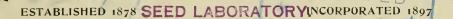
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





SPECIAL PRICE LIST

... OF ...

JOS. F. DICKMANN

SEED COMPANY'S

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER...

SEEDS

TRUE TO NAME AND FRESH.

Implements, Fertilizers

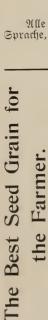
... AND ...

POULTRY SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS

at Reasonable Prices

Nos. III0 and III2 North Third Street

St. Louis, Mo.









Flower Seeds and Bulbs for Florists

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

In presenting our Annual Catalogue and Price List, we feel it our duty to thank our many friends and customers for their liberal patronage bestowed upon us for so many years. We would also respectfully suggest that you give the reading matter in this Catalogue your careful attention; it is interesting to the Farmer, Gardener, Florist and Amateur. We do not boast of being the largest or the oldest Seed-house in America, or as some claim, in the world. If you have been dealing with us, you know us; if not, give us a trial order and we will have you for a customer. It will be to your advantage to send your orders early, as many articles are short.

Very respectfully, JOS. F. DICKMANN SEED COMPANY.

Alle Aufträge in deutscher Sprache erhalten dieselbe pünktliche Aufmerksamkeit wie die in englischer Sprache, denn hier wird auch Deutsch gesprochen.

Reliable Vegetable Seeds for Market Gardeners.



Interior View of Salesroom, 1110 North Third Street.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

The Best and Purest Lawn Seeds.

DESCRIPTIVE PRICE LIST

...0F...

VEGETABLE, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS

With Directions for Cultivation.

UR PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE on all Vegetable and Flower Seeds by the packet, ounce or pound, except Peas, Beans and Corn, when 15 cents per quart and 10 cents per pint must be added to Catalogue prices for postage. Order Early.—It will greatly facilitate shipments if orders are sent early. We aim to send off all orders the day received, but during the busy season it is nearly impossible—hence the advisability of ordering early.

The Most Liberal Premiums Ever Offered By Any Seedsmen.

50 CENTS' worth of seeds extra will be allowed on each ONE DOLLAR sent us for seeds in PACKETS. Thus, any one sending us \$1.00 can select seeds in packets amounting to \$1.50; for \$2.00, seeds in packets amounting to \$3.00; for \$3.00, seeds in packets amounting to \$4.50; for \$4.00, seeds in packets amounting to \$6.00, and so on.

25 CENTS' worth of seeds extra will also be allowed on each ONE DOLLAR sent us for seeds in OUNCES. Thus, any one sending us \$1.00 can select seeds in ounces to the value of \$1.25; for \$2.00, to the value of \$2.50; for \$3.00, to the value of \$3.75; for \$4.00, seeds in ounces to the value of \$5.00, and so on.

Vegetable Seeds 'that May Be Sown in Each Month, from January to October.

JANUARY—Sow in Hot-Bed—Early Beet, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Cauliflower, Early Lettuce, Italian Onion, Radish.

FEBRUARY—Sow in Hot-Bed—Early Beet, Broccoli, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Celery, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Early Lettuce, Parsley, Pepper, Italian Onion, Radish, Tomato.

MARCH—Sow in Hot-Bed—Early Beet, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Melon, Parsley, Peas, Pepper, Italian Onion, Radish, Spinach, Tomato, Herbs.

Sow in Open Ground—Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Carrot, Cress, Leek, Lettuce, Onion, Parsnip, Peas, Potato, Radish, Spinach, Early Turnip.

APRIL—Sow in Hot-Bed—Cucumber, Egg Plant, Melon, Pepper, Tomato.

Sow in Open Ground—Asparagus, Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Sweet Corn, Cucumber, Cress, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Lettuce, Melon, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Potato, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Tomato, Early Turnip, Sage, Herbs.

Vegetable Seeds that May Be Sown in Each Month from January to October— Continued.

- MAY—Sow in Open Ground—Artichoke, Asparagus, English Beans, Pole Beans, Bush Beans, Beet, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Sweet Corn, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Lettuce, Melon, Nasturtium, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Potato, Pumpkin, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tomato, Turnip, Herbs.
- JUNE—Sow in Open Ground—Bush Beans, Lima Beans, Pole Beans, Beet, Carrot, Cabbage, Sweet Corn, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Melon. Okra, Peas, Potato, Pumpkin, Radish, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Turnip, Rutabaga.
- JULY—Sow in Open Ground—Bush Beans, Beet, Carrot, Sweet Corn, Corn Salad, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Gherkin, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Okra, Early Peas, Pumpkin, Radish, Spinach, Squash, Turnip, Rutabaga.
- AUGUST—Sow in Open Ground—Bush Beans, Corn Salad, Cucumber, Endive, Lettuce, Early Peas, Radish, Spinach, Turnip.
- SEPTEMBER—Sow in Open Ground—Cabbage for Cold Frames, Cauliflower for Cold Frames, Corn Salad, Cress, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Winter Radish, Spinach, Turnip.
- OCTOBER—Sow in Open Ground—Corn Salad, Cress, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Spinach.

Directions for Making a Hot-Bed.

In the vicinity of St. Louis, from the first to the middle of March is quite early enough to make a hot-bed and even a little later will do well enough. The time must vary according to the latitude. Provide a quantity of fresh horse manure from the stables, and add to this, if they can be had, one-third to one-half of its bulk of leaves. Mix them thoroughly, tramping down the mass of successive layers, and form into a large pile, so that fermentation will proceed, even in severely cold weather. In two or three days fermentation will be apparent by the escape of steam from the heap. Now turn again and allow the heap to remain two or three days longer, or until the second fermentation commences. Make an excavation, or pit, 23 feet deep, and of a size suited to the number of plants required. The pit will be better if built up of brick. It should be made in some dry, sheltered spot, facing the south or east, if possible. Hot-bed sashes are usually 6 x 3 feet, and one sash will generally give early plants enough for a large family. The frame for sashes should be 18 inches high at the back and 12 inches in front, which will give the proper slope to catch the sunlight. Cross-pieces should be placed for the sashes to slide on, to facilitate opening and shutting the frames. When everything is ready, the manure is placed in the pit and trodden down firmly in layers to the required depth, 2 to 2½ feet. Then put on the sashes, and keep the pit closed until the heat rises. At first it will probably be 100° or more, which is too hot to sow the seed in; but in two or three days it will subside to 90° or a little less, when the soil will be put on to the depth of 6 to 8 inches. The heat may be readily ascertained by plunging a thermometer into the manure. The soil should be of well-rotted sod (or common garden soil will do), mixed with about a third of fine, old manure, and in this the seeds may be sown thinly in drills 2 to 3 inches apart, and afterwards (as soon as out of the seed-leaf) either thinned out or else transplanted to another frame. Air must be given every mild day by raising the sashes at the back. Water with tepid water whenever necessary, and during cold nights and snow storms keep covered with straw mats or board shutters. Tomatoes, Peppers and Egg Plants should be sown in a separate frame from the Cabbage, Cauliflower and Lettuce, as they require more heat than the latter. The same directions may apply to hot-beds made on the surface of the ground, except that the manure should be at least a foot wider on all sides than the frame.

BRIEF DIRECTIONS

For the Sowing and Culture of

GARDEN VEGETABLES

For the Private Garden and for Exhibition.

ASPARAGUS.

German, Spargel. French, Asperge. Spanish, Esparragos.

1 ounce for 60 feet of drill.

Asparagus can be grown from seed, but the best way for the amateur to grow it is from roots. which can be planted any time for six to eight weeks from the opening of spring. Besides, a year or more can be saved by planting roots. For private use or for marketing on a small scale, beds should be formed five feet wide, with three rows planted in each, one in the middle and one on each side, a foot from the edge; the distance of the plants in the rows, 9 inches. The alleys between the beds should be two feet wide. In planting, a line is set and a cut made, a little slanting, to the depth of six or eight inches, according to the size of the plants. The plants are then laid against the side of the trench, at the distance already named (nine inches), care being taken to properly spread the roots. The crown or top of the plant should be covered about three inches. In a week or so after planting, the beds should be touched over lightly with a sharp steel rake, which will destroy the germinating weeds. The raking had better be continued at intervals of a week or so, until the plants start to grow, when the hoe or hand cultivator may be applied between the rows and alleys. The weeds that come up close to the plant must of necessity be pulled out by the hand. The deeper the soil and greater abundance of manure that is used, the greater will be the crop, for Asparagus is what the gardeners call a gross feeder. An application of one-half pound of salt per square yard annually, in spring, is very beneficial.

BEANS, Dwarf or Bush.

German, Bohne. French, Haricot. Spanish, Frijorenano. 1 qt. to 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels to the acre in drills.

A succession of sowings can be made every two weeks from the second week in April until September. These dates are for the latitude of St. Louis. Further south the first sowing must be done earlier; further north, later. Plant in drills about two inches deep, and from eighteen inches to two feet apart, according to the richness of the soil. The poorer the soil, the closer they can be planted. The seeds should be dropped about two inches apart in the drills.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Thoroughly manured, stiff. well-worked soil is preferable, with a liberal surface application of commercial fertilizer, high in potash, well raked in. When the plants have taken good hold of the soil, sprinkle around each plant about a tablespoonful of nitrate of soda and rake in. When fairly in bloom, liquid manure may be given; if pods are to be exhibited, thin out all but three or four to a stalk. When the pods begin to swell, pinch off the top of the plant, tie the plants to stakes to prevent the wind from loosening the roots and weakening the plant; the plants should stand a foot apart. For exhibition, they should be grown on sandy or gravelly soil and the plants at least two feet apart each way. Yosemite Mammoth Wax, Flageolet Wax, Long Yellow Six Weeks and Early Mohawk are the best varieties for exhibition.

BEANS, Pole Lima, or Climbing.

German, Stangen Bohnen. French, Haricot a Rames. Spanish, Judias.
1 qt. to 150 hills; 10 to 16 qts. to the acre in hills.

These are more tender and require rather more care in culture than the Bush varieties, and should be sown two weeks later. They succeed best in sandy loam, which should be liberally enriched with well-rotted manure in the hills, which are formed, according to variety, from three to four feet apart; from five to six seeds are planted in each hill, about two inches deep. As the matured bean is mostly used, the season is too short for succession crops in the North, though it is advantageous to plant succession crops in the Southern States, where the season of growth is often from March to November. Rough Cedar or similar poles about seven or eight feet long should be used for Pole Beans, especially the Limas, to climb on. They should be set in the ground at least eighteen inches, so as to prevent being blown over.

FOR EXHIBITION.—The plants should be freely watered with liquid manure and only a few pods desired for show should remain on the plant.

BEET.

German, Runkel Rube. French, Betterave. Spanish, Betteraga.

1 oz. to 50 feet of drill; 5 lbs. to the acre in drills.

The soil best suited for the culture of the Beet is that which is rather light than otherwise, always provided that it is thoroughly enriched with well-rotted manure. For an early supply, sow in spring, as soon as the ground is fit to work, in drills about one foot apart and two inches deep. For main crop, sow the first week in April, and for winter use, sow in June. These dates are for the latitude of St. Louis. For the South, sow earlier; for the North, later. When the plants have attained three or four leaves, thin out so that they may stand five or six inches apart. Keep free from weeds. In October the roots may be taken up and stored in cellars or pits outside.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Salt applied to the soil some time before sowing, and in small quantities during the growing season, will prove beneficial. Fresh manuring should be avoided, liquid manure should be given, but not close to the roots, as it would encourage side roots. The plants should stand not closer than ten inches apart, in rows one and a half feet apart. Mangels or Field Beets should stand two feet apart, in rows three feet apart. If the soil has any small stones or pebbles in it, they should be sifted out where the roots are to grow, so they will come out smooth and free from indentations. For the large, long varieties, the soil should be two to three feet in depth, and holes prepared as recommended for Carrots.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

German, Kopfkohl Gruner. French, Chou de Bruxelles.

Sow outside in drills, in April or May and transplant two feet apart in July. Cultivate same as Cabbage; thus it may be had in fine condition from October until December, and in the Southern States may be had in use from November to March.

CABBAGE.

German, Kopfkohl. French, Chou Pomme. Spanish, Repollo. 1 oz. will produce 1,500 plants; half pound to transplant for an acre.

The early varieties of Cabbage are cultivated more extensively than any other vegetable. In latitudes where the thermometer never indicates twenty degrees below the freezing point, seed may be sown in the open border in October and planted out on the first opening of spring; but in our Northern States they must either be sown in hot-beds in February, or, what is still better, wintered over in cold frames; for this purpose the seed is sown from the 10th to the 20th of Septem-

Attention to date is important; if too soon, the plants might run to seed, and if too late, they would be too small. In four or five weeks from the time of sowing, they will be fit to transplant into the cold frames. In planting, it is very important with Cabbage or Cauliflower that the plant is set down to the first leaf, so that the stem is all under ground, for, if exposed, it will be split by the action of the frost, and will be injured in consequence. The plants are usually set out from the middle of March to the middle of April, in rows about two feet apart, and eighteen inches between the plants in rows. This earliest crop matures in June. For second early, the early kinds should be sown first week in April and planted out in This crop should mature in July and August. The late varieties are usually sown in the early part of May, and the plants are set in July, at distances of three feet between the rows and two feet between the plants. This crop matures September, October or November.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Grow Henderson's Early Spring, Henderson's Succession and Dickmann Seed Co.'s Giant Summer. Sprinkle around the plants, every few weeks, some of our Garden Fertilizer and water frequently with liquid manure. If Cabbage or other plants of this nature have been grown on the ground before, it is well to give a liberal dressing of lime to guard against club root.

CAULIFLOWER.

German, Blumen-Kohl. French, Choufleur. Spanish, Coliflor.

1 oz. will produce about 1,000 plants.

Any soil that will grow Cabbage will grow Cauliflower, as their requirements are almost similar; but as the product is more valuable, extra manuring and preparation of the soil will be well repaid.

The seed may be sown in September and wintered over in the same manner as described for early Cabbage. Where this is not practicable, it may be had nearly as well by sowing the seeds in the hot-bed in January or February, and transplanting the plants at two or three inches apart in boxes or in the soil of another hot-bed, until such time as they are safe to be planted in the open ground, which, in this latitude, is usually from the 15th of March to the 10th of April. If properly hardened off, they are seldom injured by planting out too early. For second early avallate crop, sow at same date as given in the directions for Cabbage crop.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Follow directions given for Cabbage. Henderson's Early Snowball, whether grown as an early or late variety, is the best for exhibition.

CARROT.

German, Mohre. French, Carotte. Spanish, Zanahoria.

1 oz. for 125 feet of drill; 4 lbs. for an acre.

The Carrot, like other root crops, delights in a sandy loam, richly tilled. For early crops, sow in spring, as soon as the ground is in good working order; for later crops they may be sown any time until the middle of June. Sow in rows about fifteen inches apart, thinning out to three or four inches between the plants. In field culture, when grown for horses or cattle, the rows should be two feet apart, so that the crop can be worked with the horse cultivator. As Carrot seed is slow to germinate, extra precautions must be taken to firm the seed in the soil.

For Exhibition.—By means of a crowbar, holes are made in the ordinary garden soil. These holes should be made when the soil is dry, and may be two to three feet deep and three to four niches across at the top. Fill the holes with sifted soil, so the roots will come out smooth and free from indentations caused by lumps and pebbles. The soil should be composed of equal parts of sand, leaf-mould, well-rotted manure and turfy loam, and an addition of about 5 per cent of our Garden Fertilizer. Sow five or six grains on top of each place thus prepared, covering about one-quarter inch. When the plants appear, thin out, leaving only one plant at the center. This method may also be used for Parsnips and Long Beets.

CELERY.

German, Seleri. French, Celeri. Spanish, Apis. 1 oz. for 3.000 plants.

Sow in the open ground as soon as it is fit to work in April, and keep carefully clear of weeds until time of transplanting in June or July. The tops should be shorn once or twice before transplanting, so as to insure "stocky" plants. The lower half of the root should also be cut off before transplanting.

After the ground has been prepared, lines are made on the level surface three feet apart, and the plants set six inches apart in the lines. If the weather be dry at the time of planting, great care should be taken that the roots are properly "firmed." Our custom is to turn back on the row and press by the side of each plant gently with the foot. This compacts the soil and excludes the air from the roots until new rootlets are formed, which will usually be in forty-eight hours, after which all danger is over. After the planting of he Celery is completed, nothing further is to be lone for six or seven weeks, except going through between the rows with a cultivator or hoe, and reeing the plants of weeds until they get strong

enough to crowd them down. This will bring us to about the middle of August, by which time we have usually that moist and cool atmosphere essential to the growth of Celery. Then we begin the "earthing-up" necessary for the blanching and whitening of that which is wanted for use during the months of September. October and November. The first operation is that of "handling," as we term it; that is, after all the soil has been drawn up against the plant with a hoe, it is further drawn close around each plant by the hand, firm enough to keep the leaves in an upright position and prevent them from spreading. This being done. more soil is drawn against the row (either by the plow or hoe, as circumstances require), so as to keep the plant in this upright position. The blanching process must, however, be finished by the spade, which is done by digging the soil from between the rows and banking it up clear to the top on each side of the row of Celery. Three feet is ample distance between the dwarf varieties, but when larger sorts are used the width of the rows must be at least four and a half or five feet.

CORN, Sugar.

German, Welschkorn. French, Mais. Spanish, Maiz. 1 qt. for 200 hills; 8 to 10 qts. in hills for an acre.

All varieties of Sweet, or Sugar, Corn may be either sown in rows four and a half feet apart and the seeds placed about eight inches apart in the rows, or planted in hills at distances of three or four feet each way, according to the variety grown or the richness of the soil in which it is planted. The taller the variety, or the richer the soil, the greater should be the distance apart. We make our first plantings in this vicinity about the middle of May and continue successive plantings every two or three weeks until the last week in July. In more southerly latitudes planting is begun a month earlier and continued a month later.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Plant six feet apart in very rich soil, allowing only one ear to each plant. Country Gentleman, Stowell's Evergreen and Mammoth Sugar are the best for exhibition. Water occasionally with liquid manure.

CRESS, or Pepper Grass.

German, Kresse. French, Cresson. Spanish, Mastruco.

A well-known, pungent salad. Requires to be sown thickly in rows and covered very slightly. Sow in April in open ground in rows one foot apart, and thin out as needed. To keep up a succession, sow frequently, as all varieties deteriorate rapidly.

CUCUMBER.

German, Gurke. French, Concombre. Spanish, Cohombro.

1 oz. for 60 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. in hills for an acre.

Cucumbers succeed best in warm, rich, sandy loam. They should not be planted in the open air until there is a prospect of settled warm weather, in the vicinity of St. Louis about the middle of May. Plant in hills about four feet apart each way. The hills should be previously prepared by mixing with the soil of each a shovelful of well-rotted manure. Plant eight or ten seeds in each hill. When all danger from insects is past, thin out the plants, leaving three or four of the strongest to each hill. The fruit should be gathered when large enough, whether required for use or not, as, if left to ripen on the vines, it destroys their productiveness.
FOR EXHIBITION.—The White Spine is most

handsome. Not more than two or three fruits should be allowed to grow on each vine, and superfluous growth of vine should be removed in order to throw all the strength into the fruit.

EGG PLANT.

German, Eierpflanze. French, Aubergine. Spanish, Berengena. 1 oz. for 1,000 plants.

The Egg Plant will thrive well in any good garden soil, but will repay good treatment. The seed should be sown in hot-beds or warm greenhouse in March or April, and when about an inch high, pot in two-inch pots. Plant out, about June 1st, two and a half feet apart. If no hot-bed is at hand, they can be grown in any light room where the temperature will average seventy-five

FOR EXHIBITION.—The New York Improved Spineless is unsurpassed. Set the plants three to four feet apart and water with liquid manure, allowing not more than two fruits to each plant.

ENDIVE.

German, Endivien. French, Chicoree. Spanish, Endivia.

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill, or 2,000 plants.

Endive is one of the best salads for Fall and Winter use. Sow for an early supply about the middle of April. As it is used mostly in the Fall months, the main sowings are made in June and July and transplanted one foot apart each way when of sufficient size. It requires no special soil or manure, and after transplating, if kept clear of weeds until the plant has attained its full size, the process of blanching begins. This is effected by gathering up the leaves and tying them by their tips in conical form, with Raphia. This excludes the light and air from the inner leaves, which become blanched in the course of from three to six weeks, according to the temperature at the time. Another and more simple method consists in laying slats or boards on the plants as they grow, which serves the same purpose as the tying up. It can also be grown by sowing the seed and thinning out to one foot apart each way, as recommended for Lettuce.

KALE, or Borecole.

German, Blatter-Kohl. French, Chou Vert. Spanish, Breton.

1 oz. will sow 150 feet of drill.

Kale, or Borecole, may be grown in almost any soil, but the richer it is the more abundant the product. If wanted for use in late Fall or early Winter, sow early in June and transplant as directed for Cabbage, middle of July. If needed for Spring use, sow Siberian about middle of August and transplant a month later. Of all the Cabbage tribe this is the most tender and delicate, and would be much more extensively grown than it is, if its excellent qualities were generally known. The varieties are all extremely hardy, and are best when touched by frost.

LEEK.

German, Lauch. French, Poireau. Spanish, Puerro.

1 oz. will sow 100 feet of drill.

The Leek is very hardy and easily cultivated; it succeeds best in a light but well-enriched soil. Sow as early in Spring as practicable, in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high they may be transplanted in rows ten inches apart each way, as deep as possible, that the neck, being covered, may be blanched. If fine Leeks be desired, the ground can hardly be made too rich, for the Leek is a gross feeder.

LETTUCE.

German, Lattich. French, Laitue. Spanish, Lechuga. 1 oz. for 3,000 plants.

The cultivation of Lettuce is universal by all who have gardens, and from its tractable nature and freedom from nearly all insects and diseases, it is manageable in the hands of every one. early crop, seed may be sown in the open ground in the middle of September, and transplanted to cold frames as soon as large enough to handle, being wintered over in the same manner as early Cabbage. Seeds may be sown in well-protected frames in February and in hot-beds in March, and by careful covering up at night will make fine plants by April for Spring planting. But for or-dinary private use in the Summer months, the simplest way is to sow it thinly in rows one foot apart, early in the Spring, and thin out the plants so that they will stand one foot apart. This is easier than transplanting, and if sown every two or three weeks from the middle of April to the middle of August, Lettuce may be had in perfection the whole season. Lettuce plants may be saved over the Winter without glass covering in Southern parts of the country, in dry, well-shelt tered spots, by covering with leaves or litter late. in the season.

MELON, Musk.

German, Melone. French, Melon. Spanish, Melon. 1 oz. for 60 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. in hills for an acre.

Melons thrive best in a moderately enriched light soil; the hills should be from three to six feet apart each way, according to the richness of the soil. If soil is poor or sandy, plant at four feet. Previous to planting, incorporate well with the soil in each hill a couple of shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure; plant eight or ten seeds in each hill early in May, for latitude of St. Louis; for south earlier, for further north later, and when well up thin out to three or four of the most promising.

MELON, Water.

German, Wasser-Melone. French, Melon d'Eau.
Spanish, Sandia.

1 oz. for 30 hills; 4 to 5 lbs. in hills for an acre.

Water Melons require a rich though rather sandy soil for best development, and thrive best in warm latitudes, growing best in the Southern or Southwestern States, although in warm, sandy soils in this latitude fine crops are often obtained from northern-grown seed. Cultivate exactly as for Musk Melons, except that the hills should be eight and ten feet apart.

OKRA, or Gumbo.

German, Essbarer. French, Gombo. Spanish, Quibombo.

It is of the easiest culture, and grows freely, bearing abundantly in any garden soil. It is sown at the usual time of all tender vegetables—in this section middle of May—in drills two inches deep, thinning the plants from two to three feet apart in row.

ONION.

German, Zwiebel. French, Oignon. Spanish, Cebolla.

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill; 5 or 6 lbs. in drills for an acre.

The Onion thrives best in a rather deep, rich, loamy soil. The best culture requires that the ground should be deeply trenched or ploughed and manured the previous Autumn, and laid up in ridges during the Winter to pulverize. As early in the Spring as the ground is in working order, commence operations by leveling the ground with a harrow or rake, and roll or tread it firmly; sow thinly in drills, about a quarter of an inch deep and one foot apart; cover with fine soil and press down with the back of a spade, or a light roller, or with the foot, along each row. When the young plants are strong enough, thin radually so that they stand three or four inches that. Keep the surface of the ground open and oree from weeds by frequent hoeing, taking care to to stir the soil too deeply or to collect it about the growing bulbs.

PARSLEY.

German, Petersilie. French, Persil. Spanish, Peregil.

1 oz. for 150 feet of drill.

Parsley succeeds best in a rich, mellow soil. As the seed germinates very slowly, three or four weeks elapsing sometimes before it makes its appearance, it should be sown early in spring, great care being taken that the drills be not more than an inch in depth and that the seed be well pressed down after sowing. Sow thickly in rows a foot apart and half an inch deep. For winter use, protect in a frame or light cellar, or a few plants may be placed in pots or boxes and kept in the house for convenient use in Winter.

PARSNIP.

German, Pastinake. French, Panais.
Spanish, Pastinaca.
1 oz. for 200 feet of drill: 5 to 6 lbs. in drills for an acre.

Sow as early in Spring as the weather will admit, in drills eighteen inches apart, covering half an inch deep. When well up, thin out to five or six inches apart in the rows. Unlike Carrots, they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in Fall a certain quantity for Winter use and store as directed for Turnips, leaving the rest in the ground until Spring to be dug up as required.

PEAS.

German, Erbse. French, Pois. Spanish, Guizante. 1 qt. for 75 feet of drill; 2 to 3 bushels in drills for an acre.

Peas come earlier to maturity in light, rich soil. For general crop, a deep loam, or a soil strongly inclining to clay, is best. For early crops, decomposed leaves or leaf-mould, if convenient, may be used; or, if the soil is very poor, well-rotted manure should be used. For general crop, a good dressing should be applied, and for the dwarf growing kinds the soil can hardly be too rich. When grown as a market crop, Peas are sown in single rows, two or three inches deep and from two to three feet apart, according to height of variety or the strength of the soil. When grown in small quantities for private use, they are generally sown in double rows, six or eight inches apart, and the tall varieties staked up by brush or Pea Trellis. For an early crop, sow in February, March or April, according to latitude, as soon as the ground can be worked, and make repeated sowings every two weeks for succession. After the first of June sowing should be discontinued until August, when a good crop may sometimes be secured by sowing an extra early sort for fall use.

PEPPER.

German, Pfeffer. French, Piment. Spanish, Pimiento.
Requires exactly the same treatment as
directed for Egg Plant.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Ruby King, Sweet Spanish and Bull Nose are the most desirable and attractive varieties. The plants should stand two and one-half to three feet apart to admit abundance of sunlight. Plenty of manure or fertilizer should be worked into the soil around the roots, and frequent applications of liquid manure should be given.

PUMPKIN.

German, Kurbis. French, Courge. Spanish, Calabaza.

Pumpkins are now principally cultivated for agricultural purposes. They are usually planted in fields of corn or potatoes, but may be profitably raised in fields by themselves. Sow first of May in this latitude, in hills eight feet apart.

RADISH.

German, Rettig, Radieschen. French, Radis, Rave, Petit Rave. Spanish, Rabano.

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill; 9 to 10 lbs. in drills for an acre.

Radishes thrive best in a light, sandy loam. Heavy or clayey soils not only delay their maturity but produce crops much inferior, both in appearance and flavor. For a continuous supply sow from the middle of March until September, at intervals of two or three weeks. For an early supply they may be sown in a hot-bed in February, care being taken to give plenty of ventilation, otherwise they will run to leaves. If plaster is incorporated with the soil in the rows at time of sowing the seed, the Radishes will always turn out brighter in color, crisper and of better quality.

RHUBARB.

German, Rhabarber. French, Rhubarbe. Spanish, Ruibarbo Bastardo.

Sow in April, in drills a foot apart, thinning out to about the same distance apart in rows when a few inches high. The following spring transplant into deep, rich soil, about three feet apart each way. If propagated by dividing the roots, it may be done either in fall or spring, planting it at the same distance apart as given above. The soil can not be too rich.

SALSIFY, or Oyster Plant.

German, Bocksbart. French, Salsifis, Spanish, Ostra Vegetal.

1 oz. to 75 feet of drill.

The Oyster Plant succeeds best in light, wellenriched, mellow soil, which, previous to sowing the seeds, should be stirred to a depth of eighteen inches. Sow early in spring, in drills eighteen inches apart; cover the seeds with fine soil an inch and a half in depth, and when the plants are strong enough, thin out to six inches apart.

SPINACH.

German, Spinat. French, Epinard. Spanish, Espinaca.

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill; 10 to 12 lbs. in drills
for an acre.

Sow thinly in rows about twelve or fifteen inches apart. The main crop is sown in September. It is sometimes covered up in exposed places with straw or salt hay during winter, which prevents it from being cut with the frost, but in sheltered fields there is no necessity for covering. For summer use it may be sown at intervals of two or three weeks, from April to August. Spinach is best developed and most tender and succulent when grown in rich soil.

SOUASH.

German, Kurbiss. French, Courge. Spanish, Calabasa Tomtanera.

1 oz. for 50 hills: 3 to 4 lbs. in hills for an acre.

It is useless to sow until the weather has become settled and warm. Light, rich soils are best suited to their growth, and it is most economical of manure to prepare hills for the seeds in the ordinary manner by incorporating two or three shovelfuls of well-rotted manure with the soil for each hill, as is done for Melons. For bush varieties, from three to four feet each way, and for the running sorts, from eight to ten feet. Eight or ten seeds should be sown in each hill, thinning out after they have attained their third and fourth leaves, leaving three or four of the strongest plants.

TOMATO.

German, Liebesapfel. French, Tomate. Spanish, Tomate.

1 oz. for 1,500 plants; 1/4 lb. to transplant for an acre.

The seed should be sown early in March in a hot-bed, greenhouse, or inside the window of sitting-room, where a night temperature of not less than sixty degrees is kept, in drills five inches apart and half an inch deep. When the plants are about two inches high they should be set out three inches apart in boxes three inches deep, or potted into three-inch pots, allowing a single plant to a pot. They are sometimes shifted a second time into larger pots, by which process the plants are rendered more sturdy and branching. About the middle of May, in this latitude, the plants may be set in the open ground. They are planted for early crops on light, sandy soil, at a distance of three feet apart, in hills in which a good shovelful of rotten manure has been mixed. On heavy soils which are not suited for an early crop, they should be planted four feet apart. Water freely at the time of transplanting, and shelter from the sun a few days until the plants are established Tomatoes will always produce greater crops an be of better flavor when staked up, or whe trained against walls or fences.

TURNIP.

German, Steekrube. French, Navet. Spanish, Nabo Coman.

1 oz. to 150 feet of drill; 1 to 2 lbs. per acre in drills.

Turnips do best in highly enriched, light, sandy or gravelly soil; commence sowing the earliest varieties in April in drills, from twelve to fifteen inches apart, and thin out early to six or nine inches in the rows. For a succession, sow at intervals of a fortnight until the last week in May for early crop, and from August to September for late. August sowings may be made for the Fal and main crops. Turnips may be preserved un Spring by cutting off the tops about one inch from the bulb and storing them in a cellar or cool sh during Winter, covering the roots with dry san they should be harvested before severe frosts in, for, though comparatively hardy, few of varieties will survive the Winters of the North States in the open ground.

SEEDS OF SPECIAL MERIT

LATE FRENCH MARKET.

This is the original Late French Market Cabbage Seed. Two years ago we bought a quarter pound of this original stock seed at a very high price, from one of our French friends, and sent it to one of America's best Cabbage Seed growers, on Long Island. We have a limited quantity to offer this season. A trial will convince you that this is the only Late Cabbage to grow.



LATE FRENCH MARKET CABBAGE.

It is much later than any other, and will keep better than any other. Per ounce, 40c.; per quarter pound, \$1.50; per pound, \$5.00.

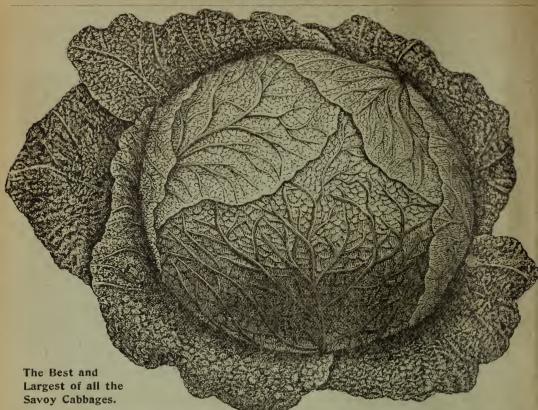
IMPROVED LONG GREEN CUCUMBER.

This is one of the best Cucumbers; dark green, long fruit of excellent quality; good for early or late. Per packet, 5c.; per ounce, 10c.; per quarter pound, 20c.; per pound, 65c.

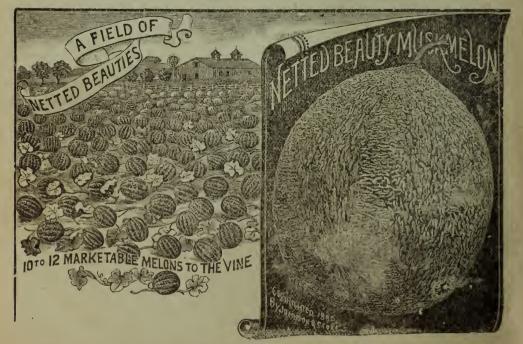


IMPROVED LONG GREEN CUCUMBERS.

GOOD Seed is the most important item to a gardener or farmer. From them the products that bring their profits are produced. Buy our Seeds and increase your profits.



AMERICAN DRUMHEAD SAVOY. The largest heading Savoy; of excellent flavor, and a general favorite with market gardeners and truckers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.25.



This is one of the earliest Musk Melons; very productive; densely netted; free from ribs. Per oz., 10c; 1_4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 90c.

LETTUCE.

ST. LOUIS BLACK-SEEDED FORCING. This is the leading forcing variety with St. Louis market cardeners, and should be used by all who grow Head Lettuce for the market. It is the best for forcing under glass or early planting outdoors. Plants medium size, having thick green leaves, and when well grown forming very compact, solid heads. Pkt., 5e; oz., 15e; 1 lb., 50e; lb., \$1.75.





NE PLUS ULTRA RADISH.

RADISH.

NE PLUS ULTRA, OR EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP, FORCING, This has as small a top, and is as early as any variety in cultivation, making it one of the best for forcing. Roots fit for use may be had in three weeks, or less, from the time of sowing. Roots small, globular; deep, rich red color: flesh white. crisp and tender when young. May be planted very closely, owing to its small tops. Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 90c.

Dickmann Seed Co.'s St. Louis Market Lettuce

DICKMANN SEED CO.'S ST. LOUIS MARKET LETTUCE is one of the best for all purposes. It can not be recommended too highly. Good for forcing and out of doors. A solid heading sort. Will not grow into seed as quick as other Lettuce. Will stand the heat through the hot Summer months. There is a good deal of St. Louis Market Lettuce sold by other seedsmen,

BUT NOT THIS ORIGINAL STRAIN. No gardener can afford to be without this, THE BEST OF ALL LETTUCES, not only sold under that name, but the genuine stock. A small trial will convince you. Oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

Here is an Unsolicited Letter from one of our Leading Gardeners.

ST. Louis, May 31, 1895. Mr. Jos. F. Dickmann, City.

DEAR SIR-I have sold the first St. Louis Market Lettuce raised from the seed I bought of you. It turned out fine. I am satisfied that none can be bought in St. Louis, or anywhere else, that would surpass it in quality. I therefore recommend it to all gardeners as the genuine St. Louis Market Lettuce.

> Most respectfully, JOHN R. WUEBBOLD.



DICKMANN'S ST. LOUIS MARKET LETTUCE.

NEW TOMATOES.

It is false economy to try to save on the first cost of Tomato Seed—a little seed goes so far. And yet the country is almost "flooded" with cheap Tomato Seed, saved without any regard to selection, and sometimes even the refuse of canning establishments. Our Tomatoes are grown especially for seed, and actually cost us more than double the prices at which we are offered annually so-called "pure seed cheap." "A word to the wise is sufficient."

WHITE'S EXCELSIOR. Described as follows by the originator, Mr. White, who has made a specialty of growing and perfecting this Tomato for years, and is confident that this variety is a great improvement over all other Purple Tomatoes:

this variety is a great improvement over all other Purple Tomatoes:

"The vine is dark green, grows rapid and to a great size, bears a heavier crop than any other purple variety, and continues bearing until killed by frost. The ruits are a beautiful glossy dark or purple red, very large, set in great clusters, and retain their size until the end of the season. The seed cavity in the fruits is so small that they are nearly solid, unlike other purple Tomatoes, the skin is tough and they will bear long shipments and hold their firmness several days longer than any other variety. This is a great advantage for the local market, as well as for shipping. Is ree from cracking, and ripens up evenly around the stem. The fruits of this variety are the most beautiful, most uniform, and have a greater diameter than any other Tomato. Many varieties are too long or too thin for their circumference. This objection is removed in the Excelsior."

Our stock is grown for us by the originator



WHITE'S EXCELSIOR NEW TOMATO.

Our stock is grown for us by the originator, and all seed of this variety offered this season has its percentage in or from one 18-ounce Tomato grown by the originator last year that shows how carefully this variety is bred. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00. Prices given include postage or free delivery.

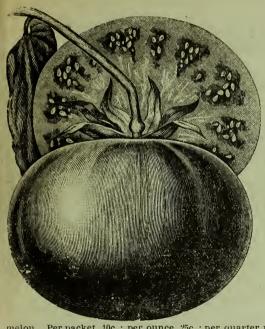


BUCKEYE Described as follows by the STATE. originator:

Described as follows by the originator:

"It averages at least double the size of Livingston's Beauty. We have always held that no matter how large a sort may be, if it is rough and uneven, it is of little value. Many mammoth sorts have been introduced of late but the result. duced of late, but the mar-ket gardener rejects them as unfitted for his business as difficed for his business on account of their rough-nes. In addition to its very large size, it is also smooth and uniform. This is not all, however, for al-though its large size might lead some to believe the fruits are few in number, yet the fact is, it is even more prolific and abundant more prolific and abundant than the standard sorts now in cultivation. It is unquestionably the heaviest cropper known. The Tomatoes are borne in immense clusters of four to eight fruits, and occasionally ten large, periect fruits have been found on a single cluster. In time of ripening, it matures with Livingston's Stone. Insolidity and quality, none surpasses ingston's Stone. In solidity and quality, none surpasses it. The color is much the same as our Beauty, but of a richer shade, and this, together with its very large and clear-cut outlines,

and clear-cut outlines, makes it very showy and striking. In shape, it is a little thicker from blossom other sorts. The past season we grew this variety by the ordinary method, as well as on stakes, and they were the admiration of all who visited our grounds, and nearly every caller insisted on having 'just one for seed,' or to carry home to show friends.'' With the above characteristics, it must be apparent to all that the Buckeye State will immediately take its place in the front rank, and should not be omitted from a single order. Do not simply experiment with this variety this season (we have already done that for you, but order sufficient to grow a good portion of your crop. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 14lb., 90c; lb., \$3.25. Prices given include postage or free delivery.



THE MATCHLESS TOMATO.

The vines are of strong, vigorous growth, well set with fruit; the foliage is very rich dark green in color. The engraving accurately shows the shape and also the remarkable solidity of a section. They are entirely free from core, of a very rich cardinal red color, and are not liable to crack from wet weather. The fruits are of the largest size, and this is maintained throughout the season, the healthy growth of foliage continuing until killed by frost. Per packet, 5c.; per ounce, 30c., per quarter pound, \$1.00; per pound, \$3.50.

NEW MUSK MELON—PAUL ROSE.

In the "Paul Rose" we are offering the best orangefleshed Musk Melon introduced for many years. It is a cross of the Osage with the Netted Gem, and combines the sweetness of the former with the fine netting of the Gem. It also has a firmness of rind and "cheesy" structure of flesh peculiarly its own, and is superior in these respects to many melons in existence. It surpasses many melons as a shipper and long keeper, and no other melon equals it in smallness of seed cavity or approaches it in firmness. It is uniform in shape and averages about five inches in diameter, weighing about one and a half pounds. It is an excellent seller and brings better prices than any other orange-fleshed

melon. Per packet, 10c.; per ounce, 25c; per quarter pound, 75c.; per pound, \$2.50, postpaid.

TWO NEW MILLETS FROM DAKOTA.

THE NEW SIBERIAN and the BROOM CORN or HOG MILLET.

THE NEW SIBERIAN is claimed to be a most wonderfully productive and satisfactory forage plant, possessing in a superior degree all the essential merits of any of the older sorts—exceeding them by far—besides many other points of excellence that distinguish it and render it a most valuable addition to the list of forages, and if the claims are well founded, destine it to take front rank, if not lead all the rest.

It is said to have come from Russia, which would, of course, give it a degree of vigor and hardiness not possessed by those originating in a warm climate. The claims made for it by its introducers, and by parties who have been growing it in small quantities for a few years in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Illinois, are substantially as follows:

1. That it is from two or three weeks earlier than the German millet, thereby making a crop when the latter may fail on account of unfavorable weather at the time of maturing.

2. That it grows an extra fine stalk, with a wonderful profusion of blades, being of a stooling habit, forty-one stalks having, it is said, been grown from one seed, which is remarkable indeed.

3. That it has been known to yield from twenty acres 905 bushels of seed, while as much as three to four

tons and over of the choices hay have been cut from one acre of ground.

4. That coming from Russia, a cold climate, the seed possesses a vitality and vigor not found in seed originating in a warm climate.

5. That the seed of the New Siberian Millet being so much smaller than that of other sorts, the cost is lessened greatly in quantity of seed required per acre, which is given as only four quarts if wanted for seed and from six to eight if wanted for hay, according as it is drilled or broadcast.

6. That it not only grows much taller than any other millet (four feet or over), and though the average length of the head is six inches, yet the stalk is elastic and stands up well, a point of excellence worthy of note.

7. That it is rust-proof and that cinch had a not relish it, but that stock eat it as readily as other kinds.

7. That it is rust-proof, and that cinch bugs do not relish it, but that stock eat it as readily as other kinds, and waste much less in the feeding, owing to the fineness of the stalks.

Reports from the Brookings (S. D.) Agricultural Experiment Station bulletin on Millets, under date of May, 1898, speak of the New Siberian as "the most promising variety yet tested."

Description.—Plant, about four feet in height; blades, pea-green color, very profuse; stalk, fine and very elastic; heads, about six inches in length; seeds, of reddish brown color; habits of growth, stooling to a remarkable degree; not subject to rust; maturity, first crop about July or August.

It has also been tried in a limited way in several other States, as well as in Canada, and all reports unite in giving it unstinted praise, and the up-to-date farmer can not, it would seem, afford to let this chance slip to be among the first to secure such a valuable and promising addition to the list of plants for stock food. Its early maturity brings it into use at a time when other green feed is scare, as is often the case in Kansas and the Southwest during the months of July and August, while its drouth-resisting qualities render it a much more certain crop than the other sorts. Evidently the NEW SIBERIAN is to be the Millet of the future. The supply of this new variety is very scarce and we have, at considerable trouble and expense, secured a limited quantity, which we offer at these very low prices: Per pound, 10c.; per 10 pounds, 65c.; per 100 pounds \$4.00, f.o.b. St. Louis.

"CUPID" SWEET PEA.

Giant Imperial Japanese Morning Glories.





The First Form of a Dwarf Sweet Pea. This is a novelty of unusual importance. It is a Dwarf Sweet Pea, the plant growing only 5 inches high, yet spreading out and forming a solid mat of foliage and flowers 1½ feet across. The blossoms are pure milk white, very sweet, of largest size and great substance, and borne on stems 4 inches long, 3 flowers on each stem. It begins to bloom as early as May, and, unlike the climbing Sweet Peas, continues in profusion until killed by frost. This is a remarkable feature, and makes it at once one of the most superb plants for bedding, massing and edging in cultivation. For pot culture, also, it is of great value, being novel, unique, fragrant, always full of flowers and superlatively beautiful. Small pkts., 5c; large pkts., 10c. The First Form of a Dwarf Sweet Pea.

Mixed Colors. Many beautiful varieties are included in this, different from those shown on the plate; there are solid colors, ranging through reds from s ft rose to crimson, bronze and garnet marcon; from daintiest light blue to ultramarine, indigo and blackish purple; from snow white to cream and silver gray. Some are striped, blotched and spotted; others have magnificent edges and throats; including purple, with white edge and red throat; white flushed pink, with wine red throat; carmine, with white edge and red shaded throat; garnet, with white throat; copper color, with white throat, etc. Pkt., 10c

DOUBLE-FLOWERING MORNING GLORIES. Mixed Colors. Per pkt., 10c.

THE BEAUTIFUL CINNAMON VINE.



The Cinnamon Vine is one of the most charming of climbers and will quickly cover an arbor, window or veranda with a great profusion of vines and sweet-scented flowers, making it a perfect bower of beauty. The vine is perfectly hardy, and once planted will grow for many years, and be a source of constant delight to the possessor. There is nothing that will give a home a more homelike and cozy appear nce, or be a surer index of refinement and trellises.

Prices of the Cinnamon Vine. We will mail three nice roots or tubes for 30c; six for 50c; 12 for \$1 00; 30 for \$2.00; 100 for \$5.00 (no order filled for less than three roots). We pack them carefully in boxes, and guarantee safe arrival.

BONNET GOURDS.



Rapid-growing vines, producing a great variety of curious fruits, some of which are quite useful, and others are valued for the rich, variegated markings. These markings retain their bright colorings for years if fruits are gathered in the fall and thoroughly dried in a cool, airy place. Seed should be sown in hills or slightly raised borders when the weather becomes warm and the trees are out in full leaf, and should have a trellis or brush support on which to climb. Large pkt. 10c. climb. Large pkt., 10c.

VEGETABLE SEEDS.

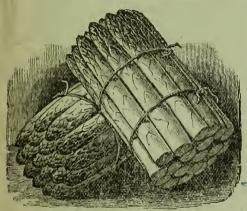
Fresh and True to Name. Crop 1899.

The prices quoted are those ruling this month, January, 1900. Fluctuations may be expected; as the season advances many articles are short and scarce.

Jos. F. Dickmann Seed Company give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

All seeds in this list can be had in 5-cent packages.

We sell one-quarter pound at one-pound rates.



PALMETTO ASPARAGUS.

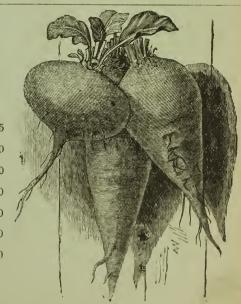
ASPARAGUS. Spargel.

COLOSSAL. The most approved and	Lb.
standard sort\$0 10	\$0 50
PALMETTO. Of Southern origin, a very desirable Asparagus 10	75
COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. A variety producing large white	
shoots 10	75
ARTICHOKE. Large green globe 25	3 25

For Roots, see page 57

BEETS. Salatriiben.

	Oz.	Lb.
Extra Early Flat Egyptian	\$0 10	\$0 45
Extra Early Crosby	10	50
Edmund's Blood Turnip	10	50
Eclipse	10	50
Bastian's Blood Turnip	10	50
Long Smooth Blood Red	10	40
Swiss Chard	10	50



VARIOUS BEETS.

SUGAR BEETS AND MANGELS.

Mangel Wurzel oder Runfel Rüben.

	16.	Lb.
Mammoth Long Red, very large strain \$0	10	\$0 35
Norbiton Giant, very fine, large sort		
Golden Tankard, yellow, very productive		
Yellow Globe, a good keeper.		
Improved White Sugar, extra fine.		
Vilm White Sugar, a French sort	10	35

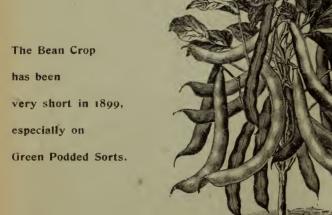
BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Sproffen Robl.

		Lb.
Best French or Roseberry, very fine.		
Improved Half Long, the very best strain	20	2 00

BROCCOLI. Spargelioni.		
Early Purple Cape, the best for this climate	\$0 10	Lb. \$0.45
Early White Cape, with large, close heads	10	60

DWARF OR BUSH BEANS. Bujchbohnen.

Green Podded Sort.



All our Beans are Eastern and Canadian Grown. There is no better Stock in this or any other Market.

HOPKINS' IMPROVED RED VALENTINE. Bush. Hopkins' Improved Round Pod Extra Early Valentine. This is the best all-round Valentine in the market..... \$0 35

 all-round Valentine in the market.
 \$0
 35

 Round Pod Valentine
 25

 Early Mohawk, large, flat.
 20

 Extra Early Yellow Long Six Weeks
 20

 Best of All, a favorite in the South.
 25

 New Extra Early Refugee, or "1,000 to 1"
 25

 New White Valentine.
 cr

 New Stringless, green, round pod, the coming market garden bean
 35

 White Marrow, a good string or shell bean
 15

 White Navy (everybody knows them).
 15

 Prolific Treè, larger than Navy
 15

 New Mexican Bean, for Chili con Carne.
 25

 \$9 50 8 00 5 40 5 40 7 25 7 00 1 00 CROP FAILURE 1 25 50 3 50 2 75 3 00

GARDEN FIELD FLOWER SEEDS Write your NAME PLAINLY, give POST OFFICE, COUNTY and STATE every time you write. ORDER SHEET.

JOS. F. DICKMANN SEED CO.

1110 and 1112 North Third Street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.				
	Date,	190	AMOUNT	ENCLOSED.
Forward to			Cash,	
Post Office				r,
Express Office				
County				
State				IN THIS SPACE.
Manner goods should be	forwarded		DON I WHITE	IN THIS SPACE.
By what Railroad		-		
By what Express		•••••		
QUANTITIES	ARTIC	LES		PRICE

WAX PODDED BEANS. Bohnen.



The Best Wax Bean for the Market Gardener.

	Qt.	Gal.	Bush.
Wardwell's Kidney Wax	\$0 25	\$1 00	\$7 50
Yosemite Wax, large	25	1 00	7 50
Speckled Wax, very fine	25	90	6 75
Golden Eyed Wax	25	85	6 00
German Black Wax	25	90	7 00
Davis Kidney Wax	30	1 15	8 75
White Kidney Wax	20	75	6 00
New Prolific Black Wax	20	75	6 00
Improved Golden Wax, a standard sort	25	1 00	7 50
New Improved Rust-proof Wax	25	1 00	7 50

POLE BEANS. Stangen Bohnen.

	,		
	Qt.	Gal.	Bush.
Lazy Wives, old standard sort	. \$0 30	\$1 00	\$7 50
Greaseback, or Fat Horse	. 25	90	7 00
Scarlet Runner, fine red flowers	. 25	90	7 00
Dutch Case Knife	. 25	1 00	7 50
Horticulture Cranberry	20	75	6 00
White Cornfield, the best corn bean	25	1 00	7 50
Speckled Cut Short Corn Bean	25	90	7 00
Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead	. 30	1 10	8 25
French Asparagus, or Yard Longper lb., 50	e. 1 00		



POLE LIMA BEANS.

Stangen Bohnen.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Qt.	G	al.	Bush.
Extra Large Lima	25	\$0	90	\$7 00
King of the Garden	25		90	7 00
Extra Early Jersey	25		90	7 00
Small White, or Sieva	20		90	6 75

BUSH LIMA BEANS.

Buich= oder Niedrige Butter=Bohnen.

 Qt.
 Gal.
 Bush.

 Henderson's Bush Lima...\$0 25
 \$1 00
 \$7 50

 Burpee's Bush Lima...
 30
 1 10
 8 25

 Thorburn's Dwarf Lima...
 25
 90
 7 00

ENGLISH DWARF BEANS.

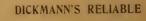
Große Bohnen.

 Qt.
 Gal.
 Bush.

 Broad Windsor
 \$0 25
 \$0 90
 \$7 00

 Sword Long Pod
 25
 90
 6 75





CABBAGE SEED.

Rrant Samen.

Treatment of the contract of t		
	Oz.	Lb.
Select Early Jersey Wake-		00 50
field\$	0 25	\$3 10
Charleston Wakefield	25	3 50
Early Summer, a fine sort	25	
Early Brunswick	20	2 25
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch	20	2 25
Early Eclipse	25	3 25
Lupton, or Improved Vander-		
gaw	25	3 50





CABBAGE—Continued.

	CHUDHIGE	Cont	muc	u.
	•	Oz.	LI	b.
	Dickmann's Giant Sum-			
	mer, the best summer			
	cabbage	\$0.30		00
	All Season. J	25	3	25
	Premium Late Drum-			
	head	25	3	00
	Premium Late Flat	5		
	Dutch	20	3	00
١	Succession (Hender-	-		
l	son's)	25	3	50
1	Sure Head (Burpee's)	20) 3	00
	Luxemburg	25	5 3	25
	Hollander, or Danish.	. 30) 4	00
	Late St. Louis Market			
	the very best for late) 5	00
	-10-1-4	A		
	Rad Cabbara	Bath	6	4

Red Cabbage. Roth Rrant.

	Oz.	Lb.
Red Dutch	\$0 20	\$3 00
Early Blood Red Erfurt,	20	2 75
Mammoth Rock Red	25	3 00

AMERICAN DRUMHEAD SAVOY.

	Oz.	Lb.
The largest heading Savoy; of excellent flavor, and a general favorite with		
market gardeners and truckers	0 30	\$3 25
Early Dwarf Ulm Savoy	20	2 75
Netted Savoy		

CAULIFLOWER.

Blumenfohl.

	1 Oz.	2 Oz.
Erfurt Earliest Dwarf	\$4 00	7 00
Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt	4 00	7 00
Extra Early Paris	2 00	3 50
Extra Early Snowball	3 00	5 50
Large Select Danish	2 00	3 50
Large Late Algiers	2 00	3 50

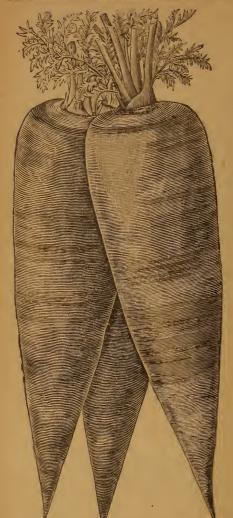


ERFURT EARLIEST DWARF CAULIFLOWER.

WE SELL ONE-FOURTH POUND AT POUND RATES.

COLLARDS. Blätterfohl.

					Ζ.		
True Georgia,	the	leading	sort	\$0	10	\$0	75



CARROTS.

Gelbe Riiben.

	OZ.	Lb.
Extra Early Forcing	\$0 10	\$0.90
Early Half Long, stump-rooted	10	65
Early Half Long Scarlet, pointed	10	65
Oxheart, or Guerande	10	65
Danver Half Long	10	7.5
Market Gardeners' Best Strain	. 10	. 75
Long Orange Improved	. 10	70
Chantenay, or Model		65
Half Long Rubicon	. 10	50
Victoria, good for stock		50
White Belgian		50



MARKET GARDENERS' CARROT.

CELERY. Sellerie.

	Oz.	Lb.
White Plume	80 25	\$2 75
White Flume	05	3 00
Pink Plume (new)	. 20	
Kalamazoo	20	2 50
Kalamazoo	95	3 25
Golden Self-Blanching	. 25	
Colden pell Diamentage	25	2 75
New Giant Pascal		
Boston Market	. 25	2 50
DOSION MAINCE	25	2 50
Heartwell's Perfection		
Dwant Colden Heart	. 20	2 75
Dwarr domen freature		25
Flavoring Celery		

We Sell One-Fourth Pound at Pound Rates.

Pound Rates. GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY.

CELE			Oz.	Lb \$2 50
Giant Prague, the largest of all	 	 	20 20	2 50 2 50

SUGAR CORN.

Bucker Korn.

If to be sent by Mail, 15 Cents per Quart for Postage must be added.

101 Fostage must be added.					
	al.	Bush.			
Country Gentleman \$0	40	\$3 00			
Early Cory	40	3 00			
Crosby's Extra Early	40	3 00			
Early Minnesota	40	2 75			
Perry's Hybrid	50	3 25			
Clark's None-Such	50	3 25			
Stowell's Evergreen	40	3_00			
Late Mammoth	40	2 75			
Extra Early Mammoth.	40	2 75			
Shakers' Early	50	3 25			
Ballard's Early	50	3 25			
Early Champion	50	3 75			



CA	RD	00	N.	Kardoon.
CA	KU	UU.		Maranani

CHERVIL. Bejenlanch.

CHICORY. Chicoriemunzel.

Large Rooted, the best for this climate......\$0 25 \$3 25



CORN SALAD. Feldjalat.

()7

Lb.

Lb.

	O	z.	Lb.
Large Leaved	\$0	10	\$0.75
Small Leaved		10	75

CORN SALAD, OR FETITICUS.

CUCUMBER. Gurfen.



	Oz.	Lb.
Evergreen White Spine	\$0 10	\$0 75
Improved White Spine	10	75
Arlington White Spine	10	75
Long Green		65
Extra Early Russian	10	75
Early Frame	10	75
Tailby's Hybrid, the best for pickles	10	75
St. Louis Pickle, very fine for pickles	10	- 65
New Giant of Pera, a very large sort	10	85
Boston Pickling, an old standard sort	10	65
West India Gherkins, very small	10	75
Japanese Climbing, fine for trellis	20	1 00

FORCING CUCUMBER.	Treib	Gurken.	
		Pkt.	Oz.
General Grant, American grown		\$0 15	\$0 90
Giant of Armstadt, imported		15	90
Glory of Erfurt, a favorite sort		15	90
Swan Neck, very large sort			90

CRESS. Aresie.



TRUE WATER CRESS.

			_
True Water\$0	35	84	00
New Upland	50	5	00
Common, or Peppergrass	10		75

DANDELION. Löwenzahn.

	Oz.	Lb.
Improved Large-leaved	\$0 15	\$ 0 9 0
French Garden, the very fi	nest 20	2 75

EGG PLANT. Gierpflanze.

Lb.
\$3 00
$3 \ 25$
3 00

ENDIVE. Endivien.

	Oz.	Lb.
Green Curled Summer	\$0 15	\$2 00
Green Curled Winter	. 15	$2 \ 00$
Broad Leaved Escarolle	. 20	$3 \ 25$
Self Blanching (new)		3 25



IMPROVED NEW YORK PURPLE.

IMPROVED SIBERIAN KALE.

KALE OR BORECOLE.

Blätterfohl oder Kraustohl.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
	Oz.	L	b.
Predeck's Winter\$0	10	\$0	50
Improved Siberian	10		65
Dwarf German Greens	10		75
Dwarf Green Scotch	10		75
Tall Green, imported from			
Germany	10		75

KOHLRABI. Rohl-Rabi.

	Oz.	Lb.
Earliest White Erfurt\$0	20	\$2 75
Early White Vienna	20	2 75
Early Purple Vienna	20	3 00
Green Large, good for late	20	3 00



LARGE AMERICAN FLAG.



WHITE VIENNA KOHLRABI.

LEEK. Porce oder Lands.

	Oz.	Lb.
Large American Flag	80 25	\$3 25
Broad Leaved	25	3 00
Large Musselburg	20	2 75
Large Carantan		3 25

LETTUCE. Lattich oder Salat.

New Sensation Lettuce.

This remarkable variety, first introduced a few years since, has rapidly grown in popularity until it has become one of the leaders in our sales of seed among gardeners. It is valuable for growing in cold frames, and in open ground during the summer months. No other lettuce thrives so well, withstanding the hottest weather in a remarkable degree. It is a beautiful light yellowish green color, leaves much blistered on the surface, and has the peculiarity of forming a solid head, even before half grown. Its uniform, handsome and even growth is unequaled, and it is one of the easiest to grow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb, 70c; lb., \$2.25.



Early White Butter, W. S. 15 2 00 Mam Big Boston, new, W. S. 20 3 00 Early St. Louis Forcing, B. S. 20 2 50 Yello Royal Butter, new, W. S. 20 2 50 Brow	0z. nann's Private Stock, B. S. \$0 15 moth Butter, B. S. 20 Tennis Ball, W. S. 15 w Seeded Butter, Y. S. 15 n Dutch, B. S. 15 y Green Winter, W. S. 15	Lb. \$2 50 2 75 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00
	ANSON'S LETTUCE. 1	Lb. \$2 00
COS C	R ROMAINE LETTUCE.	
005 0	Oz.	Lb.
Early White S	elf Folding \$0 15	\$2 50
	os 15	2 50
GENUINE HARD HEADING HANSON LETTUCE Trianon	15	2 50
Curled Varieties. Rr	nuse Sorten.	Lb.
Simpson's Early, very curled, white seed		\$1 65
Black Seeded Simpson, black seed.		1-65
Early Curled Silesia, white seed		1 65
Boston Curled, white seed		1 65
Grand Rapids Forcing, black seed		1 65
MUSTARD.		
MUSTARD.	Oz.	Lb.
Giant Curled, the best for early		\$0 65

MARTINIA. Gemjenhorn.

MUSHROOM SPAWN. Champignonbrut.



MUSHROOM.

CULTURE.—Mushrooms may be grown in cellars, under benches of greenhouses, or in sheds, wherever the temperature of 50 degrees can be kept up through the winter. The beds should be made from November to February, according to the time the Mushrooms are wanted, and it requires about two months for them to begin bearing. Secure fresh horse dung, free from straw and litter, and mix an equal bulk of loam from an old pasture with it. Keep this under cover, taking care to turn it every day, to prevent heating, until the pile is large enough to make a bed of the required size. Three or four feet wide, eight inches deep, and any length desired. pile is large enough to make a bed of the required size. Three or four feet wide, eight inches deep, and any length desired, are the proper proportions for a bed, but these may be varied. Prepare the mixture of loam and manure, making the bed in layers, and pounding down each with the back of the spade. Leave this to heat through for a few days, and as soon as the heat subsides to 90 degrees, make holes in the bed about a foot apart each way, into which put pieces of the spawn two or three inches in diameter; fill up the holes with the compost, and at the expiration of a week or ten days the spawn will have thoroughly diffused itself through the bed. Spread a layer of fresh soil over the hean to the depth of two inches

will have thoroughly diffused itself through the bed. Spread a layer of fresh soil over the heap to the depth of two inches and cover with three or four inches of hay, straw or litter. Examine the bed often to see that it does not get dry. Take special care, however, when water is given, that it be at a temperature of about 100 degrees.

From experience with French and English Spawn, we find there is an important difference between them. If the manure in the bed is in proper condition the French Spawn will take hold and grow fully as well as the English, but if the bed is not in the right state it will often rot. The English Spawn on the contrary, after starting a little, will remain in a comparatively dormant state for a long time without losing its vitality. It is well to keep these points in mind in ordering Spawn.

Spawn.

English	
ROBINSON'S MUSHROOM CULTURE. A book giving directions how to raise Mushrooms. Per copy, postpaid	51 00
MUSHROOMS, AND HOW TO GROW THEM. By WM. FALCONER. The most complete book published in America on the cultivation of Mushrooms. Per copy, postpaid	1 50

MUSK MELON. 3uder=Melone.

Rocky Ford (Colorado) Nutmeg Melon.

This is one of the best-selling Melons on the St. Louis market—has brought double the price of other nutmeg varieties. We have the true seed of this Melon, have bought the Melons here and took the seed out ourselves, so as to get the original stock. A trial will convince you.

, ,		
gatter blooms.	Oz.	Lb.
Rocky Ford Nutmeg Melon	.\$0 15	\$1 2
Dickmann's Best		90
The Banquet		78
Osage, or Improved Miller's Cream		78
Tip Top	. 10	78
Early Hackensack		78
Large Hackensack	. 10	78
Improved Cantaloupe	. 10	78
Early White Japan	. 10	78
Baltimore, or Acme	. 10	7
Montreal Market		6
Improved Large Nutmeg, green	. 10	78
Perfected Delmonico	. 10	6
Jenny Lind, very fine	. 10	7
Netted Gem	. 10	8
Banana, New Improved	. 10	7
Extra Early Citron	. 10	78
C. A. British		

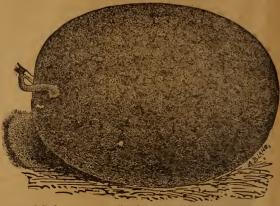


DICKMANN'S BEST MUSK MELONS.

WATERMELON. Baffer-Melone.

"Triumph" Watermelon.

This new Melon, as a market sort and for shipment, is the best ever introduced. It is very prolific, very early, and of uniformly large size. It is a cross between the Duke Jones and Kolb Gem; has the fine, handsome appearance of the former and the fine shipping qualities of the latter. The rind, like the Duke Jones, is of dark green color, the seed exactly the same color as the Kolb Gem. As a table melon it is of much better flavor than the Kolb Gem. The average size of the melon is very large. The originator gathered from 2½ acres, 2,418 melons weighing over 40 pounds each. Comparatively speaking, there were no small melons on the vines at the time of harvesting seed. The "Triumph" is very early very large, very prolific, deliciously sweet, of finest flavor—in fact, the finest Watermelon in the United States. The farmer who values his melon



patch, and looks forward to the good times in June and July, can not afford to do without the Triumph. Plant only the best; you get it in the Triumph. Prices: Packet, 10c; ounce, 20c; quarter pound, 50c;

ound, \$1.50.

1	z.	Lb.		Oz.	Lb.
Cuban Queen\$0	10	\$0 65	Rattlesnake, or Gypsy	50 10	\$0 65
Jordan Gray Monarch	10	65	Florida Favorite	10	65
Green and Gold	10	75	Scaly Bark	10	60
Sweet Heart	10	75	Black Spanish	10	65
The Dixie	10	50	Seminole	10	60
Kolb's Gem	10	50	Mammoth Ironclad	10	65
Peerless, or Ice Cream	10	50	The Boss	10	65
Mountain Sweet	10	50	Citron	10	65
Improved Ironclad	10	65	Johnson's Christmas	10	60
Dark Icing, or Ice Rind		65	Jones' Jumbo	10	65
Pride of Georgia	10	65			

JOS. F. DICKMANN SEED CO.'S

RELIABLE ONION SEED. Zwiebel Samen.



see the book, "Onions for Profit;" price, 50c. Onion growers should have this book. No one can appreciate the value of reliable seeds better than those who have been once disappointed. Too much care can not be exercised in selecting your supply of Onion seed. There is no vegetable in which the quality of the seed exerts a greater influence upon the crop. Fully realizing this, we have for some years made a specialty of Onion seed, and have all our crops raised under special contract subject to careful supervision. In vitality it is very strong, being carefully tested. The rapid increase in our Onion seed trade among market gardeners and large growers of Onions, many of whom order from twenty-five to one hundred pounds, is the best evidence that our Onion seed is unexcelled in quality. If you use large quantities of Onion seed, it will pay you to write us for special prices, stating the amount required. Our prices will be as low as good Onion seed can be sold for. We are not in the market to compete with old and worthless seed, but we are ready and willing to have our prices compared with any reliable seed house.

For a more detailed description as to culture,

\$2 50

Jos. F. Dickmann Seed Co.'s Reliable Onion Seed—Continued.

GOOD ONION SEED is of the utmost importance. Fully realizing this, we make a specialty of the BEST Onion Seed. A dollar saved on the purchase of the seed is likely to be lost many times over when the bulbs are harvested. The first cost of the seed is a comparatively small item as compared with the expense involved in the proper preparation, fertilizing and cultivation of the soil. This cost is fully as great, and frequently more cultivation is required to raise a crop of inferior bulbs from poor seed than to harvest a crop of fine, evenly ripened bulbs from a good strain of seed. Our Onion Seed is grown only from choice selected bulbs, examined critically before being set out to produce seed. In quality, it is vastly superior to much that is put on the market, and which is grown chiefly with the object of producing the largest quantity of seed per acre. In vitality our seed is very strong, of quick and positive germination, as vitality trials are made from each bag of seed as soon as received, and further comparative trials as the season advances. The steady increase in our Onion Seed trade, particularly among market gardeners, proves that DICKMANN'S ONION SEED is unexcelled in quality.



THE GENUINE PRIZETAKER.

ONION SETS. Set-Zwiebeln.

Yellow Bottom	Garlic, per lb)
White Bottom	New White Multiplier	35 1 Dul
Red Top, or Button	New White Multiplier White Top, or Button	Market Price
Potato Onion	Shallots	
Boxes crates and harre	ls charged at cost price	

OKRA or GUMBO. Esbarer.



DWARF.	EXTRA	CURLED	PARSIEV

0	Z.	Lb.
Dwarf\$0	10	\$0 40
Tall	10	40
New White Vel- vet Dwarf	10	40

C	z.	Lb.	
Owarf\$0			
Call	10	40	
vet Dwarf	10	40	



Stalianifche Zwiebeln.

Oz. 1/4 lb.

1 10

90 3 00

1 25

WHITE VELVET OKRA.

PARSLEY Reteriilie

	lb. Lb.
	20 \$0 75
 10	20 65
 10	20 75
 10	20 75
	20 75
 10	20 75
	\$0 10 \$0 10 10 10



PARSNIP. Pajtinaten.

	Oz.	Lb.
Magnum Bonum	\$0 10	\$0 60
Large White Sugar	10	60
Student.	10	60
Hollow Crown	10	65
New Maltese	10	65

PEAS. Erbien.

JOS. F. DICKMANN SEED CO.'S NORTHERN GROWN PEAS.

> Our Seed Peas are of the very best quality obtainable, being all grown far north, riddled and carefully hand-picked. They are raised from the best selected stocks, and the crops are carefully "rogued," being subjected to the most critical and constant inspection.

PEPPER. Bieffer.

Lb. Golden Upright, \$0 20 \$2 75 Improved Sweet 2 75 Mountain Long Red Cay-2 75 2 75 2 75 2 75 2 75 enne..... Chili or Mexican 20 Ruby King..... 20 Cherry Red. . . . Large Bell, or Bull Nose ... 3 00 3 00 Golden Dawn .. .



IMPROVED SWEET MOUNTAIN.

Qt. Gal. Bush.

JOS F. DICKMANN'S PRIZE-TAKER PEA

LARGEST, MOST PROLIFIC AND SWEETEST.

This Pea is the result of years of careful selections among peas; and, as it is now offered to the public, is without doubt one of the best sorts in cultivation. Its habits resemble the Stratagem, branching, but compact in growth. Pods are long, straight and very broad. Seeds are green, wrinkled and flattened, resembling Yorkshire Hero, but much larger. It grows about eighteen inches high, and is ready for market just after Dickmann Seed Co. 's Second Early Market Peas. Coming in when peas are in demand, every garden should have them in it to be complete. Packet, 10c; half pint, 15c; pint. 25c; quart, 40c; reallon, \$1.50. gallon, \$1.50.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

	Qt.			
Early May	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$4 00	
McLean's Blue Peter.	20		5 00	ı
fom Thumb	20	75	5 00	
Philadelphia Extra				
Early	15	50	3 75	
Dickmann's Extra				ı
Early Market	15	50	4 00	
Rural New Yorker	15	50	3 75	
Gradus, or Prosperity,	50	1 75	10 00	
SECOND EA	DIV	and	LATE	

)	Extra Early Premium			
)	Gem	20	75	5 50
	Laxton's Alpha	20	75	5 75
,	Daniel O'Rourke	15	50	3 75
	Nott's Excelsior	25	90	6 50
	Alaska			4 50
1	Little Gem	20	75	5 50

VARIETIES.

Gal. Bush. Qt. Dickmann's Second Early Market Gar-.....\$0 20 \$0 75 \$5 25 6 75 New Pea Heroine 5 25 Abundance ... Long Island Mam-5 75 moth 5 25 McLean's Advancer . Horsford's Market Garden 75 6 00

EDIBLE PODDED SORTS.

Qt. Gal. Bush. Dwarf Sugar (gray seeded)..... \$0 25 \$0 90 \$7 00

Ot.

American Wonder.

Gal. Bush Everbearing \$0 20 \$0 75 \$5 75 Telephone Stratagem Improved .. 75 Pride of the Market ... 90 6 75 Champion of England, Large Black-Eyed Marrowfat Large White Marrowfat.....

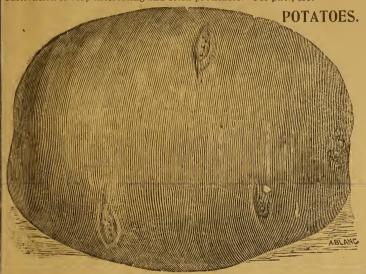
Ebate Grbjen.

Buder: Erbien mit esbaren Echoten.

	Qt.	Gal.	Bush
Tall Sugar	\$0 25	\$0.90	\$6 78
Melting Sugar.			

POTATO SEED.

The Potato, as ordinarily propagated, is not grown from the seed, but from the tuber, a cutting of which resembles a grait or bud from a tree, and perpetuates the good or bad qualities of the parent. The true seed, which is borne in a seed-pod following the blossom, is very seldom seen, is very difficult to gather, and consequently is very expensive. In appearance resembles a tomato seed of about one-tenth development, the Potato belonging to the Tomato family. The seed germinates very easily, and the plants can be cultivated by any one, producing tubers the first year about the size of buckshot; these, planted the second year, double in bulk, and after about three or four years become of edible size. As entirely new sorts are thus produced, the cultivation is very interesting and often profitable. Per pkt., 30c.



RURAL NEW YORKER No. 2.

VIRGINIA PEANUTS. Per lb., 20c.

In addition to this we can also supply a choice stock of Ajax, Peerless, Dakota Red, Snowflake, Colorado Red and White Elephant at the market price. Barrels and boxes at cost.

SWEET POTATOES.

Early Red Jersey... Red Nansemond Early Yellow Jersey... Early Red Bermuda Yellow Nansemond... White Southern Queen... Yam or Vineless...

Market

Price.



LARGE CHEESE.

PUMPKIN.			
	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Japanese Pie \$	0 10		\$0.75
Crookneck	10	20	75
Connecticut Field	10	20	50
Large Cheese	10	20	50
Mammoth Chili	15	50	1 65
Nantucket	10	20	75
Etampes Mammoth Red	70	25	90
Kentucky Field	10	20	60
Mammoth Tours	15	50	1 75
Tennessee Sweet Potato	10	20	75
DHIIDADD DIE DI	B IOD	034 4	ν

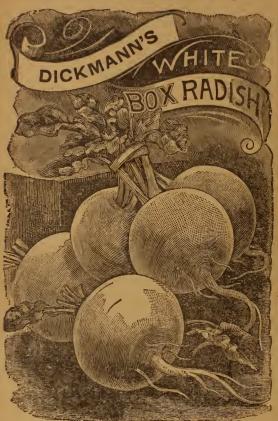
RHUBARB, or	PIE	PLA	NT.	Rhab	arber.
New Giant		\$0	15 15	14 16. \$0 50 50 50	Lb.



RADISH. Rettig oder Radieschen.

	arril ove	* 011		~***
	Ü	Oz.	1/4lb.	Lb.
Early Scarlet Turnip, for			\$0 20	\$0 75
Dark Blood Red Turnip		10	20	75
Early Scarlet Turnip				
tipped, forcing		10	20	75
Early Scarlet, Glo. e		10	20	75

RADISHES. Rettig.



DICKMANN SEED CO.'S MODEL WHITE BOX RADISH. No Radish ever introduced has met with so large a sale, or giving such general satisfaction as the Philadelphia White Box. But our customers, however, were gratified and surprised to find that we offer a still better and more desirable Radish—Dickmann Seed Co.'s Model White Box. It possesses all the excellent qualities of the once popular Philadelphia White Box, and is superior in the following respects: In the first place, the shape is rounder and much handsomer, as shown in our engraving, made from nature. It is also earlier, with fewer and shorter leaves, hence it can be sown more thickly in the row, enabling the grower to raise at least one-third more radishes in the same space, whether

under glass, in frames or boxes, or on squares or borders in open ground. It is indeed a model, perfect in all respects, solid, juicy and unsurpassed in flavor in all stages of growth, and equally valuable for the home or market garden. Per ounce, 10c.; per quarter pound, 75c.





AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED I	-	-	
WHITE STRASBURG			
	Oz.	1, 1b.	Lb.
Early Scarlet, Olive-shaped	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0.75
French Breakfast	10	20	75
Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped		20	75
Woods' Early Frame	10	15	50
Golden Globe	10	20	75
Early Long Scarlet, Short Top, Im-			
proved	10	20	75
Long Brightest Scarlet, White Tip-			
ped	10	20	75 !
Chartier	10	20	75
Giant White Stut gart	10	20	75
Early White Turnip	10	20	75
long White Naples	10	20	75
White Lady Finger, or Long White			
Vienna	10	20	75
White Strasburg	10	15	90
Celestial, New	10	20	75
St. Louis White Summer	10	20	75
Yew.com	10	20	75
Large White Summer Turnip	10	20	75

Long Black Spanish \$0 10 80 20 80 65 Round Black Spanish 10 20 65 Long White Spanish 10 20 65 California Mammoth White 10 20 65 Chinese Rose, Winter 10 20 65 SALSIFY, or OYSTER PLANT.

Minter-Mettig.

WINTER VARIETIES.

Mujeriourzei.			
	Oz.	1, lb	Lb.
Long White French	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00
Mammoth Sandwich Island	10	30	1 00
SCORZONERA, OR BLACK OYSTER			
PLANT	15	40	1 60

SPINACH. Sningt.

DI II 1/1 CPIIII		
14	lb.	Lb.
Round Thick Leaved \$0		
Improved Thick Leaved (Viroflay)		
Prickly Seeded		
	15	
Long Standing	15	25
New Zealand	25	90
Landreth's, in Blue Bags 5 lbs. for 1	25	

SQUASH. Speise-Kürbisse.

	Oz.	1, lb.	Lb	
Early White Bush Scallop	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 7	5
White Pineapple	. 10	20	7	5
Essex Hybrid, or American Turba	n 10	20	7	
Early Yellow Bush Scallop		20	7.	
Canada Winter Crookneck		20	7	
Marblehead		25	9	
Mammoth Chili		50	1 5	
Mexican Banana		20	7	
Boston Marrow		20	7.	
Giant Bush Summer Crookneck		20	7	
Vegetable Marrow		20	7	
Early Prolific Orange Marrow		30	1 00	
Sibley, or Pike's Peak			75	
Hubbard	. 10	20	7:	3



SEA KALE. Meer=Rohl.

Sea Kale.....Oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75

SORREL.

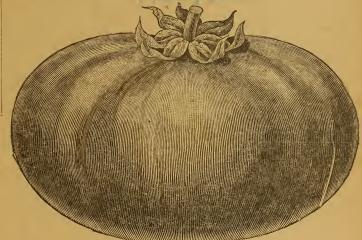
SORREL. Saucrampfer.
Broad Leaved French, Oz., 15c; 1/41b., 50c; 1b., \$1.50

TO	MA	TO.	- Lieb	esap	iel.
			~100	C 2 ccp	

75
50
50
50
00
50
50
75
75
50
75

TOBACCO SEED. Taback Samen.

	Oz.	1/4lb.	Lb.
Gold Leaf	\$0 25	\$0.75	\$2.75
White Burley	25	75	2 75
Yellow Prior	25	75	2 75
Missouri Broad Leaf	25	75	2 75
Havana	25	75	2 75
Big Oronoko		75	2 75
Connecticut Seed			
Leaf		75	2 75



	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.	ı
avorite	\$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 50	I
Husk, or Strawberry			2 75	Ì
Perfection				
Acme	20	75	2 75	
Dickmann's N. Jersey	25			
White's Excelsior	30	1 25	4 00	ł

TURNIP. Weiße Rühen.

0	z.	1/4 lb.	Lb.	Oz.		Lb.
Extra Early Purple Top				Early White Egg\$0 10	20	\$0 50
Milan	10	\$0 20	\$0 75	Purple Top Globe 10	15	45
Early White Flat Dutch				Sweet German 10	15	45
strap leaved	10	20	60	Purple Top, strap leaved 10	15	45
Early Purple Top Munich	10	20	65	Seven Top 10	15	40
Long White, or Cow Horn	10	20	45	Yellow Globe, or Amber 10	15	45
Large White Globe	10	20	50			

HERBS. Rräuter.

SEEDS OF SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL.

	Pkt.
Anise. For garnishing and seasoning	\$0.05
Balm. Used for balm tea or balm wine	05
Basil, Sweet. Used for highly-seasoned dishes	05
Bene. A medical plant	05
Sorage, Excellent for bees	05
Caraway. Used for flavoring.	05
Castor Oil Plant	05
Catnip. Used for bees	05
Coriander. Used chiefly for garnishing	05
Dill. Used to flavor soups, etc	05
Fennel	05
Henbane	05
Hop Seed	05
Horehound. Useful tonic properties	05
Hyssop. For medicinal purposes	05
ary sopra for medicinal purposes	03

	Pkt.
Lavender. A popular aromatic herb, emitting	
a delightful perfume	\$0.05
Marjoram, Sweet. Popular for seasoning	05
Marjoram, Pot. Used or seasoning	05
Opiem Poppy	0.5
Pecamony An anamatic harb	05
Rosemary. An aromatic herb	
Saffron	05
Sage. The leaves and tender tops are used in	
stuffing and in sauces	05
Savory, Summer. Used for seasoning	05
Thyme, Broad Leaved. For seasoning, also use-	
ful as a bee food	05
Tansy	05
Winter Savory	05
Wormwood	05



RED OR PURPLE TOP, STRAP LEAVED.



LONG RED MAMMOTH MANGEL WURZEL.

FARM SEEDS.

Feld Hamen.

Sugar Beets and Mangels.

Mangel Wurzel oder Runkel	Riiben.	
,	1/4 lb.	Lb
Golden Tankard	\$0 15	\$0 35
Golden Yellow Mammoth	15	35
Mammoth Long Red	15	40
Norbiton Giant	15	40
Red Globe	15	35
Yellow, or Orange Globe	15	35
Sugar Cane	15	35
SUGAR BEETS. Buffer M	üben.	
Improved White Sugar	.\$0 20	\$0.50
Lane's Improved White Sugar		50
White Sugar	20	50
		-

Turnips, Rutabaga Varieties.

Improved American		
Shirving's Purple Top	20	50
Large White French	20	50

SPRING WHEAT. &Beisen.

Pillsbury	Sprin	ig W.	he	at.									 			. 5	51	50	
Wellman																			
Saskatche	ewan	Fife															1	50	
			_		_	-		 -	-	ī	ŧ	-	=	-					-

SPRING BARLEY. Gerite.

	Dus	P11.
Highland Chief	\$1	50
Common		75

Spring		RYE.	Roggen.	
Winter	Spring			
Winter	Excelsior			Market Pric
	Winter			

DWARF FIELD BEANS.

geto Bonnen.	Bush	
Owarf White Navy	. , . \$2 5	
Boston Small Pea Soup Bean.	2 7	5
Prolific Tree	$\frac{27}{}$	9

BUCKWHEAT. Budweizen.

			Bush
New Japanes	e		\$1 50,
Silver Hull			1 50
Common			1 50
Sı	pecial rates or	large quantitie	s.

SUNFLOWER. Sonnenblumen.

	Lt).	50 lb	s.	100 1	Del	ŀ
Mammoth Russian	\$0	10	\$4 (00	\$6	7.	1

HIGH GRADE GRASS AND CLOVER SEED.

Keinsten Gras und Alce Samen.







KENTUCKY BLUE.



HARD FESCUE.







ITALIAN RYE.

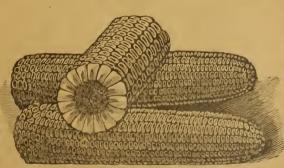
HIGH GRADE GRASS SEED. Gras Samen.

Th	Duch	Lb.	10 lbs.
Lb.	Busn.	LO.	10 105.
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass \$20	\$2 25	Johnson Grass \$0 15	\$1 00
Extra Cleaned Blue Grass 15	1 50	Crested Dog's Tail 35	2 75
Orchard Grass	2 00	English Rye Grass	1 40
Red Top Grass, Fancy	1 50	Italian Rye Grass	1 40
Lb.	10 lbs.	German, or Golden Millet	
Timothy Mkt.	price.	Common Millet	orice.
Wood Meadow Grass \$0 30		Hungarian	
Sweet Vernal		Giant Spurry 20	
Tall Meadow Oat Grass 25		Bermuda Grass	
Sheep's Fescue	1 40	Seradella	
Meadow Fescue			
)		Lb.	Bush.
Fower Grove Park Lawn Grass		\$0 25	\$2 50

Prices for large quantities on application.

OUR SPECIAL GRASS MIXTURE. Gemischter Gras Samen.

CLOVER SEED. Rice Samen. 10 lbs. Lucerne, or Alfalfa-Clover ... 80 15 \$1.30 Alsike, Swedish or Hybrid Bokhare Clover..... Sainfoin, Esparsette, or Holy Clover Japan Clover...... 25 2 00 20 1 80 30 2 70 Red Clover Mkt. price. Yellow Trefoil 15 1 23 Prices for large quantities on application.



FARIY BUTLER VELLOW DEXT.



CHOICE FIELD CORN AND FODDER PLANTS.

Beftes Telb Korn und Futter Pflanzen.

CHOICE FIELD CORN. Weld Rorn.



RIPLEY'S FAVORITE is one of the best white field corns; forms large, full-grown ears; very heavy and pur white. Per quarter bushel, 40c; half bushel, 75c.; bushel \$1.25.

Φ1.20.	Pk.	1, bush.	Bush
Extra Early Huron Dent	\$0 30	\$0 50	\$1 00
Golden Beauty	30	50	1 00
St. Charles White	25	40	75
Leaming	25		1200
Pride of the North	- 25		90
Champion White Pearl	25		1 00
Giant White Normandy	30		1 00
Black Hawk	35		1 10
Murdock's 90-day	25		90
Prolific Fodder Corn	50		1 77
White Cap Yellow Dent	30		1 00
Hickory King	35		1 20
Iowa Silver Mine	3.5		1 20
Iowa Gold Mine	3.5		1 20
Early Butler Yellow Dent	35	60	1 20
DOD CODN W.	. 6.		0.0

POP CORN. Fopp Rorn.

	LO
White Rice	\$0 10
Silver Lace	19
Golden Queen	10
Red Rice	10
White Pearl.	10
White ream.	

SEED OATS. Hafer.

	Busn
Black Russian Winter	.\$1 OG
Farly Dlady Cluster	
White Russian	. 8
Welcome	1 1
Prohestier.	- 1 1
White Chester	· Alp
Rust-proof	70
Special prices on large quantities.	7.4

CHOICE FIELD AND FODDER PLANTS-Continued.

COW PEAS.

They are great soil improvers. Makes poor land rich: makes good land more productive; also makes a splendid and nutritious green forage or hav crop, enriching the soil even when the crop is cut off. Leguminous crops plowed under are one of the best and cheapest ways of improving the soil. For this purpose the Cow Pea has no superior, especially for medium or light soils. For this class of soils the Cow Pea is superior to Clover as a soil improver; it also makes splendid green food or a most nutritious hav. There is no surer or cheaper means of improving soil than by sowing Cow Peas, and if we consider that land improved by the use of clover (excepting the crimson) takes eight months at least, while this, a much heavier crop, is produced in three to four months, their great value is obvious to all. In its capacity as a nitrogen gatherer, its growth largely enables the farmer to dispense with the use of nitrogen or ammonia fertilizers. Nitrogen or nitrogen or ammonia fertilizers. Nitrogen or ammonia in commercial fertilizers is valued at fifteen cents per pound. The Cow Pea, to a fifteen cents per pound. The Cow Pea, to a greater extent than other leguminous crops, has the power to extract the costly nitrogen or ammonia from the atmosphere. The removal of the vines from the land to use for fodder purposes decreases, to some extent, the value of the crop as a feeder of nitrogen to the soil, but the roots being rich in nitrogenous matter, are great improvers. From 10,000 to 18,000 pounds of green fodder per acre have been produced by the Cow Pea. To grow for hay they are most valuable, as they yield an immense quantity of food.

Black Black Eye Clay Whippoorwill Price.	Red Ripper
---------------------------------------------------	------------

FIELD PEAS. Weld Erbfen.

	•	Pk.	Bush.
Canada	Field	\$0 50	\$1 85

FIELD LUPINS. Feld Lupinen.

		Bush.
Yellow	\$1 25	\$4 50
White	1 25	4 50
(Blue		4 50

SOJA BEANS.

The Tall Variety. - Habit of growth, very luxuriant; grows 3½ to 4½ feet high on good land. Will yield 3 to 4 tons of dry forage per acre, and the feeding tests show it to be richer than clover hay. A test acre, grown on rich river bottom land, threshed over 100 bushels of clean seed per acre. The Massachusetts Experiment Station says of them: "They are probably the richest vegetable substance grown for farm use."

			Bush.
The Tall Variety	 	\$1 00	\$3 50
Dwarf	 	1 00	3 50

VETCHES, SPRING TARES. Widen.

	Pk.	Bush.
Sand Winter, or Hardy Vetch	\$1 25	\$4 50
Tufted Vetch, or Bird's Tares	1 25	4 75

FORAGE PLANTS Butter Relousen

TORRIGE I EMITTE.	L 1 0	
	Lb.	10 lbs.
Dwarf Essex Rape	\$0 15	\$1 00
Kaffir Corn	10	85
New Rural Branching Dhoura	10	85
Wild Rice	20	1 85
Early Orange Sugar Cane	10	85
Jerusalem Corn	15	1 40
Brown Dhoura	10	85
Sacaline, pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25; ½ 11	o., \$8.00); lb.,
#1F 00		

Teosinite, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.25. Lathrus Sylvestris, pkt., 20c; oz., 40c; 1/4 lb... \$1.25; lb., \$4.50.

Flax

CANE OR SORGHUM. Buderrohr.

Early Orange Early Amber Sugar Cane	\$0 10	\$0 85 85	
		The same of the sa	

CLAV 912063

LLA	V. Ou	iu)∞.	
	Lb.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
	\$0 15	\$6 00	- \$8 00

OSAGE ORANGE. Beden Pflanzen.

	Lb.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
sage Orange			

EGYPTIAN CASTOR BEAN.

This is a New Ornamental Bean, which grows about twenty feet high, with large leaves. A wonder among the bean family. Per lb., 40c.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH.

THE FORAGE PLANT FOR ALKALI SOILS.

THE FORAGE PLANT FOR ALKALI SOILS.—
Vields 20 tons to the acre on any soil without water.
Introduced into the United States by the University of
California. Experiments and actual tests have shown
that Salt Bush is a hardy, dry-air plant, capable of
thrifty and substantial growth in any soil. Its nutritious strength is equal to Alfalfa or Lucerne. Hogs,
sheep and cattle are extremely fond of it, and chickens
will leave almost any other food for it. It will stand
cold to a temperature of 19 degrees, and heat to 150
degrees. Experiments in California, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico, Montana, Idaho, Utah, South Carolina and Florida have been uniformly successful.

One plant will cover 500 square feet in one season,
covering the ground with a matting of from six to eight
inches thick. It remains green all winter, and will
yield 20 to 30 tons to the acre. It produces wool and
mutton of superior quality. Horses fed on it seem to
be possessed of inexhaustible endurance. One pound
of seed will plant an acre. Sow broadcast, in soil well
pulverized, after all danger of frost is past. Mix the
seed with ten times its weight of loam, sand, ashes or
plaster; cover lightly with a brush harrow or roll
lightly. The seed germinates quickly, and the plants
soon take possession of the ground; or, it may be
sown in a hot-bed, cold frame or boxes. Transplant
when two inches high.

Prices: Seed of the TRUE AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH (Atriplex semibaccatum), grown for us in California, per pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 141b., 50c; lb., \$1.50, post-

New Domestic Coffee Berry Beans.

TOWER GROVE PARK LAWN GRASS.



To see the fine LAWNS grown from our PREMIUM LAWN GRASS SEEDS you can go to any Park of St. Louis. We have been supplying the City for a number of years in succession, which you can see on record.

This Grass is composed exclusively of the very best varieties, such as long experience has shown to be the best adapted to produce a thick, heavy, carpet-like lawn. In this mixture we use only the very best recleaned seed, and we can guarantee that for purity and germination it is equal to any variety sold under any name. One of the greatest troubles in obtaining a good lawn is to get it free from weeds. These, while not always in the seed, are quite often in the ground, or come from the use of stable manure. Our customers can rely, in buying the Tower Grove Park Lawn Grass, on its being the purest seed obtainable, and entirely free from any foreign seeds. The quantity required for making new lawns is five bushels per acre, or for renovating old lawns, two to three bushels. For a space fifteen by twenty, or three hundred square feet, one pound is required for new, or half a pound for renovation. There are two ways of forming a lawn, by turfs, and by sowing the Grass seeds. If good turfs can be had the lawn may be formed very quickly. By the making of a lawn by transplanting the sods is at best a laborious and expensive method, and in many cases is absolutely impossible, on account of their being no good turf in the neighborhood. A good lawn can be had in from ten to twelve weeks by sowing the Grass seeds, and the final result will be the most satisfactory.

The best time to sow is early in Spring, as the moist weather then experienced is favorable to the quick germination of the seed, and gives the young plants a chance of being established before the Summer comes with its burning heat. The next best time is in September and October, as the weather is then comparatively cool, and sufficient growth may be made to establish the plants before the approach of Winter. Sow thinly and evenly, selecting a calm day for the purpose, and cover the seeds lightly with a wooden rake. After the Grass is well up, a moderately heavy roller may be passed over it to firm the surface.

During the season frequent watering and mowing will be necessary. A good supply of water is very important, as the fierce heat during the Summer is apt to burn the Grass out. The best time to water is in the evening or early morning, and the application should be copious; a slight sprinkling

will do very little good.

MEN WHO KICK about weeds in their lawns should blame themselves for it. If they but their lawn seed from a man who makes the seed business a "side line," they can not get as good see as when they go to a reliable seed store. Our lawn seed is a mixture of the best recleaned seeds, and we guarantee it to make a beautiful lawn the first year, without weeds, unless they are in the ground from manure, or in the "black soil" hauled in.

FLOWER SEEDS

ANNUALS____

And Other Flowers, Blooming the First Year from Seed.

In this department we include not only Annuals that bloom and die the first year, but also those Perennials that flower freely the first year from seeds. Upon this class of plants the garden is dependent for many of the brightest, most showy and beautiful flowers, and consequently we have taken special care in the growth and selection of the choicest seeds. We have this year transferred to the following pages many novelties of recent introduction and of real beauty. For Flower Seeds by the pound and ounce, send for special prices.

ON ALL ORDERS FOR SEEDS IN PACKETS the purchaser may select TWENTY-FIVE CENTS' WORTH EXTRA for Each ONE DOLLAR sent us. Thus any one sending \$1.00 can select seeds in packets amounting to \$1.25; for \$2.00, seeds in packets to the value of \$2.50, and so on.

seeds in packets to the value of \$2.50, and so	
ABRONIA. Charming trailing annuals, height, nine to eighteen inches, flowering freely in large Verbene-like trusses, very fragrant. They succeed well in the garden border, in beds, rock work or basket.	111 Salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Willow-like foliage
100 Arenaria	ANTIRRHINUM (Snap Dragon). Those wh have cultivated only the old fashioned, fade Snap Dragon have no idea how bright and beaut ful these new and improved varieties are. The are easily raised from seeds, make a gorgeous control of the seeds of the seeds.
flowering continually and profusely. Two feet high. 102 Blue 5 103 White 5	bed on the lawn, and if freely cut they bloo incessantly throughout the season. Our mixtur contain all the new and choice colors, includir the beautifully striped, variegated and margine 114 Tall varieties. Mixed
104 Mixed 5 TOM THUMB AGERATUM. Splendid very dwarf variety for edgings and ribbon lines; covered with flowers until frost; height, three-quarter	115 Dwarf varieties. All colors mixed
foot. 105 Tom Thumb. Blue. A beautiful variety, bearing large trusses of flowers in such abundance as to almost cover the plant 5 ALYSSUM. This old favorite should be largely used in every garden. It is of easiest culture,	ABUTILON (Flowering Maple). Although un versally admired, comparatively few are awa how easily Abutilons can be raised from see and how beautifully they flower all Summer the first season. To get them in bloom early the seed should be started in the house and the
and its fragrant flowers are produced all Summer. 106 Sweet Alyssum. White, in clusters. Oz., 30c	young plants set out in the garden when the weather is warm and settled. They grow rapid bearing a rich profussion of the elegant, bell shaped flowers. A splendid house plant, bloom ing freely in Winter.
compact, known as Tom Thumb Sweet Alyssum	117 Prize. Mixed. Embracing the most elegant colors, both selfs and streaked and veined 118 ADONIS Æstivalis. The Flos Adonis has fine, pretty foliage, with bright-scarlet flowers
108 Caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding). Long red panicles 5 109. Princess of Wales. Foliage beautifully	119 AGROSTEMMA Cœli rosa (Rose of Heav- en). Abundant bloomer, with deep rose flowers, very pretty in masses
blended	ALONSOA (Mask Flower). Free-flowering bedding plant, with handsome flowers, in bloo until frost. 120 Grandiflora. Bright scarlet, one and one-
the light is an intense flaming crimson	half feet

121 Linifolia. Orange scarlet, one and one-

and shining gold, while some of the leaves

comprise crimson, gold, bronze and green. 5



GLOBE FLOWERED ASTER.

ASTERS.

Not only the most popular, but the most effective in the entire list, while most easy of culture, there is no flower which combines so much beauty and variety of color and shape and habit as the modern Aster. For a late Summer or Fall display they have successful rival. Give them a rich soil, and in hot, dry weather they should be mulched and well watered.

TRUFFAUT'S PÆONY PERFECTION ASTER. A very favorite type. Thrifty, upright plants, large, fine flowers, with long in-curved petals. The florists' Aster and one of the finest. PERPKT. 122 Pæony Perfection. Finest mixed...... 5 123 Satin white..... 5 66 66 124 Crimson 5 125 66 66 Dark blue...... WARF CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED ASTERS. Plants only ten to twelve inches high, producing flowers of the largest size and choicest colors. 126 A. Chrysanthemum Flowered. Mixed..... 5 VICTORIA ASTERS. A magnificent race of Asters. The colors include many delicate and some gorgeous shades, flowers very double and four inches across and from twenty to thirty in a single plant, fifteen to eighteen inches high. 127 A. Victoria. Choice mixed...... 5 Pure white...... 5 GERMAN QUILLED ASTER. Flowers composed of tube or quill-shaped petals. Very beautiful with a great variety of colors. 129 German Quilled. Mixed.... Pure white...... 5 131 Chinese Asters. Choice mixed; twelve sorts. 5 132 Dwarf Bouquet. A most charming class, of compact habit, only six to eight inches high. Each plant is covered with handsome flowers and looks like a bouquet set 134 White Plume Aster. A grand Aster having large, plume-like flowers, cream white in color and lasting a long time......10 135 New White Plume Aster. Extra Fine Florist Strain. A pure white Aster of great beauty; it cannot always be relied upon

to produce feathery form, but a first-class

flower may always be expected of grand

size and pure color......25

ASPERULA. A hardy dwarf annual, with clusters of small, sweet-scented flowers, lasting a long time while in bloom, fine for bouquets; one foot.

136 Odorata (Sweet Woodruff). Chief ingredient in the "Maitrank," or May wine of the Germans. The dried flowers and leaves have a delicious perfume, and imparts an agreeable perfume to clothes, etc., when kept among them..... 5

(Lady's Slipper). An old and BALSAM its gorgeous masses of beautiful, brilliant-colored double flowers in the greatest profusion, of easy culture, succeeds in a good rich soil.



	. 4 4
	BALSAM PERFECTION.
137	Balsam, Double White. Oz., \$1.00 5
138	Balsam, Double Perfection. Very double,
	immense, solid round flowers. Oz., \$1.50.10
139	Balsam, Double Camellia Flowered. Finest
	mixed. Oz., \$1.0010
140	Balsam, Double Mixed. Occasionally semi-
	double. Oz., 50c
	Balsam, Double. Collections of six colors. 50
142	Balsam, Double Scarlet (King) 5
	" Pink (Maiden's Blush) 5
144	Balsam, Double Solferino. Striped and
	spotted5
145	BARTONIA Aurea. One of the most
	showy of our hardy annuals. The plants
	grow eighteen inches to two feet high,
	with thistle-like, downy leaves, commence
	to flower early and bloom continuously
	throughout the Summer; the large, saucer-
	shaped flowers two and one-half inches

across, are of a bright metallic yellow, and intensely brilliant...... 5

Daisy). Very effective dwarf-growing plants, covered for months with a pro-

fusion of single daisy-like flowers, blue

inches tall, with shining green foliage and

and white mixed; one-half foot...... 5

bright blue and pure white flowers, mixed.. 5

146 BRACHYCOME.—Iberidifolia(Swan River

147 BROWALLIA. Handsome plants, eighteen

You should try Dickmann's Giant Summer Cabbage for an early crop. It will be sure to pay you. See page 19.

BEET.—Ornamental Foliaged. The large, growing varieties of the Chilian Beet are very attractive as the center of the circular beds surrounded by the Dracæna Leaf Beet, Nasturtiums, and other dwarf plants.

PER PK.

148 Scarlet Ribbed Chilian. Immense leaves, of indescribably rich crimson bronze, with mid-ribs of shining scarlet. Oz., 15c....... 5



DOUBLE DAISY.

BELLIS (Double Daisy). Daisies are easily raised from Spring-sown seed, and come into flower in a very short time. Among the most charming Spring flowers, they are most indispensable for cool, shady places. With protection they will stand the Winter.

CALENDULA. The old pot "Marigold." Are really of remarkable beauty, deserving a place in every garden.

CANDYTUFT. Among the most useful of hardy annuals. Perfectly hardy, and produces its neat clusters of flowers very freely.

157 White. Oz., 20c...... 5

158 Rocket. Spikes of white flowers. Oz., 20c.... 5

159 Dark Crimson 5

160 New Carmine. The richest in color.......... 5

161 Mixed. Including above varieties. Oz., 20c.... 5

162 CHRYSANTHEMUM. (French Marguerites, or Painted Daisies). These annual Chrysanthemums have no resemblance whatever to the perennial varieties, also so popular, but have a distinct beauty. The plants grow twelve to eighteen inches high, and produce on long stems beautiful large flowers of many bright colors, having the appearance of being laid on with a brush

CENTAUREA (Blue Bottle, or Bachelor's Button). One of the most attractive of all hardy annuals, the graceful beauty of its old-fashioned flowers being universally admired. A hardy annual of the easiest growth, and flowers freely and continuously, height two to three feet, flowers excellent for cutting.

167 Mascuta, or Sweet Sultan. 5

170 CHRYSANTHEMUM.— Double, Coronarium mixed. White and yellow, double

CALLIOPSIS. Very handsome and showy plants, with numerous flowers of brilliant colors and of long duration in bloom. Of the easiest culture, they require no care and thrive in any garden.

174 Mixed. All varieties and colors. Oz., 20c.... 5

CELOSIA (*Cockscomb*). Quite easy to grow and certainly one of the most showy and brilliant of annuals. The combs of the best varieties often grow a foot or more across the top.

 177 PREMIUM COCKSCOMB. This is the best dwarf-growing Cockscomb we have, are firmly set in the crown, with well-balanced, large heads, two to twenty inches across. They grow very uniform and present an unusually solid effect in color, which is a rich ruby-red of extreme brilliancy. 3 pkts., 25c......10



178 Dwarf Golden Rose. Large combs of bright rose, marked with a stripe of clear golden yellow 5 179 Empress. Mammoth, bright purple combs, 5

180 Glasgow Prize, or Tom Thumb. A fine dwarf variety, dark leaves and crimson combs...... 5

181 Dwarf Mixed. Various shades of red....... 5 182 Gold Feathered. This is in all respects like the Fire Feathered Celosia, except that the feathered flower heads are of a bright golden-orange color...... 5

183 Feathered Varieties, Mixed. .Oz., 50c...... 5 184 CREPIS Rubra (Hawkweed). Rosy, double flowers 5

185 CUPHEA Miniata. A pretty little half-hardy annual, bearing numbers of curiouslyshaped flowers, of a bright vermilion scarlet, with violet center.....10

186 CINERARIA Maritima (Dusty Miller). Very ornamental for bedding and as a decorative plant. Of dwarf, compact habit, with a handsome silvery-white foliage; can be grown very easily from seed. A beautiful plant for decorative purposes...... 5

187 COLLOMIA Coccinea. Numerous heads of fine red flowers, somewhat like a BouCOSMOS Hybridus. Of very rapid growth, and make large bushes fully five feet high, which are a mass of elegant foliage until they bloom in August. From September until November each plant is covered with hundreds of showy blossoms two inches in diameter. The flowers resemble single Dahlias, and are pure white, flesh color, charming light pink, and deep rose in color, each with a bright yellow center. They are very easily raised and they make a grand display.

188 All Colors. Mixed..... 189 Pure White. Large, pure white flowers, extremely beautiful; very valuable for florists 5

190 Pure Pink. Beautiful large flowers of a clear, delicate pink color...... 5 191 CYNEGLOSSUM (Venus Navelworth)...... 5

DATURA (Angel's Trumpet or Sweet Night-ingale). Very showy, large-branching plants, growing three to five feet high, bearing immense trumpet-shaped flowers, six inches in length and very fragrant. They bloom freely from seed sown in the open ground the first season, but the roots can be taken up and kept over Winter the same as Dahlias.

192 Wrightii. Large, single, white flowers..... 5 193 Fastuosa, fl. pl. Large, double white...... 5

194 Fastuosa, fl. pl. Double purple...... 5 195 Mixed. Seeds of all the above.....

DIANTHUS (PINKS). The China and Japan Pinks are deservedly very popular, as few flowers can equal them in beauty and profusion of bloom. They comprise many distinct and most beautifully marked varieties, of rich and varied colors. They bloom continually all Summer and Fall, until severe frost; they live over Winter and bloom finely again the second season. They are alike orna-

mental in the garden and for bouquets. Plants

ten to fifteen inches high, and are of the easiest

196 Chinensis (Double Chinese Pinks). Clusters of small double flowers, finest mixed.

cultivation.

197 Chinensis albus, fl. pl. Double white...... 5 198 Diadematus, fl. pl. (Double Diadem Pink.)

Marked like the original Chinese Pinks, very double, large flowers, magnificent in color and variety..... 5

199 Heddewiggii, Finest Single. Mixed. Flowers two to three inches in diameter. Oz., 75c 5

200 Heddewiggii, fl. pleno. Finest double mixed, in great variety, extra choice. Oz., 75c 5

201 OUR OWN MIXTURE of all the above splendid varieties. ½ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.... 5

Slug Shot is sure death to all insects 5 that injure the garden and field crops.

MARKET GARDENERS Who buy seeds in large quantities are requested to write for WHOLESALE PRICES. While the prices quoted in this Catalogue are very reasonable, yet frequently we have orders for large quantities of certain seeds (such as Onion, Cabbage, Carrot, Cucumber, Melon, Radish, Turnip, etc.), and the purchaser naturally expects to buy at a price lower than that charged for a single pound.

DAHLIAS. Every one knows and admires the Double Dahlia but comparatively few are aware

that it can be grown so easily from seed and flowers so beautifully the first season that the purchase of bulbs is a needless expense. We offer the choicest seed, that, if sown in the Spring, will give a magnificent display of the brightest colors by August. PKT. 202 Choice Mixed Pom=

pon10 203 Mixed. Single sorts.. 5

204 ESCHSCHOLTZIA SINGLE DAHLIA. (Calfornia Poppy). Mixed. Flowers yellow, orange and white, leaves finely cut,

height, ten to twelve inches, very showy 5 205 EUPHORBIA Marginata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). A hardy annual, growing two feet high, with beautiful foilage, elegantly veined and margined with white, very showy. Oz., 25c..... 5

EGG=PLANT. Not edible. Ornamental, fruit-bearing plants, growing freely in rich, light, warm soil.

206 White = fruited. Eggshaped 5

207 Scarlet-fruited. Handsome, dark-green foilage 5

208 ERYSIMUM Hedge Mustard. Hardy annual, sweet scented, good for bouquets, etc., 5

209 FORGET-ME-NOT. See Myostosis 5

210 FOUR=O'CLOCK. Marvel of Peru..... 5

GAILLARDIAS. Although long neglected, the single Gaillardia, or Blanket Flower, has lately come into welldeserved popularity. Of magnificent size and wonderful profusion, the flowers are greatly admired for their fine forms and rich blending of colors, while they thrive well everywhere.

211 Mixed colors..... 5

212 GILIA. Mixed. All varieties. Good for cutting, of dwarf habit, will bloom almost anywhere 5

213 GAMOLEPIS Tagetes. Of compact growth, with fern-like foilage and bright-yellow, daisy-like flowers......

214 GODETIA Albemarle. Plants compact, profusely covered with rosy-carmine flowers.. 5

215 Fine mixed. Many varieties. Oz., 25c...... 5

216 GYPSOPHILA Elegans. A mass of the finest little leaves and branches, covered with tiny, white flowers. Useful for bouquets, its delicate sprays imparting a light

217 HELIANTHUS (Sunflower). The Dahlia. Produces numerous bright golden-yellow flowers, which are generally perfectly double 5

218 Mammoth Russian. Very large. Oz., 10c., 5 219 Primrose. Small Sunflower of trim appearance

HELIOTROPE. Every one loves the delightful fragrance and beauty of the Heliotrope, but very few are aware of the fact that it can be raised from seed as easily as Verbenas. From seed sown in the open ground the plants will flower in August, while a fine display can be had earlier by starting the seed in the house and setting out plants when the weather is warm.



The Marvel-
ily grown a
brilliant and ls or masses
ossy leaves
diversity o
during th
PER PK1 s. Oz., 15c
imia fl. pl.
elve inches
l and bears
pure white
own for thei
of most pe
all vellow
A charmin
gins to flowe
n of fragran
y sweet.
mer bloom-
ge crimson
half feet
nette is a uni
nette is a unite on accounte. The see
nette is a uni
nette is a unite on accourte. The seeiny situation varieties, derfection.
nette is a unite on accounce. The seeing situation varieties, derfection.
nette is a unite on accounte. The seeing situation varieties, derfection.
nette is a unite on accountee. The seeing situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 1. Oz., 20c
nette is a unite on accounte. The seeiny situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 1. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c
nette is a unite on accountee. The seeiny situation varieties, defection. nette. Oz., 1. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c
nette is a unite on accounter. The see in y situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 20c Oz., 20c Oz., 35c Oz., 35c Oz., 45c Oz., 5c Oz., 5c Oz., 5c Oz., 20c
nette is a unite on accounce. The see eny situation varieties, de rection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c cous, pyra-dark-green stalks, bear-asly scented
nette is a unite on accounce. The see in y situation warieties, derfection. nette. Oz., nette. Oz., arge flowers Oz., 35c cous, pyradark-green stalks, bear- stalks, bear- stalks substance.
nette is a unite on accounce. The seeiny situation varieties, de rection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c cous, pyradark-green talks, bear-stalks, bear-stalks, bear-stalks substance.
nette is a unite on accounce. The see iny situation varieties, derfection. In the control of the
nette is a unite on accounce. The see iny situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c cous, pyradark-green stalks, bear-asly scented a substance. ew variety, highly effect. Oz., 40c
nette is a unite on accounce. The see iny situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c dark-green stalks, bear- asly scented substance. ew variety, aighly effect. Cz., 40c S. Oz., 25c
nette is a unite on accounce. The see in y situation varieties, de rection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c cous, pyra-dark-green italks, bear-italks, bear-italks, bear-italy scented is substance. ew variety, sighly effect. Oz., 40c s. Oz., 25c ender-looking the second of the second o
nette is a unite on accourse. The see in y situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c Oz., 25c ew variety, aighly effect. Oz., 40c S. Oz., 25c ender-looking and brilliant of the discourse of the course.
nette is a unite on accounce. The see in y situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c cous, pyradark-green stalks, bear-stalks, bear-stalks, bear-styles, ighly effect. Oz., 40c ew variety, highly effect. Oz., 40c councernder-looking in derilliant of the dilliant of the dil
nette is a unite on accourse. The see in y situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c Oz., 25c ew variety, aighly effect. Oz., 40c S. Oz., 25c ender-looking and brilliant of the discourse of the course.
nette is a unite on accounce. The see in y situation varieties, de rection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c ous, pyradark-green italks, bear-italks, bear-italks, bear-italks, bear-italks, contended in substance. S. Oz., 25c ender-lookin, and brilliant of the din ever for baskets of the garden stands, mixed
nette is a unite on accounce. The see in y situation varieties, de rection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c ous, pyradar-green italks, bear-italks, bear-italks, cented is substance. substance. counce w variety, aighly effect. counce Oz., 40c s. Oz., 25c ender-lookin ind brilliant of the din ever for baskets of the garden s, mixed ge-flowered
nette is a unite on accourse. The see in y situation varieties, derfection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c cous, pyradark-green stalks, beards y scented substance. ew variety, highly effect. Oz., 40c ender-looking and brilliant of the dineversor baskets of the garden seeds, mixed ge-flowered letties, most
nette is a unite on accounce. The see in y situation varieties, de rection. nette. Oz., 20c arge flowers Oz., 35c ous, pyradar-green italks, bear-italks, bear-italks, cented is substance. substance. counce w variety, aighly effect. counce Oz., 40c s. Oz., 25c ender-lookin ind brilliant of the din ever for baskets of the garden s, mixed ge-flowered

MARIGOLD. The African varieties are stronger

239 African Double. Mixed. All varieties..... 5

240 French Double Dwarf. Mixed colors, of

French.

in habit, and produce larger flowers than the

MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not). These charming

ations, but thrive well in almost any soil.

compact habit, numerous bright flowers. 5 | 257 Alpestris. Blue, dwarf, free-flowering.

256 Palustris. The true marsh, Forget-me-not,

little favorites succeed best in damp, sandy situ-

PER PKT

258 Alpestris alba. White, height, six inches.... 5 259 Semperflorens. Blue, a dwarf variety, flowers from early Spring until the Autumn very fine.....

THUMB NASTURTIUMS.

The improved Dwarf or Tom Thumb Nasturtiums are unrivaled in beauty and effect. When planted in poor soil, they flower most profusely and remain long in bloom. We recommend a liberal use of the seed, in variety.

260 Tom Thumb Beauty. Yellow and scarlet.... 5 261 Palace Gem. Sulphur, spotted maroon..... 5

262 Lady Bird. Its striking flowers are produced in profusion throughout the Summer. The ground color of the flowers is rich golden yellow, each petal barred with a broad vein (starting from the base) of bright ruby crimson. Oz., 25c......10

263 Tom Thumb Varieties. Mixed. Including

NEMOPHILA (Love Grove). Of neat, compact habit, blooming freely all Summer. If thinned to four inches apart the plants will present a dense mass.

264 Mixed. Many rich, bright colors...... 5

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist). Very showy in foliage, flowers, and seed pods. The pretty flowers are surrounded by a delicate wreath of fine, mossy, green fibers.

265 Damascena, Double. Mixed. With finely cut leaves and curious blue and white flowers 5

266 Dwarf, Double. Of compact, neat habit of growth. A little gem, with white and blue flowers 5

267 NICOTIANA Affinis. Produces splendid pure white, Bouvardia-like flowers on long terminal tubes. When its large flowers are fully expanded in the evening and morning it has a most striking effect, and is so fragrant that a small bed will perfume the whole surrounding atmosphere. Taken up in the Fall, cut back, and potted, it will

OLANA. Mixed. Very pretty trailing plants for rock-work, hanging baskets, 268 NOLANA. flower borders, etc. Flowers resemble the Dwarf Convolvulus....

269 ŒNOTHERA (Evening Primrose). Acaulis alba. Saucer-shaped, silver-white, flowers, of enormous size, very striking and fragrant.

270 Drummondii. Very large, bright-yellow flowers

271 OXALIS. Exceedingly free-flowering little plants with lively foliage, and entirely covered with bright flowers from June until September. Very useful for edgings, as they form an even and pleasing border.. 5



PRIZE MIXED PANSIES.

Pansies are the most popular of PANSIES. all flowers grown from seed. It is needless to say anything in praise of such a universal favorite. It is everywhere popular, both for the brilliant beauty of its flowers and the long continuation of bloom. Pansy seed is a specialty, and we have not only a large col-lection of varieties, but also the very best seed of each variety.

272 Giant Odier. flowers, of immense size, are of the popular Odier type, being all three-spotted or five-spotted on back-grounds of very rich colors, the flowers are of good substance and fine form, plants are of neat, compact growth. oz., 85c; oz., \$6.00; pkt., 15c.

273 Odier, or Blotched. Superb, large - eyed flowers of very good shape, and beautifully blotched with rich

GIANT ODIER.

and varied colors. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 60c; oz., \$4.00.....10



Eye(Rainbow). Upper petals sky-blue, edged with violet, the lowerpetalsare mostly purple, sometimes on a white, sometimes on a yellow ground, marble and spotted. 1/4 oz., 50c; oz., \$1.50, 5

975 D	rince Bismarck. Beautiful shades of
710 F	
	brown and golden-bronzed marbled. 1/4
	oz., 50c; oz., \$1.50
276 S	now Queen. Flowers of a delicate pure
	satiny-white. ½ oz., 50c; oz., \$1.50
277 K	ing of the Blacks, or Faust. Flowers
	intensely black, almost coal-black. 1/4 oz.,
	40c; oz., \$1.25
278 I	ord Beaconsfield. Large flowers of deep
2.0 2	purple violet, shading off in the top petals
	to a white hue, highly effective. ¼ oz.,
	40c; oz., \$1.25
0=0 F	
279 E	imperor William. Flowers of a splendid
	ultramarine blue, with a well-defined pur-
	ple-violet eye. ½ oz., 40c; oz., \$1.25
280 D	Park Purple. Rich, deep color. ¼ oz., 40c
281 S	ilver-edged. Dark purple, white border
	striped and Mottled Varieties. Very fine
	and exceedingly beautiful. ½ oz., 40c;
	oz., \$1 25
000 6	
203	iold=margined. Strikingly handsome

285 Large Flowering. Very fine mixed. Embracing all the separate colors of German Pansies. 1/8 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 40c; oz., \$1.25..10

oz., 40c...... 5

284 Pure Yellow. Large, golden flowers. 1/4

286 Good Quality. Mixed. Fine for bedding, many rich colors. 1/4 oz., 25c; oz., 85c.... 5

287 PRIZE MIXED. An extra fine mixture of all the best varieties of show, fancy, striped and spotted Pansies, and also the giant-flowered Pansies of the improved Giant Odier types. 1/8 oz., 50c; oz., \$3 50.10



PETUNIA. Most valuable plants, succeeding well everywhere. They are particularly showy in beds or masses, and are universal favorites on account of their richness of color, fragrance and continuous blooming.

290 Large flowering. Fine Mixed. All colors. 15 291 Blue Veins. Fringed. Elegant flowers,

295 Double Pæony-Flowered. Mixed. Splendid large double flowers, all colors. Oz, 20c, 5
 296 Somniferum (Opium Poppy). True, gigantic

296 Somniferum (Opium Poppy). True, gigantic white, single flowers. Oz., 20c......

297 THE NEW PHLOXES. (Starred and Fringed.) These Starred and Finged Phloxes are really entitled to rank as a new race, and are beyond question the most striking novelties in Phloxes ever introduced, being of unique and indescribable beauty. In the Fringed flowers the petals are partly fimbriate and partly three-toothed, all distinctly bordered with white, which, together with the bright eye of the center, picturesquely contrasts with the magnificent velvety colors, in more than twenty distinct shades. In the Starred Phloxes the pointed central teeth of the petals (five in number) are five to six times as long as the lateral ones and project beyond them like little spines, onehalf inch long, giving the flowers a distinctly marked, regular, star-like form, the beauty of which is enhanced by the broad white margins bordering the edges



No flowers PHLOX DRUMMONDII. are more showy or brilliant than this popular annual which thrives so universally throughout our country. The Improved Grandiflora varieties particularly are exceptionally beautiful. PER PKT. 298 Fine Mixed. All colors of the original

type of Phlox Drummondii. Oz., 60c........ 5 299 Alba (Pure White). Our strain of this is really magnificent, the chaste white flowers being of unusual size and perfect form.. 10

300 Carnea. A very beautiful Phlox; flowers of a delicate, fleshy pink, with a chamoisrose center.....

301 Large Blood Red. The darkest colored of all, being of the deepest blood-red color....10

PORTULACA. In brilliancy and beauty of rivaled. They delight in sunny situations, where they rapidly carpet the ground, each plant covering a space of about fifteen inches in diameter.

302 Finest Single. Mixed. In great variety, large flowers of most brilliant colors. Oz., 40c..... 5

303 Rose-flowered, White. Very chaste....... 5 304 Orange. Bright..... 5 305 Red. Richest..... 5

306 Double Rose-flowered. Mixed. Unsurpassed for brilliancy and beauty. From first-class seed, over one-half of the plants will produce magnificent double flowers; these can be transplanted eight inches apart as soon as they bloom, thus making the entire bed of double flowers......10

RICINUS (Castor-oil Bean). Picturesque foliage plants that speedily attain gigantic proportions, and are ornamental until destroyed by frost.

307 Gibsoni Coccineus. The stalks and leaves are of a bright metallic bronze color; the large bunches of fruit are of a burning crimson color...... 5

308 Mixed. Many choice varieties. Oz., 20..... 5 321 Armeria. Different colors, fine mixed...... 5

SALPIGLOSSIS (Velvet Flower). One of the most graceful in growth, as well as the most beautiful in flower of the many easily grown garden annuals. The flowers are singularly marked and delicately penciled-in shape somewhat resembling the Petunia.

309 Mixed.

All colors.... 310 Grandiflora. The flowers are larger in size, and are most vividly marked, spotted and striped on ground colors of deep blue, rose, dark violet, light yellow, reddish bronze, etc......10

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride). The old and wellknown Sweet Scabious is not as generally cultivated as it deserves. The perfectly double flowers are useful for cutting; they are grace-fully borne upon long slender stems, well above the foliage.

311 Tall German. Mixed. All colors; height, two feet...... 5

312 Dwarf, Double. Mixed. Plants of compact habit, profusely bearing globe-shaped double flowers of great beauty...... 5

313 SALVIA (Flowering Sage). Of all the Salvias the Splendens is the brightest and best, well worthy of cultivation...... 5

314 SANVITALIA (Procumbens fl. pl.). Dwarf creeping plant, with profusion of double, bright yellow flowers, compact and effective as border plants..... 5

SCHIZANTHUS. Half hardy annuals, one and one-half feet in height, literally covered with flowers.

315 Papilionaceus (Butterfly Flower). A charming variety, marked with violet, yellow, crimson, etc...... 5

316 Mixed. All colors.....

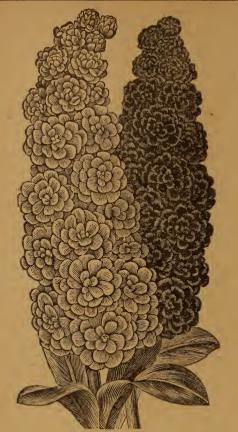
SENSITIVE PLANT. The Sensitive plant is very chaste and elegant in foilage, the leaves being delicately pinnated, while it bears attractive small pink flowers in globose heads. It affords much amusement by its sensitive charactereven when slightly touched the leaves close and droop; easily grown.

317 Mimosa Pudica (Sensitive Plant)...... 5

318 STEVIA SERRATA. Produces a mass of tiny, star-shaped, pure white flowers. Most excellent for bouquets. The plants grow about eighteen inches high, stems branching freely and almost completely covered with the corymbs of flowers. Very pretty in beds, and almost unequaled for cutting to arrange in bouquets and vases with other flowers. Flowers freely the first season from seed...... 5

319 Saponaria Calabrica. Mixed. Dwarf continuous blooming annuals for beds and

flowers in wonderful profusion; the flowers have long stems, keep well, and are very valuable as cut flowers, finding a



STOCK, TEN WEEKS.

STOCK, TEN=WEEKS. All the varieties are de-

sirable as pot-plants, as well as in open garden. They are greatly prized for cut flowers, on account of their fragrance and diversity of color. To have a continuous succession of bloom, sow at intervals from the beginning of March to the end of May.

PER PKT.

324	RED VICTORIA. Each plant forms in
	itself a naturally-grown bouquet, of a
	beautiful pyramidal shape, the natural
	branches being symmetrically arranged
	around the main stem, which is slightly
	raised in the center, brilliant, double dark
	blood-red flowers

- 326 Dwarf-German Ten-Weeks. Fine mixed. 5
- 327 Large-flowering Dwarf. Choice mixed....10
- 328 Mixed. All colors and kinds...... 5

- 331 TRIFOLIUM Suaveolens (Sweet-scented Clover). A great favorite in gardens on account of its delicately scented flowers, six inches high. Oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50

VERBENAS. Verbenas flower very quickly from the seed and thrive much better than from cuttings.

333 VERBENA HYBRIDA. Extra fine mixed. From a superb collection of named varieties. Very large in flower and corymbs, and of the richest and most brilliant colors as now perfected, this is superior to the Mammoth Verbena, and is one of the finest strains of Verbena hybrida in cultivation to-day. The seed has been saved not only from a large collection of many bright and pleasing self-colors, but also from the finest varieties of the auriculaeyed type 2 pkts., 25c; ¼ oz., 75c; oz., \$2.50.

335 Scarlet Defiance. True, brightest scarlet, Intensely rich. 1/4 oz., \$1.00......10

VIOLAS, or SWEET VIOLET.

Extremely popular in Europe for bedding Violas or Tufted Pansies should be more generally used in America. Sow the seed in May, and when in flower in August or September, transplant into well-enriched beds, assorting as to color or arranging in any design desired. Soon after the snow is off the following Spring they will begin to bloom, and throughout the Spring and early Summer will give a profusion of flowers.

340 Finest mixed. All the above colors. 1/8

THO MANY THE TO LEAVE
VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle). Splendid house and bedding plant, eighteen inches high, with glossy green leaves and circular flower. PERPET.
341 Rosea. Fine rose color10
342 Rosea alba. White rosy eye10
343 Alba pura. Clear, pure white10
344 Mixed. The above three varieties 5
VISCARIA (Rose of Heaven). Adapted either for beds, edgings or clumps, their profuseness of bloom will always rank them among general favorites. Hardy annuals. 345 Fine Mixed. One foot
ZINNIAS. No flowers are more easily grown from seed sown in the open
ground, and few bloom so continuously throughout the entire Summer. Those acquainted only with the old-time Zinnias will be surprised at the perfection to which the newer strains have attained.
346 Choice, Double. Mixed. All colors 5
347 Superb, Double. Mixed. Perfectly double flowers, of grand form, large size, brilliant colors
348 Mexicana. Small, single, yellow flowers 5

349 Tenuiflora. Of dwarf habit, a good grower, succeeding everywhere, and desirable as a border plant. Sown where they are to bloom, in rows, they make a striking effect, the plants bear upright, small, single, dark carmine flowers in profusion. 5

MIXTURE. The following mixture is carefully prepared from choice fresh seeds and cannot fail to give satisfaction. The packets are liberally filled, and in no other manner can so many seeds be obtained for such light cost.

351 WILD FLOWER GARDEN MIXTURE.

These mixed flower seeds embrace more than a hundred varieties of such easy-growing and pretty flowers as are suitable for forming a wild-flower garden. They are very useful for woodland walks, roadsides, railroad embankments, and for sowing alongside of fences and on any untidy, bare spots of ground which are so frequently unsightly and which, if properly cared for and kept free from weeds, can be made to produce a continual display of bloom during the Summer. Oz., 25c......10

SEEDS OF ANNUAL CLIMBERS.

In the flower garden and for the adornment of rural homes, no class of flowers is more useful than these. Many a trellis, fence, tree-stump or veranda, otherwise unattractive, can be rendered beautiful by planting seed of rapid-growing Climbers. We recommend a liberal use of seeds of a number of varieties. By a careful reading of the following list a judicious selection can easily be made.

Cents WORTH EXTRA for each ONE DOLLAR sent us for Seeds in Packets.

PER PKT. 360 BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermum). The Balloon or Love-in-a-Puff, is of rapid growth, with pretty foliage and inflated capsules. 361 CANARY BIRD FLOWER. This is one of the most beautiful of Climbers, with handsomely fringed, rich yellow flowers and delicate foliage...... 5 362 COBEA Scandens. This is one of the most beautiful climbing annuals, and is very easily grown. It has elegant, graceful flowers, of large size, resembling foxgloves in shape, and of a rich rosy-purple color. The foliage is also extremely beautiful, of velvety texture10 CYPRESS VINE. One of the most elegant vines, delicate fern-like foliage, and beautiful starshaped flowers. 363 Scarlet. 364 White. Purest paper-white

365 Nixed. Both scarlet and white. Oz., 25c... 5
366 Scarlet, Ivy-leaved. Deeply lobated, ivy-like leaves, with fork-like racemes of countless fiery orange-scarlet flowers.

well-known Morning Glory is so cheap, the flowers so bright, and the vines of such rapid growth, that it should be largely planted to cover unsighty houses.

367 Striped. Large, handsome flowers of great beauty. On a white ground they are variously striped and blotched with red, blue and rose.

and rose 368 Fine Mixed. Embracing a great variety of colors. Oz., 10c

DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean). Of very rapid growth, the old Haycinth Bean makes a very dense and attractive screen.

5 369 Lablab. Purple and white mixed...... 5

Order all Flower Seeds by the Numbers, it is not necessary to give Names.

If you don't see what you want in this Catalogue, write us. We handle all Seeds known to the Trade.

Seeds of Annual Climbers—Continued.



FUMULUS JAPONICUS, OR JAPANESE HOP.
PER PKT. 370 HUMULUS Japonicus (Fapanese Hop). A very ornamental and extremely fast growing Climber. While the foliage resembles in shape that of the common hop it has more incisions, is very dense, and of a lively green; the stems and leaves are somewhat rough and hairy. The principal and most valuable feature of this new climbing plant is that it can be sown in the open ground in Spring, and that it attains enormous dimensions very quickly.....10

IPOMŒA. Rapid-growing, tender annuals, with ornamental foliage and most beautiful varied colored flowers. Valuable Climbers for the garden and as easily grown as the Morning Glory.

371 Bona Nox (Good Night, or Evening Glory). Most beautiful large flowers 5 381 Mixed. Six varieties

MAURANDYA. Charming Climbers, elegant alike in foliage, and from their graceful growth are well suited for hanging baskets, vases and light trellis.

372 Barclayana. Rich violet blue; ten feet..... 10 373 Finest Mixed. Blue, white and mauve...

MOON FLOWER, the Original Variety. This variety makes an immense growth of vine and dense foilage, but must be started early to flower in the North. The large flowers are some a beautiful blue and others pure white in color. Even when it does not bloom it is one of the handsomest vines in cultivation, on account of its quick-growing and dense foilage, which is not torn by wind or rain. The leaves are of a bright, glossygreen color, uniformly heart-shaped........10

375 MINA LOBATA. The flowers appear on fork-like racemes, rising almost erect out of the dense and luxuriant foilage; they are as buds, at first bright red, but change through orange-yellow to yellowish-white when in full bloom. It is a very rapidgrowing climber, forming pyramids of over eighteen feet in height.....

376 MOMORDICA Balsamima (Balsam Apple) A very beautiful climbing plant, with

377 Charantia. (Balsam Pear). Rapid-growing climber with very beautiful fruits, of a rich golden yellow color, which, when ripe, open, disclosing the seeds encased in a carmine covering. The fruits, preserved in alcohol, make a most useful liniment. Oz., 50c.....

NASTURTIUM. The Tropæolum Majus, or Tall Nasturtiums, are among the easiest grown and prettiest and thrive on poor soil. Free-bloomers, and the green seed-pods make excellent pickles.

378 Majus, Finest Mixed Tall Nasturtium. Many bright colors. Oz., 15c...... 5

379 TROPÆOLUM Lobbianum......

ORNAMENTAL GOURDS. A large and interesting class, producing a great variety of curious fruits, many of which are peculiarly marked. All the fruits are hard-shelled, and will keep for years, exciting much attention.

380 Mixed..... THUNBERGIA. Very elegant, slender-growing

Climbers, rapidly covering wire trellises, and also useful for vases in the garden or house. The colors are pure white, light yellow, and deep orange, and of each color there is a variety with white eye and also with black eye-latter often called "Black Eyed Susan." continue in flower all Summer.

REMEMBER.—On all Orders for Seeds in Packets (whether Vegetable, Farm or Flower Seeds), the purchaser may select twenty-five cents' worth extra for each One Dollar sent us. Thus any one sending us \$1.00, can select seeds in packets amounting to \$1.25; for \$2.00, seeds in packets to the value of \$2.50; for \$3.00, to the value of \$3.75, and so on. This discount applies only to seeds in packets, purchaser's selection, and does not apply to seeds by weight or measure.

SWEET PEAS.

(LATHYRUS ODORATUS).

The Sweet Pea has become one of the most popular of cultivated flowers, and admired not only in the largest and best "places," but in the humblest garden. Not only do they readily adapt themselves to circumstances, giving some bloom no matter how unfavorable the conditions, but repay better care and culture, with a proportionate abundance of bloom. Everyone who cultivates flowers should plant Sweet Peas, for the list of distinct and beautiful varieties is now so large that no one will ever tire of them.



SWEET PEAS.

Culture.—Sweet Peas do best in a moderately rich soil, which has been made so by repeated manurings rather than by a single heavy application. The use of fresh manure or even a large quantity of well rotted manure tends to produce coarse vines and smaller, weaker colored flowers. Work the soil thoroughly as early in the Spring as it can be done without making it sticky and hard; then make a trench about six inches deep and about eight inches wide at the bottom, the sides sloping to the surface, and sow the seeds in double rows six inches apart, dropping in each row from six to twenty-four seeds to the foot, according as size or quantity of bloom is most desirable; thin sowings will give the largest flowers and thick sowings the most of them. Cover with one to two inches of soil and see that the ends of the partially filled trenches are open, so that no water can stand in them. After the plants are about five inches high fill up the trench; this method secures deep rooting, essential to long continued blooming, without danger of losing the seed from too deep

planting. As fast as the flowers come into full bloom they should be cut, for if the pods are allowed o form, the plants will soom stop flowering.

Our list of Sweet Peas includes all of the best varieties, both old and new.

1b., 75c.

APPLE BLOSSOM. Bright pink and blush. Pk., 5c; oz., 10c; 1b., 90c.

BLANCHE FERRY. White petals, red stand-

ard. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

BOREATON. Dark brown wine color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

BLUSHING BEAUTY. Soft pink, suffused with lilac. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25.

6 BUTTERFLY. Pale gray, with distinct porce-lain edge. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

7 CARDINAL. Crimson scarlet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

8 CARMINE INVINCIBLE. Brightest crimson. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
COUNTESS OF RADNOR. Delicate lavender.

Pkt, 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 10 CROWN PRINCESS OF PRUSSIA. Blush

Pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 1 DELIGHT. White, crested with crimson. Pkt.,

5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 2 DUCHESS OF EDINBURG. Scarlet, flushed with crimson. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

ADONIS. Carmine Rose. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 13 DUKE OF CLARENCE. Rosy claret, selfcolored flower. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 14 EMILY HENDERSON. White. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

15c; lb., \$1.25.

15 EMILY ECKFORD. Porcelain, suffused with reddish mauve. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 16 EMPRESS OF INDIA. Rosy pink standards,

white wings. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

17 FAIRY QUEEN. White, flushed and feathered with pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.

18 ISA ECKFORD. Creamery white and rosy

pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 19 INDIGO KING. Very dark purple and indigo.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

20 IMPERIAL BLUE. Bright blue, rather dark. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
21 LOTTIE ECKFORD. Rose and white, edged

with blue. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 22 LEMON QUEEN. Blush pink and lemon. Pkt.,

5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

23 MRS. ECKFORD. White, delicately shaded with primrose. Pkt., oc; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

24 MISS HUNT. Carmine, salmon and soft pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

SWEET PEAS—Continued.

25 MRS. GLADSTONE. Delicate soft pink, with | 35 PURPLE STRIPED. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c

rosy blush wings. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 26 MRS. SANKEY. The purest white, the most perfect form, the largest size, a profuse bloomer and unsurpassed for florist's use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25.

27 MONARCH. Dark maroon. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

27 HONARCH. Bark ma.com.

10c; lb., 75c.
28 MIXED. All colors, light and dark. Pkt., 5c;
oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
29 ORANGE PRINCE. Orange pink, flushed with
scarlet. Pkt., 5c., oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

30 PAINTED LADY. Rosy crimson and blush

white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
31 PRINCESS BEATRICE. Delicate plush pink, marked with deeper shades. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;

32 PRINCESS OF WALES. White, striped with lavender and mauve. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

33 PRINCESS LOUISE. Rosy pink standards, wings deep lilac. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 34 PURPLE PRINCE. Maroon, shaded with bronze

purple, wings blue. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.

36 PRIMROSE. Pale primrose yellow. Novel and distinct. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

37 QUEEN OF ENGLAND. White; of large size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
38 QUEEN OF THE ISLE. Rose and scarlet,

mottled with purple and white. Pkt., 5c; oz. 10c; lb., 75c

39 RED STRIPED. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

40 ROSE AND WHITE, Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 41 SENATOR. Chocolate, creamy white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.

42 SPLENDOR. Coppery crimson suffused with rosy pink; very rich. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 43 SCARLET INVINCIBLE. Scarlet striped.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 44 THE QUEEN. Bright pink, shaded with heliotrope. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

45 VESUVIUS. Carmine rose, shaded to a velvety violet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
46 VIOLET. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
47 WHITE. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS.

The Everlasting Flowers, with their rich, brilliant colors, are very valuable for Winter decora-They should be cut as soon as they come into full cloom, tied into small bunches, and dried slowly in the shade, with the heads downward, to keep the stems straight. PER PKT.

393 ARCOLINIUM. Mixed. Rose and white.. 5 394 AMMOBIUM. Small white flowers, pretty.. 5 395 AGOMPHREN (Globe Amaranth or Bachelor's Button). Mixed. Small, globeshaped, double flowers of perfect form and habit, double flowers of a deep violet-red....10 397 HELIPTERUM Sanfordi. Small, yellow

HELICHRYSUM. Fine, large, double flowers of

most brilliant colors, often called The Eternal Flower. 398 Fireball. Flowers of the richest crimson....10

399 Snowball. Large, double, pure white........10

400 Golden Ball. Rich, golden yellow..... 401 Dwarf. Mixed..... 402 RHODANTHE Manglesii. Graceful.......

403 XERANTEMUM. Mixed. Double flowers...

404 Superbissimum fl. pl. Purple, pomponflowering; fine......1

405 Superbissimum album fl. pl. A new white.10

406 MIXED EVERLASTING. A single packet will give in abundance a great variety of the most attractive Everlasting Flowers. No more welcome present can be given a visitor when looking through the flower garden than a bouquet of these imperishable flowers. Three pkts., 25c......1

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

If our customers could see the wonderful variety and graceful forms of the Ornamental Grasses they would be induced to use them much more largely, particularly when it is considered how indispensable they are in the arrangement of graceful bouquets.

407 Agrostis nebulosa. Fine and feathery, elegant..... 5 408 Avena sterilis (Animated Oat). 2½ feet.... 5 409 Briza gracilis. Small, graceful racemes.... 5 410 Briza maxima (Quaking Grass). Large racemes of beautiful rattles, very orna-411 Bromus brizæformis. Drooping panicles, beautiful 412 Chrysurus cynosuroides. Dwarf, with yellowish, feathery spikes, useful in bouquets. 5 413 Coix lachryma (Fob's Tears)...... 5 414 Erianthus Ravannæ. As fine as Pampas

415 Eulalia Japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). Grows five to six feet high, with stripings across the leaves.....

416 Gynerium argentium (Pampas Grass). Flowers the second season; requires pro-

Fine ... 418 Lagurus ovatus (Hare's-tail Grass).......

419 Pennisetum Longistylum. Soft, fuzzy flower heads, extremely graceful in appearance 420 Stipa pennata (Feather Grass). Perennial...

421 Trycholæna rosea. Perennial, but flowers the first season, most beautiful rose-tinted grass

SEEDS OF PERENNIAL FLOWERS.

In the following list we describe Biennials and Perennials which live in the garden over Winter, and flower in the Spring and Summer of the following year. While they do not reward the planter so quickly as do Annuals, yet they are well worth waiting for—as they embrace some of the most beautiful flowers—and many of them, with scarcely any care, continue to give a fine display of bloom year 439 Choice mixed. Best varieties...... 5 440 Scotcus, fl. pl. (Paisley or Florists' Pink). 423 AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Choice double, A very pretty double variety of the premixed. Beautiful and varied colors 5 424 Skinneri. Flowers vivid scarlet, tipped 441 DIGITALIS (Foxglove). Fine mixed. Long with yellow. About 80 per cent come true raceines of beautifully spotted flowers...... 5 442 HOLLYHOCKS. For majestic growth and massive beauty the Hollyhock stands unfrom seed.......10 425 ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho. (Dutchman's Pipe). A beautiful, hardy, climbing plant; large, luxuriant foliage with brownish-yellow, heart-shaped leaves and siphonrivaled. Flowers very large, perfectly double, and of great variety of color....... 5 443 Double. Fine mixed. Fine double flowers.. 5 shaped, rich purple flowers10 444 Superb Double. Mixed. Of all the bright-426 ASPERULA (Woodruff) Odorata. Found in the dry woods of Great Britain, and est and best colors. The perfect doubleness of the magnificent large flowers will much prized everywhere. The flowers please the most critical......10 are white and fragrant......10 445 HONESTY (Lunaria). Purple racemes of CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells). Popular perenpretty flowers, which form curious, silvery nials producing bell-shaped flowers of many seed pouches......10 different colors. 446 HUMEA Elegans. Grows six to eight feet, 427 Single Varieties. Mixed. Various colors.... 5 producing long, flowing racemes of ruby-428 Double Varieties. Mixed 5 red flowers......15 447 IRIS Kæmpferi (Fapan Iris). A perfectly hardy, bulbous plant, with large, showy 429 CHRYSANTHEMUM, New Fancy Perennial Varieties. It is not generally known flowers, pure white and of many shades of that these are quite easily raised from seed, and that seed sown in the Spring will blue and purple.....10 produce strong plants that will flower 448 LILY OF THE VALLEY (Convallaria)....10 freely in the Autumn20 LATHYRUS (Perennial Peas). These Perennial CARNATIONS AND PICOTEES. Peas, while lacking the delicious fragrance of the Sweet Peas, are equally as beautiful, and are very valuable from the fact that they are in full Large, beautiful and very fragrant flowers, as pertect in form as the rose. Seeds sown in open ground in May or June will flower splendidly the next season. They are nearly everybloom early in the Spring, before the others have begun to flower. They live year after year, bearing magnificent clusters of flowers. Perwhere hardy, but in very cold situations should be protected by straw or a few boughs. fectly hardy, and grow eight to ten feet high. 449 Purple. Clusters of purple flowers...... 5 30 German. Extra fine, double, mixed. First 450 White. Clusters of the purest white flow-31 Choice, Double. Mixed. Very good......10 32 Red Grenadin. From 60 to 70 per cent. produce charming double flowers of a 452 PÆONY. A well-known, hardy, herba-ceous plant, with large, double flowers of 33 MARGUERITE. These superb new dwarf various shades of rose, crimson, and white..15 Carnations have created a great sensation, 453 PAPAVER (Perennial Poppies). Choicest not only by reason of their fine, double, mixed. The single perennial Poppies are fragrant flowers, but also because they can perfectly hardy and are very attractive be treated as annuals. They flower freely among shrubbery 5 the first season from seeds sown in the 454 Orientale. The darkest red; magnificent...10 open ground..... 34 Picotee. Fine, double, mixed. A good 455 PHLOX, Perennial. Choicest mixed. Emstrain of double Picotees; edges of petals bracing the newest and best varieties. Clumps of these are gorgeous with brilliant flowers. The fresh seed must be bordered15 35 Fancy Picotee. Extra fine, mixed. A superb sown in the Fall._____10 strain from the finest collection of named varieties 456 PRIMULA Auricula. Fine mixed 15 36 DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur) 5 457 Elatior polyanthus. Choice mixed 10 458 Vulgaris. The common wild English Prim-7 Formosum (true). Brilliant blue, white eve. 5 rose10 8 DIANTHUS (Perennial Pinks). Plumarius (Pheasant Eye Pink). The original clove 459 PYRETHRUM Parthenium fl. pl. The

double Feverfew 10

pink



SWEET WILLIAM. As now improved they make matchless border plants, with heads of bloom of great size and wonderful beauty, should be in every garden, height one and one-half feet.

465 Single. Mixed. A splendid strain, flowers of many bright colors, large size, and varied markings, including the finest auricula-eved varieties......

470 WALLFLOWER Fine German, Double.
Mixed. Spikes of deliciously fragrant
double flowers, combining many shades
of color, chocolate and orange purple
predominating. Sow early in hot-bed and
prick out the small plants into pots, sink
the pots in the earth and in Autumn remove to the house, where they will bloom
all Winter......

471 Single. Mixed.....

Seeds for Greenhouse and Window Culture.

The growth of rare plants from seed is very interesting, and many of the choicest varieties can readily be grown in the house by those who are willing to give them careful attention. For Winter blooming, the seed should be sown in shallow boxes any time during the Spring or Summer. Procure a mellow soil, almost one-fourth sand; sow the seeds on the surface, covering lightly with a little fine, sandy earth; cover the box with a pane of glass, keep darkened, and keep the soil slightly moist until the seeds germinate, when light and air should be admitted by partially or wholly removing the glass, and placing the boxes in a warm, sunny window. When the plants are large enough to handle they should be potted singly into small pots, and afterward removed to six-inch pots for flowering; to insure an abundance of fine bloom in Winter, they should be kept growing vigorously during Summer and Fall, in good rich soil. Florists can rely upon our seed of Begonias, Calceolaria, Cineraria, Gloxinias and Primulas.

In Greenhouse as well as all other SEEDS IN PACKETS the purchaser is entitled to select 25 Cents WORTH EXTRA for each ONE DOLLAR sent us for Seeds in Packets.

472 AGAPHANTHUS Umbellata (Blue Lity of the Nile). This is a splendid ornamental plant, bearing large clusters of bright blue flowers on long flower stalks and lasting a long time in bloom. There is no finer plant than this for out-door decoration, planted in large pots or tubs on the lawn, terrace or piazza. It does well in the house or greenhouse in Winter, requiring but slight protection. It is a rapid grower, and increases in size and beauty every year; the chief point in its cultivation is to divide the plants before the pots or tubs become overcrowded with roots. With the most ordinary kind of care it is a plant that will last for ever...... 10

ASPARAGUS, Plumrosus. A greenhouse climber, with exquisitely graceful and feathery lace-like foliage; extensively grown by florists for cutting purposes......25

BEGONIA, Tuberous-rooted hybrids. These charming and showy Begonias, with their orchidlike flowers and rich tropical foliage, can be raised planted in light, moderately rich soil, with a liberal mixture of sand. Seedlings raised from sowings made early in the year will bloom freely in the course of the Summer, but not so freely as those of greater age.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME WITH FLOWERS.

476 CENTAUREA Gymnocarpa. White foliage. 10 477 Candidissima. White leaved; beautiful......15

478 CHRYSANTHEMUM Indicum. Finest double15

479 CHRYSANTHEMUM Frutescens. The well-known Paris Daisy, produces large, white, star-like flowers most profusely.......15

CINERARIA. The Cineraria is one of the brightest and best of house plants, blooming most profusely during the late Winter and early Spring. When in full flower the plants present a gorgeous sight, being each covered with one mass of bloom of richest colors - crimson, magenta, violet, blue, and variegated. Seeds should be sown from May to August, when they 489 Finest Double. Produces a good percentwill bloom the first Winter. Keep the plants in a cool, shady place during the Summer.

481 Hybrida. Large flowering. Finest mixed. Flowers measuring two inches across, of rich colors.....25

482 COLEUS. Fine mixed. Leaves of all shapes, shades and colors, mostly having a velvety



CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

CYCLAMEN Persicum. Most charming bulbousrooted plants, with beautiful foliage, variegated in different shades of green, and richly colored orchid-like flowers. They are universal favorites as pot plants for Winter and Spring blooming. If the seed is sown early, in sandy loam, they make flowering bulbs in one season. After flowering, the bulbs should be allowed to rest in a dry state over Summer.

483 Persicum. Splendid mixed. All colors.....15

484 FUCHSIAS, Double and Single. Mixed.
It is not generally known that Fuchsias can be raised very easily from seed, and will flower freely the first year in the open ground, while the plants can be taken in the house in the Winter, where they will flower still more freely. We offer the very finest mixture of double and single Fuch-

of many desirable varieties of these graceful plants......25

GERANIUMS. These favorite plants are easily raised from seed, which will frequently reward the cultivator with charming new varieties. Plants from seed started early in the house will bloom the first Summer in the garden.

486 Zonale. Mixed......10

487 Zonale. Choice mixed. Saved from the best varieties of single Geraniums......15

488 Fancy mixed Pelargoniums (Lady Washington Geraniums). Very choice and rare varieties25

age of fine double flowers. Packet of twenty-five seeds......50

scented leaves can best be grown from seed; sow in light soil and keep moist until they germinate.....25

GLOXINIAS. A splendid class of house-blooming bulbous-rooted plants, flowering in great pro-fusion during the Summer months. The handsame bell-shaped flowers embrace a great variety of the richest and most beautiful colors; the bulbs must be kept warm and dry during the Winter.

491 Large Flowering Hybrids. Mixed. From a grand collection, comprising the most superb spotted and blotched......25

492 LANTANA. Finest mixed. Well-known shrubby plants, with clusters of Verbenalike flowers; make a grand display the first season. Large bushes of these in full flower all Summer were much admired and visitors expressed surprise that so fine a display could be obtained from springsown seed......10

493 LEMON VERBENA. The delightfully fragrant foliage of this favorite plant makes it very desirable for cutting; it is easily grown from seed......10

494 LINARIA Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). The very pretty trailing species for covering rockwork, stumps, and for vases and hanging baskets......25

495 MUSA ENSETE (The Abyssinian Banana Tree). Strikingly effective as single specimens upon the lawn as well as in clumps or masses. The rapidity of its growth is astonishing, if the seed is sown early in hot-beds and repotted several times, the plants will attain the height of eight feet the first Summer. They can be stored in a cellar during the Winter with a covering of soil, or planted in a tub, watered sparingly, and will attain gigantic proportions the second season. The leaves are magnificently long, broad and massive, of a beautiful bright green. Packet of five seeds

496 PASSIFLORA Coerulea (Passion Flower)..10

Order Flower Seeds by NUMBER, the name is not necessary.



Primula Sinensis Fimbriata.

FRINGED CHINESE PRIMROSE. The Chinese Primrose is the most beautiful and satisfactory of all house plants for Winter blooming, and it is as easily grown as a geranium. It is never attacked by insects, and will even thrive in a window where there is but little sun, and where few other plants would bloom. Seeds sown from April to July will produce plants that will flower most profusely throughout the following Winter.

498 PRIMULA, Alba Magnifica. Flowers, borne in large trusses well above the foilage, are pure white, with large, bright, yellow eye. 25

499 Splendid mixed, large flowering. A grand mixture, embracing the above and many other finest fringed, large flowering varie-

500 SMILAX (Myrsiphyllum Asparagoldes.) The popular Boston Smilax is the most desirable window vine on account of its charming, glossy green, elegant and graceful foilage, while for florists' use it is as essential as roses. Oz., 75c; ½ oz., 40c...10

VINCA. Handsome, bushy plants, producing freely round single flowers one and one-half inches across, suitable for pot culture and sunny flower beds; tender perennial, one and one-half

503 Alba pura. Pure white10 504 Mixed. Above varieties...... 5

Florists will do well to get our special prices before buying elsewhere.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS.

The Summer-flowering Bulbs for Spring planting contained in the following list are inexpensive, very easily grown and produce some of the most showy and beautiful of all Summer and Autumn flowers. There are but few flowers that can compare with the noble and brilliant spikes of the Gladiolus, the grace and elegance of the Lily, the purity and sweetness of the Tuberose, the majestic foilage of the Galadium, or the wonderful markings of the Tigridia. They require scarcely any care, and quickly make a gorgeous display, while the bulbs can be kept over Winter, and will, year after year, continue to return a hundred fold (in beauty and satisfaction) the trifling expense of the original cost. I have priced these Bulbs very low, to bring them within the reach of all. They are in splendid condition, fine, large Bulbs, properly stored, and will be sent securely packed in the same parcels with flower or vegetable seeds. My prices are for choice Bulbs, post-paid, by mail, to any address in the United States.

AMARYLLIS. Beautiful flowering bulbs, which should find a place in every garden. They force readily, and by proper care can be had in bloom during the whole year.

Formosissima (Facobæan Lily.) Crimson, blooming early in the Summer. The flowers have a most graceful appearance. 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.

Johnsoni. Very large flower of a rich crimson scarlet color, striped with white. 75c each; \$7.00 per doz.

Hybrids of Vittata. White ground, striped with red. 75c each.

Hybrids of Vittata. Red ground, striped with white. 75c each.

AMORPHOPHALLUS RIVIERI. A remarkably distinct and pretty Aroid of easy culture, especially adapted for sub-tropical bedding or for the mixed border, producing a solitary Palm-like leaf on a tall stout stem which is curiously spotted and speckled with rose and olive green. The flower is similar in shape to the Calla Lily, the outside being of a similar color to the leaf stem; the inside is deep blood-red, veined with

First size, strong tubers, 50c each; \$5.50 per doz. Second size, strong tubers, 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.

CINNAMON VINE.

Dioscorea batatas. Beautiful Summer climber; glossy foliage and fragrant flowers; stem dies down in Winter, but the root is hardy. Large roots, 5c each; 50c per doz.

Tuberous=Rooted Begonias.

Our mixed tubers are all from varieties with Our mixed tubers are all from varieties with splendid flowers, of fine form and substance, of dwarf growth, well adapted for bedding, and present in unsurpassed mixture all the following distinct colors: Bronze, yellow, crimson, dark crimson, magenta, orange, scarlet, pink, red, rose and white. They are covered with bloom the entire season; the gorgeous tropical effect for bedding can scarcely be imagined.

Single varieties in finest mixture 15c each.

Single varieties in finest mixture, 15c each

four for 50c; \$1.50 per doz.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS—Cont'd.



GLADIOLUS.

doz., 75c.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS (Giant Summer Hyacinth). Luxuriant, free-growing Summerflowering plant, spreading two to three feet, throwing up great, tall spikes four to five feet in height, each bearing twenty to thirty large white bell-shaped flowers; of easiest culture and splendid for groups. If planted in the center of beds of scarlet Gladiolus, the effect is magnificent. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00 or extra large bulbs, each, 15c; doz.,

IPOMŒA MEXICANA (Mexican Morning Glory). A distinct and pretty Mexican species, bearing fine clusters of large, purplish rose-colored flowers; it grows rapidly and succeeds in almost any position; as a plant for covering arbors, veranders, etc., it is

invaluable; being tuberous-rooted, it may be Wintered like a Dahlia. Each, 35c; doz., \$3.00.

TIGRIDIA Shell Flower. Curious and beautiful Summer flowering bulbs, producing large, gorgeous flowers, exquisitely spotted, flowering from July to October. The bulbs can be planted about the middle of May, and taken up in October and kept over Winter in dry sand.

Conchiflora. Orange, with crimson spots. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00.

Pavonia Grandiflora. Red, with yellow spots. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00.

Grandiflora Alba. Large ivory white flowers, spotted with maroon and rosy lake in center. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00.

TUBEROSES. One of the most delight-of the Summer flowering bulbs. By skillful management a succession of flowers may be One of the most delight-



EXCELSIOR PEARL TUBEROSE.

obtained all the year round. For early flowers they can be started in February or March, in the greenhouse o r hot-bed; and for a succession they can be planted at intervals as late as August. For flowering in the open border plant about the first of May.

Excelsior Pearl. Extra large bulbs. Each. 8c; doz., 50c; 100, \$3.50.

Dwarf Pearl. Each, 5c; doz., 35c; 100, \$2.50. Tall Double. Each, 5c; doz., 35c; 100, \$2.50.

BUTTERFLY GLADIOLUS. LILIES. Longillorum. beautiful snow-white, fragrant hardy Garden Lily; flowers trumpet-shaped, six to eight inches long; height, one and one-half to two feet. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Tigrinum Splendens (Improved Tiger Lily). Very large flowers; orange-salmon, spotted black. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Tigrinum Flore Pleno (Double Tiger Lily).
Immense double bright orange-red flowers, spotted with black. Three to five feet. Each, 25c; doz, \$2.50.

Album. Purest white. Each, 30c; doz., \$3.00. Rubrum. White, shaded with deep rose and

spotted red. Each, 20c; doz., \$2.00.

Auratum (The Golden Rayed Lily of Fapan).
Grandest of all the Lily family, flowers pure white, with crimson spots, through the center of each petal runs a clear golden band, flowers measure nearly a foot across, produced abundantly, deliciously fragrant, two to five feet. First size bulbs, each 35c; doz., \$3.00.



LILY OF THE VALLEY.

LILY OF THE VALLEY (Convallaria Majalis). One of the most charming of our Spring-flowering plants Its slender stems, set with tiny bells, diffusing a delicious odor, have rendered it a universal favorite. They are entirely hardy, and delight in a shady, well-enriched border. Strong clumps for out-door planting delivered until April and after September 1st. Each, 50c. MADEIRA VINE. The old favorite Climbing

Mignonette. Thick glossy leaves, and long, hanging stems of feathery fragrant flowers,

Each, 5c; doz., 50c.

OXALIS, Summer Flowering. Valuable for edging walks, flower beds, etc. Bulbs planted three inches apart form rounded rows of delicate foliage, about one foot high, which produce

flowers in endless succession.

CHINESE PÆONIES. The herbaceous Pæonies are exceedingly hardy, and will succeed in any ordinary soil, well enriched with good manure. During the Summer month mulching will be beneficial to the roots, especially on dry soils. We offer a splendid assortment, embracing all the leading shades, white, pink, rose, purple, etc., etc. Each, 30c; doz. \$3 00.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS—Cont'd.

SPOTTED CALLA (Richardia Alba Maculata). | TROCADERO. A grand sort in flower and foliage. The leaves of this variety are deep green, with numerous white spots, which give the plant a very ornamental appearance. The flowers are very ornamental appearance. The flowers are pure white, with a black center. They grow freely, either in-doors or out. 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

WHITE CALLA (Richardia Æthiopica). The White Calla, or Lily of the Nile, is a well-known plant of easy culture, and in Winter is one of our best window plants. To aid profuse blooming, keep them dormant from the middle of June to last of August, repot in good rich soil, using a four to six-inch pot, give water, light and heat in abundance, and the result will be most satisfactory. Dry bulbs, 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.; extra large, 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.



Elephant's Ear. Grand tropicallooking plant, producing enormous leaves three to four feet long. A favorite for specimens on the lawn. Height, four to five feet. (See cut).

ELEPHANT'S EAR. Extra size bulb, 10 to 12 in. circumference......75c "50c First 8 to 9 66 Second " 6625c 6 to 7 66 Third " 66 4 to 51/2 "15c

Ever-blooming French Cannas.

Capt. P. de Suzzoni. A tall growing variety, deep yellow, lightly spotted with red, so that the general effect at a distance is yellow. As a companion to Trocadero it is excellent; large flower and fine green foliage. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50. Egandale. A fine dark foliaged variety, with flowers of a soft currant red, very distinct and

striking in appearance. Each, 25c; doz., \$2 50. FRANCOISE CROZY. The color is of unique

shade of apricot, bordered with bright yellow. Horace Choisel. Deep rich magenta, strong, compact grower, a very fine variety.

J. D. Cabos. Another dark foliage variety, with flowers of very rich orange, tinged with apricot. As a contrasting variety in foliage and flower it is unsurpassed. Each, 30c; doz., \$3.00.

M. Laforcade. Bright, orange-scarlet flowers, coffee-colored foliage, dwarf, compact grower, very fine

MAD. CROZY. Resembles Francois Crozy, finer.

Pres. Hardy. Deep orange, mottled with rich chrome yellow, a unique and pretty variety. Each, 25c.

Pres. Carnot. A majestic variety with dark chocolate foliage, flowers deep scarlet, large and beautifully rounded. Each, 20c.

The blooms are a deep crimson lake of the richest shade, and are borne in wonderful profusion. Twenty-seven separate heads of flowers, were counted on a single plant. Price for any of the above, except where noted; each, 30c; doz., \$3.00. Choice Mixed Canna Roots. Our selection;

each, 15c; doz., \$1.50, post-paid.

DAHLIAS

Too wellknown to need any descrip-tion. We can supply roots of any of the following colors. Red, White, Purple, Lilac, Rose, Yellow, Brown, Red Spotted, Blue, Canary, Straw Colored and Variegated. 20c each; \$2.00

DAHLIA. MIXED GLOXINIAS. These comprise all shades of color and erect, horizontal and pendulous flowers; for those who do not care about special color they will be found very desirable, as only fine varieties have been kept, the poor and dull colors having been discarded. 20c each, \$2.00 per doz.

Our bulbs of this magnifi-GLADIOLUS. cent flower includes only the very finest varieties. Our mixtures will be found of a high standard of excellence. A succession of bloom may be had from July to September by planting at intervals from April to June. The strongest bulbs should be kept for the latest planting. The cultivation of Gladiolus

liberal feeding by enhanced size and beauty. All Colors. Mixed. Each,5c; doz.,30c; 100,\$2.00. Extra Choice. Mixed. Each, 5c; doz., 40c.

is very simple, as they will thrive in any good garden soil, but amply repay good care and

100, \$2.50. Scarlet and Crimson Varieties. Mixed. Each,

5c; doz., 30c; 100, \$2.00. White and Light Varieties. Mixed. Each, 5c;

doz., 50c; 100, \$3.25. Yellow Varieties. Mixed. Each, 5c; doz., 50c;

100, \$3 25 Pink and Variegated Varieties. Mixed. Each,

5c; doz., 40c; 100, \$2.50.

Separate Colors of Red, Scarlet, Crimson, White, Yellow, Pink, Variegated, Rose or Striped. Each, 10c; doz., 75c.

ROOTS.

HORSERADISH.

101 100	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	ASPARAGUS.
	ASFARAGUS.

Columbia Mammoth Whiteper 100,	
Palmettoper 100,	
Colossalper 100,	60c.; per 1000, \$5.50

RHUBARB.

Linnaeusper 100	
New Giantper 100	
Victoriaper 100,	\$1.25; per 1000, \$10.00

IMPORTED DUTCH BULBS.

In Fall we have a complete and well-selected assortment of Dutch Bulbs, our own importation, direct from the best Bulb growers. Our assortment consists of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Narcissus, Snowdrops, Anemones, etc., etc., all of which should invariably be planted in the Fall. Price List ready in September and mailed free on application.

REMEDIES FOR INSECTS AND FUNGUS.

Hammond's Slug Shot5-lb. pkgs., 25c.; 10-lb. pkgs., 50c.; carton, 15c
London Purpleper lb., 25c
Paris Greenper lb., 25c
Persian Powder, or Bubachper lb., 40c
Lemon Oilin piut tins, each, 40c.; qts., 75c.; per gal., \$2.75
Helleboreper lb., 25c
Carbolized Soap 1 gal. cans, \$1.00
Nicotine per pint, \$1.50
Lenox Concentrated Bordeaux Mixture1-gal. cans, \$1.00
Tobacco Dust, fine
Tobacco Soapper lb., 35e
Whale Oil Soaplb., 15c.; 2 lbs., 25c.; 5 lbs., 60e
Thrip Juice½-pt. can, 30c.; 1 pt., 50c.; 1 qt., 75c.; 1 gal., \$2.00; 5-gal. keg, \$7.00
Guicide Powder
Bordeaux Mixture
Copperdineper qt., 50c.; 1-gal. cans, \$1.50
Grape Dust, Hammond's
Flour of Sulphur per lb., 10c.; 10 lbs., 60c
Sulpho-Steatite Powder
Should any of the above be sent by mail, 15c. per lb. must be added to pay postage.

FERTILIZERS.

Pure Bone Meal lbs., 25c; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$2.00; 200-lb. sack, \$4.00
Pure Bone Flour 5 lbs., 25c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$3.00; 200 lb. sack, \$5.00
Coarse Bone
Nitrate of Soda
Odorless Phosphatebags of 200 lbs., \$3.00
Lawn Dressing
Tobacco Stems per bale, \$2.00
Kitchen Garden Fertilizer5 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$2.50; 200 lbs., \$4.00
Peruvian Guano
Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers large pkg., 25c, by mail, 40c; small pkg., 15c, by mail, 25c.
Food for Flowers
Hanson Flower Food price, 15c, 25c and 50c.

Land Plaster, or Gypsum ... bbl., about 275 lbs., \$1.75; 5 bbls., \$8.50; f. o. b. St. Louis. In lots less than barrel, 2c per lb.

Plaster Paris......per lb., 2c; bbl., \$2.75 Disinfecting Lime per bbl., \$1.80

THE DOUBLE-TUBE LIGHTNING

Insect Exterminator No. 20.

(Patented August 30, 1888.)

Kills, Drives Away and Exterminates Every Living Thing Obnoxious to Yourself, Your Animals or Your Crops.

No. 20 Sprayer has detachable glass reservoir, provided with with the control of the provided with our patent spring leather plunger expander, which at all times keeps the leather washer expanded, and will not allow it to wrinkle or dry up, which is the case in former sprayers, which will be appreciated at a glance by anyone who is familiar with sprayers. Our No. 20 Sprayer is the only sprayer having a glass reservoir, detachable, encased so that the operator at all times can see the ingredients mixing, and just how they are working. Also have a glass reservoir, which is made of the pattern of a Mason fruit jar, and any such will fit this sprayer; being oblong

gives a churning motion while the sprayer is being used, mixing the ingredients—which can not be done with any other shaped sprayer—and will not allow Paris green to settle. The glass sprayer will not corrode or rust out, as is the case with all other metal. This will be appreciated at a glance.

The screw cap of this sprayer is made of heavy zinc, and the air chamber and jacket are made of

The Screw cap of this sprayer is made of heavy tin, nicely painted a bright red, making it very durable and attractive.

The Double-Tube Lightning Insect Exterminator is double the capacity of any other sprayer made, covering a radius of 2½ feet, producing two large sprays with one operation. The reservoir filled with water and a teaspoonful of Paris green is sufficient to kill 2,000 hills of potato bugs, which can not be done with any other sprayer made. Price, \$1.00 each.

CATTLE FLY OIL.

Cattle Fly Oil is prepared and put up in one-gallon cans, expressly for keeping flies from stock during the summer months, and which is guaranteed to do the work, by simply spraying with the Lightning Insect Exterminator. It is perfectly harmless, and will be found a great comfort to the

cows, also when milking; also for horses. The Lightning Insect Exterminator throws a very fine spray of the oil mixture, and a gallon of Cattle Fly Oil is sufficient to spray 500 cows. This is usually applied while the cows are in the stables, and before milking. After a few applications, only every other day is necessary. A greater flow of milk is guaranteed by using the Cattle Fly Oil. No farmer can afford to be without this valuable invention after a few applications. Full description on every can.





The Lightning Compressed Air Sprayer, No. 21.

PATENT APPLIED FOR.

Will throw any kind of spray, from the finest dew to a heavy or solid continuous stream 30 feet high.

The Lightning Sprayer No. 21 is operated by compressed air. An air pump is attached to the tank, which is made of heavy galvanized iron. The air is forced in up to a pressure of 60 pounds, and is governed by a check valve, which prevents over-pressure. This Sprayer is made strong, and nicely painted.

then it takes about one minute to pump the air in, and the machine is then ready for use. All the operating you need do is to open the stopcock, which is turned to throw a fine mist or a coarse spray, or a continuous stream. The compressed air tank, being powerful and elastic, forces the liquid out through the outlet pipe, making a very fine or solid continuous stream. This Sprayer is one of the greatest inventions of the age. No labor is required after the air is once pumped into the tank, which only takes about one minute.

Automatic Spray and Force Pump.

PUSH DOWN-THE SPRING DOES THE REST.

UNIQUE AND MOST PRACTICABLE. NO FOOT FASTENING REQUIRED.

It is made of nickeled brass, galvanized iron tubing, extra large air chamber or reservoir, brass spring, pure rubber valves, saucer shaped, anti-clogging foot with strainer on top, and with the sprays that go with it, warrants us in claiming that it is what has long been needed for all purposes. It will pump from the pail or will carry the material to be used in "a field;" and, with the fine spray, carries arough to last ten to fifteen minutes in potatoes fruit trees grapes. enough to last ten to fifteen minutes in potatoes, fruit trees, grapes, tobacco and greenhouses. The Automatic is otherwise generally useful, is first class in construction, nicely finished, and, at the price named, should be acceptable to all. Our experience of last season gives us great confidence in making this guarantee. Price, \$3.00.



THE LENOX SPRAYER.



The straps are provided with buckles and are adjustable to fit a boy or man of any size. It is also provided with a fine strainer cloth at the top where the liquid enters, to prevent leaves or dirt from getting into the Sprayer, thus impossible to clog up the nozzle. A man with one of these Sprayers will only use one half the Paris Green that is required by the whisk broom or any other method, the spray being a mere mist. No waste whatever. No burning of the vines as by large drops. You will only require to take out one barrel of water to the field instead of four by any other method. The most economical and perfect working apparatus on the market. It pays for itself by very little use. Full directions with every machine, including many valuable recipes. Price, \$4.00.

A reliable chemist advises always to strain your liquid poison through two thicknesses of burlap (sacking). You do not need the poison thick, for the moment it touches the water it is poisoned. Strain the poisoned water before put-ting it in the Sprayer and you will have clear liquid poison.

We have all the Extras belonging to this Sprayer.

BIRD SEED.

Our Bird Seeds are always Recleaned, Fresh and Sweet.

If by mail, 8 cents per pound and 30 cents per bottle for Mocking Bird Food must be added to prepay postage.



CREAM CITY RAT EXTERMINATOR.

This is not a poison, and is specially recommended for places where rats and mice are numerous, as it is not dangerous for cats, dogs or chickens. Is warranted to drive away rats or mice.

Put up in 25c. and 50c. packages.

DUST CANS.

For applying Slug Shot or other similar Powders.

Small sizeeach, 35c. | Small size, filled with Slug Shoteach, 20c. Medium sizeeach, 25c. |

Fox's Potato Bug Exterminator.



The best machine in the world for applying liquid poison to plant, vine or bush. Full description and directions how to use will be sent with every machine. No better investment could be made, and certainly not a more profitable one, than in the investment of \$3.00 in this machine, as it will save its price many times over in a season's use.

PLANT SPRINKLERS.



For Sprinkling Flowers, etc. Postpaid, \$1.10.

SCOLLAY'S IMPROVED PUTTY BULB.

Scollay's Improved Putty Bulb.

Postpaid, \$1.10.

Crescent Force Pump and Sprayer.

Similar to the Automatic, but smaller in size, works the same and gives good satisfaction. Each, \$1.25.

SNOW FLAKE AND FIRE KING SWEET PEAS CAN'T BE BEAT.
INCLUDE A PACKAGE OF EACH IN YOUR ORDER.

RAFFIA. Used for Tying.

POULTRY SUPPLIES.

Patent Stoneware Drinking Fountain,

For Poultry, Pigeons and Bees.



THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FOUNTAIN IN THE MARKET. THOUSANDS OF THEM IN USE.

They keep the water cool and clean, and chicks from getting wet. Are easily filled. Never tip over or get out of order.

To fill, set it up on end and pour the water in; then lay it down on its side, as shown in the engraving, and a vacuum is formed, which keeps the water in, but allows free access to it. To clean, if it needs it, fill with water and sand, turn it sideways, and shake the water and sand out.

Many do not appreciate the necessity of a fountain, but impure water, caused by exposure to the sun, and filth scratched into old crocks and pans, are the cause of much disease and death in the poultry yard, loft and cages. Chicks also get into open jars, and either drown or get wet and die. Saving the life of oue valuable bird will pay for a dozen fountains.

Half-gallon, weight 3 lbs	each,	\$0 25
One-gallon, weight 6 lbs		
Two-gallon, weight 12 lbs	each,	50



PRATT'S POULTRY FOOD

Is the Best on the Market. It cures and prevents

CHICKEN CHOLERA. CROUP, GAPES DISEASES.

It makes young chicks grow quickly and healthy. It makes young containing of eggs. It makes turkeys, ducks, geese and pigeons thrive. It will help moulting fowls and make them lay sooner. A trial will convince you. 26-oz. pkgs., 25c; 5-lb. pkgs., 60c.

PRATT'S HORSE AND CATTLE FOOD.

5-lb. pkgs., 50c; 121/2-lb. sacks 75c.

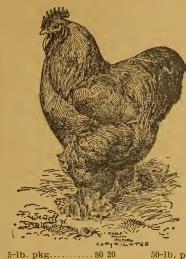
BONE MEAL. The best way in which to feed bone meal to your chickens is by giving them the pure meal. We guarantee ours to be pure. Lb., 3c; 10 lbs., 25c; 100 lbs., \$2 00.

WILBUR'S EGG AND POULTRY FOOD. An article that will make your hens lay and keep them in good healthy condition. 212-lb. pkg., 25c.

RAVEN'S FOOD.

FOR HORSES, CATTLE AND POULTRY.

An excellent food for any purpose. 1-lb. pkg., 25c; 2-lb. pkg., 45c; 5-lb. pkg., 90c. If by mail, add 16c per lb. to pay postage.



New Chick Manna

Chicken Manna. It will keep your Poultry in a good, healthy condition.

A trial will convince you. Contains Everything for Poultry.

and Healthiest of all CHICKEN FOODS. Send for sample

Is the Best

FREE.

10-lb. pkg 40 F. O. B. St. Louis.

PIONEER CLOVER MEAL.

Pioneer Clover Meal contains every part of the egg shell, white and yolk, and is considered by all eminent authorities as a perfect Poultry Food. Give it a trial, and we are confident that it will make you a confirmed friend. Trial package, 3 lbs., 20c; 50-lb. sack, \$1 00; 100-lb. sack, \$2.00.

CUT CLOVER.

An excellent article for green feed during winter months; 50-1b. sack, 75c; 100-1b. sack, \$1.25.

IMPORTED MILLET. 50-lb. pkg..... \$1 40 100-lb. sack..... 2 75

	KAFFIR	CORN.	
	pkg \$0 25 pkg 40	50-lb. pkg	
MO IN.	Prices subject to		1 00



Mica Crystal Grit.

The Best and Only Grit for POULTRY.

any size,

10 lbs., any size,

50 lbs., any size, 50c.

100 lbs. any size,

POULTRY SUPPLIES—continued.



It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight 25c. in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases.

IT.

Small Package, 25c.

Package, 90c.

Wilbur's

Food.

23-oz. Package, 15c.

Large Package,

OYSTER SHELLS.

This is one of the Best of Poultry Foods.

10-lb. pkg...... \$0 25 25-lb. pkg..... 35 50-lb. pkg...... \$0 50 100-lb. sack..... 80

GRANULATED BONE.

Contains all the elements that go to form the egg. We have this in two sizes—coarse ground for hens and turkeys, and fine for young chicks. 5-lb. pkg., 25c; 10-lb. pkg., 40c; 25-lb. pkg., 60c; 50-lb. pkg., \$1.15; 100-lb. sack, \$2.25.

BUCKWHEAT.

10-lb. pkg., 35c; 50-lb. pkg., \$1.40; 100-lb. sack, \$2.25

CANADA FIELD PEAS.

10 lbs., 35c; 50 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$2.00. Prices variable.



EGG = 0

A . . . Vegetable Poultry Regulator.

We... Guarantce Its Purity.

Is invaluable for the moulting fowl and will make hens lay regularly.

We guarantee Egg-O to prevent and cure all Poultry diseases.

Egg-0 is packed in trial packages containing twenty-eight ounces of food, at 25c. Also in large bags-10, 25, 50 and 100 pounds-which retail at 10c, per pound. A trial will convince you of its wonderful powers as a regulator and egg producer.

LAMBERT'S "DEATH TO LICE."

15-oz. box, 25c; 40-oz. pkg., 50c; 100-oz. pkg., \$1.00. If to be sent by mail, add 1c per ounce for postage.

"DEATH TO LICE" OINTMENT.

A pure white, perfumed mixture that will do the work quickly without injury to the chicken in any way Invaluable also for lice on children, scaly shanks on fowls, etc. A 1-oz, box is sufficient for 100 little chicks. We improved the formula last spring; it will now keep in any climate. 1-oz. pkg., 10c; 3-oz. pkg., 25c.

If you prefer a liquid louse-killer, for painting roosts, nest boxes and inside of henneries, buy

LAKE'S LICE EXTERMINATOR.

It is a liquid preparation and is the first liquid lice killer ever put on the market. Absolutely harmless to all kinds of stock, poultry and pet stock of all kinds. Sure death to lice, mites, fleas, roaches, bedbugs, etc., on horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, dogs, cats, chickens, pigeons, house plants, etc. Pint can, 30c; quart can, 45c; 1½-gallon can, 65c; gallon can, 90c. Give it a trial.

THE GREELEY ROUP CURE

Is the best remedy ever used for a case of this dreaded disease. It will cure a severe cold in twenty-four hours, will reduce the swelled head and eyes, and put the bird in a good condition in a few days' time. It is not safe to be without it, especially when exhibiting poultry. We sell it with a guarantee. Per box, 25c, postpaid; one doz. by express, \$2 00.

CORN MEAL.

Fine, 100 lbs..\$2 00 Coarse, 100 lbs. \$1 50

LINSEED MEAL. Extra Fine, in Barrels. OIL CAKE MEAL. In Sacks. Write for Special Prices.

WHEAT.

Per bushel...... \$1 00 Price variable.

BARLEY.

Per bushel.....85c. Price variable.

PREPARED CHARCOAL.

50-lb. pkg. 100-lb. sack 1-lb. pkg......\$0 05 5-lb. pkg......20

INCUBATORS.

				400-egg		
6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	300 ''	24 0	00
6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	200 ''	16 0	00
6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	100 ''	12 0	00
6.6		4.6		50 ''		
Por	celain Nes	st Eggs, o	each, 5c;	per dozen	4	15
Med	lical Nest	Eggs, e	ach, 10c;	per dozen	1 0	00

LEG BANDS.

...\$0 20 One hundred.... \$1 00 Poultry Markers, each 25 Per dozen Fifty ...

Excelsion Stock Food.

A Nutritive and Restorative Tonic, Purely Vegetable, for Cattle, Horses, Sheep and Swine. Saves grain by causing perfect assimilation.

BREEDERS. FEEDERS and DAIRYMEN

Can not afford to be without EXCELSIOR STOCK FOOD, and you can save money by buying in large quantities.

2-lb. package, 50c.

RELIABLE INCUBATOR & BROODER CO.



Anything You Want in the Poultry Line?

E are recognized by the expert poultry breeders and farmers all over the world as making the very best line of Incubators, Brooders and Poultry Appliances, and have been the means of making it possible "Why Poultry Pays" and "How to Make it Pay." That which is most important is an incubator and brooder which are perfectly reliable; an incubator that will betch every are perfectly reliable; an incubator that will hatch every fertile egg, a brooder which saves and pushes it along to healthful maturity.

SOUTHERN PINES, N. C., Oct. 27, 1899.

RELIABLE INCUBATOR AND BROODER CO.,

Quincy, Ill.

I purchased a hot water Bantling from you some time ago. I must confess entire satisfaction with the machine. When ready to add another, which I trust will be in the Spring, it will be another 50-egg size hot water Bantling. I run my machine in a cool, damp cellar and got two good hatches, 34 from 55 untested eggs, and then I took the turning racks out and put in 90 eggs and hatched equally as good per cent, and the eggs were not tested. I am now awaiting the hatch of 60 white Wyandotte eggs. If you ean just add an automatic turning arrangement, and another device to fill and trim the lamp, your machine will be almost independent of human assistance. Send me your latest catalogue, so I may post myself on the prices if they have changed, in order that I may purchase. I am,

Respectfully yours, Respectfully yours,

J. H. TILGHMAN.

There is only one "best" or one which will meet all these requirements, and that is the world-famous **RELIABLE INCUBATOR AND BROODER.** They are built exactly right and have given more money-making poultrymen perfect satisfaction than any three machines made.

MEXICO CITY, MEXICO, Sept. 27, 1899.

RELIABLE INCUBATOR AND BROODER Co., Quincy, III.

Gentlemen:

Gentlemen:

I bought over \$2,000 worth of goods from you. My last purchase was made through the house of Joseph M. Del Rio, of this city, and was for 10 Incubators, 7 Brooders and 10 Chicken Cages, for hens with chicks and for exposition, boxes for eggs, etc., which cost over \$1,000, and in order that you may see that I prefer yours to other manufacturers, I now send you photographs of my installation where I have your production. I am using incubators of all the American and European systems, but the ones that you make are the ones I prefer, because they are the only ones that moisten the air before it enters the egg chamber; because no other manufacturer has taken into consideration that we are situated at a height of 5,000 feet above the level of the sea, and the air in this locality is so rarefled that all chickens die in the shell from lack of moisture. Many people in this country have tried to buy from me your machines, but as I had so many difficulties to get the commission merchant to bring them to me, I have refused to sell them. In order that you may know who I am, I send you an article on "Incubation" I wrote, also my appointment as a juror for the Cattle Exposition, and a letter from the Secretary of the State inviting me to accompany the President, and I beg of you to return these documents to me.

documents to me.

I send you 100 cents instead of 10 cents, that you may kindly send me 10 of your 20th Century Catalogues to distribute among my friends. I remain,

Yours truly,

J. R. DE ALTAMIRA.

Our regulators on the Reliables will regulate to a fractional part of a degree. They have perfect ventilation. No sloppy moisture pan system, as no moisture is used. We claim the Reliable is the only incubator that has the moisture question settled exactly right, as our process of conditioning the air for hatching more nearly reproduces the condition under the hen. See one of the many letters that help to convince us of this fact.

Our 20th Century Poultry Book tells how successful men make the business pay, and is written from a practical, every-day experience standpoint, and is worth a dollar to any one interested in poultry, but we send it FREE, if you will send 10 cents to pay postage.

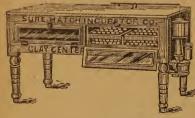
Address Reliable Incubator and Brooder Co., Box, O. 4., Quincy, III.

Do not place your order until you get our catalogue, as we have some surprises in store for you in regard to prices. The RELIABLE will be on exhibition in Paris, France, in 1900.

JOS. F. DICKMANN SEED CO., Agents Reliable Incubators and Brooders, GOODS KEPT IN STOCK. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Sure Hatch Incubators & &

and Common Sense Folding Brooders



Thousands of our Incubators and Brooders in successful operation. No experiment in this case. The Sure Hatch is the only incubator with three walls and two dead air spaces around the egg chamber. Late patents and acknowledged leaders. Low priced, fully guaranteed and we pay the freight. Are made for business and do the business. No over-

heating center of egg chamber. The moisture question made easy and the instructions so plain and easy that failures can not occur.



Common Sense Folding Brooder

needs only to be seen to be appreciated by practical poultry raisers.

Ready to clean.

Brooder in use.



o climbing a ladder for the small chicks. Chicks invariably chill and die before they are possessed of sense enough to hunt up a ladder to get in the brooder. The Common Sense Brooder sets flat on the ground and the little chicks run in and out as they wish. The heat is applied to their backs in a natural way and they thrive and grow fat. Our 1900 Catalogue is chock full of practical poultry helps. No aircastle figures on profits or misleading statements. Deals with the poultry question from a cool, practical standpoint. Contains more real information than all other catalogues combined. We send the catalogue free to any address. Send for it now.

SURE HATCH INCUBATOR CO.

CLAY CENTER, NEBRASKA.

The Acme Hand Corn Planter

Accurate. Its dropping device must always drop as set. There is nothing about it to catch or stick and crack corn. It slides in a cast iron hopper bottom and can't wear out. Light and strongly made throughout, with basswood sides, handles well bolted on, strong steel jaws, well riveted together and to the sides. Neatly finished in varnish and well packed * * * * * * * * * *

"PLANET JR." TOOLS FOR 1900.

Space will not permit our showing and describing all of the "Planet Jr." tools, but we will send a fully illustrated catalogue free for the asking to any who desires it. "Planet Jr." goods are standard machines; the best; yet great improvements have been made for 1900. We direct special attention to the new No. 3, 4 and 5 Sowers, the new No. 11, No. 12 and No. 13 steel arch Double Wheel Hoes, and the No. 15, No. 16, No. 17 and No. 18 Single Wheel Hoes. You can rely on getting a bottom price from us on any of the "Planet Jr." goods.

The "PLANET JR." No. 2 Seed Drill.

This tool is known the world over, and, with the exception of the "Planet Jr." Hill Dropping Drills, is the

most perfect drill known. It holds two and one-half quarts.

The drill sows in an even, regular stream, whether there is much or little in the hopper. The opening plow, being directly between the wheels, follows all irregularities of the ground, is adjustable, and once set opens the furrow at a uniform depth, and the seeds are deposited in a very narrow line. The machine is extremely simple; no agitators, belts or gearing. Price, \$7.75.

"PLANET JR." No. 4 Combined Hill Dropping Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow.

This is exactly the same style of seeder as the No. 5 "Planet Jr." Hill Dropper. It is smaller in capacity, though still of good size, holding two quarts. It drops in hills at 4, 6, 8; 12 and 24 inches apart, and in drills any thickness, handling the smallest paper of seed periectly, and is simple, durable and very light running. Throws out of gear instantly by simply raising the handles. The index is accurate, plain and easily set. The Drill is detached and the tool frame substituted by moving but one bolt. It then becomes one of the most admirable Single Wheel Hoes of the "Planet Jr." family. It has a fine garden plow, two new-style hoes, perfect shape, three delightful cultivating rakes, new form, and made especially to fit 6, 9, 12, 14 and 16-inch rows, three cultivator teeth and a practical leaf guard. Price, complete, \$12.00; as a Drill only, \$8.50.

"PLANET JR." No. 11 Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow

This tool, first offered for '98, combines in itself the good points of its predecessors with valuable new ideas. It has 11 inch wheels, which can be set at four different distances apart; the frame is malleable, with ample room for tool adjustment, and can be set at three different heights. The handles are adjustable, and being attached to the arch, are entirely undisturbed in making changes of the height of frame, width of wheels or in the adjustment of the tools themselves. The arch is of stiff steel, unusually high. The design of the frame is novel, allowing all changes of tools to be made without removal of the nuts from the standards. A pair of model rakes and a pair of new style hoes are added to the usual equipment—seven pairs of tools in all. The whole set shown in the cut goes with the complete tool. All the blades are of tempered and polished steel. The variety of work possible with this machine is incredible, covering the whole range of wheel hoe work, both in the garden and on the farm, and has our unqualified endorsement. Price, \$9.50.



This latest and best Single Wheel Hoe, improved for 1899, has an 11-inch wheel, with broad face, and a conveniently arranged and a very full set of tools, several of them being of new, special design, such as have been found to perform Wheel Hoe work in the very best manner. It is very light and strong and easy running; has three more tools than the old "Planet Jr." has three more tools than the old "Planet Jr." and does a much greater variety of work and does it better. Has adjustable handles and frame, especially adapted for quick changing of teeth. It is a most perfect Wheel Hoe for market gardeners or private places. The tools are a well-shaped plow for plowing, marking out, covering and late cultivation; a pair of neat 4-inch shield hoes, just right for hoeing in rows from 9 to 12 inches, and a large pair for wider work, and three cultivator teeth. Also a set of three rakes, just right for 6, 9, 12 and up to 16-inch rows, with two arranged side by side; the rakes are just the thing for preparing ground for the Seed Drill. A practical leaf guard completes the equipment. pletes the equipment.

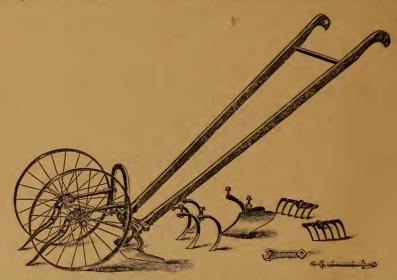
The frame changes in height, and the wheel to the other side of the frame, when both sides of the row can be hoed at one passage.

"PLANET JR." Harrow and Cultivator.

This comparatively new tool has rapidly grown into favor with farmers, market gardeners and strawberry growers. It is carefully made and finished, has a high frame and the chisel-shaped teeth cut an inch wide each, and may be worn down three inches before that width is lessened or the teeth worn out; even then they are cheaply replaced. It may be set with teeth trailing, by simply changing one bolt in each tooth. The foot lever pulverizer is a capital addition for preparing ground for the Seed Drill or for plant setting, and controls the depth of the rear teeth. Hand levers regulate both width and depth while in motion; it contracts to 12 inches, and may be further reduced in width by taking off the outside teeth; it expands to 32 inches. It cultivates deep without throwing earth upon the plants, and the smooth, round-throated teeth turn strawberry runners without injuring them. For cutting strawberry runners we make a special attachment, consisting of a 10-inch flat steel disc mounted on an outrigger. Strawberry Runner Cutter Attachment extra. Price, plain, \$7.00; with Wheel, \$8.75: Complete, \$10.50.

SEND FOR EXTRA CATALOGUE, FREE.

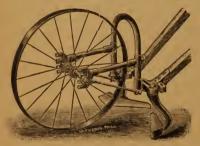
The "IRON AGE" WHEEL HOES and SEED DRILLS



The "Iron Age" Double Wheel Hoe, with Cultivator Teeth, Plows and Rakes.
Packed Weight, 40 lbs. PRICE, \$7.00.

Among the principal labor-saving tools in the hands of the market gardener must be considered Wheel Hoes. Nay, we may insist that it leads all others, for they are really indispensable, and without their aid it would be an almost impossible task to keep the market supplied with such immense quantities of row-grown vegetables. They have done away with the back-breaking and time-killing methods of the olden time, one man performing in a more thorough manner, and with greater ease to himself, the labor of several men. As with all other improved methods of labor, it requires a little practice to enable one to realize the best results with a wheel hoe. A novice will usually push steadily ahead; not so—give the tool a thrust ahead, watching the wheel rather than the hoe, and taking a step at each thrust; this brings a result which the term wheel hoe implies; an ordinary hand hoe would accomplish little if simply dragged through the ground.

Having shown what is expected of a wheel hoe, we desire to bring to the notice of the reader the "Iron Age" Wheel Hoe. Without disparaging the many excellent tools of



Showing the Double Wheel Hoe set up as a Single Wheel.

this character already in use, we recently became convinced from our own practical tests—we have been making wheel hoes for years—and the expressions coming from the workers in the field, that further improvement was possible and necessary. Higher Wheels were called for; the old pattern frames were made of gray iron, and were consequently too heavy, to say nothing of their constant breakage. How well we have corrected these points, and still other improvements, we will endeavor to show. We have practically made the tool "bicycle construction."

The "IRON AGE" Combined Seed Drill and Wheel Hoe

Packed Weight, 50 lbs. PRICE, \$10.50

In designing our Seed Drill Attachment for the Double Wheel Hoe, we have kept in view simplicity of construction, convenience of adjustment and perfection of work.

The drill attachment is complete in itself, and when put in place requires but two bolts to secure it; the single wheel is then put in position, the chain run on, and the drill is ready for operation. The seed slide and its index adjustment to sow the various seeds is similar to that used on our well-known New Model Seed Drill, while the agitator is simply a revolving brush, of selected bristles, which will not injure the seed, will wear a long time, and can be cheaply replaced.

In our experience with seed drills we have found that while some round, smooth seed, such as turnip or radish, will *flow* through the discharge opening, and do not, therefore, need any agitator, one is absolutely necessary for some others to insure a continuous or positive feed.

We have seen acres of beets ragged and forlorn, with long skips and spaces, simply by reason of this attempt to sow such seeds without an agitator.

The brush agitator will be found to be peculiarly adapted to feeding out such seeds as beets and tomatoes, in separating the seeds that may be clinging together and acting as a gentle force feed.

The opening plow is adjustable in depth and also reversible, one end being wide for onion seed, and the other narrow for placing the seed in a close, straight line.

The Combined Drill includes all of the attachments described above, and we claim that any one buying it possesses at once the most complete and perfect tool possible.

It is a whole tool house of itself. It plows, levels, furrows, sows, covers, rakes, cultivates, hoes and hills, and does each and every operation in the most satisfactory manner.

SEND FOR EXTRA CATALOGUE, FREE.

No. 1 HAND-POWER

GRAIN AND SEED CLEANER.

CAPACITY,

Market Wheat, . . 40 Bushels per Hour. Clover Seed, . . . 12 Bushels per Hour.

PRICE, \$22.00



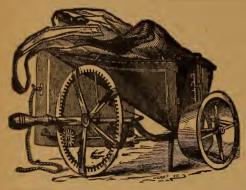
ALL OUR MACHINES ARE COMPLETE FOR WORK REQUIRED.

NO EXTRA ATTACHMENTS NECESSARY.

Size of Screens, 19 x 30 inches. One Wire and seven Perforated Zinc Screens, equipped with Spreading Boards, furnished with each Cleaner.

THE BEST CLEANER MADE.

MISCELLANEOUS IMPLEMENTS.



The Best Broadcast Seed Sower Made.

CAHOUN'S BROADCAST SEED SOWER. The most accurate and strongest machine of its kind made, as well as the most satisfactory. You can sow just the amount of seed you want to the acre more evenly than by hand, and a good deal faster. No one who has used one of these machines would be without them. Full directions with each machine.

Price, complete each, \$3.00

FIDDLE BOW SEED SOWERS.

An old reliable kind, but not as accurate or as strong as the Cahoun.

Price, complete each, \$1.25

OLMSTED'S

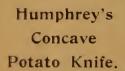
...RELIABLE...

MOLE TRAP.

In this we have a useful trap. It is so simple in construction and so safe to handle that a child may set it with the same facility as a grown person. It combines all the good points of traps of similar make, and, on account of low price, has become very popular.

Price, \$1.50.

Express to be paid by the purchaser.



Cuts to one or more eyes without injuring the vital tissues.

Price, postpaid, each, 30c. 6 for \$1.50; dozen, \$2.85.

6699

Cannon's Sheep Dip.

1 gallon..... \$1 35 5 gallons, per gal. 1 25



...LANG'S...

...LANG'S... HAND WEEDER.

One of the best Weeders made. A band passing over the fingers gives perfect use of hand for pulling weeds without laying down the tool.

Price, postpaid, 30c. each.

... INDEX ...

VEGETABLE, FARM SEEDS, Etc.

Aeme Corn Planter 64	Dandelion 22	2 $_{\perp}$	Onion Seed	27
ammoniated Food for Flowers 58	Directions for Sowing and Culture of Vegetables 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,		Onion Sets	27
Annual Climbers 47, 48	ture of Vegetables 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	8	Osage Orange	35
Artichoke Seed 15	Directions for Making Hot-Beds 2	2	Opium Poppy	
Asparagus Seed	Dickmann Seed Co.'s Giant Summer Cabbage 19	9		
Automatic Spray and Force Pump 59	Dhoura Corn		Parsley	27
	Dill		Parsnip	20
Anise 31			Pea, Dickmann Seed Co.'s Prize Taker	28
Australian Salt Bush	Dust Cans 60	v	Peas, Cow	. 35
Balm 31	Egg Plant 25	2	Peas (for Garden Culture)	28
Barley, Fall and Spring 32	Endive 25		Peas (for Field Culture)	35
Beets 15	Egyptian Castor Bean 3		Peanuts	29
Beets for Stock and Sugar 15	Egyptian Castor Bean	9	Pepper	
Beans, Bush Sorts 16, 17	Farm Seeds 32, 33, 34	4	Planet Jr. Garden Tools	
Beans, Wax Pod Sorts 17	Fennel 31		Plant Sprinklers	
Beans, Pole 17, 18	Fertilizers 58		Potatoes	
Beans, Lima 18	Fiddle Bow Seed Sowers 68		Potetoes Sweet	90
Beans, Field Sorts			Potatoes, Sweet	29
Beans, Burpee's Bush Lima 18	Flax 35		Promitry Supplies	02
Bene 31	Forage Plants 35	9	Prepared Charcoal	
Beet (ornamental) 39	Fox Bug Exterminator 60	0	Pumpkin	29
Beet (ornamental) 55	One on Condo	.	Radish 29,	90
Bermuda Grass 33	Grass Seeds 3	<u>ن</u> ا	Raffia	
Blue Grass	Grass Mixture for Pasture 33	3		
Blaek Hawk Corn 34	Herbs 31	1	Remedies for Fungus	57
Black Russian Winter Oats 34	Henbane 31	1	Remedies for Insects.	57
Black Cluster Oats 34	Horehound 31		Rhubarb Seed	
Borage 31	Horseradish Roots 57		Rosemary	
Bone Meals 58	Hop Seed 31		Rue	
Bowker's Plant Food 58			Russian Winter Oats	34
Bone for Chickens 61	Hungarian 33		Rutabagas	32
Bookson last page of cover	Hyssop 31	1	Rye	32
Broceoli	Iron Age Wheel Hoes and Seed		Roots	57
	Drills 66, 67	7		
Brussels Sprouts 16			Saffron.	31
Broadcast Seed Sower	Kaffir Corn 35	9	Salsify or Oyster Plant	30
Buekwheat 32	Kale, or Borecole 23	3	Scollay's Improved Putty Bulbs	60
Carrots 20	Kohlrabi 25	3	Seorzonera	
Cabbage 18, 19	Lambert's Death to Lice 62	2	Sea Kale	
Cauliflower, 19	Lang's Hand Weeder		Soja Beans	
Cardoon 21	Lathyrus Sylvestris 35		Sorrel	21
Caraway 31	Late French Market Cabbage 9		Spinach	
Castor Oil Plant 35	Lavender 31		Spring Vetches, or Tares	
Catnip or Catmint 31				
Cane or Sorghum 35	Lawn Grass 33		Squash	31
Celery 20	Leek		Sunflower	
Seleriac 20	Lettuce 24		Sage	
Chervil 20	Lightning Bug Exterminator 58	5	Summer Savory	31
	Lightning Compressed Air Sprayer		Sweet Basil	31
Chicory 21	No. 21 59	9	Tansy	31
Clover Seeds	Lupins 35	5	Teosinte	
Collards	Martynia 24		The Lenox Sprayer	
Corn, Sugar 21	Marjoram 31	1	Thyme	
Corn, Field Sorts 33, 34				
Corn Salad 21	Mangel Wurzel 32		Tobacco Seed	31
Cream City Rat Exterminator 60	Millet		Tomato	
Cress	Mustard 24	4	Turnip	31
Corn, Pop 34	Mushroom 25		Warranties	15
Coriander 31	Musk Melon	5	Watermelon	26
Crescent Force Pump and Sprayer 60	Oats 34	1	Wheat	20
Cucumber	Okra, or Gumbo 27	7	Wild Rice	
Clipper Seed Cleaner 67	Olmetoad's Poliable Mole Tree	5	Wormwood	94
orpper seed Cleaner 67	Olmstead's Reliable Mole Trap 68	3 1	Wormwood	21
	CD CEEDS III	-	III DO	
FIOW	ER SEEDS AND	K	HIRS	
LOW	CIC DELEDS AND	U	CLDS.	
A buonio 97	Consur Dind Elemen	7 .	Doblin (and)	

Abronia 3	37 1	Canary Bird Flower	47	Dahlia (seed) 4
Abutilon 3	37	Campanula		Dahlia (roots) 5
Acrolinium	50	Carnations	51	Delphinium 5
Adonis	37	Calceolaria	52	Dianthus 4
Ageratum		Calla Lily, Spotted and White	56	Digitalis (Foxglove) 5
Agrostemma		Caladium Bulbs		Dolichas (Hyacinth Bean) 4
Alyssum	37	Canna Roots	56	Dutch Bulbs5
Alonsoa	37	Centaurea		Egg Plant (ornamental) 4
Amaranthus 3	37	Celosia		Erianthus Ravaunæ 5
Antirrhinum	37	Chrysanthemum	39	Erysium. 4
Asperula Odorata 3		Chrysanthemum (perennial)	51	Esehseholtzia
Asters	38	Chrysanthemum (frutescens)	39	Everlasting Flowers
Balsam, Apple 4	18	Cineraria (Maritima)	40	Eulalia Japonica
Balsam, Pear 4	18	Cineraria (Hydrida)	53	Euphorbia 4
Balsam 3	38	Cinnamon Vine Roots		
Bartonia 3	38 1	Collomia		Ferns
Balloon Vine 4		Cosmos		Flowering Bulbs 54, 55, 56
Begonia (seed)		Convolvulis.	39	Forget-me-not. 4
Begonia Bulbs		Coix Lachryma		Four O'eloek 4
Bellis 3	39	Coleus		Fuchsias 5
Brachycome 3	38	Cobea Scandens	47	Gaillards 4
Browallia 3	38	Convolvulis, Tall		Gamolepis 4
Cacalia	39	Crepis		Geraniums 55
Calandrina	39	Cuphea		Gilia 4
Calendula	39	Cyanus		Gladiolus (bulbs) 56
Candytuft 3	39	Cyneglossum		Gloxina (bulbs)
Cannas 3	39	Cypress Vine		Gloxina (seed)
Castor Beans 3	39	Cyclamen		Grasses (ornamental) 5
Calliopsis	39	Datura		Grasses (ornamental) 50 Greenhouse Seeds 52, 53, 54

INDEX-Continued.

FLOWER SEEDS AND BULBS-Continued.

Godetia	41	Mathiola	42	Primulas (Chinese)	54
Gypsophila	41	Maurandya	18	Pyrethrum.	
Gynerium Argentum (Pampas		Maderia Vine	55	Rhodanthe	50
Grass)	50	Medicago	42	Ricinus (Castor Oil Bean).	45
Helichrysum	50	Mexican Morning Glory Roots	55	Rocket	52
Helianthus	41	Mixtures of Flower Seeds	47	Salpiglossis	45
Heliotrope	41	Mignonette	42	Salvia	15
Helipterim	50	Mimulus	12	Saponaria.	45
Hibiscus		Mina Lobato	18	Sanvitalia	
Hollyhocks	51	Momordica	48	Scabiosa	45
Honesty	51	Moon Flower	48	Schizanthus	45
Hordeum (Squirrel Tail Grass)	50	Musa Ensete	53	Sensitive Plant.	45
Humulus	48	Myosotis	12	Silene	
Hyacinthus (Candicans)	55	Nasturtiums (Tom Thumb sorts)		Stevia Serrata	45
Ice Plant	42	Nasturtium (climbing)		Smilax	54
Ipomea (Bona Nox)	48	Nemophilia	43	Stipia Pennata	50
Ipema Mexicana	48	Nemophilia Nigelia (Love-in-Mist)	43	Stocks	46
Iris		Nicotiana	43	Stocks	52
Jacobea	42	Nolana		Sweet Peas	50
Laguras Ovatus	50	Oenothera	43	Sweet Sultan	45
Lantana	53	Ornamental Grasses	50	Sweet William	
Larkspur	42	Ornamental Gourds	48	Targetes (Lucida)	46
Lathyrus (Perennial Peas)	51	Oxalis (seed)	43	Thunbergia	
Lemon Verbena		Oxalis (bulbs)	55	Tigridia (bulbs)	
Lily of the Valley	55	Pæony Seed	51	Trifolium	46
Lily of the Valley (roots)	55	Pæony Roots		Tritoma (Red-Hot Poker)	
Linaria		Pansies	11	Tropæolum	
Linaria (Cymbalaria)	53	Passiflora (Passion Flower)	53	Trycholæna (rosea)	
Linum	42	Payaver (Perennial Poppies)	51	Tuberose (bulbs)	. 55
Lobelia	42	Pennisetum	50	Verbena	46
Love-in-a-Mist	12	Perennial Flowers 51,	52	Vinca	
Lupinus	42	Perilla	11	Vinca (Periwinkel)	. 54
Lynchnis		Petunias	11	Violet	46
Malope	42	Phlox	45	Violets (sweet)	
Marigold	42	Phlox (Perennial)		Viscaria	47
Marvel of Peru (Four O'clock)	42	Poppies	11	Wallflower	. 52
Martinia	42	Portulacca (Moss)	45	Xerantemum	50
Matricaria		Primula	51	Zinnias	47

A GOOD SELECTION OF BOOKS

SENT, PREPAID, ON RECEIPT OF PRICE.

HORTICULTURAL BOOKS.

HAND-BOOK OF PLANTS (Henderson's)..........\$4 00 LIVINGSTON AND THE TOMATO 1 00 Mushrooms, How to Grow Them (Falconer) 1 50 Onions for Profit (T. Greiner)..... Onions, How to Grow (T. Greiner)..... THE ONION BOOK (W. J. Jennings) 25 THE NEW ONION CULTURE (T. Greiner) 50 How to Destroy Insects 30 POPULAR FLOWERS AND HOW TO CULTIVATE Тнем 1 THE NEW POTATO CULTURE (E. S. Carman) ... Bres and Honey (Thos. G. Newman)...... Bulb Culture (Henderson) GARDENING FOR YOUNG AND OLD (J. Harris) 1 SPRAYING CROPS: WHY, WHEN AND HOW INJURIOUS INSECTS OF FARM AND GARDEN, Illustrated GRASSES AND FORAGE PLANTS..... GRASSES OF NORTH AMERICA, Profusely Illustrated...... 5 50 AMERICAN GRAPE GROWING AND WINE MAK-

ING

POULTRY BOOKS.

TOULINI BOOKS.
PROFITS IN POULTRY: USEFUL AND ORNA- MENTAL BREEDS AND THEIR PROFITABLE MANAGEMENT, Illustrated, Bound in Cloth, Gold and Colored
WRIGHT'S PRACTICAL POULTRY-KEEPER 2 50
FIVE HUNDRED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 35
Capons for Profit 50
Low Cost Poultry Houses
Wright's Illustrated Book of Poultry 5 50
Duck Culture 35
THE PLEASURES OF A PIGEON FANCIER 1 50
Pigeon Queries
THE MYSTERIES OF BEE-KEEPING EXPLAINED,
A Standard Book
TURKEYS AND How TO GROW THEM 1 25
HARRIS ON PIG BREEDING, REARING, MAN-
AGEMENT AND IMPROVEMENT 1 75
THE SHEPHERD'S MANUAL 1 75