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# To My Friends and Patrons.

I have pleasure in presenting you with this, my Thirty-third nnual Catalog. It has grown from an 8-page circular to this Annual Catalog. book of 128 pages.

book of 128 pages. Forty-three years ago, then a boy of 19, I came from Switz-erland, my old home, and located here in Nebraska on a farm, and 10 years later started a little Nursery 10 miles from any railroad. I have been in the same business ever since, and for almost a lifetime I have been engaged in growing trees and seeds "that grow," and with the help of four of my sons who were born here and grew up in the nursery and seed busi-ness, I still personally look after the growing and shipping of my products. You may, therefore, rest assured you get well grown, clean, upland Nebraska grown nursery stock and fresh tested seeds, when you order from me. I was one of the first to offer trees and plants direct to my

tested seeds, when you order from me. I was one of the first to offer trees and plants direct to my customers and without the medium of agents. Cutting out the usual 50 per cent paid to agents enabled me to make much lower prices, and in the many years that I have been in the business I have saved my customers thousands and thousands of dollars. My aim has always been to furnish first-class stock at lowest possible prices by eliminating all unnecessary expense in growing and marketing same.

Under present circumstances it seems hard to keep prices down. Expenses are getting higher and higher every year, but I am doing the best I can.

One of my customers writes the following about my catalog: "How much better is your catalog to buy from than of an agent. With your descriptive price list, I sit at my leisure and convenience and select what I want, while an agent would try to get me to buy what he wants to sell and has most of, simply because it would make him more money."

I thank you kindly for the most liberal patronage of the last season, and I assure you one and all that I appreciate it very much. Soliciting a continuance of same, I am Yours for good fruit and plenty of it,

CARL SONDEREGGER.

**REFERENCES:** My old customers all know me. I refer all those who have never dealt with me to Union State Bank, or Beatrice National Bank of this place, also Dun & Co., and Bradstreet reports of the Sonderegger Nurseries & Seed House.

Dear Sir: Your trees have given the best of **satisfaction**. I have the **best orchard** in this valley and the trees were all bought from your Nurseries, and furthermore, I have been getting all my acquaintances to buy trees from you. I expect to speak a good word for you at all times. I make it a rule to show people my fruit and tell them that I bought my trees from you, and give people your catalog to order trees. As ever, your customer when in need of trees. J. H. Q., Kelton, Ariz.

#### WHAT I AGREE TO DO.

MY TREES ARE GUARANTEED TRUE TO NAME. I take all proper precaution to have my trees true to label, both in the propagating and packing department, knowing how provoking it is to find that trees are not true to name when they come to bearing. Should any tree, though, from any fault of ours, prove not true to label, I will, on proper proof, either replace double the number, or refund the price paid for such trees and 6 per cent compound interest. It is understood, though, that I will not be liable for a greater amount than above stated. Above guarantee to be good on all shipments of trees and plants made after December 1, 1914. This should be a strong guarantee to my customers that I am doing everything pos-sible to send out stock true to name.

sible to send out stock true to name. **TRUE TO NAME AND WELL PACKED:** I have an orchard in Pan Handle County of Texas of trees that you have sent within the last six years. I have never lost a tree yet on account of their not being in good shape when they arrive. And I believe they are all true to name. A few of them have commenced to bear. Last year one of the trees had over two bushels of nice large dark colored apples on, and the year be-fore one-half bushel of nice apples, besides a few scattering ones over the orchard. February '6, 1914. **PERCES:** While my prices are somewhat higher than formerly, they are as low as first-class trees and seeds can be grown for. The cost of growing them is more than double the cost of 8 to 10 years ago. Lumber for boxes, burlap, moss, twines for bales, and paper for mail packages has advanced enormously in the last two years. With the higher prices, though, I have very much improved the quality of my goods, so much so that large numbers of my customers expressed their appreciation of this fact last spring. Never before have 1 received so many kind letters. For this season I will still grade my trees and plants closer, tree agents sell for. I have no commissions, no hotel, livery or automobile bills to pay. My catalog is my salesman, and at a cost of about 15c for each of my customers. Prices are given at the rate of one, ten, one hundred and one thousand. Five trees go at the rate I make

salesman, and at a cost of about 1sc for each of my customers. Prices are given at the rate of one, ten, one hundred and one thousand. Five trees go at the rate I make per 10; 50 trees at the rate per 100; and 500 trees at the rate per 1000. This means that you can take 50 apple trees of as many varieties as you wish and figure them at the 100 rate. LOW FAICES, GOOD SERVICE AND QUALITY COMBINED: Dear Sir: Yours of May 1st at hand. Your report is satisfactory to me. Have received all trees, and they are growing and are in splendid condition. The big Blue Spruce that came in the bucket was a month last few years, but will say you are the most satisfactory on prices, as well as the way you handle your Yours truly. JONAS W. JONAS W. stock. Yours truly,

**DISCLAIMER OF SHIPMENTS OF SEEDS.** While I exercise the greatest diligence and care to have all my seeds true to label and of best quality, I wish it understood that I give no warranty, express or implied, as to the description, quality or productiveness of any seeds I send out, and will not in any way be responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are to be at once returned, Subject to the above conditions, I make sales at the very moderate prices at which I sell my goods. This disclaimer is used by all reputable seed houses.

claimer is used by all reputable seed houses. **FREPAVING FREIGHT.** I prepay freight to any railroad station in the United States and on all foreign shipments to the United States border, on all orders for trees and plants (not seeds) amounting to \$10.00 or more, provided the full amount of the order is in my hands before I make shipment. If you prefer to get your trees by express, I will pay as much toward the express charges as the freight would amount to. You will have less annoyance and trouble if I pay freight in advance. On seeds in bulk, also on all farm seeds, I do not pay the freight unless by special agreement. Freight therefore, express charges will not be much higher than freight charges, and if difference is not too much we will ship express and pay charges. **EEMUTTANCES** should be made by Postal or Express Money Order Bank Draft, Beristered Letter or

**EEMITTANCES** should be made by Postal or Express Money Order, Bank Draft, Registered Letter, or I will take your personal check, if you prefer. Postal stamps in small amounts can be sent if necessary, 5 or 10c stamps preferred.

**CLUB ORDERS.** If a number of neighbors order together, I will the each order separate, with the purchaser's name attached, then pack all together in one box, and pay freight on same, providing all orders together for trees and plants amount to \$10.00 or more. Persons sending in club orders please state what they wish for their trouble and I will gladly send 10 per cent in trees, plants or seeds, free, for their efforts in getting these orders.

**CLAIMS.** All claims for errors, shortage or anything else pertaining to your shipment, must be made promptly after receipt of goods. In writing to me about your shipment, please remember to give your order number and full particulars. Human help is not infallible, and shipments, as well as mail matter, will miscarry, but please understand this: The complete satisfaction of my customers is my first wish, and I gladly root is not any and all errors on my part rectify any and all errors on my part.

**RAILROADS.** I can ship from Beatrice direct over the Burlington (C. B. & Q. and B. & M.), the Union Pacific, and the Rock Island Systems. Also have splendid connections over all other lines at nearby ter-terminals and connecting points, and on all railroads now under the management of our government. Under this management of all railroads, trees, plants, seeds and fertilizers are given the same right of way (No. 1) as food, and roads are getting in better shape to handle freight than last winter.

EXPRESS COMPANIES. We have the Adams and the American, but at present all express companies are run under one management, so it does not make any difference what express company my customers have. PROMPT SERVICE: New Plymouth, Ohio, April 26, 1918

**PROMPT SERVICE:** Dear Sirs: April first I sent you an order for Nursery stock. The same day I sent an order to an Ohio firm for Nursery stock. The order sent you was received within ten days of the time my letter was written. I am still waiting at this date, the 25th, for the goods ordered from the Ohio firm. Thanking you for your **promptness**, I will say that I will know where to send the next time. I sent to the Ohio firm supposing, as it was so near, that I would receive the goods sooner. Sincerely yours Sincerely yours,

A. T. Huber

Coffeyville, Kan., Jan. 10, 1918. 

**QUALITY OF STOCK.** My trees and plants are well and carefully raised, and grafting and budding are done by experienced workmen. I dig with the most modern tree disgers, and you get practically all the roots there are on the tree. Nothing is left undone to insure well developed, straight trees, with good, even tops and without forks. You will find my trees graded to the sizes given in this catalog, and you will get just what you ordered. Our soil is especially adapted to the raising of first class nursery stock, and our rather severe climate insures vigorous, hardy stock, that can stand the raw, cold winters and the hot, dry summers, if necessary. I can point to good orchards from my nursery in the Dakotas, as well as in California, Missouri and New York. You make no mistake in purchasing your trees from me.

QUALITY. Really this pen nor ink cannot thank you enough for sending me such nice and good trees and vines that you sent me last spring. I certainly am more than glad, for I am having such good luck with them. My currant bushes had one bunch of currants on them and one of my grapes had two bunches of grapes on it. My honeysuckles are in bloom and my hydrangea tree is all in bloom. It is remarkable for the first year. My neighbor's trees all died. First they started to grow and then died, but mine are doing so fine. Thanking you a thousand times for your good stock, I beg to remain, Yours respectfully, August 18, 1917.

**QUALITY.** Three years ago this month I bought about 200 Peach trees of you. They have all done well. I did not lose a single one of the lot. They comprised Mayflower, Yellow St. Johns, Salways and Muir. I am well pleased with all the trees I had from you. I think I have one of the prize little orchards in this neighborhood. I wish you could have seen some of my fruit last season. neighborhood. I wi February<sup>•</sup>7, 1918.

F. F. E., Bernardo, Calif.

**QUALITY.** Please accept my thanks for your **promptness** in filling the order sent to you a few weeks ago. As long as I have purchased seeds and trees from you I have had great results. Your **seeds and trees** are the **best** to be had and I always place all my confidence in them. In the future you can depend upon all my orders. April 11, 1918. L. S., 719 So. 23rd St., St. Joseph, Mo.

PACKING. My packing house is 160x140 feet, giving me plenty of room. We drive direct from the Nursery into the packing house, so trees and plants are not exposed while being stored or packed. Freight orders are almost always packed in paper-lined boxes, smaller orders in bales, which are also paper-lined to keep the moisture. I ship trees with good success to South America, New Zealand, Japan, China and Alaska.

**GUARANTEED DELIVERY.** I guarantee the safe arrival of all my shipments at destination. I will replace free of charge, any shipment lost or spoiled in transit, no matter whether goods go by freight, express or parcel post. You are not taking any risks. Trees and plants go by fast freight, and we seldom have any trouble, although we ship thousands of boxes as far East as New York and West to the Pacific States.

**TREES AND PLANTS FREE FROM INSECTS.** My Nurseries have been inspected by our State Entomolo-gist, and are again inspected by an expert before shipping. You will get clean trees, free from any dis-ease. There never has been any Yellows or San Jose Scale in our county; and I take every precaution pos-sible to safeguard my customers. I also aim to comply with the laws regulating the traffic in trees and plants of all states, so my customers will have no trouble in getting the trees. Should any inspector, though, condemn any of my trees or plants, I will replace them, free of charge, as soon as I am notified. A copy of the State Entomologist's Certificate of Inspection is attached to every shipment I make. Below I give a copy of the Certificate of Inspection by our State Entomologist: This is to certify that on the 16th day of July 1918 the growing stock and premises of the Sonderegreer

This is to certify that on the 16th day of July, 1918, the growing stock and premises of the Sonderegger Nurseries. Carl Sonderegger, President, of Beatrice, Nebraska, was inspected, and no San Jose Scale was found, nor any indication that it had ever been present in the nursery or its vicinity. The stock is appar-ently in a healthy condition and free from other dangerous insect pests and fungus diseases. Lawrence Bruner, State Entomologist, Lincoln, Nebr. By R. W. Dawson, Deputy.

#### PARCEL POST.

On pages 68, 69, 70 and 71, I give prices of all trees and plants that can go by parcel post, and at these prices I pay all postage. Please figure those prices when stock is wanted by parcel post, and do not order any other trees or other sizes not given on pages 68, 69, 70 and 71, to go by parcel post. prices

The difference in the prices by freight or express and by mail is a little more than just the postage, as it costs me a great deal more to put up trees for mail than in bales or boxes.

**NEVADA CUSTOMERS.** On orders for trees and plants amounting to \$10.00 or more, where I pay freight charges, I make an additional charge of 10 per cent for freight charges, as freight rates to Nevada points are much higher than to any other state.

INDEX. For quick references see Index on last inside cover page.

**PHOTOGRAPHS.** I like to have photographs of trees, shrubs, fruits or vegetables that came from my Nursery. I offer \$5 in cash for the best picture; \$3.00 for the second, \$2.00 for the third best and \$1.00 each for the next five. Here is something for girls and boys with their cameras. Prizes will be paid Oct. 1, 1919. **CATALOGS I PUBLISH.** GENERAL NURSERY AND SEED CATALOG, of which this is a copy. MAR-KET GARDENER'S WHOLESALE CATALOG, for gardeners and large truck farmers. FALL CATALOG, being an illustrated price list of Bulbs and Seeds for Fall planting.

# SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE

Simply Address All Orders, Sonderegger Nurseries, Beatrice, Nebr.

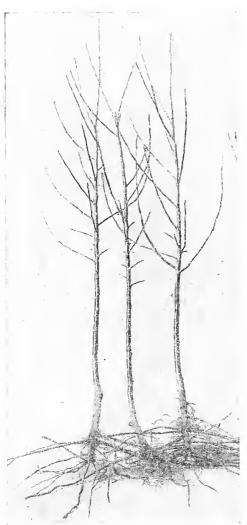
# A Model Family Orchard at a Very Low Price.

Any farmer can give up an acre of ground to raise the fruit his family needs and should have. Even in the back yards of many city homes a great amount of fruit and berries can be raised with very small cost and a little extra work. Make up your mind to raise a good supply of fruit, at least for your family, if not for the market. Give up an acre of ground for this purpose. Plant Apple trees 30x30 feet and between these trees plant Cherries, Peaches and Dwarf Pears, Currants and Gooseberries. As you see below, the purchase price is very little, while in a few years this acre of ground will supply your family with an abundance of good fresh fruit during the whole year and you will have some to spare for the market.

In a term years that a the whole year and you will have some to spare for the market. This orchard will require a piece of land 330 feet by 150 feet. Plant the Apples 30x30 feet, which will make 11 rows one way and 5 rows the other. In order to have a revenue from the land until the Apples get large enough to bear, I advise planting Cherry, Dwarf Pear and Peaches between the Apples one way, so your trees would be 15 feet apart in the rows and the rows 30 feet apart, giving plenty of room to cultivate or disk the rows thoroughly. Where Peaches are not a success Plums or Compass Cherry-Plums could be used. I advise planting as follows: 55 Apple trees, 3-4 feet, 30x30 feet apart. Between the first 3 rows of Apples plant 15 Cherries, 3-4 feet. Between the next 4 rows plant 20 peaches, 3-4 feet. Between the tenth row plant 15 Currants, assorted. Between the eleventh row plant 15 Gooseberries, assorted, making 3 Currants or 3 Gooseberries between 2 Apples . 827 800

your state.

Select your varieties, or if you prefer, I will help you, so you will be sure to have the right kinds for your climate. In one year you will have Currants, in two years Currants and Gooseberries and in three years Cherries, Dwarf Pears and Peaches. Your orchard will soon bring a yearly revenue. Try an orchard as above described. You will be well satisfied with the results.



Three to four feet Apple Trees.

I know the tree agents are visiting you now. Compare their prices with those in my Catalog,

with those in my Catalog, remembering that I pay express charges to your state on all orders for trees and plants (not seeds) if your order amounts to \$10.00 or more. You will save money by sending me the order, and I will furnish you good trees, first-class in every way, and I guarantee that

way, and I guarantee that everything will reach you in good condition and will be satisfactory.

In good condition and with be satisfactory. Fruit is very essential for the health and main-tenance of the people, still fruit is getting scarcer every year. Orch-irds are not cared for prop-erly, probably a good deal because the farmers are busy rais-ing high-priced grain. In traveling through Nebraska, Kan-sas, Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin this summer in my car, I very seldom saw an orchard in good shape for bearing. In a large number of them I found a thick blue grass sod, and two-thirds of the trees half dead, neglected in every way. At the convention of the National Association of Nursery-men in Chicago a member told me that he had seen only one newly-planted orchard between St. Louis and Chicago. In Kansas orchard conditions in most parts are no better than in Nebraska.

in Nebraska.

Names of chard conditions in most parts are no better than in Nebraska. People that know the conditions all over the Middle West predict a price of \$5.00 per bushel for Apples in the orchards in the near future. It seems, therefore, that every farmer should plant an orchard at least large enough for home use. Not only plant one, but take care of it. I do not know of a better investment the land owner can make. Our government considers fruit so necessary that it gave trees, plants and seeds the same right of way (No. 1) on the railroads as it did food. You should also plant all kinds of berries; they do well most everywhere, bear soon after transplanting and will greatly help the food problem and improve the general health of the people. Look around your neighborhood, or when taking long auto-mobile rides, and you will find that I am giving you the real conditions and that this is not just an advertisement.

Owing to the dry summer, my apple trees did not get quite as tall as usual, so I have more 2-3 and 3-4 feet trees than larger ones. These smaller trees are fine, though; have fine roots, as all trees have in a dry season, and are sound and healthy. My prices on the smaller sizes of trees are very low; naturally, larger sizes are somewhat high, as they are scarce all over the country, east as well as west. I guarantee that the smaller sizes will be first class trees and will grow just as well as the larger ones. I give a picture here of some 2-3 and 3-4 feet trees, dug and photographed Sept. 24th. See the root system.



# **Three Splendid Apples.**

#### THE "YAHNKE" APPLE.

I did not offer this tree in my 1918 Catalog. In the spring of 1917 the demand for the Yahnke was so great, that I sold not only my 2-year trees, but almost all yearling whips, so I thought best to raise a good supply before offering them again. I have a large stock of Yahnke Apple in 2-year trees on hand now and can fill all orders.

can fill all orders. Here is the description of the introducer: "Originated with Frank Yahnke of Winona, Minn. in the spring of 1874. The tree is very hardy, a rapid spreading grower, free from blight, annual and heavy bearer, making one of the most perfect orchard trees ever produced. The original tree at the age of thirty-three years is in perfect condition and younger trees at the age of twenty-two are the most magnificent apple trees to be seen here, the circumference of the trunks measuring between 42 and 44 inches and are without spot or blemish. The fruit is large and exceedingly handsome, glossy bright red, slightly streaked with light red and yellow. The flesh is fine grained, crisp, juicy and melting, of excellent quality. As a dessert apple it is unsurpassed and when canned has the flavor of pears. The YAHINKE is one of the most profitable market apples, never selling for less than \$1.50 per bushel. It will keep until May. It is conceded that the Yahnke Apple stands at the head of its class. The old tree has borne for twenty-two years and last season produced seven bushels of fruit, and the younger trees have averaged fifteen bushels in one year. It is as hardy as Hibernal and in vigor is in the same class and the equal to those well known varieties, Duchess, Fameuse and Minnesota. A comparison of the growth of these four varieties (all of the trees having been planted on the same day and all of the same age) will naturally interest the purchaser; the Duchess is now twenty-three inches in circumference, the Fameuse twenty-six inches, the Minnesofa twenty-eight inches and the YAHNKE forty-two inches, all measured one foot above the ground. In quality it was scored at 100 by such well-known and eminent judges as Professors Green and Wyman Elliott. It is very fine for eating or cooking and will prove a profitable investment to the grower. Tree is exceedingly hardy. **Perl Per 10** 

Price of Yahnke Apple	e:	Per 1		Per 100
2-3 feet, whips 1 year of	bld	\$0.18	\$1.70	\$16.00
3-4 feet, 2 years old, p	artly branched	.25	2.40	22.00
	ell branched	.45	4.20	40.00

I can furnish Yahnke trees, budded, therefore absolutely on whole roots, in 2-3 and 3-4 feet sizes, same price as above. Some planters prefer budded, whole root trees.

# THE NEW MERITORIOUS APPLE GOLDEN WINESAP

Introduced by "The Fruit Grower" of St. Joseph, Mo., from whom I got my first trees. You will not find this Golden Winesap apple in any other Nursery Catalog.

Imagine the combination—the juicy tartness of the Jonathan, the satisfying meatiness of the old Winesap, all the beauty of the Winter Banana—that deep gold color of the Grimes, with a rich, deep red blush —then add the keeping qualities of the good old money-making Ben Davis—and you have a vivid picture of the new apple—Golden Winesap.

In my Nursery I find that the tree is a very strong grower, healthy and vigorous. Personally I prefer the Golden Winesap to Delicious in flavor. It is also a better keeper and will not get mealy, like the Delicious. In my opinion, it is a better apple than Delicious and will become just as popular. I prefer Golden Winesap to Jonathan. As the Golden Winesap originated in Utah, it should be hardy most anywhere. I have a few trees that went through three Nebraska winters in fine shape. It bears young and very profusely.

I am perfectly satisfied that the Golden Winesap is one of the best apples we have.

Many of the favorite apple qualities all in one. Rather large in size, from 3½ to 4 inches in diameter. The tree is a fine, healthy grower and an early bearer. All indications point to great popularity immediately for Golden Winesap, both in the home and as a market sort. If you could just see Golden Winesap and then taste it, you would want to plant this variety at once. We sent sample apples to a number of the best authorities in America. The verdict was unanimous in favor of Golden Winesap. Here is one extract from a letter:

**Dr. J. C. Whitten:** Golden Winesap Apple is certainly of large size, with beautiful yellow groundwork, and a bright, attractive blush on the sunny side. It is a beautiful specimen to look at on a show table. Cutting it shows that it is of fine texture within, crisp, juicy, sprightly and of high flavor. Its crisp condition at this time of year (Feb. 6) indicates that it is a good keeper. It has a very small core, with no objectionable woody fiber about the core line, and consequently a more uniformly attractive flesh than the average apple. Its large size, beauty and keeping qualities leads me to believe that it is a very promising apple.—J. C. Whitten, Professor of Horticulture, University of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.

Price of Golden Winesap: 2-3 feet, 1 year from bud or graft	Per 1 \$0.35	$\underset{\$3.00}{\operatorname{Per}}$	Per 100 \$27.00
3-4 feet, 1 year from bud or graft	.45	4.00	37.00
4-5 feet, 2 year from bud or graft	55	5.00	47.00

Of the Golden Winesap I can furnish budded trees (whole root) in 2-3 and 3-4 feet sizes.

## THE "SWITZERLAND" APPLE.

This new Swiss Apple has been brought over from Switzerland and planted below San Antonio, Texas, where the first tree fruited the second year after transplanting in 1899. Since first bearing, it matured a fine crop of apples annually. The apples are greenish, with red stripes, making a fine market variety; of a fine flavor and good keeping qualities; the tree is rather dwarf with very large green leaves, and is hardy. It will bear in the extreme south where other varieties are not a success.

			010.00
2-3 feet, 2 year roots, 1 year tops	\$0.25	\$2.20	\$18.00
3-4 feet, 2 year roots, 1 year tops	.30	2.70	25.00
4-5 feet, 3 year roots, 2 year tops, well branched	.40	3.70	32.00

SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA,

# FRUIT DEPARTMENT.

#### APPLES.

The most important fruit we have, especially in the middle and

The most important fruit we have, especially in the middle and northern states. Like Oranges, we can have them almost all the time. A good, healthy fruit, with considerable food value. Every farmer and city lot owner should raise a good supply of Ap-ples. In the smaller towns and suburbs Dwarf Apple trees should be planted, as they can be planted closer together, and need little room. Plenty of Apples will keep your family in good health and will help solve the high cost of living. Apple's are usually planted 25x25 feet or 30x30 feet. Tight as I could make them, as the most varieties I have grown myself in years gone by.

in years gone by. Most apples I offer are grafted. In some varieties, though, I have quite a stock of None of the apples I offer are over three years old from graft or bud, are thrifty, well rooted budded trees. and of good caliper.

Frice of all apples, except Golden whesap, Switzerland and Yannke. The	nese	three va	arieties	see page 3.
			Per 100	Per 1000
2-3 feet, mostly 2-year roots, 1-year tops	\$0.14	\$1.30	\$12.00	Write
3-4 feet, mostly 2-year-old, partly branched	.22	2.00	18.00	for
4-5 feet, 2 years old, well branched	.40	3.50	32.00	special
5-6 feet, 3 years old, fine trees	.50	4.50	42.00	prices.

#### WINTER VARIETIES.

**THE "TRUE DELICIOUS" APPLE.** Fruit is large, with the surface almost covered with a most beautiful with the surface almost covered with a most beautiful brilliant dark red, blending to golden yellow at the blossom end. In quality it is unsurpassed, in flavor sweet, slightly touched with acid, but only enough so as to make it all the more pleasing, with an aroma delightfully fragrant. The flesh is fine-grained, crisp, juicy, melting and withal delicious. In keeping quality it ranks with the best, coming out of storage in March and April in perfect condition. Tree is very hardy. Delicious originated twenty years ago at Peru, Madison Co., Jowa, by the late Jesse Hiatt, and on his farm the original tree still flourishes, bearing annual crops of beautiful fruit. I advise all my cus-tomers in the Middle West to plant Delicious. You will never regret it. No better apple exists, except probably the Golden Winesap. Is no more an untried novelty, but has been largely planted in the Middle West and Pacific states. Commercial orchardists plant them by the thousand. I know of some orchards of Delicious in this vicin-

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I know of some orchards of Delicious in this vicin-ity that have stood our Nebraska climate and are bearing well, and the apples bring fancy prices on the market.

ABRANSAS. (Arkansas Black.) In the East also called **Paragon**. Large, rich dark red, fine flavor, best quality. Good keeper. Regular market variety. **BALDWIN**. Large, bright red; crisp, juicy, rich. Very productive. Good Eastern variety. I do not recommend Baldwin for the Middle West; have never seen it do well in Nebraska.

recommend Baldwin for the Mudile West; nave never seen it do well in Nebraska. **BEN DAVIS.** I have raised this variety for 33 years. When I commenced growing trees I sold more Ben Davis than all other varieties of apple together. Then such varieties as Jonathan, Staymans and Gano largely took its place, and for a number of years my sales in Ben Davis were small. But it is coming into favor again, and last year beat the Gano, a so-called improved Ben Davis. It is still a good, large, red apple, still keeps well. Is a good bearer, and sells well in the market, although not of the best quality. **BLACK BEN DAVIS.** Claimed to be a great im-provement of the old Ben Davis. I find it of better color, but not much better in quality. **BANANA.** The tree is hardy, having been origi-nated in Michigan. It is wonderfully productive and a young bearer. The fruit has a rich flavor; spicy and aromatic. Flesh yellow, firm and juicy. Color a golden yellow; very attractive and a good keeper. Tree is a very strong grower, and will grow to be of immense size, siutable for lawn or shade tree; the

ARIETIES. leaves being nearly double the size of other varieties. A fine apple for the Middle West, but should not be planted much north of here. **FRANZ.** A new apple from Europe. The tree is entirely hardy, has stood the test of the severe win-ters of 1898 and 1899 in Minesota without being damaged in any way whatever, and has borne a crop of apples every year. It is a strong, vigorous grower, of symmetrical form, has smooth bark, which never cracks, or is injured in any way by frost or heat. The apples hang tightly on the tree, and it is seldom that one is blown off by the wind. The trees com-menced to bear three years after transplanting, and have since borne a crop every year. When six years old most of them bore over a bushel of sound apples. The fruit is medium to large in size, greenish with red, with white and tender meat, very thick skin, and ripens in Minnesota from the 20th to the end of Sep-tember. It is a long keeper. Franz apple can only be bought of me.

ripens in Minnesota from the 20th to the end of September. It is a long keeper. Franz apple can only be bought of me. **GRIMES GOLDEN.** Another fine, golden yellow apple, when fully ripe. Flavor is similar to a pear. Ripens a little too early for a winter apple, but, like the Jonathan, will keep until Christmas in an ordinary cellar. A good ripe Grimes is hard to beat. Do not plant much north of here. **GANO.** Improved Ben Davis. More even red, better flavor, hardy. Good for market. Some of my customers, though, still prefer the old Ben Davis. **HIBERNAI.** Origin, Russia. This variety represents what is probably the hardiest type of the Rusrian race; adopted by many prominent horticulturists as a standard of hardiness. Tree sturdy, vigorous, very spreading and productive. Fruit large to very large, irregular, greenish yellow with dull bronze red on suny side, flesh acid, juicy, very good for cooking.
Succeeds in the most exposed locations and is popular in the Northwest on this account. Above is the introducer's description. I have never fruited it here, but I am sure that it is one of the hardiest varieties for the North. **INGRAM.** Medium size, yellow covered with red. Very similar to the old Janet or Genaton, but much better. Fruit does not rot on the tree like the Janet. A large orchardist in Kansas claims that the Ingram is his most profitable variety. **JANET.** (Genaton.) Medium size, juicy, fine flavor after the hoidays, a very good keeper; tree blooms 2 weeks later than other varieties. I prefer the Ingram, though, which is very much like the Janet, without its bad qualities, the Janet some years roting badly on the tree.

#### **APPLES**.—(Continued.)

#### WINTER VARIETIES.— (Continued.) (See prices page 4.)

WINTER VARIETIES.— (Continued.) (See prices page 4.) JONATHAN. Still one of the very best apples we have. I am not willing to admit that it is inferior to the celebrated Delicious, in regard to flavor, qual-ity, and richness of color (dark red), and productive-ness. The only weak point being the keeping quali-ties—it will not keep much longer than the holidays without cold storage. I recommend the Jonathan anywhere south of the middle of Nebraska. **KING DAVID.** A very productive variety that brings high prices in the markets: a good shipper, western orchardists often shipping them to Australia. Fruit of medium size, ripens with Jonathan. Is uni-form in shape, of a dark red color, darker than the Jonathan, but not quite as good quality as Jonathan. Tree hardy, strong grower and comes to bearing very young. It blooms late and so often escapes spring frosts. Better colored and more productive than Jonathan. Should be extensively planted. **MAMMOTH ELACK TWIG.** One of the very best for the Middle West. Fruit large, dark red, firm, sub-acid and juicy. I find that this apple keeps as long as any apple in a common cellar. In fact, you can hardly eat it before January, when it begins to get good. A profitable variety in southeastern Nebraska. **MISSOURI FIFFIN.** While this apple is not of the best quality it is a good constant bearer and is one of the few that really does well in western Nebraska, **MITTOSH RED.** I have never fruited this apple myself, but according to my customers in **Montana**, **Wyoning** and **Idaho**, it does well there and is also largely planted in the Eastern states. Apple large, red all over; flesh white, tender, sub-acid and mild. Good keeper.

**NORTHERN SPY.** Large, bright red and very hardy. Comes into bearing very late. Not a suc-cess in Kansas and Nebraska, but largely planted in Michigan and the East.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING. Extremely hardy

NORTHWESTERN GREENING. Extremely hardy and vigorous grower. Fruit large, greenish yellow when ripe. Good quality and a long keeper, Espe-cially recommended for Northern states.
 ROME BEAUTY. Not hardy in Nebraska, but a fine apple for the Southwest and Pacific countries. Fruit large, yellow with red. Good quality, a long keeper and largely planted for commercial orchards.
 SPITZENBERG. (Esopus.) Large, oblong, nearly covered with red. An old variety, good bearer, very hardy and has long been a standard winter apple. In the Rocky Mountain districts and New Mexico this tree is a success, while I cannot specially recom-mend it for Nebraska or Kansa.
 STAYMAN'S WINESAP. An improved Winesap, Fruit red, juicy, sub-acid, aromatic, a long keeper.
 Apple is larger than the old Winesap, but I do not think that it is as productive, at least this is the report I get from Washington, where the Stayman



Delicious. (Page 4.)



4-year-old Yellow Siberian Crab, grown without irrigation, tree was 3-4 feet high when set out.

has been planted extensively. Probably not quite as productive as the old Winesap. WINESAP. Another old and tried variety of a beautiful red color, rather thick skin, good quality and a long keeper. The apple is medium size and espe-cially from older trees, it is hard to get them to grade as No. 1. For the home orchard 1 still recom-mend it, especially in the Middle Western states. WHITE WINTER PEARMAIN. Pale yellow, juicy, tender and of best flavor. Largely planted on the Pacific Coast. Hardy in the Middle West. YELLOW BELIFLOWER. Large, oblong; yellow, sometimes with a blush in the sun; flesh firm, crisp, juicy, sub-acid; one of the standard varieties in Cali-fornia and should be extensively planted; tree a good

rornia and should be extensively planted; tree a good grower, very productive; largely planted in the East. **TALMAN SWEET.** Of medium size, pale yellow, slightly tinged with red; firm, rich, sweet. The most valuable apple for baking; keeps well till April.

FALL VARIETIES.—See prices page 4.

FALL VARIETIES.—See prices page 4. WEALTHY. This apple does well almost anywhere and is especially adapted for Minnesota and the Da-kotas, as it is perfectly hardy. In those states it can almost be called a winter apple, keeping well there till Christmas. It bears well here in Nebraska. A good eating and cooking apple, and very good for dry-ing. Fruit is large, mostly covered with red; fine grained, juicy, but a little sour. I have seen Wealthy covered with fine apples in eastern Montana. **BENONI.** This excellent apple originated in Mas-sachusetts. Tree is vigorous, uprisht, of spreading habit, hardy and productive. Fruit medium size, roundish, oblate, conical. Color pale yellow, juicy, tender, sub-acid. Core small. Ripens in August. **FAMEUSE (Snow).** Fine dessert apple. Deep crim-son, snowy white flesh. Hardy, but does not bear as young as some other varieties. **MAIDEN BLUSH.** Good size, fine flavor, beautifully blushed, good bearer, a fine apple for home and mar-ket. September.

September ket.

ket. September. **BAMSDELL SWEET.** Rather large, dark red, pro-ductive, best sweet fall apple. September. **WOLF RIVER.** A Wisconsin apple, handsome, light yellow and red, of only fair quality but very large. If you wish to get the premium at the fair for the largest apple, the Wolf River will get it for you. **AUTUMN STRAWBERRY.** Good size and color, fair quality for table and market. A very hardy and profuse bearer. Ripens in September.

SUMMER VARIETIES.—See prices page 4.

All early varieties bear well, but apples do not keep long. It is therefore not best to plant too many of these early trees. **DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG.** From Russia, ex-tremely hardy, medium size, yellow with red stripes. Somewhat sour, fine for cooking. A couple of these trees should be in every orchard. Will not keep long when fully ripe

BARLY HARVEST. Fruit medium size, greenish, yellow, tender and juicy. First to ripen in July.

#### **APPLES**.—(Continued.)

#### SUMMER VARIETIES. -- (Continued.)

(See prices page 4.)

**RED JUNE.** A little later than Early Harvest. Medium size, yellow and red stripes, very good quality, good bearer. The best early apple. July to August.

**BED ASTBACHAN.** Fruit large, beautiful deep crimson, crisp, juicy and of good quality. A hardy Russian variety. Splendic market sort. August. Splendid

**YELLOW TRANSPARENT.** One of the earliest apples. Fruit is medium large, smooth, transparent. Skin is clear white, turn-ing pale yellow when ripe. Flesh white, fine grained, aromatic, and of splendid quality. Tree is vigorous, good bearer. Two-year-old trees frequently produce fruit. Does well most any-where. Is perfectly hardy. I have seen young trees full of fruit near Billings, Montana., It is one of the best paying trees in that country. that country.

#### CRAB APPLES.

Perfectly hardy everywhere. Good annual bearers. Excellent for cider, preserves and canning.

Price of all varieties of Crab: Same as Apples, see page 4.

WHITNEY. A good sized Crab: Same as Apples, see page 4. wHITNEY. A good sized Crab, with smooth glossy, green skin, striped with red. Flesh firm, juley and pleasant flavor. A good eating apple, raw or cooked. I like it fully as well as any of the early varieties of apples and it is very hardy, doing well yet in the Dakotas; a few trees should be in every orchard. Ripens with us in August and keeps better for short time than Early Harvest or Red June, also stands shipping much better.

**HYSLOP.** A very pretty little Crab of deep red color, with a blue blush, similar to a plum. Very fine quality for preserving; has long stems, bears immense crops. Is not hardy, though, much north of here. I have seen it freeze back badly, even here in north of here. I h southern Nebraska.

**GENERAL GRANT.** Fruit large, round; cream yellow ground, nearly covered with red stripes; flesh white, tender, mild, sub-acid. A good market sort and in great demand for culinary purpose. Tree a vigorous, upright grower and good bearer. Ripens in October.

**ELUMENCE.** Originated in Minnesota. The hard-iest of all. An early and profuse bearer. When in full bloom or fruit one of the prettiest ornamental trees grown. Fruit larger and better than Trans-cendant. Ripens in September.

**TRANSCENDENT.** Fruit medium, brownish red and handsome. Excellent for jelly and preserves. Good grower and immense bearer. September.

**YELLOW SIBERIAN.** Fruit is very small; comes in bunches and is very acid. Tree vigorous; hardy and a very good bearer.

and a very good bearer. **MARTHA.** A new Crab raised from the seed of the Duchess of Oldenberg by P. M. Gideon of Minne-sota, who has this to say of it: "A rapid, stiff grower. A perfect pyramid in tree. A great bearer of the most beautiful fruit we ever saw. A bright, glossy yellow, shaded with light, bright red. A mild, clear tart, surpassing all other Crabs we ever grew for all culinary purposes, and fair to eat from hand. Season October. Season October.



This is a 12-year-old Jonathan apple tree loaded. This is a 12-year-old Jonathan apple tree loaded. It will produce 15 boxes at \$2.00 per box, \$30.00 per tree. Notice how well the soil is cut up with an orchard tension disk, and careful spraying given to fruit is nec-essary. But first buy your trees from a reliable firm such as Carl Sonderegger and you will never regret it. S. HAHN, Coffeyville, Kan., R. 1.



Branch of 4-year-old Florence Crab bought from Sonderegger Nurseries three years ago. Grown by M. G. Deetr, 412 E. Ross Street, Lancaster City, Pa.

#### DWARF APPLES.

These are budded on Doucine stock, which dwarfs These are budded on Doucine stock, which dwarfs the trees, same as Pear on Quince stock. They are perfectly hardy south of Nebraska and can be raised successfully north of here, if the ground around the trees is covered with straw or a few shovelsful of dirt over winter. Dwarf apples bear fruit when two or three years old. They are especially adapted to plant in small yards or town lots, where the space is limited, as they can be planted 10x10 feet. They also can be grown in tubs or barrels and will bear in a short time. I give here yarieties of Dwarf Apples which I find

I give here varieties of Dwarf Apples which I find do best, as not all varieties do well on Doucine stock. Jonathan, Yellow Transparent, Golden Winesap; De-licious and Switzerland.

Price of Dwarf Apples, all var	ieties except	Golden
Winesap. P	$er 1 Per 1\overline{0}$	Per 100
2-3 feet, 1 year from bud\$	0.30 \$2.80	\$26.00
3-4 feet, 2 years from bud	.40 3.80	36.00
Price of Golden Winesap:		
P	er 1 Per 10	Per 100
2-3 feet, mostly whips\$	0.50 \$4.50	\$40.00
3-4 feet, some branched	.60 5.50	50.00

Mr. Hohn wants me to tell you the trees he got from you did fine, and so have ours.

			1 etei	
March	6.	1918.	Winslow,	Ariz.

I like your seeds and plants very much. Re-ceived my last order in good shape. Mrs. R. S. G.

			MID. 14. D.	G.,
February	26.	1918.	Beaumont.	Tex.

Several parties bought **Birch trees** from your place and they are among the finest in our town. B. S. A.

February 27, 1918. Schleswig, Ia.

All our trees, grape vines, etc., ordered **last** year grew beautifully. We are also much pleased with seeds ordered. Mrs. D. E. J., April 5, 1918. 708 Wilson St., Bay City, Mich.

The trees and vines ordered of you were received today all in A No. 1 shape, with splendid roots and in fine condition, for which I thank you very much. Yours, S. J. S. E., Hicksville, Ohio. April 4, 1918. Route 2.

Four years ago this spring I bought from you a Cherry tree called Ostheimer. Last summer it was a show tree and people from different parts of the city came to see it when it was in bloom. It looked like a snowbank and when the cherries were ripe it was beautiful. It was one mass of big, liver-colored, juicy cherries, and I picked off 13 quarts besides what was eaten off the tree. Mrs. J. A. S., 1119 Grand Ave., April 1, 1918. Racine, Wis.

# PEARS.—STANDARD.

(All Budded on French Pear Seedlings.)

(All Budded on French Pear Seedlings.) One of the very best fruits we have, and for which we always find a good market with high prices. Years ago it was generally believed that pear could not be grown in Nebraska. The trouble was, we planted the wrong varieties and in the wrong way. The tendency of the pear roots is to grow straight down, therefore, the holes should be dug deep, or better yet, shoot them with dyna-mite. If you will do this and plant the varieties I find are the best for the Middle West, you will have no trouble in raising pear, and in some localities they even do better than apple. Spraying with Bordeaux Mixture will prevent pear blight. It is well to shorten the long shoots about half, in August. Pear, I find will grow on most any soil. Best varieties for the Middle West are: Duchess, Clapp's Favorite, Seckel and Keiffer. Do not forget to order some pear. They will pay well, as they always bring a good price in the market. **Prices of all varieties of pears except Rossney:** 

Prices of all varieties of pears except Ros	sney			
Fire of the tweeters of press of the press o	er 1	Per 10	Per 100	
2-3 ft., 1 year from bud\$	0.25	\$2.30	\$20.00	
3-4 ft., mostly 2 years from bud, partly				
branched	.32	3.00	25.00	
4-5 ft., 2 year from bud, branched	.45	4.20	35.00	
5-6 ft., 2 year from bud, branched, 34-inch				
caliper	.60	5.50	48.00	
Per 1000, please write for special prices.				

**ANJOU.** (Beurre d' Anjou.) A large greenish pear, shaded with russet crimson. The fruit is highly flavored; rich, vinous, and of excellent quality. Very productive. I have a 2-year-old dwarf Anjou in my garden, which bore many full-sized fruits last summer. Keeps well until the holidays and always brings a good price. I recommend it for Nebraska and the Middle West. a good price. I Ripens October.

Ripens October. **BARTLETT.** Fruit large; skin very thin, clear, lemon yellow, with soft blush on sunny side. Flesh white, buttery, very juicy, and highly flavored. The best summer pear in existence. Tree a fine grower and young bearer. Must be sprayed against pear blight. Probably more Bartlett have been planted, especially in the Pacific states than any other variety. I do not recommend the Bartlett for Nebraska and Kansas. **CLAPF'S FAVORITE.** Tree a vigorous, upright, spreading grower, very hardy and productive. Fruit large, pale yellow, flesh fine grained, juicy, melting and sweet. I find this to be the best seems to stand our climate better. Ripens end of August. **DUCUESS** Very large fine quality and juicy, and keeps well

**DUCHESS.** Very large, fine quality and juicy, and keeps well into winter. Probably the very best pear for Nebraska, and almost blight proof. A farmer near Beatrice raised over 100 bu, and sold them in less than three days at a good price. Ripens in October. None better as a dwarf.

**KEIFFER.** Profitable market variety. Very large, of fine appearance. Good for canning. Quality fair to good. Does well in Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas. Ripens in October.

large, of fine appearance. Good for canning. Quality fair as. Ripens in October. **KOONCE.** Medium size, yellow with carmine cheek, sweet and highly flavored. Tree vigorous, resists blight, a good bearer. Hardy. Ripens July to August. **LAWRENCE.** Is rather large, yellow, covered with brown dots, flesh whitish, slightly granular, somewhat buttery, with a rich, aromatic flavor, unsurpassed among the early winter pears, succeeds well on the quince, ripens with little care, should be in every orchard, tree healthy, hardy and productive. November and December. **SECKEL (Sugar Pear).** Small but of highest flavor. Tree slow grower, but healthy, hardy and very productive. This is my favorite pear, and it does well in my garden. Should be sprayed during summer; suffers more with blight than Duchess.

Duchess

Duchess. **BOSSNEY PEAR.** Ripens at a time when good pears are in demand; two weeks after Bartlett. Possesses a delicious flavor, tender, sweet, juicy, and is very large and hand-some. Creamy skin with crimson blush. Tree is a vigorous grower (equal to Keiffer), hardy both in wood and fruit bud and very productive. Combines excellent quality with large size, fine form, and superior shipping qualities. Orig-inated near Salt Lake, Utah. I recommend it very highly.

		er 1		Per 100
2-3 ft.,	1 year from bud\$	0.30	\$2.80	\$25.00
3-4 ft.,	2 years from bud	.40	3.70	32.00
4-5 ft.,	2 yr, from bud, well branched	.50	4.70	42.00
5-6 ft.,	2 yr. from bud, well branched	.65	6.00	55.00

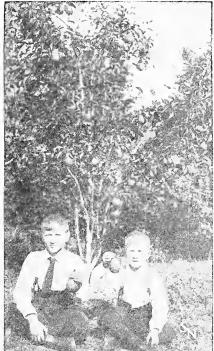
#### DWARF PEARS.

DWARF PEARS. Trice of all varieties of Dwarf Pear: Per 1 Per 10 P. 100 2-3 ft., mostly 1 yr. from bud, whips.....\$0.25 \$2.30 \$20.00 3-4 ft., mostly 2 yr. from bud, branched... 32 3.00 25.00 4-5 ft., 2 yrs. from bud, well branched... .45 4.20 35.00 Dwarf pear are budded on Quince stock. They never grow large and therefore can be planted 10x10 or 12x12 feet. This makes them especially suitable for gardens and town lots. There are empty places in most back yards that can be profitably planted to dwarf pear or dwarf apple; and then you do not have to wait 5 to 7 years to get fruit. Dwarf trees bear very young, generally the 2nd or 3rd good success and raise vegetables between the rows. North of here I recommend some protection to the roots, either by spreading manure around the tree, say 6 inches deep, or by drawing the dirt around the tree to the same depth. Quince roots are not as hardy as pear roots. I find the folowing varieties best suited on Quince, description of which please find under "Standard Pear." Duchess, Keiffer, Clapy's Favorite, Seckel, Anjou, Bartlett.

. .

Branch from a 4-year-old Dwarf Seckle Pear, tree grown in my garden.

3-year-old Dwarf Duchess Pear grown by Mrs. Theresia Stalder, F. H., Idaho. Trees purchased of Sonderegger's Nursery.





#### CHERRIES.

A good healthy fruit, liked by everybody. They will thrive most anywhere, except on very wet land. A side hill even if very steep will do, and on such the cherry will probably bring better returns than any other crop. I prefer upland to bottoms.

There is always a good market for Cherry, never have I seen any overproduction and prices are as a rule very profitable for the grower. Seldom the cherry has a crop failure—it is a sure bearer two or three years after transplanting. Plant a few Russian Mulberry near your cherry trees and you will have no trouble by birds picking your cherries—they prefer the Mulberries. Sour cherries are prefectly hardy in the Middle West, while for sweet cherries our climate does not seem to be favorable. I have never seen a good crop of sweet or heart cherries in Nethe referres our climate does not seen to be ravorable. I have never seen a good crop of sweet or heart cherries in Ne-braska, while they bear abundantly in the Eastern and the Pacific states, also New Mexico and Arizona. The cherry makes a good filler in an apple orchard planted between the apple trees, thus producing an income until the apples begin to get large and bear well.

All our cherries are budded on Mahaleb stock, which does not sprout or rootsucker.

Some of my customers seem to have trouble in trans-Some of my customers seem to have trouble in trans-planting cherries. Dig a good, deep hole. Put the tree in the ground so the bend above the roots, being the place where the tree is budded, is even with the ground. Too shallow planting will not do. Pack the dirt firmly around the roots, fill hole within four inches of the top, give at least a pailful of water, let it soak away over night and fill hole the next day with loose dirt.

Price of	all varieties of Cherries:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 10
2-3 feet, 1	or 2 years from bud	\$0.25	\$2.30	\$20.0
3-4 feet, 2	years from bud, branched		3.20	28.0
	years from bud, well branched		4.30	40.0
5~6 feet, 2	years from bud, well branched		5.50	50.0

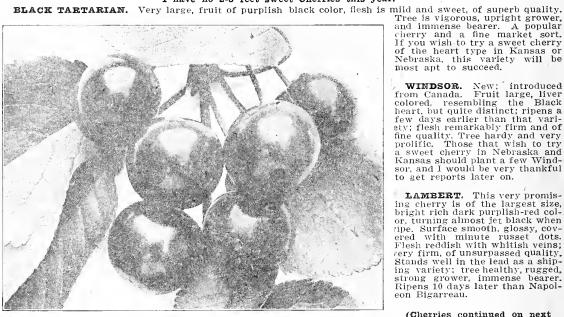
#### SOUR VARIETIES.

SOUR VARIETIES. EARLY RICHMOND. (May Cherry.) The common light red cherry, mostly planted and found in the markets. Very hardy and productive. Good size and largely used for canning. Ripens here in June. A good tree for Nebraska. ENGLISH MORELLO. Fruit large, very dark red, nearly black; tender, juicy, acid, rich, of good quality. Owing to its rich red color, looks much better when canned than the Early Rich-mond. Tree dwarf, slender and spreading, bears young. I would not advise planting this variety further north than the middle of Nebraska. Ripens July. MONTMORENCY. Large, red, rich and acid. Very hardy and productive. It belongs to the Richmond class and besides ripening ten days to two weeks later, there is little difference between the two. Seems to do bet-ter than any other variety in western Nebraska and western Kansas. MAY DUKE. An old, well-known excellent variety. One of the best and most dependable of the Duke class. Fruit large, dark red, juicy and rich; almost sweet. The tree is rather dwarf in habit, vigorous and produc-tive. Ripens in June. OSTHEIMER. Large, heart-shaped, nearly black when ripe, juicy and rich. Fine for dessert and cooking. Unsurpassed for market. Trees bloom late and bear fruit when quite young. One of the most productive of all cherries. Ripens middle of July. WRAGG. Originated in Iowa and has become very popular in the Northwest and Western states. Fruit

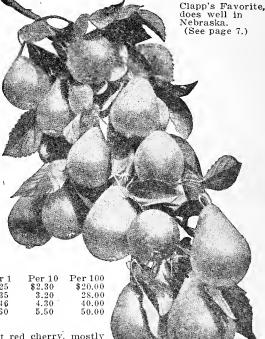
Unsurpassed for market. They show has been and the series of the series of the series. Ripens middle of July, **WRAGG**. Originated in Iowa and has become very popular in the Northwest and Western states. Fruit is medium to large, dark red and of fine quality. Tree is very hardy, vigorous and productive, is of dwarfish growth, with spreading round head; not subject to disease. This is one of the few cherries of good commercial quality that is perfectly hardy. Seems to do especially well in Colorado. Ripens July. **BEING HORTENSE**. Large, bright red, juicy; the mildest and sweetest of the sour cherries. Trees just as hardy as Early Richmond.

#### HEART OR SWEET VARIETIES.

I have no 2-3 feet sweet Cherries this year.



Montmorency.



of the heart type in Kansas or Nebraska, this variety will be most apt to succeed.

**WINDSOR.** New; introduced from Canada. Fruit large, liver colored, resembling the Black heart, but quite distinct; ripens a few days earlier than that vari-ety; flesh remarkably firm and of fine quality. These hards of firm and of fine quality. These hards and very prolific. Those that wish to try a sweet cherry in Nebraska and Kansas should plant a few Wind-sor, and I would be very thankful to get reports later on.

LAMBERT. This very promis-ing cherry is of the largest size, bright rich dark purplish-red col-or, turning almost jet black when ripe. Surface smooth, glossy, cov-ered with minute russet dots. Flesh reddish with whitish veins; very firm, of unsurpassed quality. Stands well in the lead as a ship-ing variety; tree healthy, rugged, strong grower, immense bearer. Ripens 10 days later than Napol-eon Bigarreau.

(Cherries continued on next page.)

#### CHERRIES.—(Continued.)

**NAPOLEON BIGARBEAU.** (Royal Ann.) Magnificent cherry of largest size; pale yellow, amber in the shade, rich-ly dotted deep red. Very firm, juicy and sweet. Rapid grower and immense bearer. Most popular for canning, preserving and shipping. Is hardiest and best yellow sweet sort. Immense market for the fresh fruit at top prices. Ripens end of June.

#### SONDEREGGER'S SWEET CHERRY.

I am sorry to state that I cannot furnish any of these cherries this year. Our buds did not take well for some cause and I have only very few trees on hand. Hope to have plenty again next year.

## QUINCES.

have plenty again next year.	
QUINCES.	
In Quinces we have a very desirable fruit. It is used a great deal for preserves and canning, especially with other fruits. A small part of quince will impart the quince flavor to three or four times as many apples. Quince syrup is very delicious, even excelling the finest maple syrup. The tree is easily transplanted and does well on any good soil on which corn grows well. Plant about 12x12 feet. I must confess that I have never succeeded in raising Quince here. While they will grow well for a year or two	
a hard Nebraska winter generally gets them. In a well protected location and	Contraction of the second s
special care they might be grown, but I cannot recommend them to my Ne-	Quince.
	, though, as far north as the middle of Kan- most of the Eastern states.
Price f Quinces: 2-3 feet, few branched, budded	Per 1 Per 10 Per 100

Price f Quinces:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
2-3 feet, few branched, budded	\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00
3-4 feet, branched, budded		4.00	37.00
4-5 feet, branched, budded		4.50	43.00
CHAMPION. Fruit large, oval, rich, aroma		y, long	keeper.

**OBANGE.** Very large, yellow, rich, aromatic, excellent flavor, long keeper. Always sells well.

### **ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY.**



Rocky Mountain Cherry.



Compass Cherry-Plum, 3-year-old, in full bloom in my garden.

A native cherry of dwarfish habit, perfectly hardy everywhere in the Northwest and stands coldest winters without protection. Fruit about as large as Early Richmond, color dark brown to black. Somewhat astringent to eat from the hand, but cooks well and makes fine preserves and jellies. Very early and an abundant bearer. Can be planted about as close as currants. Very desirable in the Northwest, where better cherries cannot be grown. Ripens in July, after other cherries are gone. Bush (it is not really a tree) is very ornamental and deserves a place in every yard. **Price of Bocky Mountain Cherry:** Per1 Per 10 Per 100 1-2 feet, nice bushy little trees....\$0.20 \$1.60 \$13.00

#### COMPASS CHERRY PLUM.

The most phenomenal sale of Compass Cherry-Plum last spring, shows again how well this fruit is liked wherever known. Please compare my prices with those of the tree agents. I have made prices very reason-able and besides, you will be sure to get the true able and Compass.

Absolutely hardy everywhere. The cherry was orig-inated at Springfield, Minn. It is a cross between the Sand Cherry and the Miner Plum. Fruit nearly an inch in diameter, a bright red, sweet and juicy, and of very fine flavor. When young and green, the fruits have more the appearance of undeveloped plums, but as they mature they become round like a cherry. The pit is somewhat elongated. The color of the fruit is bright red, when fully ripe, a dark wine shade. It looks more like a plum than a cherry.

like a plum than a cherry. . I think it should have been called a plum. I recom-mend this cherry wherever it is hard to raise fruit of any klnd, as some places in Texas, eastern Colorado, western Kansas, and western Nebraska and the Da-kotas. They will bear good fruit when other trees fail. I received an order for 1,000 Compass from Cali-fornia. This customer I advised not to plant them, as he could raise sweet cherries just as well and they would pay him better. I have two trees in my own garden and we all like the fruit fresh or cooked, but for the market here I would prefer to plant Early Rich-mond or English Morello, although in smaller quanti-ties they sell well in the Beatrice market, ripening after all cherries are gone. It is a good fruit, fresh or canned, and few people will be disappointed with it. The original tree bore fruit the third year from the seed and has borne a full crop every year since. The tree is a regular and heavy bearer, and produces fruit the next year after setting out. Its early bearing is truly wonderful. I have received large numbers of let-ters from customers that were well satisfied with the **Daries of Compass**. Compass.

Per 10 Per 100 \$2.30 \$20.00 branched 3.2030,00 4-5 ft., 2 yrs, from bud, branched .45 4.00 38.00

#### PLUMS.

A good tree to plant for quick returns. While all plums will bear not later than three years after transplanting, the Hanson Hybrids generally bear the next year. All are fine for canning, preserves and jam. They are easily canned and keep well. My wife has kept them in the cellar for three years and they were as good as the first winter. The native varieties, with few exceptions, are very hardy, doing well yet in North Dakota and Minnesota. Will grow on most any soil, preferring a sandy or clay loam. If varietics are mixed they will fertilize and bear better than when one variety is planted alone. This is the case with all sorts except the European, which will bear all right alone. Trees should be planted about 14x14 to 16x16 feet. 16x16 feet.

#### Prices of EUROPEAN and JAPANESE varieties:

	Per 1	Per 10 F	Per 100
3-4 feet, 1 or 2 years from bud	\$0.35	\$3.30	\$28.00
4-5 feet, 2 yrs. from bud, mostly	branched	4.20	36.00
5-7 feet, 2 years from bud, well	branched55	5.20	45.00
Of the European and Japanese	varieties I have no	2-3 ft. to	offer.

#### EUROPEAN VARIETIES.

**BRADSHAW.** Very large, dark violet red. Flesh yellow, juicy, good quality. Ripens August. **LOMBARD.** Medium size, oval, violet red, flesh yellow, juicy, pleasant. A great bearer and peculiarly adapted to light soils. Tree vigorous and hardy, succeeds where most other varieties fail. The most popular and profitable plum under general cultivation. One most popular and profitable plum under general cultivation. of the best for Nebraska and Kansas. Ripens last of August. One

or the best for Nebraska and Kansas. Ripens last of August. **MONARCH.** Fruit dark purple, covered with a thin bloom; large size specimens measuring six inches in circumference, flesh pale greenish yellow, parting freely from the stone; juicy, with a pleas-ant flavor. It is a leading market sort. The tree is a vigorous grower. I offer this fine plum for the first time to my customers, knowing that they will be well pleased with it. Ripens in September.

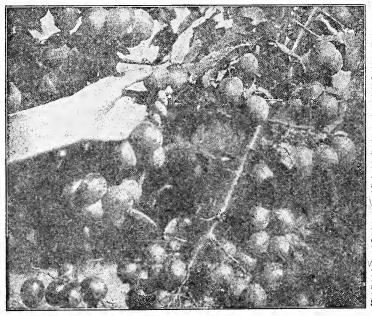
**MOORE'S ABCTIC.** A new hardy variety which originated in Maine. Of medium size or below, skin dark purplish black, with a thin blue bloom; flesh greenish yellow, a little coarse, juicy, sweet; a great improvement of the little Blue Damson Plum. Tree vigorous, an early and prolific bearer. Ripens last of September.

**GERMAN PRUNE.** A valuable plum of fair quality for dessert, but most esteemed for drying and pre-serving. Large, long-oval, purple with a thick blue bloom, flesh firm, sweet and pleasant, separating from the stone. Moderate to vigorous in growth. September.

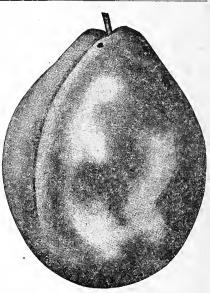
FRENCH PRUNE. (Fellenberg.) A fine late plum. Fruit large, handsome, of oval shape and purple color. Flesh thick, greenish yellow, juicy and delicious, parts freely from stone. Excellent for drying and preserv-ing. Very productive. Extensively used in Oregon ing. Very productive. Extensively used in Ores and Washington for drying purposes. Ripens Sept.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Medium size, dark purple flesh, amber colored and rich. Very productive and fine for canning. Hardy, 'Ripens middle September.

**YELLOW EGG.** Very large, egg shape. Color creamy yellow, flesh yellow and of fine quality. A good variety for the Middle West. Ripens end of August.



Surprise Plum. (See page 11.)



French Prune (Fellenberg.)

# JAPANESE VARIETIES.

(See prices above.)

(See prices above.) This type of plum is a strong grower, bears very young, from 2 to 3 years after transplanting. Is very productive, and the tree as a rule'is very orna-mental. They are not so hardy, though, as the Native or European varieties. Here in Nebraska they seem to be about as hardy, or a little more so, than the peach. All the varieties I offer are Luther Bur-bank's productions. These varieties must not be planted in Northern states.

planted in Northern states. **BURBANK.** When properly thinned, the fruit of this plum is very large—5 to 6 inches in circumfer-ence—nearly round, bright cherry red, making it very tempting in appearance. Its deep yellow flesh is sweet, meaty and quite firm, keeping and shipping finely. Tree vigorous and spreading. I find that here in Nebraska the Burbank is the very best of the Jap-anese varieties. Bears well here and generally comes through the winter unhurt. This would probably also be the case in Kansas. Ripens late in August. **PEUNUS SIMONI.** (Apricot Plum.) A native of China; said to be valuable, but not very hardy; fruit brick red in color; flesh yellow, of a peculiar flavor., Should be planted in Southern Kansas, Oklahoma, Tex-as, New Mexico, etc. Not hardy here. Ripens in July. **WICKSON.** Cross-breed plum by

WICKSON. Cross-breed plum by Luther Burbank, which he sent out in the spring of 1895. Mr. Burbank says: "Among the many Japanese Plums which I have fruited, this one so far stands pre-eminent in its rare combi-nation of good qualities. The tree grows in vase form, sturdy and up-right, yet as gracefully branching as could be desired, and is productive to a fault. The fruit is evenly distributed all over the tree, and from the time it is half grown until a few days before ripening, is of a pearly white color; but all at once soft pink shadings creep over it, and in a few days it has changed to a glowing carmine, with WICKSON. Cross-breed plum by creep over it, and in a few days it has changed to a glowing carmine, with heavy white bloom; the stone is small and the flesh is of fine texture, firm, sugary and delicious, and will keep two weeks or more after ripening, or can be picked when hard and white, and will color and ripen almost as well as if left on the tree. September.

**BED JUNE.** The great early mar-ket variety. Medium to large, deep red, with beautiful bloom. Flesh lemon yellow, firm and of delightful quality. Ripens early August. A prize winner.

(SATSUMA. A delicious plum for canning and a grand market sort. Fruit very large with deep red skin and flesh. Keeps two weeks after picking. A good bearer. Ripens in Contember. picking. A September.

(Japanese Varieties continued on next page.)

#### SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Sapa Plum reduced.

.

**FOREST GARDEN.** Fruit large, nearly round, dark purplish red; flesh yellow, firm, rich and of good flavor. Tree vigorous, very hardy, bearing early and abundantly. Ripens September 1st. Recommended for the market. Sea-September. son

Son, early September. **DeSOTO.** Probably the most grown of the American sorts. Fruit of me-dium size, oval; orange overspread with bright red; flesh yellow and firm, of fine flavor and good quality. It is a profitable market variety and excel-lent for all home uses. Tree very hardy and productive. Does well in the Dakotas and Minnesota. Season, September.

#### THE HANSEN VARIETIES.

These were all introduced by Prof. Hansen of the South Dakota Experi-mental Station at Brookings. All are Hybrids of Dakota native plums and therefore very hardy and especially suited for Northern states. They all bear the next year after transplanting. Often bear some already in the nursery. The best fruit to plant for quick results. **Price of the Hansen Plums:** Per1 Per10 Per 100

LIGO OI VIIC LANIBOU LIGHIS!	TGLT	1 01 10	T CI 100
2-3 feet, 2 year roots, 1 year tops	\$0.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
3-4 feet, 2 year roots, 1 year tops		4.00	35.00
4-5 feet, 2 year roots, 2 year ton, branched		5.50	50.00

it from all the other hardy plums grown in the Northwest. **SAFA.** (See front cover.) Very fine, perfectly hardy, new plum. Prof. Hansen's description: "The female parent is one of our selected seedlings of the Western Sand Cherry (Prunus Besseyi), favorite fruit of the Sioux Indians. The male parent a large, purple-fleshed Japanese plum originated by Luther Burbank, and by him named the Sultan. Sultan is one of the Satsuma type and is perhaps a cross with some other species. The Sapa fruited first in 1907 on a tree cut back very severely for bud sticks. The tree is plum-like in habit; one-year trees in nursery have many fruit buds; the glossy, dark purple skin, and the rich, dark purple-red fiesh of its Jap-anese sire." I have raised the Sapa on my farm and they were fine. **WANETA.** (See front cover.) Prof. Hansen describes it thus: "It is probably the largest of over 10,000 seedlings; here about 2 inches in diam-eter; weight 2 ounces. Good red color; skin free from acerbity and with de-licious flavor. Has borne the past four successive years." (Hansen Varieties continued on next page.)

(Hansen Varieties continued on next page.)

#### PLUMS.—(Continued.)—JAPANESE VARIETIES.

**THE IMPROVED GOLD.** One of the most attractive golden yellow plums, with a red cheek; roundish oval shape. About 1% inches in diameter. Tree is extremely hardy, very productive and is adapted to commercial planting where other varieties are not profitable. Its unusual attraction and showy appearance makes it a good seller and it is one of the best shipping plums known. Does very well here in Nebraska. I have had so many customers wanting this plum, so I started raising them.

**Price of Improved Gold:** 3-4 feet, 37c each; 10 for \$3.50. 4-5 feet, 47c each; 10 for \$4.50. 5-6 feet, 60c each; 10 for \$5.50.

#### NATIVE VARIETIES.

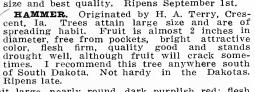
These are most all very hardy. Are of the Native type, found growing wild along creeks and streams in the Middle West, but, of course, greatly improved. Plant these varieties in groups, using at least two or more sorts. They will fertilize and bear better. For the Northern states I furnish trees budded on na-tive plum roots; further south on Myrabolan Plum or Peach roots, which do not sprout or rootsucker.

	Per1	Per 10	Per 100
2-3 feet, 1 year from bud, mostly whips	\$0.25	\$2.30	\$20.00
3-4 feet, 1 year from bud, partly branched	.35	3.30	30.00
4-5 feet, 2 years from bud, branched	.50	4.70	40.00

**SURPRISE** (Hortulana). A variety introduced by Mr. Penning of Sleepy Eye, Minnesota, and is said by many to be the finest in quality of any of the culti-vated varieties in the Native Miner group, also the hardiest of that type. Fruit large to very large, skin medium thick, tender, bright red, flesh pale yellow, meaty and of fine flavor, quality extra good. Season medium. Tree an upright, vigorous and healthy grower; is everywhere reported very productive. A splen-did variety for either home or commercial culture and should be found in every collection. The Surprise Plum has given the very best satisfaction in the West-ern and Northwestern states. Ripens here about August 25th.

will GOOSE. An old, well-known variety. Fruit good size, clear red, with blue bloom, sweet and very juicy; not hardy in the north. Ripens end of July. **wolf.** No Western native plum has been more generally commended than this. It is very productive, regular in bearing from Kansas to Minnesota, being perfectly hardy, and has given good satisfaction whenever planted. Fruit of good flavor and quality. Stone perfectly free. Season medium. Tree beautiful and symmetrical, inclined to over-bear. Ripens September 1st.

WYANT. Widely and favorably known as one of our very best native plums Generally bears a good crop and comes into bearing very young. Fruit of good size and best quality. Ripens September 1st.





Grown in my garden. (See page 12.) Inkpa.

#### PLUMS.—(Continued.)—HANSEN VARIETIES.

**INKFA.** Very fine, perfectly hardy, new plum. Plum red with heavy blue bloom, firm flesh, good quality and rich fragrance. Skin somewhat thick but sweet. Fruit 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. When cooked the strong apricot flavor is brought out to perfection, entirely unlike any native plum. The female parent is a seedling of our wild Northwestern Plum (Prunus Americana), the male parent is the large, firm-fleshed, fragrant apricot of China (Prunus Simoni), pop-ular in the orchards of California. It bore a heavy crop when native plums were almost a total failure plums were almost a total failure.

**KAHINTA.** (See front cover.) Fruit 1½ inches in diameter, dark red, roundish, slightly oval and very heavy. Flesh firm, yellow and sweet. Introduced in 1912.

**TOKATA.** Good size, of a dark rich red color, slightly mottled with numerous orange dots and covered with a light lilac bloom. Flesh rich, orange red, very firm and of excellent flavor. Stone free,

#### DWARF PLUMS.

I have a few Dwarf Plums, budded on St. Julian stocks. These are for planting in gardens, where space is limited. Can be planted 8-10 feet apart. I have the following varieties. Tokata, Burbank, Wickson and Miowa. The Kiowa is a Professor Hansen Hybrid Plum of fine quality. Plums on St. Julian stocks are hardy anywhere south of South Dakota. Came through the winter with 22 degrees below zero all right. Frice: 2-4 feet trees, 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

#### APRICOTS.

Arficuotia. A most delicious fruit of the plum species. Is of a distinct flavor and one of our best and most profusely. Ripening as it does between the cherries and peaches, the apricot is a most welcome fruit. In the cherries and peaches, the apricot is a most welcome fruit. In yery sunny localities, it is apt to bloom too early in the spring and get caught by the frost. The tree is slender in form, has beautiful dark green foliage, pretty pink blossoms, and will give very satisfac-tory results as an ornamental tree in any garden or house lot. To avoid being caught by late spring frosts, spread long, strawy manure about one foot thick around the tree in the winter after the ground is frozen hard and deep. The manure will keep the frost in the sprond two weeks longer in the spring, and the tree will not bloom so early. Russian varieties have stood 30 degrees below zero without injury, and are therefore very desirable for the Northwestern states and exposed locali-ties. No use planting American varieties in Nebraska or Kansas, Russian only. Price of all varieties of Apricots: Per 1 Per 10 Per 100

Price of all varieties of Apricots:	Per 1	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
2-3 feet, budded, mostly branched	\$0.28	\$2.50	\$23.00
3-4 feet, budded, branched	.33	3.00	28.00
4-5 feet, budded, branched		3.80	33.00
5-6 feet, budded, branched		4.70	44.00

#### RUSSIAN VARIETIES.

These varieties must be planted in the Southern or Pacific States only. ALEXANDER. Good size, oblong, yellow with red, sweet and delicate. Tree very hardy. Middle of July. BUDD. Large, yellow, with red cheek, rich and slightly acid. Tree hardy and very prolific, July 1st to 10th. **SUPERB.** A new variety from Kansas, very hardy, of the Russian type. The best flavored, most produceve apricot yet produced. Medium size, light salmon color and excellent quality. tive apricot yet produced.

#### AMERICAN VARIETIES.

**EARLY GOLDEN.** Fruit small, pale orange yellow, juicy and sweet. Tree hardy and productive. The best of the small fruited sorts. Ripens about July 1st.

**MOORPARK.** Very large, yellowish green with red on sunny side. Flesh bright orange on freestone. Fine for canning and drying. Not hardy in Nebraska. Large-ly planted on Pacific coast. Late June.

#### RUSSIAN APRICOT SEEDLINGS.

**LOODSTAN ALMOOT SEEDLINGS.** These are grown from the seed of the Russian varie-ties of Apricots. You will find them very hardy, bearing fine flavored fruit, although not large, as far north as the middle of South Dakota. Will make a fine looking orna-mental tree in any garden or grounds, grows erect, very dense and has pretty, well-shaped, dark, glossy leaves with pink blossoms. There are few better trees for a windbreak, and in this case should be planted about § feet apart in the row.

#### Price of Apricot Seedlings:

$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	feet	6c each;	10	for	50C;	100	Ior	\$ 4.00	
2 -3	feet	9c each:	10	for	75c;	100	for	\$ 6.00	
3 -4	feet1	4c each:	10	for	\$1.10:	100	for	\$ 9.00	
4 -5	feet18	Sc each:	10	for	\$1.60:	100	for	\$12.00	
1 0	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	oe ouen,			+,				

Dear Mr. Sonderegger:

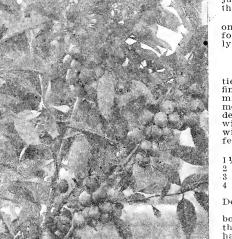
Dear Mr. Sonderegger: This is a very nice letter you have written me. I bought some trees from you a few years ago. Many of them have died on account of the many dry years we have had. I have not lost any of the Apricots I bought of you. They flourish in spite of the dry years and grow fine, but they have never had any fruit so far. If they will bear and the fruit is any good, I sure would buy some more, for I do love to see them grow. They seem to be as thrifty as the Russian Mulberry. Yes, you can send me your catalog. Yours truly, J. B. S., R. No. 1, Yukon, Okla.

### Yuma, Colo., Jan. 13, 1918.

Sonderegger: Mr. Sonderegger: The two hundred trees I got from you last spring did fine, but I didn't get enough. I need 300 more trees, but first I want your seed and nursery catalog for 1918. Respectfully, L. L. K., Box 254.

Compass Cherry Tree, set out April 1st, 1910, Photo taken July 10th, 1911. J. A. Buckner, Hereford, Texas. (See description, Page 9.)





#### BUDDED PEACHES.

I give below a list of the hardiest and choicest varieties, covering the season from July to the middle of October. Budded peaches always bring a good price, as they are much larger and finer in appearance and quality. They will bear just as often, yield as many bushels to the tree, live as long and stand as much cold as seedling peaches, while the fruit is much more valuable. Do not waste your labor and land by planting seedling trees. It doesn't pay, and you will surely be disappointed. Plant about 16x16 or 18x18 feet, in moderate rich soil. Before planting cut all limbs back to one inch, the main leader about half. Your peach trees will start to grow quicker and surer and will form a nice top. Keep the ground well cultivated. Peach trees are apt to make too much of a growth and get top heavy. To avoid this, prune them every year. Cut all dry wood out and shorten long leading branches. I give the time of ripening here in Nebraska. South of here they would rip-

I give the time of ripening here in Nebraska. South of here they would rip-en earlier. For Ne-braska I recommend Alexander, Champ-ion, Sage, Bokara and Fitzgerald. These are the hardi-est peaches I know. I have fruited them here. No use trying any other variety if these cannot stand your climate. Wherever peach can be grown, they should be planted freely. Peach or-chards all through the country are get-ting scarcer every wear and fruit is

ting scarcer every year and fruit is very high in price. One hundred peach trees will bring a big amount of fruit in 2 or 3 years and will pay the planter big returns.

ALEXANDER EARLY. Clingstone.

Peach Orchard set out by Ben Geistman, Rowena, Texas, spring 1913, bore some peaches in 1916 and a good crop in 1917.

bis idealing.			
Price of all Peaches except J. H. Hale:	Per 1	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
2-3 feet, budded, mostly whips	\$0.18	\$1.70	\$15.00
3-4 feet, budded, partly branched	25	2.40	22.00
4-5 feet, budded, branched	30	2.80	26.00
5-6 feet, budded, well branched	40	3.80	35.00
Write for special prices in larger quantities.			

Medium size.

**CRAWFORD'S EARLY.** Freestone. Highly es-teemed for market. Fruit very large, oblong, yellow with showy red cheeks. Flesh yellow, juicy and sweet. A good bearer. August. **ELBETTA.** Freestone. Originated in Georgia and is being planted most freely in the South, where it is regarded as the best market variety. Fruit large, yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, fine quality. Tree very hardy and exceedingly productive. It is equally valuable in the North, and is one of the best general sorts for all sections. Ripens with Crawford's Early. This variety has become very popular in Michigan, Oklahoma, Alabama, Ohio and in all peach growing sections. Exceptionally large and all peach growing sections. Exceptionally large and fine. August to September.

FITZGEBRALD. Freestone. One of the best for the north-ern peach belt. Fruit large, brilliant color, yellow flesh. One of the hardier varieties for Kansas and Nebraska. August. HEATH CLING. Clingstone, Large and round; white with black spots, juicy and fine qual-ity. Best peach for pickles; rea-sonably hardy here. October.

MOUNTAIN ROSE. Free-stone. Large, skin whitish, nearly covered with light and nearly covered with light and dark, rich red, flesh white, slightly stained at the stone. Very good and should be in ev-ery collection. Years ago I raised this peach with good success on my farm near Fair-bury, Nebr. Middle of August.

LEMON CLING. Clingstone: Large, in shape and color like, a lemon, with dark red cheek. Flesh yellow, firm, with a rich, sprightly flavor. Hardy and productive. September. KRUMMEL. Freestone. This is a large round neach rich

**KRUMMEL** Freestone. This is a large, round peach, rich golden yellow, blushed with car-mine. Flesh yellow, tinted red at the pit, firm, rich, melting and sub-acid. Of good quality, a good keeper and shipper. Is largely planted in the East and South and on the Pacific Coast, and should be given a trial in the Middle West. Ripens late at the Ohio Experiment Station about Oct. 5th. Hardy and pro-ductive and a money-maker.



Mayflower, best Early Peach. (Page 14.)

#### **PEACHES.**—(Continued.)

**PEACHES.**—(Continued.) **THE MAYFLOWER PEACH.** Clingstone. The Mayflower is the earliest peach in the market. A week earlier than Alexander or Sneed. It is of good size and fine color, be-ing absolutely red all over, even before it is ripe enough to ship, thus making a very handsome, attractive peach. The earliness and rich color of the Mayflower makes it so valuable for the market. In quality it is ful-ly as good as Sneed or Alexander. The tree is a strong and thrifty grower, has large blossoms that come out after all other peaches have bloomed. Thus the tree often escapes a late frost and bears well, while the fruits of other varieties are killed. It is a young bearer, often bringing a few fruits the first year after transplanting. It is apt to set too many fruits and should be thinned out to secure the best results. The fruit keeps well for an early peach, is a good shipper, and always brings the highest price on the market. I advise all my customers in peach growing sections to try the Mayflower, being sure that it will pay better than any other peach on the market. At Rulo, Nebr., they ripened June 18th in 1915. **TRIUMPH.** Clingstone, but not so much so as Alexander. Earliest vellow flexb peach

**TRIUMPH.** Clingstone, but not so much so as Alexander. Earliest yellow flesh peach. Color yellow with ref. Good quality. Tree very hardy. Bears well in Nebraska and sells well on the market. Ripens in July.

**WONDERFUL.** Freestone. Large to very large. Uniform in size and shape. Color rich golden yellow, largely overspread with vivid carmine, with marbling of crimson. Flesh yellow, rich, high flavored and delicious; very firm. Fore part of October.

#### J. H. HALE. A NEW PEACH.

J. H. HALE. A NEW PEACH. This is a chance seedling, discovered by Mr. Hale, a large peach grower in the East. The fruit is larger than the Elberta, a perfect freestone, somewhat roundish, resembling the Reeves Favorite in shape; is of a rich golden yellow, covered with Carmine. Skin thick and entirely without fuzz. The flesh is dark yellow, fine grained and firm, parting as easily from the pit as any Elberta. The flavor is excellent, absolutely of the best. The tree is hardy, fully as hardy as Elberta or Hill's Chili; bears young and profusely, probably the best bearer known. One of the best for family use and especially for the market. It will bring a better price than any other variety. I recommend this peach to all my customers in the peach growing sections. **Frice of J. H. Hale Peach:** Per 1 Per 10 Per 100

Price of J. E			Per 1	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
2-3 ft., 1 year,	from	bud	30.22	\$2.00	\$19.00
3-4 ft., 1 year,	from	bud	.30	2.80	26.00
4-5 ft., 1 year	from	bud	.37	3.50	32.00
5-6 ft., 1 year,	from	bud	.45	4.00	35.00

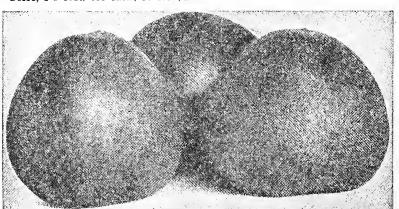
#### PEACH SEEDLINGS.

These are raised from seeds obtained at the can-ning factories, generally very much mixed as to va-rieties.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet high, 1 year old, each &c;10 for 60c; 100 for \$5.00.

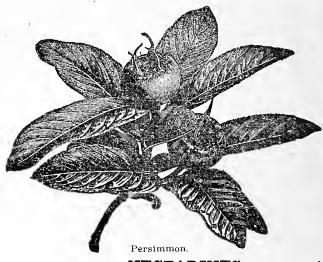
#### PAW-PAW.

(Asiminia.) A small tree, or rather a shrub with purple or whitish flowers and handsome foliage. The large fruit is edible and improves by cultivation. Hardy as far north as the middle of Nebraska. Near Sabetha, Kansas, I have seen it grow wild along the creeks. Generally well-known.

Price, 2-3 feet. 45c each; 10 for \$4.00.



Nectarines.



#### NECTARINES.

The Nectarine is almost identical with the peach. Most botanists consider them the same species, the difference between the two being in the skin, the nec-tarine having a smooth and the peach a downy sur-face. The fruit, however, is rather smaller and scarcely so rich in flavor as the best peaches, but they have a very sprightly and delicious quality, and their exquisite waxlike appearance makes them high-ly popular as a dessert fruit. Nectarines require the same culture as the peach and are about as hardy as the peach. the peach.

**NEW WHITE.** Large, skin greenish white, flesh white, tender, juicy, stone small and free, one of the best varieties for drying. July and August.

**BOSTON.** Fruit large and handsome, deep yellow, with a bright blush and mottling of red, flesh yellow to the stone, very sweet, with a pleasant and peculiar flavor, freestone, hardy and productive. Ripens in

September. **Price of Nectarines:** 3 to 5 feet, 45c each; 10 for \$4.00; 100 for \$35.00.

#### PERSIMMON.

A native of the Southern states, but will thrive and ripen its fruit as far north as the Great Lakes. The tree reaches a height of 20 to 30 feet. The fruit is not large, ½ to 1 inch in diameter, and must be fully ripe to become edible. A valuable ornamental tree. Will thrive on the poorest soil. A great change is wrought in the fruit of the tree by the early frosts. Under their influence it becomes sweet, high-flavored, rich and racy. Long after the leaves have fallen the branches are so heavily laden with plum-like fruits that the tree seems all aglow with the saffron pink tint of the fruit that is very ornamental. **Frice of Persumons:** Per 1 Per 10 Per 100

Price of Persimmons:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
12-18 inch, seedlings	\$0.10	\$0.90	\$8.00
3-4 feet nice trees	60	5.50	
4-5 feet, nice trees	70	6.50	

#### FIGS.

These can be planted in the open in the Southern ates. Should do well in most places in New Mexico, Texas and southern Oklaho-ma. In the Northern states it states.

is best to plant them in tubs. In my own garden I have suc-ceeded in wintering them by laying the trees down and covering them with dirt and strawy manure.

CELESTE. Small to me-dium, pear-shaped, ribbed; violet-colored, so m et i m e s shading to purplish brown, covered with bloom about half-way up from the neck; stem short, stout. Flesh whit-ish, shading to rose color at center; flesh firm, juicy, sweet, excellent quality. One of the hardlest varieties of figs, and can be grown far outside of can be grown far outside of the usual limits of culture; very desirable for canning and preserving.

**Price:** 3-4 feet, trees, 60c each; 10 for \$5.50.



#### BUFFALO BERRY.

The fruit of the Buffalo Berry resembles small currants; is round, smooth, and glossy, of a beautiful red color. Berries ripen in July and literally cover twiss and branches; will hang on bush until nearly spring. Make excellent preserves, jellies and butter, also much used for pies and tarts and for making wine. Tree is hardy anywhere, constant and prolific bearer, worth cultivating for ornamental purposes alone. Plant the Buffalo Berry for a winter berry, as they are a most delicious fruit from December to January. There are male and female plants, therefore a number of plants should be planted. One plant the should be planted. One plant the should be planted. One plant the plants, therefore a number of plants should be planted. One plant the plants of the should be planted. The perperturbed between the stress the provide the should be planted. The perperturbed between the should be planted. The presence of the should be planted be planted. The perperturbed between the should be planted. The perperturbed between the should be planted. The plant the should be planted be planted. The plant the should be planted be planted be planted. The plant the plant the planted between the should be planted be planted. The plant the planted between the planted betwee The fruit of the Buffalo Berry resem-

alone

#### ELDER BERRY.

**ELDEE, AMERICAN.** (Sambucus Canadensis.) The common Elder Berry. A tall shrub with stout stems filled with white pith. The small white flowers come in large flat-topped cymes, fragrant, opening in early summer. Fruit black, very pro-fuse, ripening in August and September. Grows 6 to 8 feet tall. The berries are highly esteemed for cooking and making of cordials. In many parts of Europe they are grown for the purpose of making wine, and are said to be of great value for medicinal purposes in case of stomach disorder. All varieties of Elder are largely planted in parks and gardens to attract the birds, which are very fond of the berries. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 20c each; 10 for \$1.70.

#### JUNE BERRY or SERVICE BERRY.

**IMPROVED DWARF.** Good substitute for the large swamp Huckleberry or Whortleberry, which it resembles in appearance and quality. Fruit borne in clusters, reddish uppele in color, changing to bluish black. Flavor a mild, rich, sub-acid; excellent as a dessere fruit or canned. Is extremely hardy and endures the heat of summer without injury. In habit it is bushy, growing up to 7 or 8 feet in height. Is largely planted for ornamental purposes. When in full bloom it is surpassed by few shrubs. The leaves are of a beautiful glossy green. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 10 for \$2.20.

#### **DWARF BLUE BERRY.** (Vaccinium Pennsylvanicum.)

A dwarf shrub, growing 8 to 15 inches high with very shiny leaves and very productive. The berries are of good size, black, with a blue bloom, very sweet. This is the variety that is largely used for canning. Plant grows fine under cultivation, likes a sunny place and is perfectly hardy. Price: 20c each; 10 for \$1.80; 100 for \$15.00. I offer strong, well rooted plants. RIISSIAN MIIT.RF.PRV

#### **RUSSIAN MULBERRY.**

**CONSTANT MULTIFIERD 1.** Introduced here by the Russian Mennonites. Tree very hardy, stood 30 degrees below zero and bore a crop of berries the next season. An annual and abundant bearer. The fruit is from white to pink and some black in color, from sweet to quite tart in taste. Canned with gooseberries, cherries, or rhubarb, they make a good sauce, relished by most, everybody. Poultry raisers should plant largely of this tree near the poultry house or yard, as they will make a nice shade tree for the chickens, and the berries are much relished by the fowls, and are very healthful. Try it and you will be pleased, and your fowls more so. It is also advisable to plant a few Mulberry near your cherry orchard. Birds prefer the Mulberry and will not take your cherries. The wood is very valuable for fence posts, lasting for 20 years ix the ground. They also make a very pretty hedge if planted about 10 inches to one foot apart, and kept well pruned the first few years. Price of Buesian Mulberry

Price of Russian Mulberry:	Per 1	Per 10	$\mathbf{Per} \ 100$	$\operatorname{Per} 1000$
8-12 inch, 1 year Seedlings			\$.50	\$ 4.00
12-18 inch, 1 year Seedlings			.90	8.00
18-24 inch, 2 year Seedlings		.25	2.00	18.00
2-3 feet, 2 year Seedlings	.05	.40	3.00	25.00
3-4 feet, nice once transplanted trees	.10	.90	8.00	
4-5 feet, nice once transplanted trees	.15	1,30	12.00	
5-6 feet, nice once transplanted trees	.25	2.30	20.00	
6-8 feet, nice once transplanted trees	.40	3,70	35.00	
8-10 feet, nice once transplanted trees	.70	6.50		
8-10 feet, file once transplanted trees	.70	6.50		

#### AMERICAN MULBERRY.

The native varieties are not quite as hardy as the Russian should not be planted as far nor dule as hardy as the tussian should not be planted as far north as Nebraska. I have never succeeded in raising berries from an American Mulberry here, while Russian Mulberry bear well here.

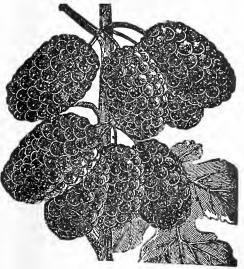
**DOWNING'S EVERBEARING.** One of the most prolific varieties. Fruit very large, black, rich and sweet in flavor. Its long bearing season has made it a universal favorite. Ripens fruit during six to eight weeks.

**ABUNDANCE.** I believe this is the best of the large fruited Mulberries. Fruit is long, glossy black and of excel-lent quality. Tree very productive, strong, upright grower, is hardier than the American varieties and can be grown farther North.

**Price of both varieties:** 4 to 5 feet, 45c each; 10 for \$4.00; 100 for \$36.00.

100 for \$36,00.I got a Sapa Plum along with some other trees in the<br/>spring of 1916 and the Sapa was so full of fruit this last sum-<br/>mer. Have several different kinds of Plums in this country<br/>and Scotland, of which I am a native, and will say that the<br/>Sapa was the finest I have ever eaten and the flavor was<br/>simply fine. The Compass-Cherry Plums are sure immense<br/>bearers.<br/>Yours truly,<br/>A. C. W., Abilene, Kans.<br/>Dctober, 1917.October, 1917.R. 7, Box 102.

Will you please send us a catalog of your fruit trees, as we have a farm in Utah and want to get a bill of trees. We got a bill of trees a few years ago from you and they were fine. January 27, 1918. Mrs. G. M. H., Oakland, Calif.



Russian Mülberry.

#### NUT TREES.

The past few years have witnessed a remarkable development in the planting of nut-bearing trees. Probably no branch of tree cultivation pays larger profits or is as well assured of a profitable market. The returns from established nut-bearing orchards, as well as numerous ex-periments, show plainly how successful nut culture may be made in America. Most farms contain land that would pay better planted in nut-bearing trees than anything else; the nuts in many cases, paying better than farm crops or fruits, while the trees are growing into valuable timber.

ALMONDS. These must not be planted in the Northern **ALMONDS.** These must not be planted in the Northern states, but should do well as far north as southern Oklahoma and New Mexico. Are largely planted in California and Arizona. I give here two of the very best varieties. Mr. Wickson in his book, "California Fruits," puts these two varieties at the head of the list. states, but

**I. X. I.** "Tree a sturdy, rather upright grower with large leaves; nuts large, with, as a rule, single kernels; hulls easily. No bleaching necessary; shells soft but perfect; bears heavily and regularly,"

**NE PLUS ULTRA.** "Large and very long in shape; heavy and regular bearer, soft shell, hull free." **Price of Almonds:** Per 1 Per 10

Per 10 \$4.70 4-5 feet, budded, well branched ......\$0.50

**BLACK WALNUT.** A native of Nebraska. Of large size and majestic form, with beautiful foliage. Grows best on low ground, bears very free-ly. The most valuable of all trees for timber, which enters largely into the manufacture of furniture and cabinet work, and brings the very highest price in the market. Tree is a fairly rapid grower, and also makes a fine shade tree. The large, oily nuts are of fine fiavor and mar-totable at a fair price. ketable at a fair price.

Japan Walnut. On a large number of farms along creeks and rivers, there are small pieces of land (a bend in a creek), on which Black Walnuts would do exceptionally well, and in time would bring a nice sum of money. The cost of the seedlings and the care of them the first two or three years would amount to very little.

Price of Black Walnut:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
8-12 inch, 1 year Seedlings		\$0.15	$$1.20 \\ 2.00$	$$13.00 \\ 15.00$
3-4 feet, once transplanted trees	.22	2.00	18.00	
4-5 feet, once transplanted trees		$3.00 \\ 4.00$	$28.00 \\ 38.00$	
6-8 feet, once transplanted trees		7.00		

**ENGLISH OR PERSIAN WALNUT.** A fine, lofty growing tree, with handsome spreading head; produces large crops of thin shelled, delicious nuts that are always in demand at good prices. The fruit in green state is highly esteemed for pickling. The orchards of California and the South are yielding handsome profits and still the nuts are imported in great quantities. Not hardy enough for general culture North. **Price:** 12-18 inch seedlings, raised from the best selected nuts. each, 20c; 10 for \$1.80.

JAPAN WALNUT. (Sieboldi.) If it produced no nuts it would be well worth cultivating for an ornamen-JAPAN WALKUT, (Slebold.) It is produced no hults it would be well worth cultivating for an orhander tal tree. Grows with great vigor, surpassing all other nut trees, assuming a handsome form; needs no pruning; leaves of large size and charming shade of green. Nuts are borne in clusters of 12 or 15 each at tips of pre-vious season's branches; they have a smooth shell, thicker than the English, but not so thick as the Black Walnut. Meat is sweet, of good quality, flavor like Butternut, but less oily. Tree commences bearing young, trees three to four years from nut in nursery row frequently pro-ducing nuts. Perfectly hardy and worthy of extensive planting.

Price of Japan Walnut:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
12-18 inch Seedlings, 1 year	\$0.20	\$1.80	\$17.00
18-24 inch Seedlings, 1 year		2.80	27.00
5-6 feet, nice trees, transplanted		7.00	

BUTTERNUT OR WHITE WALNUT. The nuts are large, long, oily and nutritious. The lofty, spreading tree is one of our finest natives, valued for its tropical appearance and beau-tiful wood as well as for its nuts. Does well in Nebraska and as far north as Dakota.

Price:		'Per	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
		\$0.0		$$5.00 \\ 6.50$	
18-24 men	securings	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	••••	0.00	10.00

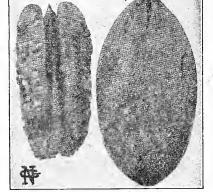
Frice: 3-4 ft. trees, 35c each; 10 for \$3.20; 4-5 ft., 50c each; 10 \$4.50; 12-18 inch seedlings, 9c éach; 10 for 80c; 100 for \$7.00. 10 for

STUART PECAN, Grafted. This is a large, thin-shelled nut, of fine flavor, and the hardiest variety grown. Can be planted farther north than the common pecans. As these are all grafted, they will all come true to name, while with seedlings this is not always the case. Not hardy here, but probably hardy in southern Missouri and Oklahoma.

Price: 11/2 to 2 ft. trees, \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00; 100 for \$75.00. **PECAN.** The tree grows fast and bears well, producing large crops of thin-shelled nuts that are full kerneled and delicately flavored. In Southern states pecans yield handsome profits. Not hardy here.

Price: 18-24 inch seedlings, raised from best nuts, 30c each; 10 for \$2.80; 100 for \$25.00.

COMMON HAZELNUT. This is the American variety that is hardy everywhere, but nuts are smaller, although of good quality. Price: 25c each; 10 for \$2.10.



Stuart Pecan.



Butternut.

A REAL

3 5

	e finest orn		rees.	01	extensive	planting.
	Japan Wa			er 1	Per 10	Per 100
12-18 inch	Seedlings,	1 year	\$	0.20	\$1.80	\$17.00
18-24 inch	Seedlings,	1 year		.30	2.80	27.00

#### GRAPE VINES.

URAFTE VINED. One of the best, healthiest and longest cultivated fruits we have. Easy to grow, in most any kind of soil that is not too wet, even a stony hill brings good results. Where there is little room plant them along the fence or on the side of a building. They make a splendid screen for un-sightly buildings, walls or fences. Can be grown in almost any state in the Union if the right varieties are selected and in northern states are given a little winter protection. On most of our Nebraska soil grapes make an excessive amount of canes or vines and must therefore be pruned thoroughly every year. In pruning never forget that the grapes grow only on last year's shoots. In the Middle West there is more money in growing grapes for the market than in any other fruit and the crop is sure, almost every year. I give helow the best and hardiest varieties. There should be grapes on every farm, and in every garden. With a little care you can raise plenty of good healthy fruit and can help solve the food prohlem.

### CACO (CATAWBA-CONCORD) GRAPE.

A Grand Novelty.

A Grand Novelty. The most delicious of all grapes, whether hardy or exotic. A perfect-ly hardy grape that has been pronounced by America's most expert rower of hothouse grapes, to equal in high quality and melting texture, the finest varieties grown under glass. When one considers the price of the greenhouse product and realizes that the wonderful Caco can be grown in the back yard, almost without attention, the force of the above statement is apparent. In appearance, the most beautiful of hardy grapes; berry large, wine-red, with abundant bloom. Bunch of good size, compact and of good form. Ripens ten days to two weeks in ad-vance of Concord; so rich in sugar it is excellent in flavor two weeks in ad-vance of being fully ripe. Vine a very strong, vigorous grower, healthy and prolific. Fruit for past two years sold in open market by the crate at more than double the price of any other variety. Highly commended by prominent fruit growers throughout the country, by cler-gymen, attorneys and laymen. Was awarded a medal by the American Institute of New York, the highest honor ever conferred on a variety of fruit hy this time-honored institution. I cannot recommend the Caco too highly. It shows up well in my garden. Last winter was excep-tionally hard on grapes, but the caco came through alright without cov-ering. I find the grapes as described above. **BETA.** A small to medium sized black grape, quite acid, but of good

**BETA.** A small to medium sized black grape, quite acid, but of good quality and fine flavor. Very early, prolific and healthy. It is valuable chiefly for its hardiness. It is hardy without protection far into Minnesota and on this account it is especially valuable for arbors, where the large varieties are a little too tender. **Price:** 60c each, 10 for \$5.50; 100 for

\$45.00. ek. The well-known planted everywhere. CONCORD. Black. fine old variety, p Bunches and berries of good size, black, covered with a rich blue bloom. Skin covered with a rich blue bloom. Skin tender but firm, juicy, sweet, when fully ripe; hardy and productive. I think this you inter this variety, especially here

in Nebraska, will bring will bring more fruit from year to year than any other kind. the Niagara coming the closest to it. There are va-rieties of better quality and flavor, especially foi table use, but few better bearers. It is used largely by the Eastern makers of grape juice, in fact almost all the grape juice in the market is made from Con-cord grapes. I advise covering the vines in the fall, north of the middle half of Nebraska. Please notice my low prices. There should be at least 50 Concord grape vines on every farm. Few fruits will bring as quick and bountiful returns as the Concord.

Two-year-old No. 1 Plants: Extra nice, very large well rooted. As fine plants as are grown anywhere. I 12c; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$9.00. and Each,

**One-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Strong and well rooted. Each, 10c; 10 for 80c; 100 for \$7.50.

**AGAWAM.** Red. Bears well in Nebraska. Berries large, of rich red color; skin thick, meaty, juicy and of rich pe-culiar aromatic flavor. A good bearer and does well in Nebraska.

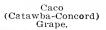
Two-year-old No. 1 Plants: Each, 15c; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$12.50.

**BRIGHTON.** Red. Bunches and berries large, fine, rich flavor, juicy and sweet, with very few seeds. I find that this is one of the best of finer dessert grapes for Nebraska and Kansas. In my garden one of the very best dessert grapes and very productive and hardy.

Two-year-old No. 1 Plants: Each 25c; 10 for \$2.20; 100 for \$20.00.

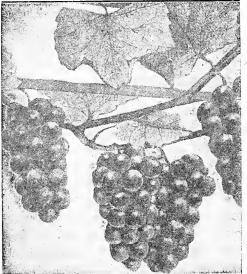
**CAMPBELL'S EARLY.** Black. A new variety that cannot he too highly recommended. Of strong, vigorous growth, very hardy, foliage perfectly healthy, very early, abundant bearer. The berries are large, nearly round, dark blue, skin thick and tough, making it a good shipper; flesh sweet, with slight aroma. The bunches are always large and beautiful; will keep on or off the vines for several weeks after fully ripened. An excellent dessert grape, one of the best early market varieties. I do not know of a better grape for Nebraska if properly taken care of. Should be covered over winter here.

Two-year-old No. 1 Plants: Each 30c; 10 for \$2.60; 100 for \$25.00.





Sept. 16, 1918.



## **GRAPE VINES.**—(Continued.)

**CATAWBA.** Red. Well-known wine grape. Bunches and berries large, of coppery-red color, turning to purple when fully ripe. Best quality, a good bearer and very profitable. **Two-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Each 15c; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$12.50. \$12.50.

CLINTON. Black. Bunches and berries small and compact. Berries juicy and quite acid. A good grape for dark red wine. Vine vigorous grower, productive and hardy. Very desirable as an arbor grape, but not fully hardy here and should be covered over winter. Our Nebraska soil seems to be too rich for this grape, as here it grows an unusual amount of wood. I recommend this grape on very light soil. Two-year-old No. 1 Flants: Each 15c; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$12.50. \$12.50.

\$12.50. **DAKOTA.** Originated in Minnesota by Louis Suelter, the grape specialist. An improved American Wild Grape. Very hardy, even in Minnesota and the Dakotas, where, after the first winter, they need no covering whatever. I grow this in my garden as a cover over some rustic seats. I find the ber-ries of good size, fair quality, prolific and ripens early. While in quality not as good as some more tender varieties, they are a great improvement on the wild grape, still retaining the latter's hardiness. The best vine to cover trellises, old walls, arbors, and any unsightly place in the garden. I have a large arbor which this grape covered entirely in 2 years and pro-ducing many grapes at the same time. **Price**: 60c each; 10 for \$5.50; 100 for \$45.00. **DELAWARE**. Red. One of the finest table grapes Bunches

Price: 60c each; 10 for \$5.50; 100 for \$45.00. DELAWARE, Red. One of the finest table grapes. Bunches not large, compact and well shouldered. Berries rather small, juicy and sweet, without any hard pulp, spicy flavor. Prob-ably the best American grape, all things considered. My cus-bally the best American grape, all things considered as one of the best paying grapes in cultivation. I plants: Each 25c; 10 for \$2.30; 100 for \$22.00. ELVIRA. White. Bunches medium size, very compact. Berries small and sweet when fully ripe. A splendid wine grape. Hardy, vigorous grower and productive. September. Two-year-old No. I Plants: Each 15c; 10 for \$1.40;

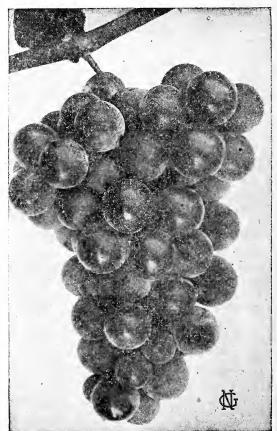
**GREEN MOUNTAIN WINCHEL.** White. Originated in Vermont at an altitude of 1,400 feet, where it ripens its fruit perfectly. Vine strong, vigorous and healthy, very hardy and a good bearer. Bunches long, compact and well shouldered. Skin thin, very tender, sweet, with few seeds and excellent quality. Three weeks earlier than Concord. Is highly recommended as a sweet, fine table grape. Very hardy and does not need covering over winter here. **Two-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Each, 40c; 10 for \$3.70;

**IVES.** Black. Bunches and berries medium size. Sweet, pulpy, somewhat foxy. Color early, but does not fully mature until several weeks later. Highly es-teemed for red wine and a good market variety. Hardy, vigorous and healthy. Ripens medium late. **Two-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Each 15c; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$12.00.

Two-year-old No. I Plants: Each 15c, 10 101 \$1.40, 100 for \$12.00. THE LUCILE GRAPE. The coming red market grape. The Lucile yields as much or more than Con-cord, Niagara or any other well-known market grape. Hardy and healthy as any grape, and much more so than Niagara. A strong, robust grower, and ripens its wood to the tip under a load of fruit under which Niagara would not ripen one-half. The Lucile ripens between Moore's Early and Worden; an excellent trio of our national colors-red, white and blue. The Luc-cile is sweet, and in quality compares favorably with that of Wyoming Red, which it resembles in color. But its crowning glory is in its size and compactness of its clusters, which resemble those of Diamond and Pocklington, but even larger. While it is an excellent market grape anywhere, it is indispensable at the ex-treme North, where only early and extra hardy varie-ties used. The Lucile is a good shipper and never drops its berries, but where the season is long enough it gradually dries up into raisins on the vines. Price: Each 35c; 10 for \$3.20; 100 for \$30.00. MOORE'S DIAMOND. White, A seedling of Concord,

Frice: Each 35c; 10 for \$3.20; 100 for \$30.00. **MOORE'S DIAMOND.** White, A seedling of Concord, partaking of all its good qualities. Of a beautiful greenish white color, without any of the yellow spots so common on white grapes. Berries are large, sweet, and of as good quality as some of the more delicate varieties. It is as hardy as the Concord, a profuse bearer, and in all one of the best of the newer sorts. Ripens early, a few days'before Concord. Very hardy. I recommend this grape for Nebraska and Kansas, does well here. **Two-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Each 20c; 10 for \$1.90; 100 for \$17.00. **MOORE'S EARTY.** Black with heavy blue blocm

for \$1.90; 100 for \$17.00. **MOORE'S EARLY.** Black with heavy blue bloom. Bunches of medium size, rarely shouldered. Berries large, round, of excellent quality; desirable for market on account of its earliness. Berries larger than Con-cord, very much like it in flavor, and of same good qual-ity. Vine a moderate grower, very healthy and hardy; foliage thick and leathery. Ripens so early as to be nearly out of the market before Concord is ripe. Well suited to Northern portions of the United States by its hardines; succeeds admirably in the South also. Ripens early and bears well. **Two-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Each 22c; 10 for \$2.00; 100 for \$18.00.



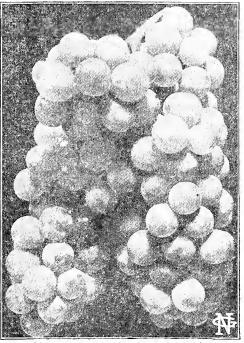
Campbell's Early. (Page 17.)

#### **GRAPE VINES.**—(Continued.)

**GRAPE VINES.**—(Continued.) **NIAGABA.** White. Home and market growers seem to agree that this is the most valuable of all white grapes. Its clusters are large and handsome, compactly filled with large berries having thin but tough skin. When fully ripe, they are a pale yellow with a thin white bloom. The flesh is slightly pulpy, tender, sweet and delightful, with a flavor and aroma peculiarly its own, and agreeable to most tastes. Vine is remarkably vigorous and productive. Foliage thick and leathery. Succeeds well both North and South, and is very largely planted by vineyardists and for home use. Ripens with Concord. While I am writing this I have in my garden a few Niagara that are just loaded with large clusters of nice grapes. If left on the vines till fully ripe, they are delicious. **Two-year-old No. 1** Plants: Each 17c: 10 for \$1.60; 100 for \$14.00. **POCKLINGTON.** Golden yellow. Bunch large, very compact. Berries very large, juicy, sweet, with very little pulp. Vine very hardy, even more so than Concord and produces crops of fine quality. When fully ripe, it is prob-ably the sweetest of the white grapes. It succeeds very well here. **Two-year-old No. 1** Plants: Each 20c; 10 for \$1.80; 100 for \$17.00. **SALEM.** Red. Bunches large and compact. Berries large, round. cooper red; firm sweet trander with red.

**SALEM.** Red. Bunches large and compact. Berries large, round, copper red; firm, sweet, tender, with rich, aro-matic flavor. A splendid keeper and shipper, and best qual-ity for both table and wine. Should be planted freely. **Two-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Each 18c; 10 for \$1.70; 100 for \$15.00.

for \$15.00. WORDEN, Black. A strain of the Concord, but a better yielder of grapes, larger than the Concord and of finer fla-vor. It ripens about a week or ten days earlier than Con-cord. A good market variety and is extensively planted. Very hardy. Next to Concord and Niagara, there are prob-ably more Worden planted than most any other kind. Most winters it needs no protection in Nebraska. **Two-year-old No. 1 Plants:** Each 20c; 10 for \$1.80; 100 for \$16.00. **WOODRUFF BED.** A red grape that originated in Mich-igan. Bunches medium to large, short, compact; berries large, skin thick, of a beautiful bright red color; very handsome and attractive, making it a profitable market variety. Vine very vigorous, hardy, healthy and unusually productive. Fruit of good quality; somewhat foxy. Ripens with Concord. **Two-year-old No. 1 Flants:** Each 25c; 10 for \$2.30; 100 for \$22.00. **CDADEC FOD HOILSE CILI TIDE OD THE COLU** 



Moore's Diamond. (See page 18.)

#### GRAPES FOR HOUSE CULTURE OR THE SOUTH.

**GRAPES** FOR HOUSE CULTURE OR THE SOUTH. This class of grapes can be planted outdoors in California, Arizona, Texas and southern New Mexico. In the Northern states they can be raised in tubs or pots, or conservatories and greenhouses. **THOMPSON'S SEEDLESS.** (Sultanina Blanche.) dentical with the Seedless Sultanas of Asia Minor, Vine an enormous bearer and very rapid grower; bunches very large; berries greenish-yellow, firm, oval, seedless; skin thin; much larger than the Sultana. This variety is attracting a great deal of attention, and it is pre-ferred to the Sultana, having many qualities superior to it. The raisins are of a very superior quality, and are in good demand; a very early shipping grape, ripening in August. As a sherry grape much can be said in its favor. It is largely grown in California for a raisin grape. In the Northern states this grape can be grown in pots or tubs and will bear well. During winter keep in cool cellar. Grow and bear well in New Mexico, the South and Southwest. **Price:** Strong vines, well rooted, 30c each; 10 for \$2.80; 100 for \$25.00. **SULTANA**. Not large, amber colored and seedless. Makes very fine seedless raisins. Bears well and is of good quality. **Frice:** 30c each; 10 for \$2.80; 100 for \$2.00. **MALAGA**. Vine a strong grower and immensely productive, thriving in almost any soil; bunches very large, often weighing ten pounds; compact, shouldered; berry very large, oval, yellowish green, skin thick, fleshy. One of the best shipping grapes, commanding a good price in the Eastern markets every season; makes a second quality raisin. **Price:** 30c each; 10 for \$2.80; 100 for \$2.80; 100 for \$2.80; 100 for \$2.80.



Vineyard of Mr. J. B. Angell, Artesia, N. M. Picture shows enormous productiveness of Thompson Seedless.

#### GOOSEBERRIES.

Should be planted in good, rich soil, and well manured once a year. Prune regularly and thoroughly, cutting out all dead wood and all surplus branches. Do not let the bushes grow too thick; the fruit will be larger and more plentiful. Plant in rows 4 to 6 feet apart and four feet apart in the rows. I give below the varieties I find to be most profitable.

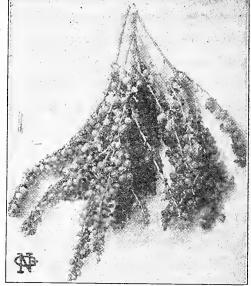
I used to import Industry Gooseberries from England and Neuwied, and Tree Gooseberries from Holland or Germany. But now our government has forbidden all importations of But now our government has forbidden all importations of Gooseberries and Currants from Europe. I can ship Goose-berries and Curants all over the United States again, while last year it was forbidden to ship such to the Pacific states. No Nursery situated east of the Missouri river is allowed to ship Gooseberries and Currants west, while from Nebraska we can ship anywhere. These regulations were put into ef-fect to prevent the spread of the White Pine Blister, to which Currants and Gooseberries are also subject, and as there are no White Pine forests in Nebraska, we naturally would not have the disease here. would not have the disease here,

would not have the disease here. VICTORIA. New. The best Gooseberry in England and the champion bearer for the London market. Strong grower, making shoots 3 feet 9 inches in a season. Berries larger than Crown Bob or Lancashire Lad, pale red, of ex-cellent flavor. A late bloomer and a sure cropper; hardy. A 3-year-old bush bearing 28½ pounds of fine, large fruit, was shown in 1900. All around, it seems well suited for market purposes here. Price: Two-year-old No. 1 Plants: 25c each; 10 for \$2.20; 100 for \$18.

100 for \$18. **OREGON CHAMPION.** I believe this is one of the very best of the American varieties of Gooseberries we have. The bush grows very strong, is healtby and vigorous, not so very thorny, and a prolific, constant bearer. The berries are large, brownish-red, sweet; fine for table use or pies. My customers should plant this variety freely—it will pay them. **Price:** 2-year No. 1 plants, 25c each; 10 for \$2.00; 100 for \$16.00. **HOUGHTON.** An enormously productive and always reliable old variety. Of vigorous growth, slender and spreading, not subject

slender and spreading, not subject to mildew. Fruit rather small, smooth, pale red, tender and of good quality. **Price:** 2-year-old plants, 12c each; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$8.00.

**CARRIE.** A marvel of produc-tiveness and a good Gooseberry in every way. When fully ripe, it is marcon<sub>e</sub>in color and of good quality. It is a strong grower and holds its follage until late in summer. If the berries were a little larger in size it would be one of the very best of the red va-rieties. Originated in Minnesota



Oregon Champion.



and non-to-summer. If the benace little larger in size it would be one of the very best of the red va-rieties. Originated in Minnesota and is absolutely hardy. I advise planting it wherever other varie-ties will not stand the winters. Price: 2-year No. 1 plants, 15c each; 10 for \$1.20; 100 for \$10.00. DOWNING. A well-known American sort, which has given the best results everywhere. Large and hand-some, pale green berry; of splendid quality for dessert and cookins. Bush vigorous, a strong and upright grower and exceedingly productive. An excellent sort for family use and suitable for market. This variety is seldom affected by mildew. Price: Two-year-old plants, 17c ea.; 10 for \$1.40; 100, \$12. PEARL A very desirable American variety. Very hardy, entirely free from mildew, superior in size and quality, and more productive than Downing. I take pleasure in recommending it for small or extensive planting as one of the best berries of recent in-mba large berries

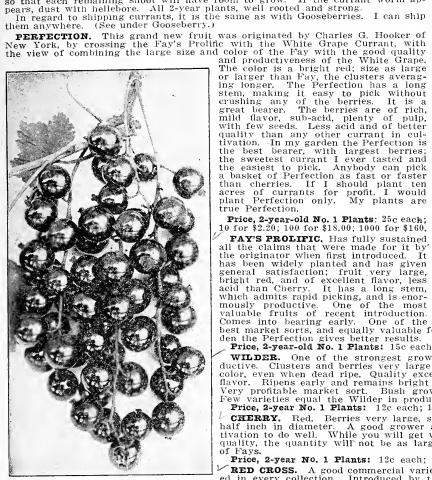
Pearl.

recommending it for small or extensive planting as one of the best berries of recent in-troduction. The large berries are pale green and of the fin-est quality, and valuable for home or market. **Price:** Two-year-old plants, 20c each; 10 for \$1.80; 100 for \$16.00. / **RED JACKET.** (Josselyn.) This American seedling has

Arefull (100 for \$16.00. **RED JACKET**. (Josselyn.) This American seedling has been widely planted in recent years and is highly recom-mended by all growers. Bush is very hardy: clean, healthy foliage and entirely free from mildew. Fruit large, smooth, pale red and of first-class flavor and quality. It is con-sidered the best fruited goose-berry in cultivation. While this does well in Illinois, In-diana and the Eastern states, it does not seem to stand the Nebraska weather as well as the other varieties. **Price:** Two-year-old plants, 20c each; 10 for \$1.80; 100 for \$15.00.

#### CURRANTS.

Hardy, easily cultivated, standing neglect well, and liberally responding to cul-tivation and generous treatment; indispensable for table use, jellies, etc.; no garden is complete without them and large quantities are required for market. Set four feet apart in rich ground; cultivate well or mulch heavily; prune out old wood so that each remaining shoot will have room to grow. If the currant worm ap-pears, dust with hellebore. All 2-year plants, well rooted and strong. In regard to shipping currants, it is the same as with Gooseberries. I can ship them anywhere. (See under Gooseberry.)



Fay's Prolific.

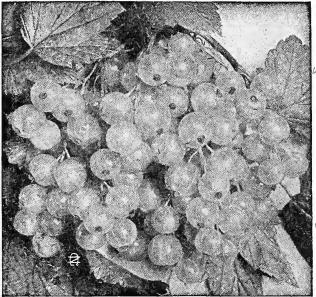
with few seeds. Less acid and of better quality than any other currant in cul-tivation. -In my garden the Perfection is the best bearer, with largest berries; the sweetest currant I ever tasted and the easiest to pick. Anybody can pick a basket of Perfection as fast or faster than cherries. If I should plant ten acres of currants for profit, I would plant Perfection only. My plants are true Perfection. true Perfection.

**Price, 2-year-old No. 1 Plants**: 25c each; 10 for \$2.20; 100 for \$18.00; 1000 for \$160.

FAY'S PROLIFIC. Has fully sustained all the claims that were made for it by the originator when first introduced. It the originator when first introduced. It has been widely planted and has given general satisfaction; fruit very large, bright red, and of excellent flavor, less acid than Cherry. It has a long stem, which admits rapid picking, and is enor-mously productive. One of the most valuable fruits of recent introduction. Comes into bearing early. One of the best market sorts, and equally valuable for home use. In my gar-den the Perfection gives better results. I prefer the Perfection. **Price, 2-year-old No. 1 Plants:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.20; 100 for \$11. Tt.

**Frice**, 2-year-old No. 1 Plants: 15c each; 10 for \$1.20, 100 for \$11. **WILDER**. One of the strongest growers and exceedingly pro-ductive. Clusters and berries very large; of attractive bright red color, even when dead ripe. Quality excellent, with mild sub-acid flavor. Ripens early and remains bright and firm until quite late. Very profitable market sort. Bush grows upright and vigorous. Few varieties equal the Wilder in productiveness and vigor. **Price**, 2-year No. 1 Plants: 12c each; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$9.00.

**CRERBY.** Red. Berries very large, sometimes measuring one-half inch in diameter. A good grower and must have good cul-tivation to do well. While you will get very large berries of good quality, the quantity will not be as large as with the Perfection of Fays. Price, 2-year No. 1 Plants: 12c each; 10 for 90c; 100 for \$8.00.



White Grape Currant.

Price, 2-year No. 1 Plants: 12c each; 10 for 90c; 100 for \$8.00. **RED CROSS.** A good commercial variety that should be includ-ed in every collection. Introduced by the veteran horticulturist, Jacob Moore, who counted it one of his greatest achievements. In size about equal to Fay's and will yield as much again as the old favorite. The quality is good and size of berries uniform. The clusters abundant wood growth and is not bothered much by bores. Good for market or home.

Price, 2-year No. 1 Plants: 18c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.00.

**WHITE GRAFE.** While white currants are not as attractive in color when used for pre-serves, they are as a rule much sweeter, and therefore in good demand for a dessert fruit. I find the old White Grape still better than most any other white variety. Berries are of medium size, very good quality and very sweet for a currant.

Price, 2-year No. 1 Plants: 14c each; 10 for \$1.20; 100 for \$10.00.

**BLACK CHAMPION.** Very productive, large bunch and berries, excellent quality; strong grower, Leading black currant. Does well in the Dakotas, Montana and Wyooning. All Black Currants are shy bearers in my garden.

Frice, 2-vear No. 1 Plants: 12c each; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$9.00.

**CRANDALL.** A native black seedling of the Western Wild Currant, and considered by many to be much superior to any of the named varie-ties yet produced; distinct from the European black varieties and without their strong odor; exceedingly productive; strong, vigorous grow-er. The berry is of large size, being half to three-quarter inch in diameter. CRANDALL. A native black seedling of the

**Price of the Crandall:** 15c each; \$1.30 for 10; \$12.00 per 100.

#### BLACKBERRIES.

**DLIACADERGIERS**. Blackberries require the same treatment as Raspberries. They succeed well on any land suitable for corn or wheat, but amply repay high cultivation. Plant in rows six feet apart and three feet in the row. Pinch the canes back when they have reached about four feet in height, and cut out all the dead wood every year. Cul-tivate well and deep, or mulch heavily with straw. A very small plot of ground planted to blackberries will produce more than enough luscious, healthful fruit to supply the average family. **My blackberry plants** are now all raised from root cuttings, insuring strong, well rooted plants, much superior to sucker plants. Please bear this in mind when com-paring my prices with those of the other catalogs. **SONDEREGGERS'S EARLIEST.** This is a seedling found in an old orchard, where there once was a field of Snyder and Early Harvest blackberries, and was first noticed by Arthur Modglin of Illinois, who is a prominent shipper and solicitor of small fruits. It has been grown and tested since 1911, but never were plants any other blackberry on the market.

noticed by Arthur Modglin of Illinois, who is a prominent shipper and solicitor of small fruits. It has been grown and tested since 1911, but never were plants of merit than the backberry has more points of merit than any dewberry; ripens before either black or redirapberries and before strawberries are all gone. Ripens in Illinois May 30.
Becond. They are enormously productive, the vines are loaded with fruit to the tips of canes, outyielding Snyder, LaGrange, Blowers or any other.
Third. They are very hardy, never have shown any signs of winter killing in the four years they have been tested until last winter. The season of ripening its about four weeks. The great value of this variety is its earliness, productive, tast winter, which here was very dry and cold (22 degrees below zero) the LaGrange came through the winter much better than our Sonderegger's Earliest; on a real hard winter, the LaGrange beats it.
Price, first class well rooted plants, 16 each; 10 for \$1,25; 100 for \$10; 1000 for \$80.
La GRANGE. This berry is a Russian product, having been brought from that arctic country about fourteen years ago, and has been fruited by Mr. LaGrange in Vermillion County, Illinois, for the past twelve years, and in that time has not recived any injury from cold winters. It is the hardlest berry yet produced; it grows on cance like Lawton or Snyder, but stems from the ground up, and each fruit stem shade, which materially adds to its flavor. Other varieties mostly produce their fuit at the top of their canes, which are almost bare of foliage, and frequently are sunsched. When the berries from the first blooms as an everlasting blackberry. The sentent of blooms as profuse as the first; in ripening one cannot tell when the berries from the first blooms at eabout two-thirds grown, there comes on a second crop of bloom as profuse as an everlasting blackberry. The sentent of blooms begin, keeping this rotation of blooms in q, and where fruits. Rev. J. R. Reasone estimated 5,0

ELDORADO.

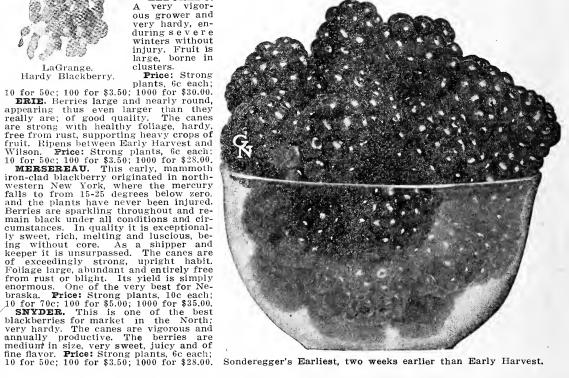
very vigorous grower and very hardy, en-during severe winters without injury. Fruit is large, borne in clusters.

LaGrange. Hardy Blackberry,

Price: Strong

Hardy Blackberry, **Price:** Strong plants. 6c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50; 1000 for \$30.00. **ERIE.** Berries large and nearly round, appearing thus even larger than they really are; of good quality. The canes are strong with healthy foliage, hardy, free from rust, supporting heavy crops of fruit. Ripens between Early Harvest and

free from rust, supporting heavy crops of fruit. Ripens between Early Harvest and Wilson. **Frice**: Strong plants, 6c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50; 1000 for \$28.00. **MERSEREAU.** This early, mammoth iron-clad blackberry originated in north-western New York, where the mercury falls to from 15-25 degrees below zero, and the plants have never been injured. Berries are sparkling throughout and re-main black under all conditions and cir-cumstances. In guality it is exceptional-



#### DEWBERRIES.

A variety of Blackberry that trails on the ground. In size and qual-ity the fruit excels the Blackberry. Very profuse bearer and reasonably hardy. Vines should be covered with straw or earth over winter in cold climates. The fruit of the Dewberry is highly prized as a market fruit, owing to its large size and quality.

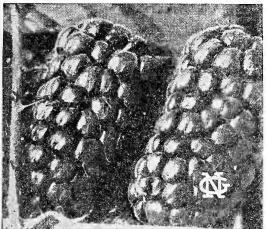
LUCRETIA. One of the most widely planted of the Dewberries. It is a strong grower, and exceedingly productive. The fruit is large, lus-cious and handsome. Glossy, shining black, and ripens from the first to the middle of July, according to the locality. Price: Strong transplanted plants, 7c each; 10 for 55c; 100 for \$3.50; 1000 for \$28.00.

**AUSTIN.** Berries very much larger than those of any other Dewberry or Blackberry. It requires no trellis or stakes. The fruit is jet black and of very superior quality and flavor. For productiveness it outrivals all Dewberries. **Price:** 8c each; 10 for 75c; 100 for \$6.00; 1000 for \$50.00.

#### HIMALAYA BERRY.

I have sold this berry for a number of years and in order to get the facts about this berry. I have written to a large number of my customers in different states as to the success they had with this berry. Two-thirds of them are well pleased with the quality and productiveness—some say fruit is very good, but a shy bearer; a few answered "no good." As a result of my inquiries, I recommend the Himalaya Berry any-where south of here, and would advise my customers north of here to make a trial with a few plants. I sell the Michigan strain of Himalaya Berry only, as the California strain is not hardy. The vine is a vigorous grower, often making shoots of 20 to 30 feet in one season. Should be tied to stakes or trellises, or can be used for arbors, same as grape vines. The large clusters of good sized berries ripen all summer. Berries have no core and flavor is sweet, of unusual richness and when fully ripe, very melting. The Logan Ber an blackberry, and is blackberry.

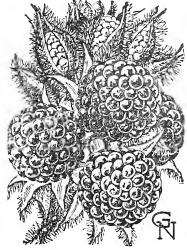
for \$13.00



Logan Berry.

#### JAPANESE WINEBERRY.

**JAPANESE WINEBERRY.** This is an entirely new, distinct and valuable berry. It belongs to the raspberry family; is a strong, vigorous grower, attaining the usual height of the raspberry, and is said to be prefectly hardy in all positions without protection. The leaves are of the darkest green on the outside and silvery white underneath. The young shoots or branches are covered with a reddish brown hair or moss. The fruit is borne in large clusters, often 70 to 100 berries in a bunch. These berries are from the time of formation and bloom until they are ripe, enclosed in a "burr" which is caused by the calyx covering them entirely. When ripe, the burr opens, exhibiting a large berry of the brightest, light glossy scarlet or cherry wine color. The burrs and stems are covered with a heavy reddish moss, like a moss rose bud. The flavor of the fruit is entirely different, from that of any other berry, being very sprightly, sweet and juicy, having no disagreeable sour, but a delicious and iuscious fla-vor peculiar to itself and superior to other berries. It commences to ripen early in July, and continues in heaving for a large time. It is the meat prolife It commences to riper early in July, and continues in bearing for a long time. It is the most prolific berry known, the bushes being literally covered with its luscious fruit. It is propagated from the tips like cap raspberries and dewberries. Does not rootsucker rootsucker. **Price:** 17c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$13.00.



Japanese Wineberry.

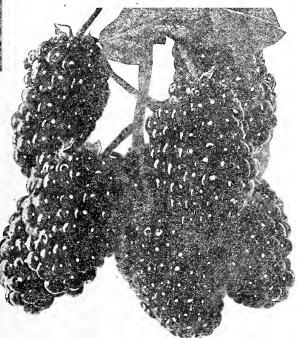
## LOGAN BERRY.

The Logan Berry is a hybrid between the raspberry and blackberry. The fruit is as large as the largest blackberry, and is produced in immense clusters. The blackberry, and is produced in immense clusters. The color is clear, dark red. It partakes of the flavor of both the blackberry and the raspberry, mild, pleasant, vinous flavor, delicious and peculiar to this berry alone. Seeds small, soft and few. Berries very firm and carry well. Strong grower, enormous bearer. Ripens early, just after strawberries. Not hardy north of the 40th parallel. Do not plant them in Ne-braska. braska.

Price: 22c each; 10 for \$2.00; 100 for \$18.00.

My father bought fruit trees of you 19 years ago, such as plums, apples, peaches, pears, cherries, apri-cots and many other kinds too numerous to mention, and now we have as nice an orchard as a person would want to look at. The peach trees are getting so old that we have begun to cut them back to new sucker sprouts.

Harvey H. L., Mexhoma, Okla. April 25, 1918.



Austin, the best Dewberry out.

#### RASPBERRIES.

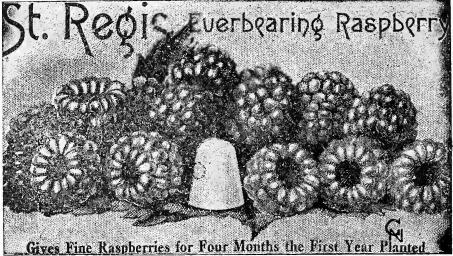
Plant in rows five feet apart and three feet in the row. Will do well in any soil. Cultivate thoroughly and keep free from weeds. Destroy all suckers, cutting out all old wood. My plants are strong and well rooted. There is big free from weeds. Destroy all suckers, cutting out all old wood. My plants are strong and well rooted. There is big money in growing a good red variety for most any market. They have many advantages over the blackcap, as they can stand both cold and hot weather much better. They are easier cared for, selling for more money, and will produce as much fruit as the blacks. They become more popular each season for canning and jams, retaining their flavor for years after preserving. Black Basenberries do not make sucker plants

Black Raspberries do not make sucker plants They are propagated by covering the tips of the branches with dirt. This makes well rooted plants by fall, but the roots are very soft and spoil much easier even than strawberry roots. They are hard to make grow, a good percent-age is always lost in transplanting. I trans-They are hard to make grow, a good percent-age is always lost in transplanting. I trans-plant these plants and grow them one year and will after this offer only transplanted Black Raspberry plants. While they are a little higher in price, you will find them much more satis-factory. You will get a perfect stand. I can ship such plants any distance, as the roots are as firm and hardy as those of Blackberry or Gooseberry. In comparing my prices with other catalogs, please bear in mind that I furnish transplanted plants only. mind that I furnish transplanted plants only.

#### **RED VARIETIES.**

RED VARIETIES. ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RED RASPBEREY. An ex-cellent novelty. Raspberries four months! That is what you get when you plant the St. Regis, the new everbearing variety. Moreover, they are not only raspberries, but rasp-berries of the very highest grade—in size. in brilliant crimson color, in firmness, in flavor. The variety has been aptly termed "the early till late" variety, for it is the first Red Raspberry to give ripe fruit, while it continues to produce berries without intermission until late October. St. Regis is of pure American blood and of ironclad hardihood. In addition to the brightest crimson color, and large size of the fruit, it is so firm and rich in sugar that it will stand shipping 200 miles, arriving at market in first-class order; and it can be readily kept in perfect condition for several days after being gath-ered. Unlike any other raspberry, the St. Regis yields a crop of fruit the season it is planted. Plants of it planted in early April gave ripe berries on June 20th of the same year. For four weeks thereafter the berries were large and beautiful, firm and full flavored to the very last. I have tried the St. Regis here in Beatrice. It is hardy here; bears well, and the berries are as described above. See my low price: Price: 10c each; the apprendice for \$45.00.

planted in early April gave ripe berries on June 20th of the same year. For four weeks thereafter the berries were large and beautiful, firm and full favored to the very last. I have tried the St. Regis here in Beatrice. It is hardy here; bears well, and the berries are as described above. See my low price: **Price**: 10c each; 10 for 80c; 100 for \$6.00; 1000 for \$45.00. **HERBERT.** Originating with R. B. Whyte, Ottawa, Canada, in 1887. One of 30 seedlings, probably of Clarke. A very strong grower, hardy and very productive. Fruit large to very large, obtusely conical, bright to rather deep red; drupes medium size, not crumbling; moderately firm; sweet and sub-acid, sprightly, juicy and of good flavor. Quality very good. Season begins a few days before Cuthbert. **The best Bed Raspberry tested** here. It has all the good points required in a berry for local market, being hardy, vigorous, productive, with fruit of large size, and very good color and quality." I find this raspberry to be exceedingly hardy, of fine quality, one of the best raspberries I have seen, and can recommend it to all my customers. Please note low price for plants of my own growing. **Price**: 12c each; 10 for \$1.10; 100 for \$25.00. **CUTHBERT**. A strong growing, hardy variety, well known everywhere; stands Northern winters well; berries very large, firm, can be shipped long distances to market; flavor is sweet, rich and luscious. The best late Red Raspberry. **Frice**: 6c each; 10 for 40c; 100 for \$2.0; 1000 for \$25.00. **CARDINAL**. Originated in Kansas. Vigorous, strong canes with red bark and very hardy wood. Exceed-ingly productive. Berries are of a purplish red color, very firm, with a pure, rich flavor. Season somewhat late and they hold on well. Does not root-sucker. Plants are propagated from the tips. **Price**: Strong transplanted plants, 7c each; 10 for 60c; 100 for \$4.50; 1000 for \$40.00. **CALUMBIAN**. The great raspberry of the age. It is a seedling of the Cuthbert grown near the Gregg, and is believed to be a cross between the two. It is e



SUNBEAM. Originated by Prof. Han-sen of the South Dakota State College of Agriculture. It is worthy of trial where raspberries winter kill, as it has en-dured 41 degrees below zero without protection. It endured last winter at Bis-marck, N. D., withmarck, N. D., out protection.

**Price:** 10c each; 10 for 80c; 100 for \$7; 1000 for \$50.

CAROLINA GOLD-EN. Originated by one of the best European growers. The berry is large, yel-low, firm and sweet. Good bearer, very hardy; it is much Golden Queen, both in quality and color. **Price:** 15c ea.; 10 for \$1.20; 100 for \$10.00; 1:00 for \$80.00.



**RASPBERRIES**.—(Continued.)

#### BLACK VARIETIES.

**EARHART EVERBEARING.** Actually bears continuously from June 1st until killed by frost in fall. The canes are literally loaded with fruit in all stages from bloom to ripe fruit. The berries are black in color, of good size and very fine flavor. As hardy as any of the Black Raspberries. Creates the greatest surprise when shown at fairs and horticultural societies. Has no equal as an everbearing variety. A great novelty and a valu-able one as well. **Price:** Strong plants, 10c each: 10 for 90c; 100 for \$7.50.

**CUMBERLAND.** Very hardy and productive. Berries large, handsome, very firm and stand long shipments. Remarkably free from diseases. The last two years the Cumberland has given me more and larger berries than the Kansas. This variety is also

Price: Strong transplanted plants, 8c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.75; 1000 for \$32.00.

S BLACK. A valuable early blackcap, so strong and to endure extremes of cold and drought and yet bear KANSAS BLACK. hardy as to heavy crops.

**Price:** Strong transplanted plants, 8c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.75; 1000 for \$32.00.

**GREGG.** This has been the leading market variety all over the buntry. Best for evaporating. A good, strong, all around black country. Best for e cap of good quality.

Price: Strong transplanted plants, 8c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.75; 1000 for \$32.00.

**PLUM FARMER.** Black. A vigorous, stocky growing black cap, very healthy and attractive in appearance; productive, bearing heavy crops of large, fine jet black berries; excellent quality and a good shipper. One of the most valuable market berries, as it commands top prices. Does well here in Nebraska. **Price:** 8c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.75; 1000 for \$32.00.

#### STRAWBERRIES.

Strawberry Plants are all quoted at prepaid prices.

Kansas Black Raspberry. These should do well in any ordinary farm or garden soil. The ground should be well prepared. For field culture set in rows three feet apart, and from 12 to 15 inches in the row. For garden appear, as fruit will be much larger. In winter a covering of straw or old hay will protect the plant. Do not cover until the ground is frozen. Strawberry plants cannot be shipped by freight to distant points, but should go by express or parcel post to insure safe arrival.

#### EVERBEARING OR FALL VARIETIES.

Everbearing Strawberries have been largely planted in the last few years with very good success. They have come to stay. They will bring about as good a crop in June as the common varieties and will bear in favorable weather some berries off and on all summer and another good crop in the fall. Only during the hot weather they rest, while in states with cooler and damper climate, they bear steady all summer. I recommend them personally to all my customers, feeling perfectly sure that they will be well satisfied. My prices are reasonable.

**PROGRESSIVE.** Considered by many as the best of the fall bearing varieties. The plants are vigorous. and healthy and they multiply all they ought to. The berries are about an inch in diameter, uniform in size, of deep crimson color, very firm and of high quality. It begins to bear with the second early of the June varieties, yields then a heavy crop of nice berries and is really profitable for its June crop alone. It continues bearing all summer, though, not as heavy of course, and with favorable weather a good crop in the fall, when the weather gets cooler, again.

**AMERICUS.** Plant and foliage of good size, but does not make as many plants as other varieties. Berries are medium size to large, bright red and heart shaped. Has very strong fruit stalks, so berries are always well off the ground. Probably the most constant bearer of all, with more of the flavor of the Alpine or Wild Strawberries.

or Wild Strawberries. **SUFERE.** Probably the largest of the fall bearing varieties. They are nearly round, smooth, dark crimson, glossy and of sweet, mild flavor. The plants grow well, with clean, dark green leaves and multiply freely. It yields so heavily and the berries are so fine, it is a profitable variety to grow for its June crop alone and it is one of the most prolific and best as a cropper in autum. Plants set in spring will produce a fine crop of fruit the first year, provided the blossoms are kept picked until the mid-dle of July. I find, though, that some times dle of July. I find, though, that some times they will fail to bear the first year after planting.

Prices of all Fall Bearing Varieties: 5c each; 30c per dozen; 100 for \$2.00; 1000 for \$18.00, by express or parcels post, prepaid.

I received my plants. They are the finest plants and packed so well they can't help but grow. Mrs. Minnie T., Naponee, Nebr.

May 22, 1918.

Vines I got from you last year, also seeds, did extra well in spite of dry weather. P. D. J., 217 Baltimore Bldg. March 15, 1918. Okla. City, Okla.

We are pleased with the seeds and plants.

We are pleased with the Star They all started off micely. Quincy H., Liberal, Kans. 7, 1018. R. B., Box 34.

Americus.

# STRAWBERRIES. --- (Continued.)

COMMON VARIETIES.

The varieties I offer below are all with perfect blossoms and will bear if planted alone, do not need to be mixed with other varieties.

Price of all varieties of Strawberries, except Americus, Superb and Progressive: By parcel post or express, prepaid, 30c per 25; \$1.00 per 100; \$8.00 per 1000.

AROMA. Late, Perfect. Berries very large, bright red to the cen-ter, rich, delicately aromatic, firm and a good shipper. BRANDYWINE. Very Late, Perfect. Blood red, great yielder of large, round berries, fine quality, having a delicious flavor, makes plenty of good strong, well-rooted plants. If you are looking for a No. 1 canning berry or for table use, I would recommend the Brandywine. A good shipper.

Brandy Wine A good shipper. **EXCELSIOE.** Perfect. A reliable variety with luxuriant foliage that protects the flowers from late frosts. A prolific yielder of large, highly colored berries of fine quality. Especially recommended for home use, and is at its best when planted in hills. **GANDY.** Late, Perfect. Considered the best long keeping and the best shipping berry in the market. On heavy, rich soil the plant is a marvel of vigor and productiveness. **SENATOR DUNIAP** Medium Early Perfect. This is the most

**SENATOR DUNLAP.** Medium Early, Perfect. This is the most popular strawberry in all sections of the United States. It produces immense crops of dark red, top-shaped berries of medium size to large size. Few varieties bear fruit of such uniform size and color. Stands universally as a leading commercial straw-berry and succeeds equally well all over the

country. **KLONDIKE.** Early, Perfect. The most popular of all Southern varieties. Berries good size, regular shape and very attractive, bringing top prices on any market. Extra valuable for long distance shipping. most

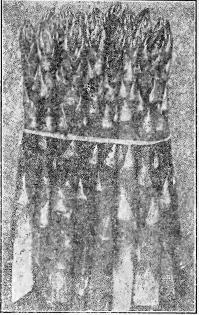
valuable for long distance shipping. **MICHAEL'S EARLY. Early, Perfect.** One of the éarliest varieties grown. Conical in shape, of a rich crimson color, with a rich, mild flavor and deep pink meat. The plant is strong and healthy, one of the best for fertil-izing early pistillate varieties. You can always depend on this one.

#### HORSE RADISH.

This popular condiment is very easily produced This popular condiment is very easily produced in the home garden and anyone who has compared the freshly dug article with that sold over coun-ters, can appreciate the value of good home-grown horseradish. A half dozen roots will provide the ordinary family, and as it spreads quite rapidly, the source of supply is easily maintained. I furnish good, strong roots. **Price:** 10 for 20c; 100 for \$1.50; 1000 for \$12.00.



Senator Dunlap.



Asparagus.

#### RHUBARB. OR PIE PLANT.

Also called Wine Plant. This plant affords the ear-liest material in the spring for pies and tarts. Invalu-able for canning and wine. Can be set out in either spring or fall. Will grow in any good garden soil. Deep, rich, moist soil is best, but it is such a strong, vigorous growing plant, it will al-most thrive anywhere. Plant most thrive anywhere. Plant the larger and finer the yield. LINNAEUS. Medium size, early and tender Graver V

**GIANT.** Very early, vigorous grower and of fine quality. Best for canning.

Price, both varieties: Nice, strong, two-year-old each 12c; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$8.00; 1000 for \$60.00. two-vear-old roots.

#### ASPARAGUS.

This earliest and finest of spring vegetables is among the earliest cultivated and most profitable. A bed once planted suffers no deterioration for many years if it is properly at-tended to and well manured. See that the ground is well manured and is well drained; work it up fine and deep, and make it very rich with well rotted barnyard manure. Place the plants 8 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart. Spread out the roots in a trench made deep enough to permit their crowns to be covered with 3 to 4 inches of mellow dirt. Give bed liberal dressings of manure at intervals.

**CONOVER'S COLOSSAL.** Produces large, tender shoots. Well-known and largely planted.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH. A distinct variety of mam-moth size and superior quality. Remarkable for the clear whiteness of its stalks.

Price, both varieties, two-year-old plants: 10 for 15c; 100 for \$1.20; 1000 for \$9.00.

The trees sent as substitutes for those not true to name in former order, arrived in good order duly, and I take this opportunity to thank you for the endeavor to correct an in-justice done, which was perhaps the fault of incompetent help. However, I thank you for your courtesies. March 4, 1918. Glendale, Ariz.

The trees to replace those damaged in transit received and are now set out. The quality and condition were good and your methods of business caused **much favorable com-ment in town and also among my neighbors.** March 22, 1918. E. E. A., Everton, Ark.

# FOREST TREE SEEDLINGS.

ALL NURSERY GROWN.

During the last 31 years I have probably grown more Forest Tree Seedlings' than any other Nursery in the West. I know how to grow them, in the best and cheapest way, and having also the right kind of ground and a favorable climate, I can sell first-class seedlings at astonishingly low prices, as you will see below. I invite correspondence from parties wishing to purchase seedlings in large quantities. No farm should be without Forest Trees. The expense is very small, while it pays you well to have shade for your stock, and at least raise your own posts. If I can help you in selecting the right varieties for your climate, please just write to me. This year we have not the usual number of the larger sizes, owing to dry weather in the growing season last summer, also are some varieties very scarce, or were a total failure. Like always in a dry season, the seedlings have extra good roots and are of good caliper, and you will find them sound and healthy, and well ripened. More so than in a wet year. For descriptions of the different varieties, please see under "Ornamental Trees."

	Per 1	10	100	1000
ASH, WHITE8-12 inch, 1 year seedlings			\$0.40	\$ 3.00
" "12-18 inch, 1 year seedlings			.70	5.50
" " "		\$0.15	1.00	8.00
ASH, AMERICAN MOUNTAIN	\$0.08	.70	5.50	50.00
BOX ELDER			.30	2.50
" " 8-12 inch, 1 year seedlings			.50	4.50
			.70	6.00
CATALPA SPECIOSA 4-8 inch, 1 year seedlings.			.30	2.50
" " 8-12 inch, 1 year seedlings			$.50 \\ .70$	$4.00 \\ 6.00$
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		.15	.90	8.00
COTTONWOOD			.30	2.50
"			.40	3.50
"18-24 inch, 1 year seedlings			.60	4.50
" 2- 3 feet, 2 year seedlings		.15	.90	8.00
ELM, WHITE			.30	2.00
" 8-12 inch, 1 year seedlings			.40	3.00
12-18 inch, 2 year seedings		15	.60	4.50
" " "		.15	.90	7.50
CAROLINA POPLAR	.06	.40	3.50	
NORWAY POPLAR	.06	.50	4.00	
LINDEN, AMERICAN	.08	.70	6.00	50.00
LOCUST, BLACK OR YELLOW			.30	2.00
8-12 Inch, 1 year seedings			.40	3.00
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		.15	$.60 \\ 1.00$	5.00 9.00
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		.25-	2.00	18.00
LOCUST, HONEY			.40	3.50
" " 12-18 inch, 1 year seedlings			.6ŏ	5.75
" "		.20	1.20	10.00
" " 2- 3 feet, 2 year seedlings		.25	2.00	18.00
MAPLE, SOFT 8-12 inch, 1 year seedlings			.40	3.00
" " "12-18 inch, 1 year seedlings		15	.50	4.00
" "		.15	$.70 \\ 4.00$	6.00 35.00
MAPLE, HARD OR SUGAR	.06	.50 .80	4.00 6.00	35.00 50.00
	.10	.00		
MULBERRY, RUSSIAN			.50	4.00
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		·	.90 2.00	$\substack{8.00\\18.00}$
" " 2- 3 feet, 2 year seedlings	.05	.40	3.00	25.00
OAK, PIN	.08	.70	6.00	50.00
OAK, RED12-18 inch, 3 year seedlings	.03	.60	5.00	40.00
6-8 inch, 1 year seedlings			$\substack{\textbf{1.20}\\\textbf{1.60}}$	$10.00 \\ 15.00$
" " 12-18 inch 2 year seedlings			3.00	25.00
" " 18-24 inch, 2 year seedlings	.08	.60	5.00	45.00
DSAGE OBANGE (Bois D'Arc)			,30	2.00
" " 8-12 inch, 1 year seedlings			.40	3.00
12-18 Inch, 1 year seedings			.60	5.00
SYCAMORE, AMERICAN			1.70	15.00
WILLOW, GOLDEN	.05	.35	3.50	
WALNUT, BLACK		.15	1.20	12.00
" " "		.25	2.00	15.00

#### CUTTINGS — About 10 inches long.

	er 100	1000	10000
	\$0.35	3.00	25.00
CAROLINA POPLAR	.35	3.00	25.00
NORWAY POPLAR	.35	3.00	25.00
SILVER POPLAR	.35	3.00	25.00
SILVER POPLAE	.35	3.00	25.00

#### FRUIT TREE AND ROSE SEEDLINGS.

Some of my customers wish to propagate some fruit trees themselves, and for those I offer, here, seedlings, same as I use in my Nursery. All but the apple and peach seedlings are imported from France and generally reach me in January, and I can make shipment from that time on. I plant thousands of these in my Nursery—they are not hard to make grow, as I import only first-class seedlings.

Price:	Per 1	10	100	1000
APPLE, from French Crab seed, 1 year No. 1 seedlings	\$0.05	\$0.40	\$3.00	\$25.00
" from French Crab seed, 1 year No. 2 seedlings	.04	.30	2.00	15.00
Pear, Japanese, 1 year No. 1 seedlings	.05	.40	3.50	30.00
<b>Peach</b> , 1½-2½ feet	.08	.60	5.00	45.00
I have an order in France for Doucine Apple, Mahaleb Cherry and Caniportation conditions are very uncertain, am afraid to offer them now. If write me in January or February.	na Rose you need	Seedlings 1 any of	s, but a these a	as trans- seedlings

1000

.

100

# ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.

On this and several pages following I give a list of trees of which most are hardy and can endure the dry weather of the West. All these trees have been raised in the Nursery, are well pruned and have good bodies and tops. All have been transplanted once and have therefore good roots. My prices are so low that anyone can afford to beautify his home. For one-year seedlings of these varieties, see page 27. For plans for your home grounds please see page 38. Or if you wish to plant only a few trees and shrubs, write me and I may be able to advise you what trees, etc., are best for your climate and how to plant and arrange them. I will give you all the information I can free, but cannot give plans and blueprints free.

**ASH.** (White.) Fraxinus Americana. A rapid growing native tree, of fine symmetrical outline. Very hardy and drouth resistant. Good street or park tree. **Price of White Arter** 

Price	of White Ash: ]	P. 1	P.10	P. 100
	well pruned \$		\$1.20	\$11.00
	well pruned	.20	1.80	16.00
	well pruned	.40	3.50	30.00
8-10 ft.,	well pruned	.70	6.50	45.00

**MOUNTAIN ASH.** European. (Sorbus Aucuparia.) Hardy tree of medium size, a smooth bark, head dense and regular, cov-ered from July till winter with large clus-ters of bright red berries. A fine lawn tree and very hardy. Does well here in Ne-braska. **Price**: Nice, well branched trees: 4-5 feet, 40c each; 10 for \$3.50; 100 for \$30.00. 5-6 feet, 50c each; 10 for \$4.50; 100 for \$40. 6-8 feet, 70c each; 10 for \$6.50.

OAK-LEAF MOUNTAIN ASH. A large **OAK-LEAF MOUNTAIN ASH.** A large tree of fine pyramidal habit. Attains a height of 25 to 30 feet. A strong growing tree with smooth bark, deeply lobed foliage, resembling the oak leaves. Light green on upper side, and downy whitish below. Like all Mountain Ash, it bears clusters of red berries. Tree very hardy; succeeds well in Nebraska and is hardy in South Dakota. **Frice:** 4-5 feet trees, 70c each; 10 for \$6.50; 5-6 feet trees, 80c each; 10 10 for \$7.50.

**BECHTEL'S DOUBLE - FLOWERING CRAB.** (Pyrus Coronaria.) Probably the best of the many varieties of flowering crab. Very hardy, thriving in most any soil, covered in the spring with large, beautiful, double, fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color. The only sweet-scent-ed double-flowering Crab. Suitable for a lawn tree or for a group. **Price:** 3-4 feet trees, 75c each; 10 for \$7.00; 1-year little trees, 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

FLORIBUNDA, FLOWERING CRAB.  $\mathbf{A}$ 

FLORIBUNDA, FLOWERING CRAB. A large bush, or rather a small tree, with broad top, very hardy and easy to grow. Flowers are red or reddish pink, turning to almost white before falling: are on long stems and the tree is in bloom a long time. I use them a good deal for cut flowers. The buds before they open are especially pretty and graceful. Sometimes more than one hundred flowers are on a limb of 18 inches in length. The Apples are very small, one-third of an inch in diameter, on long stems and can be used for canning. One of the pret-tiest and hardiest of shrubs in my garden. If planted in groups, they should be at least 12 feet apart. Try a few trees. Frice: One year from graft, 50c each. Can mail them at this price. BIRCH, EUROPEAN. (Betula Alba.) A graceful

**BIRCH, EUROPEAN.** (Betula Alba.) A graceful tree with silvery white bark and slender branches. When a few years old, of an elegant drooping habit. rendering trees very effective in parks or on lawns. Hardy as far north as the Dakotas. I have quite a few European White Birch and also Cutleaf Weeping



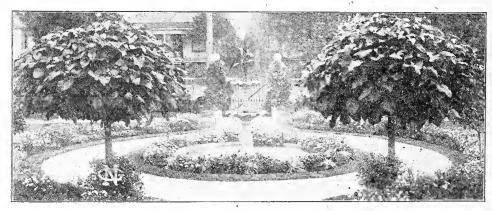
Honey Locust. Fine shade tree, hardy, free of insects. (See page 29.)

Birch in my garden, and they do as well as any tree I have. Have not lost one of them in the last nine years, all are growing nicely. This shows that they are good trees to plant in Nebraska. It is well to keep them well watered after transplanting.

Price:	Per 1	Per 10	$\operatorname{Per} 100$	
4-5 feet trees	\$0.45	\$4.20	\$38.00	
5-6 feet trees	70	6.50	60.00	
6-8 feet trees		8.50		
BLACK CHERRY, WILD.	(Cerasus	Serotir	na.) One	

of the most beautiful native ornamental trees. Also valuable for timber and largely planted for this pur-pose. A strong, straight tree, with dark brown bark, good wide crown and dark green foliage. Flowers are borne in long, loose racemes and are followed by purple-black fruit. Perfectly hardy, even as far north as North Delote north as North Dakota.

F	rice:			Per	l Per 10	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
4 - 5	feet,	nice	trees	\$0.25	5 \$2.20	\$20.00
5 - 6	feet.	nice	trees	.38	5 3.20	30.00



Catalpa Bungei, three years old on my home place. (See page 29.)

want to express m y apprecia t i o n of the condi-tion of plants I ordered from you. You were late in sending them and I feared that few of them would live, would live, but am glad to say few of them died. I think it must be due to the wonderful root system. The most wonder-ful I ever saw on plants.

T

on plants. Mrs. F. C., Tyler, Tex. R. 3, Bx. 20. 4-19-18.

## **ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.**—(Continued.)

**BOX ELDER.** Ash Leaved Maple. (Acer Negundo.) A small native tree, maple-like in its seeds and ashlike in its foliage. Of spreading habit, rapid growth, very hardy, desirable for street planting, and succeeds in many places where other varieties do not thrive. I hardly recommend this tree where other good shade trees can be grown. Unless it is kept well pruned for a number of years, it will not make a nice top, like Ash or Maple. Otherwise it is hardy and can stand lots of dry weather.

Price:			$\operatorname{Per} 10$	
4-5 fee	, nice	trees\$0.14	\$1.20	\$10.00
		trees		
			3.50	30.00
		trees	6.50	
10-12 feet	. nice	trees 1.00	9.50	

**CATALPA SPECIOSA.** Hardy Catalpa. An effective tropical looking lawn tree with very broad, large leaves and fragrant purplish-white blossoms of pyramidal clusters, often a foot long. There are few trees that have been more extensively planted for commercial plantations in the Middle West and the Eastern states. It is hardy, grows rapidly on prairies, resists drouth remarkably well, and has hardly any insect enemies. As a post timber it ranks with the Black Locust and Osage. Experiments have left no doubt as to its resistency to decay. Without doubt for fence post wood it has no equal, and in view of the fact that it can be grown so easily, it ought not to require much argument to cause farmers to plant Catalpa wherever it will grow. It is all right for posts here in Nebraska.

Prie	ce o	f Cat	alpa S	pecio	sa	Per 1	Per 10	P. 100
4-5	ft.,	nice	trees,	well	pruned	\$0.12	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
5-6	ft.,	nice	trees,	well	pruned	.20	1.80	16.00
6-8	ft.,	nice	trees,	well	pruned	.35	3.20	30.00
8 - 10	ft.,	nice	trees,	well	pruned	.60	5.50	
10-12	ft.,	well	prune	d, ve	ry strong	1.00	9.00	

**CATALPA BUNGEI.** (Chinese Catalpa.) A dwarf form, only 3 to 4 feet high, twice as broad. It is very useful in formal park work when grafted on stems 5 to 8 feet high, forming a very pretty dome shaped head of large, soft, heavy leaves. Elegant for lawns, parks and cemeteries. The tree is hardy here. Do not recommend it, though, north of the middle of Nebraska. **Price:** Per 1 Per 10 Content of the tree is the

 **BLACK LOCUST**, also called Yellow Locust. (Robinia Pseudacacia.) A large native tree of rapid growth, valuable for shade as well as quite ornamental. The yellowish-white flowers are in long pendulous racemes and appear in June. Wood is very valuable for posts, growing quicker to a given size than any other hard-wood tree. The timber is of very best quality and for posts outlasts, with a few exceptions, all other sorts. The Forestry Division of the Agricultural Department at Washington for Okla., Tex., N. Mex., Kans., Nebr. and Calif.

		.,			
		ack Locust:			
4- 5 ft.,	nice	transplanted	trees\$0.10	\$0.90	\$ 8.00
		transplanted			
6-8 ft.,	nice	transplanted	trees35	3.00	28.00
8-10 ft.,	nice	transpl. trees	s, heavy .70	6.50	
10-12 ft.,	nice	transpl. trees	s, heavy 1.20	11.00	

**HONEY LOCUST.** (Gleditschia Triacanthos.) This is an ornamental native tree of more than ordinary value. Its branches are spreading, forming a broad rather loose head. The branches and trunk are covered with strong thorns. It is of rapid growth, stands pruning well and is often used for a hedge; its thorns make it almost impenetrable. I do not know of a better tree for western Kansas and western Nebraska. Is found growing wild along creeks and streams most everywhere in Nebr. and Kans.

and s	trea	ms n	lost	everywi	nere	ın	nei	or.	and	Kans.	
Pric	ce o	f Ho:	ney	Locust:		Рe	r 1	Pe	r 10	P.100	
4-5	ft.,	well	pru	ned		.\$0	.14	\$1	.20	\$10.00	
				ned							
6-8	ft.,	well	pru	ned			.45	4	.20	-38.00	
8 - 10	ft.,	well	pru	ned			.80	7	.50		
10 - 12	ft	well	pru	ned		. 1	.30	12	2.00		

**ELM.** American White. (Ulmus Americana.) A noble native tree of large size, wide spreading head and graceful, drooping branches. Easy to transplant; hardy grower. One of the best park and street trees; hardy everywhere. The White Elm, Honey Locust and Norway Maple are in my opinion the best park trees for most all middle and northern states of America. All three can be grown into fine specific shade trees. I have a nice stock of Elm in all are well pruned, with good bodies and tops.

			$\operatorname{Per} 10$	P.100
	4- 5 ft., nice, well pruned	trees\$0.12	\$ 1.00	\$ 9.00
	5- 6 ft., nice, well pruned	trees20	1.80	16.00
	6-8 ft., nice well pruned	trees40	3.70	34.00
	8-10 ft., nice, well pruned	trees70	6.70	63.00
1	10-12 ft., nice, well pruned	trees. 1.20	11.00	



Catalpa Speciosa in my Nursery. These are transplanted one-year seedlings, cut back within 3 to 4 inches of the ground in the spring. The same summer they made a straight shoot as seen in the picture. My son Charles, who has charge of the growing of trees and seeds, and his little boy.

## **ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.**—(Continued.)

**HACKBERRY.** (Celtis Occidentalis.) Also called American Nettle Tree. A rare native tree, with num-erous slender branches which spread horizontally, and thick, rough bark: apple-like foliage, but more pointed and a bright, shiny green. In growth it resembles an Elm somewhat, but does not make as wide a top or crown. In the northern half of Nebraska it suc-ceeds better than the Elm. A very desirable tree for street planting. Very hardy and stands our dry weather well.

Price of Hackberry:			P.100
3- 4 feet, nice trees	\$0.12	\$1.10	\$ 9.00
4- 5 feet, nice trees		1.60	14.00
5-6 feet, nice trees		2.80	26.00
6-8 feet, nice trees		5.50	52.00
8-10 feet, nice trees		7.50	
10-12 feet, nice trees	1,25	11.00	

**HORSE CHESTNUT.** (Castanea.) White flowering. A fine large tree of compact outline, dense dark green foliage. In June the tree bears in greatest profusion large panicles of white flowers, tinged with red. Very pretty for street or lawn. Hardy in Nebraska. There are some fine Horse Chestnut trees in Beatrice. A are some time ribbs chesting trees in Beatrie. A good lawn tree. In my old home in Switzerland they are planted extensively along highways, in parks and along the streets. **Price** 5-6 feet, each, \$1.00; 10 for \$8.50; 6-8 feet, each \$1.40; 10 for \$12.50.

**MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA.** Cucumber Magnolia. Pyramidal tree attaining 60 to 90 feet in height. Flowers yellow, tinted with bluish purple; fruit when green resembles the cucumber, hence the name. The hardiest of the Magnolias. In Ohio I have seen very large trees along some streams. Water well for 3 or 4 weeks after transplanting. **Frice:** 5-6 feet, \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00.

each; 10 for \$9.00. **KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE.** (Gymnocladus Can-adensis.) A perfectly hardy tree, with beautiful long, feathery foliage. Always makes a good crown and is therefore, well adapted for ornamental or shade pur-poses. Perfectly hardy here, but grows somewhat slow here in Nebraska. A pretty tree, though, and should be planted more. **Price:** 2-3 feet, 15c each; 10 for \$1.20; 3-4 feet, 25c each; 10 for \$2.20. **EUROPEAN LINDEN.** (Tilia Europea.) A very pyramidal tree with large leaves and fragrant flowers. A valuable tree for street and lawn planting, develop-

ing into beautiful specimens. Extensively planted for ornamental purposes and for bee culture. Rapid growth, not particular as to soil, and perfectly hardy. A few trees here in Beatrice are very large and tall, almost 2 feet in diameter.

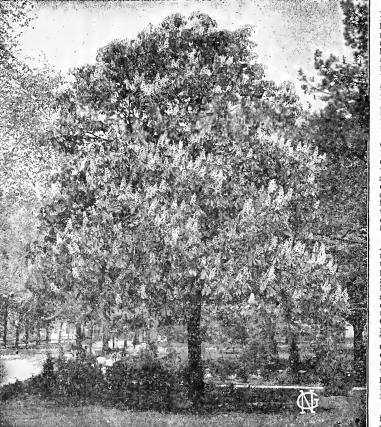
Price:			P.10	P.100
5- 6 feet, nic	e trees	\$0.60	\$5.50	\$50.00
6-8 feet, nic	ce trees	.70	6.50	60.00
8-10 feet, nic	e trees	1.00	9.00	

AMERICAN LINDEN. Basswood. (Tilia Americana.) Similar to the European Linden; has large leaves, but does not make as good a crown as the European Linden. Both are excellent street trees. **Price:** 5-6 feet, 55c each; 10 for \$6.00; 6-8 feet, 90c each; 10 for \$8.50.

each; 10 for \$5,50. **MAPLE, NORWAY.** (Acer Platanoides.) One of the most beautiful and desirable trees known. Of large size, perfect outline, with deep green foliage, which turns to a pale yellow in autumn. Desirable trees for street, park and garden. I have a number of Norway Maple in my garden. They grow faster than Hard Maple, do better here in Nebraska; in fact, about as good a shade tree as I have on my grounds. In the spring the leaves when they first come out are red, turning slowly to green. red, turning slowly to green. Price: Per 1 . 100 P.10

\$5.50 7.50 \$50.00 70.00

- 55	1.16	ce:			1	er i	r.10	F, 100
4-	5	feet,	well	pruned	trees\$	0.12	\$1.10	\$10.00
5-	6	feet,	well	pruned	trees	.20	1.70	16.00
6 -	8	feet,	well	pruned	trees	.40	3.50	32.00
8-1	Ω	foot	wall	nruned	troos	75	7 0 0	65 00



Horse Chestnut in Bloom.

10 for \$9.00. **CISTENA PURPLE PLUM.** Originated by Prof. Hansen of Brookings, S. D. Leaves are red-dish purple, holding the color well. A grand ornamental tree. and while the fruit is small, it is of good quality. Perfectly har-dy. For the Northern states this is the best purple leaf ornamen-tal tree. **Frice** 3-4 ft. trees, 40c each; 10 for \$3.50; 4-5 ft. trees, 50c each; 10 for \$4.50. **PIN OAK** (Ouercus Palustris)

**PIN OAK.** (Quercus Palustris.) An upright, vigorous growing va-An upright, vigorous growing va-riety, forming a stately, round topped tree, with long, slightly pendulous branches. The dark green, deeply cut foilage turns to brilliant yellow and crimson shadcs in autumn, forming one of the best of our fall colored trees. Grows faster than other Oak, often making shoots of 2 feet or more in one season. Transplants the easiest of all oaks, and is one of our very fin-est lawn trees and a desirable avenue tree. I have two fine trees in my garden and many people admire them. **Price:** 5-6 ft., \$1.50 each; 10 for \$13.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.00 each; 10 for \$17.00.

The 3 trees received this mornand fully appreciated. Otto G., 405½ No. Broadway, 3-7-18. Pittsburg, Kans.

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#### **ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.**—(Continued.)

(Quercus Rubra.) An American variety, RED OAK. rapid in growth, with large foliage, which assumes in the fall a purplish scarlet hue. It makes a fine specimen and cannot be too highly recommended for general planting. **Frice:** 5-6 feet, \$1.50 each; 10 for \$13.00.

**Price:** 5-6 feet, \$1.50 each; 10 107 \$13.00. **RUSSIAN OLIVE.** (Elaeagnus.) A beautiful lawn tree, with spreading top; nearly black shining bark, and silvery-white, long, narrow foliage. The small yellow blos-soms have a wonderful fragrance. The exquisite perfumes are carried long distances in the air. Fine if planted in a group with green-leaved trees, among shrubbery, or as a lawn tree. Hardy as far north as Canada. Can also be used as a hedge or screen, as it stands pruning or shearing well. See under plants for hedges and screens, page 39. In my garden they are perfectly hardy and show dry weath-er effects less than most any other tree I have. **Price:** Prove 100 P 100

Price:			P. 100
3-5 feet	\$0.35	\$3.20	27.00
5-6 feet		4.00	35.00

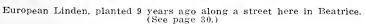
**POPLARS. CAROLINA POPLAR.** (Populus Carolinensis.) One of the most rapid growing trees, with large, handsome, glossy, deep green leaves. Succeeds everywhere; especially adapted to cities, where it makes unusually fast growth and resists smoke and gas. Pyramidal in form, making a spreading head and dense shade when properly trimmed. Makes a splendid windbreak or screen. It is used in larger numbers for street planting than any other tree. Good for northern Nebraska. There are some very fine Poplars in Beatrice. **Price of Carolina Poplar**: Perl P. 10 P. 100

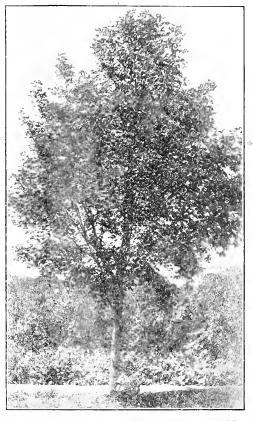
Prie	ce of			P. 10		
18 - 24	inch,	whips	\$0.06	\$0.40	\$ 3.50	
3-4	feet.	whips	.07	.60	5.50	
		partly branched		1.80	17.00	
5-6	feet.	branched	.25	2.30	20.00	
6-8	feet,	branched	.35	3.30	30.00	
8 - 10	feet.	branched	.55	5.00	45.00	
10 - 12	feet.	branched	.75	7.00		

Prie	ce of	Norway Poplar:	Per 1	P. 10	P.100
18 - 24	inch,	whips	\$0.06	\$0.50	\$ 4.00
3-4	feet,	whips	.08	.70	6.00
4-5	feet,	partly branched	.20	1.80	.17.00
5-6	feet,	branched	.25	2.30	20.00
6-8	feet,	branched	.35	3.30	30.00
8-10	feet,	branched	.60	5.50	50.00
10 - 12	feet,	branched	.80	7.50	

**SILVER POPLAR.** (Populus Alba.) Quick growing tree, with spreading outline, leaves dark, glossy green above and silvery white below. Hardy everywhere. Of great value in farm and private forestry, much more so than the Soft or







Norway Maple in my garden, seven years old. Has never been attacked by any insects. Much better for Nebraska than Sugar Maple. (See page 30.)

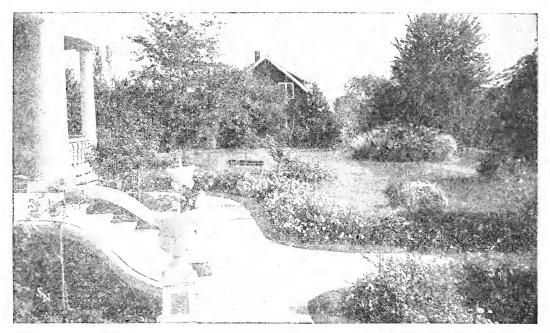
Silver Maple. It is perfectly hardy anywhere, and is especially largely planted in Wyoming. An ornament to any lawn, but where the ground is plowed up often, they are apt to sprout or rootsucker some. **Price:** 3-4 ft., 15c each; 10 for \$1.20; 100 for \$11.00; 4-5 feet, 20c each; 10 for \$2.70; 100 for \$15.00; 5-6 ft., 30c each; 10 for \$5.50; 100 for \$48.00. **VOLGA POPLAR.** A new, hardy poplar from Russia. The tree is an upright grower, similar to the Lom-bardy Poplar. The branches are much stronger, however, and the leaves are larger, of better form and deeper

are much stronger, nowever, and the leaves are larger, of better form and deeper green. Perfectly hardy, of strong, vigorous growth. A tree of this variety trans-planted on my home grounds last spring made new shoots 5 feet in length. Perfectly hardy, even in Minnesota or South Dakota. **Price:** 5-6 ft., mostly branched, 30c each; 10 for \$2.70; 6-8 ft., well branched, 45c each; 10 for \$4.30; 8-10 ft., well branched, 75c each; 10 for \$7.20. **RED BUD.** Judas Tree. (Cercis Canadensis.) A very

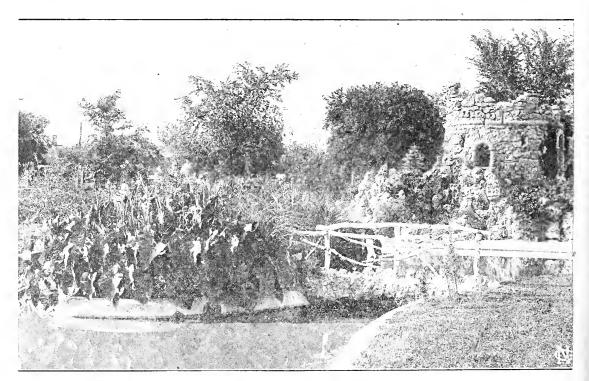
**RED BUD.** Judas Tree. (Cercis Canadensis.) A very ornamental native tree of redium size, with perfect medium size, with perfect heart-shaped leaves and har-dy even in Canada. Blooms dy even in Canada. Blooms early in the spring, before the leaves appear, covering the branches with small red-dish purple flowers. Hardy; does well also on wet land. Grows wild in Kansas, Mis-souri, Iowa and some parts of Nebraska. **Price**: 4-5 ft., 50c each; 10 for \$4.70; 5-6 ft., \$0c each; 10 for \$7.50.

# ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.

(Continued.)



I show here a piece of landscaping, the entrance to my home. Along the walks are Tree Roses and between them Petunias. Large tree to the left a Honey Locust. In the right hand upper corner is a large Canna bed with a border of Pennisetum, an ornamental grass. The large trees in the corner are Red Cedar and Soft Maple. Walks in front of the house and to the road built of cement; all other walks in the garden are gravel.



Corner in my Garden. On the little island are planted Caladiums on the outside (Petunias can be used in place of Caladiums and look very pretty); inside Cannas; Lawn, Kentucky Blue Grass and White Clover. See description and prices under Grass Seeds. The small building is a partial reproduction of a castle-ruin near my old home in Switzerland. A rockery of this kind gives one a chance to display plants found in rocky places. In one corner of the pond I grow several kinds of Water Lilies and Lotus.

## **ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.**—(Continued.)

SYCAMOBE, AMER-IGAN. (Platanus.) Noble, upright growing tree, with spacious head and large, deep green foliage. A free grower and very desirable for park or street planting. It is not hardy, though, north of here, and I can not recommend it, even for the middle of Nebraska. Price: 6-8 ft, 60c each; 10 for \$5.70; 5-6 ft, 40c each; 10 for \$3.80; 100 for \$35.00.

SIBERIAN PEA TREE. (Caragana.) An extremely hardy shrub or low tree, originally from Siber ia. The branches have small, sharp thorns. It bears beautiful yellow flowers; its seeds are said to be valuable for poultry and culinary uses. Will grow anywhere and I especially recommend it for the North, as it is perfectly hardy, even in Canada. A fine plant for a hedge. Price



Find enclosed a picture of my homestead. The trees are from your Nursery (Norway and Carolina Poplar. 3-4 feet high when planted) and planted in spring 1913, picture taken 1915. -- Yours truly, W. C. R., Rudyard, Montana.

even in Canada. A fine picture taken 1915. plant for a hedge. Price for Siberian Pea Tree, small plants suitable for hedges, see page 39. **Price:** 3-4 ft., 25c each; 10 for \$2.00; 100 for \$18.00.

**GOLDEN WILLOW.** (Salix Aurea.) An exceedingly showy and pretty variety, with bark of bright golden color, making it very conspicuous during the winter. The catkins also are of yellow color. A handsome tree at all seasons and will make lots of wood in a short time. Very hardy, even in the Dakotas.

Price:	Per 1	P. 10	
3- 4 feet,	without branches\$0.07	\$0.60	\$ 5.00
4- 5 feet,	without branches	.90	8.00
5- 6 feet,	with crown	1.50	14.00
6- 8 feet,	with crown	3.20	•••••••
8-10 feet,	with crown	4.70	

**BED BARK WILLOW.** (Salix Britzensis.) Seven years ago I purchased two of these willows, 4-5 ft. size, in Connecticut, and set them out in my garden. They have grown fine. In the winter the bark of the branches turns into a deep red color, contrasting effectively if planted with the Golden Willow. One of these two trees now is 13 inches, the other 10 inches in diameter above the ground, thus proving to be one of the fastest growing trees in Nebraska. Same as the Golden Willows, the branches spread well and make a beautiful shade tree. Healthy, hardy, vigorous here.

Price:	Per 1 P		
3-4 feet, 1 year old trees	\$0.12	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
4-5 feet, nice trees		1.50	13.00
5-6 feet, nice trees		2.30	22.00

**SILVER WILLOW.** Salix Argentea. (Regalis.) A large tree with short and thick trunk and yellowishbrown branches. The foliage is asny-gray with suivery hairs, giving a white appearance to the whole

tree. While it grows well on upland, it is especially adapted for wet places. A beautiful tree for the lawn. **Frice**: 3-4 feet, 40c each; 10 for \$3.50; 4-5 feet, 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

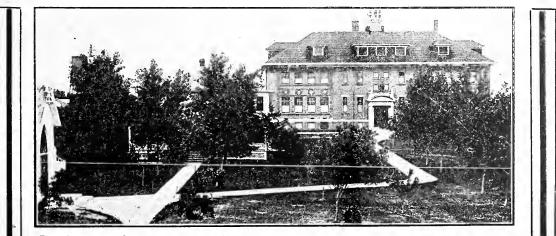
50c each; 10 for \$4.50. **LAUREL-LEAVED WILLOW.** A beautiful, distinct, medium-sized tree, 8 to 20 feet high, with shining laurel-like leaves that make it very conspicuous in sunshine. It can be clipped into form like a bay tree; has bright green bark; is beautiful the year round. The tree does well in Nebraska; stood our severe winter three years ago and also last year at 23 degrees below zero without being injured. **Price:** 3-4 feet, 15c each; 10 for \$1.30; 4-5 feet, 22c each; 10 for \$2.00.

**DIAMOND WILLOWS.** I have a limited number of this fast-growing Willow. **Price:** 4-5 feet, nice trees, 10c each; 10 for 90c; 100 for \$8.00; 5-6 feet, nice trees, 15c each; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$13.00.

Loc each; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$13.00. **THORN, PAUL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING.** (Crataegus.) A beautiful small tree with spreading, spiny branches. Very hardy and will thrive everywhere, even in dry soil. The pretty flowers are bright in front of your home on both sides of the walk, or anywhere, where small trees are desired. Will form a nice round top, something like a Catalpa Bungei, but the top will not get as large. Frice: 4-5 feet, nice trees, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00

**JAPAN WALNUT.** See description, page 16. A fine shade tree for the lawn. **Price:** 5-6 ft., 75c each; 10 for \$7.00.

BLACK WALNUT. See description on page 16. Price: 3-4 ft., 22c each; 10 for \$2.00; 100 for \$18.00; 4-5 ft., 32c each; 10 for \$3.00; 100 for \$28.00; 5-6 ft., 42c each; 10 for \$4.00; 100 for \$38.00; 6-8 ft., 75c each; 10 for \$7.00.



Plantings around school house at Epiphany, South Dakota, showing what can be done in Northern States by judicious planting of Shade Trees and Flowering Shrubs.

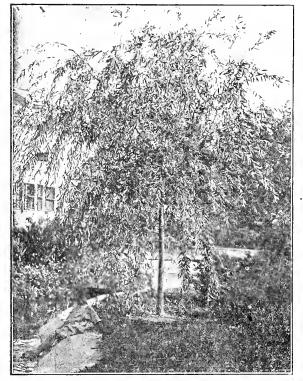
# WEEPING DECIDUOUS TREES.

The trees form objects of great beauty when planted as single specimens on lawns, in the front yard, and especially when used for cemetery decorations. Also of great value for covering arbors. All are invaluable for the variety they add to landscape and garden. My list embraces the best varieties. A few Thurlow Weeping Willows planted near a pond make a beautiful sight. This willow will grow its branches to the water in 2 years.

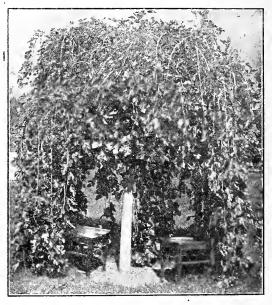
**TEAS' WEEPING MULBERRY.** (Morus.) The most graceful hardy weeping tree in existence. Forms a perfect umbrella-shaped head, with long, slender, willowy branches, drooping to the grounds. It has beautiful foliage, is wonderfully vigorous and healthy; is one of the hardiest, enduring the cold of the North and the heat of the South; safe and easy to transplant; admirably adapted for ornamental small or large grounds, or for cemetery planting. While the tree is very hardy, I would not recommend it for the extreme North, say north of Nebraska, except in well protected localities. Fine, strong trees, grafted 5 to 6 feet high, with good tops. **Price**, \$1.75 each.

**CUT-LEAF WEEPING BIRCH.** (Betula.) This magnificent tree is, without question, the most popular and the most planted of all pendulous or so-called weeping trees. It is a tall, slender tree, yet with visorous growth. It has an erect central trunk, somewhat pyramidal in shape, with graceful, drooping branches and glistening, silvery-white bark. The foliage is fine, thin, deeply and delicately cut, and of a beautiful shade of green. The whole tree presents a soft and delightful effect not found in any other hardy ornamental tree. **Price:** 5 to 6 feet trees, \$1.00 each.

**CAMPERDOWN WEEPING ELM.** Its vigorous branches, which have a uniform habit, overlap so regularly that a compact, roof-like head is formed. Leaves are large and rich, glossy dark green. Tree a strong, vigorous grower. One of the best weeping trees. It can be trained to form an arbor if desired. The peculiar characteristics of this tree make it very popular and valuable for the lawn. Hardy everywhere and not particular as to soil. With age the weeping branches will eventually, sweep the ground and enclose a shady place as effectively as an arbor. This tree thrives splendidly in our state and is adapted more for homes or parks; for the cemetery lot it gets too large. Grafted six feet high. **Price**, \$1.75 each.



Two-year-old Thurlow Weeping Willow in my garden.



Teas' Weeping Mulberry in my garden.

In order to get this tree to form a small room, I cut the inside branches, that are drooping to the ground, back to where they make the downward bend, being careful to cut just a little ahead of an outside bud; the next limb will grow out of this bud and will be 8 or 10 inches farther out than the one I cut off. The new shoots generally grow clear to the ground before fall. In a few years one can form quite a little room; enough for a dinner party of 5 or 6 persons. Besides it is interesting to watch the tree grow according to your wishes. The pruning should only be done once every year, here in April.

**THUBLOW WEEPING WILLOW.** (Salix Elegantissima.) This willow, like the Babylonica, is not grafted or budded; its nature is weeping. Tree vigorous, fast grower, very hardy, and a graceful weeper. The branches are very slender, leaves long, of bright green with lighter shade of green on the lower side. Spring 1917, I planted a Thurlow Weeping Willow near my little lake. On this page is a picture taken in August, 1918. As you see, it has made a wonderful growth and stood 22 degrees below zero last winter.

Below zero last winter.
 Price: 4-5 feet, 30c each; 10 for \$2.70; 5-6 feet, 45c each; 10 for \$4.20; 6-8 feet, 70c each; 10 for \$6.50.

WISCONSIN WEEPING WILLOW. A large tree with long, drooping branches similar to the Babylonica, but much hardier. A good ornamental tree, also excellent for wood in low places. Grows very fast. Branches very good for tying purposes.

P	rice:			Per 1	P. 10	P.100
3 - 4	feet,	well	rooted	\$0.10	\$0.90	\$ 8.00
4-5	feet,	nice	trees	.18	1.50	14.00
5-6	feet,	nice	trees	.25	2.20	20.00

**NIOBA WEEPING WILLOW.** Resembles the Golden Willow in color of the bark, a pretty golden yellow. Branches are slender, long and well drooping, growing to the ground in a short time. Leaves are a whitish green. Very vigorous grower and perfectly hardy, even in the Dakotas.

Price:		I	Per 1	P.10	P.100
3-4 feet,	nice	trees	0.10	\$0.90	\$ 8.00
4-5 feet,	nice	trees	.18	1.50	14.00
5-6 feet,	nice	trees	.25	2.20	20.00

Of all the fruit trees I have bought from you since I arrived in Texas, I have only lost one (a Flemish Beauty Pear) and I never discovered the cause, while nearly all the trees I got from other nurseries were killed by the frost last winter. February 26, 1918. B. S. N., Besmay, Tex.

You may be interested to know that the large order for Spirea Hedge of last April is leafing out beautifully, despite the bad year last year. Every plant is alive at present. Glen Elder, Kans.

# EVERGREENS OR CONIFERS.



Hardy Coniferous Evergreens are par-ticularly valuable for use in all classes of ornamental planting in as much as they preserve their graceful foliage and rich coloring throughout the summer and win-ter, adding much to the charm of the landscape during that period when decidu-ous trees and shrubs are without foliage. The following Evergreens are very hardy and particularly adapted to our Western climate. Evergreens cannot be shipped before April 1st, and should always go by express. For short distance shipments we can pack them in boxes with other trees and send them by freight, but on long-distance shipments it is best to send them by express or parcel post. Please do not expect Evergreens packed in with your other trees. They will come separate after April 1st, sometimes a few days sooner. ABEOR VITAE. AMERICAN. (Thuya) A well known Evergreen of great value; it forms an unright con-

**ABBOE VITAE, AMERICAN.** (Thuya.) A well known Evergreen of great value; it forms an upright, con-ical tree of medium size, and is, all things considered, the finest Evergreen for screens, being hardy and eas-ily transplanted. It grows rapidly and with little care, and soon forms a beautiful hedge, very dense and perfectly impervious to the sight. Are widely planted throughout the United States. By Express. Brice of Arbor Vitae:

Price of Arbor Vitae:	Per 1	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	$\operatorname{Per}100$
6-10 inch, seedlings	\$0.10	\$0.70	\$ 6.00
12-18 inch, transplanted		2,80	25.00
18-24 inch, transplanted.	.45	4.00	
2-3 feet, transplanted	.60	5.50	

CHINESE ARBOR VITAE. (Thuya Orientalis.) Similar to the American, but it is claimed to be better adapted for the Middle West. The State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kansas, recommends it very highly for planting in Kansas.



Blue or Silver Spruce.

 By Express

 Frice:
 Per 1 P. 10 P. 100 P. 1000

 4- 6 inch, seedlings.......\$0.06 \$0.50 \$ 4.50 \$ 35.00

 10-15 inch, seedlings.........

 18-24 inch, transplanted........................

 2- 3 feet, transplanted................................

 BOUGLAS FIF.

**DOUGLAS FIR.** (Abies Douglasii.)' A beautiful rapid growing tree, with nice dark green foliage. It is a splendid tree for lawn planting, and is used in all work where a particularly choice tree is required quired. - -

				By Exp	ess
		Douglas Fir			$\operatorname{Per} 100$
6-10	ínch	seedlings	\$0.06	\$0,50	\$ 4.50
12 - 18	inch,	transplanted		3.50	30.00
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	feet,	transplanted		5.50	
2-3	feet,	transplanted	.80	7.50	

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE. (Picea Pungens.) **COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE.** (Picea Pungens.) The Blue Spruce is the most beautiful of all Coni-fers. Its silver foliage, glistening in the sunlight, makes it surpass in beauty any other Evergreen. It is very hardy; a good grower, will withstand severe winters and excessive moisture, and is very easily transplanted. The Blue Spruce has no equal for lawn and cemetery use.

		By Expr	
Price of Blue Spruce:	$\operatorname{Per} 1$	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
3-6 inch, as they run			
nursery row	\$0.07	\$0.60	5.00
12-18 inch, Koster's perfec			
blue, grafted and with b	all		
of dirt, transplanted	1.50	13.00	, ,
1½-2 feet, Koster's perfec	tly		
blue, grafted, with ball			
dirt, twice transplanted	1 3.00	25.00	
2-3 feet, Koster's perfec	tly		
blue, and with ball of d	írt,		
twice transplanted	4.50	40.00	
MORULAY CORICE (D	ioon Exa	olco )	Alofty

**NORWAY SPRUCE.** (Picea Excelsa.) A lofty tree of perfect pyramidal form, remarkably ele-gant and rich, and as it gets age, has fine pendu-lous branches; it is exceedingly picturesque and beautiful. One of the best Evergreens for hedges and windbreaks. Largely used for Christmas trees.

					Бу Балрі	ess
Prie	ce of	Norway	Spruce:	$\operatorname{Per} 1$	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
6-10	inch,	seedling	gs	\$0.05	\$0.40	\$ 3.50
12 - 18	inch,	transpla	inted		2.20	18.00
18 - 24	inch	transpla	inted	.40	3,70	30.00
2-3	feet,	transpla	anted		6.50	· · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

## EVERGREENS OR CONIFERS.—(Continued.)

**BLACK HILL SPRUCE.** (Picea Canadensis.) A very hardy Spruce with dark green foliage. Grows somewhat slower than the Norway Spruce, but it is much hardier. A fine lawn tree.

		ву Ехр	ress	
Price:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100	
4- 8 inch, transplanted	\$0.15	\$1.20	\$10.00	
12-18 inch. transplanted		3.50	30.00	
1½-2 feet, transplanted	70	6.50		
2-3 feet, transplanted	90	8.50		

**AUSTBIAN PINE.** (Pinus Austriaca.) The Austrian or Black Pine is a stout branched tree of rapid growth; branches rather long in proportion to the trunk than most pines. The elegant whorles of branches are densely clothed with deep, blackish green foliage. It is one of the best pines for forming screens. Perfectly hardy and thrives well in dry soil, upon high, bleak hills. Does well in any garden. By Express

	by Express			
Price of Austrian Pine:	Per 1	Per10	$\operatorname{Per} 100$	
2- 5 inch, seedlings	\$0.06	\$0.50	\$ 3.50	
12-18 inch, transplanted	40	3.70	30.00	
2-3 feet, transplanted	90	8.50	•	

**AMERICAN YEW.** (Taxus Canadensis.) A low spreading, bushy tree, with dark evergreen green foli-age, keeping its color well over winter, and bright red berries. Hardy most anywhere. Very useful where a low Evergreen is wanted, in front of a group of taller ones, or as a single tree. **Price:** 1½-2 feet, with ball of dirt, well burlaped, %3.50 acest.

\$3.50 each.

**SCOTCH PINE.** (Pinus Sylvestris.) A dense grow-ing, broad pyramidal tree with stout, erect shoots and pleasing silver-green foliage. One of the best or-namental forest trees. Grows luxuriantly in most soils. I have quite a number of this pine on my grounds doing fine.

		E	sy Expr	ess
	Scotch Pine:	Per 1	Per 10	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
2-5 inch	seedlings	\$0.05	\$0.40	\$ 2.80
12-18 inch,	transplanted		2.30	20.00
18-24 inch.	transplanted		4.50	
2-3 feet,	transplanted		6.50	



Black Hill Spruce.

BULL PINE. (Pinus. Ponderosa.) Resembles the Austrian Pine, but has much longer needles. A na-tive of Northern Nebraska and the Black Hills. It does well in my garden and can stand dry and cold weather well, rather better than any other pine. By Express

			Dy Carpt	688
	Bull Pine:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
	transplanted		2.50	\$22.00
12-18 inch.	transplanted	40	3.50	30.00
	transplanted		6.00	

JACK PINE. (Pinus Divaricata.) The most north-ern of all American Pines. Extremely hardy and vig-orous, withstanding long droughts and hot, dry winds. Of rather irregular growth. Foliage bright green; needles short and stiff.

		By Expr	ess
Price of Jack Pine:	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
6-12 inch, seedlings	\$0.05	\$.0.45	\$ 4.00
12-18 inch, transplanted	.30	2.70	25.00
18-24 inch, transplanted		4.00	
2-3 feet, transplanted	.65	6.00	
3-4 feet, transplanted	1.25	10.00	
4- 5 feet, transplanted	2.00		
5- 6 feet, transplanted	3.50		
6-8 feet, transplanted	5.00		
6-12 inch, \$30.00 per 1000.			

**WHITE PINE.** (Strobus.) A strong, rapid-grow-ing tree with light, delicate, silvery-green foliage. Very hardy and one of the best of the Pines for the lawn. Perfectly hardy here in Nebraska. **Price of White Pine**: 18-24 in., twice transplanted, 50c each; 10 for \$4.50; 2-3 feet, 75c each, 10 for \$7.00.

**BED CEDAR.** (Juniperus Virginica.) My Cedars are all raised from the seed gathered on the Platte River, in Nebraska. They are very pretty, of dark green color. Being a native of Nebraska, they are exceedingly hardy, and will stand any amount of dry weather. The very best for windbreaks.

		By Exp	ress	
Price of Red Cedar:	$\operatorname{Per} 1$	Per 10	Per 100	
3- 6 inch, seedlings	\$0.08	\$0.70	\$ 6.00	
12-15 inch, transplanted	40	3.50	30.00	
18-24 inch, transplanted	70	6.50		
2-3 feet, transplanted	1.00	9.00		

MUGHO PINE. (Dwarf.) Very dis-tinct, leaves short, stiff, little twisted and thickly distributed over the branches; does not grow tall but spreads over the ground, generally as-suming a globular form; very dense. **Price of Mugho Pines**: 12-18 inch, transplanted: 40c each; 10 for \$3.50; 18-24 inch, 70c each; 10 for \$6.50.

The trees I got from you are the fin-est now in the land. F. J. M., Feb. 10, 1918. Frontenac, Kans.

got some seedling trees of you a dozen years ago, that have done\_very well indeed. C. S. M., Arbormeade Farm, Dec. 18, 1918. Hatboro, Pa., R. 1.

I found some beautiful Cherry Trees growing at a neighbor's. I asked him where they came from and he said from your nursery. May 13, 1918. E. M. K., Manderson, S. D.

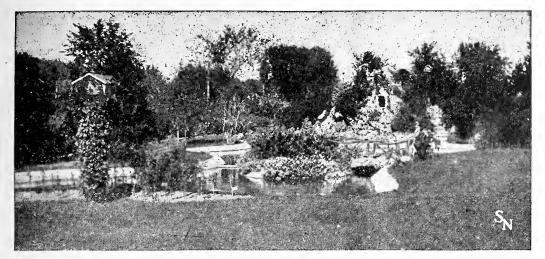
I have been so well pleased with the sample order sent you last March for fruit trees and seeds, all of which seem to come up fully to your description, so far as tested. June 10, 1918. O. G., Pittsburg, Kans.

Received your packages and was well pleased. The **Grape Vines** were ele-gant, Gooseberries were good, Pear trees are coming fine, also the Plums. J. J. W., May 25, 1918. Weston, Nebr.

I bought some peach trees from you a few years ago and they gave a better satisfaction than any I ever set out, and now I want a few apple and peach trees. R. M. T., Jan. 25, 1918. Arkansas City, Kans.

The past orders from you were O. K. Was well pleased with everything I re-ceived from you, and appreciate your courtesy and promptness. Rest as-sured, Mr. Sonderegger, if I buy any trees, I will let you have the benefit of my purchases. J. A. T., Galesburg, Ill. Oct. 26, 1917. R. 6., B. 95.

# LANDSCAPE DEPARTMENT.



## FREE LANDSCAPE SERVICE AND FREE PLANS.

A definite plan of planting your garden is necessary. Let us make your garden bloom from spring until frost. Let us show you the proper way to lay out your grounds and tell you what ornamental shrubs, herbaceous perennials, and fruits to plant, and the proper place to plant each.

## WHAT A PLAN OF YOUR GROUND MEANS.

It is the only logical way of making a picture. It is a guide to uniform planting. It is as necessary as a plan for building a house. A mistake made in the beginning is not only expensive, but disappointing. Take advantage of our FREE offer. Do it NOW.

## HOW PLANS MAY BE HAD FREE.

Beautiful grounds result only from a pre-conceived plan of arrangement. Hence the importance of a plan. Here is OUR offer: Plan for property containing 7,500 sq. ft. (one 50-foot lot), FREE with orders of \$50.00 at regular catalog

prices.

Plan for property containing 7,500 to 12,000 sq. ft., FREE with orders of \$100.00. Plan for property containing 12,000 to 20,000 sq. ft. FREE with orders of \$150.00. Plan for rose bed or perennial border FREE with orders of \$20.00. Plans for larger properties will be made at a nominal cost. Write us, describing your estate, and get our estimates.

estimates. If you wish a blue print of your grounds, answer the questions below and make a rough drawing on page 38, showing the grounds, house, walks, roads, etc., giving the distances between objects and from bound-ary lines. Enclose with these directions and instructions \$5.00 to defray in part the landscape architect expenses for material, which amount will be credited on your bill for plants. We wish to impress our customers that this is not a scheme by which we receive any pay for the plans, but is done only as a safeguard against some curious persons that would ask us for plans with no in-tention of making use of them. As soon as we receive your instructions and directions we will draw a planting plan of your grounds and furnish you with the exact cost of the material, keeping within your set price. The blue prints which we will send will show you the exact location of every shrub, tree and plant, and can be easily followed out by anyone. As soon as you have approved the planting list, send us the cost of the plants less the \$5.00 plants for which your order calls. **PLANS FOR LARGE GROUNDS.** We design large grounds, such as **parks, school grounds, hotel grounds, and estates at nominal cost. Write us for our terms. Where the work warrants we will be pleased to send our representative to call upon you.** 

## PLEASE ANSWER IN DETAIL ALL QUESTIONS ON THIS SHEET.

SONDEREGGER NURSERIES, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA. Gentlemen: — I take pleasure in answering the questions and in making a rough sketch on the other side of this page and will be pleased to accept your offer and comply with your terms for receiving a plan of my grounds.

Do you want an arbor or pergola	This last question is very important and should be answered in every case.
Do you want a hedge (if so where preferred)	How much do you wish to spend for plants \$
	When do you wish to begin planting
Perennial bed	Do you want a vegetable garden
Do you want a rose bed	Do you want any street trees
Do you want lots of shrubbery	Do you want any Evergreen trees
Do you want shrubs or hardy perennials	Name any fruit trees you want
out your grounds Do you want us to locate the walks and driveway	Name any kind of ornamental trees you prefer
Do you want us to use our own judgment for laying	small fruit
Do you prefer natural or formal planting	Do you want any strawberry, asparagus plants or
Mame	Town

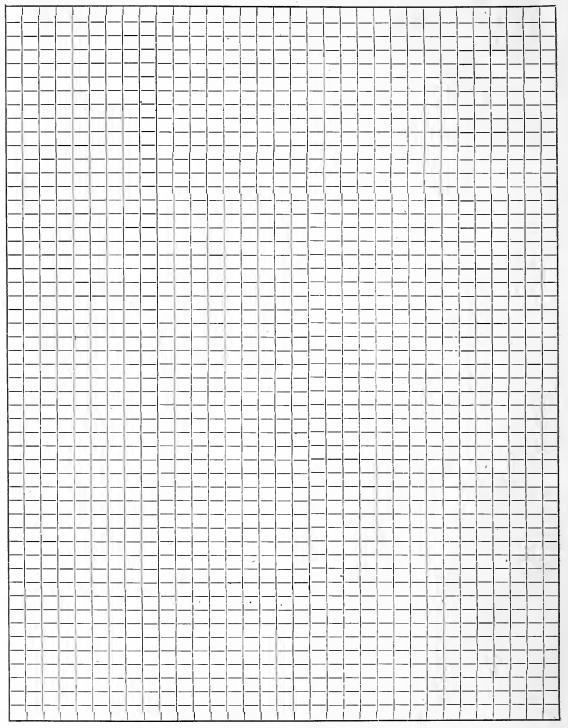
NOTE.—Send plans in early so that our landscape department can give more attention to the work before the rush comes in the spring. Don't forget to make a rough drawing on the other side of this page.

## USE THIS SHEET TO MAKE YOUR SKETCH WHEN SENDING FOR PLANS.

**HOW TO MAKE DRAWING.** Draw shape of lot and give the length and width in feet. Locate the house, garage, walks and road if any, and give the distances from the boundaries of the lot. Give the size of all buildings in feet, and the length and the width of all walks and roads. Locate any trees. Tell what direction the house faces, east, west, north or south. Locate entrances to lot and buildings and show any objectionable views, terraces or grades.

(Unless we have this data it is impossible for us to prepare a good plan. Any picture showing house or grounds is valuable to enclose with drawing.)

Please do not overlook answering questions on the other side of this sheet.



Each Square indicates 5 feet.

# PLANTS FOR HEDGES AND SCREENS.

A hedge to be pretty and effective, must be very dense and well pruned. The thorny varieties that are used to turn horses, cattle and hogs should be planted eight inches apart, which will make three for every two feet. The ornamental varieties may be planted 12 to 18 inches apart. In planting ornamen-tal hedges, you will get a prettier effect by planting two rows, say about 10 inches apart, alternating the plants. Your hedge will look wider and more dense and the plants can develop better. Cut plants back the first year to 2 to 3 inches, second 10 to 15 inches, third year to 24 inches.

### **ORNAMENTAL VARIETIES WITHOUT** THORNS.

AMOOE RIVEE PRIVET. Hardy. Foliage glossy green and holds its color well almost the entire sea-son. Will stand shearing to any extent. Where the California Privet is not hardy, the Amoor Privet should be planted. In my Garden I have an Amoor Privet hedge 300 feet long, and it came through the last five winters perfectly sound and bloomed fine, while California Privet froze clear to the ground. I recommend this Privet for all the states north of Missouri. It costs a little more, but will stand your climate and will be perfectly satisfactory. Bring: Blonts all well branched 12 to 18 inch

**Price:** Plants all well branched, 12 to 18-inch, each §c; 10 for 70c; 100 for \$6.00; 1000 for \$55.00; 18 to 24-inch, 12c each; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$8.00; 2 to 3 feet, 17c each; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$12.00.

**CALIFORNIA PEIVET.** (Ligustrum.) No plant has come more rapidly and deservedly into public favor. It is of vigorous growth, has glossy dark green foliage, keeping its color until after Christmas. Almost evergreen. Should not be planted where the thermometer goes much below zero. Not hardy in Nobrasite Nebraska.

**Price:** Plants all well branched, 18 to 2 each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$4.00; 1000 for \$3 feet, 15c each; 10 for \$1.40; 100 for \$9.00. 18 to 24 inch, 6c 0 for \$35.00; 2 to

**POLISH PRIVET.** Probably the hardiest of all Privets; of stiff, upright habit; leaves sharply lanceo-late and very shiny dark green. The pure white flow-ers are much more showy than on the other varieties. In my garden it grows very strong and is perfectly hardy. Can be used as a flowering shrub and for badge hedges.

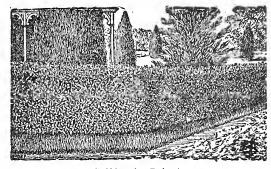
**Price:** 18 to 24 inch plants, 15c each; 10 for \$1.30; 100 for \$12.00; 12 to 18 inch plants, 10c each; 10 for \$0c; 100 for \$7.00.

**RUSSIAN OLIVE.** (Full description, see page 31.) It is well adapted for a hedge and is perfectly hardy anywhere. Should be well pruned every year. I know this hedge will please you. For prices see page 27, under "Forest Tree Seedlings."

**BUSSIAN MULBEREY.** It is well adapted for hedges or screens. Must be pruned often, See full description and price list on page 15.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTI. This is the best plant for an ornamental hedge that I know of. See description on page 45. Plants for hedges should be set 12 inches apart.

**Price:** Plants suitable for hedges, about 12 to 18 inches high, 25 plants for \$4.00; 100 for \$14.00.



California Privet.

**SPIREA THUNBERGII.** Makes very dense and pretty hedge fence, not over 3 feet high. See description on page 45.

**Price:** 12 to 18 inches, 25 plants for \$4.00; 100 for \$14.00. For larger sizes, see page 45.

SIBERIAN PEA TREE. (Caragana.) Full description on page 33. Is perfectly hardy, even in Canada, and especially adapted for an ornamental hedge. Stands shearing well and grows very dense. Never looks coarse and on account of its hardiness, can be planted on any place wherever desired. **Brice:** 18 to 24 inch scadings 15 coach 10 for

**Price:** 18 to 24 inch seedlings, 15c each; 10 for \$1.30; 100 for \$12.00.

## THORNY VARIETIES.

**OSAGE ORANGE.** (Bois d'Arc.) A valuable tree for its timber, posts of this wood being almost inde-structible. It should be planted exclusively south of here. It is not hardy north of Nebraska. Stands pruning well and makes a beautiful and effective hedge ĥedge.

Price: See page 27, under "Forest Tree Seedlings."

**HONEY LOCUST.** See description on page 29. Has very long thorns and turns cattle and hogs well. **Frice:** See page 27 under "Forest Tree Seed-lings."

**BARBERRY THUNBERGI.** Where a low hedge is wanted (2 to 3 feet high) this is the best plant I know of. It forms very dense, stands shearing well and is very hardy. See full description on page 40.

**Price:** 12 to 18 inch, bushy plants, 25 for \$3.25; 100 for \$12.00.

The hedge of **Privet I got of you** is magnificent. Dr. P. L. S., Prairie du Chien, Wis. October 29, 1917. Box 773.

The **Compass Cherries** I bought of you last year are fine. There were two of them. This year one of them has 50 nice cherries on it and the other has 35. I am so pleased to see so small trees doing so well. All of the trees I purchased of you have lived

and are grow-ing fine. Rev. G. H. D., 708 B. St.,

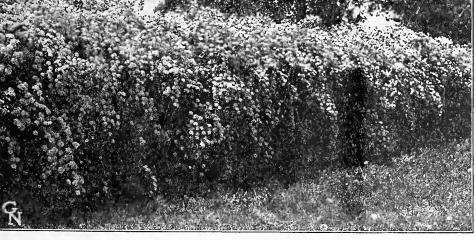
Hot Springs, S. D. 7-18-18.

I ordered over 1000 trees from you ten years ago and never lost hardly a tree, so I know you have good trees. M. McA

Concordia, Kans. 10-30-17.

Your trees I ordered last year are very good.

Е. М. Lombard, Ill. Route 1. 1-31-18.



Spirea Van Houtti Hedge in full bloom, photographed on my place.

## ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.

There is nothing which so quickly and for so little cost, adds so much to the beauty, cheerfulness and home-like appearance of a place as an assortment of hardy shrubs. They are permanent improvements which increase in size and beauty year after year. I have a large collection of flowering shrubs in my own garden now, for seven years and can give any kind of information in regard to hardiness and blooming qualities of these for Nebraska and similar climates. If my customers will send me a plat of their grounds to be improved, I will be glad to help in the selection of suitable varieties and their location. Your house will show up much prettier if shrubs are planted along the wall. For this purpose the Spirea Van Houtti is the best for an ordinary wall, while for a low wall Spirea Thunbergi would be better. Plant about 2 feet from the wall and plant  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart.

3½ feet apart.

MOSS ACACIA. (Robinia Hispida.) An elegant shrub 5 to 6 ft. tall, with light green pinnate leaves and long, graceful clusters of pea-shaped, rose-colored flowers in June, often throughout the sum-mer. The branches are covered with a moss-like growth, similar to Moss Roses. The shrub is har-dy here, is beautiful when in full bloom and should be in every gar-den. Can be raised in tree form if desired. It is easily raised, and really a good shrub for any gar-den. Price: Strong, 2-3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c. MOSS ACACIA. (Robinia His-

each; 3 for 90c. ALMOND, DOUBLE FLOWER, ING FUNK. (Amygdalus.) The Flowering Almonds are pretty dwarf bushes that bloom quite early and are very showy in spring. Their slender, leafless, up-right branches are entirely hidden by stemless, very double flowers of pink color, resembling small roses. Grows to a height of 4 to 5 feet and blooms in May. One of the best flowering shrubs and highly recommended for the Western States. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c. SUPERIAN ALMOND (Amygdalus nana L.) I have a few Si-

**Sites:** File: 2 to steel, 3s feel, s for soc. **SIBERIAN ALMOND.** (Amygdalus nana L.) I have a few Siberian Almonds, raised from plants which I purchased from Prof. Hansen of South Dakota and which he describes as follows: "A desirable dwarf ornamental shrub from the dry steppes of Siberia, with abundant, bright rose-pink flowers; among the very first to bloom in the spring; good in front of other shrubs; raised from our own importations from Siberia." They are perfectly hardy and bloom well here, and I especially recommend this for the North, where the com-mon Flowering Almond will freeze out. **Price:** 2-feet plants, 60c each; 3 for \$1.50. **ALTHEA.** (Bose of Sharon). Unsurpassed by any hardy shrub for free-

ALTHEA. (Rose of Sharon.) Unsurpassed by any hardy shrub for free-**ALTHEA.** (Rose of Sharon.) Unsurpassed by any hardy shrub for freedom of bloom. From midsummer until frost, when few other shrubs are in bloom, the Althea blossoms freely. Grows 4 to 6 feet tall. They have rich foliage and bear large flowers. Of the easiest culture and very hardy, thriving splendidly here in the West. 'As far south as Beatrice, Altheas will freeze to the ground in very severe winters, but will sprout up again in the spring. will not bloom, though, the next summer. To avoid this I cut all my Altheas in my garden back to about 10 inches in the fall and cover with some coarse manure or straw. In this way they come through the winter in fine shape and bloom well the next summer. I have the following varieties:

winter in fine shape and bloom well the next summer. I have the follow-ing varieties: Banner. Variegated pink and white, of good size, and quite double. In my judgment is one of the most attractive and desirable of the Althea, and the most hardy. Does not need protection in Nebraska. Boule de Feu. Is very double, deep red. Ardens. The familiar double purplish-blue. Jeanne d'Arc. Double pour white. Speciosa. Double rosy-pink. \* Amplissima. Dark rose, very large double flowers. Price of any of the above varieties, 2-3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c, or one each of the 6 varieties for \$1.30.

**TREE ALTHEA.** I can furnish the above varieties in tree form. Nice, stocky, well-branched trees. **Price:** 4 to 5 feet high, 45c each; 3 for \$1.20. Too large to go by mail. **ARALIA JAPONICA.** (Angelica Tree.) Tall growing shrub or small tree. Desirable in producing a trop-ical effect. Leaves are very large, pinnate, with prickly stems and spikes of showy white flowers in autumn. **Price:** 2-3 feet, 36c each; 3 for 75c.

AMORPHA FRUTICOSA. (False Indigo.) A strong-growing shrub from 6 to 7 feet high, with finger-like splikes of indigo-colored flowers, three or more spikes in a cluster; blooms early in June; perfectly hardy in my garden. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c. PURPLE LEAVED BARBERRY. I have destroyed my whole stock of this plant, as requested by our gov-ernment. It is claimed that this and the common European Barberry cause Black Rust in wheat.

BARBERRY THUNBERGI. Japanese Barberry. (Berberis.) The Barberry Thunbergi can be planted any-where. It has nothing to do with Black Rust. You need not be afraid to plant the Thunbergi. Invaluable little shrub that fits in with almost every planting. Grows about everywhere, handsome foliage of bright green, oval leaves that turn to most brilliant shades of orange and red in the fall. Slender, graceful branches protected by thorns, are lined with little scarlet berries of great attractiveness from early autumn well into winter. Very valuable for a low hedge. Frice: 2-3 ft., 30c each; 3 for 75c; 18 in. 25c each; 10 for \$2.20; 100 for \$20.00.

**CALYCANTHUS.** The Sweet Scented Shrub or Strawberry Shrub; also called Chocolate Shrub and Carolina Allspice. Flowers very double, a brownish purple in color and deliciously fragrant. Blooms nearly all summer and is one of the most desirable shrubs. Hardy and of easy culture. **Price:** 2-3 ft., 35c each; 3 for 90c.

Baby Rambler Roses are very pretty planted about 6 to 8 feet apart, along the walk from the house to the street. These are also very good as a hedge pround a forward hed around a flowerbed.

On the lawn Evergreens look much better if planted in groups, from 3 to 5 trees, as if planted alone. Al-ways leave a free view from your front porch to the street. Do not plant large trees in front, but rather on both sides of the house.

Cover up unsightly places with flowering shrubs, especially towards the alley. Outhouses can be cov-ered with vines, such as Ampelopsis Engelmanii, Clematis Paniculata, etc.

Prices are for strong, healthy, field-grown plants, two years old and 2 to 3 feet high, unless otherwise mentioned. If these shrubs are wanted in large quantities, please write for prices.





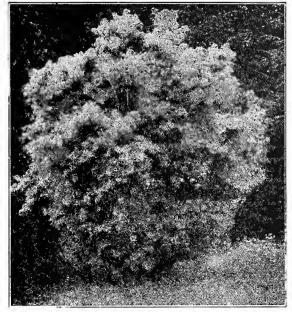


## **ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.**—(Continued.)

**THE EVERBLOOMING BUTTERFLY BUSH.** (Buddleya Variabilis Magnifica.) This shrub from a young plant set out either in the spring or fall, will mature to full size the first summer, producing a handsome bush, which the first year often attains a height of four feet. It produces long, graceful stems, which terminate in tapering panicles of beau-tiful lilac-colored flowers that are of miniature size and borne by the hundreds on a flower head which is frequently 10 inches long. A single plant the first season will throw out as many as 50 flower spikes, which increase greatly in number during the suc-ceeding years. The foliage and blooms are exceed-ingly fine. The shrub is rather semi-herbaceous by which we mean in some latitudes it will die down to the ground, and while hardy, I recommend covering which we mean in some faitures it will die down to the ground, and while hardy, I recommend covering the roots with manure, leaves or other suitable ma-terial as winter approaches, as this will produce a heavy growth the following season. This shrub is yery desirable as an individual specimen in the lawn

very desirable as an individual specimen in the lawn and garden or placed promiscuously in the shrub-bery border. **Price:** 40c each; 3 for \$1.05. **COBNUS. Siberian Dogwood.** Free growing, 6 to 10 feet tall and very hardy; forms a small hand-some tree in some situations; its clusters of small white flowers in early summer are very dainty, and its bark is a showy dark red in winter. All the Siberian Dogwoods bear in early fall a profusion of whitish-blue berries, making them distinctly orna-mental after the flowers have gone. A very brilliant shrub in the winter and early spring when the bark is intensely colored. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c. 3 for 75c.

**CORNUS FLORIDA.** White Flowering Dogwood. The great white, beautiful flowers are 3 inches and more in width, lasting in favorable weather for as



Fringe Tree, Purple.

many weeks. Besides the fine characteristics given above, the bright red bark on its young growths makes it attractive and cheery in winter. Tree rarely grows over 20 feet in height and is branch-ing in habit. Blooms when it is still quite small. Hardy here. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

DEUTZIA LEMOINEI. This variety forms a small dwarf shrub **DEUTZIA LEMOINEL.** This variety forms a small dwarf shrub with spreading branches, usually growing about 3 feet tall. Leaves bright green, 2 to 3 inches long, flowers pure white, in large clus-ters or panicles. Of vigorous growth, very free flowering and of easy culture. In my garden Lemoinei stands our winters best of all, seldom freezing back in the least. Before the white buds open they look like a bunch of pearls. Last winter we had 22 degrees below zero, but my Deutzia Lemoinei bloomed nicely last spring. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

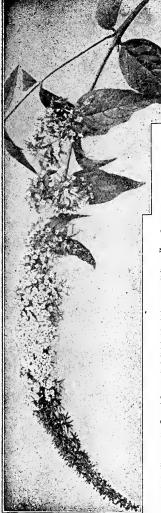
**DEUTZIA, FRIDE OF BOCHESTER.** Has very large panicles of double white flowers when fully open, but a striking pink when in bud. The bush is a very upright grower, vigorous and healthy. Blooms late in June. A splendid hardy variety. **Price:** 35c each; 3 for 90c.

splendid hardy variety. Frice, out catch, of the set of foliaged shrubs. each; 3 for \$1.00.

**ELDER, AMERICAN.** (Sambucus Canadensis.) Used a good deal in land-scaping to attract the birds. See full description and price on page 15.

**VARIEGATED ELDER.** A strong growing Elder with green leaves, varie-gated with white. Very useful in landscaping, especially between other shrubs. Here it will freeze back to the ground in severe winters, but gener-ally sprouts up again in the spring and soon is 5 to 6 feet high and very bushy. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

ally sprouts up again in the spring and soon is 5 to 6 feet high and very bushy. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c. **VELLOW FLOWERING CURBANT.** (Ribes Aureum.) The flowering currents are much prized for their wealth of bright flowers in early spring and their pervading spicy odor. The leaves are glossy green and turn to brilliant colors in the fall. This variety has yellow fragrant flowers, followed by dark brown fruits, which are edible. Very hardy. Attains a height of 5 to 7 feet. Early in April, when few trees or shrubs have awakened from their winter's sleep, the Yellow Flowering Currant puts forth its leaves and brilliant colors of bright yellow flowers, loading the air with their sweet fragrance and adding a touch of sunshine to the landscape otherwise dull. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c. **FRINGE TREE, FURPLE.** (Rhus Cotinus.) This is the beautiful Mist flowers are quite fragrant, and borne in fringing clusters above very large, deep green leaves of thick, feathery texture, giving the bush an appearance of purplish smoke, hence the name, "Smoke Tree." In autumn the foliage turns to shades of reddish-brown. Blooms in June. **Frice:** 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 3 to 4 feet, very strong and bushy, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00. **FINGE TREE, WHITE.** (Chionanthus.) A very desirable tall growing shrub, foliage dark green, turning yellow in autumn. Flowers pure white, in loose, drooping panicles, appear in May and June, followed by small, plum-like berries of bluish color. When in blossom, the tree appears as if it were festomed with the most delicate white lace. There is no other hardy shrub resembling it, and yet it harmonizes well with other planting. It is free from insects or fungus attacks and has dark, handsome luxuriant foliage. While the dowed low sell in some places, I can not say that they are a success in Nebraska; the climate does not seem to agree with them. **Frice:** 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.



Everblooming Butterfly Bush.

SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.

## ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.—(Continued.)

**FORSYTHIA.** Golden Bell. Few if any of the spring flowering hardy shrubs can surpass the splendor and brilliancy of the Forsythia. Both the grace and beauty give them a prominent place in all shrub plantations. Of upright, vig-orous growth; foliage rich, dark green and lustrous. Flowers brilliant golden yellow, borne in great profusion early in April before the leaves appear. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 65c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c. **FORSYTHIA SPECTABLILS.** Some

FORSYTHIA SPECTABILIS. **FORSYTHIA SPECTABILIS.** Some years ago I imported this variety from France. I find it a much better bloomer and the flowerbuds are hardier. The yellow bell-shaped flowers cover the branches to the tips. Like all Forsythias, it blooms very early in the spring, even before the Flowering Almond comes out. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00. Some

40c each; 3 for \$1.00. WEEPING FOESYTHIA. Drooping Golden Bell. (Forsythia Suspensa.) A graceful shrub with long, slender, droop-ing branches. Leaves dark green and lustrous, persisting until heavy frost. The beautiful flowers come in great profusion, are golden yellow and very showy. Grows about 8 to 10 feet tall. Very odd and interesting and one of the showiest of the shrubs in cultiva-tion. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 65c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c. GLOBE FLOWER VELLOW

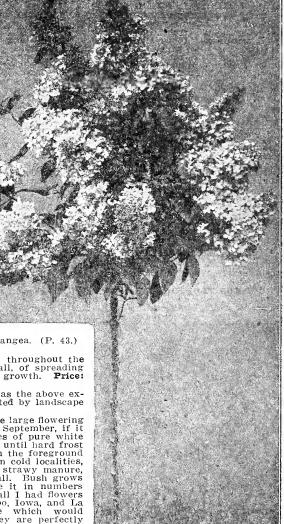
for 65c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c. **GLOBE FLOWER, YELLOW.** (Ker-ria.) A graceful shrub from Japan, with long, slender branches, clothed with peculiarly rough, sharply cut fol-ing yellow in autumn. The double, brilliant golden flowers are borne in profusion throughout the summer. A handsome shrub, growing 4 to 5 feet tall, of spreading habit with drooping branches. Of strong, vigorous growth. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c. **GLOBE FLOWER. WHITE.** (Rhodotypus.) Same as the above ex-

naont with drooping branches. Of strong, vigorous growth. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 30e each; 3 for 75c. GLOBE FLOWER, WHITE. (Rhodotypus.) Same as the above ex-cept that the double flowers are white. Largely planted by landscape architects. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c. HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA. The large flowering Hydrangea. Flowers would be scarce in August and September, if it were not for this showy shrub with its large panicles of pure white flowers, often turning to pinkish as they age. Blooms until hard frost kills theu. Can be planted as a specimen plant, or in the foreground of other taller shrubs; also often used as a hedge. In cold localities, cut all limbs back to 15 inches and cover with some strawy manure, and you will be sure of a mass of flowers the next fall. Bush grows about 4 to 5 feet tall. A fine cemietery plant. Use it in numbers wherever a mass of white flowers is desired. This fall I had flowers 12 inches long and 8 inches in diameter. At Waterloo, Iowa, and La Crosse, Wisconsin, I have seen large bushes of these which would show that where there is snow over the winter, they are perfectly hardy, even as far north as the above towns, even hardier than here in Nebraska, where we do not have as much snow. Price: 2 feet, 30e each; 3 for 75c.

each; 3 for roc. **HYDRANGEA, AMERICAN EVERBLOOMING.** The Snowball Hy-drangea. This new Hydrangea is the most beautiful hardy shrub in-troduced in the last 20 years. The plant, which attains a height of 5 or 6 feet, with nearly the same breadth, is of far more graceful habit than the old form; with large trusses of beautifully formed flowers of



Hydrangea, American Everblooming.



dazzling whiteness, rendering this a plant of peerless beauty. The flowers are full and round as a ball, resembling the flowers of the well-known Snowball shrub, but larger. They bloom much earlier than Hy-drangea Paniculata, here about the middle of June, and if well watered, will bloom almost all summer. Like all Hydrangeas, they like plenty of water. Its hardiness and vigor have been well tested in all parts of the country, and it has been found well-adapted to this part of the country and all dazzling whiteness. the country and all western states. I cut them back every fall to within 6 in. of the ground and cover over winter with straw or coarse manure. **Price:** 2 to 3 ft. 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

## **ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS**.—(Continued.)

and a start **HYDRANGEA PANICULATA IN TREE FORM.** These are 4 to 5 feet trees, with good stems and splendid crowns. They are very effective for the lawn or park, or planted along the side-walks or driveways, about 10 feet apart, they make a most beautiful sight when in full bloom. By planting one or more of these beautiful trees you can show to your neighbors and friends something nice and not commonly seen. Frice: 4 to 5 feet trees, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

feet trees, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00. **HIGHBUSH CRANBEREV.** (Viburnum Opulus.) A magni-ficent large shrub, with upright and spreading form. The leaves are broad, oval, three-lobed and bright green. The small white flowers, which appear in early summer, are borne in broad, flat clusters surrounded by a ring of large sterile flowers. These are followed by very showy scarlet berries, which cling to the bush all winter, as they are not disturbed by the birds. It will thrive and grow to perfection in the coldest climates or where the extremes of heat and cold are the greatest. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 3 to 4 feet, very bushy, 45c each; 3 for \$1.20. feet, 30c for \$1.20.

for \$1.20. **BUSH HONEYSUCKLE, RED TARTARIAN.** (Lonicera Tar-tarica.) The best known of all the Bush Honeysuckles and in our estimation, the finest variety of all. Grows to a height of 8 to 10 feet, with upright, somewhat spreading branches and bright green foliage. The flowers are borne freely in May and June, are of bright pink color, followed by showy red berries, which ripen in midsummer, and cling to the bush for several weeks. This fine shrub is of great value when planted as a background for smaller shrubs or in a commanding position where their size will make them conspicuous. It is one of the best shrubs for Northern latitudes, as it withstands the severest winters. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 65c; 3 to 4 feet, strong and bushy, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

BUSH HONEYSUCKLE, WHITE TARTARIAN. About the same as the above, except that the flowers are white. Prices same as Red Tartarian.

**HOREYSUCKLE FRAGRANTISSIMA.** Foliage bright green, almost an Evergreen. A large, spreading shrub with sweet, creamy white flowers. In the more southern states it blooms al-ready in January and is, therefore, often called the Christmas Honeysuckle. Here it blooms the first few warm days we get. If planted in groups, make a dense, heavy growth. **Frice**: 2 to 3 feet, 35c ea.; 3 for 90c. **BUSH HONEYSUCKLE, MOBROWI.** Japanese variety. Grows only 4 to 6 feet tall and spreading. In early spring its pure white flowers are very attractive. The finest berry-bearing variety, the fruit being a rich crimson and remaining a long time. Very hardy. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 3 to 4 feet, very bushy, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

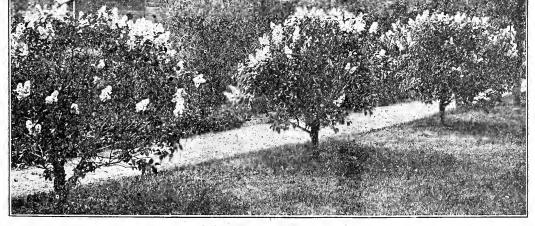
**LILAC, COMMON PURPLE.** The old-fashioned Lilac, which grows into a very high bush, with bright green, heart-shaped leaves. In May the plant is crowned with its wondrous wealth of light purple flowers in clusters. It is, without doubt, the best-known and most popular shrub grown, and notwithstanding the introduction of so many new flowering shrubs of late years, the Lilac holds its own. A fine tall shrub for the lawn and one of the best for a fancy hedge. Can be used to good advantage in making effective back-grounds for smaller shrubs. Hardy everywhere. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 65c; 100 for \$17.00; 3 to 4 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

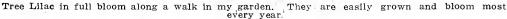
LILAC, COMMON WHITE. This is substantially the same as the purple, save in the color of its flowers, which are pure white. In May it forms one of the most charming sights the garden affords, with its hand-some clusters of exquisitely fragrant flowers shining out in contrast with the bright green, heart-shaped leaves. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

**PERSIAN LILAC.** Furple or White. Blooms a good deal more than the Common, and has smaller leaves. Does not sprout as much from the roots. I prefer the Persian for the flowers, but the leaves of the common are decidedly prettier. **Price** of Persian Purple or White. 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

**LILACS IN TREE FORM.** I can furnish purple and white Lilacs in tree form, grafted 3 to 4 feet high. Very fine for the lawn or park, or may be planted along the sidewalk or driveway. Is showy and some-thing not usually seen. **Frice:** 3 to 4 feet trees, very strong and stocky, 65c each; 3 for \$1.80. Too large to be sent by mail.

**CHINESE TREE LILAC.** The genuine in both this and Japan Tree Lilac are scarce. Many of the bush forms are trimmed high and offered as trees. The true Chinese grows about 20 feet high, resembling the cherry tree in shape, with the trunk light green in color. Trees 4 inches through at the base were literally covered with snowy white flowers in early July this year. Fast growing and excites the greatest comment wherever seen. Hardy in Nebraska. **Price:** 2 feet, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.







Mock Orange, Lemoine. (Page. 44.) Ser in by John Kuhn, taken in my Nursery. Sent

## ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS. (Continued.)

## LILACS—BUDDED, SPECIAL VARIETIES.

All these are fine varieties, bloom profusely, almost every year, Do not rootsucker. In my garden I have them planted along a walk and when in full bloom they are certainly pretty, and per-fume the air wonderfuly. The plants I offer are strong and very bushy; three feet high.

**MME. CASIMIE PERIER.** The finest double White Lilac yet introduced. The individual flowers, which resemble miniature Tuberoses, as well as the truss, are of immense size, deliciously scented; fine for cutting. **Frice:** 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

**CHABLES X.** A strong, rapid growing variety, with large shing leaves. Trusses rather loose; large, reddish-purple. ing leaves. Price: 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

**LE GAULOIS.** A good strong grower. Trusses very dense; the flowers are double, of rose-lilac color. A very good flower. **Price:** 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

**MAURICE DE VILMORIN.** A rather dwarf Lilac, free flowering. Has very large trusses of blue color with white eye. Where a low-growing Lilac is desired, this will fill the place. One of the pret-tiest of the many varieties.

Price: 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

One each of the above four Budded Lilacs for \$1.50.

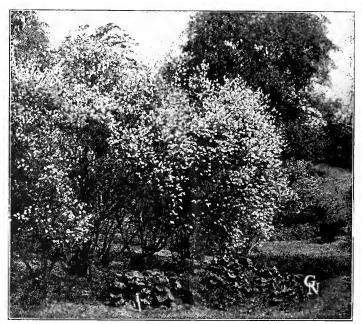
JAPANESE QUINCE. (Red.) Cydonia. Also called Firebush. Very showy and one of the earliest shrubs to bloom, the flowers appearing before the leaves are fully developed, the brilliant scar-let flowers gleaming like redhot coals. Fruit about 1½ inches in diameter, yellowish green, and of aromatic fragrance. Invaluable for border or garden planting and make beautiful informal or clipped hedges. Very hardy and easily transplanted, and will thrive in almost any well-drained soil. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 65c; 100 for \$18.00; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

JAPANESE QUINCE. (White.) Flowers same as the above, except that the flowers are white. **Price:** 30c each; 3 for 75c.

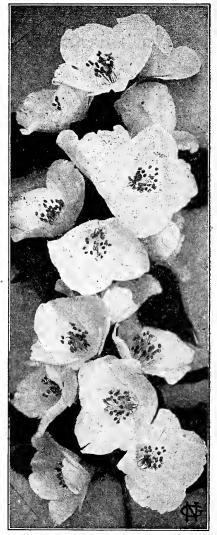
**MOCK ORANGE OR SYEINGA.** (Philadelphus.) Coronarius. One of the very best of the old, well-known shrubs. It seldom or never fails to bloom. The fragrant and beautiful waxy white flowers ap-pear in great profusion in June. In shape and fragrance they re-semble the Orange blossoms, therefore the name. The shrub grows to a height of 10 feet, can be kept lower, though, by pruning. Often used for an ornamental hedge. Hardy everywhere and valuable for immediate effects in landscape planting. This is one of the most satisfactory shrubs for the Middle West, hardy and it never fails to bloom and needs little care. To cover an unsightly alley in your back yard this and the Upright Honeysuckle are the best. Plant in this case, about 4 feet apart. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 65c; 3 to 4 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

3 for 90c.

**MOCK OBANGE, LEMOINE.** Flowers of this variety are large, semi-double, very fine. The bush is of more dwarfish habit and will not get over 4 feet high. Considered one of the best of the many varieties of Mock Orange. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c.



Pearl Bush. Exochorda Grandiflora. (Page 45.)



Japanese Flowering Quince.

MOCK ORANGE, MONT BLANC. Flowers are very large, pure white and very fragrant, almost covering the bush. Very choice and distinct. Better than Coronarius. Price: 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c.

**OLEASTEB.** (Eleagnus Longipes.) An oriental shrub with handsome foli-An oriental shrub with handsome foli-age and numerous yellowish-white, fragrant flowers. The fruit is red, borne on slender stalks and ripening in midsummer. Fruit is of a decidedly acid flavor and is prized by many for making jelly, jam, etc. It is a wonder-fully strong and thrifty bush, and of great value for producing immediate effect. Grows to a height of 6 to 8 feet; perfectly hardy with me. **Price:** 2 fect, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00. **PRIVET, CALIFORNIA, AMOOE RIVEE AND POLISH.** See under Hedge Plants, page 39.

Wish to state that the **Biver Privet** hedge bought of you are fine. Out of 100 plants set out, I have 100 fine green plants. Am well pleased with your stock. Very truly yours, W. A. S.

July 31, 1918. Western, Nebr.

We have your letter of May 25, and thank you for the discount allowed. The goods arrived in good condition and we are well pleased. Benedictine Sisters, New 20, 1918

May 28, 1918. Guthrie, Okla.

## **ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS**.—(Continued.)

PEARL BUSH. (Exochorda Grandi-flora.) One of the most distinctively or-namental shrubs in cultivation, a leader in its season. It grows vigorously to a height of 6 to 10 feet, and can be trim-med to any desirable shape. / Stands our severe winters well. Have never failed to bloom yet. The early buds look like pearls strung on slender threads. May opening them up to long, gleaming sprays of pure white. One of the best in my garden. Price: 2 to 3 feet high, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

40c each; 3 for \$1.00. **SPIREA. Meadow Sweet.** All varie-ties bloom with the greatest freedom, making them indispensable for ornamen-tal purposes. I grow the following nine varieties. A good collection of them will give nice flowers all through the season. All the species are very hardy, easy to grow in many soils and situations, and will be found useful for specimens, groups, screens, borders, ornamental hedges, etc. All nine comprise the best of all Spireas. hedges, etc. A of all Spireas.

of all Spireas. **SPIREA ANTHONY WATEREE.** This beautiful variety produces flowers of a bright crimson and blooms so freely that it may be kept flowering during the sum-mer till late fall by trimming away dead blooms. Foliage is very handsome, be-ing variegated with creamy white, or yel-low. Grows 15 to 20 inches high, is very useful for massing or border or in front of taller shrubs. **Price:** 18-inch plants, 30c each: 3 for 75c: 100 for \$22.00. of taller shrubs. **Price:** 18-inch 30c each; 3 for 75c; 100 for \$22.00.

**SPIREA BILLARDI.** Rose colored flowers in large spikes, blooms nearly all summer. Very pretty and showy and splendid for cut flowers. Grows 4 feet high. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for file. high. 1 for 60c.

SPIREA BILLARDI. White Flowers. (Alba.) About the same as the above, but spikes of flowers are white. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c.

**SPIBEA OPULIFOLIA.** (Nine Bark.) The strong-est growing sort, attaining 8 to 10 feet. Growth up-right, although the white heavy flower umbels in June make the branches droop; old flower heads turn to dark red, and make a striking variety of colors at different stages of maturity. It is especially valu-able for shady places and where a tall shrub is de-sired. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

SPIREA THUNBERGII. (Snow Garland.) SPIREA THUNBERGII. (Snow Garland.) A Jap-anese variety of medium size, with narrow, delicate leaves and a profusion of small white flowers in early summer. One of the best. Leaves narrow, bright green, turning in autumn to brilliant shades of or-ange and scarlet. Grows 3 to 4 feet high. Very few shrubs are better for a low hedge. Frice: 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 60c; 100 for \$18.00. Jan-



Spirea Van Houtti.



Mock Orange. Philadelphus. (Page 44.)

SFIREA BUMALDA. A spreading, low bush with dark leaves brightened by corymbs of pretty light pink flowers in May and at intervals all summer, **Price:** 18 to 24 inch, 35c each; 3 for 90c. SFIREA PRUNIFOLIA. (The real Bridal Wreath.) Among the earliest of the double Spireas and very showy. It is very graceful and plume-like in effect, the branches being covered thickly, almost their whole length, with small double, white flowers and sweeping outward in gentle curves. **Price:** 30c each; sweeping outward in gentle curves. Price: 30c each: 75c. 3 for

Source of the most popular shrutes curves. Linet for called bridal Wreath.
SPIREA VAN HOUTTI. Often called Bridal Wreath.
One of the most popular shrutes, especially in the Northwest. The branches are very graceful and drooping and when in full bloom the leaves are almost covered with masses of white flowers. It will thrive anywhere, even close to the north wall of a house, in the shade as in the sun. One of the very best shrubs for an ornamental hedge. It likes a wet season, but the driest weather will not kill it. Grows about 5 to 6 feet high in good ground. Price: 2 to 3 feet, very bushy, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 100 for \$24.00; 3 to 4 feet, very bushy, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00; 100 for \$28.00.
SPIREA WALLUFI. (New.) A dwarf

SFIREA WALLUFI. (New.) A dwarf growing, bright red flowered seedling of burea Bumalda, in luxuriant bloom from June until frost. This is one of the most striling new shrubs that has come to my rotice. Blooms in the same broad, grace-ful panieles and has the same habit of growth as Bumalda or Anthony Waterer, but does not fade to the washed-out ma-genta or rose color, as does the type. Wal-hu'i remains red until flower is old and turns brown. Va'uable for small shrub-groe, or as an edging to large shrub bor-ders and mounds. The plants I offer are very bushy and shapely, ready to bloom this seascn With me it bloomed fine this last summer, although we had a long dry spell. Frice: 2 to 3 feet, 45c each; 3 for \$1.15. SPIREA WALLUFI. (New.) dwarf А

\$1.15 J'PANESE SNOWBALL. J' PANESE SNOWBALL. (Viburnum Plicatum.) From north China. Of moderate growth, handsome p icated leaves, globular heals of pure white neutral flowers early in Jone. It surpasses the common Snow-bal in several respects. Its habit is bet-ter, foliage much handsomer, flowers whiter and more delicate. One of the most valuable flowering shrubs. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.

## **ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.**—(Continued.)

**SNOWBALL. Guelder Rose.** (Viburnum Opulus Flora Plena.) One of the favorites of old-time gardens. It grows into a mag-nificent high bush with upright branches and handsome foliage. It forms one of the most impressive sights of early summer, when its pure white, four-petaled flowers, borne in showy balls, are in bloom. I have a Snowball bush on my farm, on which I counted over 800 blossoms. Hardy everywhere. **Price:** 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c; 3 to 4 feet, 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

Heet, 35c each; 3 for 90c; 3 to 4 feet, 45c each; 3 for \$1.20. VIBURNUM LANTANA. (Wayfaring Tree.) 10 to 15 feet; beautiful wrinkled, Lantana-like leaves, white flowered in May and June. Fruits color unequally from crimson to black, caus-ing a most charming combination of colors throughout the summer. Frice: 1½ to 2 feet, 30c each, 3 for 75c. VIBURNUM OPULUS. See Highbush Cranberry, page 43.

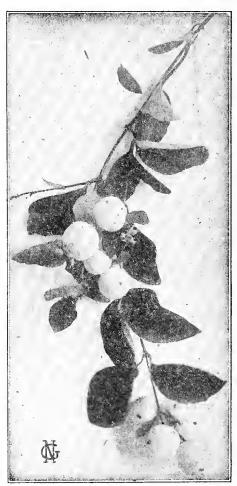
Summer. Frice: 1/2 to 2 feet, 30c each, 3 for 75c.
VIBURNUM OPULUS. See Highbush Cranberry, page 43.
SNOWBEERY OR WAXBERRY, White Fruited. (Symphoricarpus.) A desirable shrub with small pink flowers, followed by large white wax-like berries, which hang on the plant through most of the winter. Grows to a height of 2 to 4 feet. Is very showy and succeeds everywhere. Of special value for planting in densely shaded places, where few other shrubs will grow. Frice: 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.
SNOW OE WAXBEERY, Red Fruited. Same as above, only the berries have a red color, and are smaller. Also called Indian Berry. Can be found growing along creeks in Nebraska. Frice: 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; 3 for 60c.
SUMAC, FEEN LEAVED. Staghorn Sumac. (Rhus Typhina.) This variety of native Staghorn Sumac was found on the hills of Vermont. It is of apid, robust growth, producing the most delicate fern. For massing with other shrubs, the effect is striking. Can also be cut to the ground each season and a mass of beautiful foliage will result. The shrub will thrive on the poorest of sols with a surprising luxuriance. Frice: 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

**RHUS AROMATICA.** (Fragrant Sumac.) Grows 2 to 4 f tall; flowers yellow, in clusters along the stems, followed red berries in June. Leaves color to brilliant scarlet in fall. **Price:** 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; 3 for \$1.35. Grows 2 to 4 feet followed by

**GLABEA.** (Smooth Sumac.) Grows to a small tree with beau-tiful leaves which color brightly in autumn; flowers in July fol-lowed by crimson or brown fruits. 2 to 3 ft. 35c ea.; 3 for 90c. SIBERIAN PEA TREE. (Caragana.) See full description



Branch of Weigelia in Bloom.



Branch of Waxberry Bush.

rix. The fol-iage is bluish green, similar to the Colora-do Blue Spreto the Colora-do Blue Spruce. The flowers are of a delicate pink color. Blooms in July and often again in August and Septem-ber. The branches are very graceful and the shrub is much hardier than the African. Stood in my garden a temperature of 26 degrees below zero without injury, while the African froze to the ground. Excellent in making bouquets owing to its general follows. its superb foliage and very delicate beautiful flowers.

Price: 35c each; 3 for 90c.

on page 33. Price for small plants suitable for hedges, see page 39. **Frice:** 3 to 4 feet, 30c cach; 3 for

75c. TAMARIX ODESSA. A Russian vari-ety, much su-perior to the African Tama-

**WEIGELIA BOSEA.** An elegant shrub with beautiful rose colored flowers. Blooms from June until fall. It is erect in habit with good foliage. The height is five feet. Very hardy. I find this to be the only variety of Weigelia that is really hardy in Nebraska and does not need winter protection.

Frice: 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Frice: 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 for 75c. **WEIGELIA, EVA RATHKE.** A new variety from Ger-many and probably the best and finest of all Weigelias. Flowers are of brilliant crimson color, a beautiful and dis-tinct shade. Blooms nearly all summer and when in full bloom the whole plant fairly glows with color. On Septem-ber 27 my Eva Rathke Weigelias were still in full bloom and the plants literally covered with their beautiful, intensely rich flowers. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall. It is not real hardy in Nebraska. Cut the bush back late in the fall to one foot and cover with strawy manure. It will amply repay this little work the next summer.

Price: 2 to 3 feet, 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.

Please send us your catalog. We purchased from you while we lived in western Oregon, and found everything **so** satisfactory we want your stock here. Thanking you; Yours truly, C. R. A., February 6, 1917. Stanton, Mich., Route 4.

I surely have a lot of trees growing from your stock, which I ordered from you some eighteen years ago. The last order I sent, I think, about six years ago. Yours respectfully, W ŕŕ

February 25, 1918.

Mattoon, Ill., Route 7.

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# HARDY ORNAMENTAL CLIMBING SHRUBS.

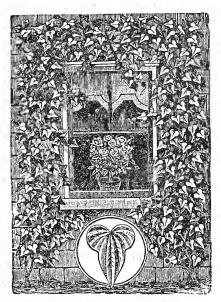
Your home, outbuildings, fences and trunks of old trees can be made very attractive by the use of hardy vines. Such permanent improvements add greatly to the value of your property, and the value increases from year to year. I furnish nice, strong, field grown plants all in splendid varieties at prices given below.

**AKEBIA.** A beautiful, hardy Japanese vine with unique, dainty foliage and chocolate purple flowers of delightful fragrance in large clusters. The foliage is never attacked by insects and is nearly evergreen. Blooms in May. Its rapid growth makes it highly suitable for porches, trellises or running over walls and banks. Does best in a sunny location and well drained soil. **Price**: 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

ARISTOLOCHIA. **ARISTOLOCHIA.** (Dutchman's Pipe.) Derives its name from the peculiar shape of its flowers, which resemble the old-fashioned Dutch pipes. It is one of the most rapid climbers in use. Does best on the north side of houses, where the full force of the noon-day sun does not strike it. This is an extremely desirable feature, however, as it fills locations where most other vines are not a suc-cess. A very pretty and odd climber. Blooms in June. **Price:** 70c each; 3 for \$1.90. (Dutchman's Pipe.) Derives its name from

**AMPELOPSIS ENGELMANIL** A new variety of Woodbine which has long been desired. It has shorter joints and very much smaller and thicker foliage. It also is better equipped with tendrils by which it will climb walls of stone or brick as closely as the Boston Ivy. This variety has proved itself perfectly hardy in Minnesota, and I have no doubt that it will occupy the same place in the North and West that the Boston Ivy does in the East. Will grow in any soil and withstands drought and heat. **Price:** 25c each; 3 for foe. for 60c.

for 60c. **BOSTON IVY.** (Ampelopsis Veitchi.) One of the finest climb-ers for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest sur-face, covering it evenly with overlapping leaves, which form a per-fect mass of foliage. The color is fresh deep green in summer, changing to bright shades of crimson and yellow in autumn. The handsomest vinc possible for growing on house walls, especially the foundation and first story, around the doors and windows. When once established it is quite hardy. Should be planted south of here. I cannot say that it is hardy here. In very cold winters it freezes to the ground. I have seen, though, very large plants in La Crosse, Wisconsin, where it gets fully colder than here. But the damper climate may be the cause that they do not freeze there. It is too bad we cannot have them in Nebraska, as they are much prettier than any of the other Ampelopsis. **Price:** 45c



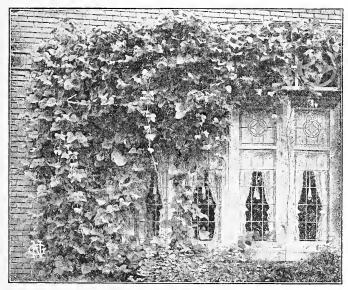
each; 3 for \$1.20.

**VIRGINIA CREEPER**, Woodbine. (Ampelopsis Quinquefolia.) A strong, rapid grower, foliage large, dark green; in autumn bronze and crimson. This is an old favorite and valuable for covering back porches, outbuildings, arbors, etc. Perfectly hardy everywhere and will grow in any soil and situation. **Price:** 25c each; 3 for 60c.

**BITTER SWEET.** (Celastrus Scandens.) A native climber with handsome, glossy foliage and large clusters of beautiful orange crimson berries, remaining all winter. Very bright in effect and charming for winter house decorations. Very hardy. **Frice:** Strong plants, 35c each; 3 for 90c.

**CHINESE MATERMONY VINE.** (Lycium.) Vigorous growing, hardy, climbing vine that may be used anywhere that a vine is needed for training to trellis, fence or wall. The foliage is of a grayish green. The flowers, which appear from June to September, vary through shades of pink to purple. The fruit which fol-lows is of a deep crimson color and very showy. It is borne abundantly along the entire length of the branchlets. It is especially attractive in the fall when it is thus loaded with its bright fruits, which con-trast well amid the green foliage. Will grow in nearly all soils and climates. Frice: 25c each; 3 for 60c.

**CINNAMON VINE.** (Diascorea.) This beautiful climber possesses the rare quality of emitting from its flowers the delightful odor of cinnamon. Perfectly hardy, the stem dying down every autumn, but growing again so rapidly as to completely cover any trellis or arbor vcry early in the season. With its heart-shaped leaves and clusters of delicate white flowers, it is a most desirable climber. **Price:** Strong roots, 20c each; 3 for 45c.



Japanese Kudzu Vine. (Page 48.)

**HONEYSUCKLE, RED CORAL.** A fine climber and one of the most satisfac-tory of all plants. The odd-shaped foli-age is showy and attractive and it proage is snowy and attractive and it pro-duces its bright red, fragrant, trumpet-shaped flowers almost continuously. A splendid vine for porches. Grand for trellises and ground cover. Will thrive in almost any kind of soil, growing to a height of 10 to 15 feet. Can also be raised in bush or tree form. **Price:** 25c each; 3 for 60c.

each; 3 for 60c. **HONEYSUCKLE, HALL'S EVER-GREEN JAPAN.** (Lonicera.) One of the best of the climbing Honeysuckles, and a free bloomer. Has oval semi-evergreen foliage and fragrant yellow and cream-colored flowers in constant succession. Grows to a height of 12 to 15 feet. Ex-cellent for covering trellises, rocks, dry banks, etc. The Honeysuckle perfume is much remembered and loved throughout the world. **Price:** 30c each; 3 for 75c.

### Gentlemen:

The trees I purchased of your house four years ago wcre the best trees I have ever bought, although they were your smallest size trees. Every tree puryour smallest size trees. Every tree pur-chased of you before was more than I expected, and every tree is living and thriving, with the exception of three, which met with an accident. Very truly yours, A. P. S.

Nov. 5, 1917.

St. Clairsville, Ohio.

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL CLIMBING SHRUBS.—(Continued.)

**JAPANESE KUDZU VINE.** Jack and the Bean Stalk Vine. (Pueraria.) The most remarkable rapid growing hardy perennial extant. In rich soil the plant will grow 70 feet in one season. Starts into growth slowly, but after three or four weeks it grows almost beyond belief. Leaves in shape like Lima Beans; dark green, soft and woolly. For porches, arbors, vid trees, etc., I know of nothing its equal. The illustration on page 47 gives some idea of the beautiful effect obtained by planting this climber. Here in Nebraska it freezes to the ground over winter, but always comes up again in the spring, and soon it is as large as it was in the fall. **Price:** Strong, field-grown roots, 30c each; 3 for 75c. **TRUMPET VINE.** (Bignonia Radicans.) A robust, woody vine,

There in Neoraska it freezes to the ground over Winter, but always comes up again in the spring, and soon it is as large as it was in the fall. **Price:** Strong, field-grown roots, 30c each; 3 for 75c.
 **TBUMPET VINE.** (Bignonia Radicans.) A robust, woody vine, climbing high and twining tightly, with numerous roots along its stems. Great, leathery, trumpet-shaped flowers of orange scarlet, clustering all the tips of the branches, bending them gracefully with their weight. In bloom nearly all summer. Extremely valuable for covering old stumps or walls; wherever a showy, flowering vine is desired, it will be found most useful. Can also be grown as a small tree or bush. **Price:** 30c each; 3 for 75c.
 **EUROPEAN TBUMPET VINE.** (Bignonia Rubra.) The flowers of this variety are very much larger and of a better color, which is yellowish-red. They blooms much younger than the Bignonia Radicans, two-year-old plants always blooming well in the nursery. Are perfectly hardy, constant bloomers and very showy.
 **Price:** Two-year-old plants always blooming well of the nursery are bared to tree form. **Price:** 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.
 **WISTABIA CHINESE FUEFLE.** This variety bears in great profusion large drooping clusters of purple, pea-shaped flowers, somewhat resembling a bunch of grapes in size and form. Blooms in May and June, and sometimes again in the fall. Foliage is very pretty, of pale green color. A beautiful climber that may also be trained to tree form. **Price:** 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.
 **MADEIBA ALEA.** A form of the above, but flowers are pure white, in large drooping racemes. **Frice:** 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.
 **MADEIBA ALEA.** A solendled Mignonette Vine and Mexican Vine. A beautiful tuberous-rooted climber, with glossy green leaves and handsome racemes of fragrant white flowers. The vines make a rapid growth, and a tew plants will cover a trellis or cottage wall in a single season. Will grow anywhere without care. **Price:** Strong tubers,

**TRAILING PERIWINKLE.** (Vinca Minor.) A hardy evergreen creeper, trailing close to the ground and forming a dense mat. Does well even under trees where grass will not grow. Useful for binding the soil on slopes or banks to prevent washing by rains. In Europe one sees them in cemeteries as borders for graves. The blue flowers contrast very finely with the dark, glossy green foliage. Hardy most anywhere. **Frice:** 12c each; 10 for \$1.00. foliage.

### CLEMATIS.

Beautiful free flowering vines with very showy flowers. They are well adapted for training on porches, balconies and trellises, fo curer.



A small abor over one of my walks with a bench on each side, along the walk. Seats and frame are made of wood. On the right side Da-kota Grapes, on the left side Rambler Roses. The seats are about 3 feet long. Walk five feet wide.

Clematis Jackmanni.

ing walls, fences and arbors. A loamy, fertile soil suits them best, and to secure the best results the ground should be enriched frequently. I can furnish the follow-ing varieties, all two-year-old, strong, field-grown plants.

## LARGE FLOWERING CLEMATIS.

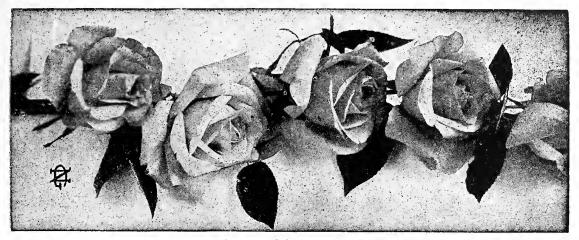
LARGE FLOWERING CLEMATIS. DUCHESS OF EDINBURG. One of the few double flowering clematis. Flowers are large, white, very double and attractive. The vines are hardy and very free bloom-ing. I know my customers will be well pleased with this clematis. I had some blooming this year in my garden, very large double snow-white flowers, really extra fine. Bloomed yet in October. Price: Strong, 3-year-old plants, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25. JACKMANNI. The well-known large-flowering blue Clematis. The beautiful flowers, when fully expanded, measure 4 to 6 inches in diameter, intense violet-purple, with a rich, velvety appearance, distinctly veined. It blooms continually from July until cut off by frost. Plant is hardy, abundant and successful bloomer. Price: For strong 3-year-old plants, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25. HENRYI. This is the finest of all large-flowering white Clematis and should find a place in every collection. It is not only a vigorous grower, but a remarkably free

white Clematis and should find a place in every collection. It is not only a vigorous grower, but a remarkably free and continuous bloomer, beginning with the earliest, hold-ing out with the latest. Flowers are large, of beautiful creamy-white, with reddish-chocolate anthers. **Price:** Strong 3-year-old plants, 50e each; 3 for \$1.25. **VILLE DE LYON.** The only real bright Clematis I have scen. Flowers are large, very red, and bloom a long time. Better than Madame Andre for color. **Frice:** Strong 3-year-old plants, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25. **MADAME EDOUARD ANDRE.** Has been called the Crimson Jackmanni. The plant is a strong, vigorous grow-er, very free in bloom. Lovely flowers of a distinct crim-son color. Distinct from all other varieties. **Price:** Strong 3-year-old plants, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

## SMALL FLOWERING CLEMATIS.

**PANICULATA.** The small-flowering, sweet-scented Japan Clematis. One of the most vigorous and beautiful of all climbers. It is a rapid grower and desirable wherever a quick-growing vine is needed, on walls, verandas, fences, etc. In late summer it produces dense sheets of medium-sized pure white flowers of the most pleasing fragrance. Will grow in almost any soil and is entirely free from blight and insects. **Price:** 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

# ROSES.



Queen of Colors. (Page 50.)

The Rose, the Queen of Flowers, is justly one of the most popular. Few plants give better satisfaction to the lover of beautiful flowers, when properly treated. To obtain the most satisfactory results, roses should be planted in well-drained, rich, deep, loamy soil, and given a location where they will have sunlight and a circulation of air. For winter protection, an application of composite or manure should be given them in late autumn, and spaded into the ground the following spring. All my roses are two-year-old, field-grown plants, about 2 to 3 feet high and well rooted. I have no small greenhouse-grown stock.

## HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES.

The following varieties are free bloomers and excellent for cutting. Hardy and will withstand ordinary freezing weather, but should have protection during the winter. Suitable for garden or house culture. In the open field the Kaiserin, Gruss an Teplitz, Maman Cochet and especially Killarney and Madame Ravary, withstood our hot dry summer extremely well and bloomed profusely, all through the summer and fall. In my garden I protect all my roses over winter. In the fall I cut them back somewhat, then lay them down, and cover first with dirt and when it gets colder, with strawy manure. In this way I am sure to get my roses through the winter in good shape. This I would advise everywhere, where the thermometer will go down to 10 above zero or lower. Please remember that roses like very rich ground and plenty of water.

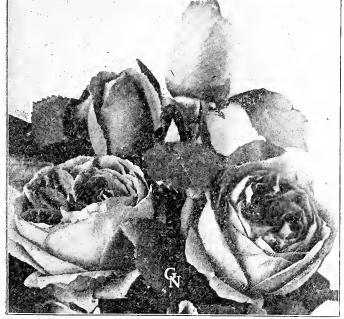
**AMERICAN BEAUTY.** This rose has become as famous as the Marechal Neil. It is a hardy rose of the largest size, having the everblooming quali-ties of the Tea Rose, with the delicious odor of the Damask or Moss Rose. It is the sweetest of all roses. Color a deep, brilliant red, shading to a rich carmine crimson. A valuable rose for the garden or indoor culture, flowering freely during the winter. **Frice:** 55c each; 3 for \$1.50.

roses like very rich ground and plenty of water.
 GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. One of the brightest colored roses grown. When first opened, it is a dark, rich crimson, changing to a bright scalet. Blooms continually, flowers good size and delightfully fragrant. It is the rose for everybody, succeeding everybedy. Succeeding everybere. Frice: 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.
 HUGH DICHINSON. Flowers very dark crimson, shaded scarlet, very large, fully double, and of magnificent form, with high pointed center. Vigorous, upright grower, and blooms freely and continuously all summer. The sweetest perfumed rose for outdoor planting. Frice: 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.
 JOHNKEER MOCK. From Holland. A rose that has won fame for itself in Europe and soon to become one of the leaders in its class in America. Pink in color, faced with carmine, and of enormous size and perfect formation. Delightfully fragrant and a good keeper. Flowers on long, heavy canes, almost thornless. Is a strong, rapid grower, hardy with protection in the colder latitudes. Frice: 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.
 KAISEEIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. The finest white everblooming hardy garden rose. Soft, pearly white, lightly time.

**KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA.** The finest white everblooming hardy gar-den rose. Soft, pearly white, lightly tint-ed with lemon in the center, just enough to relieve the white. Remarkably fra-grant buds and open flowers of elegant form. The plant is a strong grower, blooms freely and the flowers are carried on long, stiff stems. Best rose for gar-den and house. **Price:** 50c ea.; 3 for \$1.35. **KULT ARNEY** This heautiful new rose

**KILLARNEY.** This beautiful new rose is unquestionably the finest pink, hardy everblooming tea rose introduced. Blooms large, full and of exquisite shade of shell bright pink. Fragrant and handsome. The bush is strong and upright, with beauti-ful doen brong green foliage very free

bush is strong and upright, with beauti-ful deep bronze green foliage, very free blooming. Frice: Each 55c; 3 for \$1.50. **MADAME CAROLINE TESTOUT.** One of the most popular roses in its class, and undoubtedly one of the best for outdoor culture. Should be in every garden. Im-mense, large, clear pink flowers, full and double; beautiful buds. Very hardy. Blooms very freely; almost always in bloom. Frice: 55c each; 3 for \$1.50.



American Beauty.

SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.

HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES.—(Continued.)

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## HARDY HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

These hardy roses combine hardiness, vigor of growth and size of flower ith great variety. They are very popular and most useful of all roses, with great va While called "Perpetuals."

"nine called "Perpetuals." they are not such constant bloomers as the Everblooming Tea Roses. Particularly valuable for beds or borders in the Northern or Middle states. If you like roses, set out a row or two of these and you will be well repaid. I furnish field-grown, 2-year-old, well-rooted plants. It will be safer to cover these over winter where the thermometer goes much below zero. **CLIO.** A rose of perfect form, with broad, thick petals, high, full center, beautiful from pointed bud to fully opened flower. The color is of a delicate satiny blush, with slightly deeper center. Plant is strong, blooms freely, displaying its great flowers boldly on good stems, against large, rich leaves. **Price:** Each, 50c; 3 for \$1.35.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. A rich, vel-vety crimson, changing to a scarlet crimson. This is the best known of all hybrid perpet-uals, and is without a rival in fragrance and richness of color. As easy of cultivation as many of the more common varieties and per-fectly hardy. Does well anywhere and blooms freely Also adapted for growing in the freely. Also adapted for growing in the house. **Price:** Each, 45c; 3 for \$1.20.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN. Deep velvety crimson maroon, large, moderately full. One of the darkest in cultivation and a splenone of the darkest in cultivation and a spien-did rose. A good bloomer and very hardy. At a distance, the beautiful fragrant, large, deep double flowers appear black. A wonderful rose. Each, 50c; 3 for \$1.35.

The Rose bushes I ordered from you a few days ago have arrived and I wish to say that I am well pleased with the looks and size of the bushes. R. P. J. April 19, 1918. Niobrara, Nebr. the bushes. April 19, 1918.

Killarney. (Page 49.)



## HARDY HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.—(Continued.)

**PAUL NETRON.** The largest rose in cultivation, sometimes called the Paeony Rose. Color bright, fresh cerise red. Flowers are very double and full, delightfully fragrant. The plant makes a strong, healthy growth and has clear, glossy foliage. Blooms almost without intermission from June until late October. **Frice: Dech 45**: 2 for \$1.20. almost without intermi Each, 45c; 3 for \$1.20.

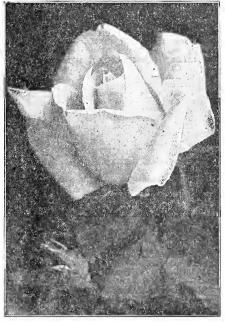
**ULRICH BRUNNER.** A superb rose; a seedling from Paul Neyron. Extra large, bold flowers; full and globular; petals large and of good substance. Color rich, glowing cherry, elegantly lightened with scarlet; very fragrant. Plant is of vigorous, healthy growth; blooms freely. One of the best and finest hardy roses for the garden. Very effective when planted in masses. **Price:** Each, 45c; 3 for \$1.20. **SOLEH. D'OP** (Colder 5)

**SOLEIL D'OR.** (Golden Sun.) Yellow is the one desirable color that has been lacking in hardy roses. This new rose is the result of a cross between Persian Yellow and Antoine Doucher. It is a or a cross between rersian renow and Antoine Boucher. It is a fine, strong grower, producing superb, conical-shaped buds, vary-ing from gold and orange yellow to reddish gold shaded with nasturtium red. The flower is very full, large and globular, the petals in the center being well incurved. It is a robust, vigor-ous grower with a brownish wood and beautiful bright green foliage. Should have a place in every garden. **Price:** Each 60c; foliage. Sh 3 for \$1.60.

SIOT \$1.00. SNOW QUEEN. (Frau Karl Druschki.) The finest snow white hardy perpetual rose. Pure white, large, long-pointed buds of first-class form. Open flowers are very large, perfectly double; petals well shaped. Continuous free bloomer, as much so as most Hybrid Tea Roses. At last we have in this class a rose of purest snow white, whose desirability and value we could not possibly overstate. This is, in my oplnion, the greatest new rose that has been introduced in many a year, if it is not today the greatest of all roses. Certainly no other white rose can begin to compare with it. An exceedingly strong grower and very hardy. **Price:** Extra nice, two-year-old plants, each 55c; 3 for \$1.50. SCENTED SNOW QUEEN. (New.) In habit of growth and

old plants, each abc; 3 for \$1.50. SCENTED SNOW QUEEN. (New.) In habit of growth and form of roses, same as the old Snow Queen, but is very fragrant, while the old Snow Queen was not. Another good point, the roses come one only at the end of the branches and make. therefore, good cut flowers, while the old Snow Queen gener-ally has three or more buds which open one after an-other. The branches are also less coarse. A great improvement over the beautiful old Snow Queen. Price: 60c each; 3 for \$1.60. CEO ABENDS DIMY SNOW QUEEN. Splowdid which A

**Frice:** 60c each; 3 for \$1.60. **GEO. ARENDS, FINK SNOW QUEEN.** Splendid buds and immense flowers, 4 to 5 inches across, per-fectly double and delightfully fragrant, large, thick petals, very durable and handsome. Bright, shining green leaves; elegantly veined; a healthy, vigorous grower, entirely hardy and a constant and abun-dant bloomer. The most beautiful and largest pink rose now before the public. It is as hardy and vig-orous and just as constant a bloomer as the white Snow Queen. In my opinion, both the pink and white Snow Queen (Frau Karl Druschki) are among the very best hardy perpetuals. **Price:** 50c each; 3 for \$1.35. the very b 3 for \$1.35.



Rhea Reid. (See page 50.)

## ATTAR ROSE.

**ROSA GALLICA.** This is the genuine Rose from which Attar of Roses is distilled in East Rouma-nia. It is very scarce on account of the severe laws against the export of the plants. Flowers are half double, pale rose, but exceedingly fragrant. I have a bush in my garden which some years ago I im-ported from Europe, and which bears hundreds of roses in June, and from which I have propagated the plants I offer. Stock is limited. **Price:** Each 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

## MOSS ROSES.

buds.

Admired for the beautiful moss covering of the ads. The Moss Rose is strong and vigorous, per-fectly hardy and very desirable for outdoor culture. Most varie-ties bloom but once in the sea-son, but the flowers and buds are very large and handsome, remain in bloom a long time and are bigbly prized are highly prized.

WHITE BATH. White, some-times tinged with flesh; attrac-tive in bud and open flower. The best White Moss. Price: Each best White Mos 40c; 3 for \$1.05.

**SALET.** Light rose, medium size, very mossy; the best in its class. **Price:** Each 40c; 3 for \$1.05.

mossed; is a fine rose. Price: Each 40c; 3 for \$1.05.



**MADAME PLANTIER.** Flowers are pure white, large, full and double; produced in great abundance early in the season. Hardy. Suitable for cemetery planting. **Price:** Each 35c; 3

for 90c. **PERSIAN YELLOW.** The hardy yellow rose of your mother's garden. Perfectly hardy. Flowers are semi-double, and a golden yellow in color. **Price:** Each 45c; 3 for \$1.20.

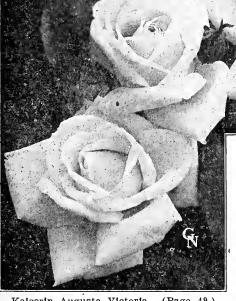
The nursery stock I received was the best I ever got from yours very truly, any house.

February 15, 1917.

Mrs. F. H., Buhl, Ida, Castleford Route.

SUMMER ROSES.

The roses of this species are summer or spring bloomers, but they flower so profusely and their rich coloring is so intense that they deserve a place in all collections. These roses bear on the terminals of a preceding year's growth, and pruning must be done just after blooming.



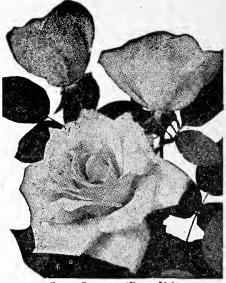
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. (Page 49.)

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## HARDY CLIMBING ROSES AND RAMBLERS.

As an ornamental plant for covering porches, side walls, pil-lars, fences, etc., they are unequalled, calling forth more admi-ration than anything else that can be similarly used. They re-quire but little care and are very hardy. My plants are field-grown, hardy, two-year-old stock, 2½ feet high. **CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY.** A grand novelty of great merit. Cross between an American Beauty and an unnamed seedling; color rosy crimson, similar to its popular parent, and with same exquisite fragrance, a quality rarely found in climb-ing roses. Strong growth, making shoots 10 to 15 feet in one season, and as hardy as an oak. Flowers are from 3 to 4 inches in diameter, of fine form, and are produced in great pro-fusion, not only in May and June, but in a fair sprinkling of flowers throughout the growing season. Try a few; you will never regret it. I offer this new rose in strong, two-year-old field plants, that will bloom this summer, for 50c each; 3 for \$1.25. for \$1.25.

for \$1.25. **BALTIMORE BELLE.** Flowers are pale blush, nearly white, double, in large clusters. It blooms very free. A strong grower and is hardy. **Price:** Each, 35c; 3 for 90c. **THE BLUE ROSE. Veilchenblau or Violet Rose.** This new climbing rose surpasses all others of recent introduction in having a blue color. The flowers appear in large clusters after the manner of the Crimson Rambler, are semi-double and of medium size. Upon first opening the color is partly bright red and partly bright blue, turning soon a steel blue. The color is best described by saying it resembles that of early violets. This variety is a strong grower, has shining green foliage and few thorns. It has not been troubled with mildew, and is classed among the hardiest climbing roses, withstanding the winters very successfully. With me it is not a very free bloomer, not nearly as free as Crimson Rambler. I could hardly call it a real blue. **Price:** Each 35c; 3 for 90c.



**CRIMSON RAMBLER.** It is a vigorous grower, making shoots 10 to 20 feet high in a single season. Flowers glowing crimson and produced in immense panicles, covering the plant from top to bottom. Few roses have been more generally planted. **Frice:** Each 35c; 3 for 90c.

roses have been more generally planted. **Price:** Each 35c; 3 for 90c. **NEW EVERBLOOMING RAMBLEE.** (Flower of Fairfield.) Sport of the well-known and famous Crim-son Rambler Rose. The new rose produces its lovely flowers until killing frosts stop further growth of the plant. The flowers are produced in great trusses, each carrying from 30 to 40 blooms of the brightest crimson, which remains undimmed to the end. Combined with the waxy, pale green, red-veined foliage, the glowing crimson mass of bloom makes an irresistible effect. By blooming constantly, the new shoots are not as large as with the old Crimson Rambler, but the wood is more firm and less subject to mildew, an-other point in its favor. It is one of the finest and best novelties of recent introduction and will be very popular. Above is the introducer's description. I find, while it will bloom a number of times during the summer, it takes a very favorable season. In a dry spell I cannot make it bloom continuously, while it blooms good once or twice. **Frice:** 35c each, 3 for 90c.

**DOROTHY PERKINS, Pink.** In general habit closely resembling the Crimson Rambler, but of a beautiful shell pink, full and double, of an unusually large size for a Cluster Rose. The trusses are made up of from 20 to 40 flowers. I consider this to be the finest of all climbing roses. I have never seen it mildew, which cannot be said of most of the Ramblers. I think this is the best climbing rose in the market. **Price:** 35c each; 3 for 90c.

**DOROTHY PERKINS, White.** In general habit, bright green shining leaves and large clusters of flowers, about the same as Dorothy Perkins, Pink, except that the flowers are pure white. Both, planted closely together, and care being taken to have the branches cross each other, the effect when in bloom is very pretty. **Price:** 35c each; 3 for 90c.

**EXCELSA.** (Red Dorothy Perkins.) A grand novelty. Intense crimson scarlet, double flowers in brilliant clusters, set in glossy, shining foliage, which never mildews or spots. An intensified Crimson Rambler, which it promises to displace. Extremely vigorous and handsomest of all red climbers. **Price:** Each 40c; which it pro 3 for \$1.00.



General Jacqueminot. (Page 50.)

for \$1.00. **THOUSAND BEAUTIES.** The most sensational climbing rose yet introduced, not even barring Crimson Rambler. A single cluster of flowers is a bouquet in itself, hence the very fitting name, "The Thousand Beauties. Bloom-ing profusely from the beginning of June until the last of July, the flowers appear in large clusters (10 to 15 in a clus-ter), are of splendid size and quite double. The colors run from delicate balsam to tender rose through the intermediate shades of bright rose and carmine, with the white, yellow and various other indescribable tints showing. There is no other rose in cultivation like it. It is a strong grower, with but few thorns and magnificent foliage. The most remarkable rose of its kind in the world. After trying this rose a number of years, I can recommend it to my customers. **Price:** 40c each; 3 for \$1.05. **SEVEN SISTERS.** (Grevillea.) White and crimson, making

3 for \$1.05. SEVEN SISTERS. (Grevillea.) White and crimson, making it unique, as both white and crimson flowers may be seen on the plant at the same time. Blooms in large clusters. **Price:** Each 35c; 3 for 90c. **YELIOW BAMBLEB.** (Aglaia.) It is related to the Crim-son Rambler, and like it, blooms in large trusses. Flowers are double, very fragrant, of light yellow color. **Price:** Each 35c; 3 for 90c.

double, ve 3 for 90c.

### BABY RAMBLERS.-(Dwarf Polyantha Roses.)

BABY RAMBLERS.—(Dwarf Polyantha Roses.) A type of roses which is very popular for bedding purposes or for borders around rose beds, or along walks. They form shapely compact, bushy specimens about 18 inches high and produce in great profusion immense trusses of small flowers from May till severe frost. This variety of Roses I cut back in the fall pretty severely and bank them up some with dirt. BED BABY RAMBLER. (Madame L. Levavasseur.) One of the best hardy bedding roses in existence. The plants are very vigorous and grow 18 to 24 inches high. The foliage is dark, glossy green and remarkably free from insects and fungus. The flowers are borne in clusters of 20, 30 or more to the cluster, in every way resembling the blossoms of the Climbing Crimson Rambler. It is perfectly hardy and blooms all the time indoors and from May to November outdoors. Splendid for making a border. Price: 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

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## HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.—(Continued.)

### **BABY RAMBLERS.**—(Continued.)

BABY DOROTHY. (Maman Levavasseur.) This magnificent Baby Rambler is equally as meritorious if not more so than Red Baby Rambler, which has become so famous. Of dwarf growth, it blooms practically all the time, producing in amazing quantities large clusters of panicles of its beautiful pink flow-ers, which are full and double, the color of which is almost identical with the flowers of Dorothy Perns. Entirely hardy. Frice: 50c each; 3 for \$1.35. kins.

**CATHERINE ZEIMET.** A most beautiful companion to the Crimson Baby Rambler, growing to the same height and bearing great masses of double, pure white flowers, covering the plants as with a mantle. The roses are delightfully scented, reminding one somewhat of a hyacinth cinth.

### Price: 50c each; 3 for \$1.35.

BABY TAUSENDSCHOEN. (Thou-**BABY TAUSENDSCHOEN**, (Thou-sand Beauties.) A grand novelty of the Baby Rambler type. Flowers appear in large clusters, the same as with the climbing "Thousand Beauties," are of a good size, of the same beautiful colors, all shades from pink to white and yellowish. Blooms all summer. A grand nov-elty that is sure to give satisfaction. I counted 37 nicely developed roses Ι

Price:

counted 37 nicely developed roses on one small limb this summer. **Price:** 45c each; 3 for \$1.20.

Madame Caroline Testout. (See page 49.)

### EVERGREEN MEMORIAL ROSES AND HYBRIDS.

The Memorial Roses are of the most charming and unique beauty, very valuable wherever an absolutely hardy climbing rose is required, forming lovely objects in the garden while in bloom, and splendid for covering unsightly objects.

**WICHURIANA.** (White Memorial.) The plant clings closely to the ground, rapidly branching and covering any surface. The flowers appear in July and continue throughout the season, forming showy clusters of pure white blossoms. Single and of sweet fragrance. Entirely hardy everywhere. Used extensively in cemeteries, rock work, etc. **Frice:** 35c each; 3 for 90c.

SWEETHEART. A beautifu Price: 40c each; 3 for \$1.05. A beautiful shade of rosy pink, free and continuous bloomer, suitable for the cemetery.



These are grafted on hardy rose stalks, 4 feet high, are tree shaped, and when in full bloom are fine objects of beauty, making handsome plants for the lawn, or as border plants along the sidewalks or driveway. They are coming into popular favor, and at the low price we are offering them this year, everyone can set out a few of these pretty Tree Roses in his yard or on the lawn.

Roses in his yard or on the lawn. There are no Tree Roses raised in America; all come from Holland or France. Last fall none of them could be import-ed, there being no ship accommodation. Naturally Tree Roses are scarce now. I have about 800, which I transplanted in my Nursery last spring. They are fine, exceptionally well rooted, very strong and healthy; better than freshly imported ones. Have them in Rambler, Baby Ramblers, Hybrid Per-petuals and Hybrid Tea Roses, and in white, red and pink colors. You will be well satisfied with the tree. Order early. This may be your last chance to get Tree Roses for a number of years. Tree agents are selling them for \$3.00 now. now.

### My price of any variety will be \$1.50 each.

Wish you would send us by return mail your best prices on nursery stock. We are going to you for the reason that a number of years ago the writer had a solid carload ordered from your Nursery, and the stock gave better satisfaction than anything I have seen since. Yours truly, Feb. 14, 1917. W. & S., Dalhart, Texas.

In regard to what you say in your letter, I will say I or-dered fruit trees, ornamental trees, vines, strawberries, etc., from you for **several years**. My whole place is filled with beautiful shade trees 'gotten of you. Yes, they were satisfactory, too. Yours truly,

Nov: 1. 1917.

E. M. Z., Rocky Ford, Colo.

Please send me your catalog. My orchard I have grown from trees secured from you 9 years ago, is now paying a fine income, and I want to add more to it.

November 11, 1917.

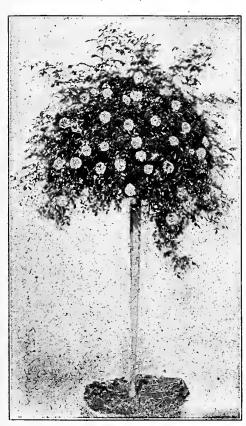
W. H. A., Kennwick, Wis.

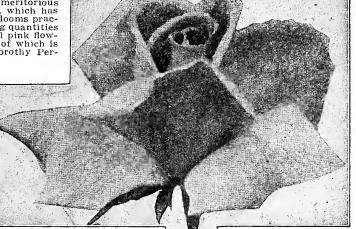
I bought some Peach Trees from you a few years ago, and they gave better satisfaction than any I ever set out, and now I want a few Apple and Peach trees.

Tree Rose.

January 25, 1918.

R. M. T., Arkansas City, Kans.





# HERBACEOUS PERENNIAL PLANTS.

Perennials have never been so popular as they are at the present time. Their permanency appeals to all. They are planted once and are always there; living through the winter with little or no protection, the flowers become better as the plants grow older. Will grow well in any soil, which may be enriched with de-composed manure or bone meal. The varieties I list are all perfectly hardy, the tops dying down in winter, but coming up early in the spring. My prices are for field-grown plants. These plants cannot well be shipped by freight in a box. They should go by parcel post or ex-press, so I will give prepaid prices only. I can ship perennials all fall, and fall is a very good time to plant them. In the spring I commence digging and shipping perennials about March 25, and can continue until May 10 or later. 10 or later.

#### "THE PEARL." ACHILLEA.

The finest of all plants for cemetery planting. The plants grow about 15 to 20 inches high and are com-pletely covered with double pure white flowers from July until frost. A fine cut flower. Is daintily formed; quite double flowers are borne on long stemmed, branching sprays so profusely as to give a refreshing, cool, airy effect through the summer heat and late into fall. **Price:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.20; by paid parcel post.

## ACHILLEA, BOULE DE NIEGE.

(Ball of Snow.)

A new form of this valuable perennial, more erect and compact than The Pearl, with fuller ball-shaped flowers; pure white. The very best white for the front of bor-ders, attaining only about 18 inches in height. **Frice:** 20c each; 10 for \$1.60, by paid parcel post.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine). The Columbines have established a place in all old-fashioned gardens. Their curious forms and many pleasing shades of color and the readiness with which they adapt themselves to all localities, have made them prime favorites. See illustration.

CHRYSANTHA. The Golden Columbine. Flowers very numerous, 2 to 3 inches across, bright yellow. In bloom all summer. Height 3 to 4 feet. Easily grown in any In bloom good garden soil.

**COERULEA.** The true Rocky Mountain Columbine. An exquisite flower with pale blue sepals and white pet-als; grows about 1½ ft. high; blooms from May to July.

VULGARIS. The well-known garden Columbine in all shades of blue and purple; very free blooming. Height 2 ft. **Price:** Each, 18c; 10 for \$1.50 by paid parcel post.

**MIXED AQUILEGIA.** I have some plants on which lee label was lost, all good kinds as above, but ixed. 15c each; 10 for \$1.20 by paid parcel post. the label mixed.

## ANCHUSA ITALICA.

Bearing all summer panicles of clear, sky-blue flowers similar to the Forget-me-not. A very useful perennial, growing 3 feet high, and commences to bloom in July. Planted with Oriental Poppies, they make a splendid effect. Each, 16c; 10 for \$1.30.



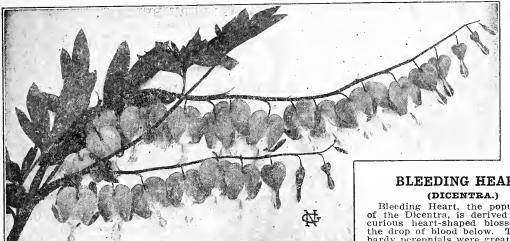
Aquilegia, Columbine.

### ARTEMESIA PONTICA.

Beautiful plant for border or filling in within the shrubbery. The foliage is silvery white, finely cut, and has a peculiarly agreeable fragrance. I have used this plant with good success to hold steep banks and terraces, especially on a south exposure, where blue grass will not grow. Used thousands of them in the Beatrice Athletic park to hold up the steep banks. Grows readily in any soil and can stand any amount of dry weather. **Price:** 7c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$5.00 postpaid. Not prepaid, 1,000 for \$30.00. Plant 10 inches apart each way for holding banks.



Along the east side of my house, first from the sidewalk, Achillea, the Pearl; little trees are Tree Roses and between these are Delphiniums. Back of the Tree Roses are Dahlias in different colors. These all have done very well and the afternoon shade does not seem to affect them.



Bleeding Heart. (Dicentra.)

## ANEMONE JAPONICA. JAPANESE WIND FLOWER.

These beautiful hardy plants are not appreciated as they should be. They make a magnificent garden show and furnish an abundance of cut flowers. They commence blooming in August and increase in beauty until heavy frost. I grow the following varieties: **WHIRLWIND.** Flowers semi-double, pure white.

BRILLIANT. Beautiful dark red. Frice: Each 25c; 10 for \$2.30, by paid parcel post.

## ASTERS. (Michaelmas Daisies.)

These are among the showiest of our late flowering when most other hardy flowers are past, and for best effect should be planted in masses of one color. They grow freely in any soil.

### Summer Flowering Varieties.

**ASTER ALPINA ALBA.** Fine white flowers; valuable in low borders as in rockeries, where its 8 to 10 inch clumps are a mass of flowers during June and July. **Price:** 20c each; 10 for \$1.80 by parcels post.

### Fall Asters.

**FELTHAM.** Masses of aniline blue flowers on branchy plants 2½ feet high. Blooms in August and September. A good Aster, especially where seasons are short. Price: 20c each; 10 for \$1.80 by parcel post.

**NOVAE-ANGLIAE BOSEA.** (New England Aster.) The richest and gayest of our native asters; has the largest flowers and is usually considered-the finest. It ranks "among the best of all the hardy border plants." Its stout leafy stems vary from 3 to 5 feet in height, and its beautiful rose flowers appear from Sept to Oct. **Frice:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.20 postpaid. ful rose flowers Sept. to Oct. **Price** for \$1.20 postpaid.

TARTARICA. 4 to 5 feet high, free flowering. Blossom large, of a lovely bluish color. Blooms in October. Frice: 15c each; 10 for \$1.20 by paid parcel post.

**WHITE QUEEN.** Dwarf. Good cutting sort; creamy white with twisted petals; 2½ feet. **Price**: 20c each; 10 for \$1.80.

### BABY'S BREATH.

### (Gypsophila Flora Plena.)

This is a new variety of Baby's Breath. The little flowers are double, like charming dainty lit-tle rosettes, on delicate, lacy stems about 2 to 2½ feet high. There is no better flower for a spray effect in a bouquet. **Price**: 20c each; 10 for \$1.80 postpaid.

BLEEDING HEART.

(DICENTEA.) Bleeding Heart, the popular name of the Dicentra, is derived from the curious heart-shaped blossoms with the drop of blood below. These fine, hardy perennials were great favorites in the old gardens. Fine for the bor-der or margins of shrubbery. In the spring these plants bear beautiful heart-shaped flow-ers of a light red color. The stems grow 12 to 18 inches high, with abundant deeply cut leaves of light green color. Price: 25c each; 10 for \$2.20 postpaid.

### COREOPSIS.

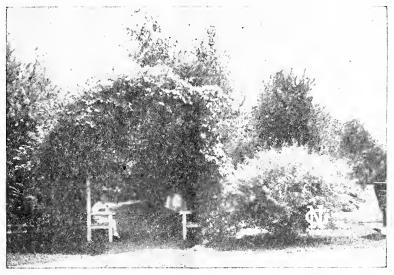
**COREOFSIS, YELLOW.** One of the most popular hardy plants. The flowers are of a rich golden yel-low, of graceful form and invaluable for cutting; in bloom from June until autumn. It succeeds every-where. Height 1½ to 2 feet. A group of these plants furnishes an unfailing mass of rich, glowing color. The plants grow vigorously in any sunny situation. **Frice:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.30 by paid parcel post.

### CHRYSANTHEMUM. GRANDMOTHER'S HARDY GARDEN 'MUMS.

I offer an assortment of the hardy varieties. Thev I offer an assortment of the hardy varieties. They flower profusely in October, after everything else in the garden has been killed. They are excellent for cut flowers and bouquets. Sure bloomers and satis-factory growers that should be included in all orders. Even after several light falls of snow, in sheltered profiles to according a particular to ut with use Even after several light fails of snow, in sheltered positions, it is sometimes possible to cut uninjured clusters of beautiful flowers. The fine, thick foliage makes a good screen or background. **LARGE FLOWERING YELLOW.** Height 2½ feet. Fine double flowers. **TALL WHITE.** 2½ to 3 feet. Fine double. **LARGE FLOWERING PINK.** Height 2½ feet.

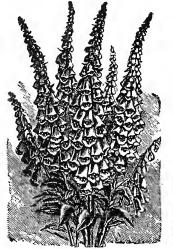
Splendid variety.

ROSEA. A very good red variety; fair sized flowers. Price of all Chrysanthemums: 20c ea.; 10 for \$1.80.



rbor covered with Clematis Paniculata. Desmodium (shrub direct above.) This picture was taken on my place.

See description, page 56.



Digitalis or Foxglove.

## DIGITALIS or FOXGLOVE.

old-fashioned flower An An one-fashioned hower that should be planted in quantity. Succeeds under all conditions; furnishes a grand display during July and Aug-ust. The flowers are very showy, thimble-shaped and are borne close together on

showy, thimble-shaped and are borne close together on stalks, 3 to 4 feet high. For Dianthus, Sweet William. backgrounds and contrast among the shrubbery it is a very fine plant. Grows well in a half shady position. Mixed colors, pink and white. **Price:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.30.

### **DELPHINIUM**. (Larkspur.)

One of the finest sights of modern gardens is a fine collection of blooming Larkspurs. They give us the greatest abundance of flowers and utmost variety in tints and shades of blue dur-ing June and July. The Delphiniums make good border back-grounds. Although the plants thrive in any good garden soil, a deep rich, loamy one, with sunny exposure is best.

**FORMOSUM.** Showy plants, growing 2 to 3 feet tall. Flow-ers deep blue with violet spurs. The stout stems are clothed with fine, delicately cut leaves. Blooms persistently through the summer.

**CHINENSIS.** The Chinese Larkspur. A fine and sturdy old type, fascinating because of its many variations as well as for its beauty. The leaves are finely cut and fernlike, the flowers single or double, and colors ranging from clear deep blue to creamy white. For about ten weeks of midsummer it makes a grand display of bloom.

Price of above varieties: Each 18c; 10 for \$1.50 postpaid.

### EULALIA. (Miscanthus.) Ornamental Grasses.

Beautiful hardy ornamental grasses with handsome foliage and numerous feathery panicles, 4 to 6 inches long. It will thrive in almost any kind of soil. Plants grow 3 to 5 feet tall; are among the best, most popular grasses for groups, bedding purposes or hedges. Splendid in corners of the house. **LINEATUM.** Striped Eulalia. The leaves are striped green and white. It is very ornamental. **Price:** Each 15c; 10 for \$1.25 by paid parcel post.

**ZEBRINA.** Zebra Grass. Leaves banded crosswise with green and light yellow. Brilliant and effective for hedges. **Price:** Each, 15c; 10 for \$1.25 by paid parcel post.

**Price:** Each, 15c; 10 for \$1.25 by paid parcel post. **ARUNDO DONAX.** Will grow from 12 to 15 feet in this cli-mate; must be covered in winter with light manure or old hay, enough to keep frost out. Beautiful for center in large group of ornamental grasses or hiding unsightly objects. Will mul-tiply yearly by sending up new canes. It is the best ornamen-tal grass I have in my garden, and the feathery flowers are very useful in making bouquets. I cut them to the ground in the fall and cover with a little manure and have no trouble in getting them through the winter. See picture, page 57. **Price:** Each 35c; 10 for \$3.00 by paid parcel post. **Price:** Each 35c; 10 for \$3.00 by paid parcel post.

**EULALIA GRACILLIMA.** (Japan Rush.) Narr-leaves with a silvery white mid-rib; perfectly hardy. **Price:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.30. Narrow green

## PHALARIS. (Ribbon Grass.)

A tall, hardy grass with variegated foliage and a common plant in old-fashioned gardens. It thrives in almost any kind of soil or exposure. Stems 2 to 5 feet tall, with graceful, droop-ing foliage. **Price:** Each 15c; 10 for \$1.20 postpaid.

**PERENNIAL PLANTS.**—(Continued.) CANTERBURY BELLS.

(Campanula.)

An old-time favorite, growing 2 to 3 feet high and bearing in great profu-sion very pretty bell-shaped flowers. The Campanulas give to our gardens exceedingly pretty flowers for almost every situation, moist or dry, sunny or shaded, and the flowers are produced even in summer drought. Valued for cut flowers. See illustration on this page. Shades, blue, white and rose mixed. **Price:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.30 postpaid.

### · DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM. (SWEET PEA SHRUB.)

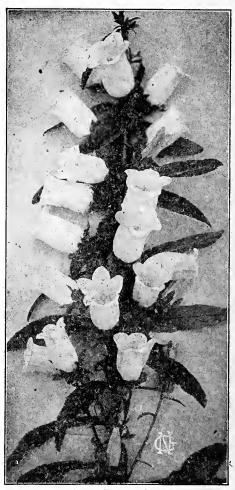


(SWEET PEA SHRUB.) A most magnificent shrub, covered from 1st of Sept. till frost, with red pea blossoms in enormous quantities. In fact, so many flowers are on the branches that they give to the plant a drooping effect which greatly enhances its beauty. Grows to a height of about 4 feet. Does well here in Nebraska and is perfectly hardy here. The branches all freeze to the ground in the fall and come up again in the spring. North of here it might be well to cover with a little straw over winter. Frice: 40c each; 10 for \$3.50, by paid parcel post. DIANTHUIS BAPBATTIS

### DIANTHUS BARBATUS.

DIANTHUS BAKBATUS. SWEET WILLIAM. Charming, hardy plants, great favorites in every garden. Stems 12 to 18 in. high; flowers in great-est profusion in large, round-topped clus-ters. Sweet William gives masses of col-ors as brilliant as any of our perennials. Its splendor lasts five weeks, then, if fad-ing branches are cut away, fresh ones ap-pear at intervals all summer. **Price:** 18c each: 10 for \$1.50 postpaid. **GARDEN OR GRASS PINKS.** (Dian-thus Plumarius.) Thick tufts of hand-some bluish-green foliage and pretty, car-nation-like, fragrant flowers. Very hardy and grows well anywhere. **Price,** 18c each: 10 for \$1.50.

and grows well anywhere. each; 10 for \$1.50.



Canterbury Bells,

## PERENNIAL PLANTS.—(Continued.) GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA.

Among the everblooming hardy plants there is none more showy or ornamental than this. Flowers borne in prodigal profusion from June to frost; 'useful for cut flowers. They are of gorgeous coloring, dark red-brown in center with bands of crimson orange and vermillion, meriting the pop-ular title of "Aurora Flower." Height 2 feet. I find this to be one of the best perennials in my garden. It is very hardy, needs little care, blooms continuously all summer, has long stems and therefore can be used in almost any bouquet. Those who wish flowers and have not much time to take care of them should plant Gaillardia. A good mate to Shasta Daisies. **Price:** For strong, out-of-door grown plants, 15c each; 10 for \$1.30 py paid parcel post.

#### (Rose Mallow.) HIBISCUS.

Tall, free-flowering, hardy plants with remarkably large and showy flowers. Thrives in most loamy soils, producng throughout a long period numerous mammoth flowers, some-times 6 to 8 inches across. Plants grow 3 to 5 feet tall. CRIMSON EYE. Flowers very large, crimson white, with

**MOSCHEUTUS.** Extra large, beautiful flowers of a light rose color and with a purple eye. **Price for both above varieties:** 18c each; 10 for \$1.50, by paid parcel post.

### HOLLYHOCKS.

HULLI INVICES. Among the very finest of old hardy garden plants, the Hollyhock still holds a proud place and may be termed one of the great flowers of July. It has the widest range of colors among tall garden plants. Flowers are very showy, produced in great abundance on long, towering spikes. Height 6 to 8 feet. Blooming period June to August. I have the Double White, Double Dark **Eed**, Double Pink, Dou-ble Marcoon, Double Yellow. They are very hardy and need no protection, but like good, rich soil. It makes a good border background. Can be used as a screen for a fence or other unsightly places. **Frice:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.30.



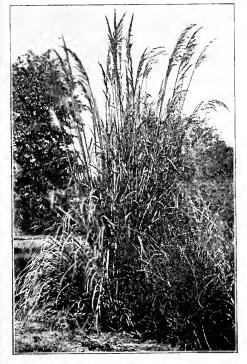
Gaillardia. Fine for cut flowers; should be in every garden.

## MALLOW MARVELS.

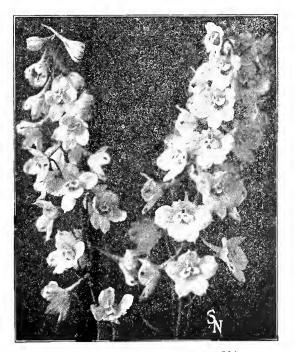
## Most Gorgeous Perennial Creation of the Twentieth Century.

**Most Gorgeous Perennal Creation of the Twentieth Century.** The plants are perfectly hardy and grow from strong, fleshy roots to a height of 6 to 8 feet in one season. They seem to thrive in almost any soil, having a preference, however, for a moist, rather than a dry situ-ation. In the last days of July the blooms appear and continue until late fall. The huge flowers, some of them measuring over 10 inches in diameter, come in the most gorgeous and brilliant shades of crimson, white and pink. They seem to be immune from the attacks of insects or scale, and I have yet to find any-one who cannot be successful with them. As regards their hardiness, I can only say that in the colder re-gions of Canada they have withstood a temperature many degrees below zero, without any protection. You can't make a mistake in getting the gorgeous Mallow Marvels. They are sure to please you, as they have thousands of others. I can supply them Pink, Crimson and White. I always put some short manure on my Mallow Marvel bed in the fall and then spade it early in the spring, as they like a very rich soil. **Price:** For heavy, strong roots, 35c each; 10 for \$3.00. By

**Price:** For heavy, strong roots, 35c each; 10 for \$3.00. By paid parcel post, heavy plants, 50c each.



Arundo Donax. Picture taken in my gar-Description, Page 56. den.



Delphinium, Larkspur. (Page 56.)



### Oriental Poppies.

### PHYSOTEGIA VIRGINICA. (FALSE DRAGON HEAD.)

The flowers of this plant are borne on dense spikes of purplish pink color, of very delicate but conspicuous beauty. The spikes are three to four feet high, with plenty of branches, very plenty. I use them often in large bouquets. The plants are easily grown, increase freely and are very hardy, needing no protection here. Eight or ten of these planted in a group will give you a mass of cut flowers. **Price:** 18c ea.; 10 for \$1.50 by parcel post.

ORIENTAL POPPIES. (PAPAVER ORIENTALE.)

(PAPAVER ORIENTALE.) These are the regal representatives of this pop-ular genus, far surpassing in splendor of bloom all the annual and biennial kinds, and for a gorgeous display of rich and brilliant color nothing equals them during their period of flowering in May and June, and whether planted single or in masses, their large flowers and freedom of bloom render them conspicuous in any position. They are of easiest culture; almost any kind of soil suits them, but they do best in deep, rich loam; set the plants out in fall or very early spring; give them water occasionally during dry spells in the early part of the season; mulch with stable litter in fall, and they will increase in size and floriferousness for several years. Price: 25c each; 10 for \$2.30 postp'd.

#### RUDBECKIA. (Golden Glow.)

A fine, hardy plant that should find a place in ev-ery garden. It will be found excellent for cut flower purposes. Plant attains a height of 4 to 6 feet and will produce hundreds of large blossoms, very double and of brilliant golden yellow, during August and September. **Price:** Each 15c; 10 for \$1.20 by paid parcel post.

### SALVIA.

**BLUE SAGE.** Rocky Mountain species that grows 3 feet tall and produces pretty sky-blue flowers in August and September. Exquisite for cutting; one of the finest plants for the border. Very hardy. **Price:** Each 18c; 10 for \$1.50 postp'd.

## SHASTA DAISY.

Remarkably large, semi-double daisies, 3 to 4 inches across and pure white, with petals in two or more rows about a golden center. The plant is extra vigorous and maintains a fine show of great flowers throughout the summer and autumn. A splendid border plant and of great value for cut-ting. My plants are strong, field-grown and will bloom abundantly the first season. **Price:** Each 18c; 10 for \$1.50 by paid parcel post. **VIOT.A ONDRATA** 

## VIOLA ODORATA.

(SWEET SCENTED VIOLET.) This is the hardy kind that here in my garden needs little or no protection. Fine for a border for needs little or no protection. Fine for a border for flower beds. A cool, somewhat shady place is best for them. It blooms early in the spring and again in the fall, when the weather gets cooler. Flowers are very fragrant. A dozen little flowers will scent a whole room. Needs little care, is easily trans-planted and blooms very freely. **Price:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.30 by paid parcel post.

## **PERENNIAL PLANTS**.—(Continued.) LOBELIA CARDINALIS.

A perennial variety of the Lobelias. Grows about 1 to 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> feet high, with strong shoots or, stems and a large number of branches, on which the fiery scarlet red flowers appear. Blooms freely from July until the end of September. Plant quite close together; the stems will stand up better and the effect of the flowers will be more intense. While the plant is considered hardy, I cover them over winter with a little coarse manure or leaves. One of the very best of the dark red flowering perennials. Should really be in every garden. **Price:** 18c each; 10 for \$1.50 by paid parcel post.

## PLATYCODON. (Chinese Bellflower.)

An extra good, very hardy and free flowering perennial. Grows 1½ to 2 feet high. Flowers are a lovely shade of blue and they come from June until October. I also have them in pure white. This is one of the most free-flowering plants, and I cannot understand why it is not planted more. It grows well in sunny or shady places, almost in any soil, and does not need much attention. Useful for bouquets in a time when flowers are scarce. The price is low and you will get plenty of flowers the first season. **Price:** Either blue or white, 18c each; 10 for \$1.50, by paid parcel post.



Mallow Marvels, Border of Violets in Front. taken in my garden. (See page 57.) Picture

## PERENNIAL PLANTS.-(Continued.) STOKESIA. (Stoke's Aster.)

This beautiful plant grows 1 to 2 feet high, and produces in great profusion Aster-like flowers from 4 to 5 inches across; it is of easy culture, succeeding in any open position, used as a cut flower and for planting in masses in the hardy border. **Price:** Each 18c; 10 for \$1.30 by paid parcel post.

## YUCCA FILAMENTOSA (Adam's Needle.)

Tropical looking plant with long, narrow leaves; remains green the entire year. Grows in clumps and throws up a flower stalk 3 to 4 feet high, from which hang from 100 to 300 creamy white, bell-shaped flowers. It blooms a long time. A fine plant for the lawn or cemetery. **Price:** Each 18c; 10 for \$1.30 postpaid.

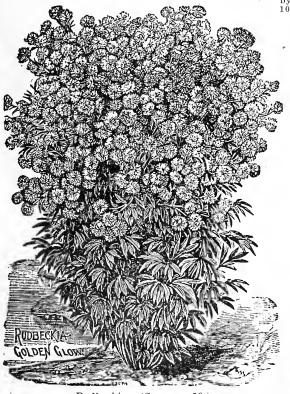
### TRITOMA.

**FLAMING TORCEI.** 3 to 4 feet high. Dazzling scarlet, lower half tinged with rich orange. In the North the roots should be taken up in the fall. Blooms August to October. **Price:** Each 23c; 10 for \$2.00 by paid parcel post.

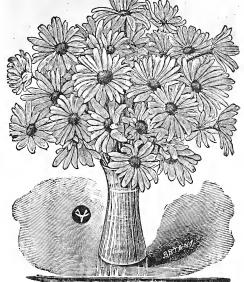
### HARDY FERNS.

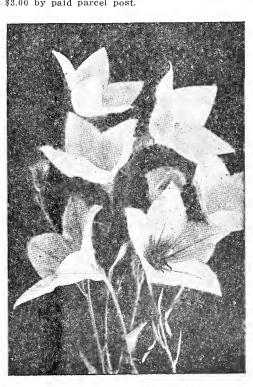
HARDY FERNS. I offer only very hardy ferns, natives, of Minnesota. They do well in shady and half-shady places in the garden and park, and are often used for growing close to houses in cor-ners which are too dark for most plants. While the native ferns are, of course, perfectly hardy, most of them are better off with a light covering of leaves in winter. In their natural habitat they are usually well covered with leaves and snow throughout the winter. The hardy ferns do not make satis-factory house plants. Most ferns ripen up their leaves in the fall and remain dormant all winter, even under favorable conditions.

factory nouse plants. How there, even under favorable conditions. MAIDENHAIR FEEN. (Adiatum Pedatum.) One to three feet high. Frond, forked at the summit of the slender, polished black stalk, the recurved branches bearing on one side several slender, spreading pinnate divisions; pinnae oblique, triangular oblong. Price: 30c each; 10 for \$2.50 by paid parcel post. WOOD FEEN. (Aspidium Spinuiosum.) The plant varies greatly in height, breadth and way of holding itself. Sometimes the fronds stand 3 feet high and are broad and spreading. Again, they are tall slender fronds having a certain feathery aspect. Price: 30c each; 10 for \$2.50 by paid parcel post. CINAMON FEEN. (Osmunda Cinnamonea.) A large fern growing in a crown 2 to 5 feet high. Sterile fronds broadly lance-shaped, once pinnate; pinnae cut into broadly oblong divisions that do not reach the mid-vein, each pinnae with a tuft of rusty wool at its base beneath. The plant is a superb one when seen at its selves effectively in shaded corners, while they do fairly well in the most exposed sunlight. Price; 30c each; 10 for \$2.50 by paid parcel post. OSTRICH FEEN. (Onoclea Strutiopterus.) Grows in a crown 3 to 10 ft. high. Fronds broadly lance-shaped, once pinnate; pinnae divided into narrow, oblong segments which do not reach the midvein. Great plume-like trond fa rich green. This magnificent plant luxuriates on soil which is subject to an annual overflow. Its vaselike masses of foliage suggest the Cinnamon Fern, but the fertile fronds are dark green, while those of the cinnamon Fern are Golden Brown. The Ostrich Fern does well under cultivation and it propagates sometimes by means of underground runners. Frice: 35c each; 10 for \$3.00 by paid parcel post.



Rudbeckia. (See page 58.)





Platycodon. (See page 58.)



Hardy Ferns. (Page 59.)



Water Lilies.



Lilium Candidum. (Page 61.)

## WATER LILIES.

The flowers are very fascinating, interesting and pretty and can be grown with very little trouble or risk of failure. I only offer hardy varieties from my own pond. I do not dig them in the fail, but leave them in the pond over winter; freezing does not hurt them. Plant them in the spring, either in a pond, lily tank or tub. Fill the tub two-thirds full of turfy soil, enriched with some decomposed barnyard manure, cover with 2 inches of sand and fill with water. The crown of the plant should be placed just under the surface of the soil, both in the tub or pond. Ready to ship in the spring about May 1st.

**NYMPHAEA ODORATA.** The well-known pond lily with large white flowers that are very fragrant. Leaves lay flat on the water and are of medium size. **Price:** 50c each by paid parcels post.

**NYMPHAEA ODOBATA SULPHUREA.** One of the very best new Water Lilies, with large yellow, fragrant flowers, standing a few inches out of the water. It is very free blooming and has the fragrance of Nymphaea Odorata. The leaves are deep green, beautifully mounted with reddish purple or brown spots; a great acquisition. **Frice**; 55c each by paid parcels post.

NYMPHAEA TU-NYMPHAEATU-BEROSA ROSEA. Flowers of an exquisite shade of pink, standing well above the water, petals somewhat con-cave; a strong, vigor-ous grower. **Price:** 50c orad buy parade post each by parcels post.

You are the best house I ever dealt with, and if I needed any-thing I certainly would patronize you, but I patronize you, but I have retired from act-ive life and moved to the Gulf Coast to spend the late evening of my life in a mild climate.

P. H., Seadrift, Tex. 10-31-17.

Please send me your Seed and Nursery Cata-log. Am writing you because so me fruit trees, etc., ordered from you in **1914** did so well. M. L. G., Kress, Tex. 2-1-18

2-1-18.

3-2-18 La Harpe, Kans. Received bird seed today and am well pleased with it. Mrs. F. W.,

I received the trees O. K. ad am well pleased with hem. Many thanks. Mrs. C. C., Cameron, La. 2-8-18 and them.

I got some trees and seeds I got some trees and seeds from you last spring and was well pleased with them. F. Z., Lincoln, Kans, 2-8-18. R. 1, Box 43.

The trees purchased the tree years successively three years successives have proven entirely satis-fectory F. H. P., West Milton, Ohio. 4-3-18

2 - 8 - 18.

I want to thank you for the **promptness** with which you filled my order, which I just received in fine shape a few days ago. W. H. S., 4-22-18. Montrose, Colo.

I want to take this oppor-I want to take this oppor-tunity to thank you for the fine flowering shrubs I think they are all going to grow. Assuring you of our hearty appreciation of your kind favor, I remain E D. W., Camp Dodge, Ia, Y. M. C. A. No. 96. 6-1-18.





(Page 59.) Tritoma.



Stokesia. (Page 59.)

### LILIUM. (The Lily.)

With a well selected collection, Liliums may be had in bloom from June to October. They should be planted in the fall, from October 1 as long as the soil can be worked, and in spring until the first of May. Plant about 5 in inches deep.

**AURATUM.** (Gold Banded Japan Lily,) Flowers are very large, broad white petals, thickly studded with crimson maroon; bright golden band through center of each petal. Stalks frequently have from 12 to 15 flowers of immense size. Large bulbs, each 30c; 10 for \$2.70.

**LILIUM CANDIDUM.** (Madonna Lily.) Large, pure white, fragrant flowers. This Lily should be planted in early autumn. Each, 25c; 10 for \$2.30 by paid parcel post.

**LONGIFLOBUM.** A well-known variety, with snow-white trumpet-shaped flowers that are very fragrant. Quite hardy and blooms freely in the open ground in June and July. Each 30c; 10 for \$2.70 by paid parcel post.

**SPECIOSUM BUBRUM.** Flowers white with crimson band on each petal. Large and very fragrant. Perfectly hardy. Grows 2 to 3 feet high. Blooms in August. Large bulbs, each 30c; 10 for \$2.70 by paid parcel post.

**DOUBLE TIGER LILY.** Perfectly hardy; easily grown Lily, with very large double flowers of rich orange color, spotted with black. Exceedingly pretty. Each 18c; 10 for \$1.50 postpaid.

## DAY LILY. (Funkia.)

**FUNKIA LANCIPOLIA.** Narrow Leaved Day Lily. Hardy plant, with lily-like flowers forming dense clumps of foliage. The leaf blades are 4 to 6 inches long. Flow-ers pale lilac, nodding, borne in long, loose racemes. Height 18 inches. Blooms August. They thrive well in deep soil in a half shady position. **Price:** Each 15c; 10 for \$1.25 by paid parcel post.

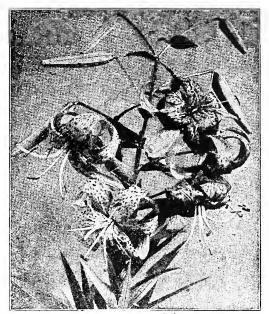
**FUNKIA GRANDIFLORA.** A fine, pure white, large trumpet-flowered and exceedingly fragrant spe-cies with handsome, broad, light green foliage. **Price:** Each, 25c; 10 for \$2.20 by paid parcel post.

### LEMON LILY. (Hemerocallis Flava.)

These are among the oldest and best loved of garden These are among the oldest and best loved of garden plants. Very hardy and persistent; they need no win-ter protection and thrive in any good soil, preferring, however, a rich, moist loam. For garden borders and waterside planting few perennials are more satisfac-tory. A good clump of this fine old lily, when blooming in June and July, lights up the border superbly with many tall stems of fragrant, waxen, clear yellow blooms; grows about 2 ft. high. 15c each; 10 for \$1.20.



Longiflorum Lily.



Double Tiger Lily.

IRIS, FLEUR DE LIS. (Iris Germanica.)

The true "Fleur-de-Lis," the national flower of France. They are perfectly hardy, thrive anywhere, grow and bloom luxuriantly, particularly if plentifully supplied with water. Plants well established produce from 50 to 100 spikes of bloom. In beauty the flow-ers rival the finest orchids. The plant grows 18 to 24 inches high. I offer the following selected varieties:

FLORENTINA ALBA. Extremely free flowering, and very beautiful white, sweet scented blossoms. One of the best.

**HONORABILIS.** Fine yellow with lower petals of maroon. An odd but very pretty Iris.

**PLICATA.** Dark purple, lower petals lilac. The best dark colored Iris.

**CELESTE.** A soft shade of light blue, changing into lavender. A fine and beautiful shade.

**MAD. CHEREAU.** White, elegantly frilled, with white border of clear blue; one of the most charming sorts.

**Price of any of the above varieties:** 10c 10 for 90c; 100 for \$7.00 by paid parcel post. 10c each;

**HER MAJESTY.** (New.) The best pink Iris with yellow center. Free bloomer. I think this is one of the prettiest of the Iris. **Price:** 12c each; 10 for \$1.00 by paid parcel post.

**DARIUS.** (New.) One of the most distinct and beautiful; standards rich canary yellow, falls lilac margined white with orange beard. This is one of the prettiest in my collection. **Price:** 12c each; 10 for \$1.00 by paid parcel post. NOTE.—Plant several crowns together if a clump effect is desired.

CHOICE MIXED VARIETIES. Each 8c; 10 for 60c; 100 for \$5.00 by paid parcel post.

## JAPANESE IRIS. (Iris Kaempferi.)

Finest of all the Iris family. The flowers are of immense size, from 6 to 8 inches in diameter, and of the most beautiful delicate shades. Are per-fectly hardy and will flower in profusion during June and July. A well established plant gives a dozen or more flower stalks 2 to 3 feet high, each stalk producing 2 to 4 enormous blooms. These plants prefer a cool, moist situation, but do well in most any good position. I offer some of the finest varieties in cultivation. I have them in three col-ors: White, light blue and variegated. **Price:** 30c each; 3 for 75c by paid parcel post.

### SIBERIAN IRIS. (Iris Sibirica.)

Tall and slender growing, with flowers like those of the German Iris in structure, but smaller and much more numerous. The plant forms clumps and blooms so freely that its deep blue blossoms give solid color effects. Hardy, thrives in almost any soil. Each 15c; 10 for \$1.25 postpaid,

PAEONIES.

Few hardy perennials are so suited to any position in the garden or lawn as the Paeony. The gorgeous display of flowers is very effec-tive, rivaling the rose in beauty. They are also well suited for mass-ing in beds all by themselves. A good rich, deep soil and sunny situ-ation suits them best, but they will thrive in almost any soil. My plants are field grown, strong and well rooted, with 3 to 4 eyes. In comparing prices with other growers, please bear this in mind. I of-fer the following selected varieties, which I consider the best for general planting. general planting.

## Four of the Newest and Very Best Paeonies.

**GIGANTEA.** A grand novelty. Immense double flowers 6 to 7 in. across, on long stems; color bright pink tipped with silvery white; indescribably beautiful and deliciously fragrant. **Price:** Each \$1.25.

LOED KITCHENEE. Another new Paeony, introduced last year. Flowers are very double and large, with brilliant cherry red, a re-markably beautiful color. Vigorous, strong grower and blooms very early. First importation from Holland. **Price:** Each \$1.25.

**GOLDEN HARVEST.** (Rosenfield.) Soft pink, cream and gold and often in center a dainty Festiva Maxima, blood drops and all. Comes nearest to a yellow Paeony I have ever seen. A very pretty flower. You will be pleased with it. **Frice:** 50c each; 3 for \$1.35. flower.

**FESTIVA MAXIMA.** About the largest and undoubtedly the most popular Paeony of them all. High built flowers, borne on long, stiff stems; the purest white, the inner petals slightly tipped with carmine. Very handsome foliage, enormous full double flowers, with very broad petals. A vigorous grower and early bloomer. Frice: 50c each; 10 for \$4.50.

I furnish one each of the above four varieties for \$3.00, by paid parcel post.

### New Paeonies from Holland.

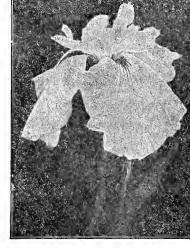
**PURPUREA SUPERBA.** Dark purple lilac, large flowers. Blooms mid-season. **Price:** 40c each; 10 for \$3.50 by paid parcel post.

**DURE OF WELLINGTON.** Fine large flow-er, white guards with sulphur center. Of me-dium height, vigorous grower and very free bloomer; blooms late. Better than Couronne d'Or. **Frice:** 40c each; 10 for \$3.50 by paid d'Or. **Price:** parcel post.

**RUBRA TRIUMPHANT.** Large, loose, globu-lar, semi-double flowers. Very dark crimson, almost going to purple; of medium height. Blooms rather early. **Frice:** 40c each; 10 for \$3.50 by paid parcel post.

ROEM VAN BOOSKOOP. Color lilac-rose, a color not often found in Paconies. Blooms late, Price: 40c each; 10 for \$3,50 by paid parcel post, One each of the above four Holland varieties for \$1.25, by paid parcel post.

Festiva Maxima Paeony.



Japanese Iris. (Page 61.)

4

Iris Fleur de Lis. (Iris Germanica.) (Page 61.)

DUCHESS ÐE **DUCHESS DE NEMOURS.** Large, and full, the most nearly pure white. **Price:** 35c each; 10 for \$3.20, by par-cels post.

MADAME LE-MOINE. Large and MOINE. Large and very full; violet rose color; an unu-sually fine flower. **Price:** 35c each; 10 for \$3.20 by par-cels post.

ris. (Page 61.) **ROSA PLENTS- SIMA.** A bright, clear rose, full centered, double, dwarf and compact grower. **Price:** Each 25c; 10 for \$2.30, by paid parcel post.

**COUNT DE MANTEUIL**. Dark rose, petals tipped with white. Large, fine flowers. **Price:** 25c each; 10 for \$2.30 by paid parcel post.

PRINCE IMPERIAL. **Fine bloomer.** Price: 25c plish-scarlet. Fine bloomer. Price: 22 each; 10 for \$2.30 by paid parcel post.

EDOUARD ANDRE. Semi-double flow ers of dark carmine-violet, with metallic reflex and golden yellow stamens. **Price:** 40c each; 10 for \$3.50 by parcel post.

#### MIXED VARIETIES.

I have some very nice Pacenies of which the labels have been lost; so I cannot tell just what colors or varieties they are. They are all fine sorts, though, and I offer them for 20c each; 10 for \$1.80 by paid parcel post, or \$15.00 per 100, not prepaid.

I have received your 1918 Garden Book, for which accept my thanks. Your seeds are O. K. Will send you seed order later. Have used your seeds for 5 years with good success. C. A. L. C. A. L., Malpie, N. Mex. Feb. 3, 1918.

I have recived order No. 6753 of corn in good condition today. This was the or-der I wrote about. Everything is O. K. W. L., Random Lake, Wis.

March 21, 1918. Route 17.



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Yucca. (Page 59.)

HARDY PHLOXES. HARDY PHLOXES. The ease with which they are culti-vated, season of blooming, combined with the varied and beautiful coloring, make them particularly valuable for garden planting. In bloom from June till late autumn. Phloxes are very ef-fective, either as single specimens, in small groups or large beds on the lawn. They produce a beautiful and harmon-ious contrast when massed against a background of shrubbery. I offer a carefully selected collection, all field-grown plants.

grown plants.

grown plants.
 FRAULEIN VON LASSBURG. The purest snow white. Flowers larger than any other white sort. Blooms early; tall, extra fine. Each, 25c; 10 for \$2.00 by paid parcel post.
 JEANNE D'ARC. Pure white, branches more than other sorts. Not quite as early, though, as Lassburg. Good for cut flowers. Each 25c; 10 for \$2.20 by parcel post.
 SIR EDWIN LANDSEER. Bright, glowing crimson. The best red. Of robust, tall growth, and a free bloomer. Each 25c; 10 for \$2.30 by paid parcel post.

post.



Sir Edwin Landseer Phlox.

BRIDESMAID. White, with crimson eye. Very ne trusses. One of the best. Price: 25c each; fine trusses. 10 for \$2.20.

**MADAME BYZANSON.** The very best of the crimson varieties. Holds the color a long time. **Price:** Each 20c; 10 for \$1.75 by paid parcel post.

**EXNDSTROOM.** New, from Holland. Brilliant dark rose with large trusses and large individual flowers. One of the best. Each 30c; 10 for \$2.50 by paid parcel post.

**E. P. STRUTHERS.** Rosy carmine, with scarlet red eye. Grows tall. Each 25c; 10 for \$2.30 by paid parcels post.

**RHEINLANDER.** A new variety of great beauty; a rare shade of salmon-pink, intensified by a dis-tinct claret-red eye. Flowers and truss of unusual size. 25c each; 10 for \$2.20 by parcel post.

**ANTOINE MERCIE.** A beautiful gravish lilac with white center. Medium tall. A rather immense variety. 30c each; 10 for \$2.70 by parcel post.

**PHLOX SUBLATA.** Creeping plants with ever-green, moss-like foliage. When in bloom almost completely hidden under a blanket of rose-colored flowers in early spring (here in May), often blooming again through the summer. Height of plant about 6 inches. **Price:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.20 by paid parcel post.



Hedge or border of Perennial Phlox, planted 10 in. apart.



Walk in my garden. The tree to the right is a Moss Acacia, raised in tree form. To the left are dif-ferent kinds of flowering shrubs, with a border of Perennial Phlox. I print these pictures, as it may help my customers in laying out their grounds.

## SUMMER BLOOMING BULBS.

Bulbs for spring planting require scarcely any care and quickly make a gorgeous display. The bulbs can be kept over winter, and year after year will return a hundred fold in beauty and sat-isfaction at the trifling expense of the original cost. All va-rieties here offered I have thoroughly tried in my garden and can recommend them. In the fall, the bulbs should be dug after one or two good frosts and stored in a dry, frost-proof room or cellar. room or cellar.

### DAHLIAS.

These showy and pretty flowers are becoming very popular, and justly so. The Dahlia is one of the showiest of all fall flowers, commencing to bloom in July and continuing until frost.

## CACTUS DAHLIAS.

Undoubtedly the finest of all Dahlias. The large flowers are of beautiful cactus form with twisted petals giving great depth to the flowers.

**GENERAL BULLER.** Rich, deep crimson, tip-ped white, very attractive. **Price:** 20c each; 3 for 50c by paid parcels post.

**GENISTA.** Deep amber, shaded gold, one of the very best. **Price** 25c each; 3 for 60c postpaid.

• MARS. Deep orange scarlet, very free blooming. Price: 25c each; 3 for 60c by paid parcel post.

Collarette Dahlia. Maurice Rivorior. Collarette

**PEARL DE LYON.** A pure white exhibition variety of great value. The petals are fringed or nitched. Best bloomer in my garden. 30c each; 3 for 75c. **DREADNAUGHT.** Color is a glowing crimson, deepening to maroon in the center. Very free blooming. **Price:** 30c each; 3 for 75c.

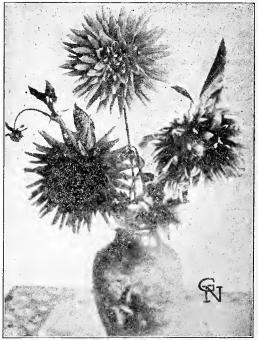
## SHOW AND DECORATIVE DAHLIAS.

While these are not as dainty as the Cactus Dahlias, they bloom rather more freely and make a grand display. QUEEN VICTORIA. Canary yellow, large flowers; very fine. Price: 20c each; 3 for 45c by paid parcels post. JACK BOSE. Deep crimson, very free blooming. Price: 25c each; 3 for 60c by paid parcels post. SYLVIA. White, heavily edged pink, very free bloom-ing. Price: 20c each; 3 for 50c by paid parcel post.

**NORMA.** Bright, clear orange, one of the best extra free bloomers. **Price:** 20c each; 3 for 50c by parcels post.



Norma. Decorative Dahlia.



Cactus Dahlia.

CATHERINE DUER. Large double flowers of fiery red. Price: Each 25c; 3 for 60c by paid parcels post. ROBERT BLOOMFIELD. Pure white, large flowers, very free bloomer. Price: 20c each; 3 for 50c postpaid. CUBAN GLANT. Of the colossal varieties. Flower very large, dark velvety crimson, on long and wiry stems. Plants grow tall. Frice: 25c each; 3 for 60c postpaid. SOUVENIR DE G. DOAZON. This variety is a good com-marison to the "Sunflower." It is the largest Dahla in ex-stence. The color is a pleasing shade of orange red. The flowers are full to the center and often measure 9 inches and over in diameter, and they can be forced to measure over 12 inches. The plant is a very tall vigorous grower, with heavy, dark, glossy green foliage and a remarkable constitution. Should be in every garden. The largest, most showy Dahla in my garden. Price: 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

### COLLARETTE DAHLIA.

MAURICE RIVORIOR. Gorgeous, rich crimson with pure white collar. Price: 25c each; 3 for 65c postpaid.

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## SUMMER BLOOMING BULBS.—(Continued.)

### CANNAS.

The grandest of all bedding plants. Of quick growth and tropical appearance. Throughout the summer they present a mass of gorgeous colors until withered by frost in the fall. I give the heights of the plants right after the name. Cannas need a good deal of water and a liberal dose of liquid manure should be applied from time to time. Never let the bed get weedy or baked hard.

### HOW TO PLANT CANNAS.

I sell dormant roots. These can be started in 4-inch pots in the house in March and then transplanted in the bed in May, after danger of any frost is over. The roots can also be set in the bed in May, after the ground gets warm. Do not set them too deep; the eye should show a little through the ground when done. Plant in good, rich garden soil, mixed with one-half of old rotted stable manure. Set them about 18 inches apart each way. Water sparingly the first two weeks after planting. After plants begin to grow group water blowerly. good, water liberally.

**FLAMBEAU.** 6 feet. I have had them eight feet in my garden. Very vigorous, a strong grower, and exceptionally free bloomer. Flowers are very large, often six inches in diameter; are of a peculiar salmon red or reddish yellow color, with a gold colored nar-row border around the outside of the petals. A bed of about 40 plants in my garden was admired by everybody who saw it. One of the very best Cannas I have seen. I can recommend it to all my custom-ers. I am sure this canna will please you.

Price: 25c each; 10 for \$2.00 by parcels post.

**BURBANK.** About 3 feet. This and the Austria are very much alike. Both are really half way between orchid and truss Cannas. The color is a pure, strong canary yellow with some red spots in throat, a beautiful color. The flower is often four to five inches across and they are profuse bloomers.

Price: Each 15c; 10 for \$1.20 by parcels post.

**LOUISIANA. PENNSYLVANIA.** 5 to 6 feet. Flower a deep, vivid crimson, the darkest and hluest of this class and apt to be the largest, usually six and often seven inches across. These two Cannas are substantially alike, there often being more dif-ference in flowers on one stalk than between different plants.

Price: Each 15c; 10 for \$1.20 by parcels post.

**KING HUMBERT.** 5 feet. Orchid flowering. Its flowers measure six inches in diameter, produced in gigantic trusses, a brilliant orange scarlet with bright red markings; foliage broad and massive, of a rich coppery bronze.

Price: Each 18c; 10 for \$1.50 by parcels post.

**UNCLE SAM.** 4 to 5 feet. Strong grower, leaves are large. Flowers come in immense clusters; are of a very bright scarlet color, and do not turn purple, like some red Cannas. If you want a very glowing red, plant the Uncle Sam.

Price: 20c each; 10 for \$1.80 by parcels post.

MONT BLANC, IMPROVED. 3 feet. In this, the flower is larger, truss larger and color nearer a true white than the old Mont Blanc, though still with touch of cream in shade.

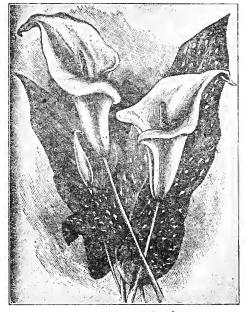
Price: 20c each; 10 for \$1.70 by parcels post.

**OLYMPIC.** 5 feet. Rich oriental red, with center shaded lighter red and dappled carmine. Large individual blossoms that make heads which are simply immense. I tried this Canna for the first time two years ago and used it considerable in making large bouquets. It was one of the best in my collection. **Price:** 50c each; 3 for \$1.25 by parcels post.



A bed of Flambeau Cannas in my garden, with a row of Pennisetum Rueppelianum Ornamental Grass (page 113 in catalog) on the outside. This bed is 12 feet in diameter and took 50 Cannas and 30 Pennisetum. To the left'is a Colorado Blue Spruce 12 feet high. The girl in the picture is our baby (the youngest of our 10 children.)

## SUMMER BLOOMING BULBS.—(Continued.)



Calla, Spotted Leaf.

**FOR A CANNA BED**, 7 feet in diameter. Middle, 3 Louisiana; next row, 6 King Humbert; next row, 12 Burbank. For \$2.50 postpaid. Same bed, but with a row of Pennisetum Rueppelianum, 18 plants, \$4.75 postpaid. This would make a 9 foot bed This would make a 9-foot bed.

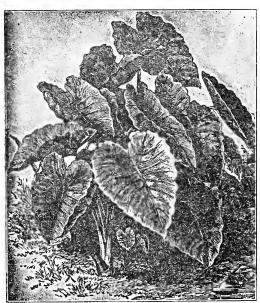
**COLLECTION NO. 2.** Exactly the same as on picture, page 65. 21 Flambeau and 18 Pennisetum Rueppelanium, making a 9-foot bed (not 12 feet) for \$5.50, or 21 Flambeau without the Pennisetum, making a 7-foot bed, for \$3.15.

## CALADIUM.

**ELEPHANT'S EAB.** A splendid tropical appearing plant, usually grow-ing 4 to 5 feet high. Very showy leaves, often growing 3 feet long. Of easy culture. They are used to a great extent for large beds, together with Cannas, also as single specimens or as groups on the lawn. For ob-taining tropical effects in lawn and garden, this beautiful plant takes a prominent place. Will grow in any good garden soil, but to get the best results, they should have plenty of water and good rich soil. When at its best, stands 6 to 7 feet high, with bright green leaves 3 to 4 feet long and 2½ feet wide.

EXTRA LARGE SIZE BULBS. Each 25c; 3 for 60c; 27c each by paid parcel post.

LARGE SIZE BULES. Each 20c; 3 for 40c; 10 for \$1.00; 22c each by paid parcel post. CALLAS.



Caladium,

**CANNAS**.—(Continued.)

**WABASH.** 4 feet. A fine novelty. The bronze-leaved Rosa Gigantea. Flowers are carmine pink and very large. I find this an exceedingly fine bloomer and of an unusual color. **Price:** 25c each; 10 for \$2.20 by parcel post.

**WYOMING.** A beautiful new variety, with rich purplish bronze foliage. Flowers are large as King Humbert, and of good substance; bright orange, slightly rimmed and flaked with rose; 7 feet. 15c each; 10 for \$1.30. **BUEIN.** Very dark bronze foliage, surmounted by shapely trusses of large flowers, intense ruby-red. Makes an ideal bed, planted alone; 2-4 feet high. **Price**: 15c ea.; 10 for \$1.20, **WINTURDED COLORY** 

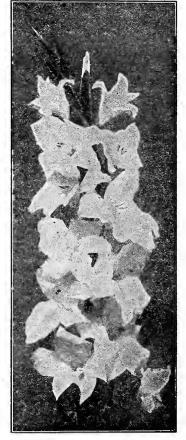
bed, planted alone; 3-4 feet high. Price: 15c ea.; 10 for \$1.20, WINTZER'S COLOSSAL. New. 5 feet. The largest Can-na in commerce today. Bloom simply gigantic. Color, vivid scarlet. Flowers over 8 inches across. It is an improve-ment over all others in the orchid flowering class. With its superior substance, it seems to revel in the hot sunshine with impunity, and promises to give satisfaction in the most tropical sections. For size, color and endurance, Wintzer's Colossal is far ahead of its nearest rival. Price: 40c each; 10 for \$3.50 by parcer post.

**JUANITA.** 4½ feet. Bronzy orange color, with magnifi-cent golden bronze foliage. An exceptionally attractive flow-er of the Lily-Canna varieties. **Price:** 35c each; 3 for 95c; 10 for \$2.80 by paid parcel post.

### HOW TO ARRANGE CANNAS IN A CIRCULAR BED.

Take one to three (I always use 3) of the tallest growing varieties for the center; then six of a smaller variety in the first circle, 12 still smaller in the second circle, and 18 of a dwarf variety in the outer row; or you can use for the out-side row 18 Pennisetum Rueppelianum, as you can see on page 65. A bove all make a 10-foot bed.

Price of Fennisetum Rueppelianum plants: 18c each; 10 for \$1.50.



**SPOTTED L CALLA. Elliotiana.** Leaves dark green white creamy white with creamy whispots; flowers are а spots; flowers are a rich, lustrous golden yellow. The largest of the yellow bloom-ing Callas, almost as large as the white. With a little covering, I keep them our winter in covering, I keep them over winter in my garden. Also a good house plant for

winter blooming. **Price:** For large bulbs, 35c each; 3 for 90c postpaid.

WHITE CALLA I can furnish White Callas in the fall only. Send for Fall Catalog, ready in September.

Gladiolus.

### GLADIOLUS.

GLADIOLUS. The Gladioli is the most attractive of all summer flowering bulbs and deserves a place in every garden, as it is sure to do well with little care. For best results they should have a sunny position and light, sandy soil. Flowers are of almost every desirable color. By cutting the spikes when two or three of the flowers are open and placing them in water, the entire spike will open beautifully. Plant bulbs in April or May for early, and late June for fall blooming. (Gladiolus continued on next page.)

## SUMMER BLOOMING BULBS.—(Continued.)

GLADIOLUS.—(Continued.)

**KUNDEEDI** "GLORY." With "Ruffled Petals." Broadly expend-ed, wide open flowers, paired by twos, all face in the same direc-tion and are carried on straight, stout stalks, fully 3½ feet in height. From 3 to 8 of these handsome flowers are open at one time. Each petal is exquisitely ruffled and fluted. The color is a delicate cream pink, with a most attractive crimson stripe in the center of each lower petal, the shade of which is unique in Glad-ioli. The ruffling of the petals in this new strain has attracted much attention the world over. Frice: 20c each; 10 for \$1.85 by naid narcel post. paid parcel post.

**PRINCEPS.** The \$1,000 Gladioli. Its wonderful size of flower. perfect shape, brilliant coloring, and artistic form of flower spike arc each so notably an improvement over all other varieties that all place it in the front rank. Flowers are 5 to 7 inches broad, petals wide and rounded, forming an almost circular flower. The color is brilliant crimson, carrying mostly three broad, white blotches on the lower petals. Spikes 4 feet in height; produce 12 to 15 flowers. **Price:** 20c each; 10 for \$1.85 by paid parcel post. **AUGUSTA.** A lovely and useful variety, pure white with blue anthers. **Price:** Each, 8c; 10 for 60c by paid parcel post.

**AMERICA.** Conceded to be one of the finest varieties for cut-ting or bedding ever sent out; color a beautiful soft flesh pink; orchid-like in its coloring and texture; growth and habit perfect. **Price**: Each 15c; 10 for \$1.20 by paid parcel post.

**KLONDIKE.** Light yellow, with crimson blotch. A very desirable variety for cut flowers. **Price:** Each 15c; 10 for \$1.20 postpaid. MRS. FRANCIS KING. A striking shade of light scarlet or



Montbretia.

flame color; one of the most effective, both in the border and when cut. **Price:** Each 8c; 10 for 70c.

**GLADIOLI CHILDSII, MIXED, FIRST SIZE.** These outrank most other Gladioli in size of spike, size of flower, vigor, varied and magnificent coloring and freedom of blown. Every color among Gladioli is represented and the form of both flowers and spikes is considered perfect. In the colors, a number of blues, smoky grays and purple-blacks appear, varied with pink, crimson, yellow, etc. **Frice:** 3 for 10c; 35c per doz.; \$3.00 per 100, postpaid.

## TIGRIDIA.

These gorgeous flowers look well associated with Gladioli, Lilies and kindred stock; grow about 1½ ft. high, and flower freely throughout the summer. Flowers come in shades of red, yellow, white and are spotted. They require the same treatment as Gladioli. **Splendid Mixture**, each 7c; doz. 70c.

## MONTBRETIA.

MONIDELIA. One of the brightest and best summer flowering bulbs. Plant in clumps of 6 to 12 in May or June. In larger beds they will also make a splendid showing. They greatly re-semble the Gladioli in growth and produce beautiful spikes of star-shaped flowers in various shades of orange, yellow and red. Hardy, with slight covering over winter, and they will improve in size of flowers when left in the open ground undisturbed year after year. Mixed varieties, 3 for 15c; per dozen, 45c; 100 for \$3.00 by paid parcel post.

Zephyranthes.

### TUBEROSES.

**EXCELSIOR PEARL.** This variety is characterized by its short, robust stem and long spikes of flowers, perfectly double and twice the size of the common Tuberose. Spikes frequently bear 30 to 50 flowers. They are always wax-like and pure white. Large bubbs, each 5c; per dozen, 40c; 100 for \$3.00 by paid parcel post.

### SUMMER HYACINTH.

The flower stems grow 3 to 4 feet high and are loaded with very pretty, drooping bell-shaped flowers of ivory white. The plant will grow well in dry soils. A splendid bulb to plant in the perennial border, as it is hardy and need not be taken up in the fall. Plant in rear of bed on account of its tall growth. Each 7c; doz. 70c by paid parcel post.

### ZEPHYRANTHES.

#### FAIRY LILY OR ZEPHYR FLOWER.

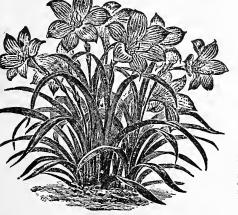
One of the prettiest and most easily grown bulbs; very effective for masses or borders, flowering profusely all sum-mer. Also suitable for pot culture. Put six bulbs in a 6-inch pot in the fall and you can have a fine display during the winter. The plants grow about eight, inches in height. One of the good things in bulbous flowers that is so often overlooked, but deserves to be planted in every garden. Once planted it will always be planted again the next season. **Price:** Each 6c; 10 for 55c by paid parcel post.

### WINTER BLOOMING BULBS

For fall planting, either for house culture or early spring blooming in the garden. I offer a large assortment of choice Holland Eulbs, my own importation, such as Hyacinth, Tu-lips, Narcissus, Crocus, Snowdrops, Scillas, Jonquils, etc. Also have a choice stock of Boman Hyacinths, Freesias, Japanese Lilies, Star of Bethlehem, Chinese Sacred Lilies, etc. Write for Illustrated Price List, ready September 1st.

Enclosed find P. O. money order for \$2.00, for which send seeds as per enclosed order. I send for seeds to you because I want good seeds and feel certain of getting them from you. The seeds received from you some time ago were good. I did not usc much seed last season because of the drought and not enough water to irrigate, but I hope that we will have a better season as far as rain is concerned, so that I can do some fall planting. August 10, 1918. E. M., 4800 Santa Fe Ave, Los Angeles, Cal.





# Parcel Post TREES AND PLANTS BY MAIL Parcel Post

## TREES OF SIZES LARGER THAN QUOTED BELOW CANNOT BE SENT BY MAIL.

I can now send trees and plants of suitable sizes by **Farcel Post**, and they will be delivered right at your door. No need of going to town after them, and I know that they will not cost you more than half as much as if you buy of an agent. I pay postage on all mail packages, when prices are figured as quoted below. The prices here below are for goods delivered at your door.

Trees will be well rooted, sound and healthy, and of 2 to 3 or 3 to 4 feet sizes, so you will know exactly what you will get. Larger trees cannot go by parcel post, as the circumference and length of a package sannot exceed seven feet. Always use prices given below if you wish trees by parcel post.

APPLE TREES.	NECTARINES-All Varieties.
All varieties given in this catalog except Golden	3-5 feet
Winesap, Yahnke and Switzerland.	PERSIMMON.
Per 1 Per 10 Per 100 2-3 feet\$0.17 \$1.60 \$13.50	12-18 inch
<b>3</b> -4 feet	3-4 feet
Golden Winesap:	FIGS.
<b>2-3</b> feet	3-4 feet65c each; 10 for \$5.80
Switzerland:	RUSSIAN MULBERRY.
2-3 feet	Per 100 Per 1000
3-4 feet	8-12 inch\$0.50 \$4.10
2-3 feet	12-18 inch
<b>3-4</b> feet	18-24 inch
Crab Apple—All varieties same as Apple.	
<b>Dwarf Apple</b> . All varieties except Golden Winesap and Switzerland:	AMERICAN MULBERRY—All Varieties. 4-5 feet
Per 1 Per 10 Per 100	
2-3 feet	NUT TREES. Each Per 10
<b>3-4</b> feet	
2-3 feet	" " " 3- 4 ft40 4.00
3-4 feet	Japanese Walnuts
PEAR, STANDARD.	English Walnuts
All varieties, <b>except Rossney:</b> Per 1 Per 10 Per 100	<b>Tranquette Walnuts</b> 12-18 III
2-3 feet\$0.30 \$2.80 \$22.00	Each Per 10 Per 100 Butternuts
<b>3-4</b> feet	18-24 in $12$ 95 725
<b>Bossney:</b> 2-3 feet	Black Walnuts
<b>3-4</b> feet	Pecan, Securings
<b>Dwarf Pear, all varieties:</b> 2-3 feet	Fecan, Stuart, grafted 1½-2ft 1.15 9.40 Common Hazelnuts
2-3 feet	
CHERRY.	DWARF BLUEBERRY. Nice plants25c each; 10 for \$2.05; 100 for \$15.75
All varieties: Per 1 Per 10	
2-3 feet\$0.30 \$2.80 3-4 feet	JUNEBERRY.
COMPASS CHERRY-PLUM.	Strong plants
2-3 feet	ELDER BERRY.
3-4 feet	2 to 3 feet high
ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY.	BUFFALO BERRY.
1-2 feet25c each; 10 for \$2.20	2-3 feet
PLUMS-European and Japanese Varieties.	- GRAPE VINES. Each Per 10
3-4 feet	Beta Black2-yr. No. 1 \$0.63 \$5.70 Caco, Wine Red2-yr. No. 1 .63 5.70
PLUM-Native Varieties.	Caco, Wine Red2-yr. No. 1 .63 5.70 Dakota, Black2-yr. No. 1 .63 5.70
2-3 feet	Concord, Black
IMPROVED GOLD PLUM.	Conocrd, Black
3-4 feet	Agawam, Red2-yr. No. 1 .18 1.60
HANSEN VARIETIES OF PLUMS.	Brighton, Red2 yr. No. 1 .28 2.40 Catawba, Red2 yr. No. 1 .18 1.60
2-3 feet35c each; 10 for \$3.25	Clinton, Black
3-4 feet	Elvira, White2-yr. No. 1 .18 1.60 lves, Black2-yr. No. 1 .18 1.60
2-4 feet	Moore's Early, Black
APRICOTS—All Varieties.	Moore's Liamond, White2-yr. No. 1 .23 2.10
2-3 feet	Niagara, White2-yr. No. 1 .20 1.80 Salem, Red2-yr. No. 1 .21 1.90
3-4 feet40c each; 10 for \$3.70	Pocklington, Golden Yellow2-yr. No. 1 .23 2.00
<b>Apricot Seedlings:</b> 1½-2 feet10c each; 10 for \$0.80	Empire State, White2-yr. No. 1 .28 2.50 Worden, Black2-yr. No. 1 .23 2.00
2-3 feet	Campbell's Early, Black2-yr, No. 1 .33 2.80
3-4 feet20c each; 10 for \$1.60	Green Mountain, White2-yr. No. 1 .43 3.90 Lucile, Red2-yr. No. 1 .33 3.00
PEACH.	Woodruff, Red
All varieties except J. H. Hale. Per 1 Per 10 Per 100	Thompson Seedless, Greenish Yellow2-yr. No. 1 .33 3.00
Per 1 Per 10 Per 100 \$0.23 \$2.10 \$16.00	Malaga
3-4 feet	Sultana2-yr. No. 1 .33 3.00
<b>J. H. Hale:</b> 2-3 feet	· GOOSEBERRY.
<b>3-4</b> feet	Each Per 10
PAW PAW.	Downing2-yr. No. 1 \$0.20 \$1.65 Fearl2-yr. No. 1 .23 2.00
2-3 feet	Houghton2-yr. No. 1 .15 1.25
QUINCE—All Varieties.	Red Jacket         2-yr. No. 1         23         2.05           Oregon Champion         2-yr. No. 1         28         2.20
2-3 feet	Victoria
3-4 feet	Carrie

# PARCEL POST—TREES AND PLANTS BY MAIL—PARCEL POST.

TREES OF SIZES LARGER THAN QUOTED BELOW CANNOT BE SENT BY MAIL.

#### CURRANTS.

Each	Per 10 I	Per 100			
Fay's Prolific, Red2-yr. No. 1 \$0.15	\$1.20*	\$ 9.50			
Wilder, Red2-yr. No. 1 15	1.30	10.00			
Red Dutch, Red2-yr. No. 1 .12		9.00			
White Grape, White.2-yr. No. 1 .17	1.50	11.00			
Cherry, Red2-yr. No. 1 .15	1.20	10.00			
Black Champion, Blk2-yr. No. 1 .15	1.20	10.00			
Perfection, Red2-yr. No. 1 .28	2.40	19.50			
Red Cross, Red2-yr. No. 1 .21	1.80	13.00			
Crandall, Black2-yr. No. 1 .18	1.55	13.00			
BLACKBERRY					

#### Per 10 Per 100 \$0.65 \$ 4.25 .85 5.50 Each . .12 .08 .85 Eldorado .65 4.25..... Sonderegger's Earliest ...... LaGrange 1.40 9.75 .17 .20 1.70 $12.75 \\ 4.25$ .08 $4.25 \\ 4.25$ .08 .65 Erie ..... .08 .65

#### DEWBERRY.

	HIMALAYA BERRY.			
19c each	10 for \$1.65	100	for \$	13.60
	LOGAN BERRY.			

#### 100 for \$18.60 10 for \$2.20

JAPANESE WINE BERRY. 10 for \$1.65

1 ,

19c each

24c each

# 100 for \$13.50

#### RASPBERRY.

	••		
	Each	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	Per 100
Cardinal, Red	\$0.09	\$0.75	\$ 5.00
Miller, Red	.08	.55	
St. Regis, Red	.12	.95	6.50
Carolina Golden, Yellow			
Sunbeam, Red	.12	.95	
Cumberland, Black	.10	.65	4.25
Earhart's Everbearing, Black		1.10	
Herbert, Red	.14	1.25	
Columbian, Red	.09	.75	
Gregg, Black	.10	.65	4.25
Kansas Black, Black	.10	.65	
Cuthbert, Red	.08	.55	3.50
Plum Farmer	.08	.65	4.25

#### STRAWBERRIES.

All varieties, except Everbearing, 25 plants for 30c; 100 for \$1.00; 1000 for \$8.00.

Americus, Superb and Progressive: 5c each; 10 for 30c; 100 for \$2.00; 1000 for \$18.00.

#### RHUBARB.

Both varieties.....13c each; 10 for \$1.10; 100 for \$8.00

ASPARAGUS.

Per 10 Per 100 Per 1000 Both varieties, 2-yr. plants......\$0.20 \$1.30 \$ 9.00

#### HORSE RADISH.

Per 10 Per 100 Per 1000 Good, strong roots.....\$0.25 \$1.70 \$13.00

#### ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.

These are too large to go by parcel post.

190 each 10 101 \$1.05	100 10				50	pareer	post.	
6	FORI	ST T	REE SI	EEDLINGS.	Fach	Dor 10	$D_{0} = 100^{-1}$	Per 1000
Ash, White	8-12	inch	1 vear	seedlings		1 61 10	\$0,60	
<i>n</i> ,							.90	
13 13							1.40	10.00
" American Mountain						.80	6.00	52.00
Black Locust	4- 8	inch.	1 year	seedlings			.45	3.00
22							.55	4.50
27 77 <b>***</b>							.80	
·· ·· ··	18-24	inch,	1 year	seedlings		.25	1.30	
Honey Locust	8-12	inch,	1 year	seedlings			.55	
19 93 Y							.85	7.75
							1.50	
Box Elder						·	.40	
)) )) )) ))							.65	6.00
								7.00
Catalpa Speciosa		inen,	1 year	seedlings			.40	$3.50 \\ 5.50$
				seedlings			.65	$\frac{5.50}{7.50}$
				seedlings		.20	$.90 \\ 1.30$	
Cottonwood	10-24	inch,	1 year	seedings		.20	.35	2.60
	19.18	inch,	1 year	coodlings			.55	4.00
"							.75	
,,	2 3	feet	1 year	seedlings			1.20	
Elm, White	4-8	inch.	1 year	seedlings	• ••••		.45	3.00
	8-12	inch	1 year	seedlings			.60	4.00
n n	12-18	inch.	1 vear	seedlings			.80	
<b>**</b> **	18-24	inch.	1 vear	seedlings		.25	1.30	
Linden, American						.90	7.50	
Maple, Hard or Sugar	12-18	inch,	2 year	seedlings		.60	4.50	
" Soft or Silver	8-12	inch,	1 year	seedlings			.55	4.00
	12-18	inch,	1 year	seedlings			.70	5.50
		men.	I year	seeunngs			1.00	
Mulberry, Russian							.65	5.00
				seedlings			1.10	
••••••		inch,	1 year	seedlings		.25	2.30	
Osage Orange (Bois d'Arc)		inch,	1 year	seedlings			.45	3.00
***		inch,	1 year	seedlings		•••••	.60	4.50
							.85	6.50
Russian Olive		inen,	1 year	seedings	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.30	1.35	10.75
	8-14 19 19	inch,	1 year	seedings		.40	1.80 3.30	16.00
" Red	19 19	inch,	2 year	goodlings		.50 .60	5.30	
Sycamore, American	19-18 19-18	inch,	2 year	seeurings			2.00	
Golden Willow	18-94	inch,	i year	seeuings	03	.50	4.50	
Walnut, Black	8-19	inch	1 vear	seedlings		.20	1.30	
" "	12-18	inch,	1 year	seedlings		.20	2.30	
Carolina Poplar	18-24	inch	1 vear	seedlings		.50	4.50	
Norway Poplar	18-24	inch.	1 vear	seedlings		.65	5.50	
		,				•		

#### FRUIT TREES AND ROSE SEEDLINGS.

	$\mathbf{Each}$	$\operatorname{Per} 10$	Per 100
Apple from French Crab Seed, 1 year No. 1 seedlings	\$0.06	\$0.50	\$3.50
Apple, 1 year No. 2	.05	.40	2.50
Pear, Japanese, No. 1 seedlings	.07	.50	4.00
Peach, 1½ to 2 ½ feet seedlings	.09	.80	5.80
CUTTINGS.			
	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
Golden Willow	8010	\$0.50	\$2.75

Golden Willow	\$0.10	\$0.50	\$3.75
Carolina Poplar	.10	.50	3.75
Norway Poplar	.10	.50	3.75
Silver Poplar	.10	.50	3.75

# PARCEL POST-TREES AND PLANTS BY MAIL-PARCEL POST.

## TREES OF SIZES LARGER THAN QUOTED BELOW CANNOT BE SENT BY MAIL.

## HEDGE PLANTS.

## Russian Olive, Osage, Honey Locust and Russian Mulberry Seedlings, see page 69.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Siberian Pea Tree (Caragana)	\$0.17	\$1.55	\$13.00
Barberry Thunbergi		1.80	13.00
California Privet		.80	5.50
Polish Privet		1.80	13.00
Amoor River Privet	.10	.90	6.70
Spirea Thunbergi		1.80	15.00
Spirea Van Houtti		1.80	15.00

## EVERGREENS.

			1	.Each	Per 10	$\operatorname{Per} 100$
American Arbor Vitae					\$1.00	\$ 7.00
Chinese Arbor Vitae	4-6	inch		.08	.65	4.80
Douglas Fir	6 - 10	inch		.08	.70	4.80
Blue Spruce	3-6	inch		.08	.75	5.30
Black Hill Spruce	4-8	inch		.17	1.40	10.60
Norway Spruce	6 - 10	inch		.07	.55	4.00
Austrian Pine	2-5	inch		.07	.60	3.70
Scotch Pine	2-5	inch		.06	.50	3.10
Jack Pine	6-12	inch		.07	.65	4.50
Red Cedar	3-6	inch		.10	.95	6.50

### FLOWERING SHRUBS.

LTO MERING	, DE	LEOB	<b>b</b> .	Theor	Den 9
Moss Acacia	0_ 0	feet		Each	Per 3 \$ 0.95
Moss Acacia	<u>a</u> -a			\$0.35	
Almond, Double Flowering Pink	5 5			$.35 \\ .65$	.95
Almond, Siberian	4- a a a				1.80
Althea, all varieties except Tree Althea	4 J				.95
Tree Althea, too large by mail					
Amorpha Fruticosa	2- 3 0 0				.95
Aralia Japonica	Z~ 3				.95
Barberry Thunbergi1	8-				.70
Barberry Thunbergi	2-3				.95
Calycanthus	2-3			.40	1.10
Pearl Bush, Exochorda Grandiflora	2-3	feet		.45	1.20
The Everblooming Butterfly Bush	2-3	feet		.40	1.10
Cornus, Siberian Dogwood	z- 3	fcet		.35	.95
Cornus, Florida	2-3	feet		.35	.95
Deutzia Lemoinei	2-3	feet			.95
Deutzia, Pride of Rochester	2-3				.95
Flowering Currant, Yellow	2-3			.30	.85
Fringe Tree, Purple				.35	.95
Fringe Tree, White	2-3			.45	1.20
Forsythia, Golden Bell	2-3				
Forsythia, Golden Ben	$\frac{1}{2}$ - 3			.30	85
Weeping Forsythia	4~ a				.85
Forsythia Spectabilis	2-3			.45	1.20
Globe Flower, Yellow	2-3	feet		.35	.95
Globe Flower, Yellow Globe Flower, White	2-3	feet		.40	1.10
Elder, American	2- 3	feet		.25	.65
Elder, Golden	2-3	feet		.40	1.10
Elder, Variegated	2-3	feet		.40	1.10
Highbuch Cranberry	2- 3	feet		.50	1.40
Bush Honeysuckle, Red Tartarian Bush Honeysuckle, White Tartarian Bush Honeysuckle, Morrowi Honeysuckle, Fragrantissima	2-3	feet		.30	.85
Bush Honeysuckle, White Tartarian	2-3	feet		.30	.85
Bush Honoysuche, Warter at tartarian	2-3			.35	.95
Bush Holleysuckle, Mollowi	2-3		······		
Honeysuckie, Fragrantissina	5 5			.40	1.10
Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora	<u>.</u> 3			.30	.95
Hydrangea, American Everblooming	2-3	reet		.50	1.40
Japanese Quince, Red	2-3	reet		.30	.85
Jananese Quince White	2-3			.35	.95
Lilac. Common Purple	2-3			.30	.85
Lilac, Common White	2-3	feet		.35	.95
Lilac, Common White Lilac, Persian Purple or White	2-3			45	1,20
Lilac in Tree Form	s - 4	feet		.85	2.35
Lilac, Chinese Tree Lilac	2			.85	2.35
Lilac, budded, 4 special varieties	2-3			.50	1.40
Mock Orange or Syringa	2-3		-	.30	.85
Mock Orange or Lemoine	5 2			.30	.85
Mock Orange or Mont Blanc	2 2			.35	.95
Mock Orange of Mont Blanc	2- J				1.20
Oleaster (Eleagnus Longipes)	2 94			.45	
Privet, California	5-24			.10	.25
Privet, California	- 3			.25	.65
Privet, Amoor River12	2-18			.10	.25
Privet, Amoor River	5-24			.17	.45
Polish Privet	2-18			.20	.55
Spirea Van Houtti	2-3	feet		.35	.90
Spirea Prunifolia	2-3			.35	.90
Spirea Thunbergi	2-3			.30	.80
Spirea Anthony Waterer 18	3			.35	.90
Spirea Anthony Waterer	2-3			.30	.85
Spirea Billardi, White Flowers	5_ 2			.35	.85
Spirea Bumalda	2.94			.40	1.10
Spirea Dunialua	> - 4 4				
Spirea Opulifolia	4- ð			.45	1.20
Spirea Wallufi	(- <u>3</u>			.50	1.35
Snowball, Guelder Rose 2	- 3			.40	1.10
Snowball, Japanese	- 3			.55	1.50
Viburnum Lantana	/2 -2			.35	.90
Snow or Waxberry, White Fruited 2	- 3			.40	1.10
Snow or Waxberry, White Fruited	2-3			.30	.85
Sumac, Fern Leaved	2-3			.40	1.10
Rhus Aromatica (Fragrant Sumac)	3 - 24			.55	1.50
Glabra (Smooth Sumac)	2-3			.40	1.10
Glabra (Smooth Sumac)	- 3			.40	1.10
Weigelia, Eva Rathke	. 2	feet		.55	1.50
Weigelia, Rosea	2 2			.35	.95
Pea Tree, Siberian (Caragana)	- 0			.35	1.15
- ou 1100, oborian (ouragana)		reet			1.10

## PARCEL POST-TREES AND PLANTS BY MAIL-PARCEL POST.

#### CLIMBING SHRUBS.

Ea	ch Per 3	Each	Per 3
Akebia\$0.4	45 \$1.10	Wistaria, Chinese Purple\$0.45	\$1.20
Ampelopsis Engelmanii		Wistaria, Alba	1.40
Boston Ivy		Madeira Vine	.20
Virginia Creeper, Woodbine		Trailing Periwinkle	.35
Aristolochia (Dutchman's Pipe)		Dakota Grape	1.45
Bitter Sweet	40 1.00	CLEMATIS.	
Chinese Matrimony Vine	30 .70	Each	Per 3
	25 .55	Ville de Lyon\$0.55	\$1.35
Japanese Kudzu Vine	35 .85	Jackmanii, Blug	1.35
Honeysuckle, Hall's Evergreen Japan	35 .95	Henryi, White	1.35
Honeysuckle, Red Coral	30 .85	Madame Edouard Andre, Crimson	1.35
Trumpet Vine	35 .95	Paniculata, White	1.10
European Trumpet Vine		Duchess of Edinburg, Double White55	1.35

## ROSES.

### HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES.

]	Each	Per 3
Radiance, Rosy Carmine	\$0.55	\$1.55
American Beauty, Red		1.70
Gruss an Teplitz, Red		1.55
Hugh Dickinson, Crimson		1.55
Johnkeer Mock, Pink		1.55
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, Cream	.55	1.55
Killarney, Pink	.60	1.70
Madame Caroline Testout, Pink	.60	1.70
Queen of Colors, Bright Rose	.60	1.70
Maman Cochet, Pink	.55	1.55
Mamam Cochet, White	.55	1.55
Madame Ravary, Orange and Yellow	.60	1.70
Rayon d'Or, Yellow	.65	1.75
Rhea Reid, Crimson	.55	1.55

#### HARDY HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

	Each	Per 3
Cleo, Satiny Blush	.55	1.55
General Jacqueminot, Velvety Crimson	.50	1.40
Paul Neyron, Bright Red	.50	1.40
Prince Camille De Rohan, Velvety		
Crimson	.55	1.55
Snow Queen, White	.60	1.70
Geo. Arends, Pink Snow Queen	.55	1.55
Snow Queen, Scented, White	.65	1.80
Ulrich Brunner, Cherry Red	.50	1.40
Soleil d'Or, Yellow	.65	1.80

#### BABY RAMBLERS.

#### (Dwarf Polyantha Roses.)

	Each	Per 3
Red Baby Rambler	0.50	\$1.40
Baby Dorothy	.55	1.55
Catherine Zeimet	.55	1.55
Baby Tausendschoen	.50	1.40

#### ATTAR ROSE.

		Each	Per 3	
se	Gallica	\$0.80	\$2.20	

#### PERENNIAL PLANTS.

Prices quoted on Perennial Plants are all postpaid.

In the last twenty years I have often bought trees of you. About ten years ago I bought a large as-sortment of apples, pears, cherries and plums, also some of another firm in Missouri. These trees cost three times as much as yours and were not as good. J. F. P., Ellsworth, Kans.

Elisworth, Kans. Will say that all plants I have got from you have all made a wonderful growth; the apples and pears I got from you a couple of years ago by mail are loaded with flowers now. The Compass Cherry I got last year by mail are also in bloom, now nearly white. The trees of the four had a few cherries on last year, but they are late in ripening, which is the only objection. Your cabbage plants seem to be more vigorous than plants from seeds from the Pacific coast. I got some mixtures of seeds from you about three years ago for hog pasture and there is one variety that I would like to get to sow for hay crop. It is simply wonderful, headed in June, about 5 feet tall, and ready to cut. I am not certain of its name, so I will send you some this summer. If you can tell me what it is, I will want some more of it. Thanking you for past favors, I am, Respectfully yours, Left

Ros

A. J., Malin, Ore.

#### MOSS ROSES.

1	⊴ach	Per 3
White Bath, White	0.45	\$1.20
Salet, Light Rose		1.20
Henry Martin, Red		1.20

#### HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.

]	Each	Per 3
Climbing American Beauty	\$0.55	\$1,55
Excelsa	.45	1.20
Baltimore Belle	.40	1.10
Crimson Rambler	.40	1.10
New Everblooming Rambler	.40	1.10
The Blue Rose, Blue	.40	1.10
Dorothy Perkins, Pink	.40	1.10
Dorothy Perkins, White	.40	1.10
Seven Sisters		1.10
Thousand Beauties	.45	1.20
Yellow Rambler		1.10

#### SUMMER ROSES.

F	Each	Per 3
Madame Plantier\$	0.40	\$1.10
Persian Yellow	.50	1.40

#### EVERGREEN MEMORIAL ROSES.

	Eacl	n Per 3
Wichuriana	\$0.40	\$1.10
Sweetheart,	Rosy Pink	1.20

#### MISCELLANEOUS ROSES.

			Each	Per 3
Rosa	Rugosa	Rubra	\$0.45	\$1.20

#### TREE ROSES.

Tree Roses cannot be sent by Parcels Post, as they are very easily broken when put in a mail pouch.

#### SUMMER BLOOMING BULBS.

Prices quoted on Summer Blooming Bulbs are all postpaid.

This is the second season that I have goods from you, and the enclosed order is the second one I have sent you this season. It gives me pleasure to say that all goods you have shipped to me have proven bet-ter than I expected at the price, owing to the care-ful way you packed them. It is a genuine satisfac-tion to open a package from your house. For the past two seasons I have also ordered trees from a South Dakota nursery, and both times I have been disappointed both in quality of trees and in service, from new on you can count on me as a booster for Sonderegger. W. D. J., 5-3-16. Douglas, Wyo.

I must thank you for sending me such good nurs-ery stock this spring. I am very grateful to you people for sending me such well rooted, live trees. I bought a few trees from a South Dakota nursery at the same time. Big tops, no roots. All were planted same as yours. Exactly three-fourths of them died, as trees without roots cannot live. I also got some small fruits from an Iowa firm, in-cluding rose bushes; they were dead upon arrival. Planted with care, without results. You may send me your next catalog when issued and expect all of my orders next time. E. Y. R., 6-8-14. Salem, S. D.

# SEED DEPARTMENT

This Department is under the management of my sons, Ernest and Arthur Sonderegger, who have been raised in my seed business, and both have worked in large Seed Establishments in Europe. All orders entrusted to us will be conscientiously and promptly filled and dispatched. On the following pages I list the standard varieties, also newer sorts of merit, in **Vegetable**, Flower and Farm Seeds. All varieties are reliable and have my recommendation, and I describe them as near true as

is possible.

**ORDER YOUR SEEDS EARLY.** All Vegetable and Flower Seeds, also Seed Corn, are rather scarce this year and while in most varieties we have a large stock on hand. I would advise all my customers to order early; the demand for good seeds with good germination will be unusually large. I want to supply all my customers, and can do it if you will just send me your orders early.

I will be prepared to fill seed orders when this catalog reaches you, and I will be greatly obliged to my customers if they would order early to avoid the rush, which always comes late in the spring. Send in your combined orders of trees, seeds and plants, and I will send seeds at once and trees and plants when time for planting comes in your locality. You will find two places on the order sheet in my catalog, one for trees and plants, and one for seeds. You will help me very much and there will be less delay in filling orders, if you will use spaces as indicated.

My seeds are not grown on a basis of cheapness, but of quality, yet I aim to quote every item at reason-able prices, being satisfied with a small percentage of profit. It takes great care, costs much time and money to produce my Selected Stock of Seeds-such seeds cannot be sold cheaply. I do not handle cheap seeds, and I guarantee all seeds which I carry in stock to comply with the laws of Nebraska in regard to purity and germination.

This catalog is intended to appeal to those seed buyers who want first-class stock at lowest prices consist-it with such stock, buyers who can appreciate honest descriptions and illustrations, and who expect to receive seed just as represented.

**PRICES.** As all kinds of good seeds are rather scarce, naturally prices rule higher than usual. I have made them as low as possible and assure my customers that I am in no way taking advantage of them.

SEEDS BY PARCEL POST. I deliver postpaid by parcel post or express any seeds offered in my catalog "By Paid Parcel Post."

**NOTICE.** Seeds are now included in the parcel post system. As I am located I can deliver packages by parcel post much cheaper than any Eastern Seed House. As I am located in the center of the U.S.,

The new parcel post rates are much cheaper than the old rate of 8 cents per lb. The weight of packages for local and first, second and third zones has also been increased from 11 lbs. to 70 lbs., and for fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth zones has been increased to 50 lbs. In this way, much larger packages at a much less cost can be delivered free at your door. It will also save you many trips to the express or freight office.

**FOREIGN ORDERS.** To my customers in Australia, New Zealand, Mexico and other countries, I will ship Vegetable and Flower Seeds in packets, ounces and pounds, at mailing prices, provided the order amounts to \$1.00 or more. For all Canada orders by mail, the amount of 8 cents per pound must be added to my postpaid prices.

SEEDS BY EXPRESS OR FREIGHT means that I will deliver them to Express or Railroads here, and the purchaser pays all transportation charges on receipt of goods. I send \$10.00 orders of trees and plants freight prepaid, but cannot do so on seeds, except in packets, ounces and pounds at mailing price.

**MARKET GARDENERS'** trade is especially invited. I can please you, and all I ask is to give me a trial. Special Wholesale Price List for Market Gardeners is sent free to all who buy bulk seeds in large quantities.

**GUARANTEE ON SEEDS.** While I exercise the greatest dilgence and care to have all my seeds true to label and of best quality, I wish it understood that I give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter, of any seeds I send out, and will not in any way be responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are to be returned at once. Subject to above conditions, I make sales at the very moderate prices at which I sell my goods.

SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBR.

#### SONDEREGGER'S VEGETABLE COLLECTION. \$1.25\$1.25

A collection which I plant in my Garden, with the exception of Beebe's Tomato. My seed crop of this variety is very short, so cannot put it in this collection.

Beans, Burpec's New Stringless. Beans, Sonderegger's Improved Black Wax. Pole Beans, Old Homestead or Kentucky Wonder. Beets, Sonderegger's early Blood Turnip. Cabbage, Sonderegger's Improved Danish Ballhead. Chinese or Celery Cabbage. Carrot, Sonderegger's Improved Half Long. Sweet Corn, Sonderegger's Golden.

Cucumber, Improved Long Green. Lettuce, Sonderegger's Extra Early Head. Onion, Sonderegger's Prizetaker. Onion, Large Red Wethersfield. Peas, Alaska. Pumpkin, Large Sweet Cheese. Radish, Sonderegger's Icicle. Tomato, Earliana. Turnip, Purple Top White Globe.

THESE 17 PACKAGES WILL BE SENT BY MAIL TO ANY ADDRESS IN THE U.S. FOR ONLY \$1.25. REGULAR PRICE WOULD BE \$1.75.

SMALL CITY GARDEN COLLECTION. 50c 50c TEN VARIETIES, ALL GOOD RELIABLE SORTS, ONE PACKET OF EACH FOR ONLY 50c. REGULAR PRICE WOULD BE 77c.

Beans, Burpee's New Stringless. Beans, Longfellow Stringless. Beet, Early Blood Turnip. Carrot, Danver's Half Long. Lettuce, Early Curled Simpson.

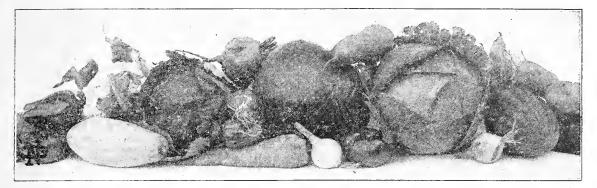
Onion, Yellow Globe Danvers. Peas, Alaska. Peas, Surprise. Radish, Early Scarlet Globe. Turnip, Purple Top Strap Leaved.

NOTICE .--- All Collections are put up before the rush of the season and cannot be changed.

## PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

I WILL FILL ORDERS of Vegetable Seeds in larger quantities, also of Potatoes and Field Seeds of all kinds, at PRICES QUOTED IN MY CATALOG UNTIL MARCH 1st. After that date prices will be subject to change; there is a great probability that all prices will advance a good deal before the spring trade is over. Order early, or after March 1st, please write me for prices if seeds are desired in large quantities.

72



# VEGETABLE SEEDS.

Every effort possible is used in the selection of my seeds, and I feel justified in saying that all my seeds are the purest and best to be had. The packages are, I believe, better filled than most seedsmen send out, while my prices are as low as those of any other reliable firm. Good seeds are scarce, and prices are a little higher on some items.

## ASPARAGUS.

In early spring sow seed, after soaking it 24 hours in warm water, in drills one foot apart and one inch deep. During the summer keep the soil mellow and free from weeds, thinning the plants to 4 inches apart. The following spring transplant them into permanent beds that have been deeply dug and highly manured. One ounce of seed to 50 feet of drill; 5 lbs. to the acre to the acre.

A100. EARLY GIANT ARGENTEUIL. The earliest large green sort. Best for gardeners. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.20 postpaid.

**Al02. CONOVER'S COLOSSAL.** A mammoth green sort of the best quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.00 postpaid. **Al04. PALMETTO.** An early green sort, prolific and very desirable. Is fast becoming the favorite everywhere. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 postpaid.

Alo6. COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. This variety is in great de-mand because it furnishes white shoots. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00 postpaid.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS. See page 26.

## BORECOLE OR KALE.

The best plant for furnishing "greens." The greens are for fall, winter and spring use. Sow seed about the middle of June and later transplant to rows 2½ to 3 feet apart. The dwarf sorts may be sown later. Frost improves the quality. One ounce will produce 2,000 plants.

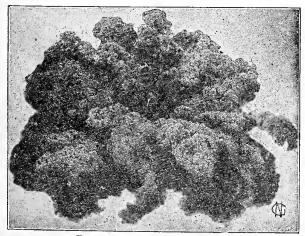
Allo. DWARF GREEN CURLED. Hardier than cabbage, leaves very tender, finest flavor. Immense quantities are grown in the South and shipped to Northern markets. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c postpaid.

**All2. DWARF PURPLE CURLED.** A variety of the preceding and identical with it, except in color, which is a beautiful deep purple. Pkt. 8c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 65c postpaid.

All4. TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. This is one of the most popular varieties. It is very hardy and is much improved by frost. Grows 2 feet high. Pkt. &c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c postpaid.

## BROCCOLI.

Sow seed in Central West early in May, transplant in June. Growth and habit like cauliflower, but far more hardy. Of special value in the North On e o un ce



Borecole, Dwarf Green Curled.

produces 2500 plants.

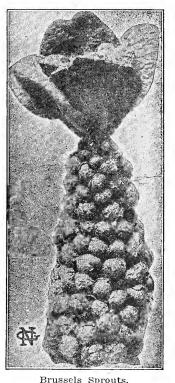
**All6. LARGE WHITE.** (150 days.) Large white heads. Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.75 post-Large paid.

## BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

A very good vegetable for winter use, produc-A very good vegetable for winter use, produc-ing an abundance of sprouts resembling small cabbages. They are of excellent, mild flavor, can be cooked same as cabbage; are much improved by slight frost. When the heads begin to crowd, the lower leaves should be cut from the stem of the plant to give them plenty of room. By sow-ing in April and planting out in June or July, it may be had in fine condition until December, and in the South from November to March. I have tried growing them here, but our Nebraska cli-mate seems to be a little too dry and hot for best results. best results.

**A118. IMPROVED DWARF.** Of dwarf habit, a healthy grower, finest quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 70c.

The seed ordered from you last year grew fine and we are well pleased with them. F. E. G., February 25, 1918. Lenora, Kans.



SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.

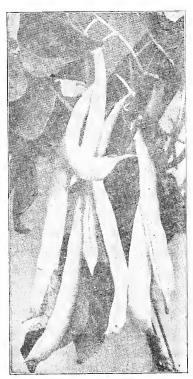


BEANS.

DWARF OR BUSH BEANS.

DWARF OR BUSH BEANS. Plant in drills 1½ inches deep and drop the beans 3 inches apart in the drills. The rows should be 2 to 3 feet apart. Beans are sensitive to both cold and wet, and cannot be planted until danger of frost is past and the ground has become dry and warm. A sandy loam is best. Up to the time of blossoming the plants should have frequent, shallow cultivation. For succession plant every two weeks. 1½ bls. will plant 100 feet of drill, 90 lbs. per acre. Deduct 8c from pound price if to be sent with other goods at your expense.

## DWARF GREEN POD VARIETIES.



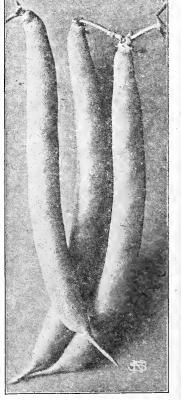
(Page 75.) Improved Golden Wax.

A128. EARLY YE LLOW SIX WEEKS. (42 days.) Very early and a good yielder. Grows erect and bushy, producing edible pods 30 days after germination. The pods are long, flat and straight. A standard sort and excellent snap bean. Very popular among market gardeners. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 3 lbs. \$1.15 post-paid. Not prepaid, lb. 35c.

paid. Not prepaid, lb. 35c. A130. IMPROVED BED VALEN-TINE. (13 days.) Grows robust and vigorous, producing the round, curved pods very abundantly. The pods are remarkably fleshy and very tender, and remain on the plant a long time without becoming hard. Excellent in quality and uniformity of ripening; nearly the whole crop can be taken off at one picking. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.25 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 35c. A132. EARLY EEFURT BEOAD

A132. EARLY ERFURT BROAD BEAN. An improvement of the old English broad or Windsor Bean. The plant is of robust and upright growth, plant is of robust and upright growth, entirely different from any other bean. Pods are very long, broad and filled with 5 to 9 beans of extra large size and of most delicate flavor. The beans are used shelled and are super-ior in quality to Lima Beans. Can be planted early, as they are quite hardy. Pkt. 10c; ¼ 1b. 20c; 1b. 60c; 3 1bs. \$1.60 postpaid.

A136. BOSTON PEA BEAN. An improvement over the old Navy Beans. A very prolific field bean, and largely grown in all sections where field beans are grown in a commercial way, for winter use. Yields best on poor soil. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 3 lbs. \$1.10 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 35c.



Fordhook Favorite, grown in my garden.

## BEANS.—(Continued.)

## DWARF GREEN POD VARIETIES.--(Cont'd.)

WHITE TEPARY. A drouth-resisting bean, raised by A134. the Indians of Arizona. The beans are white in color, similar to the White Navy but smaller and far more productive. They are used as a shell bean, cook well and are of a delicious flavor. It is a variety that produces wonderful crops with less moisture It is a variety that produces wonderful crops with less moisture than any other bean. I have tried this bean the past two sea-sons with good results. I find they do best on poor soil. Be sure to try at least a small amount of them in your garden this year. Pkt. 5c; 4 lb. 10c; lb. 30c; 3 lbs. 85c postpaid; 10 lbs. \$2.50; 25 lbs. \$6.00, not prepaid.

## DWARF WAX POD VARIETIES.

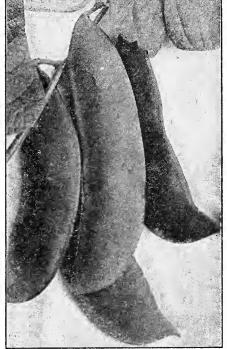
SONDEREGGER'S MAMMOTH WAX. Total crop fail-A138. ure. Cannot supply this season.

A140. SONDEREGGER'S IMPROVED BLACK WAX. (40)days.) I think this is one of the best wax beans for early planting. It is an improved variety of the old Black Wax which everyone is familiar with. The bushes grow 12 to 14 inches tall, are well familiar with. The bushes grow 12 to 14 inches tall, are well filled with pods, and are more rust-resisting than any other va-riety I have tried out. The pods grow 5½ to 6 inches long, straight, flat and are of bright yellow color which makes them very attractive for home use and market. They are grown more by market gardeners in the South because of their earliness and hardiness. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 45c.

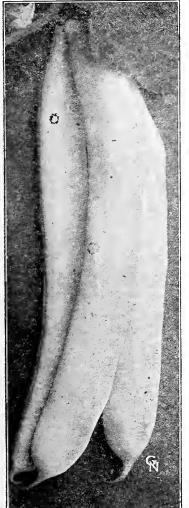
Act preparation for the second end of the second

a good second early vari-ety. Crop short this sea-son and can supply in packets only. Pkt. 15c.

A144. IMPROVED GOL-DEN WAX. (40 days.) The standard variety of wax beans, well known and largely planted by



Henderson's Bush Lima.



Wardwell's Kidney Wax. I grow them for second early.

Wax beans, were and the by market gardeners every-where. I planted them twenty years ago when I was on a farm, with the best of success. They are still much better than many of the newer varieties. Pods are 4½ to 5 inches long, brittle, entirely stringless and of a beautiful rich golden wax color. As a snap bean it excels most new varieties in tenderness and rich, buttery flavor. It is a very prolific yielder. Seeds are white, mottled brown and purple. Pkt. 8c: 14 lb. 15c; lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.40 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 43c.
A146. MICHIGAN WHITE WAX or WHITE SEEDED GOLDEN WAX. (40 days.) This variety is very similar to the Golden Wax in growth and productiveness. The pods are 4½ to 5 inches long, oval in form, broad, meaty, stringless and are of a light golden yellow color. The beans are white and of excellent quality as a shell bean for winter use. Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.40 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 43c.

1b. 43c.
A148. BLACK WAX. Well known in many localities as Butter Beans." A very superior snap bean, ripening among the first earliest and almost as well suited for late planting. It is a sturdy grower and yields well. Pods are round, yellowish-white, tender and of fine flavor. Continues in bearing a long time. Seeds are glossy black. Pkt. 8c; ¼
1b. 15c; lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.35 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 40c.
A150. DAVIS WHITE KIDNEY WAX. One of the leading wax beans and immensely productive, bearing many clusters of handsome pods. The pods are straight and clear waxy white, 5 to 6 inches long. In quality they are tender, crisp and of good flavor. One of the best wax beans for canning purposes as it does not discolor. Pkt. 8c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.55 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 45c.
A152. WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX. (48 days.) A second early

**A152. WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX.** (48 days.) A second early prolific wax bean. Hardy and productive. Pods large, flat, 5½ to 6 inches long, of a delicate waxy yellow and very brittle. Seed white, mottled brown around the eye. A favorite with market gardeners and one of the best kinds for a main crop and field planting. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 45c.

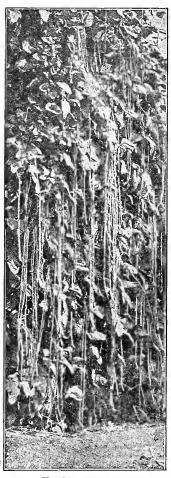
### BUSH LIMA BEANS.

Select land especially warm, rich and well supplied with vegetable fiber or humus. Plant as soon as the soil has become warm in the spring. Make rows 2 feet apart and give to each plant 10 inches space in the row. Lima beans should be grown more, especially in the South-ern states, where the seasons are long and hot. Many people prefer them to kidney beans, both green and dried for winter use. If you have a surplus of the dry beans they can always be sold to your grocer at a good price, as they are always in demand. I have selected three old standard varieties which I know are good and I can recommend them. A154. **HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA**. (55 days). The earliest of the

A154. HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA. (55 days.) The earliest of the Bush Limas. A good bearer. Beans are small and of finest quality. Best variety for the North. Pkt. 8c; 14 lb. 15c; lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50 post-postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 45c.

A156. BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA. (60 days.) Second early variety of fine quality. Beans large. Pkt. Sc; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50 post-paid. Not prepaid, lb. 45c.

**A158.** DEEER'S BUSH LIMA. (67 days.) The latest of the Bush Limas. Are a good yielder and of excellent quality. Will not mature north of southern Nebraska. Pkt. 8c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 15c; lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 45c.



Yard Long Bean.

A174. LARGE WHITE LIMA OR BUTTER. (90 days.) Productive, large, flat pods, rich and of finest flavor. The dry beans are white. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.25 postpaid. Not preprid. In 28c Not prepaid, lb. 38c.

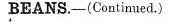
• A176. SCARLET RUNNER. Grown extensively for ornamental pur-poses, as flowers are of a most brilliant scarlet and borne in profusion. Beans are broad and flat, and of fine flavor when cooked. A hardy, vigor-ous grower. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c postpaid.

I am thanking you for the onion seed, I have planted from your house four years, and they never have failed yet to come up. Several of my neighbors bought seed from the stores and planted three times and then never raised any onions last summer. I can't praise Sonderegger's seeds too much. Lydia C. W. Locust Grove, Okla.

Sonderegger Nurseries & Seed House. We don't raise much fruit here, but garden for the market under irrigation.

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I will say I am well pleased with the Beebe's Early Prolific Tomatoes. They are the best I ever raised out here in New Mexico. This is a dry country, but the **Beebe's Tomatoes** stand **dry weath-er** better than any other kind. Mrs. Tillie L., Dedmon, New Mex. Feb. 18, 1918.



## POLE OR RUNNER BEANS.

Set poles 4 feet apart each way, and plant 4 to 6 beans about an inch deep around each pole. Thin out to three plants to a pole. If the soil is rich; pinch off the plants when they overrun the top of the poles.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. will plant about 100 hills.

A160. SONDEREGGER'S WHITE SEEDED GREEN POD. (65 days.) A continuous bearer and almost rust-proof. The round pods, borne in clusters, average 6 to 8 inches in length, are uniformly straight, stringless, of a dark green color, very tender and of a delicious flavor. It is earlier than Kentucky Wonder and covers a longer season of productiveness. The dry beans are pure white and can be used as a shell bean. They do well in Nebraska and the South. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 65c; 3 lbs. \$1.50 post-neid. Not preneid lb 50c. paid. Not prepaid, 1b. 50c.

paid. Not prepaid, 1b. 50c. **A162. OLD HOMESTEAD OR KENTUCKY WONDER.** (65 days.) This old variety is well known to everyone. It is still one of the best Pole Beans. Vine vigorous, very productive, bearing its pods in clusters; pods green, very long, often reaching nine or ten inches, nearly round and very crisp. Ten days earlier than any other green-podded pole bean. Good market sort. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.20 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 40c. **A164. KENTUCKY WONDER WAX.** (60 days.) Very similar to the well-known Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead, except the pods, which are of a light waxy yellow color. They are very long, broad, tender, string-less and of a delicious flavor. The plants make a quick, healthy growth and bear when only a few feet high, till frost in the fall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.25 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 40c. **A166, GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX.** (60 days.) It bears profusely its

Ale6. GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX. (60 days.) It bears profusely its long, golden pods in clusters of three to six, from the middle of July until cut by frost. Pods are 6 to 7 inches long and about an inch in width. They are fleshy, absolutely stringless and very brittle, while their flavor is de-licious. Pkt. 10c;  $\frac{4}{10}$  lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.25 postpaid. Not prepaid, 1b. 40c.

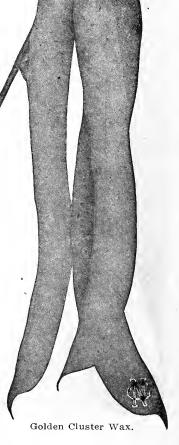
**A168. LAZY WIFE.** (70 days.) A late variety and should not be planted too far north. As its name indicates, a handful of pods at a single grab. The pods are broad, thick, very fleshy and entirely stringless, and possess a rich, buttery flavor when cooked. Dry beans are white. Pkt. 7c; 34 lb. 15c; th. 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.25 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 40c.

Alfo, YARD LONG. A great curiosity and of excellent quality. Pods usually 18 to 25 inches, but frequently 30 inches in length. An excellent table vegetable, being ten-der and of a rich asparagus flavor. They are not a profitable bean to grow for the market. Dry beans are kidney shaped, of dark brown color and vines keep on bearing for a long time. Pkt. 15c; 3 for 40c.

PRI. 15c; 3 for 40c. A172. EXTRA EARLY JERSEY LIMA. Matures 70 days from germina-tion. This variety is earlier than the Large White Lina. Pods contain three and four large beans each. Splendid quality. Good market sort. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.25 postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 38c.

January 9, 1918. The seeds we received from you two years ago were very satisfactory. My wife was just remind-ing me a short time ago, that the best garden we ever raised was when we got our seeds from the

George D. George D., McAllaster, Kan. Oct. 17, 1917.





Swiss Chard. (Page 77.)

## BEETS.

Everyone should plant more beets. They are one of the best vege-tables. At least two plantings should be made, one early for summer use and the second July 10th to 20th. Planting at this time, they get plenty large for winter use and are much more tender than the early spring planting, as the latter usually get a little tough and woody by fall, especially in dry weather. The July planting is best for can-ning. For best results this should be done when beets are about as large as green walnuts, about September, when it is not so hot. Vege-tables canned at this time will also keep much better than the early canning. For vegetables my wife likes the cold pack method best. In this way we can have fresh vegetables summer or winter the year round. The canning is simple and easy and your vegetables are sure to keep. If you wish any information about canning, kindly write U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for Farmer's Bulletin No. 839, English only. No. 839, English only.

The say, bightsh only. The soil for beets should be rather light and well enriched. Sow in drills one foot apart and one inch deep, as early as the ground can be worked, continue for a succession as late as the middle of July; when the plants are large enough thin out to stand six inches apart in rows. One ounce to 50 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds to the acre in drills.

A178. SONDEREGGER'S EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. (50 days.) A178, SONDEREGGER'S EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. (50 days.) This splendid beet is an improved strain of the old standard variety of Early Blood Turnip. It is nearly as early as the Extra Early Egyptian, and greatly surpasses that variety in quality and flavor. It is free from fibrous roots, being always smooth. The roots are of a dark red color, very solid, and remain crisp and tender for a long time. Also one of the best varieties for early spring and summer use, I grow them in my garden and have always had good success with them, especially when planted July 15th. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.90. Al80. CEOSEY'S EGYPTIAN. (40 days.) Exputian. I plant them for first early The p

**A180. CEOSEY'S EGYPTIAN.** (40 days.) An improved strain of the early Egyptian. I plant them for first early. The roots are of perfect shape when small, making a good beet for bunching. Uniform in size and shape, small tops and tap root. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.70 postpaid.

**A182. CRIMSON GLOBE.** (42 days.) An extra early variety of medium size and globe shaped. Entirely free from rootlets, very smooth and of a rich, deep red color. Flesh is of the finest quality, sweet and tender. Foliage is small and of a bronze-purple color. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 50c; lb. \$1.70 postpaid.

A184. EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. (45 days.) Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.90 postpaid. Very early; excellent for family use,

A186. DEWING'S EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. (45 days.) Excellent for late planting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.90 postpaid.
A188. HALF'LONG BLOOD. (60 days.) Roots thick and smooth; flesh rich, dark red, crisp, tender and sweet. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.90 postpaid.
A190. LONG BLOOD RED. (65 days.) Matures rather late, but is of fine quality and an excellent keeper; resists drought better than any other variety. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.75.

**A192.** SWISS CHARD OR SILVER BEET. Ready to use 28 days from germina-tion. Should be grown more. It produces an abundance of greens from early spring until cut by frost. Of superior quality to spinach and ordinary beet greens. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.75.

## MANGEL WURZEL.

IMANGEL WUKZEL. Every farmer and every one who raises chickens should plant a small patch of ground to Mangels. They will yield more tons of feed per acre and at less expense than any other crop. During the winter, when there is no green feed to be had, Mangels are a very good substitute. When fed to cows, they will increase the milk production a large percent. As green feed for chickens there is nothing better; they keep your has healthy and help to make them lay during the winter months when the prices of eggs are high. Mangels are very easily

Mangels are very easily grown and are a sure crop.

They are very valuable for feeding, and will keep your stock healthy and free from diseases. Sow in April or May in drills three feet apart and thin out to 10 inches in the row. 5 to 6 pounds of seed per acre.

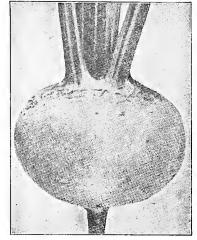
And S Imperial. (P. 78.) A194. DANISH SLUDSTRUP. (90 days.) This is considered the best of all Mangels, having been awarded a first class certificate. Its color is reddish yellow and very hardy, grows well above the ground and is easily harvested. It contains a larger per cent of nutriment than other sorts. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 30c; lb. 95c.

A196. GIANT ECKENDORF. (90 days.) The most popular Mangel in Europe, and has also given excellent results in this country. The roots are very large, of smooth, cylindrical shape, and weigh from 15 to 25 lbs. each. The flesh is firm and solid, of white color and its highly nutritive value makes it the best Mangel for feeding stock. Pkt. 10c. Crop failure; hope to be able to list this variety again next season.

A198. GIANT HALF SUGAE. (85 days.) The roots of this new Mangel are more valuable than the best strain of sugar beets. They are not only of better quality, but will yield more than twice as much. The roots grow partly out of the ground, which makes digging very easy. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.20 postpaid; 5 lbs. by express, not prepaid, \$4.75.

**A200. MAMMOTH LONG RED.** (110 days.) Largest of all Man-gels, valuable for stock. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10 post-paid; 5 lbs. per express, not prepaid, \$5.00.

(Sugar Beets on next page.)



Crosby's Egyptian.



Lane's Imperial. (P. 78.)

Danish Sludstrup Mangel.

## SUGAR BEETS.

Sugar Beets are grown on a large scale throughout the West. The government says every farmer should plant a small patch of Sugar Beets and make their own syrup. The beets are easily grown, the syrup easily made, and is of the finest quality. When planted for Beet Sugar factories, 12 to 20 pounds per acre is the usual quantity. For stock feeding the Sugar Beets are superior to the Mangels. My seed is grown by the foremost growers in Europe, who have made the growing of Sugar Beets their speciality for many years. I list only three of the very best varieties, which do well throughout the country. Write for prices on large or-ders. ders.

A202. KLEIN WANZLEBEN. (75 days.) This variety has proved to be a very valuable sort. It has a rather long, slender root, very rich in sugar, and it has claimed to yield under average conditions about 16 tons to the acre contain-ing 12 to 13 per cent of sugar. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10 postpaid; 5 lbs. \$4.75, not prepaid.

**A204. FRENCH RED TOP.** (80 days.) A large yielder with an exceedingly rich flesh, making it the best kind for cattle feeding. Roots above medium size, long top shaped; flesh fine grained and very sweet. Pkt, 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10 postpaid; 5 lbs. \$4.75 not prepaid.

**A206.** LANE'S IMPERIAL. (80 days.) Grows to a large size, will yield almost as much in bulk as the best Mangels, and contains a large per cent of sugar. The roots are smooth, broad at the shoulder and gradually taper to the base. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10 postpaid; 5 lbs. \$4.75, not prepaid.

## CURLED CHERVIL.

**A208.** The leaves are used in flavoring soups and salads and for garnishing. More beautiful than parsley. Of dwarf growth, with finely curled leaves. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. Cultivate same as parsley. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; V. th. Concerned and the same as parsley. 1/4 lb. 65c postpaid.

## CHICORY.

**A210.** The leaves are used as salad; roots are used to mix with or be substituted for coffee. Cultivate same as parsnips. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50. snips.

### CHUFAS.

A212. EARTH ALMOND. Small ground nut greatly liked

by children. In sweetness and flavor they resemble cocoa-nut or almond and are nice to put on the table with candies, as an after-dinner relish. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c.

A214. GEORGIA MAMMOTH. A form of cabbage extensively grown in the South for greens. They form large open heads. It is improved by slight freezing. Give the same cultivation as cabbage. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c.

#### CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS.

A216. LARGE LEAVED. This small salad is used during the winter and spring months as a substitute for lettuce and is cooked and used like spinach. Sow seed in shallow drills one foot apart during August or September or early in the spring. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.

## CRESS OR PEPPER GRASS.

Cress should be sown in a sheltered spot in shallow drills. Sow seed thickly, Ready for use in a month. For continued use, sow every few weeks.

A218. CURLED GARDEN, Much used with lettuce, to the flavor of which its warm, pungent taste makes a most agreeable addition. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c.

A220. TRUE WATER CRESS. The pleasant and peculiar flavor of the water cress causes it to be highly esteemed for table use. Will grow along margins of streams, creeks and ponds. Pkt. 20c; oz. 60c; ¼ lb. \$2. 25 postpaid.

### CHINESE CABBAGE. CELERY CABBAGE.

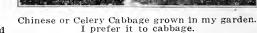
**A222.** This delicious vegetable should be more generally used. It is more easily grown than the ordinary cabbage, and when boiled with meat, it is much better than either cabbage or turnips. As a salad or cold slaw it is excellent. Every home garden should have a plot of Chinese Cabbage. From seed sown the first week in July and plants transplanted about three weeks later, I had excellent success with this cabbage. Some of the heads were 18 inches in circumference and 12 to 15 inches long. They were solid and of fine quality, Seeds should be sown in July and plants transplanted. If sown too early the heads will go to seed. A few light frosts do not injure Chinese Cabbage. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

Please send this list of seeds to J. W. Lowe, Chefoo, China. your seeds and like them very much. March 6, 1918. They have used W. R., Gallatin, Mo.

I have been very well pleased with your seeds. I like them better than any others I ever tried. Mr. F. Q., March 14, 1918. Beaver Crossing, Neb.

March 14, 1918. Our **Shrock** that we raised last season was great. We got a 10-lb, bag or **seed** from you and last fall threshed 115 bushels, with a fine lot of fodder left E. R. C. Holly, Colo.

COLLARDS.







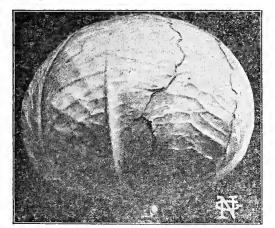


Giant Half Sugar Mangel. I find them best for all kinds of soil. (Page 77.)

## CABBAGE.

CABBAGE. Cabbage seed is very scarce and high priced this season, in fact, the highest I have ever seen it. This will make fresh cabbage very high next sum-mer. Everyone who has a garden should raise a few heads of early and late cabbage. It is easily grown and does well in most all localities. If your cabbage heads, early or late, begin to crack open, they should be gathered and used at once. Can them, using the "Cold Pack" method, or make them into Sour-Kraut. The past season my early cabbage began to crack, but I did not let it spoil. What we could not use fresh was canned and the balance I made into kraut the latter part of July. After it was well soured it was heated and canned and it was fine as long as it lasted. If the green worms bother your cabbage, sprinkle it with Slug Shot or Bug Death. I prefer the Bug Death, as it is not a poison, but it sure gets the worms. Denmark produces the best cabbage seed. I had a shipment from there which came in too late for last season. The seed is still good and of much better quality than American grown seed. For early summer use sow in hotbed in February or March. Before transplanting to open ground, the plants should be hardened off by exposing them gradually to the night air. For winter use, sow in the open ground in May or June. When 5 or 6

the plants should be hardened off by exposing them gradually to the night air. For winter use, sow in the open ground in May or June. When 5 or 6 inches high transplant in rows two feet apart one way and 12 to 18 inches the other, according to the variety, burying to the first leaf, whatever the stem length. Hoe frequently, drawing the earth up about the plants until they begin to head. Re-quires a rich, deep soil. One ounce will produce 3,000 plants.



Sonderegger's Summer Ballhead has proven to be one of the best all around sorts raised in my own garden.



Early Jersey Wakefield.

**A224. EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.** The most profitable early cabbage crops are the early varieties. For this I can recommend the Early Jersey Wakefield, an old standard variety, and I have found it to be one of the best on the market for early use, both for family and market. The heads are conical in shape, with blunt point. I plant them for early and usually have nice heads by July 1st. Ready for use in 70 to 75 days from germination. Pkt. 20c; oz. 75c.

germination. Pkt. 20c; oz. 75c.
A226, EARLY COPENHAGEN MARKET. (80 days.) Anyone wishing a good early round-headed cabbage can make no mistake by planting this variety. For a main early crop, I prefer it to Early Jersey Wakefield; it is a few days later but the heads are somewhat larger, weighing 8 to 11 pounds each. It is a great advantage, especially for the market gardener, that the heads keep well in storage and that most of them can be gathered at one cutting; saving much labor and clearing the ground for a crop of turnips. Pkt. 20c; oz. \$1.00.
A228. SONDEREGGEES: SUMMER BALLHEAD. (100 days.) Another good second early variety. This cabbage, has all the good qualities of the well-known Danish Ballhead, but is two to three weeks earlier. An excellent variety for midsummer use. The heads are large, round, solid, of fine quality and a good keeper. Pkt. 20c; oz. \$1.00.
A230. EARLY WINNIFGSTADT. (85 days.) A well-

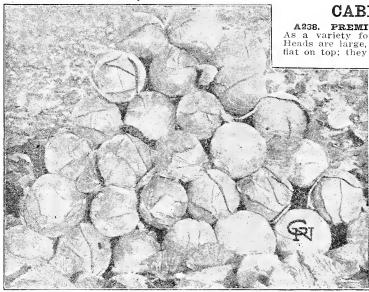
A230. EARLY WINNIF'GSTADT. (85 days.) A well-known and very popular variety. Early, heads large, decidedly conical; solid and hard, even in summer. This is a very sure heading variety, valuable not only for early use, but also for late planting to be used for win-ter cabbage. Fkt 15c; oz. 50c.

this cabbage to all my customers. Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c. A234. SUBE HEAD. (100 days.) A well known variety, producing very large, round heads, slightly flattened, and is remarkable for its certainty to head. A vigorous grower and one of the best cabbages for late or main crop. Heads are remarkably uniform, very hard and exceedingly fine in texture. weighing about 10 to 15 pounds each. Of very fine flavor, a fine keeper and good shipper Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c. A236. SONDEREGGER'S IMPROV-ED DANISH BALLHEAD. (105 days.) An improvement over the old Danish Ballhead. The heads are of excellent market size—not too large. They are very hard, almost round, fine grained, and will weigh one-fourth more than other varieties of equal size. For main crop and late planting it is unexcelled, being one of the best keepers of all winter cabbages. It thrives well on thin soils and highly exposed locations. Pkt. 20c; oz. 75c. (Cabbage continued on next page.)

(Cabbage continued on next page.)



Copenhagen Market.



Surehead Cabbage. (Page 79.)

# **CABBAGE**.—(Continued.)

A238. PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH. (110 days.) As a variety for winter market it has no superior. Heads are large, bluish green, round, solid, broad and flat on top; they open white and crisp, are tender and well flavored. It is a fall and win-ter variety and one of the very best to keep. Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c.

## SAVOY CABBAGE.

Savoy Cabbages require the same culture as the common varieties. They have finely curled leaves and are of a superior flavor. Prefered by many to all other cabbages, especially for home use.

A240. KING OF EARLIEST SA-VOY. The earliest of all Savoy Cabbages. Forms medium sized, very solid heads of conical shape, with blunt point, leaves are finely crimped. Its flavor is like that of Brussels Sprouts. Pkt. 20c; oz. 75c 75c.

A242. LARGE DRUMHEAD SA-VOY. An excellent winter and spring cabbage, forming nice solid heads, with curly outer leaves. Plants are strong and vigorous. Pkt. 20c; oz. 75c.

### RED CABBAGE.

A244. MAMMOTH RED ROCK.

riety of the red cabbages. The plant is of vigorous growth and forms round, solid heads of deep red color. In quality and flavor it is considered to surpass any green cabbage. Pkt. 15c; oz. 75c.

## CAULIFLOWER.

Cauliflower is one of the finest vegetables I grow in my garden. Many people think it is hard to grow and that only experienced gardeners can grow it. This is a big mistake, as it is almost as easily grown as cab-bage and everyone should put out a few plants. Get the seed sown early in January or February and trans-plant them to the garden as soon as weather permits, so they get well started before the hot, dry weather hits them. Cauliflower is fine when cooked fresh, much better than cabbage. They can also be canned or pickled. There is nothing nicer, than to have a cellar full of canned vegetables and fruit in the winter when fresh vegetables are scarce and high. Can more vegetables of all kinds; they nelp to cut the high cost of living, as they require no sugar. as they require no sugar.

Sow the seed in a hothed in January or February, and when the plants are large enough transplant three inches apart in boxes until time to plant out. If hardened off, they are seldom injured by planting out as early as the ground can be properly prepared, 2½ feet apart each way. Keep well hoed, watering freely in dry weather, and especially when they begin to head. The late varieties mature in autumn and are sown and managed similar to winter cabbage. Any soil that grows cabbage will grow cauliflower, but rich, moist soil is protoured. is preferred.

Is preferred.
A246. SONDEREGGER'S IMPROVED EARLIEST DWARF. (95 days.) In this cauliflower you will find a remarkably sure and early heading variety. It is of dwarf habit, with short outside leaves and is similar in all respects to Early Snowball. It produces smoothly rounded heads which are of uniformly even size, fine grained, compact and pure white. If planted in rich soil at proper season, heads & to 10 inches in diameter can be marketed in July. Pkt. 25c; ¼ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.75.
A248. EARLY SNOWBALL. (90 days.) A well-known variety, producing very early, fine grained, smooth heads, which are compact and even in size. The plants are of dwarf habit. On account of the short outer leaves, the plants can be set out as close as 18 to 20 inches apart each way, a point of great value to market gardeners. Equally good for forcing or planting in open ground for main crop. I obtain this seed from the most reliable growers in Denmark. Pkt, 25c; ¼ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.75.

**A250. NEW DANISH GIANT.** (130 days.) The dry weather cauliflower. Originated in Denmark. A lit-tle later than Snowball, but in my garden has proved more satisfactory than any of the early sorts, as it withstood the dry and hot weather of last summer much better and formed large, pure white and solid heads. It also has large leaves, which help to protect the head. For dry climates I would always recommend plant-ing Danish Giant Cauliflower. Pkt. 25c; <sup>14</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.85.

g Danish Giant Caumower, And The Association of the lowing is the originator's description: "Stems: are extremely short and straight. The leaves are short, broad, stiff and of a deep green color. The heads are very large and solid, pure white in color and good keepers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 60c; oz. \$2.30 postpaid.

I bought seeds from you last year and was very well pleased with them.

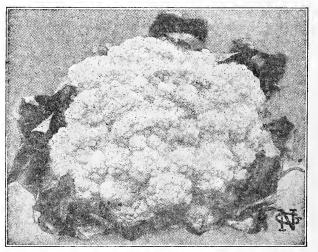
Mr. Chas. N., Hastings, Nebr. February 15, 1918.

The seeds which I received from you last year were fine. Mr. Jess R., March 14, 1918. Concordia, Kans.

My vegetables are perfectly grand and I bought for the first time my seed from your Seed House. Mrs. S. B. July 24, 1918. Chicago, Ill.

Your **seeds** last year gave very satisfactory sults. W. L. K., 535 No. 27th St., March 2., 1918. Lincoln, Nebr. results

Your seeds received and I am so well pleased with your **Baby Golden Pop Corn** that I am sending for more, Mrs. J. T. B. February 19,1918. Bushwell, Fla.



Early Snowball.

## CARROTS.

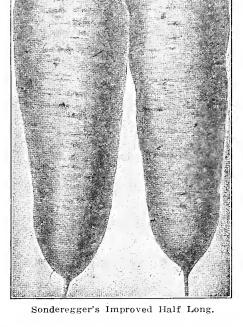
The Carrot is one of the most nutritious and healthful of roots, and should be more generally used for the table, as well as for stock feeding purposes. Will grow in any soil; sandy loam is best. I are not listing quite so many varieties this season as usual, but what I have are of the very best quality and will do well in most all localities. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, in rows 15 to 18 inches apart, covering about ½ inch. For field culture sow in drills 18 to 24 inches apart. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, 3 to 4 -pounds per acre.

Sonderegger's New Scarlet. A254. SONDEREGGER'S NEW SCARLET. (70 days.) This new carrot I find to be of the very best table quality and of good size and color. It is the best large carrot I have; is not quite as large as the Long Orange, but somewhat earlier and of finer quality. It is one of the best second early and main crop carrots. I plant them for winter use; they are good Kcepers. Pkt. 15c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c postpaid.

A256. SONDEREGGER'S IMPROV-ED HALF LONG. (65 days.) Another excellent all around carrot. This is an improved variety of the old standard half long type. They are smooth, of dark orange color, broad shouldered, stump-rooted and very productive. I had some of them in my garden this season and they did exceptionally well during our dry and hot summer. Pkt, 15c; oz. 25c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 75c postpaid.

A258. DANVER'S HALF LONG. (75 days.) This is one of the old standard varieties. It is very much like my Sonderegger's Improved Half Long, but is about 10 days later and not quite so fine grained. They are an excellent carrot, though, both for the market and for home use. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$2.25 postpaid.

**A260. EARLY** SCARLET HORN. (50 days.) This is the earliest variety I list. They do not get very large, but are of fine quality and orange scarlet in color. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.



**A262.** EARLY CHANTENAY. Another old standard sort. They are early, smooth and of finest quality. Very productive under unfavorable conditions. I consider them one of the best table carrots. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.90 postpaid.

**A264. OXHEART OR GUERANDE.** (60 days.) A short, stumpy variety, which I sometimes plant for early use. The tubers are very short, but almost as large around as long. They are of fine quality for early use. Pkt. &c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.90 postpaid.

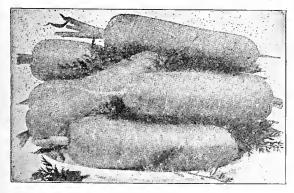
**A266.** LONG ORANGE. Grows to a large size; in fact, it is the largest table carrot I list. They are of good quality and a heavy yielder, but not quite so fine grained as the earlier varieties. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.60 postpaid.

## STOCK CARROTS.

#### Culture same as for table carrots.

**A268. VICTORIA.** A very large and rich stock carrot. It is a heavy cropper on all soils. Roots are very symmetrical, of excellent quality and orange yellow color. This variety is also grown quite extensively for rabbit feed. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

**A270. LARGE WHITE BELGIAN.** Root pure white, green above ground. It will grow to a very large size, and is easily gathered. Flesh rather coarse. Is raised extensively for stock. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.



Early Chantenay.

I have gotten all my garden seed from your house for two years and think they are the best to be had. Thank you for your prompt attention. Mrs. Ella O., Takilma, Ore. Nov. 27, 1917.

Have found your American Wonder Peas do best of any I ever tried. If you should be out please send some other good kind in place of them, but if possible send those ordered. Mrs H H In

them, but if possible send those ordered. Mrs. H. H., Jr., Marysville, Kan. R. 5, Box 39. April 26, 1918.



Early Scarlet Horn.

# CELERY.



15c; ½ 02. 70c; 02. 91.25.
A274. GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING. (120 days.) The leading early market sort. Stalks are broader and heavier than those of White Plume and much superior in quality. The ribs are perfectly solid, crisp, brittle and of delicious flavor, surpassed by no other variety. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c; oz. \$1.00.
A276. GIANT PASCAL. (140 days.) This is the best keeper of all late sorts. Very solid and crisp. This variety is unsurpassed for market gardeners. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

**A278.** FLAVORING CELERY. Old seed, used for flavoring. Oz. 5c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c postpaid.

## CELERIAC.

This popular European vegetable is worthy of more extended use. Keeps well in winter. It is much used for salads, and boiled like parsnips or turnips, it is a great favorite with lovers of celery. It should be started indoors and trans-planted the same as celery, but does not need blanching. Should be kept well watered in dry weather.

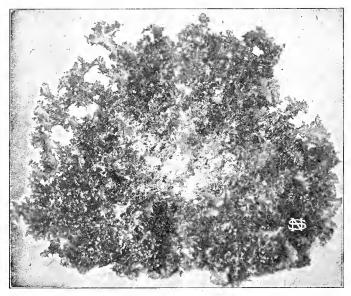
in dry weather.

A280. CELERIACOR TURNIP ROOTED CEL-EBY. (125 days.) Grown ex-clusively for its very tender marrow-like roots. The roots are cooked and sliced, used with vinegar, they make an excellent salad. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. \$1.40 postpaid.

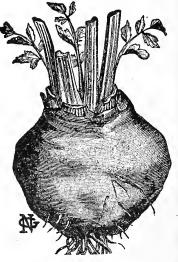
**A282.** SONDEREGGER'S BEST. (120 days.) A new Celeriac, which according to experiments, has proven to be the best of all Celeriacs. The beautiful white roots are large, very smooth, of fine flavor and best quality. They will make de-licious salads and are also fine for seasoning meats and flavoring soups. I feel assured that anyone who tries this new Celeriac is bound to be perfectly satisfied with same. Pkt. 20c; oz. 60c.

# EGG PLANT.

**A284. NEW YORK IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE.** (140 days.) This variety has about superseded all others, both for market and home use. They are easily grown and should be grown more. Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. They are ea 40c: oz. 60c.



Green Curled Endive.



Sonderegger's Best Celeriac.

### ENDIVE.

Ready for the table in 45 to 50 days from seed. One ounce to 100 feet of drill. One of the best autumn and winter sal-ads. Sow from June until August one-half inch deep in drills 14 inches apart and thin out to one foot apart in rows. When nearly full grown bleach by tieing the fine of the leaves the tips of the leaves.

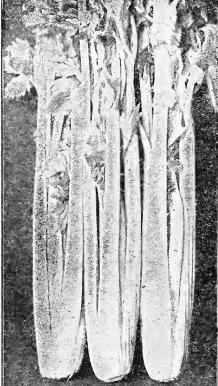
A286, GREEN CURLED. (40 days.) Large and well adapted to this soil and climate. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c postpaid.

A288. BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN. (45 days.) A large summer variety, pro-ductive. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c.

**A290. GIANT FRINGED WINTER.** (45 days.) Best for late planting. Leaves large, very curly, of fine flavor. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c.

l got one package of Beebe's Tomatoes last year. We had the nicest tomatoes of anyone around here. We surely like your garden seed. Mrs. C. W. S., Jan 24, 1918. Nortonville, Kans.

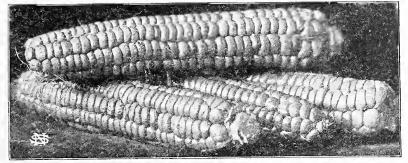
I got two pounds of the **Golden Wax** Beans last fall and they were the finest I have ever seen. Mrs. J. L. S., Jan. 25, 1918. Lincoln Center, Kans.



Sonderegger's Select Sclf-Blanching. Easiest for the amateur to grow.

## SWEET CORN.

Every farmer should plant a small patch of Sweet Corn, some early and some late. Of the yellow varieties I would the yellow varieties 1 would recommend Sonderegger's Gol-den, and of the white varie-ties Early Minnesota and Son-deregger's Earliest for early use; Sonderegger's Improved use; Sonderegger's Improved Early Evergreen and Stowell's Evergreen for late planting. Everyone knows how good roasting ears are, but they do not last long. Before the corn gets too hard it should be gathered and canned, using the "Cold Pack" method. It



the "Cold Pack" method. It can also be cooked, cut from the ears and dried in the sun. Both methods are easy and the corn will keep for many months. If you once use the above methods you will always use them again. One pound will plant about 150 hills; 15 pounds will plant one acre in hills. Sweet Corn being liable to rot in cold or wet ground, should not be planted before May, or until the ground has become warm. For a succession, plant every two weeks in rich ground, in hills 3 feet apart each way, covering about ½ inch and thin out to three plants to the hill. Extra early varieties can be planted closer. Give frequent, thor-ough, but shallow cultivation until tassels appear. My price for pkt., ¼ lb., lb. and 5 lbs. is postpaid, larger quantities to go at purchaser's expense.

Larger quantities to go at purchaser's expense. **A292.** SONDEREGGER'S GOLDEN. (65 days.) If you like a yellow Sweet Corn, do not fail to try Sonderegger's Golden. A new variety which was found in a field of early white corn. I have grown it for five years with the best of success. The stalks grow 4 to 5 feet high, each stalk producing one or two well-developed ears 7 to 9 inches long, filled with beautiful golden yellow kernels. Matures about the same time as Early Minnesota. This corn contains about 5 per cent more sugar and 5 per cent less starch than the early white varieties, which makes it much better for table use. The originator says: "It is the sweetest Sweet Corn in the world," and I guess he is right, as I have had several varieties tested for sugar and starch contents and have found none sweeter. I would advise all of my customers who are fond of a good Sweet Corn to try at least a packet. Once used, you will plant no other. Does well in all localities where the seasons are not too short. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.25 postpaid. **A294. GOLDEN BANTAM.** (70 days.) This was the first good variety of yellow Sweet Corn ever intro-duced. It is similar to my Sonderegger's Golden, but the ears are not quite as large and the corn not quite so sweet. It is of fine quality, though, and good for early use. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.90 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.50. **A296. SONDEREGGER'S EABLIEST.** (60 days.) If you want an early Sweet Corn, plant this variety.

**31.90** postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 108, \$3.00. **A296. SONDEREGGER'S EARLIEST.** (60 days.) If you want an early Sweet Corn, plant this variety. It originated in Montana, where the seasons are short and where only the earliest varieties mature. After giving it a thorough trial for three years on my trial grounds, I find it is the largest eared early white variety I have ever grown. The ears are pearly white, 7 to 8 inches long and of fine quality. It matures somewhat earlier than Early Minnesota. I can recommend this variety especially for the North and West. Pkt. 10c; 14 lb. 20c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.30 postpaid. **A298. ADAMS EXTRA EARLY.** (55 days.) This is not a real Sugar Corn, but largely grown for early use. Ears are 6 to 7 inches long, and it is ready for table use before any other variety. Pkt. 7c; 14 lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.90 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.25.

**MAMMOTH WHITE CORY.** (65 days.) An old standard variety which is planted quite exten-or early use. The ears are large and of good quality. Pkt. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.60 A300. sively for early use. The ears are postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs., \$3.00.



**A302 EARLY MINNESOTA.** (65 days.) Another old variety which most all market gardeners plant, both for early and main crop. The stalks grow 4 to 5 feet high, bearing one or two ears each, long and eight-rowed; kernels very broad, sweet and tender. I can recommend this corn, both for home use and market. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.90 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.25.

\$1.90 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.25.
A304. SONDEREGGER'S IMPROVED EARLY EVERGREEN. (70 days.) In this new sort I believe a valuable variety of Sweet Corn has been found. It resembles Stowell's Evergreen very much, only is ready for use about ten days earlier, and remains in condition fit for use longer. The ears grow to a good size, about 7 or 8 inches long, are well filled and kernels are of a very sweet and tender flavor. Extra fine sort for market gardeners. It is one of the best varieties for canning and drying, as the ears are ready for use when the weather is still hot, which helps much in drying corn in the sun. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 45c; 5 lbs, \$1.75 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.25.
A306. COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. (70 days.) Extremely productive; stalks average three ears. Kernels small, irregular, very deep and pure white, of very sweet and delicious flavor. Ears average 9 inches long. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs, \$1.45 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.15.
A308. STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. (80 days.) The standard variety Very productive.

prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2,15.
A308. STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. (80 days.) The standard variety. Very productive; ears large; grains deep, tender, sugary, and remains long in edible condition. This variety is used by most canning factories; is also an excellent sort for drying. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs, \$1.40 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.00.
A310. MAMMOTH SUGAR. (85 days.) Produces the largest ears of any sort; excellent quality, sweet, tender and delicious. Ears average 10 to 12 inches long. Ripens late. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.45 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.00.

## POP CORN. POCKET MONEY FOR THE BOYS.

Every boy on the farm should plant a few small patches of ground to Pop Corn. It always yields well and brings a good price on the market. The past season many of the pop corn men have been paying 12 to 18 cents per pound. This is a little higher than usual, though. Next year it may not be quite so high, but it will not be cheap and will help to make you pocket money. Five pounds will plant an acre.

help to make you pocket money. Five pounds will plant an acre. **A312. BABY RICE.** Was imported from Japan; It is the smallest and best of all Pop Corn. I gave this corn a thorough test in my fields and found it to be much better than expected. It stools or suckers very freely, one kernel often producing 6 to 12 stalks. The suckers, as well as the main stalks grow 4 to 5 feet high, and each stalk producing 3 to 6 small, well developed ears. The ears average 2 to 3 inches long and are filled with beautiful kernels, 300 to 400 per ear. The corn when popped is snowy white and the ker-nels are free from hard centers, as found in all other varieties. Pop corn dealers usually pay 5 to 8 cents per pound more for this corn than any other variety. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.40 postpaid.

A314. MONABCH WHITE BICE. Bears from 3 to 6 ears per stalk, and produces from 1,500 to 2,000 pounds per acre. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.60 postpaid.
A316. QUEEN'S GOLDEN. Color a peculiar lustrous golden yellow, pops to a rich cream color, very prolific. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.60 postpaid.

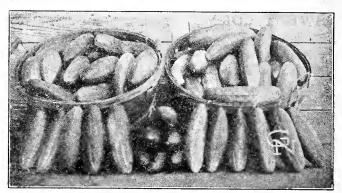
83

Sonderegger's Earliest.

## CUCUMBER.

One ounce will plant about 50 hills, two to three pounds to the acre. Succeeds best in rich, loamy soil. For first early, sow in hotbeds, six weeks before the plants can be set out in the open ground. For general crop, plant in May, in open ground, about 10 seeds to a hill, 4 feet apart each way. For cucumber bugs I would advise using Slug Shot or Bug Death very freely in the morning, when the dew is on, or right after a ran. right after a rain.

right after a rain. **A318. EARLY FORTUNE.** (52 days.) An attractive new variety of recent intro-duction, which is becoming very popular. It is well liked by market gardeners and shippers because of its deep green color, which it retains much longer than most other varieties, and therefore remains in Steing condition longer too. In size it is shicing condition longer, too. In size it is larger and slimmer than White Spine, smooth and of very firm texture. Flesh is white, crisp and brittle, making an excel-lent slicing sort. Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.

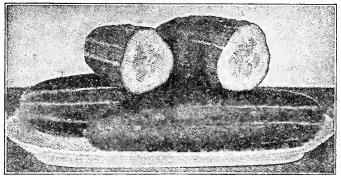


Davis Perfect Cucumber, grown by Mr. Ernest C. Eberhart, Market Gardener, Superior, Nebr.

A320. DAVIS PERFECT. (50 days.) An excellent cucumber for both outdoor use and forcing. The fruits grow 11 to 12 inches long on an average; sllm, slightly pointed, a dark glossy green color, which they keep until ripe, then turning white. In quality it is very tender, brittle and of fine flavor. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25 postpaid. they kee oz. 20c;

A322. IMPROVED EARLY LONG WHITE SPINE. (55 days.) Selected stock. The most popular variety with market gardeners. One of the best for the table. Flesh tender and crisp. Fruit uniform in size, straight and light green, with few spines. Very prolific. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.30 postpaid. A324. IMPROVED LONG GREEN. (65 days.) A standard main crop variety, and one that always sells well in all markets. I can personally recommend them for the home garden, as they make delicious pickles when small, and are also one of the best for slicing, being tender, crisp and of fine flavor. The fruits grow about 9 inches long, are dark green in color and of excellent quality. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40.

A326. EARLY FRAME OR SHORT GREEN. (50 days.) An excellent early variety for table use and pickling. The fruit is straight, handsome, smaller at each end, bright green, and flesh crisp and tender. The vines are vigorous and productive. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40 postpaid.



A328. EARLY CLUSTER. (50 days.) Every spring I have a number of calls for Early Cluster Cucumber, and as it is my aim to always please my customers, I de-cided to list this old and popular variety this spring. The vines are hardy and very vigorous, bearing fruits in clusters of two and three. The fruits are short, thick, dark green, crisp and tender. This sort is planted in many sections for the home gar-den. It is extensively used as a pickling cucumber as well as for slicing. Pkt, 10c; oz. 15c; 4 tb. 40c; tb. \$1.50 postpaid. A330. NEW EVERBEARING. (65 days.) It is of small size, very early, en-ormously productive and valuable as a green pickler. Continues to produce fruit until killed by frost, whether the ripe cu-cumbers are picked off or not. The fruit is perfect in shape, of a fine green color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; '4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50. A322. CHICAGO OR WESTERFIELD A328. EARLY CLUSTER. (50 days.)

Improved Early Long White Spine. for pickles, and is used by a vast majority of the pickle factories. The fruit is of medium length, pointed at both ends, with large and prominent spines. The color is a beautiful deep green. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 422. CHICAGO OR WESTERFIELD PICKLING. (68 days.) Selected stock. Finc for market. It is the best cucumber at both ends, with large and prominent spines. The color is a beautiful deep green. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb.

45c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.
A334. GHERKIN OR BURE. Small, oval, green fruits about two to three inches long. They are covered with soft, fleshy spines. This variety is used exclusively for picking. The seed is distinctly smaller than that of other cucumbers and is slow to germinate. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 75c postpaid.
A336. JAPANESE CLIMBING. While all cucumbers are running vines, yet this variety is much more creeping or climbing in its habit, so much so that it quickly climbs on poles and trellises. This makes it very desirable for small gardens, as it takes up less room and the fruits keep much cleaner as they are kept up from the ground. The quality is splendid for pickling as well as for slicing for salads. The fruits are of good size and of fine flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.40 postpaid.

Improved Long Green.

GARDEN LEMON.

A338. This fruit is round in shape and is somewhat smaller than Vine Peach, which it resembles in growth, but has thinner flesh and is decidedly more acid, thus dispensing with the sliced lemons which are so important in putting up the Vine Peach. Direc-tions for cooking with each packet. Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 75c.

## VINE PEACH.

A340. The vine on which they are borne is somewhat similar to the muskmelon vine, and requires the borne is somewhat similar to the muskmelon vine, and requires the same cultivation. The fruit is about the size of a large peach, oval shaped, and of bright orange color, somewhat russeted. For sweet pickles, pies or preserving they are superb. Direc-tions for cooking this fruit are given on every packet of seed. Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. 75c postpaid.

# KOHLRABI.

Cultivate like cabbage and cook like turnips. In qual-

ity and taste far superior to turnips. In qual-duce 3,000 plants and cover 200 feet of drill. **A342. EARLY WHITE VIENNA.** (50 days.) Finest market sort. Flesh white, tender and of delicate flavor. Better tasting than turnips. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c postpaid.

**A344. EARLY PURPLE VIENNA.** (60 days.) Bluish purple; similar to above except in color. Flesh white. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. \$1.10.

### LEEK.

A species of onion highly esteemed for flavoring soups. ow in middle of spring; when plants are 3 to 4 inches Sow high, transplant.

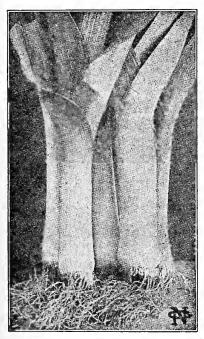
**A346. LARGE LONDON.** (80 days.) Well-known variety. A large, strong plant with broad leaves of mild, pleasant flavor. Hardy. Pkt. 15c.

## LENTILS.

**A348.** Used in oriental countries as principal article of diet. Splendid for soups. Cultivate same as peas. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 85c postpaid.

## LETTUCE.

I would not advise my customers to plant Lettuce seed during the hot summer (from the latter part of June to the latter part of August) as it seldom comes up during hot weather. Lettuce is a cool weather plant, and does best early in the spring and from early fall until after frost. To grow nice head lettuce, the seed should be start-ed in greenhouse or hotbed by the first of March and trans-



Large London Leek.

planted to the garden as soon as the

weather permits.

weather permits. If the weather turns quite warm early, the outer, leaves should be gathered up and tied shut on top. For fall use, plant in open ground the latter part of August, and transplant to cold frame or hotbed. Lettuce seed should be covered very shallow to secure germination. For early use sow in September and protect through the winter in cold frames same as cabbage, or sow in hotbed in March, and trans-plant to the open ground as soon as it can be worked. For late sup-ply, sow in the open ground as soon as the season will permit in rows one food apart: thin out plants & to 10 inches in rows. One ounce will sow 100 feet in drill, 2 to 4 pounds to the acre. One ounce

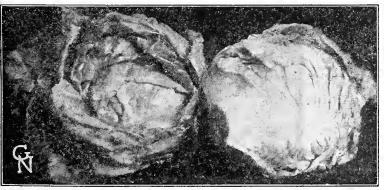
A350, SONDEREGGER'S EXTRA EARLY HEAD. A350. SONDEREGGER'S EXTRA EARLY HEAD. (40 days.) This new lettuce is sure to become popular, both in home or market gardens. Heads are of medium size, solid, round; leaves of light green color, outer leaves slightly tinged with brown and inner leaves of a bright yellow. The flavor is very rich, buttery, crisp and tender. It is hardy as well as very early, and its fine, large heads are ready for use in advance of any other head lettuce. I plant this variety for early, sowing seed early in March in hotbed, and transplanting as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Lettuce is not damaged by light frost. Pkt. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 60c postpaid. A352. IMPEOVED HANSON. (47 days.) This is one of the most (40 days.)

A352. IMPROVED HANSON. (47 days.) This is one of the most reliable, sure heading sorts I list. The heads are globular, but later than my Sonderegger's Extra Early Head. The leaves are large and very broad, fairly blistered and crimpled; color clear light green; quality fine. A fine variety for midsummer planting outside, as it withstands the hot seasons better than any other sort I know and is slow to run to seed. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c postpaid.

is slow to run to seed. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 50c postpaid. A354. SONDEREGGER'S BUTTERHEAD. (45 days.) This is the best all around head lettuce I list. It is an excellent variety for forc-ing and summer use, as it is slow to run to seed and resists heat well. I can recommend it for our western climate, as in my trial grounds it withstood the dry, hot weather remarkably well. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 60c postpaid. A356. MAY KING. (52 days.) The new early lettuce. This va-riety is exceptionally early outdoors, attaining a size suitable for use before other sorts, and is also very satisfactory for forcing. It has medium sized, solid and round heads. Flavor rich, crisp and ten-der, melting in the mouth like butter. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 55c.

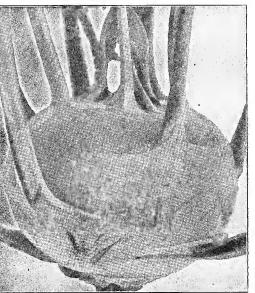
A358. PRIZE HEAD. (50 days.) A splendid lettuce for the home garden. Leaves are of reddish brown color, variegated with dark green. The heads are of good size, tender and of fine flavor. Excellent for late planting, as it stands heat and drought A splendid variety for the rn states. Pkt. 8c; oz. well. Western 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c.

20c; ¼ lb. 50c. **A360. DENVER MARKET.** (45 days.) Early head lettuce, good either-for forcing or open ground, The leaves are beautifully crim-pled and curled like the Savoy Cabbage; very crisp, tender and of excellent flavor. I can recom-mend this variety for market gar-deners as well as for the small home gardens. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ b. 50c postbaid. home gardens. Pkt 1/4 lb. 50c postpaid.

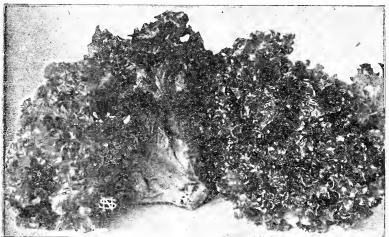


May King.

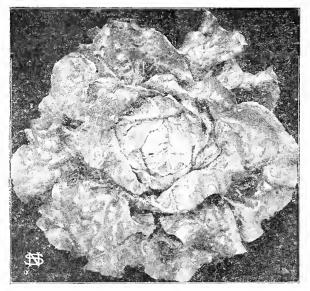
(Lettuce continued on next page.)



White Vienna Kohlrabi.



Early Curled Simpson.



#### Big Boston.

#### OKRA OR GUMBO.

The young seed pods of this Southern plant are used for the well-known and delicious "Gumbo" soups, alone or with chicken. Its smooth, glutenous taste is much liked. Probably the finest known vege-table for table use. Easy to grow. Plant in spring as soon as danger of frost has passed. Plant in drills or hills, 18 to 24 inches apart, cultivate same as corn

Arnis of marks, to the second second

#### POTATO SEED.

A382. Growing new sorts from the seed-ball **A382.** Growing new sorts from the seed-ball seed is a very interesting employment for old and young. There is the widest range of, difference in color, shape and general characteristics between the different seedlings; every one is more or less unlike all the others. It is from this seed that new varieties are originated. The presult is often extremely profitable. Directions for planting, cultivating, etc., on each packet. Pkt, 15c; 4 for 50c.

#### ROSELLE.

**A384.** The Lemonade Plant of Queensland. The fruit resembles the scarlet-podded Okra, and is used for making jelly and jam. It is easily grown from seed, grows rapidly and resists drought. It is a very ornamental plant and also of great food value, warranting more extended cultivation. Pkt. 15c.

## LETTUCE. (Continued.)

A362. BIG BOSTON OR IM-MENSITY. (45 days.) A very popular variety with gardeners who want a large heading, forcwho want a large heading, forc-ing sort, and also for outdoor winter culture. The plants are large, hardy and vigorous, with broad, smooth, thin leaves of light green color, and when well grown are very tender. This is grown in the South as a winter lettuce. Pkt 8c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 50c postpaid. 50c postpaid.

A364. GRAND RAPIDS FORC-ING. (38 days.) A very popular variety, which is grown very ex-tensively in the Western states for forcing. Produces medium-sized heads, which are not solid, but very crisp, tender and deli-cious. Pkt. &c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c postpaid.

A366. EARLY CURLED SIMP-SON. (35 days.) White seeded. One of the best early sorts for market or family use. Forms a large, loose head. Leaves beauti-fully crimpled, dark green, very tender and crisp. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 50c postpaid.

A368, **BLACK SEED DIMPSON.** (40 days.) This large-leaved lettuce is by far the most popu-lar of all sorts among market gardeners. It forms large, loose heads of light green color; leaves quite thin; very tender and crisp, of fine quality. One of the finest for use under glass. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; 14 lb 50c poetraid 1/4 lb. 50c postpaid.

**A370. PARIS WHITE COS.** The Cos lettuce differs entirely in shape from the other varieties, the head being elongated and of conical form. The outer coloring of this variety is yellowish-green. Very crisp and sweet. Considered by many to be the highest quality of all lettuces. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c postpaid.

## MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS. MUSHROOMS.

The ease and certainty with which a crop of mushrooms can be grown to perfection in any ordi-nary house, cellar, wool shed or barn, and the as-tonishing success of so many who have taken up this industry, both for profit and their own use, induces us to call special attention to the subject. The great luxury can be enjoyed by all at a triffing expenditure of money, time and labor. I recom-mend our English mushroom spawn as generally better both for the market gardener and private planter. planter.

A372. Book, "How to Grow Mushrooms," 10c.

IMPROVED ENGLISH SPAWN. Grown A374. by special culture from large, perfect heads and then pressed into bricks of about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. each. Per brick, 50c postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 bricks, \$1.80.

#### MUSTARD.

A376. WHITE. Best for salad or culinary purposes. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

**A378. SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED.** Highly es-teemed in the South, where seed is sown in fall and plants used early in spring as a salad. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; 4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.



Mushrooms grown by Joe Morhard.

# MUSKMELONS.

**INTOSIGNATION** Earliest varieties ready in 80 to 100 days from sowing. General crop requires 115 to 140 days. Mel-ons thrive best in a light, rich soll. Plant when ground has become warm and dry and danger from frost is past, in hills 6 feet apart each way, in well enriched soil, 12 to 15 seeds in a hill. After all dan-ger of bugs is over, thin out to three plants per hill. One ounce will plant 60 hills, 3 lbs. to the acre. **A386. EXTRA EARLY HACK-ENSACK.** (65 days.) Melons weigh from 4 to 10 pounds, round in form, flattened at the ends and well ribbed. Skin is deeply netted. Flesh light green, rich and sugary, and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75, postpd. **A388. BUST - BESISTANT** 





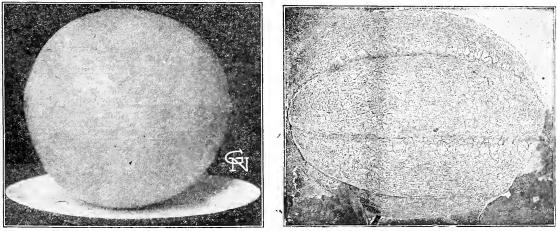
Extra Early Hackensack.

oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.
A394. HOODOO. (70 days.) Nearly round, rind very tough, surface thickly netted. The melons average 1½ lbs.; very solid and heavy. Flesh rich salmon-colored, sweet and delicious. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.
A396. BURRELL GEM. (75 days.) Of the same size and shape as the well-known Rocky Ford, but the flesh is of a rich golden color and most delicious flavor, but still solid. Abundant yielder. Meat is thick and fine grained. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.
A398. EMERALD GEM. (80 days.) Of excellent quality and medium size. The white ribbed

1b. \$1.75 postpaid, A398. EMERALD GEM. (80 days.) Of excel-lent quality and medium size. The white ribbed skin is perfectly smooth and of a deep emerald green color. The flesh is thick, of a rich salmon color, very juicy and rich. It is not a good ship-per to distant markets on account of its thin rind. Pkt. Sc; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 55c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.

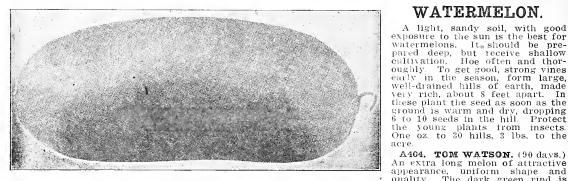
**A400 BANANA**. (85 days.) Long, slim banana-like fruit, cream color; flesh salmon, of rich flavor and delicious odor. Matures late. Pkt. &c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.

A402. HONEY DEW CASABA. (120 days.) A new variety that came here from Egypt, and is sure to become a favorite on account of its exceedingly sweet flavor. It is a globular, smooth, white melon, measuring about nine inches in diameter and weighing generally about 10 pounds. The flesh is a transparent greenish-white and very thick. Vines are of very vigorous growth and ripen their fruits in about 120 days. The melons will keep under proper care for months, and some growers pile them up and cover them with vines and straw to await a better market. I would advise to try one packet this year. Pkt. 13c; oz. 35c p'pd.



Honey Dew Casaba.

Thoroughbred Rocky Ford.



Tom Watson

appearance, uniform shape and quality. The dark green rind is tough, but thin and easily with-stands shipment to distant mar-

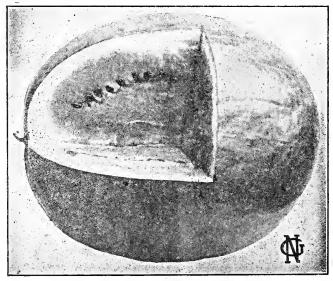
stands shipment to distant mar-stands shipment to distant mar-finest flavor. The melon measures about 24 inches long and 12 inches in diameter and often attains a weight of from 50 to 60 pounds. It is very prolific, producing in great abundance the large, delicious fruits. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.35 postpaid. A406. COLE'S EARLY. (65 days.) This is a very choice melon for the home garden and can be grown farther north than any other variety. Flesh bright red, crisp, very delicate, sweet and excellent in flavor. It is an abundant bearer of medium-sized but very solid melons, with thin rind. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

**A408. KLECKLEY'S SWEET.** (70 days.) Very productive. The fruit is oblong, color dark green, flesh deep red, stringless, solid and very sweet, with but few seeds, set near the rind. I can personally recommend this melon as being even of the best to a view in Nebuse. being one of the best to raise in Nebras-ka. They ripen early and are of a large size. Pkt. 19c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. ka, They ... ka, They ... size Pkt 10c; on \$1.25 postpaid A410. ICE CREAM. Medium so A very

WATERMELON.

A404. TOM WATSON. (90 days.) An extra long melon of attractive





Iceberg or Blue Gem.

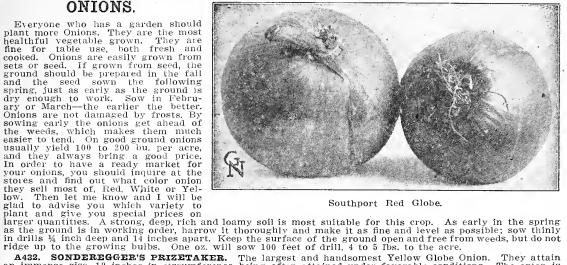
mous meion for sweetness and high quality. The fruits are long, averaging about 35 lbs. each. Rather light colored, irregularly striped and mottled with dark green. The rind is thin, but tough, so that it is a good shipper. Flesh is delicate, light red, entire-ly stringless, very tender, juicy and lus-cious. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25 nostnaid cious. Pkt. \$1.25 postnaid. \$1.25

**A424**. **ICEBERG OR BLUE GEM.** Has a' very firm, hard rind, and is quite as good a shipper as Kolb's Gem, but the flesh is much deeper colored, more tender and sweet. An excellent keeper. This variety is much the best dark colored melon for shipping. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

Shipping. Pkt. 7c; 02. 15c; 34 10. 35c; 10.
A426. KOLE'S GEM. Fruit of the largest size, slightly oval, marked with irregular stripes of dark green. Flesh bright red, extending to within half an inch of the rind, always solid, very firm, sweet and tender. An excellent keeper and shipper. Pkt. 10c; 02. 15c; 14 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.20 p'pd. A428. CITRON. (90 days.) For preserving. Grows uniformly round and smooth, dark green mottled with light green; flesh white and solid. Pkt. 7c; 02. 15c; 14 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.15 postpaid.
A430. MIXED VARIETIES. Many kinds in a good mixture. Pkt. 7c; 02. 15c; 14

## ONIONS.

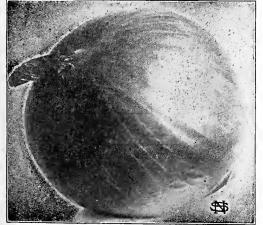
Everyone who has a garden should plant more Onions. They are the most healthful vegetable grown. They are fine for table use, both fresh and cooked. Onions are easily grown from contact and the corone from condition fine for table use, both iresh and cooked. Onions are easily grown from sets or seed. If grown from seed, the ground should be prepared in the fall and the seed sown the following spring, just as early as the ground is dry enough to work. Sow in Febru-ary or March—the earlier the better. Onions are not damaged by frosts. By sowing early the onions get ahead of



**A440. YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS.** (120 days.) A yellow onion of large size and globular shape that I have planted in my garden with the best of success. The flesh is white, solid and of good quality. The crop is uniform and ripens at one time. It is one of the best yielding varieties in existence and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 7c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c; lb. \$3.50 postpaid. A442. DANVERS YELLOW FLAT or Large Strassburg. (110 days.) Similar to Danvers Globe except in shape. Ripens very quick, is a sure cropper and yields well. Will

(110 days.) Similar to Danvers Globe except in shape. Rip-ens very quick, is a sure cropper and yields well. Will stand drought well and is used largely for growing onion sets. Pkt. 7c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 70c; lb. \$2.75 postpaid. **A444. AUSTRALIAN BROWN.** (110 days.) This va-riety is planted quite extensively in the western states. It is early and exceeds all other onions in keeping quali-ties. Will produce a fine crop of hard, solid onions, even in unfortunate seasons. Of globe shape. The skin is light brown, flesh pure white and exceptionally mild. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00 postpaid. **A446. LARGE WHITE GLOBE.** (120 days.) Pure white, of large size and globe shape. An immense yielder

white, of large size and globe shape. An immense yielder



Southport Yellow Globe.

In drills ¼ inch deep and 14 inches apart. Keep the surface of the ground open and free from weeds, but do not ridge up to the growing bulbs. One oz. will sow 100 feet of drill, 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre.
A432. SONDEREGGER'S PRIZETAKER. The largest and handsomest Yellow Globe Onion. They attain an immense size, 12 inches in circumference being often attained under favorable conditions. The onion is of the same type as the large Spanish Onions imported in quantity and sold in crates, which always command a high price. It is of a bright, straw-colored skin and thin neck. Ripens up hard and fine; flesh is pure white, fine grained, mild and of delicate flavor. Excellent for fall or early winter use. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 4 lb. 100; lb. \$3.90 postpaid.
A434. LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. (100 days.) Onions of large size, round, somewhat flattened, heavy yielders and most excellent keepers. The skin is deep purplish red; flesh purplish white, moderately fine-grained and of a stronger flavor than other kinds. To any of my customers that want an onion of extra good keeping qualities for winter use. I would recommend Red Wethersfield. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 70c; lb. \$2.75.
A438. SOUTHFORT TEED GLOBE. (110 days.) Medium early, grows to a large size, skin deep red, flesh fine grained, mild and tender. A good yielder. Pkt. 7c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 72c; lb. \$2.80 postpaid.
A438. SOUTHFORT YELLOW GLOBE. (110 days.) Afine strain of yellow globe. Bulbs of handsome appearance and superior quality. They are fine keepers, uniform in size and shape and always in good demand in all markets. Pkt. 7c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 90c; lb. \$3.50 postpaid.
A440. YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. (120 days.) A yellow onion of large size and globular shape that 1 have planted in my garden with the best of success. The

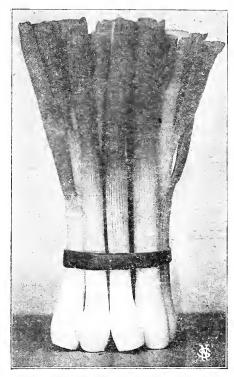
Sonderegger's Prizetaker.

and will keep good until late fall. The flesh is very fine-

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 and will keep good until late fall. The flesh is very fine-grained, solid, of fine flavor and very mild. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; lb. \$3.50 postpaid.
 A448. SILVEE SKIN or White Portugal. (95 days.)
 A well known and popular variety, suitable for bunching, pickles and onion sets. Also makes a good sort for winter use, the onions being large, flat, of a mild, pleasant fla-vor and good keepers. I do not hesitate in recommending them to all of my customers. Ripens early. Especially good for northern latitudes. The white varieties will not keep as long as the red or yellow. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.75 postpaid.
 A450. WHITE BEEMUDA. True Tenerifie Grown. These are the first early onions which are shipped North in large quantities, both from Bermuda and our Southern states. My imported Teneriffe seed gives the best results. In our northern climate the bubs are smaller, but mature early and retain much of the mild, sweet flavor of the im-ported ones. They are pearly white, flat and very mild. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$3.75.
 A452. NEW CRYSTAL WHITE WAX. Tenerifie Seed. This is a large, pure white, flat onion. Grows to a good size, very early, and is the mildest and sweetest of onions. True seed is very scarce. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. \$1.00.
 A454. EXTRA DARLY BARLETTA. The very earliest onion in cultivation. They are of a pure paper-white color, very mild and delicate in flavor; 1½ inches in diam-eter and ¾ of an inch in thickness. For table use and pickling. Pkt. 15c. (Onions continued on next page.)

(Onions continued on next page.)

## SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Green Onions Grown from Sets.

## PARSLEY.

One ounce to 150 feet of drill. Soak the seed a few hours in lukewarm water and sow early in the spring in drills one foot apart. Thin out to four inches. To preserve in winter, transplant to a light cellar, or glass frames. Used for gar-nishing and seasoning. A few seeds sown in onion rows use no space

A474. CHAMPION MOSS CURLED. (65 days.) Leaves ex-tra large, deep, rich green. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 80c postpaid.

A478. HAMBURG. (100 days.) Turnip rooted variety. The roots as well as the leaves are used for flavoring soups, etc. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 85c postpaid

## PARSNIP.

PARSNIP. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill, 5 Uses for one acre-Sow early in the spring in drills 15 inches apart, cover-ing half an inch deep. When well up, thin out to 5 or 6 inches apart in rows. They are improved by frost and take up in fall a quantity for winter use. A480. IMFROVED GUERNSEY. (85 days.) Roots not so long as the Hollow Crown, but of greater diameter. Very smooth, fine grained and of excellent quality. A heavy cropper. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.30 postpaid. A482. HOLLOW CROWN or LONG SMOOTH. (85 days.) Roots long, end-ing somewhat abruptly with a tap root. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.30.

## PEANUTS.

Peanuts can be grown as far north as South Dakota, and every-one should plant at least a few for the children.

A484. MAMMOTH VIRGINIA. The most profitable to grow and easily cultivated; very erect stems and upright foliage. Plant in drills 4 feet apart, placing the nuts 6 inches apart. Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 45c postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.50.

**A486.** EARLY SPANISH. The earliest variety grown; pods are small, but remarkably solid and well filled. Plant in drills 3 feet apart, placing nuts 8 to 10 inches apart. Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 45c postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.50.



A456. WHITE WELSH. For Green Onions. Does not form a bulb, but puts out many shoots, making it the best kind for "green onions." On account of the mild and sweet flavor, it is superior to the green onions grown from sets. Plant is perennial. Sow either in spring or fall. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. \$1.10.

## ONION SETS.

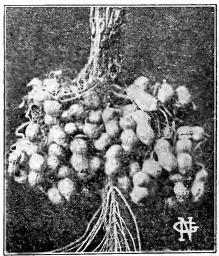
Indispensable for early onions for bunching, as in a very few weeks they are ready for the table. My stock is carefully grown and very nice. Prices per 15 and 25 lbs. are subject to market variation, and shipped at buyer's expense. Onion sets weigh 32 lbs. per bushel, so 1 lb. is the same as 1 qt. If you want a large lot, write for prices.

lot, write for prices. **A458.** WHITE BOTTOM SETS.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 17c; lb. 30c; 10 lbs. **\$2.80 postpaid.** Not prepaid, 15 lbs. **\$3.50;** 25 lbs. **\$5.50. A460. RED BOTTOM SETS.**  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 15c; lb. 25c; 10 lbs. **\$2.40** postpaid. Not prepaid, 15 lbs. **\$3.15;** 25 lbs. **\$5.00. A462. YELLOW BOTTOM SETS.**  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 15c; lb. 25c; 10 lbs. **\$2.40** postpaid. Not prepaid, 15 lbs. **\$3.15;** 25 lbs. **\$5.00. A464. POTATO or MULTIPLIER SETS.** Early cropper. The sets are the largest of all.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 10 lbs. **\$3.25** post-paid. Not prepaid, 15 lbs. **\$4.20. A466. WHITE MULTIPLIER SETS.** Excellent quality; very early.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 10 lbs. **\$3.25** postpaid. Not prepaid, 15 lbs. **\$4.20;** 25 lbs. **\$6.00. A466. SHALLOTS.**  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 10 lbs. **\$3.25** postpaid.

duce the earness spring on ions without winter protection. ½ lb. 15c: lb. 30c; 10 protection. ½ lb. 15c; lb. 30c; 10 lbs. \$2.80 postpaid. Not prepaid, lbs. \$3.75. 15



A476. NEW White Bermuda. (Page 89.) EMERALD. (70 days.) Plants are of compact growth; leaves are a handsome bright green color, finely crimpled and curled. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 80c postpaid.



Peanuts.



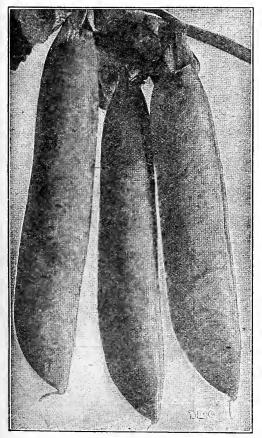
Moss Curled Parsley.

## PEAS.

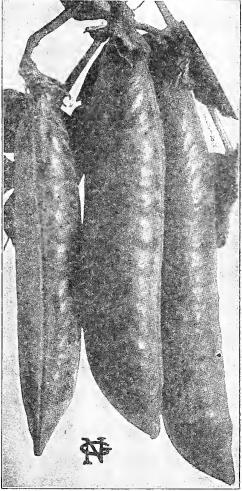
PELAS.
Peas should be planted more in every garden. There is no vegetable any better than new peas, fresh from your garden. Peas are also a very profitable vegetable to can, using the "Cold Pack" method. They are sure to keep and are much better than the canned ones you buy at the stores. Peas can be planted just as soon as danger of frost is past; a light frost will not injure them. For early plantings I can recommend Alaska, First and Best, Tom Thumb and Extra Early May. These are all good varieties, but do not bear quite so heavy as the later varieties, neither are the pods quite so heavy as the later varieties, neither are the pods quite so heavy as the later varieties, neither are the toold, wet weather than the small, round sorts, hence should not be planted very early, but they are sweeter and better flavored. Everyone should make two or three plantings of peas two weeks apart. Here in Nebraska do not try to raise two crops of peas on the same ground in one season. I have tried it several times and find that the second crop gets into the hot weather and never amounts to much. One pound will plant 75 feet of drill or two to three bushels per arer. In comparing prices please bear in mind that my, prices are postage paid by me on pkts., ¼ lb., lb. and 5 lbs. and on 10 and 25 lbs, by freight or express, purchaser paying charges.
A488. ALASKA. (45 days.) This is the earliest pea I hist. It is grown very extensively for canning and especially by market gardeners for first early. It is a good bearer. The pods are 2½ inches long and well filled, with six light green peas. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.60 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.75.

**A490.** FIRST AND BEST. (50 days.) Pods are of good size and well filled with round, smooth peas of excellent flavor, ripening at one time, so that generally the entire crop may be gathered at one picking. Is very productive and hardy. Height of vine 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Ready for the table in 50 days. Pkt. 7c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.75 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.75.

Not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$2.75. A492. EXTRA EARLY TOM THUMB. (45 to 50 days.) This is the most dwarf pea 1 list. The vines grow about 12 inches high and are well filled with pods which are 2½ inches long, and filled with 5 or 6 medium-sized peas. The pods mature very much the same time, so the vines do not produce much more than two good pickings. They require no stakes or brush. Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c; 5 lbs. \$2.75 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$5.00. A494. EXTRA EARLY MAY. (50 days.) An extremely early variety of superior merit. Vines are dwarf, about 18 inches high, completely covered with an abundance of



Gradus or Prosperity.



#### Pioneer. (Page 92.)

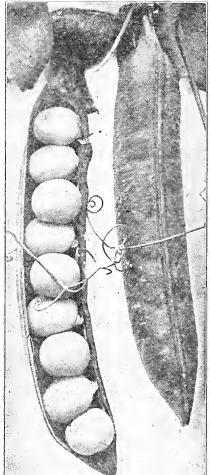
the finest well-filled pods. My experience has been that for a first early heavy bearing variety; you will not make a mistake by planting Extra Early May. It is of upright, hardy growth. Pods are large for an extra early sort, and quality the very best. Matures in 40 to 50 days and is al-ways in great demand for the home garden as well as for market gardeners. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb, 45c; 5 lbs. \$2.00 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.25.

postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.25. A496. MAMMOTH PODDED EXTRA EARLY. (55 days.) Another good extra early variety. This is the larg-est podded pea of the early varieties I list. The vines grow 2½ to 3 feet high and should be staked with brush for best results. The pods are produced in abundance, are 4 inches long and filled with 7 large peas of light green color and fine flavor. They are grown quite extensively by market gardeners. I have tried them in my garden with good success. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.40 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.50.

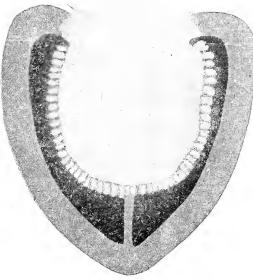
## WRINKLED VARIETIES.

WRINKLED VARIETIES. A498. AMERICAN WONDER. (52 days.) An old standard variety, well known by most gardeners. This is the earliest of the wrinkled dwarf varieties. The vines grow 10 to 14 inches high and do not need any brush or stakes. The pods are medium sized and well filled. An excellent pea for the city gardener. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$1.75 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.5. A500. PREMIUM GEM. (55 days.) Ripens a little later than American Wonder, but generally a better yield-er. Pods are 2½ inches long and well filled with wrinkled peas of the finest quality. Height 12 to 16 inches. Pkt. 8; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$1.75 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.75. A500. GRADUS OR PROSPERITY. (55 days.) The

10 lbs. \$2.75. A502. GEADUS OR PROSPERITY. (55 days.) The earliest large podded wrinkled pea. Bears in great abun-dance handsome pods and ripens nearly as early as the small, round early sorts. Is quick to germinate and of vigorous growth. The pods are of bright green color, and measure 4 inches in length, well filled with luscious peas. 8 to 10 or more in pod. Height 2½ feet. For the market and home garden one of the best varieties. Pkt. 8c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.75 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.50.



**A518.** DWARF GRAY SUGAR. Most desirable and sweetest of all edible pod peas. In my sarden they turned out exceptionally fine. Pods are of good size and filled with 6 to 8 peas. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; (b. 45c; 5 lbs. \$2.00 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.50.



Pimento Pepper. (Page 93.)

## **PEAS.**—(Continued.)

## WRINKLED VARIETIES.—(Continued.)

**A504. SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR.** Resembles Nott's Excelsior, but has longer and broader pods, of a light green color. The pods are square at the ends and filled with 6 or 8 large size peas. Very tender and of a most delicious flavor. Vines grow about 15 to 20 inches high and are hardy, therefore permitting early planting. Pkt. 8c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.90 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$25. Pkt. 8c; 1 lbs. \$3.25

**A506. PETER PAN.** A splendid new pea of sturdy growth. The vines grow 15 to 18 inches high, are dark green in color and wonderfully productive, bearing numerous handsome, large dark green pointed pods, which measure 4 to 4½ inches in length and contain 9 to 10 deep bluish-green, sweet wrinkled peas of finest quality. They mature a little earlier than Gradus, with pods equally as long. If you plant this variety I am sure you will want them again. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.25 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.00.

**A508. PIONEER.** (Novelty.) One of the latest achievements in the perfection of early peas, and I cannot speak too highly of it. Vines grow about 18 inches high, are very strong and do not need support unless the soil is very rich. The pods are filled with large, tender, fine flavored peas, and are ready for market about the same time as Thomas Laxton. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.10 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.50.

**A510. NOTT'S EXCELSIOR.** Of robust and vigorous growth and ripens with the extra early market sorts. The pools are about 3 inches long, and contain from 6 to 8 large peas, which are tender and of fine flavor. Height 15 inches. Pkt. 8c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.90 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.00.

A512. EVERBEARING. (60 days.) For a second early or main crop variety I do not hesitate to recommend Everbearing in the least, as they have proven very satisfactory in my garden. The pods are of large size, well filled with very large peas of superior flavor. The vines are of robust growth and branching habit, pro-ducing new blossoms after repeated pickings. Height 20 to 24 inches. Pkt. 10c; <sup>14</sup> 1b. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.85 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.25.

A514. CHAMFION OF ENGLAND. (75 days.) The vines are of vigorous growth and produce large pods of luscious peas in abundance. If you want a late, climbing, heavy bearing pea, I would advise you to plant this variety. Pkt. 8c; ¾ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.75 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.00; 25 lbs. \$6.00.

## SUGAR PEAS.

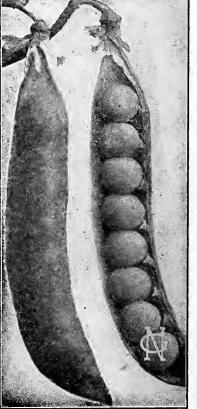
Champion of England. a waxen vellow color, stringless, very sweet and tender; 4 to 5 feet high and very prolific. Pkt 10c, ½ 1b. 20c; 1b. 50c; 5 1bs \$2.25 post-paid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.50. A520. TALL GRAYSUGAR. Ed-

**GRAY SUGAR.** Ed-ible pods. Height 4 to 5 ft. Produces abundantly large sized brittle pods, which are cooked like string beans; they are delicious, sweet and tender they are deficious, sweet and tender. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$2.00 postpaid. Not pre-paid, 10 lbs. \$3.50.

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Oak Knoll, Fla. When your new catalog is issued, please send. it. Have concluded that I shall not or-der seed from oth der seed from oth-er seed houses, for I do not get the satisfactory resatisfactory re-sults which I get from your seed. Thanking you, I am, Yours truly, L. L. B  $\mathbf{R}_{\cdot t}$ 

L. L. R. Oct. 19, 1918.



Nott's Excelsior.

# PEPPER.

Sow in hot bed in April and transplant to open ground when the weather is favorable, in warm mellow soil, in rows 18 in apart. May also be sown in open ground when danger of frost is past and soil warm, 1 oz. to 2,000 plants.

danger of frost is past and soil warm, 1 oz. to 2,000 plants. A522. **BOYAL KING**. This new variety was found in a field of Ruby King Peppers by a pepper grower. After 18 years of experimenting and improving same, he devel-oped this wonderful new variety. It is much superior in every way to the old Ruby King, therefore I have dropped that variety. Royal King is exceptionally thick-meated, practically twice as thick as the old Ruby King, and more than double the thickness of the Bell peppers. It is very mild, perfectly sweet and free from pungency. The plants are very productive and the yield per acre is exceptional. The peppers are unusually firm and excellent for shippings just what the market gardener has been looking for. For home use there are none better. I can highly recommend this pepper to all my customers. Try a packet and let me know next fall how you like them. Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 40c; oz. 75c.

**A524. CHINESE GIANT.** Undoubtedly the largest pep-per in existence. Plant is of strong growth and a very prolific bearer. Flesh is thick, of bright scarlet color, very mild and sweet. Pkt. 15c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. 35c; oz. 60c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. \$2.00.

AS26, LARGE SWEET FKL 15C; ½ 02, 35C; 02, 60C; ¼ lb, \$2.90, AS26, LARGE SWEET SPANISH. Bell shaped. Very large, of square form, thick, hard and less pungent than most sorts. A variety that I can personally recommend, as I have planted them in my garden for years with the best of success. Ripens early. Pkt. 15c; 02, 60c; ¼ lb, \$2.00.

A528. **BED CAVENNE.** A long, slim pod, and when ripe, of a bright red color; extremely strong and pungent. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

**A530. RED CHILI.** Small fruits, three inches in length and about an inch in diameter. Bright red, very hot and fiery. Used for making Mexican Chili. Pkt. 15c; oz. 55c;  $\frac{1}{4}$ , 1b.  $\frac{1}{2}$ . 200.

## PERFECTION PIMENTO PEPPER.

A NEW VEGETABLE FOR MY MANY CUSTOMERS.

of

A NEW VEGETABLE FOR MY MANY CUSTOMERS. A532. Following is the originator's description: "Years careful selection and improvement have brought the "Perfection Pimento" Pepper to perfection indeed, and we know it has no superior, or, in fact, no equal on the market today. While the pepper is excellent for home use, it is especially desirable for canners. The meat is several times as thick as the bell pep-per type and yields fully 50 per cent more edible product. It is the mildest of all peppers and is very sweet, delicious and is free from all pungency. It is unusually smooth and uniform in shape, so that the skins can be slipped off easily after being burnt over a hot fire for a few seconds or by being boiled a few skins can be slipped off easily after being burnt over a hot fire for a few seconds or by being boiled a few minutes in hot water, or it can be pared like an apple. When ripe, it is a beautiful scarlet red. It is exceptionally productive and yields a heavy crop until frost. It is especially in demand by canners for pimentos, pickles and pulp. They are easy to raise. Should be grown the same as peppers." Pkt. 15c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. 40c; oz. 75c.

Some years ago I ordered seeds of you and had the best success I ever had in gardening. Squashes were simply enormous in size and sweet and delicious in flavor. Mrs. E. H., Chesaning, Mich., Box 183.

Common Field.

Royal King Pepper.

## PUMPKIN.

Pumpkins are frequently planted in connection with a crop of corn, or as a second crop after early peas, etc. Plant in drills 8 to 12 feet apart, one ounce of seed for 25 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre. The fruits are very susceptible to frost; should be gathered and stored in a cool dry place in the fall.

**A544.** SMALL SUGAR. (65 days) Also called Sweet Pumpkin. It is small, being about 10 inches in diameter. It has a deep orange yellow skin and fine grained flesh, handsome and an excellent keeper. The average weight is about 5 pounds. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; '4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.30 postpaid.

**A534. TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO.** (75 days.) Hardy, productive, sweet and delicious. It is of me-dium size, of a white, creamy color and has an excel-lent flavor; a good keeper. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40 postpaia.

A540. CUSHAW OR CROOKNECK. (75 days.) Very productive, color light cream, sometimes lightly striped, flesh salmon colored, mealy, sweet. This va-riety is called a squash by many people and is about as much of a squash as a pumpkin. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40 postpaid.

**A536. JAPANESE PIE.** (80 days.) Skin is deep green, with darker stripes, turning to yellow as fruit ripens. Earlier than any other pumpkin. Flesh very thick, a rich salmon color, nearly solid, dry and sweet, making rich pies. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40 postpaid. **A538. LARGE SWEET CHEESE.** (85 days.) Fruit flat-tened, skin cream color; flesh yellow, thick and very tender, Large, hardy, productive. Good, keeper. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.30 postpaid. **A542. KING OF MAMMONING** 

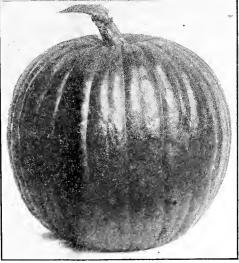
**A542. KING OF MAMMOTHS.** (90 days.) Grows to an immense size, often weighing over 200 pounds. The flesh and skin are of a bright golden yellow color. Flesh fine grained and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.35 postpaid.

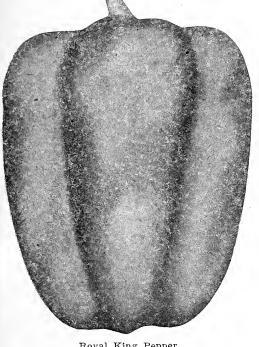
A546. COMMON FIELD. (90 days.) Well known old Con-necticut Field Pumpkin, which is of medium size, orange yellow color and good flavor. If planted with corn, it re-quires only 2 pounds of seed per acre. Also good sort for kitchen use Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

## RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT.

Succeeds best in deep, rich soil. Sow in spring in drills, cover one inch. Thin plants to six inches apart. Transplant in autumn or spring to permanent beds 3 feet apart each way. One ounce will make about 100 plants.

A548. LINNAEUS. (2 year.) The standard sort. Pkt. 7c;
oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.35 postpaid.
A550. GIANT. (2 years.) Quite acid, of fine flavor. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.35 postpaid. EHUBARB ROOTS. (1 year.) See page 26.







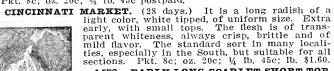
Cincinnati Market.

(20 days.) Extra early, brilliant scarlet, nearly globe shaped and remark-ably crisp and tender. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.70 postpaid. A562. NE PLUS ULTRA. '(20 days.) An extra early sort especially adapted to forcing, being ready for market in 20 days. Round and bright scarlet, very small tops; 'quality the best. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; b) \$1.75 postpaid 1b. \$1.75 postpaid.

**A564. EARLY SCARLET TURNIP.** (25 days.) A small, round, red, turnip-shaped radish with a small top and of quick growth. An early variety of rich color, crisp and tender. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.60 postpaid.

**A566. ROSY GEM.** (23 days.) Very desirable for forcing and outdoor anting. Tops and roots both small; skin bright scarlet tipped with hite. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c postpaid. planting. white.

A 568. FRENCH BREAKFAST. (25 days.) Well-known, quick-growing variety of oval shape. Will not remain crisp as long as other va-rieties. Bright scarlet tipped with white. Of medium size, crisp and tender. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c postpaid.



A572. EARLY LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP. (28 days.) It grows 6 to 7 inches long, half out of the ground. It is very brittle and crisp, and of quick growth; color bright scarlet. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c postpaid.

**A574**. **CHARTIER**. (35 days.) The color of the top is crimson, running into pink about the middle, thence downward it is pure waxy white. It is very crisp, tender and of pleasant flavor. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40 postpaid.

**A576.** SONDEREGGER'S DELICIOUS. Crop failure. Cannot supply this year. **A578.** MIXED VARIETIES. Many varieties in a good mixture. Pkt. 7c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c.

## WINTER RADISH.

Should be sown during July and early August. A580. ROSE CHINA. (60 days.) Bright rose color, flesh white, firm and of superior quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 50c postpaid.

**A582.** CALIFORNIA MAMMOTH WHITE. (65 days.) Pure white. Flesh tender and crisp; keeps perfectly through the winter. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c postpaid. Pkt. 10c;

**A584.** LONG BLACK SPANISH. (72 days.) Roots oblong, of very large size and firm texture. Somewhat sharp in taste. Best keeper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 14 lb. 50c postpaid.

## RADISH.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, 8 to 12 lbs. per acre. For first crop sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks throughout the season for succession. A warm, sandy loam, made rich and light by strong manure, is best. Sow in drills 10 to 12 inches apart. The winter varieties should be sown in July and August.

My Radish Seed is saved from selected, transplanted roots; it costs more to raise Radish Seed grown that way than if no selection is made.

more to raise Radish Seed grown that way than if no selection is made. **A552.** SAXA. (20 days.) The earliest Radish for forcing or outdoor culture. They have repeatedly been tried, both under glass and outside, but have invariably proved to be ready for market about three days earlier than any other forcing variety. The roots are globe-shaped, bright, deep fiery scarlet, with no hint of purple in it, and often reach a marketable size with only two true leaves. Because of its small tops, quick maturity and handdsome color, it is considered the best forcing radish and can be recommended equally well for outdoor culture. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 55c postpaid.

A554. SPARKLER. (20 days.) A very attractive and desirable rad-ish on account of its beautiful color, quick growth and fine quality. The color is a very deep scarlet, with a pure white tip covering about one-third of the lower part of the root. In shape it is nearly round, slightly flattened on the under side. The roots are solid, crisp and sweet and remain fit for use longer than most early radishes. It is equally well adapted for forcing as for outdoor planting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; <sup>14</sup> lb. adapted for forcing as for outdoor planting. 50c; 1b. \$1.85 postpaid.

A556. SONDEREGGER'S ICICLE. (24 days.) This is without doubt the best long white radish. I have found them to bring excellent re-sults when other sorts fail, and I think they are of better quality, too. They are very early, with long, slender, pure white roots, which will keep crisp for a long time. The roots are of a transparent whiteness, brittle, crisp and of a fine flavor; tops very small. In my garden I plant them for first early, for summer and for late use. Quality is al-ways good. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.

A558. CRIMSON GLOBE. (35 days.) This variety is suitable both for forcing or early planting out of for forcing or early planting out of doors. A remarkable feature of this radish is that it will grow double the size of other round red forcing radishes and still remain solid. In shape this new radish is round to oval. Flesh is mild and tender. Pkt. Sc; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.65 ppd.

A560. EARLY SCARLET GLOBE.





Saxa.



**A592. VICTORIA.** (50 days.) The foliage is heavy, the broad dark green leaves being of the true savoy appearance, and of finest quality. In prime condition from 2 to 3 weeks after other kinds have run to seed. Pkt. 7c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid.

A594. LONG STANDING. (50 davs.) An improved strain of excellent merit, having all the good qualities of the or-dinary sorts, and especially desirable because it is much later in going to seed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 60c; lb. <sup>8</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 10 nestnaid \$2.10 postpaid.

**A596.** NEW ZEALAND. (55 days.) This sort is grown to supply the place of the ordinary spinach during the hot-test months of the year or in dry, arid places, where the ordinary spinach does badly. In my garden I plant nothing but New Zealand, as it does best in both cool and wet, as well as for hot and dry summers. The plant is very large, with thick, fleshy leaves of very fine flavor, and remains crisp and tender from early summer till cut by frost. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25.

## SALSIFY OR OYSTER PLANT.

Resembles a small parsnip, and when thinly sliced and cooked, is a good substitute for oys-ters, having a very similar flavor. It succeeds best in a light, rich soil. Sow early and quite deep, thin out and cultivate like carrots. Per-fectly hardy and may remain out all winter. For winter use store a quantity in the cellar. One ounce to 50 feet of drill.

**A586. MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND.** (95 days.) Grows to a large size, is of superior quality and pure white color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb, 75c.

## SPINACH.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, 10 lbs. per acre. Select rich, well drained soil, sow in drills one foot apart and one inch deep, or it may be sown broadcast at the rate of 30 lbs. to the acre. For spring and summer use make first sowing early in spring and continue at intervals of two or three weeks until the middle of June; sow in August and September for early spring use, and protect with a covering of straw during severe weather. weather.



White Burley Tobacco, grown by Miss Bertha G., Clarksville, Ia (See testimonial at bottom of page 96.)

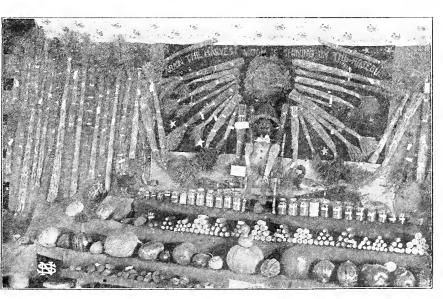
# TOBACCO.

One ounce will sow about 25 square feet about 25 square feet and produce plants for one acre. This is a paying crop and will do well in this state. The following varie-ties have been thor-oughly tested in this climate. Early in the spring burn a brush pile on the ground to be used for seed bed. Then thoroughly pul-verize the soil, dig-ging and mixing in the ashes. Sow seeds shallow. When vlants are six inches high, transplant into rows transplant into rows 4 feet apart.

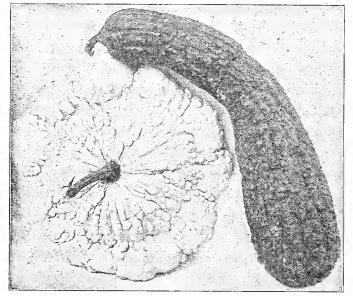
A598. CONNECTI-CUT SEED LEAF. Best adapted to the climate of the Middle and Northern states. Pkt. 7c; oz. 40c.

A600. WHITE BUR-LEY. Largely grown for manufacture of fine cut plug. Pkt. 7c; oz. 40c.

+**A602.** Well HAVANA. Well known large leaved variety. Pkt. 7c; oz. 40c.



Mr. Peter M., Colome, S. Dak., writes as follows: "This is a photograph of my exhibit at the Tripp County Fair, Winner, S. Dak., for which I was awarded first premium, \$100, also special premium of a gas engine for individual exhibit. Seeds were bought from Sonderegger Nurseries and Seed House."



Early White Bush and Giant Summer Crookneck.

and is a very good keeper. I have grown t ties. Pkt. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c postpaid.

A606. GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK. (45 days.) A great improvement upon the former size, runs more evenly as to type, and grows fruit in quantity of healthy, compact, bushy plants. The fruit is heavil ed, its flesh is of deep golden color, and quality best. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40 postpaid. A608. EARLY WHITE BUSH. (55 days.) This is the well-known White Pattypan Squash. The to mature, very productive, light cream colored. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid. The fruit is heavily wart-

The earliest

**AGIO**. **CUSHAW SQUASH.** Every spring I have a number of calls for Cushaw Squash, so I decided to list them this year. This variety is often called a pumpkin and is about as much of a pumpkin as a squash. They much of a pumpkin as a squash, grow to a very large size, are dis-tinctly mottled green and white striped and very beautiful in ap-pearance. The flesh is solid, fine grained, very sweet and excellent for pies; also good for baking. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.60 postpaid. \$1.60 postpaid.

\$1.60 postpaid.
AG12. DELICIOUS. (60 days.) Considered to be the best flavbred Squash in existence. Color a handsome green and of nice size, weighing 5 to 10 lbs. Flesh is dark orange color, fine grained, sweet and dry. Best in winter. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.
AG14. WARTY HUBBARD. (65 days.) I consider this the ideal type of the Hubbard Squash. It is the best of all winter sorts and sells at sight in all markets. Very dark green, shell extremely hard and warty. Flesh dry, sweet and of finest flavor. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75 postpaid.
AG16. GOLDEN HUBBARD, (65 days.) This is a very distinct sort of the shape and general character of the Hubbard, but a little smaller, earlier to mature, and of rich orange red color. The flesh is a little deeper colored and fully as good quality. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50 postpaid.
AG18. HUBBARD. (65 days.)

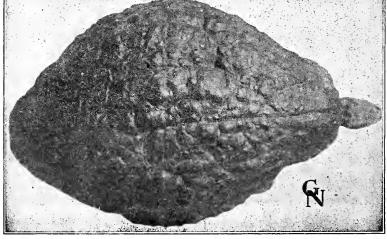
A618. HUBBARD. (65 days., A well known standard winter squash. Very similar to the above; however, the fruits are smoother and somewhat smaller in size. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.60 postpaid.

A620. SIBLEY OR PIKE'S PEAK. One of the very best winter varieties. Surpasses the winter varieties. Surpasses the Hubbard in quality. Has large, oval fruits, tapering at the blos-som end. Shell hard, dark olive color. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25 postpaid.

SONDEREGGER'S A 622. **MAMMOTH.** Crop failure. I hope to be able to list this good variety again next season.

Am sending you a photograph of our White Burley Tobacco field, grown from your seed. It is the prettiest and best tobacco we have ever raised, the leaves measuring 36 inches in length and 26 inches in width. (See ll-lustration on page 95.)

Miss Bertha G., R. 2, Box 47. Clarksville, Ia.



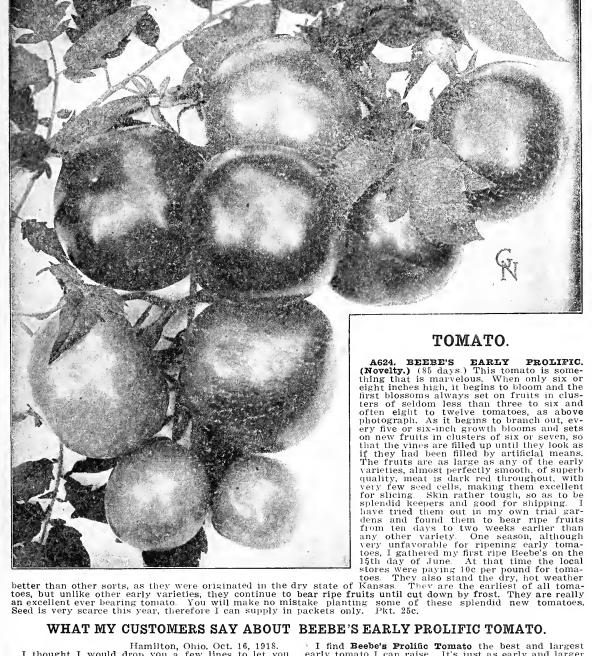
Warty Hubbard Squash, raised on my farm.

# SQUASH.

Any good enriched soil is adapted to the growing of Squash. The seed should not be sown in the spring until danger from frost is past and the ground is warm. Plant in hills (about 8 to 10 seeds in a hill) the early sorts 4 to 6 feet apart, the late varieties 8 to 12 feet. Thin out to three plants in the hill. Keep the earth about the plants loose and free, from weeds. One ounce for 25 hills, 3 to 4 pounds per acre. Any good enriched soil is adapted to

to 4 pounds per acre. Every farmer should plant a small field of Squash. They do well in the corn field and also in orchards. I have had best success growing them in my apple orchard between the rows, where noth-ing else does well. They are excellent for table use and make better pies than number pumpkin.

A604. BANANA. (60 days.) For a number of years I have had more or less inqui-ries for Banana Squash, so I made a speand Giant Summer Crookneck. I have grown them several years and b. 75c postpaid.



Hamilton, Ohio. Oct. 16, 1918. I thought I would drop you a few lines to let you know that I was very thankful for my tomatoes that you sent me. I was the first one of all my neighbors and my friends at the shop that had big, ripe toma-toes, and I took the last ones off today. They were the early market tomatoes—Beebe's Early Prolific. Yours truly, 916 Cleveland Ave. Hamilton, Ohio.

got one package of the Beebe's Tomatoes last r. We had the nicest tomatoes of anyone around 2. We surely like your garden seed. Mrs. C. W. S. anuary 24, 1918. Nortonville, Kans. vear. here.

We tried your **Early Prolific Beebe's Tomatoes** last year, and they did fine. We shall plant them this year. Mrs. R. J. G., February 13, 1918. Davis Creek, Calif.

January 24, 1918.

I tried your **Beebe's Early Prolific Tomatoes** last year and was pleased better with them than any I ever tried. February 27, 1918. Mrs. Chas. R. F., Wheeler, Texas.

<sup>k</sup> I find **Beebe's Prolific Tomato** the best and largest early tomato I can raise. It's just as early and larger than Salzer's Earliest of All.

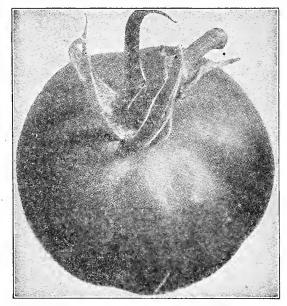
February 12, 1918.

Yoder, Colo.

Beebe's Tomato plants 6 inches high, with buds, stood 4 inches of snow on June 1st and a light frost that night. C. C. S., July 9, 1917. Amy, Colo., R. 1.

The **Beebe's Early Prolific Tomatoes** were the best I ever raised. I sold \$14 worth tomatoes, and we ate all we could eat and canned 64 jars. Erich H., Box 18, Milmay, N. J.

I must write you about the **Beebe's Early Prolific Tomato** seeds I purchased from you last year. They sure were a nice lot of tomatoes. We had one bush that had about 4 dozen tomatoes on; just one branch that was about 14 inches long, had 12 tomatoes on it and not a single leaf. When they ripened, I called two of my neighbors over and showed them to them, and they said they never saw anything like them. March 11, 1917. Cedar Rapids, Ia.



Kansas Standard.

**A640. NEW STONE.** (115 days.) It ripens for main crop, is very large and of bright scarlet color, very smooth, ripening evenly to the stem without a crack; ex-ceedingly solld and firm fleshed. Pkt. 8c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.15. **A642. DWARF CHAMPION.** 

(110 days.) Its habit of growth is not only dwarf and compact, but the stem, being thick, stiff and short-jointed, it is almost self-supporting when laden with fruit. It is could be a purplish fruit. It is early, of a purplish-pink color, smooth, solid and of fine quality. Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c; 4 lb. \$1.50.

**A 10.** \$1.50. **A644. KANSAS STANDARD.** (110 days.) Very rapid growth, strong stalks; color bright red; shape round, slightly flattened, perfectly smooth; meat solid and thick, of excellent flavor. Good size, fine for shipping and first-rate keeper. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; ½ 1b, \$1.25 postpaid. **A646 GOLDEN CUPEN** (110

**A646. GOLDEN QUEEN.** (110) days.) Best large velow variety. Ripens very evenly; fruit is smooth, of good quality and fine flavor. Fine for the home gar-den and a good yielder. Pkt. Sc; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

## SMALL TOMATOES.

Excellent for Preserves and Pickles.

A648. **YELLOW PEAR SHAP**- **ED.** (95 days.) Bright yellow, distinctly pear shaped, of rich Tomatoes grown from my seed by an flavor. Pkt. 8c; oz. 40c. A650. **YELLOW PLUM.** (95 days.) Plum shaped, deep yellow, fine flavor. Pkt. 8c; days.) oz. 40c.

A652. BED CHERRY. (95 days.) About five-eighths inch in diameter, borne in clusters. Pkt. 8c; oz. 40c. A 652

0

**A654**. GROUND CHERRY. Husk or Strawberry Toma-to. Fruit golden yellow, size of cherry. The fruits are enclosed in a husk. Excellent for preserves, sauce or pies; very productive. Directions for preserving sent with each packet. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c.

Wish to state that during the many years I bought my seed of you, I have never had any cause for complaint, and I am very sorry indeed that it was necessary for me to do so this time, but appreciate fully that it was not your fault. I also wish to advise that the balance of the seed sent me was very good, especially Sonderegger's Imp. Evergreen Sweet Coru. It is now fully nine feet high with large ears of corn. I will be very glad to favor you with future orders. Beg to remain, W. K., August 1, 1918. Cleveland, Ohio.

TOMATO.

CONTATO.
One ounce of seed for 2000 plants. Well manured, light sandy soil is the best. For early plants sow seed in boxes or hotbeds in March. When the plants are about 2 inches high, transplant to 4 incles apart each way. Set out of doors as soon as danger of frost is over. Transplant carefully 4 feet apart each way, and cultivate well as long as vines will permit. To obtain early fruit pinch off the ends of the branches when the first fruit is set. If you will use a teaspoonful of Lime Fertile with each plant when planting, and the same amount every three or four weeks, it will help to hurry the ripening four to five days. Lime Fertile has proven satisfactory for all kinds of vegetables and flowers. You will find it listed on page 128.
A626. EARLY JUNE. (Novelty.) (95 days.) This splendid new tomato ripens earlier than Earliana. The plants are vigorous and of extremely quick growth, yielding large, well-shaped fruits in freat abundance. It is smooth, of bright red color, almost seedless, the fast hick, firm, and flavor delicious. Its main points are earliness, large size and fine flavor. Pkt. 15c; ½

oz. 50c; oz. 85c.

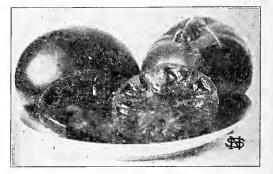
**A628. SPARK'S EARLIANA.** (95 days.) Extreme-ly early, of large size and beautiful bright red color. Its solidity and fine quality are equal to the best late sorts. The plants are very compact, with stout jointed branches. It is enormously productive. Fruit is even in form and smooth, very fleshy, solid and excellent for shipping purposes. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ½ Ib. \$1.15.

A630. CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL. (95 days.) Large, handsome fruits, very solid, deep through, being almost round or ball shaped. Flesh thick, bright scarlet, solid, with comparatively few seeds, and of sweet flavor; skin thin, but sufficiently strong to make it a good shipper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.10.

A632. NEW GLOBE. (95 days.) A632. NEW GLOBE. (95 days.) Extra good all round sort of distinct globe shape. Among the earliest in ripening. The fruits are of a large size, always smooth, of firm flesh and have few seeds, ripens evenly; color a fine, glossy rose, tinged with purple. Heavy yielder and of finest flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25 postpaid. A634 RED PEACH. (95 days)

40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25 postpaid.
A634. BED PEACH. (95 days.)
The fruit is of uniform size, resembling a peach in shape, size and color. It is a profuse bearer until killed by frost, and has an agreeable, very fine, mild flavor. It is desirable for eating from the hand as well as for canning. Pkt. 7c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.25 postpaid.
A636. IMPROVED TROFHY. (110 days.) One of the best. Fruit large, smooth, of very deep color and a good flavor. A well known variety and largely planted. Pkt. 7c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.10 postpaid.
A638. PONDEROSA. (110 days.)
The largest fruited tomato. While the fruits often attain a weight of

The largest fruited tomato. While the fruits often attain a weight of one pound each, they are generally ridged and not as smooth as some of the smaller varieties, but solidly fleshy, with small seed cells and of fine, sweet flavor. The vines are of strong growth; fruits are large-ly oblong in form and of deep pur-ple color. If you want an extra large tomato of fine flavor, I would recommend to plant Ponderosa, as they have proven very satisfactory in my garden. Pkt. 15c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.40.



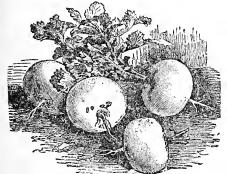
Chalk's Early Jewel.

## TURNIP.

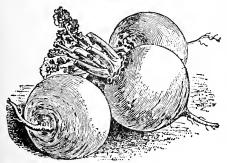
One ounce will sow 125 feet of drill. Two pounds per acre in drills, three pounds broad-cast. Turnips do best in highly enriched sandy or light loamy soil. Commence sowing the ear-liest varieties in April, in drills from 12 to 15 inches apart and thin out to nearly six to eight inches in the row. For late planting or main crop, sow in July and August. Turnips are eas-ily grown and are a very good vegetable. When I make my kraut I always slice a few turnips right in with the cabbage; it makes fine kraut; just try it. just try it.

A656. **EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MI-**LAN. (40 days.) The earliest in cultivation. Of medium size, quite smooth, with a bright purple top; the leaves are few and short. Flesh of choicest quality, solid, fine grained. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.45 postpaid.

**A653. EXTRA EARLY WHITE MILAN.** (40 days.) Very similar to the preceding, except the skin is pure white. My experience with both of these varieties has been that they will do better planted late for early fall use, than planting in the early spring. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.45 postpaid.



Early Snowball Turnip.

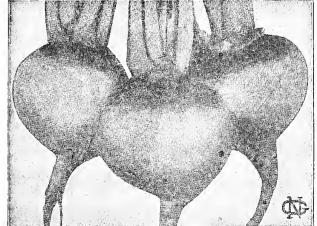


Golden Ball Turnip.

## RUTABAGAS OR SWEDES.

These require a longer season than Turnips do. For table use, they usually keep better and are slightly better flavored than the Turnip. For feeding stock in fall or winter there is nothing su-perior to Turnips and Rutabagas, as they are liked by all kinds of stock and keep them in good condi-tion tion

by all kinds of stock and keep them in good condi-tion. A672. EUROPEAN SWEET. (90 days.) Flesh pure white and very sweet; grows to a large size. always yields well and is a good keeper. The quality is all that can be desired. For table use and for stock feeding it is one of the best. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; <sup>14</sup> lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid. A674. WHITE RUSSIAN. (90 days.) One of the finest Rutabagas, a heavy yielder and very hardy. Keeps in good condition until late in spring. Quality very good, sweet and tender. This is a newer variety that has given splendid satis-faction everywhere and is in great demand for mar-ket and table use; also very good for stock feed-ing. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; <sup>14</sup> lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid. A676. FURPLE TOF VELLOW. (95 days.) Is considered the best yellow-fleshed variety. It is of fine quality and is widely grown. It keeps per-fectly all winter and even into the following sum-mer. It is justly held in high esteem for both table and stock feeding purposes and can be relied upon for general cultivation in all sections. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; <sup>14</sup> lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid.



Purple Top White Globe Turnip

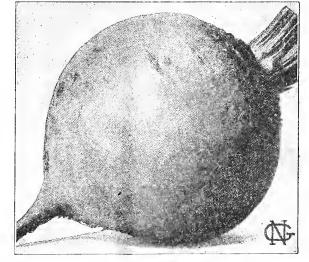
A660. EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH. (45 days.) A most excellent carly garden variety. Roots medium size, flat, color white; yery early, sweet and tender. Pkt. 7c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 55c; 1b. \$2.00 postpaid.

A662. PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAVED. (55 days.) Superior for early or late planting. Round and flat, good sized, small top, with but few leaves; flesh very fine grained. A splendid keeper. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid. Not pre-paid, 5 lbs. \$9.60.

**A664. EARLY SNOWBALL.** (60 days.) A globe-shaped, white skinned turnip, very fine grained, firm, and of delicate flavor. One of the best keeping of white fleshed sorts, very early and the dentation for formula market use. A nonular and particularly adapted for family and market use. A popular sort of which I sell large quantities of seed year after year. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid.

Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid.
A666. FURFLE TOP WHITE GLOBE. (70 days.) This is the most popular of all market turnips. The shape is globular and of good size, and in appearance it is the best looking of all varieties, the white globe surface having an uneven purple edging at the top. The flesh is firm, fine grained, white, and of most excellent flavor. It is a fine keeper, equally desirable for table and stock. An immense producer and good keeper. Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs. \$9.60.
A668. GOLDEN BALL. (70 days.) One of the best and sweetest fleshed turnips. Not of large size, but firm, hard and of the most excellent flavor. Keeps well; excellent quality. Many of my customers prefer a yellow-fleshed turnip and the folden Ball is by far the finest of them all. It has given the best of satisfaction everywhere. Fkt. 7c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.90 postpaid.

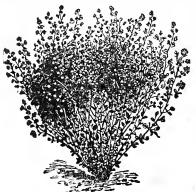
A670. DANISH BORTFELDER. (75 days.) This splendid root has been awarded first class certificates several times by the Danish government, as the most productive of all turnips, and is considered the best in Scandinavia. Long root, cream color, delicate green tops, rapid grower, heavy cropper and excel-lent keeper. Especially desirable for stock feeding. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid.



European Sweet Rutabaga.

# AROMATIC, SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL HERBS.

Herbs in general, delight in rich, mellow soil. Sow early in the spring in shallow drills one foot apart; when up a few inches thin out to proper distance to transplant. Some of them have very fine seed and it is only necessary after the seed is sown, to press the ground with a board. For flavoring fruits, meats, etc., a few pot and sweet herbs are necessary for every garden. If they are to be used during winter, the stalks should be cut on a dry day, when not quite in full bloom, then be dried quickly in the shade, and when dry be packed closely in boxes, with the air entirely excluded. Annual varieties are marked "A," and perennial varieties "F." after the name.



Marjoram.



Summer Savory.

**A678. ANISE. A.** Used for garnishing, seasoning and for cordials. Seeds have an agreeable, aromatic taste. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 90c. **A680. BALEM. A.** The leaves are used for the making of balm wine, a pleasant beverage and tea used in fevers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c. ANISE. A.

a preasant beverage and tea used in fevers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.
A682. BASIL, SWEET. A. The leaves are used for flavoring soups, stews, etc., also for garnishing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.
A684. BORAGE. A. Leaves used for salads. Flowers excellent for bees. The flower spikes can also be used in cool drinks. Flowers very aromatic. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.
A688. CARAWAY. A. Seeds are used for flavoring bread, pastry, meats, etc., also used in confectionery and medicine. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb, 45c.

A690. CASTOR OIL PLANT. A. The seeds yield Castor Oil. Pkt.

**A690. CASTOR OIL PLANT. A.** The seeds yield Castor Oil. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c. **A208. CHERVIL. A.** Leaves used for garnishing and flavoring. Also for salads. Fkt. 10c; oz. 20c. **A694. CORLANDER. A.** Seeds are aromatic. Used for flavoring and in the manufacture of liquor and confectionery. Leaves used for garnishing. Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c.

and in the manufacture of liquor and confectionery. Leaves used for garnishing. Pkt. 15c; 02, 35c.
A696. DILL. A. Leaves and seeds are used for the flavoring of soups. sauces, preserves and pickles. Pkt. 10c; 02, 25c; 14 lb. 75c.
A698. FENNEL. A. Leaves are used for garnishing, seeds for flavoring. The leaves boiled are used in fish sauces. Pkt. 15c; 02, 40c.
A700. LAVENDER. A. An aromatic, medicinal herb, but the plant is chiefly grown for its flowers, which are used in the making of perfumes. The dried leaves, put in paper bass, are used to perfume linen and to keep out moths. Pkt. 15c; 02, 40c.
A702. MARJORAM. A. Used for flavoring. The leaves and the shoots may be dried for winter use. Pkt. 10c; 02, 40c.
A704. OFIUM POFPY. A. Medicinal.herb. Pkt. 15c; 02, 40c.
A706. SAGE. P. Leaves used for seasoning and dressing; also in medicine. Pkt. 10c; 02, 30c.
A708. SORREL, LARGE LEAVED. A. For boiling "greens" or used as a salad. Cook like spinach. Pkt. 10c; 02, 30c.
A710. SUMMER SAVORY. A. Plant is aromatic. Leaves and young shoots used for flavoring, especially with boiled string beans, also for dressing. Pkt. 10c; 02, 30c.
A712. THYME. A. Medicinal and culinary herb. Young leaves and tops used for soups, dressing, sauce, either green or dry. Thyme tea is a cure for mervous headache. Pkt. 10c; 02, 30c.
A714. WORMWOOD. A. Medicinal herb. Beneficial for poultry and should be planted in every poultry yard. Pkt. 15c; 02, 40c.

used same as Thyme. Pkt. 15c.

## DRIED HERB LEAVES.

Many of the herb seeds can be imported only from Europe, and since the war I have been unable to get them. So I have decided to list all the varieties I can get in dried leaves this year.

NOTICE.-The Dried Herb Leaves are not put up in less than one-ounce packets. Prices are all postpaid.

A718. ARTEMESIA. (Mugworth.) Is used for flavoring of stews, roasts, etc. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb, 35c. A720—BALM. The leaves are used for the making of

A720-BADL. The leaves are used for the maxing of balm wine, a pleasant beverage and tea used in fevers.
 Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c.
 A722. BASIL, SWEET. The leaves are used for flavoring soups, stews, etc., also for garnishing. Oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

**A724. HOREHOUND.** Leaves are used for flavoring. Also used in the manufacture of cough remedies. Oz. 10c; <sup>14</sup> 1b, 35c.

**A726.** LAVENDER. The dried leaves, put in paper bags, are used to perfume linen and to keep out moths. Oz. 15c; <sup>14</sup> 1b. 50c.

MARJORAM, SWEET. Used for flavoring. Oz. A728.

A720. 15c; 4 lb. 50c. A730. PEPPERMINT. For flavoring and in cool drinks. Oz. 10c; 4 lb. 35c. A732. ROSEMARY. Leaves used for seasoning. Oz.

10. 35c. 34. RUE. Medicinal. Good for fowls for the roup. A734.

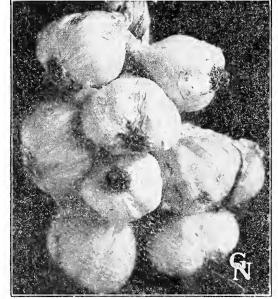
14 lb. 50c. SAFFRON. Used for coloring and flavoring. Oz. 15c; A736.

A736. SAFFRON. Used for coloring and flavoring.
Oz. 15c; ½ lb. 50c.
A738. SAGE. Leaves used for seasoning and dressing; also in medicine. Oz. 10c; ½ lb. 35c.
A740. SUMMER SAVORY. Leaves and young shoots used for flavoring, especially with boiled string beans, also for dressing. Oz. 10c; ½ lb. 35c.
A742. TANSY. Leaves are used for tea and in bitters. Oz. 10c; ½ lb. 35c.
A744. THYME. Young leaves are used for soup, dressing, sauce, either green or dry. Thyme tea is a cure for nervous headache. Oz. 10c; ½ lb. 35c.
A746. WORMWOOD. Medicinal herb. Oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c.

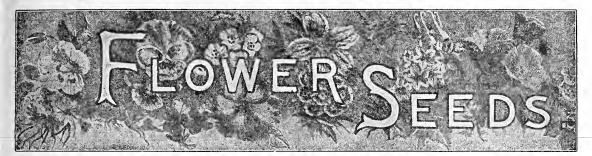
1b. 50c.

## GARLIC.

**A748.** The most pungent of all the onion family. The root or bulb is composed of many small bulbs called "cloves," which are planted in the spring six to eight inches apart, and in Aus, the bulbs are ready to gather. Large bulbs, ¼ lb. 15c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 40c postpaid.



100



On the following pages I offer the best varieties of choice Flower Seeds. My seeds are fresh and of un-surpassed quality, grown by the best growers of this country and Europe. Quality is always my first con-sideration. There is no space so small that there is not room for a few of these beautiful flowers, and with a small outlay a succession and abundance of bloom can be obtained.

On account of the war conditions in Europe, I have been unable to get all the varieties that I listed in previous years, therefore my list is not as complete this year as it has been, and the prices on some varieties somewhat higher. But nevertheless, my packets contain a liberal quantity of seed, more than is generally sent out by other firms.

**ANNUALS** bloom and ripen from the seed the first year and then perish. They are marked "A" after name, **PERENNIALS** continue flowering several years in succession. Many of them bloom the first year. They are marked "P" after name.

I have cultural directions printed on all packets. For best results please follow them very closely. All Flower Seeds are sent postpaid by parcel post on receipt of price. SHOWY FLOWERING ANNUALS FOR BEDS AND PLANTS SUCCEEDING IN PARTIAL SHADE. MASSING. See Page S

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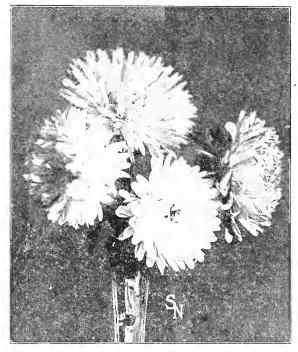
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## SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Comet Mixed Asters, raised in my garden.

## ABRONIA. A.

**A826.** GRANDIFLORA. Flowers are rosy-lilac, and sweet scented. For beds, borders and hanging baskets. Pkt. 10c.

## AGERATUM. A.

**A828. BLUE.** Very pretty sky-blue flowers. Nice for borders, Pkt. 10c.

#### ALYSSUM. Α.

**A830. SWEET.** Flowers white, fragrant, easily grown in boxes, vases and beds. A good border plant. Pkt, 10c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. 20c.

**A832.** CARPET OF SNOW. Of dwarf, dense growth, completely covered with snow-white flowers. Blooms all summer. Nice for borders. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 25c. Blooms all

#### ARABIS. Α.

(Snow in Summer.) Very early Dwarf, fine for edging. Quite fra-A848. ALPINA. white spring flower. grant. Pkt. 10c.



White Giant Comet Aster.

## ASTERS, A.

Asters are of easy culture. The seed can be sown in the open ground in May and the plants will then bloom in September and October. For earlier blooming, sow in March or April, in cold frame or hotbed or boxes in the house. Seed should not be covered more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch.

A800. WHITE GIANT COMET OR POODLE ASTER. The handsomest of the tall asters. Re-sembles Japanese Chrysanthemums. Pkt, 15c.

**A302. ROSE GIANT COMET.** Very large, double flowers of rose color, resembling the finest Chrysanthemums. Pkt. 10c.

A804. CRIMSON GIANT COMET. The large, double chrysanthemum-like flowers are of a beautiful crimson color and very free blooming. Pkt. 10c. A806. **PURPLE GIANT COMET.** The flowers

are large, double, resembling the finest chrysanthe-mums and of a purple color. Pkt. 10c.

**COMET OR BRANCHING.** Flowers large, bble. with long stems. Best cut flowers. A810. very double, with long stems. Mixed. Pkt. 15c. A812. HOHENZOLLERN. L.

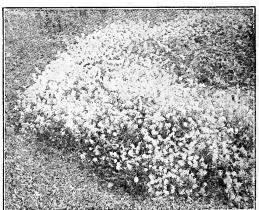
A812. HOHENZOLLERN. Larger than Giant Comet, the petals longer, more curled. Blooms very abundantly on long stems. Finest cut flower. Mixed. Pkt. 15c. A814. PAEONY FLOWERE

inches high. Flowers large, extra double, mixed colors. Pkt. 10c. A816. VICTORIA. Magnificent sort, 20 inches

A816. VICTORIA. Magnificent sort, 20 inches high, free bloomer, very double, colors distinct and brilliant. Finest mixed. Pkt 10c. A818. DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM. The finest

A818. DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM. The nnest of all dwarf asters, with large, beautiful flowers in brilliant colors. Mixed. Pkt. 15c. A820. GERMAN QUILLED, or Japanese Needle Aster. Nice, double flowers, very free blooming. Mixed. Pkt. 10c. True China As-

A822. SINGLE PLOWERING. True Chi r. Fine assortment of colors. Pkt. 10c. A824. MANY KINDS MIXED. Pkt. 10c. ter.



Alyssum, Carpet of Snow,

#### AMARANTHUS. Α.

**A834.** CAUDATUS. (Love Lies Bleeding.) Very large, handsome, drooping flower spikes of blood-red color, 3 feet Pkt. 10c. hígh.

A836. TRICOLOR. low, red and green. feet high. Pkt. 10c. Handsome foliage plant. Leaves yel-Well known as "Joseph's Coat." 3

## ANTIRRHINUM. A. (Snapdragon.)

They do not receive the attention they deserve. One of the best cut flowers. Easily grown from seed, excellent for beds and borders.

**A838. GIANT FLOWERED.** Flowers are very large and fragrant, produced in long spikes all summer. Pkt. 10c.

A840. DWARF MIXED. Plants grow 1 foot high. Pkt. 10c. A342. TALL MIXED. Plants grow 2 feet high. A nice, mixture of many shades and colors. Pkt. 10c.

## AQUILEGIA. P. (Columbine.)

**A844. TRUE ROCKY MOUNTAIN.** Colorado's emblem flower. Free flowering; for permanent borders, etc. Blossoms light blue. Pkt. 10c.

**A846.** Pkt. 10c. SINGLE AND DOUBLE MIXED. All colors mixed. ARCTOTIS GRANDIS. Α.

**A850.** AFRICAN LILAC DAISY. Pure white on top sur face and reverse side of petals pale lilac blue. Blooms al summer. Pkt. 10c. Blooms all

## ARMERIA. P.

**A852. MOUNTAIN PINK.** Flowers grow in large tufts, rosy pink. Beautiful for edging. Pkt. 10c.

ASPERULA. A.

A854. AZUREA. Fragr in shady places. Pkt. 10c. Fragrant light blue flowers. Thrive well

BALSAM. A. (Lady Slipper.)

One of the most beautiful annuals. Flowers brilliantly col-red, very large and double. Balsams like rich soil and a ored, very larg sunny situation.

A856. CAMELLIA FLOWERED, WHITE. Pkt. 15c. A858. CAMELLIA FLOWERED, PINK. Pkt. 15c. A860. CAMELLIA FLOWERED, ROSE. Pkt. 15c. A862. CAMELLIA FLOWERED, PURFLE. Pkt. 15c.

A864. **COLLECTION** of one packet of each of above four separate colors, 45c.

**CAMELLIA FLOWERED.** Very double, extra large of rich color. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c. A866. flowers of rich color. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c. A868. **BOSE FLOWERED.** Splendid rose-like flowers of

brilliant colors. Pkt. 10c. A870.

870. DWARF DOUBLE MIXED. Finest mixture of dou-varieties. Pkt. 10c.

**A872. NIGHTBLOOMING.** (Nycterinia.) Flowers single, pure white, emitting a strong heliotrope perfume after sundown. Pkt. 10c.

## BRACHYCOME. A.

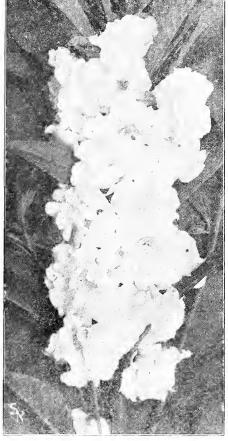
**A374. SWAN RIVER DAISY.** Of dwarf growth, very free flowering. Suitable for edging, small beds or pot culture. Blooms freely nearly all summer. Pkt. 10c.

#### BUTTERFLY PLANT, Α.



Campanula. (Page 104.)

ding. In pots it will bloom every day in the year. In it win every day in the year. In the garden from May un-til frost, ing daily showing daily scores of large blue, butterfly-like blossoms. Pkt. 10c.



Balsam, Camellia Flowered White,

#### CALCEOLARIA. P.

Produces a mass of beautiful pocket-like flowers, A878. A favorite for house culture and conservatory. Finest mix-ture. Pkt. 25c.

## CALLIOPSIS. A.

One of the showiest of garden flowers, covered with hun-dreds of flowers from July to October. Of easiest culture, Grows two feet high. Fine cut flowers.

**A882. GOLDEN WAVE.** Plants very bushy and compact. Two feet high. Flowers beautiful golden yellow with dark center. Pkt. 10c.

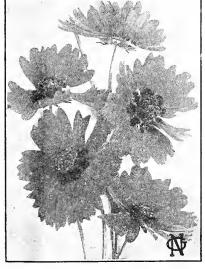
A884. GOLDEN RAY. Bright, showy flowers of rich, pur-plish brown, turning ward the end of each petal. Eight of Eight Pkt. inches high. 10c.

A886. FINEST MIXED. Many rieties in a mixture. Pkt. 10c.

A888. DOUBLE MIXED. Fine dou-ble flowers, free flowers, free mer. Splendid bloomer. Splendid for cut flowers. Grows 15 inches high. Choice varie-ties in mixture. Pkt. 10c.

I received all the seed that you sent seed that you sent me and tobacco, too, and everything is all right.

C. R., 1220 Dudley Ave. Utica, N. Y. 3-5-18.



Calliopsis.



CALENDULA. A.

**A880.** Will grow in any soil and bloom all summer. Excellent for bouquets and vases. One foot high. Sow seed outdoors quite early. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

CAMPANULA. P. (Canterbury Bells.)

Hardy perennial favorites, bearing large bell-shaped flowers in profusion. Grows in light sandy soil.

**A890. DOUBLE MIXED.** Double flowering varieties of all sorts and colors. Pkt. 10c.

**A892.** SINGLE MIXED. Many colors. A splendid assortment. Pkt. 10c. 

#### CANDYTUFT. Α.

Hardy annuals that grow easily in any soil, and bloom very freely all summer. Fine for solid beds and edging. **A896. DWARF EMPRESS.** About 8 inches high, cov-ered with extra large, pure white flowers. Pkt. 10c. **A898. WHITE ROCKET.** Large white flowers. One foot high. Pkt. 10c.

A900. ALL COLORS MIXED. Good assortment. Pkt. 10c. CANNA. A.

Stately plants of luxuriant and tropical appearance. Easily grown from seed. Will bloom the first year.

A902. LARGE FLOWERING. Best varieties mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c. CROZY. Dark leaved varieties. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz. 20c.

## CARNATION. P.

For house and garden culture. Flowers are large and fragrant.

A906. SONDEREGGER'S DOUBLE. Finest mixed. Sweet scented, double, large flowering sorts. Best for house culture. Pkt. 20c.

A908. EVER-BLOOMING FRENCH. Flowers large, very double, deliciously sweet and of rich color. Blooms in four months from seed. Pkt. 25c.

A910. SCABLET GRENADIN. Flowers double, rich scarlet. Lives through the winter with but little protection. Pkt. 15c.
 A912. MARGUERITE. The beautiful fragrant flowers are in bloom four months after time of seeding. Blooms nearly all of the time. Mixed colors.

Pkt. 15c.

A914. GIANT MARGUERITE. Will bloom about four months after sowing, and continue all through the summer. Flowers are very large, measuring three inches in diameter, colors are beautiful. Pkt. 15c.

## CENTAUREA. A.

Sonderegger's Double Carnation.

Also called Bachelor's Button, Blue Bottle, Ragged Sailor, Corn Flower. Flowers freely in any situation and requires little care. A918. MIXED. Many varieties mixed. Pkt. 10c. A920. AMERICANA. Grows 3 feet high. Large ball-like flowers of heliotrope color. Fra-grant. Valuable cut flowers. Pkt. 10c.

**A922. DOUBLE.** Beautiful double flowers of many colors. Pkt. 10c.

A924. EMPEROR. Lovely, dark blue flow-ers of many shades. Pkt. 10c. A926. GYMINOCAEPA. (Dusty Miller.) Finely-cut, silvery-white leaves. Showy foli-age plants for borders. 1½ feet high. Pkt. 10c. 10c.

**A928. MARGUERITA.** Large, pure white flowers, sweet scented. Fine for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

## CHINESE WOOLFLOWER. A.

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER. A. A930. CELOSIA PLUMOSA. This recent novelty is the most interesting and beautiful of the Celosias. The flowers appear like large balls of red wool, especially the one at the tip of the main stem. Each of the numerous side branches also produces flowers at each tip, although somewhat smaller. Here the plant commences to bloom the last part of July and continues until cut down by frost. The flowers do not fade, but increase in size and brilliancy throughout the season; as a cut flower I have kept them in good shape for over two weeks. They are excellent for bedding or as specimen plants; are easily grown from seed just like the old Coxcomb. In a bed plants should not be planted over 10 inches apart. Height of plant, 2 to 3 feet. Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. for 25c.

I received the seeds and everything is sat-isfactory, and I thank you for your prompt relimment F. S. Feb. 28, 1918. No. Salem, N. H.

Received the 100 pounds Red Clover seed all right; the seed looks fine. Thanking you for past favors, I am, Yours truly,

Mar. 13, 1918.

J. St. Paul, Kans. CELOSIA or COCKSCOMB. **A**.

Handsome garden and pot plants, bearing large combs of crimson, pink or golden striped color.

**A916. DWARF MIXED.** Splendid mixture of warf sorts. Pkt. 10c. dwarf sorts.



Chinese Woolflower, raised in my garden.

104

CHOCOLATE FLOWER. A.

**A932. BIDENS.** Two and one-half feet high. Bears numerous long stemmed flowers of a peculiar chocolate brown color and sweet odor. Fine cut flower. Blooms July to October. Pkt. 10c.

#### CHRYSANTHEMUM. A.

These hardy annuals are showy and effective border plants, extensively grown for cut flowers.

A934. DOUBLE AND SINGLE MIXED. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c. **A936. EVENING STAR.** Flowers pure golden yellow and 3 inches in diameter. Bloom about ten weeks after sowing until frost. The petals remain firmly extended in the rain and sunshine. Fkt. 10c.

**A338. MAXIMUM. P.** Ox-Eyed Daisy. Free blooming har-dy perennial, 2 ft. high, covered with large, single, pure white flowers. Pkt. 10c. **A940. FERENNIAL.** Chinese and Japanese varieties. Will

**A940. FERENNIAL.** Chinese and Japanese varieties. Will bloom, in fall from seed sown in March. Flowers large, very double. Pkt. 10c.

#### CINERARIA. P.

**A942.** For pot culture. Large, beautiful flowers. The extreme grace and elegance of the plant and flower makes it effective for decorations. Pkt. 20c.

#### COLEUS. Α.

**A944.** Handsome foliage plant, easily grown from seed. Leaves large and rich in color. 2 feet high. Mixed. Pkt. 20c.



#### COSMOS. Α.

Grows and blooms with the greatest freedom in any soil. Flowers daintily, of brilliant colors, carried on long, slender stems. Foliage feathery and very pretty. Extra fine for cut flowers.

A946. EARLY FLOWERING. Many varieties mixed. Will bloom from July to November. Pkt. 10c.

**A948. GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA.** Flowers very large and beau-tiful. Handsome, fernilke foliage. Start seed early. Finest mixed. This variety should not be planted north of Southern Kansas. They require a longer season for blooming. Pkt. 10c.

# DAHLIA. P.

Can be easily raised from seed and will bloom profusely the first year. One of the best late summer flowering plants. Very pretty. A950. CACTUS FLOWERED. Flowers large, fine cactus form. Splendid mixture. Pkt. 15c.

A952. DOUBLE MIXED. Large flowering. All colors. Pkt. 10c. A954. SINGLE MIXED. Produces flowers of large size in greatest abundance. Pkt. 10c.

#### DAISIES. P.

A956. MAMMOTH BLUE DAISY OR MARGUERITE. Plants form compact, well branched bushes 12 inches high and produce in great profusion, single, sky-blue mammoth flowers. Seed sown in early spring will make blooming plants by May, and bloom until frost. spring w Pkt. 20c.

A958. BURBANK'S GIANT SHASTA. Flowers very large and graceful, pure white, single, grow on long, stiff, wiry stems. Pkt. 15c. Dwarf Hyacinth Flowered Delphinium.

Will bloom the first summer and continue to bloom for years with slight protection in winter. ASGO. GIANT SNOWBALL. Flowers large, dou-ble, snow white on long stems. Free flowering. Pkt.

10c. **A962.** FINEST MIXED. Assortment of various kinds and colors. Pkt. 10c.

#### DATURA. **A**.

**A964. TRUMPET FLOWER.** Large, trumpet-shaped flowers, very showy. Of easy culture. Dou-ble and single mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### DELPHINIUM OR LARKSPUR. A.

These hardy annuals are of great beauty in borders or among shrubs. The long flower spikes appear in greatest profusion.

DWARF HYACINTH FLOWERED. A966. 2 to 3 feet high; the flower spikes resemble a double hya-cinth. The colors are brilliant and delicate; finest mixture. Pkt. 10c.

long, slender flower spikes of great beauty. Plants 3 to 4 feet high. Pkt. 10c.

#### PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

**A970.** CHINESE BLUE. 3 feet high, produces freely spikes of large blossoms in all delicate shades

**A972. ZALIL.** Flowers bright yellow, resemble finest orchids. Pkt. 20c.

**A974. PERENNIAL MIXED.** Hardy perennial plants with brilliant flower spikes. Double and single flowering mixed. Pkt. 10c.



Burbank's Giant Shasta Daisy.

.

DOUBLE DAISIES. Ρ. SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Dianthus or Pinks.

#### DWARF MORNING GLORY. Α.

A1090. CONVOLVULUS. Grows easily and rapidly from seed, and the plants are covered with flowers the entire season. One foot high. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

# FORGETMENOTS. P.

Myosotis. Neat and beautiful little plants, with star-like flowers. Succeeds in a moist situa-

A1008. ALPESTRIS. Low sky-blue flowers. Pkt. 10c. Lovely.

A1010. PALUSTRIS. The true water Forgetmenot. Blooms continuously. Pkt. 15c.

#### FOUR O'CLOCKS. A.

Also called Mirabilis and Marvel of Peru. Well known free flowering garden favorite. Does howering garden tavorite. Does well everywhere. Give each plant 12 to 15 inches of room. Will grow splendidly along the fence, requiring no care, and blooming freely. Flowers are closed in the day time, but will open towards evening or on cloudy days.

A1012. DWARF MIXED. Many colors in a good mixture. Pkt. 10c.

A1014. SWEET SCENTED. The flowers of this variety are white and very fragrant. Pkt. 10c.

A1016. STRIPED LEAVED. Very Blooms continuously. Mixed. Pkt. 10c. Very ornamental foliage.

#### GAILLARDIA. P.

Undoubtedly one of the choicest of the hardy perennials. Flowers very large, very numerous, and fine for cutting.

A1018. FINEST MIXED. Brilliant shades of orange, crim-son, scarlet and vermillion. Pkt. 10c.

A1020. DOUBLE ANNUAL. The large double flowers are round as a ball, in the most varied colors. Nice for bouquets. Pkt. 10c.

#### GODETIA. A.

**A1022.** Of easiest culture. The flowers are of handsome shape, brilliant in color and are produced in marvelous profusion. Tall mixed. Pkt. 10c.

## DIANTHUS OR PINKS. A.

For beautiful and lasting flowers, ease of culture, and freedom of bloom, these hardy Garden Pinks have no su-perior among annuals. Have long been a favorite garden flower everywhere.

A976. GIANT RUFFLED AND FRINGED. A magnifi-cent new strain with extra large flowers. The petals are ruffled, frilled and fringed. Many colors. Pkt. 10c. A978. DOUBLE ROYAL PINKS. Flowers of the largest size, very double; light and dark shades. Lovely cut flow-ers. Pkt. 10c.

**A980. IMPERIAL CHINESE.** Double flowers of great beauty and rich colors. Best mixture. Pkt, 10c.

A982. LACINIATUS. Flo and finely fringed. Pkt. 10c. Flowers are large, very double

**A984. HEDDEWIGII.** Large double flowers. Or most showy of all pinks. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c. One of the

A986. SNOWBALL. Flowers double, very large, often 2 inches in diameter, resembling a pure white carnation. Pkt. 10c.

A988. HEDDEWIGII, GIANT SINGLE. Immense flowers of strikingly pretty colors. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.
A990. GRASS PINKS. P. The delicately fringed flowers are fragrant and fine for bouquets. Pkt. 10c.
A992. ERFUET CLOVE PINKS. P. Of dwarf growth, perfectly hardy and produce immense quantities of clovescented flowers. Pkt. 10c.

#### DIGITALIS OR FOXGLOVE. P.

**A994.** The long flower stems are loaded with pretty flowers of delicate and varied mixed shades. 3 to 4 feet high. Pkt. 10c.

#### DIMORPHOTECA OR GOLDEN DAISY. A.

A996. AFRICAN GOLDEN DAISY. A rare and showy

**A996. AFRICAN GOLDEN DAISY.** A rare and showy annual from South Africa, of easy culture. Plants grow 12 to 15 inches high and are very profuse in flowering. Its Marguerite-like blossoms 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> to 2<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches in dimaeter, show a unique glossy, rich orange gold, surrounded by a black zone. Pkt. 15c. **A998. MIXED HYBRIDS.** Same as above, except that it ranges in all colors and shades from pure white to a deep salmon-orange; some varieties even have different colored zones, such as white with a broad sulphur yellow zone around the black disk or soft salmon-red inner circle, etc. Pkt. 20c.

#### ESCHOLTZIA. A. (CALIFORNIA POPPIES.)

Showy summer blooming plants, bearing a profusion of richly colored flowers. Fine for beds, edging or masses.

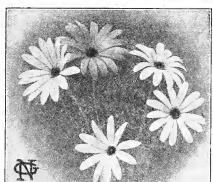
A1002. DOUBLE MIXED. Pretty double flowers, white, rose and yellow. In bloom from June until cut down by frost. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

A1004. CALIFORNIA. Large yellow flowers. Pkt. 10c.

A1006. BUSH ESCHOLTZIA. A1006. BUSH ESCHOLTZIA. (Hunnemannia.) Very beautiful plant, forming a nice bush, cov-ered with large cup-shaped flow-ers three inches across, on long stems. The color is bright yel-low. The cut flowers keep in water for two weeks. Pkt. 10c.



Bush Escholtzia



Dimorphoteca.

#### GYPSOPHILA. Ρ.

**A1024.** Also called Angel's Breath and Baby's Breath. Thrives everywhere and furnishes the loveliest material for all kinds of bouquets. Pkt. 10c.

#### HELIOTROPE. P.

Flowers very pretty and of delightful fragrance. A splen-did bedding plant as well as suitable for house culture. Seed sown in February or March produce large flowering Seed sown in Februar plants in the summer.

A1026. FINEST MIXED. Bloom the first summer. Pkt. 15c.

#### HOLLYHOCK. P.

One of the most majestic of the hardy plants. For plant-ing among shrubbery or forming backgrounds it is without an equal.

A1028. CHATER'S EXTRA DOUBLE. Flowers large and very double. Finest strain obtainable. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c. A1030. DOUBLE MIXED. Mixture of double sorts. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c

Alo32. COLLECTION OF FOLLOWING FIVE SEPA-BATE COLORS. One pkt. of each for 35c. Alo34. DOUBLE WHITE. Pkt. 10c. Alo36. DOUBLE PINK. Salmon color. Pkt. 10c. Alo38. DOUBLE ROSE. Pkt. 10c.

A1040. DOUBLE CRIMSON. Pkt. 10c. A1042. DOUBLE YELLOW. Pkt. 10c.

# ICE PLANT. A. A1044. Will do best on dry, sandy soil. The plant is of dwarf habit; flowers are white,



Hollyhocks

MATRICARIA OR FEVERFEW. A.

**A1070. EXIMIA.** The plant has numerous and freely branching flower stems, which are literally covered with very double, pure white flowers, one inch in diameter. Pkt, 10c.

Received the Spinach Seed, together with other seeds ordered at the same time, and want to say it is the finest I ever saw. R. G., 520 E. Main St.

January 28, 1918.

Denison, Texas.



wax-like and frosted. For rock work and hanging bas-kets. Pkt. 10c. Gaillardia, raised in my garden. (Page 106.)

#### KENILWORTH IVY. P.

A1046. LINARIA. Charming little plant for baskets, vases, etc. Flowers in shades of purple and lavender. Pkt. 10c.

## LANTANA. P.

**A1048.** Desirable bedding plant, constantly in bloom. Verbena-like heads. Also suitable for pot culture, hanging baskets and vases. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### LINUM. Α.

A1050. SCARLET FLAX. An effective and showy bedding plant, 1 high. Foliage is finely cut and flowers are brilliant scarlet. Pkt. 10c. 12 inches **A1052. PERENNE. P.** Beautiful hardy perennial, producing bright blue flowers the entire summer, 18 inches high. Pkt. 10c.

#### LOBELIA. Α.

Popular and beautiful flowering plants, suitable for edging, hanging baskets and pot culture. Bloom June to November.

A1054. CRYSTAL PALACE. Flowers rich, deep blue, dark foliage, best for bedding. Pkt. 10c; % oz. 25c.

A1056. CARDINALIS. 3 scarlet flowers. Pkt. 10c. CARDINALIS. P. Three feet high with large spikes of brilliant

### LUPINS. A.

Ornamental free flowering plants for borders and beds, with long spikes of richly colored flowers.

A1058. DWARF MIXED. Annual varieties. Pkt. 10c: oz. 30c.

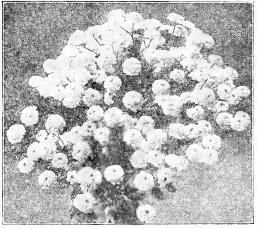
PERENNIAL LARKSPUR FLOWERED. P. Extra long splkes of A1060. pretty flowers in blue and lilac shades; 2 to 3 feet high. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c.



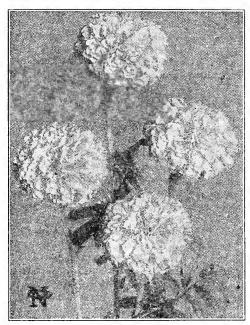
## LYCHNIS. P.

Hardy perennial plants for beds and borders. Bloom year after year without protection. A1062. CHALCEDON-

**ICA.** Plants grow 1 foot high and bloom first year from seed. Flowers a seed. Flo nt scarlet, brilliant scarlet, star-shaped. Pkt. 10c.



Matricaria.



#### MARIGOLD. A.

Free flowering old favorites of easy culture. Well adapted for large beds and borders.

A1064. TALL AFRICAN. 2½ feet high. Large double flowers in glowing colors. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Alo66. DWARF FRENCH. Each plant bears hundreds of bright flowers; 1 foot high. Double mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c.

**A1068. CBOSS OF HONOR.** 9 inches tall and blooms until late fall. Flowers single, rich, golden yellow, with a large spot of velvety brown. Pkt. 10c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. 15c.

#### MIGNONETTE. A.

A well known favorite. Also suitable for pot culture. Should be watered freely until plants are several inches high. Alor2. GIANT MACHET. Flowers are larger than those of other sorts, the spikes are very dense, its foliage is distinct, being crinkly, while its odor is strong and most delicious. The plants grow in handsome bush form and bloom until late fall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

A1074. SWEET SCENTED. The old sweet-scented variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

A1076. GOLDEN QUEEN. Flowers yellow, very sweet. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

#### MIMOSA. A.

**A1078.** (Sensitive Plant.) Curious and interesting plants. Leaves close and droop when touched or shaken. The flow-ers are red. 1½ feet high. Pkt, 10c.

### CLIMBING NASTURTIUMS. A.

Elegant and luxurious climbers for verandas, trellises, etc. May be used to cover unsightly railings and to trail over rough ground with fine effect.

Tall African Marigold.

A1080. TALL CHAMELEON. Produces various colored flowers on one and the same plant. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.

**A1082. LOBB'S CLIMBING.** A grand free flowering variety. Very showy and rich colored flowers. Finest mixed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c.

A1084. TALL MIXED. Nice mixture. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 14 1b. 40c.

#### DWARF NASTURTIUMS. Α

May be classed among our most beautiful and showy an-nuals. They are of easy culture and make a continuous show of bloom.

A1086. DWARF CHAMELEON. Bears flowers of various colors on one and the same plant. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c. A1088. DWARF GOLDEN KING. Dark foliage, bright golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb. 45c.

Alogo. KING OF TOM THUMBS. Deep scarlet flowers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c. Alog2. DWARF KING THEODORE. Dark leaves and deep crimson colored flowers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c. A1094. DWARF MIXED. A special selection of all colors.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c.

#### NEMESIA. A.

A1096. A very retty bedding pretty b e d d in g flower of easiest culture. The flow-ers are large, of rich color and pro-duced in wonder-ful profusion Dit ful profusion. Pkt. 20c.

#### Nasturtium.

#### NICOTIANA. A. (Tobacco Plant.)

A1098. SANDERAE, NEW HYBRIDS. Will thrive in any soil, either in pots, boxes or in the open ground. Two feet high. Val-ued for cut flowers. Mixed. Pkt. 10c. A1100. AFFINIS. This plant grows to a height of 2½ feet, and produces an abundance of large, pure white flowers of deli-cious fragrance. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

#### NIGELLA. A.

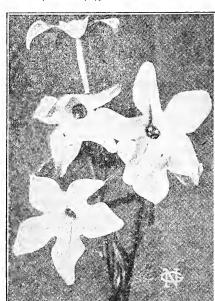
**A1102.** (Love in a Mist, or Devil in a Bush.) A compact, free-flowering plant, with finely-cut foliage and curious looking flowers and seed pods. One foot high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c.

#### OENOTHERA. A.

AllO4. EVENING PRIMROSE. Neat plants, with large. saucer-shaped flowers, white or golden yellow; open at dusk; emit a delightful perfume. Pkt. 5c.

### PERILLA. A.

**Al136.** An elegant foliage plant of easy culture. Dark purple leaves. Two feet high. Pkt.  $10c_1^{-1/2}$  oz.  $25c_1$ .



Nicotiana, Affinis.

#### PANSIES. P.

For best results you must start with a good strain of seed. 'The finest pan-sies are, as a rule, shy seeders, which accounts for the difference in prices of the various mixtures offered below. The plants thrive best in a cool, moist, but well drained and enriched soil. Sow seeds in April or early May and cover lightly. The soil should be kept moist until plants are up.

Alloc. MASTERPIECE OR GER-MANIA. The petals are crimped and, curled in such a fashion that the flowers appear double. The flowers are often 3 inches across and the color variations and combinations are odd and striking the rich, dark velvety shades predomin-ating. Pkt. 20c. crimped and,

A1108. GIANT TRIMARDEAU. Flowers extra large, stand well above foliage. Each flower marked with three blotches. Strong growers. Pkt. 15c: ½ oz. 45c.

Alloc Schuber States and Schuber States and Schuber States and Schuber States and Schuber Schu

A1112. SONDEREGGER'S IMPER-IAL. Elegant, richly colored flowers of large size and perfect shape. The finest mixture of giant flowered pansies. Pkt. 15c: ¼ oz. \$1.25.

All14. ENGLISH TUFTED PANSY, or Pansy Violet. Elegant free-blooming plants for partly shaded beds and bor-ders. They are more hardy than regu-lar pansies. Large flowering varieties mixed. Pkt. 15c.

mixed. Pkt. 15c. **A1116. OBCEID FLOWERING.** Shows the most surprising novel, unique and beautiful color combinations, entirely new among pansies. The upper petals are upright and plaited, resembling or-chids. The ground color of nearly all the flowers is light. Pkt. 20c. **A1118. PHENOMENAL, OR MAD- AME PERRET.** Giant flowered with firilled edge. Colors are rich wine shades

A1118. PHENOMENAL, **AME PERBET.** Giant flowered with frilled edge. Colors are rich wine shades and red with a white margin. Pkt, 15c. **TIGET BLUE.** A delicate A1120. LIGE nade. Pkt. 15c. shade.

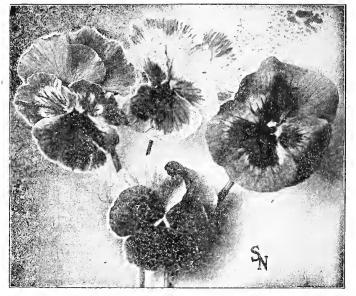
A1122. CARDINAL. The finest bright red pansy. Pkt. 15c. A1124. KING OF BLACKS. The dark-set pansy known. Pkt. 10c.

est pansy known Pkt. 10c. All26. SNOWFLAKE. Large, satiny,

pure white.

A1128. YELLOW. Golden yellow with dark eye. Pkt. 10c.

A1130. EXTEA FINE MIXED, I make A1130. EXTERATING MIALD, I make up this mixture from the finest varieties of English, German, French and Belgian Pansies. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 75c. A1132. GOOD MIXED. Many varie-ties. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 45c.



lixed Pansies, raised in my garden. I about one-half natural size of flowers. Extra Fine Mixed Pansies, Picture shows

#### PENTSTEMON. Ρ.

A1134. MIXED HYBRIDS. Large flowering, very attractive plant, much used in hardy borders. Forms large and beautiful flower spikes. Height 2 to 3 feet.



Double Portulacca.

PETUNIA. A.

For bedding, edging or house culture, few plants equal them in effectiveness and bright colors. Easily cultivated and bloom all season.

A1138. DOUBLE MIXED. Beau tiful large flowering varieties. Pkt. 5c.

GIANTS OF CALIFOR-A1140. NIA. Flowers single, large, in great variety of colors. Pkt. 20c. ín A1142. LITTLE GEM. Bushy little plants 8 inches high. Flow-ers show a five-pointed star; all colors. In bloom all the time. Pkt. 15c.

A1144. STRIPED AND BLOTCHED. Fine for bedding. Pkt. 10c.

A1146. ALBA. Pure white, Dewhere large masses of white are wanted. 12 inches high. Pkt. 10c.

COUNTESS ELLESMERE. A1148. Flowers beautiful pink. Pkt. 10c.

**KERMESINA.** Flowers bright, glow-A1150. ing crimson. Pkt. 10c.

A1152. VENOSA. Be many shades. Pkt. 10c. Beautifully veined flowers,

Al154. GOOD MIXED. Many colors mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c.

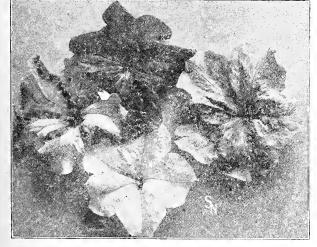
#### PORTULACA. **A**.

Also called Rose Moss or Sun Plant. One of the most popular hardy annuals of easy culture. Flowers of richest colors produced in profusion.

A1200. SINGLE MIXED. lors. Pkt. 10c. Fine mixture colors.

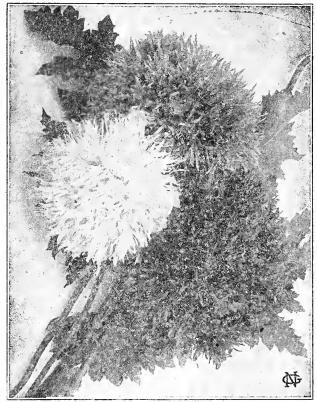
A1202. DOUBLE MIXED. Many shades, double flowering. Pkt. 10c.

- A1204. DOUELE WHITE. Pkt. 10c.
- A1266. DOUELE FINK. Pkt. 10c.
- A1208. DOUBLE SCARLET. Pkt. 10c. A1210. DOUBLE YELLOW. Pkt. 10c.
- COLLECTION of four separate colors, A1212. 1 packet of each for 30c.
- I received your seed corn the other day, and I believe it is all right. P. A. S., February 14, 1918. Novelty, Mo.



Giants of California Petunia, raised in my garden.

SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Double Paeony Flowered Poppies.

#### PHLOX DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA, A.

Of all the summer flowering annuals the varieties of large flowering Phlox are one of the most brilliant and satisfactory. From June until October they maintain an endless display of dazzling and varied colored flowers.

A1156. ALBA. Extra large white flowers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 55c

A1158. ROSE. Pleasing shade of rose pink. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 55c.

All60. SCARLET. Intense, glowing scarlet. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 55c.

All62. YELLOW. Of lemon yellow color. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 55c.

A1164. COLLECTION of one packet each of the above four colors for 30c.

Alle6. EXTRA CHOICE MIXED. Best sorts. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 45c.

A1168. STARRED AND FRINGED. Very pretty star-colors. Pkt, 10c; flowers. Dwarf growth. Mixed colors. shaped flov 1% oz. 30c.

A1170. DWARF MIXED. Of dwarf. compact habit. Fine for pot culture, for bedding and edging; 6 to 8 inches high. Very profuse bloomer. Pkt. 10c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. 45c.

A1172. PERENNIAL MIXED, Hardy in splendid mixture of colors. Pkt, 20c, Hardy, flowering sorts

#### PYRETHRUM. P.

Handsome herbaceous plants of easy culture. A1220. GOLDEN FEATHER. Beautiful golden-leaved liage plant for borders and ribbon beds. Six inches foliage plant for borders and ribbor high; half hardy perennial. Pkt. 10c.

**A1222. HYBRIDUM.** Beautiful perennials blooming in May and June. Large, Aster-like flowers in many shades. Single and double mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### RICINUS OR CASTOR BEAN. A.

Strong growing plants for ornamental foliage, adapted s center plants for Canna or Dahlia beds and single specimens.

A1224. SANGUINEUS. Brownish red foliage; 6 feet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

**A1226. ZANZIBABIENSIS.** 12 to 15 feet. Enormous leaves  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet across, and are beautifully lobed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

A1228. MIXED. Many kinds mixed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c. Two Sprays of Salvia Splendens from my garden.

#### POPPIES. Α.

Probably no class of plants enjoy greater popularity and are more widely grown than the Poppies. Their wonderful range of color of their delicate, gracefully borne flowers is well known to all lovers of flowers. The Poppies are quite hardy and the seed should be sown as early in the spring as possible, where the plants are to remain.

A1174. TULIP FLOWERED. The perfect beautiful flowers resemble the Tulip. Intens fiery scarlet; single. Pktr 10c; ½ oz. 30c. A1176. SHIRLEY. Silk or Ghost Poppie: The perfect, lip. Intense

Silk or Ghost Poppies. vers of glowing colors. A1176. SHIELEY. Slik or Gnost Popples. Handsome single flowers of glowing colors. Mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c. A1178. DOUBLE PAEONY FLOWERED. MIXED. Flowers large as Paeonies and very double. Finest mixture. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 25c.

FLOWERED.

I can also supply the following solid colors: A1180. DOUBLE FAEONY FLOWERED. Thite. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c. White.

All82. DOUBL DOUBLE PAEONY FLOWERED. Rose. ½ oz. - 30c

A1184. DOUBLE PAEO Scarlet. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c. PAEONY FLOWERED.

All86. DOUBLE PAEOR Furple. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c. PAEONY FLOWERED.

A1188. COLLECTION of one packet each of the above four solid colors for 30c. A1190. DOUBLE CARNATION

Aligo. DOUBLE CAENATION FLOW-ERED. Flowers of large size and varied col-ors. Very popular. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c. Aligo. DOUBLE AND SINGLE MIXED. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c.

### PERENNIAL POPPIES.

All94. ICELAND POPPY. P. Will produce flowers the first year from seed. The colors range from pure white to orange scarlet and flowers are slightly fragrant. Nice for vases. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c.

All96. PERENNIAL MIXED. P. Nice as-sortment of many hardy perennial poppies. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c.

All98. **ORIENTAL POPPY. P.** The Hower, are very large, often measuring four inches in diameter. They come in the most brilliant shades of red and increase in size from year to year. Pkt. 10c.

#### PRIMULA. A.

Al214. CHINESE PRIMROSE. A1214. CHINESE PRIMROSE. One of my most important pot plants, in bloom almost all winter. Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

A1216. **PRIMULA OBCONICA**. Everblooming Primrose. Splendid for pot culture and also for the open border in summer. Flowers single, in shades of lavender, pink and red. Pkt. 15c.

A1218. PRIMULA AURICULA. Garden Primros A well-known favorite. Sweet scented. Pkt. 15c. Primrose.

#### SALVIA SPLENDENS. Ρ.

A1232. SCARLET SAGE. Blooms first year from seed. Bears long spikes of beautiful scarlet flowers from July to frost. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c.



SALPIGLOSSIS. A.

**A1230.** Of easy culture, blooming from early summer until late fall. Flowers orchid-like. Large flowered mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### SCABIOSA.

Mourning Bride or Egyptian Rose. Exceedingly pretty bor-der plants. Splendid cut flowers. Blooms freely during the summer and autumn; 2 feet high.

A1234. SNOWBALL. Flowers large, pure white, very double. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

A1236. DOUBLE MIXED. Large flowering varieties. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 35c.

#### SCHIZANTHUS. A.

**A1238.** Butterfly Flower or Poor Man's Orchid. The gay, butterfly-like blossoms are carefully marked and spotted, resembling some species of fine orchids. Fine cut flowers. Mixed. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.



Dwarf Ten Weeks Stocks.

Blooms till frost. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c. A1266. STAR FLOWERED. New, dwarf growth, covered with pretty star-shaped flowers. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c.

A1268. SILVER LEAF. Silver foliage; flowers yellow with black. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c.

A1270. DOUBLE DWARF. Grows 4 feet high. Flowers ble, very large, of golden-yellow color. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c. Flowers dou-

#### SWEET SULTAN. Α.

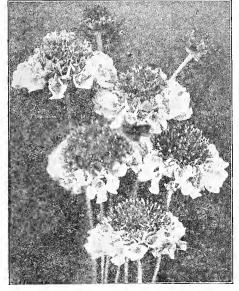
**A1318.** Elegant garden flower of easy culture and fine for cut flower purposes. The beautiful sweet-scented flowers are borne on long, strong stems four feet high. Giant flowered mixed. on long, strong st Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

#### SWEET WILLIAM. Ρ.

Attractive, free flowering, hardy perennials, producing a splen-did effect in beds and borders, with rich, varied flowers. Blooms June to September. 1½ feet high.

A1320. DOUBLE MIXED. Flowers are borne on long trusses. Pkt. 10c.

A1322. SINGLE MIXED. A mixture of single varieties. Pkt. 10c.



Double Mixed Scabiosa.

Stocks are among the finest annuals. The plants commence to bloom about ten weeks from time of germination and con-tinue until frost. Flowers of brilliant color and fragrant. Fine for pot culture. A1240. DOUBLE FANCY MIXED. Assortment of large flowering sorts. Pkt. 10c.

SEPARATE COLORS.

A1242. PURE WHITE. Pkt. 10c. A1248. BLUE. Pkt. 10c. A1244. CRIMSON. Pkt. 10c. A1250. YELLOW. Pkt. 10c. A1246. PURPLE. Pkt. 10c.

A1252. COLLECTION of one packet each of above five separate colors for 35c.

A1254. DRESDEN EVERBLOOMING. Cut and Come Again Stock. Flowers are very large, double and fragrant. Plant grows 24 inches high and branches freely. Seed sown in April will make blooming plants by July, which continue in flower until frost. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

A1256. BROMPTON OR WINTER. A new flowering variety, producing long spikes of large, double, fragrant flowers. Pkt. 10c. A1258, NIGHT SCENTED STOCK. (Mathiola.) Begins to bloom in June. Flowers lilac pink, very sweet scented after sundown. Height 15 inches.

Pkt. 10c.

#### SUMMER CYPRESS. A.

STOKESIA CYANEA. P. A1260. CORNFLOWER AS-**TER.** Rare and hardy perennial, 2 feet high, bearing from 20 to 30 lavender blue flowers from July until frost. Pkt. 10c.

> STOCKS, DWARF TEN WEEKS. A.

Al262. KOCHIA. Forms reg-ular pyramids from 2 to 3 feet high, having a cypress-like ap-pearance. The leaves are slen-der and of a light pea green un-til September, when they change to a carmine blood red. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c.

#### SUNFLOWER. A.

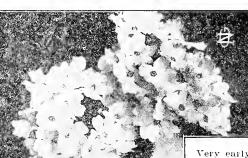
(Helianthus.)

Remarkable for the stately growth and brilliancy of their flowers, making a splendid effect among shrubbery and for screens.

A1264. CUT AND COME GAIN. Miniature Sunflower. AGAIN. Miniature Sunflowe Plants form pyramidal bushes feet high. Flowers single.



Stokesia Cyanea,



and fine.

#### SWEET PEAS. A.

Everybody likes Sweet Peas, and they are grown with as little care, and bloom so profusely that the smallest garden should contain a good supply.

A1272. DOROTHY ECKFORD. Elegant, very large, massive, pure white flowers. A1274. EARLIEST OF ALL. Standard

A1275. LADY MARIE CURRIE. Beautiful deep orange pink.

A1278. APPLE BLOSSOM. Lovely bright rosy pink.

A1280. EARLY BLANCEE Flowers bright pink and white FERRY. Very early. A1282. PRINCE OF WALES. Large size and perfect

form, bright rose color. A1284. SALOPIAN. Rich, deep crimison red, large shell shaped flowers.

A1286. KING EDWARD VII. A glowing, bright scarlet.

A1288. PRIMROSE. Beautiful primrose yellow.

A1290. BLACK KNIGHT. Rich, glossy, blackish maroon.

A1292. COUNTESS RADNOR. Delicate lavender.

A1294. NAVY BLUE. Deep violet blue. Wings violet and blue. All of the above varieties at the uniform price of 10c per pkt., or any six pkts. for 50c: 25c per oz.; 85c per 1/4 1b.

Fifty different large flowering varieties, including the newest kinds. Best mixture obtainable. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 50c post-paid.

A1298. GOOD MIXED. Many varieties and colors. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c.

A1300. CUPID SWEET PEAS. Compact, dwarf plants 7 inches high. Fine for bedding and as a border, or for pot culture. In full bloom from June to late summer. Pkt, 10c; oz. 20c.

#### SPENCER VARIETIES.

Mammoth Verbena.

A1302. BEATRICE SPENCER. Flowers large, ground white,

A1302. BARTRICE SPENCERS. Flowers large, ground white, tinted and buff. Fkt. 10c; oz. 25c. A1304. KING OF WHITE SPENCERS. Best pure white va-riety. Large flowers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c. A1306. CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES SPENCER. Standard pur-ple with blue wings. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.

e with blue wings. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c. SFENCER. Standard pur-A1308. COUNTESS SPENCER. True pale pink with a darker Ige. Fine bloomer. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c. edge.

Al310. KING EDWARD SPENCER. The best of the rich, red rts. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c. sorts,

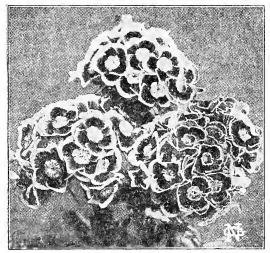
A1312. MASTERFIECE SPENCER. Lavender, one of the finest. Immense large flowers, almost always borne in fours. Pkt, 10c; oz. 30c.

A1314. OTHELLO SPENCER. Beautiful dark brown chocolate red color. 1 kt. 10c; oz.

**A1316.** SPENCER HYBRIDS. Very large flowering strain, with ng stems. Mixture. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 60c. long stems.

# VERBENA. A.

Many people prefer Verbena to Phlox, Pansies or Asters for bed-



Single Mixed Sweet William, (Page 111.)

ding purposes. Constant bloomer; brilliant flowers. Start seed in February o r March, trans-plant in May or June.

A1324. NEW MAMMOTH. Individual larger than a silver quarter. Unsurpassed for pr-sion of bloom. Fancy mixed. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c.

flowers profu-Many sorts and colors.

A1326. MIXED EYBRIDS. Many sorts and Mixed. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c. A1328. LEMON SCENTED. Fragrant plants. when dried retain fragrance for years. Seed Leaves Seed scarce. when dri Pkt. 10c.

A1330. MOSS VEREENA. Produces a mass like foliage, above which are heads of purple-blue flow-ers. Blooms from June until frost Pkt, 10c.

A1332. MOSS VERBENA, WHITE. Same as above, but flowers are pure white. Pkt. 10c.

**A1334. VENOSA.** (Hardy Garden Verbena.) One foot high. Covered with purplish heliotrope flowers from early summer till late fall. Pkt. 10c.

We received our garden seeds O. K. and they are all C. R., Worcester, Vt., R. 2, B. 30. right.

Spencer Hybrids Sweet Peas.

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#### VINCA. P.

**A1336. MADAGASCAR PERIWINKLE.** Blooms from seed the first season, continuing until frost. May he potted in fall for winter hlooming. Flowers single, pink and white. Height 12 to 15 in. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 40c.

#### VIOLET. **P**.

**A1338.** SWEET VIOLET. Well known, old-fashioned hardy garden violets; prized for their fragrance and pretty blue and white flowers. Pkt. 10c. **Price of plants:** 15c each; 10 for \$1.30.

#### WALLFLOWER. P.

Well-known, deliciously fragrant half-hardy perennial with large spikes of beautiful flowers. A fine pot plant. A1340. FINEST DOUBLE. Large spikes of brilliantly colored flowers. Pkt. 20c.

A1342. SINGLE MIXED. Nice colors. Pkt. 10c.

A1344. EARLY PARISIAN OR ANNUAL. Beautiful flowers of light brown color. Height 1½ feet. Pkt. 10c.

#### ZEA JAPONICA.

**A1346.** This is a four-coloréd Japanese maize in green, white, pink and rose. It is exceedingly effective and graceful as a foliage plant, either for centers or back-grounds. Pkt. 10c.

### ZINNIA. A.

Deserves a prominent place in every garden. Plant forms handsome bushes which produce hundreds of dou-ble flowers all summer and fall. Succeeds everywhere.

A1348. DOUBLE POMPON. A very fine strain con-taining many rich colors and shades. Plants grow about 2 feet high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c.

A1350. TALL DOUBLE. Tall varieties in splendid mixture. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c.

A1352. NEW GIANT FLOWERED. Three feet high and very profuse bloomers. Flowers extremely double and very brilliant in color. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 35c.

A1354. DOUBLE LILIPUT OR FAIRY. 15 inches high, fairly load-ed with tiny, short-stemmed, double flowers. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c.

A1356. MEXICAN HYBRIDS. Pro-duce flowers of the size of a daisy. They are single, semi-double and double. The colors are unique and pleasing. Pkt. 10c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. 35c.

A1358. COLLECTION of one each of the following five color Giant Double Zinnias for 35c. pkt colors of

A1360. GIANT WHITE. Pkt. 10c. A1362. GIANT CRIMSON. Pkt. 10c. A1364. GIANT BLACK KNIGHT. Pkt. 10c. A1366. GIANT VIOLET. Pkt. 10c. A1368. GIANT YELLOW. Pkt. 10c.

Acrolineum, Everlasting,

A1380. XERANTHEMUM. Profuse blooming hardy annuals. Flowers very double and long-stemmed. White and deep purple. Plants grow 12 to 15 inches high. Blooms from July until Septem-ber. Mixed. Pkt. 10c; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. 20c. A1389. SPECTA

A1382. SPECIAL MIXED. All the above sorts and many other varieties mixed. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c.

#### ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

The ornamental grasses are indispensable for the mixed flower bed and for the border, making these more attractive during the summer, while in the dried state they are valuable for winter hou-quets. For large beds or groups on lawns nothing gives a finer ef-fect, and are largely used in many of the finest public parks, etc.

A1384. COIX LACHRYMAE. A. (Job's Tear.) Broad, corn-like leaves and hard, shining pearly seeds. 3 feet high. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

A1386. EULALIA ZEBRINA. P. (Zebra Grass.) Leaves light green, crossed with creamy white stripes; 3½ to 4 ft. high. Pkt. 10c. A1388. GYNERIUM ARGENTEUM, P. (Pampas Grass.) Bears large, white, silvery plumes; 10 feet high. Pkt, 10c.

A1390. PENNISETUM RUEPPELIANUM. P. (Purple Fountain Grass.) Beautiful large spikes of purple color. Foliage is long, slender, deep green in color; 3 feet high. Pkt. 10c. Price of plants,

Alag2. STIPA PENNATA. P. (Feather Grass.) Beautiful, d cate white, feathery heads; 2 feet high. Pkt. 10c.
Alag4. MIXED VARIETIES. Many different kinds. Pkt. 10c. (Feather Grass.) Beautiful, deli-

#### FLOWERS FOR BOUQUETS.

**A1396.** A mixture of annuals which produce flowers suitable for bouquets and decorating, having long stems. Pkt. 10c.



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#### EVERLASTINGS OR IMMORTELLES.

This class of annuals is of easy culture, produc-ing their straw-like flowers abun-dantly all summer and fall. Suitable for bouquets.

A1370. ACROCLINEUM. Grows 15 inches high, bearing lovely white or rose-pink flowers. In bloom from June to October. Mixed. Pkt. 10c; June to Oc  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz 25c.

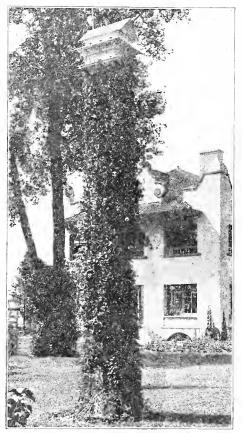
AMMOBIUM OR WINGED A13/2. AMMOBIUM OR WINGED EVERLASTING. Large, handsome double white flowers with yellow disk. Plants 2½ feet high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c. handsome

A1374. GOMPHRENA, or Globe Amaranth. Showy plants with bril-liant colored globe shaped flowers. 1½ feet high. Mixed. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c.

**A1376. HELICHRYSUM**, Mammoth flowered. Pretty and effective flow-ers. Blooming season from July to October. Two feet high. Mixed col-ors. Pkt. 19c; ¼ oz. 25c.

Helichrysum, Everlasting. **A1378. RHODANTHE.** Beautiful for the garden or grown in pots in the house. The flowers are white. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

A1372.



Coboea Scandens Photograph was sent in by Ernst L., 805 W. 2nd St., Davenport, Ia. Same effect can be had by planting Ampel-opsis Engelmanii, see page 47.

#### CYPRESS VINE. A.

For trellises the Cypress Vine cannot be excelled. It has a profusion of pretty star-shaped blossoms and fine leaves. Feathery foliage. Will grow 15 to 20 feet high. foliage.

A1410. SCARLET. Flowers bright, glowing scarlet. Pkt. 10c.

**A1412.** WHITE. Clear white in color. Pkt. 10c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. 25c.

A1414. MIXED. Mixture of all kinds. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

#### ORNAMENTAL GOURDS.

Desirable, pretty climbers for many places where a large amount of vines are wanted quickly. The blcssoms of some are striking and handsome.

A1440. CALABASH OR FIPE GOURD. A native of South Africa. Odd-shaped fruit which is used to good ad-vantage in making pipes. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c. native of

A1442. DIPPER. Fruit makes excellent dippers. Pkt. 10c.

A1444. **HERCULES CLUB.** Fruits green, 3 to 4 feet long. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

A1446. LUFFA OR DISH CLOTH. Many ladies prefer a dish-cloth made of this gourd to anything else. Pkt. 10c. A1448. NEST EGG. In color, shape and size like hens' ggs. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

eggs. A1450. ORANGE SHAPED. Known as mock orange. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

A1452. SUGAR TROUGH. The fruits have thick shells, ery light but durable. Holds 6 to 8 quarts. Pkt. 10c; very lig oz. 25c.

A1454. ORNAMENTAL MIXED. Many varieties mixed. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c.

#### WILD FLOWER GARDEN.

This mixture contains several hundred varieties A1398. of beautiful flowers, suitable to be planted together. They will form a mass of bright colored flowers and pretty foli-age. For borders along fences and bare spots in the garden. nothing more effective could be desired. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz. 35c.

# SELECTED CLIMBING PLANTS.

A1400. AMPELOPSIS. P. Boston Ivy. Will climb any wall without support. In fall leaves turn a rich orange and red. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c.

A1402. BALLOON VINE. A. A rapid growing climber, suc-eding best on light soil. Flowers white; seed pods like nall balloons. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c. ceeding small balloons.

A1404. BALSAM APPLE AND PEAR MIXED. A. Very curious, rapid and dense growing climbers, with ornamental foliage and pretty fruit, which opens when ripe, showing seed and blood red inside. Grows 10 feet high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c. A1406. CANARY BIRD VINE. A. Graceful, rapid growing climber, with pretty little canary-yellow flowers. 15 feet high.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

A1408. COBCEA SCANDENS. A. Beautiful climber, grow-ing 20 to 30 feet in one season. Large, bell-shaped blue flow-ers. In sowing, place seeds edgewise, cover with light soil. ers. In Pkt. 10c.

**A1416. DOLICHOS A.** Hyacinth Bean. Very pretty, bean-like flowers in erect racemes, followed by ornamental pods; 10 feet high. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

A1418. EVENING GLORY. A. Quick growing climber with olet-blue flowers. Fragrant in the evening. Pkt. 10c; 14 violet-blue flowers. oz. 20c.

A1420. JAPANESE KUDZU VINE. P. (Jack and the Bean-Stalk Vine.) Of wonderfully quick growth, climbing to a height of 50 feet. The large, bold leaves are of dark green color and make a dense shade. Pkt. 10c.

Color and make a dense shade. Pkt. 10c. A1422. LATHYRUS. P. (Hardy Sweet Pea.) Perennial climber with white, pink and crimson pea-shaped flower clus-ters. 6 feet high. Blooms July to September. Fine cut flowers. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c. A1424. MEXICAN MINA VINE. A. The leaves resemble oak leaves, and the flowers are borne in large clusters. Blood red, yellow throat. Grows 20 to 25 feet high. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.

A1426. MOONFLOWER, MAMMOTH WHITE. A. The most rapid grower of all climbers. The vines are literally covered with thousands of large, pure white, fragrant flowers. Grows 30 to 40 feet in one season. Pkt. 10c.

A1428. MOONFLOWER, LILAC BLUE. A. Similar to above. Produces lovely large flowars of lilac-blue. Pkt. 10c. A1434. PASSION FLOWER. P. Tender perennial climber for the summer garden, for window boxes and pot culture. Flowers beautiful white and blue; large, wax-like. Pkt. 10c.

A1436. SMILAX. P. A fine pot plant for winter. Lovely glossy green foliage which is greatly prized for bouquets and decorating. Pkt. 10c: ¼ oz. 25c.

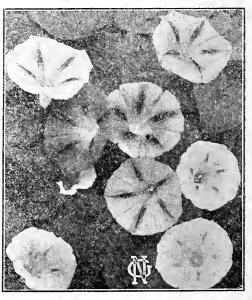
A1438, WILD CUCUMBER. A. Will grow 30 feet in a sea-son. Bears pretty white fragrant flowers followed by an abundance of ornamental, prickly seed pods. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

## MORNING GLORIES. A.

Well-known climbers with beautiful, showy flowers in many colors. For covering walls, trellises, arbors, stumps of trees, etc. Succeeds anywhere.

A1430. IMPERIAL JAPANESE. This is a large flowering Japanese strain, with beautiful blossoms in the most varied colors and shades. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

A1432. MIXED. Old-fashioned varieties. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.



Mixed Morning Glory.

# FARM SEED DEPARTMENT

My farm seeds are grown from carefully selected stock for seed purposes, and every effort is made to keep them pure and free from weed seeds. All varieties which I offer have been well tried and found to be of superior merit. We have a new law in Nebraska compelling Seed Houses to sell seeds with purity and germination according to a schedule which is part of the law. Any seed that is not up to the standard must be labeled as such. I will after this sell farm seeds, including all grasses, clovers, alfalfa, oats, etc., only NEBRASKA STANDARD; that is, seeds that will come up to the germination and purity required by our laws. In comparing my prices with those of other Seed Houses, please bear this in mind. Our laws are very strict and I live up to them as nearly as possible for me to do so. At the prices quoted, I furnish Burlap sacks free of charge, but would advise to have all heavier seeds shipped in new Grain Bags, for which I make an extra charge of 75c each. Please notice that seeds ranot be packed together with trees and plants, as the latter are packed in damp moss, whereas seeds must be kept dry. If your shipping point is a "prepay station," be sure to send a sufficient amount extra to cover freight charges. In all cases where this is not done, I ship to nearest point which is not a prepay station. I do not ship C. O. D. unless one-third the amount of order is sent me with order. My prices per pound and three pounds are postpaid by parcels post. Larger quantities are shipped at buyer's expense.

As this catalog goes to press early in the season. my prices are subject to change.

OATS.

**A1500. NEW KHERSON.** These oats were first introduced here by the University of Nebraska from Russia. This variety ripens two or three weeks earlier than other oats. Plant' is of vigorous but rather dwarf growth, stiff in straw, hence will withstand strong winds and not lodge. Leaves are broad, heads large and full. Kernels light yellow color and contain an extra large berry. My seed was grown from the original stock. **Frice:** 3 lbs. 50c, post, paid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 50c; 25 lbs. \$1.10; 100 lbs. \$4.35; 300 lbs. \$12.90; sacks included.

A1502. **REGENERATED WHITE SWEDISH SELECT.** This oats yields heavily, is free from rust and withstands drought extremely well. The heads are large and branching, fairly loaded with big, plump, thin-hulled kernels of bright, pure white color. The straw is very stiff and noted for its power to withstand lodging. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 50c; 25 lbs. \$1.10; 100 lbs. \$4.35; 300 lbs. \$12.90, sacks included.

#### SPELTZ OR EMMER.

**A1504.** The grain is considered as good as oats for stock, and better than barley for hogs. It makes excellent pasture and good hay if cut at proper season. Produces from 50 to 100 bushels of seed per acre, and yields well in dry years. It is claimed that it will make a crop where the annual rainfall is only 10 inches. Can be sown very early as plants are not injured by frost or snow. Drill, 80 lbs., or if sown broadcast, 120 lbs. per acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 75c; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$6.80; 300 lbs. \$19.00.

BARLEY.

DARLEY. A1506. WHITE HULLESS. No beards or hulls. The grain looks like wheat. Equal to wheat in feeding value, and will yield nearly twice as much. It is early, thus making a splendid nurse crop seeding with clover; is entirely beardless, with soft straw, splendid for feed. Many farmers cut it for hay crop. Sow in spring 1½ bushels per acre. Specially fine for poultry and for grinding for hogs. Price: 3 lbs. 60c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$1.10; 25 lbs, \$2.60; 100 lbs. \$10.25. A1508. MANDSCHEURI. This is an extra early six-rowed variety, with long straw, bearing long, well-filled heads of plump grain. It is a good variety to grow, either for feed or market; its malting qualities are unsurpassed. Price: 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. 65c; 25 lbs. \$1.55; 100 lbs. \$6.40; 300 lbs. \$18.00. A1510. CHAMPION BEARDLESS A

A1510. CHAMPION BEARDLESS. A fine beardless Barley that has been planted largely for so many years. The planted largely for so many years. The kernels are large, plump and heavy. It is earlier than any bearded barley, will yield more, and will not discolor as easily as other Barley. In regard to soil it is not particular. A first-class barley for malting. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 75c; 25 lbs. \$1.80; 100 lbs. \$7.00; 300 lbs. \$20.75.

#### WINTER RYE.

WINTEK KYE. A1512. WISCONSIN PEDIGREE NO. 1. This Rye was introduced by the Agricultural Department of Wisconsin, and it has proven to be much superior in yield and quality over the old varie-ties. It will yield 5 to 20 bushels more seed per acre than any of the old varie-ties. It will yield 5 to 20 bushels more seed per acre than any of the old varie-ties. Rye is a sure crop, failures being almost unknown. It is usually sown in the fail, and as it grows very vigorous, will furnish pasture usntil late in the fail, and also early in the spring it makes an abundant pasture, but then makes no crop. Price: 3 lbs. 40c post-New crop ready for shipment in August. Write rices.

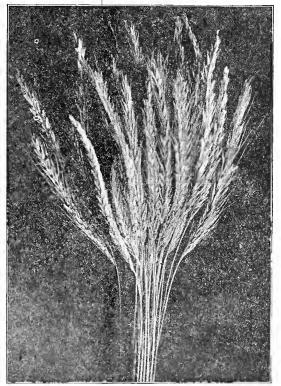
Beardless Barley.

naid for prices.

**A1514. BOSEN EYE.** A new variety introduced by the Michigan Department of Agriculture. It is sim-ilar to the Wisconsin Pedigree No. 1, and is one of the leading varieties in Michigan and in all localities where it has been once tried out. The berries are large and plump and the heads are long, making it a very heavy yielder. It will outyield any of the old varieties 10 to 20 bushels per acre. New crop ready for shipment in August. Write for prices.

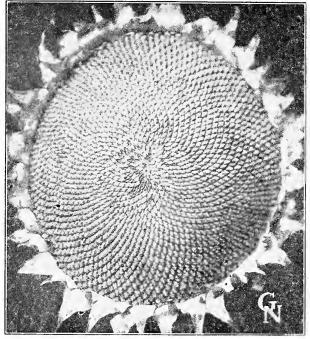
#### SPRING RYE.

A1516. Invaluable as a catch crop. Can be sown later than any other spring rye, but usually yields well. The seed I offer is home grown. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 65c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$5.75;.



Winter Rye. (Wisconsin Pedigree No. 1.)





Russian Sunflower, 14 inches in diameter.

#### DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

A1530. The easiest cultivated and most profitable **A1530.** The easiest cultivated and most profitable plant for sheep, hogs or cattle feed known. It can be sown in early spring along with oats or rye, and eaten off by sheep within a week or so after harvest. It can also be sown on wheat, oats or rye stubble, or on any vacant land up to the end of July, and will yield an imense crop of green fodder in six to eight weeks from time of sowing—nothing like it for sheep feed. Rape should be sown in drills at the rate of 3 lbs, per acre, or broadcast, using 5 to 6 lbs, per acre. **Price** for true Dwarf Essex Rape, first quality seed, 3 lbs, 70c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 5 lbs, 80c; 10 lbs, \$1.55; 25 lbs, \$3.60; 100 lbs, \$13.75.

#### SAND VETCH OR WINTER VETCH.

A1532. The true Winter Vetch or Hairy Vetch. A forage plant which has proved of highest value. It succeeds and produces good crops on poor sandy soils, and grows to a height of 4 to 5 feet. It is exceed-ingly nutritious, is eaten with relish and may be fed with safety to all kinds of stock. It is the earliest crop for cutting, and a full crop may be taken off the land in time for the spring crops. It serves equally well as a cover crop, for pasturage, hay, or as a soil renovator. In the far north sow in the early spring; in moderate climates sow from July to November, broadcast or in drills at the rate of one bushel per acre, with 1½ to 1 bushel of rye, wheat, oats or barley. Cut when the vetches are in full bloom. **Price:** Ib. 35c; 3 lbs. \$1.00 postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.00. Write for prices on larger lots.

#### COW PEAS.

Largely grown in Southern States, as a hay crop and fertilizer, in which respect they are of great value. May be sown in corn at time of last cultivation or after a crop of early potatoes. Sow broadcast at the rate of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  bushels per acre, or they can be planted in rows about 3 feet apart with a corn planter. This will require only  $\frac{1}{2}$  bushel per acre. **Frices subject to change**.

**A1534.** NEW ERA. The earliest variety and the best sort for the North and West. **Frice:** 3 lbs. 65c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, pk. \$2.00. Write for prices on larger lots.

A1536. WHIPPOORWILL. A favorite in Oklahoma. Texas and the South. Frice: 3 lbs. 65c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, pk. \$2.00. Write for prices on larger lots.

## FIELD PEAS.

Valuable for fattening stock. Can also be grown to best ad-vantage for soiling purposes. Of great nutritive value for fod-der, either when the matured peas are fed as ground feed or when the vines are cured for hay. Can be sown alone or with oats, 1 bu, of peas and 1½ bu, of oats.

A1538. CANADA YELLOW OB GOLDEN VINE. Ripens early and is a good yielder. **Frice:** 3 lbs, 60c postpaid. By freight, pk. \$1.60; bu. \$6.00; 2 bu, \$11.75. A1540. GREEN CANADA. Very hardy, extra early, and a good yielder. **Frice:** 3 lbs. 60c postpaid. By freight, not pre-paid, pk. \$2.25; bu. \$8.25; 2 bu. \$16.00.

#### MARQUIS SPRING WHEAT.

MARQUIS SPRING WHEAT. A1518. This wheat was introduced by the Canadian Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, Canada. It is a cross between an early-ripening Indian wheat, hard red Calcutta and Red Fife. At the Canadian Experimental station it out-vielded Red Fife from 13.5 to 38.2 per cent and was the highest yielding wheat there. It is very early: 3 or 4 days earlier than most of the Fife varieties, and therefore often escapes the drought of dry years, the rust in a wet season, and in the far North also the early fall frosts. Tests made in Iowa and South Dakota showed a greater yield of Marquis wheat than any other spring wheat planted there. The same result was obtained with tests in Nebraska. The Mar-quis is a beatfless wheat, a better yielder as well as a better milling wheat. It will pay my customers to try this wheat, of course, in all localities where winter wheat can be grown, it outyields all spring wheats, including the Mar-quis. All the Marquis wheat the Oakota line. Frice: 3 lbs, 45c postpaid. Not prepaid, bu. \$3.75. Write for prices on larger quantities. MACARONI WHEAT

#### MACARONI WHEAT

**A1520.** A wheat that will grow where others fail. A very heavy yielding variety and does especially well in semi-arid plains. It seems to be always a sure crop, and will mature in a shorter season than any other wheat. The grains are very hard and rather large. Sow seed early in spring, about 1½ to 2 bushels per acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 45c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 65c. Write for prices on larger lots.

#### RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER.

A1522. The largest Sunflower. One of the best paying crops to raise. Seeds are the best of feed for poultry, and much cheaper to raise than corn; 3 to 4 lbs. per acre. **Frice:** lb. 25c; 3 lbs. 70c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.65; 25 lbs. \$4.00.

#### BUCKWHEAT.

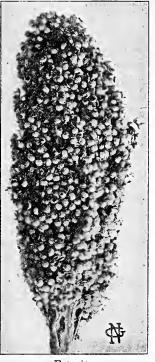
A1524. JAPANESE. An early and very prolific variety, with kernels about double the size of ordi-nary sorts. The best for the Western States, as it withstands drought well. 35 lbs. per acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 80c; 25 lbs. \$1.90: 100 lbs. \$7.50. A1526. SLIVER HULL. Well known standard va-riety. Sow 50 lbs. per acre. **Price:**. 3 lbs. 50c post-paid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 70c; 25 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$6.50.

#### FLAX SEED.

**A1528.** Flax is one of the most profitable crops, especially on new land. It makes a quick crop, being sown in April and harvested in June. The seed is always marketable at a good price. I offer good, clean seed. Sow 28 lbs. per acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 60c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 90c; 25 lbs. \$2,25; 100 lbs. \$8,75.

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Japanese Buckwheat.



SHALLU OR EGYPTIAN CORN.

Feterita. Feterita. Train the stalks should not be nearer than 10 inches in the drill, but if to be cut repeatedly for soiling it is better to sow quite thickly in the drills. Seed should not be sown too early, and covered from one-half to other sorghums. Frice: 1b. 18c; 3 lbs. 45c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.00. Write for prices on larger lots.

#### YELLOW MILO MAIZE OR BRANCHING SORGHUM.

'A1552. Highly valued because of it's certainty to produce good crops on poor, dry soil. Grows 9 to 10 feet tall and branches freely. The seed heads produce a large quantity of grain, which is superior food for fowls. Plant in drills 3 to 4 feet apart, using 5 to 6 lbs. per acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 40c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. 65c; 50 lbs. \$3.00, sacks included. **Prices are subject to change after March 1st**.

#### SCHROCK—KAFFIR-SORGHUM.

A1554. New Forage Plant—This is one of the greatest new in-troductions of recent years in the Sorghum line.

, Mr. Schrock discovered this seed in 1911, and has, therefore, been able to give it every possible test since that time. I am giving below Mr. Schrock's own description of the plant.

When planted thin, MR. SCHROCK'S OWN DESCRIPTION. MR. SCHROCK'S OWN DESCRIPTION. When planted thin, one plant will often shoot two, sometimes four or five stools, each of which will make a good head. Often a main stalk will side-shoot, making usually two or three smaller heads that rise three or four inches above the central head, yet all heads ripen seed at almost exactly the same time. In many cases, the side-shoot heads and the stool heads are not much smaller than central head from main stalk. It does better if not planted too thickly. Seed planted in April, 1914, was fully hard and matured Aug-ust 5 ust 5

ust 5. It resembles kaffir in waiting for rain, the leaves rolling up in daytime. Leaves stay green always until killed by frost. It never falls down nor lodges, and the heads never droop, nor are there any crook-neck heads. Chinch bugs do not bother it as they do milo. Seed never shatters, no matter how long it stands in field. It threshed out much more from a pile than one would ex-pect, and is about as heavy as kaffir. The seed is readily eaten by anything that will eat kaffir. Cattle and horses eat the stalks as readily as they do sorghum canes of any kind. It is as early as Feterita and seems to be as good drought resister as kaffir, if any-thing, better, and is apparently, from my observation, a better seed producer than either of the three. Is very uniform in height, from  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 feet high. A field headed out looks level on top.

Seed heads can be stacked, cut by thousands, without heading, weeks before the leaves are killed by frost. A wheat header will work to perfection on it, as well as corn binder. It makes fine, leafy hay when sown broadcast or drilled, and grows just a nice height to be handled with wheat binder (or pitchfork if cut with mower.)

**METHOD OF FLANTING.** The seeds should be sown in rows 3 feet apart. Three pounds of seed is sufficient to plant an acre. It should be cultivated the same as kaffir or milo maize, taking care to run the cultivator very shallow in order not to cut off the roots. A little seed goes a long ways, unless it is sown for forage, when it can be sown broadcast at the rate of 50 lbs. per acre. **Frice:** 1b, 20c; 5 lbs. 90c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.10; 25 lbs. \$2.65; 100 lbs. \$10.00, sacks included.



Schrock, Kaffir-Sorghum.

#### BROOM CORN.

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One of the most paying crops and is adapted to any soil that will grow corn. It will make a crop with very little rain. One acre will yield 1 to  $1\frac{1}{4}$ tons of cured brush and up to 40 bushels of seed, which is nearly equal to oats in feeding value. Plant in drills  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart, and in rows about 3 inches apart, and cultivate the same as corn. About 5 to 8 lbs. of seed will sow an acre. If planted the 1st of June, it will be ready to cut September n acre. If planted the 1st **Prices subject to change.** 15th.

**A1542. IMPROVED EVERGREEN.** This variety grows about 8 to 10 feet high, stands up well, and is entirely free from crooked brush. **Price:** 3 lbs. 75c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. 80c; 25 lbs. \$1.90; 100 lbs. \$6.75, sacks included.

**A1544. OKLAHOMA DWARF.** Most valuable grain grown in Oklahoma and the Southwest. Very early and is a drought resister. Averages 5 feet in height. Is a great yielder. **Price:** 3 lbs. 75c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 80c; 25 lbs. \$1.90; 100 lbs. \$6.75, sacks included.

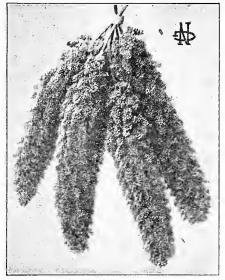
#### FETERITA.

**A1546.** A new non-saccharine from Sudan. It is an early maturing, drought resisting sorghum of considerable value, both for fodder and grain. It has rather slender stems, varying in height from 4 to 7 feet with locality and season. The stems are juicy and slightly sweet before ripening. Suckers are produced freely when moisture is sufficient. It is a little earlier than dwarf milo and yields about the same. Sow in hills 40 to 44 inches apart, and not before the ground is warm; about 2 weeks after Indian Corn, as it is still more liable to rot in cold ground. 3 to 5 lbs. will sow one acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 40c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. 70c; 50 lbs. \$3.40.

#### JERUSALEM CORN.

**A1548.** A non-saccharine sorghum especially adapted for cultivation in dry sections. It is a sure cropper, yielding an immense crop of flat, white, soft grain, similar to white kaffir, and very valuable as a feed for stock and poultry of all kinds. The plant grows about 3 feet high, making a single large head of the main stalk and numerous small heads on the side shoots. 35 to 50 lbs. per acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 85c; 50 lbs. \$4.00.

SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Golden Millet.

#### WHITE KAFFIR CORN.

**A1556.** An excellent fodder plant, yielding two crops of fodder during the season. The stalks keep green and juicy, making ex-cellent fodder, either green or dried, which is highly relished by stock. The seed crop is heavy. Sow in rows 3 feet apart, 4 to 5 lbs. per acre. For fodder sow 25 to 50 lbs. either broadcast or in drills. **Price:** 3 lbs. 40c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. \$1.40; 50 lbs. \$2.75; 100 lbs. \$5.40. **Prices subject to change.** 

#### RED KAFFIR CORN.

**A1558.** Similar to the white, except the seed is of red color. Ripens a little earlier and is said to withstand drought even better than the white. **Frice:** By mail, postpaid, 3 lbs. 40c. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. \$1.40; 50 lbs. \$2.75; 100 lbs. \$5.40. **All prices subject to change**.

#### SORGHUM OR SUGAR CANE.

Dairy farmers say that Sugar Cane is the most valuable fodder plant in existence for their use. Can be grown anywhere on any soil that will grow corn. It is of the best quality, being sweet, tender, nutritious and greedily eaten by horses, cattle and hogs. It is claimed that as high as ten tons of green fodder have been grown per acre. Sow 100 pounds per acre. It is a profitable crop, also to grow for seed. When grown for seed, sow in drills three feet apart, using 4 to 5 lbs. of seed per acre. **Prices subject to** change. change.

**EARLY AMBER.** Popular and well known. Succeeds well from Texas to Minnesota. **A1560. Selected Seed for Sorghum**, 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.15; 25 lbs. \$2.75; 50 lbs. \$5.00.

**A1562.** For Fodder. 3 lbs. 35c postpaid. 55c; 25 lbs. \$1.30; 50 lbs. \$2.55; 100 lbs. \$5.00. Not prepaid, 10 lbs.

EARLY ORANGE. Ten to fifteen days later than Early Amber. Well adapted to the South and West. A1564. Selected Seed for Sorghum, 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.15; 25 lbs. \$2.75; 50 lbs. \$5.00.

A1566. For Fodder, 3 lbs. 35c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. 55c; 25 lbs. \$1.30; 50 lbs. \$2.55; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

# PROFESSOR HANSEN'S SIBERIAN PROSO.

#### A GRAIN FOR THE DRIEST UPLAND.

**A1568.** Professor Hansen has brought over from Russia a number of varieties of Proso. The offer is the best and should not be confused with the large-seeded Hansen White Siberian Proso. The variety I

offer is the best and should not be confused with the large-seeded Hansen White Siberian Proso. Professor Hansen's description of Proso is given in one of the bulletins issued by the Brookings College in 1914. I quote in part from that: "A large-seeded, while-grain millet of the Proso type grown by the Kirghiz Tartar nomads in the Semipalatinsk region as a grain for their stock; also grown extensively by the Kirghiz for themselves, produced in their climate, where the annual rainfall is about eight inches. It will probably yield well on the driest upland in the driest years in all our western states. When it is hulled and cooked for the table the Russians call it 'Kasha,' and it is very extensively used in European Rus-sia, Siberia, Turkestan, Mongolia, and other parts of Asia, especially the driest regions. "I was favorably impressed with its table qualities near Semipalatinsk, Siberia, in 1913. A favorite method is very easily hulled. The Russian peasants use hand hullers. The Kirghiz nomads often merely pound the sack with a stick, then winnow it in the wind.

"This variety was extremely productive here at Brookings the past season, the yield being over four bushels of grain from one pound of seed sown thinly at the rate of five pounds per acre."

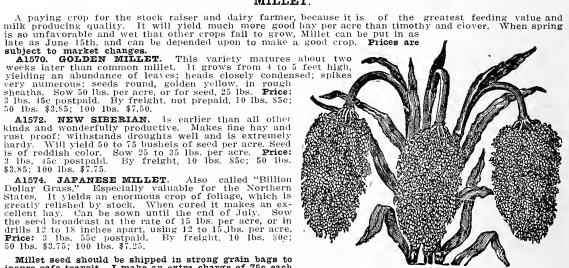
bushels of grain from one pound of seed sown thinly at the rate of five pounds per acre." For feeding poultry and stock Proso is very valuable, equal to wheat. You can conserve wheat by rais-ing Proso. It is also very valuable for a late crop. You can plant it as late as July 15 to 25, and here in Nebraska it will still mature a crop of grain and hay. The hay, though, is only equal to wheat or oafs straw. There are very few late catch crops, and Proso will be used largely, where early crops have been removed or where land was too wet to be worked until late. Here Proso can be sown after Rye or Winter Wheat is harvested. See illustration on back cover page. **Price:** Lb. 25c; 3 lbs. 60c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.20. Write for prices on larger quantities.

#### MILLET.

**A1572. NEW SIBERIAN.** Is earlier than all other kinds and wonderfully productive. Makes fine hay and rust proof; withstands droughts well and is extremely hardy. Will yield 50 to 75 bushels of seed per acre. Seed is of reddish color. Sow 25 to 35 lbs. per acre. **Price:** 3 lbs. 45c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. 85c; 50 lbs. \$3.85; 100 lbs. \$7.75.

A1574. JAPANESE MILLET. Also called "Billion Dollar Grass." Especially valuable for the Northern States. It yields an enormous crop of foliage, which is greatly relished by stock. When cured it makes an ex-cellent hay. Can be sown until the end of July. Sow the seed broadcast at the rate of 15 lbs. per acre, or in drills 12 to 18 inches apart, using 12 to 15 lbs. per acre, **Price:** 3 lbs. 55c postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. 80c; 50 lbs. \$3.75; 100 lbs. \$7.25.

Millet seed should be shipped in strong grain bags to insure safe transit. I make an extra charge of 75c each for new grain bags.



Yellow Milo Maize. (Page 117.)

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# SELECTED SEED CORN.



A1580, NEBASKA YELLOW DENT. The best and heaviest yielding corn for Nebraska and the West-ern States. Ears are large, uniform in size, and well filled; kernels of good size and golden yellow color. Cobs are small. Stalks are medium size, strong and well-rooted, producing two good, well-shaped ears each. It is a strong grower and will produce a larger yield on poor land than any other variety. **Frice:** 3 lbs. 55c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, peck \$1.25; bu, \$4.00; 5 bu, \$19.50, sacks included.

3 lbs. 55c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, peck \$1.25; bu. \$4.00; 5 bu. \$19.50, sacks included. A1582. IOWA SILVER MINE. An early variety of White Dent Corn, which is remarkable for its large yields. It is the largest eared White Dent Corn, ripening in 95 to 100 days. The ears are very uniform in size and shape, with 16 to 20 rows of pure white kernels set on a small white cob, and are well filled out over the tip; 70 lbs. of corn in the ear will make 62 pounds shelled. It is hardy and a great drought resister. Price: 3 lbs. 55c post-paid. By freight, not prepaid, peck, \$1.25; bu. \$4.00; 5 bu. \$19.50. A1583. IMPROVED CALICO. This old fashioned striped Calico Corn has always been popular as a feeding corn. The past season our field of Calico Corn yielded 60 bushels per acre. The ears are very large, uniform in size, and well filled

past season our field of Calico Corn yielded 60 bushels per acre. The ears are very large, uniform in size, and well filled with large, deep kernels. Ripens in 95 to 100 days. **Price**, 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, peck \$1.35; bu. \$4.25; 5 bu. \$20.00, sacks included.

A1584. SANFORD WHITE PLINT. The most productive White Flint Corn, yielding a large crop of corn and fodder at the same time. The ears are very long, measuring from 12 to 15 inches, and are of a very handsome appearance, with large kernels of transparent white color. **Price**: 3 lbs. 55c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, pk. \$1.35; bu. \$4.25.

A1586. EARLY YELLOW FLINT. An 8-rowed flint va-riety with ears 10 to 15 inches long, 1½ to 2½ inches in diameter, and are well filled out to the extreme end of the cob. The cob is small and the kernel large and broad, ripens in 75 to 85 days. This corn is adapted to the Northwest. Frice, 3 lbs. 60c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, pk. \$1.35; bu. \$4.25.

The Masters Plant Setter I bought of you was O. K. We set out over 20,000 strawberry plants last spring with it, and I cannot praise it too much. J. C. C.

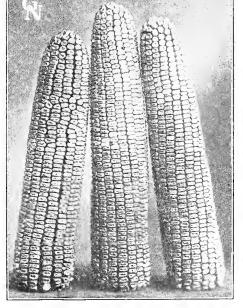
R. 3, Box 112, Cassville, Mo.

Permit me to compliment you on your Catalog. It is in many respects, the best I have seen. It gives exactly (and fully) the information desired, and in the most readable and easily understood fashion. February 19, 1918. A. P. G., Lexington, Ky.

I've received your answer to my letter, as to the replacing of some seeds that didn't grow, and because your answer is satisfactory to me, am sending you an order for seeds, trees and vines. February 22, 1918. 769 20th St., Ogden, Utah.

The greatest care is used in se-lecting and harvesting my seed corn. Every ear is examined, and if found true to type of that va-riety, it is then tipped and butted; afterwards shelled and run over my large corn grader and cleaning mill, and not only fanned, but also graded. Seed corn prepared in this manner is well worth the price I ask for it. Corn in this locality made a fair yield this season and is of fine quality. The germination quali-ties were not damaged by frost. I guarantee all seed corn I send out to comply with the Pure Seed Law of Nebraska, which requires a ger-mination test of 89 per cent. A1576. EARLY MURDOCK. The greatest care is used in se-

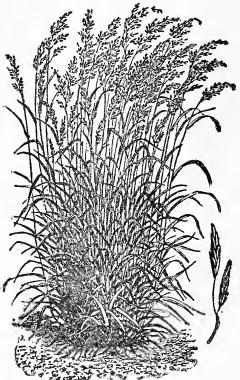
A1576. EARLY MURDOCK. This fine Yellow Dent Corn, on ac-count of its extreme earliness, is well adapted to Minnesota and the Dakotas. Ears are well filled to the tips, 16 to 20 rows, very large for so early a corn. Stalks are of medium height stout and stocky. The best extra early Yellow Dent Corn for all sections. Frice: 3 lbs. 55c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, peck, \$1.35; bu. \$4.25. A1578. BEID'S YELLOW



Reid's Yellow Dent.

# CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS.

MY PRICES on Clover and Grass Seeds are based on the market values prevailing at the time this cat-alog goes to press. I reserve the right to fill orders according to the price based on market changes when your order reaches me. I guarantee to give full value for money received and will hold to my catalog prices as long as my supply of seeds will last. For new grain bags to ship clover seed in I make an extra charge of 75c for each bag. Sample packets mailed on application. All seeds put out under my name of NEBRASKA STANDARD, are the best and finest obtainable and will pass under our new state law. Kindly figure all amounts of 50 lbs. or over at the 100 lb. rate; less than 50 lbs. at the 10 lb. rate. All prices are subject to change after March lst.



finest obtainable and will pass under our new state law, at the 100 lb. rate; less than 50 lbs, at the 10 lb. rate. All prices are subject to change after March 1st. A1588. ALFALFA OR LUCERNE. Probably no plant has added so much to the value of land in the Middle Western States as Alfalfa. The U. S. Department of Agriculture says: "In addition to the hay crop, Alfalfa in two years adds \$100 to the value of every acre on which it grows. There is no state in the Union in which Alfalfa cannot be successfully grown." This is saying a good deal, but it has been proven true. Alfalfa hay is worth 40 per cent more than any other clover and 60 per cent more than Timothy in feeding value. Its long, branching roots often penetrate 10 to 15 feet down, loosening the sub-soil; it is a good drought resister and gets plant food where other plants would fail; it produces from 3 to 6 tons of hay. In a good season we can cut four crops in Nebraska. The seed may be sown early in the spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground in order to catch the spring rains, as it needs moisture to germinate. Sow the seed broad-cast, 15 to 25 lbs. to the acre. Sow with a hand seeder, going over the field crossways and using half the quantity of seed is of the best quality and free from adulteration. I furnish Ne-braska upland grown seed, which should not be confounded with seed grown under irrigation, as the latter is practically worthless, unless it be grown under irrigation again. My Alfalfa Seed is all fresh, clean and of high germination; all is Nebraska upland grown, no bottom land or seed grown un-der irrigation. Nebraska Standard Grade: Ib. 40c; 3 lbs. \$1.10 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$24.00. A1590, TURKESTAN ALFALFA. Has been introduced by our Agricultural Department. It was found growing on the high lands of Asia, and is especially adapted to the sudden changes of temperature that prevail there—intense heat at midday and very often frost at night, even at mid-summer, Turkestan Alfalfa resembles the ordinary

Mendow Fescue, (Page 121.)
Mendow Fescue, (Page 121.)
Mondow Fescue, (Page

**A1600. ALSYKE OR SWEDISH CLOVER.** The advantage which the Alsyke Clover has over Red Clover and other varieties are its hardiness and true per-ennial character. It adapts itself to a great variety of soils, growing on the edge of a stream and in swamp or low land, and also flourisses on dry and stubborn, stiff clay and upland soils, thus being capable of resisting the ex-tremes of drought and wet alike. It is well liked by all stock, either green in the pasture or when cured for hay, Sow 6 to 9 pounds per acre. **Price: Nebraska Standard Grade Seed**, lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50 postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$4.00; 50 lbs. \$19.75; 100 lbs. 39.00.



Medium Red Clover.

## GRASS SEEDS.—(Continued.) PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

**PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE. A1604. CRIMSON CLOVER.** (German Mammoth or Giant Incarnate Clover.) In this state and north of here this clover is treated as an annual plant and sown in the spring. In the South any time from July to end of September. The only clover that yields a heavy and full crop the first season. It grows about 2 feet high. Will grow on nearly all soils, and succeeds well on sandy soil. There is hardly a better crop than Crimson Clover for cutting green. It makes excellent feed for milch cows and all kinds of stock. It makes superior hay and is of great value as a fertilizer. Worn-out soils can be cheaply reclaimed by growing this clover. Sow in spring, 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Sow 5 to 6 lbs. with spring grain for fertilizing purposes. **Price, Nebraska Standard Grade**, lb. 40c; 3 lbs. \$1.10 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.20; 50 lbs. \$15.00. 50 lbs. \$15.00.

Standard Grade, ib. 40C, 3 10S. \$1.10 postpand. Two prepard, 10 10S. \$3.20.
A1622. TIMOTHY. Unsurpassed for hay and greatly liked by all stock. Best suited to moist, rich and loamy soils. Timothy hay always commands the highest market price. An excellent meadow can be made by sowing 3 lbs. of clean Red Top and 1 or 2 lbs. of Red Clover with about 8 lbs. of Timothy per acre; 10 to 12 pounds are required when sown alone. My seed is home grown, of extra nice quality and free from weed seed. Please write for prices on larger quantities. Price: Nebras- Ka Standard Grade, per lb. 25c; 3 lbs. 60c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$7.35; 100 lbs. \$14.50. Grain bags, 75c extra.
A1606. FANCY KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. The most widely known of all the natural grasses, which does well everywhere and can be found in almost every part of our broad country. It is grown more for pasture than for hay, as it starts to grow unusually early in spring and provides growth until the ground freezes. This grass is very hardy and neither injured by the cold nor by dry weather, hot sun, the tramping of hoofs or close mowing. It is suited to any variety of soil, but seems to succeed best on moist, rich land. It requires about two years to become well established, and for this reason should be used only where permanent pastures are wanted. Used extensively for lawns. We handle only the best grade, weighing 21 to 24 pounds to the measured bushel. Frice: Nebraska Standard Grade, hot (0c; 3 lbs, \$1.10 postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.30; 50 lbs. \$15.50; 100 lbs. \$30.00.
A1608. MEADOW FESCUE, or English Blue Grass. Succeeds well in almost all soils from high dry land to moist standing the summer heat

Alfoos. MEADOW FESCUE, or English Blue Grass. Succeeds well in almost all soils, from high, dry land to moist, standing the summer heat excellently. It is valuable as a pasture grass, being one of the earliest in the spring and latest in the fall. It is highly recommended as a large yielding, nutritious pasture and hay grass for all sections of the country as far south as Tennessee, and west into Central Kansas. In Central Kansas in particular, where timothy does not succeed, it is perhaps the best grass that could be grown. Sow either in spring or fall. Sow 20 to 30 lbs. per acre **Price: Ne-**braska Standard Grade, lb, 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.30 postpaid. By freight 10 lbs. \$3.60; 50 lbs. \$17.75; 100 lbs. \$35.00. braska Standard Grade, 15, 45c; 3 Ibs. \$1.30 postpaid. By freight 10 Ibs. \$3.60; 50 Ibs. \$17.75; 100 Ibs. \$35.00. A1610. TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS. The earliest of all grasses, and one that has naturalized itself all through the Western States. It is the first grass to show itself in the spring, and grows rapidly in good soil, showing a height of 4 feet by June. It will furnish two and three cuttings per year and is invalu-able for early and late pasturage. It seems to keep green both summer and winter, longer than any other grass, and for this reason is also known as Evergreen Grass. Farmers in sections where timothy does not succeed will make no mistake by sowing this grass liberally. I recommend a mixture of about 10 lbs. each of Meadow Oat Grass, Bromus Inermis and Meadow Fescue, to which Clover Seed may be added. Sow 20 to 25 lbs. per acre when sown alone. Nebraska Standard Grade, per lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.40 postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$3.70; 50 lbs. \$18.25; 100 lbs. \$36.00.

Al612. ORCHARD GRASS. A valuable grass for pasture or hay land, and on account of its earliness, very valuable for permanent pastures. It furnishes the first green bite in the spring, and the last in the fall, and is quick to recover from close cropping. It is well suited to shady places, such as orchards and groves. It is good practice to sow Red Clover with Orchard Grass, either for hay or pasture. According to chemical analysis, Orchard Grass is equal, if not superior to Timothy. Orchard Grass is of great value for early and late pasture and in the South can be pastured nearly the entire year. Does well in our Western States. It is also quite valuable for binding soils. Sow 20 to 30 lbs. per acre. **Price: Nebraska Standard Grade**, per lb. 45c; 3 lbs. \$1.25 postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$3.60; 50 lbs. \$17.40; 100 lbs. \$34.50.

A 1614. BROMUS INERMIS. (Hungarian Brome Grass.) This pre-eminent drought resisting grass stands at the head of all, and is destined to lead as the most satisfactory and valuable forage grass in all localities where arid soils demand a plant with ability to withstand drought. Stands intense cold equally as well. It will produce a big crop of hay on land that is too poor for clover or timothy. May be sown in autumn with winter wheat or in early spring. In the Southern States sow in Fehruary or March, pre-paring the land as for other grasses. For hog pasture a mixture of Bromus Inermis and Alfalfa is rec-ommended by Prof. Ten Eyck of Kansas State Agricultural Experiment Station, and he also suggests for large pastures for cattle a mixture of the following per acre: Bromus Inermis 10 lbs., Orchard Grass 6 bbs., Meadow Fescue 8 lbs., Red Clover, 1 to 2 lbs., added to this mixture. For worn-out pastures he advises to disc arc: Bromus Inermis 10 lbs., Orchard Grass 6 lbs., Meadow Fescue 8 lbs., Red Clover, 1 to 2 lbs., added to this mixture. For worn-out pastures he advises to disc acre: Bromus Inermis 10 lbs., 97 (10 lbs.), \$3.40; 50 lbs. \$16.25; 100 lbs. \$2, sacks included.

paid. Sacks included.
A1613. ITALIAN RYE GRASS. A quick growing annual grass. Will grow on almost any soil, but thrives best on rich, moist land, where large crops can be produced. Valuable for hay and pasture. It is well adapted for pastures on account of its early growth in spring and its quick and successive aftergrowth when closely cropped. For this reason it is very valuable to sow as a catch crop in clover fields where the clover has dried or winter killed. When mixed with Crimson Clover fields, Grows 2 to 3 feet high. Sow 20 to 25 lbs. per acre. Frice: Nebraska Standard Grade, lb. 30c; 3 lbs. 85c postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$18.50, sacks included.
A1620. BERMUDA GRASS. For the Southern States particularly, this grass is best adapted, and of great value. It is the chief reliance there for pasture and

100 lbs. \$18.50, sacks included. A1620. BERMUDA GRASS. For the Southern States particularly, this grass is best adapted, and of great value. It is the chief reliance there for pasture and hay, furnishing rich and green pasture during nine months of the year. On good land it will cut 2 to 4 tons of nice hay per acre. It grows wherever corn and cot-ton grow. It grows luxuriantly during the driest weather and will withstand the winters as far north as Central Kansas. Sow in spring, 5 lbs. per acre. Price: 4b. 75c by mail, postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs. \$3.00.



Kentucky Blue Grass.

#### SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Sudan Grass.

# GRASS SEEDS. - (Continued.) PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

A1624. WATER FESCUE GRASS. A very valuable grass for improving low and wet meadows, marshes or sloughs. It succeeds best on moist and wet land, which is often under water. It is not well adapted for sowing by itself, but does better if sown together with other varieties adapted for low ground, when a large quantity of fine hay can be secured in this way. **Price:** Nebraska Standard Grade, lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.40 postpaid. Write for prices on larger lots. postpaid. Write for p A1626. RED TOP.

**A1626. BED TOP.** Valuable for most soils. Good permanent grass. Stands our climate well; is adapted to our pastures. Has succeeded on alkali soils when other grasses failed. Fancy clean or hulled seed; sow 8 to 10 lbs. per acre. **Price: Nebraska Standard Grade**, per 1b. 35c; 3 lbs. \$1.00 postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$2.00; 50 lbs. \$9.40; 100 lbs. \$19.00, sacks included.

#### SUDAN GRASS.

SUDAN GRASS. A1628. This new grass was introduced into the U. S. in 1909. It has been thoroughly tested out by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, and they report that Sudan Grass will be of the greatest value in the Central States, and especially in parts of the states that are deficient in rainfall. Sudan Grass has all the good qualities of Johnson Grass, and by means of which Johnson Grass spreads out from year to year and becomes a pest. Sudan Grass is strictly an annual and dies each year like Millet, and must be re-seeded again each spring. It grows very tall, reaching a height of 6 to 8 feet. The stalks are very small and rarely thicker than a lead pencil. It can be cut two to four times a sea-son and make enormous yields. For feeding the hay is equal to timothy hay. Last summer I grew a field of Sudan Grass for seed, planting it in rows 2 feet apart and cultivating it twice. The weather was very dry, little rain falling from spring until A to 5 feet high, a very thick stand and was maturing a good crop of seed, and later making 1½ tons of hay per acre. On my private little farm of 80 acres I sowed some Sudan Grass for hay, which was planted with a common wheat drill. The first crop of hay was cut about July 15th, made two tons per acre, and although we had practically no rain after cutting, it started to grow again and by September 20th was so fulled by frost. The field of Alfalfa on the same farm yielded only a very moderate of Alfalfa for a hay crop. It seems to me that every farmer should plant a few acres for sudan Grass every year, to make sure to at least have some hay in a very dry sea-son. It will pay him big—much better than cane or millet. Sow in spring as soon as pround has become warm and danger of frost is past, in drills, 2 to 6 lbs. per acre. Norther grown seed, free from Johnson Grass, b. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, not prepaid. **LACWN GRASS SEED.** 

# LAWN GRASS SEED.

**A1630.** This is a mixture of the best varieties of grass seeds suited for growing together, and make a beautiful, soft, velvety lawn and keep green from early spring all through the hot, dry summer weather, until late in the fall. It comes up quickly, and after once up it soon spreads to cover the ground and is ready for the lawn mower in six to eight weeks. It is permanent, maintaining its beauty for many years. This mixture I make myself from new crop, recleaned pure seeds of the best varieties. One pound will cover about 300 square feet. **Price:** lb. 40c; 3 lbs. \$1.10 postpaid. By freight or express, not prepaid, 10 lbs, \$3.25; 50 lbs. \$16.00, sacks included.

# SPECIAL CLOVER GRASS MIXTURES.

FOR PERMANENT PASTURES AND MEADOWS.

By sowing these Grass Mixtures a much larger yield per acre can be obtained than if only one or two varieties are sown. A pasture containing a variety of grasses and clover is again as productive and can be pastured earlier and longer than if but one kind of grass or clover is used. I have carefully studied this subject and my mix-tures are prepared to suit the requirements of the different soils and the purposes for which they are to be used. Write me, giving full particulars as to soils, etc. In mak-ing up these grass mixtures I use my Nebraska Standard Grade Seed only, and my prices rule accordingly. Please bear this in mind when comparing prices.

Mixtures for Permanent Pastures. 20 lbs. per acre or 10 lbs. for top seeding.

No. 1.

- No. 2. No. 3.

No. 4.

 20 105. per acre or 10 105. for top seeding.
 0. 1. For medium soils.
 0. 2. For high, sandy and dry soils.
 0. 3. For high, dry land, heavy or clay.
 0. 4. For low, wet ground.
 Price: 25 lbs. \$6.25; 50 lbs. \$12.25; 100 lbs. \$24.00. Mixture for Sheep Pasture.

For permanent pasture on high, dry soils. 25 lbs. **Price:** 25 lbs. \$6.25; 50 lbs. \$12.25; 100 lbs. \$24.00. per

# TREE SEEDS. - (For Full Description See Pages 28 to 33.)

The seed comes quickest and best when planted in rich, sandy loam. Plants should be naturally or artificially sheltered from heavy east and northeast winds.

**A1660. ASH.** (White.) Fraxinus Americana. Soak the seed for 24 hours in luke warm water. Sow early in spring or fall and cover 2 inches. Pkt. 5c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. 60e postpaid.

A1662. BOX ELDER. Acer Negundo. Culture same as Ash. Pkt. 5c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 65c postpaid.

A1664. CATALPA SPECIOSA. (Hardy Catalpa.) Sow seed in spring when ground has become warm. and cover two inches. Pkt. 5c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

A1666. HACKBERRY. Celtis. Sow early in spring, covering about 2 in. Pkt. 8c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

A1672. MULBERRY, RUSSIAN. Morus Nigra. Sow in spring when ground has become warm, covering ½ inch. Pkt. 7c; oz. 20c; ¼ 1b. 60c; lb. \$2.00 postpaid. A1676. PERSIMMON. Diospyros. Sow seed in spring and cover 2 or 3 inches. Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

SMALL QUANTITIES BY MAIL. Any of the mixtures below, 3 lbs. \$1.10 postpaid. Mixtures for Permanent Meadows.

- 20 lbs. per acre or 10 lbs. for top seeding.
- No. 5.
- No. 6. No. 7.
- No. 8.
- For medium soils. For high, light and dry soils. For high, dry land, heavy or clay. For moist, rich soil, or land subject to over-flow. Price: 25 lbs. \$6.25; 50 lbs. \$12.25; 100 lbs. \$24.00.

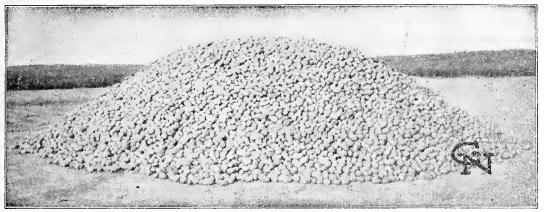
### Mixture for Wood Pasture.

For shady woodland, 20 to 50 lbs. per acre. Price: 25 lbs. \$6.50; 50 lbs. \$12.75; 100 lbs. \$25.00.

A1668. HONEY LOCUST. Gleditschia Triacanthos. Pour warm water (120 deg.) over seed, stir well ten minutes and let seed remain in water 24 hours. Then sow, cover 3 inches. Seeding time-spring. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 65c postpaid; 10 lbs. \$4.75, not prepaid.

A 1670. LOCUST, BLACK OR YELLOW. Robinia Pseudacacia. Soak seed for 24 hours in warm water before sowing. Cover 2 in. Sow in spring. Pkt. 7c; '4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c postpaid; 10 lbs. \$6.75 not prepaid. A1674. OSAGE ORANGE. (Hedge Plant.) Maclura Aurantiaca. Before planting soak the seed in water for 6 or 7 days, changing the water every day. Cover 3 inches. Seeding time—spring. Pkt. 7c; '4 lb. 25c. lb 75c nostnaid 1b. 75c postpaid.

A1678. BUSSIAN OLIVE. Elaeagnus. Sow seed in spring after soaking same in luke warm water for several hours; cover about 2 inches. Pkt. 7c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c postpaid.



A photograph of potatoes raised by Ernest C. Eberhart, Superior, Nebr. These were raised from my Choice Northern Grown Seed Potatoes, during the dry season of 1916.

# CHOICE NORTHERN SEED POTATOES.

My Seed Potatoes are guaranteed strictly Northern grown; I get them grown on contract by potato spe-cialists in the extreme northern section of Red River Valley, Minnesota. It is essential to change your seed potaces every few years if you wish to secure the largest yield, combined with the best quality. Price by the pound includes postage; larger quantities to go at buyer's expense.

**I WOULD ADVISE** all my customers who have a good cellar for keeping potatoes to order them in the fall. I can make shipments of new stock, Minnesota grown potatoes, about Oct. 15th to 20th. By ordering in the fall you do not have to wait in the spring, but can plant whenever weather permits. Kindly ask for special prices for Fall Delivery.

**GOOD SEED FOTATOES** are very scarce this season and the prices are somewhat higher than usual. As my catalog goes to press early in the season, my prices are subject to market changes. If my stock of Bliss Triumph, Irish Cobbler or White Ohio potatoes should be sold out when I receive your order, shall I substitute Red Ohio Potatoes or refund your money?

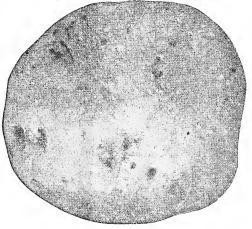
Al650. RED RIVER BLISS EXTRA EARLY ONIO. Substitute Red Ohio Potatoes or refund your money Al650. RED RIVER BLISS EXTRA EARLY TRI-UMPH. This is considered the earliest of all pota-toes and is the leading early potato of all Southern States. We are all familiar with it as sold at the grocery stores, when the first NEW POTATOES are shipped in. It is at least a week earlier than the Early Rose and the Early Ohio. The tubers are of a very handsome appearance, being almost round and most uniform in shape and size, with slightly de-pressed eyes, which are mostly on the seed end. The skin is of a pretty light red color, while the flesh is of the purest white, both raw and when cooked. Its beautiful appearance, wonderful productiveness and superior table qualities make this potato a favorite for the early market, wherever introduced. It pro-duces at least from 12 to 15 tubers per hill, all of marketable size. My Red River grown Triumphs cannot be excelled. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, pk. 75c; bu. \$2.75; 5 bu. \$13.50, bags included. Per bbl. (11 pecks), \$8.00. Al652. RED RIVER EXTRA EARLY OHIO. This

bags included. Per bbl. (11 pecks), \$8.00. A1652. RED RIVER EXTRA EARLY OHIO. This is without doubt the most popular early potato in the country. I have more calls for it than for any other early. Everyone knows what it is and knows that it can be relied upon for an early market va-riety in almost every locality. They grow stronger and more vigorous, maturing the crop in shorter time and yielding much more than home seed, so that there is the utmost satisfaction in planting them. Potato growers in the South will have their crop ready for market from ten days to two weeks earlier if my Red River Ohios are planted. Price: 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, pk. 65c; bu. \$2.40; 5 bu. \$11.50, bags included. Per bbl. (11 pecks) \$7.00.

Al654. BED RIVER WHITE EARLY OHIO. No potatoes have been introduced during recent years that deserve so much attention as the White Ohio. As the name indicates, they are identical in every way with the Red Early Ohios, the same form and type, but white in color, excepting the eves, which are pink or red. It is a good yielder and strong, healthy grower, and will not scab as easily as the old Early Ohio. As an early market potato, the White Ohio is of the greatest value, for it is the only Early White Potato so far introduced that has any special merit. It is yield even better than the Red Ohio. Price: 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, not prepaid, pk. 65c; bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. \$12.00, bags included. Per bbl. (11 pecks), \$7.25.
Al656. RED RIVER IRISH COBBLER. An excellent extra early variety, maturing good sized tubers 7 weeks from the time of planting. It has also the remarkable characteristic of producing very few, if any, small potatoes, all the tubers being of marketable size. The vines are short, of upright growth, so that the hills may be only a short distance apart. Skin is clean and smooth, flesh is pure white and of excellent quality, always cooking dry and mealy. The tries that is planted more extensively on Long Island (New York) than any other potato. Price: 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, pk. 65c; bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. \$12.00. Per bbl. \$7.20. A1654. RED RIVER WHITE EARLY OHIO. No pota-

A1658. RED RIVER RURAL NEW YORKEE. Well known the country over, and very largely plant-ed for a profitable crop. "Dusty Rurals" always bring the top price in Chicago markets. When rurals first made their appearance in 1889, an entirely distinct class of potatoes was introduced unknown up to that time. The class is characterized by a long, rather spindling vine, with dark colored stalks, dark green leaves and purple blossoms, tubers nearly round (lat-tened, with a very smooth, pure white skin, uniform in size, numerous in hill, very attractive and of excel-lent flavor. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, pk. 65c; bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. \$12.00, sacks included. Per bbl. (11 pecks) \$7.20.

tened, with a very smooth, pure white skin, different in size, numerous in hill, very attractive and of excel-lent flavor. **Price:** 3 lbs. 50c postpaid. By freight, pk. 65c; bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. \$12.00, sacks included. Per bbl. (11 pecks) \$7.20. **The following report** shows the results obtained by the Gage County Crop Impr. Association in their ex-periment in growing potatoes from Northern and home-grown seed. The 1914 season was very dry, and many farmers who planted an equal amount of north-ern and home-grown seed for experiment found that the potatoes from home-grown seed were so small that they dug into the northern grown stock. Conse-quently there were only nine accurate reports received which showed an increase for the northern grown seed of 28 bu. or 37 per cent per acre. 1915 was a very wet season, and from 22 accurate reports the northern grown seed showed an increase of 91.9 bu, or 81.7 per cent per acre. For both of the seasons there was a much larger difference in the quality than the yield, which was also in favor of the northern-grown seed.



Red River Bliss Extra Early Triumph.



Rochester Barrel Sprayer.



"Kant-Klog" Sprayer.



Rochester Spray and Force Pump.

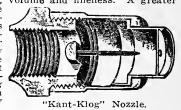
#### ROCHESTER BARREL SPRAYER.

This Barrel Sprayer is intended for orchard or field spraying, and can be mounted on either the end or side of an ordinary barrel, or on a tank. When desired, two lengths of hose and two or four nozzles can be used by attaching a large Y to the screw spout of pump, so enabling you to pray from both sides of the wagon at the same time. This pump has a large air chamber and possesses great power and force. The churn dash agitator attached to piston thoroughly mixes the solution at every stroke of the pump handle. I do not furnish barrels, as suitable ones, on which pump is easily mounted, can be secured in all localities. At prices guoted below, each pump is fitted with five feet of hose, five feet of exten-sion plpe and one "Kant-Klog" nozzle, making a splendid outfit, fully guaran-teed, at a very low cost.

### ROCHESTER ''KANT-KLOG'' NOZZLE.

Throws Nine Different Sizes of Round Spray. Flat Spray and Solid Streams.

Three of each and all of different sizes, volume and fineness. A greater variety of sizes and shapes than any nozzle ever made. Satisfies the most exacting customer. Another most important feature is the device for removing any obstructions resulting from protocyle mixed ever the device for removing any obstructions re-sulting from not having properly mixed or strained solution. This is accomplished by simply pressing the end of the nozzle against a limb, the cleaning pin and current doing the work without loss of time and pa-tience. Notice there are no projecting parts to catch on limbs of trees. When spraying field crops, the cleaning is done by pressing the rim of nozzle with the thumb. Made of heavy polished brass with 4-in. cut threads. Frice, \$1.00 postpaid.



#### ROCHESTER ''KANT-KLOG'' SPRAYER.

On the "KANT-KLOG" nozzle described above, the item of labor alone is three times what the ordinary nozzle can be furnished for... Hose is high-grade—supported by coiled spring to prevent breaking couplings solid brass with standard cut threads. Air pump of heavy brass tubing two Inches in diameter. The Sprayer body is made of heavy polished brass. Both top and bottom are dome-shaped, joined to body under heavy pressure, making a com-plete double seam. When completed, this body is thoroughly tested at double the pressure ordinarily used, the result being that not one in a thousand give any of the troubles common with other constructions. A few seconds working of the air pump charges the sprayer with compressed air, a powerful and elastic force which discharges the liquid in the form of either fine sprays or solid streams as desired. Each sprayer is fitted without extra charge with "KANT-KLOG" nozzle for making two round and one flat sprays, two solid streams, thumb pressure spring hose-cock, carrier strap and safety valve. **Price:** With polished brass body, \$9.50; galvanized body, \$6.50.

#### ROCHESTER NEW SPRAY AND FORCE PUMP.

We do away entirely with the objectionable foot-rest, clamps, leather suc-tion, packing etc., etc. This pump requires no fastening of any kind, holds itself down and works anywhere and everywhere. All the operator need do is to press the plunger down. It rises of itself, the upward stroke being made by a brass spring forcing the cylinders apart. The all-brass suction working within a brass cylinder with all brass valves, does away entirely with all leather, rubber or other packing. It is practically impossible for any part to get out of order. Everything except handle and hose is solid brass. It is the easiest working and will do more different kinds of work than any pump ever made. Will pump from a pail, barrel, tank, spring or creek. Without fasten-ings of any kind, it stands firmly wherever placed. Weighs only four pounds and is ready for instant use everywhere. Farmers with an ordinary amount of spraying put a barrel on their wagons, set this pump in and spray their trees as effectively as their neighbor who uses an outfit weighing and costing five times as much. Will throw two solid, continuous streams, one flat spray and one fine round spray. Has automatic mixer to keep solution stirred. Pleases every-body and will last a lifetime. Price: of pump complete as shown in cut, \$4.25.

#### CONTINUOUS HAND SPRAYER.

I consider this the best small hand sprayer Force Pump. I consider this the best small hand sprayer made. It sprays a fine mist up, down, straight ahead or at any angle. This makes it very practical for spraying underneath the leaves, where the plant lice often gather. It sprays continuously, the forward stroke of the plunger storing sufficient pressure to make spray continuous on return stroke. This sprayer has two spray caps, brass ball valve, and the tank is made of heavy brass, which holds one guart. **Price:** Each, \$1.25; by paid parcel post, each, \$1.35. quart. Price each, \$1.35.



"Kant-Klog" Sprayer for Spraying Poultry Houses.

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#### BARREL-CART SPRAYING OUTFIT.

This is a good sprayer for the man who has no horse or, having the horse, has no wagon suitable for carrying a Barrel Spraying Outfit. Also for use in places where it is not conveni-ent to go with wagon or power sprayer. For orchard or garden It is a most convenient, durable and effective outfit. Strong iron wheels, 34 inches in diameter, with tires 2½ inches wide, permits easily moving from place to place. Strong iron handle and rest makes the outfit practically indestructible. This is our No. 8 pump, fitted with all brass plunger, brass valve and valve seat and ten feet of hose and Kant-Klog Noz-zle. Two leads can be used if desired. Price includes barrel and truck. **Frice**, \$34.00, not prepaid. Large Y for attaching two hose to spout, 80c postpaid. Additional hose, 18c per foot extra.

foot extra.

#### BRANDT MIDGET SPRAYER.

Capacity one pint. Tank three inches in diameter by three inches in length. Made of heavy tin. Nice to spray house flowers with. **Price:** Each 25c; by paid parcel post. each, 35c.

#### SPRAYING MATERIAL.

Insecticides cannot be sent by mail. The prices quoted are net. Purchaser must pay all express or freight charges. For prices on larger quantities than quoted, write. Any information desired in relation to insecticides or fungicides will be given as far as data at hand will permit.

#### BORDEAUX MIXTURE.

Regular Bordeaux Mixture can only be used against fungus and scales, while the Bordeaux Mixture I offer here has enough poison mixed in to kill all chewing insects, such as eat the leaves, and can be used wherever Arsenic of Lead, Paris Green and London Purple are used. This is the finest and best article of its kind made in America. Ready for immediate use. Works freely without clog-ging, in any spraying machine. To be diluted 25 to 50 times with water and sprayed. This article is so well made that it covers a very large leaf surface; the even distribution in minute mass is what does the protective work. It sticks effectively. **Frice:** 1 lb. can, 60c postpaid. Not prepaid, 5 lb. can, \$2,50.

#### HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT.

A combination of the most potent insecticides and soluble plant foods. It destroys all insects injurious to house or garden plants, shrubs, trees, vines, potatoes, melons, cabbage, currants and vegetables and fruits of all kinds. This preparation, though poisonous to insects, does not injure the foliage. **Price**, not prepaid, 5 lbs. 60c; 10 lbs. \$1.00. By mail, 7c per lb, extra. I also have Slug Shot in 1-lb, cartons with perforated top, ready for use. **Price**, 1-lb. cartons, 25c each. Postpaid, 30c each.

#### TOBACCO DUST.

Destroys rose bugs, lice, cut worms, vine bugs, tomato worms, currant worms, cab-bage lice and worms and parasites of all descriptions. Should be applied when follage is wet, Will not burn or injure the plants. **Price**: lb. 10c; 5 lbs. 45c; 7c per lb. extra if sent by mail. Not prepaid, 10 lbs. 85c; 100 lbs. \$8.00.

#### SULPHO TOBACCO SOAP.

It quickly exterminates all insect life on plants and flowers in and out of doors. De-stroys squash, melon and potato bugs. Makes a good wash for dogs and all animals. Prevents poultry lice. **Price**, 3 oz. cake (for 1½ gallons) 10c; or postpaid, 15c; 8 oz. cake (for 4 gallons) 20c, or 28e postpaid.

#### BUG DEATH.

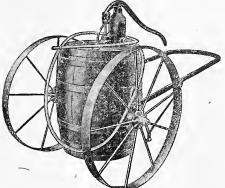
This preparation I highly recommend. It is sure death to the potato bug and all other vegetable pests and besides, it acts as a fertilizer. I feel much confidence in offering this to any of my customers who want a quick-acting, non-poisonous bug killer. It can be used on all vegetable and fruit crops with excellent results. **Price**, 1-lb. pkg., 25c; 3-lb. pkg., 60c; 5-lb. pkg., 80c. By mail, 7c per lb. extra.

#### ELASTIC PRUNING PAINT.

Saves girdled trees, heals cuts and wounds, prevents decay, stops bleeding in pruning and kills the borer. A positive and effectual remedy for the treatment of fruit and shade trees. It is a positive and healthy stimulant to the growth of wood and bark. It is not poisonous, but no insect can abide it. It is applied the varnish. After application it never cracks and is wholly impervious to air or water, and will keep for years without change or impairment. Its qualities are known and proved. A tree may be almost completely girdled, and if, within a short time thereafter, the girdled surface be covered with Elastic Pruning Paint, the tree will suffer no substantial loss of growth, a new bark will form by degrees upon the girdled surface. It is an effectual enemy of insects and vermin that attack trees and shrubs in the body, especially the "borer." This troublesome insect deposits its eggs in the bark near the ground in June, after being hatched, the larva saws its way into the tree, perforating it in all directions, some-times completely girdling it. Elastic Pruning Paint is the only remedy that will absolutely destroy them in their burrow, as well as prevent a deposit of eggs, if applied for that purpose. It is the result of long experiment. Apply this paint same as house paint, using a stub or half-worn paint brush and wood pad-elle. In cold weather, warm it up good. I can recommend this paint. I find this paint excellent for all wounds of trees and I-use it in my own orchard and garden. Price, one pt. can, 50c; one qt. can, 80c, post-paid. By freight or express, one pt. can, 35c; one qt. can, 50c; one gal. can, \$1.75, not prepaid.

#### TREE PROTECTORS.

My Improved Tree Protectors are made from wood veneer, 10 inches wide by 20 inches long, are soaked at the lower end in creosote, which preserves the wood coming in contact with the ground. Their advantages are: The prevention of injury from rabbits and mice; from borers, insect pests, hot blstering sun and winter blasts; from injury against the whiffle-tree when cultivating the orchard; against sun scalds. Trees thus protected will not become hide-bound; it will prevent the bark from bursting open on young trees in extreme cold weather. I will furnish this protector for 2c each, \$1.75 per 100, not prepaid. Tree protectors can absolutely **not** be sent by parcels post.



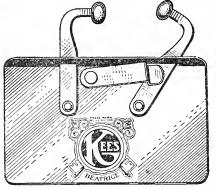
Barrel-Cart Spraying Outfit.





Tree Protector.

#### SONDEREGGER NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA.



Kees Calf Weaner.

#### TREE WAX.

Some of my customers have been asking for a tree wax, used in budding or grafting trees, also in pruning them, so I offer same herewith. It is the same as I use in my Nursery. **Price**, 1/4 lb. 25c; 1/2 lb. 40c; lb. 75c, postpaid.

#### WALKER'S EXCELSIOR PLANT FOOD.

A soluble food for house plants, containing all the elements necessary to nourish and make beautiful flowers and plants, and prolongs the period of blooming. Large box sufficient for 25 plants for one year, 25c; postpaid, 40c. Small package, 15c; postpaid, 25c.

#### **KEES CALF WEANERS.**

Weaners that fasten with split keys or buckles are hard to put on unless the calf holds very still, which it very seldom does. With this one all you have to do is to open it up and close it on the calf's nostrils. One arm is riveted solid to the plate. The other can be turned back to open. A small brass spring holds this arm in place. It's light—it won't catch on things—the balls are perfectly smooth—there's nothing about it to injure the calf's nose. Won't break, being made entirely of stamped steel calvanized stamped steel, galvanized.

#### MADE IN TWO SIZES.

Frice: Small, size of plate, 3 inches by 4% inches, 30c each, by paid parcel post. Large, size of plate, 3% inches by 5 inches, 35c each, by paid parcel post.

#### CYCLONE BROADCAST HAND SEEDER.

Warranted to give satisfaction. The Cyclone has a national reputation as a high-grade Seed Sower. It is built, not for cheapness, but for durability and accurate work. It weighs less than 4 lbs., yet is strong and durable, and so simple that a boy can operate it. Just the thing for sowing all kinds of clover, alfalfa and grass seed, millet, rape and even larger grains, also fertilizer. **Price** reduced, \$1.75, not prepaid.

#### THE RENKEN SURE CATCH GOPHER TRAP.



Renken Sure Catch. Gopher Trap.

ken Sure Catch\_Gopher Trap. gopher will set in, to close first, but if you have two traps you can put one in each hole and be sure of getting the gopher. Guaranteed to do the work if properly set, or money refunded. **Price**, each \$1.00, or two for \$1.80 by paid parcel post.

#### MASTERS' PLANT SETTER.

**MASTERS' PLANT SETTER.** In operation the plant roots are put down to proper depth below the surface, where the ground is cool and damp. You never have to wait for a shower; plants may be safely set, regardless of weather. Every farmer, truck grower and gardener should have one or more. Any man with very little practice can set 12,000 plants each day. One man will set, water and, if desired, fertilize more plants than three men can set by hand—and every plant is securely rooted by absorption, nature's way, so that it has a chance to grow. Two barrels of water with one of these setters, will insure a perfect stand of plants on one acre, **rain or no rain**... The Setter is durably constructed, the invention of a practical man, sold on honor—your satisfaction guaranteed. Price is reasonable. There is **no stooping** when using. Sets all kinds of plants, such as cabbage, tobacco, tomato, cauliflower, strawberries, sweet po-tatoes, sugar beets, etc., and the plants are set in water and covered at one operation. **Frice**, ea., \$5.50.

#### FRUIT PICKER.

The superiority of this fruit picker can be seen at a glance. Picking can be done from any angle by a gentle push or pull. Bag is 8 inches deep and 6 inches in diameter. Circle and ferrule are made of 16-gauge steel, strong and durable. Its price is so low that even those who have but little fruit to gather can well afford to use it. Owners of large orchards will@greatly increase the efficiency of their help by supplying each person with one of these pickers. **Frice**, complete as shown in cut, without pole, each 75c postpaid.

### LANG'S HAND WEEDER.

This is the best hand weeder for all purposes, and a first-class labor saver. I use a large number of these weeders in my nursery and find them to give perfect satisfaction. Each, 25c; 6 for \$1.25. Postpaid, 30c each.



Fruit Picker.



Masters Plant Setter.

#### GARDEN TROWELS.

An indispensable tool to everyone who has a vegetable or flower garden to look after. Five-inch trowels, 15c each. Ex-tra strong six-inch trowels, 25c each. Postage, 5c extra for each trowel.

#### EXCELSIOR WEEDER.

This is one of the best all around garden weeders and can be used to great advantage in any garden. **Price**, 15c each. Postpaid, 20c.

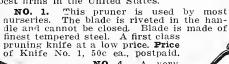
#### ACME POTATO PLANTER.

This planter enables one man going over the field but once, to plant two or more acres in a day. And this almost as easily as he could walk the same distance in the same time. It makes the holes, drops and covers at the same time. It is important in planting that they be dropped in moist soil and covered before the soil dries out. This the Acme Planter does perfectly. Wt., 2½ lbs. **Frice**, \$1.25, not prepaid.

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#### PRUNING KNIVES.

Both of the knives listed below have high-tempered steel blades. I have used these knives in my nurseries for years. They are always even in quality. Manufactured by one of the best firms in the United States.



**NO. 4.** A very good combination knife, used extensively in nurseries,

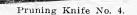
sively in nurseries, parks and by fruit Acme Potato growers; 3½-inch Planter. handle. Cut gives exact size of handle and blades. Contains pruning blade, jack-knife blade and bud-ding blade, so that it combines all the cutting tools needed in orchard or gar-den. **Price** of No. 4, \$1.25 each, by paid parcel post. parcel post.

The states

Succession States

Garden Trowel.

Excelsior Hand Weeder.



# LIME-FERTILE.

The perfect soil builder, inoculated with high-bred nitrogen-gathering bacteria. It revives and enriches poor, run-down soil. Corrects soil conditions not reached by any other fertilizer. Linne-fertile should be used on every farm, in every garden and on every lawn for best results. When used with Beans and To-matoes, it will stop the blossoms from falling off and help to set on more fruits.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Lime-Fertile should be applied on a cloudy or a rainy day or at dawn or at dusk. Immediate moisture is desirable and the direct rays of the sun cause the bacteria to deteriorate.

For Gardens or other intensive use: After plowing or spading and before raking or harrowing, spread Lime-Fertile with a shovel, trowel or by broad-casting at the rate of 100 pounds to 1,500 square feet, or one ton and a half to the acre. Then rake or harrow thoroughly so as to have a thin layer of soil over the Lime-Fertile. If water is available, sprinkle gently with a hose. The soil is now ready for seeding. During the growing season Lime-Fertile may be used as a top dressing, working it around the plants or in the rows. rows.

For Lawns: Spread with shovel, trowel, or by sowing broadcast, 100 pounds of Lime-Fertile to 1,500 square feet. Where grass is sparse, work-thoroughly so as to stir up the soil and do not be afraid of injuring the grass by rough treatment. Sprinkle thoroughly with hose and roll. Lime-Fertile cannot burn the scale.

General Farm Crops: Wheat, oats, corn, grass, etc., sow Lime-Fertile at the rate of from 200 to 400 pounds to the acre with a drill (Lime-Fertile can be mixed in the same compartment with the seed without injury to either), a lime sower, by broad-casting, or with a manure spreader on top of manure.

For Inoculation for Alfalfa, Etc. Use at the rate of one to one and a half tons to the acre, sowing as lirected above. Lime-Fertile has been used successfully for this purpose as it combines the pure-bred bacteria, the bacterial food and insures thorough distribution.

Further information gladly given upon request. **Frice:** 5 lbs. 35c; 25 lbs. 75c; 100 lbs. \$2.00, not prepaid. When ordering by mail, add 5c per lb. extra for postage. Special price on large lots.

## GOOD FARM AND GARDEN BOOKS.

ADME FLORICULTURE. By Eben A. Rexford. A practical guide to the treatment of flowering and other ornamental plants in the house and garden, in-tended exclusively for amateur floriculturists, by one of the most succesful amateur floriculturists in America. Illustrated. 300 pages, 5x7 inches, Cloth......\$1.00 HOME FLORICULTURE. By Eben

**FARMERS' READY REFERENCE BOOK.** The most complete farm book on the market. Every department of farm life is covered in detail by experts. Classified and indexed for convenient use. 186 pages. 5½x8½ inches. Paper cover......\$0.25

**HOME FLORICULTURE.** By Chas. N. Page. A complete guide for the growing of flowers in both house and garden. 173 pages. Paper cover......\$0.25





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STANDARD INOCULATING BACTERIA. EASY TO APPLY--SIMPLY MOISTEN SEED BEFORE SOWING.

Basy TO APPLY—SIMPLY MC Hastens maturity, increases the yield, builds up the land, enriches the soil and improves the yield, builds up the land, enriches the soil and improves the feeding value. Prepared for Alfalfa, Soy Beans, Cow Peas, Field Beans, Navy Beans, Canada Peas, Navy Beans, Canada P

Inoculated legumes, alfalfa, clover, peas or beans, will draw from the air 150 pounds per acre of free nitrogen, adding it to the soil for the benefit of future generations of crops. This is nearly as much nitrogen as is contained in 1,000 pounds of Nitrate of Soda, worth today \$100 per ton. Raise legumes—grow alfalfa, clovers, soys, vetch, leas—they are valuable feed crops—but give them the utmost chance, INOCULATE THEM, and they will draw from the air the free nitrogen, giving the plants a tremendous growth, vigor and vitality, increasing both the yield and the quality. They will not only supply themselves with nitrogen, but will draw far more than the present crop can use, storing the balance in the nodules, and from thence, as they decay, into the soil, where the future crops can get it, all of it. Will your land now grow alfalfa, clover, soys? If it does, it will grow larger and better crops by inoculation. just what you need to secure success. Seed, labor, land—all cost money. Get the utmost o few dollars spent for inoculation will come back to you many fold.



Grown without and grown with Nitro-Fertile.

os by inoculation. It is probably Get the utmost out of them. A

#### BENEFITS OF INOCULATION.

The principal reasons for inoculation can be stated in five short paragraphs, viz:-

Inoculated legumes take nitrogen from the air to supply the plant, resulting in faster growth, ear-First: lier maturity and larger crops.

Second: Inoculated legumes take up more nitrogen, than the plant, itself, requires, the surplus inuring to the benefit of future crops.

Third: Inoculated legumes develop larger root systems than when not inoculated and therefore reach the immense stores of potash and phosphorus in the sub soil, bringing them up to supply the plant. When the roots and stubble decay, these elements are returned to the soil in a form available to future crops. Fourth: Inoculated legumes, by taking their nitrogen from the air, save the soil. When not inoculated, they drain the soil of its nitrogen just the same as wheat or timothy or other non-leguminous plants.

Fifth: Inoculated legumes contain more proteid matter than when not inoculated, greatly increasing their feeding value.

Summary: Inoculation hastens maturity, increases the crop, improves its quality, enriches the soil and saves fertilizer bills.

Full directions in every package. **Price**, garden size, 45c; 1 size, \$2.25; 6 acre size, \$3.00, by freight or express, not prepaid. Price, garden size, 45c; 1 acre size, 75c; 2 acre size, \$1.40; 4 acre ·

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