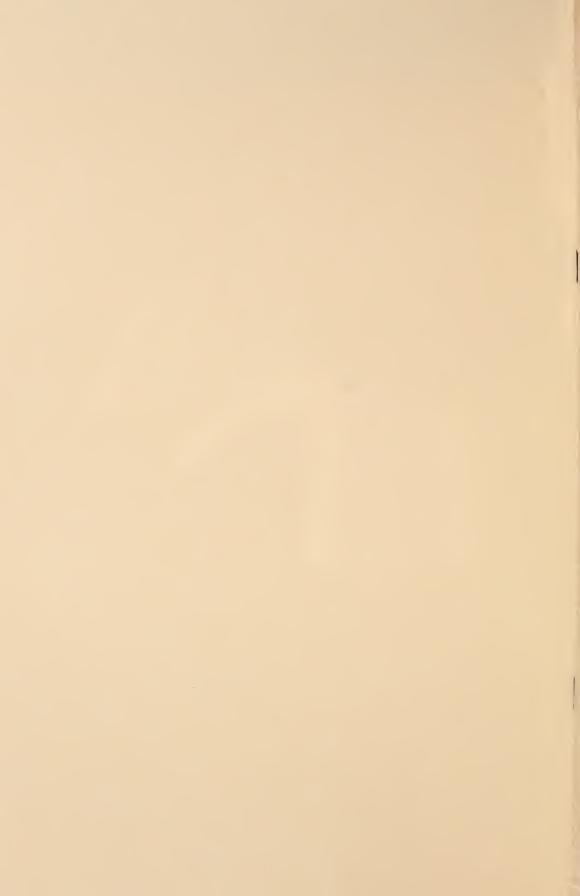
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LIBEAR RECEIVED

U.S. Department of Agreed

Autumn.. 1900 lanters' Price List Fruit Crees, Plants,

FOR FALL PLANTING

MONMOUTH NURSERY, J. T. LOVETT,

LITTLE SILVER.

MONMOUTH CO.

No. 3, 1900.

NEW JERSEY STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the State Entomologist

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 13, 1900.

New Brunswick, N. J., Sept. 13, 1900.

This is to certify, That I have this 12th day of September, 1900, examined the small fruit, shade and ornamental stock growing on the Deal Beach Nurseries, J. T. Lovett, Proprietor, at Deal Beach, Monmouth County, New Jersey; and have found the same apparently free from San Jose Scale and other dangerously injurious insect pests; also, that the stock examined was in an apparently healthy condition.

This certificate is only for the shipping season of the Fall of 1900 and Spring 1901, and covers only small fruit, shade and ornamental stock actually grown on the nurseries examined.

IOHN B. SMITH

JOHN B. SMITH,

State Entomologist.

Note.—I am growing now all my fruit stock at my nursery at Deal, N. J.

ADVICE AND TERMS.

Payments invariably in advance. Goods sent C. O. D. only when 25 per cent. of the amount is sent with order, with return charges added. Remit by Postal Money Order, Registered Letter, New York Draft or Express Money Order. Do not send private checks. Always enclose remittance in same letter with order.

Mailing. I send Plants by mail postpaid, if requested, wherever so noted in connection with a price. When the price does not include postage, the rate of postage is given on all mailable articles, under each heading. Where nothing is said as to postage, the goods are unmailable, as in the case of large Trees. When Plants are to be sent by mail, it must be so stated in the order and the necessary amount for postage included in the remittance.

Shipping. I deliver all goods to forwarders here without charge, after which my control ceases, consequently my responsibility also. State plainly to what point goods are to be sent. I recommend that Nursery Stock be shipped by express or freight rather than by mail, whenever practicable, as larger stock can then be sent. I particularly caution patrons against ordering Strawberry, Greenhouse and Herbaceous Plants shipped by freight; they should always go by express, or in small lots by mail. The prices quoted are for the quantities specified, but six, fifty and five hundred of a variety will be supplied at dozen, hundred and thousand rates respectively. With apples, pears, peaches and other FRUIT TREES, fifty in assorted varieties of a class may be ordered at hundred rates and five hundred at thousand rates; but hundred lots of strawberries, raspberries, and other SMALL FRUITS cannot be made up at hundred rates, of less than fifty of a variety; and thousand lots cannot be made up at thousand rates, of less than five hundred of a variety.

Substitution. It is my custom, should the supply of a variety become exhausted (which will occasionally occur in all establishments), to substitute in its stead a similar sort or give the value of another grade of the variety named. When it is desired that I shall not do this, it must be so stated in the order. To simply affix the words "no substitution" is all that is necessary.

Claims, if any, must be made upon receipt of goods, when they will be carefully and cheerfully examined, and, if just, all made satisfactory. Claims made after fifteen days from receipt of goods will not be entertained. I send out only good stock in good condition, carefully packed, in all cases, but success or failure depends in so large a degree upon the care and management after received, that I do not, because I cannot, undertake to guarantee stock to live.

Guarantee. I warrant my stock true to name, with the explicit understanding that should any not prove so, I will refund the money paid or replace it with other stock; but I am not liable for damages beyond this.

FALL PLANTING.



Autumn is undoubtedly the best season in which to plant all kinds of Plants except Cap Raspberries and Evergreens. Its advantages are many and great; the air is cool, the soil moist, nursery stock is dormant and the fruit-grower and farmer have the time to carefully do the work. Nursery Stock planted in fall will start to grow much earlier in spring and make a far greater growth the first year than Trees and Plants set out in the spring. This has especially been the case of recent years, as our springs have been short; followed by hot, dry weather in May and June, before the stock planted has had time to become established in its new quarters and either greatly checking its growth or causing it to die outright. The very best way to handle nursery stock is to have it shipped in the autumn and planted at once. If, however, circumstances prevent planting in fall the stock can be "heeled in" upon one's own ground, ready at hand for planting in early spring When the ordering of stock is delayed until spring the preparation of the ground is liable to be deferred also, and consequently the planting is late. More Nursery stock is lost from late planting in spring than from all other causes. The thrifty, forehanded—the successful—

orchardists and fruit-growers have learned from experience the advantages of fall over spring planting and with few exceptions plant in autumn; unless located at the extreme North. The secret of successful planting can be stated in three words—PLANT IN AUTUMN.



Strawberries give the largest yield and the largest berries when grown in rich, well-prepared soil. They do not succeed when shaded by trees or buildings. For hill culture in the family garden set the plants in rows two feet apart and the plants fifteen inches apart in the rows, or if to be worked by horse and cultivator make the rows two and half to three feet apart and the plants one foot apart in the rows. In either case cut off all runners as they appear. If to be grown in matted rows plant in rows from three to four feet apart and the plants a foot apart in the rows, permitting the runners to grow at will. At the approach of winter, as soon as ground is frozen, cover the rows with salt hay or other loose, light material. Light strawy manure is excellent for this purpose. Evergreen branches are very useful for securing the covering in place and are of themselves a protection.

The blossoms of all varieties here offered are bi-sexual or perfect, except those marked with the

The blossoms of all varieties here offered are bi-sexual or perfect, except those marked with the letter **P**, which are destitute of stamens and are termed pistillate or imperfect. Pistillate varieties must have a perfect flowered variety planted near them to properly pollenize their blossoms, in the proportion of one row of perfect flowered plants to about every four or five rows of pistillates. If but one variety be grown, it is, of course, essential that it be a perfect-flowered sort and not a pistillate one. It is best always to plant at least three varieties—early, medium and late—to expand the season of fruiting to its

full limits.

Strawberry plants will be sent by mail postpaid at dozen rates if desired. If to go by mail at 100 rates, add 25 cents per 100 to the price quoted. At 1000 rates by express only. I cannot ship at 1000 rates earlier than October 15th, as the loss by digging before that date is so great.

NEW VARIETIES.



GLADSTONE.

From the home of the popular Sharpless, in Columbia Co., Pa., comes this worthy companion of it, and it seems destined to become equally popular. So far as tested I find it a good bearer of uniformly large berries of high quality, and these alone render it of the highest value for the home garden or as a fancy berry for market. The plant is of extraordinary vigor and exceedingly robust; on rich soil bearing immensely. The berries are of great size, frequently measuring $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter, of broad, roundish-conical form, of rich crimson color and very handsome in appearance; flesh solid, firm and of the best quality. It begins to ripen early and continues in bearing for a long season, even until quite late. Doz., 30c.; 100, 75c.; 1000, \$5.00.

GIBSON.

Those who have been looking for a large, regu-Gibson exactly what they

lar, bright, firm and productive strawberry for shipping will find in the Gibson exactly what they want; and its large size, beauty and high flavor will delight the amateur. For the last two or three years its fruit has been shipped to the New York market and sold at a higher price than almost any other strawberry by reason of its superior shipping and good-keeping qualities—reaching the consumer in perfect condition. In 1898 at Mineola, the Gibson, picked 26 hours, was awarded First Premiums for best quart of any new variety, for best two quarts of any variety, and for the ten heaviest berries. This experience, in market and on exhibition, should be conclusive evidence of its great

value. The berries are roundish with blunted apex, very uniform, brilliant glossy crimson, exceedingly firm and solid, and of sprightly high flavor; the plant is of strong, vigorous habit and yields immensely. The Gibson was originated in the Hudson valley fruit region among practical fruit growers who are enthusiastic in its praise. Midseason to late. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.50.

McKINLEY.

A comparatively new variety of great excellence which has been thoroughly tested for several seasons upon the grounds of the introducers, who pronounce it to be a very superior strawberry and confidently recommend it for garden and market culture. The berries are large, roundish inclining to conical, sometimes flattened or cockscombed; in color a bright crimson, with firm flesh of very

good quality. On good soil it is a heavy yielder and the plant is both vigorous and healthy. Midseason. Doz., 25c.; 100, 75c.; 1000, \$4.00.

NEW YORK.

Remarkable for large size, productiveness and vigor and health of plant. The berries are large to very large, dark scarlet, changing to crimson when fully ripe, coloring all over at once; excellent in quality. In growth of plant it is exceedingly vigorious with foliage that is large, bright and clean. For such a large berry it is a great bearer and the berries continue to be large in size and regular in form to the end of the season. It should be grown on good soil and with generous culture will give astonishing results. Especially fine for the home garden and the amateur. Midseason. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.50; 1000, \$10.00.

GENERAL LIST OF STRAWBERRIES.

Bisel (P). Large, uniform, conical, bright crimson, glossy, firm and of sweet, pleasant flavor; healthy, vigorous and productive. Early. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.00.

Brandywine. Extra large, crimson, handsome, firm and solid, of superior quality. Always brings fancy prices and splendid for the home garden. Midseason. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Bubach (No. 5) P. Extra large and fine, very productive; popular and profitable for near market. Dark crimson, rather soft and of fair quality. Midseason. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.00.

Clyde. One of the best of the early large sorts, yielding abundantly and very profitable. A fine early variety for the family garden and of good quality. Berries large and bright; plant vigorous and healthy. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Earliest. Resembles very much Michel's Early of which it is a seedling, but the berries are larger and more of them. Its extreme earliness renders it very desirable. Succeeds finely at the South. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Enormous (P). Well named as it is of the largest size on good soil. Somewhat resembles Bubach, but is larger and firmer. Almost round, dark crimson and of good quality. A fine showy berry. Early. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.00.

Excelsior. One of the earliest strawberries, of good size, larger than any of the very early sorts. Roundish-conical, uniform, bright crimson, firm, and of good quality. Plant is satisfactory and it is an excellent sort for the very early home supply of berries. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.00.

Gandy. The best standard late variety, but it demands rich soil and good culture for satisfactory results. Berries large and handsome, bright crimson, firm and of excellent quality. Plant a vigorous grower with clean foliage, productive and reliable. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

reliable. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50. Glen Mary (P). Large and choice, very handsome and of fine flavor. Very profitable in a choice market where fancy berries are in demand. A good grower and in good loamy land exceedingly productive. Early to midseason. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.00.

Hunn. This would be a valuable late variety were it not that the plant is so weak and susceptible to rust. The berries are large and good and it may do better in other locations than at Monmouth. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Lovett. A profitable market sort; productiveness, firmness, bright color and long-keeping properties being its prominent merits. Valuable in

the home garden for canning, etc., for which its great firmness well fits it. Second early. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Marshall (*Henry*). A fine table variety; large, dark crimson and of extra good quality. Plant strong and luxuriant, but needs rich soil and good culture for best results. Midseason. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.00.

Michigan. Later than Gandy and of better quality. Large and uniform, but only moderately firm. Plant a good grower, but prefers heavy soil and liberal culture. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Murray's Extra Early. Of Southern origin, and valuable for its extreme earliness, but possesses also good size, productiveness, firmness and good quality. Plant strong with tough foliage; does well at the South. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Sample (P). An excellent variety of recent introduction which has given fine results. Berries large, roundish, rich dark crimson, firm and of very good quality; plant a vigorous grower with healthy, dark green foliage. Midseason to late. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Sharpless. Well-known and popular. Berries very large, rather soft, of good quality with mild, pleasant flavor. Plant large and robust, on good soil productive. Midseason. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.50.

Smith. One of the most profitable early strawberries, and its productiveness and good flavor make it one of the most desirable early sorts for the home garden. It yields immensely and on all soils, even on light land. Berries are of good size, conical, bright, firm and very good. Plant clean and healthy. Doz, 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$2.00.

Success. Resembles Bubach in shape and size of berry, is equally as productive on good soil, but ripens early. Large, bright crimson, moderately firm, excellent in quality. Plant a strong grower with no indication of rust. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.00.

Sweet or Bush Cluster. For Southern homes it is one of the best, its foliage withstanding the hot suns admirably, whilst the berries are so sweet and tender as to make them peculiarly fitted for home use. Valuable for its great productiveness and fine quality. Early. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.00.

Wm. Belt. A valuable late variety with berries of great size and good flavor, borne very abundantly. Nearly as late as Gandy. Plant a vigorous grower, clean and healthy. Doz., 20c.; 100, 50c.; 1000, \$3.00.



Fall is the best season in which to plant the red and other similar varieties. Blackcaps succeed better when planted in Spring. I offer here only the best varieties of both classes.

Plant in rows 6 feet apart and 3 feet distant in the rows, or four feet apart each way to be cultivated in hills, in each case putting 2 plants in a place. The former method requires 4800 plants and the latter 5444 plants per acre. The latter mode is the better for garden culture. Blackcaps should be set a little further apart than the red class. As soon as planted cut back the canes to within a few inches of the ground and mound the soil over them for a winter protection, leveling it down in the spring.



KING RASPBERRY.

By far the best red Raspberry yet produced. It is the only early red Raspberry that I have tested which unites large size, beauty, firmness and good quality of fruit with productiveness, vigorous growth and hardiness of cane. Its season is the very earliest. Fruit bright in color and of best quality. In productiveness it is the equal of any red Raspberry I have ever grown, and in vigorous growth and hardiness of cane, as well as in the enduring properties of its foliage, it is not surpassed by any. I believe it to be worthy of all that can be said in its favor; for in earliness, large size, beauty of form and color, high quality and firmness of its fruit and in productiveness, vigorous growth and hardiness of cane—in a word in value—it is without an equal. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.50.; 1000, \$20.00.

CUMBERLAND.

The largest blackcap Raspberry that has yet been introduced and as good in other respects as it is large, excelling all other varieties of the blackcap class. Berries jet black with little or no bloom; very firm; in shape longer than they are broad, resembling blackberries, and of the best quality, sweet and pleasant. Canes strong, vigorous and exceptionally hardy yielding enormous crops every year. For large size, beauty, hardiness, vigor and productiveness it leads them all. Midseason. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.50; 1000, \$20.00.

Cuthbert. A popular variety, profitable for



market and still the best of its season. Berries large, crimson, firm and good; canes of strong growth with healthy foliage; exceedingly productive. Midseason to late. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$1.00; 1000, \$6.00.

Golden Queen. The best yellow raspberry ever introduced and especially desirable for the home garden. Identical with Cuthbert in all but color. Berries large, of bright golden yellow and of high quality. Midseason. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$8.00.

Conrath (Cap). The best early blackcap, sur-



passing by far any of the other early sorts. Berries resemble Gregg, but are without bloom; firm, sweet, meaty and very large. Canes vigorous and hardy, producing nearly

double the yield of Gregg. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$1.00; 1000, \$6.00.



Kansas (Cap). A great improvement upon Gregg; hardier in cane and far more productive. Berries quite as large, with much less bloom, firm and of fine quality. A late

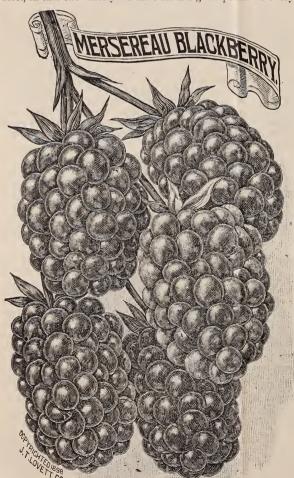
variety, but ripens in advance of the Gregg. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$1.00; 1000, \$6.00.



Many kinds of blackberries will succeed, not only on good fruit land, but even on the most sandy, porous soils. They require the same treatment as recommended for Raspberries, but in field culture should be planted in rows from five to seven feet apart (according to the strength of the variety), and three feet distant in the rows; in garden culture plant in rows five feet apart, and plant three feet distant in the rows, putting two plants in the hill. Fall is the best time to plant Blackberries. I have again this season a large and superb stock of Blackberry Plants. Please note the very low prices quoted. If by mail add 50c. per 100. At 1000 rates by express or freight only. Mailed free at dozen rates if desired.

MERSEREAU BLACKBERRY.

By far the best Blackberry as yet produced; having a cane of iron-clad hardiness and possessing every desirable property known to blackberries to as great a degree as any variety in cultivation. In brief, in this one variety we have all the good points of every blackberry in cultivation and lusciousness



equalled by none. From almost every state in the Union come reports commending it in the highest terms and I regret the limits of this price list do not permit me to quote them. A special circular giving the opinions of fruitgrowers throughout the country, with description and history in full, of this marvelous fruit will be mailed to all who wish it upon receipt of request.

who wish it upon receipt of request.

The Mersereau Blackberry is not only hardier in cane than the iron-clad Snyder and the berries larger than those of the Wilson, but it is more productive by far and better in quality than either. Its cardinal properties are great size, great hardiness of cane and great productiveness. But these are not its only merits. Its size and form are best shown by the annexed engraving of a cluster made from a photograph. In hardiness it is doubtless without an equal among blackberries, having endured a temperature of twenty degrees below zero and was not injured in the least, even at the the tips, though Snyder and Taylor's Prolific were much damaged. Just how low a temperature it will withstand uninjured is not known. In quality it is exceptionally sweet, rich, melting and luscious; being without core—the seedy character of Snyder and most other ironclad sorts being especially absent. The canes are of exceedingly strong, upright habit, attaining, upon fairly good soil, a height of eight feet, if permitted to grow unchecked and are so stout as to remain erect without staking; foliage large abundant and entirely free from rust or blight. Its yield is simply enormous, affording heavy pickings from the first until the crop is all matured. Its season is early to midseason; ripening with the Snyder—in advance of Kittatinny, Lawton, Taylor's Prolific or Erie, but not so early as Early Harvest or the Wilson.

\$1,000.00 per acre per annum is the record of the Mersereau; for it has yielded twelve thousand quarts of berries per acre, which sold at an average of ten cents per quart. Allowing two hundred dollars for picking and marketing the returns were a thousand dollars an acre.

Price, Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$3.00; 1000, \$25.00.



ching's Everbearing Tree. Remarkable for its rampant, robust growth, the canes growing straight and erect and branching into tree form. The berries are very large, borne in heavy clusters, clear shining black, and exceedingly sweet and delicious. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.00.

Early Harvest. Especially valuable for its extreme earliness and great productiveness. Berries of small size, bright glossy black and of excellent quality—sweet and tender. Succeeds finely at the South and on the Pacific coast, and is profitable everywhere except at the far North. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.00; 1000, \$6.00.

Eldorado. The surpassing sweetness of this renders it especially desirable for home use. The berries are medium to large, glossy jet black, very sweet, melting, rich and pleasant; canes absolutely hardy, strong and productive. Ripens early. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.00; 1000, \$15.00.

Kittatinny. An old favorite, once very popular,



especially for the home garden, on account of its large, handsome berries and delicious flavor. It is still much in demand and is one of the best for table use, except at the far North, where it is not entirely hardy. The canes are of strong, erect growth and very productive, but are subject to the so-called "orange-rust;" berries extra large, long, jet black, glossy and of fine, rich quality without core. Midseason. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$8.00.

Lawton. This is also a well-known old sort, which still retains its popularity, as it succeeds over a wide range of country. The berries are large and roundish and of excellent quality when fully ripe, but turn black in advance of ripening. Midseason. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.50; 1000, \$10.00.

Lovett. A standard market sort, yielding large crops and much profit. The berries are large, roundish, jet black, firm and of good quality. Canes of strong, vigorous growth and productive. It ripens early and continues to bear until the close of the season. The berries do not turn red after gathered as do those of many varieties. Doz.. 35c.; 100, \$1.50; 1000, \$10.00.

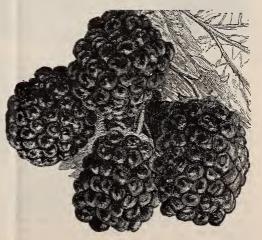
ICEBERG BLACKBERRY.

This new white Blackberry is the best of the white varieties yet introduced and is not only interesting but really valuable. It should be in every garden for its peculiar and beautiful fruit. It is from a seedling of Lawton crossed with Crystal White and the clusters are larger than those of Lawton; berries quite large; earlier, sweeter and more tender and melting throughout than its black parent, though as firm as Lawton when ripe. They are not only of snowy-white color, but are so transparent that the seeds which are unusually small may be seen in the berries when ripe. The canes are exceedingly productive, fairly bending down in various directions under their load of handsome, delicious berries and are of vigorous growth and entirely hardy. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.00.

Maxwell. A choice extra early variety of good size and superior quality, very desirable for the home garden. The berries are almost as large as Wilson's Early, glossy black, sweet, rich and luscious; melting in the mouth and no core whatever. Canes exceedingly prolific, strong and stocky, entirely free from rust and all other disease and hardy. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$8.00.

Ohmer. Berries large, jet black, firm and of sweet, rich flavor—very good; canes vigorous, hardy and productive with tough, healthy foliage. Late. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.50; 1000, \$10.00.

Rathburn (True). The most profitable of the very early blackberries, not quite so early as Early Harvest nor so prolific, but its fruit is superb. In general make-up it resembles the old Wilson's Early, but is entirely free from double blossom and the canes are much hardier—in fact it equals in hardiness the Snyder and Taylor's Prolific—and is very productive. Its season is that of the Wil-



son, succeeding closely Early Harvest, ripens its entire crop quickly and is out of the way of the Kittatinny, Lawton and other midseason sorts. The berries are large, jet black and very handsome, are extra firm and keep well, but the quality is but fair to good. A field of several acres of this in bearing the past season proved to be very profitable and I shall increase my acreage another year. The plants I offer were grown from the original stock and are genuine—many that are offered are not. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.50; 1000, \$20.00.

Snyder. A popular early sort for planting at the North and



Northwest; its extreme hardiness of cane renderingit valuable for cold climates. It is very productive, and though the berries are but medium in size they are of good quality, sweet and juicy, and, when fully ripe, are without hard core. With the exception of Mersereau it is the best early

blackberry for extreme Northern locations where other varieties winter-kill, its earliness and productiveness rendering it profitable and desirable. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$8.00.

Taylor's Prolific. Like Snyder, of unusual

hardiness of cane, and ripening later it makes an excellent companion for it in cold locations, where hardiness is of more importance than large size of berry. The canes are of strong growth and very prolific; berries of good size, larger than Snyder and exceedingly sweet and rich. Midseason to late. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$8.00.

Wilson's Early. Once the leading early market variety and still popular for its fine

berries, earliness in ripening and superior market properties, but it has become so weakened with old age that it is being rapidly superseded by other sorts. I have the true variety—absolutely pure and all of my own growing. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.50; 1000, \$10.00.

Wilson Junior. A seedling of Wilson's Early, and very like its parent in every way, uniting extra large size, earliness and productiveness with fine appearance and superior shipping and keeping properties. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.50; 1000, \$10.00.

DEWBERRIES.



These ripen their fruit between raspberries and blackberries and are earlier and larger than blackberries. Plant 6 feet by 6 putting 2 plants in the hill. Cut back the canes to 4 or 5 feet and tie up to stakes in spring.

If to go by mail add 50c. per 100. Mailed free at dozen rates if desired.

Lucretia. The best of the Dewberries and exceedingly profitable for market; very desirable also for the home grower in maintaining a continuous supply of berries. It should be more largely grown than it is, being a sure money-getter and its fine large fruit sells at sight. No fruit grower should fail to plant it. The canes are of vigorous growth and trailing habit, with abundant foliage; succeed upon all kinds of soil, are of ironclad hardiness, free from disease and insect attacks, and are exceedingly prolific. The berries are of great size, glossy black and of superb flavor. They also ship and keep well. What gives especial value to the variety is its earliness—ripening, as it does, in the gap between Raspberries and Blackberries— and the berries are so large, beautiful and good they always command a high price. Doz., 35c.; 100, 75c.; 1000, \$5.00.

Austin's Improved. The berries of this are shorter and broader than those of Lucretia and ripen a week earlier, but they are not so firm and do not ship so well. Canes are of stronger growth and of like trailing habit. Doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.00; 1000, \$6.00.

STRAWBERRY-RASPBERRY.

So unique and peculiar and at the same time so ornamental when in fruit as to be well worthy of a place in the garden. It is a wonderful grower; always clean and vigorous, with a mass of deep green foliage and large, fragrant, pure white blossoms. Although it suckers immoderately, it is extremely hardy and produces ripe berries for a period of some ten or twelve weeks—from early in July until frost. The berries are of enormous size, of the richest shade of bright crimson imaginable, and are in very truth the most exquisitely beautiful of any berry I have ever looked upon, but sadly deficient in flavor being dry and insipid. When cooked, however, it is very good and when mingled and cooked with other red raspberries it is delicious. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.00. Mailed postpaid at dozen rates if desired.

Norman Co., Minn.
Plant sent was received in the best condition, and the packing was most admirable. Plants might have gone the world around and been received in good order.
O. J. HAGEN.

JUNEBERRY.

Success. This is by odds the finest of the improved dwarf Juneberries and a superb variety. It was produced by Prof. VanDeman from careful crossing and so fine that I purchased the entire stock from him. It is an excellent substitute for the Swamp Whortleberry and of the easiest culture. The fruit is borne in clusters, reddishpurple changing to bluish-black. In flavor it is rich and full, excellent as a dessert or canned. Extremely hardy, enduring extremes of cold and heat uninjured. In habit it is similar to the current. The blossoms have white petals and completely envelop the bush, which, with its bright, glossy, dark green foliage, renders it one of the handsomest of ornamental shrubs. Ea., 10c.; doz., 75c. (by mail if desired); 100, \$4.00.

I received my plants the 26th of March in fine condition, and must say they are the finest plants I have seen; for which please accept thanks.

JOACHIM GULTZOW,

CURRANTS

Plant 3 by 4 feet, in rich moist soil.

Autumn is much the best season for planting Currants.

Black Champion. Extra large in both berry and bunch, and a great improvement upon the old standard varieties of Black Currants. A heavy annual bearer.

Black Naples. The old standard sort.

Black Victoria. A superb variety of recent introduction from Europe, with fruit of extra large size, both in bunch and berry. In flavor it is very good, being mild and sweet. Plant is vigorous and productive, hardy and healthy. 1 yr. doz. 75c.; 2 yrs. doz., \$1.00.

Cherry and Versailles. Well-known old standard market sorts, with large berries of bright sparkling crimson, of good flavor but rather acid. Vigorous growers and profitable. They are almost

identical, and one description will answer for both.

Fay's Prolific. Very popular, and the leading red variety. Large, bright red, of good flavor and less acid than Cherry. Strong grower and reliable, regular bearer.

Lee's Prolific. A fine black variety, earlier than Black Naples, with longer bunches and of better quality.

Prices (except as noted): 1 yr. doz., 50c; 100, \$2.00. 2 yrs. doz., 75c; 100, \$3.00. Thousand rates will be given upon application.

White Grape.

Vigorous and productive.

One year plants mailed post-paid at dozen rates if desired. If by mail at 100 rates add 50c per 100. Two years plants are too large to mail.

North Star. One of the finest of all, and especially desirable for the home garden; but also profitable for market growing. It possesses hardiness, vigorous growth, early fruiting and productiveness combined to an unusual degree. In both bunch and berry the fruit is large, of bright crimson color, very beautiful and extra fine in quality. A heavy, reliable bearer.

Red Dutch. An old favorite, justly esteemed for the fine quality of its fruit, which, though small as compared with some other varieties, is borne very abundantly and is the best of all for making jelly, wine, etc.

Victoria. The best late red variety. Bunches long, berries medium to large, pale red and of excellent quality. A strong grower and very pro-Valuable for succeeding the other red ductive. varieties and thus lengthening the season.

variety. Should be in every family garden for its

beauty and superior quality. Long bunches of large berries, translucent white and of fine flavor.

The largest and finest white

GOOSEBERRIES

Plant 3 by 4 feet on moist soil in partial shade and mulch heavily. Autumn is the correct season for planting Gooseberries. 1 yr. old plants by mail postpaid at dozen rates if desired. If by mail at 100 rates add 50c. per 100. 2 yrs. old plants too large to mail. Thousand rates will be given upon application.

Doz.,

Chatauqua. A robust, upright grower, immensely productive of very large, pale vellow, smooth berries, which are sweet and of superior quality. Has been successfully grown for many years with much profit; being almost free from mildew. 1 yr., ea., 15c.; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$8.00. 2 yrs., ea., 20c.; doz., \$2.00; 100, \$10.00.

Columbus. A true native variety closely approaching the large foreign sorts in size and excellence. It possesses great vigor and strong vitality with entire free-dom from mildew. The berries are extra large, oval, smooth and greenish-yellow in color; in quality very fine. Those wishing large, fine gooseberries in quantity should plant this. (See illustration). 1 yr., doz., 75c.; 100, \$3.50. 2 yrs., doz., \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

Downing. The old standard market sort, still popular for its productiveness and reliability. It is a sure bearer, never mildews and the berries are medium to large, pale green and of excellent quality. 50c.; 100, \$2.00. 2 yrs., doz., 75c.; 100, \$3.00.

Houghton An old well-known sort, almost out of cultivation, but still renowned and justly esteemed for its productiveness, fine quality and sweet flavor. Berries small and pale red in color. 1 yr., doz., 50e.; 100, \$2.00. 2 yrs, doz., 75e.; 100, \$3.00.

A superb variety and though of foreign origin, if given cool, rich soil and northern



COLUMBUS

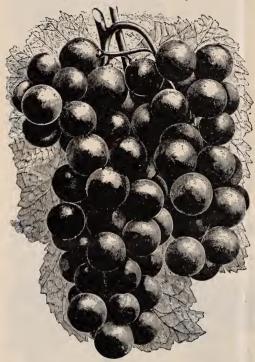
exposure, it bears immense crops and is quite exempt from mildew. Berries very large, dark red, hairy and of good quality, 2 yrs., ea., 15c.; doz., \$1.50; 100, \$9.00.

Red Jacket. A true American variety of great value succeeding everywhere. It is a thrifty grower, entirely free from mildew, very hardy and exceedingly productive. Berries large, smooth, of a beautiful ruby-red, and of good quality. 1 yr., ea., 10c.; doz., \$1.00; 100, \$5.00. 2 yrs., ea., 12c.; doz., \$1.25; 100, \$7.00.



Plant in rows 6 feet apart and 8 feet apart in the row.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY.



The much-lauded grape of recent introduction which has been declared to be the greatest acquisition thus far achieved in hardy grapes. The clusters are large, shouldered, moderately compact; berry large, nearly round, black with profuse bloom, skin thin but very tenacious, flesh very tender and juicy, flavor sweet, rich, aromatic, with delicate aroma; seeds small and part readily from the flesh, so easily indeed that persons need never swallow them. Its season is early—ripening with Moore's Early, but remains on the vine a long time. The vines are uncommonly hardy, having endured eighteen degrees below zero without any protection and were not injured in the least. 1 yr., ea., 10c.; doz., \$1.00.. 2 yrs., ea., 15c.; doz., \$1.50.

Brighton. Bunch and berry large, red, of fine quality, tender, sweet and juicy; a free grower and productive. Early.

Concord. Well-known and popular, succeeding everywhere, very reliable. Bunch and berry large, black, good; vigorous and productive. Midseason. 1 yr., doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.00. 2 yrs., doz., 75c.; 100, \$3.00.

Diamond (Moore's). Large in both cluster and berry, compact, greenish-white, tender, juicy, good; a strong grower and sure bearer. One of the best of its color. Early.

Bunch and berry very large and showy, black, thick skin, juicy, rather pulpy but tender and good; robust and productive. Midseason. 1 yr., ea., 15c.; doz., \$1.00. 2 yrs., ea. 20c.; doz., \$1.50.

Green Mountain (Winchell). Cluster and berry medium, greenish white, thin skin, fine quality, tender, sweet; strong grower, exceedingly hardy. Early. 1 yr., ea., 20c.; doz., \$1.50; 2 yrs., ea., 25c.; doz., \$2.00.

Lady. Bunch medium, berries medium to large, pale greenish-yellow, thin skin, sweet and good; good grower and productive. Early.

Martha. Medium bunch, berry medium to large, greenish-white, sweet, pulpy, rather foxy; vigorous, productive and reliable. Midseason.

Moore's Early. Medium bunch, large berry, black, good; robust and productive, even more rugged than Concord and two weeks earlier.

Niagara. Bunch and berry large, compact, greenish-white, thin skin, rather pulpy, only fair quality; mildews in many localities but vigorous and productive. Midseason.

Wilder (Rogers' No. 4). Bunch and berry large, black, thin skin, fine quality, tender, rich; vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive. Midseason.

Woodruff. Cluster and berry very large and showy, deep red, of fair quality only; vigorous hardy and very productive. Profitable for mar-Early.

Worden. Large bunch and berry, black, very much resembling Concord but larger, of better quality and ripens nearly two weeks earlier; robust and reliable.

Prices of the above (except as noted): 1 yr., ea., 10c.; doz., 75c. 2 yrs., ea., 15c.; doz., \$1.00. Rates per 100 and per 1,000 will be given upon application. Mailed postpaid at ea. and doz. rates if desired.

FAIRFAX Co., Va., April 6, 1899.

Regarding plants and bushes bought of you, I will state the case in very plain language, that they have turned out true to name and very satisfactory in every instance. On some kinds your prices are a little higher than some others, but my experience for sixteen (16) years in this place with plants and bushes has convinced me that I can always depend upon stock from you, and so inform my neighbors.

W. B. BESLEY.

CAPE MAY Co., N. J., April 14, 1899.

The bales of trees arrived in good shape and were far better than I expected to get. Many thanks for your extra count, and when I want anything more in your line I will surely send you my order. It is a pleasure to deal with a firm that sends out such good stock for so little money. Wishing you every success.

OTWAY BROWN.

APPLES.

Plant 30 feet apart each way-48 trees per acre.

Standard First Class, ea., 25c.; doz., \$2.50; 100, \$15.00. Thousand rates will be given upon application.

SUMMER.

Early Harvest (Yellow Harvest). Red Astrachan. Sweet Bough (Sweet Harvest). Yellow Transparent.

AUTUMN.

Gravenstein.
Maiden's Blush.
Oldenburgh (Duchess of)

WINTER.

Baldwin.
Ben Davis (N. Y. Pippin).
King (of Tompkins Co).
Northern Spy.
Rhode Island Greening.
Winesap.

York Imperial (Johnson's Fine Winter).

FRANK BASSETT.

Undoubtedly one of the most valuable of all winter apples, remarkable especially for its long keeping qualities, and destined surely to attain great popularity. It possesses all the valuable properties of Ben Davis, with the addition of high rich quality. The fruit, in size and form, is large to very large, globular, tapering slightly toward the blossom end, invariably smooth and perfect, and deep brilliant red in color; flesh firm and crisp. With only ordinary care it will keep in good condition until July. The tree is a strong vigorous grower, and a heavy annual bearer; comes into bearing unusually early. The sterling merits of this really fine winter apple, render it one of the most profitable that can be grown for market; and most desirable for the home garden. 1st c., ea., 40c.; 3 for \$1.00.

CRAB APPLES.

First-class, ea., 25c.; doz., \$2.50.

Hyslop.

Transcendent.

PEACHES.

Plant 18 feet apart each way—134 trees per acre. On light land plant 15 feet apart.

									Ea.	Doz.	100
First-class 4 to 6 feet,		-	-							\$1.50	
Medium, 3 to 4 feet,	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	12c	1.25	8.00

Rates per 1000 will be given upon application.

Alexander Beers' Smock Chairs' Choice Champion Crawford's Early Crawford's Late Crosbey Delaware Elberta

Lemon Free Mountain Rose Oldmixon Free Sneed Stephens' Rareripe Stump the World Triumph Wheatland

EVERBEARING PEACH.

Especially adapted for family use, and every home garden should have it. The remarkable feature of it is its long-continued bearing period; beginning to ripen early in July and producing successive crops until the beginning of September, when fruit in all stages of development is upon the tree. The long period of blossoming, too, is another valuable feature, since it prevents a complete failure of the crop, as often happens to other varieties, from late frosts. The fruit itself is unexcelled in quality, of a beautiful creamy white, mottled and striped with pink, rather oblong in shape and tapering to a point at the apex; flesh white, veined with red near the skin, tender, very juicy, vinous, and of superior flavor; a freestone of the Indian type. In size, those of the first ripening are large—about 3½ inches by 3 inches broad; the second and succeeding crops diminish gradually in size until the last ripening are about 2 inches in diameter. This unique variety has been fully tested for the past five years, and its great value and long season of fruiting fully established. A single tree that will give a supply of fine juicy peaches in succession for nearly three months is indeed an acquisition. 1st c., ea., 25c; doz. \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

PEACH PITS.

I use large quantities of Peach Pits yearly for my own planting, and procure them direct from the collectors, hence I know them to be strictly first-class and positively true Southern Natural Pits. I can supply a limited quantity of these choice Pits at 50c. per peck; \$1.50 per bushel.

PEARS.

Plant Standards 20 feet apart each way. Dwarfs 7 to 10 feet apart each way.

Standard, First-class, ea., 30c.; doz., \$3.00; 100, \$15.00. Dwarf, First-class, ea., 25c.; doz., \$2.50; IOO, \$I2.00.

Kieffer, First-class, ea., 40c.; doz, \$4.00; IOO, \$25.00.

I can supply all the varieties named both as Standards and Dwarf, excepting Kieffer and LeConte, both of which are grown only as Standards.

SUMMER.

Bartlett. Clapp's Favorite.

Koonce.

Lawson (Comet).

LeConte.

AUTUMN.

Duchesse (d'Angouleme).

Flemish Beauty.

Howell. Kieffer.

Louise Bonne de Jersey.

Seckel. Sheldon.

Vermont Beauty. WINTER.

Beurre d'Aniou.

Lawrence.

PLUMS.

EUROPEAN VARIETIES.

These should be grown on heavy soil. The curculio should be captured by jarring the trees and destroyed, and the "Black Knot" should be cut away as quickly as it makes its appearance and burned.

First class, ea., 30c.; doz., \$3.00; 100, \$15.00. Rates per 1000 will be given upon application.

Bradshaw (Black Imperial) Coe's Golden Drop German Prune

Imperial Gage Lombard Moore's Arctic Quackenboss

Reine Claude (De Bavay) Shropshire Damson Yellow Egg

JAPANESE VARIETIES.

A revelation in plum culture. They grow so quickly, come into bearing so early—at two and three years old from bud—yield so heavily, and the fruit is so large, fine and luscious, that they should be in every garden and orchard. They can be grown as cheaply and as easily as peaches, and all are entirely hardy.

First-class, ea., 30c.; doz., \$3.00; 100, \$15.00.

Abundance Burbank

Red June

Wickson

CHERRIES.

Plant Hearts and Bigarreaus 20 feet apart each way, and Dukes and Morellos 12 to 15 feet. First-class, ea., 50c.; doz., \$5.00. Rates per 100 will be given upon application.

DUKES AND MORELLOS.

Early Richmond English Morello Late Duke

Louis Phillipe

May Duke Montmorency Ordinaire

Ostheim

HEARTS AND BIGARREAUS.

Black Eagle Black Tartarian Centennial

Governor Wood

Napoleon Rockport Windsor Yellow Spanish

OUINCES.

Plant 10 feet apart each way—435 trees per acre.

First-class, ea., 25c.; doz., \$2.50; 100, \$15.00, except as noted.

Champion. The best late variety and an unusually long keeper. Extremely hardy, vigorous and rugged. Fruit large; flesh tender and rich.

Orange. The well-known standard variety known also as the Apple Quince. Large, roundish and of fine quality; productive and profitable; early.

BORGEAT QUINCE.

The great value of this may be appreciated when I state that it is a vast improvement upon the The great value of this may be appreciated when I state that it is a vast improvement upon the popular Orange Quince and by reason of its regular, annual bearing of large crops is much more profitable. The tree is a stronger grower than the Champion, with an abundance of large, dark-green leaves, begins bearing at an early age and continues to produce each year fully twice as many quinces as the Orange. The fruit is of great size, almost round, with a wide open basin, a brilliant golden-yellow color all over and cooks tender without any hard lumps, is rich and aromatic; of the very highest quality. It ripens fully three weeks in advance of Champion and a week to ten days earlier than Orange, and is a splendid keeper. Ea., 50c; 3 for \$1.25; doz., \$4.50.

NUT TREES. CHESTNUTS.

American or Sweet. The well-known chestnut of the forest. In sweetness and delicacy of flavor or as a shade tree it is unsurpassed. Of fine growth and one of the best for avenue planting, being handsome and symmetrical. 4 to 5 feet, ea., 25c; doz., \$2.50; 100, \$12.00. 6 to 8 feet, ea., 35c; doz., \$3.50; 100, \$20.00.

Japan Giant. Quite distinct from the European varieties. The leaf is long and narrow like

a peach and dark green, making a very ornamental lawn tree; comes into bearing at 2 or 3 years old. Its early bearing, great productiveness and enormous nuts render it especially desirable for the home ground. All are stocky, well-branched trees. 2 to 3 feet, ea., 20c; doz., \$2.00; 100, \$10.00. 3 to 4 feet, ea., 35c; doz., \$3.50; 100, \$20.00. 5 to 6 feet, ea., 50c; doz., \$5.00; 100, \$30.00. 6 to 8 feet, ea., 75c; doz., \$7.50.

WALNUTS.

Black. Makes a desirable shade tree, and no one who has eaten walnut candy will ever forget the flavor of its oily and toothsome kernels. 6 to 8 feet, ea., 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Well-known and popular. The nuts differ from those of the Black Walnut in being longer, and the kernels of sweeter, more delicate flavor. Tree of lofty spreading growth. 4 to 5 feet, ea., 20c; doz., \$2.00; 100, \$15.00. 6 to 8 feet, ea., 30c; doz., \$3.00; 100, \$20.00.

English, Persian or French. (Madeira Nut.) Highly prized for its thin-shelled nuts of delicious flavor, which drop from the hull when ripe. The tree is handsome and furnishes the beautiful "French Curled Walnut" for furniture making. Hardy and productive from New York southward. 3 to 4 feet, ea., 35c; doz., \$3.50.

Dwarf English or Prepaerturiens. A variety of the above, differing from it in its early bearing, superior hardiness and late blooming. The nuts in all respects are very much like its parent. It makes a pretty ornamental tree for the lawn or door yard, and is very desirable for small grounds. 2 to 3 feet, ea., 25c; doz., \$2.50. 3 to 4 feet, ea., 50c; doz., \$5.00.

Japanese. Juglans Sieboldi. From the mountains of Northern Japan and as hardy as an oak. The leaves are immense, and the nuts, which are produced in great abundance, grow in clusters of fifteen to twenty; have a shell thicker than the English walnut, but not so thick as the black walnut. The meat is sweet; of the very best quality; flavor like a butternut; but less oily, and much superior. The trees grow with great vigor, mature early, bear young, and are more regular and productive than the English walnut. 4 to 5 feet, ea., 25c; doz., \$2.50. 5 to 6 feet, ea., 35c; doz., \$3.50. 6 to 8 feet, ea., 50c; doz., \$5.00. 8 to 10 feet, ea., 75c; doz., \$7.50. \$5.00. 8 to 10 feet, ea., 75c; doz., \$7.50.

Japanese. Juglans Max Cordiformis. Japanese species, resembling in some respects J. Sieboldi, but differing considerably in form of nuts, which are broad, slightly flattended, with acute points at both extremities, smooth and somewhat like our shell-bark hickory. A very early and prolific bearer. 6 to 8 feet, ea., 50c; doz., \$5.00. 8 to 10 feet, ea., 75c; doz., \$7.50.

GARDEN ROOTS.

ASPARAGUS.

One yr. by mail 25c. per 100 extra. Mailed at

Giant Argenteuil. The most profitable of all by reason of its mammoth size and immense yield. It is a French variety, and has proved a great success wherever planted, producing large, thick, handsome stalks even at the first cuttings. A superb variety in all respects and very early in season. Roots: 1 yr., doz., 40c.; 100, 75c.; 1,000, \$5.00. 2 yrs., doz., 50c.; 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$7.50. Columbian Mammoth White. Remarkable

for the clear whiteness of its stalks, which retain their purity of color well above the surface; very distinct, extra large and of superior quality; a great cropper. Roots: 1 yr., doz., 25c.; 100, 60c.; 1,000, \$4.00. 2 yrs., doz., 40c., 100, 75c.;

1,000, \$6.00.

Conover's Colossal. The well-known standard sort; large, productive, of rapid growth and good quality. Roots: 1 yr., doz., 20e.; 100, 50c.; 1,000, \$3.50. 2 yrs., doz., 30c., 100, 60c.; 1,000,

Palmetto (true). Largely in demand for its earliness, large size and yield, and freedom from rust, surpassing Conover's Colossal and equally as good in quality. Roots: 1 yr., doz., 25c.; 100, 60c.; 1,000, \$4.00. 2 yrs., doz., 30c.; 100, 75c.; 1,000, \$5.00.

HORSE RADISH.

Plant in rows 18 inches apart, putting the sets 1 foot apart, in rich, moist loam, being careful to put the thin end down in the ground. Requires frequent and clean cultivation for best results.

Sets: doz., 25c.; 100, 75c.; 1000, \$5.00. If by mail add 15c. per 100.

RHUBARB.

A deep rich soil is indispensable to secure large heavy stalks. Plant in rows 4 feet apart with the plants 3 feet distant. Set so that the crowns are about an inch below the surface. Top-dress annually in the fall with stable manure and fork under in the spring.

Myatt's Linnaeus. Popular, and the best for general use. Early, very large, productive, tender and delicately flavored. Requires less sugar than other sorts. 3 for 25c.; doz., 75c.; 100,

\$5.00. If by mail add 5c. each.

SAGE.

Volt's Mammoth. A vast improvement upon the ordinary garden sage. The leaves are of immense size, always clean and perfect, and produced in a solid mass over the entire bush. Plant of strong bushy habit, does not blossom except under unfavorable conditions, and never seeds. Exceedingly fine. Ea., 10c.; 3 for 25c.; doz., 75c.; 100, \$5.00.

SWEET LAVENDER.

The old-fashioned plant grown in gardens for its agreeable, fragrant flowers when cut and dried; highly prized for scenting linen chests, making perfumery, etc. The plant is quite ornamental, with narrow, silvery-gray foliage and spikes of blue flowers. It is of the easiest culture, and once planted remains indefinitely. Every garden should possess a bed of this most delightful herb. Ea., 10c.; 3 for 25c.; doz., 75c.; 100, \$5.00.

UNIQUE ROSES OF SPECIAL MERIT.

MRS. LOVETT.

A double, bright pink, sweet-scented form of the popular Japanese Trailing Rose, Wichuriana, but far superior to all others of this class and possessing those good properties which the other improved Wichuriana Roses lack, viz., large size, good form, brightness of color and fragrance. It is a true Wichuriana in habit of growth and foliage, hardiness and abundance of bloom, but its roses are very double, two to two and a half inches in diameter, and are of the liveliest and most cheerful bright rosy-pink imaginable. Best of all, it is very fragrant, and its frag-

rance is distinct from that of any other Rose. It is impossible to convey in words any accurate idea of the great beauty of this Rose when seen trailing over and covering the ground with its handsome dark green foliage, surmounted by masses of the loveliest soft pink roses. Its vigor of growth is remarkable and is equaled only by its wonderful free-flowering propensity. Strong field grown plants, 4 to 6 feet tops, ea., 25c.; 5 for \$1.00; doz., \$2.50.



Known also as Virginia R. Coxe. A superb, new, everblooming Hybrid Tea Rose that has astonished all who have seen it by the grandeur of its bloom and its extraordinary vigor of growth. It is so hardy, vigorous, healthy and easy of culture; its flowers are so grand and so profuse that it is surely destined to become one of the most popular of all hardy Roses. The flowers are large and double, finely formed, of good substance and borne on long, stiff stems; in color it is of a bright scarlet crimson, shaded with a deep reddish velvety glow, very showy and hand-It possesses a fragrance all its own, being distinct and delightfully

sweet. The bloom is very constant and profuse, covering the entire bush and presenting a dazzling effect. The only fragrant everblooming brilliant red rose and the only one that is hardy. Strong plants from $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. pots, ea., 25c.

M'LLE HELENA CAMBIER.

Beautiful color and fine form are united in this to make it pleasing, whilst the plant is a fine grower and exceedingly profuse in bloom. Certainly one of the best of the new sorts. The flowers are large and very full and double, rich saffron-yellow with varying shades and deeper centre, then becoming lighter as the flowers open. Its handsome bloom, both in bud and flower, is worthy of all praise. Strong plants from $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. pots, ea., 25c.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.



Remarkable for their vigorous growth, immense bloom, hardiness, fine colors, and agreeable fragrance. They succeed well wherever Roses can be grown at all, and owing to their strong and robust habit are best suited for outdoor culture. easiest culture, but are much improved by clean cultivation and liberal manur-The largest ing. roses and those of the most glowing and intense colors are found among the Hybrid Perpetuals. They flower profusely in early summer and again moderately in the autumn.

Alfred Colomb. Bright carmine-crimson. Anne de Diesbach. Bright crimson, extra sweet. Caroline de Sansal. Pale carnation.

Coquette des Blanches. White. Earl of Dufferin. Deep dark crimson. Francois Levet. Soft pale pink. Gen. Jacqueminot. Rich crimson. Gen. Washington. Bright crimson. Jules Margottin. Cherry-crimson. La Reine. Deep rosy lilac. Magna Charta. Bright rose. Margaret Dickson. White. Mad. Chas. Wood. Deep scarlet. Mad. Plantier. Pure white. Mrs. John Laing. Shell pink. Paul Neyron. Deep rose. Perle des Blanches. Pure white. Prince Camille de Rohan. Blackish-crimson. Ulrich Bruner. Rich crimson. Vick's Caprice. Rose striped crimson. Victor Verdier. Rose, crimson centre. Large dormant field grown plants, ea., 30c; 4 for \$1.00; doz., \$3.00.

ROSA WICHURIANA.

THE MEMORIAL ROSE.

Especially valuable and appropriate for cemetery planting. A perfect trailer, hugging the ground closely and running ten to fifteen feet in a season, densely clothed with glossy, dark green foliage and but few thorns. Flowers single, pure snowy white, with bright yellow disks and with the fragrance of the Banksia Roses, borne in clusters so numerous as to fairly cover the plant. Field grown plants, ea., 20c.; 3 for 50c.; doz., \$1.50.

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.

The varieties of this class are noted for their luxuriant foliage, profusion of bloom borne in large clusters, and vigorous growth, reaching a height of twenty feet or more. Invaluable for covering fences, walls, trellisses, verandas, etc.

Anne Marie (Pride of Washington). Rosy carmine. Baltimore Belle. Pale blush.

Climbing Jules Margottin. Crimson. 30c. ea.

Climbing Victor Verdier. Carmine-rose. 30c. ea.

Crimson Rambler. The finest of all hardy climbers; large clusters of brilliant crimson, semi-double flowers in wonderful and continuous profusion; a blaze of color for a month or more. Very vigorous and succeeds everywhere. Ea., 30c.; doz., \$3.00.

Empress of China. Rich, dark pink, becoming lighter in shade as flowers open and resembling in color and fragrance the beautiful apple blossom; an excessive bloomer and a superb variety. Ea., 25c.; doz., \$2.50,

Gem of the Prairies. Bright crimson.

Mary Washington. White.

Pink Rambler (Euphrosyne). Rosy pink. Ea. 25c.

Russell's Cottage. Rich dark crimson.

Seven Sisters (Greville). Clusters of seven flowers in each, of varied colors from white to erimson.

White Pet Rambler. Pure white. Ea., 25c.

White Rambler (Thalia). White. Ea., 25c.

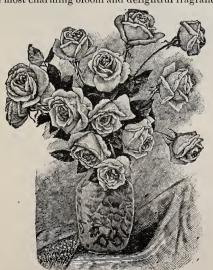
I offer large plants of all the above, price [except as noted], ea., 20c.; 3 for 50c.; doz., \$2.00.



Yellow Rambler (Aglaia). The only yellow climbing rose that is hardy. Flowers light yellow, in clusters, and sweetly scented. An excellent companion to Crimson Rambler. Ea., 25c.; doz., \$2.50.

EVERBLOOMING ROSES.

These include the most beautiful varieties of all They are delightfully tea-scented and justly valued for their constant bloom and exquisite buds of lovely, soft, but pure color; embracing the most charming shades. They are not all entirely hardy at the North, but are the finest of all for indoor culture during winter, producing the most charming bloom and delightful fragrance.



Bridesmaid.

Augustine Guinoiseau, White La France, [Hybrid Tea]. Pearly-white, tinted fawn.

Bride. The most beautiful pure white Tea Rose. Bridesmaid [Tea]. Silvery rosy pink; the finest pink. Bon Silene [Tea]. Soft rosy-carmine.

Caroline Marinesse [Noisette]. White, slightly

tinged with pink.

Clotilde Soupert [Polyantha]. Pearly white with rosy lake centre.

Clara Watson [Tea]. Salmon and pink.

Coquette des Lyons, Yellow Hermosa, [Tea]. Beautiful pale yellow

Duchesse de Brabant [Tea]. Rosy pink.

Duchess of Albany, Red La France, [Hybrid Tea]. Rich deep pink.

Etoile des Lyons [Tea]. Clear pale yellow.

George Pernet [Polyantha]. Satiny pink.

Gloire des Polyantha. Rosy pink, flushed carmine.

Golden Gate [Tea]. Pale golden yellow.

Hermosa [Bourbon]. Clear rose.

Kaiserine Augusta Victoria [Hybrid Tea]. The finest white of its class.

La France [Hybrid Tea]. Silvery rose.

Mad. Abel Chatenay [Hybrid Tea]. Rosy carmine. Mad. Caroline Testout [Hybrid Tea]. satiny rose. Pale red centre.

Mad. Pernet Ducher [Hybrid Tea]. Rich sulphur yellow, changing to ivory white.

Mad. Welch [Tea]. Pale apricot yellow.

Maman Cochet [Tea]. Pale flesh pink.
Marechal Niel [Noisette]. Deep gold of climbing habit. Extra fine. Deep golden yellow;

Marie Lambert Snowftake [Tea]. Creamy white. Marie Van Houtte [Tea]. Pale creamy yellow.

Meteor [Hybrid Tea]. Rich velvety crimson.

Mignonette [Polyantha]. Pale pink.

Mosella Yellow Soupert [Polyantha]. Creamy white, shading to apricot yellow.

Mrs. DeGraw [Bourbon]. Clear lively pink. Mrs. Robert Garrett [Hybrid Tea]. Shell pink.

Papa Gontier [Tea]. Deep rich carmine.

Perle des Jardins [Tea]. Pale golden yellow.

Princess Bonnie [Hybrid Tea]. Vivid crimson. Priscilla [Tea]. Clear ivory white.

Queen's Scarlet [Bourbon]. Bright crimson.

Sanguinea [Bourbon]. Rich dazzling crimson.

Safrano [Tea]. Fawn suffused with rose. Souv. de Mad. Eugene Verdier [Hybrid Tea]. Creamy white shading to pale yellow.

Souv. de Pres. Carnot [Hybrid Tea] Shell pink, petals edged with ivory white.

Souv. d'un Ami [Tea]. Pale rose.

Sylph [Tea]. Pearly-white.

The Queen [Tea). Pure white; very fine. Strong plants from 4 in. pots, ea., 20c.; doz., \$2.00.

A GIANT STRAWBERRY.



The latest strawberry as yet offered; ten days later than Gandy, (introduced by me in 1888), and continues to give large, fine fruit for two weeks after the last berries of the Gandy have ripened.

The most productive and the strongest and largest in plant and leaf of all strawberries I have ever seen.

The berries are uniformly very large and very beautiful. They are firm and of good to high flavor.

The most profitable strawberry in existence. The entire crop sold (in New York City and Red Bank, N. J.) the past season at twelve to fifteen cents per quart, wholesale, and the yield was enormous.

As far superior to Gandy as is that popular variety to the best late varieties which preceded it. The blossom is perfect.

No plants of Lester Lovett for sale until Spring, 1901.

J. T. LOVETT, Little Silver, N. J.