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# Hardy Herbaceous E 

## Alpine Plants



## The WAYSIDE GARDENS CO. Mentor. Ohio


$7$

## © T THE COMMENCEMENT of another season, we once again desire to place our entire organization at the service of our many customers, whose needs we were never in a better position to supply than at the present time.

The demand for high grade field-grown plants, and the higher standard of gardening now practiced by everyone has created the natural desire to grow everything of the best. Our fine strains of Delphiniums, Phlox, Peonies, Iris, and hundreds of other Perennials and Alpine Plants are, therefore, in greater demand than ever: and, each succeeding season brings many additions to our already large list of clients throughout the United States. In this connection, however, we find it necessary to issue a warning to those who are desirous of obtaining our well known plants.

As it is often brought to our notice that other people try to name their nurseries "Wayside Gardens", we cannot emphasize too strongly the fact that the true Wayside Gardens Hardy Plants can only be obtained from our nurseries at Mentor, Ohio, or through Landscape Architects and legitimate nurserymen or seedsmen, in which case our plants will bear the Wayside Gardens plant labels.

We have spared neither trouble nor expense in the production of the plants enumerated in this catalog and we offer them with the fullest confidence as to their general excellence, reliability, and ability to create a perfect garden within an exceptionally short space of time.

Terms of business will be found on page 79, and a complete index to this catalog on page 80, the use of which will facilitate the study of its contents.

## The Wayside Gardens Co. MEntor, Ohio February first, 1928 <br> E. H. SCHULTZ, President <br> J. J. GRUlLEMANS, Sec'y-Treas.



April 11, 1927

The Tayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

Gentlemen:
I cannot refrain from acknowledging the receipt of one of the best shipments of Perennials it has ever been my privilege to receive. The crate arrived the early part of last week. The packing was done as nearly scientifically as anything I have ever seen. Alternating layers of excelsior and moss proved to me that the plants could neither heat nor dry out, so I let the entire shipment stand until the week-end.

Saturday I got busy, found the trowel and began to set out the plants. I soon found that the trowel wouldn't work. The root systems of such plants as Astilbes (Spireas), Hardy Asters, Thalictrum, Lupins and Delphiniums were such as called for digging trenches with a spade. Even smaller growing Perennials, like Primroses, Leontopodiums, Poppies and other plants for the rock garden, had root systems truly remarkable for their kinds.

Thank you for this 100 point Service. It is one sure way to great possibilities before you.

HLJ/J
South Orange, N. J.
Sincerely yours,

April 10th,1927

## Undoubtedly one of the most interesting features in a garden is a rockery furnished with mountain plants commonly known as "alpines"



FE.W plants indeed yield so much pleasure to the cultivator as the alpine pinks, aubrietias, creeping phloxes, veronicas, etc., in the Spring and early Summer. When well established in bold masses on the rocks, and laden with their wealth of blossom, they quite surpass all other hardy flowers in their beauty of color and simplicity of growth.

To grow these and the many choicer alpines successfully is, to the enthusiast, one of the most delightful phases of the gardening art and craft. In fact, it is a hobby which has secured many ardent disciples during the last few decades, and prompted Wayside Gardens to produce these plants in great quantities and of large size so that they may establish themselves easily and give results quickly.

All plants offered in this catalog are strong field-grown roots, especially grown to a size which will give the planter immediate results. There are two or three instances where it is impossible to use other than pot grown plants in order to obtain the best results. Where those plants are ordered we send out strong two-year or three-year-old pot plants. The prices charged for our stock are based on the above mentioned facts.

We will gladly furnish prospective customers with names of well known nurserymen and landscape architects who have used our plants and bulbs for many years to their utmost satisfaction.

## Anemone Japonica or Japanese Windflower



$\mathscr{W}$E are offering this year new European varieties and also the best of the standard sorts, selected for their early flowering qualities, freedom of bloom, and usefulness as cut flowers. The plants are all two-year-old field-grown roots, not small pot plants, as has been customary to send out.

For earliest flowers, we recommend Hupehensis which commences to flower early in September; it makes a wonderful
showing until the middle of October when Alice, the new pink variety, puts in its appearance. This is closely followed by the two best white, Japonica Alba and Whirlwind, and two other well known pink varieties: Queen Charlotte and Kriemhilde. Prince Henry is a fine, double, dark reddish-pink variety. Richard Ahrends, Buhler Kind, and Max Vogel, we would like to let speak for themselves. They are offered on page 8.


Type of New Giant Japanese Iris.

## Japanese Iris

TURING the past years a great deal of attention has been given to the improving of German Iris. During these same years we devoted our special attention to the much harder and slower process of improving the Japanese Iris. Of the thousands of seedlings that we have raised only a few of the very best are now offered for sale for the first time. On page 33 we list a wonderful collection of
these beautiful Irises. Varieties such as Albatross, America, Columbia, La Tosca, Lavender Giant, Matchless and Olympia, are most exquisite. There are also other varieties listed on that page which are unusually fine. Conservative as we are we do not hesitate to say that our collection is the finest and most worth while in America today.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Achillea-Perry's White.


Aconitum Fischeri.


Achillea Tomentosa.

## General List of Herbaceous and Alpine Plants

## ACHILLEA (Milfoil or Yarrow).

Plants suitable for dry, sunny places. The dwarf kinds are useful for carpeting or for rockeries; the taller varieties as border plants.

Eupatorium (syn. filipendulina). 3 to 4
feet. Flat heads of brilliant yellow flowers; finely cut foliage. Blooms last
dried all Winter ..............................
Millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil). July to October. Rosy pink flowers in dense heads, on stems 18 inches high. Effective on edge of shrubbery or in border .. $8.85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$
Perry's White. 1 to 2 feet. June to September. Pure white flowers over one inch across; broad, overlapping petals. Nothing better for cutting ... 1
Ptarmica The Pearl Pure white double
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Plowers all Summer. Prized for cutting } & .85 & 2.50 & 18.00\end{array}$
Ptarmica, Boule de Neige. New. An improvement on "The Pearl," with fuller and more perfect flowers. Best for borders; neat plant .......................
Sibirica. Fine rock or wall plant. Produces long, graceful, silvery leaves, effective throughout the entire Summer. $1.20 \quad 3.50 \quad 25.00$
Tomentosa. 6 to 8 inches. July to September. Bright yellow flowers. Excel-
lent for rockeries ....................... 1.00 3.00 20.00

## ACONITUM (Monkshood).

Summer- and late Autumn-flowering plants with bold spikes of hood-shaped flowers, thriving in either sun or shade. The roots are poisonous and should not be planted where the tubersmight be mistaken for vegetables. Delivery from October 15 th to March 15 th. Tubers cannot freeze.

Three Doz. 100
Fischeri A dwarf variety with dark blue flowers. September and October. 2 to 3 feet. This is the hardiest, best and $\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00$
Autumnalis. 3 to 4 feet. SeptemberOctober. Large dark blue flowers in a raceme ........................................ 1.60
Iycoctonum (barbatum, squarrosum). Yellow Wolfsbane. Stem 3 to 6 feet high and slender flower, very pale yellow leaves deeply cut, flowering during June-September $\qquad$
Napellus carneum. 2 to $21 / 2$ feet. JulyAugust. This variety has variegated red and white flowers; effective ......
Napellus, Newry Blue. Similar to Napellus, but somewhat darker in color ..........
Sparks' Variety. July- and August-flowering; tall branched spikes covered with deep blue, Monkshood flowers .......
Wilsoni. The true variety which we are herewith offering is the late Autumnflowering kind, producing 6 to 7 tall spikes covered with beautful mauve colored flowers. It is a very rare variety. We advise giving it a little protection during the Winter ........ Each, $\$ 1.00 ; 3.0010 .00$
75.00

ACORUS (Sweet Flag).
Calamus. 2 feet. June-July. Iris-like plant. Root stock pungent, aromatic. Thrives best in moist soil, and may be grown in shallow water or dry land ...

ACTAEA (Baneberry).
Alba. $21 / 2$ feet. A fine shade-loving plant, having long spikes of clear white flowers. Effective as a border plant and in shady woodland plantings .... 1.00 3.00 20.00

## ADENOPHORA.

Potanini. Resembles the campanula, producing several spikes 18 to 24 inches high which are loaded with blue campa-nula-like blossoms from July until October
1.60
4.75
$1.60 \quad 4.75$
.75
35.00
1.60
35.00
$\qquad$

## Rubra. Red form of the above.......... 1.20 <br> 3.50 <br> 25.00

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Page Six

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

AETHIONEMA (Persian Candytuft).
These hardy little rock plants are of the most fascinating character. The foliage is a beautiful, glaucous blue; stems woody, and when covered with their heads of pink blossoms, make a picture not to be forgotten. We supply pot plants only, as field plants are hard to establish
They are almost shrubby in habit, and are improved by a slight cutting back after blooming. Stony, sandy loam is suitable for them and a warm, sunny position.

Three Doz 100
Grandiflorum. Strong, twiggy bushes, cov-
ered with long, slender spikes of rosy
pink flowers. One of our best rock
plants. 9 inches. June-July ............ $\$ 1$.
Pergicum. Somewhat deeper in color than
Grandifora 6 inches. June-July .... 1
1.40
$4.00 \quad 30.00$
AGROSTEMMA (Rose Campion).
Stout, erect-growing plents with silvery foliage, which contrasts well with the showy flowers, which are produced during June and July.
June and July. Three Doz. 100


## AJUGA (Bugleweed).

A useful plant for the rockery and for carpeting the ground, particularly in shady positions, as under trees and shrubs; fowers in May and June. Three Doz. 100
Generensig. Grows 6 to 8 inches high;
dense spikes of blue flowers $\ldots . .$.
Reptans rubra. Grows 3 to 4 inches high,
with deep purplish blue flowers
1.00
3.00
20.00

ALYSSUM (Rock Madwort).
Very popular early-flowering perennials of easiest culture and all very free flowering. They all like a well drained soil and sunny position. Useful in the border as well as in the dry wall or rock garden.

Three Doz. 100
Argenteum. Dense growth. Leaves silvery beneath, flowers yellow in clustered heads, all Summer. About 15 inches..$\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 20.00$
Rostratum (Alpestre). Prostrate, almost shrubby variety, hoary grey all over.
Flowers pale yellow, in unbranched heads. May to July .......................
Saxatile compactum. Broad masses of bright yellow flowers in early Spring. An excellent plant for the rockery or front of borders. 1 foot
1.00
3.00
20.00
.85
2.50
18.00

Sexpylufolium. Very dwarf, 4 to 5 inches high, with racemes of pale yellow flowers and rough, hoary leaves. Charming for the rock garden
............
1.10
3.25
22.50

## AMSONIA.

Tabernaemontana. 2 to 3 feet. Late May and early June. Small and numerous flowers of light blue in panicles. Smooth foliage fine for the hardy border or planted among shrubbery

ANCHUSA (Alkanet).
For producing a mass effect of brilliant blue, the Anchusas cannot be surpassed. They should be treated as biennials, as the old plants exhaust themselves at the end of two or three years. They reproduce themselves, however, from self-sown seed. The blooming season can be extended for several weeks by cutting the spikes as soon as the flowers fade, thus preventing seeding.
Dropmore. Tall spikes of beautiful blue
flowers, flowering all Summer. Rough
broad foliage. 4 to 5 feet .............. $\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 20.00$
Opal. Very beautiful variety, with large,
pale blue flowers. 3 to 4 feet .........
1.00
3.00
20.00

Myosotidiflora. A distinct, dwarf peren-
nial variety from Russia, with clusters
of charming blue flowers resembling
forget-me-nots. An effective rock plant
for shady places. 1 foot. May-flower-
ing
.................................... . 1.20
1.20
3.50
25.00

## ANDROSACE (Rock Jasmine).

Typical Alpines, fascinating because of their great beauty. Many of them are difficult to grow, their worst enemy being early Spring rains. We are listing only the easiest. They require very gritty soil, the stones furnishing the cool moisture their roots enjoy. In sticky clay or hot, loose sand, they will their roots enjoy In

Each Doz.
Sarmentosa (Chumbuiji). One of the easiest and best. Rosettes of silky foliage and heads of verbena-like blossoms of pink on stems about six inches high. From the Himalayas. June- and Julyflowering


Ajuga Reptans.


Alyssum Saxatile.


Anchusa Italica.


Anemone Pulsatilla.


Anemone Japonica, Whirlwind.


Arabis Alpina.

## ANEMONE - Windflower

## ANFMONE JAPONICA (Japanese Anemone)

Valuable plants suitable for massing or single specimens. They grow rapidly and are profuse in bloom, gaining strength and grow rapidly and are profuse in bloom, gaining strength and beauty each year. The blooming period extends from September
till mid-November, the large, open flowers furnishing abundant cut fowers and a brilliant field display. Cover plants in Winter. cut flowers and a brilliant field disp
We offer strong, field-grown roots.
Alba Purest Three Doz. 100

Alice. Large flowers of rose-pink, lilac center; excellent new variety. The best and strongest grower of all pink sorts. 1.10
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Buhler Kind. Early double white } \ldots \ldots & 1.20 & 3.50 & 25.00\end{array}$
Kriemhilde. Double, rich pink; of excellent form ................................. $1.20 \quad 3.50 \quad 25.00$
Max Vogel. Double rose-pink; free flowing ..............................................
Prince Fenry. Double red flowers; dwarf,
but early. 2 feet Charlotte. .................... flowers, broad and perfectly formed; "La France" pink. 2 to 3 feet .......
Richard Ahrends. Large, single shell-pink flowers with lilac hue; finest of all....
Rubra. Beautiful rosy red; stamens bright yellow ..................................
Whirlwind. Excellent double white flowers. 2 to 3 feet

## ANEMONE SPECIES

Hupehensis (Early Anemone). Was originally introduced from central China, is closely allied to Anemone japonica, which, in a miniature form, it resembles. The plant grows from 12 to 14 inches high and from early in August until late in Autumn produces an abundance of flowers about $11 / 2$ inches in diameter, of a pleasing mauve-rose, much hardier than the japonica varieties ............
Hupehensis flore pleno. Double form of the above
Fulsatilla (Pasque Flower). Grows from 9 to 12 inches high and produces violet or purple flowers during April and May. An interesting plant for the rockery or well drained border
Fulsatilla rubra. Of dwarf habit with reddish purple flowers
Narcissiflora. Exquisite alpine meadow plant with heads of a dozen or more white flowers. Buds are tinged with red. 9 inches high. June flowering
Sylvestris. Fine for cool, moist corner of rock garden or border. Large, white of rock garden or border. Large, white inches. Very free blooming. May and June . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Vermalis (Lady of the Snow). A rare and exquisite alpine. Large, open flowers of pure white, flushed violet grown in rich vegetable soil in full sun. Very choice. (Sold out for this Spring).

## ANTHERICUM

Liliastrum major (St. Bruno's Lily). Spikes of flowers white, with narrow, grass-like foliage. $11 / 2$ feet. May-June. A choice border plant

## ANTHEMIS (Marguerite).

Tinctoria. Handsome, finely cut foliage, and large, golden yellow flowers produced all Summer. Succeeds in the poorest soil; excellent cut flowers......

## ARABIS (Rock Cress).

One of the most common of rock plants. Ordinary soil is suitable but they must have a sunny position.

Three Doz. 100
Alpina. Pure white flowers produced in
dense masses, splendid for border and
rockery work, and last quite some time when cut ......................................... 1.00

Alpina flore pleno. Same as above but with double white flowers; very fine rock plant

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## AQUILEGIA - Columbine

As a cut flower the Long-Spurred Aquilegias are the daintiest of our outdoor grown flowers. They remain in bloom for a long season. They are not at all particular as to soil or location, although they prefer a sandy loam and a moist but well drained, sunny position, and usually make themselves at home in any hardy border or rockery. Their period of flowering covers the late Spring and early Summer months. Taken as a whole, they are a most important part of the hardy garden, and should be grown in quantity by every lover of old-fashioned garden flowers.

Three Doz. 100
Canadensis (Common American Colum-
bine). The native bright red and yel-
Dow variety and one of the brightest. $\$ 0.85$ §2.50 $\$ 18.00$
Chrysantha. Beautiful golden yellow
flowers: blooms for two months ........
Chrysantha alba. A white variety of the above . Blue shades
Crimson Queधn. Beautiful crimson flow-
Crimson Queen. Beau
ong-Spurred Hybrids, Mixture
Mrs. Scott Elliott Eybrids. There is not a better mixture grown in the world. Wonderful colors with very long-spurred flowers. Our stock is from seed from this choice breeder, absolutely true strain
Snow Queen. The best white, long-spurryside pint pink colors. We do not think that they pink be surpassed

ARENARIA (Sandwort).
Montana. Close tufts, profusely covered with small, silvery white fiowers quite early in the season. Excellent as an edging plant in formal gardens and for rockeries in sunny places. Flowers resemble small, white, upturned morning glories May................................. tains. Covers itself with pure, snowwhite star-like flowers. One of the best of all rock plants. May
1.10
3.25
22.50
$1.10 \quad 3.25$
22.50

ARMERIA (Sca Pink or Thrift).
Attractive dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil, forming evergreen tufts of bright green foliage, from which innumerable flowers appear in dense heads, on stiff, wiry stems, from 9 to 12 inches high. They fower more or less continuously from early Spring until late in the Fall. Very useful in the rockery and border edgings.
Cephalotes rubra. 8 to 10 inches; deep pink flowers freely produced from a neat cushion-like plant

Three Doz. 100
$\$ 1.40$
$\$ 4.00 \$ 30.00$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Cephalotes rosea. Pale pink of the above. } 1.40 & 4.00 & 30.00\end{array}$
Dianthoides (Thrift). A dwarf plant with evergreen leaves and heads of light pink flowers. 10 inches. May-June ...
Laucheana. Bright rosy red. 3 to 6 Inches ........................................ to 6 inches. May and June. Valuable for edging; flowers pale pink; foliage grasslike, evergreen
$1.10 \quad 3.25 \quad 22.50$
Maritima alba. 3 to 6 inches. May and June. Tufts of deep green foliage; white flowers
Wayside Gardens Eybrids. 3 to 6 inches. June to October. Large flowers of delightful white, rose and pink shades. Very useful for edging and cutting.... 1.00
3.00

ARNICA (Mountain Tobacco)
Montana. Stems 1 foot, producing 3 to 4 large yellow daisy-like flowers on straight stems
4.00
30.00

ARTEMISIA (Sage Brush).
Iactifiora. A tall-growing plant of fine foliage and heads of small white flowers in August and September, which fill the garden with fragrance. A splendid and graceful cut flower
Silver King (Ghost Plant). A strikingly effective white-leaved contrast plant. A beautiful " $m$ ist" for setting off bouquets and floral combinations. The opening leaf buds gleam like tiny beads, the entire color effect bright frosted silver. The plants are matured and rery show early in Summer. 3 feet high. Long sprays may be cut to mix with Winter bouquets
3.25
22.50


Aquilegia-Scott Elliott Hybrids.


Armeria, Maritima.


Arenaria Montana.

# The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio 



Asclepias Tuberosa.


Asperula Odorata.


Aster, Elta.

ASCLEPIAS (Butterfly Weed).
Tuberosa. Attractive native plants, flow- Three Doz. 100 ering during July and August, and growing about $21 / 2$ feet high. Umbels of bright orange colored flowers...... . $\$ 0.85 \quad \$ 2.50 \quad \$ 18.00$

ASPERULA (Woodruff).
Odorata. 6 to 8 inches high. May. Increases rapidly and is used for carpeting shady places and in the rock garden. Heads of snowy white flowers. A fine, scented herb reminding one of new mown hay

## ASPHODELUS (King's Spear).

Luteus. Tall spikes of bright yellow flowers; very fragrant; sword-like foliage; fine for borders

## HARDY ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisies)

The many species, widely distinct from each other in habit and form, are with a few exceptions, all native of North America. It is in Europe, however, that our Asters have been most highly appreciated. Many improvements have been made by European growers, and many hybrid forms have been produced by crossing the different species. For the best results, they require division and replanting every third year. All are about 3 to 4 feet high.
Blue Gem. Double flowers of rich blue;
Three Doz. 100
the best blue in cultivation .............
$\$ 1.20$
$\$ 3.50 \quad \$ 25.00$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Charm. Very double violet-blue flowers. . } & 1.10 & 3.25 & 22.50\end{array}$
Climax. One of the best and showiest, with large, pyramidal spikes of large, light lavender-blue flowers; very free. 5 feet. Excellent as a cut flower ..... $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
Erica. A beautiful clear pink; large semi-double flowers .......................
Elta. Semi-double flowers of pale lilac. Handsome shade; free flowering .......
Feltham Blue. A pretty aniline blue; very free ......................................... double; ageratum-blue flowers
Grey Lady. Exquisite shade of opal, with large, semi-double flowers ...............
Joan Vaughan. Large, semi-double flowers of deepest blue ........................
Lady Lloyd. A very fine, clear rose-pink. Lasts exceedingly well .................. Mauve Queen. Very large, semi-double flowers of clear mauve
Maggie Perry. Very large flowers, loosely arranged in large trusses, of a pleasing tone of soft mauve .......................
Mrs. Raynor. The nearest red of all Asters; good form . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Novae-angliae roseum superbum. Almost red and a profuse bloomer ...............
Perry's White. Perfect in habit and remarkably free flowering. The stout stems are well branched and covered with flowers
Feggy Ballard. Large, pyramidal sprays of double, rosy mauve flowers .........
Robinson V. C. A pretty bluish mauve, double flowers borne in long sprays ...
Sam Benham. Early flowering, semidouble white. The best of all white Michaelmas Daisies; produces large flowers; fine for cutting ......................
St. Egwin. A pleasing rosy pink; very free blooming; dwarf habit . ............
White Climax. A late flowering, large single white, good for cutting .........
$85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$

## Japanese Hardy Asters

Mauve Cushion. An entirely distinct species. It forms a circular cushion-like plant $21 / 2$ feet across, rarely exceeding 9 inches in height, the flowers, of delicate, soft mauve, with silvery white reflections, measure over $11 / 4$ inches in diameter, and are produced in such lavish profusion as to completely cover the plant; the blooms begin to expand early in October, but are not at their best until November
1.20
3.50
25.00

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## HARDY ASTERS

## Species

Some of these are little known and not used enough. Most are excellent material for the rock garden, or in front of the border The Alpinus varieties and others produce brilliant flowers three inches across. They are splendid for cutting as well as in front of the hardy border.

Three Doz. 100
Alpinus albus. Fine dwarf white Aster, bearing large, single white flowers on stems 6 to 8 inches high; excellent for rock gardens. May-June
$\$ 1.20$
$\$ 3.50$
$\$ 25.00$
Alpinus Goliath. Indispensable for the rockery or edge of hardy borders; 6 to 10 inches high, and bears large, showy, bluish purple flowers in May and June.. $1.20 \quad 3.50$
25.00

Alpinus rubra Also good for the rock garden or as an edging plant, producing rose-purple flowers; 6 to 10 inches high, May-June
Amellus elegang. Long, graceful sprays of soft lavender. Good for the border; $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
Bessarabicus sibiricus. 12 to 18 inches high, producing fine heads of violet to lilac flowers very useful for the rockery or border
Diplostiphoides (Dubia). A very fine dwarf Aster for the rock garden, producing early in the season, pale blue flowers. 2 to 3 inches across ...........
Farreri. Beautiful flowers of the richest violet with large orange center. Fine
for border or the rock garden .......... arrer Big Bear. With beautiful flowers of the richest violet, orange center, for rock garden or border ...................
Tataricus. Distinct, large bluish violet; very late. 6 feet ........................... 1.00
1.00
4.75
3.00
35.00

Floribunda. Produces a mass of very attractive lavender-blue flowers. Height 4 to 5 feet. In bloom in October........... 1.
1.20
3.50
25.00

ASTILBE (See Spirea).
AUBRIETIA (Rock Cress or False Wall Cress).
One of the daintiest and most delicately beautiful of all dwarf, creeping plants for carpeting beds or rockeries, forming brilliant sheets of violet, crimson or rose for many weeks. Massed on rockeries or in borders with white Arabis and yellow Alyssum, it forms a charming contrast. A gem for planting in crevices of rocks or wall, forming a cataract of color.

|  | Three | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eyrl. Rose-pink | . \$1.10 | \$3.25 | \$22.50 |
| Gracea. Lilac-blue | 1.10 | 3.25 | 22.50 |
| Hendersoni. Violet | 1.10 | 3.25 | 22.50 |

AURICULA (Swiss Primrose)
(See Primula Auricula, page 47).
AZALEA (See Shrubs, page 59).
BAPTISIA (False Indigo).
Australis. Dark blue, pea-shaped flowers in June; suitable for the hardy border or wild garden. Very attractive foliage. 2 feet
.85
2.50
18.00

BELAMCANDA (See Pardanthus Chinensis).
BELLIS (Double English Daisy).

Perenne, Snowball. Mammoth white .... . 75
Perenne, Longfellow. Mammoth pink ... . 75
2.00
2.00
15.00 15.00

BERGAMOT (See Monarda).
BETONICA (Betony).
Grandifiora. Close tufty foliage with bright rose flowers

## BLEEDING HEART (See Dicentra).

BELLIUM (Alpine Daisy).
Bellidioeides. A dainty little miniature of the Bellis perennis, except that it throws out numerous runners and so forms a wide mat, covered in Summer with small, white daisies. Fine for rockery
1.20
3.50
25.00


Aster Alpinus, Goliath.


Aubrietia.
Growing on top of a garden wall.


Baptisa Australis.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Bocconia Cordata.


Hardy Carnation.


Callirhoe Involucrata.

BOCCONIA (Plume Poppy).
Three Doz.
100
Cordata. A noble hardy perennial, beautiful in foliage and flower, and adapted for planting in the shrubbery borders, will grow in any soil or situation, attaining 6 to 8 feet in height. Flowers creamy white in terminal panicles during July and August
$\$ 0.85-\$ 3.50$
$\$ 18.00$
BOLTONIA (False Chamomile).
A showy native hardy perennial plant with large, single, Asterlike flowers; in bloom during the Summer and Autumn months, and with its thousands of flowers open at one time produces a very showy effect.
Asteroides. White 5 to 6 feet high Three Doz. 100
Latisquama. Pink, slightly tinged with lavender. 4 to 6 feet ..................... . . . 85 $\$ 2.50$ \$18.00

UDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush).
Variabilis magnifica. This is really a shrub, but the top usually freezes back, and new growth starts from the root to 4 feet and are covered with long racemes of lilac-like flowers all Summer. Each, 75 c . .............................
Farquhari (New). A low-growing pendulous, spreading shrub, with rich green foliage and silvery reverse, bearing in late Summer long racemes of purple flowers. Each, 75c

BUPHTHALMUM (Ox-eye Daisy).
Salicifolium. Bears large, rich, golden vellow flowers through the Summer. 2 feet high ....................

CALAMINTHA (Calamint).
Alpina. A very graceful little rock plant; growing 6 inches high, with rich purple flowers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

## CALANDRINIA.

Umbellata. Prostrate plant, 4 to 6 inches, with brilliant crimson saucer-shaped flowers; good for hot place in rock garden

CALLA ELLIOTTIANA (See Bulbs).
CALLIRHOE (Poppy Mallow).


## CALTHA

Palustris (Marsh Marigold). 6 to 15 inches high. Flowers bright yellow in Spring. A very showy plant in wet places, both in sun and shade. It can be planted in brooks, and marshy places 1.20
3.50
25.00

CARNATIONS (Hardy Border).

| Double Scarlet | 1.00 | 3.00 | 20.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Double White | 1.00 | 3.00 | 20.00 |
| Choice mixed. Seedlings from seed sup- |  |  |  |
| plied by a specialist. Strong plants |  |  |  |
| that will furnish an abundance of flow- |  |  |  |
| ers. We strongly recommend this |  |  |  |
| grand strain for cut flowers. They keep |  |  |  |
| up a most wonderful supply during June |  |  |  |
| and July ............................... | 1.00 | 3.00 | 20.00 |

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spirea).
Mastacanthus incana. A handsome hardy perennial; grows about 3 feet high and produces rich lavender-blue flowers in great profusion the whole length of the branches. A valuable plant for the border, blooming continuously from early in September until cut by frost
1.75
5.00
40.00

CASSIA (Indian Senna).
Marylandica. Handsome pinnate foliage and numerous racemes of showy yellow flowers; an extremely desirable plant of the easiest culture

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## CAMPANULA - Bellflower

Indispensable hardy garden flowers, of much variety of form some being of tall and imposing habit, while others are dwarf, compact little plants, suitable tor edging, rockwork, etc. They like a good, rich soil, and last much longer in bloom if planted in a half-shady place.

Three Doz. 100

Bononiensis. Small, blue flowers borne profusely on slender stems. June. $21 / 2$
feet . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1.20 \quad 3.50$
25.00

Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). A pretty species growing in compact tufts, not exceeding 8 inches high; flowers clear blue, held erect on wiry stems. It begins blooming in June, continuing until October. As an edging for a hardy border or for the rockery it is unsurpassed.
Carpatica alba. A pure white form of the preceding ....................................
Divaricata (North Carolina Harebell).
Strong plants .............................. Strong plants
3.00
20.00

Elegans. Fine Campanula for borders and rockeries. Height 18 inches. Blooms all Summer

Garganica. A gem for the rock garden. Forms a low, spreading tuft which in June is covered with starry, light blue flowers having a white eye. Exquisite hanging over a rock
1.7
5.00
40.00

Glomerata var. dahurica. A favorite oldfashioned harbaceous plant producing deep blue flowers in large, close heads. Height 18 inches
1.10
3.25
22.50

Lactifiora alba magnifica. A beautiful variety from the Imperial Gardens of Petrograd, producing spikes 3 feet high, bearing large, white flowers. New and choice. The true variety .

Lactiflora coerulea. Pale blue flowers during July and August. 2112 feet ..... 1.103.2522.50

Latifolia macrantha. 3 feet. June and July. Very handsome, enormous drooping bells of fine satiny lilac and deep purplish shades
Muralis. Very dwarf plant covered with blue-purple flowers in June. Fine for wall or rock garden. The most popular wall plant or rock plant of the entire Campanula group

Persicifolia grandiflora alba (White). One of the finest Campanulas, with large, handsome white, bell-shaped flowers. A great acquisition. Height 2 feet . . . . . . 1.10
1.10

Persicifolia grandiflora coerulea (Blue). An excellent companion to the white variety, the large bright blue flowers making an effective contrast. Height 2
$\qquad$
Pyramidalis. Produces spikes from 4 to 6 feet long covered with blue star-shaped flowers during the entire Summer; excellent plant with Delphinium in background in the hardy border...............

Pyramidalis white. Similar to the above, producing white flowers ................... Harebells). 1 foot. June to August. In the wild it is more slender and taller than in the garden; clear blue flowers. Especially suited for crevices in the rock garden, or steep slopes, if planted to show pendent habit
1.35
3.75
27.50

Trachelium (Coventry Bells). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Sturdy, hairy plant, with light purple. somewhat drooping flowers
1.40
4.00
30.00

Turbinata. A beautiful variety, forming close mats of foliage and bearing large saucer cups of blue, sitting close to the plant and fairly smothering it. June and July ....................................................

Turbinata alba. Similar to the above with large, white flowers ................. 1.60


Campanula Carpatica Alba.


Campanula Garganica.


Campanula Rotundifolia.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Catananche Coerulea.


Centaurea Montana.


Cerastium Tomentosum.
Showy rock or wall plant, easy to grow.

## Campanula Medium - Canterbury Bells

These imposing biennials are profusely covered with large, bellshaped flowers; extremely showy in mixed borders. Height 3 feet. Plants potted in October make most beautiful plants for the conservatory and greenhouse in the Spring, coming into flower, without being forced in any way, about two months before those in open ground.


CARLINA (Charlemagne's Thistle).
Acaulis. Hardy Perennial. An Alpine thistle with an immense, stemless flower head which, when dried, is silvery brown. Leaves are intensely spiny and very silvery, makine a handsome subject for the rockery. Rare. Each, 75 c .
CATANANCHE (Cupid's Dart).
Caerulea. 2 feet. July and August. Heads of pretty deep blue flowers on long stems. Profuse and excellent cut flowers ............................................... center ..........................................

CENTAUREA (Hardheads or Knapweed).
Makes a fine display in the border; also excellent for cutting.
rose-pink Three Doz. 100 flowers. June-July. 2 feet ..............
Macrocephala. Large thistle-like, golden yellow flowers; useful for cutting and showy in borders. July and August. $31 / 2$ feet . . ....................................
Montana (Perennial Cornflower). Grows 2 feet high, bearing large, violet-blue $\begin{array}{ll}.85 & 2.50 \\ & 18.00\end{array}$
Montana alba .................................. some, lemon-yellow flowers. July and September. 5 feet
$.85 \quad 2.50$
18.00
$3.75 \quad 27.50$
CENTRANTHUS (See Valeriana).
CEPHALARIA (Roundhead).
Tatarica. 6 feet. July and August. Flat heads of showy cream-white flowers. Suited for rear or borders, where effects are desired ......................................

CERASTIUM (Snow-in-Summer).
Tomentosum. A low-growing plant having silvery white foliage and producing an abundance of snow-white flowers. Especially suitable for rock or border purposes

## CERATOSTIGMA (See Plumbago Larpentae).

CHEIRANTHUS (Siberian Wallflower).
Allioni. A beautiful rock plant. Dazzling fiery orange flowers, on stems about a foot high. Best used as a biennial as it frequently blooms itself to death........
1.00
3.00
20.00

CHELONE (Shellflower).
Handsome perennials, growing about two feet high, and bearing numerous spikes of large flower heads. Summer and Fall.
Glabra alba. Terminal spikes of creamy
white flowers $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
Iyoni. Heads of showy purplish red flowers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00 3.00 20.00

## CIMICIFUGA (Snakeroot).

Racemosa. Handsome shade-loving plant bearing in July and August spikes of pure white flowers; well suited for planting at the back of border, or for naturalizing at the edge of the woods. 4 to 6
feet

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS

## GARDEN VARIETIES

The following varieties are perfectly hardy if grown in a place not too wet. After through flowering cut the dead stalks down to within two or three inches of the ground and cover with dry leaves. In the Spring, after they start to grow, divide so one shoot will remain for the future plant
$23 / 4$-inch pots will be supplied in the Spring from March 1st until July 1st. In Autumn we supply field grown clumps.
Angelo. Very early, free-flowering, beautiful, light pink; flowers large, and a very hardy variety.
Adironda. Small, compact aster-flowered variety of medium height. Plant covered with bronze flowers early in the season Argenteuillais. Of medium height, early-flowering, scarlet bronzy flowers tipped with yellow. Flowers produced in great quantities. Plant very hardy.
Boston. Tall-growing, free-flowering and well branched heads The large flowers are late and of a beautiful bronzy orange. Very hardy.
Bronze Button. Late, free-flowering, of medium height, producing large heads of tiny button-like bronze colored flowers Very hardy and a great bloomer.
Brune Poitevine. Of medium height and very early. This is an outstanding tine variety. Flowers are large, of a deep velvety reddish bronze completely covering the plant.
Capt. R. H. Cook. A fine pompon-flowered late blooming variety. The flowers are a clear dark rose, rather tall grower. Carrie. As early as Glory of Seven Oaks and of practically the same habit, but the flowers are a clean, clear pale yellow. Excellent variety
Comoleta. Very tall growing sort. Late-flowering. Very large and double yellow flowers with reddish orange shadings
Edna. A fine dwarf variety producing quantities of small blushpink flowers two inches in diameter. Late-flowering.
Excelsior. A very hardy and easily grown Mum. Medium early. About 24 inches high. Produces an abundance of shaggy, deep yellow flowers. Good for cutting.
Firelight. Tall, midseason-flowering pompon. Very showy spikes covered with heads of red flowers tipped with copper. Very hardy.
Glory of Seven Oaks. The earliest flowering outdoor Mum. Does not grow very tall, but a marvelous bloomer. Flowers are a deep golden yellow, completely covering the plant.
Globe d'Or. Dwarf midseason, free-flowering sort. Produces clusters of canary-yellow flowers, two inches across with dark center.
Harvest Home. Beautiful midseason-flowering variety. Medium height and covered with large golden yellow flowers about 3 inches across.
Idolph. About 18 to 24 inches high. Midseason, flowering very profusely. Produces light rose-pink, very double flowers with yellow center.
Indian. Late-flowering, very hardy variety of medium height Flowers are shaggy and of peculiarly pleasing coppery red shade. A good sort.
Lucifer. Late-flowering hardy sort. Rather tall growing with excellent ox-blood-red flowers. Good hardy sort
Marie Antoinette. A late, sure blooming sort, bushy and very free-flowering. Excellent deep pink flowers.
Mitzi. A delightfully free-flowering variety. Rather late but the small, brilliant clear yellow flowers light up the garden. The best and hardiest yellow button variety.
Mrs. F. H. Bergen. Midseason-flowering, of medium height. Large, bright pink flowers with deep pink center.
Mrs. Hi. Craig. Very early-flowering sort, rather dwarf in growth. Large, shaggy yellow flowers overlaid with orange crimson.
Mrs. F. Harrison. Medium height. Plant produces large clusters of fine, full double pink flowers with cream-pink center Excellent pompon.
Mrs. Phillips. Large, daisy-like single pink flowers with clear yellow center, 3 to 4 inches across. An outstanding single variety. Midseason-flowering, medium height.
Nellie Blake. A fine aster-flowered type. Midseason. Flowers a rich reddish copper, long lasting.
Nellie Kleris. Midseason, of medium height with splendid clear pink blossoms. Petals are decidedly incurved, and compact. Two inches across.
Oconto. Tall growing, midseason with large pure white flowers with cream clusters carried on good strong stems. Ex-
cellent cut flower sort. Flowers often 4 to 5 inches across
October Gold. Medium height, midseason-flowering. Produces large, loose golden yellow flowers with pink sheen near the base. Opens orange-red, changes to golden yellow.
Ouray. Medium height, early-flowering. Flowers are good sized pompons about $11 / 2$ inches in diameter, carried on strong stiff stems. Color is a very brilliant, dark scarlet with copper glow. We consider this the most brilliant Chrysanthemum.
Petite 工ouise. One of Tottys splendid introductions. Very early flowering and of medium height. Plants completely hidden by pale pink, shaggy flowers about three inches across. A very free-flowering sort and great favorite.
Provence. Early and dwarf, very free-flowering sort. Pale pink flowers fading to white with yellow center. Excellent cut flower and hardy.
Rose Travena. Late-flowering, rather tall with very large, deep rose-pink blossoms. A good hardy variety
Ruth. A button-shaped variety. Rather late-flowering but always good. The small blossoms are a brilliant claret-red.
Skibo. A very early-flowering pompon type of medium height. Plant covered with blossoms which open bronze, changing to a rich yellow retaining a small bronzy center. Flowers about $11 / 2$ inches across. Very hardy variety.


Chrysanthemum, Mrs. Phillips.


Chrysanthemum, White Doty.


Chrysanthemum, Glory of Seven Oaks.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Daisy, Glory of Wayside.


Pyrethrum Uliginosum.
Also Known as Chrysanthemum Uliginosum.


Cypripedium Acaule.

## GARDEN CHRYSANTHEMUMS-Continued

Snowdrop. Midseason and of medium height, plant rather loosely formed. The best pure white button known, is very hardy.
Tints of Gcld. Early-flowering, of medium height. Flowers are large, of rich golden yellow suffused with red near base of petals. Very striking variety.
White Doty. Late-flowering, tall and upright, very stiff stem carries flowers high where they will not get soiled. A splendid pure white pompon.
Wm. Sobey. Early-flowering, medium height; flowers are asterlike and a fine, clear yellow. Very hardy.
Zelia. Midseason and rather tall with old-fashioned large orange flowers produced in quantity. A splendid outdoor variety.

## 12 Favorite Sorts

Price, three for 85 c ; doz., $\$ 2.50$; 100, $\$ 15.00$.
Over a period of years, we have kept a record of the Chryanthemums most often selected by customers who visited our grounds while they were in bloom. This selection we consider very valuable and fine as these sorts have given best results over a long period.
The varieties are as follows:

| Argenteuillais | Mrs. Fhillips | Mitzi |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Carrie | Oconto |  |
| Ouray | October Gold | Mrs. F. Hergen |
| Harvest Home | Capt. R. H. Cook | Bronze Button |
| Snowdrop |  |  |

We will furnish one each of these varieties with names for \$3.00. Simply order "One collection of 12 favorite sorts." (No need to write all the names).

## HARDY <br> GARDEN CHRYSANTHEMUMS

## HARDY OLD-FASHIONED VARIETIES

We collected from old gardens some of the old-fashioned Chrysanthemums which are very hardy and which bloom in October and November, after all other outdoor flowers are gone. Often in bloom when the snow is on the ground; are very showy. 3 to 4 feet high. When in bloom are a perfect mass of flowers.

Old-fashioned Hardy Pink .............. $\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 20.00$

| Old-fashioned Hardy Red | . 85 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Old-fashioned Hardy White | . 85 | 2.50 | 18.00 |

Old-fashioned Hardy Yellow . . . . . . . . . . . . $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
(The above varieties are supplied in strong, field-grown plants).

## CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM Shasta Daisy

The improved varieties of Marguerite, all allied to the Shasta Daisy that adorns our fields in the Spring, are among the most useful of our garden flowers. Not only have these flowers been greatly improved in size and form, but there are now early and late blooming varieties which give a succession of long-stemmed flowers so available for decoration during four months of the year. Glory of Wayside is a variety worthy of attention, and Etoile d'Or is robust and free flowering. Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell has enormous flowers with strong stems.

Alaska. Handsome plant, with large, glis- Three Doz. 100 tening white blossoms in June and July. $\$ 0.85 \quad \$ 2.50 \quad \$ 18.00$
Etoile d'Or. Another of the large-flowered English type, producing the largest and best flowers of any we have.. July to September
Glory of Wayside. Abundant small flowers and blooms early in May; excellent for rock garden .................................
Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell. Very large, perfectly formed flowers. Continuous August ...................................... $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
Sutton's May Queen. Not one of the largest, but one of the earliest; similar to the Hartje \& Elder Daisy but with a better stem. Flowering for Decoration Day, it is one of our most valuable cut flower varieties

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum and Species

Three Doz. 100
Arcticum (The Arctic Daisy). Among Fallflowering perennials this is a perfect gem. It forms an attractive rosettelike clump of pretty dark green foliage, and in September multitudes of flower stems appear, terminated by pure white flowers 2 to $21 / 2$ inches in diameter. These begin to develop during the last week in September, and continue in good condition throughout October, and frequently into November ......................
Leucanthemum flore pleno (Double white Shasta Daisy) Flowers double, pure white, of medium size, excellent for cutting; each plant produces from 30 to 50 flowers: perfectly hardy without any protection. May and June fowering..
Uliginosum (syn. Pyrethrum). Giant Daisy. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, covered with large, white, daisy-like flowers with large, white, daisy-like fowers zawadsky. A dwarf growing midsummerflowering Daisy with pale pink flowers. Good for front or border
.
1.40
.85
2.50
18.00

## CLEMATIS, DWARF (Shrubby).

Davidiana. A most desirable variety with fresh, bright green foliage and tubular bell-shaped flowers of deep lavender-blue during August and September; deliciously fragrant. $21 / 2$ feet..
Integrifolia coerulea. A good border plant, growing from 18 to 24 inches high, producing its small but interesting porcelain blue flowers from June to August
Recta. Grows from 2 to 3 feet high, and produces fragrant, pure white flowers in very large, showy clusters during June and July ............................... 1.40 4.00
30.00

CLEMATIS, CLIMBING VARIETIES (See Vines, page 57).
COTONEASTER (See page 59).
COREOPSIS (Tickseed).
Grandiflora. An improved variety with large, bright yellow flowers; one of the best hardy plants. Fine for cut flowers all Summer long $.75 \quad 2.00$
15.00

CORYDALIS (Fumitory).
Ornamental, early-flowering plants, especially useful for shady positions but requiring good drainage.

Three Doz.
100
Cheilanthifolia. Handsome variety with fern-like foliage and long spikes of yellow blossoms, 10 to 12 inches in height. prefers rich, well drained, stony soil. Very rare and perfectly hardy; does well in shade

CONVALLARIA (Lily-of-the-Valley).
Majalis. This popular and fragrant subject repays for being well treated. Grand for massing near shrubs or along shaded borders. Clumaps (in Fall only) 2.00
6.00
(Our clumps are grown from the finest type of imported Fortin stock and far superior to the common native sort).
Imported Pips (Berlin strain) $\qquad$ .50
1.50
10.00

CORONILLA (Crown Vetch).
Varia. A strong creeper; good for cover-
ing rough banks; showy heads of pink
and white, pea-shaped flowers. 1 to 2
feet. June-August ........................ . 1.10
$3.25 \quad 22.50$
CODONOPSIS.
Ovata. Twining in habit; 10 to 12 inches high; pale blue flowers; needs protection in Winter

## CRUCIANELLA (Crosswort).

Stylosa. Early-flowering, hardy perennial, suitable for rock work; bright purple, ball-shaped flowers. Height 6 inches.
Unique


Coreopsis Grandifiora.


Cimicifuga Racemosa.


Crucianella Stylosa.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Wayside Gardens Unnamed Hybrid Delphinium. Equal to "The World's Finest."


Delphinium Belladonna. Improved type.

## CYPRIPEDIUM (Lady's Slipper).

Hardy orchids that thrive in a moist, peaty soil in shade or partial shade; flowers are very interesting with their odd shapes and uncommon colors and markings.
r).

Acuale (Lady's Slipper; Moccasin Flower). This is of ten called the Red Lady Slipper, but the flower is rose-purple in color . ..........................................
Very much like Parvinorum, only the flowers are larger This should be planted in a rich bed in which leaf-mold should be a part, in some moist, yet well drained shady spot ..................
Spectabile (Showy Lady's Slipper). The finest and most showy of all our orchids. It grows about two feet high, bearing along the stalk several rather large, roundish leaves, and on top one or two quite large, rose-purple or nearly white flowers

DAPHNE (See Shrubs, page 59).
Bushy plants, $10-12$ inches in diameter $\begin{gathered}\text { Each } \\ \$ 1.50 \\ \$ 15.00\end{gathered} \quad \$ 110.00$ sushy plants, $12-16$ inches in diameter.. $2.50 \quad 27.00$

DESMODIUM (Tick Trefoil).
Penduliflorum. An exceedingly graceful
shrublike nlant covered with purplish
else is in bloom Strikingly beautiful
$\$ 5.50$
$\$ 45.00$

## DELPHINIUM - Larkspur

English Delphiniums are the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation, for they have such an immense variety of beauty and increase in size, in beauty, and often in quantity, year after year.
The culture of Delphiniums is exceedingly simple. The soil may be a rich, friable loam, which suits them finely; but any soil, even hot and sandy, if well watered and manured, will give excellent results. A succession of flowers may be expected from Spring to early Autumn, especially if the spikes which have done flowering early, be cut down to the ground; fresh growth will then be produced which will give blossoms. Coal ashes strewn over the crowns will protect the plants from slugs through the Winter and Spring.

## Choicest Wayside Gardens Hybrids

Here offered are the newest, the best and the finest to be secured anywhere. The range of colors varies from the palest shade of blue to the deepest indigo blue and royal purple with many intermediary pastel tones of mauve, pink and lavender blendings. Among these new hybrids are flowers of huge size in both single and double forms. This strain has been raised from seed saved from the finest named kinds in creation. Visitors at our nursery praclaim them the best thoy have ever seen. Those who wish to perfect their already much prized borders cannot afford to overlook these wonderful hybrids. ree for $\$ 2.00$; doz., $\$ 5.50$; $100, \$ 45.00$.

## Gold Medal Hybrids

They are made up from the following strains: Blackmore \& Langdon's, Watkins', Samuell's, Kelway's, and Vanderbilt's. All familiar with Delphiniums know that these firms are careru growers and well known specialists. Three Doz. 100 Strong, 1-year-old plants $\qquad$ . . . . . . . Strong, 2-year-old plants $\qquad$
Belladonna. They are our best blue cut flowers, are perfectly hardy and established plants produce a number of spikes, giving three crops during the season. They are in demand by every florist for decorating, the light blue Belladonna combining especially well with other flowers. The two-and threeyear old plants of Belladonna can be forced in the greenhouse to great advantage. 2-year. Light sky-blue ....................... $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
Bellamosa. A dark blue of the type of Belladonna with the color of the old Formosum variety, but not liable to mildew like the latter and of stronger growth.

|  |  | Three | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-year. | Dark blue | \$0.75 | \$2.00 | \$15.00 |
| 2-year. | Dark blue | 1.00 | 3.00 | 20.00 |

hinense. A very pretty variety, with fine feathery foliage and intense gen-tian-blue flowers in open panicles ......
Chinense album. A pure white form of the above ....................................... udicaule. A awse orange-red flowers producing intense orange-red fowers .. 1.10

The Wayside Gardens Company，Mentor，Ohio

## DIANTHUS • Pinks

## EYBZID GARDFN PINKS

Without the spicy fragrance of the Hardy Pinks a garden is incomplete．Their perfect form and rich coloring make them great favorites for edging flower beds，garden walks and drives． Three Doz． 100
Annie Iaurie．A large flower of orchid color with wine－red ring in center，very free flowering．Being sweet scented and perfectly hardy makes this variety a greet addition ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Abboteford．Deep crimson with white markings．One of the best ．．．．．．．．．．．．
Lisia Deep rose－pink，flowers all sum
上ssex Witch Delicate pink；finely fringed de 工yon．Brilliant crimson，the first of this color in the true hardy Pinks； grows about a foot high and produces masses of clove－scented flowers in May and June
Fer majerty．Very large；purest white．variety，producing perfectly formed，deep pink flowers；sweet scented．．．．

Mrs．Simpldns．Pure white；sweet scented
Rose de May．A new delightful Hardy Pink of neet habit produces throughout the Summer delicate pink clove－scented the summer delicate pink clove－scented
White Reserve．Continuous flowering pure white

## DIANTHUS A工LWOODI

## （New Perpetual－Flowering Fardy Pink）

This is a most important addition to our list of perpetual plants． They are perfectly hardy and flower continuously from early Spring until late in Autumn；the flowers are much more sub－ stantial and larger than the old type of Hardy Pinks，and are borne on long stems suitable for cutting；deliciously clove scented．All good，thrifty，young plants．

Doz． 100
Jean．Pure white with a deep violet
\＄3．75 \＄27．50
Joyce．Soft rose－pink with amaranth－red center
Peggy．Pinkish maroon，delicately fringed． 1.4
Robert．Old rose－pink with maroon cen－
mixed．Single and double；ail colors
1.35
4.00
30.00
27.50

Strong，field－grown plants ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1.4
4.00
30.00

## DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS（Clove Pinks）

Pink，purplish and white，fragrant flowers on long spikes．Hand－ some，glaucous green foliage．For border or rock garden．It will bloom continuously if flowers are cut off when they begin to fade．

Three Doz． 100
Semperfiorens fiore pleno．Double and
single blooms．Blooms throughout the
Summer
$\$ 0.85$
$\$ 2.50$
$\$ 18.00$

## DIANTHUS HEDDEWIGI（Japanese Pinks）

Flowers are very large and of the most brilliant colors，varying from pure white to the richest crimson，while many are beau－ tifully laced or striped．For bedding purposes they are of im－ mense value during the entire Summer，and they also furnish elegant flowers for bouquets．
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Three } & \text { Doz．} & 10.85 \\ \$ 2.50 & \$ 18.00\end{array}$

## DIANTEUS BARBATUS（Sweet William）

The Sweet William is a fine plant which produces great masses of bloom of extremely rich and varied colors．The flowers are lasting and fine for cutting
Because of the fact that it has been practically impossible to get good seeds of these plants in this country，we offer plants raised from Sutton＇s seeds from England．and use their color description
－
Sutton＇s Fairy．Charming variety of re
cent introduction，with delicately tinted
than，and quite distinct from，our Pink Beauty
$\$ 0.75$
$\$ 2.00$
$\$ 15.00$
Sutton＇s Giant White．Enormous trusses which might well be mistaken for per－ Which might well be mistaken for per－ edged flowers exceed the size of a florin．
Sutton＇s Pink Beauty．We have succeeded in fixing the shade of this beautiful sal－ mon－pink variety，which should be grown in every garden
Sutton＇s Rich Crimson．The richest Sweet William known；although very dark，it is a bright color
Sutton＇s Scarlet．A still more remarkable color than our Pink Beauty，from which this variety has been selected．The flow－ ers are of an intense scarlet，similar to that of Grenadin Carnation．A bed in the distance is verv striking．．．．．．．．．．．．
Sutton＇s Mixed shades．Include all the various tints，which give a most pleas－ ing and harmonious effect

2． 0
$75 \quad 2.00$
15.00
$75 \quad 2.00 \quad 15.00$
$\begin{array}{lll}.75 & 2.00 & 15.00\end{array}$
$75 \quad 2.00$
15.00


Dianthus Arenarius Growing in Wall．


Dianthus Heddewigi．


Dianthus Plumarius in Rock Garden．

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Dianthus Deltoides.


Dianthus Caesius.


Dianthus Speciosus.


Dielytra Spectabilis.

## Dianthus Species

Suitable for dry rockeries, dry walls or any other hot, dry sunny spot. Almost all Pinks are of the easiest culture and will thrive in any well drained soil and sunny position.

Alpinus Allwoodi. New perpetual-flowering type. This is one of the loveliest of all rockery Pinks, with glossy leaves and large flowers of brilliant rose, produced during June and July. It thrives best in loam with some lime added and perhaps a little shade during the hottest part of the Summer. A gem for the rock part of the Summer. A gem for the rock
garden. 6 inches ..............................
Arenarius (Sand-Loving Pink). This Pink delights in a sandy soil and sun. Flowers white with carmine ring, deeply fringed and fragrant. Excellent for dry, hot places. 6 inches ........................
Caesius grandifiorus (Cheddar Pink). It is very compact in growth and makes a cushion of glaucous leaves from which, in May, spring the sweet smelling, rose colored flowers. It varies as much as from four inches to ten inches in height. It is easily grown and very fine for the rock garden
1.35
$3.75 \quad 27.50$
Cruentus. Dense heads of flowers on long stems. Deep red. Fine border plant..
Deltoides (Maiden Pink). A beautiful little plant with narrow leaves and bearing a profusion of small, crimson flowers during June and July. Easily grown on rockery ..........................
Deltoides albus. A charming white form of the above variety ......................
Deltoides "Brilliant." Glowing crimsonred; a most striking rock plant . . . . . . . . .
Knappi. Loose, straggling growth but worth growing for its clear yellow blossoms. When planting, place high in the rockery where the stems may fall over without moiling the flowers. The only vellow pink know
Speciosus. A free-flowering, lavenderpink variety; flowers are finely cut, giving a lacy effect; wonderfully sweet scented, growing anywhere like all other varieties under this heading; the hotter and dryer the spot the more they are at home
Sylvestris (Wood Pink) Bluish foliag and salmon-pink flowers on stems about a foot high. Likes an open, sunny place in stony loam and a slight covering of stone chips upon the surrounding soil is beneficial

DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant).
The Dictamnus is one of the most satisfactory hardy plants in cultivation, both on account of splendid flowers and its rich, in cultivation, b

| dirable |  | Doz | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fraxinella alba | 0 | \$4.75 | \$35.00 |
| Fraxinella rubra | 1.60 | 4.75 | 35.00 |

## DIELYTRA OR DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart).

A hardy perennial with heart-shaped, rose colored flowers in drooping spikes. The base of the flower is furnished with two sheath-like spurs. One of the best border plants; perfectly hardy and easily cultivated. Flowers in April or May. The Bleeding Heart is one of the choicest members of the oldfashioned gardens. They prefer the shaded nooks in the border.
Eximia (Plumy Bleeding Heart). A dwarf
Three Doz. 100
growing sort, with beautiful finely cut
foliage and showy racemes of pretty
pink flowers throughout the season. Too
much cannot be said for this fine border
plant as it is equally at home in full
shade or sun and perfectly hardy any-
where. Will grow in any climate under
any conditions.
$\begin{array}{lcrrrr}\text { 2-year-old } & \text {. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \$ 1.00 & \$ 3.00 & \$ 20.00 \\ \text { 1-year-old (Strong) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } & .85 & 2.50 & 18.00\end{array}$
Spectabilis (Bleeding Heart or Seal Flower). An old-fashioned favorite; its long racemes of graceful heart-shaped pink flowers are always attractive; it is used largely for forcing and is perfectly at home in any part of the hardy border, and especially valuable for planting in clumps. Each, 75 c

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## DIGITALIS (Foxglove).

For stately and picturesque beauty it is not to be surpassed, and, planted in masses in the garden among shrubs or naturalized on the edge of woods, in the orchards or along brooks, it is extremely effective and satisfactory. It is a biennial, but, as it renews itself from self-sown seed, it may be treated as a perennial.

Giant Shirley Foxglove. They are a genuine "Shirley" production of extraordinary size and vigor, growing 5 to 6 feet tall. The flower heads are over 3 feet long, crowded with big, bell-shaped blossoms. Colors range from white and shell-pink to deepest rose, many attract ively dotted with crimson or chocolate. $\$ 1.00$
$\$ 3.00$
$\$ 20.00$
Ambigua or grandifiora. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. A hardy plant, with yellowish flowers, marked with brown. Effective in groups in wild garden ................
Gloxiniaeflora. 3 to 4 feet. June and July. A popular variety, deep purple. Robust habit

Gloxiniaeflora rosea. 3 to 4 feet; June and July; tall spikes of rose-pink flowers...
Gloxiniaeflora alba. 2 feet. June and July. The white-flowered Foxglove ..
Gloxiniaeflora, Mixed Colors. Fine new strain

Three Doz. 100 strain
Isabellina. Mr. Perry of England claims this to be the best yellow yet introduced
1.10
$3.25 \quad 22.50$

## DODECATHEON.

Meadia (Shooting Star). Native. A pretty, smooth perennial, with rose colored or sometimes white flowers in May or June. This is sometimes called "American Cyclamen." It thrives in rich, moist woods, or in the open border $\qquad$

## DORONICUM (Leopardbane).

Cancasicum. Large, bright yellow flowers; one of the most effective early Spring-flowering perennials. Effective as a single plant, or in a hardy border. It is a splendid flower for cutting, as it carries well and stands a long time in water. They succeed well everywhere.. 2.00
6.00

อั 0.00
DRABA (Whitlow Grass).
One of the important Spring-flowering plants for the rockery. lery dwarf and compact with numerous small flowers in early Spring. They require an open soil and sunny position.

Bruniaefolia. A very hardy species from the Arctic regions. Produces a profusion of yellow flowers from March to May Fine for rock garden ...................... ${ }^{(0.75}$
$\$ 9.00$

## DRACOCEPHALUM (Dragonhead).

Very showy border plants when in flower. Hardy. Delight in a cool situation

## Three Doz.

Euyschianum japonicum. Flowers white;
central lobe of corolla with a blue bor
der and white spots, might be called a
blue Physostegia. 2 feet ................. $\$ 1.1$
$\$ 3.25 \quad \$ 22.50$
DRYAS (Mountain Avens).
Shrubby plants for the rock garden, having oak-like leaves and branching stems. They can be grown in any good, stony soil, in full sun, and should be left undisturbed as long as possible.

Each Doz. 100
Octopetala. Very choice sub-shrub for the Alpine garden. Forms flat carpets of deep green foliage and when well established, bears immense anemone-like blossoms of white. Very choice ....... $\$ 0.75$
$0.75 \quad \$ 9.00$

## ECHINACEA (Coneflower).

(See Rudbeckia purpurea).

## ECHINOPS (Globe Thistle).

| Three | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ritro. Interesting and showy thistle-like 100 |  |  |
| plants with blue flowers, which can be |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| dried and remain attractive for a long |  |  |
| time. 2 to 3 feet . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.00$ | \$3.00 | \$20.00 |
| Humilis cyanea. Grows three to four feet |  |  |
| igh and is a striking plant in the hardy |  |  |
| border; spiny foliage with large, blue |  |  |
| heads which are splendid as cut flowers |  |  |
| or dried for Winter bouquets ......... 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |

EDELWEISS (See Leontopodium).


Doronicum Caucasicum.


Shirley Hybrid Digitalis.


Dodecatheon Media.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Eupatorium Coelestinum.


Erodium.


Erinus Alpinus.

EDRAIANTHUS (Wahlenbergia).
Dalmaticus. Low border or rock Three Doz. 100
about 3 to 4 inches high producing blunt
fowers not unlike the Platycodon; this
flant is very rare .......................... $\$ 1$.
$\$ 1.75$
$\$ 5.00$
$\$ 40.00$
EPIGAEA.
Repens (Trailing Arbutus; Mayflower).
Likes acid soil, therefore plant in some
place where lime will not hurt it.
Strong plants
1.4
4.00
30.00

EPILOBIUM (Willow Herb).


EPIMEDIUM (Barren-wort; Bishop's Hat).
Interesting plants with hard, almost evergreen leaves; excellent
for shady places in border and rock garder; fine plant for edging in shade.

Sulphureum. A dwarf-growing plant suitable for a shady position in the rock garden or edge of border, with leathery, bronzy foliage and panicles of small sulphur-yellow flowers in May ......... $\$ 1.75 \quad \$ 5.00 \quad \$ 40.00$
Violaceum. Similar to the above, with
reddish violet flowers in May
5.00
40.00

ERIANTHUS (Plume Grass).
(See Grasses).

## EREMURUS.

A complete collection of these is offered in our import bulb catalog. Prices and list of varieties will be sent on request.

## ERIGERON (Fleabane).

A very effective genus of Michaelmas Daisy-like plants usually with pink and purple fowers. They flourish in any garden soil, are indispensable for groups and flower borders, and are excellent for cutting. June to August.
flowers; very effective ...................\$0.85 \$2.50 \$18.00
Speciosus. 2 feet. June and July. Large,
handsome blue flowers, violet tinted and yellow centers; fine for cutting

$$
.85 \quad 2.50
$$

18.00

## ERINUS.

Alpinus roseus. Pretty rosettes of foliage and racemes of rosy purple flowers. A first rate rock plant and also invaluable for establishing on old walls or between
steps. 4 inches. May-June ............ 1.20 3.50 25.00
Alpinus albus. White form of the above. . $1.20 \quad 3.50 \quad 25.00$

## ERODIUM (Heron's Bill).

Very choice and valuable race of plants belonging to the Geranium family. Prefer light, rich soil and sunny position. Perfectly hardy.

Three Doz. 100 finely cut it has a lacy appearance. Small pink blossoms, streaked with black ......................................... $\$ 1.75$ \$5.00 $\$ 40.00$
Romanum. Silvery foliage with leaves simply cut. The flower stems are about six inches high, with heads of about six bright pink blossoms

ERYNGIUM (Sea Holly).
Finely cut, spiny foliage and thistle-like heads of flowers of a beautiful steel blue. Very decorative in the hardy border, and useful for dry bouquets in Winter.
Amethystinum (syn. oliverianum). The true blue Thistle, with amethyst stems and bracts .................................. 1.35 \$3.75 \$27.50

Planum. Branching heads of steel-blue flowers; stems and bracts of a glistening metallic sheen
2.50
18.00

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## ERYSIMUM (Hedge Mustard).

These plants do well in the front row of a border and on dry banks. They like full exposure to sunlight, and in the Spring months are completely covered with bright flowers.
 plant with sulphur-yellow flowers.
6 inches high, good rock plant .......\$1.00 $\$ 3.00 \quad \$ 20.00$

## EULALIA (See Grass).

EUPATORIUM (Hardy Ageratum).
Ageratoldes (Thoroughwort). A useful border plant of strong, free growth, 3 to $31 / 2$ feet high, with minute white flowers in dense heads; splendid for cutting. August and September .......
Coelestioum. A pretty hardy plant, with light purple flowers similar to the ageratum; in flower from August until frost.
12 to 24 inches. Good cut flower
3.00
1.00
3.00
20.00

## EUPHORBIA (Milkwort).

Corollata (Flowering Spurge) Showy and useful native plant growing about 18 inches high, and bearing from June till August umbels of pure whito flowtill August umbels of pure white flow- 1.0
Myrainites. A pretty prostrate species, bluish foliage, with crowded heads of yellow flowers
Polychroma (Exithymoides). A beautiful formal plant growing one foot high, forming a hemispherical clump covered with yellow flowers in May and June. Excellent border or rock plant .......... 1.
1.40
4.00
30.00

## FERNS

## HARDY VARIETIES

The cultivation of Hardy Ferns is remarkably simple. All they want is a light alluvial soil, a little loam and peat or leaf-mould sufficient to keep the soil light and open, plenty of moisture, position varying from partial to deep shade. The aspleniums and many others will grow on walls, chinks of rocks, etc. Many will revel in full sunshine in any ordinary border.

Aspidium acrostichoides (Wood Fern).
(Polystichum). An evergreen species with deep green, divided fronds. Should be planted in a shady position. 12 inches
1.00
3.00
20.00

Aspidium spiaulosum (Dryopteris spinulosa). Spinulosa Wood Fern. An evergreen varlety that requires rich, well drained soil. 18 to 24 inches ........... 1.00
3.00
20.00

Asplenium filix-foemina (Lady Fern). Grows in shade or sun. Large and handsome. 3 feet . .........................
Dicksonia punctilobria (Dennstaedtia punctilobula). Hay-scented or Gossamer Fern. Grows well in either sun or shade. 18 to 24 inches. Very erect with broad fronds, of a soft, woolly texture. 1.00
1.00
3.00
20.00

Onoclea sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). Requires wet places either in sun or shade. quires wet places either in sun or shade. 1.00
3.00

Osmunda cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). Erect fronds, drooping at tips, with bright cinnamon colored spores at end of fronds; a very conspicuous variety ....
Osmunda Claytoniana (Interrupta). A distinct and very beautiful native species foliage velvety green, with prominent brown spores in middle of fronds ......
Osmunda regalis (The Royal Fern). Wonderful in damp, marshy places, where its rich yellowish green foliage and golden stems make very striking subjects .....

$$
1.10
$$

Struthiopteris germanica. (The Ostrich Fern). A very graceful species with finely cut pinnules, growing 2 to 3 feet high

$$
3.25
$$

Woodsia obtusa. Large rosettes of curious hoary foliage. Fronds one foot in length; very free growing


Eaphorbia


Adiantum Pedatum.
One of our finest wild Ferns. Give it moisture and shade.


Ferns.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Funkia Variegata.


Gaillardia-Giant English Hybrids.


Gentiana Andrewsi.

## FEVERFEW (Matricaria).

ittle Gem Three Doz. 100 and valuable Summer cut flower, with large, double, white flowers. June until October. 18 to 24 inches ..............\$0.85 $\$ 2.50 \quad \$ 18.00$

Golden Ball. Dwarf yellow form of above. .85 2.50 18.00
FOXGLOVE (See Digitalis).
FUMARIA (See Corydalis).

## FUNKIA (Hosta; Plantain Lily).

The Plantain Lilies are among the easiest plants to manage; their broad, massive foliage makes them attractive subjects for the border even when not in flower. They succeed equally well in sun or shade.

Coerulea lanceolata. Broad green leaves; blue flowers in July to August..........\$1.10 \$3.25 \$22.50
Glauca. A very pretty Japanese species, with distinctive bluish foliage ......... $1.40 \quad 4.00 \quad 30.00$

Subcordata grandiflora.. Very large, pure white, lily-shaped, fragrant flowers in August and September ...................
Variegata. Variegated foliage; blue flowers. Beautiful edging plant ...........
Lancifolia. Long, narrow leaves, dull green produced in abundance; lilac-blue
flowers during July and August; excel-
lent plant of shade and edging .......... $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$

## GAILLARDIA - Blanket Flower

Improved English Strain. We consider the Gaillardia one of the most desirable hardy plants in cultivation, and our strain of these brilliant flowered plants to be the flnest extant. Though such an ornamental addition to the herbaceous border, the perennial Gaillardia is content with extremely simple treatment. Dig the soil deeply and enrich with well-rotted manure. We recommend the Gaillardia for bedding purposes as well as for borders. Everyone will have noticed how grandly Gaillardias have thriven through droughts; they seem hardly to need water. The gay blossoms are obtainable in perpetual profusion from June to November and the greater the drought and scarcity of other flowers the more the utility of the perennial Gaillardia is demonstrated. No more beautiful and brilliant sight can be imagined than a large bed of Gaillardias, with their profusion of highly colored flowers of all shades. Some of the varieties of our improved strain measure fully 5 inches in diameter.

Three Doz. 100
Giant Hybrids. Introduced from England
some few years ago. Large flowers; very
\&ne strain ....................................... $\$ 0.85$
$\$ 2.50$
$\$ 18.00$

GALEGA (Goat's Rue).
Showy plants of the easiest culture and very useful in the hardy border. They form very bushy plants with attractive foliage and pea-shaped flowers. Fine for cutting.

Officinalis nana rosea flore pleno. Very
fine double pink variety; rather rare..$\$ 1.10$ \$3.25 $\$ 22.50$

GENTIANA (Blue Gentian).

| Andrewsi. One of the most fascinating |
| :--- |
| native plants. The flowers, which are |
| tightly closed, are borne at the top of a |
| Stem from 6 to 8 inches long, and are |
| an intense deep blue. Blooms best in |
| moist places. July and October ........ 1.00 |
| Thibetica. Very hardy variety; creamy |
| white; dwarf in habit ......................... 1.40 |

GENISTA.
Saggitalis (Dwarf Prostrate Broom). stems curiously winged like an arrow. Heass of yellow flowers, 6 inches high,
flowering in June ........................... 1.40

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## GERANIUM (Crane's Bill).

Argenteum. Silvery leaved variety good for hot, dry places in rock or wail garden ..............................................

Ibericum. Handsome serrated foliage. Large, lilac-blue flowers, blooming all Summer; compact, bushy plants. 18 inches. Sold out for this season.

Pratense. Large blue flowers in pairs on stems $21 / 2$ feet high. Very handsome stems for border high. Very handsome plant for border ............................. riety of the Meadow Crane's Bill .......
Sanguineum. Attractive foliage and bright crimson flowers; 18 inches
Sanguineum album. Fine rock plant; white form of the above . . ........................ 1.20
1.20
3.50
25.00

GEUM (Avens).
Coccineum Mrs. Bradshaw (Chiloense). A splendid new variety, with large, double flowers of a fiery red, blooming nearly all Summer. Pèculiarly attractive. 18 inches
1.00
20.00

Lady Stratheden. A new introduction of great merit. Rich golden yellow blossoms, counterpart of G. Mrs. Bradshaw. Fine for hardy garden ..................... 1.00
20.00

## GRASSES, Hardy Ornamental

The ornamental Grasses can be used with telling effect in borders, large beds, or by the margin of ponds and lakes. They are often used with small shrubs and medium sized trees in wide borders. The Eulalias planted singly on lawns where the soil is deep and rich, take care of themselves and grow very rapidly into large specimens.
Elymus glaucus (Blue Lime Grass). Handsome Grass with narrow, glaucous silvery foliage. Well adapted for the border or edge of beds with taller sorts

Erianthus ravennae (Plume Grass or Hardy Pampas). 10 to 12 feet high, frequently throwing up 30 to 50 flower spikes. Closely resembles Pampas Grass . ............................................ 1.4
4.00

Eulalia gracillima univittata (Japan row foliage; of a bright green narwith a silvery midrib. 6 to 7 feet .....
$\begin{array}{lll}.85 & 2.50 & 18.00\end{array}$
Eulalia japonica. Long, narrow, graceful green foliage, and when in flower the attractive plumes are 6 to 7 feet high.. 1.0
3.00
20.00

Eulalia japonica variegata. Very ornamental; long, narrow leaves, striped green, white, and often pink or yellow. 1.0

Eulalia japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). The long blades of this variety are marked with broad, yellow bands across the leaf. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn. 6 to 10 feet ..........................................

Festuca glauca (Blue Fescue Grass). 12 to 15 inches. Ornamental Grass. Grown for dense tufts of very narrow bluish leaves. Used for edgings or for contrast with darker foliage. Desirable for rock garden

85
2.50
18.00

Pennisetum japonicum (Fountain Grass). A beautiful Grass whose flower heads are produced in the greatest profusion. Color rich mahogany, conspicuously tipped with white
.................
1.10
22.50

Phalaris arundinacea variegata (Variegated kibben Grass). Leaves longitudinally striped with white; very ornamental; sometimes run wild about old places. 18 inches

85
18.00


Geum, Lady Stratheden.


Geranium Argenteum.


Pampas Grass.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Helenium Superbum.


Gypsophila Paniculata.


Helianthus Multifiorus f. pl.

## GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath).

Very branching or spreading, slender plants, with scant foljage when in bloom. Of easiest culture in open, rather dry places. Desirable where a mass of delicate, misty bloom will fill in a bare place.
Bristol Each Doz. tion offered for the first time and a tion, oftered for the first time, and a Sreat improvement over even the fine much larger panicles of fowers, in which the individual blossom is larger, and of much purer white. It also flowers almost continuously throughout the Summer. Strong plants
Paniculata compacta When in bloom in August and September it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height and as much through, of minute white flowers having a beautiful gauze-like appearance
$\$ 0.85$
$\$ 2.50 \quad \$ 18.00$
Paniculata flore pleno. A light and graceful cut flower, compatible with all others, no matter of what shape or color; masses of minute double white flowers. (Plants offered are grafted, and we guarantee all plants sold to be double).
Repens. A beautiful trailing plant for the rockery, with clouds of small, white and pink flowers in July and August
Rokejeka (Acutifolia). Rose colored "Baby's Breath." Tall, graceful grower, and a wonderful cut flower
$.85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$
HEPATICA (Wood Anemone).
Coerulea. A pretty native, Spring-flowering plant, with blue flowers; prefers shade, but will do fairly well in any open situation in moist, rich loam. We offer large, established clumps, each consisting of 6 to 12 large crowns .............

8 コ $2.50 \quad 18.00$
18.00

## HELENIUM - Sneezewort

Tall-growing plants closely allied to the Sunflower; bearing in late Summer and Fall great masses of large, daisy-like flowers in shades of yellow and orange.
Autumnale superbum. Broad heads of deep golden yellow flowers in late Summer. Grows 5 to 6 feet high .......... $\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 20.00$
Autumnale rubrum. A splendid new variety; deep bronze-red, changing to terra cotta. 5 to 6 feet. September ..........
Bigelovi. Quick growing, branching plants, 2 to 3 feet; quite showy during August with terminal clusters $11 / 2$ inches, deep yellow flowers; brown centered
20.00

Pumilum magnificum. Large, golden yellow flowers; one of the most floriferous and useful border plants in cultivation. Early, flowering from July to October. Can be successfully used in place of Coreopsis where a more uniform type of plant is required. Height 12 to 18 inches $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
Riverton Beauty. Pure lemon-yellow, with large disc of purplish black ......
Riverton Gem (New). Old gold, suffused with bright terra cotta, changing to wallfower-red. August to October

HELIANTHUS (Hardy Sunflower).
The perennial Sunflower should always be planted in masses, where they may have plenty of roorn, against backgrounds of shrubbery, or naturalized in wild gardens or woodlands. They produce a grand effect impossible to describe. In combination with hardy Asters, where broad color effects are wanted in late summer, they have few equals. They are profuse bloomers, producing an unlimited supply of flowers for decoration.

Three Doz. 100
aximinani. The latest of all. Golden $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { yellow flowers in graceful } & \text { sprays in } \\ \text { October. Fine for cutting. } 6 & & \\ \text { feet } . . . . . \$ 0.85 & \$ 2.50 & \$ 18.00\end{array}$
Mollis. An improved variety of Helianthus lactifiorus; of taller growth and having larger flowers. A decided improvement and most beautiful sort
18.00

Multiforus fi. pl. Clear yellow; closely resembling a Dahlia in shape and finish. 4 feet
22.50

Sparcifolius. The best of the Summerblooming varieties of hardy Sunflowers. Flowers 3 inches in diameter and freely produced. Plant srows 3 to 4 feet high, and spreads rapidly. Fine for the bord rr , and for planting among shrubs ..
.85
2.50
18.00

## HELIANTHEMUM (Rock or Sun Rose).

Low-growing evergreen plants, forming broad clumps, and Which during their flowering season, July to September, are hidden by a mass of bloom; for the front of the border, the rockery, or a dry, sunny bank.

| Three | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Album plenum. Double white ..........\$0.85 | \$2.50 | \$18.00 |
| Bride. Single white, silvery foliage ..... 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| Buttercup. Golden yellow; single ....... . 85 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
| Clara Middleton. Single, rich orange .... 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| Fireball. Bright scarlet; double ........ . . 85 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
| Mmorantha. Single; white ............... 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| Mrw. Earle. Single; scarlet .............. . $\mathrm{S}_{5}$ | 2.50 | 18.00 |
| Praecox. Single; yellow, silvery foliage.. 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| Rhodanthe carneum. Large, pink flowers, Silvery foliage | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| E-se Queen. Large, single pink flowers .. 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| Sudbury Gem. Single, crimson-bronze ... 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| Choice Mixed Varieties .................. . 85 | 2.50 | 18.00 |

Helianthemums belong to the finest border or rock plants, but field grown plants should be trimmed back before planting, as they are otherwise hard to establish. We offer also 3 -inch pot plants ready to bloom, which establish easily and do not have to be cut back, at the additional charge of 5 cents per plant. specify pot plants when ordering.

## HELIOPSIS (Hardy Zinnia).

Similar in general habit to Helianthus, but commencing to flower earlier in the season. July and August. Of dwarfer habit, rarely exceeding 3 feet in height. Very valuable for cutting.

Three Doz. 100
Pitcheriana. A desirable variety. The flowers are of a beautiful deep golden yellow, about two inches in diameter, very thick texture and a useful cut flower .......................................... $\$ 0.85$ $\$ 2.50$
$\$ 18.00$
Scabra excelsa. A new variety with very rich chrome yellow flowers, turning to a bright yellow as they mature. These are almost double, having from 4 to 5 rows of petals, and are produced very profusely. The plant is about 3 feet high, and from mid-July to the end of September makes an effective display .. 1.00
3.00
20.00

## HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily).

Hemerocallis have long been favorites in our gardens, and are always included in any list of the most popular hardy plants. All of the varieties of Hemerocallis are desirable and beautiful. The tall, graceful, grass-like foliage is very handsome and sets off the charming lily-like flowers very effectively. They look particularly well naturalized along streams or on moist banks, and will thrive most luxuriantly in shade.

Three Doz. 100
Dr. Regel. Handsome, rich orange-yellow flowers in May. Very fragrant. Fine for cutting. $11 / 2$ feet ...................... $\$ 0.85$
$\$ 2.50$
$\$ 18.00$
Flava (Lemon Lily). Sweet scented, clear, full yellow; $21 / 2$ feet. Flowers in June. 1.00
3.00
20.00

Florham. A strong grower, 3 to $31 / 2$ feet high, large, trumpet-shaped fowers; rich, golden yellow, with Indian yellow markings. June and July
Fulva (Brown Day Lily). Coppery orange, shaded crimson. 3 feet. July ..........
Kwanso. Large, double-flowered variety with rich golden bronze flowers .......

Middendorfi major. A very striking variety, with huge rich, orange-yellow flowers
2.50

Thunbergi. Much like Flava, but flowers in July, a month later, and 6 to 10 inches of the upper portion of the flower scapes are thickened and flattened..


Helianthemum.

Heliopsis Pitcheriana.


Hemerocallis-Day Lily.


HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket).
Matronalis. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Fragrant purple flowers in showy spikes. Desirable for wild garden, shrubbery or mixed border

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Incarvillea Delavayi.


Heuchera, Wayside Gardens Hybrids.


Hibiscus (New Giant Strain).

## HELLEBORUS (Christmas Rose).

Niger. Very large white, solitary flow- Each Doz. ers, sometimes flushed with purple. Excellent in rocky places. Leaves evergreen. Short plants. Fasily forced. 1 foot. Natural blooming period, February March

'\$1.00

$\$ 11.00$

## HERNARIA.

Glabra. Prostrate creeper; excellent for Three Doz. 100 planting between stones in terrace or between stepping stones; foliage mosslike, green shading to bronze in Winter. $\$ 1.20 \quad \$ 3.50 \quad \$ 25.00$

## HERACLEUM.

Mantegazzianum. Grows 8 to 9 feet high, leaves $21 / 2$ to 3 feet long; deeply notched, large, clear white flowers produced in large numbers makes this an extra good border plant for backgrounds .......... 1.6
35.00

## HEUCHERA (Coralbells).

Beautiful plants for front row of borders, with slender, fairylike spikes of richly colored flowers; most striking in the garden, light and graceful for cutting. Excellent in wall or rock garden.
Brizoides. Has the same foliage and habit Three Doz. 100
as Heuchera sanguinea, but the flower is pale pink, though three times as many flowers are produced. Blooms in May .. \$1.60 \$4.75 \$35.00

Pluie de Feu. Excellent bright fiery red flowers on loose, elegant, graceful spikes.
Free flowering. A very showy variety.
June-July ................................... 1.60 . 4.75 35.00
La Perle. Brilliant red flowers produced
freely; good grower. June-July $\ldots . . .{ }^{\text {Pr }} 1.60 \quad 4.75 \quad 35.00$
Rosmondi. Pleasing coral-pink; flowering from June to September ................... 1.
$1.60 \quad 4.75$
35.00

Perry's white. Pure white flowers which go well with the red and pink varieties flowering from June to September ..... 1.6
4.75
35.00

Sanguinea. 12 to 18 inches. June to September. Flowers bright crimson; very free-flowering. Nice for cutting. Excellent for rock garden ................ 1.60 4.75 35.00
Sanguinea alba. Similar to the above. with white flowers .............................. 1.60 4.75
35.00

Wayside Gardens Fybrids. All shades of red and coral, pink, etc. This is our new mixture which is highly spoken of because of its fine coloring, large flowers, and the free-flowering habit of the plants

## HIBISCUS (Mallow).

Mallow Marvels. A robust type of upright habit, producing an abundance of flowers of enormous size in all the richest shades of crimson, pink and white.
New Giant-Flowering Marshmallow. A wonderfully improved form of our greatly admired native Marshmallow or Rosemallow, in which not only the colors have been greatly intensified, but in in which not only the colors have been greatly intensified, but in
which flowers of enormous size, frequently 10 to 12 inches in diameter, have been developed. Equally at home in all positions, having the same vigor in dry and wet ground; perfectly hardy and are very floriferous, blooming from early in July until late in September. They are the most beautiful and hardy of all rerbaceous plants; their dignified spikes of huge blossoms make them indispensable for large groups and mixed borders. We offer three distinct colors.


## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## HOLLYHOCKS - Althea Rosea

The Hollyhock is an old garden favorite, full of sentiment and association with a distant past. They require a deep, rich soil and a sunny corner, but will repay by their gorgeous and lavish bloom all the attention bestowed upon them. Painters choose Hollyhocks as subjects for floral paintings oftener than any other flower. We suppose the reason for this is that artists have a keener appreciation of beauty than other people, and recognize that the common single Hollyhock is one of the most stately, picturesque and beautiful plants in the World know of patches that have not been cultivated or disturb any way for twenty years. Some people think double Holl hocks are more beautiful than single. They are mistaken, though the doubles are beautiful, but the singles are just as handsome. Hollyhocks planted in the Fall will bloom the following Summer.


HYACINTHUS CANDICANS (Galtonia).
(See Bulbs, page 71).
HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort).
Calycinum. Similar to the other varieties, except that it makes underground runners, which, when they come up, produce a beautiful carpet of green covered with large yellow blossoms. Is really a ground cover; hardiest of all; excellent variety
1.40
$4.00 \quad 30.00$
Henryi. The same as Moserianum, though slightly more upright in growth and much hardier and better suited for cold climates
$1.40 \quad 4.00$
30.00

Moserianum. A most desirable border plant. of free and graceful habit, producing long, slender stems, drooping, apparently from the weight of the flowers and ouds, although the flowers face so none of their beauty is lost. Color a rich golden yellow, and blooms continuously the entire season. 2 feet.
1.00
3.00
20.00

Reptans. Distinct trailing species from the Himalayas. Very large, soft, yellow flowers, tingled reddish. Late Summer and Autumn. $1 / 2$ inch. Wonderful rock plant and tumn. $1 / 2$ inch. Wonderful rock 1.6 1.60
$4.75 \quad 35.00$
IBERIS (Hardy Candytuft).
Most desirable dwarf plants, $\&$ to 10 inches, with evergreen foliage, which is completely hidden with dense heads of fowers early in the Spring. in June. Glaucous blue foliage. Splendid rock or edging plant; perfectly hardy. 6 inches
Sempervirens. Very dwarf and covered with a sheet of white, a particularly fine rock plant.
1-year-old plants . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
2-year-old clumps

INULA (Fleabane).
Golden Bearty. Free-flowering border plants with yellow flowers
.85
2.50
18.00

## INCARVILLEA (Hardy Gloxinia).

Large, rich rose, Begonia-like flowers with deep yellow throats, produced all through the Summer. A hardy perennial which succeeds well in borders and is equally valuable for greenhouse decoration. Height 18 inches.

Three Doz.
100
Delavayi. Rose-pink flowers produced i
large trusses
$\$ 1.35$ \$3.65
$\$ 27.50$


Double Hollyhocks. Giant Wayside Gardens strain.


Iberis Sempervirens.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Iris Germanica (Storm Cloud).


Iris Germanica, Ambassadeur.

## Iris Germanica <br> (German or Flag Iris)

'I'he Iris is one of the finest, if not the finest, of our hardy plants. Not particular as to soil or location, but asking only plants. Not particular as to soil or location, but asking only that the sun shine on it. It throws up spikes of bloom that are marvelous in their delicacy of structure and the colorings which are exq

Alcazar (Vilmorin, N. H. F., 1909 ; F. C. C. $\dot{R}$. H. S., 1916 . S. light, bluish violet; $F$. deep purple with bronze-veined throat. Striking flower
. . . . .........

Ambassadeur (Vilm., 1920). S. a fascinating smoky velvety purple color; $F$. velvety purple-maroon; beards and style yellow. A magnificent and regal flower of great substance. 48 inches. Each, 60c.
Archeveque (Vilmorin, 1911). Certificate, R. H. S., 1916 . S. deep purple-violet; F. deep velvety violet. 24 inches .........
Ballerine (Vilm., 1920). Pall. S. light blue-violet, broad and waved at the margin; F. a deeper shade; sweet scented. A splendid, tall, strong-growing Pallida form. 36 to 48 inches..... Each, $\$ 2.50$
Ben Bow (Bliss, 1917). A deep violet-blue self. Large flowers on tall, well developed stems, 3 feet .......... Each 50c
Brooksiana. Charming flowers of neat form, self-colored delicate rose-lilac, without veining. Beautiful in masses..
Caprice (Vilmorin, 1904). Certificate, N. H. F., 1916. S. rosy red; F. deeper rosy red. "Large and handsome. 24 inches.
Cecil Minturn (New). Soft Cattleya rose. A beautiful flower with broad petals, gracefully waved and crinkled; one of the finest Irises for size and extreme beauty . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Crusader (Foster, 1913). One of the finest lavender-blue varieties, the falls being a deeper tone than the standards. A tall, strong grower with very large flowers of good substance ................ Each, 50c
Dominion (Bliss, 1917). Perhaps the most famous of all Iris. An excellent breeder whose seedlings are among the finest novelties. S. Dauphin's blue or light bluish violet, large, erectly held, well developed; $F$. of exceptional substance, deep rich indigo purple. Very velvety texture ....................... Each, $\$ 10.00$
Fairy (Kennicott, 1905). White, delicately bordered and suffused pale blue. The tallest standard variety giving a white effect. Not new but not known or appreciated as it should be. 40 inches ..
Golden Imperial. The greatest golden yellow Iris known; might be called the Golden Pallida Dalmatica. Limited stock. Each ................................ \$10.00
Helge. Lemon-yellow with pearl shading. Huge flower
Isoline. Round standards of pale pinkish buff, strongly flushed mauve; the sharply reflexed falls are Chinese violet with russet tints at the sides; bewildering shades but most attractive ..
.85
2.50
18.00

Jeanne d'Arc (Verdier, 1907). S. very large and ruffled, somewhat spreading, white, delicately penciled lilac; $F$. white edged lilac at base. The standards being somewhat loosely held, flutter in the breezes in a truly delightful manner..
King of Iris (Goos \& Koenemann, 1907). A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. clear lemonyellow; F. rich maroon, bordered yellow. Brilliant colors. Large flowers. Very fine. 24 inches ............................
La Neige (Verdier, 1912). A creamy white self with flaring falls. 2 feet. 50c each.
Lent. A. Williamson. Rated in 1922 by the American Iris Society as the finest Iris in the world. S. Campanula blue-violet; F. rich royal purple with yellow beard. Very tall and distinct ....... Each, 40 c .
Lord of June. S. lavender-blue; F. rich violet-purple. A magnificent variety of gigantic size ............ Each, $\$ 1.00$

## IRIS GERMANICA-Continued.

## Three

Doz. 100
arme. Chobaut (Denis, 1916). 36 inches. A clover-scented Plicata type. Prussian red with light brownish reins, on a pale chalcedony ground. One of the most beautiful of all Iris ......... Each, $\$ 1.00$
Madame Chereau. White, elegantly frilled with a wide border of clear blue ...... $\$ 0.85$
Monsignor. It possesses a distinctive and pleasing shape, rich coloring and a dark outline to the segments for emphasis. Standards violet; falls heavily reined purple, leaving a border of the violet; late to flower

2.50
18.00

Mrs. Alan Gray. A delicate lavender-pink that appears pinker in the shadow, a variety of rather early bloom ..........
Mrs. Walter Brewster (Vilm. 1922). A good light toned seini-bicolor. S. Lavenderblue; F. aniline blue. Vigorous and free .................................. Each, 75c
Midnight. A rich, deep purple, the finest in this color; a fine cut flower

5
2.50
18.00

Mother of Pearl. Mr. E. B. Williamson, originator of Lent. A. Williamson, America's highest rated Iris, says, "'Mother of Pearl' standards and falls pale bluish lavender with a faint creamy undertone. Large flowers of exceptional substance and perfect form on well branched stems. Vigorous in growth and producing its wonderful flowers freely"

Moliere (Vilm 1920 ) deep rich velvety violet, veined brown. Beard yellow. Flower darker, but as good as Magnifica though not so tall. 30 in. .......................... Each, $\$ 1.00$
Nibelungen (Goos \& Koenemann, 1910). S. fawn and yellow; F. riolet-purple on bronze. Very large flowers; strong, vigous grower
Nuee d'Orage (Verdier, 1905). (Syn., Storm Cloud). Cert., N. H. F., 1905 . S. slaty gray; $F$. bronze and purple. Large flowers. 24 inches
Opera (Vilm., 1916). A rich violet-red bicolor. S. bright rich pansy violet; F. rich velvety violet-purple. Vigorous and free. Very striking and much admired.

Each, 50 c
Oriflamme (Vilmorin, 1904). Cert., N. H. F., 1905 ; A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. light blue; $F$. rich violet-purple. Immense. handsome flowers of Ames form. 30 inches

Pallida Dalmatica, Princess Beatrice. This is the true type of Pallida Dalmatica and still one of the most attractive and satisfactory all around varieties, with flowers of large size; both standards and falls of a clear lavender-blue shading to a pale silvery blue, at the base and sweetly scented. It is of strong vigorous growth over three feet high with unusually heavy glaucous foliage .......

Pallida Dalmatica, foliis variegatis. This beautiful variety is conspicuous on account of its striking rariegated foliage, which is of a glaucous green with broad bands of creamy yellow, every leaf being well marked; it is of free growth, attains a height of 2 feet and is very attractive, even when not in flower; its blooms are of a clear lavender-blue the same as its parent. ...........Each, $\$ 1.00$.

Prosper Laugier (Verdier, 1914). Cert., N. H. F., 1905 ; A. M. R. H. S., 1916. S. light bronze-red; F. velvety ruby-purple, with white beard yellow tipped. Very handsome. Vigorous growth. 36 inches.

Princess Victoria Louise (Goos \& Koenemann, 1910). S. sulphur-yellow; F. rich plum, bordered cream. 30 inches .......
Prospero (Yeld, 1920). A large blended violet bicolor with smoothly rounded falls. In a class with Asia, which it resembles in shape. $S$. pale lavender, flushed yellow at base; F. deep red-purple with light shading at margin. 4 ft . Each, \$1.00.


Lord of June.


Caprice.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Iris Pumila in Rock Garden.


Iris Cristata.


Iris Spuria.

## IRIS GERMANICA-Continued. <br> Threo

Doz.
Queen Caterina (Sturt.). A midseason variety of a beautiful clear orchid-purple veined with brilliant gold; the whole being further enhanced with a bright orange beard, producing at least twice as many flowers as Pallida Dalmatica ....
Rhein Nixe (Goos \& Koenemann, 1910). A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. white; F. vio-let-blue with white edge. Tall and iarge. Very fine. Strong grower. 30 inches.
Storm Cloud. (See Nuee d'Orage).
Seminole (Farr, 1920). S. dark violet-rose; F. rich velvety crimson, brilliant orango beard. We consider this the finest of the red toned Iris we have seen. Rich in color and a wonderful variety. 75 c each.
Shekinah (Sturt.). A delightful shade of pale yellow shading to amber in the throat, with a lemon colored beard. This is a true yellow Pallida, and the first of is a true yellow Pallida, and the first of the type. A most uncommon and very
Sherwin-Wright. In this we have a good vigorous growing, free-flowering, golden yellow Iris Germanica. The plants grow about two feet high; the fowers, which are produced in lavish profusion, are of splendid texture and stand well above the foliage, and are of a rich golden yellow without markings or shadings; yellow without markings or shadings;
Souvenir de Mme. Gaudichau (Millet, 1914). A rich, deep velvety purple Iris; of fine shape and inish. Tall, early, and very distinct. One of the most striking and remarkable of all. 42 inches. Each, $\$ 1.50$
Trianon (Vilm., 1921). A pale, pinkish buff self. F. flushed purplish lilac. Disinct. Vigorous, 30 in. ...... Each, 75 c

## IRIS - Species

Some very interesting sorts are here listed and described; many of them splendid for naturalizing and large, permanent plantings. 100
Cristata (Evansia). A dainty native creeping species, only 3 inches in height; flowers rich amethyst-blue; a gem for the rock garden. May ....................
Ochroleuca Gigantea. Forms large clumps succeeding in almost any position, producing late in May numerous 3 feet high stems with an abundance of very distinct creamy yellow flowers
Spuria, Mrs. A. W. Tait (Longipetala Superba). A distinct and pretty species growing about four feet high, flowering in early June; flowers porcelain blue in early very long pale blue falls illumiwith very long pale blue falls illuminated with a golden-yellow blotch at
Tectorum. A beautiful species from the Orient with delicately crested blue flowers, this is the Roof Iris of Japan where it is grown on the thatched roofs of the cottages. 12 inches high ............
IRIS PUMMAA
These beautiful little Irises do not grow over 4 inches high, and bloom in April and May. They are fine for bordering flower beds or planting in front of the tall Irises


## IRIS SIBIRICA (Siberian Iris).

Vigorous, free-flowering varieties of the easiest culture; fine for the flower border, for naturalizing and for waterside planting:

Three Doz. 100
Orientalis White. Similar to the Sibirica
varieties but not so tall .i...............
Perry's Blue. Very large, clear blue fowers on stout, stiff stems, a vigorous free grower and very free-flowering, one of the best for cutting ........... Fach, $\$ 1.00$
Snow Queen. An exquisite new, hardy Iris; the flowers are of a snowy whiteness, large and well formed, produced in great abundance; foliage light and graceful. A gem for flower border or waterside. 3 feet high
$\begin{array}{lll} \\ 0.85 & \$ 2.50 & \$ 18.00\end{array}$
uperba. Large, violet-blue flowers; hand some foliage. Fine border plant and a grand subject for planting near water, where it blooms profusely

## IRIS KAEMPFERI - Japanese Iris

The magnificent lris Kaempferi belong to the Apogons, and a field of them in bloom is a most gorgeous sight. Seeing them for the first time, one cannot withhold an exclamation of surprise, and having once seen can never forget their striking beauty.
Late plantings should be protected by a light covering of straw or leaves after the ground is permanently frozen to prevent roots from being heaved out of ground by frost. Plant in Spring, or April and May.
Albatross. Beautiful pure white, double
Three Doz. 100
flowered. The finest of all double white
sorts. Large, strong, pure flowers with high tufts in the center
$\$ 1.40 \quad \$ 4.00 \quad \$ 30.00$
America. Single, pure white with rosy red edges. A very rare and unusual combination of colors .............. §5.00 each..
Azure. Double. Immense flower, exquisitely waved; mauve-blue, darker halo surrounding yellow blotch at base of petals 1.4
Catherine Parry. Double. Blue, overlaid rosy red; high tufts in center almost triple
Clarice Childs. Single. Petunia-violet conspicuous yellow center surrounded with blue cast. Large
Columbia. Double blue with pure white veins; a striking variety of unusual

Doris Childs. Double. Pearl-white deeply reined rosy plum. Center petals deep plum edged white Po. Pich indigo-blue with narrow white stripes and light center. One of the finest and richest colors
Eleanor Parry. Double. Claret-red, flamed white and blue. Compact, medium sized flower
Fascination. Double. Blue. lightly veined
White, pink tinge. Beautiful variety ..
Gold Bound. A fine double, pure white creamy glow at the gold-banded center. Indo. Single Broad, wavy petals of great size: color dark rich blue, slightly reined. Fellow blotch is unusually bright
La Favorite. Large, fine; white freely reined blue, and a rich purple center
La Tosca. Immense, double white flowers with blue shadings. A very beautiful, strong growing variety .... 3.00 each. Lavender Giant. Extremely large. single lavender-blue flowers, freely produced on Marjorie Parry. Double. Delicate light maure. Extra fine .......................... Matchless. Large. double white flowers heavily veined olue with rich blue blotch around vellow center .... $\$ 4.00$ each.. 12.00
Minerva. Single. Pink tinted rose ...... 1.40
Mount Hood. Double. Light blue shaded darker, bright orange center $\ldots . . .$.
Olympia. Large, single white flowers beautifury velned blue, center petals
Patrocle. Single. Superb dark reddish
Purple and Gold. Double flowers; early and free blooming. Color rich violetpurple with white petaloids, tipped violet. Conspicuous golden throat extendeding outward in bluish white rays
Pyramid. Double. Violet-purple veined white in center of each petal
Red Riding Hood. A fine single amaranth, reined and suffused white. A color combination hard to find
4.00
30.00

Reine des Bulgares. Deep blue shading with age to light blue with white veins. A very fine and free-flowering plant
Shadow. Single. Self color. reddish pur-
ple. Very large and fine blossoms ....
mederch boubl light violet mottied reddish pink and white; of exceedingly
T. S. Ware. Double Reddish violet flowers of large size, beautifully veined white, center white with lemon-yellow mark-
woolson's White. A free-flowering. double White variety very similar to Gold Bound. Flowers larger and produced in greater numbers. Strong growing plant. $\$ 2.00$ each
4.00
4. 0 (in
30.00

Mixed Colors. Both single and double rarieties. Splendid mixture of the choicest Japanese varieties


Iris Kaempferi-Japanese Iris.


We will supply one root each of any variety you inay select at one-third the price of three.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Leontopodium-Edelweiss.
No rock garden is complete without this plant.


Liatris Pyenostachya.


Linum Narbonnense.

## LACTUCA.

Perennis. A charming little low-growing plant suitable for the border or rock garden; light blue flowers freely produced. 14 inches high .................. $\$ 1.40$ \$4.00 \$30.00

LATHYRUS (Everlasting Sweet Pea).
Iatifolius. These Everlasting Peas are but little known in this country, but are great favorites in England. They are extremely showy and fine. Charming climbers for covering trellises, arbors, etc.
Pink Beauty. Large racemes of pleasing Three Doz. 100 deep rose flowers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.00$ \$3.00 $\$ 20.00$
Red. The well known red Everlasting Pea. $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
White Pearl. A great improvement on the older white variety, the stems giving from 12 to 15 flowers each .............. 1.0

## LAVANDULA (Lavender).

Nana. Is a very fine new dwarf English introduction. Good for edging and planting between roses .......................... $1.20 \quad 3.50 \quad 25.00$
Vera. This is the true Sweet Lavender; grows about 18 inches high; delightfully fragrant blue flowers in July and August . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.10 32.25 22.50
Bowles' Farly. A very fine strain of earlyflowering lavender, producing long spikes of flowers

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY (See Convallaria, page 17).
LINARIA (Toad Flax).
Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy, or Mother of Thousands). Lavender and purple. A charming, neat, hardy perennial trailing plant, suitable for rock work and wall gardens ....................................... $\$ 1.00$
$\$ 3.00$
$\$ 20.00$

## LINUM (Flax).

A desirable plant for the border or rockery, growing 2 feet high, with light, graceful foliage and large flowers all Summer.

Alpinum. A rare species from the Dau phine, of prostrate growth with showers of pale blue blossoms throughout the Summer ........................................
Flavum. Fine variety with transparent, yellow blossoms ............................
Narbonnense. Forms a spreading clump of attractive foliage with a profusion of azure-blue flowers with white eye. Very handsome for the rockery ................
Perenne. Very attractive, both in foliage and bloom. Flowers beautiful pale blue on slender, graceful stems ................
Perenne alba. White form of the above..
Viscosum. Rather shrubby in growth with small leaves and small blossoms of soft, lilac-rose. 12 inches to 18 inches ........ 1.

LEONTOPODIUM (Edelweiss).
Alpinum. A well known Alpine with pretty white leaves and small yellow flowers which are surrounded by starlike heads of leaves, clothed with a dense white, woolly substance. A splendid plant for the rock garden. 4 to 5 inches. June to August. Supplied in pots only

LIATRIS (Blazing Star or Gay Feather).
Pycnostachya. The popular name of this plant is Kansas Gay Feather. Nothing can be planted that will attract more attention on account of its unusual appearance; but it is beautiful as well as odd. It blooms in midsummer and throws up long, narrow spikes of rich purple flowers, which last a long time. A peculiarity of this plant is its great attraction for butterflies ...................
Spicata. Similar to Pycnostachya, somewhat earlier in bloom and not quite so tall ............................................ 1.40

## Lilies Hardy Garden Varieties

There is a notion that Lilies are "nard to grow." Some of the rarer species are, it is true; they not only stubbornly refuse to make themselves at home in the garden, unless conditions are precisely to their liking, but some of them cannot endure the northern Winter without the necessary covering of litter, which many other tender plants require. Unless one goes in for Lilies to the extent of making a hobby of them, however, these can all be left to the collector and there will be quite enough species remaining to give one a Lily season in the three months durremaining to give one a Lily season in the three months dur-
ation of which loveliness follows loveliness with breaks of only relatively brief length. We say species for the reason that the Lilies in cultivation show an exceptionally low percentage of horticultural varieties. Possibly because Nature made every species perfect to begin with, the hand of the hybridizer has been loath to endeavor to "paint the Lily," as it were.

DELIVERY-This depends upon the arrival of the bulbs from our foreign sources. Many get here too late for Autumn planting, thus necessitating carrying over the bulbs until Spring. Those marked (**) should be planted in the Fall only; those marked (*) may be planted in Spring or Fall, preferably the latter; all the others are for spring delivery.

Auratum (Gold-Banded Japan Lily). Undoubtedly one of the finest. Its large graceful, fragrant flowers are composed of six petals of a delicate ivory-white color, thickly studded with chocolatecrimson spots and striped through the center a golden yellow; 3 to 5 feet. July to September.
Large bulbs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0.55 ~ \$ 5.50 ~ \$ 40.00$
Mammoth bulbs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $70 \quad 7.00 \quad 50.00$
Auratum platyphyllum. Also called "Macranthum." This is a robust growing form; the stem is stouter and attains a greater height; the leaves are much broader; enormous flowers, white, richly spotted yellow. Undoubtedly the choicest of all.
Targe bulbs .................................... . . . Mammoth buibs ................................................
$\begin{array}{lll}.60 & 6.00 & 45.00\end{array}$
Auratum rubro-vittatum. Similar to the above but the flowers are dark rose-pink.
Auratum pictum. Is another splendid form of Auratum and fortunately a stronger grower ..............................
Batemanniae. Strong stems with 5 to 10 fowers of a reddish orange color. JulyAugust. 3 to 4 feet
.
.404 .0
Browni odorum. A vigorous grower with large, trumpet-shaped flowers of clear white, veined outside with purplish maroon ..... (Sold out for this Spring).

* Carolinianum. A showy Lily with slender stems, bearing reflexed, orange-red flowers, spotted maroon. Requires a well drained situation. July-August. 2 to 3 feet . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
*Canadense. Our dainty, beautiful native Lily. Graceful and charming flowers ..
**Candidum (Madonna or Annunciation Lily). This is the old-fashioned garden Lily, and one of the most beautiful. Ready in September only. First size ..
*Chalcedonicum (Scarlet Turk's Cap Lily). Small flowers in loose clusters with recurved, bright red petals. A handsome and attractive Lily. July 3 to 4 feet..
Colchicum (Scovitzianum). A beautiful lemon-yellow Lily, produced in pyramidal clusters of drooping, waxlike flowers. June. 4 to 5 feet
*Davuricum (Umbellatum). This beautiful Lily comes from the home of L. Tenuifolium in Siberia. It resembles a native Philadelphicum. It is of easy culture, grows two or three to five upright scarlet flowers, dotted black
玉legans. (See Thunbergianum, page 35 ).
Giganteum (Himalayicum). 5 to 7 feet. July and August. Most majestic of all the Lilies. White, fragrant, funnelshaped flowers; easily grown ............ 3.00


Lilium Davuricum (Umbellatum).


Lilium Auratum.
Likes a cool, moist spot in the garden.


Lilium Canadense.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Lilium Giganteum Himalayicum.


Lilium Candidum.
Plant with Delphiniums for a fine effect.


Lilium Regale.

## IIIIES-Continued.

Each Doz.
*Grayi. A native Lily with deep red flowers. One of the finest for planting in shady places. Small, rich red flowers, spotted maroon. July. 3 to 4 feet
\$0.35
$\$ 3.50 \quad \$ 35.00$
Fansoni. Most desirable; not particular in its cultural requirements and extremely handsome in flower; does well in light loam. Plant among shrubs and low plants to protect young shoots, this being one of the earliest Lilies to appear in the Spring. The stem reaches a height of 4 to 5 feet, carrying blossoms 2 inches across, regularly reflexed, the petals being of a bright orange spotted more or less with brown, of a waxy texture. Admirable for pot culture. June flowering

Henryi. A new Japanese Lily that has made a sensation in Europe. It has the same form and appearance as the speciosum varieties, but the flowers are bright orange-yellow. They are as hardy as a tree. Easily grown and permanent
.75
8.50
60.00
** Humboldti magnificum. Stout, erect stem, with whorls of leaves at regular intervals. Numerous drooping flowers borne in loose, triangular clusters of brilliant golden yellow, spotted with purple on the reflexed petals; showy; prefers deep, peaty soil, but will grow in any well drained soil, which must be deep, for the roots go straight down. It produces a splendid flowering plant. Height, 5 feet. Base-roots; fall planting; 4 inches deep; June-July flowering; extra strong bulbs

Krameri. Unique for its color and grows from 2 to 4 feet high. The funnelshaped, finely formed flowers are 6 inches or more in length and as much across, of a beautiful clear pink color, often shaded blush
*Martagon (Dalmaticum, Turk's Cap Lily). A handsome Lily, bearing clusters of purple, waxlike flowers. Thrives best in partial shade. June. 5 feet
*Pardalinum (Leopard Lily). Flowers reflexed, bright yellow at base, spotted brownish purple, remainder orangescarlet. 3 to 4 feet. July and August. .

Parryi Distinct, beautiful; grows from 4 to 6 feet high and the slender stems bear several funnel-shaped flowers of soft yelseveral funnel-shaped flowers of soft yeldelicately fragrant. A partially shaded place sheltered from winds, and moist, well drained peaty soil suits it well; easily cultivated but not very strong grower. Base-roots; fall planting; 4 inches deep. July flowering. Selected bulbs
*Philadelphicum. A handsome native Lily with yellow, cup-shaped flowers, spotted maroon and shaded orange at ends of petals. Good for naturalizing. July. 3 feet. Large bulbs
Pomponicum. A brilliant red Turk's Cap Lily. Much like Chalcedonicum, but with the heads of flowers rather more loosely arranged. June. 3 to 4 feet...
Pyrethrum (Yellow Turk's Cap Lily). A Lily of easy cultivation, with many small, yellow flowers, dotted brown. Reflexed petals. June. 3 feet
*Regale or myriophyllum (The Regal Lily). It is absolutely hardy, and is excellent for forcing. It has been predicted that this will become the Easter Lily of the future, and being so hardy, may be grown at home. The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade of canary-yellow at the center, and extending part way up the trumpet. It is delightfully perfumed, reminding one of the Jasmine, and lacking the heavy, oppressive odor of most Lilies. Blooms out-of-doors early in July. Strong bulbs, 5 to 6 inches in circumStrong bulbs, 5 to 6 inches in circumStrong bulbs, 6 to 7 inches in circumference
9.00
85.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## IILIES-Continued.

Each Doz. 100

Rubellum. Beautiful small Lily: The color varies from a deep rose-pink to almost white, with yellow anthers: very fragrant, small funnel-shaped flowers; grows $11 / 2$ feet high. It does best in light soil ${ }^{-}$......................................... 0. $0.55 \quad \$ 5.50 \quad \$ 40.00$

Speciosum album. The Speciosum or Lancifolium are the most important of all the Japanese Lilies, always satisfactory. The variety here offered has large. White flowers of great substance, with a greenish band running through the center of each petal.
Large bulbs
$50 \quad 6.00 \quad 45.00$
Mammoth bulbs
Speciosum magnificum. Magnificent large flowers of rich deep red.
Large bulbs
$45 \quad 4.50 \quad 35.00$
Mammoth bulbs
Speciosum Melpomene. A darker shade of red and crimson markings than the preceding.
Large bulbs bulbs

45
.60
$25 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$
bright reddish orange, conspicuously spotted; easily grown and permanent
*Testaceum (Excelsum or Nankeen Lily). This is one of the finest of all Lilies. The color is difficult to describe, being a shading of dull apricot with orange-yellow anthers. At most graceful Lily and a good companion to L. candidum. JuneJuly. 5 feet. Extra large flowering bulbs; easily grown and permanent ....
**Tenaifolium. A small, slender growing Lily, not more than 18 inches high, with bright scarlet flowers and recurved petals. One of the prettiest little Lilies in cultivation. Early June. 1? to is inches

40
4.00
30.00
**Golden Gleam. A beautiful type of L tenuifolium, with flowers of a beautiful apricot shade. A free and vigorous grower

Thunbergianum (elegans). Very hardy dwarf Lilies thriving in any garden and producing large, erect flowers of various shades of yellow, orange and red. All varieties grow from $11 / 2$ to 2 feet and bloom during June and July. Mixed colors

Thunbergianum (elegans), Alice Wilson. A clear lemon-yellow form of the abore. Very attractire

Thunbergianum (elegans) atrosanguineum. A very dark form of Elegans. Inside of petals a deep, relvety crimson and outside showing a golden luster

50
5.00
35.00
*Tigrinum flore pleno (The Double Tiger Lily). The only double Tiger Lily worth growing . .............................
*Tigrinum simplex (The well known Single Tiger Lily). Of easiest culture
$35 \quad 3.50$
25.00
and worthy of general planting on account of stateliness
Umbellatum (See Davuricum).
*Wallacei. A handsome Lily of a beautiful shade of the warmest apricot with rosy shading. August. $11 / 2$ to 2 feet .......
*Washingtonianum. A beautiful Lily from California, with large, reflexed fiowers, varying in color from light to a rich wine color, slightly spotted deeper. This wariety requires a moist but well drained variety requires a moist but well drained
situation. June-July. 3 to 5 feet. Ex-

$.30 \quad 3.00$
20.00

Willmottiae. One of the finest garden Lilies, although little known. Lovely in its graceful habit. slender foliage and heads of vivid orange-red flowers and heads of in its vigorous and thrifty constitution. July-August. 3 to 4 feet ... 1


Lilium Tigrinum.


Lilium Testaceum.
The delicate color of this Lily is unmatched in other Gowers, even in orchids.


Lilium Speciosum Magnificum.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Lupinus.


Lychnis Viscaria Splendens.

## LITHOSPERMUM (Gromwell).

Purpureum. A woody plant, in appearance much like lavendula vera. Heads of beautiful pale blue and purple flowers. Should have a choice place in the rock garden in full and rich soil ...Each, 75 c .

LOBELIA (Indian Paintbrush).
Handsome border plants, thriving in any ordinary garden soil, but preferring a moist, deep loam. Season August till late September.

Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Rich, fiery cardinal flowers. Strong plants, often producing 10 to 18 spikes. 24 to 30 inches long ................................. $\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00 \$ 20.00$

Syphlitica (Great Blue Lobelia). Similar in growth to the last, but the flowers are blue, streaked with white. Plant in a moist place. Desirable for border of moist place Desirable for border of brook or lake

LONICERA (Honeysuckle, see page 58).

## LUPINUS - Lupines

The Lupines produce beautiful long spikes of pea-shaped flowers a foot long on stems three feet high. They are perfectly hardy but cannot endure drought, and must be planted in well prepared garden soil and kept watered in dry weather.

Wayside Gardens New Sweet-Scented Hybrids (Polyphyllus). A wonderful new strain that may be classed among the most beautiful of all hardy flowers. Colors are both rich and delicate in shades of blue, mauve, pink, etc., and the fowers are borne in long spikes that for size and beauty rival giant Snapdragons. The added novelty of being sweet scented, makes these one of the best garden plants we have ever distributed ...........................................

Polyphyllus albus. A white variety ... $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
Polyphyllus roseus. A splendid new variety, with flowers of beautifully shaded
rose ............................................ $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$

Polyphyllus, Mixed ........................... . . $85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$
NEW NAMED HYBRID IUPINES
Polyphyllus, Moerheimi. Pink ........... 1.35 3.75 27.50
Polyphyllus, Rosy Morn. Deep pink ...... $1.35 \quad 3.75 \quad 27.50$
Polyphyllus, Sunshine. Yellow ........... $1.35 \quad 3.75 \quad 27.50$


## LYCHNIS (Campion).

A fine old-fashioned flower, bearing large heads of brilliantly colored flowers, that liven up the border during Summer and early Autumn.



Viscaria splendens alba. Flowering profusely in June and July; it is one of the fusely white flowers at that time of the year. 8 to 10 inches high; fine border plant . ........................................... . $85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$

## LYTHRUM (Purple Loosestrife).

Superbum roseum. Very showy; splendid
or banks of streams and ponds ........ . . 85

## LYSIMACHIA (Loosestrife).


MATRICARIA (See Feverfew; Mayweed).

## MAZUS.

Eugosus. A dwarf and interesting alpine plant from the Himalaya Mountains, covered in early Spring with dainty lilac and white flowers. 4 inches
1.40
4.00
30.00

MERTENSIA (Blue Bells).
Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant. growing about i to $11 / 2$ feet high with fowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers

85
2.50
18.00

MONARDA OR BERGAMOT (Oswego Tea).
Showy plants growing from 2 to 3 feet high, succeeding in any soil or position, with aromatic foliage, and producing their bright flowers during July and August.

Three Doz. 100

Didyma rosea. A variety of the preceding, with rose-colored flowers. 3 feet. JuneAugust . .......................................
$85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$
Didyma Violacea superba. Deep amaranthred flowers. 3 feet. June-August ....
.85
$2.50 \quad 18.00$
MONTBRETIA (Tritonia, see bulbs, page 72).

## MITCHELLA.

Repens (Partridge Berry). A little trailing evergreen. It forms fine mats under evergreens, and when once established, is sure to please
........................... 1.35
$3.75 \quad 27.50$
MITELLA (Bishop's Cap).
Diphylla. A gem for a shady position. Feathery spikes of creamy white flowers 12 to 18 inches. May and June $\qquad$ . 55 $2.50 \quad 18.00$

## MICROMERIA.

Eupestris. An attractive Thyme-like prostrate bushlet with pleasantly pungent foliage. Good for the rockery
4.00
30.00

## MULGEDIUM.

Bourgaei. Four to six feet high, bristly
large leaves and pink flowers shading to lilac; excellent for shade ...............

## MYOSOTIS - Forget-me-not

Nearly everyone is familiar with the Forget-me-not which makes such beautiful pictures in the garden in early Spring. They are alike charming in the border, rock garden, or by the waterside. They all like shade and a fair amount of moisture; use them freely as a ground cover for your Tulip or other bulb beds.

Three Doz. 100
Palustris semperfiorens. Large, rich blue flowers with yellow eye; a charming plant for damp places and a more pro$\begin{array}{llll}\text { plant for damp places and a more pro- } \\ \text { fuse bloomer than the alpestris } . . . . . . . . \$ 0.85 & \$ 2.50 & \$ 18.00\end{array}$
Palustris, Fink Beauty. Pink-flowered form of the above; very fine Forget-me-
not ......................................... $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$

## NEPETA (Ground Ivy; Catnip; Catmint).

Mussini. An excellent plant for any position, but especially useful in the rock garden. Of dwarf, compact habit, producing masses of bloom of a beautiful shade of lavender. 1 to $11 / 2$ feet ........


Mertensia Virginica.
Ideal for shady places or in combination with daffodils.


Myosotis Palustris.


Nepeta Mussini.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Oenothera Missouriensis.


Papaver, Mrs. Perry.


Papaver Nudicaule. Baker's Sunbeam Strain.

## NIEREMBERGIA (Cup Flower).

Rivularis. A charming dwarf creeping
Alpine plant, bearing large, creamy
white, cup-shaped flowers from June till
September; most desirable plants for
the rockery. Plant in Spring only ....\$1.00 \$3.00 \$20.00
OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose).
Elegant for a sunny position in the border or on the rockery, blooming all Summer.
Eraseri. 1 foot. June to October. Flow- Three ers large, pale yellow .................... \$0.85 $\$ 2.50 \quad \$ 18.00$
Fruticosa major. 2 feet. June to September. A strong growing plant, forming a dense, bush-like specimen; flowers deep yellow, in profusion ..............
Missouriensis. 10 inches. June to August. A low species with prostrate, ascending branches; profuse bloomer. Solitary flowers, often 5 inches across. Good for rock garden or border .................
Speciosa. Pure white flowers 3 inches

Youngi. 2 feet. June to August. A strong, shiny foliage, numerous bright lemonyellow flowers $\qquad$
OBUS (Bitter Vetch).
Vernus. 1 foot. Bright blue and purple.
May ............................................

## PAPAVER - Poppy

The proper planting season for Oriental Poppies is during the last of August, September and October. Roots planted at any other time we do not guarantee to live.
Oriental Poppies are the regal representatives of this popular genus, growing 3 to $31 / 2$ feet high, and far surpassing in splendor of bloom all the annual and biennial kinds, and for a gorgeous display of rich and brilliant coloring nothing equals them during their period of flowering in May and June, and whether planted singly or in masses their large flowers and freedom of bloom render them conspicuous in any position. They are of the easiest culture; almost any kind of soil suits them, but they do best in deep, rich loam. Set the plants out in the Fall or early Spring before the first of May-give them water occasionally during dry spells in the early part of the season. Mulch with stable litter in the Fall; and they will increase in size and floriferousness for several years. We offer the best of the latest introductions, as well as the distinct standard varieties.

## Three Doz <br> 100

Oxientale (Oriental Poppy). Tremendous scarlet, cup-shaped blooms of brightest crimson-scarlet, with large, purplish black blotches at base of petals, creating a wonderful contrast when bloom is fully open. Clumps of these throughout the border add a brilliancy that no other flower can provide
Orientale, Beauty of Livermore. Crimson, with black blotch; fine flowers ........
Orientale, May Sadler. A deep red........ 1.
Orientale, Mrs. Perry. Orange-apricot;
$1.35-3.7$
$3.75 \quad 27.50$
very fine ...................................
Orientale, Perry's White. (New). The most distinct break in Oriental Poppies that has yet been made; the flowers are a fine satiny white with a crimson-maroon blotch at the base of each petal

## PAPAVER NUDICAULE (Iceland Poppy).

The plant is of neat habit, forming a tuft of bright green fernlike foliage, from which spring, throughout the entire season, a profusion of slender, leafless stems 1 foot high, each graced with charming cup-shaped fowers.

Baker's Sunbeam Mixture $\qquad$ ...

100
$\$ 18.00$

Papaver alpinum. Like a small and more delicate Iceland Poppy having flowers of white, pink, orange or yellow and often delicately fringed. Transplants best when quite small. True stock, from When quite small. True stock, from

Papaver Thibetica. Very attractive Alpine with showy orange flowers produced in great quantities; the whole plant not unlike a dwarf orange papaver nudicaule but giving twice as many flowers and more readily transplanted; excellent for the rock garden


Thor.
Beacon.

# Hardy Phlox of Recent Introduction and Unusual Merit 

Count Zeppelin (Grai Zepeplin). Pure white forvers with rermilion-red eyes. A strikingly clean looking Phlox. There is no fading or suffusing of color. It is considered the best of the so-called calico types. It is very free flowering, and a good grower. The plants reach a height of about 30 inches. 3 for $\$ 1.90 ; 12$ for $\$ 5.50 ; 100$ for $\$ 45.00$.

Beacon
Brilliant cherry-red is a correct description of the color of this kind. Grows 36 inches high. The flower heads are carried on straight, strong stems. It is an excellent rariety and one of the best of this color. 3 for $\$ 1.00 ; 12$ for $\$ 3.00 ; 100$ for $\$ 20.00$.

Thor
Not a new sort but a variety that is becoming more and more popular because of its splendid free-flowering qualities. The color is a beautiful lively shade of deep salmon-pink, overlaid with a scarlet glow. It has a small aniline-red eye. Being a good grower, never giving any trouble and always full of bloom, we consider this one of the best of the salmon-pink sorts. 3 for 85 c ; 12 for $\$ 2.50 ; 100$ for $\$ 18.00$.


THE type we are herewith offering is known as the Hardy Border Carnation, or the "Grenadin Carnation." They resemble the Pinks but produce flowers on long stems just as the greenhouse varieties do. Each plant will produce from ten to fifteen flower spikes and each spike will have as many as six or eight flowers.

The flowers shown in this illustration are on stems which have been disbudded; removing all buds except the central one on top of the
stem, this makes for large show flowers. If not disbudded you will get more flowers but not so large.

Plants should be transplanted in early Spring and prefer a sunny position in well drained ordinary garden soil. When plants get two or three years old it is best to cut them back immediately after they have flowered, cutting back improves the appearance of the plants. We prefer to offer them in a mixture only in all shades of red and pink with occasional white and yellow. Sometimes a single flowered plant appears but these are as handsome as the doubles.


## Choicest Wayside Gardens Unnamed Hybrid Delphiniums

The range of colors varies from the palest shade of blue to the deepest indigo blue and royal purple with many intermediary pastel tones of mauve, pink and lavender blendings. Among these new hybrids are flowers of huge size in both single and double forms. This strain has been raised from seed saved from the finest
named kinds in creation. Visitors at our nursery proclaim them the best they have ever seen. Those who wish to perfect their already much prized borders can not afford to overlook these wonderful hybrids. Per 3, \$2.00; per doz., $\$ 5.50$; per 100, $\$ 45.00$.


## Lilium Regale or Myriophyllum, the Queen of Lilies

GROWING anywhere under almost any condition, establishing itself without any trouble or effort on your part, it is in our mind the easiest, and one of the most beautiful and hardiest Lilies in cultivation. Lilium Regale is truly a royal Lily, worthy of a place in every garden. A vigorous grower with sturdy stems; 4 to 5 feet high, densely covered with long, lanceolate foliage. Center of flower flushed with yellow, shading to white at the outer edges; externally the flowers are streaked with brown, shaded through the almost translucent petals with a delightful pearly tint; the contrast between the rich color of the reverse of the petals and the gold shading of the throat is extraordinarily beautiful. Thrives in any good rich soil and is the easiest of all Lilies
to grow. Stem-roots; plant Fall or early Spring, about 5 inches deep. July flowering. In order to bring this unusually handsome Lily into the hands of every flower lover and gardener we offer it in three sizes, the smallest of which will produce 3 to 4 good flowers, not as many on one stem as is shown in the illustration which is a spike produced by a 7 - to 8 -inch bulb. (Our stock is the largest in cultivation in America).

|  | Each | 10 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bulb | Bulbs | Bulbs |
| 5 to 6 inch bulbs | \$0.50 | \$4.50 | \$40.00 |
| 6 to 7 inch bulbs | . 60 | 5.50 | 50.00 |
| 7 to 8 inch bulbs | . 80 | 7.00 | 65.00 |

Seed of Lilium Regale (will produce flowering bulbs in two years time). Package containing about 200 seeds for 50 c.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor', Ohio

## Paeonia Sinensis

The varieties we offer are arranged alphabetically, and where known, the name and date of the introducer immediately follows in parentheses. As color comes first in the choice of Peonies, we have placed the color on the same line as the name Size and type naturally appeal next, and so follow the color. Having found these satisfactory in any variety described, one naturally looks for the character and habit of the plant. To further aid purchasers we shall be pleased to give by letter further information to intending purchasers.

Figures following name indicate rating by American Peony Society.

3-5 Eyes Doz

Albert Crousse. S.5. (Crousse. 1593). V'ery fresh salmon-pink, delicate color. Large compact bomb shape; fragrant; erect: medium height. Late ....................... $\$ 1.00$ § 10.00

Albatre. S.-. (Crousse, 1885). Milk-white center, petals tinged lilac. Large, compact, rose trpe bloom: strong. rigorous grower and free bloomer. Midseason
.75
7.50

Avalanche. S.7. (Crousse, 18\$6). Creamy White. slightly flecked with carmine. Large, compact crown type; fragrant: strong growth. Midseason

Augustin d'Hour. 7.§. Bomb type; midseason. Extremely large; showy, perfectly built bloom. Color very deep rich, brilliant solferino-red with slight silvery reflex. It is a taller grower and larger flower than Felix Crousse
\%
7.50

Baroness Schroeder. 9.0. Rose type; late. White with shadings of flesh. This is one of the finest Peonies. Its immense flowers of great substance with high chalice-shaped center are freely produced, lasting a long time. Very fragrant

Couronne d'Or. 8.1. (Calot, 1873). White with yellow tints arising from a few stamens showing amidst the petals. Center petals tipped with carmine. Large, rather full flower of superb form. Strong rather full flower of superb form. Strong grower and

Duchesse de Nemours. 8.1. (Calot, 1856). Guard petals white, center lemon-yellow. cup-shaped: at first it develops into a large bloom, gradually fading to white; fragrant: strong grower and free bloomer. Extra good commercial rariety. Follows two or three dars later than Festiva Maxima

Edulis Superba. -.6. (Lemon, 1834). Dark pink, even color; large. loose, flat crown when fully open. Very fragrant: upright growth: early bloomer. One of the best commercial Peonies. There is much confusion over this variety being sold under fusion orer this variety being sold under

Eugenie Verdier. 8.b. Late. Very large, compact blooms of pale hrdrangea-pink, with outer guard petals lilac-white; fragrant; extra strong stems

Felix Crousse. 8.4. (Crousse, 1881). Very brilliant red. Medium to large. globular, typical bomb shape: fragrant: strong growth. Stems rather weak. Midseason. 1.00

Floral Treasure. 7.5. (Ros., 1900). Very large, showy: rose type. Pale lilac-rose. Fragrant. Strong, tall. upright gromer: free bloomer. One of the best commercial blooms. Midseason.

Festiva Maxima. 9.3. (Miellez. 1851)
Paper-white, crimson markings in center.
Tery large and full, rose type; very tall. strong growth. Early

Karl Rosenfield. §.8. Very large flower: globular, semi-rose type. Extremely vigorous grower, tall, and free-flowering As an early red it has no equal
5.00
1.00
10.00
$2.00 \quad 20.00$
$7 \quad 7.50$
$50 \quad 5.00$
$1.50 \quad 15.00$
$1.00 \quad 10.00$


The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Mad. Crousse.


Festiva Maxima.
No garden complete without this white Peony. We consider it the best all around white kind in cultivation.


Mons. Jules Elie.

## PAFONIAS-Continued.

3-5 Eyes
Each Doz.
Kelway's Glorious. 9.8. Flowers large, full, double rose type; cream-white, overlaid with a soft blush of rose; very exquisite; fragrant; late midseason. Considered by many as the finest of Kelway's Peonies
Iady Alexandra Duff. 9.1. Delicate pale pink fading to white. Main flower large, cup-shaped, rose type. Blossoms form side buds often semi-double, exposing the anthers; fragrant
4.00
40.00

工e Cygne. 9.9. Very large, perfectly formed flower, freely produced; cream-white with a touch of green at the heart. The finest white. Received the highest rating of any Peony
Mme. Crousse. 7.9. Pure white with faint crimson markings. Large, globular, crown type; fragrant; medium height. Midseason
Madame Ducel. 7.9. (Mech., 1880). Large globular, typical bomb. Light mauverose, 1 (153), with silvery reflex. Fragrant. Strong grower, medium height; very free. Extra .........................
Mme. Emile Galle. 8.5. (Crousse, 1881). Very soft pink, changing to milk-white in center. Very large, compact, flat, rose type; tall, strong, fragrant. Late
Mme. Forel. (Crousse, 1881). Enormous, very full, double bloom; color glossy, the "Princess of Pink Peonies," a title it well deserves and proudly carries. Extra fine.
Marguerite Gerard. 8.4. (Crousse, 1892). Very pale salmon-pink, fading to almost white. Large, compact, rose type; very strong growth
Modeste Guerin. 7.8. (Gr., 1845). Large compact, typical bomb. Uniform solfer-ino-red. Fragrance XX. Medium height; extra strong; free bloomer. Midseason. Extra good variety
Mons. Dupont. 8.3. Very large, cup-shaped flower; ivory-white; center petals splashed with carmine. The golden stamens show at the base of the petals; fragrant; a strong grower; very tall; midseason

Mons. Martin Cahuzac. 8.8. Medium size, globular, semi-rose type. Dark purplegarnet with black reflex. The darkest Peony known. Strong, vigorous grower, free bloomer; midseason .................
Mons. Jules Elie. 9.2. The peerless pure pink. Broad, reflexing guards with a high pyramidal body of semi-quilled petals converging to an apex. One of the largest, handsomest and most lasting cutting sorts in existence
Martha Bulloch. (Brand, 1907). Mammoth cup-shaped blossom often 9 to 12 inches across. The largest of the good Peonies. Deep rose-pink in the center, shading to silvery shell-pink in the outer petals. Stalks strong and erect ....................
Octavie Demay. 8.5. Very large, flat crown. Guards and center pale hydran-gea-pink, collar almost white. Rather dwarf habit; but free, fragrant, midseason bloom
Officinalis Rubra fi. pl. Rich deep crimson; the great Decoration Day Peony
President Taft. 8.7. A vigorous, strong grower, a profuse bloomer, every shoot being crowned by a big bloom. The flower is really of enormous size; there may be Peony flowers as large, but none larger. The color is a delicate hydran-gea-pink, completely enveloped in a halo of angelic white. The fragrance is delicious. It is certainly a glorious, gorgeous flower, very large and double
son, 1871).
Rubra Superba. 7.2. (Richardson, 1871). Deep carmine-crimson. Large, fragrant, rose type; medium height. Very late ...
Sarah Bernhardt. 9.0. Late. Flat, compact, semi-rose type. Uniform mauverose, silver tip. Erect, tall, free ........
Solange. 9.7. Flower very large, compact; rose type: outer petals delicate waxy white, deepening toward the center with shades of orange and golden brown. One of the most beautiful Peonies in existence; a strong grower and a late, free bloomer

PAEONIAS-Continued.
3-5 Eyes
Each Doz.
Therese. 9.8. A most desirable variety of a charm ing shade of violet-rose, changing to lilac-white. Develops a high crown, strong grower and mid ree bloomer. A splendid addin the best Venus. 8.3. (Kelway). Exquisite pointed buds, opening into large, compact flowers of delicate shell-pink with a collar of flesh-white. Extra good both as a garden flower and as a cut flower. One of the best in our collection. Midseason
axon.
............................... 1.25

Walter Faxon. 9.3. (Richardson, 1904). Semi-rose type; midseason. A very distinct, delicate rose colored flower. Tall, free bloomer. Those who know this variety consider it one of the best pinks. Scarce

## New Japanese Peonies

A type not very generally known, but in every community, wherever established, is awakening great interest and enthusiasm. The opened flowers are of extra wide spread, with one or more layers of broad guard petals which act as a cup to the mounded center. In place of the pollen-bearing stamens which center the Single Peony flowers, in this class the stamens and anthers are greatly enlarged into narrow, thick, twisted petaloids of various colors, forming a dense cushion.
We heartily recommend our list to those who want something different from the other fellow's; and to Peony planters generally, as types which will add zest and beauty to their gardens. Orders for the following booked now for September delivery. No. 6. Gunpoo-no-nishiki. All-over violet-rose petals striped with white; full crown center
No. 11. Yoochi-no-tsuki. Six- to eight-inch flowers with prominent cushion center; white, occasionally flushed pink, with amber cream petaloids.
No. 15. Fuyajo. This is the darkest, richest and most distinctly Japanese of our group. Broad, rounded guards of dull-although velvety-mahogany. The fine, curly petaloids form a conspicuous, dense center: garnet, streaked on reverse side and heavily tipped with light bronze
No. 20. Fuji-no-mine. A very large and free-blooming sort; white, with rich cream center
No. 42. "Rose of Nippon." A wonderfully free bloomer, a persistent mass of brilliant 6 -inch flowers. Very deep rose, the broadly prominent center darkened by carmine, and illuminated by countless star-points of both silver and gold. Many centers are slightly tufted
No. 47. Fuji-zome-gorono. Inexpressibly beautiful in its matchless symmetry and delicate color tones. Immense, flattened, poppy-shaped flowers borne very freely. The two-layered guards are broadly rounded, an exquisite shade of satiny wisteria-pink. The crinkly cushion is pure gold, toned warmly towards the base with coral. A most charming color combination
No. 88. Oki-no-nami. Tall, free-flowering and showy, Pale hydrangea-pink; with full, fine-cut center of peachpink and cream. It does not require a strong imagination to get the Japanese descriptive impression petals, with ends deeply indented. These are white, irregularly streaked and tipped with lilac-red. The center is medium sized, but bright with deep gold filaments, and carmine seed pods

## Single and Semi-Double Peonies

An interesting class bearing a general resemblance to the Japanese species. They have one or two rows of large, rounded guard petals, with distinct centers of pollen bearing stamens in some shade of yellow.
The Moor. A useful landscape type with long, nodding stems and single flowers 8 to 10 inches across. Ruby buds open to solferino-red permeated with crimson and faintly edged silver, clouded with violet on reverse; with conspicuous yellow cushion
........
Lotus. One of the very earliest blooming Peonies, but keeps right on with the midseason type and still shows its stars when the late doubles usher in the end. Blooms keep in water as long as ten days. It is a strong grower with dark leaves, and long, rigid stems. Flowers are borne in clusters of three to five. The small center is dense and showy; bright gold with carmine seed pods. Color at first is warm pink, fading gradually to pure white, the center remaining constant.
Marie Jacquin (The Water Lily Peony). Beautiful single and semi-double flowers in over-topping abundance; the waxy, pure white cups with crowded center of golden stamens, creating the delightful impression of water lilies riding the surface of a moss green pool
12.50


Albatre.


Single Peony, Marie Jacquin.


## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Pachysandra Terminalis.


Phlox Subulata.


Phlox Amoena.

PACHYSANDRA (Japanese Spurge).
Terminalis. A trailing plant 6 to 8 inches high, forming broad mats of bright glossy green foliage. A ground cover, which will grow in all shady situations and the only plant which will thrive under pine trees. Some of its main uses are: Under all evergreen plantings, under all shrub plantings, for areaway copings, for loggia and enclosed porch uses, for shrub and flower bed borders, for bordering walks and drives, for steep terraces in sun or shade, for city yards it is ideal, for dense shade under any kind of trees.

|  | Doz. | 100 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Strong, 3-inch pot plants, heavy | 2.50 | $\$ 20.00$ 18.00 | $\$ 195.00$ 175.00 |
| 2-year plants, field-grown | 3.00 | 20.00 | 195.00 | 2-year' plants, field-grown plants .......... $3.00-20.00$ 75.00

(Set plants 3 inches apart each way).
PARDANTHUS (Blackberry Lily).
Very pretty perennial with lily-like flowers of a very handsome appearance. Requires a rich soil.
Chinensis. Flowers orange colored, spotted
Three Doz. 100
with purple-brown. 18 inches ......... $\$ 1.10 \quad \$ 3.25 \quad \$ 22.50$
PENTSTEMON (Beard Tongue).
Most useful and showy perennials. Some varieties are not hardy. Those below are perfectly so. June and July. 3 feet

Barbatus Torreyi. Spikes of bright scarlet flowers from June till August. A
very effective plant for hardy beds ... $\$ 0$
Barbatus, Pink Beauty. Spike is 30 inches, not as "stringy" as Torreyi, and flowers plentiful on the spike. Color is bright, clean shell-pink. Perfectly hardy in any soil or climate, and is a beautiful cut flower; one of the outstanding new plants, makes a delightful companion with gypsophila

Ovatus. One of the best. Spikes of exquisite sky blue blossoms, shaded amethyst; 3 feet; flowers 2 to 3 inches long
Pygmaeus. Very dwarf, only 6 inches high. Flowers of clear blue from July to September
Pubescens (Hirsutus) Stems 24 inches high, covered with violet flowers shading to a flesh-pink; excellent for hot, dry place in the garden; is also a very fine wall or rock plant. It enjoys hot, dry exposures
Unilateralis. A very fine June-flowering variety producing 6 to 10 erect spikes, 24 to 30 inches long, covered from top to beautiful border plant and splendid cut flower, lasting for several days in water. 1.35

## Phlox Subulata

## (Moss or Mountain Pinks).

An early Spring-flowering type with pretty mosslike, evergreen foliage, which, during the flowering season, in April and May is hidden under the masses of bloom. An excellent plant for the rockery, the border, and invaluable for carpeting the ground or covering graves.

Three
100
Alba. Pure white ............................. $\$ 0.85 \quad \$ 2.50 \quad \$ 18.00$
Fairy. Pale blue with dark purple eye; a beautiful little rock plant. Same habit as Vivid. Slow growing, neat in habit, with compact foliage, not spreading like Lilacina
Lilacina. Light lilac ......................... banks; thrives in hot, dry situations, and blooms profusely
Vivid. Bright pink with fiery red eye. We would say that this is the finest freeflowering dwarf Phlox in existence

## Various Phlox

Amoena. This is one of the best varieties for carpeting the ground, the rockery or the border. It grows but 4 inches high, and in the spring is a sheet of rich bright pink flowers
Divaricata canadensis. One of our native species, which is worthy of extensive planting, commencing to bloom early in April, and continuing through May, with large, fragrant, lavender flowers on stems 10 inches high. 3 -inch pots
Maculata. Very much like a rosy red Miss Lingard. Free-flowering; good for poor, sandy soil
Ovata (Carolina). Bright rosy red flowers. 1 to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. June-July 1.00 3.00 20.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## PHLOX

PHLOX DECUSSATA (Hardy Phlox).
These beautiful hardy border plants are among the most effective things in the garden during the late Summer and Fall months. The varieties have been much improved during the past few years, both as to color and size of bloom. To be at their best, they require soil which has been deeply enriched and plenty of water during the blooming period. It is also well to remember that they should never be allowed to go to seed and should be divided every four years, or they will become small and in not a few cases, change their color. If attacked by red spider, spray with lime and sulphur
We have tried to confine our list to the very best of the numerous varieties offered and can safely say there is not a poor variety in the lot.

## IMPORTANT

As fast as new and improved Phlox are put on the market, We discontinue the older varieties of no particular merit, thereby keeping our list up-to-date and not filled with useless sorts. Some of these old-fashioned sorts we still mention in our list, but have followed the names with the names of varieties which have replaced them. Good old varieties with outstanding qualities, have, of course, been retained.

Three Doz. 100
Athis. (Discontinued). Replaced by Thor.
Antonin Mercie. A delicate lilac-blue; freeflowering variety of medium height, and fairly free from red spider. During prolonged hot weather the color fades to a very pale lilac; in light shade, however the coloring is constant. This and Maid Marion are the best of the lilacs. .\$1.10
B. Comte. Tall growing variety producing large heads of rich satiny amaranth flowers. A very brilliant Phiox. Looks well planted close to a rellow-flowered

Beacon. Brilliant cherry-red. Grows 36 inches high. The flower heads are carried on straight, strong stems. An excellent variety and one of the best of this color. 1.00
Commander (Von Hindenburg). The color is a brilliant deep crimson-red with slightly darker eye. Grows about 24 to 30 inches high and produces a great many spikes creating a wonderful display of color. This variety is comparatively new but already a great favorite.
Champs Elysee. (Discontinued. Replaced by B. Comte.
Count Zeppelin (Graf Zeppelin). Pure white flowers with vermilion-red eve. A strikingly clean looking Phlox. There is no fading or suffusing of color. Considered the best of the so-caled calico types. Very free-flowering, and a good grower The plants reach a height of
Elizabeth Campbell. Light salmon-pink with lighter shadings toward the center of flower. Decidedly the finest Phlox of this color, but unfortunately, a weak variety and slow grower, requiring more care and attention than most varieties Ethel Pritchard. A delightfully Frenchmauve colored Phlox, Which if seen on a cloudy day, looks almost as pale blue as our native Phlox Divaricata. It is a strong grower; flowers freely, and should be planted with white or yellow flowers to look its best. Fairly tall grower Eugene Danzanvillier. (Discontinued). Replaced by Antonin Mercie.
Europa. White changing to a pale blush White toward center with a red eve. This variety is similar to Count Zeppelin but has a light pinkish cast to it. Produces large heads freely and is a good, strong grower of medium height ....
Fiancee. (Discontinued). Replaced by Mia Ruys.
Frau Anton Buchner. (Discontinued). Replaced by Von Lassburs.
Fuerbrand (Fireglow). Brilliant orangescarlet, sometimes almost vermilion. Flowers rery freely and blooms are produced in quantity throughout the entire season. Of medium height, and one of the most brilliant Phlox known. 1.40

## Independence. (See Mrs. Jenkins)

Jules Sandeau. Rather dwarf in habit. but producing rery large heads of brilliant watermelon-pink blossoms. An outstanding variety because it flowers more freely and longer than most Phlox, and is practically free from the attack of red spider. Wre consider it the best of this color


Phlox, Jules Sandeau.
Watermelon-pink, free flowering and free from red spider makes it one of the best.


Phlox, Miss Lingard.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Phlox-Antonin Mercie.


Pentstemon Unilateralis.


Plumbago Larpentae.

Jeanne d'Arc. (Discontinued). Too much like Mrs. Jenkins, which is superior.
La Vague. Warm mauve-pink with red eye. This Phlox does not look nor create the effect that the so-called wild or purple Phlox does. The flower heads are conical and large, and borne in great profusion. Looks well with deep purple and pale yellow flowers ..........................
Louis Abbema. (Discontinued). Replaced by Mia Ruys.
Lord Raleigh. Dark mauve with decidedly purplish tint. A very unusual variety. Free-flowering and rather tall Excellent with yellow and white. A variety often mentioned by Mrs. Francis King.
Marie's Jacob. (Discontinued). Color not strong enough. Use Maid Marion
Maid Marion. Good lilac flower heads. Not a new variety but an excellent kind that will be with us a long time. The color and habit are very similar to that of Antonin Mercie but grows a little taller when well established
.. 1.6
Mia Ruys. Rather dwarf in habit, but produces enormous and much branched trusses of the purest white flowers possible. The habit is very free, with splendid dark green foliage A oreat improvement and the best white Phlox in cultivation for midseason effects ............
Miss Lingard. This variety is not a Decussata type like all the others in the list, but a Suffruticosa. The distinguishing marks are that it flowers a month earlier than the Decussata sorts. Has beautiful, long shiny green foliage, and absolutely free from any disease. Therefore, Miss Lingard is one of the finest Phlox. It flowers from early June until October with large heads of white flowers with faint pink shadings in center. It is the best early white Phlox known.
Mrs. Jenkins (Independence). Pure white, late flowering, grows very fast and is of medium height. A splendid sort for planting in masses. Few varieties equal its free-flowering habit. Free from any disease and can always be depended on. An old sort but worth while
Mrs. Milly Van Hoboken. An excellent new variety. Very large florets combined in rather loose, large heads. Color bright pink with a slight and delicate mauve suffusion. Strong grower and free-fiowering. The general color effect, at a distance, is a fine bright pink $\qquad$
Mrs. Scholten. New dark salmon-pink flowers in enormous pyramidal spikes. A splendid sort of great value. Midseason flowering 'and of medium height.
Pantheon. (Discontinued). Replaced by Thor.
Prof Verschow. (Discontinued). Replaced by Beacon.
Rheinlander. A splendid old-time variety of good growing quality, and excellent habit. Flower heads are large and on good strong stems. The color is a beautiful salmon-pink $\because \ldots . . . . .$.
Richard Wallace. (Discontinued). Re-
P. Struthers. (Discontinued). Replaced by Rijnstroom.
Rijnstroom. A good strong grower producing an abundance of stems, each one topped with heavy trusses of flowers of a lively rose-pink, much like the color of the Paul Neyron rose
Thor. Not a new sort but becoming more and more popular because of its splendid free-flowering qualities. Color a beautiful shade of deep salmon-pink, overlaid with a scarlet glow. It has a small anilinered eye. Being a good grower, never giving any trouble and always full of bloom, we consider this one of the best of the salmon-pink sorts
Von Lassburg. A splendid midseason, tall, white variety. Trusses are large and stems are good, very free fowering. Rather tall and fine for the back of the
 W. C. Dgan. (Discontinued). Replaced by Ethel Pritchard.

## PHYSALIS (Chinese Lantern Plant).

Francheti. An ornamental variety of the Winter Cherry, forming dense bushes about 2 feet high, producing freely its bright orange-scarlet, lantern-like fruits, which, when cut, will last all Winter. Very attractive plant

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## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragonhead).
Three Doz. 100
Virginica. Forms large clumps 3 to 4 feet high, bearing long spikes of delicate pink, flowers, tubular in form. July

Virginica, Vivid. This is a seeding of our own; it blooms three weeks later than the others and the flowers are a deeper color pink; much larger and better, lasting a long time when cut ................
PINKS (Hardy Garden, see Dianthus).
PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower).
Grandifiora. Blue. 18 inches. June to October. Large, showy, deep blue flowers. Good for rock garden and border.
Grandifiora alba. White-flowered form of the above
Mariesi. Blue. 12 to 15 inches. July until late September. A beautiful dwarf species, with broad, thick foliage and large, deep violet-blue flowers .........
Mariesi alba. White-flowered form of the above
PLUMBAGO (Leadwort).
Jarpentae. One of the most desirable border and rock plants. It is of dwarf, spreading habit, growing 6 to 8 inches high, covered with deep blue flowers during the Summer and Fall ..........
POLEMONIUM (Jacob's Ladder).
Album. A white variety of coeruleum ...
Coeruleum (Richardsoni). Frect stems of sky-blue flowers. 1 to $11 / 2$ feet. June to July
Reptans (Greek Valerian). ito 10 inches. April to June. Dwarf, bushy plant of graceful growth. Showy blue flowers. Rock garden and fine border plant.

## PRIMULA - Hardy Primrose

Splendid little plants for naturalizing near shrubs, in the border or shaded nooks on the rockery.
Auricula alpina. One of the treasures of the rock garden. The growth is very attractive, forming rosettes of thick leaves, sometimes farinose or mealy. The flower stalks rise to a height of six or eight inches, bearing heads of bloom of various colors; exceedingly fragrant. . $\$ 1$.
Cashmeriana (New). Jarge, globular heads of a pleasing purplish blue shade; prefers a moist, shaded situation
1.7
1.75
5.00

Cortusoides. A distinct Siberian species, with soft, wrinkled, heart-shaped leaves. Flowers in early Summer, deep rose. Prefers light, rich, well drained soil, in a sunny position, in border or rockery; moerheim Kybrids. A new strain of Hardy Primulas with the constitution of $P$. japonica, resulting from crossing of several. Colors range from cream to many shades of yellow, orange, purple, lilac, pink and crimson. They are very hardy and prefer a half-shaded pesition that is fairly moist; very unusual
Pulverulenta. Rich crimson in color, in whorls, on stems 3 feet high. One of the finest varieties
Vulgaris. The old English Primrose with pale yellow flowers LYANTHUS (Bunch Primrose).
The polyanthus is an indispensable Spring flower and should be used largely in flower beds and borders, also wild gardens and rockeries. It likes an open, half-shady position in rich soil and under such conditions will bear flower stems a foot high. Exhibition Yellow. A very beautiful strain, flowers deep to light yellow ...........\$1.40 \$4.00 \$30.00 Exhibition white. A very fine largeflowered pure white, with striking yellow eye ......................................
Exhibition Blue. A very fine mixture of of deep purple and blue shades; very striking and unusual, not to mention rare in Primroses $\ldots$.........................
Exhibition Pink and Red Shad handsome, ranging from light to dark ed, with yellow in
Munstead Strain Mixed. In shades of yellow, from cream to dark orange, selected and perfected by Miss Jekyll of England. $1.40 \quad 4.00 \quad 30.00$
Veris \#ybrids. This strain includes various shades of lilac, purple and violet, as well as a wide range of buff, orange, salmon and rich reds approaching scarlet in intensity. Quite hardy and of vigorous growth


Primula Auricula.


Primula Cortusoides.


Polygonatum Multiflorum Major.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Double Pyrethrum.


Salvia Azurea.

POLYGONATUM (Solomon's Seal).
Three Doz. 100
Multifiorum major. Pendent sprays of greenish white flowers borne on long stems. 2 feet. May and June. A grand plant for a shady position, where it has plenty of room to show its penaulous sprays of bells. Fine for cutting.....$\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 20.00$
POTENTILLA (Cinquefoil).
Charming plants for the border, with brilliant single or double flowers that are produced in profusion from June to August. Succeeds in any soil. 18 inches.

| Mixed Colors of Double Varieties | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Three } \\ & . \$ 0.90 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Doz. } \\ & \$ 2.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \$ 19.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tridentata. Dwarf evergreen plant. Ex- |  |  |  |
| cellent for the rock garden . | 1.20 | 3.50 | 25.00 |

PRUNELLA (Self-heal; Heal-all).
Grandiflora. Violet or purple flowers all summer. Fine for the rockery or slightly shaded parts of the hardy border. Succeeds in any soil not excessively dry. $1.00 \quad 3.00$
20.00

## PULMONARIA.

Angustifolia azurea. A lovely early blue Spring flower not unlike Mertensia, but dwarfer flowers and when through blooming the plant has beautifully marked foliage ......................... Each, नธc.
PYRETHRUM (Persian or Painted Daisy).
The Pyrethrums are so easily cultivated that they may be recommended to all who possess a garden. They are perfectly hardy and absolutely invaluable for cut flowers through the Summer and early Fall. In form, the double varieties are somewhat chrysanthemum-like, and as their chief beauty is in the months of May and June, they may well be designated Spring Chrysanthemums. The single-flowered varieties are variable colored Marguerites and possess a range of color Marguerites might enry in rain. Nothing can surpass the Pyrethrum in profusion of flowers throughout May to July, and the blossoms are not injured by storm or sun. As a cut flower, their long stems make them ideal for decorative purposes. Their position should be in the border or in beds, in full sun. Transplant in August

Finest Mixed of English Double and Single Varieties. Strong, 1-Year clumps $\ldots . . \$ 0.85 \quad \$ 2.50 \quad \$ 18.00$ Strong, 2 -year clump
1.10
3.25

## RANUNCULUS (Buttercups).

Acris fiore pleno. A double yellow, upright growing Buttercup-like plant. Good for border in wet places; good

Repens fil pl. A pretty bright golden yellow Buttercup; flowers in May and June
Parnassifolius (White Aipine Buttercup). A very beautiful high Alpine Buttercup; rounded, leathery leaves and large white flowers
RUDBECKIA (Coneflower).
Golden Glow. One of the most popular hardy plants. Grows six feet high, producing masses of large, double, golden yellow flowers, shaped like a cactus

Maxima. A rare and attraceive variety growing 5 feet high, with large, glaucous green leaves and bright yellow flowers 5 to 6 inches across, with a cone 2 inches high; flowers continucusly from June to September

Newmanni. The perennial form of the "Black-Eyed Susan." Deep orange-yellow flowers, with a dark purple cone; long, wiry stems 3 feet high; blooms all Summer
Purpurea (Giant Purple Coneflower). Peculiar reddish purple Howers, with a very large, brown, cone-shaped center. Blooms from July to October. 3 feet
SALVIA (Meadow Sage).
Azurea. A Rocky Mountain species. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, producing, during August and September, pretty sky-blue flowers in the greatest profusion
Farinacea. Beautiful pale blue flowers
Pitcheri. Similar to the above, but of more branching habit and large flowers of a rich gentian blue color, and one of the most admired plants by the many visitors to our nurseries during the early Autumn. 3 to 4 feet
Pratensis. Dwarf blue fiowers in June .
Turkestanica. Extremely decorative sweet scented foliage and showy whorls of white flowers surrounded by pale pink. Virgata nemorosa. Distinct and effective foliage with showy whorls of white flowers
$85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$
$85 \quad 2.50 \quad 18.00$
$\begin{array}{lll}.85 & 2.50 & 18.00 \\ .85 & 2.50 & 18.00\end{array}$
18.00

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton; Ground Cypress).
A sweet smelling, dwarf, evergreen perennial, with delicate silver-white foliage, useful as rock or border plants; also largely used in carpet bedding.
Chamaecyparissus (incana). 1 foot ...... $\$ 0.85 \quad \$ 2.50 \quad \$ 20.0$

## SANGUINARIA.

Canadensis (Bloodroot). Native. A low perennial, about 6 inches high, with pure white flowers an inch in diameter, in early Spring. The large, leathery leaves appear later. Plant in rich, shady places or rock garden

## SAPONARIA (Soapwort).

Ocymoides alba. A grand pure whiteflowering plant for wall or rockery ....
Ocymoides splendens. Pretty border and rockery plant; flowers rosy pink
SAXIFRAGA (Megasea).
Cordifolia. These will thrive in any kind of soil and in any position. Grow about 1 foot high, and are admirable for the front of the border or shrubbery, forming masses of handsome, broad, deep green foliage, which alone renders them useful; flowers appear very early in the Spring. Fine among rocks or ledges ..
Crassifolia. 12 to 15 inches. April to June. Showy and spreading. Drooping masses of pink flowers high above the large, clustered leaves. A fine rock plant....
Decipiens (Crimson Moss). Dwarf, mossy plants bearing white flowers in May and Tune The green foliage turns a bright crimson in Winter. 4 inches high. crimson in winter. 4 inches high.
Hypnoides (Dovedale Moss). Easily grown in this country as well as in Europe. A rapid, easy carpeter or excellent in pockets in the rock garden. Pure white.
Megasea Fybrids. Handsome plants in fine mixture of all shades of rose or pink. Excellent foliage. Good for the rock garden or border. Does well in shade or sun. These hybrids are our own introduction
1.40
4.00
30.00

McNabiana 1 foot. Numerous white flowers, heavily speckled with pink to purple dots. The spots large. May and June..
Michauxi (Michaux Saxifraga). Alpine variety. Rare. Strong, established plants ............................................
Virginiensis. A low perennial, 4 to 9 inches high, with a cluster of pretty white flowers appearing in early spring. Fine for rockeries
2.50
18.00

## SCABIOSA (Pincushion Flower)

Handsome border plants, succeeding in any ordinary soil if well drained and in a sunny location, and should be grown in every garden where cut flowers are wanted; they last a long time when picked and placed in water.

Three Doz.
Caucasica (Blue Bonnet). A soft and charming shade of lavender commences to bloom in June, throwing stems 18 to 24 inches high until September ........... Cancasica alba (White Bonnet). The white form of the preceding ............ 1.35
$\$ 3.25$
$\$ 22.50$

Japonica. Irvender-blue flowers, from July to September. 2 feet..............
Pennsylvanica (Cephalaria tatarica). Large golden yellow flowers, similar to the true Scabiosa in form. 5 feet .... 1.0
1.00
3.00
20.00

SCUTELI.ARIA (Skull Cap)
Baicalensis coelestina. Short, wiry sterns clothed with clear blue Snapdragonshaped flowers. 1 foot. June to August. 1.10 3.25

SENECIO (Groundsel)
Clivorum. Forms a neat tuft of foliage, from which spring up from July to October a succession of 3 -foot stems, with clusters of orange-yellow flowers ...... 1.1
1.10
3.25
22.50

Veitchianus. From a wide spreading tuft of large cordate leaves, tall flower stems rise, bearing bright yellow blossoms along the upper portion of the stem for a length of two feet. Good border plant for moist or shady places


Saponaria Ocymoides.


Saxifraga Cordifolia.


Saxifraga Decipiens.


Scabiosa Caucasica.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Sedum Sieboldi.


Sempervivum Tectorum growing in wall.


Sedum Spectabile.


Statice Latifolia.

## SEDUM - Stonecrop

The dwarf varieties are charming plants for sunny positions in the rockery, etc., and the taller kinds make effective color groups in the border. They thrive in almost any soil. They are especially fond of sand and full sun, and may be considered the backbone of the American rock garden.

## DWARF VARIETIES

Three Doz. 100
Acre (Golden Moss). Much used for covering graves; foliage green; flowers bright yellow ............................. $\$ 0.85$ \$2.50 $\$ 18.00$
Aizoon. Bright yellow flowers. 1 foot. July and August ............................
Album. Dwarf and spreading; thick, waxy round foliage, white flowers; good rock

Glaucum. Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings ..........
Kamschaticum. Orange-yellow flowers, with prostrate, green foliage, turning golden in Autumn .........................
Kamschaticum fol. var. Similar to above, but has attractive, variegated foliage ..
Lydium (Often confused with Stahli, which is not hardy). Very fine rock plant...
Obtusatum. Golden yellow flowers, with emerald-green foliage, shaded bronze.
3 inches .....................................
Pruniatum Forsterianum. Pretty, glaucous, bluish green leaves, of trailing habit, with golden yellow flowers ......
Sarmentosum. Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings. The best Sedum for filling seams between rocks in wall garden; rapid grower .... 1
Sexangulare. Very dark green foliage; yellow flowers
Sieboldi. Round succulent glaucous liage; bright pink flowers in August and September
Spurium coccineum. A beautiful rosy crimson flowered form; July and August. 6 inches
$85-2.50 \quad 18.00$

Stolonifera. One of the most desirable; evergreen leaves; flowers purplish pink; July and August. Excellent for rock garden. 6 inches
Termatum. Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings
.85
2.50
18.00

## ERECT-GROWING VARIETIES

Useful and pretty plants for the border, producing their interesting flowers during late Summer and Fall.

Spectabile. One of the prettiest erect growing species, attaining a height of 18 inches, with broad, light green foliage and immense heads of handsome, showy, rose colored flowers; indispensable as a late Fall-blooming plant . .............. $\$ 1.00$
$\$ 3.00$
$\$ 20.00$
Spectabile "Brilliant." A rich colored form of the preceding, being a bright amaranth-red
SEMPERVIVUM (House Leek).
Curious and interesting plants forming rosettes of succulent leaves of varying colors. Good for rockeries, dry banks, carpet bedding or walls.


STATICE (Great Sea Lavender).
Latifolia. A valuable plant either for the border or rockery, with tufts of leathery leaves and immense candelabra-like heads, frequently $11 / 2$ feet high and 2 feet across, of purplish blue, minute flowers during July and August. These, if cut and dried, last in perfect condition for months
$85 \quad 2.50$
2.50
18.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## SHORTIA.

Galacifolia. A rare and beautiful species, but recently introduced from the mountains of North Carolina. The leaves are overgreen and the petals, five in number. are pure white, and scalloped or notched on the edges. Flowers about an inch across in early Summer. Plant in a rich, shady place. Hardy
$\$ 1.60 \quad \$ 4.75 \quad \$ 35.00$
SIDALCEA (Greek Mallow)
Erect-growing, more or less branching plants, producing their showy flowers during June and July. They will succeed in any garden soil in a sunny position. Three Doz. 100
Rosy Gem. Pretty, bright rose colored
flowers. 2 to 3 feet
$\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 20.00$
SILENE (Catchfly).
A charming class of plants for the rock garden. They are closely allied to the pink family and require much the same treatment. They bloom nearly all Summer and are very desirable additions to the rockery.

Three Doz. 100
Alpestris. Dwarf rock plant, dainty, pure White flowers in May and June .........
Orientalis. A brilliant plant for the border or rock garden; foliage is a splendid blue-green: stems about a foot high. topped with a large head of brilliant American Beauty red flowers; effect not unlike a phlox. This plant is 2 biennial, but selfsows very freely
1.003 .00
20.00

Saxifraga. A choice Alpine of mossy growth. Flowers white, in great profusion
Schafta (Autumn Catchfly). A charming border or rock plant, growing from 4 to 6 inches high, with masses of bright pink flowers from July to October ..... Stellata (Starry Campion). Strong established plants
3.50
25.00

## SPIREA - Astilbe

## (Arendsi and Japonica Hybrids)

Hybrid varieties of very vigorous growth, producing manybranched, feathered heads of flowers in June and July. They prefer a half-shady, moist position in any ordinary garden soil. We offer 3-year-old, large, field-grown clumps only, for immediate effect.
America. Deep pink: excellent forcing rariety; fine for early forcing ..............
Betsy Caperas. Splendid new variety, growing feet high. The fine drooping
flower spikes, 2 feet long, show in Sumflower spikes, 2 feet long, show in Sum-
mer during some weeks a great number of white flowers with pink center
.80 2.2う
7.00

Ceres. Growing $21 / 2$ to 3 feet high, with spikes of a rosy lilac color; fine garden variety
$80 \quad 2.25$
7.00

Freule Van Den Bosch. New variety, growing about $31 / 2$ feet high. Produces compact flower spikes of a dark pink color. Splendid norelty for the garden
$1.25 \quad 3.00 \quad 10.00$
Gladstome. 18 inches. June-July. A fine variety. Immense trusses of flowers are as white as snow, borne on erect, strong stocks; best white for forcing.
Grandis rosea magnifica. The drooping spikes of flowers have a length of over 2 feet, and are a beautiful creamy white, with pink centers. 5 to 6 feet
Gruno. This new Astilbe grows 4 feet high and produces light and graceful spikes of spreading habit and has a splendid salmon-pink color. Award of Merit R. H. S. of Holland
Merguerite Van Rechteren. This plant grows about 5 feet high. The flower stem itself has a length of over 3 feet. The very fine fringed flowers are bright red tinged with dark lilac ...............
Mowe. Striking novelty with long, well formed spikes and splendid crimson flowers, shaded salmon
Queen Alexandra. Light pink; good for forcing
$70 \quad 1.75$
5.00
$80 \quad 2.25 \quad 7.00$
$\begin{array}{lll}.80 & 2.25 & 7.00\end{array}$
$80 \quad 2.25 \quad 7.00$
$80 \quad 2.25 \quad 7.00$

Rhinelsnd. The compact spikes are bright crimson colored with salmon shade ...
Rubons. Rosy red; new and good; fine for forcing
$80-2.25$

Salland. Stems of a fine red color, growing over 6 feet high. A very decorative novelty. Award of Merit R. H. S. of Holland
Tenta. New. Tall, lilac-rose spikes; beautiful garden variety


Spirea. Betsy Cuperus.


Spirea Arancus (True Goats Beard)

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Stokesia.


Thalictrum Aquilegifolium.

SPIREA (Goat's Beard; Meadow Sweet).
Elegant border plants with feathery plumes of flowers and neat, attractive foliage; succeeds in all locations.

Aruncus. 4 feet. June. Produces long, feathery panicles of white flowers, forming graceful plumes $\qquad$
Filipendula (Dropwort). Numerous corymbs of white flowers on stems 15 inches high.
$\begin{array}{lllll}J u n e ~ a n d ~ J u l y ; ~ p r e t t y ~ f e r n-l i k e ~ f o l i a g e . . ~ & .85 & 2.50 & 18.00\end{array}$
Filipendula flore pleno. 12 to 18 inches. June and July. Double white flowers, fern-like foliage .............................
Kneiffi. Very graceful foliage, finely cut into hair-like segments, with large, cream-colored flower spikes ..............
Palmata elegans. 3 feet. June to August. Graceful plumes of lovely light pink flowers. Fine for waterside planting ..
Ulmaria fl. pl. The well known double "Meadow Sweet." Creamy white flowers

STACHYS (Woundwort).
Lanata. Fine old-fashioned cottage garden plant for edging; useful in rock garden; dwarf; soft silvery foliage; flowers useless. 4 inches

## STENANTHIUM (Mountain Feather Fleece).

Robustum. A rare perennial, with showy panicles of pure white, fleecy flowers in August and September on stems 4 to 5 feet high; requires a moist, semi-shady position
22.50

STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster; Stokes' Aster).
A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant which, for many seasons, has been the most admired flower on our grounds. The plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely from early June until late in October, its handsome lavender-blue centaurea-like blossoms, which measure from 4 to 5 inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open, sunny position; desirable as a single plant in the hardy border and effective in masses or beds of any size.
Cyanea coerulea. Beautiful light blue $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Three } & \$ 0.85 & \$ 2.50 & \$ 18.00\end{array}$
Cyanea coerulea alba. White-flowered form of the above. 1 to $11 / 2$ feet
1.20
3.50
25.00

SWEET WILLIAM (See Dianthus Barbatus).
TEUCRIUM (Germander).
Chamaedrys. Shrub-like habit. Excellent plant. Glossy green foliage, purple flower spikes in July and August. Good for neat edging. 1 foot.
1.40
$4.00 \quad 30.00$
Orientalis. Dwarf plant with good foliage producing an abundance of blue flowers; good for rock garden or border
1.40
4.00
30.00

## TIARELLA (Miterwort).

Cordifolia. 6 to 12 inches. May. An elegant plant with fine foliage and small, creamy white, star-shaped flowers. Prefers partial shade
2.50
18.00

## THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue).

Adiantifolium. A beautiful variety, with foliage like the Maidenhair Fern and miniature white flowers in June ........ 1.10
Aquilegifolium. Graceful foliage like that of Columbine, and rosy purple flowers from June to July. 2 to 3 feet ..........
Aquilegifolium album. White form of the above
Dipterocarpum. A pretty and distinct species, with fowers of a charming shade of lilac-mauve which is brightsned by lanch of lemon-yellow staened by a bunch of lemon-yellow stamens and anthers. The plant is of strong growth, about 4 feet hingh. fowe dainty fowers are produced in graceful
sprays during August and September ..
Glaucum. Similar in habit to the Aquilegifolium; blue-gray leaves rather finely cut, with heads of Chinese yellow, fragrant flowers. 3 to 4 feet. July ......
Minus. Dwarf, with maidenhair fern-like foliage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.10

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## THERMOPSIS (False Lupine; Buffalo).

Caroliniana. A showy, tall-growing plant,
Three Doz 100
attaining a height of 3 to 4 feet, pro-
ducing long spikes of yellow flowers in
June and July
. $\$ 1.60 \quad \$ 4.75$
$\$ 35.00$

## THYMUS (Thyme).

The charming Mountain Thymes make a perfect, close, fragrant carpet on hot, dry, sunny banks where grass is difficult to establish; they are a sheet of blossom in June and July. Excellent for carpeting patches of Spring-flowering bulbs.


Serpyllum album. (White Mountain
Thyme) Forms dense mats of dark
green foliage and clouds of white flowers.
3 to 4 inches. June-July .................. 1.
1.60
4.75
35.00

Serpyllum coccineum. Plants become completely covered with brilliant crimsonscarlet flowers
1.20
3.50
25.00

Serpyllum splendens. A rapid, dwarfgrowing variety; very hardy and excellent to cover bare spots, also good for the edge of walks or in the rock garden. 1.10
$3.25 \quad 22.50$

TRADESCANTIA (Spiderwort).
Virginica. Produces a succession of blue fowers all Summer. 2 feet ..................

Virginica alba. A white-flowered form. . 85 85
2.50
18.00

TRILLIUM (Wood Lily or Wake Robin).
Grandifiorum. Excellent plants for shady positions in the hardy border, or in a sub-aquatic position suowers in early Spring. 12 to 18 inches.
.50
1.50
10.00

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker; Flame Flower; Torch Lily).
Pfitzeri. The free and continuous blooming qualities of this variety have made it one of the great bedding plants. Hardy if given protection, but the most. satisfactory method of wintering is to bury the roots in sand in a cool cellar. In bloom from August to October, with spikes 3 to 4 feet high, and heads of bloom of a rich orange-scarlet producing a grand effect either planted singly in the border or in masses ..................

Perry's Unnamed Fybrids. These are seedlings of various colors, ranging from pale yellow to deep orange and are very showy in a hardy plant border.. 1.35
3.75

Quartiniana. A strong growing, thickstalked variety, blooming late in May with flower cones 10 to 12 inches long. Orange-red at first, but yellow on bottom nalf as bloom matures. Perfectly hardy here; does not need protection.

Uvaria grandiflora. 3 to 4 feet. The oldfashioned, late-flowering sort, with flowers rich red changing to salmon-pink. Needs slight protection $\qquad$
1.35
3.75
27.50

## TROLLIUS (Globe Flower).

Europaeus, Orange Globe. Desirable freeflowering plants producing their giant bright yellow buttercup-like blossoms on stems 1 to 2 feet high from May until August; succeeds admirably in the border in a half-shady position ............ Europaens superbus. Same habit as Orange Globe with pale yellow blossoms .......

Choice Seedlings. Color range from pale yellow to deep orange; on strong stems 2 feet high. Wonderful as cut flowers, and good in moist locations
1.35


Trillium Grandifiorum.
Excellent for naturalizing and woodland planting.


Trollius.


Tradescantia Virginica.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Thyme.


Tritoma.

Veronica Rupestris in Rock Garden.


## TUNICA (Coat Flower).

Sasifraga. A pretty tufted plant with
Three Doz.
100 light pink flowers, produced all Summer. Useful either for the rockery or the border
.$\$ 0.85$
$\$ 2.50$
$\$ 18.00$

## VALERIANA (Valerian; Garden Heliotrope).

Coccinea. Showy heads of old rose
flowers. June to October.
2 Coccines alba. White form of the above. .85
.85

Omcinalis (Hardy Garden Heliotrope). Produces showy heads of rose-tinted whith delicious, strong heliotrope odor. 3 to 4 feet
1.10
3.25
22.50

## VERONICA - Speedwell

A family containing some of the most beautiful subjects for the hardy garden and rockery. Given a rich, well drained soil in an open situation in full sun, they will all thrive in an amazing manner. All the varieties listed are A-1, and splendid for the border or rock garden.

Amothystina "poyal Blue." Beautiful Spikes of rich gentian-blue flowers.
to 6 inches. June and July flowering .. \$1.20
Brica. A heather-like Speedwell with delicate pink flowers. June-July ........... 1.2
Gentianoides. Beautiful variety with spikes of large flowers, palest blue edged deep blue, in June and July. 1 foot ...
Incana (candida). 1 foot, July and August. A white, woolly plant; flowers numerous; blue. Has good appearance, both in and out of bloom. Useful in rockery or border
......................... 1
Iongifolia subsemilis. 2 feet. July to September. One of the handsomest blueflowering plants. Perfectly hardy and increases in strength and beauty each year. Spikes completely studded with year. Spikes completely studded with beautiful blue foowers; fine for cutting border
1.00
3.00
20.00

Orchidea. Very handsome variety from the Balkans. Grows four or five feet in height and produces a profusion of clear, blue flowers
Pinnata. A variety from Russia, growing 2 to 3 feet high; has finely cut foliage, producing spikes of blue flowers in June and July
$\begin{array}{lll}1.20 & 3.50 & 25.00\end{array}$
Repens. 1 to 2 inches. May and June. A useful rock or carpeting plant with light blue flowers. Not very hardy, we recommend Rupestris in its place ......
Rupestris. A fine rock plant growing 3 to 4 inches high; thickly matted, deep green foliage, hidden in early June under a cloud of bright blue flowers
Rupestris flexuoma. Prostrate creeping plant forming a solid carpet of green plant forming a solld carpet of green which in late April and early May is covered with pale blue flowers 1 inch
high. A-No. 1 rock plant .............
Rupestris nana. Prostrate and creeping, forming a dark green carpet of shiny foliage which is covered with deep Gentian blue flowers in late April and early May; 1 inch high; one of the best early blue rock plants known

Rupestris rosea. Has the same habit and flowers the same time as Rupestris nana The flowers, however, are mauve-pink..
Spicata. 18 inches. June and July. Long spikes of violet-blue flowers ............
Spicata alba. Long spikes of snowy white flowers
18.00

Spicata rosea. 2 feet. June to September Much branched variety with pink flowers
Teucrium. Dwarf; spreading, of a dense growth; flowers blue. 6 to 12 inches. May-June
Traversi. A very hardy variety of the beautiful shrubby Veronicas from New Zealand. Forms compact bushes of dark green foliage, bearing a profusion of pale mauve blossoms in late Summer ....... True Blue. Literally covers itself with July flowering

VERBASCUM (Mullein).
Olympicum (Greek Mullein). The showiest of the entire family of more than thirty varieties. The foliage is silvery white, with leaves often 3 feet long. The flowers are yellow, and are produced in quantity for about three weeks in midsummer. Succeeds best in a dry situation. 3 to 5 feet
Wayside Gardens Hybrids. An excellent strain produced from a very superior grade of English Hybrids. Colors are most interesting
VINCA (Periwinkle or Trailing Myrtle).
Minor. A trailing, evergreen plant, used extensively for carpeting the ground under shrubs or trees or on graves. where it is too shady for grass or other plants to thrive. Strong, nurserygrown clumps

3-inch pot plants of Vinca Minor may
be obtained any time of the year. They
are potted plants with about 8 to 12
runners. Good for quick results ..... $1.20 \quad 3.50 \quad 25.00$

## VIOLA

## VIOLA COBNUTA (Tufted Pandes).

This is the best edging plant for the hardy border or garden; when properly cared for, these plants remain in full bloom from May until October. The great secret of their continuous bloom, though, is the fact that they must be sheared several times during the season, so that the flowers do not go to seed.
Three Doz. 100 Admiration. Dark blue ........................ $\$ 0.50 \quad \$ 1.50 \quad \$ 10.00$
Floraire. A gern having the growth of
the bedding Viola and producing profusely, all Summer through, small blossoms of true blue. This Viola is famous in and around Geneva, Switzerland, and is a product of the well known Mon-
sieur Correvon ............................. $1.00 \quad 3.00 \quad 20.00$
Golden Yellow ................................. . . . . 0 . 1.50 10.00

Perfection. Light blue ..................... . . 50 1.50 10.00

## Rose Queen

White Perfection
Mixed. Many shades and markings $1.50 \quad 10.00$ $1.50 \quad 10.00$ VIOTA ODORATA (Sweet Violet).
The variety listed below is suited for forcing under glass; and perfectly hardy, and is covered with flowers in early Spring and wonderfully sweet scented.

Prince of Wales. Rich, deep purple
VIOLA HYBRIDS AND SPECDES

## (Everblooming).

Blanda. Sweet scented white Violet
Bosniacea. A superb, everblooming Pansy, makes neat clumps that are covered with reddish violet flowers throughout the Summer. A fine, new European introduction

A variety of Tufted Pansy, Wermig. A variety of Tufted Pansy,
forming clumps which are covered with forming clumps which are covered with son
Jersey Gem (New). Possesses the dwarf habit and continuity of blooming of the habit and continuity of blooming of the true horned busiola (V. cornuta), and the vigorous, foliage of the finest English bedding varieties. Color is pure, rich violet, and slightly perfumed
1.10
3.25
22.50

WALLFLOWER (See Cheiranthus).
YUCCA (Adam's Needle).
Filamentosa Among hardy plants there is nothing more effective and striking for isolated positions on the lawn or on dry banks where few other plants thrive. It is also indispensable for the rockery. Its broad, sword-like, evergreen foliage and immense branching spikes of drooping, creamy white flowers, ris-
ing to a height of 6 feet, render it a bold and handsome subject wherever placed. Should be planted in Spring.
3-year-old plants
1.10

4-year-old plants
1.40
3.25
22.50 $4.00 \quad 30.00$


Viola, Floraire.


Viola Cornuta, White Perfection. © All Viola Cornuta rarieties are splendid as Summer flowering plants.


Yucca Filamentosa.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



## Hardy Water-lilies

The culture of Water-lilies is so simple that it might almost be said that "they just grow themselves." Their modest requirements are sun, water and rich soil. In deciding on a place for a natural water garden, one is naturally led to select a low spot. A stream of water running through this or near it can easily be dammed or diverted so as to form a pond. The digging up and grading of the ground to be flooded is the first consideration. Of course, it is not possible for everyone to have such a location, but almost everybody can have built or can themselves construct an artificial pool. In this event, any location that is available would be satisfactory, provided it is exposed to the full sun. Rather than have no water garden at all, the interested party can grow many of the arieties in tubs or halr-barrels sunk in the ground. The selec ion of Lilies suitable for tub culture is easily made, as the varieties suited for this purpose are indicated in the catalog.
Soil. The matter of getting the soil ready for the growing of aquatic plants is important. In preparing a piece of ground about to be flooded, it is well to dig into the soil a generous amount of thoroughly rotted manure, with the addition of a small amount of bone meal. An excellent soil for use in tubs or artificial pools is made by mixing three parts of rotted sod, compost, or good top soil with one part of cow manure or good barnyard manure All manure used must be thoroughly decomposed, to prevent fermentation when covered with water. Ground bone or bone mea may be used if necessary, at the rate of one quart to one bushel of soil.
Size of Pool. The larger the water surface the better the results A tub or half-barrel 2 feet in diameter will furnish a miniature pool. An artificial pool should be made as large as possible, and feet deep. Where clay is very abundant, it is quite possible to line an excavation with this in such a manner as to have it watertight. Make an artificial pool as natural as possible and avoid tight. lines and too apparent masonry. A generous planting of stern lines and too apparent masonry. A generous planting of moisture-loving plants around the edge of the pool or pond will furnish an added charm to the plants in the pool itself. Sach plants as are suitable for this purpose are listed in this catalog. depth in artificial pools. Some will thrive in shallower water, but few will stand a depth exceeding 2 or 3 feet. A continuous flow of water tends to keep the temperature in the pool low and must be avoided. After the pool is once filled it is only necessary to replenish that which evaporates.

Aurora. Changing hues in the blooms of this plant make it exceedingly interesting. When the flowers first open they are a creamy yellow tinted with rose, which gradually changes to a dark red by the third day. A small plant, suitable for tub culture
Comanche. The largest and finest of the apricot tints. The flowers have a wonderful combination of orange and glowing amber-red. A strong grower and the earliest and most continuous bloomer in the hardy class
Eugenia de Iand. Flowers of deep rose-pink with long, narrow petals and yellow stamens, borne upon the surface of the water. The plants are strong growers and will produce fowers freely. This is easily the best of the N. odorata type

Gladstonana. Flowers of large size, usually 6 to 8 inches in diameter, pure white in color; stamens are yellow and form a pleasing contrast with the petals. Plant requires a good deal of space as it is a very strong grower
Gloriosa. This can well be called the most satisfactory Water Lily. It is the earliest to bloom and continues to flower until late Summer, producing more blossoms than any other sort. In the Spring the flower is a bright carmine which becomes darker as the season lengthens. The blooms are perfect in form and 4 to 6 inches across. This variety is one of the finest for cutting and has so much to recommend it that we do not hesitate to say that it should be the first Nymphaea chosen for any pool
Hopatcong. Well known in southeastern United States, where it grows naturally in ponds. Flowers are pure white, quite large in size, generally 5 to 7 inches across. Produces blooms very freely
Iarliacea chromatella. Medium sized flowers, usually 4 to 6 inches across. Color of the bloom is bright yellow, with stamens somewhat deeper in color. The leaves are green, mottled with brown
Morming Glory. The fragrance of the blooms, added to the beautiful pale pink of the flowers, makes this one of the most attractive hardy Nymphaeas. It produces flowers almost continuously
Pink Opal. A new variety which has been cultivated for two or three seasons, yet has proved its value. The color is a deep pink. The buds are almost round, opening into a flower with comparatively short petals, but because of its substance it has a distinct value for cutting
Rose Arey. A wonderful variety of the Odorata type; very free-flowering, and strong growing. The flowers are very large (last year we had flowers 8 inches across), and are sweetly scented. The color is clear cerise-pink and does not lighten toward the center of the flower. Awarded a Silver Medal by the New York Horticultural Society
Rose Magnolia. The blooms are borne well out of the water, which make them desirable for cutting. They are usually 4 to 5 inches across and of a delightful shade of pink. Strong, vigorous grower

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## Climbing Plants and Vines

## AMPELOPSIS (Ivy).

Veitchi (Boston Iry or Japan Try) most popular iry or Japan Try). The most popular climbing plant for covering brick walls, stone or wooden walls, trees, etc. When it becomes established it is of very rapid growth, and clings to the smoothest surface with the tenacity of Ivy.
Extra strong, 3-year, field grown plants. \$0.50 \$5.00 \$40.00 Extra strong pot plants ............ . 40 4.00 30.00

Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper or American Iry). This well known climber is one of the best and quickest growing varieties for covering trees, trellises, old stumps, etc. Its large, deep green foliage assumes brilliant shades of yellow, crimson and scarlet in the Fall. Strong plants
.40
4.00
25.00

ARISTOLOCHIA (Dutchman's Pipe).
Sipho. A vigorous and rapid-growing climber. Its flowers are of little value compared to its light leares, which are of very large size, and retain their color of very large size, and retain their color fectly hardy strong plants
Field grown plants
$1.00 \quad 10.00$
90.00

Strong pot plants
.70
6.00
50.00
bIGNONIA (Trumpet Vine).
For covering unsightly places, stumps, rock work, or wherever a showy flowering vine is desired, the Bignonias will be found very useful. The flowers are large, atractive, and borne profusely when the plants attain a fair size.

Each Doz. 100
Radicans. Dark red, orange throat; free blooming and very hardy ............... $\$ 0.40 \quad \$ 4.00$
$\$ 30.00$
CELASTRUS SCANDENS (Bittersweet or Wax Work).
One of our native climbing plants, of Each Doz.
rapid growth, succeeding in almost any situation, sun or shade, with attractive light green foliage and yellow flowers during June, which are followed in the during June, which are followed in the usually with bright orange fruits, Which
 $\$ 5.00 \$ 40.00$

## Clematis - Virgin's Bower

Flammula. Very beautiful climber; white flowers; wants a sunny exposure .......
$50 \quad 5.00$
40.00

Montana Perfecta (Anemone Clematis). A strong, vigorous, extremely hardy variety, thriving under most adverse conditions. Its large, white flowers expand in April and May, and it is the best of our Spring climbers
Montana rubens. Flowers rosy pink, with beautiful green foliage, shaded bronze ..
Paniculata. This hardy climber is one of the choicest and most satisfactory climbing, flowering plants. Of strong, rapid growth, with small, dense, cheerful green foliage, and pure white, deliciously fragrant flowers, in greatest profusion in August and September.
2-year plants

## LARGE-FLOWERING CLEMATIS,

No other climbing plant equals in attractiveness the beautiful large-flowering Clematis. Their requirements are somewhat different from most other plants, and proper conditions must be given to secure satisfactory results. They need rich, deep soil, perfect drainage, abundance of water and most important of all, they should be planted with the crowns three inches beneath the surface of the soil.



Clematis Paniculata.


Clematis Jackmani.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Euonymus Radicans Variegata climbing a tree.


Wisteria Sinensis used as a pot plant.

EUONYMUS (Evergreen Bittersweet).
The trailing Euonymus are particularly desirable for their dense, evergreen foliage and extreme hardiness, some varieties on account of this taking the place of the English Ivy for wall covering, others that of the boxwood as an edging plant. Makes a splendid ground cover, and one of the best creepers for rockeries. Plants offered below are 4- to 5 -year-old specimens.
Carrierl (Carrier's Evergreen Bittersweet). Each Doz. 100
A stronger grower than Euonymus radicans, with larger ovate green leaves. Half bush and half vine in habit of growth. If given support, it makes a very fine covering for a building or a wall; very rugged and a rapid grower, which may be used for evergreen hedges, as it can be sheared into any shape...
Kewensis. A variety with very small dark green foliage. Everyone who has seen this appreciates its value as a rock plant or ground cover. It grows close to the ground, and is one of the most valuable plants for under trees where grass will not grow
$\begin{array}{lll}.50 & 4.00 & 30.00\end{array}$
Radicans. Deep green foliage, useful for covering low foundation walls, or may be clipped the same as boxwood for an edging plant
.50
Radicans acuta. A strong growing variety with long, narrow, dark green leaves veined with grey; excellent as a ground cover between tall shrubs
$0 \quad 5.00$
40.00

Radicans vaxiegata. A beautiful smallleaved green and white variegated form of the same habit as the type
Radicans vegetus (Evergreen Bittersweet). A strong growing variety, with larger leaves than the type, and producing bright orange-red berries, which remain on the plant the greater part of the Winter. As an evergreen, absolutely hardy wall cover, this plant is unequalled

## ENGLISH IVY (Hedera)

The famous English Ivy with its familiar evergreen, glossy foliage is unfortunately not very hardy in this climate, and requires Winter protection where it is exposed to chilly winds on open walls. It can, however, be planted with perfect safoty as a ground cover or as an edging to flower beds.

Helix gracilis. Identical in habit with the English Ivy, but with dark green foliage not one-half as large; a most graceful vine. 4 -inch pots
35.00

LONICERA (Honeysuckle).
Their vining qualities are all that can be desired, but the fragrance of their flowers makes their strongest bid for favor

Falliana. Color an intermingling of white and yellow. Extremely fragrant and most satisfactory $\qquad$ $\$ 4.00 \quad \$ 30.00$
POLYGONUM (Silver Lace Vine).
Auberti. A splendid hardy climber of strong, vigorous growth, attaining a height of 25 or more feet, producing during Summer and Fall, great foamy sprays of white flowers, and a well established plant during its long period of flowering is a great mass of bloom
$.75 \quad 7.00$
PUERARIA (Kudzu Vine).
The most rapid growing vine in cultivation, often attaining a growth of 40 feet in a single season. Especially desirable for immediate effect for dense shade, as its leaves are large.

Thunbergiana (Jack-and-the-Bean-Stalk).
Small, pea-shaped, rosy purple flowers,
heart-shaped leaves. It wield-grown plants ............. $\$ 0.40 \quad \$ 3.00$ \$20.00

## WISTERIA.

Woody vines with tightly clinging habit, for pergolas, arbors, trellises, etc., especially ornamental in early Summer when they are resplendent with their large, drooping clusters of fragrant blossoms.

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Each Doz. 100
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Sinensis (Chinese Wisteria). Bunches of pale lilac, deliciously scented blossoms in great profusion all over the vine. Strong plants .................................
Sinensis alba. A white-flowered form of the type. Strong plants

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## Hardy Shrubs and Azaleas

For the Hardy Border and Rock Garden HARDY AZALEAS

The varieties here offered are the hardiest and most desirable for general garden planting; until thoroughly established it is beneficial to give them a heavy mulch of leaves during the Winter, and a loose covering of evergreen branches to protect thom from the sun and drying winds during freezing weather.
AZALEA (Pinxter Flower; Swamp Honeysuckle).
Amoona (Japanese Evergreen Azalea). A dwarf shrub with double purplish red flowers in May is especially adapted for borders and rock gardens; needs some protection in northern latitudes. Should be planted in sheltered positions and will abundantly repay for any care given it

Each
Doz.

Emodegiri. Bright fiery red flowers. Bushy plants 10 to 12 inches high
$2.00 \quad \$ 20.00$
10 to 12 inches high .................................
Hinomayo. A wonderfully pleasing shade of delicate rose-pink. Bushy plants 10 to 12 inches high
Mollis (Japanese Azalea). Of dwarf habit; resembles rhododendrons; good foliage; flowers in all shades of red, yellow and orange; perfectly all shades of red, yellow and orange; perfectly hardy, thriving in sunny positions anywhere. in contact with barnyard manure
Yodogawa. Large, semi-double, lavender-pink flowers; the earliest to bloom. Bushy specimen plants. 24 inches high

## HARDY SHRUBS

Verieties Used With Eerbaceous Plants in Eardy Plant Borders and Rock Gardens.
The few varieties listed below are used to mix with hardy plants in borders and rock gardens.

BUDDLEIA (Summer Lilac).

Farquhari (New). A low-growing pendulous, spreading shrub, with rich green foliage and silvery reverse, bearing in late Summer long racemes of purple flowers
rari
ariabilis magnifica (Butterfly Bush). This is properly a shrub, but the top usually freezes back, and new growth starts from the root like other perennials. Plants grow three to four feet and are covered with long racemes of lilac-like flowers in July. The best location is in good, rich, well drained soil in a sunny situation

75
5.00
40.00

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spirea).
Mastacanthus. A handsome hardy perennial; grows about 3 feet high and produces rich lavender-blue flowers in great profusion the whole length of the branches. A valuable plant either for bedding or pot culture, blooming continuously from early in September until cut by frost
.75
5.00
40.00

COTONEASTER (Rock Spray).
Horizontalis (Prostrate Cotoneaster). A low shrub with almost horizontal branches. Native of China. Leaves dark green, about half an inch long; flowers pinkish white; fruit bright red; attractive in rockeries. A most desirable ground cover, and should be largely planted. Cannot be transplanted unless from pots. Strong, 5 -inch pot plants ..
1.25
10.00

DAPHNE (Garland Flower).
Cneorum. Handsome dwarf sub-shrubs; excellent for planting near front of shrubberies. with odorous pink flowers and handsome foliage.
Bushy plants, 10-12 inches $\qquad$ 210.00

DESMODIUM (Tick Trefoil).
Pendulifiorum. An exceedingly graceful shrublike plant covered with purplish red flowers in Summer time. Strikingly beautiful


Azalea Mollis.


Buddleia Magnifica.


Cotoneaster Horizontalis.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Erica-Heath.


Hypericum Henryi.


Barberry Hedge.

## ERICA (Heath).

The Heaths are compact, low-growing plants, and as such are extremely useful for rockeries. The small foliage is densely 'arranged around the wiry little stems, and either when in full bloom or in midwinter makes a very pretty picture. Give some protection in the first Winter. Semi-shady location. All our Ericas are strong, bushy plants.

Each Doz.<br>100

Elata alba (White Heather). The nodding white flowers are the only diversion from the Vulgaris; a pleasing contrast.
Big clumps ..................................
Nana compacta. Dwarf and compact;
Vulgaris (Scotch Heather). A densegrowing shrub, with erect branches, covered with short, closely adpressed covered with short, closely adpressed leaves. in great profusion toward tops of occur in great profusion toward tops of
the shoots and are a pretty rosy color. the shoots and are a pretty rosy color.
Big clumps .............................. Big clumps
1.00
10.00

HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort).
Calycinum (Aaron's Beard). Rapidly growing sub-shrub and ground cover in sun or shade, with golden yellow flowers. 1 foot. July-August
$.70 \quad 5.00$
40.00

Henryi. The same as Moserianum, though slightly more upright in growth and much hardier and better suited for cold climates
$60 \quad 4.75 \quad 35.00$
Moserianum. A most desirable border plant, of free and graceful habit, producing long, slender, much branched stems, leafy to the base and all drooping towards the ends, apparently from the weight of the flowers and buds, although the flowers face so none of their beauty is lost. It is marvelously freeflowering, of large size, measuring from 2 to $21 / 2$ inches in diameter; in color a rich goiden yellow, rendered still more effective by the numerous yellow sta-
mens and crimson anthers, and blooms mens and crimson anthers, and 2 feet..
VITEX (Chaste-tree; Hemp-tree).
Macrophylla. In general habit similar to V. Agnus Castus, but much stronger in all its parts, the foliage being larger while the trusses of lavender-blue flowers are fully double the size. It blooms from July to September; as popular as the Butterfly Shrub, to which we consider it superior
10.00

## HEDGE PLANTS

BERBERIS (Barberry).
Thunbergi (Japan Barberry). Where a dwarf deciduous hedge is wanted, nothing equals this beautiful Barberry. Requires but little pruning to keep in shape. The leaves are small, light shape. and tow'ards Fall assume rich, green, and towards Fall assume rich, coming scarlet. Absolutely hardy. coming scarlet. Absolut
Extra strong, 3-year-old plants. 24 to 30 inches high ....................... $\$ 3.00$ \$20.00 $\$ 190.00$
Strong, bushy, 3-year-old plants. 18 to 24 inches high

## BOXWOOD.

We are glad to be able to offer this valuable shrub again and at a price everyone can afford. The stock we offor is bushy and wide, excellent for edging walks or beds. Contrary to the usual idea, Boxwood are hardy and will stand a temperature of 10 below zero without any darnage, providing the plants are protected with a little lath screen, admitting air and light, but giving enough shade so that the sharp sun during the months of December, January and February, does not burn the foliage. Grows in any soil. Plant 4 inches apart.

## Boxwood Edging. We offer fine, bushy

plants as follows:
4 to 6 inches high.
6 to 8 inches high
Doz. 100
1000
............................... ${ }^{2.25}$
$\$ 16.00 \quad \$ 150.00$
26.00
250.00

BOX BARBERRY.
The new dwarf or miniature Berberis used for low edging around beds in formal gardens or for dwarf small edges along garden paths. Requires little pruning and is the best dwarf edging to be used in localities where Boxwood is not hardy and is less expensive.
Box Berberis. Bushy plants.

| x Berberis. Bushy plants. | Doz. | 100 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 to 12 inches | \$4.00 | \$30.00 | \$275.00 |
| 12 to 15 inches | 5.00 | 40.00 | 375.00 |

The Waystde Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## Brief Suggestions for Planting Roses

UPON the arrival of the plants, open the bundle in a sheltered place and soak them thoroughly, or immerse the plants in a pail or tub of water for a few hours. After removing them from the water, cut away broken or damaged roots. Take care not to expose the roots to sun and wind.

The ground should be thoroughly prepared, breaking the subsoil. To do this, it is necessary to dig 15 to 18 inches deep and to mix a liberal supply of well-rotted manure or other fertilizer with the soil. A little air-slaked lime will help sweeten it.

Dig a hole large enough to accommodate the roots and spread them on the bottom of the hole, in the same position as you would place your hand on a flat surface. When filling it, lift and shake the plant lightly in order that the soil may sift between the roots, and after this operation, firm with the hands and feet. Be sure that the lower parts of the lower branches are at least 2 inches below the surface of the soil. (Picture No. I.) Do not plant on a mound, the surface should be level, or a slight depression left around the plant. Cut back the branches within 2 to 4 inches of the surface of the ground, learing the stronger branches 4 inches high above the soil. (Pictures 2 and 3).

In cultivating Roses, the soil cannot be kept too tight at the roots and too loose on the surface during the growing season.

The branches of Climbing Roses should be cut back to 18 to 24 inches. A few flowers will develop the first year, by using this idea. although our method is to cut back the Climbers, when they are being transplanted in our Nursery, to within 2 to 4 inches of the main stem of the plant. Climbing Roses pruned this way will eventually give most satisfactory results.

In Fall, just before cold weather sets in and frost enters the ground, mound the soil around the branches of the plant at least io inches high. and cover with a little straw or some other loose litter. This will prevent the wind and sun from drying the branches during the Winter. (Picture 4).


Dormant Roses are supplied until May 1st. From then on we use large field grown roses in 6 inch pots enabling you to prolong planting until June 1st.


No. 1. Roses as received. Note depth to plant.


No. 2. Note where to prane.


No. 3. Properly pruned.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Lulu.


Lady Ashtown.


Duchess of Wellington.

## Hardy Everblooming Hybrid Tea Roses

Under this heading we offer only the very best and most popular well tried varieties of Hybrid Tea Roses, with the majority of which every lover of the Rose is familiar. We recommend this which every lover of the Rose is to for general planting to the amateur who wishes the fonect varieties, and who is desirous of a supply of extra choice finest varieties, and who is desirous of a supply of extra choice flowers to cut throughout the season. There is not one individual sort which we cannot endorse
having been thoroughly tested.

Betty Uprichard. One of those delightfully contrastive types; the outside a blend of deep toned carmine with coppery orange; the interior being mostly a delicate sal-mon-pink. Strong garden variety; sweetly ragrant . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Caroline Testout. One of the most popular and valuable bedding varieties; large, full, globular flowers of bright satiny rose, with brighter center, very free and frarant. The Rose that made Portland, Oregon, famous as the Rose City ........ $\qquad$ 1.00
90.00

Columbia. This beautiful Rose is not only one of the most popular Winter cut flowers, but has also proven itself a good bedding or garden variety. It is of strong, vigorous habit and exceptionally free blooming. The flowers, of good size, are perfect in form, both in bud as well as when fully expended. Color a most pleasing shade of rose-pink and delightfully fragrant

Cherles K. Douglam. An English Rose of vigorous, upright growth, and liberal, frarrant bloom which is of delightful form. Color a flaming ecarlet flushed with velvety crimson

Crusader. Large, massive, high pointed buds and full double flowers on stiff stems; fine for cutting; color a rich crimson; particularly good in late Summer and Fall ..... 1.0
1.00
11.00
90.00

Claudius Pernet. We give below Mr. PernetDucher's own description. "A most vigorous grower of erect branching habit, beautiful, brilliant green foliage, long pointed buds of exquisite shape, carried on pong, stiff stoms. Very large, full flowers with elongated deep petals; a beautifully wormed bloom. Color most striking sunformed bloom. Color most striking sunout any color blending, and which is retained without fading even in the warmest weather." Strong, 2-year-old plants

Duchoss of Wellington. The most popular yellow garden Rose. Intense saffron-yellow, stained with deep crimson, changing to a deep coppery saffron-yellow as the flowers are fairly full, with large petals, great substance, delightfully fragrant and very free flowering
$1.00 \quad 11.00$
90.00

Earl Faig. A type rare among red Roses, and so of obvious interest to the selective buyer. Outside of its fragrance; freedom and unfading cherry-crimson color; the thick rolling petalage, and permanent high-built center, fix its superiority over high-built center, fix its superiority over ciate with the white "Edel."

Elvira Aramayo. A flaming, arresting color, newly applied to Roses as "Indian red." This seems to be a unique association of orange-carmine, with tones of madder, salmon and pink. The buds are long and pointed, plentiful, opening into large flowers of cactus shape with some quilled petals; a showy gardon type, with straight stems and bushy growth

Fdel. An enormous bold, stately, well built flower of great depth, quality and finish. Color white with the faintest ivory shading towards the base, passing to a pure white. A fine grower with uniform, stout habit. Very free flowering, opening well in all weather, delightfully scented. Considered the finest white Rose yet introduced.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## EARDY EVERBLOOMING EYBEID TEA RO8E: Continue

Each Doz. 100
Eldorado (Land of Gold). In this we have an exact counterpart of Miss Lolita Armour, in the large sized flowers of distinct formation, vigorous growth, and freo-flowering habit and fragrance, but in color it is of the golden yellow that is peculiar to the climbing Rose Marechal Ne11, with the base of the petals slightly inted red
......................................... $\$ 1.25 \quad \$ 15.00 \quad \$ 125.00$

Ftolle de France. The strong, upright bushes have beautiful bronze-green foliage, which is not subject to insect attack. The bushes are blooming constantly, producing large, massive, deep, full cupformed flowers on magnificent, long, stiff stems of a clear red or velvety crimson.. $1.00 \quad 11.00 \quad 90.00$

Francis Scott Key. Very large, double flowers of a rich crimsco-red; a strong, sturdy grower and free blovner that always attracts attention; parti ularly good in the Fall

General macArthur. A well fnown favorite, and one of the best all-arnund bedding Roses in our collection; it is one of the earliest and most pervetual flowering sorts; its flowers are of good iorm of a sorts, its fowers are or good hrm, of a warm, rich crimson-scarlet, and delightfully scented .................................... 1.00
$11.00 \quad 90.00$

Golden Emblom. Beautifully formed long buds opening up into fine, fragrant, golden flowers. The color is rich, a yellow cadmium toning to sunflower yellow. A splendid yard and garden type, blooming profusely and continuously throughout the season

Gorgeous. Flowers large, full and exquisitely formed; of an amber-yellow, veined with reddish copper, a most striking and novel color; it is of strong, vigorous habit. 1.

Gruss an Teplitz. This is a Rose for everybody, succeeding under the most ordinary conditions. In color it is of the richest scarlet, shading to a velvety crimson; very fragrant; a free, strong grower and in bloom all the time ....... .................... 1
E. V. Machin. A gorgeous flower of large size, in color an intense rich scarlet-crimson, carried on rigid, sturdy stems with ideal foliage. A vigorous, strong growing Rose for the garden

Hoosier Beauty. Acknowledged to be one of the best high colored varieties, an intense, rich dazzling crimson-scarlet; beautiful, well shaved, long buds and good sized, full flowers and deliciously scented Strong, 2-year-old plants
..................
1.00
11.00
90.00

Jontheer J. I. Mock. One of the best bedding varieties. The flowers, which are produced with the greatest freedom on long, stiff stems, are of large size and of perfect form, of a deep imperial pink, the outside of the petals silvery rose-white..

Juliet. Globular, golden buds, opening to a full, rather cupped bloom of glowing pink strongly contrasted with old gold on the outer surface of the petals. Plant of strong Hybrid Perpetual habit, with curiously curling foliage

John C. Mensing. A lovely shade of deep, bright rose-pink, favoring the Ophelia type forcing kind with long buds, perfect flowers and sweet fragrance. May be styled a "glorified" Mad. Butterfly .............. 2.00
24.00

Kaisarin Augusta Victoria. This splendid Rose should be in every collection. In color it is a soft pearly white, tinted with just enough lemon in the center to relieve just enough lemon in the cemarkably fragrant, beautifully formed flowers on long, graceful stems; a strong, free, healthy grower ... 1.0


Eldorado.


Francis Scott Key.


Jonkheer J. L. Mock.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.


Etoile de France.


Killarney.

## HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES-Continued

Killarney. This is the best known of Dick son's famous Irish Hybrid Tea Roses, and son's famous Irish Hybrid Tea Roses, and is one of the most popular of our garden pink; the blooms are large, the buds long and pointed, the petals very large and of great substance

A ............................
butney Brilliant. A sport from a rich glowing shade of rosy carmine. It is also larger and more double than its parent $1.00 \quad 11.00$

Killarney, White. A duplicate of the charming pink Killarney, with flowers white as snow

Lady Alice Stanley. A gem that everyone admires; it is absolutely perfect in every way; form, color, size, freedom of bloor, and fragrance are fully developed; in col $r$ it is a beautiful shade of coral-rose, the it is a beautiful shade of coral-rose, he
inside of the petals shading to flesh, ink with deeper flushes
Lady Ashtown. A very free-flower:ig variety, producing fine blooms thi uughout the season. The flowers are lar:e and of a delicate soft rose color, shar, ag to yellow at the base

Xady Hillingdon. A beautiful coppery shade of apricot yellow, beautiful in the bud; a strong, vigorous grower and very free flowering

Lady Pirrie. Deep copper or reddish salmon; inside of petals apricot-yellow, flushed fawn and copper; an ideal fragrant variety admired by everyone. Very free flowering

Ia France. Of all the Hybrid Teas there are none which excel the La France Roses in all the good points necessary to a good Rose. Practically hardy everywhere; splendidly adapted for general planting and deserves a place in every flower garden of America. Exceedingly sweet and handsome flowers and buds large size; color lovely shade of silvery pink, tinged with crimson; fragrance delicious; flowers very full and beautiful
1.0

Laurent Carle. Produces its large, deliciously scented, brilliant carmine flowers throughout the season, nearly as good in hot, dry weather as under more favorable weather conditions. A vigorous grower, and as hardy as a Hybrid Perpetual

Los Angeles. This is, by all odds, one of the finest Roses ever introduced. The growth is very vigorous, and produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of a luminous flame-pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals. In richness of fragrance it equals in intensity the finest Marechal Neil. The buds are long and pointed, and expand into a flower of mammoth proportions, while the beauty of form and ever-increasing wealth of color is maintained from the incipient bud until the last petal drops

Tuxembourg. A fine large, fully double rose of vigorous branching habit, and ususual freedom for the color which is a rich golden yellow . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Mme. Alexandre Dreux. An excellent golden yellow of deep tone, with full, shapely flowers on erect branches

Madame Butterfly. A symphony of white, bright pink, apricot and gold. Compared with Ophelia, this derivation is fullerpetaled, more prolific, and of greater color appeal. The buds are a rich Indian red, yellow at base
. . . . . . . . . .
Mme. Edouard Ererriot. The Daily Mail Rose. In color its buds are coral-red, shaded with yellow at the base; the open flowers of medium size, semi-double, are of a superb coral-red, shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet passing to shrimpred

HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES-Continued.

Mme. Marcel Delaney. Tender rose color shaded with hydrangea-pink. Flowers large, full and fragrant, borne with satis-

Mrs. Aaron Ward. A remarkably floriferous variety of strong, vigorous, but compact growth; the flowers, which are of splendid form, full double, are equally attractive when full blown as in the bud state; in when full blown as in the bud state, in color a distinct Indian yellow, shading
lighter towards the edges ..................
Mrs. Prentiss Nichols (R. Scott \& Sons, 1923). Massive blooms of dark pink; moderately fragrant. Stiff, robust growth, splendid foliage, and fairly free flowering. It is one of the most interesting of new American Roses. Foliage is superb; flowers imposing
1.00
11.00
90.00

Mrs. Wakefield Christie-Miller. As a pink bedding Rose there is none better, and particularly so for massing. The flowers, which are of large size, remain perfect on which are of large size, remain perfect on the bushes for a long time, and are prodink color with lighter shading; the plant is vigorous and free
1.00
11.00

Mrs. Chas. Bell. Soft shell-pink with a salmon background. It retains its full globular shape an unusually long period

Mrg. E. R. Darlington. Very shapely buds and flowers of large size and full petalage, waxy cream-white tinctured with yellow at base; fragrant, free blooming. Plant growth upright, branching and vigorous..

Mrs. Redford. One of the most distinctive and desirable Roses of recent introduction Bright apricot-orange; one of the most lovely of this tone of color; an upmost lovely of this tone of color; an upright grower with holly-like mildew-proof foliage. The flowers are substantially built, perfect in form, very free-blooming
and sweetly scented; a superb bedding and sweetly scented; a superb bedding
milady. (H.T.). (Pierson, 1913). Crimsonscarlet. Color similar to Richmond. Flowers large, full and well formed; carried on stiff stems
.50
18.00

Miss Ioolita Armour (Howard \& Smith,1920). The coloring of this variety is difficult to describe, and is absolutely distinct. The flowers are of large size, full double, with petals of great substance and delightfully fragrant. As the flowers expand they develop to a deep coral-red with a golden, coppery red suffusion, the base of the petals a rich golden yellow with coppery red sheen. The plant is a strong, vigorous grower, and very free flowering. At the great Bagatelle Gardens in Paris, France, this was singled out in 1921 for the highest prize a Gold Medal, while at the Test est prize, a Gold Medal, Garden of the American Rose Society at Fortland, Oregon, it was awarded the silCity of Portland. Strong, 2-year-old California grown plants
ophelia. A variety which has made a record for itself that qualifies it to be classed with the very best, a Rose that is admired by everyone; its flowers are held erect on long, stiff stems, are of perfect form, good size, and of a most pleasing, delicate tint of salmon-flesh, shaded with rose; very floriferous
........................
Premier. The blooms are immense, often measuring 5 and 6 inches across the open flower; buds long, full and pointed. Growth remarkable, being strong and sturdy, each bloom borne on heavy canes, almost thornless and 4 and 5 feet long. Foliage dark, glossy green, free from disease or insects. Color is deep rose-pink, without shadings and retains its color in the open flower. Highly fragrant. 2-year plants . .

Radiance. An ideal bedding Rose of American origin that continues to produce its large flowers throurhout the most unfavorable hot Summer weather when frevorable hot quently many other ark with salmon pink a brilliant carmine-pink, with salmon-pink and yellow shadings at the base of the
petals; truly a Rose for every garden ... 1.0
$\qquad$


Mrs. Redford.


Madame Butterfly.


Ophelia,

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Sensation.


Radiance.

HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES-Continued.
Each Doz. 100
Red Radiance. A counterpart of Radiance from which it is a "sport," possessing all the good traits of that valuable variety but differing in color, which is a bright cerise-red
$\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 11.00$
$\$ 90.00$
Sensation (H.T.). Enormous scarlet-crimson blooms of fine deep form; double, 30 to 35 petals of great size and substance; very sweetly scented. Plant is strong and very active in sending up new blooming shoots .....................................
15.00
145.00

Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. (See Claudius Pernet, page 60).
Souvenir de George Beckwith. A strong and vigorous grower of erect branching habit with large, full, globular flowers on good stiff stems; color shrimp-pink tinted chrome-yellow shading to deeper yellow at the base of the petals
$1.50 \quad 18.00 \quad 175.00$
Souvenir de F. A. Verschuren. This new variety is a strong, vigorous grower. The center, a beautiful apricot-yellow which shades to saffron-yellow at the edges. The buds are long, of ideal shape for cutting, opening out into full double flowers of good form, and of an intensely sweet tea scent, not found in many other Roses.
1.25
15.00
145.00

Sunburst. A magnificent giant yellow forcing Rose, also well adapted for outdoor growing, being a vigorous and healthy Rose. Buds long and pointed, borne singly on long, stout stems, opening full riety, having excellent keeping. qualities. A very vigorous grower, reddish bronze foliage. The color is superb orange copper or golden orange, with a deep orange center. This Rose creates a sensation wherever grown

Soleil d'Or. Color varying from orangeyellow to reddish gold, shaded with nasturtium-red ..................................

Una Wallace. A recent novelty, almost alone in its particular color shade which may best be designated a soft cherry-rose without separation or shading. In size, style and habit there can be little criticism, and its production of sweetly fragrant bloom is very liberal.
1.00
11.00
90.00

Willowmere. Of coral-red color, suffused with carmine in the bud state, and opens to a large, full, handsome flower of a rich shrimp-pink, shaded yellow in the center and flushed carmine-pink towards the edges

William $\mathbf{F}$. Dreer. A beautiful Rose of the same parentage as Los Angeles, and which, for delicacy of coloring, is not which, for delicacy of coloring, is not fowers, similar in shape to Los Angeles, flowers, similar in shape their best when half expanded. are at their best when half expanded. petals rich golden yellow, which, at certain stages of development, gives a golden suffusion to the entire flower
Write for our cultural directions on Roses, it will be sent free of charge.

## BABY RAMBLER ROSES

A type of Roses which is deservedly very popular for bed ding purposes. They form shapely, compact, bushy specimens, most of them growing about 18 inches high, producing in great profusion, from early in the season until severe frost, immense trusses of small flowers. Pruning is not necessary; simply remove the past season's flower stems.

Eblouissant. (New). A beautiful garnet-red Baby Rambler; very free flowering and excellent bedding variety. \$1.00 each; \$11.00 per doz.; 90.00 per 100.

Orleans. One of the best; flowers of comparatively large size of brilliant geranium-red, becoming suffused with rose as the flowers mature, and large, white center; a very pretty color combination. 75c each; \$9.00 per doz.;

Ellen Poulsen. A most floriferous dark, brilliant pink, very sweetly scented. 75c each; \$9.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.
Princess Juliana. (New). A daintier, sweeter combination of maidenblush and peach and ivory is inconceivable. The florets are prettily waved, and strung along the branched sprays in joyous abandon. The plant growth and habit is apparently equal to any in the class, while the flower beauty is absolutely irresistible. \$1.00 each; \$11.00 per doz.; \$90.00 per 100.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

The varieties listed below are unquestionably the best that can be selected in the Hybrid Perpetual class, which, before the development of the Hybrid Teas, was the most popular type for garden planting, and even now they dare not be overlooked, but should be used extensively in conjunction with the other sorts, and especially so in localities where the hardiness of the Hybrid Tea varieties has not been established. The collection here Tea varieties has not been estable a complete a range of colors as it is possible offered embraces as complete a range of colors as it is possible
to bring together in such a number of plants, with freedom of to bring together in such a number of plants, with freedom of cellence.

Each Doz. 100
Capt. Hayward. Red with deep center; the flowers are large, globular and borne on long stems
$\$ 0.80$
$\$ 9.00$
$\$ 75.00$
Fugene Furst. Beautiful, velvety crimson with distinct shading of maroon. One of the richest, showiest and freest blooming of the reds
9.00
75.00

Frau Karl Druschki. This is the ideal hardy white Rose; pure in color, perfect in form, strong grower and remarkably free flowering; superb in every way
$9 \quad 10.00 \quad 90.00$
George Arends or Pink Frau Karl Druschki. This is a pink, or rather a tender rose colored farm of the popular white Frau Karl Druschki, possessing not only the exquisite form, large size, and remarkable free-flowering habits of its parent, but in addition to this, it is also highly perfumed; a Rose worthy of a place in every garden
Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant and remarkably free flowering; always does well and stands very close to the top among fine Roses
$9.00 \quad 75.00$

Paul Neyron. Dark rose of enormous size; perhaps the largest of all
perhaps the largest of all ....................
 crimson-maroon, shaded scarlet; a magnificent dark Rose
$\begin{array}{lll} & 9.00 & 75.00\end{array}$

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant scarletcrimson; an old favorite and one of the best known Roses in cultivation; does well everywhere
75.00
.80



George Arends.
This is the pink Frau Karl Druschki and the finest of all the pink Hybrid Perpetual Roses.


Mrs. John Laing.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Climbing American Beauty.


Dr. W. Van Fleet.

## Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses

Climbing Roses require no pruning in the Spring beyond the cutting out of very old or dead wood, and the shortening of the laterals and long canes to make the growth conform to the space to be covered; but a severe pruning in July, directly after they have finished flowering, is beneficial. Cutting away at that time all old flowering wood will encourage a vigorous growth, which will give an abundance of flowers the following season.
We offer on this page a selection of twelve of the most modern Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses.

American Pillar. A single-flowering variety of great beauty. The flowers are of large size, 3 to 4 inches across, of a lovely shade of pink, with a clear white eye and cluster of yellow stamens. These flowers are borne in immense bunches, and a large plant in full bloom is a sight not easily forgotten. 75c each; \$9.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.

Climbing American Beauty. Its name is somewhat misleading, but it is one of the best climbing Roses. A strong, healthy, vigorous grower, frequently making shoots from 10 to 12 feet long. and good sized flowers for a climbing Rose that blooms so freely. Color a pleasing rose-pink; of splendid form; good substance. 75c each; \$9.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.

Dorothy Perkins. Soft shell-pink; flowering profusely in large clusters. Very fragrant and lasting. A grand Rose in every way. 75c each; \$9.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.

Dr. Van Fleet. A Rose, which on account of its dainty color and exquisitely shaped buds and flowers, appeals to everyone. The long, pointed buds are of a rich flesh-pink on stems 12 to 18 inches long. Splendid for cutting. 75 c each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.

Exzcelsa. (H.W.). This sort is also known as "Red Dorothy Perkins," and carries the glossy, varnished appearance of foliage shown by that sort, assuring a constant shade all Summer wherever used. The flowers of scarlet-crimson are borne in wherever used. large trusses, are very double and large, and are produced with the greatest profusion. It is the most valua
type. 75 e each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100 .

White Dorothy Perkins. (H. W.). A pure white climber, identical with Dorothy Perkins except the color. Without doubt the best white climber. 75c each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.

Flower of Fairfield., (Cl. P.). Also called the "Everblooming Crimson Rambler." Combines the beauty of the well known Crimson Rambler with a continuous blooming habit, the new growth bearing large clusters of crimson blooms through the Summer continuously. Be sure to include this sort in your selection. 75 c each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.

Hiawatha. Small flowers; deep ruby-crimson, accentuated by a white eye, uniquely borne in long trails of 40 to 50 blooms. 75c each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. No other Rose, in any class, can compare with it for brilliancy of color, which is a vivid scarlet. Flowers are semi-double, very freely produced in clusters of from 3 to 20 flowers each on much branched canes. it is of popular climbing Roses. 75c each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.

Roserie. Of same habit of growth and flowering as Tausendschoen, but of a deeper and more even shade of cerise-pink or carmine; a strong. vigorous grower and free bloomer. 75c each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.

Silver moon. Different from all other Roses, with beautiful semidouble flowers, $41 / 2$ inches and over in diameter; pure white in color; petals of great substance, beautifully cupped, forming a Clematis-like flower. The large bunch of yellow stamens in the center adds to its attractiveness. 75c each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz.; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.

Star of Persia. A brilliant new Rose with flowers on the order of the lovely old Harrison's Yellow; semi-double, bright yellow, and about 3 inches across. It makes a striking low climber or and about 3 inches across. for makes a striking into showers of sparkling bloom in June. It does not fade and the flower trusses last several weeks. \$2.00 each.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## Amaryllis Hippeastrum

## (Tender-Indoor Only)

Giant American Hybrid. There is nothing that will give the amateur greater pleasure for the window garden than these giant-flowering Amaryllis that are so easily managed. The giant-fiowering Amaryllis that are so easily managed. s offer is the finest that has ever been produced in this country; strong bulbs throwing vigorous stems with from four to six gigantic blooms of the most perfect form, ranging in color from pure white grounds with varied markings of rose, red and crimson to the richest self-colors as scarlet, crimson, bright red, cherry, and almost maroon. We can supply in mixture only. Large, strong bulbs. 75c each; $\$ 7.50$ per 10; \$60.00 per 100.

## Begonias, Tuberous-Rooted

This charming class of Begonias is perhaps the handsomest of all Summer-flowering, tuberous-rooted plants, and deserves even greater popularity. Particularly useful for planting in porch or window boxes in a semi-shady position. Their culture is of the simplest, and with the least regard for their requirements they will repay with an abundance and brilliancy of bloom not equalled by any other class of plants.

DOUBLE AND SINGIE TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS
ingle Mixed Crimson, Orance, Pink, Scarlet, white Doz. 100
and Yellow ................................................. 3.50 $\$ 25.00$
Finest Mixed, all colors, double ....................... $3.00 \quad 20.00$

## Callas

Golden Yellow (Richardia Elliottiana). This is the best of the Yellow Callas; its flowers being as large as the popular white variety, but of a rich, lustrous, golden yellow, of velvety texture; the foliage is dark green, with translucent creamy white spots, which add much to its beauty. Strong bulbs. 40 c each; $\$ 4.00$ per doz.

## Cannas, Orchid-Flowered

This set contains ten well tried varieties, all of which are been found worthy of being considered as leaders in their respective types and colors.

$$
\text { Three Doz. } 100
$$

Cheerfulness. Its name aptly describes the lively beauty of this charming variety. Bright fiery deep orange florets which are broadly bordered golden yellow. The large trusses are carried very erect over the massive foliage and are produced in great massive foliage and are produced in great

Gladiator. Deep yellow, freely dotted with red, a popular bedder. $41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..........
.75
2.50
18.00

Irahneck Rosy carmine with scarlet suffusion and narrow golden yellow border. 4 ft .
.75
King xrumbert. The most popuar of Cannas. Great orange-scarlet flowers surmounting beautiful vigorous deep bronze moliage. 5 ft. ....................................

Statue of xoiberty. An extremely vigorous grower with bronze foliage and large or-ange-scarlet flowers. 6 ft .
The Ambassador. Appropriately referred to as the "Bronze Leaved President." A wonderfully vigorous free-flowering brilliant cherry-red. 5 ft.

The Gem. The immense trusses of flowers are borne on upright branching stems well above the foliage and are of deep cream or straw yellow color dotted with carmine; very attractive and unusually remined. 4 ft. ......................................

The President. The greatest red Canna, possessing very desirable quality. Of immense size, unsurpassed in vigor, penetrating color, and a free bloomer. $5 \mathrm{ft} .$. .
Wyoming. Bronze purple foliage, immense spikes of massive orange flowers. $6 \mathrm{ft} .$.

Yellow King rumbert. A sport from the bronze leaved red flowering King Humbert. Flowers are yellow dotted orangescarlet. The occasional reversion of a stalk of foliage and flowers to the typical King Humbert makes a bed of this variety very interesting. $41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.


Amaryllis Hippeastrum.


Canna, King Humbert.


Tuberous Begonia, Double.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Golden Yellow Calla.


Gladioli, Louise.

## Gladioli

Only the Finest Varieties are Eerewith Offered.

Albania. Flower wide open, four inches and over in diameter; broad petals with rounded tips and beautifully crimped edges. The background is of the purest glistening white, with very faint pink mottling, which is noticeable only on close observation. Five flowers are open at a time; a splendid keeper. Height, 4 feet; 14 to 16 flowers to the spike; very healthy, vigorous grower .... $\$ 2.00$

Anna Eberius. Deep purple, shading into very deep bordeaux center. Large blooms, many open at one time; well placed on tall spike. A grand variety

Anthony B. Kunderd. Tall, large, intensely ruffled flower of delicate, deep cream color, overspread finest blush pink. Entire lower petals beautiful primrose cream flushed pink at edges. Fine variety
2.00

Baron Joseph Eulot. Rich, deep indigo; medium sized flowers; tall spikes ............................. 1.50
Byron I. Smith. One of the best varieties; most refined lavender-pink on white ground. Color equal to a very choice Cattleya orchid; many blooms open at one time; effective and fine as a cut flower
Crimson Glow. Very large flowers, wide open, of the finest form, exceedingly well placed on very tall spike; a beautiful glowing crimson, of a deep tone; earliest and most beautiful of all in this color

Evelyu Kirtland. The flowers, of strong substance, are a fine shade of rosy pink, darker at the edges, fading to shell-pink at the center, with brilliant small scarlet blotches on the lower petals. Very large flower spike; straight but slender and bending gracefully
1.00
5. J. Shaylor. A beautiful pure deep rose-pink, ruffled variety; awarded certificate of merit by the Royal Horticultural Society of England; a tall, very strong plant with large blooms; very choice
1.50

Flora. A golden yellow variety of great excellence, being a free, strong grower with splendid spikes and flowers of large size ...............................

Golden Measure. The incomparable true golden yellow; without question the most magnificent Gladiolus under cultivation; sigantic spike carrying wide open flowers of fine form. Excellent in every way. Rating 96 out of a possible 100
Herada. Blooms of immense size on tall, straight spikes. Pure mauve-pink, glistening and clear. Unusually striking and attractive

Le Marechal Foch. This might briefly be described as an improved Arnerica, having the same soft flesh-pink color, but with much larger blooms and coming into flower two weeks earlier. Of unusually strong, vigorous growth with splendid straight, well-filled spikes .............................

Ioouise. The lavender queen among the Gladioli. Velvety wine-colored blotch toward the center. Large, well opened, orchid-like flower .......... 1.50
Mrs. Dr. Norton Exceptionally and delicately beautiful color; pale flesh pink with primrose center, tinted rosy on lower petals

Mrs. Francis King. A striking shade of light scarlet or flame color; one of the most effective......
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. All experts agree that this is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. The flowers are of largest size, borne on strong straight spikes. In color a lovely saimon-pink with brilliant deep red blotches in the throat. A color combination rivaling many of the finest orchids in its richness; exquisite in every way .... 1.00
Mrs. Leon Douglas. Flowers of enormous size, many open at a time on very tall strong stems. Color, begonia-rose, striped with flame scarlet; lower petal pale lemon, speckled ruby .............
Panama. A favorite wherever high-grade varieties are grown; in color a rich rose-pink .............
Peace Immense pure white flowers with a touch of carmine in the lower petals. These are borne on tall, graceful spikes; a beautiful and exceedingly refined variety

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## GLADIOLI-Continued.

Prince of wales. An early flowering sort with fine spikes of large flowers of delicate apricot-pink suffused salmon .......................................... $\$ 1.00$
$\$ 7.50$
Purple Glory. Large spike carrying enormous flowers of a fine, deep, velvety maroon, with almost black blotches; the Giant of the Kundredi Glory race. Remarkably colored. Beautifully ruffled.. 2.50
20.00

Rose Ash. Corinthian red shading into ashes-ofroses on the outer edges. Lower petals light yellow speckled with ruby. Flowers large and well placed. A grand combination of old rose tones of-roses." In color, general formation of petals and growing habit it is different from existing types. The rare pastel colorings blend harmoniously with almost any color combination. Strong, tall spikes with many closely set, large blooms, immediately attract attention. Unquestionably the most artistic variety

War. A magnificent dark variety with tall spikes well filled with large flowers of a rich blood-red shaded with crimson-black

## Mixed Gladioli

Large-Flowered Exhibition Mixture of fine, largeflowering varieties, containing beautiful forms and shades that will harmonize well. $\$ 45.00$ per 1000 .

Primulinus Exhibition Mixture of finest improved Primulinus, containing the most beautiful forms Primull pastel shadings that will harmonize well together. .......................... $\$ 28.00$ per 1000 ..

## Primulinus Hybrid Gladiolus

The original of this type, introduced from South Africa, has been wonderfully improved in the last few years by crossing with choice garden varieties; they are quite distinct from the usual run of Gladioli, being of more slender growth, the orchid-like flowers set airily on the slender, yet strong spikes; the range of colors is brilliant and beautiful and planted in fair sized groups in the garden make a very showy display, but it is as cut flowers that their grace and wonderful coloring show to best advantage. We offer six choice named sorts as follows:

Doz. 100
Alice Tiplady. Rich orange-saffron .................. $\$ 1.00$ \$7.00
Jewel. Light salmon-pink with golden yellow throat $1.50 \quad 10.00$
Maidens Blush. Delicate shell-pink................... $1.00 \quad 7.00$
Myra. Rich salmon or yellow ground ............... 1.00
Bose Luisante. Charming pale pink ................... $1.50 \quad 10.00$
Souvenir. Pure golden yellow.............................. . 1.50 10.00

## Hyacinthus Candicans

## (Cape Hyacinth)

A white Summer-flowering Hyacinth, growing 3 to 5 feet in height, gracefully surmounted with from 20 to 30 pure white, bell-shaped flowers. 75c per 3; \$2.00 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

## Ismene Calathina

## (Peruvian Daffodil)

A grand Summer-flowering bulb, producing with great freedom large Amaryllis-like, pure white, fragrant blossoms. Keep the bulbs in a dry, warm place, and plant out in June. Bulbs can be taken up in October, and, after a few weeks' rest, potted and flowered in the house in the Winter, or kept over for planting out another season. 25c each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20.00$ per 100.

## Tuberoses

Double Pearl. One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the Summer-flowering bulbs. For flowering in the open plant about the middle of May, or as soon as the ground becomes warm. Strong flowering bulbs. \$1.25 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.


Gladiolus, Mrs. Frank Pendleton.


Hyacinthus Candicans-Cape Hyacinth.

The Wayside Gard'ens Company, Mentor, Ohio


Ismene Calathina.


Montbretia.


Zephyranthes Rosea.

## Montbretia - Tritonia

Montbretias are graceful flowers of the mid-summer and Autumn, reflecting the colors of the Autumn and lending a charming gaiety and lightness to the borders.
For the best effect the small bulbs should be set only a few inches apart, and in groups of not less than a dozen, near the front of herbaceous borders or shrubbery. Thus planted the sheaves of narrow leaves and slender, arching stems strung with brilliant flowers, like miniature gladioli, have the appearance of little fountains of bright color-scarlet, yellow, orange, red often marked with brown. They flower for many weeks, and the gay patches of color are delightful indeed.
Their long lasting qualities make Montbretias most admirable for cutting, so that it is well to have a few hundred bulbs set out in some by-place where they may be cut for house decoration. in some by-place where they may be cut for house decoration. be left in the open ground over the Winter, and merely covered with a light mulch. But in the North they are best treated after the manner of gladioli and stored in some frost-proof place. They may be set out in the Spring as early as we plant gladioli, and should be put in the ground at least five inches deep.

Doz. 100
Crocosmaeflora. Pure yellow, reverse of petals orange; large flowers prange-yellow tinted with
Geo. Davison. Pale orange-yellow, tinted with 1.50
Hereward. Pale orange-yellow, resembling the variety George Davison, but nearly one month later. The flowers have the shape of Martagon lilies
2.25
10.00

King Edmund. A robust grower with large, open flowers, rich yellow, with a carmine-blotched center
Lady Hamilton. Yellow suffused with a richer color until it becomes apricot. The flowers are more trumpet shaped than other varieties and peculiarly graceful .....................................
Lord Nelson. A handsome dark-stemmed variety, flowers of great substance, of a rich, deep orange, outside vermilion
Prometheus. Award of Merit. A magnificent flower four inches in diameter; deepest orange with showy crimson ring around the eye; most distinct
Queen Adelaide. Award of Merit. Deep orange, shading to red almost as deep as Germania; very vigorous large flowers three to four inches in diameter
5.00

Rosea. A very lovely species, bearing in Summer dainty spikes of pretty rose colored tubular flowers. A charming little plant, distinct and very free flowering; while the individual flowers of this variety cannot be compared with many of the other named sorts, it is a plant well worth growing and splendid for table decoration, being very light in its habit
Star of the East. First Class Certificate; Award of Merit. One of the finest Montbretias ever raised; flowers pale orange yellow, with lemonyellow eye, expanding quite flat and held erect. The flowers are much larger than any other variety, best blooms measuring five inches in diameter. The size, vigor, color and habit are magnificent and unequalled
Rheingold. A beautiful clear golden yellow; large spike and very vigorous grower .................... Speciosa. Richest of all in color; flowers large, of intense scarlet shade

## Watsonia

Gladiolus-like bulbs and habit, flowers smaller, more on the order of Giant Montbretia. General appearance of plant is that of a cross between the two; treat the same as gladiolus bulbs. These bulbs are easily grown; flower in late Summer.
Ardernei alba. This is the large, snow-white South African "Bugle Flower," and a most lovely plant for pots and pans in the cool greenhouse. Recommended for conservatory and garden. The graceful branches grow from 2 to 3 feet high, covered with elegant, glistening, snow-white blossoms. Remove the top flowers when fading, and lower spikes rapidiy develop, thus maintaining a long flowering season. Grow like gladioli. 75c per 3; \$2.00 per doz. ; \$15.00 per 100 .
Firebrand. Same as alba with orange-red blossoms. 75c per 3; \$2.00 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.
Burbank Hybrids Mized. In all shades of pink, white and orange to red. $\$ 1.25$ per 3 ; $\$ 3.50$ per 12; $\$ 25.00$ per 100.

## Zephyranthes

## (Zephyr Flower or Fairy Lilies)

Beautiful dwarf, bulbous plant, very effective for massing in the border, flowering with great profusion during the Suinmer. They are also suitable for pot culture and rock garden.
Alba. Pure white. 30c per 3; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.
Rosea. Large rose colored. 60c per 3; \$2.00 per doz.

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## Hardy Plant and Alpine Plant Seeds Gathered at The Wayside Gardens

We take great pleasure in offering under this heading a fine and practical list of hardy plant and rock plant seeds, harvested at our own nursery. We know this seed to be clean, pure and fresh, and past experience has shown us that home grown seeds germinate better and are much stronger than the imported seeds. Whenever possible we use our own seeds for the production of hardy plants and rock plants; but we cannot and do not give any guarantee as to results, knowing only too well that it requires more time and patience, and much more care to raise hardy plants and rock plants than a great many people are willing to give. It is only upon request of hundreds of our customers that we have decided to offer this condensed but choice list.

Please do not ask us to supply seeds not offered in this list.
The price is 25 cents per packet, except where otherwise noted; a liberal quantity of seed is supplied in each packet.

In ordering keep this list separate from the "Correvon" list. Order by name only.

Aconitum, Newry Blue
Aconitum napellus
Aetheonema persicum
Agrostemma coronaria
Alysum argenteum
Alyssum rostratum
Alyssum saxatile compactum
Amsonia tabernaemontana
Anemone pulsatilla
Anemone sylvestris
Anthemis nobilis
Anthemis tinctoria
Aquilegia chrysantha
Aquilegia coerulea
Aquilegia, Scott Elliot Hybrids
Aquilegia transylvanica
Aquilegia, Wayside Pink
Arabis alpina
Arenaria grandiflora
Armeria, Choice Mixed Hybrids
Asclepias tuberosa
Asphodelus luteus
Aster alpinus albus
Aster alpinus rubra
Aubrietia purpurea
Aubrietia purpur
Bellis alba
Bellis rosea
Boltonia latisquama
Calamintha alpina .-
Callirhoe involucrata
Campanula alliariaefolia
Campanula bononiensis
Campanula carpatica, Blue
Campanula carpatica alba
Campanula dahurica
Campanula garganica
Campanula lactiflora alba
Campanula lactiflora
Campanula latifolia macrantha
Campanula latifolia macrantha alba
Campanula medium, Blue
Campanula medium, Blue
Campanula medium, Rose
Campanula medium calycanthema, Blue
Campanula medium calycanthema, Pink
Campanula medium calycanthema, White
Campanula persicifolia, White
Campanula persicifolia, Blue
Campanula persicifolia, Telham Beauty
Campanula pyramidalis, Mixed
Campanula rotundifolia
Campanula trachelium
Carnation, Double White
Carnation, Double Red
Carnation, Single and Double Mixed
Catananche coerulea
Centaurea montana, Blue
Cephalaria tatarica
Cerastium Boissieri
Cheiranthus Allioni
Clematis integrifolia
Coreopsis grandifiora
Coronilla varia
Delphinium Belladonna
Delphinium Bellamosa
Delphinium chinense, Blue
Delphinium chinense, White
Delphinium, English Hybrids
Dianthus arenarius

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Dianthus atrococcinea
Dianthus atrococcinea fl. pl.
Dianthus cruentus
Dianthus deltoides
Dianthus deltoides albus
Dianthus deltoides, Brilliant
Dianthus Heddewigi
Dianthus plumarius
Dianthus speciosus
Dicentra eximia
Digitalis gloxiniaeflora, Rose
Digitalis gloxiniaeflora, White
Digitalis gloxiniaeflora, Purple
Digitalis grandifiora
Digitalis lutea
Digitalis, Isabellina
Digitalis, Shirley
Echinops ritro
Epilobium rosmarinifolium
Erigeron speciosa
Erinus alpinus
Erinus alpinus albus
Eryngium planum
Eryngium amethystinum
Erysimum aurantiacum
Erysimum pulchellum
Gaillardia, Giant English Mixed
Geum, Lady Stratheden
Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw
Gypsophila paniculata
Gypsophila repens
Helianthemum appeninum
Helianthemum, Mixed
Heuchera sanguinea
Heuchera sanguinea alba
Heuchera, Wayside Hybrids
Hibiscus (Mallows), Giant Red
Hibiscus (Mallows), Giant White
Hibiscus (Mallows), Giant Pink
Hibiscus (Mallows), Giant Mixed
Hyacinthus candicans
Iberis sempervirens
Incarvillea Delavayi
Incarvillea grandifora
Lathyrus, Red
Lathyrus, Pink
Lathyrus, White
Lathyrus, Mixed
Leontopodium alpinum
Liatris pyenostachya
Linaria dalmatica
Linum flavum
Linum perenne
Linum perenne album
Lupinus polyphyllus, Blue
Lupinus polyphyllus, White
Lupinus polyphyllus, Pink
Lupinus polyphyllus, Mixed
Lupinus polyphyllus, New Sweet-Scented Hybrids
Lobelia cardinalis
Lychnis chalcedonica
Lychnis alpina
Lychnis Haageana
Lychnis viscaria splendens
Lychnis viscaria splendens alba
Lythrum roseum superbum
Matricaria eximia, Golden Ball
Matricaria, Little Gem
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Myosotis palustris
Oenothera Fraseri
Oenothera fruticosa major
Oenothera speciosa
Oenothera Youngi
Pentstemon unilateralis
Platycodon grandiflora, White
Platycodon grandiflora, Blue
Platycodon Mariesi, Blue
Platycodon Mariesi, White
Polemonium coeruleum album
Polemonium coeruleum
Poppy, nudicaule, Baker's Sunbeam Mixed
Poppy, nudicaule, miniatum flore pleno
Poppy, nudicaule, thibetica
Poppy, orientale
Poppy, orientale, Mrs. Perry
Primula auricula, Mixed
Primula cortusoides
Primula veris, Munstead's Gíant Hybrids
Prunella grandiflora
Pueraria Thunbergiana
Pyrethrum, Mixed Single and Double
Rudbeckia purpurea
Salvia farinacea
Salvia nemerosa alba
Salvia pratensis
Scabiosa pennsylvanica
Scabiosa japonica
Senecio clivorum
Shasta Daisy, Excelsior
Shasta Daisy, Alaska
Shasta Daisy, June Bride
Sidalcea, Rosy Gem
Silene alpestris
Silene orientalis
Silene saxifraga
Silene Schafta
Stachys lanata
Statice latifolia
Stokesia cyanea, Blue
Sweet William, Newport Pink
Sweet William, White Giant
Sweet William, Red Giant
Sweet William, Holborn Glory
Sweet William, Holborn Glory
Sweet William, Maroon Black
Sweet William, Giant Mixed
Teucrium chamaedrys
Thalictrum adiantifolium
Thalictrum aquilegifolium purpurea
Thalictrum aquilegifolium album
Thalictrum dipterocarpum
Teucrium orientalis
Trollius europeus
Trolius europeus
Valeriana coccinea
Valeriana coccinea alba
Verbascum olympicum
Verbascum, Wayside Gardens Hybrids
Veronica pinnata
Veronica pinnata
Viola Cornuta, Rose Queen
Voila Cornuta lutea
Viola Cornuta, Purple
Viola Cornuta, White
Viola Cornuta, Blue
For complete color description, etc., see the same items listed under "Hardy Plants."

# Hardy Plant and Alpine Plant Seeds FROM The Floraire Nurseries <br> <br> Imported to Order Only! 

 <br> <br> Imported to Order Only!}

When, a year ago, Mr. H. Correvon of The Floraire Nurseries visited this country on a lecture tour, we had the pleasure of having Mr. Correvon with us for a short time, and arranged with him to act as his representatives for the U. S. A. and Canada and to offer his seeds through the medium of our plant catalog.

Instead of offering his entire collection, Mr. Correvon has selected, with our aid, only such varieties as we feel reasonably sure will grow in this part of the world. We ask you kindly to mail your orders at once to our office. We will forward them to Switzerland where they will be put up individually by his own force and sent to us for redistribution. The price at which his seeds are offered includes postage, duty, and all other import charges. Delivery will be made by us immediately upon receipt from Europe.

Owing to the amount of work involved and the small profit on this type of material, Mr. Correvon requests check with order. Make checks payable to "The Wayside Gardens Co."
The price of all seeds from The Floraire Nurseries offered on pages 70 to 72 is 35 c per packet.
No Correvon seeds are carried in stock by us. Hardy plant seeds are best sown in cold frames. Sow seeds from March 1st until Oct. 1st, transplant the following Spring.

1 Achillea macrophylla
2 Achillea moschata
3 Achillea serbica
4 Achillea sericea
5 Aconitum anthora
6 Aconitum lycoctonum
7 Aconitum paniculatum
8 Aconitum Wilsoni
9 Actaea spicata
10 Adenophora liliifolia
11 Adenophora Potanini
12 Adenostyles albifrons
13 Adonis vernalis
14 Aethionema Florariensis
15 Aethionema gracilis 16 Aethionema grandiflorum
17 Agave virginica
18 Ajuga genevensis
19 Ajuga reptans
20 Alchemilla alpina
21 Alsine linifiora
2 Alsine recurva
23 Alyssum alpestre
24 Alyssum halimifolium
25 Alyssum saxatile
26 Alyssum saxatile var. citrinum
27 Alyssum spinosum
28 Anchusa italica, Dropmore
29 Androsace carnea
30 Androsace ciliata
31 Androsace glacialis
32 Androsace helvetica
33 Androsace lactea 34 Androsace Lagger 35 Androsace lanuginosa 36 Androsace obtusifolia 37 Androsace sarmentosa 38 Androsace villosa 39 Androsace vitaliana 40 Androsace mixed vars.
41 Anemone alpina
42 Anemone Baldensis
43 Anemone coronaria
44 Anemone pennsylvanica
45 Anemone fulgens
46 Anemone Halleri
47 Anemone hepatica
48 Anemone hortensis 49 Anemone montana 50 Anemone multifida
51 Anemone narcissiflora
52 Anemone nemorosa
53 Anemone pratensis
54 Anemone ranunculoides
55 Anemone rivularis
56 Anemone sulfurea
57 Anemone vernalis
58 Antennaria dioica
59 Anthemis montana

> 60 Anthericum ramosum 61 Anthyllis montana 62 Antirrhinum asarina
> 63 Aquilegia alba
> 64 Aquilegia alpina
> 65 Aquilegia arctica
> 66 Aquilegia californica
> 67 Aquilegia canadensis
> 68 Aquilegia coerulea
> 69 Aquilegia flabellata
> 70 Aquilegia glandulosa
> 71 Aquilegia Haylodgensis
> 72 Aquilegia pyrenaica
> 73 Aquilegia Reuteri
> 74 Aquilegia rosea
> 75 Aquilegia Skinneri
> 76 Aquilegia vulgaris
> 77 Arabis albida
> 78 Arctostaphylos Uva Ursi
> 79 Arenaria caespitosa
> 80 Arenaria graminifolia
> 81 Arenaria montana
> 82 Arenaria tetraquetra
> 83 Arenaria melange
> 84 Armeria alpina
> 85 Armeria caespitosa
> 86 Armeria maritima
> 87 Arnica montana
> 88 Artemisia glacialis 89 Artemisia multellina 90 Artemisia spicata 91 Artemisia-des Alpes
> 92 Asarum europaeum
> 93 Asarum canadense
> 94 Asclepias incarnata
> 95 Asparagus tenuifolius
> 96 Asparagus acutifolius
> 97 Asperula odorata
> 98 Asphodeline lutea
> 99 Aster alpinus
> 100 Aster amelloides
> 101 Aster bessarabicus
> 102 Aster diplostephioides
> 103 Aster Porteri
> 104 Astilbe Davidi
> 105 Astilbe hybrides varices
> 106 Astragalus alpinus
> 107 Astragalus aristatus
> 108 Astragalus monspessulanus
> 109 Astrantia major
> 110 Astrantia minor
> 111 Atragene alpina
> 112 Aubrietia crocatica
> 113 Aubrietia deltoidea
> 114 Aubrietia, Fire King.
> 115 Aubrietia Florariensis
> 116 Aubrietia grandiflora

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117 Aubrietia Kotschyi
118 Aubrietia Leichtlini
119 Aubrietia Loyd Edward
120 Aubrietia Moerheimi
121 Aubrietia, Mixed Vars.
122 Azalea procumbens
123 Bellidiastrum Michelli
124 Bellium bellidoeides
125 Betonica grandiflora superba
126 Betula nana
127 Borago laxiflora
128 Brassica repanda
129 Bruckenthalis spiculifolia
130 Calamintha grandiflora
131 Calandrinia umbellata
132 Caltha palustris
133 Campanula Abietina
134 Campanula Allioni
135 Campanula barbata
136 Campanula alba grandiflora
137 Campanula alba var. compacta
138 Campanula var. compacta
139 Campanula Riverslea
140 Campanula cenisia
141 Campanula Elatines
142 Campanula excisa
143 Campanula hirsuta
144 Campanula latifolia
145 Campanula latifolia alba
146 Campanula pusilla
147 Campanula pusilla a fl. blanches
148 Campanula Raddeana
149 Campanula Raineri
150 Campanula rhomboidalis
151 Campanula rotundifolia alba
152 Campanula Sarmatica
153 Campanula sibirica
154 Campanula speciosa
155 Campanula spicata
156 Campanula stenocodon
157 Campanula thrysoidaea
158 Carlina acaulis
159 Centaurea alpina
160 Centaurea babylonica
161 Centaurea dealbata
162 Centaurea montana
163 Centranthus ruber
164 Centranthus ruber alba
165 Centranthus atrorubens
166 Cephalaria alpina
167 Cerastium argenteum
168 Cheiranthus linifolius
169 Chelone barbata
170 Chrysanthemum alpinum
171 Chrysanthemum maximum
172 Cineraria maritima
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## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## HARDY PLANT AND ALPINE PLANT SEEDS-Continued

173 Cistus ladaniferus
174 Cistus laurifolius
175 Cistus salviaefolius
176 Cistus mixed
177 Clematis graveolens
178 Clematis montana
179 Clematis montana var. Rose Clair
180 Clematis recta
181 Clematis vitalba
182 Clematis virginiana
183 Clematis viticella
184 Colchicum autumnale
185 Coronilla cappadocica
186 Coronilla montana
187 Cortusa Mathiolia
188 Corydalis bulbosa
189 Corydalis cheilanthifolia
190 Corydalis lutea
191 Corydalis tuberosa
192 Cotoneaster adpressa
193 Cotoneaster applanata
194 Cotoneaster congesta
195 Cotoneaster Davidiana (horizontalis)
196 Cotoneaster Francheti
197 Cotoneaster humifusa
198 Cotoneaster microphylla
199 Cotoneaster rupestris
200 Cotoneaster thymifolia
201 Cotoneaster vulgaris
202 Crepis aurea
203 Crocus vernus
204 Crucianella stylosa
205 Cyclamen europaeum
206 Cyclamen hederaefolium
207 Cytisus capitatus
208 Cytisus hirsutus
209 Cytisus nigricans
210 Cytisus radiatus
211 Cytisus scoparius
212 Cytisus sessilifolius
213 Daphne cneorum
214 Daphne mezereum
215 Daphne mezereum album
216 Delphinium azureum
217 Delphinium elatum
218 Delphinium grandiflorum
219 Delphinium nudicaule
220 Dentaria digitata
221 Dentaria pinnata
222 Dianthus alpestris
223 Dianthus alpinus
224 Dianthus arvernensis
225 Dianthus caesius
226 Dianthus carthusianorum
227 Dianthus fragrans
228 Dianthus gallicus
229 Dianthus glacialis
230 Dianthus Knappi
231 Dianthus monspessulanus
232 Dianthus neglectus
233 Dianthus Seguieri
234 Dianthus speciosus
235 Dianthus superbus
236 Dianthus sylvestris
237 Dictamnus albus
238 Dictamnus fraxinella
239 Dodecatheon alpinum
240 Dodecatheon Jeffrayi
241 Dodecatheon Meadia
242 Dodecatheon pauciflora
243 Doronicum excelsum
244 Draba athoa
245 Draba incana
246 Draba pyrenaica
247 Draba repens
248 Drabe tomentosa
249 Draba tridentata
250 Draba en melange
251 Dracocephalum austriacum
253 Dracocephalum Ruyschianum
254 Dryas octopetala

255 Edelweiss (or Leontopodium)
256 Edraianthus dalmaticus
257 Edraianthus graminifolius
258 Edraianthus tenuifolius
259 Ephedra Helvetica
260 Epilobium angustifolium
261 Epilobium hirsutum

262 Eranthis hyemalis
263 Eremurus Elwesianus
264 Eremurus himalaicus
265 Eremurus robustus
266 Erica carnea
267 Erica cinerea
268 Erica stricta (corsica)
269 Erica tetralix
270 Erica vulgaris
271 Erigeron alpinus
272 Erigeron glabellus
273 Erigeron philadelphicus
274 Eriogonum flavum
275 Eriogonum racemosum
${ }_{27} 6$ Eriogonum umbellatum
277 Eriophyllum caes pitosum
278 Eritrichium nanum
279 Erodium amanum
280 Erodium daucoides
281 Erodium macradenum
282 Erodium Manescavi
283 Eryngium alpinum
284 Eryngium Bourgati
285 Eryngium caeruleum
286 Eryngium Florariensis
287 Eryngium giganteum
288 Eryngium maritimum
289 Eryngium Oliverianum
290 Erythraea centaurea
291 Erythronium grandifiorum
292 Erythronium Hendersoni
293 Erythronium montanum
294 Euphorbia myrsinites
295 Fritillaria delphinensis
296 Fritillaria imperialis
297 Fritillaria lanceolata
298 Fritillaria meleagris
299 Fritillaria Moggridgei
300 Fritillaria pyrenaica
301 Genista andreana
302 Genista cinerea
303 Genista germanica
304 Genista horrida
305 Genista juncea
306 Genista sagittalis
307 Genista tinctoria
308 Gentiana acaulis
309 Gentiana Andrewsi
310 Gentiana angulosa
311 Gentiana angustifolia
312 Gentiana bavarica
313 Gentiana brachyphilla
314 Gentiana cruciata
315 Gentiana excisa
316 Gentiana Farreri
317 Gentiana Favrati
318 Gentiana Fetisowi
319 Gentiana Gentianella
320 Gentiana germanica
321 Gentiana Kochiana
322 Gentiana Lagodechiana
323 Gentiana lutea
324 Gentiana punctata
325 Gentiana Purpomi
326 Gentiana purpurea
327 Gentiana septemfida
328 Gentiana straminea
329 Gentiana verna
330 Gentiana en melange
331 Geranium argenteum
332 Geranium cinereum
333 Geranium Endresil
334 Geranium grandifiorum
335 Geranium macrorhizum
336 Geranium pratense
337 Geranium sanguineum
338 Geranium sylvaticum
339 Geum chiloense
340 Geum coccineum
341 Geum Heldreichi
342 Geum montanum
343 Geum pyrenaicum
344 Geum reptans
345 Geum rivale grandiflorum
346 Geum melange
347 Gillenia trifoliata
348 Gladiolus palustris
349 Glaucium luteum
350 Glaucium rubrum
:51 Glaucium tricolor
352 Globularia cordifolia

353 Globularia nudicaulis
354 Globularia trychosantha
355 Globularia vulgaris
356 Gnaphalium leontopodium
357 Gypsophila paniculata
358 Gypsophila repens
359 Helianthemum amabile (carmine)
360 Helianthemum apenninum (white)
361 Helianthemum atrosanguineum (red)
362 Helianthemum cruentum (red)
363 Helianthemum cupreum
364 Helianthemum grandiflorum (yellow)
365 Helianthemum mutabile (yellow)
366 Helianthemum roseum (rose)
367 Helianthemum vulgare (yellow)
368 Helleborus niger
369 Heracleum Mantegazzianum
370 Hypericum calycinum
371 Hypericum coris
372 Hypericum Kotschyanum
373 Hypericum nummulariaefolium
374 Hypericum patulum
376 Hypericum repens
377 Hypericum Dr. Van Fleeti
378 Hyssopus officinalis
379 Iberis gibraltarica
380 Iberis semperfiorens
381 Incarvillea Delavayi
382 Inula ensifolia
383 Inula helenium
384 Inula montana
385 Iris chamaeiris
386 Iris ensata
387 Iris Florentina
388 Iris laevigata (Kaempferi)
389 Iris pumila.
390 Iris pyrenaica
391 Iris sibirica
392 Iris melange
393 Jasione montana
394 Kniphofia uvaria
395 Kniphofia suberbes
396 Lathyrus grandiflorus
397 Lavandula delphinensis
398 Lavandula officinalis
399 Liatris graminifolia
400 Liatris punctata
401 Liatris spicata
402 Lilium carniolicum
403 Lilium croceum
404 Lilium martagon
405 Lilium pomponicum
406 Lilium pyrenaicum
407 Lilium lis en melange
408 Linaria alpina
409 Linaria cymbalaria
410 Linaria origanifolia
411 Linaria purpurea
412 Linum alpinum
413 Linum campanulatum
413 Linum campanula
415 Linum capitatum
415 Linum narbonnens
416 Linum salsoloides
418 Linum viscosum
419 Linum melange
420 Lithospermum graminifolium
421 Lithospermum intermedium
422 Lithospermum Petaeum
423 Lithospermum purpureo-coeruleum
424 Lobelia syphilitica
425 Lonicera alpigena
426 Lonicera coerulea
427 Lonicera pyrenaica
428 Lotus corniculatus
429 Lychnis alpina
430 Lychnis alpina alba
431 Lychnis coronaria
432 Lychnis flos-jovis
433 Lychnis fulgens
434 Lychnis lagascae

## 435 Malva Alcea

436 Malva moschata
437 Malva moschata alba
438 Matthiola pedemontana
439 Matthiola valesciaca
440 Mayanthemum bifolium

## HARDY PLANT AND ALPINE PLANT SEEDS—Continued

441 Meconopsis cambrica
442 Meconopsis integrifolia
443 Meconopsis nepalensis
443 Meconopsis nepalensis
444 Meconopsis paniculata
445 Meconopsis petiolata
445 Meconopsis petiolata
446 Meconopsis rudis
446 Meconopsis rudis
447 Meconopsis rudis
448 Meconopsis Wallichiana
449 Melissa officinalis
450 Melittis meyssophillum
451 Micromeria rupestris
452 Mimulus cardinalis
453 Mimulus Lewissi
454 Moehringia muscosa
455 Monarda didyma
456 Monarda florariensis
457 Morine longifolia
458 Mulgedium alpinum
459 Mulgedium Bourgaei
460 Myosotis alpestris
461 Nigritella angustifolia
462 Oenothera macrocarpa
463 Omphalodes cappadocica
464 Ononis cenisia
465 Ononis fruticosa
466 Ononis natrix
467 Ononis rotundifolia
468 Onosma Helveticum
469 Orobus vernus
470 Ostrowskya magnifica
471 Oxytropis montana

472 Paeonia corallina
473 Paeonia decora
474 Paeonia lutea
475 Preonia officinalis
476 Paeonia peregrina
477 Paeonia tenuifolia
478 Papaver alpinum
479 Papaver alpinum (white)
480 Papaver alpinum (rose)
481 Papaver alpinum (salmon)
482 Papaver alpinum (yellow)
483 Papaver atlanticum
484 Papaver Burseri
485 Papaver nudicaule
486 Papaver orientale
487 Papaver pilosum
488 Papaver pyrenaicum
489 Paradisia liliago
490 Paradisia liliastrum
491 Parnassia palustris
492 Paronychia argentea
493 Pentstemon coeruleus
494 Pentstemon diffusus
495 Pentstemon digitalis
496 Pentstemon fruticosus
497 Pentstemon Gordoni splendens
498 Pentstemon heterophyllus
499 Pentstemon imberbe
500 Pentstemon Murrayanus grandiflorum
501 Pentstemon pubescens
502 Pentstemon unilateralis
503 Pentstemon en melange
504 Physalis alkekengi
505 Physostegia virginiana
506 Phyteuma comosum
507 Phyteuma hemisphaericum
508 Phyteuma nigrum
509 Phyteuma orbiculare
510 Phyteuma spicatum
511 Platycodon autumnale
512 Platycodon grandiflorum
513 Platycodon Mariesi
514 Platycodon melange
515 Polemonium coeruleum
516 Polemonium carneum
517 Potentilla alpestris
518 Potentilla aurea
519 Potentilla grandifora
520 Potentilla Hippiana
521 Potentilla hirta
522 Potentilla multifida
522 Potentilla multifida
523 Potentilla nepalens
524 Potentilla nitida
526 Potentilla speciosa

527 Potentilla valderia 528 Potentilla melange
529 Primula acaulis
530 Primula Beesiana
531 Primula Bulleyana
532 Primula cachemiriana
533 Primula calycina
534 Primula chionantha
535 Primula Cockburniana
536 Primula denticulata
537 Primula elatior
538 Primula farinosa
539 Primula integrifolia
540 Primula japonica
541 Primula longiflora
542 Primula luteola
543 Primula Lyssadell hybrids
544 Primula marginata
545 Primula rosea
546 Primula rosea splendens
547 Primula Sikkimensis
548 Primula veris
549 Primula viscosa
550 Ramondia pyrenaica
551 Ramondia Nathaliae
552 Ranunculus aconitifolius
553 Ranunculus parnassifolius
554 Ranunculus pyrenaeus
555 Ranunculus rutaefolius
556 Ranunculus Seguieri
557 Romanzoffla Sitchensis
558 Romneya Coulteri
559 Romneya trychocalyx
560 Rosa alpina
561 Rosmarinus officinalis
562 Salvia glutinosa
563 Salvia officinalis
564 Savia ringens
566 Salvia Sclarea
567 Sanguinaria canadensis
568 Saponaria caespitosa
569 Saponaria lutea
570 Saponaria ocymoides
571 Saponaria ocymoides var. alba
572 Satureia montana
573 Saxifraga aizoides
574 Saxifraga Aizoon
575 Saxifraga altissima
576 Saxifraga aquatica
577 Saxifraga aretioides
578 Saxifraga aspera
578 Saxifraga aspera
580 Saxifraga Burseriana
581 Saxifraga caesia
582 Saxifraga caespitosa
583 Saxifraga carniolica
584 Saxifraga cochlearis
585 Saxifraga cotyledon
586 Saxifraga crustata
587 Saxifraga cuneifolia
588 Saxifraga decipiens
589 Saxifraga florulenta
590 Saxifraga geranioides
591 Saxifraga geum
592 Saxifraga Haagi
593 Saxifraga hieracifolia
594 Saxifraga hirculus
595 Saxifraga Hostei
596 Saxifraga Huetti
597 Saxifraga hypnoides
598 Saxifraga Kolenatiana
599 Saxifraga Lantoscana
600 Saxifraga lingulata
601 Saxifraga longifolia
601 Saxifraga longifolia
602 Saxifraga muscoide
603 Saxifraga mutata
605 Saxifraga oppositifolia grandiflora
606 Saxifraga peltata
607 Saxifraga pubescens
608 Saxifraga retusa
609 Saxifraga Rhei rosea
610 Saxifraga Rhei sanguinea
611 Saxifraga rotundifolia
612 Saxifraga sancta
613 Saxifraga scardica
614 Saxifraga stabiana
614 Saxifraga stellaris
615 Saxirraga stellaris
617 Saxifraga trifurcata
618 Saxifraga umbrosa
619 Saxifraga Valdensis

620 Saxifrages (mixed)
621 Saxifrages, Aizoon (incrusted) vars.
622 Saxifrages, moussus (mossy) vars.
623 Saxifrages, Kabschya vars.
624 Scabiosa caucasica
625 Scabiosa caucasica alba grandiffora
626 Scabiosa graminifolia
627 Scabiosa lyratifolia
628 Scorzonera rosea
629 Scutellaria alpina
630 Scutellaria orientale
631 Sedum acre
632 Sedum album
633 Sedum altissimum
634 Sedum anacampseros
635 Sedum brevifolium
636 Sedum corsicum
637 Sedum dasiphyllum
638 Sedum Fabaria
639 Sedum glaucum
640 Sedum hispanicum
641 Sedum kamtschaticum
642 Sedum maximum
643 Sedum oppositifolium
644 Sedum oreganum
645 Sedum pilosum
646 Sedum populifolium
647 Sedum reflexum (rupestre)
648 Sedum sempervivum
649 Sedum spatulifolium
650 Sedum spectabile
651 Sedum spurium
652 Sedum spurium, Splendida
653 Sempervivum arachnoideum
654 Sempervivum montanum
655 Sempervivum tectorum
656 Sempervivum, mixed varieties
657 Senecio abrotanifolius
658 Senecio aurantiacus
659 Senecio doronicum
660 Senecio incanus
661 Silene acaulis
662 Silene Elisabethae
663 Silene exscapa
664 Silene pumilio
665 Soldanella alpina
666 Spirea aruncus
667 Stipa pinnata
668 Swertia perennis
669 Thalictrum dipterocarpum
670 Thalictrum saxatilis
671 Thlaspi rotundifolia
672 Thymus serpyllum
673 Thymus vulgaris
674 Tiarella cordifolia
675 Trientalis europea
676 Trifolium alpinum
677 Ulex europaeus
678 Vaccinium myrtillus
679 Vaccinium uliginosum
680 Vaccinium Vitis-Idaea
681 Valeriana alliariaefolia
682 Valeriana montana
683 Valeriana officinalis
684 Valeriana tripteris
685 Veratrum album
686 Veratrum nigrum
687 Verbascum Phoeniceum
688 Veronica Allioni
689 Veronica armena
690 Veronica bellidioides
691 Veronica caucasica
691 Veronica caucasica
692 Veronica chamaedrys
693 Veronica fruticul
694 Veronica incana
695 Veronica maritima
697 Veronica rupestris
698 Veronica saxatilis
699 Veronica spicata
700 Viola biflora
701 Viola bosniaca
702 Viola calcarata
703 Viola cenisia
704 Viola declivis
705 Viola Florariensis
706 Viola rothomagensis
707 Viola splendida
708 Wulfenia carinthiaca

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

## Just What is the Thing to Plant?

Is a question which is asked more often than any other. We have, therefore, prepared a few selections giving the best and most useful plants suitable for various locations. We have not made this list any longer than would be practical. We have selected only Rock and Wall Plants which we are sure will succeed in this country. In the case of border plants, we have prepared two selections, one that will do well in shade; the other for wet places. The balance of plants offered in our catalog such as Delphiniums, Gaillardias, Coreopsis, Chrysanthemums, Phlox, etc., growing under normal care in every garden have not been mentioned in this list. We believe that with this information before you, you will be able to build and enjoy a better and more attractive garden. If further information is required, write us and we shall be glad to help you.

## ALPINE AND ROCK

"All varieties" means all varieties listed in our catalog. Achillea Tomentosa
Adonis Amurensis
Aethionema. All varieties Ajuga. All varieties Alyssum. All varieties Anchusa Myosotidifiora Arabis. All varieties
Auricula. Choice Mixed Hybrids Anemone Hupehensis
Anemone Hupehensis Flore Pleno
Anemone Pulsatilla
Anemone Pulsatilla Rubra
Anemone Sylvestris
Anthericum Liliastrum Major
Arenaria. All varieties
Arenaria. All varieties
Aspervia. Odorata
Aster, Mauve Cushion
Aster, Alpinus Albus
Aster, Goliath
Aubrietia. All varieties
Bellis Perennis. All varieties
Callirhoe Involucrata
Caltha Palustris
Catananche. All varieties
Campanula Carpatica
Campanula Carpatica
Campanula Carpatica Alba
Campanula Garganica
Campanula Garganica
Campanula Muralis
Campanula Raddean
Campanula Rotundifolia
Campanula Turbinata
Campanula Turbinata Alba
Corydalis Cheilanthifolia
Convallaria Majalis
Codonopsis Ovata
Coronilla Varia
Crucianella Stylosa
Cypripedium. All varieties
Daphne Cneorum
Dicentra Eximia
Dianthus Plumarius
Dianthus Arenarius
Dianthus Caesius Grandiforus
Dianthus Cruentus
Dianthus Cruentus
Dianthus Deltoides
Dianthus Deltoides Albus
Dianthus Detoides Albus
Dianthus Speciosus
Dracocephalum Ruyschianum
Epigaea Repens
Epimedium. All varieties
Erinus Alpinus
Erysimum Pulchellum
Euphorbia Myrsinites
Ferns. All varie
Gentiana. All varieties
Geranium. All varieties
Geum. All varieties
Grasses, Elymus Glaucus
Gypsophila Repens
Hepatica Coerulea
Helianthemum. All varieties
Heuchera. All varieties
Hypericum. All varieties
Iberis. All varieties
Iris Cristata
Iris Pumila. All varieties
Lavandula Nana
Leontopodium Alpinum
Liatris Montana
Linaria Cymbalaria
Linum. All varieties
Lithospermum Purpureum
Lychnis Alpina
Lychnis Haageana
Lychnis Viscaria fl. pl.
Lychnis Viscaria fis Vl.

Lychnis Viscaria Splendens Alba Lysimachia Nummularia
Lilium Chalcedonicum
Lilium Martagon
Lilium Rubellum
Mazus Rugosa
Mertensia Virginica
Mitchella Repens
Mitella Diphylla
Myosotis Palustris Semp
Myosotis Palustris, Pink Beauty
Nepeta Mussini
Nierembergia Rivularis
Oenothera Fraseri
Oenothera Missouriensis
Oenothera Speciosa
Orobus Vernus
Papaver Nudicaule
Papaver, Baker's Sunbeam
Papaver Miniatum fl. pl.
Pentstemon Pubescens,
Pentstemon Unilateralis
Phlox Subulata. All varieties
Phlox Amoena
Phlox Divaricata Canadensis
Phiox Ovata
Phlox Pilosa Splendens
Platycodon Mariesi
Platycodon Mariesi Alba
Plumbago Larpentae
Premula All varieti
Polyanthus. All varieties
Prunella Grandiflora
Ranunculus Repens fi. pl.
Santolina Chamaecyparissus
Santolina Chamaecypar
Saponaria Ocymoides Alba
Sanonaria Ocymoides Splendens
Saxifraga. All varieties
Saxifraga. All varietis
Shortia Galacifolia
Silene. All varieties
Sedum. All varieties
Sempervivum. All varieties
Stachys Lanata
Teucrium Chamaedrys
Thymus. All varietie
Tiarella Cordifolia
Trillium Grandiflorum
Thalictrum Adiantifolium
Tunica Saxifraga
Valeriana Coccinea
Verbascum, Wayside Gardens fohrids
Veronica Amethystina
Veronica Amethystina, Royal Blue
Veronica Erica
Veronica Gentianoides
Veronica Incana
Veronica Repens
Veronica Rupestris
Veronica Rupestris Rosea
Veronica Teucrium
Veronica Traversi
Veronica, True Blue
Vinca Minor
Viola Blanda
Viola Bosniacea
Viola, G. Wermig
Yucca Filamentosa
SHRUBS AND VINES FOR GARDENS GARDENS
Euonymus. All varieties
Anglish Ivy varieties
Cotoneaster Horizontalis
Daphne Cneorum
Erica. All varieties
Hypericum. All varieties
Leucothoe Catesbaei ALPINE AND ROCK
Ajuga. All varieties
Arabis Alpina. All varieties Auricula, Choice Mixed Hybrids Anemone Hupehensis fl. pl. Asperula Odorata

Bellis Perennis. All varieties Caltha Palustris
Campanula Carpatica Campanula Carpatica Alba Campanula Rotundifolia Corydalis Cheilanthifolia
Convallaria Majalis Cypripedium. All varieties Dicentra Eximia
Epimedium. All varieties Ferns, Adiantum Pedatum Ferns, Aspidium Acrostichoides Ferns, Aspidium Spinulosum Ferns, Dicksonia Punctilobula Ferns, Onoclea Sensibilis Hepatica Coerulea
unkia Coerulea
Geranium. All varieties Gentiana Andrewsi
Heuchera. All varieties Iris Cristata
Mertensia Virginica Mitchella Repens
Mitella Diphylla.
Myosotis Palustris. All varieties Phlox Divaricata Canadensis Polemonium Reptans Primula All varieties Polyanthus. All varieties Sanguinaria Canadensis Saxifraga Cordifolia Tiarella Cordifolia Trillium Grandiflorum Thalictrum Adiantifolium Vinca Minor

## Eunca Mino

Euonymus. All varieties
nglish IVy

## Leucothoe Catesbaei

## ALPINE PLANTS FOR

Achillea Tomentosa
Aethionema. All varieties Alyssum, All varieties Arabis Alpina fl. pl.
Arenaria Montana
Arenaria Grandiflora
Armeria. All varieties
Asperula Odorata (in shade) Aubrietia. All varieties Calamintha Alpina Cerastium. All varieties Campanula Carpatica Campanula Carpatica Alba Campanula Garganica Cheiranthus. All varieties Crucianella stylosa
Dianthus Arenarius
Dianthus Caesius Grandifiorus Dianthus Caesius Dianthus Cruentus Dianthus Deltoides Albus Dianthus Deltoides, Brilliant Dianthus Speciosus Erinus Alpinus
Erysimum Pulchellum Euphorbia Myrsinites Geranium Argenteum Gypsophila Repens
Helianthemum. All varieties Heuchera. Ali varieties Heuchera, All varietie Iris Tectorum
Leontopodium Alpinum
Linaria Cymbalaria
Linum All varieties
Lychnis Alpina
Oenothera Missouriensis
Oenothera Speciosa
Pentstemon Pubescens
Pentstemon Unilateralis
Phlox Subulata. All varieties
Polemonium Reptans
Prunella Grandiflora
Saponaria Ocymoides. All
Saxifraga All varieties
Silene. All varieties
Sedum. All varieties
Sempervivum. All varieties
Stachys Lanata

Thymus. All varieties
Tunica Saxifraga
Valeriana Coccinea
Veronica Amethystina
Veronica Amethystina, Royal Blue
Veronica Teucrium
Veronica, True Blue
Vinca Minor
Viola, Admiration
Viola, Floraire
Viola, Golden Yellow
Viola, Perfection
Viola, Rose Queen
Viola, G. Wermig

## ALPINE AND ROCK PLANTS FOR WET LOCATIONS

Ajuga Genevensis
Ajuga Reptans Rubra
Anchusa Myosotidiflora
Anemone Sylvestris
Asperula Odorata
Caltha Palustris
Funkia Adiantum Pedatum
Funkia Coerulea
Hepatica Coerulea
Iris Cristata
Lysimachia Nummularia
Mertensia Virginica. All
varieties
Myosotis Palustris. All varieties
Myosotis Palustris, Pink Beauty
Primula, Ailin Aroon
Primula Bulleyana
Primula Cashmeriana
Primula Mortusoides
Primula, Mulverheim Hybrids
Primula Pulverulenta
Primula Vulgaris
Ranunculus Repens fl. pl
Sanguinaria Canadens
Saxifraga Crassifolia

## BORDER PLANTS FOR

Acorus Calamus
Chelone. All varieties
Doronicum Carieties
Erigeron All varieties
Ferns, Regalis
Hemerocallis. All varieties
Hemerocal. Mallow Marvels Iris Sibirica. All varieties
Lysimachia Clethroides
Lilium Superbum
Lupinus. All varieties
Monarda Didyma, Cambridge Scarlet
Myosotis Palustris. All varieties
Polygonatum Multiflorum Major
Rudbeckia Purpurea
Saxifraga Cordifolis
Saxifraga Crassifolia
Senecio Clivorum
Spirea. All varieties
Thalictrum Adiantifolium
Thalictrum Aquilegifolium
Thalictrum Aquilegifolium
Album
Trollius. All varieties

## BORDER PLANTS FOR SHADY PLACES

Aconitum. All varieties
Actaea. All varieties
Anchusa Myosotidifora
Anemone. All varieties Aquilegia. All varieties
Campanula Rotundifolia
Cimcifuga Racemosa
Convallaria. All varieties
Clematis Davidiana
Dicentra. All varieties
Digitalis. All varieties
Ferns, Asplenium Filix-Foemina
Funkia. All varieties

## The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

# BORDER PLANTS FOR SHADY PLACES-Continued. 

Geranium Ibericum
Hemerocallis. All varieties
Lobelia All varieties
Lilium Auratum
Lilium Auratum Platyphyllum
Lilium Canadense
Lilum Regale
ilium Speciosum Album
Lilium Speciosum Magnificum

Lilium Speciosum Melpomene Lilium Superbum
Lupinus. All varieties
Mertensia Virginica
Monarda Didyma, Cambridge Montbret
Montbretia. All varieties
Polygonatum Multifiorum
Major

Platycodon
Primula All varieties Polyanthus All varieties Polyanthus. All varieties Saxifraga Cordifolia
Saxifraga Crassifolia Senecio Clivorum
Sedum Spectabile Brilliant Sedum Spectabie Brilia

Spirea. All varieties
Trillium Grandiforum
Thalictrum Adiantifolium
Thalictrum Aquilerifolium Thalictrum Aquilegifolium Aloum
Trollius. All varieties
Veratrum Viride
Pachysandra Terminalis

GROUND COVERS
Ajuga Genevensis
Ajuga Reptans Rubra
Asperula Odorata

Lysimachia Nummularia

Mitchella Repens
Phlox Subulata Alba Phlox Subulata Lilacina Phlox Subulata Rosea

Ground cover for shady place; also does well in moist places.
For shade. (Waldmeister also used in flavoring wine).
For wet places in full sun or in dry place in shade.
For shady places ; requires acid soil ; evergreen.
Excellent ground covers for hot and dry, sandy places; do well on poor soil.

Pachysandra Terminalis
Prunella Grandifiora
Sedum Acre
Sedum Sarmentosum Thymus. All varieties Veronica Rupestris. All varieties

## Vince Minor

Euonymus Radicans Acuta
English Ivy

Ground cover and edging plant; does best in light shade; evergreen. Good ground cover in full sun.

Good ground cover for sunny, dry places.

Good ground cover for sunny places.
Good ground cover for either sunny or shady places; evergreen.
Good ground cover for shady places; evergreen.

## Hardwood Ashes

Unleached hardwood ashes are the best source from which may be derived the most needed fertilizerPOTASH. Ninety-five per cent of the gardens in the United States today need Potash badly. Phosphates and nitrates, as a rule, have been abundantly applied by most gardeners, but potash, owing to its scarcity has not been used where it ought to have been. We have contracted with a very large hardwood lumber company to supply us with all the hardwood ashes
needed on our own nursery, and we have put up a few hundred barrels so that we may be able to help our customers in securing this most valuable material. Apply it either in the Fall or Spring at the rate of one pound to ten square feet. Hardwood ashes cannot be sold in bags, and are therefore offered in barrels weighing 200 lbs. each. We charge $\$ 6.00$ for a 200-lb. barrel.

## Imported Dutch Peat

Imported Granulated Dutch Peat is used with excellent results in the making of garden soils, especially those soils that are very heavy, or very dry. Peat stimulates the development of roots of all plants and in the Summer it is an excellent moisture retainer, as it absorbs more than eight times its own weight in water. For mulching perennial beds it is ideal. A slight covering of two inches thrown over the bed will prevent all freezing and heaving. As a mulch for strawberries, peat may be dug in and should not be removed. It acts, therefore, in a double capacity. If one wishes to plant such shrubs as Rhododendrons, Kalmias, Azaleas, Blueberries or Arbutus, (all these shrubs and plants like an acid soil) we can safely guarantee that soil prepared with 50 per cent Peat and 50 per cent top soil will grow any of these plants mentioned to perfection.

It is also an excellent ground cover under evergreens, Rhododendrons and Azaleas, keeping the soil moist and cool during the hot Summer, giving an exceptionally tidy appearance under these shrubs, as they should never be cultivated.

Peat may be stored in a garage or woodshed for any length of time, as there is nothing that will or can spoil it. We offer bags of 20 to 25 lbs . for $\$ 2.00$ each. One such bag will cover about 12 square feet 2 inches deep.

Large orders for peat can be handled direct from the steamship dock in new York City at the following low prices: Less than 10 bales, $\$ 4.00$ per bale; 10 bales up, $\$ 3.75$ per bale; 25 bales up, $\$ 3.50$ per bale. Carloads, $180-200$ bales, $\$ 3.10$ per bale. Above quantity prices are f. o. b. N. Y. Approximate weight of a bale is 200 lbs .

## Lectures

We are prepared to give illustrated talks on bulbs, rock plants and hardy plants. Please write for further details.

## Books

We have repeated requests for books giving information on bulbs, lilies, hardy plants and rock plants. Below we mention a few of the best which are obtainable from us.

## ROCK PLANTS

"Rock Gardens and Alpine Plants," by T. W. Sanders, F. L. S. This imported book is a complete guide to the construction of Rock Gardens and Rockeries, and the cultivation of Alpine Plants, with chapters on Bog, Water and Moraine Gardens. Profusely illustrated in color and half-tone. $\$ 5.00$.
"Adventures in My Garden and Rock Garden," by Louise Beebe Wilder. A splendid book on plants and rock plants. \$5.00.

## ROSES, CULTURE

We have a small pamphlet on this subject which is free and will be mailed upon request.

## BULBS

"The Book of Bulbs," by F. F. Rockwell. Pictures and text take you into the garden and show the almost limitless possibilities that bulbs offer. Types are discussed and varieties appraised for their suitability to different uses. Complete information on growing and propagation. \$3.00.

## HARDY PLANTS

"Popular Hardy Perennials," by T. W. Sanders, F. L. S. This is a revised and new issue of this muchread book. \$5.00.

## TERMS OF BUSINESS

## Quality of Stock Offered

All of the stock offered is grown on our own grounds, that grown from cuttings and divisions we know to be clean and true. Plants grown from seeds, are from seed stocks obtained from the most reliable sources, here and abroad.

Our plants are all field-grown, are given constant care and cultivation and when sent out are strong and well developed, much larger and worth a great deal more money than pot-grown plants.

We do not divide our plants before shipping but send the entire plant as dug. Dividing is only done in rare cases and only then because it is necessary to get the best results. If, after receiving, you are not satisfied with the quality of the stock, let us know and we will replace anything you mention without charge or without question.

## Guarantees

We guarantee all stock furnished by us to be first-class, true to name, all of a size so as to give immediate results. However, there are so many causes for failure over which we have no control, that we can assume no responsibility after stock is delivered. Poor soil, unfavorable weather, ignorant or careless culture-all contribute to failure and are beyond our control.

## Terms of Payment

Customers unknown to us will please send cash or references with their order. It is impossible for us to make immediate shipment to new clients who do not send references or check with their order. Not sending references or enclosing check causes delay in the forwarding of the stock you order.

## Complaints

We are compelled to do all our work during two very short periods in the Fall and Spring. In order to get stock shipped on time. it is necessary that we work late in the night. An error is occasionally made during these rush periods. We, therefore, suggest that you check over plants immediately upon receipt. If any plants or bulbs have been damaged while in transit or if shortages occur, notify us promptly, and corrections will be made immediately, or new stock sent without charge for that which is damaged. No complaints entertained ten days after date of shipment.

## Quantities Ordered

We do not sell less than three plants of a kind unless offered otherwise. Three to six plants are charged at three rate; seven to twenty-four, at twelve rate; twenty-five and over, at hundred rate.

## Recommendations

We are sincerely grateful to the numerous customers who kindly recommend our house, and on being favored with the name and address of any friend possessing a garden, we shall always be pleased to forward our catalog.

## Shipping Directions

Please give explicit shipping directions, stating whether stock is to be shipped by parcel post or express. Small shipments can be sent by parcel post. All such shipments will be sent insured, insurance and postage to be paid by the customer. In the event you send remittance with your order, parcel post charges may be sent to us after you have received the package.


## Corydalis Cotoneaster Crane＇s Bill Crimson Moss <br> Crosswort <br> Crown Vetch <br> Crucianella <br> Cup Flower <br> Cupid＇s Dart <br> Cypripedium

## Delphinium <br> Desmodium <br> Dianthus <br> Dicentra

Dictamnus
Dielytra
Digitalis
Dodecatheon
Doronicum
Dracocephalum
Dragonhead
Dryas
man＇s Pipe
Dutch Peat
Echinops
Edelweiss
English Daisy
English Daisy
Epigaea
Epilobium

## Erica

## Erigero

## Erigero

Erodium
Eryngium
Erysimum
Euonymus
Eupatorium
Euphorbia
Evening Primrose
Evergreen Bittersweet
Everlasting Sweet Pea
Fairy Lilies
Fairy Wallflower
False Chamomile
False Wall Cress
False Dragonhead
False Indigo
False Lupine
Ferns
Feverfew
Flame Flower
Flax
Fleabane
Forget－me－not
Forget－m
Foxglove
Foxglove
Fumitory
Funkia
Gaillardia
Galega $\begin{aligned} & \text { Garden } \\ & \text { Heliotrop }\end{aligned}$
Garden Heliotro
Garland Flow
Gas Flanther
Gay Fea
Genista
Geranium
Germander
Geum
Globe Flower
Globe Thistle
Goat＇s Beard
Goat＇s Rue
Grasses，Ornamental
Greek Mallow
Greek Sea Lavender
Ground Cypress
Ground Ivy
Groundsel
Gypsophila
Hardheads
Hardwood Ashes
Hardy Ageratum
Hardy Primrose
Hardy Zinnia
Heal－all
Heal－all
Heath
Hedera
Hedge Mustard
Hedge Plants
Helianthemum
Helianthus
Helianthu
Heliopsis
Helleborus
Hemerocallis
Hemp－tree
Hepatica
Heron＇s Bill
Hesperis
Honeysuckle
Honeysuckle ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 58

## I N D E X

18,
18,
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$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Jacob＇s Ladder } . . . & . . .{ }^{4} & 47 \\ \text { Japan Ivy ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} & 47 \\ \text { Japanese Spurge }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Kenilworth Ivy } . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ & 10 \\ \text { King＇s Spear }\end{array}$
Knapweed
Kudzu Vine
Lactuca
Lady＇s slipper
Larkspur
Lavandula
Lavender Cotton
Leadwort
Lectures Leontopodium
Leontopodium
Liatris
Lily Lilies－the－Valley
Linaria
Linum
Lithospermum
Lobelia
Loosestrife
Lupinus
Lysimachia
Marguerite
Marsh Marigold
Matricaria
Mazus
Meadow Rue
Meadow Sage
Meadow Sweet
Megasea
Mertensia
Michaelmas Daisies
Micromeria
Milfoil
Milkwort
Mitchella
Mitella
Mitella
Miterwort
Monkshood
Montbretia Mountain
Mountain Avens
Mountain Feather Fleece
Mountain Tobacco
Mulgedium
Mullein
Myosotis
Nepeta
Nierembergia

70,

## Oenothera <br> Orobus <br> Oswego Tea Ox－Eye Daisy

Pachysandra
Paeonia
Paeonia
Painted Daisy
Papaver
Pardanthus Partry
Partridge Berry
Pentstemon
Periwinkle Candytuft
Persian Daisy
Peruvia
Physalis
Physostegia Flower
Pinks
Pinxter Flower
Plantain Lily
Platycodon
Plumbago
Plume Poppy
Polemonium
Polyanthus
Polygonatum
Poppy Mallow
Potentilla
Primula
Prunella
Pueraria

Pulmonaria
Purple Loosestrife
Pyrethrum ．．．．．．
Ranunculus ．．．
Red Hot Pok
Rock Jasmine
Rock Madwor
Rock Spray
Rose Campion
Roundhead
Rudbeckia
Sage Brush
Salvia
Sandwort
Santolina
Sapifraga
Scabiosa
Scutellaria
Sea Pink
Sedum
Seeds，Correvon List ．74－76
Seeds，Wayside Gardens List
Sempervivum
Senecio
Shasta Däisy
Shellfiower
Shortia
Shrubs
Siberian Wallflower
Sidalce
Silene
Silver Lace Vine
Skull Cap
Snakeroot
Sneezewort …．．
Soapwort
Solomon＇s Seal
Speedwell
Speedwell
Spiderwort
Spirea
Statice
St．Bruno＇s Lily
Stenanthium Jort
Stokes＇Aster
Stokesia
Stonecrop
Summer Lilac
Sweet Flag
Swamp Honeysuckle
Sweet Rocket
Sweet William
Terms，etc
Thalictrum
Thermopsis
Thrift
Thyme
Tiarella
Tick Trefoil
Toad Flax
Tradescantia
Trillium
Tritoma
Trollius
Trumpet vine
Tuberose ．．．．．
Tunica
Valeriana
Verbascum
Veronica
Veronica
Vinca
Vines
Virginia Creeper
Virgin＇s Bower
Wahlenbergia
Wake Robin
Water－lilies
Watsonia
Wax Work
Wax Work
What to Plant
Whitlow Grass
Willow Her
Windflow
Wisteria ．．．．．．．
Wood Liff
Wooundwort
Yarrow Däy Lily
Yucca
Zephyranthes
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WAYSIDE CARDENS
Mentor. Ohio


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