## "Round the great dial of the year

The Seasons went and struck the quarters,
Whilst the swift months, like oirculating hours,
Told the twelve changes by their changing flowers."

FIRST EDITION. If OS TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND.

## BABB \& SOQDED゚S

## AUTUMNAL

DESGRIPTIVE PRICED LIST
${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Or}$

CHOICE BULBS

FOR

## WINTER AND SPRING FLOWERING,

BEING THE COMPENDIUM OF THETR
Illustrated Guide to Winter and Spring Gardening.



## CON'IUNTS.

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## BARR \& SUGDEN'S

## ILLUSTRATED ALBUM OF BULBOUS AND TUBEROUS•ROOTED PLANTS.

The Illustrations in this Album lave been collated from various Horticultural works to exemplify the gencra to whieh most of the bulbs and tubcrous roots belong that are described in the present cdition of the "Guime to Winter and Spring Gardening." The Albun is at the service of customers who can make it convenient to enll at the Warehouse, 12, Kirg Street, Covent Garden.

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## THE SPRING FLOWER GARDEN.

Ir is now many years since we first put in onr plea for having the flower garden gay during eight months of the year, and the beds and borders furnished with oljjects of attraction, present or prospective, all the year round. At that time the gardens at Cliveden (the seat of her Graco the Duchess of Sutherland), under the ablo management of Mr. John Fleming, were almost the only good examples of Spring gardening, and are still the best. There are now, however, numerons rivals, it being miversally felt that a flower garden in Spring is quite as necessary as one in Summer. This is strikingly apparent in most of our public parks and gardens, where a rich floral display is as moch aimed at during the Spring months as during those of Summer; and where Spring gardening is not well done in such places, they are looked upon as being badly managed. In privato gardens, whether large or small, where the family are resident during the Spring or early Summer months, an out-(loor display of flowers at that season of the year is indispensable, and this can only be obtained by means of a Spring Flower Gurden. It is worthy of notice that Spring gardening bas been almost as great a success in town and suburban gardens in and aromd London as it has been in the rural distriets.

Indeed, it may be safely asserted that there is no corner in the three kingdoms where Spring gardening may not be carried on suceessfully. It is simply a question of selection and adaptation, and, if we consider the question of outlay, the expense of stocking a Spring Flower Garden is trifling compared with that of stocking a Summer Flower Garden. 'I'he labour, also, is but trifling; the great thing is forethought in getting up stocks of tho necessary plants, and as they are all hardy out-door subjects, no glass whatever is required in their prenaration, so tbat in mamy phees this will be a very great consideration.

In all Spring gardens bulbous roots, such as Iyracinths, Tulips, Nareissus, Crocns, Ranunculus, Anemones, Scillas, \&e., must also play a prominent part; and especially in Spring gardens wbich require to be eleared by the sceond week in May, to make room for the carly Saumer bedding out, bulbous roots must take the lead, their blooming period being over by that time, and their best associate will be found to be tho Ctiveden lansies. These may be used as edgings, and they may continue as such throughout the smmer. The Viola Cornuta and V. Calearata may also be used in the same way, though not equal to the Cliveden Pansics, which bloom eontinuously throughout the winter, weather permitting. Myosotis Sylvatica, Silene pendula, \&e., bloom very early.

A Spring garden may consist principally of Californian mnuals. These must be sown in a reserve garden, and the period of sowing must be regulated according to the nature of the soil and the locality, whether late or early. In some parts of the country the end of July is the time to sow these ; in other parts, August; and in some places September. The seed may also he sown a little later in cold frames, the plants put out where intended to bloom very early in Spring.

The letters which we aro continnally receiving from correspondents in almost every part of the three kingdoms fully conviuee us that there is really more pleasure derived from a grood Spring Flower Garden than there is from a Summer Flower Garden. The immense quantity of bulbs and plants which we annually supply, and this on an annually inereasing seale, proves to us that the treatises we have given on this subject have largely contribnted to the extension of what is now felt to be a boon, namely, to have onf flower beds furnished during the dead of winter, and gay from the first dawn of Spring till it is safe to plant out the Summer flowers. This period, we may notice, since the displacement of collections of herbaccous plants from our gardens, was tou often markel by desolation, our beds and borders bare and uninviting, awaiting the period when it was safe to clothe them with oar tender exotics, and sadly contrasting with the gay aspect of our fields and woods, teeming with our native Flora.

It is especially worthy of remark that in our unecrtain elimate Summer flowers are oftentimes a comparative tailare. This, however, is not the ease with Spring-flowering plants, provided they have been planted at the proper time and with proper care. As soon as the bedding plants have been removed, the flower beds should be forked up, manared, and filled with bulbs and plants; these in their turn can be removed again immediately it is safe to put the bedding stuff ont. It is not generally known, though in manly plnces this scason it has beeu satisfactorily proved, that the Cliveden Yellow lansy is the finest Summer yellow bedding plant we at present possess; and we believe that the Cliveden Purple Pansy will, in its way, be as effective for Summer decoration as the yellow. Viola Cormta, properly managed, makes an exceedingly effective edging; its colour is a fine lavender bluc. This was sold in Spring ns "Purple Qneen.". Viola Calearata was sold as "Mauve Queen;" the flower is similar to Cormuta, but the colour is mueh darker. Sweet-sented Violets nud Ilepatieas should not be lost sight of in Spring gardening.

For the arrangement of a number of beds and borders we offer the following suggestions, which may be modified according to eiremmstances.

## HYACINTH BEDS.

No. 1 Bed.-Plant with Hyacinths, cither mixed (Nos. 114 to 119 ) or in cireles, lines or masses, in distinet colours (Nos.94 to 113), edge with a line of Dog's-tooth Violets, and then a line of Yellow Pansy. The Hyacinths may be intersected with groups of Crocus or Snowdrops.
No. 2 Bed.--l'lant with Red Hyaeintlhs, interseet these with Bluc Forget-me-not, and edge the bed with Single Red Hepatica, or Red Daisy.
No. 3 Bed.-Plant with Blue Ilyacinths, intersect these with White Forget-me-not, aud edge the bel with varicgated Arabis mollis.
No. 4 Bed.-llant with White Hyacinths, intersect these with Pink Silenc, and edge with Single Bluc Hepatica, or Bluc or Purple Pansy.
No. 5 Bed (Square).-Formed into diamonds with Arabis variegata, the dianonds filled in with Hyacinths.

## HYACINTH RIBBON BORDER.

No. 6.-Plant the Hyacinths iu wary lines, selecting double or single varictics from those enmmerated from 94 to 113 , and between the rows plant the following :-1st, as an edging, Arabis mollis varicgata; 2nd, between the first two rows of Hyacinths, Red Daisy ; 3rd. White Daisy ; 4th, Bluc Pansy; Sth, Yellow Pansy; 6th, Purple Pansy ; 7th, White Silenc ; 8th, Pink ;ilene; 9 th, Dark Walllower or Purple Honesty. The plants so arranged without Hyaciaths make a glorions border, and so do the Ifyacinths without the plants, but the combination increases the effect, variety, and duratiou of the border.

## TULIP BEDS.

No. 7 Bed.-Plant with Double Tulips, either mixed or in eircles, lines, or masses of distinct colours, iutersect the bulbs with Myosotis, Silene, or Crocus, and edge with Blue, Purple, or Yellow Pansy.
No. s Bed.- Plant with Rex Rubrorum Double Scarlet Tulip, interseet it with Yellow Pansy or Yellow Crocus, and edge with White Daisy or Snowdrops.
No. 9 Bed.-I'lant with La Candeur Double White Tulip, interseet it with Bluc Myosotis, and edge with Red Daisy, or Dor's-tooth Violet.
No. 10 Bed.-Plant with Yellow-rose Double Yellow Tulip, intersect it with White Myosotis, and edge with Blue Pansy.
No. 11 Bed.-Plant with Double Tournesol Tulip, intersect with Collinsia verna, and edge with White Daisy.
No. 12 Bed.-llant with Couronne de Ponrpre Double Velvety-erimson Tulip, interseet with Yellow Italian Wallfower; aad edge with Iren-and-Chicken Daisy.
No. 13 Bed.-Plant with Early Single Tulips, either mixed or in eircles, lines, or masses of distiact colours, intersect the bulbs with Myosotis, Silene, or Crocus, and edge with the lovely Scilla Sibirica, or a good self-coloured Crocus.
No. 14 Bed.-Plant with a good Scarlet Early Single Tulip, as Scarlet Duc Van Thol or Vermilion Brilliant, iaterscet the bulbs with Ycllow Pansy or Ycllow Crocus, and elge with Snowdrops.
No. 15 Bed.-Plant with Golden Prince Early Single Tulip, intersect these with White Forget-me-not or Scilla Sibirica, and cdge with Purple Pansy.
No. 16 Bed.-Plant with White Pottebakker Early Single Tulip, intersect with Blue Forget-me-not, and edge with Ycllow Pansy, surrounded with a line of Red Drisy.
No. 17 Bed (Oblong).-Plant Early Single Tulips in geonetrical figures, the lines planted with Tournesol Double Tulip (No. 544) and the figures filled in with distinct colonred Early Single Tulips, these intersected with Blue Forget-me-not, so as to eover the ground, and edged with
Yellow Pansy.
No. 18 Bed.-Plant with Silver Staudard Early Siagle Tulip, a beautiful varicerated rariety, intersect it with Blue Pansy, and edge with Red Daisy, or interseet with Blue Forget-me-not, and edge with Red Daisy.
No. 19 Bed.-Plant with Gesueriana Tulip, scarlet with blue centre, iatersect with the Dark Italian Wallfower, and cdge with Alyssum Saxatile Compactum.
No. 20 Bed (Square).-Formed into diamonds with Stachys lamata, the dianoads filled in with Tulips.

## TULIP RIBBON BORDER.

No 21.- Plaut the Tulips in wavy lines, sclecting double or single varictics. Those recommended for "Tulip Beds" are all execedingly fine sorts, but as a more cxtended selection may be desired, we recommend the Paxtonian single and the double varicties naned in the body of the cataloguc ; and as we cannot improve on the arrangement of the plants suggested for the Hyacinth Ribboa Border, we recommend their being associated in a similar manner with the Tulip.

## CROCUS BEDS.

No. 22 Bed.-Plant with Crocus, distinct varietics. If a circular bed, plant strong lines of Yellow Croeus, radiating from the centre to the circumfercnec, and fill in the spaces with white, purple, and striped varicties, and edge with Snowdrops or Winter Aconites; if the bed is square, or any other form, it may still be divided as suggested, or varied aecordiag to the taste of the cultivator. The Crocus will bloon yery carly ; thercfore, to proloag the beanty of the bed, intermix lansics, blue, purple, yellow, znd white, caell colour distinet.
No. 23 Bed (Square).-Formed into diamonds with Arabis lucida variegata, the diamonds filled iu with Crocus.

## ANEMONE BEDS.

No. 24 Bed.-Plant with Single Anenones, cither mixed or scarlct, and edge with Scilla Sibiriea. This bed witl most likely be in beanty in Hebruary, and eoatinue a cousiderable time. If Silene be planted with these, a display will be maintained until Junc.
No. 25 Bed.-Plant with Double Ancmones, eitler in colours or mixed : the scarlet varicty of itself makes a glorious bed; or it may be used for separating the other colours, as we have recommended the Yellow Croeus in No. 18 Bed; or the eolours may range in circles or masses. To prolong the betuty of the bed until Junc, intersect the Anemones with Saponaria or Limnanthes, and edge with Blue or Purple Pansy, or Yellow Croeus.

## RANUNCOLOS BEDS.

No. 26 Bed.-Plaat with Turban Rannnenlus, mixed or in distinct colonrs, as recommended for Anemoacs, giving the searlet the more prominent position. To prolong the beauty of the bed uatil Junc, iatersect it with Daisies, and edge with Arabis mollis variegata.
No. 27 Bed.-Plant with Scarlet Turban Ranuaculus, interscet with White Daisy, and edge with Winter Aconite.

## NARCISSUS BEDS.

No. 28 Bed.-Plant with Polyanthus Narcissus ; intersect these with Primroses, Polyanthus, or Cowslips; and edge with the variegated Arabis mollis, or the beantiful Narcissus Bulbocodiam.
No. 29 Bed.-Plant with Narcissus Pocticus, intersect with Collinsia grandiflora, and edge with Plilox frondosa,
No. 30 Bed.-llant with Narcissus albus plenus odoratus, intersect with Pink Silene, and edge with Grape Hyacinth.
No. 31 Bed--Plant with Iris Persica, intersect with Arabis mollis varicgata or Arabis lucida variegata and with circles of Scilla Sibirica.

## PLANT BED.

No. 32 Bed .-If circular, plant the eentre with Blue Forget-me-not; then divide the remainder of the bed into triangles, the lines consisting of a double row of White Daisics, and the triangles filled in with the l'ink and led Daisy, the l'urple, Yellow, and Blue Pansy; with a broad edging of Arabis mollis variegata, or Arabis lucida varicgata. 'This bed may be arranged in twenty different ways.
** The forcgoing beds may be modified in the arrangement of colours, and also by omitting the intersections; we would, however, in all cases recommend that the beds have a good edging, and nothing is more telling than Yellow Croeus for this parpose.
No. 33.-A few hints on a Spring border may be acecptable. If the border is of considerable extent and well situated, it is, perhaps, more cffective and pleasing than beds. Plant the back line with Polyantlons Narcissus thus,, , and the following in the same mauner :-2nd line, Rex Rubrorum, Double Searlet Tulip; 3rd line, La Candeur, Double White Tulip; 4th line, lyacinths in three colours; 5th linc. Donble Scarlet Anemone ; 6th line, Ycllow Turban Ranunculus; 7th line, Snowdrons; 8th line, Winter Aconites; 9 th line, Dog's-tuoth Violets. As these will not all bloom at the same time, fill in between the lines in the following order: 1st, Bluc Forget-me-not ; 2nd, Ycllow Pansy; 3rd, Purple Pansy; 4th, Bluc Pansy; 5th, Magpie Pausy; 6th, P'ink Silcne ; 7th, White Daisy. The Winter Aconite and Dog's-tooth Violet, if planted elose together, when done blooming their foliage will form a good elging. This botder may be arranged in a great varicty of ways; for instance, Italian Wall-flower might be introduced, besides many other carly flower-plants.
Large beds, such as thoso at Cliveden, laying a little distance of from the house, we would recommend being planted with Forget-me-not, Silene, or any other close-growing plant ; and Tulips, Nurcissus, or Hyacinths, clotted all over, at about a foot apart.

## LIST OF PLANTS USED BY MR. FLEMING AT CLIVEDEN.

Several of these are not mentioned in the arrangement of beds, \&c., which we have suggested, therefore we have givell their colour aud adaptation, so that there will be no difficulty in using them to give variety.
Twenty-five will be charged at the rate per do\%en; and any quantity under half-a-dozen will be charged a little higher than by the dozen.

> Per 100. Per doz.

Adonis varnalis, bright yellow, large anemone-like flowers
Ajuga orientalis, a finc mulberry-foliaged plant during wintcr; very effective for elgings

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
25 & 0 & \ldots & 4 & 0 \\
21 & 10 & & 3 & 0
\end{array}
$$

" reptans, also dark-foliuged plant, rescmbling the above
$\begin{array}{ll}. . & 4 \\ . . & 3\end{array}$
" $\quad$ : variogata, while and green . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\quad . \quad 0$

Alyssum saxatile, beantifulyellow, very profuse fiowering . . . . . . . . . . . $25 \quad 0 \quad \ldots \quad 4 \quad 0$
"A. saxatile, not so useful, horight yellow, much more dwanf and compact than
 Alyssum saxatile.
2) 0
... 4
210 0
Arabis lucida variegata, shiny green leaved, gold slriped arabis, very beautiful. . . . . 0 " mollis " downy green leares, with creamy variegation, perhaps the most useful permanent clging we bave; this and A. Incida variegata are most valuable for panel gaviening
Aubretia grandiflora: puphe, compact close labit, densely coverci with flowes most valuable for cdgings and small beds
"', variegata, a chaming uhite varicgated-folinged variety, 12 s. to
Auricula, mixed border varieties
Corastium tomentosum, the pretty small compact silvery-foliaged plant so well known and so mach prized for permanent edgings
Collinsia bicolor, purple and white
grandiflora, blue and white
Daisy, large Clivedon pink, snitable cither for edgings or filling np geometrical fignres red, do. to.
do.

| sy, large Cliveden pink, suitable either for edgings or filling np geometrical fignres |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $"$ | red, | do. | do. |

" cliveden ancubafolia, this is a beantiful green and gold variergated foliage variety, admirably adapted for edging and panels
Forget-Me-Not, Cliveden blue variety (Myosotis Sylvatica); the most vatnable of al
plauts for spring gavdening. It may be used as an edging, or for filling small or plauts for sping gardening. It may be used as an edging, or for filling small or

G ... 1. b
Fiepatica, bluc, a charming little border plant, most effectire when grown in barge clumps, single plants.


Hepatica, blue, clumps $1 s$. Gdl., 2s. Gd., and 3s. Gd each .
red, a eharming little border plant, most effective when grown in large "humps, single plants.

Per 100. Perdoz.
s. d. s. $d$.
-. .60

Honesty, purple (Lunaria biennis), excecdingly effcective in the centre of large beds, rases, and as the back row in a mixed or ribbon border.
Iberis sempervirens, the evergreen white Candytuft, a fine close compact-growing plant
Lythospermum fruticosum, a trailing plant, with the most beantiful intense bute flowers in profusion, and continuing more or less in bloom throughout the summer months


- ... $10 \quad 6$

Pansy, Cliveden light blue perpetual flowering, very effective, and shonld occupy the same place in the economy of the spring garden as Lobelia Paxtonii does in the summer garden.
Pansy, Clivedon purple perpetual flowering, very rich, an excecdingly effective varicty, forming a fine contrast with the White Daisy, de.
Pansy, Cliveden white perpetual flowering, very fine varicty
Pansy, Cliveden yellow
very beantiful; every one knows the effect of a good yellow flower: nothing can surpass the effect of this plant, cither in the spring or summer flower garden; we recomulend it for both purposes
Pansy, Cliveden Msgpie, this is a novelty, and when grown in quantity, very effective ; it is purple, blotched with pure white .
Polyanthus, fine mixed rarieties, valmable for filling lecds and edgings $\quad . \quad . \quad . \quad .21 \quad 0 \quad \cdots \quad 30$
Phlox frondosa, a most ralnable plant, covering the ground with a shect of purple
Primrose, double rarieties, each, 18 . to 1 s . 6 d .
Saponaria, pink, when in bloom it forms a sheet of bright pink . . . . . 10 o... 16 white ", ", white $\begin{array}{lllll}10 & 6 & \ldots & 1 & 6\end{array}$
Silone, Cliveden pink "'s. pendula)", the most "valuable of all pink spring-flowering plants for ribbons and filling beds

| 10 | 6 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 6 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 6 |
| 15 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2 | 6 |

Strohys lanata, a large silvery-foliaged plant, valnable for edgings to jarge beds.
Tussilago variegata; this is a most telling plant in shubbery borders, rose beds, se.; its large leaves, which are almost white, lying close to the gromad, form a very striking contrast.
Vinca major elegantissima, the ohite varicgnted-leaved Periwinkle; this plant is very effective in rockwork, or pegged down as an edging.
Viola oornuta, Purple King, a particularly fine stock; throughout the whole of this summer it has been one sheet of hloom. Wc can strongly recommend it for edgings and for ribbons; it is in beanty in May, and continucs throughout the whole summer. Seed, $1 s$ and 2 s . 6d. per packet

| - | $\ldots$ | 9 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | $\ldots$ | 9 | 0 |

Viola calearata, Mauve Queen; the flower of this varicty is a purple menee; much decper in colonr than cornuta. Mr. Bennett, at Osberton Hall Gardens, says- that nothing can exceed its effect with him. We advise our customers to purchase both, they being very distinct, and we further advise then to plant tolerably thickly, as there is no effect uuless the plants form a thick and continuous mass. Sced, 18 . and $2 s .6 \pi$. per packet .
Wallfower, Cliveden dark red; for ribbons, the back row of borders, ani for beds, this variety is most valuable
Cliveden single yellow ; for ribbons, the back row of borders, and for beds. this variety is most valuable

For Chiverlen Collections of Plants see Order Sheet.

## A FEW SPECIALITILS LN HARDY PLANTS.

Acer negundo variogatum (The variegated Maple), this is tho most strikingly effective varicgated tree we possess; the leaves almost white. Dwarfs, each, 2 s . 6 d. ; standards, each, 3 s , k d.
Aucuba japonica mascnla, the new male Japanese Aucuba, cach, 5s. 6d.; 7s. od., and 10s, 6\%, according to the varicty; larger plants higher in price.
Aucuba japonica femina, the new Japancse searlet-herrying Aucubu, each, 3 s . 6d., bs. (ifl., is. $6 d$. , and 10s. Gd., according to the variety; larger plants higher in price.
Bambusa Fortuneii folis niveo-vittatis, it dwarf Bamboo, with beatiful light-green leaves, freely striped white, eqnally ornamental for conservatory decoration, or for celgings and clumps, ench, $1 s$., $1 s, 6 d, 2 s .6 \%$, and $3 s$. . $6 \%$.
Daotylis glomerata variogata, a very pretty dwarf-growing grass, with benntiful siluerm-white and green leaves, each, mol.
Euonymus radicans variegatus, a very neat low-growing shrub, with pale green leaves, margined white; admitable for cdgings, dc., each, $1 s .6 d$.
Ivics (Hedera), hemufifuly varicgated varietics, each, 1s. 6t. to 3s. Gr\%.
 Ivies; price on application.
Lonicera brachypoda aurea reticulata (Chincsc Honeysuckle), the most distinct :and beantiful elimher in cultivation, with pale green leaves, densely reticulated with conary yellow; may be pegged down as an edging, or trained to form a low mass on grass or arginust stakes in slmbleries. In the conservatory it is beautiful. Strong plants, cach, $1 \mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{~d}$.
Thalietrum minus, a beautiful border plant, resembling in growth the well-known Maiden Mair Fern, each, 1s. Gd .

## VIOLETS, SWEET SCENTED.

These universal favourites caunot be dispensed with in any garden, however small; their dclicious and gratefully fragrant flowers aro produced with so much profusion, that they may be gathered almost daily thronglout the winter and spring months. Devoniensis, King of Violets, Neapolitan, and Scotch, are in bloom throughout the whole year,

Arborea (Tree Violet), blue, cach $1 s$.
"̈ white, each 1.s. G $t$.
Brandyana, daild purple striped white and pink, cach $2 s$.
Devonicnsis, derth purphe, large flowers, cach 1s. Gd. King of Violets, dur indigo blue, very large double flowers, each 2s. id.
Neapolitan, lavender blue, large double flowers, each $9 d$.
Queen of Violets, white shaded blush, very large and double, each 1 s.
Iubrio plena, pate red, double, cach $9 d$.

Rubra simplex, red, single, each $9 d$.
Lussian, double blue, each 9d.
," single blue, each $9 d$.

$$
\text { giant blue, cach } 9 d \text {. }
$$

Sunvis, pale favender, large flowers, each $9 d$.
Seotch, durk purple, large double flowers, each 9 d.
Striata obliqua, purple and while, cach 9d.
The Czar, dart purple, very large flowers, cach $1 s$. White, double, each 9d.
" " compacta, each $9 d$.
$" \quad$ single, each $9 d$.

## STRAWBERRIES.

Less quantifies than 50 of a sort will be charged a little higher.


## COLLEOTIONS OF BULBS.

PAXTONIAN COLLECTIONS OF EASILT-CULTIVATED BULBS, BEST ADAPTED FOR SPRING GARDENING, OU'T OF DOORS.

|  |  | Fine Colbections. |  |  |  |  | Extan fine Cullections. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $A$ <br> C. $4 s$ | B. $\mathrm{x} 3 \mathrm{~s}$ | C. | D. | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{E} \\ 10.6 d . \end{gathered}$ | F. £5 bs. | $\mathfrak{e x}_{\substack{\mathbf{G} \\ \hline \\ s}}$ | H. | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I} \\ £ 110 s . \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{15 s .6 d .}{\mathrm{K} .}$ |
| Hyacinths, various |  | 100 | 75 | 50 | 23 | 12 | 100 | 75 | 50 | 25 | 12 |
| Polyanthus Narcissus . | ; | 30 | 20 | 12 | 6 | . | 30 | 20 | 12 | ( | 3 |
| Ordinary Narcissus |  | 100 | 75 | 50 | 30 | 15 | 100 | 75 | 50 | 30 | 15 |
| Tulips, various . |  | 300 | 200 | 150 | 100 | 50 | 300 | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| Crocus, " |  | 500 | 30 ) | 200 | 100 | 50 | 500 | 300 | 200 | 100 | 50 |
| Anamones, " |  | 200 | 100 | 75 | 50 | 20 | 200 | 100 | 75 | 5 | 20 |
| Ranunculus, various |  | 200 | 10. | 75 | 50 | 25 | 209 | 100 | 85 | 50 | 25 |
| Snowdrops. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ |  | :100 | 200 | 150 | 100 | 50 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 100 | 50 |
| Crown Imperials. |  | 2. | ? ${ }_{2}$ | 15 | - | - | 9 | 9 20 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |

[^0]|  | Fine Collections |  |  |  |  | lections. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L. C. 4 s. | M. | N. |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{P} . \\ 10 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{G} d . \end{gathered}$ | $\cos _{5}^{Q}$ | R. | $f 3^{2} \cdot 3$ | 1 | $\mathrm{U} .$ |
| Hyacinths, named idrictics. | 69 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 | 60 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 |
| Polyanthus Narcissus. . | :30 | 20 | 12 | 10 | ${ }^{6}$ | 30 | 20 | 12 | 10 | 6 |
| Tulips, numed verielies | 150 | 100 | 70 | 30 | 12 | 150 | 100 | 70 | 30 | 12 |
| Jonquils, sucet seentet. | 40 | 8 | 20 | 12 | 6 | 40 | 30 | $\because 9$ | 12 | 6 |
| Ixias, numed | 24 | 12 | 9 | ${ }_{6}$ | - | 24 | 12 | 5 | 6 | - |
| Sparaxis, " | 2.1 | - 12 | 9 | ${ }_{6}$ | - | 24 | 12 | 9 | $6$ |  |
| Tritouias, " | 94 | 12 | 9 | 6 | - | 2.1 | 12 | 9 | 6 |  |
| Sabianas, ". | 200 | 150 | 100 | 50 | 50 | 200 | 150 | 100 | 50 | 50 |
| Seedding Crocus. Snowdrops, lurge | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 50 | $\stackrel{1}{00}$ | 1010 | 100 | 50 | 50 |
| Snowdrops, large <br> Scilla Sibirica | 200 | 30 | 20 | 12 |  | 50 | 30 | 20 | 12 | © |

# Used with marvellous success in the Royal Fruit Gardens, Frogmore. STANDEN'S GARDENERS' AND AMATEURS' FRIEND MANURE, 

InoDonocs, highly concentrated, and exccedingly rich in the most valuable fertilizing qualities. On trial it has proved much more eflicient than manure water, grano, or any other artificial mannre at present offered for sale.

Applied to Plants to which stimnlants can be given with advantage, it produces a marvellous effect in a very short time, inducing a free vigorons growth and carly maturity. The method of application is very simple, and involves the least possible labour, as it merely requires to be seattered upon the surface of the soil and watered in. Being inodorous, it may be applice to Plants in a Conservatory or Drawing-room withont being in the slightest degrec offensive. Comparcd with liquid manure, it will be found incomparably safer and much more economieal. The former, obtaincd from a stable or farmgard tank, varies so greatly in strengtir that au equal quantily to what may have been given to Plants for weeks or months with advantage, will, at some unexpeeted time, cause them serions injury; and as to cost, there can be no hesitation in saying that when the labour of procuring aud applying manure water is taken into aecoment, it will be found to be ten times dearer than Stavisis's Manure. On these points, however, it may be satisfactory to give the opinion of Mr. Barsis, Nurscryman, Camberwell, who has long been known as one of the most snccessful and intelligent Horticulturists of the day. He says:-"We used to brew mannre water twice a week. The tank hat to be elcaned out every Monday morning, the spent mannre wheced away, fresh phit in, water added, the whole stirred up, then allowed to settle, and on Thmsday the tank hatd to be filled $n p$ with water, and the procuring amd preparing manure had to be attended to ; and all this occupied a considerable amount of labour. 'then applying the manure water was a great hinderanec in watcring the Plants, as the man had to lave two cans-one with liquid mannee and one with clear water-and was constantly setting down the one and taking up the other ; besides, the houses were never swect. I have now done away with the nanure water tank, and use Standen's Manure only. My Pot Vines were the best lust yeir Thave ever grown, and I have fond it answer equally well for everything to wbich I had been in the habit of giving namure water; and now never have any disagreeable smells in my plant lonses. Altogether, I consider the manne a great boon to plant and frnit growers."

If it were nceessary to try to estallish the reputation of Standens Manure by means of testimonials, a vast number from ligh anthorities might be pnblished, but the Proprietor prefers that its sale shonld rest on its own ments. Many of the leading Nurserymen, of whom we may name Messrs. James Veitch \& Sons, of Chekea; Mr. Charles Tulaner, of Slongh: Mossis. J. \& C. Liee, of Hammersmith; Mesmrs. E. G. Mendersos \& Son: Mr. John Spanmisir Messts. Hegi Love \& Co., are using it, and many others were so satisfied witl the results whel they saw it produce last season, that they have decided to nse it exelusively in future for all Plants to whel they lave been in the habit of giving manure water, guano, or any other artificial manare.

Growers of Vincs in Pots, Pines, Orehard, Honse, and Fruit Trees generally, whether under glass or in the open ground, will find that, by the aid of this Manure, they will prodice such erops of fruit as eamot be obtaincd by the aid of any other fertilizer.

Roses, whether grown in pots, noder glass, or in the open air, are greatly benefited by this Manure: it stimulates them to strong vigorons growth, and enalles them to produce large perfectly-coloured blooms, more profusely and for a longer period than if treated with amy other maure.

Those Plant Growers who have not yel tried this Manure will find it in walnable for Camellias, Orange Trees, Azaleas, Ixomas, Dracenas, and all Stove and Greenhonse Plants, which are benefited by manme in any form. They may prodnce such specimens by its nid as they liave never been able to do by auy other means, and in a much shorter time.

Amateurs and persons who have small gardens, and not mnch time to attend to them, but are anxions to exeel in the enlture of Fruit, Vegetables, or Flowering Plants, will find this Manne a great boon. Its application occupies wery little time, and it will bring unexampled erops of Frnits and Vegetables. Applied to Lawns or Grassplots, where the grass docs not thrive, it soon proluces a fine darkgreen sward.

THE GARDENERS' AND AMATEURS' FRIEND, No. 1, should be used for most kinds of Hard Wooded, Stove, and Greenhonse Plants, Roses, Fruit Trees, and Vegetables. Sold in Canisters, 1s., 2 s . Gd., 5 s . 6 d. ., 10s. Gd., and 21 s .

THE GARDENERS' AND AMATEURS' FRIEND, No. 2, is suitable for all kinds of Soft
 and 21s.

Prepared Cocoa-Fibra and Charcoal for Myacinth Glasses, Cilina Dowls, small jardincts, \&e., 2s. per peck, ©s. per bushel. Dircrions how to use the Preparation sent with each prercel.

Prepared Cocoa-Fible and Cmarcoal for large jardiuets, vases, fem cases, \&c., $1 s$. . $6 d$. per peek, 4s. Gd. per bushel. Directions how to use the Preparation sent with ench parcel.

Suitable Chareoal for placing at the bottom of jardincts, rases, plant cases, $\& \mathrm{c} ., 1 \mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{~d}$. per peek, 4s. Gd. per bushel.

Sifted Cocoa-Fibre, 3 s. $6 d$. per bushel. Common Cocon-Fibre, priee on application.
Nice green Carpet-moss for covering jardincts, \&c., in lots of $1 s ., 1 s .6 d ., 2 s .6 d ., 3 s$. . $6 d$, and $5 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{Gel}$. Peat, Leaf-mould, Sand, and Loam, separate or mixed, 3s. Gd. per bushel.

## The following Notes on the Cultivation of Bulbs have been extracted from our "Illustrated Floral Guide": <br> THE HYACINTH.

## time of planting tae Hyacintit.

This mnst, to a considerable extent, be regulated by ciremmstances. Nutnre las modoubtedly declared herself in favom of planting the Hyacinth in October and November; yet, without disputing her anthority, we would say to the lovers of this flower, make your first planting as near the 1st of Scptember as possible, and your last about the 31st of December.

After the early part of December, Hyacinthe intended to bloom in glasses of water would flower better if first grown in pots, where they may remain till nearly in bloom, when the soil should be carefully washed from the roots before being pluced in the glasses.

## Timl of Purchasing the Hyacintif.

This information is as important to the purchaser as ally we can give. The best Hyacinth roots arrive in London from the 20th of August to the 5th of September; orders should therefore be given for these as soon after that time as possible. If it be ineonvenient to plant thom immediately, they may be placed on a cool dry shelf till wauted.

## To suceesifllyy devalope Hyaontif Flowers.

Liglt and fresh air are the great essentials-the former gives colour to the flower, the latter imparts health and vigour to the plant. The Hyacinth should, therefore, when in growth, be placed in the lightest situation at counnand, and, if possible, have the benefit of the morning sun. It shonld never be kept in a close, hot room, and sndden changes of atmosphere, especially from heat to cold, should be sedulously guarded against.

## How to Cultyate the Ifyacintil in the sitting-hoom in frepared Cocoa-Fibre anid Charcoal.

"Our prepared Cocoa-fibre and Charcoal" is a much better medium for flowering bulbs in than cither water, sand, or moss, in all the elegant contrivances suggested for the adornmeut of the sittingroou and drawing-room.

We recommend its usc in Hyacinth glasses, fancy flower-pots, vases, jardinets, \&c., where the drainage is imperfect. The preparation is free from impurities, and possesses a gentle stiumlus; the bulbs root frecly into it, and produce fine spikes of bloom. Another important reconmendation our prepared cocoa-fibre and charcoal possesses is its retention of moisture for a long time. Unless in a very hot room, two or three good waterings will be sufficient from the time of planting till the bulbs are in bloom, so that the amateur is relieved from the daily anxiety lest his farourite group of forthcoming flowers should suffer from want of water.

Place at the botton of the jardiuet, \&c., a handful or so of rough charcoal, and fill up with the preparation; plant the Hyacinths thickly, associating with them Snowdrops, Scilla Sibirica, early-fowering T'ulips, Narcissus Bulbocodium, free-flowering Crocus, and, if the spacc will admit, a few Pompon Hyacinths; cover the bulhs with the preparation, aud neatly cover the surface with nice green carpet moss : the freshness of the moss will be prolonged by occasionally dampiug it with a wet sponge. Sprinkle the plants overhead with tepid water two or three times a week. For mice of our prepercel Cocou-filre and Charconl, see paye 8.

## How to Cultivate tur Hyacintii in Water.

The following hints are simple, but ample. Use clean rain-water, and let it just touch the base of the bulbs; for three or four weeks keep them in a dark, cool situation. Awoid all disturbance of the rootlots; therefore, never change the water while it remains swect. As a purifier, place a piece of charcoal in the glass. Never suffer dust to remain on any part of the plant, but remove it daily with a camel-hair brush and water.

## How to Coltivate the Ifyacheth sugcessfully in Moss,

At the bottom of the jardinct, \&c., lay a handful of charcoal, on which place clean moss, and firmly press it down; or this plant the bulbs, and cover them with nice green carpet moss. Water overhead, with tepid water, two or three times a-week, through a fine rose, till the plants are in bluom.

## How to Oultivate the Hyadinth in Pots.

This is hy far the most important method of cultivation. At any stage of growth, the Hyacinth cam be removed from its pot without injury, and arranged either in jardinets, flower-baskets, vases, trausferred to Hyacinth glasses, or planted in the open border. With a little management, the beauty and delightful fragrance of this wiuter and spring favourite may be enjoycd from the beginaing of Jannary to the end of April, cither in the sittingroom or conscrvatory.

A frec, porons soil is indispensable, aud one composed of equal parts of turfy loam, thorouglhy rotted cow-dung, and leaf soil, or, instead of the latter, our prepared cocoa-fibre and charcoal, adding abont oncoighth part of sharp sand, all of which should be well mixed before being used. This compost, however; cannot always he commauded; use instead any good, light soil, mixed with silver sand, and our prepared Cocoa-Fibre and Charcoal. For one bulb, nse a four or four and $a$-half inch pot; for three bulbs, a five and a-half inch pot will be sufficient. At the bottom of the pot place some pieces of potsherd or chavcoal, and ou this some rough pieces of turfy loam, to insure good drainage; then fill the pot with the prepared ${ }^{-}$ soil to within an ineh of the top, placing the bulb in the centre, or, if threc, at eqnal distances apart, pressing them bightly into the soil, and filling up, leaving only the crowns uncovered; moderately water, and place them anywhere out of doors, on coal ashes, or anything tbat will secure good drainage; then fill the spaces betwecu the pots with coal ashes, leaf soil, old tan, or common cococ-fibre, and with the same material cover the pots over two or three inches. In five or six weeks the pots will be full of roots, and may then be removed as required. If forced, let this be proceeded with gently and skilfully, or the result will he very inferior flowers.

## The succlesbul Cultivation of the Hyaonth out of Doors.

Well does the Hyacinth deserve the most prominent position both in flower beds and in borders-the delightful fragrance, imposing massivencss, exquisitc symmetry of its flowers, and perfect certainty of blooming, make it at onec the nost desirable of spring hedding plants.

If the soil be light or medium, it simply requires to be deeply dug and well worked; if heavy, besides deep digging and well working, the bulbs should be surrounded with sand; if wet, or subjcet to occasional floodings, drain the ground with a series of drains, three feet deep and ten feet apart, or raise the bed six inches above the general level. When manure is added, use thoroughly rotted cow-dung or leaf soil ; and for winter protection cocoa-fibre looks best.

In planting, the crown of the bulh should be four inches at least under the surface, and to produce a very effective display, the bulbs should be planted six inches apart.

## HYACINTHS.

uss The varictics thas* distinguished are single; their fower trusses are generally eharacterised by being large, compact, and handsome, composed of a multitnde of bells closely set on the stem, each bell having bit one circle of petals. These are the best adapted for forcing and for growing iu glasses, vases, and other indoor elegancics.

Those indicated thus $\dagger$ are double; the flower spikes are not generally so large and coupact as those of the single varieties; each bell consists of several circles of petals. These, with but very few exceptions, are neither suitable for forcing uor for growing in glasses.

PAXTONIAN CHEAP OUT-DOOR HYAOINTHS, IN DISTINCT COLOURS.
These moderately priced and execedingly handsome varieties of Hyacinths, eamot be too strongly recommended for the decoration of the Spring Flower Gardeu. In the systematic distribution of colours in bebs, mibions, hustic bageets on lawns, flower boike, vases, de., their benuty cannot be surphased.

5 In giving Order's the Marginal Numbers will be sufficient, but the date of the Catalogue must invariably be spccified, as the numbers arc anmually changed.
OUR OWN SELECTION OF THE FOLLOWING PAXTONIAN HYACINTHS:


RED IN SHADES.


96 *Lord Derby, satin rosc............. 4 . 6 . 99 *Scarlet Gem, bright scarlet ......... 46
BLUE IN SHADES.

WHITE IN SHADES.

107 †Empress Eugenie, white, rose cye. . 466110 *Purity, snow white .............. 46
108 Prince of Wales, white, shuded rose. 465111 †Sir Joseph Paxton, pure whilc .... 46 YELLOW IN SHADES.
112 *Canary, primrosc.................. 4 . 6 | 113 *Yellow Prince, fine yellow........ 4.6 PAXTONIAN CHEAP MIXED OUT-DOOR HYACINTHS.
Where an effective display alone is required in the flower gatden, apart altogether frow the systcmatic distribution of colours, the following fine mixed varicties of Hyaeinths aie highly recomuended.


## POMPON, OR MINIATURE HYACINTHS.

The Hyacinths we have emmerated under this headiug are dwarf in their growth, producing neat compact spikes of bloom, and may be grown in very small glasses, or small fancy pols; also in masses of from six to eightcen in old china, crystal dishes, jardinets, and any other clegant contrivance for the drawing-room ; they may also be associated with Scilla Sibirica, Crocus, Snowdrops, Tulips, Narcissus Bulbocodium, and oher bulbs. In such articles they will be found to suceced lest in "our P'cepared Cocoa Fibre and Charcoal," and the surface covered with niee green carpet moss, or Lycopodium denticulatum. fompon hyacinthe.-our own selection.

 126 Early Flowering Dwarf White Roman Hyacinths; these, if planted"carly in September; and gently forced, will be in bloom in November; they should be grown in groups of from 3 to 12 , in of to 7 inch pots ; 25s. per $100 ; 3 s .6 u$. per dosen.

RED IN SHADES.
Each.-s. ${ }^{\text {d. }}$


## NAMED HYACINTHS FOR GLASS OR POT OULTURE IN-DOORS.

 deregant contrivanons for the culture of the hyacinth; they are also the begt adapted YOR FORCING,
'The $\dagger$ denotes the double varlemes; thesis, with very few exceptlons, succeed best IN TILE OPEN GHOUND OR IN POTS, BUT CANNOT BL RLCOMMENDED FOR FORCING, OR FOR ANY ON the many aftificial modes of cultevating this favountre flower.
'Tile alost suitable vailefles for Exhmition purposes are markey" "Ex."
In confirmation of the opinion we have annmully expressed of the general superiority of sugle orev double Hyacinths, we may state that the fincst Hyacinths exhibited last Spring at both the Metropolitan and Provincial Flower Shows werc single; it is therefore onr practice, when the selection is left to us, and the bulbs are to be grown in glasses, jardinets, and the like, to send single varieties only, but if they are required for pot eulture, we send both single and double.
sfy In accordance with our annnal custom we have again rejected from our list several inferior kinds, and replaced them with varicties, the superior excellence of which has been established beyond donbt.

OUR OWN SELECTION OF IIYACINTHS FROM THE FOLLOWING SPLENDID COLLECTION
Embracing only such varieties aa wo know to be most worthy the attention of amateurs.


CARMINE, CRIMSON, SCARLET, PINK, AND DARK RED.

Each-s. $d$.
165 *Amy, scarlet, hatisome truss, ex... 0 y
166 *Appelius, light crimson, fine truss, ex.
$0 \quad 9$
167 *Belle Quirine, lright pinh, fine truss $0 \quad 6$
$168 \dagger$ Bouquet Tendre (Watcrloo), pink changing to deep red, moderate truss 008
169 *Circe, sulmon-pinh, striped carmine, large hundsome bells, fine truss, ex.
170 *Cosmos, rosy/pink, large bells, large compact truss, cx. . . . . . . . . ....
171 *Duchess of Richmond, salmon, striped piulc, very fine truss, ex..........
172 *Duchess of Sutherland, rich scarlet
173 * Eldorado, rich scarlet, large truss, Ex. . . . . . ......................... striped carmine, full truss, ex......
175 †Frederick the Great, semi-donble, bright pinh, fine fiull truss, ex.....
176 *Howard, rich scarlet, lenelsome truss, cx.

177 .Ignis, ${ }^{\circ}$ ght scarlet fune truss . . .
178 "Iolê, red, shaded purple, fiue truss.. 1 (i
179 *Jenny Lind, carmine, fine truss, ex. 09
180 †Koh-i-noor, bright salmon-pinh, large trass, model form, cx.............
181 * La Dame du Lac, rose-pinh, large compact truss, cx. ................ 0.9
182 La Prophćto, rose-pinh, striped carmine, handsome truss, cx .

26
183 *L'Ami du Cœur, bright pinh ...... 06
184 *L'Etincellant, bi ight crimson, large compact truss, cx. . . . . . . . . . . . . .
185 "Leto, carminc, large handsome truss, 16
186 "Lina, bright crimson, full truss, ex.. 36

187 *Lord Macaulay, carmine, edged rase, changing to vioid crimson-scarlet, larye compact trass, ex........... .
188 *Madlle Rachel, carmine, fine iruss,cx. 10
189 "Madame Ristori, pinh, slecded carmine, hundsome truss, ex ......... 20
190 *Maria Theresa, pinh, iarge truss, ex. 09
191 *Hars, bright pinh, neat compact truss 0
192 *Mons. de Fœsch, pinh, fine truss. . . 09
193 - Mr. Robert Stciger, rich carmine, large compuet truss, cx............ 10
194 *Mrs. Hodson, delicate pinh, fine truss $0 \quad 8$
195 *Nebo, pink striped, compact finc truss, ex ......................... 16
196 *Netherland's Glory, orange-scarlet . 00
197 Pelissier, crimson-scarlet, large truss, ex................................ 150
198 *Princess Charlotte, bcautiful rosepinh, larye compact truss, ex..... 20
199 Princess Clothildc, pinh, striped cotrmine, larye handsome truss, ex..... 40
$200 \dagger$ Princess Royal, rose-pinh, scarlet contre, large bells, compuct truss, cx. 10
201 *Prosper Alpina, brilliant scorlet, compact large truss, ex.
$2 \quad 6$
202 Queen Victoria, bright pinh, large handsome truss, cx. ...............
203 *Sir Henry Havelock, salmon-pinh, striped carmine, large fine truss, ex. ] 0
204 *Solfaterre, brillicunt scurlet, yellow centre, large compuct truss, ex.... 100
205 *Victoria Alexandrina, intense crimson, lurge handsome truss, ex...... 10
206 *Von Schiller, deep salmon pinh, large compact truss, ex

26

## ROSE AND BLUSH.

207 *Argo, delicate soft rose, fine largc truss, cx.

16
208 †Bouquet Royal, rose with pink eye, lony handsome truss, ex. .........
209 *Cavaignac, sulmon, stripedbright rose, lurge bells, immense truss, cx. ....

26
$210 \dagger$ Duke of Wellington, fine light rosc, large compact handsome truss, cx.. 1
211 *Emeline, rose, splendid truss, ex... 10

212 tGrootvorst, blush, large bells and compact truss, ex. ...............
213 *Gigantea, blush, small bells, very large compact truss, ex..........
$214 \dagger$ Jenny Lind, lively rose-pinh, red centre, lony compact truss, ex. ....
215 *Johanna Christina, blush, stiped with pink, large bell, good'truss.. 0
216 *La Fiancé Royal, rose, large compaet truss, ex. ..... 13
217 *L'Ornament de la Nature, delieate rose striped pinh, large truss, ex... ..... 16218 *Lord Wellington, blush striped light219 Madame Goldsmidt, salmon-rose,
catmine, larye bells, fine truss, ex.. ..... - 9220 Mrs. Beecher Stowe, decp rose-pink,lurge bells, large trass, ex. ......cx
striped pinh, large compact truss, cx. ..... 36
221 "Myrmidons, beautiful rose, fine truss,2016
22: +Noblc par Merite, flesh shaded pinh, large bells, compact truss, cx. .... ..... 36
AZURE, CELESTIAL, AND PORCELAIN BLUES.
$230 \dagger$ Bloxberg, bcuutiful clear porcclain, large bells, good truss, cx. . ...... . . ..... $0 \quad 0$231 *Canning, durh porceluin shoded, lurgebells and lurge trass, cx. . . . . . . .10
232 "Charles Dickens, darli porcelainsluaded lilae, large truss, cx.......233 +Comte de St. Priost, celestial blue,large bells. fine truss, cx. .........0616
234 "Couronne de Celle, nzure blue, largebells, large truss, ex.16
235 *Emicus, decp bluc, whitc centre.... ..... ) 6
236 *Emilius, light porcelain ..... 06
237 tEnvoyé, delicate porcelain, finefruss .... ......................
238 *Grand Lilas, beautiful silvery-lilac,large compact truss, cx........... 1008239 *Grand Vainqueur, pretty porceluinlilue, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .10
240 *Grand Vedette, azure blue, shoded lilue, large bells, fine truss, cx.....241 *Hemcra, beautifial celestial blue,compact fine truss, cx. . . . . . . . . .10MAUVE, PURPLE,
254 *Anna Bolena, rich pirple, large truss ..... 10
255 *Argus, darh violet-blac, elear white eye, large bells, large truss, ex. .... ..... 2 0
250 "Baron van Tuyll, rich purple, large
eompaet truss, ex. ..... $0 \quad 8$larye truss, ex. .....................
258 Erebus, ghoming purplelargetruss, ex.
257 * Blue Morsque, purple lilae, compact ..... 06
259 Fernch Khan, glittering purple, large ..... 10
trass, ex. ............................. ..... 76
260 tGarrick, lark lavender shaded puce, eompaet hundsome truss, ex. . . . . . . ..... 2 0
261 Goneral Havelock, riclt glittering
pnrple, very large truss, ex. ......
262 -General Lauriston, decp blue, white ..... 6eentre, fine truss, cx.
263 "Hyperion, purple-lilac, compact fine truss ..... $0 \quad 9$
264 King of Siam, bluch, neat.truss .. ... ..... 10
265 *L'Amie du Cœur, violet-blue ..... 06
PURE WEITE.
277 Alba Maxima, large bells, thiek splendid truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . . . . ..... 20278 * Alba Superbissima, large compucthandsome truss, cx.
279 *Blanchard, fine compact trizs..... ..... 10
280 1Bouquet Royal, lony compact truss, ex. ..... - 8 ..... 20
281 Crown Princess of the Netherlands,lurge compate handsome truss, ex..
282 tDon Gratuit, lurge bells, good truss.
283 "Grand Vainqueur, fine compact truss
284 * ", Vedette, lurge bells, handsometruss, cx.$\begin{array}{ll}1 & 0 \\ 0 & 8\end{array}$080800
242 +I'Important, bright porceluin, fine

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

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bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

bells, large trass, ex. ............. 3 (

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan

248 †Lord Wellington, delicate porcelan .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 0 0

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue.

244 †Muxillo, dvep porcelain shaded lilue. .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  .....  ..... 10

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome

245 *Nectar, fine lilac, compaet hundsome   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx.   truss, cx. .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex..

246 *Nimrod, clear blue, larye truss, ex.. .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge

247 "Orondates, fine porcelain blue, lurge   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$.   bells, compuct lurge truss, $\mathrm{cx} . . .$. .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted

248 *Porcelain Sceptre, poreelain shuted   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . .   lilac, large bells, good truss . . . . . .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08 .....  .....  ..... 08

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,

249 Regulus, light porcchin shaded lilae,   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ .   large bell.s, large truss, ex........ . .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$ .....  .....  ..... $0 \quad 9$

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark

250 †Rembrandt, poreclain like, dark   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . .   centre, large bells, fiue trass, ex. . . .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$ .....  .....  ..... $: 0$

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large

251 "Remus, beautiful porceluin, large   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... ..................   fine truss, ex... .................. .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10 .....  .....  ..... 10

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded

252 Telemachus, deep poreclain shaded  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . .  liluc, lurge truss, ex. . . . . . . . . . . . .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10 .....  ..... 10
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36
253 †Van Speyk, liluc, lurge truss, ex. .. 36 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0 ..... 0
LILAC, BLACK, \&c.
266 *'Uniquo, purple-mauve, very dis. tinet, yood truss................. ..... $0 \quad 8$
267 †Laurens Koster, rich purplisll-blue, long compact truss, cx. ........... ..... 16
268 tLouis Philippe, durk blae shaded lilae, fine compact truss, cx. . . . . . ..... 30
269 *Madame Koster, rich purple, large thich truss, ex. ..... 00
270 *Mimosa, skining purple, compact hundsome truss, cx. . . . . . . . . . . . .271 Prince Albert, deep glittering purple,large compact truss, ex.$0 \quad 0$
272 Princo of Saxe Weimar, rich parple Ulue, long compact truss, ex. ..... 08
273 *Robinson, parplish lifac, fine truss.. ..... 0 !
274 *Sancus, rich glittering purple, large handsome truss, cx. ..... 16
275 *Uncle Tom, rich purple, Wlaeh centre ..... 10
276 *William the First, fine glowing per- ple, long handsome trasis, cx. ..... O 9
285 +Grootvorstin, large compant truss .. ..... 2 ी
286 * La Candeur, fine close truss ......
287 tLa Deesse, moderate bells, finc truss. ..... 08
288 †La Tour d'Auvergne, lurge bells, larye luadsome truss, ex ........ ..... $0 \quad 9$
289 Ma Vestale, lity while, splendid lurge
handsonc truss, cx. ..... 1 ()
290 *Madame Talleyrand, fine trass ..... 0 )
291 * Madame Van der Hoop, large bells,
large compact truss, ex.
large compact truss, ex. ..... 6 ..... 6
292 Mirandolina, larye fine trass ..... 3

Lath-s. $d$.
223 Norma, satin rose, handsome truss,
$0 \quad 9$
224 †Regina Victoria, salmon-rose, large ..... 10
225 tSnsanna Maria, bright rose-pinh, fine bells, large compuet truss, cx. .... 50226 *Sultan's Favourite, delicate rose,0227 *Tubiflora, blusil striped pink, immense$0 \quad 9$228 *Unioo Spectabilis, rose, fine compaet010
229 truss, cx. ................ ..... 10
0
229 *Vesta, soft rose, fine truss



## POLYANTLUS NARCISSUS.

Thesc are casily cultivated, delicionsly fragrant, and associata almirably with the Hyacinth for in-door decoration in winter and early spring. They arc also excecdingly effective in beds, ribbous, or masses, in the spring and flower garden.

Coliture In-Doons is simitar to that recommended for the Ifyncinth. The bulbs being large, we recommend one for a five-inch, threc for a six-inch, and six for meight-inch pot.

Culume out of Dooms is caractly the same as that of the liyacinth, cxcept that the crown of the bubb shouk be five inches at least under the surface.

Time of planting and purchasing is the same as that recommended for the Hyacinth.
PAXTONIAN (OUT-DOOR) POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS.
splendid valrieties for oot-door ccitury in beds, ribnons, mustic baskets, hlower boxeo, de.


343 Fine Mrined Varictics:-Per do\%. 3/; per 100, 21/.
POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS, BEST FOR POT CULTURE. OTR OWN SELFUTION.
$349 \quad 36$ in 18 splendid varicties
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { s. } & d . \\ 13 & 6 \\ 8 & 6\end{array}$
30118 in 18 splendid varicties .
${ }_{7}{ }^{7} \quad \begin{gathered}d \\ 6\end{gathered}$
35024 in 12 ditto ditto
352 12 in 12 ditto ditto
46
The Paper White and Double Roman Narcissus are for early fowering; they shouk therefoto le potted very carly, ind, if possible, bloomed before Clristmas.

| Each-s. d. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 354 | Bazelman Major, white, yellow cup. | 0 | 6 |  | . | 0 | 4 |
| 355 | General Windham, white, yellow cup | 0 | 6 | 365 | Queen of the Netherlands, white, |  |  |
| 356 | Gloriosa, white, oranye cup, cxtra.. | 0 | 4 |  | decp ycllow cup, extra | 0 | 6 |
| 357 | Grand Monarque, white, yellow cup. |  | 4 | 366 | Roman, double white (True), very |  |  |
| 358 | Primo, white, citron cup, extra | 0 | 4 |  | early, 3s. per dozen | 0 | 4 |
| 359 | Soleil d'0r, yellow, orange cup | 0 | 4 | 367 | Staten General, white, yellow cup | 0 |  |
| 360 | Grootvorst, white, orange cup, fine. . | 0 | 4 | 368 | Sir Isaac Newton, pure yellow | 0 | 8 |
| 361 | Lord Canning, primrose, yellow cup. | 0 | 4 | 369 | Sulpherine, sulphur yellow fine |  | 6 |
| 362 | Louis lo Grand, white, primrose cup | 0 | 6 | 370 | White Pearl, pure white, fiue | 0 | 6 |
| 363 | Perle d'Amour, pure whitc, fine.... | 0 | 6 | 371 | Yellow Primo,yclow, oranye e p , fine | 0 | 6 |

## GARDEN NARCISSUS.

Exceedingly effective and very cheap desirable spring flowering bulbs. They succeed in almost any soil, and when planted in marginal lines, or grouped in shrubberies and woodland walks, they are very slowy. N. Bubocodium and N. Nanus make pretty edgings and beautiful pot plants. Three to six in a pot.

## OUR OWN SELECTION,



## JONQUII, NARCISSUS.

These are gracefirl and pretty, and are much prized for their fragrancc. They are valuable for the decoration of the conservatory, silting-room, and flower garden, and require the same cultural treatment as Polyanthns Narcissus, except that three or fonr roots should be planted in a fonr or five-ineh, and five or six in a six-inch pot, and should not be forced till the turn of the year.


## TIE TULIP.

## EARLY TULIPS.

For Winter and Spring gardening, Early Flowering Tulips, double and single, are indispensable, and whether grown in pots, ornamental vases, jardinets, de., for in-door decoration; in flower boxes, rustic vases, or in the open ground, their lurilliant and diversitied colours produce a pleasing and striking effect. Their extreme hardiness, certainty of blooming, and the absence of all difficulty in their eultivation, distinctly catitle them to a preference in the choiec of occupants for the Spring flower garden, while their cheapness enables every lover of a flower garden to plant them extensively.

Those who may only have small shaded town gardens need not be afraid to plant Tulips frecly; we can assure them that they suceced well even in sucli positions, and remain longer in bloom than if grown in situations where they wonld be exposel to the influence of the sun.

## EARLY SINGLE TULIPS.

No Tulips display so great a variety of delieate, striking, and attractive coloms as thesc.
Culaturn in Pots is the same as recommended for the Hyacinth; but to produce an effeclive display three bulbs shonld be planted in a four or five-inch, and five in a six-inch pot. They should be grown close to the glass, and during finc days lave abundance of air. Those intended for early blooming should be gently forced as soon as the shoot appears.

Cuiture out of Doors is precisely that of the Myacintl, planting the bulbs four to six inches apart, and kceping the crown of the bulb three inches under the surface; during severe weather protect vith a thin coating of litter or oocon fibre.

Time of leanting for out-boor Degoration, -The early part of November, or as soon after as conrenient. We have planted the Tolip as late as Jannary, and have liad a splendid display.

## THE PAXTONIAN OUT-DOOR EARLY SINQLE TULIPS

For out-door curture in beds, gmours, ribhons, rustic baskets, vases, flower boxfs, etc. OUR OWN SELECTION.
s. $d$.

The following splendid varieties ave cheup and beautiful.

| 398 | 10 each of 20 of the following splendid varictics . . . . . . . . 250 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 399 | 5 |


401 Very"finc mixed, per $1,00070 \mathrm{~s} ., 7 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d}$. per $100,1 \mathrm{~s}$. per dozen.

Per 100. Per doz.
s. d. s. d.

402 Bizard Verdikt, earmine, gold
striped ..................... 10 6..1 6
403 Canary Bird, beautiful ycllow 12 6..2 0
404 Couleur Ponceau, rich eerise 10 6..1 6
405 Comte de Mirabeau, white.: $126 . .20$
406 Duc d'Orange, bronze red, feathered with orange ..... 106.16 407 Duc Van Thol, red and yellow 4 6. $0 \quad 8$ $408 \quad$, b/ush rose ... 10 6..1 6 409 " brilliant scarlet 20 0.. 30 410 ," bright yellow . $150 . .20$ 411 Duchesse de Parma, orange crimson, margincd ychow... 12 6..2 0 412 Francisus Primns, lemon bor dered, eriuson ........... 15 0..2 0
413 Golden Prince, goldeu yelow 10 6..1 6
414 Goliatt, bronze and yellow... $106 . .16$
415 Keizerskroon, crimson-scarlet, broadly edged with bright yellow, very handsome .... 21 0..3 0
416 La Belle Alliance (Watcrloo) brilliant crimson scarlet .. 210030 417 Lac Van Rheim, rose-violetcrimson, broadly margined with white ..............
$12 \quad 6.20$
418 La Cøur de France, bright yellow, flaked bright erimson 18 0... 6 419 Na Plus Áimablo, red, striped orange.

Per 100. Ferdoz.
s. d. s. d.

420 Paragon Guildebloom, white, fcathered and striped rose lake.
$18 \quad 0.26$
421 Pax Alba, white .......... 18 0.. 26
422 Pottebakker White, pure white, bold flower . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20 0.. 30 423 ,, Yellow, bright canary yellow............ .. .. 30 424 Red........... . . . . 30 425 Prince de Ligne, golden yellow ..................... 12 6.. 20
426 Pure d'Or, yellow and red .. 10 6..I 6
427 Queen Victoria, rosy-white .. $12 \quad 6 . .20$
428 Samson Crimson, scarlet, yellow striped ................... 12 6.. 2
429 Silver Standard, scarlet, striped with pure uhite.. 12 6..2 0 430 Souvenir, yellow and erimson . 10 6..I 6 431 Thomas Moore, buff orange, very distinet ............. 10 6..1 6 432 Violet Blanche, white, spotted rose ...................... 12 6.. 20 433 Wapen Van Leyden, white and rose................. 10 6.. 16 434 White and Rose Bordered, white, edyed rose ......... 10 6..1 6 435 Yellow and Red of Leyden, orange crimson, edyed yellow 10 6..1 6 436 Yollow Prince, pure yellow... $10 \quad 6 . .16$

For additional varieties see next section.
437 GESNERIANA TULIP, OR TOLIPA SINENSIS HORTENSIS.
This species has an immense crimson-scarlet cup, with a large blue centre, and is without exception the showiest of all Tulips. When planted in lines or groups in tront of shmbs the effect produced by its rich colour is dazzling. $7 s .6 d$. per $100,1 s$. per dozen.

EARLY SINGLE TULIPS.
The following are specially adapted for in-door culture, either in pots or jardinets, and for very select beds in the flower garden. Amateurs desirous of laving a named colleetion of Early Tulips would do well to purchase one each of this splendid assortment, and also those ennmerated above. The entire collection, 30s.

OUR OWN SELECTION.
438100 in 50 splendid varieties.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { s. } & d . \\ 25 & 0\end{array}$
439100 in 40 ditto $\quad . \quad .210^{2} \quad 44225$ in $25 \quad$ ditto $\quad . \quad . \quad 5 \quad 6$
440100 in 30 ditto . . . 17 6 44315 in 12 ditto . . . 30
444 Splendid mixed, per $1,000,100 \mathrm{~s} . ; 10 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d}$. per $100,1 \mathrm{~s}$. Grl. per dozen.

Perdoz.-s. $d_{\text {. }}$
445 Abbesse de St. Denis, dekicate primrose, feathered rich cerise........ 20
446 Alba Regalis, creauny white........ 26
447 Alida, white, fue . . ................. 2
448 " Maria, white striped cerise... $3 \quad 6$
449 Aimable Rouge, red ................. 20
450 Arms of Leyden, white and rose .... 26
451 Archduko d'Autrichienue, red, margined yellovo . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
452 Ardemus, crimson, edged ycllow. . . . .
453 Artus, red-broven. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
454 Beauté Parfaite, carmine striped white 455 Belle Laura, violet erimson and white 456 ,, Lisette, whitc, striped rose.... 457 Bride of Haarlem, scarlet and white. 458 Brutus, bronze-crimson and yellow

459 Caiman, violet edged white ......... 3
460 Cardinal, carmine red .............. 2
461 " Gold,scarlet.featheredgolden
yellow.
462 Cerise d'Espagne, white, shaded cerise 30
463 ," de France, white striped crimson 36
464 Claremont, rose striped............. . . 46
465 , $\quad$ gold striped. . . . . . . . . . . . 50
466 Cœur de Brabant, fine ............. 20
467 Coleur Cardinal, crimson searlet .... 30
468 Comte de Mirabeau, white . ........ 20
469 Couronne Pourpre, velvety crimson .. $2 \quad 0$
470 Commandant, erimson, edged gold .. 20
471 Cramoisi Royal, eherry striped white 26
472 Dorothea Blanche, white, striped 30


489 Karia de Medicis, prinurose, feathercd deep cerise

36
490 Moliêre, fine light purple ............ ${ }^{4}$. 0
491 Ostaide, white, streahed lilac ....... . 0
492 Reine de Corise, eerise, striped white 26
403 Rembrandt, scarlet .................
494 Rob Roy, bronze icrimson . . . . . . . . . . . 26
495 Rosa Mundi, white, edyed rose....... 1 G
496 Rose Grisdeline, rose tinged white .. 30
497 ," Luisante, beautiful rose ...... 36
498 ", Tendre, white, striped crimson . 26
499 Sunbeam, bright scarlet . . . . . . . . . . . 3
500 Trianon, crimson edged, vivid orange 30
501 Van der Nicer, rich viotet, large and handsome
$9 \quad 0$
502 Vernilion Brilliant, duzzling vermilion scartet

60
For additional varieties, sce Paxtonion Sootion, page 15.

## EARLY DOUBLE TULIPS.

The leading features in these arc their massive forms, brilliant, diversified, and beattiful colours;
 Celtuite in Pots, and other elegant contrivances to adom the drawing-room and conservatory, is the same in every respect as for the Early Single Tulip; the best for snch being indicated with a *.
our ofn selection.

503100 in 25 spiendid rarietics
504100 in 20

Per 100. Perdoz.
s. d. s. d.

511 *Admiral Kingsbergen, golden ychlow, striped scarlet ..... 10 6..1 6 purple, border white ....... 10 6.. 1 6 ", " Rougo, reil, with
.20
15 Bleu Celeste, purple-violet.. 15 0..2 0
516 *Couronne de Roses, ccrise .. 15 G.. 26
517 * ", de Pourpre, rieh erimson 10 6. 16
518 Couronne Imperiale, violeterimson, margined white .. 18 0..2 6
519 Duko of York, bronze-crimson, margined silvery while. 15 0..2 0 Duc Yan Thol, yellow \&e red, or 9 carly, 35/per 1000 scarlet, edqed with yellow.. all Grand Alexander, yellow, Helianthus, crimson, gekel edged. . . . . . . . . ........... - .. 30

525 *Hercules, white and scarlet .
526 *Imperator Rubrorum, rieh crimson-scarlet.......... -... 46 son and yellow 1

## LATE-FLOWERING SINGLE TULIPG.

This Tulip is, perhaps, the most generally known. It grows taller than the early varieties, and blooms in May. A mateurs cultivate it for the individual beanty of the flower, but it is also very effective in beds and groups in the borders, and it is very cheap.

Per 10n. Per doz.
548 Mixed Bizarres, yellow ground, striped crimson, purple or white 10 6..1 6 Bybloemens, white ground,
striped black, hilac, or purple. $106 . .16$

507 25 in 12 splendid rarieties . . . 40
508 12 in 12 , $\quad, \quad$. . 2 6
509 Superfine mixed, 12s. "6r. per $100 ; 2 \mathrm{~s}$. per cloz.
510 Finc mixed . 7s. Gd.
Per 100. I'er doz.

529 *La Fidelo, red striped...... 10 G..1 6
530 * Mariage de ma Fille, pure whitc, striped ecrise ....... 18 0.. 0
531 Nosor, orange red........... 76.10
532 Ophir d'Or, yellow. .......... 10 6..1 6
533 *Overwinnaar, white, striped rose-violet .................... 18 0.. 26
534 Pæony Gold, golden yellow, feathcred crimson.......... 12 6..2 0
535 Pæony Rose, rose-crimson, slightly streaked with yellow 12 6..2 0
536 Prince de Galitzin, yellow, striped $\mathcal{4}$ feathered crimson 1:3 6..9 0
537 *PurpleCrown,velvety-crimson 7 6..1 0
538 "Regina Rubrorum, crimson, fuethered with primrose.... 21 0..3 0
539 Iex Rubrorum, bright erim-son-scarlet.................. 15 0.. 20
540 Rhinoceros, violet. . . . . . . . . - . . 3 0
641 Rose Eclatante, erimson.... $7 \quad 6 . .10$
542 *Rose Sublime, rose and white - ..3 6
543 Rosine, rose-pink ................. 2 6
544 Tournesol, searlet and yellow lis $0 . .20$
545 Tournesol Yellow, ycllow, flusherl with red-orange....
546 *Velvet Gem, crimson, edged uith ycllow................. - ... 40
547 *Yellow Rose, ieautiful yellow 7 6... 1
$\qquad$
550 Mixed Roses, white ground, striped crimson, piah, or scarlet..... 106.116
551 All colours, mixed, very fme.... $76 . .10$ 552

## PARROT TULIPS.

The Parrot Tulip has a singularly pieturesque appearance; the flowers are large and the colours brilliant, so that when planted in flower borders, and the front of shrubberies, they produce a most striking cffect. Wheu grown in hanging baskets, and so arranged as to canse their large gay flowers to droop over the side, the effeet is remarkable and unique.


## CROCUS.

For in-door decoration the Crocus properly managed is very nseful, and for the flower garden, shrubbery borders, flower boxes, rustic vases, de., indispensable. When used as au edging to beds two or three lines decp, or to form broad marginal lines in distinet colours, or in various colours blended, the effcet is remarkahly fine, while the carly period at which they bloom adds greatly to their value. We have seen long broad bands of golden yellow, of pure white, and of decp purple Crocus, also faney designs, and gromps and masses containing from 10 to 1,000 hulbs, expand with such effect in the mid-day sun, as to elicit the greatest admiration. The hulbs being so exceedingly cheap it is surprising they are not more cxtensively used for permanent cdgings in flower gardeus, shrubberics, and in lawns aud pleasure parks where the grass has uot to be mown very early.

Colture In-Doons.-It is absolutely necessary to ensure success that they are well supplied with water, kept close to the glass, and have abuidance of firesh air.

Culture in the Open Ground.-They may be grown in almost any soil and sitnation. Plant three inches deep, and not more than two inclies apart. The deprechations of mice on the Crocus may be prevented by placing picees of the Crown Imperial bulb near where the roots are planted.

CHEAP DUTOH CROCUS.


## NEW SEEDLING DUTOH CROCUS

The rarietics which constitnte the following section are characterised for their large flowers, rich and beautiful colours, and should be planted wherever conspienous masses are required, and as edgings for select beds, "re. They are also the proper sort for in-door culture.


## BULBOCODIUM.

602 Vornum, a charming carly spring flower, best known as the Red Croctus; it blooms a fortnight before the Crocus, and, like it, may be cultivated in-doors. Purple red, per 100, 10s. 6d., per doz. 1 s .6 d .

## SNOWDROP.

The effect of the Snowdrop is very greatly enbanced by planting thickly either in lines three to six bulbs deep, or in large masses, in situations where they can remain undisturbed for years; the best positions being elose to the edges of beds, flower and shrubbery borders, and on grass lawns. In the latter place they can be planted by simply making holes in the turf five inehes deep with a dibber, dropping in two inches of fresh soil, then three bulbs, and filling up with soil, keeping the holes about three inehes apart. They may also be planted in lines, figures, or any other way which faney may dictate; but to be at all effective for the first fow years after planting, the bulbs must be put in thickly, and to this the price can be no impediment.


607 Crimean Snow"drop, each, 1 s.

## WINTER ACONITE.

A charming little plant with golden blossoms, which expand simultaneously with the Snowdrop. 608 Winter Aconite, golden yellow, $6 d$. per dozen, $3 s .6 d$. per 100, $30 s$. per 1000.

## IRIS.

The flowers of these are exceedingly beautiful, and their colours rich and varied. When planted in masses in the flower and shrubbery borders, or amongst beds of American plants, dc., they arc extremely effective. When planting, surround the bulbs with sand, and aroid wet situations.

Time of Planting and Purchasing, the same as that recommended for the Hyacintb.

## PAXTONIAN CHEAP ENGLISH IRIS, FOR BEDDING, MASSING, OR CLUMPING.

These have been selected for producing en masse a striking combination of rich and effective colours.


## NEW ENGLISH IRIS.

Those embraced in the collections offered under this head include the newest and most beantiful varieties of this splendid section. The names and descriptions will be found in former cditions of this catalogue.


The flowers of this seetion, though smaller than the English varieties, are not the less interesting and pretty, and as they are in bloom about a fortnight earlier, and possess a perfectly distinct character, they eonstitute a valuable link in the succession between spring and summer flowers.

Esw The varicties which constitute the following collections are the newest and best in cultivation. The names and descriptions, will be found in former editions of this eatalogue.


## IRIS GERMANICA (Herbaceous Evergrefn Perennials).

These have large handsome flowers, beautifully striped with dark violet-purple, or bronze upon a lighter ground. They are valuable plants for shrubbery borders, where they may remain nudisturbed for years; and they succeed well in town gardens. The roots ready to sead out in November.


## VARIOUS IRIS.

The following species are so remarkably beantiful, that we specially reeommend them. Pavonia and Persica are valuable for pot eulture : plant three roots in a five-inch pot, and place them in a cold frame. Pumila, Susiana, and Reticulata will be ready to send out in Novenber.
637 Pavonia Major, pure white, each petal blotched with bright blue, beautiful ................. $\boldsymbol{2}^{2}$
638 Persica, white, blue, purple, and yellow, a fine pot plant for carly forcing, fragrant as a violet; in bloom out of doors in April


#### Abstract

639 Pumila Cœrulea, rich bhue, very dwarf 8. d.

640 ". Atrocorulea, deep blue, very duarf. 10 641 Reticnlata fiue bue 10 41 R 642 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, very distinet and handeome. . ", $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 6 \\ 0 & 9\end{array}$


## THE GLADIOLI

This grand Genus may be divided into two really important sections-Summer and Autnmn bloonsing : Ramosus and its scedlings flowering in July and August; Gandavensis and its seedlings blooming in Angust, Scptember, and October. As a cut flower for filling vases, de., the Gladiohus is unsurpassed; a flower-spike ent as it is eoming into blossom will continne to develope its flowers in water, and last is long as if it hat not been cut.

## EARLY-FLOWERING GLADIOLI VARIETIES OF RAMOSUS.

Culture out of Doons.-Plant for suceession in December, Jannary, February, and March. Should the soil be well drained, it will simply require decp digging and well working, alding as the work proceeds plenty of thoroughly rotted manure; shonld it be wet, or of an adhesive character, besides decp digging and well working it must be thoroughly drained. Plant the bulbs four inches deep, and, if grown in elumps, six inches apart; but if grown in beds or lines, they ought to he planted six inelies apart in the lines, ind the lines eighteen inches asunder. The first plantings should be protected by a few inches of stable litter, or, where it can be obtained, cocoa-fibre, which is the eleanost and best artielc for this purpose. If these are required for in-door decoration, the bulbs may be grown in the reserve garden, and wben coming into bloom lifted, potted, and placed in the greenhouse or conservatory. So treated tbey will bloom as well as if they lad been grown in pots.

Tima of Puncmasing the Vahmeties of Ramoses.-The roots arrive from Holland the latter part of October, and as soon after that time as possible they should be procured, and kept in a dry place.

THE PAXTONIAN SECTION OF EARLY-FLOWERING GLADIOLI,
For bedding, massing, de., consists of cheap free-flowering sorts, with rich and strikingly bcantiful colours, sueb as wonld be conepicious in eentres of large beds, flower borthers, amongst Rlododendrons, Azaleas, de. our own selmotion, ready to send out end or october.

| 643 | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

651 Fine mixed Secdlings of Ramosus
652 Splendid mixed Seedlings of ditto
653 Jheantiful mixed Scedlings from Guemsey
647500 in 15 splendid varieties
£ $s . d$.

| 648 | 250 | ditto | ditto |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 649 | 100 | ditto | ditto |
| 650 | 15 | ditto | ditto |

$12 s .6 d$. per 100 . $2 s .0 \dot{d}$.
$21 s .0 d$.
2s. 0d. pei dozen.
21s.0d. " . . 3s. 0 d .
3s.0d. ",

654 Abd-el-Kader, orange, flaked white .. 55
655 Anna Paulowna, white, blotched violet 56
656 Baviana, orange, fiethered violet... 26
657 Cardinalis, bright scarlet, flaked white
658 roseus, rose, flaked white.
659 Colvillii, purplish lilac... 7/per 100.
660 Diebitsch, cerise, spotted white .....
661 Duchess of Orleans, red and white...
662 Elegantissimus, fine rose, spotted.
663 Elfrida, fiuc
664 Emicans, orunge searlet, feathered ..
665 Formosissinus, scarlet, flaked white.
666 Floribundus, white and blush, streaked purple-erimson, 12/6per 100

Maximus, white, with viole" feathet, large flower ...... 668 Insignis, rich scarlet, linged purple.
669 L Villo, rose-lake, white and criuson.

Perdoz-s. $d$.

## 670 Lindleyana, bright orange, feathered

 vhite56

## 671 Lord Anckland, cerise, flaked white. <br> 672 ," Peel, red-lilac, feathered white . <br> 673 Magnificus, deep red. <br> 36 <br> -

674 Multiflorue, rose, stained purple ..... 56
675 Ne Plns Ultra, deep red, large white flake, edged with scarlet . . . . . . . .
676 Orange Bovon, vermilion, flaked white
677 Prince Albert, Lright rose, Alaked white

46 ueen Victoria, bright scarlet, flaked white . . . . . . . . . . . . $12 / 6$ per 100
679 Ramosus, bright salmon-rose, flaked white . . . . . . . . . . . . 12/6 per 100 680 Rosea maculata, rose, floked white .. 681 Zenobia, bright earmine46 46 6

## AUTUMN-FLOWERING GLADIOLI VARIETIES OF GANDAVENSIS.

## Ready to send ou early in December.

The varieties cummerated under this heading are stately in growth, producing long spikes of the most beantiful fowers; these are alike remarkable for their richucss and diversity of colouse, ranging from white to rose, from rose to deep crimson, and from crimson to bright orange, flame, and searlet. For distant effeet, in beds or large masses, they are unsurpassed by any flower; white at the same time their beanty will admit of the closest inspeetion. Planted in the intervening spaees aunongst evergreens, in lines fronting shrubs, in masses, alternated with roses, or in Rhododendron and Azalea beds, the effect they will there prodnce in autumn cannot be surpassed, standing as they co conspienonsly prominent when most other plants have ceased to be effective. The two best searlet varicties are Bowiensis and Brenchleyensis, and they may be land in bloom from the lst of August to the middle of January, so that wherc cut flowers are in demand during November and December, these Gladioli will be fonnd the best and cheapest auxibaries for furnishing such. When grown for this objeet, viz., to sceure a supply of eut flowers, they should be planted in May and June, in a reserved picce of ground.

Commence planting carly in March, and continme doing so at interyals till the middle of Junc. When cold weather sets in, the late plantings which have not bloomed should be lifted with balls, potted or put into boxes, and stood in a cool honse, wherc they will bloom freely. The Gladioli require a deep, rich, well-drained soil, and liberal soakings of water during dry weather.


## NEWER VARIETIES OF THE AUTUMN FLOWERING GLADIOLI.-Gandavensis Soction.

 OUR OWN SELECTION.These may be had in bloom from August to January.
75350 in 50 splendid varicties, 63 s . to $105 s$. 75425 in $25 \quad, \quad 30$ s. to $50 s$.
757 Adrien de Merinville, ose-carmine I 0
758 Anatole Levanneur, brilliant red.... 10
759 Achille, currant red, stained white. 16
760 Belle Gabrielle, rose-lilac, striped with bright rose, flowers large....
761 Berthe kabourdin, pure white, exquisitely marked with rosy-carmine
762 Calypso, rose, striped carmine ....
763 Cardinal, vivid red
764 Ceres, pure white, blotchcd rosy-violet

765 Charles Dickens, delicatc rose, striped carmine

75512 in 12 splendil varietics, 21 s , to 36 s . 75612 in 12

Each-s. $\boldsymbol{a}$.
766 Clemence, delicate satiu rose, latgely blotched with brillianl carmine.... 10
767 Comte de Morny, bright red, primrose stained violet

16
768 Cuvier, amaramile flamed with purple 16
769 Decandole, bright cerise, spolted and sluiped vivid rose-earmine. .......

36
770 Diane, delicatc carnation, carminc spots on a white ground.

16
771 Doctor Lindley, delicate rose, edge of petals striped derp carmine ...... 36
772 Duc de Malakoff, interse orangescarlet, shaded yellou. . . . . . . . . . .

16

| 773 | Eldorada, pure ycllow stained red ... ${ }_{\text {Eachos }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 774 | Erato, delirute rose, striped carmine. |  |  |
| 775 | Flore, white, sladed rose-lilac, and stained rose, very large flowers ... | 3 | 6 |
| 776 | Florian, cherry rose, spotted violet and white $\qquad$ |  |  |
| 777 | Hébé, carnation, striped carmi |  |  |
| 778 |  |  |  |
| 779 | Isoline, carnation, blotc |  | 0 |
| 730 | James Watt, hrilliant oermilion, large white spots striped rose, flowers large | 3 | 0 |
| 781 | James Cartcr, red orange, spotted white . . | 3 | 0 |
| 2 |  | 3 | 0 |
| 783 |  | 3 | 6 |
| 784 | Jnnon, white str | 3 | 0 |
| 785 | L'Ornament de Parterres, white sladed rose, celges strongly marked, cherry and carmine. ................ | 3 |  |
| 788 | La Quint |  | 6 |
| 787 | Lelia, peac | 1 | 0 |
| 88 | Le Poussin, light red, under stained with large whito blvtec | 2 | 0 |
| 89 | Le Dinte, fine r | 3 | 6 |
| 790 | Le Titien, clear brilliant red, beautifully formed fower, long spihe.... | 3 | 6 |
| 791 | Leonard di Vinci, rose-violet, striped rose-carmine. | 3 |  |
| 792 | Linne, ora | 2 |  |
| 793 | Lord Granville, yellow, red striped. | 1 |  |
| 794 | Lord Raglan, salmon-rose, spotted with vermilion, flowers very large .. | 1 | 0 |
| 795 | Mme. Adèle Souchet, white, shaded rose | 2 |  |
| 756 | Mme. Basseville, cherry-rose and purple...................... | 2 |  |
| \%97 | ," Binder', pure | 1 | 3 |
| 798 | ", Furtado, rose, spolted carmine | 1 |  |
| 799 | de Vatry, white shadel, blotched with carmine. . $\qquad$ | 1 | 6 |
| 890 | Lésèble, pure white, blotched pose-violct |  |  |
| 801 | Periere, pure white, spotted violdt |  |  |
| 892 | Souchet, delicute flesh, spotted decp rose $\qquad$ |  |  |

th: the prices of the New and more expensive Vorieties of Gladioli are not yet fixed, this portion of the list will be printed in our Seed Catalogue, 1st January.

## COMMON GLADIOLI FOR SHRUBBERIES AND WOODLAND WALKS,



## IXIAS, SPARANIS, TRITONIAS, AND BABIANAS.

under ghass they hlower in march and aprll, out of doozs in may and june.
Tumse are anongst the most graceful, attraetive, and beautiful of Cape flowering bulbs. They differ considerably in style and habit of growth, but, being closely allied, they require tho same cultural treatment.

Fon In-Doons. Phat in October or November five or six bulbs, in a five-inch pot, using a compost of turfy loan, peat, or leaf mould, mixed with clean sand. Make the soil moderately firm about the hadbs, then place them in a cold pit or frame, plunging the pot in ashes or cocoa fibre, and withhold water
till the plants appear, then give sparingly at first. The lights should not be kept on exeept during wet or frosty weather.

For Out of Doons. Choose a light loamy soil with a due south aspect (the hotter the situation the better), and if possible backed by a wall or greenhouse. Plant the bulbs six inches deep and four inches apart, surrounding them with an inch of sand. Two or three inches of dry leaves laid on the smface will be sufficient winter protection.

There are but few situations in this comitry where thesc plants succeed well entirely out of doors. No one need, however, be deprived of a bed of such superb flowers if they will only plant three bulbs in a four-inch pot; treat as recommended for in-door culture; then in April or May remove them from the frame, and plunge the pots where intended to bloom.


T. Crocata is extensively grown by Mr. Meming at Cliveden, for furuishing Jardinets in Spring.


## THE LILY (Lilium).

The Lily is the most charmingly bcautiful plant, and withal the most easily cultivated, so that nouc need hesitate through fear of failure to purehase a good supply of the best varieties, for the omamentation of the conservatory, sitting-room, and flower garden. As some of the varieties are more desirable than othcrs for in-door culture, we have indieated them with a *. The height of each is given in feet.

Fon In-Doons.- Use a good inellow soil, composed of equal parts of leaf-monld and loam, with a little peat if at hand, and one-sixth part of silver sand. A 6 or 7 ineh pot will be large enough for one strong bulb, aud a twelve-inch pot with six strong bulls-say of Lilium laneifolium-planted in it will furnish a specimen of no ordinary beauty: cover the hulbs about half-an-ineh, then stand the pots out of doors in a sleltercd situation on a bed of ashes, and cover them over with the same material 6 or 8 inehes, and there let them remain till the plants begin to push through the covering, when they may bc removed to a cold frame, greenhouse, or sitting-roon window, or allowed to remain out of doors uuder a north wall, the pots plunged in ashes, and attended to with water. The Golden-rayed Queen of Lilies ( $L$. auratum) is one of the most gorgeously beautiful and fragrant plants in cultivation.

For out of Doors.- A light or medium well-draincd soil is best. Plant the bulbs one foot apart, and five inches deep, surrounding each with elean sand; for the first winter place ou the surface a few dry leaves.

OUR OWN SELECTION.
L. curatum and $L$. candidun are ready to send aut at once, all the other varieties in October.
 9381 each 6 ditto ditto $5 s .6 d$. to 106

Per doz. Each.
s. d. s. a.

941 Atrosanguineum maculatnm, orange-red, blotched, 2 ft . . . . . 3 0
942 Aurantiacum (Orange Lily), 4 ft., fine for shrubberies... 3 6..0 4
943 *Auratum, clear white, richly spotted criuson, and exquisitely rayed with golden yellow or crimson, delicionshy frugrant. . each $3 / 6,5,6,7 / 6,10 / 6, \& 21 /$
944 Brownii or Japonieum, white, a bcautiful varicty, very
fragrant 9 fl...........each 5 6to 7 (
945 Bulbiferum, orange scarlet, 2 ft . $5 \quad 6 . .0 \quad 6$
946 Candidum (Ths White Lily), 3 ft ., sweet scented, hundsome 3 G..0 4 947 ", Flors Pleno, 3 ft ., double white

5 6..0 6
948 *Catesbæi, 1 ft., durk red, beautifully spotted with bluck
. .. 10 Chalcedonicum, 3 ft., scarlet, Turk's Cap, very bcautiful. $50 . .0$ 6
950 *Excelsum (Isabsllinum, testaceum), 4 ft ., buff, beautiful $1500 . .1 \quad 6$
951 *Fulgedum, deej, red, $2 \mathrm{ft} .$.
.. .. $0 \quad 9$
952 * " umbellatum, rich orange red, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ t. ........... .. .. 1
953 *Giganteum, 5 to 10 ft. , white, the most noble of all lilies, eaeh .................7/6.. $10 / 6$ to 15/6
954 *Lancifolium album, 3 ft ., purc white, per doz. 10|6 to 15/G..each I/ to 1/6

## 9401 ditto ditto

Per doz. Each. 9542 Lancifolinm punctatum $\because$ d. s. $d$. (truc), white, delicately spotted rose ............ , 2/6 \& 3/6 955 *Lancifolium rossum punctatum, 3 ft., white, spotted rose, per doz. $10 / 6$ to $15 / 6$. . cach $7 /$ to $1 / 6$ $950{ }^{*}$ Lancifolium rubrum punctatum 3 ft ., white, spotted crimson, per doz. $10 / 6$ to $15 / 6$.. each $1 /$ to $1 / 6$ 957 *Longiflorum, $1 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{ft}$., pure white, very handsome flower eximum, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$, pure uthite, very haudsome Martigon scarlet, 3 ft ., scurlet................. 5 . $0 . .06$ purple, 3 ft. ...... .. .. $0 \quad 9$ ", white, $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .$. .. .. 1 G ", yellow, 3 ft........ .. .. .. 0 G ", mixed, 3 ft ., various 5 0..0 $\quad 6$ *Monadelphicum, yellow, 3 ft .. .. 1 G Philadelphienm, 2 ft., scarlet, with black spots on yellow
.. .. 3 6 Pyrsnicum, 3 ft,, yellow ... .. .. 0 9 *Supsrbum, or Canadense, 5 ft., salmon ........... .. .. 1 0
968 *Tenuifolium, scarlet ...... .. .. 50
969 Thomsonianum, 3 ft., rose. . .. ... $\mathbf{2}$
970 *Thunbergianum, 2 it., rich orange scarlet...........
971 *Tigrinum, 2 ft., orange-salmon spotted blach....... .
$36 . .0 \quad 4$
972 *Venustum, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., orange... $106 . .10$

## 'MHE RANUNCULUS.

A truly elegant and beautiful flower, combining with the most diversified shades and colours, an exquisite symmetry and compaetness possessed by few plants. As a cut flower it is quite as useful as the Rose, whilc for bedding, massing, and edging, either in separate or mixed colonrs, the effcet produced is magnifieent ; its close habit of growth and rieh distinet colours make it all that the wost refined taste eonld desire for ribboning or any other style of gardening.

Culturs.-For successional blooming, plant he Turban varietics from Oetober to January, and the Persian from Jaunary to March. The Rannneulus suceeeds best in a somewhat moist soil, but any soil, properly prepared, will grow it to perfection. Plant on a dry day, when the soil works kindty ; draw drills two inches deep and five or six inches apart, sprinkling a little sand at the bottom of the drill. The tubers should be firmly pressed into the soil, with the claws downwards, and covered with sand, then with soil, keeping the crown two inches moder the surface; during severe weather, cover the bed with dry litter,
leaves, or old $\tan$; but the corcring must be removed before the plants appear. In April and May, dming dry weather, water the beds freely twice or thrice each week, and when the flower-hud appeats water daily, and continue doing so while the plants are hlooming; hut be careful to wet the foliage as littlc as possible.

Ranunculus roots are so remarkably cheap, that we should recommend (except in the case of named varieties) immediately they have done blooming, to dig up the heds nad put in the summer and autumn blooming plants.

## PAXTONIAN CHEAP DOUBLE PERSIAN RANUNCULUG.

These are composed of varieties we have selected from several extensive collectious, on account of their large handsome flowere, hrilliant colouss, aud adaptation for massing, bedding, clumping, and ribboning.
our own selection.

| 973 | 500 in 20 splendid varieties. | £2 20 | 975 | 100 in 20 splendid varicties.... $£ 0$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 974 | 250 " | 10 | 976 | 50 " " | . 0 | ) | 6 |
|  | 977 Superfine mixed varict | er 1000, |  | .per 100, 5 s........per doze | , 8d. |  |  |
|  | 978 Finc | ", |  | ... "3s...... " |  |  |  |
|  |  | 100. Per dcz. $\text { d. } \quad \text { 8. } \quad \text { d. }$ |  |  | $\text { Per } 100 .$ | $0 . \text { ler d }$ |  |
| 979 | Bella Donna, white, spotted. . 7 | $6 . .10$ | 989 | Orange Brilliant, yellow and |  |  |  |
| 980 | Blanohe Picotee, white, spotted | 0 |  | orange |  | G. . 2 | 0 |
| 981 | Commodore Napier, primrose, lipped wilh purple. ... | $6 . .10$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 990 \\ 991 \end{array}$ | Perle Blanche, clear white .. Princo ds Galitzin, yellow, | $126$ |  | 0 |
| 982 | Fireball, bright red......... 7 | $6 . .10$ |  | lipped crimson | 56 | 6. 0 | 9 |
| 983 | Grand Vavqueur,white,spotted 7 | 6..] | 992 | Purity, pure white |  | 6.. 2 | 0 |
| 984 | Grandifiora, rose, lake, mottled 10 | $6 . .16$ | 993 | Reins de Holland, bluch. |  |  | 0 |
| 985 | La Fontaine, white . . . . . . . 10 | $6 . .16$ | 994 | Scarlet \$tar, brilliant searlet | 76 | $6 . .1$ | 0 |
| 986 | Mont Blanc, pure white . . . 15 | $0 . .20$ | 995 | Susiana, gold, variegated... |  | 3. . 1 | 0 |
| 987 | Nosegay, yellow, spotted... 7 | $6 . .10$ | 996 | Victoria Scarlet, vermilion.. | 76 | $6 . .1$ | 0 |
| 988 | Ophir d'Or, yellow, spotted . . 7 | 6.10 |  |  |  |  |  |

## DOUBLE TURBAN OR TURKISH RANUNCULUS,

The handsomest varieties and most heautiful colours. our own selection.

| 997 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 998 | $500 \quad$ " $\quad$ " .... 1 l 10 | 1000100 " | 05 |
| 1001 Splendid mixed, per 1000, 30s. ; per 100, 3s. 6d.; per doz., 6 d. |  |  |  |
|  | Per 100. Perdo |  | Per 100. Po |
| 1002 |  | 1007 Orange | $\begin{array}{ccc} s_{1} & d . & s . \\ 3 & d . \\ 0.0 & 6 \end{array}$ |
| 1003 | Carmins ................. 10 6..1 6 | 1008 Scarlet, splendid | $20 . .0$ |
| 1004 | Crimson Grandiflora....... 10 6... 6 | 1009 Scarlet and Gold | $6 . .1$ |
| 1005 | Crimson-brown or black.... 20.006 | 1010 Spotted | 10 6.. |
| 1006 | $6 . .09$ | 1011 Whit | $6 . .2$ |

## SPLENDID NEW DOUBLE PERSIAN RANUNCULUS.

These we have not enumerated this scason ; they will, however, he found fully described in former: editions of the Bnlb Catalogue. The collection embraces the finest and most distinct varicties.


## THE ANEMONE.

Amongst the diversified forms of floral beauty which enrich the flower garden, from the first opening blossoms of Spring to the last rose of Summcr, the Auemone takes a very prominent place, possessing many points of interest and special characteristics of colour. Its blossoms are of the most dazzling hnes of scarlet, purple, and hlue, self coloured and striped. The foliage is clcgantly serrated, and the growth is neat and compact, so that in beds, groups, ribbons, or as an edging to Tulip or Hyacinth beds, arranged either in distinct colours or mixed, they produce a unique effect.

The flowers of the Double Anemone are extremely handsome; they have outcr guard petals, resembling a semi-double Hollyhock. If planted from October to December they will bloom in succession during the early Spring months, while those planted in February and March will bloom from April to Juns.

The Single Ancmone (Wind Flouer), with its beautiful poppy-like hlossoms, may be had in bloom at pleasure (weuther permitting) from February to December, and, in sheltercd nooks, even in January, by simply arranging the time of planting.

Cllture.-The Anemone delights in a light rich loamy soil, but generally succeeds in any which is well drainod. Sea-sand, or a little salt mixed with the soil, is a good preventive of nildew; in other respects, the culture and after management should be precisely the same as that of the Ranunculus,

## PAXTONIAN CHEAP DOUBLE ANEMONE.

The varieties in this scction have been selected for their large flowers, rich, beautiful, and diversified colours, and will be found well suited for the purposes of massing, edging, and ribboning, for which the Anemone is so admirably adapted.


These we have not enumerated this scason; they, however, will be found fully deseribed in former editions of our Bulb Catalogue. The collection embraces the most distinct and beautiful varieties.


## SINGLE ANEMONE (WIND FLOWER).

Thesc are amongst the most beautiful and interesting of early Spring Flowers.
1054 Choice Mixed, all colours, $4 / 0$ per 100; 0/8 per doz. | 1055 Brilliant Scarlet, $5 / 6$ per $100 ; 1 / 0$ per doz.
star anemone.
1056 Hortensis, touble red. . . per 100 10s. firl. . . per doz. 1s. $6 d$.
 1058

## AMARYLLIS.

A flower of rare bcauty, witb large. drooping, bell-shaped lily-like blossoms; colours ranging from the richest crimson to pure white, splendidly striped with criuson or searlet. They are easily cultivated, and with proper management a succession of bloom may be sceured throughout the year.

They naturally divide themselves into two sections or groups-such as requive to be started in bottom heat, and those which bloom with or witbout artificial heat.
amaryllis which may of may vot be started in bottom heat.
Per doz. Each.



1064 " purpurea ........................................................................... 2
1065 Formosissima (Sprekelia formosissima), rich crimson, leantiful ................ 5 . $6 . .0 \quad 6$
1066 Longifolia alba (Crinum capense alba), white, sweet scented........................ .. . 1 . 0
1067 , rosea ( ,,$\quad$ rosea), rose, sucet secnted ............................. 1 . 0

1069 Valotta purpurea or Searbro' Lily, rieh searlet; excecdingly beantiful........... 18 0.. 20
amarydids winch require to be started in bottom meat.
1070 Wc have to offer a large quantity of Unbloomed Seedling Amaryllis, hybrids of the most valuable of the following magnificent collection. They camot fail to produce flowers of great beanty. 42s. per. doz. ; 4s. cach.



## THE FAR-FAMED BELLA-DONNA AND GUERNSEY LILIES.

The flowers of the beautiful Guernscy Lily are brimiant scarlet, and in the sun's rays appear as if spangled with gold-dust. The Bella-Donna Lily is white, flushed with rose purple, very handsome.

These bulbs arrive from Guernscy early in September, witb the flower-buds ready to expand, and by the end of the month they are in full bloom. Orders should therefore be given before the 15 th September.


## CYCLAMEN.

A genus of charming winter and spring blooming tubcrons-rooted plants, many of them with prettily variegated foliage, and flowers the most beautiful and graceful, aud withal so easily cultivated that any onc may enjoy them in their sitting-room window, conservatory, or greenhouse, from October to May, simply by startiug them into growth at intervals of a few weeks, commencing in August.

The following will be sent out in blooming pots, with tbe exception of Europaum, which is perfeetly hardy, and can at once be planted in the open ground in any hight soil.

The mixed varietics of Persicum cousist principally of tbe large-floweriug kinds, sueh as annually carry off the first prizes at the great Spring Flower Shows of the Royal Horticntural Gardens and the Royal Botanic Gardens; many of them are remarkably fragraut. We specially recommend thesc.

$$
1105 \text { Secd from Mr. Wiggin's Prize Varicties, 2s. } 6 d \text {. per packet. }
$$



## CROWN IMPERIALS.

Useful spring-blooming plants, with clusters of pendant, bell-shaped flowers, sumounted with a tuft of green leaves, thriving in almost any situation.


## FRITILLARIAS.

Miniature Crown Imperials, with singolarly marbled flowers. They are very interesting and pretty, succeeding in any common garden soil.

112725 in 25 maned varictics, $5 \%$.
1128 Choice mixed varieties, $10 / 6$ per 100; 1/6 per doz. 1129 Fine mixed varieties, $7 / 6$ per $100 ; 1$ / per doz.

1130 Angustifolia purpurea, per doz. 1/6.
1131 Presox, white, per doz. 2/6.
1132 Pyrenica, parple, per doz. 26.

## ACHLMENES.

A genus of truly splendid plants, succecding equally well in pots, paus, and hauging-laskets; coubining with great individual beauty a varicty of rich and brilliant colours ravely to be met with.

Cultore.-Use a compost of peat, lom, and leaf-soil. Plant the tubers $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches apart in tbe pot, pan, or hanging basket, in whieh they are to be bloomed, and cover them with about an incb of the compost. To kecp up a succession, commenec starting them in heat in Jamary, and as one lot is takelu out another sbould be put in, till May.


## SCILIA AND MUSCARI.

S. Amœena and S. Sibirica, are of the most lovely azure blue, growing three inehes high, and flowering as they do in March, make exquisite pot plants, and associatc admirably with the Snowdrop, Crocus, Hyacinth, dc., in all the elegant contrivances ingenuity ean suggest for in-door decoration; as edgings to beds, \&c., in the Spring flower garden, they are unique. M. Botryoides, also makes a pretty dwarf edging, growing three inches ligh. S. Hyacinthoides, and all the othcr varietics, make excellent border plants.

| SCILLA. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per 100. Per doz. |  |  |  |  | Per 100. Perdoz. |  |  |
|  | Am@na, bright blue, beautiful 18 s. |  | 1144 | Italica, clear blue .... . . . . . | $\text { s. } \alpha \text {. }$ |  | ${ }_{0}$ |
| 1139 | Campanulata major, blue .. 10 | 6..1 6 | 1145 | Patula, clear porcelain blue | .. | . 2 | 0 |
| 1140 | " minor, blue .. 10 | 6..1 6 |  | Peraviana, bright dark blue, |  |  |  |
| 1141 | " albus, white . 10 | $0 . .16$ |  | very handsome . . . . . . . . |  | . 4 | 6 |
| 1142 | ", roseus, rose . . 10 | $6 . .10$ | 1147 | alba, white |  | . 7 | 6 |
| 1143 | Hyacinth 0ides, לlue, very showy 10 | $0 . .16$ | 1148 | Sibirica (præcox), bright blue | 18 | $0 . .2$ | 6 |

## MUSCARI.

1149 Botryoides (Grape hyacinth), dark Zlue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . per 100, 7s. 6d. ; per doz. 1s. $6 d$. 1150 Plumosus Monstrosus (Feathered hyaeinth), purple.......... , $15 \mathrm{s.0d}$. ; " 2s.0d.

In our Illustrated Album of Bulbous Roots will be found figured most of the following

## miscellaneous bulbs and tubers.

There are no doubt many persons who pcruse our Catalogue whose practical knowledge of flowering bulbs is limited to Hyaeinths, Tulips, Ctoenses, Narcissi, Gladioli, Lilies, and perhaps a few others more or less popular. In addition to thesc, however, there is a vast number of other bulbous and tuberousrooted plants (the following being merely a selection), of which nothing can excced the brilliancy, the beauty, and the varicty of their flowers, or the cleganee and effectiveness of their foliage, and one or other of which at nearly cvery season of the ycar is an object of attraction. Their eulture cannot by any means be eonsidcred difficult, most of the hardier varictics requiring a light porons soil, laying well to the sun, and slighty protcctel during winter ; while those whieh require in-door treatment should be grown in well-drained pots, in a mixture of leaf soil, loan, peat, and silver sand.

Those who can make it convenicnt to call at our warehouse, can, through the medium of our Illustrated Album of Bulbous Roots, make themselves acquainted with these interesting forms of flotal beauty; whilst for those living at a distance we shall be lappy to make a sclection of the roots suitable to the accommodation tliey may possess, at the prices enumerated, including only the balbs and roots in this section of our Cataloguc. A fevo of these are now ready to send out, but a large number of them being still in grouth, it will be the 1st Novenber before they can be despatehed.
 The leight is given in feet.
S Indicales hardy plants.
nearly hardy plants, simply requirlog a little whter protection, such as lenves or ilter. plants which require the protection of a cold frame in winter.
greenhouse plauts.
stove plants.
roots which should be kept at rest daring winter und started into growth in spring.
$\ddagger A B O B R A$, a finc trellis plant, with pic-turesquely-cut small glossy dark green foliage and miniature scarlet fruits.
1159 winditlora.
§ACANTHUS, a classic plaut of stately apperrauee and finc foliage, the leaf of which suggested the Corinthian capital.
1160 mollis, 3 ft .
1161 spiuosus, 2 ft. ........................................................... 0
1162 spinosissinus, 2 ft.................................................. 10
§ACONITUM (Monkshood) a tall-growing handsome plant.
1163 antumutle, dark blue, 3 ft. ............. 09
1164 sinense, bhue, 3 ft. .......................... 0 .
1165 varieratum, pure white, 3 ft . ......... 10
§ACORUS (Swcet-flag). The varicty we offer is very handsome; its long dark green Iris-like leaves are freely striped and margiued with white.
1166 japonicus argentea-striatus............
§ADONIS, a beantiful spring flowering plant
1167 vernalis, bright yellow, 3 ft . $\qquad$
$0 \quad 9$
\|AGAPANTHUS (African Lily), a noble plant, with large heads of beautiful Howers, ornamental alike for the conservatory, portico, terrace, or lawn; a valuable subjeet for sub-tropical gardeus, and exccedingly picturesque on the margins of artifieial lakes and ponds. 1168 numbellaths, bright blue, 3 ft ., per dozen, $10 s .6 \mathrm{~d}$.

1170 variegatus, foliage beautifully varicgated, 12 ft .

26
$\dagger A L B U C A$, a pretty Cape bulb, with fowers resembling the Star of Bethlehem.
1171 aurca, golden yellow, $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
16
1172 uajor, yellow and green, $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .$. 1 o
1173 minor, yellow and green, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . .$.
§ALLIUM, a very attractive plant, thriving in any ordinary soil.
1174 ciliatum, white, vcry beautiful, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . . \quad 0 \quad 6$
1175 desecndens, violet red, $3 \mathrm{ft}, \ldots . . . . . . . .04$
1170 fragrans, white, vanilla scented, $1 \frac{1}{\mathrm{ft}} .0$

1178 odorum, white and purple, fragrant, 1 ft .
1179 roseum, pale rose, 18 ft .
1180 strintum, buch whi..............
1181 violaceum, violet, bceutiful 1 ft 1 tt .
*ALSTRGGMERIA, an exceedingly beautiful flower, produced in large umbels; thrives best under a south wall, in a well-drained sandy soil. The roots should be planted at the depth of about 9 inches, and never disturbed.
1182 chilensis, choice mixed, 3 ft .
§ANEMONE, a charning early spring flowering plant.
1183 apemina, $r i c h$ Ulue, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
1184 " albn, white, ft.
1185 fulgens, Urilliant scarlet, $\frac{2}{2} \mathrm{ft}$
$\dagger$ ANISANTHUS, a charming flower.
1180 splendens, brillient scarlet
$\ddagger$ ANOMATHECA, a charming little plant, blooming from June to September. In light warm soil it may remain as an edging undisturbed for years; in less favonrable situations, plant in April, and take up in November.
1187 cruenta, orange, spotted crimson, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
1188 roseum, rose, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
ANTHERICUM, very ornamental and beantifnl.
§1189 Liliago (St. Bernard's Lily), white, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
§1190 Liiliastrum (St. Bruno's Lily), white, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
+1191 ramosum, white, 2 ft.
tANTHOLYZA, very show. with long landsome flower spikes.
1192 Athiopica, scarlet, 2 ft $\qquad$
1103 cardinalis, 2 ft
.........................
1184 coccinea, bright scarlet, $\geq \mathrm{ft}$.
1195 fulgens, coppery rose, 2 ft .
APIOS, a rapid growing climber pink flowers, succeeding in any ordiuary soil.
1106 tubcrosa (Glycenc tuberosa), pink...
§ARUM, picturesque and fantastic looking plants, very desinable for flower borders, rockworks, $d \mathrm{c}$. Crinitum is the only one that requires the protection of a frame in winter.
1197 cormutum (the green dragon-arim), large broun flowers and handsone green foliage, 2 ft .
$\dagger 1198$ crinitum, flowers tiger spoted, very long and covered with hair, stem marbled like a serpent, leaves singularly cut, 2 ft .
1199 dracunculus (dragon-arnm), flowers brown, large landsome palm-like leaver, 2 ft .
1200 Italicum, flowers yellow, with large lance-shaped green leaves, spotted ycllow, 1 ft .
1201 maculatum, grcen foliare, spotted with brown, $\frac{3}{9} \mathrm{ft}$.
1202 tenuifolinm, curions graks-leaved foliage, flowers brourn, 3 ft .
§ASCLEP1AS, highly ormamental and heantiful.
1203 tubcrosa, fine orange-coloured flowers, 1 ft . ............................
§ASPHODELUS (Kiugs-sperir), omamental strong-growing plamts.
1204 luteus, $y$ gellmu, 2 ft . $\qquad$
1205 ramosus, white, 2 ft . $\qquad$
\|ASPIDISTRA, very omamental broad foliage plants, nearly lardy.
1208 chatior, foliage green, 2 ft. ............ 1207 striped with broad white bands, 2 ft .

06

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10
10

03

0 ©

0 G
0 6
$0 \quad 9$
\#BEGONIA, very ornamental, good sitting. room plant.
1208 discolor, leaves underneath beautifully veincd with crimson, 2 ft .

10
§BELLEVALIA, very interesting.
1209 spicata, white, 1 ft .
$0 \quad 6$
$\dagger$ BOBART1A (Homeria), very pretty and quite hardy in gravelly soil.
1210 aurantiaca, rich orange flowers, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter, 1 fl .
$\ddagger$ BOUSSINGAULTIA, a haudiome climb. iug plant, with graceful racemes of fragrant flowers.
1211 baselloides, white, delicionsly fragrant 09
$\dagger$ BRA VOA, a handsome plaut with beautiful long racemes of penstemon-like flowers, protuced in pairs.
1212 geminiflora (twin-flowered), crimson, $1 \frac{12}{\mathrm{ft}}$.
$0 \quad 9$
§BRODIANA, very beantiful flowers, succeeding in mny light soil.
1213 congesta, bright blue, 2 ft .
1214 grandiflora, deep, blue, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . \quad 0 \quad 3$
\|BRUNSVIG1A, exceedingly beantiful bulbous plants.
1215 coranica, purple, 1 ft. ..................
1216 falcata, purphe, 1 ft .
1217 multiflora, scarlet, 1 f
16
1 6
ft.................... 1 (
§BULBOCODIUM (Red Crocus), an exceedingly pretty and very early flowering low-growing plant, very effective in masses or as an edging.
1219 vernum, parple $r e d, \frac{1}{1} \mathrm{ft}$., per 100 10s. Gul.; per dozen, 1s. $6 d$.
1220 foliis striatum, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
$0 \quad 6$
TCALADIUM. This geme embraces some of the most pieturesque and beautiful of ormamental foliage plants. Some have remarkally large foliage, and others are conspichous for their shaded or spotted leaves. Argyrites is a lovely little rariety, growing about six inches high, the leaves spoted pure white on a beautiful green grommd.
122112 in 12 beantiful varictics, named, $21 s ., 30 \mathrm{~s}$, and 42 s .
12226 in 6 beautiful varictics, n:mmed, $9 s .12 s$, and $15 s$.
1223 argyrites. 1s. Gid. to
1224 other varieties..................1s. 6id. to
$\|$ CALLA (Richardia), a valuable plant for the sitting-roou, requiring very little management.
1225 Athiopica, large white arow-shaped flowers, 3 ft . .t)d. to
$\dagger$ CALLLIPRORA, a pretty little plant, easily managed.
1226 flava (lutea), yellor, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
§CALYSTEGIA, perennial climbing convolvulns; the species we quote is the double-flowering variety; very pretty.
1227 pubeseens flore pleno, blush ............
SCAMASSIA, a strikingly heautiful plant, flowering in spikes, each flower nearly two inelies in diameter.
1228 esculcntil, rich purple, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
2 & 6 \\
3 & 6 \\
6
\end{array}
$$

$\ddagger$ CANNA. This fine foliage plint has now lecome indispensable wherever there is any pretension to effective gardening. It is almost latady, so that on light warm soils it may be left in the ground all winter with a little litter placed over. the roots. Its eulture froun seed is most casy, and by far the cheapest way of securing a good supply. Seed 18 . and 2s. Gd. per paeket.
1229 finc varicties, in roots, $9 s$. , 12s., 1oss., and 1 ss. per dozen.

Each-s. $d$.
\|CIILIDANTHUS, a liandsome flower, with frankiucense-like fragrancc.
1230 fragrans, fine yellow, 1 ft .
$\ddagger$ COBURGIA, a splendid plant; nearly hardy. In the conservatory it cannot fail to be conspicnous on acconnt of its cluster of drooping long tubular richcoloured flowers.
1231 incarnata, scarlet, flesh, green, and yellow, 2 ft. ...................1s. 6d. to
§COLCHIICUM (Autumn Crocns), very showy autumn flowering bulbs.

20
$\begin{array}{ll}0 & 3\end{array}$

1235 biz. plenm, lilac, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . .$.
1235 bizantinum, lilac, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ...................
1233 striatum, white and rose, $\frac{1}{} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . .$.
04

1237 variegatum, white and lilac, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . .$.
COMMELINA, vCry beautiful frec-fowering plants; in light soils they simply requirc a slight winter protection.
1238 cœlestis, bright blue, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. per doz. 2 s.
1239 alba, white, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . \quad$ " $2 s$.
§CONVALLARTA. The species we offer here is the well-known Solonon's Seal ; forcen during the Spring monthes, tbis plant is cxcecdingly valuable for conservatory and talule decoration, its long graceful arched stems and profusion of whitish-green flowers rendering it an object of no ordinary attraction.
$1240 \mathrm{multiflor}, 3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\qquad$
-COOPERIA (Evening Star), a very interesting pretty plant, slightly fragrant.
1241 pedunculata, white..
*CROCOSMIA (Tritonia), remarkable alike for its grace and bcauty, and equally valuable for in and out-door dccoration.
1242 aurea, golden yellow, 2 ft ., pur dozen, 4s. 6d.

06
†CUMMINGIA, an elegant plant, flowerstems much brancbed and with many flowers; a fine winter blooming in-door plant.
1243 trimacnlata, bright blue with dark: spots, $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{ft}$.

16
$\ddagger C Y P E L L A$ (Tigridia), an elegant iree. flowering plimt, resembling the wellknown Tigridi:, but not quite so large.
1244 Herbertii, orauge, 1 ft .
$\ddagger$ DAFLIA, dry roots of these in November.
1245 fine show variclies, $9 s ., 12 s .$, and $18 s$. per doz.
1246 finc fancy, $9 s ., 12 s .$, and 18 s. per doz. 1247 fine dwarf, $9 s$. . $12 s .$, and $18 s$. per doz. 1248 fine pompon, $9 s ., 12 s$., and $18 s$. per doz.
§DIELYTRA, onc of tbe most graccful plants cultivated. If forced it can be liad in bloom very early in spring, and nolhing at the period can excel in bcauty its long clegant sprays of lovely beart-shaped red flowers. It is also an excellent border plant in slieltered situations.
1249 spectabilis, ved, 2 ft . .............9d. to
§DODECATHEON (The Amcriean Cowslip), a remarkable and pretty little border plant.
1250 Meadia, purple, 1 ft .
6

1252 ," elcgans, rose and lilac, 1 ft. .
§DOG'S TOOTH VIOLETS (Erythronium), charming early-blooming little plants. with beantifully spotted leaves; should be used as a permanent cdging to spring beds and flower borders. The roots should always be planted on a laycr of sund.
1253 purple or red, $\frac{1}{+} \mathrm{ft}$., per $100,7 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d}$.; per doz., $1 s$.

1254 white, $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. , per $100,18 s$.; per doz., 2s. 6d.
1255 mixed, per $100,10 s .6 d$. ; per doz., 1s. $6 d$.
1256 major, $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$. , per $100,1 \overline{\mathrm{u}}$. ; per doz., 2 .s.
1257 gellow, $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{ft}$.
06
TEDCHARIS, no garden of any pretension should be without its supply of this most valuable plaut ; its culture is simple, and like the family of wbich it is a momber (Anaryllidex), it may be had in bloom at pleasnre. Nothing can cxceed in beauty its deliciously fragrant snow-white blossoms, and no flower is, perhaps, more durable. A stove or warm greenhonse is necessary to bring it into bloom, then it may be removed to the sitting-room, or nsed for the decoration of the dimer table. At the International Horticultural Botanical Flower Show of May, 1866, two large pots of E. amazonica elicited, perliaps, more admiration than any class of objects there exlibited.
1258 auazonica, pots of established roots 3s. 6d., $5 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d} ., 7 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d}$., according to, the number of roots in each pot.
§FUNKIA, vcry ormamental border plants, some of them with large handsome foliage, others with the foliage beautifully variegated. In summer they all throw up curious looking spikes of bellshaped flowers.
1259 lancifolia, flowers lilac: $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .$.
1280 Sieboldi, flowers lilac, ${ }^{12}$.............. 0 ?
1281 alba, flowers white, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .0 \quad 0$
1282 undulata folia variegatil, fine broad mottled foliatre, 3 ft ........ Jne broad
1203 undulata folia variegata, media picta, beantifnl white and green foliage, 1s. to
†GALAXIA, very pretty dwarf plants, with large and beautiful flowers, which expand in snccession for several wecks.
1264 graminea, bright yellow flowers and grassy foliage, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
1285 ovata, bright yellow, slightly fragrant, $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{ft}$.
§GERANIOM. The spccies described is a profuse blooming, recumbent plant, snitable for rockwork and mixed bordcrs.
1286 tuberosum, purple blue, per doz., 3s. $6 d$.
TGESNERIA, a marnificent class of plants, of which it wonld le impossible to speak too higlly of their beauty and valne....
126712 in 12 varictics, $12 s ., 18 \mathrm{~s} ., 24 \mathrm{~s}$, and 30 s .
12686 in 6 varieties, \%ss., 7s. 6ul., Is., 12s., and $15 s$.
1269 varieties, with beantiful marked foliage...................1s., 1s. 6d., and
TGLOXINIA, these are uurivalled for tbeir exquisite leanty.
127012 in 12 varieties, $12 s ., 15$ s., 18 s., 243 ., and 30 s .
12716 in 6 varicties, $5 s .6 d ., 7 s .6 d ., 9 \%$., 12s., and 15 s .
§GUNNERA, is very imposing ornamental foliage plant, adaptcd to sub-tropical gardens, margins of lakes, ponds, \&c.
1272 scabra
.1s. $6 d$. and
$\dot{\dagger}$ HABRANTHUS, a very beautiful plant, closely allied to Zepliyranthes.
1273 Andersonii, gold and brourn, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . . .$.
$\|$ H $\not$ MANTHUS (Blood-flower), chrious ornamental bulbous plants.
1274 albifloris, white, 1 ft .
1275 puniceus, scarlet, 1 ft .
6
Ench-s. d.
THEDYOHIUM (Garland-flower), a large reed－looking plant，with splendid heads of bloom．
1276 Gardnerianuu，yellow，fragrant， 5 ft .2 G
§HELLEBORUS（Christmas－rose），a valu－ able winter blooming plant．
1277 niger，white， $1 \mathrm{ft} .$, per dozen， 10 s．Gd．
§HEMEROCALLIS（Day－lily），a hand－ some plant，sueceeding best in moist and shady situations．
1278 flava，bright yellow， 2 ft ． $\qquad$
1279 fulva，orange red， 2 ft ．
06
1280 fol．variegata，yellow，foliago variegated， 2 ft ．
．．．．．．．．．．
1281 kwanso fol．variegata，f．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． pl． foliage most beantifully variegated new and rare， 2 ft．．．．．．．．．2s． $6 d$ ．and
1282 Thunbergii，new $\qquad$
§HEPATICA，a eharming little spring－ flowering plant，too well known aud prized to require description．
1283 blue，single plants．．．．．．．．．per doz．，Gs． 1284 ＂，elumps．．．．．．1s．Gd．，2s．Gd．，and
1285 red，single plants ．．．．．．．．．per doz．，6s．
1286 ，，elumps ．．．．．．1s．Gd．，2s．6d．．，and
＊HESPEROSCORDUM（Missouri Hya－ einth），very elegant，with a slender cylindrieal stem，supporting an umbel of many star－like flowers．
1287 lacteum，mill while， 1 ft
IRIS．The speeies we offer here is re． markable for its handsome dark－grcen leaves，striped and margiucd white．
1288 foetidissima varicgata， 2 ft．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
$\ddagger$ ISMENE，a flower of great beauty，bear－ ing a considerable reseublance to the Daffodil．It is very landsome，and of comparatively easy eulture．It may be grown in pots for in－door decoration； or，if for out－doors，plant in April， taking eare that the bulb is planted in pure sand，or sand and peat，and taken up in winter．
1259 ealathina，large，pure white，deliglt－ fully fragrant flowers， 2 ft ． 36
\｜LACEENALIA，eurious and beautiful are the flowers of this genus，and of the casiest possible eulture．Several should be grown together in a pot．
1291 pendula，ved，tipped grcen and purple，㝵 ft ．
1202 quadricolor，searlet and yellow， $1 \mathrm{ft} . .$.
1293 tricolor，red and yellow， 1 ft ．．．．．．．．．．
$\dagger$ LEUCOCORYNE，a beautiful little plant．
1294 ixioides，lilac， 1 ft ．
§LEUCOJUM（Snow－flake），very beautifu， and as hardy as the snowdrop，which it very greatly resembles．
1295 gestivum，whifc， $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ．，per $100,10 s$. Gd．， per dozen，1s．Gd．
1206 vernum，white，各ft．，per 100，10s．Gd．， per dozen，1s．Gd．
SLIATR1S，charming herbaceous plants．
1297 spicata，purplc， 2 ft.
1298 squarrosa，purple， 3 ft ．
§LILY OF THE VALLEY（Convallaria Majalis）．For winter and early spring blooming，the clumps we offer of this fragrant and favourite plant eannot too strongly recommended．They have bcen speeially prepared for blooming in－ doors．A few elumps planted in a box and placed in gentle heat will furmish a large quantity of bloom，and by sueecs－ sional plantings a supply may be main－ tained throughout the winter and spring months．They are also admirably adapted for flowering in the sitting－ room，in pots，and for filling window

## Ench－s．$d$ ．

flower boxes，dic．In London they suceeed admirahly．The single roots are only intended for forming per－ manent beds or masses in the flower borders．
1299 fine elumps ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 ． 6
1300 extra strong ditto......................$~$
1301 single roots，per $100,7 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d}$. ，per dozen， $1 s$ ．
1302 rosea，single roots，per dozen， $3 s$ ．
1303 flore pleno，single roots，per dozen， ds． $6 d$.
1304 fol．variegata，single rocts，per dozen， 5 s .6 d ．
$\dagger$ LYCORIS（The Golden Lily），an exeeed－ ingly beautiful plant of the amaryllis family．
1305 aurea，golden yellow， 1 ft．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
｜｜MEDEOLA，a beautiful winter－flowering climbing plant with orange scented blossoms；also valuahle for hanging baskets，de．
1306 asparagoides，white Ixia．
1307 junceum，pink，stained with davk crimson spols，$\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ．
1308 purpureum，puaple，$\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
qMETHONICA（Gloriosa）an exceedingly handsome plant，with brilliant eoloured flowers．
1309 Plantii，rosy orange， 3 ft ．
26
†MOREA，a bulbous rooted plant，with very
handsome flowers，nearly allied to Ixia．
1310 colliua，purple， 2 ft ．
10
1311 edulis，pink lilac，deliglitfully fra－ grant， 2 ft ．

06
1312 juneea，scartet．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 0 0 9
1313 viseosa，purple ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 0 9
$\dagger$ NERINE，showy and cxtremely beautiful flowers．The type of this plant is the well－known beautiful Guernscy Lily，so much sought after．
1314 corusea，bright glittering searlet， superb， 1 ft ．
1315 flexuosa，pink，very distinct， 1 ft ．．．．I 6
1316 Fothergillii，Aeep vermilion scarlet， larger than the Guemsey Lily， 1 ft ． 1317 punila，vose
1818 undulata，darlorose，euriously erisped， 3 ft．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
tOPHIOPOGON（Snake＇s－keard），a eurious and interesting plant．
1819 jaburan，white，Ift．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
1320 japonicus，light yellow， $1 \frac{\mathrm{ft}}{} \mathrm{ft}$ ．．．．．．．．．
1321 spieatus，violet， 1 ft ．
§ORNITHOGALUM（Star of Bethlehem），i showy bulbous plant；the hardy varieties are very effeetive in groups in the borders．Aureum is a very handsome pot plant．
1322 arabieum，white，black contre，hand－ some， $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . ;$ per doz．， $3 s .6 d \mathrm{l} . . . . . . .$.
$\dagger 1323$ aureum，golden yellow，bcautiful，㸗ft．
1324 pyramidale，white，showy， 2 ft ．．．．．．．
1325 umbellatum，white，showy， 1 ft．；per
doz．，1s．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． plant with abundanee of flowers．
1326 corymbosa，durk purple bluc，white centre，$\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ．
$\ddagger$ OXALIS．The fowers of this plant are very freely produecd，and as they are all remarkable for their rieh colours， they form a fine eontrast with their deep green foliage．They are exceed－ ingly effeetive in pots or in beds．Two years ago there was a fine leed of Boweii at Battersea Park．

1327 Boweii, bright crimson, Eacli-s.
and fine, $\frac{1}{1} \mathrm{ft}$. , per doz., 2 s .
1328 Deppeif, red, very profuse bloomer, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., per doz., 28.
1329 floribunda, rose colour, $\frac{1}{} \mathrm{ft}$., per doz, 2 s .
1330 lutea, yellow, $\frac{1}{3}$ ft., per doz., 2s. $6 r$.
1331 rubella, crimson, branohing, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., per doz., $2 s$.
1332 speciosa, purplish red, continuous bloomer, $\frac{1}{}$ ft., per doz., $2 s$.
1333 fine mixed, per 100, 10s. 6d.; per do\%. 1 s . $6 d$.
§P ITONIA. This is one of our showiest and most attractive border plants, and quite indispensable for shrubbery borders.
1334 herbaceous varieties .........1s. 6dl. to
1335 Montan varieties (Chinese tree pæony) .......................3s. 6d. to $\dagger$ PANCRATIUM, a very handsome and exceedingly fragrant flower.
1336 Illyricum, white, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
1337 maritimum, white, $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
16
1338 parviflomm, white ............... 16
*PARDANTHUS (Leopard-flower), a very handsome plant, succecding in siny liglit rich soil.
1839 chineusis, or ange, bcantiful, 2 ft .
$\ddagger$ PENTLANDIA, an oxecedingly beatitiful plant.
1340 miniata, fine deep crimson, beautiful
$\ddagger$ RIGIDELLA, an exceedingly beantiful plant, requiring the same treatment as tigridia.
$13 \pm 1$ flammea, istense scarlef, bsautiful, 3 ft. ..
${ }^{2}{ }^{6}$
1342 immaculata, deep crimson, ebarming §SANGUINARIA, a pretty little plant, witb ranuuculns-shaped flowers.
1343 canadensis, white, $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.
§SAXIFRAGA, a very beautiful hardy border plant.
1344 granulata flore pleno, double whitc, 1 ft ., per doz., $2 s .6 \mathrm{c}$.
§Schisostylus, though liardy, this is a superb pot plart, with flowers resembling a dwarf gladiolus, which are produced in great abundance.
1345 coccinea, beautiful scarlet, 1 ft ., per doz., 9s.

76
2 i
16

16

16

SPIRREA (Hoteice.) The species we offer is remarkable for its beautiful leaves and great profusion of pure white fragrant Howers, which are profinsely prodneed in large branched heads. This is one of the most lasting, useful, and charming plants for the decoration of the conservatory aud sitting-room, during the spring months, we are aequainted with.
1316 japonic:, strong clumps, pepared for forcing
1347 japonica, smaller, ditto.
$\dagger$ STRUMARIA, an exceedingly pretty and curious little plant.
1348 crispa, beautiful ceimp pink flowcrs, dit. ........................................
1349 filifolia, white flowers, streaked pink
oufside, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$
09
§THLADIANTHA, a fine elimbing plant, with large shaded foliage and abundance of bloom, snitable for in or ont-door decoration.
1350 dubea, golden yellow
....................
$\ddagger$ TIGRIDIA (Tiger-flower). It wonld be impossible to say too much in praise of this magnifieent fower; it is extremely cheap, and may be cultivated sucecssfully in light rich soil, in beds or
masses; it is a charming pot plant, three and four in a pot.
1351 canariense, beautiful yellow, 1 ft ., per doz., 5 s . 6 d .
1352 conchiflora, yellow spotted scarlet, 1 ft , per doz., $2 s .6 d$.

03
1353 ccalestis, blue, 1 ft. ...............................
1354 pavonia, scarlet and orange, 1 ft ., per 100, 10s. 6ct. ; per doz., $2 s$.
1355 speciosa, dark starlet and orange, 1 ft ., per doz., 3 sl . 6 d .
$\dagger$ TRICHONEMA, a truly charming slender
little plant.
1356 bulbocodinm, purple lilac, mosteffective in groups of several bulbs, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.

1358 Colunnar, blue, very pretty, $\frac{1}{2}$ fi.......
1359 ramiflorum, purple, very handsome,

$0 \quad 3$

1330 speciosum, carmine, very fue, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . .$.
§TRITELEIA, a charming little plant, with delicately beautifnl flowers, effective when planted as an edging or in groups in the borders or several bulbs in a pot, in the grcenltouse or sitting-room winduw.
1361 mifiora, white streaked porceluin, $\frac{1}{3}$ fic., per doz., 3s. 6ed.
*TRITOMA, a truly noble, autumn-blooming plant, throwing up majestic flower stems, three to seven feet in height, crowned with densely flowered spikes of bloom, 18 to 27 iuches long. Grown in groups amongst slurubs, or planted in liucs in frout of shubs, nothing can surpass the effect they produce. So intensely brigbt are tbe flowers that they have been named "The Red-hot Poker Flower." They like it rich soil, and during dry weather should have abmudance of licuid manure.
1362 grandiflorat (glancescens), scarlet, flowering during Sept., and Oct. per doz., 10 s . $6 i l$. and 15 s . ...1s. and
1363 grandis, bright scar-let, a noble species, blooming later than the preceding, and continuiug, if the weather permit, to Cluistmas......1s. $6 d$. and
TROPFOLUM, a slender, rapid-growing, graceful, exquisitely beautiful plant; tricolormm, Jarattii, azmreum, and bracbyecras are unsurpassed for wire globes and trellis-work in the greenbouse; pentaphylhm, polyphyllum, speciosim, and tuberosim are hardy, requiring to be planted in a warm rich soil, and protected during winter.
1364 azureum, bluc
1365 Inacbyceras, yellow.....................................
||1366 Jaratiii (grandiflora), scarlet, yellow, and black .....................2s. 6d. to
*1367 pentaphyllum, scarlet and green......
*1368 polyphyllum, golden yellow ............
*1369 spcciosum, scarlet ........................ 6
||1370 tricolorum, scarlet, yellow, and black ..........................1s. 6d. to
*1371 tuberosum, yellow and red
............
\|TUBEROSES; the flowers rescmble toose of the much-prized Stephanotns, but they are sweeter. Thac cultivation of the plant is simple, requiring merely to be started in bottom beat, and this may be done in suecession, from January to May, so that the plant may be bad in bloom from Angust to December. Three roots are usually grown in a pot. Roots not ready to send out till December.
1372 double Italian, per doz., $3 s .6 d$.
1373 double Italian, extra strong roots, per doz., 5s. $6 d$.
§TULIPA. Under this heading we includo a number of species wbich are both interesting and beautiful; tbey cannot, however, be used with the same advantage for decorative purposes as tbose enumeratcd in the fore-part of the catalogue, but may be grown in pots or in the open border as interesting objects.
$13 \% 4$ cornuta (borned), yellow and reel, curious, per doz., 1 s .6 d .

02
1375 clusiana, white, llack centre, pretty...
1376 elegans, rich carmine, bctutiful......
0) 6

1877 oculus solis (Sun's eye), crimson, black centre, very remarkable, per doz., 2s. 6 d .

03
1378 persica, white, purple centre, per doz., 2s. 6 d .
$0 \quad 3$
1378 retrohexa, yellow, fine ........................
1380 sylvestris (Flotentine), yellow, fragrant, per doz., 1s. Gd. , ................
1381 viriditlora, green, curions, per doz., 2s. $6 d$.
pracox, green, very curious and interesting..........................
||VALOTTA, a splendid plant, of the casicst possible culture.
1383 purpurea (Scarboro' Lily), bright scrulet
VIEUSSEUXIA, a lovely little plant, the beanty of which cannot be overestimated.
1384 pavonia (Iris pavonia), white, each petal blotched bright blue, per doz., 2s. 6 d .

90
$0 \quad 3$
0 G
tWAOHENDORFIA, very profuse flower-
ing, sbowy, and interesting.
1385 brevifolia, curious grey colour, with? yellow eye, 1 ft
0.9

1380 thyrsifora, purple, 1 ft . ................ 0
$\dagger$ WATSONIA, a truly beautiful bulbous plant, descrving far more attention than it has litherto received. Some of the varicties are remarkably striking. A few groups, well bloomed, in some of our great gardens, such as we are wont to sec them in the Island of Gnernsey; would form atheme worthy" of the pen of our-most celcbrated writers on gradening topics.: -
1387 angustifolia, lively pink, per doz., 2s. 6 d .

03
1388 Blucber, new, crimson and white; beautiful6
1389 chilea, fine ..... 06
1390 bumilis, hecuutiful light crimson ..... 0.6
1391 marginata, deficate rose, exquísitc ...0) 6
1392 meriana, purple crimson
1393 speciosa, finc ..... 0.6
$\dagger$ ZEPHYRANTHES (Flower of tbe WestWind), a very elegant aud beautifulplant, of easy cultivation.

1394 atomasco, white, beautiful, per doz., 3s. 6 c .

04
1395 candida, silvery white, resembling a
large beantiful white crocus, per doz., 3s, Gut.04
1396 rosea, beantiful rose ..... $0 \quad 9$
1397 sulphurca, pale yellow ..... 10 :

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## CHOICE FLORISTS' FLOWER SEEDS.

See Spring Seed Catalogue.

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Vines in pots, the best varictics only.
Apples, pyramids, dwarfs, and standards.
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Peaches, trained.
Apricots, trained.
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Nuts, Raspberries, Curtants, Gooseberticz, de.
loses, dwarfs and standards.

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Stovc" Plants.
Climbers.
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Hardy British Ferns, in pots.
Greenlouse and Stove Fcrns.

We do not publish a Catalogne of Plante, but shall be happy to quote prices.

MUSHROOM SPAWN, 6s, par bushel.
SEAKALE ROOTS, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., and 15s. per 100.
ASPARAGUS R00TS, 3s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d. par 100. RHOBARB ROOTS, 9d. to 1s. each.


[^0]:    COVENT GARDTEN COLLECTIONS, FOR WINTER AND SPRING BLOOMLNG IN-DOORS.

