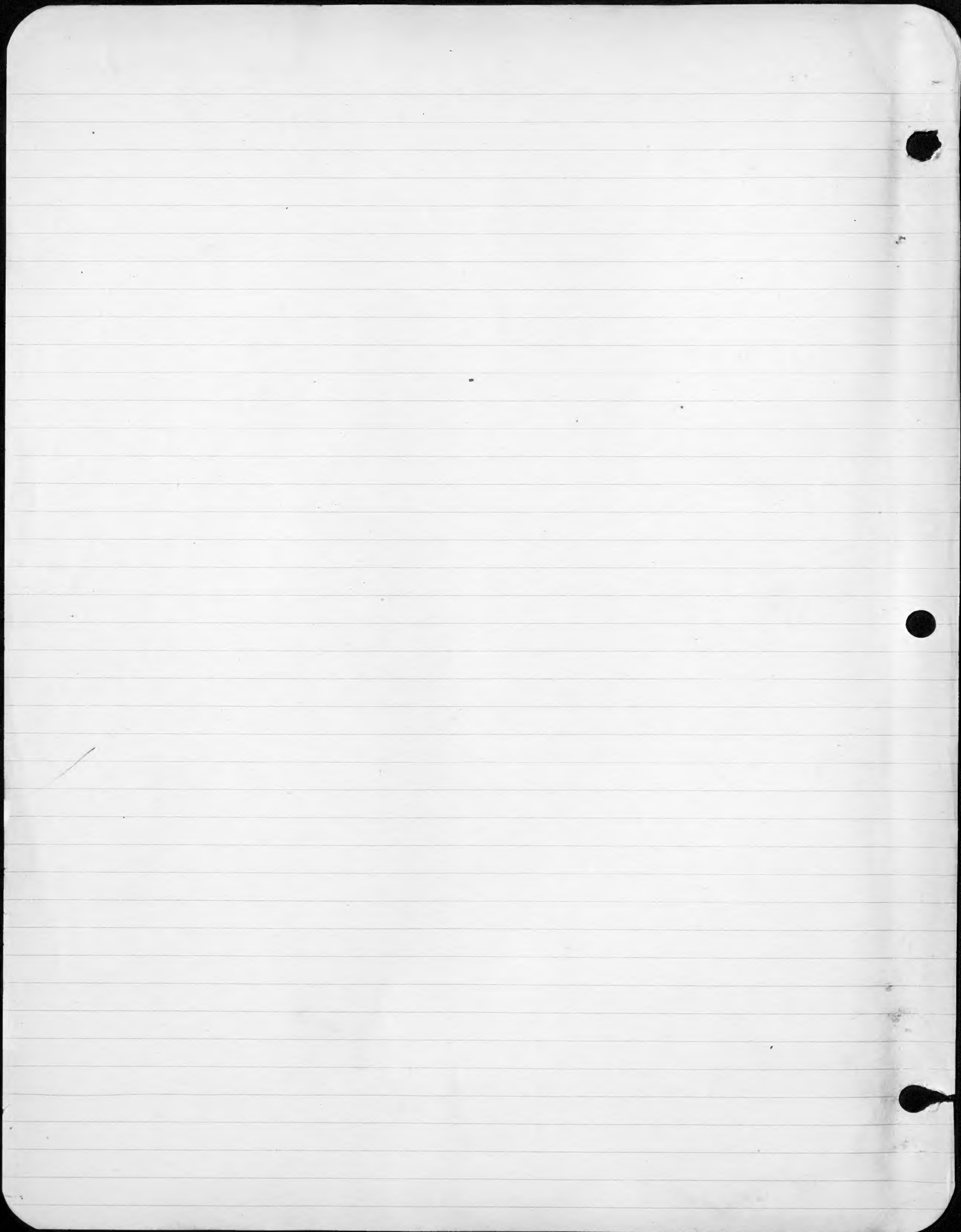
Probably *Odontomyia* at Seager's farm, 10 mi
out of Cookton - first by Van flying about the flowers
of *Agave* (see trough too).

Laomys.

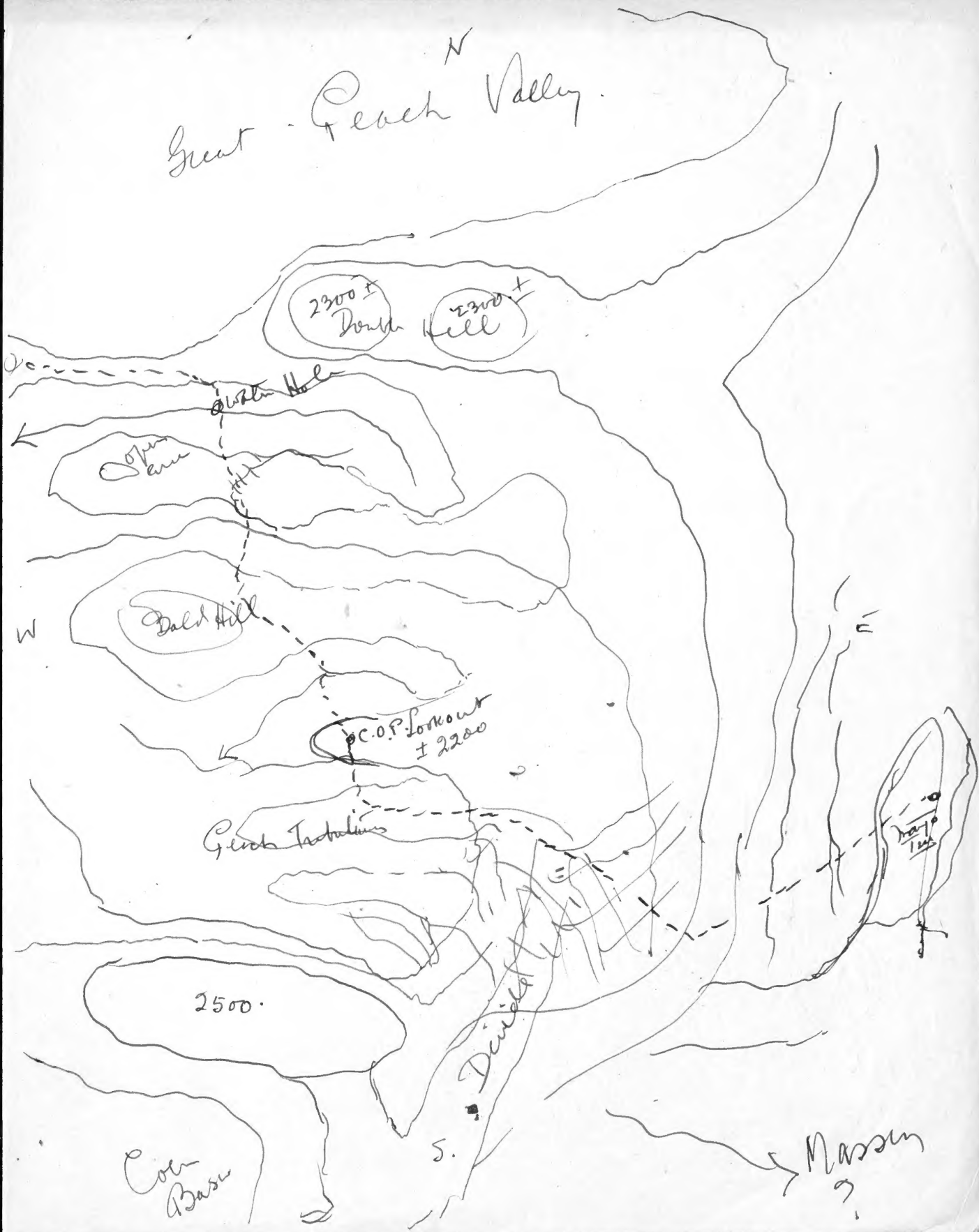
Three specimens of what appear to be this genus taken at
Rifle Creek, near Mt Isa. One in the house, a second
at the base of cliffs above down in mixed rock debris +
spring, & third among shrubby growth at base of tree up
fully opposite house. The thickening of the tail base is
not reflected in the vertebrae & their muscles, which are
normally tapered. Is this adaptation for fat storage or
water storage?

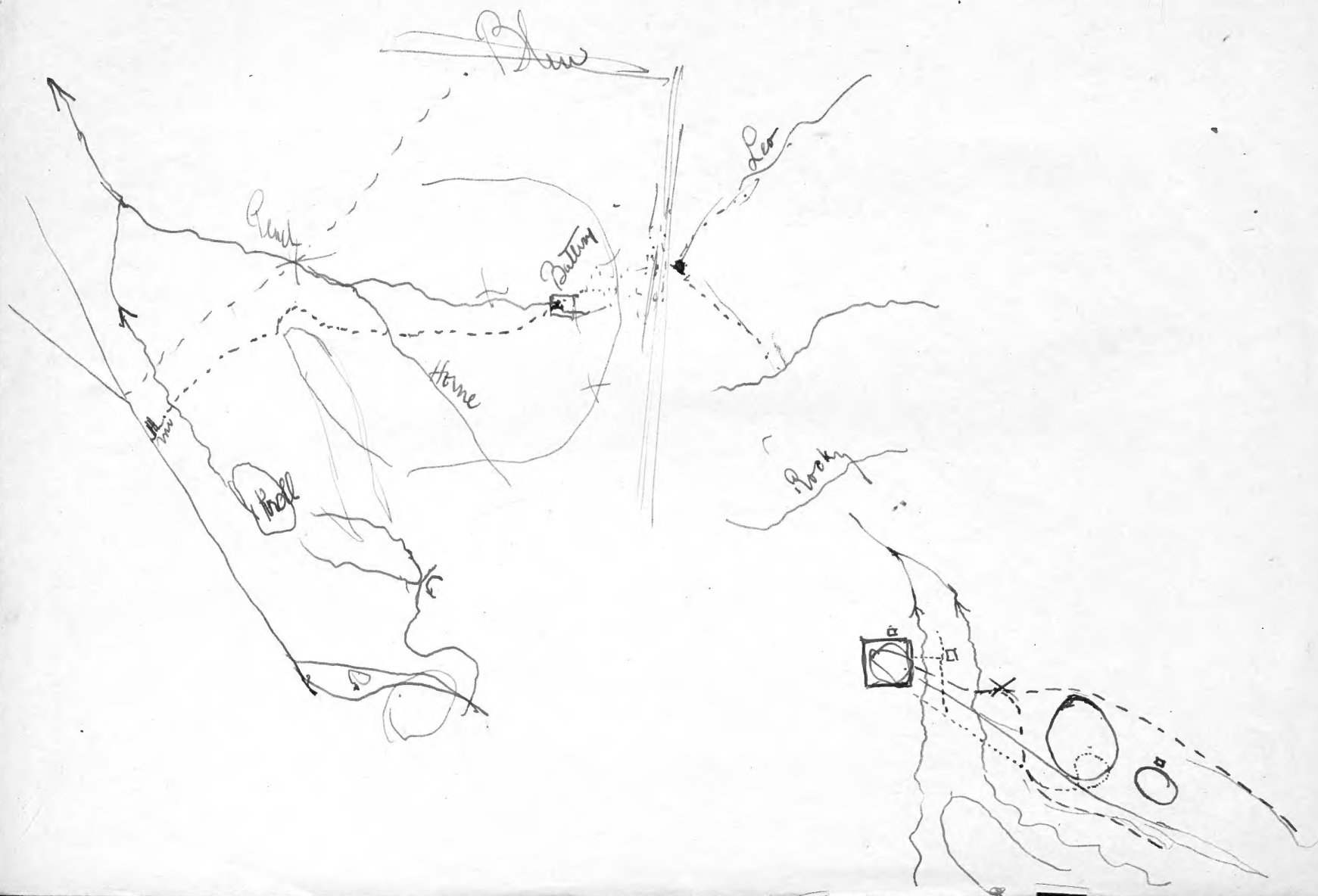






Great Peach Valley.







Traps - Van	Rat	Stul.	Mouse
	28	27	
Roy	40	10	
Geo	60	24	
	10		
	<u>138</u>	61	20
	69 lbs.	61 lbs.	-

= 130 lbs.

Horses Pair.

- 1 Boxes 3, 68 - skins, traps, pres ectns
- 2 " 77-78 40 lbs traps, 1 box ball;
- 3 " 18-20. 50 lbs traps, med.
- 4 " 1-2. 40 lbs traps, 1 box ball;

} dry cells,
} arsenic
} ammo.
} Medical.

- 2 cots
- 3 swags
- 2 chairs
- 1 table
- 1 lamp & kerosene
- 1 fly
- food
- cooking ready utensils.
- 3 guns

black boxes. 26 traps long. }
short " 24 " " }
26 24
4 2
104 48. = 152.

Stal trap. 60 = 60 lbs.
= 10 per box.

5 Saddle bags



Camponotus sp?

Battle to the death.

Major soldier ant attacked by Minor soldier ants of same species.

Note the former has completely lost two legs on one side, having been chewed off near the body by the smaller ants. While the small ants were doing this work, some of them paid dearly with their lives; as the large ant cut several of the smaller ones on half with its mandibles, as is plainly seen by the heads attached to the base of hind leg and one on the antennae.

These jaws set in a death grip.

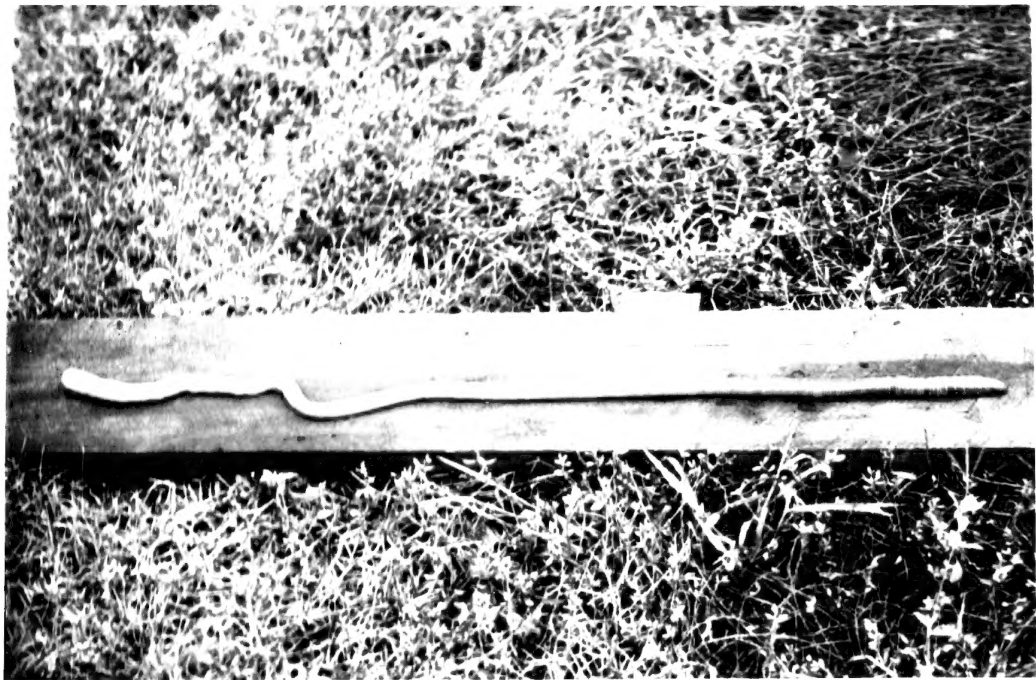
Subject very much enlarged.

H. Geary
c/o Commercial Banking Coy of Sydney
Queen Street
Brisbane



Carnarvon Range "Warrenilla"





Large earth worm 3 feet long Bunya Mountains





Lubra & Children Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia

240 miles N.W. of Alice Springs

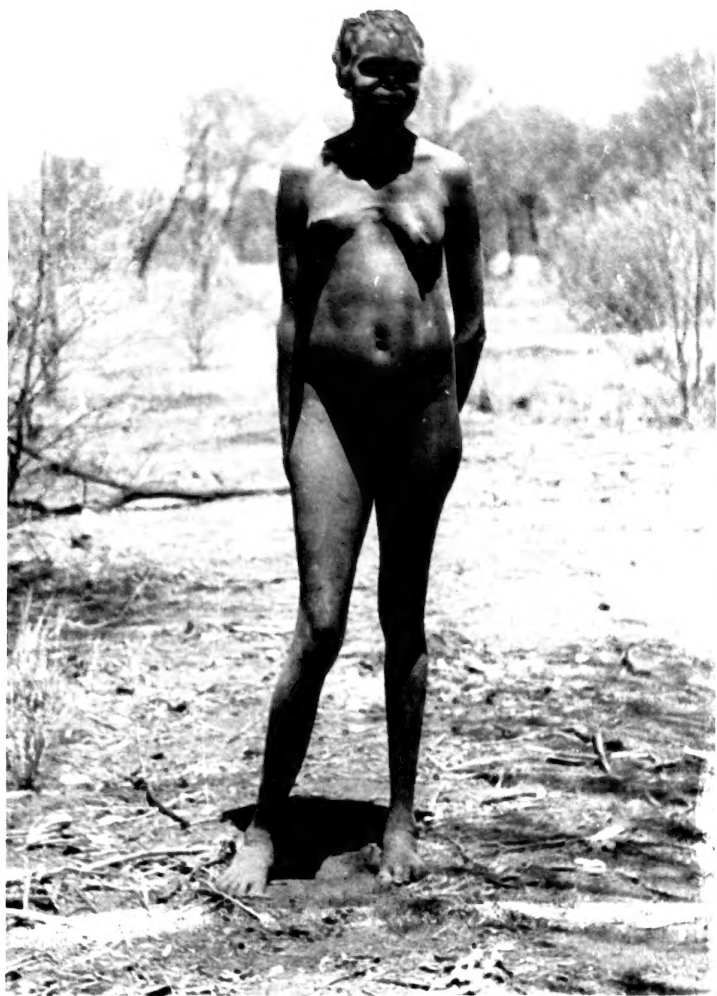
N. Geary Oct. 1946.



Lubra + Child Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia

240 miles N. W. of Alice Springs

N. Geary Oct. 1946



Lubra Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia

240 miles N. W. of Alice
Springs

N. Geary Oct. 1946



Young Lubras. Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia
240 miles N. W. of Alice
Springs

N. Geary Oct. 1946.

Foto's Archibald
Kamp, York
C. H. H. Tate
Hvva, Denmark

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Foto's Archibald
Kamp, York
C. H. H. Tate
Hvva, Denmark

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American Museum

of Natural History

Australia, Cape York

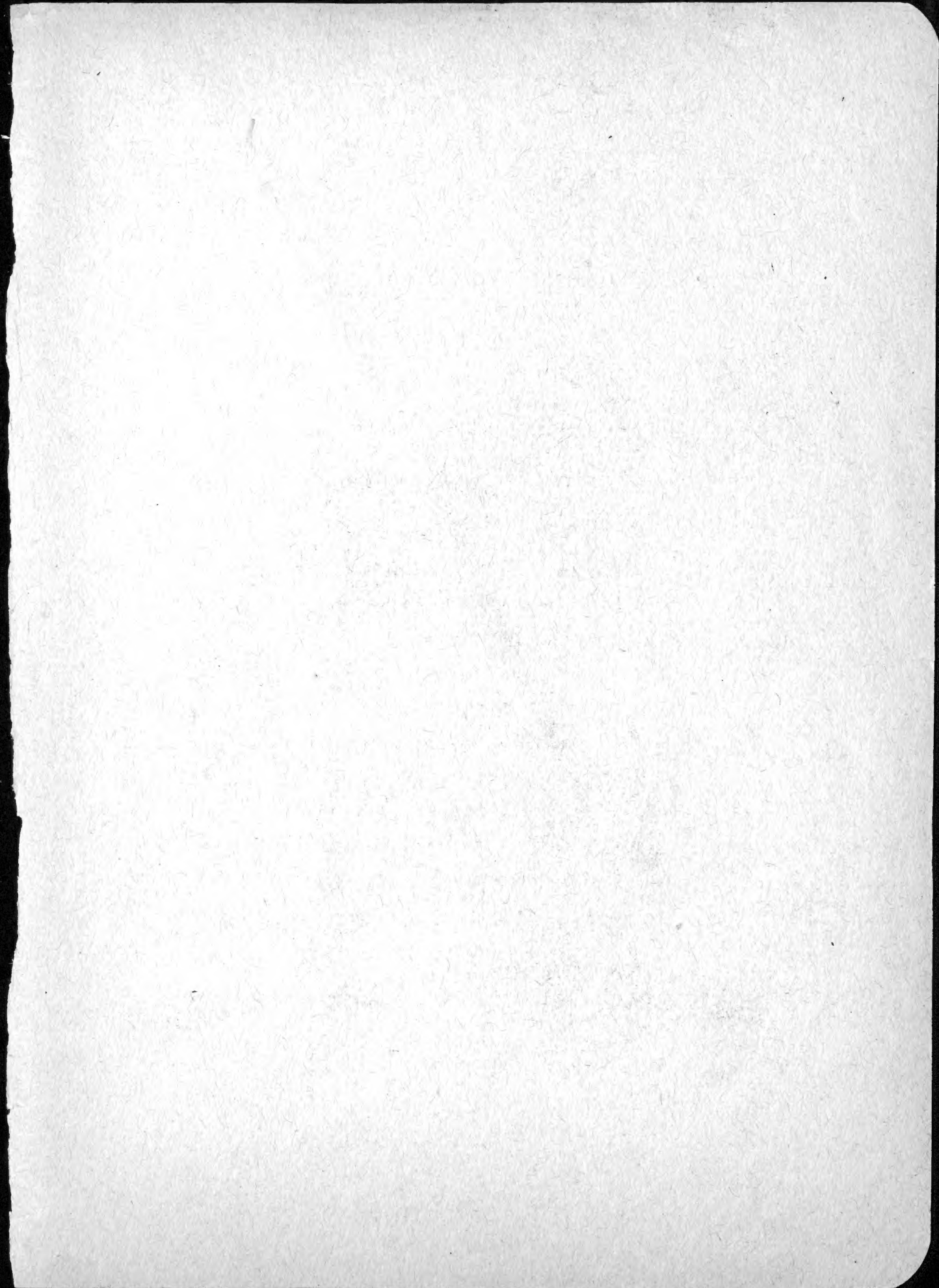
1948

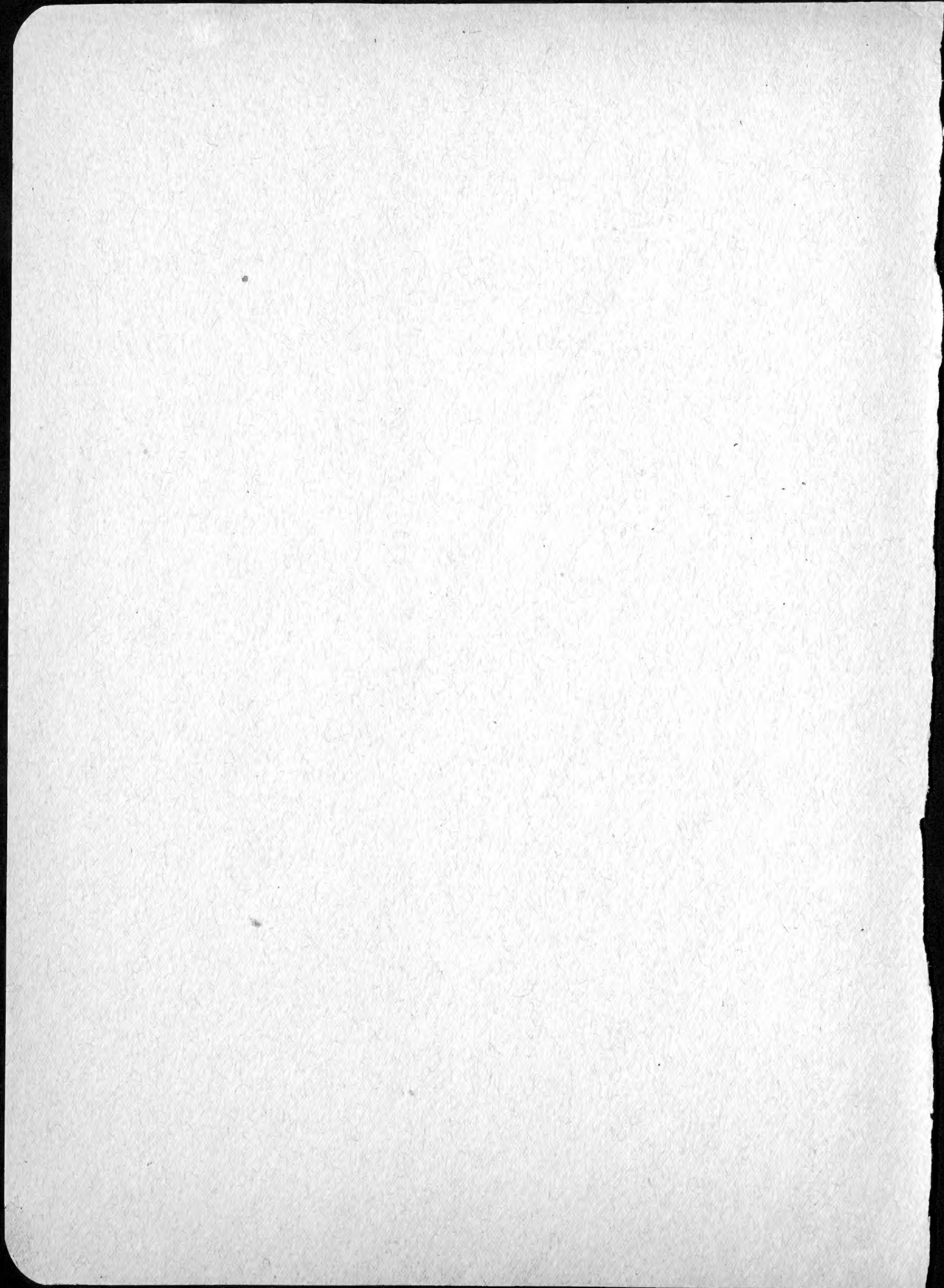
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of Natural History

Australia, Cape York

1948





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NEW YORK

