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The SWAN RIVER NURSERY
PATCHOGUE
L.I. N.Y.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

The prices in this list cancel all prices in previous lists.

FIRST—The articles herein listed will be furnished at prices designated as per following schedule:

One to five plants of one kind will be charged for at the single rate, whatever the aggregate of a list made up in numbers of less than five plants of a specific sort may be.

Five to forty plants of one kind will be furnished at the ten rate.

Forty to 250 plants of one kind will be furnished at the 100 rate when 100 rates are given, except in the case of perennials when 25 of one kind will be given at the 100 rate.

FROM THIS SCHEDULE WE WILL NOT VARY because of the fact that it takes considerable time to assemble a list of plants that are scattered over the nursery.

SECOND—We warrant our stock to be true to variety named, and will replace any that may prove otherwise or refund the original price, but beyond that, we assume no responsibility. We guarantee our trees and plants to be in good condition when shipped, but we do not guarantee that such stock will live and grow, as it is obviously impossible to control the aftercare or the weather conditions which may surround transplanted stock.

THIRD—We make no charge for packing retail orders to be sent by freight, express or parcel post, except on large evergreens and large shade trees.

FOURTH-Our terms are cash.

MOTOR TRUCK DELIVERY—We operate motor trucks of different sizes and therefore can offer unlimited delivery service on Long Island and nearby points, making only a charge to cover the actual cost of such service; this of course depending on the size of the order and whether a special trip is required. Where possible we combine small orders and proportion the charges among the persons served; this makes the service much cheaper. Trees that are dug today are delivered tomorrow.

If desired, we will send experienced men to plant the trees and shrubs, charging for such service at actual cost.

COMPLAINTS—We will gladly rectify mistakes in filling orders, provided we are notified immediately on receipt of the goods.

SHIPPING SEASON—Our Spring shipping season begins about the 25th of March, and continues until the last of May. In the Fall we begin shipping in August and continue until the ground freezes up for Winter.

Respectfully yours,

SWAN RIVER NURSERY

PATCHOGUE, L. I., N. Y.

GRACE A. AVERY, HUMPHREY A. AVERY, Manager

Telephone: Patchogue 1200

Suggestions for Planting

Preparing Holes

Dig the hole not less than 1 foot wider than the root area of the specimen it is to hold and from a foot to 2 feet in depth, according to the depth of its root system. If the soil is poor a few inches of rotted litter should be thrown into the bottom of the hole and dug in to the depth of 6 inches or more. If the soil at the bottom is hard, it should be broken up in a pulverized state to a depth of a foot or so.

Setting Tree

To prepare the tree for setting go over the root system carefully and cut all the broken or bruised portions of the roots with a clean, sharp knife or pruning shears. In setting the tree spread the roots out naturally so that they will not be twisted or crowded, then fill in gradually with fine soil, working it carefully under and about the roots, so that no holes or air spaces will be left. If it is a deciduous plant, shake the tree or shrub up and down so as to pack shake the tree or shrub up and down so as to pack the soil layer by layer, carefully tramping it down until it is firmly packed about the roots. Continue this process until the hole is filled within 2 inches from the top. The remainder of the soil should be used in a way to form a small basin around the tree. This is to keep the water from running away when applied.

Mulching

In the Fall, place a mulch of dry leaves, hay or well rotted stable litter about the base of each tree. This mulch should be 6 inches deep and extend 2 to 3 feet beyond the natural spread of the roots.

Weight down with dirt, light slats or boards to prevent wind from blowing off during Winter. If well rotted straw, hay or stable litter has been used, spade in well around the base of each tree in the Spring. Any mulch that is of no value should be removed in early Spring as soon as the frost is out removed in early Spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

Watering

When dry weather comes on in the latter part of June, July, August and early September, it will be necessary to water newly planted evergreens, especially for the first two or three years after transplanting. A thorough watering twice a week is far more beneficial than a daily sprinkling of the topsoil.

Cultivation

Don't wait for your evergreens to begin to show signs of suffering before you start cultivation. Start keeping the soil stirred up immediately after planting. Frequent cultivation is the secret of moisture conservation. The ground must be kept loose and mellow by cultivating weekly.

Evergreens and Conifers

Evergreens are used in many ways, some of which are as follows: Specimens on a lawn, foundation plantings around houses, windbreaks, hedges and as screens for objectionable objects.

Our evergreens are thrifty, well-rooted and have been several times transplanted.

All evergreens will be balled and burlapped without charge.

We recommend planting during April, May and June, August, September and October.

ABIES Concolor (White Fir). Tall tre		Per 10 h-green
needles and symmetrical growth.	Used for	r speci-
men or group.		•
* 2 to 3 ft	\$ 6.00	\$55.00
* 3 to 4 ft	9.00	85.00
* 4 to 5 ft	13.00	
* 5 to 6 ft	17.00	
* 6 to 7 ft. specimens	22.00	
* 7 to 8 ft. specimens	27.00	
* 8 to 9 ft. specimens	32.00	
* 9 to 10 ft. specimens	37.00	
*10 to 15 ft. specimens \$50.00 to		
*15 to 20 ft. specimens \$50.00 to	100.00	
A. nordmanniana (Nordmann Fir).		e, slow
growing. Dark, glossy green foli	age. U	sed for
specimen.		
*18 to 24 in	3.00	
* 2 to 3 ft	4.00	
* 3 to 4 ft	7.00	
* 4 to 5 ft	10.00	
* 5 to 6 ft	17.00	
* 6 to 7 ft	25.00	
* 7 to 8 ft	35.00	
* 8 to 10 ft	50.00	
A. veitchi (Veitch Fir). Tall, symmetric		Foliage
dark green above, silvery beneath.	Used fo	r speci-
men.		
* 7 to 8 ft.	20.00	
* 8 to 10 ft.	30.00	
*10 to 12 ft	40.00	
BUXUS (Boxwood). See Evergreen S	henbe	
		л. 1•
CEDRUS atlantica glauca (Blue Atlas C	edar). I	Vledium
tree of open growth. Fine steel-blue	needles	. Usea
as specimen.	200.00	
*12 to 14 ft. specimens	200.00	
CHAMAECYPARIS obtusa (Hinoki Cy	press). I	Medium
size, slow-growng. Rich, dark g	reen, fe	rn - like
foliage. Forms beautiful specimen		
18 to 24 ft	3.00	\$26.00
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	35.00
2½ to 3 ft.	5.00	45.00
3 to 3½ ft.	7.50	70.00
* 3½ to 4 ft	10.00	
* 4 to 4½ ft	12.00	
* 4½ to 5 ft.	14.00	
♥ 5 to 6 ft	16.00	
* 6 to 7 ft		
* 7 to 8 ft	18.00 25.00	

	CHAMAECYPARIS—Contin		
C.	obtusa compacta (Football Cypress)	Ver	Per 10 y slow,
	compact grower. Pyramidal. 18 to 24 in.		
	18 to 24 in.	4.00	38.00
	2 to 2½ ft* 2½ to 3 ft	5.00 7.50	48.00
	* 2½ to 3 ft. * 3 to 3½ ft.		
C.	obtusa crippsi (Cripps Golden Cyp	ress).	A slow
	growing golden leaved form. Bright seasons.	ht yellov	v at all
	18 to 24 in	4.50	
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6.00	
C.	obtusa nana (Dwarf Hinoki Cypre	ess). C	ompact
	dwarf, forming dense, irregular r	nass.	Suitable
	for rock garden. *10 to 12 in	5.00	
	*12 to 15 in	7.00	
	*15 to 18 in	10.00	
	*18 to 24 in	15.00	
	*24 to 30 in	20.00	
C.	pisifera (Sawara Cypress). Quick grow	ving, py	ramidal.
	Broad, flat foliage of deep, glossy	green.	
	1½ to 2 ft	2.25	\$20.00
	2 to 2½ ft	3.00 4.00	27.50 37.50
	3 to 3½ ft.	5.00	47.50
	3½ to 4 ft.	6.00	57.50
	3½ to 4 ft. *4 to 5 ft.	8.00	
C.	pisifera aurea (Golden Sawara Cy yellow foliage. Habit same as pisife 1½ to 2 ft.	press).	Bright
	yellow toliage. Habit same as pisite	ra.	22.50
	2 to 2½ ft	2.50 3.50	22.50 32.50
	2½ to 3 ft.	4.50	40.00
	3 to 3½ ft	5.50	52.50
	3½ to 4 ft	6.50	62.50
	T 10 / 11	9.00	
C.	pisifera filifera (Thread Retinospora) foliage. Long, string-like, drooping	. Brigh branch	it green es.
	1½ to 2 ft.	3.00	27.00
	2 to 2½ ft	4.00	37.50
	2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	
	3 to 3½ ft.	8.00	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	10.00 12.00	
	4 to 4½ ft	15.00	
	5 to 6 ft	18.00	
C.	pisifera filifera aurea (Golden-thread Bright golden yellow foliage. Slov	d Retino	ospora).
	Bright golden yellow foliage. Slow	w growi	ng.
	1 ½ ft	4.00	
C	2 ft. pisifera plumosa (Plume Retinospo	5.00	47.50
٠.	dense cone of fine texture. Usefu	ra). r	orms a
	into formal shapes.	11 101 3	nearing
	1½ to 2 ft.	2.25	20.00
	2 to 2½ ft	3.00	26.00
	2½ to 3 ft.	3.75	35.00
	3 to 3½ ft	5.25 6.75	50.00 65.00
	3½ to 4 ft	9.00	85.00
	*5 to 6 ft	12.00	
	*8 to 10 ft	50.00	
	*10 to 12 ft	75.00	

CHAMAECYPARIS—Continued

			Each	Per 10
C.	pisifera plumosa	aurea (Golden	Plume C	press).
	Dense mass of	yellow foliage.		
	18 to 24 in.		3.00	26.00
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		3.75	34.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.			40.00
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		6.00	57.50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.		7.50	72.50
	4 to 5 ft.			
	*5 to 6 ft.		12.00	
C.		argentea (Silvert		spora).
C.	Yellow foliage.	Similar habit to		spora).
			-	22.50
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	~== ===		22.50
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.			35.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.			45.00
				50.00
	4 to 5 ft.			
	5 to 6 ft.			
C.	pisifera plumosa			
	Retinospora).	Low, dwarf, rou	nd-topped	bush.
	Yellow-tipped bi	anches.		
	12 to 15 in.		1.85	16.50
	15 to 18 in.	~~	2.75	26.50
	$*1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	A		35.00
	*2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.			
	$*2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.		7.00	
	*3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		9.00	
	$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	~	12.00	
	*4 to 5 ft.		15.00	
C.	pisifera squarrosa	veitchi (Moss Ret		Foli-
٠.	age blue-gray f	eathery and dense	oopora,.	2 011
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.			22.50
	2 to 2½ ft.			37.50
	$2^{1/2}$ to 3 ft.			45.00
	$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft.			77.00
	*3½ to 4 ft.			
	*4 to 5 ft.			
_				
C.		koop (Triomphe		
	press). Blue-gr	een foliage. Sli	gntly pen	aulous.
	Used as specime			
	* $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft.			
	* 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.			
	* 5½ to 6 ft.			
	* 6 to 7 ft.		18.00	
	* 7 to 8 ft.		20.00	
	* 8 to 9 ft.		25.00	
	* 9 to 10 ft.			
	*10 to 15 ft.	specimen	150.00	
CR	YPTOMERIA jap	onica compacta ()	apanese (Cedar)
				olumn.
		icturesque. Rich,		Winter
	color.	icturesque. Rich,	DIGIIZE	vv iiiter
			6.00	
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.		6.00	
	3 to 4 ft.		7.50	
	4 to 5 ft.		10.00	
	5 to 6 ft.		12.50	
	* 6 to 7 ft. *12 to 14 ft.		20.00	
	*12 to 14 ft.	specimen	150.00	

Each Per 10

CUPRESSUS goveniana glauca (Blue Gowen C Tall tree with slender spreading branches. ish-green foliage. Used as specimen.	ypress). Gray-
ish-green foliage. Used as specimen.	
3 to 4 ft6.00	57.50
4 to 5 ft 7.50	72.50
5 to 6 ft 9.00	87.50
6 to 7 ft 10.50	102.50
7 to 8 ft 12.00	117.50
JUNIPERUS chinensis (Chinese Juniper). columnar type, having gray-green foliage.	Formal
13 to 24 in 3.00	27.50
2 to 21/2 ft 3.75	35.00
J. chinensis alba variegata (White Leaf Chineper). Symmetrical low growing evergreen. foliage interspersed with creamy branches.	se Tuni-
per). Symmetrical low growing evergreen.	Bluish
foliage interspersed with creamy branches.	
	30.00
18 to 24 in	37.50
2 to 2½ ft. 4.00 2½ to 3 ft. 4.75	45.00
J. chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper). Broad	l, bushy
habit, with horizontally spreading branches.	Gray-
habit, with horizontally spreading branches. green foliage. One of the best dwarf forms	s
18 to 24 in 3.00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5.00	47.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 7.00	65.00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 10.00	95.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 13.00	120.00
4 to 5 ft 16.00	150.00
5 to 6 ft 20.00	
6 to 7 ft 25.00	
J. columnaris (Columnar Chinese Juniper). Ver	ry rapid
growing spire-like evergreen	ry rapid
growing spire-like evergreen 4 to 5 ft. 8.00	ry rapid
growing spire-like evergreen 4 to 5 ft	
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type.	spread-
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type.	spread-
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type.	spread-
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type.	spread- 32.50 47.50
growing spire-like evergreen	spread- 32.50 47.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar attractive gray-green foliage. 18 to 24 in. 3.00	spread- 32.50 47.50 nid with
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 3.50 2 to 2½ ft. 5.00 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar attractive gray-green foliage. 18 to 24 in. 3.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3.75 2½ to 3 ft. 4.50 3 to 3½ ft. 5.25 J. chinensis sargenti (Sargent Juniper). A pevergreen with long, creeping branches.	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar attractive gray-green foliage. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3.75 2½ to 3 ft. 3.75 2½ to 3 ft. 4.50 3 to 3½ ft. 5.25 J. chinensis sargenti (Sargent Juniper). A pevergreen with long, creeping branches. 12 to 15 in. 3.75 3.75 3.75 5.00	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar attractive gray-green foliage. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3.75 2½ to 3 ft. 3.75 2½ to 3 ft. 4.50 3 to 3½ ft. 5.25 J. chinensis sargenti (Sargent Juniper). A pevergreen with long, creeping branches. 12 to 15 in. 3.75 3.75 3.75 5.00	spread- 32.50 47.50 anid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 brostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 3.50 Z to 2½ ft. 5.00 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar attractive gray-green foliage. 18 to 24 in. 3.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3.75 2½ to 3 ft. 4.50 3 to 3½ ft. 5.25 J. chinensis sargenti (Sargent Juniper). A pevergreen with long, creeping branches. 12 to 15 in. 3.75 15 to 18 in. 5.00 J. communis (Common Juniper). Low, dense, faform. Gray-green foliage. 15 to 18 in. 1.50	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50 20.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50 20.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50 20.00

JUNIPERUS—Continued

JUNIPERUS—Continu	ea	
	Each	Per 10
J. communis aurea (Douglas Golden spreading type. Bright golden f 18 to 24 in.	Juniper).	Low-
18 to 24 in.	_ 3.00	
J. communis depressa (Common Spr Spreading type with light bluish	foliage.	niper).
15 to 18 in	3.75	35.00
18 to 24 in.	4.50	42.50
J. communis hibernica (Irish Juniper)	A	
nyramid of spire-like effect		Hailow
1½ to 2 ft.	1.85	16.50
2 to 2½ ft	2.00 2.50	18.00
3 to 4 ft.	3.50	24.00
1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	4.50	
J. excelsa stricta (Spiny Greek Cedar) shaped pyramid. Foliage gray-gr	. Compac een.	et, well-
15 to 18 in 18 to 24 in	2.50	22.50
18 to 24 in.		32.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		42.50 57.50
3 to 3½ ft.		
J. communis suecica nana (Swedish Ju	miper). N	Medium
size, quick growing, narrow, upri	gnt form.	15.00
15 to 18 in 18 to 24 in	2.25	18.50
2 to 2½ ft	3.00	27.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	3.75	35.00
J. japonica (Japanese Juniper). Glob	e trimmed	. Low-
J. japonica (Japanese Juniper). Glob growing spreading type Dark	green foli	age.
10 to 12 in.	2.00	18.00
12 to 15 in. 15 to 18 in.	3.00	27.50
18 to 24 in.	5.00	47.50
		_
J. japonica aurea (Golden Japanese slow-growing, spreading plant.	Juniper).	Low,
foliago	Gorden	· tilited
18 to 24 in.		
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
272 to 3 1t.	_	
J. sabina (Savin Juniper). Dense, da	rk green	foliage,
irregular spreading branches.		28.50
18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft	3.00 4.50	42.50
2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	57.50
2½ to 3 ft	8.00	
I squamata mayori (Mayor Torring)	I Instal	
J. squamata meyeri (Meyer Juniper) green shrub. Very dense habit.	Handson	ne blue
toliage.		
12 to 15 in		
15 to 18 in	- 6.00	

JUNIPERUS—Continued

Journal Communication	Each	Per 10
J. virginiana (Red Cedar). Tail and slen	nder. U	seful in
formal plantings.		ocidi iii
* 2 to 3 ft	4.00	
* 3 to 4 ft	5.50	
* 4 to 5 ft	7.00	
* 5 to 6 ft	10.00	95.00
* 6 to 7 ft	14.00	135.00
* 7 to 8 ft	18.00	175.00
* 8 to 9 ft.	24.00	
* 9 to 10 ft.	30.00	
*10 to 12 ft.	35.00	
*12 to 14 ft	40.00	
J. virginiana cannarti (Cannart Cedar	·). M	edium
height, dense growing, columnar for		
rich green foliage.		
*3 to 4 ft	6.75	
*4 to 5 ft	9.00	
*5 to 6 ft	12.00	
J. virginianna elegantissimi (Goldtip Red	dcedar).	Bright
yellow-tipped branches. Bronze in		
*6 to 7 ft	16.00	
*7 to 8 ft	22.00	
*8 to 9 ft.	28.00	
*9 to 10 ft.	35.00	
J. virginiana glauca (Silver Redcedar)	. Form	s dense
column. Bluish-gray foliage. Nse		cimen.
2 to 3 ft	4.50	
3 to 4 ft	6.50	
* 4 to 5 ft	9.00	
* 5 to 6 ft	12.00	
* 6 to 7 ft.	16.00	
* 7 to 8 ft	22.00	
* 8 to 9 ft.	28.00	
* 9 to 10 ft.	35.00	
*10 to 12 ft	45.00	
*12 to 14 ft.	55.00	
DIOTA (WILL C.		C
PICEA canadensis (White Spruce).		tree of
symmetrical growth. Dense, silver	y foliag	2.
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2.25	
2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.50
2½ to 3 ft.	3.75	33.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00	47.50
4 to 5 ft	7.50	

*15 to 20 ft. specimens \$50 to 75.00 —

PICEA—Continued

PICEA—Continued	
Fa	ch Per 10
P. excelsa (Norway Spruce). Large tree	
P. excelsa (Norway Spruce). Large tree	e of rapid
growth. Dark green foliage. Excellent	windbreak.
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft, 2.	.25
	75 25.00
	50 30.00
	50 40.00
	.00 67.50
	.00 90.00
	.00 ——
0 t0 / it	
/ 10 0 11.	.00
0 10 10 11.	.00
	.00
	.00
*14 to 16 ft 35	.00
Large specimens \$50.00 to 150	.00
Daige openiment	.00
	.50
P. excelsa conica (Arrowhead Norway Spruce pact, symmetrical type. Very slow gr	e). A com-
10 to 21 to 5	50
	.50
21 to 24 in. 6	.50 —
pact, dwarf. Very formal.	ound, com-
*15 to 18 in15	.00
	.00 —
	.00 —
3 to 3½ ft20	.00
y to y/2 it 20	.00
P. glauca conica (Dwarf Elberta Spruce). pact, slow growing type.	
	.00 —
	.00
	.00
24 to 30 in. 12	00
P. orientalis (Oriental Spruce). Medium midal tree. Dark green foliage. Slov	w grower.
	.00
	.00 —
	.00 ——
*5 to 6 ft 15	.00
*6 to 7 ft. 25	.00 ——
*7 to 8 ft 35	.00 ——
	.00
P. polita (Tigertail Spruce). Light green, age. Useful as specimen.	
	.00 —
*2½ to 3 ft6	.00 —
	.00
	.00
	.00

PICEA—Continued Per 10 Each P. pungens (Colorado Spruce). Symmetrical tree for Joungens (Colorado Spruce). Symmetrical trespecimen or windbreak. Foliage light green. *2 to 2½ ft. 4.00 *2½ to 3 ft. 6.00 *3 to 4 ft. 8.00 *4 to 5 ft. 12.00 *5 to 6 ft. 14.00 *24 to 30 in. 25.00 P. excelsa pendula (Weeping Norway Spruce). An interesting and unique type, having inverted branches. 18 to 24 in. _______ 2 to 2½ ft. ______ 5.50 6.50 excelsa pyramidalis (Pyramidal Norway Spruce). P. The very erect branches form a narrow pyramid. 2 to 2½ ft. 5.50 — 2½ to 3 ft. 6.50 excelsa pigmea (Pigmy Norway Spruce). Dwarf, slow growing evergreen. 15 to 18 in. 7.00 —— 18 to 24 in. 8.00 —— P. excelsa remonti (Remont Spruce). Dwarf form of Norway Spruce. Dense, formal growth. 18 to 24 in. 7.50 — 2 to 2½ ft. 10.00 — *6 to 7 ft. 18.00 — *7 to 8 ft. 25.00 — *8 to 10 ft. 35.00 — P. pungens glauca (Colorado Blue Spruce). Symmetrical tree for specimen. Blue foliage. *12 to 15 in. 3.00 -- *15 to 18 in. 4.00 -- *18 to 24 in. 5.00 -- * 2 to 2½ ft. 7.50 ---P. pungens kosteri (Koster Blue Spruce). Silvery-blue foliage, giving distinct color tone. foliage, giving distinct color tone. *15 to 18 in. 10.00 *18 to 24 in. 12.50 * 2 to 2½ ft. 16.00 * 3 to 3½ ft. 22.50 * 3 to 3½ ft. 22.50 * 4 to 4½ ft. 22.50 * 4 to 4½ ft. 32.50 * 5 to 6 ft. 35.00 * 6 to 7 ft. 37.50 * 7 to 8 ft. 45.00 * 8 to 10 ft. \$50.00 to 100.00 * 8 to 10 ft. \$50.00 to 100.00 * 10 to 15 ft. 100.00 to 200.00 pungens kosteri pendula (Koster Weeping Spruce). Very drooping type of Koster P. Spruce. *3 to 3½ ft. *3½ to 4 ft. *4 to 4½ ft. *4½ to 5 ft. Spruce. 24.00 28.00 32.00

36.00

50.00

40.00

*5 *6

to 7

ft.

to 8 ft.

Each Per 10 PINUS cembra (Swiss Stone Pine). Slow conical tree. Thin bluish green needles.

*18 to 24 in. 6.00

* 2 to 2½ ft. 8.00

* 2½ to 3 ft. 10.00

* 3 to 3½ ft. 12.50

* 4 to 4½ ft. 15.00

* 4 to 4½ ft. 17.50

* 4½ to 5 ft. 20.00

* 5 to 6 ft. 22.50

* 6 to 7 ft. 25.00 Slow growing P. montana mughus (Mugho Pine). Slow growing, symmetrical, dwarf. Foliage dark green. 37.50 52.50 2 to 2/2 to 3 ft. 10.00 3 to 3½ ft. 12.50 3½ to 4 ft. 15.00 P. nigra (Austrian Pine). Vigorous, dense growing tree. Foliage glossy, dark green. Good for seashore planting. #18 to 24 in. 2.50

* 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50

* 2½ to 3 ft. 5.00

* 3 to 4 ft. 7.50

* 4 to 5 ft. 10.00

* 5 to 6 ft. 12.50

* 6 to 7 ft. 18.00

* 7 to 8 ft. 25.00 to 50.00 5.00 7.50 10.00 12.50 18.00 25.00 *Large specimens \$25.00 to 50.00 P. resinosa (Red Pine). Vigorous, symmetrical tree. Long, rich green needles, reddish brown bark. * 2 to 3 ft. * 3 to 4 ft. * 4 to 5 ft. * 5 to 6 ft. * 6 to 7 ft. 7 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft. 4.50 6.00 7.50 7.50 10.00 15.00 25.00 35.00 10 to 12 ft. 12 to 14 ft. 40.00 50.00 P. Strobus (White Pine). Tall, straight tree with bluetinted foliage. Group or screen planting. $^{*}2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3.00 *3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 4.50 27.50 42.50 *3 to 3½ tt.

*3½ to 4 ft.

4 to 5 ft.

5 to 6 ft.

6 to 7 ft.

7 to 8 ft.

8 to 10 ft.

10 to 12 ft. 5.00 7.50 47.50 10.00 15.00 25.00

35.00 40.00 ft. _____ 50.00

12

to 14

PINUS-Continued Each Per 10 P. sylvestris (Sotch Pine). Hardy, quick growing screen tree. Short blue-green twisted needles. Screen or specimen. *21/2 to 3 ft. 3.00 *3 to 4 ft. 4.00 *4 to 5 ft. 7.50 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 —— 6 to 7 ft. 15.00 —— 7 to 8 ft. 25.00 —— 8 to 10 ft. 35.00 —— 10 to 12 ft. 40.00 —— 12 to 14 ft. 50.00 —— tanyosho (Japanese Table Pine). Low growing round, symmetrical type. Used as specimen. *Specimens \$50.00 to 150.00 —— P. PSUDOTSUGA douglasi (Douglas Fir). Pryamidal tree of dense, graceful habit. *2 to 3 ft. 5.00 — *3 to 4 ft. 7.50 — *4 to 5 ft. 10.00 — *5 to 6 ft. 15.00 — *6 to 7 ft. 20.00 — 20.00 SCIADOPITYS verticillata (Umbrella-Pine). Slow-growing Japanese tree. Pyramidal with unusual dark green needles. Used as specimen. *15 to 18 in. 4.50 *1½ to 2 ft. 5.00 *2 to 2½ ft. 7.50 *2½ to 3 ft. 10.00 *3 to 4 ft. specimens 15.00 *4 to 5 ft. specimens 20.00 *6 to 7 ft. specimens 25.00 *7 to 8 ft. specimens \$30.00 to 50.00 8 *8 to 10 ft. specimens \$50.00 to 75.00 TAXUS baccata dovastoni aureovariegata (Yellow Dovaston Yew). Low-growing, spreading branches, drooping at the end. Short green needles variegated with yellow. 18 to 24 in. 5.00 47.50 2 to 2½ ft. 7.00 67.50 2½ to 3 ft. 9.00 — 3 to 3½ ft. 12.00 — 3½ to 4 ft. 15.00 — baccata elegantissima (Variegated English Yew). Compact, symmetrical type. Foliage close and variegated. variegated. *18 to 24 in. 5.00 *2 to 2½ ft. 7.00 *2½ to 3 ft. 9.00 T. baccata repandens (Spreading English Yew). Low-growing, spreading branches, drooping at the end. Very dark green needles. Very dark green needles. *1½ to 2 ft. 5.00 *2 to 2½ ft. 7.00 *2½ to 3 ft. 9.00 *3 to 3½ ft. 12.00 *3½ to 4 ft. 15.00 *4 to 4½ ft. 20.00 5.00 47.50 7.00 67.50

TAXUS—Continued

Each Per 10

3.00 27.50

T.	canadensis	(Canada	Yew).	Low	spreading	habit.
	Bronze in	Winter.	${\bf Prefers}$	shade.		

15 to 18 in

1/	LU	10	111.		2.00	27.70
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.		4.00	37.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		5.00	47.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.		7.50	67.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		10.00	97.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.		12.50	100.00
4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	*******	15.00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$	to	5	ft.		17.50	
5	to	6	ft.		20.00	
6	to	7	ft.		25.00	
:	1.4	_ /6		_1: T	37. \	C1
cuspi	aat	a (3	prea	ading Japanese	iew).	Slow-
grow	ing.	bush	v ty	pe. Foliage rich,	dark gr	een.
0			/ -/	r,	8-	

T.

15	to	18	in.	***************************************	3.00	
18	to	24	in.	***************************************	4.50	42.50
2		$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		6.00	57.50
*21/2			ft.		7.50	70.00
		$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	***************************************	10.00	95.00
*31/2	to	4	ft.		15.00	140.00
*Larg	ge s	pecim	ens	\$20.00 to	40.00	

T. cuspidata capitata (Upright Japanese Yew). Symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Foliage rich, dark green.

$*1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.		6.50	62.50
*2		$2\frac{1}{2}$			8.00	77.50
					10.00	97.50
*3					12.50	120.00
*31/2	to	4	ft.		15.00	147.50
*4					18.00	177.50
*41/2	to	5	ft.		21.00	
*5	to	6	ft.		25.00	
*6	to	8	ft.	\$30.00 to	50.00	

T. cuspidata intermedia (Spreading Japanese Yew). Slow-growing and similar to cuspidata, but much more compact.

15	to	18	in.		4.00	37.50
18	to	24	in.	**	5.00	47.50
2	to	21/2	ft.		7.50	72.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.		10.00	95.00

T. cuspidata nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew). Slow growing, irregular and spreading. Very dark green, broad, thick leaves.

3 to 3½ ft 15.00 —	12	to	18	ın.	 5.00	4/.50
2 to 2½ ft. 10.00 95.0 2½ to 3 ft. 12.50 — 3 to 3½ ft. 15.00	18	to	21	in.	 6.25	60.00
2½ to 3 ft	21	to	24	in.	 7.50	72.50
3 to 3½ ft 15.00 —	2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 10.00	95.00
5 10 5/2 11	$2^{1/2}$	to	3	ft.	 12.50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 20.00 —	3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 15.00	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.	 20.00	

SWAN RIVER NURSERY, Patcho	gue, N.	Y. 13
		D
	Each	Per 10
THUJA occidentalis (American Arbory pyramid, broad at base. Foliage broad		Slender Winter
Good for hedge or sheared specimes	n.	** 111101.
18 to 24 in	1.85	11.50
2 to 2½ ft.	2.25	15.00
2 ½ to 3 ft	3.00 4.50	18.50 40.00
4 to 5 ft.	6.50	60.00
5 to 6 ft	8.00	75.00
6 to 7 ft.	11.00	
7 to 8 ft* * 8 to 9 ft	14.00 17.00	
* 9 to 10 ft	20.00	
*10 to 12 ft.	25.00	
12 to 14 ft *14 to 16 ft	30.00 35.00	_
T. occidentalis caucasica (Caucasian Arb		
18 to 24 in	4.50	42.50
2 to 2½ ft.	6.00	57.50
T. occidentalis Columbia (Columbia		orvitae).
Strong growing pyramid. Foliage t	ips hav	e silvery
variegation. 18 to 24 in	2.25	
2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.50	
3 to 3½ ft.	5.50	
3½ to 4 ft	6.50 8.00	
T. occidentalis compacta (Parsons Dwa Formal globe-shape with bright gree		
12 to 15 in	1.50	11.50
15 to 18 in	1.85	15.00
18 to 21 in 21 to 24 in	3.00 3.50	27.50 32.50
*2 to 2½ ft	4.00	
*2½ to 3 ft	6.00	
T. occidentalis Elwangeriana (Tom Thur	nb Arb	orvitae).
Low, broad, pyramidal type. Dense	foliage,	of soft,
close texture.	1 00	15.00
15 to 18 in 18 to 21 in	1.80	15.00 18.00
21 to 24 in.	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.50
2½ to 3 ft 3 to 3½ ft	4.00	
	5.00	
T. occidentalis ericoides (Heath Retinos pyramidal type. Soft spreading nee		
above, gray-green beneath. Assume		
Winter.		
18 to 24 in	3.00	
2 to 2½ ft	5.00	
T. occidentalis globosa (Globe Arbory	itae).	Natural
compact globe. Low growing.	1.50	11.50
15 to 18 in.	1.85	15.00
18 to 21 in	3.00	27.50
21 to 24 in	3.50	32.50
2 to 2½ ft 2½ to 3 ft	4.00 5.50	37.50 52.50
3 to 3½ ft.	7.00	

THUJA—Continued

T. occidentalis hoveyi (Hovey Arborvitae). Dwarf oval

Each Per 10

14.00

18.00

	type	with	dens	e, ri	ch green foliage.		
	15	to	18	in.	~	2.00	15.00
	$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.		2.50	22.50
	2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		3.50	
	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.		4.50	
	3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		6.00	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.		7.50	
	4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		9.00	
T.					(George Peabody		,
	Stron	g-gr	owing	g, py	yramidal type with	bright	yellow
	foliag	ge.					
	2	to	2 1/2	ft.		3.50	32.50
	2 1/2	to	3	ft.		4.50	42.50
	3	to	3 1/2	ft.		5.50	52.50
	3 1/3	to	4	ft.		6.50	62.50
	4	to	5	ft.	***************************************	8.50	
	* 5	to	6	ft.		10.50	

Г.	occide	ntal	is 1	pyrami	dalis	(Pyramida	l Arbor	vitae)
	*14	to	16	ft.			40.00	_
	*12	to	14				35.00	
	*10	to	12	ft.			30.00	
	* 9	to	10	ft.			26.00	
	* 8	to	9	ft.			22.00	_

to

to

7

ft.

ft.

7 Narrow, columnar type. Foliage bright green throughout Winter.

2	to	21/2	ft.		3.00	27.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	**************************************	3.75	32.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		5.25	50.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.		6.00	57.50
4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		7.00	67.50
$4\frac{1}{2}$	to	5	ft.		8.00	75.00
5	to	6	ft.		10.00	
6	to	7	ft.		12.00	

T. occidentalis rosenthali (Rosenthal Arborvitae). Slow-growing pyramid. Good green, dense foliage.

			о г	,	 8,		
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.		 	4.00	37.50
						4.50	42.50
					 	5.00	47.50
		$3\frac{1}{2}$			 	5.50	52.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.		 	6.00	

T. occidentalis spiralis (Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitae). Formal pyramidal type. Short fern-like branches deep green foliage.

2	to	21/2	ft.	 3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	 4.00	37.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 5.00	47.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.	 6.00	57.50
4	to	5	ft.	 8.00	
5	to	6	ft.	 11.00	
6	to	7	ft.	 14.00	
7	to	8	ft.	 20.00	

THUJA—Continued

		Each 1	Per 10
T.	occidentalis vervaeneana (Vervaen Broad pyramid. Foliage variegated to bronze in Winter.	yellow, t	urning
	18 to 24 in	2.25	20.00
	2 to 2½ ft	3.00	27.50
	2½ to 3 ft	4.50	42.50
	3 to 3½ ft.	6.00	57.50
	3½ to 4 ft 10 to 12 ft., specimen	7.00 50.00	
T.	occidentalis wareana (Ware Arbo green, dense foliage. Broad, pyran	rvitae). nidal type	Light
	1½ to 2 ft.	2.27	20.00
	2 to 2½ ft	3.00 4.50	27.50 42.50
	2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	42.70
	3 to 3½ ft	8.00	
	4 to 5 ft.	10.00	
т.	animatalia auroa nana (Berkman's	Golden	Arbor-
	virge) Excellent for formal use an	id eaging	, Com-
	pact, rounded, dwarf type. Foliage yellow.		25.00
	12 to 15 in		32.50
	15 to 18 in		
т.	orientalis aurea conspicua (Golds)	oire arbo	rvitae).
	18 to 24 in	3.00	
	2 to 2½ tt.	4.00	37.50
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.		
T.	orientalis elegantissima (Yellow vitae). Columnar type. Deep Winter.	rich bro	Arbor- onze in
	18 to 24 in.		37.50
	2 to 2½ ft.		37.50
	2½ to 3 ft.		
T.	orientalis compacta (Siebold Arbory oval type. Foliage good green.		27.50
	18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft		37.50
	2 to 2½ ft		47.50
	3 to 4 ft.		
T.	orientalis pyramidalis (Oriental P	yramidal e bright	green in
	Summer, turning to dull bronze in	ı Winter.	
	2 to 2½ ft	_ 2.50	22.50
	2½ to 3 ft.		27.50
	3 to 3½ ft.		37.50 47.50
	3½ to 4 ft		57.50
	4 to 5 ft5 to 6 ft		
	6 to 7 ft.		
	7 to 8 ft.		
	8 to 9 ft.		
	9 to 10 ft.		
	10 to 12 ft.	25.00 30.00	
	12 to 14 ft 14 to 16 ft	35.00	
	14 to 16 ft		

THUJA-Continued

1110 Jii Commaca							
T. standishi (Standish Arborvitae). Vi growth forming a pyramid. Used specimen plantings. 18 to 24 in.	gorous,						
2 to 2½ ft.	4.50						
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6.00						
TSUGA canadensis (Canada Hemlock). tree of graceful habit. Spread branches. May be used as clipped	ing h	orizontal					
1½ to 2 ft.	2.50						
	3.75	35.00					
2½ to 3 ft.	5.00	47.50					
3 to 3½ ft.	6.50	60.00					
3½ to 4 ft	9.00	85.00					
4 to 5 ft	11.00						
5 to 6 ft	14.00						
6 to 7 ft,	18.00						
7 to 8 ft,	25.00						
8 to 9 ft	30.00						
9 to 10 ft	35.00						
T. diversifolia (Japanese Hemlock). Graceful spreading branches; dark green, glossly foliage.							
18 to 24 in.	5.00	47.50					
2 to 2½ ft.	6.00	57.50					
2½ to 3 ft.	7.50						
3 to 3½ ft.	9.00						
) 10)/2 11	9.00						

Evergreen Shrubs

In Winter, when the landscape is almost shorn of its beauty, the bright, glossy foliage of evergreen shrubs make a brave display, and are on this account, doubly

valuable. A deep, cool, moist subsoil with proper drain	nage is
the ideal soil, and a shaded position is often pref	
AZALEA amoena (Japanese Azalea). Attractive	e, pur-
ple-red flowers. April-May. Small, bright	green
leaves in Summer, turning to a rich bronze	green
in Winter. 2-3 ft.	
10 to 12 in. 2.25	20.00
12 to 15 in 2.50	22.50
15 to 18 in. 3.00	
18 to 21 in. 4.00	
A. hinodegiri (Hinodegiri Azalea). Bright, ca	
pink flowers. April-May. Leaves larger than	n amo-
ena and better habit. 3 to 4 ft.	
* 6 to 8 in 1.80	15.00
*10 to 12 in. 2.50	22.50

10 10	12 III.		2.70	22.70
*12 to	15 in		3.50	
*15 to	18 in.		4.50	
BUXUS ja	ponica	(Globe Form, Sheared).	
10 to	12 ii	1	3.00	
12 to	15 is	1	4.00	
15 to	18 is	1	6.00	
18 to	24 ii	1	8.00	
2 to	21/2 f	•	12.00	

BUXUS—Continued

pr. ' (p. :11F cl. 1)	Each	Per 11
B. Japonica (Pyramidal Form, Sheared).		
2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.	7.00 8.00	
3 to 3½ ft.	11.00	
3½ to 4 ft.	14.00	
4 to 4½ ft.	18.00	
4½ to 5 ft.	22.50	
B. japonica (Tree or Standard Form, Sh	eared).	
12 to 18 in. high, 18 in. crown	12.00	
18 to 24 in. high, 18 in. crown 24 to 30 in. high, 24 in. crown	15.00	
		1.1
B. sempervirens (Common Box). Slov fashioned evergreen, very useful i colonial plantings. May be sheared	v-growir	ng, old-
rashioned evergreen, very useful i	n form	inod in
to any form desired 12-15 fr	anu tra	med in-
to any form desired. 12-15 ft.	1.25	10.00
*12 to 15 in. bushy	2.25	20.00
15 to 18 in. bushy	3.00	27.00
18 to 24 in. bushy	4.75	
24 to 30 in. bushy	6.50	
,		١ .
B. sempervirens rotundifolia (Round-le	eat Bo	x). A.
hardy, strong-growing type, having	a good	green,
round leaf. 12-15 ft. 18 to 24 in.	175	
18 to 24 in.	4.75	
2 to 2½ ft.	6.50	
2½ to 3 ft.	8.00 10.00	
) 10)/2 11		
B. sempervirens suffruticosa (True Dwarf	Box).	
Excellent for hedges in informal gar	den, 2	to 3 ft.
6 to 8 in. Per 100, \$30.00	.50	4.00
6 to 8 in. Per 100, \$30.00 8 to 10 in. Per 100, 50.00 10 to 12 in. Per 100, 70.00	.75	6.00
10 to 12 in. Per 100, 70.00	1.00	8.50
COTONEASTER horizontalis (Rock Cot	oneaster	·) I ow-
spreading shrub. Small, shiny leav	es, bri	gnt rea
berries. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		
15 to 18 in	1.50	
18 to 24 in	2.00	
EUONYMUS japonicus (Evergreen Burn	inahuel	a) IIn-
right, bushy habit. Rich, dark green	ronage	e.) to
6 ft.		
12 to 15 in. heavy	1.15	10.00
15 to 18 in. heavy	1.50	14.00
18 to 24 in. heavy	2.25	20.00
2 to 2½ ft. heavy	3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. heavy	3.75	35.00
3 to 3½ ft. heavy	4.50	42.50
3 ½ to 4 ft. heavy	6.00	57.50
4 to 5 ft. heavy	7.50	72.50
E. japonicus albovariegatus (Silverspot	Burnin	gbush).
Erect bush with shiny green leaves, a silvery tone. Grows to 4 to 5 ft.	. arregat	CG WILL
12 to 15 in	1.25	11.50
15 to 18 in	1.75	16.00
18 to 24 in.	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft	3.25	30.00
2 10 2 / 2 10	J	23.00

EUONYMUS—Continued

Eacl	h F	er -	10
AJUC.		~ -	~~

E. japonicus aureus (Gold-leaf Burningby	ich) Erect
E. japonicus aureus (Gold-leaf Burningbubush with shiny green leaves variegated	with bright
yellow. Grows to 4 to 5 ft.	with bright
	1.25 11.50
15 . 10 .	1.75 16.00
18 to 24 in.	2.50 22.50
2 to 2½ ft.	3.25 ——
	ou alimahimm
E. radicans (Wintercreeper). Low trailing plant, sometimes climbing to 15 or 20	of chimbing
lent for undergrowth in evergreen bord	ers or cover-
ing walls and house foundations.	crs or cover-
2 years	.50 3.50
	.75 6.00
	.50 13.50
5 years 2	2.00 18.00
	orl Hobit
E. radicans acutus (Sharpleaf Wintercreep similar to radicans. Long, narrow le	aves nurnle
tinted underneath.	aves, purple
2 years	.50 3.50
3 years	.75 6.00
	1.50 13.50
E. acutus colorata (Wintercreeper). Trailing bright red winter foliage.	ng vine with
	1.00 90.00
	1.50 14.00
E. radicans variegatus (Variegated Win Similar to radicans. Foliage vari	ntercreeper).
Similar to radicans. Foliage vari	egated with
creamy white and pink.	50 250
	.50 3.50 .75 6.00
3 years	1.50 13.50
	2.00 18.00
. /	
E. radicans vegetus (Bigleaf Wintercreepe growing, shrubby vine. Handsome to	er). Strong
growing, shrubby vine. Handsome i	ound green
leaf. Abundant scarlet fruit.	
	.75 6.00
- /	8.00
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1.50 13.50
5 years2	2.00 18.00
HEDERA helix (English Ivy). Evergree	en, clinging
vine.	,
Medium plants	.35 3.00
Strong plants	.50 4.50
Strong plants Extra strong plants	.80 7.50
ILEX crenata (Japanese Holly). Rapid g	rowing ever-
green shrub. Glossy, dark green lea	aves. Black
fruit. Grows to 6 to 8 ft.	
15 to 18 in	3.00 27.50
	1.00 37.50
2 to 2½ ft.	5.00 47.50
	62.50
3 to 3½ ft	3.00 77.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft1	0.00 ——
	5.00
5 to 6 ft, 20	.00

ILEX—Continued

ILEA—Continued	
Ea	ch Per 10
I. glabra (Inkberry). Dense growing shru	ib. Shiny,
I. glabra (Inkberry). Dense growing shrudark green leaves. Does well in shade.	5 to 6 ft
12 to 15 in 2.	.00 18.00
	.75 25.00
	.00 37.50
2 to 2½ ft	.00 47.50
2 to 272 ft	.00 47.70
I opaca (American Holly) Shrub or	small tree
Short spreading branches Does best in	moist par-
I. opaca (American Holly). Shrub or Short spreading branches. Does best in tially shaded location. 25 to 30 ft.	moist, par
2 to 21/2 ft	.50
	.00
3 to 4 ft 4.	.50
) to + 1t, +.	. 70
KALMIA latifolia (Mountain-laurel). Dark	green fol-
iage with showy clusters of pink flower	rs in June.
Likes shade. Grows to 5 to 7 ft.	
15 to 18 in 2	.25 20.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2.	.50 22.50
	.75 35.00
2½ to 3 ft	.00 45.00
	.00
3½ to 4 ft. 9	.00
	.00
	.00
5 to 6 ft	.00
LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium (Box Sandmyrt	rle) Donse-
ly branched, low evergreen shrub, whi	te blossoms
produced in profusion.	
12 to 18 in	.50 12.50
	.00
LEUCOTHOE catesbaei (Drooping Leucotho	oe). Shrub
with spreading, slender branches. Lus	trous green
leaves. Rich Autumn color. White flow	
	wers. May-
June. 3 to 4 ft.	
12 to 15 in 2.	.00 18.00
	.25 20.00
	75 25.00
2 to 2½ ft3	.50 32.50
2 00 2/2 20 ============================	.,,
MAHONIA aquifolia (Oregon Hollygrape)	Evergreen
shrub having shiny green leaves which	
in Winter. Showy yellow flowers. May	-June. Does
well in half shade. 4 to 5 ft.	
	.35 12.50
18 to 24 in 2.	.50 22.50
2 to 21/ fr 2	
2 to 2½ it 3.	.50 32.50
	.00 37.50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft5	.00
DACHIVEANIDDA 400 1 11 /T	1 1 1
PACHYSANDRA terminalis (Japanese Pa	cnysandra).
Evergreen trailing vine. Dark green lea	aves. Small
Evergreen trailing vine. Dark green least spikes of whitish flowers in May. Go	ood ground
cover in shade where grass will not grow	7. 6 in.
Medium plants100, \$20.00 Strong plants100, 25.00	.25 2.15
Strong plants100, 25.00	.30 2.75
*	

Each Per 10

E	acn	Per 10
1) to 18	ng. 4.50	Best in
10 to 21	6.50	57.50
2 to 2½ ft.	7.50	
P. japonica (Japanese Andromeda). D. shrub. Foliage rich green, graceful clusters. Partial shade. May. Grows 15 to 18 in	white to 4 4.00 5.00	growing flower to 5 ft. 37.50
2 to 2½ ft	7.50	
YUCCA filamentosa (Common Yucca). I leaves. Many creamy flowers on tall	Howe	i spike.
Strong plants	1.00	9.00
Strong plants Extra strong plants	1.50	14.00
RHODODENDRON Rhododendron carolinianum (Carolina Rh Compact, bushy shrub. Bright pink June. 4 to 6 ft.	rodode flower	endron). rs. May-
	4.50	42.50
18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft	5.00	47.50
2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	
3 to 3½ ft.	7.50	
3½ to 4 ft.	9.00	
R. catawbiense (Catawba Rhododendron). rose flowers. May-June. 6 to 9 ft.	Lar	ge, deep
2 to 2½ ft.	4.50	
2½ to 3 ft.	5.50	52.50
3 to 3½ ft.	6.50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	7.50	72.50
R. maximum (Rosebay Rhododendron). leaves with abundant white to light in June. 8 to 12 ft.	Larg pinl	ge, heavy s blooms
in June. 8 to 12 ft.	3.75	32.50
2 to 2½ ft. specimens 2½ to 3 ft. specimens	5.25	
-1/ 6	6.00	
3 to 3½ ft. specimens	6.75	
3½ to 4 ft. specimens 4 to 5 ft. specimens 5 to 6 ft. specimens	7.50	70.00
5 to 6 ft. specimens	9.00	
6 to 7 ft. specimens	12.00)
HYBRID RHODODENDRO		
1½ to 2 ft.	7.50	
2 to 2½ ft.	9.00	
2½ to 3 ft.	15.00	
3 to 3½ ft	18.00	
	22.00	
4 to 4½ ft.		

Atrosanguineum. Dark red. 18 to 24 in.

RHODODENDRONS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
Album elegans. Large white.		
4½ to 5 ft. 5 to 5½ ft.		
5 to 5½ ft.		
Boule de Neige. Pure white.		
*12 to 18 in.	7.00	
*12 to 18 in. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft.	**********	
Candidissimum. White. 3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft.		
3 to 3½ ft.		

Caractacus. Rich crimson.		
Charles Dickens. Rich crimson.		
2 to 2½ ft		
3 to 3½ ft.		
3½ to 4 ft.		
Catawbiense album. White.		
2 to 2½ ft		
Everestianum. Red. 18 to 24 in.		

H. H. Hunnewell. Rich, dark crimson.		
2½ to 3 ft		
3 to 3 ½ It.		
H. W. Sargent. Crimson. 2½ to 3 ft.		
Ignatius Sargent. Pink.		
12 to 18 in 2 to 2½ ft		
Ingersoll. 2½ to 3 ft.		
Kettledrum. Crimson.		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		***
Lady Clermont. Dark red.		
3 ½ to 4 ft 4 to 4 ½ ft		
4 to 4½ ft.		
Lady Grey Egerton. Blush.		
3½ to 4 ft. 4 to 4½ ft.		
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		
Parsons Grandiflora. Lavender.		
18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft		
Decree decree E		
Roseum elegans. Fine rose.		
2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft.		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

Deciduous Trees

Nothing can be planted which will grow so well and with so little attention and care as trees. The initial cost is small and paid for many times over by the beauty, pleasure and satisfaction which they bring.

the beauty, pleasure and satisfaction which they bring. Our collection includes trees adapted for all loca-				
tions, climates and soils.				
ACED 1 (Cil. XX 1)	Each			
ACER dasycarpum (Silver Maple). R graceful, pendulous branches. Lea	kapid g	rowing,		
derneath. 60 to 80 ft.	ves silv	ery un-		
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	6.00	55.00		
12 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.	7.50	72.50		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	10.00	95.00		
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	12.00			
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in	15.00			
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in	20.00 25.00			
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in	30.00			
A. dasycarpum pyramidalis (Pyramidal	C:1	Mantal		
	60 to 8			
20 to 25 ft., 3½ to 4 in.	12.00			
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in	15.00			
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in	20.00			
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in	25.00			
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in	30.00			
A. ginnala (Amur Maple). Shrubby				
12 ft. Graceful and valuable for	bright	autumn		
foliage.	1.50			
2 to 3 ft	1.50 2.00	18.00		
4 to 5 ft	2.50			
A. negundo (Box Elder). Rapid growing	tree. l	Medium		
height. 8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in	2.50	22.50		
2 to 2½ in.	3.50			
A. Pennsylvanicum (Striped Maple). Grewhite.	en bark	striped		
6 to 8 ft.	4.00			
8 to 10 ft	5.00			
A. platanoides (Norway Maple). Excel				
forming a round, symmetrical head.	50 to 2			
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	4.25	41.00		
14 to 16 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in	5.50 6.50	52.50 62.50		
$1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	7.50	72.50		
$2^{1/4}$ to $2^{1/2}$ in	9.75	95.00		
$*2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	12.00	117.50		
*3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	15.00	147.50		
$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	18.00	177.50		
*4 to 4½ in	20.00	190.00		
* $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in *5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in	25.00 30.00	240.00 290.00		
*5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in *5\frac{1}{2}\$ to 6 in	35.00	340.00		
*6 to 7 in	45.00	430.00		
*7 to 8 in	60.00	580.00		

ACER—Continued

		Each	Per 10
A.	platanoides argentea variegata (Varie	gated	Maple).
	Somewhat slower growth than the have a silvery variegation. 40 to 60	type.	Leaves
	*6 to 8 ft	5.00	
	*8 to 10 ft	6.00	
A.	platanoides reitenbachi (Reitenbach	Purn	le-leaved
	Maple). Leaves purple. Brilliant 50 to 75 ft.	Fall	coloring.
	*12 to 14 ft $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	6.00	
	*2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	7.00	
	$*2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	8.50	
	*2½ to 3 in	10.00	
	*3 to 3½ in	15.00	
A.	platanoides schwedleri (Schwedleri		le-leaved
	Maple). Leaves a bronzy-purple in	Sprin	ng turn-
	ing to green in Midsummer. 50 to 7 *12 to 14 ft., 13/4 to 2 in		57 FA
		6.00 7.00	57.50 67.50
	*2 to 2½ in *2½ to 2½ in	8.50	82.50
	*2½ to 3 in	10.00	95.00
	*3 to 3½ in	15.00	140.00
	$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	20.00	190.00
	*4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in	25.00	
A.	platanoides spaethi (Spaeth Pinkle	aved	Maple).
	Leaves slightly smaller than No	orway	Maple.
	Purple-pink. 40 to 60 ft.		
	*3½ to 4 in	20.00	
	*4 to 4½ in.	25.00	
	*4½ to 5 in	30.00	
A.	pseudoplatanus (Sycamore Maple). L	arge,	vigorous
	growing tree. Symmetrical rounded 75 ft.	head.	50 to
	*10 to 14 ft., $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in.	5.00	45.00
	*2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	7.50	70.00
	*2½ to 3 in	10.00	95.00
	*3 to 3½ in	12.50	120.00
	*3½ to 4 in	15.00	145.00
	*4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in * $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in	17.50	
		20.00	
A.	rubrum (Red Maple). Large tree with	dense	foliage.
	Scarlet flowers in early Spring. Bri	lliant .	Autumn
	coloring. Will grow in moist place.	10.00	0 /5 ft.
	*12 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in *3 to 3½ in	10.00 12.00	
	*3½ to 4 in	14.00	
Δ			X 7
Α.	saccharum (Sugar Maple). Good stre erect growth than Norway Maple. 5	0 to 7	. More 5 ft.
	*14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in	14.00	
	*3 to 3½ in	18.00	
	$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	20.00	
	*4 to 4½ in	25.00	
	$*4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in	30.00	
	*5 to 5½ in	40.00	
	*5½ to 6 in	50.00	
	6 to 7 in 7 to 8 in	60.00 75.00	
	7 to 8 in	77.00	

JAPANESE MAPLES

Each Per 10	JATAN LOL MAI LES	
Acer japonicum aureum (Goldenmoon Maple). Very slow growing dwarf tree having a good golden foliage. 6 to 8 ft. *4 to 4½ ft	Each I	Per 10
A. palmatum dissectum (Threadleaf Maple). Dwarf tree; slow growth, forming flat round head. Foliage is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft. *3 to 3½ ft	Acer japonicum aureum (Goldenmoon Maple).	Very
A. palmatum dissectum (Threadleaf Maple). Dwarf tree; slow growth, forming flat round head. Foliage is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft. *3 to 3½ ft	slow growing dwarf tree having a good s	golden
A. palmatum dissectum (Threadleaf Maple). Dwarf tree; slow growth, forming flat round head. Foliage is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft. *3 to 3½ ft	foliage. 6 to 8 ft.	
A. palmatum dissectum (Threadleaf Maple). Dwarf tree; slow growth, forming flat round head. Foliage is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft. *3 to 3½ ft	*4 to 4½ ft 25.00	
tree; slow growth, forming flat round head. Foliage is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft. *3 to 3½ ft	A	D (
is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft. *3 to 3½ ft	A. palmatum dissectum (I hreadleaf Maple).	Dwart
*3 to 3½ ft. 30.00 — *4 to 5 ft. 30.00 — *4 to 5 ft. 30.00 — *A. palmatum atropurpureum (Bloodleaf Japanese Maple). Rich purple leaves all Summer. Makes splendid lawn specimen. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 12.00 — 2½ to 3 ft. 13.50 — ** To 8 ft. \$15.00 — ** To 8 ft. \$15.00 — ** To 8 ft. \$15.00 — ** AESCULUS hippocastanum (Horsechestnut). Large symmetrical tree. A profusion of white flowers on long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 3 to 3½ in. 10.50 — 3½ to 4 in. 12.00 — 4 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 5 to 5½ in. 20.00 — AILANTHUS glandulosa (Tree of Heaven). Very rapid growing tree. Large leaves. Thrives under adverse city conditions. 50 to 60 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 12.50 ALNUS incana pendula (Weeping Alder). Graceful, drooping tree. Good green foliage. 20 ft. *12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 10.00 — *3 to 3½ in. 10.00 — *3 to 3½ in. 10.00 — *3 to 1½ in. 2.50 24.50 ALNUS incana pendula (Weeping Alder). Graceful, drooping tree. Good green foliage. 20 ft. *12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 10.00 — *3 to 3½ in. 15.00 — *3 to 3½ in. 50.00 — AMYGDALUS persica (Flowering Peach). A profusion of double pink, red or white blossoms before the leaves appear. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 — 4 to 5 ft. 2.50 — 6 to 7 ft. 3.00 — 5 to 6 ft. 3.50 — 6 to 7 ft. 3.00 — 7 to 8 ft. 3.50 — 6 to 7 ft. 3.00 — ARALIA spinosa (Devils-walkingstick). Stout stems covered with thorns. Large foliage gives tropical effect. Clusters of white blossoms in August, followed by dark purple berries. 18 to 20 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 1.75 6.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.00 9.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 14.00 8 to 10 ft. 1.50 17.50	tree; slow growth, forming hat round head. I	oliage
**3 ½ to 4 ft. 35.00 — **4 to 5 ft. 35.00 — A. palmatum atropurpureum (Bloodleaf Japanese Maple). Rich purple leaves all Summer. Makes splendid lawn specimen. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 12.00 — 2½ to 3 ft. 13.50 — **7 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — AESCULUS hippocastanum (Horsechestnut). Large symmetrical tree. A profusion of white flowers on long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 3 to 3½ in. 10.50 — 3 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 4 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 5 to 5½ in. 20.00 — AILANTHUS glandulosa (Tree of Heaven). Very rapid growing tree. Large leaves. Thrives under adverse city conditions. 50 to 60 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 12.50 8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in. 1.75 17.00 10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. 2.50 24.50 ALNUS incana pendula (Weeping Alder). Graceful, drooping tree. Good green foliage. 20 ft. **12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 10.00 — **3 ½ to 4 in. 20.00 — AMYGDALUS persica (Flowering Peach). A profusion of double pink, red or white blossoms before the leaves appear. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 — **3 to 4 ft. 1.50 — ARALIA spinosa (Devils-walkingstick). Stout stems covered with thorns. Large foliage gives tropical effect. Clusters of white blossoms in August, followed by dark purple berries. 18 to 20 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 1.00 9.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.00 9.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 1.50 1.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 1.50 1.50 17.50 1.50 17.50	is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft.	
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ple). Rich purple leaves all Summer. Makes splendid lawn specimen. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 12.00 — 2½ to 3 ft. 13.50 — 3 to 4 ft. 15.00 — 7 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 7 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 8 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 1 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 8 to 10 ft. 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 1 to 9 to 75 ft. 10 to 10 ft. 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 1 to 4½ in. 12.00 — 1 to 4½ in. 12.00 — 1 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 1 to 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 1 to 5½ in. 15.00 — 1 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in. 1.75 17.00 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. 2.50 24.50	*4 to 5 ft, 35.00	
ple). Rich purple leaves all Summer. Makes splendid lawn specimen. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 12.00 — 2½ to 3 ft. 13.50 — 3 to 4 ft. 15.00 — 7 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 7 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 8 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 1 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — 8 to 10 ft. 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 1 to 9 to 75 ft. 10 to 10 ft. 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 1 to 4½ in. 12.00 — 1 to 4½ in. 12.00 — 1 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 1 to 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 1 to 5½ in. 15.00 — 1 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in. 1.75 17.00 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. 2.50 24.50	A nalmatum atronurnureum (Bloodleaf Japanes	e Ma.
2 to 2½ tt. 13.50	nle) Rich purple leaves all Summer	
2 to 2½ tt. 13.50	splendid lawn specimen 6 to 8 ft	MICHAES
*7 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — *87 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00 — AESCULUS hippocastanum (Horsechestnut). Large symmetrical tree. A profusion of white flowers on long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 3 to 3½ in. 10.50 — 4 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 5 to 5½ in. 20.00 — AILANTHUS glandulosa (Tree of Heaven). Very rapid growing tree. Large leaves. Thrives under adverse city conditions. 50 to 60 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 12.50 8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in. 1.75 17.00 10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. 2.50 24.50 ALNUS incana pendula (Weeping Alder). Graceful, drooping tree. Good green foliage. 20 ft. *12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 15.00 — *3 to 3½ to 4 in. 20.00 — AMYGDALUS persica (Flowering Peach). A profusion of double pink, red or white blossoms before the leaves appear. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 — 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 — 4 to 5 ft. 2.50 — 5 to 6 ft. 3.50 — ARALIA spinosa (Devils-walkingstick). Stout stems covered with thorns. Large foliage gives tropical effect. Clusters of white blossoms in August, followed by dark purple berries. 18 to 20 ft. 3 to 4 ft 75 6.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.00 9.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 14.00 8 to 10 ft. 1.50 14.50	2 to 2½ ft 12.00	
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AESCULUS hippocastanum (Horsechestnut). Large symmetrical tree. A profusion of white flowers on long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 3 to 3½ in. 10.50 — 4 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 5 to 5½ in. 20.00 — AILANTHUS glandulosa (Tree of Heaven). Very rapid growing tree. Large leaves. Thrives under adverse city conditions. 50 to 60 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 12.50 4.50		
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symmetrical tree. A profusion of white flowers on long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 9.00 — 3 to 3½ in. 10.50 — 4 to 4½ in. 13.50 — 4½ to 5 in. 15.00 — 5 to 5½ in. 20.00 — AILANTHUS glandulosa (Tree of Heaven). Very rapid growing tree. Large leaves. Thrives under adverse city conditions. 50 to 60 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 12.50 8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in. 1.75 17.00 10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. 2.50 24.50 ALNUS incana pendula (Weeping Alder). Graceful, drooping tree. Good green foliage. 20 ft. *12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 10.00 — *3 to 3½ in. 15.00 — *3½ to 4 in. 20.00 — AMYGDALUS persica (Flowering Peach). A profusion of double pink, red or white blossoms before the leaves appear. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 — 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 — 5 to 6 ft. 2.50 — 6 to 7 ft. 3.00 — 7 to 8 ft. 3.50 — 8 to 9 ft. 5.00 — ARALIA spinosa (Devils-walkingstick). Stout stems covered with thorns. Large foliage gives tropical effect. Clusters of white blossoms in August, followed by dark purple berries. 18 to 20 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 9.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 14.00 8 to 10 ft. 1.50 17.50	AESCULUS hippocastanum (Horsechestnut).	Large
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3 1/2 to 4 in.	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. 10.50	
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*12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 10.00 — *3 to 3½ in. 15.00 — *3½ to 4 in. 20.00 — *3½ to 3 ft. 1.00 — *3 to 4 ft. 1.50 — *4 to 5 ft. 2.00 — *5 to 6 ft. 2.50 — *6 to 7 ft. 3.00 — *7 to 8 ft. 3.50 — *8 to 9 ft. 5.00 — *ARALIA spinosa (Devils-walkingstick). Stout stems covered with thorns. Large foliage gives tropical effect. Clusters of white blossoms in August, followed by dark purple berries. 18 to 20 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 7.75 6.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.50 14.00 8 to 10 ft. 2.00 17.50		a coful
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8 to 10 ft. 2.00 17.50		
10 to 12 ft. 2.50 22.50		
	10 to 12 ft. 2.50	22.50

	Each	Per 10
BETULA alba (European White Birch). tree with thin drooping branches. B	Tall,	graceful
tree with thin drooping branches. B	ark ver	y white.
Does well in poor soil. 30 to 50 ft.	250	
6 to 8 ft	2.50 3.50	32.50
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.	4.50	
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in. 2 to 2½ in.	6.00	
B. alba laciniata (Cutleaf Weeping Birch	ı). Gı	acefully
drooping tree. Suitable for lawn p.	lanting	. 30-40
6 to 8 ft	4.00	
8 to 10 ft.	5.50	
10 to 12 ft.	7.00	
B. lutea (Yellow Birch). Quick growing	2.25	o 50 ft. 21.00
6 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft.	2.50	24.00
10 to 12 ft	3.00	
B. populifolia (Gray Birch). Slender white bark. 30 to 40 ft.	tree;	grayish
white bark. 30 to 40 ft.		
6 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft.	1.75 2.25	16.00 21.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	3.00	27.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	4.00	
CARRING 1 . 1 (F II I	,	D 1
CARPINUS betulus (European Hornboslow growing tree. Smooth, gray be	eam). erk 2	5 to 30
feet.	-	, 10 ,0
6 to 7 ft.	3.00	
7 to 8 ft8 to 10 ft	4.00 6.00	
10 to 12 ft	8.00	
CATALPA bignonioides nana (Umbrella grafted on straight ends, 4-6 ft. hig	Catalp	a). Top
cal, round head makes this a useful t	ree for	formal
planting. 10 to 15 ft.		
4 to 6 ft. stems, 3-yr. head	3.50	32.50
4 to 6 ft. stems, 4-yr. head	4.00	37.50
4 to 6 ft. stems, 4-yr. head 4 to 6 ft. stems, 5-yr. head 4 to 8 ft. stems (specimens) \$6.00 to	2.20	52.50
C. speciosa (Western Catalpa). Tall,	:1	
C. speciosa (Western Catalpa). Tall, tree. Useful for seashore planting.	50-60	
tree. Useful for seashore planting. 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	1.50	
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.	2.00	27.50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3.00 4.50	27.50 42.50
$\frac{2}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ in.	6.00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	7.50	
COPNUS Agrida (White Agreeing Doge	(beer	Small
symmetrical tree with spreading open	top.	Abun-
CORNUS florida (White-flowering Dogw symmetrical tree with spreading open dant white flowers in early Spring.	Redbe	rries in
Fall. 20 to 25 ft.		
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft	1.50 2.50	12.50 22.50
5 to 6 ft.	5.00	45.00
6 to 8 ft., heavy	8.00	
8 to 10 ft., heavy	10.00	
10 to 12 it., neavy	17.00	

CORNUS—Continued

		n
	Each	
C. florida rubra (Red-flowering Dogwood	od). Sim	ilar to
type to Cornus florida. Profuse pi persistent than the white. 15 to 20	nk flower	s more
persistent than the white. 15 to 20	1 ft.	
*2 to 3 ft *3 to 4 ft	4.00 6.00	
*4 to 5 ft.		
CRATÆGUS coccinea (Thicket Hawtho	orn). Sm	all tree
to 15 or 20 ft. with shiny bright gr	een leaves	. Scar-
let fruit.		
6 to 8 ft.		42.50
8 to 10 ft.		
C. oxycantha (English Hawthorn). Sm tree. Sweet-scented, white flowers,	all slow-g	rowing
tree. Sweet-scented, white flowers,	followed	by red
fruit. 12 to 15 ft.	2.00	
4 to 5 ft 5 to 6 ft		
5 to 6 ft		
7 to 8 ft		
8 to 10 ft	6.50	
C avecantha albaniana (Daubia Engl	lich Haw	-h a)
C. oxycantha alboplena (Double Engl Clusters of double white flowers. R	ed fruit	15 fr
5 to 6 ft	3.00	
6 to 8 ft.	5.00	
8 to 10 ft		
10 to 12 ft.	10.00	
C. oxycantha splendens (Pauls Doubl	e Scarlet	Haw-
thorn). Abundant showy scarlet fl.	owers. 12	2 to 15
ft.		
3 to 4 ft	2.25	
4 to 5 ft		
5 to 6 ft.		
6 to 8 ft.		
8 to 10 ft.		
C. oxycantha rosea plena (Double P Double pale pink flowers in profusi	ink Haw	thorn).
Double pale pink flowers in profusi	on. 12 to) 15 ft.
5 to 6 ft6 to 8 ft		
8 to 10 ft		
6 to 10 It	7.00	
FAGUS americana (American Beech).	Large spi	reading
tree. Smooth gray bark is especia	ally attrac	tive in
tree. Smooth gray bark is especial Winter. 80 to 90 ft.	Í	
* 6 to 8 ft	7.50	
* 8 to 10 ft	9.00	
*10 to 12 ft.		
*12 to 14 ft.	15.00	
F. sylvatica (European Beech). A tree	branchir	ng very
close to the ground. Retains leaves ter. 40 to 50 ft. *12 to 14 ft.	nearly a	ll Win-
ter. 40 to 50 ft.		
*12 to 14 ft	40.00	
*14 to 16 ft		
F. sylvatica pendula (Weeping Beech).	A sture	ly, pic.
F. sylvatica pendula (Weeping Beech). turesque tree with drooping branche	s hanging	nearly
to the ground. Lustrous green le	eaves in	masses.
25 to 30 ft.		
*10 to 12 ft	45.00	
*12 to 14 ft.	60.00	
*14 to 16 ft.	75.00	

SWAN RIVER NURSERY, Patche	ogue, N.	Y. 27
FAGUS—Continued		
rAGO3—Continued	Each	Por 10
F. sylvatica purpurea (Purple-leaved		
branching symmetrical tree Bris	the gloss	
dish-purple leaves. 40 to 50 ft.	5111, 51000	,,
* 8 to 10 ft	30.00	
*10 to 12 ft	35.00	
*12 to 14 ft.	40.00	
*14 to 16 ft., specimens	45.00	
*16 to 18 ft., specimens	50.00	
14 to 16 ft., specimens *16 to 18 ft., specimens* *18 to 20 ft., specimens*	60.00	
F. sylvatica riversi (Rivers Beech). Lov	branche	s. com-
pact, symmetrical growth. The att		
bright purple in early Spring, dark	ening to	a deep
rich purple as the season advances.	30 to 4	0 ft.
* 9 to 10 ft. *10 to 12 ft.	30.00	
*10 to 12 ft	35.00	
*12 to 14 ft	40.00	
F. sylvatica rosomarginata (Rose-pink		Svm-
metrical tree. Foliage has unusually	rosy-pin	k varie-
gations 30 to 40 ft		
* 6 to 8 ft.	25.00	
* 8 to 10 ft.	30.00	
* 8 to 10 ft. *10 to 12 ft.	35.00	
FRAXINUS americana (White Ash).	Papid a	rowing
native tree with clean, straight to	runk G	ood in
moist soils. 70 to 80 ft.	unik. O	004 111
6 to 8 ft.	1.50	
8 to 10 ft.	2.00	
10 to 12 ft.	2.50	
12 to 14 ft. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.	7.50	
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	8.50	
21/ 4 .	1000	
$\frac{3}{4}$ to 4 in. $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ in. $\frac{1}{4}$	12.00	
GINKGO biloba (Maidenhair Tree) I	Inright to	ee with
GINKGO biloba (Maidenhair Tree). U attractive open, irregular head. R	esists inse	cts and
unfavorable city conditions 50 to	75 f+	015 4114
* 6 to 8 ft., 1 to 1½ in * 8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½ in *10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in 2 to 2½ in	3.00	27.50
* 8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½ in.	4.00	37.50
*10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in.	6.00	57.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	10.00	90.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	15.00	140.00
2 IO 3 2 In.	20.00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	25.00	
GLEDIISIA triacanthos (Common Ho	neylocust	. Tall.
thorny tree Very fragrant white	Anwers	May
Thrives in gravelly soil. 60 to 70 6 to 8 ft.	ft.	
6 to 8 ft	1.50	14.00
8 to 10 ft. 10 to 12 ft. KOELREUTERIA paniculata (Varnish	2.00	—
10 to 12 ft	2.50	
KOELREUTERIA paniculata (Varnish	Tree).	Small
tree of irregular outline. Produces	a mass of	bright
yellow flowers. June-July. 25 to	60 ft.	
*4 to) ft	1.50	
*5 to 6 ft		
*6 to 8 ft.	3.50	-
LARIX europaea (European Larch).	Kapid g	rowing.
symmetrical tree. Attractive light g to 75 ft.	reen tolia	age. 60
to /> ft. *2 to 3 ft	1.00	
and the second s	1.00	
*	1.50 2.00	
*4 to 5 ft *5 to 6 ft		
) to o It.	2.70	

LARIX—Continued

	LA	.RIX—Continued		
			Each I	Per 10
L.	leptolepsis (Japan	nese Larch). A ve	erv fast gr	owing
	tree. Extremely	nese Larch). A vo	en foliage	
	*5 to 6 ft	, 5 5	2 50	22 50
	6 to 8 ft.		3.50	32.50
LIC	QUIDAMBAR sty	v <mark>raciflua</mark> (Sweet-gu	ım). Tall	l tree
	having corky ba	ark and glossy, sta	ar-shaped 1	leaves.
	Attractive Autu	mn coloring. T	hrives in	moist
	places. 50 to 6	oracifiua (Sweet-gu ark and glossy, sta mn coloring. Tl 0 ft.		
	*7 to 8 ft		5.00	
	*8 to 10 ft., 1	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	8.00	
	*2	to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.	12.00	
	*3	½ to 4 in	20.00	
			\ C.	. ,
LII	RIODENDRON 1	t <mark>ulipifera</mark> (Tulip-t ee. Tulip-like, pal	ree). Sti	aignt,
	June-July. 70 t		e yellow fi	owers.
	*6 to 8 ft		2.00	
	*8 to 10 ft., 1	to 1½ in.	2.50	
	*1	½ to 2 in	3.00 5.00	
	*2	to 2½ in ½ to 3 in	7.50	
	*3	to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	10.00	
	,	10 5/2 111	10.00	
MA	LUS atrosanguine	ea (Carmine Crab) of bright red blosso	Small tree	e hav-
	ing a profusion	of bright red blosso	ms. 12 to	15 ft.
	3 to 4 ft		1.75	15.00
			2.00	18.00
			2.50	22.50
	6 to 8 ft		3.50	
м	coronarius (Wild	Sweet Crab). Fra	grant light	nink
141.	bloom.	Sweet Clab). Tia	grant ngm	. pilik
			1.75	15.00
			2.00	18.00
			2.50	22.50
	6 to 8 ft.		3.50	
	a	FI . 6 1	\ a. 1	
м.	floribunda (Japar	ese Flowering Cral	o). Single,	white
	flowers which are	e pink in Eud, cove l. Blossoms early	er the tree.	Fruit
	15 ft.	i. Diossoms early	Spring.	12 to
			2.00	18.00
			2.50	22.50
			3.00	27.50
			4.00	
М.	ioensis plena (Bec	htel Crab). Fragra	ant, double	pink
	blossoms. Late S	Spring. 12 to 15	ft.	
	2 to 3 ft		1.75	
			2.00	18.00
			2.50	22.50
			3.00	
	0 to 8 ft		4.00	
M	neidzwetzkyana (Red Vein Crab).	Attractive	deep
	pink flowers.	ica veni Grabj.		асер
			2.00	
			2.50	
			3.50	

MALUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
M. scheideckeri (Scheideckeri Crab). Do	uble de	ep pink
flowers. Large yellow fruit. 10 to 3 to 4 ft.	15 ft.	14.00
4 to 5 ft	1.50 2.50	14.00 22.50
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	27.50
6 to 7 ft	4.00	37.50
MORUS alba pendula (Teas Weeping M weeping tree with dense growing b ing to the ground. 6 to 10 ft.	ulberry) ranches	. Small droop-
4 to 6 ft. stems, 2-yr. head	5.00	47.50
4 to 6 ft. stems, 3-yr. head	6.00	
ing to the ground. 6 to 10 ft. 4 to 6 ft. stems, 2-yr. head 4 to 6 ft. stems, 3-yr. head 4 to 6 ft. stems, 4-yr. head 4 to 6 ft. stems, 5-yr. head 4 to 6 ft. stems, 5-yr. head	10.00	
PAULOWNIA tomentosa (Royal Paulov growing tree to 30 ft. Very large *6 to 8 ft.	leaves. 3.00	
PLATANUS orientalis (Oriental Plane)		
i	1	11
Excellent tree for city planting as it insect pests and city conditions. 70 *10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in	withstan	ds both
insect pests and city conditions. 70	to 80 f	t.
*2 to 2 in	6.50	62.50
*2½ to 3 in.	8.00	77.50
*3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	10.00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	12.00	
*2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in *2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in *3 to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in 4 to 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ in 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in	14.00	
POPULUS candicans (Balm-of-Gilead P growing tree; very vigorous and hard are fragrant in the Spring. 50 to 60) ft.	
8 to 10 ft 10 to 12 ft	2.00	12.50 18.00
P. eugenei (Carolina Poplar) Very rapi	1 growin	ng tree.
Thrives in poor, dry soil. 60 to 75 *6 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in.	1.25	10.00
8 to 10 ft., 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	1.50	12.50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	1.75	
12 to 14 ft	2.50	
P. nigra italica (Lombardy Poplar). Ta right tree, branching to the ground. 6 to 8 ft.	ll, narro 60 to 7	ow, up-
6 to 8 ft.	1.00	9.00
8 to 10 ft	1.50	12.50
10 to 12 ft. 12 to 14 ft.	2.00	18.00 22.50
P. simoni (Simon Poplar). Small hardy		
* 6 to 8 ft* 8 to 10 ft	2.00	
* 8 to 10 ft	2.50	
*10 to 12 ft.	3.00	
PRUNUS cerasifera (Myrabalan Plum plum. Blossoms white tinted pink.		wering
3 to 4 ft	4.00	
	4.50	
P. Beni Hagan. Large pink flowering ch	erry.	
3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	4.00	
1 00 / 10,	7.70	

PRUNUS—Continued

				Each	Per 10
P. cerasifera	pissardi (1	Purple-lea	f Plum). Sm	all tree
P. cerasifera with dar flowers.	k purple l 12 to 15 ft	eaves an	d small	, pinkis	h-white
4 to 5 f	t			2.00	
	t			2.50	
	t			3.50	
P. Kanzan. I					
	t			3.50	
	t				
P. Kofugen.					Cherry.
4 to 5 f 5 to 6 f	t			3.50 4.50	_
	Semi-dou			buds.	White
	t			3.50	
	t				
P. sieboldi pe					Graco
ful. ween	oing tree,	complete	lv cove	red wit	h pink
blossoms	in early Sp	ring. 12	to 15 f	ft.	1
*4 to 6	ft. stem, li ft. stem, st ft. stem	ght		5.00	
*4 to 6	ft. stem, st	rong		8.50	
*6 to 8	tt. stem is	\$1	0.00 to	25.00	
_					
Cherry.	J. H. Do			ering Ja	apanese
3 to 4 f		-		4.00	
4 to 5 f	ī			4.50	
PTELIA trife	oliata (Con ree to 20 f		ptree).	Small,	round-
4 to 5 f	i			.75	
5 to 6 f	t			1.25	
QUERCUS co	occinea (Sc	arlet Oak	(). Tal	l tree.	Foliage
	brilliant A			75 to 9	_
*12 to 1	4 ft., 2	to $2\frac{1}{2}$ i	in		
	4 ft., 2 *2½ *3	to 3	in	9.00	
	*3	to $3\frac{1}{2}$ i	in	12.00	
Q. palustris	(Pin Oak)	. Symm	etrical,	pyramic	lal tree
with gra	(Pin Oak) ceful, droo	ping brai	nches.	Foliage	deeply
	e lawn or			to 80 f	t.
*10 to 1	2 ft., 1½	to 2 i	n	7.50	
	*21/2	to $2\frac{1}{2}$ it to 3	in	9.00 12.00	
	*3	to $3\frac{1}{2}$ i	n	15.00	
	*3 1/2	to 4	in	18.00	
	*4	to $4\frac{1}{2}$ i	n	22.00	
		to 5		26.00	
Q. rubra (R	ed Oak).	Compar	atively	rapid g	rowing
two of or	anadina ar	·	I habia	R.:!!:	nt red,
Autumn	coloring.	80 to 90	ft.		
*12 to 1	† ft., 2 *21/	to 2½ i	n	9.00	
	coloring. 4 ft., 2 *2½ *3	to 3½	in	15.00	

_		_							1.00	10.70
8	to	10	ft.,	1	to	$1\frac{1}{2}$	in.		2.25	21.00
10	to	12	ft.,	$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	in.		3.75	
IΑ	am	eric	ana	(An	neri	can	Line	den).	Broad,	round-
top	pec	l tr	ee.	Larg	ge l	leave	s.	Suitabl	e for st	reet or
law	n j	olar	ting	. 60) to	70	ft.			
12	to	14	ft.,	*3	to	3 1/2	in.		10.00	
				*3 1/2	to	4	in.		12.00	
				*4	to	41/2	in.		15.00	. —
				*41/2	to	- 5	in.		20.00	
				*5	to	5 1/2	in.		25.00	;- ——

TIL

TILIA—Continued

TILIA—Continued		
	Each	Per 10
T. cordata (Littleleaf European Linden)		
ing, symmetrical tree. Small thin l	. Stron	ig-grow-
mig, symmetrical tree. Small thin I	eaves. 1	ragrant
greenish blossoms. 50 to 60 ft.	3.00	
* 8 to 10 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. *Specimen, 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. T. euchlora (Crimean Linden). Deep leaves. Good street tree. 50 to 60	3.00	
*10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in	7.00	
*Specimen, 2½ to 3 in	10.00	
*Specimen, 3 to 3½ in	15.00	
*Specimen, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	20.00	
*Specimen. 4 to 4½ in.	25.00	
*Specimen $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in	30.00	
T. euchlora (Crimean Linden). Deep	70.00	orlosser.
1. euchiora (Crimean Emden). Deep	green,	grossy
reaves. Good street tree. 70 to 60	15.00	
Specimen, 3 to 3½ in.	15.00	
*Specimen, 3 to 3½ in *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in	18.00	
T. heterophylla (Beetree Linden). A hawith leaves dark, shiny green about the seneath. 50 to 60 ft.	ındsome	Linden
with leaves dark, shiny green abo	ove and	silvery
beneath, 50 to 60 ft.		
*10 to 12 ft. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.	10.00	
*Specimen 3 to 3½ in	15.00	
*Specimen, 3 to 3/2 iii	20.00	
Specimen, 372 to 4 In	25.00	
"Specimen, 4 to 4½ in	25.00	
*Specimen, 4½ to 5 in	30.00	
T. tomentosa (Silver Linden). Broad,	pyramic	lal tree.
Leaves silvery gray underneath. 60	to 70 f	ft.
*Specimen. 3 to 3½ in	15.00	
*Specimen. 3½ to 4 in	20.00	
*4 to 4½ in	25.00	
*41/2 to 5 in	30.00	
beneath. 50 to 60 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. T. tomentosa (Silver Linden). Broad, Leaves silvery gray underneath. 60 *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3 to 4 in. *4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. *4½ to 5 in. *5 to 5½ in. T. platyphyllos (Bigleaf European Linden)	35.00	
7) to 1/2 in	33.00	
T. platyphyllos (Bigleaf European Linde	en.) Lar	ge, vig-
orous growing tree. Light green fo	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in.	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in *4½ to 5 in	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. *4\frac{1}{2} to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragilyne. 60 to 70 ft.	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. *4\frac{1}{2} to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fraging June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft.	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragingure. 60 to 70 ft. *6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. *4 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in.	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragging. *4 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in.	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in *4½ to 5 in T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fraging June. 60 to 70 ft. *6 to 8 ft *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in *4½ to 5 in T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½½ to 3 in *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in	liage. 6	0 to 70
orous growing tree. Light green fo ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragging. June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen. 5 to 5½ in.	liage. 6	0 to 70
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in.	20.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	growing.
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in.	20.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	growing.
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in.	20.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	growing.
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	growing.
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	trowing. wers in metrical 80 to
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	growing. wers in metrical 80 to
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	growing. wers in metrical 80 to
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	trowing. trowing. wers in and
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragi June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00 40.00	trowing. trowing. wers in and
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). The specimen of the specimen	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flow 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Call symmeter tree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 7.00 8.50	trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). The specimen of the specimen	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flow 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Call symmeter tree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 7.00 8.50	trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To the specimen of the speci	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flow 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Call symmeter tree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 7.00 8.50	trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4 to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To 100 ft. * 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *3 to 3½ in. U. Campestris (English Elm). Round branched tree.	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 40.00 35.00 40.00 35.00 40.00 5.50 7.00 8.50 topped,	trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4 to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To 100 ft. * 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *3 to 3½ in. U. Campestris (English Elm). Round branched tree.	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flo 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 40.00 35.00 40.00 35.00 40.00 5.50 7.00 8.50 topped,	trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Frage June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str. 100 ft. * 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. *1½ to 2 in. *2½ to 2½ in. *2½ to 2½ in. *2½ to 3 in. *3 to 3½ in. U. Campestris (English Elm). Round branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft.	20.00 25.00 25.00 corous grant flow 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Call symmettree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 7.00 8.50 topped,	trowing. trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str. 100 ft. * 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. *1½ to 2 in. *2 to 2½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *2½ to 3 in. *3 to 3½ in. *3 to 3½ in. U. Campestris (English Elm). Round branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft. *8 to 10 ft. *1. **Campactical Elm (American Elm). Round branched tree. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to 3 in. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to 5½ to 3 in. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to	20.00 25.00 25.00 crorus grant flor 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Tall symmettree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 7.00 8.50 topped, 3.50 4.00 grower of	trowing. trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str. 100 ft. * 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. *1½ to 2 in. *2 to 2½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *2½ to 3 in. *3 to 3½ in. *3 to 3½ in. U. Campestris (English Elm). Round branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft. *8 to 10 ft. *1. **Campactical Elm (American Elm). Round branched tree. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to 3 in. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to 5½ to 3 in. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to	20.00 25.00 crous grant flow 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Call symmeter tree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 topped, 3.50 4.00 grower of	growing. growing. wers in metrical 80 to 25.00 densely densely for good
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 4 to 4½ in. *Specimen, 4 to 5 in. *Specimen, 4 to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To 100 ft. * 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *2½ to 3 in. *2½ to 3 in. *3 to 3½ in. U. Campestris (English Elm). Round branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft. U. pumila (Moline Elm). A vigorous habit. Forms dense symmetrical for the street of the stre	20.00 25.00 crous grant flow 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Call symmeter tree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 topped, 3.50 4.00 grower of	trowing. trowing. wers in
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4½ in. *4½ to 5 in. T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vig Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragil June. 60 to 70 ft. * 6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., ½ to 3 in. *Specimen, 3 to 3½ in. *Specimen, 3½ to 4 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 4½ to 5 in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *Specimen, 5 to 5½ in. *ULMUS americana (American Elm). To tree, gracefully drooping. Good str. 100 ft. * 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. *1½ to 2 in. *2 to 2½ in. *2 to 2½ in. *2½ to 3 in. *3 to 3½ in. *3 to 3½ in. U. Campestris (English Elm). Round branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft. *8 to 10 ft. *1. **Campactical Elm (American Elm). Round branched tree. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to 3 in. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to 5½ to 3 in. **Specimen, 5 to 5½ to	20.00 25.00 crous grant flow 4.50 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 40.00 Call symmeter tree. 2.75 4.00 5.50 topped, 3.50 4.00 grower of	growing. growing. wers in metrical 80 to 25.00 densely densely for good

Deciduous Shrubs

Hardy, flowering shrubs develop more quickly than any class of trees, and are, therefore, indispensable for filling a new lawn where it is desirable to get something to make a show as quickly as possible.

It is our aim to produce everything in flowering shrubbery that is useful, hardy, and worthy of cultivation.

bery that is useful, hardy, and worthy of cultivation	
Each Pe	
ABELIA grandiflora (Glossy Abelia). Dwarf sh	rub.
Glossy green foliage; abundant pink flowers w	hich
bloom continuously from July to frost. 3 to 4	4 ft.
12 to 18 in \$0.75 \$	7.00
18 to 24 in 1.50	9.00
ACANTHOPANAX pentaphyllum (Bush Ara Quick growing shrub, graceful arching branc	lia). :hes;
dark green foliage. 7 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft	4.50
	6.00
	8.00
5 to 6 ft 1.25 -	
AMELANCHIER canadensis (Downy Shadblow). W flowers in early Spring before leaves appear. 1 15 ft.	hite 2 to
2 to 3 ft	
AMYGDALUS communis (Flowering Almond). I	200
AMITGDALUS communis (Flowering Almond). I	Jou-
ble-flowering blooms before leaves; red, pink	and
white. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft 1.50	
ARONIA arbutifolia (Red Chokeberry). Border sh	rub,
attractive for its bright red berries. 6 to 8 ft.	,
3 to 4 ft 1.00	8.00
3 to 4 ft 1.00 4 to 5 ft 1.25 1	0.00
5 to 6 ft 1.50 -	
A. melanocarpa (Black Chokeberry). White flower May; black berries. 8 to 10 ft.	s in
	6.50
3 to 4 ft	7.00
AZALEA kaempferi (Torch Azalea). Orange-rec pink flowers, in May. 4 to 5 ft. *18 to 24 in	d to
*18 to 24 in 3.50 3	2.50
* 2 to 2½ ft 4.50 4	2.00
and the second s	7.00
A. mollis (Chinese Azalea). Large, orange and flowers. May-June. 4 to 5 ft.	red
	7.00
	2.50
	2.50
A. pontica. (Pontica Azalea). Flowers vary from w to red. 6 to 8 ft.	hite
*12 to 15 in 2.50 2	2.50
*15 to 18 in. 3.25 3 *18 to 24 in. 5.00 4	0.00
*18 to 24 in 5.00 4	7.50
* 2 to 2½ ft 7.50 7	2.50

AZALEA—Continued

T 1 T	
A. poukhanensis (Korean Azalea). Unique, p	er 10 urple-
A. poukhanensis (Korean Azalea). Unique, p lilac flowers. Low, compact bush. 3 to 4 f	urpie-
12 to 15 in 3.00	27.50
12 to 15 in. 3.00 15 to 18 in. 4.00	35.00
18 to 24 in 5.00	45.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 6.00	
A. yodbgawa (Yodogawa Azalea). Double ros flowers, spotted with purple. Profuse blo	v-lilac
flowers, spotted with purple. Profuse blo	omer.
3 to 4 ft.	
*12 to 15 in 2.50	22.50
*15 to 18 in. 3.50	32.50
*18 to 24 in	42.50
* 2 to 2½ ft 5.50	
NATIVE AZALEAS	
A. arborescens (Sweet Azalea). Fragrant white f	lowers
in June. Autumn foliage, bright red. 12 to	14 ft.
12 to 18 in. 2.00	18.00
in June. Autumn foliage, bright red. 12 to 12 to 18 in. 2.00 18 to 24 in. 2.50	22.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3.50	
A. calendulacea (Flame Azalea). A mass of orange-red blossoms in June. 8 to 10 ft.	bright
orange-red blossoms in June. 8 to 10 ft.	
18 to 24 in 3.00	27.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3.50	33.00
2½ to 3 ft. 4.50 3 to 4 ft. 6.00	42.00
3 to 4 ft. 6.00	57.50
A. canescens (Piedmont Azalea). Fragrant, light	pink
flowers. June. 4 to 5 ft.	27.50
18 to 24 in. 3.00	27.50
2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 2½ to 3 ft. 4.00	32.50
	1
A. nudiflora (Pinxterbloom). Sweet-scented,	deep
pink flowers. June. 6 to 8 ft. 12 to 18 in 2.50	22.50
10 - 24 : 200	27.00
2 to 2½ ft	33.00
18 to 24 in. 5.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 2½ to 3 ft. 4.00	
3 to 4 ft. 5.00	
A. viscosa (Swamp Azalea). Fragant white	lowers
in July. Likes moist situation. 4 to 5 ft.	
12 to 18 in. 2.25 18 to 24 in. 2.75	21.00
18 to 24 in. 2.75	22.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3.50	30.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 4.25	
BACCHARIS halimifolia (Groundselbush). God	nd for
mass planting near seashore. Fluffy seeds po	ds are
conspicuous in Fall. 9 to 10 ft.	
4 to 5 ft 1.00	
5 to 6 ft 1.25	
BERBERIS thunbergi (Japanese Barberry).	Low
hedge plant or for masses; scarlet berries and	d bril-
liant Autumn coloring. 4 to 5 ft.	
12 to 15 in Per 100 12.00 .20	1.80
15 to 18 in Per 100	2.00
18 to 24 in. Per 100 22.50 .30	2.40
24 to 30 in. Per 100 30.00 .45	3.75
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 45.00 .75	6.00

BERBERIS—Continued

Each	Per	10

B. thunbergi atropurpurea (Purpleleaf Japanese Bar-
harry) Similar in habit to the thunbergi Purple
foliage all Summer. 4 to 5 ft.
foliage all Summer. 4 to 5 ft. 12 to 15 in. 1.00 9.00 15 to 18 in. 1.25 12.00 18 to 24 in. 1.50 13.50
15 to 18 in. 1.25 12.00 18 to 24 in. 1.50 13.50
18 to 24 in 1.90 13.90
B. thunbergi minor (Box Barberry). Compact, dwarf Japanese Barberry. Excellent for formal dwarf hedge. 2 to 3 ft. 10 to 12 in Per 100
10 to 12 in Per 100 45.00 .50 4.75
12 to 15 in Per 100 55.00 .65 6.00
1) to 18 in Per 100 6).00 .80 /.30
B. vulgaris (European Barberry). Vigorous, upright shrub. Small yellow flowers in May. Dull red fruit in clusters. 7 to 8 ft
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
B. vulgaris atropurpurea (Purple Barberry). Similar in habit to Vulgaris. Purple foliage. 7 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft
in habit to Vulgaris. Purple foliage. / to 8 ft.
3 to 4 ft 75
4 to 5 ft 1.00
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
BUDDLEIA davidi veitchiana (Veitch Butterflybush). Gray-green foliage and long spikes of deep lilac
flowers. June to September. 7 to 8 ft.
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
CAI.YCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft.
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft.
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. .75 7.00 2½ to 3 ft. 1.00 9.00 3 to 4 ft. 1.25 11.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.50 14.00
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
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shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft

CORNUS—Continued

	Each	
C. alba spaethi (Yellow-leaved Dogwood green foliage. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft.). Yello	
2 to 3 ft.	.60	
C. alternifolia (Pogoda dogwood). Branc tal tiers. Blue-black fruit. 2 to 3 ft.	hes in h	orizon-
2 to 3 ft	.65 .75	7.00
C conquines (Blandwin Donnerd) I	T: _L .	1
C. sanguinea (Bloodtwig Dogwood). Used branches. Blue-black berries. 2 to 3 ft.	12 to 15	ft.
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.00 6.50
CRATAEGUS, Hawthorn. (See Decidu		es).
CORYLUS (See Nut Trees).		
CYDONIA japonica (Flowering Quin	ice). N	Medium .
growing shrub, useful in masses or h		
of scarlet flowers in May. 4 to 5 ft.		
1½ to 2 ft.	.75	6.50
2 to 3 ft.	.90	8.00
3 to 4 ft	1.25	
DEUTZIA gracilis (Slender Deutzia).	Dwarf.	Pure
white flowers cover the plant. May	. 3 ft.	
12 to 15 in.	.60	
15 to 18 in	.75	6.00
D. lemoinei (Lemoine Deutzia). Large in June. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	, white	
2 to 3 ft	.75 .90	6.00 8.00
D. scabra candidissima (Snowflake Det ful, vigorous growing shrub. Doubl	ıtzia).	Grace-
in June. 9 to 10 ft.	e willte	nowers
in June. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	.45	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.55	4.50
4 to 5 ft 5 to 6 ft	.75 1.25	6.50 11.00
D. scabra crenata fl. pl. (Double Pink Double soms white tinted with pink. June.	eutzia).	Blos-
2 to 3 ft	.50	
3 to 4 ft.	.60 .75	5.50
4 to 5 ft	.75	6.50
5 to 6 ft		11.00
D. scabra, Pride of Rochester (Pride Tall, vigorous grower. White flower June. 9 to 10 ft.	of Rock	nester). I pink.
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	
ELAEAGNUS angustifolia (Russian-ol	ive).	Silvery
green leaves; yellow blossoms and		
20 ft.		
3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft	.75	6.50
5 to 6 ft	1.00	

Each Per 10

Each P	er 10
ENKIANTHUS campanulata (Redvein Enkiant	hus).
Charming ornamental shrub. Abundant	
orange flowers in early spring.	
	12.00
18 to 24 in 2.00	18.00
2 to 2½ ft 3.00	27.00
EUONYMUS alatus (Winged Euonymus). Intere	
corky bark. Attractive crimson Autumn cold	
Makes fine specimen. 9 to 10 ft.	Julig.
2 to 3 ft 1.25	10.00
3 to 4 ft 2.00	18.00
4 to 5 ft 3.25	
E. americanus (Brook Euonymus). Erect shrub. and yellow fruit. 7 to 8 ft.	Pink
and yellow fruit. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft	9.00
4 to) ft 1.50	
5 to 6 ft 2.00	
E. europaeus (European Burningbush). Tall, shrub. Bright scarlet fruit. 12 to 15 ft.	erect
5 to 6 ft 2.00	
6 to 8 ft. 3.00 8 to 10 ft. 4.00	
10 to 12 ft 5.00	
E. Yedoensis (Yeddo Euonymus). Large shrub, ing masses of showy pink and orange fruit.	bear-
2 to 3 ft	9.00
EXOCHORDA grandiflora (Pearbush). Symme	trical
growth. Attractive white flowers. May.	8 to
10 ft.	
2 to 3 ft75	7.00
3 to 4 ft 1.00	9.00
FORSYTHIA intermedia (Border Forsythia). E	Bright
yellow flowers in early Spring before leaves ur	
6 to 8 ft.	
2 to 3 ft60	4.50
3 to 4 ft	6.00
4 to 5 ft	7.50
5 to 6 ft 1.00	8.00
F. suspensa (Weeping Forsythia). Graceful, droot	ping
over retaining wall. 4 to 5 ft.	nang-
branches. Attractive for planting banks or lover retaining wall. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft	
F. s. fortunei (Fortune's Forsythia). Arching bran Bright yellow flowers early in Spring. 7 to	ches.
Bright yellow flowers early in Spring. 7 to	8 ft.
2 to 3 ft	
F. viridissima (Greenstem Forsythia). Strong- ing, upright habit, thick, dark green leaves; ers later than other varieties. 7to 8 ft.	grow-
ers later than other varieties 7to 8 fr	now-
2 to 3 ft	4.50
3 to 4 ft	6.00
4 to 5 ft	7.00

Each	Per 10
HAMAMELIS virginiana (Witch-hazel) Tal	Lehruh
Yellow flowers in November. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft. .75 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.50	i siiiub.
2 to 3 ft	6.50
3 to 4 ft. 1.00	8.00
HIBISCUS syriacus (Shrub-althea). Tall, wel shrub, suitable for masses, hedges or	l-known
shrub, suitable for masses, hedges or	formal
shearing. Blooms in late Summer. 10 to	o 12 ft.
H. s. amplissima. Double rosy-red.	
2 to 3 ft	5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.50
H. s. Boule de Feu. Double red.	5.00
2 to 3 ft	
H. s. Jeanne d'Arc. Double White	
H. s. Jeanne d'Arc. Double White. 18 to 24 in	4.00
2 to 3 ft60	5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.50
H. s. Lady Stanley. White shaded red. 2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	5.00
H. s. meehani. Variegated foliage.	
18 to 24 in	6.50
2 to 3 ft. 1.00	9.00
H. s. paeoniaeflora. White with cherry center.	
18 to 24 in	4.00
2 to 3 ft	5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.50
HIBISCUS s. rosea plena. Double red.	
2 to 3 ft60	
3 to 4 ft	
H. s. rubra plena. Double red.	
H. s. rubra plena. Double red. 18 to 24 in	4.00
2 to 3 ft	
H. s. totus albus. Single white. 2 to 3 ft	5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.50
4 to 5 ft 1.00	9.00
Hibiscus (Tree form Althaea). In variety. Ve	
	, ,
3 to 5 ft. stems 5.00	
HYDRANGEA arbarascans (Smooth Hud	rangaa)
HYDRANGEA arborescens (Smooth Hyd. Large, pure white flowers. June-July. border or mass planting. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft	Use in
border or mass planting. 4 to 5 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.50
H. opuloides otaksa (Otaksa Hydrangea). A hardy Hydrangea; blossoms pink to blue	halt-
hardy Hydrangea; blossoms pink to blue 4 ft.	. > 10
18 to 24 in 3.00	
H. paniculata grandiflora (Peegee). Large.	showy
blooms in August. 8 to 9 ft.	,
H. paniculata grandiflora (Peegee). Large blooms in August. 8 to 9 ft. 2 to 3 ft	5.50
3 to 4 tt	6.50
H. paniculata grandiflora Tree form. 3 to 4 ft	14.00
3 to 4 ft 1.50	14.00

Each Per 10
ILEX serrata (Finetooth Holly). Symmetrical, slow
growing shrub. Small, bright red berries cover
each twig, remaining until Midwinter. 5 to 6 ft.
2 to 3 ft 3.50 32.50
3 to 4 ft. 4.50 42.50
3 to 4 ft. 4.50 42.50 4 to 5 ft. 6.00 57.50
I. verticillata (Winterberry). Bright red berries per- sisting to Midwinter. Prefers moist soil. 6 to 8 ft
12 to 18 in50 4.00
12 to 18 in
2 to 2½ in
KERRIA japonica (Japanese Kerria). Graceful green branches. Golden yellow blossoms from July to September. 4 to 5 ft. 18 to 24 in
18 to 24 in
LABURNUM vulgare (Goldenchain). A small tree. Golden yellow flowers. June. 20 to 25 ft.
2 to 3 ft
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft 1.50
LESPEDEZA bicolor (Shrub Bushclover). Slender, graceful shrub. Clover-like foliage. Rose and white flowers in August. 6 to 8 ft.
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
5 to 6 ft 1.50 12.50
LIGUSTRUM ibota (Ibota Privet). A compact shrub having good foliage. Abundant black berries in
Fall. 9 to 10 ft.
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
L. ibota regelianum (Regel Privet). Compact, symmetrical, drooping habit. Black berries in Fall. 5 to 6 ft.
2 to 3 ft
L. ovalifolium (California Privet). Stiff, upright shrub; universally used for hedges. 10 to 15 ft. Globe form (sheared).
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1.50 14.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2.00 19.00
2 +0 21/2 ++ 250 2250
3 to 3½ ft. 3.00 27.50 3½ to 4 ft. 5.00 45.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 5.00 45.00
L. ovalifolium (Pyramidal Privet). 6 ft. x 3 ½ ft

LIGUSTRUM—Continued

	Fach	Per 10
I avalifation amount (Caldan Britant)		
L. ovalifolium aureum (Golden Privet). growing type . Leaves brilliantly yellow. 8 to 9 ft.	color	ed with
yellow. 8 to 9 ft.		
12 to 18 in.	.65	6.00
12 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft.	1.00	7.50
Each P		
L. ovalifolium nana (Lodense Privet). I	Dense,	compact
L. ovalifolium nana (Lodense Privet). I and dwarf. Excellent compact hedge	ge for	gardens.
2 to 3 ft. 12 to 18 in	5.00	40.00
18 to 24 in	7.00	60.00
18 to 24 in. specimens 2 to 2½ ft. specimens 2½ to 3 ft. specimens LONICERA fragrantissima (Winter Slightly drooping habit. Fragant in May. 6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. L. morrowi (Morrow Honeysuckle)	Fach	Don 10
18 to 24 in. specimens	1.50	14.00
2 to 2½ ft. specimens	2.00	18.00
2½ to 3 ft. specimens	2.50	22.50
LONICERA fragrantissima (Winter	Hone	ysuckle).
in May. 6 to 8 ft.	willte	Howers
3 to 4 ft	.75	
4 to 5 ft	1.00	
L. morrowi (Morrow Honeysuckle). W	vide s	preading
berries. 7 to 8 ft.	. DI	ight reu
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
branches; flowers white. May-June berries. 7 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	.90	8.00
I ruprechtiana (Manchurian Honeysuckle) white flowers. Orange-red fruit. 8 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. L. tatarica (Tatarian Honeysuckle).	e). T	all bush,
white flowers. Orange-red fruit. 8	to 9 ft	
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.50
L. tatarica (Tatarian Honevsuckle).	Svm	metrical
shrub. Abundant pink nowers and i	ed fru	it. 9 to
10 ft.	50	4.00
2 to 3 ft3 to 4 ft	.60	5.50
L. tatarica alba (White Tatarian Honeys) to preceding, with white flowers. 9 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. LYCIUM barbarum (Matrimony-vine) shrub suitable for banks or retainin ple flowers in June. Red fruit. 10 3 to 4 ft.	uckle).	Similar
to preceding, with white flowers. 9	to 10	ft.
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.00	
LYCIUM barbarum (Matrimony-vine)	. S ₁	oreading
shrub suitable for banks or retainin	g wall	s. Pur-
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.50
MYRICA carolinansis (Northern Baybe	rrv)	Good
MYRICA carolinensis (Northern Baybe rich green foliage. Gray berries in the stem. Does well in poor or sand 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft.	cluste:	rs along
the stem. Does well in poor or sand	y soils.	
18 to 24 in	.75	8.00
2 to 2/2 it.	.50	G1
M. cerifera (Bayberry). Useful in sand foliage plant.		
foliage plant. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1.00	9.00
2½ to 3 ft	1.50	14.00

	г 1	D 10
		Per 10
PHILADEI PHUS coronarius (Sweet Erect shrub. Fragrant white flo	Mocke	range).
9 to 10 ft.	owers in	June.
2 to 3 ft.	.50	3.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	4.50
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft6 to 7 ft		7.50 10.00
P. coronarius foliis aureis (Golden Mocl		
rypa Golden leaves 4 to 5 fr	(corange	. Dwarf
type. Golden leaves. 4 to 5 ft. 12 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in.	.75	6.00
18 to 24 in.	1.00	9.00
2 to 2½ ft.	1.25	
P. falconeri (Star Mockorange). Shru	ıb with	slender,
arching branches. Fragrant white	flowers i	n June.
7 to 8 ft.	50	
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	.50	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.60 .75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.		7.50
P. gordonianus (Gordon Mockorange).	Free h	ooming
shrub; white flowers in July. 10 t 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	o 12 ft.	ooming
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.		7.50
6 to 7 ft		
P. grandiflorus (Big Scentless Mockoran	ige). Ta	all, very
large white flowers in June. 8 to 1	0 ft.	6.00
4 to 5 ft5 to 6 ft	90	7.50
D	11	
P. nepalensis (Nepal Mockorange). Er	ect snrui	o; white
flowers in June. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	.60	4.50
4 to 5 ft.	.75	
5 to 6 ft	.90	7.50
HYBRID MOCKORANG	E	
III BRID MOCKORANG	L	
PHILADELPHUS Avalanche (Avalanch	ne Mocko	range).
Tall, graceful shrub. White blo	ssoms in	ı June.
8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	.75	(= 0
3 to 4 ft.	.90	6.50 8.00
P. lemoinei (Lemoine Mockorage). Con spreading branches. Slightly fragre in abundance. June. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	ipact pla	fowers
in abundance. June. 5 to 6 ft.	int winte	nowers
2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft	.90	8.00
P. lemoinei erectus (Juno Mockorange).	More o	compact
than Lemoinei, but simillar otherw	ise. Jui	ne 8 to
10 ft		
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft.	.90	7.50
P. Mont Blanc (Dwarf Mockorange). white blossoms in profusion. June 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	Very f	ragrant
white blossoms in profusion. June	. 3 ft.	6.00
3 to 4 fr.	90	7.50
7 to 7 ft.	.,,	,.,,

Each I	Per 10
PHYSOCARPUS opulifolius (Common Nine Erect, vigorous shrub. White flowers in	bark).
9 to 10 ft.	July.
3 to 4 ft50	4.50
4 to 5 ft	5.00
5 to 6 ft	6.00
P. opulifolius aureus (Goldleaf Ninebark). flowers; showy yellow foliage. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft	White
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
PRUNUS. (Also see Trees.)	
P. maritima (Beach Plum). Small white flowers. Purple fruit. Good for sandy soil or se planting. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 1.25 2½ to 3 ft. 1.50	April.
planting. 8 to 10 ft.	asnore
2 to 2½ ft 1.25	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
P. pissardi. (See Deciduous Trees.)	
P. triloba plena (Double-flowering Plum). A pro	fusion
of double pink flowers in early Spring before	leaves.
7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 1.25	
4 to 5 ft 1.50	14.00
5 to 6 ft 2.00	19.00
RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good	border
shrub. Single white flowers in June. S	hining
black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	6.50
3 to 4 ft	10.00
RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irr spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 3 to 4 ft	1
spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in	Iune.
Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to	5 ft.
3 to 4 ft	8.00
5 to 6 ft 1.50	12.50
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery pr	urplish
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery profile flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 12 ft.	
18 to 24 in 1.50	14.00
18 to 24 in. 1.50 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 3 to 4 ft. 2.00	16.50
D alaba (Sarash Saras) Coince fruit in a	I
R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in c Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft	iusters.
3 to 4 ft	6.50
4 to 5 ft,	11.50
	16.50
8 to 10 ft. 2.25	21.00
ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong g	rowing
shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develo-	ps into
a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft. 1.25 6 to 8 ft. 1.75	
0 (0 0 1).	

Each Per 10

		Per 10
SAMBUCUS canadensis acutiloba (Cu	tleaf An	nerican
Elder). Finely cut leaves. White in July. Black fruit. 8 to 9 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	fragrant	flowers
in July Black fruit 8 to 9 ft	ragram	110 11 010
2 to 2 ft	50	
2 to 5 ft.	.70	
3 to 4 ft	.00	
4 to 5 ft	.75	
5 to 6 ft	.90	
C	/L13	Bright
5. canadensis aurea (Golden American	Elder).	Dright
golden foliage. 10 to 12 ft.	50	4 00
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
S. canadensis aurea (Golden American golden foliage. 10 to 12 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.50
T 10 / 11.	.//	7.00
5 to 6 ft.	.90	
SPIRAEA arguta (Garland Spirea). S	Small, fe	athery,
light green leaves Arching branch	es covere	d with
fine white flowers in May, 5 to 6 ft		
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.50
fine white flowers in May. 5 to 6 ft 2 to 3 ft	.90	8.00
J 10 4 11.	.90	0.00
S. billardi (Billard Spirea). Spikes of fl	uffy, rose	-color-
S. billardi (Billard Spirea). Spikes of fled flowers all Summer. 3 to 4 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.	.50	
4 to 5 ft.	.60	
S. bumalda, Anthony Waterer (Waterer	C · \	D
S. bumaida, Anthony Waterer (Waterer	Spirea).	Deep
1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	.50	4.50
2 to 2½ ft.	.60	5.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	.75	6.50
S. fortunei (Fortune Spirea), Pink-flow		
5. fortune (Fortune Spirea), Pink-now	ering, vi	gorous
shrub. 3 ft. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.		
1½ to 2 ft.	.50	
2 to 2½ ft	.60	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	.75	
S. japonica ovalifolia (White Japanese S dant white flowers in June-July. 3 f 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.	inirea)	Abun-
Jana alia danna in Tana Tala 2 d	pirea).	2 LDull-
dant winte nowers in June-July. 3 i	. 50	4.00
1 ½ to 2 ft	.50	4.00
2 to 2½ ft.	.60	5.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	.75	7.00
S. nipponica rotundifolia (Big Nippon green round leaves; white flowers	Spirea)	Dark
green round leaves: white flowers	n Tuna	8 to
9 ft.	iii juiie.	0 10
2 to 3 ft.	50	4.50
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.50
4 to 5 ft	.75	6.50
S prunifolia plana (Double Bridgler	vreath).	Dark
green foliage. Flowers white. May. 2 to 3 ft.	7 to 8	Cark
2 - 2 f.	/ 10 6 1	5 00
2 to 5 ft.	.00	5.00
) to 4 it	./)	0.20
4 to 5 ft	.90	8.00
S. reevesiana (Reeves Spirea). Graceful Pure white, double flowers. May-Jur 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	archino	shrub.
Pure white, double flowers May Jur	e. 7 to	8 ft.
2 to 3 ft	50	4.50
2 to 1 ft	.70	5.50
) to 4 It	.60	2.50
4 to) it	.75	
S. thunbergi (Thunberg Spires) Small	faathars	light
green leaves. Arching branches clowhite flowers. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	thed wir	pure
white flowers. 4 to 5 ft		F
2 to 3 ft	75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.	.90	8.00
	1.50	
4 to 5 ft	1.50	

SPIRAEA—Continued

DI III IB. I Gommada	- 4	
		Per 10
S. tomentosa (Hardhack). Rose-pink September. Good in low ground. 2 to 3 ft.	flowers.	July-
September. Good in low ground.	3 to 4 f	t.
2 to 3 ft.	.40	3.00
3 to 4 ft		4.00 5.50
S. vanhouttei (Vanhoutte Spirea). Grahabit. Profusion of white flowers. I	aceful, d May-Jun	rooping e. 8 to
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft	.90	8.00
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa (Cutleaf	Stanhar	andra)
Compact, graceful, drooping bran foliage. 5 to 6 ft.	ches. I	Excellent
foliage. 5 to 6 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	75	6.50
3 to 4 ft	1.00	9.50
STYRAX japonica (Japanese Snowbell	I). Sym	metrical
STYRAX japonica (Japanese Snowbell habit. White, bell-shaped flowers	. July.	12 to
15 ft.		
3 to 4 ft		6.50 8.50
4 to 5 ft 5 to 6 ft	1,25	
SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus (Comm Good foliage. Abundant white be	non Sno erries. C	wberry). Good for
moist, half shady places. 5 to 6 ft 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	:. 60	5.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60 .75	6.00
S. vulgaris (Coralberry). Compact granies persisting through the Winter.		
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.		
SYRINGA chinensis (Chinese Lilac).	A grassf	ul chaub
bearing abundant purple flowers	in May	. 8 to
2 to 3 ft.		8.00
3 to 4 ft		
4 to 5 ft		
S. josikaea (Hungarian Lilac). Tall growth. Deep green foliage. P	open l urple flo	habit of owers in
June. 3 to 4 ft		11.50
4 to 5 ft.		
S. persica (Persian Lilac). Free bloomi		· laven.
der flowers. June. 9 to 10 ft.	ing sinut	, laveir
der flowers. June. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	.75	
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft.		11.50
5 to 6 ft		
S. villosa (Late Lilac). Vigorous g light purple flowers. June. 7 to 2 to 3 ft.	rowth, 1	ragrant,
2 to 3 ft.	90	8.00
3 to 4 ft.	_ 1.2)	11.00
4 to 5 ft		14.00
5 to 6 ft	2.00	

SYRINGA—Continued

	Each	Per 10
S. vulgaris (Common Lilac). The w	ell-know	n, old-
fashioned Lilac. May. 15 to 18 ft.	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft	1.50	
5 to 6 ft	2.50	
S. vulgaris alba (Common White Lilac).	White	variety
of preceding. May. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.25	11.50
4 to 5 ft.	1.50	
HYBRID LILACS		
S. Charles the Tenth. Single, reddish,pu	rple.	
2 to 3 ft	1.25	11.50
3 to 4 ft	1.50	14.00
S. Claude Bernard. Semi-double, bright		
2 to 3 ft.	1.75	16.00
3 to 4 ft.	2.50	22.50
4 to 5 ft.	3.50	
S. Emondi 2 to 3 ft	.80	7.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.25	11.50
S. Hugo Koster. Single lilac, reddish tin	ge.	
18 to 24 in.	1.50	12.50
2 to 3 ft	1.75	16.00
S. Ludwig Spaeth. Single, dark purple.	1 50	1 4 00
2 to 3 ft	1.50 1.75	14.00
3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	2.50	
S. Marechal Lannei. Semi-double, bluis	h-violet	
2 to 3 ft.	3.25	
3 to 4 ft	4.50	
S. Marie Legraye. Single white. 2 to 3 ft.	1.50	14.00
3 to 4 ft.	2.00	
S. Miss Ellen Wilmott. Double snow-whi	ite.	
2 to 3 ft.	3.25	30.00
3 to 4 ft	4.50	
S. Mme. Lemoine. Double white.	1 25	11.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.25 1.75	11.50
S. Montaigne. Double pinkish-mauve.		
2 to 3 ft	3.25	30.00
3 to 4 ft.	4.50	
4 to 5 ft Double nale laven	5.50	
S. President Fallieres. Double pale laven 2 to 3 ft.	3.25	30.00
3 to 4 ft	4.50	
S. President Grevy. Large, double blue. 2 to 3 ft.	1.50	14.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.75	16.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.50	

	Each	Per 10
WEIGELA, Abel Carriere (Carriere V colored; blooms in June. 7 to 8 ft 3 to 4 ft.	Veigela).	Rose-
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft		
W. amabilis (Rose Weigela). Light pi		sms in
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft	.75	5.50
4 to 5 ft		9.00
5 to 6 ft		
W. candida (Snow Weigela). Lar. flowers. June. 7 to 8 ft.		white
3 to 4 ft.	.75	
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00
W. Eva Rathke (Red-flowering Weig flowers all Summer. 4 to 5 ft.	gela). C	armine
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00
W. nana variegata (Dwarf Variegated compact shrub. Leaves attractive pale, pink flowers. June. 7 to 8	vely vari ft.	egated;
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50
4 to 5 ft	1.25	10.00
W. rosea (Pink Weigela). Abundant pin 7 to 8 ft.	nk flowers	. June.
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft		5.50
4 to 5 ft		7.50
5 to 6 ft	1.25	
W. vanhoutte (Vanhoutte Weigela). Fl June. 7 to 8 ft.		y-pink.
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft		9.00
5 to 6 ft	1.25	11.50
ZANTHORHIZA apiifolia (Yellowroot suitable for sandy soil.). Groun	d cover
12 to 15 in	.40	
15 to 18 in.		
17 10 10 11.	.70	

Screen and Boundary Plants

BERBERIS thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). Low hedge plant or for masses; scarlet berries and brilliant Autumn coloring. 4 to 5 ft.

					Per 10	Per 100
12	to	15	in.	***************************************	1.80	12.00
15	to	18	in.		2.00	15.00
18	to	24	in.		2.40	22.50
24	to	30	in.		3.75	30.00
30	to	36	in		6.00	45.00

D	10	Dor	100

I.IGUSTRUM ovalifolium (California I upright shrub; universally used for h		
15 ft.		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	1.00	6.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.30	9.00
2 to 3 ft., extra heavy	1.60	12.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.80	15.00
3 to 4 ft., extra heavy	2.50	20.00
ROSA rugosa (Rugosa Rose). Attractive	shrub	having
rich green foliage. Large, single p	oink or	white
forward Tuna Santamban I and and		

rich green foliage. Large, single pink or white flowers. June-September. Large red fruit in Fall. Useful in shrub border or as hedge. 4 to 5 ft. 1½ to 2 ft. 4.00 35.00

$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.	 4.00	35.00
				 5.00	45.00
3	to	4	ft.	 9.00	85.00

Roses

HYBRID PERPETUALS

- Sturdy, 2-year, field grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.
- *Frau Karl Druschki. An immense, pure white, perperfectly double Rose, abundantly produced in June, and continues blooming all Summer.
- *General Jacqueminot. The fragrant, perfectly-formed blossoms come early, are brilliant scarlet crimson, and are borne on long stems.
- *George Dickson. A delightfully fragrant, finely formed, very dark crimson Rose.
- Harrison Yellow. A very hardy, deep yellow bloom.
- Madam Gabriel Luizet. Flowers light silvery-pink, shading paler at petal edges, moderately fragrant.
- Madam Plantier. An extremely beautiful white Rose that should be in every Rose garden. Blooms abundantly in early part of the season.
- Magna Charta. Extra large and profuse bloomer with reddish-pink blossoms.
- Margaret Dickson. A fragrant white bloom with rosy, flesh-colored center.
- *Mrs. John Laing. Very large, long-pointed buds opening to immense, full, moderately fragrant and beautiful, soft pink flowers.
- Marshall P. Wilder. Bright crimson-scarlet, very large and full, with a strong penetrating fragrance.
- *Paul Neyron. Fragrant, clear pink blooms, shading to rose. One of the best for outdoor culture.

HYBRID TEAS AND TEAS

Sturdy, 2-year, field-grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.

- *Betty. A lovely and deliciously fragrant Rose with long buds and coppery-rose blooms of informal shape, overspread with golden yellow.
- *Columbia. The flowers are large, fully double, bright lively pink in color, shading darker at maturity. Fragrant and borne until late Fall.
- *Duchess of Wellington. Large, well-formed buds, opening to semi-double, saffron-yellow flowers, stained with crimson and changing to lighter yellow.
- *General MacArthur. A very sweet-scented Rose, having brilliant deep crimson-scarlet flowers.
- *Gruss an Teplitz. A profusion of beautiful, clear crimson-scarlet and fragrant flowers.
 - Hadley. Handsome velvety crimson.
- *Hoosier Beauty. A large, full flower with well-shaped buds. Color is an exceptionally attractive glowing crimson. Very fragrant.
- *Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. A great favorite. Large, double white blooms on long stems. Very fragrant.
- *Killarney Queen. Large, long-pointed buds, opening to large, loose blooms of clear pink, borne on long, strong stems.
- *Lady Ursula. Large blossoms of delicate flesh-pink on long stems.
- *Los Angeles. One of the most notable American garden Roses. Its color is a luminous flame pink, toned coral, shaded translucent gold at base of petals.
- Martha Drew. Creamy white flowers, with rosy center.
- *Mme. Butterfly. Flowers are a blending of bright pink, apricot, and gold. A profuse, continuous bloomer till frost when well cultivated in beds.
- *Mme. Caroline Testout. The large rounded flowers are bright satiny rose, with darker center, and edges of petals bordered with soft carmine-pink.
- *Mme. Edouard Herriot. Buds coral red, shaded with yellow at the base, the open flowers of medium size, semi-double, are coral-red shaded with yellow and bright rosy-scarlet.
- *Mrs. Aaron Ward. A most desirable and dependable Rose that will probably produce more flowers than any other yellow Rose. Semi-double, cup-shaped, dep Indian yellow flowers; fragrant; blooms until frost.
 - Mrs. Charles Bell. Soft pink blooms.
- *Mrs. F. R. Pierson. Long attractive buds; large cardinal red blooms.

ROSES—Continued

- Ophelia. Salmon flesh pink, shaded rose.
- *Radiance. Large, light silvery pink to salmon-pink flowers on long stems.
- *Red Radiance. Beautiful, large, deep red flowers on long stems.
- *Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. A beautiful, pure sunflower-yellow, deeper in the center. Moderately fragrant flowers.
- Souv. De Georges Pernet. Brick red buds, opening to terra cotta pink.
- William F. Dreer. Shell pink blooms; yellow at base.

HYBRID RUGOSA ROSES

Sturdy field grown plants \$1.00 each, \$8.50 per 10.

- Blanche Ddl de Coubert. Large, pure white blooms.
- Conrad F. Meyer. Large well formed silvery pink blooms.
- F. J. Grootendorst. Bright crimson blooms in clusters from early summer to frost. Rugosa foliage suitable for hedge and mass planting.

CLIMBING ROSES

- Sturdy, field-grown plants, 75c each or \$6.00 per 10. Extra heavy plants, \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.
- American Pillar. Immense clusters of single, bright crimson flowers, with clear white eye, on long, strong stems.
- Bess Lovett. Clear bright red, full, double flowers that are borne in clusters on long, strong stems.
- Christine Wright. Very large, semi-double flowers of a beautiful wild-rose pink, borne in great profusion.
- Climbing American Beauty. Moderately fragrant, rich carmine flowers, borne in great profusion.
- *Climbing Los Angeles. Luminous flame-pink toned coral, shaded translucent gold at base of petals.
 - Crimson Rambler. Great masses of crimson, semi-double flowers.
 - Dorothy Perkins. Clear cherry-pink, slightly fragrant flowers, borne in great profusion and lasting for a long time. They are double and the petals crinkled, which gives them a delightfully fluffy appearance.
 - Dr. W. Van Fleet. Prefectly formed, long-pointed, deep pink buds on long stems with several in a cluster, that opens to a lighter shade of pink.

ROSES—Continued

- Emily Gray. The very beautiful, long-pointed, slender, golden yellow buds open to semi-double, deliciously fragrant, buff-colored flowers; borne on long, strong-stemmed trusses; one to ten blooms to a truss.
 - Excelsa. An intense crimson color, with the edges of the petals a little lighter, produced in immense clusters.
 - Flower of Fairfield. Carmine-crimson, semi-double to double flowers in large, compact clusters.
 - Gardenia. Has lovely, golden yellow buds that open to almost white when fully expanded.
- *Heart of Gold. Single velvety crimson blooms with bright yellow stamens.
- Hiawatha. A most dependable and useful American Rose; large, fragrant, deep intense crimson, single flowers in clusters shading white at the base.
- Lady Gay. A rich, delicate pink, double flowers shading to soft pink and white as they mature. Borne in large, spray-like clusters.
- Mary Wallace. Semi-double rose pink blooms; salmon at base of petals.
- Pauls Scarlet Climber. The brightest and purest red of all the pillar Roses. Vivid scarlet, shaded crimson, semi-double flowers in clusters.
- Silver Moon. Has large and semi-double white and creamy flowers that are born in great profusion.
- Tausendschoen. The buds are cherry-pink, opening to very double flowers of softer shades that eventually fade to white, all shades being found in a single cluster.
- White Dorothy. A sport of Dorothy Perkins, which it closely resembles in every way except its immense clusters are of pure white flowers.

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

Sturdy, field-grown plants, 75c each or \$6.00 per 10. Extra heavy plants \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

- Baby Ramblers (Polyantha Roses). Assorted colors of white, pink and red. Ideal for bedding purposes.
- Greta Kluis (Dwarf Polyantha). Red.
- Rosa setigera (The Prairie Rose). Deep rose fading to white, almost scentless flowers.
- Rose Wichuraiana (The Memorial Rose). Beautiful, fragrant, pure white flowers, with a mass of golden stamens, borne in great profusion. One of the latest Roses to bloom.
- Rose orders should be placed early in the season for best results.

VINES AND CLIMBERS

Each Per 10
ACTINIDIA polygama (Silvervine). Foliage silvery green when young. White flowers. June. 25-30
Extra strong plants \$1.75 \$16.00
AKEBIA quinata (Fiveleaf Akebia). Dainty vine with dark green leaf, persisting all Winter. Purple flowers in May. 15 to 20 ft.
Medium plants 1.00 9.50 Extra strong plants 1.50 14.00
AMPELOPSIS quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). Foliage takes on strikingly brilliant reds in Autumn. 30 to 40 ft.
Medium plants
Strong plants .50 4.00 Extra strong plants .75 6.00
A. tricuspidata (Japanese Creeper). Self-clinging vine; brilliant Autumn foliage. Blue berries.
ARISTOLOCHIA sipho (Dutchmanspipe). Tall, twining vine. Large leaves; purplish flowers. June. 20 ft.
Medium plants
BIGNONIA grandiflora (Chinese Trumpetcreeper). Good foliage; deep scarlet flowers. July. 20 to 25 ft.
Strong plants
CELASTRUS scandens (American Bittersweet). Native vine which thrives in any soil. Attractive orange and red berries. 20 to 25 ft. Strong plants
Strong plants
CLEMATIS henryi (Winter Clematis). Large-flowering white Clematis. August. 18 to 20 ft. Strong plants
C. jackmani (Jackman Clematis). Large-flowering pur-
C. jackmani (Jackman Clematis). Large-flowering purple Clematis. August. 18 to 20 ft. Strong plants
C. paniculata (Sweet Autumn Clematis). Fragrant
white flowers. September. 20 to 25 ft. Strong plants
EUONYMUS. (See Evergreen Shrubs).
HEDERA. (See Evergreen Shrubs).
LONICERA japonica halliana (Hall Japanese Honeysuckle). Quick-growing vine; fragrant white flowers. June. 15 to 20 ft. Strong plants
Strong plants
Extra strong plants

* O. ***OTTO: 1
LONICERA—Continued Each Per 10
L. sempervirens (Trumpet Honevsuckle). Ouick-grow-
ing vine, bright scarlet flowers. July-September. 15 to 20 ft.
Strong plants
Extra strong plants
LYCIUM chinensis (Chinese Matrimony-vine). Violet
flowers, bright red berries. Good for banks. June. 12 to 15 ft.
Strong plants
PERIPLOCA graeca (Silkvine). Dark green, glossy leaves, brownish purple flowers. July. 20 to 30 ft. Medium plants 60 5.00 Strong plants 75 6.50
leaves, brownish purple flowers. July. 20 to 30 ft.
Strong plants
WISTERIA sinensis (Chinese Wisteria). Hardy climber, clusters of large violet-blue flowers. May.
climber, clusters of large violet-blue flowers. May. 40 to 50 ft.
Strong plants
Extra strong plants 1.50 14.00
W. sinensis alba (White Chinese Wisteria). Same as preceding, except flowers which are white.
Strong plants 1.00 7.50 Extra strong plants 1.50 12.50
Extra strong plants 1.50 12.50
Perennials
It is no wonder that these grand, old-fashioned, hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity.
There is not a time during the whole flower season in which some hardy perennial is not in bloom.
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FERNS, strong clumps ______.90 2.40 Aspidium acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). Osmunda cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern).

PERENNIALS—Continued

GAILLARDIA aristata (Perennial brown and crimson flowers.	June-	October.	2 ft.
	.75	2.00	15.00
HELIANTHUS decapetalus (Thin	leaf S	unflower). Yel-
low. June-July. 4 ft.	.75	2.20	15.00
HEMEROCALLIS thunbergi (Jap			
low flowers. May-June. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	.90	2.40	18.00
HIBISCUS moscheutos (Common			
August. 3 ft.	.90	2.40	18.00
HOSTA caerulea (Blue Plantainlily). L	avender :	flowers.
July. 18 in.	.90	2.40	18.00
H. undulata variegata (Variegated	Leaf	Plainta	inlily).
Blue. August. 18 in.			
IRIS germanica (German Iris). M	ixed o	olors. N	May. 2
to 3 ft.	.75	2.40	15.00
I. kaempferi (Japanese Iris). Blue		white. J	une. 3
to 4 ft.	.75	2.40	15.00
I. sibirica (Siberian Iris). Blue.	May.	2 to 3	ft.
	.75	2.00	15.00
LYCHNIS floscucul penissima (Do	ouble	Ragged 1	Robin).
Red. May-June, 18 in.	.85	2.00	18.00

PAEONIA

	Per 3
Berlioz. Bright currant red, very large, superb	\$3.00
Duchesse de Nemours. Ivory white, very fragrant flowers	2.25
Edulis Superba. Clear deep pink; blooms very early	2.25
Felix Crousse. Bright ruby-red; midseason bloomer	3.00
Festiva Maxima. White center, crimson flecked. Blooms early	2.25
Louis Van Houtte. Bright red to crimson. Blooms late	2.70
Marie Lemoine. Large late bloom. Ivory white petals lightly edged with pink	2.70
Mme. Chaumy. Clear pink, very full and of good shape. Late	2.70
Officinalis rubra plena. Large blooms of vivid	3.00
Rosea plena superba. Delicate pink and salmon flowers	3.00

PHLOX

Large clumps \$.50 each; \$4.00 per 10.

Per	3	10	100
Beacon. Red	90	2.40	
Boule de Feu. Cherry-red 1.0)5	3.00	
Eclaireur. Crimson-purple with			
starry center	90	2.40	
King. White	90	2.40	
Miss Lingard. Pearly white	90	2.40	
	90	2.40	
Pink Beauty. Pale pink	75	2.20	15.00
Prof. Virchow. Bright crimson			
overlaid with orange scarlet	0	2.40	
Queen. Pure white	90	2.40	
Rheinlander. Salmon	90	2.40	
Rijnstrom. Very large rose pink			
	90	2.40	
Riverton Jewel. Pink	90	2.40	
R. P. Struthers. Cherry red	90	2.40	
RUDBECKIA laciniata (Golden-			
glow). Yellow. August. 4			
to 5 ft.	75	2.20	15.00
VIOLA odorata (Fragrant Blue			
Violet). Blue. May 1	20	3.50	
ORNAMENTAL GRASS (Eulalia).			
Large clumps1.	50	4.00	30.00
Extra large clumps 1.0	00 to	1.50	each

Fruit Department

STANDARD APPLES

						Each
4	to	5	ft.	high		\$1.00
5	to	7	ft.	high		1.50
6	to	8	ft.	high		2.00
7	to	9	ft.	high	\$2.50 to	5.00

SUMMER VARIETIES

Early Harvest. Very early, pale yellow; fine flavor and productive.

Yellow Transparent. Large, pale yellow; flesh white, tender and sweet.

Red Astrachan. Earliest. A large red, striped table Apple of high quality.

Sweet Bough. Large, yellow, good for baking.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Duchess of Oldenburg. Large, pale yellow with white flesh; finely flavored.

Fall Pippin. Large yellow fruit.

Gravenstein. Very large, greenish-yellow; excellent flavor.

APPLES-Continued

Maiden's Blush. Pale yellow, highly colored cheek.

McIntosh. Red, extremely hardy, noted for bearing regularly.

Wealthy. Light yellow, nearly covered with red; white, juicy flesh.

WINTER VARIETIES

Ben Davis. Large, yellow, covered with red.

Baldwin. Large, red highly colored, crisp and juicy.

Bellflower. Very large, pale lemon-yellow. Flesh tender, juicy and crisp.

Delicious. Large; brilliant dark red Apple; flesh white, tender and juicy. Surpasses all others in flavor.

Grimes Golden. Yellow. A hardy tree that bears annually.

Jonathan. Medium size; red; good quality. Heavy bearer.

King. Large, red, juicy, abundant annual bearer.

Newtown Pippin. Large, yellow with brownish-red cheek; firm, crisp and juicy.

Northern Spy. Large, striped with red, flesh white and fine-grained.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, yellow when fully ripe, tender and juicy.

Rome Beauty. Large, yellow, striped with red, flesh yellow and rather coarse grained.

Roxbury Russet. A standard Winter Apple, flesh greenish-white and crisp. Keeps late.

Spitzenburg. Large, light red, flesh yellow, crisp and richly flavored.

Stayman's Winesap. Of only fair size, but fine quality, bright red with yellow, juicy flesh.

Tolman Sweet. Pale yellow, tinged with red; medium size, rich and sweet.

Wagener. Yellow, highly colored with red; tender, juicy and bears early.

Wolf River. Greenish-yellow, shaded crimson, juicy. slightly acid.

Winter Banana. Golden yellow, usually shaded crimson, flesh fine grained with a very rich flavor.

York Imperial. .Medium, whitish, shaded with red, very good quality.

APPLES—Continued

DWARF VARIETIES

						Each	Per 10
4	to	5	ft.	high		\$1.00	
5	to	6	ft.	high		1.50	
6	to	7	ft.	high	\$2.00 to	\$5.00	

Baldwin. Large red Apple, highly colored. Flesh crisp and juicy.

Gravenstein. Very large, greenish-yellow, crisp Apple.

McIntosh. Red, extremely hardy, noted for bearing regularly.

Red Astrachan. Very early, large, red striped Apple of high quality.

Stayman's Winesap. Of only fair size, but fine quality, bright red with yellow, juicy flesh.

Yellow Transparent. Large, pale yellow, flesh white, tender and juicy.

CRAB APPLES

						Each	Per 10
4	to	5	ft.	high		\$1.00	
5	to	6	ft.	high	****	1.25	\$11.50
6	to	8	ft.	high		1.75	16.50
7	to	9	ft.	high	\$2.50 to	5.00	

Hyslop. Large size, dark crimson and very showy.

Transcendant. Red, showy and excellent.

STANDARD PEARS

						Each	Per 10
4	to	5	ft.	high		\$1.25	
5	to	6	ft.	high		1.50	\$14.00
6	to	7	ft.	high		1.75	16.50
7	to	8	ft.	high		2.25	21.50
8	to	9	ft.	high	\$3.00 to	5.00	

SUMMER VARIETIES

Bartlett. Large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh rich and juicy.

Clapp's Favorite. Large, long, light yellow, with red cheek. Very juicy and rich.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Beurre Bosc. Large and long, cinnamon-russet color; juicy and delicious..

Duchess d'Angouleme. Very large, greenish-yellow; russet spots, juicy and fine.

PEARS-Continued

- Flemish Beauty. Large, pale yellow with brownish cheek, very delicious.
- Kieffer. Large, yellow and red cheeked. Grain is coarse and is best for canning and preserving.
- Lawrence. Medium size, fine golden yellow; sugary and aromatic.
- Seckel. Medium to small; yellowish brown with red cheek; very rich and delicious.
- Sheldon. Large; russet with red cheek; juicy and delicious.

DWARF PEARS

- Bartlett. Large, yellow with red cheek; flesh rich and juicy.
- Clapp's Favorite. Large and long, light yellow with red cheek, very juicy and rich.
- Seckel. Medium to small, yellowish-brown with red cheek, very rich and delicious.

CHERRIES

					Each	Per 10
5	to	7	ft.	high	\$1.50	\$14.00
6	to	7	ft.	high	2.00	19.00
6	to	8	ft.	high	2.50	24.00
6	to	8	ft.	high \$3.00 t	o 5.00	

SWEET VARIETIES

- Black Tartarian. Large, bright purplish-black; flesh purplish, rich and delicious.
- Governor Wood. Large, light yellow and red, juicy and sweet.
- Windsor. Fruit large, liver-colored. Flesh firm and of fine quality.
- Yellow Spanish. Large, pale yellow with red cheek; flesh firm and juicy.

SOUR VARIETIES

- Early Richmond. Medium size, dark red, juicy, rich acid flavor.
- English Morello. Large, dark red, juicy, fine flavor.
- Montmorency. Large for a sour Cherry, dark red, popular for canning.

QUINCES

				Each	Per 10
3	to	4	ft	\$1.50	\$14.00
4	to	5	ft	1.75	16.50
5	to	6	ft	2.00	19.00

Ripens late and bears regularly; excellent Champion. quality.

Orange. Large and fine; always bears an abundance of fruit.

PLUMS

					Each	Per 10
5	to	6	ft.	high	\$1.50	\$14.00
6	to	7	ft.	high	2.00	19.00
6	to	8	ft.	high	2.50	24.00
7	to	8	ft.	high \$3.00 to	5.00	

Abundance. Red, flesh yellow, very sweet and juicy.

Large, red, mottled with yellow; flesh yellow Burbank. and very sweet.

Green Gage. Round, greenish-yellow; rich and excellent. Medium size, dark red with yellow, juicy Lombard. flesh.

Satsuma. Large, purple and red; fine quality.

PEACHES

			Each	Per 10
3 to	5 ft.		 \$0.75	\$6.00
5 to (6 ft.	high	 1.00	9.00
6 to	7 ft.	high	 1.50	14.00

SUMMER VARIETIES

- Belle of Georgia. Very large, white with red cheek, flesh white, firm and of fine flavor. Freestone.
- Champion. Skin creamy white with red cheek. A perfect freestone.
- Crawford's Early. Very large, yellow with red cheek; rich and excellent.
- Elberta. Yellow with red cheek; flesh firm and of high quality.
- J. H. Hale. Very large, deep golden yellow, overlaid with bright carmine; flesh firm and of delicious flavor. Freestone.
- Mountain Rose. Large, red, flesh white, ripens early. First quality and freestone.
- Oldmixon Freestone. Large, yellowish-white with deep red cheek; flesh white, richly flavored.

PEACHES—Continued

AUTUMN VARIETIES

- Crawford's Late. Very large, yellow with dark red cheek; flesh deep yellow, red at the stone; juicy and excellent flavor.
- Stump the World. Very large, creamy white with bright red cheek; flesh white, juicy and high flavored.

MULBERRIES

			1	Each
10	to	12	ft	3.50
12	to	14	ft	4.00

Russian. Small, black berry, very sweet. Also good shade and ornamental tree.

SMALL FRUITS

BLACKBERRIES

		 Each	Per 10
Strong	plants	 \$0.15	\$1.20

Blower. Large size, jet black, excellent quality.

Erie. Extra large, very firm and hardy; ripens early.

Iceberg. The white Blackberry. Berries are sweet and with very few seeds.

Rathbun. A strong, erect grower; fruit is sweet and

CURRANTS

	Each	Per 10	
Strong plants	\$0.35	\$3.00	
Extra strong plants	.50	4.50	

Cherry. The largest of all red Currants; berries deep red, quite acid.

Fay's Prolific. Stem long, berry large; red, good quality.

Red Cross. Bunch and berry large, excellent quality.

White Grape. Long, loose bunches of medium-sized white berries; excellent quality, mild and sweet.

RASPBERRIES

		Each	Per 10
Strong	plants	\$0.15	\$1.20

Cumberland. Large black fruit.

Cuthbert. Fruit is large, firm of texture, and of excellent quality.

Marlboro. Very early fruit of large size, highly colored firm in texture.

St. Regis. Bright red berries of good size and flavor; the best of the "everbearing" Raspberries.

GRAPES

	Each	Per 10
Medium plants	\$0.50	4.00
Strong plants	.75	6.00
Extra strong	1.00	8.00

BLACK VARIETIES

- Campbell's Early. A new, very large and early Grape, black, and sweet; strong, hardy vine; clusters unusually large and compact.
- Concord. The most popular black Grape; juicy, sweet, fine flavor.
- Moore's Early. An extra early variety; good grower; berries large and of good quality.
- Worden. Big, compact bunches of extra large, thinskinned berries; very productive.

RED VARIETIES

- Agawam. Bunch and berry large; deep red, and of excellent flavor.
- wba. Bunches medium; berries large, somewhat pulpy, juicy, aromatic and rich. Catawba.
- Salem. Bunch large and compact; berry large, thick skin, very sweet.
- Vergennes. New variety, berry red, sweet, juicy, delicious flavor.

WHITE VARIETIES

	Each	Per	10
Strong plants	\$0.75	\$6.	.00
Extra strong plants	1.00	8.	.00

Desmond. Sweet, juicy and delicious.

Diamond. Bunch and berry large, extra fine quality.

Green Mountain. Skin thin; pulp very tender and

- Niagara. Bunch and berry large, skin thin, pulp sweet and delicious.
- Portland. New, white variety. Excellent for market and table purposes; ripens early. Strong plants. \$1.50 each.

STRAWBERRIES

	\mathbf{Per}	100
Early	\$3	.00
Midseason	3	.00
Late		.00
Everbearing	4	.00

GOOSEBERRIES

American Varieties

E	ach	Per	10
Medium plants\$	0.35	\$3	.00
Strong plants	.50	4	.50

Downing. Fruit greenish white, large, soft and juicy. Houghton. Medium-sized, pale red, sweet and juicy.

NUT TREES				
Each Per 10 CORYLUS maxima (Giant Filbert). Strong shrub growing to a height of 5 ft.; abundant fruit in October.				
3 to 4 ft				
JUGLANS cinera (Butternut). The large, elongated nuts are rich, sweet and of delicate flavor; very nutritious; trees are hardy and full-bearing.				
5 to 6 ft1.75 16.50				
6 to 8 ft2.00 19.00				
8 to 10 ft. 2.50 24.00				
10 to 12 ft 3.50				
J. nigra (Black Walnut). Relatively fast-growing; a fine specimen bearing especially tasty nuts.				
4 to 5 ft 1.50 —				
5 to 6 ft. 1.75 ——				
6 to 8 ft. 2.00 —				
8 to 10 ft. 2.50 ——				
10 to 12 ft 3.50 ——				
J. regia (English Walnut). Slow-growing, superb for lawns and driveways.				
3 to 4 ft 2.50 24.00				
4 to 5 ft 3.50 32.50				
J. sieboldiana (Japanese Walnut). Hardier than the English Walnut; nuts equally delicious. Grows quite rapidly into a broad, spreading specimen.				
4 to 5 ft 1.50				
5 to 6 ft. 2.00 —				
6 to 7 ft 2.50				
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in cal 5.00				

ASPARAGUS

	Per	100
Strong plants	\$2	.25
Extra strong plants	3	.00

Conover's Colossal. Of large size, rapid growth, and excellent quality. Green.

Palmetto. A very popular variety of best quality. White

RHUBARB

	Each	Per 10
Small plants	\$0.25	\$2.00
Medium plants	.35	3.00
Strong plants	.50	4.50

CALENDAR FOR SPRAYING FRUIT TREES

For general results, we recommend spraying fruit trees as follows:

First, spray with lime sulphur solution during the Winter.

Second, spray with Pyrox after the blossoms fall.

Third, spray with Pyrox two weeks later.

This will control the most prevalent insects and fungous diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island.

Plant fruit trees about your home grounds—for shade or ornament and for fruits for the table.

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LANDSCAPE SERVICE

We maintain a trained landscape organization who will gladly assist you with any modest planting scheme, or assume complete responsibility for the development of a large estate into an interesting landscape picture of delightful charm.

Every home, whether of simple or elaborate architectural conception, requires a planned landscape setting to complete the picture. Yet how often do we see the beauty of a well-designed structure sadly depreciated by lack of adequate shrubbery or by a planting attempt that lacks unity and harmony with the style of architecture it is supposed to enhance.

Why not consult our expert landscape architect in the handling of your problem? Write for our landscape folder.

Begin With a Plan

Have a complete plan prepared for your entire property, even though you intend to develop only a portion of the grounds at a time. In this way you can carry out as much or as little of the planting as you wish each season, secure in the belief that it is properly done as part of an entire scheme.

This is the only way to avoid disappointments in effects and the necessity of needless transplanting of trees and shrubs which is bound to result where no definite plan serves as a guide.

This service is rendered free of charge.

