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WOODLAWN NURSERIES

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ALLEN L. WOOD
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

This Catalog is Our Salesman

In presenting this edition of our catalog, we wish to extend to our customers thanks for past favors and solicit a continuance of their valued patronage.

SEND CASH WITH ORDER

We save our customers from 30 to 50% on their trees. Why should you pay agents' commissions or other people's bad debts? Compare our prices with those of any other reliable nursery. We do not sell cheap stock but good stock for less money.

How to Order—Make out your order on blank in back of catalog. Give full name and shipping directions. If directions are omitted we use our own judgment in shipping. Small orders go cheaper by express, large ones by freight. **Send payment with order**—procure a money order at your post office, draft from the nearest bank or send cash in REGISTERED LETTER.

Order Early—Our orders are shipped in rotation—order early and you get your stock early. If you want your order shipped on a certain date mark so plainly on your order.

Packing—We make no charge for boxing or packing—our goods are delivered FREE ON BOARD CARS HERE.

We Grow Our Stock and Can Guarantee It—Our trees are first-class in every respect. WE GUARANTEE THAT TREES, plants and other stock shall reach our customers safely and in GOOD CONDITION. Our stock is grown near Rochester, a section of the country which is widely famed for producing the finest trees. We have never had San Jose Scale or any other tree disease in our nurseries. Stock is inspected regularly by State Experts who issue a certificate of inspection, declaring trees free from all disease. We send you a copy of certificate with every order.

For Thirty-four Years we have striven toward building up a direct trade between grower and planter by straightforward, honest dealings and we are making many friends and permanent customers by our methods.

Our Responsibility—Inquire of any Commercial Agency, any bank or large business house in Rochester. Our best advertisements are our pleased customers. IF WE PLEASE YOU TELL YOUR FRIENDS, WE WILL TRY TO PLEASE THEM. While we take the greatest pains to have our stock genuine and reliable, we agree to replace, on proper proof all that may be untrue to name as labeled, and it is hereby mutually agreed that our replacing it, or offer to replace, shall operate as a liquidation of all damages.

Collections—This year we are making a great reduction on trees and plants when purchased as collections. There are many of these to pick from and they offer customers many opportunities to save money. We can make no changes in collections, as these are sorted and bundled where the trees are dug and sent to our packing and shipping sheds, saving us time and making it possible for us to offer them at a reduced rate.

Woodlawn Nurseries, Allen L. Wood



INDEX

Table with 3 columns: Item Name, PAGE, Item Name, PAGE, Item Name, PAGE. Lists various nursery items and their corresponding page numbers.

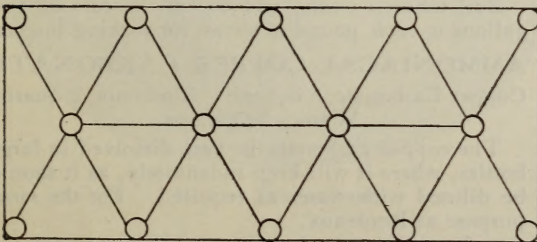
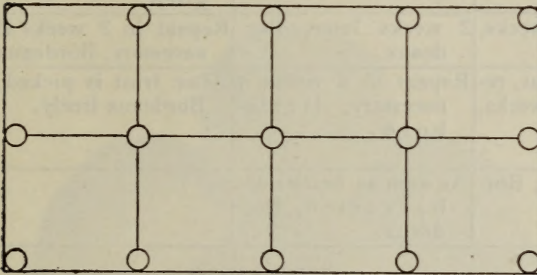
DISTANCE FOR PLANTING

Table listing planting distances for various items like Apples, Pears, Peaches, etc., with columns for item name and distance ranges.

Trees and Plants to the Acre

Table showing the number of trees or plants per acre based on different spacing distances (e.g., 2 feet each way, 3 feet each way, etc.).

To estimate the number of plants required for an acre, at any given distance, multiply the distance between the rows by the distance between the plants, which will give the number of square feet allotted to each plant, and divide the number of square feet in an acre (43,560) by this number, the quotient will be the number of plants required.



How to Lay Out an Apple Orchard

There are two ways, the old square and the new triangular. Below is shown the advantage of planting in the new way :

Comparison table between 'OLD' and 'NEW' planting methods, showing the number of trees planted at different distances (30 ft, 24 ft, 20 ft) and the resulting acreage.

Age at Which Apple Trees Begin to Fruit

Our fruit trees when shipped from the nursery are 2 years old. Peach trees are always 1 year old. The following list is not complete but it gives an idea to customers what varieties to select that will come into bearing quickly.

Two Years—Bismark, Duchess of Oldenburg, Rome Beauty.

Three Years — Grimes Golden, Keswick, Primate, Pewaukee, Williams Favorite.

Four Years—Arkansas Black, Ben Davis, Black Twig, Caroline Red June, Gano, Longfield, Mann, Maiden's Blush, Peerless, Tetofsky, Wagener, Wealthy, Yellow Transparent.

Five Years—Cooper's Market, Dominee, Fallawater, Fameuse, King, Munson's Sweet, McIntosh Red, Newtown Pippin, N. W. Greening, Pewaukee, Red Astrachan, Rawle's Janet, R. I. Greening, Sops of Wine, Stark, Twenty Ounce, Walter Pease, Wolf River, Winesap, York Imperial.

Seven to Nine Years—Baldwin, Belleflower, Early Beauty, Spitzenburg, Fall Pippin, Golden Russett, Gravenstein, Hubbardson Nonesuch, Mann, Mother, Northern Spy, Pumpkin Sweet, Russett, Rambo, Red Betigheimer, Stump, Sutton Beauty, Sweet Bough, Talman Sweet, Seek-no-Further.

Mr. Wood Recommends the Following List of Apples for the Different States.

FOR NEW ENGLAND, NEW YORK, PENNSYLVANIA, NEW JERSEY, INDIANA AND MICHIGAN :

- List of recommended apple varieties for New England, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Indiana and Michigan, including Banana, Bismark, Baldwin, Ben Davis, etc.

FOR ILLINOIS, WISCONSIN, MISSOURI, KANSAS, MINNESOTA, IOWA AND NEBRASKA, ALL HARDY :

- List of recommended apple varieties for Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Minnesota, Iowa and Nebraska, including Ben Davis, Dutchess, Fameuse, etc.

FOR DELAWARE, MARYLAND, VIRGINIA, WEST VIRGINIA, KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE :

- List of recommended apple varieties for Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, including Ben Davis, Dutchess, Gravenstein, etc.

FOR NORTH AND SOUTH DAKOTA, WYOMING AND MONTANA, ALL HARDY :

- List of recommended apple varieties for North and South Dakota, Wyoming and Montana, including Dutchess, Fameuse, N. W. Greening, etc.



SPRAYING

THE necessity of spraying is acknowledged by all authorities as being one of the requirements of successful fruit growing. An enormous amount of money has been spent during the last few years in every state in the Union for the study of sprays and mixtures and the value of each. Spraying not only insures better fruit, but more of it, greatly increasing its quality and value.

TABLE FOR SPRAYING

	1st Application	2d Application	3d Application	4th Application
Apple	Before buds start, Copper Sulphate solution and Arsenite.	After the blossoms have formed but before they open.	Within a week after the blossoms fall, Bordeaux Mixture and Arsenite.	2 weeks later, Bordeaux Mixture and Arsenite.
Cherry	Before buds open, Bordeaux.	When the fruit has set, Bordeaux.	2 weeks later, Bordeaux or Kerosene.	2 weeks later if necessary, Bordeaux and Arsenite.
Pears	Before buds open, Bordeaux.	When the blossoms have formed but before they open, Bordeaux or Kerosene.	Within a week after the blossoms fall, Bordeaux or Kerosene.	Repeat in 2 weeks if necessary, Bordeaux Mixture or Kerosene.
Plums	Before buds open, Bordeaux. <i>Black Knots should</i>	As soon as the blossoms fall, Bordeaux. <i>be cut off and burned</i>	2 weeks later, Bordeaux or Paris green. <i>whenever found.</i>	Repeat at intervals of 2 weeks if necessary.
Peaches	Very early before April 1st, Copper Sulphate.	2 weeks later, Bordeaux.	When the fruit is set, Copper Sulphate.	Repeat in 2 weeks if rot appears, Copper Sulphate.
Quince	Before buds open.	When fruit is set.	2 weeks later.	3 weeks later.
Raspberry Blackberries Etc.	Before buds open, Bordeaux.	When new canes are a foot high, Bordeaux.	2 weeks later, Bordeaux.	
Grapes	Before buds open, Copper Sulphate and Paris green.	When the leaves are half grown, Paris green.	When the fruit is set, Paris green.	Repeat in 3 weeks if necessary, Paris green.
Gooseberries	As leaves open, Bordeaux.	Repeating in 2 weeks, Bordeaux.	2 weeks later, Bordeaux.	Repeat in 2 weeks if necessary, Bordeaux
Currants	As soon as worms are found on lower and inner leaves. Bordeaux.	If worms reappear, repeat in 2 weeks, Bordeaux.	Repeat in 4 weeks if necessary, Hellebore.	After fruit is picked, Bordeaux freely.
Strawberries	Just as the blossoms open, Bordeaux.	After fruit is set, Bordeaux.	As soon as berries are harvested, Bordeaux.	

BORDEAUX MIXTURE

Copper Sulphate - - - 6 pounds
Quicklime - - - - 4 pounds
Water - - - - - 45 gallons

To destroy leaf-eating insects, add four ounces of Paris green. For Peach, use three pounds each of copper sulphate and lime, and three ounces of Paris green, on account of the tenderness of the foliage.

We recommend crude petroleum, 20 to 25% with water, for Apples, Pears, Plums, etc., and whale-oil soap, full strength and quantity, for Peaches.

ARSENITE OF LEAD

Arsenite of Lead, 1 lb. Water, 150 gallons.

HELLEBORE

Fresh White Hellebore, 1 oz. Water, 3 gallons.

KEROSENE EMULSION

Hard Soap - - - - - ½ pound
Boiling Water - - - - - 1 gallon
Kerosene - - - - - 2 gallons

TOBACCO

Boil tobacco stems, and use at the rate of two gallons to each pound of stems, for sucking insects.

AMMONIACAL COPPER CARBONATE

Copper Carbonate, 5 ounces. Ammonia, 2 quarts. Water, 50 gallons.

The copper carbonate is best dissolved in large bottles, where it will keep indefinitely, as it should be diluted with water as required. For the same purpose as Bordeaux.

COPPER SULPHATE SOLUTION

Copper sulphate, 1 pound. Water, 25 gallons.

This should be used only before the foliage appears. It is easily applied, and acts as a general germicide and disinfectant. In simple solution copper sulphate is very injurious to foliage. When lime is added, as in making Bordeaux mixture, its corrosive action is neutralized and injury to the foliage prevented. In this way a larger quantity of bluestone may be used, and it adheres to the foliage better by the agency of lime.



APPLES

THIS is rightly called the "King of all Fruits." Its season extends nearly the entire year. The trees should be planted on elevated ground rather than in a hollow or low ground and they require fertile soil, such as is needed for corn and wheat. There is no farm crop which, on the average, will produce one-fourth as much income per acre as will an orchard. Following is a list of the best varieties of Apples, together with a short description of each.

PRICES OF APPLE AND CRABS, (except otherwise noted)

	Each	Ten	Fifty	Hundred
Largest size XXX, 5 to 7 ft.	35c	\$3.00	\$14.00	\$27.50
Medium size, XX, 5 to 6 ft.	25c	2.25	11.00	22.00
Smaller size, X, 4 to 5 ft.	20c	1.80	8.00	15.00

All trees carefully graded and first-class in their sizes.

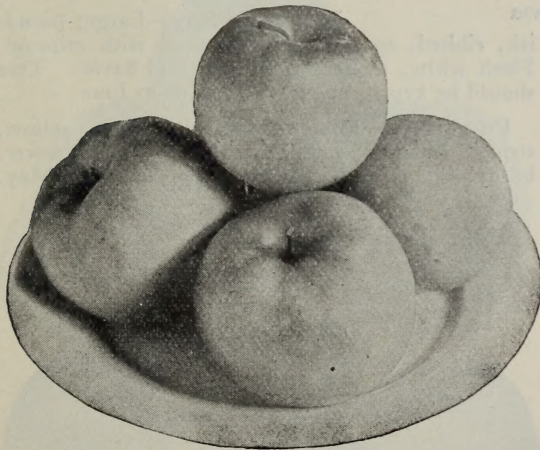
SUMMER APPLES

Early Harvest—Medium size; pale yellow, with a mild fine flavor and popular as a desert and cooking Apple. Ripens early and is long in season. Very productive. Middle to end of August.

Early Strawberry (Red Strawberry) — Good bearer, fruit medium size, mostly covered with deep red. Tender, mild flavor. Middle to end of August.

Red Astrachan—Tree hardy and regular bearer. Fruit large, roundish, crimson; first rate quality. Very early. July and August.

Sweet Bough—Large, pale yellow, tender and sweet; a desirable eating Apple; productive. August.



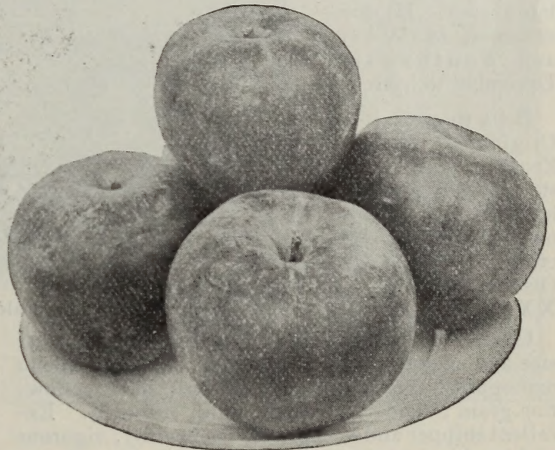
Yellow Transparent

Yellow Transparent—Very early Russian Apple; good quality and decided merit. Color when ripe pale yellow. Earliest of all Apples, of a mild, pleasant yet sprightly flavor. It bears abundantly and at an extremely early age. Three year trees in the nursery rows frequently produce fine fruit. It should be in every home garden.

William's Favorite—Medium, roundish; flesh yellowish-white; flavor mild and pleasant. Abundant bearer. Popular in Massachusetts. August to September.

AUTUMN APPLES

Alexander—A Russian Apple; very large deep red or crimson; extremely hardy. Ripens Sept. and Oct. Price, XXX, 40c; XX, 30c; X, 25c.



Duchess of Oldenburg

Duchess of Oldenburg—A Russian Apple, medium to large size; skin yellow streaked with red; flesh white, juicy and slightly sub-acid, ripening in Fall. Vigorous grower, bears abundantly when young; very hardy. Is valuable in extreme North or South. September.

Fall Pippin (Pound Pippin)—Very large, yellow, tender, juicy and rich. Fine in all localities; tree vigorous. September and October.

Fameuse (Snow)—Medium size, roundish, very handsome, deep crimson; flesh snowy white, tender, juicy, high flavored and delicious. Does well in the North. Valuable for market. November to January.

Gravenstein—Large, striped and beautiful; tender, juicy and high flavored; very productive. September to October.

Maiden's Blush—Medium size, flat, quite smooth and fair; pale yellow with beautiful red cheek. Tender, sprightly, pleasant acid flavor. Tree vigorous and productive. Good market variety. September and October.



AUTUMN APPLES—(Continued)

Non Pareil—Medium to large, roundish; deep yellow overspread with bright red; flesh firm, crisp, sub-acid. October and November.

Pumpkin Sweet—Large, round, Russet Apple, sweet and crisp. Vigorous, rapid, upright grower. September to November.

Red Bietigheimer—German variety. Fruit large, pale green color. Flesh white, sub-acid. Abundant bearer. Early Fall. September.

St. Lawrence—Large, yellowish, striped with red. Flesh is white and of good quality. Valuable in Canada and Northern States. October.

Walter Pease—Very showy. Flesh white, good quality; mild, juicy, sub-acid. Vigorous and productive. Hardy in the North. September and October.

WINTER APPLES

Baldwin—Large, roundish, deep bright red; juicy, crisp, sub-acid. Tree vigorous, upright and very productive. Very popular in most of the Northern States and Canada. January to April.

Ben Davis (New York Pippin), (Kentucky Streak), etc.—Large, roundish, yellow. Striped and of good quality; late keeper. Highly esteemed in West and Southwest. December to March.

Bismarck—Originated in New Zealand; tree short, stocky; fruit large, handsome, yellow overspread with crimson. Good keeper. October to January. Price, XXX, 40c; XX, 30c; X, 25c.

Gano—Originated in Missouri. Fruit good size and smooth; deep red, shaded on sunny side to mahogany; very attractive. Flesh pale yellow, fine grain; tender, pleasant, mild, sub-acid. Excellent shipper and keeper. Tree healthy, vigorous and hardy; annual and productive bearer. January to May.

Golden Russet—Medium size; very tender, juicy and rich. Vigorous grower, good bearer; hardy and very popular. November to April.

Grimes Golden—Medium; rich golden yellow; tender, juicy and rich. Thrifty, upright grower; early bearer; tree hardy. November to April.

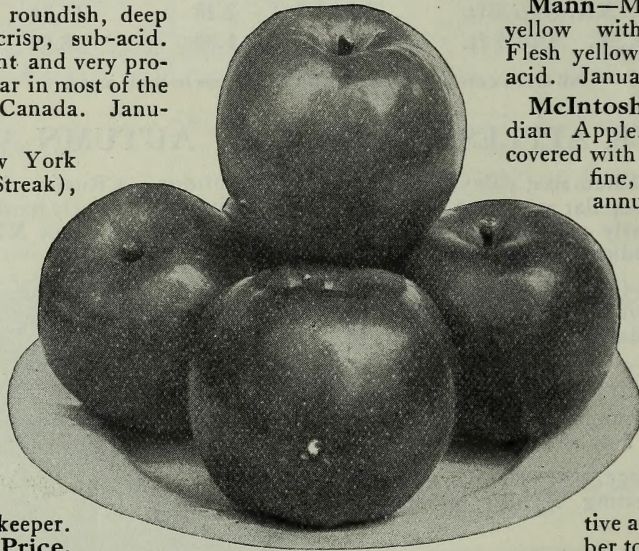
Hubbardson Nonesuch—Large, striped yellow and red. Flesh yellow, juicy and tender. Finest quality and very valuable. Strong grower, bears regularly. November to January.

Johnathan—Medium size. Fruit red; flesh tender and juicy. Productive. November to March.

King (King of Tompkins County)—Large, red. Flesh rather coarse, juicy, tender, with a rich flavor. Very valuable market Apple; one of the best. Abundant annual bearer. December to March.

Longfield—Hardy Russian Apple; early bearer; fruit medium. Flesh rich, sub-acid. December to March.

Mammoth Black Twig—One of the most profitable and valuable varieties. Resembles Wine-sap, only a third larger. December to April.



Baldwin

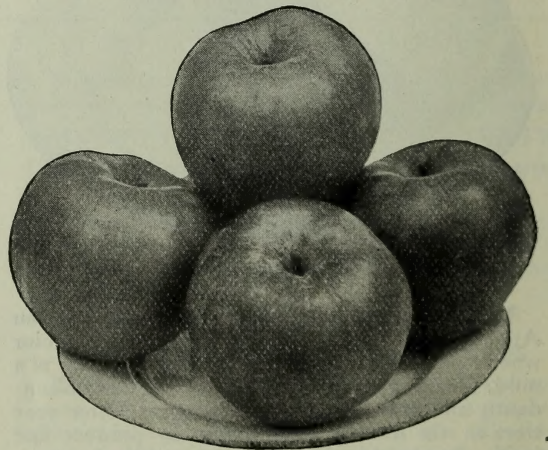
Mann—Medium to large; deep yellow with brownish-red side. Flesh yellowish, juicy, mild, sub-acid. January to June.

McIntosh Red—Hardy Canadian Apple. Medium, nearly covered with dark red; flesh white, fine, tender, juicy. Good annual bearer. November to February. Price, XXX, 40c; XX, 30c; X, 25c.

North Western Greening—Originated in Wisconsin. Tree straight, thrifty grower, very hardy. Early and annual bearer. Fruit large, smooth, yellowish-green. Very attractive and desirable. November to May.

Northern Spy—Large, roundish, ribbed, speckled and covered with crimson. Flesh white, tender, mild sub-acid flavor. Tree should be kept pruned. December to June.

Pewaukee—Medium, round, bright yellow, striped with red; juicy, sub-acid. Strong grower, hardy; valuable North and South. January to May.



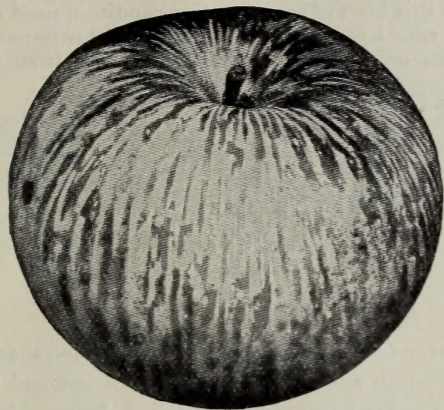
Northern Spy

Rhode Island Greening—Large, roundish, greenish-yellow; tender, rich and juicy. Vigorous grower. November to March.



WINTER APPLES—(Continued)

Peerless—Originated in Minnesota. Quality of the fruit is excellent. For a severe climate, where we require hardy, blight-proof and productive trees, the apple that most nearly meets the requirements is the Peerless. Each, 40c; doz., \$4.50.

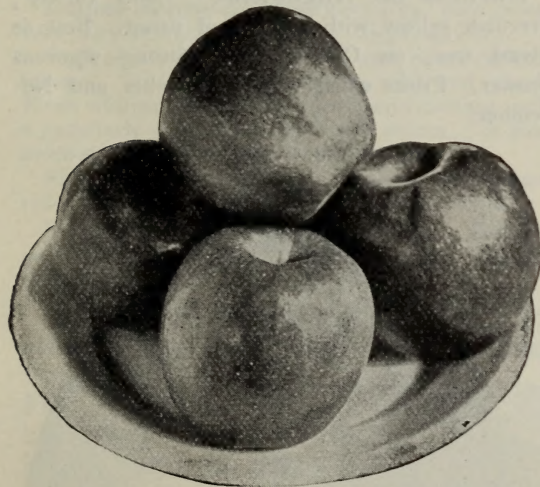


Peerless

Rome Beauty—Large, yellow and bright red; medium quality; moderate grower; good bearer. December to May.

Roxbury Russet (Boston Russet) — Large, greenish yellow, covered with bright russet; moderately juicy, sub-acid. January to June.

Spitzenberg—Medium, deep red; flesh yellow, sub-acid. Poor grower. November to April. Price, XXX, 40c; XX, 30c; X, 25c.



Stark

Stark—Esteemed as a long keeper and valuable market variety. Fruit large, roundish; skin greenish-yellow. Shaded from light to dark red. Flesh yellowish, juicy and mild, sub-acid. Jan. to May.

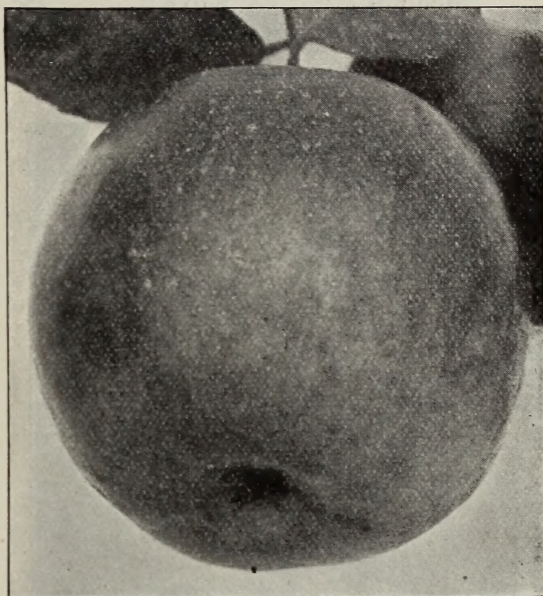
Stayman Winesap—Medium, yellowish-green; flesh tinged with yellow; tender, juicy, sub-acid. December to May.

Sutton Beauty—Large, roundish; skin waxen-yellow, striped with crimson. Flesh tender, sub-acid. Good quality and remarkable keeper. Tree vigorous grower; very productive. Valuable market variety. December and January.

Tolman Sweet—Medium, pale yellow, fine grained; very sweet. Hardy and productive. November to April.

Wagener—Medium, roundish; deep red in the sun; flesh firm, sub-acid and excellent. Tree very vigorous and productive; bears very young. November to February.

Wealthy—Originated in Minnesota. Hardy, vigorous and very productive. Fruit large, yellow shaded with red. Flesh white stained with red; juicy and sub-acid. Does well in nearly all sections. Most desirable Fall and early Winter variety. Extremely hardy. October to February.



Wagener

Winter Banana—Very handsome, golden-yellow, tinted red on sunny side. Flesh yellowish-white, tender, mild, sub-acid. Resembling a banana. Bears young. January to July. Price, XXX, 40c; XX, 30c; X, 25c.

Wolf River—Fruit large, greenish-yellow. Flesh white, tender and juicy, sub-acid. Strong grower, good bearer. January to February.

York Imperial—Medium; white shaded with crimson; flesh juicy, mild, sub-acid. Tree vigorous and productive. Highly esteemed. November to February.

Extra Hardy or Iron Clad Apples

Summer—TETOFOSKY, YELLOW TRANSPARENT.

Autumn—ALEXANDER, DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG, FAMEUSE, RED BETIGHEIMER.

Winter—ARKANSAS BLACK, BAXTER, GANO, GRIMES GOLDEN, LONGFIELD, MANN, MCINTOSH RED, PEERLESS, WEALTHY, WOLF RIVER.



STANDARD PEARS

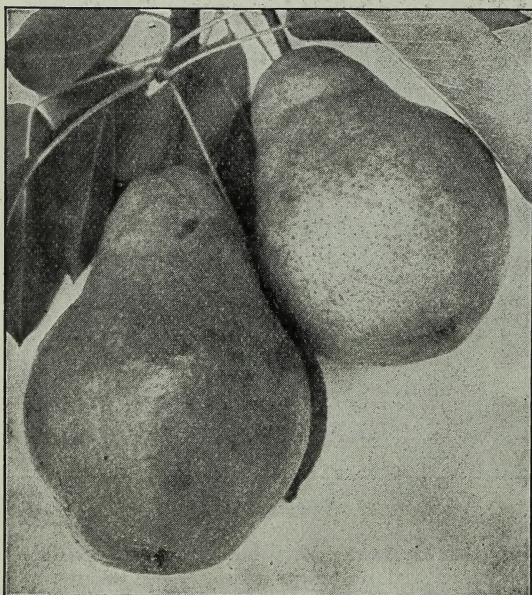
PEARS do best in a strong loam, but succeed well in a variety of soils and on almost any land that will produce good vegetables or grain. There is always a greater demand than supply of Pears of all varieties. Bartlett is, of course, the leading Pear and calls for the highest price in the market. By a careful selection of varieties the Pear season can be extended from July to February. Pear growing has been checked until lately by blight, which has affected this kind of tree, but this condition need not exist in the future. Dr. Waite, a practical Pear specialist, who has done much for the industry in the West, has shown that this blight can be controlled. Bulletins on this subject may be secured from the Department of Agriculture at Washington.

Following is a list of the best known varieties of Pears and prices of each:

PRICES ON STANDARD PEARS

	Each	Ten	Fifty	Hundred
Largest size, XXX, 6 to 7 ft.	30c	\$2.75	\$12.50	\$25.00
Medium size, XX, 5 to 6 ft.	25c	2.40	10.50	20.00
Smaller size, X, 4 to 5 ft.	20c	1.75	6.50	12.00

SUMMER PEARS



Bartlett

Bartlett—One of the popular Pears. Large, irregular in form; clear yellow with often a beautiful blush next the sun. Very juicy and highly flavored. Tree a strong grower; bears abundantly. Very popular. Middle to last of September.

Buffum—Medium; deep yellow; flesh white, sweet, excellent flavor. Ripens end of September. Should be picked two weeks before.

Clapp's Favorite—Large; pale lemon-yellow, fine grained, juicy, melting, rich and buttery. Earlier than Bartlett. Very hardy. Good grower and very productive. In season during August and September. Fruit should be picked ten days before it would ripen on the trees.

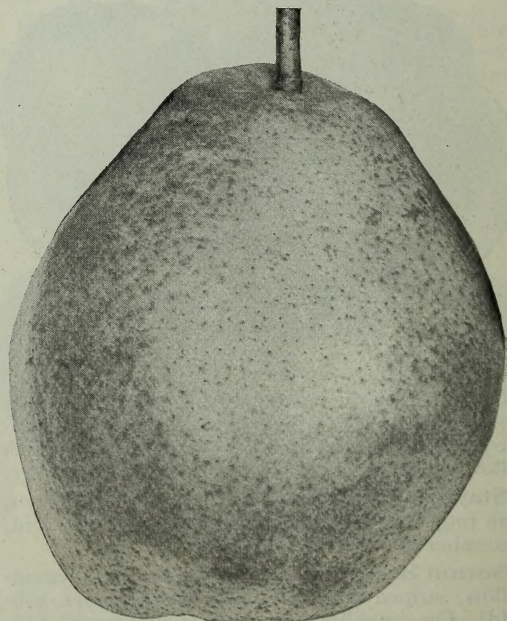
Koonce—Fruit large, tender and sweet, fine flavor. Free from blight; good grower and hardy. July.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Beurre Clairgeau—Large; light yellow, shaded with crimson and russet. Very handsome and attractive. Flesh yellowish, melting. Keeps a long time after being gathered. Free, early, abundant bearer. Valuable market fruit. November to January.

Beurre de Anjou—Excellent market variety. Fruit large, light green, russet and red checked; rich, melting, excellent flavor. Fine grower; good keeper. Productive. One of the finest Pears. October and November.

Duchess de Angouleme—Good variety; greenish yellow with patches of russet. Best as dwarf tree, on Quince root. Strong vigorous grower. Fruits when young. October and November.



Duchess



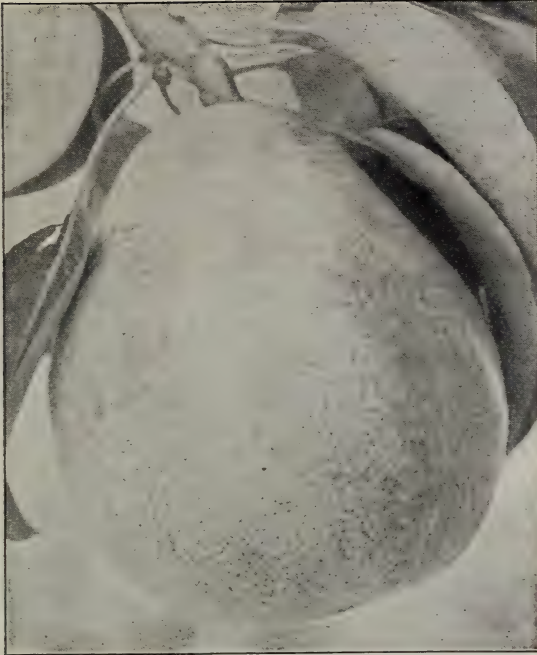
STANDARD PEARS—(Continued)

WINTER PEARS

Dana's Hovey—Medium to small. Rich cinnamon russet. Melting, buttery, juicy. Hardy, vigorous, productive. Ripens in December, keeps till February.

Lincoln Coreless—Good grower, hardy and free from disease. Usually no core or seeds. Very large, highly colored and handsome; flesh yellow.

Mount Vernon—Medium, bright russet; flesh yellow and juicy. Early and abundant bearer. Midwinter.



Beurre de Anjou

Flemish Beauty—Large size; greenish-yellow and brown; large spots of russet; rich and juicy. Old and highly esteemed variety. A strong grower and great bearer; hardy. October and November.

Louise Bonne de Jersey—Large, pale green; very juicy and excellent flavor. Sept. to Oct.

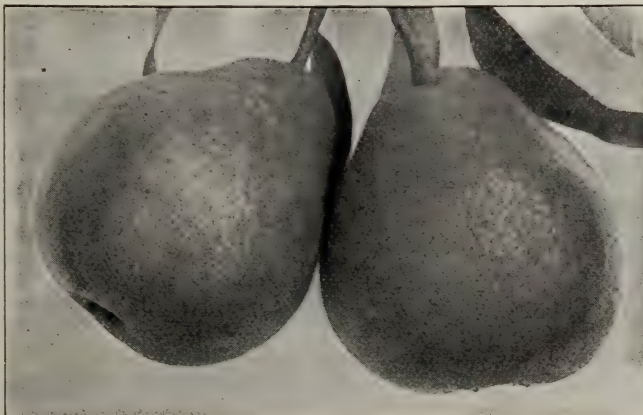
Seckel—One of the richest and finest varieties known. Small yellowish-russet, with red cheek. Flesh whitish, buttery, very juicy and melting, with a peculiarly rich, spicy flavor and aroma. A most prolific bearer. September and October.

Sheldon—Medium size; round; russet and red. Fine for desert. October and November.

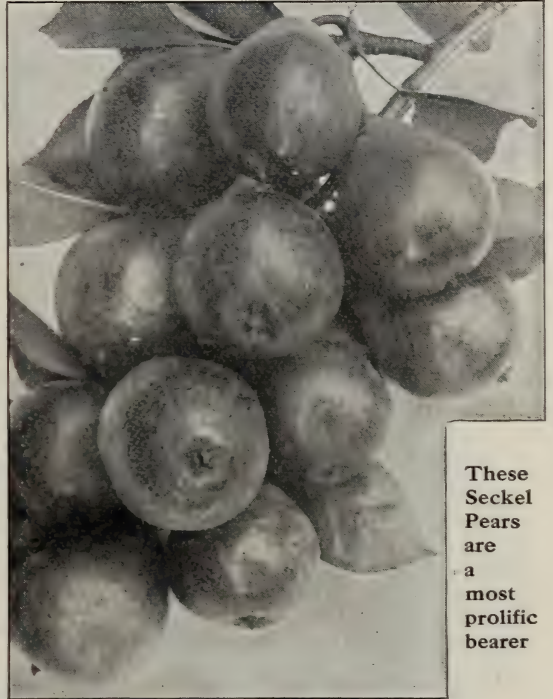
Vermont Beauty—Medium; flesh melting, good quality; hardy and very productive. October and November.

KIEFFER HYBRID—Large, rich yellow, tinged with red, somewhat russet.

Very handsome. Flesh is white, buttery and juicy. Very valuable for canning purposes. Commands the highest price on the market. Tree is a vigorous grower, early and regular bearer, extremely hardy. Immensely productive; bears young. Sept. to Nov.



Kieffer Hybrid



These Seckel Pears are a most prolific bearer

DWARF PEARS

Profit—It is claimed that there is more money in Dwarf Pears at \$1.00 per barrel than in Apples at \$2.00.

PRICES OF DWARF PEARS:

	Each	Ten	Fifty	Hundred
3 to 4 ft., XXX,	25c	\$2.00	\$7.50	\$15.00
2 to 3 ft., XX,	20c	1.50	6.00	12.00

BEST DWARF VARIETIES:

Bartlett—Summer.

Beurre de Anjou—Winter.

Clapp's Favorite—Very early.

Duchess—Late Fall, fine.

Howell—Early Fall.

Seckel—Late Fall.



PLUMS

THE Plum does best on a strong clay soil, dry and well drained. Here it grows the most thriftily and with cultivation suffers least from "Curculio" or "Black Knot." There is little trouble in keeping the trees free from insects and disease. After the blossoms have fallen spread a sheet on the ground under the tree. Then jar the tree so as to shake down the stung fruit and insects. These should be burned. This should be done every day for a week or more and it is important that it is done early in the morning.

Following is a list of the more common and market varieties of Plums and a description of each, together with prices.

PRICES ON PLUMS

	Each	Ten	Fifty	Hundred
Largest size, XXX, 6 to 7 ft.	30c	\$2.75	\$11.00	\$22.00
Medium size, XX, 5 to 6 ft.	25c	2.00	8.75	17.50
Smaller size, X, 4 to 5 ft.	20c	1.75	6.50	12.00

All trees carefully graded and first-class in their sizes.

Bradshaw—Very large; dark violet red. Flesh juicy and of fine quality. Tree vigorous and productive. Valuable for market. August.



Bradshaw

Desota—Medium; bright red. Sweet and rich. Hardy and productive. Popular in West and North.

Fellemburg—Medium; dark blue. Rich and juicy. Fine for drying. Last of September.

German Prune—Large, long oval; dark purple. Flesh fine quality, rich and juicy. Very



German Prune

best Plum for drying. Tree upright grower and vigorous. The most productive variety. Ripe in September. Price, XXX, 35c; XX, 30c; X, 25c.

Gueii—Very large; deep bluish-purple. Flesh yellowish and sweet. A great early bearer. Hardy and rapid grower. September.

Imperial Gage—Medium size; yellow, juicy, rich. Productive and strong grower. August.



Lombard

Lombard—One of the most popular of all Plums. Medium size; violet-red. Flesh yellow and juicy. Tree very vigorous; good bearer. September.

Monarch—Large, roundish-oval; purplish-blue. Freestone. Good quality for home or the market. October.

Moore's Arctic—Medium; purplish-black. Juicy and sweet. Very hardy. August.

Pond's Seedling—A magnificent Plum; light red changing to violet. Flesh rather coarse. Vigorous grower and most abundant bearer. One of the most popular in cultivation.

Prunus Simoni—Chinese Plum. Brick red color. Flesh yellow. Erect. Flowers small and white. Makes a handsome ornamental tree for lawns. October.



PLUMS—(Continued)

Reine Claude—Very large; fine flavor; roundish-oval. Greenish marked with red in the sun. Last of September.

Shropshire Damson—An English variety; fine for preserving. Larger and much more desirable than the common Damson. Very reliable and abundant bearer. Tree vigorous grower and very hardy. October. Price, XXX, 35c; XX, 30c; X, 25c.



Shropshire Damson

Shippers Pride—Large, nearly round; dark purple; very showy. Quality fine; juicy and sweet. Unusually good shipper. Very hardy and productive. Ripens from first to middle of September.

Yellow Egg—Very large and beautiful. A little coarse; excellent for cooking. Tree vigorous and productive. August.

Weaver—Large; purple. Very prolific, fine quality; good bearer. Extremely hardy. Sept.



Our Two-Year-Old Plum Trees

JAPANESE

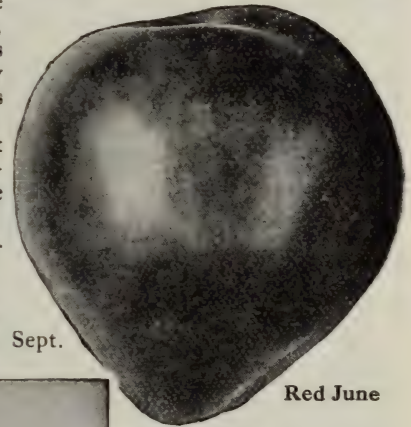
Abundance—Fruit large, showy and good; best of the Japan varieties. Amber colored, turning to bright cherry red. Flesh light yellow, juicy, tender, delicious. Freestone. Strong upright grower. Immensely productive. August.



Burbank

Burbank—Very similar to Abundance, but of deeper color and ripening from ten to fourteen days later. Tree spreading, vigorous grower; very hardy, bears very young. One of the best market varieties. Late August.

Hale—Upright grower; fruit large, bright orange. Ripens in Sept.



Red June

Red June—Fruit medium to large; dark red. Flesh light yellow, slightly sub-acid. Tree hardy, upright and productive. First of August.

October Purple—Fruit large; dark maroon; fine flavor. Tree good grower. Middle of September.

Satsuma—Large; purplish red; flesh juicy, dark red. Hardy and vigorous. August.

Wickson—Large; carmine. Stone small; flesh sweet. September.



CHERRIES

THE CHERRY being a very hardy tree will thrive on nearly any good soil, but does best in a warm, dry, sandy, gravelly or clay loam. The most important thing is to have the soil dry; no other fruit is so greatly injured by excessive moisture as is the Cherry.

The Cherry is one of the most profitable, if not the most profitable of all the fruits that are grown. More and more the fruit growers of the country are taking up its culture and enormous profits are being realized from young orchards.

This variety of fruit trees requires so little care and cultivation that there is practically no cost or labor to keep up an orchard. Hence greater profits from the fruit.

Cherries are divided into two classes, sweet and sour; sweets being called Hearts and Biggarreaus, the sours Dukes and Morellos. The sweets attain a larger size than the sours but are not as hardy and are more likely to be injured by bursting of the bark.

We have for sale this Spring some of the finest blocks of Cherries ever offered, and the prices we are quoting, ought to make this a record Cherry year.

PRICES ON CHERRIES

	Each	Ten	Fifty	Hundred
Largest size, XXX,	25c	\$2.00	\$8.00	\$15.00
Medium size, XX,	20c	1.50	6.50	12.00
Smaller size, X,	15c	1.25	4.50	8.00

SWEET

Black Eagle—Large; deep purple, tender, rich and highly flavored. Tree vigorous, hardy and moderately productive. Early in July.

Early Purple Guigne—Small to medium; purple, tender, juicy and sweet. Fine grower. First to middle of June.

Elton—Large, pointed; pale yellow nearly covered with light red. Flesh rather firm, juicy and excellent. Vigorous and productive. Last of June.

Governor Wood—One of the finest light colored Cherries. Fruit roundish and light yellow nearly covered with red. Tree vigorous and productive. Fruit hangs well on tree. Last of June.

Mercer—Tree a good grower. Very hardy and profuse bearer. Fruit dark red. Season early.

Napoleon Biggarreau (Royal Ann)—Largest size; pale yellow with bright red cheek. Flesh firm, juicy, excellent flavor. Tree vigorous and very productive. Fine canner. Ripe early in July. (See front cover).



Black Tartarian

Black Tartarian—Very large; purplish-black. Tender; flavor mild and pleasant. Tree is remarkably vigorous, erect and beautiful grower. Immense bearer. Ripens last of June and beginning of July. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country. (See front cover).

Coe's Transparent—Medium; pale amber, red and mottled next the sun. Tender, sweet and fine. One of the best. Vigorous and very prolific. Ripe end of June.

Downer's Late—Large; light red. Flesh tender, melting and excellent. Tree very hardy, vigorous and uniformly productive. Middle of July.



Governor Wood



CHERRIES—(Continued)



Early Richmond

EARLY RICHMOND—One of the most popular of acid Cherries. Not surpassed for hardiness and cooking purposes. Fruit medium size, round, dark red. Flesh melting, juicy and acid. Tree slender; greatest bearer. Fruit ripens in June. (See front cover).

Rockport Biggarreau—Large; pale amber, light red in sun. Flesh firm, sweet and excellent. Tree vigorous, erect and productive. Ripe in June.

Schmidt's Biggarreau—Good size; rich deep black. Flesh dark, tender, juicy. Abundant bearer. Good table Cherry.

Windsor—Introduced from Canada. Tree hardy, very vigorous and prolific. Very valuable late variety for family or market use. Fruit large, liver color. Flesh remarkably firm and of fine quality. Trees grows rapidly and comes into bearing at an early age. Ripe in July. (See front cover).

Yellow Spanish—Large; pale yellow, with bright red cheek in the sun. Flesh firm, juicy, rich and highly flavored. Tree vigorous, excellent bearer. Very popular. July.

SOUR

Baldwin—Fruit very large, very dark yet almost transparent, Flavor slightly sub-acid. Sweetest and richest of the Morello type. Early, vigorous, very productive.

Dyehouse—Partakes of both the Duke and Morello in wood and fruit. Very early and sure bearer. Ripens a week before Early Richmond. Better quality and quite as productive.

English Morello—Large; dark red, nearly black. Tender, juicy, sub-acid. Tree dwarf and slender. Very valuable. July.

Louis Phillippe—Large; rich dark red. Flesh red, tender, juicy; mild, sub-acid flavor. Extra hardy. Vigorous grower and very productive.

Lutovka—Vigorous grower; fruit firm, good quality, acid. Very productive.

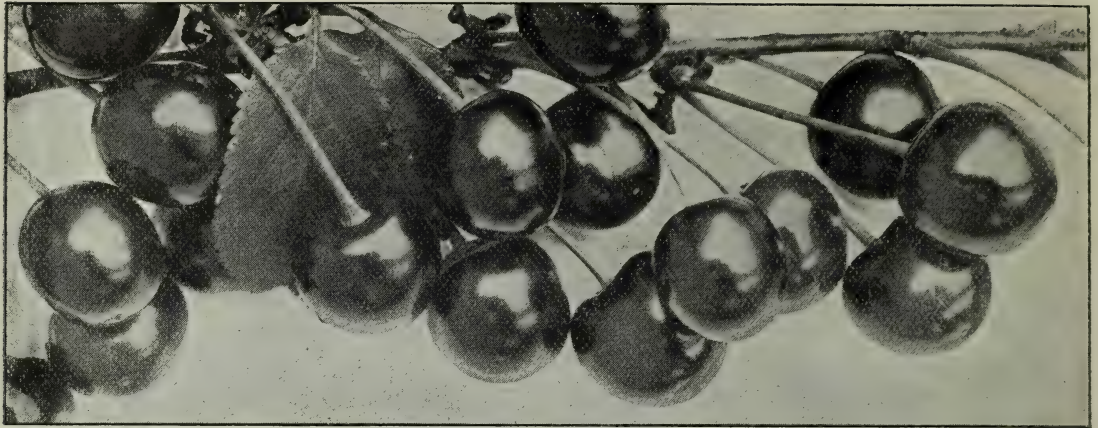
May Duke—Large, heart shaped, deep red. Sub-acid, rich. Tree hardy, vigorous, fruitful. Very productive. Ripens over a long period. June.



Windsor Cherries



CHERRIES—(Continued)



Montmorency

Montmorency—Good size, fine flavored, bright, clear, shining red. Tree very hardy and immense bearer; commences to fruit while very young. Very hardy; valuable in Northern latitudes. Fruit ripens about a week later than Early Richmond.

Olivet—One of the most popular varieties. Fruit large, shining, deep red; tender, rich, mild, sub-acid. Largest of the sour varieties. Table fruit as well as canner. We recommend this as one of the best of all Cherries.

Ostheime—Large, roundish. Flesh liver color; tender, juicy, mild, sub-acid. Very hardy. Ripens middle of July.

Reine Hortense—Very large; bright red, tender, juicy; nearly sweet. Tree vigorous and productive. Ripens last of July.

Wragg—Large; bright red. Stalk very long. Rich. Most valuable late Cherry.

Having several large blocks of Cherry Trees, about 165,000 trees in all to dispose of this year, we are offering them at a very low price. This bargain will last only until lot is sold, no longer. We advise our customers to order early and take advantage of this opportunity. Trees are all two years old, carefully graded and first-class in their sizes. We take great pleasure in offering these trees and have prepared for a rush of orders from customers who will take advantage of this offer.



Cherry Orchard



PEACHES

PEACH growing is to-day a great industry and there are a great many young orchards being planted throughout the country. The ease with which these trees may be cultivated, their freedom from disease, the short period before they become productive, together with the immense demand for the fruit and the facility with which it may be shipped to markets, make Peach growing extremely profitable.

To secure healthy, vigorous and fruitful trees the ground must be kept clean and mellow, and should receive an occasional dressing of wood ashes.

To keep the trees in good shape it is necessary that they should be pruned yearly, all the dead and useless wood cut out and light and air let in.

Following is a list of the more common and most profitable varieties of Peaches.

PRICES ON PEACHES

	Each	Ten	Fifty	Hundred
Largest size, XXX, 4 to 6 ft.	25c	\$2.00	\$7.50	\$15.00
Medium size, XX, 3 to 4 ft.	20c	1.50	6.00	12.00
Smaller size, X, 2 to 3 ft.	15c	1.25	4.00	8.00

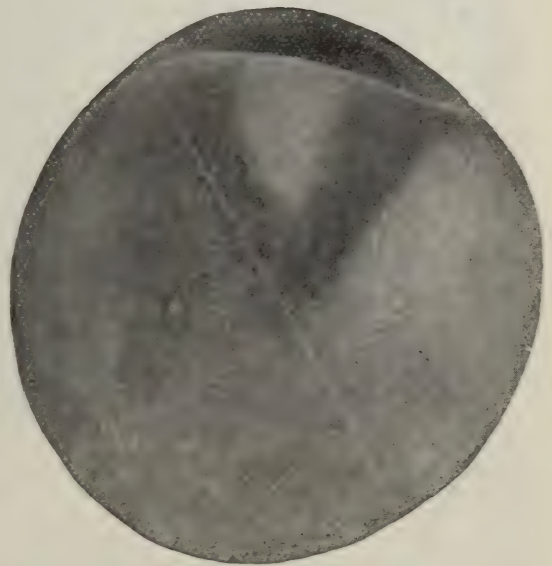
Alpha—A chance seedling found growing in Rochester, N. Y. Two weeks earlier than Early Crawford and much larger. Flesh white, tinged with pink; juicy, highest quality. Freestone. Tree vigorous and strong. Price, XXX, 30c; XX, 25c; X, 20c.

Carman—New, hardy, rot-proof Peach. Large, oblong; pale yellow with deep blush. Skin tough. Juicy and fine flavor. Very hardy and productive. Clingstone. August.

Champion—Very large; some specimens over ten inches in circumference. Hardy and productive. Freestone. Ripens in August.

Crawford Early—Very large; yellow with red cheek. Flesh yellow, rich, sweet and luscious. Very vigorous and productive. One of the best early yellow Peaches. Early September. Freestone.

Crawford Late—Fruit large size; yellow with dull red cheek. Flesh yellow. Tree vigorous and productive. One of the finest late sorts. Last of September. Freestone.



Elberta

Elberta—Among Peaches Elberta takes the lead for beauty, size and quality. Larger than Crawford's early. One of the finest yellow freestone Peaches. Follows Early Crawford. Best market Peach known.

Fitzgerald—Native seedling; larger than Crawford. Freestone, best quality. Great bearer; fruits very young; nearly always second year after planting. Valuable in North. Ripens after Crawford Early.

Foster—Resembles the Early Crawford in general character and appearance. Freestone.

Globe—Rapid, vigorous grower and an enormous bearer. Fruit very large. Flesh firm, juicy, yellow crimson near pit. Fine quality, freestone. September.

Hill's Chili—Medium; deep yellow shaded with dark red. Hardy, vigorous and productive. Good market variety. First of September. Freestone.



Crawford Early

Chair's Choice—Deep yellow, red cheek. Flesh yellow. Ripens in October. Freestone.

Crosby—Large; yellow, extremely delicious. Tree hardy and productive. Middle of September.

Early Rivers—Large; pale, straw yellow, delicate pink cheek. Middle of August. Freestone.



PEACHES—(Continued)

Kalamazoo—Large; yellow; good quality. Very productive. Popular in Michigan.

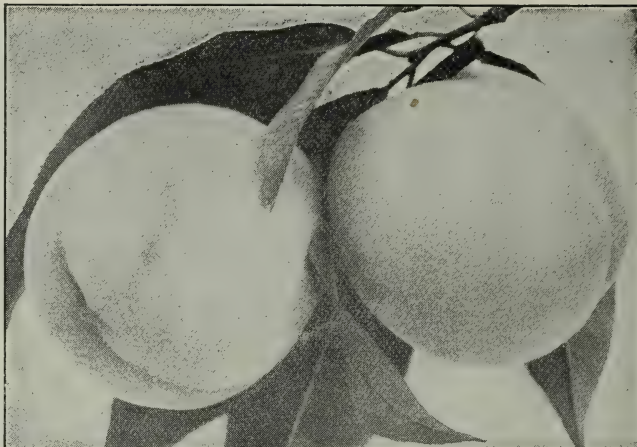
Lamonte—Large, yellow, freestone; good quality. Tree vigorous, productive and free from disease. Two weeks later than Elberta.

Mountain Rose—Large; red. Flesh white, excellent; one of the best early Peaches. Should be in every collection. Freestone. First of August.

Niagara—Originated in Western New York; surpasses Elberta and Crawford in flavor, color, quality and vigor. Ripens between Crawford and Elberta.

Salway—Large; deep yellow, red cheek. Flesh yellow, juicy. October. Freestone.

Smock—Large size; light orange yellow with red cheek. Flesh yellow, juicy and rich; freestone. Oct.



Mountain Rose

Steven's Rare-ripe—Large, yellowish-white. Flesh white, juicy. Later than Late Crawford. Freestone. September and October.

Stump of the World—Very large, roundish; skin white with bright red cheek. Flesh white, juicy and good. End of September. Freestone.

Wagar—Medium; yellow with red cheek. Rich and sweet. Good keeper and shipper. Fine

canner. Vigorous and sure cropper. Early September. Freestone.

Willett—Bright yellow, mostly covered with red. Flesh juicy and rich. September. Freestone.

Yellow St. John—Large; yellow with deep red cheek. Flesh yellow, sweet, juicy. Bears young. Ripens before Early Crawford.

APRICOTS

Apricots are a rich, delicious fruit, coming between Cherries and Peaches; very much like the Peach in outward appearance, but like the Plum in quality and texture. One of the finest fruits for drying, and they fill a season when there is no other large fruit. Prices, 35c each; 10 for \$3.00.

Alexander—Large, oblong, orange yellow, spotted red; sweet, juicy, early; very good. Prolific. Russian.

Harris—Uniformly large and oval; golden yellow with red cheek; flesh rich and delicious. Tree hardy and productive. Ripens middle of July.

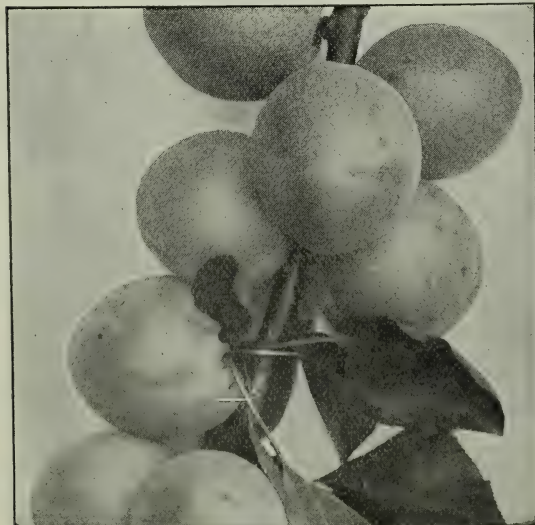
J. L. Budd—Tree a vigorous grower and profuse bearer; fruit large, white, with red cheek, sweet,

juicy, with a sweet kernal as fine flavored as an almond; the best variety. August.

Moorpark—Large, round, deep orange or brownish-red in sun; flesh firm, rich and juicy; tree vigorous, but forming a short, stout growth. Early August.

QUINCES

	Each	Doz.	Fifty	Hundred
3 to 4 ft., XXX,	35c	\$3.00	\$14.00	\$27.50
2 to 3 ft., XX,	25c	2.25	11.00	22.00



Apricots



Orange

Bourgeat—Productive, healthy and thrifty; fruit large, smooth, golden yellow, best quality, tender; ripens after the Orange.

Champion—Very large size; rich, golden yellow when ripe; a great bearer; very late. Nov.

Orange—Very large; bright golden yellow, fine quality; flesh firm, cooks tender. Oct.

Rea's Mammoth—Very large, bright golden yellow, fine quality; ripens very early; very prolific. Oct.



STRAWBERRIES

FIRST of small fruits come the Strawberries. These should be planted in April, May or October, in good ground well worked and manured with muck, wood ashes, or bone dust. Set plants fifteen inches apart in rows three feet apart for field culture and fifteen inches each way for garden culture. Mulch late in the Fall and uncover early in the Spring. Varieties which are imperfect must be planted together with perfect varieties. We have growing and offer for sale some of the finest plants that can be grown. Following is a list of some of the most popular varieties we handle. Strawberries may be sent by mail. At dozen rates we prepay postage; to prepay at hundred rates add 20c to price per hundred.



Top row—Early Beauty, Echo, William Belt. Bottom row—Steven's Late, World's Wonder, Senator Dunlap

Abington, Per.—Large, bright red, firm and good, holding its color well and making a long season. An improvement on Bubach. Price, 12 for 35c; 100, 75c; 1000, \$5.

Climax, Per.—This new berry has become very popular; size of fruit rather above medium, productiveness simply immense. Price, 12 for 30c; 100, 65c; 1000, \$4.

Early Beauty, Per.—Originated in Iowa; fruit is medium to large, about size and shape of Haverland and fully as productive. Best early variety we ever fruited. Price, 12 for 35c; 100, \$1; 1000, \$6.

Echo, Per.—Introduced by us. This great table berry has flavor of natural wild Strawberry. Very productive. Price, 12 for 35c; 100, \$1; 1000, \$6.

Oak's Early, Per.—New. Is three times more productive than the Michael's Early; also a strong grower. Fruit large and brings fancy price on the market. Price, 12 for 35c; 100, 75c; 1000, \$5.

Senator Dunlap, Per.—Season early to medium; popular market sort. It withstands all con-

ditions of weather beyond the average. Very productive; dark red all through. Price, 12 for 30c; 100, 65c; 1000, \$4.

Steven's Late Champion, Per.—Late money-making variety, yielding enormous crops of large, beautiful, good berries that ship well very late in the season after all other varieties have ripened and disappeared. Price, 12 for 35c; 100, 75c; 1000, \$5.

William Belt, Per.—A handsome variety that is giving remarkable satisfaction as a large productive berry for market or home use. Ripens all over without green tips; good quality; carries well to market and brings highest price. Price, 12 for 30c; 100, 65c; 1000, \$4.

World's Wonder, Per.—This great Strawberry is as productive as the Haverland, but twice as large. Fruit is bright red color, does not turn dark after being picked. Ripens early and brings extra fancy price on market. Will produce large crop on either high or low land. The fruit is so firm and its keeping qualities so excellent that it does not need to be picked more than once in three days. Price, 12 for 35c; 100, \$1; 1000, \$6.



RED RASPBERRIES

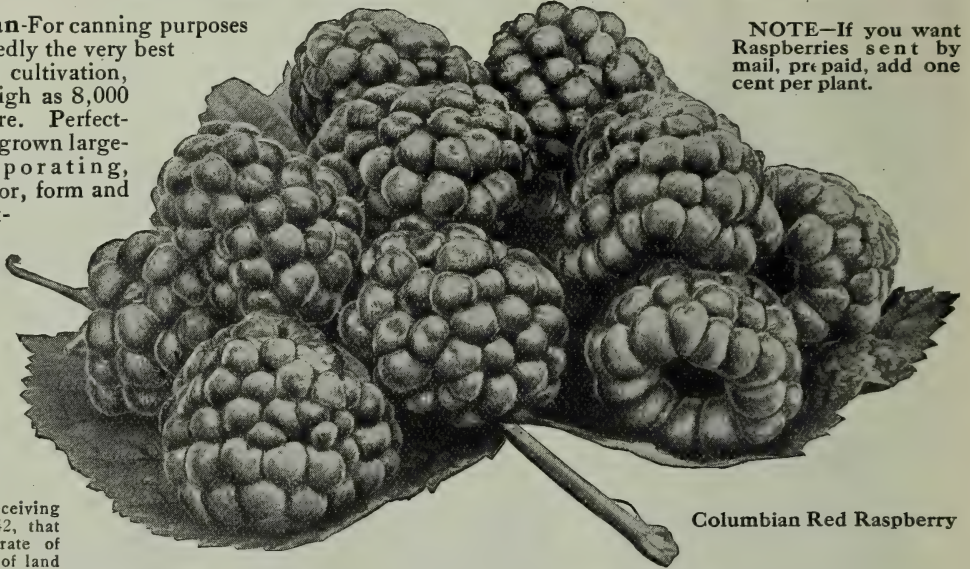
RASPBERRIES succeed best in a rich, mellow soil. They should be planted four feet apart in rows five or six feet apart. They are easily cultivated, only requiring manuring and cutting out of dead wood and suckers. Old canes should be removed after bearing season is over. If the location is much exposed, plants may be protected from severe cold by raising the earth between the hills into a bank or mound. Then bend down the plants to meet, fasten them and cover with a little earth or coarse litter. In the Spring uncover and tie to stakes.

Columbian—For canning purposes it is undoubtedly the very best Raspberry in cultivation, yielding as high as 8,000 quarts per acre. Perfectly hardy and grown largely for evaporating, retaining color, form and flavor remarkable.

Price, 40c per 12; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$10.

Sodus, Aug. 24, Isaac Vandermill, from less than three acres of land, has sold 11,006 quarts of Columbian Raspberries, receiving for them \$770.42, that being at the rate of \$285.14 an acre of land used. His net profit will be more than he paid for the land.

NOTE—If you want Raspberries sent by mail, pre paid, add one cent per plant.



Columbian Red Raspberry

Cuthbert (Wood's Improved Red)—It is the leading market variety all over the country. Flavor sweet, rich, luscious. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$10.



Cuthbert

Marlboro—Large size; light crimson color; good quality and firm. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.

Ruby (New)—In the Ruby we have hardiness, vigor, earliness, large size and great productiveness. It has proven itself to be the most profitable early variety, wherever tried. Price, 12 for 50c; 100, \$2; 1,000, \$15.



Herbert

Herbert (Iron-Clad variety)—New, out classes all in hardiness. Fruit is bright red, somewhat oblong in shape. Largest of all Red Raspberries; sweet, juicy. Very best for table use. Enormously productive, outbears the Cuthbert and is a week earlier. Holds its size well to the end of the season. Price, 2 for 25c; 12, \$1.75; 100, \$7.



BLACK RASPBERRIES



Plum Farmer

Black Diamond—A leading variety for market and home use. About size of Gregg; ripens early; fine flavor, few seeds; firm and good shipper. For drying and evaporating it excels all others. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.

Cumberland—Plants vigorous, hardy and productive in most places; fruit large. Midseason. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.

Gregg—Plants vigorous, hardy and productive; fruit above medium to very large. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.

Kansas—Largest size, strong, vigorous grower, hardy, bearing immense crops. Size of Gregg. Brings highest price on the market. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$10.

PLUM FARMER—Very large and productive; finest flavor; firm berry; best shipper. Brings highest prices. Very best of Black Raspberries. Price, 12 for 40c; 100 for \$1.50; 1,000 for \$12.

BLACKBERRIES

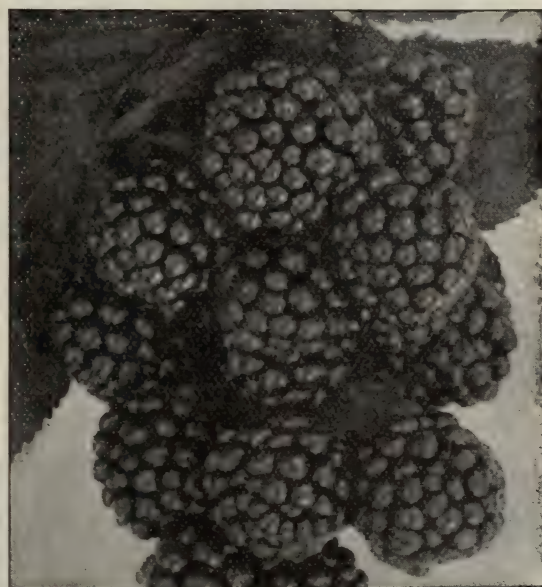
Any moderately rich soil will answer for their cultivation, but to avoid too strong a growth and stragling habit, pinch the ends of the shoots during the season. This will give you more fruit and a better shaped bush.

Blowers—"The giant of all Blackberries." An upright, mammoth grower; very hardy and enormously productive. A single plant produced over 2600 berries. It commences to ripen about the middle of July and bears about two months. Price, 4 for 25c; 12, 60c; 100, \$3.50; 1,000, \$25.



Eldorado

Eldorado—One of the hardiest; fruit medium to large, sweet, juicy, good color. Price, 12 for 50c; 100, \$2; 1,000, \$15.



Branch of Blowers Blackberry

Snyder—Plants vigorous, healthy, canes large, upright, hardy. Fruit medium, roundish. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.

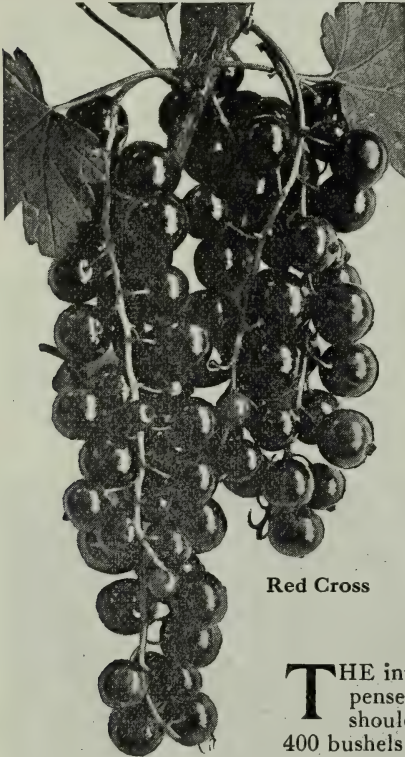
Taylor—It is so extremely hardy as to have stood 30 degrees below zero unharmed. Berries large and of the highest quality. One of the best for garden. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.

Wilson's Early—Very large size, oblong oval, black, quite firm, rich, sweet and good. Ripens early and matures its fruit rapidly; retains its color well after picking. Price, 12 for 40c; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.



CURRANTS

CURRANTS are the most profitable of small fruits. An acre yields from 200 to 250 bushels of fruit, bringing a price of \$4.00 to \$5.00 per bushel. Plants should be set in rows four feet each way, allowing plenty of light and air. For protection against the currant worm dust a little white hellebore powder over the bushes when the leaves are damp. Do this as soon as worms appear.



Red Cross

Cherry—Strong grower, fruit very large. Each, 10c; 12 for 75c; 100, \$5.00.

Fay's Prolific—Extra large stems and berries uniform in size. Easy to pick; exceedingly productive. Bush vigorous, but not as strong grower as some varieties. Each, 10c; 12 for 75c; 100, \$5.

Lee's Prolific (Black)—One of the best black Currants; fruit large, produces abundantly. Each, 10c; 12 for 75c; 100, \$6.

Perfection—In color it is a beautiful bright red, a size larger than the Fay; clusters average longer and the size of berries are maintained to the end of the bunch. It is one of the most productive Currants we have ever known; quality is superior to anything in the market, being of a rich, mild, sub-acid flavor and having plenty of pulp with few seeds. Each, 15c; 12 for \$1.50; 100, \$12.

Red Cross—Much superior to Fay's in every respect. It is the most vigorous grower of all Currants we have tested. Each, 10c; 12 for 75c; 100, \$6.

White Grape—The largest and most productive white Currant grown; flavor sweet; fine for table. Each, 10c; 12 for 75c; 100, \$6.

Wilder—It is one of the strongest growers and very productive. Bunches of berries very large, bright, attractive red color, and hang on bushes longer than any other variety. Each, 10c; 12 for 75c; 100, \$5.00.

Also Black Naples, London Market and Victoria.

GOOSEBERRIES

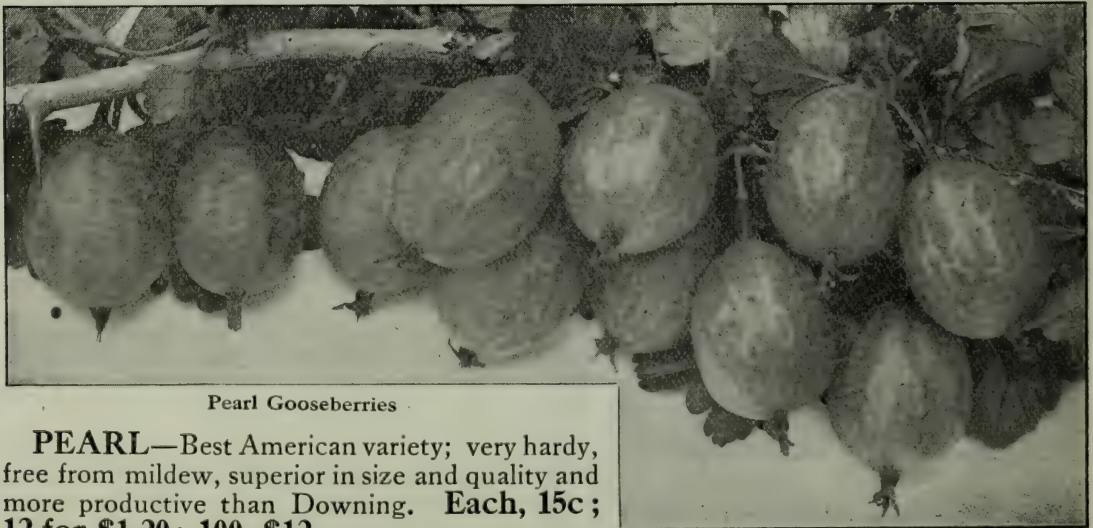
THE interest in and demand for this fruit is constantly growing. The expense of cultivation is light and returns most satisfactory. Good plants should produce 200 bushels per acre third year after planting, and 300 to 400 bushels the fifth year. Gooseberries bring \$4.00 to \$6.00 per bushel.

Downing—Large, handsome, pale green, of splendid quality for both cooking and table use. Each, 15c; 12 for \$1.50; 100, \$10.

Houghton—A very productive hardy berry, of medium size, and for general purposes one of the

best. Each, 15c; 12 for \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

Red Jacket—An American Seedling of large size; smooth, prolific and hardy, of best quality. A wonderful cropper. Each, 20c; 12 for \$2.00; 100, \$12.



Pearl Gooseberries

PEARL—Best American variety; very hardy, free from mildew, superior in size and quality and more productive than Downing. Each, 15c; 12 for \$1.20; 100, \$12.

GOOSEBERRIES SENT BY MAIL, ADD ONE CENT PER PLANT



RHUBARB



Myatt's Linneaus

Rhubarb (or Pie Plant)—For family or market. Have you a bed of Rhubarb in your garden? If not, do not fail to start one this Spring. Set plants 12 to 18 inches apart in rows.

Myatt's Linneaus—Early, tender and very large, known as the sweetest pie plant. Each, 10c; 12 for 60c; 100, \$4.00. Extra large plants for forcing in green-houses; each, 15c; 12 for \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

ASPARAGUS

This earliest and finest of Spring vegetables is among the easiest cultivated and most profitable. A bed once planted suffers no deterioration for thirty years or more, if it is properly attended to and well manured.

Prices—25 for 25c; 100, 75c; 1000, \$5.00.

Barr's Mammoth—Robust and vigorous and throws large shoots and they remain white above ground as long as they are fit for cutting.

Conover's Colossal—This variety is remarkably tender and fine flavored.

Palmetto—An early and great yielder and very even and regular in its growth. It has been tested both North and South and has proved entirely successful in every instance.



Barr's Mammoth

Asparagus Culture

A special book that gives the most practical methods of raising, cultivating, harvesting, marketing, forcing and canning Asparagus. This authoritative up-to-date book, prepaid, 50c.

ROSE SPECIALTIES

Blue Rambler (Veilchenblau)—This superb creation, a genuine cornflower blue, is a seedling of the Crimson Rambler. The massed blossoms are semi-double and the color on first unfolding is a reddish or purplish pink, turning to amethyst, and finally to a steel-blue or the color of a certain class of violets, the yellow stamens appearing in sharp contrast to the blue petals. Plant vigorous, shining foliage, few thorns and considered perfectly hardy. Each, 50c.

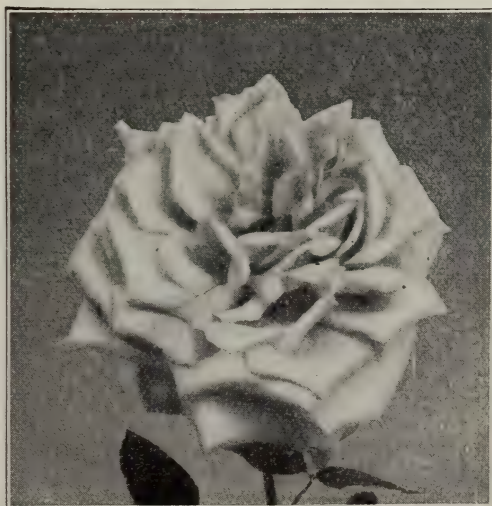


Blue Rambler (Veilchenblau)

Flower of Fairfield—Ever-blooming crimson rambler; flowers are in greater profusion and brighter than in Rambler. Each, 50c.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H. T.)—A superb rose, to which too much praise cannot be given. It is of soft pearly white color, fragrant, a strong, healthy grower, with bold, beautiful foliage; flowers are borne in profusion, on long, graceful stems, every shoot being crowned with a pretty flower. Ea., 25c.

Tausendschön—Same growth as Ramblers; almost no thorns. Flowers pink changing to carmine-red. Very double. Each, 50c.

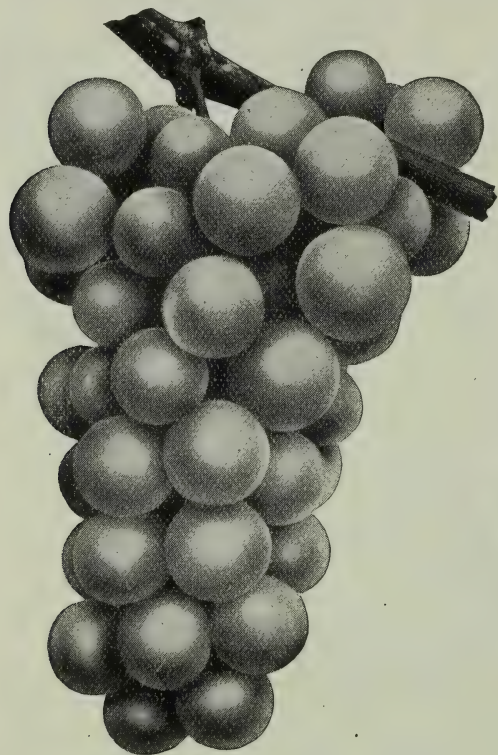


Tausendschon Rose



GRAPES

THESE require a warm, well drained soil, deeply worked and manured. Should be grown on a slope to the south or west, as they require lots of sun. Plant 8 to 16 ft. apart, according to variety, in rows 10 ft. apart. Plants should be thoroughly pruned in Nov. or Dec. when wood is ripe. Enormous profits have been realized from this fruit. Vines produce 40 to 50 lbs. of fruit the fourth year from planting, worth \$4 to \$6. An acre holds 680 vines. If each vine produced only \$2 worth of grapes this would net \$1,360 per acre. Following is a list of the more common, productive and hardy varieties:



Brown's Seedling

Brown's Seedling (New Black)—An early Grape of exceptionally good quality. The large, black, sweet berries grow in big, thick clusters. It is perfectly hardy. It is a most prolific bearer; ripens evenly and adheres to the stem firmly. It has no equal as an early market variety. Price, 2 years, each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Charles Downing, one of the best (if not the best) authorities on fruit in the United States says it is hardy, very prolific, sweet, good and worthy of propagation.

The Rural New-Yorker had specimens of Champion and Brown's Seedling. Champion well colored but not fit to eat; Brown's Seedling thoroughly ripe and sweet.

Orange County Farmer awarded it first premium, and said, "As early as Champion and 100% better."

Diamond—Leading early white Grape, ripening before Moore's Early. Price, 2 for 25c.; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$5.

Lindley (Rogers' No. 9)—Berries large. Red. Price, 2 for 25c.; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$5.

McKinley Early (New white)—Strong grower; bunches large, compact and handsome; berries large and oval like Malaga Grapes; green at first, turning to yellow when fully ripe; very sweet. Extra quality; a good shipper; remarkable keeper; will hang on vines sound and perfect for weeks after ripe. Ten days earlier than Niagara with the richest flavor of any Grape on the market. Each 25c; doz., \$2.50.

McPike—Mammoth black Grape, fine flavor. Ripens with Worden. Each, 20c.; doz., \$2.

Moore's Early (Black)—Bunch and berry large, round with heavy blue bloom; vine exceedingly hardy. Price, 2 for 25c.; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$5.

Niagara—Occupies same position among white Grapes as Concord among black; leading profitable market variety; 2 for 25c; doz., \$1; 100, \$4.

Pocklington, or "Golden Pocklington"—Largest and most showy white Grape of the Concord type. Price, 2 for 25c.; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$5.

Salem (Rogers' No. 53) (Red)—Bunch large, compact. Price, 2 for 25c.; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$5.

Worden (Black)—Larger than Concord, better quality and earlier; 2 for 25c; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$5.



Concord

CONCORD—DECIDEDLY THE MOST POPULAR GRAPE in America. There are more Concords planted by vineyardists than all other varieties combined. Bunch large, shouldered, compact; berries large, covered with a rich bloom; skin tender, but sufficiently firm to carry well to distant markets. For general cultivation the most reliable and profitable variety. Price, 3 for 25c.; doz., 75c.; 100, \$3; 1000, \$20.



ROSES

REMEMBER, all our Roses are strong, hardy, out-door plants. They will bloom this year. Price, each, 25c; 6 for \$1.30; dozen, \$2.50; except otherwise noted.
NOTE—Roses sent by mail, add 5c for each plant.

THE FINEST OF THE OLD SORT

- Alfred Colomb**—Bright crimson; very large.
- American Beauty**—Large, deep rose; very double; with a delightful fragrance.
- Black Prince**—Rich, dark red.
- Coquette Des Alps**—One of the finest pure white Roses; hardy and beautiful.
- Earl of Dufferin**—Rich, brilliant velvety crimson; delightfully fragrant.
- Frau Karl Druschki** or **Snow Queen**—An exquisite new Rose, absolutely pure white.
- Gen. Jacqueminot**—Crimson; rich and fine.
- John Hopper**—Bright, clear pink.
- La Reine**—Beautiful pink.



American Beauty



Baby Rambler—4 years old

Baby Rambler—A dwarf (bush not climbing). **Everblooming**; will bloom continuously through the Summer. Has the same bright crimson color as the climbing **Crimson Rambler** and blooms in clusters of 20 to 40 flowers at one time.

Madam Gabriel Luizet—Silvery pink, fine form, fragrant and free bloomer.

Magna Charta—Bright clear pink.

Marshall P. Wilder—Bright cherry-carmine; fragrant; vigorous, fine form.

Paul Neyron—Deep rose; very large.

Persian Yellow—Golden yellow; hardy.

Prince Camille De Rohan—Deep velvety crimson. A splendid Rose.

THE BEST OF THE NEW ROSES

Clio—Flesh color; perfection in form and growth; broad petals; delicate texture; prolific bloomer.

Duc De Cazes—Bright red.

Gruss En Teplitz—Large, rich scarlet; fragrant, and flowers in great abundance all Summer.

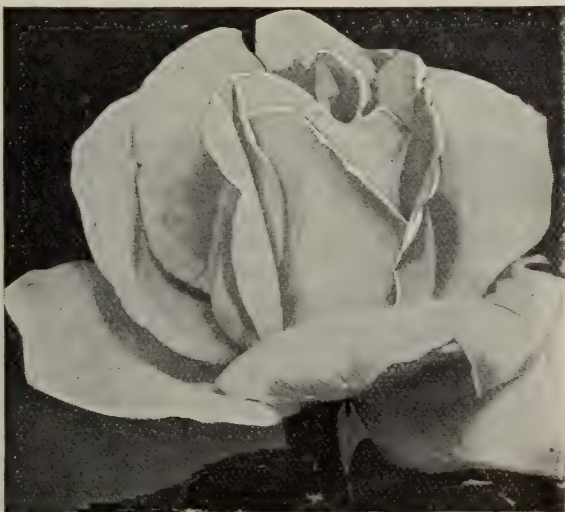
Marchioness of Londonderry—Ivory white; perfectly formed and borne at the end of the branches, making it very desirable for cutting.

Margaret Dickson—White, with pale flesh center; petals very large, shell shaped; fragrant; a very strong grower.

Mrs. John Laing—Delicate salmon-pink; fine form, very fragrant; blooms continuously.

MOSS ROSES

Crested—Pale pink buds; very beautiful.
Red—Beautiful buds. **Salet**—Red; an old favorite. **White**—Very fine flowers.



Frau Karl Druschki



ROSES—(Continued)

TREE ROSES

(See Cut on Page 30)

Tree Roses are grafted on hardy rose canes four to five feet high, are tree shaped, and when in full bloom are objects of beauty, making handsome plants for the lawn. They need winter protection.

We can supply White, Red, Pink, Yellow and Crimson colors, very fine, strong trees that will bloom the first year. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.

The Tree Baby Rambler—Each, 50c; doz., \$5.00.

CLIMBING ROSES

Strong field grown, all two years old.

Special Price—Each, 25c; 6 for \$1; doz., \$2.

Baltimore Belle—White, tinged with blush; very double; flowers in clusters.

Blue Rambler (Veilchenblau)—(See page 19). Each, 50c.

Crimson Rambler—A beautiful climbing Rose from Japan, bearing large clusters of growing crimson flowers. The plant is a vigorous grower.

Flower of Fairfield—(See page 19). Ea., 50c.

Dorothy Perkins—This Rose is of the same strong habit of growth as the Crimson Rambler; sweetly scented and of a beautiful shell-pink color. Absolutely hardy.

Pink Rambler, White Rambler and Yellow Rambler are similar in growth to the Crimson, but not quite as rampant growers, but very pretty, used in combination with it.

Queen of Prairie—Rosy red; flowers large and compact. Very popular.

Tausendschon—(See page 19). Each, 50c.

VINES

Birthworth, or Dutchman's Pipe—A rapid growing vine, with magnificent foliage and curious pipe-shaped brown flowers. Each, 35c; 3 for \$1. (See cut on page 30).

Clematis Paniculata—Single. White, of extremely rapid growth, with shining green foliage, and a profusion of flowers which are small but borne in large panicles; very popular. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.

Henryii—Single; the finest white Clematis; very large, fine flowers; grows rapidly; blooms freely during Summer and Autumn. Each, 35c; 3 for \$1.

Jackmanni—Single. Very large; deep purple; forms a perfect mass of the richest bloom. Each, 35c; 3 for \$1.00.

Mme. Ed. Andre—Flowers medium size, deep



Crimson Rambler

crimson-red; velvety; very free flowering. Each, 35c; 3 for \$1.00.

Mme. Baron Veillard—Beautiful pink shading on rose. Each, 35c; 3 for \$1.00.

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Japan Ivy)—For covering buildings of brick and stone; clings tightly to the smoothest surface. Bright green leaves, changing to brilliant colorings in Fall. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.

Honeysuckle (Hall's Japan)—Almost evergreen, with pure white flowers, turning to yellow; very fragrant; vigorous, covered with flowers from July to Dec. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.

Ivy, American—A native climber of vigorous growth; a fine green in Summer, changing to rich crimson in Fall. It affords shade quickly; desirable for covering walls, verandas or trunks of trees. Each, 25c.

Wistaria Chinese Purple—One must see this plant in bloom to appreciate its magnificence. Perfectly hardy; it flowers in Spring in long drooping racemes; very beautiful. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.

Chinese Matrimony Vine—Vigorous and hardy climber; flowers bright purple, succeeded by scarlet berries nearly one inch long. Excellent for trellises. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.



Hall's Japan Honeysuckle



SHRUBS

Althea (Rose of Sharon)—Showy flowering shrub, strong, erect growing, large bell-shaped flowers of striking colors, Aug. and Sept., when most other shrubs are out of bloom. Colors, **Pink, Purple, Red and White.** Price, 25c.

Tree Althea—Price, 50c.



Althea, or Rose of Sharon

Barberry Purple—Handsome, growing from 3 to 5 ft. high, with violet-purple leaves and fruit. Very effective in groups. Price, 25c; 5 for \$1.

Barberry Thunbergii—Dwarf habits; small foliage, changing to red in the Fall. Very pretty, 18-24 inch; each 25c; 5 for \$1.

Calycanthus (sweet scented shrub)—Very desirable; fragrant; foliage rich, flowers of rare chocolate color; blossoms in June. Price, 25c.

Clethra Alnifolia (sweet pepper bush)—A handsome little shrub, covered with long, showy wands of white flowers. Each, 25c.

Cornus—Dark green foliage, marked with silver and red; a beautiful flowering shrub. Each, 25c.



Deutzia, Pride of Rochester

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester—Very large double white flowers. It excels in size of flower, profuse bloom and vigorous growth; nearly a week earlier than *Deutzia Crenata*. Each, 25c.

Deutzia Crenata—Very beautiful and desirable; flowers double white tinged with rose. Each, 25c.

Deutzia Gracilis—Dwarf; white, flowers in June; beautiful. Each, 35c.

Elder, Golden (Sambucus Aurea)—A beautiful shrub, with golden-green foliage when planted in the sun. Very valuable. Each, 25c.

Forsythia (Golden Bell)—A medium size shrub with drooping yellow flowers early in the Spring before the leaves. Very fine. Each, 25c.

Fringe, Purple (Smoke Tree)—A beautiful distinct shrub, with large bunches of feathery flowers which give the tree the appearance of being covered with a cloud of smoke. Each, 35c.



Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora—Hardy. The flowers are immense, greenish-white when first open, changing to pure white and turning pink with age. Commences to flower in July and remains until November. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.

Hydrangea, P. G. Tree Form—Same as bush, but grown in tree form with single stem. Very desirable. Each 50c; doz., \$5.

Kerria Japonica (Globe Flower)—A neat small shrub, with green, pointed leaves and yellow blossoms. Each, 25c.

Lilac, Red—Purple red flowers, standard variety. Each, 25c.

Lilac, Purple—Bluish-purple flowers, standard variety; always good. Each, 25c.

Lilac, White—Cream colored flowers; very fine. Each, 25c.

Lilac, Chas X—Large shining leaves; flowers large, single, reddish-purple. Each, 50c.

Mad. Buchner—Double flower, pale Lilac, large clusters. Each, 50c.

Tree Lilac—Each, 40c.

Phlox—Very fine; perfectly hardy; beautiful plants. Colors, purple, lilac, white and pink. Each, 15c; doz., \$1.50.



SHRUBS—(Continued)



Lilac, White

Prunus Triloba (Double flowering Plum)—Flowers delicate pink, thickly set on branches in May. Each, 25c.

Quince Japonica—Large, brilliant blossoms appear early in the Spring in great profusion. Foliage bright green and glossy all through the Summer; a very handsome, hardy ornamental. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.00.

Snowball, Common—A general favorite on account of its large clusters of white flowers in June. Each, 25c.

Snowball, Japan (*Viburnum Plicatum*)—An erect, compact shrub, blooming in June, the plants being completely covered with large balls of flowers as white as snow; foliage is a dark green. Each, 35c.



Japan Snowball

Spirea, Anthony Waterer—New dwarf Spirea; dark crimson flowers; one of the finest. Each, 35c.

Spirea, Callosa Alba—A dwarf bushy symmetrical bush; flowers white; keeps in flower all Summer. Each, 35c.

Spirea, Aurea (Golden)—Foliage green, bordered with a rich golden yellow. In June the branches are covered with a double white flower. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.00.

Spirea, Prunifolia (Bridal Wreath)—Double, daisy-like, pure white flowers. Each, 35c.

Spirea, Reevesiana—Narrow pointed leaves; large white clusters of flowers in June. Each, 35c.

Syringa, Common—Large white flowers; very hardy. Each, 25c.

Syringa, Golden—Large deep yellow flowers; bush hardy. Each, 25c.

Spirea Van Houttei—Finest of the Spireas, giving a complete mass of drooping white bloom. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.00.



Spirea, Van Houttei

Weigela, Eva Rathke—A charming new variety; flower brilliant crimson, a beautiful, distinct, clear shade; flowers twice in one season. Each, 25c.

Weigela, Rosea—A hardy and beautiful shrub, bearing in May a profusion of rose-colored flowers. Each, 25c.

Weigela, Variegated—Fine, variegated foliage and lasts the entire season; contrasts finely with its rose colored flowers. Each, 25c.

Lily of the Valley—Will thrive in any kind of soil and throw up its beautiful, modest, fragrant white bells. Each, 10c; doz., 50c; 100, \$3.00. Deduct 25c per 100 if sent by express.

Rhododendron or Rosebay—Magnificent flowering, evergreen shrubs. They do best in a peaty soil, somewhat shaded, and require winter protection in exposed situations. Colors, pink, purple, red, white. Each, \$1.00. (See page 30).

Azalea, (Mollis)—A beautiful species from Japan, with large flowers of fine shape; perfectly hardy. Each, 40c.

Azalea, (Ghent)—A hardy variety with delightful perfume, blossoming during May and June. Each, 65c.

CHINESE PAEONIES—(See back cover)

Fine hardy plants, rivalling the Rose in perfection of bloom and coloring and requiring little extra care, as they thrive and do well in any soil. Colors, blush, crimson, purple, pink, red, variegated, white and yellow. Each, 20c; doz., \$2.00.

Paeonia, Fringe-Leaved—Beautiful foliage in thread-like filaments; flowers very double, of dark satiny crimson color. Rare and exquisitely lovely. Each, 25c.



ORNAMENTAL TREES



Cut-Leaf Birch

Birch, Cut-Leaf Weeping—It's tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful, drooping habit, silvery-white bark and delicately cut foliage present a combination of attractive characteristics rarely met with in a single tree. 5 to 6 ft., 50c; 6 to 8 ft., 75c.

Beech, Purple-Leaf—A beautiful lawn tree, with purple foliage. 3 to 4 ft., 50c.



Catalpa, Speciosa

Catalpa, Speciosa—A most beautiful lawn or street tree, producing magnificent flowers early in

Spring; rapid growing; beautiful. 8 to 10 ft., 50c.
Catalpa, Bungeii (Umbrella Tree)—Chinese origin; compact, spreading head of large, glossy green leaves 7 in. long by 6 in. wide; has a decidedly tropical appearance, making a marked contrast with all other lawn trees. 2-year heads, \$1 each.

Crab, Bechtel's Double Flowered—Tree medium size, covered in early Spring with beautiful double pink fragrant flowers that look like Roses at a distance. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.

Elm, American White—A noble drooping, spreading tree; one of the greatest of park and street trees. 7 to 8 ft., 50c; 8 to 10 ft., 75c.



American Chestnut

Horse Chestnut—The well known species; has magnificent spikes of white flowers. 6 to 8 ft., 50c; 8 to 10 ft., 75c.

Linden, American (Basswood)—Rapid growing; large leaves; fragrant flowers. 7 to 8 ft., 75c.

Linden, European—Fine pyramidal tree, smaller in all parts than the American; more valuable for lawn planting. 7 to 8 ft., 75c.



Magnolias



ALLEN L. WOOD, QUALITY TREES & PLANTS



ORNAMENTAL TREES—(Continued)

Magnolia, Alexandria—Flowers cup-shaped, crimson-purple outside and pearl-colored within. 4 to 5 ft., \$2.

Magnolia, Speciosa—Flowers smaller than *Soulangeana*, blooms later; hardy and desirable. 4 to 5 ft., \$2.

Magnolia, Soulangeana—Has showy white and purple flowers, 3 to 5 inches in diameter; leaves large and glossy; finest and hardiest. 4 to 5 ft., \$2.



Norway Maple

Maple, Norway—A distinct foreign variety; large, broad leaves of deepest green. It retains its leaves long after other trees are bare. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.

Maple, Ash-Leaved—A fine rapid-growing variety; very hardy and excellent for avenues. 7 to 8 ft., 50c; 8 to 10 ft., 75c.

Maple, Japan Blood-Leaved—One of the most striking and beautiful of the Japan Maples. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00.



Carolina Poplar

Maple Silver-Leaved—An excellent shade tree of rapid growth; desirable for quick effects. 8 to 10 ft., 50c; 10 to 12 ft., 75c.

Maple, Weir's Cut Leaf—Remarkable, beautiful dissected foliage; shoots slender and drooping, giving it a very graceful appearance. 8 to 10 ft., 75c.

Mountain Ash (European)—A fine, hardy tree; head dense and regular, covered from July to Winter with great clusters of bright red berries. 7 to 8 ft., 50c.

Mountain Ash, Oak-Leaved—Similar to European with oak-shaped leaves. Smooth and clean. 7 to 8 ft., 50c.

Mulberry, Downing—A beautiful lawn or street tree. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.00.

Mulberry, New American—Similar to Downing, hardier. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.00.

Mulberry, Russian—Very hardy; much used for hedges and wind breaks. 5 to 7 ft., 50c.



Silver Maple

Mulberry, Teas' Weeping—Perfectly hardy, forming a natural umbrella-shaped top or head; foliage handsome; a fine ornamental tree for lawn. Each, \$1.50.

Mulberry, Black English. Price, 50c each.

Mulberry, Hicks. Price, 50c each.

Plum, Purple-Leaved (Pissardi)—Perfectly hardy; the leaves are rich purple, retaining their bright color through the entire season. Profusion of white blossoms in May, followed by small, purplish, edible fruit. 5 to 7 ft., 50c.

Poplar, Carolina—A native tree of rapid growth, with large glossy leaves; valuable for park or street planting; a fine shade tree. Very hardy. Used extensively as a wind break. 6 to 8 ft., 35c; 8 to 10 ft., 50c.

Thorn, Paul's Double Scarlet—Flowers deep crimson, with scarlet shade; very double. 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

Willow, Babylonica—Well known weeping variety; requires plenty of room. 6 to 8 ft., 50c.



HEDGING

NOT many years ago the only hedges to be seen were those used for defense or for defining boundaries, but today they are planted extensively for ornament. Many beautiful effects are now possible and it is needless to say that these fences of living green beautify our homes and are rapidly supplanting the old-fashioned picket and iron fences. Ornamental hedges may be either deciduous or evergreen. Probably the most widely planted of the deciduous hedges is the California Privet. It is faultless in character and trims to any shape. In our opinion, the Barberry *Thunbergii* for beauty and effectiveness should lead the list. In planting it is necessary that the soil be well worked and thoroughly pulverized. It should be packed firmly about the roots, taking care to avoid all exposure.



California Privet

Barberry *Thunbergii*—Dwarf habit; small foliage; changing to red in the Fall; very pretty. 8 to 10 in., doz., \$1; 100 for \$3. 12 to 18 in., doz., \$1; 100 for \$8. 18 to 24 in., each, 25c; doz., \$2; 100 for \$12.

California Privet—This is the most glossy leaved and rapid growing of all the half-evergreen plants used for low hedges around private lawns, and is the universal favorite. Adapted to all parts of the country. 2 to 3 ft., each, 15c; doz., \$1; 100 for \$5. 18 to 24 in., each, 10c; doz., 75c; 100 for \$4.

Spruce, Norway—Of rapid growth and graceful drooping habit; one of the best for hedges and screens. 18 to 24 in., 5 for \$1; 100 for \$15.



Barberry, *Thunbergii*



EVERGREENS

Retinospora Obtusa (Dwarf Retinospora)—Smallest of the Retinospora family, forming a bushy specimen; foliage dense and short, of extremely deep, rich, dark green color. **Each, \$2.00.**

Retinospora Plumosa (Plume-like Japan Cypress)—Useful for specimens or hedges; foliage light green and plume-like; extensively planted. **Each, \$2.50.**

Retinospora Pisifera Aurea (Golden Pea-fruited Japan Cypress)—A fine pyramidal, bright, golden form; popular and graceful. **Each, \$2.00.**

Retinospora Plumosa Aurea (Golden Plume-like Japan Cypress)—Widely known, popular and of great merit. Deep golden color. **Each, \$2.50.**

Thuja Columbia—Beautifully variegated with white when it makes its young growth, and turns to pale green when the young shoots get ripe. **Price, \$2.00.**

Thuja Species Rivers—A very compact pyramidal but broad growing evergreen, and one of the best for all purposes. Color is green in Summer and more or less yellowish-green in Winter. **Price, \$2.00.**

Our Boxwood is the best that can be grown. We have a large number of these and are offering them at the following prices:

- 1 ft. high, - \$.75
- 2 ft. high, - 1.25
- 3 ft. high, - 2.00
- 3½-4 ft. high, 2.50

We wish to call your attention to these extremely low prices. For A No. 1 first class specimens, everyone perfect in shape and thickly covered with glossy, rich green leaves, they cannot be beaten. Each one is sent out with a ball of earth around the roots, which insures their safe transportation.



Boxwood

Buxus, Boxwood—This old-fashioned variety is a native of England where it has been grown for centuries. Its neat, dense waxy foliage has secured many admirers in this country. They are well adapted to small places and can be used with splendid effect, as shrubs for the lawn. For decorative purposes, both summer and winter, they are used extensively in tubs and jardinières.



Colorado Blue Spruce

Spruce, Colorado Blue—The finest of evergreens. One of the most beautiful and hardy of spruces; foliage a rich sky blue; very handsome. **Each, 2 ft., \$2; 18 to 24 inches, \$1.25.**



Retinospora Plumosa Aurea



NUT TREES

THERE has been a remarkable development in the planting of nut bearing trees within the last few years. This branch of tree cultivation pays large profits and growers are always certain of a profitable market. These trees are very ornamental as well as useful, most kinds making a growth of valuable timber which will itself pay a large percentage on the investment.



Japan Walnut

WALNUTS

Walnut, Japan—Perfectly hardy, rapid-growing, handsome form, immense fern-like leaves, making one of the finest ornamental trees; bears young and abundantly, worthy of extensive planting. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.

A. Y. Cathcart, Bristol, Ind., says: "I have been raising the Japan Walnut for eighteen years and am more than pleased with them. They are very hardy and do well in Maine, Minnesota and Canada, as they have stood 30 degrees below zero without injury. The trees come into bearing young. I have trees three years old that bore nuts this season; eighteen years old, each have three to four bushels. In quality the nuts resemble the Butternut, being much richer than the English Walnut. Trees grow very fast and make a fine shade.

Walnut, Black—A native tree of large size and majestic form; the most valuable of all trees for its timber. Tree a rapid grower, producing a large, round nut of excellent quality. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.

Butternut—A native tree, valuable for timber and bearing an oblong, thick-shelled nut of delicious flavor. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.



Chestnuts in Burrs

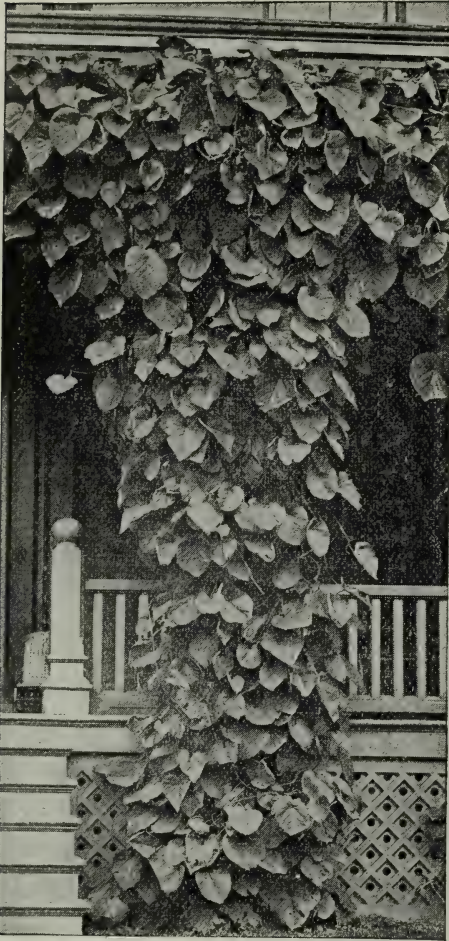
CHESTNUTS

American Sweet—Nut sweet, delicate flavor. Each, 50c; doz., \$5.

Japanese—They bear at three years old and are very productive. Nuts are large and four inches around and two to three on a burr. Ripens September 10th to 20th, without frost. Each, 75c.

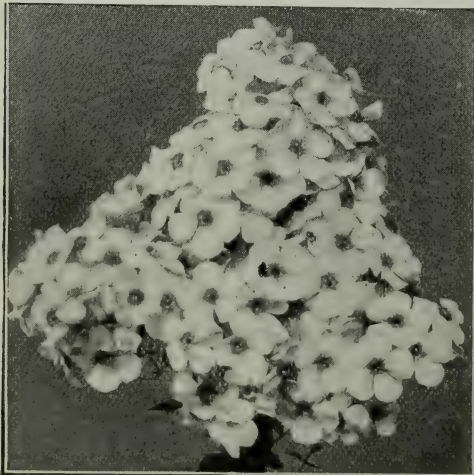


SPECIALTIES



Birthworth, or Dutchman's Pipe
(See description on page 22)

We recommend this as the best vine for porch screen where a thick foliage is desired. Each, 35c.



Phlox
(See description on page 23)

Rhododendron, one of the most magnificent flowering shrubs. Blossoms in the following colors: Pink, purple, red, white. Each, \$1.00.



Rhododendron, or Rosebay
(See description on page 24)



Tree Rose
(See description on page 22)

All of our Tree Roses are grafted on hardy Rose canes, 4 to 5 feet high. We can supply them in white, red, pink, cream, yellow. Each, 50c.



ALLEN L. WOOD, QUALITY TREES & PLANTS



Quantity	Names of Trees or Plants Ordered	Size or Age	Price
	<i>Amount brought forward</i>		

Please write below the names and address of a few of your friends who are interested in and buyers of TREES, PLANTS, ETC.

Dotted lines for writing names and addresses.

Woodlawn Fruit and Flower Collection

FOR CITY OR COUNTRY HOMES

MANY people are owning and living in homes which could be beautified and made more valuable by a small outlay. We are presenting this season a complete planting list of both ornamental and fruit stock. With each collection we send full planting directions. **Carefully packed and boxed \$7.82 and put on cars here, for**

- | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 2 Spirea, Van Houttei | 1 Globe Peach | 3 Agawam Grapes |
| 6 Barberry Thunbergii | 1 Fitzgerald Peach | 1 German Prune Plum |
| 2 Deutzia, Pride of Rochester | 1 Champion Peach | 1 Lombard Plum |
| 2 Clematis Paniculata | 1 Black Tartarian Cherry | 1 Pond's Seedling Plum |
| 1 Thousand Beauty Rose (climber) | 1 Dyehouse Cherry | 1 Buffum Pear |
| 1 Vielchenblau (the new Blue Rose) | 1 Governor Wood Cherry | 1 Duchess Pear |
| 2 Gen. Jacqueminot (Red Roses) | 3 Concord Grapes | 1 Kieffer Pear |
| 2 Frau Karl (White Roses) | 3 Niagara Grapes | 6 Red Cross Currants |
| 50 California Privet, enough for a hedge across a 50-ft. lot, allowing for two 3-ft. spaces for walks. | | 6 Cuthbert Raspberries |

GARDEN COLLECTION No. 23

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 2 Globe Peaches | 2 Ea. Richmond Cherries |
| 2 Champion Peaches | 2 Gov. Wood Cherries |
| 2 German Prune Plums | 2 Pond's Seedling Plums |
- XXX grade, first-class stock, \$1.91

WORLD'S CHERRY COLLECTION No. 15

- 1 Black Tartarian (sweet black, ripens last of June)
 - 1 Montmorency (sour, clear red, fruits young, hardy)
 - 1 Dyehouse (sour, early, sure bearer)
 - 1 Governor Wood (sweet, yellow, fine flavor)
 - 1 Windsor (sweet, red, hardy)
 - 1 English Morello (sour, one of the best)
- XXX grade, first-class stock, 98c

APPLE COLLECTION No. 17

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------|-----------|
| 2 Early Harvest | 2 King | 2 Wagener |
| 2 Gano | 2 Mann | 2 Stark |
- XXX grade, first-class stock, \$2.69

STANDARD PEAR COLLECTION No. 19

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|----------------|
| 2 Buffum | 2 Duchess | 1 Louise Bonne |
| 1 Wilder | 1 Kieffer | |
- XXX, all largest size, first-class trees, \$1.67

BARGAIN PLUM COLLECTION No. 21

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 2 German Prune | 2 Bradshaw | 2 Lombard |
| 2 Yellow Egg | 2 Gueii | 2 Pond's Seedling |
| | 2 Shipper's Pride | |
- XXX, 5 to 7 ft., guaranteed trees, \$2.53

No. 18

State of New York--Department of Agriculture

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION OF NURSERY STOCK

This is to Certify that the stock in the nursery of ALLEN L. WOOD, of Rochester, County of Monroe, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Section of 305 of the Agricultural Law and was found to be apparently free from any contagious or infectious disease or diseases, or the San Jose scale or other dangerously injurious insect, pest or pests.

R. A. PEARSON, Commissioner of Agriculture.

FOREST TREE SEEDLINGS

	6 to 12 in.	12 to 24 in.	2 to 3 ft.
Box Elder,	\$5.00	\$10.00	\$15.00
Catalpa Speciosa,	6.00	12.00	15.00
Maples, Silver Leaf,	5.00	10.00	15.00
Elm,	6.00	12.00	
Golden Willow,			25.00
Poplar, Carolina,			35.00

Twelve years ago a gentleman planted about five hundred acres of Catalpa trees on a farm near Hutchinson, Kansas. He has sold nearly \$30,000 worth of fence posts from the

thinnings alone and has approximately that amount for sales while the forest yet remains.

They should be planted six feet apart, and this will take 1210 to the acre.

Cultivate the ground for the first three years, after that they require no attention.

Thin them between the seventh and tenth year and you get an abundant supply of fence posts. In twenty years your trees will average twenty inches in diameter.

Amateur Fruit Growing—This is a splendid guide for all those who have not made a study of fruit growing and wish to follow a course of instruction that will insure successful results. This book deals with only the common practices and the simple methods of fruit culture. An excellent book for the amateur. Plain, straightforward fruit talk, 25c.

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y., U. S. A.

Paeonies
Assorted Colors
6 for \$1.00



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