

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

RETURN TO POMOLOGY
SECTION OF NOMENCLATURE

MAR 20 1916

INDEXED.

**GARNETT AND
GOLDEN
RULE
NURSERY**
(Combined)



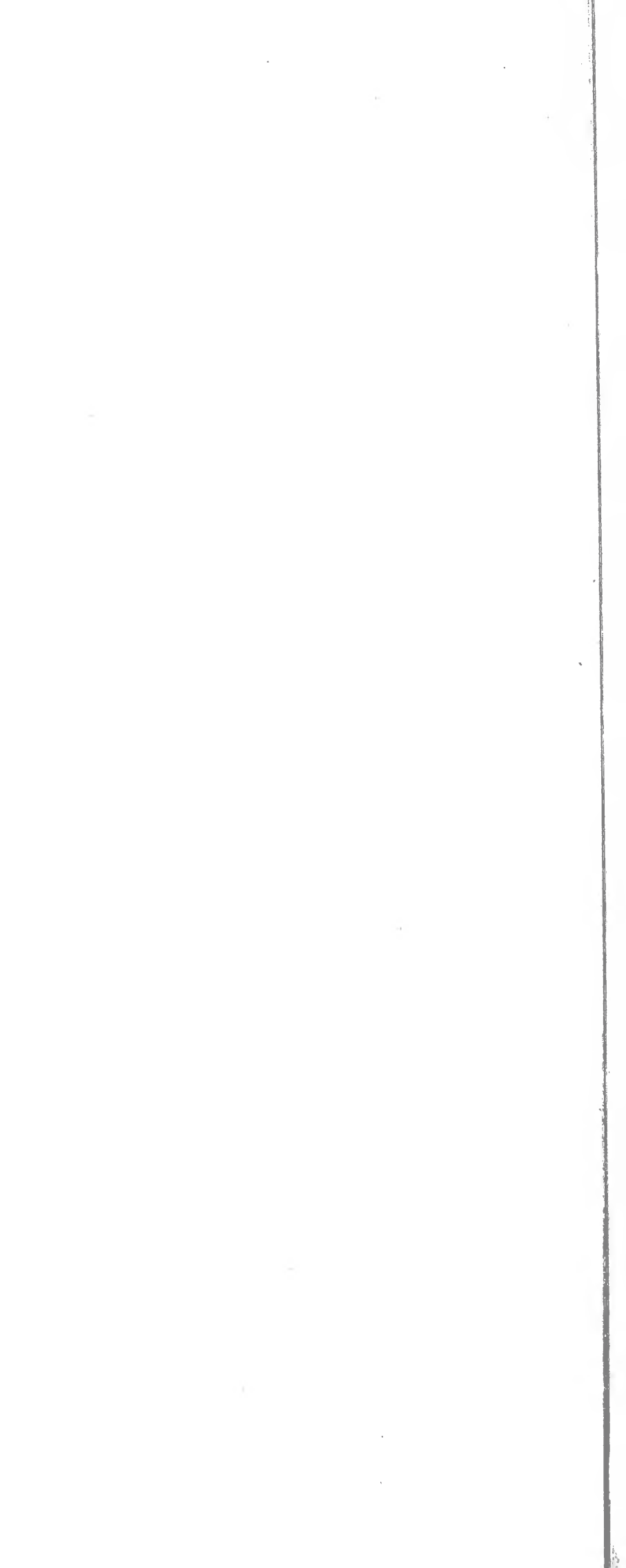
AUG 18 192

**Catalogue and
General Information**

Read the first four pages of this catalogue carefully as it may be of interest to you.



JOHN C. EMBRY, PROP.
GARNETT, KANSAS



General Information, Suggestions and Catalog.

In preparing a catalogue of our fruits, ornamentals, etc., it must be borne in mind that it is not an ad only to bring before the public what we have in stock, but it is, indeed, more especially for the benefit of those desiring to buy fruits, ornamentals, etc.

It is our aim to make the descriptions and time of ripening, etc., as accurate and intelligible as possible, and in so doing, to lend assistance to those desiring to make selections so that they may obtain varieties suited to their locality, and also that a succession of ripening, from the earliest to the latest, may be obtained.

If customers are not familiar with varieties suited to his locality, I recommend that the purchaser leave the selection of varieties with me as far as possible. Merely by stating the size trees wanted, and proportion of summer, fall and winter fruit wanted. As experience enables me to select sorts adapted to their locality will cheerfully give such orders my personal attention and my customers can depend on getting the best varieties suited for their location.

I devote my personal attention to every branch of the nursery business. I aim to include in my assortments the best varieties in each class for market and family use.

Customers should state in their orders, which they wish for market or home use, as it would make a difference in my selections for them.

GUARANTEE OF GENUINENESS.

While we guarantee our stock to be true to name and use the greatest care in doing so, mistakes may occur and in such a case, upon proper proof, trees, etc., will be replaced free of charge or the money paid for them refunded, and in no case will we be held responsible for any more than the amount paid for stock that should prove untrue, nor for any damage claimed by the purchaser.

NEW VARIETIES.

Great many developments have been made and are still being made, in the creation of new fruits. Some have proven to be of great merit.

but the old leading sorts still stand among the best. In preparing this catalogue care has been taken to give description of varieties that do best in this section, so by a careful selection from our catalogue a model orchard may be obtained.

TRANSPLANTING.

When trees are received, open the bundles if not ready to plant, cut the outside strings and heel them in moist, mellow soil and work the dirt in between roots as if being planted, so as to keep out the air or frost; if the ground is dry it will be advisable to moisten the soil. Before heeling in or planting, remove all broken roots or limbs.

DEPTH AND PLANTING.

Plant deep enough so when the dirt is well settled that the tree will be as deep or a little deeper than it grew in nursery, which can be plainly seen by difference in color in the bark, tramp the dirt well around roots, leave some loose, fine dirt on top to keep out air or frost, if ground is low and wet soil, ridge it up well where trees are to be planted, as more trees are lost by wet, sour ground than by dry weather.

Cut back one-half or two-thirds of the tops, owing to the size of the trees. All trees handled in this manner that are not living on Sept. 1 after season of setting will be replaced at half our retail price.

WINTERING TREES WHEN PROCURED IN THE FALL.

Procuring trees in the autumn for early spring planting is recommended when the purchaser is not prepared to plant in the fall or prefers spring setting, or where the winters are too severe to set out young trees or plants in the fall; the greatest advantages derived in doing so are that when the roots have been cut or pruned it will be found upon taking them up in the spring that a callous has been formed ready for the producing of new rootlets, and the trees being planted without much exposure as soon as the frost is out of the ground will become thoroughly established the first season and should make twice the growth of late planted trees, and the labor planting is then done before the rush of the spring work sets in. To insure success select a dry spot of ground where water will not stand during the winter and no grass or litter that will invite mice. Dig a trench from three to four feet wide, according to the amount of trees to be heeled in, and deep enough to admit one layer of roots and sloping enough

to let the trees lay at an angle of about thirty degrees, throwing the earth on the back part of the trenches so as to make a more perfect slope on which to lay down the trees. Put in one layer of trees placing the roots as close together as can conveniently be done, cover with well pulverized soil well up on the bodies and as carefully worked in about the roots as if they were being planted; then add another layer of trees overlapping the first, and continue as at first until all are heeled in throwing the ground well up around the trench, and where the winters are very severe it is advisable to cover the tree entirely up with earth. Evergreen boughs, coarse straw or corn fodder can be placed over the tops, but not thick enough to admit of a harbor for mice. The roots should be pruned before laying them down in the fall.

I also carry a general line of shade trees, roses and ornamentals of all kinds.

HOW TO ORDER.

Parties ordering:

When money draft or check for the full amount accompanies the order for the full amount it will save the customer 25c for the return of money.

Trees, etc., will be shipped at any time desired if so ordered, will be shipped when I think best. Stock will be shipped C. O. D., subject to examination at express office. If trees, etc., are not up to grade ordered, return same in good condition, and all money paid will be refunded.

NOTICE.

Certificate of inspection showing any stock to be free from diseases and insects will be furnished with each shipment.

BEST VARIETIES TO PLANT.

These varieties I consider best to plant in this section as the proprietor of the Golden Rule Nursery have had experience. If people interested in fruit growing would follow his instructions as to varieties, pruning, setting and attending fruits, fruit growing would be more of a pleasure than a task.

SPRAYING AND CARE OF TREES.

Briefly, these are the directions for a season's work in the apple orchard:

As the cluster buds are opening, spray every part of the tree with a mixture made as follows:

In one barrel place 6 pounds of fresh stone lime and 25 gallons of water; suspend 4 pounds

of blue vitriol in a piece of burlap in a second barrel containing 25 gallons of water. When both the lime and vitriol have dissolved, pour at the same time, the contents of each barrel into a third. Strain this through a piece of burlap as it is poured into the spraying tank. Put a bright knife blade into the mixture for a few moments; if the copper appears upon it, add more lime.

When about two-thirds of the petals have fallen, use this spray again, and add 3 pounds of arsenate of lead to it. This is the most important spray of the season. See that enough liquid is applied, and at such pressure that the blossom-end of every apple will be reached.

In both of sprays mentioned, as well as the ones to follow, commercial lime and sulphur 1½ gallons to 50 gallons of water, may be substituted for the blue vitriol and lime; add the arsenate, however at the same rate.

In about two weeks repeat the second spray.

Between July 10 and 15 repeat the second spray for the later brood of codling moth.

Remove all dead and diseased limbs and water sprouts.

Remove any piles of old apples, underbrush or prunings and give the orchard a thorough disking.

For cherry, plum and peach, use London Purple mixed in water so that you can see the form of your hand about 3 inches down in the mixture. Spray at least 3 times, at about the time of the first 3 above mentioned. Black knot on plum and cherry trees, only known remedy just as soon as the curly black knots appear remove the branch at least two inches below where the knot appears, burn the affected parts and attend to it promptly when you discover it, then you will have exterminated the disease before it has done any serious damage.

SPRAYING FOR CANKER OR CATERPILLER WORMS.

Spray when leaves are one-third grown and continue as long as worms appear, with Paris Green solution; 1 lb. of Paris Green to 200 gallons water and add ½ lb. of lime. Caterpillar worm webs may be destroyed by fire before they spread on trees.

Habit of growth is indicated by Mod., Free, Vig., Slow, at the end of description, meaning Moderate, Free, Vigorous, or Slow growers.

I carry a general line of first class nursery goods. I have many varieties in stock not named in this catalogue.

I pay freight on all orders of five dollars or over where distance does not exceed over fifty miles. Longer distance orders must be in proportion.

WINTER APPLES.

DOMINIE.

Medium, skin greenish yellow, flesh very tender and pleasant; tree vigorous and prolific. October to December.

JONATHAN.

This variety is unsurpassed by any of its season. Fruit medium, roundish, skin yellow, nearly covered with dark lively red. Fine grained, very tender and finely flavored. One of the best of commercial sorts, and should be in every orchard. Hardy, vigorous and productive. October to December.

STAYMAN'S WINE SAP.

Has never failed bearing. Tree vigorous, hardy, spreading, an early bearer and very productive; fruit medium size, round, skin smooth, greenish yellow; splashed and striped with red and purple; flesh yellow, firm, tender, juicy, rich sub-acid, quality best. Season January to May.

GRIME'S GOLDEN (Grime's Golden Pippin)

This apple is one of the best of its season. Of medium size, a bright yellow. Tree hardy, vigorous and productive. One of the best for home use and cold storage. October to January.

WINESAP.

Medium, dark red, sub-acid, excellent and abundant bearer, a favorite market variety in the West, and should be in all orchards. November to April.

GANO.

Fruit a bright red on yellow ground (no stripes), large, oblong, tapering to the eye. Surface smooth, polished. A prolific and good commercial sort. December to April.

HUNTSMAN'S FAVORITE.

Originated in Johnson County, Missouri; very large golden yellow; nearly sweet, fine flavour, very aromatic; one of the best and highest selling market apples; tree very healthy and moderately productive; vigorous. November to January.

MAMMOTH BLACKTWIG.

Tree a fine upright-spreading grower, bears large crops and holds its fruit well; the fruit

is fully one-fourth larger than the Winesap, which it resembles very much in color, flavor and keeping qualities; vigorous. November to April.

YORK IMPERIAL.

Medium, oblate, white shaded with crimson, flesh yellow, firm and crisp, juicy and sub-acid; a good bearer and keeper. November to April.

ROMAN STEM.

Fruit medium, whitish yellow, splashed with russet; flesh tender, juicy; rich, musky flavor; fine dessert apple. November and December.

ROME BEAUTY.

(Gillett's Seedling). Large, yellow, striped with red, flesh juicy, crisp, sub-acid, tree moderate grower. October to December.

RAWLE'S JANETT.

(Never Fail.) Blooms late; medium, roundish, ovate, greenish yellow, striped with red, crisp, rich and juicy; one of the best and longest keepers in the South and Southwest. January to May.

BEN DAVIS.

Fruit medium to large, skin yellow striped with red, a fair commercial sort. December to March.

INGRAM.

Fruit medium size, in shape somewhat resembling the Janet. Of excellent quality; tree vigorous and an abundant bearer. November to February.

SUMMER APPLES.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT.

Ripening with Early Harvest, while the fruit will keep fully ten days after ripening, making it adapted for early shipping. Fruit pale yellow, roundish, oblate; medium size and good quality; skin clear white at first, becoming a beautiful yellow when fully ripe; bearing young and abundantly and should be in all orchards.

EARLY HARVEST.

Medium to large, roundish, bright straw color; flesh white, tender, juicy, crisp, with rich sub-acid flavor; tree moderately vigorous and productive; one of the best. First of July.

ASTRACHAN RED.

Large, roundish, nearly covered with deep crimson, overspread with thick bloom; juicy, rich and beautiful; a good bearer; free. July.

RED JUNE.

Fruit small, yellow skin, well nigh covered with red. Flesh white, sub-acid, excellent qual-

ity. Tree hardy, vigorous and productive. First of July.

LOWELL or ORANGE.

Large, roundish, slightly conical; green, becoming rich yellow; surface oily; flesh yellowish white, sub-acid, excellent; good bearer; free. August.

GOLDEN SWEET.

Large, pale yellow. very sweet and good; good bearer; free. August.

COOPER'S EARLY WHITE.

Very large, roundish, pale yellow with faint blush; flesh white, crisp, sprightly; a Western apple; vigorous. First of August.

SWEET JUNE or HIGH TOP.

Fruit medium size, bright yellow, excellent flavor. Tree vigorous, hardy and productive.

FALL APPLES

MAIDEN'S BLUSH.

Rather large, smooth, regular, with a fine evenly shaped red cheek or blush on a clear, pale yellow ground; flesh white, tender, sprightly, with a pleasant sub-acid flavor; bears large crops; one of the best autumn sorts. August and September.

RAMBO.

Medium, yellowish, streaked with dull red and somewhat dotted; mild, tender and good; productive and vigorous. September to November.

FAMEUSE.

(Snow Apple.) Medium size, roundish, oblate; whitish ground, striped with deep red; flesh very white, juicy and pleasant. October and November.

FALL PIPPIN.

Fruit large green, becoming bright yellow when ripe and of excellent flavor. Tree hardy; vigorous; slow. October.

CRAB APPLES

HYSLOP.

Large, deep crimson, very popular on account of its large size, beauty and hardiness; vigorous. September and October.

QUAKER BEAUTY.

A hardy, strong growing sort, bears large crops of fine fruit. Its keeping quality makes it one of the best. December to May.

WHITNEY'S NO. 20.

Large, averaging one and a half to two inches in diameter; skin smooth, glossy green, striped and splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy and rich; a great bearer and very hardy.

Tree a vigorous, handsome grower, with dark green, glossy foliage. August and September.

PEARS

KIEFFER'S.

This pear was raised from seed of the Chinese Sand Pear accidentally crossed with the Bartlett or some other kind grown near it. Tree has large, dark green glossy leaves, and of itself very ornamental; is an early and very prolific bearer; the fruit is of good quality, wonderfully showy, and is valuable for the table and market; it never rots at the core, and is as nearly blight-proof as it is possible for any pear to be. Vigorous; making it one of the best commercial sort. September and October.

GARBER.

Is kin to and very much like Keiffer, large and of better quality, and ripens two or three weeks earlier. Fruit a beautiful yellow and of good commercial value. September.

BLIGHT-PROOF.

This Pear we believe to be absolutely blight-proof. Fruit rather small for commercial value. Ripens well on the tree and of good quality. A good sort for home use. September.

SECKEL.

Small, skin rich, yellowish brown when ripe, with a dull brownish red cheek; flesh very fine grained, sweet, exceedingly juicy, melting; buttery; the richest and highest flavored pear known; vigorous. August and September.

BARTLETT.

Large size with often a beautiful blush to the sun; fruit buttery; very juicy and high flavored, bears early and abundant. One of the worst to blight in this locality. August.

PEARS (Dwarf)

DUCHESS 'D ANGOULEME.

Very large, dull greenish yellow, streaked and spotted with russet; flesh white, buttery and very juicy; with a rich and very excellent flavor. One of the largest of the Dwarf type. Very productive. Often bearing one year after setting. September.

PEACHES

ELBERTA.

This is the most popular commercial peach grown. Tree hardy and prolific, bearing abundant and continued crops in the south and along the lakes. Fruit large beautiful yellow, blushed with red on the sun side; flesh bright yellow, making it one of the best of canning sorts. August in south; September in north. Free.

THE CHAMPION.

Fruit large, beautiful in appearance; flavor delicious, sweet, rich and juicy; skin is creamy white, with red cheek; freestone. August 15th. The peculiarity of this great acquisition is its hardiness, and the crowning events in its history of its having stood a temperature of 18 degrees below zero in the winter of 1887-8, and produced an abundant crop the following season, and again in 1890 producing a full crop, when all others were a universal failure. A good commercial sort and should be in every orchard. August.

FOX'S SEEDLING.

(F.) Medium to large; skin creamy white, with bright red cheeks; a very heavy bearer. One of the most profitable white peaches grown and should be in every orchard. September.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY.

This beautiful yellow peach is highly esteemed for market purposes. Fruit very large, oblong; skin yellow, with fine red cheek; flesh free. August.

yellow, juicy, sweet and excellent; productive;

CRAWFORD'S LATE.

Fruit of the largest size; skin yellow, or greenish yellow, with dull red cheeks; flesh yellow; productive; one of the best; free. Last of August and September.

STUMP OF THE WORLD.

Tree one of the hardiest and branches tough, holding more fruit without breaking than any sort I know of. Fruit large, roundish with bright red cheek, making it one of the most handsome of the white sort. Fruit juicy rich and of good quality. Would advise it in all orchards. Free. August and September.

OLD MIXON FREE.

Large, pale yellow, flesh white, with deep red cheek, rich and good, one of the best. September 1st.

SALWAY.

Fruit medium, roundish, deep yellow, firm, juicy, rich; a new English variety; a late showy market sort; free. October.

SMOCK.

Fruit medium to large; yellow, roundish and of splendid quality. Tree vigorous and productive. Free. October.

CROSBY.

Tree hardy, bearing heavy crops, stands winter well, fruit medium, bright yellow, firm,

excellent quality; a splendid home table sort. Free. September.

HEATH CLING.

Large, oblong, creamy white; slightly tinged with red in the sun; very tender, juicy, melting; very rich and luscious. September and October.

MIXON CLING.

A fine large white peach with red cheek, flesh white, of good quality. Tree hardy and productive. August and September.

SNEED.

The most remarkable early peach yet produced; it ripens a week to ten days earlier than Alexander, and belongs to an entirely different type from Alexander and Hale's Early; it is very distinct in tree and fruit, belonging to the Chinese Cling type; size medium, color white with flush on cheek. Twentieth of June.

CARMAN.

Large, resembles Elberta in shape; color creamy white or pale yellow with deep blush; skin very tough, flesh tender, fine flavor and quite juicy. Ripens with Early Rivers. One of the hardiest in bud; in shipping qualities and freedom from rot it is unsurpassed. Stands at the head for a general, long distance, profitable, marketable, market variety, in quality ranking superior to anything ripening at the same time. July.

EARLY RIVERS.

Large, light straw color, with delicate pink cheeks; flesh juicy and melting, with very rich flavor. First of July.

TRIUMPH.

Fruit medium size, flesh yellow, and of good quality. Tree hardy and productive. July.

AMSDEN.

Fruit medium; color red, beautifully shaded and mottled with a very dark red, nearly covering the greenish white ground; flesh white, with a delicious flavor when ripened on the tree. Middle to end of June. Rots bad on trees.

MOUNTAIN ROSE.

Fruit medium, skin white, nearly covered with red, flesh white and of excellent quality. Pit small, tree hardy and very productive. July 20th.

PLUMS

BURBANK.

The best of all Japan sorts of plum, fruits large, nearly round, cherry red, with a tiny lilac bloom. The flesh is a deep yellow color, very

sweet with a peculiar and very agreeable flavor. Tree vigorous with strong outspread branches, that stand bending to the ground under its load of beautiful fruit without injury. I have picked from a single tree three years after setting or four years from bud, two bushels that I marketed in Ottawa, Kas., at \$2.00 per bushel: think no farm or city lot complete without this plum.

ABUNDANCE.

Tree medium hardy, fruit large, purple; flesh bright yellow, juicy, sweet and of excellent flavor. A Japan sort. July.

WILD GOOSE.

This variety is one that succeeds everywhere in the far north. Tree fairly hardy; fruit a bright cherry red, medium in size, very juicy, of delicious flavor and blooms late. Frequently escapes late frosts when many others are caught. July.

RED JUNE.

(Japan.) A vigorous, hardy, upright spreading tree, as productive as Abundance; fruit medium to large, deep vermilion red, with handsome bloom, very showy; flesh light lemon yellow, slightly sub-acid, of good and pleasant quality; half-cling; pit small, and is the best in quality of any of the early varieties.

WICKSON.

(Japan.) This is one of Burbank's creations and the largest of all plums. Tree an upright grower, early bearer, fruit deep crimson, covered with a light bloom; pit small, flesh tender, sweet and delicious. Season following Burbank.

APRICOT

GOLDEN BEAUTY.

Tree very productive, making a beautiful round head, an ornament in any yard or lawn. Fruit large, pale, orange, flesh bright yellow; gave better results than any other sort. July.

CHERRIES

EARLY RICHMOND.

(Kentish, Virginia or Early May.) Medium size, dark red; melting, juicy, sprightly, acid flavor. This is one of the most valuable and popular of the acid cherries, and is unsurpassed for cooking purposes, and is exceedingly productive. Vigorous. Free. First of June.

MONTMORENCY.

A large beautiful dark red cherry, when well ripened, of splendid quality, and can be picked from tree without stem and will not

leak like the Richmond. One of the best commercial sorts. Tree vigorous. Middle of June.

ENGLISH MORELLO.

An old and one of the latest sorts. Tree a good and regular bearer. Flesh a deep red and very juicy.

MAY DUKE.

Large, red juicy and rich; an old variety, vigorous. Middle of June.

QUINCE

APPLE or ORANGE.

Large, roundish, bright golden yellow; cooks tender and is of very excellent flavor; valuable for preserves or flavoring; very productive. September.

CHAMPION.

A variety originated in Connecticut. The tree is a prolific and constant bearer; fruit averaging larger than the Orange, more oval in shape, quality equally fine and a longer keeper. Vigorous. September and October.

MISSOURI MAMMOTH.

Tree hardy and productive; fruit very large, green, slightly tinged with yellow. Of good quality. September.

GRAPES

CONCORD.

Bunches large, berries large, round; skin thick and covered with bloom; flesh juicy, sweet. Vine very hardy, vigorous and productive; at present the most popular of all our native sorts.

MOORE'S EARLY.

A large black grape of the Concord type, the entire crop ripening before the Concord; bunch medium, berries large with blue bloom, fruit of excellent quality. Vine hardy, moderately productive. Planted extensively as a market stock.

NIAGARA.

A magnificent white grape and very valuable for both garden and vineyard; a rank grower and very productive of beautiful bunches of the largest size; berries large with a tough skin; quality good; ripens about with Concord.

DRACUT AMBER.

This grape is oblong, vine fairly vigorous, of the fox grape class. Productive. Ripen with Concord.

RASPBERRIES

CARDINAL.

This is certainly the most remarkable

plant in cane growth ever introduced. It is a strikingly beautiful bush to look at, and this remarkable cane growth is extremely hardy. The thermometer registered 26 degrees below zero the winter of 1898-'99, and it withstood this severe test without apparent injury. It's apparent productiveness is all that could be desired. It will produce twice the amount of fruit of any other purple sort. Color of berry is a little darker than Columbian; a little more acid in flavor; berry rounder, of the same size or larger. It is doubtless the best of its kind ever introduced.

KANSAS.

Originated at Lawrence, Kansas. It is healthy, vigorous and not subject to leaf blight; produces strong, healthy tips; fruit large, as fine a berry as Gregg and equally as good a shipper; ripens just after the Souhegan; very prolific.

CUMBERLAND.

The largest black raspberry known. The quality is very similar and fully equal to the Gregg. The fruit is firm and will stand long shipments. It is a mid-season variety. The bush is fairly strong and productive.

St. Regis (everbearing)

Bears most all summer if it is not too dry and hot. Berries good size and fair quality, fine for table use. Fresh from vine, price 75 cents per dozen, \$4.00 per 100.

GOOSEBERRIES

DOWNING.

Fruit larger than Houghton; roundish, light green, with distinct veins, skin smooth, flesh rather soft, juicy and very good; vigorous and very productive.

HOUGHTON.

A medium sized American variety, which bears abundant and regular crops, and never mildews; fruit smooth, red, tender and very good, very valuable.

CURRENTS

FAY'S PROLIFIC.

Color deep, a great bearer, stems longer than cherry and berries hold their size to the end of the stem better; quality first-class, not quite so acid as the cherry claimed to be the most prolific and best of red currants.

RED DUTCH.

The standard old variety; excellent and well known; a great bearer and a very profitable market sort.

BLACK CURRANTS.

Large as wild gooseberries, never fail, quality fair, not as good as red currants. Will produce first year after planting.

BLACKBERRIES**THE NEW HIMALAYA.**

Very strong cane growers, vine similar to dewberry; can be grown very successfully on trellis or racks to prevent runners from taking growth and will make from 8 to 12 feet of growth in one year. Blooms late and escapes the frosts, berries between a dewberry and blackberry for size and quality. Very heavy producers when properly handled. This plant can be pruned back, making the berries extra large and of better quality. Price, \$1.00 per dozen or \$5.00 per 100.

EARLY HARVEST.

This is one of the earliest blackberries in cultivation; a compact dwarf grower.

LAWTON.

Fruit is very large and black and of excellent quality; an abundant bearer.

SNYDER.

Extremely hardy, enormously productive, medium size, no hard sour core; only half as many thorns as Lawton or Kittatinny, and they are short; most prolific blackberry grown.

French Lawton.

A better bearer than the old Lawton, quality as good. Berries very large this year—1914—is heavier loaded than any berry I have or have seen, two weeks later than the Early Harvest. Would advise planting some of these, price \$4 per 10).

DEWBERRY**LUCRETIA.**

Fruit very large, luscious and handsome; perfectly hardy, a strong grower and enormously productive; a superb and very profitable market fruit, the vines should be allowed to remain on the ground during the winter, and staked up early in the spring.

STRAWBERRIES**CRESCENT SEEDLING.**

(P.) Medium size, bright light scarlet, not very firm; continues a long time in fruit; plant very vigorous and hardy, and will produce good crops under greater neglect than any other strawberry, and is a good paying variety for both family use and market.

SENATOR DUNLAP.

This berry is one of the best, very produc-

tive, plants very strong and thrifty, producing immense quantities of large, fine, juicy fruit, which always sells at top market prices.

HAVILAND.

(P.) Profitable by reason of its productiveness, but it is hardly firm enough for distant shipment, requires deep, heavy soil; plant exceedingly vigorous and healthy, fruit large, handsome and good, though not of the best quality, rather long in shape and of a bright, glossy crimson, early.

JESSIE.

The plant is a stout, luxuriant grower: foliage light green; large and clean; the berry is very large, continuing large to the last picking, it is a beautiful color, fine quality, good form, quite firm, having been shipped 600 miles in good condition.

AROMA.

Plant shows no weakness of any kind, a strong polenser fruit, very large, roundish, rarely misshapen, glossy red, of excellent quality, and produces in abundance.

EVER BEARING STRAWBERRY—SUBURB.

Considered to be one of the best, perfect flowering, larger and better than any other everbearing strawberry. Price \$5.00 per 100.

HELEN DAVIS.

Hardy and strong, very large berries. Early and continues all through the strawberry season. They are money-makers as well as fine for house use.

CHARLES THE 1ST.

The earliest of all strawberries. It yields the largest berry of any early variety and lots of them.

AUGUST LUTHER.

I believe this to be the best early strawberry—everything taken into consideration. This year I grew some very fine samples of excellent quality. Plant a few of these; I know they will please you.

GLEN MARY.

Medium late, large, choice, handsome berries of fine flavor. A vigorous plant grower and very productive. A good canner and marketing berry.

ROSES

COQUETTE DES ALPS.

Valuable on account of its being the freest of bloomers. Blossom in clusters, and continues in flower until Autumn. Not as strong a grower as many other kinds, running more to bloom than wood. New and desirable.

GENERAL WASHINGTON.

A beautiful and desirable hybrid, perpetual flowers, large full perfect form, and retains its fragrance and richness of color longer than most sorts. Always a fine rose.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT.

Brilliant velvety-crimson, large, showy and a fine grower. Magnificent variety.

BALTIMORE BELLE.

Nearly white, double. The best white climbing rose. Superb for verandas.

QUEEN OF THE PRAIRIE.

Bright rose color; large compact and globular, a very profuse bloomer. One of best.

CLEMATIS.

Three different colors, red, white and blue, fine for covering porches and arbors. Has a very rapid growth, flowers a medium size and borne in immense masses.

ROSES.**RAMBLERS.**

Crimson, white and yellow. Also Baby Ramblers.

CRIMSON.

The best of all, vigorous growers and the most beautiful cluster of red roses in existence. Flowers are small but very beautiful when trimmed with its beautiful green leaves.

SHADE TREES**RED CEDAR.**

Of very rapid growth, regular in outline and perfectly hardy. Will bear shearing and cutting well. Very popular, and is largely planted.

NORWAY SPRUCE.

Of very rapid growth, and gracefully drooping habit, regular in outline and perfectly hardy; will bear shearing or cutting well. Very popular and deservedly so, and is largely planted.

IRISH JUNIPER.

A distinct and beautiful variety of erect, dense, conical outline, resembling a pillar of green. One of the most desirable trees for lawn or cemetery decoration.

PRIVET.

California and Amoor River. Most beautiful plants in existence for fencings. No thorns, and can be sheared or pruned in any shape. Very easy to grow and stays green nearly all winter. Turns to a purple color in dead of winter, making a beautiful fence for yards and lawns.

