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The SWAN RIVER NURSERY
PATCHOGUE
LI-NY.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

The prices in this list cancel all prices in previous lists.

FIRST—The articles herein listed will be furnished at prices designated as per following schedule:

One to five plants of one kind will be charged for at the single rate, whatever the aggregate of a list made up in numbers of less than five plants of a specific sort may be.

Five to forty plants of one kind will be furnished at the ten rate.

Forty to 250 plants of one kind will be furnished at the 100 rate when 100 rates are given, except in the case of perennials when 25 of one kind will be given at the 100 rate.

FROM THIS SCHEDULE WE WILL NOT VARY because of the fact that it takes considerable time to assemble a list of plants that are scattered over the nursery.

SECOND—We warrant our stock to be true to variety named, and will replace any that may prove otherwise or refund the original price, but beyond that, we assume no responsibility. We guarantee our trees and plants to be in good condition when shipped, but we do not guarantee that such stock will live and grow, as it is obviously impossible to control the aftercare or the weather conditions which may surround transplanted stock.

THIRD—We make no charge for packing retail orders to be sent by freight, express or parcel post, except on large evergreens and large shade trees.

FOURTH-Our terms are cash.

MOTOR TRUCK DELIVERY— We operate motor trucks of different sizes and therefore can offer unlimited delivery service on Long Island and nearby points, making only a charge to cover the actual cost of such service; this of course depending on the size of the order and whether a special trip is required. Where possible we combine small orders and proportion the charges among the persons served; this makes the service much cheaper. Trees that are dug today are delivered tomorrow.

If desired, we will send experienced men to plant the trees and shrubs, charging for such service at actual cost.

COMPLAINTS—We will gladly rectify mistakes in filling orders, provided we are notified immediately on receipt of the goods.

SHIPPING SEASON—Our Spring shipping season begins about the 25th of March, and continues until the last of May. In the Fall we begin shipping in August and continue until the ground freezes up for Winter.

Respectfully yours,

SWAN RIVER NURSERY

PATCHOGUE, L. I., N. Y.

GRACE A. AVERY, Owner HUMPHREY A. AVERY, Manager

Telephone: Patchogue 1200

Suggestions for Planting

Preparing Holes

Dig the hole not less than 1 foot wider than the root area of the specimen it is to hold and from a foot to 2 feet in depth, according to the depth of its root system. If the soil is poor a few inches of rotted litter should be thrown into the bottom of the hole and dug in to the depth of 6 inches or more. If the soil at the bottom is hard, it should be broken up in a pulverized state to a depth of a foot or so.

Setting Tree

To prepare the tree for setting go over the root system carefully and cut all the broken or bruised portions of the roots with a clean, sharp knife or pruning shears. In setting the tree spread the roots out naturally so that they will not be twisted or crowded, then fill in gradually with fine soil, working it carefully under and about the roots, so that no holes or air spaces will be left. If it is a deciduous plant, shake the tree or shrub up and down so as to pack the soil layer by layer, carefully tramping it down until it is firmly packed about the roots. Continue this process until the hole is filled within 2 inches from the top. The remainder of the soil should be used in a way to form a small basin around the tree. This is to keep the water from running away when applied.

Mulching

In the Fall, place a mulch of dry leaves, hay or well rotted stable litter about the base of each tree. This mulch should be 6 inches deep and extend 2 to 3 feet beyond the natural spread of the roots.

Weight down with dirt, light slats or boards to prevent wind from blowing off during Winter. If well rotted straw, hay or stable litter has been used, spade in well around the base of each tree in the Spring. Any mulch that is of no value should be removed in early Spring as soon as the frost is out removed in early Spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

Watering

When dry weather comes on in the latter part of June, July, August and early September, it will be necessary to water newly planted evergreens, especially for the first two or three years after transplanting. A thorough watering twice a week is far more beneficial than a daily sprinkling of the topsoil.

Cultivation

Don't wait for your evergreens to begin to show signs of suffering before you start cultivation. Start keeping the soil stirred up immediately after planting. Frequent cultivation is the secret of moisture conservation. The ground must be kept loose and mellow by cultivating weekly.

Evergreens and Conifers

Evergreens are used in many ways, some of which are as follows: Specimens on a lawn, foundation plantings around houses, windbreaks, hedges and as screens for objectionable objects.

Our evergreens are thrifty, well-rooted and have been several times transplanted.

All evergreens will be balled and burlapped without charge.

We recommend planting during April, May and June, August, September and October.

	r 10
ABIES Concolor (White Fir). Tall tree. Bluish-g	
needles and symmetrical growth. Used for sp	oeci-
men or group. * 2 to 3 ft	
2 το 5 τι φ 0.00 φ	5.00
5 to 4 ft 5.00 0	5.00
7 to 7 it 15.00 -	
* 5 to 6 ft 17.00 - * 6 to 7 ft. specimens 22.00 -	
* 7 to 8 ft. specimens 27.00 -	
* 8 to 9 ft. specimens 32.00 -	
* 9 to 10 ft. specimens 37.00 -	
*10 to 15 ft. specimens \$50.00 to 100.00	
*15 to 20 ft. specimens \$50.00 to 100.00 -	
A. nordmanniana (Nordmann Fir). Tall tree,	slow
growing. Dark, glossy green foliage. Used	
specimen.	
*18 to 24 in 3.00 -	
* 2 to 3 ft 4.00 -	
* 3 to 4 ft 7.00 -	
* 4 to 5 ft 10.00 -	
* 5 to 6 ft 17.00 -	
* 6 to 7 ft 25.00 -	
* 7 to 8 ft 35.00 -	
* 8 to 10 ft 50.00 -	
A. veitchi (Veitch Fir). Tall, symmetrical tree. Fol dark green above, silvery beneath. Used for si	iage
men.	seci-
* 7 to 8 ft 20.00	
* 8 to 10 ft 30.00 -	
*10 to 12 ft 40.00 -	
BUXUS (Boxwood). See Evergreen Shrubs.	
CEDRUS atlantica glauca (Blue Atlas Cedar). Med	lium
tree of open growth. Fine steel-blue needles. U	Jsed
as specimen.	
*12 to 14 ft. specimens 200.00 -	
CHAMAECYPARIS obtusa (Hinoki Cypress). Med	lium
size, slow-growng. Rich, dark green, fern-	like
foliage. Forms beautiful specimen.	
	6.00
	5.00
	5.00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 7.50 7	0.00
* 3½ to 4 ft 10.00 -	
* 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 12.00 -	
* 4½ to 5 ft 14.00 -	
5 to 6 ft 16.00 -	
* 6 to 7 ft 18.00 -	
* 7 to 8 ft 25.00 -	

	CHAMAECYPARIS—Contin		
C.	obtusa compacta (Football Cypress).	Each Ver	Per 10 y slow,
	compact grower. Pyramidal. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft.	4.00	20.00
	18 to 24 in	4.00	38.00
	* 2½ to 3 ft.	5.00 7.50	48.00
	* 3 to 3½ ft.	10.00	
C.	obtusa crippsi (Cripps Golden Cypr	ess).	A slow
	growing golden leaved form. Brigh seasons.	t yello	w at all
	18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft	4.50 6.00	
C.	obtusa nana (Dwarf Hinoki Cypres		omnast
C.	dwarf, forming dense, irregular m	ass	Suitable
	for rock garden.		Darrabic
	*10 to 12 in	5.00	
	*12 to 15 in	7.00	
	*15 to 18 in	10.00	
	*18 to 24 in.	15.00	
	*24 to 30 in.	20.00	
C.	pisifera (Sawara Cypress). Quick grow	ing, py	ramidal.
	Broad, flat foliage of deep, glossy	green.	d20.00
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2.25 3.00	\$20.00
	2½ to 3 ft.	4.00	27.50 37.50
	3 to 3½ ft.	5.00	47.50
	3½ to 4 ft.	6.00	57.50
	3½ to 4 ft. *4 to 5 ft.	8.00	
C.	pisifera aurea (Golden Sawara Cyp	ress).	Bright
	pisifera aurea (Golden Sawara Cypyellow foliage. Habit same as pisifer 1½ to 2 ft.	a.	
	1½ to 2 ft	2.50	22.50
	2 to 2½ ft	3.50	32.50
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.50 5.50	40.00 52.50
	3 to 3 72 ft	6.50	62.50
	3½ to 4 ft	9.00	
C.	pisifera filifera (Thread Retinospora).	Brigh	nt green
	foliage. Long, string-like, drooping	branch	es.
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3.00	27.00
	2 to 2½ ft.	4.00	37.50
	2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	
	3 to 3½ ft.	8.00	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	10.00	
	4½ to 5 ft	15.00	
	5 to 6 ft	18.00	
C.	pisifera filifera aurea (Golden-thread Bright golden yellow foliage. Slow 1½ ft	Retino	ospora).
	Bright golden yellow foliage. Slow	growi	ng.
	1½ ft	4.00	37.50
_	2 ft	5.00	47.50
C.	pisifera plumosa (Plume Retinospor	a). F	orms a
	dense cone of fine texture. Usefu into formal shapes.	i for s	snearing
	1½ to 2 ft	2.25	20.00
	2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	26.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	3.75	35.00
	3 to 3½ ft	5.25	50.00
	3½ to 4 ft.	6.75	65.00
	4 to 5 ft*5 to 6 ft	9.00	85.00
	de -	12.00	
	*8 to 10 ft** *10 to 12 ft	75.00	
	10 10 12 11,	77.00	

CHAMAECYPARIS—Continued

								Each	Per	10
C.					aurea		en :	Plume	Cypre	ss).
		n			rellow fo	liage.				
	18	to		in.				3.00	26	.00
	2	to	- / -	ft.						.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$			ft.				4.50		.00
	3	to								.50
		to		ft.						.50
	4	to	5	ft.						
	*5	to		ft.						
C.	pisifera				argentea			p Reti	nospor	a).
	Yellov			_	Similar	habit	to j	olumosa	ì.	
	$1\frac{1}{2}$	to		ft.				2.25		.50
		to						3.00		.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$		3	ft.				3.75		.00
		to	3 1/2	-				5.25		.00
		to	4	ft.						
		to	5	ft.						
_		to	6	ft.				12.00		
C.					lutescens					
	Retino				Low, d	wart,	rou	nd-topp	ed bu	sh.
					anches.					
			15	in.				1.85		.50
	4	to	18	in.				2.75		.50
		to	2	ft.				3.75		.00
		to		ft. ft.				5.00 7.00		
		to to	$\frac{3}{3}\frac{1}{2}$	ft.				9.00		
		to	3 7 2 4	ft.				12.00		
		to	5	ft.				15.00		
C	•		•							. 1:
C.	pisitera	SC 1	uarr	osa 	veitchi (athery a	IVIOSS	Keti	nospora	1). F	oli-
	1 1/2		2	ft.				2.50		.50
			$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.				4.00 5.00		.50
		to to	$\frac{3}{3}\frac{1}{2}$					6.50		.00
		to	4	ft.				7.50		
		to	5	ft.				10.00		
C.	triompl				оор (Т					٦,,
C.	press)		ae .	DOSK	een folia	riomp	ne c	hely b	ondula	_y-
	Used		Spec	imer		ige.	JIIE	ntry pe	enduro	us.
	* 41/2							9.00		
	* 5	to		ft. ft.				8.00 10.00		
	* 5 1/2	to		ft.				15.00		
	* 6	to	_	ft.				18.00		
	* 7	to		ft.				20.00		
	* 8	to	-	ft.				25.00		
	* 9	to	-	ft.				35.00		
	*10	to		ft.	specim			150.00		
CD					_					,
CK					onica con					
	Large		ree,		ning na			egular		
	Compa color.	act	and	l pi	cturesque	e. R	ich,	bronze	Win	ter
	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.				6.00	_	
	3	to		ft.				7.50		
	4	to		ft.				10.00		_
	5	to		ft.				12.50		_
	* 6	to	7	ft.				20.00	_	
	*12	to	14	ft.	specime	n		150.00		

Each Per 10

CUPRESSUS goveniana glauca (Blue Gowen C	ypress). Grav-
Tall tree with slender spreading branches. ish-green foliage. Used as specimen.	Gra,
3 to 4 ft 6.00	57.50
4 to 5 ft 7.50	72.50
5 to 6 ft 9.00	87.50
6 to 7 ft 10.50	102.50
7 to 8 ft 12.00	117.50
JUNIPERUS chinensis (Chinese Juniper). columnar type, having gray-green foliage.	Formal
13 to 24 in. 3.00 2 to 2½ ft. 3.75	27.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3.75	35.00
J. chinensis alba variegata (White Leaf Chine	se Juni-
J. chinensis alba variegata (White Leaf Chineper). Symmetrical low growing evergreen. foliage interspersed with creamy branches.	Bluish
18 to 24 in 3.25	30.00
18 to 24 in	37.50
2 to 2½ ft	45.00
J. chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper). Broad	
habit, with horizontally spreading branches. green foliage. One of the best dwarf forms	Gray-
green foliage. One of the best dwarf forms	s. ·
18 to 24 in 3.00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5.00	47.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 7.00	65.00
3 to 3½ ft 10.00	95.00
3½ to 4 ft. 13.00 4 to 5 ft. 16.00	120.00
4 to 5 ft 16.00	150.00
5 to 6 ft 20.00	170.00
6 to 7 ft 25.00	
T 1 ' (C 1 Ö1' T ') X7	
J. columnaris (Columnar Chinese Juniper). Ver growing spire-like evergreen	ry rapid
growing spire-like evergreen	ry rapid ——
Columnaris (Columnar Chinese Juniper). Vergrowing spire-like evergreen 4 to 5 ft	ry rapid
growing spire-like evergreen	=
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type.	spread-
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 3.50	spread- 32.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 3.50 2 to 2½ ft. 5.00	spread- 32.50 47.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 3.50 2 to 2½ ft. 5.00 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar	spread- 32.50 47.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar attractive gray-green foliage.	spread- 32.50 47.50 nid with
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 J. chinensis foemina (Reeves Juniper). Slender ing branches. Low growing type. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 J. chinensis fortunei. A broad irregular pyrar attractive gray-green foliage. 18 to 24 in. 3.00	spread- 32.50 47.50 nid with
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 nid with 27.50 35.00 42.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 nid with 27.50 35.00 42.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 nid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 nid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 anid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 brostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 brostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50 20.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 brostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50 20.00
growing spire-like evergreen. 4 to 5 ft	spread- 32.50 47.50 mid with 27.50 35.00 42.50 50.00 prostrate 35.00 47.50 62.50 astigiate 13.50 20.00

JUNIPERUS—Continued

		Each	Per 10
J.	communis aurea (Douglas Golden J spreading type. Bright golden fol 18 to 24 in.	uniper).	Low-
	18 to 24 in.	3.00	
J.	communis depressa (Common Sprea Spreading type with light bluish fo	ding Ju	ıniper).
	15 to 18 in	3 75	35.00
	15 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in.	4.50	42.50
J.	communis hibernica (Irish Juniper). pyramid of spire-like effect.	A very	narrow
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	1.85	16.50
	2 to 2½ ft.	2.00	18.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	2.50	24.00
	3 to 4 ft	3.50	
	2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	4.50	
J.	shaped pyramid. Foliage gray-gree	Compa	ct, well-
	15 to 18 in	2.50	22.50
	15 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft.	3.50	32.50
	2 to 2½ ft,	4.50	42.50
	2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	57.50
	3 to 3½ ft.	7.50	
		. , ,	. T. 1.
J.	communis suecica nana (Swedish Juni	iper). I	Medium
	size, quick growing, narrow, uprigh	it form.	
	15 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in.	1.80	15.00
	18 to 24 in.	2.25	18.50
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3.00	27.00
	2½ to 3 ft	3.75	35.00
J.	japonica (Japanose Juniper). Globe growing spreading type Dark gr	trimmed	. Low-
	growing spreading type Dark gr	een foli	age.
	10 to 12 in. 12 to 15 in.	2.00	18.00
	12 to 15 in	2.50	22.50
	15 to 18 in	3.00	27.50
	18 to 24 in.	3.00 5.00	47.50
T.	japonica aurea (Golden Japanese J	uniper).	Low.
	slow - growing spreading plant	Golden	- tinted
	foliage. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft.	3.50	
	2 to 2½ ft.	4.50	
	2½ to 3 ft.	5.50	
J.	sabina (Savin Juniper). Dense, dark irregular spreading branches.	green	foliage,
	18 to 24 in	3.00	28.50
	18 to 24 in	4.50	42.50
	2 to 272 ft	6.00	57.50
	3 to 4 ft	8.00	
J.	green shrub. Very dense habit.	Uprigl Handson	nt ever- ne blue
	foliage.		
	12 to 15 in.	4.50	
	15 to 18 in.	6.00	

JUNIPERUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
J. virginiana (Red Cedar). Tail and sler	ıder. U	seful in
formal plantings.		
* 2 to 3 ft	4.00	
* 3 to 4 ft	5.50	
* 4 to 5 ft	7.00	
* 5 to 6 ft	10.00	95.00
* 6 to 7 ft	14.00	135.00
* 7 to 8 ft	18.00	175.00
* 8 to 9 ft	24.00	
* 9 to 10 ft.	30.00	
*10 to 12 ft	35.00	
*12 to 14 ft	40.00	
J. virginiana cannarti (Cannart Cedar	·). M	e dium
height, dense growing, columnar fo		
rich green foliage.		•
*3 to 4 ft	6.75	
*4 to 5 ft	9.00	
*5 to 6 ft	12.00	
J. virginianna elegantissimi (Goldtip Rec yellow-tipped branches. Bronze in		Bright
*6 to 7 ft.	16.00	
*7 to 8 ft	22.00	
*8 to 9 ft.	28.00	
*9 to 10 ft.	35.00	
J. virginiana glauca (Silver Redcedar)		is dense
column. Bluish-gray foliage. Nsec	-	cimen.
2 to 3 ft	4.50	
3 to 4 ft.	6.50	
* 4 to 5 ft.	9.00	
* 5 to 6 ft.	12.00	
* 6 to 7 ft.	16.00	
* 7 to 8 ft.	22.00	
* 8 to 9 ft.	28.00	
* 9 to 10 ft.	35.00	
*10 to 12 ft.	45.00	
*12 to 14 ft	55.00	
PICEA canadensis (White Spruce).		
symmetrical growth. Dense, silver	y foliag	e.
1½ to 2 ft.	2.25	
2 to 2½ ft	3.00	27.50
2½ to 3 ft.	3.75	33.00
3 to 4 ft.	5.00	47.50
4 to 5 ft	7.50	
*15 00 f : d50	75.00	

to 20 ft. specimens \$50 to 75.00

PICEA—Continued

	PICEA—Continued		
		Each P	
P.	excelsa (Norway Spruce). Large growth. Dark green foliage. Excell	ent wind	rapid
			oreak.
	1½ to 2 ft.	2.25	
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	2.75	25.00
	2½ to 3 ft.	3.50	30.00
	3 to 4 ft.	4.50	40.00
	4 to 5 ft.	7.00	67.50
	5 to 6 ft* 6 to 7 ft.	10.00 14.00	90.00
	0 10 / 11.	18.00	
	* 7 to 8 ft* 8 to 10 ft	22.00	
	*10 to 12 ft	26.00	
	*12 to 14 ft.	30.00	
	*14 to 16 ft.	35.00	
τ.		150.00	
La	rge specimens \$50.00 to	150.00	
P.	excelsa aurea (Golden Norway Spru golden yellow. Likes partial shade 18 to 24 in.	5.50	aves a
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6.50	
Р.	excelsa conica (Arrowhead Norway Sp pact, symmetrical type. Very slow 18 to 21 in.	growing	com-
	21 to 24 in.	6.50	
Р.	excelsa maxwelli (Maxwell Spruce). pact, dwarf. Very formal.		com-
	*15 to 18 in. *18 to 24 in.	15.00	
	*18 to 24 in.	20.00	
	2½ to 3 ft.	15.00	
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	20.00	
P.	glauca conica (Dwarf Elberta Spruce pact, slow growing type.		com-
	12 to 15 in.	6.00	
	15 to 18 in.	8.00	
	18 to 24 in.	10.00	
	24 to 30 in.	12.00	
P.	orientalis (Oriental Spruce). Medi midal tree. Dark green foliage.	Slow gro	
	*2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	
	*3 to 4 ft.	8.00	
	*4 to 5 ft	11.00	
	*5 to 6 ft.	15.00	
	*6 to 7 ft	25.00	
	*7 to 8 ft	35.00	
	*9 to 10 ft	45.00	
Р.	age. Useful as specimen.		y foli-
	*2 to 2½ ft	5.00	
	*2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	
	*3 to 4 ft	8.00	
	*4 to 5 ft	11.00	
	*5 to 6 ft	15.00	

PICEA—Continued Per 10 Each P. pungens (Colorado Spruce). Symmetrical tree for *24 to 30 in. -----25.00 P. excelsa pendula (Weeping Norway Spruce). An interesting and unique type, having inverted branches. 18 to 24 in. _______ 2 to 2½ ft. ______ 5.50 6.50 excelsa pyramidalis (Pyramidal Norway Spruce). P. The very erect branches form a narrow pyramid. 2 to 2½ ft. 5.50 2½ to 3 ft. 6.50 excelsa pigmea (Pigmy Norway Spruce). Dwarf, slow growing evergreen. 15 to 18 in. _______18 to 24 in. 7.00 8.00 P. excelsa remonti (Remont Spruce). Dwarf form of Norway Spruce. Dense, formal growth. to 24 in. to 2½ ft. to 7 ft. to 8 ft. to 10 ft. 18 7.50 2 10.00 *6 18.00 25.00 35.00 P. pungens glauca (Colorado Blue Spruce). Symmetrical tree for specimen. Blue foliage. *12 to 15 in. *15 to 18 in. *18 to 24 in. * 2 to 2½ ft. 3.00 4.00 5.00 7.50 P. pungens kosteri (Koster Blue Spruce). Silvery-blue foliage, giving distinct color tone. foliage, giving distinct color tone. *15 to 18 in. 10.00 *18 to 24 in. 12.50 *2 to 2½ ft. 16.00 *3 to 3½ ft. 22.50 *3 ½ to 4 ft. 22.50 *4 to 4½ ft. 22.50 *4 to 4½ ft. 32.50 *5 to 6 ft. 32.50 *6 to 7 ft. 37.50 *7 to 8 ft. 45.00 *10 to 15 ft. 100.00 to 200.00 P. pungens kosteri pendula (Koster Weeping Spruce). Very drooping type of Koster Spruce. *3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. *3\frac{1}{2} to 4 ft. 24.00 ft. 28.00 *4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. *4½ to 5 ft. *5 to 6 ft. 32.00 -----36.00 *5 *6 40.00

to 7

to 8

ft.

ft.

45.00

50.00

Each Per 10

	Each	Per 10
PINUS cembra (Swiss Stone Pine).	Slow	growing
conical tree. Thin bluish green need		_
*18 to 24 in	6.00	
* 2 to 2½ ft.	8.00	
* 2½ to 3 ft.	10.00	
* 3 to 3½ ft.	12.50	
* 3½ to 4 ft.	15.00	
* 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft,	17.50	
* 4½ to 5 ft.	20.00	
* 5 to 6 ft	22.50	
* 6 to 7 ft.	25.00	
P. montana mughus (Mugho Pine).	Slow	growing.
symmetrical, dwarf. Foliage dark		8-0
15 to 18 in.	4.00	37.50
1½ to 2 ft.	5.50	52.50
2 to 2½ ft.	7.50	
2½ to 3 ft.	10.00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	12.50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	15.00	
P. nigra (Austrian Pine). Vigorous,	dense	growing
tree. Foliage glossy, dark green.		
shore planting.	Good	ror sea
*18 to 24 in	2.50	
* 2 to 2½ ft.	3.50	
* $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	5.00	
* 3 to 4 ft	7.50	
* 4 to 5 ft	10.00	
* 5 to 6 ft.	12.50	
* 6 to 7 ft.	18.00	
* 7 to 8 ft	25.00	
*Large specimens\$25.00 to	50.00	
P. resinosa (Red Pine). Vigorous, sy	mmetri	cal tree.
Long, rich green needles, reddish br	own ha	+k
		II.K.
* 2 to 3 ft* * 3 to 4 ft	4.50 6.00	
* 4 to 5 ft.	7.50	
* 5 to 6 ft.	10.00	
* 6 to 7 ft.	15.00	
7 to 8 ft.	25.00	
8 to 10 ft.	35.00	
10 to 12 ft.	40.00	
12 to 14 ft.	50.00	
P. Strobus (White Pine). Tall, straight		ist bloo
		itii biue-
tinted foliage. Group or screen plants		
*2½ to 3 ft.	3.00	27.50
*3 to 3½ ft.	4.50	42.50
*3½ to 4 ft.	5.00	47.50
4 to 5 ft5 to 6 ft	7.50 10.00	
5 to 6 ft	15.00	
7 to 8 ft.	25.00	
8 to 10 ft.	35.00	
10 to 12 ft.	40.00	
12 to 14 ft.	50.00	
,		

PINUS-Continued P. sylvestris (Sotch Pine). Hardy, quick growing screen tree. Short blue-green twisted needles. Screen or specimen. *2½ to 3 ft. _____ 3.00 *3 to 4 ft. 4.00 *4 to 5 ft. 7.50 5 to 6 ft. 10.00 PSUDOTSUGA douglasi (Douglas Fir). Pryamidal tree of dense, graceful habit. 5.00 7.50 10.00 15.00 20.00 TAXUS baccata dovastoni aureovariegata (Yellow Dovaston Yew). Low-growing, spreading branches, drooping at the end. Short green needles variegated with yellow. baccata elegantissima (Variegated English Yew). Compact, symmetrical type. Foliage close and variegated. *18 to 24 in. 5.00 — * 2 to 2½ ft. 7.00 — * 2½ to 3 ft. 9.00 — * 2½ to 3 ft. 9.00 —— T. baccata repandens (Spreading English Yew). Low-growing, spreading branches, drooping at the end. Very dark green needles Very dark green needles. Very dark green needles. *1½ to 2 ft. 5.00 *2 to 2½ ft. 7.00 *2½ to 3 ft. 9.00 *3 to 3½ ft. 12.00 *3½ to 4 ft. 15.00 *4 to 4½ ft. 20.00 5.00 47.50 7.00 67.50 9.00 —

TAXUS-Continued

	_	
Each	Per	10

42.50

4.50

T.	canadensis	(Canada	Yew).	Low	spreading	habit.
	Bronze in	Winter.	Prefers	shade.		

15	to	18	in.		3.00	27.50
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.		4.00	37.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		5.00	47.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.		7.50	67.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		10.00	97.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.		12.50	100.00
4	to	$4^{1/2}$	ft.	***************************************	15.00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$	to	5	ft.		17.50	
5	to	6	ft.		20.00	
6	to	7	ft.		25.00	
cuspi	dat	a (S	pre	ading Japanese	Yew).	Slow-
grow	ing,	bush	y ty	pe. Foliage rich,	dark gr	een.
15	to	18	in.		3.00	

15 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in. to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 6.00 57.50 2 $*2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. *3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $*3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. $*2\frac{1}{2}$ to 70.00 7.50 10.00 95.00 15.00 140.00

Т.

*Large specimens ____\$20.00 to 40.00

T. cuspidata capitata (Upright Japanese Yew). Symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Foliage rich, dark green.

>	*1½	to	2	ft.		6.50	62.50
*	[*] 2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		8.00	77.50
						10.00	97.50
;	*3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		12.50	120.00
3	*31/2	to	4	ft.		15.00	147.50
						18.00	177.50
		to	5	ft.		21.00	
	*5	to	6	ft.		25.00	
:	*6	to	8	ft.	\$30.00 to	50.00	

T. cuspidata intermedia (Spreading Japanese Yew). Slow-growing and similar to cuspidata, but much more compact.

15	to	18	in.	 4.00	37.50
18	to	24	in.	 5.00	47.50
2	to	21/2	ft.	 7.50	72.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	 10.00	95.00

T. cuspidata nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew). growing, irregular and spreading. Very dark green, broad, thick leaves.

15	to	18	ın.		5.00	4/.50
18	to	21	in.		6.25	60.00
21	to	24	in.		7.50	72.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	***************************************	10.00	95.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.		12.50	
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	************************	15.00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.		20.00	

SWAN RIVER NURSERY, Patcho	gue, N.	Y. 13
		Per 10
THUJA occidentalis (American Arbor	vitae).	Slender
pyramid, broad at base. Foliage br	onze in	Winter.
Good for hedge or sheared specime	1.85	11.50
2 to 2½ ft.	2.25	15.00
$2^{1/2}$ to 3 ft	3.00	18.50
3 to 4 ft	4.50	40.00
4 to 5 ft	6.50	60.00
5 to 6 ft	8.00	75.00
6 to 7 ft.	11.00	
7 to 8 ft * 8 to 9 ft	14.00	
* 8 to 9 ft * 9 to 10 ft	17.00 20.00	
*10 to 12 ft	25.00	
*12 to 14 ft	30.00	
*14 to 16 ft	35.00	
T. occidentalis caucasica (Caucasian Arl	orvitae)	
18 to 24 in		42.50
2 to 2½ ft	6.00	57.50
T. occidentalis Columbia (Columbia		
Strong growing pyramid. Foliage	tips have	e silvery
variegation.	0.05	
18 to 24 in	2.25	
2 to 2½ ft	3.00 4.50	
3 to 3½ ft.	5.50	
3½ to 4 ft.	6.50	
4 to 5 ft	8.00	
T. occidentalis compacta (Parsons Dwa	arf Arbo	orvitae).
Formal globe-shape with bright gree 12 to 15 in.	n ronaş 1.50	ge. 11.50
15 to 18 in.	1.85	15.00
18 to 21 in.	3.00	27.50
21 to 24 in	3.50	32.50
*2 to 2½ ft	4.00	
*2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	
T. occidentalis Elwangeriana (Tom Thu Low, broad, pyramidal type. Dense close texture.		
15 to 18 in	1.80	15.00
18 to 21 in	2.00	18.00
21 to 24 in.	2.50	22.50
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{2}$ ft.	3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00	
	5.00	
T. occidentalis ericoides (Heath Retino		
pyramidal type. Soft spreading nee above, gray-green beneath. Assume Winter.	edles; du es browr	ıll green ı tint in
18 to 24 in.	3.00	
2 to 2½ ft.	5.00	
T. occidentalis globosa (Globe Arbory compact globe. Low growing.	vitae).	Natural
12 to 15 in	1.50	11.50
15 to 18 in	1.85	15.00
18 to 21 in.	3.00	27.50
21 to 24 in	3.50	32.50
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	37.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	5.50	52.50
3 to 3½ ft.	7.00	

THUJA—Continued

T. occidentalis hoveyi (Hovey Arborvitae). Dwarf oval

Each Per 10

					, ,					
	type with dense, rich green foliage.									
	15			in.		2.00	15.00			
	$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.		2.50	22.50			
	2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		3.50				
	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.		4.50				
	3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		6.00				
	$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.		7.50				
	4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		9.00				
T.	occide	nta	lis lu	itea	(George Peabody	Arbo	rvitae).			
	Stron	ıg-g	rowin	g, p	yramidal type with	bright	yellow			
	folia	ge.								
	2	to	21/	ź ft.		3.50	32.50			
	21/	2 to	3	ft.		4.50	42.50			

	2	το	2 7/2	Γť.	 3.70	32.30
	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	 4.50	42.50
	3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 5.50	52.50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.	 6.50	62.50
	4	to	5	ft.	 8.50	
*	5	to	6	ft.	 10.50	
*	6	to	7	ft.	 14.00	
*	7	to	8	ft.	 18.00	
*	8	to	9	ft.	 22.00	
*	9	to	10	ft.	 26.00	
*]	10	to	12	ft.	 30.00	
*]	12	to	14	ft.	 35.00	
*]	14	to	16	ft.	 40.00	

T. occidentalis pyramidalis (Pyramidal Arborvitae).
Narrow, columnar type. Foliage bright green throughout Winter.

2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 3.00	27.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	 3.75	32.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 5.25	50.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.	 6.00	57.50
4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 7.00	67.50
$4\frac{1}{2}$	to	5	ft.	 8.00	75.00
5	to	6	ft.	 10.00	
6	to	7	ft.	 12.00	

1 1/2	to	2	ft.	 4.00	37.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 4.50	42.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	 5.00	47.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 5.50	52.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.	 6.00	

T. occidentalis spiralis (Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitae). Formal pyramidal type. Short fern-like branches deep green foliage.

2	to	21/2	ft.	 3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft.	 4.00	37.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	 5.00	47.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.	 6.00	57.50
4	to	5	ft.	 8.00	
5	to	6	ft.	 11.00	
6	to	7	ft.	 14.00	
7	to	8	ft.	20.00	

THUJA—Continued

		Each	Per 10
T.	occidentalis vervaeneana (Vervaen Broad pyramid. Foliage variegated to bronze in Winter.	e Arbor yellow, t	vitae). urning
	18 to 24 in.	2.25	20.00
	2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.50
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.50	42.50
	3 to 3½ ft.	6.00	57.50
	3½ to 4 ft.	7.00	
	10 to 12 ft., specimen	50.00	
T.	occidentalis wareana (Ware Arbo green, dense foliage. Broad, pyran 1½ to 2 ft.	rvitae). nidal type	Light e.
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2.25	20.00
	2 to 2½ ft	5.00	27.70
	2½ to 3 ft.	4.50	42.50
	3 to 3½ ft.	6.00 8.00	
	3½ to 4 ft	10.00	
	•		
T.	orientalis aurea nana (Berkman's vitae). Excellent for formal use an	Golden	Arbor-
	pact, rounded, dwarf type. Foliage	a warm	golden
	yellow.	a warm	5014011
	12 to 15 in	2.75	25.00
	15 to 18 in	3.50	32.50
	18 to 24 in.		
T.	orientalis aurea conspicua (Golds Erect, golden yellow foliage. 18 to 24 in.		rvitae).
	18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft	4.00	37.50
	2½ to 3 ft	5.00	
T.	orientalis elegantissima (Yellow vitae). Columnar type. Deep Winter.	rich bro	Arbor- onze in
	18 to 24 in.	3.00	
	2 to 2½ ft.	4.00	37.50
	2½ to 3 ft.		
T.	orientalis compacta (Siebold Arbory oval type. Foliage good green.		
	18 to 24 in.	3.00 4.00	27.50 37.50
	2 to 2½ ft		47.50
	3 to 4 ft		
T.	orientalis pyramidalis (Oriental P	yramidal e bright	green in
	Summer, turning to dull bronze in	. Winter.	
	2 to 2½ ft.	_ 2.50	22.50
	2½ to 3 ft.		27.50
	3 to 3½ ft.		37.50 47.50
	3 ½ to 4 ft.		57.50
	4 to 5 ft 5 to 6 ft		
	6 to 7 ft.		
	7 to 8 ft.		
	8 to 9 ft.	17.00	
	9 to 10 ft.		
	10 to 12 ft		
	12 to 14 ft.		
	14 to 16 ft	35.00	

THUJA—Continued

1110 Jii dominaca	
T. standishi (Standish Arborvitae). Vigorous growth forming a pyramid. Used in a specimen plantings. 18 to 24 in	32.50
TSUGA canadensis (Canada Hemlock). Large tree of graceful habit. Spreading h branches. May be used as clipped hedge	growing orizontal
1½ to 2 ft. 2.50 2 to 2½ ft. 3.75 2½ to 3 ft. 5.00 3 to 3½ ft. 6.50 3½ to 4 ft. 9.00	22.50 35.00
4 to 5 ft	
7 to 8 ft. 25.00 8 to 9 ft. 30.00 9 to 10 ft. 35.00	
T. diversifolia (Japanese Hemlock). Graceful s branches; dark green, glossly foliage.	
18 to 24 in. 5.00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 6.00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 7.50 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 9.00	57.50

Evergreen Shrubs

In Winter, when the landscape is almost shorn of its beauty, the bright, glossy foliage of evergreen shrubs make a brave display, and are on this account, doubly valuable.

A deep, cool, moist subsoil with proper drain the ideal soil, and a shaded position is often prefe	
the ideal soil, and a shaded position is often prefe	erable.
Each I	Per 10
AZALEA amoena (Japanese Azalea). Attractive	, pur-
ple-red flowers. April-May. Small, bright	green
leaves in Summer, turning to a rich bronze	green
in Winter. 2-3 ft.	
10 to 12 in. 2.25	20.00
12 to 15 in 2.50	22.50
15 to 18 in. 3.00	
18 to 21 in. 4.00	
A. hinodegiri (Hinodegiri Azalea). Bright, car	
pink flowers. April-May. Leaves larger than	amo-
ena and better habit. 3 to 4 ft.	
* 6 to 8 in 1.80	15.00

0 1	0 0	111.		1.00	17.00				
*10 t	o 12	in.		2.50	22.50				
*12 t	o 15	in.		3.50					
*15 t	o 18	in.		4.50					
BUXUS japonica (Globe Form, Sheared).									
10 to	12	in.		3.00					
12 to	15	in.	744-94-94-94-99-99-7-9-7-4-9-9-9-9	4.00					
15 to	18	in.		6.00					
18 to	24	in.		8.00					
2 to	21/	ft.		12.00					

BUXUS—Continued

R	Japonica (Pyramidal Form, Sheared).	Each	Per 11
ь.	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	7.00	
	2½ to 3 ft.	8.00	
	3 to 3½ ft.	11.00	
	3½ to 4 ft.	14.00	
	4 to 4½ ft.	18.00	
	$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft.	22.50	
R	japonica (Tree or Standard Form, Sh	aarad)	
ь.	12 to 18 in high 18 in crown	10.00	-
	18 to 24 in high 18 in crown	12.00	
	12 to 18 in. high, 18 in. crown 18 to 24 in. high, 18 in. crown 24 to 30 in. high, 24 in. crown	15.00	
В.	sempervirens (Common Box). Slov fashioned evergreen, very useful is colonial plantings. May be sheared to any form desired. 12-15 ft. *10 to 12 in. bushy *12 to 15 in. bushy 15 to 18 in. bushy 18 to 24 in. bushy	v-growir n form	ial and
	*10 to 12 in bushy	1 25	10.00
	*12 to 15 in bushy	2 25	20.00
	15 to 18 in bushy	3.00	27.00
	18 to 24 in bushy	4 75	
	24 to 30 in. bushy	6.50	
В.	sempervirens rotundifolia (Round-le	eaf Bo	x). A
	hardy, strong-growing type, having	a good	green,
	round leaf. 12-15 ft. 18 to 24 in.		
	18 to 24 in.	4.75	
	2 to 2½ ft.	6.50	
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	8.00	
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	10.00	
В.	sempervirens suffruticosa (True Dwarf Excellent for hedges in informal gar 6 to 8 in. 8 to 10 in. Per 100, \$30.00 10 to 12 in. Per 100, 70.00	den, 2 .50	4.00 6.00
CC	OTONEASTER horizontalis (Rock Cot spreading shrub. Small, shiny leav		
	berries. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		
	15 to 18 in	1.50	
	18 to 24 in	2.00	
EL	JONYMUS japonicus (Evergreen Burn		
	right, bushy habit. Rich, dark green 6 ft.	foliage	e. 5 to
	12 to 15 in. heavy	1.15	10.00
	15 to 18 in heavy	1.50	14.00
	18 to 24 in. heavy	2.25	20.00
	2 to 2½ ft. heavy	3.00	27.50
	2½ to 3 ft. heavy		35.00
	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ to 3 ft. heavy 3 to $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ ft. heavy	4.50	42.50
	3½ to 4 ft. heavy	6.00	57.50
	3½ to 4 ft. heavy 4 to 5 ft. heavy	7.50	72.50
_			
E.	japonicus albovariegatus (Silverspot		gbush).
	Erect bush with shiny green leaves, a silvery tone. Grows to 4 to 5 ft.	variegat	ed with
	12 to 15 in	1.25	11.50
	15 to 18 in 18 to 24 in	1.75	16.00
	18 to 24 in.	2.50	22.50
	2 to 2½ ft	3.25	30.00

EUONYMUS—Continued

Each	Per	10

		_
E. japonicus aureus (Gold-leaf Burr	ingbush).	Erect
bush with shiny green leaves varie	gated with	bright
yellow. Grows to 4 to 5 ft.		
12 to 15 in	1.25	11.50
15 to 19 in	1 75	16.00
18 to 24 in.	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft.		
E. radicans (Wintercreeper). Low tra		
E. radicans (Wintercreeper). Low tra	uling or cl	ımbıng
plant, sometimes climbing to 15	or 20 ft.	Excel-
lent for undergrowth in evergreen	borders or	cover-
ing walls and house foundations.		
2 years		3.50
3 years		6.00
4 years		13.50
5 years	2.00	18.00
E. radicans acutus (Sharpleaf Winter	rereasor	Habit
E. radicans acutus (Sharpleaf Winter similar to radicans. Long, narro	l loaves	nurnia
tinted underneath.	ow leaves,	purpie
2 years	50	3.50
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	75 75	
		6.00
4 years		13.50
E. acutus colorata (Wintercreeper).	Trailing vii	ne with
bright red winter foliage. 3 years		
		90.00
4 years		14.00
E. radicans variegatus (Variegated Similar to radicans. Foliage	Wintercr	eener).
Similar to radicans Foliage	variegated	with
creamy white and pink.	, arrogaro	
2 years	.50	3 50
3 years	7-5	
4 years	1.50	13.50
5 years	2.00	13.50 18.00
E. radicans vegetus (Bigleaf Winters growing, shrubby vine. Handso	creeper).	Strong
growing, shrubby vine. Handso	me round	green
leaf. Abundant scarlet fruit.		U
2 years	75	6.00
3 years		8.00
4 years		13.50
5 years		18.00
HEDERA helix (English Ivy). Ev	ergreen, c	linging
vine.		
Medium plants	35	3.00
Strong plants	.50	4.50
Extra strong plants	80	7.50
ILEX crenata (Japanese Holly). Rap	oid growin	g ever-
green shrub. Glossy, dark gree		
	ii icaves.	Diack
fruit. Grows to 6 to 8 ft.		
15 to 18 in 18 to 24 in		27.50
18 to 24 in.		37.50
2 to 2½ ft.		47.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.		62.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		77.50
3½ to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.		
4 to 5 ft.		
7 10 / 11.	15.00 20.00	

ILEX—Continued

ILLX—Continued	
I. glabra (Inkberry). Dense growing shrub. dark green leaves. Does well in shade. 5 to	Per 10 Shiny,
dark green leaves. Does well in shade. 5 to	o 6 ft.
12 to 15 in. 2.00	18.00
15 to 18 in 2.75	25.00
18 to 24 in	
18 to 24 in 4.00	37.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5.00	47.50
I. opaca (American Holly). Shrub or small Short spreading branches. Does best in mois	l tree. st, par-
tially shaded location. 25 to 30 ft. 2 to 2½ ft	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3.50	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 4.00	
3 to 4 ft 4.50	
KALMIA latifolia (Mountain-laurel). Dark gree iage with showy clusters of pink flowers in	
Likes shade. Grows to 5 to 7 ft.	
	20.00
15 to 18 in 2.25	20.00
1 ½ to 2 ft 2.30	22.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3.75	35.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 5.00	45.00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 7.00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 9.00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft 13.00	
5 to 6 ft 15.00	
LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium (Box Sandmyrtle).	D
ly branched, low evergreen shrub, white bl	ossoms
produced in profusion.	
•	1250
	12.50
18 to 21 in. 2.00	
LEUCOTHOE catesbaei (Drooping Leucothoe).	Shruh
220 GO TITO D' CALCADACT (D'TOOPING DEGLEOTING):	Dillab
with spreading, slender branches. Lustrous	green
leaves. Rich Autumn color. White flowers. June. 3 to 4 ft.	May-
12 to 15 in. 2.00	18.00
15 to 18 in 2.25	20.00
18 to 24 in 2.75	25.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3.50	32.50
_ 10 _ 1/2 111	, =., 0
MAHONIA aquifolia (Oregon Hollygrape). Eve	rgreen
shrub having shiny green leaves which are	Dronze
in Winter. Showy yellow flowers. May-June well in half shade. 4 to 5 ft.	. Does
12 to 18 in 1.35	12.50
12 to 18 in 1.35 18 to 24 in 2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft	32.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 4.00	37.50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5.00	
PACHYSANDRA terminalis (Japanese Pachysa	ndra)
Evergreen trailing vine. Dark green leaves.	Small
spikes of whitish flowers in May. Good of	ground
cover in shade where grass will not grow. 6 Medium plants100, \$20.00 .25 Strong plants	in.
Medium plants100, \$20.00 .25	2.15
Strong plants100, 25.00 .30	2.75
	2.,,

20	SWAN	RIVER	NURSERY,	Patchogue,	<u>N.</u>	Y	

	Each :	Per 10
PIERIS floribunda (Mountain Andromed round, dwarf shrub. Dense dark masses of white flowers in early Sp partial shade. 4 ft.	a). Co green f ring. I	mpact, oliage; Best in
15 to 18 in.	4.50	42.50
15 to 18 in	4.50 6.50	57.50
2 to 2½ ft	7.50	
P. japonica (Japanese Andromeda). I shrub. Foliage rich green, gracefu clusters. Partial shade. May. Grov 15 to 18 in	Dense g 1 white vs to 4	growing flower to 5 ft.
15 to 18 in	4.00	37.50
19 to 74 in	5.00	
2 to 2½ ft.	7.50	
YUCCA filamentosa (Common Yucca).	Long,	narrow
leaves. Many creamy nowers on ta	II HOWE	spire.
Stuana plants	_ 1.00	9.00
Strong plants Extra strong plants	1.50	14.00
RHODODENDRON		
	hadada	ndron)
Rhododendron carolinianum (Carolina F Compact, bushy shrub. Bright pink June. 4 to 6 ft.	flowers	s. May-
June. 4 to 0 It.	4.50	42.50
18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft	5.00	47.50
$\frac{2}{2^{1/2}}$ to $\frac{2^{1/2}}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$	6.00	
2½ to 3 ft.	7.50	
3 to 3½ ft	9.00	
R. catawbiense (Catawba Rhododendron rose flowers. May-June. 6 to 9 ft). Larg	ge, deep
2 to 2½ ft.	4.50	42.50
2½ to 3 ft.	5.50	52.50
$\frac{2}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft.	6.50	62.50
31/2 to 4 ft.	7.50	72.50
R. maximum (Rosebay Rhododendron) leaves with abundant white to lig	Large ht pink	e, heavy blooms
in June. 8 to 12 ft.	2 =-	22.50
2 to 2½ ft. specimens	3.75	32.50
212 to 3 ft. specimens	5.25	50.00
2 to 21/2 ft specimens	6.00	57.50
3½ to 4 ft. specimens	6.75	65.00
4 to 5 ft. specimens	7.50	70.00
5 to 6 ft. specimens	9.00	85.00
3 to 4 ft. specimens 4 to 5 ft. specimens 5 to 6 ft. specimens 6 to 7 ft. specimens	12.00	
HYBRID RHODODENDR	ONS	
1½ to 2 ft.	7.50	
	9.00	
2/2 00 21/		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.		
4 to 4½ ft.		
7 10 7/2 11.		

Atrosanguineum. Dark red. 18 to 24 in.

RHODODENDRONS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
Album elegans. Large white.		
4½ to 5 ft. 5 to 5½ ft.		
) to 1/2 ft.		
Boule de Neige. Pure white.	7.00	
*12 to 18 in.	7.00	
*12 to 18 in. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft.		
Candidissimum. White. 3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft.		
3½ to 4 ft.		
Caractacus. Rich crimson.		
3½ to 4ft.		
Charles Dickens. Rich crimson.		
2 to 2½ ft		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.		
3 to 3½ ft.		
3½ to 4 ft.		
Catawbiense album. White.		
2 to 2½ ft.		
Everestianum. Red.		
18 to 24 in		
H. H. Hunnewell. Rich, dark crimson.		
2½ to 3 ft		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		
H. W. Sargent. Crimson. 2½ to 3 ft.		
Ignatius Sargent. Pink. 12 to 18 in.		
2 to 2½ ft.		
Ingersoll.		
2½ to 3 ft		
Kettledrum Crimson.		
3 to 3½ ft.		
Lady Clermont. Dark red.		
3½ to 4 ft.		
3½ to 4 ft		
I - In Comp France Plant		
Lady Grey Egerton. Blush.		
3 ½ to 4 ft. 4 to 4½ ft.		
Parsons Grandiflora. Lavender. 18 to 24 in.		
2 to 2½ ft.		
D 1 T:		
Roseum elegans. Fine rose.		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		

Deciduous Trees

Nothing can be planted which will grow so well and with so little attention and care as trees. The initial cost is small and paid for many times over by the beauty, pleasure and satisfaction which they bring.

Our collection includes trees adapted for all loca-

E . L D. . 10

tions, climates and soils.

									Eacn	Per 10
										growing,
							ches	. Le	aves sil	very un-
de	rnea	ith.	60) to	80	ft.				
10	to	12	ft.,	2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	in.		6.00	55.00
12	to	16	ft.,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	in.		7.50	72.50

12	to	16	ft.,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	in.	 7.50	72.50
				3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	in.	 10.00	95.00
				$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	in.	 12.00	
				4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$	in.	 15.00	
				$4\frac{1}{2}$	to	5	in.	 20.00	
				5	to	$5\frac{1}{2}$	in.	 25.00	
				$5\frac{1}{2}$	to	6	in.	 30.00	

A. dasycarpum pyramidalis (Pyramidal Silver Maple).
A narrow type with erect branches. 60 to 80 ft.

20	to	20	rt.,	3 1/2	to	4	ın.	 12.00	
				4	to	$4\frac{1}{2}$	in.	 15.00	
				$4\frac{1}{2}$	to	5	in.	 20.00	
				5	to	$5\frac{1}{2}$	in.	 25.00	
				$5\frac{1}{2}$	to	6	in.	 30.00	

ginnala (Amur Maple). Shrubby tree to 10 or 12 ft. Graceful and valuable for bright autumn foliage. A. ginnala

2	to	3	ft.	 1.50	
3	to	4	ft.	 2.00	18.00
4	to	5	ft.	 2.50	

A. negundo (Box Elder). Rapid growing tree. Medium height. 8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. ______ 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. _____ 2.50 22.50 3.50

A. Pennsylvanicum (Striped Maple). Green bark striped white. 8 ft. 6 to 4.00 8 to 10 ft. 5.00

A. platanoides (Norway Maple). Excellent street tree forming a round, symmetrical head. 50 to 75 ft.

12	to	14	ft.,	$1\frac{1}{4}$	to	$1\frac{1}{2}$	in.	 4.25	41.00
14	to	16	ft.,	$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	$1\frac{3}{4}$	in.	 5.50	52.50
				$1\frac{3}{4}$	to	2	in.	 6.50	62.50
				2	to	$2\frac{1}{4}$	in.	 7.50	72.50
				$2\frac{1}{4}$	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	in.	 9.75	95.00
				*21/2	to	3	in.	 12.00	117.50
				*3	to	31/2	in	15.00	147.50

ACER—Continued

						Per 10
A.	Somewhat slo have a silvery	wer gro variega	wth tion.	than 40 to	the type.	Maple). Leaves
	*6 to 8 ft *8 to 10 ft				5.00	
A.	platanoides re Maple). Lea 50 to 75 ft.	itenbach ves pur	ni (R ple.	eitenb Brillia	ach Purp ant Fall	le-leaved coloring.
	*12 to 14 ft.,	$1\frac{3}{4}$ t *2 t	0 2	in.	6.00 7.00	
		$*2\frac{1}{4}$ t	o 2½	in.	8.50	
		*2½ t *3 t	o 3 o 3½		10.00 15.00	
A.	platanoides so Maple). Lea ing to green in	ves a b 1 Midsu	ronzy- mmer.	purple 50 i	e in Spri	ng turn-
	*12 to 14 ft.,	$1\frac{3}{4}$ t *2 t	o 2	in.		57.50 67.50
		*2½ t	o 2½	in.	7.00 8.50	67.50 82.50
		$*2\frac{1}{2}$ t	o 3	in.	10.00	95.00
		*3 t	o 3½	in.	15.00	140.00
		*3½ t *4 t	o 4 o 4½	in.	20.00 25.00	190.00
Α.	platanoides sp Leaves slight Purple-pink.	ly sma	ller			
	*3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 i *4 to 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ i	n n			25.00	
Δ	pseudoplatanus					vi govous
Λ.	growing tree. 75 ft.	Symm	etrical	roun	ded head	. 50 to
	*10 to 14 ft.,	13/4 t	0 2	in.	5.00	45.00
		*2 t *2½ t	0 2 1/2	in.	7.50 10.00	70.00 95.00
		*3 t	$0.3\frac{1}{2}$	in.	12.50	120.00
		*3½ t	0 4	in.	15.00	145.00
		*4 t	0 41/2	in.	17.50	
	-1 (D.13)	*4½ t			20.00	
Α.	rubrum (Red M Scarlet flowers	aple).	Large	tree '	with dense Brilliant	toliage.
	coloring. Wil	l grow	in mo	oist pla	ace. 50 t	o 75 ft.
	*12 to 16 ft.,	2½ t	0 3	in.	10.00	
		*3 to	o 3½	in	12.00 14.00	
Α.	saccharum (Sug	ar Map	le).	Good	street tree	e. More
	erect growth t	han No	rway .	Maple	. 50 to 7	75 ft.
	*14 to 16 ft.,					
		$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to	o 3½ o 4	in	18.00 20.00	
		*4 to	$54\frac{1}{2}$	in	25.00	
		$*4\frac{1}{2}$ to	o 5	in	30.00	
		*5 to	o 5½	in	40.00	
		*5½ to	0 7	in.	50.00 60.00	
		7 t	0 8		75.00	

JAPANESE MAPLES

JATATOBE WATERS				
Each F	er 10			
Acer japonicum aureum (Goldenmoon Maple).	Very			
Acer japonicum aureum (Goldenmoon Maple). slow growing dwarf tree having a good g foliage. 6 to 8 ft.	olden			
*4 to 4½ ft 25.00				
A. palmatum dissectum (Threadleaf Maple).	Dwarf			
tree; slow growth, forming flat round head. F	oliage			
is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft.	omage			
*3 to 3½ ft				
$*3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 30.00				
*3½ to 4 ft. 30.00 *4 to 5 ft. 35.00				
A. palmatum atropurpureum (Bloodleaf Japanes	. Ma			
ple). Rich purple leaves all Summer.	Makes			
splendid lawn specimen. 6 to 8 ft. $\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{2}$ ft. $\frac{12.00}{21}$ to 3 ft. $\frac{13.50}{21}$				
2 to 2 72 it 12.00 2 ½ to 3 ft 13.50				
3 to 4 ft 15.00				
*7 to 8 ft. specimens 35.00				
AESCULUS hippocastanum (Horsechestnut).	Large			
symmetrical tree. A profusion of white flower long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 2½ to 3 in. 9.00	ers on			
long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft.				
8 to 10 ft., 2½ to 3 in 9.00				
8 to 10 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. 9.00 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. 10.50 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in. 12.00 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. 13.50 $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. 15.00 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in 20.00				
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in 12.00				
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in 13.50				
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in 15.00				
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. 20.00				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
verse city conditions. 50 to 60 ft.				
6 to 8 ft 1.50	12.50			
8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in 1.75	17.00			
10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. 2.50	24.50			
AINUS incana pandula (Waaping Alder) Gra	ceful			
ALNUS incana pendula (Weeping Alder). Gradrooping tree. Good green foliage. 20 ft.	icci ui,			
*12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in 10.00				
*3 to 3½ in 15.00				
*12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in 10.00 *3 to 3½ in 15.00 *3½ to 4 in 20.00				
AMYGDALUS persica (Flowering Peach). A profusion of double pink, red or white blossoms before the				
leaves appear. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft 1.00				
3 to 4 ft 1.50				
4 to 5 ft 2.00				
5 to 6 ft 2.50				
6 to 7 ft 3.00				
7 to 8 ft. 3.50				
8 to 9 ft 5.00				
ARALIA spinosa (Devils-walkingstick). Stout covered with thorns. Large foliage gives tr	opical			
effect. Clusters of white blossoms in Augus	t, fol-			
lowed by dark purple berries. 18 to 20 ft.	6.00			
3 to 4 ft	6.00			
4 to 5 ft 1.00	9.00			
5 to 6 ft 1.25	11.50			
6 to 8 ft. 1.50	14.00			
8 to 10 ft. 2.00	17.50			
10 to 12 ft. 2.50	22.50			

	Each	Per 10
BETULA alba (European White Birch). tree with thin drooping branches. B	Tall,	graceful
Does well in poor soil. 30 to 50 ft.	ark ver	y white.
6 to 8 ft :	2.50	
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in	3.50	32.50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	4.50	
B. alba laciniata (Cutleaf Weeping Birch	0.00	C 11
drooping tree. Suitable for lawn pl	anting.	30-40
6 to 8 ft.	4.00	
8 to 10 ft	5.50	
10 to 12 ft	7.00	
B. lutea (Yellow Birch). Quick growing 6 to 8 ft.	2.25	50 ft.
8 to 10 ft.	2.50	21.00 24.00
10 to 12 ft.	3.00	
B. populifolia (Gray Birch). Slender white bark. 30 to 40 ft.	tree;	grayish
6 to 8 ft	1.75	16.00
8 to 10 ft.	2.25	21.00
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	3.00 4.00	27.00
2 to 272 in.	4.00	
CARPINUS betulus (European Hornbe slow growing tree. Smooth, gray be feet.	eam). irk. 2	Bushy, to 30
6 to 7 ft	3.00	
7 to 8 ft	4.00	
8 to 10 ft	6.00	
10 to 12 ft	8.00	
CATALPA bignonioides nana (Umbrella grafted on straight ends, 4-6 ft. hig cal, round head makes this a useful t planting. 10 to 15 ft.	h. Syr ree for	mmetri- formal
4 to 6 ft. stems, 3-yr. head	3.50	32.50
4 to 6 ft. stems, 4-yr. head	4.00	37.50 52.50
4 to 8 ft. stems, 3-yr. head4 to 8 ft. stems (specimens) \$6.00 to	10.00	52.50
C. speciosa (Western Catalpa). Tall, tree. Useful for seashore planting.	rapid-s	growing
8 to 10 ft., 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.	1.50	
10 to 12 ft 11/2 to 2 in	2 00	
10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.	3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.	3.00 4.50 6.00	42.50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	6.00 7.50	
372 to 4 in.	7.50	
CORNUS florida (White-flowering Dogw symmetrical tree with spreading oper dant white flowers in early Spring. Fall. 20 to 25 ft.	rood). 1 top. Red be	Small, Abun- rries in
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	12.50
4 to 5 ft	2.50	22.50
5 to 6 ft 6 to 8 ft., heavy	5.00	45.00
6 to 8 ft., heavy 8 to 10 ft., heavy	8.00 10.00	
10 to 12 ft., heavy	15.00	
, ,		

CORNUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
C. florida rubra (Red-flowering Dogwoo		
type to Cornus florida. Profuse pin	ak flower	s more
persistent than the white 15 to 20	fr.	o more
persistent than the white. 15 to 20 *2 to 3 ft.	4.00	
*3 to 4 ft.	6.00	
*4 to 5 ft	7.50	
CRATÆGUS coccinea (Thicket Hawtho	rn). Sm.	all tree
to 15 or 20 ft. with shiny bright gre	en leaves	. Scar-
let fruit. 6 to 8 ft	4.50	42.50
		42.50
8 to 10 ft.		
C. oxycantha (English Hawthorn). Sm	all slow-g	rowing
tree. Sweet-scented, white flowers,	followed	by red
fruit. 12 to 15 ft.		
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	
5 to 6 ft.	2.50	
6 to 7 ft	3.50	
7 to 8 ft	5.00	
8 to 10 ft.	6.50	
C. oxycantha alboplena (Double Engl	ish Hawi	chorn).
Clusters of double white flowers. R		15 ft.
5 to 6 ft		
6 to 8 ft	5.00	
8 to 10 ft.		
10 to 12 ft.	10.00	
C. oxycantha splendens (Pauls Double thorn). Abundant showy scarlet flo	e Scarlet	Haw-
thorn). Abundant showy scarlet flo	wers. 12	2 to 15
ft.		
3 to 4 ft	2.25	
4 to 5 ft	3.25	
5 to 6 ft	4.50	
6 to 8 ft.	5.50	
8 to 10 ft.	7.00	
C. oxycantha rosea plena (Double Pi	nk Haw	thorn).
Double pale pink flowers in profusion	on. 12 to	15 ft.
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	
6 to 8 ft.	5.00	
8 to 10 ft	7.00	
FACILIC : (A : D 1)	т	1.
FAGUS americana (American Beech).	Large spi	reading
tree. Smooth gray bark is especia Winter. 80 to 90 ft.	lly attrac	tive in
Winter. 80 to 90 ft.	7.50	
* 6 to 8 ft.		
* 8 to 10 ft *10 to 12 ft	9.00 12.00	
	15.00	
F. sylvatica (European Beech). A tree	branchir	ig very
close to the ground. Retains leaves	nearly a	ll Win-
ter. 40 to 50 ft.		
ter. 40 to 50 ft. *12 to 14 ft.	40.00	
*14 to 16 ft	50.00	
F. sylvatica pendula (Weeping Beech).	A sturc	lv. pic.
F. sylvatica pendula (Weeping Beech). turesque tree with drooping branches	hanging	nearly
to the ground. Lustrous green le	aves in	masses.
to the ground. Lustrous green le 25 to 30 ft.		
*10 to 12 ft	45.00	
*12 to 14 ft.	60.00	
*14 to 16 ft.	75.00	

SWAIN RIVER NURSERI, Fateno	gue, IV.	1. 2/
FAGUS—Continued	Each	Dor 10
F. sylvatica purpurea (Purple-leaved	Basch)	Tan
branching, symmetrical tree. Brig- dish-purple leaves. 40 to 50 ft.	ht, gloss	y, red-
* 8 to 10 ft	30.00	
*10 to 12 ft,		
*12 to 14 ft		
*14 to 16 ft specimens	45.00	
*16 to 18 ft specimens	50.00	
*14 to 16 ft., specimens	60.00	
F. sylvatica riversi (Rivers Beech). Low	branches	s, com-
pact, symmetrical growth. The attra	active fol	liage is
bright purple in early Spring, darke	ning to	a deep
rich purple as the season advances.	30 to 4	O ft.
* 9 to 10 ft.	30.00	
* 9 to 10 ft	35.00	
*12 to 14 ft.	40.00	
12 to 17 ft	D 1)	_
F. sylvatica rosomarginata (Rose-pink metrical tree. Foliage has unusually	Beech). rosy-pink	Sym- varie-
gations. 30 to 40 ft.	25.00	
* 6 to 8 ft	_22.00	
* 8 to 10 ft. *10 to 12 ft.	30.00	
FRAXINUS americana (White Ash).	Rapid gr	rowing.
native tree with clean, straight tru	ınk. G	ood in
6 to 8 ft.	1.50	
8 to 10 ft.	2.00	
10 to 12 ft.	2.50	
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	7 50	
3 to 31/2 in	8.50	
$\frac{3}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ in. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in. $\frac{1}{2}$	10.00	
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{4}{10}$ in	12.00	
GINKGO biloba (Maidenhair Tree). U attractive open, irregular head. Re	pright tr	ee with
unfavorable city conditions. 50 to	75 fr	oro arra
* 6 0 4- 1 11/	2 00	27.50
* 8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½ in * 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in 2 to 2½ in 2½ to 3 in 3 to 3½ in 3½ to 4 in	1.00	
810 12 ft., 174 to 172 in.	4.00	37.50
"10 to 12 it., 1½ to 2 in	6.00	57.50
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2}$ in	10.00	90.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	15.00	140.00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	20.00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in	25.00	
GLEDITSIA triacanthos (Common Hon	evlocust)	. Tall.
GLEDITSIA triacanthos (Common Hon thorny tree. Very fragrant, white Thrives in gravelly soil. 60 to 70:	flowers.	May.
6 to 8 ft	1.50	14.00
6 to 8 ft8 to 10 ft	2.00	17.00
10 to 12 ft.	2.00	
VOLUMENTA : 1 (XX : 1	7.70	C 11
KOELREUTERIA paniculata (Varnish tree of irregular outline. Produces a	mass of	Small bright
yellow flowers. June-July. 25 to 3	U It.	
*4 to 5 ft	1.50	
7 10 0 11.	2.50	
*6 to 8 ft	3.50	
LARIX europaea (European Larch). symmetrical tree. Attractive light gr	Rapid g een folia	rowing. 1ge. 60
to 75 ft.	1.00	
*2 to 3 ft	1.00	
*3 to 4 ft.	1.50	
*4 to 5 ft	2.00	
*5 to 6 ft	2.50	

LARIX—Continued

		LARIX—Continued	
		Each 1	Per 10
L. leptole	epsis (Ja	panese Larch). A very fast gr	rowing
tree.	Extrem	panese Larch). A very fast gr ely attractive, light green foliage	
		2.50 3.50	22.50
	o 8 ft.	3.50	32.50
8 t	o 10 ft.	4.50	42.50
LIOUID	AMBAR	styraciflua (Sweet-gum). Tal	l tree
havi	ng corky	bark and glossy, star-shaped	leaves.
Attra	active A	utumn coloring. Thrives in	moist
place	es. 50 to	o 60 ft.	
*7 t	o 8 ft.	5.00	
*8 to	o 10 ft.,	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in, 8.00	
		*2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 12.00	
		*3½ to 4 in 20.00	
LIRIODE	ENDRON	tulipifera (Tulip-tree). St	raight,
rapio	l growing	g tree. Tulip-like, pale yellow fl	lowers.
-		0 to 80 ft.	
*6 t	o 8 ft.	2.00	
*8 to	o 10 ft.,	1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in 2.50	
		*1½ to 2 in 3.00	
		*2 to 2½ in. 5.00 *2½ to 3 in. 7.50	
		*3 to 3½ in 10.00	
MALUS	atrosangu	ninea (Carmine Crab). Small tre on of bright red blossoms. 12 to	e hav-
ing a	profusio	on of bright red blossoms. 12 to	15 ft. 15.00
		2.00	18.00
5 to		2.50	22.50
6 to	8 ft	3.50	
		ild Sweet Crab). Fragrant ligh	
bloor		nd Sweet Clab). Pragram ngn	t pilik
		1.75	15.00
4 to		2.00	18.00
		2.50	22.50
6 to	8 ft	3.50	
M. floribu	ında (Ja	panese Flowering Crab). Single,	white
flowe	rs which	are pink in Eud, cover the tree. Fall. Blossoms early Spring.	Fruit
attra	ctive in	Fall. Blossoms early Spring.	12 to
15 ft		2.00	10.00
		2.00 2.50	18.00 22.50
		3.00	27.50
		4.00	
		Bechtel Crab). Fragrant, double te Spring. 12 to 15 ft.	pink
		1.75	
		2.00	18.00
4 to	5 ft	2.50	22.50
		3.00	
6 to	8 ft	4.00	
M neidz	vetzkvana	(Red Vein Crab). Attractive	deen
pink	flowers.		чеер
4 to	5 ft.	2.00	
5 to	6 ft	2.50	
6 to	8 ft	3.50	

MALUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
M. scheideckeri (Scheideckeri Crab). Do flowers. Large yellow fruit. 10 to 3 to 4 ft	uble de	ep pink
3 to 4 ft	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft	2.50	22.50
5 to 6 ft	3.00	27.50
6 to 7 ft		37.50
MORUS alba pendula (Teas Weeping M weeping tree with dense growing b ing to the ground. 6 to 10 ft.	ulberry) ranches	. Small droop-
4 to 6 ft. stems, 2-yr. head	5.00	47.50
4 to 6 ft. stems, 3-yr. head	6.00	
4 to 6 ft. stems, 4-yr. head	7.50	
PAULOWNIA tomentosa (Royal Paulov growing tree to 30 ft. Very large *6 to 8 ft.	leaves.	
PLATANUS orientalis (Oriental Plane) ing tree with wide spreading, sym	. Rapi metrica	l head.
Excellent tree for city planting as it	withstan	ds both
insect pests and city conditions. 70	to 80 f	t.
*10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	4.00	39.00
*2 to 2½ in	6.50	62.50
*2 to 3 in *2 to 3 in	10.00	//.50
$3^{1/2}$ to 4 in.	12.00	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in	14.00	
ing tree with wide spreading, sym Excellent tree for city planting as it insect pests and city conditions. 70 *10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in *2 to 2½ in *2½ to 3 in *3 to 3½ in 3½ to 4 in 4 to 4½ in 4½ to 5 in	16.00	
POPULUS candicans (Balm-of-Gilead P	oplar). lv. Lar	Rapid ge buds
are fragrant in the Spring. 50 to 60 8 to 10 ft 10 to 12 ft	1.50	12.50
P. eugenei (Carolina Poplar). Very rapi Thrives in poor, dry soil. 60 to 75	d growi	ng tree.
8 to 10 ft 1 to 1½ in	1.27	10.00 12.50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	1.75	
Thrives in poor, dry soil. 60 to 75 *6 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in. 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in. 12 to 14 ft.	2.50	
P. nigra italica (Lombardy Poplar). Taright tree, branching to the ground.	ll. narr	ow, up-
6 to 8 ft.	1.00	/) It. 0.00
8 to 10 ft.	1.50	9.00 12.50
10 to 12 ft	2.00 2.50	18.00
12 to 14 ft.		22.50
P. simoni (Simon Poplar). Small hardy	tree.	
* 6 to 8 ft.	2.00	
* 8 to 10 ft. *10 to 12 ft.	2.50 3.00	
PRUNUS cerasifera (Myrabalan Plum plum. Blossoms white tinted pink. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	4.00	owering
	4.50	
P. Beni Hagan. Large pink flowering ch	erry.	
3 to 4 ft	4.00 4.50	
r to / It.	4.70	

PRUNUS—Continued

EI. D. 10
P. cerasifera pissardi (Purple-leaf Plum). Small tree
with dark purple leaves and small, pinkish-white
flowers. 12 to 15 ft.
4 to 5 ft 2.00 —
5 to 6 ft 2.50 —
6 to 8 ft 3.50 —
P. Kanzan. Pink flowering Japanese Cherry.
4 to 5 ft
P. Kofugen. Double pink flowering Japanese Cherry.
4 to 5 ft. 3.50 — 5 to 6 ft. 4.50 —
P. Onaden. Semi-double rose pink buds. White flowers.
flowers. 4 to 5 ft
P. sieboldi pendula (Weeping Japanese Cherry). Grace-
ful, weeping tree, completely covered with pink blossoms in early Spring. 12 to 15 ft.
*4 to 6 ft. stem. light 5.00 ——
*4 to 6 ft. stem, strong 8.50 ——
*6 to 8 ft. stem \$10.00 to 15.00
Specimens 25.00
P. Veitchi, J. H. Double pink flowering Japanese Cherry.
3 to 4 ft 4.00 —
4 to 5 ft 4.50 —
PTELIA trifoliata (Common Hoptree). Small, round-
headed tree to 20 ft.
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft 1.25 ——
QUERCUS coccinea (Scarlet Oak). Tall tree. Foliage
takes on brilliant Autumn coloring. 75 to 90 ft.
*12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in 7.50
$*2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in 9.00
takes on brilliant Autumn coloring. 75 to 90 ft. *12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in 7.50 *2½ to 3 in 9.00 *3 to 3½ in 12.00
Q. palustris (Pin Oak). Symmetrical, pyramidal tree
with graceful, drooping branches. Foliage deeply
cut. Fine lawn or street tree. 75 to 80 ft.
*10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in 7.50 ————————————————————————————————————
*2 to 2½ in 9.00
*2½ to 3 in 12.00 *3 to 3½ in 15.00
*3½ to 4 in 18.00 —
*4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. 22.00 —
*4½ to 5 in 26.00 ——
Q. rubra (Red Oak). Comparatively rapid growing
tree of spreading, symmetrical habit. Brilliant red.
Autumn coloring. 80 to 90 ft.
*12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in 9.00 —
*12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in 9.00
J 10 J / 2 III 17.00

TILIA—Co	ontinued	
	Each Per 1	
T. cordata (Littleleaf Europe	an Linden). Strong-grov	w-
		nt
ing, symmetrical tree. S greenish blossoms. 50 to * 8 to 10 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2 *Specimen, 2½ to 3 *Specimen, 3½ to 4 *Specimen, 4 to 4 *Specimen, 4½ to 5 Touchlora (Crimean Lind	o 60 ft.	
* 8 to 10 ft	3.00	_
*Smariman 21/ to 2	½ in /.00	_
*Specimen, 2½ to 3	16 in 15 00	
*Specimen 3½ to 4	in 20.00 —	
*Specimen, 4 to 4	½ in 25.00 —	_
*Specimen, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5	in 30.00	_
		sy
leaves. Good street tree.	50 to 60 ft.	
*Specimen, 3 to 3 *Specimen, 3½ to 4 T. heterophylla (Beetree Lind	½ in 15.00 —	_
*Specimen, 3½ to 4	in 18.00	_
T. heterophylla (Beetree Lind	len). A handsome Linde	n
with leaves dark, shiny	green above and silver	ry
*10 to 12 ft 21/2 to 2	in 10.00	
*Specimen 3 to 3	1/2 in 15.00 ==	
*Specimen 3½ to 4	in 20.00 —	_
*Specimen, 4 to 4	½ in. 25.00 —	_
*Specimen, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5	in 30.00 —	
T. tomentosa (Silver Linden). Broad, pyramidal tre	e.
beneath. 50 to 60 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 *Specimen, 3 to 3 *Specimen, 3½ to 4 *Specimen, 4½ to 5 T. tomentosa (Silver Linden Leaves silvery gray unde *Specimen. 3 to 3	rneath. 60 to 70 ft.	
*Specimen, 3 to 3	½ in 15.00 —	_
*Specimen, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4	in 20.00 —	
*4 to 4	½ in 25.00 —	_
*4½ to 5	in 30.00 —	_
*Specimen, 3 ½ to 4 *Specimen, 3½ to 4 *4 to 4 *4½ to 5 *5 T. platyphyllos (Bigleaf Euro	72 in 37.00 —	_
orous growing tree Light	ht green foliage. 60 to 7	g- 70
ft.	in green foliage. 00 to 7	
ft. *12 to 14 ft., 4 to 4\frac{1}{2} to 5\frac{1}{2} T. vulgaris (European Linc Compact, symmetrical to June. 60 to 70 ft. *6 to 8 ft. *10 to 12 ft., 2\frac{1}{2} to 3 *Specimen, 3 \frac{1}{2} to 3 *Specimen, 3 \frac{1}{2} to 4 *Specimen, 4 to 4 *Specimen, 4 to 4 *Specimen, 4\frac{1}{2} to 5 *Specimen, 5 to 5	½ in 20.00 —	_
$*4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5	in 25.00 —	
T. vulgaris (European Line	den). Vigorous growin	g.
Compact, symmetrical t	ree. Fragrant flowers	in
June. 60 to 70 ft.		
* 6 to 8 ft.	4.50 —	_
*10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3	in 15.00 —	_
*Specimen, 3 to 3	½ in 20.00 —	_
*Specimen, 3½ to 4	in 25.00 ——	_
*Specimen, 4 to 4	in 35.00 —	
*Specimen, 5 to 5	½ in 40.00 —	_
Specimen, 7 to 7	72 111.	
ULMUS americana (America	an Elm). Tall symmetric	al
tree, gracefully drooping	Good street tree. 80	to
100 ft.	1/ : 275 25 6	
* 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1	½ in 2.75 25.0)0
1 ½ to 2	in 4.00 ½ in 5.50	_
*2½ to 3		
2/2 10 5	in 7.00	
*3 to 3	in 7.00 —	_
*3 to 3	in 7.00 —— 1/2 in 8.50 ——	_
U. Campestris (English Elm)). Round topped, densel	_
U. Campestris (English Elm)). Round topped, dense.	l _y
branched tree. *6 to 8 ft.). Round topped, dense	l _y
U. Campestris (English Elm) branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft.		ly
U. Campestris (English Elm) branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft.		ly
U. Campestris (English Elm) branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft. U. pumila (Moline Elm). A habit. Forms dense syr	3.50 — 3.50 — 4.00 — 4.00 A vigorous grower of goommetrical head.	ly d
U. Campestris (English Elm) branched tree. *6 to 8 ft. *8 to 10 ft. U. pumila (Moline Elm). A habit. Forms dense syn	3.50 — 3.50 — 4.00 — 4.00 A vigorous grower of goommetrical head.	ly d

Deciduous Shrubs

Hardy, flowering shrubs develop more quickly than any class of trees, and are, therefore, indispensable for filling a new lawn where it is desirable to get something to make a show as quickly as possible.

It is our aim to produce everything in flowering shrubbery that is useful, hardy, and worthy of cultivation.

bery that is useful, hardy, and worthy of cultivation.
ABELIA grandiflora (Glossy Abelia). Dwarf shrub. Glossy green foliage; abundant pink flowers which bloom continuously from July to frost. 3 to 4 ft. 12 to 18 in. \$0.75 \$7.00 18 to 24 in. \$1.50 9.00
ACANTHOPANAX pentaphyllum (Bush Aralia). Quick growing shrub, graceful arching branches; dark green foliage. 7 to 8 ft.
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
5 to 6 ft 1.25 —
AMELANCHIER canadensis (Downy Shadblow). White flowers in early Spring before leaves appear. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft
AMYGDALUS communis (Flowering Almond). Double-flowering blooms before leaves; red, pink and white. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft
2 to 3 ft
ARONIA arbutifolia (Red Chokeberry). Border shrub, attractive for its bright red berries. 6 to 8 ft.
3 . 4 (.
5 to 4 ft. 1.00 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.50
A. melanocarpa (Black Chokeberry). White flowers in May; black berries. 8 to 10 ft.
2 to 3 ft
AZALEA kaempferi (Torch Azalea). Orange-red to pink flowers, in May. 4 to 5 ft. *18 to 24 in. 3.50 32.50
*18 to 24 in. 3.50 32.50 * 2 to 2½ ft. 4.50 42.00
* 2½ to 3 ft. 6.00 57.00
* 2½ to 3 ft 6.00 57.00 * 3 to 4 ft 9.00
A. mollis (Chinese Azalea). Large, orange and red flowers. May-June. 4 to 5 ft.
*12 to 15 in 3.00 27.00
*15 to 18 in 3.50 32.50
*18 to 24 in. 4.50 42.50
A. pontica. (Pontica Azalea). Flowers vary from white to red. 6 to 8 ft.
*12 to 15 in. 2.50 22.50 *15 to 18 in. 3.25 30.00
*15 to 18 in. 3.25 30.00 *18 to 24 in. 5.00 47.50
* 2 to 2½ ft

AZALEA—Continued

	E 1 D 10
A. poukhanensis (Korean Azalea).	Each Per 10 Unique, purple-
lilac flowers. Low, compact bus	sh. 3 to 4 ft.
12 to 15 in. 15 to 18 in.	3.00 27.50 4.00 35.00
15 to 18 in 18 to 24 in	4.00 35.00 5.00 45.00
2 to 2½ ft.	
A. vodogawa (Yodogawa Azalea).	Double rosy-lilac
flowers, spotted with purple.	
*12 to 15 in	2.50 22.50
*15 to 18 in.	3.50 32.50
*18 to 24 in * 2 to 2½ ft	
2 to 272 ft.	5.50
NATIVE AZALEA	AS
A. arborescens (Sweet Azalea). Fra	grant white flowers
in Iune. Autumn foliage, brigh	nt red. 12 to 14 ft.
12 to 18 in.	2.00 18.00
12 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 2½ ft.	3.50
A. calendulacea (Flame Azalea).	Δ mass of bright
orange-red blossoms in Tune 8	to 10 ft.
18 to 24 in 2 to 2½ ft	3.00 27.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	3.50 33.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	4.50 42.00 6.00 57.50
A. canescens (Piedmont Azalea). F	0.00 <i>)</i> /. <i>)</i> 0
flowers Tune 4 to 5 ft	
18 to 24 in	3.00 27.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3.50 32.50
A. nudiflora (Pinxterbloom). Sv	weet-scented, deep
pink flowers. June. 6 to 8 ft. 12 to 18 in.	2.50 22.50
10 - 24 :	2 00 27 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	3.50 33.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	5.00
A. viscosa (Swamp Azalea). Fra in July. Likes moist situation.	gant white flowers
12 to 18 in.	2.25 21.00
12 to 18 in 18 to 24 in	2.75 22.50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	3.50 30.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	4.25
BACCHARIS halimifolia (Grounds	elbush). Good for
mass planting near seashore. F	luffy seeds pods are
conspicuous in Fall. 9 to 10 f	t. 1.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.25
BERBERIS thunbergi (Japanese hedge plant or for masses; scar	let berries and bril-
liant Autumn coloring. 4 to 5	ft.
12 to 15 in. Per 100	12.00 .20 1.80
15 to 18 in Per 100	15.00 .25 2.00
18 to 24 in. Per 100 24 to 30 in. Per 100	22.50 .30 2.40 30.00 .45 3.75
24 to 30 in. Per 100	45.00 .75 6.00

BERBERIS—Continued

Each Per 10

B. thunbergi atropurpurea (Purpleleaf Japanese Barberry) Barberry Similiar in habit to the thunbergi Purple foliage all Summer 4 to 5 ft 12 to 15 in 1.00 9.00 15 to 18 in 1.25 12.00 18 to 24 in 1.50 13.50
12 to 15 in. 1.00 9.00
15 to 18 in. 1.25 12.00
18 to 24 in. 1.50 13.50
B. thunbergi minor (Box Barberry). Compact, dwarf Japanese Barberry. Excellent for formal dwarf badge 2 to 3 ft.
10 to 12 inPer 100
10 to 12 in Per 100 45.00 .50 4.75 12 to 15 in Per 100 55.00 .65 6.00 15 to 18 in Per 100 65.00 .80 7.50
B. vulgaris (European Barberry). Vigorous, uprigh shrub. Small yellow flowers in May. Dull rec fruit in clusters. 7 to 8 ft.
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
4 to) ft
B. vulgaris atropurpurea (Purple Barberry). Similar in habit to Vulgaris. Purple foliage. 7 to 8 ft 2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft 75
3 to 4 ft
7 10 / 11.
BUDDLEIA davidi veitchiana (Veitch Butterflybush) Gray-green foliage and long spikes of deep lilace flowers. June to September. 7 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
3 to 4 ft
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Uprigh shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft.
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Uprigh shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft.
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CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Uprigh shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. .75 7.00 2½ to 3 ft. 1.00 9.00 3 to 4 ft. 1.25 11.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.50 14.00 CHIONANTHUS virginica (White Fringetree). Large
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scenter flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scenter flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scenter flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
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CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scenter flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scenter flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scenter flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 2½ ft

CORNUS—Continued

Each Per 10	,
C. alba spaethi (Yellow-leaved Dogwood). Yellow and	
green foliage. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft	
C. alternifolia (Pogoda dogwood). Branches in horizontal tiers. Blue-black fruit. 2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
C. sanguinea (Bloodtwig Dogwood). Upright, bright red branches. Blue-black berries. 12 to 15 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	
CRATAEGUS, Hawthorn. (See Deciduous Trees).	
CORYLUS (See Nut Trees).	
CYDONIA japonica (Flowering Quince). Medium growing shrub, useful in masses or hedges. Masses of scarlet flowers in May. 4 to 5 ft.	
of scarlet flowers in May. 4 to 5 ft. 1½ to 2 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft 1.25	
DEUTZIA gracilis (Slender Deutzia). Dwarf. Pure	
white flowers cover the plant. May. 3 ft.	
12 to 15 in	
15 to 18 in/5 6.00	
D. lemoinei (Lemoine Deutzia). Large, white flowers in June. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
D. scabra candidissima (Snowflake Deutzia). Grace- ful, vigorous growing shrub. Double white flowers in June. 9 to 10 ft.	
in June. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft 1.25 11.00	
D. scabra crenata fl. pl. (Double Pink Deutzia). Blossoms white tinted with pink. June. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
D. scabra, Pride of Rochester (Pride of Rochester). Tall, vigorous grower. White flowers tinged pink. June. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
ELAEAGNUS angustifolia (Russian-olive). Silvery	
green leaves; yellow blossoms and fruit. 18 to 20 ft.	
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
4 to 5 ft	

Each Per 10

Each	Per 10
ENKIANTHUS campanulata (Redvein Enkia	nthus).
Charming ornamental shrub. Abundan	
	pare
orange flowers in early spring.	12.00
12 to 18 in	
2 to 2½ ft	18.00 27.00
2 to 272 ft 3.00	27.00
EUONYMUS alatus (Winged Euonymus). Into	eresting
corky bark. Attractive crimson Autumn co	
Makes fine specimen. 9 to 10 ft.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2 to 3 ft	10.00
	18.00
3 to 4 ft. 2.00 4 to 5 ft. 3.25	
E. americanus (Brook Euonymus). Erect shrub.	Pink
and yellow fruit. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft 2.00	
E. europaeus (European Burningbush). Tall	, erect
shrub. Bright scarlet fruit. 12 to 15 ft. 5 to 6 ft 2.00	
6 to 8 ft 3.00	
8 to 10 ft 4.00	
10 to 12 ft 5.00	
E. Yedoensis (Yeddo Euonymus). Large shrub	. bear-
ing masses of showy pink and orange fruit	
2 to 3 ft. 1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft 1.25	
EXOCHORDA grandiflora (Pearbush). Symn	netrical
growth. Attractive white flowers. May.	8 to
10 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	7.00
3 to 4 ft 1.00	9.00
FORGETTIAL : III (D. I. F. III)	
FORSYTHIA intermedia (Border Forsythia).	
yellow flowers in early Spring before leaves	unfold.
6 to 8 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	4.50
3 to 4 ft	6.00
4 to 5 ft	7.50
5 to 6 ft. 1.00	8.00
F. suspensa (Weeping Forsythia). Graceful, dr branches. Attractive for planting banks or over retaining wall. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft	ooping
branches. Attractive for planting banks or	hang-
over retaining wall. 4 to 5 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	
F. s. fortunei (Fortune's Forsythia). Arching br Bright yellow flowers early in Spring. 7 to 2 to 3 ft	anches.
Bright yellow flowers early in Spring. 7 to	o 8 ft.
2 to 3 ft	
./)	
F. viridissima (Greenstem Forsythia). Stronging, upright habit, thick, dark green leaves	g-grow-
ing, upright habit, thick, dark green leaves	; How-
ers later than other varieties. 7to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft	4.50
3 to 4 ft	6.00
2 to 3 ft	7.00
	7.00

	D
	Per 10
HAMAMELIS virginiana (Witch-hazel). Ta	ll shrub.
Yellow flowers in November. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft. .75 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.50	
2 to 3 ft	8.00
4 to 5 ft 1.00	0.00
HIBISCUS syriacus (Shrub-althea). Tall, we shrub, suitable for masses, hedges or shearing. Blooms in late Summer. 10	ell-known
shrub, suitable for masses, hedges or	tormal
snearing. Blooms in late Summer. 10	to 12 ft.
H. s. amplissima. Double rosy-red.	
2 to 3 ft	
H & Boule do Fou Double 1	0.30
2 to 3 ft	5.00
3 to 4 ft	
H. s. Jeanne d'Arc. Double White	
18 to 24 in	
18 to 24 in	
3 to 4 ft	6.50
H. s. Lady Stanley. White shaded red.	
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
n. s. meehani. Variegated foliage.	6.50
18 to 24 in	9.00
H. s. paeoniaeflora White with charge control	7.00
H. s. paeoniaeflora. White with cherry center. 18 to 24 in	4.00
2 to 3 ft	5.00
2 to 3 ft	
HIBISCUS s. rosea plena. Double red. 2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
H. s. ruhra plana. Double rod	
H. s. rubra plena. Double red. 18 to 24 in	4.00
/ to 3 tt)
H. s. totus albus. Single white. 2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	5.00
3 to 4 ft	6.50
4 to > tt 1.00	9.00
Hibiscus (Tree form Althaea). In variety. V	ery large
crown. 3 to 5 ft. stems 5.00	
HYDRANGEA arborescens (Smooth Hyd	Irangea).
Large, pure white flowers. June-July.	Use in
border or mass planting. 4 to 5 ft.	5.00
3 to 4 ft 75	6.50
H. opuloides otaksa (Otaksa Hydrangea).	A half
Large, pure white flowers. June-July. border or mass planting. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft	e. 3 to
4 ft.	
18 to 24 in 3.00	
H paniculata grandiflora (Paegee) Large	e, showy
blooms in August. 8 to 9 ft.	
blooms in August. 8 to 9 ft. 2 to 3 ft	5.50
) to + It	0.30
H. paniculata grandiflora. Tree form. 3 to 4 ft 1.50	14.00
) to T 1t 1.7t	, 17.00

Each Per 10

Each Per 10
ILEX serrata (Finetooth Holly). Symmetrical, slow growing shrub. Small, bright red berries cover each twig, remaining until Midwinter. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3.50 32.50 3 to 4 ft. 4.50 42.50 4 to 5 ft. 6.00 57.50
I. verticillata (Winterberry). Bright red berries persisting to Midwinter. Prefers moist soil. 6 to 8 ft. 12 to 18 in
2 to 2½ in
branches. Golden yellow blossoms from July to September. 4 to 5 ft.
18 to 24 in
LABURNUM vulgare (Goldenchain). A small tree. Golden yellow flowers. June. 20 to 25 ft.
2 to 3 ft
4 to 5 ft
LESPEDEZA bicolor (Shrub Bushclover). Slender, graceful shrub. Clover-like foliage. Rose and white flowers in August. 6 to 8 ft.
2 to 3 ft60 5.00
3 to 4 ft
5 to 6 ft. 1.50 12.50
LIGUSTRUM ibota (Ibota Privet). A compact shrub having good foliage. Abundant black berries in Fall. 9 to 10 ft.
2 to 3 ft
I ibota reguliarum (Pegal Drivet) Compara sum
L. ibota regelianum (Regel Privet). Compact, symmetrical, drooping habit. Black berries in Fall. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft
2 to 3 ft
L. ovalifolium (California Privet). Stiff, upright shrub; universally used for hedges. 10 to 15 ft. Globe
form (sheared). 1½ to 2 ft
2 to 2½ ft 2.00 19.00
3 to 3½ ft. 2.50 22.50 3 to 3½ ft. 3.00 27.50
3½ to 4 ft. 5.00 45.00
L. ovalifolium (Pyramidal Privet). 6 ft. x 3½ ft
L. ovalifolium (Standard Privet). Plants grown on 4 to 5 ft. stem; round heads. 4 to 5 ft
4 to 5 ft 3.00

LIGUSTRUM—Continued

LIGOS I ROM—Continued		
E	ach I	Per 10
	D .	
L. ovalitolium aureum (Golden Privet).	Kather	slow-
growing type . Leaves brilliantly	colored	with
yellow. 8 to 9 ft.		
12 to 18 in.	.65	6.00
18 to 24 in.	.80	7.50
L. ovalifolium aureum (Golden Privet). growing type . Leaves brilliantly of yellow. 8 to 9 ft. 12 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft.	1.00	
Each Per	10 Pe	r 100
L. ovalifolium nana (Lodense Privet). Des	nse, co	mpact
and dwarf. Excellent compact hedge	for ga	rdens.
2 to 3 ft.		
	5.00	40.00
18 to 24 in80	7.00	60.00
18 to 24 in. specimens 2 to 2½ ft. specimens 2½ to 3 ft. specimens LONICERA fragrantissima (Winter H Slightly drooping habit. Fragant w in May. 6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	ash I	Don 10
18 to 24 in specimens	150	14 00
to 24 III. specimens	2.00	19.00
21/2 to 2 ft specimens	2.00	22.50
Z72 to 3 It. specimens	2.70	22.70
LONICERA fragrantissima (Winter H	loneysu	ckle).
Slightly drooping habit. Fragant w	hite f	iower s
in May. 6 to 8 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.	.75	
4 to) ft	1.00	
L. morrowi (Morrow Honeysuckle). Wic	le spre	eading
branches; flowers white. May-June.	Brigh	t red
branches; flowers white. May-June. berries. 7 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.		
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.50
5 to 6 ft.	.90	8.00
white flowers. Orange-red fruit. 8 to 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. L. tatarica (Tatarian Honeysuckle). shrub. Abundant pink flowers and red	9 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.50
L. tatarica (Tatarian Honeysuckle).	Symm	etri c al
shrub. Abundant pink flowers and red	fruit.	9 to
2 to 3 ft3 to 4 ft	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.50
L. tatarica alba (White Tatarian Honeysuch	de) S	imilar
L. tatarica alba (White Tatarian Honeysuch to preceding, with white flowers. 9 to 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	10 f	t.
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.00	
LYCIUM barbarum (Matrimony-vine). shrub suitable for banks or retaining ple flowers in June. Red fruit. 10 3 to 4 ft.	Spre	ading
shruh suitable for hanks or retaining	walls	Pur-
ple flowers in June Red fruit 10	12	ft.
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.50
	,	
MYRICA carolinensis (Northern Bayberry rich green foliage. Gray berries in cl	7).	Good,
rich green toliage. Gray berries in cl	usters	along
the stem. Does well in poor or sandy s	501IS.	6 = 0
18 to 24 in.	./)	0.00
the stem. Does well in poor or sandy set to 24 in.	.90	8.00
M. cerifera (Bayberry). Useful in sandy	soil.	Good
2 to 2½ ft.	1.00	9.00
foliage plant. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1.50	14.00

	Each	Per 10
DUITABLE DUITS agranging (Sweet		
PHILADEI.PHUS coronarius (Sweet Erect shrub. Fragrant white flo	Wers in	range).
9 to 10 ft.		Julie.
2 to 3 ft.	.50	3.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	4.50
4 to 5 ft		6.00
5 to 6 ft	.90	7.50
6 to 7 ft.		10.00
P. coronarius foliis aureis (Golden Mock	orange).	Dwarf
type. Golden leaves. 4 to 5 ft. 12 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in.	.75	6.00
18 to 24 in.	1.00	9.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1.25	
P. falconeri (Star Mockorange). Shru arching branches. Fragrant white 7 to 8 ft.	Howers 11	slender, n June.
2 to 3 ft.	.50	
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft	.75	6.00
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	.90	
P. gordonianus (Gordon Mockorange).	Free bl	ooming
shrub; white flowers in July. 10 to 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75 .90	6.00 7.50
5 to 6 ft	.90	7.50
6 to 7 ft	1.25	10.00
P. grandiflorus (Big Scentless Mockoran large white flowers in June. 8 to 1	ge). Ta 0 ft.	ll, very
large white flowers in June. 8 to 1 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	.75 .90	6.00 7.50
P. nepalensis (Nepal Mockorange). Ere	ect shrub	; white
flowers in June. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	.60	4.50
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft	.90	7.50
HYBRID MOCKORANG		
PHILADELPHUS Avalanche (Avalanch Tall, graceful shrub. White blos 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	soms in	June.
2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.50
J to T It.	.,,	8.00
P. lemoinei (Lemoine Mockorage). Com spreading branches. Slightly fragra in abundance. June. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	pact pla nt white	nt with flowers
2 to 3 ft	./5	8.00
J to 4 It	.50	0.00
P. lemoinei erectus (Juno Mockorange). than Lemoinei, but simillar otherw 10 ft.	ise. Jur	ie 8 to
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.00
5 to 4 ft.	.90	7.50
P. Mont Blanc (Dwarf Mockorange). white blossoms in profusion. June 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	Very f . 3 ft.	ragrant
2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	7.50

Each Per 10	, 3,
Erect, vigorous shrub. White flowers in July. 9 to 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft	Each Per 10
9 to 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 60 5.00 5 to 6 ft. 75 6.00 P. opulifolius aureus (Goldleaf Ninebark). White flowers; showy yellow foliage. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 50 4.50 P. opulifolius aureus (Goldleaf Ninebark). White flowers; showy yellow foliage. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 50 50 50 PRUNUS. (Also see Trees.) P. maritima (Beach Plum). Small white flowers. April. Purple fruit. Good for sandy soil or seashore planting. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 1.25 2½ to 3 ft. 1.50 50 P. pissardi. (See Deciduous Trees.) P. triloba plena (Double-flowering Plum). A profusion of double pink flowers in early Spring before leaves. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 1.25 1.50 14.00 RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 90 8.00 RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 14.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.50 14.00 7.5 6.50 8 to 10 ft. 90 8.00 10 to 12 ft. 11 50 14.00 12 ft. 13 to 4 ft. 150 14.00 150 12.50 150 12.50 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	
5 to 6 ft	9 to 10 ft.
5 to 6 ft	3 to 4 ft50 4.50
P. opulifolius aureus (Goldleaf Ninebark). White flowers; showy yellow foliage. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft
Howers; showy yellow foliage. 9 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft.) to 6 ft
PRUNUS. (Also see Trees.) P. maritima (Beach Plum). Small white flowers. April. Purple fruit. Good for sandy soil or seashore planting. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft	P. opulifolius aureus (Goldleaf Ninebark). White flowers; showy yellow foliage. 9 to 10 ft.
PRUNUS. (Also see Trees.) P. maritima (Beach Plum). Small white flowers. April. Purple fruit. Good for sandy soil or seashore planting. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft	2 to 3 ft
planting. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft	
planting. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft	P. maritima (Beach Plum). Small white flowers. April
planting. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft	Purple fruit. Good for sandy soil or seashore
P. pissardi. (See Deciduous Trees.) P. triloba plena (Double-flowering Plum). A profusion of double pink flowers in early Spring before leaves. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 2.00 19.00 RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 R. to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 10.00 The structure of the stru	planting. 8 to 10 ft.
P. pissardi. (See Deciduous Trees.) P. triloba plena (Double-flowering Plum). A profusion of double pink flowers in early Spring before leaves. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 2.00 19.00 RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 R. to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 10.00 The structure of the stru	$\frac{2}{214} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1.25}{1.20}$
P. triloba plena (Double-flowering Plum). A profusion of double pink flowers in early Spring before leaves. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 2.00 19.00 RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 R. to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 3 to 5 ft. 90 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.75 16.50 8 to 10 ft. 2.25 21.00 ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 — 4 to 5 ft. 90 — 5 to 6 ft. 10 5 ft. 90 — 10 5 to 6 ft. 11 50 — 11 50	
of double pink flowers in early Spring before leaves. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 1.50 14.00 5 to 6 ft. 2.00 RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 75 6.50 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 RESTANCE OF THE STREET S	P. pissardi. (See Deciduous Trees.)
7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 2.00 19.00 RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 7 fo 6.50 7 to 6 ft. 7 to 6.50 8 to 6 ft. 9 to 6 ft. 9 to 6 ft. 1.25 to 6.50 8 to 6 ft. 1.25 to 6 ft.	P. triloba plena (Double-flowering Plum). A profusior
3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 1.50 14.00 5 to 6 ft. 2.00 19.00 RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 10.00 RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 8.00 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.50 12.50 R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 75 6.50 4 to 5 ft. 90 8.00 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.75 16.50 8 to 10 ft. COBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 90 90 5 to 6 ft. 90 90 5 to 6 ft. 90 9	7 to 8 ft.
Sto 6 ft. 2.00 19.00	2 4 6
RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	4 to 5 ft 1.50 14.00
shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	5 to 6 ft 2.00 19.00
shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border
2 to 3 ft	shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining
## RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	2 to 2 ft 75 650
## RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	3 to 4 ft
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft	4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft	PHILE considered (Fragment Summer) Innomina
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft	spreading habit Attractive red fruit in June
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft	Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft	3 to 4 ft
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft	4 to 5 ft 1.25 10.00
12 ft. 18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 2.00	5 to 6 ft, 1.50 12.50
18 to 24 in. 1.50 14.00 2 to 3 ft. 1.75 16.50 3 to 4 ft. 2.00	
R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 5 to 5 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1.75 16.50 8 to 10 ft. 2.25 21.00 ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 90 — 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 —	18 to 24 in 1.50 14.00
R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 5 to 5 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1.75 16.50 8 to 10 ft. 2.25 21.00 ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 90 — 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 —	2 to 3 ft 1.75 16.50
4 to 5 ft	
4 to 5 ft	R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft.
5 to 6 ft. 1.25 11.50 6 to 8 ft. 1.75 16.50 8 to 10 ft. 2.25 21.00 ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 75 — 4 to 5 ft. 90 — 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 —	3 to 4 ft
6 to 8 ft. 1.75 16.50 8 to 10 ft. 2.25 21.00 ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 75 — 4 to 5 ft. 90 — 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 —	4 to 5 ft,
8 to 10 ft. 2.25 21.00 ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft	6 to 8 ft 1.75 16.50
shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. .75 —. 4 to 5 ft. .90 —. 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 —.	8 to 10 ft. 2.25 21.00
shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft. .75 —. 4 to 5 ft. .90 —. 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 —.	ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing
a mass. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft	shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into
4 to 5 ft	a mass. 5 to 6 ft.
5 to 6 ft 1.25 —	

Each Per 10 SAMBUCUS canadensis acutiloba (Cutleaf American 2 to 3 ft. _______3 to 4 ft. ______ 6.50 8.00 .90 S. bumalda, Anthony Waterer (Waterer Spirea). Deep 4.50 5.00 S. fortunei (Fortune Spirea), Pink-flowering, vigorous shrub. 3 ft. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft. .50 .60 S. japonica ovalifolia (White Japanese Spirea). Abundant white flowers in June-July. 3 ft. 4.00 .50 5.50 7.00 .60 .75 S. nipponica rotundifolia (Big Nippon Spirea). Dark green round leaves; white flowers in June. 8 to 9 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. Reidal-v 4.50 5.50 6.50 .50 .60 .75 Dark prunifolia plena (Double Bridal-wreath). 5.00 S. reevesiana (Reeves Spirea). Graceful arching shrub. Pure white, double flowers. May-June. 7 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft. _______ 3 to 4 ft. ______ 4 to 5 ft. _____ .50 4.50 .60 5.50 .75 S. thunbergi (Thunberg Spirea). Small feathery, light green leaves. Arching branches clothed with pure white flowers. 4 to 5 ft.

SPIRAEA—Continued

SPIRAEA—Continued		
	Each F	er 10
S. tomentosa (Hardhack). Rose-pink September. Good in low ground.	flowers.	July-
September. Good in low ground. 2 to 3 ft.	.40	3.00
5 to 4 It.	. 70	4.00
4 to 5 ft	.60	5.50
S. vanhouttei (Vanhoutte Spirea). Grahabit. Profusion of white flowers. No 9 ft.		ooping 8 to
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.50
		8.00
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa (Cutleaf Compact, graceful, drooping bran foliage. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	Stephana ches. Ex	ndra). cellent
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	9.50
STYRAX japonica (Japanese Snowbell habit. White, bell-shaped flowers. 15 ft.). Symm July.	
4 to 5 ft.	.90	8.50
5 to 6 ft	1.25	11.50
SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus (Comm Good foliage. Abundant white be moist, half shady places. 5 to 6 ft 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	rries. Go .60 .75	od for 5.00 6.00
S. vulgaris (Coralberry). Compact grories persisting through the Winter.	wths. Re	d ber-
ries persisting through the Winter.	4 to 5 f	ft.
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00
SYRINGA chinensis (Chinese Lilac). bearing abundant purple flowers 10 ft.	in May.	8 to
2 to 3 ft	.90	8.00 11.50
3 to 4 ft	1.25 1.50	14.00
S. josikaea (Hungarian Lilac). Tall growth. Deep green foliage. Po	open ha urple flow	bit of ers in
3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	1.25 1.50	14.00
S. persica (Persian Lilac). Free blooming der flowers. June. 9 to 10 ft.		
2 to 3 ft	/>	
3 to 4 ft	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft	1.25	11.50
5 to 6 ft.		
6 to 7 ft		
S. villosa (Late Lilac). Vigorous g light purple flowers. June. 7 to 2 to 3 ft.	rowth, fra 8 ft.	agrant,
2 to 3 ft	.90	8.00
3 to 4 ft	1.25 1.50	11.00 14.00
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	

SYRINGA—Continued

		ri	D 10
			Per 10
S.	vulgaris (Common Lilac). The we fashioned Lilac. May. 15 to 18 ft.	ll-know	n, old-
	2 to 3 ft	.75	6.50
	3 to 4 ft	1.00	9.00
	4 to 5 ft	1.50	
	5 to 6 ft	2.50	
S.	vulgaris alba (Common White Lilac). of preceding. May. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	White	variety
	2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
	3 to 4 ft.	1.25	11.50
	4 to 5 ft.	1.50	
	HYBRID LILACS		
S	Charles the Tenth. Single, reddish, pur	n la	
٥.	2 to 3 ft.		11.50
	3 to 4 ft.	1.50	14.00
	4 to 5 ft.	2.00	
c			
٥.	Claude Bernard. Semi-double, bright r 2 to 3 ft.	1 75	16.00
	3 to 4 ft.	2.50	22.50
	4 to 5 ft.	3.50	
c	Emondi		
Э.		.80	7.50
	2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	1.25	11.50
C			
5.	Hugo Koster. Single lilac, reddish ting	ge. 1.50	12.50
	2 to 3 ft.	1.75	16.00
_		1.77	10.00
S.	Ludwig Spaeth. Single, dark purple. 2 to 3 ft.	1.50	14.00
	3 to 4 ft.	1.75	16.00
	4 to 5 ft.	2.50	
c			
5.	Marechal Lannei. Semi-double, bluis	3.25	
	2 to 3 ft 3 to 4 ft	4.50	
_		7.70	
S.	Marie I.egraye. Single white. 2 to 3 ft.	1.50	14.00
	2 to 3 ft.	2.00	14.00
_			
S.	Miss Ellen Wilmott. Double snow-whi	te. 3.25	20.00
	2 to 3 ft	4.50	30.00
_		4.70	-
S.	Mme. Lemoine. Double white.	1 25	1150
	2 to 3 ft	1.25 1.75	11.50
		1./)	
S.	Montaigne. Double pinkish-mauve.		
	2 to 3 ft	3.25	30.00
	3 to 4 ft	4.50 5.50	
c			
٥.	President Fallieres. Double pale laven 2 to 3 ft.	3.25	30.00
	3 to 4 ft.	4.50	
S.			
٥.	President Grevy. Large, double blue. 2 to 3 ft.	1.50	14.00
	3 to 4 ft.	1.75	16.00
	4 to 5 ft.	2.50	

Screen and Boundary Plants

BERBERIS thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). Low hedge plant or for masses; scarlet berries and brilliant Autumn coloring. 4 to 5 ft.

				Per 10	Per 100
12	to	15	in.	 1.80	12.00
15	to	18	in.	 2.00	15.00
18	to	24	in.	 2.40	22.50
24	to	30	in.	 3.75	30.00
30	to	36	in.	6.00	45.00

Per 10 Per 100

4.00

5.00

9.00

45.00

85.00

LIGUSTRUM ovalifolium (California Pri	
upright shrub; universally used for he	dges. 10 to
15 ft.	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	1.00 6.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.30 9.00
2 to 3 ft., extra heavy	1.60 12.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.80 15.00
3 to 4 ft., extra heavy	2.50 20.00
ROSA rugosa (Rugosa Rose). Attractive s	hrub having
rich green foliage. Large, single pir	nk or white
flowers. June-September. Large red f	ruit in Fall.
Useful in shrub border or as hedge. 4	to 5 ft.

Roses

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.

2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.

HYBRID PERPETUALS

- Sturdy, 2-year, field grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.
- *Frau Karl Druschki. An immense, pure white, perperfectly double Rose, abundantly produced in June, and continues blooming all Summer.
- *General Jacqueminot. The fragrant, perfectly-formed blossoms come early, are brilliant scarlet crimson, and are borne on long stems.
- *George Dickson. A delightfully fragrant, finely formed, very dark crimson Rose.
- Harrison Yellow. A very hardy, deep yellow bloom.
- Madam Gabriel Luizet. Flowers light silvery-pink, shading paler at petal edges, moderately fragrant.
- Madam Plantier. An extremely beautiful white Rose that should be in every Rose garden. Blooms abundantly in early part of the season.
- Magna Charta. Extra large and profuse bloomer with reddish-pink blossoms.
- Margaret Dickson. A fragrant white bloom with rosy, flesh-colored center.
- *Mrs. John Laing. Very large, long-pointed buds opening to immense, full, moderately fragrant and beautiful, soft pink flowers.
- Marshall P. Wilder. Bright crimson-scarlet, very large and full, with a strong penetrating fragrance.
- *Paul Neyron. Fragrant, clear pink blooms, shading to rose. One of the best for outdoor culture.

HYBRID TEAS AND TEAS

Sturdy, 2-year, field-grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.

- *Betty. A lovely and deliciously fragrant Rose with long buds and coppery-rose blooms of informal shape, overspread with golden yellow.
- *Columbia. The flowers are large, fully double, bright lively pink in color, shading darker at maturity. Fragrant and borne until late Fall.
- *Duchess of Wellington. Large, well-formed buds, opening to semi-double, saffron-yellow flowers, stained with crimson and changing to lighter yellow.
- *General MacArthur. A very sweet-scented Rose, having brilliant deep crimson-scarlet flowers.
- *Gruss an Teplitz. A profusion of beautiful, clear crimson-scarlet and fragrant flowers.
 - Hadley. Handsome velvety crimson.
- *Hoosier Beauty. A large, full flower with well-shaped buds. Color is an exceptionally attractive glowing crimson. Very fragrant.
- *Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. A great favorite. Large, double white blooms on long stems. Very fragrant.
- *Killarney Queen. Large, long-pointed buds, opening to large, loose blooms of clear pink, borne on long, strong stems.
- *Lady Ursula. Large blossoms of delicate flesh-pink on long stems.
- *Los Angeles. One of the most notable American garden Roses. Its color is a luminous flame pink, toned coral, shaded translucent gold at base of petals.
- Martha Drew. Creamy white flowers, with rosy center.
- *Mme. Butterfly. Flowers are a blending of bright pink, apricot, and gold. A profuse, continuous bloomer till frost when well cultivated in beds.
- *Mme. Caroline Testout. The large rounded flowers are bright satiny rose, with darker center, and edges of petals bordered with soft carmine-pink.
- *Mme. Edouard Herriot. Buds coral red, shaded with yellow at the base, the open flowers of medium size, semi-double, are coral-red shaded with yellow and bright rosy-scarlet.
- *Mrs. Aaron Ward. A most desirable and dependable Rose that will probably produce more flowers than any other yellow Rose. Semi-double, cup-shaped, deep Indian yellow flowers; fragrant; blooms until frost.
 - Mrs. Charles Bell. Soft pink blooms.
- *Mrs. F. R. Pierson. Long attractive buds; large cardinal red blooms.

ROSES-Continued

- Ophelia. Salmon flesh pink, shaded rose.
- *Radiance. Large, light silvery pink to salmon-pink flowers on long stems.
- *Red Radiance. Beautiful, large, deep red flowers on long stems.
- *Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. A beautiful, pure sunflower-yellow, deeper in the center. Moderately fragrant flowers.
 - Souv. De Georges Pernet. Brick red buds, opening to terra cotta pink.
 - William F. Dreer. Shell pink blooms; yellow at base.

HYBRID RUGOSA ROSES

Sturdy field grown plants \$1.00 each, \$8.50 per 10.

- Blanche Ddl de Coubert. Large, pure white blooms.
- Conrad F. Meyer. Large well formed silvery pink
- F. J. Grootendorst. Bright crimson blooms in clusters from early summer to frost. Rugosa foliage suitable for hedge and mass planting.

CLIMBING ROSES

- Sturdy, field-grown plants, 75c each or \$6.00 per 10. Extra heavy plants, \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.
- American Pillar. Immense clusters of single, bright crimson flowers, with clear white eye, on long, strong stems.
- Bess Lovett. Clear bright red, full, double flowers that are borne in clusters on long, strong stems.
- Christine Wright. Very large, semi-double flowers of a beautiful wild-rose pink, borne in great profusion.
- Climbing American Beauty. Moderately fragrant, rich carmine flowers, borne in great profusion.
- *Climbing Los Angeles. Luminous flame-pink toned coral, shaded translucent gold at base of petals.
 - Crimson Rambler. Great masses of crimson, semi-double flowers.
 - Dorothy Perkins. Clear cherry-pink, slightly fragrant flowers, borne in great profusion and lasting for a long time. They are double and the petals crinkled, which gives them a delightfully fluffy appearance.
 - Dr. W. Van Fleet. Prefectly formed, long-pointed, deep pink buds on long stems with several in a cluster, that opens to a lighter shade of pink.

ROSES-Continued

- Emily Gray. The very beautiful, long-pointed, slender, golden yellow buds open to semi-double, deliciously fragrant, buff-colored flowers; borne on long, strong-stemmed trusses; one to ten blooms to a truss.
 - Excelsa. An intense crimson color, with the edges of the petals a little lighter, produced in immense clusters.
 - Flower of Fairfield. Carmine-crimson, semi-double to double flowers in large, compact clusters.
 - Gardenia. Has lovely, golden yellow buds that open to almost white when fully expanded.
- *Heart of Gold. Single velvety crimson blooms with bright yellow stamens.
- Hiawatha. A most dependable and useful American Rose; large, fragrant, deep intense crimson, single flowers in clusters shading white at the base.
- Lady Gay. A rich, delicate pink, double flowers shading to soft pink and white as they mature. Borne in large, spray-like clusters.
- Mary Wallace. Semi-double rose pink blooms; salmon at base of petals.
- Pauls Scarlet Climber. The brightest and purest red of all the pillar Roses. Vivid scarlet, shaded crimson, semi-double flowers in clusters.
- Silver Moon. Has large and semi-double white and creamy flowers that are born in great profusion.
- Tausendschoen. The buds are cherry-pink, opening to very double flowers of softer shades that eventually fade to white, all shades being found in a single cluster.
- White Dorothy. A sport of Dorothy Perkins, which it closely resembles in every way except its immense clusters are of pure white flowers.

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

Sturdy, field-grown plants, 75c each or \$6.00 per 10. Extra heavy plants \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

- Baby Ramblers (Polyantha Roses). Assorted colors of white, pink and red. Ideal for bedding purposes.
- Greta Kluis (Dwarf Polyantha). Red.
- Rosa setigera (The Prairie Rose). Deep rose fading to white, almost scentless flowers.
- Rose Wichuraiana (The Memorial Rose). Beautiful, fragrant, pure white flowers, with a mass of golden stamens, borne in great profusion. One of the latest Roses to bloom.
- Rose orders should be placed early in the season for best results.

VINES AND CLIMBERS

Each Per 10						
ACTINIDIA polygama (Silvervine). Foliage silvery green when young. White flowers. June. 25-30 ft.						
Extra strong plants \$1.75 \$16.00						
AKEBIA quinata (Fiveleaf Akebia). Dainty vine with dark green leaf, persisting all Winter. Purple flowers in May. 15 to 20 ft. Medium plants 1.00 9.50 Extra strong plants 1.50 14.00						
Medium plants 1.00 9.50 Extra strong plants 1.50 14.00						
AMPELOPSIS quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). Foliage takes on strikingly brilliant reds in Autumn. 30 to 40 ft.						
Medium plants .35 3.00 Strong plants .50 4.00 Extra strong plants .75 6.00						
A. tricuspidata (Japanese Creeper). Self-clinging vine; brilliant Autumn foliage. Blue berries.						
ARISTOLOCHIA sipho (Dutchmanspipe). Tall, twining vine. Large leaves; purplish flowers. June. 20 ft.						
Medium plants 1.00 9.00 Extra strong plants 1.50 14.00						
BIGNONIA grandiflora (Chinese Trumpetcreeper). Good foliage; deep scarlet flowers. July. 20 to 25 ft.						
27 ft. Strong plants						
CELASTRUS scandens (American Bittersweet). Native vine which thrives in any soil. Attractive orange and red berries. 20 to 25 ft. Strong plants						
Strong plants						
CLEMATIS henryi (Winter Clematis). Large-flowering white Clematis. August. 18 to 20 ft. Strong plants						
C. jackmani (Jackman Clematis). Large-flowering purple Clematis. August. 18 to 20 ft. Strong plants						
C. paniculata (Sweet Autumn Clematis). Fragrant						
white flowers. September. 20 to 25 ft. Strong plants						
EUONYMUS. (See Evergreen Shrubs).						
HEDERA. (See Evergreen Shrubs).						
LONICERA japonica halliana (Hall Japanese Honeysuckle). Quick-growing vine; fragrant white flowers. June. 15 to 20 ft. Strong plants						
Strong plants						

LONICERA—Continued
L. sempervirens (Trumpet Honeysuckle). Quick-growing vine, bright scarlet flowers. July-September. 15 to 20 ft.
Strong plants
LYCIUM chinensis (Chinese Matrimony-vine). Violet flowers, bright red berries. Good for banks. June. 12 to 15 ft.
Strong plants
PERIPI.OCA graeca (Silkvine). Dark green, glossy leaves, brownish purple flowers. July. 20 to 30 ft. Medium plants
WISTERIA sinensis (Chinese Wisteria). Hardy climber, clusters of large violet-blue flowers. May. 40 to 50 ft.
Strong plants
W. sinensis alba (White Chinese Wisteria). Same as
Strong plants 1.00 7.50 Extra strong plants 1.50 12.50
and the second s
Perennials
It is no wonder that these grand, old-fashioned, hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity. There is not a time during the whole flower season in which some hardy perennial is not in bloom.
Five plants of one variety given at 10 rate, and 25 plants of one variety given at 100 rate when 10 and 100 rates are mentioned. Large clumps, 35c. up.
Per 3 10 100 ACHILLEA ptarmica. Boule de Neige (Sneezewort). White flowers. June-September. 18 in75 2.20 15.00
AMSONIA tabernaemontana (Willow Amsonia). Panicles of small, light blue flowers. May. 2 to 3 ft90 2.40 18.00
ASTILBE japonica (Japanese Astible). Plumes of white flowers. June-July. 2½ ft. 1.00 2.70 20.00
A. Queen Alexandra. Plumes of pink flowers. July.
CHRYSANTHEMUM, Autumn Glow. Rose-crimson flowers. September. 5 ft90 2.40 18.00
CONVALLARIA majalis (Lily-of-the-valley). White, May. 8 in. 1.50 4.50 40.00
COREOPSIS grandiflora (Big Coreopsis). Yellow. June-October. 2 to 3 ft75 2.20 15.00
FERNS, strong clumps90 2.40 —— Aspidium acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). Osmunda cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern).

PERENNIALS—Continued

GAILLARDIA aristata (Perennial brown and crimson flowers.	June-C		2 ft.
HELIANTHUS decapetalus (Thinl low. June-July. 4 ft.			
HEMEROCALLIS thunbergi (Japa low flowers. May-June. 1½ ft.			
HIBISCUS moscheutos (Common August. 3 ft.			
HOSTA caerulea (Blue Plantainlily July. 18 in.			
H. undulata variegata (Variegated Blue. August. 18 in.			
IRIS germanica (German Iris). M to 3 ft.		olors. N 2.40	
I. kaempferi (Japanese Iris). Blue to 4 ft.	.75	2.40	15.00
I. sibirica (Siberian Iris). Blue.		2 to 3 2.00	
LYCHNIS floscucul penissima (Do Red. May-June. 18 in.			

PAEONIA

	Per 3
Berlioz. Bright currant red, very large, superb flowers	\$3.00
Duchesse de Nemours. Ivory white, very fragrant flowers	2.25
Edulis Superba. Clear deep pink; blooms very early	2.25
Felix Crousse. Bright ruby-red; midseason bloomer	3.00
Festiva Maxima. White center, crimson flecked. Blooms early	2.25
Louis Van Houtte. Bright red to crimson. Blooms late	2.70
Marie Lemoine. Large late bloom. Ivory white petals lightly edged with pink	2.70
Mme. Chaumy. Clear pink, very full and of good shape. Late	2.70
Officinalis rubra plena. Large blooms of vivid crimson. Early	3.00
Rosea plena superba. Delicate pink and salmon flowers	3.00

PHLOX

Large clumps \$.50 each; \$4.00 per 10.

	Per 3	10	100
Beacon. Red	.90	2.40	
Boule de Feu. Cherry-red	1.05	3.00	
Eclaireur. Crimson-purple with			
starry center	90	2.40	
King. White	.90	2.40	
Miss Lingard. Pearly white	.90	2.40	
Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white	90	2.40	
Pink Beauty. Pale pink	.75	2.20	15.00
Prof. Virchow. Bright crimson			
overlaid with orange scarlet	90	2.40	
Queen. Pure white	.90	2.40	
Rheinlander. Salmon	.90	2.40	
Rijnstrom. Very large rose pink			
bloom	.90	2.40	
Riverton Jewel. Pink.	.90	2.40	
R. P. Struthers. Cherry red	90	2.40	
RUDBECKIA laciniata (Golden- glow). Yellow. August. 4 to 5 ft.		2.20	15.00
to) It.	•//	2.20	17.00
VIOLA odorata (Fragrant Blue Violet). Blue. May.		3.50	
ORNAMENTAL GRASS (Eulalic Large clumps Extra large clumps	1.50		30.00 each

Fruit Department

STANDARD APPLES

						Each
4	to	5	ft.	high		₫1.00
5	to	7	ft.	high		1.50
6	to	8	ft.	high		2.00
7	to	9	ft.	high	\$2.50 to	5.00

SUMMER VARIETIES

Early Harvest. Very early, pale yellow; fine flavor and productive.

Yellow Transparent. Large, pale yellow; flesh white, tender and sweet.

Red Astrachan. Earliest. A large red, striped table Apple of high quality.

Sweet Bough. Large, yellow, good for baking.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Duchess of Oldenburg. Large, pale yellow with white flesh; finely flavored.

Fall Pippin. Large yellow fruit.

Gravenstein. Very large, greenish-yellow; excellent flavor.

APPLES-Continued

Maiden's Blush. Pale yellow, highly colored cheek.

McIntosh. Red, extremely hardy, noted for bearing regularly.

Wealthy. Light yellow, nearly covered with red; white, juicy flesh.

WINTER VARIETIES

Ben Davis. Large, yellow, covered with red.

Baldwin. Large, red highly colored, crisp and juicy.

Bellflower. Very large, pale lemon-yellow. Flesh tender, juicy and crisp.

Delicious. Large; brilliant dark red Apple; flesh white, tender and juicy. Surpasses all others in flavor.

Grimes Golden. Yellow. A hardy tree that bears annually.

Jonathan. Medium size; red; good quality. Heavy bearer.

King. Large, red, juicy, abundant annual bearer.

Newtown Pippin. Large, yellow with brownish-red cheek; firm, crisp and juicy.

Northern Spy. Large, striped with red, flesh white and fine-grained.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, yellow when fully ripe, tender and juicy.

Rome Beauty. Large, yellow, striped with red, flesh yellow and rather coarse grained.

Roxbury Russet. A standard Winter Apple, flesh greenish-white and crisp. Keeps late.

Spitzenburg. Large, light red, flesh yellow, crisp and richly flavored.

Stayman's Winesap. Of only fair size, but fine quality, bright red with yellow, juicy flesh.

Tolman Sweet. Pale yellow, tinged with red; medium size, rich and sweet.

Wagener. Yellow, highly colored with red; tender, juicy and bears early.

Wolf River. Greenish-yellow, shaded crimson, juicy, slightly acid.

Winter Banana. Golden yellow, usually shaded crimson, flesh fine grained with a very rich flavor.

York Imperial. .Medium, whitish, shaded with red, very good quality.

APPLES—Continued

DWARF VARIETIES

						Each	Per 10
4	to	5	ft.	high		\$1.00	
5	to	6	ft.	high		1.50	
6	to	7	ft.	high	\$2.00 to	\$5.00	

Baldwin. Large red Apple, highly colored. Flesh crisp and juicy.

Gravenstein. Very large, greenish-yellow, crisp Apple.
McIntosh. Red, extremely hardy, noted for bearing regularly.

Red Astrachan. Very early, large, red striped Apple of high quality.

Stayman's Winesap. Of only fair size, but fine quality, bright red with yellow, juicy flesh.

Yellow Transparent. Large, pale yellow, flesh white, tender and juicy.

CRAB APPLES

						Each	Per 10
4	to	5	ft.	high		\$1.00	
5	to	6	ft.	high		1.25	\$11.50
6	to	8	ft.	high		1.75	16.50
7	to	9	ft.	high	\$2.50 to	5.00	

Hyslop. Large size, dark crimson and very showy.

Transcendant. Red, showy and excellent.

STANDARD PEARS

						Each	Per 10
4	to	5	ft.	high		\$1.25	
5	to	6	ft.	high		1.50	\$14.00
6	to	7	ft.	high		1.75	16.50
7	to	8	ft.	high	****	2.25	21.50
8	to	9	ft.	high	\$3.00 to	5.00	

SUMMER VARIETIES

Bartlett. Large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh rich and juicy.

Clapp's Favorite. Large, long, light yellow, with red cheek. Very juicy and rich.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Beurre Bosc. Large and long, cinnamon-russet color; juicy and delicious..

Duchess d'Angouleme. Very large, greenish-yellow; russet spots, juicy and fine.

PEARS-Continued

- Flemish Beauty. Large, pale yellow with brownish cheek, very delicious.
- Kieffer. Large, yellow and red cheeked. Grain is coarse and is best for canning and preserving.
- Lawrence. Medium size, fine golden yellow; sugary and aromatic.
- Seckel. Medium to small; yellowish brown with red cheek; very rich and delicious.
- Sheldon. Large; russet with red cheek; juicy and delicious.

DWARF PEARS

- 6 to 7 ft. high ______\$3.00 to \$5.00 Each
- Bartlett. Large, yellow with red cheek; flesh rich and juicy.
- Clapp's Favorite. Large and long, light yellow with red cheek, very juicy and rich.
- Seckel. Medium to small, yellowish-brown with red cheek, very rich and delicious.

CHERRIES

					Each	Per 10
5	to	7	ft.	high	\$1.50	\$14.00
6	to	7	ft.	high	2.00	19.00
6	to	8	ft.	high	2.50	24.00
6	to	8	ft.	high \$3.00 t	o 5.00	

SWEET VARIETIES

- Black Tartarian. Large, bright purplish-black; flesh purplish, rich and delicious.
- Governor Wood. Large, light yellow and red, juicy and sweet.
- Windsor. Fruit large, liver-colored. Flesh firm and of fine quality.
- Yellow Spanish. Large, pale yellow with red cheek; flesh firm and juicy.

SOUR VARIETIES

- Early Richmond. Medium size, dark red, juicy, rich acid flavor.
- English Morello. Large, dark red, juicy, fine flavor.
- Montmorency. Large for a sour Cherry, dark red, popular for canning.

QUINCES

				Each	Per	10
3	to	4	ft	\$1.50	\$14	.00
4	to	5	ft	1.75	16.	.50
5	to	6	ft	2.00	19.	.00

Champion. Ripens late and bears regularly; excellent quality.

Orange. Large and fine; always bears an abundance of fruit.

PLUMS

					Each	Per 10
5	to	6	ft.	high	\$1 . 50	\$14.00
6	to	7	ft.	high	2.00	19.00
6	to	8	ft.	high	2.50	24.00
7	to	8	ft.	high \$3.00 t	o 5.00	

Abundance. Red, flesh yellow, very sweet and juicy.

Burbank. Large, red, mottled with yellow; flesh yellow and very sweet.

Green Gage. Round, greenish-yellow; rich and excellent.

Lombard. Medium size, dark red with yellow, juicy flesh.

Satsuma. Large, purple and red; fine quality.

PEACHES

					1	Each	Per	10
3	to	5	ft.			\$0.75	\$6	.00
5	to	6	ft.	high		1.00	9	.00
6	to	7	ft.	high		1.50	14	.00

SUMMER VARIETIES

- Belle of Georgia. Very large, white with red cheek, flesh white, firm and of fine flavor. Freestone.
- Champion. Skin creamy white with red cheek. A perfect freestone.
- Crawford's Early. Very large, yellow with red cheek; rich and excellent.
- Elberta. Yellow with red cheek; flesh firm and of high quality.
- J. H. Hale. Very large, deep golden yellow, overlaid with bright carmine; flesh firm and of delicious flavor. Freestone.
- Mountain Rose. Large, red, flesh white, ripens early. First quality and freestone.
- Oldmixon Freestone. Large, yellowish-white with deep red cheek; flesh white, richly flavored.

PEACHES—Continued

AUTUMN VARIETIES

- Crawford's Late. Very large, yellow with dark red cheek; flesh deep yellow, red at the stone; juicy and excellent flavor.
- Stump the World. Very large, creamy white with bright red cheek; flesh white, juicy and high flavored.

MULBERRIES

			1	Each
10	to	12	ft	3.50
12	to	14	ft	4.00

Russian. Small, black berry, very sweet. Also good shade and ornamental tree.

SMALL FRUITS

BLACKBERRIES

		DEACRDERRIES	Each	Per	10
Strong	plants		\$0.15	\$1	.20

Blower. Large size, jet black, excellent quality.

Erie. Extra large, very firm and hardy; ripens early.

Iceberg. The white Blackberry. Berries are sweet and with very few seeds.

Rathbun. A strong, erect grower; fruit is sweet and

CURRANTS

	Each	Per 10	
Strong plants	\$0.35	\$3.00	
Extra strong plants	.50	4.50	

Cherry. The largest of all red Currants; berries deep red, quite acid.

Fay's Prolific. Stem long, berry large; red, good quality.

Red Cross. Bunch and berry large, excellent quality.

White Grape. Long, loose bunches of medium-sized white berries; excellent quality, mild and sweet.

RASPBERRIES

		Each	Per	10
Strong	plants	\$0.15	\$1	.20

Cumberland. Large black fruit.

Cuthbert. Fruit is large, firm of texture, and of excellent quality.

Marlboro. Very early fruit of large size, highly colored firm in texture.

St. Regis. Bright red berries of good size and flavor; the best of the "everbearing" Raspberries.

GRAPES

	Each	Per 10
Medium plants	\$0.50	4.00
Strong plants	.75	6.00
Extra strong	1.00	8.00

BLACK VARIETIES

- Campbell's Early. A new, very large and early Grape, black, and sweet; strong, hardy vine: clusters unusually large and compact.
- Concord. The most popular black Grape; juicy, sweet, fine flavor.
- Moore's Early. An extra early variety; good grower; berries large and of good quality.
- Worden. Big, compact bunches of extra large, thinskinned berries; very productive.

RED VARIETIES

- Agawam. Bunch and berry large; deep red, and of excellent flavor.
- Catawba. Bunches medium; berries large, somewhat pulpy, juicy, aromatic and rich.
- Salem. Bunch large and compact; berry large, thick skin, very sweet.
- Vergennes. New variety, berry red, sweet, juicy, delicious flavor.

WHITE VARIETIES

	Each	Per 10
Strong plants	\$0.75	\$6.00
Extra strong plants	1.00	8.00

- Desmond. Sweet, juicy and delicious.
- Diamond. Bunch and berry large, extra fine quality.
- Green Mountain. Skin thin; pulp very tender and sweet.
- Niagara. Bunch and berry large, skin thin, pulp sweet and delicious.
- Portland. New, white variety. Excellent for market and table purposes; ripens early. Strong plants. \$1.50 each.

STRAWBERRIES

	Per	100
Early	\$3	.00
Midseason	3	.00
Late	3	.00
Everbearing	4	.00

GOOSEBERRIES

American Varieties

F	Each	Per	10
Medium plants	0.35	\$3	.00
Strong plants	.50	4	.50

Downing. Fruit greenish white, large, soft and juicy. Houghton. Medium-sized, pale red, sweet and juicy.

NUT TREES				
I	Each I	Per 10		
growing to a height of 5 ft.; abund October.				
3 to 4 ft				
JUGLANS cinera (Butternut). The lar nuts are rich, sweet and of delicate nutritious; trees are hardy and full-be	flavor earing.	very		
5 to 6 ft	1.75	16.50		
6 to 8 ft	2.00	19.00		
8 to 10 ft		24.00		
10 to 12 ft.	3.50			
J. nigra (Black Walnut). Relatively fa fine specimen bearing especially tasty t		ng; a		
4 to 5 ft	1.50			
5 to 6 ft	1.75			
6 to 8 ft	2.00			
8 to 10 ft.	2.50			
10 to 12 ft	3.50			
J. regia (English Walnut). Slow-growing, superb for lawns and driveways.				
3 to 4 ft	2.50	24.00		
4 to 5 ft	3.50	32.50		
J. sieboldiana (Japanese Walnut). Harv English Walnut; nuts equally delic quite rapidly into a broad, spreading	dier the ious. specim	an the Grows en.		
4 to 5 ft	1.50			
5 to 6 ft				
6 to 7 ft				
7 to 8 ft.				
8 to 10 ft				
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in cal				
10 10 10 10, 2 10 2 /2 111 0011				

ASPARAGUS

	Per 100
Strong plants	\$2.25
Extra strong plants	3.00

Conover's Colossal. Of large size, rapid growth, and excellent quality. Green.

Palmetto. A very popular variety of best quality. White

RHUBARB

F	Each	Per 10
Small plants\$	0.25	\$2.00
Medium plants	.35	3.00
Strong plants	.50	4.50

CALENDAR FOR SPRAYING FRUIT TREES

For general results, we recommend spraying fruit trees as follows:

First, spray with lime sulphur solution during the Winter.

Second, spray with Pyrox after the blossoms fall.

Third, spray with Pyrox two weeks later.

This will control the most prevalent insects and fungous diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island.

Plant fruit trees about your home grounds—for shade or ornament and for fruits for the table.

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LANDSCAPE SERVICE

We maintain a trained landscape organization who will gladly assist you with any modest planting scheme, or assume complete responsibility for the development of a large estate into an interesting landscape picture of delightful charm.

Every home, whether of simple or elaborate architectural conception, requires a planned landscape setting to complete the picture. Yet how often do we see the beauty of a well-designed structure sadly depreciated by lack of adequate shrubbery or by a planting attempt that lacks unity and harmony with the style of architecture it is supposed to enhance.

Why not consult our expert landscape architect in the handling of your problem? Write for our landscape folder.

Begin With a Plan

Have a complete plan prepared for your entire property, even though you intend to develop only a portion of the grounds at a time. In this way you can carry out as much or as little of the planting as you wish each season, secure in the belief that it is properly done as part of an entire scheme.

This is the only way to avoid disappointments in effects and the necessity of needless transplanting of trees and shrubs which is bound to result where no definite plan serves as a guide.

This service is rendered free of charge.

