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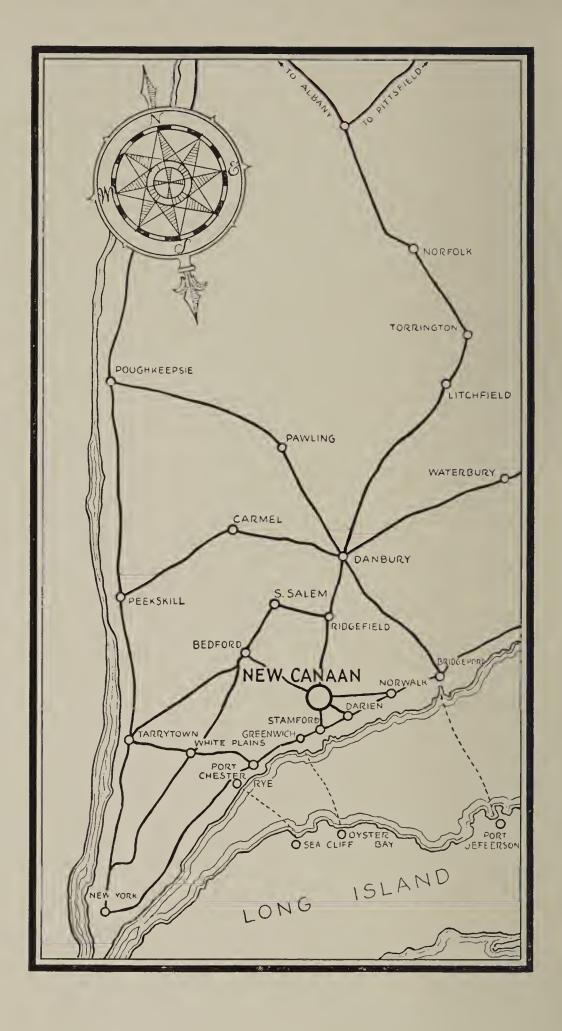




1848-1937

The—
HOYT NURSERIES
NEW CANAAN • CONN.

Telephone 1333



LOCATION

Our 600-acre Nursery has been located in the town of New Canaan, Connecticut, for 89 years. It is easily accessible by motor over state highways from all points.



White Dogwood in Nursery, February, 1937

Foreword

PLANTING-TIME

The spring season starts as soon as the frost is out of the ground and extends throughout April, May, and June.

Our material is so grown that late planting can be done successfully. Since most of our plant material comes balled and burlapped, it is possible for us to move plants in late spring, and even through early summer.

The fall season starts in August and extends through

December, or as long as the ground is open.

LANDSCAPE SERVICE

Our Landscape Department will be glad to be of assistance to you, without charge, in advising you about your plantings. However, if plans and specifications are furnished, a charge will be made to cover these expenses. This charge will be deducted if our Nursery furnishes the plant material.

LARGE-TREE MOVING

Our Nursery is equipped for the moving of large trees. For the last thirty years we have moved thousands of these trees successfully and they have been a satisfaction to their owners. Fall or winter is the best time for moving large trees, since it is then possible to do this heavy work with less injury to lawns.

When trees and plants are moved on our client's property, there may be a service charge for burlap, guying

material, rope, and the like.

While we move with greatest care plants and trees growing on our client's property, we, however, do not guarantee them to live, nor will we replace them if they should be injured and should die as the result of the moving.

RESERVATIONS

Plants marked in the Nursery for future delivery will be held over for one season only, or six months' time, unless payment is made. Plants are held at the buyer's risk.

DELIVERIES

Deliveries are made free within a radius of 15 miles. Distant deliveries will be charged for at the rate of 20 cents a mile in one direction. Plant material will be delivered to your grounds but will not be carried to planting locations unless arrangements have been made in advance.

PACKING

Packing will be charged for at cost on freight and express shipments.

PRICES

Prices in this list are f.o.b. New Canaan, Conn., and are for our selection only. Plants selected by our customers will be charged for according to their individual value. All quotations offered are subject to prior sale. These prices supersede all others and are subject to change without notice.

TERMS

Cash or satisfactory references must accompany all orders, unless the person ordering is known to us.

GUARANTEE

It is our policy to guarantee our nursery products for a full year, and to replace without charge any plant or tree which dies or is unsatisfactory to the owner within that time, provided payment is received within 30 days. If our clients disregard instructions as to the care and watering of our material and otherwise neglect their plantings, we will not fulfil the terms of our guarantee. The cost of planting and transportation of replaced trees is borne by the purchaser, and replacement is done at our convenience.

The Stephen Hoyt's Sons Co.

INCORPORATED

NEW CANAAN, CONN.

Phone: 1333



Juniperus chinensis columnaris, the taller varieties in this planting

Evergreens

Evergreens in some variety are necessary in almost all landscape work. They offer a richness of color to the garden in summer as well as a good background for your flowers. During the winter they continue to lend charm to the landscape when all deciduous plants have lost their leaves.

Abies · Fir

Abies concolor.	White Fir.	50 to 60 ft.	Each
3 to 4 ft			\$4 00
4 to 5 ft			6 00
5 to 6 ft			7 50
6 to 8 ft			10 00
8 to 9 ft			15 00

Abies fraseri. Fraser Fir. 30 to 40 ft. Each
5 to 6 ft\$6 00
6 to 8 ft
8 to 10 ft
A. homolepis (brachyphylla). Nikko Fir. 100 to 120 ft.
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2° ft
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
CEDRUS atlantica glauca. Blue Atlas Cedar. 60 to 70 ft.
5 to 6 ft
6 to 8 ft
0 10 0 10
Chamaecyparis (Retinospora) · Cypress
· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
This large family of evergreens, originating in Japan, is
extensively used both for foundation plantings and other
ornamental work. All varieties are hardy and thrive in almost
any soil.
Chamæcyparis obtusa gracilis. Hinoki Cypress.
12 to 15 ft. Each
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
5 to 6 ft
C. obtusa nana. <i>Dwarf Cypress</i> . 2 to 3 ft. 6 to 12 in
C. pisifera. Sawara Cypress. 40 to 50 ft.
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft 5 00
6 to 8 ft
8 to 10 ft
10 to 12 ft
12 to 14 ft
C. pisifera aurea. Golden Sawara Cypress. 30 to 40 ft.
2 to 3 ft
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
3 to 4 ft
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00
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3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 3 00
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 3 00 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00
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3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 3 00 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 35 to 40 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 35 to 40 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50
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3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 35 to 40 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00
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3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 35 to 40 ft. 2 50 2 to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 12 to 14 ft. 25 00
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 3 00 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 35 to 40 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 12 to 14 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress.
3 to 4 ft
3 to 4 ft
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 35 to 40 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. 25 to 30 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 3 to 4 ft. 4 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 2 to 3 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. 25 to 30 ft. 2 50 2 to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 20 00 C. pisifera filifera. Thread Cypress. 20 to 25 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. 10 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00 8 to 10 ft. 20 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. 35 to 40 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 8 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 25 00 C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. 25 to 30 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 3 00



Juniperus chinensis sargenti. See page 6

·	
Chamæcyparis pisifera squarrosa. Moss Cypress.	
	- T
2 to 3 ft	
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots 3$	
4 to 5 ft 4	
5 to 6 ft 8	00
6 to 8 ft	00
8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft	
12 to 14 ft	
12 to 14 tt	00
CRYPTOMERIA japonica lobbi compacta. 50 to 60 ft.	
4 to 5 ft	~ ~
	-00
5 to 6 ft 8	
5 to 6 ft	00
6 to 8 ft	00
6 to 8 ft	00 00 00
6 to 8 ft	00 00 00 00

The Junipers are another large group of evergreens which grow in almost all parts of this country as well as in many parts of the world. These plants are used extensively for garden work due to their varying types and interesting habits of growth. All varieties are extremely hardy, have attractive foliage, and some have showy berries in the fall.

Juniperus chinensis columnaris. Columnar Juniper.

20 to 25 ft. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 7 ft. 7 50 7 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 10 to 12 ft. 25 00 12 to 15 ft. 30 00 15 to 18 ft. 40 00	
J. chinensis fortunei. Fortune's Juniper. 20 to 25 ft.	
4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 7 ft. 7 50 7 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00	
J. chinensis pfitzeriana. Pfitzer Juniper. 5 to 6 ft.	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

Juniperus chinensis sargenti. Sargent Juniper.	
2 to 3 ft. Ea 12 to 15 in. \$1 15 to 18 in. 2 1½ to 2 ft. 3	50 00
5 to 6 ft	00 00 00 00
J. communis depressa plumosa. Andorra Juniper. 2 to 3 ft.	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	00 50
3 to 4 ft	50 00 -50
to the state of th	50 00
J. horizontalis. Creeping Juniper.	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2$	00 50 00 00
2 to 2½ ft. 4 2½ to 3 ft. 5 3 to 4 ft. 7 4 to 5 ft. 10	50
J. virginiana cannarti. Cannart Juniper. 20 to 25 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 3 4 to 5 ft. 5 5 to 6 ft. 6 6 to 8 ft. 10 8 to 10 ft. 15	00
J. virginiana glauca. Blue Cedar. 20 to 25 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 3 4 to 5 ft. 5 5 to 6 ft. 6 6 to 8 ft. 10 8 to 10 ft. 15 10 to 12 ft. 18	00 00 00 00
4 to 5 ft. 5 5 to 6 ft. 6 6 to 8 ft. 10 8 to 10 ft. 15 10 to 12 ft. 18	00 00 00
J. virginiana kosteri. Spreading Koster Juniper. 1½ to 2 ft	
J. virginiana schotti. Schott Juniper. 20 to 25 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 3 4 to 5 ft. 5 5 to 6 ft. 6 6 to 8 ft. 10 8 to 10 ft. 15 10 to 12 ft. 18	00 00 00 00

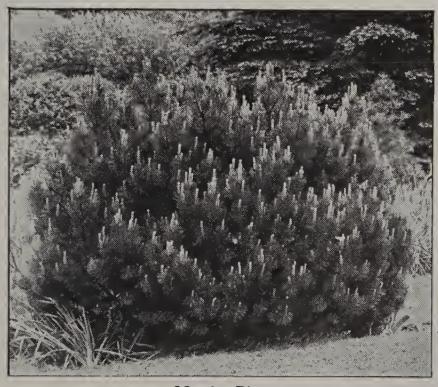
Picea · Spruce

Picea excelsa. Norway Spruce. 80 to 100 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft. 10 to 12 ft.	\$3 5 6 10	00 00 00
P. orientalis. Oriental Spruce. 60 to 70 ft.		
7 to 8 ft	30 35	00
P. pungens. Colorado Spruce. 70 to 80 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	3	50 00 00
P. pungens kosteri. Koster Blue Spruce. (Grafted.) 50 to 60 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	7	00 50 00 00

Pinus · Pine

Most of these well-known evergreens grow rapidly into large, rugged trees. They are hardy, have attractive, colorful foliage, and are particularly well suited for windbreaks or screens, but also grow into beautiful specimen trees. They enjoy a light, well-drained soil.

Pinus flexilis.	Limber Pine.	30 to 40 ft.	Each
5 to 6 ft			\$7 50
7 to 8 ft			12 00
8 to 10 ft			15 00



Mugho Pine

P. montana mughus.	Mugho P	ine.	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		••••	\$3 00
2 to 3 ft			4 00
3 to 4 ft			7 50
4 to 5 ft		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10 00

Pinus nigra (austriaca). Austrian Pine. 50 to 60 ft. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$5 00 4 to 5 ft. 6 00 5 to 6 ft. 7 50 6 to 8 ft. \$10 to 12 00 8 to 10 ft., heavy specimen 25 00 10 to 12 ft., heavy specimen 30 00 12 to 14 ft. 14 ft.
12 to 14 ft., heavy specimen
P. resinosa. Red or Norway Pine. 60 to 70 ft.
2 to 3 ft. 1 50 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 6 00 6 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 10 to 12 ft., heavy specimen 25 00 12 to 14 ft., heavy specimen 30 00 14 to 16 ft., heavy specimen 35 00

White Pine. See page 9





Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga)

Pinus strobus. White Pine. 80 to 100 ft.	Each
4 to 5 ft\$	
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 8 ft	
8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft., heavy specimen	
12 to 14 ft., heavy specimen	00 00
14 to 16 ft., heavy specimen3	5 00
P. sylvestris. Scotch Pine. 40 to 50 ft.	
6 to 8 ft	8 00
8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft., heavy specimen	00 00
12 to 14 ft., heavy specimen	00 00
14 to 16 ft., heavy specimen	5 00

Pseudotsuga · Douglas Fir

This evergreen is a rapid, graceful grower. Its foliage varies from light to dark green and in some types even to a bluish green. It is perfectly hardy, transplants easily, and becomes more beautiful as it grows older. It is a very worthy evergreen.

Pseudotsuga douglasi. Douglas Fir. 70 to 80 ft.	Each
4 to 5 ft\$	5 00
5 to 6 ft	7 50
6 to 8 ft	0 00
8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft., heavy specimen	0 00
12 to 14 ft., heavy specimen	5 00
14 to 16 ft., heavy specimen	0 00
16 to 18 ft., heavy specimen	5 00



Taxus cuspidata nana

Taxus · Yew

The Yews belong to one of the most ancient families of trees on earth and have been highly valued in England and Japan for their dark green beauty and permanence. Most varieties grow into handsome plants and trees. Some are adorned with red berries in the late summer and fall. The varieties listed are hardy and transplant easily.

	ach
15 to 18 in\$2	50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
T. cuspidata. Japanese Spreading Yew.	
15 to 18 in	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3$	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft., regular	00
3 to 4 ft., heavy specimen10	
4 to 5 ft., heavy specimen	
5 to 6 ft	00
T. cuspidata capitata. Pyramidal Japanese Yew.	
20 to 25 ft.	
2 to 3 ft	50
3 to 4 ft., seedling	
3 to 4 ft., grafted	
4 to 5 ft., seedling	00
4 to 5 ft., grafted	00
5 to 6 ft., seedling	00
5 to 6 ft., grafted	
6 to 7 ft	
7 to 8 ft., specimen	00
8 to 10 ft., specimen	00
10 to 12 ft., specimen\$100 to 150	
12 to 14 ft., specimen	00
T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia). Dwarf Japanese Yew. 5 to 6 ft.	
10 to 12 in., bare root	35
12 to 15 in	
15 to 18 in	50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \dots$	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., heavy	00
T. hicksi. Hick's Yew. 10 to 12 ft.	00
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	00

Thuja · Arborvitae

This large group is among the best known of all our evergreens. The tall-growing varieties are widely used for hedges and windbreaks and for specimens in landscape designs. The more dwarf types are useful for foundation plantings and rock-gardens.

Thuja batemani. Bateman Arborvitæ. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft		50
T. lobbi atrovirens. Giant Arborvitæ. 35 to 40 ft.		
5 to 6 ft	4	00
6 to 8 ft	6	00
8 to 10 ft	10	00
10 to 12 ft	12	00
12 to 14 ft	15	00
T. occidentalis. American Arborvitæ. 30 to 35 ft.	•	
4 to 5 ft	3	00
5 to 6 ft	4	00
6 to 8 ft	5	00
6 to 8 ft., heavy specimen	8	00
8 to 10 ft., heavy specimen		
10 to 12 ft., heavy specimen		
12 to 14 ft., heavy specimen	15	00



Thuja occidentalis (American Arborvitæ)

Thuja occidentalis douglasi pyramidalis. Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitæ. 20 to 25 ft. Each
3 to 4 ft. \$2 50 4 to 5 ft. 3 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 7 50 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 12 00
T. occidentalis globosa. Globe Arborvitæ. 3 to 4 ft. 15 to 18 in. 2 00 1½ to 2 ft. 3 00 2 to 3 ft. 4 00
T. occidentalis, Little Gem. Little Gem Arborvitæ. 2 to 3 ft. 8 to 10 in. 1 50 10 to 12 in. 2 00
T. occidentalis lutea. George Peabody Arborvitæ.
12 to 15 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 50 6 to 7 ft. 4 00 7 to 8 ft. 5 00
T. occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ. 25 to 30 ft.
3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 7 ft. 6 00 7 to 8 ft. 8 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00
T. occidentalis riversi. Rivers' Arborvitæ. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
2½ to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00 4 to 5 ft. 5 00 5 to 6 ft. 6 00
T. occidentalis rosenthali. Rosenthal Arborvitæ.
8 to 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 7 ft. 6 00 7 to 8 ft. 8 00
T. occidentalis semperaurea. 15 to 20 ft. 4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft. 4 00 6 to 8 ft. 6 00 8 to 10 ft. 10 00 10 to 12 ft. 12 00 12 to 14 ft. 15 00
T. occidentalis wareana. Siberian Arborvitæ. 12 to 15 ft.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
T. occidentalis woodwardi. Woodward Arborvitæ. 4 to 5 ft. 1½ to 2 ft
2 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00
T. standishi. Standish Arborvitæ. 12 to 15 ft. 4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft



Tsuga · Hemlock

Stately grace and dignity characterize the Hemlock which we consider the most beautiful of the larger North American evergreens. Its attractive dark green foliage weeps gracefully and is tipped with the bright green of new growth during the spring. Hemlocks are hardy and thrive in almost any soil. They tolerate the shade better than other evergreens and may be used for hedges, backgrounds for gardens, or as specimens.

Tsuga canadensis. Canadian Hemlock. 70 to 80 ft. East	a h
2 to 3 ft\$1	15
3 to 4 ft 3	00
4 to 5 ft 4	50
5 to 6 ft 6	00
6 to 7 ft 7	50
7 to 8 ft	00
7 to 8 ft., specimen	00
8 to 9 ft., specimen	
9 to 10 ft., specimen	
10 to 12 ft., specimen	
T. caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. 40 to 50 ft.	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 \frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 \frac{1}{2} \dots 2 \frac$	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	



Hardy Evergreen Shrubs

The importance of this class of plant material has long been recognized by many garden-lovers. These plants present an attractive appearance, both summer and winter. Most of these grow well in almost any soil. Since they are slow growers and therefore easy to keep in bounds, they grow more beautiful with age.

ABELIA grandiflora. Glossy Abelia. 5 to 6 ft. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	Еа \$1	
AZALEAS. See page 17.		
BERBERIS julianæ. Wintergreen Barberry. 5 to 6 ft. 1½ to 2 ft		
B. verruculosa. Warty Barberry. 3 ft. 12 to 15 in. 15 to 18 in. 18 to 20 in. See Berberis, pages 29 and 30.	2	00
BUXUS sempervirens arborescens. Boxwood Edging. 6 to 8 in \$30 per 100 8 to 10 in \$35 per 100 10 to 12 in \$50 per 100		
B. sempervirens arborescens. Specimen Boxwood. 8 to 10 ft.		
12 x 12 in. 14 x 14 in. 15 x 15 in. 16 x 16 in.	3 4 5 6	00
B. sempervirens arborescens. Pyramidal Boxwood.		
8 to 10 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	6 7 8	00 50
COTONEASTER divaricata. Upright Spreading		
Cotoneaster. 5 to 6 ft. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.	2	00
C. horizontalis. Rock Cotoneaster. 10 to 12 in., pot-grown		

Cotoneaster zabeli.Zabel's Cotoneaster.Each 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.\$2 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.2 50
DAPHNE cneorum. Garland Flower. 1 to 2 ft. 9 to 12 in. 1 25 12 to 15 in. 1 35
ILEX crenata. Japanese Holly. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft
I. glabra. Inkberry. 4 to 6 ft. 12 to 15 in. 2 00 15 to 18 in. 2 50 1½ to 2 ft. 3 00
I. opaca. American Holly. 25 to 30 ft. Prices on application.
KALMIA latifolia. Mountain Laurel. 6 to 8 ft. 15 to 18 in. 1 50 1½ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 5 00 4 to 5 ft. 7 50 5 to 6 ft. \$12 00 and up Larger quantities priced on application.
LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium. Box Sandmyrtle. 10 to 15 in. 2 50 1½ to 2 ft. 3 50
LEUCOTHOE catesbæi. Drooping Leucothoe. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 15 to 18 in. 1 50 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 00
PIERIS (Andromeda) floribunda. Mountain Andromeda.
4 to 5 ft. 12 to 15 in. 1 50 15 to 18 in. 2 50 1½ to 2 ft. 3 00
P. japonica. Japanese Andromeda. 6 to 7 ft. 12 to 15 in. 1 50 15 to 18 in. 2 50 1½ to 2 ft. 3 00 2 to 2½ ft. 4 00
PYRACANTHA coccinea lalandi. Laland Firethorn. 8 to 10 ft.
2 to 3 ft 3 50

Cotoneaster horizontalis. See page 14.





Hybrid Rhododendrons

Rhododendrons

Rhododendron carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendron.	
5 to 6 ft. Each	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$3 00)
2 to 3 ft)
2 to 3 ft., heavy specimen)
3 to 4 ft 7 00)
3 to 4 ft., heavy specimen\$10 to 15 00)
R. catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron. 8 to 10 ft.	
2 to 3 ft)
3 to 4 ft 7 00)
R. maximum. Rosebay Rhododendron. 12 to 15 ft.	
2 to 3 ft 3 00)
3 to 4 ft 4 00)
4 to 5 ft 5 50)
5 to 6 ft 7 50)
Special prices on larger quantities and sizes	

Hybrid Rhododendrons

Prices and sizes on application

Rhododendron, Album Elegans. Blush, fading to white. Tallgrowing.

R., Amphion. Bright rose, white center.
R., Charles Dickens. Vivid scarlet.
R., Delicatissima. Blush, fading to white.

R., H. W. Sargent. Crimson.
R., Mrs. C. S. Sargent. Clear rose-pink.
R., Roseum Elegans Rose-pink.

Azaleas

These plants, like Rhododendrons, want a somewhat acid soil and should be planted with protection from winter winds. Happily situated, these plants produce brilliant blossoms of many colors. They need plenty of moisture during blossomtime. Some of our native types grow into fairly large bushes but most Azalea varieties seldom attain a height of more than 3 to 4 feet.

Azalea arborescens. Sweet Azalea. 6 to 10 ft. White. Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$2 50 2 to 3 ft. 3 50
A. calendulacea. Flame Azalea. 8 to 10 ft.
1½ to 2 ft. 2 50 2 to 3 ft. 3 50
A. kaempferi. Torch Azalea. 4 to 5 ft. Salmon to orange-red.
1½ to 2 ft
A. mollis. 4 to 5 ft. Burnt-orange.
15 to 18 in
A. schlippenbachi. 3 to 8 ft. Rose-pink.
12 to 15 in
A., Van Tol. 4 to 5 ft. Orange-red.
1½ to 2 ft
A. vaseyi. 3 to 4 ft. Shell-pink.
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
A. yodogawa. 4 to 5 ft. Lavender-pink.
1½ to 2 ft



Azalea vaseyi



White-flowering Dogwood

Flowering Trees

There is probably no group of deciduous plants as popular or well known as this one. Their interesting habits of growth, with glossy foliage combined with gorgeous blossoms in the spring and followed by attractive fruit of many colors in late summer and fall, make them an all-year-round satisfaction. Trees in this group thrive in almost all kinds of soil, and most varieties are very hardy. They should be allowed plenty of room for full development in years to come.

ÆSCULUS hippocastanum. White Horse-Chestnut. 50 to 60 ft. 6 to 8 ft.	
Æ. hippocastanum rubicunda. Pink Horse-Chestnut. 30 to 40 ft.	4 00
8 to 10 ft	
CERCIS canadensis. Red-bud; Judas Tree. 20 to 25 ft.	
4 to 5 ft	
CHIONANTHUS virginica. White Fringe. 20 to 25 ft. 3 to 4 ft	1 50 3 00
CORNUS florida. White-flowering Dogwood. 25 to 50 ft.	
4 to 5 ft	3 00 4 00
6 to 7 ft	6 00 8 00

Cornus florida, continued Each
8 to 10 ft\$10 00
10 to 12 ft., heavy
14 to 16 ft., heavy
C. florida rubra. Red-flowering Dogwood. 20 to 25 ft.
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft
6 to 8 ft
8 to 10 ft., heavy
C. kousa. Japanese Flowering Dogwood. 15 to 20 ft.
5 to 6 ft
6 to 7 ft 7 50
C. mascula. Cornelian Cherry. 15 to 20 ft.
3 to 4 ft
CRATÆGUS carrierei. Carriere Hawthorn. 15 to 20 ft.
Large flowers. Orange fruits.
4 to 5 ft
C. coccinea. Thicket Hawthorn. 10 to 12 ft. White
flowers. Large red fruits.
4 to 5 ft
C. cordata. Washington Hawthorn. 10 to 12 ft. White
flowers. Brilliant red berries. 4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft
6 to 8 ft 7 50
C. crus-galli. Cockspur Thorn. 20 to 25 ft. White
flowers. 4 to 5 ft
C. monogyna albo-plena. Paul's Double White Haw-
thorn 8 to 10 ft
4 to 5 ft
C. monogyna plena. Paul's Double Scarlet Hawthorn.
8 to 10 ft. 5 to 6 ft
5 to 6 ft
C. monogyna rosea. Paul's Double Pink Hawthorn.
8 to 10 ft.
5 to 6 ft
6 to 7 ft 6 00
KOELREUTERIA paniculata. Golden Rain.
25 to 30 ft. 5 to 6 ft
6 to 8 ft
LABURNUM vulgare. Golden Chain. 15 to 20 ft.
5 to 6 ft
6 to 8 ft
MAGNOLIA soulangeana. 18 to 20 ft. Blush-pink
flowers.
4 to 5 ft 7 50
Malus • Flowering Crab-Apple
These hardy flowering Crab-Apples thrive in almost all
locations and exposures. No other flowering trees give such
a profusion of bloom in the springtime. In the autumn they
are adorned with clusters of fruits in many colors.
Malus arnoldiana. 12 to 15 ft. Semi-double. Deep pink. Each
4 to 5 ft\$4 00 5 to 6 ft., heavy
6 to 7 ft., heavy



 $Flowering \ Crab-Apples \ (Malus)$

Malus atrosanguinea. 12 to 15 ft. Single. Dark pink. Each 5 to 6 ft. \$5 00 6 to 7 ft., heavy 10 00 7 to 8 ft., heavy 15 00
M. floribunda. 15 ft. Single. Light pink. 4 to 5 ft. 4 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 7 ft., heavy 10 00
M. ioensis bechteli. 15 ft. Double. Pink; rose-shaped. 3 to 4 ft. 2 00 4 to 5 ft. 2 50
M. niedzwetzkyana. 12 to 15 ft. Single. Very dark pink. 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 7 ft., heavy. 7 50 7 to 8 ft., heavy. 10 00
M. parkmani. 12 to 15 ft. Hanging clusters of pink blossoms. 4 to 5 ft. 5 00 5 to 6 ft., heavy 6 00 6 to 7 ft., heavy 10 00
M. sargenti. 8 to 9 ft. Pure white. 2 to 3 ft. 4 00 3 to 4 ft. 5 00 4 to 5 ft., standard 5 00

Malus scheideckeri. 12 to 15 ft. Semi-double. Pink. Es	ach
4 to 5 ft\$5	00
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 8 ft., heavy10	
M. spectabilis. 12 to 15 ft. Double. Light pink.	
5 to 6 ft	00
6 to 8 ft., heavy10	
OXYDENDRUM arboreum. Sorrel Tree. 20 to 25 ft.	
3 to 4 ft 1	50
	00
	00
	00

Prunus · Japanese Flowering Cherry

This worthy contribution to flowering trees from Japan thrives in this locality. The weeping variety blossoms early and is very attractive in its habit of growth. The blooms of the Upright Cherry come later and last longer. They are single or double, depending on variety, and their colors range from pure white through light and deep pink.

Prunus alba. White Single Japanese Flowering Cherry. Each
20 to 25 ft.
4 to 5 ft\$3 00
5 to 6 ft 5 00
6 to 8 ft
8 to 10 ft
P., Beni Higan. Blush-Pink Single Japanese Flowering
Cherry.
4 to 5 ft 3 00
5 to 6 ft 5 00



Japanese Flowering Cherries (Prunus)



Weeping Flowering Cherry

Prunus, Hisakura. Japanese Double Pink-flowering Cherry. 30 to 35 ft. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$3 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 7 50 8 to 10 ft. 12 00
P., Kwanzan. Large Double Pink-flowering Cherry.
30 to 35 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 3 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 7 50 8 to 10 ft. 12 00
P., Naden. Double Pink Siebold Cherry. 25 to 30 ft.
4 to 5 ft. 3 00 5 to 6 ft. 5 00 6 to 8 ft. 7 50
P. rosea pendula. Weeping Japanese Pink-flowering Cherry. 10 to 12 ft.
6-ft. stem, 3-yr. head
P. rosea pendula flore-pleno. Weeping Japanese Double Pink-flowering Cherry. 10 to 12 ft.
5 to 6-ft. stem, 3-yr. head

Prunus tomentosa. Nanking Cherry. 6 to 8 ft. White flowers. Red fruit. 3 to 4 ft
P. cerasifera pissardi. Purple-leaved Plum. 10 to 12 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 00 6 to 8 ft. 10 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00
P. triloba plena. Double-flowering Plum. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 2 00 4 to 5 ft. 2 50
P. glandulosa albo-plena. Double White-flowering Almond. 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 3 to 4 ft. 2 50 4 to 5 ft. 3 50 P. glandulosa rosea plena. Double Pink-flowering Al-
mond. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 3 to 4 ft. 2 50
RHUS cotinus. Smoke Tree; Purple Fringe. 12 to 15 ft. 2 00 3 to 4 ft. 2 50
STYRAX japonica. Japanese Snowball. 18 to 20 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 00
Dhug actions (Smale Tree or Durale Frings)





Canadian Hemlock gro

Ornamental and Shade Trees

Possibly the most attractive features in many of our New England towns are the large shade and ornamental trees. The importance of these trees is becoming more evident every year, and when one of these beautiful old timers dies or is destroyed, it seems as if we have lost an old friend.

it seems as if we have lost an old friend.

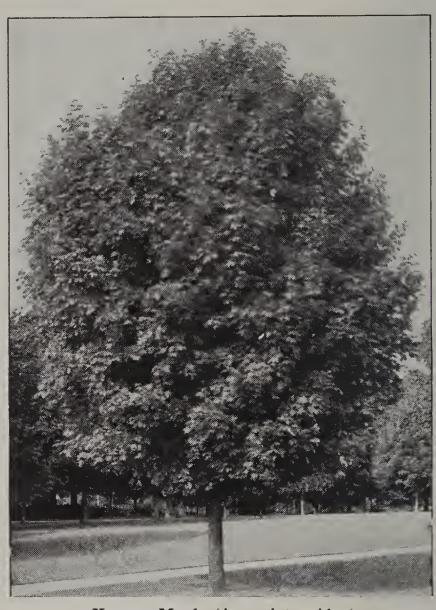
It takes years to develop a beautiful specimen. Therefore, plant a few trees of medium size each year. Don't wait or you may pay ten times as much for the same tree years later.

ASH, Mountain. Sorbus aucuparia. 25 to 30 ft. Each 8 to 10 ft. \$5 00 10 to 12 ft. 6 00
BEECH, American Green. Fagus americana.
80 to 100 ft.
7 to 8 ft
BEECH, Copper. Fagus sylvatica atropurpurea. 80 to 90 ft. 1½ to 2-in. cal., 6 to 8 ft. high. 10 00 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high. 12 00 2½ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high. 25 00 3 to 4-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high. 30 00 4 to 5-in. cal., 12 to 15 ft. high. \$40 to 50 00 5 to 6-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high. \$60 to 75 00 6 to 7-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high. \$100 to 125 00 7 to 8-in. cal., 25 to 30 ft. high. \$150 to 200 00
Larger sizes on application.
BEECH, European Green. Fagus sylvatica. 80 to 90 ft. 4 to 5 ft. high
BEECH, Fern-leaf. Fagus sylvatica heterophylla. 40 to 50 ft.
6 to 7-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high\$100 to 125 00 7 to 8-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high\$125 to 150 00
Larger sizes on application.



ng in Nursery 19, 1937

BIRCH, Canoe. Betula papyrifera. 80 to 90 ft. Each
6 to 7 ft\$2 50
7 to 8 ft
8 to 10 ft 5 00
BIRCH, Cut-leaf Weeping. Betula alba laciniata. 30 to 40 ft.
6 to 8 ft
10 to 12 ft
12 to 15 ft
BIRCH, White. Betula alba. 40 to 50 ft.
2 to 2½-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high
2½ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high
Larger sizes on application.
CATALPA. Catalpa bungei. 8 to 10 ft.
3-yr. head, 5 to 6-ft. stem
ELM, American. Ulmus americana. 75 to 100 ft.
2 to 3-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high
3 to 4-in. cal., 18 to 20 ft. high
4 to 5-in. cal., 18 to 20 ft. high
5 to 6-in. cal., 20 to 22 ft. high
6 to 7-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high\$75 to 100 00
7 to 8-in. cal., 25 to 30 ft. high\$150 and up
Larger sizes on application.
ELM, Camperdown. Ulmus camperdowni. 8 to 10 ft.
3-yr. head, 6-ft. stem 5 00
ELM, Moline Type. Ulmus americana. 50 to 60 ft.
3 to 4-in. cal., 20 to 22 ft. high
4 to 5-in. cal., 25 ft. high
KATSURA TREE. Cercidiphyllum japonicum. 70 to 80 ft.
6 to 8 ft
8 to 10 ft
LARCH, Japanese. Larix leptolepsis. 40 to 60 ft.
8 to 9-in. cal., 25 to 30 ft. high
LINDEN, European. Tilia vulgaris. 70 to 80 ft.
2 to 2½-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high
MAIDENHAIR TREE. Ginkgo biloba. 100 ft.
2 to 2½-in. cal., 12 to 15 ft. high
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3-in. cal., 12 to 15 ft. high



Norway Maple (Acer platanoides)

MAPLE, Japanese Red. Acer palmatum atropurpureum.
12 to 15 ft. Each $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. \$3 00 2 to 3 ft. 4 00 3 to 4 ft. 6 00 4 to 5 ft. 8 00 5 to 6 ft. 20 00 6 to 8 ft. 25 00
MAPLE, Japanese Red Cut-leaf. Acer palmatum dissectum atropurpureum. 5 to 6 ft. 12 to 15 in
MAPLE, Japanese Green Cut-leaf. Acer palmatum dissectum. 5 to 6 ft. 15 to 18 in. 4 00 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 6 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ x 3 ft., specimen 15 00 3 x 4 ft., specimen 25 00 4 x 4 ft., specimen 30 00 5 x 5 ft., specimen 40 00 $5\frac{1}{2}$ x 8 ft., specimen 50 00
MAPI E, Norway. Acer platanoides. 60 to 80 ft. 1½ to 1¾-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high 3 50 1¾ to 2-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high 5 00 2 to 2½-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high 6 00 2½ to 3-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high 8 00 3 to 3½-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high 12 50 3½ to 4-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high 18 00 4 to 4½-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high 25 00 4½ to 5-in. cal., 18 to 20 ft. high 35 00 5 to 6-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high 50 00 6 to 7-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high \$75 and up

MAPLE, Schwedler. Acer platanoides schwedleri.
60 to 80 ft. Each 1½ to 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high
2½ to 3-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high
MAPLE, Silver. Acer dasycarpum. 60 to 80 ft.
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high
2 to 2½-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high
2½ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high
3½ to 4-in. cal., 12 to 15 ft. high
MAPLE, Sugar or Rock. Acer saccharum. 100 ft.
13/4 to 2-in. cal., 12 ft. high
2 to 2½-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high
3 to 3½-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high
3½ to 4-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high
6 to 7-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high\$100 and up 7 to 8-in. cal., 25 to 30 ft. high\$150 and up
Larger sizes on application.
MULBERRY, Weeping. Morus alba pendula.
6 to 8 ft.
5 to 6-ft. stem, 3-yr. head
OAK, Pin. Quercus palustris. 70 to 80 ft.
1 ³ / ₄ to 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high
2½ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high
3 to 3½-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high
4 to 5-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high
6 to 8-in. cal., 18 to 20 ft. high\$100 to \$150 and up
Larger sizes on application.
OAK, Red. Quercus rubra. Prices on application.

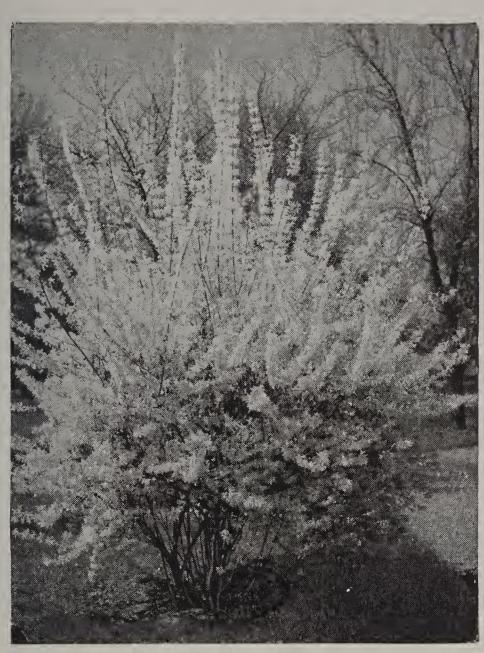


Pin Oak (Quercus palustris)

OAK, Scarlet. Quercus coccinea. 50 to 60 ft. Each 2 to 3-in. cal., 12 to 15 ft. high\$25 to 30 00 3 to 4-in. cal., 15 to 18 ft. high\$30 to 40 00 4 to 5-in. cal., 18 to 20 ft. high50 00
PLANE, European. Platanus orientalis. 70 to 80 ft. 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high. 5 00 2 to 2½-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high. 10 00 2½ to 3-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high. 12 00 3 to 4-in. cal., 16 to 18 ft. high. 15 00 5 to 6-in. cal., 20 to 25 ft. high, B&B. 60 00 6 to 7-in. cal., 25 to 30 ft. high, B&B. \$75 to 100 00
POPLAR, Simon. <i>Populus simoni.</i> 30 to 35 ft. 5 to 6 ft
WILLOW, Babylon Weeping. Salix babylonica. 25 to 30 ft. 2 to 2½-in. cal., 6 to 8 ft. high
WILLOW, Golden Weeping. Salix vitellina pendula.
40 to 50 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 8 ft. 1 25 6 to 8 ft. 2 00 1½ to 2-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high 2 to 2½-in. cal., 8 to 10 ft. high 5 00
WILLOW, Thurlow Weeping. Salix elegantissima.
50 to 60 ft. 6 to 8 ft
YELLOW-WOOD. Cladrastis lutea. 40 to 50 ft.
8 to 9 ft
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3-in. cal., 10 to 12 ft. high
3 to 3½-in. cal., 12 to 14 ft. high



Oriental Plane Tree (Platanus orientalis)



Specimen, Forsythia viridissima. See page 31

Flowering Shrubs

Included among the Flowering Shrubs are those old favorites well known to all, as well as some worthy new varieties. Our Shrubs are particularly well grown and are considerably heavier than the regular nursery-grown shrubs usually offered. They will blossom the first year if planted early.

Larger specimen shrubs listed on pages 36 to 38.

ABELIA grandiflora. Glossy Abelia. 5 to 6 ft. .,\$1 25 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft........ AMELANCHIER canadensis. Downy Shadbush. 20 to 25 ft. 2 to 3 ft...... 1 00 ARALIA pentaphylla. Five-leaf Aralia. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft...... ARONIA arbutifolia. Red Chokeberry. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft..... A. melanocarpa. Black Chokeberry. 8 to 10 ft. ... 1 00 2 to 3 ft...... **AZALEA.** See page 17. BENZOIN æstivale (Lindera Benzoin). Spice Bush. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft..... 1 00 BERBERIS thunbergi. Japanese Barberry. 5 to 7 ft.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.....\$20 per 100...

2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.....\$25 per 100...

25

30

BERBERIS thunbergi pluriflora erecta. Truehedge umnberry. Plant Patent No. 110. Propaga	ıti	on
rights reserved. Each 10 1 12 to 15 in	100 5	00
BUDDLEIA davidi magnifica. Ox-eye Butterfly Bush. 8 to 10 ft. 3-yr	E \$0	lach 75
CALLICARPA purpurea. Chinese Beauty Berry. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	. 00
CALYCANTHUS floridus. Sweet Shrub. 8 to 9 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.		00 25
CLETHRA alnifolia. Sweet Pepperbush. 7 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	1	75 25
CORNUS alba sibirica. Coral Dogwood. 8 to 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft		00
C. amomum. Silky Dogwood. 6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft.		00
C. paniculata. Gray Dogwood. 10 to 12 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	00
C. stolonifera. Red Osier Dogwood. 8 to 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft	1	75 00
C. stolonifera flaviramea. Golden-twig Dogwood. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	00
CYDONIA japonica. Japanese Flowering Quince. 3 to 4 ft. 1 to 1½ ft		75
DAPHNE mezereum. February Daphne. 4 ft. 12 to 15 in	1	
DEUTZIA gracilis. Slender Deutzia. 3 to 4 ft. White. 15 to 18 in		75
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		
D. scabra crenata. Double-flowering Pink Deutzia. 6 to 7 ft. 3 to 4 ft		
D. scabra, Pride of Rochester. 6 to 7 ft. Pale pink. 3 to 4 ft.		
ENKIANTHUS campanulatus. Redvein Enkianthus. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	50
EUONYMUS alatus. Winged or Corky-barked Euonymus. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft	1	00
4 to 5 ft		
2 to 3 ft	2	00
3 to 4 ft	1	25



Kolkwitzia (Beauty Bush). See page 32.

FORSYTHIA spectabilis. Showy Border Forsythia.
8 to 9 ft. Each
3 to 4 ft\$0 75
4 to 5 ft
F. suspensa. Weeping Golden Bell. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
F. suspensa fortunei. <i>Fortune's Golden Bell.</i> 8 to 9 ft. 3 to 4 ft
F. viridissima. Green-stem Forsythia. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft
HALESIA tetraptera. Silverbell. 20 to 25 ft.
4 to 5 ft
HAMAMELIS virginiana. Witch-Hazel. 12 to 15 ft.
3 to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft
5 to 6 ft
Hibiscus Syriacus · Althea; Rose of Sharon
H. anemonæflorus. Double. Pink. Each
H. anemonæflorus. Double. Pink. Each 3 to 4 ft
H. cœlestis. Single. Blue.
3 to 4 ft
H., Jeanne d'Arc. Double. White.
3 to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft
1 00 2 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1
H., Lady Stanley. Double. Blush-pink. 3 to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft
7 (0) / 10 1 /0

Hibiscus rubis. Single. Red. 3 to 4 ft	Ea \$1	50
H., Totus Albus. Single. White 3 to 4 ft	1	25
HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. Peegee Hydrangea. Bush form. 4 to 5 ft.	•	
2 to 3 ft		75 00
H. paniculata grandiflora. Peegee Hydrangea. Tree form.		00
4 to 5 ft	1	00
8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	00
KERRIA japonica. Double-flowering Globe Flower. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	00
KOLKWITZIA amabilis. Beauty Bush. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.		
LIGUSTRUM ibolium. Ibolium Privet. 8 to 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft.		25
L. ibota regelianum. Regel's Privet. 4 to 6 ft. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		75
2 to 3 ft	1	00
2 to 3 ft		10 15 25 30



Philadelphus, Virginal



Flowers of Rhodotypos kerrioides

LONICERA fragrantissima. Winter Honeysuckle.		
6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft		ach
4 to 5 ft		
L. korolkowi. Round Blueleaf Honeysuckle. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft		
L. morrowi. Morrow's Bush Honeysuckle. 7 to 8 ft.	•	
3 to 4 ft	1	75 00
L. tatarica alba. White Tatarian Honeysuckle.	1	00
8 to 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft		75
4 to 5 ft	1	-
L. tatarica rosea. Pink Tatarian Honeysuckle. 8 to 10 ft.		
3 to 4 ft		75
4 to 5 ft		
5 to 6 ft	1	50
PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Sweet Mock Orange. 8 to 10 ft.		
3 to 4 ft	1	75 00
4 to 5 ft		25
P. coronarius aureus. Golden Mock Orange. 8 to 10 ft. 1½ to 2 ft	1	00
P., Virginal. Double-flowering Philadelphus. 6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	1	00
PHOTINIA villosa. Christmas Berry. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft.	1	00
RHODOTYPOS kerrioides. Jetbead. 5 to 6 ft.		
2 to 3 ft	1	75
3 to 3½ ft	1	00
ROBINIA hispida rosea. Rose Acacia. 6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft.		75
4 to 5 ft	1	00
ROSA hugonis. Father Hugo's Rose. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft.		75
SAMBUCUS pubens. Scarlet Elder. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	00
SPIRÆA bumalda, Anthony Waterer. Crimson Everblooming Spirea. 3 ft.		
2 to 2½ ft	1	75 00
S. douglasi. Douglas Spirea. 6 to 8 ft.		
3 to 4 ft	1	00

Spiræa prunifolia. Bridal Wreath. 6 to 8 ft. Each 3 to 4 ft
S. thunbergi. Thunberg's Spirea. 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 75 3 to 4 ft. 1 00
S. trichocarpa. Korean Spirea. 6 to 7 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 75 4 to 4½ ft. 1 00
S. vanhouttei. Vanhoutte Spirea. 6 to 7 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 75 4 to 5 ft. 1 00
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. Cutleaf Stephanandra.
5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft
SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus. Snowberry. 4 to 5 ft.
2 to 3 ft
S. vulgaris. <i>Coralberry.</i> 4 to 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft
SYMPLOCOS paniculata. Asiatic Sweetleaf. 4 to 5 ft. Blue-berried. 2 to 3 ft
SYRINGA. All Lilacs listed on pages 39 and 40.
VIBURNUM americanum. American Cranberry. 10 to 12 ft.
3 to 4 ft
V. carlesi. Fragrant Viburnum. 4 to 5 ft. 1½ to 2 ft., B&B. 1 50 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 2 00 3 to 3½ ft., B&B. 3 00
V. cassinoides. Withe-Rod. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft., B&B. 1 50 3 to 4 ft., B&B. 2 00



Fragrant Viburnum (Viburnum carlesi)



Specimen, Viburnum tomentosum plicatum

Viburnum dentatum. <i>Arrow-wood</i> . 10 to 15 ft. '3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 5½ ft.	1	00 25
V. dilatatum. <i>Linden Viburnum</i> . 8 to 10 ft. 1½ to 2 ft		75 25
V. lentago. Nannyberry. 15 to 20 ft.	ı	4)
3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	1	75 25 50
V. opulus. <i>High-bush Cranberry</i> . 10 to 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft		00 25
V. rhytidophyllum. Leatherleaf Viburnum. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft., B&B		00 50
V. tomentosum. Single Japanese Snowball. 8 to 10 ft.		
3 to 4 ft	1	00 25 50
V. tomentosum plicatum. Double Japanese Snowball.		
7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	_	00 25
VITEX agnus-castus. Lilac Chaste Tree. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft	1	00
WEIGELA floribunda. Crimson Weigela. 6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.		75 00
W. rosea. Pink and White Weigela. 6 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft		75 00



Specimen, Viburnum sieboldi

Specimen Transplanted Shrubs

These plants are several years older than our regular line of shrubs offered on pages 29–35 and are considerably larger and, of course, more costly. Since they have been properly trimmed and developed in the nursery, they will continue to grow into beautiful specimens and produce better blooms and foliage. They are particularly useful for background work and for screens.

Delivered balled and burlapped

Denvered barred and barrapped		
CALYCANTHUS floridus. Sweet Shrub. 8 to 9 ft. 3 to 3½ ft.	Еа \$2	
CLETHRA alnifolia. Sweet Pepperbush. 7 to 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft		
CYDONIA japonica. Japanese Flowering Quince. 3 to 4 ft. 2 to 3 ft	2	50
DEUTZIA, in variety. 6 to 7 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft.		50 00
D. lemoinei. Lemoine Deutzia. 4 to 5 ft. Creamy white. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	2	50

3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.....

EUONYMUS alatus. Winged or Corky-barked Euonymus. 7 to 8 ft. 4 to 5 ft. \$2 5 to 6 ft. 3 6 to 7 ft. 3	00
FORSYTHIA, in variety. Golden Bell. 8 to 10 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 2 6 to 7 ft. 3 7 to 8 ft. 3	00
HAMAMELIS mollis. Chinese Witch-Hazel. 12 to 15 ft. 2 to 3 ft	00
HIBISCUS syriacus. Althea; Rose of Sharon. 10 to 12 ft. 5 to 6 ft	50 00
KOLKWITZIA amabilis. Beauty Bush. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ x $\tilde{3}$ ft	00 50 00
LONICERA tatarica. Tatarian Honeysuckle. 8 to 10 ft. 4 to 5 ft	50
PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Sweet Mock Orange. 8 to 10 ft. 2 5 to 6 ft. 2 6 to 7 ft. 3 7 to 8 ft. 3	00
P. grandiflorus. Big Mock Orange. 8 to 10 ft.	50
	00 50
	00 50
	00 50 00
S. vanhouttei. Vanhoutte Spirea. 6 to 7 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 5 to 6 ft. 3 6 to 7 ft. 3	
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. Cutleaf Stephanandra. 5 to 6 ft. 3 to 4 ft	50
SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus. Snowberry. 4 to 5 ft. 2 4 to 5 ft. 3	50 00
SYRINGA. All Lilacs listed on pages 39 and 40.	
VACCINIUM corymbosum. High-bush Blueberry. 5 to 6 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 2 to 4 ft. 2	00 50

VIBURNUM americanum. American Cranberry. 10 to 12 ft. Each
4 to 5 ft. \$2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 00 6 to 8 ft. 3 50
V. carlesi. Fragrant Viburnum. 4 to 5 ft. 1½ to 2 ft. 1 50 2 to 3 ft. 2 00 3 to 3½ ft. 3 00
V. cassinoides. Withe-Rod. 6 to 8 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 3 to 4 ft. 2 00
V. dentatum. Arrow-wood. 10 to 15 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 2 50 6 to 7 ft. 3 00 7 to 8 ft. 4 00 8 to 9 ft. 5 00
V. dilatatum. <i>Linden Viburnum</i> . 8 to 10 ft. 4 to 5 ft
V. lentago. Nannyberry. 15 to 20 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 00 5 to 6 ft. 2 50 6 to 7 ft. 3 00 7 to 8 ft. 4 00 8 to 9 ft. 5 00
V. opulus. Highbush Cranberry. 10 to 12 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 00 6 to 8 ft. 3 50
V. opulus sterile. <i>Common Snowball.</i> 8 to 10 ft. 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft
V. sieboldi. Siebold Viburnum. 8 to 10 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 00 6 to 8 ft. 4 00
V. tomentosum. Single Japanese Snowball. 8 to 10 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 00 6 to 9 ft. 5 00
V. tomentosum plicatum. Double Japanese Snowball. 7 to 8 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 00
WEIGELA candida. White Weigela. 6 to 8 ft. 6 to 7 ft
W. floribunda. Crimson Weigela. 6 to 8 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 2 50 6 to 7 ft. 3 00
W. hybrida nana variegata. Variegated-leaf Weigela. 5 to 6 ft. 2 50 4 to 5 ft. 3 00
W. rosea. Pink and White Weigela. 6 to 8 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 2 50 5 to 6 ft. 3 00
W. vanhouttei. Red Weigela. 6 to 8 ft. 5 to 6 ft



Specimen, Double Lilac

Syringa · Lilacs

Spring is at its height when the Lilacs are in flower. Of the many flowering shrubs, the Lilac is surely the most reliable, lasts longer, and annually bears the handsomest flowers. Lilacs are hardy, thrive almost anywhere, and have

very attractive foliage.

The Hybrid varieties are most popular with their large single or double flower-heads. They are equally as fragrant as the old-fashioned type and have exactly the same growing characteristics. Our Hybrids are all grown on Lilac roots, a necessity for proper development of the plant. We believe these plants the most worthy of all flowering shrubs.

HYBRID LILACS. 8 to 15 ft.

HIBRID LILACS. 8 to 15 ft.	
Charles X. Single. Reddish purple.	Each
2 to 3 ft	.\$1 50
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
Diderot. Single. Claret-violet.	
2 to 3 ft	. 1 50
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
Hugo Koster. Single. Lilac with reddish tint.	
2 to 3 ft	. 2 00
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
	.) 00
Jan Van Tol. Single. Large; pure white.	2 00
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	. 5 00
Jean Mace. Double. Bluish mauve.	
2 to 3 ft	. 2 00
3 to 4 ft	2 50

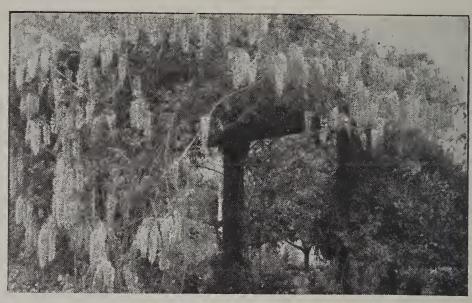
HYBRID LILACS, continued		
Ludwig Spæth. Single. Dark red. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. Warie Legrane. Single. White	\$1 2 3	50 50 00 00
Marie Legraye. Single. White. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.		50 00 50
Mme. Casimir-Perier. Double. White. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.		
Mme. Lemoine. Double. Large white flowers. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft. 7 to 8 ft. Mont Blanc. Single. White; very beautiful.	2 2 4 5	50 00 50 00 00 00
2 to 3 ft		
President Grevy. Double. Blue. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.	2 3	50 00 00 00
Reaumur. Single. Violet-carmine. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	2	
OLD-FASHIONED LILACS · Persian Lilacs		
Syringa vulgaris. Common Purple Lilac. 12 to 15 ft. 3 to 4 ft	3	75 50 00 00
S. vulgaris alba. Common White Lilac. 12 to 15 ft. 4 to 5 ft		50 00
S. persica. Persian Lilac. 8 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.		75 00 00



Common Purple Lilac

Hardy Vines

ACTINIDIA arguta. Bower Actinidia. 3-yr., field-grown		ach 00
AKEBIA quinata. Five-leaf Vine. 3-yr., field-grown	. 1	00
AMPELOPSIS heterophylla. Porcelain Vine. 2-yr	. 1	00
2-yr	,	90
A. quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper; Woodbine. 2-yr., field-grown		60
A. tricuspidata veitchi. Japanese or Boston Ivy. 2-yr., field-grown	•,	75
ARISTOLOCHIA sipho. Dutchman's Pipe. 2-yr	. 1	00
BIGNONIA grandiflora. Chinese Trumpet Vine. 3-yr., field-grown	. 1	25
B. radicans. Trumpet Creeper. 3-yr., field-grown	•	75
CELASTRUS scandens. Bittersweet. 3-yr., field-grown		60
CLEMATIS, Duchess of Edinburgh. Large; double		
white. 2-yr., field-grown	. 1	00
C. henryi. Winter Clematis. Large white flowers. 2-yr., field-grown		. 00
C. jackmani. Jackman Clematis. Large purple flowers 2-yr., field-grown		. 00
C., Mme. Baron Veillard. Large; pink. 2-yr., field-grown		. 00
C., Mme. E. Andre. Large; red. 2-yr., field-grown	. 1	. 00
C. paniculata. Small White-flowered Clematis. 3-yr., field-grown	•	75
C., Ramona. Large; blue. 2-yr., field-grown		00
EUONYMUS colorata. 3-yr	•	75
E. radicans. Winter Creeper. 3-yr., field-grown		75
E. radicans carrierei. Glossy Winter Creeper. Re berries. 3-yr., field-grown		75
E. vegetus. Big-leaf Winter Creeper. Red berries. 3-yr., field-grown		75
HEDERA baltica. Hardy English Ivy. 12 to 18-in. stems, pot-grown		75
H. helix. <i>English Ivy</i> . 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ -ft. stems, pot-grown		75
HYDRANGEA petiolaris. Climbing Hydrangea. 3-yr., potted	. 1	1 50
LONICERA japonica halliana. Hall's Japanese Honey suckle. 2-yr., field-grown		60
POLYGONUM Auberti. Silver Lace Vine. 2-yr., field-grown		1 00
ROSES, Climbing. See page 42.		



Wisteria sinensis

Wisteria

We are particularly pleased to offer extra-heavy, well-grown Blue Wisteria. All plants were grafted from selected, large-flowering vines and are guaranteed to bloom.

Wisteria sinensis. Blue Wisteria.	E	ach
4-yr., 8-ft. stems	\$2	50
4-yr., 8-ft. stems, 10-in. pots	. 3	50
W. sinensis alba. White Wisteria.		
2-yr	. 1	00
5-yr., bushy		
W., sinensis. Blue standard.		
3-ft. stems	3	50
4-ft. stems	. 5	00

Climbing Roses

3-yr. plants, 75 cts. each

Dr. Huey. Semi-double; crimson-maroon. Dr. W. Van Fleet. Double; pale pink. Jacotte. Semi-double; orange-yellow. Mary Lovett. Double; white. Mary Wallace. Double; bright pink. Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. Delicate pink. Paul's Scarlet Climber. Scarlet flowers. Wichuraiana. Single; white. Late bloomer.

Ground-Cover Plants

COTONEASTER horizontalis. Rock Cotoneaster. Early 10 to 12 in., pot-grown	00
HEDERA helix. English Ivy.	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ -ft. stems, pot-grown	75
JUNIPERUS chinensis sargenti. Sargent Juniper.	
	50
15 to 18 in	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	00
J. horizontalis. Creeping Juniper.	
15 to 18 in	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	00
LONICERA japonica halliana. Hall's Japanese Honey-suckle. 2-yr., field-grown	60
PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Japanese Spurge.	
3-in. pots\$15 per 100	25
ROSA wichuraiana. White.	
3-yr	75
VINCA minor. Myrtle; Periwinkle.	
	25

Fruit Department

We offer fruit trees in those varieties which thrive and

produce best in this locality.

During the past few years many of our fruit trees have been sold for ornamental purposes. The artistic habit of growth, combined with spring blossoms, make some varieties very beautiful ornamental trees.

We offer Apple Trees in bearing sizes up to 10 inches in diameter, 15 to 18 feet high, and 15 to 25-foot spread.

Apples, Standard

2-yr., 5 to 6 ft. high, $\frac{11}{16}$ -in. cal., \$1.50 each

SUMMER VARIETIES

Red Astrachan. Flesh, tinged with red. Yellow Transparent. Pale yellow.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Duchess of Oldenburg. Large; streaked with yellow and red.

Fall Pippin. Tender; juicy. Gravenstein. High flavor.

Macoun. Red. Fine-grained. Good keeper. McIntosh Red. Delicious; juicy.

Wealthy. Dark red.

WINTER VARIETIES

Baldwin. Large; dark red.

Delicious. Red; juicy.

King. Large; red.

Northern Spy. Large; striped red. Rhode Island Greening. Large; greenish yellow. Roxbury Russet. Dull green russet. Appetizing. Stayman's Winesap. Medium to large; dark red.

Larger-sized Apple Trees priced on application.

Crab-Apples

2-yr., 5 to 6 ft. high, $\frac{11}{16}$ -in. cal., \$1.50 each Hyslop. Crimson fruit. October. Transcendent. Yellow and red. September.

Apples, Dwarf

2-yr., 3 to 4 ft. high, $\frac{5}{8}$ -in. cal., \$1.50 each

VARIETIES AS FOLLOWS:

Delicious. Red; juicy. Winter. McIntosh. Delicious; juicy. Autumn. Red Astrachan. Flesh, tinged with red. Summer. Wealthy. Dark red. Early autumn. Yellow Transparent. Pale yellow. Summer.

Cherries, Sour

4 to 5 ft., \$1.25 each

Early Richmond. Medium; red. June. Montmorency. Large; red. June.

Cherries, Sweet

5 to 6 ft., \$1.50 each

Black Tartarian. Large; purplish black. June. Governor Wood. Yellow. June. Napoleon Bigarreau. Fine yellow. July.

Peaches

4 to 5 ft., 75 cts. each

Belle of Georgia. Large; white. Early September. Carman. White flesh. August. Crawford's Early. Yellow. September.

Elberta. Large; yellow. Early September.

Pears, Standard

2-yr., 5 to 6 ft. high, $\frac{11}{16}$ -in. cal., \$1.50 each

SUMMER VARIETIES

Bartlett. Yellow and red fruit. Clapp's Favorite. Yellow and crimson.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Beurre Bosc. Yellow-russeted. Seckel. Small; sweet; juicy; brown. Sheldon. Yellow and red fruit.

WINTER VARIETIES

Beurre d'Anjou. Greenish yellow; juicy. Kieffer. Greenish yellow.

Pears, Dwarf

2-yr., 3 ft. high, ½-in. cal., \$1.50 each Bartlett. Yellow and red fruit. Summer. Clapp's Favorite. Yellow and crimson. Summer. Seckel. Small; sweet; juicy; brown. Autumn.

Plums

5 to 6 ft., \$1.50 each

Abundance. Japanese. Yellow. August. Bradshaw. Purple. September. Burbank. Japanese. Large, red fruit. August. German Prune. Blue. September. Lombard. Purplish red. August.

Quince

4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each

Champion. Fruit very large, fair. October.

Grapes

3-yr., 60 cts. each

Brighton. Large; red. September.
Concord. Best black. September.
Delaware. Small; red. September.
Green Mountain. Green. Late August.
Niagara. Fine white. Late September.
Worden. Large; blue. Late August.

Raspberries

2-yr. transplants, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. Cuthbert. Rich crimson.

Latham. Everbearing. Red.

Plum Farmer. Blackcap.

Blackberries

2-yr. transplants, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. Blowers. Very large. Ripens early.

Peat Moss (Horticultural Grade)

Excellent for mulching broad-leaf evergreens and general garden use. Size of bale, 22 to 23 bushels. Per bale, \$3.50; 5 bales, \$3 per bale; 10 bales, \$2.75 per bale.

Approximate areas covered by Peat Moss: 1 bale covers 250 sq. ft. 1 in. deep; 125 sq. ft. 2 in. deep; 80 sq. ft. 3 in. deep.

Bone Meal

Excellent quality **Bone Meal**, high nitrogen content. Per bag, \$3.50; 5 bags, \$3 per bag; 10 bags, \$2.75 per bag.

Top Soil, per yard, \$3.

Manure, per yard, \$5.

Berry-Bearing Shrubs

Derry-Dearing Shrubs		
Red Berries	Time of Fruit or Berries	
Aronia arbutifolia. Red Chokeberry Benzoin æstivale (Lindera benzoin). Spice Bush	.Sept.	
Berberis thunbergi. Japanese Barberry B. vernæ. Verna Barberry Cotoneaster divaricata. Upright Spreading Co	. Sept., Oct.	
toneaster	.Sept., OctSept., Oct.	
C. zabeli. Zabel's Cotoneaster Euonymus alatus. Corky-barked Euonymus Ilex opaca. American Holly	. Sept., Oct Sept., Oct.	
I. verticillata. Black Alder; Winterberry Lonicera korolkowi. Blueleaf Honeysuckle L. morrowi. Morrow's Bush Honeysuckle	. Aug., Sept.	
L. tatarica. Tatarian Honeysuckle Photinia villosa. Christmas Berry	. Aug., Sept. Oct.	
Pyracantha coccinea lalandi. Laland Firethorn Sambucus pubens. Red Elder Symphoricarpos vulgaris. Coralberry	. Sept., Oct. . Aug., Sept.	
Viburnum dilatatum. Linden Viburnum V. opulus. High-bush Cranberry	.Sept., Oct.	
White Berries		
Cornus paniculata. Gray Dogwood	.July, Aug.	
Mauve Berries		
Callicarpa purpurea. Chinese Beauty Berry	. Sept., Oct.	
Blue Berries Cornus amomum. Silky Dogwood Symplocos paniculata. Asiatic Sweetleaf	.Sept.	
Black Berries		
Amelanchier canadensis. Downy Shadbush Aronia melanocarpa. Black Chokeberry Berberis verruculosa. Warty Barberry Ilex crenata. Japanese Holly I. glabra. Inkberry Ligustrum ibota regelianum. Regel's Privet Rhodotypos kerrioides. Jetbead Viburnum acerifolium. Mapleleaf Viburnum	Sept., Oct. Sept., Oct. Oct., Nov. Oct., Nov. SeptDec.	
V. sieboldi. Siebold Viburnum	.Sept., Oct.	
Blue-Black Berries Wintergraph Rankson	Cant Oat	
Berberis julianæ. Wintergreen Barberry Viburnum cassinoides. Withe-Rod V. dentatum. Arrow-Wood V. lentago. Nannyberry	.Aug., Sept. .Sept.	
Berry-Bearing Trees		
Red Berries	C N	
Cornus florida. White Dogwood C. kousa. Japanese Dogwood C. mascula. Cornelian Cherry Cratægus coccinea. Thicket Hawthorn C. cordata. Washington Hawthorn C. crus-galli. Cockspur Thorn Sorbus aucuparia. European Mountain-Ash Malus. Flowering Crab-Apple. In variety. Fruits	Sept., Nov. Aug., Sept. Sept., Oct. Oct. Late Oct. Sept., Oct.	
mostly yellow to red; very decorative		

Berry-Bearing Vines

Actinidia arguta. Bower Actinidia. Yellow Berries. Oct. Akebia quinata. Five-leaf Vine. Purple Berries. Sept., Oct. Ampelopsis heterophylla. Porcelain Vine. Blue
Berries. Sept., Oct. Celastrus scandens. Bittersweet. Red Berries. Oct., Dec. Euonymus vegetus. Big-leaf Winter Creeper.
Scarlet Berries. Oct.

Rock-Garden Suggestions

Acer palmatum dissectum. Green Cut-leaf Japanese Maple. A. palmatum atropurpureum. Red Cut-leaf Japanese Maple.

Azalea amoena. Amoena Azalea.

A. hinodegiri. *Hinodegiri Azalea*. A. yodogawa. *Yodogawa Azalea*.

Berberis julianæ. Wintergreen Barberry.

B. verruculosa. Warty Barberry.

Buxus sempervirens arborescens. Boxwood.

Celastrus scandens. Bittersweet.

Chamæcyparis obtusa gracilis. Hinoki Cypress.

C. obtusa nana. Dwarf Cypress.
Cotoneaster divaricata. Spreading Cotoneaster.
C. horizontalis. Rock Cotoneaster.

Daphne cneorum. Garland Flower.

Euonymus colorata.

E. radicans. Winter Creeper.

E. radicans vegetus. Big-leaf Winter Creeper. Red Berries.

Ilex glabra. Inkberry.

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana. Pfitzer Juniper.

J. chinensis sargenti. Sargent Juniper.

J. communis depressa plumosa. Andorra Juniper.

J. communis hibernica. Irish Juniper.

J. horizontalis. Creeping Juniper. J. sabina. Savin Juniper.

J. squamata meyeri. *Meyer's Juniper*. J. virginiana kosteri. *Spreading Koster Juniper*.

Kalmia latifolia. Mountain Laurel.

Leucothoe catesbæi. Drooping Leucothoe.

Pieris floribunda. Mountain Andromeda.

P. japonica. Japanese Andromeda.

Pinus montana mughus. Mugho Pine.

Pyracantha coccinea lalandi. Laland Firethorn.
Taxus baccata repandens. Spreading English Yew.
T. cuspidata nana. Dwarf Japanese Yew.
Thuja occidentalis, Little Gem. Little Gem Arborvitæ.

Viburnum carlesi. Fragrant Viburnum.



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Dogwood Time



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