

Historic, Archive Document

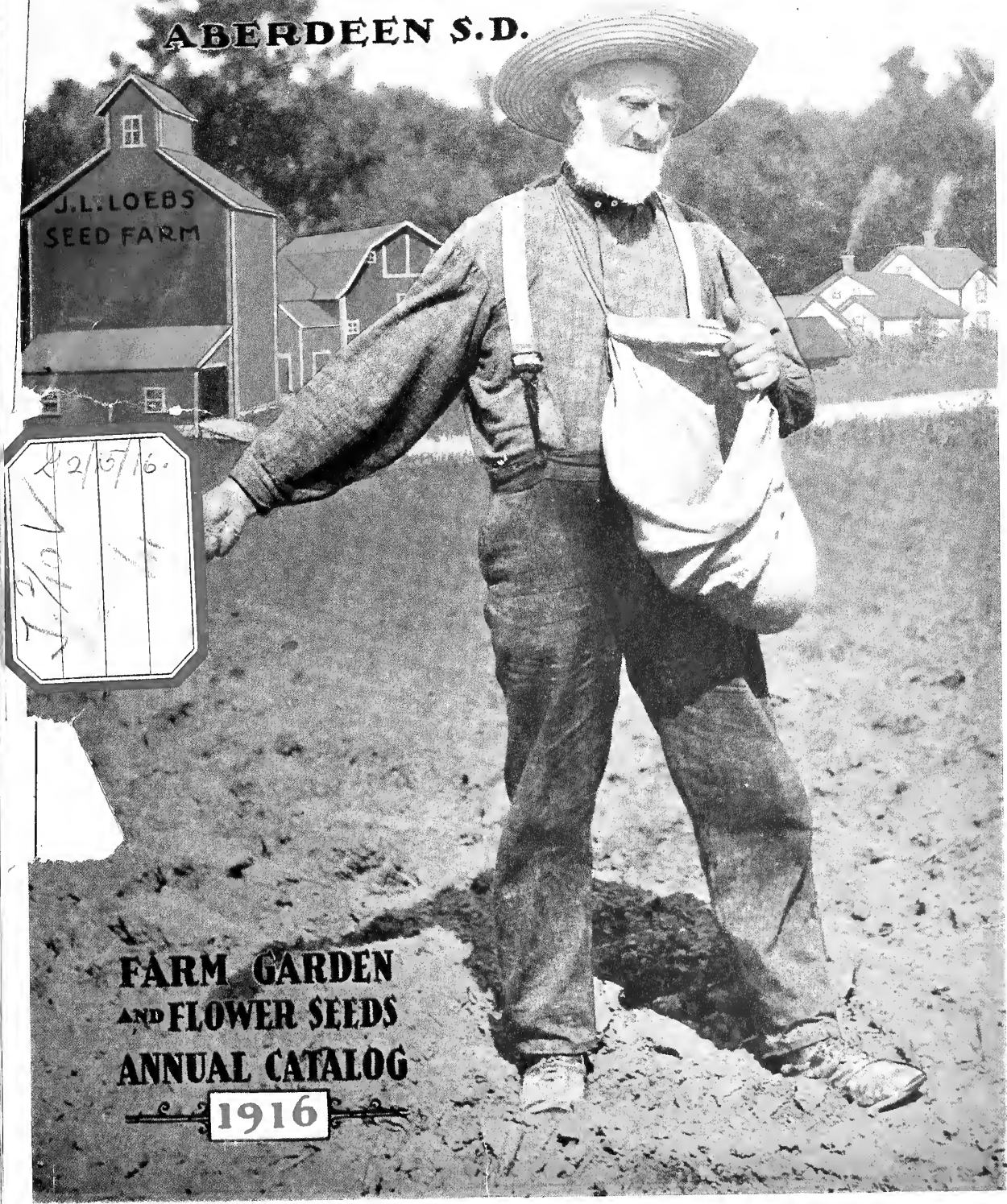
Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

6277

J. L. LOEBS

SEED CO.

ABERDEEN S.D.



**FARM GARDEN
AND FLOWER SEEDS
ANNUAL CATALOG**

1916

Our "Hub City Brand" Represents the Very Highest Quality



SELECTED FARM AND GARDEN SEEDS

J. L. Loeb's Seed Catalogue

Our Hub City Brand Seeds are standard goods, extensively advertised and well and favorably known in all parts of our country. They are the highest grade of seeds that can possibly be produced and are therefore the best suited for first class, critical trade; they are in demand everywhere.

We do not claim to compete in prices with irresponsible growers and dealers, but we believe by carefully comparing our prices with those of other reliable concerns, you will find that you can buy from us to advantage. We have large stocks of all varieties on hand and have every facility to execute orders promptly, carefully and well.

Are You an Old Friend?

We again renew our pledge of honor to serve you as conscientiously and as earnestly as in the past, to give you the same extra value for your purchase money that has gained your good will and high praise.

Are You a New Friend?

Then learn—today, now—all the advantages you secure through our high standards of quality, and our interested Personal Service. A single order will afford you practical proof.

And remember lastly our inflexible guarantee of your satisfaction or money returned. We are content only with your complete pleasure. Nothing which concerns you, no matter how small the purchase, is ever trivial or insignificant in our eyes.

We shall appreciate an order as an acknowledgement of your receipt of our catalog.

Please preserve this catalog for future reference.

THE LOEBS SEED COMPANY

ABERDEEN, S. D.

HEADQUARTERS FOR NORTHERN SEEDS

January 1, 1916.

To our Friends, Our Customers:

We take pleasure in presenting you with our Seed Annual of the 19th year of our business. Think of it! Nineteen years in the seed business right here in Aberdeen. What does this mean? It means that our seeds must be of highest quality, our methods and dealings strictly honest, and our service prompt, for under no other conditions could a business grow and prosper for such a long time. Our customers must be satisfied not only once, but from year to year.

We have always tried to make the name of "Loebs" stand for quality, and those of you who have been buying from us know that we have not tried in vain. Our warehouses are equipped with the very best machinery both for testing and cleaning seeds, and we know the quality of the seeds we send out.

You can no doubt buy cheaper seeds, but you cannot buy better seeds than ours, and in buying seeds it's quality that counts and not cost. We offer a good substantial line of accesories, such as garden tools, spray pumps, incubators, insecticides, poultry feeds and supplies.

We would like very much to have you order, and if you would favor us with the same we feel confident you will be served in a manner that will be highly satisfactory to you.

Thanking you for past favors, and wishing you a Prosperous and Happy New Year, we are

Very truly yours,
J. L. LOEBS SEED CO.

TERMS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING

Our terms are cash with each order. Money may be sent at our risk by Draft, Postoffice Money Order, or Registered Letter. We acknowledge freight orders as soon as received, and the same are filled and shipped as promptly as possible. Bill of lading for every freight shipment is mailed when shipment is made. Small orders to go by mail or express are, as a rule, sent out at once without special acknowledgment. Please use order sheet found in catalog in making out your order, and retain a copy.

We usually ship by Freight unless otherwise instructed. We have four railroads here at Aberdeen—C. M. & St. P., C. & N. W., Great Northern and M. & St. L.

Customers Pay Freight or Express on all goods unless they are offered postpaid. We have the American, Wells Fargo, Great Northern and Adams Express companies.

No Charge for Packing or Packages. Everything will be securely packed and labeled and delivered free at the freight, express or postoffice, without extra charge for packages unless otherwise stated.

Prepaid Stations. If there is no agent at your railroad station the freight has to be prepaid, and in such cases we must request you to send money with your order to cover the amount.

Order Early. Do this for two reasons. We can give your order more careful and prompt attention if received before we get into the rush of the spring shipping, and second, our assortment is complete early in the season and your order will not be held while we write for permission to substitute for varieties that may be out.

Change of Address. If you have changed or intend to change your address, please let us know, and we will change it on our books, so you will receive our catalog at your new postoffice.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY

As this catalog will go into the hands of many who have never dealt with us, we kindly ask for a trial order from you, which shall have our best attention. As to our standing, we refer you to the postmaster, Dakota Farmer, or any bank in Aberdeen.

PARCEL POST RATES

Applicable to seeds, bulbs, plants and merchandise (except poisons, which cannot be sent by mail).

Parcel post rates are fixed according to zones, the greater the distance the higher the rate. Your postmaster will tell you the parcel post zone in which your postoffice is located, measuring from Aberdeen, S. D.

PARCEL POST RATES—The zone rates are as follows

First and Second Zone (up to 150 miles from Aberdeen) 5c for the first pound and 1c for each additional pound.

Third Zone (151 to 300 miles from Aberdeen) 6c for the first pound; 2c for each additional pound.

Fourth Zone (301 to 600 miles from Aberdeen) 7c for the first pound; 4c for each additional pound.

Fifth Zone (601 to 1,000 miles from Aberdeen) 8c for the first pound; 6c for each additional pound.

Sixth Zone (1,001 to 1,400 miles from Aberdeen) 9c for the first pound; 8c for each additional pound.

Seventh Zone (1,401 to 1,800 miles from Aberdeen) 11c for the first pound; 10c for each additional pound.

Eighth Zone (over 1,800 miles from Aberdeen), 12c for each pound.

Parcel post packages must not exceed 50 pounds in weight for the first two zones, and 20 pounds for the other zones.

Parcels of seeds, bulbs, and plants weighing 8 ounces or less are mailable at the rate of 1c for every two ounces, regardless of distance; if weight is more than 8 ounces the pound rates apply.

SEED WARRANTY

Most of the failures with seeds are entirely beyond our control and they render it impossible for us to guarantee success, and, therefore, we want it plainly understood that while we exercise great care to have all seeds, plants and bulbs pure and reliable, and also true to name, we do not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter, of any goods which we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. No officer, agent or employe of this company is authorized to make any warranty whatsoever. If the purchaser does not accept the seeds, bulbs or plants on these conditions, notify us at once and we will give instructions for disposition of same, and the money that has been paid for same to us will be promptly refunded. It is to our interest, however to have everything of the highest quality obtainable, and we would not furnish seeds of doubtful quality for several times the price that we receive for them, as it would injure us more than it would the purchaser. However, we have so much confidence in our seeds that we hereby agree to refill any order for vegetable or flower seeds free of charge, should they prove otherwise than as represented in our catalog. No responsible seed firm can possibly give any further guaranty than this.

LOEBS SEEDS

GENERAL LIST OF HIGH GRADE VEGETABLE SEEDS

SELECTED WITH ALL POSSIBLE CARE

Every effort possible is used in the selection of our seeds, and we feel justified in saying that all our seeds are the purest and best to be had. The packages are, we believe, better filled than most seedsmen send out, while our prices are as low as those of any other reliable firm.

We will send, postage paid, all vegetable and flower seeds, at the prices given in this catalog, except heavy seeds, such as Beans, Peas, Corn, Field Seeds, Grass Seeds and Onion Sets. If these are wanted by parcel post it will be necessary to add postage as given in table of parcel post rates on page 2.

ARTICHOKE

Seeds may be sown indoors and plants potted, the same as the tomato, and set out in May, or can be sown in hills outside and thinned out to one plant in a hill. The plants thrive best in deep, rich soil, where the water will not lodge about them in winter. Plants are set in rows 3 feet apart and 2 to 3 feet in the row.

Large Green Globe The well-known French vegetable. The undeveloped flower heads when properly prepared, make a most delicious dish. Packet, 5c; ounce, 30c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

ASPARAGUS

In early spring sow the seed, after soaking it 24 hours in warm water, in drills one foot apart, and one inch deep. During the summer keep the soil mellow and free from weeds, thinning the plants to 4 inches apart. The following spring transplant them into permanent beds that have been deeply dug and highly manured. One ounce of seed to 50 feet drill; 5 pounds to the acre.

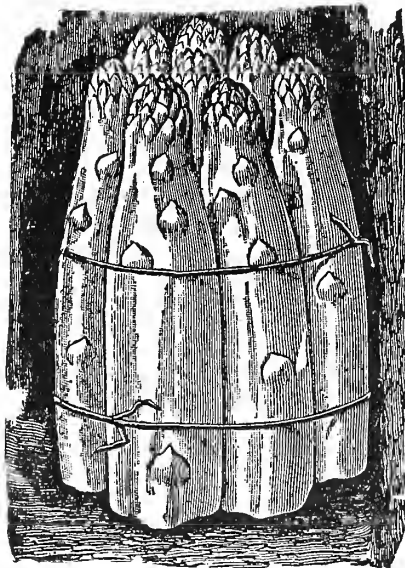
Columbian Mammoth White A magnificent variety. It furnishes fine, white shoots, which stay white as long as they are fit to use, without any artificial means of blanching. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 70c.

Conover's Colossal The standard sort, of a large size and excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 55c.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

One of the best vegetables for winter use, producing an abundance of sprouts, resembling small cabbages; of excellent mild flavor. By sowing in April and planting out in July, it may be had in fine condition until December, and in the South from November to March.

Improved Dwarf Of dwarf habit, a healthy grower, finest quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.



Conover's Colossal Asparagus

VEGETABLE PLANTS

We Grow Great Quantities of Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery and Tomato Plants

	Ready About	Postpaid			By Exp., Your Expense		
		Per Doz	Per 25	Per 100	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
Early Cabbage. For varieties, see page 6.....	April 25	\$0.20	\$0.35	\$0.90	\$0.15	\$0.80	\$8.00
Late Cabbage. For varieties, see page 6.....	May 10	.15	.30	.80	.15	.70	7.70
Early Tomato. For varieties, see page 16.....	April 25	.30	.55	1.40	.25	1.30	12.00
Late Tomato. For varieties, see page 17.....	May 10	.25	.45	1.25	.20	1.15	11.00
Cauliflower, Snowball. For varieties, see page 5.....	May 10	.35	.65	2.40	.30	2.30	.....
Egg Plant. For varieties, see page 9.....	May 10	.35	.65	2.40	.30	2.30	.....
Early Celery. For varieties, see page 7.....	May 10	.35	.65	2.40	.30	2.30	.....
Late Celery. For varieties, see page 7.....	June 1	.30	.55	2.00	.25	1.80	.....
Pepper. For varieties, see page 12.....	May 10	.35	.65	2.40	.30	2.30	.....
Asparagus Roots .....		.15	.40	1.40	.30	1.00	.....
Rhubarb Roots	15c each						.....
			\$1.50 per doz.		\$1.25 per doz.		

WRITE FOR PRICES IN LARGER LOTS.

BEANS

At the following prices on Beans—packets and quarter pounds are sent prepaid; all larger quantities are shipped at purchaser's expense; if wanted by parcel post, add postage at rate on page 2.

Culture. Beans are extremely sensitive to cold and wet, so it is useless to plant them before the ground becomes dry and warm.

Bush beans may be planted about 2 inches deep in drills from 24 to 30 inches apart, according to the variety and richness of the soil, placing the seed 3 inches apart or 4 seeds in hills 24 inches apart each way.

Cultivation should be frequent until the plants begin to bloom, but only when the foliage is dry, for if disturbed when wet the vines will rust.

Dwarf Wax or Yellow Pod Varieties

Currie's Rust Proof Black Wax A very early, beautiful wax bean, bearing an abundance of crisp, tender, stringless pods, free from rust. It is of excellent quality, delicious flavor. Seed kidney-shaped. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25.

Improved Golden Wax The plants are hardy and bear an abundance of straight, broad, flat pods. Resist rust to a marked degree. Seed white, with brown or black markings near the eye. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25.

Wardwell's Kidney Wax The strong vines yield abundantly, long, nearly straight, broad, creamy-white pods. They are of fine quality and a fine variety for the market gardener. Matures a little later than the Golden Wax. Seed large, kidney-shaped, white with dark markings about the eye. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25; 25 lbs., \$5.00.

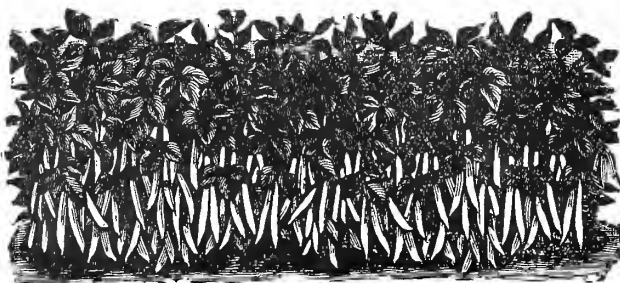
Dwarf Wax Bean Collection One packet each of the above three varieties, 15c postpaid; ¼ lb. of each of these three varieties, 30c, postpaid.

Dwarf Green Podded Beans

Long Yellow Six Weeks Early, productive and of excellent quality; pods often eight inches long; a popular variety. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.50.

Improved Red Valentine Early and prolific. Pods are remarkably fleshy and tender, and remain a long time without becoming hard. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.50.

Burpee's New Stringless The finest green pod stringless bean. The earliest and hardiest of all green-podded sorts and produces large, handsome pods, some of which measure fully 6 inches in length. The plants are very productive, bearing profusely the beautiful green pods, which are perfectly round, straight, broad, tender, brittle, finest flavor, very fleshy and entirely stringless. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.50.



Improved Golden Wax Bean

Pole or Running Varieties

Kentucky Wonder Wax The best of all climbing wax beans. The pods of these beans are often 8 and 9 inches in length and are quite stringless. Its earliness commends it as a great pole bean. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.00.

Large White Lima The large Lima is a general favorite wherever it can be cultivated, on account of its excellent flavor and productiveness. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.00.

Lazy Wife One of the most productive and easily gathered of the Pole Beans, hence its very discourteous name. A most excellent bean for the home garden. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.00.

Dwarf or Bush Lima Varieties

Those who have not grown the Dwarf Lima Beans should try them. No garden is complete, no table properly supplied, without them. Lima Beans weigh 56 lbs. per bushel.

Burpee's The bushes are 18 to 20 inches high, of stout, erect growth, branch freely, forming large circular plants from two to three feet in diameter, very prolific, bearing large, beautiful pods well filled with large beans of the same size and delicious flavor as the Pole variety. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.00.

New Wonder Bush Lima Of more bushy character than other varieties, the pods being borne nearer the stalk. It is very productive and in quality and flavor is unsurpassed. Try this bean. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.00.

Prices on beans are prepaid only in packets and ¼ lb. lots. Postage rates on page 2.

Order Early It will be a great convenience, both to our customers and to ourselves if seed orders are sent us early. We aim to fill orders the same day received, but during the rush season this is not always possible. Early orders, also, are filled from the choice of our stocks—thus the double advantage of sending in your order as soon after receipt of this catalog as possible.

Field Beans

Choice Navy Our stock of this well known variety has been carefully selected and cleaned and will be found far superior to beans commonly offered as "Navy Stock." Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$4.00; 50 lbs., \$8.00; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

PLEASE! NOTE THAT QUANTITIES OF BEANS LARGER THAN QUARTER POUNDS ARE NOT PREPAID. REFER TO TOP OF THIS PAGE AND POSTAGE RATES ON PAGE 2.

ORDER EARLY, AS BEANS ARE VERY SHORT CROP THIS SEASON.

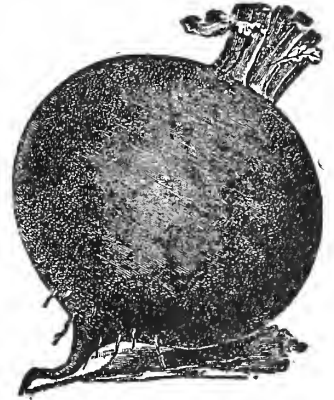
GARDEN BEETS—Selected Stock

CULTURE.—The best results are obtained on a deep, rich, sandy loam. Sow as early as ground can be prepared, in drills 18 inches apart, and thin out to 3 inches in rows. Always sow in freshly prepared soil, which should be pressed firmly over the seed. For winter use sow from June 25 to July 15. One ounce will sow 50 feet of row, 5 to 6 pounds to acre. For field culture the drills should be 2½ feet apart and covered three-fourths inch deep.

Extra Early Eclipse The Eclipse is a very round, uniform-shaped Beet. Color is glossy red. It is especially popular as a family Beet, because of the sweetness and tenderness of the bulbs, and also because for greens the foliage seems to be tenderer and richer than other sorts. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c. Not prepaid: lb., 85c.

The New Crimson Globe Beet One of the best Beets in cultivation, especially for market gardening. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00. Not prepaid: lb., 90c.

Improved Early Blood Turnip This splendid Beet is very early. The color is a rich dark red, and shape is globular. It is free from side or fibrous roots, being always smooth. It is excellent for forcing for a main spring or summer crop, or for use in winter, as it is a good keeper. It always cuts and cooks a rich dark blood red; it is tender, sweet and crisp and is in every way the standard sort for the market or home gardener. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; oz., 8c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 90c. Not prepaid: lb., 80c.



Swiss Chard or Spinach Beet

Large Ribbed White This variety does not make edible roots like Garden Beets, but is grown for the broad, white leaf stalks, which are cooked in the same manner as Asparagus and make a delicious summer vegetable. The young leaves may be gathered and are delicious when cooked for greens, like Spinach. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.15. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.10.



Sugar Beets and Mangel Wurzels

The directions for beet planting answer for sugar beets and mangel wurzels, except that these should be drilled in rows 2½ feet apart and thinned to 8 to 12 inches in the row. Thorough and frequent cultivation is essential when beets are young. Discontinue cultivation as soon as the roots mature, which state is indicated by drying of the leaves. Further cultivation injures them by inducing new growth, which lessens their value, which is measured by the amount of sugar they contain. Store in earth covered heaps.

Mammoth Long Red Mangel, Loeb's Select Strain, often growing from 24 to 30 inches in length, weighing from 25 to 35 lbs. We place this grand variety at the head of the list and believe it deserves first place. It grows to an immense size, out of the ground. It is enormously productive and profitable, if grown on rich, deep soil, and is an excellent keeper. This variety has no superior and will yield more tons per acre than any other variety. We have a fine lot of seed for next year and want all our friends to try it. The common stock of this variety is sold at a high price under such names as Jumbo, Colossal, etc., but our seed will produce as good Mangels as the best of them. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 6c; ¼ lb., 18c; lb., 50c. Not prepaid: lb., 45c; 3 lbs. or over at 40c per lb.

Golden Tankard Mangel A special feature is the rich, deep yellow color of the flesh, differing in this respect from other Mangels, surpassing them in milk-producing qualities. Sheep and other stock feed on this variety and thrive. The roots are of large diameter, tapering quickly at the bottom, which is quite broad, with only a small tap-root. It grows largely above the soil and is easily harvested. It yields an enormous bulk on good land, and can be grown closely in rows. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 8c; ¼ lb., 18c; lb., 50c. Not prepaid: lb., 45c; 3 lbs. or over at 40c per lb.

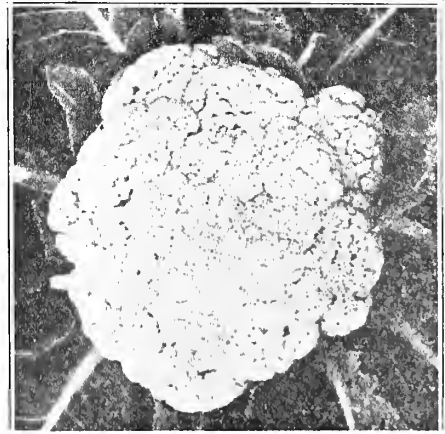
Klein Wanzlebener-Elite This variety at the present time has probably a wider cultivation than any other Sugar Beet. It may be distinguished from the Vilmorin by its brighter color and its lighter colored leaves, which are beautifully undulating, and scalloped about the edges. While not, as a rule, equal to the Vilmorin in saccharine richness, it is considerably more productive. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 50c postpaid. By express or freight: lb., 40c; 10 lbs., 35c. Bags free.

CAULIFLOWER

CULTURE. The same as for cabbage, except that it will pay to use extra manure and plenty of water for Cauliflower. If the soil is dry water frequently and if the plants have a heavy mulch of hay or straw, it would keep the soil moist, and the plants would not suffer from drought. The early kinds should be strong enough to plant out not later than the middle of April; the late kinds may be planted out the same as Cabbage. One ounce of seed produces 1,500 plants; 15,000 plants will cover one acre.

Early Snowball An extra early variety. Nevertheless, a grand sort which has been found very reliable and produces uniform heads of quite large size, handsome form and exquisite quality which are good sellers in any market. We are selling very large quantities of this variety to market gardeners who have used it for years. Pkg., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c; ½ oz., 85c; oz., \$1.50; ¼ lb., \$5.00.

Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt A fine old reliable variety, a splendid market sort and a favorite with many. It stands at the head and is the highest development of this type, being the earliest, largest and surest to head. Pkg., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 60c; oz., \$1.10; ¼ lb., \$4.00.



Early Snowball

CABBAGE

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants. Set 8,000 to 10,000 plants per acre, of early sorts, and 6,000 of large, late kinds.

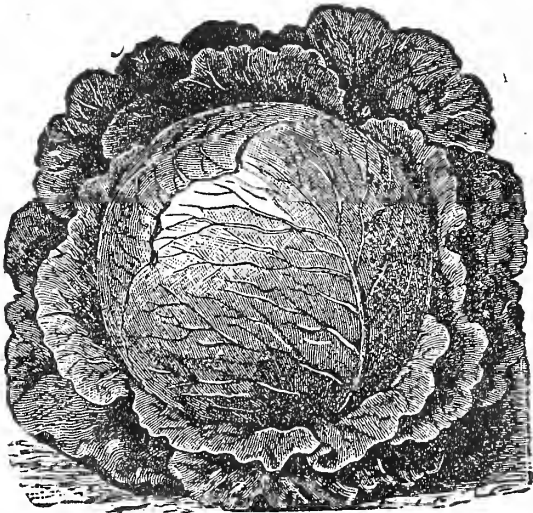
No vegetable is of greater importance than Cabbage, and compared with the cost of seed, there is more money in growing cabbage than any other crop. It does not pay, therefore, to take any risk in buying seed. We have had our cabbage seed grown by the same growers for about sixteen years past, and it has proven of uniformly excellent quality, so that we pride ourselves on having the purest and highest grade of cabbage seed that is offered, or at least it is surpassed by none. The cabbage requires a deep, rich soil and thorough working to insure good, solid, full-sized heads. Sow early sorts in hot beds in February or March, or in open, shallow drills 6 inches apart. When the plants are 4 inches high transplant to rows 3 feet apart. Our packets contain about 800 seeds. Slug shot and tobacco dust are used to kill insects and worms.

Loebs Extra Early Jersey Wakefield Ready for market in about 70 days from sowing. The best extra early Cabbage grown. The plants are short stemmed with few smooth and thick outer leaves. The heads are of medium size, hard, pointed and of very fine quality. A reliable header; being very hardy, it resists cold and will give good results even under unfavorable conditions. Price: Per pkg., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c; per lb., \$2.25.

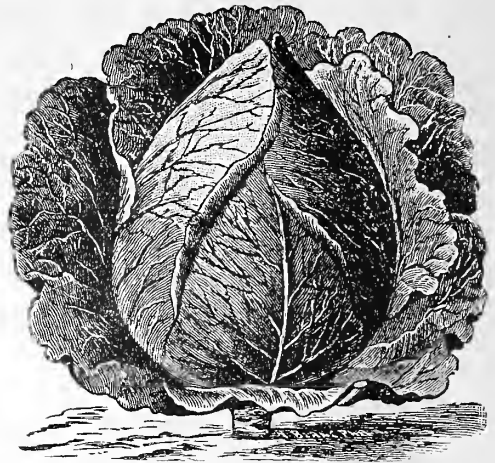
Early Winningstadt One of the best, being very hardy and sure to head; suffers less from the cabbage worm than any other sort; heads regular, conical, very hard and keep well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

Early Summer This variety is about five days later than the Wakefield, being fully double the size. In weight it is equal to most of the late varieties, and its short outer leaves enable it to be planted nearly as close as the Wakefield. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.75.

All Seasons A Drumhead Cabbage as early and every way as good as Early Summer. This cabbage, while it matures a day or two later in the spring, when planted in July matures a day or two earlier than Early Summer in the fall, so that it will average as early, while the solid heads are from a third to a half as large again, and they are as good for winter use as for summer use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.75.



Danish Ballhead or Hollander It is esteemed for winter use because of the great solidity and excellent keeping qualities of the heads. From repeated trials, as well as from the experience of many customers purchasing our original Danish-grown seed, we know that this selected strain surpasses in even growth and heading, as well as in uniform size and solidity of heads, any other stock of Hollander Cabbage. The magnificent heads are nearly round in form, very hard and solid, of bluish-green color, never burst, have few but large outer leaves, keep in fine condition until late spring and stand shipping better than any other sort. It is crisp, tender and sweet in flavor, very fine for kraut, slaw, etc. It is the latest strain of Hollander, and the one mostly used in this country. Has a tall stem, about 6½ inches high. Price: Per pkg., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$2.00; postpaid.



Early Jersey Wakefield

Copenhagen Market A new early variety, which will be very popular with market gardeners. It is the finest large, round-headed, early cabbage in cultivation. It is further desirable on account of the remarkable characteristic of maturing the heads all at the same time, enabling the grower to gather his crop with less expense and permitting the cleaning of the land at the first cutting. The heads average about 10 pounds each in weight, are hard and solid with small core. The quality is extra fine and sweet. It matures as early as the Wakefields and will yield more to the acre in weight. It is a short stemmed variety, the heads nearly resting on the ground. The leaves are light green, rather small, saucer-shaped and tightly folded, making it possible to set them close together in the field. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Loebs Premium Late Flat Dutch A low growing variety, heads large, bluish-green, round, solid, broad and flat on top; an excellent fall and winter variety, and a good keeper. It is a sure header. Our stock has been grown from carefully selected heads, and we consider it superior to any other strain of Flat Dutch Cabbage on the market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

Surehead This popular cabbage is rightly named remarkably fine, solid, large head with few outer leaves. Strong, vigorous growers; ripens late. First-class main crop sort. Is of the Flat Dutch type but heads are somewhat rounded in form. Equal to that well known sort in keeping qualities. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

Rock Red The best, largest and surest heading red cabbage. Used mostly for pickling. The plant is large, with several spreading leaves. The head is large, round, very solid and of deep red color, averaging from 10 to 12 pounds in weight. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 85c; lb., \$2.75.



CRESS TRUE WATER

CRESS

CULTURE.—Sow seed thickly in shallow drills 12 inches apart, in the spring, and for a succession every two weeks.

One ounce of seed required for 200 feet of drill.

Water Cress. Sow the seed in cool, moist soil in the early spring or if a shallow slow running stream or ditch is near, the seed may be sown within the same near the bank. When sown in a location of this kind it grows luxuriantly for years.

Fine Curled (Pepper Grass) Quick growing; leaves finely cut like parsley; growth dwarf and compact; crisp and pungent. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

Water Cress Highly esteemed as a salad; also used as a garnish for meats. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.

CHIVES

Chives are perfectly hardy perennial plants of the onion type. They are grown for the small leaves which come up very early in the spring and give a mild onion flavor to food in which they are placed. The tops may be cut off close to the ground as desired. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 15c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c.



Golden Self-Blanching

CELERY

CULTURE.—Celery seed is slow to germinate and ample time must be given. Sow thinly; cover lightly. Keep constantly moist. Count on about 7,500 plants per ounce of seed or 1/4 lb. per acre. When the seedling plants are 3 inches high they should be clipped at the top to favor stocky growth, or else transplanted. Celery is mostly grown under flat culture, without trenches, in rows 3 to 5 feet apart. For home use Celery is often grown in double rows, 10 inches apart without trenching, and banked for winter storage just where it grows, without lifting.

Extra Select Golden Self-Blanching Our seed of this variety comes to us every season direct from the originator in France, and our rapidly increasing trade is abundant evidence of its high quality. It is now the leading sort on all markets as an early Celery. For market use it is preferred to White Plume, because it does not wilt so soon and its rich yellow color is very attractive. The stalks are heavier and it comes into market almost as soon as any other sort. It is of dwarf, compact habit and blanches readily. We much regret that the crop this year is so nearly a failure that we can offer the true seed only in packets, ounces and quarter pounds. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 90c; oz., \$1.75; 1/4 lb., \$7.00.

Perfected White Plume Perfected White Plume is the finest strain of White Plume Celery ever grown. Not only does the stem whiten, but the leaf itself, especially every inner leaf, assumes the attractive white color. This makes the White Plume Celery one of the most showy ornaments that can be put upon the Thanksgiving or Christmas dinner table. White Plume is usually planted for early use, and for this reason should have extra good care. Well-grown White Plume is simply perfect, both in palatability and beauty, and is the earliest Celery in cultivation. Our strain is extra choice, none better. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.65. Not prepaid: lb., \$2.60.



Georgia Collards

CELERIAC

Grown extensively for the roots, which are turnip-shaped, very smooth and marrow-like.

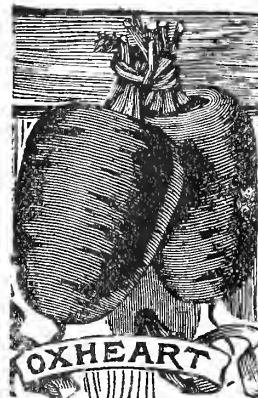
Large Erfurt This is unquestionably the largest and best Celeriac in existence. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.15. Not prepaid: lb., \$2.10.

CHERVIL

(An ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.) Leaves used in soups and salads. They have a pleasant aromatic taste which is greatly liked. Cultivate like parsley. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c.

COLLARDS

Georgia A form of cabbage largely planted in the South for the table and for stock. A loose cluster of leaves with a long stem. Prices: per pkg., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; per lb., 75c.



CARROTS

CULTURE.—Carrots delight in sandy loam soil deeply tilled. For early crops, sow in the spring as soon as the ground is in working order; for late crops, sow any time until the middle of June. Sow in rows and do not cover more than one-half inch deep. One ounce to 150 feet of drill; 3 pounds to the acre.

Ox-Heart or Guerande This variety is one of the most valuable either for family use or market. It is intermediate between the half long and horn varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.10.

Improved Danvers Half Long A first class carrot for all soils; in form midway between the Long Orange and the Short Horn. The root is of a rich, dark orange color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00; postpaid.

Chantenay The market gardener's and trucker's favorite. It is an early, very productive, half-long, stump-rooted variety, smooth-skinned, fine in appearance and entirely coreless. The shoulder is unusually thick and the root tapers slightly down towards the blunt point so that it is pulled very easily. The color is a rich orange and the texture and quality are unsurpassed. For table use many regard this variety—because of its form, color, texture and delicate flavor—the finest of all sorts, and it is undoubtedly the best bunching carrot for early market use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Carrots for Stock Feeding

Mastodon A vast improvement on the White and Yellow Belgian sort. The roots are short and very heavy at the shoulder. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 85c. Not prepaid in 5-lb. lots or over, 75c per lb.

Aromatic, Medicinal and Pot Herbs

	Pkt.	Oz.
Sweet Basil Annual. The leaves are used for highly seasoned dishes as well as in soups, stews and sauces.....	5c	15c
Sweet Fennel Perennial. Tea made from the seed is an excellent remedy in case of colic and stomach complaints.	5c	10c
Dill Annual. It is cultivated for its seeds, which are used medically and for flavoring pickles	5c	20c

	Pkt.	Oz.
Sage Perennial. Tea made from these leaves is an excellent means of producing sweat	5c	15c
Saffron Annual. The dried flowers are used for medicinal purposes.....	5c	20c
Caraway-Kruemmel The seed are used for flavoring.....	5c	10c
Coriander Annual. Its tender leaves are sometimes used for soups and salads	5c	10c

NO GARDEN IS COMPLETE WITHOUT A FEW HERBS.

SWEET CORN

At the following prices on Sweet Corn, packets and quarter lb. lots are sent prepaid, all larger quantities at purchaser's expense; if wanted by parcel post, add postage at rates on page 2.

CULTURE.—Sow upon arrival of warm weather in drills 2 inches deep, 3 to 4 feet apart, according to variety, placing the seeds 8 inches apart in drills or 6 seeds in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way. Cultivate to keep free from weeds and when corn is well started thin to 4 stalks to the hill.

Plant early varieties in succession, or sow early, second early and late sorts at one time, which will continue the season for several weeks. One bushel of seed will plant from 3½ to 4 acres; 48 lbs. to the bushel of Sweet Corn.

Extra Early Varieties

Early Minnesota A standard early sort of excellent quality, especially desirable where seasons are short. The ears bear 8 to 10 rows of large, white grains. This variety is popular on account of its great productiveness. Excellent for market, home and canning use. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$4.25; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

Peep O'Day A new Extra Early Described as the "earliest on earth." Originated in Minnesota; ears 5 inches long, perfectly formed, well filled. See illustration. The corn is tender and sweet, and we are positive our customers will make no mistake in planting some of this variety for first early. Large pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$4.25; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

Golden Bantam Golden Bantam Sweet Corn, though not quite so early as Peep o'Day, matures a week to ten days later when planted at the same time. Its superior quality and flavor, however, make it well worth waiting for. This variety is suitable not only for early planting, on account of its hardiness, but a succession of sowings may be made during the season, producing a continuous supply until frost. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.15; 25 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

Second Early Varieties

Loebs Portland This variety is not quite so early as the extra early varieties, but it will pay sweet corn growers to wait a few days for it. Private families pronounce it unsurpassed; market gardeners capture trade with it. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.15; 25 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

Early Crosby A standard sort deservedly prized by thousands of planters as one of the sweetest of varieties. The kernels are very closely set; This strain is superior to any variety of sweet corn grown for canning purposes. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$4.25; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

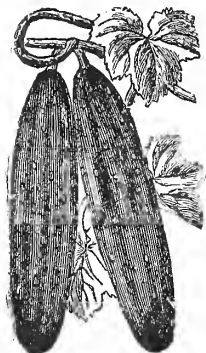
Late Varieties

Stowell's Evergreen The best known and most largely planted of all the varieties. We are free to confess that the Stowell's Evergreen possesses all of the good qualities which have made the Stowell's strain so popular. At the same time, the Stowell's Evergreen is hard to beat and for a long time to come many will have it in preference to any other sort. This corn is distinguished by the large ear, the long, deep kernels, its rich, sugary flavor and its long keeping qualities. Our seed has been selected for its sweetness, productiveness and large size. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.15; 25 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

Country Gentleman This variety is often called the "shoe peg" corn, owing to the arrangement of the crowded kernels which are long and very sweet. Our seed of this variety has been carefully selected and is true to name. It is nearly as sweet as Peep o'Day and is far ahead in flavor of any of the late varieties. It remains tender and fit for use longer than most sorts, as the ear is enclosed in a thick husk which keeps it "in the milk." The ears average 9 inches in length and are borne from 2 to 5 and some times 6 on each stalk. The cob is small and very closely packed from tip to butt with slender, pure white kernels of the finest quality. If you try this variety you will like it. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., \$2.75; 50 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$10.00.

Red Rice A variety that pops up nicely, pops to a rich cream color, very prolific. Pkt., 5c; ½ pt., 10c; qt., 30c; postpaid. Not prepaid: ½ pk., 60c; pk., \$1.00.

Two or three quarts will plant an acre Give same culture as for Sweet Corn.



CUCUMBERS

promising ones in each hill. Cultivate frequently as long as the vines will permit. The seed may also be started in old berry boxes by placing them in the hot-bed. When the weather is suitable—settled and warm—remove the box as the plants are placed in the garden.

Improved Long Green A standard sort. Vine vigorous and productive, forming fruit fit for any for sweet pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.25.

Chicago Pickling Used almost exclusively by the large factories in Chicago, yielding between 200 and 400 bushels per acre. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ lb., \$1.00.

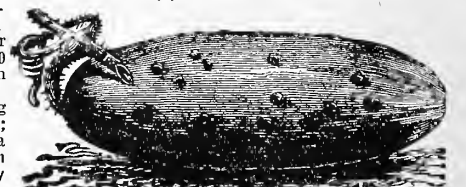
Early Frame or Short Green Extra selected—A very superior stock which has been carefully selected for pickling by an extensive pickle grower for upwards of 20 years, and we believe today is the most perfect strain in existence. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.00.

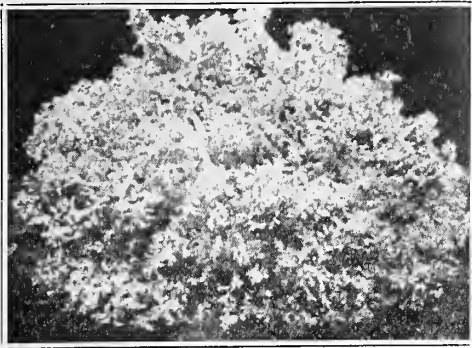
Early White Spine Vines vigorous, fruiting early and abundantly; fruit uniformly straight and handsome dark green, with a few white spines; flesh tender and of excellent flavor. In this country this variety is used more, perhaps, than any other for forcing under glass. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.10.

Davis Perfect A first class variety for forcing under glass; also for outdoor culture. The color is a dark glossy green; in shape it is slim. It is very tender, and of exceptionally good flavor. For shipping it is unsurpassed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

POP CORN

Monarch White Rice It is the best white variety. Bears from 3 to 6 ears per stalk, and produces 1,500 to 2,000 lbs. per acre. Pkt., 5c; ½ pt., 10c; qt., 30c; postpaid. Not prepaid: ½ pk., 60c; pk., \$1.00.





Ever-White Curled Endive

ENDIVE

This is one of the most refreshing and attractive of all autumn and winter salads. It is most appealing when served mixed with lettuce, with French dressing. Sow seed from middle of June to last of August.

Large Green Curled A fine market sort; tender, green leaves; blanch white; hardy. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.40. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.35.

Ever White Curled A very beautiful sort in which the leaves are very light colored, even the outer ones being nearly white. Does not need to be tied up for blanching as the ribs and leaves are naturally white. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.70.

Broad-Leaved Batavian Leaves large, broad, slightly curled, tie up for blanching. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.10. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.05.

KALE, or BORECOLE

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch Plant low and compact, but with large, bright, deep green leaves, curled, cut and crimped until the whole plant resembles a bunch of moss. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 65c. Not prepaid: lb., 60c.

KOHL RABI

Early White Vienna Flesh white and tender, excellent forcing variety. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 70c.

GOURDS

Dipper Like the Sugar-Trough Gourd, this is useful for many household purposes. The vines should be grown on a trellis so that the Gourds may hang down and thus have straight neck for handle. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 2 ozs., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

Nest-Egg Resemble eggs in color, form and size; do not crack, and are uninjured by cold or wet. They make the very best nest-egg. The vine is useful for covering screens, etc., being quite ornamental with the numerous white eggs. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.



Nest Egg Gourd

EGG PLANT

New York Improved Large Purple (Spineless) This variety is a general favorite both for market and private use. The large size and fine quality of fruit and its extreme productiveness make it most profitable for market gardeners. Plants large, spreading; foliage light green; fruit very large, oval; color a splendid dark purple. Plants usually ripen 4 to 8 large fruits. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.25.

GARLIC

This is extensively used in many places for flavoring soups, stews, etc. The sets should be planted early in spring. Cultivated like onions. Prices, by mail, postpaid: ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 50c. Not prepaid: lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.

LEEK

London or American Flag Broad leaves of strong and vigorous growth; very hardy. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

LOEB'S BRAND LETTUCE SEED

One ounce to 400 feet of drill. Ready for use in three or four weeks; marketable size sixty to seventy-five days from seed.

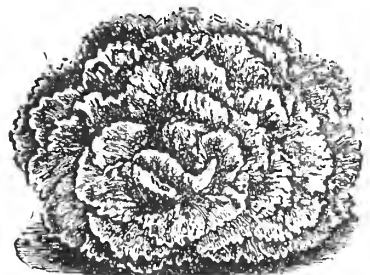
Lettuce thrives best in a light, very rich, moist soil, but does well in common garden soil enriched with rotten manure. For first crop sow in gentle heat in February, and transplant to 10 inches apart. It may be sown thickly and cut when plants are very young. For a summer supply sow thinly in shallow drills in a cool, partially shaded place, in rich soil, and thin out to a foot apart.

Curled or Loose Leaf Varieties

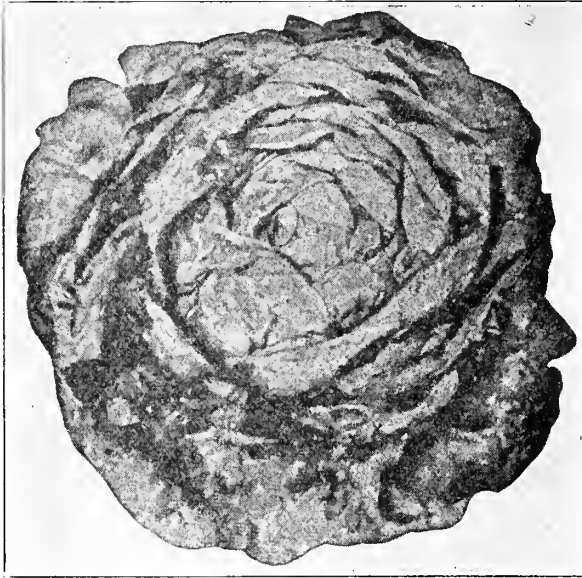
Black Seeded Simpson This does not form a head, but a compact mass of leaves, tender, of excellent quality and of rapid growth; early, stands heat well. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.30. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.25.

Grand Rapids Forcing Lettuce As a lettuce for forcing, this variety stands at the head of the list, being of quick growth, little liable to rot, and standing for some days after being fit to cut. The plant is upright and forms a loose head or cluster of large, yellowish green leaves. In addition to its desirable forcing qualities it is excellent for early spring sowing in the open ground. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Tilton's White Star Large, broad, white, loose leaved. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.



LETTUCE—Continued



Big Boston Lettuce

Crisp-Head Varieties

Early Prizehead This old standard variety is still the best of the large, thin-leaved, clustering sorts for the home garden, but it is not a good kind to ship long distance, as the leaves are so tender that they are easily spoiled in handling. The leaves are very large, crimped, bright green tinged with brownish red and are exceedingly tender, crisp and sweet, forming a large, loose head. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.10. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.05.

Big Boston A large heading, forcing sort, very hardy and vigorous, with broad, comparatively smooth, thin and very hard, bright green leaves. Quite tender. Indoors this forms a solid head, while outside it is less distinctively a heading sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50.

Improved Hanson In all probability there are more pounds of Hanson Lettuce sold than of any other kind, if the truth were known. Its table quality is perfection itself, having a sweet, rich flavor and its ability to remain a long time in edible condition is one of its leading characteristics. It forms immense heads, is an outdoor Lettuce only, and may be planted from the earliest spring to late in the fall. To get best results it pays to transplant this sort like cabbage. Every year our trade on this standard sort increases, owing to the care we take with the seed. Prices, by mail, postpaid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.45. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.40.

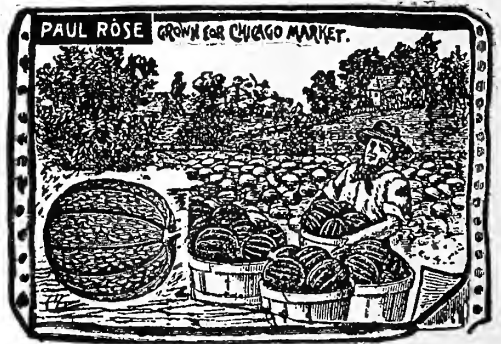
Mixed Lettuce Seed All kinds mixed. Will not sown too thickly, if not a continuous crop. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 50c. Not prepaid: lb., 45c.

MUSKMELON

CULTURE.—Muskmelons delight in moderately rich, light, warm, mellow loam. The seed should be planted in the spring upon the arrival of settled warm weather. Plant seeds 1 inch deep in hills, 4 to 6 feet apart each way, and as soon as the plants begin to run, remove all but four of the most likely ones. Cultivate and keep free from weeds until the vines prevent. Two or three pounds of seed required per acre.

Loebs Yellow Meated Japan This is by far the finest, most luscious and pleasing muskmelon ever grown. Much superior to any other variety, either green or yellow fleshed, it captures the trade wherever and whenever it is offered for sale. All gardeners who have never tried this magnificent melon should purchase at least a package. The vines are hardy, permitting earlier planting, very prolific, and produce very large fruits, nearly as early as the smaller varieties. The melons are nearly round, not deeply ribbed and covered with patches of netting. The skin is yellowish white when ripe. The crowning feature of this melon is found in the thick, melting, delicious, salmon-colored flesh. It is extremely rich, sweet and highly flavored. We know of no other sort which will give as great satisfaction or prove as big a seller as our Yellow Meated Japan Muskmelon. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

Netted Gem Practically the same as the "Rocky Ford." It has become one of the most popular of small, or basket melons. The description of the Rocky Ford is also to be applied to this variety. We offer an exceptionally fine stock. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

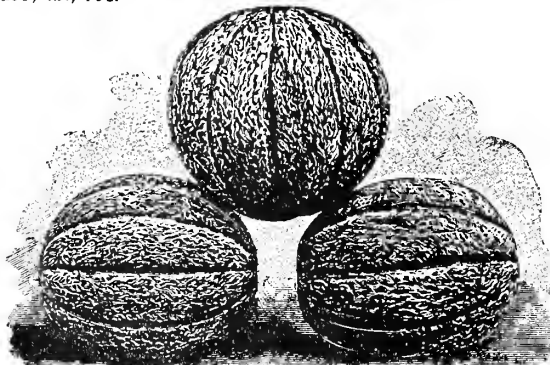


Paul Rose A cross of Osage and Netted Gem, and best of the salmon, or red-fleshed sorts. Flesh unusually thick, firm and delicious; well netted and fine for market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Osage or Miller's Cream The great popularity which this melon has attained is due mainly to its luscious spicy flavor and its perfect shipping qualities. The skin is very thin and of a dark green color and slightly netted. The flesh is of a salmon color, remarkably sweet, extremely thick, and delicious to the rind. It is also very productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Rocky Ford The Melon that made Rocky Ford, Colo., famous. One of the earliest and best melons grown. The vines are exceedingly healthy and vigorous, comparatively short and branching, producing an enormous quantity of fruits during the season. The melons are very uniform in size and shape, being nearly round or slightly oval. Skin a rich, greenish gold when fully ripe; the netting is fine and prominent. In appearance the melon is very attractive. The flesh is light green in color, very deep, ripening clear to the rind, which is very thin. In flavor it is peculiarly rich, luscious and free from stringiness. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c.

Citron for Preserves Fruit round and smooth. Is not eaten raw, but is used for making a very clear, transparent preserve of peculiarly fine flavor. Flesh white and solid. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.



WATER MELON

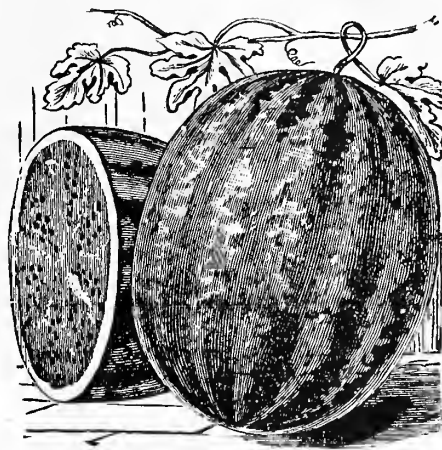
A light sandy soil, with good exposure to the sun, is the best for water melons. It should be prepared deep, but receive shallow cultivation. Hoe often and thoroughly. To get good, strong vines early in the season, form large, well drained hills of earth, made very rich, about 8 feet apart. In these plant the seed as soon as the ground is warm and dry, dropping 6 to 10 seeds in the hill. Protect the young plants from insects. One ounce to 30 hills, 3 lbs. to the acre.

Cole's Early Can be grown farther north than any other variety. Flesh is bright red, crisp, very delicate, sweet and excellent in flavor. It is an abundant bearer of medium sized but very solid melons, with thin rind. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

Fordhook Early In this melon we have one of the largest of the extra early varieties. In some cases it has proved to be the earliest of all. While the rind is not as thick as some other varieties it is a first class melon for shipping. Nearly round in shape, and the color is a rich medium green. The bright red flesh is extremely attractive and the flavor is very sweet. It is well adapted to heavy as well as light soils. We highly recommend Fordhook to all desiring a melon suitable for both home and market. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 80c. Not prepaid: lb., 75c.

Kentucky Wonder In shape it is oblong, skin dark green, marbled in stripes of light green. The flesh is of a beautiful scarlet color, crisp and of rich sugary flavor. It is always firm and never mealy. Attains an average weight of 30 to 40 lbs. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

Kleckley Sweets This melon is dark green, the flesh is scarlet, ripening close to the skin, the rind being only about ½ inch in thickness. Seeds white, lying close to the rind, leaving a large, solid heart, which does not crack open when ripe. The scarlet flesh is sweet and sugary, and of such texture that it leaves no string of pulp whatever in eating. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.



Loeb's Klondike The earliest. The great objection to the extremely early water-melons has been their inferior quality. This has been entirely overcome in the Klondike, which is offered with the assurance of being, not only remarkably early, but as sweet, delicate and melting in flavor as any variety grown. The flesh is of a deep scarlet. Rind thin, and on this account is not a particularly good shipping sort, but is emphatically the variety for home use and sale. It will ripen in altitudes where it has not been thought possible to mature a good watermelon. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

MUSTARD

When young, the leaves are used for salad, which although slightly pungent, is very appetizing. Mustard may also be cooked like spinach and will make a very wholesome and delicious food. Sow early in the spring in shallow drills. One ounce will sow 5 feet of drill.

Chinese The immense leaves grow rapidly, and can be cut frequently until killed by frost. Leaves are eaten boiled, like spinach. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

Mammoth Southern Curled The large curled-leaf variety, popular in the south, where the seed is sown in the fall for spring use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

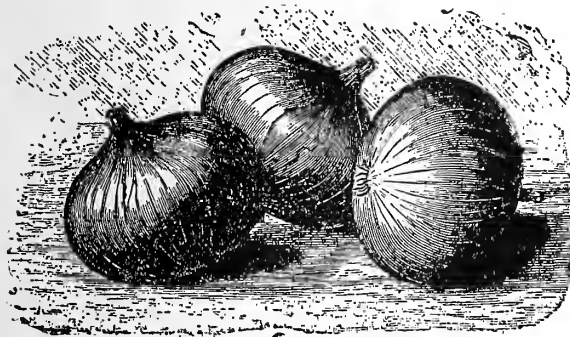
ONIONS

CULTURE.—One ounce will sow about 100 of drill; 4 pounds will sow one acre. The soil for onions should be a rich loam thoroughly enriched with well rotted manure and pulverized before sowing the seed. It should be as free from weeds and grass as possible. As early as the ground can be worked in the spring, sow the seed in drills 14 inches apart, covering ½ inch. Commence hoeing as soon as the rows can be seen; skim the ground over the surface; avoid stirring deeply, and work the soil away from the bulbs. At second hoeing weed carefully and thoroughly by hand. For pickles or sets the seed should be sown very thickly and in broad drills, about 50 pounds to the acre for sets, and 15 to 20 pounds for pickling. For sowing seed and cultivating the crop, it will pay you to purchase a good drill and hand cultivator. See description elsewhere.

Three Superb Globe Onions

Minnesota Red Globe This beautiful strain of Globe Onion surpasses all others in earliness, productiveness, perfection of shape, uniformity of size, richness of color, and long keeping qualities. We have proved, without doubt, to some of the largest growers of onions in the country, that our Minnesota Red Globe is the most perfect onion in existence. Large pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

Minnesota White Globe Variety are the mildest in flavor of any of the onions and are, on this account often preferred for family use. Our Minnesota White Globe is the most perfect in shape of any of the White Globe strains. Most of the White Globe stocks are marred by dark, rusty streaks. Our Minnesota White Globe is almost entirely free from this blemish and is the purest in color of any of the White Globe types. This is in every way the finest White Globe Onion in existence. Large pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00; postpaid.



Minnesota Yellow Globe We have for years been working on the popular Yellow Globe Onion to bring it to the same degree of perfection attained by our Minnesota Red Globe and we now feel that we have succeeded in producing a type of Yellow Globe unequalled by any other strain in existence. It is a large globe shaped onion of the same general characteristics as our Minnesota Red Globe and will never prove a disappointment to the grower. If yellow onions are preferred, try this strain. Large pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid.

ONIONS—Continued

Loebs Silver Skin Pickling Onions

This is the finest of all white pickling onions, growing rapidly, but remaining small, solid and of fine flavor. Three crops can be gathered for pickling in one season. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

Australian Brown A new variety ripening very early, and being wonderfully hard and solid, will keep in good condition longer than any other onion. The color of the skin is a clear amber brown and the quality is sure to please all. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60.

Large Red Watersfield

Very popular, a sure and heavy yielder; the best keeper, grows to an immense size, solid, oval-shaped, flattened on top; skin purplish red, smooth and glossy; tinged with pink, strong flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.35.



Prize Taker Loeb's Selected Stock

This onion has become a great favorite on account of its large size and great solidity. It is perfectly globe-shaped, with straw-colored skin, the necks are very small, and the onions always ripen up hard. An excellent keeper, exceedingly fine flavor, grows to an enormous size, onions weighing 5 pounds having been grown from seed the first year. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.75.

White Barletta

This variety is more distinct on account of its earliness. It is earlier than the White Queen. It is of a beautiful waxy white color and grows 1¼ inches in diameter and ¾ of an inch thick, with finely formed bulbs, slightly flattened at the top. Its earliness will highly recommend its use as a substitute for onion sets. An excellent bunching and pickling sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.25.

Yellow Globe Danvers

The bulbs are large and globular, with very thin necks; rich orange yellow color. An enormous yielder and a fine keeper. Flesh white and mild. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.75.

Bottom Onion Sets

CULTURE.—Soil requirements the same as for onion seed. Place the Onion Sets 3 to 4 inches apart, according to size, 3 inches deep, in rows 1 foot apart. It is customary to furrow out the soil with a little hand plow early in the spring, set the onion in this furrow right side up and cover with a garden rake, and if the soil is dry it should be well firmed over the sets. Twelve to fifteen bushels of sets required for an acre.

These are the product of seed and are used for "Green Onions" or to produce larger onions, which they do much quicker than can be grown from seed. Plant Bottom Onion Sets for table use. They produce large onions ready for market or home use from four to six weeks earlier than can be done by sowing seed.

	Quart.	Peck.	Bushel.
Red Bottoms	\$0.25	\$0.85	\$3.00
Yellow Bottoms .....	.25	.85	3.00
White Bottoms .....	.30	1.00	3.50

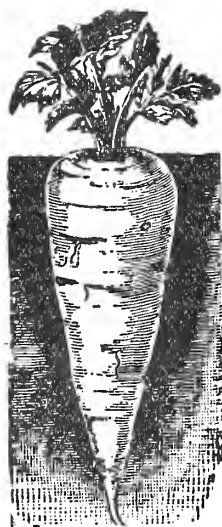
Quarts sent by mail, postpaid; pecks and bushels at purchaser's expense.

NOTICE.—Prices by the bushels are subject to fluctuation of the market, but the prices quoted on quarts, postpaid, will hold good throughout the season, or as long as our stock allows.

PARSNIPS

CULTURE.—They do the best in deep rich sandy soil, but will make good roots on any soil which is deep and mellow and moderately rich. As the seed is slow to germinate, it should be sown as early as possible; cover ½ inch deep, and press the soil firmly over the seed; give frequent cultivation, and thin the plants 6 to 8 to the foot. As they are improved by frost, a part of the crop should be left in the ground for spring use. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill, 5 pounds an acre.

Improved Hollow Crown Our stock of this old time favorite is very smooth and fine. None better anywhere at any price. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.



Improved Hollow Crown.

PEPPER

CULTURE.—Plant seed ½ inch deep in the hot-bed in March, or in boxes in the house, set in rows about 1½ feet apart each way in the garden about corn planting time. One ounce of seed will produce 1,500 plants.

Ruby King This is now the most popular large pepper in cultivation. Very large, scarlet fruits of sweet mild flavor. Plants grow 2 feet high and bear a fine crop of handsome large fruits, which ripen earlier than any other large fruited variety. The flesh is quite thick, sweet and mild. Especially fine as an ingredient for pickled cabbage, salads or stuffed mangoes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; postpaid.

PARSLEY

CULTURE.—Sow seed in shallow drills in the early spring for border or in rows 12 to 18 inches apart; and thin the plants to 4 inches. Cultivation should be frequent and weeds kept removed. One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of row; 6 lbs. of seed required for an acre.

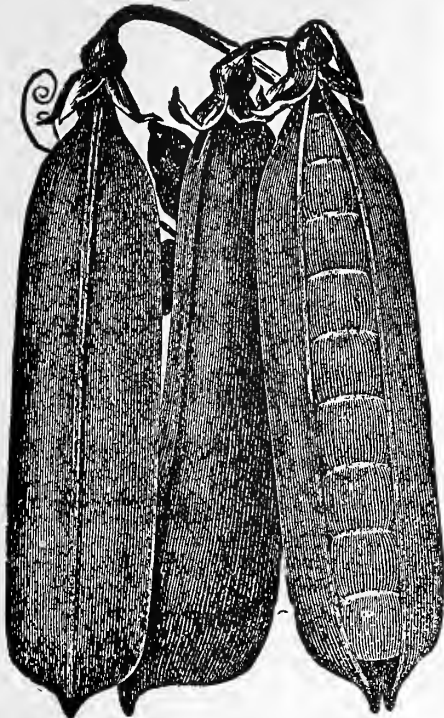
Dark Moss Curled The leaves are of an extra dark green color. It is very productive, and on account of the densely curled character of its leaves a quantity can be gathered in a short time. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.



PEAS

Hardy, Northern Grown Stock

PRICES.—At the following prices on Peas, packets and quarter pounds are sent prepaid, all large quantities by express or freight at purchaser's expense. If wanted by parcel post, add postage at rates on page 2.



Carter's Daisy Peas

Culture for Garden Peas Sow seed 2 to 4 inches deep in rich soil very early in the spring and for a succession put in varieties that mature at different periods, or if dwarfs only are desired, sow a few rows every 10 days throughout the season. For hand cultivation sow in rows 15 inches apart, but if grown on a large scale it is best to sow in rows from 2 to 3 feet apart and cultivate them with a horse.

Two pounds of seed will plant 100 feet of row; 115 to 140 lbs. of seed required an acre in drills, and if broadcast, 175 lbs.

First and Best Height, 2½ to 3 feet. Standard, white seeded extra early. Vines are vigorous and hardy, bearing from 3 to 7 pods, each containing from 5 to 7 medium sized peas of good quality. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.35; 25 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

American Wonder Height, 10 inches. This variety heads the list of peas in flavor and quality. It is a cross between the well known Champion of England and the Little Gem and has the merits of both, together with features not found in either of the parent varieties. The vines bear a great abundance of good sized pods containing 5 to 8 large, exceedingly sweet, tender and well flavored peas. This is the earliest of the dwarf, wrinkled varieties, being nearly as early as the smooth sorts. The seed is medium sized, wrinkled and pale green. These peas are especially adapted to family use as they require no brush or other support. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 25 lbs., \$3.50; 50 lbs., \$6.75; 100 lbs., \$13.00.

Little Gem Height, 16 to 18 inches. The vines are of dwarf growth and produce an abundance of round, well filled pods, 2½ to 3 inches long, only 3 days after the American Wonder. The peas are green, wrinkled, of sweet delicious flavor and excellent quality. One of the best for family use. It remains fit for use longer than the American Wonder and Nott's Excelsior, and thought by many to be sweeter. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

Nott's Excelsior Height, 14 inches. This sort resembles the American Wonder but grows a trifle taller and the pods are somewhat larger. It is of compact dwarf growth and is nearly as early as the American Wonder. The pods average 3 inches in length and are well filled to the squared ends with green, wrinkled peas of fine quality and sweet flavor. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

Carter's Daisy (Early Dwarf Telephone.) Dwarf, large podded, needs no brush. The striking features of the Daisy Pea are its large pods and the way in which they are heaped up in ridges on the short, strong vines. The pods are nearly double the size of American Wonder or Little Gem, and are always well filled with large peas of most excellent quality. The vines are 16 to 18 inches high, and being strong and thrifty require no support, making it an ideal variety for use where brush or stakes are not available. This pea is desirable on account of the fine appearance of the pods, and always finds a ready sale. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$3.75; 50 lbs., \$7.25; 100 lbs., \$14.00.

Abundance Height, 2 to 2½ feet; seeds green, wrinkled. This is a heavy yielding variety and is a capital sort for family use, as in addition to its yielding capacity it possesses great sweetness and general fine table qualities. The pods are round, 3 to 3½ inches long, and well filled with from 6 to 8 peas. It stands fit for use for a long time. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.60; 25 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$11.00.

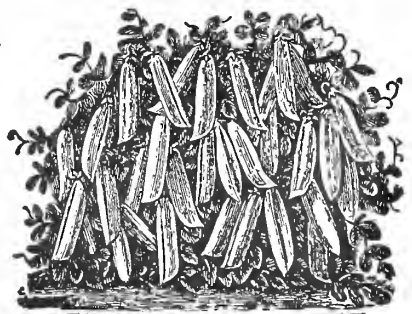
Champion of England 4 to 5 feet in height. This has been considered for a long time the standard main crop or late pea for summer use. From this variety has sprung the whole race of green wrinkled peas. The vines are very vigorous and productive, bearing an abundance of large, well filled pods. The peas are light green, wrinkled, of fine quality and delicious flavor. Hardly any pea is sweeter than this. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

White Marrowfat Height, 3½ feet. Grown on account of the great quantities of pods which it bears and for canning purposes. The vines are of strong, sturdy growth but mature the pods quite late. The large, cylindrical, light colored pods are well filled with round, smooth, light yellow peas of somewhat dry and mealy quality. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 65c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 25 lbs., \$2.15; 50 lbs., \$4.00; 100 lbs., \$7.50.

Dwarf Gray Sugar This is an edible podded variety. Vines grow only 15 to 18 inches in height, with purplish blossoms. Sugar peas are not shelled, but pods are cooked same as string beans. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., \$6.25; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

Gradus (Prosperity.) The earliest wrinkled variety. This grand, large podded, early, prolific variety has won the hearts of market gardeners everywhere. The vines are very vigorous and robust, growing to a height of about 3 feet. It is not only an abundant producer, but bears continually throughout the season. It is exceedingly early for a wrinkled variety, being only a day or two later than the earliest, small, smooth sorts. The pods are very large and are invariably well filled with from 6 to 9 sweet, luscious, tender, wrinkled peas of large size and delicious flavor. The peas remain tender for some time after they are large enough to use. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$3.75; 50 lbs., \$7.25; 100 lbs., \$14.00.

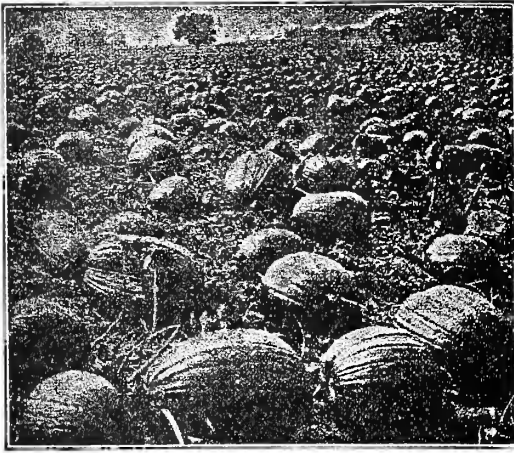
Stratagem Height, 20 inches. The foliage is large and the vines strong and robust, requiring no support. It is very prolific and bears many very large, well filled pods containing large, dark green, wrinkled peas of rich, sweet flavor. Our stock is very fine and of first-class quality. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.60; 25 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$5.75; 100 lbs., \$11.00.



First and Best

Please note that at these prices on peas, packets and quarter pounds are prepaid, but all larger quantities are sent at purchaser's expense. If wanted by parcel post, add postage at rates on page 2.

PUMPKIN



PUMPKIN CULTURE.—For seed sown with corn, plant only one row in five, which, when the vines begin to run, may be omitted in cultivation and thus the plants will not be injured. Use a dibber and plant 3 to 5 seeds in every third hill of corn. Plant as a single crop in hills 8 feet apart each way. Cultivate with a section of the harrow. Use paris green and land plaster or wood ashes to control the striped squash bugs. When well established thin to four plants in each hill. One ounce of seed will make 25 hills; 4 pounds seed required for an acre.

Connecticut Field An immensely productive, large, orange-colored, field pumpkin, usually grown for stock feeding, but it also makes good pies. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; lb., 50c.

Japanese Pie A crook neck variety. Early. Seeds are marked very curiously. Flesh deep yellow of fine quality. Keeps well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 95c.

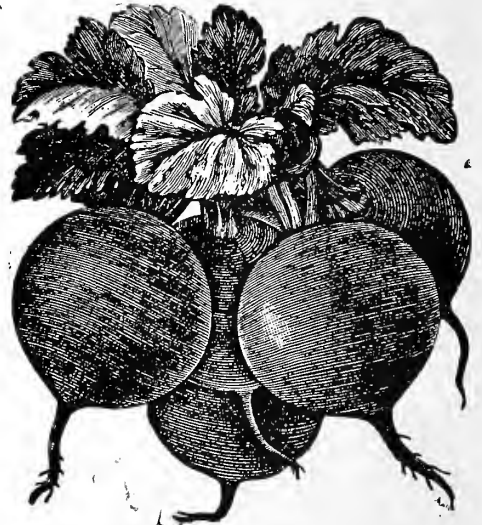
Large Cheese or Kentucky Field Large, round, flattened, hardy and productive. About 2 feet in diameter. A fine keeper. Thick flesh of extra fine quality. A fine sort for family and market use. It is also grown quite extensively for stock feeding. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

Early Sugar or Pie Pumpkin Small, round, flattened, prolific, deep orange yellow. Flesh fine grained, sweet and of finest quality. A good keeper. One of the best for pies. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Peanuts, Small Early Spanish This variety, although small, is best suited for growing in the north, being earlier than any other sort. It yields enormously, pods that are solid and unusually well filled. As a confection it is sweeter and more delicious than the larger varieties. In the south it is grown extensively for forage, especially for fattening hogs and other live stock. The stalk and nuts fed together make a complete grain ration, but the stalks fed alone are also very valuable. Seeds should be planted in drills, 3 feet apart, 8 to 10 inches apart in the row. Plant is of upright, bushy growth, making cultivation easy. Prices: Per pkg., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 35c, postpaid. By express: lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 75c; bu. (22 lbs.), \$2.75.

RADISH

The Secret of Growing Good Radishes consists chiefly in the observance, on the part of the grower, of three points. First, they should be grown on light quick soil. Second, they should be given plenty of water, and last, but not by any means least, the right kind of seed should be sown. Radishes grow very quickly and if not supplied with sufficient moisture are likely to be pithy. Sow seed ½ inch deep in the early spring in rows 1 foot apart and the more fertile the soil the faster they will grow. For a succession, sow every 10 days throughout the season and stir the soil sufficiently to keep out weeds. One ounce of seed required for 100 feet of row; 8 to 10 lbs. of seed will plant one acre.



Early Round Radishes

Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tip A most popular and attractive variety, a great favorite in many large markets. The radish is bright scarlet, with white tip, and of a beautiful shape; flesh white, crisp and finely flavored. Our strain is the finest in the market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 55c; postpaid.

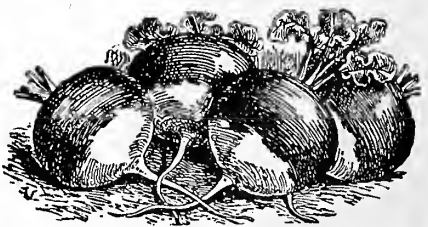
Rosy Gem We have a very clean beautiful strain of this popular sort. It is extremely early, maturing in 25 days. It is round, bright scarlet, and has a handsome white tip. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

Early Deep Scarlet This variety has as small a top and is as early as any in cultivation, making it one of the best for forcing under glass. Roots ready to pull may be had in three weeks and they remain fit for use longer than any other early variety. They are small, globular, smooth, very deep red in color; flesh is white, crisp, tender and mild in flavor. May be planted very closely owing to their small tops. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 85c.

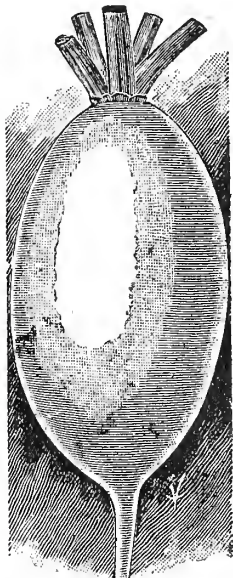
Early Olive Shaped Radishes

French Breakfast Regular Strain. A great favorite. Beautiful, bright scarlet, with pure white tip. Oblong in shape, medium size, makes rapid growth. It is a fine table variety on account of its excellent quality and attractive appearance. Fine for open ground or forcing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

Early White Giant Stuttgart Root large, often 4 inches in diameter, top shaped; skin white; flesh white and crisp, and not becoming pithy until very late so that those not used as a summer radish can be stored for winter use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.



Earliest White Olive Shaped This is one of the earliest radishes known. It has been grown big enough for table use in 18 days; is pure white, crisp, tender and of good quality, and can be planted close together on account of its small leaves. It is a good forcing and is excellent for outdoor planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.



Long Radishes

Long Scarlet Short Top A standard popular sort. Grows to 6 inches in length, matures in 25 days, and can be used before it is fully grown. The roots grow half out of the ground, are very uniform in shape, smooth and very bright red in color. It remains crisp and tender until fully grown. Excellent either for the market or private garden. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

White Strasburg A large medium long sort, with heavy shoulders tapering gradually to base. Flesh and skin pure white. Solid, fine quality. Resists drought. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

White Icicle The finest of the early, pure white varieties. Planted in the spring the radishes are ready for pulling in about 3 weeks from sowing the seed. They are long and slender and clear pure white, making them very attractive when on sale and on the table. It is crisp and tender both when young and until it attains larger size, thus remaining in condition for use for considerable time. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

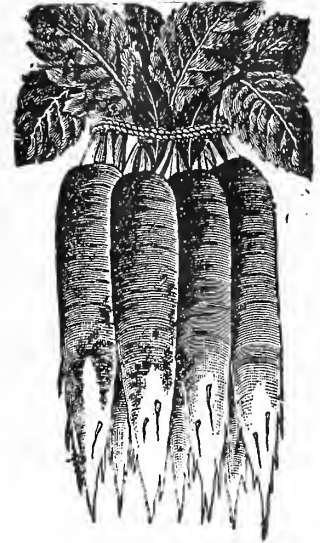
Winter Radishes

The merits of Winter Radishes are little appreciated, probably because they are seldom grown and few people have knowledge of their worth. These grow to large size and keep well for winter and spring use. Sow seed in the middle of June. Include some of these in your order.

China Rose Bright rose color, flesh firm and piquant, cylindrical, or largest at the bottom, tapering abruptly to small top. One of the best for winter use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.

Long Black Spanish One of the largest, latest, as well as the hardiest of radishes. Roots of medium size, oblong, black, and flesh is of firm texture. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Round Black Spanish Roots round, sometimes top-shaped, 3 or 4 inches in diameter; skin black, flesh white. Fine for winter use as the roots keep a long time. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.



RHUBARB

CULTURE.—Sow the seed in cold frame in the spring and as soon as the plants are large enough transplant into rows 1 foot apart each way and cultivate. The following spring, plant out in rows 5 feet apart each way and each spring work into the soil a liberal supply of decomposed stable manure. Rhubarb roots set out and cultivated as the above and this method gives edible rhubarb in a very short time.

Rhubarb Seed Vigorous and productive. The leaf stalks are very numerous, the longer ones being from 15 to 20 inches in length, and fully 1½ inches wide. The whole plant is nearly 5½ feet in diameter, while the leaves, exclusive of the flower stalks, are about 2½ feet in height. Rhubarb is very highly esteemed for use in pies, tarts, jelly and marmalade and large quantities are sold in all markets every year. It is the first vegetable of the season, and no private garden should be without it. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50.

Rhubarb Roots The planting of Rhubarb Roots is usually more satisfactory than to attempt to start from seed. Both time and labor are saved where the former method is followed. Roots such as we furnish should be set into well enriched soil at least 5 feet apart each way. The stalks should not be pulled the first season. The blossom stalks, however, should always be cut back so as not to exhaust the plant by going to seed. Mailing size: each, 15c; doz., \$1.50; postpaid. Extra large: each, 20c; doz., \$1.50; by express at purchaser's expense.

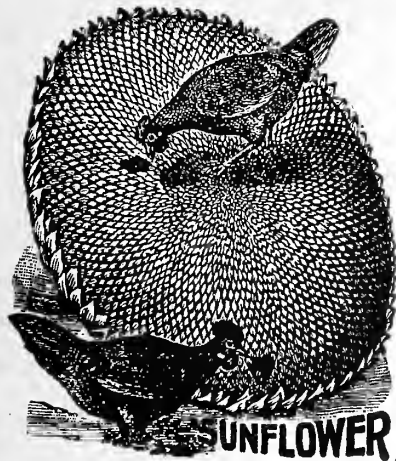
SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER

CULTURE.—Soil, seeding, culture and storing same as for parsnip. One ounce of seed will sow 60 feet of row; 10 lbs. of seed required for an acre.

Sandwich Island Grows uniformly extra large, averaging fully double the size and weight of the roots of the old variety. Of very superior quality and delicate flavor. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

SUNFLOWER

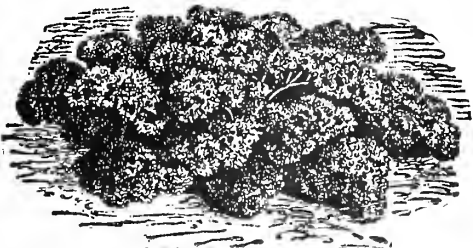
Mammoth Russian The best egg producing food for poultry; can be raised cheaper than corn. Single heads measure 15 to 22 inches in diameter, and contain an immense amount of seed, which is highly valued by all farmers and poultry breeders who have tried it. If you keep only a pair of fowls get a pound of this seed just for a trial and be convinced. It contains the shell to make eggs. It gives the fowls a bright, lustrous plumage. It keeps them in a strong, healthy condition. It makes eggs hatch more vigorous chicks. It makes them more vigorous than if fed on any other food. It prevents roup, it stops egg eating, it stops feather picking. It is a heavy cropper on almost any soil. It can be sown from early spring up to July. It is also good for cattle and horses. It is used as a medical herb. It keeps disease away if planted around the house. It is fattening to either poultry or cattle. Its strong, thick stalk can be used as fuel. In fact it is the most wonderful, cheapest and best poultry food known. Three pounds will sow one acre and the average yield is 100 bushels to the acre. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 20c; postpaid. Not prepaid: lb., 15c; 3 to 10 lbs., 12c per lb.; 10 to 50 lbs., 10c per lb.



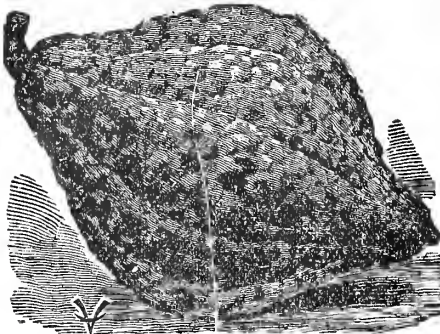
SPINACH

CULTURE.—For early spring use, sow seed in August in very fertile soil rich in humus. Upon approach of cold weather, cover the plants with 3 inches of straw. In the spring, when dry, remove the litter and the plants will be ready for use in a short time. Sow the seed 1 inch deep in rows a foot apart. For a succession, sow again early in the spring, and every two weeks thereafter. Keep surface soil cultivated lightly. One ounce will sow 100 feet of row; 12 to 15 lbs. seed required for an acre.

Long Standing This excellent variety comes quickly to maturity and remains in condition for use much longer than other sorts. The leaves are smooth and very dark rich green. In our estimation the best for the private garden, as it is one of the most popular and profitable with market gardeners. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.



SQUASH—Winter Varieties



New Red or Golden Hubbard.

From planting to maturity 100 to 125 days. If the winter varieties are not planted until the latter part of June they are more liable to escape the ravages of the borer. Gather before injured by frost for winter use, care being taken not to break the them from the squash, as the slightest injury will increase the liability of decay.

Warted Hubbard Large size, dark green color, distinguished by a dense covering of knots (warts), a sure indication of splendid quality, thick flesh; good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

Golden Hubbard Similar to the above except that the skin is deep orange yellow. Flesh fine grained and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 80c; postpaid.

Mammoth Chili Enormous size, round, flattened at ends, skin orange color and slightly ribbed. Flesh thick and deep yellow. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 90c; postpaid.

SUMMER AND EARLY SORTS One ounce to 20 hills; 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre. Hills 4 feet apart each way. Ready for use in from 55 to 65 days from planting. Any good enriched soil is adapted to the growth of the squash. The seed should not be sown in the spring until danger from the frost is past and the ground is warm and thoroughly settled. Keep the earth about the plants loose and clean. Three

Fordhook Small, oblong, shell yellow, flesh dry and sweet, and of good flavor. Very early; desirable for either summer or winter use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., 85c; postpaid.

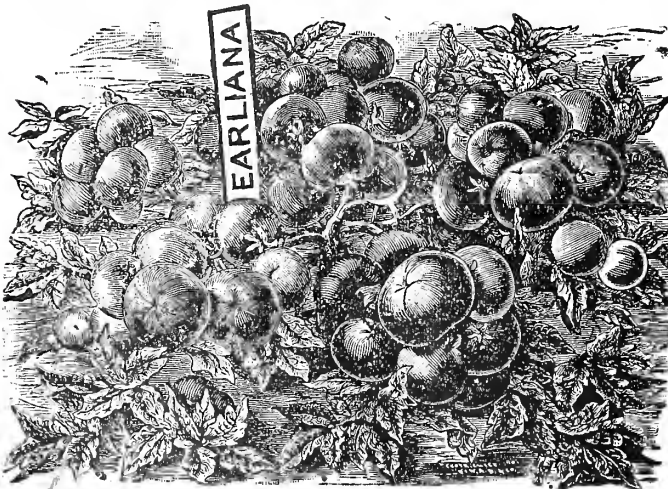
Yellow Bush Scallop A very early, flat, scalloped variety; skin deep yellow; flesh pale yellow and well flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

Summer Crook Neck Very early and productive. Fruit about 1 foot long, with crooked neck and warty surface; color bright yellow. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 60c; postpaid.

LOEB'S SELECTED TOMATO SEED

Northern Grown, Free From Blight. Matures Early.

CULTURE.—Sow the seed in March and April in the hot-bed, or in pots in a sunny exposure in the house. If it is desired to make very healthy, stocky plants they may be transplanted or repotted when about 2 or 3 inches high. When 5 or 6 inches high, if the ground has become warm, transplant to the open ground, on a rainy or cloudy day, if possible; if not, the young plants should be liberally watered and shaded from the hot sun. If it is desirable to have the fruit ripen as early as possible in preference to a heavy crop, select rather light poor soil and a sunny location. One ounce to 2,000 plants; ¼ lb. (transplanted) per acre.



Spark's Earliana A perfect early Tomato, large in size and beautiful in color, nearly seedless and very solid, a vigorous grower and prodigious bearer, yielding splendid fruit until frost. Earliana is the earliest large Tomato. No variety of recent introduction seems to have attracted more attention than this. Spark's Earliana is not only very early but remarkable for its large size. Handsome in shape, of bright red color and very firm. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$3.00; postpaid.

New Red Earlibell Tomato A wonderful new Tomato. It is claimed it is the earliest tomato of all and the smoothest of all, and in every way the best of all. We have here the Grandest Extra Early, Smooth Tomato for market gardeners, private gardeners and shippers. No matter whether you plant a dozen or 1,000 plants for your first picking. It is just the large, extra early tomato you need. It is the tomato above all other extra early tomatoes. It is an enormous yielder. The plant is a perfect mass of large, beautiful red fruit, one bunch containing 23 good sized fruits, all ripe at once. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

Early Minnesota Our stock of this splendid tomato has come in competition in the race for earliness with numerous other varieties sent out under strong claims, and has beaten them all, and remains today, as it was when we first offered it several years ago, the earliest of all the good varieties, very hardy and succeeding everywhere. The Earlibell and Earliana are excellent sorts but the Early Minnesota is superior to these in shapeliness, color, size, smoothness, solidity and flavor, as well as being earlier. When we say the earliest tomato, we of course mean the earliest good tomato. There are several sorts a very little earlier but they are gnarled, ridged, small, tasteless and unworthy the name of tomato, and unfit for use. Those wishing the earliest good tomato must have our Early Minnesota. Large pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.25.

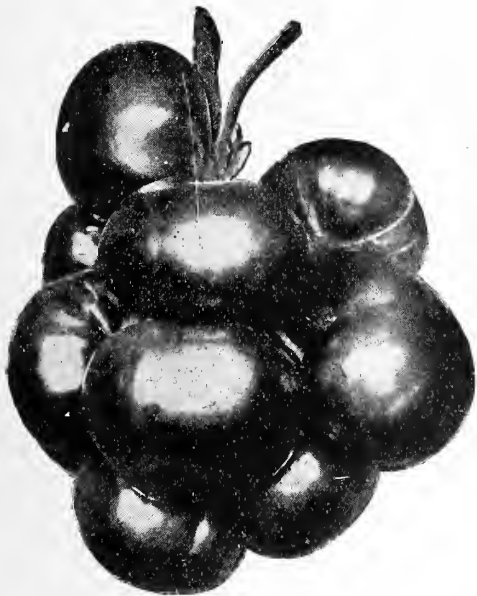
Acme Early and bears fruit until cut off by frost. Fruit is purplish, always round, smooth and of good size, and is borne in clusters of 4 or 5; free from cracks and stands shipment well. Flesh is solid and of excellent flavor. Does well both outdoors and under glass. This is a good canning variety. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

Ponderosa This is the largest fruited tomato and is of a fine quality for slicing. The vines are of strong growth; fruits oblong in form, deep through, and generally ridged or ribbed; deep purple in color. They are solidly fleshy with small seed sells; of fine flavor. Planted in good soil, fruits frequently attain a weight of 1 pound or more. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.

Beauty Livingston's. One of the smoothest skinned and best of the large sorts. The vines are large, vigorous and very productive. The fruit is large, uniform in size and very smooth. Skin purplish pink, flesh light pink and of excellent flavor. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

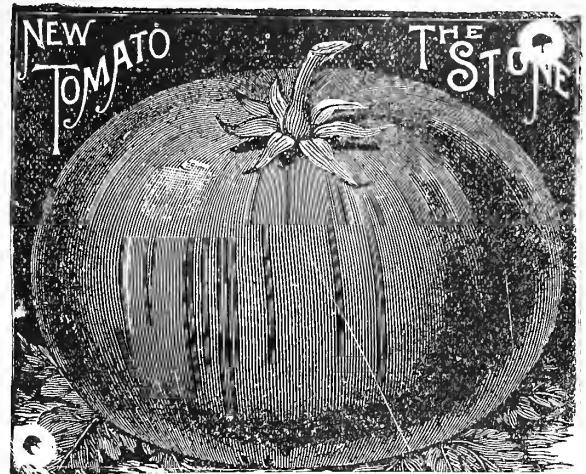
Improved Dwarf Champion In the Improved Dwarf Champion Tomato we have largely eliminated the two principal objections to the original strain—that of small sized fruits and short season of bearing. This popular dwarf tomato probably combines more good qualities than any other upright variety. It is remarkably dwarf in habit, making compact, stiff, upright plants, which carry the fruit well above the ground. It is quite early, fruit medium large, color purplish pink, and always round and smooth. Plants may be set as close as 30 inches apart each way. One of the most profitable tomatoes to grow. It responds generously to well enriched soil. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00. Not prepaid: lb., \$1.95.

Livingston's Globe The New Globe Tomato is an extra good all around sort, of a distinct shape, averaging nearly full Globe. In time of ripening the New Globe belongs among the first earlies, being about the first to ripen fruit, along with many other varieties. The fruits are large, and size is retained throughout the season; always smooth, of firm flesh, and has few seeds; ripens evenly; color resembling Beauty. An exceedingly productive variety on account of the plants having many short joints at which large clusters containing 3 to 7 fruits are almost invariably formed. For main crop it is unexcelled. In quality there is nothing more to be desired, being mild, pleasant and of delicious flavor; unsurpassed for slicing or to eat from the hand. Seed we offer is grown by ourselves and saved only from true Globe-shaped fruits. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50. Not prepaid: lb., \$2.45.



Husk Tomato Makes fine preserves. This useful fruit, which is called Strawberry and Ground Cherry Tomato, is greatly valued for use as a preserve; it also makes delicious pies, either when ripe or dried with sugar. When ripe the fruits are ½ inch in diameter and of very sweet and agreeable flavor. The vines cover the ground and yield enormously of the fruit which is enclosed in a husk or fruit calyx. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50.

Mixed Tomatoes For the benefit of some customers who would like to try all kinds, we offer this mixture of many sorts. Pkts., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.



Stone This variety is very large and of a bright scarlet color; very smooth, ripening evenly to the stem without a crack, exceedingly solid; is an excellent shipper; quality the very best; fine for canning; a good keeper; without hard core; not subject to rot; its vines and foliage ranke and robust. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00.

Chalk's Early Jewel The largest, smoothest and finest flavored, extra early bright red tomato. About 10 days later than Spark's Earliana. It is a heavier cropper, with tomatoes of larger size and sweeter flavor, produced throughout the season. The plants are of bushy, compact growth, heavily loaded with fruit. The tomatoes are of good size, just right for market; very solid and deep through, almost round; color bright scarlet, ripening to the stem without cracks or green core. Flesh is thick, solid, of fine flavor, with few seeds; the skin is strong enough to make it a good shipping variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.25.



Yellow Pear A favorite with all who know them. Fruit is pear shaped and of a deep yellow color. Highly valued as a table delicacy raw, also for preserving or to make "tomato figs"; fine pickled. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c.

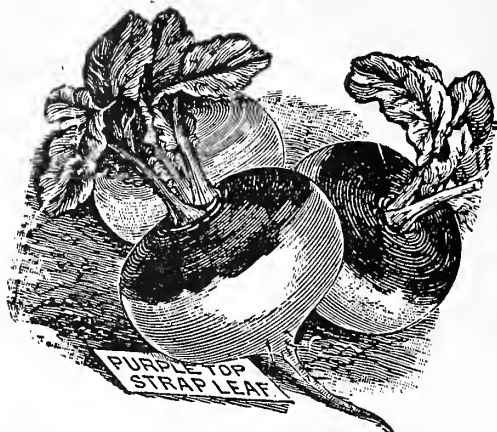
Yellow Plum A small variety, used principally for pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.50.

TOBACCO

Havana Well known, large leaved variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 85c.

Our position as MARKET GARDENERS' SEEDSMEN is well and favorably known both at home and throughout the country. Our pre-eminent standing in this line of the Seed Business has been long established. The Market Gardener when he plants LOEBS SEEDS, may therefore feel reasonably sure that he is planting the best seeds obtainable.

TURNIPS



CULTURE.—Sow seed early in spring for summer crop and early in August for fall and winter crop; 1 oz. of seed will sow 150 feet of row; 1 to 20 lbs. of seed required per acre.

Purple Top, Strap-Leaved The most popular favorite with all, and more largely grown than any other turnip; will do well to sow either broadcast or in drills; will form good sized bulbs in 7 or 8 weeks. Rather flat and of medium size. Color, purple above ground, white below. Flesh, white, fine grained and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

Purple Top White Globe Of a perfect globe shape, about 6 inches in diameter, with smooth white skin; flesh pure white, firm and crisp, and of quick growth. A good keeper and is fine for markets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

RUTABAGA

American Purple Top Rutabaga This strain is of American origin and is a purple top yellow variety. It has been selected to produce a smaller top and a shorter neck than is usually found; the roots grow to a large size and are of the finest quality and excellent both for the table and for stock feeding. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 50c. By express or freight at purchaser's expense. lb., 40c; 10 lbs. at 35c.

Prize Winner Rutabaga Is a purple top, yellow flesh variety. The roots reach a good size and are exceedingly uniform in appearance. The Prize Winner is an all around rutabaga, suited to every purpose and every soil. We do not hesitate to say that in the Prize Winner we possess the handsomest and most productive stock of purple top rutabaga known. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 50c; postpaid. By freight: 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.90; 10 lbs., \$3.50.

Aromatic, Medicinal and Pot Herbs

	Pkt.	Oz.
Sweet Basil Annual. The leaves are used for highly seasoned dishes as well as in soups, stews and sauces.....	5c	15c
Sweet Fennel Perennial. Tea made from the seed is an excellent remedy in case of colic and stomach complaints....	5c	10c
Dill Annual. It is cultivated for its seeds, which are used medically and for flavoring pickles	5c	20c
Sage Perennial. Tea made from these leaves is an excellent means of producing sweat	5c	15c
Saffron Annual. The dried flowers are used for medicinal purposes.....	5c	20c
Caraway-Kruemmel The seed are used for flavoring.....	5c	10c
Coriander Annual. Its tender leaves are sometimes used for soups and salads	5c	10c

No Garden is complete without a few Herbs.

Half Dollar Collection

85c WORTH OF SEEDS FOR ONLY 50c POSTPAID.

1. Rosy Gem Radish.
2. Davis Perfect Cucumber.
3. Eclipse Beet.
4. Black Spanish Radish.
5. Southport Red Globe Onion.
6. Gradus Pea.
7. Paul Rose Muskmelon.
8. Hubbard Squash.
9. Black Seed Simpson Lettuce.
10. Ponderosa Tomato.
11. Golden Bantam Sweet Corn.
12. Six Weeks Bean.
13. Fancy Mixed Nasturtium.
14. Mixture Sweet Peas.
15. Sunflower.

85c WORTH OF SEEDS FOR ONLY 50c POSTPAID.

Our Dollar Collection

\$1.70 WORTH OF SEEDS FOR ONLY \$1.00 POSTPAID.

1. Beans, Golden Wax.
2. Beans, Wardwell's Wax.
3. Beet, Early Blood Turnip.
4. Cabbage, Winingstadt.
5. Carrot, Oxheart.
6. Celery, White Plume.
7. Cucumber, Davis Perfect.
8. Lettuce, Grand Rapids.
9. Watermelon, Cole's Early.
10. Muskmelon, Rocky Ford.
11. Muskmelon, Nettle Gem.
12. Onion, Prizetaker.
13. Onion, Large Red Weathersfield.
14. Parsnip, Hollow Crowned Sugar.
15. Peas, Gradus.
16. Peas, Telephone.
17. Parsley, Moss Curled.
18. Pepper, Ruby King.
19. Pumpkin, Small Sugar.
20. Radish, French Breakfast.
21. Radish, New White Icicle.
22. Radish, White Olive-shaped.
23. Squash, Warty Hubbard.
24. Squash, Fordhook.
25. Tomato, New Stone.
26. Tomato, Earliana.
27. Turnip, White Globe.
28. Pansy, Good Mixed.
29. Sweet Peas, Mixed.
30. Nasturtium, Dwarf Mixed.
31. Aster.
32. Petunia.

\$1.70 WORTH OF SEEDS FOR ONLY \$1.00 POSTPAID.

These collections are put up in advance and are sold at a greatly reduced price and there can be no changes in the varieties. Premiums do not apply to these collections, as they are premiums in themselves.

Special Offer to Cash Buyers

As an inducement to purchasers of our seeds in PACKETS and OUNCES, we make this most liberal offer:

- Purchasers sending \$1.00 with order may select seeds in packets or ounces amounting to \$1.25.
- Purchasers sending \$2.00 with order may select seeds in packets or ounces amounting to \$2.60.
- Purchasers sending \$3.00 with order may select seeds in packets or ounces amounting to \$3.55.
- Purchasers sending \$4.00 with order may select seeds in packets or ounces amounting to \$5.30.
- Purchasers sending \$5.00 with order may select seeds in packets or ounces amounting to \$6.65.

Delivered by mail to any address in the United States or Canada.

N. B.—Please understand that items on your order for SEEDS in collections, quarter pounds, pounds, plants, quarts or more, or for PLANTS, MERCHANDISE or BULBS are NOT subject to the above discounts.

FLOWER SEEDS

On the following pages we offer the best varieties of choice Flower Seeds. Our seeds are fresh and of unsurpassed quality, grown by the best growers in this country and Europe. Quality is always our first consideration. There is no space so small that there is not room for a few of these beautiful flowers, and with a small outlay a succession and abundance of bloom can be obtained. Our packets contain a liberal quantity of seed, more than is generally sent out by other firms. ANNUALS bloom and ripen the seed the first year and then perish. PERENNIALS continue flowering several years in succession. Many of them bloom the first year.

Cultural directions given on all packets. All flowers are sent postpaid by mail on receipt of price.

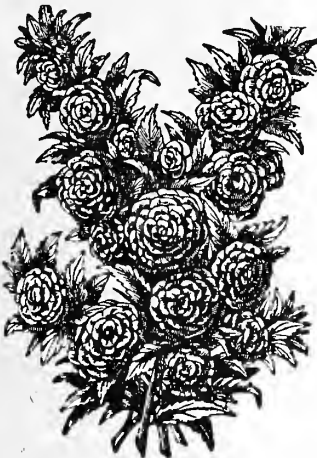
Asters Asters are of easy culture. The seed can be sown in the open ground in May and the plants will then bloom in September and October. For earlier blooming, sow in March or April, in cold frame or hot-bed, or boxes in the house. Seed should not be covered more than one-fourth of an inch.

Paeony Flowered Perfection Aster Has double large and beautiful flowers with incurved petals, resembling very much a Paeony in shape. The plants are strong and upright, bearing handsome blooms on long, stiff stems. Extra fine for bouquet work. Height, 20 inches. Blue, pkt., 10c; snow white, pkt., 10c; crimson, pkt., 10c; mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

New Giant Comet Aster The plants of this new variety are perfectly true in character, growing 18 to 24 inches high. The flowers measure from 3½ to 4¼ inches in diameter, resembling in shape and its artistically curved and twisted petals, the finest Japanese Chrysanthemums. Snow white, pkt., 10c; dark blue, pkt., 10c; white striped with pink, pkt., 10c; crimson, pkt., 10c; rose pink, pkt., 10c; mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

Alyssum, Sweet Flowers white, fragrant. Easily grown in boxes, vases and in beds. A good border plant. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c.

Amaranthus, Caudatus (Love Lies Bleeding.) Very large, handsome drooping flowers, spikes of blood red color. 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.



Balsams.

Balsam (Lady Slipper) One of the most beautiful annuals. Flowers brilliantly colored, very large and double. Balsams like rich soil and a sunny situation.

Camelia Flowered Very double, extra large flowers of rich color. Finest mixed. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Bean, Scarlet Runner The well known rapid-growing annual climber, producing bright red flowers, from July to September. The foliage being dense, makes it splendid for porches or any location where shade is desired. Pkt., 10c; ¼ lb., 15c.

Bachelor's Button, Double It has been so perfected that fully 70 per cent of the flowers are double and semi-double; are also increased in size and present many bright colors and distinct markings which have hitherto been unknown in this old fashioned favorite flower. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.



Candytuft, Mixed One of the very best early perennials, extra fine for cemetery use, as the plants are solid mass of blossoms at just the time when flowers are most scarce. Those who have never grown the Hardy Candytuft have missed a floral treat. Large flowering mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Candytuft, Snow Queen Packet, 5c.

Calendula (Pot Marigold) One foot. A perpetual bloomer, the flowers are oriental in color and exhibit every shade of yellow from ivory to deepest orange. Makes good cut flowers and the dried blossoms may be used to flavor soups and stews. Pkt., 5c.

Calliopsis A showy plant, producing flowers of yellow, red and brown. Sow quite early and thin to 6 inches apart. Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Canna (Indian Shot) Stately plants with handsome foliage and showy flowers. The seeds should be soaked 24 hours in warm water before planting. If sown in February should bloom in July. Pkt., 5c.

Carnation, Marguerite, Mixed These lovely, fragrant flowers are in full bloom in about four months after sowing. Plants succeed alike in the open garden or in pots, and are of such vigorous, dwarf, erect growth that no supports are required. The range of color, marking, variegations and shading are simply wonderful. Pkt., 10c.

CENTAUREA

Marguerite One of the handsomest flowers ever produced. Large flowers of purest white, deliciously scented, exquisitely lacinated, freely produced. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c; oz., 60c.

Gymnocarpa (Dusty Miller.) The foliage of this variety is finely cut and silvery. It is perhaps the best white leaved plant for bedding purposes. Pkt., 5c.

COSMOS A magnificent race of plants growing about 3 to 4 feet high, and in fall literally covered with graceful flowers resembling single dahlias, but better for cutting. As a cut flower for vases or personal wear its grace and beauty is unequalled. Easily raised from seed if sown early. Pkt., 5c.

Lady Lenox Beautiful light pink flowers of extra large size, sometimes 6 inches in diameter. Full, vigorous plants, 6 to 7 feet. Unequaled among annuals for screens and tall borders. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; oz., 50c.

Early Dawn Mixed Introduced by us and it jumped at once into popularity on account of its extreme earliness, coming in bloom about two months from time of sowing and continuing until destroyed by frost. The plants have fine, feathery, light green foliage and delicate rose, purple, white and lilac flowers. A free blooming plant of easiest culture. Mixed colors. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c; oz., 40c.



Columbine Charming hardy perennial plants growing from 1 to 3 feet high, bearing in countless numbers through May and June their exquisite blossoms of clear blue, white, rose, yellow, purple, striped, etc. For planting in permanent borders of naturalizing along the edges of woods or shrubbery this old-fashioned favorite is one of the best of all hardy plants. Pkt., 5c.

Catchfly A showy, free-flower-plant, with bright, dense heads of flowers, growing well in common garden soil. Adapted for border, circular beds and ribbons. Height, 18 inches. Hardy annual. Pkt., 5c.

Foxglove Fine mixed. Handsome, stately growing plants, with beautifully mottled thimble-shaped flowers produced in profusion on a stem usually about 3 feet high. The racemes of flowers are about 2 feet long. Pkt., 5c.

Dianthus or Pinks One of the most popular and magnificent flowers in cultivation, producing a great variety of brilliant colors and profusion of bloom. The annual varieties may be sown out of doors when danger from frost is past and in a few weeks' time they are a mass of bloom, continuing so until frost. 1 foot.

Double Annual Pinks, Mixed A fancy mixture of beautiful varieties. Oz., 60c; pkt., 5c.

Single Annual Pinks, Mixed A beautiful mixture of all the single varieties. oz., 50c; pkt., 5c.

Hardy Garden Pinks Fancy mixed. Contains all the desirable colors. ¼ oz., 50c; pkt., 15c.

Eschscholtzia This choice novelty is one of Mr. Burbank's great achievements, being the result of 9 years' careful selection from a chance spot in a bed of yellow Eschscholtzias, California's state flower. This new flower is of a bright, handsome crimson. It is one of the most easily grown plants, producing a profusion of flowers. Pkt., 10c.

Four O'clock Much used in "evening" beds and also for summer hedges, low screens, etc., for which their uniform bushy growth well adapts them. Plants are crowned for months with innumerable silk-like flowers of the most ravishing colors, and exhaling a delicious perfume. These flowers owe their common name of "Four O'clock" to the regularity with which their beautiful flowers open at that hour each afternoon. Pkt., 5c.

Castor Beans, Ricinus Stately, strong-growing plants, with very ornamental foliage, well adapted as center plants of annas, Dahlias, etc., 6 to 12 feet. Pkt., 5c.

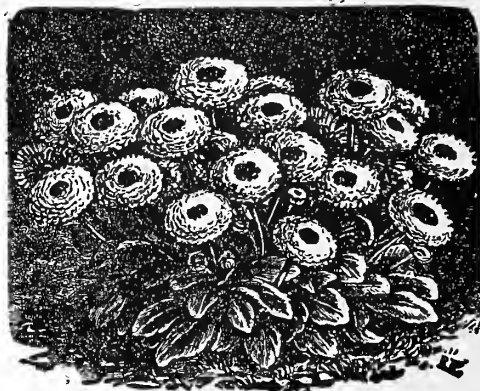
Chrysanthemum (Annual) Of all the annuals these pretty flowers perhaps hold the leading position. We have raised many of these on our seed farm. They are beautiful in beds and borders and good for winter boxes or cutting. They also make useful pot plants and when used for this purpose they should be sown under a glass and thinned out. They grow to a height of 1½ feet. Finest mixed, single, pkt., 5c; finest mixed, double, pkt., 5c; double white, pkt., 5c; double golden yellow, pkt., 5c.

DAHLIA

Can be easily raised from seed and will bloom profusely the first year. One of the best late summer flowering plants. Very pretty.

Double Mixed Large flowering varieties. All colors. Pkt., 5c.

Single Mixed Produce flowers of large size in greatest abundance. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 10c.



Daisy Delicata.

DAISY

Popular perennials, blooming the first year from seed; very handsome for borders or pots.

Best Double Mixed Per pkt., 5c.

New Giant Snowball Most charming variety of this handsome little flower. Has unusually large double flowers on long stems, making it valuable for cutting. Color, pure snow. Don't fail to give this little beauty a fair trial, and it will be sure to please you. Pkt., 10c.

Daisy (Shasta) The pure white flowers are 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Some have long, narrow and twisted petals, while others are broad and flat. They bloom the entire season. Hardy perennial; 2 to 3 feet. Pkt., 10c.

Datura (Angels Trumpet) Showy, large branching plants, growing 3 to 5 feet high, bearing trumpet-shaped flowers 6 inches in length. Double mixed, pkt., 5c.



DIANTHUS.

FOR-GET-ME-NOT. MYOSOTIS

The Forget-Me-Nots succeed best in a shady, moist situation; perennials and hardy if given a slight protection through the winter; bloom the first year from seed if sown early. Fine for edging or in beds with Fancies.

Alpestris Coerulea Bright blue; 6 inches high, of trailing habit. Pkg., 5c; ½ oz., 15c.

Alpestris Mixed Pkg., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c.

Fuchsia A well known tender perennial plant for the house and shady places in the garden; it is of easy culture from seed and some of the most beautiful flowers, fully equal to the expensive ones propagated from cuttings, have been raised from seed. The flowers are very graceful and delicate in form and rich in colors, which are mostly combinations of red, white and purple. Single and double, finest mixed, pkg., 15c.

Geranium Comparatively few are aware that Geraniums may be grown easily from seed and flower the first season if sown early. This is the best way to secure Geraniums as they will frequently reward the cultivator with charming new varieties. In fact, propagation by seed is the only way to obtain new varieties.

Geranium, Mixed A superb strain of the largest and finest varieties. Pkt., 10c.

Gourds, Ornamental Tender annual climbers, with curiously shaped fruit in various colors, many of which are peculiarly marked. Pkt., 5c.

Grasses, Ornamental For large beds or groups on lawns nothing gives a finer effect. Twelve varieties, mixed, pkt., 10c.

Gypsophila, Bridal Veil, Baby's Breath *Elegans alba grandiflora.* Beautiful free-flowering plant, hardy annual of easy culture. Pure white, flowering in panicles; very useful in making up bouquets. Pkt., 5c.



Morning Glory

Heliotrope Is a universal favorite on account of its delightful fragrance and long duration of bloom, flowering equally well as bedding plants in summer or as pot plants in the house in the winter. It is not generally known that Heliotrope may be raised from seed as easily as the Verbena. The best varieties in mixtures at 15c a pkt., two pkts. for 25c.

Hollyhock One of our grandest summer and autumn flowering plants. Sow the seed in June or July in open ground, transplant to 3 feet apart. Hardy perennials. Double white, pkt., 10c; double pink, pkt., 10c; yellow, pkt., 10c; red, pkt., 10c; mixed, pkt., 15c.

Everblooming Annual Hollyhocks These Hollyhocks bloom the first season as the soil is in proper condition. Choice mixture of colors. Pkt., 10c.

Hop (Variegated Japanese) The leaves are beautifully and distinctly marked with silvery white, yellowish white, and light and dark green. It retains this foliage until late in the autumn; climbing 20 feet. Pkt., 10c.

Lupinus, Wild Lupine This will be found a great acquisition to any garden. It forms dense bushes about 4 feet high, of elegant spikes completely clothed to the ground with snowy-white and deepest sea-blue flowers. Delicately fragrant. Mixed, pkt., 10c.



Heliotrope, Giant.

Lychnis, Rose Campion Handsome plants of easy culture, growing in any rich garden soil; for massing in beds and borders; blooms the first year if sown early. Flowers white, scarlet, orange, etc. Mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

Liatris, Blazing Star Very showy and attractive plants with long spikes of purple and rosy purple flowers from July to September. Mixed varieties. Pkt., 10c.

Linaria, Kenilworth Ivy Lavender and purple. A charming, neat, hardy, trailing plant. For baskets, vases, pots and rock-work. Pkt., 10c.

Larkspur, Dwarf German Rocket An old and well known hardy annual. The flowers are borne in compact spikes, showy and desirable for any situation. Mixed colors. Pkt., 5c.

Marigold El Dorado Produces large, bushy plants, covered during the entire summer with an infinite number of its large and perfectly double flowers. Flowers are 3 to 4 inches in diameter and of primrose, lemon golden yellow and deep orange in color. Pkt., 5c.



HOLLYHOCK

Mignonette, Sweet Scented, Mixed The delicious fragrance of the Mignonette makes it indispensable for bouquets and cutting. It is best to sow seed early in the garden and they will commence blooming the first of June. Pkt., 5c.

Morning Glory, Japanese Improved or Giant Mikado The flowers are of gigantic size, and the colorings and markings beyond description, ranging from snow-white to black purple, with all the possible intermediate shades, such as pink, rose, fiery red, copper red, carmine, crimson, pale blue, deep blue, royal purple, maroon, indigo, bronze, brown, cherry and ash gray. Others are edged with white, having threats of one of the above colors; there is also an endless number having flowers spotted. They are beyond question the largest and most beautiful of this handsome family of early grown climbers, and are the Orient's best gift to flower lovers. Wherever climbers can be grown, our new Giant Mikado strain should have a prominent place. Pkt., 5c.



Mignonette

Moonflower (*Ipomoea Mexicana.*) The true Moonflower is one of the most vigorous of all the summer climbers; a single plant can be made to cover by August 15, a trellis 20 to 30 feet high and 6 feet broad, with a dense mass of leaves studded every night or cloudy day with hundreds of beautiful white wax like flowers, 4 to 6 inches in diameter. Height, 30 to 50 feet. Tender annual. Pkt., 10c.

Morning Glory *Convulvus.* One of the most free flowering and rapid growing climbers, thriving in almost any situation. The flowers are very delicate. Brilliant and beautiful. Pkt., 5c.

Morning Glory, Fine Mixed Embracing a great variety of colors. Pkt., 5c.



NASTURTIUM.

Nasturtium

J. L. Loeb's Seed Co.'s Dwarf Mixed. This plant ought to be found in every garden. Those who have been growing the old sort for years will look with delight upon the flowers produced from our seeds, as they will show a brilliancy of coloring unsurpassed by any other strain. Plants will do best if soil is not too rich. Germinates in from 8 to 10 days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c.

Nasturtium, Tall, Fine Mixed

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c.

Portulaca

Will grow and bloom abundantly all summer in a dry, hot location, where most other plants would soon die. The flowers are of the richest colors and make a beautiful border.

Parana

This new giant-flowered type from South America produces immense, single blossoms often 3 inches across, bright ruby red in color. They are of very vigorous growth and flower profusely. Pkt., 10c.

Single

Mixed colors. Pkt., 5c.

Double

Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c.



DOUBLE ROSE-FLOWERED PORTULACA.

Oxalis, Mixed Varieties

Very attractive and beautiful plants, with richly colored flowers, suitable for rock and rustic baskets. Half hardy perennial. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 10c.

Oenothera, Evening Primrose

Beautiful, low-growing plant, producing large, silvery-white, rose and yellow flowers. They thrive best in a sunny position, but succeed in almost any situation or soil. Annual varieties; all colors mixed. Pkt., 5c.



PANSY PLANT

Loeb's Mixed Royal Show Pansies

Without question the finest strain in existence; selected separate colors from the best German, French, English and American growers, including all the new shades and markings introduced to the present time from flowers of the largest size and most perfect shape. Pansies are the most popular and fashionable of all flowers, and everyone should grow a liberal supply, sowing the seed by March if possible, or before, and you will have the finest bed of pansies in your neighborhood. Pkt., 10c; three pkts., 25c.

German Imperial

Elegant, richly colored flowers of large size and perfect shape. The finest mixture of giant flowered pansies. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

PETUNIAS

One of the best flowers for a splendid display throughout the season. Beautiful new colors, striped and marked in the most diversified manner. The ease and culture, profuse and continuous bloom, adaptation for different ways of growing—indoors and in the garden—render the Petunia one of the most valuable of the annuals and entitle it to a generous share of the space in every garden. In bloom from July to October.

Giants of California

Produce immense large blossoms. Pkt., 15c. Striped and blotched single mixed, pkt., 5c. Double mixed, saved from choicest double flowers only, pkt., 20c.

Primrose (Primula)

These are perhaps the most desirable of all house plants. They are in almost constant bloom all winter, and if the plants be transferred to the border they will bloom nearly all summer. Though perennial, few plants flower more continually and seed should be sown every year. Give them a long time for growth before flowering, and do not force the young plants, but simply protect them from frost and damp and cutting winds. Height, 9 inches. Mixed, pkt., 15c.

**Double Mixed Poppies**

Large, Double Paeony Flowered Poppies. Large, showy, double Paeony; height, 2 feet; Giant, Brilliant Rose. Pkt., 5c.

Shirly Poppy

It is perfectly hardy and flowers the first season from seed. The flowers are large, exceedingly graceful and elegant. The colors are pure, soft and varied, and range from bluish white, rose, delicate pink through innumerable tints to bright, sparkling crimson. Pkt., 5c.

Oriental Poppy

For brilliancy of color there is nothing to equal these flowers, all of enormous size, often measuring 6 inches in diameter, while colors range from soft bluish and rose, to the most brilliant scarlet and richest maroon purple. Their culture is extremely simple, they are perfectly hardy, living through our winters with little protection and increasing in size and beauty every year. All varieties mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Stock, Large Flowering Double Ten Weeks

The Ten Weeks Stocks bloom from 10 to 12 weeks after being sown; grow from 6 to 18 inches high, and in light, rich soil bear an immense quantity of bloom, each plant forming a perfect bouquet of delightful fragrance. Half hardy annual. Pkt., 5c.



Sweet William

(*Dianthus Barbatius*)

There is perhaps no flower more favorably known than the Sweet William. Hardly any garden is considered complete without its planting of Sweet Williams. They are easily grown from seed and produce a wonderful array of color. Perfectly hardy. Mixed Single. Very fine. Pkt., 5c.

grown from seed and produce a wonderful array of color. Perfectly hardy. Mixed Single. Very fine. Pkt., 5c.

Verbena The Verbena is deservedly a universal favorite, unrivaled in the splendor of its dazzling brilliancy of flower. A constant bloomer and if grown from seed has a sweet fragrance. Start seed early in the house and it will bloom all summer. Pkt., 5c.

Verbena, Mixed Pkt., 5c.



Phlox Drummondii Of all summer-flowering annuals the questionably some of the most brilliant and satisfactory. Seed may be sown in the open ground any time after danger of frost is past, and in a few weeks the beds or borders are aglow with their brilliant coloring and remain so until cut down by frost. For early flowering they should be started indoors or in a hot-bed. Mixed colors, oz., 50c; pkt., 5c.

Star Phlox (Star of Quedlinburg.) Of dwarf habit with very pretty star-shaped flowers. A novel and beautiful variety. Mixed colors, pkt., 10c.

Wild Cucumber A climber with green leaves and pretty white flowers and bud-like fruits, beset with deciduous, barbed prickles. One of the best climbers for verandas, trellises, etc. Never suffers from the heat or being destroyed by insects like so many good climbing plants, but stays fresh until late in the fall. Pkt., 5c.



Salvia Splendens (Scarlet Sage.) The Salvia, or Flowering Sage, is a very ornamental plant, flowering in spikes and continues in bloom until frost in the open ground, when the plant can be removed to the greenhouse and will continue in bloom a long time. This variety is of the dwarf habit, and the spikes of flowers are not so large as some of the greenhouse sorts. Height, 1½ feet. Tender annual. Pkt., 5c.

Smilax (*Myrsiphyllum Asparagoides*.) No climbing plant in cultivation surpasses this for graceful beauty of its foliage. In cut flowers and for wreaths, etc., it is indispensable to florists. Height, 10 inches. Tender annual. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

Salpiglossis One of the most beautiful of flowering annuals, forming strong, bushy plants about 18 inches high, bearing through the season large flowers 3 to 4 inches across; many beautiful colors. Sometimes called Painted Tube Tongue. Choice mixed. A splendid range of color. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c; oz., 60c.

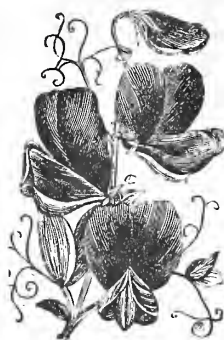
Snapdragon A charming, old-fashioned flower; the large blooming varieties, with their long spikes of brilliantly colored flowers produced during the whole season, are fine bedding plants. Hardy annuals. Pkt., 5c.

ZINNIAS Can be raised to flower by August, if sown in the open ground; but if sown under glass in April they will bloom in June and throughout the entire season. **ZEBRA**—Flowers striped with red and yellow, pkt., 5c. **WHITE GEM**—Small, double white flowers, pkt., 5c. **DOUBLE MIXED**—All colors, oz., 40c; pkt., 5c.



Fry Loeb's Wild Flower Garden It is not just an ordinary wild flower mixture. It is made up of the seeds of all the popular, hardy flowers, both wild and cultivated, such as everybody delights in growing in odd nooks and corners; and in open beds where little attention need be given to assure a profuse growth. The beauty of this mixture lies in the great variety of flowers it contains. It embraces not only all the best known and most popular annuals, but a great many new and rare sorts, gathered especially for this mixture from all parts of the world. In order to induce all of our customers to try at least one package of these flower seeds, we are putting up an extra large package and sell them at the extremely low price of 5c per pkg. or 7 for 25c.

SWEET PEAS



Sweet Peas are among the most beautiful of all our hardy annuals. Select a sunny, open place, several feet from any building or close fence, and as far as possible from large trees. Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Make a trench 6 or 8 inches deep, but cover the seed only an inch at first. As they come up, rake the dirt around the little plants, so that by the time they have reached the top of the ground the trench will be almost full. Furnish support early. Give them plenty of water, and keep the blossoms picked closely. If they produce seed pods, they will stop blooming.

Blanche Burpee, White A superb pure white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

King Edward VII, Red Bright crimson self-color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Red Standard with White Wings Earliest of All. Rose and white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c. Early Blanche Ferry. The popular pink and white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

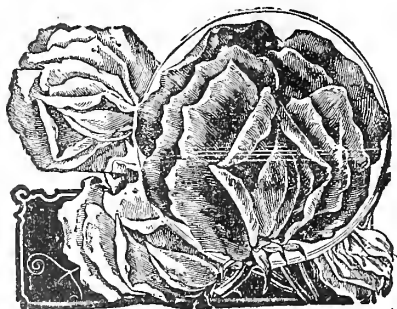
Lavender and Light Blue Shades Emily Eckford. Standard reddish-mauve, wings blue. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c. Lottie Eckford. White, suffused with lavender-blue. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Blanche Ferry Spencer The well known pink and white variety of Spencer type. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

John Ingman A new, rich rosy-carmine, veined deeper. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

Lovely Spencer Standard light blush pink with blotch of rose at the base; wings the same, all suffused with soft buff. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c.

Prince Edward of York Spencer Standard with tint of crimson. Wings crimson. Pkt., 25c.



NEW DOUBLE SWEET PEAS.

Countess Spencer Variety Bright clear pink showing a little deeper at the edges. The form is open and the margins of the petals are wavy. Both standard and wings are very large, blossoms frequently measuring 2 inches across. The stems are long and it possesses every characteristic that can be desired in the Sweet Pea. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Choice Mixed This is a most excellent mixture, embracing all the standard varieties and many colors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.

SWEET PEAS FOR ALL GROWERS

Everybody's Collection 25c. We will send postpaid seven of the first named Sweet Peas in separate colors for 25c.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS

Gladiolus This is one of the best of the summer-flowering bulbs. It is a flower any one can grow, and is lovely enough to satisfy the most exacting. There is no limit to the range of color—pink, scarlet, yellow, crimson, white, and a host of other colors.

Extra Fine Mixture This splendid mixture is grown especially for us. Besides the original mixture, many choice new kinds are added, including Chilasii and Groff's Hybrids. This insures a wide range of color, shades and type. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Each, 5c; doz., 45c; 100, \$3.00.

Gladioli in Separate Shades We offer strictly selected first size bulbs only, sure to give satisfactory results the first season. Order early.

	Doz.	100
White and Light Shades. Very desirable for cut flowers and exquisite indoor decorations	\$0.50	\$3.50
Pink and Rose. Many shades from faint tints to deep rose and cherry, all very attractive colors	.40	2.75
Scarlet and Red. Splendid, rich bold colors	.35	2.50
Orange and Yellow. Unusual and charming shades in Gladioli. Fine for planting with the lighter varieties for a beautiful contrast	.65	5.00
Striped and Variegated. All sorts of handsome color combinations, some with different colored throats, many with stripes and blotches	.50	3.50
Pink and White Shades. Fine for cutting	.50	3.50

Show and Fancy Dahlias, Mixed Stock Price, per bulb, each, 25c. Pure white, each, 25c. Deep red, each 25c. Pure yellow, fine, each, 25c.

Mixed Cannas for Bedding A mixture of the finest dwarf, large flowering kinds, which will go well together, and make a magnificent bed or border of bright colors. We can thoroughly recommend this mixture. Each, 15c; two for 25c; doz., \$1.25.

Oxalis No bulb is so valuable for edging the borders of walks or flower beds as the beautiful flowering Oxalis. When planted 3 inches apart they produce an unbroken row of elegant foliage and pretty flowers; and as they bloom quickly after planting they furnish a neat and attractive border the whole season. The bulbs can be planted the 1st of May, or perhaps earlier, and will bloom the 1st of June. No flower easier grown than this, as they are sure to succeed in all soils and situations. Mixed colors. Several sorts. Price, doz., 10c; 25 for 15c; 100 for 50c; postpaid.

Tuberose Pure white, sweet scented flower; is one of the most popular of summer blooming plants. First size bulbs, by mail, 3 for 12c; doz., 30c; postpaid. By express at purchaser's expense, 100, \$1.50.

BULBS FOR AUTUMN PLANTING

Some of the most beautiful and fragrant flowers belong to this class, and when potted in the house, they come in bloom just at the time when flowers are most wanted. Bulbs arrive from Holland about Sept. 20th. The best way is to order during spring or summer, then your order will be filled as soon as bulbs are received. Orders filled in rotation upon arrival of stock, and if yours is on file you are sure to receive choice fresh bulbs and get your order in full. Sometimes stock is exhausted later in fall and some items cannot be supplied to late customers.

Crocus White, mixed shades of yellow, mixed blue and purple, striped and variegated mixed. Doz., 15c; 100, \$1.00. Cloth of gold, cloth of silver, mammoth yellow. Doz., 20c; 100, \$1.25. All colors mixed, doz., 10c; 100, 80c.

Single Early Tulips Mixed. From very best named varieties. Each, 4c; doz., 35c; 100 for \$2.50. Pink and Rose, each, 5c; doz., 35c. Yellow and Orange, each, 5c; doz., 35c. Single White, each, 5c; doz., 35c.

Narcissus, Von Sion The True Double Yellow Daffodil. Has a rich golden yellow perianth and trumpet. This is the old favorite so highly prized in many old-fashioned gardens. Extra large double nozed bulbs, producing two or three flower spikes. Each, 6c; doz., 60c; 100 for \$4.00.

Paper White Grandiflora Can be made to bloom in December. There is no more satisfactory bulb for house cultivation. Snow-white flowers. Each, 5c; doz., 40c.

Bedding Hyacinths, Single and Double Pure white, rose and pink, red, light blue, dark blue. Mixed, all colors. Each, 7c; doz., 75c.

FARM SEED DEPARTMENT

EXPERT PRODUCTION

EXPERT SUPERVISION

EXPERT SERVICE

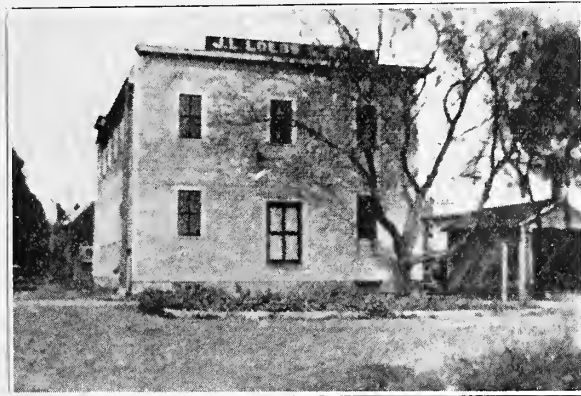
There is no farmer whom we cannot benefit in some way if he will patronize our farm seed department. A careful comparison of the crops he is now producing with the stocks we are offering will certainly show in our favor somewhere along the line. If your corn is beginning to run out or becomes barren, we can supply the foundation for increased yields and thoroughbred stock. If the small grain has failed in any way or has become diseased, we can supply choice seed of the varieties that have proven best by test. If you are in need of grass seeds of any kind we can furnish seed of better quality than you can procure elsewhere. Perhaps you think these statements rather strong. They are strong, but we are willing to back them up by submitting free samples for comparison before you buy. We are also willing to give you privilege of inspection and test for fifteen days after receiving them and will take them back within that time and return your money if they do not please you.

Let us help you improve your crops, both in quality and quantity

We put time and

care into the farm seed line. We have to. We must supply better seeds than you can get elsewhere if we are to have your trade. The present-day farmer raises good grains and if we are to surpass him in quality, we have to keep wide awake and progressive. If our grass seeds are to excel in purity and vitality, it requires the closest scrutiny in buying and cleaning. We ask your trade solely upon our ability to please you.

Money and painstaking



Warehouse.

will be refunded. We know of no responsible seed firm in the world which guarantees seeds any further than this. Compare with other seed catalogues and you will find we are right.

Prices named in this department are always subject to important market changes. All quotations are net and are not subject to any premium or discount. Clover and grass seeds are constantly varying in value. Please write for quotations, sending list of requirements when in need. Orders sent us will be given benefit of lowest prices on day order is received. Will take pleasure in mailing samples and quoting inside prices at any time on large orders.

Shipping In this department everything that is quoted by the packet or pound is sent by mail postpaid; all larger quantities, unless noted, are sent by express or freight at the expense of the purchaser. Prices named include bags and delivering to depot here.

About Warranting We thoroughly test all our seeds and nothing is sent out which we do not believe to be good in every respect. However, we give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned, and the money paid for same will be refunded.

The Sincere Efforts and Splendid Facilities of the Entire Establishment Are at Your Service

LOEBS HUB CITY LAWN SEED

THE BEST FOR GENERAL PURPOSES

Loebs "Hub City" Lawn Grass Seed

Loebs "Hub City" Lawn Grass Seed is the cleanest, the heaviest, the cheapest, the best, because it is made up of Extra Recleaned Seeds of the close-growing varieties best adapted for the purpose. It is composed of the finest varieties of grasses, each of which has its season of beauty and the result of its blending is the production of a sod that is always evergreen and velvety. Many of the finest lawns of our city are seeded with Loebs "Hub City" Lawn Grass; the preparation of which is a specialty with us. Being free from chaff, it requires less seed of Loebs "Hub City" than any other brand. Hence it is economical in the end. One pound will sow 450 square feet. Prices, by mail, postpaid: lb., 35c; 3 lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid: lb., 30c; 4 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

Loebs Lawn Fertilizer DRY, CLEAN, NEARLY ODORLESS. Stable dressing is unpleasant to handle, and always contains more or less weed seeds. There are no weed seeds in this fertilizer. It will impart to your lawn that much desired dark green and velvety appearance. Should be applied as a top dressing, either in spring or fall. 25 lbs. to 1,000 square feet. Prices: 10 lbs., 60c; 50 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$3.50. Only by freight, purchaser paying charges.

Loebs Evergreen Lawn Grass Seed

On nearly all lawns there are unsightly spots caused by the fact that ordinary varieties of grasses used for lawns do not do well in the shade; consequently we have prepared a mixture of grasses which naturally grow in shady spots. Before sowing in such places, it is well to rake off the surface thoroughly and then supply air slaked lime at the rate of one bushel to every 1,000 square feet. Use one pound for every 450 square feet. Prices, by mail, postpaid: lb., 40c; 3 lbs., \$1.10. Not prepaid: lb., 30c; 4 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

Loebs Quick Growth Lawn Seed

We frequently have inquiries for a lawn mixture which will give quick results, and our "QUICK GROWTH" has been prepared with this end in view. It is especially useful where for some reason or other the seed cannot be sown in early spring. Where sowing must be delayed until May, the Quick Growth mixture will cover the ground like magic, and later on produce a permanent and beautiful sod. Prices, by mail, postpaid: lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 85c. Not prepaid: lb., 25c; 3 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$4.75.

Directions For Making Lawns

FIRST—A rich, properly prepared soil. If the ground is naturally rich, all that is necessary is that it be well spaded, making it as fine and mellow as possible. If, as is often the case, it consists of the earth from the excavation for the house or is hard and lumpy, it should first receive a good dressing of manure which should be spaded in, mixing it with the soil, which should be made as fine and free from lumps as possible before sowing the seed.

SECOND—We must have good seed of the right varieties. Some sorts are the most luxuriant in the spring, others in summer, and still others in autumn, and a wise selection of varieties in proper proportion is very important. We have given much thought and made many experiments to secure the best selection and think our "Hub City" Mixture the best possible combination to secure a fine lawn.

THIRD—It is important that the seed be properly planted. It should be sown at the rate of from 60 to 100 pounds to an acre. The more freely the seed is used the quicker a thick velvet-like turf may be secured. One pound of seed will be sufficient for 450 square feet. Sow in early spring or in the fall. The surface having been freshly raked, sow the seed as evenly as possible and rake it in, following, if possible, with a roller.



KENTUCKY
BLUE GRASS

Kentucky Blue Grass

Fancy cleaned. Very valuable and popular as a permanent pasture grass. Productive and unusually early in spring, furnishing delicious food for all stock. Unexcelled for lawns. Our seed new crop, Kentucky grown. Sow 14 lbs. per acre for pasture, or 60 to 40 lbs. for lawn. Prices, by mail, postpaid: oz., 10c; lb., 35c. Not prepaid: lb., 30c; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$4.50; 50 lbs., \$8.50; 100 lbs. or more, at 16c per lb. Bags free.

White Dutch Clover

Valuable in pasture mixtures. Also used largely for lawns. Hardest of any clover. Creeping habit. Desirable for terraces and sloping grounds. Our "Hub City Brand" is extra bright and fine. Sow 5 lbs. per acre. Per lb., 60c; 3 lbs., \$1.70; postpaid.

OUR CLOVER SEEDS ARE OF THE HIGHEST GRADE AND THOROUGHLY CLEANED AND TESTED.

Every farmer should have some land sowed in clover. It is of the greatest value for plowing under for supplying humus and nitrogen.

Medium Red, Common or June Clover

This is by far the most important of all the varieties for hay or pasture. Sow in spring or fall, and if no other grasses are used, at the rate of 8 to 12 lbs. per acre. This clover is a biennial, and at best only lasts three years unless it is allowed to reseed itself, which should be done every two years. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; lb., 40c. Not prepaid: lb., 30c; 1/2 pk., \$2.25; pk., \$4.00; 1/2 bu., \$7.75; bu., \$14.50. Bags free.

Mammoth Red Quite distinct from Common Red Clover. It lasts longer and is two or three weeks later than the Common Red Clover, grows from 2 to 3 feet high and yields an enormous amount to the acre, especially valuable for hog feed and for plowing under green on worn out lands. Sow 12 lbs. seed to acre. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; 1 lb., 40c. Not prepaid: lb., 30c; 1/2 pk., \$2.30; pk., \$4.10; 1/2 bu., \$8.00; bu., \$15.00. Bags free.

Alsike or Swedish Clover

One of the hardiest of all clovers. This clover is very nutritious, yields abundantly and can be cut several times during the season. It is good for pasture, green fodder or hay. The roots do not heave like those of Red Clover and for this reason it is especially adapted for wet, moist places. It does well on most any soil and rests the severest cold and extremes of drought and wet. We advise farmers to sow 2 to 3 pounds of this seed with their Red Clover and Timothy. If alone, sow 8 pounds to the acre. The very choicest grade. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; lb., 50c. Not prepaid: lb., 40c; 1/2 pk., \$2.00; pk., \$3.75; 1/2 bu., \$7.50; bu., \$14.00. Bags free.



White Blossom Sweet Clover

Melilotus
Alba. Sweet

Clover is grown for bees, for hay, for green forage, but its great importance is in its value as a pasture plant and as a fertilizer. It is a biennial leguminous plant of tall, shrub-like growth, somewhat like a coarse alfalfa. Its blossoms which rarely appear until the second year, are white and give a strong smell of honey, quite perceptible some distance away. If not allowed to reseed, it will die out the second year. Its value is just beginning to become known; it certainly deserves more credit than it has received from the farmer as well as the beekeeper. Prices, hulled seed: Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; lb., 45c; postpaid. By express or freight: lb., 35c; 10 lbs., \$3.25; bu. of 60 lbs., \$17.50; 100 lbs., \$28.00. Bags free.

Yellow Blossom

Melilotus Officinalis. This variety belongs to the same family as White Blossom Sweet Clover but it is not so prolific in growth, will not produce so large a tonnage, does not grow quite so tall, but is from ten days to three weeks earlier. The flowers are yellow in place of white. For bee pasture and fertilizing purposes, we believe it to be especially valuable, but for hay or pasture it is not so desirable. Lb., 35c, postpaid. By express or freight: lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.00; bu. of 60 lbs., \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Crimson Clover

This is an annual clover largely used for fall pasture and for soiling. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. It may be sown in corn at the last cultivation, and then it produces fine fall pasture. On account of the nitrogen and humus gathered by Crimson Clover a crop of it equals 1,000 pounds of high grade fertilizer per acre. Prices, by mail, postpaid: Pkt., 5c; lb., 40c. Not prepaid: lb., 30c; 10 lbs., \$2.30; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs. or more, at 18c per lb. Bags free.



Bromus Inermis Is now widely known as one of the best hay and pasture plants, withstanding frosts and drouths in a wonderful manner. It resists all extremes of temperature, succeeding everywhere. It will yield an excellent crop under almost any condition of soil and climate. Poor land is no discouragement. It is as good for cutting green or pasturing, as for hay. It has produced remarkable yields in Minnesota, Dakota, Canada and Nebraska. We have only one grade and that is the best. There is no better in the world than our Dakota grown. Prepare your ground as for timothy or clover, and see that your seed gets well covered (from 1 to 1½ inches is not too deep) and sow at the rate of 14 lbs. to the acre if good seed is used. Price, by mail, postpaid: oz., 10c; lb., 30c. Not prepaid: lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.60; 100 lbs., \$14.00.



Timothy Seed Dakota grown Timothy seed takes the lead all over wherever Timothy is sown at all, because it is full of life and vigor, and is a tremendous producer. Timothy and Red Clover and Bromus make fine hay. When sown in this way, sow at the rate of 4 to 6 lbs. of each per acre. If sown alone, 8 or 12 pounds per acre. We sell only one kind, and that is the best. If you need Timothy Seed try out Dakota grown and you will make no mistake. 45 lbs. to the bushel; from ½ to 1 bushel to the acre. Prices, by mail, postpaid: oz., 5c; lb., 20c. Not prepaid: lb., 10c; ½ pk., 75c; pk., \$1.25; bu., \$4.00; In lots of 2½ bu. or more, at \$3.75 per bu. Bags free.



Orchard Grass.

Orchard Grass A valuable grass for pasture or hay land, and on account of its earliness very valuable for permanent pastures. It furnishes the first green bite in the spring and the last in the fall, and is quick to recover from close cropping, and even thrives better the more it is cropped. Suited to shady places, orchards and groves. Sow 15 lbs. per acre. Prices, by mail, postpaid: oz., 10c; lb., 30c. Not prepaid: 10 lbs., \$2.15; 50 lbs., \$9.50; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

GRASS AND CLOVER SEED prices constantly change, and it is always best to write for latest market prices previous to ordering.

Red Top Choice seed. Grows on almost all soils, but does best on moist lands; should be included in all mixtures for seeding down wet or marsh lands. Sow 14 lbs. per acre. Weight, 14 lbs. to bushel. Prices, by mail, postpaid: oz., 10c; lb., 45c. Not prepaid: lb., 35c; 10 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$13.00; 100 lbs., \$24.00.

Western Rye Grass or Slender Wheat

Grass This grass is a native of the whole Northwest. Here, in the Missouri Valley, it grows to some extent on the bottom lands; it is also seen bordering old trails, where it often grows 4 feet high. It thrives on quite strong alkali lands. 1 lb., 35c, postpaid; by express or freight, 15 lbs. (enough for one acre), \$2.00; 50 lbs., \$6.00; 100 lbs., \$10.00.

GRASS MIXTURE

Mixture for Hog Pasture This will be considered very heavy seeding and expensive, but if you have a hog pasture for keeps, you cannot afford to skimp on seed or limit the varieties. Alfalfa, Mammoth Clover, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, White Clover, Timothy, Blue Grass, Orchard Grass. 25 lbs. per acre, for \$4.25; per 100 lbs., \$16.00. Write for prices in larger lots.

Mixture for High Land Good for pasture and hay. Brome Grass, Orchard Grass, Timothy, Alfalfa and Red Clover mixed in proper proportions. 20 lbs. per acre, \$3.25; per 100 lbs., \$15.00.

Mixture for Low, Damp Soil Can be cut for hay but better for pasture. Kentucky Blue Grass, Red Top, Alsike Clover, English Rye Grass and Timothy. 20 lbs. per acre, \$2.50; per 100 lbs., \$11.25.

ALFALFA

Brief Cultural Directions for Growing Alfalfa

Alfalfa is so valuable a plant that but little space need be given to extolling its virtues. To the great Northwest, the general growing and feeding of alfalfa is today by far its greatest need. Permanent and prosperous farming anywhere and everywhere demands the growing and feeding of some legume. No other legume so valuable as alfalfa is well adapted to the climatic conditions of the Northwest, particularly that portion containing the states of North and South Dakota, Montana and Wyoming.

Like qualities of drouth and cold-resistance and yield are possessed by no other legume that can be grown in this great area. Being a hardy perennial, maintaining itself ordinarily for several years and furnishing a heavy return of palatable forage extremely rich in protein, the most expensive element in feeds, makes of alfalfa the greatest forage crop in all the world. Fortunate indeed is the Northwest in being by nature especially adapted to its production.

THE SEED

There are many varieties and strains of alfalfa seed now on the market. The farmer need not concern himself seriously in his choice of seed further than the procuring of good viable and pure northern grown seed produced from old established fields. For the territory for which these cultural directions are especially prepared the very best seed procurable is that produced within its own limits. There are many old fields now furnishing splendid hardy seed in large amounts within this territory and the need or desirability of going elsewhere for seed does not exist.

The so-called common alfalfa thus grown, leaves little to be desired in general results and the chase for this or that particular variety and the paying of ridiculous prices for seed seems quite unwarranted. One should be certain as to the source of the seed he uses and under no circumstances buy southern grown seed. It is always advisable to purchase alfalfa seed by guaranteed sample and send the sample to the nearest United States Seed Laboratory for testing for purity and germination. These services are free of cost and the work is done in a very complete and scientific manner. Every farmer should avail himself of this service, especially when purchasing alfalfa seed.

SOWING THE SEED

The establishment of a stand of alfalfa is the stumbling block that causes more disappointment to beginners in alfalfa growing than any other thing. With a well established stand from proper seed and a good development the first season, the future success of the field is morally certain.

The time of sowing is not primarily important, if soil and moisture conditions are favorable and ample time given the plants to establish themselves well before the close of the growing season. Thus spring, early summer and even midsummer sowings have given satisfactory results in the Northwest. All things considered, however, probably spring or early summer seeding is most advisable.

The really important consideration in the establishment of a stand of alfalfa comes not in the sowing of the seed but in the previous preparation of the land. Too much attention cannot be given this all-important point. Given clean, fertile land—deeply tilled and put in proper seed-bed conditions—the foundation of success with alfalfa is well laid.

The land should in any event be well disced as early in the spring as possible. This conserves moisture, warms the soil and hastens the germination of weed seeds. Frequent subsequent harrowings will destroy the weeds and mellow the top soil. As early in the season as this work can be well and thoroughly done is possibly the best time to sow the seed.

The method of sowing may be either broadcast or in drills, but if drills are used care needs to be taken that the seed is not deposited too deeply in the soil. Disc drills which are so generally used run considerably deeper on mellow soil than they seem. Alfalfa seed should be sown from a half inch on heavy soils, to an inch or one and one-half inches on light sandy soils. Probably about an inch is the proper depth on normal Dakota loam soils. The seed-bed should be well formed and moist below the mellow surface and the seed deposited as nearly as possible just into this moist soil. Where broadcast sowing is practiced a light harrowing will ordinarily cover the seed sufficiently.

In the drier sections the seeding of alfalfa in rows from 30 to 40 inches apart and handling as any cultivated crop, is giving very satisfactory results, especially in seed production. But 1 or 2 pounds of seed per acre is required under this method.

It seems probable that earlier sowing of alfalfa will be practiced more and more than has been the custom in the past. The young alfalfa plants will grow well in rather cool weather and will endure considerable cold after becoming well started. On the other hand, pigeon grass—our worst native weed pest in new alfalfa fields—does not grow strongly until the weather warms up somewhat. And again the better developed that alfalfa may become before the hot dry summer weather, the better it will be—and moisture conditions are very likely to be more favorable at the earlier sowing.

FIRST SEASON'S TREATMENT

The only care the first season of sowing is the discouragement of the weed growth present by clipping back with a mower. From the fact that alfalfa has firmly established periods when it welcomes cutting and as firmly fixed resentment at being cut at any other times, it seems best to delay clipping until the alfalfa is ready for it. This time can easily be discerned by observing the basal buds just at the crown of the plant. When these buds begin to show nicely, clip the field at once—running the mower bar rather high. This treatment seriously retards the weeds and at the same time favors the alfalfa in its natural tendency to push out strongly the new growth from the crowns.

MAKING ALFALFA HAY

In the making of alfalfa hay the personal judgment of the farmer is called into constant play. Appreciating the fact that the leaves of the plant are much the more valuable part, the handling from the swath to the stack or mow should be guided with this point in view. The hay should be raked into small windrows when well wilted and before the leaves are dry and brittle. The hay will cure sufficiently to stack during favorable weather within two days or less. Alfalfa is fit for the stack or mow when no moisture can be twisted out of the stems. The use of side-delivery rakes, hay loaders and sweep rakes makes the handling of alfalfa hay comparatively easy and satisfactory in the Northwest and little difficulty need be experienced ordinarily in storing a hay of high quality.

PASTURING ALFALFA

While alfalfa is primarily a natural meadow plant it foms a pasturage of unequalled feeding value, especially for hogs, horses and young growing animals. When depastured by cattle or sheep, the same caution regarding blaat should be exercised as with common clover.

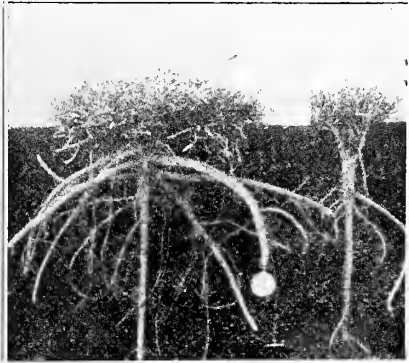
Alfalfa should never be closely pastured by any class of stock. The field should not be kept down to the ground unless it is desired to destroy the stand, as for instance the season before it is to be plowed up in the rotation. The amount of stock pastured on a given area should be few enough to permit the bulk of the plants to develop naturally when the field should be mowed at the regular time and the cutting put up for hay. It is hazardous to pasture alfalfa heavily in this climate.

WINTER-KILLING

While winter-killing is certainly to be guarded against in the north, it is as certainly not the bugaboo that many seem to believe. As seed from old fields of ten to twenty-five years' standing in this climate is now easily procurable, there is no reason to believe that it will not produce as hardy seed as is required in this latitude. Such fields have necessarily withstood successfully the extremes of drouth and cold to which this climate is subject. They have endured almost annually, many of them, a winter temperature so low that mercury freezes and sometimes many degrees lower and often without any snow protection whatever. Really it seems true that with such seed used the matter of winter-killing should cause the prospective alfalfa grower very little concern.

TYPE OF CROWN AND ROOT DEVELOPMENT

The hardy types of alfalfa such as have been mentioned, have spreading crowns with many underground

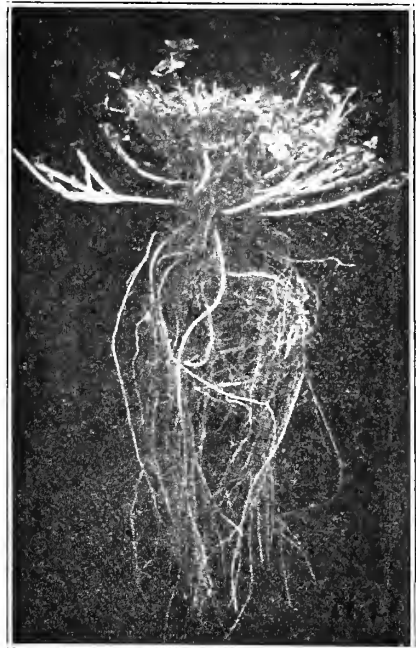


Showing Hardy and Non-Hardy Types of Alfalfa. The Spreading Roots and Deep Crowns Show the Right Type.

root stalks. These underground root stalks protect the buds from extreme cold in winter. The top crown buds may suffer but these undersurface buds are rarely injured. It is for this reason principally, that this is the type of plant adapted to the Northwest.

The non-hardy strains possess upright crowns and usually a straight tap-root with few if any lateral roots and no underground root-stalks. In severe winters these exposed crown buds are certain to suffer.

The accompanying cut shows the desired type and is reproduced from a photograph of a Dakota grown plant



Showing the Underground Root Stems of Hardy Alfalfa. Not Possessed by Non-Hardy Sorts.

dug from a field of thirty years' standing. This field has withstood a winter temperature of 56 degrees below zero, or 18 degrees below the point where mercury freezes. It has, of course, endured every drouth since the Dakotas have been generally settled.

ALFALFA MAKES SOME CERTAIN DEMANDS

Alfalfa makes certain demands upon the man who would succeed with it. In the Northwest these demands are easily supplied. There is no occasion for the atmosphere of mystery that has been needlessly woven around the growing of alfalfa in the Northwest. There is positively no mystery about growing alfalfa. A man who understands alfalfa's demands and caters to them is certain to establish alfalfa upon his farm as he is to get a stand of corn or wheat. Get well in mind these positive demands such as have been herewith indicated. Supply them if only on a small scale. The result will be an inspiration and the stepping-stone to a sane and permanent agriculture.

Grimm's Alfalfa Grimm's is the hardest strain of Alfalfa known in this country. It stools very heavily and the value of this characteristic can hardly be overestimated as it not only affords immunity from winter losses, but the protected underground buds are less liable to injuries from over-pasturing. The spreading crown seems to be associated with a very much branched surface root system, in addition to the deep tap-root. This makes surface moisture easily available. Our supply is limited. As long as stock lasts, lb., 60c. Ask for price on large quantity.

Alfalfa Montana grown and non-irrigated seed. Supreme in quality. In many sections of the country alfalfa is the most important of all forage plants, and its zone of production is rapidly spreading over the entire United States. It cannot take the place of other clovers as a part of short crop rotation, or as a quick restorer of fertility to the soil, but as a permanent meadow it will be found superior to timothy and clover as commonly used because of production. One seeding will stand for twenty years and many fields are still producing at a much greater age. Will grow on the thinnest sandy soil and will produce far more in dry seasons than other grasses. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; lb., 40c. Not prepaid: 10 lbs., \$3.00; 50 lbs., \$14.50; 100 lbs. or more at 28c per lb.

PRICES VARY ON ALL GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS AND ON FARM GRAINS.
FOR THIS REASON OUR CUSTOMERS WILL FIND IT MORE SATISFACTORY
TO WRITE FOR THE LATEST MARKET PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

Turkestan Alfalfa This variety was introduced by the United States Department of Agriculture a few years ago, since which time the importation of the seed has grown to great volume. It gives excellent satisfaction in the north, as it is more hardy than the ordinary variety. It has withstood a temperature of 45 degrees below zero when the ground was bare, and it makes a large top and fine root growth. The bringing of Turkestan Alfalfa clover into the United States by the Department of Agriculture at Washington has easily been worth millions of dollars to the Northwestern farmer the past five or six years. Price on Turkestan Alfalfa: This is the best money will buy. We are glad to send sample for comparison with seed handled by other firms. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; lb., 40c. Not prepaid: 1/2 pk., \$2.50; 1/2 bu., \$6.00; bu., \$11.50. Bags free. Subject to market changes.

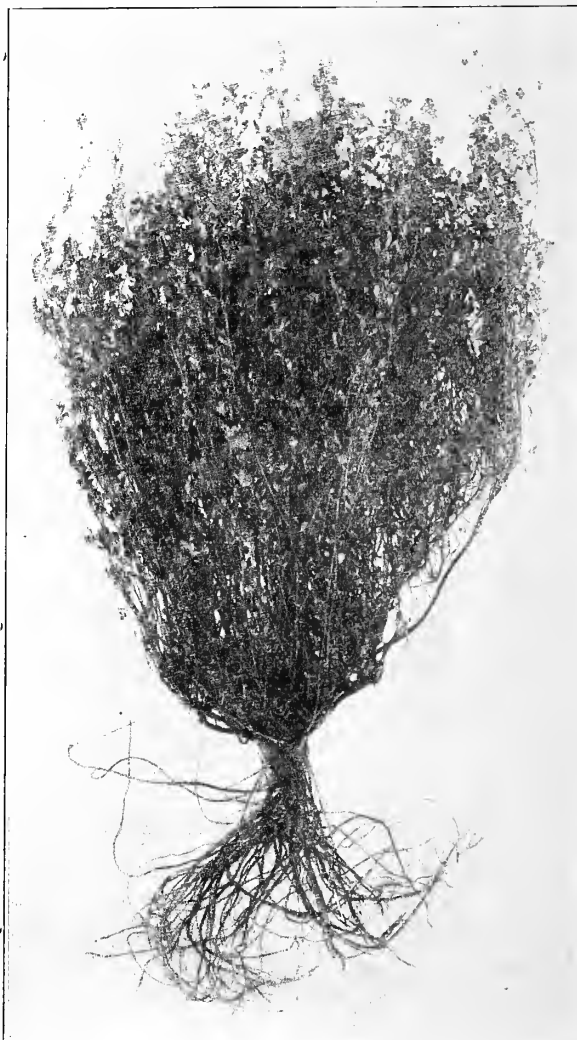
Dakota Grown Alfalfa 99 Per Cent Pure

Our Dakota Alfalfa was grown in the western part of this state, the seed comes from long established fields, consequently any plants that were not perfectly hardy have been killed out, and nothing left but the hardiest. It is splendid, plump and fine colored. Experiment stations and other authorities all agree as to the advantage of our hardy Dakota Alfalfa seed. And when you take into consideration that all the seed houses are paying a premium for our Dakota Alfalfa seed you can plainly see that our Dakota Alfalfa is by far superior to any alfalfa seed grown in any other state, and the farmer that will get into the game cannot make no mistake, for our hardy alfalfa seed will be in demand more than ever each year, as its superior qualities will become better known, and if you will plant our Loeb's Hardy Northern Grown Dakota Alfalfa you can grow alfalfa most anywhere. Alfalfa growing in the Northwest is no longer an experiment, but it is an established, profitable fact, and with the advent of Dakota Grown Seed, grown on virgin soil, free from foul seed of any kind, it makes the profits larger and the task of securing a perfect stand very simple. Every bushel of Alfalfa Seed offered by us this season is re-cleaned and first class in every respect. Think what this means to the planters of this valuable forage crop in the extreme north; seed grown under the same conditions and practically the same soil that it will be planted in. Prices: Lb., 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid: lb., 40c; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 1/2 bu., \$9.50; 1 bu., \$18.00; 100 lbs., \$30.00.

Liscomb Hardy Variegated Alfalfa

Our Variegated Montana Alfalfa comes from some of the oldest fields that have been planted in Montana, the parent field is about thirty-five years old and still raising a fine crop of hay and seed without irrigation, never having winter killed. This field has never been fenced and almost constantly pastured by sheep and hogs. Variegated Alfalfa is the result of crossing and recrossing of the extra hardy "Yellowed Flowered" Alfalfa with the "ordinary" alfalfa, with the result that it has the ability to withstand cold, drought and unfavorable soil conditions much better than the ordinary alfalfa. This hardy alfalfa resembles very closely the Grimm's, in fact so closely that only experts can detect the difference, both being of the same type. This alfalfa has variegated blossoms, receding crown (at times 3 to 5 inches below surface of soil) and the branched root system, while ordinary alfalfa has but a single tap-root. It is the many lateral roots which gives it the ability to thrive under severe conditions, such as light rainfall and heaving of soil from ice. The single tap-root is easily broken, but if several of the laterals of the Variegated are broken little damage is done the plant. The fields that this seed comes from have been carefully inspected by Professors Wilson and Atkinson of the Montana Experiment

Station, and highly recommended by them. The history of our Variegated is briefly that the original seeding was planted near Brandenburg, Montana, in 1877. This seed was obtained from a field in Germany which was over one hundred years old. Professor M. L. Wilson, the agronomist of the Montana Experiment Station, is greatly interested in this strain; has traced back its history and habit of growth and it appears to him to be as good or better than Grimm strain. This seed has been carefully re-cleaned and tested for purity and germination and complies with all seed laws. Prices: lb., 60c; 10 lbs., \$5.00; 25 lbs., \$11.75; bu., \$27.00.



MILLETS

Millets seldom have a regular place in farm crop rotation, but are used rather as a "catch" or substitute crop. Millet is a quick growing crop and may be sown in June after the season is too far advanced for planting corn. Where corn cannot be planted to advantage, land is rough, labor scarce, or there is liable to be a shortage of hay, Millet has long been a favorite crop. It is also an excellent crop to grow on foul land to get rid of weeds, giving practically the same results as fallowing, or summer cultivation, and in addition a crop of forage. Following are descriptions of some of the standard varieties:



Japanese Millet

is one of the best varieties a farmer can grow. Ask for prices.

German Millet German Millet makes a very heavy yield of forage when grown under favorable conditions. On account of its requiring 14 to 21 days longer to mature than Common or Hungarian Millet, it is best suited to the central and southern states. It thrives best in rich soils subject to considerable rainfall. It produces an abundance of leaves and is highly prized as a stock food when fed green. Write for prices.



True German Millet.

Common Millet Common Millet is the earliest of the commonly grown varieties. It is also very drought resistant, and will give fair returns on the poorer class of soils. This millet may be grown to advantage in some of the northern sections of the millet belt. The hay produced from this variety is not as coarse as some of the other millets and is preferred by many feeders on this account. Write for prices.

Siberian Millet Siberian Millet is regarded as one of the best varieties for general cultivation in the western states. It matures about the same as Common and Hungarian Millet and has been successfully grown in sections where the season is too short to mature a corn crop. Probably no variety of millet produces a heavier yield, or better quality of hay. Its abundant growth, combined with a leafy character of stalk and drought resistant qualities, has brought it into high favor among stockmen in the northwestern states. Write for prices.

Japanese Millet All things considered we call this the most valuable thing in our whole list of forage plants. It has been sold under different names, such as "Billion Dollar Grass," etc., but it is all one and the same thing. We recommend it for the following reasons: Japanese Millet is adapted to all sections of the country. It is excellent for silage. It is fully equal to the best corn fodder as food for milch cows. The seed may be sown broadcast at the rate of 15 pounds per acre, but it is better to sow it in drills 12 to 18 inches apart, using 10 to 12 lbs. per acre, as this variety stools remarkably and should not be sown too thick. Prices, by mail, postpaid: oz., 5c; lb., 15c. Write for prices.

Hungarian Millet Hungarian Millet is well adapted to the northern millet growing sections where there is a reasonable amount of rainfall. It matures quickly and produces a good quality of hay. This millet is giving excellent results over a wide territory and we believe that under suitable conditions it can be grown by a farmer.

Early Fortune This is a new variety which is very early, heading in about 30 days on an average. In seed and hay both it yields heavily. The seed is red and two or three times the size of German Millet. Write for prices.

Broom Corn or Hog This millet is very early, has heads like broom corn in shape, but very much smaller. The seed is an excellent fowl food, particularly for little chickens. It is not a valuable hay producer, but the seed crop is of the greatest value. Write for prices.



Rape

Dwarf Essex Rape

Under favorable circumstances is ready for pasture in 6 weeks from the time of sowing. One acre of good rape will carry a flock of a dozen sheep for 2 months. The Wisconsin experiment station found that an acre of rape produced as much gain on pigs when used as a pasture crop along with grain as 56 bushels of corn would do. In addition to this feeding value of rape the hogs were found to be stronger and gained more rapidly after the rape than the ones which had been fed on grain alone. A plant with as great a feeding value as rape should find a welcome place on all farms where hogs are raised. An acre of rape in the experiment equalled much more than an average acre of corn and the cost of producing was much less and the cost of harvesting nothing, as it is done by the pigs. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 4c; lb., 20c. Not prepaid: lb., 15c; 10 lbs., 14c per lb.; 50 lbs., 12c per lb.; per 100 lbs., \$10.00. Bags free.

Japanese Buckwheat The Japanese is the best, most productive and decidedly the

most prolific variety in cultivation; produces the finest flour and is a week earlier than Silver Hull. From 1/2 bushel of seed sown a crop of 40 bushels has been harvested. In color the grain is a rich dark brown. Prices by mail, postpaid: pkt., 4c; qt., 25c; Not prepaid: qt., 10c; 1/2 pk., 30c; pk., 50c; bu. \$1.45; 2 bu., at \$1.35; 10 bu., at \$1.25 per bu. Bags free.



Silver Hull Buckwheat

A standard variety largely grown, and gives excellent satisfaction. Our Dakota seed produces enormous crops of 38 to 40 bushels per acre. Continues in bloom longer than the common buckwheat. The flour is whiter and more nutritious. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 4c; qt., 25c. Not prepaid: qt., 10c; 1/2 pk., 20c; pk., 50c; bu., \$1.40; 2 bu., at \$1.35; 10 bu., at \$1.25. Bags free.

Sand Vetch Also called Winter and Hairy Vetch. SAND VETCH is a very valuable forage plant and is rapidly becoming extremely popular, as year after year farmers are learning more of its true value. It is noted for its extreme hardiness, is highly valuable in the north as a winter cover crop to prevent leaching, and for forage and fertilizing purposes. It withstands hard winters, being hardier than wheat. It does well on nearly all soils and is especially recommended for poor land, where it thrives and improves the soil wonderfully, as it is very rich in nitrogen. It remains green all winter and is valuable for early pasturing as well as for fertilizing. It is extremely early and has enormous value for feeding purposes. Drought, heat and cold do not affect it. It is eagerly eaten by all kinds of stock. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; lb., 28c. Not prepaid: lb., 18c; 10 lbs., 15c per lb.; 50 lbs., at 11c per lb.; 100 lbs., 10c per lb. Bags free.

Early Amber Sugar Cane or Sorghum



EARLY AMBER SUGAR CANE.

A much neglected but highly valuable plant, owing to its great adaptability as a food for live stock. It can be profitably grown everywhere, from the extreme north to south. It grows right along through the severest and most prolonged droughts, after the plants have secured a good start. It springs up quickly after being fed or cut. Thirty pounds of seed to the acre. One correspondent writes us: "For winter feed, the most economical thing we know of. We have taken off 7 full loads (about 5 tons) of half-cured fodder to the acre." Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 50c. Not prepaid: lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 60c; 50 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$3.50. Bags free.

Kaffir Corn

Grows 4 to 5 feet high.

The stalks are brittle and juicy, bearing numerous wide leaves and does not harden like other varieties of sorghum. It makes excellent fodder for all kinds of stock and is highly relished by cattle. For fodder, sow 25 to 50 lbs. per acre, either broadcast or with drill. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; lb., 15c. Not prepaid: lb., 10c; 8 to 10 lbs., 6c per lb.; 10 to 50 lbs., 3½c per lb.; 50 lbs. or more, 3c per lb. Bags free.



KAFFIR CORN

Evergreen Fodder

Sweet Corn This is one of the most

valuable items. The demand for it is constantly growing, and it has everywhere proved highly satisfactory. Our corn will yield a large quantity of fodder which is rich and nutritious. Valuable for feeding hogs and milch cows. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; qt., 25c. Not prepaid: qt., 15c; ½ pk., 35c; pk., 60c; bu., \$2.25; in lots of 2½ bu. or more, at \$2.00 per bu. Bags free.

FIELD PEAS

Field Peas should be sown early in April, 2 bushels per acre. If sown with oats for fodder and hay, sow 1½ to 2 bushels each per acre. The peas should be sown first and plowed under, the oats may then be drilled in. The crop will be ready for cutting when the oats are in the milk and pods formed on the peas. This makes fodder and hay that will double the flow of milk.

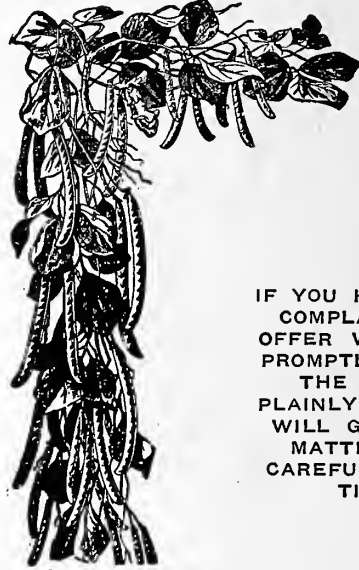
Canada White Field Pea Valuable for northern climates, for cattle feeding, and when sown with oats are excellent hog feed. Used as feed for pigeons, etc., and for green soiling. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; qt., 28c. Not prepaid: qt., 15c; pk., \$1.00; bu., \$3.50; 2½ bu. or more, \$3.25 per bu. Bags free.

COW PEAS

THE GREAT SOIL IMPROVER.

Make poor land rich. Make good land more productive. Also make a splendid and nutritious green forage or hay crop, enriching the soil even when the crop is cut off.

Where wheat is to follow oats a splendid plan is to sow cow peas at once after oat harvest and by the time the land should be plowed for wheat the peas will make a splendid growth to turn under, besides filling the soil with nitrogen. They will do well on soil where clover will not grow. It takes 1½ bushels for an acre.



Cow Peas

IF YOU HAVE ANY COMPLAINT TO OFFER WRITE US PROMPTLY, STATE THE FACTS PLAINLY AND WE WILL GIVE THE MATTER OUR CAREFUL ATTENTION.

Whippoorwill A favorite, early, bunch-growing variety, has brown, speckled seed which are more easily gathered than from the vine-growing sorts. Prices, by mail, postpaid: pkt., 5c; qt., 32c. Not prepaid: Qt., 18c; ½ pk., 52c; pk., 95c; bu., \$3.50. Bags free.

Milo Maize Corn It produces large quantities of green fodder. It grows well where Amber Cane succeeds. The seed is an excellent fattener, and relished by all cattle, hogs, etc. Stalks 5 to 6 feet tall. Prices, by mail: pkg., 5c; lb., 25c. By freight: lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$3.60.

Feterita We know of no other variety of seed that has ever sprung into such popular favor. Feterita has taken the country by storm. The two best features about Feterita are its wonderful ability to resist drought and its earliness. It proved its ability to stand dry weather last summer when it made good yields and in some cases without any rain whatever. Some growers report that Feterita is fully thirty-five to fifty days earlier than Kaffir and this also is a big advantage. Those of you who have had Kaffir Corn caught by the frost will appreciate this. We advise you to plant a good acreage of Feterita and especially if you live in a region subject to extremely dry weather. We also advise you to get your seed early as there is going to be an immense demand for this wonderful grain. Price, postpaid: per pkt., 5c; lb., 20c. Price, not postpaid: per lb., 10c; 5 to 25 lbs., 6c per lb.; 25 lbs. or over, 5c per lb.

REMEMBER BAGS ARE FREE WITH OUR SEEDS. PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

DAKOTA GROWN SEED CORN

Choice Selected Northern Grown Tested Seed Corn

What Constitutes Good Sound Seed Corn?

Seed to be first class, must be: First, well adapted to the seasonal and soil conditions where it is planted. Second, grown from productive seed of a productive variety. Third, well matured and preserved from ripening until planting time in a manner that will retain its vigor.

Our seed corn is all selected from the largest varieties that are grown in a northern climate and maturing long before freezing weather. All of our seed is Dakota grown and mostly in Brown County, and that ought to be enough to commend it to any careful farmer, who wants to grow corn for 1916 for profit, should plant our northern grown seed.

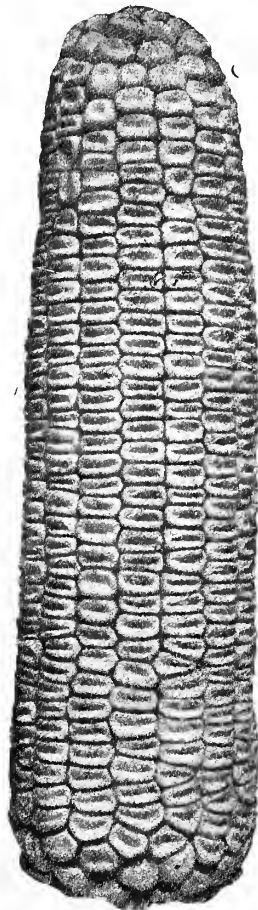
Our corn is guaranteed to test not less than 90 per cent and some varieties as high as 100 per cent, and all is subject to northern conditions, which ought to be the first consideration in buying seed corn. Good tested corn that will germinate satisfactorily will be very scarce this season and we would advise farmers in need of good seed to procure same early while stock is complete. It is amusing how some farmers will buy the big corn grown in the valleys of southern South Dakota and always get left and have no corn. Why don't you take heed and plant only adapted varieties that will mature and that are grown in the north?

We positively guarantee that not an ear of Seed Corn will be sent out that was not grown right here within fifty miles of Aberdeen. If you are in doubt as to the variety to plant that will mature with you, we will gladly answer any correspondence on the subject. In the past hundreds of our customers have written us and taken our advice, and we have yet to hear from the first one who was not satisfied. It is just as much to our interest to have you raise good corn that will mature and give satisfaction as it is to yours. We can't do business without you. If we had to get a new set of customers every year, we would soon have to go out of business, and should our prices seem a little high as compared with corn grown farther south, we would have you consider it is worth more, as 200 miles make a vast difference in the maturing of a crop of corn, and it is well worth the difference between our northern grown seed.

Many people have a mistaken idea in regard to South Dakota, as a corn producing state, yet in the future, South Dakota is destined to become one of the greatest corn states in the Union. Her soil is very fertile, conditions are favorable and there are many different varieties which have become acclimated and will mature in our climate.

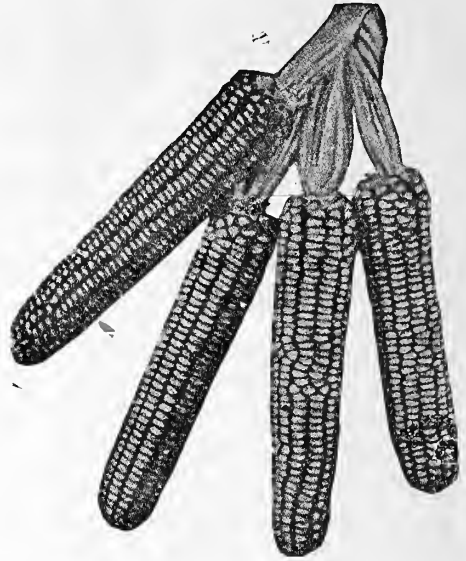
On the next few pages, space of which is given to the listing and describing of different varieties of corn, we wish to call your attention to our South Dakota grown stock, feeling confident that they are in every respect the most desirable varieties for the general planter. We especially call your attention to Pride of the North and to Minnesota No. 13. These are two splendid varieties of Yellow Dent type which are hard to excel.

Our hard earned reputation as honest Seedmen is worth too much than that we would offer anything of doubtful character. We have handed seeds for over nineteen years and expect to do the same for many years to come. The constant growth of our business is the reward for conscientious service and honest business principles in our dealings with the public.



Minnesota No. 13 An elegant, early variety of Yellow Dent Corn introduced by Professor W. M. Hays, the well known agriculturalist of the Minnesota Experiment Station. At the time we are making this catalogue, we have a large and fine selected stock of this variety in our warehouse carefully sorted and dried. The ears are of the handsomest appearance, bearing 16 to 20 rows of bright, rich yellow, smooth wedge-shaped kernels packed closely on the cob from butt to tip. The ears average from 8 to 10 inches in length and are borne usually two on a stalk; it thoroughly matures in 80 to 90 days under average conditions, without a doubt it is one of the handsomest corns grown. The stalks grow to a height of 6 to 7 feet and being very leafy make excellent and nutritious fodder; we know that this stock of corn is one of the best and most valuable of any we have ever handled because its earliness, enormous productiveness and adaptability to a great variety of soils and climates make it the corn for the farmers to grow. We wish to impress upon purchasers the importance of ordering early, as when our supply is gone it will be impossible for us to fill further orders. Prices: bu., \$3.00; 3 bu., \$8.25. 1914 crop.

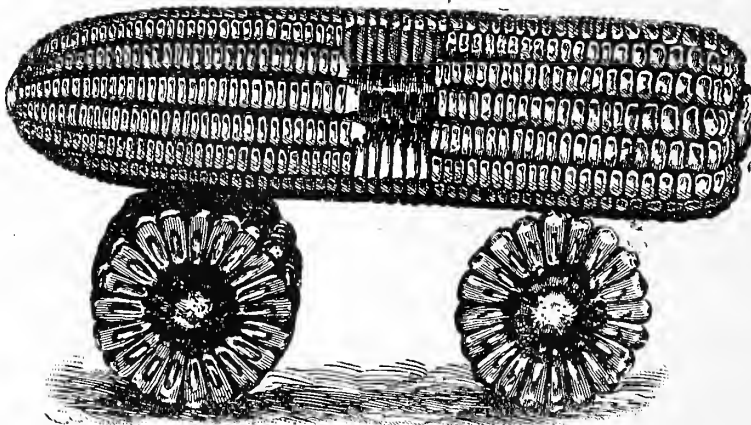
ALL OUR SEED CORN
IS FROM
CROP OF 1914
AND OF
HIGH GERMINATION TEST



Silver King Corn This corn was originally obtained from the Wisconsin Experiment Station and by a careful selection of the best and earliest ears we now have a White Dent Corn with large ears, small cob and deep kernels that is suited to our Dakota conditions. The ears of this corn average 8 to 9 inches in length and are always well filled out to the tips. As a yielder it has no superior. An average yield for this corn of 10 bushels per acre more than any other sort, and yields of over 60 bushels have been reported. These are remarkable yields when taking into consideration that the average crop of corn in Dakota is only about 35 bushels per acre. Prices: bu., \$3.00; 3 bu., \$8.25. 1914 crop.

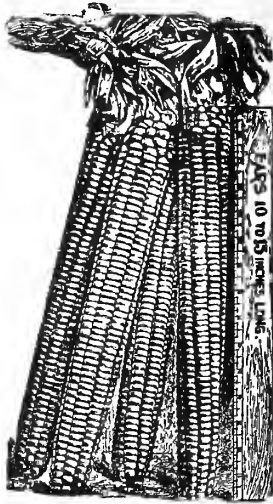
Northwestern Dent Corn Also called Bloody Butcher. It will mature in from 70 to 80 days with average weather. This is a very distinct and handsome variety, the exposed surface of the kernels being white and the sides of a pretty cherry color. It is large eared, 12 to 16-rowed, with large deep kernels and a thin cob. This corn has been originated here in the Northwest and although it is such a heavy yielder, generally producing from 75 to 80 bushels per acre, it matures here in the Northwest in 85 days. The average height of the stalks is from 6 to 7 feet and ears set about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet from the ground. It produces a large crop of corn and fodder at the same time. This corn is in great demand in both North and South Dakota, as it is so early and hardy. Northwestern Dent has been grown in the Northwest for the past fifteen years with great success and complete satisfaction. Many stalks have two good ears. Good seed stock of this corn is again scarce this season, so if you want any, order early. We will send samples of any corn upon request. Prices: bu., \$3.25; 3 bu., \$9.00. 1914 crop.

"Dakota Sunshine" Dent Corn "Dakota Sunshine" Dent Corn is the second earliest Yellow Dent Corn. We have been growing and improving this strain for more than ten years and have been offering it to our customers for eight years. The first year we did so without a name and offered a prize of \$25.00 for the most appropriate name. The prize was awarded to Hon. H. U. Thomas, at one time commissioner of agriculture and labor of North Dakota. There is just a few days' difference between Sunshine Dent and Northwestern Dent, the advantage over the latter being the height of stalk and distance of ear from the ground. While in far north locations this variety is not as sure a crop as the smaller sorts, we would recommend it for any section where three months of fair corn weather is reasonably sure. Prices: bu., \$3.00; 3 bu., \$8.25. 1914 crop.



White Cap Yellow Dent Corn

The best corn for the Northwestern stockman. Yields more first class fodder than any other. Unexcelled for silage. This variety maintains its high reputation, and from all quarters our customers assure us that it is the best and earliest of the large Dent sorts. It combines more solid merit than any corn grown, being suitable for all kinds of soils, but especially suited for poor, thin soil, where it has outyielded the well known white Dent by at least 10 per cent. It matures along with Pride of the North, but produces much larger ears and a greater bulk of fodder. The grain is deep, flat and closely set together on handsome ears, white at the tip end, balance yellow. Ripens in 90 to 95 days and is a sure variety to use in Dakotas. Fodder strong and stocky, well furnished with leaf stalks; height from 7 to 8 feet. Slightly mixed. Prices: bu., \$3.00; 3 bu., \$8.25. 1914 crop.



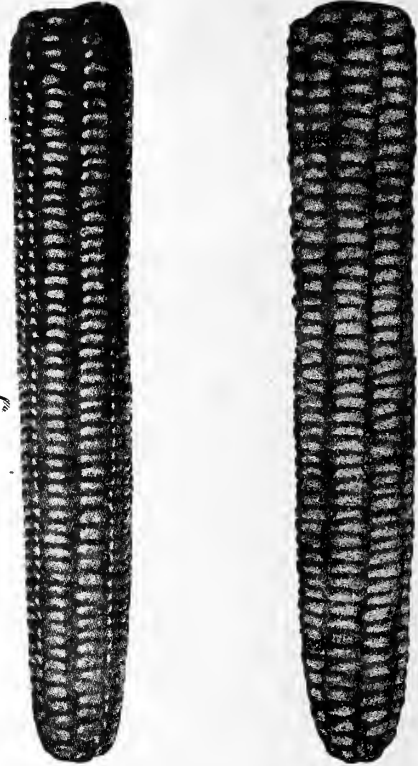
Loebs South Dakota Fodder Corn

There are many who prefer for fodder the smaller growing corn to the large and later varieties, claiming for it the following advantages: First, that it is more readily handled by the corn harvester, or even the grain binder; second, that it matures earlier, and gives well formed and often partially or full ripened ears; third, that it is more easily cured; fourth, that the smaller stalks make finer and richer fodder; fifth, that the fodder is more easily handled in putting through the silage or fodder cutter, or if fed long, is more easily handled in the manger. It will help you out in case of drought in July or August. Prices: bu., \$2.00; 3 bu., \$5.75.



Large Growing Southern Variety of Fodder Corn

A tall growing southern variety which is very popular all over the country. In Canada it seems to have the preference over any other sort, perhaps because it has been very widely grown and will produce a large tonnage in a short space of time. It grows very tall and very leafy. Prices: bu., \$2.00; 3 bu., \$5.75.



Sanford's Early White Flint This standard variety is considered the best flint corn on the market. The ears are of unusual length, 12 to 15 inches, and handsome shape, flinty white color. Plants of sturdy, vigorous growth; leaves are very broad and succulent, and it is therefore of great value for fodder and ensilage, as well as for grain crop. Stalks usually bear two or three long ears. You will be pleased with it if you like flint corn. Prices: bu., \$3.50; 3 bu., \$10.00. 1914 crop.

Improved Early Yellow Flint An eight-rowed yellow flint variety with ears from 10 to 15 inches long, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and well filled out to the extreme end of the cob. The cob is small and the kernel large and broad; ripens in 75 to 85 days. The corn is well adapted to the Northwest and is said to produce 200 bushels of ears to the acre in Massachusetts. Has given excellent results in Minnesota and other northern states. Excellent for ensilage, and is often used here for replanting. Prices: bu., \$3.50; 3 bu., \$10.00. 1914 crop.

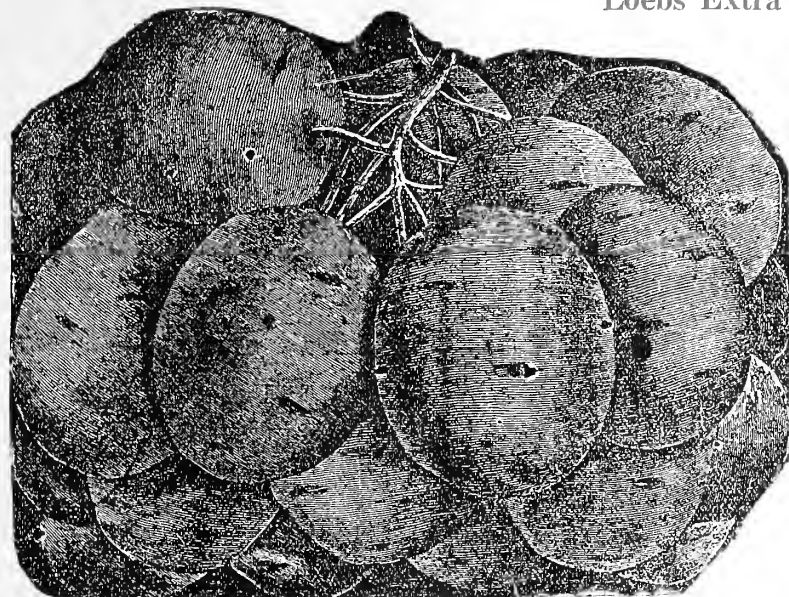
Loebs Squaw Corn Square Flint. A very early "Native" variety, having kernels all colors of the rainbow. A very beautiful corn and one that is very popular for late planting. It is what you might call all-purposes corn. It is fine for roasting ears; coming to that stage when early sweet corn is getting hard. It makes a fine fodder corn, as it throws out many suckers that make good-sized stalks, and each hill of this corn is literally covered with nice, long ears of all colors of corn. Stalks grow to good size, covered with nice broad leaves, and every farmer that plants corn at all ought to plant at least a few acres of this Squaw Corn. Try it. We have a large supply this year. Prices: bu., \$3.00; 3 bu., \$8.25.

Prices on Seed Corn The prices on Seed Corn are January 1st and are subject to market changes without notice. Bags free.

LOEBS NORTHERN GROWN SEED TOMATOES

No potatoes grown can be compared with those produced in the north, either for vigor and freedom from disease or producing and long keeping qualities. A barrel of potatoes is sometimes an unknown quantity. Our barrels contain a plump three bushels.

Loebs Extra Early Ohio Seed Potatoes



This grand, old and reliable potato is too well known to require a lengthy description. Almost every farmer and potato grower has at least given it a trial, and where the true and genuine stock was secured, it has always given the best of satisfaction. No matter how many new early varieties are introduced, the Early Ohio is still the leading market potato and as such we place it at the head of our potato list. If you want early potatoes don't forget to add some of these to your order as they will go fast at the prices we have on them. Carloads of this standard early variety are shipped every year to the southern states for seed potatoes, and the product thereof shipped back again to our largest potato markets in the eastern and northern states, where it naturally spoils the market for the home grown potatoes. The southern potato grower realizes that by planting our extreme Northern Grown Early Ohio, he will have his crop at least ten days to two weeks earlier ready for the market, than if he would plant his own or more southern grown stock. Our Northern Grown Early Ohios are vigorous and healthy, will naturally produce the largest crops and mature

almost two weeks earlier than such as are bought up by seed dealers in larger cities, who pick them up in the open market, as long as they have a reddish color and an oblong to an oval form, and call them "Early Ohio." Prices: 1/2 pk., 30c; pk., 50c; bu., \$1.25; 3 bu., \$3.50.

Loebs Earliest Six Weeks Market Potato

It grows medium to large, oblong to round shape, a light, flesh colored skin, white flesh, very smooth eyes even with the surface; tubers grow close together in the hill. The potatoes begin to form when the vines are only four or five inches high. Our "Early Six Weeks" is a drought resister. Why, farmers, if you want the surest potato for a dry climate you want some of our "Early Six Weeks." They will please you and make you money. Try them. Prices: Per pk., 50c; bu., \$1.20; 3 bu., \$3.50.

Important

Potatoes are forwarded by express or freight as directed, and are delivered to the transportation companies safely packed; after that our responsibility ceases. Purchasers take all risks from freezing or heating. No charge for barrels or cartage to depot.

Date of Shipment

Potatoes will be shipped at any date ordered if customer will assume all risk, but where no special instructions are given to the contrary, we will hold same until, in our judgment, there will be no danger from freezing.

Best Varieties Only

We do not aim to supply a long list of varieties. The sorts we offer, however, are all proven kinds—that is, all have been widely grown and found to be the very best in cultivation. Our description may be implicitly relied on.

Quality of Our Potatoes

We send out only choice first sized potatoes and do not handle seconds at all.

Change Your Seed

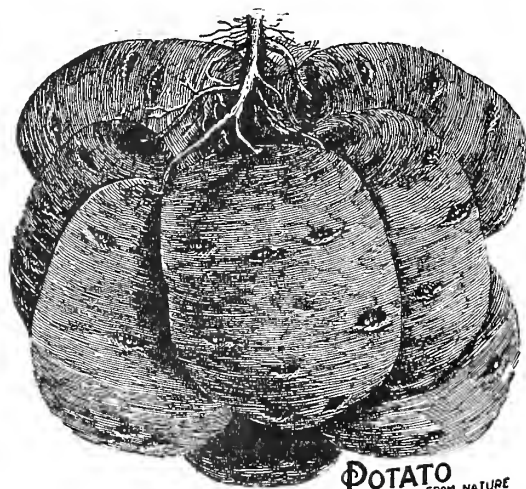
There is profit as well as satisfaction in planting Loebs Seed, for not only is it pure, but the additional yield to be secured from a change of seed ought every time to fully pay for the seed itself, so that the investment itself is really nothing.

About Our Prices

The accompanying prices are based on values existing at the date of going to press with this catalogue, December, 1915. We are often able to make material reductions during the winter and spring to purchasers of large lots. Correspondence invited and we suggest that you write for our Current Prices when you are ready to buy.

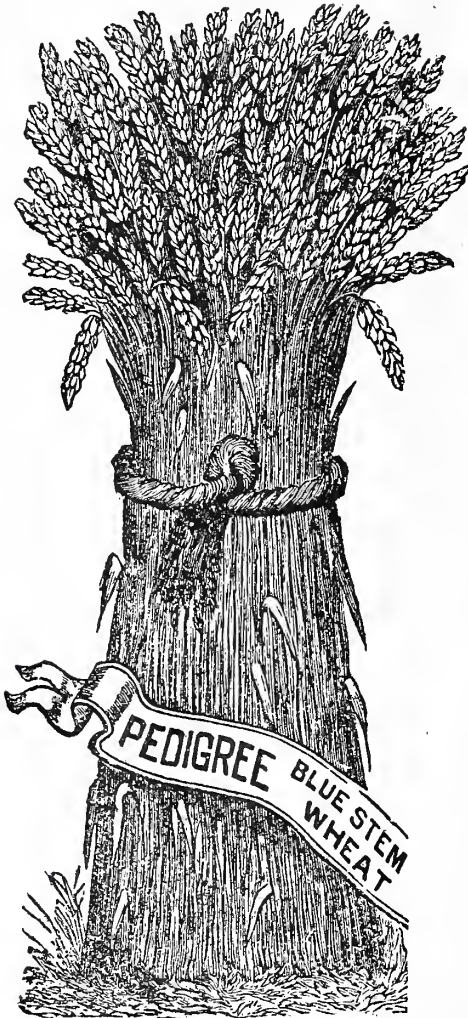
Early Orders

Everything points in the direction of a lively demand for Choice Seed Potatoes the coming season, and while we have a good stock in store at present, we would advise customers to send in orders early. We will hold and ship when safe. Orders to hold potatoes must be accompanied by remittance. Write for prices on larger lots than quoted in catalogue. Please give plain shipping directions.



POTATO FROM NATURE

LOEBS SELECTED FARM SEEDS



Pedigreed Blue Stem Spring Wheat

A distinct variety from all other Spring Wheats; when green, has a beautiful blue blossom on it, similar to the bloom on a grape, and which can be removed by passing the finger over the stem. This bloom disappears as the wheat ripens, and the stem and straw assume a beautiful golden yellow hue, and entirely free from rust. This variety has no beards and is especially adapted to the older wheat growing sections of the Northwest. The kernel is of the hard variety, similar to the Red Fife; very productive; one of the best Spring Wheats for milling. Prices: bu., \$1.60; 10 bu. or more, \$1.40 per bu. Subject to market changes.

Durum or Macaroni This variety matures quicker than any other wheat and therefore can be taken farthest north. It is a particularly hardy variety, resisting extremes of weather which could be expected to ruin other wheat. The Department of Agriculture has strongly recommended Durum Wheat for those sections of the country that are too dry to raise any other variety of spring wheat. In North and South Dakota the best results are obtainable from Durum Wheat when it is planted in the western part of these two states. It is a heavy yielder, often threshing 40 bushels to the acre. Strictly pure, thoroughly cleaned and tested. Prices: \$1.60 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, \$1.40 per bu. Subject to market changes.

Velvet Chaff South Dakota Bearded Red Fife Wheat. This variety is a heavier yielder than any other spring wheat excepting Durum. It is true that it does not always bring the highest price on the market, but the difference in the yield considerably more than overcomes the slight difference in the price. However, during the last two seasons, the millers have displayed an increased desire to buy this wheat and it has brought within three or four cents as much as No. 1 Northern. We are thoroughly acquainted with the results obtained from planting this wheat in the Northwest, and we recommend it for South Dakota east of the Missouri River, southern North Dakota, southern and western portions of Minnesota and northwestern Iowa. Prices: bu., \$1.60; 10 bu. or more, \$1.35 per bu. Subject to market changes.

Marquis Wheat The wheat which we are offering this year was grown in South Dakota, and on account of the immense yields made by it the last two seasons, and the extensive demand, the supply being limited we would advise that you purchase your Marquis Wheat early. Prices: Per lb., 10c; ¼ bu., 50c; 1 bu., \$1.65; 2 bu., \$3.20; 10 bu., \$15.00. Subject to market changes.

Turkey Red Winter Wheat The growing of Winter Wheat is still more or less of an experiment in North Dakota and northern Minnesota, but it is coming to be grown to a large extent in the southern half of Minnesota and in South Dakota. Turkey Red is the standard variety. Write for samples and prices.

New Russian Flax More attention should be paid to good and clean Flax Seed, as it is such an important item. While you raise flax you might just as well raise the very best, so you will not have to stand a dockage of 10 to 15 pounds per bushel for foul seeds, such as wild mustard, barn weed and wild buckwheat, so commonly found in flax. What we offer is nice, clean, healthy seed, grown on new land. Write us for prices when ready to buy. Ask for sample.

RYE

Spring Rye An excellent catch crop where winter grain has been killed out, or for sowing where a fall crop has not been planted. Does not grow as large straw as winter rye, but usually yields as well and grain is of finer quality. Prices: bu., \$1.60; 5 bu., \$8.00; 10 bu., \$15.00.

Winter Rye Winter Rye is a very hardy grain, more so than wheat and can be grown on a greater variety of soils. It will thrive in dry seasons and on light, sandy loam. When sown in the autumn, it starts very early in the spring and is ready to cut or pasture when about six inches high. Write us for prices when ready to buy.



Regenerated Swedish Select Oats These

were introduced for the first time three years ago. They were "cross bred" by the Garten Seed Company of England, and the system they used was such that it increased their vitality and put them back to their original standard of high excellence. Under this system the oats were made to weigh 52 pounds to the measured bushel. We had a small lot of these oats planted for us and they yielded a little more than twice as much as common oats under the same conditions. This season we are offering oats grown from last year's stock. Our grower says: "They beat all other kinds two to one in yield and quality." Price, by mail: 1 lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 55c. By freight: 1 lb., 10c; 1/2 pk., 25c; 1 pk., 35c; 1 bu., 80c; 5 bu., \$3.75.

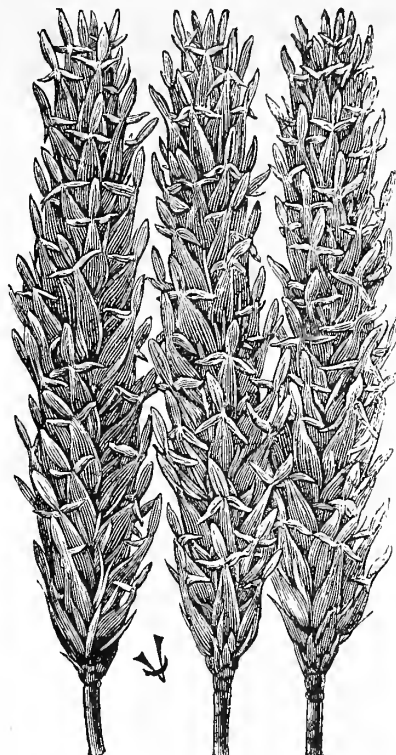


Loeb's Superior New Kherson or Sixty Day Oats

The New Kherson Oats, now grown around Aberdeen for five years, is without question one of the best varieties yet brought out. Description: Kherson Oats, when ripe, are a beautiful yellow in color. They have fine large spangled or full heads, which frequently contain more than 100 seeds. A good idea is obtained from illustration, which is taken from an actual photograph. The straw is stiff and does not lodge or rust. The leaves are broad, frequently 1/4 inch wide. They extend to the roots and are so pliable that they stay on even through threshing. The straw makes an unusually good fodder and is eaten greedily and with profit by all kinds of stock. While the kernel is a little small, the berry, when the hull is off is extra large. We have never found a grain so small but what it contained a well developed seed. This is not true of the large oats. Prices: 1 bu., 80c; 5 bu., \$3.75; 10 bu., \$7.00. Bags free.

Speltz or Emmer

Drill two bushels, or if broadcast, three bushels, to the acre. Forty pounds to the bushel. This grain resembles barley except that it has two berries in each hull. Sow it in place of oats. Grain is just as good for stock. Better than barley for hogs. It is liked by horses, sheep and cattle. It produces from 50 to 100 bushels of seed per acre, and yields well in dry years when other small grains are a failure, and will grow anywhere in the corn belt and as far north as wheat will grow. As the grain is very rich in protein, it makes a most nutritious feed. Cut when middling green, as it threshes easier. Farmers who planted this seed last year found it to be a most valuable crop. While it grows just as well in the eastern part of this state as wheat, oats and other grains, it is especially valuable where the rainfall is light. Prices: 1 lb., 25c, postpaid. By freight: per bu. (40 lbs.), 80c; 10 bu. lots, 75c. Prices subject to change.



Loeb's Northern Grown Seed Barley

Our stock is as fine as is obtainable. A splendid six-rowed barley, which has been grown in Brown County for several years and is now one of the most reliable varieties of barley grown in large quantities. It is early, very vigorous and strong, bearing long, well filled heads of plump grain. The strong root and long, stiff straw have been characteristic of this barley and in yield it has been wonderfully satisfactory. Prices: bu., 80c; 10 bu., \$7.50. Sacks free.

Wisconsin Pedigree Barley is a selection from Ode-

brucker and comes from the foremost state in the Union in the production of barley. It is the result of many years' selection and breeding, starting with a single perfect stalk. In yield it averages 15 to 20 bushels more than other sorts and the quality is unequalled. The long, large heads are completely filled out. The color is brighter and whiter than any other barley now on the market. Another important matter is that the kernels are all uniform in size, plumpness, color, etc., and nearly always overruns in weight. It is a most vigorous grower with tall, strong straw, which stands up better than any other. Every barley grower should hasten to get a start with this new and coming variety. Prices: pk., 35c; bu., \$1.10; 2 1/2 bu. or more, at \$1.00 per bu.

PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES.

POULTRY SUPPLIES

PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES. SACKS FREE.



Makes 'em Lay



GLOBE SCRATCH FEED



Makes 'em Pay

"Globe" Scratch Feed A balanced grain ration, poultry feed for grown fowls. (Strictly high grade.) Made from wheat, Kaffir corn, cracked corn, barley, buckwheat, oats, grit, oil cake and sunflower. Price, per 100 pounds, \$2.00.

"Crescent" Chick Feed A complete grain feed for chicks until six weeks old. Made from cracked wheat, cracked Kaffir corn, cracked corn, millets, hulled oats and grit. Price, per 100 pounds, \$2.75.

"Sun" Chick Starter A primary grain feed for baby chicks up to twenty days old. (Extra small grade.) Made from cracked wheat, cracked Kaffir corn, cracked corn, cracked green peas, millets, steel cut oats and grit. Price, per 100 pounds, \$2.85.

"Queen" Poultry Mash Contains alfalfa meal. Contains alfalfa meal to furnish the green matter for winter. Also contains oil cake and beef scraps. Price, per 100 pounds, \$2.40.

"Globe" Egg Mash High protein feed for winter layers. A ground grain mixture of exceptional merit, with 15 per cent meat scraps and oil cake. Manufactured especially to meet the requirements of exacting customers, as a sure egg producer. Protein, 16 per cent. Made from alfalfa meal, bran, middlings, wheat meal, corn feed meal, ground corn bran, oil cake, meat scraps. A supply should be carried at all times. Price, per 100 pounds, \$2.50.

H-I Toe Marker To toe-mark a chick, a good cutting punch is needed; one that cuts through like a conductor's punch, making a clean hole. Such is the H-I Toe Marker, a high grade tool in every particular, narrow at the point so as to get between the toes easily. This is not a common small finger punch. It is large, with good grip, the handles being well shaped and knurled on the swell; cutting points are made of tempered steel, and a good spring insures easy action; it is well finished, nickel plated, makes a handsome tool, a perfect marker; well worth twice the price. Price, each, postpaid, 40c.

MOE'S SELF LOCKING LEG BAND

MOE'S SELF LOCKING BAND READY TO BE USED



You simply push it together to lock it and it can only be removed by destroying the band. The simplest and most durable metal leg band on the market. Every band has its own raised number. Manufactured in sizes for Mediterranean, American and Asiatic birds, also turkeys. 12 bands, any size, 15c; 25 bands any size, 25c; 50 bands, any size,

EASILY ADJUSTED WITH THE FINGERS AND IT IS THEN ON TO STAY



45c; postpaid.

We also have the Challenge Adjustable Leg Bands at the same price.

Miscellaneous

Crushed Clam Shells. Per 100 pounds.....	\$0.90
Crushed Oyster Shells. Per 100 pounds.....	1.00
"Globe" Grit. A white grit carefully screened and sorted. Per 100 pounds.	1.00
Granulated Bone. Per 100 pounds.....	3.50
Meat Meal. Per 100 pounds.....	4.00
Beef Scraps. Per 100 pounds.....	4.00
Mixed Meat and Bone. Per 100 pounds.....	4.00
Blood Meal. Per 100 pounds.....	4.00
Charcoal, poultry, pigeon or chicken size. Per 100 pounds.....	2.50
Oil Cake, ground fine. Per 100 pounds.....	2.50
Millet, feed purposes. Per 100 pounds.....	2.00
Sunflowers, feed purposes. Per 100 pounds.....	5.00
Kaffir Corn. Per 100 pounds.....	2.80
Cracked Corn. Per 100 pounds.....	1.65
Buckwheat, feed purposes. Per 100 pounds.....	2.80
Bird Seed. 1 pound, 20c, postpaid. Not prepaid, 1 pound, 10c; 3 pounds....	.25

PRICES F. O. B. ABERDEEN, S. D.

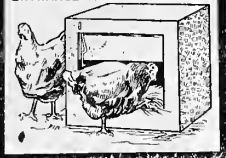
PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES.

SACKS FREE.



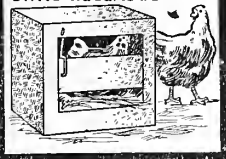
MOE'S NEVER FAIL TRAP NEST

DELICATE TRIGGER HOLDING TRAP RELEASED BY HENS ENTRANCE FALLING SILENTLY



These traps are lice-proof. But one bird can enter at a time. Fully sealed back and sides but when the hen is trapped she gets plenty of air from above and beneath the trap which is essential in warm weather. Can be placed anywhere in the poultry house or in tiers one on top of another or side by side as desired. The trap is easily removed so that the nest can be used as an ordinary nest. Does

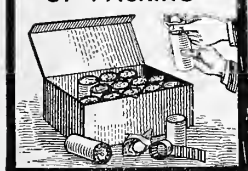
TRIGGER LOCKS TRAP AND HEN THEN THERE TO STAY UNTIL RELEASED



away with all trouble in setting up as they are set up and ready for use when shipped. Manufactured of heavy galvanized iron. Weight, 7 lbs. No. 33, about 1 foot square, complete, 75c; not prepaid.

MOE'S REGAL EGG CARRIER

THE SIMPLICITY OF PACKING



This "Safety First" box is adapted to either parcel post or express use and can be used time after time. We stand right behind this box and believe it to be the safest and most durable egg carrier on the market. It is so strong that it will more than bear your own weight and so safe that when filled with eggs, it will withstand the severest jolt without breaking an egg. Manufactured of strong corru-

WILL CARRY SAFELY ANYWHERE



gated cardboard. Weight, 2 lbs. Prices: each, 25c; per dozen, \$2.75; not prepaid.

MOE'S SANITARY FEEDING TROUGH

REMOVE BARRED SLIDING TOP TO FILL



Can be used for feed, wet mash or water. Weight, 2 lbs. The feed saved by using this trough will more than pay for itself in a few weeks. Made of the best grade of galvanized iron in two sizes. No. 21, 12 inches long, 25c; No. 21, 18 inches long, 50c; not prepaid.

WHEN REPLACED CHICKENS CAN NOT WASTE THE FEED



MOE'S WALL FOUNTAIN

LAY DOWN TO FILL



Can be hung up out of the litter. Very easy to fill. A strong, substantial fountain at a low price. No. 25, of about 1/2 gallon capacity, weight 1 1/2 lbs., 35c; No. 26, of about 1 gallon capacity, weight 2 lbs., 50c; not prepaid.

WHEN FILLED, HANG UP. THEN READY FOR USE



Two gallons, weight 7 lbs., price, \$1.75.

One gallon, weight, 5 lbs., price, \$1.25.

Express or freight; not prepaid.

MOE'S SANITARY BOTTOM FILL FOUNTAIN

REMOVE CONE TO FILL

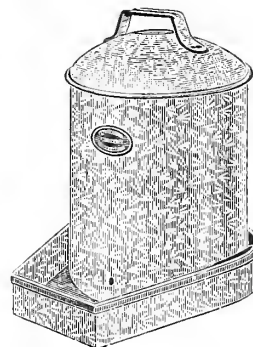


Easily cleaned and will not burst from freezing. Made in two pieces. Made of the best grade of galvanized iron in three sizes. No. 19, of about 1 quart capacity, weight 1 lb., each, 20c; No. 20, of about 1/2 gallon capacity, weight 1 lb., 25c; No. 24, of about 1 gallon capacity, weight 2 lbs., each, 35c; not prepaid.

REPLACE DRINKING PAN. TURN OVER READY FOR USE



Moe's Top-Fill Poultry Drinking Fountains



Moe's Top-Fill Poultry Drinking Fountains are made scientifically, following the fixed line that in the vacuum no germ can live. The space between the container and the cover—the vacuum, absolutely maintains an even temperature in the water the year around. The vacuum in this fountain is like that in the vacuum bottle; it is the scientific principle which retains the life and purity of the water at all times.

Act automatically. Fill the fountain in the morning; stay away all day if you like; when you come back your birds will be well watered, and there will be plenty left, pure and fresh.

Winter and summer make no difference to this fountain. Water placed into it will remain just the right temperature for your poultry—will not chill them. Water placed into it in the summer always will remain cool, sweet and fresh. The vacuum does it.

KEEPS WATER PURE



MOE'S FEED SAVING HOPPER



Cuts down feed bill. Improves the quality of your birds.



Feed can't clog on account of simplicity of construction. Manufactured in one size only. No. 6 Feed Saving Hopper, capacity 4-5 bu. Price, \$1.50. Weight, 9 lbs. Not prepaid.

MOE'S ROUND FEED SAVING HOPPER

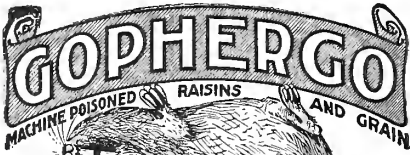


Patent Pending.

Made round so that it will accommodate more birds at one time than any other hopper on the market.



We absolutely guarantee that this hopper will not clog. Manufactured of the best grade of galvanized iron. Two sizes. No. 7, Moe's Round Hopper, 1 bu. capacity, \$1.50. No. 8, Moe's Round Hopper, 1/2 bu. capacity, \$1.00. Weight, 10 lbs. and 7 lbs. Not prepaid.



SURE DEATH TO GOPHERS, SQUIRRELS, PRAIRIE DOGS, RABBITS, RATS AND MICE.

Gophergo Machine poisoned raisins and grains. All ready to use. No preparations necessary. Sure to kill—cheap and convenient; will exterminate gophers, squirrels, prairie dogs, rabbits, rats and mice. Full directions for use accompany each can. Money will be refunded if not satisfactory when used as directed. Consists of raisins, grain, etc., which have been thoroughly poisoned with strychnine by a secret process. The most effective remedy for gophers, etc., on the market. Directions on each can. Price, 25c and 50c; weight, 1 lb. and 2 lbs.

International Sanitary Hover

International Sanitary Hovers are endorsed by practical poultrymen, state experiment stations and poultry judges. You can raise chickens anywhere with these Hovers. No specially constructed house being necessary. They are as practical for the small back yard poultry raiser as for large poultry farms. No crowding or smothering of chicks—no kneeling to get at the lamp—no cutting of holes or building of platforms. We handled these Hovers last year and they gave splendid satisfaction to our customers. We recommend them most highly. International Sanitary Hover, price, \$8.50, f. o. b. Aberdeen.



Lice Killer Nest Eggs

 Friend of the Hen. Our Lice Killing Nest Eggs are almost an exact imitation of the real hen egg, and yet contains a powerful disinfectant, which is guaranteed to expel lice and vermin.

Save Money

 Much of the disease among poultry is caused by lice. Save your money and chickens by using our Lice Killing Nest Eggs. They will do it. Try them.

Make Money

 Hens are profitable because of the eggs they produce. But hens will not lay when covered with lice. You can get rid of lice by using Lice Killing Nest Eggs.

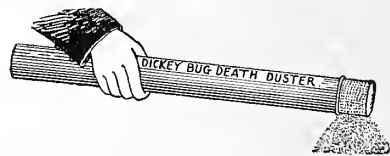
Be Humane

 It is absolutely wicked and inhuman to allow lice on poultry longer than can be helped. Confer a blessing on one of your best friends, the hen, by using Lice Killing Nest Eggs. Positively guaranteed to drive out lice and vermin. These are packed 12 in a box, each egg wrapped in oiled paper. Price, 5c each, 50c dozen. Weight, 2 lbs.; not prepaid.

Bug Death

 An insecticide free from Paris Green and Arsenic. Does not burn the leaves, however freely applied. Is a fine powder and adheres readily to the vines, so that it is not necessary to apply it after every shower. May be applied wet or dry. It is non-poisonous, as far as human beings, animals, birds and honey bees are concerned. It kills all kinds of bugs and worms that eat the leaves of plants, trees or vines and prevents blight. Does not injure the foliage, but keeps it green and healthy, and the extra cost is more than offset by the increased yield and superior quality. Prices: 1 lb., 15c; 3 lbs., 35c; 5 lbs., 50c; 12 1/2 lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid.

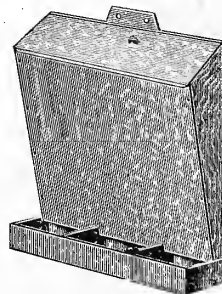
Pat. March 16 and Nov. 9, 1897. Pat. in Canada Nov. 2, 1897, and Jan. 25, 1900.



Bug Death Duster

 Weight, 1 lb. Price, 25c. Not prepaid.

Slug Shot

 Just dusted lightly on the plants. It kills potato bugs, cabbage worms, melon, squash and cucumber bugs. Non-poisonous and harmless to all creatures except insect life. By freight or express, lb., 15c; 5-lb. package, 40c; 10-lb. package, 75c.

Triple Grit or Shell Box

 Prevents waste, keeps grits and shells out of dirt. Handy for fowls, easily filled and kept cleaned. Grit runs down automatically but will not run out. Galvanized steel on a wood frame, hangs on wall. Width, 12 inches; height, 12 inches. Weight, 4 pounds. Not prepaid. Price, 50c.

Rat Corn Kills rats and mice. No odors or smell. No poison. It mummifies them. No matter where they die, they simply dry up. Positively do not smell.

Will not kill cats, dog or man.



After eating Rat Corn he's mummified.

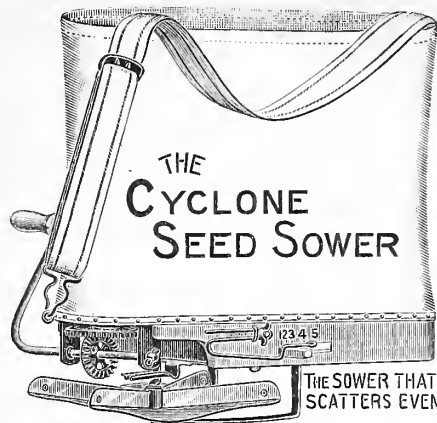


The destructive pest before eating Rat Corn.

Rat Corn is a new and scientific discovery, and without a doubt the greatest rat destroyer in the world; the only one that kills rats without any bad, dangerous or disagreeable effects.

A trial will convince you.

Price, per can, 25c and 50c. By mail, 5c and 10c extra.



THE SOWER THAT SCATTERS EVENLY.

MOE'S RAT DESTROYER

REMOVE COVER TO BAIT



Patent Pending. Insures the safety of your fowls while poisoning the rats and mice in your poultry yard.

A boon to every poultry raiser. Any poison can be used, but we recommend one that kills them without odor, and give one package free with each destroyer. Manufactured in one size only. Weight, 5 lbs. No. 3 Rat Destroyer, 14 inches in diameter, price, \$1.00.

NONE BUT RODENTS CAN REACH POISON



The Cyclone Seeder

A machine which should be on every farm. It is so simple in construction that a boy can use it. It is light, strong and durable, and with ordinary care will last a lifetime. It will sow timothy, clover, millet and grass seeds of all kinds, turnip, corn and all other seeds and fertilizers perfectly even and any desired quantity from one quart to three bushels can be sown per acre by following the simple directions on every machine. Price, \$1.50. Not prepaid. Weight, 5 pounds.

"Getting the Last Drop" Blatchford's Calf Meal

As good as New Milk at half the Cost

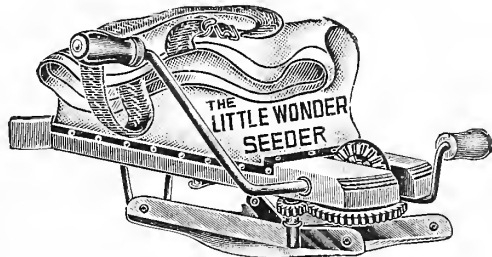


100 pounds makes 100 gallons of Perfect Milk Substitute.

Send for pamphlet, "How to Raise Calves Cheaply and Successfully Without Milk."

The Perfect Milk Substitute

Will raise three calves at the cost of one where whole milk is used. The most profitable feed on the market for the farmer. Sell your milk and raise or veal your calves on Blatchford's Calf Meal at one-third the cost. The time is past when calves can be raised at a profit on whole milk. Today the milk is worth far more for other purposes; the cities are calling for it; creameries, cheese factories and condenseries cannot get enough, and all of them paying good prices. This meal is the result of your one hundred years' experience in feeding calves, and over 2,000 tons were fed in New York state alone last season, indicating the quality and general satisfaction it is giving. Testimonials from all over the world. Make your calves show you a good profit this winter and spring. Prices, F. O. B. Aberdeen, S. D.: 100-lb. bag., \$3.50; 50-lb. bag, \$2.00; 25-lb. bag, \$1.00.

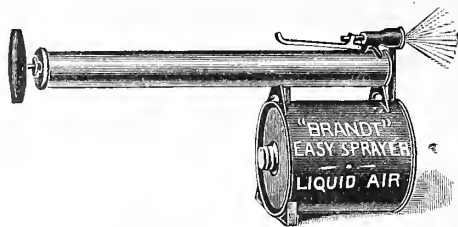


The Little Wonder Seeder

This illustration shows the Little Wonder Seeder, which is also somewhat similar to the Cyclone. It has the same steel feed plate, oscillating device and spring steel triangular bearings and adjustments. It will sow all varieties of field grain and seeds, but is especially recommended for grass seed. This seeder will pay for itself in the saving of seed and labor in one-half hour's use. It is substantially built and will last a lifetime. Price, only \$1.00. Not prepaid. Weight, 3 pounds.

International "Grofast Calf Meal"

"Grofast Calf Meal" is manufactured exclusively as a perfectly balanced, scientific substitute for milk, from high class, carefully selected ingredients. We back it by our long and successful business reputation which we could not afford to do, if it was not of superior merit. Prices, F. O. B. Aberdeen, S. D.: 100-lb. bag, \$3.50; 50-lb. bag, \$2.00; 25-lb. bag, \$1.00.



The "Easy" Compressed Air Sprayer

The only one of its kind on market. Strong, durable and attractive. Has a large and strong pump, automatic shut-off nozzle, legs under tanks. Can be used for white-washing, disinfecting and cleaning chicken houses, and is very desirable for garden use, etc. It is built of galvanized steel or brass, as ordered. Holds 1 gallon. Weight, 4 pounds. Not prepaid. "Easy" Sprayer, galvanized, \$2.25 each; "Easy" Sprayer, brass, \$3.25 each.

THE DOUBLE DAISY Sprays both ways. Push the plunger in and it sprays. Pull the plunger out and it sprays. Made out of galvanized iron and holds 1 quart. Does anything that any other sprayer will and does it twice as fast. Price, only, \$1.00. Weight, 2 pounds. No. 3—Made of heavy tin; has the same size air chambers as our other styles and the reservoir holds about 1 quart, and throws a single spray straight ahead. Price, 60c. Weight, 2 pounds. Not prepaid.

The Red Cross Non-Poisonous Insect Exterminator

The powder is the pulverized flowers of carnegum and roseum, growing on the Caucasian Mountains; it is not poisonous to man, beast or fowl, unless inhaled or swallowed in large quantities, but it is sure death to insect life in all its forms, first stupifying and then killing.

Ordinary insect powder will lose its strength by evaporation when exposed to the air, but the Red Cross Non-poisonous Insect Exterminator will keep its strength indefinitely in any climate.

In using the powder it should be blown with a powder gun or insufflator.

Bedbugs—Blow the powder with the powder gun in beds and all bedding and into every hole and crevice of the bedstead and walls of the room.

Fleas on Dogs and Cats, and Lice on Cattle—The free application of the powder, using the powder gun or blower, over the entire body of any domestic animal, taking care to turn the hair with one hand while blowing the powder with the other, rubbing the powder in well at the same time so as to penetrate to the skin, will in a very short time cause all the vermin to drop off the animals.

Lice on Chickens—Poultry keepers all over the country say that a little of the powder dusted on the chickens and about the henneries acts like magic in destroying all lice and other vermin.

Fleas in Houses, etc.—The powder must be used liberally all over the premises as well as on the underclothing of persons. This must be repeated daily until the insects are exterminated, and this is generally done after a few thorough applications. The sprinkling of the powder in stockings and the seams of underclothing will prevent flesh from troubling the wearer.

Cockroaches—May be easily exterminated by a liberal use of the powder, blowing it into the cracks and crevices where they abound. This also applies to the different species of water bugs.

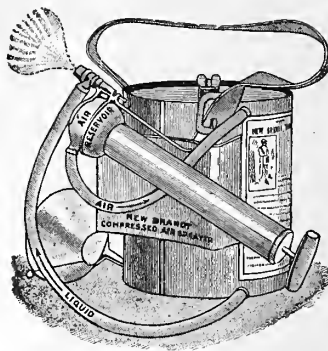
Moths and Millers—The ravages of these pests may be prevented by sprinkling carpets, furs, woolen goods, etc., liberally with the powder.

Butchers and Restaurant Keepers can keep meats free from flies, ants, etc., by the constant use of the powder as often as required.

In fact, the Red Cross Non-poisonous Insect Exterminator is the only satisfactory and sanitary way of keeping off the ravages of all forms of insect life. If properly used and in sufficient quantities, it is absolutely guaranteed to do the work or money will be refunded.

The Red Cross Non-poisonous Insect Exterminator is put up in a tin top can and the price is 50c a can. If to be sent by mail, when ordering include 8c additional for postage.

THE "BRANDT" SPRAYERS



The No. 2 and No. 3 "Brandt" One of the latest and

best type of sprayers for distributing Paris Green, London Purple, Bordeaux mixtures and all liquid applications. For whitewashing and disinfecting poultry houses and barns. For applying stock dip, fly killer, etc. The No. 2 Sprayer is built of galvanized steel. No. 3 is built of brass. These sprayers are different in construction from any others, being so made that by a combination of air and liquid in the nozzle we get a finely beaded spray or mist at a pressure less than one-fourth of that required by other methods. This makes the sprayer easy to work and gives much better results. The pressure is kept uniform at all times by an occasional stroke of the pump, one to every five or six steps of the operator. Sprayers stand 11 inches high, are 9 inches in diameter; weight, 6 pounds, empty. Capacity, 3 gallons. Not prepaid. No. 2 Brandt Sprayer, galvanized tank and shut-off nozzle, \$5.00; No. 3 Brandt Sprayer, all brass and shut-off nozzle, \$6.75; Double Nozzle (brass), \$1.50; No. 4 Bordeaux Nozzle, 75c.

Felix Girard's Rat Embalmer "One hundred million dollars is lost every year by farmers, manufacturers and merchants of the United States through destruction caused by rats and mice."

What is your loss? Your part of this amount is something. It may be more than you think.

Over five thousand firms saved their part of these million last year. Double this number will save all their losses this year.

We can help you save your share, and we make an absolute guarantee to do it or we are the losers.

We cannot afford to lose; neither can you, and you won't if you use The Felix Girard Red Cross Rat and Mouse Embalmer.



It does the work in one night, and will save you many times its cost by keeping your building clear of rats and mice, without any bad effects from after odors caused by their dying in walls or between floors—it embalms and dries them up.

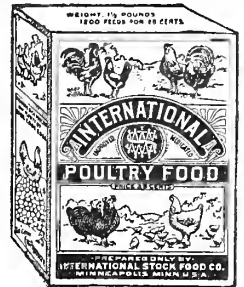
The Felix Girard Red Cross Rat and Mouse Embalmer has the endorsement of hundreds of prominent business men, who are ready at all times to recommend its use.

Felix Girard, a chemist of Paris, France, was the lucky discoverer of this embalmer, which bears his name. Like a great many other discoveries it took years of costly experiments before results were obtained, 50c and \$1.00 sizes. Postpaid, 55c and \$1.08.

Rats, mice, roaches, bedbugs and all insects cleared out in ONE NIGHT with the RED CROSS RAT AND MOUSE EMBALMER and Red Cross Non-poisonous Insect Exterminator.

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD CO.

With Guarantee of Satisfactory Results or Money Refunded



International Stock Food Tonic.....	\$0.25	International Fly-Way (quarts).....	.50
International Stock Food Tonic.....	.50	International Fly-Way (gallons).....	1.50
International Stock Food Tonic.....	1.00	International Louse Paint (for poultry).....	.35
International Stock Food Tonic (25 lbs. net).....	3.50	Sulpho Salts (20-lb. size).....	1.00
International Stock Food Tonic (100 lbs. net).....	14.00	Sulpho Salts (40-lb. size).....	2.00
International Poultry Food Tonic.....	.25	International Antiseptic Healing Powder.....	.25
International Poultry Food Tonic.....	.50	Dan Patch White Liniment.....	.50
International Poultry Food Tonic.....	1.00	Dan Patch Gall Salve.....	.25
Silver Pine Healing Oil.....	.25	Dan Patch Gall Salve.....	.50
Silver Pine Healing Oil.....	.50	International Worm Remedy (for hogs).....	1.00
International Worm Powder.....	.50	Roup Remedy (for poultry).....	.50
International Heave Remedy.....	.50	Gape Remedy.....	.50
International Distemper Remedy.....	.50	Cholera Remedy (for poultry).....	.25
International Gall Heal.....	.25	Scaly Leg Ointment (for poultry).....	.25
International Gall Heal.....	.50	International Gopher Poison.....	.50
International Colic Remedy.....	.50	Dan Patch 1:55 Horse Vigor.....	.75
International Louse Killer.....	.25		

Pratts, POULTRY REMEDIES



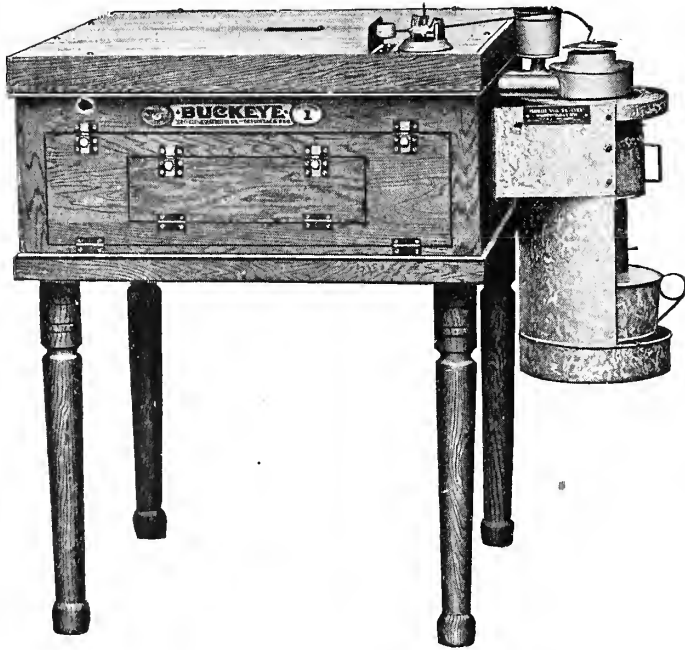
Pratts Poultry Regulator, 2 lbs.....	\$0.25	Pratts Animal Regulator.....	\$0.50
Pratts Poultry Regulator, 4½ lbs.....	.50	Lee's Lice Killer, quarts.....	.35
Pratts Liquid Lice Killer, ½ gallon.....	.60	Lee's Egg Maker, 2-lb. package.....	.25
Pratts Roup Cure.....	.25	Lee's Egg Maker, 5-lb. package.....	.50
Pratts Roup Cure.....	.50	Lee's Louse Powder, 1¼-lb. package.....	.25
Pratts Cholera Remedy.....	.25	Lee's Germozone (liquid), 12-oz. bottle.....	.50
Pratts Head Lice Ointment.....	.25	Lee's Germozone (tablet), 50c size.....	.50
Pratts Baby Chick Food.....	.25	Lee's Spray Pumps.....	.50
Pratts Baby Chick Food.....	.50	Lee's Hog Remedy, 7½-lb. package.....	.75
Pratts Lice Killer.....	.25	Lee's Flyo Curo, ½ gallons.....	.60
Pratts White Diarrhoea Remedy.....	.25	Lee's Flyo Curo, gallons.....	1.00
Pratts White Diarrhoea Remedy.....	.50	Lee's Smoke Flavor, 32-oz. bottle.....	.75
Pratts Condition Tablets.....	.25		

PRICES ON POULTRY REMEDIES ARE NOT PREPAID

BUCKEYE INCUBATORS

THE BEST INCUBATOR IN THE WORLD

Complete, Ready for Use. Double Walls Throughout
Is the Standard Hot Water Incubator of the World



STYLE A, \$10.00. Capacity, 60 eggs.

NO. 1 STANDARD, \$18.00. Capacity, 110 eggs.

NO. 2 STANDARD, \$23.00. Capacity, 175 eggs.

NO. 3 STANDARD, \$30.00. Capacity, 250 eggs.

All crated for shipment F. O. B. Aberdeen.

Thermometers for incubator, 75c; postpaid, 80c.

WRITE FOR INCUBATOR CATALOG.

During the twenty years that Buckeye Incubators have been on the market they have earned the reputation of being the best incubator in the world. They are so simple that a child can operate them just as successfully as an experienced poultryman and on this fact hinges the wonderful success. Each incubator is sold with an absolute guarantee that allows the purchaser to try it for forty days and return it to our factory in case it should not prove entirely satisfactory.

Equipment—One tank and boiler, one lamp bowl, one burner with wick, one chimney, one thermometer, one thermometer holder, one complete Buckeye regulator, one egg tester and two egg trays.

This is a photograph of a No. 2 130-egg Queen Incubator with one corner cut away to show the wall construction. Note the one-inch outer wall and the one-half-inch lining with dead air space between, backed up on each side with a heavy felt.

There are twenty-eight (28) reasons why the Queen excels all other makes regardless of price. Many others sell for fifty to one hundred per cent more than we ask for the Queen. The Queen is the standard hot-water incubator of the world, and so much as hot water excels hot air heating, just that much is the Queen superior to any hot air machine.

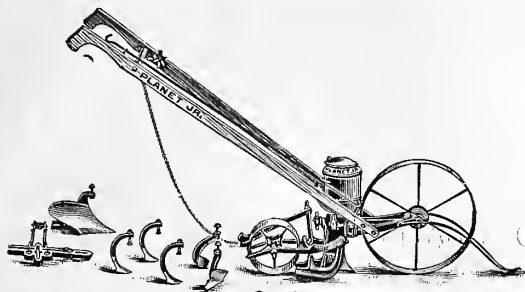
Queen construction is the best. California red wood case, double wall, and double lined with heavy deadening felt. Double doors, inner one glass, giving full view of egg chamber. Jacketed copper boiler and radiator, lock seam joints heavily soldered. Galvanized steel seamless lamp bowl, heavy brass burner of our own special design to meet incubating requirements. Automatic heat regulator adjusted at factory under actual incubating temperature. Long substantial legs, no stooping to turn eggs. Self-supporting egg trays and chick drawers, deep nursery to care for baby chicks when first hatched. Ventilation, automatic with adjustment for hatching time and hot weather. Adjustable metal lamp shelf, metal egg tester, funnel, special mercury incubator thermometer. Big twenty-four-page instruction book which tells how to set up and run the Queen for big results and also gives a large amount of information useful to the chicken raiser. These are but a few of the twenty-eight special features to be found on the Queen. No. 1, 75-egg size, \$11.20; No. 2, 125-egg size, \$14.40; No. 3, 165-egg size, \$17.65; No. 4, 250-egg size, \$20.80; No. 5, 375-egg size, \$27.20.





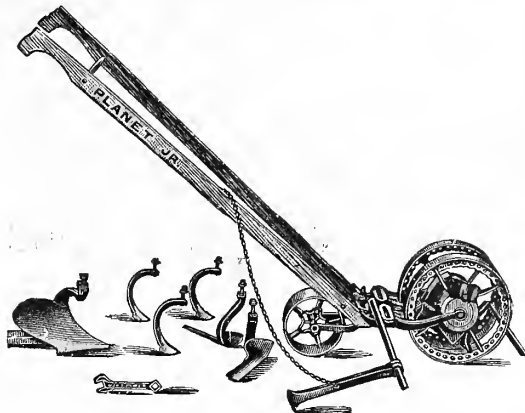
Planet Jr. Garden Tools

SIXTY-FOUR PAGE CATALOGUE SENT FREE UPON APPLICATION.



No. 6 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

WHAT IT WILL DO: It drops all garden seeds in hills and sows in drills, with the greatest regularity, in a narrow line, to any exact depth required. Covers, rolls, down and makes the next row, all at one passage. As a wheel hoe, it hoes, cultivates and plows all garden crops, completing a row at every passage, up to 16 inches in width. The whole combination is the best and most useful we have ever offered. Holds over two quarts of seed. Price, complete, \$14.00. Weight, packed, 65 lbs. As a Seeder only, \$11.50. As a Wheel Hoe only (No. 36), \$6.75.



No. 1 Planet Jr. Combined Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

The sowing cylinder is a drum of spring brass set between the driving wheels, with a sliding brass band and cam. In drum and band are corresponding diamond shaped discharge openings, quickly adjusted for any kind of seed. Inside the drum shields cover the openings, and insure regular sowing with a full hopper or a thimblefull. The index contains the names of the principal seeds. The drill is set right for any seed when the name appears through the slot. Price, with tools as shown, \$10.00. Holds 3 pints of seed. Weight, packed, 42 pounds.



No. 18 Single Wheel Hoe.

No. 18 Single Wheel Hoe This tool has one pair of 6-inch hoes only—the tools that are most constantly used throughout the season. Other tools can be added as needed. The handles are adjustable in height. The frame is steel, convenient and strong with quick change device by which to exchange the tools without removing the nuts. All the steel parts are high carbon steel, oil tempered, finely formed, finished and polished and work to a charm. Price, \$4.00. Weight, 19 pounds.



No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

is a prime favorite with all gardeners, and especially those who while not having a large acreage get a lot of pleasure and profit from using a seed drill and wheel hoe to plant and cultivate their family garden. Even those who think they haven't quite enough work to warrant buying a drill find that this combined tool will quickly pay for itself in satisfaction, in labor saving and in increased crops. It combines in a single convenient implement: 1. A capital hill-dropping seeder. 2. A continuous row seeder. 3. An admirable single-wheel hoe. 4. A splendid wheel cultivator. 5. An excellent furrower. 6. A rapid and efficient wheel garden plow.

The machine is easily pushed and the great variety and the fine design of the attachments please every one who uses them. It is particularly valuable for planting and cultivating such crops as peas, beans, beets, celery, lettuce, onions, parsley, parsnip, radish, salsify, spinach and turnip, although it sows all garden seeds.

WHAT IT WILL DO: It will sow all garden seeds in continuous rows with great uniformity and also drop with accuracy in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart and at the same passage mark the next row. The feed is automatically stopped by raising the handles, and started by lowering them and starting the tool.

Steel driving wheel. Weight, complete, 49 pounds. Holds 2½ quarts. Equipment: One pair of 6-inch hoes, one garden plow, three cultivator teeth, one leaf guard. Price, complete, \$11.50. As a Seeder only, \$9.50.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES AND THE AMOUNT OF SEED SOWN TO THE ACRE

	Weight per Bushel.	Quantity to Acre.		Weight per Bushel.	Quantity to Acre.
Barley, broadcast.....	48 lbs.	2 to 2½ bu.	Grass, Red Top, solid seed.....		10 to 14 lbs.
Beans.....	60 lbs.	1 to 1½ bu.	Grass, Timothy.....	45 lbs.	¼ to ½ bu.
Bromus Inermis.....	14 lbs.	18 to 20 lbs.	Grass, Millet.....	50 lbs.	¾ to 1 bu.
Buckwheat.....	48 lbs.	½ bu.	Oats.....	32 lbs.	2 to 3 bu.
Clover, Red, alone.....	60 lbs.	10 to 15 lbs.	Rye.....	56 lbs.	1½ to 2 bu.
Clover, White, alone.....	60 lbs.	8 to 12 lbs.	Clover.....	} together for one acre	4 lbs. Clover
Clover, Alsike, alone.....	60 lbs.	8 to 10 lbs.	Timothy.....		¼ bu. Timothy
Clover, Alfalfa, alone.....	60 lbs.	20 lbs.	Red Top.....		4 lbs. Red Top
Flax.....	56 lbs.	½ to ¾ bu.	Corn, in hills.....		6 to 8 qts.
Grass, Lawn, weight depends on mixture.			Corn, for soiling.....		2 to 3 bu.
Grass, Kentucky Blue.....	14 lbs.	75 lbs.	Peas, Field.....		2½ bu.
Grass, Orchard.....	14 lbs.	3 bu.	Potatoes (cut tubers).....		8 to 10 bu.
Grass, English Rye.....	14 lbs.	2½ bu.	Rape, Dwarf Essex.....		5 to 10 lbs.

GARDEN SEEDING AND PLANTING TABLE

Name of Vegetable.	Seeds Required for		Depth to Sow Seeds Outdoors	Distance for Plants	
	100 Feet Row	One Acre		In Rows	Rows Apart
	*Artichoke.....	1 ounce		6 ounces	1 inch	2 feet	3 to 4 feet
Asparagus.....	2 ounces	5 pounds	1 inch	1 to 2 feet	3 to 4 feet
Asparagus Roots.....	100 roots				
*Beans, Dwarf.....	2 pounds	75 pounds	2 inches	6 inches	2 feet
*Beans, Pole.....	3-4 pounds	30 pounds	2 inches	3 feet	4 feet
Beet, Table.....	2 ounces	6 to 8 pounds	½ inch	4 inches	1 to 1½ feet
Beet, Mangle.....	1 ounce	5 to 6 pounds	½ inch	8 inches	2 feet
Beet, Chard.....	2 ounces	5 pounds	½ inch	8 inches	1½ feet
†Brussels Sprouts.....	½ ounce	3 ounces	½ inch	2 feet	2 feet
†Cabbage, Early.....	¼ ounce	8 ounces	½ inch	1½ feet	2 feet
†Cabbage, Late.....	¼ ounce	8 ounces	½ inch	2½ feet	3 feet
Carrots, Early.....	1 ounce	3 to 4 pounds	½ inch	4 inches	1½ to 2 feet
Carrots, Late.....	1 ounce	2 to 3 pounds	½ inch	5 inches	3 feet
†Cauliflower, Early.....	½ ounce	½ pound	½ inch	1½ feet	3 feet
†Cauliflower, Late.....	½ ounce	½ pound	½ inch	2 feet	3 to 4 feet
†Celery.....	½ ounce	8 ounces	½ inch	6 inches	3 feet
Chicory.....	1 ounce	3 pounds	½ inch	4 inches	1½ to 2 feet
Corn-Salad.....	3 ounces	3 pounds	½ inch	4 inches	12 to 18 inches
*Corn, Sweet.....	1 lb., 150 hills	15 to 20 pounds	1 inch	3 feet	3 feet
Cress.....	1 ounce	2 to 3 pounds	¼ inch	1 inch	1 foot
*Cucumber.....	1 oz., 50 hills	2 pounds	1 inch	4 feet	3 feet
†Egg Plant.....	½ ounce	5 ounces	½ inch	2½ feet	2 feet
Endive.....	½ ounce	4 pounds	1 inch	1 foot	1½ feet
Herbs.....	1 ounce		½ inch	6 inches	2 feet
Kale.....	¾ ounce	4 ounces	½ inch	2 feet	2½ feet
Kohl-Rabi.....	½ ounce	4 pounds	½ inch	6 inches	2 feet
Leek.....	1 ounce	4 pounds	¾ inch	6 inches	4 to 5 feet
Lettuce.....	1 ounce	3 pounds	¾ inch	1 foot	1 foot
*Melons, Musk.....	½ ounce	2 to 3 pounds	1 inch	4 feet	4 to 5 feet
*Melons, Water.....	1 ounce	3 to 4 pounds	1½ inches	8 feet	5 to 6 feet
Mustard.....	1 ounce	2 pounds	½ inch	8 inches	2 feet
Onion.....	1 ounce	4 to 5 pounds	½ inch	3 inches	1 to 1½ feet
Onions for Sets.....		20 to 30 pounds	½ inch		2½ feet
Onion Sets.....	1½ pounds	300 to 350 pounds	Cover	2 inches	2 to 3 feet
Parsley.....	1 ounce	3 to 5 pounds	¼ inch	4 inches	2 to 3 feet
Parsnip.....	1 ounce	4 to 5 pounds	½ inch	6 inches	1 to 2 feet
Peas, Wrinkled.....	1½ pounds	120 pounds	1½ inches	2 inches	2 to 3 feet
Peas, Smooth.....	1¼ pounds	100 pounds	1½ inches	2 inches	4 to 5 feet
†Pepper.....	½ ounce	½ pound	½ inch	2 feet	2 feet
Potato, Cut.....	15 pounds	400 to 600 pounds	5 inches	1 foot	2½ feet
*Pumpkin.....	1 ounce, 30 hills	3 to 4 pounds	1½ inches	8 feet	3 to 4 feet
Radish.....	2 ounces	8 to 10 pounds	½ inch	2 to 4	3 feet
Rhubarb.....	¾ ounce				
Rutabaga.....	1 ounce	1 to 1½ pounds	½ inch	6 inches	1 foot
Sage.....					
Salsify.....	2 ounces	7 pounds	½ inch	6 inches	6 feet
Spinach.....	1½ ounces	10 pounds	½ inch	4 inches	2 feet
*Squash, Early.....	1 ounce, 50 hills	4 pounds	1½ inches	4 feet	2 to 3 feet
*Squash, Late.....	1 ounce, 40 hills	4 pounds	1½ inches	8 feet	3 to 4 feet
†Tomato.....	½ ounce	3 to 4 ounces	½ inch	3 feet	3 feet
Turnip.....	1 ounce	2 pounds	½ inch	6 inches	1 foot

Those marked with * are not safe to plant outside until after danger of frost. Those marked † should be started in hot-bed and plants set out when ground is in good condition. The time required for seeds to mature depends more or less upon the variety and weather conditions.

To Make a Hotbed A hot-bed should face the south or southeast, be located on well drained ground, and if possible be protected on the north by a building or high fence. 6x10 feet will be large enough for an acre garden. Sashes are usually 3x6 feet. Dig a trench 2 feet deep, around this place a frame 10 inches high at the back and 8 inches in front. Fill the hole with fresh horse manure that has lain for a week or ten days, tramping it down firmly and covering with 4 inches of fine, rich, black soil. Place the sashes over the frame. After standing a few days lift the sashes to allow the rank heat and steam to pass off; when the temperature has subsided to 90 degrees F. sow the seed. It is best to bank the outside of the frame up to the sash. The hot-bed may be all above ground by making a pile of manure 2 feet high and 3 feet longer, and 2 feet wider than the frame, fill in with black soil and complete as directed for the excavated bed. When plants are nearly ready for outside lift the sashes every pleasant day, gradually hardening off the seedlings. Frame and shades should be stored away at the close of the season and will thus last for years.

NAME EARLY WOODROW

ORIGINATED BY WITH _____

IMPORTED BY _____

ORIGINAL TREE ON GROUNDS OF _____

PARENTAGE _____

PUBLICATION OF NAME L. Wilkins & comp

NAME ESTABLISHED _____

ORIGINAL DESCRIPTION:

SUPPLEMENTARY DESCRIPTION:

FEED GRAINS

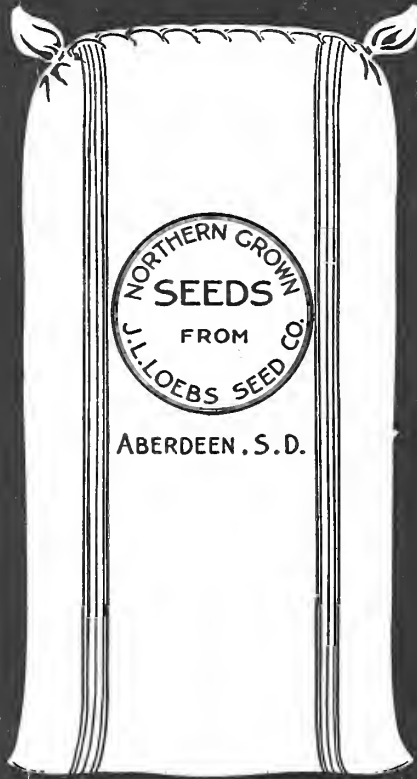
No. 3 White Oats. Per bushel.....
No. 3 Yellow Corn. Per bushel.....
No. 3 Mixed Corn. Per bushel.....
New Corn, cob and sweet. Per bushel.....
Barley. Per bushel.....
Speltz, whole. Per 100 pounds.....

GROUND FEEDS

Coarse Corn Meal. Per 100 pounds.....
Ground Oats. Per 100 pounds.....
No. 1 Ground Feed, two-thirds corn, one-third oats. Per 100 pounds.....
No. 2 Ground Feed, one-half corn, one-half oats. Per 100 pounds.....
No. 3 Ground Feed, one-third corn, two-thirds oats. Per 100 pounds.....
Bran. Per 100 pounds.....
Middlings. Per 100 pounds.....

Write us for firm quotations on all Feed Grains.





BEST — BY — TEST

