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ROBERTS

PRICE LIST OF PREFERRED PLANTS



THE DOORWAY
TO SUCCESSFUL
HORTICULTURE



THIS CONVENIENT LIST HAS BEEN
COMPILED WITH THE EXPRESS IN-
TENTION OF GIVING READY
ASSISTANCE IN THE
SELECTION OF

**HARDY PLANTS, SHRUBS,
TREES, VINES, FRUITS,
ROSES, AND EVERGREENS**

Roberts Nurseries, Inc.

3450 South Emerson Street
ENGLEWOOD, COLO.

Phone
SPruce 4458

P. O. Box
277



ROBERTS NURSERIES, Inc.

3450 S. Emerson Street

SPruce 4458



For the convenience of our customers, we present this brief price list. A full listing of our tremendously large stock is impractical, so we have included the popular sizes of the better known and more valuable things. Large trees in considerable variety can be offered at attractive prices.

If credit is desired, references are respectfully requested. Liberal discounts are given for cash. Except as noted to the contrary, all plants are guaranteed to put on a new growth after planting. This guarantee is given as a concession for prompt payment and does not apply to plants that are not paid for as agreed.

Visitors are always welcome at our Nursery or Gardens.

The Nursery is one mile South of Littleton on the Colorado Springs road and a drive thru it is an experience to be remembered.

The main sales office and garden is at 3450 South Emerson Street, directly East of Englewood. The immense silver colored smoke stack is a landmark that makes it easy to find us. Except for perennials, a full line of plants is ready for immediate delivery thru March and April, and in May the rose plants are worth going miles to see.

We offer a most complete landscape service, having two very capable men constantly employed in this work. Estimates gladly furnished.



PERENNIALS

We are very proud of our planting of perennials, the finest and most extensive in the state. Most of these plants are delivered with some dirt on the roots and are fresh dug for each order. 90% of each planting is guaranteed to grow, subject to the terms of sale specified in the front of this catalog.

R.G. indicates Rock Garden plants.

Except as otherwise noted, all perennials are 35c each, \$3.00 per dozen and \$20.00 per 100; 4 plants for \$1.00. Long orders of one and two of a kind cannot be filled at the dozen rate.

- ACHILLEA**—(Yarrow or Milfoil). For sunny borders.
eupatorium—Flat yellow heads. August. 3-4 ft.
millefolium roseum—Pink dense heads. 1½ ft.
ptarmica—Double white, all summer. 1½ ft.
- ACONITUM**—(Monkshood). Similar to Delphinium.
autumnalis—Deep blue. Sept. and Oct. 3-4 ft.
- R.G. AGUJA, Genevensis**—(Bugleweed). Blue. Ground cover.
- R.G. ALLYSSUM**—(Madwort). Easy culture. Popular.
moellendorffianum—Very dwarf.
saxatile—Masses of yellow blooms.
- ANCHUSA**—(Summer Forget-Me-Not). Mass plantings.
dropmore—Blue. Blooms intermittently all Summer.
R.G. myosotidiflora—Blue. June flowering.
- ANEMONE**—(Wind Flower).
pennsylvanica—White flowers in July.
- ANTHEMIS**—(Hardy Marguerite). Yellow. All Summer.
- ARMERIA**—(Thrift or Sea Pink). Dwarf growing.
Formosa—Deep pink.
maritima—Light pink.
- ARENARIA**—Creeping moss-like plant. White flowers.
- ARTEMISIA**—(Wormwood). Tall growing.
lactiflora—Creamy white. August.
- ASCLEPIAS**—tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). Orange-red.
- ASTERS**—(Michaelmas Daisies).
Climax blue—One of the best. Light blue.
Climax pink—Similar to Climax blue. Pink.
Grandiflora—Large dark blue flowers.
Mrs. Raynor—Nearest red of all Asters.
Mrs. Wright—Rosy purple flowers.
- ASTER SPECIES**—Low-growing plants.
alpinus—Bluish purple flowers. May.
subcoeruleus—Lavender. June.
- BAPTISIA**—australis—(False Indigo). Blue flowers.
- BELAMACANDA**—(Blackberry lily).
chinensis—Foliage like Iris. Orange flowers.
- BLEEDING HEART**—(Dicentra).
spectabilis—The old-fashioned bleeding heart.
- BOCCONIA**—(Plume Poppy).
cordata—Silvery blue foliage. Buff-colored flowers.
- BOLTONIA** (False Chamomile). Resemble Fall Asters.
asteroides—White.
latisquama—Lavender pink.
- CAMPANULA**—(Bellflower).
calycanthema—(Cup and Saucer). Pink, white or blue.
Canterbury Bells—White, pink, blue.
carpatica—Dwarf, blue or white.
isophylla—Creeping. Small light blue flowers.

- lactiflora coerulea*—Free flowering. Blue or white. July.
latifolia macrantha—Purple flowers. July.
persicifolia grandiflora—Large white or blue flowers.
portenschlagiana—Creeping. Small blue flowers.
rotundifolia—(Blue Bells of Scotland).
- CENTAUREA**—(Hardy Cornflower).
dealbata—Large rose-pink flowers.
macrocephala—Thistle-like yellow flowers.
montana—Blue or white flowers, July.
- CERASTIUM**—*tomentosum*—(Snow in Summer). Silvery ground cover.
- CHRYSANTHEMUM**, Hardy—
Angelo—Medium, light pink.
Argenteuillais—Medium. Large flowering reddish-bronze.
Bronze Pompom—Tall growing.
Yellow Pompom—Tall growing.
Red Doty—Tall, dark red.
Trickers—Dwarf yellow.
Trickers—Dwarf pink.
- CLEMATIS DAVIDIANA**—Dwarf, shrubby Clematis. Deep lavender-blue flowers. Very fragrant. August and September.
- COLUMBINE**—(Aquilegia).
chrysantha—Golden yellow. All Summer.
coerulea—Our native Rocky Mountain Columbine.
Elliot's hybrids—Blends or reds, pink, cream and yellow.
New hybrids—Long-spurred flowers of exquisite colors.
Nivea grandiflora—Colors ranging from white to deep red.
- COREOPSIS**—(Tickseed). Yellow daisy-like flowers.
- DELPHINIUM**—(Larkspur).
belladonna—Light blue. Flowers on long spikes.
bellamosa—Similar to belladonna. Dark blue.
chinense—Low-growing. Deep blue or white flowers.
Dusky Monarch—Hollyhock-like flowers. Range of dark blues, 50c.
English hybrids—(Roberts' re-selection). Range of pastel shades.
Gold Medal hybrids—Various shades of blue.
Wrexham strain—Large flowers of varied hues, with interesting centers.
- DIANTHUS**—(Hardy Pinks). Suitable for rock gardens.
Annie Laurie—Large flower of orchid pink. Very fragrant.
atrorubens—Bright red. Odorless.
Caesius Grandiflorus—Rose pink. Fragrant. May.
deltoides—Small blossoms all Summer. White, pink or red.
Her Majesty—Very large, pure white, double.
plumaris—(Old-fashioned Clove Pinks.) Pink and white.
strictus—Beautifully fringed single white.
Mixed—This assortment contains all the above varieties and is very desirable for rock garden planting.
- DIANTHUS Barbatus**—See Sweet William.
- ERYNGIUM amethystinum**—(Sea Holly). Small thistle-like heads of steely blue.
- EUPHORBIA**—(Spurge).
epithymoides—Yellow flowers. May and June.

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myrsinites—Bright yellow. Prostrate. Blooms early.
palustris—Yellow flowers to poinsettia. June.

EVENING PRIMROSE—(*Oenothera Missouriensis*).
Yellow. Low-growing.

FERNS—The most popular plant for a shady location.
No garden may be considered complete without at
least a few good ferns. Give plenty of water and
rotted leaves.

Colorado Male Fern—The best known fern.

Medium clumps at \$3.00; large \$5.00 per doz.

Lady Fern—Fronds more lacy than Male Fern, light
green in color.

FORGET-ME-NOT—Blue. An exceptional ground cover.

FUNKIA—(Plantain Lily). For the shady border.

coerulea—Broad bright green leaves, blue flowers in
August.

subcordata—Pure white lily-shaped flowers.

variegata—Variegated foliage, blue flowers.

GAILLARDIA—(Blanket Flower). Yellow and red daisy-
like flowers.

GERANIUM—(Crane's Bill).

pratense—Blue flowers.

GEUM—Mrs. Bradshaw. Choice low-growing plant.
Scarlet flowers.

GOLDEN ROD—(*Solidago*). Yellow.

canadensis—Rather low-growing; compact heads.

butterfly—Very large, many branched flower heads.

GRASSES—Plant near Lily Pools.

Blue Lyme—Handsome grey blades, three feet.

festuca glauca—Compact, silvery, 6 inches.

Ravenna—12 feet, long silvery plumes all winter.

Ribbon—Long, narrow, striped white and yellow.

Zebra—Long blades with broad yellow bands.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath). For bouquets.

paniculata—Single or semi-double flowers in July.

paniculata flore pleno—Double flowers. Popular.
\$1.50 each.

Bristol Fairy—Large, white, double. Everblooming.
75c each.

R.G. fratensis—Pink, trailing. For rock walls.

R.G. Reptans—Same as above, but white flowers.

R.G. HELIANTHEMUM (Rock Rose)—

mutabile—Pink or yellow. Early summer.

HELIOPSIS (Hardy Zinnia)—Brilliant border plant.

scabra imbricata—Double yellow. Long stems.

HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily)

baroni—Bright yellow, 2 to 3 ft. August.

calipso—Similar to Baroni. Taller, later.

flamid—Large orange flowers. Early June.

flava—Golden yellow, fragrant. June.

Gold Dust—Indian yellow, June. 2½ feet.

May Queen—Early flowering, orange. Very good.

Orange Man—Clear bright orange. June and July.

Sir Michael Foster—Bright clear yellow. July. 3 ft.

thunbergi—Similar to *flava*, a month later.

R.G. HEUCHERA (Coralbells). For cutting, borders.

alba—Creamy white.

hybrids—Every shade, creamy white to bright red.

sanguinea—Bright crimson. June to September.

HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket)

matronalis—Fragrant purple spikes 2 to 3 ft. June.

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HOLLYHOCK—A garden favorite for perennial borders.
Imperator—Soft blending colors. 5½ to 6½ inch flowers. New.

Also double flowered unnamed varieties in separate colors.

Bright Rose	Maroon
Newport Pink	Light Red
Yellow	White
Dark Red	

HYPERICUM—(Gold Dust Plant). Graceful border plant.
henryi—Golden yellow, blooms all Summer. 2 ft.

R.G. olympicum—Half prostrate species.

R.G. reptans—Trailing. Soft yellow. August.

R.G. **IBERIS**—(Hardy Candytuft). Evergreen, white or lavender.

R.G. **ICELAND POPPY**—Neat habit. Early yellow flowers.

IRIS—Over fifty varieties. Ask us.

Kashmir White—Tall growing, lemon scented. 50c.

White Knight—Pure white, late bloomer.

Dalila—White and rosy-lavender blended. Late bloomer.

Tristram—White and deep purple blended.

Virginia Moore—Clear chrome yellow. Tall.

Cecil Minturn—Soft ruffled pink. Late.

Ballerine—Light violet blue. Fragrant. 50c.

Lady Foster—Pale violet blue. Tall Fragrant. 50c.

Mlle. Schwartz—Soft mauve. Tall. Popular. 35c.

Lent A. Williamson—Soft velvety violet. 35c.

Tom Tit—Low growing. Bright purple.

Ambassadeur—Tall. Smoky purple and violet red. 35c.

Sindjka—Chinese violet shading to reddish brown. 35c.

Pumila—Dwarf, deep blue. 2 for 35c.

LATHYRUS—(Perennial Flowering Pea). Red, white or pink.

LAVATERA—(Tree Mallow). New plant from England.
cashmiriana—Tall, rose pink flowers all Summer.

LIATRIS—(Kansas Gay Feather)
pynostachya—Rich purple. Mid Summer.

R.G. **LILY OF THE VALLEY**—Fine clumps.

LILIES—A large selection for fall planting.

LINARIA—(Kenilworth Ivy).

dalmatica—Glaucous foliage, yellow, 4 ft.

R.G. **LINUM**—(Flax). Excellent border plant.

flavum—Clear yellow blossoms all Summer.

perenne—Light blue flowers all Summer. Low.

LUPINES—

English hybrids—Featuring pink tints.

polyphyllus albus—Early white flowers.

polyphyllus blue—Early blue flowers.

LYCHNIS—(Campion). Valuable for the border.

chalcedonica—Scarlet clusters during Summer.

LYTHRUM—(Loose Strife). For banks of pools.

roseum superbum—Large rose-colored. Showy.

MERTENSIA—(Blue Bells)

virginica—Lower growing than the native Blue Bell.

MONARDA—(Bergamot). Scarlet flowers, June to Aug.

NEPETA—(Ground Ivy)

R.G. glechoma—Trailing plant. Bright green.

R.G. Mussini—Dwarf, lavender bloom all Summer.

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ORIENTAL POPPY—

Oriental bracteatum—Bright orange-red. May.

Beauty of Livermore—The choicest large red.

Goliath—Large bright red.

Olympia—Scarlet with salmon 'sheen. Profuse bloomer.

Mrs. Perry Pink—Best pink poppy. Attractive.

Mrs. Perry White—White with crimson blotch.

PENTSTEMON—(Beard Tongue)

barbatus—Scarlet flowers. Slender, graceful.

gloxiniodes—Shades of lilac, rose and purple.

PEONIES—Large assortment. Fall planting is best.

PHLOX, Coquelicot—Bright scarlet with crimson eye.

R.G. divaricata canadensis—Native. Lavender.

Eclairer—Large rosy-lavender. Popular.

Elizabeth Campbell—Light salmon-pink. Fine.

Fuerbrand—Brilliant red. Medium height.

Isabey—Salmon pink with darker eye.

Jules Sandeau—Large, brilliant pink. 10 inches.

Miss Lingard—Best white Phlox. Immense flowers.

Nicholas Flammel—Scarlet-red. Large trusses.

Peach Blossom—Silvery-pink shading to white.

Queen of Groups—Rose-pink. One of the best.

Rheinlander—Large salmon-pink flowers.

Rijnstroom—Carmine-rose. Immense trusses.

Special French—Glowing pink. Very popular.

Strauss—Purplish-violet. Strong grower.

R. P. Struthers—Rosy-carmine, claret red eye.

Tapis Blanc—Low-growing white.

Thor—One of the best salmon-pink.

Von Lassburg—Tall growing late white.

R.G. PHLOX SUBULATA (Creeping Phlox)

Lilacea—Soft lavender with light eye.

Perfection—Deep pink with red eye.

Vivid—Bright rosy-pink with darker eye.

PHYSOSTEGIA—(False Dragonhead).

virginica—Rosy-purple flowers on tall spikes.

virginica alba—Same as above, but white.

PLATYCODON—(Balloon Flower). Buds resemble tiny balloons.

grandiflorum—Flowers single, in white or clear blue.

Blue—Attractive flowers fine for cutting.

White—Similar to above. Hardy, easily grown.

POLEMONIUM—(Jacob's Ladder). Likes shady spot.

coeruleum—Erect stems 12-18 inches, sky-blue, June.

PRIMULA-PRIMROSE—Beautiful plant. Likes shade.

Munstead Hybrids—Maroon and yellow. Choice.

saxatile—Spikes of lavender flowers. Dwarf.

R.G. PRUNELLA—(Self-heal). Likes some shade.

grandiflora—Violet flowers all Summer.

PYRETHRUM—(Painted Daisy). Ideal garden flower.

English hybrids—White, pink and deep rose.

grandiflora pink—Shades of pink to deep rose.

uliginosum—Masses of white flowers in August.

ROCK PLANTS for Rock Gardens—See page ??

RUDBECKIA—(Coneflower).

purpurea—Reddish-purple with cone-shaped center.

SALVIA—(Meadow Sage). Graceful flowers on spikes.

azurea—3 to 4 ft. Sky-blue. Aug. and Sept.

R.G. Silvery Sage—Finely cut silvery foliage.

SANTOLINA INCANA—(Lavender Cotton; Ground Cypress).

Dwarf evergreen—Can be trimmed to shape.

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- R.G. SAPONARIA**—(Soapwort)
ocymoides splendens—Rosy-pink flowers.
- R.G. SAXIFRAGA**—
cordifolia—Easily grown, and handsome foliage. 50c.
decipiens—Foliage turns crimson in winter.
- SCABIOSA**, *caucasia* (Blue Bonnet)—Fine for borders.
- R.G. SCUTELLARIA**—(Skull Cap)
coelestina—New. 12 inches. Yellow. June to Aug.
- R.G. SEDUMS**—Easily grown, popular for Rock Gardens.
 We have a large number of varieties. Ask us.
- SHASTA DAISY**—(*Chrysanthemum maximum*)
 Alaska—Extra large blossoms in June and July.
 King Edward VII—Flowers very perfect and large.
 Mrs. Chas. Lowthian Bell—Large blossoms all season.
- SIDALCEA**—(Greek Mallow). Erect growing. Showy flowers.
candida—Pure white. Fine for cut flowers.
listerio—Bright pink. June and July.
roseum—Bright rose-pink. Very showy.
- SPIREA**—*filipendula*—(Meadow Sweet). 12 in. White.
- STACHYS**—(Wound Wort). Fine for borders.
 R.G. *betonica superba*—Fine foliage, purple spikes.
lanata—Bright silvery foliage. Purple flowers.
- STATICE**—(Sea Lavender). Excellent for drying.
latifolia—Tiny lavender flowers, late summer.
- STOKESIA**—(Cornflower Aster)
 Blue—18 inches. Aster-like flowers.
- SWEET WILLIAM**—(*Dianthus barbatus*)
atrosanguineus—Blood red. Steady bloomer.
 Newport Pink—Beautiful salmon-pink.
 Red Bedder—Very dark velvety red.
 Mixed—Combinations of red, white, pink.
- THALICTRUM**—(Meadow Rue). Fern-like foliage.
aquilegifolium—Feathery white flowers.
glaucum—Blue-gray foliage. Yellow flowers.
- THYME**—Attractive ground cover; lavender flowers.
- VALERIANA**—(Garden Heliotrope)
officinalis—July, 5 ft., showy white flowers.
- VERONICA**—Beautiful plants for sunny locations.
 R.G. *allioni*—Evergreen ground cover. Violet bloom.
 R.G. *balfouriana*—Pale violet-blue. 3 inches.
incana—Gray rosette foliage. Blue flowers in June.
multifida—Large blue flowers. 12 to 18 inches.
 R.G. Royal Blue—Fine rock garden plant. 8 in.
 R.G. *rupestris*—Pretty foliage, blue flowers.
spicata—Long spikes, violet-blue, June and July.
 R.G. *teucrium*—Dwarf spreading, flowers in May.
virginica—Free blooming, erect flower spikes 4 ft.
- R.G. VINCA MINOR**—(Trailing Myrtle)
 Evergreen plant for carpeting under trees and shrubs.
- VIOLA CORNUTA**—(Tufted Pansy). Blooms from April to October.
 Admiration—Deep violet.
 Blue Perfection—Light blue.
 Lutea splendens—Rich golden yellow.
 Papilio—Blue and white.
 White Perfection—Large, clear white. New.
- R.G. VIOLETS**—
odorata—Well known violet, small, purple.
canadense—Small, white flowered.
 Large Flowering Blue—Beautiful flower.

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SHRUBS

- BARBERRY, Japanese**—Medium height, compact; red fruit1-1½ feet .50; 1½-2 feet .65
Red Leaved—Fine for contrast. Plant in full sun. 1½-2 feet..... .75
- BUCKTHORN, Glossy**—For grouping. Large, graceful. 3-4 feet .75; 4-5 feet 1.00
- BUFFALO BERRY**—Rare. Large. Silvery foliage. 3-4 feet 1.50; 4-5 feet 2.00
- BUTTERFLY BUSH**—Lilac-like flowers. Very sweet. Heavy clumps or pots..... .50
- CARAGANA or SIBERIAN PEA**—Large, upright growth. 3-4 feet .75; 4-5 feet 1.00
- CHOKEBERRY, Red**—Grows 6-8'. Brilliant red fall leaves2-3 feet .75
- CINQUEFOIL**—Dwarf shrub, finely cut foliage. 1½-2 feet..... .50
- CORALBERRY**—Low shrub, red berries until spring. 2-3 feet..... .50
- COTONEASTER, Peking**—Ideal for foundation planting2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.25
- DOGWOOD, Colorado**—Red stems and very hardy. 2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.00
Coral—The brightest of the red twigged varieties. 2-3 feet .50; 3-4 feet .75
Yellow-twig—Attractive in contrast with red kinds. 2-3 feet..... .75
- ELDER**—Common — Showy flowers and excellent for grouping.....3-4 feet .75
Cutleaf—Unusual foliage. Growth same as common. 3-4 feet..... .75
Golden Leaved—Excellent for contrast in groups. 2½-3 feet..... .75
- EUONYMUS, Alatus**—Medium height, colorful fall leaves. 2-3 feet 1.00; 3-4 feet 1.50
Europaes—Slender growth, coral fruit in fall. 2-3 feet 1.00; 4-5 feet 2.00
- FLOWERING ALMOND**—White or pink. Flowers very early.....2-3 feet 1.00; 3-4 feet 1.50
- FLOWERING CURRANT**—Upright growth, early flowers3-4 feet heavy .75
- FORSYTHIA suspensa**—Prized for its early bloom. 2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.00
- GINNALA MAPLE**—Handsome growth, red fall leaves. 5-6 feet..... 2.00
- HAWTHORN, Cockspur**—Large growth, red fall leaves and fruit.....3-4 feet 2.00
Downy—Large leaves, red fruit in September. 3-4 feet..... 2.00
Thicket—Shrubby habit, large white flowers. 3-4 feet..... 2.00
Common Red Haw—Large edible fruits. Native. 3-4 feet..... 2.00
- HONEYSUCKLE, Creamy Bell**—Best for hot dry places. May flowers. 4-5 feet..... 1.25
Fragrantissima—Graceful, very early flowers. 3-4 feet..... .75
Grandiflora rosea—Large pink flowers. 3-4 feet..... .75
Morrows—Round spreading type, showy flowers. 3-4 feet..... .75
Pink Tatarian—One of earliest pink flowering. 3-4 feet..... .75
White Belle—Rapid growing, tall, red berries. 3-4 feet .75; 5-6 feet 1.25
White Tatarian—White flowers, fruit all summer. 3-4 feet .75; 5-6 feet 1.25

- HYDRANGEA, Pee Gee**—Beautiful late blooming shrub.
1½-2 feet..... .75
- INDIGO BUSH**—Blue flowering shrubs are scarce.
3-4 feet .75; 4-5 feet 1.00
- JAPANESE QUINCE**—Scarlet flowers in early spring.
2-3 feet 1.00; 3-4 feet 1.50
(Replacement at one-half price.)
- JET BEAD or WHITE KERRIA**—Bright green leaves.
Low.....1½-2 feet .75; 2-3 feet 1.00
- LILAC, Common Purple**—A favorite from earliest times.
2-3 feet..... .75
Common White—Clear white fragrant flowers.
2-3 feet..... .75
Hungarian—June blooming, seldom caught by frosts.
2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.25
Persian—Purple. Most graceful lilac. No suckers.
2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.00
Late Lilac—June. Large panicles pinkish flowers.
2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.25
- MOCKORANGE, Large Flowering**—Large shrub. Mammoth white flowers.....2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.00
Lemoine—Low growing, fine leaves, very fragrant.
2-3 feet..... .75
Virginal—Double flowering. Medium height. Popular.....2-3 feet 1.00; 3-4 feet 1.25
- NANKING CHERRY**—Large and showy shrub. Pink flowers.....2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.25
- NINEBARK, Common**—Slender arching branches. Use in shade.
3-4 feet, extra heavy .75; 4-5 feet, extra heavy 1.00
Dwarf—New. Slender upright shrub. Low growing.
1½-2 feet, extra heavy..... 1.00
- ROSES**—(Also see Hybrid Tea Roses)
Austrian Copper—New. Brilliant copper-red flowers.
Low plants..... 1.00
Blanda or Meadow Rose—No thorns. Pink flowers.
Low plants..... .75
Hansa—Large, double, reddish violet flowers.
Low plants..... 1.00
Hugonis or Golden Rose of China—Very hardy.
June.....2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.00
Lucida or Virginia Rose—Plant in border. Pink.
2-3 feet..... .75
Sweetbriar—Old favorite, fragrant leaves and flowers.....2-3 feet .75
Rugosa—Fine for hedging. Large red flowers.
2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.00
- ROSE ACACIA**—Prized for rose colored flowers. A locust.....2-3 feet .75; 3-4 feet 1.00
- RUSSIAN OLIVE**—Easily grown. Use for silvery effects.
2-3 feet..... .50
- SAND CHERRY**—Fruits prized for jelly. Low growing.
2½-3 feet..... .75
- SCOTCH BROOM**—Excellent for shady spot. Yellow flowers.....1½-2 feet .50
- SNOWBERRY**—Low growing, for sun or shade. White fruit.....1½-2 feet .50; 2-3 feet .75
- SPIREA, Arguta**—Earliest flowering. White, graceful.
2-3 feet..... .75
Billardi—Partial shade. Pink spiked flowers. July.
2-3 feet .50; 3-4 feet .75
Froebeli—Hardy, dwarf, crimson clustered flowers.
1½-2 feet..... .50
Latifolia—White pink-flushed flowers. Low growth.
2 feet, heavy..... .75
Margaritae—Handsome, free flowering, bright pink.
1½-2 feet..... .50

- Korean Bridal Wreath—Rare. Medium height. White.
2½-3 feet..... 1.00
- Vanhoutte or Western Bridal Wreath—Most popular
shrub.....2-3 feet .50; 3-4 feet .75
- SORBARIA sorbifolia**—Likes shade. Showy white flowers.....2-3 feet .75
- glabrata**—Moist rich soil. Handsome shrub.
3-4 feet 1.00
- SUMAC, Cutleaf**—Medium height, attractive foliage.
3-4 feet .50; 4-5 feet .75
- Smooth**—Grows to small tree. Shiny bark. Red
fruit.....3-4 feet .50; 4-5 feet .75
- Staghorn**—Popular. Bright red leaves in fall.
3-4 feet .50; 4-5 feet .75
- TAMARIX, Spanish**—Feathery foliage, plummy pink flowers.....3-4 feet .75
(Replacement at one-half price.)
- VIBURNUM, Arrow-wood**—Very hardy, graceful, rich
foliage.....2-3 feet 1.00
- Highbush Cranberry**—Brilliant red berries all winter.....2-3 feet 1.00
- Lantana**—Very hardy. Wrinkled foliage. Large, popular.....2-3 feet 1.00
- Lentago or Sheepberry**—Shiny leaves, red in fall.
2-3 feet 1.00; 4-5 feet 1.50
- Snowball**—A beautiful shrub everyone likes.
2-3 feet 1.00; 3-4 feet 1.25
- WILLOW, Blue Stem**—Small, dense, use for contrast.
2-3 feet .50; 3-4 feet .75

HEDGE PLANTS

- BARBERRY**—Will stand heat. Use for boundaries.
1-1½ feet.....Each .25; 100 at .20 each
1½-2 feet.....100 at .30 each
- CARAGANA**—Very hardy, quick growing, stands wind.
2-3 feet.....100 at .30 each
- AMOR RIVER PRIVET**—Vigorous growing, large
leaves.
1-1½ feet 100 at .10 each; 1½-2 feet 100 at .12 each
- ENGLISH PRIVET**—Hardest and most beautiful hedg-
ing.....3-4 feet 100 at .20 each
- RUSSIAN OLIVE**—Excellent for tall, thick hedges.
1½-2 feet.....100 at .15 each

FLOWERING TREES

- FLOWERING CRABS, Bechtel's**—Compact lawn tree.
Large pink blossoms.....3-4 feet 1.50
- Dolga**—New. Pink flowers. Fruit bright red, tasty.
5-6 feet..... 3.50
- Hopa**—New. Twin to Dolga, but rose-red blossoms.
5-6 feet..... 3.50
- FLOWERING PLUMS**—Double Flowering Plum—
Masses of early pink flowers.
3-4 feet 1.00; 4-5 feet 1.25
- Native Wild Plum**—Early sweet flowers. Edible
fruit.....5-6 feet, Special 1.00
- Newport Purple Leaf Plum**—Upright growth.
2-3 feet..... .75
- MOUNTAIN ASH**—Showy orange fruit. Hangs until
spring.
6-8 feet, Earth balled 2.50; 8-10 feet, Earth balled 3.50
(Replacement at one-half price.)

SHADE AND PARKING TREES

- ASH, Green**—Sturdy growth. Leaves turn bright yellow.
6-8 feet 1.00; 8-10 feet 2.00
- BIRCH, Cutleaf Weeping**—Most beautiful weeping tree.
6-8 feet 2.50; 8-10 feet 3.50
(Replacement at one-half price.)
European White—White bark. Use for contrast.
6-8 feet 2.00; 8-10 feet 3.00
(Replacement at one-half price.)
- ELM, American**—Best parking tree. Arching, graceful.
8-10 feet 1.25; 1½-2 inches in diameter at base 2.50
Chinese or Siberian—Fastest grower. Pest free.
8-10 feet 1.00; 1½-2 inches in diameter at base 2.25
Trees for dry land windbreaks—ask for prices.
- HACKBERRY**—Hardy, long lived; spreading top; pest free.....6-8 feet .75; 8-10 feet 1.25
- HONEY LOCUST, Thornless**—Large seed pods. Pest free.
8-10 feet 1.50; 1½-2 inches in diameter at base 2.50
- MAPLE, Cutleaf**—Similar in growth to Soft Maple.
6-8 feet..... 2.50
Norway—Small tree, compact head, slow growth.
6-8 feet..... 2.50
(Replacement at one-half price.)
Schwedler—Red leaves in fall and spring.
5-6 feet..... 2.50
(Replacement at one-half price.)
Soft or Silver—Popular, large, dense shade tree.
8-10 feet 1.00; 1½-2 inches in diameter at base 2.25
- POPLAR, Andrewsii**—New. Long, light green leaves.
10-12 feet..... 1.50
Bolleana—Best for screening. Fast growth.
6-8 feet 1.00; 8-10 feet 1.50
1½-2 inches in diameter at base 2.50
Carolina—Shade tree. Fast growth like Chinese Elm.....8-10 feet 1.00
Lombardy—Rapid growing tree for screening.
6-8 feet .75; 8-10 feet 1.25
Norway—8-10 feet..... 1.00
Silver—Rapid growth. Suitable for large grounds.
8-10 feet 1.00; 1½-2 inches in diameter at base 2.25
- RUSSIAN OLIVE**—Popular tree for silvery effects.
6 feet 1.00; 8-10 feet 2.00
- BLACK WALNUT**—Handsome foliage for tropical effects. Delicious nuts.....3-4 feet 1.50
- WILLOW, Niobe Weeping**—Well known by everyone.
1½-2 inches in diameter at base. No Guarantee. 2.50

EVERGREENS

All evergreen prices include planting, if in or near Denver. All these trees are moved with ample ball of earth, to insure their growing without check.

- JUNIPERS, Silver Cedar**—Ideal to plant at side of entrance.....1½-2 feet 2.00; 3-3½ feet 5.00; 4-5 feet 8.00
Larger sizes at \$2.00 per foot.
Andorra—Prostrate growth. Beautiful foliage.
15-18 inches spread..... 3.50
Pfitzer—Low-growing, silvery foliage, wide spread.
2-2½ feet spread..... 4.00
Savin—Low-growing, fan shaped, green foliage.
2-2½ feet spread..... 5.00
Tamarix—New. Unusually lacy foliage.
1-1½ foot spread 3.00; 1½-2 feet spread 4.50
- PINE, Austrian**—Large; splendid for backgrounds; long needles.....3-4 feet 6.00
Bristlecone—Dark green. Fine for massing.
3-4 feet..... 7.50

Mugho—The popular globe shaped low-growing Pine. 1½-2 feet spread..... 3.50
 Ponderosa or Western Yellow—Fine for back-grounds.....4-5 feet 6.50
 Scotch—Light green, short needles. Very shapely. 4-5 feet 8.00; 5-6 feet 12.00

SPRUCE, Colorado Blue—Most admired evergreen in the United States.
 2-3 feet 6.50; 3-4 feet 8.50; 4-5 feet 12.00

FRUIT TREES

Colorado grown. Extra fine.

Trees 1 inch in diameter at base:

Each	1.00
Ten	8.00

APPLES, Delicious—Most popular red eating apple.
 Jonathan—Excellent for eating, heavy producer.
 Wealthy—Bears early, good for eating and canning.
 Yellow Transparent—Early ripening. White, very juicy.

CRAB APPLES, Siberian—Fruit yellow with red cheek. Small.

CHERRIES, Early Richmond—Earliest pie cherry, late June. Red.
 Montmorency—Sweetest pie cherry. Large, dark red.

PLUMS, Opata—Delicious flavor. Red skin, green flesh.
 Sapa—Dwarf and bears very young. Sweet and tender.

SMALL FRUITS

GRAPES—2 year vines, each 35c, 4 for \$1.00.
 Beta—Best grape for arbors. Hardy, prolific.
 Caco—New. World's finest all-purpose grape. 75c ea.
 Concord—Famous the world over. Use on arbors.
 Moore's Early—Similar to Concord. Two weeks earlier.
 Niagara—Large white fruit, delicate flavor. Hardy.
 Worden—Black. Earlier and larger than Concord.

CURRENTS—Heavy plants, each 50c, 5 for \$2.00.
 Perfection—Best red currant in cultivation. Very large.

GOOSEBERRIES—Each 25c, 5 for \$1.00.
 Downing—Large, pale green. Splendid quality.
 Houghton—Light red, sweet, tender, medium sized.

RASPBERRIES—Each 15c, 10 for 75c.
 Chief—Bright red, early. A recent variety.
 Cumberland—The finest Black Raspberry. Prolific.
 Latham—New. Hardy, red, sweet, prolific.
 St. Regis—Everbearing. Red, juicy and sweet.

STRAWBERRIES, Everbearing—100 for \$1.25, 1000 for \$10.00.
 Mastadon—The finest variety. Extremely large.
 Progressive—Medium sized, keeps well. Popular.
 100 for \$1.00, 1000 for \$8.00
 June bearing—100 for 60c, 1000 for \$5.50.
 Aroma—Bright glossy red, firm, rich flavor.
 Blakemore—Originated by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.
 Premier—Luscious fruit. Resists frost and rot.
 Senator Dunlap—Dark red. Popular for table use.

ASPARAGUS, Martha Washington—Best of all varieties.
 1 year heavy: 100 plants \$1.00; 1000 for \$7.50.

RHUBARB—Red, fine flavored and tender.
 Heavy plants—12 for \$2.00.

ROSES FOR 1934

Pot grown roses—each 60c, Per 12 \$6.00, Per 100 \$45.00
All pot grown roses carry no guarantee.

HYBRID TEA ROSES

WHITE ROSES—

- Abol—A fine new white. Superior.
- Kaiserin, A. V.—Very fragrant pointed buds.
- White Ophelia—Long budded, with a pinkish center.

YELLOW and SALMON ROSES—

- Betty Uprichard—Strong growing. Coppery red buds.
- Duchess of Wellington—Large yellow flowers.
- Golden Ophelia—Clear yellow, profuse bloomer.
- Hugonis—Grows to a 6 foot shrub. Single yellow.
- Impress—Short budded. Fine glossy foliage.
- Joanna Hill—New. A rich Sunburst. Long stems.
- Lady Margaret Stewart—Big Sunflower yellow flowers.
- Los Angeles—Rich apricot color. Light grower.
- Mme. Butterfly—White flushed with pink and yellow.
- Mme. A. Dreux—Small rose, apricot, pink, yellow.
- Mme. Aaron Ward—Small Indian yellow rose.
- Olympiad—New. Scarlet flowers, orange undertone.
- President Hoover—Big, vigorous, orange yellow.
- Rapture—New. Good size, coral, rose, and gold flushed.
- Roberts Salmon—Free blooming. Popular yellow.
- Roselandia—Darker than Golden Ophelia.
- Souv. de Claudius Pernet—Very fine yellow.
- Sunburst—Long budded, salmon yellow.
- Talisman—Brilliant scarlet, gold and rose.

LIGHT PINK ROSES—

- Briarcliff—Fine dark pink.
- Cynthia Ford—Strong growing. Many flowers.
- La France—Best light pink rose for bedding.
- Mme. C. Testout—A reliable bloomer.
- Mrs. Chas. Bell—Shell pink large flowers.
- My Maryland—Free blooming, well shaped buds.
- Rosy Dawn—Big, vigorous, splendid in Autumn.

DARK PINK ROSES—

- Commonwealth—Large and very fragrant.
- Dame Edith Helen—Unusually large and fragrant.
- Hollywood—Darker than Premier Supreme.
- Jonkherr Mock—Largest pink rose. Popular.
- Mrs. Chas. Russell—Fragrant, strong grower.
- Padre—Copper-orange scarlet.
- Premier Supreme—A handsome dark rose.

RED ROSES—

- American Beauty—Most popular of all roses.
- Ami Quinard—Very deep crimson-maroon.
- Crusader—Long stemmed, double, dark red.
- E. G. Hill—A new medium scarlet rose. Recommended.
- Francis Scott Key—The biggest red rose grown.
- Gruss an Teplitz—Free blooming. Very popular.
- Hadley—Fragrant, long budded, very dark.
- Mrs. F. R. Pierson—New. Long stemmed medium red.
- Red Radiance—A medium red rose.
- Templar—Long stems. Form of a big Ophelia.

BABY RAMBLER ROSES—

- Baby Tausendschoen—Light pink rather flat large flowers.
- Cecile Brunner—The well known sweetheart rose.
- Edith Cavell—Small dark scarlet roses in great masses.
- Ellen Paulsen—Medium pink, large double flowers.
- Gruss an Aachen—Light pink. Very large flowers.

- Joan of Arc—The best white.
 La Marne—Single white flowers, edged with rose.
 Orleans—Fine bedder, vigorous, medium pink.
 Salmon Queen—Salmon yellow flowers in profusion.

CLIMBING ROSES

WHITE CLIMBERS—

- Silver Moon—Immense single flowers. Glossy leaves.
 White Dorothy Perkins—A very rapid grower.
 Wichuriana—Prostrate grower. Single flowers.

YELLOW CLIMBERS—

- Emily Gray—(Pillar). Large flowers, glossy foliage.
 Electra—Tiny orange pink flowers, long season.
 Ghislaine de Feligonde—(Pillar). Orange pink. Fine.

LIGHT PINK CLIMBERS—

- Chaplins Pink Climber—Profuse bloomer. Clear pink.
 Christine Wright—Large double flowers. Good.
 Dorothy Perkins—Best known pink climber.
 Dr. Van Fleet—Shell pink. Glossy leaves. Very fine.
 Mme. G. Staechelin—Good flowers on long stems.

DARK PINK CLIMBERS—

- American Pillar—Well known. Dark pink, white center.
 New Tausendschoen—Vigorous, dark, superior rose.

RED CLIMBERS—

- Climbing American Beauty—An old favorite. Long stems.
 Excelsa—Red Dorothy Perkins. Best of the family.
 Flower of Fairfield—Improved Crimson Rambler.
 Pauls Scarlet Climber (Pillar)—Best big red climber.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES—

- Frau Karl Druschki—The best white. Immense flowers.
 General Jacqueminot—Velvety crimson. Fine old rose.
 George Dickson—A good medium red.
 Magna Charta—A large double medium pink rose.
 Paul Neyron—Large medium pink. "The largest rose."
 Prince Camille de Rohan—"Black Prince." Deepest maroon.

HARDY ORNAMENTAL VINES

- CLEMATIS jackmanni—Attractive, large purple flowers.....4 inch pots 1.00
 (No guarantee.)
 CLEMATIS paniculata—Fragrant white flowers in Sept.
 2 year plants..... .75
 HONEYSUCKLE, Hall's Japanese — Quick grower.
 White.....2 year plants .75
 HONEYSUCKLE, Scarlet Trumpet—Showy scarlet flowers.....2 year plants .75
 IVY, Boston—Grows fan-shaped. Dainty. North wall.
 2 year plants..... .75
 IVY, Engelmann—Rapid growing, very popular.
 2 year plants .50; 3 year plants .75
 SILVER LACE VINE—Rapid growing, great beauty.
 White.....2 year plants .75
 TRUMPET VINE—Clings to walls without support.
 2 year plants..... .75
 WILD GRAPE—Quick growing. Quantity of grapes for jelly.....2 year plants .50

UMBRELLA PLANT

Long stems crowned with a palm-like leaf. Valuable for tropical effect. Plants from 4 inch pots 50c each.

WATER LILIES

We offer good sized roots of the following varieties at \$1.50 each, and large roots at \$2.00.

Marilacea alba—White

Marilacea rosea—Light Pink

Pink Opal—Dark Pink

Marilacea Cromatella—Yellow

And at \$2.00 each SIOUX, a coppery red changing to deep red.

WATER HYACINTHS—They give a fine show of flat green foliage.....35c each; 4 for \$1.00

ROCK GARDEN PLANTS

We are listing the regular rock garden plants, suitable for all type gardens. These are plants of dwarf and creeping habits. There is a wide range of flower form and color, and the blooming season extends over a long period.

Achillea

Ajuga genevensis (shade)

Alyssum saxatile

Anchusa myosotidiflora
(shade)

Armeria

Arenaria

Aster Species

Campanulas in variety
(shade)

Cerastium tomentosum

Dianthus in variety

Forget-me-not (shade)

Geum

Gypsophila

Helianthemum

Heuchera

Hypericum repens

Iberis

Iceland Poppy

Iris, dwarf (sun or shade)

Lilium tenuifolium (sun or
shade)

Linaria dalmatica

Nepeta Mussini

Phlox, dwarf varieties

Primula (shade)

Prunella (shade)

Saponaria

Saxifraga cordifolia (shade)

Saxifraga decipiens (shade)

Scutellaria

Sedums in variety (sun or
shade)

Veronica in variety

Vinca Minor (shade)

Violas in variety (sun or
shade)

GUARANTEE

A guarantee is an expression of good faith on the part of the seller, but implies a reasonable co-operation from the buyer.

To avoid confusion, we set forth our agreement with you in detail, as follows:

If any plant is not true to name, we will replace, without charge, at the next proper planting season. The error must be reported promptly or we must decline any liability.

Plants delivered alive in pots need no guarantee, and carry none.

Under no circumstances can we guarantee against WINTER KILLING.

Plants bought unseasonably or against our advice carry no guarantee.

We guarantee 90% of all perennials and shrubs to live; and losses in excess of this will be replaced at the next planting season.

All Evergreens and Trees are guaranteed to put forth a new growth after planting.

Failure to plant properly, including cutting back; or to give proper after care: naturally nullifies our guarantee.

Lilies and large flowering Clematis cannot be guaranteed to live.

Our plants are State inspected and are delivered free from injurious insect pests and fungus diseases. We can assume no liability for damage occurring later from these causes.

Plant losses must be reported within ninety days of planting time.