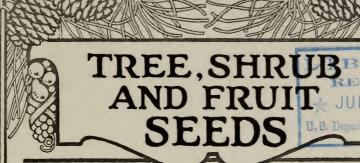
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ANNOUNCEMENT

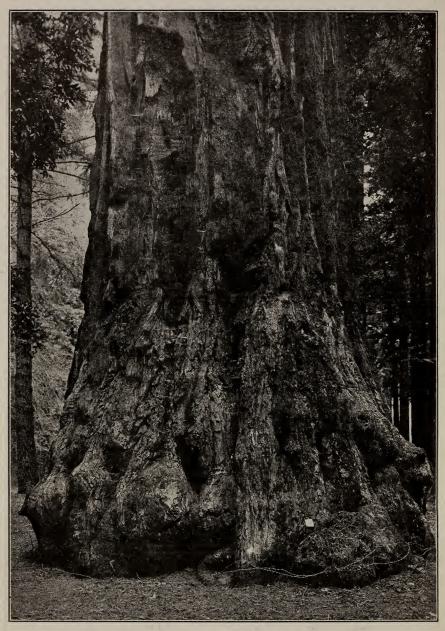
Messrs. Thomas Meehan & Sons have discontinued the Seed Business and as I have had entire charge of this department for them for several years, I am now taking up and shall continue in my own behalf this business in the future. I am doing so with their good will and best wishes.

The same collectors and collecting fields as served the interests of Messrs. Meehan & Sons in the past will be with me in the future. The same honorable policies of my past employers will be continued and any changes necessary for the improvement of the service will be put under way.

With my knowledge and experience of the business,—and with the efficient corps of experienced collectors at my service, I am confident of my ability to serve you with Seeds to your entire satisfaction and advantage.

I hope I may in my own behalf be again favored with orders such as I have taken care of for you while in charge of this work with Messrs. Meehan & Sons.

Thomas J. Lane
TREE SEEDSMAN
Dresher, Penna., U. S. A.



THE BASE OF A LARGE REDWOOD TREE (Sequoia Sempervirens) Growing in California, U. S. A. By courtesy of American Forestry Magazine, Washington, D. C.

TRUEXED

Conditions and Terms

All offers and acceptances of orders are subject to my receiving the full quantity for which I have placed orders with my growers and collectors. Failing to get these amounts, I reserve the right to reduce proportionately all orders that have been booked; or fill orders in rotation received while supply lasts.

I give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants I send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned.

All claims must be made upon receipt of goods.

After goods are placed on board cars here, I assume no responsibility for their safe delivery or any injury caused by delay in delivery by the transportation company.

Sacks and box and packing charged additionally.

Not less than one-quarter pound will be supplied at pound rates nor one-quarter bushel at bushel rates. Half ounces will be supplied at ounce rates where the price per ounce is not lower than 20c.

When seeds are to go by mail, postage is charged at Parcel Post rates in U. S. A. Consult your postmaster as to your zone and allow charges accordingly. Foreign countries 12c. per pound for postage.

SATISFACTORY ARRANGEMENTS FOR PAYMENT MUST ACCOMPANY ORDERS FROM UNKNOWN CORRESPONDENTS.

All P. O. orders payable at Dresher, Pa., U. S. A.

Terms-Net Cash 30 days. 2% in 10 days.

Inquiries for large lots solicited.

Cable Address "LANE AMBLER" A. B. C. Code 4th and 5th Edition.

Thomas J. Lane

TREE SEEDSMAN

Dresher, - - Penna.

General Information and Suggestions For Planting

Seeds to germinate must have the proper conditions of heat and moisture. These conditions vary greatly with different seeds. Experience and close attention are necessary to successful propagation and the propagator must be a close observer of the wants and habits of trees and plants and be able to gather knowledge from what he may see. Owing to certain conditions of moisture, temperature and time which they do not always meet with after sowing, seeds sometimes fail to appear the first season. Examine them at close of Spring, and if found sound do not disturb them, and their germination may be looked for the season following.

Seeds of deciduous trees and shrubs are best sown in the Fall, pines and similar evergreens in Spring, but deciduous ones will grow very well sown in Spring if kept in good condition through the Winter. When sown in Spring seeds of a hard, bony nature, such as the yellow locust, are best soaked in hot water for a day or two and then sown at once. Seeds of maples, ash, magnolia, beech, all nut trees, as well as many other kinds require to be kept slightly moist over Winter if not sown in Fall; on the other hand, catalpa and some others may be kept quite dry until Spring comes.

All Spring sowing should be early; even if the ground freezes later it won't injure the seeds at all.

Junipers, hollies and a few similar seeds remain a full year before sprouting. It is just as well, therefore, to keep them in a box of soil until the next Autumn, then sow them.

For seed of the nut-bearing trees, as acorns, chestnut, hickory, black and white walnut, etc., the open field, if of mellow, rich soil, makes a good and sufficient seed bed.

After the ground is thoroughly cultivated, mark out as for corn, planting the seeds closely in the light furrows or drills.

The drills may be made at any convenient distance. If cultivated with the hoe they need be but a foot apart; but, unless short of room, they had better be sown in broader drills, and the drills three or four feet apart, so that the space between them may be worked with the horse or cultivator.

If the planting is done in the Fall it is better to mulch the ground with straw, leaves, or any like material; this will prevent baking of the soil after the Spring rains, and keep it in a nice mellow condition. The mulching should be removed in the Spring, or, at least so much that it will not interfere with the growth of the young seedlings.

The smaller seeds, such as maple, white ash, tulip, linden, magnolia, etc., require greater care in planting.

Let the soil be thoroughly pulverized, then throw up into beds a few feet wide, and any desirable length. Mark out and plant in drills by placing a board across the bed and making the drill along the edge of the board with a sharpened stick, then sow the seed in the drill; cover lightly, and then turn forward the board for a new drill. The width of the board regulates the distance apart of the drills, and as such seedlings are not usually allowed to grow more than one year before transplanting, the board need not be more than eight or ten inches wide. Mulch with straw if planted in the Fall, removing in the Spring.

Red and Silver Maple, Elm, etc., ripen their seed late in the Spring, or early Summer. They will keep but a few weeks, and should be planted immediately. Silver maple seed planted in June will often make a growth of fifteen or twenty inches by the last of October. Birch seed can be kept in sand in a cool place and planted the following Spring.

The seed of evergreens is always found in cones, with the exception of the juniper and yew, which produce small berries; hence, the general name applied to evergreens of coniferae, or cone-bearing.

The soil most suitable for raising conifers is a light sandy loam, rich in vegetable matter, but entirely free from rank manures. soil should be deeply spaded and thoroughly pulverized. off in beds four feet wide, and any desirable length, with paths of one foot between. The beds should be higher in the middle, the sides being but little higher than the paths. The seed is usually sown broadcast and then carefully and lightly raked in; but some prefer sowing in drills a few inches apart, then rolling, or pressing with back of the spade, and sifting over them a very light covering of oneeighth to one-quarter of an inch of soil. The ground should be prepared the Fall before, and the seed put in at the earliest possible Most failures in growing evergreen seedlings moment in the Spring. arise from not having the seed beds partially shaded. If hot sunshine falls on them while the seeds are swelling, and cold follows, a large proportion will rot before they appear above the ground. seedlings are raised extensively artificial arbors are made high enough to work under. When the growing is done on a less extensive scale, stakes are driven at convenient distances along the sides of the beds to which boards six inches wide are nailed, to support screens for shading the young seedlings. The lower edge of these boards should be but four or five inches above the surface of the ground, to allow the air to circulate freely over the beds. screens are very satisfactory.

The germination of evergreen seeds often requires from thirty to sixty days, they being slower in swelling and bursting their coats than many other seeds. Sometimes they will lay dormant one season and come up nicely the next; hence if they fail to grow the first year it is well to examine the seed, and, if it remains plump, with fresh-looking kernels, keep the beds weeded for the next season.

The critical period for the young evergreen seedlings extends over six or eight weeks from the time they make their first appearance, or, until they form their secondary leaves. They are extremely sensitive to external influences, a little excess of drought, heat, or moisture proving ruinous, rotting the stem off at the surface of the ground.

Rainy, hot weather, or a warm rain saturating the beds after they have become very dry, will often cause them to damp off by thousands. The destruction may often be arrested by sifting dry sand over the bed.

In the Fall the young seedlings should be covered with leaves, straw, or marsh-hay, which will prevent them from being drawn out by the frequent thawing and freezing.

Approximate number of seeds to the pound; following varieties:

Abies Concolor	7,000	Berberris Thunbergii	
Abies Douglassi	25,000	Berries 4,500	
Abies Excelsa	25,000	Betula alba 60,000	
Cupressus Lawsoniana	40,000	Calycanthus floridus 2,400	
Juniperus Virginiana	15,000	Catalpa Speciosa 12,000	
Pinus Austriaca	20,000	Juglans Nigra 15 to 20	
Pinus Ponderosa	12,000	Larix Europaea 12,000	
Pinus Rigida	32,000	Liquidambar Styraciflua 16,000	
Pinus Strobus	20,000	Liriodendron tulipfera 10,000	
Pinus Sylvestris	30,000	Maclura durantica 12,000	
Thuya gigantea	60,000	Magnolia acuminata 21,000	
Thuya Orientalis	17,000	Morus alba 33,000	
Acer Dasycarpum	2,400	Robinia Pseudo-acacia 15,000	
Acer platanoides	3,000	Tilia Americana 3,500	
Acer Rubrum	12,000	Ulmus Americana 45,000	
Acer saccharinum	3,500	Viburnum acerifolium 7,000	
Berberris Vulgaris	12,000	Viburnum prunifolium 1,500	
Berberris Thunbergii,		Ampelopsis Veitchii 8,000	
Clean Seed	18,000		

One of my customers reported an estimated stand of 100,000 Apple stocks from 1 bu. seed.

Evergreens

		of	antities 10 lbs. nd over
	Per oz.	Per lb.	
Abies (Picea) amabilis, California Fir	\$ 25	\$3 00	\$2 90
" Arizonica, Arizona Cork Fir	60	8 00	7 50
" balsamea, Balsam Fir	15	1 65	1 50
" " brachyphylla	20	2 25	2 00
" concolor, California Silver Fir		1 60	1 50
" concolor, Colorado Silver Fir		1 60	1 45
" " firma, Japanese	15	1 35	1 20
" Fraseri, Double Balsam		3 75	3 50
grandis, Pacific Coast Fir		2 65	2 40
magninea		2 25	2 00
nobilis		3 25	3 00
Nordmanniana, Nordman Fir		1 25	1 10
pectinata, European Silver Fir		1 00	75
sub-aipina		4 00	3 85
veitchii		3 25	3 00
Araucaria excelsa		2 25	2 10
Arctostaphylos glauca		1 10	1 00
pungens		1 10	1 00
tomentosa		$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 10 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	1 00
Berberis Aquifolium (Mahonia) Clean Seed	. 15	1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 35 \\ 1 & 40 \end{array}$
_ Japonica	10	1 00	90
Brahea edulis Palm	4.0	1 00	90
mamentosa	10	1 25	1 10
" glauca "	10	1 25	1 10
		2 35	2 25
" Sonorae		1 40	1 15
Buxus sempervirens, Box		1 35	1 25
"	4 =	1 75	1 60
" Deodara, Deodar Cedar " Libani, Cedar Lebanon	4.0	1 35	1 25
Cinnamomum Camphora, Camphor Tree		65	50
Crataegus Pyracantha, Evergreen Thorn		2 00	1 75
Cryptomeria Japonica, Japanese Cedar		1 15	1 00
Cupressus Arizonica		2 50	2 35
"Benthamiana		2 00	1 75
" Goveniana		3 10	2 85
" Guadalupensis		3 25	3 00
" macrocarpa, Monterey Cypress		1 25	1 15
" McNabiana		3 25	3 00
" sempervirens		85	75
" thyoides, White Cedar		1 35	1 25
Eucalyptus amygdalina	. 50	6 00	5 75
" corynocalyx		6 50	6 00
" globulus	. 35	4 25	4 00
"Gunnii	. 45	5 25	5 00
" leucoxylon	. 45	5 25	5 00
" obtusifolia	. 90	12 00	11 00
" resinifera	. 50	6 25	6 00

Evergreens—Continue	d	Qua	ntities
		of	10 lbs.
	Per oz	Per lb.	d over
Eucalyptus robusta	\$ 30	\$4 50	\$4 25
" rostrata	30	3 50	3 25
" viminalis	40	4 25	4 10
Garrya elliptica	50	5 50	5 25
Gaultheria procumbens, Winter Green, Tea Berry	15	1 65	1 50
" Shallon	30	3 25	3 00
Ilex Aquifolium, English Holly	15	1 25	1 00
" opaca, American "	10	60	50
Juniperus Chinensis, Chinese Juniper	10	1 10	1 00
" California "	20	2 50	2 25
" communis, Common "	10	90	70
" occidentalis, Western "	10	1 00	75
" monosperma	15	1 50	1 25
" pachyphlaea	10	1 00	85
" prostrata	10	1 00	85
" Pinchoti	$\frac{1}{25}$	2 50	2 25
" Sabina, Savin "	15	1 50	1 30
" sabinoides	15	1 75	1 60
" scopulorum	15	1 35	1 20
" suecica, Swedish "	15	1 60	1 50
" Virginiana, Red Cedar	10	60	40
Kalmia angustifolia, Laurel	35	3 25	3 00
" latifolia, Sheep Laurel	30	2 75	2 50
Laurus nobilis, Sweet Bay	10	75	65
Libocedrus decurrens, American Grown	30	2 75	2 50
Magnolia grandiflora, Evergreen Magnolia	10	1 10	95
Nuttallia cerasiformis :	35	3 75	3 50
Oreodaphne California, Cal. Nutmeg	10	1 00	75
Photinia arbutifolia	10	1 00	75
Picea (Abies) alba White Spruce	30	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 50
" " Alcoquiana, Japanese "	30	3 00	2 75
" " aganensis	30	3 25	3 00
" " Emmalmanni	30	2 85	2 70
" excelsa, Norway "	15	1 50	1 35
" " Hookeriana	75	10 00	9 50
" " nigra, Black "	30	3 50	3 25
" " Orientalis, Oriental "	30	3 25	3 10
" " pungens, Colorado Blue "	30	2 90	2 75
44 44 711	30	3 00	$\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{75}{75}$
" " " " " " " " "	30	3 15	3 00
" rubra, Red " " Sitchensis (Menziesii)	30	3 10	3 00
	= 35		3 50
	15	1 75	1 60
" Austriaca, Austrian "	10	1 25	1 00
" Banksiana, Jack " "	30	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 10
" ~	15	1 65	1 50
	30	3 50	3 25
" Cemprones, mexican stone	40	4 65	4 40
" Coulteri, Big Cone "	25	2 85	2 70
" densiflora	45 15	1 50	1 25
densinora	10 10	1 00	85
edulis, Finyon	20	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	1 85
CACCIBA, Tillialayan			
Where seeds are to go by mail, add postage in U. S. A. Foreign Countries 12 cts. per pound		cer rost	rates
in U. S. A. Foreign Countries 12 cts. per pound 8	١.		
0			

Evergreens-Continued

Quantities

						10 lbs.
				_	a	and over
						Per Ib.
Pinus		Pine	• • • • • • • • •	\$ 20	\$1 60	\$1 50
	insignis, Monterey	**	• • • • • • • • •	15	1 90	1 75
66	inops			40	4 75	4 50
"	Jeffreyi			20	2 50	2 25
66	Koraiensis			15	1 75	1 60
66	Lambertiana, Sugar	46		15	1 75	1 50
66	Laricio			10	1 40	1 25
66	Massoniana			10	1 40	1 25
"	mitis			35	4 25	3 85
66	monophylla, Single Leaf	66		20	2 15	1 90
. 66	monticola, Pacific Coast Wh	ite F	Pine	30	3 50	3 25
46	mughus, Dwarf Mountain F			10	1 35	1 20
66	muricata			35	4 40	4 25
66	Murryana, Lodgepole	66		40	5 90	5 75
66	palustris, Yellow Broom	66	• • • • • • • • •	20	2 35	2 25
66	Parryana, Mexican Pinyon			30	3 50	3 25
"	Pinea			10	75	60
		66		15	1 90	1 80
66	ponderosa, Heavy Wooded				1 75	1 50
	•		oulorum)	15		6 25
	resinosa, Red Norway I	Pine		50		
	rigida, Pitch	"	• • • • • • • • • •	20	2 50	2 40
	Sabiniana	44		10	1 10	1 00
	Strobus, White	•••		15	1 60	1 50
	sylvestris, Scotch	46		15	1 75	1 50
	taeda, Lobiolly			20	2 85	$2^{\circ}65$
	Thunbergii			10	1 25	1 10
	Torreyana			20	2 25	2 15
66	tuberculata			35	4 25	4 00
Podoca	arpus Chinensis			10	1 25	1 15
	glaber, Ink Berry			10	85	70
	s (Cerasus) Caroliniana			10	1 35	1 20
66	" ilicifolia			10	90	80
Pseudo	otsuga Douglasii, Douglas Sp			25	2 75	2 60
	" " " "	" (C	olorado)	25	2 50	2 25
				40	4 50	4 25
Ratini	spora obtusa			15	1 50	1 25
Recini	" pisifera			15	1 65	1 50
Dhodo				40	4 50	4 25
KHOUO	dendron Catawbiense, Moun	"	Laurei		2 75	2 50
0-1-1	" maximum		• • •	30	1 10	1 00
Sabai	Adansoni, Palm			10		
"	Palmetto, Palm			10	1 25	1 10
	serrulata, Saw Palm	-:		10	1 75	1 50
	pitys verticillata, Umbrella			25	2 75	2 50
Sequoi	a gigantea, California Big T			30	3 75	3 50
	sempervirens, California Re			25	3 00	2 75
	baccata, English Yew			15	1 40	1 25
"	brevifolia, California Yew			80	9 50	9 35
	gigantea, Western Arbor-v			30	3 25	3 00
	occidentalis, American "			15	1 85	1 70
	orientalis, Chinese	6		10	1 00	90
"	" aurea, Chinese Golden "	6		10	1 00	90

Evergreens—Continued Quantities of 10 lbs. and over Per oz. Per lb. Per lb.

....\$ 10

\$1 25

\$1 10

Torreya Californica

Tsuga (Abies) Canadensis, Hemlock Spruce	30 4	00	3 75
" Calorina	50 6	25	6 00
" heterophylla		00	9 75
" Mertensiana, Western "		50	6 25
" Sieboldi, Japanese "		65	2 40
" Sieboldi, Japanese " Ulex Europaea, Furze	10 1	15	1 00
Vucce engustifolie Adam's Needle		25	4 0 0
" baccata " "		00	5 75
" brevifolia " "		00	7 75
" baccata " " " brevifolia " " " filamentosa " " " Whipplei		00	1 75
" Whipplei	30 4	00	3 75
Deciduous Trees and Shr	ubs		
Acer campestre, English Maple\$	10 \$	65	\$ 50
" circinatum "		50	2 25
" dasycarpum, Silver (Ready in May only)	10	50	35
" Ginnale		75	2 65
" glabrum	10 1	25	1 15
" macrophyllum, Oregon Maple	10 1	. 00	90
" platanoides, Norway "	10	60	45
" pseude-platanus, Sycamore "	10	60	50
" rubrum, Red Maple (Ready in May only)	10	85	70
" sacaharum Sugan Manle	10	65	50
" spicatum, Mountain "	15 1	. 60	1 50
" spicatum, Mountain " " striatum, Striped "	15 1	60	1 50
Ailanthus glandulosa, Tree of Heaven	10	50	35
Albizzia Julibrissin, Mimosa or Paradise Tree	15	50	1 40
Alnus glutinosa, Alder	10	00	85
" serrulata, Swamp Alder		00	85
Amelanchier Botryapium, Clean Seed		3 25	3 0 0
" Canadensis " "		3 00	2 75
Amorpha canescens	10	75	6 0
" fruticosa, Indigo Shrub	10	60	40
Andromeda axillaris		5 00	4 75
caryculata		00	4 85
- Catesbaer		00	3 75
ligustrina, Clean Seed		00	4 75
mariana	25 2		$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$
mua	20 2		
racemosa		1 25 1 25	3 75 3 75
speciosa			
Aralia spinosa, Angelica Tree		L 35 L 50	$egin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 40 \end{array}$
Arbutus Menziesii	15 : 10	L 50 65	1 40 55
Asimina triloba, Papaw		7 00	6 75
Atriplex lentiformis		5 25	5 00
Azalea arborescens		5 25	5 00
" calendulacea	90 (20	5 00

Quantities of 10 lbs. and over Per oz. Per lb. Per lb. Azalea mollis, Clean Seed\$2 50 4 00 nudiflora 50 3 75 vaseyii 50 5 25 5 00 viscosa 40 5 00 4 75 Baccharis halimifolia, Groundsel Shrub 4 00 40 3 75 Berberis Fremonti, Silver-leaved Barberry 65 8 00 Thunbergii, Japanese Barberry Berries...
" " Clean Seed ... 10 90 75 40 4 50 4 25 66 vulgaris, Common Barberry 10 80 65 " purpurea, Purple Barberry 20 1 60 1 45 Betula alba, European White Birch 1 10 90 10 15 1 50 1 30 papyracea, Paper 1 25 1 35 15 " 15 1 60 1 40 populifolia, Poplar 10 90 75 rubra, Red (Ready in July) 1 25 15 1 10 Callicarpa Americana 75 60 10 10 1 25 1 00 purpurea Calycanthus floridus laevigatus, Sweet Shrub ... 10 65 50 occidentalis, Western " ... 20 2 10 1 90 Caragana arborescens, Siberian Pea 10 1 00 80 .. 1 25 16 00 Carpenteria California Carpinus Americana, Hornbeam, Clean Seed 10 75 65 Betulus, European " 90 75 10 Shellbark Hickory per bu., \$4.25 12 Cary alba, " amara, Bitter-nut " "
olivaeformis, Pecan-nut " 3.7510 66 11.00 30 " porcina, Pig-nut "
" sulcata, West'n Shellbk " 44 12 4.00 46 12 4.00 " tomentosa, White 3.25 10 Cassia Marilandica, Wild Senna 1 35 1 25 15 Catalpa bignonioides, Eastern Catalpa 75 10 90 speciosa, Western Catalpa. This is the true forest tree, speciosa, guaranteed true to name 15 1 10 1 00 Ceanothus Americanus, Clean Seed 20 2 65 2 50 85 12 00 divaricatus 20 2 00 1 75 thyrsiflorus 3 50 3 25 integerrimus 30 Celtis occidentalis, Nettle Tree 65 50 10 Cephalanthus occidentalis 10 50 40 Cercis Canadensis, Judas Tree 10 65 50 Chilopsis linearis 15 1 65 1 50 Chionanthus Virginica, White Fringe 10 1 00 85 1 35 1 25 Citrus trifoliata, Hardy Orange 15 Cladrastis tinctoria, Virgilia 20 2 50 2 35 Clethra alnifolia, Sweet Pepper Bush 10 1 00 85 Colutea arborescens 10 85 75

		of a	antities 10 lbs. nd over
	Per oz.	Per lb.	Per lb.
Cornus alternifolia, Blue-berried Dogwood	\$ 10	\$ 85	\$ 65
" circinata	15	1 65	1 40
" florida, Large White Dogwood Berries	10	40	30
" Mas, Cornelian Cherry	10	1 00	90
" Nuttalli, Pacific Coast Dogwood	15	1 25	1 10
Cornus paniculata	10	75	60
" sericea, Silky Dogwood	10	75	65
" stricta	10	1 00	90
Corylus Americana, Hazel Nut	10	50	45
" rostrata	10	1 50	1 35
Crataegus coccinea, White Thorn, berries	10	60	45
" cordata, Washington " "	10	60	45
" crus-galli, Cockspur " "	10	60	50
" oxycantha, English Thorn, Clean Seed	10	85	65
Cydonia Japonica	30	2 75	265
Cyrilla racemoflora	10	1 00	90
Cytisus Scoparius, Scotch Broom	10	50	40
Diospyros Virginiana, Persimmon, Clean Seed	10	50	40
Dirca palustris	25	250	2 25
Eleagnus angustifolia, Clean Seed	15	1 25	1 15
" longipes	15	1 25	1 10
" parvifolia	15	1 25	1 00
" umbellatus	15	150	1 35
Euonymus Americanus, Burning Bush	10	1 00	90
" atropurpureus, " "	15	1 25	1 15
" bungeanus	15	1 50	1 35
" Europeus	10	1 00	85
Exochorda grandiflora	20	1 85	1 65
Fagus ferruginea, American Beech	10	60	50
" sylvatica, European "	10	60	50
" purpurea, Blood-leaved	10	90	80
Fraxinus Americana, White Ash	10	50	40
" Arizonica	15	1 50	1 40
" excelsior, European "	10	60	50
" Oregona	15	1 50	1 40
" Ornus, Flowering "	15	75	60
" pubescens, Red "	15	1 15	1 00
" quadrangulata, Blue "	15	1 50	1 40
" sambucifolia, Black "	10	1 00	90
" viridis, Green "	10	50	35
Fremontia California	70	8 00	7 50
Garrya elliptica	50	5 25	5 00
Gaylussacia resinosa, Huckleberry	15	1 75	1 65
Genista tinctoria	15	1 50	1 45
Gleditschia triacanthos, Honey Locust	10	50	40
Gymnocladus Canadensis, Kentucky Coffee	10	60	45
Halesia diptera, Snowdrop Tree	15	1 50	1 30
" tetraptera " "	10	90	75
Hamamelis Virginica, Witch Hazel	10	90	80
Hibiscus Syriacus, Althaea	10	90	75

Tilder.		of	antities 10 lbs. nd over
Hippophaea rhamnoides, Sea Buckthorn	Per oz. \$ 15	Per lb.	
Hydrangea arborescens	15	\$1 35 1 65	\$1 20 1 50
Hypericum aureum	20	2 25	2 00
" densiflorum	20	2 00	1 75
" prolificum	15	1 75	1 60
Ilex decidua	10	85	75
" monticola	15	1 25	1 10
Itea Virginica	15	2 00	1 75
Juglans cinerea, Butternut per bushel, \$2.50 "Californica" "10.00		10	
" Californica " " 10.00		35	
Higia, Black Walliut 2.20	4 0	10	
" regia, English " " 8.50	10	40	35
Koelreuteria paniculata, Varnish Tree	10	25	0.0
Larix, Americana	10 1 00	$\frac{90}{1250}$	$\begin{array}{c} 80 \\ 12 \ 00 \end{array}$
" Europaea, European Larch	15	1 75	1 60
" leptolepsis, Japanese "	30	3 00	2 75
" occidentalis, Western "		17 50	17 00
Laburnum vulgare	10	75	65
Lindera Benzoin, Spice Bush	10	75	60
Lagerstroemia Indica	40	4 50	4 25
Ligustrum Ibota	10	45	35
" vulgare	10	60	50
Liquidambar styraciflua, Sweet Gum	15	1 85	1 75
Liriodendron tulipfera, Tulip Tree	10	70	60
Lonicera Tartarica, Clean Seed	20	2 00	1 80
Maclura aurantiaca, Osage Orange	10	60	50
Magnolia acuminata	10	1 00	90
" Fraseri	20	2 10	1 90 85
" glauca, Sweet Bay " grandiflora, Evergreen	10 10	1 00	90
" macrophylla	10	1 25	1 15
" tripetala	10	1 00	85
Melia umbraculiformis, China Tree	10	65	50
Morus alba, White Mulberry	10	1 25	1 10
" rubra	15	1 60	1 50
" tatarica, Russian "	20	1 75	1 60
Myrica Californica, Wax Myrtle	25	2 25	2 10
" cerifera " "	10	65	50
Negundo aceroides, Ash-leaved Maple (Western)	10	50	40
Nyssa aquatica, Sour Gum	10	75	65
mutinora	10 10	60 75	50 60
" uniflora, Tupelo, Sour Gum	10	1 10	1 00
Oxydendrum arboreum (Andromeda)	25	2 00	1 85
Parkinsonia aculeata	15	1 50	1 35
"Torreyana	15	2 50	2 35
Paulownia imperialis, Empress Tree	10	1 10	1 00
Platanus occidentalis, American Plane	10	60	50
" orientalis, Oriental "	10	75	60
" Wrightii	10	2 00	1 75
TT	1 70	1 7	

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs	3—Cor		
		Qua	antities
			10 lbs. ind over
	Per oz.	Per Ib.	
Prinos verticillatus, Deciduous Holly		\$ 75	\$ 65
Prosopis pubescens, pods, Tornio Bean	20	2 00	1 90
" juliflora, pods, Mesquite Bean	20	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{00}$	1 90
Prunus Americana, Wild Plum		85	75
" maritima, Beach "	25	2 10	2 00
" serotina, Clean Stones	10	40	30
Dtales trifolists Hen Tree	10	45	35
Ptelea trifoliata, Hop Tree			
Pyrus Americana, American Mountain Ash	15	1 40	1 30
zacupura, =u.opou.	10	75	60
arbutilona	10	60	50
Quercus alba, White Oak. per bu., \$4.50		20	
" agrifolia " " 22.50	10	60	
" aquatica " " 8.00		25	
" bicolor, Meadow " " 4.50		20	
" Catesbaei " " 8.00		25	
" Cerris, Turkey "" " 8.00		25	
" chrysolepis " " 25.00		70	
" cinera, Upland Willow Oak " " 9.00		30	
" coccinea, Scarlet Oak " " 5.50		20	
" falcata, Spanish " " " 6.50		20	
" Garryana " " 35.00		85	
•		25	
menona, oci ab		$\frac{25}{25}$	
1111011011111, 200.01		49	
lauriiolia, Southern Laurei		00	
Oak 9.00		30	
iyrata 5.00		20	
" Michauxii " " 4.50		20	
" macrocarpa, Burr Oak " " 5.00		20	
" nigra, Black Jack " " " 7.00		25	
" obtusiloba, Post " " " 6.00		20	
" palustris, Pin " " " 7.00		25	
" Phellos, Willow " " 8.00		25	
" Prinus, Chestnut " " " 4.00		15	
" Robur, English " " " 5.00		20	
" rubra, Red " " 3.75		15	
" Texana " " 8.00		25	
"tinctoria, Black "" "5.25		20	
tilictoria, black 5.25	10	75	65
Rhamnus Caroliana, Buckthorn	10	75	65
3.00.000		65	
1 1 angula	10		50
Purschiana	20	2 25	2 10
Rhodotyphus, Kerroides	10	85	75
Rhus aromatica	15	1 25	1 15
" copallina, Shining Sumach	10	45	35
" Cotinus, Mist Bush	15	1 65	1 50
" glabra, Smooth Sumach	10	40	30
" typhina, Stag's Horn Sumach	10	40	30
Ribes sanguineum, Flowering Currant	25	2 50	2 35
Robinia hispida,	50	5 00	4 75
" pseud-acacia, Yellow or Black Locust	10	60	45
Romneya Coulteri	80	10 00	9 50
****	/ D	1 5	, ,

			antities f 10 lbs.
			and over
		Per lb	. Per lb.
Rosa blanda	\$ 10	\$ 75	\$ 65
" Canina	10	90	75
" Carolina	10	90	75
numms	10	90	75
luciua	10	90	75
rubiginosa	10	75	60
rugosa, Clean Seed	15	1 10	1 00
setigera, berries, wild Rose	10	80	75
Salisburia adiantifolia, Ginkgo	10	75	60
Sambucus Canadensis, Elder, Clean Seed	10	1 25	1 10 60
Sassafras officinale	$\frac{10}{35}$	75 3 25	3 00
Shepherdia argentia	10	3 23 85	65
	$\frac{10}{25}$	3 50	3 25
Spirea opulifolia, Clean Seed	10	1 00	90
Staphylea trifolia, Bladder-nut	20	2 00	1 75
Styrax Americana	15	1 50	1 40
Syringa villosa, Chinese Lilac	20	2 00	1 75
" vulgaris, Common Lilac, Clean Seed	25	2 25	2 00
Taxodium distichum, Deciduous Cypress	10	75	60
Tilia Amaricana, American Linden	10	65	55
" Europae, European "	10	75	65
Ulmus Americana, American Elm (In Mayonly)	10	65	55
" campestre, European	10	65	55
" fulva, Slippery " "	15	1 50	1 40
" montana, Scotch	10	85	75
Vaccinium arboreum, Bush Huckleberry	15	1 75	1 60
" corymbosum " "	15	1 75	1 60
" macrocarpon, Cranberry, clean seed	3 00		
" Pennsylvanicum, Huckleberry		1 75	1 60
" stamineum	10	1 40	1 35
Viburnum acerifolium	10	50	35
" cassinoides	10	90	75
" dentatum	10	65	50
" Lantana	10	75	60
" Lentago	10	85	75
nuaum	10	85	70
Oxycoccos	10	90	80
" prunifolium	10	50	40
Wines and Climber	~		
Vines and Climber			
Ampelopsis Veitchii, Japan Creeper, Clean Seed		\$1 50	\$1 35
" Virginica, Virginia "		85	75
Celastrus Articulatus	10	1 00	95
" scandens, Staff Vine	10	85	75
Clematis flammula, Sweet Clematis	15	1 15	1 00
coccinea, Scarlet Clematis	75	9 25	9 00
paniculata, Japanese Clematis	20	1 85	1 75
viiginiana	25	3 00 1 00	2 75 75
" vitalba, English Clematis	10	1 00	19

Vines and Climbers-Continued

			Quantit of 10 1 and o	bs.
	Per oz.	Per 1	b. Per	Ib.
Hedera Helix, Ivy	\$ 10	\$ 78	5 \$	60
Menispermum Canadense, Moon Seed	15	1 3	5 1	20
Passiflora incarnata, Passion Flower	15	1 50) 1	35
Smilax glauca	10	1 00	0	90
" hispida	15	1 50) 1	35
" laurifolia	10	90)	80
" rotundifolia	10	90)	80
" tamnoides	15	1 78	5 1	60
" Walteri	10	1 00)	90
Tecoma radicans, Trumpet Vine	10	90)	80
Vitis. See Fruits.				
Wistaria frutescens	20	2 00		90
" magnifica	20	1 78	5 1	60
" sinensis	20	1 78	5 1	60
Fruits				
Annie Eronek Crok Write for Drices	10	50	-	
Apple, French Crab, Write for Prices	10	6(
per bu.				
Chestnut, American, \$8.00 per bu	05	20	-	
Grape, Vitis aestivalis	15	1 50		•
" cordifolia	15	1 3	_	
" " labrusca	15	1 40		
" "riparia	15	1 50		
" rotundifolia	15	1 68		50
Peach pits. Natural, per bu., \$2.25		10)	
Pear, French. Write for prices.				
Pear, Japan	15	2 25		
Pear, Kieffer, 100 lb. at \$2.25 per lb	25	2 75		50
Quince	20	1 75	,	
Myrobolan Plum \$15.00 per bu., 5 bus @ \$14.50				
per bu.	10	45	,	

All orders will receive my best attention, and packing for shipment will receive special care and seeds will be packed in a manner that will permit their reaching destination in perfect order.

Thomas J. Lane

TREE SEEDSMAN

Dresher, - - Penna.

August 15th, 1916.