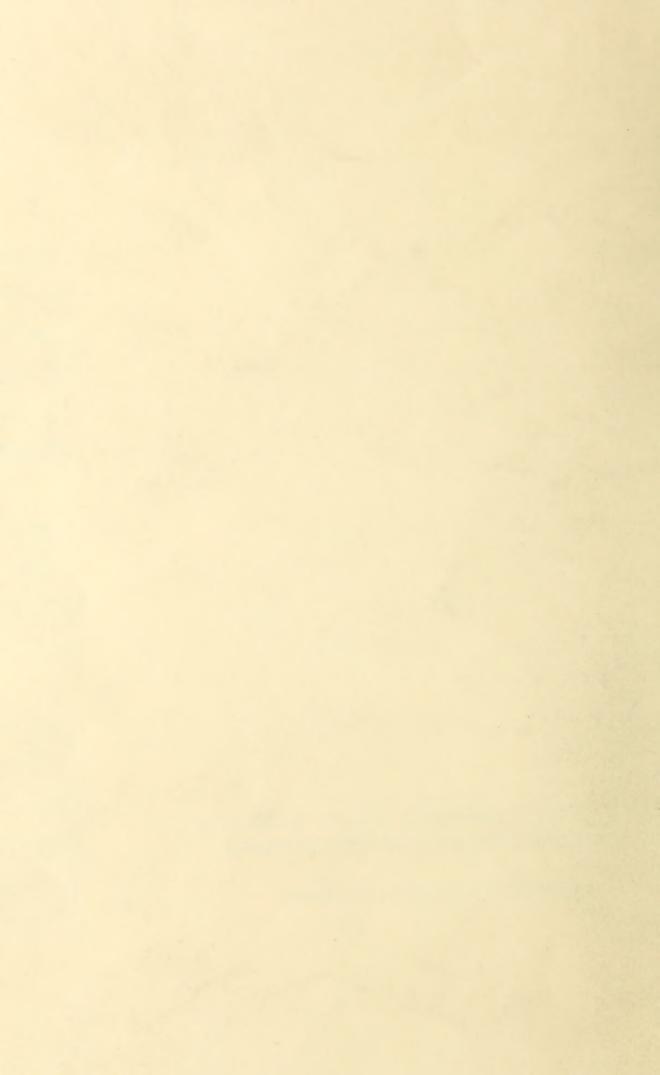
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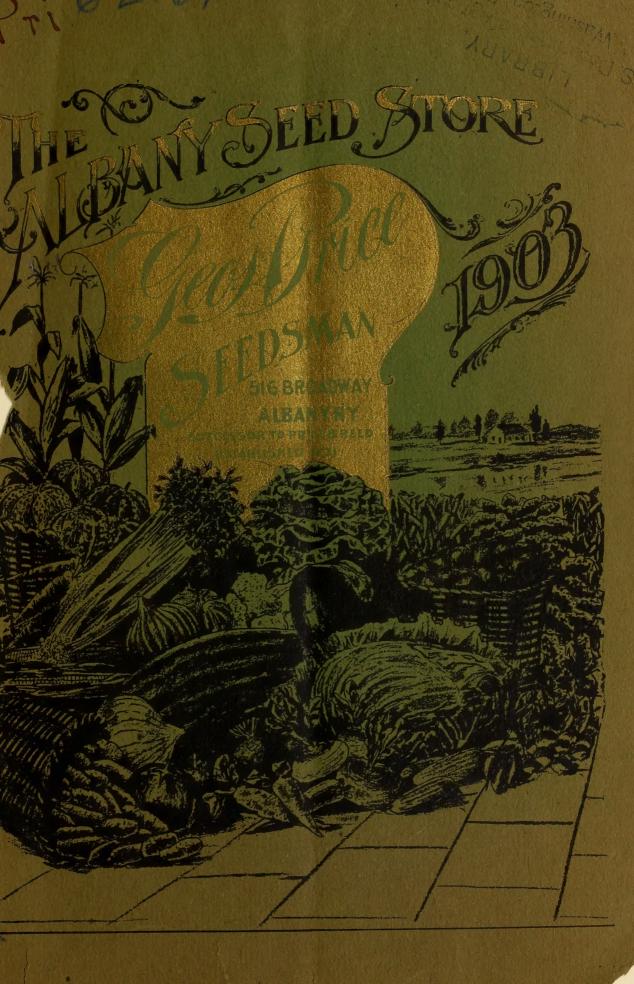


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72ND YEAR OF

THE ALBANY SEED STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1831.

ANNUAL CATALOGUE

OF

PRICE & REED,

GEO. H. PRICE, Successor.

IMPORTERS, GROWERS AND DEALERS IN

Fine Flower, Uegetable & Field



ALSO DEALERS IN

Horticultural and Agricultural Implements

516 and 518 Broadway, 31 and 33 James Street,

ALBANY, N. Y.

1903.

⇒ 1831-1903 **≪**

72nd Year of the Albany Seed Store.

TO CUSTOMERS.

WING to the unfavorable conditions of last season, the excessive rains and the cold backward spring, all varieties of seeds are very scarce, especially Peas, Beans, Squash and Melon, these are almost a failure; Cucumber is a total failure. Carrot, Pepper, Corn and Potatoes were not half a crop; on these varieties the prices are higher, but considering the scarcity and quality, very low, therefore, it will be well to order early as prices are liable to advance. The seeds I offer are of the very best sorts and strains to be obtained. I use the greatest care to keep the stock first-class in every way, and can confidently assert that none better can be had.

I thank you for your patronage during the past 35 years and trust for a continuance of the same this season.

How to Order.—In writing out your order, do it as plainly as possible, and be sure to sign your name distinctly, giving post-office address, county and State, in full, and also express office, for many times it is better to send by express than by mail. Each year we have orders we cannot fill because they are unsigned. Make your order out as soon as possible. It will be an advantage to you and a favor to us.

How to Remit.—Send money by post-office or express money order, registered letter or draft. We guarantee the safe arrival of money sent in this way. Postage stamps received as cash when

notes are not obtainable, or to make proper change. (Two-cent stamps preferred.)

We Pay the Postage to all parts of the United States on the seeds mentioned in this Catalogue in packets, ounces and pounds, without adding anything to the list price, except where specially noted.

Remember, the Mail and Express bring Our Store to Your Door.

It costs no more to buy of us from a distance than if you came into our store and purchased seed over our counter.

Please observe that though we prepay the postage on seeds, as above stated, we make no addition to our Catalogue price to cover this outlay. Peas, Beans, Sweet and Field Corn, when ordered by mail, five cents per pint and ten cents per quart must be added to the price list for one-half the postage, and for Onion Sets eight cents per quart, and for Bird Seed fourteen cents

we fill Orders Promptly.—We aim to fill orders and dispatch them immediately after receipt, unless some special cause prevents, in which case acknowledgment is made and explanation given. Where no shipping instructions are given, we send by the best route we know of. Packages too large to send by mail we shall send either by express or freight. We fill an order for ten cents' worth of seed with the same promptness and care as one for fifty dollars. We guarantee the safe arrival of all packages.

We Test.—All our seeds are thoroughly tested before we sell them, in a most careful manner, and only those that grow well do we send out. This, in connection with our system of having to do only with the best stocks and carefully watching the crops, affords ourselves and customers the

best protection possible.

My long experience for the past 35 years in the growing, selecting and improving of stocks

enables me to supply customers with seeds that cannot be surpassed.

We do not warrant seed, because, as is well known, so many causes may, and often do, prevent the best seeds from growing and producing crops, from no fault in the seeds. We, therefore, in common with all other reliable seedmen, wish it distinctly understood that, while we exercise very great care to have all seed pure and reliable, we sell no seeds with warranty, express or implied, in any respect, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the seeds on these terms they must be returned at once, and the money that has been paid for the same will be refunded.

Novelties in Flower Seeds Megetable Seeds of Merit.

Chrysanthemum Segetum Helois. This is a novelty originating from the Chrysanthemum Morning Star, and produces flowers of a pure golden yellow, of splendid appearance, measuring often from 3 to 4 inches across, and are of great durability, bad weather having very little effect on them, the petals remaining firmly extended either in rain or sunshine, making it fine for cutting. Per packet, 30 cents.

Viola Cornuta Rosea. This new variety presents a distinct contrast to the older kinds, the flowers being of a delicate lilac rose, and are borne continuously in great abundance from spring until late in Autumn. Per packet, 20 cents.

Antirrhinum Majus Peloriu. A curious new snapdragon, with regular shaped five lobed and five spurred flowers. Probably the forerunner of a new race. The color is dark brownish purple, with white tube and spur. Per packet, 20 cents.

Aster Count Waldersee. A new class of Asters. The plant forms a compact round bush about ten inches high, covered with small senecio-like flowers of delicate rose, edged with white, about an inch in diameter. It is a great bloomer, a plant sometimes bearing 200 to 250 flowers. Excellent for pots and borders. Per packet, 25 cents.

Bellis Perennis Flore Pleno Maxima Ranunculæflora. A new race of Daisies, resembling in shape a small Ranunculus. The flowers are of a bright Blood Red on pure White Ground, very early and free blooming. Per packet, 20 cents.

Calliopsis Hybrida Superba. Very distinct from the existing varieties of Coreopsis. It is of a neat and regular habit, with great variety of coloring in all shades of yellow, orange, brown, salmon, carmine and terra cotta. Grows from 12 to 16 inches high and is adapted both for bedding and pot culture. Per packet, 20 cents.

Dianthus Plumarius Nanus Fl. Pl. A new race of dwarf sweet-scented Pinks, 14 days earlier than any other variety. Grows about 12 inches high, very hardy and with a great variety of colors, most of the flowers being double. Very useful pot plant. Per packet, 25 cents.

Glaucium Flavum Tricolor. A new hardy Horned Poppy from Asia Minor, growing about 2 feet high. A long and free bloomer, with grey green leaves and large brilliant orange flowers, spotted black and yellow. Per packet, 20 cents.

Inula Royleana. A splendid perennial species from Himalayas, about 3 feet high, bearing large yellow flowers, with narrow curled ray petals. The buds are coal black. Per packet, 25 cents.

Reseda Odorata Grandiflora Aurea Cristata. A new and curious form of Mignonette, in which the flower-spikes assume almost the shape of a cockscomb, color of blooms, a fine yellow. Per packet, 25 cents.

Semple's Late-Flowering Branching Aster. Superior to any other class of late-flowering branching Asters. The flowers are large, 4 inches across, very double, of purest colors, and borne on long stems. Begin blooming about the first of September and continue until frost; grow about 18 inches to 2 feet high. Mixed colors, per packet, 10 cents.

Morning Glory - Imperial Japanese. A class of Morning Glories from Japan. The flowers are of exclusive beauty in form and coloring, and of enormous size, often 5 ounce, 15 cents.

or 6 inches in diameter; are easily cultivated, and grow rapidly about 30 feet high; colors vary from white, rose, crimson, carmine, blue and purple, some being mottled, striped, penciled and bordered in great diversity; foliage is often prettily variegated. Per packet, 10 cents.

Crimson Giant Turnip Radish. This new Radish differs from all the other varieties, as it attains more than double the size of other forcing sorts without getting pithy or hollow. The ordinary varieties, like Non Plus Ultra and Scarlet Globe, grow from 2 to 3 inches in circumference, and weigh about \$\ddot\{\partial}\] ounce. When they have passed this size they get pithy and hollow. The new Crimson Giant develops Radishes of 6 to 7 inches in circumference, and over an ounce in weight, the pure white flesh remaining firm and crisp and of mild flavor. Notwithstanding the extraordinary size and weight of the bulbs, there is none better for a forcing variety. In shape it is from round to oval, of a beautiful deep crimson color, with firm, tender, mild, white flesh. Per packet, 10 cents.

Tomato — New Earliana. The earliest of all Tomatoes; of large uniform size and shape; beautiful red color; very productive and solid. Per packet, 15 cents; per ½ ounce, 40 cents; per ounce, 75 cents.

Price's New 1900 Sweet Corn. It has a very large ear set well down on the stalk, which is of medium height, stout and strong. The kernel is large, plump, white, sweet and tender. It is very early and a first-class family or market variety. Per packet, 10 cents; per quart, 25 cents.

Potato, Dunham's Surprise. A new valuable early variety, both for market or family use. It is of vigorous growth, producing large, strong tops very early in the season, which shade the ground and help prevent injury from drouth. It has a white russet skin, flesh white and cooks floury, being a fine eater even when half grown. It is very early, very prolific, and of large, uniform size. Per peck, \$1.00; per bush., \$3.00.

Price's Danish Beauty Cauliflower. A large, solid, white-headed variety; sure to head and early. Per packet, 25 cents; per ounce, \$5.00.

Price's American Breakfast Muskmelon. A fine, new sort, with thick golden-yellow flesh; good-sized, fine-flavored, finely-netted skin; a fine sort and worth a trial, Per packet, 10 cents; per ounce, 15 cents.

Early Market Cabbage. An extra early variety, forming a good head early in the season. Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 35 cents.

Heat-Resisting Lettuce. A good summer variety, standing the heat well. Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 20 cents.

Price's Albany Market Radish. Of a beautiful rose color, running into white half-way down; good-sized, medium long. Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 10 cents.

Price & Reed's Long-Keeping Celery. It has large, solid stalks of fine texture, crisp, brittle and tender, a very fine keeper, remaining in good condition longer than most any other sort. Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 35 cents.

Paul Rose Muskmelon. This fine, new red-fleshed melon is very sweet and high-flavored, combining the good qualities of the netted Gem and Osage, from which it originated. Skin finely netted, flesh red and very thick; finegrained with small seed cavity. Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 15 cents.

EGETABLE SEEDS.



ARTICHOKE.

CULTURE. The seed should be planted about the beginning of May, in open ground, highly enriched with plenty of well-rotted cow manure, and kept clear of weeds. Water frequently if the weather is dry. Seedlings should be set in rows 3 feet apart each way.

Pr pkt Pr oz \$0 10 \$0 30

ASPARAGUS.

Sow the seed in the Spring as early as the ground will permit, in rows 1 foot apart. Soak the seed twenty-four hours in warm water. Cover about 1½ inches, and press the earth down by treading or rolling, Carefully hoe and keep free from weeds. When two years old transplant to permanent beds, no base being required. Plow or dig the ground 9 or 10 inches deep. Set in rows 12 inches apart and 15 inches between the rows. Top-dress the bed with 3 inches of old well-rotten, pulverized manure. Every Autumn the stalks should be rolled down, and in the Spring top-dressed with old, rotten manure, and sprinkle the bed well with salt. Never use a fork on the bed, as it injures the crown. Should not be cut until the plants are three years old, and then as near the surface as possible.

	Pr pkt	Pro	z Pr	16
Conover's Colossal				
Palmetto. Fine variety		1		70
Barr's Mammoth. Large and fine		1	0	60
Donald's Elmira		1	0	70
Columbian Mammoth. White		1	0	70
	Per 1	00 F	er 1,0	000
Asparagus Roots. Conover's; two years	- \$1	00	\$6	00
Palmetto, two years		00	6	50
Barr's Mammoth, two years		00	7	00
Donald's Elmira, two years	. 1	00	7	50
Columbian Mammoth, White, two years	. 1	00	7	50



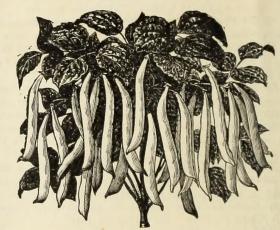
YELLOW SIX WEEKS BEANS.

DWARF or SNAP BEANS.

Plant about the middle of May in a warm, dry spot, in drills an incl deep and 2 ft. apart, 2 in. apart in the drills, and cultivate when not wet Keep hoed and kill the weeds. For succession, plant every two weeks

By mail, add 10 cents per quart. See page 2.

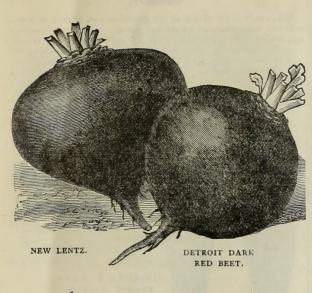
Packets of each variety, 10 cents; where quarts are 20 cents, pints are 13 cents.



DAVIS KIDNEY WAX BEANS.

GREEN POD

GILLELI, 102.		
	Prqt	
Broad Windsor. English variety	. \$0 30	
EXTENTINE, the earli	-	
age of all green enan hears ready to Dick 35 or 40 days	5	
from planting. Dwarf vine, pods smooth, round and pro-	•	1 25
ductive		1 40
EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE. Having all the qualities of the well-known Refugee; 10 days earlier		
great yielder; sure to produce a crop.	25	1 25
Refugee, or, 1000 to 1. Very productive; best for		
Dicking	. 20	1 25
YELLOW SIX WEEKS LONG. Early and pro-		
ductive: one of the best green sorts	. 23	1 25
Early Mohawk. Early and productive	25	1 25
China, or Red Eye. An old favorite	25	1 25
DWARF HORTICULTURAL. A bush variety	0.5	
of the Horticultural Pole Bean		1 50
Goddard's Favorite. Pods yellow splashed with red.	25	1 50
HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA. A dwarf variety		
of the Lima Bean. Grows without the aid of poles in a compact bush form, about 18 inches high and produces		
large crops. Two weeks earlier than any of the Limas	30	1 80
THE PRINTERS THE TANKA. The true type of the		
large White I ima of very dwarf growth; beans as large		
as the large White Lima; very fine flavor and a good	35	2 00
white Marrow. Good for baking		1 00
White Marrow. Good for baking	20	1 00
White Kidney. A capital shell	20	1 00

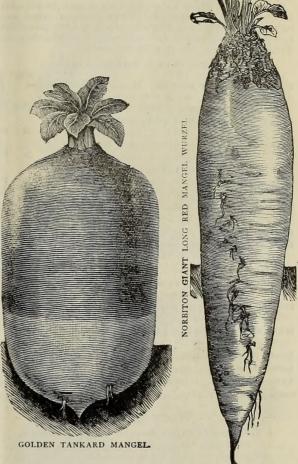




CARROT.



EGYPTIAN TURNIP BEET.



BEANS - YELLOW POD.

Pr	qt !	Pr	pk
DAVIS KIDNEY WAX. Stand up well from the ground, and very productive. It is absolutely rustless.			
ground, and very productive. It is absolutely rustless. Pods are handsome, large and of a beautiful waxy yellow. It is the earliest of all the wax sorts; white seeds	30	\$2	00
Valentine Wax. A very early true wax sort, pods are	00	φο	00
meaty, stringless and well filled	30	2	00
der, delicious and productive. No string	30	2	00
IMPROVED PROLIFIC BLACK WAX. An			
improved strain of the old Black Wax; much earlier	30	2	00
curries rust proof wax. A fine variety, early. Pods flat and straight, of a fine golden waxy color			
said to be perfectly rust proof	30	2	00
JONES' STRINGLESS WAX. Pods large and thick; tender, fine	30	2	00
GOLDEN WAX. Tender, delicious, early. No string.		2	
IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. Handsomest and			
large. The pods are straight, long and thicker than the Golden Wax and said to be rust proof	30	2	00
GOLDEN EYE WAX. The vines grow well up from			
the ground It is very productive; the pods are flat, larger and earlier than the Golden Wax; almost rust proof	30	2	00
WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX. Early, long,			
flat, wax pods; free from rust, very hardy, early and pro- ductive, one of the finest wax sorts	30	2	00
Refugee Wax. It is a perfect refugee, with wax pods			
that are long, round and golden yellow color	33	2	00
Flageolet Wax. Early variety; pods long, yellow, succulent and tender	30	2	00
Yosemite Mammoth Wax. It has immense solid			
pods ten to twelve inches long, and the thickness of a man's finger; of a rich golden color; stringless and tender	40	2	50
man o migor , or a rior Borden color , stringless and tender	10	-	30
BROCCOLI.			

Sow in shallow drills in Spring, in good rich soil. When four inches high plant out two feet apart each way, and cultivate same as Cauli-

no troit	D-	pkt	D-		
Early Purple Cape.		\$0 10			
	Late variety	10		30	

POLE or RUNNING BEANS.

Pole beans do best in sandy loam, enriched with short manure in the hills, which range from three and one-half to four feet apart, with five or six beans planted eye downward in each hill one inch deep. If warm and dry, plant about the tenth of May for an early crop; and for the general crop a little later.

general crop a little later.		
Packets of each variety, 10 cents. Pr	qt 1	Pr pk
Horticultural or Speckled Cranberry. Good as a snap, capital, dry	30	\$1 70
German Wax or Butter Pole. Carital snap, no string, a standard sort	30	1 75
Early Golden Cluster Wax. Very productive, large, golden-yellow fleshy pods, fine flavor, good as shell or string	20	2 00
Extra Early Jersey Lima. The beans of this variety	30	2 00
are large and flat in shape, of a greenish white and mature very early. The vines are vigorous in growth, bearing protusely large broad pods in clusters of four, with six		
beans in a pod.	30	1 80
SEIBERT'S EARLY LIMA. The earliest true Lima. The vine is productive, hardy and vigorous, and		
the pods large and thin, easily opened. The green beans are large, tender and succulent, a very fine sort	30	2 00
PREER'S IMPROVED LIMA. Sometimes called Potato Lima. Matures early; a large yielder and of fine	90	0.00
flavor	30	2 00
King of the Garden Lima. A very vigorous grower; setting their pods, which measures from five to eight inches long, early at the bottom of the pole; very		
prolific and fine eating quality	30	2 00
LARGE WHITE LIMA. The most delicious shell bean, green or dry. In planting be careful to place the		
eye downward	30	1 80
White Dutch Runner. Productive; good for baking and boiling; often called the Butter Bean.	30	2 00
Scarlet Runner. Productive and ornamental	30	
Painted Lady. Good for eating and ornamental	30	

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Sow same as cabbage,	through May, and transplant in July.
Improved Dwarf.	Pr pkt Pr oz \$0 05 \$0 20

to PROV

BEET.

Sow in drills 14 to 16 inches apart, 1 inch deep, in light, rich soil, sandy loam being preferable, well manured with decomposed compost carefully worked in. For an early supply, sow as soon as the ground can be worked; about the middle of May for general crop. When the plants are 3 inches high thin out to about 6 inches apart.

Packages of each variety, 5 cents. Per oz Per lb EARLY LENTZ. In shape resembles the

EXTRA EARLY LENTZ. In shape resembles the			
Turnip Beet. It is fully as early as the Egyptian, but		0.00	-
longer and of better quality. Flesh of a dark blood red.	50 1	0 \$0	70
EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN TURNIP. The			
earliest in cultivation. Deep red, very fine	1	0	60
CROSBY EGYPTIAN, EXTRA EARLY. A			
fine strain of Egyptian Beet, early, small top	1	0	80
EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE. Early as Egyptian,			
but larger, of a carmine color, of extra fine quality	1	.0	70
Extra Early Bassano. Flesh white, with pink	1	.0	50
Arlington Blood Turnip. An early dark-leaved			
dark-blood variety; very sweet; follows the Eclipse	1	0	75
Albani. Early, deep red	1	0	70
DETROIT DARK RED TURNIP. (Columbia.)			
Fine shape, deep blood red, smooth	1	0	70
EXCELSIOR. Dark red	1	0	70
EDMUND'S BLOOD TURNIP. A handsome round			
shape, of a deep red color, medium size, fine grain.	1	0	60
Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip. Deep red,			
of fine form and flavor	1	10	60
			00
BASTIAN'S BLOOD TURNIP. Early, firm and good flavor, fine form	1	0	50
Early Blood Turnip.			
		10	60
Long Blood. Good Winter variety	1	10	50
Yellow Turnip. Flesh yellow; early	1	10	60
Swiss Chard. For Greens	1	10	75

STOCK BEETS.

A Reduction in Prices Made for Large Quantities.

In view of the sugar industry, now proved to be a success in New York State, we list the four following varieties of Sugar Beets, which the department at Washington and New York State experimental station have decided are the best kinds adapted for producing sugar in this locality.

K	LEIN WANZELBEN. A variey which is used
	extensively in Germany and France. It contains a good
	percentage of sugar and will do better on poorer soils
	than the other varieties, being a little hardier and growing
	to a good size

LANE'S	IMPERIAL	WHITE	SUGAR.	An
improved	variety, grows to	a large size,	very prolific,	fine
for stock,	has a large percer	itage of suga	r	

Vilmorin's	Imperial	Sugar.	Prolific,	retains	its
sugar a long t	ime				
White Suga	r. Exclusiv	elv grown	for sugar	and exc	el-

AA MINEC !	3 44 100		ENCI	asivery	STOWN	101 3	ugai anu	CHCCI
lent for	stock	C						
Long R	ed	Wan	oel	Wnr	zel. A	large	e. long va	riety .

grows	well	out	of gr	ound	1			
Carter	s M	lan	mo	th I	Long	Red	Mangel	Wur-
rol	Thie	ie a	fina	etock	of I	ong Per	d growe to	an im-

WURZEL. Excellent, growing well out of ground, with a small top, very large, of fine grain and an enormous yielder. This is the best long variety and the one to sow.

GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL WURZEL.

A valuable variety, of fine	form and swee	t flavor; color, a
bright yellow		
Vellow Globe Mange	Wurzel.	Roots of large

size and of g	globular fori	11		
Warden's	Orange	Globe	Mangel	Wurzel.
A deals well-	www. wlobo of 1	anna stan	many and discount	*1 ma

A dark yellow globe of large size, very productive...... Red Globe Maugel Wurzel

CARROT.

Sow as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked, in a rich light soil, well manured with old fine manure and thoroughly worked very deep. Fresh stable manure is likely to make them fork and branch. Land that was heavily manured the previous season is the best. Plant in rows fourteen inches apart in the garden, but from twenty to twenty-two inches in the field, and thin plants to five or six inches in the rows, hoeing often between them, just enough to kill the weeds, otherwise the roots tend to branch or fork. For general crops sow during May.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Proz Prlb

10

	Extra Early French		
	Short Horn. For		
	forcing, the earliest vari-		
	ety, roots small and fine		
	flavor	0 10 0	st 20
	navor	0 10 4	pr +o
	Early Horn. Early		
	variety and much used		
	for feeding milch cows;		
	also used for the table	10	80
	Chantenay. A pro-		
	ductive stump-root vari-		
	etv	10	1 00
	OXHEART (or Gue-		
	rande). It is an inter-		
医 建	mediate between Dan-		
	vers and Short Horn,		
	producing on good land		
	carrots from four to six		
1 1 1	inches in diameter, and		
1	compares favorably in		
DANVERS LONG ORANG	E bulk of crop to other		
CARROT. CARROT.	varieties	10	1 00
Intermediate. It is in size	between the half long and		
the long orange varieties. T			
and smooth. Tops small; color		10	80
		10	00
HALF-LONG DANVERS			
way between the Long Orange	e and the Short Horn class,		
Color, dark orange; smooth an	id handsome, very thick and		
will produce a larger bulk with	h small length of roots than		
any variety grown		10	8

CHICORY.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. An improved

variety; roots of a darker color; the standard.....

Long White Belgian. Good for feeding.....

A substitute for coffee and much used for mixing with it. Cultivate like carrot. When dug, cut into squares of sixths, lengthwise, and string to dry. Roast and grind like coffee.

Pr pkt Pr oz

cory \$0.05 \$0.20 COLLARDS.

Sow like cabbage, soon as the weather permits. Pr pkt Pr oz Collards \$0.05 \$0.15

CHERVIL. Cultivate like parsley. The young leaves are used for flavoring.

Sow thickly in shallow drills every two or three weeks for salad; can be cut three or four times. Water Cress requires a stream of water, in which it will grow without care, execpt at first keeping the weeds from interfering with it.

		T a laure	A 61 1010	A 4 410
	CURLED OF PEPPER GRASS	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 70
u	Broad Leaved	O.F.	0 10	
	True Water	40	40	4 00

CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS.

Sow in drills a quarter of an inch deep and six inches apart, the latter part of August, or in September. Tread in the seed *lightly* if the weather is dry. Keep free from weeds and cover thinly with straw or leaves just before Winter.

Prpkt Proz Prlb
Corn Salad \$0.05 \$0.10 \$0.60

40

35

35

35

35

30



P. & K. LARGE BRISTOL CABBAGE.

CABBAGE.

Early varieties should be sown in hot-beds during February and March, transplanted into very richly manured ground about the middle of April. The ground should be loosened and worked up thoroughly to grow large and good heads. Hoe often to kill weeds, and draw earth up o the stems. For later crops sow in shallow drills (four to six inches apart), in April or May. To keep off the "fly," soot, wood ashes, lime and tobacco dust, or any or all, should be used freely, very early in the morning; one day's neglect may spoil the plants: Set during the month of June. in rich ground three feet apart.

the month of June, in rich ground three feet apart.	Ser ai	uring
Packets of each variety, 5 cents.		
Elevier Towner Wolfe fold (Turn) Verm sorby for	Pr oz	Pr lb
Early Jersey Wakefield. (True). Very early; fine cone-shaped	\$0 30	\$3 50
Large Jersey Wakefield. A large strain of Wake-		
field, but a little later	30	3 50
HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER. (True).	25	2 50
Very early; heads solid and compact; fine early variety— Winningstadt. (Cone-shaped). Second early————	20	2 00
Fottler's Brunswick. Early, large and compact; a	20	2 00
standard Summer and Fall variety	20	2 50
PRICE & REED'S PREMIUM DRUMHEAD.		
A large, fine, round-heading variety, with firm, solid, com- pact heads of the finest quality. It gives a larger propor-		
tion of perfect heads than any other variety; one of the		
best large sorts	30	3 50
P. & K. LARGE BRISTOL. Somewhat similar to		
the Flat Dutch, in color much darker; very sure to head; growing to a large size and compactly, an excellent keeper.		
It is grown almost exclusively in this vicinity on account	-	
of its shipping qualities. Growers should try this	30	3 50
DANISH BALL HEAD. Hard, solid, round heads; a good marketable size, fine grained and a fine keeper;		
carrying well until early spring	30	3 00
Newark Early Flat Dutch. An early Summer		
variety; heads large and compact	25	2 75
SUCCESSION (Henderson's). Produces heads about a week later than the Early Summer, but double		
their size and sure heading qualities.	25	3 00
SURE HEAD. Produces heads resembling Flat Dutch:	,	
uniform shape, hard, firm and of fine texture; has few loose leaves. Sure to head, keeps well and is good for		
shipping.	25	2 75
ALL SEASONS. An early Drumhead variety, produc-	~~	
ing large solid hard heads weighing sixteen to twenty		
pounds, very early in the season. It is of fine quality, sweet and tender. Good for early or Winter.	25	3 00
VANDERGAW QUICK GROWING FLAT	20	• ••
DUTCH. Forms large, solid heads early of fine quality		
and very sure to form heads	25	3 00
The Lupton. A good solid, dark green, uniform heading variety; fine grained, large heads, strong constitution;		
medium to late; a good keeper	25	3 00
Large Late American Drumbead. A standard		
variety for Fall and Winter	20	2 00
PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH. A standerd variety	20	2 25
Bristol Flat Dutch. Large, late	25	3 00
Autumn King: Very large, solid heads, very productive and a good keeper. Small outer leaves	25	3 00
World Beater. Large, late, solid variety, productive.	25	3 00
Perfection Drumhead Savoy. Best curled kind	25	3 00
Red Dutch. For Pickling	25	3 00



ALL SEASONS CABBAGE.



P. & R. SELECTED SNOWBALL CAULIFLOWER.



SURE HEAD CABBAGE.



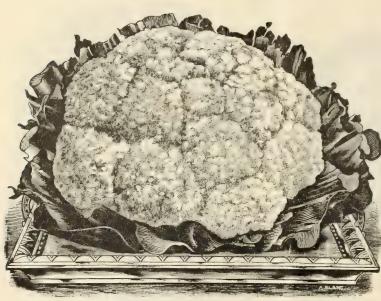
IMPROVED WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

Sorker A large, solid, red variety...

ERFURT LARGE RED DRUMHEAD. Large and solid; fine for pickling; best of all the red varieties....

30 3 50

25 3 00





EXTRA EARLY SELECTED DWARF ERFURT CAULIFLOWER.

OXHEART CARROTS.

Pr lb

\$3 50

40 5 50

\$ 30

25 3 00

20 2 50

25 3 50

40

CAULIFLOWER.

Should be sown in hot-beds in February, transplanted into another frame in the latter part of March, and in May planted out in rows 3 feet apart, 2 feet between plants. Any good cabbage soil will grow cauliflower, as their requirements are almost similar. If the weather is dry, water freely. The large leaves should be broken down over the flower head as they appear, to keep the sun and rain from injuring them.

Prpkt Proz Price's Danish Beauty. A large, solid white head, very early, of compact growth, and a sure header. \$0.25 \$5.00 EXTRA EARLY SELECTED DWARF ERFURT. Finest strain. The earliest of all; very sure to head; dwarf growing, large, white compact head, the best early variety. 25.500

Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt. Fine popular strain... 20 3 50 20 2 50 Early Dwarf Erfurt. Good heading qualities.... **SNOWBALL.** (Selected.) A very early variety, with firm, white heads and good heading qualities..... 20 3 00 NONPAREIL. fine; late; good for general crops



CELERY.

Should be sown very early in the spring, in open ground or in the hotbed. When 3 inches high, transplant 4 inches apart into a rich, finely pulverized soil. If the weather is dry, press the earth well around the roots. Water and protect till well rooted; shear off tops once or twice to make them stocky, then transplant into rows 3 or 5 feet apart, in well manured shallow trenches, or on the surface, setting the plants 6 inches apart. To blanch, draw the earth around the plants.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.	Pr	0.7
Selected White Plume. A half dwarf variety, very		02
crisp, tender. Inner leaves and heart white. To blanch,		
close the stalks and draw the soil up, using great care not		
to get the earth in the center or heart of the stalk, as it will		
tend to keep it from making a perfect head. It should not		
be handled when wet with dew or rain, as it will cause it		
to rust. It is a fine variety for early use, as it stands the		
heat of Summer better than most sorts	\$0	25
GOLDEN SELF-BLEACHING. Is of dwarf, com-		
pact growth, with very stocky, vigorous, straight stalks.		

pact growth, with very stocky, vigorous, straight stalks. The ribs are solid, crisp, tender and of good flavor. It is a strong grower, and like the White Plume, requires very little labor to blanch. With hardly any banking or covering up, the outer ribs become a yellowish white and the center a rich, golden yellow. It is also a good keeper...

PRICE & REED'S LONG KEEPING. Has large, solid stalk, of fine texture, crisp, brittle and tender, and is a fine keeper, remaining in good condition longer than any sorts

than any sorts 35

DWARF WHITE GOLDEN HEART. A half-dwarf variety; when bleached the heart is large and full; of a golden, waxy yellow; early, solid and of fine flavor, a splendid keeper; a good Winter sort.

PERFECTION HEARTWELL. A fine, large Winter variety, heart of golden yellow, and of superior applies. 25 2 50 quality.....

Giant Pascal. A selection from Golden Self-Bleaching, but much larger and a better keeper; height, 2 feet; stalks broad, crisp, thick and stringless; easily bleached....... 20 2 50

Broad Ribbed Kalamazoo. A half-dwarf variety, attaining a large size, stiff and close habit, solid and fine flavored, ribs very broad, thickly and closely set; a good keeper. Schumacher. Large, safe, solid and crisp; golden yellow

Crawford's Half Dwarf. Of medium growth, very large heart; solid, crisp; of fine flavor..... 2 50 Pink Plume. A pink variety; fine flavor..... 25 2 50 Boston Market. A branching dwarf variety; tender. 25 2 50 Glant White Solid. Grows to a large size; stalks white and crisp..... 20 2 00

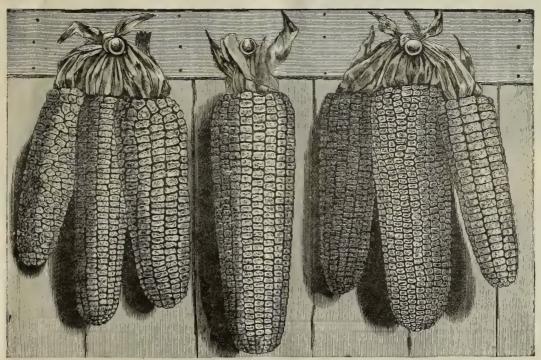
Celeriae, Turnip Rooted Giant Prague. The root of this is eaten..... 25 3 00 Celery Seed. For soup and pickles..... 10

CELERY PLANTS.

(See Vegetable Plants, Page 23.)

Plant about the middle of May or as soon as the ground is dry (if planted too early, corn is apt to rot; the late varieties are more liable to rot than the early ones), in hills 3 feet apart each way; 7 or 8 kernels in a hill; hoe often and draw up the soil to the stems; thin to 4 stalks and break off side shoots. Use plenty of old, fine manure. For succession, plant every 2 or 3 weeks until the last of July.

Packets of each variety, 10 cents. Pints 10, and 13 cents. By mail add 10 cents per quart for Postage



CORY.

PERFECTION. CHAMPION. COLOSSAL.

PEE & KAY. MAMMOTH.

ECLIPSE.

OUR SWEET CORNS.

PRICE'S NEW 1900 SWEET CORN. Originated and introduced by me in the year 1900. It has a very large ear set well down on the stalk, which are of medium height, stout and strong; the kernel is large, plump, white, sweet and tender. It is very early, a first-class family or market-garden corn. Per qt 25; Pk \$1.25

PRICE & REED'S EXTRA EARLY COLOSSAL. Originated and introduced by me in 1894. A fine, large, extra-early sort, ears set well down, stalk 5 feet high, good and strong. Kernel large, plump, white and sweet, ears large as the Champion and a week earlier. It is the earliest of all large sweet corns. Pr qt 25; Pr bu \$1.50.

PRICE & REED'S CHAMPION. Originated and introduced by us in 1887. This corn is one of the earliest large corns ever introduced, sweet and tender. Pr qt 20; Pr bu \$1.60.

PRICE & REED'S ECLIPSE. Introduced by us in 1891. A very early variety. It has a medium-sized ear, with white cob and plump kernels; medium-sized stalk. Pr qt 20; Pr bu \$4.50.

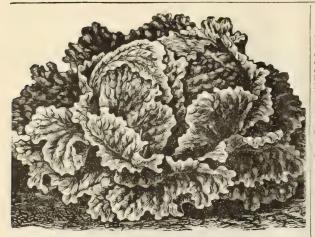
PRICE & REED'S PERFECTION. Originated and introduced by us in 1888. This variety is a large, early sort, ears plump and 12-rowed, growing on stout, strong stalks about 6 feet high. It is early and prolific, with large, white, sweet and tender kernels. The cob is white, long and thick. A fine market and table variety. It is well worthy a trial. Pr qt 20; Pr bu \$4.00.

PRICE & KNICKERBOCKER'S EARLY PEE-AND-KAY. Originated and introduced by us in 1884. Is very early, only a few days behind the early sorts, with a large ear. The stalk grows 6 feet high, with 2 or 3 ears on a stalk. Ears 8 to 10-rowed, long and large. Kernels large, white, sweet and tender. Good for family, market, garden and canners' use. Pr qt 20; Pr bu \$4.00.

PRICE & KNICKERBOCKER'S EXPRA EARLY TOY THUMB. Originated and introduced by us in 1874. It is an 8-rowed sort; kernels large, white, and being of dwarf habit can be planted 3 feet high; ear large for so early a variety. A splendid yielder, having 2 or 3 ears on a stalk and being of dwarf habit can be planted 3 feet apart each wa

_
ASPINWALL. A large early sort, fine large ears \$0
Burbank Early Maine. A very early variety,
medium-sized ears, white cob and kernels
Stabler's Early. Early variety and with good-sized
ears, for an early sort, sweet and tender
sized ears
Early Vermont. Early, white cob, medium-size ears
EARLY CORY. Very early, ears of good size and
handsome. A good variety and the earliest of the red cob
WHITE CORY. Same variety as above, with white
cob and kernel; it is very early and a good variety
NEW MAMMOTH WHITE CORY, A large
12-rowed variety of White Cory, early as either the red
or white variety Early Minnesota. Ears 8-rowed and white, fair size
and sweet
EARLY CROSBY. A fine early variety. Height
about 3 feet; ears 10 to 16 rows, short and plump, kernels,
good size, tender and sweet. Moore's Early Concord A large dwarf variety,
producing large ears; 12 to 16-rowed, tender and sweet.
Shaker's Early. An early variety, with good-sized ears
Ne Plus Ultra (or Shoe Peg). Tender and sweet;
long, white kernels, small cob
country Gentleman. Ears good size, kernel irregular, deep, white and sweet, resembling the Ne Plus
Trib.

et ap	oar	t ea	ich way, and will produce more saleable ears per acre than t	iny	oth er	
r qt 1	Pr \$4	bu 50	Perry's Hybrid. An early sort with good-sized ears, Pr twelve-rowed; growing only from four to five feet high; kernels white, large and sweet		Pr bu	
20	4	00	Early eight-rowed Sugar. Early, ears good size,	ŵU .	\$4 00	
			kernels large, straight in the row and white; a fine variety	20	4 00	
20	4	00	Black Mexican Sugar. A medium early, growing			
20	4	00	tall in the stalk; ears eight-rowed, being white in a greer state, and turning black as it becomes old; tender and sweet	20	4 00	
		00	Asylum. A productive sweet corn, and a good market	200	3 00	
			variety. Ears twelve to sixteen-rowed	20	4 00	
20	A	00	Roslyn's Hybrid. Large; late variety	20	4 00	
40	**	00	Early Mammoth. A very large, medium early, fit for			
20	4	00	use about ten days ahead of the Mammoth, with a large	20	4 60	
			MAMMOTH. One of the best late varieties; stalk good	~0	3 00	
20	4	00	size, ears enormously large, twelve to sixteen-rowed, very			
			tender and sweet, cob white, large and well filled	20	4 (1)	
20	4	00	EARLY EVERGREEN. Earlier than Stowell's	20	4 (.)	
			STOWELL'S EVERGREEN SUGAR. The latest and sweetest variety; stalk growing tall, producing			
20	4	00	from three to five ears, some of which will keep green till			
20	A	00	frost comes; ears handsome, twelve to sixteen-rowed, with			
20		00	a small deep kernel, very tender and sweet, cob medium	20	3 75	
			Soiling or Sweet Corn for Fodder. This is used			
20	4	25	instead of the common white corn, being worth more as			
			feed. It is used for feeding in a green state or cured for fodder in winter, being very nice for cattle, cut and mixed			
26	4	25	with meal		1 50	



P. & K. MAMMOTH HEAD LETTUCE.

FIELD CORN.

BY MAIL, ADD 5 CENTS PINTS, 10 CENTS QUARTS, FOR POSTAGE.

Special price on large lots. Pr	pk :	Pr	bu
Longfellow. An eight-rowed yellow flint sort	_	\$1 1	50
often four on a stalk, well-filled, bright yellow	50	1	50
Early eight-rowed Yellow Canada. Ears small, eight-rowed, kernels smooth, bright yellow, cob small King Philip. Dark yellow flint Dutton. Small kernel, bright yellow Early White Flint. Ears eight-rowed, ten inches long Rural White Flint.	50 50 50 50 50	1 1 1	50 50 50 50 50
Hickory King. Smallest cob, largest grain, and the most valuable white Dent corn in cultivation.	50	1	75
Iowa Gold Mine. Deep grain, small cob and a good- sized, bright yellow ear; earlier than Pride of the North. Large Yellow Flint. Ears long, eight-rowed Leaming. Early Dent variety.	50 50 50	1	75 50 25
Pride of the North. It is an early Dent variety, ripening in ninety days, cob small, good kernel.	50	1	25
Early Mastodon. Very early Dent variety, with large ears and long deep kernel; an immense yielder.	50	1	50
Early Butler. The earliest of all Dent varieties, ripening where any of the flint corns will. White Southern, Market price.	50	1	50
Pon Corn. White Pearl 15 cts. lb., ears			

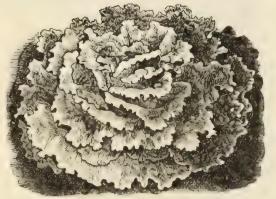
ENDIVE.

Sow from latter part of May to end of July, thinly in drills, and cover slightly. Thin out to eight inches apart when up, and give good watering afterwards, if dry. To blanch, when the leaves are six to eight inches long, gather them together in the hand and tie near the top, or cover with boards; must be done when dry or they will decay. The crop may be taken up carefully (as the winter approaches), with a ball of earth to each plant, and placed closely together in a cellar for use. Keep dry and give plenty of air or they will rot.

Pr pk Pr oz GREEN CURLED. Best and most hardy \$0.5 \\$0.20 WHITE CURLED. Fine but less hardy \$0.5 \\$0.20 Moss Curled. A beautiful curly variety \$0.5 \\$0.20 Broad Leaved. Leaves broad and plain \$0.5 \\$0.20

GARLIC.

Plant the sets in light, rich soil, two inches deep and six inches apart, in rows one foot apart, hoe deeply. When the leaves turn yellow take up the crop. Sets Pr oz., 5 cents; Pr lb., 40 cents.



P. & K. IMPROVED SILESIA LETTUCE.

CUCUMBER.

For main crop, plant the seeds in open ground, as soon as the weather becomes warm and settled, in hills four feet apart, using a shovelful of warm, well-rotted manure to each hill; cover manure with two inches of fine earth, and plant eight or ten seeds in each hill; cover these with one-half inch of soil firmly pressed down. Hoe often, and when out of danger of insects, thin out to three or four plants in a hill. Fruit should be-plucked when large enough, whether required for use or not, for if left on the vines it destroys their productiveness.

tere on the vines it destroys their productiveness.			
Packets of each variety, 5 cents.	Pr	oz	Pr lb
Early Russian. Earliest. Grows in paire			\$1 40
EARLY GREEN CLUSTER. Early, small and	φυ	10	ψx -80
Drickly: very Drodlictive, growing in chiefore		10	1 40
Green Prolific. Productive. Fine flavor and crisp		10	1 50
Extra Early Green Prolific. Ten days earlier		10	1 50
White Wonder. Skin thin, ivory white.		10	1 50
Glant Pera. A large variety, color dark green		10	1 50
IMPROVED WHITE SPINE. A favorite market		10	1 30
sort of medium size, and deep green color; flesh crisp		15	1 75
Peerless White Spine. Fine variety; large and early		15	1 75
ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE. A selection from		10	1 10
White Spine, more pointed at the ends. The young fruit is		15	2 00
very tender; color, dark green; fine pickling sort		10	2 00
EVERGREEN WHITE SPINED. A very pro-			
ductive variety, holding its dark green color much longer			
than other sorts, both before and after being taken from		15	2 00
the vines. Good length and size, straight and handsome.		15	1 50
Bennett's White Spined of fine shape and good color		15	2 00
LONG GREEN. Color, dark green; firm and crisp		10	1 50
Nichols Medlum Green. Productive; medium size.		10	1 50
Everbearing. Small size; enormously productive		10	1 50
Short Green. Productive and good for pickling			
Jersey Pickling. Fine long fruit of good quality		10	1 50
Boston Pickle. Productive; fine for pickling.		10	1 50
West India Gherkin. Small, prickly, pickling only.		15	1 25
English Frame Cucumbers. Price per packet, 25 c	ent	S.	

DANDELION, Large, thick-leavedpr pkt. 10; pr oz. 40

EGG PLANT.

Sow thickly in a hot-bed, and if possible prick out, that they may become stocky. When about four inches high set out, thirty inches apart each way, in good rich soil, when the weather has become warm and

IMPROVED N. Y. PURPLE. Largest and best. \$0 10 \$0 10

KALE or BORECOLE.

The richer the soil the more abundant the crop. Sow from the middle of April to the middle of May in a prepared bed, covering seeds thinly and evenly; transplant in June; and treat in the same manner as cabbage.

50	
	10
	10
	25

KOHL-RABI or TURNIP-ROOTED CABBAGE.

Half way between a turnip and cabbage, partaking of the nature and flavor of both. Sow from April to July; plant and cultivate the same as cabbage. Set out in drills 18 in. apart and 18 in. in the drill.

Early Purple Short Leaved Vienna. Purple.... \$0 10 80 30 Early White Short Leaved Vienna, Flesh White 10 30

LETTUCE.

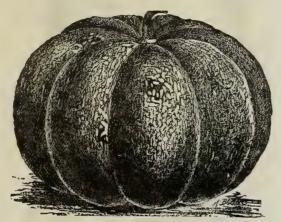
Sow in frames in March, or in the open ground as early as the weather will permit, and transplant in rows one foot apart each way. Sow a month apart for succession. Sow seed thinly, and thin out well to make strong plants. Hoe and keep free from weeds. In October plant in frames to head in Winter and Spring. Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

The state of the s	Q.L.		110
P. & K.'S MAMMOTH HEAD. Introduced by			
us in 18'/6. A fine heading variety, with large, solid, com- pact heads, resembling a cabbage. The outer leaves are			
dark green and the head very white, crist, tender, of			
excellent flavor; early P. & K'S IMPROVED EARLY CURLED	20	\$1	75
P. & K'S IMPROVED EARLY CURLED			
SILESIA. Very curled and tender; fine for early and	-		
general crop; one of the best for market and family use	20	1	70
Denver Market. An early variety, good for either forcing or open ground	20	1	50
Big Boston. Resembles the Boston Market, but larger	20	Y	.,0
and later: crisp and tender, good for forcing or open ground	20	1	75
REACK SEEDED SIMPSON. Lighter in color			
than the ordinary curled Simpson, the leaves being almost			
white. It does not properly form a head, but a compact	O.O.		E0.
mass of leaves. Stands the heat well and attains a large size	20	1	50
resisting the heat and drouth	20	1	75
PRICE'S HEAT RESISTING. Fine summer sort.	20		00
Grand Rapids. Fine for forcing, forms loose head.			
Curled vellowish green leaves. Stands shipping	20	1	50
Boston Market. Compact, white and crisp	20	1	50
Early Curled Simpson. Early variety	20 15	1	
Prize Head. A large curly head, tinged with red	15	î	
All the Year Around. Hardy crisp variety	15	î	
Tonnis Ball. Close, compact and tender	15	ī	25
Roston Curled, One of the best	15	1	
Large Vellow Butter	15	1	
White Paris Cos. Best Cos	20	1	50

LEEK.

Sow as early in the Spring as the season admits, either in seed-bed or places where they are intended to grow. When 4 in. in height thin to 3 in. apart. When from 6 to 8 in. high, transplant to 10 in. apart, leaving those in the drill about 6 in. apart. Set as deep as possible without covering the small center leaves.

	Pri	okt i	Pr oz	Pr lb
BEST	FLAG	10 \$	0 20	\$2 00
Large	Rouen	10	20	2 00
		10	20	2 00
Monsti	rous Carentan. Large and fine	10	25	2 50



IMPROVED DELMONICO MUSKMELON.



P. & K. SURPRISE MUSKMELON.

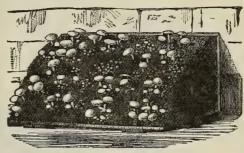


NEW YORK EGG PLANT.

MARTYNIA.

Plant in May, in open ground, 3 feet apart; leave one plant in each hill, or sew in hot-bed and transplant. Pick when the size of the little finger to make nice looking pick'es; for general use, as long as a knife blade will penetrate easily.

For Pickles \$0.05 \% 0.25



MUSHROOM BED.

MUSHROOMS.

Mushrooms may be grown in a cellar or shed, or in beds prepared in the open air, in the same manner as hot-beds. Take fresh horse droppings and mix with about the same weight of loam. Turn and mix every day until the required amount is obtained. When the heap has cooled off to about 90 or 95 degrees make the beds 4 feet wide and 8 inches deep, each layer firmly trodden down. When the temperature has fallen to about 90 degrees put in the spawn, in pieces about the size of a hen's egg, 2 inches deep and 12 inches apart each way; in 10 or 12 days cover with 2 inches of loam and beat firmly down with the spade; cover this with 3 or 4 inches of hay or straw. The temperature should be as nearly uniform as possible, but should range only between the extremes of 50 and 70 degrees.

English (in bricks), per lb., 15c; by mail, 25c.

Pamphlet. How to grow Mushrooms, 10c each.

MUSTARD.

For salad, sow thickly in shallow drills six inches apart, during April and May, pressing the earth well down; cut when about 2 inches high.

 White London. Best for salad
 \$0 10 \ \cdot 0 \ d0

 Black or Brown. For culinary use
 10 40

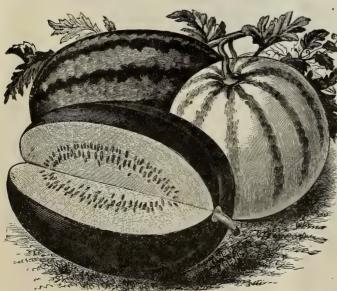
NASTURTIUM.

Sow in drills about an inch deep, in May and June. The tall kind near fences, or where they can climb and have support.

 Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb

 Tall Nasturtium.
 Best for covering trellises, etc., 8 feet.
 \$0 05 \$0 15 \$1 00

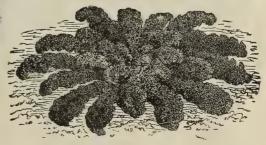
 Dwarf Nasturtium.
 For pickles.
 05
 20 1 25



WATERMELONS—GREEN AND GOLD, PHINNEY'S, AND COLO-RADO PRESERVING.



WHITE CURLED ENDIVE.



DWARF CURLED KALE

15

15

15

15

15

1.5 90

15 1 00

15 1 36

10 1 10

15 91

15 1 30

& /W. * L.

MUSKMELON.

Plant in hills 6 feet apart each way; a dozen seeds in each hill. Thin out to 2 or 3 plants when out of danger of the bugs. Manure well with old, rotten compost A light, dry, sandy soil is the best. Use plenty of tobacco, soot or wood ashes to keep off the bugs. They are very apt to hybridize; the different kinds should be kept far apart.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Proz Pr lb
PRICE AND KNICKERBOCKER'S SURPRISE. Originated and introduced by us in 1876.
(Head-quarters Seed.) Has a thin, cream-colored skin,
thickly netted; flesh is of a deep salmon color, very thick
and of exquisite flavor. It is a good bearer and keeper,
round in shape, resembling the Nutmeg, early; very popular and undoubtedly the best melon in cultivation.

\$0.15 \$1.00 PRICE P. & R. GRANDVIEW. Introduced by us in 1590. (Head-quarters Seed) A variety of great merit. Largely used in the great melon-growing districts about Albany. It is of fine flavor, grows to a good size, thick fleshed, early; good shipping qualities. 20 1 25

Price's American Breakfast. Introduced by me in 1898. Large and round, skin netted, flesh, thick, deep yellow, fine flavor... 20 1 50 Corning's Superb. Medium size, dark skin, thick yel-15 1 25

GOLDEN NETTED GEM. Of medium size and uniform shape. The flesh is thick, light green and of very fine flavor. Skin green ribbed and thickly netted. Very early in ripening, a heavy cropper and solid, keeping well

early in ripening, a heavy crop to 7 days after picking.... PAUL ROSE, or Petoskey. A cross between netted Gem and Osage, skin finely netted, thick salmon colored flesh, very rich, sweet and firm, a long keeper and good

ROCKY FORD. Skin rich greenish yellow with light nettings, flesh deep, light green, ripening clear to rind, with small seed cavity, very sweet and fine flavored, of medium size.

MELROSE. Oval shape, with rich dark green netted skin, flesh light green and very sweet PRINCESS. Nearly round with heavily netted green skin, flesh salmon colored, thick, early, good size, fine flavor.

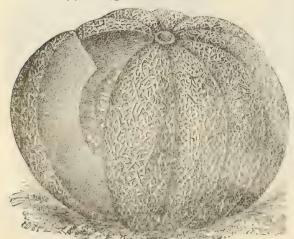
EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. Like the Hackensack, is round in shape, flattened at the ends, skin green and thickly netted, flesh green, rich and of a sugary flavor. It is very early, very productive, producing melons from 4 to 10 lbs.

MILLER'S CREAM. Flesh of a rich salmon color, so thick as to be almost solid; seed cavity very small, and for this reason will remain in good condition for several days without falling or loosening its seeds, as many melons do The rind is very thin and a little netted. The flavor very sweet and delicious, vines strong growing and productive.

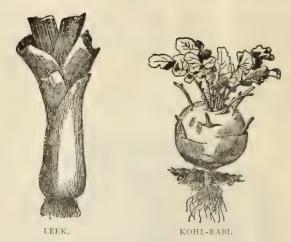
IMPROVED ORANGE CHRISTINA. Green, with yellow flesh and good flavor.

EMERALD GEM. Skin ribbed but perfectly smooth, of a deep emerald green, flesh salmon, thick and of fine flavor; very early and prolific.

Montreal Market. Grows large; round, flattened on both ends, deeply ribbed; green fleshed and thick......



PRICE'S AMERICAN BREAKFAST MUSKMELON.



and on Thurshy True

WATERMELON.

CULTURE. The same as for muskmelon, save the hills should be eight feet apart each way.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents

0	rackets of each variety, 5 cents.		
		Pr oz	Pr lb
	SWEET HEART. Large size, fine quality. Early,		
ő	form oval, color light green, flesh red	\$0 10	30 75
	COLE'S EARLY. Medium size, round kind, thin, dark		
	green striped, flesh dark red, and sweet	10	65
5	WHITE GEM. Small round, light thin skin, red flesh, very sweet	10	85
	GREEN AND GOLD. Said to be the largest in culti-		50
5	vation, and productive. It has a dark skin, very thin rind		
	with a beautiful golden orange flesh. Is sweet, fine flavor.	10	60
	SEMINOLE. Flesh brilliant carmine, very solid and	10	00
3	fine flavor. Rind thin. Productive and of good size	10	60
	HUNGARIAN HONEY. Skin of a handsome medium	10	90
	dark green, flesh of a brilliant red, with a rich, honey-like		
	flavor, absolutely stringless, and has no hard core. Ripens		
0	early, vines strong and healthy	10	60
	MAMMOTH IRON CLAD. Large size, red flesh,		
	striped skin, 5c	10	60
	KOLB'S GEM. Of very fine flavor and an excellent		
	keeper. Attains a weight of from 25 to 50 lbs	10	60
0	Striped Gypsy. Oblong shaped, striped, red flesh	10	60
	Phinney's Early. Deep red, oval, good flavor	10	60
0	MOUNTAINSWEET or ICE CREAM. Oblong,		
	dark green, thin rind, red flesh, solid and sweet	10	60
0	BLACK SPANISH. Large, round, dark-skinned, flesh		
	red and sweet	10	60
0	Colorado Preserving. Productive variety of the		00
	Citron for preserves. Flesh firm, fine grained and solid. CITRON. Used for preserves	10 10	60 60
	Used for preserves	10	00

OKRA OR GUMBO.

Plant in the Spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills 2 feet apart for the dwarf varieties, and 3 for the tall, where the plants are to remain. Thin out to 1 foot apart. Hoe and draw the earth up occasionally to the stems. Manure well, Pods delicious for soup when young.

Prpkt Proz Prlb Long Green. \$0.05 \$0.10 \$0.60 Dwarf. The 10

White Velvet Pods round and smooth, larger than other varieties and produced in abundance 05



DWARF OKRA.

ONIONS.

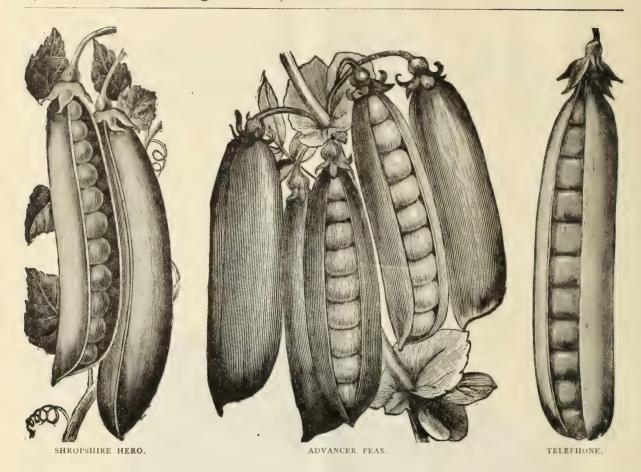
Ontons should be sown thinly in drills, 1 inch deep and 12 to 16 inches apart, in a rich, loamy soil, deeply dug and lightly rolled. It is better to have land that has been used for hoed crops for a year or two, and has been well manured. If the requisite amount of manure is put on all at once it is apt to make the bulbs soft. If manured gradually the land cannot be made too rich. The manure, however, should not be rank, but should be well fermented. Ground bone or superphosphate may be used, but if they are, they should be well applied, partly when the crop is sown and partly as the bulbs begin to form. It is advisable to use a seed drill in planting, first testing the regulator upon a floor to see if it allows the seeds to pass out in proper proportion. From 4 to 6 pounds to the acre is usually sown. If the drill used has no roller, a hand roller should be passed over the ground immediately after sowing. As soon as the onions are up so that the rows can be seen, they should have the first hoeing, just skimming the ground between the rows. After a few days they should be hoed close up to the plants and weeded. This must be done thoroughly. In about two weeks another hoeing and weeding should be given, and in two weeks more still another.



PRICE & REED'S IMPROVED STRAIN OF YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS ONION. THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

All best Quality Eastern	Gro	wn.	Packets of each variety, 5 cents.
	Pr oz \$0 20 20 25	Pr lb \$1 75 1 50 1 80	WHITE PORTUGAL OR SILVER SKIN. Pr or Pr lb Flavor mild. fair size, handsome shape. 20 2 50 WHITE GLOBE. Oval form, white, mild and pleasant flavor; keeps well; a fine variety. 25 2 50 PRIZE TAKER. A large, handsome, Globe onion, of fine shape, and light straw color; has a small neck is
SELECTED YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. A good yielder and keeper Improved Yellow Globe Danvers. Ordinary		1 50	firm and solid, a great yielder and fine keeper 20 2 00 Mammoth Silver King. Grows to a large size, sometimes 5 to 7 inches in diameter; skin and flesh white,
P. & R. IMPROVED YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. (Selected strain of Price & Reed.) Early, a good keeper, round in form and a great yielder 987	20	1 75	keeping variety. 20 2 25 Extra Early White Pearl. A fine early variety.
bushels has been grown from Ilb. of our Improved Yellow Globe Danvers Seed. This is at the rate of 1,485 bu, to the acre. Have had single specimens weighing 13/4lb. each. This is a remarkably fine strain of many years' selection.			onions SETS.—Per Bushel, Market Price.
It does not differ much in shape from the Best Yellow Globe Danvers, but is a sure cropper, and will produce more large sound unions than any variety grown Yellow Dutch. The commoner variety, rather flat	25	3 00	Plant in rows one foot apart, three inches apart in the row, as early as ground is dry enough: can be used in a green state in June, or will ripen off by July. Potato onions may be planted in Fall or Spring; they will survive the Winter.
shaped, good keeper. Southport Yellow Globe. Globular shaped, mild and yields well	15	1 40	Pr qt Pr qt

Price & Reed's Improved Strain of Yellow Globe Danvers Onion. Is the Finest Strain in Cultivation.



PEAS.

Northern Grown, all Hand Picked.

Plant as early as the ground can be worked, in single or double rows from 3 to 4 feet apart, about an inch apart in the row and 3 inches deep. (In summer they should be planted 6 inches deep.) Hoe often. They will mature early in a light, dry soil, especially if manured the previous season, but should not be manured too highly at the time of planting. If they grow too fast, and show no signs of bloom, run a spade down on each side, about 6 inches from the row, and thus root prune them, which will cause them to bloom in a few days. For a succession, plant every two weeks during the season. For early peas the soil should be light, warm and sheltered, but for general crop a moderately heavy soil is better.

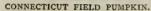
By mail, add 10 cents per quart, 5 cents per pint. See page 2.

* Wrinkled varieties, the best and sweetest, should be planted much thicker, being liable to rot.

Large Packets of each variety, 10 cents; pints 13 cents.

Extra Early.			
	Pr qt I	Pr p	k
PRICE'S EARLIEST. A new extra early variety, with good-sized pods, produced in great abundance, vines medium length			
very early. The market gardeners pronounce these peas to be the best they ever planted	\$0 25	\$1 7	75
PRICE & REED'S EXTRA EARLY. A very early variety, with good pods. Very prolific and ripening evenly.	25	1 7	75
P. & R.'S LIGHTNING. An extra early of great merit. Probably the earliest of all varieties. Vines grow about 2 feet high			
blossom evenly and are covered with good-sized handsome pods. The best sort for market garden and early summer use		1.7	75
MAUD S. One of the first early varieties. Vines grow about 2 feet high. Pods good sized, well filled and ripening evenly		17	75
EARLIEST OF ALL. A very early free-cropping blue pea, of fine flavor, with good-sized, fine-shaped, well-filled pods. It is			
prolific, ripening evenly. Vines grow from 18 to 20 inches high.	. 25	17	75
ALASKA. A very fine flavored and prolific variety. Said to be one of the earliest sorts grown. Good pods and well filled		17	75
KENTISH INVICTA. A very early, free cropping, blue pea, with straight, handsome, well-filled pods, of good size. A great			
yielder, 2½ feet		17	75
GRADUS. A new wrinkled variety, very early, with large, handsome pods. Sweet, tender and a fine family sort	50	3 0	00
* McLEAN'S ADVANCER. A green, wrinkled pea, of fine flavor, very prolific, with good-sized pods, well filled; very			
popular with market gardeners. This is the pea for family use, as it is large, very sweet and early; 21/2 feet.		1.5	50
* HORSFORD'S MARKET GARDEN. A green wrinkled variety, early, very sweet, and a great bearer		1.5	
IMPROVED EXTRA EARLY. A very early free-podding pea, with good-sized, well-filled pods ripening evenly and a			
good cropper: 24 feet	OF	1.7	75
First and Best. Early; good-sized pods, 21/4 feet.		1.7	75
Philadelphia Extra Early. An early sort, 2½ feet		1 6	80
Improved O'Rourke, Early, prolific variety; 2 to 21/2 feet high, covered with good-sized, well-filled pods. It ripens amongst			
the first, and evenly.		1 6	80
+W- 111-12 - 111-12 - 11-12 -	100	- "	-







GUERNSEY PARSNIP.

pk

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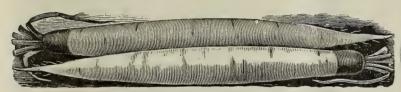
25 · 1 75

20

20



SWEET MOUNTAIN PEPPER.



MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND SALSIFY.



SQUASH PEPPER.



WHITE NORFOLK

PEAS - Continued.

Dwarf Extra Early.

*AMERICAN WONDER. A very early green, wrinkled, dwarf variety, of robust habit and compact growth. It is very productive. The vines grow from 8 to 10 inches high, according to the condition of the soil and season. It is very sweet. at

\$0 30 \$2 25 *Nott's Excelsior. A splendid new dwarf, extra early, wrinkled sort resembling American Wonder and with stronger vines like Premium Gem, but more prolific, goodsized pods, well filled; very sweet, and a first-class pea....

**McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM. A dwarf, green, wrinkled marrow, of splendid flavor, and a great bearer; the peas are very large and sweet; 12 inches

**EXTRA EARLY PREMIUM GEM. A dwarf variety, resembling the Little Gem, growing stronger, with larger pods and more prolific; 12 inches.

**HeroIne. Medium, early wrinkled variety, growing about 1½ feet high, with strong, robust vines; pods large and long with 8 or 9 large peas of fine flavor; a good bearer and fine family sort.

**STRATAGEM. (Improved Stock.) A very fine, prolific, wrinkled marrow, with large, handsome, well-filled pods, growing about 18 inches high. Pods measure 5½ inches long, filled with large, fine flavored, wrinkled peas.

GENERAL CROP.

*ABUNDANCE. A second early, large pods, prolific ...

* PARAGON. A very prolific, large podded, wrinkled variety, growing about 2 feet high. Peas large, 10 to 12 in a pod; very sweet.

SHROPSHIRE HERO. A fine second early, wrinkled sort, with very large, long, handsome, well-filled pods, containing 10 to 12 large fine peas; grows about 3 feet high, great yielder, fine flavor—

PRIDE OF THE MARKET. A strong-growing pea, attaining a height of 18 to 24 inches. It is productive and the pods are very large and very handsome...

*CHAMPION OF ENGLAND. (Improved stock.) One of the best varieties grown; very sweet, tender and a great bearer; 5 feet...

Tall Sugar. Edible pods; same as the Dwarf Sugar, except that they grow tall and are more prolific; 5 feet... BLACK EYED MARROWFAT, (Hand picked.).

Large White Marrowfat .. Canada Field. Market price.

PARSNIPS.

Sow in drilis one-half inch deep and fifteen inches apart. When plants are two or three inches high, thin out to six inches in the row. Hoe frequently. Soil should be rich and deep, well pressed or rolled. Take up what you may need for Winter use and store in cellar; leave the rest in the ground till Spring, where they keep better and become tradeer and appears to the second tradeer. tender and sweet.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents. Proz Prib

PARSLEY.

Sow early in the Spring in drills one foot apart, covering half an inch deep, in a rich soil. Thin plants to 4 inches apart, when 2 inches high. As the seed germinates very slowly, three or four weeks sometimes elapse before it makes its appearance. It is good to soak the seed in luke-warm water before sowing. To preserve in Winter, take out the plant and treat like celery. 25 2 00 25 2 00

Parsley, Packets of each variety, 5 cents. Proz Prlb
 EXTRA DOUBLE CURLED. The best
 \$0 10 \$0 75

 Moss Curled. A fine curled variety
 10 80

 Fern-leaved. Resembling crested fern or moss
 10 75
 25 2 00

PEPPER.

Sow in hot-bed, in seed bed or in open ground in a light, warm soil, about the middle of Spring. When three inches high, transplant to eighteen inches apart each way; hoe often.

1 75 Packets of each variety, 10 cents. Proz Prlb 1 75 \$0 25 \$3 50 25 3 50

Packets of each variety, 10 cents.

Ruby King. Mild and pleasant to the taste, of a bright scarlet color; producing from 6 to 12 peppers from 4½ to 6 inches long by 3½ to 4 inches in diameter...

SWEET MOUNTAIN. For mangoes; very large and mild; used for stuffing.

LARGE BELL, OR BULL NOSE. Early, mild, rind thick, fleshy and tender...

Large Squash. For pickling; fleshy; productive...

Golden Dawn. Delicate flavor; color, golden yellow...

Red Chili. For pepper sauce.

Long Red Cayenne. For spicing pickles...

Red Cherry. Small, smooth and round... 3 00 2 50 3 00 3 00 3 00 3 00 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2 00

PUMPKIN. 25 1 50

Cultivate same as squash, or plant in the Spring amongst the field corn. Avoid planting near other vines.

Tennessee Sweet Potatoe. Medium size. Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb pear-shaped and a little ribbed; color creamy white, sometimes slightly striped with green; flesh thick, creamy white, fine grained; dry, brittle, fine flavor.

So 05 \$0 10 \$0 60 25 1 50

1 50 60 35 10 10 15

POTATOES

Good Seed Potatoes are scarce this season. and prices are liable to advance.

The potatoes I offer this season were specially grown for seed in the north of Michigan, on new ground and are entirely free from rot, scab and all disease. They are true to name, clean and smooth; the very best for seed. Potatoes grown in this section last season were not successful crops, owing to the dry, unfavorable weather. New seed stock, such as we offer, will this year be more desirable and advantageous to use than ever before.

be more desirable and advantageous to use than ever before.
They will insure earlier and bettersized crops than could be had by using any potatoes grown about here.
The prices I quote are low considering the very fine stock I offer.
I recommend that those of my customers who want new seed potatoes send me their orders early, as my stocks are limited and cannot be replenished.
I have listed a few varieties. These

be replenished.

I have listed a few varieties. These are the newest and leading sorts of the many kinds of potatoes now claiming public attention. The prices are liable to variation as the season advances, and our stocks become exhausted. Of late years, great attention has been paid to the imattention has been paid to the improvement of existing sorts of potatoes and the introduction of new kinds. There is no more economical investment than the money paid out for improved varieties. Changing your seed will be sure to improve your crop and bring much better quality and heavier yield. In this way you will be repaid a hundred fold. The prices at which I have listed my potatoes are low for this season, and I can recommend them as being true

I can recommend them as being true to name, northern grown, from

Single pounds sent by mail for 30 cents per pound, or 4 pounds for \$1.00. Barrels contain 165 lbs. of

DUNHAM'S NEW SURPRISE. A valuable extra early variety, both for market gardeners' or family use. Has all the qualities desirable for a first-class early potato. Its growth is very vigorous, producing large, strong tops very early in the season, which shade the ground and help to prevent injury from drouth. Has a white russet skin with a very white floury flesh. A fine cooker even when half grown. Its earliness ranks No. 1 and is a first-class cropper; tubers large and uniform. Per peck, \$1.00; per bushel, \$3.00.

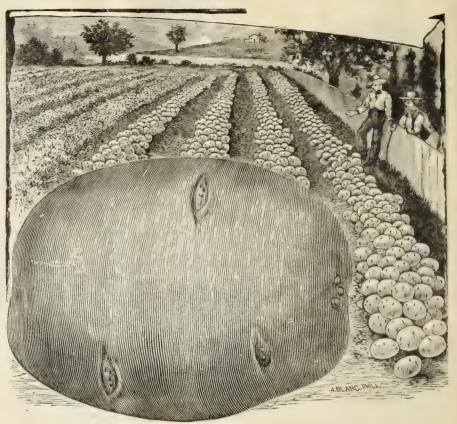
PRICE & KNICKERBOCKER'S EARLY SUNRISE POTATOES. The earliest of all. Introduced by us in 1876, and still holds its own. Has given more universal satisfaction than any sort ever offered since the Early Rose. Planted with all the earliest kinds, it was ripe in advance of any, producing potatoes fit for the table in fifty days from the time of planting. The tubers are oblong, large, solid, uniform and handsome, flesh white, fine grained and dry, cooking well, even when first dug; very productive and of fine keeping qualities; vines dark green; good strong growers. It has yielded at the rate of 50 bushels to the acre. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$5.00.

BOVEE. Fine new variety, tubers of oval shape, growing large and compactly in the hill; flesh fine grained, dry and white. It is very early, and a large yielder. Per peck 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$5.00.

IRISH COBBLER. An extra early variety, ripens evenly and yields largely, skin smooth, white, with strong and healthy sprouts, flesh white and finest quality. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel. \$5.50.

EARLY MARKET. Extra early, and of fine quality. Tubers medium to large, light pink or flesh colored; resembles Ohio, and a good keeper and yielder; good for market. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$5.50.

EARLY FORTUNE. Productive, early, of fine quality. In shape and color resembles the Early Rose Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$3.00; per barrel, \$5.50



Barrels contain 165 lbs. Potatoes.

Honeoye Rose. A fine, early variety, originated from the old Early Rose and Victor Rose. It is very early. Tubers all large and good shape; color pale pink, reddish around eyes. Flesh fine, white as snow, and of fine flavor; excellent cooking quality. It is an enormous yielder. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.75; per barrel, \$5.50.

EARLY THOROUGHBRED. Tubers, oblong in shape, nooth, handsome, of a light blush color, a good cropper, and early. smooth, handsome, of a light blush color, a good cr Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$5.00.

Sir Walter Raleigh. A fine, medium variety; flesh white, fine grained, and a good yielder; fine cooker. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel. \$2.50; per barrel, \$4.75.

RED RIVER OHIO. Red skin, white flesh, very early; good cooker and yielder. Grown in the Red River Valley and are fine, clean, smooth Potatoes. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$3.00; per barrel, \$5.50.

Early Ohio. Oblong in shape, skin and flesh white, very early, and a good cooker. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$3.00; per barrel, \$6.00.

NEW QUEEN. An early sort, with white flesh, and skin of blush tinge, shape oblong. An excellent yielder. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.25; per barrel, \$4.50.

Extra Early. (Burpees.) Very early, and productive, tubers of good size, very smooth, fine, uniform, oblong shape, growing very compactly in the hill, skin white, slightly shaded pink, flesh pure white, lightly sh

EARLY 6 WEEKS. This potato is said to produce fair-sized tubers in six weeks from time of planting. It grows medium to large size, oblong to round shape; smooth, light flesh-colored skin, white flesh. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$5.50.

Early Maine. Early, smooth and regular; first-class in every way. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$5.00.

Early Rose. A true stock of that fine old variety. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$5.00.

Money Maker. A long, handsome, fine shaped, smooth, late, white variety. Eyes nearly even with surface; very fine grained, with good cooking qualities; a strong grower, and enormously large yielder. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.50; per barrel, \$4.75.

Carman No. 3 produces large, uniform, handsome tubers, slightly flattened, growing close to the plant. The skin and flesh extremely white, and its cooking qualities are excellent. It is a strong grower and an unusually large yielder; ripens among the later sorts. Per peck, 75 cents; per bushel, \$2.00; per barrel, \$4.25.











SCARLET TURNIP.

YELLOW SUMMER RADISH.

WHITE STRASBURG RADISH.

EX. EARLY SCARLET TURNIP.

EARLY WHITE TURNIP RADISH.

RADISH.

Sow early varieties in the Spring, as early as the ground can be worked, in drills ten inches apart, covering the seed half an inch deep; thin the plants to an inch apart in the row. As they are more succulent and tender when grown quickly, a rich, moisty, sandy, soil should be selected, and frequently watered in dry weather. For a succession, sow every two weeks till midsummer.

Packets of each variety. 5 cents.

Packets	of ea	ch	variety, 5 cents.		
PRICE & REED'S FORCER. Beautiful red, very	Pr pkt p	r lb	CHARTIER. Color of top crimson, running into a pink Pr	pkt pi	r lb
LONG BRIGHTEST SCARLET, WHITE	\$0 10 \$1	23	about the middle, then into a pure white at bottom. It attains a very large size	10 \$0	65
TIP. Fine new variety	10	80	OLIVED-SHAPED SCARLET. Good quality	10	60
Olived-Shaped Scarlet, White Tip, New.	10	80	OLIVED-SHAPED DEEP SCARLET. Same	10	co
Forcing EXTRA EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. In	10	ου !	as above, only deeper in color and earlier Olived-Shaped White. White	10 10	60 60
shape and form like the Scarlet Turnip, but is earlier and			Giant Stuttgart, of a large size and early. Flesh and	10	00
has smaller tops. Fine for forcing	10	75	skin pure white; quality fine; firm and brittle	10	60
EXTRA EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP.	10	75	WHITE STRASBURG. Of a tapering shape. Skin and flesh white. Fine Summer variety. Crisp, tender		
NON PLUS ULTRA. Round in shape, deep red color, short top, tender and fine flavor; very early; best			and of good flavor, and a quick grower	10	65
for forcing; makes its growth in three weeks	10	75	Golden Globe. A round yellow variety of rapid growth	10	65
variety, round in shape; crisp and tender	10	75	Yellow Summer Turnip. Turnip-shaped, of gray or russet color, growing to a large size, and standing the		
CHAMPION. Round, of perfect shape, bright scarlet,	10	••	heat and drouth of summer.	10	60
crisp and tender. Fit for the table in three weeks	10	75	LONG SCARLET SHORT-TOP. Standard for	10	00
EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. A fine variety for forcing and market garden use. Shape roundish oval;		- 1	market and private use, bright scarlet root and small top White Vienna or Lady Finger. Fine shape, skin	10	60
skin brilliant red; flesh white, solid and crisp	10	75		10	60
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LONG BLACK SPANISH LONG WHITE NAPLES	,	1.1	11) 11		
	HARTII	ER 1	RADISH. LONG SCARLET RADISH. CHINESE ROSE R	ADIS	H.
EXTRA EARLY RED FORCING. Turnip-I	Pr pkt pr	r lb t	Long White Naples. White, crisp and mild \$0	10 \$0	50
shaped; short top, dark red, white flesh. Fine for forcing.	\$0 10 \$0	75	Long Salmon. Long; color, salmon	10	50
EXTRA EARLY WHITE TURNIP. It has a			BLACK SPANISH WINTER, LONG. Very hardy and fine for winter use	10	60
very short top and is of very rapid growth. Of fine quality and does not become pithy with age	10	60	Black Spanish Winter, Round. For winter;	10	00
White Box. Very early; white turnip-shaped variety	10	60	good keeper	10	60
				10	80
FARLY SCARLET TURNIP. Standard, small, round, red, turnip-shaped, mild and crisp	10	60	CHINESE ROSE, Winter. Color bright rose; excellent flavor; good at all seasons.	10	65
EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP. Quick			RHUBARB.		
growing; mild; bright color, good shape; tender	10	65	Sow in drills eighteen inches apart; cover one inch deep; thi	n plan	nts
FRENCH BREAKFAST. Of oval form; color	10	75	to six inches. In the fall trench a piece of ground and manure transplant the young plants into it, three feet apart each way.	Cox	ver
scarlet, tipped with white	10	75	transplant the young plants into it, three feet apart each way with litter the first winter; a dressing of coarse manure should each Fall. It is better to buy roots which yield at once. Pr p	be giv	en
SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIP. An early variety of medium size. Handsome shape of fine flavor;			Linnæus. Standard		
red top and white bottom	10	65	Roots, 15 cents; \$1.50 per doz.; by mail 20 cents each; \$2.25	per do	oz.
				244	
		S		1000	
	0	No me	Total Control of the	13	



WHITE BOX.



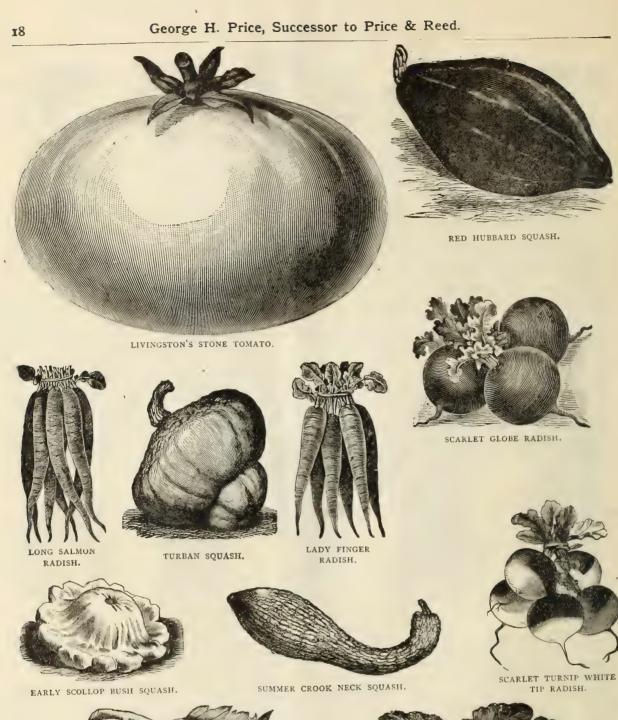






NON PLUS ULTRA. CHAMPION.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH.



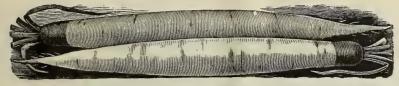


LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE TOMATO.



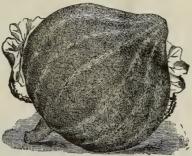
TIP RADISH.

P. & R. FORCING RADISH.



SCORZONERA.







HUBBARD SQUASH.

FAXON SOUASH.

10 85

10 85

10 60

10 65

10 60

10 65

10

10

10

10 16

65 10

65 10

BOSTON MARROW SOUASH.

SQUASH.

Prepare the ground by thoroughly pulverizing it. Manure highly. All vines delight in warm and rich soil. Plant in hills nine to ten feet apart for running varieties, five to six feet for bush sort, working some fine, rich manure into each hill. Plant eight or ten seeds and when out of danger of bugs leave only two plants to the hill. Keep well covered with plaster or air-slacked lime in the early stages of growth. Cultivate till runners are well started.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents. Proz Prlb MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH. An improvement on the White Scollop Bush variety, growing double the size, ripens early, skin handsome, white and very productive... EARLY WHITE SCOLLOP BUSH. A flat early, scolloped-shaped variety; rind smooth; use when young and tender... \$0 10 \$0 85 YELLOW SCOLLOP BUSH. Like the preceding, SUMMER GOLDEN CROOKNECK. Productive GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK. A very large variety of the Summer Crookneck, having a thick flesh and very few seeds. Prolific and of excellent flavor green, very hard and flinty; flesh very thick, of a bright orange color; quality dry, of very fine grain and fine flavor, Ripens about the time of the Hubbard, but is more prolific. It keeps well into the Spring lific. It keeps well into the Spring. Faxon A fine variety; flesh deep orange yellow, very sweet and dry, of excellent flavor; cavity small and seeds few, shell very thin and varies in color from pale yellow to a mottled green; it is very early and a splendid keeper BAY STATE MARROW. The skin of a bluish-green tinge; flesh of a bright golden yellow, sweet, tender and of fine dry quality; very solid and thick-meated. EXTRA EARLY PROLIFIC ORANGE MARROW. About two weeks earlier than the Boston Marrow, and grows as large as the Hubbard. The flesh is very thick, of fine grain and good quality and keeps in firm condition from September to January. The skin is of a bright orange color.

firm condition from September to January. The skin is of a bright orange color.

Perfect Gem. Excellent for Summer and Winter; wonderfully productive; color creamy white, with a thin, smooth skin; flesh very fine grained, sweet and dry, with a delicious flavor.

Turban, or Turk's Cap. Flesh orange yellow thick, fine-grained and good flavor; a good Fall or Winter variety.

Essex Hybrid or Hard Shell Turban. Flesh fine-grained, sweet, thick, rich-colored and fine flavored; large and productive.

Butman. Color bright green, intermixed with white; flesh bright salmon color, dry, sweet and an excellent keeper.

Marblehead. Flesh rather lighter-colored than Hubbard; thick and flat at top; very sweet and dry; a fine keeper and yielder.

HUBBARD. The standard late variety; large size; flesh fine, close-grained, dry and fine flavor; keeps splendidly.

Warted Hubbard. Good quality..... Red Hubbard. In shape and size resembling Hubbard but of rich orange red in color, and earlier.

BOSTON MARHOW. Standard; color bright orange; flesh deep orange; fine flavored; a good keeper.

Mammoth Chili. Grows to an enormous size, often weighing 150 pounds; color light green.

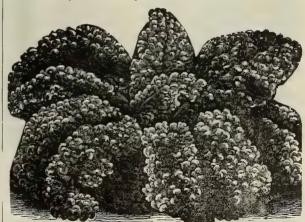
Vegetable Cream Marrow. A favorite English variety; skin greenish yellow; flesh soft white and fine-flavored

SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER

Sow as early as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in a light, mellow soil, which should be stirred to a depth of eighteen inches; sow in drills twelve inches apart, one inch deep and thin out to four or five inches in a row. Keep clear from weeds. Cultivate the same as the parsnip.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Pr oz Pr lb \$0 20 \$1 00 Long White. Good Fall or Spring... Sandwich Island Mammoth. Roots nearly double the size of the common variety, and of good quality..... Scorzonera, or Black Oyster Plant



SAVOY LEAVED SPINACH.

SPINACH.

For Summer use sow early in the Spring, in deep, rich soil, well 65 matured, in drills one foot apart, covering the seed one inch deep. very early Spring use, sow in August; and protect the plants through the Winter with a covering of leaves or straw. For a succession, sow 70 at intervals of two weeks.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

9	(65	Special Prices on 10 Pounds and over-		
,				oz Per	1b
0	1 2	20	SAVOY LEAVED. Leaves thick, large and fleshy; a fine market variety, producing nearly twice the weight		
0	1 2	20	of crop of ordinary sorts, and very hardy\$0	10 80	30
0	1 2	20	ROUND LEAF. Leaves thick and fleshy, slightly crimped; preferred for Spring sowing	10	30
0		80	Long Standing. A round leaf variety, standing from three to four weeks longer than other sorts without going		
	(90	to seed	10	30
20			Victoria. Large, thick, dark green leaf, curled in center; stands well	10	30
10		85	Prickly. This is a hardy variety; seeds prickly; mostly preferred for Fall sowing.	10	30

SORRELL.

Sow in Spring in drills 12 inches apart, and thin to 6 inches in the row.

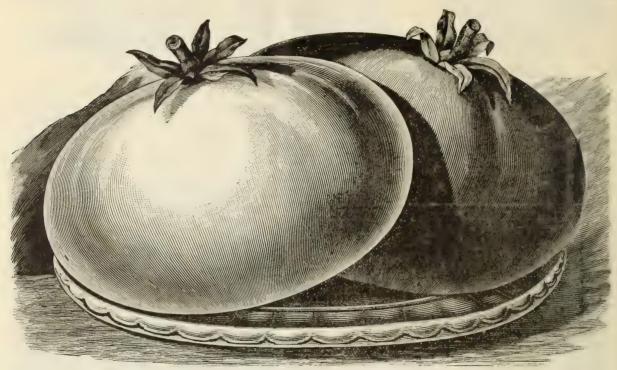
			rp			
Sorrell.	Good to eat with	Spinach	 \$0	Uā	\$0	15

TOBACCO.

Start in hot-beds or out-of-doors as soon as the ground can be worked, in rich, dry soil; rake off the bed and sow broadcast, pressing down firmly and evenly; keep free from weeds; and water frequently if the weather is dry, set out the first of June, 3 feet apart, in heavily manured land, the tobacco worm must be removed as soon as it appears

land: the tobacco	worm must be removed as soon as it appears.	
	Pr pkt Pr oz	ζ
Connecticut	Seed Leaf \$0 10 \$0 23	j
Havana)

- 8				
	TOMATO—Continued. Pr	02	Pr	16
	Dwarf Champion Cluster. The plants grow stiff			
.	and upright, with very thick, short, jointed stems; it is			
	early, having ripened fruit as early as July first, is a great			
1	yielder, the fruit growing closely together in clusters on the			
1	stem; in color it closely resembles the Acme, always smooth, \$0	25	S3	50
	VOLUNTEER. An attractive variety. Skin smooth,		y -	
	of a bright coral red; good uniform size, perfect form,			
	fine quality, early and a continuous bearer	25	2	75
	Livingston's Royal Red. Fine shape and color,			•-
	solid and a good bearer	25	2	50
	Livingston's Stone. Large, smooth, bright scarlet;			
3	round, solid and heavy	25	3	00
i	LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY. Is of a glossy crimson,			
	with a slight tinge of purple. It ripens with the Acme or			
	Perfection, is of perfect shape, free from ribbed fruit,			
;	growing in clusters of 4 or 5, retaining its size late in the			
)		25	3	00
		-		30



BEAUTY AND IGNOTIUM TOMATOES.

TOMATO.

Sow in hot-beds in March. Transplant into open ground when the weather becomes warm and settled, or sow in open ground in May, and transplant when plants are 6 in. high. The richer the soil the more handsome and plentiful the fruit; but to have the fruit ripen as early as possible, select rather light poor soil and a sunny location. Plant in hills, 4 feet apart each way. After the fruit is set, pinch off the ends to check growth, gradually strip off leaves to expose fruit to sun.

Packets	of each	variety.	5 cents.	Pr oz Pr lb

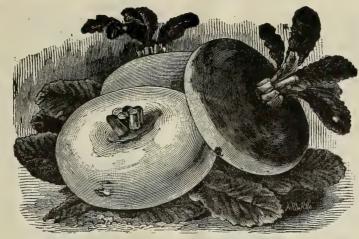
			١,
Livingston's Aristocrat. Dwarf habit of growth; early, glossy red, good size and solid	\$	3 00	1
Buckeye State. Fine large late variety 25		3 00	١.
Ruby. A very early variety of large size; solid, of good shape and color	, ;	3 00	,
Ignotum. Very early, large, smooth and regular; heavy and solid; deep handsome red color; free from rot or cracking. Ripens early; a great bearer		3 00	1
Atlantic Prize. Very early, fruit born in clusters, and very solid and enormously productive		3 00	2

	LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE. A large, smooth, perfect-shaped tomato, of a dark red color; does not rot or crack, ripens evenly, very prolific, good flavor, flesh solid,	Pr	oz	Pr	16
1	has few seeds, very early	\$0	25	\$3	00
	LIVINGSTON'S PERFECTION. It is one of the earliest, ripening evenly, and a good keeper; color blood red, almost round in shape, perfectly smooth and solid,		25	0	80
1	having few seeds, very productive		23	2	90
	Acme. An early variety. Color, a glossy light red with purplish tinge; fruit large, solid, very even, round and				
	smooth, without any green core		25	2	50
ı	Ponderosa. A large, late variety, of a bright red color		30	3	50
	Essex Early Hybrid. Early, solid, rich flavored; large in size, grows perfectly smooth, very productive, of				
ı	a bright pink color, ripens evenly		25	2	50

a bright pink color, ripens evenly	25	2 5
EXTRA SELECTED TROPHY. Fruit large as	nd	
very solid, generally smooth; seed saved from selection	ed	
specimens	30	3 0
Large Yellow. Color, bright yellow	25	
Yellow Plum. A small, yellow variety for pickling.	25	
Currant. Small, ornamental; resembling currants	30	
Strawberry. The fruit has a pleasant strawberry li	ke	
flavor: good for preserving	30	



SAGE.



WHITE STRAP LEAF, EARLY DUTCH-RED TOP STRAP LEAF TURNIP.



WHITE EGG TURNIP.

TURNIP.

For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in drills fourteen, inches apart, covering but slightly, except in dry weather. The soil should be light, and, if possible, new. Manure with plaster, ashes or phosphate. Thin the early varieties to six inches apart, and the Rutabagas to one foot. For Fall and Winter use the early kinds should be sown in July and August and Rutabagas through June. Hoe them a month after sowing.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.
Special price on 10 bounds and upwards.



SWEET GERMAN TURNIP.

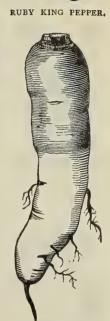


BARLY MILAN TURNIP.



WHITE STONE TURNIP.

Special price on 10 pounds and upwards.		
Duice & Deedte New Euneke (Ferration)	Pr oz.	Pr lb
Price & Reed's New Eureka (Egyptian). A white, smooth, fine-grained variety. Half long in shape resembling the White Egg, only running down straight to		
resembling the White Egg, only running down straight to a tap root instead of being oval at bottom	\$0.10	\$0.60
EXTRA EARLY MILAN. A very early solid strap	Ф0 10	φυ σο
leaf variety, coming into use a week or ten days earlier than the ordinary sorts. They are round and flattened,		
with a purple top and white flesh	10	60
Early Purple Top Munich. Resembling Strap Leaf, but very early		
	10	50
Jersey Lilly. A fine-grained, smooth, very early, pure white variety, good for bunching and a fine table sort	10	60
Snowball. A medium sized, round pure white variety		
of fine flavor, tender and crisp, best for early sowing, maturing in six weeks from time of sowing.	10	60
Early Dutch. Early, sweet for table use	10	50
White Strap Leaf. Roundish or flat, medium size	10	50
RED TOP STRAP LEAF. A standard variety;		
white with a red or purple top above ground; good for garden or field use	10	40
RED TOP GLOBE. A variety resembling the above,	10	20
globe shape, growing to a large size	10	50
Yellow Globe. A solid, globular-shaped variety, small tap root; flesh pale yellow	10	40
White Globe. Globular-shaped: small tap root: flesh	10	40
white Egg-shaped. Shaped like an egg; good size,	10	40
White Egg-shaped. Shaped like an egg; good size,	10	50
fine white flesh, good yielder ROBSON'S GOLDEN BALL. Yellow standard;	10	00
rich flavor, quick grower, bright yellow skin, cream colored flesh, good keeper, round in form	10	50
colored flesh, good keeper, round in form	10	50
Large White Norfolk. Large size; skin white, sometimes greenish above ground, flesh sweet and close		
grameu	10	35
Cow Horn. A long carrot-shaped variety	10	50
Sweet German. Flesh firm and sweet	10 10	35 45
Yellow Stone. A globe-shaped turnip	10	45
Yellow Aberdeen. Globe-shaped, tender, solid,		20
color reddish purple above ground, deep yellow below	10	35
RUTABAGA or SWEDE.		
Sutton's Improved Champion. Hardy, heavy		
cropping and nutritious	10	50
SKIRVING'S. Large, solid, early, with purple top; yellow below ground; one of the best varieties	10	40
Asheroft's. Purple top variety, with fine grain and	10	40
good size	10	50
American Purple Top. Standard variety, largely	**	F0
Westhung A good registry yields well	10	50
Westbury. A good variety; yields well	10	40
the White Russian Turnip	10	50
•		



COW HORN TURNIP



EARLY MUNICH TURNIP.



WHITE GLOBE TURNIP.



YELLOW GLOSE TURNIP.



RUE.



SWEET MARJORAM.



SUMMER SAVORY.



部が出

THYME.

HERB SEEDS.

	Pr pkt	D# 07
Anise. Biennial		•
		\$0 15
Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet	05	20
Borage. Annual, one foot	05	20
Caraway. Perennial, two feet	05	15
Catnip. Perennial	10	-
Corlander. Annual. two feet	- 05	15
Dill. Perennial, three feet	05	15
Hyssop. Perennial, three feet	05	25
Lavender. Perennial, two feet	05	20
Rue. Perennial, three feet	05	20
Rosemary. Perennial, four feet	05	30
Saffron. Annual, three feet	05	15
Sage. Annual, one fost	05	25
Sweet Fennel. Perennial, four feet	05	15
Summer Savory. Annual, one foot	05	25
Sweet Marjoram. Annual, one foot	05	25
Tansy. Perennial, three feet	10	40
Thyme. (French.) Perennial, one foot	10	40
Wormwood. Perennial	10	50
Tarragon	10	-

BIRD SEEDS.

If you wish to keep your Birds in good condition and have them sing well, feed them good Bird Seed. We sell only the very best Sicily Canary, English or German Rape, German Millet and Russian Hemp. One trouble with the common Bird Seed sold in boxes in the stores, is that it contains common Smyrna Canary, oftentimes musty, which, of course, is injurious to your Birds. Our seed, mixed of the very best quality, costs less than that sold in boxes. We sell at 12 cents per quart or 6 cents per pint. The boxes you pay 10 cents for contain a pound; we sell a pint at 6 cents, which is nearly a pound; three pound packages would cost you 30 cents; three pints, which weigh 3 pounds lacking 2 ounces, would cost 18 cents, which is a saving of 12 cents, besides having the best quality. You are paying for the box and the fancy label on it; bear this in mind when you want Bird Seed.

Mixed Bird Seed. Mixed of Sicily Canary, German Rape, German Millet and a very little Russian Hemp; just enough to keep your birds in good condition. 12 cents per quart; 6 cents per pint.

Canary and Rape. 12 cents per quart; 6 cents per pint,

Clear Canary. The best Sicily. 12 cents per quart; 6 cents per pint

English or German Rape. 15 cents per quart; 8 cents per pint.

Hemp, best Russia. 15 cents per quart; 8 cents per pint.

Washed Silver Sand. 10 cents per quart; 5 cents per pint.

Gravel Paper. 25 cents per package.

Song Restorer. For restoring birds' song; also acts as a tonic for improving the plumage. Per bottle, 25 cents.

Bird Invigorator. A tonic for loss of feathers, hard breathing, asthma, and all diseases to which birds are liable. 25 cents per bottle.

MOCKING BIRD FOOD. For all soft bill birds, such as Mocking Birds, Thrushes, Robins, Nightingales, etc. Per bottle, 40 cents.

ROUGH RICE, per quart, 25 cents.

SUNFLOWER, per quart, 20 cents.

PARROT SEED, Rough Rice, Sunflower and Hemp, mixed, 20 cents per quart

MAW, 5 cents per ounce.

Bird Lettuce, 10 cents per pound.

Cuttle Fish Bone, 5 cents each,

Cage Cups, all styles, Porcelain, Tin Top, Glass, etc.

Cage Guard, for putting around cages to prevent throwing the seeds on the floor.

Swings, Nests, Nesting, Perches, Cuttle Fish Bone, Cuttle Fish Holders, Cage Springs, etc. Telephone No. 968

GRAIN.

		shel	
	Pride of Michigan White Oats abou	£ 30	25
	White Seed Oats		04
'	White Seed Oats		75
,	Spring Rye	1	25
)	Early Amber Sugar Cane	3	08
	Spring Rye		
,	Japanese Buckwheat		25
)	Cow Peas, Kaffer Corn, Essex Rape,	Et	e.

MISCELLANEOUS

1	Evergreen Broom Corn. Tall20 cents per qt. Flax Seed.
	Flax Seed25 cents per qt.
I	Sunflower, Russian 20 cents per qt.
4	Tobacco Dust, 5c lb 4 cents lb. by bbl

POULTRY SUPPLIES.

Ground Oyster Shells. These shells are ground fresh and are hard and clean, and much better than the ordinary crushed shells. Per lb., 5 cents; 5 lbs., 15 cts; 100 lbs., \$1,00.

Cracked Bone. Made from raw hard bone, cracked to a size smaller than kernels of corn. 1 lb., 5 cents; 5 lbs., 20 cents; 100 lbs., \$3.50.

Ground Beef Scraps. Made from pure beef scraps. Per lb., 5 cents; 5 lbs., 20 cents; 100 lbs., \$3.50.

Fine Ground Bone, (For Chicks and Cattle.) Made of selected washed bone, ground very fine, Per lb., 10 cents,



HAVENS' CLIMAX CONDITION POWDER.

A positive preventive and cure for Gapes and Poultry Cholera, and the Best Medicine for Hornes, Cattle, Poultry, Sheep and Hogs. 25 cents per package, 21/6 lb, packages for 50 cents. Six-lb, box for \$1.00. Add 16 cents per lb, for postage.

RUST'S EGG PRODUCER.

The Great Hen Persuader will make your Hens lay in Winter. It can be fed every day at a cost of from one-third of a cent to two-thirds of a cent a week for each fowl, according to size of box purchased. PRICES:—1 lb. package, 25 cents; 2½ lb. box, 50 cents; 6 lb. box \$1.00; add 16 cents for postage.

ROUP PILLS, per box, 25 cents.

FERTILIZERS.

Standard Fertilizers-Superphosphate for Field and all Garden Crops, 3 cents per pound by barrel; \$38

Fertilizer for vegetable and flower gardens in 5 lb. bags, 25 cents; 10 lb. bags, 50 cents; 25 lb. bags, \$1.00.

Ground Bone for grapevines, trees, etc., per lb., 10 cents; 5 lb. bag, 25 cents; 10 lb. bag, 50 cents; 25 lb. bag,

Plant Food for flower beds or plants in pots, put up in bags of 5 lbs., 50 cents; 10 lbs., 75 cents; 25 lbs., \$1.25

Lawn Dressing in 51b. bag, 50 cents; 10 lb. bag, 75 cents; 25 lb., bag, \$1.25.

Bowker's Plant Food—Packages sufficient for twenty plants for three months, 15 cents, and for one year, 30 cents.

Nitrate of Soda, 5ib. pkg. 25 cts.; 100 lbs. \$3.50. Pulverized Sheep Manure, sacks \$2.50.

Vegetable Plants and Roots.

Plants ordered by the dozen sent free by mail. Prices on all vegetable plants for larger quantities than specified will be given on application.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS. Conover's Colossal. Per 100, \$1.00 Per 1,000, \$6.00. Palmetto, Per 100, \$1.00. Per 1,000, \$6.50. Barr's Mammoth, Per 100, \$1.00. Per 1,000, \$7.00. Donald's Elmira, Per 100, \$1.00; per 1,000, \$8.00.

CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER PLANTS. By the hundred or thousand, or in larger quantities. In ordering hundreds by mail, add 20 cents for postage for each hundred. Early varieties will be ready about May first. Late varieties through June and July. Early Summer and Jersey Wakefield Cabbage, ready May first. Per doz. 20c.; per 100, 75c. Bristol, Large Drumhead, Premium Flat Dutch ready through June and July. Per dozen, 20c., per 100, 40c.; per 1 100, \$3.50

Dwarf Erfurt, and Snowball Cauliflower, per dozen, 25c.; per 100, \$1.50. Plants by the dozen will be sent free by mail.

CELERY PLANTS. Plants will be ready from June 15th and through August. White Plume, Golden Self-bleaching, Golden Heart. Per dozen, 20c.; per 100, by mail, 50c.; by express, per 100, 35c.; per 1,000, \$3.00.

Plants ordered by the dozen will be sent free by mail. Larger quantities by freight or express, purchaser to pay charges.

EGG PLANTS. Ready May 10th to 15th. New York Improved, Potgrown, 8c. each; 60c. per dozen; \$4.00 per 100. PEPPER PLANTS. Ready May 10th. Large Bell, Sweet Mountain, 25c. per dozen; \$1.75 per 100. TOMATO PLANTS. Ready May 1st. Livingston's Favorite, Perfection, Ignotum, Beauty, Acme, etc., per dozen, 25c.; per 100, \$1.75. Plants ordered by the dozen will be sent free by mail.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS. Ready May 25th. Nansemond, per dozen, 15c.; per 100, 75c.; per 1,000, \$6.00. Plants ordered by the dozen or the hundred will be sent free by mail. RHUBARB ROOTS. May be planted spring or fall. Set three feet apart each way. When once planted will remain in bearing condition for three or four years; 15c. each; per dozen, \$1.50.

AMOUNT OF SEEDS USUALLY SOWN TO THE ACRE

Beans, Dwarfs, in drills or rows 11/2 bush.	" Kentucky Blue 2 to 3 bush, " English Rye 2 bush, " Millet 2 to 1 bush. " Millet, Large 3 to 1 bush. " Hungarian 3 to 4 bush. General Mixture for meadows: Clover, 8 lbs.; Red Top, 1 bu; Timothy, 1 pk. Clover, Alsike 8 to 10 lbs. " Lucerne 20 lbs. " Red 15 to 20 lbs. " White 10 to 15 lbs.	" broadcast 3 bush. Potato, cut tubers in drills 8 to 10 bush. Radish, in drills 8 to 10 lbs. Rye, broadcast 1½ bush. Salsify, in drills 6 to 8 lbs. Spinach, in drills 1 to 1½ lbs. Turnip, in drills 1 to 1½ lbs. " broadcast 2 to 3 lbs. Vetches, broadcast 2 to 3 bush.
Grass, Herds or Timothy 1/2 bush.	White	Vetches, broadcast
" Red Top 3 bush.	Mustard, broadcast	Wheat, broadcast
Lawn 3 to 4 bush.	Oats, broadcast 2 to 3 bush.	" in drills % bush.
Orchard 2 to 3 bush.		

AMOUNT OF SEEDS FOR A GIVEN NUMBER OF PLANTS, HILLS OR LENGTH OF DRILLS.

Beet 1 oz. to 50 " Le Beans, Dwarf 1 qt. to 100 " Le "Pole 1 qt. to 150 hills Me Carrot 1 oz. to 3,000 plants Ok Cabage 1 oz. to 3,000 plants On Cauliflower 1 oz. to 4,000 plants Pa	.eek 1 oz, to 100 ft, of drill, felon, Water 1 oz, to 30 hills, " Musk 1 oz, to 60 " okra 1 oz, to 40 ft, of drill, onion 1 oz, to 10 " 'arsley 1 oz, to 150 "	Peas 1 qt. to 40 ft. of drill. Pumpkin. 1 oz. to 40 hills. Pepper. 1 oz. to 2,000 plants. Radish 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill. Spinach 1 oz. to 100 ft. Squash, Early 1 oz. to 50 hills. Marrow 1 oz. to 3,000 plants. Tomato. 1 oz. to 3,000 plants. Turnip. 1 oz. to 3,000 plants.
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NUMBER OF HILLS, PLANTS, TREES, ETC., FOR ONE ACRE.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Distance apart. No. 1 ft. by 1 ft. 43.560	Distance apart. No.	Distance apart, No. 10 ft. by 10 ft. 434	Distance apart.	No.
1½ ft. by 1½ ft 19,360	4 ft. by 4 ft	12 ft. by 12 ft	25 ft. by 25 ft	. 70
2 ft. by 2 ft	6 ft. by 6 ft 1,210	18 ft. by 18 ft	30 ft. by 30 ft	. 40
3 ft. by 1 ft		21 ft. by 21 ft		
3 ft. by 2 ft	_		•	

FERTILIZERS AND PLANT FOODS.

These Fertilizers, or Plant Foods are made expressly for Plants or flowers growing in the House, Garden or Conservatory, and contain the same Plant Food as stable manure, but in a cleaner, more concentrated and soluble form. The stable manure is disagreeable to handle, slow in effect, and often breeding vermin about the roots of the plants, and, like guano, has an unpleasant odor. The Plant Food has no unpleasant odor, is clean to handle, and being soluble, is immediately taken up by the plants, producing a quick and healthy growth, with more abundant blossoms, of a richer color, than any other dressing will produce. It gives a rich, green color to the leaves and prolongs the period of blooming. It cannot injure the plant, and protects it from vermin. It can be dissolved in water or worked into the earth, and the effect will be seen in a week or ten days after the first application.

Standard Fertilizers — Superphosphate for Field and all Garden Crops, 2% cents per lb. by bbl; \$38.00 per ton.

Fertilizer for vegetable and flower garden, in 5 lb. bags, 25 cents; 10 lb. bags, 50 cents; 25 lb. bags, \$1.00
Ground Bone for grapevines, trees, etc., per lb., 10 cents; 5 lb. bag, 25 cents; 10 lb. bag, 30 cents; 25 lb. bag, \$1.00.

Nitrate of Soda, 5 lb. pkg. 25 cts.; 100 lbs. \$3.50.

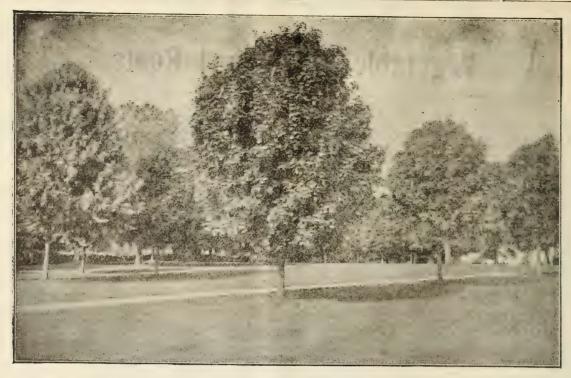
Plant Food for flower beds or plants in pots, put up in bags of 5 lbs., 50 cents; 10 lbs., 75 cents; 25 lbs., \$1.50.

Bowker's Plant Food — Packages sufficient for twenty plants for three months, 15 cents, and for one year, 30 cents.

Lawn Dressing in 5 lb. bag, 50 cents; 10 lb. bag, 75 cents; & lb. bag, \$1.25.

Plant Sticks, round, painted green, from 11/2 feet to 5 feet long.

Plant and Pot Labels from 4 to 6-inch. Price, see page 4



FOR THE LAWN.

PRICE & REED'S FINE MIXED LAWN GRASS is composed of a mixture of the best varieties of fine swarding grasses, especially adapted for seeding down lawns, door-yards, cemetery lots, etc., in this climate. It makes a short top and strong root, and when grown produces a soft, compact, velvety turf. A beautiful lawn can only be had by using a good mixture of grasses. By using our mixture and cutting often, when grown, a beautiful green sward can be obtained. We have made this mixture a careful study, and it has given great satisfaction, Before sowing, the soil should be thoroughly prepared by digging and raking so as to completely pulverize it; all stones and roots should be manure is the best, as it helps the grass wonderfully to a quick, vigorous start and causes it to retain a bright green color. Sow the grass thickly and rake well in, not too deep, and roll if possible. With seed sown later than April or May, it is often well to sow a little oats, to protect it from the heat of the sun. With a little care a much finer grass plat can be obtained than by sodding.

One quart, sufficient for an area 10 by 20 feet	\$0 25	MIXTURE OF GRASSES FOR SHADY
Four-quart bag, sufficient for 20 by 80 feet	0.75	PLACES. A mixture of grasses that thrive in shady
One peck bag, sufficient for 40 by 80 feet	1 25	situations, under trees or close to walls where there is little
One half-bushel bag, sufficient for one-eighth	l.	sun. Per qt. 25c; pk. \$1.50; bush \$5 00
acre	2 25	GOLF LINK MIXTURE. Adapted for golf links and
One bushel bag, sufficient for one-fourth acre	4 00	outlying grounds. Per bush
FINE FRENCH MIXED LAWN GRASS, at. 25c; bu.	3 75	PUTTING GREEN MIXTURE. A mixture which will
CENTRAL PARK LAWN GRASS, qt. 25c; bu.	3 75	make a close, green, firm, lasting turf. Per pk. \$1.50; bush 6 00

TO MAKE BEAUTIFUL LAWNS USE LAWN DRESSING.

No Odor. Inexpensive. No Lumps. No Weeds. Clean as Sugar to Handle.

This Dressing is prepared for Lawns, Grass Plats and Cemetery Lots, and it is so compounded as to contain all the Plant Food required by the lawn grasses. Within a short time after application it will produce a luxuriant growth of grass of a rich green color, and will last during the entire season. It is odorless and the cost of applying is a mere trifle compared with the application of stable manure. It will not burn the grass, and is free from noxious weed seeds, found always with manure, and which are the pests of the lawn. A superior dressing for the

DIRECTIONS.—Sow broadcast over the surface when the grass is dry. 5 lb. bag, 50 cents; 10 lb. bag, 75 cents; 25 lb. bag. sufficient for 2,500. sq. ft., \$1.25; 50 lb. bag, for 5,000 sq. ft., \$2.50; 100 lb. bag, for 1-4 acre. \$4.50.

PURE PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE. Fine for Lawns, Door Yards, Flower or Vegetable Gardens. 25 lbs.,

\$1.00. Bag, about 100 lbs., \$2.50.

Fertilizer, Ground Bone, Sward Food, Lawn Enricher, Nitrate of Soda, Plant Food, Etc.

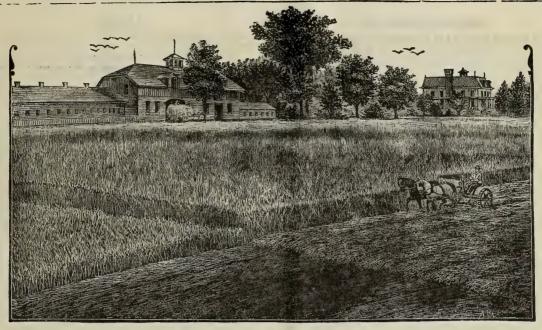


Price's Improved Lawn and Garden Kollers.

It is of great benefit to use a roller on the lawn, especially in the Spring, as the action of the frost causes the ground to heave and become uneven. If it is not firmly pressed back with a roller before hot weather the grass is apt to be injured or killed, leaving the lawn full of bare spots. These Rollers have weights attached to axle and have round edges.

-														
No.	Number of Sections.		Diameter of each Sec. inches.	Total Width of Roller, inches.	Actual Weight.	Lou Lia Pric	18	Νo.	Number of Sections.		Diameter of each Sec. inches.	Total Width of Roller. inches	Actual Weight, pounds.	Low List Price,
1	2	736	15	15	150	\$75	50	8	2	10	24	20	400	\$19 00
2	3	71%	15	22	200	9 5		9	3	8	24	24	450	20 50
3	2	8'"	20	16	225	11 6		10	3	10	24	30	50.1	23 00
4	2	10	20	20	250		00		3	- 8	28	24	500	24 50
5	ï	20	20	20	250	13 (3	10	28	30	600	28 00
6	3	8	20	21	300		50		4	8	28	32	650	30 50
Ž	3	10	20	20	950	16.5						-		

The Nos. 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 are the best selling sizes.



GRASS SEEDS.

SUBJECT TO VARIATIONS IN PRICES TO CORRESPOND WITH THE MARKET.

Special quotations on large quantities will be given at any time.

We call especial attention to our Grass Seeds, which are not to be confounded with the ordinary grades offered in the open market. They are selected with care, and are much more economical to use than the common qualities.

Add 5 cts. per qt., 8 cts. per. lb. on grass and clover when ordered by mail.

LAWN GRASS. (See page 24.)

RED TOP (Agrostis Vulgaris). Time of flowering, July; height, about 18 inches. A valuable permanent perennial grass, growing in almost any soil, moist or dry, but reaching its perfection in a moist, rich soil, and standing hot weather well. It is frequently sown in mixture with Timothy and Red Clover. Sown alone takes about 3 bu, to acre, about 10 lbs, to bu. Per qt. 25 cents; per but, \$1.25; per 100 lbs., \$9.00

RED TOP, fancy, recleaned. Same as above, but cleaned from all chaff and impurities. Per lb. 25 cents; per 100 lbs. \$16.00.

FANCY EXTRA CLEAN, (FREE FROM CHAFF)

BLUE GRASS (Poa Pratensis), Kentucky, also known as June Grass, Green Grass, etc.; perennial, flowers in June; height, 10 to 15 inches. This is a valuable grass for pasture and suited to a variety of soils, from moderate dry to a moist meadow. It is very productive and of early growth in the spring, furnishing excellent food for all kinds of stock throughout the season, standing the hottest weather well, and makes a good quality of hay, though the yield for this purpose is not equal to some other varieties. Alone sow about 3 bu, to the acre, 14 lbs. to the bu. Per bu., \$2.50; per 100 lbs., \$15.00

RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS (Agrostis Canina). Time of flowering, June and July. It is of a hardy, creeping habit, and good for close sward. For pasture sow about 3 bu., 12 lbs. to bu. Price per qt., 25 cents; per but, \$3.00.

sward. For pasture sow about 3 bu., \$200.

OHCHARD GRASS (Dactylis Glomerata). Flowers in June; height, about 3 feet. A widely known and valuable grass for pasture on account of its earliness and rapidity of growth, as it is ready for grazing several days before other grasses, and when mown produces a quick second growth. All kinds of stock, especially sheep, are very fond of it. It does well in nearly all soils, especially in moist, shady places; stands drought well, and keeping green and growing when other grasses stop. It makes a good mixture to sow with clover for hay, as they both blossom about same time; 14 lbs. to bu. Per qt., 25 cents; per bu., \$2.75; per 100 lbs., \$18.00.

MEADOW FESCUE (Fescuta Pratensis). Perennial; flowers in June and July; height, 18 to 24 inches. One of the best of our natural grasses—very valuable for permanent pasture, as it is highly nutritious, and greedily eaten by all kinds of stock. It makes excellent hay, and does well in most any soil, though doing best in moist land. It is robust in habit, maturing early in the Spring, and continues green until late in the Fall, because it ripens its seeds before most obushel; sow about 2½ bushels to acre; 20cts, per 1b.; per 100 lbs., \$17.00

MEADOW FOXTAIL (Alopecurus Pratensis). Perennial; flowers in May; height, 2 to 3 feet. This grass closely resembles Timothy, but flowers much earlier, and thrives in all soils except sand and gravel. It is valuable for pasture on account of its early and rapid growth, stands close cropping, and drought well, is relished by stock. About 7 lbs. to bu. Per. lb., 40 cents; per 100 lbs., \$25.00

and drought well, is relished by stock. About 7 lbs. to bu. Per. lb., 40 cents; per 100 lbs., \$35.00

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS (Avena Elatior). Perennial; flowers from May to July; height, 2 to 4 feet. It produces an abundant supply of foliage, and is valuable for pasture on account of its early and luxuriant growth — also supplies an abundance of fodder after being mown. It grows well on sandy soil when once naturalized. Sow 4 to 5 bushels to the acre; 10 lbs, to the bu. Per lb., 25 cents; per 100 lbs., \$20.00.

CRESTED DOGSTAIL (Cynosurus Cristatus). Perennial; flowers in July; height, 1½ feet. A fine, short grass, valuable on hard, dry soils and hills, as it is hardy and but little affected by changes of weather. It is relished by stock when green, it being then tender and nutritious, but when ripened becomes tough and wiry. It is of close-growing habit, with dense, deep-green turf; 1½ bu. to acre; 21 lbs to bu.; 40 cts, per lb. per 100 lbs., \$35.00







MARCE CRESTED DOGSTAIL.



RED TOP.



ORCHARD GRASS.

GRASSES-(Continued).

ENGLISH RYE GRASS (Lolium Perenne). Perennial; flowers in June; height, 20 inches. It is a staple grass of Great Britian, and largely used in the composition of many of the meadow and pasture mixtures. Its natural adaptation to almost all cultivated soils, and its early maturity are the causes of its extensive use. It yields an abundant foli ge and is valuable as a hay crop when cut in blossom. About 2½ but to acre; 24 lbs. to bu.; 25 cts. per qt.; per bu., \$2.50;

TALIAN RYE (Lollum Italium). Biennial; flowers in June and July; height, 2½ feet. One of the most valuable grasses in Europe, being suited to all climates and very valuable to use in mixtures for pastures in this country. It produces an abundance of nutritious feed early in the Spring, and continues through the season until late in the Fall. Not being a perennial it is unsuited for permanent pasture, but for temporary use it is cts. per qt.; per bu., \$2.50.

HARD FESCUE is unsurpassed; 18 lbs. to bu.; 8 bu. to acre; 25

HARD FESCUE (Festuca Duriuscula). Perennial; flowers in June; height, 24 inches. Thrives well in a great variety of soils, one of the best grasses for general purposes, resisting drought well. It grows easily, and the foliage is of very good quality, and when cut makes superior hay. It stands heat and cold and does well in dry situations, where many other grasses would fail; 2½ bu. to acre; 12 lbs. to bu.; 25 cts. per lb.;

SHEEP FESCUE (Festuca Ovina). Perennial; flowers June and July; 10 to 15 inches high. Fine for upland and dry pastures. It is short and dense in growth, and of excellent quality, though small in quantity. Sheep are very fond of it; 2½ bu. to acre; 12 lbs. to bu.; 25 cts. per lb.

SWEET VERNAL (Anthoxanthum Odoratum). flowers May and June; height, 1½ to 2 feet. Very valuable on account of its fragrance imparted to grasses grown with it when dried for hay, which makes the stock relish it. It is early and continues quick growth after being cut through the season; 8 bu. to the acre; about 10 lbs to bu.; per lb., 25 cts.

AWNLESS BROME GRASS (Bromus inermis). A valuable forage plant for light, dry soil; answering for cutting and feeding in green state, for pasture or for hay; very productive stands heat and drouth well, sow 40 lbs to acre, 20 c per lb.

TIMOTHY (Phleum Pratense), Also known as Herd's Grass. Perennial; flowers June and July; height, 3 feet and upwards. As a crop of hay, sown alone, Timothy is unsurpassed. On good, rich soil, it is very luxuriant, and attains a height of 4 to 5 feet, and even on poor soils it yields a fair crop. When cut soon after blossom it makes magnificent hay. 34 bu, to acre; 45 lbs. to bu.; 20 cts. per qt.; per bu., market price.

GOLDEN MILLET (Panicum Miliaceum). an improved variety, medium early, growing from 4 to 5 feet high. Is one of the best crops we have for cutting and feeding green, or for soiling purposes. Its yield is large when grown on good land. Its luxuriant leaves, juicy and tender, are much relished by stock. Heads closely condensed and spikes numerous. For hay it should be cut while in blossom otherwise it becomes tough and wiry; 48 lbs. to bu; about

GERMAN MILLET, 48 lbs. to bu.

HUNGARIAN GRASS (Panicum Germanicum). An annual forage plant, with smaller stalks and heads than millet, though very succulent and furnishes an abundance of green fodder. Often yields 2 to 3 tons of hay per acre. It will do well in light, dry soils, although the better the ground the better the crop; 50 lbs. to the bu.

SOUTHERN COW PEAS.

The great soil renovator. The growing crop makes poor land rich and rich land better, at the same time producing a large amount of forage for green or dry feed.

A field of Cow Peas has been designated "The Poor Man's Bank,"

and a similar truth may be added, it will increase the rich man's bank

account.

The Southern Cow Pea (in reality a Bean), has been cultivated in the South for many years, but only in recent years has it been demonstrated that most all varieties are adapted to cultivation throughout nearly the entire United States. They now promise to become one of our most

valuable farm products.

Prof. Jared G. Smith, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, says of their feeding value: The green vines are more succulent than Red Clover or any of the Grasses. The hay is more nutritious than hay produced from Grasses, Millets, or any other plant used for the purpose. One ton of Cow Pea Hay being equal to 1% tons of the best Timothy

Hay.

The yield of hay runs from 1 to 8 tons per acre. The Rhode Island experiment station reporting one year a yield per acre of 35,000 pounds, green vines making 5½ tons dry hay. The yield of Peas range from 13 to 80 bushels per acre, occasionally as high as 50 bushels;

As a fertilizer crop it excels all others, absorbing from the air more Nitrogen than Clover and drawing from the subsoil large amounts of Potash and Phosphoric Acid, depositing these fertilizer elements in the surface soil just where needed for succeeding crops.

Cow Peas afford excellent midsummer pasturage, but the best way for using green is to cut and feed to stock.

cow Peas anord excellent midsummer pasturage, but the best way for using green is to cut and feed to stock.

For hog pasture turn in just as the peas are ripening, hogs will then eat both vines and peas, and will put on fat rapidly.

For hay, cut when the last pods are formed, wilt, rake into winrows, leave one or two days, then put in small cocks a week or ten days till thoroughly cured.

Do not forget the Southern Cow Pea belongs to the Bean family and

Do not forget the Southern Cow Pea belongs to the Bean family and must not be planted until the ground is warm, in this latitude about May 10, to the last of June or even later if wanted for green feed. Plow the ground deep and harrow well, sow broadcast 2 bu. per acre or drill 18 to 18 inches apart 1½ bu. per acre. They will grow well on almost all soils not too wet. Will quote prices promptly on application,

CLOVERS

In ordering by mail, postage should be added at the rate of 8 cents per pound for every quarter pound and upward.

(Special prices on large lots.)

MEDIUM CLOVER (Trifolium Pratense). Perennial ut of few years' duration. Price variable; 60 lbs. to bu.; 15 or 20 lbs. but of few years' dur-to acre; market price.

LARGE, MAMMOTH or PEA VINE CLOVER (Trifo-lium Pratense). Valuable on light ground and for plowing under; 15 to 20 lbs. to acre; 60 lbs. to bu.; market price.

ALSYKE CLOVER (Trifolium Hybridum). Perennial, Resembles in growth, etc., the Red Clover. Thrives well in cold, wet, stiff soils. The blossoms are very sweet; bees are very fond of them. It will produce very little crop the first year, as the roots have to get a firm hold of the soil. The second year it can be cut two or three times. The third year it comes into full vigor, and after that good crops can be cut for eight to ten years. About 12 lbs. to acre. Per lb., 20 cts.

cut for eight to ten years. About 12 lbs. to acre. Per lb., 20 cts.

ALFALFA or LUCERNE CLOYER (Medicago Sativa). This clover is one of the best forage plants (green or as hay) that a farmer can cultivate, being very nutritious for horses and cattle. No other green crop resists the drought better. It is no sooner mown than it pushes out fresh shoots. It will last for many years, shooting its tough and fibrous roots downwards to the depth of 10 to 20 feet below the surface till they are out of reach of drought. In the driest weather it will hold up its stems fresh and green when others droop for want of moisture. After it has become well set it can be cut three or four times in one season. It ylelds enormously after the first year, 6 to 8 tons of dry hay being reported as an average yield. The thicker it is sown the finer and better the hay will be; 20 to 25 lbs. Of seed should be sown on an acre. If sown too thin it will have large coarse stems and yield very poorly. Plow deep, cultivate the ground well and put on plenty of seed and you will have a good yield and a good quality of hay, 20 lbs. to acre. Per lb. 20 cts.; per bu., special price.

SCARLET or CRIMSON CLOVER (Trifolium Incar-natum). Annuai; grows about 20 inches high and has very strong roots going deep into the soil. It will make a good growth on land too poor and sandy to grow red clover or any grasses and will make an enormous growth on good land. Does well in all places except wet land. Makes good hay or a fine soiling crop. Sow in Spring or Summer, about 15 lbs. per acre. Per lb., 15 cts.

BOKHARA CLOVER (Melllotus Alba). Valuable for soiling, grows from 2 to 3 feet high, and if sown in rich soil may be cut three ltimes, and yields 3 tons and upwards per acre. Good for bees. About 10 lbs. to acre. Per lb., 25 cts.

DUTCH CLOVER (Trifolium Repens). WHITE Valuable in mixture for permanent pastures, forming, in conjunction with natural grasses, the finest and most nutritious food for cattle and sheep; also valuable for lawns and grass plats. Best imported. Per

JAPANESE BARNYARD MILLET, or BILLION BOLLAR GRASS. A very strong, luxuriant variety, growing 6 to 8 feet high, producing 10 to 12 tons per acre. Makes excellent fodder. Has produced 8,000 lbs. well-cured hay to the acre, from ¾ bush. Per lb., 15 cts.; per 100 lbs., \$12.00.

SOJA BEANS. Valuable for fodder and a fine soil improver. Thrives in hot, dry weather. Per bushel, \$3.50.

KAFFIR CORN. Valuable for forage, land renovating, etc. Produces 2 to 4 heads from a single stalk. The whole stalk, if cut down as soon as seed heads appear, at once starts a second growth from the roots. It also stands drought wonderfully. If growth is checked for want of moisture, the plant waits for rain, and when it comes, at once resumes its growth. On very thin and worn-outlands it yields paying crops of grain or forage, even in dry seasons, when corn has utterly failed. The whole stalk, as well as blades, makes an excellent fodder, and all stock eat it greedily. Sow in rows 8 feet apart, ¼ bu. per acre.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE. This plant is extensively grown for forage, especially for sheep, and for green manure, for which purpose there is perhaps no better plant adapted where a quick, rank growth is desired. Farmers who raise much stock and desire to get young cattle, sheep and lambs into favorable condition to be sold advantageously in the fall, can do it most cheaply by growing this Rape. Prepare the ground as for turnips and sow in June or July, with a turnip drill, in rows 2½ feet apart, at the rate of 5 lbs. of seed per acre, or broadcast at rate of 10 lbs. to the acre Our stock is the true Essex Dwarf, and not the worthless annual. 10 cts. lb., 10 lbs. for 90 cts.

SORGHUM, or **SUGAR CANE**, is being used extensively as a green food for cattle, horses and mules; it is a sure crop, being a great drought resister and an immense yielder, proudcing many tons of most nutritious green food to the acre. Specially fine food for milch cows when pasture is short.

Early Orange. A strong grower; much more juicy than any her variety. The stalk is heavier and a little later than the Amber. other variety.

Early Amber. This popular and well-known variety is the arliest and makes the finest quality of both sugar and syrup. Price on

SPECIAL MIXTURE OF GRASSES.

FOR PERMANENT PASTURES, 14 lbs. to bu.; \$3.50 per bu

FOR TEMPORARY PASTURES, 14 lbs. to bu.; \$3.50 per bu.

FOR WET, LATE LAND, 14 lbs. to bu , \$3.00 per bu. FOR ORCHARDS AND SHADY PLACES, 14 lbs. to bu.; \$4.50 per bu.

Annuals, Siennials and Perennials,

-- AND --

DIRECTIONS FOR THEIR USE.

Annuals are plants which, raised from seed, perfect the flowers, ripen their seed and perish the same season. There are some, such as Verbena, Eschscholtzia and others, cultivated as annuals, that are only such in a northern climate, being in their own congenial region biennials and perennials.

Biennials are those which grow the first season, flower the next, and then die. They may sometimes be induced to flower for two or three successive seasons, by preventing them from going to seed.

Perennials are those which live and continue to blossom several years. If planted very early in borders, or brought forward in windows or hot-beds, they will bloom the first season. Many of them are hardy enough to stand the coldest of our Winters, dying down every season, and coming up in the Spring from the old roots.

CULTURE.

Hardy Annuals, or most of them, may be sown out of doors in April or May, in the Middle and Eastern States, and some of the hardiest the last week in March, if the ground is in a condition to work, but the time for sowing seeds varies with the latitude. It is well to start some varities in pots or pans in the house, and transplant them when the weather permits, as a succession of bloom is thus obtained; those started out of doors coming on later. Any shallow pot or pan will do for starting seed, provided there is good drainage at the bottom, so that superfluous water can escape. Free access of air is very important, and this is interfered with by an excess of water in the soil. In planting out of doors, sow the seed evenly on borders of finely pulverized earth, leveled off, covering not over an eighth of an inch; press gently down with a board, shade from the sun, and water when necessary with a fine rose. When large enough transplant into a good mellow soil. [They will, if sown in August and September, grow sufficiently large to stand the Winter, but should be protected by a slight covering of litter or straw. Transplant in the Spring and they will produce very early flowers. Half-hardy kinds, being more tender, will not bear hard frost, and should not be sown in the open ground before the middle of May. Tender Annuals can hardly be brought to perfection without starting in the house or hot-bed. They can be started in March and April, in pans or pots of well-pulverized soil. Sow thinly, place in a gentle heat, and shade from the sun till well up, after which place near the glass, giving a little air on fine days; when strong, pick out in small pots, giving the same treatment as before till well established. Transplant when large enough and out of all danger of frost. Will do well if sown in open ground the first of June.

Biennials and Perennials may be sown in the Spring as early as annuals—they need the same treatment, and should be planted out the following Autumn in situations where they are to flower. Can only be sown in the Autumn, selecting as cool and damp a bed as possible, keeping the ground shaded and moist by frequent waterings until plants appear.

Green-house Seeds should be sown in pots or pans half full of drainage; cover this with rough siftings of mould, and the surface with fine soil, moisten, using a fine rose. Sow seeds evenly over the surface, cover very lightly, keeping from the rays of the sun until the plants show the third leaf, then transplant into seed pans three-fourths of an inc hapart keeping them under a frame until perfectly recovered, giving a little air to strengthen them. As soon as they begin to touch each other, transplant into small pots and keep in a cool, airy part of the green-house near the glass, repotting them when necessary.

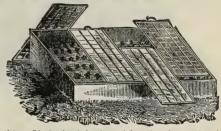
Soil. The preparation of the soil, especially for sowing the smaller kinds of seeds, is of the greatest importance, the success or failure depending largely upon it. A mellow loam, which is a medium earth between the extremes of clay and sand, made rich with leaf mould, and thoroughly-rotted manure, well mixed and made fine, form a light, friable soil, through which young plants can easily penetrate, and which will not plants.

bake in the sun after watering. If the soil is heavy, add more leaf or sod mould, or manure in proportion; but always remember that the fertilizer must be well rotted, and, as well as the soil, thoroughly pulverized.

Sowing. Most seeds are planted too deep. From this cause they often fail to grow, and the seed is pronounced worthless. Great care should be taken in sowing. As a rule, cover only to the depth of the thickness of the seed, but plain, large seeds, like Sweet Peas, Morning Glories, Lupins, etc., one inch; Asters, Balsams, etc., one-half inch; Coxcombs or Celosias, etc., one-quarter inch. Place the finest seeds on the surface, having first pressed the earth down firmly, merely dust them over with a little earth and gently press down with a smooth board. In dry weather be sure to water every evening. When the plants first appear above ground, protect them from the direct rays of the sun.

In Planting, remember that soaking in warm (not hot) water will greatly hasten vegetation of Cypress Vine, Canna, and other hard shelled seeds, which are very slow to germinate. The ground should be kept free from weeds, and the earth should often be loosened, so that the plants may have the benefit of the rains and dews.

Hot-bed for Seedlings. In making a hot-bed the preparation of manure is a matter of importance, and it should be well worked previous to being used, if the bed be expected to retain its usefulness



for any length of time. If obtained fresh, and found to be too dry, it should be well watered and thrown lightly together to ferment; this will take place in a few days, and from three to four days afterward it should be completely turned, shaken and mixed; a second turning may be required, although one is usually sufficient. When thus cleaned of rankness the bed can be made. The place should be chosen where it is dry underneath, sheltered from the north as much as possible, and fully exposed to the sun. It should be built up from two feet six inches to four feet high, and wider by six inches every way than the frame to be placed upon it. The manure should be well shaken and mixed while being put together, and firmly pressed by the feet. The frame should be placed on this and kept close until the heat rises, and three or four inches of sifted sand or light soil placed on the surface of the bed. In a few days it will be ready for use; but air should be given night and day while there is any danger from the rank steam. If the sand or soil are drawn away from the sides of the bed, they should be replaced. When the hot-bed is used for seed only, nothing further is necessary, Seeds should be sown in pots or pans, and plunged or placed in the bed. the heat of which will soon cause them to germinate; as this will after some time decline, a lining should be added, that is, fresh, hot, fermented, but not rank manure, applied about a foot in width all around the bed; this will renew its strength.

Cold Frames are formed by placing an ordinary hot-bed frame upon a bed of light, rich soil in some warm, sheltered place in the garden, where it will be protected from cold winds. They should both be shaded from the sun by mats during the middle of the day and covered at night.

In Watering, use water that has been long enough exposed to the air to have acquired its temperature, or some that has been correspondingly tempered by artificial means; distribute in the evening through a fine rose, for thus it will neither disturb the soil over the growing seed, nor injure the buds and expanding foliage of either the young or old plants.



A (—) indicates a repetition of a variety; a (*) a climber.

05 $\begin{array}{c} 05 \\ 05 \end{array}$



ASTER PEONY FLOWERED PERFECTION.

ABRONIA.

A pretty trailing annual, bearing clusters of elegant Verbena-like flowers of great fragrance, remaining in bloom a long time; very effective in beds, rock-work or hanging baskets. Half-hardy annual. Abronia arenaria, pure waxy yellow, 6 in.

— umbellata, rosy, lilac, native of California, 6 in. ACROCLINIUM.

ADONIS.

A showy plant, with a brilliant flower, resembling poppies; does well in the shade, will remain a long time in bloom. Hardy perennial. Adonis vernalis, yellow, 1 ft.....estivalis, see Flos Adonis...

AGERATUM.

A showy plant, with small, cluster-like flowers, valuable for large clumps, blooming all Summer and much used for bouquets. Half-hardy annual.

ALYSSUM.

One of the sweetest and most useful of Summer flowers; may be used for edgings, borders, rock work, hanging baskets, etc. Continuous in bloom the entire season. Hardy annual.

AMARANTHUS.

Plants with rich, finely-colored foliage, producing a fine effect. Sow in May or June. Half-hardy annual.

Amaranthus salicifolius (Fountain Plant), pyramidal form, 6 ft. high, forming magnificent plumes; orange red.—tricolor (Joseph's Coat), red, yellow, brown, 2 ft.—Caudatus Hed (Love lies bleeding), 3 ft.—Cruentus (Prince's Feather), 3 ft.

AMMOBIUM.	Per	pkt
A small-flowered, useful everiasting; valuable for Winter be	ou-	
quets, and is a showy border plant.		
Ammobium alatum, white, 2 ft. Hardy annual		05

AQUILEGIA or COLUMBINE. A well-known, highly ornamental plant, with curiously-formed flowers of strikingly beautiful colors. Sow in May.

A BARRAC DITTINA

Aquilega, choice double mixed, 11/2 ft. Hardy perennial 10

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ASTER.

A splendid class of annuals, and one of the most effective of our garden favorites. The finest of the tall kinds is the Peony-flowered Perfection; and of the dwarf varieties, Chrysanthemum-flowered. All varieties do best in a light, dry soil, and in dry weather should be mulched with rotten manure and well watered. Hardy annual.

- Aster China, fine mixed varieties, 1% ft..... - Dwarf German, divers colors, 8 in ... 05 - Double White Dwarf, fine, large flowers, 8 in ... - Dwarf Chrysanthemum flowered, mixed 1 ft... 05 - Pyramidal-flowered, mixed colors, resembling an in verted pyramid, 2 ft... 05
 - -Rose-flowered, mixed colors, 15 in..... - Victoria, fine mixed varieties.....
- Comet, fine mixed..... Truffaut's Peony-flowered Perfection, mixed very double, large size, round in shape, 1½ to 2 ft.
 Peony-flowered Globe, mixed colors, flowers large, 2 ft.
- New Dwarf Peony-flowered Perfection, mixed colors, very dwarf, flowers globular, 6 in.
- Semple's Branching, fine mixed ...
- Washington White, pure white, a fine variety, - Washington Mixed, same as above, mixed colors1

ARGEMONE.

Handsome, large growing plants. Flowers resemble large

Argemone, mixed, 2 ft.....



CAMELLIA FLOWERED BALSAM.

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BALSAM (Ladies' Slipper).

One of the most beautiful of the popular annuals, producing gorgeous masses of brilliant-colored, carnation-like flowers. The most improved varieties are very double, and are styled Camelia-flowered. Sow in May, in as rich soil as possible. Half-hardy annual.

Ballone California a white atmospherical blockery applied 9 ft	# 0.05
Balsam Solferino, white, streaked lilac and scarlet, 2 ft	\$0.00
- Victoria, sating white, spotted with scarlet, 2 ft	05
- Camelia-flowered, mixed colors, very double, 2 ft	05
- improved, improved variety with large flower, 2 ft	
The state of the s	05
- rose-flowered, mixed varieties, very double, 2 ft	
- spotted, best double varieties, mixed, 2 ft	05
- white double, large flowers, 2 ft	05
- fine mixed Paris, splended double, 2 ft	05
- like mixed Paris, spiended double, 2 it	
- double mixed, fine variety, 2 ft	05

*BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermum).

A rapidly-growing, handsome climber, remarkable for its inflated membraneous capsules, from which it takes its name; very ornamental.

Balloon Vine, white, from India, 4 ft. Half-hardy annual.

BARTONIA.

A showy annual, with thistle-like leaves. Sow in April or May	
in any good soil. Hardy annual.	0.5
Bartonia Aurea (Golden Bartonia), yellow, 11/2 ft.	05 05
- Nana, dwarf, golden yellow, 8 in	US

BELLIS (Double Daisy).

A favorite for border or pot culture.	Sow in May and transplant
8 in. apart. Half-hardy perennial.	
Bellis perennis, mixed, very dot	able, 4 in

BEGONIA (Tuberous Rooted).

See description, page 42.

Single Begonia, 18 i Double	in	1
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BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy).

BROWALLIA.

A handsome plant, covered with rich, delicate flowers, which continues to bloom during Summer and Autumn. Half-hardy annual. **Browallia**, mixed, 1½ ft.....

CACALIA (Tassel Flower).

A profuse flowering plant, with tassel-shaped flowers, growing in clusters; also called Flora's Paint Brush. Half-hardy annual. Cacalia coccinea, scarlet, 1½ ft.—aurea, orange yellow, 1½ ft.



DOUBLE BALSAM.



BALLOON VINE.



BRACHYCOME



HYBRID COLEUS.



ASTER WASHINGTON.



ACROCLINIUM.



ADONIS.



SWEET ALYSSUM.

CALCEOLARIA.

Plants of a highly-decorative character, remarkable for their large, finely-shaped and beautifully-spotted flowers. Sow seeds without covering, in pots, prepared with rough siftings of mould below, and filled with soil as fine as possible, merely pressing the seed into it; water with a fine rose, and place under a close frame, in a shady place; no artificial heat is required. When plants are strong enough, prick into pots prepared as before. Half-hardy perennial.

Proceedaria, hybrida, mixed colors, from finest colections, 2 ft. Williams and Carter's Strains	pkt 25 75
CALLIRHOE.	
An elegant genus of plant excellent for hed or masses; commons	

An elegant genus of plant, excellent for bed or masses; commencing to bloom when small, and continuing throughout the Summer and Fall. Sow at the end of April and during May. Hardy annual. Callirhoe, mixed, 2 ft.

* CANARY BIRD FLOWER (Tropæolum)

CANNA.

CANDYTUFT (Iberis).

A useful border annual; fine for pot culture, conservatory and for bouquets. Sow where plants are to bloom. Thin out to 4 or 5 in apart. Hardy annual.

Candytuft; mixed, 1 ft. 05 — crimson, 1 ft. 05 — White Bocket, 1 ft. 05 — scarlet, 1 ft. 05 — fragrant white, 1 ft. 05 — purple, 1 ft. 05 — purple, 1 ft. 05 — hybrid dwarf, reddish purple and white, 6 in. 06

CANTERBURY BELLS (Campanula Medium).



essor to Price & Reed.	
CLARKIA. Per	-1.
A most desirable free-growing plant, blossoming profusely; will continue to bloom nearly all Summer. Sow in April and May, and thin out. Hardy annual.	pkt
Clarkia Elegans, mixed, 1½ ft. -rosea, rose, 2 ft., 05; -alba, white, 1½ ft.	05 05
*CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower).	
A well-known hardy climber of rapid growth, free-flowering and very ornamantal for covering fences, arbors, verandas, etc. Hardy annual.	10
Clematis Integrifolia, white, sweet-scented	10 10
*CLIANTHUS.	
This splendid plant is much easier of cultivation than was supposed, and has grown luxuriantly and blossomed profusely all summer with ordinary treatment. Sow during May, in a warm, sunny border. It requires little water. Half-hardy perennial. Clianthus Dampleri, rich scarlet, long-petaled flowers, marked with a large black blotch, 3 ft	
marked with a large black blotch, 3 ft	10
*COBÆA.	
A beautiful climber, having large, bell-shaped flowers, with ele- gant leaves and tendrils, growing very rapidly; sometimes to the neight of 20 or 30 ft. Seeds should be planted edgewise, and started in pots in the house or hot-bed, in March and April; sow in the open ground, when the earth is warm. Half-hardy per- pennial.	
Cobæa Scandens, purple lilac, 20 ft., 10; — alba, white, 20 ft. COLEUS.	10
A showy, ornamental foliage plant. The new hybrid colors produce a fine effect, either in groups or single. Half-hardy permial.	
Coleus, Hybrid Mixtures, seeds from finest specimens	20
CONVOLVULUS MINOR (Dwarf).	
A beautiful, showy plant with handsome, rich-colored flowers, producing a brilliant effect. Sow middle of May. Hardy annual. Convolvulus, mized, 14 ft	Oá
COCKSCOMB (Celosia).	
Attractive and graceful plants, producing in the greatest pro- fusion, spikes of feathery-looking flowers. Sow in May. Half- hardy annual.	
Cockscomb, red dwarf, crimson, 1½ ft	05 05
COREOPSIS or CALLEOPSIS.	
Of all the annuals this genus is one of the most striking; the colors are rich, flowers numerous and beautiful, producing fine effects in mixed borders. Sow from April to June, in a good, light soil. Hardy annual.	
Coreopsis Drummondii, mixed, 1 to 2 ftbicolor, mixed, 1½ to 2 ft	05 05
CANARY-BIRD FLOWER. ROCKET CANDYTU	SO VET.



FRAGRANT CANDYTUFT.

CINERARIA.

000180 11, 1 1100, 04	34
Elegant and beautiful Winter and Spring blooming plants. When sown early in Spring under glass they will make flowering bulbs in one year. Cyclamen Persicum, white, with pink eyes, 9 in. Greenhouse bulb. *CYPRESS VINE (Ipomæa Quamoclit). Beautiful climbing plant: flowers small and thickly set in a beautiful dark green, delicate, fern-like foliage; fine for trellises. Half-hardy annual.	
	5 CENTAUREA CYANUS. DIANTHUS HEDDEWEGII, FL. PL.
DAHLIA. Seed saved from the best double varieties of various colors and heights. Sow in fine light soil in the middle of May. Dahlia, fine mixed double varieties. Half-hardy perennial DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur).	
- Imperial (Emperor Larkspur), a profuse bloomer, close,	
A magnificent genus embracing some of the most popular flowers in cultivation; the Carnations, Picotee Pink and Sweet William, all great favorites, belong to this family. D. Heddewegii and laciniatus are fine sorts, with splendid flowers. Sow during April and May. Hardy annual. Dianthus Heddewegii, colors various, 1 ft	CENTAUREA CANDIDISSIMA. ANNUAL CHRYSANTHEMUM.
 fl. pl., double variety, with large double flowers in a great variety of colors, 1 ft. diadematus, fl. pl. (Double Diadem Pink), of dwarf, compact growth; flowers regular and densely double, com- 	Plants producing dense spikes of flowers, on stems 3 ft. high in June and July; large, bell-shaped flowers. Hardy perennial. Digitalis purpurea, purple spotted, 3 ft. — alba, pure white, 3 ft. — lutea, golden yellow, 3 ft. 05; — rosea, 3 ft. 05 05
DIDISCUS (Trachymene). Didiscus cæruleus, a very pretty little blue border plant. Half-hardy annual, 1 ft	ERYSIMUM. A plant bearing spikes of golden yellow and deep orange blossoms; free flowering, effective in beds or mixed borders. Erysimum (Golden), yellow, 18 in. Hardy annual
	ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). A showy, profuse-flowering plant, with rich and beautiful colors, a good bloomer; adapted for bedding or massing. Half-hardy perennial. Eschscholtzia alba, white, 6 in
DIANTHUS LACINIATUS, FL. PL. DELPHINIUM.	EUPHORBIA. Euphorbia variegata, white, foliage nicely veined and margined with white, 2 ft. Half-hardy annual
	A rapidly-growing ornamental climber, useful for covering trellises, fences, etc., growing in any common soit, 5 to 7 ft. Hardy perennial Everlasting Peas (lathyrus latifolius), mixed
	FILOS ADONIS. A pretty plant, growing well in any good soil. Hardy annual. Flos Adonis (Adonis Æstivalis), dark crimson, pretty, 2 ft 05 FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis).
	A popular little plant, with beautiful star-like flowers; blooms early; valuable for Spring gardening. Half-hardy perennial. Forget-me-not, mixed, 6 in
FORGET-ME-NOT. GODETIA.	Very showy plants, with flowers, remarkable for their profusion, size and brilliancy of color, blooming throughout the Summer and Autumn. Thrive in any rich soil. Half-hardv annual. Gaillardia pieta, crimson and yellow, 1½ ft



ORNAMENTAL GOURDS.



HELIOTROPE.



DOUBLE HOLLYHOCKS.



HYBISCUS AFRICANUS.

GERANIUM (Pelargonium).

These favorites are too well known to need description, they are for in-door as well as out-of-door decoration. Half-hardy perennial.

								, Lb	k
Ger	ranium	hybrid.	mixed	finest	hybrid	varieti	es		I
_	hybrid	mixed,	golden	and	bronz	ed lea	ives		1
-	apple s	scented,	pink, 1 ft.						1
	- E E	,	,						

GILIA.

A very pretty dwarf annual, will bloom in almost any situation; grows well in pots. Hardy annual.

Gilla mixed, various colors.....

GLOBE AMARANTHUS (Gomphrena).

Everlasting, with pretty, showy flowers, which may be cut in Summer and preserved for Winter bouquets, for which purpose they should not be cut until full grown; then tied in bunches and hung in a dark closet. They bloom from June till October. Half-hardy annual.

GLOXINIA.

A superb genus of green-house plants, producing flowers in the greatest profusion, remarkable for their beauty of color. Stove perennial bulbs.

Gloxinia, finest mixed, from splendid colections

GODETIA.

A very desirable, free flowering plant, attractive in beds, borders and ribbons; grows freely in any garden soil. Godetla, finest mixed..... 05

GRASSES (Ornamental).

The ornamental grasses are curious and beautiful; arranged with everlasting flowers, they make very attractive Winter bouquets; they should be cut while fresh and green and hung up in the shade. They are mostly annuals, and those which are not, with the exception of the Pampas Grass, flower the first year. Sow in April or May, thin out or transplant, giving each plant plenty of room.

plenty of room.

Agrostis Nebuloso, very graceful. Hardy annual, 1 ft...

Avena Sterfilis (Animated Oats). Hardy annual, 2½ ft...

Briza Maxima (Large Quaking Grass). Hardy annual, 1 ft...

— Compacta (Quaking Grass). Hardy annual.

Bromus Brizzeformis. Hardy perennial, 1 ft.

Colx Lachrymæ (Job's Tears). Half-hardy annual, 2 ft...

Bragrostis Elegans (Love Grass). Hardy annual, 2 ft...

Branthus Bavennæ, almost identical with the Pampas

Grass, but more hardy. Hardy perennial.

Gynerium Argenteum (Pampas Grass). The finest and most noble grass in cultivation. Half-hardy perennial, 7 ft...

Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel Tail Grass). Annual, 3 ft...

Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's Tail Grass). Hardy annual, 1 ft...

Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass). Hardy perennial, 2 ft...

*GOURDS ORNAMENTAL (Cucurbita).

Very ornamental climber, with fruit of the most singular description, both as to shape and marking; of rapid growth and luxuriant foliage, very desirable for trellis work, etc. Tender annual.

Pr pkt

Pr pkt

Gourd orange (Mock or-- bottle - Dish Rag or Bon-net - Hercules' club..... 05 05 05 - Dipper - Nest egg - mixed variety

HELICHRYSUM (Everlasting Flowers).

Exceedingly handsome for Winter bouquets. They should be cut before the bloom fully expands, and carefully dried by hanging in a dark closet. Hardy annual.

Helichrysum monstrosum, crimson, 11/2 ft.....

HELIOTROPE.

A deliciously fragrant plant, fine for pot culture or bedding pur-oses; flourishes in any good soil. Half-hardy perennial. Hellotrope, finest mixed, 1 ft.....

HIBISCUS.

A very beautiful and showy plant; much prized for the beautiful colors of its flowers. Hardy annual.

Hibiscus Africanus, cream color, rich brown center, 11/2 ft.

HOLLYHOCK.

This splendid, stately plant should have a place in every flower garden; will bloom the first year if sown early. Hardy perennial. Hollyhock, double, mixed, choice variety.....single, mixed, 4ft.....

HONESTY or SATIN FLOWER (Lunaria).

A showy, early, free-flowering Summer plant. The flowers are succeeded by singular, semi-transparent seed vessels. Hardy biennial.

Honesty (Lunaria biennis), purple, 2 ft

*HONEYSUCKLE, FRENCH (Hedysarum).

A free-flowering plant of easy culture. Hardy perennial.

French Honeysuckle, red, 3 ft.. 05 | -- white, 3 ft.

*HYACINTH BEAN (Dolichos).

A beautiful class of quickly-growing, ornamental climbers from the East Indies. *Tender annual*. the East Indies.



IPOMEA.

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05 05



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LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA.



MATRICARIA.



MAURANDIA.

·			
A pretty little trailing plant, the leaves of with frost or crystalline globules, giving it being covered with ice; effective for rock we etc. Half-hardy annual. Ice Plant (Mesembryanthemum Crystallin IPOMEA NOCTIFLORA. (See JACOB'S LADDER (Power of the season of the season of the mixed borders; easy of culture. Jacob's Ladder, mixed, blue and white. JACOBÆA (Senee Free-growing plants of the easiest cultucolored flowers in profusion. Hardy annual Jacobæa, crimson, 1 ft (5) — ros — purple, 1 ft	f which are covered to the appearance of the appearance of ork, hanging baskets, Pr pkt num), trailer, 6 in		MORNING GLORY-
changing in hue; effective for pot culture or Lantana, mixed varieties, 2 ft. Half-har LARKSPUR (Delphi An ornamental plant of great beauty, varietusion of flowers. Hardy annual. Larkspur, double-dwarf rocket, ft. LAVATERA. Tall, showy, profuse-blooming handsome p	bedding purposes. dy perennial		
in light soil, and very effective when used other plants. Lavatera, mixed, 3 ft. Hardy annual LINUM (Flowering These are conspicuous for their brilliancy of Linum Flavum, yellow, 1 ft. Hardy performed the coefficient of the coefficient scales *LOASA (Caiopho	as a background to		NYMPHÆA ODORATA,
A handsome, rapid-growing, free-flower curious-looking, beautiful flowers. Loasa, mixed, yellow and scarlet. Hardy LOBELIA. Mostly dwarf-growing; a beautiful class of drooping habit. The profusion of their floornamental for vases and hanging baskets, Half-hardy annual.	annual	LOVE-IN-A-N Devil-in-the-Bus A very interesting, compact- curious flowers and seed pods ance of the stamens, it has re annual. Love-in-a-mist, mixed, 1	AIST, NIGELLA. Pr pkt sh, or Lady-in-the-Green, growing, free-flowering plant, with From the extraordinary appear- eccived its singular name. Hardy ft
Lobelia gracilis, light blue trailer - alba, white, 6 in 05 - rosea,	delicate rose, 6 in 05 05	Ornamental garden plants, colors rich and varied, showy, Annual varieties, mixes Perennial varieties, mixes LYCHNI	with long, graceful spikes of bloom; hardy and of a stately growth. 6
		Chalcedonica, scarlet, 2 f MAI The flowers golden, with a l Madia elegans, from Cali Plants of a branching habit sion.	DIA (Madaria). brownish rim round the disc. ifornia, yellow, 2ft. Hardy annual. MALOPE. c, producing large flowers in profu- rk crimson, 2ft. Hardy annual 05
OENOTHERA.	PANSIES.	MARVEL OF PERU A beautiful plant, with flow colors and handsome foliage; roots can be preserved, like D hardy perennial. Marvel of Peru (Four o'c — gold striped and varieg MARIO	U (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis). ers of much beauty and a variety of makes a fine Summer hedge. The ahlias, through the Winter, Half-clock), mixed colors, 2 ft
		marigold, African Len — El Dorado, very fine, — French, brown, 1½ ft., — pot (Calendula), mixed, 11 MATRIC A beautiful dwarf-growing edgings. Half-hardy annua	andsome double flowers of rich and nepact green foliage. Annual. ALL DOUBLE. 1001, 2 ft., 65; —— orange, 2 ft. 65 65; —— Butterfly, 65 65; — ranunculus, striped, 1½ ft. 65 65 ARIA (Feverfew). plant, well adapted for beds or
DOUBLE FRINGED PETUNIA.	PETUNIA DOUBLE.	Matricaria eximina, fl	. pl., curled foliage, 8 in 05

34 -	George II. Trice, Sacc
POPPIES, DOUBLE MIXED.	PETUNIA GRANDIFLORA.
PHLOX GRANDIFLORA.	PETUNIA SINGLE BLOTCHED.
*MAURA A Summer climber, adapted to thouse, or trellises, verandas, etc. Bl hardy perennial. Maurandya Barclayana, ric alba, white, 10 ft	the conservatory and green- coms the first season. Half- ch violet, 10 ft
A well-known and beautiful climb Morning Glory (Convolvulus M — scarlet or star (Ipomea C — New Double — Imperial Japanese	ajor), mixed, 20 to 30 ft 05 occinea), 10 ft 05
MIGNONET A well-known fragrant plant. She and mixed borders, where it grows when grown on poor soil; if thinned large enough, they will grow strong of bloom. Hardy annual. Mignonette, Sweet (R. Odorat – large flowering (R. Grand – Parson's white, flowers aln – Miles' hy brid spiral, habit – Machet, dwarf French vari – Victoria grandiflora, da – Golden Queen, golden yell – New Glant, immense spikes	ould be sown about shrubbery rapidly; it is more fragrant out as soon as the plants are ger and produce larger spikes a), white, buff. 6 in
MIM	JLUS.
A profuse-flowering plant, with beautifully marked. Makes fine be sown in Autumn, produces early-fleatif-hardy perennial. Mimulus cardinalis (monkey—moschatus (musk plant), ye	r flower), scarlet, 1 ft
*MOMORDICA	
A curious trailing plant. The fruit opens when ripe, disclosing its seeds a fine appearance when planted on shardy annual. Momordica balsamina (Balsamerantia (Balsam Pear), 10	t has a waxy appearance, and and brilliant red interior; has stumps, rock work, etc. Half.
*MOON FLOWER	(Ipomea Noctiflora.)

Flowers 4 to 5 in, in diameter, of pure white color; blossoms from August to November during the evening and dull days. It has a rich Jessamine-like odor at night; is a rapid climber.

Moon Flower, 10 to 15 ft. Annual.

NASTURTIUM DWARF (Tropæolum nanum).	
Plants of beauty, compact growth and rich colored flowers.	Pr pkt
Nasturtium, dwarf, fine sorts, mixed, 1 ft	05 05
spotted, yellow and crimson, 1 ft Beauty, striped, yellow and red	05 05
- yellow - King Theodore, flowers almost black, 1 ft.	- 40
Pearl, white, 1 ft., '05; Dlack	05 05
tall, mixed, 5 ft	05
NIEREMBERGIA.	
Nierembergia, beautiful free blooming plants, 1 ft., mixed	05
NEMOPHILA.	
Nemophila, mixed, 6 to 9 in. Hardy annual	05
NICOTIANA AFFINIS.	
A sweet-scented annual, with star-shaped flowers	05
BYTTRETTY HIA (TYT. A T. 11)	
NYMPHÆA (Water Llly). (See Summer Flowering Bulbs, page 41.)	
Nymphæa alba, white water lily, yellow center, tinted pink.	26
Nelumbium luteum, large white, with yellowish tint	26
PENSTEMON.	
Ornamental hardy plants, remarkable for the beauty of their	
Ornamental hardy plants, remarkable for the beauty of their one, graceful spikes of fine-shaped and richly-colored flowers will bloom the first season. Half-hardy prennial. 2 ft.	•
Penstemon Cobæa, white and purple	. 05 . 05
POLYANTHUS.	
Polyanthus, mixed (Primula Elatior), 9 in. Hardy perennial	. 10
PINK (Dianthus).	
A well-known plant of great beauty and fragrance, easy of cul- cure; flowering profusely. Hardy perennial.	
Pink China (D. Chinensis), finest mixed, 1 ft	05
Pink China (D. Chinensis), finest mixed, 1 ft	. 10
blooming in 3 or 4 months from sowing seed, and have very	7
	. 10
- dark red (D. Cruentus), bloody red, 1 ft - double garden (D. Moschatus), mixed varieties	. 06
- double garden (D. Moschatus), mixed varieties Indian (D. Chinensis). Hardy biennial, 1% ft Pheasant's eye (D. Plumerious), red, fragrant, 6 in	. 05
- picotee (D. Caryphyllus), fine mixed - picotee (D. Caryphyllus), choicest mixed	. 10
Process (5) caryopinymass, enoteds mixed	
AND MANY MANY	
	1



CALIFORNIA POPPY.



PHLOX STAR OF QUEDLINGBURG.



PHLOX PERENNIAL.

PANSY (Heartsease), Viola Tricolor.

A well-known favorite, producing a profusion of brilliant flowers. Picking off the buds as soon as they appear during the Summer will cause the plants to grow bushy and compact; they will bloom profusely during the late Autumn and early Spring months. Prefers a moist, shady situation; cover during the Winter months. Seed sown in August or September, kept in a cold frame through the Winter, and planted out in the Spring, will blossom the whole season. Hardy berennial.

L T	r pki
Pansy, mixed — fine mixed, 6 in	108
- fine hybrid, mixed, 6 in	10
-extra large stained hybrid, mixed, saved from	
-extra large stained hybrid, mixed, saved from large and beautiful strains of prize flowers, 6 in	25
-Price & Reed's Superb Mixture, large Flowers with fine colors and markings, all of the best varieties, 6 in	20
- ortro lance flavoring bybrid winds there	
-extra large flowering hybrid, mixed; these	
embrace almost all shades of color, with large and	
beautiful markings, the finest grown, 6 in	50
- Fine Mixture of Cassiers, Bugnot and Odier	
Strains, very fine markings, 6 in - Eckford Prize Strain of English Pansy, large and	20
- Eckford Prize Strain of English Pansy, large and	
fine markings, 6 in. - Cassiers, very large flowered, blotched, a rich	20
showy strain	20
- Bugnot, superb blotched, very large flowers, fine	201
	20
colors Non Plus Ultra, a fine blotched strain. Peacock, large flowered, slate blue, with white edge	20
- Peacock, large flowered, slate blue, with white edge	10
	10 10
- Trimárdeau, fine - Emperor William, blue	10
- Odier or five blotched	10
- White, 6 in,	10
- Yellow, golden, 6 in	10
- White Snow Queen	10

PORTULACA.

A brilliant, beautiful flower, with delicate colors. Its large, splendid flowers, produced in the greatest profusion, make a very fine appearance. The double variety is one of the most showy and desinable low-growing plants in cultivation. Half-hardy annual. Portulaca, splendid mixed, 6 in

ŀ	- hybrid grandiflora, mixed, large flowering
	- alba, pure white, 6 in., 05; - aurea, golden yellow, 6 in
	 roseá, rose colored, 6 in., 05; - double mixed, 6 in new double mixed, grandiflora, choicest mixed;
ľ	flowers from 1 to 2 in. in diameter, resembling roses in ap-
	manufact the most brilliant shades and colors



DIADEM PINK.



RHODANTHE.



EVERLASTING PEAS.



RICINUS.



DOUBLE GARDEN PINK,



EVENING PRIMROSE.



JAPANESE PINK.



PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

PETUNIA.

A very profuse flowering plant, of easy culture, with brilliant and various colors. Flowers the whole Summer. The double flowers are produced by fertilizing single flowers with pollen of the double, and even when done with the greatest care is not likely to be successful. Seed producing forty per cent of the double flowering plants of good quality is considered first-class. Half-hardy perennial.

Petunia, fine mixed, I ft - hybrid grandiflora mixture, large flowering, 1 ft grandiflora fimbriata, finest single fringed, 1 ft	. 20
 Buchanan's hybrid, blotched and marbled, 1½ ft. splendid double large flowering (Hybrid Grandiflora, fl, pl.) extra fine double variety, all colors mixed, 1 ft. doubled mixed, a good variety, 1 ft. grandiflora fimbriata, ft. pl., (large-flowering double- 	35 20
fringed Petunia), various colors, very double and deeply fringed, 1 ft	
PERILLA. Ornamental foliage plants of compact habit, leaves dark mulberry; fine for ribbons, etc., 1½ ft.	05
PHLOX DRUMMONDII.	
These flowers are of extreme beauty, are unrivalled for richness of color, profusion and length of duration in bloom. Hardy annual. Phlox Drummondii, all colors mixed, 1 ft — grandiflora, splendid mixed large flowering, 1 ft — Star of Quedlinburg, mixed colors, 1½ ft — alba, pure white, 1 ft — black warrior, dark red, 1 ft — Isabellina, pale yellow, 1 ft — occulata, white and lilac, 1 ft — Badowitzi, rose and white, 1 ft — nana compacta, mixed, dwarf, growing various colors, 5 in — decussata (Perennial Phlox), mixed varieties, 3 ft	05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05
POPPY.	
A plant with very large and brilliant-colored flowers, producing a rich and effective display. Hardy annual.	
Poppy, double, mixed, divers colors, 1½ ft — carnation, double, mixed, 2 ft — Daneborg, brilliant scarlet, blotched with silvery white, 2 ft. — ranunculus, or French, double, mixed, 3 ft — peony-flowered, double, divers colors, 1 ft. — scarlet, double, ½ ft., 05; — white fringed, ½ ft. — Shirley, fine mixed — single, mixed, 1½ ft., 05; — Mikado — teeland, finest mixed	05 05 05 05 05 05
PRIMROSE EVENING (Œnothera).	
The state of the s	

Free-flowering plants, having long spikes and flowering continuously, opening suddenly near the close of the day; fine for beds, edging or rock-work. Half-hardy annual.

Primrose, yellow, evening, 2 ft.

- white evening, 2 ft.



10 10

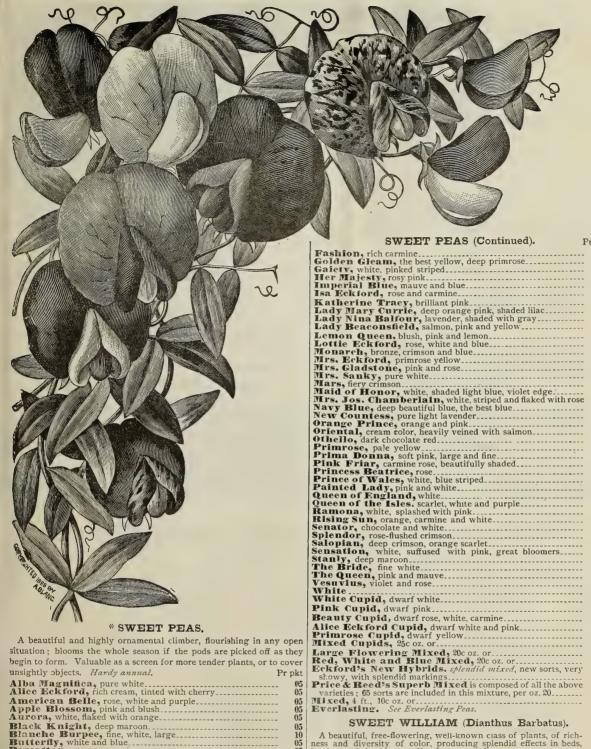
HUNT'S SWEET WILLIAM

SWEET VIOLET.

05 05 05

05

10



White Cupid, dwarf white
Pink Cupid, dwarf pink
Beauty Cupid, dwarf rose, white, carmine
Alice Eckford Cupid, dwarf white and pink
Primrose Cupid, dwarf yellow
Mixed Cupids, 25c oz. or.

Large Flowering Mixed, 20c oz. or.

Red, White and Blue Mixed, 20c oz. or.

Eckford's New Hybrids, splendid mixed, new sorts, very showy, with splendid markings.
Price & Reed's Superb Mixed is composed of all the above varieties; 65 sorts are included in this mixture, per oz. 20.

Mixed, 4 ft., 10c oz. or.

Everlasting. See Everlasting Peas. unsightly objects. Hardy annual.

Alba Magnifica, pure white.

Alice Eckford, rich cream, tinted with cherry.

American Belle, rose, white and purple.

Apple Blossom, pink and blush.

Aurora, white, flaked with orange.

Black Knight, deep maroon.

Blanche Burpee, fine, white, large.

Butterfly, white and blue.

Boreatton, maroon. SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus). 05 10 05 05 A beautiful, free-flowering, well-known class of plants, of richness and diversity of color, producing splendid effects in beds, borders and shrubbery. Hardy perennial. Butterny, white and blue.

Blushing Beauty, pale rose.

Blanche Ferry, pink and white.

Bronze King, copper, red and white.

Carmen Sylva, carmine, blue, rose.

Crown Princess of Prussia, blush, pink.

Coquette, deep primrose, yellow shaded, fawn color.

Duke of Clarence, rosy claret.

Duke of Westminster, deep maroon, overlaid with violet.

Duchess of Edinburgh, scarlet and rose.

Delight, white tinted rose.

Dorothy Tennant, dark mauve.

Emily Eckford, rosy mauve and blue.

Empress of India, rosy pink and white.

Emily Henderson, white

Fairy Queen, white and rose.

Firefly, crimson scarlet. 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 Sweet William, mixed, 1 ft.

— double mixed, seed from fine double varieties.

— Hunt's Perfection (auricula-flowered). VIOLA (Sweet Violets). A well-known favorite, deservedly in demand on account of its profusion of bloom, which lasts from early Spring throughout the Summer months. Hardy perennial. 05 05 05 05 Viola odorata, (Sweet Violet), 6 in..... 05 05 05 05 05 05 VISCARIA (Rose of Heaven). Profuse flowering plants, of brilliant color; fine for beds or borders. Hardy annual,

*THUNBERGIA

A very ornamental climber, of rapid growth, handsome foliage and much-admired flowers; a fine bloomer; delights in a rich, loamy soil. Half-kardy annual.

Pr pkt Thunbergia, mixed, all colors, 4 ft..... 05

VENUS' LOOKING-GLASS.

A free-flowering, pretty attle plant, adapted for beds and edgings, of easy growth in any good soil. Hardy annual.

Venus' Looking-Glass, mixed, 6 in. VERBENA.

A well-known and much-admired bedding plant, of easy culture. Plants grown from seed are more healthy and make larger and hardier plants than those from cuttings; if sown in Spring will flower quite early. Half-hardy perennial.

Verbena, fine mixed

Defiance, scarlet

Fluest Hybrid Superfine, mixed, from select flowers.

Italian Striped, fine mixed

white

white

Hybrid Candidissima, large trusses, pure white

New mammoth mixed, 05 05 05 05

VINCA.

A genus of beautiful green-house plants, succeeding well out of doors in a warm, sheltered situation. Seeds sown early in Spring will bloom the same season.

Vinca Alba, white, 2 ft. 05 | —Rosea, rose color, 2 ft.

WALL-FLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri).

A well-known plant, very fragrant. Useful for filling beds, making groups and forming ribbons, as the large spikes of the double variety produce a fine effect in beds and lawns. Half-hardy perennial. Wall-flower, single, 2½ ft 05 | -- double, 2½ ft...

WHITLAVIA.

A free-flowering annual, with beautiful, bell-shaped flowers; grows freely in any soil; suitable for beds and borders. Hardy



XERANTHEMUM

A beautiful, showy class of everlastings, much used for Winter bouquets; if gathered and dried when first open will retain their color and form for years. Hardy annual.

Pr pkt Xeranthemum, doubled mixed, 2 ft.....

ZINNIA ELEGANS (Youth and Old Age).

Annuals of great beauty and brilliancy, branching habits and superb colors; the double flower much resembles a Dahlia; the same flower will remain in a state of perfection from six weeks to two months, Half-hardy annual.

Zinnia	Elegants, double mixed, 1% ft
	alba, white
	purpurea, dark purple
	aurea, golden
	coccinea, dark scarlet
	New Giant mixed
	Double Pompon
	Doubled Dwarf

Collections of Imported Flower Seeds.

(IN ORIGINAL PACKETS.) Price 6 varieties Portulaca, double \$0 60
6 "Ten-week stock \$0 60
12 "" 60
8 "Sweet Peas \$0
10 "" 40
12 "" 40 \$0
6 "Verbnas \$0
6 "Zinnia Elegans \$0
12 "Everlasting Flowers \$0
12 "Climbers \$0
12 "Climbers \$0
12 "Climbers \$0
13 D, 12 " 60
14 "F, 18 " 100 12 varieties Marvel of Peru. \$0 60 6 Marigold 30 10 40 40 6 Morning Glory 30 6 varieties Asters, peony flowered \$0 50 75 40 Dwarf Pyramidal 40 30 40 30 12 6 12 6 10 60 30 50 30 50 50 30 " German Dwarf Nasturtium..... Victoria 40 40 60 6 6 12 Tall Nasturtium Washington Pictorial Collection, B, 8 varieties.

"" D, 12 "

" P, 18 "

" H, 24 "

" S, 6 Pansies "

" T, 8 " Balsam, Imp. Camelia flow'ed. 60 50 60 1 25 40 30 50 61 60 Pansy.... Rose flowered..... Dianthus
Carnations
Double Hollyhock 00 25 $\begin{array}{c} 40 \\ 60 \end{array}$

Twenty-five Varieties of Choice Annual Flower Seeds, Our Own Selection. Put up in Boxes, Sent by Mail on receipt of \$1. 12 Packets for 50 cts. with full directions for their culture.

Flowering Plants and Vines.

All Plants will be sent by Express. We do not send plants by mail, as we not only can send larger plants by express but they arrive in a much better condition, as the soil does not have to be taken as clean from the roots, whereas in sending by mail the earth has to be almost entirely removed, the plants are small and it takes some time for them to revive, and they often perish. We can supply the latest and best varieties of the following plants, besides many other kinds.

Begonias, Cannas, Sarnations,

Chrysanthemums, / Coleus, Crotons,

Palms.

Petunias, Primrose,

Roses, for bedding, Roses, in collection, Tuberoses potted,

Verbenas, Violets, etc., etc.

SEE PAGE 44.

Price of Flower Seeds by Weight.

Dy /	weers post-p	race as prices numera, in not sous quantities and one-may bance.	
. 26	Per oz.	Per oz.	roz.
AGERATUM MEXICANUM	\$0 40	DIANTHUS LACINIATUS, Double \$100 RICHUS SANGUINEUS TO COMMUNIS COMMUNIS WIXED WIXED MIXED.	60 25
ALYSSUM, SWEET.	40	EVERLASTING FLOWERS, Mixed	25
AMARANTHUS CAUDATUS	25	GLOBE AMARANTHUS, Mixed	25
ASTER, CHINA.	60	HOLLYHOCK, Fine Mixed, Double 1 00 SALVIA SPLENDENS.	1 75
" PEONY Flowered, Truffaut's	1 75	LARKSPUR, DWARF ROCKET 25 SMILAX	75
		Marical D. Lemon or Orange 40 Stocks Ten Weeks Mixed German	1 25
BALSAM, CAMELIA Flowered, Mixed		"French 40 "" White White Street Sweet, per pound 75 cents 20 "Intermediate, Mixed Brompton, Mixed "Brompton, Mixed "	3 00
Double Mixed		MARVEL OF PERU. 25 "Intermediate, Mixed	5 00
		MARVEL OF FERU.	4 80
" Double White		Mignonette Sweet, per pound 75 cents 20 "Brompton, Mixed	4 00
BALLOON VINE			10
CACALIA.	50	Morning Glory, Mixed, per pound, 50 c 10 "Dwarf	40
CANARY BIRD FLOWER	50	NASTURTIUM DWARF 30 SWEET PEAS, Price & Reed's Superb,	
CANDYTUFT, White, Fragrant	25	" TALL 20 Mixed, per lb. \$1.50	20
" Purple	25	Pansy, Fine Mixed\$1.50, 2.60, 3.00 5 00 "Mixed, per lb, 50 cents	10
" Crimson	25	" Extra Selected, Large Flowered. " Eckford's Hybrids	20
" Mixed	25	NASTORTIUM DWARF 30	20 10
CASTOR BEANS, Mixed	25	PETUNIA Mixed "White	10 30 75
CENTAUREA CANDIDISSIMA	2 25	PHLOX DRUMMONDII, Mixed 60 SWEET WILIAM, Mixed	30
COCKSCOMB, Mixed	75	Phlox Drummondii, Mixed 60 Sweet Wiliam, Mixed 75 Verbena, Mixed	75
		Pink, China	1 50
COREOPSIS, Mixed		Pink, China.	1 00
CYPRESS VINE, Crimson	35		40
CYPRESS VINE, White	40	PORTULACA, Mixed	
DIANTHUS HEDDEWEGII, Double	I 00	Double Grandiflora, Mixed. 5 00	

CLUB RATES.

As an inducement to those who wish a great variety of choice and expensive seeds, or who take the trouble to induce their neighbors to join in ordering, we will discount from the list as follows:

To those ordering, we will send seeds in packets, half ounces and ounces, as follows: For \$1 we will

send to the value of \$1.20; \$2, \$2,40; \$3, \$3.60; \$4, \$4.80; \$5, \$6; \$10, \$12; \$20, \$24.

Centranthus.

Ammobium.

These rates refer only to seeds in packets, half ounces and ounces. Nothing heavier than ounces is included in these rates. Seeds, when ordered by the one-quarter, one-half pound, pints and quarts, plants, roots, bulbs, etc., will not be included.

Classification of Annuals, Biennials, Perennials, Etc.

HARDY ANNUALS.

Mignonette.

Sweet Pea

Dianthus Laciniatus. Jacobea.

Alyssum, Sweet. Asters. Bartonia, Callirhoe. Candytuft, Catchfly.	Chrysanthemum Clarkia, Clematis, Convolvulus Minor, Coreopsis, Dianthus Heddewegii,	Dianthus Diadematus. Erysimum. Flos Adonis. Gilia. Helichrysum. Hibiscus.		Morning Glory. Nemophila. Phlox Drummondii. Pink, China. Poppy. Sunflower.	Sweet Sultan. Venus' Looking-Glas Viscaria. Whitlavia. Xeranthemum.
		HALF-HAR	DY ANNUALS.		
Ambrosia. Abronia, Acroclinium. Ageratum. Amaranthus, Balloon Vine. Balsam.	Brachycome. Browallia. Cacalia. Canary Bird Flower. Celosia. Cockscomb. Cypress Vine.	Didiscus, Euphorbia, Gaillardia, Globe Amaranthus, Hyacinth Bean, Ice Plant, Lobelia.	Love-Lies-Bleeding, Marigold, Momordica, Nasturtium, Ornamental Gourds, Perilla, Portulaca,	Primrose, Evening, Princess Feather. Rhodanthe. Ricinus. Salvia. Salpiglossis. Schizanthus.	Sensitive Plant. Snap Dragon Stocks, Ten Weeks. Thunbergia, Zinnia.
-		BIE	NNIALS.		
Canterbury Bells.	Honesty. Pink, C	love. Pink, Indian.	Pink, Imperial.	Stocks, Intermediate.	Stocks, Brompton.
			ERENNIALS.		
Adonis. Alyssum Saxatile. Aquilegia. Delphinium.	Everlasting Peas. Foxglove. French Honeysuckle. Hollyhock.	Jacob's Ladder. Lychnis. Nymphæa. Pyrethrum.	Pansy. Pink, Pheasant's Eye. Pink, Maiden.	Pink, Double Garden Polyanthus. Rose Campion.	Rocket. Sweet William. Viola.
	HA	LF-HARDY AND	TENDER PERENN	IALS.	
Bellis. Calceolaria. Canna. Centaurea. Cineraria.	Cobæa. Coleus. Cyclamen. Dahlia. Eschscholtzia.	Forget-me-not. Geranium. Gloxinia. Heliotrope. Lantana.	Marvel of Peru. Maurandya. Oxalis. Petunia. Pink, Picotee.	Pink, Carnation. Primrose, Chinese. Scabiosa. Smilax. Stocks, Brompton.	Verbena, Vinca, Wallflower.
	CLIMBERS	S. Fine for Covering	Trellises, Arbors,	Old Fences, etc.	
Balloon Vine. Canary Bird Flower Clematis.	Cobæa Scandens. Cypress Vine. Everlasting Pea.	Hyacinth Bean. Ipomœa. Morning Glory.	Maurandya. Momordica,	Nasturtium. Ornamental Gourds.	Smilax. Thunbergia.
	EVERLAST	INGS OR IMMORT	ELLES. Fine for 1	Vinter Bouquets.	
Acroclinium.	Ammobium.	Globe Amaranthus.	Helichrysum.	Rhodanthe.	Xeranthemum.
	FOLIAGE PL	ANTS. Making a F	ine $Appearance$ $Sing$	ly, or in Groups.	
Amaranthus. Canna.	Cineraria. Dahlia.	Helianthus.	Ornamental Grasses.	Ricinus.	Zinnia.
F	RAGRANT FLOWE	ERS OF A SINGLE	COLOR. Blooming	Nearly the Whole Sec	ason.
Abronia. Ageratum. Asters. Balsam. Carnation.	Coreopsis. Candytuft. Dianthus. Erysimum.	Eschscholtzia. Larkspur. Lobelia. Mignonette.	Pansy Pink. Portulaca. Phlox Drummondii.	Stocks. Sweet Alyssum. Sweet Peas. Sweet Rocket.	Sweet Violet. Verbena. Wallflower, Zinnia.

Summer Flowering Bulbs.



GLADIOLUS are great favorites. They are of very easy culture and succeed well in sandy loam. If strong manures are used in the soil, it causes the colors of the flowers to run into each other, and gives them an indistinct appearance. They can be planted singly, in groups or in beds. Plant from 2 to 4 in. deep, according to size of bulb, and as they grow up, tie to a light stake about 21/2 ft high. Should be taken up when frost has killed the leaves, dried in the sun, the stalks cut off an inch from the root. Keep them in a warm, dry cellar through the winter

Wived Varieties, perdoz., 20 cts.

71		
Mixed Hybrids, gene-	Ea	. do
rally the most satisfactory to		
the amateur. They embrace		
almost all varieties and		
colors \$0	08	\$0.5
Le Moine's hybrid mix-		
ture	10	6
Shades of white, red,		
yellow, scarlet and		
3 ,		

pink Groff's Hybrid, seedlings, the most popular strain in America. Mixed colors.... Midway Collections, finest mixtures.....

Gold Medal Strain, (Buffalo, 1901). Finest mixed va-10 1 00 Pan-American Strain. Finest mixtures.....

TIGRIDIA (Shell Flower). The Tigridia, or Mexican Tiger Flower, produces a very showy flower, from 3 to 4 inches in diameter, of very bright, gorgeous, colors, growing on a stem about 18 in. high.

	Ea	. р	r d	OZ.
Trigidia Grandiflora,	An.	10	01	400
scarlet, spotted with yellow	20	10	\$1	00
Conchistora, orange, spot-		10	1	00
		10	-	00
Alba, white		10		(10



LILIUM AURATUM.

DWARF FRENCH EVERBLOOMING CANNAS.

These are very showy and attractive, growing from 2½ to 4 feet, with large sized, brilliant colored flowers. A profuse bloomer, producing great numbers of flowers from mid-summer until frost.

\$1 00

1 00

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10 1 00

CIS II OIL III O SOUTHING CONTENT I COST	
Austria. The giant, golden	E
lily-flowered Canna, with yel-	
low flowers from 6 to 8 inches	
across, height 5 feet \$0	10
Alsace. Delicate sulphur yel-	
low, changing to creamy	
white, height, 3 feet	10
Annie Laurie. Fine va-	
riety, profuse bloomer, 3 feet	10
Brilliant. Beautiful red,	
3 feet	10
Burbank. Yellow orchid-	
flowered. Very beautiful, 3	
feet	10
Baltimore. Large erect	
spikes of handsome flowers;	
bright red, with golden yel-	
low throat, 3 feet	10
Buttercups. Bright yel-	
low, flowers large, constant	
bloomer, height, 3 feet	10
Duke of Marlborough.	
Beautiful crimson maroon	
with velvety appearance,	
height, 4 feet	10
theight a received	

Gloriosa. Bright rich crim son, golden border.... Italia. The giant orchidflowered Canna. Rich golden yellow, with great patches of brilliant crimson Madame Crozy.

million scarlet, bordered with Maiden Blush. Delicate

Martha Washington. Pink flowers, free bloomer,

Queen Eleanor. A good variety, profuse bloomer, 8 And many other varieties from 5 cents to 10 cents each, 50 cents to \$1.00 per dozen.

TRY GLADIOLUS IN COLLECTIONS.



DWARF PEARL TUBEROSE.

TUBEROSES.

The most satisfactory of all the Summer blooming bulbs. Each bulb sends up a stalk about three feet high that throws from twenty to thirty flowers, and each flower may be said to be a bouquet in itself, so sweet and fragrant are they. They require a warm, rich soil, and a long season. Pot in February or March, and in the latter part of May transfer the plant into open ground. They can be planted in open ground as soon as danger of frost is over. When planted from the first to the middle of May, in a warm, sunny location, they should produce flowers early in July. Before potting remove all the off-shoots or little bulblets and the dry roots, which, if not done, is apt to prevent blooming.

Ea. Pr. doz.

VERY LARGE DOUBLE EXCELSIOR PEARL TUBEROSE, flowers pearly white, larger
and more on a stem than the common
pearl; grows only twenty to twenty-four
inches, about half the height of the old
double sorts, the flowers are nearly twice
the size (often two inches in diameter),
and imbricated like a Camelia and very

Albino Tuberose—A very early single flowering variety, with very large and evenly filled spikes of pure waxey white flowers. They flower in July and throw from 2 to 5 flower stems from a single bulb, 5 and 8 cents each; 50 and 75 cents per dozen.



CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM. A well-known tropical plant, growingto the height of 4 or 5 feet, with a corresponding breadth. The leaves are of immense size and of brilliant green, streaked with white, often measuring 2 feet in length by 1½ feet in width; very showy, fine for lawn, door yards, etc.; bulbs, 25 and 50 cts. each, according to size.



DWARF FRENCH CANNAS. These have attracted much attention for the last few years. The large size and brilliant coloring of the flowers, and the freedom with which they bloom, make them most attractive for bedding plants. Every shoot blooms, and as often as a truss fades another takes its place, and each stem blooms 3 or 4 times in succession. As the plants throw up a number of shoots they form a mass of gorgeous bloom constantly. The stalk is dwarf, growing about 3 feet high. Crimson, yellow, yellow spotted crimson, cherry, salmon, yellow edge, scarlet, bordered yellow, orange, scarlet, etc., etc. Roots 10 cts. each; \$1,00 per dozen.

CANNA EHEMANI.

Resembles Musa or banana. 20 cts. each.

CANNA ROBUSTA.
This variety has a broad variegated leaf, growing well in good soil; fine for ornamental purposes, 12 feet high. Bulbs 20 to 50 cents each.

CANNA. Mixed sorts; 10 to 15 cts. each.

LILLY OF THE VALLEY. A well-known perennial, blooming early in the Spring. Foliage rich green, flower stalks graceful and slender, covered with pure white, bell-shaped flowers of the greatest fragrance and beauty. Clumps, 25 and 50 cents; by mail 20 cts. extra.

AMARYLLIS FOR-MOSISSIMA, or JA-COBEAN LILY.

These bulbs produce flowers of a rich violet hue and beautiful appearance. Each 15 cts.; per doz. \$1.50.











LILY OF THE VALLEY.

SINGLE DAHLIAS.

DOUBLE DAHLIAS are well worthy of culture. The variety and beauty of its blossoms, and profusion in the late Summer and Autumn, when there are few handsome flowers in bloom, make it a great favorite. It will grow well in almost any good soil, except wet, heavy clay. Set about 3 feet apart; when out of danger of frost allow only one shoot to grow; tie to stakes as it advances, trimming off the lower side shoots, keeping it moderately wet in dry weather. The tubers should be taken up before the ground freezes, and laid away in a dry, warm cellar till Spring. Bright Claret, White, Crimson, Red, Amber, Rose, Yellow, Salmon, Variegated, etc., etc., 20 cents each; \$2.00 per doz,

Dwarf Bouquet Dahlias, assorted colors, 20 cents each; \$2.00 per doz. White, 20 cents each; \$2.00 per doz.

SINGLE DAHLIAS. This section of the Dahlia family has now become exceedingly fashionable, on account of the value attached to the cut blossoms. The flowers range from 3 to 5 inches in diameter, with a bright yellow center, surrounded with petals of all shades of scarlet crimson, rose, yellow, orange, white; 20 cents each; \$2.00 per doz.



NYMPEA (Water Lily.) These lilies are beautiful, and until lately have been rarely cultivated. They can be grown in any lake, pond or swampy piece of ground, aquarium, tanks or tubs of water sunk in the ground. The flowers are from 6 to 8 inches in diameter, very fragrant, and are produced freely from June to September. For growing in ponds, if a soft, muddy bottom, tie the roots close to a stone large enough to sink it, and drop it near the shore in 2 or 3 feet of water. If a hard bottom, dig a small hole and cover it lightly. For tubs put in 6 or 8 inches of light loam or pond mud, if handy; lay in the roots, being careful to straighten out the fibres, and cover 2 inches deep; fill the tub gently with water and keep full. These tubs should be put in a cellar in the Winter, to keep from freezing; fill with water when put away, and they will come out all right in the Spring. On obtaining the roots, if you are not ready to plant them, put them into a dish of water and they will keep for several days. Good roots, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

PEONIES. The Peony is perfectly hardy, and succeeds in any ground that does not lie under water during Winter. Double White, Double Rose, Double Sweet Scented. Roots, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

Gloxinia Bulbs, mixed varieties, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

Ea. pr. dz each; \$2.00 per doz.

MADEIRA or MEXICAN VINE, Large bulbs, 10 cents each; \$1.00 per doz, Good bulbs, 5 cents each; 50 cents per doz.

NEW TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIA. (Laing's unrivaled strain.) These are bound to become most popular for open-air

bedding. As they become better known, they will be grown everywhere. From the time the first bloom appears until all growth is stopped by frost, they are never out of bloom, and are covered with great wavy flowers from 8 to 5 inches across - borne in such profusion that the rich, glossy, green foliage is almost hid. den under the blossom. They surpass in gorgeousness and beauty any of the bedding plants. They produce many colors varying through all the shades of duce many colors varying through all the shades of crimson, scarlet, orange, yellow and white. They are not grown to the extent they should be, as they require no more care than Geraniums, and have as fine a range of color, and will bloom continually, even where Geraniums droop through lack of moisture. Planted in Rockeries, Flower-beds or Borders, they rival the Geranium with their rich and varied colors. The bulbs succeed well in any good soil, and will do well in a shady situation. The bulbs should be taken up in the Fall and laid away until Spring in a dry, cool place. "Single-flowered bulbs of scarlet, yellow, white and crimson, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per doz. Double-flowered bulbs, 20 cents each \$2.00 per doz.

JAPAN LILY. These beautiful lilies in shape somewhat resemble the old-fashioned Tiger Lily, but far surpass it in beauty of coloring. They grow well in any good soil, but if planted in a rich loam they will flower much more profusely. When in flower they should be well watered, especially in dry

weather. Manure should be avoided, as it is injurious. If protected with a covering of straw or leaves they can be left in the ground throughout the Winter. They should be started in pots, and about the last of April or first of May set out where they are intended to bloom, 6 inches deep, or in the open ground the last of May.

Lilium Auratum (Golden Japan Lily). White Ivory ground, with purple points or

white,..... \$0 25 \$2 50

-- Rubrum, red spotted... 15 1 50 -- Roseum, rose spotted ...

-- Longiflorum. white.

15 1 50 trumpet-shaped.....



GLADIOLUS.



Hardy Bulbs for Fall Planting. viz.:

Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus Polyanthus, Narcissus, Snowdrops, Lilies, etc.

Catalogue ready Sept. 1st.

Mailed free on application

Doz. Hund.



STRAWBERRIES.

All varieties marked **P** are pistillate, and require to have every fifth or sixth row set with some perfect flowering kind, like Sharpless, Bidwell, etc.

Beder Wood, early variety. Barton's Eclipse, early variety. Belle, late. Cyclone. Charles Downing, medium. Crescent, P., early. Columbian. Edgar Queen, P. Gandy Belle, medium. Michael's Early. Rio, early. Tubb's Early. Warfield, P., early.

35 cents per doz.; 50 cents per fifty; 75 cents per hundred; \$3.00 per thousand.

Bisel, P., early. Cumberland, early. Eleanor, medium. Gandy, late. Greenville, P., medium. Gen. Putnam, medium. Great Pacific, medium. Lady Rusk. Haverland, P., early. Mineola, medium. Paris King. Philips Seedling. Splendid, medium. Stayman, No. 1. Sunnyside, P. late. Shuckless. Staples, Vandemen.

35 cents per doz.; 50 cents per fifty; 75 cents per hundred; \$3.50 per thousand.

Brandywine, late. Bouncer, medium. Enormous, P., medium. Gardner. Lady Thompson, early. Mary, P., medium. Marshall, medium. Wm. Belt, medium. Saunders. King William.

35 cents per doz.; 50 cents per fifty; 85 cents per hundred; \$4.50 per thousand.

Enhance, late. Chaîrs, medium. Holland. Henderson. 40 cents per doz.; 65 cents per fifty; \$1.00 per hundred.

Bismark, medium. Margaret.

60 cents per doz.; \$2.00 per fifty; \$3.50 per hundred.

Glen Mary, medium. 50 cents per doz.; 75 cents per fifty; \$1.00 per hundred; \$12.00 per thousand.

Strawberry plants at dozen rates mailed without extra charge; at 100 rates for 50 cents extra per hundred.

POTTED STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

The most favorable time for transplanting Strawberries is during the Spring months. A bed planted in April or May, and well cared for during the Summer, will produce a full crop the following season. When it is not practicable to set out in the Spring, a full crop may be obtained the next season by planting pot-grown plants during August or September. These have been layered in pots, and taken out and transplanted with the entire ball and every root the plant has made. After August first, we can furnish pot-grown plants of most of the above varieties at \$2.00 to \$2.50 per fifty; \$3.50 to \$5.00 per hundred. Pot-grown plants cannot be sent by mail.

RASPBERRIES.

RED VARIETIES.		
	Doz. H	und.
Golden Queen. Large size, very hardy and productive; color, beautiful amber		
color, beautiful amber	\$0.50 9	\$1.50
Marlboro. Very early; large, firm and handsome	50	1 50
7,1-8-,		1 00

productive Cuthbert, Large, hardy Turner, Very large and hardy	\$0 50	\$1 50
Cuthbert. Large, hardy	50	1 50
Turner. Very large and hardy	50	1 50
BLACK CAP VARIETIES.		
Souhegan or Tyler. Early and prolific	50	1 25
Gregg. Very valuable; best late	50	
Doolittle. Large, sweet and juicy Ohio. Medium; berries good size.	50 50	1 25 1 25
area area area good size area area area area area area area ar	00	1 40
BLACKBERRIES.		
Kittatinny. Best for general cultivation	50	
Erie. Berries large. 'Taylor's Prolinc. Medium; large berries	75	
Wilson's Fronce. Medium; large berries	90 50	1 75 1 50
Wilson's Early. The earliest Synder. The hardiest, sweet and juicy	50	1 50
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap	plicat	
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap	plicat	ion.
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap	plicat Each,	ion. Doz.
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap CURRANTS. Fav's Prolific. New red.	plicat Each, \$0 20	Doz. \$1 90
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red Chapter Large	plicat Each, \$0 20	Doz. \$1 90 1 00
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red Chapter Large	plicat Each, \$0 20	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red Chapter Large	plicat Each, \$0 20	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00
CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red. Cherry, Large. Versailles. Very large. White Grape. Large best white. Lee's Prolific. New black Lee's Prolific. New black Lee's Black Naples. For jams and jellies.	Plicat Each, \$0 20 20 20 20 20 20	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00
Thousand rates on Raspberries and Blackberries upon ap CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red Chapter Large	plicat Each, \$0 20	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00
CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red. Cherry, Large. Versailles. Very large. White Grape. Large best white. Lee's Prolific. New black Lee's Prolific. New black Lee's Black Naples. For jams and jellies.	Plicat Each, \$0 20 20 20 20 20 20	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00
CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red. Cherry, Large. Versailles. Very large. White Grape. Large best white. Lee's Prolific. New black Black Naples. For jams and jellies. Two years' old bushes GOOSEBERRIES. Houghton's Seedlings. Very prolific.	Plicate Plicat	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 50
CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red. Cherry. Large Versailles. Very large. White Grape. Large best white. Lee's Prolific. New black. Black Naples. For jams and jellies. Two years' old bushes GOOSEBERRIES. Houghton's Seedlings. Very prolific. — Two years' old bushes.	plicat Each. \$0 20 20 20 20 20 25	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 50
CURRANTS. Fay's Prolific. New red. Cherry, Large. Versailles. Very large. White Grape. Large best white. Lee's Prolific. New black Black Naples. For jams and jellies. Two years' old bushes GOOSEBERRIES. Houghton's Seedlings. Very prolific.	plicat Each. \$0 20 20 20 20 20 25	Doz. \$1 90 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 50

RASPBERRIES—(Continued).

Hansell. Very early, with Juscious crimson berries, very

HARDY	GRAPES	(One	hundred-rates	upon	application.)	
					T	Į

	Each.	
Green Mountain, White. Early and prolific	\$0 35 35	
Niagara. White	35	3 50
Moore's Early, Black	35 35	3 50 3 50
Dutchess. White. Lady Washington. White.	35	3 50
Lady Washington. White	. 35 . 35	3 50 3 50
Wyoming. Red, new	35	3 50
Early Victor, Black. Agawam, (Rogers' No. 15). Maroon	. 35	3 50 3 50
Brighton, Red	. 35	3 50
Catawba. Red	. 35	3 50 3 50
Concord, Black Delaware, Red		3 50
Hartford Prolific. Black	35	3 50
Lady. Yellowish green. Martha. Greenish white	. 35 35	3 50 3 50
Salem. (Rogers' No. 53). Chestnut color	35	3 50
Wilder, (Rogers' No. 4). Dark purple		3 50 3 50
Special prices on lots of 100 and 1000.		

N. B.—Raspberries, Blackberries, Gooseberries, Currants and grapevines cannot be sent by mail—as the plants would have to be so small that they would be unsatisfactory to the purchaser. We send by express only.

				Lacn.
Pear Trees, th	ree v	ears o	ld	\$0 75
Cherry Trees.	. "	66		75
Cherry Trees, Plum Trees,	66	66		75
Apple Trees,		66		75

HAVE YOUR PLANTS SENT BY EXPRESS. When plants are sent by mail they often die, because so much earth has to be taken from the roots. Where it is possible, therefore, it is much better, and in the end more economical, to forward by express. When sent by freight they are entirely at the risk of the purchaser. This applies to Flowering and Vegetable Plants, also. We make no charge for packing.

FLOWERING PLANTS AND VINES.

WE SEND ALL PLANTS BY EXPRESS.

When plants are sent by mail they often die, because so much earth has to be taken from the roots. Where it is possible, therefore, it is much better, and in the end more economical, to forward by express. When sent by freight they are entirely at the risk of the purchaser. This applies to Flowering and Vegetable Plants. They will be carefully packed (without pots). No charge will be made for packing.

IMPORTED HARDY DUTCH ROSES.

ON DWARF BUDDED STOCKS.

We will have about the middle of March, a fine, large importation of Roses, which will be sure to bloom this season, and are hardy in this climate, consisting of the following. Price from 15 cents to 20 cents each. Auguste Guinnesseau, White La France.
Celine Forestier, Rich Yellow.
Gen. Jacqueminot, Brilliant Red.
Red.
Jean Liabaud, Deep Crimson.
Mrs. John Laing, Soft Rose.
Marcchiel Neil, Deep Yellow.
Mabel Morrison, White.
Perle des Blauches, White.
Victor Hugo, Deep Purplish Red.

Alfred Colomb, Bright Crimson.

American Beauty, Deep Rose.

Baron de Bonstettin, Dark Crimson.

Capt. Christy, Rose.

Capt. Christy, Rose.

Capt. Christy, Rose.

Capt. Christy, Rose.

Fisher Holmes, Brilliant Crimson.

Glorie de Dijon, Salmon Pink.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, White-Tinted Lemon.

Mad. Gabriel Luizet, Soft Rose.

Marshall P. Wilder, Cherry Rose.

Marshall P. Wilder, Cherry Rose.

Magna Charta, Bright Pink.

Paul Neyron, Dark Rose.

Paul Neyron, Dark Rose.

Souvenir de la Malmaison, Salmon.

Crimson Ramblers and Yellow Ramblers.

Alyssum, sweet. Tall and dwarf varieties. 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; \$1.00 per hundred.

Ageratum. White and blue. 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; \$4.00 per hundred.

Azalea, Indlea. Well budded, for Easter forcing as long as unsold. 12 to 14 inches in diameter. \$1.25 each; \$12.00 per doz. 14 to 16 inches in diameter, \$1.50 each; \$15.00 per dozen. 16 to 18 inches in diameter, \$1.75 each; \$18.00 per dozen.

\$1.70 each; \$18.00 per dozen.

Azalea Indica. Import prices for fall delivery. Strong plants.

10 to 12 inches in diameter, 75 cents each; \$8.00 per dozen; \$60.00 per hundred. 12 to 14 inches in diameter, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per dozen; \$60.00 per hundred. 14 to 16 inches in diameter, \$1.25 each; \$12.00 per dozen; \$80.00 per hundred. 16 to 18 inches in diameter, \$1.50 each; \$15.00 per dozen; \$100.00 per hundred.

Begonia Rex. New and choice sorts. 25 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen; \$12.00 per hundred.

Begonia. Assorted flowering and fancy sorts. 20 cents each; \$1.50 er dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Begonia, Tuberous Rooted. Dry bulbs, yellow, scarlet, crimson, white, pink. Single. 10 to 15 cents each; \$1.00 to \$1.50 per

Begonia, Tuberous Rooted. Best double, mixed colors, 25 cents each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Cannas. Strong plants in 4-inch pots. Best standard sorts. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen; \$12.00 per hundred.

Cannas, Dwarf, French, Everblooming. All orts (see page 40). 15 to 20 cents each; \$1.50 to \$2.00 per dozen. sorts (see page 40).

sorts (see page 40). 15 to 20 cents each; \$1.50 to \$2.00 per dozen.

Cinnamon Vine. Dry roots. 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Coleus. Best standard sorts. Vershaffeltii, Red and Yellow
Golden Bedder, Hero, Fire Crest, and other assorted fancy
leading sorts. 10 cents each; 85 cents per dozen; \$4.00 per hundred.

Caladium, Esculeutum. Dry bulbs. From 20 to 50 cents
each; \$2.00 to \$5.00 per dozen.

Clematis, Jackmanii and Henryii and others. 50 cents
each; \$4.50 per dozen; \$30.00 per hundred.

Clematis Paniculata, 40 cents each; \$3.00 per dozen; \$20.00 per

Chrysanthemums. Strong plants of extra choice varieties. 15 ents each; \$1.25 per dozen; \$6.00 per hundred.

Cobea Scandens. Strong plants. 15 cents each; \$1.25 per dozen;

\$8.00 per hundred.

Dalsy, English. Strong plants from frames. 10 cents each; 60 cents per dozen; \$3.00 per hundred.

Dahlias. Tall Double, Show, Dwarf, Cactus, Pompone, etc. 15 to 20 cents each; \$1.50 to \$2.00 per dozen.

Ferns. Standard sorts. 2½-inch pots. 75 cents per dozen; \$6.00

per hundred.

Feveriew. 1 \$5.00 per hundred. Double white. 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen;

Fuchsias. Finest sorts. Large plants. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Gerantums. Newer and scarcer sorts. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen; \$12.00 per hundred.

Geraniums. Double, best standard sorts. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per ozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Gerantums. Single, best standard sorts. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per ozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Geraniums. Ivy-leaved, or Rose scented, best standard sorts. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Gloxinias. Dry bulbs, mixed colors (see page 42). 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Hollyhock. Fine sorts from open ground. 20 cents each; \$1.50

Heliotrope. Extra-sized plants, white and purple. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Hydrangeas, Otaksa and Thomas Hogg. From 75 cents to \$1.00 each.

Ivy, English. Strong plants. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$1.00 per hundred.

Ampelopsis, Vietchii, or Boston Ivy. In 4-inch pots. 15 to 20 cents each; \$12.00 to \$15.00 per hundred.

Ivv, German. Strong plants. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred. Lantanas. 4 of the best sorts. 20 cents each. \$1.75 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Lemon Verbena. Aloysia Citnodora, 2-inch pots. Scents each; 60 cents per dozen; \$4.00 per hundred.

Lilies. Auratum, Album, Roseum, etc. (See page 42.)
Lobelia, Compacta and Gracillis. 10 cents each; 75 cents
per dozen; \$4.00 per hundred.

Madeira Vine. Dry roots. 5 and 10 cents each; 50 cents to \$1.00

Nasturtium. Tom Thumb, crimson, scarlet and yellow. 15 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.00 per hundred.

Pansies. Strong plants from frames. 8 cents each; 60 cents per dozen; \$1.00 per hundred.

Pansies. Fancy sorts. Cassier, Odier, etc. 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; \$5.00 per hundred.

Petunias. Best, double. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00

per hundred

Petunias. Single, fancy fringed. Hybrids. 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; \$4.00 per hundred.

Pwonias. Double, white, rose, and sweet-scented. Dry roots. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Palms. Leading sorts. From 50 cents to \$5.00, according to size.

Pinks. Hardy, summer flowering, from open ground. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$12.00 per hundred.

Roses, summer flowering (Tea and Bourbon). Agrippina, Hermosa, Douglass, Dutchess of Edinburgh, Devoniensis, Isabella Sprunt, Leveson Gower, and several others. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Roses, Hardy Climbing sorts. Crimson Rambler, Yellow Rambler, White Rambler, Dundee Rambler, Baltimore Belle, Prairie Queen, 40 cents each; \$4.00 per dozen; \$25.00 per hundred.

Salvia Splendens. Scarlet, large plants, 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Salvia Bonfire, New Dwarf. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred. Smilax. Extra strong plants. 15 cents each; \$1.20 per dozen;

\$6.00 per hundred.

Tuberoses. Dry roots. From 5 to 10 cents each. (See page 41.)
Tuberoses. In pots. 15 cents each: \$1.00 per dozen.

Tigridia Grandiflora, etc. (See page 40.) Verbenas. Mammoth. 8 cents each; 60 cents per dozen; \$1.00

per hundred. Vinca, Major. dozen; \$100 per hund Strong plants for vases. 20 cents each; \$1.50 per hundred

Vinca, Alba and Rosea. Splendid bedding plants. 15 cents ich; \$1.50 per dozen; \$10.00 per hundred.

Violet, Marie Louise and Swanley White. Extra strong plants for fall delivery. 25 cents each; \$2 50 per dozen.

Water Lilles, Nymphea Alba, white water lily. (See page 2.) 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen.

Vines and Climbers. Ampelopsis Vetchii and toylii. 35 cents each; \$3.50 per dozen; \$16.00 per hundred.

For Vegetable Plants, Tomato, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Pepper. gg, Celery, Sweet Potatoes, Rhubarb and Asparagus Roots, see pages and 23.

Egg, Ce 4 and 23

A Beautiful Novelty from the Orient.

apanese for f Mikado f Hern & Sall

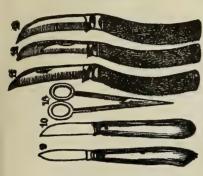
Unique, Beautiful, Perpetual, Cheap. The finest decorative plant yet introduced. For the window, drawing room, or suspended from chandelier, over dining table, or used in fern dishes

What is prettier in Winter than a Ball of Delicate Emerald Green Ferns?

This grand novelty is an importation from Japan, and is certainly one of the finest additions to the Fernery yet introduced. The ball is composed of the Japanese Inland Fern Roots and Sphagnum Moss, and so constructed as to send out leaves of beautiful emerald green from every point. They grow rapidly, and make a handsome ornament for the home, conservatory or greenhouse.

50 cents each. by mail 60 cents.

Garden Jools and Requisites.





	Each.
Asparagus Bunchers, Acme (see page 46).	\$2 50
Bee Smokers	75
Calf Feeders	2 50
do Weaners	
Dibbles	
Drinking Fountains	
Floral Tools and Sets, 3 and 4 pieces (fig.	
23), per set, from	
Forks, Spading	
do Weeding (fig. 40)25 to	
Fruit Pickers, wire	
Grafting Chisel	
Grafting Wax, 1/4 lb. 15c.; 1/2 lb. 25c.; lb	
Garden Reels (fig. 34)	1 25

1	1	Each.
ľ	Garden Line25c. to	40 35
ı	Grass Hooks, English riveted back (fig.	
ı	37)65 to	85
Į	Garden Rubber Hose, per ft10 to	15
ı	Hose, Nozzle-spraying, Vermorel 200 to	2 50
ľ	Hose, Garden, large and small38 to	60
1	do Dutch Scuffle (figs, 32-33)60c. to	1 00
ı	Hot-bed cloth, per yard11 and	12
ł	KNIVES.	
ı	Budding, Eng. (figs. 5, 6, 9, 10)1 00 to	1 25
1	Pruning, Eng. (figs. 2, 3, 4,11,12,13) 60c. to	1 50
1	Grafting	1 00
1	Asparagus	1 25
Į	Corn	25
1	Edging (fig. 24)	1 25
•		



	Sach.
Labels, wood, pot and plant (see page 46). Ladders, Pat. Extension	2 25
Lopping Shears, Am	1 00
do do Eng. (fig. 27)2.75 to	4 06
Lawn Rollers (see page 24).	
Milk Pails, patent	1 06
Milk Strainers, patent	2 50
Milking Tubes, silver (page 47)75c, to	1 00
Mole Traps, Engdo Olmstead	75
Pencils, indellible, Garden	2_00 25
Plant Tubs (see page 47)1.50 to	3 50
Post-hole Spoons	75
Pruners, Tree1.25 to	1 75
Pruning Saw and Chisei (fig. 43)	1 75
Pumps, Daisy Force	1 50
do Field Force8.75 to	
do Gould Force10.00 to	
Raffia, for tying, per lb	40
do Lawn, wire	75
do Pat. wood, self-cleaning . 65 and	75
do Lawn, wood	60
do Hay, wood	25
Saws, Pruning50c. to	1 25
Scythes, Lawn, riveted (fig. 17)1.25 to	1 50
do Grass	75
do Stone, Eng., flat	25
do Stone, Eng., flat	25 15
Scissors, Flower (fig. 47)	1 25
do Fruit (fig. 15)	1 25
do Pruning (fig. 50)	1 25
Shears, Pruning (figs. 45, 46, 51, 52) 50c. to	3 50
do Levin (patent)75c.	1 50
do Sheep (fig. 48)	1 50
do Hedge (fig. 30)	2 50 2 50
do Grass Edging (figs. 29, 49).1.25 to do Lopping (fig. 27)1,00, 2.75 to	4 00
Shovels	1 25
Spades75c. to	1 25
Spuds, thistle and weed	87
Sprinklers, Lawn	4 50 1 00
Stakes, Plant (see page 47).	1 00
do Dahlia (see page 47).	
Syringes (figs. 18, 19, 20), No. O, Spray	2 50
do No. 1, one stream	3 50 4 75
do No. 2, one stream, two roses do No. 3, one stream, two roses	6 75
do No. 5, three spray roses	7 50
do No. 6, knuckle joint	8 50
do Brass, new style, good size	2 50
Tin-foil, per lb	25 15
do Garden, tying, per ball, 10c.; per lb	
Thermometers, Dairy	25
Trowels (fig. 39), English 62 to	
do Am. Light	
do Am. Heavy	
do Iron	10
Trellises, Plant and Garden, 10c. up.	
do Tomato	25
Weeders, Hand Excelsior (fig. 20)	25 35
do Finger	16

Noyes (fig. 25)-----

COPPER WEATHER VANES.



A vane includes a wrought-iron spire and points of compass, with letters and balls ready for mounting. Each vane is a perfect indicator of the wind, and is warranted in every respect. They are made of copper; gilded with the finest gold leaf, and will keep bright for years without corroding.

Maud S., 31 in. long, swell bodied	\$35 00
Dexter, 32 in. long, full bodied	25 (H)
" old design	22 00
Ethan Allen, 31 in. long	
" full bodied	25 00
Ethan Allen, Jr., 26 in. long	
Sheep, 28 in. long	
Rooster, 36 in, high, \$35; 28 in, \$25; 24 in, \$15; 14 in	7 50
Game Rooster, 17 in. high, \$10; with arrow, 18 in	18 00
Ox, 24 in. long, full bodied.	30 00
Eagle, 42 in. spread, with arrow, \$50; 36 in. \$47; 27 in	31 00
Eagle, 20 in. long, with arrow	22 00
Eagle, 15 in. spread, with arrow.	15 (0
Eagle, with scroll, 15 in. spread, \$26; 18 in.	33 60
Eagle, with scroll, 27 in. long.	45 00
Arrow, 72 in. long, \$50; 60 in. \$30; 48 in. \$20; 42 in	18 00
Arrow, 36 in, long, \$15; 30 in, long, \$10; 24 in.	
Arrow, 18 in. long, \$6; 15 in. \$5; 12 in.	4 00
Church Vanes, 60 in. long	35 00
Church Vanes, 54 in, long	25 00
Church Vanes, 48 in. long.	23 00
Small scrolls from 8 in. to 48 in. \$5; to	20 00

THE FOUR BEST

LAWN MOWERS

IN THE MARKET.

EXCELSIOR HORSE LAWN MOWER.

This is the best Horse Lawn Mower manufactured and will do perfect work. The side draft attachment, which is furnished with each mower, allows the horse to walk only on the cut grass. The sectional caster wheels on mower do not roll down the grass or leave marks on the lawn.

_			
25 in. cut	(without seat or shafts)	. 845	00
30 in. cut	(with seat and shafts)	. 75	
	46 46 66 66	. 90	
40 in. cut	66 66 66 85	100	00

Horse Boots, per set of four, \$8.00.

No seat can be used in the 25 in mower. A draw-bar is furnished with this size, but, when ordered, shafts and side draft attachment can be furnished at \$10 extra.

RIVAL LAWN MOWERS.

WIDTH,																				PRI		
14 in	 					 			 		 	_	 	 		 	_	 		83		
16 in	 					 	-		 	,		-		 	-	 		 		4	Û	0



Planet, Jr., Cultivator and Horse Hoe.

The best in use.

No.	5,	Complete,	1	Lever
No.	6,	Complete,	2	Levers
No.	8.	Complete,	2	Levers



CONTINENTAL LAWN MOWER.

This machine has the cutting bar in the rear, which adapts itself to any uneveness in the ground. The gearing is completely covered, which keeps it from clogging. The rachet has no spring, which makes it silent in its operation. It is made to run at high speed, and will cut high grass, leaving the lawn perfectly smooth. It is light and easy to work; easily kept in order.

WIDTH.	WEIGHT.	PRICE.		
14 in	35 lbs	\$8 00		
16 In	37 lbs	9 00		
18 in	38 lbs	10 00		
15 fn (high wheel)	48 lbs	10 50		
17 in " "	50 lbs	11 50		

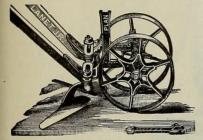
PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWER.

STYLE,	WIDTH.	WEIGHT.	PRICE.
		36 lbs	87 50
		38 lbs	
MI (spring rachets)	18 in	44 lbs	9 00
66 66	10 in		12.00

LAWN GRASS AND LAWN DRESSING, See Page 24.

SEED DRILLS.

New Model \$7 00
Matthews 7 00
Planet, Jr., Combined Drill
and Cultivator 10 50
Little Gem 5 00



Planet, Jr., Double Wheel Hoe, Complete

has pair each of long hoes, rakes, plows, narrow and wide cultivator teeth, and leaf guards.

Price \$8 00 Same, Plain 4 75

Planet, Jr., Single Wheel Hoe has one pair of long and one pair of short exchangeable hoes, a set of three reversible cultivator teeth and a steel garden plow. All the blades are tempered and polished steel.

Price \$6 00 Plain 4 00

PLANT SPRINKLERS.

This little implement throws a fine. strong spray on flowers and seedling plants. Easily filled and operated, simple, convenient and will not get out of order. Every housekeeper should have one. For sprinkling clothes they are unequalled. Add 10 cents for postage when ordered by mail.



Scollay's small size, 75c. Scollay's large size, with valve, \$1.00. Putty Bulb, \$1.00

Cahoon Broadcast Seed Sower.

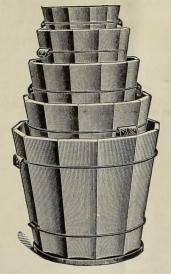
For Sowing Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye. Buckwheat, Grass Seed, Clover, &c., &c.



It sows from 4 to 8 acres per hour at a common walk, throwing from 15 to 40 feet wide, thus saving a great deal of labor and one-third of the seed. Any one can use it. Ordinary work of a day can be done in 3, hours. It will hold about 22 qts., as much as a man would wish to

Price \$4. Whip Seed Sower, \$3.00.

WOODEN PLANT TUBS.



Made of the best pine lumber; will last for years without rotting; held together by heavy steel wires which can be tightened by simply turning a nut; also have substantial handles by which they can be moved about.

11 inches hig	h12 ir	diamete	er	\$1	50
14 do	15	do		2	00
16 1-2 do	18	do		2	50
18 1-2 do	21	do		3	00
20 1-2 do	24	· do		3	50

GREEN WOODEN PLANT TUBS.

These Tubs are made of cypress wood painted green and have iron feet.

No. 1. 13 x 11 inches1 25	
No. 2.	Transaction and the second
14 x 13 inches1 50	
16 x 15 inches2 00 No. 4.	The same of the ball
20 x 18 inches2 50	
24 x 21 inches3 00	S. J. Talso

ROUND, PAINTED PLANT STICKS.

Length.	Each.	Pr doz.	Pr 100
One and one-half feet	\$0 02	\$0 20	\$1 50
Two feet	. 01	35	2 50
Two and one half feet			
Three feet			
Three and one-half feet	. 03	80	
Four feet		1 00	
Five feet	. 12	1 25	9 00
Six feet, Dahlia	. 15	1 50	12 00

POT OR PLANT LABELS.

Four inches \$0 20		
		00
Five inches 25		50
Six inches 2		75
Wired Tree 30) 2	00

PLANT BED CLOTH.

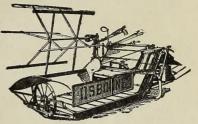
As substitute for glass on hot beds and cold frames. Heavy grade waterproof. Per yard, 15 cents; by piece of about 40 yards, 13 cents per yard.

Corn Shellers, \$7.00 and \$8.00. Mole Traps, \$2.00.



Silver Milking Tube. Every owner of a cow should have one. postpaid, 75c. and \$1.00.

The D. M. Osborne & Co. Farm Implements, Machines, Twine. Oil and Extras.



I am Headquarters in Albany for D. M. Osborne & Co.'s Goods, and carry a full line of

COLUMBIA MOWERS — 4½, 5 and 6 foot cut.

COLUMBIA REAPERS.

NO. 8 REAPERS.

COLUMBIA HARVESTER AND BINDER - 5, 6 and 7 feet.

HAY TEDDERS-6 and 8 forks.

SELF-DUMP HORSE RAKES—8 feet, 20 and 25 teeth; 10 feet, 24 and 30 teeth; 12 feet, 32 and 40 teet.

CORN HARVESTERS.

COLUMBIA CULTIVATORS — Nos. 0, 3, 4 and 5; from \$4 to \$6.50 each.

RIVAL DISC HARROWS—8, 10, 12, 14 and 16—16 in. discs.

10, 12, 14 and 16 - 18 in. discs.

8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 — 20 in. discs. REGULAR SPRING TOOTH HAR-ROWS — 9, 15, 17 and 23 teeth.

COMBINATION HARROWS - 8 and 16 teeth.

JR. PEG-TOOTH HARROWS — 50, 60 and 70, ½ in. teeth.

COLUMBIA PEG-TOOTH HAR-ROWS — 60 and 70, 5% in. teeth.

THE OSBORNE ORBIT MA-CHINE OIL — I and 5 gallon cans.

THE OSBORNE CELEBRATED LONG FIBRE BINDING TWINES. Pure Manilla, Manilla and Sisal.

A very LARGE AND FULL AS-SORTMENT of Osborne REPAIRS AND EXTRAS for all their machines constantly on hand, and can fill orders by wire, telephone or mail immediately. Send to me when you need anything in this line and save delay. Telephone 968A.



The Celebrated Le Roy Plows,

ALL STYLES,
Also many other kind of Plows, from \$4.00 to \$14.00

Implements and Insecticides for Spraying.

Spraying is no longer an experiment; it is an accepted practice, as Simplex Barrel Spray Pump tillage, pruning and fertilizing are, if we desire to grow nice fruit, shrubs and trees. Therefore let us pattern after the bugs and be ready before the busy season comes, - have the pumps in working order and our insecticides in stock. Spraying is an insurance, a protection to our trees. Do we not pay out many dollars to insure our buildings, which can be replaced with new ones in less than one year? Then why not insure our trees, which take a lifetime to grow? Be prompt, THOROUGH and persistent. Knowledge and good judgment are more necessary to success than any definite rule. Apply the right remedy at the right time and do your work well. Spray, not sprinkle, until all the leaves are moistened (if possible) and until the solution begins to drip from the trees,

WHEN TO SPRAY .- The time of making the application varies with the season. As a rule when the insects first appear, or if the orchard fruits; for the more common insects, just before the fruit-buds open and just after the blossoms fall. Never spray a tree when in blessom.

The foregoing leads to the remark that the man who sprays must think for himself, and so he must if he will be successful in any undertaking. With the special pumps and prepared insecticides now on the market the labor of successfully combating nearly all injurious insects is much reduced to what it was when our fathers used green paint applied with a hearth-broom as a cure-all. Science has now perfected insecticides, which do not wash off when thoroughly dried on the leaves, which is a boon to the fruit grower. Among these we find Aiboneta, one of the very best. This insecticide is growing in popularity each year and is now used exclusively in many of the largest parks in the country. For plant lice and soft-bodied sucking insects, we have a specially prepared soap. For scab and blight, Fresno is most effective. We carry in stock the very best and most complete line of insecticides. Our stock of fungicides, spray pumps, hose and nozzles, is most complete. Protect your shrubs, plants and trees from disease and insect attacks. Full directions accompany all goods sold by us.

AIBONETA.

5 lb. cans	1 25 50 lb. tubs 8 50 2 00 100 lb. tubs 16 00		
2 lb. cans\$	RSENATE OF LEAD. 0 50 20 lb. tubs \$ 3 60 1 25 50 lb. tubs 8 50 2 00 100 lb. tubs 16 00		
FRESNO			

DISPARENE—Safer than Paris Green. Kills insects, does not burn the leaves, and adheres throughout the season. Can be safely used on the most delicate foliage. 2 lb. can, 75c., 5 lb. pail, \$1 50.

FRENCH BORDEAUX MIXTURE-1 qt. jars, 50c.

SLUG SHOT is an infallible insecticide. It is an impalpable powder, a combination of insecticides poisonous to insects preying upon vegetation and withat an excellent fertilizer, affecting nearly all classes of insect life, so that they either die or leave for parts unknown. Nug Shot has been used since 1880 in thousands of gardens and upon acres of field crops with conceded effectiveness upon Slugs, Worms, Caterpillars, Aphides, etc. It is in use in greater or less degree in every State in the Union, and each Canadian province, Egypt and New Zealand

FIR TREE OIL SOAP - For destroying Lice, Red Spider, Mealy Bugs - by dissolving and spraying plants or Greenhouse. In using, dilute box in 10 gallons of water. Per box. 25 cts.

THRIP JUICE — Especially prepared for house and conservatory use and for out of doors. It is non-poisonous Dilute with 20 to 4) parts water, according to the strength of the plants, when using. Pints, 40 ets.; quarts, 75 ets.

SPRAYALL — For spraying Plants, Bushes, etc. 25 ets. bottle.

PARIS GREEN—Indispensable on farm or garden for preventing ravages of Potato Bugs, etc. In applying dry, use 1 lb. to 100 lbs. plaster or flour. In water, 1 lb. to 200 or 300 gallons. Per lb., about 25 cts. When used pure, one pound to acre.

PARIS GREEN AND DRY BORDEAUX MIX-TURE—Will kill the Bugs and prevent blight on potatoes; also fine or spraying. Lb., 25 cts.; 10 lbs., \$2 00.

COPPER SOLUTION — Ammoniated for Mildew, Blight and Rot. Dilute with water and spray. 1 qt. to 25 gallons. Per qt., 50 cts.

TREE INK — For painting trunks of trees to prevent insects climbing up into the tree, 2 lb. can, 30c.; 3 lb. can, 45c.; 5 lb. can, 60c.

TOBACCO DUST - 5 cts. per lb.; 4 cts. per ib by the bbl.

Bug Death, Etc.

COW EASE -- A preparation to prevent Flies from troubling Cattle or Horses. Gal. can., 80 cts.

WITH MECHANICAL AGITATOR AND BRASS WORKING PARTS.

THE POPULAR ORCHARD SPRAYER.

It is estimated by the highest scientific authorities that the annual LOSS in CROPS from injury by INSECTS and fungi amounts to about \$500-000,000 and that 75 per cent. of the amount, or \$375,000,000, can be saved by SPRAVING THE TREES.

Not only is the fruit injured, but the trees will, if not sprayed in two or three years, gradually die from the insects, which weaken them so



they will perish. therefore a NECESSITY to SPRAY, not only to preserve the fruit, but the TREES themselves.

Proper Spraying Apparatus are very necessary to every Fruit Grower and, if a little care is taken of them. they will last for years and pay for themselves many times over. The one great thing which is absolutely necessary for Orchard work is an efficient agitator, without this, not only do the valves and nozzles be come clogged, but the poison settles at the bottom of the barrel. This causes an uneven application of the liquid, it being too strong at the beginning, which will be apt to damage the foliage, and at the close so weak it will be worthless, like spraying with clear water. Our

New Automatic Agitator keeps the water in a perfect boil by the working of the agitators. It is impossible for the poison to settle, but it is thoroughly mixed with the water, which is churned into a froth as soon as you commence pumping. This AGITATOR is the only one made which will do the work perfectly. All other pumps have agitators which move one way only, or a hose that returns a stream into the barrel. This agitates in one spot, which is useless in the application of poisons, which will always settle at bottom of the barre! if the water is not churned and kept in a perfect tumult to agitate the solution where it most needs it-at the bottom and around the suction strainer. These pumps have the only PERFECT AGI-TATOR in the world which is mechanical, operated by the motion of the handle. This pump can be easily placed on an oil or whiskey barrel, as it has an adjustable attachment to fit top or side of any barrel. The air chamber is large and insures a constant stream, which will continue some time after you stop pumping. It is very easily worked and durable, as the working parts are made of BRASS, cylinder BRASS LINED, piston rod BRASS CASED and plunger and valves are SOLID BRASS. It is arranged so it can be used with one or two streams at the same time, spraying two rows at once, or one side each of two rows.

Pump, as shown in cut, with Y connections, 12½ feet of ½ in.
hose, Bordeaux nozzle and pole connections (without
barrel). \$13 00

barrel) \$13 00

THE CENTURY SPHAYER—With submerged BRASS
Cylinder, Brass Ball Valves and everlasting plunger packing. For darability, ease of operation, free water ways and positive action, this pump STANDS UNRIVALLED. It has the NEW AUTOMATIC AGITATOR, air chamber is LARGE with 2½ inch Cylinder, 5 inch stroke, with Y connections for two leads of hose.

Price

HAVEN'S CLIMAX CONDITION POWDER.



A positive Preventive and Cure for Gapes and Poultry Cholera, Heaves, Worms, &c., in Horses. It is the best medicine for Horses, Cattle, Poultry, Sheep and Hogs HAVEN'S CLIMAX CONDITION POWDER

is warranted to be free from antimony, arsenic, alum, resin, saltpetre and all harmful ingredients. It is entirely unlike any other preparation. It is not a feed but an honest medicine at an honest price. LIBE-RAL PACKAGES, 25 cents, 2% 1b. Rox, 50 cents; 6 lb. Hox, \$1.00. If by mail, add 16 cts. per lb. for postage.

ROUP PILLS. They are entirely free from every thing harmful and are believed to be the best remedy ever discovered for Roup, Catarrh, Colds and Distemper. They are entirely unlike any other medicine, and being composed of drugs in concentrated form, their size is so moderate that it is easy to give them to fowls.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.



POULTRY SUPPLIES

Rust's Egg Producer makes eggs plentiful and keeps fowls vigorous and healthy; it is just what is needed to make poultry-keeping the most profitable operation on a farm or place. I lb. box, 25c.; 2% lb. box, 50c.; 6 lb. box, \$1.00. If by mail add 16 cents a

Imperial Egg Food, 25 cents per package.

Oyster Shells for Fowls. Per lb., 4 cents; 5 lbs., 15 cents; sack, 100 lbs., \$1.00.

Cracked Bone for Fowls is made from raw, hard bone, cracked small. 5 cents

Ground Beef Scraps for Fowls. This is made from pure beef scraps. Per light Rone Meal for Cattle. Is made of selected washed bone, ground very fire. cents per lb.; 5 lbs., for 20 cents; 100 lbs., \$3.50. Per lb., 5 cents; 5 lbs., 20 cents; 100 lbs., \$3.50. ery fine. Per lb., 10 cents.

		Pumps Success 3	
Houchia, large	1 50	Eureka Sandara	2 50
small	0 85	Spray Syringes	



LEGGET'S PARIS GREEN OR DRY POWDER GUN.

For Using Paris Green Pure. A Wonderful Invention, Light, Swift, Easy, Safe, Strong and Chean.

For Orchard, Vineyard, Garden or Potato Field. Distributes Paris Green or any Dry Powder. Thousands in use

For destroying Curculio, Codling Moth, Canker Worm, Pear Slug, Cabbage Worm, Cut Worm, all leaf-eating Caterpillars, etc., on Potatoes, Apple, Pear Plum, Cherry, and Peach Trees. With it a man can thoroughly Paris Green a man can thoroughly Paris Green from one to two acres of Potatoes in one hour, using 1 lb. of Green to the acre. When used only on one acre it will save its cost the first year. No other machine renders the handling of Paris Green so free from danger. Price, \$7.50.



AOME ASPARAGUS BUNCHER, a greatly improved pattern, with adjustable knife guide and movable head, with automatic catch for binding any size bunch. Price, \$2.50.

THE "SUCCESS"

GARDEN AND SPRAY PUMP

All Brass Working Parts. With Indestructible Bronze Valves. Malleable Iron Foot-Rest.

(Showing position of foot-rest and manner of placing pump in bucket.)

(Showing position of foot-rest and manner of placing pump in bucket.)

This new and excellent Pump is used for Spraying in gardens, vineyards, greenhouses, orchards, and for washing windows and buggies, also for spraying poultry houses. The working parts are all backet foot-rest is made of malleable iron. Nothing could be simpler and more durable than this Pump. It has large air-chamber space and is double-acting, throwing an absolutely continuous stream, either solid or in fine spray. The end of hose connecting to Pump is coiled with brass spring wire, adding largely to its durability. This Pump is rightly named, and as a leader for general use it cannot be beaten. The "Bordeau" Nozzle, the best combination Spraying Nozzle of earth, is furnished with "Success" Pumps. This nozzle throws a solid stream, fine or double spray (adjustable), and is easily degorged, or may be shut off altogether—features possessed by no other Spray Nozzle. Price, \$4.50. Additional length of Hose and Holder for spraying trees, \$1.25.

lany men apply to us for situations as gardeners, and many persons ask us if we can get gardeners for them. For the benefit or these two classes we wish to say that when a man applies for a situation we ask whether he is married or single, whether he has children, their ages, and obtain all the information we re in which we recommend a gardener to an employer. The most we can do is to give his references and himself. The labor is entirely gratuitous on our part, so we cannot take any responsibility. We do not of any gardener whom we have reason to believe to be an undesirable man. GARDENERS

