Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

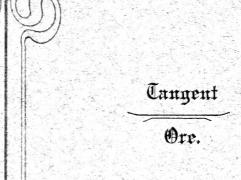
80

× ...

1903 PG

Pacific C. B. Deng. C.

Aursery Company





ADVICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Please read before making out your order.

Correspondents will greatly oblige by observing, as far as possible, the following regulations:

- 1. All orders should be sent in as early as possible, as it will be our rule to execute them in the order in which they are received.
- 2. The names of everything ordered should be plainly written out. This will save much trouble, and at the same time prevent mistakes.
- 3. If we should be out of any kinds of trees, others equally as good will be sent in their place, unless otherwise notified.
- 4. Persons not acquainted with the different varieties of fruits will do well to leave the selection to ourselves, as we shall send only such as give general satisfaction.
- 5. All communications respecting nursery articles and prices will be attended to promptly, and any information or advice that we are able to impart, when desired, will be given freely.
- 6. It is requested that explicit directions for marking and shipping packages accompany each order. When it is left to us to choose the mode of conveyance, we will exercise our best judgment, but in all cases the articles are at the risk of the purchasers after being shipped, and if delay or loss occurs the forwarder alone must be held responsible.
- 7. Where contracts are made to deliver trees at any particular place, our responsibility ceases the day on which the purchasers are notified to receive their orders.
- 8. All trees and plants are carefully labeled and securely packed in the best manner.
- 9. All orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied by remittance or satisfactory reference. Remittance may be made by draft, postoffice money order, or Wells-Fargo & Co. money order.
- 10. Our customers are requested to notify us immediately of any errors that may be committed in filling their orders, so we may at once make ample amends, as we desire to conduct our business in all respects satisfactorily to those who favor us with their confidence.
- 11. Small packages not exceeding four pounds in weight may be sent by mail at an additional charge of one cent for two ounces.

Correspondents please address all letters to

PACIFIC NURSERY CO., Tangent, Oregon. When trees are ordered, preparations should be made to receive them by having trenches dug about a foot deep and two feet wide, and of sufficient length to hold all the roots of the trees, spread out so they can be covered with earth. If the weather is dry, water should be poured over the roots.

The situation of the orchard having been decided on, the ground should be deeply plowed, subsoiled, and thoroughly pulverized. The holes should be dug at least a foot larger in every direction than actually required by roots when spread out in their natural position. In planting, the top soil should be broken down into the hole and worked carefully in between every root and fiber, filling up every crevice, that every root may be in contact with the soil and the whole made quite firm as the filling up progresses. The tree when planted may, in light soils, stand from one to two inches deeper than it stood in the nursery, but in every clay or wet ground it is advisable to have it stand at the same height as it was before transplanting.

On account of the long, hot, dry summers, we have found it beneficial to shade the sunny side of the tree with a board or shake stuck in the ground a few inches away from it. For the first two or three years the tops should be shortened more or less, in proportion to size, variety of tree, and condition of roots.

GUARANTEE.—While we exercise the greatest care and diligence to have our trees, etc, true to label, and hold ourselves in readiness, on proper proof, to replace all trees, etc., that may prove untrue to label, free of charge, or to refund the amount paid, yet its mutually understood and agreed to between purchasers and ourselves that our guarantee of genuineness shall in no case make us liable for any sum greater than that originally paid us for said trees, etc., that prove untrue.

A Word.

For general planting, one-year trees are usually preferred by our most experienced planters. Good yearlings of our No. 1 grade, with such roots as we grow in our soil, will convince our customers that they are plenty large enough. Planters on a large scale use our yearlings, as they cost less than two-year-olds. At the same time, when they come into bearing, are larger than if older trees were planted.

These are candid facts for the benefit of our many customers and future patrons.

W. O. HUDSON.

A. D. HUDSON.

PACIFIC NURSERY CO., Tangent, Oregon.

SUMMER APPLES.

CØROLINA RED JUNE. Ripens in July; very good, medium or below, oval irregular, inclines to conical; skins deep red, covered with a light bloom; flesh very white, tender and juicy.

EARLY HARVEST. Ripens in July; medium, yellow, excellent; popular for dessert and cooking.

RED ASTRACHAN. Ripens in July and August; best summer cooking apple; large, roundish, nearly covered with deep crimson, overspread with thick bloom; very handsome, juicy, rich, acid; a good bearer; highly esteemed on account of its fine appearance, earliness and hardiness.

TETOFSKY. A Russian summer apple which proves profitable for market, growing very hardy; fruit medium size; yellow ground, handsomely striped with red; flesh white, juicy, sprightly acid, fragrant, agreeable; August.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Ripens in early August; quality good to very good; medium; skin clear white, becoming yellow when fully matured.

SWEET JUNE. Medium or below; whitish, excellent; most superb tree, vigorous, upright, hardy, early and profuse bearer; August.

SWEET BOUGH. Ripens middle of July; large, roundish, remotely conical, pale greenish yellow; flesh white very tender, with an excellent sweet flavor.

GOLDEN SWEET. Ripens late in summer; medium or rather large; skin pale yellow; flesh very sweet.

JERSEY SWEET. Ripens late in August; medium size, round, oval, somewhat conical, thickly striped with fine red or greenish yellow; flesh whitish, very sweet, juicy and tender; very good.

Autumn Apples.

ALEXANDER. Very large; red striped, crisp, tender and juicy; valuable for market; heavy annual bearer.

AUTUMN STRAWBERRY. Size medium, roundish, slightly conical; skin streaks of light and dark red; flesh yellowish white, very tender and juicy, with an agreeable sub-acid flavor; ripens early autumn; very productive; one of the best early autumn apples.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG. Large, beautifully striped, tart; tree vigorous, very hardy, early and a most profuse bearer; August—September.

FALL PIPPIN. One of the oldest and most popular fall apples; very large, yellow, juicy and rich; September—October.

FAMEUSE (or Snow). Medium in size, round; deep red on whitish ground; flesh very white, juicy, sub-acid.

GLORIA MUNDI. Very large, greenish yellow; valuable for cooking and drying; November—December.

MAIDEN BLUSH. Medium to large; clear yellow, with a beautiful red cheek; juicy, tender and good; most popular of its season; early and excellent bearer; September—October.

RAMBO. Size medium; dull yellowish red on yellowish ground; flesh tender, rich, mild sub-acid, fine flavored; late autumn and early winter.

TWENTY OUNCE. A very large, roundish, striped apple of medium quality; rather coarse grained, but a brisk, slightly sub-acid flavor; October.

RED BEITIGHEIMER. A rare and valuable German variety; fruit large to very large, roundish, inclined to conical; skin pale, cream-colored ground, mostly covered with purplish crimson; flesh white, firm, sub-acid, with a brisk, pleasant flavor; an abundant bearer, one of the largest and handsomest apples, and worthy of extensive cultivation; September.

WAXON. Fruit medium, roundish, slightly oblate; skin pale yellow, sprinkled with a few dots; flesh whitish yellow, crisp, tender, juicy, sub-acid; one of the best for drying; November—December.

KESWICK CODLIN. Rather large, conical and ribbed; yellow, juicy, acid; fine for cooking; bears early and is very productive.

GRAVENSTEIN. Large, striped and beautiful; tender, juicy and highly flavored; good for drying; very productive; August—September.

Winter Apples.

AESOPUS SPITZENBURG. Large red; rich, sprightly vinous flavor; one of the best; December—February.

ARKANSAS BLACK. Large, round or slightly conical, regular, smooth, glossy; yellow where not covered with deep crimson almost black; heavy bearers; flesh very yellow, firm, fine grained, juicy, with a pleasant sub-acid flavor.

BAILEY SWEET. Fruit large, roundish, mottled and striped deep red; flesh yellow and tender, with mild, sweet flavor; November.

BALDWIN. Large, roundish, deep red, juicy, crisp, sub-acid; very productive; good keeper, making it a valuable market apple.

BEN DAVIS. Large, striped, showy; coarse quality; productive; its good keeping qualities make it one of the best shipping varieties.

PLUE PEARMAIN. Very large, roundish, inclined to oblong; color dark, purplish red in large stripes on lighter ground; flesh yellowish, mild sub-acid; good; early winter.

FALLWATER (Tulpehocken). Rather large, roundish; color a smooth shade of dull red on light greenish yellow, with a few large, whitish dots; flesh greenish white, fine grained, with a mild subacid flavor; early winter.

ENGLISH RUSSET. Medium or rather small, rounded conical; surface more or less overspread with brownish russet on light greenish ground; flesh fine, with an aromatic sub-acid flavor; keeps through winter, and often through summer; a profuse bearer.

GANO (Red Ben Davis). Originated in Missouri; form conical, good size; smooth, deep red, shaded on sunny side to mahogany; very attractive; flesh pale yellow, fine grained, tender, pleasant, mild sub-acid; is a good shipper and keeper; tree hardy, vigorous and healthy; an annual and prolific bearer; February—May.

GOLDEN RUSSET. Rather small, conical; light yellow, sprinkled and sometimes overspread with thin russet; flesh yellowish white, very fine grained, becoming very tender, with a mild subacid flavor; early winter.

JONATHAN. Medium in size, round ovate; nearly covered with brilliant red stripes on a pale yellow ground; tree very productive: fruit always handsome and fair; December—February.

KING OF TOMPKINS COUNTY. Large, quite large; color a deep red in stripes; flesh tender and juicy; a good but not heavy bearer; drops its fruit and should be gathered early; early winter.

LAWVER (Delaware Red Winter). Large, roundish, flat; mild sub-acid; very heavy and hard; beautiful dark red, handsomest of the extra late keepers; very valuable as a late market sort; December—May.

MISSOURI PIPPIN. Large, oblong; bright red with numerous gray spots; very handsome and of fair quality; an early and abundant bearer; December—April.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG OR PARAGON. Very large; bright red, pleasant sub-acid; tree remarkably vigorous and productive; fruit is often four inches in diameter, hangs well on tree, and bears third year from planting; fine, late keeper.

NORTHERN SPY. Large, striped and quite covered on sunny side with dark crimson and delicately covered with bloom; flesh juicy, rich, highly aromatic; very popular; tree very rapid, erect grower; comes into bearing late; December—April.

RED CANADA. Medium in size, roundish, conical; the whole surface is covered with red and interspersed with large, whitish dots; flesh fine grained, compact, with a rich sub-acid, high and excellent flavor; productive; keeps through winter.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. Large, roundish, oblate; green, becoming greenish yellow; flesh yellow, tender, juicy, with a rich, rather acid flavor; very productive.

ROME BEAUTY. Large, striped with bright red; very handsome; flesh tender, juicy; December—February. RED CHEEKED PIPPIN. Rather large, roundish, oblate; light greenish yellow, with a fine red cheek; flesh juicy, crisp, mild subacid, with a fine flavor; keeps through winter.

SHACKELFORD. Large, bright red; called in Missouri the best market apple grown to date; productive; bears in fourth year; December—May.

STARK. Esteemed in Ohio as a long keeper and valuable market apple; fruit large, roundish; skin greenish yellow, much shaded with light and dark red, sprinkled with brown dots; flesh yellowish, juicy, mild sub-acid; January—May.

TALMON SWEET. Medium; pale yellow slightly tinged with red; firm, rich and very sweet; the most valuable baking apple; vigorous and productive; November—April.

WAGNER. Medium, oblate; shaded and indistinctly striped with pale red; flesh yellowish, fine grained, tender, mild sub-acid, excellent; an early bearer; keeps through winter.

WEALTHY. Originated near St. Paul, Minnesota; fruit medium, roundish; skin smooth, oily, mostly covered with dark red; flesh white, juicy, fine, vinous, sub-acid; tree very hardy, vigorous, productive and handsome; is an apple of first quality and good keeper; November to January.

WHITE WINTER PEARMAIN. Large, rounding, oblong, conic; pale yellow; extra high flavor; one of the best; December—February.

WALBRIDGE. Medium size, striped with red, handsome and of excellent quality; vigorous grower and productive; very hardy and considered of great value in the North and Northwest; March—June.

WINESAP. Medium; dark red; sub-acid, excellent; tree a moderate grower and abundant bearer; an old and favorite market apple; December—May.

WOLF RIVER. A large, handsome apple; greenish yellow, shaded with light and dark red; juicy, pleasant, with a peculiar spicy flavor; November.

YELLOW BELLFLOWER. Large, often quite large; oblong, ovate; surface pale yellow; tender when ripe; fine grained, crisp, juicy acid, becoming sub-acid; excellent; keeps through winter.

YELLOW NEWTOWN PIPPIN Large; yellow; firm, crisp, juicy, with a very rich, high flavor; one of the best winter apples; January—March.

YORK IMPERIAL. Medium to large; whitish, shaded with a beautiful crimson in the sun; firm, crisp, juicy, pleasant, mild subacid; tree vigorous and productive; a good market variety; November—February.

Crab Apples.

HYSLOP. Large; deep crimson; very popular on account of its large size, beauty and hardiness.

TRANSCENDENT. A beautiful variety of the Siberian crab; color red and yellow.

WHITNEY NO. 20. Large; skin smooth, glossy, green, striped and splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy and flavor very pleasant.

MARTHA. A new fruit raised from seed of Duchess of Oldenburg; resembles the Transcendent, but larger; very productive.

PEARS-Summer.

BARTLETT. Large size; clear, yellow skin; flesh fine grained, buttery, very juicy; the best early pear; very valuable for market and canning.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE. A splendid pear, resembling the Bartlett, ripening a few days earlier; fine, melting, with a rich, sweet, delicate, vinous flavor; August.

WILDER. Handsome; melting, sweet, pleasant and good quality for an early pear; one of the best early keepers.

Autumn Pears.

BURRE CLAIRGEAU. Very large, pyriform; yellow, shaded red; nearly melting, high flavored and delicious; September.

BURRE DE ANJOU. Rather large surface; greenish yellow, dull red cheek to the sun, clouded with russet; flesh white, fine grained, buttery, melting, rich, vinous, excellent flavor; good bearer; October—December.

FALL BUTTER. Ripens in September; fruit large size; skin smooth, clear, pale yellow, often with a fine red cheek; flesh white. fine grained, very buttery, high flavored and delicious; one of the best.

DUCHESS D'ANJOULEME. Very large; dull greenish yellow, spotted with russet; flesh white, buttery, very juicy, with an excellent flavor.

FLEMISH BEAUTY. Large; nearly covered with reddish brown when exposed to the sun; the fruit should be gathered sooner than most pears, even before it parts readily from the trees; if it is then ripened indoors it is always fine; September.

HOWELL. Rather large; light yellow, with red cheek; flesh buttery and melting; mid-autumn.

IDAHO. Introduced from Lewiston, Idaho; flesh white, exceedingly fine grained, very tender and buttery, with a rich, acid flavor; ripens a month after the Bartlett.

KIEFFER'S HYBRID. A cross between the Chinese sand pear and Bartlett; commences bearing very young and produces regular and abundant crops of fruit; large, russety; flesh white, buttery and juicy; quality good; October.

LAWRENCE. Above medium; light yellow, thickly dotted; very rich, fine flavor; very productive; October.

SECKEL. Small; yellowish brown, with a deep yellowish brown cheek; flesh very fine grained, sweet and very juicy.

Winter Pears.

BURRE EASTER. Large; fine grained, very buttery, rich, sweet flavor; one of the best winter pears.

P. BARRY. This pear was originated by the late B. F. Fox, of San Jose, and is acknowledged by our best judges to possess qualities unequaled by any of our long keepers. It is a large, deep yellow, nearly covered with a rich, golden russet; flesh whitish, firm, juicy, melting, sweet, slightly vinous and rich; an early and prolific pear; December—January.

VICAR OF WAKEFIELD. Quite large; skin pale, greenish yellow; flesh whitish yellow, buttery, with a moderate flavor, sometimes slightly stringent; very productive; good for cooking.

WINTER NELLIS. Medium size; yellow, with a gray russet; very juicy and of the highest flavor; good market pear.

CHERRIES.

BING (new). Fruit large; dark brown or black; very fine; larger than Black Republican; a good shipper.

BLACK TARTARIAN. Fruit large; bright purplish black; tender, rich and delicious; productive; one of the popular black cherries.

CENTENNIAL. Seedling of Royal Ann, but some larger and beautifully marbled and splashed with crimson on pale yellow ground; its shipping qualities render it a profitable market variety.

ELTON. Large, pointed, heart-shaped; yellow, very sweet and good.

GOV. WOOD. Large, heart-shaped; light yellow, marbled with light red; sweet, rich, excellent, free and tender; middle June.

LEWELLING (Black Republican). Cross between Royal Ann and Black Tartarian, with firmness of former and color of latter; a very large, fine market and shipping cherry.

ROYAL ANN (Napoleon Bigareau). A magnificent cherry of largest size; pale yellow with a bright red cheek; flesh very firm, juicy and sweet; one of the best for market, shipping and canning.

LAMBERT. Size very large, form roundish, heart-shaped, cavity medium, regular with gradual slope, stem long, slender, suture of medium depth, wide, extending from cavity to apex, which is of a round russet dot in a broad depression; surface smooth, glossy; color dark purplish red, with numerous minute, indented russet dots; flesh dark purplish red with whitish veins; meaty and of firm texture; stone oval, semi-cling, small for so large a fruit; flavor sweet or very mild, sub-acid, aromatic, rich; quality very good.

Dukes and Morelles.

EARLY RICHMOND (Kentish). Rather small; color a fiery red; very juicy, good cooking and fine pie cherry.

EMPRESS EUGENIE. Emphatically the pie cherry of this country; fruit large; deep red; flesh very tender, abounding with a highly acid juice; very productive; middle of July.

MAY DUKE. Large, heart-shaped; nearly black when fully ripe; very juicy, rich acid; early.

OLIVET. Large, globular; very shining deep red with red flesh; is a tender, rich, vinous, sweet, sub-acid tasting cherry.

ENGLISH MORELLO. Large, dark red, nearly black; tender, rich, juicy, acid; productive and late.

LARGE MONTMORENCY. A large, red cherry, larger than Early Richmond and fully ten days later.

LATE DUKE. A very fine, large cherry; an abundant bearer; hangs on tree until the frosts; one of the very latest.

PEACHES.

ALEXANDER. Medium to large; greenish white, covered with a deep, rich red; very juicy, clinging to stone; best early market variety.

M'KEVITT'S EARLY. Deep, rich yellow with a red cheek; one of the most highly colored peaches; ripens immediately after Alexander.

IMPERIAL. Fruit large; deep yellow with dark red cheek; flesh rich and firm; ripens with or before Hale's Early.

HALE'S EARLY. Medium, nearly round; skin mottled red, dark red cheek; flesh white, juicy, melting, high flavored, free from stone; first of August.

FOSTER. A large, yellow peach resembling the Early Crawford, but of better quality; ripens a few days earlier.

EARLY CRAWFORD. A magnificent, large, yellow peach of good quality; its size, beauty and productiveness make it one of the most popular varieties; extensively planted.

MARY'S CHOICE. Large, yellow, resembling the Early Crawford, but ripening some later.

WONDERFUL. A freestone; color a rich golden yellow, overspread with carmine; ripens after nearly all others have disappeared; it is a wonderful keeper; tree very prolific.

CHARLOTTE. A new variety originating in this state; highly esteemed on account of its productiveness and freedom from curl leaf, when nearly all other varieties have failed; yellow, luscious and very handsome.

ELBERTA. Very large; skin golden yellow where exposed to the sun, faintly striped with red; flesh yellow, very fine grain, juicy, rich and sweet; tree very prolific and presents a handsome appearance; this peach is a perfect freestone; very successful market variety, commanding a high price.

MUIR. Very sweet and firm; yellow with sometimes a faint blush; large, very free, pit quite small; most popular drying and canning variety on the coast.

SALWAY. A large, yellow English peach, with deep yellow flesh, very juicy, melting and rich; a valuaable late market variety.

GLOBE. Very large, round, golden yellow with red blush; flesh yellow, very firm, coarse grained but juicy; called in New Jersey the best late peach; a vigorous grower and enormous bearer, but curls some here, but not so much as the Late Crawford.

Clingstone.

TUSKENA. Sometimes called Early Tuscan; large, fine, yellow cling, ripening with Early Crawford; very valuable for early shipping.

HEATH CLING. The most delicious of all clingstone varieties; fruit very large; skin downy white, with faint blush; flesh greenish white; ripens one week after the Early Crawford.

SELLER'S GOLDEN CLING. Very large; rich golden color; superior to common orange cling; tree healthy.

M'CLISH. An early orange cling, ripening just after Early Crawford; larger, sweeter and richer; much sought after by California canneries.

M'KEVITT'S. Very large; flesh white to the pit; very firm, sugary and rich; bears transportation well; September.

PLUMS.

ABUNDANCE. A remarkable fruit; unlike any other plum; an extremely early and abundant bearer, very strong grower; fruit large, showy and beautiful, bright cherry color, with decided white bloom; flesh yellow, exceedingly juicy, tender and sweet; July—August.

BURBANK (Japan). Tree a vigorous grower, early and very heavy bearer; fruit very large; yellowish, with red cheek in the sun; flesh yellow, firm and very sweet when fully ripe; exceedingly small pit with clings; last of September.

BLOOD PLUM (or Satsuma). Large, round, deep crimson to the pit; flesh very firm; destined to be one of the most profitable of all shipping plums of the Japan varieties; it makes a beautiful crimson transparent jelly with a flavor that all admire; ripens five or six weeks earlier than the Kelsay.

BRADSHAW. Very large; dark violet red; juicy and good; fine early plum, adhering partially to the stone.

BLUE DAMSON. Small, roundish, oval, dark, purple; much used for preserves; September.

COE'S GOLDEN DROP. Large and handsome; flesh firm, rich and juicy.

COLUMBIA. Very large; brownish purple; very rich; parts fully from the stone.

EARLY GOLDEN DROP. Small, bright yellow, sugary and rich; separates freely from the stone; when canned has much the flavor of peaches; early July.

GREEN GAGE. Small, round, greenish yellow with brown dots; exceedingly melting, juicy and luscious; early August.

KELSAY'S JAPAN. Largest plum known; heart-shaped, juicy yet firm; peculiar but pleasant flavor; skin greenish yellow, red cheek; flesh yellow; pit very small; will keep for thirty days; rather shy bearer; ripe middle of September.

PEACH PLUM. Large, roundish, regular; color varying from salmon to light brownish red; flesh juicy, rather coarse; freestone; ripens ten days before the Washington.

REINE CLAUDE. Roundish, oval; greenish yellow, spotted with red; flesh rather firm, juicy, sugary, rich, fine quality, adhering partially to the stone; very productive.

SIMON (Prunis Simoni). A remarkable fruit, indeed; was introduced some years ago from China by Mr. Eugene Simon (then French consul to China); fruit large, flattened, two to two and one-half inches in diameter; flesh yellow, fine grained, exceedingly firm, juicy, acid, combining the most remarkable flavor of pears, pine-apple and muskmelon; quality the best; begins to ripen the last of June and remains until last of July.

YELLOW EGG. Large, oval; skin light yellow; flesh firm, coarse, adhering to the stone.

Prunes.

ITALIAN (Fellenberg). Medium size, oval; dark purple; flesh juicy and delicious; parts from stone; one of the best for drying.

FRENCH (Petite D'Agen). This well known variety is extensively planted for drying; medium size, egg-shaped; violet purple; juicy, very sweet and rich; very prolific bearer.

GERMAN. Skin purple, with a thick blue bloom; flesh firm, green and sweet; separates freely from the stone; a good dryer.

GOLDEN. A seedling of Italian prune; originated in this state; light golden color; good flavor and a heavy dryer; strong grower and a heavy bearer; very free from stone; September.

HUNGARIAN. Very large; dark red, juicy and sweet; its large size, bright color, productiveness and good shipping qualities render it a market prune; September.

PACIFIC. Originated in this state; tree hardy and an abundant bearer; fruit freestone, very large and handsome; flavor the finest; rich, sugary and luscious; a good shipper and dryer.

TRAGEDY. Medium size; skin dark purple; flesh of yellowish green, very rich and sweet; frees readily from pit; its early ripening (in June) makes it a valuable shipper.

SILVER. Originated in this state; is a seedling from Coe's Golden Drop plum and greatly resembles it; fruit very large; light yellow, very rich and sweet; frees ready from pit; is a valuable shipper.

SUGAR PRUNE. A new prune, originated by the well known Luther Burbank, of Santa Rosa, Cal., from whom we purchased our scions; an extremely early prune; ripens August 1st; cures superbly; rich, with a yellow flesh, tender and rich in sugar juice; fruit large; skin very tender, at first of a light purple, tinted with green, changing at maturity to dark purple, covered with a thick white bloom; tree a vigorous grower and very productive.

APRICOTS.

HEMSKIRK. A large and beautiful variety of the highest quality; fair bearer.

MOORPARK. Very large; reddish orange; juicy, rich, tender; a fine variety and universally esteemed; August.

ROYAL. Large, oval; yellow with orange cheek, faintly tinged with red; flesh pale orange, juicy, with a rich, vinous flavor; exceedingly productive; ripens one week before Moorpark.

J. L. BUDD. Tree a vigorous grower and profuse bearer; fruit large; white with red cheek; sweet, juicy, with a sweet kernel as fine flavored as an almond; best late variety; August.

Nectarines.

LORD NAPIER. Of largest size; ripens among the earliest nectarines; skin pale cream color, with a dark crimson cheek in the sun; flesh very white, tender, melting, juicy, separating freely from the stone.

VIOLET (New Scarlet, Violet Musk). Size medium; skin with a dark purple, red cheek and brown dots on pale yellowish green; flesh melting, rich, high flavored and aromatic; of the finest quality; late in summer.

QUINCES.

APPLE OR ORANGE. Large, roundish fruit; a bright, beautiful yellow color: an old favorite: September.

REA'S MAMMOTH. Large and fine variety of the orange quince; a strong grower and very productive.

GRAPES.

CONCORD. A large, handsome grape, ripening a week or two before the Isabella, and is the most popular of native market grapes.

DELAWARE. Bunches and berries small; skin lightened; exceedingly sweet; an early and profuse bearer; ripens three weeks before the Isabella; one of the best.

MOORE'S DIAMOND. White; bunch large, compact, shouldered; berries large, round; skin thick, firm; flesh tender, juicy, with but little pulp; vine hardy; ripens before the Concord.

MOORE'S EARLY. Black; bunch not quite as large as Concord, but berries larger and much like it in flavor; nearly out of the market before the Concord is ripe; very early.

NIAGARA. Bunch large, very compact; berry large; light greenish white, slightly amber in the sun; very productive.

SWEETWATER. White; bunches large and compact; berries medium size, round; skin thin, greenish yellow, transparent; pulp tender, juicy, sweet and richly flavored; one of the best early grapes.

WORDEN. Black; bunch large and compact; berries very large; skin thin and sometimes cracks, but is a grape of very fine quality; superior to Concord.

CURRANTS.

BLACK NAPLES. A well known black variety of large size; very vigorous grower, productive and highly esteemed for wines or jellies.

CHERRY. The largest of all red currants; bunches rather short; plant vigorous and productive; requires good soil and cultivation

FAY'S PROLIFIC. Quite similar to the Cherry, with sometimes long clusters, and is not quite as acid.

WHITE GRAPE. Large, sweet, of excellent quality for table use; plant vigorous and productive, having a low, spreading habit. with dark green foliage.

GOOSEBERRIES.

CHAMPION. A new variety introduced here in Oregon, where it originated; fruit large, round; an immense bearer and entirely free from mildew; greenish white.

DOWNING. Originated in New York; very large, roundish; light green, with distinct veins; skin smooth; flesh soft, juicy and very high flavored; vigorous and productive.

RASPBERRIES.

CUTBERT (The Queen of the Market). Large, conical, deep rich crimson; firm and excellent quality; a vigorous grower, entirely hardy and very productive; is regarded by all horticulturists as the best red variety.

GOLDEN QUEEN. A seedling of the Cutbert, but the color of the fruit is a rich golden yellow; flavor of the highest quality; large; immensely productive; best yellow variety.

Black.

GREGG. Of good size; very productive, hardy, holding the same position among the blackcaps as the Cutbert in red varieties.

MAMMOTH CLUSTER. A fine, large blackcap; canes of strong growth and very prolific.

OHIO. A very strong grower; fruit large; one of the best market varieties; very productive.

SOUHEGAN. A new market variety; perfectly hardy and enormously productive.

SCHAEFFER'S COLOSSAL. A strong grower, producing berries of great size; a good drier and canner; flavor peculiar and agreeable.

BLACKBERRIES.

ERIE. Very large, round, somewhat resembling Lawton; ripens early; good quality, vigorous and hardy.

KITTATINNY. Large, conical, glossy black; one of the most valuable for general planting.

LAWTON. Fruit large; ripens early; very productive.

WILSON JUNIOR. Berries of the largest size; fine flavor; produces its fruit in large clusters; berries sweet as soon as black; valuable market sort; ripens early.

DEWBERRIES.

LUCRETIA. A long growing, trailing blackberry; the fruit is very large, soft, sweet and luscious, with no hard core; plant is hardy and productive.

LOGAN BERRY.

LOGAN (Raspberry-Blackberry). Fruit size of large blackberries, same form and shape; color dark, bright red; partakes of the flavors of both blackberry and raspberry, mild, pleasant, vinous; excellent for table and for canning, jelly, jam, etc.; seeds few and small; bush of trailing habit, vigorous and very productive; this new berry brings the highest price on the market.

MAMMOTH BLACKBERRY

MAMMOTH BLACKBERRY. Supposed to be a cross between the Wild Blackberry of California and the Crandall's Early. Grows entirely unlike any other Blackberry plant known. It is a rampant grower, trailing on the ground, and under favorable conditions will grow 20 feet in a season; the canes are large, of deep red color when exposed to the sun; the foliage is large, thick, of a deep green color; enormously productive and exceedingly early, ripening three weeks before other cultivated kinds; fruit enormous, specimens measuring 2½ inches long; seeds small, soft and abundant; core small, soft; in size and flavor said to sur pass all other varieties of Blackberries.

STRAWBERRIES.

SHARPLESS. A berry of the largest size, of clear, light red color; firm, sweet, good quality; it still maintains its high reputation for size of berry, productiveness and vigor, and is very extensively planted for market and home use.

MAGOON. Perfect in color, size, shape and flavor; yields enormously and continues in full bearing five years; roots deeply, hence withstands drouth better than any other; very attractive appearance, ships perfectly, and outsells all others in the markets. Have you tried them? Strong polenizer; will help the yield of other varieties.

CLARK'S SEEDLING (new). This new berry originated at Hood River, Oregon, where it is planted to the exclusion of all others for long-distance shipping; it is larger than the Wilson and very firm; color of very dark red and quality unsurpassed; has made Hood River a popular strawberry section.

MULBERRIES.

DOWNING EVERBEARING. Fruit large and of best quality; bears abundantly for three months.

RUSSIAN. A very hardy, rapid grower, especially in the West; fruit of good size and produced in abundance; its abundant foliage makes it a valuable tree in the culture of silk worms.

WEEPING. A fine ornament as well as a producer of a fine delicately flavored berry.

NUT TREES .- Almonds.

I. X. L. Large, generally single kernels; hulls easily; soft shelled; tree a strong, upright grower.

NONPAREIL. Large, full kernel; thin shell; tree of weeping habit, but strong grower.

NE PLUS ULTRA. Similar to Nonpareil, but a straight grower.

Chestnuts.

AMERICAN SWEET. Our native specie; smaller than the Spanish, but much sweeter.

ITALIAN OR SPANISH. A highly ornamental tree; good grower; not very large and quite sweet.

Walnuts.

AMERICAN BLACK. This valuable forest tree grows and succeeds well on this coast; valuable for timber and productiveness; nut very large and rough, with a fine flavored, rich, oily meat.

ENGLISH, OR SOFT SHELLED. Too well known to require description; produces crop of fine nuts on this coast and is a good and thrifty grower.

JAPAN. Leaves of immense size; the nuts ,which are produced in extreme abundance, grow fifteen to twenty in a single cluster; the meat is sweet and flavored something like a butternut; tree bears young and regularly, and is as hardy as an oak.

ROSES.

AMERICAN BEAUTY. This is a rose that charms everybody; color a bright, rosy red; very sweet.

BRIDESMAID (new). The loveliest of all pink roses.

BRIDE. An elegant white rose and very free flowering.

CROWN PRINCESS VICTORIA (White Malmaison). This rose is identical with Malmaison, except that the color is white; none should be without this charming variety.

CLOTH OF GOLD. Clear golden yellow; an old favorite.

CRIMSON RAMBLER. A vigorous climber; shoots from eight to ten feet during the season; color of the highest crimson, which remains undimmed to the end; flowers are produced in prefusion.

DUCHESS OF ALBANY. Identical with La France, except the color is much deeper; a most charming rose in every particular.

GOLDEN GATE (new). Color a rich, creamy white, beautifully tinged with golden yellow; a very choice rose.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. A rich, velvety crimson, changing to scarlet crimson; best known of all Hybrid Perpetuals.

ISABELLA SPRUNT. An old-time favorite yellow rose.

MADAM SCHWALLER. A deep, rich pink; blooms in clusters of from five to twenty; a great garden rose.

MARCHAL NEIL. A beautiful deep sulphur yellow, very full, large and exceedingly fragrant; of clinging habit; finest yellow rose in existence.

PEARL OF THE GARDENS. No yellow rose in existence can equal this in its profusion of deep golden yellow roses; the only rival of Marchal Neil.

QUEEN OF FRAGRANCE. Blooms in clusters of six to ten roses; color white, tinged with delicate shell pink.

STRIPED LA FRANCE. Same as La France, except the color is pink, with lighter stripes running through it.

SNOWFLAKE (new). Always in bloom; an elegant rose.

VISCOUNTESS FOLKESTONE. This beautiful rose is so large and fine as to resemble a peony; pure white, faintly tinged with fawn.

LA FRANCE. Buds long, elegant, sometimes three inches long; flowers of immense size, nearly scarlet, sometimes bordered with pure white; very brilliant and fragrant.

Black.

The following are the nearest black roses:

ANTOINE QUIHON. Extra large flowers, very full, compact and regular form; color a rich, violet crimson, elegantly tinged and shaded with maroon red; a fine bloomer and very sweet.

BARON DE BONSTETTIN. Has splendid large flowers, very double and full; highly scented and very beautiful.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN. A very dark, rich, velvety crimson, passing to intense maroon, shaded black; large, full flowers; one of the darkest, looking really black at a little distance.

Moss Roses.

CRIMSON GLOBE. Richest crimson in color of moss roses; buds well covered with deep green moss.

WHITE BATH. The queen of all moss roses; color pure white; buds covered with deep green moss.

GLORY OF MOSSES. Color a rich, glossy pink; large and globular; the buds are almost hid with beautiful green moss.

SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

Chestnut, American
Chestnut, Spanish
Elm
Black Walnut
Japan Walnut
English Walnut
Mulberry
Norway Maple
Sugar Maple
Lombardy Poplar
Carolina Poplar
Tulip
Mountain Ash
Weeping Willow (common)

Kilmarnock Weeping Willow Flowering Quince Snowball Lilac Honeysuckle

Evergreens.

Irish Juniper Norway Spruce Lawson Cypress Monterey Cypress American Arborvitae

Number of Trees or Plants on an Acre at Given Distances Apart.

					Square Method	Equilateral Triangle Method
Distanc	e 1 fo	ot anart e	ach way	No. plants	43560	50300
"	2	"	"	"	10890	12575
66	3	"	**	**	4840	5899
"	4	"	"	66	2722	3143
"	5	**	66	"	1742	2011
"	6	66	66	- 66	1210	1397
**	7	**	**	"	888	1025
66	8	**	66	66	680	785
66	9	66	**	-	537	620
"	10	66	66	66	435	502
"	12	66	66	**	302	348
66	14	**	**	66	222	256
66	15	66	66	. "	193	222
**	16	6.6	66	"	170	191
66	18	66	**	"	134	154
66	20	66	66	"	109	125
"	25		66	**	69	79
66	30	6.6	"	66	48	55
"	35	"	"	"	35	40
66	40	66	66	66	27	31

Rule: Square Method.—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill, which, divided into the number of trees in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.

Rule: Equilateral Triangle Method.—Divide the number required to the acre "square method" by the decimal .866. The result will be the number of plants required to the acre by this method.

Distances for Planting.

Standard apples25	to	20	feet	apart	each	way
Standard pears20	to	25	66	66	"	66
Strong growing cherries20	to	25		"		
Duke and Morello cherries18	to	20		"		
Standard plums and prunes18	to	20		66		
Apricots, peaches and nectarines18	to	20	**	"	66	"
Grapes 7	to	10	"	66	46	66
Currants and gooseberries					4	by 6
Raspberries and blackberries				.3 to 4	by 5	to 7
Strawberries for field culture			1	to 1½	by 4	to 4
Strawberries for garden culture				1 to 2	feet a	part

A WORD TO THE WISE.

We conduct our business differently from any other nursery that we know of on the Pacific Coast. Most nurseries rely on selling their stock through agents at double the prices that we charge for the same kind and quality of stock. You can, of course, order from their offices, but then again they charge you figures that conform with prices their agents are selling for. This is called PROTECT-ING THEIR AGENTS, which, of course, they must do if they sell their stock in this way. OUR WAY of doing business is not through agents, but directly to the people who plant the stock; thus we have no agents to protect, and give you the benefit of their profits and expenses. If an agent happens to call on you, show him our prices. He will, of course, make the assertion that our stock is inferior and scrubby beside the stock he is offering (while our stock is budded or grafted on whole roots and free from insect pests, and is always as good and in many cases better than that which he would palm off on you for double the price). Ask him if his word is better than people who have bought, planted and fruited our stock, and should know better than anyone else what they are talking about. (If you live in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Utah, Montana, or California, we can give you names of people living in your locality who have bought of us.) This will head off your tree agent, saving you his profits and expenses and giving us your patronage, which will be appreciated, your order conscientiously filled, and with no disappointments when your orchard comes into bearing. Hoping to be favored with your patronage, we remain,

Yours truly,

PACIFIC NURSERY CO.,

Tangent, Oregon.

TESTIMONIALS.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Rosalia, Washington, February 27, 1902.

Tangent, Ore.

Dear Sir:—I bought sixteen hundred apple trees from you and out of the sixteen hundred I lost one tree. The Ben Davis the third year bore 85 boxes. The fourth year the Ben Davis and Baldwin bore 635 boxes. Our cherry trees are perfect; we had cherries up to the 20th of November. Our peaches never bore until this, the third, year. The Early Crawfords couldn't be improved upon; they measured from ten to twelve inches around. Our strawberries were the largest and best in the whole Palouse country; nine weighed a pound. I am perfectly satisfied in every respect with the trees. All the trees prove to be true to their name. I would like very much to have one of your catalogues; I should like to set out some more trees. Yours truly,

R. J. FISH.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Albany, Oregon, February 20, 1902.

Tangent, Ore.

Gentlemen:—The stock I purchased of you in '95 was all right in every respect.

Yours truly,

H. BRYANT.

Pacific Nursery Co., Tangent, Ore. Millville, Utah, February 18, 1902.

Gentlemen:—In reply to yours of the 15th, I will say that so far as I have ever been able to ascertain your trees are strictly reliable and true to name, and, furthermore, I find it easy to build up a good business on the strength of the orchards we have sold from your stock. The success the people have had with your trees in this country is grand, and this is the reason I would like to arrange with you for my future trade. Not but what I can get all the trees I want elsewhere, as I have credit with half a dozen other nurseries from which I import trees, but, for instance, I met a man the other day, one of our old customers, who is pulling for an order for 3,000 apple trees for me on the strength of his own trees from your stock. He also got 100 of

F. R. CANTWELL.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Vancouver, B. C., April 22, 1902.

Tangent, Ore.

the one-year Ben Davis last year, doing fine.

Gentlemen:—The fruit trees purchased from you in 1896 have fruited and have proved strictly true to name. I am perfectly satisfied with my purchase, and especially as your quotations were much lower than I could have bought elsewhere.

Respectfully yours,

C. A. SCHOOLEY.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Garnet, Idaho, February 22, 1902.

Tangent, Ore.

Gentlemen:—Among the thousands of trees purchased of you in years gone by, I have yet to discover one the fruit of which is not true to its name. Your soil seems to give to stock exceptional vigor, and your grading and packing is all that could be desired.

Sincerely yours,

GEO. P. HALL.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Mosier, Oregon, October 21, 1902.

Tangent, Ore.

Dear Sir:—Please send me your fall catalogue of trees and price list, as we expect to set some more trees this fall. Please send by return mail.

Yours truly,

J. P. CARROLL.

P. S.—The trees we purchased of you last fall grew fine as any trees we ever get.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Medford, Oregon, December 10, 1901.

Tangent, Ore.

Dear Sir:—I received those trees in good shape which you sent me some time ago, and will say was well pleased with them; have concluded to plant still more. Please inform me what kind of apple and pears you still have on hand, and prices also.

Truly,

AUG. WAHLERO.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Centralia, Wash., March 1, 1902.

Tangent, Ore.

Gentlemen:—It gives me pleasure to state that every tree bought of you and planted has come true to name in my own orchard. Having also bought a great many trees of you for others, I have never yet heard of any complaints as to genuineness or quality of stock.

Very respectfully,

F. A. DEGELER.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Brockway, Oregon, February 10, 1902.

Tangent, Ore.

Dear Sir:—Received trees, vines and berry bushes today; all arrived in fine shape. We are very much pleased with them. They are the finest nursery stock we have ever received. I shall recommend your company to all my friends wishing anything in your line, and also to anyone that I find out wishes fruit trees, etc. With many thanks, I am,

Very respectfully,

H. R. CHALLENOR.

Pacific Nursery Co.,

Tangent, Ore.

Tracyton, Kitsop County, Wash.

Dear Sirs:—Please mail me your wholesale catalogue. Perhaps you will recollect me as the Commissioner of Horticulture of this state. I am County Inspector of this county and on my own farm. What are the best terms you can offer me to act as your agent in this state. I think I could send you some good orders, as people come from a distance to consult me as what to plant. In such cases I enter into the merits of the case and recommend such varieties as I have found by observation to succeed under the conditions met. What I mostly recommend in the way of apples is the following varieties: Wagner, Grimes, Rome Beauty, Wealthy, Baldwin, Gravenstein, R. I. Greening, Spy, York Imperial, Duchess of Oldenburg, Yellow Transparent. Please let me know what stock you have of them, as substitutes would not suit the parties I advise. I select your nursery to order from, as I have never met with a case of bad infection from your house.

J. C. BAKER, County Inspector.

Take Notice

- ¶ No extra charge will be made for baling, and only a moderate charge for boxing.
- Trees will arrive safely in bales in Oregon. Washington, California and parts of Idaho, Colorado and Utah.
- Q Our boxes are made to hold from 500 to 1,000 trees and can be furnished plain or paper-lined.

Pacific Nursery Co.



To Customers

ARTIES intending to plant on a large scale, for drying, marketing or for shipment in carload lots will notice that we keep a full stock of varieties so extensively planted in the West for such purposes.

Nothing but whole roots used in the propagation of our trees, and we send out no stock that will displease the purchaser or harm our reputation.

Pacific Hursery Co. Tangent, Oregon