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DWARF EVERGREENS

Upright & Trailing Excellent for Rock Gardens.

Permanent beauty in the rock garden throughout the four seasons can be attained by making free use of appropriate dwarf evergreens, which have been selected for this list. The plants are, for the most part, easy to grow and need practically no care except thorough watering after transplanting and in dry weather. So genuinely satisfactory are these evergreens that many persons have planted their entire rock gardens with them. Naturally many of these varieties are very good planted in other situations than the rock garden, especially foundation plantings, because they remain dwarf.

Dwarf Hinoki Cypress

Chamaecyparis obtusa nana. Low, slow growing plant with short, dark green foliage. Very picturesque. 8-10" - \$2.50 ea.

Purple Wintercreeper

Euonymus radicans coloratus. Evergreen foliage very effective in winter; leaves purple below, tinged purple above. Strong potgown. \$.50 each; \$3.50 for 10.

Ivies

Hedera helix arborescens. Tree Ivy. Very ornamental; produces an abundance of vari-colored berries. Potgown, 18" - \$.75 each; \$6.00 for 10.

H. helix baltica. Baltic Ivy. Hardy, small-leaved form of English Ivy. Strong, potgown. \$.60 each; \$5.00 -10.

H. helix coreacaea. Leatherleaf Ivy. A very rare hardy variety with leathery, oddly shaped foliage. Strong, potgown, \$.70 each; \$5.00 for 10.

H. helix discolor (marmorata). Strong potgown, \$.75 ea. \$5.50 -10.

H. helix gracilis. Small-leaf English Ivy. Strong potgown, \$.70 each; \$5.00 for 10.

The Junipers

Juniperus chinensis japonica. Japanese Juniper. Ascending, spreading branches. Little known; worth a good place. 15-18" \$1.50 each.

The Junipers (continued)

- Juniperus chinensis japonica alba-variegata*. White variegated Japanese Juniper. Green foliage, white branchlets. 15-18" \$2.50 each.
- J. chinensis japonica aureo-variegata*. Golden Dwarf Japanese Juniper. Green foliage, golden twigs. 15-18" \$2.50 ea.
- J. chinensis pfitzeriana compacta*. A dwarf form of Pfitzer's juniper. A Pobbink & Atkins introduction. 15-18" spread. \$2.00 each.
- J. chinensis procumbens*. Japanese Trailing Juniper. A dwarf variety from Japan, with robust, spreading, procumbent branches and short branchlets. 18-24" spread - \$2.50 each.
- J. communis depressa plumosa*. Plumed Spreading Juniper. Highly recommended. Turns purple in winter. 18-24" spread - \$2.00 each.
- J. excelsa stricta*. Spiny Greek Juniper. Dark, silver-blue-green needles. Compact pyramid. 18-24" height. \$1.75 ea.
- J. horizontalis (sabina prostrata)*. Creeping Savin. Branches trailing. Pleasing ground cover. Enjoys dry sunny location. 2-2½' spread. \$2.75 each.
- J. sabina*. Savin Juniper. Prefers dry, rocky, sunny slopes. Bushy, low grower. Beautiful deep green. 1½-2' \$2.00 ea.
- J. sabina tamariscifolia*. Tamarix Savin. A distinct trailing form, pleasing gray-green color. Worthy of special consideration. 18-24" spread. \$2.25 each.
- J. squamata*. Thickly foliaged, prostrate branches, gray or blue-green; ornamental bluish black fruit. 2-2½' spread, \$3.00 each.
- J. squamata meyeri*. Meyer Juniper. Deep blue foliage; dwarf habit. Distinct and rare. 18-24" \$2.25 each.
- J. squamata albo-varietata*. White variegated form of *squamata*. 2-2½' spread. \$3.00 each.
- J. virginiana globosa*. Globe Red cedar. Dwarf compact form; bright green. 2-2½' - \$5.50 each.
- J. virginiana pendula*. Weeping Red cedar. A slow growing form with pendulous branches, very graceful. 3-4' \$3.50 each.

Heaths and Heathers

The majority of these shrubby evergreens are low-growing and extremely useful for rock gardens. The small foliage is densely arranged around the little wiry stems. In full bloom or in mid-winter the plants make a very pretty picture. Give them some protection the first winter so that they can become acclimated. Give these plants a slightly acid soil. All plants are potgrown. Prices - \$1.50 for 3; \$4.00 for 10; \$35.00 for 100, except where noted otherwise.

Heaths

- Erica carnea* (herbacea). Grows about 6 inches high. Leaves arranged in fours. Nodding, bell-shaped flowers along the stems.
- E. carnea* Winter Beauty. A new variety of this invaluable heath. Bright rosy-red, bell-shape flowers; profuse. Attractive foliage; early flowering. A real acquisition. \$1.00 each, \$2.75 for 3, \$8.00 for 10.
- E. mediterranea* Hybrids. Fine dark, evergreen foliage. Flowers bright pink, persisting well into the winter. 12 to 14 in.
- E. Tetralix*. A compact, silver-gray variety.
- E. Tetralix* Watsoni. New. A much improved form of the species. Attractive grayish foliage. Much improved flowers. Hardy when established. Stock limited. \$1.00 each; \$2.75 for 3; \$8.00 for 10.
- E. vagans*. Cornish Heath. Pale purplish red. 1 ft. Aug. & Sept.

Heathers

- Calluna vulgaris* - Scotch Heather. A dense-growing shrub with erect branches covered with short, closely lapped leaves. The pretty, bell-shaped flowers are rosy lavender and occur in great profusion toward tops of the shoots.
- C. vulgaris* alba - White Heather. The nodding white flowers are the only difference from the proceeding; a very pleasing contrast.
- C.* " *alba elata*. Tall White Heather. Late-blooming. A very straight grower. Foliage soft, very deep green. Flowers white. 1½-2'
- C.* " *alba minor*. Dwarf form of *C. vulgaris* alba.

Heathers (continued)

- Calluna vulgaris* *alba pilosa*. Late-blooming variety, about 18 to 20 inches high. Flowers white. Foliage soft grayish green.
- C. " *alba spicata*. Tall White Heather. Grows about 20 to 24 inches high. July.
- C. " *Alporti*. Crimson Heather. Lark crimson. Deep bluish green foliage. Bushy, medium grower. July, Aug.
- C. " *argentea*. Foliage whitish yellow-green. Flowers pink. 15 to 18" July.
- C. " *aurea*. Foliage golden in summer and red in winter. Pink Flowers.
- C. " *compacta*. Dwarf and compact. Pink flowers. 9".
- C. " *cuprea*. Foliage yellow, turning to almost glowing red in fall. Flowers purple. 12 to 15". June, July.
- C. " *fl.pl.* Double Scotch Heather.
- C. " *Hammondi*. A handsome pure white Heather. Free Flowering. 1½ ft.
- C. " *humilis*. Rich green foliage. A low grower. Flowers white. 12 to 15 ". June, July.
- C. " *hypnoides*. Late-blooming. Low, compact, spreading growth. Foliage soft deep green. Flowers deep pink. Useful for rock-garden or edging. 6 to 12".
- C. " *monstrosa*. Spreading variety with fine light yellowish green foliage. Flowers are pink. 15 to 18 inches. July.
- C. " *roses*. A more straight, tall-growing variety with very delicate pink flowers. 18 to 20 in. July, Aug.
- C. " *rukra*. Low, neat. First to flower, outlasting all others, being in bloom to fall. Flowers are lovely, deep red bells. \$.60 each; \$1.50 for 3; \$4.00- 10.
- C. " *Searlei*. Clear white. Foliage keeps green in fall. 1 ft. July, Sept.
- C. " *Tenella*. Slender Heather. A low grower with slender spikes of small lavender flowers. Foliage bronzy green in fall. 12 to 15 in. June, July.

All Heaths and Heathers \$1.50 for 3, \$4.00 for 10; \$35.00 for 100, except where noted otherwise. Potgrown.

Bearberry

Arctostaphylos uva-ursi. An attractive little trailing evergreen plant with pretty deep green leaves. Flowers small, white, tinged with red, followed by a rather large red berry. Fine for sandy places and in the shade. 2 to 4 in. Summer. Pot-grown plants. \$1.50 for 3, \$4.00 for 10, \$35 per 100.

Garland Flower

Daphne Cneorum. Unusually attractive, dwarf, bushy evergreen plant, the branches spreading from the crown, forming a solid mass and bearing bright pink flowers at tip of every branch during May and August.

9 to 12 inch spread	1.25 each.	\$11.00 per 10.
12 to 15 " "	1.50 "	13.50 " "
15 to 18 " "	2.00 "	18.00 " "

Dwarf Spruces

A group of rare dwarf forms of one of the best and easiest-grown evergreen trees. Because of their compact, pigmy habit these spruces are especially useful for rock gardens, and provide interesting variations in outline, stature, and color. Every plant is a perfect specimen. The supply of plants is limited.

Picea excelsa Clanbrasiliana. Lustrous light green shrub of flat-topped bush reaching 6 ft. with age, but grows slowly and remains very dwarf for a long time.

15 to 18 in. spread.	Each	\$3.50
1½ to 2 ft. "		4.50

P. excelsa echinaeformis. Very dwarf form with stiff, spine-like, radiating leaves.

15 to 18 in. spread.	4.50
18 to 24 in. "	5.00

P. excelsa Gregoryana. A midget shrub, seldom more than 2 ft. high, of squat-pointed, globe shape, with crowded branchlets and foliage.

12 to 15 in. spread.	4.00
1½ to 2 ft. "	5.00

P. excelsa Maxwelli. Spreading flat shrub, never more than 2 inches high, with light green foliage.

10 to 12 in. spread.	3.50
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P. excelsa Ohlendorfi. Conical small shrub; crowded, ascending branches.

15 to 18 in. spread.	3.50
1½ to 2 ft. "	4.50

P. excelsa procumbens. Prostrate with horizontal bright yellow branchlets.

1½ to 2 ft. spread.	7.50
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Dwarf Spruces (continued)

	<u>Each</u>
<i>Picea excelsa pygmaea</i> . A rugged, little, dome-shaped shrub, not more than 2 ft. high, with dark green foliage. 12 to 15 in. spread.	\$4.00
<i>P. excelsa repens</i> . Prostrate, mound-like growth; compact. 15 to 18 in. spread.	6.00
1½ to 2 ft. "	7.50
<i>P. glauca conica</i> . Perfect little cone-shaped trees with small, sharp, gray-green foliage. Limit about 4 ft. 12 to 15 in. high	2.50
2 to 2½ ft. "	7.00
<i>P. mariana Doumeti</i> . The most ornamental garden form of the Black Spruce, with crowded branches forming a dense little pyramid. 15 to 18 in. spread	4.50
1½ to 2 ft. "	6.00

Dwarf Pines

- Pinus densiflora umbraculifera*. Japanese Umbrella Pine. Dwarf, stocky plant with a flattened top. A picturesque variety; light green needles. 18-24" diam. \$2.25 each.
- P. montana mughus*. Dwarf Mugho Pine. Dense globe form, branch tips upturned. For large rock gardens. 15-18". \$1.75 each.
- P. strobus nana*. A very dwarf compact form of our native white Pine. 2-2½'. \$5.00 each.

Umbrella Pine

- Sciadopitys verticillata*. Very long, broad needles, deeply grooved and borne in whorls. A tree with distinct individuality. Small plants have rock garden value. 12-15". \$3.50 each.

Yews

- Taxus baccata repandans*. Spreading English Yew. Hardy, prostrate branches, rich dark green needles. Valuable. 15-18" spread. \$1.75 each.
- T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia)*. Dwarf Japanese Yew. Excellent dwarf form, spreading branches, rich deep green. 1½-2' spread. \$3.50 each.

Dwarf Arborvitae

- Thuja occidentalis*. Little Gem. Very dwarf, dark green, grows broader than high. 1½-2' spread. \$2.75 each.
- T. orientalis aurea nana*. Perkman Golden Arborvitae. Very pretty dwarf form with yellow-tinged foliage, changing to bronze. 12-15" high. \$1.00 each.

Introduction

The purpose of this study is to investigate the effects of various factors on the performance of the system. The study is organized as follows: Chapter 1 provides an overview of the system and the objectives of the study. Chapter 2 describes the methodology used in the study. Chapter 3 presents the results of the study. Chapter 4 discusses the implications of the findings and provides conclusions.

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Methodology

The methodology used in this study is a combination of qualitative and quantitative methods. The qualitative methods include interviews and focus groups, while the quantitative methods include surveys and experiments. The data collected from these methods are analyzed using statistical software.

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Results

The results of the study show that the system performs well under various conditions. The performance is significantly affected by the input variables, and the output variables are highly correlated with the input variables. The findings are summarized in Table 1.

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Conclusions

The study concludes that the system performs well under various conditions. The performance is significantly affected by the input variables, and the output variables are highly correlated with the input variables. The findings are summarized in Table 1.

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Trailing Arbutus

Epigaea repens. Creeping, mat-like, evergreen plants with small clusters of deliciously sweet, waxy pink flowers. Rare and choice, requiring strongly acid leaf-mold soil on a well-watered but well-drained bank with some shade. 2-4 in. April, May. \$1.50 for 3, \$4.00 for 10, \$35.00 per 100.

Wintergreen

Gaultheria procumbens. Bright green leaves. White flowers. Red berries. \$1.00 for 3, \$2.50 for 10, \$22.00 for 100.

Evergreen Candytuft

Iberis sempervirens. White. 10" April, May. \$.85 for 3; \$2.25 - 10.

" " Little Gem. Snowy white flowers on dwarf plants of compact habit. 6 in. April. \$1.00 for 3; \$2.50 - 10, \$22.00 per 100.

" Snowflake. The most beautiful of all the *Iberis*. Forms large cushions with an abundance of wonderful, pure white flower-heads. Indispensable for rock garden. There is no better *Iberis* in the market. 2 ft. April, May. \$1 for 3; \$2.50 for 10, \$22 for 100.

Partridge Perry

Mitchella repens. Trailing evergreen stems, forming fine mats in shady locations. Red berries. \$1.20 for 3; \$3.50 for 10.

American Germander

Teucrium canadense. Dark green foliage and spikes of light purple flowers. Excellent. 1 ft. July, Aug. \$.85 for 3; \$2.25-10.

Terms: All nursery stock is F.O.B. Rutherford, N.J. Packing at cost. When ordering, kindly use the order sheet below.

N.B. This list represents only evergreen rock garden material. Herbaceous plants are listed in the catalogue.

- - - - - Order Blank - - - - -

Name _____ Amount Enclosed _____
Street _____
City _____ State _____

Ship to _____ Ship via _____
When: _____ (check) Please mail catalogue.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Price</u>
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
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