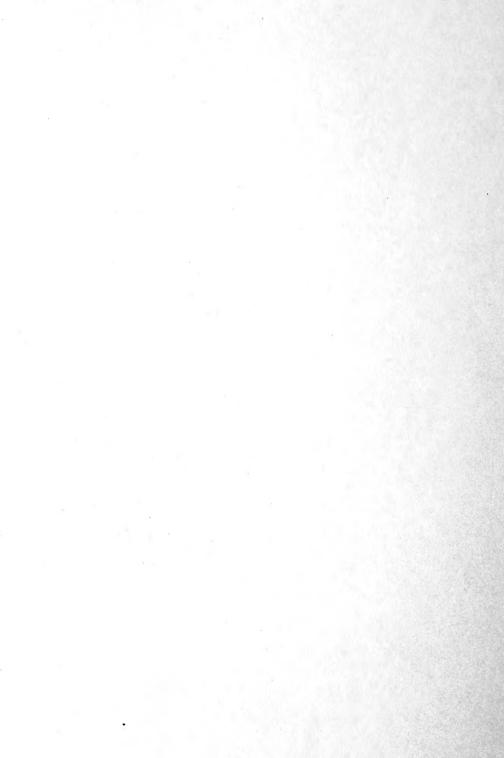
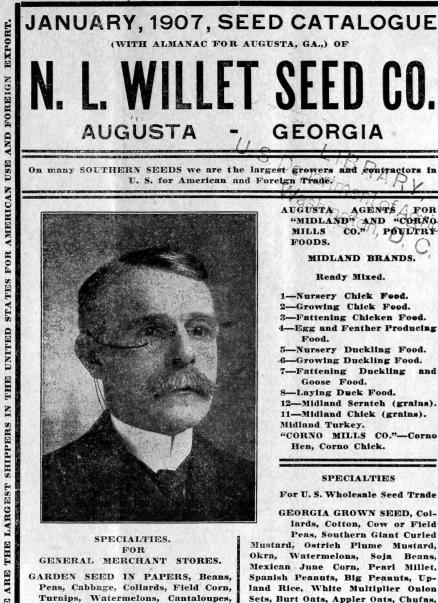
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Onion Sets, Irish Potatoes, Sorghum, Cat Tail Millet, German Millet, Native Georgia Rye, Purple Straw Wheat, Barley, Chufas, Cow Peas, Peanuts, Spanish Mammoth Peanuts, Native Rust Proof Oats, Appler Oats, Burt Oats, Cotton, Upland Rice, Clovers, Vetches, Bermuda Grass Seed, Velvet Beans, Beggar Weed, Rape, Artichokes.

AUGUSTA AGENTS FOR "MIDLAND" AND "CORNO MILLS CO." POULTRY FOODS.

AUGUSTA TERRITORY AGENTS FOR

OFPHUH

INCUBATOR CO.'S INCUBATORS AND BROODERS AND POULTRY SUPPLIES

#### MIDLAND BRANDS.

#### Ready Mixed.

| 1-Nursery Chick Food.        |
|------------------------------|
| 2-Growing Chick Food.        |
| 3—Fattening Chieken Food.    |
| -Egg and Feather Producing   |
| Food.                        |
| 5-Nursery Duckling Food.     |
| 6-Growing Duckling Food.     |
| 7-Fattening Duckling and     |
| Goose Food.                  |
| 8-Laying Duck Food.          |
| 12-Midland Scratch (grains). |
| 11-Midland Chick (grains).   |
| Midland Turkey.              |
| "CORNO MILLS CO."-Corno      |
| Hen, Corno Chick.            |
|                              |

#### SPECIALTIES

For U. S. Wholesale Seed Trade

#### GEORGIA GROWN SEED, Collards, Cotton, Cow or Field Peas, Southern Giant Curled

Mustard, Ostrich Plume Mustard, Watermelons, Soia Beans, Mexican June Corn, Pearl Millet, Spanish Peanuts, Big Peanuts, Upland Rice, White Multiplier Onion Sets, Burt Oats, Appler Oats, Chufas, Velvet Beans, Glant Beggar Weed, Japan Clover, Georgia Rye, Johnson Grass. Bermuda Grass, Cassava. Teosinte, Amber and Orange Cane, Kaffir Corn Sweet Potatoes, Asparagus Roots and Seeds, Beardless Barley, Frost King Turnips, Seven Top Turnips, Burr Clover, Millo Maize, Peach Stones, Seed Pecans, Vetches Sativa and Villosa.

OUR WARRANTY.—We select our stock with the greatest care, and pay liberal prices. We feel justified in saying that all our seeds are the freshest, best to be found, but, at the same time, it must be distinctly understood that we sell no seeds with warranty in any respect, expressed or implied, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If our seed are not accepted on these terms, return them at once and we will refund money.

RETAIL MAIL ORDERS.—Send Cash with orders. Remit in each by express money order, registered letter (at your risk) or in postage stamps. No C. O. D. orders sent unless money acompanies order for an amount sufficient to cover express charges both ways. Always state whether to ship your goods by postage or express, and do not forget to enclose the postage or express charges.

POSTAGE ALWAYS TO BE PREPAID BY US to any point in the United States or Cuba or Porto Rico is on a 1-lb package, 10c.; 2-lb. package, 18c.; 3-lb. package, 25c.; 4-lb. package, 35c.

BY SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY at following rates (we must prepay): To any office of the Southern Express Company in United States, on 1½ lb. or less package, 10c.; 2-lb. package, 14c.; 3-lb. package, 18c.; 4-lb. package, 26c.

MAILED FREE OF POSTAGE TO YOU.—All PACKET SEEDS assorted as wanted including Beans, Peas and Corn at 5c. each, 1 doz. 60c., 2 or more doz. at 55c., and all Bulk Seeds as priced, up to and including 4 oz. All postpaid. We retail seeds at counter at 50c. dozen.

## SOIL INOCULATING BACTERIA

OR NITROGEN FIXING BACTERIA.

The successful artificial inoculation of soils deficient in these bacteria, is of recent date and is in its infancy. The outcome may show this to be one of the greatest Scientific Agricultural discoveries of the age.

Out of 3,540 tests reported to a certain date to the United States Agricultural Department, there were 79 per cent of successful experiments—all showing increase, and some to a marvelous degree.

Furthermore: This inoculation it is known, sets free and stores nitrogen in the soil, available for other crops of various kinds following after.

This inoculation succeeds best on poor soils; on land producing otherwise good crops but poor legumes; on land where a given legume has not been previously grown.

We offer these Dry Cultures for seedinoculation.

This is sent out commercially in a small box (postage 3c.) that contains three packages, two of certain salts and one of absorbent cotton saturated with the culture and dried and all good and potent for six months or more.

DIRECTIONS for seed inoculation—a simple process—in each box. We offer Cultures for the following Legumes:

ALFALFA, VETCHES, COW PEAS, RED CLOVER, CRIMSON CLOVER, VELVET BEANS, GARDEN PEAS, GARDEN BEANS, SOJA BEANS.—A separate and distinct bex and bacteria for each type of Legume.

PRICE.---1 acre package (for inoculating seed for planting 1 acre) \$1.25; 2acre package \$2.25, and 3-acre package \$3.00, postpaid.

ADDRESS,

N. L. WILLET SEED CO., Jobbers,

Manufacturers SOIL INO CULATING BACTERIA, 309 Jackson Street, Augusta, Ga.

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# GARDEN SEEDS

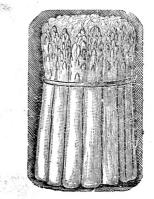
## Best Adapted to our Southern States

**GUARANTEE.**—We select our stock with greatest care, and pay liberal prices. We feel justified in saying that all our seeds are the freshest and best to be found; but, at the same time, it must be distinctly understood that we sell no seeds with warranty or guarantee, in any respect, expressed or implied, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If our seed are not accepted on these terms, return them at once and we will refund money.

## GEORGIA ASPARAGUS SEED.

One ounce sows 35 feet, producing about 800 plants. Fifteen lbs. sows one acre. One lb. produces plants to set one acre. Sow seed in March or April.

To raise asparagus roots from seed, sow the seed thinly one inch deep in rows fifteen inches apart. Keep clean of weeds, and thin the plants to four inches apart. When one or two years old set out in permanent beds.



GIANT ARGENTREUIL; PALMET-TO; FRENCH; BARR'S MAMMOTH; CONNOVER'S COLOSSAL SEED.—One pound, 35c.; 5 pounds, 25c. pound.

**ROOTS.**—All of the above kinds of Asparagus Roots bear transportation to any part of the United States. Shipments made February and March, and November, in which months roots should be set.

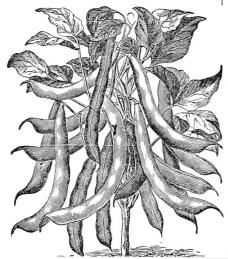
(Culture.—Prepare in spring or fall, bed five feet wide, two feet deep; fill in manure and soil. Make three rows and set out roots six inches below surface and twelve inches in row. Every autumn dress with manure and salt, after tops are cut. Bed should last twelve years. 100 roots set bed ten feet by forty feet. About 6,000 set an acre 6 feet apart, and 4,000 8 feet apart.)

A most profitable market crop about Augusta. Prices, Roots, \$4.50 per 1,000.

## BEANS-BUSH, SNAP OR DWARF.

For all beans when sent by mail, add for postage: Half-pint, 5c.; pint, 10c.; quart, 15c.

(Culture.—Beans can be sown for succession from end of February, or sooner, until September. Bear till frost. Drop several beans every two or three inches in rows thirty inches apart. Cover two inches deep. Don't work while dew is on beans for fear of rust. One quart sows 100 feet row, 1½ bushels, one acre.)



IMPROVED ROUND POD, EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE (See Cut). —This is one of the best; earlier than the old Early Red Valentine. The vine is dwarf, the pods are smooth, round, stringless and very thickly set, remaining green and tender a long time after they are fit to pull. Vine very uniform, making little or no top growth and producing enormously. The great market garden green colored snap bean.. Packet, 5c.; pint, 15c.; quart, 25c.; 1-2 peck, 75c.; peck, \$1.25.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD.— A very early variety—long, straight, round and fleshy pods free from strings. Good bearer, healthy grower. The dry beans are oval, of a chocolate brown color and of a beautiful fleshy appearance. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; ½ peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.50.

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX.—The pods are large, long, brittle and entirely stringless, and of a beautiful rich golden wax color. As a snap bean, it excels every other variety in tenderness and rich, buttery flavor, while as a shell bean, for winter use, it has few or no superiors. It is very prolific, of dwarf, compact growth. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.60.

CURRIE'S RUST PROOF WAX.—One of the earliest of the wax sorts. Vines strong, robust and upright, holding the pods well off the ground. The pods are long, flat and tender, of a beautiful golden color, and of the finest quality. One of the most popular kinds with truckers for shipping. Pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.65.

EARLY YELLOW SIX WEEKS.— Hardy and very early; green pod; resembles Mohawk, save in color; a leading sort. Packet, 5c.; pint, 15c.; quart, 25c.; 1-2 peck, 70c.; peck, \$1.25.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX.—It is as early as the Golden Wax; pods very long, tender, stringless and of fine, light golden color. It grows taller than Golden Wax. The trucker's favorite in yellow wax beans. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 35c.; 1-2 peck, \$1.00; peck, \$1.85.

EARLY MOHAWK SIX WEEKS.— Our hardiest bean; will stand some frost. Preferred for early planting. Long, green, flat pods. Packet, 5c.; **DWARF GERMAN BLACK WAX.**— An old variety, and a great favorite with market gardeners and others. Tender, yellow wax pods. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.65.

EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE, OR 1,000 TO 1.—A 7-weeks' bean, medium to late, large vines, favorite for canning and pickling, productive, round pod, good main crop. Packet, 5c.; pint, 15c.; quart, 25c.; 1-2 peck, 70c.; peck, \$1.25.

BURPEE'S LARGE BUSH LIMA.—A bush form of the large pole lima, the beans being large and flat, like those of that variety. It is very productive and its dwarf character is well established. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 35c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.75.

HENDERSON'S DWARF SMALL LIMA.—Bush is dwarf, and beans are small Limas. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 35c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.75.

## BEANS-POLE.

(Culture.—plant in hills four feet apart each way, four or five beans to a hill; plant the eye down. One quart plants 150 hills; half-bushel, one acre.) Sow pole beans later than dwarf, and leave three plants to hill. Dwarf beans ready for table 1 1-2 to 2 months. Lima three months; pole 3 2-3 months.

OLD HOMESTEAD, OR IMPROVED KENTUCKY WONDER.—Enormously productive, bearing its pods in clusters. The pods are long, crisp, tender and bright green color. A very prolific variety. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.65.

**SOUTHERN PROLIFIC.**—Strictly a Southern bean. Stands the Southern heat. Continues to bear until frost. Pods seven inches long and flat; seeds dark yellow. Standard in this latitude. Favorite way to plant in the South is in damp low lands among corn, and let the vines grow up the corn stalks. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; ½ peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.75.

SMALL LIMA OR CAROLINA SIEVA. —Similar in every way to large Lima, except that it is only half as large, seeds and pods being smaller. Largely grown in the South, and immensely popular. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.75.

TALL BLACK GERMAN WAX.—Yellow pods. Bears richly flavored, stringless pods of the same good quality as Dwarf German Wax. Packet, 5c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.75.

LARGE WHITE LIMA.—Either green or dry, this is the standard table vegetable, and the best shell bean known. Give it rich ground and plenty of room. Half-pint, 15c.; pint, 20c.; quart, 30c.; 1-2 peck, 90c.; peck, \$1.75.

## BEETS.

(Culture.—One ounce plants 100 feet; 4 pounds, 1 acre. Soak seed 12 hours before planting. Can be sown pretty much all spring and summer and to Nov. 15th. Sow 1 inch deep, in drills 18 inches apart; thin out to 8 inches in drill.)

**EARLY ECLIPSE OR EGYPTIAN.**— The handsomest of the very early beet. Globe-shaped, fine dark red color, rapid grower, small tops, purplish green foliage and red veins. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; pound, 50c.



EARLY DARK BLOOD TURNIP. Trifie later than Eclipse; flesh deep blood red; tender and fine flavored. The most generally used family beet. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; lb., 50c.

**EXTRA EARLY OR BASSANO.**—As early as Eclipse; flesh pink, with white strtaks; very juicy. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; pound, 50c.

IMPROVED LONG, SMOOTH, BLOOD RED.—Medium late; often used for late summer planting and winter use. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; pound, 50c.

HALF LONG BLOOD RED.—Similar to Long Blood, but differs in size, being half long. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; pound, 50c.

SILESIAN SUGAR WHITE.—A sweet white beet, preferred by some. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; pound, 50c.

## BEETS FOR STOCK OR MANGEL WURZEL

(Culture.—In Europe this is one of the necessary crops for cattle—500 to 600 bushels being grown to an acre. Sow 5 pounds to acre. Sow in rows 2 feet apart and thin out to 12 inches in row.)

**NORBITAN GIANT.**—We have tried to get in this the largest stock beet that grows. A long, red variety of great size; flesh solid; a good keeper. Oounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 15c.; pound, 35c.; 5 pounds, \$1.50.

## CABBAGES.

The whole line of our Cabbages are grown for us on Long Island by the best known and most reliable Cabbage Seed growers in the United States. There are no better Cabbage Seed in the world than those we offer.



E. JERSEY WAKEFIELD.

(Culture.—One ounce makes 2,000 plants or 150 feet row; 5 ounces will plant an acre. Sow in beds almost any month in the year, usually from February to November. For winter crop sow in August and September, early varieties. For late cabbage sow late sorts March, April and May, for June, July and August setting. Transplant deep, up to first leaf, in deep, rich soil, and water plants well. Set out 2 to 3 feet in row; rows 30 inches apart; ready for use in 100 to 160 days.

**EARLY CHARLESTON WAKE-FIELD.**—Early and well known favorite; heads are conical shaped; possibly the principal variety that is grown by truckers for early shipment, and by gardeners in general. Quantities of this cabbage grow off Charleston of 22 lbs. weight, all solid heads. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, **\$1.50**. EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.— Popular and largely grown variety for fall and early spring planting. It has pyramidal heads, with blunt peaks, is solid, uniform and compact-growing. Has small outside foliage, and can be planted closer together than the larger varieties. Has no superior for quality or earliness. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50.

GEORGIA EARLY TRUCKER.—For market gardener or planter; one of t..e best, large size, handsome color; fine market flavor; does not run to seed; largely used by South Carolina sea coast shippers. Packet, 5c.; 1 ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50.

IMPROVED EARLY DRUMHEAD. An intermediate kind between the cone shaped early and late varieties; can be planted closely; takes its name from its shape. Packet 5c; ounce 15c; 4 ounces 40c; pound \$1.50.

WILLET'S ALL-SEASON SURE HEADER.—One of the finest for second early or for late sowing. Grows quickly to a large size and heads surely. It is a true, sure, hardheader. Its name is an index of its character. Packet 5c; ounce 15c; 4 ounces 40c; pound \$1.50.

IMPROVED EARLY FLAT DUTCH.—Not so early as the very earlier, and not so heavy as some, but very salable because of its flat shape; very extensively planted; weighs from 10 to 12 pounds. Packet, 5c; ounce 15c; 4 ounces 40c; pound \$1.50.

BUNCOMBE OF N. C. WINTER.—A firm, solid, header and keeps well. A favorite in North Carolina. Either a spring or winter cabbage. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50.

EARLY WINNINGSTADT.—A Prussian cabbage; a standard cone shaped solid head; second early variety. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50.

**GREEN GLAZED.**—For late sowing; glossy green leaves; not so liable to insect attacks, and especially adapted for hot climates. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50.

EARLY LARGE YORK.—For very early sowing; an old English variety; heads small and slightly heart-shaped; rather dwarf; can be planted closely— 8 inches in row. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50. **PREMIUM LATE DRUMHEAD.**— Sow in September; very hardy and withstands cold; large round heads, though sometimes flattened on top; well known. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50.

**PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH.**— The old favorite for fall and winter sowing; grows low to ground; heads large, bluish-green in color; broad and flat on top. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50.

**SOLID SOUTH.**—A very early fine cabbage. Uniform and large. Not liable to split or run to seed when sown in fall. Succeeds well as early or late crop and for shipping or home use. Ounce, 15c.; 4 ounces, 40c.; pound, \$1.50. \$1.50.

## EARLY CABBAGE PLANTS.

Our Cabbage Plants are from seed sown in open field in October, November and December; are more hardy and frost resistant than hot bed grown plants, and 10 days earlier.

We offer only in large amounts and direct from our grower on Sea Islands, near Charleston (who grows 150 acres in cabbages). Cabbage plants of Charleston Wakefield (large type), Ex-Early Wakefield, Flat Dutch, tra. Early Trucker, Succession, Delivery November 15th to 30th, December, January, February and March, \$1.50 per 1,000 in 1,000 and 2,000 lots; \$1.25 in 5,000; 10,000 lots at \$1.00 per thousand. All to be shipped direct from grower by express. All plant orders positively must be accompanied with cash. We furnish also other plants in 1,000 lots besides cabbage plants-such as sweet potatoes, strawberries, tomato, celery, etc.

## CARROTS.

(Culture.—One ounce will plant a 100 feet row; 3 pounds an acre. Soil must be fertile, deeply dug, and light or sandy. Soak seed well. Sow in drills, from March to November. Press soil down. Thin to 4 inches, so plants can be worked. Can be used in 70 to 120 days.)

**(IMPROVED LONG ORANGE.**—A standard late variety, handsome and uniform in shape; deep orange color; good flavor; yields heavily, requires deep soil; plants should stand 8 inches apart in 18 inch drills for roots to attain full size. Packet, 5c.; 1 ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; 1 pound, 60c. CHANTENAY.—Deep scarlet of uniform shape; a heavy yielder and of fine table qualities; grows 5 to 7 inches long. Packet, 5c.; 1 ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 20c.; 1 pound, 60c.

## CARROTS FOR STOCK.

(Culture.—Sow 3 pounds to the acre. These roots are often 15 inches in circumference. Greatly enjoyed by stock and gives fine color to butter.)

. VICTORIA YELLOW.—The largest, heaviest cropping and most nutritious yellow variety in cultivation. Easily gathered, as the roots grow largely above the ground. Four ounces, 15c.; 1 pound, 40c.; 5 pounds, \$1.50.

## GEORGIA COLLARDS.

(Georgia grown seed. United States seedmen supplied.)

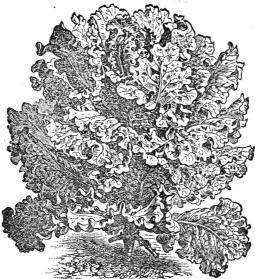
Georgia grows Collard Seed for the United States; and the United States comes each year to Georgia for her Collard Seed. We are the largest Collard Seed growing contractors in America. We have made sales repeatedly, each sale carrying a sufficiency of seed to plant 60,000 acres in collards. Collards grow three or four feet high; branch out widely and thickly; leaves are cut and boiled as greens, new leaves taking place of old ones cut. Plants stand cold-leaves are more tender and sweet after frost. Have often seen plants weighing 17 to 18 pounds. Every farmer's garden in the South Atlantic States grows collards. Thousands of the negro garden patches in the South grow nothing but collards. Negroes eat collard "greens" three times a day; a market 5c. collard boiled lasting through 3 meals.

**Culture.**—An ounce will produce about 2,000 plants, 150 feet row. Sow in spring or summer as directed for cabbage, either in beds, to transplant when large enough, or in rows where intended to stand. Several feet each way ought to be given the plants. Sixteen ounces to the acre.)

GEORGIA BLUE STEM COLLARD.— The old-fashioned kind, known for a hundred years or more. Very tall and long stemmed. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 25c.; pound, 75c.

GEORGIA WHITE CABBAGE COL-LARDS.—Whiter and more tender than the Blue Stem. Introduced ten years ago. Three-fourths of them bunch or head up in winter, weighing 10 lbs. or more. Packet, 5c.; ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 25c.; pound, 75c.

NORTH CAROLINA SHORT STEM.— A North Carolina variety with short stem and large spreading leaves.



WHITE GEORGIA COLLARD.

Easily withstands summer drought and winter cold. Quality and flavor excellent. Packet, 5c.; 1 ounce, 10c.; 4 ounces, 25c.; pound, 75c.

## CELERY.

(Culture.—One ounce makes 4,000 plants, 100 feet drill. Four ounces to an acre. Grown with profit, extensively for market. Sow in April, May and June and also in August and September. Transplant when six inches high in 3-feet rows, 6 inches in row. When tall enough they should be covered with earth to bleach. Ready for use in 140 to 175 days.

**BOSTON MARKET.** — The dwarf branching variety grown so extensively about Boston. Solid, crisp; and of excellent flavor; its compact dwarf habit allows closer planting, and requires less earthing-up than taller sorts. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.50.

WHITE PLUME.—The stalk and portions of inner leaves and heart, are naturally white; needs very little earthing up; crisp, solid, and of a pleasing nutty flavor; its white, feather-like foliage is very ornamental. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 50c; pounds, \$1.50.

CELERY PLANTS.—All kinds from March 1 to August. By express only, and cash with order, 1,000, \$1.50; 10,000 for \$15.00.

## MARKET GARDEN CORN.

Plant March and April, or later, for succession, through July. One quart, 200 hills; 3-4 to peck per acre. Add Postage on corn, 10c. pint; 20c quart.

ADAM'S EARLY.—Not sugar corn; small ears for early use. Packet, 5c.; pint, 10c.; quart, 15c.; bushel, \$2.75.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.— One of the sweetest of all corns; 3 to 5 ears; kernels deep. Packet, 5c.; pint, 15c.; quart, 20c.; peck, 90c.; bushel, \$3.25

**STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.** —The best late sweet corn in every way. Packet, 5c.; pint, 15c.; quart, 20c.; peck, 90c.; bushel, \$3,25.

MAMMOTH SUGAR.—A late variety with ears of the largest size. Packet, 5c.; pint, 15c.; quart, 20c.; peck, 90c.; bushel, \$3.25.

SNOW-FLAKE CORN.—The universal Augusta\_ market\_ table corn;\_ white, juicy, productive and ears as big as Field Corn. Packet, 10c.; quart, 15c.; peck, 75c.; bushel, \$2.50.

POP-CORN. — White Rice, Golden Beauty.—For popping or forage purposes. Packet, 5c.; pint, 15c.; quart, 20c.; peck, 80c.; bushel, \$2.50.

## CUCUMBERS.

(Culture.—One ounce for eighty hills. 1 1-4 pounds, one acre. Plant after frost half-inch deep, and thereafter every two or three weeks for succession, in well manured hills, six feet apart. Thin to four plants in hill. Ready for use in 50 to 75 days.

**EXTRA EARLY LONG GREEN.**— Very early, of attractive form and size, very prolific, and especially valuable for market gardeners because of these qualities. Particularly good for pickling. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c. EARLY FRAME OR SHORT GREEN. —Excellent for table and pickling. Fruit straight, handsome, smaller at each end, bright green; flesh tender, crisp; makes fine pickles. Packet, 5c; bulk price same as Long Green.

ARLINGTON EARLY WHITE SPINE —The well known standard trucker variety. One of the best for the table; tender, crisp, uniform, straight, dark green, with few white spines. Facket, 5c; bulk price same as Long Green.

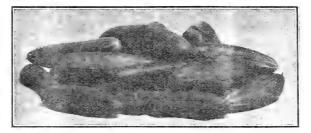
DAVIS PERFECT CUCUMBER.—See cut. New, shy seeder and early. Holds color and brittleness long after cutting. Disease resistant. Resembling in taste the hot house product, and brings double price in market. Bulk only. One ounce, 25c.; 4 ounces, 75c.; i pound \$2.50. drills two feet apart. Thin out to 8 inches in row, and cultivate as cabbage.)

**DWARF GREEN CURLED**—Most tender and delicate of all the cabbage family; improved by frost. The leaves look like an immense feather. Packet 5c; ounce 10c; 4 ounces 25c; pound 65c.

## LETTUCE

(Culture.—One ounce for 200 feet drills; 1,500 plants; three pounds to acre. Sow in beds almost any month in year: Reset plants ten inches apart in rows. Force to rapid growth if wanted tender. Two crops from one season under glass or frame.)

DEACON CABBAGE.—Has large, solid head; Cabbage Lettuce for summer use. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound, \$1.00.



## EGG PLANT.

(Culture.—One ounce, 100 yard row; founr ounces to one acre of 3,000 to 4,000 plants. Start seed in hotbeds or boxes in February or March. Set out plants early in warm weather, in rows two by three feet apart.) NEW YORK IMPROVED PURPLE.

NEW YORK IMPROVED PURPLE. —Deep, lustrous purple; standard. Packet, 5c; ounce (about 1,000 plants) 25c.

**PEARL WHITE.**—(Seed originated in Georgia.) A large, new, creamy white, delicately flavored Egg Plant. Packet, 5c; ounce, 25c.

**BLACK BEAUTY.**—An early, prolific variety, and valuable for market gardeners' use. Fruit is nearly round; skin smooth and black. Packet, 5 c.; ounce, 25c.

EGG PLANTS.—Spring delivery. Cash with order. Express, 100 50c; 1,000 for \$3.50.

### KALE

(Culture.—One ounce for 1,000 plants; three pounds to one acre. For winter greens sow from August to October; in BIG BOSTON.—Among the Southern truckers this is more largely grown than any other for shipping. Preferred on acount of its great size and solidity. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 30c; pound, \$1.00.

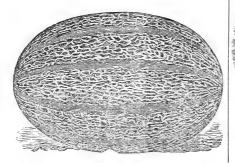
SILVER EALL.--(Seed white)---The thick, light green leaves have so much sheen that they actually look silvery white in some lights. The heads are of good size and of excellent quality. Packet, 5c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound, \$1.00.

IMPROVED HANSON.—Forms very large, firm heads, resembling cabbage, which are deliciously sweet, crisp and tender; heads green outside and white within; for outdoor culture unexcelled. Heat resisting. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound, \$1.00.

LETTUCE PLANTS.—Shipment all seasons. Express; cash with order. 100 at 30c; 1,000 for \$1.50; 10,000 for \$15.00.

## MELON-CANTELOUPE.

(Culture.—Make hills four to six feet apart; plant one dozen seed to each hill after frost, thin to four plants. Pinch back vines. One ounce seed for fifty hills; two pounds for one acre. Ripe in 100 days. Sandy loam best.) THE NIXON.—(See Cut.) Georgia grown seed, pure type, crop 1905 largely a failure. Originated in this county, and drove out every other cantaloupe for home and market use. Weights 8 to 12 pounds. Flesh crisp and sweet. Rough skin, good shipper. Deep ribbed. Rind and flesh yellow. Crop, failure, 1 ounce, 25c; 4 ounces, 75c; 1 pound, \$2.00.



**ROCKYFORD NETTED GEM CAN-TALOUPE.**—Most famous melon today in the United States. Our seed grown for us at Rockyford, Colorado, where we have largest contracts. Melon is small, sweet, and can be eaten to the rind. Distinctive flavor; prolific. One ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; 1 pound, 75c. Special prices to heavy growers.

EDEN GEM or NETTED ROCK or POLLOCK.—Our highest grade and seed from Colorado; big improvement over R. F. Netted Gem; more solid and hard; stands shipping better, stays in condition longer, holding hardness and flavor; vines bear longer and more. Small cavity, netting covers whole melon. Large Colorado shippers are asking \$2.50 a pound for their seed. Our price, ounce, 10c; 4 ounces 25; 1 pound, 75c.

**NETTED NUTMEG.**—Shaped like a nutmeg, Highly scented. Long and well known. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 65c.

## MUSTARD.

(All Georgia grown seed. United States seedmen supplied.)

(Culture.—One ounce to 100 fect. Sow in fall, winter or spring, in rows or shallow drills. Press earth well down. Ready for use in five or six weeks. One ounce 100 feet; three to five pounds an acre.)



**SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED.**—High-Iy esteemed in the South; sown in the fall and produces enormous bunches. Excelent for salad, and very generally used for greens, for which it is largely cultivated. Packet, 5c; ounce, 1°c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 50c.

**OSTRICH PLUME MUSTARD.**—(Seed grown inGeorgia. United States seedmen supplied.) Most beautiful mustard extant. Originated in Augusta, Ga. It was introduced by us to seed trade of United States. Many of them are putting in novelity lists. Plumes are tender, very long and finely crimped. Pretty as an ornamental plant. Looks like ostrich plumes. Plant large, often 5 or 6 pounds. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 50c.

CHINESE.—A variety producing larger and broader foliage and more succulent stems; of a deeper green color. Per ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 20c; pound, 50c.

## GEORGIA OKRA.

These seeds are grown in Georgia. We can supply the United States trade. Large amounts dealt in—spot or contract.

(Culture.—One ounce to 50 feet drill; 8 pounds to 1 acre. Sow late in spring in drills 2 feet apart, and leave one plant to every 15 inches. Cover 1 inch deep; use in 90 days.

LONG GREEN.—Pods are dark green and stalks tall. Packet, 5c; 2 ounces, 10c; 4 ounces, 15c; pound, 40c. NEW WHITE VELVET, or LADY FINGER.—Tender, white pods; pods round and smooth, a distinct variety. Packet, 5c; 2 ounces, 10c; 4 ounces, 15c; pound, 40c.

**PERKINS'** LONG **PODDED.**—New, very prolific, pods are an intense green in color, of unusual length, 9 to 10 inches, very slim and do not get nard, as is the case with other okras. Packet, 5c; 2 ounces, 10c; 1-4 pound, 15c; pound, 40c.



NEW DWARF GREEN PROLIFIC.-Early and will bear till frost. Packet, 5c; 2 ounces, 10c; 4 ounces, 15c; pound, 40c.

## ONION SEED

Farmers' Bulletin No. 59, Agričultural Department, Washington, D. C., will give culture in detail.

(Culture.—Once ounce to 100 feet row,, four pounds to the acre. For onions sow in February, March, September or October in rich, sandy soll, in drills one to three feet apart. Thin when up to five or six inches. Cover seed half-inch in planting, or sow in hot-beds in winter, and transplant in spring. They grow off quickly. Ready in 100 to 110 days.

**MAMMOTH SILVER KING.**—Italian; one of the largest; often twenty inches in circumference and four pounds in weight. Flattened in shape and is silver white. Packet, 10c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.50.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN.—Deep, rich brown; egg shaped. These dug in spring and kept in sheds will keep in summer and not rot. A most valuable onion for the South, where onion once dug rot so early. Packet, 10c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; 1 pound, \$1.59. **PRIZE TAKER.**—Large globe shape, light yellow skin, keeps well. Weighs 2 to 3 pounds. Same price as Silver King.

BERMUDA VARIETIES.—They are of a mild and delicate flavor and keep longer than any foreign variety. Like the Italian varieties, it produces fullgrown onions from seed the same season. In the South seed sown in August or September will produce fine, large onions for market in early spring.

**RED BERMUDA.**—Packet, 10c; ounce 15c; 1-4 pound, 50c; pound, \$1.50.

WHITE BERMUDA.-Packet, 100; 1 ounce, 15c; 1-4 pound, 50c; pound, \$150.

WHITE PEARL ONION.-Delicate; come off earliest of all; ready for market in January; not good keepers. 1 ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; 1 pound, \$1.50.

## ONION SETS

(36-lbs. to bushel, September and October; 32 lbs. to bushel, November and later.)

We are the largest dealers in Onion Sets. Merchants in Augusta territory can get the lowest wholesale quotations by writing. On retail mail orders, add 10c. quart for postage.

(Culture.—One quart to 40 feet drill; 8 to 10 bushels to acre. Sow early in spring or September or October, 4 inches in row 1-2 inch deep—rows 12 to 15 inches apart.

WHITE SILVER SKIN.—Plant from August to and through March. This is a uniformly early, round, crisp, tender and very handsome variety with an opaque white skin. Quart, 15c; peck, 80c; 1 bushel, \$2.75.

**DANVERS' YELLOW.**—Plant from August to and through March.. A fine, productive variety; skin yellow; fiesh white; comparatively mild and well flavored. Quart, 15c; peck, 75c; bushel, \$2.60.



WHITE MULTIPLIER.—(See Cut.)— Plant from August to and through March. (Grown in Georgia.) We are neavy contract dealers. (The United States seed trade supplied.) Grown like potatoes in a hill; yield enormously; productive, mild. Quart, 15c; peck, 75c; 1 bushel, \$2.50.

WHITE BERMUDA SETS.—Plant September to November. Sets sold only in fall. An early universal market spring harvested onion. Color, pink white; shape flat. Mild, fine flavor. Quart, 15c; peck, 85c; bushel, \$3.00.

YELLOW MULTIPLYING SHALLOT. -Bottoms. (Grown in Georgia. The United States seed trade supplied.)-Plant in September or October. By March or April each shallot has grown into a bunch of forty to sixty shallots. The tops and bottoms together are eaten. When tops die down in May or June, dig and store in dry place. Use as seasoning during the summer. Plant remainder in fall. Tops or bottoms either can be planted, though when bot toms are planted only 'small bottoms result first spring-big bottoms resulting from the small bottoms in the following spring thereafter. Quart, 15c; peck, 80c; bushel, \$2.75.

**PEARL ONION.**—Plant September to November. Delicate; come off earliest of all; ready for market in January, not good keepers. (Sets sold only in fall.) Quart, 20c; peck 85c; bushel \$3.00.

## PARSLEY

(Culture.—One ounce to 100 fest. Soak seed. Sow in spring to fall. Thin out in drills to four inches apart.)

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED.—Bright green; beautiful variety. Packet, ic; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; 1 pound, 60c.

## PARSNIP

(Culture.—One ounce to 150 feet drill; four pounds to the acre. Drill in spring in rows eighteen inches apart. Thin out to six or eight inches in row.)

HOLLOW CROWN or SUGAR.-Roots long and smooth. The best either for table or stock feeding use. Packet, 5c; 2 ounces, 10c; 4 ounces, 20: pound, 50.

## GARDEN PEAS

Our peas are grown for us on the Canada Lakes—fre from weevils and holes. We deal in them in large quantities at wholesale. If you order sent by mail, add for postage, 5c per halfpint; pint, 10c; quart, 15c. Buy peas for home use always in bulk—not papers.

(Culture.—One quart to 150 fet row; 1 1-2 bushels per acre. Peas can be planted here from January to August. Sow in single or double rows, four feet apart, and two inches in row. Ready for use in 50 to 90 days.

FIRST AND BEST, or PHILADEL-PHIA EXTRA EARLY.—Perhaps the earliest pea cultivated. Productive and well flavored. Packet, 5c; 1-2 pint, 10c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c; 1-2 peck, 70c; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50.

ALASKA.—A standard variety, and the earliest of all blue peas, proving to be not only several days earlier than most early sorts, but of a larger size, and 10 per cent. more productive. Vines grow about 20 inches high, of excellent quality. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c; 1-2 peck, 70c; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.65.

CHAMPION OF ENGLAND.—Second early; wrinkled. One of the finest varieties for family use. Standard. Sow thick. Packet, 5c; pint, 15c; quart, 25c; 1-2 peck, 70c; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.50.

LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT.— Main or late crop. A large, heavy pea. A good cropper, grown everywhere. Packet, 5c; 1-2 pint, 10c; pint, 15c; quart, 20c; 1-2 peck, 60c; peck, 80c; bushel \$3.00.

**BLACK-EYED MARROWFAT.**—Tall and prolific; abundant fruit; large pea. Packet, 5c; bulk price same as White Marrowfat.

MeLEAN'S PREMIUM GEM.—Early Dwarf, 1 foot high; wrinkled pea; prime favorite. Packet, 5c; pint, 20c; quart, 30c; 1-2 peck, 80c; peck, \$1.25; bushel \$4.75.

## PEPPER

(Culture.—One ounce to 1,500 plants; four ounces to the acre. Plant in early spring in hotbeds or boxes. Set out in rows two feet apart and eighteen inches in row.)

SWEET GOLDEN DAWN, or GOLD-EN HELL.-Bell-shaped; mild flavor; golden yellow. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 60c.

BULL NOSE, or SPANISH MON-STROUS.—A favorite for pickling or for mangoes. Rind thick and fleshy. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 60c. LONG RED CAYENNE.— A bright red hot variety of conical shape. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 1-4 pound, 60c.

**PEPPER PLANTS.**—Express. Cash with order. Delivery March, April and May. 100 at 50c; 1,000 for \$3.00.

## RADISHES.

(Culture.—One ounce to 100 feet; three pounds to acre. Sow in drills in earlyspring and to June for succession. Thin out as needed. Row 12 i nches apart. Sow also in early fall or winter.)

**LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP.**— Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 50c.

**EARLY SCARLET TURNIP.**—Packet,5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 59c.

**FRENCH BREAKFAST.**—Small scarlet, olive-shaped. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 50c.

SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIPPED. —An attractive short variety. Globeshaped, bright rose carmine with bottom and tip clear white. Stems and leaves small. Bulk only, 1 ounce, 10c; 4 ounces 20c; 1 pound 50c.

**CHINESE ROSE WINTER.**—Best fall and winter variety. 1-4 pound, 20c; pound, 50c.

**LONG BLACK SPANISH.**—One of the latest as well as the hardiest of radishes; an excellent sort for winter use. Roots of medium size, oblong, black and flesh of firm texture. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 2 ounces, 15c; 1-4 pound, 20c; pound, 60c.

## RAPE, OR GEORGIA SALAD

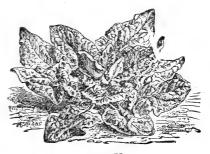
(Culture.—One ounce to 50 feet; drill thick in spring, rows two feet apart; or sow in August and September and October; 10 pounds acre.)

The best of fall or spring greens when boiled. Thin out when 6 to 8 inches high to 6 inch plants and cook. When sown in fall for greens cut off tops when 12 inches high, 6 inches above ground and use. Tops grow out again and may be cut in about six weeks. Price, 4 ounces, 10c; 8 ounces, 15c; 1 pound, 25c.

## SALISFY, OR VEGETABLE OYSTERS

Sow in early spring on light, rich soil, in drills 14 inches apart, and thin the plants to 6 inches in the row. The roots will be ready for use in October, and will sustain no injury by being left in the ground during the winter. Sow also in September and October; 1 ounce for 75 feet row. Ready for use in 140 days.

**SANDWICH ISLAND MAMMOTH.**— The new Salsify grows nearly twice the size of the old sort, and is superior in quality. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 30c; pound, \$1.00.



## SPINACH

(Culture.—One ounce to 100 feet drill, 20 pounds to acre. For winter, sow in drills one inch deep, rows nine inches apart. In September and October thin out by using for table. For summer use sow in spring. A good crop all the year. Ready for use in 35 days.)

BLOOMDALE SAVOY.—(See Cut.) → The variety most generally used in the East, and especially throughout the South, for shipping. Leaves large, round and thick, very much savoyed and rich deep green. One of the earliest varieties. Seed round. Packet, 5c; Junce, 10c; 1-4 lb., 15c; lb., 35c.

**LONG STANDING.**—A deep green variety with rather elongated, smooth leaves. Seed round. Stands a long time without running to seed. Bulk only. 1 ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 15c; pounds, at 30c.

## SQUASH

(Culture.—One ounce to 25 hills; 4 pounds to 1 acre. Sow in hills same time as cucumbers and melons. Bush varieties three to four feet apart; running kind six to nine feet apart.)

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP.— Early; well known by all. Ships well. A summer dwarf. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 65c.

SUMMER CROOKNECK. - Early;

fruit yellow. Hard shell, warty excrescences. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 20c; pound, 65c. BOSTON MARROW.—A fall and winter variety; large size, oval form, skin thin; when ripe, bright orange with a neting of light cream color; flesh rich salmon-yellow. One-quarter pound, 25c; pound, 75c.

## TOMATOES.

(Culture.—One ounce to 1,000 plants; 8 ounces, one acre. Sow in hotbeds or boxes January to February. Transplant 3 to 3 1-2 feet apart after frost, when two inches high in open ground. Succeeds 50 per cent better when trained to sticks or frames.

THE STONE TOMATO.—Solid, good carrying qualities color, rich red; shape perfectly smooth and thicker from stem to blossom end than most varieties. Large in size and heavy cropper. Packet, 5c; 1 ounce, 15c; 1-4 pound, 50c; pound, \$1.75.

LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE.—Large, smooth, productive, good shipper. Does not crack open. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.75.

**DWARF CHAMPION.**—A dwarf variety. Upright growth. Ability to stand alone without trellising. Fruit, medium sized, smooth and of a purplish carmine color. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 1-4 pound, 35c; 1 pound, \$1.75.

EARLIANA (SPARKS).—The earliest tall variety, forming ripe fruit much earlier than any other variety. The fruit is large, smooth, of a bright scarlet color, and of fine quality. Very valuable for early market use. Packet, 10c; ounce, 35c; 1-4 pound, 75c; pound, \$2.50.

**PONDEROSA.**—An extremely large, irregular-fruited variety. Vine tall and fruit very solid, and purplish-carmine in color. Packet, 10c; ounce, 35c; 1-4 pound, 75c; pound, \$2.50.

**IMPROVED TROPHY.**—Strong growing, vigorous and productive vine. Its large, solid, smooth, fine flavored and beautiful deep, rich red fruit. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.75.

SELECTED PARAGON.—A second early, bright crimson; resembles the Acme in size and shape; bears transportation; fine canning tomato. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.75.

GOLDEN QUEEN.—Yellow flesh; superior, distinct flavor; beautiful fruit. Packet, 5c; ounce, 20c; 4 ounces, 65c; pound, \$2.00.

**NEW EARLY ACME.**—Pinkish purple; heavy bearer; round, solid. Bears till frost. Thin skin. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; 4 ounces, 50c; pound, \$1.75.

TOMATO PLANTS.—Cash with order. February 1 small transplanting. Plants, 100 for 50c; 1,000 for \$1.75. April 1 cold frame plants, 100 for 50c; 1,000 for \$2.00. May 1, field-grown plants, 50c, per 100; 1,000 for \$1.75, 10,000 for \$12.50.

## TURNIPS—SPRING SOWING

We make large annual growing contracts in Turnip Seed. Can supply the trade at lowest wholesale prices. (Culture.—One ounce for t200 foo drill; 1 1-2 pounds, one acre. Sow in drills, which are 24 inches apart. For fall and winter turnips, from July 20 to September 15. Thin to six inches.)

**EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH.**— Strap-leaf; spring sowing. Packet, 5c; 4 oupces, 15c; pound, 40c.

**EARLY PURPLE TOP.**—Strap-leaf; spring sowing. Packet, 5c; 4 ounces, 15c; pound, 40c.

# TURNIPS—FALL AND WINTER $\mathcal{M}_{H}$ USE.

SEVEN-TOPS-(See Cut below.) Seed grown in Georgia. United States trade supplied.) Named because of the habit of stooling or branching into seven tops. Makes a great amount of greens or salads. Do not make big roots. We are Southern headquarters for Seven Tops. Price, 2 ounces, 10c; 1-4 pound, 15c; 1 pound, 40c.



GEORGIA FROST KING, or SOUTH-ERN PRIZE.—(See Cut below.) (United States trade supplied.)—The coming turnip for the South. Not winter killed. Large, white turnip, that is excellent lasting through winter and till late in spring, when other turnips are pithy. This turnip is both large and tender, and finely flavored. Superior foliage to other white turnips. It also provides foliage or greens as luxuriant and branching as Seven Tops. 1-4 pound, 15c; 1 pound, 40c.



THE FOLLOWING WINTER TUR-NIPS.—We price all. 2 ounces, 10c; 4 ounces, 15c; 1 pound, 40c.

BON AIR RUTA BAGA.—The largest, finest Ruta Baga in existence. Strictly American.

**TELLOW IMPROVED PURPLE TOP RUTA BAGA.**—Of fine strain. LARGE EARLY WHITE RED TOP GLOBE.

LARGE WHITE NORFOLK, or GLOBE.

POMMERANEAN WHITE GLOBE.

YELLOW ABERDEEN.

VELLOW, or AMBER GLOBE.

LARGE COW HORN.



## COW HORN. WATERMELON

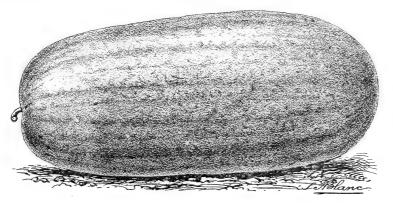
An important Melon Test was made in 1904, by the South Carolina Experiment Station, (Clemson, S. C. See Bulletins.) from watermelon seeds, same types, coming from Colorado and the West, Florida and Augusta. The test proved that Augusta Melon Seed produced watermelons 20 per cent. larger than Western Seed, and 10 to 15 per cent. larger than Florida seed. This shows superiority conclusively of Augusta Melon Seed. Our own test is that Augusta Melons, too, are the sweetest. All these seed grown in Augusta, Ga.

All these seed grown in Augusta, Ga. United States seed trade supplied. We are in the largest and very best melon shipping district in the United States. Augusta inaugurated in 1867 melon shipping business northward. Our seed are taken from 20-pound melons and above—eight to ten melons to one pound of seed. We sell the largest growers and largest seedmen in the United States their select seed. No trucker would dare use the 12c. and 15c. contract Melon Seed as supplied to the United States seed trade from Florida. Northern and Western seed, too, not good here. Northern seed make 6 or 8 small melons to vine, while Georgia seed make 2 or 3 big ones. Seed grown in the States of Oklahoma and Kansas, and other Western States produce often melons in the South with hard, white spots in the hearts. The melons do not always mature.

(Culture.—Dig holes ten to twelve feet each way, two feet deep and fill with fresh mould and manure. Plant in spring ten seed to hill and thin out to two; 2 pounds to an acre; 1 ounce to thirty hills.)

GENUINE AUGUSTA RATTLE-SNAKE.—This melon seems to deteriorate the second year when grown elsewhere than this county. It originated here at Augusta, and is the most advertised of all melons. The genuine seed should be had each year from this county. This was the original melon shipped North in 1867, which so whetted the Northern appetite for watermelon. Is an elongated gray with green stripes. Good size. Seed white with black ears. Fresh, crisp and excellent. A choice home melon. Ships with careful packing. A perfect Rattlesnake has same shape as Watson, for which see Watson cut. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound, 90c. Ours are the highest type of seed.

WATSON MELON-See cut below. near Augusta a few Very prolific—six car-Originated years ago. loads on ten acres often made. ng. Color dark deep Shape long. Singreen, no stripes. Large, often times 50 to 60 pounds. Two melons to the vine. No ends, no necks to rot. Better shipper\_than\_Rattlesnake\_tougher shipper than Rattlesnake — tougher rind. Flesh, deep red. Seeds, white, smeared with yellow. No finer eating melon ever known. Not until this year have we been at all able to sufficiently supply the demand for this elegant new One ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; melon. 1 pound, 90c.



AUGUSTA SUGAR LOAF.—A greenwhite, elongated melon, with crisp red flesh, with as thin rind as Rattlesnake. Grows to an immense size—a whole market wagon load running often to 60 pounds each. Originated around Au-

gusta. It's a beauty to look at and a delight to eat. Never has gourd ends. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound 90c.

KLECKLEY'S SWEET .--- Vines are strong growing, producing uniformly large sized me ons. The fruits are ob-The skin is dark green. long. Flesh is bright scarlet and ripens to within one-half inch of the rind. The quality is very rich and sweet, hence its name. For the home market or family garden it is decidedly one of the best. Ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 30c; pound, \$1.00.

THE JONES MELON .--- Rind dark: fish bright red; almost round in shape; rind trifle thicker than above melon; 65 to 70 pounds frequent size of this melon. Originated near us only a few years ago, yet it has sprung into widest popularity, and is one of the very best. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound, 90c.

**PRIDE OF GEORGIA.**—An exceed-ingly large, round, green melon; flesh crisp and red. You will find occasionally on it small, rough, slightly scaly spots. This melon is close kin to the Jones melon. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound, 90c.

EDEN MELON .- This melon by ship-EDEN MELON.—This melon by ship-pers is thought to be better than Kolb Gem. This melon has such a tremen-dous sale that we have had a large amount grown for us of high grade seed and can supply all demands. Has white seed Philip occt melon and char white seed. Bluish cast melon and elongated. Larger than Kolb Gem. Ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 30c; pound, 90c.

BLUE GEM. or GLOUSSIER, or BLACK BOULDER .- As good a BLACK BOULDER.—As good a smp-ping melon as Kolb Gem. Quality far better flavor and sweeter. A far better keeper. Somewhat longer and heavier than Kolb Gem. Very dark bluish shipgreen rind, small grayish stripes. Bright red flesh. Seed black. As good shipper as Kolb Gem, while quality of meat is far better. Will keep longer than any known melon. Ounce the than any known melon. 4 ounces, 30c; pound, 90c. Ounce, 10c;

TRIUMPH.—Has given almost uni-versal satisfaction for shipping and market purposes. The rind is dark green color, with indistinct stripe, flesh deep crimson, ripening up evenly and of very fine quality. The largest of all melons—sometimes have weighed 120 pounds. Ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 30c; pound, 90c.

CAROLINA BRADFORD .--- Is a favorite in the section of South Carolina where it has been grown. The melons grow to a large size; rind dark green with darker stripes; flesh red and re-markably tender and sweet. An excellent melon for home use. Ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 25c; 1 pound, 90c.

KOLB GEM.-Color a dark green thick, insuring perfect shipping quali-ties, flesh of medium red and firm. Thirty pounds, a fair size. The stand-ard universal shipping melon in the United States. One ounce, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 75c.

FLORIDA FAVORITE. — This has long been a prime favorite for home consumption. It ripens early, has dark skin with light green stripes and crim-son flesh; exceedingly sweet. Once, 10c; 4 ounces, 25c; pound, 90c.

## FORAGE AND HOG CROP

The South has a world of wealth in her varied Forage crops. Our Mr. Willet, individually, secured from the Southeastern Freight Association, the Southeastern Freight Association, the past year, freight reductions on the following: Kaffir Corn to a "D," or grain rate; Millo Maize and Sorghum, to 6th. class. It means a saving to Southern planters 10 to 25c. per bush-el freight on these goods. Give us, as your thanks, your trade!



EARLY AMBER SORG-HUM. - (Andropogon Sorghum)—Fifty pounds to the bushel. We wholesale this in large amounts (car lots and less) in Augusta terri-tory. Few things in our house are jobbed in larger quantities than Sorghum. Three almost distinct cultures. First: Green forage. Second: Cutting when Second: Cutting when ripe and saccharine and feeding it to stock or for storing it for them. Third: Grinding it for syrup. This is the earliest Sorghum. Sorghum is not appreciated in Georgia as it is in the West, and in Texas and Tennessee. Does well sown with late cow page 3 pks to

well sown with late cow peas, 3 pks to acre; broadcast and cut before seeds ripen or can be broadcast alone. Sow twenty pounds to one acre, if in drills, for forage, and one bushel broadcast per acre; ten pounds in drill for syrup. Will stand severe droughts. Does not impoverish land only to small extent. For forage sow till August 20th. One pound, 10c; 10 pounds, 50c; 1 bushel, \$1.85; 5 bushels at \$1.75.

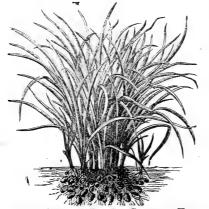
EARLY ORANGE SORGHUM .-- Georgia Experiment Station makes total gia Experiment Station makes total 3 cuttings green forage per acre, 42.018 pounds. It is larger, closer growing and later than Amber; while not adapt ed so well to very early growing, yet for the later forage crop and for the silo it is better than Sorghum Ten-nessee grows nothing else. Planted throughout spring and summer. An elegant feed, milk producer; can be sown many years successfully on some soil No cattle should be allowed to sown many years successing on years to soil. No cattle should be allowed to "gorge" on any green food. Largely used in Georgia for syrup making. One pound, 10c; 10 pounds for 50c; 1 bush-els, \$1.85; 5 at \$1.75.

GEORGIA PEARL OR CAT-TAIL MILLET. — (Pennisetum Specatum)— Known also as Pencillaria, Horse Millet, Japan Millet, and Maud's Wonder Forage Plant. The United States seed-men supplied. No other plant makes so much forage as this. Eeven cuttings men supplied. No other plant makes so much forage as this. Eeven cuttings can be had from one planting about Augusta in one season. Total of three cuttings green forage per acve at Geor-gia Experiment Station, 52,415 pounds; equals 10 tons cured folder. Drill 10 pounds to acre in 3 feet, or closer rows; 25 pounds if for hay. Plant in spring. Stools at ground. Thick fo-liage. Heads not eaten. This is by far the most popular of all the green eaten millets. Not saccharine. Not sold by bushel. One pound, 15c; 5 pounds at 14c; 10 pounds at 12c; 50 pounds at 10c.

NATIVE GEORGIA RYE—(Secale Cereale)—Seed trade supplied, 56 pounds to bushel. We have a heavy merchant trade for this rye. It stools heavily. Can be grazed several times, and then allowed to go to seed. Cut and fed green, has made ten tons green food in five months per acre. Rye grown in Tenn., Va., North and West, is cheaper; but it is spring sown and runs here on the ground, is slow growing, and is not good here. It is a different type of rye. Their Rye is called "White Rye;" our Georgia fall-sown Rye is called "Black Rye." Plant in September or October and through January and into spring one bushel per acre. Bushel, \$1.70; sack, \$1.60 2 1-2 bushels.

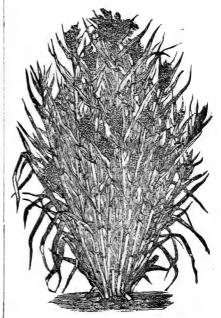
GEORGIA BEARDED BARLEY.— (Hardeum Sativum)—48 pounds bushel. Sow 1 1-2 bushels to acre. Best in fall, though can be sown in spring. Excellent fall, winter and spring pasturage. Continuously grazed. Dense foliage and strong and nutritious food. Yields largely of grain. Can be cut for grain two weeks earlier than wheat. One peck, 40c; 1 bushel, \$1.35; sack, \$1.25 bushel.

GEORGIA BEARDLESS BARLEY.-(48 pounds bushel.)-United States seed trade supplied. Sow in August and cut in October, or sow for spring use in February through March. Ripens in June or before. Makes fine grazing; and a big yield of seed. Ripens earlier than bearded, and is taller, larger and stiffer. Being beardless is easily handled, and can be fed to stock without danger-same as oats. Cattle very fond of its hay. Is six-rowed; hull remains tight; long head. Ripens 60 to 90 days. February planting makes quickest and best of all spring forage. Better and safer crop than spring plant planted oats. Planted February and cut late in May like oats, it permits the growing on same ground at once and following, of cow peas, sorghum or King's cotton-thus giving two crops in seven months on same land. One bushel, \$1.60; sack, \$1.50 bushel; 5



GEORGIA CHUFAS.—Cyperus Esculentus.)—Hognut; ground Almond. Per-

ennial. (see cut) Georgia grown seed. U. S. seed trade supplied. Forty-four pounds bushel. Be sure and get supply in January. Demand always consumes supply before April 1. Plant 1 peck per acre as late as June. Soak seed a week. Plant 12 inches apart in rows two and a half feet apart. Do not bed or hill up. Give two plowings and hoeings. If you get a bad stand pull out shoots from growing plants and plant and use these. Grow just under the surface like all grass nuts. Invaluable for fattening hogs. Turn hogs in patch. Mature in October and lie in ground till eaten. Hand gathering slow and expensive. Grows best on well matured sandy soil, yields 50 to 100 bushels per acre. Quarts, 25c; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.00.



#### TEOSINTE.

TEOSINTE. — (Euchlaena Luxurians) See cut. United States wholesale seed trade supplied. Many growths per season. Missisippi Experiment Station reports twenty-two tons per acre green forage product. Louisiana Experiment Station reports 50 tons. One seed makes thirty to fifty stalks or stools. On rich land grows fifteen feet high, and produces a larger amount of forage than any known plant. Have seen 225 pounds forage from one seed. 10 per cent saccharine. Seeds only in extreme South. Plant in April, 4x5 feet; cultivate as corn. It takes 85 degrees heat to germinate Teosinte. Needs a long, hot season, rich soil, abundant moisture. Fine for Silo. One ounce, 10c; 1-4 pound, 25c; 1 pound, 80c. Two pounds, one acre.

SPANISH PEANUTS.—(Arachis Hypogea)—28 pounds to bushel. Georgia grown seed. U. S. seed trade supplied. Magnificent hog crop. Yield per acre about 60 bushels peas and one ton vines or more. Plant about two bushels per acre, March, or July, following after oats; or plant two crops, March and July in same ground. Plant close in sandy lime lands. Tops are fine foliage. Hay is richer in protein than any other-more so than Red Clover. Peas easily harvested, as all peas hang to roots, as plant is pulled up. Hogs can be turned in on patch, or the storage barn, after peas have been picked, or not. Plant, too, in corn rows between the stalks. Being a legume, it enriches land. Crop largely a failure. Get prices.

VA. and N. C. PEANUTS—(22 pounds to bushel)—We are large contractors. These are larger than Spanish. In size Va. are large, N. C. medium, Spanish small. Often used for parching.

GERMAN MILLET. — (Chaetochia Germanica.)—Choice Tennessee grown. Known as Japanese and Golden Wonder. Western seen no good here. German Millet, an enormous yield of most nutritous feed. German Millet must be sown thickly, about one bushel per acre, and the crop cut while it is in bloom, before the seed hardens in the head. Sow when the weather gets warm in May or any time during summer until end of July. Two crops can be seeded and grown during the summer on the same land. Good hay combination with cow peas. 1 lb. 10c.; peck 75c.; bushel \$2.00; 2 1-2 bushels at \$1.75.

VELVET BEAN.—(Mucuna Utillis.) A Legume: use our soil Inoc. Bact. (Seeds only in extreme South. Seed trade supplied. Powerful mulch crop for orange and peach orchards. Good green soiler for La. Cane fields—cheaper than high priced 1907 cow peas. A powerful soil enricher on poor soil. Frost killed vines carrying beans in pod, or dry hay relished by all cattle. Yield good mulch even when cut for hay as bottom leaves fall when ripe. For replenishing worn out land large growers say it largely excels cow peas. Vines form a mass three or four feet high and run twenty feet or more. Plant in late spring or early summer; needs about 85 degrees heat for germination, two feet in drill by four feet, several beans to hill; one peck to acre; cultivate like cow peas in every way We are large contractors. For enriching poor land, plant in spring and turn under in January. Sandy lands best. Have high feeding value. Cut with rolling cutter or disc plow. One quart 15c.; postage extra, 15c.; 1 peck \$1.00; 1 bushel, f. o. b. Augusta, \$3.00. These prices subject to market changes.

ges. WHITE KAFFIR; RED KAFFIR CORN-Large growth of foilage. Valuable too on account of its yield of grain, which makes most nutritious feed, both for stock and poultry. Our Mr. Willet secured from S. E. Freight Association for the whole South, a grain rate (very low) on Kaffir in 1906. Withstands drought; stays green till grain ripens. Yields per Experiment Station, 21,344 lbs. green per acre. Sown with cow peas, broadcast, at the rate of a peck of Kaffir Corn to a bush. of cow peas per acre. Both can be cut together, making an enormous yielding crop of most nutritous feed. For a forage crop by itself Kaffir Corn should be sown broadcast at the rate of from three-quarters to one bushel per acre, or drill peck per acre, good for 3 or 4 cuttings. Pound. 10c.; peck, 75c; bushel (50 lbs.) \$1.75. For poultry feed (better even than wheat); 100 pounds at 2 1-2c pound. 500 pounds at 2c pound.

MILLO MAIZE OR BRANCHING DHOURA.—A variety of Sorghum, nonsaccharine, growing stalks eight to ten feet high. Grows in every way similar to Kaffir Corn. It bears dry weather and makes its crop where corn would wholly fail. Plant in 3foot rows leaving one or two plants every 12 inches in the row, and cultivate as corn; 10 pounds per acre; stools heavily, 5 to 6 stools from each seed. Can cut green many times. One of the silo, yields per Miss. Experiment Station, 23,877 pounds green stuff per acre. Our Mr. Willet secured in 1906 a low rate freight for the whole South on Millot Maize. Pound, 10c; peck 75c. 75c. (50 lbs. a bushel. Bushel \$2.00.

HORSE TOOTH SILO AND FODDER CORN-Largely used about Augusta by dairies. This is the famous Silo Corn, largely sent north and to Europe for silo use. Reports as high as 60 tons per acre silo have been made. Drill lightly. 1 peck, 50c; 1 bushel, \$1.75. (1-2 bushel per acre).

WHITE RICE POP CORN.-GOLDEN QUEEN POP CORN.-Valuable forage plant drilled; 2 foot in drill. (Peck to half bushel per acre. We are large dealers in Pop Corn-forage or popping. Pint, 15c; quart, 20c; peck, 90c; bushel. \$2.50. Close prices for quantity for popping.

BEGGAR WEED—(Desmodium Tortuosum.)—Headquarters, U. S. Seed trade supplied. The "Clover" of extreme South.—Legume. Grows four to eight feet high. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Barely cover. Drill or broadcast seed or sow in June rains on top of ground in corn rows at last cultivation. Comes up in June and matures in 80 days. Can cut several times or pasture late summer and fall. Cut for hay at blooming time with mower. Re-seeds itself. Easily eradicated. Is in way of no crop. In worn pine land as a renovator of soil is has no superior. Fine for green cutting. For hay cut when 3 or 4 feet high. Miss. Experiment Station reports 42,429 pounds green stuff per acre. In South grows 6 to 10 feet high; in the north 3 to 4 ft. One pound 35c; 5 pounds for \$1.50; 10 pounds for \$2.60.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.—(Brassica Napius.)—The universally grown forage crop in England, Germany and Canada for pasturing lambs, and sheep, and also for cows. Drill ten pounds per acre in spring or fall through October—or 25 pounds broadcast in damp lands—or drill in rich uplands. Sown in August it makes in two months an enormous amount of green food, two to three feet high and branching. Deserving of largest growing for green cattle food in winter when rye is almost only thing to be had. Does not make milk "taste." Acre will fatten

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20 sheep in 2 months-a lamb growing 20 sheep in 2 months—a lamb growing seven or eight pounds a month. One third acre will feed 10 hogs 2 months. Can be grazed or cut 3 or 4 times Never cold killed. Fine for green win-ter chicken food. 1 pound, 25c.; 5 pounds, 65c.; 10 pounds, \$1.00.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE.—(Hele-anthus Tuberosus.)—Georgia grown. Contract cash with order in January Fine hog crop. Even in five feet rows run from row to row and make tubers —the underground being a net work of artichokes. Will suay in ground all winter and not freeze. Turn in hogs at any time. If not eaten too close crop will come up spring without sec-ond planting. Used also pickles. Cut tubers like Irish potatoes and plant after frost—one piece every three feet, in four feet rows. Three bushels, one acre. Sold only in 3 bushel lots (1 bbl.) in February for .\$3.5).

RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER SEED.-Sow in spring five pounds to one acre. in spring five pounds to one acre. Great improvement over the small sunflower. Some are eighteen inches in diameter. Ornamental. Large seeds. In Russia used for oil. Known here as the best of all poultry foods-forty as the best of all poultry foods-forty to fifty bushels grown per acre. In cities it is the parrot's food. We keep this seed in large quartities. 3 ounces, 5c; 1-2 pound, 10c; pound 15c; 5 pounds 50c. For hen food 200 pounds, at 7c. and 50 pounds at 8c pound. CASSAVA.-(Manihot Aipi.)-Annual Grow 4 to 6 feet high; roots in winter in the South; are eaten by cattle or made into starch. Plant in February

in 4-foot checks, 1 seed joint cane in each check—covering 2 inches. 1,000 feet 1 acre, \$5.00; 1-2 acre \$3.00.



SOJA BEANS-(Glycine Hispida) See cut. Erect; an annual legume with hairy stems and leaves. Plant seed half bushel to the acre in drills 2 1-2 feet apart, and cultivate as corn; or broad-cast, cut, cure, feed, as are cow peas; or plant between hills of corn—thus making two crops on land. The yield of seed is enormus. 'food for stock, of seed is shown in the vield of green, or sileage, or as hay. The yield of green forage is 6 to 8 tons per acre, and of beans from 40 to 100 bushels. The beans feeding value is greater than that of any known forage plant except peanut. A peck  $9^{\circ}$ c; a half bushel \$1.50; 1 bushel \$2.50

## Miscellaneous Field and Farm Seeds.

FIELD CORN.—We make a specialty of Field Corns—Wholesaling them in large quantities at lowest prices. We have our corns grown for us in North Virginia—in the best latitude. Six quarts to acre; bushel, 56 pounds; un-shelled, 70 pounds. Write for whole-sale prices. Postage extra pint 10°C sale prices. Postage extra, pint 10c; quart, 15c.

RED COB-The great Tennessee corn. White grain, not flint, medium red cob. Universally used in this county—proving to be our best corn in sandy soils and also in the swamp. Almost wholly drought resistant. Has made 20 bush-els in this county in sandy soil when other corns made 5. The best all pur-pose corn, and adapted to all lands that grow corn. Medium early in ma-turing-mot the earliest nor the latest turing-not the earliest nor the latest. Same price as Dents.

**PENNSYLVANIA YELLOW DENT CORN**—See cut. We do an immense business in Dent corn with Au-Dent corn wit tory merchants. territory merchants. Well Our, earliest field corn an be had from it latter f July, being thus valuable gusta known. Meal can be had from it latter part of July, being thus valuable to farmers. The sowing of Dent corn increases each year. Its earliness makes it invaluable. It loses earliness if native seed are sown. Buy fresh seed each year. We believe in size of grains, etc., we sell the best Dent corn in the South. One 15c; 2 quarts 25c: quart. peck 60c; bushed \$1.65; sack 2 1-2 bushels, \$1.50 bushel; 5 bushels at \$1.45 bushel.

PENNSYLVANIA WHITE **DENT CORN-Same as above** only grain is white-which some prefer. Same price as yellow Dent. Many plant this for early garden use. We lay great store by the superiority of this North Virginia corn as sent out by us. For early farm corn nothing takes the place of Dent corns. They come on for the farmer in the nick of time. Same price as yellow Dent.

COCKE'S PROLIFIC CORN .--- Flinty, white, heavy. Two to seven ears. In swamps has grown 140 bushels shelled corn per acre. Our seed from North Virginia. Stood highest test at Geor-ric Evnorimort Station for several gia Experiment Station for several years. and also other Southern State Experiment Stations. Given great satisfaction here for several years. Same pric as Dent Corns.

MARLBORO PROLIFIC CORN.—A beautiful white Prolific Corn. Medium early, well adapted to both field and table purposes, just finity enough for milling most beautiful hominy and meal From practical experience and field test, Marlboro Prolific is one of the best of all prolific varieties; yields often from 2 to 4 large ears to each stalk. Same price as Dents.

MEXICAN JUNE CORN.—(Georgia grown.)—Plant not before June 1st to 15th. Grows ten to fifteen feet high. Full eared; large blades; fine ears. No other corn can be planted so late as this nor grows so tall, nor makes such an amount of late forage. Makes ears till September. You can have roasting ears in September and October and till frost, while remaining stalks give fine green forage for cattle. Pull in December. Till then does not harden on stalks—keeps green and soft. Quart 25c.; peck, \$1.00; bushel, \$3.00.

**BLOUNTS PROLIFIC**—Large yielding white, flinty, good meal, quick growth for late planting; fine Experimental Station results. 1 bushel \$2.00.

HICKORY KING—White, high land. Grain broad and large; cob exceedingly small. Prolific. 1 bushel \$2.00.

VA. ENSILAGE—Gourd Seed, Horse Tooth.—Makes larger growth and more fodder than other sorts. The universal Ensilage and fodder corn. Same price as Dents.

ALBERMARLE PROLIFIC. — Has made 164 bushels per acre shelled. Very tall; white corn, broad leaves, three to five ears. Virginia farmers have averaged 115 bushels to the acre. A cross between Cockes' Prolific, Flint, and Virginia Dent. Has won many farmers club prizes. Same price as Dents.

### OATS.

APPLER OATS—Car lots of less dealt in (32 pounds 1 bushel). Fall sown. We are the largest Georgia growing contractors. The finest Oat, according to the Experimental Station, Georgia, in the South. Rust proof; hardler than Texas. Heavy, often 37 pounds to bushel. Matures about ten days earlier than native rust proof and week or ten days later than

Burt. Exceedingly prolific; can be harvested about last week in May. Georgia Experimental Station says these are by far Georgia's best Oats. About 10 to 15 per cent. better in straw and oats than Nat. R. P. Oats. Get prices and car lots if wanted. State amount wanted.

IMPROVED GA. RUST PROOF OATS —These are Augusta's best native rust proof oats. These oats have been selected and improved three or four years. They stand far more cold than imported Texas oats, which are all spring-grown.; and are far heavier. These oats weigh a good per cent more than Texas Rust Proof. Our friends must remember that it takes as much chaff for a little as a big grain, and in Texas oats they are buying mostly chaff and beard. We are heavy wholesale dealers and growing contractors in these oats. Get price. State quantity.

BURT OATS.—These are practically the only spring oats—far better and safer than other oats sown in spring and when oats are winter killed these oats are invaluable. The Burt Oat is also good oat sown in fall; three weeks earlier than Native Rust Proof. We are large dealers in these oats in car lots. The man who wants oats three weeks earlier than other oats must plant Burt. Get prices.

TURF OR GRAZING OATS.—(Known as Va. Gray Winter.)—Do not resemble oats till they head; looks like rye, and looks, too, like orchard grass. No cold whatever seems to kill them. They can be winter grazed, and afterward will grow off and head out in spring like rye. These oats are popular and widely used further north. We've sold them for four or five years and our growers have been greatly pleased with them. Get prices.

**TEXAS SEED OATS.**—The usual Texas oats sold by growers are seed oftentimes full of cheat, Johnson grass, rye, Texas sunflower, and what not. We try to get in these the best seed to be had. Get prices. We are jobbers of the better kind.

IMPROVED BLACK RUSSIAN OATS. —(T artarian; Black Beauty)—32 lbs. per bushel.—The best all black oats. They are very early, straw is strong and vigorous, the head is extremely long. It stools out remarkably. In one instance they made as much as 200 stools from grain and 442 grains on one stalk. The grain is exceedingly black, shiny, plump and full. The hull is exceedingly thin and localities in the West report the yield as high as 70 bushels to the acre, with only ordinary cultivation. Thus far it is absolutely rust proof. So heavy are they that they sometimes run measured bushel 48 pounds. Sow in fall, Hardy, stiff—don't fall down. Tall. Get prices.

### POTATOES.

**IRISH POTATOES**—Ten bushels per acre. We do not sell less than one sack (10 pecks.)

We do an immense business to the merchant trade of this territory. Special prices in large amounts.

MAINE POTATOES—New York, Boston and Providence sells to the wholesale grocery trade of the South a large amount of so-called Eastern Potatoes that come from the West and through the lakes. These make big tops, but not two potatoes to the hill. These are sold cheap. They sell also Maine commission job lots branded-to-suit potatoes. We handle only the genuine Aroostook, Maine (direct in car lots), potatoes. We are agents for Augusta and territory for E. L. CLEVELAND CO., HOULTON, ME., the most responsible and largest potato shippers in Maine. Mr. Cleveland is president of

Houlton Bank. To protect ourselves Houlton Bank. To protect ourselves and you against miscellaneous brokers' potatoes, EVERY SACK OF OUR PO-TATOES WILL BE TAGGED AT HOUL TON BY E. L. CLEVELAND CO., with one of THEIR TAGS AND GUARAN-TEE and will thus COME TO YOU TAGGED.

These potatoes come to us direct in car lots. By these tags you know you are not getting New York stock with "rot" in them, nor Western seed that makes no potatoes in the South.

MAINE TRIUMPH OR RED BLISS-Extra early, round, pink skin, white flesh, handsome; especially adapted to Southern soil and climate. Southern trucker's favorite. 1 sk at \$2.20; 3 at \$2.85; 5 at \$2.80; 10 at \$2.75 per sk.

MAINE WHITE BLISS (OR PRIDE OF THE SOUTH).—Same as Red Bliss, except in color is white. Same price Triumph. as

MAINE HOULTON EARLY ROSE-One of the most popular of all potato varieties in the United States. Pro-ductive, good table qualities and a sat-isfactory all round early variety. A great improvement over the old fash-ion Early Rose. Larger in size. Same price as Triumph.

MAINE GREEN MOUNTAIN—Very handsome oval white potato, medium late, well flavored. Disease resistant. Productive and best hotel potato known. Same price as Triumph.

MAINE BEAUTY OF **HEBRON-**White potato, week later than Early Rose. Superior for table; exceedingly productive. Same price as Triumph.

MAINE EARLY GOODRICH—Color is pure white and highly recommended for market and home use. A standard for a generation and still popular. Same price as Triumph.

SECOND CROP IRISH POTATOES.-Red Bliss Triumph. Ten peck sac Ten peck sack. Get price.

SWEET POTATOES—Georgia grown Seed trade supplied. No part of Amer-ica, we believe, grows the sweet potato to the same perfection that Richmond county does.

VINELESS BUNCH YAMS .--- Vines do not run; grow erect; can be plowed and cultivated like corn; grow well between corn hills; potatoes easily gathered, bunching like Irish potatoes; sweet. Barrel (3 bushels), \$4.00.

**PUMPKIN YAM.**—Rather late; universally grown about here, Georgia Experiment Station says: "Oblong, weight 2.41 pounds; color skin, cream pink; flesh, pumpkin red; quality, rich, sugary; productive; and improves with keeping. Barrel (3 bushels), \$4.00.

WILLET'S RED SKIN POTATO.-(Not the old Negro killer variety.)-A juicy, yellow-meat, smooth yam. More prolific than even pumpkin yam, and 25 per cent to one-third larger. Very ear-ly-make good "eaters" in June; the market man's friend. Elliptical; very few small ones. Our earliest. most prolific and largest potato. Same price as Pumpkin Yam.

## FIELD PEAS.

USE OUR SOIL INOCULATING BACTERIA FOR COW PEAS COW PEAS-These seed grown in orgia. United States seed trade sup-COW Georgia plied. Sixty pounds to bushel. Their best habitation is about us. The South's best friend. The clover of the South. Contains more nutriment as hay than clover or alfalfa. Grows in poorest soil clover or alfalfa. Grows in poorest soil Invaluable for hay, peas, or soil reno-vator. Georgia Experiment Station made, per acre, 25,256 pounds green hay, or 5,000 dry. The soil's best reno-vator. Seed must come from South. Plant about May 10— or after grain— one bushel to one and half per acre, broadcast; and between hills, 1 peck to 2 pecks per acre. Early planting make most forage: late planting, most peas. most forage; late planting, most peas.

UNKNOWN, OR WONDERFUL, OR BOSS, OR QUADROON.—Best combina-tion pea for heavy vines and stock pea Stands at the head. Erect vines; late maturing; pale, buff color peas. Get prices. State amount wanted.

WHIPPORWILL, OR SPECKLED. of variety; tall, upright; yellow pod; brown speckled pea. Earliest of all peas; liked in the north; not much vine to it; grown principally for the peas of which it bears heavily. Get prices.

prices. **IRON PEA**—Small, hard buckshot pea. U. S. Government says: Proof against root wilt or rot. Does not rot in pods. Can be "picked" late. Green pea. vines till frost. Can be planted pea. vines till frost. Can be defort with oats in fall and will come off after oats are off in spring. Along South Carolina coast they plant nothing else. One bushel plants as much as 1 1-2 bushels of big peas. Get prices.

BLACK-EYE WHITES; YELLOW-EYE WHITES.—Quotations given and trade supplied with CLAY MILLER, TORY, LITTLE LADY, CROWDER.

MIXED COW PEAS.—Few Georgia farmers grow unmixed peas of one type. In mixed peas, if the soil or sea-son is not favorable to one type, then it will be favorable to some of the other types. It is almost impossible for this reason to buy straight unmix-ed peas. They are cheaper than straights. Small peas as found in all mixes, go further than big peas of any one type. Get prices. one type. Get prices.

### RICE.

UPLAND RICE, OR CAROLINA RICE — (Georgia grown seed. Trade sup-plied.)—Forty-four pounds to bushel; drill in April or March; one peck to acre, covering one and a half inches or drop twelve seed in hill twelve inches apart; rows three feet apart; plant in stiff land; damp is best; profitable crop; largely grown around Augusta. Best prices from us in large amounts. Yield twenty to thirty hushels in upland and thirty to sixty bushels in low land. Get prices. UPLAND RICE, OR CAROLINA RICE

### WHEAT.

PURPLE STRAW AMBER WHEAT-Sixty pounds.)-Bearless. After exper-imenting with twenty varieties of wheat we find, for Georgia, this is the best.

We sell tremendous amounts of wheat and our stock can be relied on for this section. Get prices on

FULTZ (beardless); FULCASTER (bearded); RED MAY (beardless; EAR-LY CURRELL'S PROLIFIC (beardless, flinty, productive—Fine Milling Wheat.

TO PREVENT SMUT IN WHEAT: For preventive see our Page "Insecticides." Blue Stone and Formalin.

## FIELD PUMPKINS.

WILLET'S FIELD PUMPKINS.— Three pounds to acre. Easily kept all winter for the table or for cattle, and easily grown. Seems an absolute pity that pumpkin growing should so fall into disfavor. One lb., 40c; 3 pounds, \$1.00.

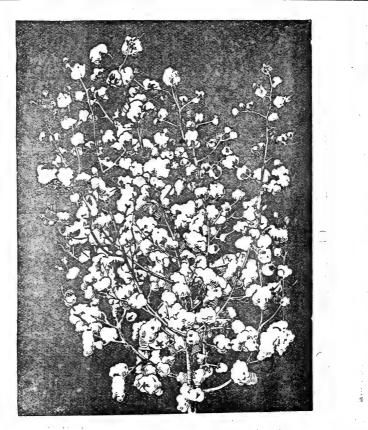
## PECANS.

**PAPER SHELL PECANS.--Largest** for seed purposes. Pecan culture is increasing by bounds. Fortunes are being made in many places. Our seed are the best. Run about sixty pecans to the pound. Plant in sand boxes and replant 30 feet each way. One pound, 85c; 5 to 10 at 75c lb.

## RAFFIA.

**RAFFIA.**—Ours is the choicest broadest leaf that we can buy. Used by truckers for wrapping. One pound 20c.; 10 to 25 pounds, at 15c; 100 pounds at 13c; bale at 12. pound.

## GEORGIA COTTON SEEDS.



**COTTON PLANTING SEED**—We are the largest dealers in the world of cotton seed for planting purposes. We sell more cotton planting seeds than any house in the world—selling them for American use, and for foreign exportation. The various European and South American governments, engaged in exploiting cotton growing in remote districts, have continuously and for years come to us for seeds in large amounts.

Augusta is the South Atlantic cotton center; has four large cotton com-presses; a large number of private cotton warehouses, and two of the finest and largest bonded cotton warehouses, with latest improvements, in the world. Augusta has more cotton mills than any city in the South. Usually cotton lint brings a higher price here than in any city in the South, and for long periods in the year it has an equal price to the New York market.

We give below in order as listed and department, the following cuts: First Cut—A stalk of cotton show-

ing matured plant.

Second Cut-Bloom, leaf and squares. Third Cut-Cotton bloom.

Fourth Cut-Matured cotton boll.

Fifth Cut-Short staple lint 7-8 to 1.06 inches long.

Sixth Cut—Long staple cotton lint, with seed in the middle—lint from 1 1-2 to 1 5-8 inches.

## FREIGHT RATES COTTON SEED.

FREIGHT RATES COTTON SEED. Not Guaranteed. Freight, less than car, Augusta to Texas Common Points, \$1.10 per 100 or 33 cents a bushel, and to New Orleans, Memphis and Vicksburg, 40c 100 lbs or 12 cents a bushel; North Carolina to New Orleans, Memphis and Vicksburg, 41c or 12 3-10 cents a bushel

**Car lots** (30.000 lbs), North Carolina to above Mississippi River points, 33c 100 lbs; Augusta to these points 24c 100 lbs.

Special Car Rates from Memphis, ef-fective December 25, expiring March 30, 1907, of 20c 100 lbs to Indian Ter-ritory and Oklahoma points on M, K. and T., except to locals on Sata Fe system.

Cotton Culture-Break 8 to 10 inches deep with two-horse plow, and harrow with smoothing harrow; plant with cotton planter; rows 3 1-2 feet to 4 cotton planter; rows 3.1-2 feet to 4 feet apart. Chop out, when cotton is up, spacing in rows 16 to 20 inches apart in the drill-1 or 2 plants to the hill according to the land. Cultivate with cultivator, shallow and level, about every 10 days, breaking crust and leaving a dust mulch to retard loss of moisture. Do not disturb roots.

TOOLE COTTON-(Short staple) of the King type, low bush; shapely height, 3.73 feet; plant close; 87 bolls height, 3.73 feet; plant close; 87 bolls to 1 lb.seed cotton. Ala. Exp. Sta. re-ports 81 per cent picked in fiield by Sept. 7th—only a few days later than King's. Can be planted 15 to 18 inches in row and 2 stalks to hill. Originated some half dozen years ago at Augusta. Today 3-4 of our best planters in this county grow pothing at Augusta. Today 3-4 of our best planters in this county grow nothing else. A cross between King and Pe-terkin—has good qualities of both. tarlier than Peterkin, taller and larger than King, bigger bolled. Three large limbs near roots parallel with the ground. Seed green-white, mcdium size. Magnificently productive. Comes early and holds on fruiting till late. Fine results on poor land. Stands drought and negro usage. Gins 42 to 45 per cent. Many other cottons only "third." No other cotton so prolific in field or at sin. Stands ot hold of Au field or at gin. Stands at head at Au-gusta. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 at \$1.00; 10 at 90c; 25 to 50 at 85c; 100 bushels at 80c bushel.

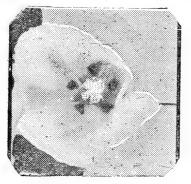
KING'S COTTON SEED—(Short sta-ple.) Tolerably small stalk with spreading limbs, pyramid shape: The earliest cotton in United States. Habi-tat is highlands of North Carolina, the altitude and latitude making quick early maturing season. 103 bolls make La Standard Standa (in Georgia several weeks later). Prolific-the writer makes 1 1-4 bales per and green-white; 3-4 or more of the blooms have red spot on the bloom. Often makes a second and top crop. Invaluable for planting after wheat, oats and beardless barley, and Irish potatoes are off the ground. The sal-vation of Texas and Louisiana in the Mexican boll wevil district. Texas and other States should come bar and other States should come here every year henceforth for these and other seed in preference to Texas weeinfested seed. vil

We offer this North Carolina stock f. o. b. Augusta: 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 to 10 at \$1.00; 25 at 90c. Will price car lots as wanted, either f. o. b. North Carolina or Augusta.



MOSS' IMPROVED PETERKIN—Or-iginated several years ago in South Carolina. Medium boll, small seed, with high percentage of lint yield. Resembles Peterkin. Hight 3 feet 8-10. Stood first Georgia Experiment-al Station 1902, third ditto 1899 and 1900 Eighty-three bolls makes one 1900. Eighty-three bolls makes one pound seed cotton. Yields 44.9 lbs of lint in 100 lbs seed cotton as per Georgia Experimental report. Few, if Mose' today, Mose' being an improve-ment. Stands storms, do not blow out. Limby, like Peterkin. Fruits closely 1,400 lbs often making 500 to 550 lbs of lint. Not quite so large a stalk as Peterkin. A great addition to cotton world and to Peterkin type cotton. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 to 10 at \$1.00; 25 at 90c.

TRUITT'S BIG BOLL COTTON-(Short staple). Originated in Georgia. Big boll type, 74 bolls making 1 lb seed cotton. Gins 37 to 39; 23 per cent open by Sept. 7th. This is a distinctive cotton with its big seed and its big bolls, making gathering easy. Some of the most scientific and best posted farmers in Georgia grow nothing else Has received premiums at five expositions. Well known; largely used. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 to 10 at \$1.00; 25 at 90c.



COOK'S IMPROVED BIG BOLL—Extra big boll; short staple. Originated in 1904 in Georgia. A carefully selected hybrid; 63 bolls make 1 pound of seed cotton. Height 3.84 inches. Lints 38 to 40. Ranked at Georgia Experiment Station, 1905, above all othercottons in value. Bolls round, blunt point 4 or 5 locked. Lint length 7-8 to 1 1-8 inches. Matures medium early -30 per cent open by September 1st. A persistent bearer. Plants shape resembles Peterkin type. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 to 10 \$1.00; 25 at 90c a bushel.

HARDIN COTTON—Short staple. Originated in Georgia several years since. Medium boll. Medium to tall size, short limbs up to top—2 larger limbs at bottom. Grows trim, straight up, no surplus foliage. Plant close in drill, and as to rows. Medium size white seed. Very prolific. We grew this on writer's farm in 1905, planting May 20th, matured a heavier first crop than other varieties and made a big top crop—1 3-4 bales to acre—not extra land. Many of the largest and most extensive scientific planters in this country, after testing Hardin in 1905, planted it exclusively in 1906, making 1 1-8 bales to acre in this 60 per cent poor crop year. The top stalk above limbs fruits heavily to the apex or plant top, a most remarkable sight and altogether original to Hardin. This cotton largely exploited and sold at high prices. Our stock is of finest. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels for \$5.50; 10 bushels \$10.00.

CHRISTOPHER IMPROVED—(Short staple)—A comparatively new Georgia cotton. One of the best big boll type cottons, resembling Culpepper. Made in 1905 at Augusta 102 bales on one tract 106 acres. 60 bolls make 1 lb seed cotton. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 for \$5.50; 10 for \$10.00.

CULPEPPER'S IMPROVED BIG BOLL—Short staple Georgia cotton. A large bolled variety. Ranked at North Carolina Experiment Station first in 1900, second in 1901, first in 1902 and third in 1903. Early—15 per cent out by Sept. 1st. Large sized weed with spreading limbs well bolled and holds its cotton well. It ranked in 1899 first at the Georgia Experiment Station. The bolls contain five locks to the boll. Bolls cling close to the branches. 56 bolls make 1 lb seed cotton. One bushel \$1.50; 5 bushels \$6.25; 10 for \$11.00.

WILLET'S RED LEAF COTTON (Big boll)—Short though extra staple—1 inch. A field of it is a sight beautiful and not to be forgotten. Possesses the remarkable and beautiful characteristic that every leaf and limb of the color of deep maroon Colea leaves. Another remarkable characteristic is that for four years it has not been subject to rust, nor August deterioration, and seems almost wholly resistant to drought, and cold, and partially to root wilt—a peculiarly sturdy, resistant plant. Stalk is tall. (Tallest cotton at Georgia Experiment Station among 26 types). Limbs curve upwards; well fruited, making one and one-quarter bales this year to the acre. Many bolls have five locks. Seed quite small and greenish. The lint is noticeably a particularly heavy and strong 1 inch long, resembling wool in strength. The pretty and odd flower is deep pink (not white). Not an early cotton. 1 bushel \$1.50; 5 at \$1.25; 10 at \$1.15; 25 at \$1.00.

PETERKIN IMPROVED COTTON-A South Carolina cotton. Branching, open growing and prolific. Ten per cent of the seed slip their lint-that is, are free wholly of lint, and are smooth, bare and black. To uninitiated the seed look mixed. Yield of lint is about 40 per cent. This cotton fruits the whole season. A partial dry season does not largely affect the crop. A tough, hardy limby cotton, good for hard negro usage, poor and droughty lands. Often called "The Negro Cotton." Out of 38 cottons ranked 1904 at Georgia Experiment Station as being the most valuable. Late, small boll. 100 seeds yield 1 lb seed cotton. Average height 4.06 feet. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels at \$1.09; 10

**BROWN SEED PETERKIN**—The same largely as Peterkin Improved, except that the smooth bare seed of Peterkin are eliminated, and color of seed are brown. This newer cotton has a host of friends who love the Peterkin types, but do not wish naked seeds. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 at \$1.10; 10 at \$1.00; 25 to 50 at 90c.

HAWKINS COTTON-(Short staple). Originated in Georgia. Semi-cluster variety; 35 per cent out by Sept 1. medium boll; 77 bolls weigh 1 lb; 3 feet high. Distributed many years by United States government in free seeds. Three large limbs at bottom. Being a tall grower it has a long tap root, which resists drought well. Small seed—some light gray, some green. Yields 35 to 40 per cent. The cut in Catalogue is Hawkins' cotton from life; shows over 100 bolls, well developed, on one stalk. Our seeds are absolutely pure. An old established, most desirable cotton, well adapted to all soils, with large acreage yield. Bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels \$5.00; 25 to 50 bushels at 90c.

GARRARD'S IMPROVED PROLIFIC —Short staple. Originated in Georgia. Close kin to Hawkins' 47 per cent open by Sept. 1st. 3 feet high; 100 bolls make 1 lb seed cotton. It has a very small boll and seed. Semi-cluster. Same price as Hawkins.

Same price as Hawkins. **RUSSELU'S EIG BOLL - Hardy.** large bolled and vigorous growing; yields well, popular with pickers. Stood second in 1000, first in 1901 and 1902 and seventh in 1903 at the Edgecombe farm; second in 1900, first in 1901, second in 1902 and sixth in 1903 at Red Springs, and third in 1903 at Statesville-all being North Carolina Experiment farm stations. Short stapie. Originated in Alabama; 55 bolls weigh 1 lb. Lielium late. Rauk stalk from 4 to 6 feet high, from which spring near its base 2 long limbs upon which the bolls grow in clusters. Bolls large, 4 to 5 locks. Seed are dark groen. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels \$5.50; 10 for \$10.00; 25 at 90c bushel. LEURS' PL-UIPBOUND CONTON-

\$3.30; 10 for \$10.00; 25 at see Subject Short staple. A Georgia cotton. Big boil. A great favorite with the Agricultural Department at Washington; was distributed by them for a long term of years. Large plant, and lint that is enceelingly strong and prized by thread mills. 53 seed weigh 1 lb. Second cotton out of 30 cottons at Georgia Station, as regards size of boll. Medium as to earliness. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels for \$5.50; 10 for \$1.25; 25 at 90c bushel.



WINTER'S LONG BIG BOLL-Short staple. Originated in Richmond County several years since. In a Toole field some peculiar stalks were noticed on the Richmond County Reformatory farm. Seed were saved several years. Though the season was bad and the land was badly drowned out in 1906, it made one and a half bales to the acre. It is an exceedingly large boll-the largest boll ever seen in Richmond County. The boll, too, is exceedingly long, and pointed like a pecan. Tall as Peterkin, rather limby, though opening out rapidly does not fall out; matures medium late. Manager Winter regards it as a most valuable cotton and the best that he has ever grown among all the big bolls. It is a brand new type among the big bolls. Supply very limited. 1 peck \$1.00; 1 bushel, \$3.00.

SCHLEY'S IMPROVED BIG BOLL-Short staple. A Georgia cotton. Big bolt type. 24 per cent open by Sept. 1st. 60 bolts make 1 pound of seed cotton. Height 2.38. Originally from Jones' Improved, but re-selected at Georgia Experiment Station for eight years, standing in grade at this station during the eight years as follows: 2d, 7th, 7th. 19th, 4th, 2d, 2d, 3d. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 for \$5.50; 10 for \$10.00; 25 at 90c a bushel.

DONCOLA BIG BOLL—Originated in Georgia. Big boll; 70 seed make one pound seed cotton. Stands among the late cottons, though at the Georgia Experiment Station in 1902 165 pounds per acre was picked out by August 20th. Has large white seed. The plant is somewhat limby like Peterkin, limbs straight out, big limbs close higher and fruits on limbs. The lint is 55 to 42 per cent from the cotton. Stays will in the boll. Large fancy scientific farmers in McDunie, while scientific farmers in Mc

Los Cl. 11 to at a particle. The state of the state of outles. The state of the state of the state of the state have the state of the state of the state light line percentage. Has runked medal at Charleston Exposition. Height 26 to 40 inches; 96 seeds make one pound of seed cotton. Fairly early. Long top root; with stands drought. One bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels \$5.50; 10 bushels \$10.00; 25 bushels at 90c a bushel.

BATES VICTOR COTTON-Brown seal. A South Carolina cotton. Yields 42 to 46 per cent. Of Peterkin type. Was exhibited at Paris Exposition One stalk at Augusta Exhibition 1891 had 682 well developed bolls. It takes over a hundred seeds to make 1 pound of cotton seed. A rather late, but excedingly prolific. 1 bushels \$1,25; 5 bushels \$5.00; 10 bushels for \$10.00; 25 bushels at 90c a bushel; 100 at 85c.

BERRY'S BIG BOLL—Short staple. big boll; 63 seed make 1 lb seed cotton. A Georgia cotton. Well advertised. Medium late. Tall, robust, big white seeds. Georgia Experiment Station reported one year out of 19 varieties Berry's as ranking first in size of boll. One bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels \$5.50; 10 bushels for \$10.00.

STRICKLAND COTTON-Short staple. 56 bolls make 1 lb seed cotton. A new cotton from Alabama. Largely exploited. One bushel \$1.50; 5 at \$1.25.

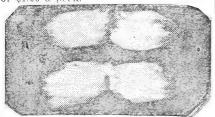
MORTGAGE LIFTER—Short staple. Big boll. Big boll type. 13 per cent open by Sept. 1st. A Georgia cotton. Much advertised in North Georgia. A highly prolific type, close kin to Jones' Improved Big Boll. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 for \$5.50; 10 for \$10.50; 25 at 90c bushel. JACKSON LIMBLESS COTTON— Short staple. A Georgia cotton. Medium to large boll; 71 bolls making 1 lb seed cotton; 41 per cent open by Sept. 1st. Widely and sensationally advertised and controlled several years by syndicates. Almost wholly limbless; very tall—as tall as a man. A most striking and distinct cotton; known to be the most Root-wilt resistant cotton in the United States. 1 bushel \$1.50; 5 bushels at \$1.25 bushel; 10 for \$12.50.

JEFF WELBORN'S PET—A Mississippi cotton. Boll medium; about 80 1 lb seed cotton. Tall, resembling Jackson Limbless. Jackson Limbless was supposed to be the same cotton as Welborn. 1 bushel \$1.50; 5 at \$1.25; 10 for \$12.50.

SHINE'S EARLY PROLIFIC COT-TON-Short staple. A North Carolina cotton. One of the earliest cottons known in cotton world, maturing in 90 to 100 days. Small boll, small shapely plant. Fruits from ground to top. Used largely in boll weevil section of Texas. Price, 1 bushel \$1.50; 5 bushels at \$1.25; 10 at \$1.00.

BROADWELL'S DOUBLE JOINTED COTTON—Originated in Georgia. A sensational cotton exhibited, and was awarded first and second prize Georgia State Fair 1905 for the largest yields, and also first prize for largest yield at Macon Fair 1905. The cotton is double jointed—that is, where one boll stem originates usually there is two in this cotton. The originator has a certificate from his gin company showing that he gathered in 1905 over 12 bales of 409 lbs each from 4 acres.

bales of 409 lbs each from 4 acres. The originator expected to gather 13 bales off of his 4 acres in 1906. Seed sells by originator 50c a pound, or \$1.50 a peck. We offer it at 25c a lb or \$1.25 a peck.



ROWDEN PROLIFIC BIG BOLL STORM PROOF—A Texas cotton. Big boll; storm proof, yet hangs to the boll; an especially easy cotton to pick, ordinary pickers picking sometimes 200 lbs per day more than some other cottons. 1,400 lbs makes 500 lbs of lint. We have a Texas grower, but cannot ship out of Texas on account of boll weevil laws; but will fill Texas orders from our Texas grower. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels for \$5.50; 10 bushels for \$10.00.

ALLEN'S SILK LONG STAPLE—A Mississippi cotton. Medium to large boll, 77 making one pound seed cotton. Thirty-five per cent open by Sept. 7th. Any ordinary type of short staple cotton planted continuously in the bend of the Mississippi river makes 1 1-8 inch lint, and is called "Bender Cotton." Similarly, the usual types of Long Staples planted in these bends increases their staple in length—making staple at least 1 5-8 inches. In Mississippi in 1906 a lot of 300 bales of Allen Silk Long Staple lint sold for 19 1-2 to 24 cents per pound. We offer Georgia Allen's Silk, 1 bushels \$10.00. We offer Mississippi seed f. o. b. Mississippi, one bushel \$1.50; larger amounts \$1.25 per bushel.

SUNFLOWER LONG STAPLE—Originated in Mississippi in 1900. U. S. Agricultural Department has introduced and exploited this cotton. Our growings are from their seed. U. S. government says: "Yield fully equal to short staple varieties. For 4 years previous to 1906 brought in Mississippi highest price of any cotton, viz: 14 1-2 to 15 1-2 cents a pound. 19 per cent open by September. Almost as early as King cotton. Plant medium, vigorous, sugar loaf in form; bolls medium, 4 to 5 locked, opening well, but not dropping seed cotton; seeds medium to small, covered with white fuzz; lint fine, strong, length 1 1-2 inches. Seasons early." In Charleston 1906, 30 bales sold for 6 1-2 cents premium. Long staples are more valuable now than ever before known. Buy this U. S. Agricultural Department exploited cotton. We made this year about Augusta a bale and half to the acre Sunflower. 1 bushel \$1.50; 5 bushels \$6.00; 10 bushels for \$11.00.



FLORODORA LONG STAPLE-Has tremendously advertised. Α been Yields of one South Carolina cotton. to three bales per acre reported from almost every cotton producing State. growth, branching Rapid, vigorous matures fruiting heavily; freely anđ 15 per cent by September; bolls often five-locked. Sold in Augusta in 1906 at 16 cents a pound, when middling was 11 cents. Easily gathered; will not fall out. Common saw gins answer for delinting. One bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels for \$5.50; 10 bushels for \$10. One bushel \$1.25;

SIMS' LONG STAPLE COTTON— Originated in South Carolina. Very early. First picking August 10. All picked out in October. Space it 18 by 36. An all around timber; full foliage; continuous fruiter, and does not finish up in August as do some early cluster cottons. Is as prolific as any big boll variety—demonstrated by experience. Long, strong staple. One bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels \$5.50; 10 bushels \$10.00.

DOUGHTY'S EXTRA LONG STAPLE —Originated in Augusta, Ga. Stalk is long-limbed and branching. The staple is one and five-eighths inches long. Our leading cotton factors agree that this is one our best long staple that comes to Augusta. United States Agricultural Department has distributed it. Eleven bales of cotton were made this year on twelve acres. 73 bolls make 1 lb seed cotton; 14 per cent open by Sept. 1st. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 bushels \$5.50; 10 bushels \$10.00.

**COOK'S SILK LONG STAPLE**—An old, well known variety; 18 per cent open by Sept. 1st. We sell a large amount of this long staple also. 1 bushel \$1.25; 5 for \$5.50; 10 for \$10.00.

SEA ISLAND COTTON—Forty-two pounds bushel. Extra long staple; lint 15-8 or 1 3-4 to 2 inches. The famous Sea Island cottons off the South Carolina-Georgia coasts are known all over the world. While planted 75 miles interior, yet seed must come annually from coast or lint is not so long. Roller gin is used, lint slipping the seed. Product of this cotton of ours is usually twenty 350-1b bales on 25 acres. Tall bush; yield about 30 pounds lint for 100 pounds of seed. This lint 1906 brings in the interior 35c, while coast raised lint brings 45 to 50c. In spite of the Sea Island Seed Trust, we offer finest seed, 1 bushel (42 lbs) \$2.00; 5 bushels at \$1.75 per bushel; 10 at \$1.65.

SILK SEA ISLAND—Extra long staple (42 lbs bushel). We have never been able heretofore to offer this Silk Sea Island seed; only a few growers grow it, and will not dispose of seed at any price. Our grower usually gets as high as 60c a pound. In 1906 he is holding his whole crop at 75c a pound! He says that the Florida and Georgia growers of Sea Island would make from 15 to 25 cents per pound more on their crop by planting these seed. A sample of this lint shown in the city, 1906, proved 2 inches in length, and was declared by experts the finest Sea Island lint ever in Augusta. It is almost indistinguishable from silk; equal to the finest Edisto lint. In spite of Sea Island Seed Trust we offer these seed, peck \$1.00; 1 bushel \$2.75; 5 bushels at \$2.50 bushel; 10 bushels at 2.40 bushel.

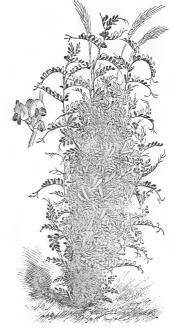
## GRASSES FOR THE SOUTH.

Get prices in large amounts. State number of acres to plant. Not bound by catalogue prices on account price fluctuations.

A CULTURE FOR VETCH GROW-ING-Before planting, send for our pamphlet on "Augusta Vetch Growing." This firm, in spring 1905, forced U. S. Treasury Department to reverse their former decisions, whereby now Vetches come in as grasses duty free. This is a saving of 30 per cent-75c to \$1.20 a bushel, to all American Vetch growers. Give us your thanks with your trade. We are car lot importers through Southern ports. We sow Sativa and Villosa from August to December 15th; a few sow in early spring. Our usual tormula is 3-4 to a bushel of Sativa, or 1-2 bushel of Villosa, together with 2 to 4 quarts of oats, and also 2 quarts of Late White Bloom Crimson Clover, per acre. The above is finest hay combination-some thousands of acres about this citythe hay bringing in 1906 \$20.00 per ton. Both Vetches grow 5 or 6 feet. Both Vetches tiller heavily--Villosa 5 to 12 per seed, and Vicia Sativa 4 to 6. Our dairymen plant, too, for green crops, early fall per acre, 1 bushel of Beardless Barley, 1-2 bushel of one of the Vetches, and 1 bushel of Rye; cut the Beardless Barley within 90 days, and Rye and Vetch in early spring, to be followed by several later cuttings. Flowers are fine for bees. Our best Winter Legume-vastly enriching the soil in winter; being followed by cow peas in summer, two Legume crops

**VETCH-VICIA SATIVA**—A Winter legume. Use our Soil Inoc. Bact. Read above Vetch Culture and get our Vetch pamphlet. Grows well with Bermùda and Johnson Grass. The standard hay grass on the magnificent hay farms around Augusta; also good

for winter pasturage. 1 lb 15c. Get prices.



**VETCH-VICIA VILLOSA**—A Winter Legume. Known as Hairy Vetch. Use our Soil Inoculating Bacteria. Ripens two weeks earlier than Sativa, and slightly hardier than Sativa; a slower grower at first than Sativa; makes rapid strides after March. Read Vetch Culture per above, and be sure and write for our pamphlet on Vetch growing at Augusta. When cut for hay neither Sativa nor Villosa re-seed themselves. Both yield 2 to 4 tons best hay known and bringing highest prices on the market. 1 lb 15c. Get prices.

JOHNSON GRASS-(Sorghum Halepense; 28 pounds to bushel)-Known, too, as Guinea and Mean's Grass. Vetch and Johnson Grass are the standard Augusta Hay Farm mixtures. Plant Johnson Grass as soon as the frost disappears till June, 40 pounds to the acre. Cut before the head is in flower. Three to five cuttings per season; withstands any drought; yields heavy crops year after year, without resetting, though ground needs discharrowing. Do not let it go to seed; spreads it if you do. Tender when cut young; makes immense crops; hardy. 1 b Loc; 1 bushel \$2.25.

LUCERNE CLOVER, OR ALFALFA —A Legume; use our Soll Inoc. Bact. (Medicago Sativa); (60 lbs bushel). Stoois or multiplies its stems heavily, thirty or forty stalks from one root. These throw out numberless intertwined branches, average growth three feet. Drill or broadcast fitteen pounds per acre. Spring or fall (February or March best). Cut before blooming four to six times a season. Stand once set lasts a life time. The hay plant of America. One pound 25c; 15 pounds \$2.00.

GEORGIA BUR CLOVER-(Medicago Maculata)-Only in burs unhulled. A Legume; use our Soil Inoc. Bact. Ten pounds bushel. Plant two or more bushels per acre. Sow July to October 1. Smoothly harrow land and cover only one-quarter inch in depth. Sprouts with fall rains and matures abut May 20. If cut or grazed maturity is June 10. When seed ripen, plant land in corn or cotton, etc. Furnishes immense grazing for cattles, sheep and hogs in winter. Makes fine hay. Poor clay land planted in Bur Clover will increase fertility yearly. One planting lasts a life time. Only sold in bur. One pound 25c; 1 bushel \$1.85; 2 bushels at \$1.75.

CALIFORNIA BUR CLOVER—(Medicago Denticulata). Close kin to Georgia Bur. From now on we will be able to fill your orders for choice recleaned hulled seed. Sow 15 to 20 lbs per acre, July to October, by itself or With Eermuda. Grass or Winter Yetches. In the South, Bur Clover has been found admirably adapted for use with Bermuda Grass, the combination of the two making a splendid allthe-year-round green pasturage, or for big lawns for public buildings. When sown on Bermuda Grass sod, the sod must be scarified to give the clover a chance to get its roots in the soil below the layer of Bermuda roots. 1 pound 25c; 5 at 20c; 15 at 18c.

BERMUDA GRASS SEED—(Cynodon Dactylon)—We are importers from New Zealand; seed trade supplied. Five pounds mixed well with fine sand should set an acre. Cut three or four times—three or four tons acre. Sunloving grass. Fine sand and soil binder. Best of all grasses for summer pastures. Once planted lasts forever. Fine hay. Grows well even on sandy soil. Plant in spring or summer when ground continues moist. March is best. One pound 90c; 5 pounds at 75c.

**EERMUDA GRASS ROOTS**—About 6 pounds to bushel. Plant 25 to 50 bushels per acre, and at any time in year but winter. Set out sets 1 foot each way in prepared and smooth soil. Cover lightly. Twelve-bushel sack for \$1.75.

JAPAN CLOVER—A Legume.—(Lespedeza Striata)—Southern seed; trade supplied. (25 lbs bus.) Grows anywhere, is tenacious in any soil, lasts always. Well known now in the South. Sow in fall or spring in permanent pastures. Is eaten greedily by stock June until frost. In some soils it grows twenty inches high; is mowed, two tons to acre. Rich soil grows thirty inches. Appears in May. Can plant in spring 25 lbs per acre alone, or fall with rye and oats. One pound, 20c; 1 bushel \$4.50.

IIERDS OR RED TOP-(Agrostis Vulgaris)-(10 lbs bus.)-Good perennial, generally sown on permanent moist land pastures. It is best when fed close down as a forage plant. Not killed by overflows. Improves with age each year. Chief value is when made part of grass mixtures for fall pastures. Sow in fall or spring, three bushels to acre. We quote only fancy recleaned. 10 pounds half acre, \$1.40.

RED CLOVER—Trifolium Pratense) Legume. Use our Soil Inoc. Bact. (60 lbs bus.) Sow broadcast in spring, September or October, fifteen pounds to the acre, or sow with any spring-grain as early as ground is suitabl for plowing. Needs a stiff soil. The most widely cultivated of all pasturage plants for pasturage, hay and enricher of soil. Frice, 1 pound 20c; 5 pounds for 85c; 15 pounds for one acre, \$2.50.

SCARLET GR CRIMSON CLOVER-(Trifolium Incarnatum)-Legume. Use our Soil Inoc. Bact. (60 lbs bus.) An annual. A month earlier than red clover, and can be sown on thinner land, not wet. Can be cut for green food in April or May, or for hay, or for plowing under. Stools heavily. It grows during winter and spring months. Sow on top of ground broadcast, August, September or October, 20 pounds to acre. Can be pastured in December and January and still yield. One pound 10c; 20 pounds \$2.00, for one acre.

LATE WHITE BLOOMING CRIM-SON CLOVER-Is about three weeks later; makes a larger growth, yields more hay or forage, and grazing than the regular early blooming crimson headed clover. Is adapted for winter sowing with oats, also with vetches (See Vetch culture). Matures with oats and vetch. Sow on top of ground, 20 lbs per acre. Price, 1 pound 15c; 1-2 bushel \$3.25; 1 bushel \$6.25.

WHITE CLOVER—(Trifolium Repens)—Not a heavy producer, but invaluable in permanent pastures and lawns. Sow twelve pounds to acre in fall or spring. Fall is better. Price, 30c a pound; 5 to 10 pounds at 25c pound. KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—Pro Pratensis)—(14 lbs bus.) Pasture grass well known. Usually sown in fall with other grasses—orchard grass, clover, etc.; also used in lawns and woodlawns. Sow two bushels per acre. A perennial for dark soiled lowlands or lime lands. Good grazing in fall and winter. One pound 20c; 1 bushel for one half acre \$2.50. Fancy quality only.

GEORGIA "TEXAS BLUE GRASS"-Poa Arachnifern)-Perennial. Transplant sets or roots November to April; run off rows twenty-four inches apart, drop sets twelve inches in rows. Can be pushed into soil with an inch-wide stick. Live easily. Cultivate first year with wide sweep; after this it takes care of itself. Makes fine pastures for November and May. Do not too closely graze crop in summer. Grows two to three feet high and thick; makes good cutting in spring. Makes good lawn and for terraces nothing superior. We get \$1.00 for 1,000 sets; \$5.50 for 10,000; 5 to 10,000 sets an acre.

LAWN AND PARK "EVERGREEN" GRASS—We have the best mixture we know of. So compounded with seven or eight grasses that it insures green grass all the year. Our mixtures have succeeded here when others failed (14 lbs bus.). One pound of seed 30c, plants plat 10x10 feet; 2 lbs 50c; 10 lbs \$2.25; 60 lbs, 1 acre, \$10.80.

**ORCHARD GRASS**—(Dactylis Glomerata).—(14 lbs bus.). Sow two bushels to acre, fall or spring. Excellent perennial. Commences spring Growth in February; ready for hay cutting in April. Graze then till hot summer. Early autumn starts new set of leaves, making rich pasturage, remaining green all fall and winter. Mixes well with Red Top. A good shady woodlawn pasture. No better winter growth on wet or heavy clay lands. One pound 20c; bushel, for half acre, \$2.25.

GEORGIA MELILOTUS ALBA, OR BOKHARA CLOVER—A Legume (33 pounds). Sow one bushel one acre, in March. Lime or black soil. Once planted, always planted. Fine hay crop—several cuttings. Begin cuttings in June and before seeding. Does not seed first year, but reproduces from roots; second year cut hay and then allow to go to seed. Will reseed as long as the land is unbroken. One pound 15c. AWNLESS BROME GRASS-(Bromus Inermis). (Also called Hungarian Brome and Smooth Brome). Adapted to bare and sandy soil and withstands drought; not adapted to heavy wet soils. Better as a pasturage grass than a hay crop. Good all-the-yearround pasturage grass. Almost evergreen in habit, growing during the entire winter. Sow 30 lbs of seed per acre in early spring or early fall. Price, one pound 20c; 25 pounds at 15c; 100 pounds \$14.00.

**RESCUE GRASS**—(Bromus Unioloides)—Known as Schrader's, or Arctic Seed. Sow at the rate of 30 lbs per acre in the fall. Ripens seeds in March. Cut for hay crop first and let second crop grow for a crop of seed which allow to mature and fall to the ground. This fallen grass may then be turned under and land sowed to cow peas. Seeds germinate with first autumn rains. Makes fine pasturage in winter months. Can mix with Hairy Vetch and Bur Clover for winter pasturage purposes. Sown with Bermuda makes continuous year pasturage. One pound 20c; 25 pounds at 16c; 100 pounds \$15.00.

ENGLISH PERENNIAL RAY GRASS. (Lolium Perenne). Sow about end of October, 25 lbs per acre. Best adapted for lawn purposes and pasturage. Grows well on Bermuda grass sod, filling in the time in fall, winter and spring, when Bermuda is dormant. Price, 1 lb 15c; 10 lbs at 12c a pound; 25 lbs at 10c lb.

**ITALIAN RAY GRASS**—(Lolium Italicum). Sow 30 lbs per acre, in moist land, August, September, October. Graze in winter. Makes abundant hay crop for March or April. stands drought. A quick growing grass for dairymen. An annual. Price, 1 lb 15c; 10 lbs at 12c lb; and 25 lbs at 10c lb.

ST. LUCIÈ GRASS—Green almost all the year. A new evergreen lawn grass for the South; planted in gulf states in place of Bermuda. Not a pest. Excellent lawn and pasturage; makes good lawn in sixty days. Grown from roots and shoots. Grows on surface only. Shoots do not grow under ground. Plant shoots six by eight inches and about 1,000 plants 18x20 ft; \$2.00 per thousand. Get prices in larger amounts.

## FLOWER SEEDS.

We sell the following in 5c packets, i store or postpaid.

Ageratum Sweet Alyssum Snap Dragon Aster Victoria Balsam Balloon Vine Calendula Calliopsis Candytuft Carnation Cockscomb Cypress Vine Cosmos China Pinks Four O'Clock Gaillardia Hollyhock Moon Flower Larkspur Marigold, Tall Mignonette Nasturtium, Tall Nasturtium, Dwarf (Nasturtiums also in one oz. packets 15c each postpaid.) Pansy Petunia Phlox Drummondii Portulaca Poppy Sweet Peas also in bulk: Salvia Splendens Peas Sweet Sweet Peas, bulk. Postage extra Sc 1b; 1 oz. 10c; 1-4 lb 25c; best mixtures 50c lb: varieties, hest any color, 60c. Sweet William Verbena Wallflower Zinnia

## FLOWER BULBS.

(BULBS HAD BEST BE EXPRESSED, NOT MAILED.)

- BULB CULTURE.—For out door planting for spring blooms plant from Oct. 1st to Jan. 1st, in rich soil, fertilized with well rotted manure. Plant bulbs (except crocus) four inches below the surface and press down soil. In cold weather of winter cover with heavy (2 to 4 inches) coating of coarse manure or leaves; remove this in early spring.
- FORCING IN POTS.—Take 1-3 of sand, 1-3 rich top soil, 1-3 well rotted cow manure and mix. Leave 1-3 of the bulb above the surface of the soil in pot in planting. Sink pots six inches deep in soil, or put away in cellars or closet five or six weeks. Keep moist, but not wet. In six weeks the bulbs will have rooted well, and pots then can be placed in a warm, sunny situation, where they will come to bloom rapidly. Especially valuable for hyacinths and narcissi.
- WATER CULTURE.—Hyacinths and Narcissi can be grown in hyacinth glasses. Fill the glass with pure water and place bulb in the cup shape receptacle on the top of the glass. Water should come up hardly to the roots of the bulb. Put in a cool dark place until roots are grown to the bottom of the vase. Fill the vase with water as fast as water evaporates. When foliage is well developed put in a light sunny window and flowers will appear.
- NARCISSUS.—An indeor or outdoor bloomer; grow in water or soil. They form beautiful heads of flowers. They are as easily grown, too, in pots of earth. Price, Narcissus S. White, Yellow, 25c a dozen; Late S. Yellow, 50c; D. Yellow, 40c a dozen.
- FREESIAS.—Begin planting this fragrant plant August and September. By successive plantings blooms can be had continuously from Christmas until June. Plant six bulbs in each six inch pot, covering bulbs about one inch. Price, 25c a dozen.
- ROMAN HYACINTHS.—Can be planted indoor or outdoor in soil or by water Culture. Each bulb makes four to five spikes. Early planted bulbs bloom in two to two and a half months. Price, 40c a dozen.
- CHINESE SACRED LILHES.—Belong to the Narcissus family; can be planted in shallow dishes water culture as are Narcissi; also plant in pots of earth, and water liberally. A cool sunny window suits them well; very desirable for window culture. Price, 10c, or three for 25c.
- MIXED DUTCH HYANCINTHS.—Can be forced in pots, in a hyancinth glass, or also for outdoor. Prices, all colers but yellow, and either single or double, as wished, 50c a dozen.
- MIXED TULIPS.—Not adapted to house culture, outdoor planting only. Planted from Dec. 1st to Jan. 1st. Price, single and double 20c a dozen, double pink 50c; E. Yellow and Red, 30c a dozen.
- MIXED CROCUS.—These bulbous plants produce an abundance of various colored flowers, and grow to a height from six to eight inches. As a border for hyancinth or tulip beds these are the earliest of all flower bulbs; coming ahead of tulips, they have a pretty effect, too, if they are planted on the lawn in clumps.

# OUR HORTICULTURAL

## DEPARTMENT

Send Cash With Order.

HIGHEST CLASS GOODS; 100 LOTS SPECIAL PRICE MADE.

- NUT BEARING TREES—Pecans, 2 and 3 ft, \$1.00 and \$1.25 each; 10 for \$8.00 and \$10.00; English Walnut, 2 ft, 2 years, 25e each; 10 for \$2.00. Japan Walnuts, 2 years, 2 ft, 25e each, and 10 for \$2.00.
- GRAPES—Native varieties; 10 assorted vines strong, our selection for table use, \$1.00; and 100 vines ditto, \$8.00.
- ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUBS—Standard size; 10 shrubs, 10 varieties; our selection for \$1.59; 100 shrubs, 25 to 50 varieties, our selection for \$10.00 of following kinds: Barberry, Sweet Shrub, Flowering Willow, Citrus, Trifoliata or Hardy Orange, Japan Rose, Fire Bush, Althaea, Deutzia, Japan Oleaster, Spirea Grandiflora, Golden Bell, Hydrangea, Japan Iris, Bush Honeysuckle, Mock Orange, Pomegranate, Smoke or Purple Fringe Tree, Spirea, Lilac, Tamarix, Snowball.
- DECIDUOUS TREES—Silver Maple, 6 to 8 ft, 25e each and 10 for \$2.00; Cut Leaf Maple, 6 to 8 ft, 50e each and 10 for \$4.00; Sugarberry, 10 to 12 ft, 50e each and 10 for \$4.00; Ash, 6 to 8 ft, 25e each and 10 for \$2.00; Golden Rain Tree, 4 to 6 ft, 50e each and 10 for \$3.50; Tulip Poplar, 6 to 8 ft, 50e each and 10 for \$4.00; Sycamore, 6 to 8 ft, 50e each and 10 for \$4.00; Poplar—Carolina and also Lombardy, 6 to 8 ft, 25e each and 10 for \$2.00; Pin Oak, 5 ft, 50e each and 10 for \$4.00; Ginkgo or Maiden Hair, 5 to 6 ft, 50e each and 10 for \$4.00.
- WILLOW-Japan, Ringleaf, Weeping-all 5 to 6 ft, 25c each and 10 for \$2.00; Ann. White Elm, 6 to 8 ft. 50c each and 10 for \$4.00.
- BROAD LEAF EVERGREEN TREES AND SHRUBS—Standard size. Will supply 10 plants, our selection of varieties, for \$4.00, and 100 plants, 25 to 40 varieties, for \$25.00 of our selection, from following kinds: Indian Azalea, Japan Barberry, Pyramid Boxwood, Camelia Japonica (D. White and Col'd), Cape Jasmine, Calico Bush, English Laurel, Bay Tree, Magnolia (Grandiflora and Grand. Gloriosa).
- CLIMBERS—Will supply 10 varieties, our selection, \$2.00 and 100 for \$15.00, from the following. Akebia, Boston Ivy, Japan Trumpet Vine, Mexican Rose, Clematis, Eleaginus Reflexa, Climbing Fig, English Ivy, Jasminum, Honeysuckle, Grecian Silk Vine, Malayan Jasmine.
- CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS—Will supply 10 plants, 12 to 24 inches, of different varieties, our selection, for \$4.00 and 100 plants, 25 to 30 vrieties, our selection, for \$25.00, from the following: Arborvitae (Aurea Conspicua, Aurea Nana, Japan Filiformis, Rosedale, Gigantea, California), Juniper Tree (English, Irish, Japanese), Bhotan Pine, Korean Podocarpus, Japan Cypress (Pisefera, Plumosa, Plumosa Aurea, Squarrosa Sieboldii, Squarrosa Veitchii).

## N. L. WILLET SEED COMPANY'S INSECTICIDES.

FLOUR SULPHUR-Dry. (Car lots.) 1 lb for 10c; 5 lbs for 35c; 100 lbs for \$4.00. Barrel, 250 lbs, at 3 1-4c per lb.

WATER SOLUBLE PETROLEUM for San Jose Scale. Mix 1 gal. to 20 gals. water and spray. Price 1 gal. 75c; 5 gals. 65c; 10 gals. 60c; 50 gals. 50c.

"HORICUM" for San Jose Scale; mix 1 gal. with 16 to 20 of water; 1 gal. can \$1.00.

FRESH LIME for Lime, Sulphur, Salt Wash. Best at \$1.00 bbl.

ARSENATE LEAD-Rub to thin paste 3 lbs to 50 gallons of water; spray till leaves drip. 1 lb 25c; 5 lbs 20c; 10 lbs 18c.

CAUSTIC SODA-(98 per cent) 25 lb can for \$1.75.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE-Dry materials, 8 lbs (for 50 gallons of water) for 75c.

PARIS GREEN--1 lb 35c; 10 lbs at 32c a lb and 100 lbs at 28c. Usually add equal parts lime. Formula, 4 oz. Paris Green, 4 oz. Lime and 50 gallons water; or teaspconful each to one bucket of water; or 1 oz Paris Green to 6 to 15 gallons water. Dry method for garden: Mix 1 oz. Paris Green to 6 lb Flour, or 10 lbs Lime, and du ≤ so as to show evenly on surface. CARBON EI-SULPHIDE-Liquid. 1 lb 35c. Saves 1 ton seed.

TRAIN OR FISH OIL-Drives away flies, gnats, etc. Smear on animal at point of attack. Some mix 1-2 kerosene. Per gallon, 50c; 1 gallon can 10c extra.

WHALE GIL SOAP-1 lb 15c; 25 lbs at 10c lb; 50 lbs at 9c. Lice and delicate larvae. 1 lb to 6 gallons of water. San Jose Scale 1 lb to 1 gallon of water.

CHLORIDE-LIME-1 lb tin 15c; 10 lbs at 12c lb.

SUN SANITARY FLUID—Ideal Germicide, Disinfectant, Deodorizer, Antiseptic, Purifier. Non-Poisonous. Agreeable, Refreshing Odor. Dilute 1 part to 50 or 100 of water as per directions. 1 pint bottle 20e; 1 quart bottle 25e; 1 gallon can \$1.00; barrels, 75e gallou.

FORMALIN—Prevents Smut in wheat and cats, black rot in Irish potatoes, soak cats, etc., 5 minutes and dry and plant or plant wet, in water containing 1 pint of Formalin to 50 to 75 gallons of water. 1 pint Formalin 75c.

BLUE STONE-1 lb 15c; 5 lbs for 60c; for wheat 1 oz. to 1 1-2 gallons of water. Soak few hours. Prevents Smut.

AUTO SPRAY PUMP-\$5.00 galvanized iron; brass \$6.00.

TENNENT SPRAY ATOMIZER, 40c and 75c.

ANIMAL PARASITE KILLER-Mix 30 to 50 parts of water to one part Animal Parasite Killer. Pint 30c; quart 50c; gallon \$1.25; barrel \$1.00 a gallon. Kills fieas on dogs, cats, etc., kills lice on human or lower animals, kills mites and ants, ticks, screw worms and the parasites of seel, itch and mange.

HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT-1 lb carton 15c; 5 lbs 35c.

BUG DEATH-1 lb 15c; 3 lbs for 35c; 5 lbs for 50c; 12 1-2 lbs \$1.00; 100 lbs for \$7.90.

BUG DEATH DUSTER--25c.

## SOME FARM NECESSITIES

CHATHAM FAN MILL-Separator and Cleaner, \$44.

CHRISTEN SEED SOWER-\$1.00.

STEMPEL FIRE EXTINGUISHER-\$15.00.

REX BRAND COTTON MARKING AND BRANDING INK—Indelible, Black, Green, Blue, Violet, Crimson. Package for 50 gallons of Ink \$2.50; 10 gallons 75c. All colors same price.

RESIN WASH-Dry. Batch weighs 14 lbs for 50 gallons of water, 75c.

## OUR PET STOCK AND ANIMAL DEPARTMENT!

#### N. L. WILLET SEED CO.

We are experienced Breeders and Handlers. Give us your business in

CHICKENS and SETTING EGGS, TURKEYS, GEESE, DUCKS, DOGS, PHEAS-ANTS, PIGEONS, FERRETS.

Tell us how many you want, and whether for prize winning or good home pure stock.

CHICKENS—The leading kinds of Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, R. I. Reds, Brahmas, Cochins, Langshans, Leghorns, Minorcas, Polish, Orpingtons, Games, Bantams.

DUCKS AND GEESE-The usual kinds.

TURKEYS-Bronze, White Holland.

PIGEONS—Carriers, Draggoons, Homers, Pouters, Jacobins, Fantails, Turbits, Owls, Tumblers, Swallows, Magpies.

PHEASANTS-Golden, Lady Amherst, and Japanese.

DOGS-Almost any breed.

FERRETS-White and Brown.

## N. L. WILLET SEED CO'S

## PERFECT RATIONS

#### FOR

## HORSE, COW, DOG.

#### (No Adulterations.)

CORNO MILLS CO.'S PRODUCTS (Corno Horse Feed and Creamo Dairy Feed)—We are Augusta agents. The most perfect combination and scientific "Feeds" today on market. We sell in car, ton and sack lots.

CORNO MORSE FEED—Ground Alfalfa Hay, Cracked Corn, Cracked Oats; 175 lb sack \$2.75. Feed four lbs three times a day; 12 lbs daily; costs \$5.60 a month; feed dry. A perfect "Feed."

CREAMO DAIRY - EED-Ground Alfalfa Hay, Gluten Meal, Hominy Chops, Ground Oats, 140 lb sack \$2.30. Feed 6 lbs twice a day, 12 lbs daily; - costs \$5.76 a month. Feed dry. A perfect "Feed" for the mileh cow.

COTTON SEED MEAL-Best \$26.50 per ton; bag (100 lbs) \$1.45-Dec., 1906, price.

COTTON SEED HULLS-\$\$.00 per ton; bag (100 lbs) 45c-Dec., 1906, price. CRACKED CORN-Pure sound, per sack (96 lbs) \$1.50.-Dec., 1906, price. SPRATT'S DOG CAKES, 1 lb for 10c; 3 lbs for 25c; 5 lbs for 40c; 10 lbs for S0c; 25 lbs for \$1.75; 50 lbs for \$3.25; 100 lbs for \$6.50.

FLAX SEED WHOLE, 1 lb 10c; 10 lbs at 6c; 50 lbs at 5 1-2c; 100 lbs at 5c. FLAX SEED MEAL, Same price as seed.

PURE WHEAT BRAN-Get price; scarce; high.

# ANIMAL REMEDIES.

## N. L. WILLET SEED COMPANY,

## Augusta, Georgia.

#### POULTRY POWDERS.

| Make-Hens-Lay-Tonic25c doz.     | \$1.50  |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| International P. Food25c an     |         |
| Magic P. Food25c an             | d 50c   |
| Pratt's P. Food, 10c, 25c, 60c, | \$1.25, |
| \$2.50.                         |         |
| Rust P. Powder25c an            |         |
| Conkey's Egg Prod               | 25c     |
| Lee's Egg M                     | 25c     |
| Cypher's F. N. E. Food          | 250     |

#### ROUP CURES.

| Conkey R.   | C50e | and \$1.00 |
|-------------|------|------------|
| Cypher's R. | С50е | and \$1.00 |
| Pratt's R.  | C25c | and 50c    |
| Rust R. Pil | ls25 | c and 50e  |

#### CHOLERA CURES.

| Ga. C. C. C             |     |
|-------------------------|-----|
| Dodge's 4 "C"           | 25e |
| Belvedere C. C          | 25c |
| Conkey's C. C           |     |
| Germozone-Lig. and Tabl | 50c |

#### LICE KILLERS.

A. P. K. (liquid) pt, 30c; qt. 59c; gal. \$1.25.

| Conkey's L. K. (liq.) 35c and 60c       |
|---|
| Lee L. K. (liq.)35c                     |
| Lambert's L. Oint10c and 25c            |
| Conkey's H. L. Oint10c and 25c          |
| Borr's D. L. Oint25c                    |
| Lambert's (Pow.), 10c, 25c, 50c and \$1 |
| Pratt (Pow.)10c and 25c                 |
| Conkey's (Pow.)25e                      |

#### SORE HEAD.

Infallible Sore Head Cure (liq.) pt\_25c Conkey's H. Oint\_\_\_\_\_25c Dorr's \_\_\_\_\_25e

#### GAPE.

Conkey's \_\_\_\_\_50c

#### MEDICINE CASES.

Cypher's P. R. Case\_\_\_\_\_\$2.00

#### STOCK POWDERS.

| Howard's full lb. 25c; dozen \$1.59; |
|--------------------------------------|
| gross \$15.00 delivered.             |
| International25c and 50              |
| Magic25c and 50c                     |
| Barker's25e                          |
| Foutz25e                             |
| Sheridan                             |
| Sloan25e                             |
| Black Draught25e                     |
| Pratt C                              |
| Pratt Food50c, 75c and \$1.50        |
| Pratt A. Reg25c and 50c              |

#### LINIMENTS.

| Sloan       | 25e, 50e and \$1.00     |
|-------------|-------------------------|
|             | 25e, 50c and \$1.00     |
| Kitchell    | 50e and 75e             |
| Barker      | 25e                     |
| Porter's A. | H. 0il25c               |
| Turkish L_  | 25c                     |
| Silver Pine | H. 0il25e               |
|             | 25c                     |
| Hanford B.  | Myrh25c, 50c and \$1.00 |
| Gombault's  | C. Bal\$1.50            |

#### HORSE COLIC.

| Holley | mai | n's | Elixir | 50c; | dozen | \$4.00. |
|--------|-----|-----|--------|------|-------|---------|
|        |     |     |        |      |       | 50c     |
|        |     |     |        |      |       | 50c     |
| Pratt  | v.  | €.  |        |      |       | 50e     |

#### WORM POWDERS.

| WOLLSE & O WEDELEOS                 |
|-------------------------------------|
| Lee25c<br>Pratt50c<br>Sloan\$1.00   |
| FEVER CURES AND DISTEMPER<br>CURES. |
| Pratt's F. Pow50e                   |
| Sloan C. F. and D50c                |
| Pratt Cold and C50c                 |
| Pratt Dist, and P. E50e             |
| GALL CURES.                         |
| International G25e                  |
| Slean G50e                          |
| Pratt G25c                          |
| HOOF OINTMENT AND SPAVIN<br>CURE.   |
| Pratt H. 025e                       |
| International H. T. ft. R50e        |
| Kendall S. C50c                     |

#### DOG REMEDIES.

| DUG REMEDIES.                           |
|---|
| Infallible Dog Mange Cure, qt50c        |
| Glover's M50c                           |
| Cartwright's M. C50e                    |
| Conkey's M. B50c                        |
| Glover's D. C\$1.00                     |
| Conkey's D. C50e                        |
| Glover's Verm50e                        |
| Glover's Con. Pil50e                    |
| Glover's Digest. Pil50c                 |
|   |
| Cartwright's Dog Soap20c                |
| Glover's Dog S25c                       |
| Lister's D. S10e                        |
| Sergeant's Condition Pills, box 50c and |
| \$1.00                                  |
| Sergeant's Sure Shot, bottle50c         |
| Sergeant's Soft Carbolic Soap, box_25c  |
| Sergeant's Arsenic and Iron Pills,      |
| box                                     |
| Sergeant's Canker Wash, bottle50c       |
| Sergeant's Rheumatic Pills, box50c      |
| Sergeant's Constipation Cure, box_25c   |
| Sergeant's Flea Remedy, bottle 25e      |
|   |
| HOG CHOLERA CURE.                       |
| TT-4 TT C OF as doman 81 50             |

Nat. H. C. 25c; dozen \$1.50.

SEED CATALOGUE AND ALMANAC.

# N. L. WILLET SEED CO.

OFFER

# TO ALL ORCHARD MEN

FLOWERS AND FLOUR SULPHUR, 1 lb 10c; 5 lbs 35c; 100 lbs, \$4.00; barrel, 250 lbs, at 3½c per pound; 2 barrels \$3.05; 5 barrels at \$2.95; ton lots 2,85 per 100 lbs. Buy barrels, not sacks.

ARSENATE LEAD, 1 lb 25c; 5 lbs 20c; 10 to 20 lbs 18c.

PARIS GREEN, 1 lb 35c; 10 lbs 32c; 100 lbs 28c.

WHALE OIL SOAP, 1 lb 15c; 25 lbs 10c; 50 lbs at 9c.

CAUSTIC SODA, 25 lb can \$1.75.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE, dry materials for 1 barrel 75c.

- WATER SOLUBLE PETROLEUM for San Jose Scale. Mix 1 gal to 20 gals water and spray. Price, 1 gal 75c; 5 gals 65c; 10 gals 60c; 50 gals 50c.
- "HORICUM" for San Jose Scale; mix 1 gal with 16 to 20 of water; 1 gal can \$1.00.
- RESIN WASH, dry material for 1 barrel 75c.
- HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT, 1 lb 15c; 5 lbs for 35c.
- BUG DEATH, 1 lb 15c; 3 for 35c; 5 for 50c; 100 at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c per lb. Bug Duster 25c.
- FRESH LIME, 95c barrel.

- AUTO SPRAY PUMP, \$5.00, of galvanized iron; and \$6.00 of brass. (4 gallons.)
- TENNENT SPRAY ATOMIZER, 40c and 75c.

GOULD'S SPRAY ORCHARD OUTFITS, hose, leads, etc. Get Gould Sprays catalogue. We are agents.

CYPRESS WATER TANKS, 200 to 1,500 gallons.

SALT for Lime Sulphur Salt Wash, sack, 100 lbs, 60c.

GA, PEACH PITS-In good amount.

LEGUMES—Cow Peas, Velvet Beans, Soja Beans, Beggar Weed, Vetches, Clovers, etc., for orchard soil enriching. PECANS—Soft shell. 11b 85c; 10 lbs at 75c lb.

PREPARED ROOFINGS for sheds and houses of two following brands:

REX FLINTKOTE ROOFING—1 ply \$2.25; 2 ply \$3.25; 3 ply \$4.00 per square. Cement, nails overlap free.—Deduct 5 per cent in \$25 lots, 10 per cent 50; 15 per cent in \$100 lots.

INDRUROID ROOFING—Cement, nails, etc., free. Per square, 1 ply \$2.25; 2 ply \$3.25; 3 ply \$4.00. Deduct 10 per cent in \$25 lots, 15 per cent in \$50, 20 per cent in \$100.

<sup>127</sup>Let us mail you the following books free: "Gould's Spray Book;" Thomsen Chemical Co.'s "Spraying Chemicals, Formulae and Preparation."

# How in the Name of Common Sense

can you expect to be cured if you allow a dealer to persuade you to take a substitute or imitation, when you ask for Simmons Liver Regulator?

Unscrupulous dealers who know the excellence and medicinal value of Simmons Liver Regulator may try to sell you cheap imitations or substitutes, which are put on the market for profit only. When you ask for Simmons Liver Regulator and the dealer tries to sell you some cheap imitation as "THE SAME" or "JUST AS GOOD," stand on your rights and demand Simmons Liver Regulator, and see that you get it. As you value your health, beware of substitutes and imitations.

Read below the experience of a few who were induced to take substitutes when they asked for Simmons Liver Regulator:

"I send you a package of counterfeit Simmons Liver Regulator. It is called a trial package and they said it would cost me nothing--it nearly cost me my life."-John Griffin, Cassville, Ark.

"I have always used Simmons Liver Regulator and found it did what is claimed for it. The last bottle and two packages did me no good. I see that they are not put up by J. H. Zeilin & Co. and are not genuine. Send me some from honest hands (with Red Z and Zeilin & Co.'s signature on the wrapper)."-Benj. T. Rich, Fernandina, Wla.

"I have taken Simmons Liver Regulator and from experience can speak of it in the highest terms. There is a deleterious article sold here for the genuine Simmons Liver Regulator."-P. B. Cusack, Brinkley, Ark.

# 

Simmons Liver Regular is put up in SEALED PACKAGES like the accompaying fac-simile

On the front of each package is the red Z, on the side the seal and signature of J. H. Zeilin & Co.. in Red.

Do not be Deceived by any Substitutes or Imitations.



# N. L. WILLET SEED CO.

Are Augusta Territory Agents (Ga. and S. C.) for

# Corno Mills Co.'s

Brands, being all

PERFECT RATIONS FOR HORSE, COW, HEN, CHICK.

The Feeds that are all Feeds-no "fillers." Jobbers' prices to Merchant buyers in quantity.

#### CORNO HORSE FEED.

Guaranteed all sound and sweet and free from adulterations. Made of Ground Alfalfa Hay, Cracked Corn, Cracked Oats. A perfect horse ration. Feed one-fourth less in weight than other feed; will go one-fourth further. We feed 4 lbs. three times daily-being total of 12 lbs. Costs per month for feed \$5.53 to \$3.75 per horse. It may be fed alone or mixed with equal parts of grain and roughness. It should be fed dry. Dry feel compels thorough mastication. Animal stomach dirorders, like these of humans, are largely caused by improver mastication. 175 lb sack, \$2.75. Get prices ton and car lots.

#### CREAMO DAIRY FEED.

Guaranteed all sound and free from adulterations and "flierc." Made of Alfalfa Ground Hay, Gluten Meal, Hominy Chops, Ground Oats. Feed one-third less in weight than other mixtures; will go one-third further. We feed 6 lbs. twice a day or 12 lbs. daily; this costs per cow \$5.50 to \$5.75 per month. Feed dry, and alone or with roughage hay.

All Feeds for milch cows are more profitably fed dry than by wetting. When fed dry it compels thorough mastication, thus aiding the digestion and lessening the amount of Feed wasted in the manure.

Cows should have plenty of good water. An abundant supply of drinking water and correct Feed are the great natural milk producers. Price, 140 lb. sack, \$2.30. Get ton and car lot prices.

#### CORNO HEN FEED.

Guaranteed all sound grains, pure and unadulterated. perfect and complete ration for hens. Made of Sunflower, Wheat, Kaffir Corn, Cracked Corn, Red Millet, Bird Millet, Oats, Barley. 10 lb. sack, 30c; 100 lb. sack, \$2.00.

#### CORNO CHICK FEED.

Same perfect quality, same ingredients (except sunflower) as in Corno Hen Feed, though finely cracked. A perfect ration for little chicks. 10 lb. sack, 30c; 100 lb sack, \$2.00.

N. L. WILLET SEED COMPANY.

N. L. WILLET SEED CO. Are Augusta Territory Agents (Ga. and S. C.) for

THE MIDLAND POULTRY FOOD CO. BRANDS

Special Prices\_ to our Merchant Agents in interior towns. Write for our pamphlet by Midland Poultry Food Co., on "The Science of Poultry Write for Feeding.<sup>9</sup>

also for N. L. Willet Seed Co.'s "Complete Book on Poultry Write Supplies."

The rapid growth of the poultry industry in this country during the past decade and the steady demand at high prices for gilt edge broilers and new laid eggs has been remarkable. The demand for the best grade of goods is now, and perhaps always will be, greater than the supply, and the man who can produce stock of this kind can virtually fix his own price on his product, even while inferior and second grade is a drug on the market.

THE DAYS OF HAP-HAZARD FEEDING AND FRUITLESS EXPERI-MENTING ARE PAST.

The chicken from the egg to the hatchet passes through three important periods:

Flesh, bone and feather growing; п.

2.

Egg producing, and Molting, if she is carried over the next winter. 3.

During each of these periods there are drafts made upon her vital forces for the elements necessary to carry on the process. After an exhaustive study and analysis of all the sources of supply and a physiological study of the fowl, accompanied by a practical application of various combinations of the fowl, accompanied by a practical application of various combinations of the different food constituents, the Midland Poultry Food Co. have finally arrived at what has proven itself to be A PERFECTLY BALANCED RATION—a correct working basis—and an absolute nutritive ratio for each specific purpose. The varied Midland brands are for Chickens, Ducks, Turkeys and are

sold by numbers as follows:

1-Nursery Chick Food (Mash) 2 bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_\$2.00 2-Growing Chick Food (Mash), 2 bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 2.00 3-Fattening Chicken Food (Mash), 2 bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 2.00 4-Egg and Feather Producing Food (Mash), 2 bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 2.00 5-Nursery Duckling Food (Mash) 2 bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 2.00 6-Growing Duckling Food (Mash) 2 bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 2.00 7-Fattening Duckling and Goose Food (Mash), 2 bus. sack; sack 2.008-Laying Duck Food (Mash), 2 2.00bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 12-Midland Scratch (Grains), 100 1b. sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 2.00 11-Midland Chick (Grains), 100 lb sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 2.25 Turkey Food (Mash), 2 bushel sack; sack\_\_\_\_\_ 

KANSAS CITY, MG. U. S. A



S. S. Sanders & Co., Egypt, Ga., says: "Have sold it and used it; it is all it's claimed to be. Its effect is magical."

W. H. Jones, Stellaville Ga., says: "I have been using Holleyman's "I have been using Holleyman's Elixir one year and saved several horses' lives. It never fails in Horse Colic."

Capt, R. H. Walker, Appleton, S. C., says: "Worth its weight in gold to every farmer. I saved three horses' lives on my plantation in sixty days."

0. B. Brown, Stellaville, Ga., says: "Cured a nice mare that was dying with Colic. The best thing of the kind I ever saw."

We have crowds of testimony from Doctors, Veterinary Surgeons, Merchants and Farmers.

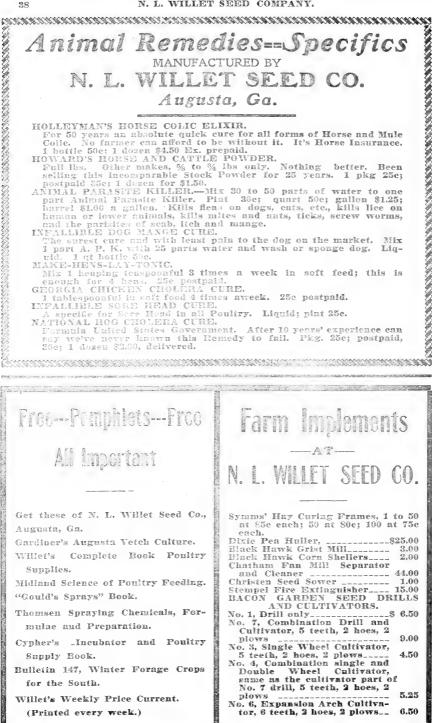
Johnston, S. C., says: "I used it in several severe cases. One animal had been given up to die; a part of a bottle saved the animal's life. No horse owner should be without it."

J. F. A. Tufts, Drummer, says: "In one of my drumming trips of thirty days I cured three dangerous cases of Colic in Horses from my sample vial holding only one ounce."

W. H. McNorrill, M. D., Waynesbero, Ga., says: "Holleyman's Elixir is extensively used in this county. For many years I have found it to be an infallible remedy."

W. H. F. Rast & Bro., Swansea, S. says: "Holleyman's Compound Elixir is the best medicine of its kind and has given better satisfaction than anything we have ever sold."

> N. L. WILLET SEED CO., Manufacturers,



and the second second

Seek no further, you have it here. Rome was not built in a day, neither can disease be cured in the twinkling of an eye.

BUT

# DILINGHAM'S PLANT JUICE

assists nature and cures disease as nature intended it should.

Dillingham's PLANT JUICE Remedies should be in every household. Safe, reliable, free from all opiates and poison. Dillingham's PLANT JUICE is just what you have been looking for-A URIC ACID DESTROYER, free from opiates( iodide of potash and mercury. If you use PLANT JUICE REME-DIES you can feel assured the

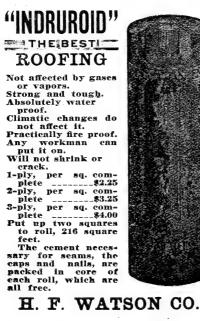
DIES you can feel assured that you are taking an honest medicine; "once tried, always taken," as they are compounded by a noted CHEMIST; are absolutely in a class by themselves; will keep you well and save many doctors' bills.

Sold by all druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price by

COL. F. A. DILLINGHAM,

833 W. 5th Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Handled by all jobbers.



Erie, Penn., Mfrs. N. L. WILLET SEED CO., Augusta, Ga., Agents.



SULPHUR for Lime Salt and Sulphur Wash.

- SOLUBLE OIL—Concentrated 95 per ct. Oleum. For treatment of trees infested with San Jose Scale, Oyster Bark Louse, Scurvy Bark Louse and the Lecanium Scale.
- ARSENATE OF LEAD for potato bugs and other foliage eating insects.
- CYANIDE OF POTASH, CAUSTIC SO-DA, SULPHATE OF COPPER (Blue Stone), etc., etc.

Will mail copy of our pamphlet on spraying chemicals and formulae for their preparation upon application.

## THOMSEN CHEMICAL COMPANY

Baltimore, Maryland.

N. L. WILLET SEED CO., Augusta, Ga.

# CURES KIDNEY DISEASES

In the United States 73 deaths out of every 100 are caused by diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and these result from excessive generation of uric acid or albumen. Rheumatism, gout, catarrh, stricture, back pains and like complaints, if not prevented, will develop into Bright's disease. Stuart's Gin and Buchu dissolves the uric acid, cleanses the tainted organs and gives them a healthy tone. Consequently it has achieved a remarkable success in curing disorders of this character.

STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU is a delightful combination, pleasant to take and suitable for patients of every age. As a perfect kidney remedy, it is supported by hundreds of testimonials. A trial bottle will be sent free on application to the Stuart Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.

## Catarrh Cured at Home

#### Dr. Blosser Offers to Mail a Liberal Trial Treatment of His Catarrh Remedy Free to Sufferers,

If you have catarrh of the nose, throat or lungs, if you are constantly spitting, blowing the nose, have stopped up feeling, head noises, deafness, asthma, bronchitis or weak lungs, you can cure yourself at home by a remedy so simple that even a child can use it.

It will cost you only a postal card to get a liberal free trial package of Dr. Blosser's wonderful remedy. He sends it by mail to every interested sufferer. Certainly no offer could be more liberal, but he has such confidence in the remedy that he is willing to submit it to an actual test in your home. The full treatment is not expensive. A package containing enough to last one whole month will be sent by mail for \$1.00.

A postal card with your name and address sent to Dr. J. W. Blosser, 40 Walton street, Atlanta, Ga., will bring you by return mail the free trial treatment and an interesting booklet, so that you can at once begin to cure yourself privately at home.

ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE Y

that as a family medicine, for the prevention and cure of Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles

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# DR. MOZLEY'S



has no equal. No household can afford to be without a bottle. It will save money and doctors' bills, in the pervention of colds, fevers, etc. It is good for everybody from the youngest baby to the oldest inhabitant.

Tested by thousands upon thousands for thirty-five years.

50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

## MOZLEY' LEMON ELIXIR COMPANY, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Samman and a second second

# Weather Forecast for 1907.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR JANUARY.—1st to 2d, windy blustery; 3d to 4th, squally, tempestuous; 5th to 8th. cold wave; 9th to 10th, rain and wind storms; 11th to 13th, foggy, damp; 14th to 15th, raw, cold; 16th to 17th, frosts and ice; 18th to 20th, high winds with rain, sleet and snow; 21st to 22d, moderating; 23d to 26th, warm, soft and slushy; 27th to 28th, damp and cloudy; 29th to 31st, stormy and unsettled.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR FEBRUARY.—1st to 3d, fine, clearing weather; 4th to 5th, colder; 6th to 8th, cloudy, unsettled; 9th to 10th, snows; 11th to 13th, blizzerds, stormy; 14th to 15th, very cold; 16th to 19th, deep snow, followed by rain; 20th to 22d, freezing weather; 23d to 25th, heavy gales; 26th to 28th, rain, sleet and snow.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR MARCH.—1st to 2d, stormy, threatening weather; 3d to 4th, strong gales; 5th to 7th, bright, warmer; 8th to 10th, unsettled; 11th to 12th, frost and frozen ground; 14th to 15th, windy, unsettled; 16th to 17th, bright and clear; 18th to 20th, squally, windy; 21st to 22d, rains; 23d to 25th, low temperature; 26th to 27th, frost; 28th to 29th, pleasant; 30th to 31st, spring-like.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR APRIL.—1st to 2d, damp, foggy; 3d to 5th, dull, gloomy; 6th to 8th, rains, washouts, 9th to 11th, clouds and strong gales; 12th to 14th, thunder storms; 15th to 16th, frosts; 17th to 18th, cool, backward weather; 19th to 22d, damp, warm; 23d to 25th, thunder storms; 26th to 27th, floods; 28th to 30th, damp, chilly conditions.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR MAY.—1st to 3d, low temperatures; 4th to 5th, rains; 6th to 8th, threatening; 9th to 11th, thunder storms; 12th to 13th, violent wind, rain and hail; 14th to 16th, sultry; 17th to 18th, sweltering conditions; 19th to 21st, rain wave; 22d to 23d, heavy gales; 24th to 26th, unsettled; disagreeable; 27th to 28th, moderating, fine; 29th to 31st, soft foggy.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR JUNE.—1st to 2d, showery; 3d to 4th, general rains; 5th to 7th, cool; 8th to 9th, fair, changeable: 10th to 12th, great heat; 13th to 14th, drouth period; 15th to 17th, hot wave; 18th to 19th, rain, light-ning; 20th to 22d, rain and wind; 23d to 25th, cooler; 26th to 27th, pleasant weather; 28th to 30th, sweltering, prostrating weather.

WEATHER FCRECAST FOR JULY.—Ist to 3d, general drouth period; 4th to 5th, unsettled; 6th to 5th, damp, foggy; 9th to 10th, local thunder storms; 11th to 14th, rising temperature; 15th, to 17th, great heat; 18th to 19th, scorching winds; 20th to 22d, much rain; 23d to 24th, continued rains general; 25th to 27th, decided fall in temperature; 28th to 29th, cool, damp, foggy; 30th to 31st, damp, showery.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR AUGUST.—1st to 2d, scorching winds; 3d to 4th, withering sunshine; 5th to 7th, damp, drizzly; 8th to 9th, variable; 10th to 12th, prostrating heat; 13th to 14th, absence of rain felt generally; 15th to 17th, unsettled; 18th to 19th, dust storms, threatening; 20th to 22d, thunder storms; 23d to 25th, dry, cool; 26th to 27th, mist, fog; 28th to 29th, showery; 30th to 31st, threatening.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR SEPTEMBER.—1st to 3d, thunder storms; 4th to 6th, sultry wave; 7th to 9th, brillliant weather; 10th to 11th, cooler; 12th to 13th, dull, backward conditions; 14th to 16th, general rains; 17th to 18th, warm; 19th to 22d, summer-like; 23d to 24th, sultry; 25th to 27th, windy; 28th to 30th, protracted heat, hot weather for September.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR OCTOBER.—1st to 2d, rain period; 3d to 5th, foggy, misty; 6th to 7th, wind and rain; 8th to 9th, stormy weather; 10th to 13th, "Indian Summer;" 14th to 15th, scarcity of rain felt; 16th to 18th. thunder showers; 19th to 20th, lightning and severe wind storms; 21st to 23d, dangerous gales; 24th to 25th, mild; 26th to 29th, pleasant autumn weather; 30th to 31st, unsettled.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR NOVEMBER.—1st to 3d, bright, clear weath er; 4th to 5th, dull, unsettled; 6th to 8th, damp. foggy; 9th to 10th, rain period; 11th to 14th, hurricane, floods; 15th to 16th, cold nights with frosts; 17th to 19th, variable; 20th to 22d, fair to changeable; 23d to 24th, cloudy; 25th to 27th, rain; 28th to 30th, low temperature for November

WEATHER FORECAST FOR DECEMBER.—1st to 2d, clear and sunny; 3d to 4th, unsettled; 5th to 7th, cloudy; hrowery; 8th to 10th, dark, drizzly; 10th to 12th, decided fall in temperature; 13th to 14th, stormy; 15th to 18th, pleasant; 19th to 20th, chilly nights, bright days; 21st to 22d, rain, sleet and snow; 24th to 26th, unsettled; 27th to 28th, dark, gloomy; 29th to 31st, colder to squally weather.

#### ALMANAC CALCULATIONS FOR 1907.

The year 1907 comprises the latter part of the 131st and the beginning of the 132d year of American Independence, and corresponds to the year 6620 of the Julian Period; the year 5667-5668 of the Jewish era, the year 5668 begins at sunset on September 8th; the year 2660 since the foundation of Rome according to Varro; the year 2567 of the Japanese era, and to the 40th year of the period entitled "Meiji"; the year 1325 of the Mohammedan era, or the era of the Hegira, begins on the 14th day of February, 1907.

The first day of January, 1907, is the 2,417,577th day since the commencement of the Julian Period.

#### CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES FOR 1907.

|                            | Solar Cycle 12    |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Lunar Cycle or Golden No 8 | Roman Indiction 5 |
| Epact                      | Julian Period     |

#### MORNING AND EVENING STARS, 1907.

The planet Venus  $(\mathfrak{P})$  begins as Morning Star and continues as such until September 14th, after which date she is Evening Star to end of year.

The planet Mars  $(\mathcal{J})$  will be Morning Star until July 6th and then he will be Evening Star balance of the year.

The planet Jupiter (2) is Evening Star till July 10th, after which date he is Morning Star to end of year.

The planet Saturn  $(b_1)$  begins as Evening Star and continues as such until March 9th, after which date it is Morning Star until September 17th and then Evening Star to end of year.

#### CHURCH DAYS FOR 1907.

| EpiphanyJan. (              | Easter SundayMch. 31  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
|                             | Low Sunday            |
| Sexagesima SundayFeb. 3     | Rogation SundayMay 5  |
| Quinquagesima SundayFeb. 10 | Ascension DayMay 9    |
|                             | Whit Sunday           |
|                             | Trinity Sunday May 26 |
| Quadragesima ŠundayFeb. 17  | Corpus Christi May 30 |
|                             | Advent Sunday Dec. 1  |
| Good Friday                 | Christmas DayDec. 25  |

#### ECLIPSES FOR 1907.

In the year 1907 there will be four eclipses, two of the sun and two of the moon.

I. A total eclipse of the sun January 13th, not visible here; visible to the greater part of Asia, and portions of the Pacific and Indian Oceans, adjacent thereto.

II. A partial eclipse of the Moon January 29th; partly visible here. The beginning visible generally in North America, the Pacific Ocean, central and eastern Asia and Australia; the end visible in northwest North America, the Pacific Ocean, Asia, Australia, central and eastern Europe.

Time of eclipse is as follows:

|  | EASTERN    |      |     |     |       |
|--|------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
|  | -          |      |     |     |       |
| Moon enters penumbra                         |            |      |     |     | А. М. |
| Moon enters shadow                           |            | 29   | 7   | 6   | A. M. |
| Middle of eclipse                            | 66         | 29   | 8   | 38  | A. M. |
| Moon leaves shadow                           | 64         | 29   | 10  | 10  | A. M. |
| Moon leaves shadow<br>Moon leaves penumbra   | · · ·      | 29   | 11  | 30  | A. M. |
| For Central Time deduct 1 hour; for Mountain | n Time 2 h | ours | and | for | Paci- |
| fic Time 3 hours.                            |            |      |     |     |       |
| 1  |            |      |     |     |       |

#### ECLIPSES FOR 1907 - CONTINUED.

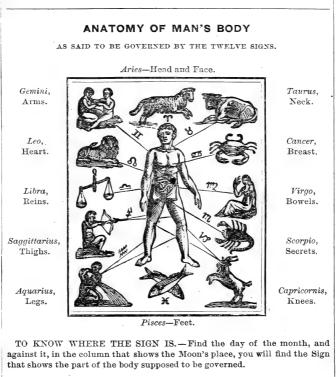
· III. An annular eclipse of the Sun July 10th; invisible here. Visible to South America and considerable portions of the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans, adjacent to that continent.

IV. A partial eclipse of the Moon July 24-25; visible here. The beginning visible generally in central and western Europe, Africa, South America and North America, except the northwest portion; the end visible generally in western Africa, South America and North America, except the peninsula of Alaska.

Time of eclipse is as follows :

| EASTERN                  |    |    |    |       |   |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|-------|---|
|                          | D. | н. | М. |       | l |
| Moon enters penumbraJuly | 24 | 8  | 59 | P. M. |   |
| Moon enters shadow       | 24 | 10 | 4  | P. M. | L |
|                          |    |    |    | P. M. |   |
|                          |    |    |    | A. M. |   |
| Moon leaves penumbra     | 25 | 1  | 46 | A. M. | ł |
|                          |    |    |    |       | 1 |

For Central Time deduct 1 hour; for Mountain Time 2 hours and for Pacific Time 3 hours.

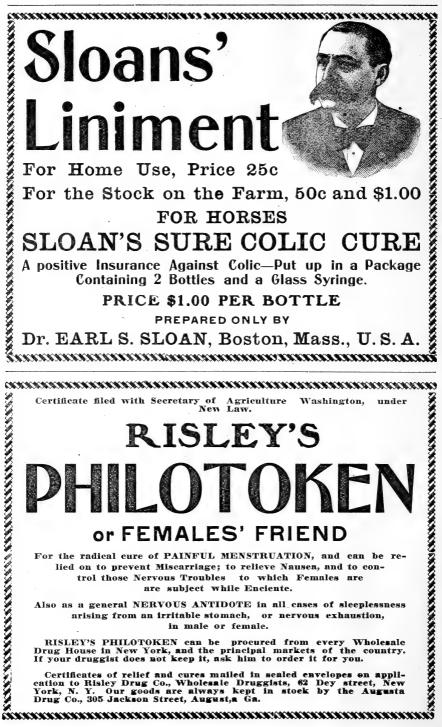




- SYMMS' HAY CURING FRAMES—The labor, time, cost, the tedious slow process of raking nightly into haycocks and scattering same the next morning, the danger and losses from rain through 3 or 4 neccssary curing days—and especially is all of this true as regards the heavy hays, such as Cow Peas, Velvet Beans, Soja Beans, Beg-gar Weed, Sorghums, Kaffir Corn, Fodder Corn, etc.—these are all well known facts that militate heavily against Hay making! ALL OBVIATED—These troubles are obviated in the Symms Hay Cur-ing Frame. While it is a perfect machine for all hays, its action for Pea Vine Hay and all heavy hays is nothing short of the mar-vellous!
- vellous
- THE PROCESS—After cutting or mowing, put hay, immediately, whether weather is dry, damp or rainy, or later in day in semi-wilted state, directly upon the frame; 1 one-horse wagon load, 750 to 850 lbs green stuff to the frame. Pile hay from wagon on frame beginning at bottom and piling in spiral fashion—ending at the beginning at bottom and pling in spiral fashion-ending at the top-making a hay cone in shape. Let hay stay there without molestation till wanted in barn-whether it be a week, a month, or 3 months. The frame is rigid-storms will not blow down. While other and sun dried hays are fasteless yellow and faded out, this shadow-cured Symms hay will be green in color, succulent and inics and sweat and runtitions and juicy and sweet and nutritious.
- Each frame should last a decade or more. Price, 100 lots, 75c each; 50 at 80c; less than 50 at 85c each.
- THE PATENT-Geo. Symms, Jr., inventor. Papers in N. L. Willet Seed Co.'s hands.
- WARNING—This patent issued by U. S. Patent Office to Geo. Symms, Jr., and Mattie M. McClusky, No. 712978, Nov. 4, 1902, time to run being 17 years. N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga., in 1906, bought for a long term of years of Patentees, under a royalty, the sole rights to manufacture Symms' Hay Curing Frames. They will prosecute for fullest damages all persons making for private or other use these frames, or infringing on the principle as contained in them.

|                     |  |   | -  | _   |  | _  |  | 1                          |  |                                    | 1.1   |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |  | _  | -  |
|---------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Second Month.       | FEBRUARY.  | 1907.   | Sun Moon av                              | Bets. Rises. Pl. South.<br>II. M. H. M. C. H. M.  | 7 5 13 8 36 3 2 21<br>6 7 14 0 38 m 3 7  | 5 15 10 37.  | $5 \ 16 \ 11 \ 40 \ m$ 4                           | 5 17 morn 2 5              | Z5 18 0 46 <u>へ</u> 6 Z3<br>15 19 1 54 m 7 18          | 19 3 1 m 8                         | 5 20 4 8 1 9                                      | $85 22 6 \bullet 4 10 1 10 18$   | 5 23 sets 13 eve   | 5 24 6 51 m 1   | 5 25 7 57 m  | 5 27 9 57 ¥ 3                            | $5\ 28\ 10\ 56\ \%\ 4$   | 29 11 54 % 5  | 5 31 0 49                                  | 5 32 1 44 8 7  | 5 33 2 37 0 8                             | 5 34 3 28 0 9  |  | $245\ 36\ 5\ 255\ 10\ 39$  | 5 38 mises O mo                                  | 5 39 6 26 8                                      |  |
|                     |  |   |  | Rises.<br>H. M.   | 6 47<br>6 46   | 6 45   |  |                            | $6 \frac{42}{42}$                                      | 6 4(                               |   | 6 33 4<br>5 33 4   |  |   | 6 35<br>8 35   |  | 6 32   | හිදී<br>ලෙද   | 0 50<br>80 20                              |  |   |  |  |  |  | 6 21   |  |
| PHASES OF THE MOON. | Eastern Standard Time. D. H. M.<br>C Last Quarter 5 7 52 eve | ter 19 11<br>28 1                                     | For Central Time deduct 1 hour.<br>정교    | VARIOUS PHENOMENA.  | 7ard Coke born, 1552   | S. Seragesima Sunday.                                | M. Montgomery Conven., 1861.                       | Tu. Ole Bull born, 1810.   | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | Mary, Queen of Scots, executed,    | Sa. 6 9 C.  | 10 S. Quinquagestma Sunday. 0<br>11 M. Miles Lieut. General 1901. 6  | Tu. Shrove Tuesday.  | W. Ash Wednesday. & & C.  |  | Sa. Phil. Melancthon born, 1497          | S. Quadragesima Sunday.  | Char. Cushman died, 1876.   | 1 20 W   Ember Day                         | . Frede'k Douglas died, 1895.  | Fr. Ember Day. 6 24 C.                    | Sa. Ember Day.   | 2d Sunday in Lent.                       | 723  | W Ioint High Commis'n 1871                       | Th. Wm. M. Evarts died, 1901.                    |  |
|                     |  |   |  |   |  |  |  |                            |  |                                    |   |  |  |   | _  |  |  |   |  |  |   | -  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ľ                   |  | Ī   | n d                                      | 12  | 49<br>49   | 36   | 22   | 202                        | 45   | 36                                 | 31  | 32   | 35   | 300   | 33 -<br>23   | 25                                       | 14   | 0<br>44   | 28   | 12   | 57  | 42   | 30<br>1 0                                |  | 57   | orn  | $\frac{45}{34}$  |
|                     | . •  | -   | Moo<br>Sout                              |   | 20   | €.<br>€  | <del>4</del> и                                     | <b>0</b> 20                | 9  | 5                                  | x c   | , <u>1</u>   | 11 35  | eve   | - 01   | ( en                                     | 4 y  | <u> </u>  | 9 0  | L-   |   | $\infty$   | ກຸ                                       | 3 =  | 1  | oui  | ⊃ <del>–</del>   |
| onth.               | RY.  |   | P1.                                      | <br>  | N 01<br>19 19  | ය<br>ස   | C8 ≩<br>4 π  | ي<br>م تو                  | و ہ<br>≮ <   | 2                                  | ० ०<br>८  इ                                       | n<br>10<br>10  | 4  | 2;  | 101<br>101   | ( en                                     | 1 4 1<br>7 7   | о 10<br>Ж Ж   | 0 0<br>K %                                 | L-   | 8   | $\infty \propto \infty$  |  |  | 116  | o<br>u<br>u                                      | 1  |
| Month.              | IUARY.   | 1907.   |  | 5 51 <u>55</u> 1  | 20   | ය<br>ස   | C8 ≩<br>4 π  | <b>0</b> 20                | و ہ<br>≮ <   | 50 2 7                             | x c   | n<br>10<br>10  | $6 \ 27 \ t \ 11 \ 35$   | ets 18  | - 01   | 14 3                                     | 1 4 1<br>7 7   | ы<br>ж ж  | 0 0<br>K %                                 | L-   | 4%  | 2 59 X   | 3 51 8 9                                 | 5 35 1 10  | 6 22 5 11  | oui 9  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 37 \\ 7 & 36 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$   |
| rst Month.          | ANUARY.  | 10.CT   | Moon 6's<br>Rises. Pl.                   |   | N 01<br>19 19  | $9 41 \otimes 3$                                     | 10 43 8 4  | ي<br>م تو                  |  | $150 \simeq 7$                     | 59<br>10 m<br>10 m<br>10 m<br>10 m<br>10 m        | 5 20 m 10  | 6 27 1   | sets 18   | • 0 0 09 15 1<br>1 8 7 332 2   | 2 9 14 m 3                               | 210 17 m 4 1   | A moun X 5  |  | $5 1 \cdot 9 \circ 7$  | 6.2 4 % 7                                 | 7 2 59 8 8   | 8 3 51 8 9                               | 0 5 35 1 10<br>0 5 35 1 11   | 10 6 22 5 11                                     | 11 rises on mo                                   | ि <b>म</b> C   |
| First Month.        | JANUARY.   | 1,000 TROUT   | Sun Moon •'s<br>Sets. Rises. P1.         | $\frac{11}{4}$ $\frac{11}{54}$ $\frac{11}{6}$ $\frac{11}{51}$ $\frac{1}{56}$ $\frac{11}{1}$ | 7 46 5<br>8 43 5<br>2 2<br>2   | 55 9 41 8 3  | 5510 43 8 4  | L1 44 IV 5                 |  | 57 1 50 - 7                        | 57 2 59 > 8                                       | 5 20 m 10  | 59 6 27 1  | sets 18   | • 0 0 09 15 1<br>1 8 7 332 2   | 2 9 14 m 3                               | 210 17 m 4 1   | A moun X 5  |  | $5 1 \cdot 9 \circ 7$  |   |  |  | 5 35 1 10  | Z 10 6 22 5 11                                   | 5 11 rises of mo                                 | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 37 \\ 7 & 36 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$   |
| First Month.        | JANUARY.   | I   | es. Sets. Rises. Pl.                     | 7  6  4  54  6  51  52  1   | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 7 $54$ $55$ $9$ $41$ $3$ $3$                         |  | 7 4 4 50 L1 44 W 5         | 7 4456 0 43 - 6  | $7 \ 34 \ 57 \ 1 \ 50 \triangle 7$ | 57 2 59 > 8                                       | 7 2458 520 m 10  | $7 \ 24 \ 59 \ 6 \ 27 \ 1$   | sets 18   | • 0 0 09 15 1<br>1 8 7 332 2   | 14 3                                     | 6 58 5 2 10 17 m 4 1   | 6 575 311 19 X 5  |  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 54 & 5 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 9 \\ \hline 0 & 54 & 5 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 9 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 $ | 6 53 5 6.2 4 % 7                          | 6 535 7 2 59 8 8   | 525 8 3 51 8 9<br>22 2 8 3 51 8 9        | 2 2 4 40 11 TO   | 6 50 5 10 6 22 5 11                              | 49 5 11 rises 5 mo                               | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 48 \\ 5 & 12 \\ 6 & 48 \\ 5 & 12 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 37 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}$   |
| THE MOON.           | 7 9 47 mo.   | ter 21 3 42 mo.<br>29 8 45 mo.<br>Time deduct 1 hour. | Sun Sun Moon 0's<br>HENOMENA. Rises. Pl. | 7  6  4  54  6  51  52  1   | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 7 $54$ $55$ $9$ $41$ $3$ $3$                         |  |                            | opened, $1817.16 \pm 4 \pm 30$ motify $x = 0$          | $7 \ 34 \ 57 \ 1 \ 50 \le 7$       | ed, 1861. 7 $3 4$ $57$ 2 $59 \Delta$ 8            | sn. Conc 1848. $7$ 24 58 5 20 m 10 sn 10 m 10  | ğ ₫ 7 24 59 6 27 1   | 395. 7 14 59 sets $19$  | . 7 05 <b>•</b> 0 0 29 15 1<br>6 595 1 8 7 22 2  | иниа, 1909. 6 59 5 2 9 14 2 3            | $1871. \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 58 & 5 & 2 \\ 1871. \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 58 & 5 & 2 \\ 19 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ 10 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ | 6 575 3 LT LD X 5   |  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 54 & 5 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 9 \\ \hline 0 & 54 & 5 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 9 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 $ | died, 1806. 6 53 5 6, 2 4 % 7             | procl'm'd, 1901. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 53 & 5 & 7 & 2 & 59 & 8 \\ \hline & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$ |  | 6 52 5 8 4 45 1 10<br>6 81 8 9 8 35 1 11   | 5.6 50.5 10 6 22 5 11                            | 3. 6 49 5 11 rises 5 mo                          | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |
| THE MOON.           | 7 9 47 mo.   | ter 21 3 42 mo.<br>29 8 45 mo.<br>Time deduct 1 hour. | Sun Sun Moon 0's<br>HENOMENA. Rises. Pl. | 64.54 $651$ $51$ $51$ $1$   | $\bigoplus_{\text{T}} \text{ in Perihelion.} \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Richmond, Va., dest., 1781, 7 $54$ $55$ 9 $41$ $3$ 3 | old killed, $1477$ 7 $5 4$ $55 10$ $43 80 4$       |                            | 7 4456 0 43 - 6  | $7 \ 34 \ 57 \ 1 \ 50 \le 7$       | Florida seceded, 1861. 7 $34$ $57$ $259$ $29$ $8$ | $\delta \ Q \ C. \bullet$<br>1 $\delta \ Q \ C. \bullet$<br>1 $\delta \ Q \ C \ \delta \ Q \ Q \ M \ 10$<br>1 $1000 \text{ m}$ | list $\mathfrak{S}$ , after Epipb. $\delta \mathfrak{P} \mathfrak{C}^{7} \mathfrak{Z}^{4} \mathfrak{S}^{9} \mathfrak{S}^{7} \mathfrak{I} \mathfrak{I}$ | Brooklyn car strike, 1895. 7 14 59 sets 18  | Santa Ana banished, 1845. $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 50 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 50 \end{bmatrix} $ | Battle of Coruma, 1909. $65952914$ m $3$ | William, Emp. Germ., 1871. $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 58 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$   | Georgia secedes, 1861. 6 57 5 311 10 $\Re$ 0<br>$\kappa$ 56 $\kappa$ 4 mount $\chi$ 5   | 20 Sun. after Epipbany. 0 2009 4 mount X 9 | FILZ J. FOTUEL, CASHIEL, TOUR $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \varphi \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$  | William Pitt died, 1806. 6 53 5 6.2 4 % 7 | Edward VII procl'm'd, 1901. 6 53 5 7 2 59 8 8  | Gen. Ewell died, 1872. 6 52 5 8 3 51 8 9 | $\delta \mathcal{U} \mathbb{C}$ .  | Deter the Great died, 1725, 6 50 5 10 6 22 06 11 | Pres. McKinley born, 1843, 6 49 5 11 rises 5 100 | $ \begin{array}{c} {\rm Steamer \ Blbe \ sunk, \ 1895, \ \ 6 \ \ 48 \ 5 \ \ 11 \ \ 6 \ \ 37 \ \ 9 \ \ 0 \ \ 12 \ \ 0 \ \ 0 \ \ 12 \ \ 0 \ \ \ \ \ 0 \$ |
| THE MOON.           | 14 0 57 mo.  | 3 42 mo.<br>8 45 mo.<br>t 1 hour.                     | Sun Sun Moon 0's<br>HENOMENA. Rises. Pl. | Padific Cable opened, San Francisco $7$ $6$ $4$ $54$ $6$ $51$ $co$ $1$                      | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | Richmond, Va., dest., 1781, 7 $54$ $55$ 9 $41$ $3$ 3 | Charles the Bold killed, $1477$ 7 5 4 55 10 43 8 4 | Epipbany. 7 1.1 56 mon m 5 | opened, $1817.16 \pm 4 \pm 30$ motify $x = 0$          | W. $\delta \delta C$ .             | Florida seceded, 1861. 7 $34.57$ 2 $59$ $\sim 8$  | sn. Conc 1848. $7$ 24 58 5 20 m 10 sn 10 m 10  | list $\mathfrak{S}$ , after Epipb. $\delta \mathfrak{P} \mathfrak{C}^{7} \mathfrak{Z}^{4} \mathfrak{S}^{9} \mathfrak{S}^{7} \mathfrak{I} \mathfrak{I}$ | Brooklyn car strike, 1895. $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ sets $\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ | Santa Ana banished, 1845. $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 50 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 50 \end{bmatrix} $ | иниа, 1909. 6 59 5 2 9 14 2 3            | William, Emp. Germ., 1871. $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 58 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$   | Georgia secedes, 1861. 6 57 5 311 10 $\Re$ 0<br>$\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ $\kappa$ |  | FILZ J. FOTUEL, CASHIEL, TOUR $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \varphi \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$  | William Pitt died, 1806. 6 53 5 6.2 4 % 7 | [1] Edward VII procl'm'd, 1901. [6 53] 5 7 2 59 8 8  | Gen. Ewell died, 1872. 6 52 5 8 3 51 8 9 | $\delta \chi C$ . $\delta$ | 5.6 50.5 10 6 22 5 11                            | Pres. McKinley born, 1843, 6 49 5 11 rises 5 100 | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |

SEED CATALOGUE AND ALMANAC.



| Fourth Month.<br>APRIL.  | 1907.  | Sun Sun Sun Moon 9's Moon<br>Rises, Sets. Rises. P. South.<br>II. M. II. M. C. H. M.   | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 9.0  | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | 89         5         43         6         17         1         53         b5         7         1           K         426         18         2         43         W         7         58 | 5 41 6 19 3 28 28 8 | 54062047 w 943      | $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 21 \\ 6 & 22 \\ 5 & 14 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11$ | . 5 37 6 23 sets X eve | 5 366 24 7<br>7 97 97 9 | 5 34 6 26 9 23 % 2  | 5 336 27 10 18 8 3   | 6 28 11 12 8 3<br>6 28 11 12 8 3 | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                          | 5 29 6 31 0 50 0 6 | 5 286 32 1 34 5 7   | 59 0 21 0 33 2 14 5 1 90<br>5 96 6 34 9 59 0 8 45                | 7.5 256 35 3 27 8 9 | $5\ 24\ 6\ 36\ 4\ 0\ m\ 10$ | 5 23 6 37 4 33 m  | $\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{r}} = 5 \ 21 \ 6 \ 39 \ 7 \ 20 \ 20 \ 0 \ 2$           | $5\ 20\ 6\ 40\ 8\ 31 \simeq 0$ | 5 19 6 41 9 41 m 1 54                                      |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|---|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| с.<br>12 5.<br>12 5.<br>12 2<br>12 2<br>12 2<br>12 2<br>12 2<br>12 2<br>12 2<br>12   | D First Quarter 20 3 38 eve<br>O Full Moon 28 1 5 mo.<br>For Central Time deduct 1 hour. | Day of<br>Month<br>DW eck<br>DW eck<br>VARIOUS PHENOMENA.  | 1 M Prince Bismarck born, 1815   | NA.  | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | 6 Sa. Washington elec. pres., 1780<br>7 C. T. M. C. Washington elec.  |                     | ۲. ¢ ¢ €.           | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                                   | Fr.                    |                         | 14 9. 20 Sunday atter Easter.<br>15 M. J. Lathron Metlev b. 1814. |  | 5                                | $  18 $ Th. $\delta \not\perp \alpha$ .<br>  19 Fr. Troons attack in Balt 1861 | Sa.                | ni  | 22 M. Prohibition def. Mass., 1889<br>03 m. Shabenaane horn 1564 |                     | °                           | Hr.   | 26 Sa. Automatical reads Convention, par.<br>28 G. 4th Sunday after Easter. | iz                             | Lu.  |
| Third Month.<br>MARCH.   | 1907.  | Sun Sun Moon $\bullet's$ Moon $h's$ Moon Rises. P1. M. H. H. M. H. H. M. H. H. M. H. | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 5 44 11 46 - 4   | $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 45 \\ 5 & 46 \\ \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \end{bmatrix}$   | 5 47 1 58 7         | 6 115 49 3 55 W 9 6 | 50 4 45 19 10  |                        | $52$ sets $\times$ eve  | $6$ $65$ $54$ $7$ $42 \times 1$                                   | 6 55 55 8 41 × 2 12<br>6 15 76 0 41 ∞ 5 58                                 | 57 10 38 % 3                     | 6 25 58 11 33 8 4  | 6 1 5 59 morn 8    | 5 506 1 1 21 1 6 53   | 586 2 2 9 0 7  | 55763255 = 8        | 5 566 4 3 38 5              | 5 546 6 4 55 O 10 55  | 7 5 30 \$ 11  | 5 526 8 rises m mo             | 55169721 m 032<br>550610830 - 122                          |
| <b>PHASES OF THE MOON.</b><br>Bastern Stendard Time. D. H. M.<br>C. Last Quarter 7, 3, 42 mo.<br>D. New Moon 14, 1, 5, mo. | Full Moon 29 2 44<br>For Central Time deduct 1 hour.                                     |  | <ol> <li>Fr. Japan adp. gold stan., 1897.</li> <li>Sa. John Stuart Blackied., 1895.</li> </ol> |  | First U.S. C<br>Boston Mas                             | 6 W. Gen. Sheridan born, 1831.<br>7 Th. & ♂ ℃.  |                     |                     |  |                        | 10 W. 6 7 C.            |   | 16 Sa. Rev. J.W. Broodus d., 1895.<br>$17 \approx 54h$ curves in $\Im$ out |                                  |  | Gen. A. Bad        | 21 Th. Centers • Spring begins.<br>99 Fr. Vandvke born. 1599. | □ ¥ ⊙.   | Palm Sunday.        |                             | 26 I.u. Beetnoven uleu, 1821.<br>27 W J.John Bright died. 1889. |   | Good Frida                     | 30 Sa. XIII Amend't procl'd, 1870.<br>31 a. Easter Sunday. |

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SEED CATALOGUE AND ALMANAC.



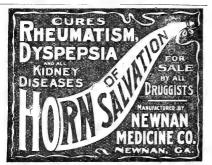
#### A PURELY VEGETABLE FEMALE REMEDY CURES ALL FEMALE DISEASES,

Such as Menstrual Irregularities, Sup-pressions, Convulsions, Cramps, Hys-terics, Internal Pains, Nervousness, Melancholy, Spasms, and all other Dis-orders of the Utero-Ovarian Organs. IT IS THE BEST FEMALE REMEDY.

Suffering women, do not delay trying a bottle. IT CURES. Its companion preparation is Dr. M. A. Simmons' Veg-etable Liver Medicine, for all Liver Troubles, established in 1840. If your dealer does not have them do not take substitutes, but write to

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St. Louis, Mo.



LIGHT OF SALVALION WAS, UNKNOWN **л** v е ago; today it is the popular vears household remedy in most of the homes of the south; true merit alone could make it so popular.

The people have had it on trial and here are the verdicts rendered. Read them:

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L. C. Durham, Dawson, Ga., says: "I had rheumatism so bad that my leg was drawn out of shape. Horn or Salvation cured me in a short time." R. P. Wheeler & Son, Waketown, Texas, writes: "Send us six dozen by express, C. O. D. We find great de-

express, C. mand for it.

mand for it. Mrs. M. S. Lebey, 910 Anderson street, Savannah, Ga., says: "I think it is the best household remedy I ever used, es-pecially for Indigestion, Fevers, Croup and Colds." J. P. Stegall, Emerson, Ga., says it cured him of Kidney and Bladder Troubles when doctors and mineral waters bed failed

waters had failed.

Every bottle guaranteed. For sale by wholesale and retail druggists.





is a safe, prompt and reliable remedy for stomach and bowel troubles, digestive diseases, etc.

IT CURES Constipation, Wind-Colic, Flatulency, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Cholera Infantum, Convulsions, etc. It destroys worms and allays feverishness. It aids digestion, causes the food to be quickly and thoroughly assimilated, relieves pain, regulates the stomach and bowels and induces natural, healthful sleep. It is a sovereign remedy for the ills attendant upon **TEETHING** and carries the little ones through this trying and critical period without pain or sickness.

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AT ALL DEALERS.

# Take Your Choice

Just take your choice. An attack of Fever, with Quinine as the treatment means a week or ten days lost from business.

It means ten days of unhappiness for It means ten days of unnappiness for you and ten days of hard work and anxiety for those who love you. If you are a poor man, your time is worth much to your family. The rich man might better afford to suffer a loss of \$100.00 a day, as a result from en-\$100.00 a day, as a result from en-forced absence from business, than the poor man can lose the value of his labor. Johnson's Tonic has two cardi-nal points that should immediately commend it to every thinking man in this country.

First of all, it is harmless. Abso-lutely harmless. Harmless under all circumstances.

Second, it is quick; it acts at once. In 30 minutes after its administration it enters the blood and begins to undo the mischief caused by Malaria. It is the one great medicine that never dis-appoints. Now take your choice. appoints. Now take your choice. Lie in bed for days, or maybe weeks, and poison your digestion with quinine, and arise finally with all the life and vim taken out of you, or use Johnson's Tonic and be restored at once to per-fect health. No loss of vital force. No loss of flesh. No waste of precious loss of flesh. Take your choice. time.

#### A. B. GIRARDEAU,

#### Savannah.

| _  |  |   |   |                             |   |  |                                       |  |                   |  |  |                  |   |                                   |                  |   |                    |                           |   |  |
|--|--|---|---|-----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| Sixth Month.<br>JUNE.<br>1907.   | Sun Sun Moon •'s Moon<br>Rises. Sets. Rises. Pl. South.<br>II. M. H. M. H. M. C. H. M. | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                                      | 7 4 1 51 X 8                | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 454764408                             | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                               | 7 6 9 30 <b>2</b> | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                   | (4 537 711 26 5 4 33 4 537 711 58 0 5 18                           | 7 7 morn 8 6     | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | $4 537 7 1 37 \widehat{\frown} 8$ | 453772 2 11 $-$  | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 4 537 7 rises m mo | 7 7 8 22 1 0              | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                    | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| <b>PHASES OF THE MOON.</b> Eastern Standard Time.     D. H. M.       C Last Quarter     3     0     20 mo.       O New Moon     10     6     50 eve       D First Quarter     18     9     55 eve       O Full Moon     18     9     56 eve                    | The deduct 1 hour.<br>ARIOUS PHENOMEN  | 1 Sa. Kentucky admitted, 1792.<br>2 S. 1st Sunday after Wrinfty.      | 3 M. N. D. Rothschild died, 1817.   | 5 W. Weber died, 1826.      | 7 Fr. Richard M. Hoe died, 1886.  | 8 Sa. 6 Q C.<br>9 G. 23 Guirdon after Prints         |                                       | 111 Tu. Copernicus died, 1543.<br>12 W. $\delta \not {\Sigma} \not {\mathbb{C}}$ . | Th.               | 15 Sa. Washington commis'd, 175.                                       | 16 S. 3rd Sunday after Trinity.<br>17 M. Bunker Hill Battle, 1775. |                  | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                                   |                  | 25) S. 4tb Sunday aller Urmity.                       |                    |                           | 27 [Ph.] Gubbon's Kome hn., 1787.<br>28 [Pr.] Battle of Monmouth, 1778. |  |
| Fifth Month.<br>MAY.<br>1907.  |  | 5 186 4211 49 7 3<br>5 176 43 morn 7 4                                | $ \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 16 & 6 & 44 & 0 & 42 \\ 5 & 15 & 6 & 45 & 1 & 28 \\ \end{pmatrix} $ | 6 46 2 9 3 7                | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 6 51 + 52 %                           | 5 96 51 sets % evel7<br>5 86 52 8 10 8 1 3   | 53 9 5 8 1        | 5 66 5410 46 0 3 27  | $5 66 55 11 31 \Box 4 16$<br>$5 56 56 more \overline{\sigma} 5 4$  | 5 46 56 0 12 5 5 | $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & 6 & 57 \\ 5 & 3 & 6 & 57 \\ 5 & 3 & 6 & 57 \\ 1 & 25 & 0 \\ 7 & 24 \\ 1 & 25 \\ 0 \\ 7 & 24 \\ 1 & 24 \\ 1 & 25 \\ 0 \\ 1 & 24 \\ 1 & 24 \\ 1 & 24 \\ 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 25 \\$ | $5 \ 36 \ 57 \ 1 \ 59 \ 8 \ 8$    | 5 26 58 2 29 m 8 | $5 \ 26 \ 58 \ 3 \ 7 \ m \ 9 \ 48$                    | 4 18 2 11          | ses m mo                  | 5 0 7 0 8 31 m 0 37<br>5 0 7 1 9 38 1 1 40                              | 26 b 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2             |
| <b>PHASES OF THE MOON.</b><br><i>n Standard Fine.</i> D. H. M.<br><i>n Standard Fine.</i> D. H. M.<br><i>st Quarter.</i> D. H 4 53 eve<br>woon 12 3 59 mo.<br><i>rst Quarter.</i> 20 8 27 mo.<br><i>ill Moon.</i> 27 9 18 mo.<br><i>ill Moon.</i> 27 10 18 mo. | Various Phenomena.<br>Ratite of Manila Ray, 1898.                                      | Source of Manual Day, 1999.<br>δ δ C.<br>Lonis XVIII ent. Paris. 1814 | Chicago riots, 1886.<br>Docation Gundan   | Action off Barcelona, 1801. | δ ħ <b>C</b> .<br>Oakes Ames died, 1873.  | Ascension Day. 6 2 C.                                | 6 2 C.<br>Robert T. Payne died, 1814. | Sunday after Ascension.<br>John Smith in Virginia, 1607                            | Dante born, 1265. | Gallatin, SecTreas., 1801.<br>$\lambda \ \mathcal{M} \ \mathfrak{C}$ . | Wheeling bridge fell, 1854.<br>Lincoln first nomin., 1860.         | Whit Sunday.     | Admiral Meade retired,1895<br>Lafavette died. 1851.   | Ember Day.                        | 4                | Ember Day. & Q O.<br>Ember Day.                       | Trinity Sunday.    | W. I. Gresham died, 1895. | Noah Webster died, 1843.<br>Gen. Scott died. 1866.                      | Corpus Christi. & & C.<br>Johnstown Flood, 1889.     |
| PHASES OF TH<br>Eastern Standard Fine.<br>(Last Quarter<br>New Moon<br>) First Quarter<br>) Full Moon<br>Full Moon   | W Day of<br>Day of<br>Day of   | 2 Th. 6 3<br>3 Fr. Louis  |   |                             | $\left  \begin{array}{c} 1 & 1 \\ 8 & W \end{array} \right  = \left  \begin{array}{c} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \end{array} \right $ | 9 Th. Asce   |                                       | 12 8. Sun<br>13 M. John  |                   | 16 Th. 6 2   |  |                  |   |                                   |                  | 24 Fr. Eml  |                    |                           | 28 Tu. Noa<br>29 W Gen  | 30 Th. Cor<br>31 Fr. Joh                             |

GOULD'S "POMONA" SPRAY PUMP.

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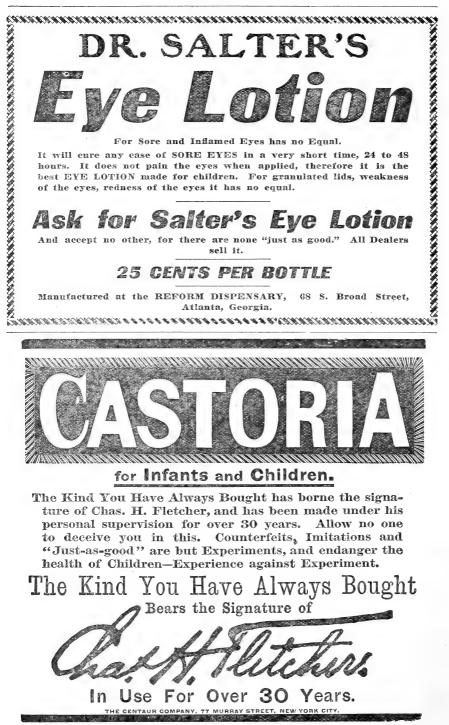
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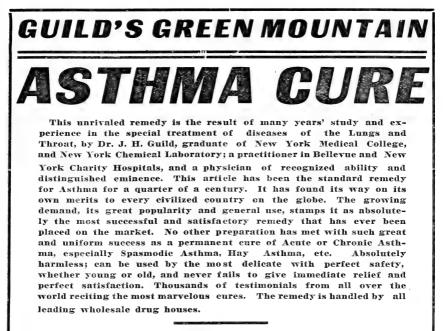
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|   | Moon<br>South.<br>II. M.   |  | 8  | م  | ດ<br>ເ  |                            | eve   | 0,   |  | ၊ က  | 43  |   |  |                             |                            |   |                                  | morn   | 0  |   |                                  | ~~<br><\                                    |  | 4 X  |   | 100   |
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| E E   |  | 12                                       |  | 01   | 59<br>58<br>0<br>0  | 0 4 0                      | =   |  | <u>7 7</u><br>7 7<br>7 7   | 48 1   | -   | 36  |  | 461                         |                            |   |                                  |  |  |   |                                  |   |  |  |   |   |
| h M<br>TOB<br>1907.   | loc  | 10                                       |  |  | ಬ. ಬ.   |                            | 20  | 9 1<br>9 1                                   | א<br>א א   |  |   |   | 0  | 0 4                         |                            | ∽ -   | # 20                             | rises  |  | -   |                                  |   |  |  |   | morn<br>0 45  |
| enth Month<br>OCTOBER,<br>1907.   |  |  | _  |  | 20 1  |                            | 202   |  |  |  |   | 910   | 1  |                             | _                          |   |                                  |  |  |   |                                  |   |  | 2510   | 24 10<br>99 11  |   |
| Tenth Month.<br>OCTOBER.<br>1907.   | Sun<br>Seta.   | 1  |  | 49   | 44  | 4                          | 4   | 4  | 43   | 4  |   | 60 00<br>00 00                                      |  |                             |                            | 34  |                                  |  |  | 30  | $\frac{5}{8}$                    | 27  | 202  | Ñ¢   | 0   | 222   |
| <b>C</b>  |  | 00                                       | 0  | 101  | 0 10<br>21 00   | 4                          | 10  | 10 1<br>10 1                                 | <u>5 2</u><br>2 2<br>2 2   | 00   | -   | 212<br>995  | 23 5                                     |                             | 25 5<br>25 5               | 202<br>07<br>07<br>10   |                                  |  | 305  | $\frac{315}{5}$   | 325                              | <u>20</u> 2<br>00                           | 34 D<br>24 D   | 3515<br>95<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15<br>15 | 8719<br>8718  | 202   |
|   | Sun<br>Rises.  | 9  | 6 1  |  | <br>9 9   |                            | . 1   | <br>9 :                                      | <br>9  |  |   | ನ ೧<br>೮೮   |  | 6 2                         |                            |   | ০৩                               | 0<br>0   |  |   |                                  |   |  | න<br>ග<br>ප  |   |   |
|   | _  | 1  |  |  | 5   |                            | <u> </u>  | <u> </u>                                     |  |  |   |   |  |                             | -                          | -   |                                  | <u> </u>   | E. B. Washburne died, $1887 6$               |   |                                  |   |  |  |   |   |
| M.<br>M.<br>21 mo.<br>2 mo.<br>51 mo.   | 1  | 24                                       |  | Miles Standish died, 1656.   | Battle of Germantown, 177<br>Battle Thames, 1813.   | ty.                        |   |  | Lewis Cass Born, 1752.<br>Lorenzo Snow died, 1901.   |  | Gen. R. E. Lee died, 1870.                | Zoth Sun, atter Urnity.<br>William Penn born, 1644. |  | Brown at Harp's Fer., 1859. | Burgoyne surrendered, 1777 | 6 h C.<br>1 W Machan T. 1-24 1806   | ty.                              | <i></i>  | , 18   | A. II. Davenport died, 1873.  | Pacific Tele. complete, 1861.    | King Athelstan died, 941.                   | Ilarlen 1. 1. opened, 1836.  | ZZRO BUIL AUCT CUMIY.<br>Ratio of White Dialog 1776                                      | 5 T 6   | 0 4<br>Gambetta born, 1838.<br>Reformation becan. 1517.   |
| 516 21 M.   | TEN  | 180                                      |  | 1, 1   | uw.   | cimi :                     |   | 002  | 10%  | 737.   | 1, 1                                      | nu 1  |  | er.,                        | red                        | 1.0   | imi.                             | 88   | ied  | ed,   | cte.                             | ຕູ້ '                                       | ed,  | n i  |   |   |
| 00<br>10040   | WON  | d.                                       |  | die  | 181   | ษ                          |   |  | 1, 1<br>lied   | Ξ.   | lie.                                      |   |  | Ē                           | ope                        |   | ៊ីមី                             | d, ]   | e d  | t di  | ldr                              | dic   | e b  |  | 1.12  | 18.<br>0 a.r  |
| 21<br>21<br>20<br>21<br>20<br>20<br>20  | VARIOUS PHENOMENA  | Fulton's first trip, 1807.               |  | sh   | Battle of Germantow<br>Battle Thames, 1813.   | 19th Sun. after Trinity    |   |  | Lowis Cass Born, 1782.<br>Lorenzo Snow died, 19  | Geo. II crowned, 1727.                         | 00.00                                     | 2010 Sun. atter Urmity<br>William Penn born. 1644.  |  | $rp^3$                      | rreı                       | ŕ   | 21st Sun. after Trinity          | Mayne Reid died, 1883.                                       | urn  | 100   | COD                              | un  | 10.4   | urc<br>H   | ere e   | 0 4 .<br>Gambetta born, 1838.<br>Reformation becan.   |
|   | 0.8 ]  | irst                                     |  | ndi  | Ger<br>am   | ਛ                          |   | 1  | SS C   | MO   | Ţ.  | le al   |  | Па                          | su                         | 12.0.2  | af                               | id   | hb   | [uə.  | <u>;</u>                         | elst  | 2  | 1. 2   | 11 14   | bo<br>ion   |
| Vine.   | THIC   | "s: 1                                    | , »  | sta  | of L  | íun .                      |   | ي ا  |  | [ cr   | Ξ   | un<br>I m   |  | at                          | yne                        |   | un                               | Вč   | Var  | Dav   | E                                | (th   | ž ž  | lli d  | 5,  | stta<br>naf   |
| es con<br>on<br>on<br>on<br>on  | ΔA   | ton                                      | D 77 C                                       | GS   | the   | 9<br>9<br>9                | 9<br>4  | 0<br>0+                                      | en.  | H.   | 2 · 1                                     | a ::  | 6 3 C.                                   | IT A                        | 0.0                        | 92  | 1 U2<br>  1 U2                   | yne  | ~  | -   | ific                             | 50 -  | Ē  | 0<br>2<br>4  | n n   | nbc   |
| aspanda<br>Moo<br>Mo<br>Mo<br>Mo<br>Mo<br>Mo  | FOT COLUCIAL TIME OCCULOR  | Ful                                      | 5  | Mil  | Bat<br>Bat  | 191                        | 0   | 0  | Lor  | Geo  | Ger                                       | 102<br>V I: N                                       | ~  | Bro.                        | 13 U 2                     | 22<br>9-  | 215                              | Mar  | 3  | ~   | Pac                              | Ω.  | Har  |  | IC I  | Ref   |
| <b>PHASES OF THE MOON.</b> <i>tem Standard Time.</i> D. H. M.New Moon7Tieve Moon14Full Moon21Last Quarter29Last Quarter26   | Day of<br>Day of   | Tu                                       | Ŵ,   | Th.  | Er.<br>Sa.  |                            | M.  | 1.11.  | • -  |  | -   |   |  |                             |                            |   |                                  |  |  | -   |                                  |   |  |  | -   |   |
| PHASES OF<br>Braten Standard Time,<br>New Moon<br>Pfirst Quarter<br>C Last Quarter  |  | E  | $\leq$                                       | <u>H</u>   | <u> </u>  | 10                         |   | $\frac{1}{2}$                                |  | I E  | 12 Sa.                                    | ui≥<br>≌ ⊇  | 15 Tu.                                   | 16 W.                       | Z T'h.                     | 18 Fr.  | 50 02                            | $21   \widetilde{\mathrm{M}}$                                | 22 Tu.                                       | 23 W.   | 24 Th.                           | 25 Fr.                                      | 26 Sa.   |  | 20 TVn  | 30 W.   |
| <u> 2000</u>  | To 7.6U  |  | •  |  | 4 -4  |                            | -   |  | -  |  |   |   |  | 1                           | ÷.                         |   | 4 83                             | 01   | ēi.  | Si.   | Ň.                               | ai d  | Ň  | NC   | N 8   | <u>100 br</u>   |
|   |  |  |  |  |   | -                          |   | -  |  |  |   | _   |  | -                           |                            |   |                                  | -  | -  |   |                                  |   |  |  |   |   |
|   |  |  | _  | ~  |   |                            |   |  | ~  |  |   |   |  |                             |                            |   |                                  |  |  |   |                                  |   | ~ •  |  |   |   |
|   | oon<br>uth.<br>M.  | 11                                       | 0  | 48   | 24  | H                          | 57  | 042  | 28   | + +-+  | 51  | 43  | e se                                     | 300                         | 53<br>23<br>23             | 999   |                                  |  |  |   | 22                               | 40  | 22   | -  | 4 62  |   |
|   | Moo<br>Sout  | 7 11                                     | 8 0  | 00 0   | n C   | Ę                          | 11  | eve  | - ~  | 1  | 3 51<br>5                                 | 4 43<br>7 90  | 0 9                                      | 2                           | 8<br>38<br>8               | ۍ د<br>د  | 11 26<br>11 26                   | morn   | $0 \ 16$                                     | 1 5   | 1 53                             | 2  40                                       | 5<br>5<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7<br>7 | 4 16   |   |   |
| nth.<br>BER.  | Pl.'s Moon<br>Pl. South.<br>C. II. M.  | 11 7 8                                   | 00   | 00 0   | 6<br>6<br>6<br>6  | 211<br>211                 | 20 11<br>21   | S eve  | n<br>1 €   | i က<br>< {                                     | ာ ·<br>(                                  | 4 z   | 0 9                                      | 2 I                         | ₹<br>*                     | 2<br>2<br>2<br>2  | 11 26<br>11 26                   | molul mo   | $\times$ 0 16                                | X 1 5   | °° 1 53                          | 2 40  | :0 -<br>20 :   | 20 2<br>7 4 2  | ධ 22<br>20 E  | 0.9   |
| Month.<br>MBER.<br>07.  | 5.<br>11.<br>2.  |  | 00   | 00 0   | n C   | Ę                          | 0 2 11  | S eve  | - ~  | က  | ം<br>                                     |   | 0<br>9<br>1<br>1                         | 2 I                         | 4<br>8                     | ۍ د<br>د  | 11 26<br>11 26                   | molul mo   | $\times$ 0 16                                | X 1 5   | 1 53                             | 2  40                                       | :0 -<br>20 :   | <del>4</del> 2   | Q 12  | 0.9   |
| th Month.<br>TEMBER.<br>1907.   | E. S.  | morn 8 7 11                              | 00   | 00 0   | 6<br>6<br>6<br>6  | 211<br>211                 | 0 2 11  | S eve  | n<br>1 €   | 46 2 3   | 22<br> ><br> >                            | 4 z   | 43 m 6                                   | T T T                       | ₹<br>*                     | 50 10 9   | 11 26<br>11 26                   | morn   | $\times$ 0 16                                | X 1 5   | °° 1 53                          | 2  40                                       | :0 -<br>20 :   | 9 50 8 4   | 11 99 D   | 0.9   |
| linth Month.<br>EPTEMBER.<br>1907.  | Moon •'s<br>Rises. Pl.   |  | 0 41 □ 8                                     | $1 \begin{array}{c} 29 \\ 2 \end{array}$   | 6<br>6<br>6<br>6  | 4 12 8 11                  | 5 10 8 11   | sets & eve                                   | 14 mg 1<br>14 mg 2   | 8 46 2 3 3                                     | 9 22 5                                    | Ω<br>ζ  π<br>4 γ                                    | 11 43 m 6                                | T T T                       | 43 1 8                     | 50 10 9   | 6 m 11 26                        | molul mo   | $\times$ 0 16                                | 7 28 ¥ 1 5  | 7 58 % 1 53                      | 8 34 % 2 40                                 | 9 ]2 8<br>2 2 8<br>2 8   | 50 8 4   | 11 99 D   | morn 0 6  |
| Ninth Month.<br>SEPTEMBER.<br>1907.   | Sun Moon •'s<br>Sets. Rises. P1.<br>It. M. It. M. C.   | 6 22 morn                                | 21 0 41 0 8                                  | 20 1 29 D 8  | 19 2 22 5 9<br>18 3 16 5 10   | 17 4 12 8 11               | 16 5 10 8 11  | 15 sets & eve                                | 14 7 40 mg 1<br>13 8 14 mg 2   | 12 8 46 2 3                                    | 11 9 22 - 3                               | 1010 3 10 4<br>010 70 m 7                           | 8 11 43 m 6                              | $7 \mod t$ mom $7$          | 6 0 43 7 8                 | 5 1 50 1 9<br>A 8 27 1 9 10   | 3 4 6 m 11 26                    | 2 rises an morn  | $1 6 53 \times 0 16$                         | 0 7 28 ¥ 1 5  | 59 7 58 % 1 53                   | 5 58 8 34 % 2 40                            |  |  | 11 22 0<br>11 22 0<br>7 0   | morn 0 6  |
| Ninth Month.<br>SEPTEMBER.<br>1907.   | Sun Moon •'s<br>Sets. Rises. P1.<br>It. M. It. M. C.   | 22 morn                                  | 21 0 41 0 8                                  | 20 1 29 D 8  | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | 17 4 12 8 11               | 16 5 10 8 11  | 15 sets & eve                                | 7 40 取 T   | 8 46 2 3 3                                     | 11 9 22 - 3                               | 10 3 1 4<br>10 70 m 1<br>7 m 1<br>7 m 1<br>7        | 8 11 43 m 6                              | $7 \mod t$ mom $7$          | 6 0 43 7 8                 | 5 1 50 1 9<br>A 8 27 1 9 10   | 6 m 11 26                        | 2 rises an morn  | $1 6 53 \times 0 16$                         | $0 7 28 \times 1 5$   | 59 7 58 % 1 53                   | 5 58 8 34 % 2 40                            |  | 56 9 50 8 4  | 11 22 0<br>11 22 0<br>7 0   | morn 0 6  |
| Ninth Month.<br>SEPTEMBER.<br>1907.   | Sun Moon •'s<br>Sets. Rises. P1.<br>It. M. H. W. C.  | 5 38 6 22 morn                           | 21 0 41 0 8                                  | 20 1 29 D 8  | 19 2 22 5 9<br>18 3 16 5 10   | 17 4 12 8 11               | 16 5 10 8 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | 10 40 0 14 7 40 m 1<br>15 47 6 13 8 14 m 2   | 5486128462                                     | 549611922 - 3                             | 1010 3 10 4<br>010 70 m 7                           | 8 11 43 m 6                              | $7 \mod t$ mom $7$          | 6 0 43 7 8                 | 5 1 50 1 9<br>A 8 27 1 9 10   | 3 4 6 m 11 26                    | 2 rises an morn  | $1 6 53 \times 0 16$                         | $6 0 6 0 7 28 \times 1 5$   | 6 1 5 59 7 58 % 1 53             | 5 58 8 34 % 2 40                            | 6 35 57 9 12 8 3   |  | 11 22 0<br>11 22 0<br>7 0   | 6 7 5 53 morn [] 6  |
|   | Sun Moon •'s<br>Sets. Rises. P1.<br>It. M. It. M. C.   | 5 38 6 22 morn                           | $5\ 39\ 6\ 21\ 0\ 41\ \Box$ 8                | 20 1 29 D 8  | 19 2 22 5 9<br>18 3 16 5 10   | 5 436 17 4 12 8 11         | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | 10 40 0 14 7 40 m 1<br>15 47 6 13 8 14 m 2   | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | 5 506 1010 3 1 4<br>ボ 516 010 50 m 7                | 5 52 6 8 11 43 m 6                       | $7 \mod t$ mom $7$          | 6 0 43 7 8                 | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | $5 596 1 6 53 \times 0 16$                   | $6 0 6 0 7 28 \times 1 5$   | 6 1 5 59 7 58 % 1 53             | 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40                         | 6 35 57 9 12 8 3   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | 6 7 5 53 morn [] 6  |
| eve<br>eve<br>eve<br>ino,   | Sun Sun Moon V.<br>Rises, Sets, Rises, P.<br>I. M. It. M. H. M. C.   | 5 38 6 22 morn                           | 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 <b>a</b> 8              | 20 1 29 D 8  | 19 2 22 5 9<br>18 3 16 5 10   | 5 436 17 4 12 8 11         | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | 10 40 0 14 7 40 m 1<br>15 47 6 13 8 14 m 2   | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | 5 506 1010 3 1 4<br>ボ 516 010 50 m 7                | 5 52 6 8 11 43 m 6                       | $7 \mod t$ mom $7$          | 6 0 43 7 8                 | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | $5 596 1 6 53 \times 0 16$                   | $6 0 6 0 7 28 \times 1 5$   | 6 1 5 59 7 58 % 1 53             | 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40                         | 6 35 57 9 12 8 3   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | 6 7 5 53 morn [] 6  |
| M.<br>4 eve<br>10 eve<br>14 eve<br>14 eve   | ENA. Rises, Sets, Rises, P.1.<br>II. M. II. M. II. M. C.   | Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn                   | 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 <b>a</b> 8              | $3. \qquad 5 40 6 20 1 29 \square 8$   | 54161922259   | 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11        | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | 10 40 0 14 7 40 m 1<br>15 47 6 13 8 14 m 2   | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | 5 506 1010 3 1 4<br>ボ 516 010 50 m 7                | 5 52 6 8 11 43 m 6                       | $7 \mod t$ mom $7$          | 6 0 43 7 8                 | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | vinity. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16                  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 28 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ | 6 15 59 7 58 % 1 53              | 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40                         | 6 35 57 9 12 8 3   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | 6 7 5 53 morn [] 6  |
| M.<br>4 eve<br>10 eve<br>14 eve<br>14 eve   | ENA. Rises, Sets, Rises, P.1.<br>II. M. II. M. II. M. C.   | Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn                   | 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 <b>a</b> 8              | $3. \qquad 5 40 6 20 1 29 \square 8$   | 54161922259   | 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11        | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | 10 40 0 14 7 40 m 1<br>15 47 6 13 8 14 m 2   | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | 5 506 1010 3 1 4<br>ボ 516 010 50 m 7                | 5 52 6 8 11 43 m 6                       | $7 \mod t$                  | 6 0 43 7 8                 | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | vinity. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16                  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 28 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ | 6 15 59 7 58 % 1 53              | 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40                         | 6 35 57 9 12 8 3   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | 6 7 5 53 morn [] 6  |
| HE MOON.           D. H. M.           7         4         4 eve           14         10         40 eve           21         4         34 eve           29         6         37 mo.  | ENA. Rises, Sets, Rises, P.1.<br>II. M. II. M. II. M. C.   | Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn                   | 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 <b>D</b> 8              | $3. \qquad 5 40 6 20 1 29 \square 8$   | 54161922259   | 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11        | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | den Field, 1513. 0 400 14 7 40 m 1<br>Talse Brie 18135 476 13 8 14 m 2                             | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | er. Cong., 1759. $5 506$ 1010 $3 \triangle 4$       | after Trinity. 5 526 811 43 m 6          | 5 53 6 7 morn 1 7           | 5 546 6 0 43 1 8           | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | vinity. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16                  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 28 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ | Autumn beg. 6 1 5 59 7 58 % 1 53 | died, 1889. 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40             | la taken, 1777. 6 35 57 9 12 8 3                                   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | 6 7 5 53 morn [] 6  |
| THE MOON.           D. H. M.           7         4         4 eve           14         10         40 eve           21         4         34 eve           29         6         37 mo. | ENA. Rises, Sets, Rises, P.1.<br>II. M. II. M. II. M. C.   | Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn                   | 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 <b>D</b> 8              | $3. \qquad 5 40 6 20 1 29 \square 8$   | 54161922259   | 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11        | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | den Field, 1513. 0 400 14 7 40 m 1<br>Talse Brie 18135 476 13 8 14 m 2                             | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | er. Cong., 1759. $5 506$ 1010 $3 \triangle 4$       | after Trinity. 5 526 811 43 m 6          | 5 53 6 7 morn 1 7           | 5 546 6 0 43 7 8           | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | vinity. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16                  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 28 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ | Autumn beg. 6 1 5 59 7 58 % 1 53 | died, 1889. 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40             | la taken, 1777. 6 35 57 9 12 8 3                                   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | ican Cong., 1889, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 7 & 5 & 53 \end{bmatrix}$ morn $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| <b>OF THE MOON.</b><br><i>Time.</i> D. H. M.<br>ter 14 10 40 eve<br>ter 29 6 37 mo.   | ENA. Rises, Sets, Rises, P.1.<br>II. M. II. M. II. M. C.   | Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn                   | 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 <b>a</b> 8              | $3. \qquad 5 40 6 20 1 29 \square 8$   | 54161922259   | 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11        | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | den Field, 1513. 0 400 14 7 40 m 1<br>Talse Brie 18135 476 13 8 14 m 2                             | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | er. Cong., 1759. $5 506$ 1010 $3 \triangle 4$       | after Trinity. 5 526 811 43 m 6          | 5 53 6 7 morn 1 7           | 5 546 6 0 43 7 8           | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | vinity. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16                  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 28 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ | Autumn beg. 6 1 5 59 7 58 % 1 53 | died, 1889. 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40             | la taken, 1777. 6 35 57 9 12 8 3                                   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | ican Cong., 1889, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 7 & 5 & 53 \end{bmatrix}$ morn $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| <b>OF THE MOON.</b><br><i>Time.</i> D. H. M.<br>ter 14 10 40 eve<br>ter 29 6 37 mo.   | ENA. Rises, Sets, Rises, P.1.<br>II. M. II. M. II. M. C.   | Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn                   | 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 <b>a</b> 8              | $3. \qquad 5 40 6 20 1 29 \square 8$   | 54161922259   | 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11        | 5 446 16 5 10 3 11  | 5 45 6 15 sets & eve                         | den Field, 1513. 0 400 14 7 40 m 1<br>Talse Brie 18135 476 13 8 14 m 2                             | 5 486 12 8 46 - 3                              | 549611922 - 3                             | er. Cong., 1759. $5 506$ 1010 $3 \triangle 4$       | after Trinity. 5 526 811 43 m 6          | 5 53 6 7 morn 1 7           | 5 546 6 0 43 7 8           | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | 5 575 3 4 6 m 11 26              | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | vinity. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16                  | $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 28 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ | Autumn beg. 6 1 5 59 7 58 % 1 53 | died, 1889. 6 25 58 8 34 % 2 40             | la taken, 1777. 6 35 57 9 12 8 3                                   | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | . 0 55 55 10 54 8 5<br>6 6 5 54 11 22 1 5   | ican Cong., 1889, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 7 & 5 & 53 \end{bmatrix}$ morn $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ |
| <b>OF THE MOON.</b><br><i>Time.</i> D. H. M.<br>ter 14 10 40 eve<br>ter 29 6 37 mo.   | VARIOUS PHENOMENA, RISES, Scia, Moon 0's<br>VARIOUS PHENOMENA, RISES, Scia, RISES, PL,<br>H. M. H. M. H. M. C. | 14th Sunday after Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn | Bishop Morris died, 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 0 8 | Peace ratified, 1783. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 40 & 6 & 20 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 $ | $\delta \mathcal{U} \mathfrak{C}$ . $\delta \mathcal{U} \mathfrak{C}$ . $5 416 19 2 22 5 9$<br>Bounar died. 1860. $5 426 18 3 160 - 10$ | X 8 O. 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11 | $\delta \hat{\varphi} \hat{\alpha}$ . $\delta \hat{\varphi} \hat{\alpha}$ . • $\delta \hat{\varphi} \hat{\alpha}$ .   | 15th Sun. after Trinity. 5 456 15 sets & eve | Battle Flodden Field, 1513. 9 46/6 14 7 40 mg 1<br>Perry's vie. Lake Brie 1813/5 47/6 13 8 14 mg 2 | Bat. of Brandywine, 1777. $548612846 \simeq 3$ | Dunraven withdraws, 1895. $549611922 - 3$ | French Amer. Cong., 1759. $5506$ 10 10 $32$ 4       | 16th Sun. after Trinity. 5 526 811 43m 6 | 6 3 C. 5 53 6 7 morn 1 7    | 8 hO. 5 546 6 0 43 1 8     | Ember Day. 5 556 5 1 50 79 9<br>Days Confedd 2103 1881 E EC. A 6 E7 10 10 | Ember Day. $5575 3 4 6$ , $1002$ | Ember Day. $\delta$ h $\mathfrak{C}$ . 5 58 6 2 rises 2 morn | 17tb Sun. after Trinfty. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16 | Andre taken, 1780. [6 0]6 0] 7 28 $\times$ 1 5  | ⊙ enters                         | Eliza Cook died, 1889. 6 25 58 8 34 99 2 40 | Philadelphia taken, 1777. 6 35 57 9 12 8 3                         | Furst Rank"d in Eng., 1825. 6 4 5 56 9 50 8 4  | assets traverty dued, 1901. (0 - 0/0 00/10/04/8/0<br>18th Gun, after Trinity. (c - 6/8/54/11/99/□/5 | Pan-American Cong., 1889, $67555$ morn $0$  |
| <b>OF THE MOON.</b><br><i>Time.</i> D. H. M.<br>ter 14 10 40 eve<br>ter 29 6 37 mo.   | PLEENOMENA. Sun Moon 0's<br>R. R. Sun Moon 0's<br>R. R. R. R. R. R. R. C. P.                                   | 14th Sunday after Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn | Bishop Morris died, 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 0 8 | Peace ratified, 1783. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 40 & 6 & 20 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 $ | $\delta \mathcal{U} \mathfrak{C}$ . $\delta \mathcal{U} \mathfrak{C}$ . $5 416 19 2 22 5 9$<br>Bounar died. 1860. $5 426 18 3 160 - 10$ | X 8 O. 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11 | $\delta \hat{\varphi} \hat{\alpha}$ . $\delta \hat{\varphi} \hat{\alpha}$ . • $\delta \hat{\varphi} \hat{\alpha}$ .   | 15th Sun. after Trinity. 5 456 15 sets & eve | Battle Flodden Field, 1513. 9 46/6 14 7 40 mg 1<br>Perry's vie. Lake Brie 1813/5 47/6 13 8 14 mg 2 | Bat. of Brandywine, 1777. $548612846 \simeq 3$ | Dunraven withdraws, 1895. $549611922 - 3$ | French Amer. Cong., 1759. $5506$ 10 10 $32$ 4       | 16th Sun. after Trinity. 5 526 811 43m 6 | 6 3 C. 5 53 6 7 morn 1 7    | 8 hO. 5 546 6 0 43 1 8     | Ember Day. 5 556 5 1 50 79 9<br>Days Confedd 2103 1881 E EC. A 6 E7 10 10 | Ember Day. $5575 3 4 6$ , $1126$ | Ember Day. $\delta$ h $\mathfrak{C}$ . 5 58 6 2 rises 2 morn | 17tb Sun. after Trinfty. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16 | Andre taken, 1780. [6 0]6 0] 7 28 $\times$ 1 5  | ⊙ enters                         | Eliza Cook died, 1889. 6 25 58 8 34 99 2 40 | Philadelphia taken, 1777. 6 35 57 9 12 8 3                         | Furst Rank"d in Eng., 1825. 6 4 5 56 9 50 8 4  | assets traverty dued, 1901. (0 - 0/0 00/10/04/8/0<br>18th Gun, after Trinity. (c - 6/8/54/11/99/□/5 | Pan-American Cong., 1889, $67555$ morn $0$  |
| HE MOON.           D. H. M.           7         4         4 eve           14         10         40 eve           21         4         34 eve           29         6         37 mo.  | VARIOUS PHENOMENA, RISES, Scia, Moon 0's<br>VARIOUS PHENOMENA, RISES, Scia, RISES, PL,<br>H. M. H. M. H. M. C. | 14th Sunday after Trinity 5 38 6 22 morn | Bishop Morris died, 1874. 5 39 6 21 0 41 0 8 | Peace ratified, 1783. $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 40 & 6 & 20 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 $ | 54161922259   | X 8 O. 5 43 6 17 4 12 8 11 | $\mathbf{h}  \delta  \delta  \delta  \delta  \delta  \mathbf{G}  \mathbf$ | 15th Sun. after Trinity. 5 456 15 sets & eve | den Field, 1513. 0 400 14 7 40 m 1<br>Talse Brie 18135 476 13 8 14 m 2                             | Bat. of Brandywine, 1777. $548612846 - 3$      | Dunraven withdraws, 1895. $549611922 - 3$ | er. Cong., 1759. $5 506$ 1010 $3 \triangle 4$       | 16th Sun. after Trinity. 5 526 811 43m 6 | 6 3 C. 5 53 6 7 morn 1 7    | 55466 0 437                | 5 556 5 1 50 13 9   | Ember Day. $5575 3 4 6$ , $1126$ | 5 58 6 2 rises ar morn                                       | vinity. 5 596 1 6 53 × 0 16                  | Andre taken, 1780. [6 0]6 0] 7 28 $\times$ 1 5  | ⊙ enters                         | Eliza Cook died, 1889. 6 25 58 8 34 99 2 40 | Philadelphia taken, 1777. 6 35 57 9 12 8 3                         | 25.6 45 56 9 50 8 4<br>2 7 7 7 10 24 0 7   | assets traverty dued, 1901. (0 - 0/0 00/10 04/8/0<br>18th Gun, after Trinity. (c - 6/8 54/11 09/□ 5 | ican Cong., 1889, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 7 & 5 & 53 \end{bmatrix}$ morn $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ |





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| <b>ASES OF THE MOON.</b><br><b>BASES OF THE MOON.</b><br><b>B B W.</b><br><b>MOON</b><br><b>B B B W.</b><br><b>Contal Time deduct 1 hour.</b><br><b>Contal Time deduct 1 hour.</b><br><b>PARIOUS PHENOMENA.</b><br><b>TADVENT EUNDAY.</b><br><b>Battle of Austerlitz, 1805.</b><br><b>J A C</b><br><b>Charls Time deduct 1 hour.</b><br><b>RADVENT EUNDAY.</b><br><b>Battle of Austerlitz, 1805.</b><br><b>J A C</b><br><b>Charls Time deduct 1 hour.</b><br><b>A C</b><br><b>C A C</b><br><b>Chesup. State 1817.</b><br><b>J Chon Milton horn, 1608.</b><br><b>Mississippi a State, 1817.</b><br><b>J Chesup. steamer cap'd, 1895.</b><br><b>J Chon Milton horn, 1608.</b><br><b>Mississippi a State, 1817.</b><br><b>J Chesup. steamer cap'd, 1895.</b><br><b>J D D Milton horn, 1608.</b><br><b>Mississippi a State, 1817.</b><br><b>J Chesup. steamer cap'd, 1895.</b><br><b>J D D Milton horn, 1608.</b><br><b>Mississippi a State, 1817.</b><br><b>J Chesup. Steamer cap'd, 1895.</b><br><b>Batt Cherson died, 1895.</b><br><b>Batt Chore and State, 1873.</b><br><b>Ember Day.</b><br><b>Ember Day.</b><br><b>Hay-Pauncefotetreaty, 1901.</b><br><b>Wood engraving disc., 1460.</b><br><b>Ember Day.</b><br><b>Hay-Pauncefotetreaty, 1901.</b><br><b>Wood engraving disc., 1460.</b><br><b>Ember Day.</b><br><b>Hay-Pauncefotetreaty, 1901.</b><br><b>Wood engraving disc., 1460.</b><br><b>Ember Day.</b><br><b>Ember Day.</b><br><b>Christmas Day.</b><br><b>St. Stephen.</b><br><b>St. Stephen.</b><br><b>St. Stephen.</b><br><b>St. Stephen.</b><br><b>St. John, Evangelist.</b><br><b>Innocents.</b><br><b>Embor Day after Christmas.</b>  |
| <b>ASES OF THE MOON.</b><br>Moon<br>Moon<br>Quarter 11 9 16 eve<br>Quarter 27 6 10 eve<br>Quarter 27 6 10 eve<br>Quarter 27 6 10 eve<br>Quarter 50 10 eve<br>Quarter 50 10 eve<br>Central Time deduct 100m.<br>A $\forall \mathcal{C}$<br>Battle of Austerlitz, 1805.<br>$\delta \forall \mathcal{C}$<br>Harrison nominated, 1885<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$<br>Chessup. steamer cap'd, 186<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$<br>Senator Thurman died, 187<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$<br>Senator Thurman died, 187<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$<br>Senator Thurman died, 187<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$<br>Senator Thurman died, 186<br>$2 D  \Sigma un Day in Z D V cntt.$<br>John Milton born, 1608.<br>Mississippi a State, 1817.<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$<br>Senator Thurman died, 187<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$<br>$\delta & \mathcal{C}$  |
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| <b>Ases of THE MOON.</b><br><b>Ases of THE MOON.</b><br><b>Badarof Fund. B.</b> H. M.<br>MOON.<br><b>Readarof Fund. B.</b> H. M.<br>MOON.<br><b>Readarof Fund. B.</b> H. M.<br>MOON.<br><b>Readarof Fund. 19. C</b><br><b>Contral Time deduct 1001.</b><br><b>Bat. of Roan Spring, 1863. 6</b> 42<br><b>Contral Time deduct 1001. 6</b> 42<br><b>Bat. of Roan Spring, 1863. 6</b> 42<br><b>Contral Time deduct 1001. 6</b> 42<br><b>Stab Sun. after Crinity. 6</b> 42<br><b>Arrold at Quesce, 1775. 6</b> 55<br><b>Arrold at Quesce, 1775. 6</b> 55<br><b>Contral Edd, 1901. 6</b> 55<br><b>Contral Time adopt. 1775. 6</b> 55<br><b>Contral Edd. 1101. 6</b> 55<br><b>John Bright born, 1811. 6</b> 55<br><b>John Bright born, 1811. 6</b> 55<br><b>John Jay's treaty, 1794. 6</b> 57<br><b>John Settence Q.</b> Mary, 1586. <b>6</b> 57<br><b>John Settence Q.</b> Mary, 1586. <b>1781. John Settence D.</b> Mary, 1586. <b>1781. 1814. 7</b><br><b>Alex.</b> Dumas died, 1895. <b>7</b><br><b>Alex.</b> Du   |
| TASES OF THE MOON.A. H. M.<br>Standard Time.H. M.<br>M. Moon.H. M.<br>Standard Time.H. M.<br>Standard Time.H. M.<br>Standard Time.H. M.<br>Standard Time deduct 12 0 14 eve<br>14 eve<br>19 7 4 eve<br>Moon.Noon.Standard Time deduct 10 ut.Moon.19 7 4 eve<br>Moon.13 7 11 21 eve<br>6 42Standard Time deduct 10 ut.Standard Time deduct 10 ut.McClellan suc.South atter Urtifity.6 4242Bat, of Roan Spring, 1863.6 4444Eugene Field died, 1895.6 44Cann-powder plot, 1605.6 44Caun-powder plot, 1605.6 45Strong atter Urtifity.6 50S Q C.8 7 C.6 50S Q C.8 7 C.6 50S Q C.8 7 C.6 50Standard Time adopt., 1839.6 50John Bright born, 1811.6 50Standard Time adopt., 1833.6 50Standard Time adopt., 1835.6 50Sentence Q. Mary, 1586.6 50Sentence Q. Mary, 1586.6 50Sentence Q. Mary, 1586.6 50Setth Sun. After Crinity.6 50  |
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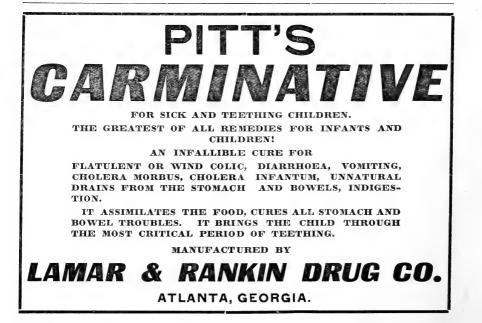
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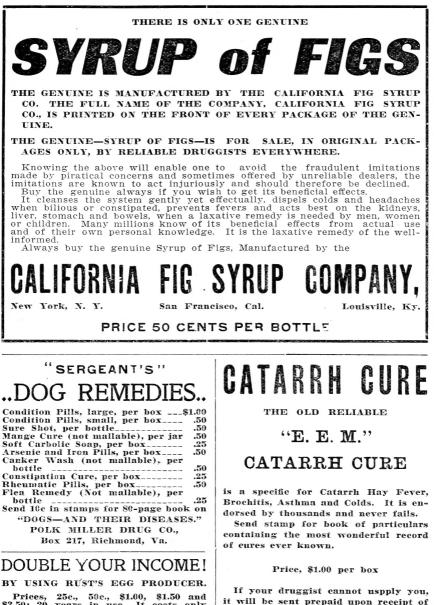
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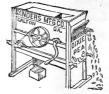
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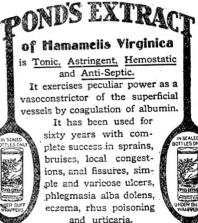
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| National Hog Cholera Cure,<br>25 cenis, mail            | 30   |
| Georgia Chicken Cholera<br>Cure, 25 cents, mail         | 30   |
| Makes=Hen=Lay Tonic, 25<br>cents, mail                  | 30   |
| Howard's Horse and Cattle<br>Powder, 25 cents, mail     | 30   |
| Animal Parasite Killer, pt. 30 cents, qt. 50 cents, gal | 1 25 |
| Infallible Dog Mange Cure;<br>quart                     | 50   |
| Infallible Sore Head Cure,<br>(liq.) pint               | 23   |



Caution-"IVitch-hezel" is not synonymous with POND'S EXTRACT. Analyses of 70 samples of witch-hazel offered as "the same thing" showed 52 to contain wood cloohol (polson); or formaldchyde (poison), or both. The peril of these poisons may be avoided only. by the exclusive prescription and use of

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#### N. L. WILLET SEED CO., Augusta, Ga., Exclusive Agents for "CYPHER'S INCUBATOR CO.'S 1907 Models." INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY SUPPLIES.

| Price  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| No. 0 Incubator, 66 eggs,<br>Cyphers\$18.00<br>No. 1 Incubator, 140 eggs,                                    | Pedigree            |
| Cyphers\$18.00   | \$3.00 a            |
| No. 1 Incubator, 140 eggs,   | X-Ray 1             |
| No. 1 Incubator, 140 eggs,<br>Cypher's 20.00<br>No. 2 Incubator, 240 eggs,<br>Cypher's 29.00                 | Practical           |
| No. 2 Incubator, 240 eggs,   | plete               |
| Cypher's 29.00<br>No. 3 Incubator, 390 eggs,<br>Cypher's 29.00   | Cypher's            |
|  | Cypher's            |
| Cypher's 35.00<br>Boy's Choice Incubator, 50<br>eggs. Cypher's 7.50  | Fount               |
| Boy's Choice Incubator, 50   | Stone Di            |
| egga, Cypher's 7.50<br>Farm Economy Incubators,<br>110 egga, Cypher's 12.00<br>A Outdoor Brooders, 75 to 100 | 25c; 4              |
| Farm Economy Incubators,   | Davies'             |
| 110 eggs, Cypher's 12.00   | each                |
| A Outdoor Brooders, 75 to 100  | Halleck             |
| chicks 14.00   | ers                 |
| Colony Brooder, outdoor self   | Cypher's            |
| regulator, 100 or more chicks 17.00  | Cypher's            |
| Outdoor Storm King Brooders,<br>75 to 100 chicks 9.00  | Cornell             |
|  | Hoppe               |
| Hygienic Indoor Brooders, 50   | Cornell             |
| to 75 chicks 8.00  | Hoppe               |
| Cypher's Colony Houses 8.00  | Wood's 1<br>150 es  |
| Cypher's New Model Brood   | Wood's              |
| Coops 3.50   |                     |
| Cypher's Chick Shelters, 6 feet 4.50   | eggs<br>Shipping    |
| Cypher's Chick Shelters, 12 ft. 7.00   |                     |
| Mann's Green Bone Cutter,  | 4, 60c;<br>Imperial |
| No. 5 B. M 10.40   | size, j             |
| Mann's Green Bone Cutter,  | Imperial            |
| No. 5 B 8.00   | size, 1             |
| Mann's Green Bone Cutter,  | Paper E             |
| No. 7, new model 12.00   | 90c pe              |
| Mann's Green Bone Cutter   | Climax              |
| semi-power 16.00   | 2 doze              |
| Mann's Clover Cutters, No. B 8.00  | Smith S             |
| Mann's Clover Cutters, No.<br>B. M 10.00   | 30c; 2              |
|  | 100 fo              |
| Cypher's Medicine Cases, each 2.00   | Double              |
| Pilling Caponizing Sets, each. 2.50  | 15c; 2              |
| Cypher's Killing Knives, each 50   | 100 fc              |
| Philadelphia Poultry Markers 25  | <b>Open</b> Pi      |
| Cypher's Perfect Poultry   | 25 for              |
| Markers 50   | China N             |
| Incubator Thermometers 60  | for 3               |
| Brooder Thermometers45c to 75e   | Ovanapt             |
| Incubator Lamps, Nos. 0 and 1,   | dozen               |
| 75c; Nos. 2 and 3 90   | Cornell             |
| Brooder Stoves, 1997 1.50  | Black I             |
| Egg Trays50c, 60c and 75c  | Black H             |
|  |                     |

| \$3.00 and \$3.35.  | 2   |
|---|-----|
| X-Ray Egg Testers 25  | 2   |
| Practical Egg Testers, com-   | 4   |
| plete 1.25  | 4   |
| Cypher's Wall Founts, 2 gals 75   | 7   |
| Cypher's Galvanized Iron Drink  | 4   |
| Founts20c, 25c, 35c<br>Stone Drink Founts, qt. 20c; 2 qt.   | 2   |
| 25c; 4 qt. 35c.   | 2   |
| Davies' Food and Water Founts   | 3   |
| each 25   | 4   |
| Halleck Food and Water Hold-  | 9   |
| ers 75  | 1   |
| Cypher's Grit and Shell Boxes 50  | 2   |
| Cypher's Dry Food Hoppers 75  | 2   |
| Cornell Double Dry Food<br>Hopper 2.20  | 2   |
| Hopper 2.20<br>Cornell Single Dry Food  | - 2 |
| Hopper 1.60   | 3   |
| Wood's Revolving Egg Cabinets,  | - 2 |
| 150 eggs 3.00   | 9   |
| Wood's Pony Egg Cabinets, 72  | ¥   |
| A004 75   | ž   |
| Shipping Coops, No. 2, 50c; No.   | 2   |
| Shipping Coops, No. 2, 50c; No.<br>4, 60c; No. 6, 75c.<br>Imperial Egg Boxes, 15 egg  | 2   |
| Imperial Egg Boxes, 15 egg  | 2   |
| size, per dozen2.00<br>Imperial Egg Boxes, 30 egg   | Z   |
| size, per dozen 2.50  | 3   |
| size, per dozen2.50<br>Paper Egg Boxes, 25c per doz.;   | 4   |
| 00c non 100   | . 3 |
| Climax Leg Bands, 1 dozen 15c;  | ž   |
| 2 dozen for 30c; 100 for 75c.   | 2   |
| Smith Sealed Leg Bands, 1 doz.,   | 2   |
| Climax Leg Bands, 1 dozen 15c;<br>2 dozen for 30c; 100 for 75c.<br>Smith Scaled Leg Bands, 1 doz.,<br>30c; 25 for 50c; 60 for \$1.00; | 2   |
| 100 107 31.00.  | 3   |
| Double Clinch Leg Band, 1 doz.,<br>15c; 25 for 25c; 50 for 40c;   |     |
| 15c; 25 for 25c; 50 for 40c;  |     |
| 100 for \$1.50.<br>Open Pigeon Bands, 12 for 15c;   | 3   |
| 25 for 30c; 50 for 40c; 100 for 65c.  | . 3 |
| China Nest Eggs, 5c each, 1 dozen   | 1   |
| for 35c.  | 2   |
| Ovanapthol Nest Eggs, 10c each, 1   | 1 2 |
| dozen 75c.  | 3   |
| Cornell Tran Nest complete  | 3   |
| Black Hawk Grist Mill\$3.00   | 1   |
| Black Hawk Grist Mill\$3.00<br>Black Hawk Corn Sheller 2.00   |     |
| RY NECESSITIES."  | 3   |
|   | 2   |
| PIGEON PEAS, peck, 60c; bushel<br>\$2.00.   |     |
| HEMP SEED, 3 lbs for 25c; 100 lbs   |     |
| for \$6.00.   | -   |

- YELLOW MILLET, a 108 IOL 100 lbs for \$4.00.
- -1 ply **REX FLINTKOTE ROOFING**square. Cement mails, overlap free, Deduct 5 per cent in \$20 lots, 10 per cent \$50; 15 per cent in \$100 lots.
- **ROOFING** Cement INDRUROID free. Per square, nalls, etc., free. Per square, 1 ply \$2.25; 2 ply \$3.25; 3 ply \$4.00. Deduct 10 per cent in \$25 lots, 15 per cent in \$50, 20 per cent in \$100.
- POULTRY NETTING-Roll 50 yds, 2-inch mesh, 2 ft wide, \$1.35; roll 3 ft \$2.03; 4 ft \$2.70; 5 ft \$8.38; 6 ft \$4.05; 1-inch mesh, 2 ft \$3.30; roll 3 ft \$4.95; 4 ft \$6.00; 5 ft \$8.25; 6 ft \$9.90.
- NETTING-165 ft \$3.40; 4 ft \$4.10; 5 LOCK UNION roll, 3 ft wide, \$3.4 ft \$4.70; 6 ft \$5.30.
- "LEADING POULT CRACKED CORN-Pure sound, per sack (96 lbs), \$1.50. WHEAT, \$1.25 a bushel; 5 bushels \$1.15 a bushel. OYSTER SHELL, 5 lbs for 15c; 15 lbs for 25c; 50 lbs for 45c; 100 lbs 75c. POULTRY BONE, two sizes, 5 lbs for 25c; 25 lbs for \$1.00; 100 lbs for \$2.75. MICA CRISTAL GRIT, 2 sizes, 5 lbs for 15c; 25 lbs for 35c; 100 lbs for \$1.25. for \$1.25.
   BEEF SCRAP, 10 lbs for 60e; 25 lbs for \$1.25; 100 lbs for \$3.25.
   ALFALFA MEAL, 50 lbs for \$1.50; 100 lbs for \$2.00.
   NODI CHARCOAL, 2 lb carton, 10e; 50 lbs for \$2.25.
- 50 lbs for \$1.25. BLOOD MEAL, 5 lbs for 25c; 10 lbs for 45c; 50 lbs for \$2.00; 100 lbs for \$3.50.
- MEAT MEAL, same price as Blood Meal.
- POULTRY MASH, 100 lbs for \$2.25. KAFFIR CORN, 10 lbs for 30c; 50 lbs for \$1.25.
- SUNFLOWER SEED, 3 lbs for 25c; 50 lbs at 7c; 100 lbs at 6c.

Price