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S. Department of Agriculture.

OZARK NURSERY CO.

FALL 1918 SPRING 1919 TAHLEQUAH BEN DAVIS Manager OKLAHOMA

OZARK FRUITS

FOR OKLAHOMA AND SOUTHWEST PLANTERS

As a baredoor how up an acp of the Ozark Mountains in the heart of the world's greatest apply helf. I belan to study apples. I also began to take interest in peaches too when I was a veun2ster. I could name more sorts of apples about the time I became a voter than any other man in my home state. Arkansas. But of the 150 sameties I have seen in hearing 20 kinds were as many as I would class as payring kinds.

As my name. Bun bayis implies, I came from an old nursery family. My Lather G. C. Tayis was a pioneer nurseryman and orchardist of Arkansas. After 15c Civil War he established a nursery at Bentonville, Ark, and made Benton County Ark—the great fruit country it is today. I, of course, learned a lot from father on his 300-acre orchard. At 16, I started in for myself, a little early, perhaps, but the hard knocks Lgot did me more good than harm.

So when I came to Oklahoma about the time she got her statehood to start the Ozark Nursery Company, I brought with the carefully selected varieties that are most successful in Oklahoma and in the Southwest generally. In case of new varieties, I am slow to take them up, as I have seen so many failures. So I am not carrying a lot of specialties and am not charging more for any particular variety.

I would rather not sell you any stock at all than to have you buy anything I offer and not feel after it began to grow you got the best of the bargain. So I want to impress upon you that there is much more to the adoption of certain varieties to certain soils and climates than most folks realize. In fact, but few have a correct conception of that point in planting orchards and that alone accounts for more failures in orchards than any other one thing.

I must close now - 1 don't want to bore you. Write me your orchard's problems and experiences, and it I can help you any way by offering you suggestions, you can bet your bottom dollar—whether you even mail me an order or not.

BEN DAVIS.

Mgr., Ozark Nurséry Co., Tahlequah, Okla.

References: First National Bank, First State Bank, any business house in Tablequal.

Certificate of Nursery Inspection

Office of

Oklahoma State Board of Agriculture Oklahoma City, Okla.

August 30, 1918.

This is to certify, that in accordance with Senate Bill No. 342 of the session laws of 1914-1915 the Nursery Stock now growing for sale by Ozark Nursery Company, Tahlequah, Okla., has been inspected by a duly authorized Inspector, and tound to be apparently free from dangerously injurious inspects and plant diseases.

Invalid after October 1, 1919.

OTIS WADE.

State Inspector.

Countersigned: F. M. GAULT, President State Board of Agriculture.

To our Friends and Customers

We have been for some years conducting our business along lines of a saving to our customers, by selling direct to them through the mail, thereby cutting out the agents' and dealers' profits.

This is a day of mail order business, it has been passing from the traveling salesman hands along all lines for some years, and we realize more fully each year that we are working along the right road to give entire satisfaction to our customers, besides saving for them a great deal of the money that they would otherwise give to tree peddlers.

We want to thank all who have been our customers in the past for your patronage, and feel that we are justified in encouraging new ones to give us their orders in our line.

TERMS

We require the cash with every order.

All stock will be packed carefully free of cost.

We pay the freight or express on all orders of \$10.00 or more.

In ordering by mail be sure you allow for the postage.

We guarantee all stock to arrive at your station in good condition, and will replace any that does not, provided you make complaint at once.

We exercise the greatest care to keep our varieties pure and true to name, and hold ourselves in readiness at all times to replace, on proper proof, all stock that may prove otherwise or refund the amount paid, but it is mutally agreed between the purchaser and ourselves that we shall not at any time be liable for any amount greater than the original price.

Our references are the First State Bank or the First National Bank, both of Tahlequah, Okla.

SUGGESTIONS TO PLANTERS

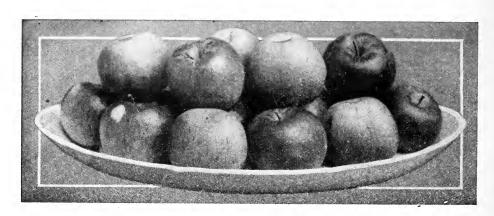
Never buy trees of a traveling agent. As a rule they are not trustworthy, and will charge you from two to ten times what the tree is really worth.

Order early. By so doing you will be able to get your order filled complete, as some of the varieties become exhausted before the season is over.

As soon as the trees are received unpack them and cut all string around the roots, so as to let them spread out, and heal in well pulverized soil, after which wet down with plenty of water.

Dig your holes deeper and wider than it takes to hold the roots, and fill in with loose top soil, plant the tree a little deeper than they were in the nursery row, water well when planted, and cover with dry dirt. Don't allow the roots to dry in the wind or sun. After the tree is planted cut it back. If a 1-year-old tree cut back to where you would have it head out, if 2-year-old to about 5 to 6 buds on each of its branches. About 4 branches is enough to make the head of the tree; remove any others entirely.

Remember that the deeper and better you work the whole surface of your newly planted orchard the more water it will take up in the winter and spring rains, therefore retaining moisture longer through the drought of summer, and may mean the life or death of the young trees. The entire surface should be kept well worked the entire year and not just around the base of the tree.



APPLES

Varieties that do best in Oklahoma

The apple is the first fruit both in importance and general culture. The earliest varieties ripen the first of June and are followed by other varieties which continue to ripen all fall until winter, the late keepers lasting until the next June, thereby covering the entire year.

We grow all the varieties in this book, but it is not advisable to plant too many kinds, and we have marked such varieties as do best in Oklahoma thus (*), and if you plant some of each of these you will be able to have apples the whole year.

SUMMER VARIETIES

*EARLY MAY. Earliest of all. Sometimes called Yellow June. Pale waxen yellow, beautiful, quality excellent, an early and annual bearer, looks something like the Early Harvest, but is somewhat smaller. Tree is an upright, symmetrical grower, and needs very little pruning. It is perfectly hardy.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. One of the earliest apples. Fruit is medium large, smooth, transparent. Skin is clear white, turning pale yellow when ripe. Flesh white, fine grained, aromatic, and of splendid quality. Tree is vigorous, good bearer. Two-year-old trees frequently produce fruit. Succeeds well on thin soils. Ripens in early August. Its hardiness, vigor and early bearing commend it to planters.

RED JUNE. Medium size, flesh white, tender, juicy, sub-acid; an abundant bearer; last of June. Tree moderately hardy.

*EARLY HARVEST. Medium to large, roundish, bright straw color; flesh white, tender, juicy, crisp, with rich sub-acid flavor; tree moderately vigorous and productive. First of July.

*RED ASTRACHAN. Large, roundish, nearly covered with deep crimson, overspread with deep bloom; juicy, rich and beautiful; a moderate bearer; tree upright, spreading. July.

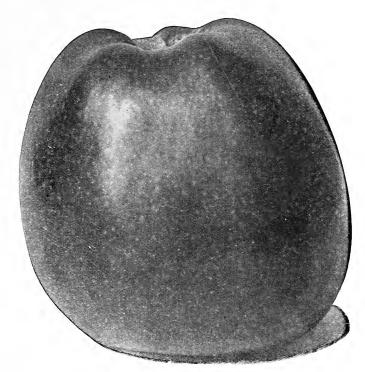
*SUMMER QUEEN. Extra large, yellow with stripes. An abundant bearer. This tree does fine in Oklahoma, and bears early.

SWEET BOUGH. Big, pale, yellow, popular, and high quality. A good early mark-ket variety.

*HORSE. Large, yellow, especially good for kitchen use.

MAIDEN BLUSH. Rather large, oblate, sometimes ribbed, with a fine, evenly shaded red cheek or blush on a clear, pale yellow ground; flesh white, tender, sprightly, with a splendid sub-acid flavor. This variety has been underestimated. A good annual bearer, August and September.

FALL VARIETIES



DELICIOUS

*RAMBO. Large, flat striped, excellent quality. A good bearer in Oklahoma.

FLORENCE. I know this apple thoroughly—from its origin to the present day. I brought it to Oklahoma and introduced it, and can highly recommend it from own personal experience with it as a commercial variety.

ROME BEAUTY. A well-known commercial apple that is planted in all sections, and is popular everywhere. The fruit is large, red striped and the flesh crisp and juicy. The tree is thoroughly dependable.

JONATHAN. Medium; red, beautiful, best quality; tree is slender. An early and abundant bearer; moderately hardy. October to February.

*COLLINS RED (Champion). Bright red, medium size, good keeper, good bearer, a market variety.

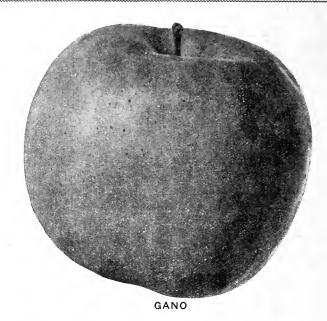
*GRIMES (Grimes Golden). An apple of the highest quality, equal to the Newton; medium to large size; yellow, productive. November to December.

WINTER APPLES

MISSOURI PIPPIN. Red with stripes and small white dots, pretty, a good bearer in Oklahoma. Trees bear big crops and usually require thinning.

DELICIOUS. Crisp, very juicy, good keeper. Cooks easily and requires no sugar. It is an "all-purpose" apple. A king commercially. Fine for dessert. A good cooking apple. Personally, I do not believe this apple is especially good for Oklahoma, as those I have seen here in bearing have shown a desire for more moisture.

BEN DAVIS. Large, red striped; white flesh; tree thrifty, upright in growth and almost perfect shape. It has made more money for American orchardists than any other sort. Of course, having the same name as my own, I naturally think well of it.



*GANO (Reagan, Black Ben Davis). Supposed to be a cross between Ben Davis and Jonathan; bright red, no stripes, polished beautifully, oblong, tapering, surface smooth, good. Flesh firm, sub-acid; hardy; upright grower; tree resembles Ben Davis. This is the coming market apple, as its heavy annual crops of large, red, showy apples will render it very profitable.

*BLACK BEN DAVIS. Of the Ben Davis family—a big, red apple, hardy and good for market. I recommend it especially for Oklahoma orchards.

YORK IMPERIAL. A fine bearer, red and, and a profitable market apple.

STAYMAN'S WINESAP. Dark, rich red, with rather indistinct striping. Larger than the old Winesap and juicier. Tree productive. Resists drought. Thrives in thin soils where old Winesap would soon starve.

WINESAP. Medium, dark red, sub-acid, excellent, moderate bearer; a favorite family variety in the West; vigorous and hardy. November to April. A good one for Oklahoma.

*MAMMOTH BLACKTWIG. Extra large, flat shaped, dark red, good quality, good market apple, keeps all winter. Especially good for Oklahoma.

ARKANSAS BLACK. Good color, keeps well, bears light. Flesh deep yellow and very rich.

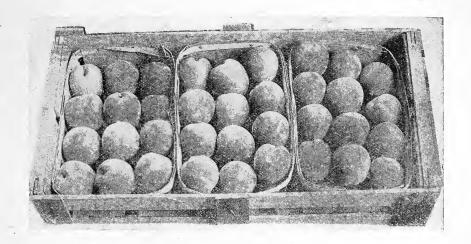
*COFFELT. A large striped apple, keeps all winter, much better than the old Limbertwig.

*INGRAM. A late winter variety, small striped apple, extra good flavor. Keeps all winter. Seedling of Janet. Hardy. Good bearer.

PRICES OF APPLE TREES

	Each.	Ten.	Hundred.
2-year-old 5 to 7 ft. extra fine trees	\$0.25	\$2.30	\$21.00
2-year-old 4 to 6 ft. first class trees	20	1.80	16.00
2-year-old 3 to 4 ft. small trees	16	1.40	12.00
1-year-old 3 to 4 ft. fine trees	18	1.60	14.00
1-vear-old 2 to 3 ft. good trees	12	1.00	8.00

It pays to buy the largest trees of a given age, for instance a 3 to 4 ft 1-year-old apple tree is much more desirable and will make a much more rapid growth and a better orchard than a 3 to 4 ft. 2-year-old apple tree, for the reason that it has developed the strength of character in the nursery row, while the small 2-year-old has shown a weakness and fallen behind its associates.



PEACHES

Kinds that do best in Oklahoma

Peaches are a great fruit in Oklahoma, regardless of what many say. They should be planted on well drained high land. By well drained, we mean both water and air. Peach trees will not stand wet feet, nor will the fruit buds withstand the frost if planted in a low valley or natural basin. They should be planted on elevated places. Twenty feet will often mean the difference between a full crop and failure.

Every one should have a few peach trees. There is nothing that takes their place as a canned fruit for the pantry. Every housewife desires an abundance of canned peaches, but the commercial planting should be left to those who have the right locations, in which case there is no better paying crop of fruit.

MAYFLOWER. A leader among early peaches. Red all over. A fancy price product and in great demand.

ALEXANDER. Early, medium to large, handsome and regular in form, with deep maroon shade, covered with the richest tint of crimson; fair in quality, with a vinous flavor; adheres to the stone; should remain on the train until fully ripe.

EARLY WHEELER. Early—as its name implies, and a variety that does well in Oklahoma—one that pays liberal dividends.

RED BIRD CLING. An extra early market peach that ripens nearly 6 weeks before Elberta. Large size, good shipper, profitable and dependable.

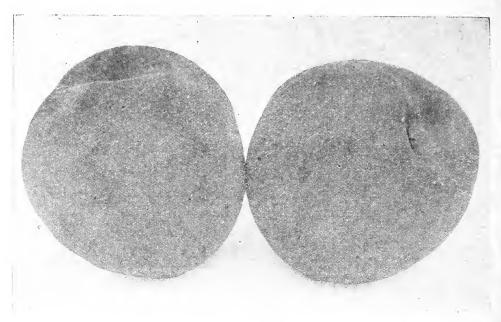
ARP BEAUTY. Earliest ripening commercial yellow peach. Hardy, vigorous. Good shipper. Ripens 6 weeks before Elberta. The very best quality of all the early ones.

MAMIE ROSS. It succeeds in Oklahoma. Is hardy, productive, ripens months before Elberta. Bears third to fourth years.

CARMAN. One of the best and hardiest early commercial peaches. Large size, good quality. Ships well. Ripens nearly a month before Elberta.

SLAPPY. Thrifty grower, very hard and prolific. Excellent flavor, good keeper. Freestone.

J. H. HALE. Fruit medium size, skin clean, smooth, delicately marbled with bright and dark red on the sunny side; flesh very melting, juicy and high flavored. July 20 to August 1.



Crawford Early

BELLE OF GEORGIA. Leading white peach for home and commercial planting of high quality. Hardy, good looker, fine shipper, ripens week to 10 days ahead of Elberta. CHAMPION. Originated in Illinois; fruit is large, beautiful in appearance; flavor delicious, sweet, rich and juicy; skin is creamy white, with red cheek, becoming quite red when ripe. Freestone; season middle of August. Tree vigorous. One of the very hardiest and best varieties for Nebraska. The peach to plant any place where it must withstand cold weather.

ELBERTA. Large yellow, with red cheeks; excellent quality; flesh yellow and melting; freestone; not so hardy as above.

CHINESE CLING. Large, transparent, cream color skin, with marble of red next the sun; flesh creamy white, very juicy and melting.

CRAWFORD EARLY. A large, oblong, red-cheeked, yellow peach. A juicy, excellent freestone variety that is planted largely for dessert and market. Tree wonderfully productive and fairly hardy.

LEMON CLING. Large, pale yellow, red cheek, productive and fairly hardy. September. INDIAN BLOOD CLING. Large size, color dark claret, with veins downy, flesh deep red, very juicy, fine flavor. Tree a regular grower. September.

STUMP THE WORLD. Large, nearly round, color blush red on creamy white ground. One of the finest mid-summer freestone peaches.

SALWAY. Large, late, yellow freestone, of English origin, very productive. Growing more and more popular with orchardists.

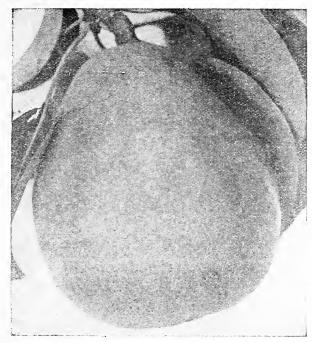
HEALTH CLING. Large, oblong, creamy white, slightly tinged with red on the sun, very tender, juicy, melting, very rich and lucious.

MAMMOTH CLING. Resembles Health Cling, but double its size. Originated in Southern Missouri.

KRUMMEL. Latest ripening yellow peach. One of the best varieties. Ripens 5 weeks after Elberta. Hardy. Good quality and ships well.

PRICES OF PEACH TREES

Eac	h. Ten.	Hundred.
2 to 3 ft. high, small\$0.3	3 \$1.10	\$10.00
3 to 4 ft. high, medium		15.00
4 to 5 ft., large trees	25 2.00	17.50



Dwarf Duchess

PEARS

4 Selected Varieties for Oklahoma

Certain carefully selected varieties of pears—the one fruit that is improved by packing before it is fully ripe, and allowing to ripen in a cool, dark place—like the apple thrives in Oklahoma. There is a great future in growing pears. Markets pay for quality as well as looks. Pears are easily grown and are profitable, and desirable in the garden for home use. It is the most lucious fruit.

DWARF DUCHES. Largest of good commercial pears. White flesh, rich, high quality. Thrives only as dwarf. Tree hardy, vigorous, upright. Bears third year.

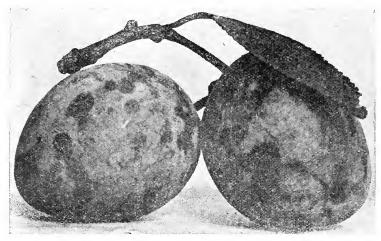
KIEFFER. Raised from seed of the Chinese Sand Pear, accidentally crossed with the Bartlett or some other kind grown near it. Tree has large, dark green glossy leaves, and is of itself very ornamental; an early and annual bearer; the fruit is showy and valuable for the table and market, and never rots at the core, and is as nearly blight-proof as is possible. October and November.

SECKEL. Small, but of the highest flavor; a standard of excellence; a slow grower but bears early. Ripens last of August. Productive.

GARBER. A very large pear, yellow as an orange, white flesh that is juicy and pleasant. Planted largely throughout the United States as a pollenizer for Keiffer. September.

PRICES OF PEAR TREES

	Each.	Ten.	Hundred.
3 to 4 feet high	\$0.30	\$2.75	\$25.00
4 to 5 feet high	40	3.50	30.00



Burbank

PLUMS

Standard Varieties

PLUMS—A fruit which can be grown anywhere—being the best canning and drying fruit grown, and being fine for jellies, preserves, marmalades. We recommend the following 6 carefully selected varieties.

RED JUNE. Good size, garnet red and slightly mottled with thin bloom. Tree is large, vigorous, hardy and productive. Ripens just ahead of Abundance. July and August.

BURBANK. Large, nearly round, cherry red, with thin lilac bloom; flesh deep yellow, very sweet, of good quality; very handsome; about three weeks later than Abundance. Tree vigorous and early bearer.

ABUNDANCE. Large, oblong, showy; bright red fruit, with a heavy bloom; flesh orange yellow, sweet, juicy. Tree is strong, handsome, thrifty grower. Bears young. Best known and most popular kind.

DAMSON. Largest, late fruit, fine for dessert and preserving. Rich, sweet flavor. Tree large, hardy, abundant bearer, year in and year out.

WILD GOOSE. The earliest good plum; large bright red, with purplish bloom, a very good grower; bears early and abundantly; sweet and of very good quality. July.

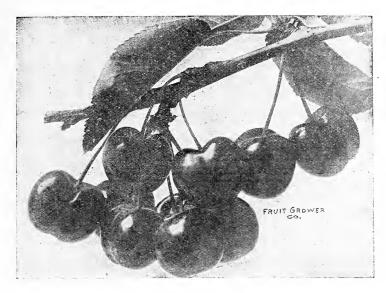
GOLD BEAUTY. A large variety in a rich yellow. Flesh is very firm and sweet. A variety that is always in big demand.

·	Each.	${ m Ten.}$	Hundred.
4 to 5 ft. trees	\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft. trees	.35	3.00	25.00
2 to 3 ft. trees	.25	2.25	20.00

COMPASS CHERRY OR CHERRY-PLUM

*COMPASS CHERRY-PLUM. Originated at Springfield, Minnesota, by M. H. Knudson, through scientific hybridization by applying pollen of the English Morello Cherry and Miner Plum to the blossom of the Sand Cherry (Prunus Besseyii). It is absolutely hardy, wonderfully prolific, frequently producing fruit on young trees in nursery row. In shape, size and coloring of the fruit the characteristics of the plum and cherry are about divided.

	Each.	$\mathbf{Ten.}$	Hundred.
3 to 4 ft	.\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00
2 to 3 ft	35	3.00	25.00



Montmorency

CHERRIES

Choice Varieties for Oklahoma

CHERRIES. The most profitable and small fruit—are profitable fillers in the apple orchard. Plant cherries. The demand for this fruit has never been supplied.

EARLY RICHMOND. The most widely planted early cherry. Tree strong and thrifty and grows very large. Fruit is medium size, dark red, and is popular with housewives everywhere. Its sprightly acidity makes it ideal for cooking. Last of May and first of June.

MONTMORENCY. Large, red; acid; larger than Early Richmond and ten days later; prolific and perfectly hardy and indispensable in the higher altitudes. Quality the very best. This variety should not be overlooked.

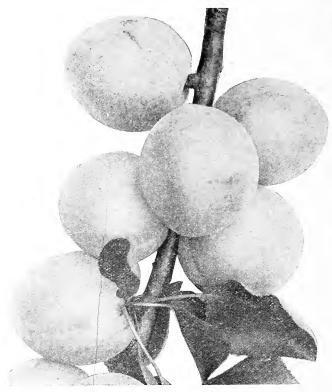
ENGLISH MORELLO. The tree is a young and hardy bearer. Ripens after Montmorency, and is being planted by commercial cherry growers in order to lengthen the selling season. It is a dark red, juicy and pleasantly sub-acid when fully ripe. July. GOVERNOR WOOD. Large, bright yellow cherry, blushed with bright red; juicy, rich flesh, very sweet. Tree is thoroughly dependable wherever sweet cherries will grow. Last of June.

WRAGG. Of the English Morello type and similar, yet many orchardists consider it superior. It is being planted largely, especially in Colorado, where great orchards of them are being grown. Originated in Iowa, and is also being widely planted throughout the North. Fruit is of medium to large in size, dark red when fully ripe, long stem and is a good shipper. No late cherry is more valuable.

WINDSOR. Large, dull red, almost liver colored. Flesh is remarkably firm and sweet, and is of fine quality. One of the hardiest of all the sweet cherries, largely planted in the Central West and in the East. Last of June.

PRICES OF CHERRY TREES

	Each.	Ten.	Hundred.
4 to 5 ft. trees	\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft. trees	30	3.00	25.00
2 to 3 ft. trees	25	2.25	20.00



Moorpark

APRICOTS

Varieties Adopted to Oklahoma

APRICOTS. One of the most lucious fruits grown; often succeed where peaches fail. The tree is hardy. Apricots are always in demand, and are suitable for home use.

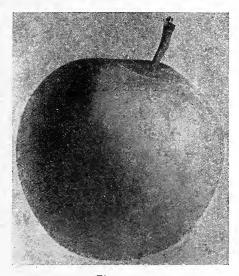
EARLY GOLDEN. Small, round, pale orange, flesh juicy, sweet, parting readily from the pit. Tree is hardy and productive and ripens first of July.

MOORPARK. One of the largest and finest apricots. Orange yellow with red cheek, sweet, rich flesh, plenty of juice. In all apricot regions Moorpark is planted by the thousands. Probably the most popular known sort. We offer a good stock of this variety.

PRICES OF APRICOT TREES

	Each.	Ten.	Hundred.
3 to 4 ft. tree	\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00

Russian, 10 cents per tree less than the others and more adopted to the Oklahoma country.



Florence

CRABAPPLES

3 Choice Kinds

More and more attention is being given each year to crabapples because of its adaptability to sections where only a few varieties of apples can be successfully grown. Whether planted for home use or the market, they are equally worth while-TRANSCENDENT. Yellow, striped with red; good eating; fine for preserving or pickling; good for cooking; makes good cider; immensely productive, very early bearer. Blights to death in Nebraska.

*FLORENCE. Fruit waxen, yellow and red, medium size, very handsome and good quality. Tree perfectly hardy; is an early and annual bearer. We consider it one of

the very best varieties.

HYSLOP. A moderate grower, making a beautiful shaped and thrifty tree; bears young; fruit large, nearly round, flattened at the ends; skin smooth, color dark rich red on yellow ground; flavor very good.

PRICES OF CRABAPPLE TREES

	Each.	Ten.	Hundred.
4 to 6 ft	\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00
3 to 4 ft	30	2.50	20.00

QUINCE

2 Popular Varieties

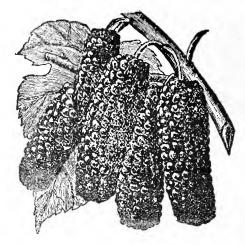
The quince, besides being easy to grow, is also profitable, for it is a good shipper and stands handling well. The future market of this fruit is also good.

ORANGE. Big, fine, golden-colored, of roundish shape. Choicest fruit for flavoring, jellies and baking. Keeps till January or February under favorable conditions. Tree moderately vigorous, very productive. Bears second or third year.

CHAMPION. Delicate flavor. Large size. Abundant bearer while young. Flesh cooks as tender as an apple, and without hard spots and cores.

PRICES OF QUINCE TREES

	Each.	Ten.
4 to 5 ft. high	.\$0.40	\$3.50



Russian

MULBERRIES

Russian and Hicks

RUSSIAN. Valuable for hedges and windbreaks around orchards and fruit plantations, as it bears every year, ripening constantly nearly all summer, thus feeding the birds. A necessity. Makes rapid growth and is considered very good for posts.

HICKS. Black and fine. Continues in bearing 4 months.

PRICES OF MULBERRY TREES

	${f Each.}$	Ten.
Russian	.\$0.35	\$3.00
Hicks	40	\$4.00

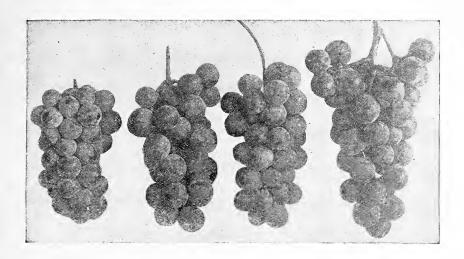
NECTARINES

Succeeds where Peaches do

This is the most beautiful of fruits—succeeds wherever peach does, provided the same care is adapted as for the plum. A superb dessert fruit. The best variety of the Boston.

PRICES OF NECTARINE TREES

			Each.	Ten.
3 to	4	ft	 \$0.35	\$3.00



GRAPES

Are at Home in Oklahoma

There is scarcely a yard so small in either city or country that room for at least a few grape vines cannot be found to furnish an abundance for the many family uses.

*CONCORD. Bunches large, berries large, round; skin thick and covered with bloom; flesh juicy, sweet. Vine very hardy, vigorous and productive; at present the most popular of all our native sorts.

CHAMPION. Black. Bunch; medium to large; skin, thick; flesh juicy, somewhat pulpy, with foxy flavor; vine rank, vigorous grower. Early and popular.

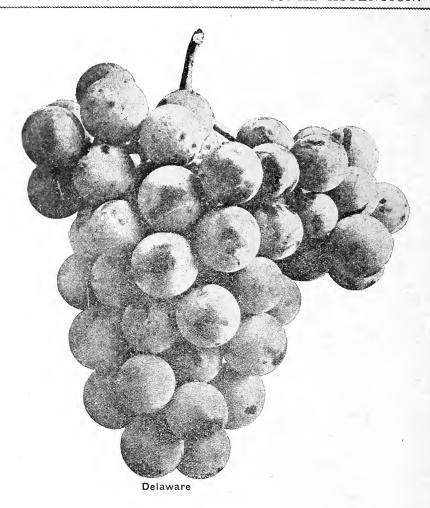
*WORDEN. This variety is a seedling of Concord, which it greatly resembles in appearance and flavor, but the berries are larger, the fruit is better flavored and ripens several days earlier.

IVES' SEEDLING. Variety black. Bunch long, medium to large, compact; berries medium; skin thick and touch; flesh sweet, pulpy, rather foxy, colors early. Matures later.

NIAGARA. Clusters large and handsome, compactly filled with large berries, having a thin tough skin. When fully ripe they are a fine yellow, with a thin white bloom, and the foxy aroma of an earlier stage has almost disappeared. Vine is fairly vigorous and productive. Ripens with Concord.

CATAWBA. Bunch large, shouldered; berries dark red, medium to large; skin thick; flesh somewhat pulpy, of best quality; a good grower, hardy, productive, late.

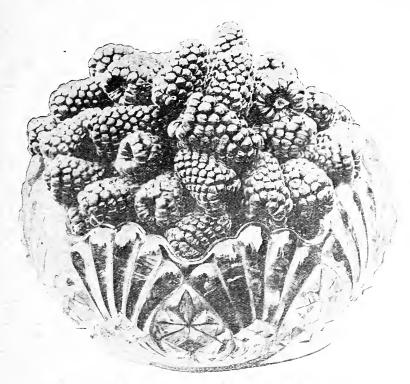
MOORE'S EARLY. Black, bunch medium; berries large; skin thin; flesh sweet; good quality; vine a moderate grower. Very early.



DELAWARE. Still holds its own as one of the finest grapes; bunches small, compact, shouldered; berries rather small, round; skin thin; flesh very juicy, without any hard pulp; an exceedingly sweet, spicy and delicious flavor; vines moderately vigorous; very productive; should be covered in winter.

STRONG TWO-YEAR-OLD GRAPES

E	ach.	Ten.	Hundred.
Concord\$	0.10	\$0.80	\$ 6.00
Champion	.15	1.00	7.00
Worden	. 15	1.10	7.50
Ives Seedling	.15	1.10	7.50
Niagara	. 15	1.10	7.50
Catawba	.15	1.20	8.00
Moore's Early	.20	1.50	10.00
Delaware	.20	1.60	11.00



BLACKBERRIES

And other small Fruits

Planted in rich soil and a little shade, among trees or on the north side of trees or fence, the varieties listed below will do well. 4

EARLY HARVEST. Probably the best known of all blackberries. Ripens extremely early, but in a cold climate requires winter protection. No sort will bear more gallons of fruit, year in and year out, than Early Harvest. Of medium size and good quality. The standard early blackberry.

SNYDER. An old favorite, ripening in mid-season; berries are medium size, sweet and fine flavor. Extremely hardy, hence is popular in the North. You can always depend on Snyder for good crops and for good profits.

MESEREAU. The most popular of all blackberries. Vine is exceedingly hardy and of great productiveness, while the berries are of immense size, jet black and rich, and of lucious quality.

M'DONALD. The greatest improvement since the first wild blackberries were planted in a garden and cultivated. Combines firmness and quality of the blackberry with the size, earliness and productiveness of the dewberry. Resists drought.

STONE'S HARDY. Originated in Wisconsin. Very hardy, sweet and productive. ROBINSON. Firm, high quality, productive. This berry is a success in Oklahoma.

BLACKBERRIES

	Twenty-five.	Hundred.	Thousand.
Early Harvest	\$0.75	\$2.25	\$20.00
Snyder	1.00	3.00	25.00
Mersereau	1.00	3.00	25.00
McDonald	1.00	3.00	25.00
Stone's Hardy	1.00	3.00	25.00
Robinson	1.00	3.00	25.00



RASPBERRIES

KANSAS. A sort named for its native state, originating in Lawrence. Vine is hardy, a vigorous grower and a good seller. Recommended by many growers and nurserymen.

MILLA. (Red) Large berry. Holds its size to end of season. Round in shape, bright red, does not fade. Holds color after shipment. Does not crumble, making it the best shipper known. Rich, fruity flavor.

CUTHBERT. One of the best known red raspberries. It is of a high quality, and a good shipper. Vine is strong, hardy and extremely productive.

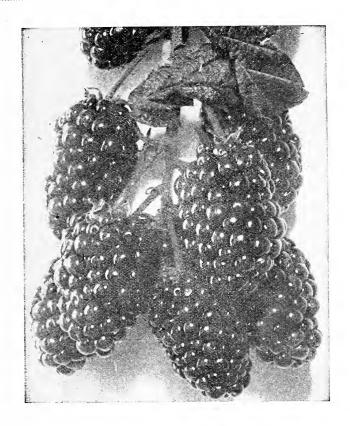
CUMBERLAND. (The Business Black Cap). The largest of all the blac raspberires. Vine will bear more gallons of fruit than any fruit we know. Berry has every good point, and stands in a class by itself among black raspberries. Hardy and thoroughly dependable.

GREGG. Extra large, late blue-blackberry, and the vine is dependable and fruit is good. Berries are firm and ship well. They ripen late.

	Each.	Ten.	Hundred.
Prices	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$25.00

GIANT HIMALAYA BERRY. High quality, productive, vigorous. Often makes shoots of 20 to 30 feet in one season. The large clusters of good sized berries ripen all summer.

		Eacn.	Twenty-five.	Hunarea.
Giant Himalaya	Berries	\$0.10	\$1.25	\$6.00



DEWBERRIES

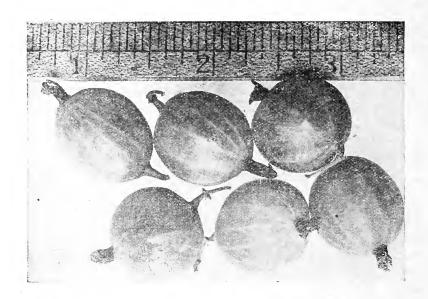
AUSTIN. Berries larger than other dewberry or blackberry. Requires no trellis or stakes. Fruit is jet black and of very superior quality and flavor. For productiveness it out-rivals all dewberries.

DEWBERRY (Lucretia). This is the finest of its class; one that has proven successful; a strong grower. It is really a new trailing blackberry, easily protected in winter. Set the plants two feet apart in the row; cover in winter with coarse litter and mulch the plants with it in the spring, thus keeping them off the ground.

	Twenty-five.	Hundred.
Dewberries	 . \$1.00	\$3.00

 ${\tt JUNEBERRIES.}\$ Hardy, endures summer heat. Grows up to 7 or 8 feet and bushy. Largely planted for ornamental purposes.

	Eacn.	Ten.
Juneberries	 .\$0.10	\$0.75



GOOSEBERRIES

Are sure Croppers

Gooseberries are easy to grow, and sell at a profit Stand shipping. Bears second or third year.

DOWNING. A favorite variety; bushes stocky. Productive of medium to large size, pale green fruits. 15 cents each.

	Each.	Ten.
Gooseberries	\$0.15	\$1.20

RHUBARB

Rhubarb pays. Easy to raise in the open field. Is being planted more and more each year.

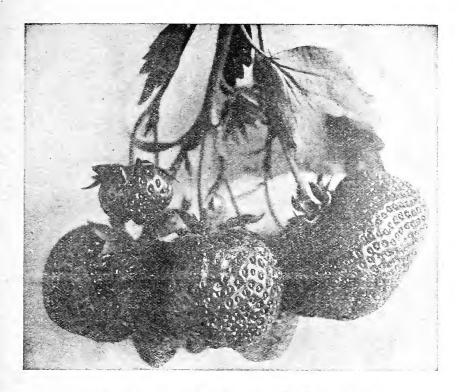
	E	ach.	Dozen.	Hundred.
Rhubarb	\$0	.10	\$1.00	\$6.00
HORSERADISH.	Is greater in demand each year.	An A-1 rel	lish.	
	E	ach.	Dozen.	Hundred.

ASPARAGUS. This much neglected vegetable is very easily grown and should find a place in every city and farm garden. Such immense quantities of it can be grown on a small space that no home owner can afford to be without it. This is one of the earliest of vegetables, the shoots coming out before the frost is hardly out of the ground.

\$0.50

\$3.00

	Dozen.	Hundred.	Thousand.
Asparagus	\$0.30	\$1.50	\$10.00



STRAWBERRIES

The kind that do best in Oklahoma

There are hundreds of varieties of strawberries, but we offer only a few. Due to the dry summers in Oklahoma, the everbearing, or sometimes called fall bearing strawberries are not really the success that they are in the eastern and northern states, and we consider a good berry of the annual type better for Oklahoma than the everbearing one unless you are prepared to give them abundance of water. However, for those that want them we list two of the best varieties.

*PROGRESSIVE. This berry is one of the best for home use. It is a good-sized, smooth, red berry. Plants are strong, vigorous and very prolific. Fruits all season with a heavy late season yield.

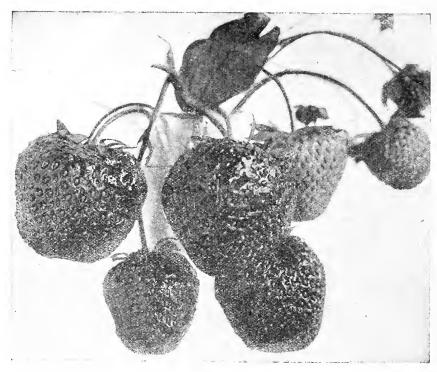
SUPERB. Berry glossy, very attractive, and of the finest flavor. Size of berry very large and firm. The plants are strong and stand the winter well, after producing a heavy fall crop.

Spring or annual bearing varieties that we recommend especially for our Oklahoma friends follow:

MITCHELL'S EARLY. An excellent flavored berry that is very productive, and one of the best home planting. 50 cents per 100, \$4.50 per 1,000.

EXCELSIOR. One of the best early berries of fair size, roundish; holds its size to very last. Plant a vigorous grower.

KLONDIKE (S). This variety is noted for its large yields of beautiful berries, uniform in shape, rich blood-red in color, and having a flavor that is neither sweet nor sour, but mildly delicious; the berry is full of juice. It is an excellent shipper and a universal favorite of the commercial sorts.



Texas

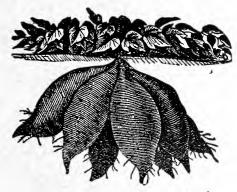
AROMA (P). One of the best late sorts. Fruit is large, handsome, firm, of fine quality and invariably smooth and free from defects. One of the very best berries for home use, for market and for shipping.

GANDY (S). Perfect blossoms, very productive, extremely vigorous, very large and attractive; one of the firmest, latest, best keepers, of finest flavor; sells at high prices. Berries very large, regular in shape, dark colored. One of the very best market varieties, and well known everywhere.

SENATOR DUNLAP (S). This berry is of the Warfield type, has a perfect blossom, is hardy, productive, a splendid keeper and able to hold its own under any "rough and tumble" methods of culture to which it is likely to be subjected. It is a very heavy bearer, of good size, even fruit, of a very beautiful, dark red color. It is a berry to grow for either home use or market.

TEXAS. This is absolutely the best strawberry to plant for home use in Oklahoma. It is sweet, requires but little sugar to preserve well, has best flavor for table use, is soft and tender, not adapted for shipping, very prolific, withstands the drought of summer and the late frosts in the spring better than most any other variety. Begins ripening 4 or 5 days after the earliest varieties and continues almost as long as the latest ones, medium size. Plant Texas if you want strawberries in Oklahoma.

	Hundred.	Thousand.
Spring or annual bearing varieties	\$0.75	\$ 5.00
Everbearing varieties	1.50	10.00



Sweet Potato Plants

We offer sweet potato plants at the following prices for delivery in the spring of 1919. Send in your order early, avoid the rush, and be sure of the plants on the date you want them.

Give the date you wish to receive the plants, and we will not send them before that date, no matter how early you order. If you do not order early you may be caught in the rush and not be able to get your plants for a month after you want them.

100	delivered	by	parcels	post\$0.55	
500	delivered	by	parcels	post	
1000	delivered	by	parcels	post	
10000	delivered	by	express		

NANCY HALL EARLY. Productive, yellow flesh, bakes up soft and juicy, sweet and good. One of the best market sorts. Not as good keeper as some.

TRIUMPH. The earliest potato, abundant producer, perhaps the best of all, while flesh, yellowish skin, bakes rather dry but sweet, extra fine keeper, not subject to diseases.

PORTO RICO. All things considered we think the best sweet potato, abundant producer of fine attractive potatoes, yellowish pink skin, flesh very yellow, bakes up soft, sweet, reasonably good keeper, fine for home use or market, is generally considered a Southern potato, but seems to do well wherever tried, earlier than Nancy Hall.

SOUTHERN QUEEN. White skin and flesh, but when baked is creamish color and soft and juicy, should not be mixed up with other white potatoes, for it is best of them all, hence all white ones are called SOUTHERN QUEEN to sell them. One of the very best keepers.

YELLOW YAM. It has its friends. Is forked leaved, very shy producer, keeps well. rather dry, but sweet and rich, not as yellow as Nancy Hall.

BUNCH YAM (Vineless Yam). It is forked leaved, produces an abundance of small potatoes all in a bunch, yellow, sweet. It is a good one if you like small potatoes. Keeps well.

CUBA YAM. A large red potato, extra good producer, and a favorite with some, flesh white. We like it better for stock than to eat.

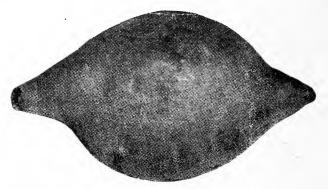
DOOLEY YAM. A favorite in Texas. Yellow, sweet and good, but don't seem to produce well with us.

YELLOW JERSEY. It is yellow all right, and has its friends who live or have lived in the North. With us it is a light producer, bakes dry, and is not up to our leading varieties in any way.

PUMPKIN YAM. This is a popular variety with some people, but if they want good yellow potatoes they had better buy Nancy Hall or Porto Rico.

PORTO RICO

THE LEADING SWEET POTATO FOR HOME USE OR MARKET



POR SOME YEARS we have been specializing in sweet potato plants. Each year the demand gets heavier. We have not failed to fill all orders received before the first of April. So would suggest now that you place your order for plants early for the spring of 1919. (See page 21 for varieties and prices). The Porto Rico is a yellowish pink skin variety. It is large and productive. It is also very attractive and a good selling potato, besides being very sweet and good to eat. Flesh deep yellow and rich and juicy.

OZARK NURSERY CO.

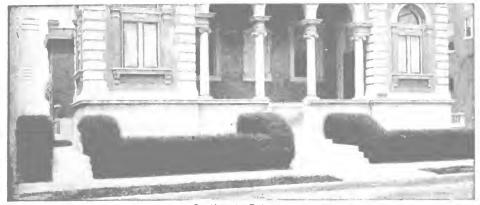
TAHLEQUAH OKLAHOMA BEN DAVIS Manager

ORDER SHEET

Ozark Nurseries, Tahlequah, Okla.

Make remitts	ances by P. O. Mo	oney Order, Banl	x Draft or	Registered	Letter.
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California Privet

CALIFORNIA PRIVET. 2 to 3 feet high, 86,00 per 100

SHRUBS AND SHADE TREES

Any of these hardy flowering shrubs for 35 cents each Flowering Shrubs Spirea Van Houttii (Bridal Wreath) Lilacs, white, purple or pink Altheas, white purple red or pink Snowballs. Hydrangea Chinese Honeysuckle Weigelia. Calacanthus. Purple Wistaria -Spirea Billardi. Bulbs for Spring Planting Poenias. Each.

Mexican Tuberoses. Per dozen.

Red or Yellow Flowering Canna. Per dozen.

Dahlias, assorted colors. Each. .20 Golden Glow, 10 cents each, per dozen...... Shade Trees. . 80.30 Soft Maple, 6 to 8 ft. Each..... . 50 Soft Maple, 7 to 10 ft. Each..... Sycamore, 6 to 8 ft. Each.
Sycamore 8 to 10 ft. Each. Sycamore, 10 to 12 ft. Each.

Black Locust, 8 to 10 ft. Each.

Carolina Poplar, 8 to 10 ft. Each.

Carolina Poplar, 10 to 12 ft. Each.

American Elm. 8 to 10 ft. Each.

Catalpa Bungei (Umbrella Tree), 6 ft. stems. Each. . 60 , **6**11 ,60 PARCEL POST TABLE FOR NURSERY STOCK

		Up 10	150 to	300 to
Apples, Peaches, Plums	1	50 Miles	300 Miles	600 Miles
or other stock, 2-year, 4 1 to 5 tre	es	10c	16c	270
to 6 feet, cut back so as 6 to 10 tre	es	150	26c	470
to send by Parcel Post 11 to 17 tre	es	24c	440	83e
Apples, Peaches, Pears, 1 to 5 tre	es	Se	12c	19€
Plums, Cherries and all 6 to 10 tro	·es	11e	18c	31 <i>c</i>
trees in the 3 to 4 foot - 11 to 20 tre	es	180	32 c	590
class 21 to 30 tre	·es	24c	44c	837
Shrubs. Grapevines. Up to 1 doz	en	Sc	12c	190
Gooseberries. Cannas. 13 to 24		11c	18c	314
Rhubarb, Etc. \(\text{25 to 50}\).		18c	32c	59 c
Blackberries, Raspber 100 plants.		11c	186	310
ries and Dewberries 300 plants.		280	42€	79c
		86	12c	19c
Strawberry Plants 200 plants		12c	20c	55c
		21c	886	710
It will pay best to send larger orders by express				



There is scarcely a yard so small in either city or country that room for at least a few grape vines cannot be found to furnish an abundance for the many family uses.