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HORTICULTURAL AND AGRICULTURAL
INVESTIGATIONS



CATALOG AND
PRICE LIST

1898

OF FIRST-CLASS
SMALL FRUIT PLANTS.



C. C. STONE ORIGINATOR
OF PLOW CITY, GERTRUDE,
NOS. 16, 17, 49, 79 AND 130,
STAWBERRIES, ALSO THE
YELLOW SPICE RASPBERRY
AND STONE'S EARLY
BLACKBERRY. THESE ARE
SOMETHING DISTINCT ...
FROM ANYTHING IN CULTI-
VATION



ONE OF THE LARGEST COLLECTIONS IN THE STATE

FAIRVIEW FRUIT FARM
C. C. STONE, PROP.
MOLINE, ILLINOIS





ANNOUNCEMENT, 1898.

To My Friends, Patrons and All Lovers of Fine Fruit:—

I desire to thank all my old customers for the patronage extended to me in the past, and I assure you that I shall endeavor to merit a continuance of favors in the future.

I hope to gain many new customers during the coming season, and solicit a trial order from those who have had no dealings with the assurance of giving satisfaction.

All communications will receive prompt and careful attention.

Respectfully Yours
CHARLES C. STONE
Fairview Fruit Farm
Moline, Illinois.

TO MY CUSTOMERS

NO CHEAP PLANTS

Read this catalogue carefully before ordering. No order booked for less than 75 cents. Stamps taken for sums less than \$1. Will sell 6 of any one variety at dozen rates: 50 at 100 rates; 500 at 1,000 rates. Parties wanting large orders write for special prices. Do not send to me for cheap plants, I do not grow or handle them. I do not plant them.

SHIPPED IN GOOD ORDER

My plants are well grown, true to name, are packed in the best possible manner, and are warranted to reach customers in good condition for planting, as fresh as if taken from their own ground. Anyone having cause for complaint will please state it promptly, and all mistakes will be corrected.

YOU GET WHAT YOU ORDER

In ordering write your name and address plainly, and you will receive an acknowledgement of the receipt of your order, and the goods will be shipped as soon as season opens. There will be no substitution of varieties, as you can rely upon receiving what you order and nothing else. Many varieties have a local value, and selections for the family garden should be made from the best varieties that will do well over a wide range of territory.

MAIL OR EXPRESS

Please state in your order whether goods are to be sent by mail or express. If sent by mail add 20 cents a hundred on strawberries, dozen lots free. Prices on larger quantities furnished on application. Buyer to pay express or freight charges.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH

Money may be sent at my risk by registered letter, postoffice money order, or express money order, payable at Moline, Illinois. The Express companies at Moline, are the Adams and the United States. The railroads are the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy; and Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul. I can pack and ship at short notice. My place is situated one and one-half miles from

the express and post office.

RASPBERRY PLANTS

Sent only at dozen rates, prepaid. One hundred or more at 1,000 rates, sent by freight or express, purchaser to pay charges. No charges for packing or crates. In packing strawberry plants for mailing I use nothing but the best quality of moss and waxed paper, that they may reach customers in the United States and Canada in good condition. In packing orders for express or freight, slat or ventilated crates will be used, with foilage to the air and tied in bunches of 25 or 50 as desired by the purchaser. Raspberries are packed so new shoots can not be broken off. In ordering raspberries get them out as early as the season and ground will permit.

GROWING RASPBERRIES

In setting out raspberry plants, plow the land from 6 to 7 inches deep, harrow well then harrow a little more later on, if the ground is not so wet as to become soggy Mark off your rows $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 feet apart for the black sorts. Set plants 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in the row. Do not put the plants in a little hole with roots pointing to the moon and then blame the man you bought the plants from. Try a potato fork with a boy hitched to it. Let the boy dig and mix the soil at the places where you need the plants, every 2 or $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet, using a vessel or wooden bucket partly filled with water. Do not take over 25 plants at a time. With the aid of a trowel and your hands you can make a place for the plants. spread out roots in every direction. Plant from 4 to 5 inches deep, with the crown of the plant slightly covered, being careful not to break off the new shoots in packing soil on roots. A man and a boy can set 1,000 plants per day in this way, after the ground is prepared, with the loss of a very few plants. Red sorts can be set the same way with rows from 6 to 8 feet apart, except Shaffers.

STRAWBERRIES

AROMA

Aroma was originated in Kansas, is a very good medium to late berry. 25 cts. per 12, 60 cts. per 100, 84 per 1,000.

AFTON

Afton is very good, medium, dark-red, profitable. 25 cts. per 12; 60 cts per 100, 83 per 1,000.

ALTON, P.

Alton, seedling of Crescent and Beder Wood, is medium; very productive and good 25 cts. per 12; 60 per 100; 83.50 per 1,000

BRANDYWINE, S.

Brandywine is a standard medium to late, productive and large berry. 32 per 12 75 cts. per hundred; 84 per 1,000.

WM BETT, S.

Wm. Bett has vigorous, strong fruit, large, plentiful and profitable. 50 cts. per 12; 81 per 100; 85 per 1,000.

BELL LONG, S.

Bell Long is a large, firm, quite productive, medium late and good berry. 25 cts per 12, 60 cts per 100.

BUBACH, P.

Bubach is cultivated extensively for large showy berries. 30 cts per 12; 8.75 per 100.

BISSELL, P.

Bissel is an early, large, productive, quite firm, and standard berry. 25 per 12; 60 per 100.

BEVERLY, S.

Beverly is one of the good old standard sort. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

BRUNETT

Brunett as a fine flavored berry are not excelled by any. 40 cts per 12; \$1 a 100.

BANQUET

Banquet is another highly flavored sort. 40 cts per 12; 75 cts. per 100.

CLYDE, S.

Clyde is another good thing from Kansas. Is large, early, bright scarlet and productive. Is one of the best. 35 cts per 12; 75 per 100; \$5 per 1,000.

CYCLONE

Cyclone is the parent of Clydes' Early. Strong, healthy grower. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100; \$3 per 1,000.

COLUMBIAN, S.

Columbian is a good early to medium, large, bright, showy berry. 35 per 12; 75 100; \$5 per 1,000.

COBDEN QUEEN, P.

Cobden Queen is a seedling of the Wilson. Is large, firm, a great shipper and one of the best. 75 cts per 12; \$3 per 100.

COBDEN KING

Cobden King is healthy strong and productive. Is another good one. 75 c per 12 \$3 per 100.

CRUSES NO. 9, S.

Cruses No. 9 was originated in Kansas. Is medium to large and a good all around berry. 40 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

CRESENT, P.

Crescent runs small to last pickings. 25 cts per 12; 50 cts per 100.

DAYTON, S.

Dayton ripens with Crescent. A good many better ones. 25 cts per 12; 50 cts per 100.

ENHANCE, S.

Enhance is a medium to late, very productive, ought to be classed as an everbearing. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

EUREKA, P.

Eureka is late, large, quite rough in texture and a productive berry. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

EDGAR QUEEN P,

Edgar Queen is another good all around berry of the medium, large and desirable sort. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

BARTON'S ECLIPSE P

Barton's Eclipse is quite large and productive. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

ELLEANOR, S.

Elleanor is another good early sort. 32 cts per 12; 75 cts per 300.

EFFIE MAY, S.

Effie May originated with me. Ripens with the Crescent but it is larger. 50 cts

per 12: \$1 per 100.

ENORMUS, P.

The Enormous is a large, fair flavored, firm and quite productive berry. 35 cts. per 12; \$1 per 100.

EPPING, P.

Epping is medium in size, a good grower and moderately productive. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

FAR WEST

Far West had ought to have been kept west. To far east. With me was hard to establish. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

FOUNTAIN, S.

Fountain is all that was ever claimed for it by Mr. Barnett the originator. One of the very best. 50 cts per 12; \$1 per 100.

GARDNER, P.

Gardner is a good one from Iowa and no mistake. It has come to stay. 55 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

GANDY, P.

Gandy is an old well-tested late sort, moderately productive. 25 per 12; 60 cts per 100.

GERTRUDE, S.

Gertrude originated with me, is large, firm, of good flavor and one of the standards. 50 cts per 12; \$1 per 100.

GREENVILLE, P.

Greenville is recommended by some, others do better for me. Is not firm enough. 25 cts per 12; 60 per 100.

GLEN MARY

Glen Mary is highly praised and has borne some very fine berries of fine appearance and flavor. 60 cts per 12.

GOV. HOARD, S.

Gov. Hoard, there are worse ones. 25 cts per 12, 60 cts per 100

GREAT PACIFIC, P.

Great Pacific is a large improvement over the Crescent. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

GOV. FIFER

Gov. Fifer is very large in plant and berry. Moderately productive. \$1 per 12.

HAVERLAND, P.

Haverland is another of the old well tested good variety, and is very profitable for near market. 25 cts per 12; 50 cts per 100; \$3 per 1,000.

IDEAL, S.

Ideal is good in flavor, color, shape, size and are quite attractive. 35 cts per 12; \$1 per 100; \$5 per 1000.

IOWA BEAUTY

Iowa Beauty is not the worst one. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

ISABELLA, S.

Isabella is a good strong growing plant, fruit medium to large, inclined not to ripen all over in cloudy weather. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

KINGSWORTH, S.

Kingsworth which was sent out in 1897 with flying colors has done well for me. 50

cts per 12; \$1 per 100.

KYLE

Kyle. A great many plants not true to name have been sent out, be sure and get the genuine which are good. 40 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

LADY THOMPSON

Lady Thompson will rank as a good one. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

LOVETTS, S.

Lovetts like the above has come to stay. 25 cts per 12; 60 per 100; \$3 per 1,000.

MARGARET

Margaret, one of the prize takers is not yet generally known but will yeild double the amount of Crawford, it's parent. \$1 per 12.

MILTON, S.

First plants of the Milton were sold in the spring of '97 is strong, healthy plant, fruit firm, dark red productive, and was originated on my place. 60 cts per 12; \$2.50 per 100.

MAXWELL

Maxwell is another A1 all around good berry from Iowa and has come to stay. 35 cts per 12; \$1 per 100.

NICK OHMER, NEW S.

Originated by Mr. John F. Beaver, who is conceded to be the most successful amatuer fruit grower in Ohio. Named after Mr. N. Ohmer, ex-president of the Ohio State Horticultural Society.

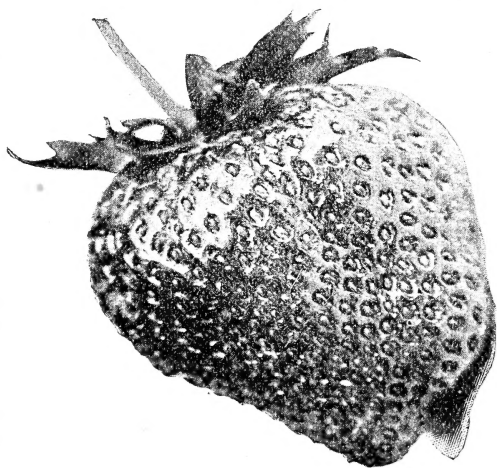
After watching the Nick Ohmer three years, and hearing how it has behaved wherever I sent it for trial, never having received one unfavorable report on it. I am confident that it is one of the most desireable, if not the best ever sent out. There is no other in the market, or in sight, that I would plant with as much confidence. If restricted to a single variety it would be my first choice without a moment's hesitation.

The plant is very large and stocky, sending out plenty of very strong runners. It is probably not surpassed in healthy, vigorous growth and great productiveness by any variety. It has perfect blossom. The fruit is of the very largest size, a giant among strawberries. It never misshapens. Its only departure from the regular roundish, conical form is when, under high culture, it is somewhat triangular. It is dark glossy red, firm and of excellent favor.

M. CRAWFORD, Cuyahogo Falls, Ohio.

Dayton, Ohio, July 6, 1897.

I am very glad to say that the Nick Ohmer strawberry has again proved itself superior to any I have on the place, and I have seventy varieties producing fruit this year. It made a fine show last year but was still better this year and leads any variety I have ever grown. The first berry ripening on a cluster is inclined to be a little uneven but not misshapen, and might be taken for a different berry from the other. It



is of the best quality and averages quite large to the last picking. The fruit is firm and is produced in abundance, there being from one to five clusters on plants set about August 10th, 1896.

John F. Beaver.

Dayton, Ohio, July 30, 1897.

The Nick Ohmer strawberry behaved very handsomely this, as well as in former years, producing an abundance of immense berries of a very superior quality. Mr. John F. Beaver honored me greatly by giving it the name that he did.

N. Ohmer.

Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 18, 1896.

The Nick Ohmer is undoubtedly the largest and best shaped strawberry of all new varieties. Having a perfect bloom and being a valuable variety for marketing, it is certainly a wonderful strawberry. The plant is simply wonderful.

J. P. Ohmer.

Dayton, Ohio, Aug., 14, 1897.

The Nick Ohmer strawberry is all that has been claimed for it. It is a vigorous grower, free from rust, very large plant and produces in abundance extra large berries of good shape, good flavor and good color.

J. P. Ohmer.

Northampton, Mass., July 31, 1897.

I did not get well rooted plants of the Nick Ohmer last season till quite late, but I made the best of them and they have produced wonderfully fine berries this summer. They were extra large and every one perfect in form. I am satisfied that it will prove to be a valuable, long-bearing variety but I want to try it another year before fully reporting.

E. C. Davis.

\$2 per 12; \$10.00 per 100.

NOBLE, S.

Noble is rightly named in plant and fruit. 35 cts per 12, 75 cts per 100.

OHIO CENTENNIAL, S.

Ohio Centennial made a great record the past season with me. 25 cts per 12; 50 cts per 100.

ORIOLE. P.

Oriole is better in plant than in fruit with me. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

PLOW CITY, S.

Still at the head of the list for quantity, quality, dollars and cents. \$1 per 12; \$6 per 100; \$50 per 1000.

In the year 1884 I sowed seed of Sharpless and Atlantic, and quite a number of seedlings was the result. In 1886 my attention was called to a cluster of plants among the rest, quite late in the season, by the large amount of fruit, the large size and fine color. I at once made preparation to give them a fair chance. By cultivating the plants that bore the fruit, five in number was the result in the spring of 1887. I had by selection thirty-eight plants, extra strong ones and at least as many more that I left in the bed. In setting out the plants they all did well in three different localities and in different soil. Some of the plants set out in 1887 bore a full crop of fine berries the past hot and dry season of 1894, and could be seen standing for 1895 strong and healthy, having a stool of twelve to fourteen inches across. The plants are large and robust, and of a bright green color, and have never in the eight years shown any sign of blight, rust or defect of any kind, and have never failed to bear an enormous crop of the finest and largest berries raised on my place. The Plow City is in bearing late to very late, the season extending from June 15 to July 25. It has strong tall fruit stalks.

Eight boxes were sent to the World's Fair, each box containing respectively 12, 13, 14, 14, 15, 16 and 17 berries in Hallock quart boxes. One plant sent at the same time which was one year old has 192 perfect berries and blossoms. For reference I would mention W. C. Wilson, or J. W. Warr, editor of Practical Age who have picked sample berries that measured $11\frac{1}{2}$ inches in circumference.

I will say of the 227 varieties that have fruited with me, and many thousand seedlings in the past 18 years, that the Plow City simply leads them all.

Please note the testimony of the different growers on the same subject, also that of Prof. E. S. Goff, Wisconsin experiment Station, Madison, Wis.; Mr. John Little of Granton, Ont.; or Mr. Beder Wood, of Moline, who have had large experience in raising fine seedlings.

The following description of the Plow City strawberry is from Mr. W. C. Wilson of South Moline:

The Plow City eclipses any thing I ever saw in the way of strawberries. Its special points of merit are; first, size; second, symmetry, being even in size with a few rough berries; third, color, being of an even, uniform color, with no green tips or hard cores; fourth, flavor, being much better than the average berry; fifth, firmness, would rank it with the Jessie in this locality; sixth season, being of the latest, or rather, one of the longest seasons of any berry I ever saw. Mr Stone for several years has had these berries, fine large ones at that, in the market long after all other growers were out of the market. Seventh, yield, my standard of comparison is the Warfield, Crescent or the Lovett, and I actually believe that the Plow City in 1893 would have doubled the yield of any of them at their best.

The Plow City still heads the list for profit with me as a late berry, or a long season sort. It has no equal up to date. The past season has clearly proven the superior over all others on my place. A piece of land 84x72 feet on yellow clay soil set to Plow City four years ago bore and was picked the past season $72\frac{1}{2}$ 24-quart crates of the finest berries marketed in Moline at \$3 to \$3.50 per crate. You may readily see the point of excellence in the Plow City as the greatest vitality of any strawberry known, often bearing a large crop on spring set plants, if not prevented, and still bear abundant crops four or five years on same plants. I still have more faith in the Plow City than any of my spring and fall settings of 1896, 70 per cent was of Plow City. I generally try all new comers or nearly so. I have a trial bed for the coming season of over one acre comprising 90 varieties. Of these 30 are the latest introductions of 1895 and 1896; some 28 are standards so-called, and the remaining 32 are new seedlings not put on the market yet, but for testing some of the latter are from the earliest to the very latest. I will tell more about these 32 new comers in 1898, as I have spent considerable time in the last 2 or 3 years in perfecting fine crosses of the very best large, early and late varieties of recent introduction. I feel assured that some of these will prove themselves worthy of a place on the list.

South Moline, Ill., Jan., 20, 1897

Having yearly visited the Fairview Fruit Farm, C. C. Stone, prop., during the strawberry season, and as a competing grower of Mr. Stone, prepared to criticize, and the subject of former criticism present itself. I wish to say that I can in no way contradict what I have previously said of the Plow City and Gertrude Strawberries. The Plow City in every point of excellence has maintained itself at the head of this market. In fact it occupies a position owing to its size, quality and lateness prevents any competition with it.

W. C. Wilson.

We have visited Mr. Stone's place during the years named and endorse every statement made by Mr. Wilson. H. E. Biggs, proprietor Prospect Park restaurant; M. J. McEniry, ex-post master; J. W. Warr, editor Practical Age; Beder Wood;

Frank B. Suman, police station; Chas. Henderson, fruit grower and Victor Henderson, fruit grower.

PARKER'S EARL, S.

Parker's Earl is a good one for moist, rich land, visa versa, has more fruit than plants. 35 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

PRINCETON CHIEF, P.

Princeton Chief like Michell's has more plants than fruit. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

PRINCESS, P.

Princess produces fine fruit on fine land. 25 cts per 13; 60 cts per 100.

PATRICK

Patrick was introduced as the largest early berry in the world, has done well for me. \$1 per 12.

PHILLIPS

Phillips has done its duty the past season, there are worse ones. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts 100.

RIO, S.

Rio is a very good early variety. 35 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

ROBISON, S.

Robison is a big improvement over Crescent. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

SEAFORD

Seaford came out 1897 highly endorsed by eastern authority as being far better than Bubach No. 5., the plants faultless with me. 75 cts per 12.

SPLENDID, S.

Splendid is a very good reliable sort, more so than the man that introduced it, 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100; \$3.50 per 1000.

SUNNYSIDE, P.

Sunnyside, another very good medium to late sort. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100; \$3.50 per 1000.

SNOWBALL,

Snowball, not the worst plant or berry. 35 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

SHUCKLESS, S.

Shuckless, a good one for a lazy woman. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

SATISFACTION, S.

Satisfaction, seedling of Wilson, fruit medium to large, good grower, productive. 30 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100; \$4. per 1000.

SHERMAN, S.

Sherman, very large, one of the best, on good moist soil for a large attractive berry. 35 cts per 12; \$1. per 100.

SAUNDERS

Saunders did splendid the past season, often green on the point. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

TRIMBELL

Timbrell, one of the has been, not now, or ever was on ordinary culture. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

VANDEMAN, S.

Vandeman, very fair, a good many better ones. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

WARFIELD, P.

Warfield, a fine variety but must have moisture, no good in dry seasons. 25 cts per 12; 60 cts per 100.

WESLEY, P.

Wesley, a very productive, medium size variety. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100

WATSON, S

Watson, seedling of Crescent but profitable. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

WESTON, P.

Weston, a fair variety for general culture. 35 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100.

NO. 16, 17.

No 16 and 17, seedlings of Crescent and Haverland fertilized with Beder Wood are quite large and productive. 50 cts per 12; \$1 per 100.

NO 79.

No 79., this variety sold for the first time spring 1897 from this place has broken its former record the past season, a really good one. 50 cts per 12; \$2. a 100; \$10. a 1000.

NO. 49,

No 49, seedling of Manchester, fertilized by Capt. Jack, large, ripens with Crescent, perfect blossom, very productive, firm and good flavor. 50 cts per 12; \$2 per 100.

NO. 130.

No. 130, a new candidate, seedling of Greenville, fertilized by Jessie Strong, healthy foliage, color dark green, fruit large and plentiful, color dark red, flavor good combines the good points of both parents, I shall let a reasonable amount of plants go in spring of 1898 at \$2 per 12; \$10 per 100. A Klondyke.

REFERENCES; -C. F. Hemmenway, Cashier First National Bank; J. S. Gilmore, Cashier Moline National Bank; George Stephens, Moline Plow Co.; J. Swanson & Co., Grocers, Moline; Holmgren Anderson & Co., Grocers, Moline; Dr. J. W. Stewart, Moline, and Beder Wood, Moline,

RASPBERRIES.

RED, PURPLE AND BLACK.

FRENCH EVERBEARING

French Everbearing, this is truly everbearing, of large attractive fine flavored berry, hardy with me, will be a great acquisition in moderate climate, succors freely, bears a fine crop the entire season. \$1 per 12; \$5 per 100.

FIRST AND BEST

First and Best, from California I think, will be all that was claimed for it, a rampant grower, fruit average size, good flavor, and bright scarlet, ripens in June, succors moderately. Suckers, \$1 per 12.

COLUMBIAN

Columbian, the strongest grower, hardy and very productive, very fine for canning or evaporating, ought to be in every collection, tips strong. \$1. per 12; \$10. a 100.

LOUDON

Loudon, has done splendid with me the past season, better color, just as productive and more hardy than that grand old sort Cuthbert, has come to stay. Suckers \$1.00 per 12; \$5.00 per 100.

MILLER

Miller, do not pass this grand early sort by, hardy and productive with a very long fruiting season, is of the firmest most attractive of all that was claimed for it. Suckers, 50 cts per 12; \$1.50 per 100; \$10. per 1000.

SCHAFERS

Shafers, another good large purple sort, very productive, one of the best for canning, propagates from tips. 50 cts per 12; \$1. per 100; \$8. per 1000.

MUSKINGUM

Muskingum, also purple, quite large, most hardy variety of all, very productive and profitable, one of the best of this class, propagates from tips 50 cts per 12; \$1. per 100; \$9. per 1000.

CUTHBERT

Cuthbert, one of the best old sort where winters are not so severe. Suckers 25 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100; \$5. per 1000.

TURNER

Turner has been a standard as a hardy early sort, to soft, will be superceded by Miller. Suckers 25 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100; \$5. per 1000.

MALBORE

Malbore, very large, quite early, needs moist rich soil, fruit quite starchy. Suckers 40 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100; \$6. per 1000.

BRANDYWINE

Brandywine, equal to any in hardiness, very firm and attractive, one of the very latest. Suckers 25 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100; \$5. per 1000.

PRIDE OF KENT

Pride of Kent, strong, robust grower, fruit larger than Cuthbert, less elongated, quite firm, good flavor, very productive, succors less than others, one of the best. \$1. per 12.

THOMSONS

Thomsons, prolific, quite early, fair size of bright color seems to be hardy, quite productive. Suckers 25 cts per 12; 75 cts per 100,

GOLDEN QUEEN

Golden Queen, seedling of Cuthbert, bright yellow, hardier than Cuthbert, very productive, excellent flavor, ought to be in every collection. Suckers 40 cts per 12; 80 cts per 100.

YELLOW SPICE

Yellow Spice, a very hardy strong grower, wood and fruit a bright golden yellow one of the most productive, tips same as black cap sorts. \$1. per 12.; \$5. per 100.

PALMER

Palmer, very early, medium size, very hardy, very productive, good flavor and firm. 75 cts per 100; \$4.50 per 1000.

EUREKA

Eureka is a very good early sort, ripens soon after Palmer. Fruit is medium to large, very productive and one of the best. 50 cts per 12; \$1.50 per 100; \$ 2 per 1000.

KANSAS

Kansas is a standard, fine, large, glossy black; ripens two days after Palmer or with Eureka. Is another good one and no mistake. 75 cts per 100; \$5 per 1,000.

OLDER

Older is very large, very hardy fruit, redish black, small seeds, great one for canning very productive, hardiest of all. 75 cts per 100; \$5 per 1,000.

GREGG

Gregg is an old favorite, late sort, well-known as a great market berry, will have some rivals the coming season in Munger and Lawrence. 75 cts per 100; \$5 per 1,000

MUNGER

Munger was introduced as the largest late sort yet out. My stock of this from the introducer, bush strong and stocky, large leaves, fruit often $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch across. Supposed to be a seedling of Shafers or Gregg, being as late or later than Gregg and nearly double the size. 75 cts per 12; \$3.50 per 100; \$30 per 1000.

LAWRENCE

Lawrence originated with A. A. Griesa, of Lawrence, Kansas. I purchased my stock of plants of him at \$5 per dozen spring of '96, Strong, stocky, free from any defect, fruit quite large, glossy black, flavor the best, very productive, quite an acquisition, season late to very late. 75 cts per 12; \$3 per 100.

BLACKBERRIES

SNYDER

Snyder is an old reliable variety which needs no description as it is one of the best. \$1 per 100; \$7 per 1,000.

STONE'S HARDY

Stone's Hardy was originated in Wisconsin and is one of the hardiest of all. Extends the crop 10 days after Snyder, very profitable as a market berry. \$1 per 100; \$7 per 1000.

TAYLORS

Taylors is a very fine sort, fruit long, large and luscious, no hard core, lacks hardness for severe winters. \$1 per 100; \$7 per 1000.

ELDORADO

Eldorado is new, has fruited for me the past season, quite large, early. Seems to be as hardy as Snyder, fruit much larger, will be planted extensively for market. \$1 per 12; \$6 per 100.

MAXWELL'S EARLY

Maxwell's Early does not seem to be hardy, if I have the genuine as it killed to the ground winter of '96. 50 cts per 12; \$2 per 100.

ANCIENT BRITON

Ancient Briton is very stocky, short and jointed with many latterals, very productive, fruit long, large and firm, needs winter protection in Wisconsin, requires moist heavy land or heavy mulching to mature its enormous crop of fruit 60 cts per 12; \$2 per 100.

STONE'S EARLY

Stone's Early, this originated on my place ten years ago, hardy enough for the north, stocky strong grower, fruit as large as Snyder, more round with no hard core, very heavy leaf foliage, and of the most productive sorts in cultivation, ripens earlier than Snyder. \$1. per 12; \$5. per 100.

JORDON

Jordon, said to be hardy, claimed to be larger than Kittiana, ripens early. \$1.50 per 12. post-paid.

CURRENTS AND GOOSEBERRIES

CURRENTS.

WILDER

Wilder is larger than Cherry and is more productive, less acid and one of the most profitable in cultivation. 15 cts each; \$1 per 12; \$15 per 100.

POMONA

Pomona, like the above is a great improvement over Cherry or Fayes, is more productive, equal in size, less acid, smaller seeds, hard to decide which is the best Pomona or Wilder. 20 cts each; \$2 per 12; \$15 per 100.

FAYES

Fayes is strong, stocky bush, fruit good size bunches, long quite productive, good there is no better. 15 cts each; \$1.25 per 12; \$8 per 100.

CHERRY

Cherry is an old reliable sort, fruit large and handsome, strong, robust grower 10 cts each; \$1.25 per 12; \$7 per 100.

WHITE

White, grape currant, large bush, large in fruit but much sweeter than any other variety, bunches large and long, very productive, earlier than red sorts, best of all the whites. 10 cts each; \$1. per 12; \$8. per 100.

GOOSEBERRIES

PEARL

Pearl, originated in Canada, fruit size of Downing, more transparent, good flavor, very productive, one of the best. 25 cts each, \$2 per 12; \$15. per 100.

SMITH'S IMPROVED

Smiths Improved, very large, dark green, fine flavor, very productive, free from mildew, one of the best. 15 cts each; \$1.25 per 12; \$8.00 per 100.

DOWNING

Downing, strong, hardy, upright grower, fruit medium to large, free from mildew very productive, valuable for market. Ten cents each; \$1 per 12; \$8 per 100.

HOUGHTON

Houghton, very hardy, annual bearer of medium sized fruit, very profitable market sort. 75 cts per 12; \$6 per 100.

NEW AND VALUABLE POTATOES

RED OAK

Red Oak, seedling of White Peach Blow, large to very large, often weighing two pounds, never hollow, blush and white markings cover the skin making it a desirable color, lightish red. Flesh white, meal and good when baked or boiled, eyes rather deep, about the same as parent, originated with me 1891, vines stocky and strong, entirely covering the ground, season late, always free from scab, rust or blight, this variety is always ahead in yield, will vouch for 800 bushels per acre on good land. \$2.00 per peck; \$3.00 per $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel.

EARLY MICHIGAN

Early Michigan, 9 days earlier than Early Ohio, originated in Michigan and introduced by Mr. Hamond in spring 1896, yield with me at Moline in 1896, from two

pounds seed cut to one eye to hill, planted between raspberries 7 feet apart, 299 pounds. Quality unsurpassed and the handsomest potato without exception I have ever raised. Prose Tuber grown 1896 in Michigan weighing one pound 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ ounces, order early quantity limited, first time spring 1897 this great potato was ever offered. Peck \$1. $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$2; Bushel \$3.

PEERLESS JUNIOR

Peerless Junior, another valuable second early potato from western New York is a hybrid of the Peerless and Snowflake, yields like old Peerless with the eating qualities of the renowned Snowflake, form round to oblong, large size and russet white skin, blight proof ripens with common No. 1, grows all large tubers and absolutely no small ones, 150 pounds were raised from one pound of seed last year, my stock is fine. Peck 50 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$1.00; bushel \$2.00.

CARMAN NO. 3

Carman No. 3 the most popular and extensively advertised potato that has been introduced in several years. Claims for No. 3 are as follows:

1. It is the handsomest large potato ever produced. 2. It will out yield any other potato whatever. 3. Practically ever potato is of marketable size,. 4. Its table qualities are fully up to the highest standard. It has no hollow hearts and no dark parts.

Carman No. 3 will soon be the most popular on account of its enormous productiveness and great beauty. In 1895 the yeild was 565 bushel per acre. Genuine seed, Peck 75 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$1.50; bushel \$2.00. —C. C. STONE.

FLAGILE

The Flagile Potato is a very fine medium to late potato, it has a rugged healthy vine. Tubers regular fair size, russet white color of skin. Originated in Monroe County, Ohio. It is a good yeilder, but rather staggling in hill quality. Not equaled by many. A limited quantity. 1 pound 25 cents prepaid; 3 lbs. 60 cts; \$2 per peck.

ROSE NO. 9.

Rose No 9, is the best late red grown. In shape long to oblong; color red eyes not far from the surface size, vines luxuriant, have never been blighted and medium late in ripening. 550 bushel per acre. Do not forget this great prize. Price No. 9, peck \$1; half bushel \$2.

HONEOYE ROSE

Honeoye Rose is a great novelty for 1898. A rose potato was never offered that had such ancestry as this seedling of Victor Rose. Yield is the main thing 400 bushel per acre field. Usually large uniform tubers, shallow eyes. Superior to the old Early Rose. Prices peck \$1; half bushel \$2.

MONEYMAKER

Moneymaker this rightly named potato has a robust vine free from scab or blight, It resists the drouth, and very productive. Large nice salable tubers, there being very few small ones, say 5 per cent of them. It is a genuine good potato or one of the best all around for profit up to date. Prices for 1898 peck \$1; half bushel \$2.

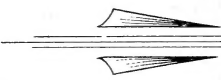
CAUTION

Beware of spurious and bogus Plow City Strawberry plants as there are more growers quoting them at unreasonable prices, than ever received plants. Be sure to get the genuine and you will never regret it.

C. C. Stone, Originator

Box 1270, Moline, Ill

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S. C. BUFF LEGHORNS

Scoring 93½, 92½, 92, 91½, and 90½.

A LIMITED NUMBER 

of settings of eggs from this fine pen of birds that are buff to skin and not a white feather in them for only

\$2.00 PER SETTING



J. H. BRUMBAUGH

Moline, Illinois.

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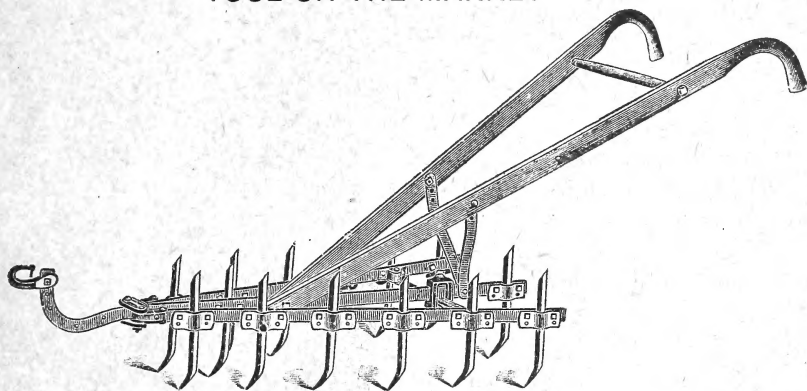
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1216 THIRD AVENUE

MOLINE, ILLINOIS.

THE FOSTER HARROW

THE BEST STRAWBERRY
TOOL ON THE MARKET



This cut represents the most complete and perfect harrow on the market, combining as it does a field cultivator, garden harrow and pulverizer. It is so arranged that one end is the cultivator and pulverizer while the other end is the harrow. By a very simple device the slant of the teeth can be changed so that the tool can be made a perfect smoothing harrow. It has 14 $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{8}$ diamond teeth drawn to a cutting edge on one end. Prices: plain without wheel, \$2.50; plain with wheel, \$3.00; plain with wheel and spread lever, \$3.50.

Shipped any place on receipt of price. Order quick and address

C. C. Stone, Agent

Moline, Illinois.

