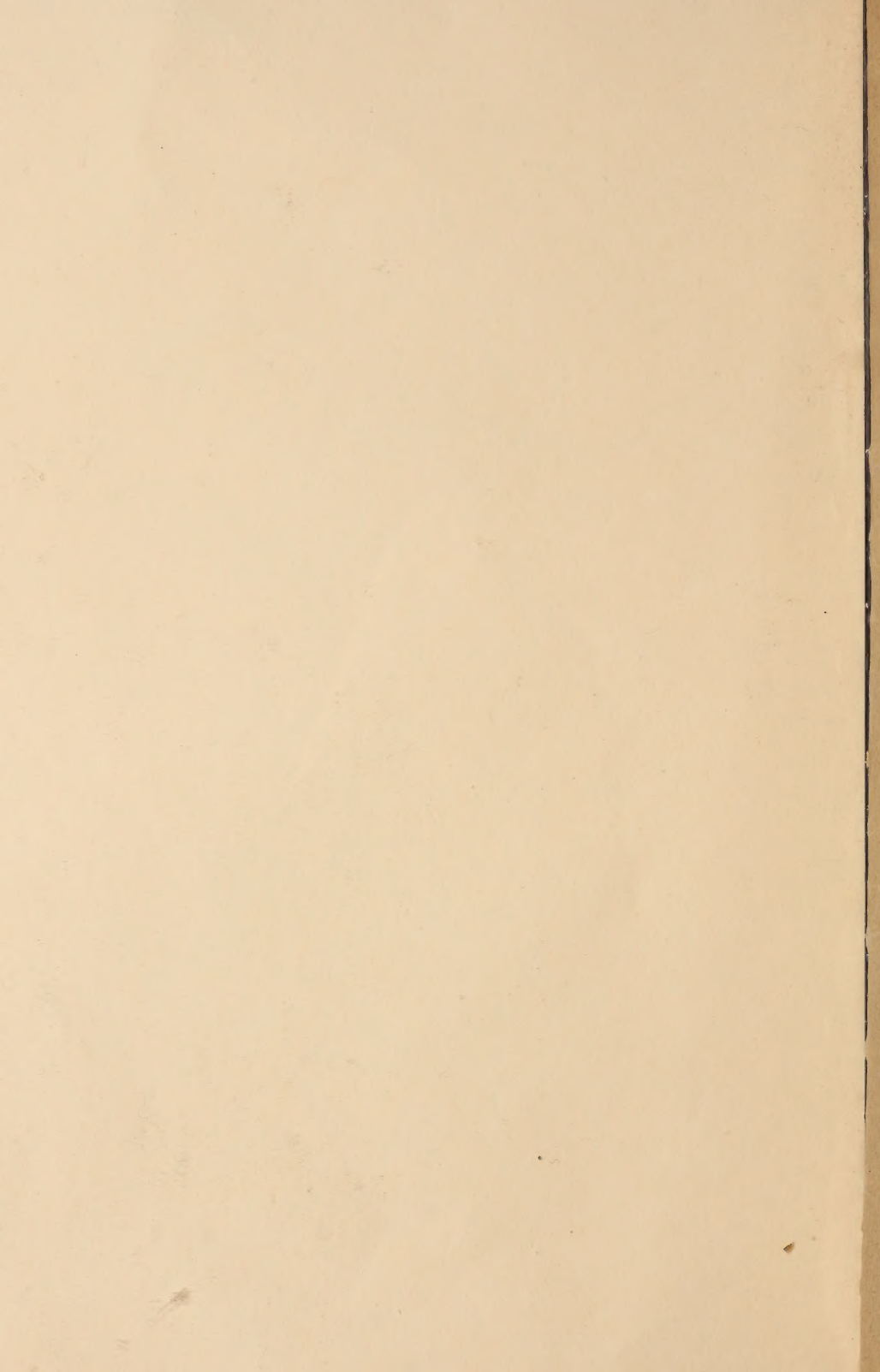


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CA 6214 1905

W. W. TRACY, JR.

CURRY-ARRINGTON COMPANY



CATALOGUE OF SELECT FARM, FIELD AND GARDEN SEED

19 05

ARRINGTON'S SWEETS.



THE FINEST MELON GROWN.

ROME, GA.

DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING SEED

HOW TO SEND YOUR ORDER

We enclose with this Catalogue an addressed envelope and printed order-blank, which we request our patrons to use when ordering of us. Please avoid asking questions on the order-blank that require an answer by mail. We wish to reply to all inquiries promptly, and you can materially assist us by making these on a separate sheet and enclosing with your order.

TERMS.—We do not ship C. O. D., unless a sufficient amount is enclosed with the order to cover express charges both ways. It is better for the customer and less trouble to us for cash to accompany the order, and we do not ship without this, except to parties we know and merchants having a satisfactory commercial rating. When remittance is insufficient to cover seed ordered, it is our custom to send all the money will buy and avoid delay.

HOW TO REMIT.—We prefer Post Office or Express Orders, but if neither can be obtained conveniently send by Registered Mail. Do not send money in letter without registering. One and two-cent postage stamps will be taken if in good condition. They should be carefully wrapped and not sent loose or stuck on the order-sheet. We will accept bank checks on Rome or New York.

PRICES.—The prices named in this Catalogue are for the quantities usually purchased by gardeners and farmers. Our first effort is to furnish the best seed it is possible to produce. This business was established in 1888, and continuous rapid growth is proof conclusive that our friends appreciate the high quality and well filled packets of seed we send them.

To merchants and market gardeners, who use larger quantities, we name special prices by letter, and will be glad to have a list of seed wanted and quantity of each, when we will name the lowest price we can afford, consistent with quality.

WHEN TO ORDER.—It will greatly aid us if those ordering seeds will send in their lists as soon after the receipt of this Catalogue as possible, thus enabling us to ship seeds before the rush begins at planting time.

ABOUT FORWARDING.—Every order is filled at once on its receipt, or reason given for its delay, so that parties ordering may know, if the goods are not received in proper time, it is almost certain that the order has not been received by us.

SHIPPING BY MAIL.—We pay postage on all seed priced by the packet, ounce, and quarter pound. For large packages not priced "postage paid," add 10c to pints and pounds and 15c to quarts, to cover this expense.

WRITE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS distinctly and in full. We can not ship when either is omitted. (We will esteem it a favor if you will send names and addresses of a few of your friends who buy seed.)

SHOULD AN ERROR OCCUR please notify us at once, and we will take pleasure in making corrections. We exercise the greatest care to have all seed pure and reliable, and ship only such as we are willing to plant. Our guarantee does not extend beyond our honest efforts and intentions, and we are responsible no further.

ALL ORDERS AND INQUIRIES will receive prompt and careful attention,

Yours very truly,

CURRY-ARRINGTON CO.,

ROME, GEORGIA.

January 1905.

GENERAL LIST OF VEGETABLE SEEDS FOR 1905.

The prices named include postage on all seeds in packets, ounces and quarter pounds. Seeds offered in larger lots go at expense of purchaser unless marked otherwise. 10 cents for pints and pounds, and 15 cents for quarts should be added to Catalogue price to pay postage. All packages are well filled with the best seed. Packets priced at 5c are 6 for 25c, 30 for \$1.00. When priced at 10c each, 3 for 25c, 15 for \$1.00.

ASPARAGUS.

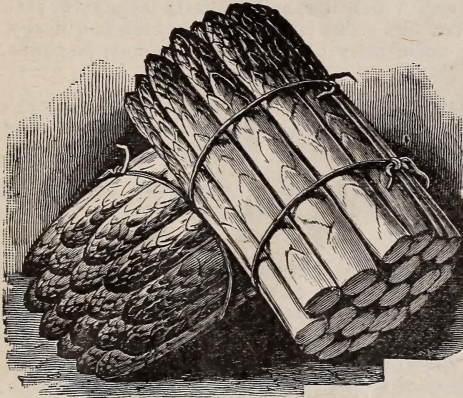
Sow seed in early spring; rows one foot apart, in drills two inches deep. When one year old, transplant in permanent beds which should be made rich with liberal application of manure.

Palmetto.—An early variety of excellent quality and enormous yield. Packets, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; 4 ounces, 25 cents.

Conover's Colossal.—An old standard variety, which gives splendid satisfaction. Packets, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; 4 ounces, 25 cents.

Asparagus Roots.—We can furnish splendid two-year-old roots of above variety, 100 for \$1.00; 250 for \$2.00, by express at purchaser's expense.

Artichoke Roots.—See under head of Farm Seeds.



Palmetto Asparagus.

BEANS.

Dwarf or Bush.—Dwarf or Bush varieties stand drouth better than any other vegetable and are immensely profitable. A succession of plantings can be made from March to September. Plant two inches deep, in 18 inch rows, 3 to 5 inches apart in drill. One quart to 100 feet in drill.

Valentine Wax.—An improved extra early Valentine bean, with wax pods. The pods are very meaty and almost stringless. Specially recommended on account of both quality and productiveness. Packet, 5 cents; pint, 15 cents; quart, 25 cents.

Curry's Rust Proof Wax.—This is, as its name implies, a rust proof variety; pods long, flat, tender and of fine quality. It is early, productive and a desirable variety. Packet, 5 cents; pint, 15 cents; quart, 25 cents.

Early Dwarf German Wax.—One of the finest Snap-shorts, entirely stringless, and fully as early as the Valentine; one of the best market varieties. The bean, when ripe, is black. Pint, 15c; quart, 25c.

Flageolet Wax.—This is one of the most valuable varieties for either private or market gardening purposes. The pods are often a foot in length, exceedingly succulent and tender. Packet, 5c; pint 15c; quart, 25c.

Wardell's Kidney Wax.—One of the best Wax Beans, producing long, flat, stringless and brittle, waxy pods. One of the earliest large Wax Beans grown. Packet, 5 cents; pint, 15 cents; quart, 25 cents.

Improved Golden Wax.—This variety possesses all the good qualities of the old Golden Wax, but is larger in pod and much more prolific. Excellent quality, tender, melting flavor at all stages of growth. Packet, 5 cents; pints, 15 cents; quarts, 25 cents.



Improved Goldeu Wax.

New Stringless Green Pod Bean.—The only Stringless Green Podded Bean in cultivation. The illustration shows them to be very wide, thick and fleshy, absolutely stringless and surpassing all others in crisp, tender flavor. Two weeks earlier than the Valentine and sure to prove valuable to market gardener as well as for home use. Packet, 10c; 3 for 25c; pint, 30c, postpaid.



Stringless Green Podded Beans.

Improved Extra Early Red Valentine.—This variety is earlier than the Early Valentine, and usually ready to pick in 45 days after planting. The pods are very thick and fleshy, and unequalled in uniformity of ripening. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c.

Long Yellow Six Weeks.—One of the best varieties. The beans, when cooked, retain their green color, are of good flavor, and bear profusely. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c.

Early Mohawk.—A hardy, early variety of established reputation, highly esteemed by market gardeners. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c.

Extra Early Refugee.—A very early green podded kind. A heavy cropper, producing a fleshy pod of fine quality. Our stock is select and uniform. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c.

Best of All.—The vines are very hardy and vigorous, producing an abundance of very straight, handsome pods, which, when ready for use as snaps, are very brittle and of fine quality. This is one of the best green pod varieties. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c.

SPEER'S PRESERVING POWDER.

This is a harmless powder, and one box is guaranteed to preserve 25 pounds of fruit or vegetables without the use of air-tight cans, earthen jars only being required. One box, 25c; five boxes, \$1.00 postpaid.

Burpee's Bush Lima.—This is the bush form of the large white Lima Bean. The bushes grow from 18 to 20 inches high and produce very large beans, identical in size and flavor with the large white Lima Bean. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c.

Henderson's Bush Lima.—Grows without the aid of stakes, in compact bush form, about 15 to 18 inches high, and produces enormous crops of delicious Lima Beans. Comes into bearing earlier than the climbing varieties and continues until frost. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c.



Extra Early Red Valentine.

BEAN--POLE OR RUNNING.

Georgia Monstrous Pole Bean.—This excellent variety has been grown by the ardeners of North Georgia for 40 years or more and was known throughout this section by as many different names, usually bearing the name of the family in each section from whom seed could be obtained. We catalogued it under above appropriate name and whenever seen by a Georgian is recognized as "The bean my mother used to grow." We consider it far ahead of any other variety. Very vigorous vine, climbs well and enormously productive. The pods are green, grow in large clusters, frequently 10 inches long; while they are very large they are stringless, cook tender and melting, and when once tried you will be convinced that it is what we claim for it. Packet, 10c; 3 for 25c; pint, 35c; quart, 65c postpaid.



Golden Cluster Wax.—A splendid sort, exceedingly productive, of large golden wax pods, six or eight inches long, borne in clusters of three to six, and continuing until stopped by frost. It snaps easily, is stringless, tender and is of a delicate flavor. Its bearing qualities defy competition. Packet, 5c; pint 20c; quart, 35c.

Crease Back, or Fat Horse—Earliest pole bean in cultivation, exceedingly productive and of best quality; pods 5 to 6 inches long, with a crease in the back. Packet, 5c; pint, 20c; quart, 35c.

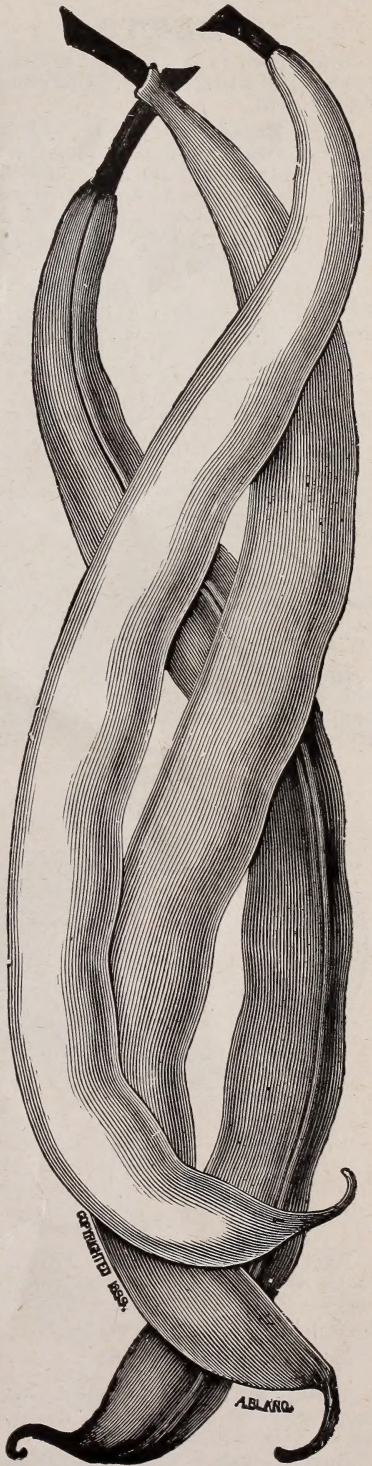
Horticultural, or Wren's Egg.—A very hardy and productive variety. Grows from 6 to 8 feet high, producing purple blossoms; pods about 6 inches in length; can be used either for snapping or shelling; also is an excellent winter variety; as a baking bean it has no equal. Pint, 20c; quart, 35c.

Tall German Black Wax.—One of the best varieties for snap or shelled in the green state. Packet 5c; pint, 20c; quart, 35c.

Red Speckled Cut Short Cornfield.—Used for planting to corn and very productive. Packet, 5c; pint, 20c; quart, 35c.

Small White Lima, Carolina or Sieva.—Very early and productive, with small, smooth green leaves and small, white kidney shaped beans; quality very fine. Packet, 5c; pint, 20c; quart, 35c.

Extra Large Lima, or Butter.—The most buttery and delicious bean ever grown. With nearly every one the seeds, either green or ripe, of this variety, are considered the most tender and delicious of all the bean family, and profitable both for market and family use. Packet, 5 cents; pint, 20 cents; quart, 35 cents.



Georgia Monstrous Pole Bean.

BEETS.

Best suited to rather light soil thoroughly enriched with manure. One ounce to 50 feet or drill.

Early Bassano, or Sugar.—An excellent early variety, of fine flavor, tender and juicy. The flesh boils light color. When sown late it makes a splendid winter beet. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound, 50c.

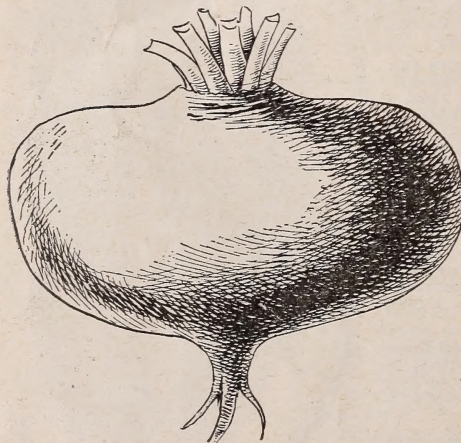
Early Dark Red Flat Egyptian.—Earliest dark red beet in cultivation. Its color is a fine dark red and shaped like an early flat turnip. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound, 50c.

Early Blood Turnip.—Good for summer or winter; flesh dark red color; a standard round variety, with small top; very tender. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound 40c.

Early Eclipse.—Larger than the Egyptian, nearly as early, of much finer quality, globe-shaped, dark crimson color; it is excelled by none. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound, 40c.

Half-Long Blood Red.—Roots are smooth, half-long and very dark. We know of no better; best for private gardens as a succession to the turnip varieties. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound, 40c.

Improved Long Dark Blood Red.—An old standard variety, used for both table and cattle. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound, 40c.



Bastain's Extra Early Turnip Beet.

Bastain's Extra Early Turnip.—This is one of our most highly esteemed varieties, as well for table as for market. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound, 50c.

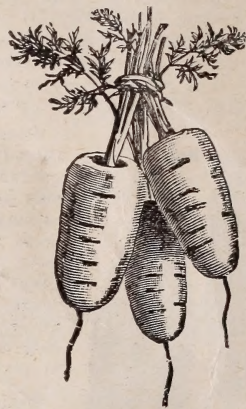
BROCCOLI.

This plant resembles Cauliflower, but is hardier and of less delicate flavor. Cultivation same as Cauliflower.

Early Large White.—Packet, 5c; ounce 25c.

CARROTS.

A light, sandy loam, well manured the first year, best suits the Carrot. For early crop sow as early as ground can be worked in drills 12 inches apart, and thin to five or six inches in row. For main crop from middle of May until first of July. As Carrot seed are slow to germinate all precautions must be taken.



Early Scarlet Horn.

Early Scarlet Horn.—The favorite early red summer variety; fine grained and good flavor. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25c.

Danvers Long Horn.—In form it is midway between the Scarlet Horn and Long Orange, of a rich dark orange color, and grows very smooth. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c.

Improved Long Orange.—A standard late variety; deep orange color; good flavor; yields heavily. It is an excellent table variety, and highly nutritious for stock, increasing flow of milk and improving the quality. Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25c; pound, 75c.

CAULIFLOWER.

This should receive similar treatment to Cabbage, except that it requires an occasional application of liquid manure and frequent watering. When heading tie the top leaves together to protect from sun.

Early Dwarf Erfurt.—This is a very fine strain, producing large, white, firm heads, very close and excellent quality. It is extra early and always certain to head; it is equally good for early or late planting. Papers, 10c; 3 for 25c.

Extra Early Paris.—Heads large, white compact and solid, tender and delicious; leaves large, stalks short. Packet, 10c; 3 for 25c.

CABBAGE

We make a specialty of furnishing our customers the very best selected stock that can be obtained. Our seed are grown from SELECT heads and are of such excellence that we regard them as unsurpassed by any. With proper soil and cultivation, no disappointment will come to those who sow our seed. The purchase of cheap cabbage seed is the poorest investment in the world; the failure can never be known until an entire season's labor and outlay are lost.

Culture.—For early summer crop sow seed in February; in April and May for second early, and July and August for main crop. When spring crop is wanted seed should be sown in November and protected through the winter. In transplanting set the stem down to the first leaf. Soil should be deep, rich, and given a good coating of barnyard manure. Cultivate *deep and often*. One ounce of seed will produce 3 000 plants.

ARRINGTON'S EARLIEST CABBAGE.

This is the earliest Cabbage we offer and we believe that none will produce heads ready for use in a shorter time than this variety. Produces a large, pointed heads. A rapid grower, forming a head fit for use in 70 days from sowing seed. Every one who tries this variety will readily admit that it is a valuable acquisition to our list of Cabbages. Fine quality. Almost every plant produces a perfect head, and as it has very few loose leaves can be planted closely and yields a large crop. Include this in your order. Packet 10c; three for 25c; ounce 25c; four ounces 75c



Arrington's Earliest Cabbage.

Early Etampes.—This variety has rapidly grown in public favor and is the earliest cabbage on the market, excepting Arrington's Earliest. Forms hard, solid-pointed heads of extra quality. Has few outer leaves and can be planted closely. It is in every way a most desirable cabbage. Packets, 5c; ounce, 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 65c; pound, \$2.00.



Select Very Early Jersey Wakefield.

Select Very Early Jersey Wakefield.—The most widely cultivated of the early cabbages; grown extensively by market gardeners and considered one of the best and most profitable sorts. It is *very early, a reliable header, and of finest quality*. Papers, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 75c.

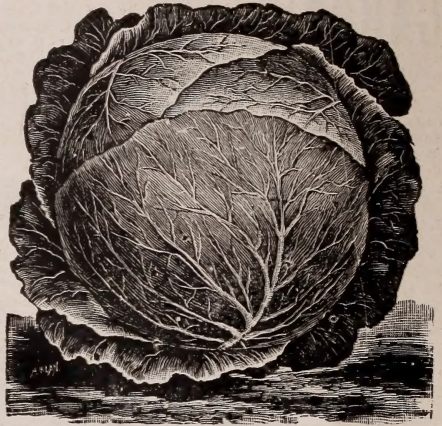
Large Early, or Charleston Wakefield.—In this new sort we have a combination of earliness, uniformity, size and solidity. It retains all the characteristics of the early Jersey Wakefield. It is a little later in maturing, but attains a much larger size, heads having been grown the past season weighing 13 and 14 pounds. Packet, 5c; ounce, 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 85c.

Louisville Early Drumhead.—This is a flat-headed cabbage of a very uniform and desirable strain, being early, large, and reliable. Very highly esteemed for its *ability to resist heat*. It

never flags under the severest sun, and produces very fine, large heads, after the earlier sorts have passed away. Papers, 5c; ounce, 20c; four ounces, 60c; pound, \$1.75.

OUR BIC 4 CABBAGE SEED OFFER Contains one package each of World Beater, Arrington's Earliest, Surehead and All-Head, being 4 of the finest Cabbage in the world, all for 25c. No changes made.

Surehead.—(True Stock). We have our seed from the originator; no one can offer finer stock. As its name indicates it is a *sure header* and an *extremely* popular variety. It is claimed by many that 1000 plants will produce 999 heads. Large size, very uniform and firm and do not burst after heading. The heads are of great thickness, making it a capital variety to carry through the winter. For an all-purpose cabbage it stands without an equal. Packet, 5c; ounce 20c; four ounces, 60c; pound, \$1.75.



Surehead.

All-Head Early.—A fine early sort, resembling the Solid South in shape and possessing many of its fine qualities. The heads are large, very uniform, remarkably tender, and although quite early makes an excellent winter sort. Packet 5c; ounce 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound 60c; pound \$2.00.

Early Winningstadt.—A solid and tender variety; good for early or late. Desirable for private gardens. Packet 5c; ounce 20c; four ounces 60c; pound \$2.00.



World-Beater Cabbage.

World-Beater Cabbage.—The large, broad heads are very thick, though rounded at the top; fine grained and tender, more so than any other very large cabbage. Stalks short, foliage compact, dark green with purplish brown tinge; it is a fine grower and does not require special culture to develop. Packet 10c, three for 25c; four ounces 75c.

New Winter Cabbage, The Lupton.—The originator says of it: "The Lupton Cabbage is the result of an effort to combine, in one variety, the best quality of the second early and late sorts, which has been, to a certain extent, successful. In a great measure we have suc-

ceeded in getting rid of the coarseness of the late sorts, as the quality is fine. It is also one of the best keepers we have." It is certainly a very fine strain and worthy of an extended trial. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; four ounces, 65c; pound, \$2.00.

Mammoth Rock Red Dutch.—Is the largest red cabbage and heads very solid, and is a deep red color to the center. No cabbage is better for boiling or for slaw, and its beautiful color specially fits it for pickling. Packets, 5c; ounce, 20c; two ounces, 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$1.75.



Lupton New Winter Cabbage.

For \$1.00 We will send by mail, post paid, 30 packages Cabbage seed, priced at 5c each, or 6 ounces assorted, as desired.



Improved Large Late Flat Dutch.

Drumhead Savoy.—A favorite of and the largest headed Savoy; very fine flavor. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 60c; pound, \$1.75.

Early Summer.—(Selected stock.) This is a very popular second early variety, forming large, solid, compact heads of excellent quality. Having few outside leaves, may be planted closely. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75.

Large Early York.—A very hardy variety. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.50.

Improved Large Late Drumhead.—This is one of the old standard late maturing varieties, large, solid, *always reliable as a header*, and noted for its excellent quality. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20 cents; 4 ounces, 60 cents; pound, \$1.75.

CORN—SWEET OR SUGAR.

Early Mammoth Sugar.—An early variety' bearing large ears.



White Rice Pop Corn.

Stalks short and slender. Early in maturing for so large an ear, showy and highly recommended. Try it. Pint, 10c; quart, 20c; postage, 10c pint and 15c quart extra.

Country Gentleman.—A short stalked, productive sort, frequently producing 3 ears to the stalk; grain narrow and very deep. Highly recommended. Pint, 10c; quart, 20c.

Adam's Early.—This is not a sweet corn, but is a tender, white corn for the table. It can be planted earlier than any sweet corn, and will be ready in 60 days. Pint, 10c; quart, 20c.

Stowell's Evergreen.—Extensively grown all over the country and highly esteemed for its fine quality. Pint, 10c; quart, 20c.

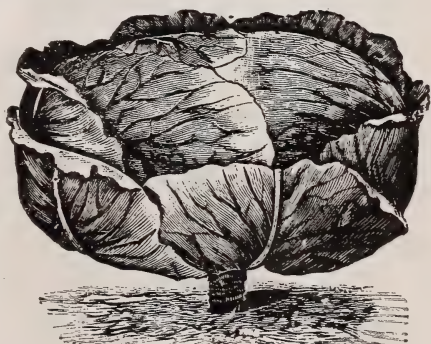
POP CORN.—**Monarch White Rice.**—The finest variety grown; early, very productive, sweet, crisp and beautiful snow white color when popped. Packet, 10c; ½ pound, 20c; pound, 30c; postpaid.

New Red Beauty Pop Corn.—This valuable new Rice Pop Corn was originated by an expert Pop Corn grower of Illinois. By careful accumulative selections he has secured a variety which for rare beauty, extreme earliness, great depth of grain, and smallness of cob, cannot be equaled, 50 bushels per acre being a common yield. Pops splendidly 4 months from the time it is planted. Packet, 10c; ½ pound, 25c; pound, 40c, postpaid.

Best Early Flat Dutch.—This may be designated as a summer cabbage and fills a gap that might otherwise be unproductive. Closely resembles late variety in shape. Papers, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 60c; pound, \$1.75.

All Seasons.—Does well at *all seasons* and is sure to make a crop. Resists a greater amount of frost than any other, and is unflagging under highest temperature. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 60c; pound, \$2.

Improved Large Late Flat Dutch.—As a variety for winter market, it has no superior. Heads large, round, solid, broad and flat on top. One of the best varieties for keeping. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 60c; pound, \$1.75.



Giant White Solid.

CELERY.

For early transplanting sow in May or June. Later crops should be sown in August or September. Transplant in rows 3 or 4 feet apart and 8 inches in row. Soil should be highly manured and moist or near water.

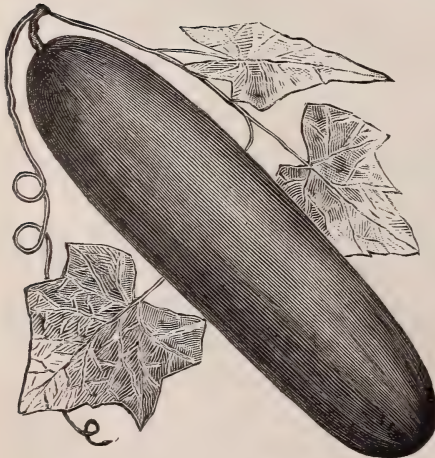
Golden Heart, or Golden Dwarf.—A variety highly esteemed for its fine flavor and beautiful appearance, the heart being golden yellow and very solid. One of the best for either home or market use, and is a splendid keeper. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c.

Boston Market.—It is a vigorous grower of medium height; very early and is an excellent keeper. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c.

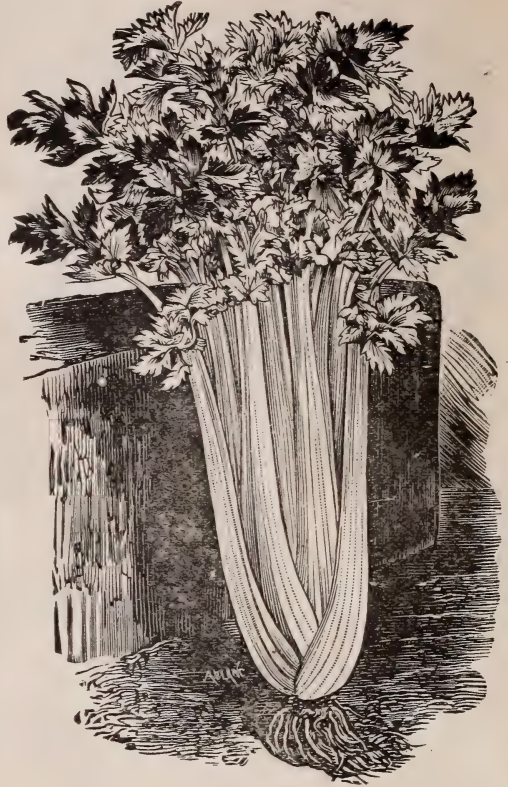
Giant White Solid.—The best of the large growing varieties, attaining a height under good cultivation of 3 feet; of fine crisp flavor. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 30c.



Collards.



Cool and Crisp.



Giant White Solid.

COLLARDS.

Extensively grown for "greens," being an EASY AND SURE CROP, affording an abundance of food for man and beast. Cultivate same as cabbage.

Long Blue Stem.—Papers, 5c; ounce, 10; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.

Improved White Georgia, or Cabbage Collard.—Called the CABBAGE COLLARD on account of its close, bunching growth; very rare and very choice. The plant produces center leaves generally perfectly white, though sometimes dashed with pink. In quality it is MUCH MORE DELICIOUS than the ordinary variety and cannot be TOO HIGHLY RECOMMENDED as a garden vegetable of the first quality. Packets, 10c; 3 for 25c; 4 ounces, 35c; per lb, \$1.00.

CUCUMBERS.

Improved Early White Spine.—The favorite market variety, extensively used for shipping North early in the season; medium to large size, deep green, crisp, fine flavor and very productive. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c.

Early Frame.—A good variety for pickling and table use, of medium size. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c.

Long Green.—A standard late sort. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c.

Cool and Crisp.—This variety is the earliest and most prolific of all pickling cucumbers and is certain to become a standard sort. While primarily a pickling variety, it is also most useful for slicing, the cucumbers, when fully matured, being of good size and exceedingly tender and crisp. Packets, 5c; ounce, 10c.

Thorburn's Everbearing Cucumber.—A single vine will exhibit at the same time cucumbers in every stage of growth, the small ones being perfect in shape, of a very fine green color, and just the size for pickling. Vines continue to produce until killed by frost. Packet, 10c; 3 for 25c; 15 for \$1.00.

Short Green Gherkins.—A very small, prickly variety, used exclusively for pickling; should be gathered while young and tender. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c.

Boston Pickling, or Green Prolific.—Its characteristics are its uniform growth, hardly ever yielding cucumbers too large for pickling, and its immense productiveness. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c.

Jersey Pickle. This variety is unsurpassed for pickling; of uniform growth and immensely productive. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10 cents.

Early Green Cluster.—A short, prickly variety, bearing clusters; prolific; fine for bottle pickles. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c.

EGG PLANT.

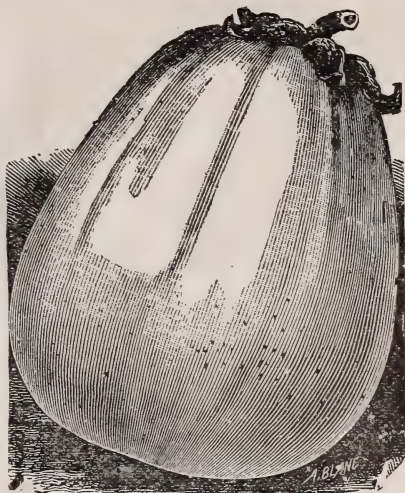
This is a very tender plant and the seed require the strongest heat to germinate. Sow in hot bed, and when plants are two or three inches high and the weather has become settled, transplant, giving them a deep, rich soil and full exposure to the sun.

New York Improved.—This is the leading market variety everywhere. Plants robust, leaves and stems thickly set with spines. Papers, 5c; ounce, 25c.

Pearl White Egg Plant.—A delicious vegetable. The plant is a large, vigorous grower and comparatively free from thorns. The fruit is pure creamy white, with slight



New York Improved Egg Plant.



Pearl White Egg Plant.

shading of very light green near the stem, thus being of a more attractive appearance than the purple sorts; beautiful in shape, resembling somewhat the purple variety. In eating quality it is superior, being more delicate, very fine grain and well flavored. There is not a garden in the land which would not be improved by this vegetable being represented in its collection. Price, postpaid, packet, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 30c; ounce, 50c; 4 ounces, \$1.50.

KOHL RABI.

Plant and treat same as cabbage.

White Vienna.—Short leaved, bulb light green, very rapid in growth, matures early. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c.

KALE, OR BORECOLE.

The kales are more hardy than cabbage and make excellent greens for winter and spring. Plant the same as cabbage.

Dwarf German Kale or Greens.—Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25c; pound, 65 cents.

Tall Scotch Curled.—Packet, 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25c; pound, 65c.

LEEK.

This vegetable is highly prized for soups, the flavor being more delicate and better than the onion. Cultivate same as celery.

Large London, or Flag.—Is very fine and delicate. It grows to a good size and is wonderfully uniform. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c.

LETTUCE.

This thrives best in rich, moist ground. For the principal early crop sow seed in fall and protect through winter, same as for early cabbage. For successive crops seed may be sown as early as spring opens, continuing until August.

Big Boston Lettuce.—This variety is identical in color, shape and general appearance with the famous Boston Market Lettuce, but is *double the size*. The "Big Boston" will please market gardeners, as it always produces large, solid, salable heads, and it will commend itself to amateurs because it heads up well at all seasons and is crisp and tender. Packet, 10c; 3 for 25c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c.



Big Boston Lettuce.

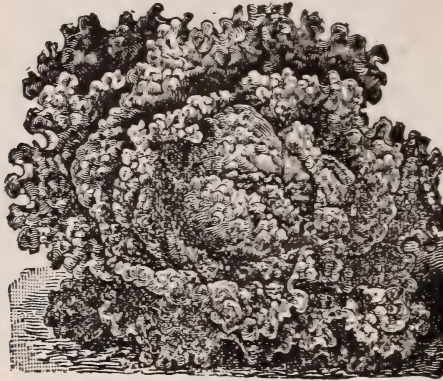
Denver Market.—This new lettuce is highly recommended, either for forcing or open ground. It forms large solid heads, of a light green color, and is slow to go to seed. The leaves are beautifully curled and crimped, very crisp and tender. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 35c.

Tennis Ball Black Seeded.—An early variety of good reputation, forming a hard head; can be planted quite closely. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

Hanson.—Heads green, with white heart, large size, crisp and tender. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

Early White Cabbage.—A broad-leaved vigorous, heading sort, white, showy, and desirable variety. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

Early Curled Silician.—Early, loose heads, curled, tender and of fine flavor.



'Denver Market' Lettuce.

Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

'Black Seeded Simpson.—A decided improvement over the ordinary Simpson; does not form a head, stands the summer heat well, and attains a very large size; one of the very best varieties. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ozs., 30c.

MUSTARD.—A pungent salad, largely grown for greens, and makes a popular dish. Sow in fall, winter or spring in rows 12 inches apart and thin out moderately when 4 inches high.

White London.—Papers, 5c; ounce, 10c; pound, 30c.

Black or Brown.—More pungent in flavor than white and sold at the same price.

Mammoth Curled, Georgia.—Very popular in the South, leaves much larger than any other; flavor pleasant, sweet and pungent. Papers, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound 75c.



Mammoth Curled.

NORTH GEORGIA CORN

Is unquestionably the best for the Southern farmer. Look over the varieties we offer and send us your order. No disappointment will result from planting our seed.

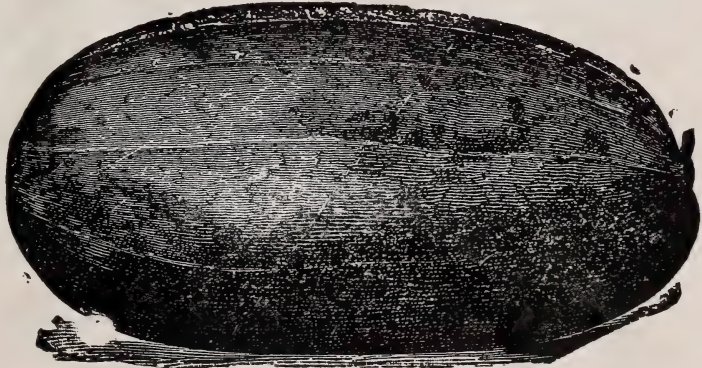
Watermelon Seed. Our constant care and attention in growing and selecting our Watermelon Seed from the most perfect shapes and largest size fruits has given us a reputation for select Georgia-grown stock that is a source of pride and gratification. Georgia is the home of this delicious fruit, and no section has ever succeeded in producing melons of same size, color and delicious flavor as are grown in the sandy pine lands of Eastern Georgia, melons being shipped from this section to the principal Northern and Western cities at remunerative prices, while others fail to pay freight charges. We shall continue to make this stock a special feature of our business, making it our constant effort to send our customers only the finest seed stock it is possible to produce. With proper soil and cultivation, no one will be disappointed in crops grown from our seed.

CULTURE.—Watermelons thrive best on a rich, light, sandy loam, which should be checked off 10 feet each way; at the check a hole about 6 inches deep is hollowed out, your fertilizer put down and thoroughly mixed with the soil. A hill about 15 inches across and 2 inches above the general level is made, and then you are ready for planting. When an early crop is wanted, seed should be planted as early as deemed advisable, and each week thereafter until you have secured a stand. When danger of cold has passed, thin out to one vine in a hill. Cultivate deeply at first, with cultivator or shovel plow. When vines attain length of 2 feet, cultivate shallow, as long and as often as you can, but never turn or disturb the vines after they begin to run.

FERTILIZER.—Use equal parts of cottonseed meal and some good ammoniated dissolved bone guano, about 300 or 400 pounds of this mixture per acre.

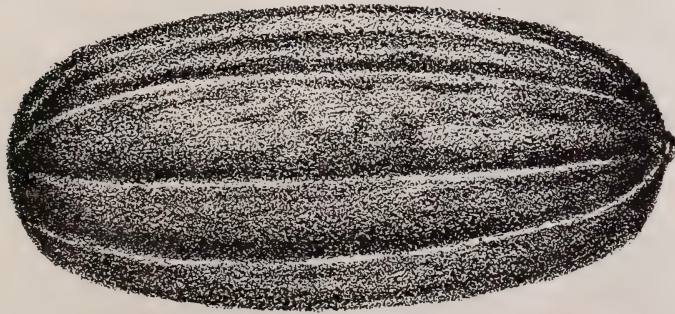
Arrington's Sweets.—We catalogue this melon, not as a new variety, and give it the above name without claim to being the originator. The melon from which this comes was brought to our notice in 1894, and after carefully testing in our trial grounds two years, we catalogued it in 1896. Every pound

of this seed we had sold was grown for us by the originator, but on account of complaints from our most critical customers to the effect that the melon was degenerating, we have had our grower take the stock in charge and improve it until now we do not believe its equal for the family garden or home market can be found. Large size, extra early, very prolific, sweet, juicy and delicious. We feel that we cannot recommend this variety too highly, and advise all to test it, when you will be convinced that our claim of offering the finest all around table melon in the world is fully justified. Price, ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 35c; pound, \$1.00.



Arrington's Sweets Watermelon.

New Halbert Honey Watermelon.—Since the foundation of this business we have made a specialty of high-grade watermelon seed and have exercised great care both in improving the strains of old varieties and carefully testing the new before offering to our

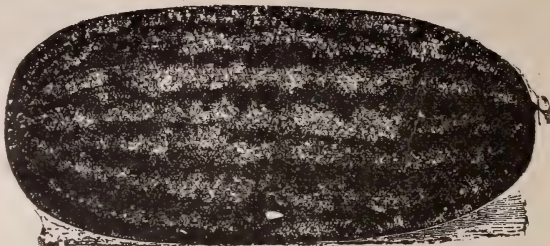


New Halbert Honey Watermelon.

friends. This melon was originated by Mr. Halbert, of Texas. We obtained seed stock from him last season and are highly pleased with our first year's trial, though we are not yet ready to admit superiority over the celebrated "Arrington's Sweets," which we first offered the trade in 1896, and has

not heretofore been approached for delicious table quality by any other melon. Color of rind deep green, flesh crimson, quite early and prolific. We offer carefully selected seed, from stock secured from the originator: 1 packet, 10c; ounce, 15c; ¼ pound, 35c; 1 pound, \$1.25, postpaid.

Florida Favorite.—This is claimed to be a cross of the Pierson and Rattlesnake. It is of oblong shape, large size, rind dark, with light green stripes, flesh light crimson; very crisp and deliciously sweet, seed light creamy-white color; one of the earliest and best melons grown. Price, ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.



Florida Favorite.

Triumph.—A cross between Jones' Jumbo and Kolb Gem, greatly resembling in color, size and quality the great champion, the Jones, but has the dark Kolb Gem seed. It fully sustains the claims made for it as probably the best market or shipping melon in cultivation. Is a fine keeper. It is early, enormously productive and averages very large. Flesh very firm, crimson and sweet. Price, ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.

Ivey.—A beautiful, symmetrical, oblong, grey melon. New and very popular in East Georgia, the great melon section, for its fine qualities as a home and market melon, Melons large and uniform in shape; very prolific. Flesh crimson, tender and very sweet. Seed white and black rim. A very attractive market melon. Prices same as Rattlesnake.

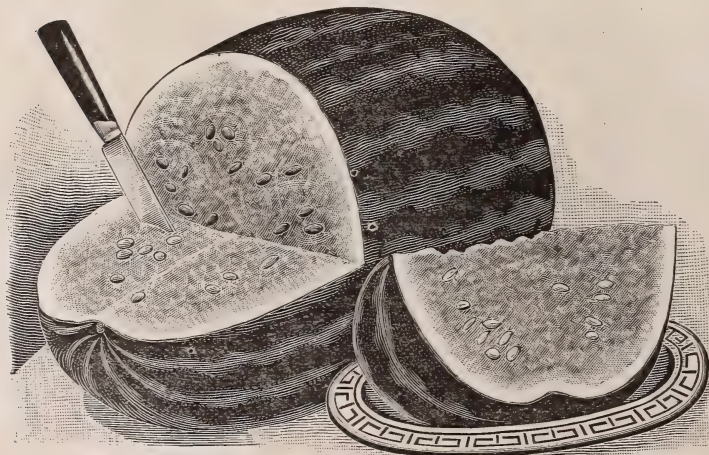
True Georgia Rattlesnake.—This is truly the "Georgia Watermelon," and the well-known variety with which this state has made so much reputation in the Northern and Western markets, and is immensely popular. Large size, oblong shape, of light green color, beautifully striped with a lighter shade, rind thin and very solid, flesh scarlet, sweet and delicious. Better stock than we offer cannot be obtained at any price. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 35c;



True Georgia Rattlesnake.

½ pound, 60c; pound, \$1.00.

Jones' Jumbo.—This grand melon has proven its great popularity, and has given satisfaction wherever tried. We can safely say that none grows finer. Extra early, extra large, very prolific and of the finest flavor; it is a favorite both for shipping and home use. Rind dark green, flesh bright red, sweet, tender and juicy. Our seed are extra select and true to name, and customers frequently report melons from seed bought of us, weighing as much as 75 pounds. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 35c; ½ pound, 55c; pound, 85c, postpaid.



Jones' Jumbo.

Georgia Blues, or Blue Gem.—Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 60c.

Kolb Gem.—Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 50c.

The New Bradford.—This new melon comes from South Carolina and has gained a wide reputation on account of its extra fine quality. From the accompanying cut it will be seen that it is a desirable oblong shape; the flesh is a dark red, remarkably sweet, luscious, and tender; rind dark green and darker stripe; grows to very large size, very healthy and productive.



The New Bradford.

Every lover of fine watermelons should plant this variety. We have the true stock. Ounce, 10c; four ounces, 35c; pound, \$1.00.

Black Diamond.—Melons are of uniform shape, almost round, very large, of beautiful deep, glossy, green color. Its fine appearance and proportions render it very attractive. It is early, very vigorous and prolific. Seed of the dark Kolb Gem type. Flesh crimson and of excellent flavor. One ounce, 10c; four ounces, 25c; one pound, 60c.

Sugar Loaf.—A greenish white, long melon with crisp, red flesh, with as thin a rind as Rattle-nake. Grows to an immense size—a whole market wagon load running often to sixty pounds each. It's a beauty to look at and a delight to eat. Ounce, 10c; four ounces, 35c; pound, \$1.00.

Gray Monarch, or Long White Icing.—The skin is of an attractive, mottled, very light green color, so light as to nearly warrant the name white or gray. The flesh is deep red in color and of very fine quality. Long recognized as one of the finest flavored watermelons grown. In size this variety is large, being of long form, and has been raised to weigh fifty to sixty pounds each. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30c; pound, 85c—post paid.

Cuban Queen.—The melons are of large size and oblong in form. Skin beautifully striped in dark and light green. Rind quite thin, but tough enough for shipping. Flesh bright red, firm, and of luscious quality. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25c; pound, 75c—postpaid.

Cantaloupes or Muskmelons.

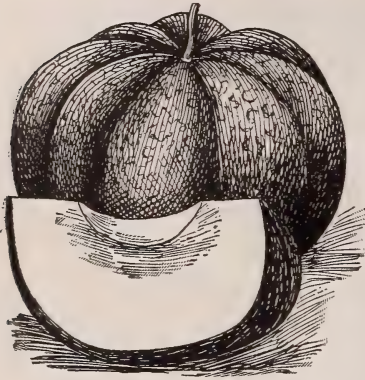
Rocky Ford Cantaloupe.—A variety extensively grown in Colorado and shipped to various eastern points. The reason for the wide-spread popularity of these melons is two-fold. First—its superb table qualities, being firm, sweet, and remarkably solid. Second—its wonderful shipping qualities, which enable it to be carried great distances and yet arrive in first-class condition for market. The fruit is of medium size, oval shaped, heavily netted and very solid. The flesh is green, thick, and juicy. It is very early and wonderfully productive. Ounce 10c; four ounces 25c; pound 75c.



Rocky Ford Cantaloupe.

Emerald Gem.—One of the best and most delicious melons on our list. It resembles the Osage in color of flesh and delicacy of flavor, differing only in shape, being flatter on top. The flesh is very thick and of a beautiful salmon color, and ripens to the skin. Ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 25c; pound, 75c.

Nixon.—This is considered by many the best of all cantaloupes. Our grower has kept this melon in the lead for a number of years and yet considers it the best grown. Round, rough skin, thick meat of rich flavor and sweetness; often weighs 8 to 12 pounds; keeping qualities unexcelled. Ounce, 10c; four ounces, 35c; eight ounces, 60c; pound, \$1.00.



Prolific Nutmeg.

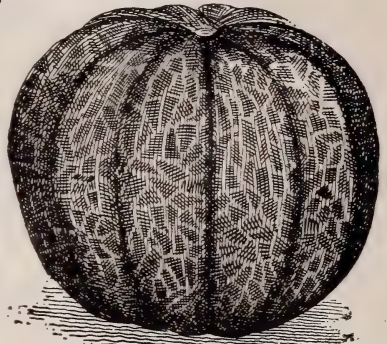
Prolific Nutmeg.—A splendid early and productive melon, of a roundish-oval form, deep green flesh and thickly netted. One of our earliest and most delicious sorts, and one that is sure to give the best results. Packet 5c; ounce 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound 25c; pound 75c.

Paul Rose.—The Paul Rose is a cross of the Osage with Netted Gem. It possesses the fine netting of the Gem and averages about the same size; but owing to the great thickness of its beautiful salmon-colored flesh, will weigh at least one-third more than a Netted Gem of the same size. The size is much more convenient for packing in baskets than the Osage, while as a shipper and long keeper it surpasses all other red-fleshed melons. In Chicago and some other western cities, where there is a good demand for the red or salmon-fleshed varieties, the Paul Rose sells

at double the price of other sorts. Select seed. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35c; pound, \$1.00, postpaid.

Netted, or Golden Gem.—Very prolific and early in ripening, no variety being earlier. They grow remarkably uniform, weighing from one and one-quarter to one and one-half pounds each. They are thick-meatd, the flesh is light green in color and uniformly of fine, luscious flavor; skin green, regularly ribbed and thickly netted. It is today more largely grown for market than any other variety.

Ounce 10c;
4 ozs. 25c;
pound 75c.



Golden Gem.

Burpee's Melrose.—The introducer says of this handsome new melon: "The flesh is very thick and solid, clear light green in color, shading to a rich salmon at the cavity. In flavor the Melrose can not be equalled by any other variety, and carries its superior qualities and sweetness to the extreme edge of the skin. It is about one week later in ripening than the small, early Jenny Lind. This superb new variety will produce more good, salable melons, 'hold up' longer, stand more handling and rough usage than any other known, thus making it the best and most desirable, either for home or market purposes." Ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35c; pound, \$1.00.



Burpee's Melrose.

The Princess.—This is a remarkably handsome melon of large size and thick flesh; when opened, of rich salmon color; flavor sweet and luscious. They are very productive, often producing six to eight perfect melons on a single vine. Ounce 10c; four ounces, 25c; pound, \$1.00.

Extra Early Hackensack.—By careful selection this strain has been improved and is at least ten days earlier than the Hackensack. The melons weigh from four to ten pounds each, have a light green flesh, delicious flavor. Ounce 10c; 4 oz. 25c; pound 75c.

Montreal Market.—A very popular variety of large size, frequently weighing twenty pounds. In shape, almost round; flesh green and very thick. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; four ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.

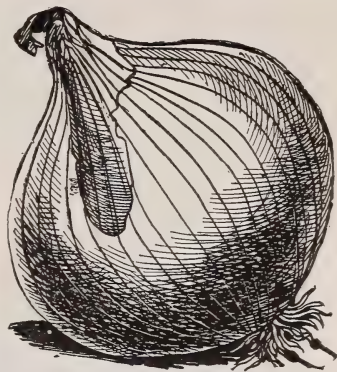


ONION SEED.

The Onion thrives best in rather deep, rich, loamy soil, and unlike most vegetables, succeeds when cultivated on same ground for successive years. The best culture requires that the ground should be deeply trenched and manured the previous autumn and laid up in trenches during winter to pulverize. As early in spring as ground is in working order, sow thinly in drills about a quarter of an inch deep. Cover with fine soil and press down with back of spade or light roller. When young plants are strong enough thin gradually, so that they stand four or five inches apart, keep ground open and free from weeds. If sets are wanted, plants should be left thicker in drills. The seed we offer are grown from selected bulbs and are sure to give satisfactory results.

White Barletta.—A very early, small, pure white variety, having a very delicate silver skin, flesh firm and mild in flavor. Its great merit over all others is its extreme earliness. For pickling purposes it is unexcelled. Papers, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 60c; pound, \$2.00.

Yellow Globe Danvers.—A globe-shaped variety; one of the best yielders and a splendid keeper. We recommend it as one of the best varieties for growing sets. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.



Yellow Globe Danvers.



Prize Taker Onion.

Prize Taker Onion.—This new variety is, without exception, the largest and most handsome sort grown. It is the large beautiful onion that is seen on sale every fall at the fruit stores and stands in the large cities. The outside skin is of a rich, yellow, straw color, while the flesh is white, sweet, mild and tender. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.50.

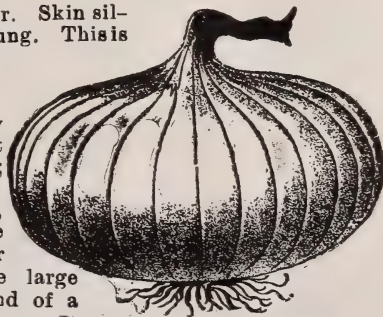
Yellow Dutch, or Strasburg.—A reliable and widely cultivated variety, not so strong in flavor as the red, a good keeper and valuable for growing sets. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.

Mammoth Silver Skin.—This is the largest of the White Italian Onions, and attains an enormous size in one season from seed. It is of mild flavor, attractive in appearance and a good keeper. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 60c; pound, \$1.75.

Silver Skin, or White.—Very early, mild flavor. Skin silvery white, highly esteemed for pickling when young. This is the variety from which white onion sets are grown; will also produce nice onions from seed. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.75.

Large Red Wethersfield.—The leading variety for growing full sized onions from the seed the first season. Large size and a good keeper. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 35c; pound \$1.00.

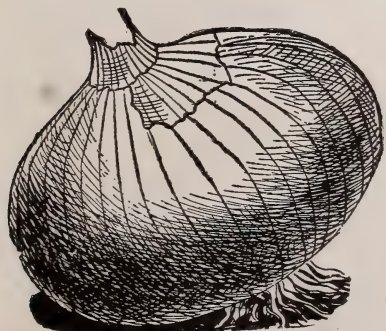
Extra Early Red.—This is a very early variety, smaller in size and of better shape than the large Wethersfield and of a much milder flavor. It



Silver Skin or White.

is grown extensively for the dark red onion set, which is so popular in the Western States. It is of a deep red color, close grain, solid and heavy, and a good cropper. Ounce, 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40c; pound, \$1.25.

Giant White Italian Tripoli (El Paso or Large Mexican.)—Of large size and beautiful form, with fine white skin. The first season from the black seed it will grow an onion from 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds; but to attain the full size the bulb should be set out the following spring. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 65c; pound, \$2.25, postpaid.



Large Red Wethersfield.

ONION SETS.

These are valuable for early use, and when onions from seed cannot be grown the first year. They require the same soil as recommended for onion seed. They should be planted in early spring in rows 12 inches wide, placing the sets 4 to 6 inches apart in a row. One quart, 25 cents, postpaid. Special prices for large lots. We doubtless handle these more extensively than any Southern firm, and it will pay you to write us for prices on specified quantities



White Velvet Okra.

OKRA.

This vegetable is extensively grown in every Southern State. The long pods, when young, are used in soups, stews, etc., and considered highly nutritious. Sow in drills, 3 feet apart, after danger of frost is over and thin out to 2 feet in a row.

Dwarf.—Very early and productive. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 50c.

Long Green Pod.—Produces pods 10 inches long when matured, very slim and of intensely green color. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 50c.

White Velvet Okra.—The pods are round and smooth, are never prickly to the touch, and are produced in great abundance. It is remarkably white and of the finest quality. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 50c.

PEPPER.

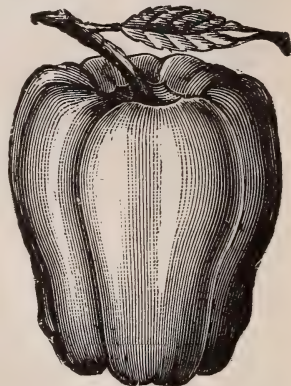
Sow early in spring, in hot beds if possible, and transplant to the open ground when the weather is favorable, or sow in drills in warm, mellow soil, late in spring, and then thin out to stand 15 to 18 inches apart in drills.

Large Bell, or Bull Nose.—A very large sort of square form, tapering to a point; mild, thick and hard, suitable for filling with cabbage, etc., and for mixed pickles. Less pungent than most other sorts, and one of the earliest varieties. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c.

New Celestial.—One of the most beautiful plants in existence, and bears profusely, some plants producing as many as 150 pods, about 2 inches long. Packet, 5c; ounce 20c; 4 ounces, 60c.

Large Sweet Spanish.—The largest red variety, generally used for pickle. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c.

Cayenne.—Fruit 3 inches in length and slender; very hot. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c.



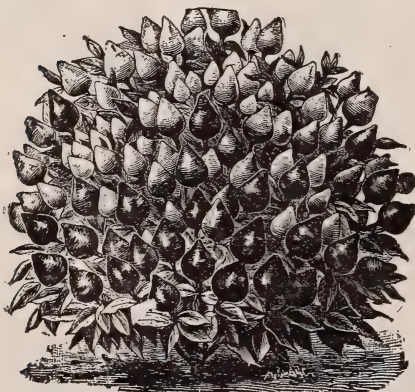
Large Sweet Spanish.

Ruby King.—An exceedingly large and handsome pepper, of mild flavor. The fruits are of a bright ruby red, from 4½ to 6 inches long by 9 to 12 inches in circumference. It can be sliced for salad or eaten with salt and vinegar, like tomatoes and cucumbers. Packet, 10c; ounce, 20c; ½ pound, 65c.

PARSLEY.

Used for seasoning soups, meats, etc. Succeeds best in mellow, rich soil. Sow thick early in April, rows 1 foot apart, and cover ½ inch deep; thin plants to stand 6 inches apart. The seed being very slow of germination, should be soaked a few hours in warm water, or sprout in damp earth, and sow when it swells or bursts.

Fine Curled or Doubled.—A select stock, very beautifully curled and doubled. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c.



New Celestial.

PEAS.

Sow seed in drills 3 feet apart for dwarf sort, and 4 feet for tall, or in double drills 8 inches apart, 1 inch apart in drill and not less than 4 inches deep, or for late sorts 6 or 8 inches, since deep planting prevents mildew and prolongs the season. We sell varieties named at the uniform price of 5c per packet; 15c per pint; 25c per quart. If sent by mail, add 10c per pint and 15c per quart for postage. Write for special prices on large lots.

Early Sunrise.—This variety is a heavy cropper, producing pods of good size which are well filled with round, smooth peas of fine flavor. This and its extreme earliness make it a favorite with both the trucker and private gardener. Does not require stakes.

Premium Gem.—A very fine dwarf Pea of the Little Gem type, on which it is a great improvement.

McClellan's Little Gem.—A green wrinkled variety which comes in a few days later than the Early Sunrise. Grows 15 to 18 inches high. It is very prolific and of excellent flavor.

American Wonder.—This variety stands unrivaled in point of flavor and quality. It is dwarf and robust in habit, growing from 10 to 15 inches in height, according to the soil.

Extra Early, or First and Best.—An early and prolific variety. This has given the best results wherever grown and is the standard for earliness and quality; grows 2 feet high.

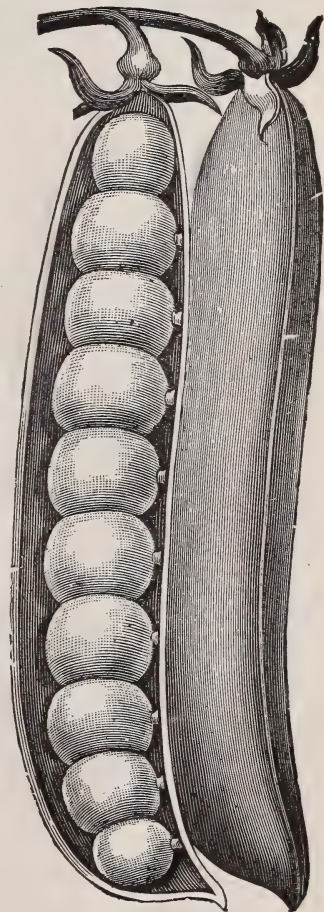
Alaska.—A splendid extra early sort, which retains the beautiful dark green color of the pods a long time after picking. This, together with the earliness and uniformity of ripening, makes it a most desirable market gardeners' and canners' sort.

Yorkshire Hero.—A showy, wrinkled variety, hardy and productive. Height 3 to 4 feet.

Champion of England.—This is by general consent acknowledged to be the best of the late varieties. The pods and peas are of the largest size. Height of vine, 5 feet.

Large White Marrowfat.—One of the largest varieties in cultivation. Height, 5 feet.

Gradus of Prosperity.—A new, extra early wrinkled pea, bearing immense pods. Combining the finest quality with extreme earliness, and is also very productive. It is very hardy and can be planted fully as early as the smooth varieties and fills a long felt want. Grows vigorous and healthy, vines $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet in height and is very prolific. The Gradus is bound to become a favorite wherever grown. Packet, 5c; pint, 20c; quart, 35c.



Early Sunrise Pea.

PARSNIP.

Should receive the same treatment as the Parsley.

Large Sugar, or Hollow Crown.—The best variety; roots long; very smooth, white, tender, sugary, and of excellent flavor. Papers, 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c.

SAGE.

This herb should be in every garden in the land; its value and usefulness are too well known by every housekeeper to require description. Large packets, 10c; 3 for 25c.

SALSIFY, OR OYSTER PLANT.

This is a most delicate vegetable; in fact, a great luxury. Cut roots into pieces half an inch long, boil until tender, then serve with butter, or cook with milk, same as oysters. Sow early in spring, in drills, 15 inches apart; cover seeds with fine soil $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep, and when plants are large enough, thin out to 4 to 6 inches apart. Can be sown in fall for winter use.

Sandwich Island Mammoth.—A new and improved type, producing roots of nearly double the size and weight of the old varieties, and of equally good quality. Papers, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 40c.

Long White French.—Much esteemed by many who have grown it. Papers, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 40c.

SEED POTATOES.

It is impracticable at this time to name prices that would stand through the season, and we will request our friends to write for prices, stating quantity and varieties wanted.

Triumph.—A very early pink-skinned variety, largely grown by truckers for shipment to Northern markets. Of handsome shape and appearance, superior quality, and admirably adapted to our Southern soil and climate. It is one to two weeks earlier than the Early Rose and is rapidly becoming one of the most popular market varieties.

Early Rose.—A leading variety for earliness and productiveness.

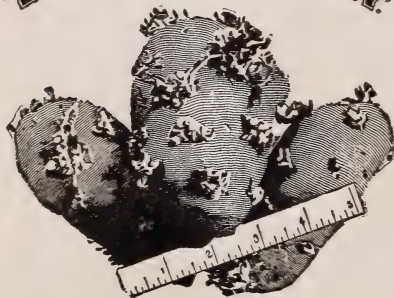
Early Ohio.—Is one of the earliest varieties, ripening about 10 days earlier than the Early Rose. Its flesh is of exceedingly fine grain. Snow white when boiled.

Peerless.—One of the most popular second early or late varieties in cultivation. Its great beauty, superior quality, and enormous productiveness have made it a great favorite.

Burbank.—Among the late varieties this is more largely grown than any other. It is of good size, fine form, and an excellent yielder. Flesh white; very mealy and of fine flavor.

Beauty of Hebron.—This is a great favorite wherever tried. Skin and flesh white; splendid flavor and good keeper.

ARRINGTON'S
LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN



PLANTED JULY, 1894.

PHOTOGRAPHED AUG. 5th 1895.

Seed Potatoes for Fall Planting.

This crop is attracting much attention and has assumed great prominence since it has been shown that they are a success. Thousands of dollars have been sent North annually for Irish Potatoes, from the fact that our crop maturing in midsummer could not be kept in marketable condition until following winter and spring. This trouble has been overcome by the new variety, Lookout Mountain, which originated in this section and introduced by us. No new variety has attracted such favorable notice and comment, and the potato has not been offered that is of half so much importance and value to the Southern farmer. We do not put these on market until June 12th. Write for prices.

PUMPKINS.

The pumpkins can be very profitably raised with but very little trouble or expense, and are very valuable, both for domestic use and stock feed.

Tennessee Sweet Potato.—Medium size, thick, creamy white flesh, fine grain and excellent flavor. Has no equal for making pies. Packet, 5c; 4 ounces, 15c; lb., 50c.

Cashaw Crook Neck.—Grows to be a medium size; flesh light yellow and is the best variety for table use. Packet, 5c; 4 ounces, 15c; pound, 50c.

King of the Mammoths, or Jumbo Pumpkin.—This is the largest of all pumpkins; has been grown to weigh over 200 pounds. It has a salmon colored skin; flesh bright yellow, fine grained and good quality for so large a pumpkin. Packet, 10c; 4 ozs., 35c; pound, \$1.00.

Georgia Field.—A large, round, yellow variety, grown principally for stock. Seed saved only from large specimens. Ounce, 5c. pound, 35c.



RADISHES.

Radishes thrive best in a light, rich, mellow soil, and to bring out their mild qualities they must make a quick and tender growth; heavy and clayey soils not only delay their growth but produce a much inferior crop in appearance and flavor.

Extra Early Erfurt Turnip.—This is most desirable as an extra early, and is particularly fine for forcing purposes; flesh crisp, solid and very mild, has a very small top. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.



Extra Early Erfurt.

Early Scarlet Turnip.—A small, early red turnip variety, of quick growth and good quality. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

Golden Dresden Radish.—This is one of the most valuable and quick growing radishes. The tops are scant, and admit of close planting. The radishes are perfectly round and smooth, with an attractive light golden brown skin. The flesh is crisp, white, juicy and of finest flavor. Do not fail to try it. Packet 10c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 50c.

Early Scarlet Globe.—One of the handsomest and best of all the extra early radishes. The root is regularly olive-shaped, very even and smooth skin, of a rich, dark carmine color. The foliage is short, stiff and extremely small. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

French Breakfast.—A popular variety of rapid growth. It is half long, the upper part being scarlet and the lower part tipped with white. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

Improved Chartier.—A distinct variety of quick growth. In color, the greater portion of root is pink, while the point and bottom portions are white. In quality it is unsurpassed, being very tender and remaining so for a longer period than most summer sorts. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.



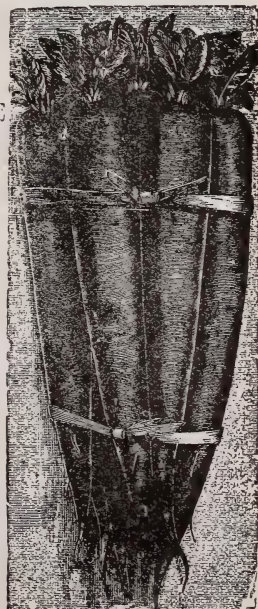
Improved Chartier.

Chinese Rose Winter.—A bright rose colored winter variety of excellent quality; certainly one of the best and would be more generally grown if better known. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

Early Long Scarlet (Short Top.)—This is a fine selection of the long slender scarlet radishes so generally seen in the spring. It is very early, crisp and fine flavored. Our stock is the very best. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

Wood's Early Frame.—A long, red radish; its small top makes it very desirable for forcing under glass, as well as the open ground. It is shorter and thicker than Long Scarlet, and earlier; very tender and crisp and fine flavored. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c.

New Cincinnati Market Radish.—The tops are so very small that the radishes may stand touching each other in the rows. One grower says that the tops are too small to "pull by" and also that he never thins this variety like he would other kinds, which quickly run up to seed if left standing too thickly in the row. They grow perfectly straight and smooth, and from 6 to 7 inches in length. Their attractive, glossy, scarlet-colored skin is very thin, and the flesh crisp and brittle, and of delightful, pungent flavor; it has a clear, waxy, transparent appearance. Without doubt it is the finest of Long Red Radishes for forcing, and outsells any other that is put in competition with it on the market. Being long standing, it is also an extra fine sort for the garden. It may be sown all summer at intervals of two weeks. Price, postpaid, packet, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 25c; pound, 75c.



New Cincinnati Market Radish



suckers picked off, they will increase in productiveness, the fruit will ripen better and be of finer quality. Our tomato seed are saved from best fruit, handled with great care, and can not fail to be satisfactory.

Buckeye State.—This is a very large variety, smooth and uniform, and doubtless the heaviest cropper known. The tomatoes are grown in immense clusters of four to eight large fruits, and occasionally ten large fruits have been found in a single cluster. Considering size, productiveness and quality combined, it is unsurpassed, and every gardener should try it. Packet, 10c; ounce, 25c; four ounces, 75c.

Livingston's New Tomato--"Yellow Prince."

This Elegant New Tomato Completes the List of Upright or Dwarf Growing Sorts

Its rank, and sturdy but compact growth, makes it very interesting to cultivate, and this, together with its beauty and usefulness, will delight every lover of a good garden. On account of its manner of growth a dozen plants occupy only two yards square. It is as early as the Dwarf Champion. The texture is solid and the flavor very desirable, in this respect differing from many other yellow sorts, which are mostly deficient in flavor. In large size and beauty of form it compares favorably with Livingston's Golden Queen, which stands easily at the head of all varieties of its class. When sliced with red or purple sorts it is highly ornamental, as well as most pleasant to the taste. It can not fail to become a prime favorite in every private garden, and will also suit most market growers better than existing sorts. Extra selected seed. Packet 10c, three for 25c, fifteen for \$1.00.



Yellow Prince Tomato.

Early Perfection.—Invariably smooth, of a handsome blood-red color and fine flavor. All who have tried it pronounce it of highest quality. Some prefer it to all others. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; four ounces, 50c.

Livingston's Favorite.—One of the best and largest perfectly shaped red tomatoes in cultivation. Ripens evenly and as early as any large smooth variety, holding its size to the end of the season. Flesh solid, few seeds, very prolific and good flavor. Packet 5c; ounce 15c; four ounces 50c.

Early Acme.—Probably no one variety is so well known and generally cultivated, both for early and main crops. Very productive, fruit of medium size, perfect form and very smooth. Color a rich, glossy red with purplish tinge. Ripens all over and through at the same time. Packet 5c; ounce 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound 50c.

Livingston's New Tomato "Honor Bright."—We have this from the introducer who says of it: "The vines are vigorous and bear profusely from early to late in the season, succeeding well on various soils. The clusters bear from three to five large, symmetrical fruits on hard, woody stems. The skin is crack-proof. Its table qualities are excellent, the flesh, when full ripe, being tender and melting—not hard, as one might conclude from the solidity of the uncut fruit. The color of the fruit when fully ripe is a rich, bright red, but before it reaches this stage it undergoes several interesting changes. It can be shipped in barrels, like apples, if picked in the early stage of ripening, and will keep from one to four weeks if stored in a cool place." We advise our customers to try it. Price, postpaid—Packet 10c; three for 25c; fifteen for \$1.00.



"Honor Bright" Tomato.

OUR BIG 4 MELON SEED OFFER For the benefit of parties wishing small quantities of several varieties of melon seed, and to facilitate prompt shipment during the busy season, we make a special offer of one ounce each of Arrington's Sweets, Jones' Jumbo, one package of Habert Honey Melon, and one ounce Rocky Ford Cantaloupe seed—four very fine varieties—all for 25 cents, postpaid. **DON'T MISS THIS OFFER.**



Golden Queen.

Dwarf Champion.—This variety is well adapted to forcing because of its dwarf and compact growth, the plants growing stiff and upright. So compact are the plants that they may be planted two or three feet apart. It matures the fruit early, is very productive, smooth and symmetrical in shape. Color, red, with purple tint. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60c.

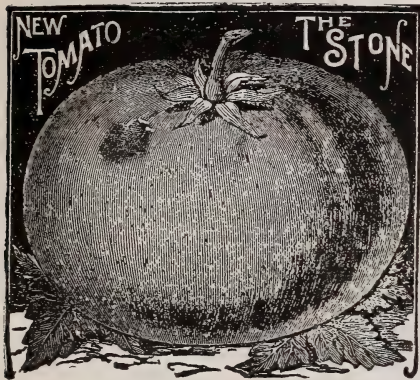
Golden Queen.—"Queen of all the Yellows." It is solid, always smooth, entirely free from ridges, large size, ripens early, and is the most beautiful yellow variety ever grown. The handsome golden-yellow slices make beautiful contrast in a dish with red sorts. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 60c.

Paragon.—This is a large size variety and an immense cropper. The flesh is solid, well colored and flavored. Ripens between the early and late varieties. Color skin a deep red. Grows vigorously, and no variety

holds its size better late in the season. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; four ounces, 50c.

Livingston's Dwarf Aristocrat.—This fine, early variety, in habit of growth and foliage, resembles the Dwarf Champion very much. The fruit is a rich, glossy red color, nice size, fine quality, very smooth, and productive. May be planted 3 x 2 feet, or even closer. Packet, 10c; ounce, 25c; four ounces, 75c.

The New Stone.—This variety has obtained great favor with canners. Southern growers and market gardeners everywhere. Its solidity and carrying qualities are remarkable. Desirable red color, perfectly smooth, grows large, ripens early, flesh firm and attractive appearance. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50c.



2 pounds. Packet, 10c; ounce, 40c.

Tomato, "Dwarf Stone."—This is the largest fruited of all the dwarf or "bush" tomatoes. The growth is stiffly erect until the branches become overloaded with fruit late in the season. Foliage heavy and a rich dark green. The plants are quite hardy and the blossoms set freely even in a cool, wet season. The fruits are produced in clusters of three to five, and as the growth is close-jointed each plant produces a large number. The first tomatoes are, of course, the largest, and average four inches in diameter and two and a half inches in depth from stem to blossom end. Even the late settings of fruit are considerably larger, however, than those of other dwarf varieties, and retain the deep ball-like form. They are bright scarlet in color, very smooth and regular, exceptionally firm and solid; the walls of flesh are thick, and the fruit have a solid meaty center with no hard core. The quality is of the finest, the flesh being sweet even in cool weather late in the season. Packet, 16c; 3 for 25c.

Livingston's Beauty.—A decided favorite for either home market or shipping purposes, being early, hardy, a strong grower, productive, large size, always smooth, perfect in shape and excellent in quality. The color is a very glossy crimson, with a light tinge of purple. It grows in clusters of 4 or 5 large fruits, very firm flesh, has a tough skin and but few seeds. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c.

SPEER'S PRESERVING POWDER.

This is a harmless powder, and one box is guaranteed to preserve 25 pounds of fruit or vegetable without the use of air-tight cans, earthen jars only being required. One box, 25c; five boxes, \$1.00, postpaid.

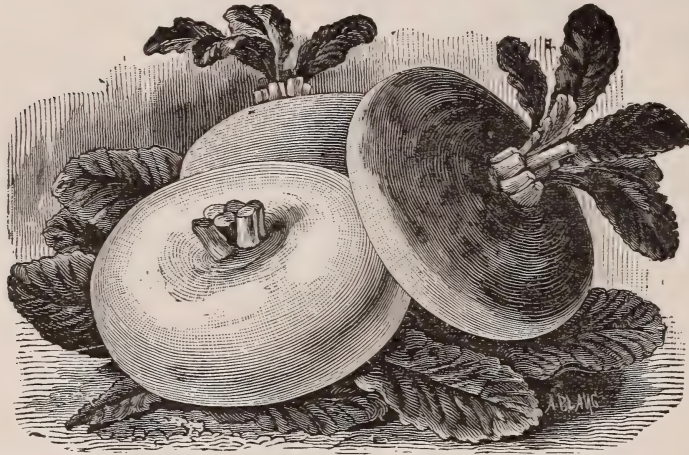


Livingston's Beauty.

OUR BIG 4 MELON SEED OFFER. For the benefit of parties wishing small quantities of several varieties of Watermelon seed, and to facilitate prompt shipment during the busy season, we make a special offer of one ounce each of Arrington's Sweets, Jones' Jumbo, one package of Halbert Honey Melon, and 1 ounce Rocky Ford Caraloupe seed, four very fine varieties, all for 25 cents, postpaid. Don't miss this offer.

TURNIPS.

New Crop Seeds.—We sell only the best American-grown seed stock that can be secured, believing that large, fine roots of good quality, depend on true American grown seed stock. The varieties offered below are from select and transplanted roots, and always please. Two pounds required to seed an acre. Price, postpaid: Packet, 5c; 2 ounces, 10c; 4 ounces, 15c; ½ pound, 30c; pound, 50c; 2¼ pounds, assorted as you wish, for \$1.00.



White Globe.—As indicated by its name, this is a thick turnip, nearly round and pure white in color. It is not so quick in growth as the Early Flat Dutch, but keeps better and is a heavier producer.

Cow Horn.—A long white turnip of superior quality, sweet and mild in flavor, enormously productive.

Seven Top.—An intermediate variety, and one of the hardest; may be left in open ground all winter, and yields in

spring an abundant foliage of greens. Desirable only for this purpose.

New Kashmir Turnip.—A most distinct novelty of such peculiar color that it has a striking resemblance to a large radish. However, it is a turnip, and of most excellent flavor and high cooking quality. This surprisingly colored turnip may be described as of deep, rich crimson above, shaded to a soft crimson-rose below. It is an *extra early* strap-leaved variety, with beautiful large, smooth, white fleshed roots of excellent keeping qualities; smooth, thin, silky skin. Packet, 10c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 40c.

Early Red or Purple Top Flat, (Strap Leaved.)—The most generally planted variety. It is a quick grower; flesh fine grained and sweet flavored. The red top of the bulb, which extends down to where it rests in the soil, adds much to this variety's appearance.

Early White Flat Dutch, (Strapped Leaved.)—This is one of the most popular varieties grown for table use. An early white flat turnip of excellent quality.

Large Early Red Top Globe.—This variety is round, of large size, and quite as early as the flat variety. It has all the good qualities of the flat purple and is a heavier variety.

Frost King.—This new variety combines the best qualities of the Seven Top and White Globe, produces foliage and stands winter equal to the Seven Top, while the turnip is similar to the White Globe, making it a very valuable variety and one that all should use.

Yellow Fleshed Varieties.

Amber Globe.—An intermediate variety. The flavor is milder than the Ruta Baga, therefore by some more esteemed. This is one of the best of the yellow sorts and fills every want.

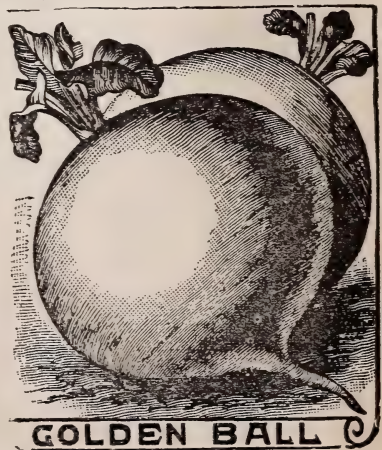
Golden Ball or Orange Jelly.—Its beautiful color and fine flesh have earned for it the synonym, "Orange Jelly," which well describes its appearance when ready for the table. The bulbs of fine texture, medium size and early in maturing, making it a very desirable variety.

Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen.—Very hardy and productive, good keeper, globe shaped and fine quality.

Large Yellow Globe.—One of the best varieties for general crop; flesh very firm and sweet, and keeps well until late in spring grows to large size, and is excellent, both for stock feed and table use.

RUTA BACAS.

Improved Purple Top Yellow Ruta Baga.—This is a very fine strain, not surpassed by any grown. Under favorable conditions enormous crops can be relied upon, of best quality and recognized value, both for table use and cattle feed.



GOLDEN BALL

Improved Crop Corn.

The importance of planting improved seed corn is recognized by leading planters everywhere, and too much care and attention cannot be given this all important factor in successful corn growing. Our stocks are all native grown, thoroughbred and selected with special care for seed purposes. When you consider the sure increased yield of five to ten bushels per acre, with no increased cost of cultivation, it will be readily seen that the small expense incurred in buying our *Native Grown Improved Seed* is the best investment that can possibly be made. No experiments or risks to incur, as all have been thoroughly tested and are known to be the best of the various kinds, whether large or small ear, early or late in maturing. Send us your order, with our full assurance of satisfaction in every respect

Cocke's Prolific.—A beautiful white prolific corn, originated by the late Gen. Cocke, of Virginia, and from our experience, consider it the best of all prolific varieties. It is a splendid variety for low grounds, and yields enormous crops of fine long ears, with beautiful white grains. We regard this as the best variety grown for strong lands. Medium early, always pleases. Yielded more than any other variety at the Georgia Experiment Station and is easily worth ten dollars per bushel. We would gladly pay double this amount for a better variety. Price, 1 quart, 15c; peck, 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel, \$1.00; bushel, \$1.75. If by mail, 1 quart, 30c; 4 quarts, \$1.00, postpaid.

Shaw's Improved.—The largest field corn in cultivation. Wide, deep grains, white, firm and heavy; makes excellent meal. This variety has been tested by the different experiment stations and stands at the head for enormous yield of fine corn. We are anxious to have every person who raises corn give it a trial without delay. If you don't plant much, plant a small lot; it will please you. This is not an early variety, but a highly improved Georgia corn that will be sure to please. All seed carefully selected and hand-shelled. Price, 1 quart, 15c; peck, 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel, \$1.00; bushel, \$1.75. By mail, 30c quart; 4 quarts, \$1.00, postpaid.

Hickory King (Early)—This new white field corn has the largest grain, with the smallest cob, of any white corn ever introduced. A single grain will almost cover the end of the cob. Bears close planting, produces two to three ears, six to nine inches long, to the stalk. Price, quart, 15c; 1 peck, 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel, \$1.00; 1 bushel, \$1.75. If by mail, add 15 cents per quart for postage.

EUREKA CORN.

This is a pure white, medium hard corn; fine keeper; an excellent corn for market or milling. Also a fine corn for ensilage. Has from 2 to 3 ears to the stalk; on good land will yield from 60 to 100 bushels to the acre. Grows from 12 to 16 feet high. Will weigh about sixty pounds to the measured bushel. This corn, like all two or three-eared sorts, will do best on good land, and is especially adapted to bottom lands. For this class of soils we believe unquestionably that this is the largest yielding white corn in cultivation. Price same as Hickory King.



Eureka Corn.

Tennessee Yellow.

This corn has been grown in this section for a number of years, and, from reports from our customers, we believe it to be one of the best corns for poor or medium soils. It is early in maturity, making its crop in from 90 to 100 days, and makes a good sized ear. It is not one of the largest fodder-growing varieties, but for yield of corn we believe will surpass any other kind on poor or medium soils. The grain is of a light yellow color, and is a most excellent feeding variety. Price same as Golden Dent.

Improved Golden Dent.—We have grown and sold this variety for a number of years, and consider it the best early yellow corn grown. This is a robust variety, stands either drouth or excessive rains better than any variety we know. The ears and grain mature remarkably well, even under unfavorable conditions. Make good roasting ears, and for a quick growing, productive yellow variety, we consider it unsurpassed. Price, 1 quart, 15; 1 peck, 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel, \$1.00; 1 bushel, \$1.75. If sent by mail, add 15c per quart for postage.

Improved Cotton Seed.

The importance of planting seed that will produce an increased yield, largely exceeding cost, is too apparent for comment, and in no other seed have the improvements been greater than in cotton. Growers should use the most improved and prolific varieties. Our stocks come from the most reliable sources, and we commend them to our customers. We sell all varieties listed at uniform price of one pound, 20c; 6 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid; peck, 35c; bushel, \$1.00. Special price for 10 bushels or more.

King's Improved.—Is extremely early, will mature fully in 100 days from planting. Wonderfully prolific. Has made among the largest yields reported at the Experiment Station, and Mr. King made as high as three bales per acre in North Carolina. Long limbs, short joints; plant comparatively light; very small, greenish-gray seed; yields 35 to 40 per cent. lint. Particularly adapted to the northern section of the cotton belt, also to very early and very late planting in the southern sections.

Peterkin.—Popular in all sections and fully merits its popularity. It is a hardy, vigorous plant, standing drouth better than others. Stalky, good length of limb, open grower; characterized by very small black and brown seed, yielding 40 per cent. lint. Opens wide in bolls, but not easily blown out by winds. Among the most productive varieties.

Wise.—The plant and seed and general characteristics resemble Peterkin, but is shorter jointed, more compact and more prolific. Yields 38 to 40 per cent. lint; is almost storm-proof, but picks easily; small brown and black seed. Now making heaviest crops in the best cotton sections.

Russell's Big Boll Prolific.—A type of most remarkable peculiarities; *wonderful vigor, hardiness and vitality; remaining green and growing through all vicissitudes of weather until stopped by cold.* Does not languish, rust and blight like the less vigorous kinds. Plant is of beautiful pyramidal form, with long limbs at bottom, shortening towards the top, and thickly studded with very large five lock bolls, that are a tempting luxury to the most indolent cotton picker. The tough foliage and calyx or boll-cup, remaining green, do not crumble and trash the open cotton as in other varieties, thus insuring always a high grade of lint. Grows and fruits throughout the season, opening gradually, thus further insuring the best possible grades. The large tough bolls open perfectly, promoting the easiest, most rapid picking. Its luxuriant, upright growth also affords great advantage in picking, and a large return of organic matter to the land when turned under with suitable implements. Large seed of green and greenish bronze color. Stands first in point of yield at experiment stations.

Slug Shot.

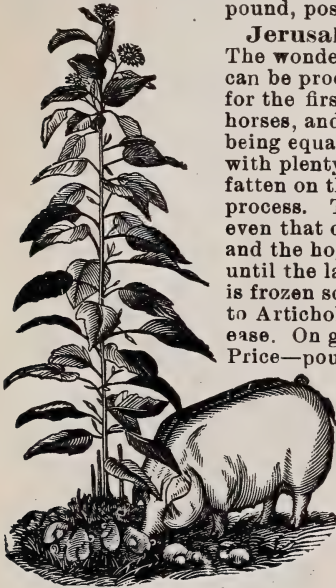
A non-poisonous powder and very popular insecticide. Very efficient in destroying potato bugs and beetles, worms, caterpillars, etc. Apply with duster, bellows of gun. In pound tin canisters, with perforated top, 15c; by mail, 25c, postpaid; 5-pound packet, by express or freight, 35c.

Paris Green, London Purple and Powdered Hellebore, all valuable insecticides. One-half pound, 15c; pound 25c; postage, 15c per pound, extra.

Special Chicken Feed.—A mixture of wheat, rye, cane seed, Kaffir corn, crushed oyster shell, etc. Nothing finer for chickens. 50 lb. bags, \$1.00; 100 lbs. for \$1.75.

PEANUTS, ARTICHOKEs, CHUFAS, ETC.

Select Virginia Peanuts.—This variety grows erect one foot high. A good yielder and a sure crop; a very productive strain; easy to take up and stack. No trouble to cultivate, is a good peanut for market and is unsurpassed for hay and stock. Price, 25c per pound, postpaid; peck 50c; bushel \$1.50.



Jerusalem Artichoke.

Jerusalem Artichokes.—Yields 500 to 1,000 bushels per acre. The wonderful productiveness and ease with which these Artichokes can be produced is always a surprise to those who cultivate them for the first time. They are an excellent food for cattle, sheep and horses, and the cheapest and healthiest hog food raised, one acre being equal to five acres of corn for building up large, healthy frames with plenty of bone and muscle. They not only grow rapidly but fatten on them, only requiring corn for a short time in the finishing process. The hogs harvest themselves, thus saving all expense, even that of feeding. Freezing and thawing does not injure them, and the hogs will feed themselves from October 1st, in this latitude, until the late spring when grass has come, except when the ground is frozen solid. No farmer can do better than plant a piece of ground to Artichokes without delay. They are a certain preventive of disease. On good corn land they produce 500 to 1,000 bushels per acre. Price—pound, 25c; 2½ pounds, 50c; 6 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid. By freight or express—peck, 50c; bushel, \$1.50; barrel, \$3.50.

Spanish Peanuts.—A desirable variety, early, a good bearer and easily cultivated; the peas hang to the roots and are easily gathered. Planted in April they ripen in August, and planted as late as July 1st to 10th mature before frost. Splendid to fatten hogs and children. Per pound, 25c, postpaid; peck, 50c;



Spanish Peanuts.

bushel, market price.

Chufas.—A species of "grass nuts" much used to fatten hogs. The nuts are very rich and sweet and grow under ground near the surface. Abundantly and easily grown; greedily eaten by hogs, which take on a firm fat from them; they fill a decided want wherever there are hogs to be fattened. Plant in April, 10 to 12 inches apart in 2½-foot rows, cover lightly, cultivate same as cotton. They mature in August or September and lie in ground until wanted. Soak seed at least thirty hours before planting—three days



Chufas.

would be better. One peck will plant an acre. By mail, postpaid, 25c per pound; five pounds, \$1.00. By express, peck, \$1.00; bushel, market price.

Root Crops for Stock Feed.—These are not grown as extensively as they should be. Their value for feeding cattle, sheep and hogs, especially in the winter months, can not be overestimated. They improve health and condition of stock, increase flow and quality of milk and save a large quantity of hay. Cultivation simple, cost trifling, and yield enormous. To save for winter use, bank same as potatoes. Slice before feeding, mix well with bran and steam if convenient. Sow in April or May in rows two feet apart and thin to twelve or fifteen inches.

Mammoth Long Red Mangel.—This variety is more generally grown than any other, producing roots of large size and excellent quality; best variety for deep soil.

Yellow Globe Mangel.—Roots of large size and globular form; very productive keeps better than the Long Red, and better adapted to sandy, shallow soil.

White French Sugar.—Attains a large size and is extensively grown for feeding. Price of any of the above—per ¼ pound, 15c; pound, 50c, postpaid.

Improved Long Orange Carrot.—A standard variety and heavy yielder. Per ounce, 10c; four ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.

FORAGE CROPS.

Millet, Sorghums, Vetches, Etc.—More attention should be devoted to growth of these crops, which will be found quite remunerative. The yield of hay is enormous, while almost any variety listed here will produce more grain than corn. Devote some of your best land to their culture and you will be highly pleased.

Red Kaffir Corn.—One of the best drouth resist-ers. It does well on thin land, ripens earlier and yields nearly twice as much grain and forage as the white variety. Grows taller, the stalks are slenderer but more juicy and leafy than the white. The seed are red and rather hard or brittle. Plant three to five pounds seed per acre. Price 15c per pound; four pounds for 50c; ten pounds, \$1.00. By mail, 25c per pound; five pounds \$1.00, postpaid.

Kaffir Corn.—A variety of sorghum, cultivated both for forage and grain, growing from five to six feet high, is stocky and erect with wide foliage, and is never blown about by the winds; never tangles. Produces two to four heads, ten to twelve inches long, on each stalk, which are greedily eaten by stock. Will produce fifty bushels per acre on good land. Plant in rows three feet apart and cultivate same as corn. Use three to five pounds of seed per acre. Price 15c per pound; four pounds, 50c; ten pounds \$1.00. By mail, 25c per pound; five pounds \$1.00, postpaid. Special prices on large lots.

Rural Branching Dhoura (Milo Maize).—A wonderfully productive fodder plant. It shoots out strongly; six to sixteen stalks are frequently produced from one seed. It starts a new growth rapidly after being cut, makes a great amount of foliage, and can be cut for feed several times during the season. Cultivate same as corn. Three to five pounds seed required to plant an acre. Price, 15c per pound; four pounds 50c; ten pounds \$1.00. By mail, 25c per pound; five pounds \$1.00, postpaid.



Kaffir Corn

Yellow Branching Dhoura (Yellow Milo Maize).—This is earlier than the Rural Branching and of taller growth, often attaining a height of ten or twelve feet, but does not stool out quite as much from the ground, though it branches out from the joints. Its seed heads grow very large and heavy on good ground, and when ripe hang over. The grains are large and plump and of a deep golden color. It produces an enormous amount of forage, green fodder or cured, often producing three to four good 'cuttings' in a season. Plant in four-foot rows and thin out to two stalks every two or three feet. Plant four pounds to the acre. Price 15c per pound; four pounds for 50c; ten pounds, \$1.00. If by mail, 25c per pound; five pounds \$1.00, postpaid.

Lathyrus Sylvestris, or Flat Pea.—Will grow and thrive on poor, sandy soil and drouth-stricken districts, and the hay is exceedingly nutritious, rich enough to fatten either hogs or sheep without the addition of grain. Being thoroughly permanent when once established it will last indefinitely and yield enormous crops annually. Ounce, 15c; four ounces, 50c. Special prices on large quantities.

Jerusalem Corn.—A non-sacharine sorghum. It grows about three feet high, makes one large head on main stalk and several smaller ones on side shoots; often as many as eight heads on one stalk. The grains are pure white and nearly flat. It is claimed to be the best and surest grain and forage crop for dry seasons. Plant same as Kaffir Corn, three to four pounds of seed per acre. Price 15c per pound; four pounds 50c; ten pounds \$1.00. By mail, 25c per pound; five pounds \$1.00, postpaid.

New Velvet Beans (for Forage).—This new forage crop is attracting general attention in the South, having been tested in nearly all the Southern States, where its enormous growth and vast possibilities as a forage crop and soil improver are being recognized and appreciated. Produces an enormous amount of vegetable matter, which is very rich in nitrogen, making a most valuable soil improver. The plant is readily eaten by all stock, including beans and pods, and being very rich should be fed in conjunction with some coarse food. The vines grow so rank that it is difficult to turn them under when green, and it is advisable to let them stand until after frost. Plant in rows three feet apart and one foot apart in row. Price—packet 10c, prepaid; pint 15c, quart 25c, postage extra. Peck or bushel, market price.



Teosinte.

Teosinte.—This is of South American origin and somewhat resembles corn but leaves are much longer and broader. The stalk, containing much saccharine matter, is very nutritious. It excels all other known plants in size of growth and amount of foliage produced. Throws up 30 to 50 stalks from one grain and attains height of from 10 to 20 feet. Cut for green feed in any stage is found good and wholesome, and the second and third growth come promptly in equal abundance. The forage from one seed is considered sufficient to feed a yoke of cattle for 24 hours. It has been thoroughly tested with most satisfactory results. Nothing equals it for an enormous yield of valuable feed. Plant in spring when ground has become warm, in rows 3 to 4 feet wide, drop 3 or 4 seed 3 feet apart, cover lightly, cultivate same as corn. Two pounds of seed will plant an acre. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c, postpaid.

Pearl Millet.—Known throughout the South as Cat Tail Millet, Horse Millet, African Cane and Egyptian Millet. It grows luxuriantly, stooling largely from the ground, and produces an enormous amount of green fodder that can be cut several times during the season, furnishing a continuous fresh growth as long as the seasons are suitable. Useful only for green feed; does not make a good fodder. Sow in April or May, in drills 3 or 4 feet apart and cultivate as corn.

Pound, 15c; 8 pounds, \$1.00. By mail, 25c pound; 4½ pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

German Millet, Choice Southern Grown.—Southern grown millet seed is far superior, both in quality and yield of product, to Western and Northern grown seed. The true German Millet, when properly grown and hauled, makes an enormous yield of most nutritious feed, and that without impoverishing the soil to any great extent. To get these results, however, the German Millet must be sown thickly, about one bushel per acre, and the crop cut while it is in bloom, before the seed hardens in the head. Sow when the weather gets warm in May, or any time during the summer until the end of July. Two crops can be seeded and grown during the summer on the same land. Price, 5c per pound. By mail, 15c per pound; 8 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid. Bushel prices on application.

Early Amber Cane.—A variety which has been largely tested with great success. Stalks tall and slim and highly prized as a fodder plant. In its green state or cured into fodder it equals any other grown crop. Plant from April to July, in 3 feet rows, lightly drilled, or may be sown broadcast. Pound, 10c; 3 pounds, 25c. By mail, pound, 20c; 4 pounds, 75c, postpaid. Quantity prices on application.

Early Orange Cane—Yields about 25 per cent. more cane, is more succulent and better adapted to culture than any other variety; makes the finest quality of syrup and sugar. Use 4 pounds of seed per acre. Price per pound, 10c; 3 pounds, 25c. By mail, 20c per pound; 4 pounds, 75c, postpaid.

Spring Vetches.—One of the best forage plants, and none better adapted to the South. Can be sown alone or mixed with oats. Makes very nutritious feed for all kinds of stock, and is especially recommended for horses. We advise 1 peck of vetches and 2 bushels of oats sown to the acre. Weight, 50 pounds per bushel. Pound, 10c; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50. If sent by mail, pound, 20c; 6 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.



Vetches.

CLOVER AND GRASSES.

PRICES.—Prices of clover and grass seed are variable and subject to market fluctuations. At time we go to press it is impossible to name bushel prices, but will take pleasure in naming special prices on specified quantities at all times. Prices named are for small quantities by mail, for the benefit of those who may wish to make comparative tests and experiments.

GRASSES.

Orchard Grass.—This is the most widely known of all grasses, being grown in almost every country on the globe. It is one of the earliest to start in the spring and furnishes an abundance of pasturage during the entire season. It is valuable sown with other grasses for pasture and makes fine hay when mixed with clover. Sow in spring or fall, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre. Weighs 14 pounds to bushel. Price, pound, 20c. If by mail, pound, 30c; 4 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Red Top or Herd's Grass.—An excellent grass, succeeding in any soil. It grows well on light, sandy, medium, or stiff bottom land. It is one of the best for wet soil, and is not injured by overflow; is adapted to more varieties of soil and location than any other grass. Sow in spring or fall, 1 bushel per acre. Weighs 14 pounds to bushel. Pound, 10c. By mail, pound, 20c; 5 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Tall Meadow Oat Grass.—One of the most valuable hay and pasture grasses in cultivation. It withstands the heat and drouth of summer and cold of winter, starts very early in spring and continues to give good grazing until late in fall. It ripens at the same time as Orchard Grass and gives good results with it and red clover. Sow in spring or fall, 2 bushels per acre. Weighs 10 pounds per bushel. Price, pound, 20c. If by mail, pound, 30c; $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Kentucky Blue Grass.—A fine grass that succeeds best on limestone land, but does well on other soils. Does its best in fall, winter and spring. It grows slowly at first, forms a very compact turf, making a fine pasture when once established. Sow in spring or fall, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre. Weighs 14 pounds per bushel. Price, pound, 15c. If by mail, pound, 25c; $4\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.



Orchard Grass.

Timothy.—This grass stands at the head for meadows. It is exceedingly nutritious, produces good crops of fine hay. Sow in fall or spring, peck to acre. Weighs 45 pounds to bushel. Price, pound, 10c. If by mail, pound, 20c; 6 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

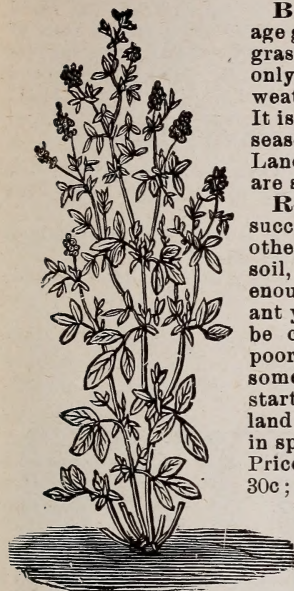
Meadow Fescue.—One of the earliest, most nutritious and productive grasses. It is especially suitable for permanent pasturage—thrives well in all soils, but to best advantage in moist lands. Makes good hay and cattle thrive well on it, whether dry or in green state. Sow 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels to acre in the fall or early spring. Choice seed, per pound, 20c. If by mail, pound, 30c; $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Perennial Rye Grass.—One of the oldest in cultivation. It is considered quite valuable, as it affords pasturage very early in the spring. It grows up in a very short time after being cut, and remains bright and green the balance of the season. Sow early in spring, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels per acre. Price, pound, 15c. If by mail, pound, 25c; $4\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Johnson Grass.—This is a valuable grass either for hay or permanent pasture, and should be cut before seed stalks shoot up. We would not advise it sown on land intended for other crops, as it is difficult to eradicate. Eagerly eaten by all stock, and hogs are fond of the roots. The demand for it with us is increasing. Price, pound, 15c. If by mail, pound, 25c; 5 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Special Mixture for Permanent Pasture.—This is a combination of the best pasture grasses and clover; made with the view of having good pasture from early spring to winter; We follow the best authorities for making this mixture and use only the best seed of the various kinds. Begins flowering early in the spring and furnishes excellent pasturage through the season. Requires heavy seeding to obtain best results. Will last several years. Sow in spring or fall but fall is the best, 1 to 3 bushels per acre. Weighs 16 pounds to bushel. Price, pound, 20c. If by mail, pound, 30c; 4 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Evergreen Mixed Lawn Grass.—Is a mixture of the finest Dwarf Evergreen grasses, and will make a good lawn the first season if sown early. Seed should be sown occasionally over any bare spots and a fine lawn will be maintained. To obtain best results we recommend 40 to 50 pounds of seed per acre, sown in either spring or fall. Should be kept mown reasonably close. One pound of seed will sow a place 15 x 20 feet. Price, pound, 25c; $4\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, \$1.00. If by mail, pound, 35c; 3 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.



Alfalfa

Bermuda Grass.—This is one of the most valuable pasturage grasses. It is adapted to more varieties of soils than any grass we know, and in many instances it has been found to be the only grass that will make a sod on light soil. It stands hot, dry weather remarkably well and makes a most valuable pasture. It is difficult to eradicate after once set. Sow in spring about season for planting cotton. Two to three pounds seed per acre. Land should be thoroughly prepared and covered lightly, as seed are small. Price, 1 ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 25c; 1 pound, 75c.

Red Clover.—This is one of the most important factors to successful agriculture, and is more extensively grown than any other variety. It is best adapted to stiff soil, but will thrive well on any land rich enough to sustain it. Makes an abundant yield of very fine hay, which should be cut when in full bloom. If land is poor it should be helped at first with some good fertilizer. After it is well started it will do more to enrich poor land than any other known plant. Sow in spring or fall, 10 pounds to the acre. Price, 1 pound, 20c. If by mail, 1 pound 30c; 4 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.



Red Clover

Sapling, Peavine or Mammoth Clover.—Similar to Red Clover except that it grows larger and coarser and is later in maturing. This is a good variety for thin soils or to sow with Timothy

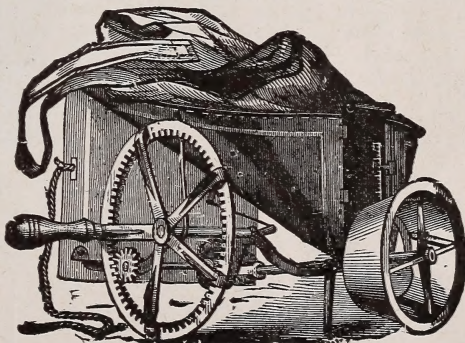
seed as it matures at the same time. Weighs 60 pounds per bushel. Sow 10 pounds per acre in spring or fall. One pound, 20c. If by mail, 1 pound 30c; 4 pounds, \$1, postpaid.

Alfalfa or Lucerne.—This is one of the most valuable of the Clover family. It is best adapted to rich, sandy lands, with a deep subsoil, which the roots can penetrate in search of moisture. It does not stand much pasturing, but will yield 4 or 5 successive cuttings per year, which is very fine green feed or cured hay. When once well set and top dressed occasionally will last twenty years or more. It cannot be too highly recommended to any one who will plant it on well prepared rich land. Best sown in drills 12 inches apart, using 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Price, 1 pound, 20c. If by mail, 1 pound, 30c; 4 pounds, \$1 00, postpaid.

White Clover.—Very valuable for bee culture and should be used in all mixtures for pastures and lawns. Price, 1 pound, 30c. If by mail, 1 pound, 40c; 3 pounds, \$1.00, postpaid.

Crimson Clover.—Price, 1 pound, 10c; 3 pounds, 25c. If by mail, 1 pound, 20c; 3 pounds, 50c, postpaid. See summer catalogue for description.

Cahoon's Broadcast Seed Sower for sowing Clovers, Grasses, Wheats, Oats, Rye, Barley, etc. The best hand seeder on the market. Price, boxed ready for shipment, \$3.50



Cahoon Seed Sower.

Little Giant Seed Sower will sow all kinds of seed to your perfect satisfaction. Price, \$2.00.

BECCAR WEED.

"On the sandy pine lands of the South Atlantic and Gulf States it is probably the most valuable forage plant that can be grown. Its growth is dense; 2 to 4 feet high, the forage crop abundant and nutritious."

Sow at any time after frosts are over until the middle of June, in drills 3 feet apart, 3 or 4 pounds per acre, or broadcast 10 or 12 pounds per acre. Cover 1 to 2 inches deep. When 2 feet high may be cut for hay or green feed, and will produce excessive crops, branching largely from the roots. May be pastured freely in late summer and fall. Price per pound, 30c; in 5-lb. lots and over, 25c per lb.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.—A very popular forage plant on account of its rapid growth, becoming available in ten weeks after sowing and will produce 20 to 30 tons of green stuff per acre. It will grow 2 or 3 feet high and smother out any objectionable grass, is perfectly hardy, and may be sown any month in the year in the south. Sow 5 pounds broadcast to the acre, or plant in drills same as turnips. Lb., 15c; 8 lbs., \$1.00.

Seed Oats, Buckwheat, Sunflower, Etc.

Burt Oats.—This is the earliest oat in cultivation. Always matures before rust strikes other varieties. We ship 32 pounds to bushel. Market price. Red Rust, Blue and Turt Oats at lowest market price.

Silver Hull Buckwheat.—This variety remains in bloom longer than the common buckwheat, and therefore better for bees. Price same as Japanese.

Japanese Buckwheat.—Larger kernels and earlier than any other. Price, pound, 10c; 4 pounds, 25c; peck, 50c.

Common Black Buckwheat.—Market price.

Mammoth Russian Sunflower.—The giant of all sunflowers, growing to double the size of and producing twice as much seed as the common sunflower. It is highly recommended for poultry; the best egg producing food known. Packet, 5c; ¼ pound, 10c; pound, 35c postpaid.

Broom Corn.—(*Improved Evergreen.*) The best for general cultivation; brush firm, of good length and bright green color. Price, 20c per pound; 6 pounds for \$1.00 postpaid.

—We are large growers of Georgia Seed Rye, Barley, Seed Wheat, etc. Write us for circulars and prices in season.

New White Beauty Sunflower.

—We have our stock from the introducer who says: "This striking distinct new sort is not only the most valuable for stock and poultry feeding, and for oil production, but owing to the fact that all its powers are expended in producing one mammoth head, it is simply a marvel of productiveness—outyielding the old sorts almost two to one, 3,000 pounds per acre being no unusual yield. I feel much gratified in being able to offer it to the trade, being confident that it will take the lead in sunflower production." Packet, 10c; ½ pound 20c; pound, 35c, postpaid.



FIELD PEAS AND BEANS.

The value of these for hay, fertilizers, stock and human food is too well known in the South and West for extended remarks. We deal very largely in varieties named and make special prices upon application. Please state quantity wanted.

White Navy Beans.—An old standard sort, largely grown as a shell bean for market. Cultivate early and often, as they grow rapidly, but do not plow or work deep after they are 3 or 4 inches high, or you will ruin them. Neither should they be worked when the dew is on them, nor disturbed in any way after they begin to blossom. Carefully grown they prove a most satisfactory and profitable crop. Quart, 30c, postpaid; peck, 75c.

Wonderful, or Unknown Pea.—We have never seen any pea equal to it for any purpose; whether sown for soiling, forage crop, or yielding an abundance of seed, it stands at the head of the list. By mail, any variety, pound, 15c; 8 pounds, \$1.00 postpaid.

Whippoorwill Peas.—This is one of

the earliest varieties; and when parties wish to sow late to mature crop seed, it stands at the head.

Soja Beans.—All those who have them are most enthusiastic in their praise, and we feel that we cannot impress too forcibly the importance of this crop. The great nutritive value of these beans, combined with the enormous yield, make it a most valuable and economical crop to grow for stock feeding purposes. It is also strongly recommended for green fodder and ensilage, and will easily yield, on suitable soil, from 8 to 10 tons per acre. Price, quart, 30c, postpaid; peck, 75c.

Clay Pea.—This is an old standard sort and largely used by sugar planters of Louisiana for soiling and forage crops.

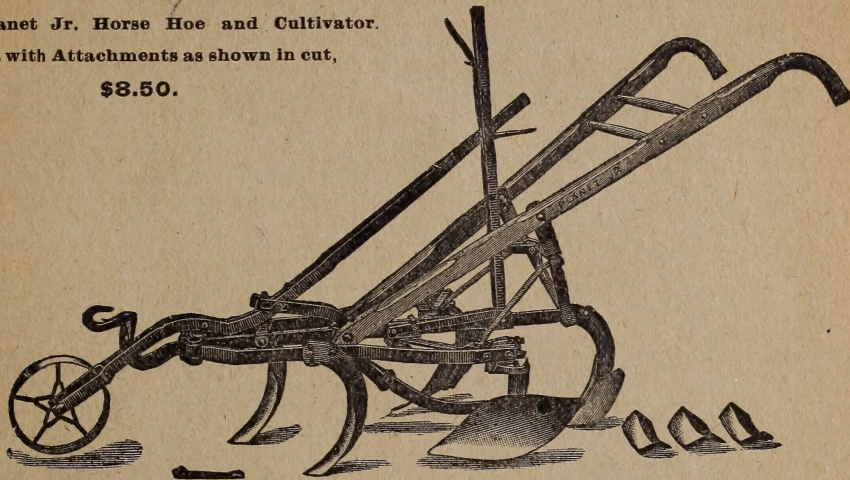
PLANET JR. TOOLS.

Space will not permit us giving a full list of these valuable tools nor all prices, but we will send a fully Illustrated Catalogue free on request.

No. 8 Planet Jr. Horse Hoe and Cultivator.

Price, with Attachments as shown in cut,

\$8.50.

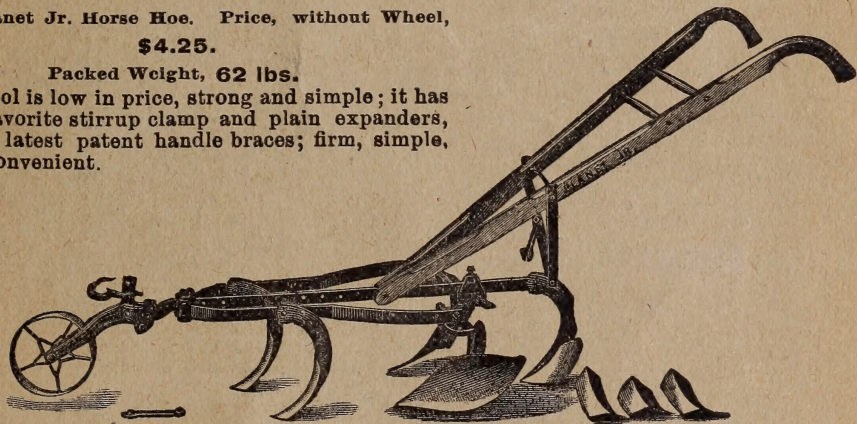


No. 4 Planet Jr. Horse Hoe. Price, without Wheel,

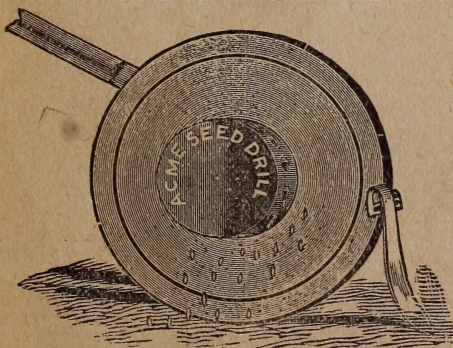
\$4.25.

Packed Weight, 62 lbs.

This tool is low in price, strong and simple; it has the old favorite stirrup clamp and plain expanders, and our latest patent handle braces; firm, simple, strong, convenient.



A GARDEN SEED DRILL



That will distribute Beet, Cabbage, Radish, Turnip and all such seed with perfect regularity. It is utterly impossible for it to sow anything but accurately, doing the work as thoroughly as the costly machines, and will cover ten times the ground that can possibly be covered by hand.

We have made such arrangements with the manufacturers as enables us to make this remarkable offer. We will give FREE and pay all charges, one "ACME" SEED DRILL to any one who purchases only \$2.50 worth of seed in 5c packages. (No discount is allowed either in seeds or cash on seeds taken in this offer, of course.)

Address all orders and inquiries to

CURRY-ARRINGTON COMPANY,
Seed Growers and Merchants, **ROME, GEORGIA.**

