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KENDEL'S Seeds Plants Bulbs

TBRA.

A MAR 23 1938

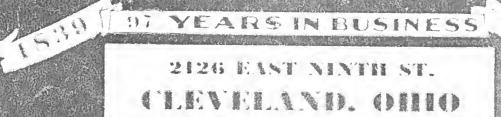
U. B. Department of Lin

1936

Nasturnum Scarlet Gleam Double Sweet Scented

I a true oratice statut forser ore boorne on bout to state the state rounders party on

No. 430. Parker 100. Page 5





C. E. KENDEL, President

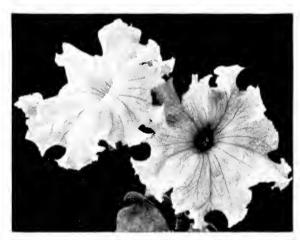
For 96 Years . . .

we have served Cleveland and the surrounding suburbs. Now, at the beginning of our 97th year. we forge ahead with our original principle—"NOTHING BUT THE BEST".

Our years of service are in themselves—"proof of the pudding". You take no chances when you buy from us.

We have served your grandparents with quality seeds and reliable advice.

We are pleased to serve you.

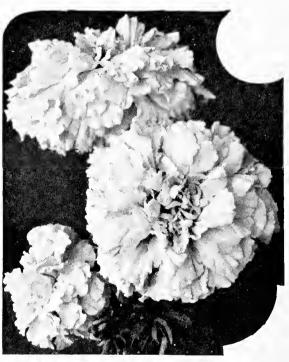


Petunia White Cloud

A new form in marigolds with broad frilled petals of a creamy lemon yellow color. Continuous bloomer. No. 432. Pkt. **10c.** Page 3.

Gourds Small Varieties Mixed

Large chalky white blooms in great abundance. Plants are dwarf and make a fine border. No. 452. Pkt. 25c. Page 3.



Marigold Yellow Supreme

The endless curious forms and colors are reviving interest in Gourds, and the vines are useful to cover fences and trellises.

No. 222. Pkt. 10c. Page 11,

(See also inside back cover)

A.C.KENDEL'S SEED STORE

For Your Lawn and Garden

- Seeds
 - Fertilizers
 - Insecticides
 - Vegetable Plants
 - Flower Plants
 - Shrubs
 - Bulbs
 - Roots
 - Vines
 - Sprayers & Supplies

WE HAVE EVERYTHING - - - JUST ASK

Novelty Flower Seeds

We carry a complete stock of the *new* varieties suitable for this locality.

WHAT IS NOT LISTED ASK FOR

WARRANTS

WARRANTS—We buy our stocks from reliable dealers, some of them for more than sixty years. We make germination tests of each lot of Vegetable Seeds that we offer, thus reducing to a minimum the chances for failure. Our Flower Seeds are always of the new crop and thus of the highest vitality. But we wish to make it clearly understood that because circumstances may arise after seeds are planted, over which we have absolutely no control, we find it necessary as is customary in the Seed Trade to give no Warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, purity, productiveness, or any other matter of any Seeds, Plants or Bulbs we send out, and will not be responsible in any way, for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are to be returned at once.

A. C. KENDEL'S SEED STORE

A-C-KENDELS SEED STORE

NOVELTY SEEDS OF MERIT

| | Pkt. |
|---|------|
| Aster, Super-Giant El Monte. A deep, glowing crimson flower of largest size, like the
Los Angeles in form. (See below) | |
| Cosmos. Sensation. A new early giant flowering Cosmos 4 to 6 inches across, in pink and white mixed | .25 |
| Marigold. Chrysanthemum Flowered, Sunbeam. A lemon yellow counterpart of Guinea Gold | .25 |
| Petunia. Flaming Velvet. (Gold Medal Winner, 1935) Hybrid bedding Petunia of a brilliant blood red color | .25 |
| Dainty Lady. Large, single, sfringed delicate golden yellow blossoms on rather compact half dwarf free flowering plants. New color in petunia | .50 |
| Nasturtium. Dwarf Double Golden Globe. Same color as the popular Golden Gleam
but the plants are more bushy and the flowers stand well above the foliage | .15 |
| Zinnia, Chrysanthemum Flowered, Fantasy. Shaggy petalled medium sized double flowers. Mixed | .25 |

NEW SNAPDRAGONS WELL WORTH TRYING THIS YEAR

| MAJESTIC TRPE. MEDIUM HEIGHT | NO, I |
|--|--|
| NO. PKT. | 312 ¹ ₂ . Red Chief. Rich deep erimson scar- |
| 306. Avalenche. Snowy masses of pure
white flowers | let |
| 307. Eldorado. Rich deep golden yellow25 | |
| 308. Evensang. Channois pink, shading to buff | OTHER KINDS WORTH TRYING |
| 309. Fair Lady. Delicate flesh pink tinged
deeper shade | 137. Rnstproof, University of California
mixed |
| 310. Fire Dragon. Brilliant cerise scarlet
merging to gold in the center | 314. Rock Hybrids, Mixed. Dwarf grow-
ing. Fine for rock gardens |
| 311. Orange King. Rich terra-cotta, golden
yellow lip merging to pure deep orange
at base | The new additions to our already complete
of tall Snapdragous found on Page 5.
16. Cattleya. Orchid lavender |
| 311 ¹ ₂ . Purple King. Clear rich shade of
Cattleya purple. A new color | 18. Old Gold. Rich old gold
20. Orchid. Beautiful orchid shade |
| 312. Royal Gold. Glowing golden-orange,
slightly overlaid with salmon on the
upper petals | 21. Salmon Rose.Salmon rose22. Scarlet.Deep scarlet |

SUPPLEMENTAL LIST. REGULAR LIST BEGINNING PAGE 4

| NO. | | PKT. |
|------|--|--------|
| 63. | Aster, Sunshine. Aneuony flowered.
Mixed | \$0.15 |
| 56. | Aster, Super Giant Los Angeles. Shell
pink | .25 |
| 62. | Aster, Wilt Resistant American
Branching. Mixed | .15 |
| 136. | Ageratum, Blue Cap. A compact,
dwarf, large-flowering, deep blue sort | .10 |
| 139. | Calendula, Chrysantha, Golden Yellow | .10 |
| 140. | Calendula, Sensation. Double, flat
flowered: dark orange red | .10 |
| 305. | Centaurea, Depressa, The Queen. A large flowering blue Bachelor's Button | .10 |
| 304. | Centaurea, Macrocephala. Giant Yel-
low flowers on 3 foot stalks, like Sweet
Sultan, but much larger | .10 |
| 138. | Cosmos, Early Klondyke, Orange Flare | .15 |
| 316. | Lantana, Hybrid Mixed. Verbenia-like
flowers in shades of white, red and
yellow | .10 |
| 433. | Marigold, Diadem. Single mahogany red | .10 |
| 434. | Marigold, Tagetes, French Single
Dwarf Orange | .10 |
| 431. | Marigold, Guinea Gold. Orange Yellow | .10 |
| 432. | Marigold, Yellow Supreme. New Form | .10 |
| 435. | Nasturtium, Golden Gleam. Fragrant
double yellow | .10 |
| | | |

| 313 | . Superb Mixed. Contains all colors | .25 |
|-----|---|------|
| | OTHER KINDS WORTH TRYING | |
| 137 | . Rustproof, University of California
mixed | .25 |
| 314 | . Rock Hybrids, Mixed. Dwarf grow-
ing. Fine for rock gardens | .25 |
| | The new additions to our already complete tall Snapdragous found on Page 5. | list |
| 16. | Cattleya. Orchid lavender | .10 |
| 18. | Old Gold. Rich old gold | .10 |
| 20. | Orchid. Beautiful orchid shade | .10 |
| 21. | Salmon Rose. Salmon rose | .10 |
| 22. | Scarlet. Deep scarlet | .10 |

PKT.

.25

| xo. | | ект. |
|------|--|-----------------------|
| 436. | Nasturtium, Scarlet Gleam, Fragrant double scarlet | .10 |
| 437. | Nasturtium, Gleam Hybrids. Mixed | .10 |
| 317. | Pansy, Roggli's New Giants. The very choicest, rich, dark velvety flowers | .50 |
| 451. | Petunia, Dwarf Giant Flowering Ra-
mona. Magnificent | $\substack{.50\\.25}$ |
| 452. | Petunia, White Cloud. Large chalky-
white flowers in profusion | .25 |
| 453. | Petunia, Rose of Heaven, Deeper shade than Rosy Morn | .15 |
| 332. | Poppy, Shirley, Donble Begonia Flow-
ered. All colors and mixed | .10 |
| 455. | Verbena, Beauty of Oxford Hybrids.
Giant Pink flowers | .25 |
| 456. | Verbena, Spectrum Red. No white eye | .25 |
| 457. | Verbena, Venosa, Dwarf, for rock-
gardens and edging. Color, deep lilac | .10 |
| 441. | Zinnia, Lilliput. Crimson, orange, yel-
low, Rosy Gem, Salmon Rose, or Mixed.
Each | .10 |
| 440. | Zinnia, Midget Mexican, Single and double mixed | .15 |
| 449. | Rock Garden Annuals. 25 dwarf sorts mixed | .10 |
| 450. | Rock Garden Perennials, 50 dwarf sorts mixed | .10 |

CLASSIFIED LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS

VINES

For Walls, Trellises, Porches and Pergolas

Balloon Vine Balsam Pear Beaus, various Canary Bird Vine Cardinal Climber

Forget-me-not Ice Plant

Linaria

Cobaea Cypress Vine Doliehos Gourds Japanese Hop

Hyacinth Beans Kudzn Vine Moonflower Morning Glory Nasturtium, tall

Passion Flower Sweet Peas, annual Sweet Peas, bardy Thunbergia

TRAILING PLANTS

For Window Boxes, Hanging Baskets and Vases Lobelia Nasturtium, tall Petunia Mimulus

LOW GROWING PLANTS FOR BORDERS AND EDGINGS

Ageratum Alyssum, white Alyssum, hardy Begonia Bellis Campannla Carpatica Candytuft Carnation

Coleus Daisy Dianthus Eschscholtzia Feverfew Forget-me-not Four O'Clocks Ĝodetia.

Gomphrena Heuchera Kochia Lobelia Marigold, dwarf Nasturtium, dwarf Pansies Petunia

Poppies Polyanthus Salvia Torenia Verbenas Viola Cornuta Zinnias, dwarf

Nemophila

Pausies

Petunia

Torenia

Portulaea

Verbena

Phloy

Aconitnm Aquilegia Coreopsis Lanceolata

arnation, Chaband

PLANTS FOR GREENHOUSE AND CONSERVATORY

PLANTS WITH ORNAMENTAL FOLIAGE

Coleus Cyclamen Gloxinia Heliotrope

Esehscholtzia

Daisies

Colens

Begonia

Amaranthus Canna Centanrea

Begonia

Cineraria

Caleeolaria

Acroelinium

Achillea Aconitum Acroelinium Ageratum Ammobium Anchusa Antirrhinum Aquilegia Arctotis Asters Balsam Calendula Campanula Candytuft Carnation

EVERLASTING FLOWERS Ammobium Elichrysum

THE MOST USEFUL FLOWERS FOR BOUQUETS

Chrysanthemum Cleome Coreopsis Cosmos Dahlia Daisy, Shasta Dianthus Dimorpotheca Elichrysum Feverfew Gaillardia Gomphrena Gypsophila Heliotrope

Heuchera Larkspur Lupin Marigold Mignonette Nasturtium Nigella Pansy Pentstemon Petnnia Phlox Poppy Pyrethrum Rudbeckin

HARDY PERENNIALS

Hollyhocks Kudzu Vine Larkspur Achillea Chrysanthemum Polyanthus Coreonsis Aconitnm Poppy Pyrethrum Alyssum Saxatile Anchusa Daisy Dictannus Lupin Monarda Rudbeckia Forget-me-not Foxglove Gaillardia Aquilegia Baptisa Oenothera Bocconia Valeriana Pentstemon Campanula Candytuft, hardy Geum hlox eronica Gypsophila Henchera Physalis Physostegia Carnation

General List of Flower Seeds

Our wide acquaintance with the trade, both in this country and abroad, places us in constant touch with the leading experts and specialists in seed growing from whom we buy direct. This not only re-duces chances for error but fixes responsibility, assuring us of the choicest seeds and the latest introductions. We strive to make our list as complete as possible but of only such kinds as we know are suitable for this locality. Our friends may therefore feel sure of success with their selections under reasonable weather conditions.

In ordering, the numbers are sufficient.

ACHILLEA. (Milfoil or Yarrow.) NO. PKT. Ptarmica "The Pearl." One of the best hardy white perenuials. From spring till frost it is covered with heads of purest white double flowers. Easily grown from seed, flowering the first sea-son if sown early. 2 ft..... .10

ACONITUM. (Eisenhut.) (Monk's Hood.) Hardy perennials with panicles of blue helmet-shaped flowers in the fall. NO. PKT. 2 Napellus.

s. Well adapted for growing the shrubbery and shady coramong the shrubbery and s ners; 4 ft..... .15

4

PLANTS FOR THE SHADE Gaillardia Grdfl. Forget-me-not Four O'Clocks Kudzu Vine Mimulus

Passion Vine Primulas Sehizanthus

Sweet Peas

Euphorbia

Ice[®] Plant

Kochia

Viola Odorata

Verbeua, Lemon

Linaria Ricinus

Gomphreua

Salpiglossis Salvia Scabiosa Schizanthus Stocks Sunflower

Sweet Peas Sweet Sultans Sweet William Valeriana Verbena Vinea Wallflower Zinnia

Sweet Peas Sweet William Viola Cornuta



- .10 8
- 6 in. Little Blue Star. An attractive mauve blue. 4 to 5 in..... .15

Plants ready in May.

AGROSTEMMA. (Rose of Heaven-Mullien Pink.) Pretty, easily grown, hardy perennial, blooming the first year, if sown early. Silvery white leaves; flower stalks 2 ft.

- 9 Coronaria atrosanguinea. Glowing crimson
- 1.0 Coronaria Mixed. Including white10

for

- .10
- .10

AMARANTHUS. (Amarant.) Highly ornamental foliage plants, producing a striking effect in the flower garden. Sow the seeds early, and set out last of May, or in June, in rich soil. Annual. 13 Tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Red, yellow and green foliage, very attractive; 2 ft....10

14

ANCHUSA. (Alkanet.) Italica, Dropmore Variety. One of the best hardy perennials. Is becoming more popular each season, bearing flowers of the wishest gentian-blue. Blooms freely the richest gentian-blue. Blooms freely all summer. 5 ft..... .15

ANTIRRHINUM. (Snapdragon.) (Loewenmaul.) Within the last few years Snapdragons have become immensely popular. This is not to be wondered at, as, whether used for cutting or for show in the garden, they are one of the most valuable flowers which can readily be grown from seed. Sown out of doors the first week of May, the plants bloom early in July, remain-ing in full flower until November. For earlier



ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon)

flowering, start indoors or in a frame in March. transplanting to the open when the weather is suitable.

If troubled with rust, dust the plants with powdered sulphur.

TALL MAXIMUM

The following list comprises the principal colors of the newest creation in Giant Snapdragons be-ing a marked advance in size and brilliancy of color as well as compactness of flowers on the stem.

| | Plants ready end of May | |
|-----------|---|-----|
| NO | P | KT. |
| 15 | Apple Blossom. Rosy pink, yellow lip | .10 |
| 16 | Brilliant Chamois. Rosy mauve | .10 |
| 17 | Canary Bird. Canary yellow, golden cen- | |
| | ter | .10 |
| 18 | Cerebus. Carmine rose, yellow lip | .10 |
| 19 | Copper King. Velvety copper scarlet | .10 |
| 20 | Diamond. Golden yellow, lilac throat | .10 |
| 21 | Fire Flame. Dark purple and yellow | .10 |
| 22 | Golden Queen. Deep yellow | .10 |
| 23 | Indian Summer. Velvety copper | .10 |
| 24 | Purple King. Glowing deep purple | .10 |
| 25 | Ruby. Rich velvety ruby red. | .10 |
| 26 | Snowflake. Pure white, yellow tube | .10 |
| 27 | The Rose. Rose pink | .10 |
| 28 | Wallflower. Brownish orange, copper red | .10 |
| 29 | LAKEWOOD PRIZE MIXTURE. To all | |

LAKEWOOD PRIZE MINTURE. To all the above, we add some of the spotted and variegated sorts making a wonderful 1/5 oz. 50c..... .10 show.

AQUILEGIA. (Columbine.) (Akeley.)

Plants ready carly in May.

No hardy plant grown from seed is more easily handled than the Columbine. Seed may be plant-ed in the open ground early in spring, and will bloom the same season; or they may be planted in August or September, and will come up early in spring to make vigorous plants, which will bloom abundantly during late spring and early summer summer.

Columbines should be planted wherever their presence will serve to lighten up a too stiff and formal planting, for no other plant is more generous of its blooms, or is more effectively adapted for cut flowers. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.

- Caerulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine). Violet-blue and white mixed...... Californica Long Spurred Hybrids. Usighteat colors 30 .10 31
- .10 .10
- 32 33 .25
- .10 35
- ARCTOTIS GRANDIS. (African Daisy.) A splendid annual with large daisy.like flowers of a pure white, the reverse of the petals being a pale lilac. Easily grown in the sun. Valuable for cutting from July until frost..... 36 .10

| Re A . | C | ĸ | E | N | D | E | L | `S | ` | S | E | E | D | S | Т | 0 | R | E | 2 | AP? | Ŋ |
|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|----|
| | | | | | | | - | - | | | | | | _ | | | | | 200 | ~ | 2. |

ASTERS

(Schoenkranz, Aster.)

| This flower is not only one of the most popular | r, but also one of the most effective of our garden |
|---|---|
| favorites, producing flowers of great richness and | variety of color, in the most perfect and beautiful |
| form during the late summer and early fall. They | y bear a striking resemblance to Chrysauthemums |
| and are fully as useful for cut flowers.
If Asters are grown in the same spot a few times. | , they are apt to be attacked by a disease that turns |
| them yellow before they flower. They should be greater | own in a different bed each year and if the seed is |
| treated first with Semesan, this trouble will be redue
cause the plants to turn yellow and die. More large | ed. Sometimes ants earry Aphides to the roots and |
| main stalk is pinched out as soon as noticed, | e nowers will be produced if the center bud on the |
| The recent development of Asters in California 1 | has placed them in a class with the finest and most |
| satisfactory flowers we can have in our gardens.
37 Lakewood Prize Mixture. Our customers often fi | nd that the menious turner of Astons are so here |
| tiful that it is difficult to choose between them. | |
| color in all the types we list below such as Bear | uty, Improved Giants, Branching, Royal, Ostrich |
| Feather, etc., we have a mixture that will enable kinds in a complete assortment of color. We | |
| $30e; \frac{1}{8}$ oz. $50c;$ pkt | |
| Improved Giants of California. The newest ir | nprovement in Asters. Ostrieh-feather type; long |
| stems, sturdy and erect in growth with flowers of in
38 Pure White | mmense size iu a large range of colors.
39 Light Blue |
| 40 Peach Blossom | 41 Dark Purple |
| 42 Deep Rose | 43 Finest Mixed |
| Single Giants of California. While single asters
produces so much larger flowers that the similarity : | were the original form, this new, improved strain |
| across with stems eighteen inches long. Very deco | |
| 44 Pure White | 45 Light Blue |
| 46 Rose Pink .15 48 Finest Mixed .15 | 47 Lilac |
| | nching type, very double and very large flowers; |
| plants 2 to 3 feet high with stems 18 inches long. | This is the latest to bloom, beginning in September |
| and continuing until frost.
49 White Beauty, Giant White | 50 Azure Fairy. Dark lavender |
| 51 Peach Blossom | 52 Purple |
| 53 Rose Pink | 54 September Beauty. Flesh pink |
| | etion this aster has been popular with both florists |
| and amateurs on account of robust growth, long stre | ong stems and abundance of flowers which are very |
| double and compact form. Late blooming.
56 Pure White | 57 Azure Blue |
| 58 Crimson | 59 Light Lavender |
| 60 Rose Pink | 61 Purple |
| 62 Shell Pink (Mary Semple) | 63 Finest Mixed. Trade pkt. 25c, ¼ oz. 50c10
g aster, growing two feet high, with strong stems |
| 12 to 15 inches long bearing medium sized flowers i | not compact and still not of the ragged type. Has |
| proven very satisfactory here. | |
| 64 Pure White | 69 Finest Mixed. Trade pkt. 25e, ¼ oz. 60c10
70 Ostrich Feather, Mixed. Finest of the |
| 68 Shell Pink | ragged type |
| 65 Dark Lavender | 71 Heart of France. Rich dark red |
| or neep ruspic | is the range renow. Dest yenow to date10 |
| | |
| Auricula, Sce Primula.
Baby's Breath, See Gypsophila. | BOCCONIA. (Plume Poppy.)
Hardy perenuial with silvery foliage and long |

Baby's Breath. See Gypsophila. Bachelor's Button. See Centaurea. PKT.

BALLOON VINE. (Herzamen.)

NO.

77

(Cardiospermum Halieacabum.) A very pretty climber, interesting for its inflated membraneous eapsule, from which it derives the name. Annual; 8 ft..... 73 .10

BALSAM PEAR. (Balsambicrne.)

Curious eliubers with ornamental foliage. The fruit is bright orange, and, when ripe, bursts open, exposing its bright-red seeds and yellow in-terior. Very effective on rock-work, stumps, etc. Annual; 10ft.

76 Momordica Charantia10

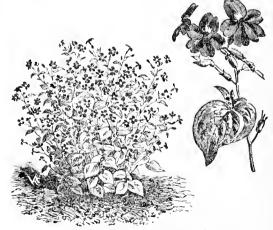
BAPTISIA. (False Indigo.)

Australis. Hardy perennial with pea-shaped, bright blue flowers..... .15

Bellis Perennis. See Double Giant Daisy.

Hardy perchaial with silvery foliage and long loose spikes of flowers. NO. PKT

79 Japonica. Rosy-white flowers. .15



| CACKEN D | - E 1 'C C | | TODED |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| SA.C.KEND | "LLS S | E E D - S | I O R E A |
| | | | |
| | | | |

CALCEOLARIA. (Pantoffelblume.)

Plants of a highly decorative character; very desirable for house or conservatory culture; re-markable for their size, color and markings. Sow the seeds in August or September for early flow-ering, in a light, rich compost. Tender percunial. PKT. NO.

Hybrida Grandiflora. Self-colored and spotted varieties mixed; prize flowers. Trade pkt. \$1.00..... .25

CALENDULA. (Pot Marigold.) (Ringelblume.) One of the best and showiest free-flowering hardy annuals, growing in any good garden soil, producing a fine effect in beds or mixed borders, particularly bright in late fall, continuing in bloom from early summer until killed by frost. Valuable also for pot culture; blooming freely in winter and early spring; 1 ft.

- Double large-flowered... 83 Ball's Orange. .10 84 Ball's Dark Golden Yellow. Large flow-
- ered **Prince of Orange.** Double yellow, each petal striped orange...... .10 85 1.0

| 86 | Sulphur Queen. | Double | large flowered | |
|----|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----|
| | lemon | | | .10 |
| 87 | Superb Mixed. 1 | 4 oz. 15e | | .10 |

| | | 5 | | 2 |
|---|-----|----|----|----------|
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CAMPANULA. (Bellflowers.)

Beautiful, well-known flowers, characterized by Beautiful, well-known flowers, characterized by their richness of color, and profusion of bloom. Of a great variety of form, some being tall and imposing, while others are dwarf aud compact. Iudispensable for the border, edging, roekwork, etc. The taller growing sorts should be staked to prevent iujury from high winds. They like good, rich soil, and last much longer if set in half shade.

CANTERBURY BELL. (Glockenblume.)

Canterbury Bells. The old-fashioned sort with large, beantiful bell-shaped blooms. Single. Bi-ennials; 2½ ft.

| 88 Purple | .10 | 89 L | ilac | 10 |
|-----------------------|----------|-------|-------------|------------------------|
| 90 Rose | .10 | 91 W | hite | 10 |
| 92 Mixed, All Colo: | rs. ½ | oz. 2 | 5e | 10 |
| Cup and Saucer. | Very | - han | dsome and | mueh |
| prized. The extra | | | | |
| color as the flower a | | | as a saucer | under |
| a cup. Biennials. | 21/6 ft. | - | | |

| | | | | | Rose
Mixed. | .10 |
|----|---------|--------|-----|----|----------------|-----|
| 50 | white . | •••••• | .10 | 20 | 1/s oz. 50e | .10 |

Plants ready in May.

Carpatica. (Harebell.) A hardy and pretty perennial growing only 9 in. high. Unsurpassed for an edging to a hardy border or rockery. Blooms from June to fell. Direct while one while 97 Mixed blue and white15 fall.

Graudiflora. (Chinese Bellflower.) A fine, hardy perennial with buds that expaud to look like miniature balloous, opening to a five-pointed star-like flower. Blooms for about eight weeks from the middle of July. One of our best hardy perennials. 2 ft.

| NO. | | ХT. |
|-----|---|-----|
| 100 | Mariesii. A rare dwarf form, 6 inches | |
| | high; beautiful dark blue large flowers | |
| | and suitable for rock gardens | .20 |
| 101 | Persicifolia. (Peach Bells.) A handsome | |

perennial with large, drooping bell-shaped flowers. Mixed blue and white. 3 ft.

CANARY-BIRD VINE. (Tropaeolum Canariense.)
 102 A beautiful rapid annual climber, the charming little canary-colored blossoms bearing a fancied resemblance to a bird with its wings half expanded. ¼ oz. 40c .10

CANDYTUFT. (Iberis.) (Schleifenblume.) The annual Candylufts are universally known and eultivated, and considered indispensable for eutting. All the varieties look best in beds or masses. Seed sown in autumn produce flowers early in spring; when sown in April, flowers in June; successive sowings should be made at in-tervals. Hardy and easy to grow. Single plants transplanted look well and bloom profusely. 1 ft. Light rich soil Light, rich soil.

Improved Empress. Giant white, 1/4 oz.

| | 95 | 1.0 |
|-----|--|-----|
| | 25c | |
| 104 | Little Prince. Dwarf white. 1/4 oz. 25e | .10 |
| 105 | Flesh Pink10 105 ¹ / ₂ Crimson | .10 |
| 106 | Rose Cardinal .10 106 ¹ Light Violet. | .10 |
| 107 | Fine Mixed. All colors. 1/2 oz. 40e, 1 oz. | |
| | 75e | .10 |
| 100 | Althoughtouten Tiloot newspriel | 15 |

Castor Oil Bean. See Ricinus.

CARDINAL CLIMBER. A most beautiful and brilliant annual climber. A strong and rapid grower, at-taining a height of 30 ft. in a season. Blooms from mid-summer until frost. It delights in a warm, sunny situation with good soil. Germination may be made more eertain by filing a small notch in each seed before planting. Start the seed indoors in March and transplant, or sow in the open ground when the soil is warm in May. Very popular........ 109

.10

.10

CARNATION PINK. (Nelke.) The most magnificent of all the Dianthus fam-ily. Flowers large, beautiful and delightfully fragrant. Sown in the spring, they bloom the second season. The plants are hardy the first winter; afterward they need protection. Peren-uiale nials.

- 110 Marguerite. Dwarf mixed. If sown early will flower the first season; emi-neutly satisfactory in the garden both in quantity and color of the flowers. 16 or 500
- 112 .15 113
- .25 114 .25

CELOSIA. (Cockseoub.) Free blooming annuals of graeeful habit and worthy of space in every garden. Very popular because of their case of culture and large showy combs or feathery spikes. Should be sown early and transplanted in June in light, rich soil. Plants may be lifted in the fall and potted for house decoration, where they remain in bloom for a long period. house decoration, for a long period.

| 115 | Japan Crimson. | Huge | combs, | mueh | cut | |
|-----|------------------|------|--------|------|-----|--|
| | and howefflode 2 | ft. | | | | |

- 3 ft..... v. Crested..... .10 bernffl 116 .10
- .10 117
- 118 .10
- .10
- and beruffled; 3 ft...... Golden Yellow. Crested..... Paeony Red. Crested..... Glasgow Prize. Extra fine. Dark leaves and bright erimson combs; 1 ft... Dwarf Mixed. Shades of red, pink, aud yellow. Very fine. Large combs; 1 ft.. Ostrich Plume Mixed. (Thompson's Mag-nifica.) Beantiful plumes of all colors from clear yellow to the darkest red; 2 ft. 120 .10
- 121 Childsi. (Chinese Wool Flower.) Crim-.15 son

(SA·C·K E LS E N Ð F E E D S Т G R S

NO.



Bachelor's Buttons.

CENTAUREA. (Flockenblume.)

These include such popular annuals as Baeh-elor's Buttons and Sweet Sultans which are favor-ites everywhere, they being easy to grow, profuse bloomers from mid-summer to late fall, and re-quiring but little eare. Silver-leaved sorts are also included which are used as borders to beds and for porch-boxes. Annuals. DET

| NO. | P1 | ΣT_{*} |
|-----|---|----------------|
| 122 | Cyanus. (Cornflower.) Beautiful gen- | |
| | tian-blue | .10 |
| 123 | Cyanus Single Mixed. 1/4 oz. 25e | |
| 124 | | .10 |
| 125 | King of Blue Bottles. Large blue, red | |
| | eenter. Dwarf and eompaet. Very strik- | |
| | ing. 1/4 oz. 50c | .15 |
| 126 | Montana. (Hardy Coruflower.) Blue | .10 |
| | | |
| | Dusty Millers. | |
| 127 | Candidissima. Silvery white foliage: | |
| | broad and deeply cut. Half-hardy: 1 ft. | |

- epty .15 128
- broad and deeply cut. Half-hardy; 1 ft. ¹/₈ oz. 75c..... Gymnocarpa. Finely cut and graceful silvery foliage. ¹/₄ oz. 50c..... See also Sweet Saltans. Chinese or Indian Pink. See Dianthus. .15



Painted Daisy

CHRYSANTHEMUM.

(Wucherblume Goldblume.)

Showy and effective garden favorites. The an-nual varieties are in great demand, and exten-sively grown for cut flowers, making a fine pot plant for winter, and excellent for beds or bor-ders through the summer. Succeed best in loam and rotted manure, equal parts.

Seeds may be sown in hotbeds during March or outdoors during May. Pinching back in early growth makes bushy and shapely plants. Aver-age height 1½ ft.

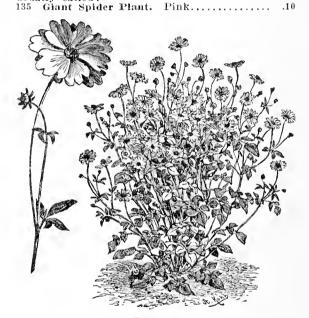
- **1**29 Chinese Large Flowered Double Mixed.
- Well-known variety for pot and green-house eulture; half-hardy perennial... Japonicum Double Mixed. Magnificent perennials; white and yellow..... .25 130 .25

PKT

131 Double Mixed Coronarium. Annual..... Single Mixed Carinatum. (Painted Dai-sies.) Annual10 132 .10

Plants of hardy garden varieties ready in May and June.

CLEOME PUNGENS. Singular showy plants, attractive for a back-ground to other flowers; growing 3 ft. high and usually called:



CLARKIA. This, the Roeky Mountain Garland Flower, can easily be grown in the garden where its dainty sprays of double flowers in delicate shades of many colors, make a fine display. They also make a splendid cut-flower, most of the buds opening in course of time. Annual. 136 Double Pure White

| 130 | Double | rure white | .10 |
|-----|--------|---------------------------|-----|
| 137 | Double | Apple Blossom Pink | .10 |
| 138 | Double | Brilliant Carmine | .10 |
| 139 | Double | Coppery Red | .10 |
| 140 | Double | Violet | .10 |
| 141 | Double | Finest Mixed. 1/4 oz. 60c | .10 |

| | COBAEA. (Cobaee.) (Cathedral Bells.) | |
|-----|---|-----|
| 142 | Scandens. A magnificent rapid-growing | |
| | vine, with beautiful foliage, and large | |
| | white or purple, bell-shaped flowers: | |
| | seed should be planted edgewise, and | |
| | covered lightly; best sown indoors in | |
| | March. 1/4 oz. 50e | .15 |

Plants ready in May.

Cock's Comb. See Celosia.

COLEUS. A great variety of brilliant colors can be had in plants grown from our seed. Extensively used for bedding, they making a fine show in any sun-ny spot. Best when sown indoors in March or

April. 143 Finest Mixed. A very choice mixture. Trade pkt. \$1.00..... .25

Plants ready in June.

Columbine. See Aquilegia. Convolvulus Major. See Morning Glory.

| | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | _ | | - | | - Cont | |
|------------|----------|----------|-------|-------|----|---|-----|---|----|----------|-------|---|-----------|----------|------|----|-----------------|----------|----------|
| 16 Julie A | <u> </u> | - IZ - 1 | FN | D | 1 | 1 | 1 C | 6 | 17 | F | D | C | · · · · · | \sim | D | T. | 3/10- | 2621 | |
| A Sch | U * | N 1 | C. IN | ν | E. | L | 3 | 3 | E. | Γ. | ν | | 1 | 0 | - IK | E. | 13/07 | MY AL | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | _ | ~ | | <u> </u> | | ~ | $\sqrt{\alpha}$ | 538 V ** | <u>э</u> |

COREOPSIS. (Calliopsis.) (Gottesaugen.)

Showy and beautiful free-flowering plants of e easiest culture, doing well in any sunny po-Showy and beautiful free-flowering plants of the easiest culture, doing well in any sunny po-sition, blooming all summer and excellent for eutring and massing. It is best to sow them where they are to bloom, thinning out to stand 6 inches to 12 inches apart. By keeping the old flowers cut off the flowering season can be length-ened until late autumn. NŌ. PKT.

- 144 Fine Mixed Tall. All colors. 1/4 oz. 25c. .10
- 145 .10
- Fine Mixed Tail. An courts, 74 us. 2001. Coronata. (Crown of Gold.) Large gol-den yellow. Very fine for entting. 1 ft. Annual Drummondi. (Golden Wave.) Rich yel-low with a circle of crimson-brown about the center. 1½ ft. Annual..... Purnues. Elegant dark-brown, 1½ ft. 146 .10
- Purpurea. Elegant dark-brown. 11/2 ft. 147 .10 Annual
- a. Golden-yellow and brown. Tinetoria. 148.10
- Lanceolata Grandiflora. This is oue of the finest of hardy plants with large, showy, bright yellow flowers produced in the greatest abundance from June till protection the greatest abundance from June till 149 the life greatest abilitative from since the first. As a cut flower they stand near the head among hardy plants, having long stems and lasting in good condition a week or more. Easily grown from seed, flowering the first year if sown early. $\frac{1}{5}$ oz. 20c..... .10

Plants ready end of April.

COSMON.

COSMOS. Beautiful autumn-blooming plants. They pro-duce thousands of beautiful flowers in pure white, pink and crimson shades, furnishing an abun-dance of cut flowers for autumn decorations when other flowers are scarce. Should be sown in spring in the open ground, when danger of frost is past, or the seed may be started under cover and afterwards transplanted. Plant not less than 18 inches apart in rows or in masses in beds. When the plants are about a foot high the tops should be pinched out to induce a bushy growth. They prefer a rather light, not too rich soil, but do well almost anywhere.

- Early Flowering Mixed. Will bloom end of July if started early indoors. 1/4 oz. 150 30e
- .10 y Crested Mixed. Semi-double flow-151Early Early Crested Mixed. Semi-double how-ers, like Anenones; most beautiful new type. ¼ oz. \$1.00......Brilliant color Lady Lennox. Mamnoth pink........ White Lady Lennox. Mannoth flowered Late Crested Mixed. Anemone flowered.
- 15
- 152.10 $15\bar{3}$ 10
- 154.10
- 155
- 1/4 oz. 75c.... Superb Mixed. Our own mixture of all the late sorts..... .15 156

.10 1/4 oz. 40c; ounce \$1.25.

Plants ready in June.



CYCLAMEN. (Erdseheibe, Alpenveilchen.) One of the most popular plants for winter and spring blooming. The foliage is beautifully marked, and the flowers are extremely handsome. Sow the seed in a compost of well-rotted man-ure, leaf-mold and coarse sand, thoroughly mixed, and they will make flowering bulbs in one year.

if well grown. They require gentle heat and even temperature. NO. PKT.

Extra Mixed Persieum. Prize stock; superb strain of very large and rich-col-ored flowers .25

Summer Cypress. See Kochia.



DAHLIA. (Dahlie.)

- .15 163
- Pacony Flowered. Immense, semi-double flowers Extra Fine Double Mixed. Saved from very choicest varieties.... Single Mixed. From finest varieties. Single Dahlias will flower the first season from seed..... .10 164
 - .10 Dahlia roots ready in April.

DOUBLE GIANT DAISY. (Bellis Perennis.) (Tausendsehoen.)

These English daisies are well-known peren-nials admirably adapted for borders, beds or for pot-culture. They grow best in a shady and rather cool situation, in loamy soil richly manured.

- 165 .15
- .15 166 .15167
- d. Etna. Quilled dark red..... Monterosa. Quilled pink..... Giant Pure White... Giant Mixed. A vast improvement over the common strains of English Dafsies, the flowers often being as large as a silver dollar. Trade pkt. \$1.00..... 168 .15
- Plants, one dozen in a basket, ready in May.
- Clumps ready in April.

| C Stan | 1/ 12 1 | 1 5 5 5 | | 0 5 5 5 | 0 0 0 | | |
|--------------------|---------|---------|-----|---------|-------|-------|--------------|
| A.C. | • K F N | 4 D F | | S E E D | S 1 0 | - U F | 1710 - 1951 |
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DIMORPHOTHECA. (African Golden Daisy.)

Aurantiaca Hybrida. Beautiful new hy-brids, varying in color from the pur-est white through the various shades of yellow and orange to rich salmon shades, many being zoned with several of these colors around the black dise..... 170 .15

DELPHINIUM. (Larkspur.)

DELPHINUM. (Larkspur.) In variety and beauty of its blue tints, which are as numerous as they are charming, no other plant can equal the Delphinium. The brilliant flowers are strongly effective in beds or masses, in borders, shrubberies, or in combination with white lilies. Some of the species flower both early and late; the season for all can be pro-longed by entting away withered flower-stems. All varieties are easily cultivated and adaptable to many conditions, but in a soil deeply dug and well enriched with fine old manure, their blooms are the inest. Setting them 1½ to 2 feet each way is not too much for the taller sorts. **Pereunial Varieties.**

Perennial Varieties.

For annual sorts, see Larkspur.

- Belladonna. (Everblooming Hardy Lark-spur.) This is the freest and most con-tinuous blooming Hardy Larkspur. The elear turquoise-blue of its flowers is not equalled for delicacy and beauty. A really exquisite Larkspur. 1 ft...... Bellamosa. Like the preceding but dark blue 171 .20
- 172
- blue Chinense. (Blue Butterfly.) A distinct and neat variety, growing about 18 inches high, with fine feathery foliage, and producing freely spikes of large blossoms. Mixed blue and white. ¹/₄ oz. .20 173.10
- 174.15
- Formosum. Beautiful spikes of rich blue flowers, with a white centre; 3 ft. 1/8 oz. 175
- .15 176
- .25 177
- .15
- 178 .20 Plants ready in May.

DIANTHUS. (Chinese Pink.) (Nelke.) The following all bloom the first year, and are highly valued for the beauty of their flowers, which present a rich variety of colors. The dif-ferent varieties are hardy, and usually live over winter, blooming more profusely the second year especially if sown in August when they start blooming the following May. 1 ft. 179. Alwandii A pow strain of minks in

179

- .25 180
- Ming the following May. 1 It. Alwoodii. A new strain of pinks in mixed colors, mostly double; hardy.... Double Brilliant Red. An elegant shade for adding a splash of color to the gar-den. Very fine..... Chinese Double Extra Fine. A splen-did mixture suitable for beds and bor-ders. Very brightest colors. Trade pkt. 25c .10 181
- .10 182
- 25c Double Japan Fringed. Large flowers varying from the richest erimson to the most delicate shade of pink..... Plumarius Double. (Double Hardy Gar-.15 183
- Plumarius Double. (Double Hardy Gar-den Pinks.) The finest shades for sum-mer-blooming borders. Does well in sun or shade20

Plants in May.

DIDISCUS. (Blue Lace Flower.)

A pretty annual growing two feet high and bearing long stems crowned with a head of lav-ender flowers very similar to the common Queen Anne's Lace which is white. Excellent eut flower. 186 Coeruleus. Blue lavender. Trade pkt. .15

DOLICHOS. (Hyncinth Bean.) A beautiful quick-growing climber, with pur-ple and white flowers blooming in elusters re-sembling the blossoms of hyneinths. Will thrive in a hot situation; annual; 15 ft. NO.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA. (California Poppy.) Attractive annuals with light green feathery foliage, growing a foot.high and bearing poppy-shaped, flowers until frost. 190

- Aurantiaca. Rich orange yellow. 1/4 oz. .10
- Golden West. Deep yellow with orange 191 .10
- eenter Hybrid Mixed. New, large flowering erect type in a great color range such as pink, purple, searlet, etc. ½ oz. 25e.... 192 .10

EUPHORBIA. (Snow on the Mountain.) (Wolfsmilch.) A showy border plant, foliage veined and marg-ined with white. Grows well in common garden Ioam

. Variegata. Very (1½ ft. ¼ oz. 30e.. Very ornamental. Annual; .10



NETTALS FORGET-ME-NOT. (Mycsotis.)

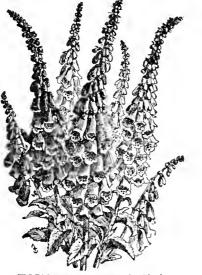
FORGET-ME-NOT. (Mycsotis.) (Vergiss-mein-nicht.) Few spring flowers are more admired than the lovely Forget-Me-Nots, which are especially ef-fective when grown in unasses. Are hardy if given slight protection through the winter. Seed may be sown any time from spring till mid-sum-mer. Dissitifora comes into bloom in April, and is largely used for bedding or borders in con-nection with spring-flowering bulbs, Pansies, etc. The Palustris sorts do not bloom till May, but continue till fall. Succeed best iu moist situa-tions. ions

194

- .10 195 .10
- 196 .10
- 197 .25

FOUR O'CLOCK.

| R A · C · K | . E N | DI | E L' | S | SEE | D. | SΤ | 0 R | E, | 2010-200 | |
|-------------|-------|----|------|---|-----|----|----|-----|----|----------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



FOXGLOVE. (Digitalis.)

(Fingerhut.) (Fingerhut.) Tall stately spikes with large, tube-like flowers prettily spotted. Handsome and ornamental plants for the border, preferring a rich loam and partial shade. Biennials. 3 ft. (Gloxinioides.)

| NO. | | | 1 | GIG |) X 11 | 11010 | es.) | PKT. |
|-----|-------|------|----|-----|--------|-------|------|--------|
| 199 | Pure | Whit | е. | | | | |
10 |
| 200 | Rose | Pink | | | | | |
10 |
| 201 | Purpl | e | | | | | |
10 |
| 202 | Mixed | 1 | | | | | |
10 |
| | | | | | | | | |

Plants ready first of May.

than the preceding. Plants of the hardy kind ready in May.

GEUM. GEUM. Low growing hardy perennial sending up many stalks bearing fine double flowers that keep well when cnt. Picking them greatly prolongs the

blooming period. 207 Lady Stratheden. Fine double yellow... 208 Mrs. Bradshaw. Large double crimson .25



Gloxinia

GLOXINIA. Exquisite plants for the house and conservatory. Handsome bell-shaped flowers of the richest colors. NO.

Choice Hybrid Mixed. Saved from a splendid collection of French varieties. Very fine 210 Choice

.50

Also Bulbs in April and May.

Gilliflower. See Stoeks.

GODETIA. (Godetie.)

GOMPHRENA. (Globe Amaranth.) (Kugelamaranth.) Well-known everlastings, with showy flowers resembling clover heads; extensively used in win-ter decorations. Start the seed in heat, and transplant, as they are slow to germinate outside. Annuals.

212 Globosa Mixed. 2 ft.....

- 216
- 217 .10
- 218 .10
- 219.10
- Dish Rag Bottle-Shaped. Very desirable.... Dipper Large Varieties, Mixed. oz. 30c.... Egg-Shaped. Resembling an egg..... Mock Orange. Shape and color of an 220orange .10
- Pear-Shaped Bi-Color. Half green, half 221 yellow .10
- 222 Small Varieties, Mixed. oz. 30c..... .10

GYPSOPHILA. (Gypskraut.) (Baby's Breath.) Graeeful, free-flowing plants. Flowers small, but produced in great quantities in loose panicles; elegant for bouquets. Succeed well in common grander ceil garden soil. 223

.10

- 224 .10
- 225 .10
- 226
 - .10
- den soil. **King of the Market.** Finest strain of pure white. ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c..... **Elegans Rosea.** Pink, annual, 1½ ft... **Muralis.** Dwarf pink, annual, 6 m.... **Paniculata.** A fine hardy white peren-nial especially for bouquets: 2 ft..... **Paniculata, Flore Picno.** Double white.. *Plants of the latter ready first of May.* **Barts of the latter ready first of May.** 227 .20

Helianthus. See Sunflower. Helichrysum. See Elichrysum.

HELICHRYSUM. (Everlasting or Straw Flower.) (Strobblume.)

| The most popular of all the Straw Flowers. |
|--|
| Easily grown annual in any garden with rich |
| soil. Flowers should be cut when half open and |
| hung upside down to dry. 2 to 3 ft. |
| 228 Silver Ball. Pure white |
| 229 Salmon Queen. Rare shade |
| 230 Golden Ball. Pure yellow |
| 231 Rose Queen. Rosy crimson |
| 232 Violet Qucen. Deep violet |
| 233 Fireball. Scarlet |
| 234 Crimson |
| 235 Finest Double Mixed. Several other |
| shades in addition to all the above |
| large flowering sorts. 1/4 oz. 40c, oz. |
| \$1.25 |
| |
| HELIOTROPE. (Sonnenwende.) |
| Well known deliciously fragrant plants; excel- |

went known denelously fragrant plants; excel-lent for bedding purposes or pot-enlture. Half-hardy perennial. 236 Lemoine's Giant Finest Mixed. Best

Plants ready end of May. .10 strain

HEUCHERA. (Alum Root.) (Heuchere.)

Desirable bushy, lardy percunials, bearing many slender stems of bright, dark-crimson flow-ers during July and August. Grow in any good garden soil.

Sangulnea Splendens. Dark-crimson; 1 ft. 237 .25 Hibiscus. See Mallow.

.10



HOLLYHOCK. (Stock-rose.)

HOLLYHOCK. (Stock-rose.) This is one of our handsome ornamental bien-nials, bearing spikes of flowers, about 5 ft. high, of almost every color. A clump in any garden gives an effect not obtainable with any other plant. Without an equal for planting among shrubbery or as a background. Seed sown in June or earlier will flower the following season. They require dry, deep soil, enriched with plenty of mannete. mannre. NO. PKT.

Best Double Varieties

| | 2000 | | | | |
|-----|------------|-----|-----|-------------|-----|
| 238 | Cherry-red | .10 | 239 | Maroon | .10 |
| 240 | Flesh-pink | .10 | 241 | Rose-pink | .10 |
| 242 | Sulphur- | | 243 | Pure White. | .10 |
| | yellow | .10 | | | |

- SUPERB MIXED. Our own mixture of the choicest kinds, all colors. A beau-tiful assortment. ½ oz. 25c...... Allegheny. Semi-double, fringed; mixed colors; quite unlike the preceding and very showy. 244
- 245 very showy10

Plants early in May.

Hyacinth Bean. See Dolichos.

ICE-PLANT. (Eispflanze.) A pretty little trailing plant; the leaves and stalks being covered with small, watery globules, giving it the appear-ance of being covered with ice. A val-uable plant for dry, sunny locations on banks, rockwork, borders and hanging-baskets. Annual 248.10 Ipomoea. See Morning Glory.

JAPANESE HOP VINE. (Humulus Japonicus.) (Hopfen.)

A very rapid growing vine, with fine foliage, which is very dense and quite free from insect enemies, and which endures the heat remarkably Grows 25 ft. high and self sows if the ground is not disturbed. Annual.

- Green * Leaved. Large, dark foliage; 1/8 249 oz. 15c .10 250
- oz. 15c Variegated. Like the preceding except with variegated foliage. Makes a hand-some vine; ½ oz. 20c.....

.10 Joseph's Coat. See Amaranthus.

Kenilworth Ivy. See Linaria.

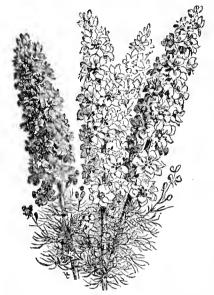
KOCHIA. (Summer Cypress.) (Burning Bush.) An annual ornamental plant that closely re-sembles a small cypress tree. It grows as much as 3 ft, high and in the fall changes from green to a flaming red. It makes an exceedingly attrac-tive plant for a temporary hedge or a border for a bed of tall growing plants. The plant will bear

trimming like hedge plants and is easily grown from seed and readily transplanted. NŎ.

Trichophylla. True Summer Cypress; 251 10 ¹/₈ oz. 15c....

KUDZU VINE. (Jack-and-the-Beanstalk.) A rapid growing vine of great merit, Leaves light green and heart-shaped. Attains a growth of 25 ft. the first sea-son if started in a hothouse early. Per-ennial 252.10

Roots ready in April.



LARKSPUR. (Delphinium.) (Rittersporn.) Annual Sorts.

For perennial varieties, see Delphinium.

For perennial varieties, see Delphinium. This is one of our best garden flowers. Seeds sown in the open ground before the close of April will produce flowering plants by the beginning of July, and give a continuous succession of flowers from then until frost. They make hardsome beds and their free, graceful habit and bright colors are very effective when interspersed in the old-fashioned flower or shrubbery border. Good, rich soil dug deep and a sunny location suit them best. Devide Prometing on Stock Element.

Double Branching or Stock-Flowered. The finest double flowers and colors. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 253 Pink10 254 Lilac10

| 255 | Carmine | .10 | 256 | Light Blue | .10 |
|-----|---------------|-----|-----|------------|-----|
| 257 | White | .10 | 258 | Dark Blue | .10 |
| | Superb Mixed. | | | | |

LATHYRUS. (Perennial Sweet Peas.)

Excellent creeping vine for covering rocks, fences, etc., or tied to 3-foot stakes. Make fine Make fine cut-flowers.

260 White Pearl.. .15 Crimson15 261 Pink Beauty. 263 Fine Mixed .. .15 262 .15

LAVATERA. (Annual Mallow.) Trimestris Mixed. A very beantiful and 264 Trimestris Mixed. A very beaufiful and showy annual, growing about 2 ft. high and covered during the entire snmmer with large cup-shaped shrimp-pink flow-ers; in a border or bed the effect is very bright. Sow in May where they are to bloom and thin out to 12 in, apart..... .10 Lavender. See Herbs.

Strikingly conspicuous hardy perennial grow-ing 5 ft. tall and bearing a long spike of rosy-purple flowers in mid-summer. 265 Spicata

LINARIA. (Kenilworth Ivy.) (Cymbelkraut.)

This is perhaps better known under the name of Coliseum or Kenilworth Ivy. It is a very handsome trailing plant, suitable for hanging-baskets and window boxes. 266 Cymbalaria. Lavender and purple..... .10



LOBELIA. (Lobelie.) Exceedingly pretty, profusely-blooming plants, of easy culture; valuable for beds, borders, bas-kets, etc. Tender percunials, flowering first sea-son from seed. NO.

- Erinns Gracilis. Light blue; trailing: fine for baskets. Light green foliage. 267
- ta. Erect; 1/2 oz. 40c. 1% oz. 40c. Crystal Palace Compacta. Erect; dark blue; for bedding. Dark green foliage. 6 in. 1% oz. 50c. .10 268

.10 Love in a Mist. See Nigella.

Lovegrove. See Nemophila.

LUPINE. (Wolfsbohne.) Easily grown plants producing long spikes of different colored pea-shaped flowers. Valuable for beds and cut-flowers.

269 Rose $\bar{2}\bar{7}\bar{1}$

| | re. | renna | ai mor | ts. | |
|-----|-------|-------|--------|----------|-----|
| 273 | Rose | .10 | 274 | Sky Blue | .10 |
| 275 | White | .10 | 276 | Mixed | .10 |

LYCHNIS. (Rose Campion, Lamp Flower.) Perennial of easy culture growing two feet high with heads of conspicuous scarlet or orange col-

Marguerite. See Carnation. Matricaria. See Feverfew.

Martynia. See under Herbs.

MALLOW MARVELS

MALLOW MARVELS. There is no more striking sight than a plant of this grand perennial in full flower in August and September. The individual flowers are of enor-mous size, many measuring 9 in, or more across. In texture they resemble the finest satin. Their coloring is gorgeous, embracing all the beautiful variations from white to deep red. Our seed has been grown from plants selected for size and bril-liancy of bloom. Everyone should have a few liancy of bloom. Everyone should have a few plants of these. They adapt themselves readily to all locations and conditions of soil. Very pop-

ular. 279 Splendid Hybrid Mixed. ½ oz. 50c..... .10

Roots ready in May.

MAURANDIA. Half hardy climber that blooms the first season from seed. Used for trellises, hanging baskets and porch boxes. 280 Fine Mixed. Blue, purple and white.... .15

MARIGOLD. (Tagetes.) (Sammetblume.) In the autumn these old garden favorites are in their prime with a wealth of bright colors. Easy of culture and snited to bedding in light soil in full exposure to the sun. The rich yellows in combination with the blue Larkspurs and Corn-flowers are very striking. flowers are very striking.

Double African Sorts.

| | | | large | and | self-colored | in |
|-----|------|--------|-------|-----|--------------|-----|
| | | orange | | | | |
| 281 | Tan | Orange |
 | | | .10 |
| 282 | Tall | Lemon |
 | | | .10 |



283 African Tall Double Mixed. 1/8 oz. 25c.. .10



French Marigold

French Sorts.

These are smaller in size of flower but none the less handsome and striking. Includes both striped and single kiuds. Fine for edgings. NO. PKT

- Golden Heart. Very large flowering. Golden yellow, brown margin..... French Tall Double Mixed. ¹/₈ oz. 15c... Single Legion of Honor. Dwarf, golden yellow with a crimsou spot on each 2841.0
- 285 .10 286
- netal
- French Double Dwarf Mixed. 1/8 oz. 15c. 287.10

.10

MIGNONETTE. (Resedu.)

A well-known favorite for pot or garden cul-ture, with very fragrant spikes of flowers. If well thinned out they produce stronger plants and larger spikes of flowers. Grown in light, sandy soil, its fragrance is much stronger than when grown in a rich soil. Cannot be transplanted. Ännual.

- .10
- .10 .10
- .10

MIMOSA. (Sensitive Plant.) (Sinnpflanze.) A very interesting and curious plant, its leaves closing if touched or shaken. Good garden loam. Aunual.

MIMULUS.

Moschatns. (Musk Plant.) A small trailing plant with yellow flowers and fragrant foliage; used in hanging bas-kets or pots and to cover the soil in pots containing large plants...... 292¹₂ Moschatus. .15 Mirahilis. See Four O'Clocks. Momordica. See Balsam Pear.

MONARDA. (Bergamot.)

A perennial aromatic herb, growing two feet high and bearing tufted heads of red or deep rose colored flowers. An old-fashioned favorite. 293 Didyma. (Cambridge Scarlet.) Lustrous

dark searlet15 Monk's-hood. See Aconitum.

| and a l | | | | - | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|-----|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | $A \cdot$ | С | ·К | E | Ν | D | E | L | ` S | S | E | E. | D | S | Т | 0 | R | Е | 2 | 3 |
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MORNING GLORY. (Trichterwinde.) (Convolvulus Ipomoea.)

Extensive genus of twining plants; remarkable for their fine foliage and showy flowers. Well adapted for open air or greeuhouse culture. Annuals. PKT. NO.

 $\overline{294}$.10 295

- Finest Mixed. Imported from France; includes every color. Oz. 35c, ¼ lb. \$1.00 Imperial Japanese. Giant flowers in many shades and color combinations and will not scatter seed. Soak the seed 24 hours before sowing or some may take all summer to sprout. Oz. 40c, ¼ lb. \$1.25 Heavenly Blue A giant flower of the .10 296
- Heavenly Blue. A giant flower of the Japanese type grown separately on account of its great beauty..... .15

MOON FLOWER.

At night and during dull days the plants are eovered with an abundance of large, pure white, fragrant flowers. 5 to 6 in. in diameter. It grows very rapidly and will cover a large surface. The most rapid grower of any annual in a sunny location

White. (Ipomaea Grandiflora.) $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 297 40e10 Plants ready end of May.

Mourning Bride. Sec Scabiosa. Musk Plant. See Mimulus. Myosotis. See Forget-Me-Not.

NASTURTIUMS.

For picking for the house, few flowers can com-pare with these easily growu annuals. Time was when no garden was without a few, either tall or dwarf, but the appearance of black aphis makes it necessary to have a sprayer and some Nicotine handy. The soil seems to get "sick" when they are grown too often in the same spot

and the results are disappointing. The The more and the results are blocked the more flowers will come, altho if a few seeds are wanted to pickle and allowed to ripen, no particular harm would be done. The tall kiuds are suitable for training up ou posts or fences, the dwarf for a border. NO. PKT

Superb Hybrid Tall Mixed. A blending of all the various shades. Oz. 25c, ¹/₄ lb. 75c 298 .10

1b. 75c Dwarf Mixed. Separate named varieties mixed in proper proportious. Oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 75c. 299 .10

NEMOPHILA. (Lovegrove.) (Triften oder Hainblume.)

Neat and compact, with varied and beautiful colors, blooming all summer. Suitable for beds, borders and pot culture. Grow best in a moist, partially-shaded situation and not very rich soil. nuual

300 Finest Mixed. 3/4 ft..... .10

NIGELLA. (Love in a Mist.) (Sehwarzkuemmel.) Popular annuals growing about 18 in. high. Slender and pretty cosmos-like foliage. The double rosette-like flowers are nice in the garden as well as for cut-flowers. Sow outside in May. 301 Finest Mixed. Blue and white. 1 ft..... 10 302 Miss Jekyll. Large, corn-flower blue.... 10

OENOTHERA. (Evening Primrose.) (Nachtkerze.) Beautiful, free-flowering plants, very useful for beds and borders, flowering in long spikes. Com-mon garden loam. Biennial.

303 Biennis. Beautiful clear canary-ycllow.



PANSY (Heartsease, Viola Trieolor.) (Stiefmuetterehen.)

(Stielmuleterenen.) We endcavor to get absolutely the best strains of Pansies grown in France, England and Germany. A perusal of the list will show the choicest varieties, regardless of cost and if proper care is exercised in sowing, the germination will be found to be high. Seed sown in hotbeds or cold frames in February or March will flower better during the fall and winter, while that sown in August or September and win-tered over will give better results in spring and summer. On account of the delicate nature of the fancy varieties, extreme care should be used to start the seeds, light, rich soil, made fine with a rake or sieve being important and a covering of newspaper or cheesc-cloth until the seeds, which should be only slightly covered with soil, are up, is absolutely necessary to insure a good stand. If more plants come up than are needed when they have their fourth or fifth leaf transplant them

If more plants come up than are needed, when they have their fourth or fifth leaf transplant them 3 in. apart cach way, taking them as they come, rather than picking out the strongest, as the delicate plants are apt to produce the finest flowers. Protection from the midday sun is necessary to have large

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | |
|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|-----|
| A. | С· | ĸ | E | Ν | D | E | L | `S | S | E | E | D | S | Т | Ο | R | E | 23 | 241 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 r |

flowers, and keeping them picked will extend the flowering period. A mulching of Sheep Manure twice a month and a dusting of Tobacco Dust as often, will make them grow and keep the insects away. The Giant flowering only are listed.

| | | T (17) |
|-----|--|--------|
| NO. | | ΥТ. |
| 304 | Trimardeau Mixed. 1/4 oz. 75c, oz. \$2.50 | .20 |
| 305 | Bugnot. Mixed; stained | .20 |
| 306 | Parisian. Mixed; stained | .20 |
| 307 | Masterpiece. Mixed, blotched and curled | .20 |
| 308 | Cassier's Blotched. Mixed | .20 |
| 309 | Madame Perret. Winc shades | .20 |
| 310 | Pure White | .20 |
| 311 | Imperial Blue. Blue | .20 |
| 312 | Lord Beaconsfield Improved. Purple and | |
| | white | .20 |
| 313 | Indigo Blue | .20 |
| 314 | Cardinal. Rich red | .20 |
| 315 | Azure Blue | .20 |
| 316 | English Faced. Mixed | .20 |
| 317 | Black. True | .20 |
| 318 | SUPERB MIXED. Our own mixture of | |
| | all the above large-flowering sorts in- | |
| | cluding the very choicest Pausies grown. | |
| | It is unsurpassed. 1/2 oz. \$1.00, 1/4 oz. | |
| | \$1.75, oz. \$6.00 | .20 |

| - NO. | P | KT. |
|-------|---|-----|
| 319 | FANCY SELECT. This mixture is our | |
| | own selection from the above list of all | |
| | the rarest, high-priced varieties and is | |
| | intended for the specialist. None of the | |
| | ordinary colors are included but only | |
| | the new, rare, unnsual shades. 1/2 oz. | |
| | \$1.75, oz. \$6.00 | 20 |
| 320 | English Giants. A collection of the large | |
| | est and choicest grown in England. ½ | |
| | oz. \$1.25, 1/4 oz. \$2.00, oz. \$7.00 | .25 |
| 321 | Tufted Pansies. (Viola Cornuta.) Until | |
| | recently, these have been little appreci- | |
| | ated in this country. In France and | |

ated in this country. In France and England they are used extensively for borders, where their masses of bright flowers are charming...... Orchid Flowering. This distinct strain includes all the unusual shades of col-oring in Pansies; chamois, terra-cotta, pink, lilac, rose and orange. Medium in size, yet dainty and admired for their charming markings .20322 .20

Plants raised from our own stock seed, one dozen in a basket. Ready in May.

PASSION FLOWER.

Few effects are more charming than these blue Passion flowers covering a greenhouse wall with their rich green foliage and sky-blue blossoms. N0. PKT.

PENTSTEMON. (Fuenffaden, Bartfaden.)

Beautiful and attractive, hardy, herbaceous plants, with long, graceful spikes of richly col-ored flowers. Succeed in a light loam, and should have a dry situation, as they suffer more from wet than cold during the winter.

.10

10 ete.

SINGLE PETUNIA. (Petunie.)

For outdoor decoration or house culture few plants equal the Petunia in effectiveness. They commence flowering early and continue a sheet of bloom throughout the whole senson mutil killed by frost; easily cultivated, only requiring a good soil and sunny position.

- Giant Ruffled. Coppery red. An attrac-tive new shade..... 326 .25
- Mixed Giant Ruffled. Flowers of un-usual size and substance, ruffled and fringed in most beautiful colors; half dwarf. Trade pkt. \$1.00..... 327.50
- California Giants. Magnificent strain of immense flowers in many shades, all with veined throats..... 328 .50
- Rosy Morn. A soft carmine pink with white throat; grows bushy, 8 inches high and makes an effective border..... 329
- .10 330 .25
- Elk's Pride. Rest strain of blackish purple with plain edge..... Extra Choice Mixed Hybrid. Excells for mass planting, in brilliancy and contin-nous flowering. ½ oz. 25c, oz. \$1.75.... 331
- .10

Single Fringed Type

These are intended for hanging baskets and window boxes to hang over the sides. Large flowers in clear, rich, solid colors.

| 332 | Pride of Portland. Deep rose | .20 |
|------------------|------------------------------|-----|
| 33 3 | Searlet Beauty | .20 |
| 334 | White Beauty | .20 |
| $334\frac{1}{2}$ | Pink Beauty | .20 |



DOUBLE PETUNIA.

It is, perhaps, not generally understood by the buying public that seed of the double sorts are only obtained by artificially fecundating single blooms with the pollen from the double. This makes the seed necessarily high priced. In spite of all possible care only a small percentage will produce double flowers, but the singles are of an unusually fine quality. The finest doubles are always grown from seed; when propagated from enttings they degenerate.

The weaker seedlings should be carefully saved. The weaker seedings should be carefully saved, as these invariably produce the finest double blooms. The same is true of the single sorts, the large strong seedlings usually being weedy, while the, at first, least promising ones produce the very finest flowers of the best colorings.

It is always best to sow Petnnias indoors and transplant to the open in May. NO.

- **Double Mixed Fringed.** Extra fringed, blotched and striped, fecundated with double of the best strain. $\frac{1}{2}$ pkt. 25c... 335 .50
 - Plants ready in May.



PHLOX DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA. (Flammenblume.) The Phloxes are the showiest and most easily raised of all Annuals. We know of nothing which produces snch a continuous supply of the most attractive flowers in a most wonderful range of colors. All the tints of the rainbow are rep-resented with all possible variations of stripes, veins and eyes of contrasting shades. Seed should be sown in the ground as soon as danger of frost is over and in a few weeks the beds are a blaze of glory. May be grown in beds or borders, boxes or vases and make spleudid cutting material as the blooms last loug in water. 1 ft. NO.

| nu. | 11 | Z.L. |
|-----|---------------------------------------|------|
| | Pure White10 337 Bright Scarlet | .10 |
| 338 | Bright Pink., .10 339 Dark Purple. | .10 |
| 340 | Bright Rose, White Center | .10 |
| 341 | Flesh Color, Purple Center | .10 |
| 342 | Isabellina. Yellowish | .10 |
| 343 | Star Phlox Mixed. A novel star-shaped | |

- .10 344
- Star Phiox Mixed. A novel star-shaped flower of the prettiest colors...... SUPERB MIXED. Our own splendid mixture of above separate colors and kinds, insuring some of every color in each packet. ¹/₄ oz. 75c, oz. §2.50...... .10

A very fine collection of choicest varieties of plants ready in April.

Platycodon. See Campanula. Polyanthus. See Primula.

Roots ready in April.

(Papaver.) (Mohn.) POPPY.

POPPY. (Papaver.) (Mohn.) Annual Poppies should be sown as early in the spring as possible where they are to remain, as they do not stand transplanting. Sow very thinly, preferably in cloudy weather or after a shower, barely cover the seed, press down firmly, and they will come up in a few days. If they come up too thickly they must be thinned out to stand 3 or 4 in. or more apart if you wish best results. It is well to make several sowings at in-



Carnation Poppies

tervals to keep up a succession of bloom. If picked just before expanding the flowers will last several days. It is also advisable to pick the old flowers as soon as fallen, which will lengthen the blooming season quite a while. NO. $\mathbf{P}\mathbf{K}\mathbf{T}$

- 348 .10
- 349 .10
- 350 .10
- P Carnation Double Scarlet. Splendid double fringed flowers of the brightest scarlet. ¼ oz. 15c..... Large Flowered Carnation Mixed. Beau-tiful colors of largest size double and full. ¼ oz. 10c, oz. 30c... Paeony-Flowered. Showy flowers of a globular form, resembling full-blown Paeonies. Handsome colors... Shirley, Extra Mixed. Annual: a most beautiful semi-double variety: does well in any garden and embraces a great variety of colors, ranging from pure white, throngh many delicate shades of pink, to bright red. If cnt before the sun strikes them they will keep a day in water. ¼ oz. 15c, ¼ oz. 25c, oz. 75c... 351.10

HARDY PERENNIAL POPPIES.

Oriental Poppies should be sown in early spring in the open ground as soon as it is fit to work. The plants disappear during July or August, ap-pearing again as soon as the weather gets cool. It is well to mark the places they are planted with a stake to insure the roots against disturb-ance during their annual resting period.

- Bracteatum. A very large orange-sear-let flower, averaging 5 in. in diameter; perennial; 3 ft..... 352
- .10 Orientale, Victoria. Bright salmon with black blotch on each petal..... 353 .15
- Orientale, Hybrid Mixed. Many brilliant 354 colors and odd shades; flowers of large size
- .15 Iceland. Hardy, flowering the first year from seed, blooming almost as quickly as the annual sorts. They are of grace-ful, neat habit, with bright green, fern-like foliage, 12 in. high, bearing their brilliant white, yellow and orange flow-ers in endless profusion; most useful for cutting. 355 cutting10

Plants ready in May. California Poppy. See Eschscholtzia.

| and a fill | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|-----|-------|-----|-----|---|----|----|---|---|-----|---|---|---------------|----|
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PORTULACA. (Portulak.) (Irish Moss.) Too much cannot be said in praise of this pop-ular and handsome annual which produces a per-fect carpet in a remarkably short time. Succeeds best in an exposed, sunny location and flourishes in dry and very shallow soil. It is of a creeping nature with moss-like foliage, which from early summer until frost is hidden by the brilliant rose-like flowers that open wide in the morning and close in the evening. Because of its foliage it is frequently known as Irish Moss or Moss Rose. It is well to mix the seed with three or four times its bulk of dry sand or soil which permits an even and casy distribution of the seed. It may safely be sown the latter part of April. NO. PKT.

| - N U. | | | | | T IX L. |
|--------|------------------|------|-------|----------------|---------|
| 356 | SUPERB MINE | D. | Our o | wn mixture | of |
| | the finest sep: | rate | color | s and unsu | 11'- |
| | passed for brill | ancy | and s | ize. 1, oz. 20 | 0e. |
| | oz. \$1.00 | | | | |
| 357 | White | .10 | \$58 | Coppery Ro | se .10 |
| | Yellow | | | | |
| | Pink | | | | |
| 363 | Double Mixed. | Save | d fro | m the best v | a - |

rieties and colors and producing a large percentage of double flowers. $\frac{1}{14}$ oz. \$1.0015

Pot Marigold. See Calcudula.

PRIMULA. (Primrose.) (Primel.)

PRIMULA. (Primrose.) (Primel.) Greenhouse Kinds. The charming and beautiful Chinese and Ob-conica Primroses are indispensable for winter and spring decorations in the home or conserva-tory. They are of the casiest culture in the green-house or light window of the living-room, flower-ing abundantly and continuously with little care. Press the seed in lightly to barely cover. To develop the best flowers and most brilliant colors grow in a heavy soil and as near 60 degrees as possible. possible.

- 364.50
- Chinese Fringed Mixed. The finest, large-flowering sorts of all colors...... Obconica Grandiflora, Apple Blossom Pink, A beautiful soft pink of very large size..... Obconica Grandiflora Mixed. A choice strain of the freest-flowering type..... 365
- .25 366
- .25

PRIMULA. (Primrose.) Hardy Kinds.

- 367
- 368 .25 Plants ready in April.

PYRETHRUM. From a massive tuft of lace-like foliage num-

bers of straight, leafless stalks grow 18 in, high crowned with daisy-like flowers. Favorite per-ennials which bloom the first season from seed if started very early. Remove the flower-stalks started very early. Remove the flower-st. after blooming for a second crop in the fall.

369 Roseum. Datsy-like in white, pink, rose and crimson shades, and yellow centers, One of the most graceful cutflowers,.... .15 Plants ready in May.

Reseda. See Mignonette.

RICINUS. (Castor Oil Bean.) (Wunderbanm.)

Tall growing and highly ornamental plants, with beautiful foliage and brilliant-colored fruit. If planted singly on lawns they produce a fine effect. Annual.

Ricinus of any sort, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c.

- 370 .10 371
- Major. Dark-green foliage; 10 ft...... Sanguineus. Blood-red stems and fruit, green leaves; 7 ft...... Cambodgensis. Leaves maroon; stems black; 5 ft.; very beautiful...... Gibsoni. Dark purple-red foliage; 5 ft... Minor. Dwarf, with rose-colored fruit; 4 ft .10 372
- 10 373 .10
- 374 .10 375
- .10



RUDBECKIA. (Cone Flower.)

NO. PKT Newmani. One of the finest of autumn-flowering perennials, bearing large flow-ers of bright orange-yellow petals, sur-376 ounding a large black cone; a showy flower

.10



SALPIGLOSSIS. (Trompetenzunge.) (Painted Tongue.)

(rannee tongac.) These showy half-hardy annuals bear beautiful funnel-shaped flowers having dark veins on a ground which varies from white to crimson, orange, yellow, etc., almost orchid-like in ap-pearance. Closely allied to the Petunias, but grow erect, producing an abundance of bloom from late summer until frost. The seed is very fine and should be sown carefully and sparingly as the plants are not readily transplanted. They there is a light rich sendy loam and will reas the plants are not readily transplanted. They thrive in a light, rich, sandy loam and will re-spond to liberal treatment. 2 ft.

| 377 | Scarlet on gold background | .10 |
|-----|--------------------------------------|-----|
| 378 | Violet. Self color | .10 |
| 379 | Purple on gold background | .10 |
| 380 | Dark Red. Self color | .10 |
| 381 | Light Blue on gold background | .10 |
| 382 | White and Yellow | .10 |
| 383 | Emperor Finest Mixed. All the above | |
| | and as many more other shades. ½ oz. | |
| | 30e. ¼ oz. 50c | .10 |

.20

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|------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| - MARCENTA A · C · K L | | | S T O | |
| | L L J | | 510 | K E AN SW S.S |
| 7 40 | | | - | |

SALVIA. (Salbei.) Scarlet Sage. By far the most brilliant bedding plant we can nave. The seeds should be started in the hot-bed or house in February or March and the plants set out middle of May, 15 or 18 inches apart in soil as rich as it can be made. After that they require very little care. If the spikes are eut off as soon as they have bloomed the plants will continue to blossom until frost. NO NO. PKT.

- Improved America. Our finest strain of tall. Very early and continuous bloomer. 4 oz. \$1.50...... Fireball. Bushy, compact growth; 2 ft. 384
- .25 385 .15
- endens. Spikes shorter than "Ameri-and does not grow as tall; 30 in. Splendens. 386 ca'
- 1/4 OZ. .10 387
 - .20 Potted Plants ready in May.

SAPONARIA. (Soapwort.) (Bouneing Bet.)

Vaccaria. A pretty annual with masses of satiuy piuk flowers. Must be sown three or four times if flowers are wanted 388 Vaccaria. throughout the season10

SCABIOSA. (Mouran (Scabiose.) (Mourning Bride.)

The erect 2½ ft. stems terminate in handsome flat, very double flowers with tubular petals from which yellow stamens protrude to resemble pins. The blooms are so abundant from July until frost and last so well when cut that this is one of the most popular garden flowers. Sow any time when danger of frost is over in good loam danger of frost is over in good loam.

Annual Varieties.

| 389 | King of the Blacks. | Fine deep purple | .10 |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------|-----|
| 390 | White | 391 Azure Fairy | .10 |
| 392 | Fiery Scarlet10 | 393 Yellow | .10 |
| 394 | Yellow10 | 395 Choice Mixed. | .10 |
| 396 | Shasta. New strain | n of giant flowering | |
| | white, 3 inches iu di | ameter. 1/8 oz. 75c | .15 |
| 397 | Peach Blossom. Gi | ant flowering pink, | |
| | | | |

2 inches in diameter, ou fine long stems. ¹/₈ oz. 75c..... .15

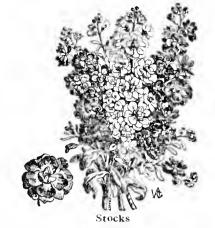
Perennial Variety. Caucasica. (Blue Bonnet.) Lilae-blue; good cut-flower; 3 ft..... 398 .15 Plants ready in April.

SCHIZANTHUS. (Spaltblume.) (Poor Man's Orchid.) This is one of the airiest and daintiest flowers imaginable, especially adapted to bordering beds of taller flowers and those of a heavier growth. The seeds germinate quickly and come into bloom in a few weeks from sowing. The florescence is such as to completely obscure the foliage, making the plants a veritable pyramid of the most deli-cate and charming bloom. The Schizanthus make admirable pot plants for the house in late winter and early spring. For this purpose sow in antuum. antumn.

Dr. Badger's Giant Hybrids. Tall grow-ing type with very large flowers. All colors mixed 399 .15 Sensitive Plant. See Mimosa. Snapdragon. See Antirrhinum. Snow-on-the-Mountain. See Euphorbia. Spider Plant. See Cleome.

STATICE. (Sea Lavender.)

STOCKS. (Gilliflower.) (Levkoyen.) The charming colors, delightful fragrance, and free blooming character of the stocks have made them favorite plants for both summer and winter cultivation. They are very effective for beds and borders, and their handsome flower spikes are in-valuable for bouquets and floral decorations. The large-flowering Ten-week section is the earliest to bloom. For succession sow the Cut-and-Come-Again varieties, which bloom abundantly until frost. 1 ft.



Double Large Flowering Ten-Weeks.

| | | vari o | erma | 111. | |
|-----|---------------|---------|-------|--|-----|
| NO. | | | | P | KT. |
| 401 | Blood Red | .10 | 402 | Light Blue | .10 |
| 403 | Carmine Pink | .10 | 404 | Dark Blue | .10 |
| 405 | Deep Rose | .10 | 406 | Canary Yellow | .10 |
| 407 | Pure White | .10 | | | |
| 408 | Finest Mixed. | 1% oz. | 75c, | ¹ / ₄ oz. \$1.25 | .10 |
| | | - Giant | | | |
| | Branchin | g habi | t; 2 | to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. | |
| 409 | Fiery Red | .15 | 410 | Canary Yellow | .15 |
| 411 | Flesh Pink | .15 | 412 | Lavender | .15 |
| 413 | Rose Pink | .15 | 414 | Pure White | .15 |
| 415 | Finest Mixed. | 1/8 OZ. | \$1.0 | 0, ¼ oz. \$1.75 | .15 |
| | Dres | sden P | erpe | tual. | |
| | (Cut-a | nd-Co | me-A | gain.) | |
| | | | | | |

- Brilliant Red. .15 Deep Rose15 Creole Yellow. .15 416 417 May Queen, Blue 419 418 .15
- Princess Alice. Pure white...... Finest Mixed. ½ oz. \$1.00, ¼ oz. \$1.75.. 420 .15 421
 - Summer Cypress. See Kochia.

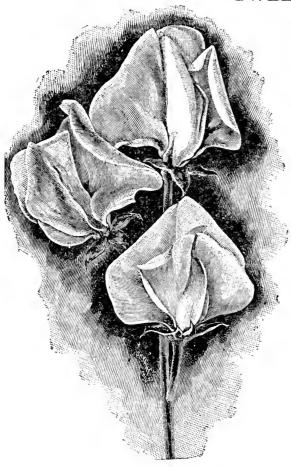


SUNFLOWER. (Helianthus.)

- .10 423
- .10 424
- .10 425
- Value 15c..... Jouble Dwarf. Large, handsome gold-en-yellow flowers. 4 ft. 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 30c Miniature. (II. Cucumerifolius.) Iden-tical in appearance with our common yellow Field Daisy. The dainty golden-

| A.C. | KEN | I D E | L'S | S E I | ED | <u>S</u> T | OR | E |
|------|-----|-------|-----|-------|----|------------|----|---|
| | | | | | | | | |

| NO. | | KT. |
|-----|--|-----|
| | yellow flowers are borne in profusion | |
| | on long stems, which with the foliage | |
| | make ideal subjects for vases and jar- | |
| | diniers in the house. Will grow in any | |
| | soil; 2 to 3 ft. 1/4 oz. 25e | .10 |
| 426 | Perkeo. A dwarf form of the preceding. | |
| | growing 12 inches high | .10 |



Sweet Peas

Price for all except those marked thus * are 10c per packet, 30c per ounce, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for \$1.00. Those marked thus * are 15c per packet, \$1.00 ner ounce.

Giant Flowering Late Spencers.

NO.

PKT.

- 429 America. Red Flake, white ground.
- Asta Ohn. Pinkish lavender. 430
- Blanche Ferry. Pink and white. 431
- Campfire. Bright scarlet. 432
- 433 Carmelita. Rose pink on white ground.
- Crimson King. Rich deep crimson. 434
- Constance Hinton. Giant pure white. 435
- 436
- Daffodil. Deep crimson. Defiance. Glowing orange-scarlet. 437
- Del Monte. Salmon eerise pink. 438
- Flery Cross. Bright red orange-eerise. 439
- Fortune. Rich dark blue. 450
- Hawlmark Lavender. Clear light lavender. 451
- Hawlmark Scarlet. 452
- Ucavenly Blue. Delphinium blue. 453
- Hebe. Large bright pink. 454
- Illuminator. Salmon orange, overlaid cerise. 455
- 456Ivory Picture. Ivory cream.

- NO. 427 Purpureus. The new Red Sunflower. Does not come true but can be told by the red stem; green stemmed plants will have yellow flowers..... PKT. .10
- The tallest common Single Russian. The tallest sunflower. 1 oz. 15c..... 128.10

SWEET PEAS

Modern culture of Sweet Peas has produced so many beautiful colors and such large flowers that they are almost indispensable. That these fine new varieties are harder to grow, goes without saying, for with many people success seems to be the constitution the exception.

. We made a canvass among our customers and have come to the conclusion that poor soil causes most of the failures and the unfavorable place they were sown and the wrong method of culti-vation eaused the rest.

Sweet Peas need rich soil—the richer the better —and it should be rich to a depth of at least one foot. Raw Bone Meal, a pound to three feet of row, is the best fertilizer, especially in heavy soil. Sheep manure comes next, and old cow manure and rotted horse manure follow, but fresh horse manure should never be used and in no case they be any fortilizer come into diract contract with should any fertilizer come into direct contact with the seed, especially if the fertilizer is tresh.

In elay soil, three or four inches is a sufficient depth to sow the seed and in light soils six or cight inches will be better. Some people advise sowing the seed in a trench and filling in the soil as the plants grow, but this sometimes smothers the plants. Others advise covering the seeds to the proper depth at once and treading the soil down firmly. The latter method will take the seed longer to grow, so that early sowing is neces sary if early flowers are wanted. By this method successive sowings may be made so that flowers may be had until frost. may be had until frost.

Better results are obtained by having the vines away from walls and tight fences, as the plants seem to require air.

If the soil is frequently stirred and watered too often, rank vines are obtained, but at the expense of flowers. It is therefore better to only puil the weeds and stir the soil but little. If the vines are allowed to go to seed they soon cease blooming.

A mulch of lawn trimmings or similar material laid about the plants keeps the soil moist and cool and also checks the growth of weeds.

If the seed is treated with Sweet Pea Bacteria there will be an increase in size of flower and a more extended blooming season.

Our grower in California has recommended the following list as being the best of the 150 kinds he grows.

NO.

- PKT.
- 457 Mary Pickford. Dainty cream pink, suffused salmon.
- 458 Mcrmaid. Rich true lavender.
- Miss California. Orange salmon, cream pink. 459
- Powerscourt. Fine lavender. 460
- Royal Purple. Rich purple. Royal Salute. Scarlet cerise. 461
- 462
- Snowball. Dazzling white. 463
- 464 Tangerine. Orange.
- Varrior. Giant maroon. 465
- What Joy. Cream. 466
- Youth. Large white, pink picotee. 467
- Superb Mixed Giant Flowering Spencers. 468 the best mixture we are able to buy, we add some of each of the above list. Per pkt. 10c per ounce 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, pound \$2.50.

DWARF SWEET PEAS.

Cupids Mixed. These grow six inches high and make compact bushes, suitable for a border. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 40c. Hardy Sweet Peas. See Lathyrus. 469

| A. | C | 1/ | - | N 1 | 10 | ····· | • • | ~ | | - | | - | _ | - | - | - | | 11 |
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SWEET ROCKET. (Nachtviola.)

| (Hesperis Matronalis.) |
|--|
| Showy hardy perennials growing two or more |
| feet high and bearing spikes of fragrant flowers |
| that will continue in bloom for several weeks if |
| not permitted to go to seed. |
| NO. PKT. |
| 470 Purple. (Dame's Violet.) |
| 471 Pure White |

SWEET SULTANS. (Centaurea Moschata.) Undoubtedly the finest of all Centaureas for cut flower purposes. The beautiful sweet-scented, artistic-shaped flowers are borne on long, strong stems, and when cut will stand for several days in good condition. It is best, in this latitude, to sow very early in the spring, so that they may perfect their flowers before very hot weather comes.

- comes. Americana (Basket Flower). A splen-did native variety, 3 ft. high, bearing immense thistle-like blooms of a rosy-lavender color. Very showy in the mixed border and splendid for cutting. 1/4 oz. 473
- ting. Very 45c Suaveolens (Grecian Cornflower), Very showy, large, bright yellow flowers: sweetly scented and a popular sort for cutting, lasting well. Imperial Mixed. Colors white and shades 45e .10 474
- .10 475
- of pink, lilac and purple; flowers large and numerous. ¹/₄ oz. 45c..... .10



SWEET WILLIAM. (Dianthus Barbatus.) (Bartnelke.)

(Bartnelkc.) Attractive, free-flowering hardy perennials usu-ally classed as Diauthus with China Pinks, but are different from them in not blooming until the second year. In beds and borders they will pro-duce a splendid effect in their rich, velvety flow-ers of many colors. They are of easy culture and profuse bloomers, appearing so early in the sea-son that they fully repay for time and effort spent upon them. It is much better to raise new, vigorous young plants from seed every season than to divide the old plants.

| 476 | Pink Beauty. Striking salmon-piuk | .10 |
|-----|--|-----|
| 477 | Scarlet Beauty. Bright scarlet | .10 |
| 478 | Dark Crimson. Rich dark shade | .10 |
| 479 | Giant Auricula-Eyed. Various colors with | |
| | well-defined eyes | .10 |
| 480 | Finest Single Mixed. All colors. 1/4 oz. | |
| | 50c | .10 |
| | Dimite and 1 74 | |
| | Plants ready in May. | |

| 481 | | Mixed. | \mathbf{A} | choice | blend. | 1/4 oz. | |
|-----|-----|--------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|-----|
| | 600 | | • • • • | • • • • • • • • | · · · · · · · · · | • • • • • • • | .10 |



THUNBERGIA. (Thumbergie.) (Black-eyed Susan.) Beautiful, rapid-growing annual climbers, Beautiful, rapid-growing annual climbers, pre-ferring a warm, sunny situation; used extensively in hanging-baskets and vases. Very pretty flowers in buff, white, orange, etc., with dark eyes; mixed colors: 4 ft. colors; 4 ft. PKT

482 Finest Mixed10

TOBENIA. Beautiful, free-flowering plauts; suitable for pot-culture in bouse or conservatory. They also succeed well in a moist, shady border, during the summer months, and, for baskets and vases, are unsurpassed. Light, rich loam. Tender peren-uial nial.

Fournieri. Azure blue, with three dark blue spots and bright yellow throat.... 483.10

TRITOMA. (Red Hot Poker.)

VALERIANA. (Valerian.) (Hardy Garden Heliotrope.) Showy border plants with large heads of sweet-ly fragrant flowers of pinkish-wbite during June and July. 485 Officinalis. Strong heliotrope odor. 3

.10 to 4 ft.....

- ors. large eves . Our own .10 492
- ors, large eyes..... SUPERB MAMMOTH MIXED. Our own blend of very choicest stock of separate colors. ½ oz. 30c..... Lemon Verbena. (Aloysia Citriodora.) An old favorite, with fragrant evergreen leaves, suitable for garden culture or for pot plants during the winter. The leaves are often dried and placed among linens .10 493 .10 Plants ready in May.

VERONICA. (Speedwell.) Hardy perennial with spikes of flowers in various colors, mostly shades of blue, in varying

heights. Spicata Very Fine Mixed. Blue, white and pink; 1½ ft..... 494

.15



VINCA. (Sinngruen.)

(Madagascar Periwlnkle or Old Maid.) Beautiful free-floweriug plants, with handsome blossoms. Seed should be sown early inside and transplanted into the border in May or June. where they will give fine blooms through the summer and autumu. Light, rich soil. NO. PKT.

Bedding Plants ready in May.

VIOLET. (Viola Odorata.)

Well-known hardy plants with single deep blue flowers of delightful fragrance. Used extensively for winter in the greenhouse. Good also in the rock garden. 498 Odorata Perpetual. Sweet scented, deep



WALLFLOWER. (Cheiranthuscheiri.) (Gelbveil oder Goldlack.)

These fragrant flowers should be better known. Their adaptability for outdoor growth and for pot-eulture should win favor here as in Europe, where they are very popular. The oriental coloring of the blooms in their rich reds and yellows is very effective. Succeed best in light, rich soil in a moist atmosphere. Sow the seed early in a hot-bed and transplant. On the approach of cold weather pot and grow in the house to flower all winter. Tender perennial. 2 ft.

| 500 | Early | Flowering | Single | Mixed | | .10 |
|-----|------------------|-----------|----------|--------|-----|------|
| 499 | \mathbf{Extra} | Double Fi | nest Mi: | xed. 2 | ft | .15 |
| NU. | | | | | t t | 'KT. |

XERANTHEMUM. (Everlasting.)

Handsome double everlasting flowers easily dried and used for winter bouquets. Annual.

501 Annuum Mixed. White, pink and pur-

ZINNIA

With seed supplies cut off from the usual sources during the late war, the world turned to California to fill the gap. The result brought us, among other things, the modern Zinnia. Not only have they been greatly increased in size of flower but also in color range until we now have more than a dozen. Not only that, but new forms have been developed so that the Zinnia now ranks as one of the two or three most popular and widely sown flowers grown. That all these improvements have been mode without saerificing vigor and sturdiness of the plants is gratifying because there is hardly another plant that will flower so well under adverse conditions. The separate colors enable our friends to work out almost any color scheme in the garden, an art in garden-making that adds greatly to the pleasure of the effort.

California Giant Double.

| Scarlet15 504 White | .15 |
|---|---|
| Crimson15 506 Canary Yellow | .15 |
| Shrimp Pink15 508 Golden Yellow | .15 |
| Salmon Rose15 510 Apricot | .15 |
| Deep Rose15 512 Special Mixed | .15 |
| Auy of above, ¼ oz. 60c.
Giant Dahlia Flowered Type. | |
| Exquisite. Light rose; deep rose ceuter | .20 |
| Golden State. Rich orange yellow | .20 |
| Crimson Monarch. Largest and best red | .20 |
| Meteor. Deep red | .20 |
| Oriole. Orange and gold | .20 |
| Dream. Deep layender turning to purple | .20 |
| | Crimson15506Canary YellowShrimp Pink15508Golden YellowSalmon Rose15510ApricotDeep Rose15512Special MixedAuy of above, ¼ oz. 60c.Giant Dahlia Flowered Type.Exquisite.Light rose; deep rose ceuterGolden State.Rieh orange yellowCrimson Monarch.Largest and best redMeteor.Deep redOriole.Orange and gold |

519 Canary Bird. Delieate primrose.....

Polar Bear. Pure white

520

Giant Mammoth Type.

| 522 | Enchantress. Light rose |
|------|---|
| 523 | Lemon Queen |
| 524 | Orange King. Burut orange |
| 525 | Rose Queen. Bright rose |
| 526 | Scarlet Gem |
| 527 | Finest Mixed. 1/8 oz. 50c |
| D | Lilliput Type.
ossoms an inch in diameter; plants 8 inches |
| high | |
| 528 | Finest Mixed. 1/8 oz. 15e |
| 529 | Red Riding Hood. Scarlet |
| | Picotee Type. |
| Ce | omes in many colors, the petals of each color |

| edged w | ith a | l darker | shade. | |
|---------|-------|----------|--------|---|
| 30 Fin | est 1 | Mixed | | 5 |

.20

.20

RACKENDEL'S SEED STORE

Local Agents

for



64 Page Catalog

Free

CHICKEN SUPPLIES

Fountains

Feeds

Brooders

Medicines



Our chicks are produced from high quality, well matured stock, every bird selected to meet standard requirements of the breed. Produced from healthy, free-range flocks, thus insuring high livability and quick growth. Excellent for egg production and broilers.

Here are the five reasons why you will be better pleased and make more money with our Quality Chicks.

- 1. Chicks come from healthy, strong, vigorous and well-culled stock.
- 2. Only sturdy, strong chicks are sold.
- 3. They develop into early broilers and layers.
- 4. You will be proud of their growth, quality and production.
- 5. We can serve you promptly.

Write for low prices today.



LAWN GRASS SEED

A GOOD well kept lawn is not only a beautiful and essentially a necessary feature of our home and grounds, but it materially enhances the value of the property.

We are interested in your lawn by selling you the best obtainable seeds and fertilizers for your particular situation. You will be using false economy by saving a few cents by buying cheap seeds from inexperienced seed dealers, which usually result in the added expense of frequent repatching of weedy, faulty spots, or eventually replanting the whole lawn.

In preparing a new lawn, of filling in an old one, only the best quality of seed should be used. Higher germination, freeness from noxious seed and general appearance are then assured. Only good recommended fertilizers should be used. Bone meal is probably most largely used—free from weed seed and lasting, although pulverized sheep manure and several other well known brands are used with good results.

Many lawn experts say that around September first is probably the best time to make a new lawn or refurnish the old one. Fall rains, cooler weather and fever weeds are good reasons for this advice. In spring—early April is better than late May or June for best results because of the hot weather, less rain, weed trouble, decreasing growing conditions quite materially, although with proper care, grass seed can be sown most any time.

Water is very essential to the lawn if applied knowingly. There is one safe rule for watering the lawn, garden, etc. Don't water until necessary and then soak. Shallow watering every day causes roots to the surface where they will usually dry out and wilt when sun shines. So, when you water the lawn, soak thoroughly to bottom of roots and it will not need watering nearly so often.

Our long experience in our line of business has caused us to study soil and climatic conditions of this vicinity and has enabled us to know lawn requirements as to seeds and fertilizers. We have made up certain mixtures of grass seeds most suitable to meet the necessary conditions whether clay or sand, wet or dry, as the case may be.

We also carry other varieties of grass seed for special or peculiar conditions and gladly offer our service in assisting you to have "that perfect lawn."



LAWN GRASS SEED

This is the same mixture of grasses that we have sold for fifty years with utmost satisfaction. Nothing but the highest grades and cleanest seeds are used. A pound sows 10×20 feet of bare ground. Price: J lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.25; 25 lbs. and over 40c per lb.



LAWN GRASS SEED

This is our well known and increasingly popular mixture of Grass Seeds that will actually make a lawn, no matter how shady nor what makes the shade. Sown early, before the leaves on the trees get started, it will come up promptly and stay all summer. Under Maples and Elms, it is well to put on a light sowing of fertilizer three or four times during the season and a good soaking, when necessary, due to the demands of the tree roots, which usually fill the ground and will cause any grasses to succumb, but in most shady places, SHADI-LAWN will survive better than any other. 1 lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.25; 25 lbs. or over 40c per lb.

CREEPING BENT MIXTURE

In some localities a tough grass is required that will withstand rough treatment. On Putting Greens it has been found that the Bent Grasses best meet the conditions. This mixture has a liberal proportion of Bent Grass seed and will give that fine tough sod so much desired. A pound sows 15 x 20 feet. Price: 1 lb. 90c; 3 lbs. \$2.60; 5 lbs. \$4.25; 10 lbs. \$8.25; 25 lbs. and over 80c per lb.

L'S $A \cdot C \cdot K \in N D \in$ SEED S ТО RE

Vegetable Seeds

In ordering seeds to be sent by mail, please read what we say under "SEEDS BY MAIL" on the inside front cover page.

ASPARAGUS

Asparagus seed is much sown to supply follage for cut flowers, but for the vegetable, two year old roots are used, which are ready in March. An ounce of seed will make about 200 plants.

| | Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
|--|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| MARY WASHINGTON. This variety is superseding all o | ther | | | |
| sorts | \$.05 | \$.15 | \$.50 | \$1.50 |

BEANS—Dwarf or Bush—(Bush Bohnen)

Beans need more space than is usually believed—at least two inches apart in the rows. Being tender, none should be planted before middle of May, but successive plantings may be made until be-ginning of August. Unless the garden, through long use is well supplied with the proper legume bac-teria, a 35c Composite bottle will inoculate all the Bcans, Peas and Sweet Peas you will probably sow and will many times repay the trouble in larger yields. Bean Rust disease is aggravated if beans are cultivated when wet.

One pound will plant 50 feet of row.

GREEN PODDED SORTS

| Pkt. | ½ lb. | Lb. | 51bs. |
|---|--------|-----------|--------|
| Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. Round-thick; the earliest in | • - | | |
| our list and enormously productive\$.10 | \$.20 | \$.35 | \$1.25 |
| BOUNTIFUL. Flat; long, early, stringless | .25 | + · · · - | 1.50 |
| | | .40 | |
| Full Measure. Round; stringless, prolific | .20 | .35 | 1.25 |
| | | | |
| YELLOW OR WAX PODDED SORTS | | | |
| WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX. Flat; most popular sort in | | | |
| this locality | .25 | .40 | 1.75 |
| L | - | | |
| Improved Golden Wax. Round; good yielder | .20 | .35 | 1.25 |

Pencil Podded Black Wax. Round; brittle and stringless; seed dark10 .25 .35 1.25

BEANS—Field or Shell

| Large White Cranberry or Marrow Bean. Used as an Pkt. | ½ lb. | Lb. | 51bs. | 10 lbs. |
|---|-------|-------|--------|---------|
| early shell bean\$.10 | \$.20 | \$.30 | \$1.25 | \$2.25 |
| White Pea or Navy. The most popular baking bean10 | .20 | .30 | | |

BEANS—Bush—Lima

| Limas can not be planted as early as other beans, but time may be galaed
trench the day before planting, so the sun will warm the ground enough, an
down, eight to eighteen inches apart according to the fertility of the soil and j
sight. As they sprout, fill up the trench. Cracked or broken seeds will not gre
well set with pods put a tablespoonful of fertilizer, high in phosphoric acid,
will greatly increase the yield. Pkt. | nd sticklr
just deep
ow. Whe
around e | ng the see
enough to
n the bus | eds eye
o be ln
hes are | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Henderson's Bush Lima. An excellent bush form | \$.20 | \$.35 | \$1.25 | | | | | | |
| FORDHOOK BUSH. Large thick beans of the best quality 15 | .20 | .40 | 1.75 | | | | | | |
| Burpee's Improved Bush Lima | .20 | .40 | 1.75 | | | | | | |
| BEANS—Pole or Running | | | | | | | | | |
| Pkt. | ½ lb. | Lb. | 51bs. | | | | | | |
| Kentucky Wonder. (Old Homestead.) One of the very best
green-podded beans\$.10
Kentucky Wonder Wax. This yellow podded sort is of similar | \$.20 | \$.35 | \$1.23 | | | | | | |
| habit to the above | .25 | .40 | 2.00 | | | | | | |
| Scarlet Runner. Flowers bright scarlet, pods green | .30 | .50 | 2.25 | | | | | | |
| BEANS—Pole Lima | | | | | | | | | |
| D1-4 | T / 11 | T 1 | P 11 | | | | | | |

| | Pkt. | 1/2 lb. | Lb. | 5 lbs. |
|---|----------------|---------|-------|--------|
| Early Leviathan. Extremely productive | \$.10 | \$.25 | \$.40 | \$1.75 |
| King of the Garden. Uniformly large beans of excellent qualit | ty. .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 |

BEET—(Rothe Ruebe)

Sow in rows twelve to fifteen lnches apart, one inch deep and thin as they grow until they stand two or three lnches apart. The greens are very palatable. Unless the carth is firmly packed after the seeds are sown, the stand will be poor. One ounce will sow 50 feet of row. Pkt. Or 1/15 Ib

| EARLY WONDER. The earliest in our list. Globe shaped; | | | | |
|---|-----|-------|-------|--------|
| deep red; matures uniformly. Good for later sowings\$ | | \$.15 | \$.45 | \$1.50 |
| Crosby's Early Egyptian. Extra early, dark red | .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Detroit Dark Red Turnip. Best late sort | .05 | .15 | .45 | 1.50 |

| A. | <i>c</i> | 12 | r | NI | D | T | 1 | ' C | c . | r | 5 | D | 6 |
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| ILLENS CALL A . | | · IN | - P | 1.1 | | - | | · · · | | - r | P* | | <u> </u> |
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BEETS (Continued) VARIETIES GROWN FOR FEEDING STOCK

| White Silesian Sugar. Very sweet and keeps well | | ¼ 1b.
\$.25 | |
|--|-----|----------------|-----|
| Giant Half Sugar Rose. A large variety adapted especially to
heavy soil | .10 | .25 | .75 |
| Norbiton Giant Mangel Wurzel. A long red variety of great
size | .10 | .25 | .75 |

SWISS CHARD

| Used wholly as greens.
the remaining plants grow
of Chard. | Sow the same
, break off the | as beet and
lower leaves | thin to one
as wanted | foot apart, u
until frost. | slng as
Chicken | beet green
8 are very | s. As
fond |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| or Chard. | | | | Pkt | $\bigcirc 7$ | ¼ lb. | ТЬ |
| Smooth Leaf Yellow. S | Stems malte a | good substit | ute for as | | 02. | /4 10. | U. |

agus\$.05 \$.15 \$.40 \$1.00

BORAGE. See under Herbs

BROCCOLI—(Rosen Kohl)

Very much like Cauliflower but more easily grown. May be sown early in the hot-bed and set out middle of May, or sown outside in June for fall. Pkt. Oz. ½ lb. Lb.

Early Green Italian or Calabrese. The variety best suited to our region\$.10 \$.50 \$1.75

BRUSSELS SPROUTS—(Sprossen Kohl)

A variety of the cabbage family producing a great number of small cabbages an inch or two in diameter along the stem until severe frost. Cut off part of the stem of the lower leaves to give the Sprouts room to develop.

Pkt. Oz. ¼ lb. Lb. Improved Half Dwarf or Paris Market. Best adapted for this

region\$.10 \$.25 \$.75

CABBAGE-(Kopf Kohl)

Aside from selecting cabbage seed of known origin and suitable for this locality the essential thing is to have the land free from the so-called Club Root disease. Cabbage should not follow a crop of Cauliflower, Turnip or Cabbage and the leaves of none of these should be allowed to get back on the land, otherwise cabbage plants will form large, worthless roots and no head. For a few heads in the garden, plants are ready in May. Sow one ounce for 3000 plants.

Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. Lb. Golden Acre. A new extra early round headed cabbage some-\$1.25 \$3.50what smaller but a week earlier than Copenhagen Market..\$.05 \$.40 Copenhagen Market. Heads are very solid, a most desirable 3.00 kind for small gardens..... .05 .35 1.00 True Early Wakefield. Very early pointed head variety of medium size05 .30 1.00 3.00 Holland or Danish Ball Head. One of the best keeping sorts for winter05 .30 1.00 3.00 Late Premium Flat Dutch. A standard variety; very large heads; used for kraut..... Perfection Drumhead Savoy. Finely curled; keeps well; best .05 .30 1.00 3.00 for boiling05 .35 1.253.50 Mammoth Rock Red. The head is large, round and solid 3.00 .05 .35 1.25Chinese or Celery Cabbage, Pe Tsai. Can be served as a salad 3.00 .30 1.00 or cooked like cabbage..... .10

CARROT—(Gelbe Ruebe, Mohruebe)

Sow thinly, a half inch deep, thinning as they grow, leaving one plant every two or three inches. Rich soil is essential but fresh manure should be used the year before, so the carrots do not fork. One ounce will sow 150 feet of row. Lb. Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. CHANTENAY or HALF LONG SCARLET STUMP ROOTED. The standard sort for general purposes, early or late......\$.05 \$.20 \$.50 \$1.50 1.50 Early Scarlet Horn. Half-long, stump-rooted...... Danver's Half-Long. A good keeper. Very productive...... .05 .50.20 1.50 .20 .50.05

VARIETIES GROWN FOR FEEDING STOCK

| | Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
|--|------|-------|--------|--------|
| Improved Long Orange. Medium long | | \$.15 | \$.40 | \$1.00 |
| Large Orange Belgian. Is very large and good quality | .10 | .15 | .40 | 1.00 |
| Large White Belgian. Exclusively grown for stock; it is an im- | | | | |
| mense cropper | .10 | .15 | .40 | 1.00 |

| | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 100 | 10 | ~ |
|---------|-----|------|---|------|---|----|---|-----|---|-----|----|---|----------|---|--------------|---|----------|--------|----|----|
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| G C C C | | | | _ | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | AC | | |

CAULIFLOWER—(Blumenkohl)

The weather has more to do with success in raising Cauliflower than almost any other vegetable. If it is cool, good heads may be expected, if not, the crop will be more or less of a failure, anything but the very best seed however, invites failure from the very outset. Because the price of seed runs into large figures is a very poor reason for trying to save a dollar on the seed. The crop is what you want and no poor seed will ever produce a good crop of anything except trouble and disappointment. One ounce will produce 3000 plants.

| Plants ready in May | Pkt. | ¼ Oz. | ½ Oz. | Oz. |
|---|------|-------|--------|--------|
| Danish Giant-Dry Weather. It is a valuable variety for grow- | | | , - | |
| ing in sections having long dry seasons\$ | .15 | \$.75 | \$1.25 | \$2.25 |
| Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt. Very white, compact heads | | .75 | 1.25 | 2.50 |
| Early Snowball. Dwarf and compact; very reliable for heading. | .15 | .75 | 1.25 | 2.50 |

CELERY—(Sellerie)

| One important factor in raising celery from seed is to have the seed bed
packed down when it is sown, a half inch deep. Next it is necessary to kee
growth is sure to be followed by hollow celery. In the garden, plants which a
set out four inches apart between alternate rows of early corn, affording nece
After the corn is pulled the stalks should be removed to let the celery grow. | p it grov
re ready
essary sha | vlng—a c
in June,
ade at th | heck in
may be
e start. |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Pkt. | ½ Oz. | Oz. | 1/4 Lb. |
| Golden Plume. A new very early variety of the Golden Self
Blanching type; matures very early; brittle and handsome\$.05
Golden Self=Blanching. French grown; tall strain; most com- | \$.60 | \$1.00 | \$3.25 |
| monly used; early sort | .50 | .90 | 3.00 |
| Giant Pascal. Best quality for fall and winter use; crisp and of | | | |
| an excellent flavor | .30 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Celery Seed for Flavoring. Used in flavoring pickles, soup, etc., | • • • • | .10 | .30 |
| CELERIAC—or Turnip Rooted Celery | | | |
| Pkt.
Large Smooth Prague. Very popular\$.05 | Oz.
\$.35 | 1⁄4 lb.
\$1.00 | LЬ.
\$3.00 |

CHERVIL-(Kerbel)-See under Herbs

CHICORY—(Chicorien)

| The roots are dried and ground up to be either mixed with vated the same as carrots. | coffee or us | icd as a | substitute. | Culti- |
|--|--------------|----------|------------------------|--------|
| vateu the same as carrots. | Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
| Large Rooted. The variety most generally used | \$.05 | \$.25 | ¼ 1Ь.
\$.75 | \$2.00 |
| Witloof. See under Endive. | | | | |

COLLARDS

Belongs to the cabbage family but does not head, growing a tall leafy stalk, the leaves being cooked as greens. - / ...

| | | | | | | 1/4 Ib. | |
|----------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|--------|-------|---------|--------|
| Georgia. | The sort usually use | l largely in | the south | \$.10 | \$.15 | \$.40 | \$1.00 |

CORN—(Zucker Mais)

Plant in rows and thin out inferior stalks, leaving a strong stalk each foot or fifteen inches. Rows may be thirty inches apart for early dwarf and forty-eight inches for late tall sorts. Plant a half inch deep at first and deeper as the ground warms up, but three inches is the limit. The suckers should be twisted off when they get six or eight inches high and the stalks hilled up when a foot high. Shallow cultivating is important because the corn roots are near the surface. Two plantings may be made but if more are wanted, it is safer to plant later sorts early. May 10th is, on an average, the earliest safe date to plant corn, but a few plants can be started in small pots earlier and planted out after danger from frost has passed.

One pound will plant 100 feet of row or 100 hills.

| One pound will plant 100 feet of row or 100 hills. | Pkt. | 14 lb | Lb. | 5 1bs | 101bs |
|--|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT. Our own introduction of | I KL. | 72 10. | LD. | J 103. | 10103. |
| 1897 and still the largest eared, white grained Sweet | | | | | |
| Corn on the market and planted everywhere in the | | | | | |
| corn belt. It is sweet and tender and commands | | | | | |
| top prices because of its size. Roasting ears are | ¢ 10 | ¢ | ¢ (A | ¢1.75 | ¢7.00 |
| ready in 60 days on sand
BARDEN'S WONDER BANTAM. This is a longer | \$.10 | \$.25 | \$.40 | \$1.75 | \$3.00 |
| eared Golden Bantam and grows on a taller stalk. | | | | | |
| It has lost none of the sugary sweetness that has | | | | | |
| made the latter so popular and the ears are two or | | | | | |
| three inches longer and only three or four days | | | | | |
| later | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 | 3.00 |
| Burpee's Golden Bantam. Our stock is Ohio grown | | | | | |
| and thus suitable for this region | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 | 3.00 |
| Henderson's Golden Rod. This is practically a late | | | | | |
| Golden Bantam being a cross with Stowell's Ever- | | | | | |
| green. Stalks six feet; ears medium large and often two on a stalk | 10 | 25 | (0 | 1 75 | 2.00 |
| Offen two on a stark | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 | 3.00 |

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CORN (Continued)

| Howling Mob. The description of Early Giant would
fit this variety and it has become popular among
the market gardeners in the east. Our stock is
Ohio grown and dependable | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 | 3.00 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| Black Mexican. Old timers appreciate this wonder- | | | | | |
| fully sweet corn. Many people think that because | | | | | |
| the kernels are blue they are poisonous and miss a | | | | | |
| real treat. Stalks are short, permitting close plant- | | | | | |
| ing; medium early | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 | 3.00 |
| Country Gentlemen. Also called Shoe Peg. A late | | | | | |
| sort, very sweet; kernels deep and thin and grow | | | | | |
| irregularly on the cob | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 | 3.00 |
| Stowell's Evergreen. The standard late sort. Large | | | | | |
| ears; deep grains; fairly sweet; largely used for | | | | | |
| canning and drying | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.75 | 3.00 |

CORN SALAD—(Acker Salat)

Sown and handled the same as lettuce and used in the same way.

| Broad Leaved. The kind generally sown | Pkt.
\$.05 | Oz.
\$.20 | ¹ / ₄ 1b.
\$.50 | Lb.
\$1.50 |
|--|-----------------|--------------|--|----------------------|
| CRESS—(Kresse | ?) | | | |
| Both kinds of cress are used for salads, more often flavor. | Pkt.
to lend | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
| Peppergrass. Easily grown in a short time in the gard
True Water Cress. Grows along running streams and | in early | \$.10 | \$.30 | \$1.00 |
| hot beds or the green house | | .50 | 1.50 | 5.00 |

CUCUMBER—(Gurke)

The chief difficulty with raising cucumbers is the striped beetle and these may be conquered by early planting in sods or berry boxes end of April, to be set out beginning of June and then dusting the vines with Siug Shot after every rain. Plant out doors end of June for pickles.

| · Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ 1b. | Lb. |
|---|--------|-------|--------|
| IMPROVED WHITE SPINED. This variety has taken the lead | | | |
| for many years, not only as a cucumber but for thin pickles. \$.05 | \$.20 | \$.60 | \$1.75 |
| Davis Perfect. A dark green sort, tender and fine quality05 | .20 | .60 | 1.75 |
| Improved Long Green. Late variety, flavor excellent | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |
| Boston Pickling. Popular variety for pickles, bright green, | | | |
| short and symmetrical | .20 | .60 | 1.75 |
| Chicago Pickling. End-tapering fruit of deep green color05 | .20 | .60 | 1.75 |

DANDELION—(Pardeblum)

| Aithough great quantiti
that the cultivated varieties | | | | | | spring, | few peopie | know |
|--|-----------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------|---------|------------|------|
| that the cultivated varieties | nute muci | i iuigei iei | tres and an | c not us b | | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
| Improved Thick Leaved. | The kind | usually s | own | | \$.05 | \$.60 | | |

EGG PLANT—(*Eier Pflanze*)

| Potato bugs are just as bad on Egg Piants as they are on potatoes, so be
Lead or Slug Shot when they appear. The seed will not grow weil under abo
so get potted plants end of May, if you want only a few and set them out two | out 80 d | leg. temper | |
|---|----------|-------------|-----|
| Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
| Black Beauty. An extremely early variety\$.10 | \$.50 | \$1.50 | |
| Early Long Purple. Rich dark color | .50 | 1.50 | |
| New York Improved Purple. The best for general culture10 | .50 | 1.50 | |

ENDIVE—(Endivien)—Escarolle

The slightly bitter taste of this excellent salad plant is an agreeable change from lettuce and is at its best when lettuce is past its prime. Endive is handled much like lettuce, taking longer to grow, but requires blanching, which is done when the plants are large enough, by gathering the outside leaves together and tying them with raffia, not at the ends but about half way up, a few at a time, allowing three weeks to blanch, when they must be used or they will decay. As frost comes the plants can be lifted, soil and all and stored in baskets in a cool place where they will keep for a month.

| | Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
|--|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| White Curled. Light green, almost white | \$.05 | \$.20 | \$.50 | \$1.25 |
| Green Curled. Nicely curled, dark green | .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.25 |
| Green Broad Leaf Batavian. Leaves broad and smooth | .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.25 |
| White Broad Leaf Batavian. Bleaches very easily | | .20 | .50 | 1.25 |
| French Endive (Witloof Chicory). | | .20 | .50 | 1.25 |

| | | | | | _ | | | | | - | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----|------|-------|---|---|---|---|-----|---|-------|---|---|--------|----|---------|------------|--------------|
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HERBS-Sweet, Pot and Medical

A small space in the garden may be used to good advantage for the cultivation of a few of the most useful and desirable herbs. Their cultivation is very simple, but little care being needed beyond keeping down the weeds. Sow in April or May in drills twelve to fifteen inches apart, and thin out the young plants where they stand too thick.

| | PKT. | OZ. |
|---|-------|-------|
| ANISE. (Pimpinella anisum.) | \$.05 | \$.25 |
| BASIL, SWEET. (Ocimum basilicum.) | | .25 |
| BORAGE. (Borago officinalis.) | | .25 |
| BURNET, Garden Perennial | | .25 |
| CARAWAY. (Carum carui.) | 05 | .25 |
| CHERVIL. (Curled.)Used like Parsley | | .30 |
| CORIANDER. (Coriandrum sativum.) | 10 | .25 |
| DILL. (Anethum graveolens.) | | .20 |
| DILL. For flavoringLB. | 50 | |
| FENNEL, SWEET. (Foeniculum officinale.) A hardy perennial | | .20 |
| FENNEL. For flavoringLB. | 40 | |
| HOREHOUND. (Marrubium vulgare.) | | .25 |
| HYSSOP. (Hyssopus officinalis.) | | .50 |
| LAVENDER. (Lavendula vere.) | 10 | .75 |
| MARJORAM, SWEET. (Origanum marjorana.) | | .40 |
| ROSEMARY. (Rosmarinus officinalis.) | | .50 |
| SAFFRON. (Carthamus tinctorius.) | 05 | .40 |
| SAGE. (Salvia officinalis.) | | .25 |
| SAVORY, SUMMER. (Satureia hortensis.) | 05 | .40 |
| SORREL. (Large leaved.) Perennial | | .20 |
| TANSY. (For bitters.) Perennial | | .40 |
| THYME. (Thymus vulgaris.) | | .60 |
| WOODRUFF, SWEET | 10 | .90 |
| WORMWOOD. (Artemisia absinthium.) | | .40 |
| $\mathbf{V} \wedge \mathbf{I} \mathbf{\Sigma} = (\mathbf{V} + \dots + \mathbf{I}) \mathbf{D} + (\mathbf{U} + \mathbf{I})$ | | |

KALE—(Krausskohl, Blaetterkohl)

Seed is started in May and the plants are set out in June a foot apart and handled llke cabbage. After a light frost the leaves are cooked and served much like spinach. One ounce will make 5000 plants.

| Pkt. | Oz. | 1⁄4 lb. | Lb. |
|---|-------|---------|--------|
| Dwarf Curled Scotch. For fall and early winter use, sow the | | | |
| seed in spring. For late winter and early spring use sow in | | | |
| September | \$.15 | \$.40 | \$1.25 |
| Tall Curled Scotch. A sort growing about two feet tall05 | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |
| | | | |

KOHLRABI—(Kohlrabi)

This is practically a turning growing above ground. Sown early and thinly the bulbs are edible from the time they are two inches in diameter. By thinning and using, those that remain keep growing larger but they will finally get woody and worthless. It is not commonly known that the raw vegetable tastes like a mild radish.

| | | 1/4 Ib. | |
|---|--|---------|--|
| Most generally used
Identical, except in color | | | |

LETTUCE—(Lattich Salat)

While lettuce may be had at the grocer's the year around, the garden still produces better than can be bought and its care and culture are so simple that the children can run that part of the garden. The worst pest is the Root Aphis and this is easily controlled with a sowing of Tobacco Dust in the furrow under the seed. An occasional watering with Nitrate of Soda will greatly aid lettuce to large size. Loose leaf sorts may be gathered when large enough—heading kinds should be transplanted or thinned to six inches apart and the less these are watered the better, to prevent rotting in the heart. Certain kinds are intended for inside; outdoors these are apt to be tough and bitter.

| Pkt. | Oz. | 1/4 lb. | Lb. |
|--|--------|---------|--------|
| GRAND RAPIDS. A leaf lettuce best suited for hot-beds or | | | |
| green house\$.05 | \$.20 | \$.60 | \$1.75 |
| Black Seeded Simpson. A curly leafed sort sown both outdoors | + | • | |
| and inside | .20 | .60 | 1 75 |
| Big Boston. A fine, large heading sort both for forcing and | | | |
| outside; leaves red edged | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| NEW HANSON. The best loose-leaf sort for home use out- | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| | | | |
| side. Usable from the time it is large enough and slow to | | | |
| run to seed | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| May King. The earliest heading sort for forcing | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| ICEBERG. (New York.) The best large heading sort for out- | | | |
| side | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |
| Trianon Self=Closing Cos. A late heading sort, growing tall | | | |
| and with spoon-shaped leaves. Best variety of this type05 | .20 | .60 | 1 75 |
| Mignonette. (Brown Dutch.) A late heading sort that will | .=0 | .00 | 1.0 |
| | .20 | .60 | 1.75 |
| withstand the cold longest | .20 | .00 | 1.75 |

| GA.C.KENDEL'S SEED S | FOR | E | - Alian Ali |
|---|---|--|---|
| LEEK-(Lauch)
Much like an onion in flavor but has no bulb. Used mostly in soups.
 Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
| American Flag. A long-growing variety; easily blanched\$.05
Large Rouen. A short, heavy sort | \$.25
.25 | \$.75
.75 | \$2.50
2.50 |
| WATER MELON-(Wasser Melone)
Plant six or eight seeds in hills eight feet apart in which a peck of well
has been spaded in and when they are beginning to vine leave three plants
handy, for the bugs. Only early kinds will get ripe here, so our iist is not b
One ounce is needed for 20 hills. | rooted ma
to a hill. | nure or c
Keep Slu | ompost
g Shot |
| ↓Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
| Ice Cream. Ferry's Peerless. Medium size; oblong; very
sweet | \$.15 | \$.40 | \$1.00 |
| Kleckley's Sweets. Large size, oblong, early, finest flavor and quality .05 Mountain Sweet. Very solid and crisp, early | .15
.15
.15
.15 | .40
.40
.40 | 1.00
1.00
1.00
1.00 |
| . MUSKMELON-(Zucker Melone)
Cultivated the same as Watermelons but the hills may be six feet apart.
if cucumbers are grown near by. 'Pkt. | | r will be
¼ lb. | spoiled
Lb. |
| Extra Early Nutmeg. Small but so early that it is sure to ripen | \$.20
.15
.15
.15
.15
.15
.20
.15 | \$.50
.35
.35
.35
.35
.35
.35
.50
.35 | \$1.50
1.50
1.50
1.50
1.50
1.75
1.50 |
| soil | .15 | .35 | 1.50 |

MUSTARD-(Senf)

| The green leaves are used as a salad or boiled like spinach. Sow a half in | ich deep 1 | n rows el | gnteen |
|---|------------|------------|--------|
| inches apart, every few weeks in the summer if a continuous supply is wanted. | The seed | ls of both | kinds |
| listed are largely used in pickles and the white is the mustard of commerce. | | | |
| Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ 1b. | Lb. |
| White English. The kind commonly used for sowing\$.05 | \$.15 | \$.30 | \$.75 |
| Brown. Sown with garden Cress for green salad | .15 | .30 | .75 |

MUSHROOM—(Erdschwamm)

The chief essential in raising Mushrooms indoors is a controlled temperature. The ideal tempera-ture is 65 deg. Fahr. but it should not vary more than 5 degrees to attain the greatest success. A pamphlet dealing at length with the growing of Mushrooms will be furnished with an order for Spawn. or for 5c in stamps or coin. Pure Culture Spawn. Direct Bricks. Best brick spawn on the market, per brick 40c, 3 for \$100 10 bricks \$325. For larger quantities place write for price.

\$1.00, 10 bricks \$3.25. For larger quantities please write for price.
 Lambert Pure Culture Spawn. In quart milk bottles. In this form the spawn is of the highest potency. Per quart, \$1.50, 2 quarts \$2.50, carton of a dozen quarts for \$12.00.

ONION—(Zwiebel)

To grow large onions from seed, it is necessary to have light, very rich soil, seed adapted to this climate and patience to keep the weeds out. Sow thinly, one-fourth inch deep in rows a suitable dis-tance apart. Grown from setts, onions need quite as much care but more are used for bunching before they form bulbs and soil need not be so extremely rich; they get large very much sooner also but will not keep as long in storage. In the fall we have the hardy Egyptian Onion setts; in the spring the yellow and white bottom setts. Price on request. One ounce of seeds for 100 feet. One pound of setts for 50 feet.

| | Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
|---|------|-------|--------|--------|
| Large Red Wethersfield. Large, flat, late variety\$ | .05 | \$.40 | \$1.25 | \$3.50 |
| Southport Red Globe. Medium, round | | .40 | 1.25 | 3.50 |
| White Silverskin. Somewhat flat, medium size, mild flavor and | | | | |
| largely used for pickling | .05 | .40 | 1.25 | 3.50 |
| S uthport White Globe. Deeper through but much like the pre- | | | | (=0 |
| ceding and much used for pickles | .05 | .50 | 1.50 | 4.50 |
| PRIZETAKER. Nearly globe-shaped; yellowish brown skin; | | | | |
| mild flavor. This sort may be sown early in hot-beds and | | | | |
| transplanted when warm enough and by fall will make a | | | 0.0 | 2.00 |
| very large onion, passing for Bermudas | .05 | .30 | .90 | 3.00 |
| YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. Grown in larger quantity than | | 10 | 1.05 | 3.50 |
| un others combined. Our standard jenoti thinter officient | .05 | .40 | 1.25 | 3.50 |
| For onion seed in large quantities, write for special price. | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----|------------|-----|------|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|----------|---|--------|----|-----|--------------|---------|
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OKRA, or GUMBO-(Essbarer Hibiscus)

The young seed pods are cut up, and used for soups and stews. Sow thinly in rows in June and thin to two feet apart each way.

| | | 74 ID. | |
|---|-------|--------|------------------|
| Tall Green. Grows two to three feet high\$.05 | \$ 15 | \$ 30 | \$1.00 |
| | | | $\psi 1_{0} 0 0$ |
| White Velvet. Dwarfer and pods light green. Best sort | 15 | .30 | 1.00 |
| white vervee, Dwarter and pous light green. Dest soft | .10 | .00 | 1.00 |

PARSLEY—(*Petersilie*)

The chlef difficulty with parsley is to get the seed up, which is because it takes five or slx weeks to germinate. Sow the seed thinly, about one-fourth inch deep, early ln April and cover with a thin board and you will have no trouble. Thin the plants to three inches apart. A few small plants in a pot will grow nicely ln the house during the winter.

| | Pkt. | | ¹ /4 ID. | |
|---|--------|--------|---------------------|--------|
| Plain Leaved. Much used in soups, etc | \$.05 | \$.15 | \$.40 | \$1.00 |
| Extra Double Curled. A choice variety, well curled | .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Hamburg, Large Rooted. The roots are used in winter | | | .40 | 1.25 |

PARSNIP—(Pastinak)

Being a plant that requires all season to mature, it is essential to sow early in May and get the seed up the first time. A beating rain may harden the ground and prevent the delicate sprouts from coming through, therefore sow a little early radish in the row along with the parsnip, which will break the crust for the latter. Sow a half inch deep and thin to two or three inches apart. Never try to raise parsnips on freshly manured land as they will grow forked roots of little use. Use one ounce of fresh seed to 200 feet.

| | | | | ¼ lb. | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| GUERNSEY HALF LONG. | The best sort to use in this regio | n. \$.05 | \$.15 | \$.30 | \$1.00 |

PEAS—(Erbsen)

If you have the room, few vegetables taste so good as home grown peas. They should be sown early, the earliest in March, an inch deep at first and as the ground warms up, deeper but not over three inches. Later sowings, say July, are apt to be disappointing, so it is better to sow early, medium and late sorts at the same time, the later sorts making larger pods and seeds. It pays to inoculate the seed with Legume Bacteria, same as beans. If the pods are not well filled, the soll lacks phosphorus, and if the vines do not grow well the soil should be limed before the next season. A pound will sow 50 feet of row.

| | Pkt. | ½ lb. | Lb. | 51bs. |
|---|------|-------|-------|--------|
| KENDEL'S FIRST OF ALL. For many years the best smooth, | | | | |
| extra early sort | 5.10 | \$.25 | \$.40 | \$1.60 |
| | | | | |
| until the ground is warm | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.60 |
| NOTTS EXCELSIOR. In this locality this has, for many years | | | | |
| been the best all round early, wrinkled variety both in qual- | | | | |
| ity and yield. The ground must be warm to get a good | 10 | .25 | .40 | 1.60 |
| Gradus. In some localities this large podded sort is extensively | .10 | .43 | .40 | 1.00 |
| used but in others does not fill well. Seeds very large, sweet | | | | |
| and tender; an excellent sort where they will yield | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.60 |
| PIONEER. A very hardy wrinkled sort suitable for early plant- | | | | |
| ing. Pods are large and well filled resembling the Tele- | | | | |
| phone. The peas are large and of splendid quality which | | | | |
| they retain for a long period. Vines grow two feet; suit- | | | | |
| F | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.60 |
| Blue Bantam. One of the newer sorts; heavy cropper and | 10 | 25 | 10 | 1 40 |
| good quality | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.60 |
| filled pods; seeds large, tender and sweet | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.60 |
| Tall Telephone. If brush can be had for them to run on, tall | .10 | .20 | • • • | 1.00 |
| peas will greatly out-yield the dwarf sorts. This is the | | | | |
| leading tall variety | .10 | .25 | .40 | 1.60 |
| | | | | |

PEPPER—(Pfeffer)

Pepper seed needs a temperature of 80 deg. to sprout so if you need only a few, get the plants from us ln latter part of May. Set two feet apart. An ounce of seed makes 3000 plants.

| | Pkt. | ¼ oz. | Oz. | ¼ lb. |
|--|------|-------|--------|--------|
| Harris' Early Giant. A new, sweet variety growing 5 inches | | | | |
| long and 3½ inches in diameter\$ | .10 | \$.15 | \$.50 | \$1.50 |
| Chinese Giant. A square, sweet pepper, large and mild. A | | | | |
| rather late sort | .10 | .15 | .50 | 1.50 |
| World Beater. Somewhat thicker at the blossom end; rather | | | | |
| early. Grows in clusters | .10 | .15 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Bull Nose. A large, hot pepper used for pickling | | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Long Red Cayenne. A slender, very hot pepper, used wholly | | | | |
| for pickles. Makes the red pepper of commerce | .05 | .15 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Pimento. A medium sized, very mild, sweet variety with thick | | | | |
| flesh | .10 | .15 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Red Chili. Very small and very hot | | .15 | .50 | 1.50 |



PUMPKIN—(Kuerbis)

A few pumpkins may be grown without much trouble, suf-

ficient room being essential and good soil also.

| One ounce makes 30 hills. | Pkt. | Oz. | ¼ lb. | Lb. |
|---|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| Connecticut Field. The common, large field pumpkin | \$.05 | \$.15 | \$.25 | \$.90 |
| Sweet or Sugar. The small, orange yellow pie pumpkin | .05 | .15 | .30 | 1.00 |
| Cushaw. A crooked neck sort | .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Mammoth Potiron. The largest; very thick, fine grained, sweet | | • | | |
| flesh; cream colored skin; flat at the ends | .10 | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |

RADISH—(Rettig)

What is a garden without a row of Radishes? They are easily and quickly grown and so much better when freshly pulled. The important thing is to have the early radishes grow quickly, so they should not be sown too early outdoors. Tobacco Dust sown in the row with the seed prevents wormy radishes One ounce sows 100 feet.

| EARLIEST SCARLET GLOBE. The quickest maturing radish.\$ | .05 | \$.10 | \$.30 | \$.90 |
|---|-----|-------|-------|-------|
| Early White Tipped Scarlet Turnip. Attractive appearance | .05 | .10 | .30 | .90 |
| French Breakfast. Oval in form; white tipped | .05 | .10 | .30 | .90 |
| WHITE GIANT STUTTGART. The best mid-summer sort | .05 | .10 | .30 | .90 |
| White Icicle. The best long white sort | .05 | .10 | .30 | .90 |
| Long Black Spanish. The leading long, winter sort | .05 | .10 | .30 | 1.00 |
| Round Black Spanish. The leading round winter sort | .05 | .10 | .30 | 1.00 |
| Scarlet China Winter. A half long sort, thicker at the bottom | .05 | .10 | .30 | 1.00 |
| | | | | |

RHUBARB—(*Rahbarber*)

Rhubarb requires an abundance of rich soil and water to make a good crop. Use a liberal dose of Sheep Manure with a small amount of Nitrate of Soda dug in around the roots very early in the spring. A barrel with both ends out set over a plant will make longer stems and earlier. It takes four years for seed to produce a crop, but roots, which are ready in April, produce the second year. Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. Lb.

Victoria. The principal variety in this market......\$.05 \$.25 \$.75 \$2.50

SALSIFY—(Haferwurzel)

Commonly called Oyster Plant because it tastes so much like oysters. A winter vegetable but little appreciated by most people, but greatly liked by those who know it. Early Radish seed sown with salsify will assure a good stand as it is important to get it up well the first time so the roots will be large enough. Like parsnips, they may be left in the ground in winter and dug as wanted. If frozen when dug, will thaw out, without injury in icy cold water. Use one ounce to 50 feet of row.

| | | | | | | | Pkt. | Oz. | 1⁄4 lb. | Lb |
|------------------|---------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|---------|----|
| Mammoth Sandwich | Island. | For | many | years | the | only | sort | | | |
| used | | | | | | | \$.10 | \$.25 | \$.75 | |

. . .

SORREL-(Sauerampfer)-See under Herbs

SPINACH—(Spinat)

The ordinary spinach may be sown almost any time that anything can, spring, summer or fall and is ready for use three or four months after sowing. Thin to three inches apart. The New Zealand Summer is planted early, two seeds in a group, the groups two feet apart. Being a runner, the ends are picked to be followed by more as the plant grows. A watering with Nitrate of Soda, increases the yield.

| Use | one | ounce | to | 100 | feet | of | row. |
|-----|-----|-------|----|-----|------|----|------|
| | | | | | | | |

| Pkt | t. | Oz. | 1⁄4 lb. | Lb. |
|---|-----|-----|---------|--------|
| Viroflay. A large, thick leaved sort for both spring or fall sow- | | | | |
| ing\$.05 | 5\$ | .10 | \$.20 | \$.60 |
| Savoy Leaved, Re-selected. Intending either for very early or | | | | |
| for fall sowing. Thick, dark leaves; good keeper | 5 | .10 | .20 | .50 |
| PRINCESS JULIANA. Fine long season sort for second early05 | 5 | .10 | .20 | .60 |
| NEW ZEALAND SUMMER. Yields continuously, the tips only | | | | |
| being used. Profitable in the smallest garden, three or four | | | | |
| plants producing a peck each week | 5 | .15 | .30 | 1.00 |
| Liberal reduction allowed on larger quantities. | | | | |

SQUASH-(Speise Kuerbis)

The chief trouble encountered with squashes is caused by the bugs and borers. A dusting of Slug Shot after each rain will check the bugs but the borers in the stem, which attack the running sorts can be circumvented only by causing the vines to root at three or four of the joints by covering with soil, so that, when the borer gets into the main stem and would kill the vine, the roots at the joints would be sufficient to sustain it and no damage would result. This simple precaution has saved many acres of squash. Plant six or eight seeds in a hill, the early three or four and the late sorts twice as far apart, after middle of May and the ground is warm.

| One ounce makes 40 hills of early and ten of late sorts. | Pkt. | Oz. | 1⁄4 lb. | Lb. |
|--|------|-------|---------|--------|
| EXTRA LARGE GOLDEN BUSH. For many years the leading | | | | |
| yellow scallop variety. Large and fine | | \$.15 | \$.50 | \$1.25 |
| Giant Summer Crookneck. The most popular yellow sort of this | | | | |
| type | .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.25 |

| A·C·KENDEL'S SEED S | T | OR | E | E. |
|--|-----|--------------|--------|---------------|
| SQUASH (Continued) | | | | |
| P | kt. | Oz. | ¥4 lb. | Lb. |
| Boston Marrow. An early winter sort, medium size; orange | | A - - | ¢ 10 | A7 0.0 |
| color skin\$ | | \$.15
.20 | \$.40 | \$1.00 |
| HUBBARD. Planted more than any other for winter | .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Hubbard | .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Delicious. Top shaped; medium size; dark green skin; dry and | | | | |
| sweet, for winter use | .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| English Vegetable Marrow. Yellow skin; white flesh; water- | 07 | | 10 | 1 05 |
| melon shaped; for summer use. Vines running
Cocozelle or Italian Vegetable Marrow. The bushes produce | .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |
| large, dark green fruits, somewhat mottled and slightly | | | | |
| curved. At their best when six or eight inches long | .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |

TOMATO-(Liebesapfel) More and more Tomatoes are being recommended for their food value, which remains even after cooking. A few should be in every garden and if grown and tied to plant stakes 30 inches apart may be kept tidy. Start the seeds early or get the plants from us later and set them deep, six inches or more if you can, but clip off all the lower leaves and half the rest when setting them. This and plenty of water at the time will prevent wilting. Should the vines still have green fruits on the approach of frost pull them up and hang them up by the roots in a cool part of the cellar and even the small ones will ripen .A little Nitrate of Potash two or three times during the early growing season is of great benefit.

| benefit. | | 0 | | 0 |
|--|------|---------|-------|--------|
| An ounce will make 3000 plants. | Pkt. | 1/2 OZ. | Oz. | ¼ lb. |
| Bonny Best. A very early, smooth, round, bright scarlet sort | | /2 | | /4 |
| for both green-house or outside. Sow in December or Jan- | | | | |
| uary for best results inside\$ | .05 | \$.25 | \$.40 | \$1.25 |
| EARLIANA. The earliest for outside. Smooth, red, round but | | | | |
| slightly flattened; good yielder until mid-summer | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| John Baer. Very early round, bright red variety, good shipper. | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Acme. An old sort, purple color, good yielder and suitable for | | | | |
| canning or ketchup | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Dwarf Champion. Sturdy stalks, purplish-pink fruits, flattened | | | | |
| and of medium size. Second early | .05 | .30 | .50 | 1.50 |
| LIVINGSTON BEAUTY. Best for table use. Mild, pink, turn- | | | | |
| ing purple, large, smooth and handsome | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Stone. Best for canning. Heavy yielder | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Dwarf Stone. Fruit like the preceding | .05 | .25 | .50 | 1.50 |
| LIVINGSTON'S GLOBE. Purplish-pink, main crop sort; fruit | | .20 | | 1.00 |
| somewhat elongated at the blossom end | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Matchless. Large, smooth solid, main crop sort; color bright | .00 | .20 | | 1.440 |
| | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| red
Ponderosa. Immense size; small seed cavities; very solid; | .05 | .23 | .40 | 1.40 |
| ronderosa. Infinelise size, sinali seeu cavities, very sonu, | .05 | .35 | 60 | 2.00 |
| purplish pink; very mild flavor | | | .60 | |
| BREAK O'DAY. Extra early, medium size, round, scarlet | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Trucker's Favorite. Very similar to Beauty | .05 | .25 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Early Detroit. Large, very early purplish pink variety | .05 | .25 | .40 | 1.25 |
| Marglobe. A sort developed by the Dep't of Agriculture from | | | | |
| Marvel and Livingston's Globe, but heavier and better | | | | |
| yielder than the latter; pure scarlet; globe shaped | .05 | .30 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Yellow Plum. Small yellow fruits used for garnishing and pre- | | | | |
| serves | .05 | .30 | .50 | 1.50 |
| Red Cherry. Used for preserves | .05 | .30 | .50 | 1.50 |
| | | | | |

TOBACCO-(Tabak)

| Connecticut Seed Leaf. This kind is more largely used in this | | | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| | \$.30 | \$.50 | |
| Havana. Higher flavor; used for wrappers | .30 | .50 | |

TURNIP—(Weise Ruebe)

| For home use for winter, Turnips, sown after July first and until mi
and palatable, though not so large than if sown early. Early sown may
soon get strong and woody. Ruta Bagas should be sown early and t
apart in the row. One ounce sows 100 feet of row. | y be us
ranspla | ed when
nted six | half grow
or eight | vn, but
inches |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| apart in the row. One bundle sows for reet of row. | Pkt. | Oz. | 1/4 lb. | Lb. |
| Early Snowball. Nearly round; pure white; best early\$ | | \$.10 | | \$.75 |
| White Egg. All white, oval sort for both early and late | .05 | .10 | .25 | .75 |
| RED or PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE. The leading main | | | | |
| crop sort for late; does best on light soil | .05 | .10 | .25 | .75 |
| RED TOP STRAP LEAF or FLAT. Best late sort for heavy | | 70 | | |
| soil | .05 | .10 | .25 | .75 |
| Orange Jelly or Golden Ball. A yellow flesh turnip, for late | | | | |
| sowing | .05 | .10 | .25 | .75 |
| IMPROVED PURPLE TOP RUTA BAGA. The best and prac- | | | | |
| tically the only one of this type sown here | .05 | .10 | .25 | .75 |
| | | | | |



Bulbs, Roots and Plants

DAHLIAS

Chief among the newer of these is the Cactus type with long and twisted petals, which is a radical departure from the old-fashioned "Show" Dahlia with each petal set in its place. Then there are Decorative and Fancy Dahlias with reflex petals. Pompon Dahlias, which have small ball-shaped flowers, Single Dahlias in many beautiful colors and the tall-growing, loose-petaled type with its big fluffy blooms. We submit below a list of the very finest Dahlias that are now cultivated. These are so widely different from the common garden Dahlias of a few years ago that they will scarcely be recognized as belonging to the same group of flowers.

CACTUS DAHLIAS

Characterized by long, narrow, pointed, tubular and twisted petals.

| | Each |
|--|--------|
| Ambassador. Soft yellow at the center with salmon, amber and pink shading | \$.40 |
| California Beauty. Pure copper, a gem in the garden a good cut flower | .40 |
| Cigarette. Very fine scarlet-tipped white. Fine flowers erect on stiff stems | .30 |
| Countess of Lonsdale. A blend of salmon, pink and amber | .20 |
| Fort Mommouth. Handsome maroon color, shaded bluish violet | .60 |
| George Walters. A very large soft coral pink bloom suffused with gold | .20 |
| Gladys Sherwood. Pure white immense size | .25 |
| Golden Gate. Pure gold petals twisted and curled free bloomer | .20 |
| Judge Preston. Pretty bronze borne freely on good stem | .40 |
| Papillon. Blending of old rose with golden lights | .40 |
| Robert E. Lee. Brilliant cardinal red, does not peel or burn in the sun | .60 |
| Rollo Boy. Large yellow stems long and strong | .69 |
| Roman Eagle. Color a brilliant, flaming burnished copper | .40 |
| Thais. White suffused with soft mauve, good stem | .25 |
| | |

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

| Each |
|------|
| .45 |
| .60 |
| .50 |
| .50 |
| .50 |
| .50 |
| .35 |
| .35 |
| .25 |
| .40 |
| .50 |
| .50 |
| .35 |
| .35 |
| .45 |
| .60 |
| .60 |
| .75 |
| .75 |
| 1.25 |
| .50 |
| .30 |
| .35 |
| .75 |
| .60 |
| |

PEONY DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

| The flowers are very large, and are best compared to the semi-double Peonies in | |
|---|------------|
| general form. | Each |
| Billionaire. Immense flowers of a beautiful shade of golden orange | .30 |
| City of Portland. Clear Canary Yellow | .45
.35 |
| Jas. C. Gill. Very large blooms of a striking golden-orange on extra strong stems | |
| Queen Esther. Enormous, full flowers of Du-Barry Red | .45 |
| Selma. Large flowered salmon pink | |



POMPON DAHLIAS

We will have ten choice sorts of this type in all the colors, white, scarlet, pink, maroon, apricot, lemon, buff and bronze at a uniform price of 15c each. List of names furnished on request.

GLADIOLI

Gladioli should be planted at intervals of ten days from the time the ground can be worked (about April 15th) until July 15th. If this is done the gardener can be assured of a continuous mass of bloom from July until frost.

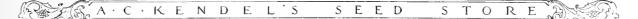
The following varieties were selected to give a wide range of the choicest coloring, form and size. Every sort listed here was chosen for its individuality.

| | Each | Doz. | Per 100 |
|--|-------------|--------|---------|
| Aflame (Prim). Rose shading to bright orange | \$.10 | \$1.00 | \$7.50 |
| Aida. Dark blue lilac blotches in throat | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Albatross. One of the best and largest white | .10 | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Anna Eberius. Dark velvety purple with darker throat | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Ave Maria. Light blue with small purplish blotches | .10 | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Betty Nuthall. Light coral with pale orange throat | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Break O'Day. Pink flushed white, tips of petals deeper pink | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Charles Dickens. Purple violet-very fine | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Commander Koehl. Very massive blood red | .10 | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Crimson Glow. Velvety crimson shaded deeper in the center | .05 | .50 | 3.50 |
| Dr. F. E. Bennett. Peach red overlaid with flame red | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Dr. Nelson Shook. Deep tyrian rose giant flowers | .0 8 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Emile Aubrun. Fine red | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Giant Nymph. Rose pink with creamy yellow throat | .08 | .70 | 4.00 |
| Golden Eagle. Clear yellow with frilled petals | | .70 | 4.00 |
| La Paloma. Bright orange | .10 | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Maid of Orleans. White with yellow throat-large flowers | | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Marmora. Lavender and gray very fine | .10 | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Minuet. Best lavender in existence, strong spike | .10 | 1.00 | 8.00 |
| Mother Machree. Lavender overlaid with salmon pink | | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Mr. W. H. Phipps. LaFrance pink overlaid with salmon | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Mrs. P. S. Sisson. Clear cameo pink of large size | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Netherland Prince. Salmon pink-white throat-large flowers | .25 | 2.50 | 20.00 |
| Olive Goodrich. White, pink edge | .08 | .70 | 5.00 |
| Paul Pfitzer. Velvety purple-very fine | .15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Pearl of California. Pink blending to a rosy white throat | | 1.00 | 7.50 |
| Pfitzer's Triumph. Orange salmon with red marking in throat | | 1.00 | 8.00 |
| Picardy. Sensational new shrimp pink | | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| Gold Medal Mixture | .05 | .45 | 3.50 |

LILIES

Lilies thrive best in a rich, moist soil. Most varieties should be planted at least six inches deep and an inch or two deeper if of the Speciosum variety. When planted the bulbs should rest upon an inch of sand and about the same quantity should surround the bulbs on all sides. A light covering of leaves or litter should be spread when the ground freezes.

| | Each | Doz. |
|--|--------|--------------|
| Auratum (Gold Banded). Undoubtedly one of the finest. Its large, graceful,
fragrant flowers are composed of six petals of a delicate ivory-white color,
thickly studded with chocolate-crimson spots, and striped through the center | | |
| a golden-yellow; 3 to 5 feet. July, September | \$.40 | \$4.00 |
| Batemanni (Turks Cap). Color reddish orange | | 5.00 |
| Henryi (Yellow Speciosum). Deep apricot-yellow, lightly spotted brown | | 5.00 |
| Regale (Myriophyllum). The large trumpet-shaped, delicately scented flowers, are ivory-white, shaded pink, tinged with canary-yellow at the base of the | | |
| petals | .30 | 3.0 0 |
| Speciosum Album. Pure white with a green band traversing the center of each | | |
| petal | .40 | 4.00 |
| white | .40 | 4.00 |
| Superbum. A beautiful, native variety, bright, reddish-orange, spotted | .25 | 2.50 |
| Tigrinum Splendens. Bright orange-red, spotted with black | .25 | 2.50 |
| Tigrinum Flore Plena. Bright orange-scarlet, spotted black | .30 | 3.00 |
| Umbellatum Grandiflorum. Coppery-orange, bell shaped flowers | .30 | 3.00 |



HARDY ROSES

Roses should be planted in rich, well prepared soil, preferably clay loam, fertilized with well rotted manure or bone meal. They should be given thorough, but shallow cultivation. The best results can be obtained when planted in the open sunlight. All Roses are benefitted by winter protection, by banking about the plant with earth or covering with a light mulch of leaves or peat moss. Roses should be trimmed in the spring before growth starts, shaping the plant and removing all canes that have become weakened by blooming. The health and vigor of the plant can be improved by removing the dead flowers during the summer.

To counteract any damage to the leaves by worms use Arsenate of Lead; for aphis, thrip, or red spider, use Nicotine; and for fungus use Bordeaux Mixture or Sulphur, for Brown Spot use Massey or Manganar Dust.

HYBRID TEA ROSES (Everblooming or Monthly Roses)

Betty Uprichard. Blend of carmine, with coppery orange Columbia. A beautiful true, deep enduring pink. C. K. Douglas. Scarlet flushed with velvety crimson Etoile De France. Garnet red cup, center of vivid cerise General MacArthur. Dazzling crimson; delicious fragrance Gruss An Teplitz. Color scarlet, shading to velvety crimson, very fragrant. Joanna Hill. Flowers clear yellow with orange yellow heart. Miss Rowena Thom. Brilliant rose-pink, suffused gold at base of petals **Mme. Edouard Herriot.** A glorious commingling of terra cotta bronze, geranium red and dull copper; fine, long, pointed buds of coral red and yellow. Mme. Butterfly. Charming bright pink, shaded apricot and gold. Mme. Jules Bouche. Pure white, slightly blushed at center. A vine bedding type. Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom. Clear lemon yellow; dark, bronzy foliage Mrs. W. C. Miller. Delicate pearl with salmon shading President Herbert Hoover. Beautiful pointed bud. Vivid cerise-pink softly flamed with yellow, orange and scarlet. Radiance. Rose with shades of opal and copper Souv. De Claudus Pernet. Sunflower-yellow, very fine Tallisman. Color gold, apricot yellow, blood orange, deep pink and old gold. William F. Dreer. Soft, silvery shell pink.

Any of above two-year field grown plants 50c each, set 12 for..... \$5.00

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES

| American Beauty. Color a pleasing rose-pink; of splendid form, a strong, healthy vigor- | |
|---|-------|
| ous grower. | \$.45 |
| American Pillar. A single flowering variety of great beauty. The flowers are of large | |
| size, of a lovely shade of pink with clear white eyes and clusters of yellow stamens. | .45 |
| Doctor Van Fleet. Large flowers resembling Tea Roses of flesh-tinted white on very | |
| long stems | .45 |
| Mary Wallace. A new Pillar Rose type. Flowers well-formed, semi-double, bright
clear rose-pink and salmon. Flowers generally exceed 4 inches in diameter. Very | |
| hardy | .45 |
| Paul's Scarlet Climber. A brilliant, vivid scarlet which is maintained from bud until | |
| the petals fall. Medium in size, in clusters of from three to six flowers each | .45 |
| Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. Fragrant climber; dark bud, changing to carmine and | |
| finally to pearly pink | .60 |



INSECTICIDES AND SPRAYING COMPOUNDS

Most injurious Insects are roughly divided into two groups, those that chew or consume the foliage or flowers, which may be reached with stomach poisons and those that suck the plant juices which require a substance that kills by contact. Several of these may be combined for an all around spray on a small scale operation, but might be wasteful and expensive otherwise. Be sure to learn into which class the pest belongs that you wish to combat to avoid disappointment with your efforts.

Cyanogas "A" Dust. For the control of Rodent and Insect Pests. Will destroy rats, mice, moles, ground hogs, garden ants, etc. Dust a small quantity in run or borrows; the gas released by exposure to the air will destroy the vermin. ½ lb. can 45c; 1 lb.

can 75c; 4 ounce can.......\$.30 Fish Oil Soap. Prevents the ravages of mealy bug and various kinds of worms and insects that infest the bark of trees and shrubs. Per lb. 40c.

Lime and Sulphur Wash is conceded to be the best remedy, all things considered, that there is against San Jose scale, Scurvy Bark Louse, Oyster Shell Scale, etc., while the lime has some value against some fungus diseases also.

For a winter spray use one gallon of Wash to eleven of water and in summer one to sixteen. Per quart 40c; gallon 85c; 5 gallons \$3.25; barrel of 45 to 50 gallons, 24c per gallon, f. o. b. Cleveland.

Floragard. A new product to protect Roses from the destructive Brown Spot fungus. fungus. 1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs.....

Nicotine=Pyrox. A combination of Bordeaux, Lead and Nicotine, forming a combina-

tion for protection against fungus, leaf-eating and sucking insects. 10 oz. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.75 RED-SQUILL RAT POWDER. The government officials in the U. S. Agricultural Department are much concerned about the enormous annual loss caused by rats. A rat destroying agency that would be safe to use around the home and poultry yard and at the same time leave no annoying odors was long sought and finally found in this RAT POWDER. It is dusted on or mixed into any food the rats like and if there is enough to go around, it cleans them out. It is perfectly harmless to humans, house pets or even Baby Chicks. A package is enough for one pound of food. Price, 25c.

Hammond's Slug Shot. Recommended for most worms and caterpillars which infest cabbage plants, currants, gooseberries and the like. 1 lb. Sifter Carton, 25c; 5 lb. can \$1.00.

Scalecide. This is a miscible oil effective against scale on fruit and shade trees. It is used the same as the Lime and Sulphur Wash, opinions differing as to which is the best to use when considering the effects on the trees. Use 15 gallons of soft water to one of Scalecide. Price, Quart 60c; \$1.40 per gallon; 5 gallons for \$4.90; 50 gallon barrel \$26.50.

Sulphur-Flowers of. Very finely pulverized for arresting mildew. Lb. 20c.

Tobacco Dust. Fertilizer and insecticide. An excellent fertilizer for lawns and gardens, and a good preventive against cut worms and leaf eating caterpillars. Dust onto the plants when they are wet, and for cut worms spread on the ground around the plants to be protected. If you have been troubled with wormy radishes or sickly lettuce, use a tablespoonful to the foot in the bottom of the furrow and sow the seeds right in the Tobacco Dust. It is a sure cure and will give you perfect radishes and lettuce. Per lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. 90c; 25 lbs. \$2.00.

Tree Tanglefoot. Similar to that used in making fly-paper. It is easily applied and is a most effective and economical protection for Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees against all crawling insects such as Canker Worms, Climbing Cut Worms, Ants; and the caterpillars of the Gypsy, Brown Tail and Tussock Moths. Prices, 6 oz. can 25c; 1 lb. can 60c; 5 lb. can \$2.75; 10 lb. can \$5.25; 25 lb. pail \$11.00.

Paradow. (Paradichlorbenzene). Kills the Peach Tree Borer. Gives off a gas which is heavier than air. This gas is held by the packed earth and works downward to the trunk and roots of the tree, where it reaches and kills the borer. 1 lb. can 60c.

Volk.A liquid to be mixed in water for control of Red Spider,
Mealy Bug, Scale, White Fly and Aphis. Directions on the
can. Price\$.359.558.80\$2.50

FERTILIZERS

The need for different formulas of Fertilizers is based on the needs of the plants. Nitrogen, sometimes called Ammonia, produces the leaves, Phosphoric Acid, enlarges the flowers and fills out the seeds and Potash makes the roots and stiffens the plant stem. Which fertilizer to use should be governed by the results sought, most plants requiring some of each of the above elements but varying in the percentage. We handle the following list and make the analyses speak for each formula but should add by way of caution that the higher the analysis the stronger the product and the more care should be used to follow directions in order to avoid burning. The figures given represent the percentage of Nitrogen, Phosphoric Acid and Potash respectively and always in the same order.

Triple XXX Soil=Bil=Der. 10=6=4. 5 lbs. 50c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.75; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

Lawn=Garden Pure Bone Fertilizer. 1.65=27=0. 5 lbs. 40c; 25 lbs. \$1.10; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.25.

Pulverized Sheep Manure. 2=1=2. 5 lbs. 40c; 25 lbs. \$1.10; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.25.

Pure Raw Bone Meal Fertilizer. 3.70=20=0. 100 lbs. \$3.75.

Soil-Bil-Der. 4-12-1. This is Sheep Manure with chemicals added to comply with the new State Fertilizer Law. 25 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$3.50.

Vigoro. 4=12=4. A balanced, quick acting plant food for lawns, gardens, and shrubs. 12-oz. pkg. 10c; 5 lbs. 50c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

Nitrate of Soda. 16% Nitrogen. Dissolve one teaspoonful in a gallon of water and sprinkle on the ground around the plants. 1 lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 50c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$4.25.

Nitrate of Potash. 14=0=44. Highly concentrated. Use one teaspoonful to one gallon of water on the ground around the plants. 1 lb. 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$4.00.

Sulphate of Ammonia. 25½% Ammonia. Highly efficient to destroy weeds, such as Dandelions, Chickweed, etc., in the lawn and to use as a fertilizer. 1 lb. 10c; 3 lbs. 25c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

Agricultural Lime. Use 1 lb. to 5x10 feet on acid soil once in five years and if very acid use not over twice as much. 5 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 35c; 25 lbs. 60c; 50 lbs. 80c.



11-15-20. Highly concentrated and pressed into small tablets to put, one in a five-inch pot once a month. Box of 30, 25c; by mail, 28c; 75 for 50c; by mail 56c; 150 for \$1.00; by mail \$1.07.

Muriate of Potash. 48% Potash. For tubers and root crops and to make plants sturdy. 1 lb. 20c, 5 lbs. 60c, 25 lbs. \$1.50.

Sulphate of Aluminum. Used around Rhodendrons and Azaleas to keep the soil acid. 1 lb. 25c, 5 lbs. \$1.00.



ADCO is a chemical preparation much like lime that is successfully used to reduce waste vegetable matter to usable compost in one season. A pit or a large enough box is gradually filled with refuse and sprinkled periodically, layer by layer with ADCO and kept moist. 25 lbs. \$2.25, 150 lb. sack \$11.50. Delivery extra.

GRANULATED PEAT MOSS

The more we observe and use this recent addition to aids in successful gardening the more enthusiastic we become. It has innumerable uses, such as lightening heavy soil, covering small seeds, mulching plants and shrubs during the summer to retain moisture, and in winter to prevent heaving, spreading on the lawn after seeding and fertilizing to protect the seed until it sprouts, mixing with soil for potting, rooting cuttings, growing bulbs in the house in water and a bowl, in the chicken coop to conserve the droppings, in short it is almost as useful as the soil itself and practically assures success wherever and whenever it is used. Used with discretion a bale will last two or three years in the ordinary home garden, as it contains about 18 bushels when ready to use. A bale is 2x2x3 feet. Price, 1 bale \$4.25, 5 bales at \$4.00, 10 bales at \$3.75 each. If taken, 50c per bale reduction will be allowed.

| | | | | | | | | | | 1000 | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | N. NO2 | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Quantity of Seeds Usually Sown to the Acre

| Beans, Dwarf, in drills or rows. 1 to 1½ bush. | Millet, alone |
|--|---|
| " Pole, in hills 8 " 12 qts. | Mustard, broadcast 12 " 16 lbs. |
| Beets, in drills 4 " 5 lbs. | Oats, broadcast 2 " 3 bush. |
| Barley, broadcast 2 " 3 bush. | Onions, in drills 4 " 6 lbs. |
| Buckwheat | Parsnips, in drills 4 " 6 " |
| Broom Corn, in hills | |
| (lopata in drills | Peas, Early, in drills $1\frac{1}{4}$ " $1\frac{1}{2}$ bush. |
| Carrots, in drills 3 " 31/2 lbs. | "Marrow, in drills $1\frac{1}{4}$ " $1\frac{1}{2}$ " |
| Cucumbers, in hills 1 " 2 lbs. | "Broadcast |
| Corn, in hills 6 " 8 qts. | Potatoes, cut tubers, in drills 8 " 10 " |
| " in drills 2 " 3 bush. | Radish, in drills 8 " 10 lbs. |
| Clover, Red, alone 15 " 20 lbs. | Rye, broadcast 1½ * 1½ bush. |
| "White, alone | Salsify, in drills |
| | Satisfy, in utility, $\cdots \cdots \cdots$ |
| AISIRE, alone | Spinach, in drills 8 " 10 " |
| " Lucerne 10 " 20 " | Turnip, in drills 1 " 1½ " |
| Flax, broadcast 1 " 2 bush. | Wheat, broadcast 13/4 " 2 bush. |
| Grass, Timothy or Herds, alone. 1/2 " 3/4 " | |
| " Red Top, alone $1\frac{1}{2}$ " 2" " | |
| " Lawn, alone | |
| " Orchard. alone | General Grass Seeding for Mowing Land |
| | |
| Relitucky blue, alone 2 a | Red Clover [together]6 lbs. Red Clover |
| " English Rye Grass, alone. 1½" 2 " | Timothy { for { |
| Hungarian, alone | Alsike Clover one acre 3 lbs. Alsike Clover |
| /4 | |

Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Number of Plants, or Number of Hills, or Length of Drill

| Asparagus1 oz. to 60 feet of drill | Melon, Musk 1 oz. to 60 hills |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Beet | Okra 40 feet of drill |
| Beans, Dwarf1 qt. " 100 " | Onions 1 oz. " 100 " |
| Beans, Pole 1 qt. " 100 hills. | Onions, Setts, small1 qt. "40 " |
| Carrot 1 oz. " 150 feet of drill | Parsley 1 oz. " 150 " |
| Cabbage 1 oz. " 3,000 plants | Parsnip 1 oz. " 200 " |
| Cauliflower 1 oz. " 3,000 " | Peas |
| Celery 1 oz. " 4,000 " | L'epper 1 oz. " 2,000 plants |
| Cucumber1 oz. " 50 hills | Pumpkin1 oz. "40 hills |
| Corn1 qt. " 400 " | Radish 1 oz. " 100 feet of drill |
| Dandelion1 oz. " 150 feet of drill | Salsify 70 " |
| Endive 1 oz. " 150 " | Spinach 50 " |
| Egg Plant1 oz. " 2,000 plants; | Squash, Early1 oz. " 50 hills |
| Lettuce1 oz. " 4,000 " | Squash, Marrow1 oz. " 10 " |
| Leek 1 oz. " 100 feet of drill | Tomato 1 oz. " 3,000 plants |
| Melon, Water1 oz. " 30 hills | Turnip 100 feet of drill |

Number of Plants, Trees, Vines, Etc., Required to Set an Acre

| 1 | Distan
ft. by | nce. | Number.
ft43,560 | 0 4 0 4 | Number.
 |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| $\frac{172}{2}$ | ** | $\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{1}$ | " | 10 " 10 " | |
| 21/4 | 64
66 | 21/2 | " | | |
| 33 | 66
66 | 23 | " 7,260
" 4,940 | 20 " 20 " | 103
70 |
| 4
5 | 44
44 | 4
5 | " 2,722
" | 20 4 20 4 | 40
27 |

Weight of Various Articles in the State of Ohio

| Apples p | er hu | . 48 lbs. 1 | Orchard Grassper | hu. 14 ' | lbs. |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------|
| Apples, dried | 4 | 22 " | Onions | 50 | 4 |
| Raphov | 44 | 48 " | Peaches | 48 | 44 |
| Barley | 44 | 60 " | Doog | 4 60 | |
| Beans | | 50 " | Peas. | | " |
| Buckwheat | | | Plastering Hair | <u>'</u> 8 | |
| Broom Corn | 24 | 40 | Popcorn | · 40 | |
| Blue Grass, Kentucky | 44 | 14 " | Rape | 50 | ** |
| " English | 44 | 24 * | Rye | ' 56 | 44 |
| Bran | 44 | 20 " | Red Top Seed ' | 4 14 | 4 |
| Canary Seed | 44 | 60 " | Sait. coarse ' | 4 50 | 44 |
| Clover Seed | 44 | 60 " | Salt, Michigan | 56 | ** |
| Corn, shelled | 44 | 56 " | Sorghum | 6 50 | 44 |
| Corn, on ear. | 44 | 68 " | Sweet Potatoes | " <u>50</u> | 4 |
| Corn Meal | 4 | 50 " | Timothy Seed | 4 45 | 4 |
| Charcoal | 44 | 22 " | Tomatoes | 4 56 | 44 |
| Cool Minorel | 44 | 80 " | Turning | 4 60 | * |
| Coal, Mineral | 44 | 70 " | Turnips | · 60 | 44 |
| Coal, Cannel | | | Wheat. | | " |
| Coke | | 40 | Flour, per bbl., net | 196 | |
| Cow Peas | | 00 | Salt, per bbl | 280 | |
| Cranberries | | 40 | Lime, per bushel | • 70 | |
| Dried Peaches | 44 | 32 " | Hay, well settled per cubic for |)t, 43 | 1/2" |
| Flax Seed | 44 | 56 " | Corn, on cob, in bin " | 22 | 44 |
| Hemp Seed | 44 | 44 " | Corn, shelled, in bin | 45 | ** |
| Hungarian Grass Seed | 66 | 48 " | Wheat, in bin " | 48 | |
| Irish Potatoes, heaping measure | 66 | 60 " | | | 1.44 |
| Millet | 66 | 50 " | Oats, in bin | 253 | |
| Malt | 44 | 34 " | Potatoes, in bin " | 383 | ⁄2" |
| Oats | 44 | 32 " | Sand, dry, in bin " | 95 | * |
| Osage Orange | 64 | 33 " | Clay, compact " | 135 | |
| | | 00 1 | Ciay, compaction in the term | 100 | |



FROM A. C. KENDEL'S SEED STORE

| 2126 EAST NINTH STREET | | | CLEVELAND, OHIO | | | | |
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| Name | | | AMOUNT ENCLOSED | | | | |
| | | | P. O. Order | | | | |
| | | State | Express M. O. | | l | | |
| - | | Ert. Office | Draft | | 1 | | |
| | | TERE HOW TO SHIP-MAIL, EXFRESS OF FREIGHT | Cash | | | | |
| Send | | | Postage Stamps | | 1 | | |
| | | REMEMBER THE POSTAGE | | | | | |
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Nasturtium Gleam Hybrids

This mixture contains many unusual shades of beautiful, double sweet scented flowers. No. 437. Pkt. 10c. Page 3.

TRI. IVC. Tage 5.





Zinnia Dahlia Flowered Flowers are very large and fully double. Separate colors or mixed. Mixed No. 521. Pkt. 15c. Page 31.

Antirrhinum Majestic Type

The flowers grow closer together on 18 inch stems than the ordinary Snapdragons and the color range is superb.

No. 306-313. Pkt. **25c.** Page 3.





Early Flowering Cosmos, Orange Flare Blooms are a deep, vivid orange with foliage a light green, growing 2 to 3 feet tall. No. 138. Pkt. 15c. Page 3.

Aster American Branching Wilt Resistant

Being immune to the fatal wilt disease, this strain enables us to again raise lovely Asters in the garden without fail. Six colors separate or mixed.

Mixed No. 62. Pkt. 15c. Page 3.

Zinnia Lilliput Mixed

Beautiful double flowers about 1½ in. in diameter growing about 18 to 24 inches tall; fine for bedding. In separate colors or mixed.

No. 441. Pkt. **10c.** Page **3**.





Petunia Dwarf Giant Ramona There is a wide color range in this ruffled variety. With huge flowers, they are by far the finest for bedding and border.

No. 451. Pkt. 50c; ½ Pkt. 25c. Page 3.

VNERS SOLE DISTRIBUTORS OF Wilson's Remedies for Birds STANDARD IN CLEVELAND FOR TWO GENERATIONS Wilson's Bird Tonic Wilson's Parrot Remedy Wilson's Highest Grade Bird Seeds Breeder's Supplies Wilson's Song Restorer Singing and Breeding Canaries Globes and Aquariums Bird Cages Bennett's Milk Bone Fancy Gold Fish Glover's and Sergeant's Dog Remedies Clayton's Cat Remedies Champion Dog Foods Spratt's Cat and Dog Foods A. C. KENDEL'S SEED STORE Operating the former WILSON'S BIRD STORE