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6351

Fairbury Nurseries



Progressive Everbearing

Catalog Season of 1921

C. M. HURLBURT, Proprietor

Fairbury

Nebraska

SEED POTATOES

We are now prepared to furnish our customers with first-class seed potatoes and would be pleased to receive a trial order from you. The necessity for changing seed often is universally admitted by all well posted growers, especially when the best seed can be had, at so little additional outlay. Owing to the perishable nature of seed potatoes and the unsettled condition of all markets, prices are made subject to market changes, and conformation of order on receipt of same.



Extra Early Ohio

Extra Early Ohio—(Red River Grown)—This is without doubt the most popular early potato in the country. We have more calls for it than any other variety. Everyone knows what it is and that it can be relied upon for an early market variety in almost any locality. They are smooth, clean, and free from prongs and scabs. They grow stronger and more vigorous, maturing the crop in shorter time and yielding much more than home-grown seed, so there is the utmost satisfaction in planting them. Potato growers in the South will have their crop ready for market from ten days to two weeks earlier if our Red River Valley Ohios are planted. This variety is sometimes sold under the name of Early Six Weeks Potato. It will pay you to change your seed this year and plant a few acres of our selected stock of Ohios.

Price: 3 lbs. postpaid, 50c; by express or freight, pk., 70c; bu., \$2.70; 3 bu. or barrel, \$8.00.

Bliss Extra Early Triumph

This is considered the earliest of all potatoes and is the leading early potato of all Southern States. We are all familiar with it as sold at the grocery stores, when the first NEW POTATOES are shipped in. It is at least a week earlier than the Early Rose and the Early Ohio. The tubers are of a handsome appearance, being almost round and most uniform in shape and size, with slightly depressed eyes, which are mostly on the seed end. The skin is of a pretty light red color, while the flesh is of the purest white, both raw and when cooked. Its beautiful appearance, wonderful productiveness and superior table qualities make this potato a favorite for the early market, wherever introduced.



Price: 3 lbs. postpaid, 50c; by express or freight, pk., 70c; bu., \$2.70; 3 bu. or barrel, \$8.00.

Irish Cobbler

An excellent extra early variety, maturing good sized tubers 7 weeks from the time of planting. It has also the remarkable characteristic of producing very few, if any, small potatoes, all the tubers being of marketable size. The vines are short, of upright growth, so that the hills may be only a short distance apart. Skin is clean and smooth, flesh is pure white and of excellent quality, always cooking dry and mealy. The Irish Cobbler enjoys the distinction of being the only variety that is planted more extensively on Long Island (New York) than any other potato. In this locality I find them to do better than any variety I have ever tried out.

Price: 3 lbs. postpaid, 50c; by express or freight, pk., 70c; bu., \$2.70; 3 bu. or barrel, \$8.00.

Sweet Potato Seed

Yellow Jersey and Nancy Hall—Small potatoes suitable for seed.
Price: 5 lbs., postpaid, 75c; by express, 8 cents per lb.

CUSTOMER TO PAY EXPRESS OR FREIGHT ON POTATOES

Friends and Customers

Just a word to you. We wish to express our sincere thanks to you for the generous patronage you have accorded us in the past and to assure you of our careful and painstaking handling of any business you may entrust to us this season. Prices are somewhat higher this year and there are a few kinds of trees that we are unable to furnish this season. This is owing to the fact that apple, cherry and plum seed and seedlings are imported by all nurserymen from foreign countries—France and Germany—and as war conditions prevented their importation we have been unable to grow trees in large quantities as in former years, and of some kinds, none at all. Then, too, the scarcity of labor and high wages has added to the cost of production. But we assure you we have made our price to you as low as we possibly can. We are not profiteers; instead, we are continuing a business which, under existing conditions, yields us a very small profit, and we are doing this so you may obtain the fruits and flowers which are so essential to and add so much to the value of your home and lands. And with this purpose in view, we have prepared our catalogue as heretofore, giving you descriptions and prices of such stock as we have on hand, so that you may make such selections as you desire.

WHAT WE DO

We cultivate our trees in the most thorough manner and dig with the best improved tree digger, thus getting good length of roots.

We guarantee all trees, vines and plants to be in good, healthy and growing condition when they leave our packing rooms.

In packing we use paper lined boxes or bales, using plenty of wet moss and straw, thus preventing our stock from becoming dry in transit; we make no charge for bales or boxes.

While we take the best of care, in filling orders with stock true to name, should a mistake occur we will be responsible only for the original cost of the stock.

We usually commence shipping in the fall, October 15th, and in the spring, about March 10th. We can, however, ship a greater portion of our stock any time during the winter from our frost-proof cellars; by this plan we can accommodate our customers who live in the South.

On receipt of an order we notify the customer at once by card; if after a reasonable length of time you do not hear from us, write again; sometimes letters go astray.

In filling orders we send varieties called for as far as possible; for those varieties we are out of we substitute others in their place, equally as good, unless you write us not to substitute.

We ship over the St. Joseph & Grand Island, the C., R. I. & P., and the B. & M. Railroads; over the American Express Company and by parcel post.

TERMS

In ordering always give age or size and price of stock wanted; please be very particular in writing your name and address plainly.

Send cash with order, or good bank reference; if you wish stock sent C. O. D. by express, send one-fourth cash with order; we will then ship it and you can pay balance due to your express agent on receipt of stock.

All remittances should be made payable to C. M. Hurlburt. Send by Postoffice or Express Money Order, Bank Draft, Check or Registered Letter. For amounts less than one dollar you may send one and two-cent stamps.

Our references are First National Bank or any business man in Fairbury, Neb.

SPECIAL OFFERS

We sell 5 trees at 10 rates, 50 trees at 100 rates, 500 trees at 1,000 rates.

On all cash orders, at prices in this catalog, sent us before March 1, 1921, we will allow 5 per cent discount. This offer is to induce you to order early.

Please notice that no discount is allowed after March 1st. We make no deviation from this rule.

We prepay the freight to any railroad station in the United States, on single or club orders, for plants or trees amounting to \$10.00 or more, provided the full amount of the order is sent before shipment is made; should you prefer to have a \$10.00 order or more sent by express we will prepay as much on the expressage as the freight would amount to.

Do not make the mistake of making out a \$10 order, reducing from that amount the discount and due bill, and expect the freight to be prepaid. To secure prepaid freight, the order or total amount of club orders must be \$10.00 or more, net.

Sometimes our railroad agents here fail to collect enough freight charges from us on prepaid shipments; should your agent require you to pay additional charges in such a case, send us the receipt he gave you and we will return the money to you.

SUGGESTIONS TO PLANTERS

Never buy trees of a traveling tree agent. As a rule they are not trustworthy, and will charge from two to ten times what the tree is worth.

Buy direct from some reliable nursery or from a local nursery agent whom you know to be honest. By this plan you will save money and have a source of redress in case there is anything wrong with your order.

It is a good plan to send in your order early, while the nursery's list of varieties is complete. Another thing, if you wait until late in the season, chances are that you will be so rushed with work that you will neglect to order at all, and thus lose a year's growth on your orchard.

As soon as trees are received the boxes and bundles should be unpacked and the roots of the trees soaked in a barrel or tank of water for twenty-four hours before planting; don't leave them in the water longer than this. If you are not ready to plant at once they may be heeled in moist earth well packed around the roots.

In preparing ground plow deep and pulverize the soil well before planting. Dig holes large enough so that roots of trees will have plenty of room; in planting fill holes two-thirds full of loose soil, working it well among the roots as put in, then firm as solid as you can with the foot; fill remainder of hole with water; after it has soaked away fill up the holes with more earth and do not firm it.

A P P L E S

The first fruit in importance is the apple. Its period of ripening, unlike that of other fruits, extends nearly or quite through the year. By making judicious selections of summer, autumn and winter sorts, a constant succession can easily be obtained of this indispensable fruit for family use.

If apples are planted at the rate of fifty trees per acre, rows of peach trees can be planted between the apples, which, growing more quickly than the apple trees, soon protect them from the winds and thus prove a great benefit to them. After eight or ten years of productiveness, as the space is needed for the apples, the peach trees may be removed, leaving the orchard better for the protection, and at the same time having yielded the planter a large return for his outlay and labor.

We would advise you in planting an apple orchard to select those varieties which have proven hardy and productive in our western country. We give a brief description of varieties which we consider best suited for Kansas and Nebraska.

PRICES, BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 7 feet, 3 years, extra fine trees	\$0.80	\$7.50	\$70.00
4 to 5 feet, 2 years, well branched	.60	5.50	50.00
3 to 4 feet, 2 years, well branched	.45	4.00	35.00
2 to 3 feet, 2 years, partly branched	.30	2.50	20.00
1 to 2 feet, 1 year	.20	1.75	15.00

PARCEL POST PRICES

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
1 to 2 feet, 1 year	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$17.50
2 to 3 feet	.35	3.00	25.00
3 to 4 feet	.50	4.50	40.00
4 to 5 feet	.65	6.00	55.00

Summer Varieties

Carolina Red June. Tree hardy, upright, early bearer, shoots slender, foliage dark, color red, almost black in sun, fruit medium, form variable, surface smooth with minute dots.

Duchess of Oldenburg. Tree rather poor in nursery, but has proven one of the best for the North; fruit large, surface smooth, waxen yellow ground covered with bright carmine stripes; sour; one of the very best for cooking; very productive. August.

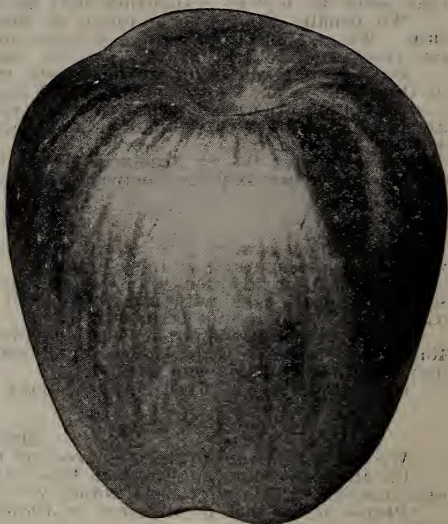
Early Harvest. Fruit medium size, greenish yellow; tender and juicy. First to ripen in July.

Yellow Transparent. One of the earliest apples. Fruit is medium large, smooth, transparent. Skin is clear white, turning pale yellow when ripe. Flesh white, fine grained, aromatic, and of splendid quality. Tree is vigorous, good bearer. Two-year-old trees frequently produce fruit. Succeeds well in all Eastern states, and should be planted in all cold climates. Succeeds well on thin soils. Ripens in early August. Its hardiness, vigor and early bearing commend it to planters.

Fall Apples

Wealthy. A variety highly valued for its extreme hardness at the far North. Tree is a thrifty grower and a good bearer. Fruit medium, roundish, skin is smooth, mostly covered with dark red, flesh white, fine grained, juicy, sub-acid, good quality. Will keep till January. Extra good sort and splendid dessert and cooking apple. This is one of the few most desirable varieties for Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa and Nebraska, as well as the eastern and middle states.

Jonathan. Beautiful tree, good grower, fruit full medium, fair producer, color dark, shaded to almost black in the sun, fruit drops in dry season. November and December, but can be kept until April.



Delicious

Winter Apples

Ben Davis (New York Pippin). Fruit medium to large, round, skin yellowish, splashed and striped and almost covered with red, flesh white, tender, moderately juicy, sub-acid; an excellent variety; tree very hardy, a free grower, coming into bearing early and very productive; it blooms late in the spring, thereby often escaping late frosts; very popular in the West and Southwest. December to March.

Delicious. Fruit is large, with the surface almost covered with a most beautiful, brilliant dark red, blending to golden yellow at the blossom end. In quality it is unsurpassed, in flavor it is sweet, slightly touched with acid, but only enough so as to make it all the more pleasing, with an aroma delightfully fragrant. The flesh is fine grained, crisp, juicy, melting and withal delicious. In keeping quality it ranks with the best, coming out of storage in March and April in perfect condition. Tree is very hardy. Delicious originated twenty years ago at Peru, Madison Co., Iowa, by the late Jesse Hiatt, and on his farm the original tree still flourishes, bearing annual crops of beautiful fruit.

Winesap. Too well known to require a description. Tree hardy almost wherever planted, early bearer and profitable; tree inclined to overbear, causing fruit to be undersized; color red, sometimes almost black; flesh almost yellow, firm and crisp; one of the best. November to May.

N. W. Greening. A greenish yellow of large size. Very juicy and sub-acid. A good cooker and a splendid keeper. The tree is hardy and a very strong grower. It does not come into bearing very early, but it pays well for itself after it does come into bearing. It is a reliable tree and the fruit finds ready sale.

Gano. The fruit is bright red on yellow ground (no stripes); large; oblong, tapering to the eye; surface smooth, polished; dots minute; basin shallow, sometimes deep; eye large, cavity deep, brown in color; stem medium to long; core medium. Season, January to April. Tree healthy, vigorous, hardy; an early annual and prolific bearer.

Grimes' Golden. Tree upright and hardy, fruit full, color golden yellow when ripe, medium to large, quality sub-acid, mild and melting; valuable in any orchard.

Crab Apples

The improvements in the varieties of Crab Apples have kept pace with the other kinds of fruit. A few years ago it was only thought fit for cider, jelly and preserves, but there are varieties now that command good prices in the market for dessert purposes; especially is this true of the Whitney. Besides being useful they are very ornamental when in bloom and when burdened with their load of highly colored fruit.

Whitney No. 20. A large crab, 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Skin smooth, glossy green, striped with red. Flesh firm, juicy and flavor very pleasant. A fair dessert apple, and one of the best for cider and vinegar. Tree a great bearer and very hardy. Really deserves a place in our apple list. There are few early varieties of so much merit. One of the best for northern states. Ripens in August.

Transcendent. Fruit medium, brownish red and handsome. Excellent for jelly and preserves. Good grower and immense bearer. September.

Golden Beauty. Very large and handsome; fine amber or golden yellow color.

PRICES, BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

	Per 1	Per 10
5 to 6 feet, 3 years, fine trees.....	\$0.85	\$8.00
4 to 5 feet, 2 years, well branched	.65	6.00
3 to 4 feet, 2 years, well branched	.50	4.50
2 to 3 feet, 2 years, partly branched	.40	3.50

PARCEL POST PRICES

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.45	\$4.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.55	5.00
4 to 5 feet.....	.70	6.50



Transcendent Crab

PEARS

Pears being upright growers, may be planted twenty feet apart each way. They should be trained to branch as near the ground as possible; the first four years' planting, the top leaders should be cut out and thus compel them to form a bushy top. Dwarf pears come into bearing four years after transplanting and standards not until the eighth year.

PRICES, BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 7 feet, Standard, 3 years, extra fine	\$1.00	\$9.50	\$90.00
4 to 6 feet, Standard, 2 years, well branched	.85	8.00	75.00
3 to 4 feet, Standard, 2 years, branched	.60	5.50	50.00
4 to 5 feet, Dwarf, 2 years.....	.85	8.00	75.00
3 to 4 feet, Dwarf, 2 years.....	.60	5.50	50.00
2 to 3 feet, Dwarf, 2 years.....	.50	4.50	40.00

PARCEL POST PRICES

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.70	\$6.50
4 to 5 feet.....	.95	9.00

PEAR, DWARF

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.60	\$5.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.70	6.50
4 to 5 feet.....	.95	9.00

Bartlett. Large size with often a beautiful blush to the sun; buttery, very juicy and highly flavored; bears early and abundantly; very popular. August.

Kieffer's Hybrid. The pear was raised from seed from Chinese Sand Pear accidentally crossed with the Bartlett or some other kind grown near it. Tree has large, dark, green glossy leaves and is of itself very ornamental; is an early and very prolific bearer; the fruit is of good quality, wonderfully showy and is

valuable for the table and market; it never rots at the core, and is as nearly blight proof as is possible for any pear to be. September and October.

Flemish Beauty. Is large, beautiful, juicy, melting, rich and fine, good bearer, is hardy everywhere. August and September.

Duchess d'Angouleme. Very large, dull greenish yellow streaked and spotted with russet, flesh white, buttery and very juicy, with rich and very excellent flavor, on the quince, to which stock this variety seems well adapted; it is always fine, the large and fine appearance of the fruit makes it a great favorite. September and October.

Seckel. Small, skin rich yellowish brown when ripe, with a dull brownish red cheek, flesh very fine grained, sweet, is exceedingly juicy, melting, buttery, the richest, highest flavored pear known. August and September.

PLUMS

The plum does best on a rich, well drained soil. The trees should be planted 16 feet apart, and it is well to plant several varieties together, for they seem to produce larger crops in that way than where a single variety is planted alone. Prune them so they will be low headed, and thus protect the fruit from wind storms which sometimes play sad havoc with the fruit when commencing to ripen.



Burbank Plum

German Prune. A large, long, oval variety much esteemed for drying, color dark purple, of very agreeable flavor. September.

Burbank. The best of all the Japan sorts of plums, nearly globular, clear cherry red, and with a thin lilac bloom. The flesh is deep yellow color, very sweet with a peculiar and very agreeable flavor, free, vigorous with strong, upright shoots, large, broad leaves; commences to bear usually at two years. It blooms late and consequently more liable to escape the late spring frosts.

Lombard. Medium, round, oval, violet red, juicy, pleasant and good, adheres to the stone, productive. A valuable market variety, one of the most hardy and popular. Last of August.

PRICES, BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 6 feet, 3 years, fine trees	\$1.00	\$9.50	\$90.00
4 to 5 feet, 2 years, well branched	.85	8.00	75.00
3 to 4 feet, 2 years	.60	5.50	50.00

PARCEL POST PRICES

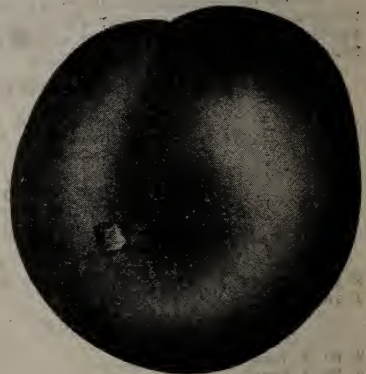
	Per 1	Per 10
3 to 4 feet	\$.70	\$6.50
4 to 5 feet	.95	9.00

Prof. Hansen's New Hybrid Plums

	Per 1	Per 10
4 to 5 feet, two year	\$1.00	\$9.50
3 to 4 feet, two year	.85	8.00

Sapa. Very fine, perfectly hardy new plum. Professor Hansen's description: "The female parent is one of our selected seedlings of the Western Sand Cherry (Prunus Besseyi), favorite fruit of the Sioux Indians. The male parent, a large purple flesh Japanese plum originated by Luther Burbank, and by him named the Sultan. Sultan is of the Satsuma type and is perhaps a cross with some other species. The Sapa fruited first in 1907 on a tree cut back very severely for bud sticks. The tree is plum-like in habit; one-year trees in nursery have many fruit buds; the glossy, dark purple skin, and the rich dark purple red flesh of its Japanese sire. Sapa is Sioux Indian for Black. "As dark as the shades of evening ranked in the western heavens." Turning the branches of this tree back and exposing the long ropes of glossy black fruit to the rays of the sun, the background of brown smooth bark and the glossy dark green foliage, is certainly a pleasant sight and one to be remembered. The fruit is eatable and hangs on the tree for more than three weeks. When it first commences to mature, the skin is dark green and the flesh of the royal purple. The color of the skin and the flesh gradually changes until it is as black as the darkest midnight. The skin of this variety is especially tender and practically disappears with ordinary canning. This plum makes excellent preserves and jelly and of the finest quality for eating fresh from the tree.

This Opata plum is a cross of the Dakota Sand Cherry and the Gold Plum, a large Hybrid Japanese variety, originated by Luther Burbank and for which \$5,000 was paid when first introduced. The Opata is vigorous in



Sapa

growth, heading very low and of quite spreading habits. It forms fruit buds freely on one-year-old shoot in nursery and bears without exception the next year. The color of the flesh is green, flavor very pleasant, combining the spicy acids of the Sand Cherry with the rich sweetness of the Gold Plum. The plums of this type are the earliest of any to mature.

PARCEL POST PRICES OF OPATA AND

	Per 1	Per 10
4 to 5 feet, two year	\$1.10	\$10.00
3 to 4 feet, two year	.95	9.00

CHERRIES

A great deal of attention is now given to the growth of cherries in the West, and no well planted home orchard is complete without its proportion of cherry trees, and it is one of the most prolific of garden fruits. It will succeed in any kind of soil that is not wet. It may be planted near the street, or used to line avenues as an ornament, and it will at the same time produce an abundance of delicious fruit. This may be eaten out of hand, preserved, or it will find a ready market at highly profitable prices, for shipping, canning, etc.

Our cherry trees are budded on Mahaleb cherry stocks, which do not sprout from the roots. Care must be taken in planting that the trees are not planted too deep; one inch deeper than where budded is deep enough; should they be planted deeper than this the tree will be liable to throw out roots above where budded, and these roots, if broken, will throw up sprouts or suckers.

Plant trees twenty feet apart, keep the main leaders headed back the first two years or three years after transplanting. By so doing you will have fine bushy tops near the ground, which will be of great advantage in picking the fruit.

PRICES, BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

	Per 1	Per 10
5 to 6 feet, 3 years.....	\$1.00	\$9.50
4 to 5 feet, 2 years.....	.85	8.00
3 to 4 feet, 1 year.....	.65	6.00
2 to 3 feet, 1 year.....	.50	4.50

PARCEL POST PRICES

	Per 1	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$9.60	\$5.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.75	7.00
4 to 5 feet.....	1.00	9.50

Large Montmorency. The best of the Montmorency family and equal in value only by the Early Richmond. The Montmorency has all the good quality of the Early Richmond, but ripens two weeks later. The fruit is identical with the Early Richmond. Some firms have put Large Montmorency out under a great many different names, but there is only one Large Montmorency and we have the true strain.

Early Richmond. The oldest and most reliable cherry tree grown today. It has proven its excellence for generations for home and local consumption. There is nothing to take its place. It is of good size. Light red in color. Very juicy and acid flavor. It ripens about the first of June. It bears very heavy and will produce a crop oftener than any other variety known. When in doubt plant the Early Richmond, as it does best in all climates or on any soil.



Early Richmond Cherries

The Compass Cherry Plum

The Compass Cherry-Plum originated with H. Knudson of Springfield, Minn., and is believed to be a cross between the Western Sand Cherry and the Miner Plum. Its habit of growth is like the Miner, while the leaf, twig and bark very much resemble the Sand Cherry. It is a strong grower, and makes a very fine orchard tree. Fruit about an inch in diameter, and is as much a plum as it is a cherry. The shape is oblong and slightly flattened. The pit is between the ordinary American plum and Early Richmond pit in shape and size. It has a flavor peculiar to itself, very palatable and rich. An immense and early bearer. Tree perfectly hardy as far north as Manitoba.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet trees.....	\$0.50	\$4.50	\$40.00

PARCEL POST PRICE

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.55	\$5.00	\$45.00

QUINCE

Owing to the negligence of the cultivator, this valuable fruit is seldom seen in perfection, being mostly allowed to grow without the least attention or cultivation. The Quince requires good, deep soil, which should be clean and mellow, with an occasional dressing of manure and a sprinkling of salt; but does not need severe pruning like many other varieties of fruit; a careful thinning out of the old decayed wood will be sufficient. Keep a vigilant search for the borer.

PRICES, BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet, well branched.....	\$0.75	\$7.00
2 to 3 feet, partly branched.....	.65	6.00



Champion Quince

PARCEL POST PRICE

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.75	\$7.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.85	8.00

Champion. Noticeable for its early bearing and superb appearance. Very large, mostly oval; deep yellow; excellent quality. Tree very prolific and vigorous. A good keeper.

BUDED PEACHES

The peach tree requires a moderately rich, well drained soil, and in order to preserve the continued healthy growth of the tree and thus cause it to produce well matured fruit, its branches should be headed in each year.

Peach trees when planted alone should be set twenty feet apart, or they may be planted between apple trees. Plant them deep enough so that the crook in the tree where they were budded is covered over with earth.

In Nebraska we cannot expect a full crop of peaches each year, owing to our cold winters, which kill the bloom buds; but if you can only get a full crop once in three years they will pay you better than any other crop that can be raised in Nebraska, cherries and strawberries excepted.

Below we give a short description of those varieties which we consider among the best, the greater number of which we have fruited in our own grounds.

PRICES, BY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 feet.....	\$0.75	\$7.00	\$65.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.60	5.50	50.00
2 to 3 feet.....	.45	4.00	35.00

PARCEL POST PRICES

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0.50	\$4.50	\$40.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.65	6.00	55.00
4 to 5 feet.....	.80	7.50	70.00



Champion Peaches

Champion. Many specimens have measured 10 inches in circumference. The flavor is delicious, rich, sweet and juicy; surpasses all other early varieties; skin creamy white with red cheek, strikingly handsome. It is hardy, productive, the largest size, highest flavor and best shipper of the early peaches. Ripens in early August.

Crosby. Medium size; bright orange yellow, streaked with carmine. On account of its beautiful color and fine quality, it commands a

ready sale in competition with the best standard market sorts. Claimed to be the hardiest of all peaches. Good for home and market; free. September 10.

Elberta. A Georgia cross between Crawford and Chinese Cling; very large, well colored; all things considered, the finest yellow freestone in cultivation; no one can go amiss by planting it; fruit perfectly free from rot, and one of the most successful shipping varieties. August 20.

APRICOTS

A most delicious fruit of the plum species. Is of a distinct flavor and one of our best and most profitable market fruits. The tree bears very young and most profusely. Ripening as it does between the cherries and peaches, the apricot is a most welcome fruit. In very sunny localities it is apt to bloom too early in the spring and get caught by the frost; The tree is slender in form, has beautiful dark foliage, pretty pink blossoms, and will give very satisfactory results as an ornamental tree in any garden or house lot.

	Per 1	Per 10
4 to 5 feet, 2 years, budded.....	\$0.75	\$7.00
3 to 4 feet, 2 years, budded.....	.65	6.00

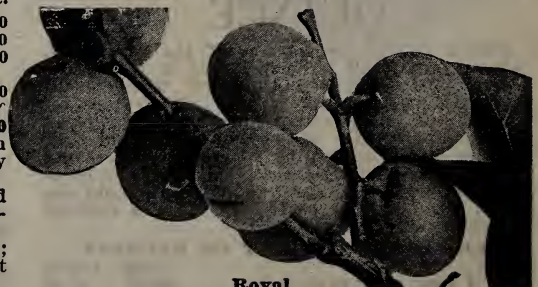
PARCEL POST PRICES

	Per 1	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0.75	\$7.00
4 to 5 feet.....	.85	8.00

Moorpark. One of the largest; orange with red cheek; firm, juicy with rich flavor; very productive. July.

Superb. One of the largest; orange with red cheek; firm, juicy with rich flavor; very productive. August.

Royal. Large; yellow; with orange cheek; juicy; rich and delicious; a fine variety. Last of July.



Royal

GRAPES

The history of the grape is almost as old as that of man. Vineyards were extensively planted before orchards or collections of other fruit trees were at all common, and today it is one of the most highly appreciated fruits. In its flavor it is hardly surpassed by any other fruit in delicacy and richness, and few or none are more beautiful in the dessert. Any person having a plot of ground ever so small, either in country or city, can find room for one-half to one dozen grape vines. They can be trained up the side of any building or over a garden fence; but the best and cheapest way to grow them in small or large quantities is on the wire trellis.

Work the ground deep and plant a little deeper than they were in nursery. Make rows eight feet apart and six to eight feet in the rows. Some of them, the tender varieties, would be benefited by laying the vines flat on the ground during the winter, with a light covering of earth or litter.

Care should be taken to prune thoroughly each year; no more bearing canes should be left than the roots can sustain in a vigorous growth of new shoots. In a commercial way no fruit crop shows greater returns on the investment. On all markets grapes are very popular and command good prices. They should be planted more generally everywhere.

Concord. Bunches large, berries large, round, skin thick and covered with bloom; flesh juicy, sweet. Very hardy, vigorous and productive, at present the most popular of all our native sorts.

Moore's Early. A large, black grape of the Concord type, the entire crop ripening before the Concord; bunch medium; berries large with blue bloom; flesh pulpy, of medium quality. Vine hardy, moderately productive, better as it attains age. Planted extensively as a market sort.

Agawam. Large, round, early and of great vigor of growth, rich, high, peculiar aromatic flavor, much subjected to disease and too highly flavored, where all its aroma is developed, to be desirable. Red.



Concord Grapes



Campbell's Early

Campbell's Early. The king of grapes. The best all-around grape on the market. A very strong, hardy vine, with perfect, self-fertilizing blossoms, always setting its fruit well and bearing abundantly. Clusters very large, berries round and of great size, very sweet and rich. The seeds separate easily from the pulp. Ripens first of August, but can be kept until December in cold storage; color black, with a light purple bloom.

Brighton. A cross between the Concord and the Diana Hamburg; bunches large, berries of medium size; flesh sweet, tender and of the highest quality; ripens early. Red.

Niagara. A magnificent white grape and very valuable for both garden and vineyard; a rank grower and very productive of beautiful bunches of the largest size; berries large, with tough skin; quality good; ripens with Concord.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
Agawam, strong vines	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
Brighton, strong vines .....	.30	2.50	20.00
Concord, 1 year, good vines.....	.20	1.75	15.00
Concord, 1 year, select vines.....	.25	2.00	17.00
Concord, 2 years, select vines.....	.30	2.50	20.00
Moore's Early, strong vines.....	.30	2.70	25.00
Niagara, strong vines .....	.30	2.70	25.00
Campbell's Early, strong vines.....	.50	4.50	.....

By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 2 cents for each vine ordered.

GOOSEBERRIES



Poorman's Sweet

Should be planted in good, rich soil, and well manured once a year. They will do well on any variety of soil if well drained and fertile. Prune regularly and thoroughly; cutting out all dead wood and all surplus branches. Do not let the bushes grow too thick; the fruit will be larger and more plentiful. Plant in rows four to six feet apart and four feet apart in the rows. Gooseberries should be planted in every garden, no matter how small; they are hardy, rugged and easily grown, and the fruit is sought for by every housewife for culinary purposes and sells well in all markets.

We gathered and sold in 1917, 130 bushels of gooseberries.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
Houghton, 2-year plants.....	\$0.20	\$1.75	\$15.00
Downing, 2-year plants.....	.35	3.00	25.00
Pearl, 2-year plants.....	.35	3.00	25.00
Red Jacket, 2-year plants.....	.35	3.00	25.00
Poorman's Sweet, 2-year plants.....	.50	4.50	40.00
Oregon Champion, 1-year plants.....	.30	2.50	20.00
Carrie, 2-year plants.....	.35	3.00	25.00

By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 3 cents for each vine ordered.

Houghton. An enormously productive and always reliable old variety. Of vigorous growth, slender and spreading, not subject to mildew. Fruit of medium size, smooth; pale red, tender and of good quality.

Carrie. A variety for Minnesota and claimed to possess "more valuable points of excellence than any other gooseberry," because "it is the most productive, the most salable, the most profitable, the hardiest, the healthiest, the freest from mildew, the earliest bearer." Fine for the North. Of a bright maroon color and of excellent quality. Most valuable gooseberry for jams, jellies and canning.

Downing. A well-known American sort, which has given the best results everywhere. Large and handsome, pale green berry; of splendid quality for dessert and cooking. Bush vigorous, a strong upright grower and exceedingly productive. An excellent sort for family use and suitable for market. This variety is seldom affected by mildew.

Pearl. A very desirable American variety. Very hardy, entirely free from mildew, superior in size and quality, and more productive than Downing. We take pleasure in recommending it for small or extensive planting as one of the best berries of recent introduction. The large

berries are pale green and of the finest quality, and valuable for home or market.

Red Jacket (Josselyn). This American seedling has been widely planted in recent years, and is highly recommended by all growers. Bush is very hardy; clean, healthy foliage and entirely free from mildew. Fruit large, smooth, pale red, and of first-class flavor and quality. It is considered the best fruited gooseberry in cultivation.

Poorman's. It is so called from the fact that when ripe it is perfectly sweet, like a sweet cherry, and requires little, if any, sugar for culinary purposes. This most remarkable gooseberry is a seedling from Houghton and is as hardy as its parent. It is a very strong grower, the bushes being inclined to grow in tree shape. It is red when ripe, very large, and has a shape and flavor like a plum.

Oregon Champion. Berries very large, brownish red color, very sweet and fine for table use and pies. Bush a strong grower, healthy and not very thorny and a very prolific bearer. I recommend this variety to my customers, especially for large plantations. It will bring good returns. Best berry for the market.

CURRANTS

A cool, moist location is best for this fruit, and for this reason it succeeds admirably when planted by a stone wall or fence, being benefited by partial shade. Plant in rows four feet apart, and the plants three feet apart in the rows. They should be pruned each year, and all dead wood cut from them. Keep them thinned out so that air can freely pass through them. Currant worms can be destroyed by the use of hellebore. Dissolve an ounce in three gallons of water, and apply with a syringe or small sprinkling can. This can be done with very little expense if performed at the right time.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
Champion, 2 years.....	\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00
Cherry, Red Dutch and Victoria, 2 years.....	.35	3.00	25.00
White Dutch and White Grape, 2 years.....	.35	3.00	25.00
Perfection, 2 years.....	.40	3.50	30.00

By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 4 cents for each vine ordered.

Perfection. This grand new fruit was originated by Charles G. Hooker, of New York, by crossing the Fays Prolific with the White Grape Currant, with the view of combining the large size and color of the Fay with the good quality and productiveness of the White Grape. The color is a bright red; size as large or larger than Fay, the clusters averaging longer. The Perfection has a long stem, making it easy to pick without crushing any

of the berries. It is a great bearer. The berries are of rich, mild flavor, sub-acid, plenty of pulp with few seeds. Less acid and of better quality than any other currant in cultivation. In my garden the Perfection is the best bearer with largest berries; the sweetest currant I ever tasted, and the easiest to pick. Anybody can pick a basket of Perfection as fast or faster than cherries.

CURRENTS (Continued)

Black Champion. Very productive; large bunch and berry; excellent quality, strong grower. Leading black currant.

Cherry. Red. Bunches very large, berries sometimes measuring one-half inch in diameter. A strong grower and must have good cultivation to do well.

Victoria. Red. Bunches long; berries large, of a bright red color and excellent quality. A strong grower, extremely hardy. The best late variety.

White Grape. The best white currant. The bunches are large, and full, berries large, sweet, of a beautiful translucent white and of mild, superior quality; very fine for table. Bush grows quite vigorous, somewhat spreading, and produces large crops. A dependable and very popular variety.



White Grape

BLACKBERRIES

In field culture plant in rows eight feet apart and three feet in rows. In garden culture plant rows five feet apart and three feet distant in rows. The pruning should be governed by the growth of cane and should be severe. Pinch back the canes in summer when three feet high, causing them to throw out laterals. Cultivate for first season to get plants well established, then the ground between the rows may be mulched enough to keep down the weeds.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
Erie and Early Harvest.....	\$0.10	\$0.80	\$ 7.00
Snyder and Stone's Hardy.....	.10	.80	7.00
Oregon Evergreen.....	.15	1.20	10.00

By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 2 cents for each vine ordered.

Snyder. Very popular for the North and Northwest on account of the extreme hardiness. Wonderfully productive, size medium, fruit juicy and sweet, without the hard core of many sorts; canes remarkably strong and thrifty; more largely planted than any other of the ironclad varieties. We have a heavy demand for them every year. Season early.

Stone's Hardy. Upright grower; very hardy; the berry is black and glossy when ripe, and has a delicious flavor. It commences to ripen its fruit about five days earlier than Snyder, and continues bearing ten days longer.

Early Harvest. One of the earliest blackberries in cultivation, a compact dwarf grower, fruit rather small and of good quality, heavy bearer; its extreme earliness makes it a very profitable variety. Bloom stands the spring frosts best of all.

Oregon Evergreen. The Oregon Evergreen Blackberry is one of the good things that have come to stay with us and will prove a great boon to all lovers of the wholesome and luscious fruit. Everyone who has a dooryard or piece of ground, however small, can now have plenty of the sweetest and best blackberries at little trouble or cost, as this valuable new variety will thrive and bear immense crops of the most luscious fruit wherever it can get a foothold in the soil, and any kind of trellis, arbor or support for the magnificent grape-like vines to run over. The Oregon Evergreen Blackberry differs from all other blackberries in form of its foliage and manner of growth. The canes do not die in winter like other blackberries, but continue to grow and bear year after year like a grapevine. The foliage somewhat resembles that of the fern and forms a remarkably handsome covering for arbors. The berries are borne in clusters of four or five on a stem, are good sized, fine flavored, sweet, and delicious, either to eat from the hand, canning or cooking. They are immensely productive. No other blackberry will bear such heavy crops and continue fruiting so long in the season.



Oregon Evergreen

RASPBERRIES

Raspberries should be set in the spring, plants three and a half feet apart in the row and rows four feet apart. Set plants three to four inches deep, depending on the soil (in heavy clay do not set as deep as in light soil); roots spread out and dirt pressed firmly among them. Give thorough shallow cultivation until the last of July, or if you prefer mulch in with coarse manure or something of that kind, and keep the ground well stirred between the rows. When the new canes are about two feet high, pinch off the top; this will make the plant throw out side branches and do away with the necessity of tying up. In the spring cut these side branches back to 16 or 18 inches in length. Four or five good canes in a hill are enough. Cut out old canes as soon as through fruiting and burn them.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
Gregg, black	\$0.10	\$0.80	\$ 7.00
Turner and Cuthbert, red .....	.10	.80	7.00
Kansas, black .....	.10	.80	7.00
Cumberland .....	.15	1.20	10.00
St. Regis Everbearing, red .....	.25	2.00	17.00

By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 2 cents for each vine ordered.

Gregg. Leading Black Cap and a popular market sort; canes of strong, vigorous growth, and under good culture very productive; berries are large, covered with heavy bloom, firm, meaty and of fine flavor. It requires a good strong soil to produce best results; it is not entirely hardy, but suffers during unusually severe winters; it is by far the best Black Cap and the largest of any.

Cumberland. A mammoth mid-season Black Cap that loads its stout stocky canes with handsome fruit. The great glossy berries out-sell all others of their season, and are firm enough to ship well. Excellent quality. Many berries are seven-eighths of an inch in diameter. Hardiness, productiveness, size and quality make it desirable. Ripens a few days before the Gregg.



Gregg Raspberries

Cuthbert, or Queen of the Market. A remarkably strong, hardy variety, standing the northern winters and southern summers equal to any. Berries very large, conical, rich, crimson; flavor is sweet, rich and luscious.

St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry. An excellent novelty. Raspberries for four months! That's what you get when you plant the St. Regis, the new everbearing variety. Moreover, they are not only raspberries, but raspberries of the very highest grade—in size, in brilliant crimson color, in firmness, in flavor. The variety has been aptly termed "the early till late" variety; for it is the first red raspberry to give ripe fruit, while it continues to produce berries without intermission until late October. The St. Regis is of pure American blood, and of ironclad hardihood. In addition to the brightest crimson color, and large size of the fruit, it is so firm and rich in sugar that it will stand shipping two hundred miles, arriving at market in first-class order; and it can be readily kept in perfect condition for several days after being gathered. Unlike any other raspberry, the St. Regis yields a crop of fruit the season it is planted. Plants of it planted in early April gave ripe berries on June 20th of the same year. For four weeks thereafter the berries were large and beautiful, firm and full flavored to the very last.

Turner. A beautiful red berry of fine size and excellent quality. One of the hardiest and most productive varieties known.



St. Regis

HIMALAYA BERRY

This berry is a new arrival from the North Slope of the Himalaya Mountain, 6,000 feet above sea level. It is black, but not a blackberry. For many centuries the natives of that country have been making wine of it, and only the invasion by British troops has brought this delightful luscious fruit to our civilization. The vine is a vigorous grower, making a growth of twenty to thirty feet in one year, which can be trained on a fence or arbor similar to grape vines. The enormous clusters of large sized berries ripen all summer, making the Himalaya the most productive of any variety known. They have no core and the flavor is sweet, of unusual richness, and when ripe will literally melt in your mouth. For pies, jellies and desserts the Himalaya berry is a perfect success, being ahead of any similar fruit. The severity of their native climate has made the berries hardy and both plant and fruit will stand extremes of heat and cold better than any other variety.

25 cents each; 5 for \$1.00. By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 2 cents for each vine ordered.

DEWBERRIES

Bartel's Mammoth. Fruit very large, luscious and handsome; perfectly hardy, a strong grower and enormously productive; a superb and very profitable market fruit. The vines should be allowed to lie on the ground in winter and staked up early in the spring.

Lucretia. This is the leading and most popular dewberry yet discovered; it succeeds everywhere and is not particular about the kind of soil. Berries very large, black and of fine flavor. It should not be picked oftener than twice a week, when it is very sweet and rich. It ripens with the last strawberries.

Price—10 cents each, 80 cents for 10, \$7.00 for 100.

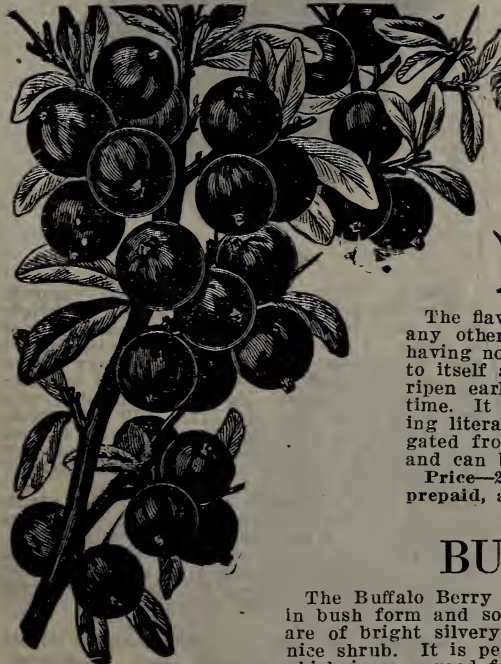
By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 2 cents for each vine ordered.

JAPANESE WINEBERRY

This is an entirely new, distinct and valuable berry. It belongs to the raspberry family; is a strong, vigorous grower, attaining the usual heights of the raspberry, and is said to be perfectly hardy in all positions without protection. The leaves are of the darkest green on the outside, and silvery white underneath. The young shoots or branches are covered with a reddish brown hair or moss.



Dewberries



BERRY.

The fruit is borne in large clusters, often seventy to one hundred berries in a bunch. These berries are, from the time of formation and bloom until they are ripe, enclosed in a "burr" which is caused by the calyx covering them entirely. When ripe the burr opens, exhibiting a large berry of the brightest glossy scarlet or cherry wine color. The burr and stems are covered with a heavy reddish moss like a moss rose bud.

The flavor of the fruit is entirely different from that of any other berry, being very sprightly, sweet and juicy, having no disagreeably sour, but a luscious flavor peculiar to itself and superior to other berries. It commences to ripen early in July, and continues in bearing for a long time. It is the most prolific bearer known, the bushes being literally covered with its luscious fruit. It is propagated from the tips like cap raspberries and dewberries, and can be increased rapidly.

Price—25 cents each; 5 plants for \$1.00. By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 2 cents for each vine ordered.

BUFFALO BERRY

The Buffalo Berry belongs to the Olive family of trees. It grows in bush form and sometimes attains a height of ten feet; its leaves are of bright silvery color, and with its load of red fruit, makes a nice shrub. It is perfectly hardy, and bears immense crops of fruit, which is very good for tarts, jellies, pies and preserves.

It is sometimes called the winter currant from the fact that fruit remains on until January.

Price—2-foot trees, 35 cents each, 3 for \$1.00.

By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 4 cents for each vine ordered.

STRAWBERRIES

The ground should be worked ten or fifteen inches deep and be properly enriched as for any garden crop. Drainage is necessary in very wet soil. For family use plant fifteen to eighteen inches apart, each way, and after a few strong plants have been set from runners, then pinch off all runners as fast as they appear. Keep the ground free from weeds and frequently stirred with a hoe or fork. Plants treated in this manner will produce more crowns and therefore double the amount of well-developed fruit than when runners are left to grow.

When the winters are severe, it is well to give the ground a light covering with coarse straw or litter. The covering should not be placed on until the ground is frozen. Fatal errors are made by putting on too much and too early. If coarse straw is used, it may be left on until the plants have done fruiting; taking care to open it up around the plants early in the spring, so as to give them plenty of sunlight and air.

Price—\$1.00 per 100, \$8.00 per 1,000. Parcel Post price, \$1.25 per 100.

Varieties: Senator Dunlap, Crescent, Aroma and Gandy.



Notice the roots of our plants.

Senator Dunlap. (Per.) A well-tested, wonderfully productive variety, one of the safe sorts to plant everywhere and sure to take a high place among the prominent standard sorts. Plant resembles Warfield, rampant runner, should be restricted in its production of plants; fully equal to Crescent and Warfield in its ability to succeed under all circumstances. Fruit good size, regular form, beautiful bright red, glossy, firm, splendid keeper and shipper, excellent quality. One of the best for canning; ripens early and continues a long time. It promises to stand at the head in its wonderful ability to ripen a good crop, under almost any condition of drought or neglect.

Gandy. (Per.) A well-known and popular variety which seems to do well under all conditions unless it be on light sand. It is of very high quality, good color, and a standard of firmness, qualities which make it desirable for either a home or market variety. It holds its size well from first to last, and although not as productive as some, it is a profitable sort, coming in after the glut, and prolongs the season. Does best on strong, moist, loamy soil.

Senator Dunlap

Aroma. (Per.) Plants large, very vigorous and perfectly healthy. Makes plants just right for a good fruiting row. The blossom is rich in pollen, a good fertilizer for Sample, Bubach and Enormous. Fruit large to very large, roundish, conical, smooth and perfect in form, of a beautiful bright glossy red in color, very firm, and of excellent quality. Will give splendid results on any soil that will grow a good crop of corn or potatoes. It is nearly as late as Gandy, of long season. Three times as productive and a sure cropper every year. During the past five years the demand for plants of this variety has been very heavy and we have never been able to grow plants enough to meet this demand. Last spring we planted heavily to Aroma on new land and believe we have plants sufficient to fill all orders which may come our way this season.

Crescent. Perhaps the most popular of all. Plants strong, hardy and very productive; fruit extremely large, dark red, fine flavor. A splendid market variety. Imperfect.

Everbearing Strawberries

Ripe strawberries from June until November—this is what you can have by planting our everbearing sorts. We catalog only two varieties, which we have tested, and are considered among the growers to be the best. What lingering doubts may have been felt as to the practical value of this new race of strawberries are rapidly vanishing in the light of experience. There is now scarcely a discordant note in the general praise of their qualities for the home garden, and the developments of the present season indicates a greater value for the market garden than had before seemed probable. They have been on trial over a wide territory for about six years and the following points clearly demonstrated.

First. Extreme health of foliage. Nothing approaching it has been exhibited by any of the old line varieties. This is especially true of the Progressive, which scarcely shows a rusted leaf, while other varieties planted near it may be badly affected. All strawberry growers know that healthy foliage means capacity for heavy fruiting.

Second. Extreme hardiness of plant. Even the plants that by accident may have been left uncovered along the rows generally come through the winter in good condition.

Third. The plants produce a good crop the season they are set. The planter does not have to wait a year for returns; really, only a few weeks. This enlarges the opportunity of tenant farmers, and those who must have fruit at once.

Fourth. They are the only early strawberry. Affords a good picking a week before the first early varieties of the old kind.

Fifth. The crop they bear in June compares well with the old varieties, especially in unfavorable seasons where frost or heat cuts the main crop.

Sixth. The quality is simply exquisite, far sweeter than the standard kinds that we have been growing for twenty years. In this matter Progressive is decidedly at the head.

Seventh. In addition to this list of qualifications the Progressive has proved a first-class plant maker. A great improvement over the everbearers first sent out. Not too much so for good fruiting, but making what would be called ideal matted rows.

Set plants same as common varieties of strawberries. To get plenty of fruit the first season, do not allow the plants to form any runners or bloom stalks until June 1st. By that time plants will be well established and able to produce a fine crop of fruit.

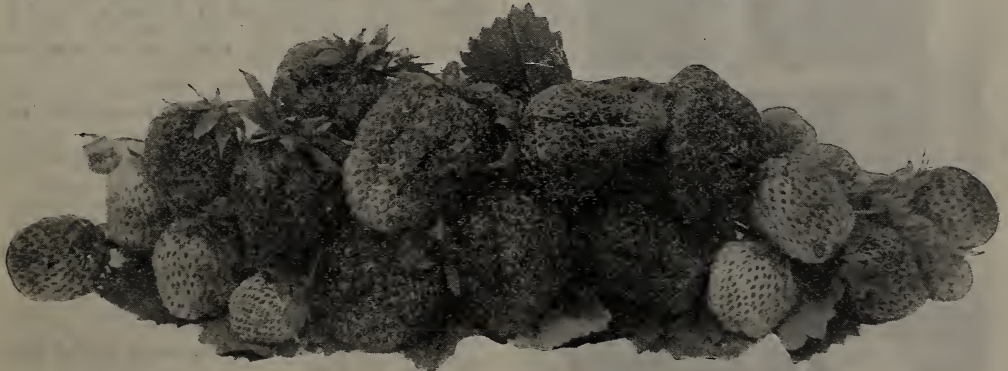
Price—4 cents each, 50 plants, \$1.25, 100 plants \$2.00, 1,000 plants \$18.00

Parcel Post, prepaid, 50 plants for \$1.35, 100 plants for \$2.25

Progressive. (Per.) This is a vigorous thrifty grower, making a matted row 2 to 3 feet wide; in fact, the best plant maker of all the everbearing kinds, and on rich soil plants should be set at least two feet apart in the rows. The color of the foliage, manner and habit of growth somewhat resemble the Dunlap. Fruit is medium to large in size, of a beautiful dark, glossy red. Flesh red, firm and of good quality. It will produce as many berries in June as Dunlap or Warfield, and as it bears fruit on the new formed plants, it will continue to produce berries all summer, even up to the time the ground freezes in the fall, but producing the most fruit during the latter part of September and up to about November 1st. Just think of it; two crops in one year, with the fall crop selling for more than three times as much per crate as the spring crop. And if the frosts should get the blossoms in the spring the plants will immediately commence to produce other fruiting stems and will come right on with a good fair crop just as if nothing had happened. The frost cannot cheat

you out of strawberries if you have the Progressive. You will never be sorry if you invest heavily in this variety.

Superb. (Per.) This variety makes large, beautiful, vigorous and thrifty plants, and just the right amount for a good fruiting row. Fruit is large to very large, of a beautiful bright crimson color, running very even for size and shape; in fact, a crate of them looks like each berry had been run in the same mold. The berry is firm and of good quality. This variety is preferred by many growers on account of its large size, even shape and good quality. Most growers would prefer one quart of large, smooth, high-colored berries to two quarts of small ones, and we feel a good deal like this ourselves. This kind does not run down small toward the last picking, like most other varieties, but holds its size remarkably well throughout the entire season. The Superb will command a fancy price in any market, from the first picking to the last, and you will make no mistake in ordering this variety.



Progressive Strawberries

Russian Mulberry

This tree has been planted very extensively in the western states for the past fifteen years, and we know of no other tree that will stand as much drought and neglect and yet make a good growth each year.

It makes a good shade tree, holding its leaves late into the fall; and for a hedge, without thorns, it has no superior.

Trees commence to bear at two years old; fruit resembles the blackberry, and will ripen from July 1st to September.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 5 feet, well branched, transplanted	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$22.00
Mailing price .....	.40	3.50	.....
3 to 4 feet, well branched, transplanted .....	.25	2.00	15.00
Mailing price .....	.35	3.00	.....
2 to 3 feet transplanted.....	.20	1.50	12.00
Mailing price .....	.25	2.00	.....
	Per	Per	Per
	10	100	1,000
6 to 12-inch seedlings .....	.10	.90	8.00
Mailing price .....	.15	1.25	.....
12 to 18-inch seedlings.....	.15	1.50	12.00
Mailing price .....	.20	1.75	.....
18 to 24-inch seedlings .....	.25	2.00	15.00
Mailing price .....	.30	2.75	.....



Russian Mulberry

Asparagus

To prepare a bed for planting, the soil should be dug deeply and well mixed together with well-rotted manure or compost. Plant in rows two feet apart. In the rows the plants should not exceed a foot apart, and planted about four inches deep. Cover on approach of winter with manure, and fork the bed over lightly in the spring.

Price—3 cents each, 10 plants for 25 cents, 100 plants, \$2.00.

Mailing price, 10 plants for 35 cents.

Conover's Colossal. A mammoth variety of vigorous growth, sending up from fifteen to twenty sprouts each year, from one to two inches in diameter; color deep green, and crown very close.

Palmetto. It is earlier, a better yield, more even and regular in its growth and quality, equal to the old favorite, Conover's Colossal.

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

This deserves to be ranked among the best early vegetables in the garden. It affords the earliest material for pies and tarts, continues long in use, and is valuable for canning. Make the border very rich and deep.

Price—15 cents each, \$1.00 per 10, \$8.00 per 100.

By parcel post, 20 cents each.

Linnaeus. Large, early, tender and fine; the very best of all.

Victoria. The best for market because of its giant growth.

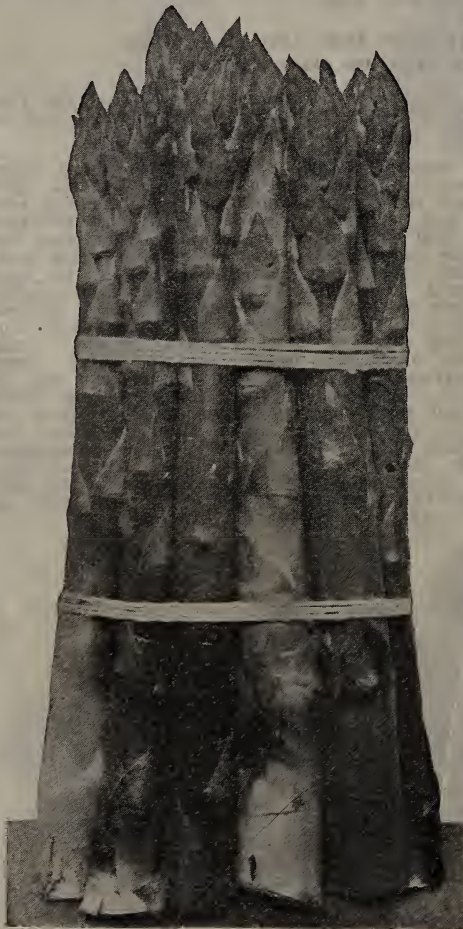
Horse Radish

Price—3 cents each; 20 cents per 10; \$1.50 per 100. By parcel post, 5 cents each.

Elderberries

A well-known bush which bears a fine fruit for pies or wine.

Price—15 cents each; 10 for \$1.00. By Parcel Post 20 cents each.



Colossal

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

The judicious planting of shrubs adds greatly to the beauty and value of property, and contributes a wealth of pleasure and interest to the home. There are a few principles governing the artistic arrangement of these beautiful ornamentals, that should be more strictly observed. In general, individual specimens should rarely be isolated from the body of the design. Irregular groups or masses arranged against the buildings, fences or property lines, or as border plantations, along walks or drives, are much more effective. A good arrangement of shrubs invariably provides wide open stretches near the center of the lawn.

We have reduced our shrub list somewhat, omitting varieties for which, although very desirable in themselves, there is but little demand.



Spiraea van Houttei

Althea or Rose of Sharon. These are fine shrubs and especially valuable because of their flowering in the fall when nearly all other shrubs are out of blossom. Hardy and easy of cultivation. Red, white and pink. 30 cents each. By Parcel Post 40 cents each.

Hydrangea. A fine shrub of recent introduction, blooming from July to November. Large, showy panicles of white flowers in the greatest profusion. It is quite hardy and altogether a most admirable shrub for planting singly on the lawn or in the margin of masses. To produce largest flowers it should be pruned severely in the spring and the ground enriched. 2-foot plants, 35 cents each. By mail 45 cents.

Spiraea (Van Houttei). The best White Spiraea. The annual growth is long and abundant, and covered in June with a wealth of pure white blossoms. Perfectly hardy. Should be in every collection. 30 cents each. By mail 40 cents.

Almond. Dwarf, double, rose flowering. A beautiful shrub with small, double rosy blossoms closely set upon the twigs before the leaves appear. 30 cents each. By mail 40 cents.

Japan Snowball. A rare and exceedingly beautiful species from Japan; flowers pure white, in very large globular heads; 2-foot trees. 50 cents each. By mail, 60 cents.

Bechtel's Double-Flowering Crab. A medium-sized hardy ornamental tree of great beauty. When in bloom this tree presents the appearance of being covered with roses, fragrant flowers of immense size, sure to give satisfaction to those who plant this beautiful tree. 50 cents each. By mail 60 cents.

Calycanthus. Sweet Scented Shrub or Allspice. An interesting shrub, having a rare and peculiar fragrance of wood and flowers; its blooms are abundant and of peculiar chocolate color. 30 cents each. By mail 40 cents each.

Mock Orange or Syringa. The Syringa is a large shrub, growing from 6 to 10 feet high. Vigorous habit, very hardy, with large, handsome foliage and beautiful white flowers. Very fragrant. Blooms very freely. Hardy. 30 cents. By mail 40 cents.

Snowball. A well-known and favorite bush of large size. Bears balls of pure white flowers in June. We have a bush on our farm on which we counted over 800 blossoms at one time. Hardy everywhere. 30 cents each. By mail 40 cents.

Spiraea (Anthony Waterer). A small, dwarfish grower, 15 to 18 inches high and covered the entire season with large umbels of deep pink flowers. Quite hardy here and very desirable. 30 cents each. By mail 40 cents.

Japanese Quince (Red). *Cydonia.* Also called Firebush. Very showy and one of the earliest shrubs to bloom, the flowers appearing before the leaves are fully developed. The brilliant scarlet flowers gleaming like red-hot coals. Fruit about two inches in diameter, yellowish green, and of aromatic fragrance. Invaluable for border or garden planting and make beautiful informal or clipped hedges. As a harbinger of spring the Japanese Quince deserves a prominent place on the lawn, where its bright red flowers can be seen to advantage. Sometimes, when snow may be seen in sheltered corners, this shrub will put forth brilliant flowers, glowing like living coals of fire. Very hardy and easily transplanted, and will thrive in almost any well-drained soil. 2 to 3 feet, 30 cents each, 10 for \$2.50. By mail 40 cents each.

Lilac, Persian Purple. With glossy green foliage and beautiful, fragrant flowers. A good plant for the lawn and one of the best for a fancy hedge. Hardy anywhere. Flowers purple. 25 cents each. By mail 35 cents.

Lilac, Persian White. Same as above, with white flowers. 25 cents each. By mail 35 cents.

Weigelia Rosea. Of Japan origin, producing a mass of flowers from July until fall. Very ornamental flowers, dark rose with lighter center. Very hardy. 25 cents each. By mail 35 cents.

Weigelia. (Eva Rathke). Brilliant carmine in color, almost continuous bloomer; very fine. 40 cents each. By mail 50 cents.



Hydrangea

CLIMBING VINES

Clematis Paniculata. (New Sweet Scented Japan Clematis). No introduction of recent years has met with such ready sale, and given so perfect satisfaction wherever planted. It grows and thrives anywhere and is a very rapid grower and profuse bloomer. The flowers are pure white. Its extreme hardiness, bright green foliage and delightfully fragrant flowers serve to make this one of the finest hardy climbing plants in cultivation. Strong 2-year plants, 35 cents. By mail 40 cents.

Clematis. (Jackmanii). A very beautiful blooming variety, with flowers from four to six inches in diameter, of an intense violet purple color, borne successfully in continuous masses on the summer shoots. 50 cents each. By mail 55 cents.

Henryi. Fine, large, creamy white flowers, strong grower and very hardy. One of the best of white varieties. A perpetual bloomer. 50 cents each. By mail 55 cents.

Clematis. (Mad. Andre.) Red, very strong grower, producing large flowers. 50 cents each. By mail 55 cents.

Honeysuckle. (Monthly fragrant or Dutch.) Blooms all summer. Very sweet. Red and yellow flowers. 30 cents each. By mail 35 cents.



Hall's Japan Honeysuckle

Begonia or Trumpet Flower. (Scarlet Radicans.) A splendid climber, vigorous and hardy, with clusters of large trumpet-shaped scarlet flowers in August. 25 cents each. By mail 35 cents.

Virginia Creeper. A luxuriant vine of rapid growth, with large luxuriant foliage, which in the autumn assumes the most gorgeous magnificent coloring. The blossoms, which are inconspicuous, are succeeded by handsome dark blue berries. The vine is the best calculated to take the place in this country of the celebrated English Ivy, and is really in summer not inferior to it. 25 cents each. By mail 35 cents.

Wistaria. (Double Purple.) A rare and charming variety, with perfect double flowers, deeper in color than the single, and the racemes of remarkable length. The plant is perfectly hardy, resembling the single Wistaria, so well known as one of our best climbing plants. 20 cents each. By mail 30 cents.

Hall's Japan Honeysuckle. This beautiful honeysuckle is almost evergreen; very strong and hardy in growth. The flowers are delightfully fragrant, and bloom profusely from May until frost. A handsome and valuable vine. 20 cents each. By mail 25 cents.



Clematis

Boston Ivy. A beautiful, hardy climbing plant. This is one of the finest climbers we have for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering it smoothly with overlapping foliage, giving it the appearance of being shingled with green leaves. The color is a fresh deep green in summer, changing to the brightest shade of crimson and yellow in the autumn. It is quite hardy and becomes more popular every year. Strong plants, 50 cents each. By Mail 55 cents.



Boston Ivy

ROSES

Our roses are all very strong two-year-old plants, either grown on their own roots or budded on Manetti, and are not to be compared with the puny greenhouse roses from two-inch pots sent out by some nurserymen.



Frau Karl Druschki

Climbing Roses

Crimson Rambler. The famous crimson clustered climber, so extremely effective when grown on pillars and trellises. The plant is a vigorous grower, making shoots 8 to 10 feet in a season. The foliage is large and glossy, the plant looks like a mass of double crimson flowers when in bloom. The panicles are large and remain perfect for several weeks. Perfectly hardy anywhere. 60 cents each. By mail 75 cents.

White Rambler. Resembles Crimson Rambler in foliage and habit; flowers pure white. 60 cents each. By mail 75 cents.

"Baby Rambler" A dwarf (bush, not climbing) form of Crimson Rambler, and furthermore everblooming. Will bloom constantly throughout the summer if planted out of doors. Has the same bright crimson color as the Climbing Rambler, and blooms in clusters of 20 to 40 flowers at one time on plants of fair size. Baby Rambler is one of the best red roses for bedding and is going to be just as popular and extensively planted as the climbing form has been. May be grown in pots. Two-year plants, 75 cents each. By mail, 85 cents.

Monthly Blooming Rose

Paul Neyron. Deep rose color, splendid foliage and habit, with large flower. 75 cents each. By mail 85 cents each.

Ulrich Brunner. The flowers are very large, of beautiful form and very double; color, deep rich rose. 75 cents each. By mail 85 cents each.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant Crimson scarlet. Very showy and effective. 75 cents each. By mail 85 cents each.

Frau Karl Druschki or White American Beauty. A pure paper white, free flowering large size Hybrid Perpetual. It is a remarkably handsome plant, with bright, heavy foliage filled with strong upright growth. Two-year-old field grown, 75 cents. By mail 85 cents each.

Captain Hayward. Of largest size. Color glowing crimson, very bright and rich. About the best monthly blooming in the entire class. 75 cents each. By mail 85 cents each.



Ulrich Brunner

Memorial Rose

A rose of trailing habit, a very hardy and rapid grower, with a glossy foliage, which remains on until late in the fall. Its flowers are pure white and very fragrant. It is especially adapted to cemetery planting, hence its name; or it may be trained as a screen to hide some unsightly root, stump or rock. 60 cents each. By mail 70 cents.



Captain Hayward

ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES

These trees are too large to go by Parcel Post.

Mountain Ash. Hardy tree of medium size, a smooth bark, head dense and regular, covered from July till winter with large clusters of bright red berries. A fine lawn tree and very hardy. 4 to 5-foot trees, each 50 cents; 10 for \$4.50. 5 to 6-foot trees, each 60 cents; 10 for \$5.00

White Birch. A graceful tree with silvery white bark and slender branches. When a few years old, of an elegant drooping habit, rendering the tree very effective in parks or on lawns. Very hardy, even as far north as the Dakotas. 4 to 5-foot trees, each 60 cents; 10 for \$5.00. 5 to 6-foot trees, each 70 cents; 10 for \$6.00.

Elm. American White. A noble native tree of large size, wide spreading head, and graceful drooping branches. Easy to transplant; a hardy grower. One of the best park and street trees. Hardy every where. I can furnish large White Elm trees, all well pruned, well rooted and with good tops, by the carload. Write for prices in large quantities.

Price of White Elm. Nice, well pruned trees.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet	\$0.20	\$1.75	\$15.00
4 to 5 feet .....	.25	2.20	20.00
5 to 7 feet .....	.35	3.00	27.00
6 to 8 feet .....	.50	4.50	.....
8 to 10 feet .....	.75	6.50	.....

Hackberry. Also called American Nettle Tree. A rare native tree, with numerous slender branches which spread horizontally, and thick, rough bark; apple-like foliage, but more pointed and a bright, shiny green. A very desirable tree for street planting. Perfectly hardy in Nebraska and the Northern States.

Price of Hackberry, 4 to 5 feet, 40 cents each; 10 for \$3.50. 5 to 6 feet, 50 cents each; 10 for \$4.50. 6 to 8 feet, 75 cents each; 10 for \$7.00.



Horse Chestnut

Honey Locust. This is an ornamental native tree of more than ordinary value. Its branches are spreading, forming a broad, rather loose head. The branches and trunks are covered with strong thorns. Its foliage is finely compound, giving a soft and beautiful appearance, light green in the spring and summer, turning to clear yellow in the fall. Is of rapid growth, stands pruning well and is often used for a hedge; its thorns make it almost impenetrable. I do not know of a better tree for western Kansas and western Nebraska.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft., well pruned trees	\$0.20	\$1.75	\$15.00
4 to 5 ft., well pruned trees	.25	2.20	20.00
5 to 6 ft., well pruned trees	.35	3.00	27.00
6 to 8 ft., well pruned trees	.50	4.50	.....

Thornless Honey Locust. Same as above, except that it is entirely free from thorns and is therefore much more suited for a lawn tree.

All well pruned trees, 3 to 4 feet, 25 cents each, 10 for \$2.00; 4 to 5 feet, 30 cents each, 10 for \$2.70; 5 to 7 feet, 35 cents each, 10 for \$3.40; 7 to 8 feet, 55 cents each, 10 for \$5.00.

Black Walnut. A native of Nebraska. Of large size, and majestic form, with beautiful foliage. Grows best on low ground, bears very freely. The most valuable of all trees for timber, which enters largely into the manufacture of furniture and cabinet work, and brings the very highest price in the market. Tree is a fairly rapid grower, and also makes a fine shade tree. The large, oily nuts are of fine flavor and marketable at a fair price. 5 to 6 feet, 60 cents each, 10 for \$5.00; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00, 10 for \$7.50.



Silver Maple

ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES—Continued



Hard Maple

Horse Chestnuts. White flowering. A fine, large tree of compact outline, dense green foliage. In June the tree bears in greatest profusion, large panicles of white flowers, tinged with red. Very pretty for street or lawn. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.50 each, 10 for \$13.50.

Maple, Soft or Silver. A native tree of very rapid growth. Hardy everywhere and easily transplanted. Leaves are finely cut, bright green on the upper and whitish on lower side. When you order a Silver Maple, you will get what is called a Soft Maple. When quick effect or shade is desired, the Soft Maple is one of the best trees to plant. Largely used for street or park planting.

Prices of Soft Maple

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft., well pruned trees	\$0.20	\$1.70	\$15.00
4 to 5 ft., well pruned trees	.25	2.20	20.00

Black or Yellow Locust. A large native tree or rapid growth, valuable for shade as well as quite ornamental. The yellowish white flowers are in long, pendulous racemes and appear in June. Wood is very valuable for posts, growing quicker to given size than any other hardwood tree. The timber is of very best quality and for posts outlasts, with a few exceptions, all other sorts. The Forestry Division of the Agricultural Department at Washington recommends the Black Locust for Timber Plantation for Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Kansas, Nebraska and California.

Price of Black Locust

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet, nice transplanted trees	\$0.20	\$1.70	\$15.00
4 to 5 feet, nice transplanted trees	.25	2.20	20.00
5 to 6 feet, nice transplanted trees	.30	2.75	25.00

Maple, Sugar or Hard. A popular American tree of pyramidal form. The foliage is large and handsome, and of rich, pleasing green, turning to orange yellow and red in summer. Its upright habit of growth, dense shade and adaptability to different soils has rendered it one of the most extensively used. Valuable for sugar and timber. 5 to 6 foot trees, 75 cents each, 10 for \$7.00; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each, 10 for \$8.50.

Carolina Poplar. One of the most rapid growing trees, with large, handsome, glossy, deep green leaves. Succeeds everywhere; especially adapted to cities where it makes unusually fast growth and resists smoke and gas. Pyramidal in form, making a spreading head and dense shade when properly trimmed. It is unexcelled for quick growth and effect; makes a splendid windbreak or screen. It is used in larger numbers for street planting than any other tree.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet, whips	\$0.10	\$0.80	\$ 7.00
4 to 5 feet, whips	.15	1.25	10.00
5 to 6 feet, branched	.20	1.75	15.00

Russian Olive. A beautiful lawn tree, with spreading top; nearly black shining bark and silvery-white, long, narrow foliage. The small yellow blossoms have a wonderful appearance. The exquisite perfumes are carried long distances in the air. Fine if planted in a group with green leaved trees, among shrubbery, or as a lawn tree. Hardy as far north as Canada. It deserves a place in every park or garden. Should be much more largely planted. Can also be used as a hedge or screen, as it stands pruning or shearing well. See under plants for hedges and screens.

Prices of Russian Olive

	Per 1	Per 10
2 to 3 feet	\$0.25	\$2.00
3 to 4 feet	.35	3.00
4 to 5 feet	.45	4.00
5 to 6 feet	.60	5.00

Red Elm. For the first time we are able to offer Red Elm shade trees. We have only a limited supply which we can furnish at the following prices: 4 to 5 feet, 50 cents each; 5 to 6 feet, 75 cents each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each.

Catalpa Speciosa. Hardy Catalpa. An effective tropical looking lawn tree with very broad, large leaves and fragrant purplish-white blossoms of pyramidal clusters, often a foot long. There are few trees that have been more extensively planted for commercial plantations in the Middle West and the Eastern States. It is hardy, grows rapidly on prairies, resists drouth remarkably well, and has hardly any insect enemies. As a post timber it ranks with the Black Locust and Osage. Experiments have left no doubt as to its resistancy to decay. Without doubt for fence post wood it has no equal and in view of the fact that it can be grown so easily, it ought not to require much argument to cause farmers to plant Catalpa wherever it will grow. It is all right for posts here in Nebraska.

	Per 1	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet	\$0.20	\$1.70	\$15.00
4 to 5 feet	.25	2.20	20.00

Evergreens

We cannot ship Evergreens by mail

	Per 1	Per 10
Scotch Pine, 18 to 3 feet	\$1.00	\$8.50
Scotch Pine, 18 to 24 inch	.75	6.00
Scotch Pine, 12 to 18 inch	.50	4.50
Jack Pine, 2 to 3 feet	.75	7.00
Jack Pine, 18 to 24 inch	.50	4.00
Jack Pine, 12 to 18 inch	.40	3.50
Red Cedar, 3 to 4 feet, sheared	1.50	12.50
Red Cedar, 2 to 3 feet,	1.00	8.00
Red Cedar, 12 to 18 inch	.75	6.00
Red Cedar, 8 to 12 inch,	.50	4.00

Weeping Trees

These trees are too large to be sent by Parcel Post.

These trees form objects of great beauty when planted as single specimens on lawns, in the front yard and especially when used for cemetery decorations. Also of great value for covering arbors. Our list embraces the best varieties.

Tea's Weeping Mulberry. We cordially recommend this as one of the thriftiest, hardiest, and most beautiful weeping trees. It transplants easily and is appropriate for both large and small places. The leaves are lustrous, distinctly lobed; the branches slender and willowy, forming a tall, narrow, green tent of dense shade. Fine tree. \$2.00 each.

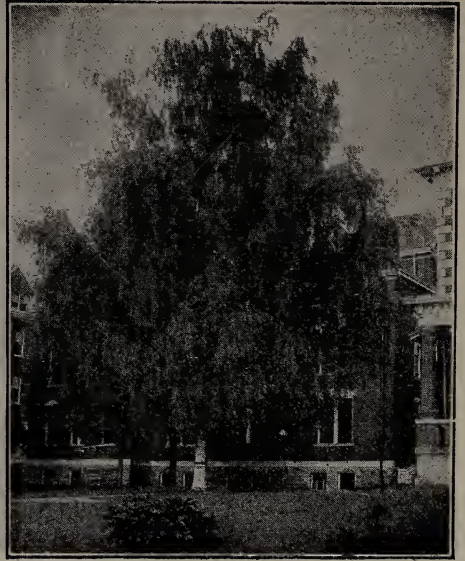
Camperdown Weeping Elm. Its vigorous branches, which have a uniform habit, overlap so regularly that a compact, roof-like head is formed. Leaves are large, glossy dark green. A strong, vigorous grower. One of the best weeping trees. It can be trained to form an arbor if desired. The peculiar characteristics of this tree make it very popular and valuable for the lawn. Hardy. \$2.00 each.

	Per 1	Per 10
Wisconsin Willow, 4 to 5 feet,	\$0.35	\$3.00
Wisconsin Willow, 5 to 6 feet .....	.50	4.00
Mountain Ash	2.00	.....



Camperdown Weeping Elm

Catalpa Bungeii or Umbrella Tree. One of the finest ornamental trees we have; it is perfectly hardy; you will be pleased with this tree on your lawn. Trees grafted, 7 feet high. \$1.50 each.



Weeping Birch

Weeping Birch. Cut leaved. Probably the most popular and desirable lawn tree in existence, and produces a beautiful effect on streets and avenues. Makes a vigorous growth and is perfectly hardy. Trunk straight, slender, white as snow; the slim side branches drooping in a most picturesque manner; foliage delicate and deep cut, coloring finely in the fall. The drooping branches and silvery bark form a most effective combination during the winter months. \$1.50 each.

Cuttings

	Per	Per
	100	1,000
Cottonwood	\$0.35	\$3.00
Mailing price .....	.40	.....
Carolina Poplar .....	.55	3.00
Mailing price .....	.40	.....
Concord Grape .....	.75	5.00
Mailing price	80	.....

Hedge Plants

	Per	Per
	10	100
Privet, 6 to 12 inches,	\$0.50	\$4.00
Mailing price .....	.55	4.25
Privet, 12 to 18 inches .....	.60	5.00
Mailing price .....	.70	5.40
Privet, 18 to 24 inches .....	.75	7.00
Mailing price .....	.90	7.50
Russian Mulberry, 6 to 12 inches .....	.10	.90
Mailing price .....	.15	1.25
Russian Mulberry, 12 to 18 inches .....	.15	1.50
Mailing price .....	.20	1.75
Russian Mulberry, 18 to 24 inches .....	.25	2.00
Mailing price .....	.30	2.75

Forest Tree Seedlings

	Per	Per
	100	1,000
Ash, 6 to 12 inches,	\$0.50	\$4.00
Mailing price .....	.60	.....
Ash, 12 to 18 inches .....	.75	6.50
Mailing price .....	.85	.....
Ash, 18 to 24 inches	1.00	8.00
Mailing price	1.25	.....
Box Elder, 6 to 10 inches .....	.50	4.00
Mailing price .....	.60	.....
Box Elder, 10 to 15 inches .....	.75	6.50
Mailing price .....	.85	.....
Box Elder, 15 to 20 inches,	1.00	8.00
Mailing price	1.25	.....
Soft Maple, 12 to 18 inches, .....	.75	7.00
Mailing price .....	.90	.....
White Elm, 6 to 12 inches .....	.75	6.00
Mailing price .....	.85	.....
White Elm, 12 to 18 inches,	1.00	8.50
Mailing price	1.25	.....
Catalpa Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches .....	.75	7.00
Mailing price .....	.90	.....
Catalpa Speciosa, 18 to 24 inches,	1.00	9.00
Mailing price	1.25	.....
Catalpa Speciosa, 2 to 3 feet,	1.50	12.00
Mailing price	2.00	.....

PEONIES

That Herbaceous Peonies are as fine and effective in their way as Rhododendrons or Roses is now being generally recognized. They are hardier and more easily cultivated than either of their rivals, and are being used in the same way for bold display of color. Their flowers are very lasting; some of them are finely finished and exquisitely colored. Plant in deep, rich, well-prepared soil, covering the buds but an inch or two. Do not expect too much of them the first year. They are a little slow in establishing themselves.

We can furnish red, white and pink, common sorts, strong plants at 35 cents each, 3 for \$1.00. By mail, 40 cents each.

We also have choice varieties as named below at 75 cents each. By mail 85 cents.



Delicatissima Peony

Delicatissima. This beautiful flower should be in every garden. Very large; delicate, clear pink, lighter in the center; very fragrant; free blooming. Exceptionally pretty in the bud; a quality flower in every sense. It is unexcelled as a cut flower.

Festiva Maxima. About the largest and undoubtedly the most popular Peony of them all. High built flowers borne on long, stiff stems; the purest white inner petals slightly tipped carmine. Early.

Edulis Superba. (Lemon.) Very large, bright rose flower; a beautiful early variety.

Pottsii. Dark crimson; yellow stamens showing through the flower; early.

Nigra. (Terry.) Full double flower; the darkest crimson of any; long, willowy stems; blooms late.

Queen Victoria. The broad guard petals are a pretty bluish-white; center slightly edged pink.



Festiva Maxima Peony

Cannas

One of the most popular of bedding plants with their green and bronze foliage and bright flowers; we grow six of the best varieties. 10 cents each; 1 dozen \$1.00, for dry bulbs. Bulbs which have been started to grow in the greenhouse, 15 cents each; 8 for \$1.00.

By Parcel Post, prepaid, add 2 cents to the price of each bulb.

Florence Vaughn. 5 feet. Green foliage; flowers are a rich golden yellow, thickly dotted with red.

Mad. Crozy. 3½ feet. Green foliage; flowers vermilion with gold border.

Crimson Bedder. Bright crimson scarlet.

Pillar of Fire. 6 feet. Green foliage; red flowers.

King Humbert. 4 to 5 feet. Giant flowered, orange scarlet, bronze leaf. The flowers are very large and very free blooming. The handsome leathery foliage is of strong habit.

Price of King Humbert, 15 cents each, one dozen \$1.25; bulbs which have been started to grow, 8 for \$1.50.



Bed of Cannas

Modest Guerin. Brilliant carmine-rose with a high and stiff center full of rosy-pink petals.

Phlox

No class of hardy plants is more desirable than the Perennial Phloxes. They will thrive in any position and can be used to advantage in the hardy border, in large groups on the lawn, or planted in front of belts of shrubbery where, by judicious pinching back and removing faded flowers, a constant succession of bloom may be had until frost.

Assorted colors: 20 cents each; 6 for \$1.00. Mailing price 22 cents each.

Golden Glow

Golden Glow. The most prolific and satisfactory of all yellow-flowering sorts. Grows 5 to 7 feet and blooms from early summer until frost. Flowers are produced on long stems in enormous quantities, and resembles golden-yellow Cactus Dahlias. 20 cents each. By mail 25 cents each.

Tuberoses

Excelsior Pearl. Double white, dwarf, seldom over 18 inches high. 5 cents each; 6 for 25 cents. By mail, 7 cents each.

Fall Double. Grows very large, often 5 feet; pure white double; blooms late in the fall. 5 cents each; 6 for 25 cents. By mail 7 cents each.

Gladiolus

One of the most attractive summer flowering bulbs. Very ornamental for the lawn. To obtain a succession of bloom there should be several plantings made at intervals of a week. Set bulbs 6 to 9 inches apart and about 4 inches deep. If the soil is poor see that it is carefully enriched. The flowers are excellent for cutting, and last a week in water, the bulbs opening well. The bulbs should be taken up in the fall before heavy freezing weather sets in and allowed to dry off in the sun. Cut off the stem close to the bulb, put in paper bags and place where they will not freeze. A cold, dry atmosphere is best. We have a fine collection of the large flowering sorts. Dry bulbs, 5 cents each; \$4.00 per 100. Mailing price, 6 cents each.



Golden Glow

Iris

6 assorted colors, 10 cents each; 3 for 25 cents.



Gladiolus

TREE PROTECTORS

Price—2½ cents each; \$2.00 per 100. Mailing price, 3 cents each.

Same are made of veneer and are the best and easiest applied of anything ever used. Two men can wrap 1,000 trees a day. They are 18 to 24 inches long, 9 to 12 inches wide, and one-twelfth inch thick, and are fastened with small wire around the center, and will last from three to five years.

Will protect your trees from rabbits, mice and borers; will also protect the stems from sunscald and can be left on during the summer and will not injure the tree. They are furnished green, tied in bundles of 100 each, and are ready for use. Soak in water before applying.



Tree Protector

RUFUS RED BELGIAN HARES

Pedigreed stock: write for prices, stating what you want.

FROM _____

Fairbury Nurseries

C. M. HURLBURT, Proprietor

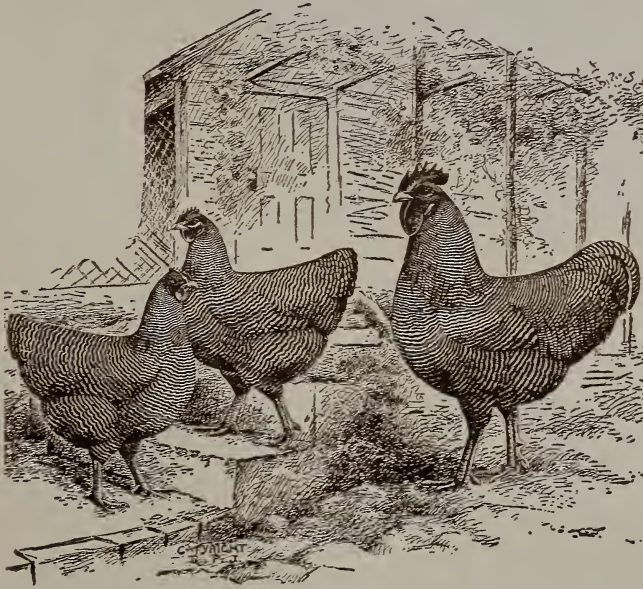
Fairbury,

Nebraska

BOX



BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS



We have been breeding and showing Barred Rocks for over fifteen years and now have as good stock as can be found in our state, we use the double mating system in breeding; that is, we use a standard colored male with very dark females to produce good colored males, and very light well marked male, with standard colored females to produce good colored females. In sending in your order please state the mating you prefer. Price of eggs per 15, \$3.00.

S. C. RHODE ISLAND REDS

For a number of years we have been breeding and showing this variety and have some extra good stock at present, this is the most popular breed of chickens.

Price of eggs from mated pens, \$3.00 per 15 eggs. We have a large flock or farm range, eggs 50 for \$5.00; 100 for \$8.00.

COCKERELS

Owing to the high cost of feed during last season we have disposed of all our Cheap cockerels keeping only the best. We have Rocks and Reds, fine large birds at \$5.00, \$7.00 and \$10.00 each

ANGORA CATS

We are breeding long-haired Angora Cats. These make the finest of pets and are also good mousers. Colors are mostly white, some mixed with buff. Prices run from \$5.00 to \$10.00 each. If you are interested write us for prices on kittens we have on hand.

PLANTS

In early spring of each year we grow large quantities of vegetable plants, such as Sweet Potato, Tomato, Cabbage, Peppers, Celery, Egg Plant and Kohl Rabi. We ship either by mail postpaid or express, when sent by express the customer pays the expressage.

Sweet Potatoes

Plants cannot be set with safety until danger from frost is past.

Varieties are **Yellow Jersey** and **Nancy Hall**. Plants are usually ready for shipment May 10th.

	Per 100	Per 1000
By mail prepaid	\$.60	\$5.00
By express .....	.50	4.00

Cabbage

Early Wakefield and Holland

	Per 100	Per 1000
By mail	\$.60	\$5.00
By express .....	.40	3.50
By mail after June 1st..	.40	3.50
By express after June 1st	.35	3.00



Holland.

Tomatoes

Earliana, Stone and Dwarf Champion

	Per 100	Per 1000
By mail	\$1.00	\$8.50
By express .....	.80	7.50
By express from 2 in pots, per dozen	.50	
By express from 3 in pots, per doz.	\$1.00	



Dwarf Champion.

Celery

We start early celery in the Green house and transplant it once before shipment.

Golden Self Blanching and Silver plume

	Per 100	Per 1000
By mail	\$.75	\$6.00
By express .....	.60	4.50
By mail after June 1st..	.50	4.00
By express after June 1st	.40	3.50



Golden Self Blanching

Peppers

Giant-Sweet Mango and Cayenne

	Per 100	Per 1000
By mail	\$1.00	\$8.50
By express .....	.75	7.00

Kohl Rabi

	Per 100	Per 1000
By mail	\$.60	\$5.00
By express .....	.50	4.50

Egg Plant

Per dozen, postpaid 25 cents