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TEXAS BERMUDA ONION PLANTS

They Make Larger Onions, Sweeter, Not Hot, Do Not Go to Seed, Keep Better, Not Bottle Necks, Grow Faster Than Sets, Produce Much Larger Yield Cheaper

DEMAND PLANTS, NOT SETS

1,000 Bermuda ONION PLANTS on Any Good Grade Soil Produce 7 Bushels Best and Sweetest Onions Grown on Earth

HOW TO GROW BERMUDA ONIONS FROM PLANTS

First—You will find the Onion Plant the earliest of all plants to grow. They will keep for weeks after being pulled if not allowed to become heated or wet. Keep them dry and give plenty of air if not ready to plant upon arrival. Like everything that grows, the richer the land the heavier the yield. You will have very satisfactory results on all kinds of soil.

Second—Prepare land just as you would for any other truck. I prefer to plant in rows 14 to 16 inches and plant 4 inches apart in the row. If you do not have plow or irrigation plant 24-inch rows and 6 inches in the best results.

Third—How to Plant. Sharpen a wooden stick hole about two inches deep, place the plant in as you withdraw the stick and press dirt firmly with stroke from stick.

Fourth—Cultivate very shallow as the onion roots grow near the surface and should not be disturbed. About all the cultivation needed is scratching to kill the weeds.

Fifth—Best Harvesting Methods. When about 60 per cent of tops droop or are soft at neck, just above onion, pull them up, let them lay in the sun for two or three days, giving tops a chance to descend into the onion thereby increasing in weight and firmness about 20 per cent. After this is done place onion in a cool place with tops and roots cut off about one inch from onion. For keeping for home use, let tops and roots remain and tie in bunches and hang in cool place. Be careful the place is not full of light, for light turns the Crystal Wax green. You will find they keep for months in this manner.

1M Postpaid	\$1.25
500 Postpaid .....	.80
100 Postpaid .....	.25
6M Postpaid	6.00
12M Postpaid, Per M.....	.95
25M Postpaid, Per M.....	.90



IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT CABBAGE PLANTS

ALL PLANTS OPEN FIELD GROWN

The plants make a slow but steady growth, until at eight or ten weeks of age they are very tough and hardy. They can be shipped to territory further north and be planted in the open ground a month or six weeks earlier than the home grown hot-bed or cold frame plants. These Cabbage Plants will stand a temperature of 15 degrees above zero without injury. The land freezing, or the plants being covered with ice, sleet or snow after they are planted will not injure them.

The top of the plant does not grow until regular Spring weather opens up, but the roots grow from the time they are planted, and just as soon as Spring weather starts, the established root growth assimilates the fertilizer in the soil, the plants grow very fast, maturing headed cabbage two to four weeks earlier than you can mature them from hot-bed and cold frame plants. You know what a difference in profit will be if the crop is matured and marketed before the general crop from home-grown plants is ready.

To get the best advantage of these open field grown Cabbage Plants they can be planted a month or six weeks earlier than you would plant home-grown plants.

1M Postpaid	\$2.75
100 Postpaid .....	.35
500 Postpaid	1.50

Write For Quantity Lot Prices.

Let us quote you on Potato Slips—
PORTO RICAN AND NANCY HALL
 WRITE FOR PRICES.

Prices on Cabbage Plants after March First
 Back to Normal 100-25c 500-\$1.00 1000-\$1.75

FIELD GROWN TOMATO, PEPPER AND EGG PLANTS, CAN FURNISH IN ANY QUANTITY ON SHORT NOTICE.

PRICE LIST

BASS-ISGRIG SEED CO.

611 CENTER STREET
 LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

1928



U. S. Department of Agriculture,
 Washington, D. C.

MR. D. N. Shoemaker.



The prices submitted in this list do not include the Postage. In ordering, please include postage.

Below we give our prices on the varieties of seed best suited for Little Rock and the adjacent territory. We believe you will find our prices in line with those of other responsible seed dealers, and we solicit a share of your patronage and assure you that we will at all times give you the very best seed that can be obtained. Order our field grown cabbage, onion, pepper and tomato plants. These plants grown in open field, large and well rooted; much harder; two weeks earlier than hot-bed plants. Cau make quick shipments.

Our bush beans and English Peas are grown in Michigan; our pole beans are grown in Colorado; our cantaloupe and cucumber (State certified) are grown in Colorado; our turnips and radishes are grown in Holland and Denmark, from transplanted roots, which insures them true to name. No better seed grown.

We adhere strictly to quality and handle the highest grade seed obtainable; buy direct from the growers; this enables us to furnish you the highest grade seed. You get the best when ordering from us.

BUSH, or SNAP BEANS—Green Podded Varieties

If by mail add 5 cents per pint, 10 cents per quart for postage

CULTURE—For the earliest crop, plant just as soon as the weather gets warm—in this section, about the 1st of April. To have a succession plant every two weeks throughout the summer, until the middle of August, or, farther south, as late as September 20th. Late snaps make a very satisfactory crop and should be more generally grown. For field culture, plant in rows 2½ to 3 feet apart, 3 inches between the plants. In gardens, the rows may be 2 feet apart. Cultivate often until they blossom—not afterward, and never when the vines are wet. One quart will plant 100 feet, 1½ bushels to an acre.

	Pkt.	Lb.	Quart
Early Red Valentine, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	50c
Burpee Stringless Green Pod, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	55c
Black Wax, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	55c
Early Refugee, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	55c
White Wax, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	55c
Black Valentine, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	55c
Giant Stringless Green Pod, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	55c

Pole Varieties

	Pkt.	Lb.	Quart
Kentucky Wonder, Colorado Grown.....	10c	50c	45c
Lazy Wife, Colorado Grown.....	10c	30c	45c
Southern Creasback, Colorado Grown.....	10c	30c	45c
Cornfield, Colorado Grown.....	10c	30c	45c
McCason, Colorado Grown.....	10c	30c	45c

LIMA BEANS

	Pkt.	Lb.	Quart
Henderson's Bush Lima, Michigan Grown.....	10c	35c	60c
Fordhook Bush Lima, Michigan Grown.....	10c	35c	65c
Burpee's Bush Lima, Michigan Grown.....	10c	35c	65c
Large White Lima, Pole, Michigan Grown.....	10c	35c	65c
Small White Lima Pole, Michigan Grown.....	10c	30c	55c
Speckled or Florida Butter, Michigan Grown.....	10c	40c	75c

BEETS

CULTURE—For early outdoor crop sow as soon as the ground can be worked, the main sowing in March or early April. Beets thrive best in light, loose, fresh, clean, deeply-worked soil that has been well manured for the previous crop. Winter beets and mangels should be sown in April, May or June, soaking the seed before sowing. For field culture, sow in drills 2 to 2½ feet apart, and cover about one inch. Thin out to 4 inches apart. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; six to eight pounds one acre. For a small garden the drills need not be more than 15 inches apart. Garden beets can also be sown in June and July for use during the fall and early winter.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Early Egyptian.....	10c	25c	60c
Crimson Globe.....	10c	25c	60c
Detroit Dark Red.....	10c	25c	60c
Eclipse.....	10c	25c	60c
Improved Blood Turnip.....	10c	25c	60c
Swiss Chard.....	10c	25c	60c

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Brussels Sprouts.....	Oz.	10c
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WHITE CAPE BROCOLI

White Cape Broccoli.....	Oz.	10c
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CANTALOUPE

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Charts of Gold.....	15c	40c	\$1.25
Yellow Meat, 10-25 Pollock Certified.....	15c	50c	1.50
Burrell Gem, Grown in Colorado.....	15c	25c	90c
Rock Ford, Standard, State Certified.....	15c	25c	90c
Eden Gem, Standard, State Certified.....	15c	25c	90c
Netted Gem, Standard, State Certified.....	15c	25c	90c
Large Hackensack, Standard, State Certified.....	15c	25c	90c
Banana, Standard, State Certified.....	15c	25c	90c
Pink Meated Rocky Ford.....			
Specially Selected, State Certified.....	15c	40c	1.25

CABBAGE

CULTURE—For the earliest setting in the spring, set out in February or March, plants which have been wintered over, either in cold frames or out of doors. For a succession sow the early varieties in hot-bed or cold frames in January, February or early March. Later sow the early varieties out of doors in March or April. For winter cabbage sow in April, May or June, transplanting in July or August, to head up during the late fall and winter. Fall sowings to make plants for setting out in the fall or early spring should be made after September 20th; if sown earlier they will likely shoot to seed especially the flat-headed kinds.

Early varieties should be set 18 inches apart in 2½ to 3 foot rows; late varieties, being larger, should be set 2 feet apart in 3 foot rows. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants; six ounces will make plants for an acre. Use good, rich soil, plenty of manure and fertilizer, and work frequently and deeply.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Copenhagen Market.....	20c	60c	\$2.00
Early Jersey Wakefield.....	20c	60c	2.00
Charleston Wakefield.....	20c	60c	2.00
Early Drumhead.....	20c	60c	2.00
All Head Early.....	20c	60c	2.00
Succession.....	20c	60c	2.00
Genuine Sure Head.....	20c	60c	2.00
All Seasons.....	20c	60c	2.00
Early Fiat Dutch.....	20c	60c	2.00
Late Flat Dutch.....	20c	60c	2.00
Drumhead Savoy.....	20c	60c	2.00
Late Drumhead.....	20c	60c	2.00
Red Mammoth.....	20c	60c	2.00
Danish Ball Head.....	20c	60c	2.00

CARROTS

CULTURE—Sow in a light, rich deeply-worked soil in drills 12 inches apart and ½-inch deep. For field culture make the drills 18 to 24 inches apart, thin out to 4 to 6 inches apart. Sow the early kinds as early as the ground can be worked; sowing can also be made up to August for a late crop. In dry weather soak the seeds before sowing. To store for winter, pack in moderately dry earth or sand in the cellar or put them outside in a well-drained situation, covering with a few inches of straw and 6 to 8 inches of earth to protect from frost. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 3 to 4 lbs. one acre.

Insect Remedy—If the parsley or carrot worm attacks the foliage, apply Slug Shot while the dew is on.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Chantenay.....	15c	25c	85c
Danver Half Long.....	15c	25c	85c
Oxheart.....	15c	25c	85c

CAULIFLOWER

	Pkt.	Oz.
Early Snowball.....	15c	\$2.25
Gilt Edge.....	15c	2.25

CELERY

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Golden Self Blanching.....	10c	75c	\$1.50

COLLARD

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
True Southern or Georgia.....	10c	30c	\$1.00

SWEET CORN

CULTURE—Corn prefers a rich, warm, well-manured soil, but excellent sweet corn may be raised on any good soil that has been deeply and thoroughly worked before planting. Plant the early varieties the last of March or early April; sweet corns are tender and should not be planted till ground is warm. Give frequent and thorough but shallow cultivation and continue plantings at intervals of about two weeks for a succession of roasting ears. The early kind can be planted during July or early August for late roasting ears. One quart will plant 200 hills, 6 to 8 quarts one acre.

	Pkt.	Pint	Quart
Country Gentleman.....	10c	30c	55c
Stowell' Evergreen.....	10c	30c	55c
Adams Large Early.....	10c	20c	35c
Early Surprise.....	10c	20c	35c
Golden Bantom.....	10c	25c	55c

CORN SALAD

Corn Salad.....	Oz.	10c
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W. CRESS

Water Cress.....	Oz.	15c
Curled Cress.....	Oz.	15c

CUCUMBER

CULTURE—To have the earliest cucumbers, start in pots, small paper boxes, berry boxes or on pieces of sod, grass side down, so that they can be readily transplanted without checking the growth. For the general crop plant in the open ground as soon as the weather becomes settled warm, about the end of April or during May, not over an inch deep, in hills about four feet apart each way. The hills should be previously prepared by mixing well-rotted manure with the soil. Put about ten seeds in each hill and when all danger of insects is past, thin out to four plants, and give frequent but shallow cultivation. The fruit should be gathered when large enough, whether wanted or not, for if left to ripen on the vine it destroys its productiveness. For pickling plant in June or July. One ounce will plant 50 hills; two pounds, 1 acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Grown in Colorado, State Certified.....			
Improved Long Green.....	10c	15c	30c
White Spine.....	10c	15c	30c
Davis Perfect.....	10c	15c	30c
Japanese Climbing.....	10c	15c	30c
Gherkin.....	10c	15c	30c
Early Green Cluster.....	10c	15c	30c
Stays Green.....	10c	20c	45c

ORDER BLANK

BASS-ISGRIG SEED COMPANY

611 CENTER STREET

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Parcel Post Rates, 7c for first pound, 1c for each additional pound up to 70 pounds. NOTE: Please Send Cash, Money Order, or Check When Ordering

SHIP THE FOLLOWING TO: Date 192

Name

Postoffice

R. F. D. No. State

Express Office Freight Office

Shall we ship by Freight, Express or Parcel Post

Amount Enclosed for Merchandise \$

Amount Enclosed for Postage \$

Total Amount Enclosed \$

Table with 3 columns: QUANTITY, KIND OF SEED, AMOUNT. Multiple empty rows for data entry.

Bass-Isgrig Seed Company's Price List

EGGPLANT

CULTURE—Sow in hot-bed in February or March and keep well protected so that the growth will be rapid and continuous and is not checked. When 2 inches high, transplant in the beds 3 to 4 inches apart and when frost is past, set out 3 feet apart in a deep, rich loamy soil. Dust lightly with Slug Shot to protect from bugs. Eggplant seeds germinate slowly. One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Black Beauty	10c	35c	\$1.25
Large Purple Thornless	10c	35c	1.25

ENDIVE

	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Early Curled	10c	35c
Broad Leaf	10c	35c

GOURDS

	Pkt.
Dipper	10c
Nest Egg, Dish Cloth, Ornamental	10c

KALE

	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	1 Lb.
Early Green Curled	10c	20c	60c

KOHL RABBI

	Oz.
White Vienna	10c

LEEK

	Oz.
Large Carantine	10c

LETTUCE

CULTURE—Lettuce is easy to grow, but requires rich, moist soil, clean and thorough cultivation and plenty of water to give it that quick growth on which depends its tenderness and flavor. They may be had at all seasons of the year. The earliest sowings should be made in a hot-bed or in boxes indoors, hardened off and set out 8 to 12 inches apart in 18-inch rows. For a succession sow every three weeks. Sowings may be made in open ground early in the spring and the plants thinned out. For fall use, sow in July and August. Fall sowings of hardy kinds should be made in September; protect with straw or litter and they will head up in the spring or transplant 9 inches apart under glass or canvas to head up in the winter. One ounce will produce about 1,500 plants; 3 pounds will make plants enough for an acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Big Boston	10c	15c	50c
Hanson	10c	15c	50c
Iceberg	10c	15c	50c
Paris Cos	10c	15c	50c
Wonderful New York	10c	15c	50c
Iceberg, Certified	10c	20c	60c

MUSTARD

CULTURE—Sow during February, March or April, or during September or October, either broadcast or in rows six inches apart. One ounce sows 80 feet or drill; 5 to 6 lbs. broadcasts an acre.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Giant Southern Curled	10c	20c	60c
Chinese	10c	20c	60c

OKRA or GUMBO

CULTURE—When the ground has become warm sow thickly in drills 3 feet apart, and when large enough, thin out to 8 inches apart in the rows. To keep for winter use, slice the pods into narrow rings when young and tender, string them and hang in the shade to dry. One ounce will sow 30 feet of drill.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
White Velvet	10c	20c	50c
Perkins' Long Pod	10c	20c	50c

ONION

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Yellow Globe	30c	75c	
Red Globe	30c	75c	
White Globe	30c	75c	
Red Weathersfield	30c	75c	
Prizetaker	30c	75c	
Bermuda	30c	1.50	
Crystal White Wax	30c	2.25	

ONION SETS

Bermuda	Yellow Danvers
White Silver Skin	Red Danvers

WRITE FOR PRICES.

PARSLEY

CULTURE—Sow in February, March or early in April, half an inch deep, in rows a foot apart, pressing the soil after sowing. Slow to germinate, sometimes two or three weeks in coming up. Germination may be hastened by soaking several hours before sowing, or by covering the rows with boards to retain the moisture.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Extra Moss Curled	10c	15c	25c
Plain Leaf	10c	15c	25c

PARSNIP

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Improved Hollow Crown	10c	15c	25c

ENGLISH PEAS

CULTURE—Peas do best in a light, rich, loamy soil that has been liberally manured the previous season. Plant the smooth varieties as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, 2 inches deep, giving the later kinds more room between the rows. The Wrinkled peas are tender and not as hardy as the smooth kinds and should be planted later; they are, however, sweeter, and better flavored

than the smooth varieties. For a succession, plant every two weeks; they may be planted as late as August for a late crop. When grown for market, peas are rarely ever staked, but in small gardens they should be grown in double rows, 6 to 8 inches apart, and staked with brush. They should be kept clean and the earth worked toward them two or three times during growth. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels will plant an acre.

	Pkt.	Lb.	Gal.
Alaska, Michigan Grown	10c	25c	\$1.50
First and Best, Michigan Grown	10c	25c	1.50
Gradus, Michigan Grown	10c	25c	1.50
Thos. Laxton, Michigan Grown	10c	25c	1.50
Telephone, Michigan Grown	10c	25c	1.50
Champion of England Michigan Grown	10c	25c	1.50
White Marrowfat, Michigan Grown	10c	25c	1.50

PEPPER

CULTURE—Sow in hot-bed in February or March and transplant outside in May, 15 inches apart, in 2 or 3-foot rows. When the ground becomes warm, sow outside and transplant as above. Cultivate well and keep free of weeds. Hen manure, liquid manure, or a good garden fertilizer, if worked into the soil when the plants are six inches high, will materially increase the yield. One ounce will produce about 1,200 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Ruby King	10c	35c	\$1.25
Crimson Ohio	10c	35c	1.25
Chinese Giant	10c	50c	2.00
Large Bell	10c	35c	1.25
Tabasco	10c	35c	1.25
Long Cayenne	10c	35c	1.25
Ruby Giant	10c	35c	1.25
Pimento	10c	35c	1.25
Bass-Isgrig Special	10c	50c	2.00

POTATOES

Red Bliss Triumph, Certified
Irish Cobbler, Certified
Early Rose, Certified

WRITE FOR PRICES.

PUMPKIN

	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Sugar or Sweet	10c	25c
Cashaw	10c	25c
Tennessee Sweet Potato	10c	25c
Large Cheese	10c	25c
Jumbo	10c	25c
Southern Field	10c	25c

RADISH

CULTURE—To be tender and crisp, radishes must be grown quickly and this requires rich soil and plenty of moisture. Commencing with the first mild spell in the spring, sow at intervals of ten days, in a light, rich, deeply-worked soil. May also be sown as a catch-crop between rows of beets, lettuce, onions, etc., or sown in the same drill with slow-growing vegetables like carrots and parsnips. Radishes can be forced in hot-beds, but must have plenty of ventilation and moisture. For fall and winter use, sow the winter varieties in August or September. One ounce will sow fifty feet; eight to ten pounds one acre.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Crimson Giant	10c	25c	75c
Scarlet Button	10c	25c	75c
Sparkler, White Tips, Certified	10c	25c	75c
Early White Turnip	10c	25c	75c
French Breakfast	10c	25c	75c
Mixed Radish	10c	25c	75c
Early Long Scarlet	10c	25c	75c
Long White Icicle	10c	25c	75c
China Rose Winter	10c	25c	75c
Black Spanish	10c	25c	75c

SALSIFY

One of the most popular winter vegetables. Boil and serve in sauce, or make into fritters; the flavor is like fried oysters.

CULTURE—Sow in March or April in a rich, light, deeply-worked soil, in rows 18 inches apart, and thin out to 4 to 6 inches. Do not use coarse or fresh manure, it will make the roots ill-shaped and uneven. Cultivate often to keep down the weeds. It is perfectly hardy and may remain out all winter. Can also be sown in May and June, provided we get reasonable weather or boards be used to get the seeds up and shade the young sprouts until they get well established. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; eight pounds, one acre.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Mammoth Sandwich Island	10c	40c

SQUASH

CULTURE—After danger of frost is past, plant in a warm, well-pulverized, rich soil, mixing well-rooted manure in each hill. Plant eight or ten seeds to the hill, the summer varieties 4 to 6 feet apart, the winter sorts 8 to 10 feet. When well grown, thin out, leaving three of the strongest plants in each hill. Do not bruise or break the stems of winter squashes when gathering. Apply Bug Death, land plaster, air-slaked lime or Paris Green to keep off bugs; for the large squash bug use kerosene emulsion. Summer sorts, one ounce to 25 hills; 3 to 4 pounds to an acre; winter sorts, one ounce to 10 hills; 3 to 4 pounds to an acre.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Early White Bush	15c	25c	85c
Yellow Summer Crookneck	15c	25c	85c
Improved Hubbard	15c	25c	85c

Bass-Isgrig Seed Company's Price List

SPINACH

Write for special price on large lots

CULTURE—For early summer use, sow early in spring a good, well-fertilized soil, in drills 1 inch deep, 1½ to 2 feet between the rows. For winter and spring use, sow in September and October. Requires but little cultivation. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 12 to 15 pounds one acre.

	Oz.	½ Lb.	Lb.
Bloomsdale	10c	15c	40c
New Zealand	10c	40c	60c

TURNIPS

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Purple Top Globe, Certified	10c	20c	50c
Strap Leaf	10c	20c	50c
White Flat Dutch	10c	20c	50c
White Egg	10c	20c	50c
Cow Horn	10c	20c	50c
Purple Top Millam	10c	20c	50c
Yellow Aberdeen	10c	20c	50c
Yellow Globe	10c	20c	50c
Rutabaga	10c	20c	50c
Seven Top (Salad Turnip)	15c	25c	50c

TOMATO

CULTURE—Six or eight weeks before frost is over sow in hot-beds or in pots or shallow boxes in the house, and when they have made four leaves, transplant in the beds to promote root growth. Expose as much as possible to harden them, so that, when set out in the open ground, they will be strong and rocky, but do not allow the growth to be checked. Transplant 3 to 4 feet apart in a light, warm soil, and cultivate as long as possible. When transplanting, puddle the plants and shade them a few days until they are well rooted. The earliest fruits may be had by growing in pots, shifting to larger pots as they become filled with roots. Earliness may also be promoted by pinching off all the branches except the one most thrifty and tying this and the main stem to stakes. Grown

in this way, the plants may be set closer and will produce more perfect fruits and a more abundant crop. One ounce makes about 1,500 plants; 4 ounces will make plants enough for an acre.

	Pkt.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
June Pink	10c	40c	\$1.50
Bonnie Best	10c	35c	.75
Sparks' Earliana	10c	35c	1.00
Chalk's Early Jewel	10c	35c	1.00
Stone	10c	35c	.75
Dwarf Champion	10c	35c	1.00
Ponderosa	10c	35c	1.50
Red Rock	10c	35c	1.00
Livingston Globe	10c	40c	1.50
Improved Purple Acme	10c	35c	1.00
Matchless	10c	35c	1.00
Golden Queen	10c	35c	
Red and Yellow Pear Shape	10c	35c	

WATERMELON

CULTURE—Prepare hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way by working in thoroughly rotted manure, or poultry droppings—rich ground gives the plants a good start before insects attack them. When the ground is warm plant 6 or 8 seeds to the hill, covering an inch deep and, when well up, thin out, leaving three strong plants to each hill. Do not grow near pumpkins and gourds. Use the same insect remedies as recommended for cantaloupes. One ounce will plant 36 hills; 3 pounds 1 acre.

	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Florida Favorite	10c	25c	75c
Tom Watson	10c	25c	75c
Halbert Honey	10c	25c	75c
Irish Grey, Certified	10c	25c	75c
Georgia Rattlesnake	10c	25c	75c
Kleckley Sweet	10c	25c	75c
New Wonder, Certified	10c	40c	1.25
Stone Mountain	10c	40c	1.25
Bass-Isgrig Special	10c	60c	\$2.00

→ ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10c PER PACKET ←

Bass-Isgrig Special Sweet Pepper

The greatest bearing large sweet pepper grown. The fruit of this very desirable variety is of the same shape as the Ruby King, except that it is broader at the pointed end and grows to a larger size. The flesh is unusually thick, sweet and of a mild flavor. The color is a deep green when young, bright scarlet when ripe. It combines the size of the Chinese Giant and the attractive shape and color of the Ruby King. One of the best large sweet varieties for mangoes or stuffed peppers. The best sort for market gardeners and shippers.

Bass-Isgrig Special Watermelon

The vines are of a vigorous growth and heavy producers, the melons are nearly round in form, the skin is dark green, slightly striped with narrow bands of a lighter green but when full ripe the melons are solid dark green, the flesh is red and firm, a good shipper. Grows larger than most any other variety, not unusual for specimens to weigh 100 pounds; time for ripening 95 days. We have been three years developing this melon and only have a small amount of seed. Place your order early.

SPRAY MATERIAL

Fre-Oil Emulsion
Dry Lime Sulphur
Arsenate of Lead
Bordeaux Mixture

PLANT INSECTS

Nicotine Mixture
Arsenate of Lead
Calcium Arsenate
Pestroy
Slug Shot

FOR PEACH TREE BORDER

Santichola (Paridichlori Benzine)

FOR PEA WEEVIL

Carbon-Di-Sulphide

FOR MILDEW ROSES, PLANTS and CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Black Leaf, 40
Bordeaux Mixture

WRITE FOR PRICES AND INSTRUCTIONS HOW TO USE

SPRAYERS

1-Pint Size, Hand Spray	\$.35
1-Quart Size, Hand Spray .....	.50
1-Quart Size, Continuous Spray .....	.75
2-Gallon, Automatic Spray	4.50
4-Gallon Automatic Spray	6.00
12-Gallon, Wheel Spray	16.00
High Pressure Barrel Spray	16.00
5-Gallon, Knapsack Spray	12.50
Bucket Spray	4.00
Trombone Spray	5.00

SEEDERS

Horn Seeders	\$ 1.50
Cyclone Seeders	2.50
Cahoune Seeders	5.00
Hudson Hand-Drill Seeder	15.00

TREE PRUNERS

8-ft. Solid Piece Tool, Steele Knife	\$2.00
12-ft. Solid Piece Tool, Steele Knife	2.50
16-ft., 4 Feet Sections, Tool, Steele Knife	7.50
Steel Hand-Pruning Shears, 9-in.	1.50
Steel Hand-Pruning Shears, 9-in.	1.00

REMARKS

Will appreciate the names of some of your neighbors whom you think will be interested in receiving our prices.



Germāco
Hotkaps
New Method of
Plant Protection

A MONEY-MAKER — matures crops earlier; shields plants from frost, wind and rain; protects them from insects; miniature "hot-houses." An amazing invention — crop **INSURANCE**. A revolutionary device that saves farmers much in time, labor and money. One roll of a thousand, \$10.00, postage or express extra. Write for quantity prices, and pamphlet.

Use HOTKAPS

Protects Plants From Frost

1,000	\$10.00
Less than 1,000.....	1½c Each

INOCULATE THE SEED WITH MULFORD CULTURE

MULFORD CULTURES are vigorous growths of living, nitrogen-fixing bacteria. Their use, at the low price at which they are sold, affords the cheapest means of storing up nitrates in the soil. A comparative study of crop costs will demonstrate that the method of inoculating soils with MULFORD CULTURES is the most economical way of increasing the nitrogens plant food.

Bass-Isgrig Seed Company's Price List

Field Seed

We cannot fully describe all the good values of our seed nor the high quality of same in this brief circular, but they are all new crop, high germinating and re-cleaned. You cannot make any mistake in buying at the prices which we offer. Our tag on a sack of seed means an honest deal in every respect and thousands buy them year after year.

Prices fluctuate this year so fast—ask for latest prices from time to time, it is impossible to quote stable price.

CLOVERS		Lb.
Lespedeza		25c
White Blooming Sweet (M. A.)		15c
Fancy Red		45c
White Dutch		60c
Alsike		60c

WRITE FOR PRICES ON QUANTITY LOTS.

ALFALFA				
	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Fancy*	\$1.80	\$3.25	\$6.80	\$24.00
Choice	1.70	3.00	6.90	22.00
Extra Fancy	2.00	3.50	7.85	28.50

BROOM CORN				
	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Standard Evergreen				
Fancy	\$0.65	\$1.25	\$2.55	8.00

PEAS AND BEANS

Orders Filled at Market Price.

Whippoorwill Peas				
Mung Beans				
Unknown or Clay				
White Crowder				
California Blackeye Peas				
White Lady Peas				
Brown Crowder Peas				
90-Day Velvet Beans				
Soy Beans, Laredo				

Prices change with Market. WRITE FOR PRICES.

BUCKWHEAT				
	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Silver Hull or Japanese				
Black	\$0.65	1.25	\$2.50	\$6.00

FETERTIA (REAL SEED)				
	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Standard White	\$0.57	\$1.05	\$2.55	\$7.00

MILO MAIZE				
	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Dwarf Milo, Yellow	\$0.75	\$1.25	\$2.25	\$6.00

PRICES FLUCTUATE

In the event you wish to buy a quantity of seed, write for latest prices, submitting list of seed you want and we will quote you the best prices obtainable, consistent with good quality.

If you send us an order and we can make a better price than is quoted herein, we will give you advantage of any possible reduction and refund you what is due under prevailing prices at the time your order is received. If prices go higher than we quote, your order will be filled pro rata at prevailing prices when received.

PEANUTS

(Hand-picked unless otherwise noted)

	1 Lb.	10 Lbs.
Tennessee Red	15c	\$1.15
Jumbo	15c	1.15
Spanish, Field Run	10c	.95

WRITE FOR PRICES IN QUANTITY LOTS.

GOOD CANE SEED

	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Early Orange	\$0.60	\$0.90	\$2.00	\$3.75
Black Amber	0.60	0.90	2.00	3.50

SYRUP CANE SEED

	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Japanese or Honey Drip	\$1.00	\$1.80	\$3.25	\$12.00
Texas Seed Ribbon	1.00	1.80	3.05	12.00
Sugar Drip	0.75	1.50	2.95	10.00
Silver Drip	0.75	1.50	2.95	10.00
Gooseneck or Crookneck	1.00	1.75	3.75	12.00

(Do not confuse these fine syrup seed with general store run stuff—there are first quality seed).

KAFFIR CORN (SEED)

Real good Kaffir Corn seed is too cheap for you to plant feed stock for seed. The larger yield you get more than pays you.

	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
White Kaffir	\$0.70	\$1.35	\$2.25	\$5.00

POP CORN THAT POPS

	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
White Rice	\$0.75	\$1.40
Golden Queen .....	.75	1.40
Japanese Hullless	1.00	1.85

DWARF ESSEX RAPE

	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Fancy Quality	\$1.00	\$1.60	\$2.60	\$10.00

SPRING BARLEY

Fancy Spring Barley, per bushel	
Fancy Red May Wheat, per bushel	

OATS (RECLEANED)

Red Rust Proof	
Burt 90-day	
Red Appler	

WRITE FOR PRICES.

GRASS SEED

Subject to Market Changes

	1 Lb.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Fancy Bermuda	\$0.60	\$2.75	\$5.00
Fancy Sudan .....	.15	.65	1.25
Fancy Johnsou .....	.25	1.00	1.60
Fancy Orchard .....	.25		
Fancy Timothy .....	.20		
Fancy Ky. Blue .....	.60		
Fancy Red Top or Herd .....	.25	1.00	2.00
Fancy Lawn Grass .....	.75		
Fancy English Rye .....	.35		
Evergreen Lawn Grass .....	.75		

WRITE FOR PRICES IN QUANTITY LOTS.

MILLET SEED

Golden or German, Fancy, Cultivated	\$2.50 Bu.
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WRITE FOR PRICES.

SEED CORN

Our corn is hand-selected, nubbed and butted; Arkansas raised; sufficiently acclimated; better suited for Arkansas than corn shipped from other States. Germination practically 100 per cent. Supply limited, order early.

One peck of any of these high-grade corns (enough to plant two acres) postpaid, \$1.00.

	Days	Pk.	Bu.
St. Charles, Red Cob, Paymaster	110	\$0.75	\$2.50
Ex-Early Yellow Dent	85 to 90	.75	2.50
Large Golden Yellow Dent	90	.75	2.50
Silver Mine	110	.75	2.50
Hickory King	110	.75	3.00
Early White Dent	90	.75	2.50
Bloody Butcher	110	.75	2.50
Strawberry	110	.75	2.50
Pages Special Red Cob (Extra Quality)	100	.75	2.50
Hastings, Raised White River Bottom, by Page	100	.75	3.00
Mexican June	95	.75	2.50

Owing to the fluctuation of prices this year it has been impossible for us to quote on some commodities. Kindly let us know your needs and we will quote lowest possible prices consistent with quality—at any time a shipment is received from us, that the purchaser is not entirely satisfied, we will cheerfully refund your money—always write before returning any goods. We make special prices on quantity lots. Orders shipped same day received.

BASS-ISGRIG SEED COMPANY

611 CENTER STREET

PHONE 6382

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.