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# HARDY Tries, silies nile mi PLANTS for All Purposess . . 

## The NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS

Phone Lexington 0274

Members American Association of Nurserymen



## CONTENTS

Page
Hedge Plants ..... 2
Evergreen Trees ..... 2
Evergreen Shrubs ..... 7
Deciduous Trees ..... 8
Deciduous Shrubs ..... 12
Hardy Roses ..... 19
Vines ..... 22
Herbaceous Perennials or Old-Fashioned Garden Plants ..... 24
Number of Trees and Plants to an Acre ..... 31
Fruit Trees and Small Fruits ..... 31
Prices. The prices given in this list, we believe, represent a fair value for such high grade stock as we always endeavor to supply.

## CONDITIONS OF SALE

Terms. Cash with order or satisfactory references from strangers.

Postage stamps will be found a convenient method of remitting for small amounts and can be used by us to advantage.

When goods are to be shipped via Parcels Post, please add cost for postage.

## A DISCOUNT OF 5 PER CENT IS ALLOWED WHEN CASH ACCOMPANIES ORDER.

Note. At the prices given in this list we will guarantee to furnish strictly first-class stock of the size and ages named, but as our prices are low, and as it is impossible for us to guarantee the life of a plant after it leaves our hands, we cannot replace free any stock which may fail to grow. If a guarantee for one year is desired, add 20 per cent to the list price.

We give no warranty expressed or implied as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any Nursery Stock, Bulbs or Plants we sell. No complaints will be considered that are not made within five days after receipt of stock.

## THE NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO. Bedford, Mass.

Time for Planting. All hardy trees and plants of any description can be safely transplanted in the Spring as soon as frost leaves the ground, and usually as late as about May 20th to 25 th. Also during the period beginning September 15 th and continuing until the ground becomes frozen. Evergreen trees and shrubs can further be safely handled during August.

While we give our best efforts to produce and furnish high grade trees and plants, and do not attempt to pose as landscape architects, we are always happy to give such assistance as we can to customers in making the proper selection of what to plant, and advice as to the care of plants, and we respectfully invite correspondence pertaining to problems of interest to planters.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD. 

Pruning. In order to encourage a healthy growth, and also to assist plants in becoming re-established, all deciduous stock should be pruned back at once after being transplanted. Roses should be cut back to within 4 to 5 inches of the ground. From deciduous trees and shrubs, one-third to one-half of the growth from the previous summer should be removed. All cutting back, or pruning, should be done immediately after plants have been set.

The sizes of trees and shrubs named in the following pages are such as are usually preferred by planters. If desired we can generally supply larger or smaller sizes and will quote prices on application.

All stock selected and marked by customer at the Nursery will be charged for in accordance with its value. Prices in this list will not govern such stock.

It is our desire that all stock purchased of us shall give the best of satisfaction and our interest does not cease when goods are shipped or payments collected. We ask that all will feel free in calling or writing us pertaining to any assistance we can give, -not only before an order is given, but afterwards as well.

Facilities are maintained for supplying plans and estimates for all kinds of landscape work.

Location of our Nurseries. Located 15 miles from Boston, 12 miles from Lowell, 3 miles from Concord, and 5 miles from Lexington, our Nurseries can be reached via Boston \& Maine trains from the North Station, Boston, or via electric cars from Arlington Heights. The cars connecting Arlington Heights and Concord pass directly through our property.

Visitors are always cordially welcome, but we ask the indulgence of parties calling during our busy Spring and Fall months, when it is quite impossible for us to devote as much time as we should wish in showing our Nurseries. The most courteous treatment possible, however, will always be given to those who favor us by calling.

The stock offered in this list is, we believe, absolutely free from all injurious insects or diseases, and all shipments are accompanied by CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION, both State and Federal.

Note: We have no Agents, and anyone representing himself as such should be prosecuted as an imposter.

THE NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO.
Bedford, Mass.
Phone: Lexington, 274.

## NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO BEDFORD,

## Hedge Plants



## Gold Medal Evergreen Trees

The quality of our evergreens is unexcelled, and having been started and grown in Bedford, and under the most severe climatic conditions, they are not to be compared with such plants as in former years were imported from Europe.

|  | ABIE8-FIP |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ables balsamea (Balsam Fir) |  |  |
| 18 to 24 in. ... | \$1.00 | 09.00 |
| 2 to 3 ft . | 2.50 | 22.50 |
| 3 to 4 ft . | 3.50 | 19.00 |

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD. <br> MASSACHUSETTS 

```
    GOLD MEDAL EVERGREEN TREES (continued)
Concolor (Blue Fir)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Each & Per 10 \\
\hline 3 to 4 ft . & 5.00 & \\
\hline 5 to 6 ft . & 8.50 & \\
\hline 6 to 9 ft . & & \\
\hline \$12.00 to & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Fraseri (Southern or silvery Balsam)
18 to 24 in. .............. 2.50
2 to 3 ft.
4 . 0 0
Veltchl (Veitch's Silver Fir)
18}\mathrm{ to 24 in. ............. . 3.00
2 to 3 ft. ................ 5.00
```

BIOTA-ChInese Arbor Vitae
Blota Orientalls
12 to 18 in. ............... 1.50
2 ft. ..................... 2.00
Chamaecyparis (Retinospora) Japanese Cypress
OHAMAECYPARIS (RETINOSPORA) JAPANESE CYPRESS
Chamaecyparls fillfera (Thread branched Japanese Cypress)
18 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
2 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.00
66 obtusa (Obtuse-leaved Cypress)
$11 / 2$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
${ }^{6}$ plsifera aurea (Golden Pea-fruited Cypress)
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . . . . . . . . . . . 2.50 22.50
$21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . \cdot . . . . . .$.
6 plumosa (Plume-like Cypress)
1 to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . ........... 2.50
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ............ 3.00
66 plumosa aurea (Golden Plume-like Cypress)
1 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00
1 to $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ............. 3.00

JUNIPERUS-Juniper

| Junlperus, communls prostrata (Prostrate Common Juniper) 12 to $18 \mathrm{in} .$. . 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. across......... | 1.50 2.50 | 14.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| communls var, aurea (Golden prostrate Juniper), 12 to $18 \mathrm{in} . . .$. 2.50 |  |  |
| Hibernica (Irish Juniper) |  |  |
| 12 to 18 in. | 1.50 | 14.00 |
| 18 to 24 in. | 2.00 |  |
| Suesica compacta (Swedish Juniper) |  |  |
| 12 to 18 in. | 1.50 | 14.00 |
| Japonica (Japanese Green Juniper) |  |  |
| 12 to 18 in. | 3.00 |  |

## NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO BEDFORD. MASSACHUSETTS

## GOLD MEDAL EVERGREEN TREES (continued)

```
                    Each Per 10 100
    Pfitzeriana
        1 to 1 1/2 ft. acros3......... 2.50 24.00
        Sabina (Savin Juniper)
            10 to 12 in. ............. 1.75
            18 to 24 in. .............. 3.50
yar. tamaricifolia (Creeping Savin)
            12 to }18\textrm{in}
                3.50
            var. Sabina prostrata Hilli (Hill's
            Waukegan Juniper). Soft blue in
            color, growing close to the ground.
            Fine for planting in rockeries or
            under large shrubs or trees.
            10 to 12 in. ............. 2.00
                18.00
Virginiana (Common Red Cedar)
            12 to 18 in. ............. 1.50
            2 to 3 ft. ............... 2.50
            3 to 4 ft. ............... 3.50
Virginana glauca (Blue or silvery Cedar)
            1 to 2 ft. ............... 2.50
            2 to 3 ft. .............. 4.00
var. Schotti
            2 to 3 ft. ............... 3.50
                                    PICEA-Spruce
Picea canadensls or P. alba (White Spruce)
            18 to 24 in. ............. 2.50
            2 to 3 ft. ................ 3.00
            3 to 4 ft. ............... 4.00
            7 to 9 ft. specimens $7.00 to $10.00 each.
excelsa (Norway Spruce)
\begin{tabular}{rlllll}
15 & to 18 in. &............... & 1.25 & 12.00 & 100.00 \\
2 to \(3 \mathrm{ft}. . . . . . . . . . . .\). & 2.50 & 24.00 & 225.00
\end{tabular}
            3 to 4 ft. .................................
            4 to 5 ft. .............. 5.00
var. Gregoriana (Cushion formed Spruce)
            12 to }18\textrm{in}\mathrm{ . spread......... }3.5
var. Inverta (Inverted or Weeping Spruce)
            2 to 3 ft. ............... 4.00
var. pumila (Dwarf Spruce)
    12 to 15 in................ 8.50
pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce)
            10 to }12\mathrm{ in. .............. 3.50
            2 ft. ........... . . . . . . . . }8.0
            3 ft. ...................... . . 10.00
            4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12.00
            5 ft. . . . . . .. . . . . . . . . . . 20.00
            8 to }8\textrm{ft}\mathrm{ . specimens $15.00 to $20.00 each.

\section*{NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD.}

\section*{GOLD MEDAL EVERGREEN TREES (continued)}


PSEUDO-TSUGA.—Dougiass Spruce
Pseudo-Tsuga Douglas!
\begin{tabular}{llllll}
\(11 / 2\) & to 2 & ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 2.00 & 18.00 \\
3 ft & . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 4.00 & 36.00 \\
\(5 \mathrm{ft}\). & . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 6.00 &
\end{tabular}

\section*{RETINOSPORA. See CHAMAECYPARIS TAXUS—Yew}

Taxus Canadensls (American Yew)
12 to 15 in .
2.00
18.00

\section*{NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO BEDFORD. \\ MASSACHUSETTS}

GOLD MEDAL EVERGREEN TREES (continued)


\title{
NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD.
}

\section*{GOLD MEDAL EVERGREEN TREES (continued)}


Tsuga Canadenses (Hemlock)


\section*{Hardy Evergreen Shrubs, Plants}

\section*{and Vines}

Evergreen shrubs, like Evergreen Trees, transplant well in the Spring as soon as the ground is open, and generally as late as June 1st. Also during the period beginning August 1st, and continuing until the ground becomes frozen.

Andromeda Catesbei (See Leucothoe Catesbei polifolla (Moorwort)

8 to 12 in .
\(\$ 1.50\)
Berberls aqullfolla (See Mahonia)

\section*{CULLUNA - Heather}

Calluna vulgaris alba (White) ......... 1.00
Calluna vulgaris rosea (Pink) 75
Calluna vulgaris aurea (Golden leaved). . 1.00
\(5.00 \quad 40.00\)
Daphne onecrum (Garland Flower)
2 yrs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75
6.75

Eunonymus redicans (Creeping Euonymus)
2 yrs.
.50
4.50

Euonymus redicans var. Carrierl. Large, glossy and pointed leaves. A fine evergreen vine. Good for covering rocks, tree trunks or brick walls, or can be grown as a low shrub in front of dwarf evergreens.

2 yrs. ..................... . . 50
4.50
\({ }^{64}\) varlegata (Variegated Creeping Euonymus)
2 yrs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75
8.75
\({ }^{6}\) Vegetus (Large leaved Creeping Euonymus)
2 yrs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
\(4.50 \quad 40.00\)

\title{
NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD. MASSACHUSETTS
}

HARDY EVERGREEN SHRUBS, PLANTS AND VINES (continued)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Each & Per 10 & 100 \\
\hline Kalmla latlolla (Mountain Laurel) & & & \\
\hline 15 to 18 in. bushy. & 2.00 & 18.00 & \\
\hline Prices on carload lots on request. & & & \\
\hline "Grow your own Lasrel for Christmas decoration." - Conservation of & & & \\
\hline Natural Resources, Dept. of Mass. State Federation of Women's Clubs. & & & \\
\hline Leucothoe Catesble (Andromeda Catesbie) White & & & \\
\hline 12 to 15 in. bushy plants. & 2.00 & & \\
\hline Mahonia aquifolla (Berberis Aquifolia or Ashberry) & & & \\
\hline 10 to 12 in . & 1.00 & 9.00 & \\
\hline Pachysandra termlnalis (Japanese Spurge) & & & \\
\hline A dwarf evergreen of mat-like & & & \\
\hline growth. Very effective as a & & & \\
\hline ground-cover under Rhododendrons or trees. Its dense foliage & & & , \\
\hline is shining green. If plants are & & & \\
\hline set about 8 to 12 inches apart, & & & , \\
\hline they will form a perfectly even & & & \\
\hline carpet of sprays about 6 to 8 in. high & . 30 & 2.50 & 18.00 \\
\hline Yucca filamentosa (Adams needle or Spanish Bayonet) White & & & \\
\hline 2 yrs. old. . & . 35 & 3.00 & 20.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Deciduous Trees}

Special quotations will be given on Shade Trees in quantity. Also on extra large specimens not mentioned in this list.
Each Per \(10 \quad 100\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Acer dasycarpum (White or Silver Maple) & Each & Per 10 \\
\hline 8 to \(10 \mathrm{ft}.\). & 1.75 & 1050 \\
\hline 10 to 12 ft . & 2.00 & 18.00 \\
\hline 12 to 15 ft . & 3.00 & \\
\hline var. Weirl lacinlata (Weir's Cutleaved weeping Maple) & & \\
\hline 5 to 6 ft . & 1.75 & \\
\hline Pennsyivanicum or strlatum (Striped barked Maple or Moosewood) & & \\
\hline 4 to 5 ft . & 1.00 & \\
\hline platanoides (Norway Maple) & & \\
\hline 8 to 10 ft . & 3.00 & 27.00 \\
\hline 10 to 12 ft . & 3.50 & 32.00 \\
\hline var. Schwedlepl (Purple leaved Norway 6 to 8 ft . & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Maple) } \\
& 4.00
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline Saccharum (Sugar or Rock Maple) 8 to 10 ft . & 2.50 & 22.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS}

\section*{DECIDUOUS TREES (continued)}


\title{
NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS
}

\section*{DECIDUOUS TREES (continued)}


\section*{POPULUS-Popiar}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Populus alba (White or Silver Poplar) 4 to 5 ft. . . ............ & 1.50 & 13.50 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
balsamifera (Balsami Poplar) \\
6 to 7 ft .
\end{tabular} & 1.50 & & \\
\hline monolifera (Carolina or Cottonwood & Poplar) & & \\
\hline 6 to 8 ft . & 1.00 & 9.00 & 75.00 \\
\hline 8 to 10 ft . & 1.50 & 13.50 & \\
\hline nigra fastiglata (Lombardy Poplar) & & & \\
\hline 2 to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . & . 50 & 4.50 & 35.00 \\
\hline 6 to 8 ft . & 1.00 & 9.00 & 45.00 \\
\hline 8 to 10 ft . & 1.50 & 13.50 & \\
\hline 10 to 12 ft . & 2.00 & 18.00 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: Poplars and Willows can be shipped only to points within 25 miles of Boston.

Prunus Pissardi (Purple-leaved Plum)
3 to 4 ft. .................... 1.75

\section*{FLOWERING APPLES OR CRABS}

Pyrus angustifolia (Bechtel's Crab) Double
Pink. 2 to 3 ft. . .............. 1.50
baccata (Dwarf Siberian Crab) Double,
delicate blush. 3 to 4 ft ........ \(1.00 \quad 9.00\)
" floribunda. Single Carmine buds.
Flowers white when open.
2 to 3 ft .
1.50
" Parkmanl (Parkman's flowering Crab) semi-double. Carmine and Pink. \(11 / 2\) to \(2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . .\).
" prunifolia. Single, deep Pink.

" Scheideckepl. Double bright Rose. \(\begin{aligned} & \text { st. } 3 \text { to } 3 \mathrm{ft.} \text {. . . . . . . . } 1.50\end{aligned}\)
" TorIngo. Quite dwarf. Single, deep Pink flowers, 2 to \(3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .\). . . 1.50
Ptella trifollata (Hop Tree)
4 to 5 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00
9.00

\section*{NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS}

\section*{DECIDUOUS TREES (continued)}
Each Per 10 ..... 100
Quercus alba (White Oak)
7 to 8 ft . ..... 4.00
rubra (Red Oak)
6 to 8 ft . ..... 3.00
8 to 10 ft . ..... 4.00
palustris (Pin Oak)
5 to 6 ft . ..... 2.50
6 to 8 ft . ..... 3.00
8 to 10 ft . ..... 4.00
SALIX-Willow
Each Per 10 ..... 100
Salix alba (Common White- Willow) 4 to 5 ft. .............. . 50 ..... 4.00
" vitellina aurea (Golden barked Willow)2 to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 504.00
5 to 6 ft . ..... 6.75
s6 var. Britzensis (Salmon-barked Willow)3 to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.009.00
" pentandra or laurifolia (Laurel-leaved Willow)2 to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 504.00
\({ }^{46}\) Wisconsin Weeping
5 to 7 ft . ..... 1.50
Note: Willows and Poplars can be shipped only to points within 25miles of Boston.
Serbus Aucuparla (Euronean Mountain Ash)
4 to 5 ft . ..... 1.50
Syringa Japonlca (Japanese Tree Lilac) White3 to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.009.00
5 to 6 ft . ..... 2.00
TILIA-LInden or Basswood
Tilia Americana (American Linden) 8 to 10 ft . ..... 3.50
" Europaea (European Linden)
8 to 9 ft . ..... 3.50
Uimus Amerlicanus (American Elm) 8 to 10 ft . ..... 2.50
6 Campestris (English Elm) 8 to 10 ft . ..... 3.00

\title{
NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO.
}

\section*{Gold Medal Ornamental Deciduous Shrubs}

The following list contains every rariety of hardy flowering shrubs worthy of cultivation in our cimate.

The sizes of shrubs named below are those usually preferred by planters. If desired, we can generally supply larger or smaller sizes, and will quote prices on application.
Amorpha conescens (Lead Plant) Deep Blue
Each
Per 10
100
\[
18 \text { to } 24 \text { in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 0 \text { 0 } 4.50
\]
fruticosa (False Indigo) Indigo colored
3 to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
4.50

Aralla pentaphylla (Five-leared Aralia)
2 to \(3 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . . . . . . . . .\).
4. 0
spinosa (See Deciduous Trees)
Aronia (See Pyrus arbutifolia)
Bayberry (See Myrica)
Berberis Thunbergli (Japanese Barberry)


Berberis var. Nana (Dwarf or Box-Barberry)
A new low and rery dense growing variety of great hardiness. Grows about 18 inches high. Plants set about 5 inches apart form a thick, eren and rery attractive edging for formal gardens or borders. Like the trpe, it is covered with bright fruit in Winter and its fsliage is of a pleasing yellow and red in Autumn. 5 to 7 in. .............. 2.00 15.00
vulgaris (Common Barberry)
12 to 18 in. ............. . . 50 4.50
var. purpurea (Purple Barberrs)
12 to 18 in. ............. . . 00
4.50

Buddlela magnifica (Butterfiy-bush)
Flowers throughout the Summer, producing long. gracefully arching flower spikes in light blue and larender. A beautiful shrub growing about 4 ft . high. Requires some protection in Winter. Cut back to the ground each Spring.

One year old plants 50 cents each.
Calycanthus Fiorldus (Pine-apple Bush or
Carolina Allspice) Chocolate Brown.
2 to 3 ft . ............... . 50 4.50
Caragana arboresoens (Siberian Pea-tree)
An upright growing shrub of great beauty. Bright yellow flowers in clusters. Thnugh dwarfer in growth, it resembles much the Scotch Laburuum. Flowers in May.
\[
3 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{ft} \text {. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 50 \text { 4.50 } 35.00
\]

\section*{NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD, \\ MASSACHUSETTS}

GOLD MEDAL ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUBS (continued)


GOLD MEDAL ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUBS (continued)
```

                                    Each Per 10 100
    rosea (Rose colored)
        2 to 3 ft. .............. . . }7
    Desboisil (Dark Rose colored) Pinkback, 2 to 3 ft75
    ```
var. variegata (Variegated Weigelia) 12 to 18 in. ..... 1.00
Eva Rathke (Crimson Red)
2 to 3 tt . ..... 1.00
Eleagnus argentea (Silver-leaved Oleaster)
Yellow, 2 to 3 ft . ..... 1.00
longpipes or edulis (Japanese Oleaster)
Yellow, 2 to 3 ft . ..... 1.00
Euonymus alatus (Winged Burning Bush)
1 to \(1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}\). .....  50
```4.50
```

Europaeus (Spindle Tree)

```3 ft .75
```

Exochorda grandifiora (Pearl Bush) White 2 to 3 ft . ..... 75
Forsythla Fortunel (Upright Golden Bell)

```Yellow, 2 to \(3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . .\). . . . . 504.50s spectabilis. A new variety of great merit. In growth it re-sembles the Forsythia Fortunei, but its very numerous flowers arebright yellow and very large and showy. Being extremely hardy,it furnishes a profusion of flowers each spring. Plants one yearold 75 cts. each.
```

Forsythia suspensa (Drooping Golden Bell)

```Yellow, 2 to \(3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .\). . . 504.50
```

Genista scoparla (Scotch Broom) Yellow, strong plants ..... 1.50
tinctoria (Dyer's Bloom) Yellow

```18 to 24 in. ............... . 75
```

Gleditschla (See Deciduous Trees)

```Halesia tetraptera (Snowdrop Tree) White
```

2 to 3 ft . ..... 1.00
Hamamelis Virginica (Witch Hazel)

```2 to 3 ft .1.00
```

Hibiscus Syriacus (Althaea or Rose of Sharon) Pink, White, Purple or Red  ..... 4.50

```Standards, or plants in tree form of the
```

above, 3 to 4 ft . high, $\$ 2.00$.

```Hippophaea rhamnoldes (See Buckthorn)2 to 3 ft .75
```


# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO BEDFORD, <br> MASSACHUSETTS 

## GOLD MEDAL ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUBS (continued)



# NEWENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD. MASSACHUSETTS 

## GOLD MEDAL ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUBS (continued)



# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO 

## GOLD MEDAL ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUBS (contlnued)



# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 

GOLD MEDAL ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUES (contInued)


# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 

GOLD MEDAL ORNAMENTAL DECIDUOUS SHRUBS (contInued)


## Cultural Directions

Planting. Dormant plants may be set out during April or May, or in October and November. The plants should be inserted into the ground so deeply that the collar is at least four inches below the surface, and after carefully spreading the roots, the soil should be firmly compacted.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 

## RELIABLY HARDY ROSES (continued)

Watering and Mulching. At once after planting apply a thorougn watering, and during a dry season, a mulch with strawy manure will prove beneficial.

Pruning, All roses, even the C!imbing varieties, should be severely pruned back at once after being planted, and regardless of the size of the plants, each shoot should be cut back to within from three to five buds or eyes from the ground. Failures of Roses to succeed after transplanting are generally due to disregard of rules pertaining to deep planting and close pruning.

## HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES <br> Strong, Dopmant and Field-Grown Plants

Price: Each 75 c ; per ten, $\$ 6.75$; per hundred, $\$ 60.00$, except where otherwise noted.

The following named Hybrid Perpetual Roses can be relied upon for hardiness. If planted in good soil, set in the ground to the proper depth, and pruned back as directed, they will produce quantities of bloom the first season. Deep planting and close pruning is very essential.
Alfred Colomb. Carmine Red; very large and full.
American Beauty. Deep Pink, shaded with Carmine.
Anne de Dlesbach. Clear bright rose; large and fragrant.
Coquette des Alpes. Large, full and well-formed with very large petals. Lovely pure white in color; fragrant; profuse bloomer; hardy.
Fisher Molmes. Brilliant Carmine-crimson.
Frau Karl Druschki. White. One of the best.
General Jacqueminot. Bright Scarlet crimson.
John Hopper. Bright Rose, Carmine center.
Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Light Silvery Pink.
Mme. Plantier. Pure White, early Summer bloomer.
Magna Charta. Pink and Crimson. Very large, full and double.
Margaret Dickson. White, pale flesh-color.
Mrs. John Laing. Soft Pink; fragrant; blooms late in Autumn.
M. P. Wilder. Cherry Carmine.

Paul Neyron. Deep rose very large.
Perle des Blanches. Pure White.
Perslan Yellow. Golden Yellow. Flowers in June. Each \$1.00.
Prince Camille de Rohan. Deep velvety crinson.
Ulrich Brunner. Cherry-red. A fine Rose.

## HYBRID TEA ROSES

The following list contains only the hardiest varieties. If given a slight protection in Winter, they can be successfully grown anywhere in New England.

Price: 75 cents each; per $10, \$ 6.75$, except where otherwise noted.
Caroline Testout. Large, double, clear Bright Rose.
Columbia. Beautiful Pink and very free. Each \$1.00.
Duchess of Wellington. Saffron Yellow. Very free and sweet. Each \$1.00. Grus an Teplitz. Dark Red. Very free flowering and hardy. Jullet. Old Gold, shaded with Deep Rose. Each $\$ 1.00$.
K. A. VIctoria. Delicate Creamy-white, free flowering; quite hardy. Kllarney. Pink.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD, <br> MASSACHUSETTS 

## RELIABLY HARDY ROSES (continued)

Kllarney. White. Considered by many one of the best White garden Roses. La France. Silvery-rose, changing to Pink.
Los Angeles. New. Vigorous and free. Flame pink, shaded with gold at base. Each \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00.
Orphella. One of the best new Roses. Salmon flesh, shaded with rose.
Radiance. Silvery pink suffused with deeper color. Very free. Each $\$ 1.00$.

## MOSS ROSES

Price: Each, 75 cents; per 10, $\$ 6.75$.
Crested Moss. Deep Pink, buds surrounded with mossy fringe and crest.
CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES
Plant very deeply, and regardless of length of branches, prune back at once after planting to within 5 or 6 inches of the ground.

$$
\text { Each Per } 10 \quad 100
$$

American Plllar. Rich rosy pink. . . . . . . . 75 6.75
Avlator Bierlot. Saffron-yellow. . . . . . . . . 75 6.75
Climblng Amerlcan Beauty. Red flowers
like bush-rose of same name.... $75 \quad 6.75$
Chrlstlne Wrlght. Bright pink......... . 75 , 6.75
Crlmson Rambler. Bright Crimson flowers in large clusters $.75 \quad 6.75$
Dorothy PerkIns. Shell-pink and sweet scented. Very vigorous. . . . . . . . . $.75 \quad 6.75$
60.00

Doctor W. van Fleet. Rich flesh pink. Exquisitely shaped buds........ .75
6.75

Exelsa. Much like Dorothy Perkins, but with deep Red flowers. . . . . . . . of Falrfield. The everblooming Crimson rambler. A strong grower and continuous bloomer. Flowers bright Crimson . . . . . . . . . . . . . .75
6.75

Gardenla. Buds bright yellow. Flowers cream . . . . . . ............... .75
6.75

Hlawatha. Crimson and White. A beautiful variety. Semi-double...... 75
6.75

Paul's Scarlet Climber. A vigorous grower with fine glossy foliage, and vivid scarlet blossoms about two inches across
Sliver Moon. Clear silvery white with yellow stamens. Cup-shaped. large and fragrant. A vigorous grower and free bloomer ................. . 75 6.75
Tausendschon. Soft Pink. Large, double flowers
White Dorothy PerkIns. White. ....... . 75
6.75

Wichuriana. Single white flowers in clusters. Foliage always healthy and glossy green
.75
6.75
50.00

Yellow Rambler (Aglaia). Clusters of light yellow flowers.
.75
6.75

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO. BEDFORD, 

## RELIABLY HARDY ROSES (continued) <br> DWARF BEDDING ROSES OR BABY RAMELERS

Set deeply and prume back to within 3 or 4 inches of the ground.
Each Per $10 \quad 100$
Saby Dorcthy. Shell pink............. . . 75
Baby Ellen Poulson. Brilliant red and sweet scented. Very free flowerilg . 75
Eaby Tausendscho.n Large, deep rosy pink flowers, borne in great profusion. . .75 6.75 60.00
White Baby Ramblep, (Zeimet)......... . 75 6.75 60.00
Baby Rambleps or Dwarf Everblooming Roses are especially free flowering and if planted and prumed properly, will bloom from frost to frost.

Good for borders or along walks.

## Vines and Climbing Shrubs

|  | Each | Per 10 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ampelopsls quinquefoila. (Common Woodbine, or Virginia Creeper.) A native vine, most vigorous in growth. Intense Crimson leaves in Autumn. 3 yrs............. |  |  |  |
|  | . 50 | 4.50 |  |
| var. Engelmannl. A variety of the above, with stronger tendril dises, that cling like Iry to any surface, 3 yrs. | . 50 | 4.50 |  |
| Veltchil (The Japan or Boston Ivy) 2 yrs. old. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 75 |  |  |
| Arlstoiochia Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe) 2 yrs. .................. | 1.50 |  |  |
| Blenonla. (See Tecoma). |  |  |  |
| Celastrus panlculatus. (Bittersweet) Assumes a shrub-like form, unless giren an opportunity to climb. Crimson fruit. |  |  |  |
| 3 yrs . | . 50 | 4.50 |  |
| Celastrus scandens (Roxbury Waxwork) | . 50 | 4.50 |  |
| Clematls paniculata. A rapid and rigorous climber. The flowers, borne in long panicles, are white, and their fragrance is perceptible a long distance from the plant. |  |  |  |
| 2 yrs. . . . . . . . . . . . | . 50 | 4.50 |  |
| Virginiana (Virgin's Bower) August. A strong climber. with dark green foliage, and very pretty white flowers. |  |  |  |
| 3 yrs, .................. | . 50 | 4.50 |  |100

Ampelopsls quinquefolia. (Common Woodbine, or Virginia Creeper.) A native vine, most vigorous in Intense Crimson-leaves elmanni. A variety of the above, stronger tendri The Japan or Boston Ivy) 2 yrs. old.
4.50

Celastrus scandens (Roxbury Waxwork) .. . 50
4.50

Virginiana (Virgin's Bower) August. $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ strong climber. with dark green foliage, and very pretty white 3 yrs.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD, 

## VINES AND CLIMBING SHRUBS (continued) <br> HYBRID LARGE-FLOWERED CLEMATIS

|  | Each | Per 10 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clemat's Henrl. One of the best. Large creamy white. 2 yrs. | 1.00 | 9.00 |  |
| c Jackzani. A general favorite. Violet purple and free flowering. $2 \mathrm{yrs} .$ | 1.00 | 9.00 |  |
| " Madame Andre. A vivid Crimson Clematis of large size. $2 \text { yrs. . . . . . . }$ | 1.00 | 9.09 |  |
| Humulus lapulus (Hope Vine), Strong grower. Hops appear in July and August. Good for covering fences around poultry yards, as chickens will not pick leaves. $2 \text { yrs. }$ | . 50 | 4.30 |  |
| var. aurea (Golden-leaved Hop vine). A recent introduction of much value. In growth it resembles the common Hop Vine, being equally as vigorous, but its foliage is of the brightest golden color. Very hardy. 2 yrs. | .75 | 6.75 |  |
| Lonicera var. Halleana (Hall's Evergreen Honeysuckle). All Summer. Deep green foliage, which is almost evergreen throughont the Winter. The fragrant yellow and white flowers bloom from midsummer until Frost. <br> 2 yrs. | . 50 | 4.50 |  |
| Lonicera sempervirens (Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle). 3 yrs........... . | . 50 |  |  |
| Tecoma radicans (Bignonia) (Trumpet Vine). Scarlet trumpet flower. Handsome, dark green foliage and showy clusters of orange and scarlet flowers during the Summer. <br> 3 yrs. | . 50 | 4.350 |  |
| Wistarla ChInensis (Chinese Wistaria). A herdy, fast and tall growing climber, with pale green compound foliage, and long clusters of purplish, pea-shaped flowe:s. borne profusely in May. <br> Strong plants, 2 years old... | 1.00 | 9.00 |  |
| "s "sar. alba. (White Wistaria). 2 years old plants......... | 1.00 | 9.00 |  |

## NEWENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD,

## New England Collection of Hardy Herbaceous Perennials

We are always glad to assist our customers in making the best selection for various purposes and invite correspondence. Our plants are strong and vigorous, and will bloom the first season after planting.

## SPECIAL OLD-FASHIONED GARDEN COLLECTIONS

No. 1. 50 plants In variety, 5 each, our selection, $\$ 8.00$
No. 2. 100 plants in variety, 5 each, our selection, $\$ 15.00$
Prices are based upon the stock, carefully packed and delivered, f. o. b. Bedford.

## Genera! Llst of Silver Medal Herbaceous Perennials

Price, except where otherwise noted: Each, 25. cents; per 10, \$2.25; per $100, \$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind, supplied at price per 10.)
Achillea ptapmatlca var. "The Pearl". (Double Sneezewort.) Pure White. June to October. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. Profuse bloomer and excelient for cutting.

## ALTHAE ROSEA-The Hollyherks

Few hardy plants are more worthy of cultivation than the Hollyhocks. For interspersing among shrubbery, or planting in rows back of lower growing plants, they are invaluable. They thrive in any good soil. A slight protection in Winter is beneficial. Finest mixed. Also Dorble red, pink, white and yellow.
Anthemls tinctoria (Golden Marguerite). Yellow. 2 to 3 feet. May to October. Flowers persistently; is good for cutting and easy of cultivation.
Anemone Japonica (Wind Flowers). 2 to 3 feet. Aug.-Nov. Each 30 cents. Alba. Flat 2 -in. flowers; glistening pure white. Each 30 cents. Queen Charlotte. Wavy semi-double; la france pink. Each 30 cents. Rubra. Brilliant rose-red, with yellow center. Each 30 cents.
Whirlwind. Double, fluted petals; gilded white. Each 30 cents.

## THE ASTERS-Michaelmas Daisles

Aster Novae-Angllae (New England Aster). Purple. 3 to 5 feet. August and September.
" var. roseus. 4 feet. A most charming variety of the above with all shades of rose and crimson.
6 Mrs. Mansfield. A variety of striking beauty. Flowers are fully an inch across and persist until severe frosts. Dark purple with dark velvety, golden brown center. 3 to 4 feet. New. Each 35 cents.
" Novelty. Small bright lavender flowers in greatest profusion. One of the finest. $21 / 2$ to 3 feet. New. Each 35 cents.
" spectabllis var. Nenco. Deep Lavender. Individual flowers 2 inches across. Excellent for cutting. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet. September.
Astlibe. (See Spiraea.)
Baptisla Australls (False Indigo). Blue. 4 feet. May and June. Very showy and of easy cultivation.
Aqullegla Callfornica hybrida (California Columbine). Various Colors. 1 to 2 feet. May to July.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)

Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, \$2.25; per $100, \$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)

Artemisia Dracunculus (Tarragon). White. 2 feet.
frigida (Small Southernwood). 8 to 12 inches. Whitish, fern-like, fragrant foliage. Most easy of cultivation.
Asclopias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). Red-orange. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet, July. Very showy and of easy culture.
Bocconia cordata (Plume Popny). White. 2 to 5 feet. July and August. Good for sub-tropical effects.
Boltonia asteroides (False Chamomile). White. 4 to 5 feet. September and Octobar. One of the best late-flowering perennials.
latisquama. Pinkish Lavender. 4 to 5 feet. July to October. Worthy of a place in every garden.
Campanula media (Canterbury Bell). $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet high. Late June and July. Flowers blue, white, and rose, Corolla very large and bell shaped; bright and attractive.
Pyramidalis (Chimney Bell). Blue. 4 to 5 feet. July and August. Requires protection in Winter.
Chelone Lyoni (Turtle Head). Red. 2 to $21 / 2$ feet. Aurgust. A most useful and handsome plant.
Chrysanthemum leucanthemum hybridum (Shasta Daisy). A variety remarkable for its prolific flowering qualities, as it can be relied upon to bloom constantly from June until frost.

## ASTER-FLOWERED HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUMS

In colors of White, PInk, Yellow and Bronze or Red. Flower freely from September 1st and until heavy frosts.
Convallorla maialls (Lilly of the Valley). White. 9 inches. May and June. Clumps each, 25 cents.
Cortopsis lanceolata grandifiora. Yellow. An easily grown plant, and probably the most continuous blooming perennial known. 2 feet. June to September.

## DELPHINIUM——Larkspurs

The Larkspur, one of the oldest plants in cultivation, is still considered indispensable for the hardy garden. It will bloom continuously if cut back when the flowers begin to fade.
Delphinium Belladonna. Sky Blue. 3 feet. June to October.
" Chinensis grandiflopa (Chinese Larkspur). Blue. 2 feet. July to September.
" var. alba. White. 2 feet. July to September.
" Formosum. Dark Violet-blue flowers. 3 to 5 feet. June to September. Flowers in long and heavy spikes.
"6 Gold Medal Hybrids. Flowers, all shades of blue, both double and single. 3 to 4 feet. June and July.
Dianthus barbatus (Sweet William). In mixed colors of pink, crimson, white, pink and white. 1 to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. July.
deltoides (Maiden Pink). Deep Pink. 6 to 9 inches. May and June.
plumarius (Grass Pink). 1 foot. May and June. Fragrant flowere with fringed petals.
var. semperfiorens (Homestead Pink). Pink. 1 foot. May to August. Very fragrant and free flowering.

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)

Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, \$2.25; per $100, \$ 20.00$. ( 5 plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)

Dicentra spectabilis (Bleeding Heart) Crimson and white. 2 feet. April to July. A well-known and valuable plant. Each 75 cents.
Dictamnus fraxinella (Gas Plant). Red. 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Very showy and useful for cutting. Each, 35 cents.
Digltalis purpurea (Foxglove). Purple. 2 to 3 feet. June to July.
? ${ }^{\text {Pch}}$ Inacea purpurea (Cone flower). Reddish-purple. 2 to 4 feet. August and September.
Erynglum amethystinum (Sea Holly). Blue. 1 to 3 feet. June to September. A most handsome and hardy plant.
Festuca glauca (Fescue Grass). 12 inches. June. One of the most handsome and hardy edging plants in existence. Foliage grass-like glaucous blue, tufted and evergreen.
Funkia Fortunel (Plantain Lily). Pale Lilac. 1 to 2 feet. July.
" subcordata grandiflora. Large pure white, trumpet shaped and fragrant flowers. Broad light green foliage. Each 50 cents.
" undulata variegata. Lilac. 9 to 12 inches. August. Foliage white and green variegated. Good for edging.
Galliardia grandiflopa (Blanket Flower). Crimson-orange, 2 feet. June to November. Flowers very large and good for cutting.
Geranlum atrosanguineum (Red Crane's Bill). Crimson. 2 feet. May to July.
Gypsophlia paniculata (Baby's Breath). White. 2 feet. July and August. One of the best cut flowers cultivated and very hardy.

## HARDY HEREACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)

Price: Excent where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, \$2.25; per 100, $\$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)
Helenium (Sneezeworth). These are among the most valuable of the Fallflowering perennials. They are all very hardy and useful, not only with other herbaceous plants, but excellent to plant among shrubs to give flower effect in late Autumn.
6 autumnale var. rubrum. 4 to 5 feet. September and October. A new and beautiful variety. Flowers Aster-shaped and reddishbrown. A profuse bloomer.
" aútumnale superbum. Yellow, 5 to 6 feet. September. One of the most magnificent Fall-flowering perennials. Very hardy and good for eutting.
Hellanthus decapetalus (Sunflower). Yellow. 5 feet. September to October. Free-flowering.
" giganteus. Yellow. 5 to 10 feet. September to October.
Moills (Hardy Sunflower). Yellow. 5 feet. August and September. Foliage heavy and velvety. A profuse flowerer.
Hemerocallis aurantiaca major (Homestead Lily). Orange. $21 / 2$ to 3 feet. July and August.
Thunbergli. Bright Yellow. 3 feet. July to September. If cut back will bloom throughout the Summer.
Heuchera sanguinea (Coral Bells). Crimson. 1 to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. June to September. A profuse bloomer. Good for cutting.
Hisbiscus Moscheutes (Mallow). Rosy-red. 4 to 5 feet. August. Very decorative.
var. "Crimson Eye." White, 4 to 5 feet. August. Should be found in every garden.

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)

Price: Excent where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, \$2.25; per 100, $\$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)
Hollyhocks. (See Althaea Rosea).
Iboris sempervirens (Candytuft). Pure White. May and June. 6 to 8 inches. One of the best plants for edging. Very hardy.

## IRIS

## Iris Germanica, German or Bearded Iris.

The German Iris blooms in June and is one of the most desirable Spring flowering plants. No garden should be without a collection. We offer below a number of the best and most profuse-flowering varieties.
Asiatica. S. Purple plunns. F. Darker Purple.
Aurea. S. and F. Rich Yellow. Very fine. Each, 35 cents.
Canary Bird. S. Canary Yellow. F. Crimson purple.
Celeste. Pure celestial Blue, changing to porcelain.
Darius. S. Lemon. F. Yellow, veined and corded with purple.
Duchess de Nemours. S. Pale Lilac. F. Purple-violet, veined white.
Florentine alba. S. and F. light Porcelain Blue, changing to White.
Florentina, Blue. S. and F. Yale Blue. Fragrant.
Hector. Yellow and brownish-red.
Latendre. S. Lavender blue. F. Blue, veined violet.
Madam, Cherau. S. and F. Pure White, penciled violet.
Palida Delmatica. 3 to 4 feet. Lavender, stately spikes. Each, 35 cents. Dozen, $\$ 3.50$.
Queen of May. S. and F. Bright rosy lavencer.
Rhein Nixe. S. Pure White. F. Deep Violet Blue with a white edge. Height, 3 ft. Each, 35 cents.
Silvery King. S. and F. Pure White; very large. Fragrant.

## IRIS KAEMPFERI-Japanese Irls

Mixed Colors-These are made up from some of the best sorts, and where mass planting is required will give the greatest satisfaction.

## MISCELLANEOUS IRIS

Iris orientalis. 3 to 4 feet. May and June. Deep Yale Blue.
" var. Snow Queen. Pure White. Very free and fine.
Sibirica. June. Pale Blue. Very bushy, free-flowering, choice. var. alba. Pure White.
Lavandula vera (Lavender). Blue. 2 feet. July to September. Flowers fragrant.
Liatris pyonostachya (Blazing Star). Purple. 4 to 5 feet. August and September. Very showy and effective in border planting. HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)
Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, \$2.25; per 100, $\$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)
Lupinus polyphylus (Lupin). Blue. 2 to 5 feet. June and July. Will bloom all Summer if cut freely.
vap. albus. White. 4 feet. June and July. Each, 35 cents.
Lyohnis viscaria splendens pleno (Ragged Robin). Red. 1 to 2 feet. June.
Lythrum var roseum superbum. Pink. 4 to 5 feet. August. Good ior cutting. Thrives best in damp situations.
Malva Moschata (Marsh Mallow). Pink. 2 feet. June to September. A profuse bloomer and very hardy.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. <br> BEDFORD. <br> MASSACHUSETTS 

## hardy herbaceous perennials (continued)

Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, \$2.25; per $100, \$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)

Mentha piperita (Peppermint). Purplish. 1 to 2 feet. August. vipldis (Spearmint). Purplish. 1 to 2 feet. August.
Monarda didyma (Oswego Tea). Scarlet. 3 feet. June to September. var. splendens. Crimson-scarlet. 3 to 4 feet. June to August.
Myosotis palustpis (Forget-me-not). Blue. 4 to 8 inches. April to July.
Oenothera Youngll (Evening Primrose). Yellow. 12 inches. June and August. A most useful border plant, exceedingly free.
Pachysandra terminales. White. 8 inches. May and June. A valuable low evergreen plant, with glossy foliage. Per 100, $\$ 18.00$.

## THE PAEONIES <br> DOUBLE VARIETIES

Duohesse de Nemours. Cup-shaped. Yellow. One of the best. 7 on cents.
Festiva Maxima. The most popular white variety. Flowers large. Petals splashed with crimson. Each 75 cents.
Fragrentissima. Violet and rose color. Very fragrant. Each 75 cents.
Fulgida. Dark red. Very early. Each 75 cents.

## THE HARDY POPPIES

Papaver nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). Yellow. 1 foot. April to August. Blooms profusely.

## ORIENTAL POPPIES

Papaver orientale. The common variety of Oriental poppy. The flowers are a bright scarlet with a black blotch at the case of each petal, and when in bloom in the Spring they make a very brilliant display.
Pardanthus Sinensis (Blackberry Lilly). Orange. $21 / 2$ feet. July and August. Each, 35 cents.
Pentstemon barbatus Torreyl. Scarlet. 4 feet. July and August. One of the best hardy perennials in existence; will bloom constantly if cut freely.
Physostegia Virginalis (False Dragon Head).
Platycodon grandlfiopa (Bellflower). Blue. 1 to 3 feet. July to October. A most constant blooming plant.

## THE PHLOXES

No hardy plants are more desirable than the Perennial Phlox. They thrive anywhere and can be planted to advantage wherever a rich color effect is desired. We mention here only a few of the new and better varieties.

## PHLOX DECUSSATA

Annle Cook. Flesh Pink. Very fragrant.
Aurora Boreale. Orange with Purple center. Large panicles.
Baron von Dedem. Blood red.
Boule de Feu. Beautiful bright Salmon, Crimson eye. Very effective.
Coquellcot. Rich Orange-scarlet. One of the best and most showy.
Eiffel Tower. One of the tallest in growth, and excellent for planting among shrubs. Flowers of immense size, cherry pink, with salmon tint. Each, 35 cents.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD. 

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)

Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, $2 \overline{\text { 厄 }}$ cents; per 10. $\$ 2.25$; per $100, \$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)
Elizabeth Campbell. Very large spikes, like salmon, changing to pink in center. Each, 35 cents.

## F. G. Von Lassburg. Fine, Pure White.

General Chanzy. Scarlet-pink, with salmon tint. Brilliant.
Gen. Van Hentz. Enormous flowers and trusses of the most brilliant salmon-red, with white center. Each, 35 cents.
Independence. Large pure White flowers. Bather dwarf in habit.
Jeanne d'Arc. Pure White. Flowers extra large.
Joseph Bar. Carmine-red. Individual flowers, extra large.
Le MahdI. Darkest of all. Deep reddish-violet, with deaper eye.
Madam Langier. Darkest Red. Very fine.
Mlss Stevenson. Deep Pink, with conspicuous crimson eye.
Ornament. Large flowers. Pink. Very large pink velvet center.
Peach Blow. Delicate Pink; deep rose center.
Red Flag. Blood red. Large individual flowers. A new introduction. Plants one year old. Each 50 cents.
Richard Wallace. Pure White, rosy crimson eye.
Rynstroom. A gold-medal variety. Color, bright Pink, each individual flower being larger than a silver dollar. Very large trusses

PHLOX SUFFRUTICOSA-Early Phlox
Phlox Miss Lingard. White. 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Foliage large and glossy, good for cutting. Large individual flowers. Very fine.

## DWARL PHLOX

Phlox amoena (Hardy Phlox). Pink. 4 to 6 inches. April and May. Deep green leaves in tufts. Good for carpeting, border or rock-garden.
Phlox Caroliniana ovata (Mountain Phlox). Deep. 1 to 2 feet. June and July. Very showy and good.
Phlox subulata (Moss Pink). Pink. 4 to 6 inches. April and May. Foliage moss-like and deep green.
var. alba (White Moss Pink). White. 4 to 6 inches. April and May. Very floriferous and handsome.
var. Moerheim. A new variety of great beauty, and useful for massing, ground covering. rock gardens, etc. Flowers large, pale blue and star shaped, completely covering the plant in spring. Foliage rich dark and evergreen. Each, 35 cents. Per 10, $\$ 3.00$. Per 100, $\$ 25.00$.
Plumbago larpentae (Blue Leadwort). A beautiful spreading plant with deep blue flowers in profusion. A good ground cover.
Polygonatum giganteum (Solomon Seal). White. 2 to 6 feet. A very useful and raluable plant.
Polygonum cuspidetum. A vigorous plant, 6 feet in height, with large, heart-shaped foliage and innumerable racemes of white flowers; very useful for the wild garden, shrubbery, borders, or for isolated positions on the lawn, etc. Each, 35 cents.
Pyrethrum roseum (Feverfew). Various colors. 1 to 2 feet. June and July. Most useful and beautiful.
Ranunculus acrls fl. pl. (Bachelor's Button). Yellow. 2 to 3 feet. May to September. Flowers double and good for cutting.

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)

Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, $\$ 2.25$; per $100, \$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)
Rudbeckia fulgida (Black-Eyed Susan). Orange. 1 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. August to October.
" laciniata fl. pl. (Golden Glow). Yellow. 3 to 10 feet. Jwily to September.
"، Newmannii (Golden Yellow). 3 feet. August to September. Very free-flowering.
" purpurea. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Large, handsome, crim-son-purpled flowers, with dark central disk.
Ruta graveolens (Rue). $11 / 2$ to 2 feet. July. Panicles of small, fragrant flowers and divided leaves.
Saxifpaga cordifolia (Rock Foil). Pink. 15 inches. April and May. Leaves large, deep green and heart-shaped. Each, 50 cents.
Sedum acre (Golden Moss). Yellow. 2 to 4 inches. May and June. Good border plant.
" album (White Stonecrop). White. 4 to 6 inches. July and August.
" spectabilis (Showy Sedum). Pink. 18 inches. August and September. One of the best plants for foliage effect and indispensable for blooming.
" var. Brilliant. A form of the above with showy crimson flowers.
"6 var. Stcloniferum (Purple Stonecrop). Purplish. 6 inches. July and August.
Sempervivum (House Leek). Various colors.
Spiraea filipendula. Double white flowers and fern-like foliage. A most hardy and attractive plant. 12 to 18 inches. Each 50 cents.
" Queen Alexandra. Deep Pink. 2 ft . high. Very beautiful. Each 50 cents.
Statica latifolia (See Lavender). Blue. 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Flowers in immense heads. Unexcelled as a cut flower.
Thymus vulgarls. Lilac. 6 to 8 inches. June and July.
Tradescantia Virginiana (Speedwort). Purple. 1 to $11 / 2$ feet. May to August.
Tritoma Pfitzerl (Poker Plant). Orange-scarlet. 3 to 4 feet. August to October. Produces large spikes of flowers, very showy and handsome.
Trollins europaens (Globeflower). Globular Lemon-colored flowers.
Veronica (Speedwell).
amethystina. Blue. 12 inches. May and June. A creeping plant of unusual beauty.
longlfolla subsessillis. Blue, 2 feet. August and September. Flowers erect and in large spikes. One of the most beautiful of hardy plants.
rupestris. Blue. 4 inches. May and June. Creeping in habit. Good for edging and rockwork.
Vinca minor (Myrtle). Blue. April to June. Evergreen and creeping. Excellent for ground covering or rockeries. Per $100, \$ 18.00$.
Viola cornuta (Violet). Purple. 9 inches. April to August. A profuse bloomer and excellent for edging.
Yucca filamentora (Adams Needle or Spanish Bayonet). Each, 35 cents. Per 10, $\$ 3.00$. Per 100, $\$ 20.00$.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD. <br> MASSACHUSETTS 

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (continued)

Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, 25 cents; per 10, \$2.25; per $100, \$ 20.00$. ( 5 Plants of one kind supplied at price per 10.)

HARDY FERNS-(Collected plants)
Dicksonia punctilobula (Gossamer Fern). 1 foot. Long, broad, deeply cut, light green foliage. A beautiful variety.
Onoclea sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). 18 inches. Broad, triangular, light green fronds on long stems.
Osmunda cinnamonea (Cinnamon Fern). 3 feet. Handsomely divided fronds, densely clothed with wool when young.
Pteris aquilana (Bracken). 4 feet. Coarse dull green and lathery foliage.

## SPECIAL OFFER No. 3

15 Old-fashioned Hardy Garden Plants. Price, $\$ 1.50$. (By mail, \$1.75).
1 Plant each of 15 unnamed choice varieties. All plants to bloom the first year, and of a selection to furnish flowers all through the season.

SPECIAL OFFER No. 4
15 best unnamed varieties of hardy Phlox. Price, \$2.00. (By mai,l $\$ 2.25$.)

1 Plant each of 15 choice sorts, and of sizes to bloom the first season.

## Fruit Trees and Small Fruits

The varieties of fruit trees offered below are such as can be partlcularly recommended and are best adapted to the climate of New England.

As the soil in our Bedford Nursery is unsuited for the production of good young fruit trees, our stock is grown in Geneva, N. Y., and we firmly believe that our trees are as hardy as can possibly be obtained.

Pruning-Apples, Pears, Cherries, and Plums should at once after planting be pruned back to some extent, and it is generally well to remove from one-half to two-thirds of each branch. This treatment will insure a strong and healthy growth, and materially assist trees in taking hold. Leading Orchardists now recommend the spacing of fruit trees in orchards as follows:


## Number of Trees Required to an Acre

8 feet apart each way ..... 680
10 feet apart each way ..... 430
15 feet apart each way ..... 200
20 feet apart each way ..... 110
25 feet apart each way ..... 70
30 feet apart each way ..... 50
40 feet apart each way ..... 27

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD. 

## FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS (continued)

Note: Our fruit trees are, we believe, as hardy and as well grown as it is possible to supply, and thousands of orchards throughout the country bear witness as to "New England Quality" trees.

We try to have our stock true to name, but as we are human, we may in spite of our best efforts make mistakes, and will always stand ready to replace free, any stock that proves not to be as represented.

It, howèver, is mutually agreed between all purchasers and ourselves, that we shall not be held liable for any value greater than that paid for the trees. The New England Nurseries Co.

## Apples

Standard Apples, 2 years. 5 to 7 feet high.
Price: Except where otherwise noted, each, $\$ 1.00$; per 10, $\$ 9.00$; per 100, \$65.00.

## Summer Apples (Standard)

Astrachan. Free growth; large, roundish; deeply crimson; juicy, rather acid; good; very hardy; highly esteemed on account of its fine appearance, earliness and hardiness. Ripening August.

## AUTUMN APPLES (Standard)

Fameuse, or Snow. Vigorous growth; medium; deep crimson; tender, subacid, melting, delicious; very good; hardy. One of the best dessert apples. Ripening November to January.
Gravenstein. Vigorous growth; very large; striped; juicy, tender, crisp, rich, subacid; very good. Ripening September and October.

## WINTER APPLES (Standard)

Baldwln. Vigorous growth; large; bright red; crisp, juicy, suhacid; good; the most popular and profitable market sort in the East. Ripening in December to March.
Dellclous. Dark red. Fruit large. An excellent variety and good keeper, and therefor one of the most desirable for general culture.
Hubbardston. Free growth; large; striped red and yellow; tender, juicy, rich, slightly subacid; very good. Ripening November and January.
McIntosh Red. Vigorous growth; handsome; very good; hardy. Ripening November to February.
Northern Spy. Vigorous growth; large; striped red; tender, juicy, mild, subacid; very good; a fine dessert fruit. Ripening December to June.
Rhode Island Greening. Vigorous growth; large; green; fine grained; rich, subacid; very good. Ripening December to April.
Roxbury Russet. Free growth; medium; greenish; rich; subacid; good; late keeper. Ripening December to June.
Tompkins Klng, or King of Tompilns County. Vigorous growth; large; red, striped; tender, juicy, vinous; very good. Ripening November to January.
Wealthy. Free growth medium dark red; juicy subacid; good; very hardy. Ripening December to February.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. <br> BEDFORD. 

## FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS (continued)

## DWARF APPLES on Paradise Stock

One and two years old. Each, $\$ 1.00$.

Baidwin Northern Spy<br>MicIntosh<br>Red Astrachan<br>Fameuse or Snow<br>Gravenstein

## CRAB APPLES

Hyslop (Red). Each, \$1.00. Per 10, \$9.00.
Transcendent (Yellow). Each, \$1.00. Per 10, \$9.00.

## PEARS

2 years old. Each, \$1.50. Per 10, \$13.50. except where noted.

## SUMMER PEARS (Standard)

Bartlett. Vigorous growth; large; yellow and red; juicy, buttery, with a rich musky flavor; very good. Ripening September.
Clapp's Favorite. Vigorous growth; very large and handsome; yellow and crimson; melting, buttery, vinous; very good. Ripening August.

AUTUMN PEARS (Standard)
Anjou. Vigorous growth; very large; greenish yellow; melting, buttery, juricy, sprightly, vinous; keeps into mid-winter. November and December.
Bosc. Moderate growth; large; russety; buttery, rich, high flavored; best. Ripening September and October. (True Variety.)

5 to 6 ft. high. Each \$2.00.
Seckel. Moderate growth; medium; brown; juicy, melting and buttery; of the highest flavor. Ripening September to October.
Sheldon. Vigorous growth; large; russett and red; melting, rich, delicious; very good. October.
Lawrence. Moderate growth; medium to large; golden yellow, melting, pleasant, aromatic; very good; a valuable Winter Pear. Ripening November to December.

## DWARF PEARS

The following varieties we can supply on Dwarf or Quince stock:
Price: Each, \$1.50.
Bartlett. 2 to 3 feet high.
Clapp's Favorite. 2 to 3 feet high.
Lawrence. 2 to 3 feet high.
Seckel. 2 to 3 feet high.

## CHERRIES

Note: As Cherry trees are especially difficult to transplant, and as wo are desirous that trees furnished by us shall succeed, we earnestly request that planters observe the directions for pruning as given below. Please prune as directed immediately after planting.

Price of Cherry trees, 2 years old: Each, $\$ 1.50$. Per 10, $\$ 13.50$.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO BEDFORD. MASSACHUSETTS 

## FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS (continued) <br> B!GARREAU OR SWEET CHERRIES

Black Tartarian. Vigorous growth; very large; purplish black; one of the best. Ripening end of June.
Governor Wood. Vigorous growth; medium; clear, light red; tender, delicious. Ripening end of June.
Napoleon. Vigorous growth; very large; pale yellow with red cheek. Firm, juicy and sweet; rery good. Ripening first of July.
WIndsor. Vigorous growth; large; liver colored; very firm, very good. A valuable variety; hardy. Ripening end of July.
Yellow Spanish. Vigorous growth; large; pale yellow with red cheek; firm, juicy and delicious; very good. Ripening end of June.

## MORELLO OR SOUR CHERRIES

Early Richmond. Medium size; dark red; juicy, rich acid flavor. The stone adheres to the stem. One of the most valuable of Sour Cherries.
Montmorency (Large Montmorency). A Cherry of the Richmond class, but larger and more solid. A more upright growth, equally hardy, and a heavy cropper. Ripens from seven to ten days later than the Richmond, entirely escaping danger from Spring frost.

## PRUNING OF CHERRY TREES

While all Fruit Trees should at once after transplanting be cut back to some extent, severe cutting back is particularly necessary in the case of Cherry trees, and especially with varieties of Sweet Cherries. Cherry trees are slow in becoming established, and all branches should be cut off to within four or five inches of the stem.

## PLUMS

## 2 years old. Each, \$1.50. Per 10, \$13.50.

Bradshaw. A very large, oval, dark violet red; juicy. sweet and good; a valuable market variety.
Abundance (Bhotan). Beautiful lemon-yellow with bright cherry. Has been thoroughly tested, and is highly recommended. August.
Bupbank. Large and beautiful, a clear cherry red, with a thin lilac bloom; flesh a deep yellow, very sweet, with a peculiar and very agreeable flavor. Ripens later than Abundance. End of August.
October Purple. Large, round fruit; dark, reddish purple yellow; flesh of most superb quality. Ripens middle of September.
Wickson. Originated by Burbank. A sturdy, upright grower; fruit remarkably bandsome, deep maroon red, covered with white bloom; excellent keeper and shipper.

## PEACHES

The peach tree requires a well-drained, moderately rich soil. Warm, sandy loan is probably the best When the trees are first planted, all slde branches should be cut back to within one-fourth to one-half inch of the main trunk, and the latter reduced one-third. The following listed varieties, which are particularly recommended for the New England climate, we offer in No. 1 trees.

Price: Each, 75 cents. Per 10, $\$ 6.75$. Per 100, $\$ 40.00$.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD. MASSACHUSETTS 

## FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS (continued)

Belle of Georgia. Very large, skin white with red cheek; flesh white, firm, and of excellent flavor; fruit uniformly large and showy; free. Very hardy and one of the latest to ripen.
Carman. A new, hardy, rot-proof Peach. Large, round; pale yellow skin and red blush, on sunny side; white flesh, sweet flavor. Ripens in August.
Champlon. Handsome creamy white, with red cheek. It is of large size and of very superior flavor. Ripens abou't August 1.
Crawford's Early. Very large; yellow; juicy, melting; freestone. Ripening early September.
Crawford's Late. Very large; yellow; juicy; good; freestone. Ripening end of September.
Elberta. An exceedingly large, light-colored yellow Peach, a cross between Orawford's and Chinese Cling; juicy, well flavored; said to be probably the finest yellow freestone in existence; planted in enormous quantities in the Peach growing regions of the South. Ripens early in August.
Fitzgerald. A chance seedling, found in Ontario, outside of the Peach belt, where it has produced regular crops. The fruit is of very large size, pit very small. This promising new peach is of the Crawford type, but excels that famous variety in size, hardiness and productiveness. Season same as Early Crawford.
Greensboro. The largest and most beautiful colored of all the early Peaches. Of good quality: juricy, freestone, but adheres slightly; ripens perfectly to the seed, and with the Champion.

## QUINCES

First class. 2 years old. Each, \$1.25.
Champion. The fruit is very large, young trees, two years from the bud are often loaded with fruit. Its season is about two weeks later than the Orange.
Orange. Large, roundish, bright golden yellow; cooks quite tender, and is of very excellent flavor. October.

## Hardy Native Grapes

Each, 50 cents. Per $10, \$ 4.50$. Per $100, \$ 35.00$.

## Black

Concord. Bunch and berry large, round, black, thickly covered with a beautiful bloom; flesh moderately juicy, sweet pulp, quite tender when fully ripe.
Moore's Early. Bunch and berry large, with a blue bloom; quality better than Concord; its size and earliness render it desirable.
Worden. Bunches large, handsome; berries sweet. Ten days earlier than Concord and superior to it in flavor; ripens well and in cold localities.

## Red and Reddish Purple

Brlghton. Large, handsome and of the best quality. Ripens early.
Catawba. Well-known; highly flavored, but late.
Delaware. Medium or small, but delicious; highly esteemed everywhera.

# NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES CO. BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 

## FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS (continued) <br> WHITE

Niagara. Bunch medium to large; berry large; skin thin but tough; slightly pulpy, tender, sweet, vine vigorous, healthy, and very productive; ripens with Concord. All things considered, probably the most valuable white Grape in cultivation.

## Small Fruits

## BLACKBERRIES

Strong plants: Per 10, \$1.50. 100, \$8.00.
Eple. Fruit very large, excellent quality. There is no berry that rivals it in combining hardiness, large size, earliness and productiveness.

Snyder. A marvel for productiveness; fruit medium size. Extremely hardy. A good shipper.

## RASPBERRIES

Price, except where noted: Per 10, \$1.50. 100, \$8.00.
Cuthbert (Queen of the Market). Large dark crimson berries of firm texture, sprightly acid and of excellent quality; a certian cropper, always to be recommended.

Columbia. Vigorous grower. Fruit purple. A good shipper.

## CURRANTS

Note: Government embargo prevents shipment of Currant or Gooseberries to points outside of Massachusetts or to the following designated localities in Massachusetts, Athol, Barre, Dana, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanorer, Hanson, Ipswich, Lee, Lenox, Marshfield, Newburyport, North Andover, Orange, Pembroke, Petersham, Phillipston, Stockbridge, Topsield and Warwick. It is requested that Black Currants shall not be planted anywhere in Massachusetts.

We offer the following Currants in healthy stock:
Cherry. Fruit of the largest size; deep red, rather acid; short bunches; growth strong. Each, 30 cents. Per 10, \$2.75. Per 100, \$25.00.

Fay's Prolific. Fruit very large bright red and of excellent flavor; less acid than the Cherry. It has a long stem which admits of rapid picking and is enormously productive. Each, 30 cents. Per 10, $\$ 2.75$. Per 100, \$25.00.

Perfection. The color is a beautiful bright red, size as large or larger than Fay's; the clusters averaging longer. The quality is rich, mild, subacid, plenty of pulp, with a few seeds. Each, 35 cents. Per ten, $\$ 3.25$. Per 100, $\$ 30.00$.

## NEW ENGLAND NURSERIESCO. BEDFORD. MASSACHUSETTS

## FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS (continued) <br> GOOSEBERRIES (See note under Currants)

Price: 50 cents each.
Downing. Whitish green, vigorous and prolific; juicy and good. A fine, reliable berry for general culture.
Houghton. Vigorous and slender grower. Its medium pale red berries are plentiful and good.

## ASPARAGUS

Giant Rust-Proof. (Best of all.)
2 years. Per $100, \$ 2.50$; per $1000, \$ 15.00$.

## RHUBARB

Champagne. A choice new English variety.
Two years old. Each, 50 cents. Per 10, \$4.50.
Linaeus (Myatt's). Large early and of good quality.
Two years old. Each, 25 cents. Per 10, $\$ 2.25$.

Note: We have NO AGENTS. Any person claiming to represent us as a sales-agent should be prosecuted as an imposter.

The New England Nurseries Co.



## MEMORANDUM

## A Word About QUALITY

THE best tree or plant is not necessarily the one which, when it is received by the planter, is the largest or most rugged in appearance, but rather one which has been produced under the most severe climatic conditions. Such trees and plants are ours. Our nurseries are located in one of the coldest sections of New England, and while it requires more time, and is connected with more difficulty to produce nurserystock here than in warmer climates, we can confidently say, that the stock which we produce, is without question as hardy as can be obtained, and such as will give lasting satisfaction to the planter. A tree or plant produced in Bedford, should not only live, but it should thrive wherever it is planted.

As it is our desire to give service, we respectfully invite correspondence pertaining to any problem of interest to planters; as, for example, to the best selection of what to plant, care of plants, or arrangement of stock in order to obtain the best effect, etc. Whenever we can be of service, please feel free to call on us.

## AS REGARDS A GUARANTY

It is our business to produce and sell nursery stock. We want to deliver good stock in good condition, but to any fairminded purchaser it must be plain that here our
responsibility ceases. If for any reason stock, when received from the nursery, is in poor condition, and a planter who knows trees and plants should be able to judge at that time as to its quality, we should be advised at once that we can make amends, but in fairness to us, we must be advised without delay. Losses of young stock received are frequently due to various causes, such as general poor or careless work in planting, neglect of immediate or proper pruning or cutting back, a too liberal application of manure or chemical fertilizer, a too shallow planting or neglect in properly compacting the soil around the roots of the plant, neglect in keeping the soil moist until the plant becomes re-established, as well as the planting in situations where roots from older trees or shrubs prevent the growth of young stock. Many socalled "expert" gardeners, to whom the care of young stock is intrusted, are in no way experts, and too often not only ignorant of their work, but frequently careless as well, and the producer of a plant can not be responsible for its success after it leaves his hand. It is true that some distributors will, in making a sale, guaranty a plant to succeed under any and all circumstances, but we want to make it plain that, while we desire to be as liberal as we can be consistent with prudence, it is our special aim to produce absolutely first-class nursery stock, and to sell and deliver the same in proper condition for planting, but we can not attempt to conduct also an insurance business. When a good tree or plant is delivered, we should not be held further responsible.

## THE NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES

Bedford, Mass.

## Brief Hints About Planting

WHEN transplanting trees, shrubs or woody vines, set the plant somewhat deeper than it has been standing in the nursery row,-perhaps on an average of from 3 to 4 inches deeper. All roses, grapevines, currants or gooseberries, however, must be set not less than 5 inches deeper. Be sure that the soil is placed firmly around the roots. If the ground is dry, or during warm weather, use water liberally at once after planting, and remember that watering, in order to be effective, must be applied in quantity to penetrate the soil to the depth of from one to two feet. A slight watering is of very little use. One real thorough watering, at once after planting, is generally sufficient.

Cut back all deciduous stock at once after planting, removing from each branch at least one-third of the growth produced during the previous Summer. The cutting back of a plant helps it to start into new growth. Some trees or shrubs, s.a.f. Ex. Sweet Cherry trees, Roses and others, cannot re-establish themselves after being moved, unless they are pruned severely. They should therefore be cut back immediately after being planted. Small plants, s.a. Phlox, Larkspurs, Clematis, Ivies or others, should be set so deeply that the heart or crown of the plant is just under the surface of the soil. It is generally well, before planting, to mix with the soil some stable dressing, bone-meal, tankage, pulverized sheepmanure or other commercial fertilizers, but have it mixed well with the soil and do not use it too liberally,-especially not commercial or chemica fertilizers. Of all hardy and healthy nursery stock sent out during the proper planting seasons, not less than 95 per cent should under fair conditions succeed, but of all requisites, that of pruning or cutting back at once after planting is the most important.


## TREES

 SHRUBS and PLANTS
## are

## The HARDIEST Obtainable

$\rightarrow$ S8
The NEW ENGLAND NURSERIES
BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS

Phone
Lexington
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