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(4) ANNUAL HOLLYHOCK, Indian Spring. Pkt. 35c. SILVER MEDAL. For description, see page 5

bonorable mention. For description, see page 11
(A1) CELOSIA, Royal Velvet. Pkt. 25c.; large pkt. 75c. honorable mention.

For description, see page 5


Lawn at Homebush Farm where our annual Tulip display is held

## Homebush Evergreen Lawn Mixture

ATER years of compounding, and testing formulas of the finest lawn grass seeds, endeavoring to find a lawn grass mixture superior to that of our former "Best" mixture, we believe we have attained success in our "Homebush" Evergreen Lawn Mixture. "Homebush" is a combination of the finest recleancd permanent grasses which produce a Iuxuriant, decp green, velvety turf that will stand up under our trying conditions of heat and drought.

At our display-grounds, Homebush Farm, a lawn of about two acres was sown with this mixture which has developed into a beautiful carpet of closely interwoven, firm, elastic turf, arousing the admiration and comment of thousands of visitors.

We can highly recommend this mixture to give a perfect and permanent lawn. Can be had with or without White Clover, as desired. Pt. 35 cts.; qt. 65 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 2.25$; pk. $\$ 4$; bus. ( 20 Ibs .) $\$ 15$.

## HOW TO MAKE A LAWN


#### Abstract

A well-made, well-kept lawn is a prieeless possession. Nothing is more universally admired and sought for by people of good taste and diserimination. A good lawn requires intelligent effort and care. The main thing is to start right. The materials and foundation determine the quality of a lawn as much as of a building of brick and mortar.

The soil should be graded, spaded or plowed, harrowed or raked, and fertilized with a complete grass fertilizer. Unless barnyard manure is very old and rotten, it is likely to contain weed seeds whieh eause trouble. The surface should be pulverized and made as smooth as possible, removing clods, sticks, roots, and stones.

Well-cleaned grass seed should be chosen, eonsisting of a proper mixture of grasses suited to the locality and the particular Iocation. Good seed makes a better Iawn than sod. When the ground has settled and has been rolled firm, sow the seed evenly and thickly, at the rate of 5 bushels to the aere. Choose a still day and make two sowings at right angles to each other to insure even distribution. A light sifting of rich soil over the seed is beneficial, or it may be lightly seratched with a rake. Firm the surface afterward with a roller or by vigorous blows with the flat of the spade. If the sowing ean be done shortly in advance of a light


rain it is very fortunate, but, at all events, a newly seeded lawn should not be permitted to become dried out until the grass is up and fairly well established.

Cut the new grass as soon as it will engage the blades of the mower and keep it eut regularly. AII Iawns, even those that are well established, should be watered well in hot, dry weather.

OId lawns should be reseeded lightly every season to maintain vigorous growth and to discourage weeds. This can be done in either spring or fall, and should follow a light raking. Two bushels, or 40 pounds, to the aere are sufficient, and it should be rolled or patted into the soil.

Sow grass seed in aII holes where weeds have been dug. Should dead spots appear in the lawn, spade them up, working plenty of fertilizer into the soil and sow seed at the rate of 1 quart for every 100 square feet, keeping the spots well rolled and watered. An annual application of a complete grass fertilizer should be given every spring, applying it at the rate of 800 pounds to the acre.
In the latitude of Philadelphia, the seed may usually be sown from Mareh 20 to June 20 and from August 15 to Oetober 15, preferably in the early spring or early fall to get the benefit of the rains.


# WATERER'S GRASS SEED MIXTURES FOR LAWNS AND PLEASURE GROUNDS 

EQUAL TO ANY - SUPERIOR TO MANY - SECOND TO NONE

## WATERER'S SUPER LAWN GRASS MIXTURE

## (Formerly Waterer's Best)

A combination of various American and European types of fine-leaved, decp-rooting grasses of interweaving habit, that flourish under our trying conditions of sunshine and drought, and good, bad and indifferent soils, growing during different periods of the year, so that it maintains a close, velvety surface which does not burn brown in summer and is not killed by hard freezing. This Super Mixture has been given the utmost care and selection to keep it strictly of the highest grade, to insure a perfect and Iuxuriant Iawn with elosely interwoven, firm, elastic turf. Pt. 30 cts.; qt. 50 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 1.75$; pk. $\$ 3.25$; bus. (20 Ibs.) $\$ 12$.

## WATERER'S SPECIAL EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE

is composed of the best natural lawn grasses in the proper proportions of enough varieties to insure a good stand of grass in a wide diversity of soils and situations. It includes sorts for both dry and damp soils, for acid and limey ground, and, in fact, there are seeds of enough varietics for different purposes to make sure of a smooth even stand and a lawn continually green and flourishing under almost all ordinary conditions of climate, and able to withstand hard usage. In other words, it is as near foolproof as we know how to make it, and will grow anywhere for anybody. Pt. 25 cts.; qt. 45 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 1.50$; pk. $\$ 2.75$; bus. (20 lbs.) $\$ 10$.

## WATERER'S MIXTURE FOR SHADY PLACES

There are always spots under trecs and in the shadow of buildings where the sun-loving grasses will not grow. For places of this kind we have prepared a eareful mixture of those grasses which naturally thrive in the shade. This mixture consists of the highest grade of recleaned seeds, and should produce a good lawn in difficult shady places. Even shade-Ioving grasses will not grow under trees without being watered because the tree roots are very greedy and absorb the moisture from the surface quickly. Pt. 30 cts.; qt. 50 cts .; 4 qts. \$1.75; pk. \$3; bus. (20 lbs.) \$11.

## WATERER'S POPULAR EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE

In this mixture the quantities of some of the more expensive grasses are reduced or left out. Produces a thick turf, well adapted to hard usage. Pt. 20 cts.; qt. 35 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 1.25 ; \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.25$; bus. (20 lbs.) $\$ 8$.

## WATERER'S FAIRMOUNT PARK MIXTURE

A superior grade of lawn grasses of the more enduring, strongrooting, drought-resisting kinds, blended to form a high-class utility mixture for broad planting of wide spaces. Pt. 15 cts ; qt. 25 cts. $; 4$ qts. 95 cts.; pk. $\$ 1.75$; bus. $\$ 6$.

## WATERER'S GRASS SEED MIXTURES

## WATERER'S TERRACE MIXTURE

A special mixture of grasses best suited for sowing on terraces and side-hills-grasses that produce strgng, spreading roots, thus preventing heavy rains from washing them out, that will withstand drought and exposure, thrive on shallow soils and at the same time produce a rich green turf throughout the season. Pt. 25 cts.; qt. 45 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 1.50 ; p k . \$ 2.75$; bus. (20 Ibs.) $\$ 10$.

## WATERER'S SEASHORE LAWN GRASS SEED

A special mixture of grasses peculiarly suited for seaside lawns, composed of strong-rooted varieties which will quickly produce a good turf. Pt. 25 cts.; qt. 45 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 1.50$; pk. $\$ 2.75$; bus. ( 20 lbs .) $\$ 10$.

## WATERER'S TENNIS COURT MIXTURE

A mixture of fine grasses for tennis courts, which will make a firm, green and lasting turf. Pt. 25 cts.; qt. 45 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 1.50 ; \mathrm{pk} . \$ 2.75$; bus. (20 Ibs.) $\$ 10$.

## SPECIAL FORMULAS

We shall be pleased at all times to submit prices of, or to prepare mixtures for any purpose whatever according to the customer's own formula.

## WATERER'S ATHLETIC FIELD MIXTURE

The grasses in this mixture are carefully selected for their rapid growth, deep-rooting qualities, and durability, and will furnish a permanent sod that will withstand hard usage. Pt. 20 cts.; qt. 35 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 1.25 ;$ pk. $\$ 2.25$; bus. $\$ 8$.

## WATERER'S GOLF LINKS MIXTURE

The grasses in this mixture will produce a rich green turf that will resist tramping and hard wear and will retain its color during the severest drought. Sow 100 pounds to the acre. Pt. 20 cts ; qt. 35 cts .; 4 qts. $\$ 1.25$; pk. $\$ 2.25$; bus. $\$ 8$.

## WATERER'S PUTTING-GREEN MIXTURE

A mixture of very fine-bladed varieties of grasses suitable for the production of a close, thick, fine turf. Pt. 45 cts.; qt. 85 cts.; 4 qts. $\$ 3$; pk. $\$ 5.50$; bus. ( 25 Ibs .) $\$ 20$.

## WHITE DUTCH CLOVER SEED

Excellent for use on lawns; forms a close herbage and remains green throughout the season. We furnish the choicest grade of sced. Lb. 75 cts.; $5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3.50 ; 10 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 6.75 ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs} \$ .16.75 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 65$.

## Fancy Recleaned Grass Seeds

Owing to the variations in market value, the prices quoted below are subject to change without notice. Write for special prices on larger quantities

Bent, Colonial (Agrostis tenuis). A grass of very splendid appearance, making a fine, close turf, dark green in color. It is adaptable to different soils and various locations and will stand dry weather. It has a spreading habit. Lb. $\$ 1.50$.
Bent, Certified Astoria (Agrostis maritima). This Bent Grass is one of the most vigorous stoloniferous creepers and also spreads under ground by root-stalks or rhizomes, making a deep, reinforced sod. Hardy and grows on a wide range of soils. Excellent for lawns, greens, parks, and playing-fields. Lb. \$1.50.
Bent, Creeping (Agrostis Species or South German Mixed Bent). Composed of different types of Bent Grasses. It is exceptionally useful for lawns or fairways, also for putting greens. Lb. $\$ 1.50$.
Blue Grass, Canada (Poa compressa). A suitable grass for hard, dry soils. Excellent for rooting on steep places. Lb. 50 cts .
Blue Grass, Kentucky (Poa pratensis). This is suited to a variety of soils and is largely used for lawns and as a pasture grass. It is unusually early, and presents a beautiful green appearance in early spring when other grasses are still dormant; revives with first rainfall after a long drought. Sow 60 pounds to the acre. Lb. 35 cts .
Fescue, Chewing's New Zealand (Festuca rubra fallax). Especially recommended for golf putting greens and lawns; succeeds on all soils. Lb. \$1.
Fescue, Fine-leaved Sheep's (Festuca ovina tenuifolia). The leaves are small, wire-like, very fine but tough and stiff. The color is beautiful' dark green. Valuable for lawns subjected to hard wear, tees, and putting greens. Lb. $\$ 1$.
Fescue, Hard (Festuca duriuscula). A dwarf-growing, early, very hardy, robust grass, sueceeding well in dry soils and fine for permanent pasture. Sow 30 pounds to the acre. Lb. 65 cts.
Fescue, Sheep's (Festuca ovina). Short and dense in growth; excellent for lawns. Lb. 65 cts.
Fescue, Meadow (Festuca pratensis). One of the finest grasses for permanent pastures, highly nutritious and relished by stock. Succeeds well in all soils but best on moist land. Robust in habit and grows over a long season. Sow 50 to 70 pounds to the acre. Lb. 35c.
Fescue, Red or Creeping (Festuca rubra). Fine for lawns. Resists drought; valuable for seeding embankments and exposed locations, as it binds the soil. Forms a very close, durable turf; much used on putting greens. Lb. \$1.
Orchard Grass (Dactylis glomerata). A deep-rooted, very nutritious grass; does well in shady places and is of great value for hay and permanent pasture. Lb. 40 cts .
Redtop, Fancy Recleaned (Agrostis vulgaris). An excellent grass for lawns and pastures. We offer only fancy, recleaned seed, entirely free from chaff. Lb. 40 cts.
Rough-stalked Meadow Grass (Poa trivialis). No grass is better adapted for pleasure-grounds, particularly under trees, as it will not only grow in such places, but forms a fine sward where few other grasses can exist. A fine grass for dry ground under baywindows, overlapping roofs and shady side yards. Sow 20 to 25 Ibs . to the acre. Lb. 75 cts .

Ryegrass, English (Lolium perenne). Invaluable for permanent pastures, as it forms compact sward, remains bright and green throughout the season, and is a rapid grower. Sow 60 pounds to the acre. Lb. 30 cts.
Ryegrass, Italian (Lolium italicum). Thrives on any good soil and is unequaled for producing feed early in the spring as well as throughout the season. Responds quickly to rich food and moisture, and is a rapid grower. Sow 60 lbs . to the acre. Lb. 25 cts. Timothy (Pbleum pratense). XXX fancy, recleaned. Either alone or with redtop and clover, it furnishes the best hay. Lb. 15 cts.


## WATERER'S PERMANENT PASTURE AND HAY MIXTURE

Far superior to any other mixture for producing permanent hay and pasture. A mixture of varieties whieh will form a permanent pasture that lasts for years. Composed chiefly of native and aeclimated grasses, whieh have been found to be best. These are blended in their proper proportions to give the desired results. Sow on new land which has been plowed and harrowed, at the rate of 60 pounds per aere; on ground partly covered, about 30 pounds per acre. Pk. $\$ 2.25$; bus. ( 20 lbs ) $\$ 7.50$.

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## RECENT



Aquilegia clematiflora

## AGERATUM, Blue Ball Improved Strain

The plants are compact and about 4 inches high, with growth most uniform and even. The broad green foliage is almost completely smothered with flowers of the richest shade of blue. See color plate, page 9. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## AGERATUM King of the Blues

None of our hardy or half-hardy annuals can excel the dwarf form of Ageratum mexicanum for edgings, small beds, and ribbon borders, eontinuing in bloom, as it does, practically all the summer. This new variety possesses in a degree all the qualities the gardener requires. It is a small, tufty, compact plant, literally covered with flowers of the deepest blue, and nearest to a true blue of any sort yet produced. The flowers are not borne in clusters, as in most other kinds, but stand out individually at the end of the pedicels, thus showing up most effectively over the miniature foliage. Pkt. 35 cts.

## AGERATUM, Fairy Pink

A dwarf, compact Ageratum of a delightful soft salmon-rose-pink color. It begins blooming when not more than $11 / 2$ to 2 inches high and continues to grow until it has formed a solid, compact mass of bloom. Its maximum height when in full bloom is not greater than 5 inches. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## ANTIRRHINUM nanum grandiflorum GUINEA GOLD

Bronze Medal, 1939 All-America Selections A very striking Snapdragon, growing dwarf and bushy, with eompact spikes of large flowers, the color being an indeseribable blend of orange, gold and terra-cotta that is most arresting and extremely attractive. Pkt. 25 ets.

## ANTIRRHINUM, Rumson Hill

An Antirrhinum of exeeptional merit for winter forcing; also for outside planting. The color is a brilliant rose, blending perfectly with other flowers. It is the earliest to bloom, has vigor and strength of stem, plus the ability to retain brilliancy of color, even in the hottest weather. Height $21 / 2$ feet. Pkt. $\$ 1$.

## ANTIRRHINUM, Magic Carpet

As rock-gardens still stand high in popular favor, any new, easily grown, and attractive plants suitable for the purpose will receive an eager weleome. This, we are sure, will be the case with this new Antirrhinum, which is a true hybrid between $A$. majus and $A$. Moly, and, being of almost a creeping habit, it nestles amongst the stones and elothes them as with a carpet. The flowers appear in a variety of soft and pleasing colors. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## AQUILEGIA clematiflora

This glorious Columbine is absolutely distinct in petal formation as the blooms greatly resemble clematis. The plants are of medium height, compact habit, and free flowering Colors are delicate pastel shades of pink and blue. Pkt. 50 cts .; Iarge pkt. $\$ 1$.

## AQUILEGIA longissima

Delicate pale yellow flowers with very long spurs-often 4 inches long. Strikingly graceful and deserves a permanent place among our choicest perennials. Pkt. 50 cts.; Iarge pkt. \$1.

Aquilegia longissima


AQUILEGIA, Waterer's Superb Long-Spurred Hybrids
This strain, the result of many years of selection, produces flowers of very large size, with broad petals of perfect form and great length of spurs. The colors include rich shades as well as new and delicate tints. Pkt. 25 cts.; Iarge pkt. 75 cts .

## ALYSSUM maritimum nanum, Violet Queen

The white-flowering Sweet Alyssum, with its honey-like odor, has long been an indispensable garden favorite, more especially the dwarf, compact forms whieh are of such charming effect as edgings in the make-up of summer borders. The flowers of this new variety, however, have a character peculiarly their own, being a very pretty bright violet tint. A pleasing alternative to the old favorite white-flowering varieties. Pkt. 35 cts .

## ASTER, Wilt-Resistant, Early Giant, Light Blue

## Silver Medal, 1939 All-America Selections

Extremely large flowers with broad, graceful petals, daintily plumed and intertwined. The color is a clear, rich light blue which blends in beautifully with either deeper or lighter tones. Splendid cutting and keeping quality. Height $21 / 2$ to 3 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.

## NEW SUPER-GIANT ASTER

Extremely large, graceful flowers with daintily interlaced, plume-like petals. Plants reach a height of $21 / 2$ to 3 feet and are very early fiowering.
Los Angeles. Lovely soft shell-pink, blending to creamy pink at the eenter.
El Monte. Deep, glowing crimson. Special Mention, 1936 ÁII-America Selections.

Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## ASTER, Wilt-Resistant, Crego Enchantress

An entirely new color in Asters-a luscious shade of lively salmon-rose. The flowers are large, of good substance, and are produced on free-flowering, branching, wilt-resistant plants which bloom in early September. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts .


## RECENT NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES for 1939

## BALSAM Double Bush-flowered

Compact plants about 8 inches tall, entirely covered with double flowers produced at the tips of the stems, making a show of flowers rather than foliage, as in the ordinary types.
Torch. Brilliant vermilion-red. Pkt. 20 cts ; Iarge pkt. 50 cts.
Mixed. Attractive colors. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## COSMOS, Sensation

Flowers are 4 to 6 inches in diameter, with broad, heavy, fluted petals which slightly overlap, giving a very full single flower, ideal for cut-flower use. These large flowers are freely produced on plants which reach a height of 3 to 4 feet. It blooms within eight to ten weeks from the time seed is sown. Much easier to use than the old types.
Pinkie. A delightful clear rose-
pink. See color plate, page 9. Purity. Glistening white. Mixed
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## COSMOS

## Double, Sensation Mixed

A new double form of the earlyflowering Sensation Cosmos. Two forms of double flowers are found, the regular double crested and the newer and novel fluted types, both averaging from $41 / 2$ to 5 inches across. The fluted flowers are in a variety of shapes and forms, some with 15 to 20 extra petals growing out from the center. The colors are. White, Pink, and Crimson. Height 3 to 4 feet. Pkt. 25 cts.

## CALLIOPSIS <br> Golden Crown

A semi-double form of C. Drummondi, with flowers one-third Iarger, of a rich golden yellow with a reddish brown zone. It has a pleasing fragrance and is nice for cutting with 12 -inch wiry stems. Award of Merit, 1938 All-America Selections. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .

## CORNFLOWER Lilac Lady

A counterpart in habit of the well-known Cornflower, Jubilee Gem, with flowers of an attractive shade of bright lilac-mauve. Pkt. 35 cts.


Balsam, Double Bush-flowered


## CORNFLOWER (Centaurea Cyanus)

## New Extra-Double Strain

The flowers of this strain are large, fully double, and the color intensified. Long stems for cutting.
Blue Boy. Rich blue.
Black Boy. Blackish maroon.
Pinkie. Deep pink.
Red Boy. Deep red.
Snowman. Pure white.
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 5 colors, 60 cts.

## CORNFLOWER Jubilee Gem

This is a dwarf variety of Cornflower, making a compact plant fiterally covered with double flowers of a vivid dark blue. The plant is about 12 inches high. Easy to grow, it is "everyone's" flower and is adaptable for edging or as a border plant; it is a fine cutflower, and, above aII, it may be sown outside in the autumn for spring flowering, or in the spring for summer flowering. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .

## CUPHEA, Firefly

Its flowers are small and delicately formea, fiery cerise-red in color, and are freely produced on compact plants which reach a height of about 10 inches, recommending itself at once as a subject for the rockery, for window-boxes, or as a border or edging plant. It is an annual, flowering readily in twelve weeks from seed and blooming profusely throughout the summer months. See color plate, page 9. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## ANNUAL HOLLYHOCK

## Indian Spring

Silver Medal, 1939 All-America Selections
This Semi-double Annual Hollyhock should be sown in early spring, to be transplanted some six weeks later. Ten weeks later it will be in full bloom, with flowers in lovely shades of pink. Indian Spring throws a central stem from base of the plant which attains a height of from 4 to 6 feet, with secondary blooms developing on side shoots after main flowering stem has been cut away. See color plate, second cover. Pkt. 35 cts.


Delphinium Hybrids, Pacific Strain

## COTYLEDON simplicifolia

A gem for the sunny rockery. In June and July the 6 - to 8 -inch pendent spikes of small golden yellow bells hang down over sedumlike leaves. Pkt. 25 cts.


Cynoglossum, Firmament

## DELPHINIUM HYBRIDS

## PACIFIC STRAIN

A strain of Delphinium Hybrids acclaimed not only by amateurs but also by experts as the most prominent in America. Beautifully proportioned spikes, 3 to 5 feet in height, with only 1 to 2 feet of foliage. The stems are of a thin, wiry character, resisting strong winds, and with mildew-resistant foliage predominating. Individual flowers average 2 to 3 inches in diameter, of beautiful form and clear colors.

## Three Superb Named Varieties

KING ARTHUR. Rich royal purple with velvety texture and large white bee.
GUINEVERE. Clear lavender-pink selftones with white bee. Individual flowers very large.
SUMMER SKIES. Clear sky-blue with white bee. Very large flower.

Each, pkt. \$1; 1/80z. \$5
Pure White. Clear, glistening white. Large flowers of fine form well placed on nicely balanced spikes. Pkt. $\$ 1$; $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 5$.

## Lavender Shades <br> Light Blue Shades <br> Dark Blue Shades Pastel Shades

Pacific Hybrids, Mixed. Contains a wide range of blues and pastel shades.
Each, pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1.50 ; 1 / 80$ z. $\$ 3.50$ I
All our seed of Pacific Strain Delphinium is from the originator, Vetterle \& Reinelt


Cotyledon simplicifolia

## GAILLARDIA grandiflora GOBLIN

The first really dwarf, compact perennial Gaillardia especially suited to the rockery. The neat plants reach a height of 12 to 16 inches and are closely covered with large, showy, yellow-bordered deep red flowers. Plant in the perennial border. Seed sown in March or April will flower the same year. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## CYNOGLOSSUM, Firmament

Bronze Medal, 1939 All-America Selections
The plants form healthy, leafy, compact bushes 15 to 18 inches tall, with numerous evenly spaced flower panicles, thickly covered with bright indigo-blue flowers resembling forget-me-nots. Pkt. 35 cts .

## DAHLIAS

UNWIN'S IDEAL BEDDING. Graceful, semi-double flowers are borne very freely and embrace a very wide range of color, those of no two plants being exactly alike. They make very fine cut-flowers, blooming from June until frost. They bloom within 3 to $31 / 2$ months from time of sowing. Plant 18 to 20 inches apart. 24 inches high. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.

## DOBBIE'S NEW ORCHID-FLOWERED.

 A Single Dahlia of medium size; its peculiar form of petals, which curl over toward their centers, has given rise to its name. Colors are almost bewildering in their variety and blending, while the reverse of the petals is distinct from the ground-color, and often the petals are fluted and pointed. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.ZULU STRAIN, MIXED. Most effective for bedding. The plants are compact, of medium height (about 3 feet), and carry double flowers, mostly of varying tones of crimson and scarlet, but with the addition of a few orange and golden colors. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## IPOMOEA (Morning-Glory) SCARLETT O'HARA

Gold Medal, 1939 All-America Selections
Scarlett O'Hara is an entirely new color in this popular garden flower-rich dark winered or deep rosy crimson. While the flowers are not quite as large as the Heavenly Blue Morning-Glory, they are of good size-about 4 inches in diameter,-freely produced on fast-growing vines which start blooming within 65 days after seed is sown. They are very showy for covering a fence or trellis. See color plate, second cover. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.

## LARKSPUR Giant Imperial, Cockade Type A New Type of Improved Habis

Distinguished by their erect, lithe, yet compact habit, long flower-spikes and fuII, double flowers.
BLUE COCKADE. A new shade of rich Iilac-blue. CINNABAR COCKADE. A rich, brilliant rose-red.
SAPPHIRE COCKADE. Deep Iilac, with outside petals shading to a deep violet.
VIOLET COCKADE. Rich violet-purple
Each, pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.


Gaillardia grandiflora, Goblin

## RECENT NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES for 1939

## MARIGOLD <br> INCURVED CHRYSANTHEMUMFLOWERED

Identical in form of flower to a lovely incurved chrysanthemum. The plants are very floriferous and the stems are good and strong for cutting. All colors are true and blooms 100 per cent double. Grows 3 fect high.

## Orange

Golden Orange Mixed Colors
Each, pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 3 colors, 50 cts

## MARIGOLD, Dwarf French GOLDEN HARMONY

The flower is of the quilled type and has a row of broad guard petals on the outer edge. The color is a luminous golden vellow-both the quilled center and guard petals hold the same bright color. The plants are 12 inches tall and very floriferous. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.

## MARIGOLD Dwarf Double French HARMONY

Scabiosa-like flowers of a bright golden rellow, bordered with rich maroon-red. Plants about 12 inches high, of bushy habit. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/4oz. 40 cts.; oz. $\$ 1.25$.

## MARIGOLD, Gigantea ORANGE SUNSET

Like its parent variety, Sunset Giants, Orange Sunset has large ( 5 inches or over) flowers. The color is a deep rich lively orange. Pkt. 25 cts.; Iarge pkt. 75 cts.

## MARIGOLD, Gigantea SUNSET GIANTS

Immense flowers averaging 5 to 7 inches across with a definite sweet fragrance. They are loosely formed, very full centered, with broad, heavy petals. The mixture ranges from deep orange, through golden orange, deep golden, light yellow, lemon, and primrose. 60 to 65 per cent double. Normally 4 feet high. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.


## MARIGOLD <br> CARNATION-FLOWERED

GUINEA GOLD. Pyramidal plants, $21 / 2$ feet high, producing a continuous abundance of semi-double, loosely ruffled flowers 2 to $21 / 2$ inches across, of a brilliant shade of orange flushed gold. The characteristic Marigold odor is much less pungent than in other sorts. Pkt. 10 ets.; $1 / 40 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts.; oz. \$1.
GOLDEN EAGLE. Closely related to the popular variety, Guinea Gold, and has the same habit, hcight, and form of flower, but the color is a delightful shade of Iuminous gold, pleasing and distinctive. The usual Marigold odor is practically lacking. Pkt. 15 cts . Iarge pkt. 40 cts .
LEMON GEM. Another companion to Guinea Gold, with type, height, and habit exactly the same. The color is rich lemonyellow, a few shades decper than Yellow Supreme. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
YELLOW SUPREME. Large, rich creamy lemon-yellow flowers of mild honey fragrance. The foliage, as in Guinea Gold, is practically free from that objectionable Marigold odor. See color plate, page 35. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 40 z .50$ cts.; oz. $\$ 1.75$.
TOM THUMB, GOLDEN CROWN. This novelty is a dwarf form of the well-known Guinea Gold, about 10 inches high, possessing all the merits of its parent. The bright golden yellow flowers, larger and of the same elegant shape and firm substance, are produced in great abundance, often to the number of 25 to 30 on a full-grown plant. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 5
Carnation-flowered Marigolds, 50 cts .


Marigold, Guinea Gold

## MARIGOLD, Collarette CROWN OF GOLD

Winner of the Gold Medal in the AllAmerica Seed Selections for 1937
An entirely new type of Marigold. The crown and the collarctte of big broad petals are of a bright, clear golden orange. The flowers are slightly sweet secnted and the foliage is frec of the usual Marigold odor. Farly flowering and vcry Iloriferous. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.


## LUPINS, Russell

These remarkable Lupins are the result of the continuous labor for many years of the enthusiastic grower whose name they bear The chief features of this wonderful strain are the giant size of the spikes of bloom, which are often $31 / 2$ feet in length; the fanlike shape of the large individual flowers, the standards being expanded like that of a sweet pea; and their enormous range and the unique character of their coloring-pure yellows, oranges, and rich bright crimsonsand most attractive bicolors. Awarded the Royal Horticultural Society's Gold Medal in 1937.

Two grades of seed are now available in growers' sealed packets.
Re-Selected Stock. Seed saved from named varieties of proved merit and packed under a red scal. Pkt. ( 12 seeds) 25 cts.; 50 seeds 65 cts.; 120 seeds $\$ 1.25$.
Original Stock. Packed under the blue seal. Pkt. (10 seeds) 15 cts.; 24 seeds 25 cts.; 80 seeds 65 cts.


Marigold, Tom Thumb, Golden Crow


Dwarf Giant Fringed Petunia All-Double Victorious


Nolana lanceolata, Blue Ensign

## MICROSPERMA GOLDEN TASSEL

A very attractive plant suitable for greenhouse or border. Grows about 8 inches high forming a compact, upright-growing plant with handsome light green foliage. The bright chrome-yellow flowers consist of a graceful 5-lobed trumpet-shaped corolla 2 inches across adorned with a multitude of similarly colored stamens. Seed should be sown late February or March in grecnhouse and plants transferred outdoors end of May. Pkt. 30 cts.

## NIEREMBERGIA HIPPOMANICA

A half-hardy perennial best treated as an annual, blooming in about 15 weeks after seed is sown. This beautiful solanaceous plant is an admirable subject for edging, in the rock-garden, window-box, or grown in pots. Plants are definitely dwarf, not over 5 to 6 inches tall, with a spread of only 8 to 10 inches. It forms a cushion of elegant light green foliage from which emerge corymbs of salver-shaped flowers of a lovely lavender-blue shade, adorned with a clear yellow eye. Sce color plate, page 9. Pkt. 25 cts.; Iarge pkt. 75 cts.

## NOLANA lanceolata, Improved bLUE ENSIGN

Lovely, large, ultramarinc-blue flowers with pure white centers. It may be grown either in the greenhouse or open ground. Grows 12 to 15 inches high. Seed should be sown in spring and plants transferred to garden about end of April or it may be sown outdoors in May where the plants are to bloom. Pkt. 30 cts.

## PETUNIA <br> Grandiflora nana compacta VELVET BALL

## Bronze Medal, 1939 All-America Selections

A bedding Petunia of perfect, compact habit and free-flowering character. The plants reach a height of about 8 inches, with a spread of only 8 to 10 inches. A dozen or more flowers are usually in bloom at a time, each comparatively large (about $21 / 2$ inches in diamcter), well shaped, and of a deep, luscious snade of velvety blood-red. See color plate, page 36. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.

## PETUNIA TOPAZ ROSE

A rose-colored bedding Petunia of upright growth that will neither fade nor burn under the lottest sun. Topaz Rose is a fiery velvety rose of a brilliancy seldom seen. It is slightly suffused with gold which gives it its fiery appearance, and the throat is the color of the topaz. Grows 15 inches high. Special Mention, 1938 All-America Selections. See color plate, page 36 . Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## PHLOX Drummondi gigantea ART SHADES

A new strain of Pblox Drummondi, with flowers $11 / 4$ to $11 / 2$ inches in diameter. It has a wonderful range of color in soft art shades. There is a complete absence of harsh colors in this wonderful mixture, and it should appeal to those who are looking for soft color effects in their gardens. Plants about 9 inches high. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## PHLOX Drummondi gigantea <br> SALMON GLORY

Silver Medal, 1939 All-America Selections
This beautiful Annual Phlox, growing about 10 inches high, is a prolific bloomer. The florets and trusses are enornous, the individual florets measuring $11 / 2$ inches in diameter. Color is a pure salmon-pink with a distinct creamy white eye and with its clear clean, crisp appearance, makes one of the most beautiful color combinations we have ever seen. Salmon Glory will prove one of the outstanding novelties of the year. See color plate, page 10. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.


Petunia, Salmon Supreme



AGERATUM, Blue Ball Improved
Pkt. 20c.; large pkt. 50c.
For description, see page 4



ANNUAL LARKSPUR, Giant Imperial, Mixed Pkt. 15c.; large pkt. 40c. COLLECTION: One packet each ( 6 colors) our selection, 75c
COLLECTION: One packet each (12 colors), $\$ 1.25$ For description, see page 34

(4i)
PHLOX GIGANTEA, Salmon Glory Pkt. 25c.; large pkt. 75 c .
SILVER MEDAL For description, see page 8


PHLOX DRUMMONDI, Mixed Colors
Pkt. 10c.; $1 / 4$ oz. 40c.; oz. $\$ 1.25$
COLLECTION: One packet each of 9 colors, 65 c.
For description, see page 42


ANTIRRHINUM, Super-Majestic, Mixed. Rust-resistant Strain Pkt. 20c.; large pkt. 50 c .

## RECENT NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES for 1939



Scabiosa, Peach Blossom

## NEW GIANT SCABIOSA

Blue CoCKADE. Purest deep azure-blue, entirely devoid of any suggestion of rose. The formation of the flower is of so great a depth as to be almost conical in shape.
LOVELINESS. A glorious new color in Annual Scabiosassoft, delicate salmon-rose. It has long, stiff stems and a delightful fragrance.
ORCHID SHADES. All the colors of the Cattleya orchid - light to deep mother-of-pearl-pink, rich mauves, crushed strawberry, orchid, and royal purple. Some of the flowers are two-toned, such as deep pink with light pink center, rich mauve with lilac center, deep lavender with purple center. Large flowers on very long, strong stems.

PEACH BLOSSOM. Flowers beautifuI shade of peach-blossom-pink, of large size and borne on long stems.
ROSETTE. A glorious new color in annual Scabiosas-a beautiful shade of deep rose, heavily suflused with salmon.
SALMON BEAUTY. A pure salmon in color, huge flowers on tall strong stems.

SHASTA, IMPROVED. Large pure white flowers, $31 / 2$ inches across, with long stems.

Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above, 75 cts .

## SCABIOSA, Imperial Giant BLUE MOON

Honorable Mention, 1939 All-America Selections

Large conc- or beehive-shaped flowers of an attractive decp lavender-blue. Plants are extremely upright, growing $31 / 2$ to 4 feet in height, and the long, heavy, yet wiry stems hold the large, beautifully shaped flowers proudly crect. Sec color plate, sccond cover. Pkt. 25 cts ; large pkt. 75 cts.

## VERBENA, Dwarf Erect blUe SENTINEL

Bronze Medal, 1939 All-America Selections The plants are dwarf, compact, erectgrowing, 10 inches high, 20 inches wide, and are much branched, every upright stem bearing an attractive head of rich blue flowers. When in full bloom, each plant bears from 40 to 50 of these clusters. The flower-heads are round and well formed, about 2 inches across, and bear about 25 florets at one time. These individual florets measure $3 / 4$ inch across and are a rich royal violet-blue, made especially beautiful by a decp velvety lustre. Pkt. 25 cts.


## VERBENA BONARIENSIS

This hardy perennial Verbena, blooming from June throughout the summer, makes an ideal plant for the hardy border. It has very sweetly scented flowers of a rosy lavender shade which are borne on long, stiff stems. The habit of the plant is very branching but the flowers are carried at the same levelat the top of the plant. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
Verbena hybrida grandiflora, Apple Blossom

## VERBENAS New Giant-Flowered

A magnificent strain of Verbenas of robust, compact habit, and free blooming. The trusses are immense, the individual florets measuring an inch or more in diameter.
APPLE BLOSSOM. A delightful new color in Verbenas. The florcts are almost white, shading to a cameo-pink toward the edgcs. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
BEAUTY OF OXFORD HYBRIDS. The individual florets measure over 1 inch in diameter and the color shades from clear rose-pink to rose-red. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts .
LAVENDER GLORY. True lavender, with a creamy white cye. It is also distinctly and sweetly fragrant. Pkt. 20c.; large pkt. 50c.
CERISE QUEEN. A beautiful soft salmoncerise, quite a new shade in Verbenas. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
CRIMSON GLOW. Rich glowing crimson. The individual florets are of good size. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
ROYALE. The color is a rich, deep royal blue, with a large creamy yellow eyc. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
SPECTRUM RED. Intense bright rad. The absence of any eye makes it the most brilliant and dazzling of any Verbena. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts. COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 7 varieties, $\$ 1$


Verbena Bonariensis

## RECENT NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES for 1939



## ZINNIA, Scabiousflowered AUTUMN TINTS

The strain is composed of a mixture of rich autumn shades such as burnt orange, deep russet, bronzy red, etc. Flowers are of medium size with the characteristic crested center surrounded by a row of guard petals produced on plants $21 / 2$ to 3 feet tall. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## ZINNIA, Lilliput PASTEL MIXTURE

Lovely soft shades of apricot, peach, creamy yellow, shell-pink, delicate salmon, light rose, and orchid which are prime favorites as cut-flowers. The plants are 12 to 15 inches in height, neat in habit, compact growing and very free flowering. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 4$ oz. 50 cts.; oz. $\$ 1.75$.

Zinnia, Scabious-flowered

## ZINNIA, Fantasy

Informal, shaggy, graceful, and interesting, it is distinct from the stiff, formal Zinnia to which we are accustomed. The color-range includes the brightest shades of red, yellow, and orange, as well as the popular pastel pinks and cream. The rounded, mediunisized flowers lend themselves gracefully to flower arrangement.
ORANGE LADY. New. A rich shade of deep bright orange. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
ROSALIE. New. Bright intense rose. Stronggrowing and free-flowering. Pkt. 20 cts.; Iarge pkt. 50 cts.
White light. New. Pure white. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
STAR DUST. Rich deep golden yellow. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

MIXED. Includes the brightest shades in red, yellow, orange, as well as the popular pastel pinks and creams. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## ZINNIA linearis

The single flowers are deep golden orange in color, with a delicate light yellow stripe which contrasts boldly with the dark center. Plants reach a height of 8 to 10 inches with a spread of as much as 2 feet and are a solid mass of color for several weeks. One of the finest novelties. Pkt. 15 cts ; large pkt. 40 cts .

## ZINNIA Gaillardia-flowered NAVAJO

Flowers are of medium size, double and semi-double. The outer one-third of each petal is heavily tipped white, creamy white, or creamy yellow, or a lighter color than the center of the flower. The vivid colorings remind onc of those seen in a Navajo rug. Plants are about 2 fect tall and very free flowering. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.


A magnificent development of this old garden favorite, the flowers being of exceptional size, often 2 inches across. They arc produced in great numbers and display an immense variety of coloring from white to cream, yellow, scarlet, purple, and crimson. Borne on strong stems, excellent for cutting, as well as making a fine show in the garden. Pkt. 35 cts.

## TITHONIA speciosa <br> EARLY-FLOWERING STRAIN

An early-flowering strain of this beautiful fall-blooming annual, with large, orange-vermilion flowers on plants 6 feet high. It is extremely showy and excellent as a cut-flower. The flowers will keep) five to six days when cut. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .


2innia, Fantasy, White Light

## ZINNIA, Cupid

The smallest of all the Zinnias. Compact, well-formed plants 1 foot tall. Each of the numerous upright stems bears a miniature, button-like flower which hardly exceeds 1 inch in diameter. Cupid Zinnias are especially adapted for borders, bedding, and the rock-garden; also ideal as a miniature cutflower.

Tiny Tim. Rich scarlet.
Pixie. Bright yellow.
Snowdrop. Pure white. Mixed.
Each, pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 3 colors, 35 cts .

Come to Homebusb Farm in Tulip Time and see all the newest and best Tulips, thousands of ther, in bloom.
Homebusb Farm is on the bistoric Brandywine Battlefield in Cbester County, one mile south of Dilwortbtown, off route 202.

Visit us in Tulip Time.


Polyanthus, Giant Bouquet


Ageratum


Cosmos


Lupins


Primulas


Comet Aster


Delphinium


FLOWERING ANNUALS
Including some perennials which flower the first season from seed. Those marked * are the best for massing in beds and borders.

| Abronia | *Larkspur |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acroclinium | *Linum |
| *Ageratum | Lobelia |
| *Alyssum | *Lupinus |
| *Antirrhinum | *Marigold |
| * Arctotis | Marvel of Peru |
| * Aster | Mignonette |
| Balsam | Myosotis |
| Begonia | *Nasturtium |
| *Calendula | Nemophila |
| *Calliopsis | Nicotiana |
| *Candytuft | *Nigella |
| +Celosia | *Pansy |
| *Centaurea | *Petunia |
| Chinese Wool Flower | Phacelia |
| *Chrysanthemum | *Phlox |
| *Clarkia | Pinks |
| *Coreopsis | *Poppy |
| *Cornflower | Portulaca |
| * Cosmos | Rhodanthe |
| Daisy | Salpiglossis |
| *Dianthus | *Salvia |
| *Dimorphotheca | Saponaria |
| *Eschscholtzia | Scabiosa |
| *Gaillardia | Schizanthus |
| *Godetia | Stevia |
| Gomphrena | *Stocks |
| Gypsophila | Sunflower |
| Helianthus | Sweet Peas |
| Helichrysum | *Tagetes |
| *Hunnemannia | Verbena |
| Jacobaea | *Zinnia |
| FLOWERING | PERENNIALS |
| Aconitum | Heliopsis |
| Adonis | Hollyhock |
| Anchusa | Inula |
| Anemone | Liatris |
| Aquilegia | Lobelia |
| Arenaria | Lupinus |
| Armeria | Lychnis |
| Asclepias | Myosotis |
| Aubrietia | Nierembergia |
| Auricula | Oenothera |
| Bellis | Pentstemon |
| Boltonia | Phlox |
| Campanula | Platycodon |
| Carnation | Polemonium |
| Chelone | Polyanthus |
| Chrysanthemum | Poppy, Orientale |
| Coreopsis | Pyrethrum |
| Daisy | Salvia |
| Delphinium | Saxifraga |
| Dictamnus | Scabiosa Caucasica |
| Digitalis | Shasta Daisy |
| Echinops | Stachys |
| Edelweiss | Statice |
| Eremurus | Sweet William |
| Erigeron | Thalictrum |
| Eryngium | Trollius |
| Eupatorium | Verbascum |
| Gaillardia | Viola |
| Gypsophila | Violet |
| Helianthemum | Wallfower |

FRAGRANT FLOWERS

| Alyssum | Mimulus Moschatus |
| :--- | :--- |
| Candytuft | Nicotiana Affinis |
| Carnation | Polyanthus |
| Centaurea | Scabiosa |
| Cyclamen | Stocks |
| Dictamnus | Sweet Peas |
| Heliotrope | Sweet William |
| Lupinus | Violet |
| Mignonette | Wallfower |

ORNAMENTAL FOLIAGE PLANTS

| Amaranthus | Kochia |
| :--- | :--- |
| Centaurea Candidissima | Pyrethrum |
| Cineraria Maritima | Ricinus |

Coleus

## EDGING AND BORDER PLANTS

Ageratum
Alyssum
Arenaria
Armeria
Armeria
Aubrietia
Begonia
Bellis
Candytuft, Dwarf
Centaurea candidissima
Cineraria maritima
Daisy
Dimorphotheca
Kaulfussia
Lobelia
Leptosiphon

Marigold, French Myosotis
Nasturtium, Tom Thumb
Nemophila
Pansies
Petunia, Rosy Morn
Phacelia
Phlox Drummondi
Polyanthus
Pyrethrum
Stachys
Tagetes signata pumila

Viola
Violet

## VARIETIES FOR SHADED AND

 PARTIALLY SHADED PLACES
## Adlumia

Aquilegia
Auricula
Begonia, Tiberous
Bellis
Cinerari
Cineraria
Daisy
Dictamnus
Digitalis
Godetia
Kenilworth
Lobelia Cardinalis
Mimulus
Myosotis
Nemophila
Polemonium
Polemonium
Polyanth
Primula
Saxifra
Violet

## PLANTS FOR HANGING BASKETS.

ETC.

| Alyssum | Nasturtium |
| :---: | :---: |
| Asparagus Sprengeri | Nierembergia |
| Begonia | Petunia |
| Kenilworth Ivy | Thunbergia |
| Lo belia |  |
| CLIMBING ANNUALS |  |
| Balloon Vine | Echinocystis |
| Canary Bird Vine | Humulus |
| Cardinal Climber | Ipomœa |
| Cobæa Scandens | Momordica |
| Cypress Vine | Nasturtiunı |
| Dolichos | Scarlet Runner Bean |

Nasturtium


Eschscholtzia




Mignonette


## Waterer's Choice Flower Seeds

Our Flower Seeds are all procured from the best sources in America and Europe, and are of the very Highest Quality

CULTURAL HINTS. Flower seeds are usually divided into Annuals, those living one year; Biennials, those living two years, and usually not flowering until the second year; and Perennials, those living from year to year. Annuals may be made to flower much earlier and many Biennials and Perennials may be made to flower the first year by starting early in hotbeds or in a window in the house.

For starting in the house, use a shallow box about 3 inches deep and bore $1 / 2$-inch holes in the bottom for drainage. Fill the box with one-third good loam or garden soil, one-third leaf-mold, and one-third well-rotted manure, mixed thoroughly and sifted through a fine sieve. Press lightly and sow seed on top of the soil, covering thinly and pressing the earth gently with a board. It is a good rule to cover house-suwn seed three times its own depth. But some seeds, such as Celosia Cbildsi, must not be covered even as much as this. Fine seeds, like Petunia, should be sown on top of the ground and just pressed in with the hand, watered with a fine spray, and covered with glass until they cone up, when the glass should be removed. Be careful not to water the young plants too much as it will cause them io damp off.

When the young plants are well out of the seed-leaf, they must be transplanted into boxes, setting them about 1 inch apart, or they may be transplanted into small pots. Transplant to the garden when the ground warms up to assure safety of the plants.

In sowing in the open ground, have the seed-bed well pulverized, cover the seed from five to eight times its size, and press the ground fightly over them to preserve the moisture.


Achillea

## ABUTILON • Flowering Maple

Perpetual-flowering greenhouse shrubs of easiest cultivation, and invaluable for summer bedding or conservatory decoration. Seeds sown in March produce flowering plants the first season. The blooms are bell shaped, and of exquisite texture. 3 to 4 feet.
Extra Choice Mixed. Saved from a Pkt.
splendid collection, in shades of White,
Yellow, Pink, and Crimson
$\$ 025$

## ACHILLEA • Yarrow

Ptarmica, The Pearl. One of the best harcly perennials. A profusion of small, double white flowers all season. Fine for cutting. $21 / 2$ feet

Large pkt. 40 ets.
Filipendula, Gold Cloth. Large vivid yellow flowers. 3 feet Large pkt. 40 ets.
Millefolium, Cerise Queen. Bright cherry-red. 2 feet.

Large pkt. 40 ets

## ABRONIA • Sand Verbena

Umbellata grandiflora. Trailing an-Pkt. nual; rosy lilac, verbena-like flowers. For dry, poor soil and sunny situations 6 inches.

Large pht. 25 cts... $\$ 010$

## ACROCLINIUM • Everlasting

An Everlasting, with pretty, daisy-like flowers. Blooms six to seven weeks after sowing, and grows 1 foot high. Annual. New Large-flowering Double Hy-pkt. brids. Extremely large, double flowers in rich shades of salmon, apricot, pink, rose, and cerise with white and creamy tones . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 40 ets \$0 15

## ACONTTUM . Monkshood

Wilsoni. Clear blue flowers in large trusses. Excellent for eutting. 4 feet. September.....Large pkt. 40 ets..
Napellus. Blue. Hardy perennial plant, with showy panieles of helmet-shaped flowers; does well in shady places. 4 feet. July, August. Large pkt. 40 ets. .

## ADLUMIA . Allegheny Vine

Fungosa (cirrhosa). A graceful, hardy biennial climber with Pkt. beautiful dark rosc flowers and delicate feathery foliage. Excellent for covering trellises, stumps, etc. Large pkt. 25 cts... $\$ 010$

## ADONIS

Vernalis. A hardy perennial with large, bright yellow flowers and elegant foliage. Blooms in April and May. $11 / 2$ feet.

Large pkt. 40 cts .

## AGATHAEA (Felicia)

Amelloides (colestis) (Blue Daisy). Flowers sky-blue with yellow dise. Perennial plants of easy growth, useful in the border, for bedding, and as a pot-plant for conservatory decoration................................. Large pkt. 25 cts.. .

## AGERATUM • Floss Flower

A hardy annual of easy culture, especially valuable for bedding, as it is literally covered with blossoms all summer. Sow early in spring, in boxes to transplant, or outdoors, and thin to 4 to 6 inches. Blue Cap. The flowers are larger than those of Little Blue Star Pkt. and of a decper, rieher blue color. Its small foliage, combined with its regularity of form and compactness of habit, makes this an ideal subject for edging to borders. 6 inches.

Large pkt. 40 cts. . . $\$ 015$
Blue Ball Improved. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Blue Perfection. Large heads of deep blue flowers produeed in abundance. Choice bedder and fine for cutting. 1 foot.

$$
1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{ets} .
$$

Fairy Pink. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
King of the Blues. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Little Dorrit. A mass of blue flowers. 6 inches. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.
Little Dorrit, White. A white form of the above. 6 inches
$1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.
Princess Victoria Louise. A beautiful variety of compaet, even growth, rarely exceeding 8 inehes in height. The flowers are sky-blue with white center. . . . . . . . . . . . $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.

## AGROSTEMMA

Coronaria (Rose of Heaven; Mullein Pink). Hardy perennial, with silvery white leaves and red flowers, borne on long slender stems; fine for cutting. 2 feet........ $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} .$. .

## AMARANTHUS

Hardy annuals, grown especially for their brilliant foliage.
Molten Fire. Deep green and bronze leaves, developing a brilliant head of dazzling carmine-searlct in late summer and fall. 3 to 5 feet

Large pkt. 40 cts.
Tricolor splendens (Joseph's Coat). Plants 3 feet high, with brilliant red, scarlet, and yellow leaves... Large pkt. 25 cts.


Anchusa capensis

## ALYSSUM

Fragrant, hardy annuals and perennials, the annual kinds bearing spikes of small, usually white flowers in great profusion throughout the summer and autumn, and the perennial sorts masses of yellow bloom in early spring. Useful for rock-garden, edging borders and beds of other flowers.
Little Dorrit. This variety forms a perfect little bush Pkt. 1/40z. with miniature white rocket flowers... Oz. 75 cts. . $\$ 010 \quad \$ 0 \quad 25$
Carpet of Snow (Little Gem). The dwarfest of all Alyssums, forming a dense carpet of beautiful white flowers, produced so freely that the foliage can scarcely be seen. 4 inches . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .Oz. $\$ 1$.. 10
Sweet Alyssum (A. maritimum). Of trailing habit; flowers white. . . . . . . . . . . $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts}$; oz. 35 cts..
Lilac Queen. A distinct, new annual variety with pure lilac-colored flowers .................... Oz. $\$ 1$.
Violet Queen. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Lutescens. Upright spikes of creamy yellow flowers. Annual. 6 inches

Oz. 75 cts. .
Saxatile compactum. A pretty perennial Alyssum for roek-gardens and borders. Produces masses of bright yellow flowers in early spring. 9 inches
Saxatile luteum (Silver Queen). Same as above except flowers are sulphur-yellow . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 40 cts. Serpyllifolium. Very dwarf perennial, 4 to 5 inches high, with racemes of pale yellow flowers and rough, hoary leaves. Charming for the rock-garden Largc pkt. 40 cts.

## ANCHUSA

Capensis (Cape Forget-me-not). A very pretty annual, blooming all summer. Large, forget-me-not-like flowers of purest blue, on slender stems. Very attractive in beds and fine for cutting. 2 feet
Capensis, Bluebird. The plants arc of compact habit, with flowers of a vivid indigo-blue. $11 / 2$ feet . . . . ............ Large pkt. 40 cts.
Italica, Dropmore. A lovely blue perennial, blooning during May and June. The flowers of deep gentian-blue are produced in loose clusters on long spikes. 4 feet

10

Italica, Lissadell. Improved form of Dropmore; strong, vigorous growth, growing about 5 feet high; sprays of extra-largc, gentianblue flowers

15
Myosotidiflora. A distinet, dwarf perennial variety from Russia, with clusters of charming blue flowers resembling forget-me-nots. Grows 1 foot high and blooms in May. An effective roek-plant for shady places

Large plt. 75 cts.
25

## ANEMONE • Windflower

Coronaria. Mixed colors. ............................. Large pkt. 25 ets. .. $\$ 010$
St. Brigid (Creagh Castle Strain). A beautiful selection, comprising semidouble and double flowers Large pkt. 40 cts. .

## ANTHEMIS • Hardy Marguerite

Kelwayi. A handsome, hardy perennial, bearing daisy-like lemon-yellow flowers all summer; cxcellent for cutting. 2 feet.......Large pkt. 25 cts. .


Royal Aster


Single Aster


Giant Comet Aster


King Aster

## WATERER'S SUPERB ASTERS

There are few flowers that make a better show in the fall than the Asters. They are, perhaps, the most popular annual flower grown, and justly so on account of their ease of culture, season of bloom, and lasting qualities, both in the garden and as a cut-flower. To be able to cut Asters abundantly and over the longest possible period, you should make several sowings of the early, midseason, and late-flowering types. Sow the seed in shallow boxes in the house or in the hotbed in March; transplant the seedlings 2 inches apart in boxes, when they are large enough to handle; and plant to permanent beds in May. The second sowing can be made in the coldframe the latter part of Apri!. The third sowing should be made the latter part of May. Set the plants of early varieties 10 inches apart in the row, and those of the later varieties 15 to 18 inches apart. The richer the ground the better your flowers will be, and water is very necessary. In the following list you will find not only the standard varieties of merit, but many of the newer sorts which we know are sure to please.

The varieties marked W.R. are Wilt-Resistant and are highly immune to the fusarium wilt disease

## EARLY-FLOWERING ASTERS

## Express, Extra-Early Aster

Early-flowering Asters of great merit, not only for garden purposes but of even more value for early cut-flowers, as they come into bloom in the open ground with us by the middle of July. They are the Iargest early Asters of which we know, of double Comet type, splendid substance and long stems; plants healthy, sturdy, of branching habit, $11 / 2$ feet high; free bloomers.


COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts .

## Queen of the Market W.R.

These well-known, early-flowering Asters are of a branching habit, about $11 / 2$ feet high, and come into bloon directly after the Extra-Early Express. The perfect flowers are borne on long stems and in great variety of colors, making them extremely useful for cutting.

|  |  |  |  | Pkt. | 1/soz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pkt. | 1/8oz. | Light Blue. | \$0 10 | \$0 35 |
| Crimson | \$0 10 | \$0 35 | Peach Blossom | 10 | 35 |
| White | 10 | 35 | Purple | 10 | 35 |
| Flesh-Pink | 10 | 35 | Finest Mixed | 10 | 30 |

## Flesh-Pink

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.

## Early Royal w.R.

One of the best early-flowering sorts. It is quite similar in type of flower to the Late Branching, but will come into bloom only about a week Iater than Queen of the Market. Very desirable for beds or


 | Purple......... | 10 | 40 | White............. | 10 | 40 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rose-Pink....... | 10 | 40 | Mixed........... | 10 | 35 |

## COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.

## Single Aster, Southcote Beauty

This fine race of giant single Ostrich Plume Asters has become very popular. The large flowers have long, perfectly formed petals, but the golden yellow centers are comparatively small. They are carried on long, stiff stems, 12 to 20 inches in length. Of branching habit, they attain a height of 2 to $21 / 2$ feet and are unrivaled for cutting and house decoration.

|  | Pkt. | 1/80z. |  | Pkt. | 1/80z. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dark Blue. | \$0 15 | \$0 50 | Scarlet. | . \$0 15 | \$0 50 |
| Light Blue | 15 | 50 | White. | 15 | 50 |
| Rose | 15 | 50 | Mixed. | 15 | 50 |

[^1]
## MIDSEASON ASTERS

## California Giants

Crego or Ostrich Feather type, having very robust habit and long stens. Flowers are much larger and more substantial than the Crego, often measuring 5 to 6 inches in diameter. A good keeper and makes an excellent shipping flower. Their immense size and beauty, as well as their long and sturdy stems, make them very attractive for both garden and vase.


## COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 7 colors, 85 cts. Giant Comet W.R.

An ideal class for cut-flowers, being not only most profuse bloomers, but each individual flower is borne on a stiff stem and resembles an exquisitely curled and twisted Japanese chrysanthemum. 2 feet.

|  | Pkt. | 1/8oz. |  | Pkt. | I/8oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White | 10 | \$0 40 | Light Blue | \$0 10 | \$0 40 |
| Shell-Pink | 10 | 40 | Purple | 10 | 40 |
| Rose | 10 | 40 | Finest Mixed | 10 | 35 |
| Crimson | 10 | 40 |  |  |  |

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.

## King W.R.

A magnificent class of Asters, distinct from all others in the character of the flower. The long, narrow petals are folded lengthwise, appearing almost as though quilled. The flowers are of great size and substance and last longer when cut than those of any other class. The plants are large and the stems exceptionally long and strong.


COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.

## Single Giants of California

The flowers are large, measuring 3 to 4 inches across, with stems $11 / 2$ to 2 feet in length, and the petals have a slight twist, which adds a piquant touch to their beauty. In the garden, they add a charming note of simplicity among the fuller types of Asters.


COLLECTION : One pkt. each of above 4 colors, 35 cts.

## LATE-FLOWERING ASTERS

## American Beauty w.R.

This beautiful variety is, beyond doubt, one of the grandest sorts in cultivation. It is of the Late Branching type, growing from 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ fect high. The flowers are large and full, with incurved petals micasuring from 4 to 5 inches in diameter, and are borne on stems from 15 to 20 inches long. Pkt.

| 15to | kt | 1/80z |  | Pkt. | 1/8oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shell-Pink | O 15 | \$0 50 | Purple | \$0 15 | \$0 |
| Deep Rose | 15 | 50 | White. | 15 | 50 |
| Crimson | 15 | 50 | Mixed | 15 | 4 |
| Azure-Blue | 15 | 50 |  |  |  |

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 75 cts.

## Giant Late Branching W.R.

This superb strain is of American origin and is especially adapted to our climatic conditions. The plants form strong, branching bushes, 2 to $21 / 2$ feet highl, bearing on long, strong stems their handsome chrysanthemum-like flowers, which under ordinary cultivation average 4 inches across. The form of the flowers, together with the lengtly of the stems, places them at the head of Asters for cutting. They come into bloom frons two to three weeks after the average type, usually being at their best during September.

|  | Pkt. | 1/0z. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crimson | \$0 10 | \$0 75 | Shell-Pink | \$0 10 | \$0 75 |
| Azure-Blue | 10 | 75 | White | 10 | 75 |
| Purple | 10 | 75 | Finest Mixed | 0 | 60 |
| Rose-Pink | 10 | 75 | Oz. \$1.7 |  |  |

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.


Giant Late Branching Aster

## Aster, Improved California Giant Sunshine

A supremely beautiful new race of Asters. Direct cross between California Giants and the dwarf Sunslime type. The plants grow 3 feet high and bear blooms 5 to 6 inches across, on long, stiff stems. In color the lovely dual-tone cffect beggars description. The yellow, quill-like disc is encircled by a single row of contrasting guard petals. Blue Moon. Blue, ycllow center.
Lavender. Yellow center.
Moonbeam. White, orange center.
Rainbow. Rosc-pink, orange center.
Shell-Pink. White and lenion center
Stratosphere. Dark blue, orange center.
Mixed Colors.
Each, pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, $\$ 1$


California Giant Sunshine Aster

## Seven Superb Asters

AURORA, GOLDEN SHEAF. W.R. The deepest yellow Aster set offered. Flowers fully double with attractive crest-like center. Pkt. 15 cts ; large pkt. 40 cts.
EL MONTE. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Early Giant, Light blue. W.R. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
HEART OF FRANCE. W.R. The finest rich dark red branching Aster, blooming in late August. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
LOS ANGELES. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
PEERLESS PINK. W.R. The finest pink of the late branching Asters. Plants are of robust, free-branching habit, bearing magnificent blooms 4 to 5 inches in diameter on 18 -inch stems. The color is a rich shell-pink. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .
PEERLESS YELLOW. W.R. The best yellow Aster. Plants grow 2 feet tall, with flowers of good size and form. The color is a deep. yellow, fading slightly as it ages. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## Hardy Perennial Asters

Alpina, Goliath. Soft blue flowers with vellow centers in Mav and Junc. 1 foot. Excellent for rockery. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts. Subcseruleus, Delight. GracefuI, lavender-blue flower with yellow disc, measuring morc than 4 inches across, on stems 28 inches long. Blooms in May and June. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Mixed (Michaelmas Daisy). These are the popular, fall-flowering, hardy Asters. They bear masses of single, star-like flowers in a fine range of colors. 4 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .


Hardy Perennial Asters

## Antirrhinum • Snapdragon

Seed should be sown either in the house from February on or in hotbeds from March onward. Snapdragons belong to the aristocrats of the garden. They appear in the most pleasing shades, are extremely stately in appearance, and useful in unlimited degree, being fine for both bedding and cutting purposes. They are offered in two classes as to height, the giants growing fully 3 or more feet high; the semi-dwarf, about $11 / 2$ feet. The pretty flowers, which completely encircle the stout stem to fully 1 to $11 / 2$ feet at the top, are very large and from their form their name has been derived. Seed-pods should never be allowed to form, and flower-stalks, after blooming, should be promptly removed. Snapdragons flower continuously


Waterer's Half-Dwarf Snapdragons

## RUST-RESISTANT ANTIRRHINUMS

After many years of intensive research our growers have achieved Rust-resistant Antirrhinums, which makes it possible to grow these desirable flowers in those sections where rust has been prevalent. Their results enable us to offer the following varieties in separate colors which arc far supcrior to the non-resistant types. It is a joy to see these plants with their length of spike, size of blooms and clean, healthy foliage, free from rust.

## ANTIRRHINUM MAXIMUM OR SUPER-GIANTS (Rust-resistant)

This superb type produces the tallest, largest-flowered Snapdragons. Each plant will bear many spikes closely set with inmmense, beautifully formed flowers. Height 3 to 4 feet.
Alaska. Pure white with yellow throat.
Campfire. Pure luminous scarlet with yellow lip.
Canary Bird. Soft canary-yellow.
Crimson. Pure crimson, overlaying a ground of orange, which gives the effect of a fiery crimson.
Fair Lady. Large, beautiful pearly pink flowers.
Loveliness. Pure soft rose-pink.
Indian Summer. Coppery orange-scarlet.
Paradise Rose. Rose-pink.
Swing Time. Soft rose with white tube.
Yellow Giant. Bright deep yellow.
Mixed. A glorious mixture of many colors of this magnificent type. Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 10 colors, $\$ 1.25$

## ANTIRRHINUM, SUPERMAJESTIC <br> (Rust-resistant)

This giant-flowered strain of Snapdragon will be found excellent for borders and general bedding effects, also superb as a cut-flower. The compact, bushy plants carry long spikes of large flowers well above the foliage. Height about 2 feet.
Autumn Glow: Old-rose, suffused amber.
Dainty. Soft pink.
Harmony. Terra-cotta and yellow, shaded rose.
Red Rocket. Bright red.
Rose Sensation. Rose-pink.
Royal Crimson. Garnet-crimson.
Mixed.
Each, pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, \$1.

## LARGE-FLOWERED GIANTS <br> (Majus grandifora. Rust-resistant)

Flower-stems will grow to a height of 3 feet or more and flowers are unusually large, invaluable for cutting. Daintiness. Rose-pink, white tube.
Opal Queen. Delicatepink.
Padre. Crimson.
Defiance. Scarlet.
Shasta. Pure white.
Torchlight. Garnet, suffused orange.
Yellow Jacket. Deep yellow.
Mixed.
Each, pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.; $1 / 8$ oz. 60 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 7 colors,
50 cts.

## HALF-DWARF VARIETIES

These grow about 20 inches in height and produce spikes of flowers of the Iargest size.
Silver-Pink. Soft pearly pink . . . . . . . . \$0 10 \$0 10 \$5
Defiance. Orange-scarlet................... 10 . 35
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Defiance. Orange-scarlet.................. } 10 & 10 \\ \text { Empress. Rich velvety crimson...... } & 35\end{array}$
Prima Donna. Terra-cotta-pink, white
tube.
Amber Queen. Amber, suffused chamois
Peerless Pink. Cameo-pink
Golden Queen. Rich yellow
Gloria. Rich deep rose-pink.
Purity. Pure white.
Mixed. All colors
$10 \quad 3$
$10 \quad 30$

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 9 varieties, 65 cts.
ROCK HYBRIDS. Early-flowering hybrids forming small, compact bushes with variously colored flowers in shades of rose, pink, purple, mauve, and bicolor. Is especially suitable for rockery and edging. 6 inches. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## GREENHOUSE FORCING VARIETIES

Afterglow. Finest deep golden bronze. Pkt. \$1.
Bertha Baur. Lavender or orchid color. Early flowering. Pkt. \$1.25.
Ceylon Court. Canary-yellow. Early and free flowering. Pkt. \$1.
Cheviot Maid Supreme. A glowing clear pink, showing no yellow on the lip. Large flowers on strong stems. Original pkt. $\$ 1.25$.
Coates' Yellow Perfection. Fine deep yellow. Pkt. \$1.
Jennie Schneider. An early-flowering variety of a beautiful Col-umbia-rose-pink. Original pkt. \$1.
Judd's Light Pink. Light rose-pink. Pkt. \$1.
Lucky Strike. Large-flowering white. Stems 3 to 4 feet. Sow early for winter blooming. Pkt. \$1.
New Cincinnati. The finest light rose. Pkt. $\$ 1$.
Philadelphia Pink. Considered the finest pure pink. Original pkt. \$1.25.
Rumson Hill. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Sun-Tan. Rose and tan color. Extra carly. Pkt. \$1.
White Wonder (Bezdek's). Considered the finest pure white. Long flowering spikes on strong, wiry stems. Produces continually throughout the winter months without shattering its flowers. Pkt. \$2.

## AQUILEGIA - Columbine

A hardy perennial of great beauty. The long-spurred type gives elegant cut-flowers. If sown in summer, plants will be ready by autumn for transplanting to the border to flower next May and June. Alpina. Beautiful, rare variety with short-spurred, Pkt. Largepkt. powdery blue flowers. A gem for the rockery. 1 foot. $\$ 0$ 15 $\$ 040$ Canadensis (Wild Columbine). Excellent for rockgarden or hardy border. The scarlet and ycllow flowers bloom freely on plants 1 foot high..
Californica hybrida. Large yellow flowers; dark orange spurs
Chrysantha. Rightly called the Golden Columbine. Fragrant and showy with long and slender spurs. 2 to 3 feet..
Cærulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine). Sky-bluc, with white corolla and long spurs. 2 feet.
Clematiflora. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Crimson Star. New. Long spurs and petals of brilliant dark crimson with creany white corolla.
Longissima. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Mrs. M. Nicholls. A glorified Cærulea. Large flowers and long spurs. Strong habit.
Rose Queen. Beautiful, long-spurred, rose-colored flowers with white centers and yellow anthers
Long-spurred, Blue Shades
Long-spurred, Pink Shades.
Long-spurred, Orange and Scarlet Shades
Long-spurred, Snow Queen. Pure white; fragrant
Waterer's Superb Long-spurred. See Novelties and Specialties, page 4.
Dobbie's Imperial Hybrids. Magnificent range of color. This strain is the result of many years of careful selection; very long spurs and fine form..
Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain. One of the finest strains ever raised. The blooms are large, with very long spurs and co me in a fascinating range of colors. .
Long-spurred Hybrids, Mixed. A fine mixture
Double Mixed
Single Mixed.


Argemone

## ARABIS • Rock Cress

Alpina. Early spring-flowering perennial plants especially Pkt. adapted for edging and rockery. They form a dense carpet completely covered with pure white blossoms in May. 6 inches.
$1 / 4$ oz. 25 cts. . $\$ 010$
Alpina, Snowcap. An excellent new Arabis of compact habit. The numerous pure white flowers are borne well above the foliage in great profusion.

## ARCTOTIS • African Daisy

Grandis. A remarkably handsome annual which forms bushes 2 to 3 feet high. Its flowers are large and showy, being pure white on the upper surface, with a light blue center surrounded by a narrow golden band. The reverse of petals is pale lilac-blue. Valuable as a cut-flower, the blooms lasting a week to ten days after being cut. $1 / 4$ oz. 25 cts.
Large-flowering Hybrids. Many delightfui colors never before seen in these fine flowers-yellows, reds, rose, and intermediate shades. Plants grow 8 to 10 inches high. Flowers $21 / 2$ inches in diameter.


Long-spurred Aquilegia

## ARGEMONE • Mexican or Prickly Poppy

Hybrida grandiflora. Sturdy bushes 3 feet high; pale green, Pkt. spiny foliage, with clear silvery midrib and veins. The poppylike flowers are of satiny texture, over 3 inches across, and come in various shades from rich yellow to creamy white. It starts blooming early in July and continues without interruption until November. A very pretty and ornamental annual in or out of bloom. The foliage is especially decorative and the stems and seed-pods have a picturesqueness rare in plants so easily grown

1/40z. 25 cts. . . $\$ 010$

## ARMERIA • Sea Thrift

Formosa. Dwarf-growing perennial, with grassy leaves and a tufted habit of growth. The rose-pink flowers are borne in globular heads from May till September. Suitable for edgings, borders, and rock-garden. Large pkt. 40 cts.
Laucheana. Produces a mass of rosy crimson flowers all summer. Fine for edging and planting in rockery. 6 inches...

Large pkt. 40 cts .
Bees' Ruby. Large, brilliant rose-pink; long stems. Height 2 feet. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 40 cts. .

Arctotis


## ASCLEPIAS • Butterfly Weed

Tuberosa. One of the most showy of our native perennials, Pkt. producing, from July until frost, compact umbels of brilliant orange flowers with purplish stems and hairy leaves. 2 feet.

Large pkt. 40 cts. . $\$ 015$

## ASPARAGUS

Plumosus nanus. An excellent plant for house or conservatory decoration or cutting, on account of its graceful, finely cut foliage; will remain fresh a long time after being cut... 100 seeds, $\$ 1$. .
Sprengeri. One of the best plants to grow in hanging-baskets or window-boxes for the greenhouse in winter or for outdoors in summer

100 seeds, 50 cts.. .

## ASPERULA

Azurea (A. setosa). A splendid annual, growing about 9 inches high and covered throughout the summer with light lavender-blue, fragrant flowers; excellent for cutting.

Large pkt. 25 cts.
Odorata (Sweet Woodruff). Pretty, hardy plant thriving in partial shade; flowers white. The leaves and flowers, when dried, have an odor like new-mown hay, and when laid among clothes, perfumes them and keeps away insects. 1 foot. Large pkt. 25 cts.

## AUBRIETIA

One of the daintiest and most beautiful of all dwarf, creeping plants for carpeting beds or rockeries, forming brilliant sheets of blue, crimson, or rose for many weeks. Massed on rockeries or in borders, with white arabis and yellow alyssum, it forms a charming contrast. A gem for planting in crevices of rocks or wall, forming a cataract of color.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Deltoidea Bougainvillei. Flowers are dark blue..... \$0 15 \$0 40
Deltoidea græca. Light blue; dwarf; floriferous.
15
Deltoidea Leichtlini. Large, deep rosy purple flowers.
Violet Queen. Deep violet
Large-flowered Hybrids, Mixed. A wonderfully fine strain, producing a good range of colors, from deep purple, blue and lavender to blush-pink, rose, carmine and crimson. 6 inches.

15

## BARTONIA

Aurea. A free-blooming and showy hardy annual with large yellow flowers. It is certain to please those who have not yet grown it and is wortliy of much more extensive cultivation. $11 / 2$ feet.
$1 / 4$ oz. 25 cts. .


Aubrietia deltoidea

## BALSAM • Lady's Slipper

## Double Camellia-flowered

These favorite half-hardy annuals are of the easiest culture, but love hot sun, rich soil and plenty of water. The young plants are quick, sure growers and, from seed sown in the open ground in May, soon form handsome bushes $11 / 2$ feet high, thickly massed with large, rose-like flowers Transplanting two or three times has a tendency to dwarl the plants into better shape and to make the flowers more double. Balsams are not often given room for perfect development; they will easily cover 1 to $11 / 2$ feet of space each way. We offer only the finest double sorts.
Light Yellow. Pkt. 10 cts . large pkt. 25 cts.
Pure Scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Violet. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts.
White Perfection (Alba Perfecta). Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Crimson. Pkt. 10 cts. large pkt. 25 cts .
Salmon King. Rich salmonpink. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 40 z .25$ cts.; oz. 75 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors 50 cts .

## BALLOON VINE

A rapid-growing annual climber that succeeds best in light soil and warm situations
 Flowers white; seed-vessels

Double-flowered Balsam
look like miniature balloons. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

## BAPTISIA • False Indigo

Australis. A strong-growing perennial plant about 2 feet high, Pkt. with dark green, deeply cut foliage and spikes of dark blue, pea-shaped flowers in June and July ..... Large pkt. 25 cts. . . $\$ 010$

## BEGONIAS

## Everblooming Bedding Varieties

A continuous-flowering section of Begonias of the greatest value for bedding. The flowers are of brilliant colors and borne in great profusion from summer to autumn. They are especially desirable for winter-flowering house plants.
Gracilis Luminosa. Large, bright scarlet flowers.Pkt. Largepkt. Reddish brown foliage
Gracilis, Pink Profusion. Pure La France-rose-pink;
dwarf, compact, and free-flowering
Gracilis, Prima Donna. Flowers are a brilliant clear pink, shading to carmine-rose.
Gracilis, White Pearl. Large, snowy white bloom. Green foliage
Semperflorens, Albert Martin. Very large, bright carmine flowers: Dark foliage
Semperforens, Christmas Cheer. Everblooming, with enormous, rich bright cherry-red flowers, often 2 inches in diamcter...
Semperflorens, Christmas Pink. Bright pink of the same habit as Christmas Cheer and equally as good.
Semperflorens, Dwarf Vernon. A fine sort for edging, etc., with rich red flowers and bronze foliage
Semperflorens, Salmon Queen. A brilliant salmonrose. Foliage dark green with reddisli hue.
Semperflorens, Mixed. Dwarf, compact, very freeblooming. Elegant for bedding

## REX BEGONIA

Handsome foliage plants for the concervatory, showing a great diversity in form as well as in coloring of leaves. Pkt. 75 cts.


Boltonia latisquama

## BELLIS • English Daisy

Charming spring flowers in borders. Sow in light soil in spring, and prick out or sow in August and grow in a coldframe until spring, then transplant outdoors for spring bedding purposes.
The Bride. A fine, very double, free-flowering, pure Pkt.
white sort. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 010$
Longfellow. Large, double, pink flowers..
$\frac{1}{160 z}$.

Giant Ætna. Large; double; dark red
25
Giant Rose. Bright rose.
25
25
Giant White. Pure white.
25
Rob Roy. Small, deep scarlet flowers
25
Double Mixed. Selected strain of the finest quality. . . . 10

## BOLTONIA • False Chamomile

The Boltonias bloom at the same time and resemble some of the wild Asters of the woodland. The leaves are long and grayish and in these characteristics are roughly distinguished from the perennial Asters. Because of their great height, they are highly desirable in large perennial borders. The plants literally bear thousands of starlike flowers. They serve excellently as cut-flowers.
Latisquama. Delicate pink flowers from July to October. 4 to 5 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## BRACHYCOME • Swan River Daisy

Brilliant, frcc-flowering hardy annual, suitable for beds or borders. Cineraria-shaped blue or white flowers. 9 inches. Large Little Blue Star. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0$ 10 10 \$0 25 Mixed.
$1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$. 10

## BROWALLIA

Handsome annuals, with blue or white flowers. Fine for garden beds in summer. $11 / 2$ feet.

Pkt.
Elata cærulea. Sky-blue. .
$1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .35 \mathrm{cts} .$. \$0 10
Elata, Mixed. Blue and white. ................ $1 / 40 z .30$ cts. 10
Speciosa major. A beautiful flowering variety of brilliant ultramarine-blue. Does fine outside in the border, hangingbaskets or vases. Also excellent for growing in pots in the greenhouse
. Large pkt. 75 cts. .
Viscosa compacta, Sapphire. The plants of this new Browallia are very compact, not morc than 9 to 10 inches high, and are very free-flowering, sometimes bearing over one hundred blooms. The flowers are dark blue with an attractive white eye which somewhat resemble a large lobelia. Fine for bedding and winter-blooming in the greenhouse.

$$
\text { Large pkt. } 40 \mathrm{cts} \text {. }
$$

## CACALIA

Coccinea (Tassel Flower). Pretty, free-flowering, hardy Pkt. annual, producing trusses of showy, tassel-like scarlet flowers. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
$1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.. . $\$ 010$

## If you wish to assist a gardening friend,

 recommend our seeds
## CALCEOLARIA

A tender perennial, used largely for the decoration of the greenhouse and conservatory.
Hybrida grandifora, Covent Garden Strain. Extra choice; Pkt. strongly recommended for habit, also size and markings of flowers
$\$ 0 \quad 50$
Profusa (C. Clibrani). The sprays of rich golden ycllow flowers are light and graceful in habit, and are very lasting..
Rugosa, Mixed. Shrubby, small-flowering varictics for bed-
ding, of the finest colors. 15 inches.

## CALLIOPSIS

Very graceful border plants, supplying throughout the summer an abundance of elegant showy flowers which are greatly prized for garden decoration as well as for cutting. They are of the easiest culture and will thrive anywhere, even in city gardens.

Sow seed where intended to bloom; thin out to 6 inches apart. By keeping the old flowers cut off, the flowering season can be lengthened until late autumn.

## Tall Varieties

They grow 2 to 3 feet high, branch freely, and have long, wiry flower-stems crowned with lovely clusters of small, daisy-like flowers in beautiful shades of crimson, orange, and gold.

Pkt. 1/4oz.
Atrosanguinea. Blood-red ........................... $\$ 0 \quad 10$ \$0 25
Golden Wave (C. Drummondi). Very showy, with large
yellow flowers, having dark brown centers. $11 / 2$ feet
Marmorata. Bright golden yellow flowers, marbled
with maroon. 2 feet
Nigra speciosa. Rich crimson-maroon. 2 feet

$$
10
$$

Tinctoria. A showy variety, the large flowers being
bright yellow and maroon, about evenly divided. 2 feet.
Mixed. All the choicest sorts. 1 to 2 feet
10
10
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the 5 Tall Varieties, 40 cts.
Golden Crown. See Novclties and Specialties, page 5.

## Dwarf Varieties

This class forms compact, shapely bushes 9 to 12 inches high, which are completely covered with their gay flowers all summer. Ideal for the edge of borders or for massing. Pkt. 1/4oz.
Crimson King. Rich dark crimson. 6 inches........ $\$ 010 \quad \$ 025$
Dazzler. A rich maroon-red center with broad, golden
yellow border (Tiger Star). ................................................... mottled yellow

10

Bicolor nana. Yellow, brown center
10
Nana marmorata. Bright golden yellow, marbled with maroon.
Mixed. All colors.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the 5 Dwarf Varieties, 40 cts.


Calliopsis


Calendula, Campfire

## CALENDULA

## Pot Marigold

One of the best and showiest free-flowering annuals. Will grow in any good garden soil and produce a fine effect in beds and mixed bordcrs. Valuable also for pot-culture, blooming in the winter and early spring. 1 foot.

## Ball's Orange. Largc

 flowers of a pure orange color and perfect form on long stems. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.Ball's Gold. Double golden yellow flowers on long stems. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Ball's Supreme. Light orange blooms with a rich dark brown eye. Pkt. 15 c .; large pkt. 40c.
Ball's White. White flowers, delicately tinged with cream. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .
Ball's Masterpiece. Rich, glowing orange with darker center. Long stems. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts.
Apricot Queen. Bright apricot, deepening slightly toward the center. Pkt. 10 cts .; large pkt. 25 cts.
Orange Sunshine. Same as Chrysantha but a clear orange. Pkt. 15 cts . l large pkt. 40 cts .
Radio. Globular, deep orange flowers with beautifully quilled petals. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts.
Golden Beam. A golden counterpart of Radio. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Campfire (Sensation). The extremely large flowers are very dark orange, with a scarlet sheen. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts .
Chrysantha. Petals long, broad, and drooping, giving the flower a globular form. Buttercup-yellow. Pkt. 10 cts .; large pkt. 25 cts.
Lemon Queen. Lemon-yellow. Pkt. 10 cts .; large pkt. 25 cts . oz. 40 cts .
Orange King. Dark orange-red. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
Orange Shaggy. Tips of petals of this bright orange variety are finely fringed, giving it a distinctive appearance. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Pastel Bedding Mixture. Contains many new shades of apricot, cream, and white, as well as the better-known orange and lemons. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 75 cts.
Choice Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 35 cts.

## CAMPANULA . Canterbury Bells

## Biennial Varieties

Sow these hardy biennials in summer and transplant to a bed in autumn for flowering the following year. They also make effective pot-plants for spring flowering, if sown in summer, potted in autumn, and kept in a cool frame through winter.
Medium calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer; Canterbury Bells). This is the finest type of this old-fashioned and much-prized garden plant. Pkt. Largepkt.
$\$ 0 \quad 15 \quad \$ 040$
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Blue. A fine, clear shade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 15 & 15 \\ \text { White. Pure whitc. . . . . . . . . . . . . } & 40 \\ \text { W }\end{array}$ White. Pure whitc 15
15
Lilac. Very finc. 15
10

## Medium, Single Varieties



## Annual Canterbury Bells

l3looms from secd in less than six months. The plants grow from 2 to $21 / 2$ fect tall, cach having from 6 to 8 spikes of blooms.
Angelus Bell. Decp rosc. Liberty Bell. Intensc violet-blue. Blue Bell. Cambridge blue. Mission Bell. Beautiful clear pink. Wedding Bell. Pure white.

Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 5 varieties, 60 cts .
Finest Mixed. Contains all above colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## CAMPANULA • Bellflower <br> Perennial Varieties

Campanulas are delightfully graceful subjects for the hardy borders, well known, and easily grown. The dwarf varieties are particularly suited for rock-gardens.
Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). Free-flowering, con- Pkt. Large pkt.
tinuing in bloom the whole season; blue. 12 inches.... \$0 10 \$0 25
Carpatica alba. White-flowered form of Carpatica.... $10 \quad 25$
Garganica major. Lovely, trailing variety for the rock-
garden, with masses of charming pale blue flowers. . 2575
Latifolia macrantha. Erect stems; Iarge, violet-blue bells. 2 feet.
Persicifolia grandiflora (Peach Bells). One of the finest hardy Bellflowers. Grows 2 to 3 fect high;
large blue flowers.....................................$~$
Persicifolia, Telham Beauty. It produces, on long stems, very large, globular, open flowers of a lovely china-blue with silvery shading on the inside. 2 feet.
Pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). A beautiful, stately plant for garden or pot-culture; blue flowers..
Pyramidalis alba. Pure white flowers.

Rotundifolia (Blue Bells of Scotland). One of the prettiest species, with slender, branching stems, covered with dainty, frail, blue flowers. 1 foot

20
50
Rotundifolia, Olympica. A more compact form with larger flowers of deep lavender-blue .

## CANDYTUFT • Iberis

The Candytufts arc among our best hardy annuals for edgings, bedding, massing, rockeries, or for cutting. Several of the varieties are fragrant, and all are profuse in bloom. Sow outdoors in April, and thin well when the plants grow about an inch. Sow again in a month, and late in July for fall flowers. 1 foot.

## Annual Varieties

Giant Hyacinth-flowered. Immense, pure Pkt. ${ }^{1 / 20 z}$ Oz. white spikes. ................ . $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$ o 35 cts. . $\$ 0$
Carmine. Bright carmine-rose 0
Crimson. Rich, deep shade
65
30
30
Lavender Delicate shade of rosy Iavende........... 10
Rose Cardinal, Improved. Bright rosy cardinal
Flesh-Pink. Fine delicate tint
10
Finest Mixed. All colors.
10

## COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.

TOM THUMB VARIETIES. A very dainty miniature Candytuft, about 6 to 8 inches high, excellent for edging or the rock-garden. Crimson, Lilac, White, Flesh, Rose, and Mixed. Each, pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.; oz. 75 cts.
MINIATURE GEM. Miniature white Hyacinth-flowered Candytuft $31 / 2$ inches high. A gem for the rockery. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{c} ; \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{c}$.

## Perennial Varieties

Hardy evergreen plants, making a magnificent showing the second year from seed. They bloom very early, cushioning rock ledges, borders, etc., with banks of bloom. Pkt. Large pkt.
Sempervirens. Glistening white flowers . . . . . . . . . . \$0 15 \$0 40
Gibraltarica. Lilac flowers, shading white; very fine.
$\begin{array}{rrr}\$ 0 & 15 & \$ 0 \\ 15 & 40 \\ & 40\end{array}$
Gibraltarica hybrida. A new hybrid, dwarfer and
more compact than I. gibraltarica. 6 inches.
15
Jucunda. Vcry fine dwarf pink 4 inches high. Rare.


Giant Hyacinth-flowered Candytutt

## CANARY-BIRD VINE (Troprolum <br> \section*{canariense)}

A rapid-growing, climbing annual, producing an abundance of pretty, fringed, bright ycllow flowers, bearing a fancied resemblance to a bird with wings expanded. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 40 cts.

## CARDINAL CLIMBER

A beautiful annual vine of rapid growth. The cardinal-red flowers resemble those of the cypress vine, but are much larger, and are produced in great quantities continuously through the summer. Splendid for covering stumps and trelliscs. 20 to 30 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.

## CINERARIA HYBRIDA

Our strains of this showy greenhouse plant are of acknowledged superiority, the very choicest from a prize European collection of only the best colors.
Waterer's Prize Dwarf. Dwarf, compact plants not over a foot high, with immense heads of large individual flowers in a great range of beautiful colors. Pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1$.
Waterer's Prize Tall. Extra-fine colors, with plenty of selfs and various shades of rose. Pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1$.
Matchless. Very fine strain; contains many new colors; vigorous and compact growth. Pkt. 75 cts .; large pkt. $\$ 1.50$.
Matador. Fine glowing scarlet. Pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1$.
Multiflora grandiflora maxima nana. The plant attains a height of about 12 to 16 inches. Its foliage is produced in rosettes similar to C. muliflora nana, but the Ieaves are far larger and more imposing. The flower-head has a diameter of 12 to 14 inches, and produces as many as a hundred single blooms, each measuring up to 3 inches in diameter.

## $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Cornflower-Blue } \\ \text { Fiery Crimson }\end{array}\right\} \quad$ Each, pkt. 50 cts. Salmon-Rose

Finest Mixture. Colors ranging from palest rose to dark red, and several shades of blue. Pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1$ :
Multiflora nana (Berlin Market Strain). This variety is the dwarfest and most compact type; flowers of good size and produced in great profucion. Excellent pot-plant. Pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1$.
Siter's Rainbow Strain. This new Cineraria carries immense flower-heads, is compact in habit, with small round leaves that require little room. The medium-large flowers, in colors ranging from bright-eyed types to the finer pastel shades, surpass anything previously introduced. Pkt. $\$ 2$.
Cremer's Prize Strain. This fine new strain of Cineraria is the result of crossing Multiflora nana, Hybrida grandiflora, and Steliata. The flowers are larger than those of Multiflora. Of very compact habit, small leaved, with immense heads in a wonderful range of the most desirable colors. Pkt. $\$ 2$.

## Cineraria Stellata

This variety has delicate, star-like blooms in great profusion on long stems. It is excellent for cutting as well as decorative purposes. Stellata, Blue Shades. Pkt. 50 cts.; Iarge pkt. \$1.
Stellata, Pink Shades. Pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. \$1.
Stellata, Mixed. Many desirable colors in mixture. Pkt. 50 cts.; Iarge pkt. \$1.
Stellata, Feltham Beauty. A great improvement over the old type, being dwarfer and of more compact habit. Beautiful mixture of many colors. Pkt. 50 cts.; Iarge pkt. $\$ 1$.

## White-leaved Cineraria (Dusty Miller)

Maritima candidissima. These, as well as the white-leaved Centaureas, are called "Dusty Millers." Fine for bedding, ribbon beds and margins; prized for their beautiful, downy, silvery foliage. They are half-hardy perennials, but should be treated as annuals. 2 feet. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

## CARNATIONS, ANNUAL

The varieties we list here are best treated as annuals, although they will live over winter and flower again next season by giving slight protection with leaves or straw. From seeds sown in early spring, plants begin blooming in June or July, and continue until frost.

## Chabaud's Enfant de Nice

This is the result of a cross between Chabaud's Giant and Perpetual. The plants are of robust, upright habit, with long, strong stems, bearing flowers $21 / 2$ to 3 inches in diameter. This strain is magnificent and is, so far, the last word in annual Carnations. The color comes about 75 per cent true from seed, and about 90 per cent of the plants come double.

## Red <br> Rose <br> White <br> Finest Mixed

Each, pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 5 colors, $\$ 1$


Celosia pyramidalis, Flame of Fire

## Chabaud's Giant Carnations

Blooms five months from seed and continues throughout the summer. The plants are of robust, upright habit, forming ten to twenty stalks which bear huge flowers of fine form and highly clovescented. Come about 90 per cent double and quite true.

> Cardinal-Red Salmon-Rose Yellow
> Mixed, all varieties
> Rose-Pink Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
> COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the 6 colors, 75 cts .

## Giant Marguerite

Remarkable for their large and beautifully formed flowers, many of them elegantly fringed and in some instances as large as our best greenhouse Carnations. They bloom in four months from seed and then continuously until frost. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## CARNATIONS, PERENNIAL

## Double Grenadin

Excellent early, free-flowering, hardy perennial Carnations that are invaluable for cutting. Blooms first year from seed if sown early. Height 18 to 20 inches.
Black King. Crimson-maroon.
Cardinal-Red. Scarlet.
Snow-White.
Triumph Pink. Light rose.
White Gold. Soft yellow.
Finest Mixed.
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 5 colors, 60 cts.

## Earliest Dwarf Vienna

Very large, free-flowering, dwarf Carnation, growing only 12 to 14 inches high. Not as desirable as Grenadin for cutting but valuable for the hardy border.
Double, Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.

## CELOSIA

The dwarf Cockscombs are showy in the border, while the feathered or plumed varieties are especially attractive in large beds, and are useful for cutting. The flowers retain their color, even when dry, and can be used in winter bouquets.

## Celosia plumosa (Feathered Celosia)

Planted in masses, the color effect is magnificent. The handsome plants are symmetrical in growth, averaging 2 feet in height, every branch bearing a pointed head orplume of richly colored bloom, which, when fully developed in the fall, is supremely gorgeous.
Thompsoni magnifica, Crimson. Bright crimson. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Thompsoni magnifica, Yellow. Beautiful yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Thompsoni magnifica, Mixed. Colors range from clearest yellow to darkest blood-red. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{cts}$. Pride of Castle Gould Mixed. This Ostrich Plume Celosia is an entirely distinct type of C. pyramidalis plumosa and surpasses by far anything yet placed on the market. The colors range through blood-red, carmine, golden yellow, salmon, deep scarlet, orange, and wine-red. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts .

Pyramidalis, Flame of Fire. A beautiful new type of attractive pyramidal habit, each branch ending in a well-rounded, large, solid flower-head of an intense fiery scarlet color. lts 'neat, trim habit makes it particularly desirable. Blooms profusely during the faII. 18 inches high. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Lilliput, Golden' Feather. An early-flowering strain $11 / 2$ feet high; graceful golden yellow plumes. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts.
Lilliput, Fire Feather. Same neat habit as the preceding but with brilliant fiery red plumes. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts .

## Celosia plumosa Childsi (Chinese Woolflower)

The most unusual type of Feathered Celosia, attaining a height of from 2 to 3 feet. There are many branches issuing from the main stalk, each stem having the silky tendrils common to Celosia. The striking feature of this variety is that at the tips they have a brushy appearance.
Mixed.

## Celosia cristata (Cockscomb)

Very popular annuals of easy culture, producing large, ornamental, comb-like heads Iike ruffled chenille. Prized for pots or summer flower-beds. Crimson Exhibition. From prize flowers and enormous combs . . . . . $\$ 0 \quad 10$ Pkt. 10 Large pkt. $\$ 0 \quad 25$ Empress. Bright crimson, rich and velvety..

## CENTAUREA

The various varieties of this popular annual include such favorites as the Bachelor's Buttons or Cornflowers and Sweet Sultans, old-fashioned flowers of easiest culture.

## CORNFLOWER (Centaurea cyanus)

Also known as Bachelor's Button, Bluet, Ragged Sailor, and Bluebottle. Extremely showy in the garden and fine for cutting. They are easy to grow, take care of themselves, bloom continuously, and even come up again the next year from the seed that has dropped in the ground. Just sow the seed broadcast wherever you want the plants to grow. If the soil is rich, the flowers will be larger and have longer stems. They are lovely if sown together with the scarlet poppy, American Legion. Make sowings at intervals of three weeks apart, beginning in early May.
Double White

| Double Blue. Deep blue | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Double Plum-Violet | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Double Rose-Pink | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Finest Double, Mixed | 10 | 20 | 50 |

Double Rose-Pink.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 4 colors, 35 cts.
Improved Strains. See Novelties and Specialties, page 5.
Jubilee Gem. See Novelties and Specialties, page 5.
Lilac Lady. See Novelties and Specialties, page 5.

Pkt. Large pkt.
\$0 10 \$0 25 Pkt. Large pkt. 10

| Pkt. | $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$ | Oz. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 010$ | $\$ 025$ | $\$ 075$ |
| 10 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 25 | 75 |
| 10 | 20 | 50 |



Centaurea cyanus

## GIANT SWEET SULTANS (Centaurea imperialis)

These are wonderful flowers for cutting-Iong-stemmed, exquisitely fringed, most graceful in appearance, and delightfully fragrant. The most beautiful colors are found among them. Easy to grow and the most thankful annual we know of, flowering freely from June until frost. For fine flowers, successive sowings should be made two weeks apart during May and June. They do well in a rich, loose soil. Cover seeds $1 / 4$ inch. 2 to 3 feet.


White........... $10 \quad 25$ Deep Lavender... 10 25
Purple.......... 10 25 $\begin{array}{llllll} & 10 & \text { Choice Mixed.... } & 10 & 25\end{array}$
Brilliant Rose. . $10 \quad 25$
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.

## VARIOUS CENTAUREAS

Americana (Basket Flower). A splendid native Annual va- Pkt. riety, growing 3 feet high and bearing immense, thistle-like blooms of a rosy lavender color. Very showy in the mixed border and splendid for cutting........ Large pkt. 25 cts. . . $\$ 010$
Montana (Perennial Cornflower). Grows 2 feet high and bears large, violet-blue flowers from July to September

Large pkt. 25 cts. .
Suaveolens (Yellow Sweet Sultan or Grecian Cornflower). Very showy annual, large bright yellow flowers; sweetly scented.
$1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

## CERASTIUM • Snow-in-Summer

Tomentosum. A hardy perennial, valuable for edgings and rockerics; silvery foliage; white flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## CHELONE . Turtlehead

A good hardy perennial border plant with brilliant, pentstemonlike flowers in July and August, and grassy foliage. Very decorative; fine for cutting. 2 fect.
Barbata Torreyi (Pentstemon barbatus). Brilliant scarlet flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Hybrida. Mixed. The colors vary from pink to dcep red and violct. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.


Cheiranthus Allionii

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS

## Annual Varieties

Do not confound these annuals with the winter-flowering sorts of the florists. Thev bloom profusely from early summer until frost, and, when grown in large beds or masses, their bright colors make a splendid show. Sow seeds where the plants are wanted to bloom and thin out to 9 inches apart; earlier flowering plants can be had by sowing early in March in a coldframe, and transplanting when Iarge enough. 1 to $11 / 2$ feet. Eastern Star. Primrose-yellow disc; dark brown eye.
Evening Star. Deep yellow; light brown eye. Morning Star. Pale primrose-yellow disc; yellow eye.
Northern Star. White, yellow zone around brown eye.
The Sultan. Deep copper-red with a narrow yellow zone around the brown disc.
W. E. Gladstone. Rich, velvety purple; yellow ring.

$$
\text { Price: Pkt. } 10 \text { cts.; } 1 / 4 \text { oz. } 25 \text { cts. }
$$

COLLECTION: One pkt. each of 6 colors, 50 cts.
Single, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 50 cts.

## Perennial Varieties

Shasta Daisy. Large white flowers on Iong stalks. Sow early for flowers before summer is over. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts . Shasta Daisy, Giant Double White. Large double white flowers about 5 inches in diameter, very much resembling a giant aster with long, loosely arranged petals. The long, stiff stems make them valuable as a cut-flower. Will bloom in 5 months from time of sowing. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Cascade. A new race of half-hardy, perennial Chrysanthemums which flowers 6 months from sowing of seeds. Very easily grown in pots or in the open ground. The colors are vivid and include scarlet, crimson, bronze, orange-yellow, white, etc. An admirable greenhouse subject falling, as it does, in cascades of beautiful flowers. Pkt. 25 cts .; large pkt. 75 cts .
Korean Hybrids. These extra-hardy, single-flowering chrysanthemums are among the most outstanding new creations. Fine range of colors. Sced sown in spring will bloom in fall. Pkt. 50 cts.
Mawi. Rich pink flowers. Silvery foliage, idcal for border or rockery. Perfectly hardy. 10 to 12 inches. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts
Piper's Hybrids. A new strain of hybrids. The blooms, in varied forms and exquisite shades of bronze, terra-cotta, crimson, pink, whitc, measurc 2 to 4 inches across. Vigorous and absolutely lardy. Sced sown first week of April will start blooming in September and continue until end of November. Pkt. 50 cts .


Annual Chrysanthemums

## CLARKIA

Elegans. Our double Clarkias are very fine, and can be grown successfully in any garden soil. They flower profusely on long stems and are exceedingly bright and attractive, especially in masses. Clarkias have become very popular of late and are grown extensively in the greenhouse during the winter. 2 to $21 / 2$ feet.

Double Brilliant. Rich crimsonscarlet.
Double Salmon Queen. Salmonpink.
Double Orange King. Brilliant orange-scarlet.
Double White. Pure white.
Double Mixed.
Price: Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts .

Large
pkt.
\$0 25

## CLEOME . Giant Spider Flower

Pungens, Rose Queen. A quick-growing annual with large, curious flower-heads of a bright rose color, on stems 4 feet tall. The individual flowers hang gracefully on slender, thread-like stems resembling spiders' legs. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 75 c .

## COBAEA

Scandens. Popular climber of rapid growth. Large, purple, bell-shaped Pkt.
flowers appear in great profusion during the fall months. 20 feet.
\$0 10

## CONVOLVULUS • Morning-Glory

Climbing (Convolvulus major). Splendid for covering wire trellises and Pkt. verandas. Single. Mixed.
Mauritanicus. Pretty, dwarf, trailing, violet-blue species. A free bloomer throughout the summer and a gem for the rock-garden. It is a perennial, flowering first year from seed. Not hardy north of Philadelphia

Large pkt. 40 cts .
15

## COLEUS

Beautiful foliage plants, both for greenhouses and bedding out in the garden. The striking colors and brilliant variegated leaves are much admired.

Finest Mixed. Great range of colors. Pkt. 50 cts.
Large-leaved. Very large and superbly variegated foliage. Pkt. 50 cts.
Thyrsoideus. A very handsome species 2 to 3 feet high, the branches terminating in erect, panicle-like racemes of bright blue flowers. Fine for conservatory. Pkt. 75 cts.

## CUPHEA . Cigar Plant

Ignea (platycentra). A half-hardy perennial, treated as an annual, that will bloom first year from seeds. Free-flowering plants with small bright scarlet tubular blossoms. 1 foot. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Firefly. See Novelties and Specialties, page 5.

## CYPRESS VINE <br> Ipomœa quamoclit

One of the most beautiful climbers, with light, graceful, delicate foliage and bright flowers. 15 feet.

Mixed. White and Scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 40 cts .


Clarkia

## COSMOS

One of the notable midscason and fall flowers. A strong, tall-growing annual, with bold flowers of exquisite daintiness and airiness heightencd in effect by their foliage setting of feathery green. It is most effective when planted in broad masses or long background borders against evergreens or fences. We offer only the choice, large-flowering strains.

## Giant Early-Flowering

An extra-select strain, combining extremc earliness with great vigor and unusual sizc of flowers. Commences to bloom in July and continues until cut down by frost. The flowers often measure 4 inches across. 4 feet.

## White

So
Pink.

\$0 $10 \quad$ \$0 | 10 | $\$ 0$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 10 | 25 |

Mixed.
Klondyke, Orange Flare. Vivid orange flowers produced very freely on long, wiry stems. Sensation. See Novelties and Specialties, page 5 Double, Sensation. See Novelties and Specialties, page 5.

## Giant Late-Flowering

A magnificent strain. The individual flowers are of enormous size and the most perfect form, while the colors are richly brilliant. These represent the highest developed types in Cosmos. Will keep a week in water after being cut. 6 to 8 feet.
 White Lady Lennox.
$15 \quad 50$


Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora

## Double EarlyFlowering Cosmos

An extra-early strain of the Double Crested which is just as beautiful as the late, and comes into flower as early as the Extra-Early Singles. Highly recommended. Pkt. Large pkt. Carnelia. Crimson ... \$0 20 \$0 50 Peach Blossom. Pink. 2050 Whirlwind. White... 20
Mixed.
50
50
15
40

## COREOPSIS

## Grandiflora auricula superba.

 A serrated band of brownish red encircles the golden disc; flower petals golden yellow. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts.Lanceolata grandiflora. Fine in masses or as cut-flowers. The individual blocms are very Iarge and of the richest golden yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4$ oz. 25 cts.
Mayfield Giant. Tall and vigorous. Larger flowers and longer stems than C. lanceolata grandiftora. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.
Double, New Gold. Large, fully double golden yellow flowers, $11 / 2$ to 2 inches across, excellent for cutting as well as for garden decoration. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .

## CYCLAMEN

## Giant Binnewies Strain

These are among the most beautiful winterand spring-flowering plants for the greenhouse. Not only are the flowers of striking beauty, but the foliage is also highly ornamental. The seed we send out is grown by the originator.

Pkt. 100 seeds
Bright Red .
$\begin{array}{llll}\$ 0 & 50 & \$ 2 & 50 \\ & 50 & 2 & 50\end{array}$
Dark Blood-Red
50250
Improved Rose of Marien-
thal. White with carmine eye $50 \quad 250$
Pink Pearl. SaImon-pink....
Pure White
$50 \quad 350$
$50 \quad 250$
Salmon-Rose Improved . . . . $\quad 50 \quad 300$
Salmon-Scarlet (America
Improved).
$50 \quad 300$
Finest Mixed...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40 200
ROKOKO. New type. Large, flat flowers in various colors, with fluted and fringed petals. Pkt. 50 cts ; 100 seeds $\$ 3$.

## CREPIS

Rubra. A very free-flowering annual that will thrive under almost any condition. The deeply cut foliage clings closely to the ground, while the plant sends up numerous slender stems about 1 foot high, with a mass of soft shell-pink flowers on top. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts.


Coreopsis grandiflora, Double, New Gold

## CYNOGLOSSUM • Chinese Forget-me-not

An annual recently introduced from China and of the easicst culture, forming strong plants 18 to 24 inches high and producing, through the sumner months, sprays of forget-me-not-like flowers, delicately sweet-scented.
Amabile. Dcep ultramarine-blue.
1/40z. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts. . $\$ 010$
Amabile, Fairy Blue. Bright Cambridge-bluc. Amabile, Pink. A pink-flowered form of the preceding Firmament. Sce Novelties and Specialties, page 6.

## DAHLIAS

These half-hardy perennials are very easily grown from seed, all classes coming quite true and supplying magnificent colors. In the garden these scedling Dahlias bloom as early and free as the plants grown from tubers.
$1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{cts} . . .10$
$1 / 10 \mathrm{Oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
15

Coltness Hybrids, Improved. Ideal type of dwarf, bushy habit with pkt. $\begin{gathered}\text { Large } \\ \text { pkt. }\end{gathered}$ single flowers. Invaluable for cutting. Contains many new colors...... $\$ 015 \quad \$ 040$
Collarette. A novel type, having a row of petals around the disc, like a frill or collar, of a different color than the regular petals. Mixed colors
Dobbie's Orchid-flowered. See Novelties and Specialties, page 6.
Double Cactus. Saved from the finest new varieties.
Giant Decorative. Beautiful flowers, varying in form between the Show
and the Cactus Dahlias. Saved from a very fine collection
Single Giant Perfection. Flowers of immense size, averaging 6 inches across. Finest mixed.
Unwin's Ideal Bedding. See Novelties and Specialties, page 6
Zulu. See Novelties and Specialties, page 6.

## DATURA - Trumpet Flower

Ornamental annuals of rapid growth with large, trumpet-shaped, fragrant flowers. 3 feet.
Cornucopia (Horn of Plenty). Flowers white inside purple outside. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts.
Fastuosa Huberiana. Large, double flowers of various colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

For Grass Seed and directions for making a perfect lawn, see pages 1,2 and 3


Delphiniums

Cynoglossum amabile

Dahlia, Coltness Hybrics

## DELPHINIUM

## Perennial Larkspur

The tall, stately flower-spikes of the Delphinium rise to a height of 5 to 6 feet and supply the garden with a wealth of palc blue, azure-blue, gen-tian-blue, sapphire, and royal purple hues. They are effective in all situations and demand rich, deeply cultivated soil and considerable moisture. If flower-spikes are cut when through blooming, others will replace them.
Waterer's Superb Hybrids. A magnificent strain containing many of the finest and newest varieties that have been carefully selected to include all the most beautiful shades.

## Superb Art Shades

Superb Deep Blue Shades
Superb Mid-Blue Shades
Superb Light Blue Shades
Superb Mixed
Each, pkt. 25 cts.;
large pkt. 75 cts.
Hollyhock Strain. (Wrexham Type.) This strain is considered the Iargest and best in Delphiniums. The blooms are of immense size, ranging in color from white and lavender through every shade of blue.
Hollyhock Strain, Art Shades
Hollyhock Strain, Mid-Blue Shades
Hollyhock Strain, Deep Blue Shades
Hollyhock Strain, Light Blue Shades
Each, pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1$
Pacific Strain. See Novelties and Specialties, page 6.
Blackmore \& Langdon's Hybrids. A superior strain and contains Pkt. a mixture of choice flowers ranging in color from light blues
through mauves and lavenders to deepest ultramarine. 5 feet... \$0 50
Gold Medal Hybrids. Choicest mixture. All shades of blue from best-named varieties only..................................... $60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Belladonna, Improved. A greatly improved strain, with brighter,
larger blue flowers, more vigorous and taller growth, and excelling any other Belladonna for continuous blooming
Bellamosum. A deep blue form of the popular Belladonna
Cardinale. Bright scarlet, with yellow center
Summer Cloud. A very fine white coming true from seed

## Delphinium chinense

Plants dainty in form, with cosmos-like foliage, and loose, graceful sprays of single-spurred flowers. Blooms first year if sown early.

Pkt. Largepkt. Blue Butterfly Improved. Beautiful ultramarine-blue. 1 foot.... $\$ 0 \quad 15$ \$0 40 Cambridge Blue. Light blue, similar in color to the well-known

Belladonna. $21 / 2$ feet

## DIGITALIS • Foxglove

Showy, hardy perennials of easy culture. As a background in shrubbery, or as specimen plants in large beds, they are equally striking and effective. Sow in July for strong flowering plants the following season.

Pkt. Largepkt. Spotted Varieties. A superb mixture,-a wonderful range of colors..... \$0 10 \$0 25 Monstrosa. Long spikes of enormous flowers. All colors mixed $10 \quad 25$ Gloxiniæflora. Large, spotted, gloxinia-like flowers produced on long spikes.
 Isabellina. A very striking new variety, producing yellow flowers which gradually Pkt. develop a chamois or buff shade

Large pkt. 40 cts. . . $\$ 015$ Lutzii Hybrids. Attractive hybrid. Salmon flowers. 4 feet. Large pkt. 40 cts 15
15 Shirley Strain. A new strain of giant Foxglove, raised by the late Rev. W. Wilkes. The plants attain a height of 5 to 7 feet, with spikes 3 to 4 feet long, carrying flowers of giant size, ranging in color from white to dark rose and handsomely blotehed and spotted cream, maroon, and chocolate.

1/40z. 50 cts .

## DIANTHUS . Pinks

In this large and greatly varied genus are some of our most beautiful and best-loved flowers, unsurpassed for color and fragrance. They are hardy biennials that bloom finely the first season, remaining green all winter and blooming the next year also, if lightly protected. Old plants flower the earliest, but as young ones give the largest, finest flowers, sowings are made every year. Seed may be sown in the open in early spring when the danger of frost is past and if the situation is open and the ground is well prepared, they will flower luxuriantly in a few weeks' time and continue until hard frost. For best results, seedlings should be thinned out to have plants stand 6 inches apart. They average 1 foot in height and are splendid for borders and for cutting.

## Single Annual Pinks

These single sorts contain many beautiful varieties, the flowers of which often measure 2 to 3 in . in diameter. They are very effective for borders or beds. 1 ft . Crimson Belle. Rich crimson
Eastern Queen. Delicately marbled rose and mauve
$\$ 0 \quad 10 \quad \$ 025$
10
10
10
Heddewigi (Single Japan Pink). Finest selected single varieties, mixed.
Laciniatus (Single Fringed Pink). Flowers come in a great many colors.
Laciniatus splendens. Crimson, white eye
10
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Salmon Queen. Beautiful fringed flowers of brilliant salmon color, changing to old rose when fading.

Vesuvius. Beautifylorange-searlet Pkt. 1/oz. flowers, very striking in beds or borders.
$\$ 0 \quad 10 \quad \$ 0 \quad 50$
Nobilis (Royal Pink). Improved varieties of the single-flowering Japan Pink. Colors white to dark red.
Punctatus (Princess Pink). A fine variety, with fringed flowers, mottled, flaked, spotted, and striped in the greatest diversity of colors
COLLE
ION: One pkt. each of above 9 varieties, 75 cts.


Dianthus plumarius

## Double Annual Pinks

Chinensis. (China, or Indian Pink). Blooms in clusters; flowers very Pkt. ${ }^{1 / 1 / 0 z}$. double and in a large range of bright colors
Diadematus (Double Diadem Pink). Beautiful doublc flowers of various tints of lilac, crimson, and purple; outer edges fringed variety of colors; edges fringed
Lucifer. Brilliant orange-scarlet flowers measuring about 2 inches across; very dazzling and popular variety; nicely fringed
Mirabilis (Double Marvelous Pink). Large, fringed, double flowers on long, stiff stems, pure white to dark crimson.
Mourning Cloak. Dark velvety crimson; petals strikingly edged white.
Salmon King. Brilliant salmon-rose.
Snowdrift. Large, double, white flowers; excellent for border or cutting..
Violet Queen. Rich violet, an unusual shade.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 10 varieties, 95 cts.

## Hardy Garden Pinks

These form low, bushy, tufted plants, above which are produced the beautiful fringed and fragrant flowers so valued in old-fashioned gardens and rockery.
Allwoodi. Hybrid between carnation and pink. Varied colors. Blooms Pkt. Targe pkt. from seven to nine months from date of sowing.......................... $\$ 0.50$
Allwoodi alpinus. Blooms the first year from seed. Single and semidouble, fragrant flowers in many shades. 4 to 6 inches high.
Cæsius (Cheddar Pink). A splendid rock-plant forming dense tufts 3 inches high and bearing bright rosy pink flowers in May and June
Deltoides, Brilliant. Vivid crimson blooms carried above fine feathery foliage. Fine for the rockery or edging
Delight. A recent novelty that is profuse in boom witl gay cheerful colors. Erect and tidy in habit

Plumarius, Highland Queen. One of the finest Pinks for the rockgarden. It is very floriferous and continues in bloom a long time. The flowers are Iarge, of a lustrous scarlet-vermilion color
Plumarius, Single Mixed (Pheasant's-Eyc Pink). Large single, fringed flowers; beautifully marked in many colors................1/0z. 30 cts..
Plumarius fl.-pl. (Double Hardy Garden Pinks). Double and semi-double.
Semperflorens (Everblooming Hardy Garden Pinks). Swect-scented, double, scmi-double, and single flowers in beautiful colors. 1/ioz. $35 \mathrm{cts} .$. .
Scoticus (Scoteh Pinks). Beautiful double fringed flowers which emit a clover-like perfume. About 1 foot high when in bloom. Mixed colors..
Superbus, Loveliness. Shaggy, finely fringed white flowers tinted with rosy mauve measure 2 inches across. Stately in habit with a spicy Carnation fragrance
Winteri. New. Striking new Pinks awarded First-Class Certificate by R. H. S. The flowers are of bold form, deliciously seented, pure colors, habit compact, and blooms first year from seed. Ideal rock-plants. Quite hardy.

## DIMORPHOTHECA . Star of the Veldt

Only recently introduced from South Africa, the plant has become instantly popular. Rather dwarf in growth ( 12 to 15 inches high), the foliage remains nestled to the ground, while the innumerable flower-stems appear continuously all summer. Thin and wiry they hold erect a daisylike flower, with very narrow, long petals, which curve upward, thereby giving the flower a most interesting appearance. The flowers, both in the garden and when cut, will close up toward evening and reopen freshly the next morning. Seeds can be sown outdoors, as it flowers very quickly and remains a blaze of bloom until frost. It delights in sunny situations. 1 foot.Pkt. Large Pkt.
Aurantiaca. Golden orange with dark disc......... $\$ 0 \quad 10 \quad \$ 025$
Aurantiaca, Salmon Beauty. True salmon shade
1025
Aurantiaca Hybrids. Varying in colors from white to blush-white, lemonellow to reddish yellow, pale salmon to golden orange.
Ecklonis. A beautiful species of light, graceful habit, bearing elegant white flowers, 3 inches across, with dark blue-spotted center, and reverse of petals blue and mauve. In bloom from spring to autumn.


Dolichos

Ringens. The flowers are more refined than most of the daisy class, and being of a pure glistening white with blue zone, are highly attractive. Plant is also extremely free flowering, and we consider it deserving a place in every garden. Grows 8 to 10 inches high.



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Dimorphotheca aurantiaca

## DICTAMNUS . Gas Plant

The glossy, leathery leaves are dark green and retain their deep color until late in fall. Its flowers are borne on spikes 2 to 3 feet high. Both the foliage and flowers are fragrant and when the parts are crushed in the hand, they have the fragrance of a Iemon. Hardy perennial.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Albus. Spikes of attractive pure white, sweet-scented flowers
. $\$ 015$ \$0 40
Albus. rubra (Fraxinella). Large spikes of deep pink, purple-veined flowers $\qquad$ 15 40

## DIDISCUS

Cærulea (Blue Lace Flower). This pretty and interesting annual blooms most profusely from July till November; also used extensively for early spring flowering in a cool greenhouse; their exquisite pale lavender blossoms are excellent for cutting; plants grow about $11 / 2$ feet high, and have as many as fifty flowers open at one time. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## DOLICHOS . Hyacinth Bean

A rapid-growing annual climber, bearing large, handsome foliage and bright flowers, followed by curious bean-shaped pods.
Darkness. Stems and under sides of foliage purplish red. The numerous spikes of reddish Pkt. Oz. purple, pea-like flowers are succeeded by showy seed-pods. 8 to 10 feet. ................. . $\$ 010$
Daylight. Covered with pure white flowers from the ground up; ornamental white pods. 8 to 10 feet..

10
25

## DORONICUM . Leopard-bane

Caucasicum magnificum. Large, bright yellow, daisy-like flowers. One of the most effective early springflowering perennials. It is a splendid flower for cutting as it carries well and stands a long time in water. They succeed well anywhere. Pkt. 35 cts.

## DRACAENA

Ornamental greenhouse plants; fine for pots, vases, or beds; green


## ECHINOPS • Globe Thistle

All the Globe Thistles are distinctive plants and are well adapted to plant in borders, among shrubbery, or to use as bold specimen plants. The round, ball-like flower-heads, entirely covered with needlelike thistles, are excellent for cutting; can be dried, and will remain attractive for months. Ritro. Steel-blue flower-heads. 3 to 4 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## ECHINOCYSTIS • Wild Cucumber

Lobata. One of the quickest-growing annual vines we know of. Splendid for covering trellises, old trees, fences, etc. Clean, bright green foliage and sprays of white flowers in July and August. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

## EDELWEISS

Common (Leontopodium alpinum). The true and famous Edelweiss of the Alps. The flowers are of downy texture, pure silver-white and star-shaped. Succeeds in almost any soil with full exposure to sun. 6 inches. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.

## ERIGERON

Speciosus. An attractive perennial with large, clear, pale mauve flowers having bright golden yellow centers. Excellent for cutting. 18 inches. Pkt. 15 cts .; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.


Didiscus cærulea


Eschscholtzia

## ESCHSCHOLTZIA • California Poppy

A very interesting and popular annual, readily grown from seed sown outdoors in May in the spot where they are wanted and simply thinned out. The beautiful lacelike foliage covers the entire growth a foot high and has a silvery shcen. The coneshaped poppy flowers appear on fairly long stems from June until frost without interruption. If the flowers arc cut early in the morning while they are elosed-up buds, they will last fully two days in water.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Pkt. } & 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} \text {. } \\ \$ 0 \quad 10 & \$ 0 \\ 25\end{array}$
Californica aurantiaca. Rich orange. ................................................. $10 \quad \$ 0 \quad 25$
The Geisha. The prettily fluted petals are brilliant golden on the inside
and intense orange-crimson on the outside
10
Golden West. Yellow, with orange center
10
Mandarin. Inside of petals orange, outside scarlet
Mauve Beauty. Pure mauve.
Rosy Queen. Soft flesh-pink
Scarlet Beauty. Vivid, deep, even scarlet.
Vesuvius. Wallflower-red
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 8 varieties, 65 cts
Mixed. Many fine colors.............................. $1 / 2$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
Hybrid Mixed. New, large-flowering, ercct type, containing a Iarge percentage of new colors in EschschoItzias, including Soft Pink, Scarlet, Chrome, CopperRed, Claret, and Royal Purple.

1/4oz. 35 cts.; oz. $\$ 1.25$
Monarch Art Shades. New. A compact strain of large-flowering Eschscholtzia in mixture, entirely distinct from all other types. Each bloom is large, semidouble, and of exquisite formation, carried well above the neat feathered foliage. The beauty is enhanced by almost a metallic sheen, which gives an effect of brilliance in color and substance of flower never before approached in the Eschscholtzia family.
Ramona Hybrids, Finest Mixed. A A bright mixture of beautifuliy frilled and fluted flowers with incurving petals. The plants are dwarf and compact growing and of much neater appearance than other Eschseholtzias. A truly handsome and different addition to this popular group . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 40 cts.

## ERYNGIUM • Sea Holly

Handsome, ornamental perennials for flower and shrubbery borders. Blooms from July to September. Finely cut, spiny foliage, with beautiful, thistle-like heads of amethystine-blue. Fine for winter bouquets. Amethystinum. Deep blue. 3 feet. Pkt. 15 ets.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## EUPHORBIA

Plants with ornamental foliage; vcry showy and easily raised from seed.
Variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). Attractive foliage, veined and margined with white. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.
Heterophylla (Annual Poinsettia or Mexican Fire-Plant). An annual, bushy plant, with highly ornamental leaves, which in summer and autumn become dark fiery scarlet. 2 to 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## EUPATORIUM



A fine hardy perennial, which will grow and thrive in almost any situation; blooms the first season from seed if sown early;

Fraseri. Feathery white flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts

## EXACUM

Affine atrocaeruleum. Beautiful greenhouse pot-plant growing 9 inches high. The sweetly scented, smaII, dark lavender flowers with golden stamens contrast wonderfully with the light green leaves. Biennial; flowering within 6 months from sowing. Pkt. 35 cts.; 3 pkts. 90 cts.

## GENTIANA • Blue Gentian

Acaulis. A dwarf, hardy perennial; deep blue flowers; moist, shady situations. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 ets.


## GERBERA • Transvaal Daisy

Half-hardy perennials, usually grown as greenhouse- or window-plants. The daisylike blossoms, 3 to 4 inches across, are borne on 12- to 18 -inch stems. Pkt. 100 Seeds Jamesoni. Beautiful orangc-scarlet

## GEUM

Geums are hardy perennials producing dwarf, tufted plants from which rise graceful stems, 2 feet high, bearing beautiful double flowers frcely throughout the summer. They are also valuable for cut-llowers. Pkt. Large pkt.
Mrs. Bradshaw. Brightest scarlet ... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 015$ 150
Lady Stratheden. Finc doublc yellow flowers.
15
15
Orange Queen. Beautiful double orange flowers

## GAILLARDIA • Blanket Flower

## PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Showy and handsome for beds and borders. The flowers are a most peculiar combination of shades, varying between gold and maroon.
Grandiflora, Burgundy. Large, wine-red flowers. Upright habit
Pkt.
Large pkt. 50 cts. . $\$ 020$
Grandiflora, Dazzler. Produces large flowers, often 4 to 5 inches across, of bright
golden yellow with rich maroon-red center. The plant is vigorous, throwing up a profusion of long, erect flower-stalks which provide excellent material for cutting Large pkt. 25 cts.
Grandiflora, Goblin. See Novelties and Specialties, page 6.
Grandiflora, Portola Hybrids. A superb strain of upright habit, bearing flowers of very large size, the colors ranging through shades of bronzy red with golden-tipped petalage

Large pkt. 40 cts. .
Grandiflora, Tangerine. Fine new variety of compact habit. Flowers showy orangered, on long stems
Grandiflora, Superb Mixed. Crimson and gold. Large pkt. 40 cts . $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

## ANNUAL VARIETIES

An exceedingly popular and showy annual, producing throughout the summer an abundance of large, handsome flowers of various colors.
Amblyodon. Large, single, salmon-red flowers, deep crimson centers; very Pkt showy and fine for cutting. 2 feet
Picta. Single-flowered. Fine mixture of colors 1 foot
Picta, Indian Chief. Bronzy red. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10
Lorenziana, Double, Finest Pkt.
1/40z.
Mixed. Beautiful colors, flowering all summer. Fine for bedding or cutting. $11 / 2$ fect
$\begin{array}{llll}\$ 0 & 10 & \$ 0 & 25\end{array}$
Lorenziana, The Bride.
White, double; fine for cut-
ting

## GLOXINIA

Hybridagrandiflora. An unsurpassed strain, containing the spotted hybrids as well as the finest self-colored sorts. Pkt. 50 cts.

## GODETIA

An attractive hardy annual, deserving more extensive cultivation. The plants are of distinct and graceful habit, and the long trusses of double, azalea-like flowers are excellent for cutting. 2 feet. Pkt. Largepkt. Tall Double Crimson.... . $\$ 010$ \$0 25 Tall Double Mauve..... . . . 10 Tall Double Rosy Morn.. . 10 Tall Double Mixed

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30

Sybil Sherwood Large, single flowers of a glorious shade of bright salmon-pink edged white. The plant is about $11 / 2$ feet high, of upright and compact habit. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.


Gilia capitata


Godetia, Double Rosy Morn foliage groups. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts. stemmed cut-flowers.

Elegans carminea. Bright carminc-rosc. Valuable for cutting.
Elegans rosea. A pretty blush-pink form of the above Blooms first year if sown early. 2 feet flowers in July and August
Repens rosea. A rosc-flowered form of the above

## GILIA

This is a very graccful annual, growing about 3 feet high, with fine feathery foliage and bearing freely, over a long season, globular heads about 1 inch across, gracefulty poised on long stems.
Capitata. (Reselected.) Rich Pkt. $1 / 1 \mathrm{oz}$.
sky-blue.
$\$ 0 \quad 10 \quad \$ 0 \quad 25$


Gourds

## ORNAMENTAL GOURDS

Gourds grow Iuxuriantly and are useful for covering arbors, fences, etc. The fruits they bear are very ornamental and keep well. 15 to 20 feet

Apple-shaped
Bottle-shaped. Large
Calabash or Pipe
Dipper-shaped
Luffa (Dish-rag)
Egg-shaped.
Hercules' Club
Orange-shaped
Pear-shaped. Yellow and
greén striped
Fine Mixed.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Pkt. } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Large } \\ \text { pkt. } \\ \$ 0 \\ \$ 0\end{array} 10 \\ \$ 0 & 25\end{array}$

## GLOBE AMARANTH

## Gomphrena

Sometimes called "Bachelor's Buttons." Flowers resemble clover-heads and can be dried and used in winter bouquets. 2 feet. Pink, White, Purple, and Mixed, each, pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts.

## GREVILLEA • Silk Oak

Robusta. Really a greenhouse plant, but can be successfully grown as an annual. It is a neat little shrub, with delicate fern-like foliage. Very useful for table decoration and in

## GYPSOPHILA • Baby's Breath

Feathery panicles of tiny star-shaped flowers, gracefully and daintily borne on slender stems. A charming effect may be had by mixing sprays of Baby's Breath with other long-

## ANNUAL VARIETIES

Elegans alba grandiflora. This is an improved, large-flowering, pure white form of Pkt. the annual Baby's Breath, of free, easy growth. Several sowings should be made dur-
ing the season to keep up a supply ..................................... Oz. 25 cts. . . $\$ 010$
Oz. 30 cts.
Oz. 30 cts.
Muralis. A lovely little rock or edging plant with rose-pink flowers.... 4 foz. 30 cts.

## PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Paniculata. One of the favorite hardy perennials. White flowers; fine for bouquets.
$1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.
Paniculata f.-pl., Snow-White. The double-flowering Baby's Breath, and one of the fincst hardy plants for cutting. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 50 cts. .
Pacifica. Graceful, branched panicles of rose-colored flowers. Comes into bloom after the Panieulata varieties have passed. $31 / 2$ feet . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 50 cts.
Repens, White. An elegant trailing plant for the rockery, with clouds of small white
Large pkt. 25 cts. .
Large pkt. 25 cts.


Helichrysum

## GRASSES • Ornamental

For borders and ornamental gardening; also, when dried, for winter bouquets and decorations.
Agrostis nebulosa (Cloud Grass). An airy and graceful annual grass that Pkt. looks like a line of mist when in bloom. Beautiful to mix with cut-flowers. $11 / 2$ feet.

Large pkt. 25 cts... $\$ 010$
Briza maxima (Quaking Grass). Valuable for winter bouquets and wreaths. The seed-clusters are heart-shaped and gracefully poised on such slender stems that they are almost constantly in motion. 1 foot. Large pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} .$. .
Coix lacryma-Jobi (Job's Tears). Broad, corn-like leaves with hard, shining, pearly seeds which may be used as beads. 2 to 4 feet. Large pkt. 25 cts.
Eragrostis elegans. (Love Grass). Of erect growth about 18 inches high, with feathery panicles, nice for cutting............... . Large pkt. 25 cts...
Pennisetum longistylum. Annual. Graceful, greenish white plumes; fine for beds or dried bouquets. 2 feet.

Large pkt. 25 cts.
Pennisetum Ruppeli (Purple Fountain Grass). Annual. Exccllent for beds or for dried bouquets; purple plumes. 3 feet...........Large pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} .$. .

COLLECTION: Six varieties, 50 cts.

## HELENIUM

A hardy and beautiful perennial, producing a large quantity of long-stemmed yellow flowers with black centers; very suitable for cutting. In bloom from July to October. 2 to 3 feet.
Bigelowi. Golden yellow, with black center $\qquad$ Large pkt. 40 cts. . $\$ 0 \quad 15$ Riverton Gem. Orange-yellow, dark center............ . Large pkt. 40 cts... 15

## HELIOTROPE

A half-hardy perennial, flowering during the whole season. Its delightful perfume makes it a most desirable bouquet flower. A splendid bedding plant. Seed started indoors in the spring will make fine plants for summer blooming; can also be sown outdoors in May.
Lemoine's Giant. Of robust habit of growth and produces headsPkt. Largepkt. of flowers nearly double the size of the old sort. Mixed colors....... $\$ 0 \quad 15 \quad \$ 040$ Queen Marguerite. Very large umbels of dark blue flowers.

15
40
Regále. An improved varicty of dwarf habit, with large masses of bloon.

## HELICHRYSUM

## Straw Flower

One of the best of the "Everlastings." They succeed in any good garden soil. The large, double flowers of rich, glittering colors make a fine display in beds or borders, but are especially grown to dry for winter use in baskets, vases, etc. When grown for winter use, they should bc cut when the flowers are about one-third open, but with as long stems
 as possible; take off all fol-
iare tie in bunches iage, tie in bunches, and hang head downward in some dark, dry place until the stenis are thoroughly dry. Our seeds are of the Monstrosa or large-flowering type, which insures you an abundance of large, double flowers of the most brilliant colors.

Double Canary-Yellow
Double Salmon-Pink.
Double Fireball. Bright red.
Double Golden Ball. Yellow
Double Rose Queen. Old-rose .
Double Silver Ball. Wlite.
Double Violet Queen. Rich color
Double Mixed. All colors.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 7 colors, 60 cts.

## HELIANTHEMUM • Rock or Sun Rose

Chamæcistus mutabile. Exceedingly pretty, low-growing, perennial evergreen plants about 1 foot high, forming broad clumps which are hidden by a densc mass of bloom during their flowering season, July to Scptember. Well adapted for the front of the border, the rockery, or a dry, sunny bank. Choicc mixed, pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## HELIOPSIS

Pitcheriana. Prctty, branching, perennial plants with numerous, large vellow blossoms, resembling
Heliopsis Pitcheriana sunflowers. Fine for cutting; blooms all summer. 2 to 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts .

## HEUCHERA

Sanguinea. Excellent plants for rockeries and borders. The foliage grows close Pkt. to the ground, and above it rise numerous graceful panicles of flowers of a vivid shade of coral-red, which make fine cut-flowers. Blooming period from May till September. 1 foot.
Choice Hybrids. New. From white to glowing crimson .. Large pkt. 75 cts . .

## HELIOPHILA

Linearifolia. Pretty blue flowers in Iong racemes. Treat as a half-hardy annual, or can be grown in a cool greenhouse. 18 inches.... Large pkt. 40 cts. Leptophylla. Bright blue, clear white eye. 9 to 12 inches Large pkt. 40 cts.

## HIBISCUS • Marsh Mallow

Tall-growing plants especially adapted to backgrounds and shrubbery borders. Of easiest culture, and bloom the entire season. 4 to 5 feet.
Grandiflorus hybridus. A new race of large-flowered perennial Hibiscus. Excellent for borders. Beautiful mixture of Reds, Pinks, White, Blush, and Clear Rose. 4 feet. Pkt. 15 cts .; Iarge pkt. 40 cts .
Grandiflorus, Sunset. A beautiful plant for the greenhouse or outdoors. Flower very large, pale yellow, black center. Half-hardy annual. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts.


Double Hollyhock

Large pkt. 75 cts. . .\$0 25

## HOLLYHOCK

A hardy perennial of upright, stately growth, 5 to 8 feet high. The very double varieties are the most desirable, but the newer, semi-double, fringed types are also very popular. Hollyhocks make a fine row in a garden, or a fine background next to a building or high wall or fence Chater's Double White. Pkt. 10 cts ; large pkt. 25 cts.
Chater's Double Scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

Chater's Double Sulphur-Yellow
Chater's Double Bright Rose.
Chater's Double Salmon-Rose
Chater's Double Maroon.
COLLECTION: Six colors, 50 cts.
Chater's Finest Mixed
Chater's Finest Mixed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 25 cts
Double Imperator. Very large, fringed flower, 6 inches across, with double rosette in center, resembling a crested begonia. Colors range through delicate pink to cerise-salmon.

Large pkt. 40 cts .
Large pkt. 25 cts.
Double Newport Pink. The very double flowers are pure pink.10

Double Triumph, Mixed. New, early-flowering strain, containing a great variety of new colors. The flowers are gracefully waved and fringed. We consider this a wonderful Hollyhock. .

Large pkt. 40 cts.
Single Varieties: © Chamois, Maroon, Pink, Scarlet, White, Yellow, Mixed.
Each large pkt. 25 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of 6 colors, 50 cts .
Mammoth Fringed Allegheny. Flowers 5 inches across, in splendid rich colors; petals beautifully laced and fringed; very robust habit. Choicest mixed .....Large pkt. 25 cts. . .

## HUMULUS • Japanese Hop

A rapid summer climber which attains a height of 20 to 30 feet, resembling the common hop, but, being an annual, attains full perfection the first season. The foliage is luxuriant, making a dense covering. It is one of the best plants for covering verandas, trellises, etc., producing grateful shade and being very ornamental. Heat, drought, and insects do not trouble it.
Japonicus. Beautiful green foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4oz. 25 cts.
Variegatus. A variegated variety with handsome foliage. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

## HONESTY • Moonwort

Hardy biennial, admired for its silvery seed-pouches, which are used for house ornaments. Beautiful and curious purple flowers. Sow seed in open in May and protect over winter. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.

## HUNNEMANNIA

## Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy

Fumariæfolia. Forms a bush 2 feet in height, with finely cut foliage, and large, tulip-shaped flowers on long, stiff stems, from August to November. Clear, brilliant yellow. Sow seed early in the spring, in shallow drills where the plants are to bloom. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Sunlite. Semi-double. Same as above, but with an cxtra band of pctals on the outside of the cup. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ large pkt. 40 cts .

## ICE PLANT • Mesembryanthemum

Crystallinum. Pretty trailing summer half-hardy annual for vases and rockwork; Ieaves covered with icc-like drops; flowers white. 6 inches. Pkt. 10 cts . $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.
Criniflorum. This variety is one of the most easily grown hardy annuals and thrives well in poor soil. The plants, which are of slightly spreading habit, are literally covered with flowers, measuring about 1 inch, of the most delightful shades. Pkt. 15 cts .; large pkt. 40 cts .


Hunnemannia fumariæfolia

## INCARVILLEA

Delavayi. A rather new hardy perennial and one of the prettiest plants known. It produces divided, pale green leaves about 2 feet in length. The tube-shaped, bright rose flowers are borne on long, stout stems and appear almost like gloxinias. Pkt. 25 cts .; Iarge pkt. 75 cts.

## IMPATIENS

Very effective for bedding and succeeds particularly well in halfshady places, blooming continuously throughout the summer; also makes splendid pot-plants that bloom in profusion all winter long. Holstii Hybrids. Colors varying from pink to ver- Pkt. Largepkt. milion-scarlet...
Sultani. Bright rosy carmine.
.$\$ 0 \quad 20 \quad \$ 0 \quad 50$

## IPOMOEA

Climbers of rapid growth, with beautiful and varied flowers. For covering walls, trellises, arbors, or stumps of trees they are invaluable. They bloom best in soil rather low in fertility and in a fairly dry location. Heavenly Blue, especially if overfed or over watered, will not bloom. It is well to soak the secd in warm water over night to assist in germination.
Imperialis (Japanese Morning-Glory). The flowers Pkt. $\mathrm{Oz}_{\mathrm{z}}$ are of enormous size and of great variety of colors . . . $\$ 0 \quad 10 \quad \$ 030$
Setosa (Brazilian Morning-Glory). The rose-colored flowers are borne very freely from August to frost...
Heavenly Blue, Improved Early-flowering. We offer an extra early-blooming strain of this enormously popular and much-sought-after annual climber. The flowers are Iarge and freely produced, of a deep intense blue color, shading lighter toward the center. Its extreme earliness, and its true heavenly blue coloring make it distinct and infinitely superior to all other strains. In color on second cover. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts} .$.
Scarlett O'Hara. See Novelties and Specialties, page 6.
Noctiflora (Moonflower). At night and during dull days the plants are covered with an abundance of Iarge, pure white, fragrant flowers, 5 to 6 inches in diameter $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts.
Double Rose Marie. Double flowers of a beautifu. shade of deep rose. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1 / 4 \mathrm{4}$ oz. 35 cts. . .


Larkspur, Giant Imperial


Morning-Glory

## JACOBAEA (Senecio elegans)

Tall, Double, Mixed. A really beautiful, free-flowering, easily grown, hardy annual, producing fine heads of double flowers which are extremely valuable for cutting. 18 inches. Colors include pink, red, purple, violet, and white. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## KAULFUSSIA

Amelloides (Cbarieis beteropbylla). An excellent annual of easy culture. Small, single, aster-like flowers of light blue. Very beautiful as an edging plant or in rockery. Pkt. 10 cts ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## KOCHIA

Trichophylla Childsi (Summer Cypress). A very ornamental plant of graceful habit, with finely cut green foliage which changes to a deep red in the autumn. It forms a neat little bush somewhat resembling a small cypress tree. 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.

## KUDZU VINE (Pueraria Thunbergiana)

A perennial climber from Japan; fine when once established, often growing 40 feet in a season. Purplish violet, fragrant, wisteria-like flowers; good foliage. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 c.ts.

## LARKSPUR (Annual Giant Imperial)

TaII, upright, compact, basal branching in habit, the Giant Imperials have superseded all other types of Larkspurs as cut-flowers and for general garden use. The delphinium-like spikes of double flowers, carried on stems 4 to 5 feet long, are compactly placed on the upright-growing plants, requiring only about one-half the space needed for the old stock-flowered type of Larkspur.

Blue Bell. Azure-blue.
Blue Spire. Deep Oxford-blue.
Carmine King. Carmine-rose. Cattleya. Rosy lilac.
Daintiness. Delicate lavender.
Exquisite Pink, Improved.
Soft pink, shaded saImon.
Gloria Improved. Deep rose.

Lilac Queen. A rich lilac.
Miss California. Pink, shaded salmon.
Peach Blossom. Light pink.
The Empress Improved. Salmon-rose.
White King. Glistcning white. Mixed. All colors.
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each ( 6 colors), our selection, 75 cts. COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 12 colors, $\$ 1.25$.

## FOUR OUTSTANDING MARIGOLDS



DWARF DOUBLE FRENCH, HARMONY Pkt. 15c.; $1 / 40$ z. 40c.; oz. $\$ 1.25$ For description, see page 7


GIGANTEA, ORANGE SUNSET Pkt. 25 c .; large pkt. 75 c . For description, see page 7

COLLECTION: ONE PACKET EACH OF THE 4 MARIGOLDS ILLUSTRATED

65 c


Each, pkt. 20c.; large pkt. 50c. For description, see page 7


## LAVATERA

## Annual Mallow

Beautiful annual, producing profusely the entire summer, large, cup-shaped flowers. Sow in the garden in May and thin out 1 foot apart. 2 feet.
Trimestris rosea splendens. Brilliant rosepink. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 25 cts.
Trimestris alba splendens. White flowers with satiny finish. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 25c.

## LAVENDER

(Lavandula vera)
True Lavender. Popular sweet-scented hardy perennial; fine for mixed border. 3 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4oz. 35 cts.
Munstead Strain. Dwarf, compact, earlyflowering variety with deep Iavender flowers. A good rock-plant. 1 foot. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.

## LANTANA

One of the most desirable half-hardy perennial greenhouse or bedding plants, constantly in bloom. Verbena-like heads of Orange, White, Rose, and other colored flowers. 2 feet.
Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts. New Dwarf Bedding Hybrids. Excellent for bedding and pot-culture. Will bloom freely all summer, and can be transferred to the greenhouse for the winter. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS

Everlasting or Hardy Sweet Pea
A hardy perennial climber, flowering the first year if seed is sown in the fall. Flowers resemble sweet peas. Is not fragrant, but is hardy and showy. 6 feet.
White Pearl Red

## Pink Beauty

 MixedEach, pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## LEPTOSYNE

Maritima. Large, golden yellow flowers on long stems, greatly resembling coreopsis, with very fine fern-like foliage. Good for cutting and forcing. 2 feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; Iarge pkt. 25 cts.
Stillmani. One of the quickest-growing annuals, blooming within five weeks from date of sowing, and the goIden yellow flowers continue in perfection for a long time. Excellent for cutting. 18 inches. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
Golden Rosette. New. A double form of Stillmani. The color is bright butteryellow. Admirable as a cut-flower. Pkt. 25 cts.

## LEWISIA

Howelli. A creeping, hardy perennial, forming a wide rosette of narrow, crinkled foliage, not exceeding 3 inches in height, and throwing up stems about 6 inches long crowned with flowers of apricot streaked with rose. A rare and lovely plant which will be of admirable effect in rockeries. Pkt. 25 cts.; Iarge pkt. 75 cts.


Perennial Sweet Pea (Lathyrus)

## LEPTOSIPHON • Stardust

Hybrids. Free-flowering hardy annuals, useful for edging and rockwork. Plants are thickly studded with charming bright flowers of various colors. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

## LILIUM

Philippinense formosanum. A new, graceful, hardy Lily growing 2 to 3 feet high, with large, trumpet-shaped, fragrant, white blooms, suffused on the exterior with reddish brown. Will bloom 6 to 8 months after sowing. Pkt. 20 cts.; Iarge pkt. 50 cts.
Regale (Regal Lily). Ivory-white, shaded pink on outside, yellow in throat. Blooms in July. 3 to 5 feet. Pkt. 15c.; large pkt. 40 c .

## LIATRIS • Blazing Star

Pycnostachya. A hardy perennial that grows in long spikes, 4 to 5 feet tall, densely covered with slender, grass-like leaves of a light green. The small flowers are rosy purple. A peculiar habit of the Liatris is that the succession of bloom is from the top downward rather than from the lowest blooms up to the highest, as in all other spike flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

Flavum. A splendid variety for the rock-garden. Golden yellow Pkt. Largepkt. flowers from June to September. 1 foot
Flavum nanum compactum. New Dwarf Flax for rockery and border. Glowing yellow. 6 inches

## LINARIA

A desirable, hardy annual excellent for cutting. The loose, graceful sprays bear dainty flowers resembling a miniature antirrhinum. Can also be grown in the greenhouse for winter blooming.
Maroccana, Diadem. Bright violet with pure white Pkt. Lge. pkt. eye. 10 inches......................................... $\$ 0$ 15 \$0 40
Maroccana, Ruby King. Ruby-crimson. 10 inches.. 1025
Maroccana, Fairy Bouquet. New. Compact habit with large flowers in many beautiful colors. 8 inches.
Maroccana hybrida, Excelsior. A fine mixture of brilliant colors. 12 to 18 inches.

1540

Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). Beautiful trailing plants with violet flowers; useful for vases, baskets, etc....

10

## LINUM • Flax

Attractive perennial plants of variable habit, with delicate foliage and circular flowers of clear, shining hues.


Linum perenne

Perenne. Very graceful, producing bright blue flowers the entire
summer. $11 / 2$ feet.

10

## LYCHNIS

Handsome hardy perennial plants of easy culture, for massing in beds and borders, blooming the first year if sown early.
Alpina. Close tufts of olive-green foliage and clusters of rose-colored flowers. 4 inches.

Pkt. Large pkt.
 it bears an abundance of large, brilliantly colored flowers varying from orange-scarlet to soft salmon-pink. 2 to 3 feet. . . . . . . . . . . . . Chalcedonica. Fine scarlet flowers. 2 fcet.
Chalcedonica, Salmon Queen. Very pretty ............................ 10
Haageana. Brilliant orange, scarlet, crimson, in mixture. 1 foot. 10
Viscariz splendens. Showy bright rosy red blooms on plants 1 foot high. Fine for rock-garden.


Hartwegi Giant Lupines

## Annual Lupines

Free-flowering, easily grown annuals, with long, graceful spikes of rich and various-colored pea-shaped flowers; valuable for mixed borders, beds and for cutting. 2 feet.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Rich Blue } & \text { Yellow } \\ \text { Sky-Blue } & \text { Rose }\end{array}$
Each, pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/2oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

## MARVEL OF PERU

## Four-o'Clock or Mirabilis

A very popular and most interesting garden plant, growing to a height of $21 / 2$ feet and spreading to perfeet tree-shaped bushes $11 / 2$ feet through, which are literally covered with bright-colored morning-glory-like blossoms. The flowers open in the afternoon and close eaeh morning. They range in color from white to yellow, pink, orange, and red. Seeds may be sown in the open garden.

## MIMULUS

A half-hardy perennial, growing from 6 inehes to 1 foot high. Useful for window-gardens and pot-work, or for garden in a moist, shady situation. Blooms first year from seed if sown carly.
Moschatus (Musk Plant). Fragrant plant with small, yellow Pkt. blooms.
.Large pkt. $40 \mathrm{cts} . . . \$ 015$
Tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Large flowers of several colors and spotted. -

Oz. 25 cts. . $\$ 010$

## MATHIOLA . Evening-scented Stock

Bicornis. This old-fashioned annual has no beauty to recom- Pkt. mend it, the flowers being a dull purplish Iilac, but it is well worth growing for the entrancing fragrance which it emits during the evening. 1 foot
.1/40z. 25 cts... $\$ 010$
Mixed Colors.
010 during the evening. 1 foot

## LOBELIA

Exceedingly pretty, profuse-blooming plants of great value, both in the garden and for hanging-baskets, window-boxes, and vases; especially prized for edgings of beds and borders. 6 inches.

## Annual Varieties

Blue Stone Improved. The finest compact Lobelia for bedding. Clear blue Pkt. without eye. Especially selected strain................ . . Large pkt. 50 cts.. . $\$ 020$
Blue Emperor. Light blue; compact: very fine................1/8oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} . . .10$ Cambridge Blue Improved. True Cambridge blue color of good, compact habit. Reselected stock............................. Large pkt. 50 cts. .
Compacta, Crystal Palace. (Extra selected.) Dark blue. For borders and bedding.......................................................... 75 cts. . Compacta, Mrs. C Clibran. Deep blue; white cye; compact habit.
Compacta, Mrs. Clibran. Deep blue; white cye; compact habit. 25 cts.
Compacta, Snowball. Compact habit; pure white. .. . .Large pkt. 25 cts.
Erinus (gracilis). Blue. Fine for baskets or trailing purposes... $1 .$.
Hybrida, Sapphire. Deep bluc, pure white eye; used for baleonies, flowerstands, and hanging-baskets.

Large pkt. 40 cts.
Tenuior. Flowers cobalt-blue, with white center. Of upright growth; about 15 inches high. Splendid for pots or bedding.......... Large pkt. 40 cts...

## Perennial Variety

Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Long spikes of intense scarlet flowers. Indispensable for pernanent beds and borders. 3 feet..... Large pkt. $75 \mathrm{cts} .$. .

## LUPINUS • Lupine

## Perennial Varieties

Hardy perennials, succeeding in any good garden soil; blooms in May and June. 3 feet.

Polyphyllus. Blue
$\$ 030$
30
Polyphyllus albus. White
15
 scented self- or bicolored flowers. ................. Large pkt. 40 cts.
Polyphyllus, Russell Hybrids. See Novelties and Specialties, page 7.
Moerheimi. Flowers rose and white; blooms nearly the whole summer. Habit rather dwarf...................... Large pkt. 40 cts.

15

Perennial Mixed dwarf. Oz 40 Latge pk. 25
Subcarnosus (Texas Blue Bonnet). Strong bushes 15 inches high. Massive flower-spikes set with large deep blue blooms in June.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Oz. } 40 \text { cts.; } 1 / 2 \text { oz. } 25 \text { cts... } \tag{10}
\end{equation*}
$$

## Hartwegi Giant Lupines

This improved new giant strain of Annual Lupinus is over a foot taller than the ordinary type, reaching a height of 3 to 4 feet. There are 5 or 6 long basal-branched spikes to each plant, bearing closely placed, giant blooms. Excellent for decoration, lasting a long time when cut, and are valuable for winter forcing in the greenhouse.
King Blue. Rich Oxford-blue, enhanced by a pure white stripe in the standard of each flower.
King Heliotrope. Striking rosy purple with a definite white stripe in the standard which greatly adds to its beauty.
King Sky-Blue. Huge spikes of clear light blue florets, each with a narrow white stripe in the center of the standard.
King White. Glistening, pure white flowers. Exquisitely scented.
King Mixed. Contains shades of blue, pink, and white.
Each, pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4oz. 30 cts.

## MARIGOLD

These old-fashioned favorites are annuals of the very easiest cultivation. Both the French and African classes are very effcctive. The former have the smaII, velvety flowers, in pretty combinations of yellow, brown, maroon, and striped effects; the African sorts are the enornous-flowered ones, in very showy orange and lemon shades. Both are popular for beds, borders, and cut-flowers. They bloom profusely all summer. Start the sced early in a box in the house or plant directly in the garden when the weather is warm.

## Tall Double African Marigolds

Golden Emblem. Ncw. Large flowers of rich gold. The color is a mid-shade between Lemon Queen and Orange Pkt. $1_{4}^{1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .}$ Prince
$\$ 0 \quad 10 \quad \$ 0 \quad 35$
Orange Prince, Improved Strain. Large, deep golden orange flowers. $21 / 2$ feet.

1035
Lemon Queen, Improved Strain. A charning color. $21 / 2$ feet.
Primrose Queen, Improved Strain. Creamy primrose with a touch of gold.
Mixed. $21 / 2$ feet.
Oz. 75 cts.

## Dwarf Double African Queen Strain Marigold

This new strain of African Marigolds is exceptionally fine for bedding. The plants are sturdy and when well grown form perfect pyramids, each carrying as many as 30 to 40 flowers fully open at the same time, the large blooms measuring as much as 3 inches across. Height, 18 inches.
Golden Queen. Fine golden yellow. Yellow Queen. Clear Iemon-ycllow. Orange Queen. Deep orange. Queen, Mixed. All above varieties Primrose Queen. Primrose-yellow. in mixture.

## Each, pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 40 z .35$ cts.

## French Marigolds

## Height 12 inches, except where noted

Double Dwarf Gold-striped. GoIden yellow, striped maroon Double Dwarf Golden Ball. Pure golden yellow

Pkt.
10
10
Double Dwarf Dark Brown. Beautiful reddish brown with gold margin
Double Dwarf Golden Yellow. Brown margin.
Double Dwarf Lemon Ball. Lemon-yellow.10

Double Dwarf Robert Beist. Rich velvety mahogany-brown.. 10
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 6 colors, 50 cts.
Double Dwarf Royal Scot. New. Flowers 100 per cent double, elearly striped mahogany and gold. . ...... Large pkt. 40 cts. .15

Double Dwarf Monarch Strain. New. The ideal type of Dwarf French Marigold. Dwarf, compact plants with very large, tight, double flowers in a wide color-range.
Double Finest Mixed. A splendid mixture
Double Tall Royal Scot. The large, well-formed, double flowers are produced in abundance on plants from 2 to $21 / 2$ feet high. The color is a charming combination of mahogany and gold in symmetrical stripes which radiate from the center of the flower. Large pkt. 40 cts. .
Lieb's Winter-flowering. A popular greenhouse variety. Brown with golden crested center..........Large pkt. 50 cts.


African Marigold
Harmony. See Novelties, page 7. Pkt. 1/4oz.
Single Tall Josephine. Dark brown, with gold edges. Long stems, fine for cutting. 3 feet
\$0 $10 \quad \$ 025$
Single Dwarf Legion of Honor. Flowers bright yellow blotched with brown. For beds and edging. 9 inches.
Single Dwarf Fire Cross. Deep orangeyellow, each petal marked with crimsonmaroon blotch. 9 inches.
Guinea Gold Tom Thumb, Golden Crown
Yellow Supreme Collarette, Crown of Gold
Golden Eagle Incurved Chrysanthemum-flowered
Lemon Gem Gigantea, Sunset Giants See Novelties and Specialties, page 7

## MIMOSA

Pudica (Sensitive Plant). A curious annual whose Pkt. leaves close up when touched. For either pot or garden culture. $11 / 2$ feet. Large pkt. 25 cts. ...... $\$ 010$

## MOMORDICA



Myosotis (Forget-me-not)

Handsome climbing annual with rich green foliage and golden yellow warted fruit. 10 feet.

Pkt. Large pkt. Balsamina (Balsam AppIe). Round apple-shaped fruit. . . . . ....... \$0 10 \$0 25 Charantia (Balsam Pear). Pear-shaped fruit. The fruits of this variety are used medicinally.

10

## MYOSOTIS • Forget-me-not

Most of the Forget-me-nots will bloom the first year from seed if sown early. If sown in July or August, in shaded frames, fine plants will be obtained for spring blooming.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Alpestris, Victoria. Compact growth, with long sprays of bright blue flowers. 6 inches
Alpestris, Victoria Alba. A good white................................................ 15
Alpestris, Victoria Rose. Bright rose.
Dissitiflora. Very free-blooming; Iarge-flowering; compact habit.
Palustris (True Forget-me-not). Dark blue
Palustris semperflorens. Dwarf; blooning from spring until fall.
Royal Blue. Flowers are of larger size and a deeper bluc than any
other; unexcelled for pot-culuure
Ruth Fischer. Neat and compact habit, and the lovely blue flowers shoot up strongly over the glossy dark grcen foliage.
Oblongata perfecta. Flowers borne on long stcms; very suitable for winter flowering

## NASTURTIUMS

A marvelous range of new colors has been developed in this favorite flower which, for three or four months of the season, makes a better display than almost any other plant. No other hardy annual will produce such a lavish profusion of flowers for so long a time with the same small outlay of time and labor. The maximum of bloom is produced on thin soils, and never flags through the hottest weather. In soils too rich, leaves predominate, and the plants are apt to rot off in wet weather, especially if standing too close. The tall varieties make a very effective display when trained on fences or trellises and the low sorts are fine for edging and massing.

## DWARF OR TOM THUMB VARIETIES


#### Abstract

Compact, bushy plants, just right for bedding, blooming freely from June until frost and furnishing splendid cut-flowers. Crystal Palace Gem. Yellow, maroon blotches. Empress of India. Fiery crimson; dark foliage. Golden King. Golden yellow; dark foliage. Golden Queen. Bright yellow. Golden foliage. King Theodore. Crimson-maroon; dark foliage. King of Tom Thumbs. Dark scarlet; dark leaves. Pearl. Creamy white. Prince Henry. Pale yellow, carmine blotches. Ruby King. Intense ruby-colored flowers. Vesuvius. Rich deep apricot; dark foliage. Any of the above dwarf sorts, pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts. COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 10 varieties, 60 cts. Superb Mixture of Fancy Dwarf Nasturtiums. The cream of the Dwarf Nasturtiums in a special blend. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.;


 $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
## TALL OR CLIMBING VARIETIES

Of quick growth, covering a wall, hedge, or trellis in a short time. The brilliant blossoms almost cover the plant from top to bottom. 6 to 8 feet.
Butterfly. Yellow, spotted red.
Chameleon. Rich vari-colored flowers on same plant.
Crimson. Velvety crimson.
Gold Garnet. Orange-yellow, garnet blotches.
Jupiter. Golden yellow.
King Theodore. Crimson-maroon; dark foliage.
Pearl. Creamy white.
Rose. A lovely shade of ruby-rose.
Schulzi. Rosy scarlet; dark foliage.
Vesuvius. Rich deep apricot.
Any of the above tall sorts, pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75$ cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 10 varieties, 60 cts .
Superb Mixture of Fancy Tall Nasturtiums. A special blend, embracing all of the finest named varieties. Both plain and fancy-leaved sorts. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4lb. 50 cts.; Ib. \$1.50.


## NEW DOUBLE SWEET-SCENTED VARIETIES

## (SEMI - DWARF)

The flowers are uniformly double, large, well formed, and delightfully sweet scented, borne on erect, stiff stems. The plant forms a large, vigorous bush which throws out short runners.
Golden Gleam. Golden yellow.
Scarlet Gleam. Orange-scarlet.
Moon Gleam. Light golden cream.
Salmon Gleam. Delicate golden salmon.
Orange Gleam. Deep glowing golden orange.
Glorious Gleam Hybrids. Wonderful range of colors.
Any of the above double, sweet-scented sorts, pkt. 10 cts.; nz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75$ cts.


Nemesia

## DWARF DOUBLE SWEET-SCENTED VARIETIES

The plants, instead of being semi-runner as in the Gleam varieties, form an almost perfect globe.

$\begin{array}{llllll}\$ 0 & 10 & \$ 0 & 25 & \$ 0 & 75 \\ 10\end{array} \begin{array}{llll}25 & & 75\end{array}$


## NEMESIA

Free-blooming, dwarf bushes for pot-culture and open borders. Sow in spring under glass and transplant; or sow outdoors in May, in patches, where they are intended to flower. Seed sown in the autumn makes beautiful pot-plants for early spring blooming.
Strumosa Suttoni. The finest strain of this popular flower, both for size of the individual flowers and richness and variety of color.

Pkt. Latge pkt.
Pkt. Large pkt. Blue. Rich blue
\$0 $15 \quad \$ 040$
Rose. Bright rose . . . . . . . . $\$ 015$ \$0 40 Scarlet. Pure scarlet. ...... $15 \quad 10$
Orange. Rich orange-yellow. $15 \quad 40 \mid$ Mixed. Splendid mixed colors $15 \quad 1540$
Dwarf Compact, Blue Gem. Fine for edging small beds. Flowers are a beautiful Pkt.
bright blue.... ......... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 40 cts. . . $\$ 015$
Dwarf Compact Hybrids. A great variety of new and improved colors; very free-
flowering. 9 inches
NEPETA
Mussini. An excellent plant for any position, but especially useful in the rock-garden.
It is of compact habit, forming dense tufts about 12 inches high, with masses of
smaII, light violet-blue flowers during July and August. . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 40 cts. ..

## NEMOPHILA

Very pretty, dwarf-growing, hardy annual of easy culture; continuous bloomers; cup-shaped flowers of brightest colors. Good in pots, edgings, rockeries or beds; moist soil and partial shade are favorable for them.
Insignis. Sky-blue. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1 / 20 \mathrm{z} .30 \mathrm{cts}$, Pkt. $_{\text {Pz. }}$ Cz. Mixed. $\begin{array}{llrr}1 / 2 \text { oz. } 30 \mathrm{cts..} & \$ 0 & 10 & \$ 0 \\ 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts} . . & 10 & 35\end{array}$

## NIGELLA • Love-in-a-Mist

Miss Jekyll. Bushy plants about 12 to 15 inches high; cornflower Pkt. blue flowers of large size, surrounded by mist-like foliage; lovely for cutting. Miss Jekyll, White. A white form of the above...... $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$ oz $25 \mathrm{cts} .$. . $\$ 010$

## NICOTIANA . Flowering Tobacco

Most showy and profuse-flowering garden annuals, giving a continuous display of brilliant, very fragrant flowers through summer and autumn. Easily grown, thriving in a sunny position in any good garden soil. Pkt. Affinis. Large, pure white flowers; very fragrant..... $1 / 40$, 25 cts. . $\$ 010$ Affinis, Crimson Bedder. Ncw. Rich deep crimson. Dwarf

Large pkt. 40 cts .
Affinis Hybrids. Brilliant colors, including a Iarge proportion of pink and red shades in addition to pure white.

1/4oz. 25 cts.
Miniature White ( $N$. suaveolens). A new type with dainty sprays of pure white flowers on wiry stems. Very fragrant. $11 / 2$ feet.....

Large pkt. $75 \mathrm{cts} .$.

## NIEREMBERGIA . Cup Flower

Frutescens. A handsome annual plant with showy bell-shaped flowers, delicate lilac shading to white at the edge, useful as a pot-plant or in the open border.

Large pkt. 25 cts. ..


Nicotiana

## OENOTHERA • Evening Primrose

Beautiful, hardy perennial plants of easy cultivation which are completely covered with single flowers. Elegant for sunny positions, blooming all summer
Fruticosa Youngi. Deep golden yellow flowers with Pkt.
reddislr stems. 3 feet.............Large pkt. 40 cts. . $\$ 015$
Missouriensis. A fine trailing variety with pale yellow flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter. Excellent rock-
plant.
Large pkt. 40 cts.

## PANSY

Pansies thrive best in a moist, shady location and in rich, loamy soil. Seed should be sown in the autumn for early spring blossoms, or can be sown early in the year for good flowers late in the spring. The plants must be transplanted twice in order to get the largest flowers-once from the seed-box to a chosen bed, and again to the open garden. This is important if large-sized Pansies are desired. Use manure liberally. The blossoms are usually larger in the spring and again in the fall, but are small during the hot months.

WATERER'S A-1 EXHIBITION, MIXED. A magnificent strain of enormous flowers having waved or ruflled petals of great substance borne on strong stems. This mixture contains the richest combination of colors. Pkt. 75 cts.; $\frac{1}{16} \mathrm{oz}$. \$1.75; 1/8oz. \$3.
WATERER'S EXHIBITION PRIZE, MIXED. This is a supcrb mixture of the largest and best types in an immense variety of brilliant colors. Pkt. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{16} \mathrm{Oz} . \$ 1 ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 3 ; \mathrm{oz} . \$ 10$.

Englemann's Special. Scottish show type. Immense Pkt. Large pkt. flowers of bronze and reddish shades. Compact and
early.
$\$ 0 \quad 50 \quad \$ 100$


Triumph of the Giants. Plants of robust growth with large flowers, mostly curled; rich variety of color. 25
Alpenglow. Large, beautiful, cardinal-red flowers, with
dark blotches on the three lower petals.
Rheingold. Deep golden yellow, with dark mahogany blotches on lower petals
Masterpiece (Frilled Pansy). Beautifully waved and fluted petals, richly colored, red and brown predominating.
Parisian Large Stained. Very showy strain of Trimardeau; fine large flowens.
Roggli (Improved Swiss Giant). The flowers are flat, of excellent substance, immense in size, and the mix-
ture shows outstanding and very attractive colors.
Giant Prize, Apricot Queen. Rich apricot.
Giant Prize, Celestial Queen. Beautiful sky-blue.
Giant Prize, Ullswater. Large, deep Wedgwood-blue flowers with black-blue center
Giant Prize, Light Blue. Ultramarine-blue Pkt. Le with violet eye............................ $\$ 0 \quad 15$ \$0 40 \$1 00
Giant Prize, Golden Queen. Bright golden yellow, marked in center with dark stripes. . 15
Giant Prize, Golden Yellow. Bright golden yellow, with large brown eyes.
Giant Prize, Dark Blue. Rich dark blue; large, fine
Giant Prize, Lord Beaconsfield. Deep violet, shading to white on the upper petals
Waterer's A-1
Exhibition
Pansy

Giant Prize, Lavender-Blue. The lightest blue color that we
know in Pansies, with deep blue blotches on the three lower petals
Giant Prize, Snow Queen. Satin-white, center slightly tinged with yellow.
Giant Prize, White. White flowers with dark eye.
Choice Mixed. Extra fine; great variety


Petunia, Giants of California

## LARGE-FLOWERING PETUNIAS

Petunias are showy in beds, and bloom continuously throughout the summer. Sow the seed in pots or flats in the house or hotbed in February or March, or in the garden as soon as the soil is warm. Cover the seed but lightly, as it is very fine.
Dainty Lady. See Novelties and Specialties, page 8.
Elk's Pride. Immense flowers with heavy velvety petals of rich violet-purple; plain edges. Shown in color on Pkt
 Elk's Pride, Dwarf. New. A dwarf, compact variety. The color is a richer violet-blue than the well-known EIk's Pride.

Large pkt. \$1.
Marine. Large, fringed flowers of rich, deep violet. A welcome addition to this group.......... Large pkt. 75 cts.
Pink Triumph. Considered the best bright pink fringed variety

Large pkt. 75 cts.
Rapture. New. Rose-pink center, deepening to a bright carmine-rose; lovely frilled edges. ..........Large pkt. $\$ 1$ Setting Sun. A finc, dwarf brilliant rose-pink; compact habit, growing only 1 foot high. Flowers are beautifully fringed and measure 3 inches across. Large pkt. 75 cts .
Scarlet Beauty. Glowing crimson-scarlet, shading to rose in the throat and toward the lovely frilled cdges.

Large pkt. 75 cts.
Theodosia. A very fascinating fringed Petunia. Soft rosepink, with open throat beautifully vcined. Large pkt. 75c.
White Cloud. Largc, pure white flowers with plain edges. Dwarf and compact habit . . . . . .... . Large pkt. 75 cts.
White Beauty. Beautifully frilled, snowy white llowers with attractive throat-markings.. . . .Large pkt. 75 cts. Large-flowering Single Fringed. An unrivaled strain, producing large, beautiful flowers of the richest colors, with fringed edges. Superb Large-flowering Double Fringed. Our seed is unsurpassed in quality. Fincst mixed.. .. Large pkt. $\$ 1 .$. Dwarf California Giants. A dwarf strain of the wellknown California Giants. Excellent for pot-culture and bedding. The flowers are beautifully ruffled and fringed, with open, well-marked throats ..... Large pkt. 75 cts. . . Giants of California. Very large flowers, fringed and ruflled, with deep throats, beautifully veined. A wellbalanced mixture of desirable colors. Large pkt. $75 \mathrm{cts} .$.
Dwarf Giant Fringed Petunia, All-Double. See Novelties and Specialties, page 8.

## SINGLE BEDDING PETUNIAS

Flaming Velvet. A striking rich velvety scarlet. . $\$ 0$ Pkt.
Blue Bedder. Beautiful mid-bue.
\$1 100
Blue Bedder. Beautiful nid-blue ......... 15
Celestial Rose. Deep rose. Very compact.
General Dodds. Velvety blood-red
15
10
Rosy Morn Improved. A decided improvement,
being more uniform in habit and brighter in color.
Rose of Heaven. (Selected strain.) Very dwarf; rose-pink.
Heavenly Blue. Finest light blue Petunia............................ 15
Howard's Star Improved. Velvety purple; pure white star

100
10

Periwinkle Blue. A delightful pastel blue shade.
15
15
Snow Queen. Pure white; compact. Free flowering. 15
Salmon Supreme. See Novelties and Specialties, page 8.
Topaz Rose. See Novelties and Specialties, page 8.
Violacea. A beautiful steel-blue or deep violet.... 15
Finest Mixed. A choice mixture of colors and shades 10

## BALCONY PETUNIAS

A splendid, large, free-flowering type for window-boxes, vases, hanging-baskets, etc. The flowers average 3 inches across and make a very effective display over a long season. Pkt. Largepkt.
Blue. Velvety indigo-blue
. $\$ 0 \quad 15 \quad \$ 040$
Coppery Rose. Beautiful
15
15
Rose. Brilliant rose-pink.
15
White. The pure white form
15
15
40
40
Crimson. Rich velvety crimson................................ 15 . 1540
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 5 colors, 60 c .
Netted Blue Gem. Steel-blue, beautifully netted or veined with deep violet.

15
Star of California. Velvety violet, shaded crim-
son; pure white blotches.
15
Mixed
15
40

## MINIATURE PETUNIA, NANA COMPACTA

A charming new race of Dwarf Petunias with neat, compact plants 5 to 6 inches high smothered with blooms, as many as 25 to 30 open at one time. Indispensable for borders, window-boxes, pots, rock-gardens, and for bedding.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Pink Gem. Lovely deep pink blooms
. $\$ 0 \quad 15 \quad \$ 040$
Rose Gem. Rich, deep rose
15
Finest Mixed. Well-balanced mixture. Each plant forms a perfect balI effect from 6 to 8 inches high and about 12 inches in diameter.
Ruffled Martha Washington. Plants about 9 inches high in a perfect ball effect. The frilled portions of the flowers are blush-pink, with center veined wine-red, deepening in the throat to violet.

20
50

## PHLOX DRUMMONDI

## Large-Flowering Varieties

Plants grow about 1 foot high, each flower-stem being crowned with an umbel composed of ten to twenty large, perfumed blooms, which resemble in appearance a hardy Phlox. They succeed best in a sunny open situation, and seeds sown outdoors in May will be a solid sheet of color in July and remain so until frost. Seeds may also be sown in hotbed in March to flower in June.



## POPPIES

Few flowers have the same grace of stem, airiness of poise, and delicacy of tissue as the Poppy. For beds and borders, with a background of green, there is nothing finer. Some sorts arc admirable for naturalizing in open wooded grounds; others, like the Shirley, are beautiful for cutting. A sandy loam suits Poppies best, and, as their strong tap-roots are difficult to transplant, it is well to sow the seed where the plants are to bloom. Sowings made in fall and at intervals in spring will provide a long succession of flowers. Sow thinly, covering very lightly, and thin the plants to stand about a foot apart. The best plants are those grown from early sowings while the soil is cool and moist.

## SINGLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

Dainty Lady. Immense flowers 4 to 5 inches Pkt. 1/2oz. across, of a charming shade of rosy mauve, with a large dark metallic blotch at the base of each petal.
Miss Sherwood. Charming silky white flowers, tinted with rose-pink.
Charles Darwin. Remarkable for its color, a rich, dark purple, adorned with a black spot at base of petals.
Virginia. Large, beautifully fringed flowers of pure white, edged with soft pink.
King Edward. Deep scarlet-red with large black blotch on each petal. $21 / 2$ feet.
Admiral. A single peony-flowered variety of surpassing beauty, having large, smooth-edged flowers of glistening white, with a broad band of brilliant scarlet around the top........... 10
The Bride. A beautiful variety, with very large, pure white, perfectly formed flowers.
Danebrog (Danish Flag). Single scarlet flowers, with a large white blotch on each petal. 2 feet.
Single Mixed. Annual sorts . .Oz. 25 cts. .

## SINGLE ANNUAL SHIRLEY VARIETIES

The most charming Poppy in cultivation. The blossoms are bright and showy and include an almost endless variety of colors, from pure white, pink, terra-cotta, salmon, chamois, and rosy carmine, to brilliant crimson, many of the flowers being beautifully flaked or edged with white.
American Legion. Dazzling orange-scarlet.
Deep Apricot. Rich apricot.
Picotee. White edged scarlet.
Salmon-Pink. Beautiful shade.
Wild-Rose Pink. Soft rose-pink.
Any of the above, pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.; oz. 75 cts.
Mixed (Santa Rosa Strain). A grand variety of colors saved from selected flowers. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/40z. 20 cts.; oz. 50 cts.

## DOUBLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

Whereas the singlc Poppies are most fragile in appearance, and the airiest flowers imaginable, the double sorts are firm-petaled and of sufficient substance to last well on the plants and after cutting. Their range of color is marvelously varied and a big bed of them is a joyous riot of gorgeousness.
American Flag. Beautiful variety with very large and Pkt. $1 / 1 / 2 \mathrm{zz}$. double flowers of snow-white, bordered with scarlet. \$0 10 $\$ 020$
Cardinal. A splendid variety, growing about 2 feet high and bearing large, globular, fringed flowers of an intense cardinal-red.
Eldorado. New double Shirley Poppy. Beautiful shades.................... .1/4oz. 25 cts.; oz. 75 cts...
Mikado. Double; white-fringed petals, tipped with scarlet. 2 feet.
Shell-Pink. Similar in evcry way to Cardinal and Whitc Swan, except color, which is a soft seashell or chamois-pink
White Swan. Immense double flowers, bcautifully fringed, and of purest white...........................
Carnation-flowered. Finest mixed doublc, large showy flowers. 2 fect.
Peony-flowered, Mixed. Splendid, Iarge double flowers of all colors. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

## HARDY PERENNIAL VARIETIES

There are no flowers more ornamental and useful in our gardens than the various varieties of hardy Poppies. Once started they increase in size and beauty each succeeding season.
Perennial Poppies may be sown from June to August, to bloom the following summer.
Alpine, Mixed. A charming miniature Poppy, with Pkt. Large pkt. brilliantly colored flowers, including white, pink,
apricot, yellow, or orange-scarlet, etc. Useful for rockwork. 6 inches.
$\$ 015 \quad \$ 040$
Orientale (Oriental Poppy). The beautiful, brilliant dark scarlet, hardy Poppy which is indispensable for striking, bold effects.
Orientale, Mrs. Perry. Orange-apricot, very fine. .
Orientale, Perry's White. Large, pure white, handsomely marked flower with maroon in the throat....
Orientale, Princess Victoria Louise. Bright saImonpink.
Orientale Hybrid, The Feltham. Scarlet to apricot with no black blotches at base of petals; the flowers are thus self-colored. Hardy .
Iceland (Papaver nudicaule). They grow about a foot high and are covered with masses of flowers which are produced throughout the season almost without interruption. They equal the annual varieties in delicacy and grace.
Pkt. Large pkt.
Pkt. Large pkt.
Orange-Scarlet. $\$ 010 \quad \$ 025$
White
\$0 10 \$0 25
Iceland, Coonara Pink Shades. True strain of rose tints. Large flowers on strong stems. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Iceland, El Monte. Large, deep tangerine-orange flowers on wiry stems. Fine for cutting. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .
Iceland, Gartref Strain. Art shades and picotee cdges. Huge flowers with a wide range of color. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Iceland, Sandford's Giant Strain. An outstanding strain. The flowers are huge and well formed, in a wide range of colors borne on long, stiff stems. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.
Iceland, Sunbeam Improved. This variety introduces new colors of the popular Iceland Poppies in tints such as maize, cream, and various shades of rose. The flowers are large, borne on long, wiry stems. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.
Iceland, Yellow Wonder ( $P$. nudicaule amurense). Immense, bright buttcrcup-yellow flowers. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.


Portulaca


Physostegia virginica


Primula japonica. See page 45

## PENTSTEMON

Hardy herbaceous plants which produce continuously an abundance of brilliant flowers, somewhat like the foxglove, but mostly with white throats. Makes a fine border flower. Sow seeds in a pan of light soil and transplant. 2 to 3 feet.
Gloxinioides, Sensation. The plants of this fine variety attain Pkt. a height of about $21 / 2$ feet. The blooms are a great size, almost as large as a gloxinia, and range in color from white to deep scarlet

Large pkt. 40 cts. . . $\$ 015$

## PHACELIA

Campanularia. The neat little bushes, about 1 foot high, are literally covered with lovely, gentian-blue, cup-shaped flowers throughout the entire summer. An easily grown annual. Large pkt. 25 cts.

## PHYSOSTEGIA . False Dragonhead

One of the most beautiful of our summer-flowering perennial border plants. It forms dense bushes, bearing a profusion of delicate tubular flowers in July and August. 3 to 4 feet.
Virginica. Pinli
.Large pkt. 25 cts. . . $\$ 010$

## PHYSALIS • Chinese Lantern Plant

Francheti. An ornamental perennial plant, forming dense bushes about 2 feet high, producing freely its bright orangescarlet lantern-like fruits, which can be cut and dried for winter bouquets; highly interesting. . . . .Large pkt. 25 cts. .

## POLEMONIUM . Jacob's Ladder

A handsome perennial border plant, with feathery, fern-like foliage and clusters of bell-shaped flowers.
Cæruleum. Beautiful sky-bluc flowers with golden anthers Pkt. from April to July. 2 feet. . . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 25 cts. . $\$ 010$ Richardsoni. Large sky-blue flowers, with yellow eye, from May to September. 18 inches........... Large pkt. 25 cts. .

10

## PORTULACA

This charming little hardy annual is unrivaled for brilliancy among plants of Iow growth, and, although it flourishes under almost all conditions, hot sun and a light, sandy soil suit it best. Nothing is prettier for beds, edgings, rockwork, etc. As an undergrowth for taller plants it is also valuable. Through the driest, hottest seasons it flourishes amazingly, carpeting the ground with a mat of succulent foliage that, in the forenoon, is hidden by gayest of flowers. The secd does not germinate until hot weather, and should be sown late. This plant requires little care and can be transplanted in full flower. 6 inches.
Single Colden Yellow
Pkt. 1/40z.
Single Scarlet
$\begin{array}{lr}10 & \$ 0 \\ 10 & 35 \\ 10 & \\ 35\end{array}$
Single White
Single Mixed. Aili colors
Oz. 75 cts
Double Choicest Mixed. Contains all the best double
varieties

## PLATYCODON

The Iarge-flowering Chinese Bellflower. It is a hardy perennial, bearing large, broad, bell-shaped white or blue flowers; very handsome for garden decoration. 2 feet.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Grandiflorum, Blue.
$\$ 0 \quad 10 \quad \$ 025$
Grandiforum, White.
PRIMULA SINENSIS • Chinese Primrose
One of our finest free-flowering winter house plants. Our strains may be relied on as being the finest procurable.
Alba magnifica. Pure white, with yellow eye. One of the Pkt. finest
\$0 50
Chiswick Red. $\dot{R} i c h$ deep rose
Holborne Blue. A beautiful shade
Orange King. Orange-salmon, shaded with terra-cotta. ...... 50
Excelsior Mixed. A magnificent strain of Giant Primula.

## PRIMULA STELLATA • Star Primrose

A distinct and valuable variety for pot-culture and table decoration.
Giant White Star. Massive blooms. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0$ 50
Giant Pink Star. Beautiful shade of coral-pink................ . . . . . 50
Giant Blue Star. Delicate porcelain-blue....................... . . . . . 50
Giant Mixed Star.

## PRIMULA OBCONICA

This improved strain of Primula obconica is vastly superior to the old type, the flowers being nearly twice as large, with many new and exquisite colors. The plants are of compact growth and bloom profusely during the winter months.
Fasbender's Red. Flowers rich deep red, of enormous size. . . $\$ 050$
Mohnstein's Red. Splendid; Iarge; deep red.
Mueller's Rose. Large, bright rose flowers
Gigantea, Apple-Blossom. Soft pink
Gigantea Kermesina. Rich crimson.
Gigantea cærulea. Blue
Gigantea, Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink
Gigantea rosea. Pure rose color.
Gigantea, White. Pure white.
Gigantea, Mixed. All colors .
Gigantea, Mixed. All colors...

## VARIOUS PRIMULAS

Kewensis. The flowers are a bright yellow in color, and fragrant Malacoides. Light lilac; branching habit
Malacoides, Snow Queen. Large flowers of purest whitc. .
Malacoides, Dawkin's Carmine-Pink. A rich, deep glowing carmine-pink. No other variety has the same freedom of flower and perfect habit
Malacoides, Pink Beauty. Improved. A new and very remarkabIc variety, with large flowers of beautiful rosy pink. Malacoides superba. New improved variety; deep rosy pink.
Melody. New. A soft purc rose with a slight tint of salmon.
The large flowers are bornc in graceful whorls on shapely
compact plants. Highly recommended

## HARDY PRIMULAS

These are among the best of the early spring-blooming plants. With slight protection they will stand the winter, but will do better if protected by a coldframe.
Auricula. A well-known variety of great beauty. Brilliantly colored flowers in Pkt. umbels. Choice mixed from prize flowers. 6 inches ...... . Large pkt. 75 cts. . . $\$ 025$ Bulleesiana Hybrida. Very showy; yellow, orange, apricot and red shades. $11 / 2$ feet.
Cashmiriana. Very early flowering with dense heads of deep lilac flowers. 1 foot................................................................ Large pkt. \$1.. Denticulata. Large, globular heads of deep rosy Iilac flowers. 1 foot

Large pkt. $\$ 1$..
Florindæ. A stately variety that blooms during July and August, bearing 60 to 80 fragrant, bright yellow, pendent flowers. 4 feet..

Large pkt. \$1..
Japonica, Mixed. One of the finest Primroses for the garden, producing several whorls of large flowers, on erect stems, varying from white to crimson. $11 / 2$ feet.

Large pkt. 40 cts.
Polyanthus (P. elatior). The colors range from white to deep maroon, the yellow,
rose, and crimson shades being particularly fine. 1 foot .. .. Large pkt. 50 cts. .
Polyanthus, Giant Yellow. Immense heads of yellow blooms. Desirable for winter flowering in the conservatory. 15 inches.

Large pkt. 75 cts. ..
Polyanthus, Giant Bouquet. See Novelties and Specialties, page 11.
Polyanthus, Munstead Strain. Magnificent strain with flowers in many sliades of cream and yellow, as well as white. 1 foot. .... Large pkt. 75 cts...
Pulverulenta. Rich ruby-crimson, similar to $P$. japonica. Very effective, 2 feet. ........................................................ Large pkt. 75 cts...
Sikkimensis (The Himalayan Cowslip). Sweet-scented, drooping, pale yellow flowers produced in clusters.

Large pkt. 75 cts. .
Vulgaris (English Primrose). Flowers fragrant, canary-yellow color. 4 inches.
Vulgaris, True Blue. Rich, velvety blue. Same habit as the yellow.

## PYRETHRUM

Hardy perennials, bearing single and double aster-like flowers on long stalks; exccllent for cutting. 2 feet.
Hybridum roseum, Rose. Bright rose.
Hybridum grandiflorum. Large-flowering single mixed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1 / 4 / 4$ oz. 75 cts. .
Hybridum f.-pl. Finest double hybrids. Seed saved from the finest collection
Aureum (Golden Feather). Dwarf bedding plant, with yellow, fern-like leaves, useful for edging beds and borders

## RUDBECKIA

Bicolor superba (Coneflower). Fine free-flowering annual, growing about 2 feet high, forming a dense bush and producing an abundance of bright yellow flowers with brown central discs; fine for cutting. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.
Kelvedon Star. Perfect, long-stemined flowers for cutting. They vary both in form and coloring, but all have dark brown central discs, surrounded by a shining mahogany zone on petals of deep orange. Pkt. 15 cts . ; large pkt. 40 cts .


Salvia farinacea
$1 / 40$ z. 25 cts. . 10
Pkt Large spikes. They bloom continuously from early summer until frost.
ble, in shallow boxes or pots in the greenhouse or coldframe. When plants are large enough, transplant singly into small pots, and set out when all danger of frost is past. May also be sown in the open ground in May.
America. Of dwarf, bushy, compact growth. Uniform in height and shape. A Pkt free and continuous bloomer with large spikes of brilliant scarlet.... $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 1$. $\$ 025$
Bonfire. Compact bushy plants, 2 feet high, producing innumerable erect spikes
Picturesquely showy and imposing, the Ricinus gives to the garden magnificent semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specimen it makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leaves.
Bourboniensis arboreus. Large and handsome Pkt. Oz .
green foliage. 10 to 15 feet.. ......................... . $\$ 0$ 10 $\$ 025$
Cambogensis. Large, bronzy red-maroon leaves;
stalks are nearly black. 5 feet. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10
Gibsoni. Dark purplish red foliage. 5 feet........... . . 10
Red Spire. Bronzy green; red ribs and veins . . . . . . . . . . 10
Sanguineus. Red stalks, scarlet fruit. 8 feet.
$10-25$
Zanzibarensis, Mixed. Very tall, stately plants with
leaves of enormous size, varying in color from light green to purplish red. 12 to 14 feet.
Mixed. AII sorts
10

## SALVIA . Scarlet Sage

Salvias make a striking display, with their long, brilliant flower-
of brilliant scarlet flowers.
Splendens. Tall-growing with bright scarlet flowers. 3 feet. .Large pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} .$. . $10 \quad 60$
Patens (Blue Sage). Deep rich blue flowers of velvety texture. Large pkt. 40 cts... 15
Azurea grandiflora. Plants perennial, 4 to 5 feet high, that produce, during August and September, tall flower-spikes of beautiful light blue. .... Large pkt. 40 cts... 15
Farinacea. A perennial variety, but best grown as an annual. Secd sown in the open ground in May blooms from July to frost. The light blue flowers are borne on long spikes, held above the foliage. 2 feet. .....................1/8oz. 40 cts.. .
Farinacea, Blue Bedder. A more compact form with deeper blue flowers
Large pkt. 50 cts...
20

## SALPIGLOSSIS . Painted Tongue

These showy, half-hardy annuals bear beautifuI, funnel-shaped flowers having dark veins on a ground which varies from white to crimson, yellow, orangc, etc. They are easily grown, require a light, rich, sandy Ioam and will respond to liberal treatment. Bloom from late summer until frost. 2 feet.

Chamois
Crimson
Light Blue and Gold
Primrose

## Purple

Purple and Gold
Rose and Gold
Each, pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 10 varieties, 85 cts.
Finest Mixed. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ Iarge pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## SAINTPAULIA

Ionantha (African Violet). A free and long-flow- Pkt. cring pot-plant. Plants are dwarf, with leaves like a gloxinia and beautiful blue flowers with golden anthers, resembling those of a large, single, sweet-scented violet.

## SANVITALIA . Creeping Zinnia

Procumbens f.-pl. Beautiful dwarf-growing, Pkt. hardy annual for beds or borders; bright yellow double flowers; blooms all summer. 6 inches. Large pkt. 25 cts. . . $\$ 010$

## SAPONARIA

Vaccaria multiflora rosea. The graceful sprays of rose-pink flowers are produced in great profusion and are fine for vase decoration. Hardy annual. 2 feet.
.Large pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} .$.
Ocymoides. A showy, dwarf, trailing, hardy perennial plant, producing sheets of rose-colored

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { flowers. Grand for rockeries. } 6 \text { in... } . . . . . . . . \\
& \qquad \text { Large pkt. } 25 \text { cts... }
\end{aligned}
$$

## SAXIFRAGA

Cordifolia splendens. Forms masses of handsome, broad, deep green foliage with bright rosepink flowers. Useful hardy perennial for the rock-garden. 1 foot... .....Large pkt. 75 cts. ..

## SCARLET RUNNER BEANS

An ornamental climber, growing to about 10 feet high, bearing large sprays of bright scarlet flowers, followed in the fall by edible beans.
$1 / 2 \mathrm{Ib} .25 \mathrm{cts} .$.


Statice sinuata

## SCABIOSA

## Mourning Bride; Pin-Cushion Flower; Sweet Scabious

One of our finest annuals for cutting, and very showy in the garden. Easily raised from seed; blooms continuously from early summer until frost in a wide range of rich and beautiful colors. The varieties we offer are greatly improved in size and color of the flowers. Sow in the coldframe or greenhouse, and transplant in May, or seed may be sown in the open ground the latter part of April. 3 feet.

## Annual Varieties, <br> Improved <br> Large-flowering

Ageratum Blue. Mid-blue. Azure Fairy. Lavender-blue. Crimson. Rich rosy crimson.
Flesh-Pink. Delicate pink.
King of the Blacks. Velvety black-purple.
Rose. Soft rose-color.
Yellow. Sulphur-yellow.
White. Pure white.
Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/40z. 30 cts.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 8 colors, 65 cts .


Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4oz. 30 cts.; oz. 75 cts.
Annual Scabiosa
New Giant Varieties. See Novelties and Specialties, page 11.

## Perennial Varieties

Caucasica. Large pale blue flowers on long stems; valuable for cutting. 3 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.
Caucasica Giant Hybrids. Colors range from light lavender to dark blue. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.
Japonica. Beautiful lavender-blue flowers. $21 / 2$ feet. Pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## SCABIOSA COLUMBARIA


#### Abstract

Handsome flowers 2 to $21 / 2$ inches across, borne on long, slender but strong stems. A welcome addition to the perennial Scabiosas.

Pkt. Large pkt. Delicate Pink. \$0 20 \$0 50 Delicate Lavender 20


## SCHIZANTHUS • Butterfly Flower

Very beautiful and showy hardy annuals, fine for beds and borders in the summer garden. Grown in pots in early spring in the greenhouse, they become elegant foliage plants, with masses of flowers. $11 / 2$ to 2 feet.
Wisetonensis. The colors range from soft pink to dark brown .... $\$ 0020 \quad \$ 0 \quad 50$
Wisetonensis, Excelsior. A much larger flowering strain of Wisetonensis.
Dr. Badger's Hybrids. Very large flowers, giving a wide range of colors
Pansy-flowered. The Iarge smooth-edged Pansy-flowered blooms are remarkably substantial, while the rich self-colors in all shades of pink, crimson, mauve and purple, as well as white, are extremely bright and attractive
Garraway's Hybrids. A magnificent strain for greenhouse and conservatory decoration, embracing a wide range of beautiful colors.
Mixed. The compact pyramidal plants grow $11 / 2$ fcet high and produce bright, showy blooms in a great range of colors.

## STATICE . Sea Lavender

The Sea Lavenders have become extremely popular, especially for cutting for house decoration. The cloud-like masses of flowers of the branching varieties make borders gay for a long time, whilc their delicate coloring and light graceful habit arc a great help to helichrysums and other everlasting flowers. Pkt. Largepkt.
Sinuata, Yellow (Bonduelii). Golden yellow ........................ . . $\$ 0$ 10 $\$ 025$
Sinuata, Blue.
$\begin{array}{ll}10 & 25 \\ 10 & 25\end{array}$
Sinuata, Rosea superba. Bright rosc.......... .. .......................... . . . . . . . 10
Sinuata, White
Sinuata, New Hybrids. Includes all the colors and shades........ 10
Suworowi. Handsome spikes of bright rose blooms. Particularly
desirable for pot-culture or cutting for table decoration. 18 inches.
Latifolia. Hardy perennial with large branching heads of clear mauve flowers. Invaluable for the perennial border as well as for drying for winter decoration. Height, 2 feet

## STOCKS • Gilliflower

One of the most popular annuals, for cither bedding or pot-culture. Sow in spring, either in boxes or in open ground, and when transplanting to where they are intended to flower, carc should be taken not to discard the smaller seedlings, which usually produce the best double flowers, the large coarse plants being often all singles.

## Cut-and-Come-Again 10-Weeks' Stocks

This type is especially recommended for cutting. The plants branch freely, and send up numerous long spikes of fragrant double flowers in continuous succession. $11 / 2$ feet.
Brilliant. Blood-red. May Queen. Pale blue.
Creole. Canary-yellow. Princess Alice. White.
Victoria. Silvery lilac. La France. Rose. Sapphire. Violet.
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## Large-Flowering 10-Weeks' Stocks

This class is a favorite for outdoor bedding. 1 foot.

Bright Pink.
Blood-Red. Purple.
Pure White.
Each, pkt. 10 cts.; large pkt. 25 cts.

## Mammoth-Flowering Beauty or Nice Stocks

Particularly adapted for the greenhouse, to provide cut-flowers during the winter.

Beauty of Nice. Delicate flesh-pink.
Bright Violet. Violet-blue.
Crimson King. Brilliant crimson.
Empress Elizabeth. Bright carmine.
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## Giants of California

This superb new early-flowering group has the same branching habit as the Bismarcks, but produces larger flowers on longer stems, each spike having from 40 to 50 florets blooming at the same time.
Golden Gate. Yellow. Redwoods. Blood-red.
Monterey. Pink. Santa Barbara. Chamois
Pacific. Blue.
Santa Barbara. Chan
Santa Maria. White.
Each, pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.


Stocks, Cut-and-Come-Again

## Early Giant Imperial Stocks IMPROVED BISMARCK

A valuable group of early-flowering Winter Stocks of branching habit, 30 inches tall, and producing a high percentage of double flowers.
Antique Copper. Rich helle-bore-red.
Apple Blossom. Blush-pink. Buttercup. Deep yellow.
Chamois. Ivory, tinted old-rose.
Fiery Blood-Red.
Each, pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## New Giant Double Excelsior Stocks IMPROVED COLUMN TYPE

These produce one enormous spike of large flowers and are especially adapted to greenhouse culture, as they can be planted close. Chamois-Pink.
Shell-Pink.
Deep Rose.
Silvery Lilac. Bright Iavender.
Ruby. Dark ruby-red.
White. White, slightly tinted pink.

Each, pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 75 cts.

## SMILAX

A popular greenhouse climber with small, dark green foliage of great value for floral decoration. 8 to 10 feet. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

## SIDALCEA

Stark's Hybrids. A valuable perennial of splendid habit, blooming from June to September. Its mallow-like flowers, ranging in color from blush-pink to deepest crimson, are borne on erect, long stems from the base of the plant. 2 to 3 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40c.

## SOLANUM

The Solanums are very ornamental, fruit-bearing plants, and thrive best in light rich soil. Fine for winter decoration in the house or conservatory, and especially desirable for the Christmas season.
Cleveland Cherry Red. Better than old type, more compact in growth and produces more fruit. Bright scarlet berries. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## STEVIA

Serrata. Free-blooming plants for summer or winter use, bearing a profusion of fragrant white flowers that are excellent for cutting. 2 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## STOKESIA • Cornflower Aster

This popular hardy perennial bears, all summer, large, attractive flowers resembling semi-double asters; fine for cut-flowers. 2 feet.
Cyanea. Lavender-blue. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus)



## SWEET WIVELSFIELD

This remarkable hybrid is quite distinct in method of flowering and habit of growth from the annual Sweet William. Few plants can compare with Sweet Wivelsfield for wealth of color and long season of bloom. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.

## SPENCER OR ORCHID-FLOWERED SWEET PEAS

In exquisite form and range of beautiful eolors there are no other flowers to compare with Sweet Peas. New, more beautiful varieties are being eonstantly introduced. We offer the cream of the Spencer sorts that have been tested and found to be of true merit and distinet color; every color and shade is represented in the list below.

Make a trench 6 inches deep; in this sow the seed and eover 2 inches. As vines grow, gradually fill treneh with soil, and thin to 4 inehes apart. For early flowers sow in beginning of November in a dry situation, 6 or 8 inehes deep, giving level culture. Make spring sowings just as soon as ground ean be prepared. Sweet Peas should not be grown in same soil year after year.

| Ascot. Clear shell-pink, intensely frilled. Good exhibition variety |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oz. } \\ & \$ 0 \quad 25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} . \\ \$ 075 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avalanche. Immense, pure white, frilled blooms on stout stems of great length. Fine for exhibition. (Blaek seed.) | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Beatall. Brilliant, lustrous pink with a salmon sheen. Beautiful, large, frilled standard with nieely placed wings. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Charming. The color is a bright, glowing cerise with a rich salmon sheen. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Chinese Blue. Rich deep blue blooms freely produced on long, sturdy stems. . | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Constance Hinton. The white flowers are of largest size, Speneer form. (Black seed.) | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Corona. Rieh earmine-rose; pure white base; nieely waved. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Damask Rose. Satiny shade of deep rose; large, well-frilled flowers, long stems | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Excelsior. Large, nieely waved orange-searlet flowers on long stems... | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Fortune. Dark blue wings and rich violet-blue standard. One of the best dark blues. | 10 | 25 | 75 |


| Gleneagles. This is considered a particular fine light blue variety. |  | $\$ 0_{2}{ }_{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \\ & \$ 075 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grand National. Large, frilled flowers of true deep eream or primrose. (Black seed.) ...... | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Magnet. Clear eream-pink of remarkable richness. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Olympia. Lovely, large blooms of a gloriously rich and bright purple eolor. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Pinkie. A deep rose-pink of vigorous growth. The best of the deep pinks. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Pirate Gold. Golden orange-a eharming and delightful eolor which instantly appeals. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Powerscourt. A pure lavender self with flowers of mammoth size, yet refined and well placed on long stems. Of vigorous and freeflowering habit | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Rubicund. Dazzling crimson-scarlet. Very showy. | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Smiles. Clear, glittering salmon blooms, perfeetly sunproof and of largest size . | 10 | 25 | 75 |
| Sunkist. Large, eream-colored flower with pieotee edge of rose. | 10 | 25 | 75 |



## SUPERB MIXTURE OF SPENCER SWEET PEAS

A superb blend of the better sorts. It will produce a lavish display of the largest and most attractive flowers in almost endless variety. Pkt. 10 ets.; oz. 20 ets.; $1 / 1 \mathrm{lb} .60$ ets.; lb. $\$ 2$.

## DWARF CUPID SWEET PEAS

Compaet plants growing 6 inehes high and 12 to 15 inehes in diameter, that from June until late summer are literally a sheet of bloom.
Finest Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ;$ lb. \$2.

## EARLY-FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

| Winter-flowering Spencers are now grown almost exelusively winter bloom. They are equally desirable for outdoor planting, they come into bloom two to three weeks ahead of the standard Speneer varieties, and, if kept eut, will eontinue to bloom nearly as long |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amethyst. Royal purple |  | $\$ 040$ |  |
| Annie Laurie. The rie |  |  |  |
| Aviator. Dazzling crimson- | 15 | 40 |  |
| Ball's Rose Improved. Fine deep rose-pin | 15 | 40 |  |
| Blue Bird. A charming shade of violet-blue | 15 | 40 | 75 |
| Burpee's Orange. Deep orange |  | 40 |  |
| Columbia. Best pink and white bicolor | 15 | 40 | 75 |
| Fragrance. Delightfully fragrant, elear lav |  |  |  |
|  | 15 | 40 |  |
| Giant Rose. An exeellent riel deep rose-pi | 15 | 40 | 75 |
| Harmony. A very beautiful clear lavender | 15 | 40 |  |
| Hope. Mammoth pure white. (Black seed.) | 15 | 40 |  |
| Lady Gay. Soft shrimp-pink | 15 | 40 |  |
| Mrs. Herbert Hoover. Rich, elear bluc | 15 | 40 |  |
| Rose Queen. A beautiful shade of rose | 15 |  |  |
| Shirley Temple. Beautiful soft rose-p |  |  |  |
| flowers, daintily frilled andl fluted. |  | 40 |  |
| Valencia. Sunproof orange. Robust |  | 40 |  |
| White Harmony. (Black-seeded.) La |  |  |  |
| pure white flower, exquisitely waved. |  | 40 |  |
| Zvolanek's Rose. Bright rose-pink |  | 40 |  |
|  |  | 30 |  |

## SUNFLOWER • Helianthus

All the varieties we list are useful for cutting, especially the miniature sorts, which bear their flowers on slender stems and form neat bushes 3 to 4 feet in height.
Cucumerifolius, Stella. Single; bright yellow with back Pkt. center....... ........................... $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.. . $\$ 010$
Cucumerifolius, Orion. Cactus-flowered; golden yellow, with pointed petals finely twisted and curled.. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts..
Double Chrysanthemum-flowered. Rich golden yellow flowers, perfectly double, resembling a chrysanthemum. 6 feet. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts} .$.
Red Sunflower. Dark-centered, brilliant flowers, banded with bright chestnut-red, merging to yellow at the tips of the petals. 6 feet. ............................... $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.
Double Californian (H. californicus f.-pl.). Large, deep yelIow flowers of perfect form. 6 feet. ........ . . .... Oz. 30 cts..
Globosus fistulosus (Globe- or Dahlia-flowered). Rich saffron color; flowers large and double. 6 feet......... . Oz. 30 cts...

## Hardy Perennial Sunflower

Mixed. A mixture of the finest single-flowering hardy perennial sorts. Seed sown early will produce flowering plants the first year. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.

## SWEET ROCKET • Hesperis

A desirable hardy perennial plant; excellent for naturalizing among shrubbery or for planting in a permanent border. Fragrant white and purple flowers. 2 to 3 feet.
Purple
${ }^{\text {Pkt. }}$
White
10
Mixed
10
$\begin{array}{rr}1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . & \text { Oz. } \\ \$ 025 & \$ 075 \\ 25 & 75 \\ 20 & \\ & \end{array}$

## TAGETES

Signata pumila. A pretty little Marigold, forming a compact, round bush, with slender fern-like foliage and densely covered with single flowers of bright yellow, striped brown. A first- Pkt. class border plant. 9 inches. . . . . . . . ... . . . $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . ~ 50$ cts. $\$ 010$
Signata pumila, Golden Gem. This is a much-improved dwarf, compact variety. Flowers very freely produced well above the foliage. 9 inches. . . . . . . . . . . Large pkt. 40 cts .
Signata pumila, Little Giant. New. Abundance of single golden orange flowers on very dwarf, compact plants 4 to 6 inches high.
.Large pkt. 40 cts.
THALICTRUM • Meadow Rue
A hardy perennial of easy cultivation. Its foliage is very finely divided, like that of the maidenhair fern or columbine, and is useful in making bouquets. The flowers are borne in feathery clusters.
Dipterocarpum. Graceful plumes of rosy purple flow- Pkt. Large pkt. ers with conspicuous yellow anthers. 4 to 5 feet. August, September
$\$ 0 \quad 15 \quad \$ 040$
Adiantifolium. Finely cut, maidenhair-fern-like
foliage with light plumes of small white flowers.
1 foot. June, July.


Tagetes signata pumila, Little Giant

## THERMOPSIS

Caroliniana. A tall-growing, showy hardy perennial producing, during June and July, elegant long spikes set with Iovely Iupinelike yellow blooms. Fine for cutting. 3 feet. Pkt. 20 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.

## THUNBERGIA • Black-eyed Susan

Beautiful, rapid-growing, annual climbers, used extensively in hanging-baskets, vases, etc. Very pretty flowers in buff, white and orange, with dark eyes. 4 feet.
Mixed. All colors. Pkt. 10 cts .; large pkt. 25 cts .

## TITHONIA • Mexican Sunflower

Speciosa. Tall-growing plant, usually grown as an annual. Very desirable as a background to borders. Flowers are similar to single dahlias and are a striking orange-red color. Sow seed in spring when soil is warm.
Early-flowering Strain. Ten days earlier, dwarfer, and with slightly smaller flowers than Speciosa.

Each, pkt. 15 cts.;
large pkt. 40 cts .

## TORENIA

A beautiful free-flowering tender annual, splendid for vases hanging-baskets, borders, etc. If started in heat in February or March, they commence to bloom in June and continue until frost. 10 inches.
Fournieri. Sky-blue, with three spots of dark blue and a bright yellow throat. Pkt. 15 cts .
 Iarge pkt. 40 cts .

## TROLLIUS • Globe Flower

These desirable, free-flowering, hardy perennials produce their giant, buttercup-like blossoms on stems 1 to 2 feet high from May until August. They succeed admirably in the border in a half-shady position in well-drained, preferably light soil.
Europæus. A Iarge-flowering variety with bright Pkt. Largepkt. yellow flowers.
$\$ 025 \quad \$ 075$
Ledebouri, Golden Queen. Rich golden yellow
flowers with orange centers. Free and long blooming.
3 feet.
25
75
Orange Globe. Large, deep orange flowers. Very fine 25
75

## TRITOMA

## Red-Hot Poker; Flame Flower; Torch Lily

Hybrida. A valuable half-hardy perennial border plant, easily raised from seed and flowers the same year. If sown in heat in January or February, the plants will commence to throw up their attractive scarlet and yellow flower-spikes in July or August. Most useful for the herbaceous border and for cutting. 3 feet. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts .

## URSINIA ANETHOIDES

Hybrids. These are the most attractive and useful of the many species of Ursinia native to South Africa, being easy to grow, and the blossoms remaining open until dark. The plants form large cups of leaves from which spring up long, wiry stems, bearing flowers of a rich orange with central zones of color varying from ruby-red to dark purple. These very showy hardy annual plants will do excellent service both for cutting and for garden decoration. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. 40 cts.

## VALERIANA • Garden Heliotrope

Showy, hardy border plants with large heads of white and red flowers on 3-foot stems, emitting a delicate heliotrope odor. Pkt.


Giant Verbenas

## VERONICA • Speedwell

Splendid, hardy plants which bear unusually long spikes of small, showy flowers.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Longifolia. Deep blue. August and September.
\$0 10 \$0 25
Spicata. Bright blue. July..
$\begin{array}{ll}10 & 25 \\ 15\end{array}$
Repens. Light blue. 6 inches
1540

## VENIDIUM

Fastuosum. Bears numerous rich orange-colored daisy-like Pkt. blooms with purple-black blotch at the base of each petal. The foliage is a woolly gray. Plant in a sunny position. 2 to 3 feet............................. Large pkt. 50 cts. . $\$ 020$ Hybrids Mixed. This new strain includes a wide range of beautiful new pastel shades including cream, Iemon, buff, light orange, and also white, with each petal showing a distinct dark blotch at the base .......... Large pkt. 50 cts.

## VERBASCUM

Phoeniceum. One of the prettiest species for the herbaceous border. The flowers are carried on slender stems, about 2 feet high, and include white, pink, blue, mauve, and purple. This variety is excellent for growing in pots in the greenhouse, and if sown in June or July will bloom in early spring. A charming hardy perennial

Large pkt. 40 cts. .

## VIOLAS - Tufted Pansies

The improved forms of Viola cornuta are rapidly growing in favor. They flower continuously for nearly eight months in the year, and while their flowers are not so large as those of the pansy, their bright colors and floriferousness make them welcome additions to the garden or rockery.

Pkt. Large pht. Admiration. Rich, dark blue .
Admiration. Rich, dark blue . . . . .
Arkwright Ruby. New. Bright ruby-crimson with terra-cotta shadings
Blue Perfection. Mauve, yellow eye.
Chantreyland. Purest apricot
Jersey Cem. Pleasing shade of dark violet-blue. . . . .
Lutea splendens. Golden yellow.
Mauve Queen. Dclicate lavender-blue
Purple Queen. Deep purplish blue
Purple Gem. A most attractive shade of pure purple. Scotch Strains. Choicest Inybrids, mixed.
Tricolor (Johnny-jump-up)
$\begin{array}{ll}15 & 75\end{array}$

White Perfection. Pure white.
75
40
40
100
100
100
40
40
40
100
100
40
40
Yellow Queen. A large-flowering deep yellow. Very frce flowering
Choice Mixed

## GIANT-FLOWERED VERBENAS

A magnificent strain of robust, compact habit and free blooming. Immense trusses. Best results are obtained by sowing the seed early in the house or hotbed. Outdoor sowings may be made in May. Annual.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Blue, White Eye.
$\begin{array}{llll}\$ 0 & 15 & \$ 0 & 40 \\ & 15 & & 40\end{array}$
Coccinea. Scarlet, small eye
Ellen Willmott. Salmon-rose with white eye.
Etna. Geranium-red with creamy yellow eye .
Golden Queen. Yellow.
15
15
15
Lucifer. Vivid scarlet self.
Luminosa. Luminous flame-pink, shading to salmon
Mayflower. Beautiful pink self.
Pure White.
Pure White .............................
Salmon-Pink. Pure, even tone of salmon-pink
Violacea Stellata. Deep violet, white eye.

15
s, $\$ 1.50$
40

## COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 12 colors, $\$ 1.50$

New Giant-flowered Varieties. See Novelties and Specialties, page 11 .

## DWARF, COMPACT VERBENAS

The plants of this group are very neat and compact in habit and of upright growth. They are continuous bloomers, fine for bedding, borders, and small gardens. Grow 6 inches high.

Pkt. Large pkt.
Chamois. Salmon-buff
\$0 $15 \quad \$ 0 \quad 40$
Fireball. Brilliant scarlet
Violet Bouquet. Deep violet
Snowball. Pure white.
15
15
15
Mixed

## Upright Verbenas

Royal Bouquet. Plant 15 to 18 inches high; upright grower. Large flowers in beautiful mixture.

## Various Verbenas

Citriodora (Lemon-scented Verbena). An old favorite with Pkt. fragrant evergreen leaves. 3 feet....... Large pkt. 40 cts. . . $\$ 015$
Erinoides (Moss Verbena). Elegant little spreading bushes with finely cut foliage and pretty heads of purplish rose bloom, changing to Oxford blue.................... Large pkt. 25 cts.
Erinoides alba. White flower-heads. ...... Large pkt. 25 cts.
Venosa. Largely used for bedding purposes; strong, thrifty growers covered with bright purplish heliotrope flowers. 1 foot 1 ................................................. 25 cts. . Venosa lilacina. New. Dèlicate Iavender-blue. 1 foot.

Large pkt. 40 cts.

## VINCA

## Madagascar Periwinkle

Ornamental free-blooming plants, with dark laurel-like foliage and handsome pink and white flowers. Seed should be sown early and the plants will bloom the first summer. They can be taken up in the fall, potted, and kept in bloom through the winter. Seed germinates slowly. $11 / 2$ feet.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Pkt. } & 1 / 1 / 0 z . \\ \$ 010 & \$ 050\end{array}$
Rosea. Rose, dark eye.
10
50
50

Alba. White, crimson ey
10
Mixed.
10
Mixed

## WALLFLOWER

Well-known, deliciously fragrant, half-hardy perennials, blooming early in the spring, with spikes of beautifuI flowers. They should be protected in a coldframe in the winter and planted out in April.
Early Paris Market, Mixed. This variety, if sown in March, Pkt.
will bloom in July. . . . . . . . .. . . . . . . . ... .. . $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. 25 cts. . . $\$ 010$
Bronze King. Reddish bronze, very early, suitable only for growing indoors for winter blooming. . . .Large pkt. 40 cts. .
Single Mixed. AII colors. . . . . . . . . . . . . . ..... $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.
 Early Double Annual. If sown early in spring, will be in full bloom by June 1. Yellow and dark brown flowers of great bcauty and wonderful scent on supcrb, strong spikes. We consider this valuable for pot-culture....Large pkt. 40 cts.

## XERANTHEMUM

Double Mixed. Beautiful Everlasting Flowers, casy to grow. The flowers, of bright rose, purple, or white, are borne on long, slender stems. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.

[^2]
## Large pkt. 25 cts. . $\$ 010$ <br> VIOLET

 Ler

California Giant Zinnia

## DOUBLE CALIFORNIA GIANT ZINNIAS

The great advantage of this type is that the very large flowers are imbricated and flat, getting away from the conical type of the Giantflowered and eliminating the stiffness that has been objectionable in Zinnias in the past. The blooms, from the time they open, are attractive, making a fine cut-flower. 3 to 4 feet high.
Cerise Queen. Pure, bright $\mid$ Miss Willmott. Soft pink. flaming orange-rose.
Crimson Queen. Rich crimson. Daffodil. Bright canary-yellow. Enchantress. Tyrian-rose.
Golden Queen. Golden yellow. Lavender Queen. Deep Iavender.

## Orange King. Burnt-orange.

 Purity. White.Salmon Queen. Deep salmonrose.
Scarlet Queen. Glowing scarlet.
Violet Queen. Deep purplc.
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{cts}$. oz. $\$ 1.25$.
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 12 varieties, $\$ 1.50$ Shown in color on inside back cover

## DWARF DOUBLE OR CUT-AND-COMEAGAIN ZINNIAS

A group with double, perfectly formed, medium-sized flowers having long stems, making them exceptionally fine for cut-flowers. This is a Cut-and-Come-Again type, and is especially fine for massing in the garden, producing a continuous succession of cut-flowers throughout the summer. 2 feet.


Golden Yellow
Flesh-Pink.
Mixed. Oz. 65 cts
So 10 So
$\begin{array}{ll}10 & 25 \\ 10 & 25 \\ 1\end{array}$
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 7 colors, 60 cts .

## DOUBLE DAHLIA-FLOWERED ZINNIAS

A valuable race of Giant Double Zinnias. The Iarge, magnificent blooms greatly resemble the Decorative dahlia and average from 4 to 5 inches across. 3 feet.
Canary Bird. Rich canary-yellow .
.$\$ 015 \quad \$ 060$
Crimson Monarch. Deep crimson flowers
Dream. Deep Iavender, turning to purple.
Exquisite. Light rose, deep rose center.
Golden Dawn. Beautiful golden yellow.
Illumination. Deep rose
Oriole. Orange and gold.
Polar Bear. Pure white.
Purple Prince. A fine deep purple
Scarlet Flame. Beautiful bright scarlet
COLLECTION: One pkt. each of the above 10 colors, $\$ 1.25$

## VARIOUS ZINNIAS

Pkt.
Fantasy. See Novelties and Specialties, page 12
Fantasy, Star Dust. See Novelties and Specialties, page 12.
Linearis. See Novelties and Specialties, page 12.
Picotee. Soft shades, each petal distinctly tipped darker
\$0 $10 \quad \$ 0 \quad 25$
Red Riding Hood. Miniature, double, intense scarlet flowers.
Scabious-flowered, Mixed. Plants 2 to $21 / 2$ feet high, bearing
numerous medium-sized flowers resembling the annual scabiosa.
Colors include crimson, scarlet, orange, yellow, pink, and white.
Victory. Large, double, quilled flowers of unusual colors variety of colors. Excellent for rock-garden. Pkt. 15 cts.; Iarge pkt. 40 cts.

Double Dahlia-flowered Zinnia
Large
Curled and Crested. Large, double flowers; petals twisted and curled. Pkt. pkt.
Mixed colors.

## LILLIPUT ZINNIAS

The plants are compact and covered with small, densely double flowers on Iong stems. This type is adapted for beds or borders. Height 15 in . Pkt. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$.


COLLECTION: One pkt. each of above 10 colors, 85 cts.

## MIXED FLOWER SEEDS FOR THE WILD GARDEN

A most interesting way in which to grow annual flowers is to rescrve a portion of your grounds for a Wild Flower Garden and sow mixed seed in it, which will furnish a profusion of bloom throughout the season. Valuable for sowing in bare spots, along fences and on embankments. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; Ib. $\$ 2.50$.

Cut-flower Garden Mixture. A mixture of hardy annuals blended to give a continuous succession of cut-flowers all season. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. 30 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1$.

FEBRUARY (In hotbed)
Artichoke Early Cabbage Early Cauliflower Celery
Eggplant
Leek
Onion
Parsley
Pepper
Radish
Tomato

MARCH
(In hotbed)
All seeds mentioned in February table and
Kohlrabi
Lettuce
Early Beets

## Planting Calendar



Pedigreed Washington Asparagus

INOCULATE BEANS AND PEAS WITH STIMUGERM

| Potato |
| :--- |
| Radish |
| Rhubarb Roots |
| Spinach |
| Swiss Chard |
| Salsify |
| Turnip |
| Set out plants of |
| Early Cabbage |
| Early Lettuce |
| Early Cauliflower |
| Early Beets |
| Onion |
| $\quad$ MAY |
| $\quad$ (Plant outdoors) |
| Artichoke |
| Asparagus |
| Bush Beans |
| Lima Beans |
| Beets |
| Carrot |
| Cauliflower |
| Celery |
| Sweet Corn |
| Cucumber |

Late Cabbage
Late Cauliflower
Endive
Kale
Kohlrabi
Leek
Lettuce
Melon
Onion
Parsley
Peas
Radish
Salsify
Spinach
Squash
Swiss Chard
Herbs
Okra
Pumpkin
Brussels Sprouts
Turnip
Set out plants of
Early Cabbage
Lettuce
Early Cauliflower

Eggplant
Peppers Tomato

JUNE
(Plant outdoors)
Bush Beans
Lima Beans
Beets
Brussels Sprouts Late Cabbage
Carrot
Late Caulifower
Sweet Corn
Cucumber
Endive
Kale
Kohlrabi
Lettuce
Okra
Peas
Pumpkin
Radish
Salsify
Swiss Chard

Squash
Rutabaga
Set out plants of
Celery
Eggplant
Peppers
Tomato
JULY
(Plant outdoors)
Beets
Carrot
Chinese Cabbage
Sweet Corn
Corn Salad
Cress
Cucumber Radish
Endive Spinach
Kohlrabi
Okra
Pumpki
Radish
Squash
Turnip
Rutabaga

Set out plants of
Celery
Late Cabbage
Late Cauliflower
Endive
Brussels Sprouts

## AUGUST

(Plant outdoors)
Bush Beans
Corn Salad
Cress
Endive
Kale
Lettuce
Early Peas
Spinach
Turnip
SEPTEMBER
(Plant outdoors)
Corn Salad
Radish
Spinach

## ASPARAGUS SEED

Culture. Sow the seed as early in spring as the soil can be worked, in drills 1 foot apart, and, when well started, thin out to 3 inches apart. When one to two years old, transplant into permanent beds, which should be well and deeply manured and trenched to a depth of $11 / 2$ feet. Set the plants in rows 3 feet apart, and not less than $11 / 2$ feet apart in the row. Care should be taken that the roots are well spread, and set at a depth of 6 inches below the level of the bed. Cover only 2 or 3 inches, and fill in gradually as the plants grow. Very little, if any, should be cut the first year after transplanting, but a fair crop can be cut the second year. Every fall after the tops have been cut down, apply a dressing of coarse manure, and in the spring fork it in. An occasional top-dressing of salt at the rate of one-half pound per square yard is also beneficial.
ARGENTEUIL. This variety is largely grown in France for the Paris market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .35$ cts.; Ib. $\$ 1$.
Pedigreed Washington. It is rust-resistant, particularly vigorous, and of wonderful and with a heavy purple overtone: the tight, firm tips do not begin to open out until well out of the ground. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 20 cts . $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.50$.

## ARTICHOKE

Culture. Sow seed in hotbed in February or March, in rows 6 inches apart. Transplant, when large enough, into boxes or pots. After danger of frosts is past, plant in the open ground, in rows 3 feet apart, 2 to 3 feet apart in row, care being taken to press firmly in the ground, but do not plant too deep.
LARGE GLOBE or PARIS. The best of all Artichokes. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .35$ cts.; oz. 60 cts .
JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE. Distinct from the Globe, and propagated by and for its tubers. Lb. 20 cts.; 5 Ibs. 75 cts.; 25 lbs. $\$ 2.75$.

## Vegetable Plants, Roots and

 Herbs See page 116

## BEANS ${ }^{\text {one pound will plant }}$ BEANS about ioo feeto danu

## INOCULATE THIS SEED WITH STIMUGERM

Beans should not be planted too early, as they are very sensitive to cold and wet. Plant about the middle of April, when warm and favorablc, and at intervals throughout the season for a succession until the latter part of August. Bush varieties should be planted in rows 2 feet apart, and the Beans 2 inches apart and 2 inches deep in the rows. Keep them well cultivated and draw the earth up to the stem, but only when dry.

## DWARF GREEN-PODDED BEANS

Bountiful.
This is the best of the flat-podded, stringless varieties. The light green pods are $61 / 2$ to 7 inches long, stout, flat, somewhat curved, absolutely stringless, attractive, and of very fine quality. At the same time it is very early, vigorous, hardy, and a heavy yielder. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
EXTRA-EARLY RED VALENTINE. This is the earliest of all green Bush Beans. The pods are round, slightly curved, very meaty, pale green in color, and semi-transparent. The plants bear abundantly and the Beans remain fit for use a long time. Pkt. 10 cts .; Ib. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs . $\$ 1.60$.
MASTERPIECE (SUTTON'S). A superior green, round-podded variety, very prolific; long, straight, stringless pods; very early, fine forcer. Our imported stock of this exceptionally fine variety has given great satisfaction wherever tried. Pkt. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.; 2 lbs. 95 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 2.25$.
*Stringless Green-Pod. This Bean is very early, productive, hardy, and vigorous. The crease-backed, and of a dods average about 5 inches in length, straight, stout, round, quality,
*Tendergreen. (New.) The pods are of handsome appearance, long, round as a pencil, very endergreen. meaty, and of light green color. They mature early and the vines are exceptionally strong and vigorous. This Bean is remarkable for the large yields of long, straight pods. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25$ cts.; Ib. $40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2 \mathrm{lbs} .75 \mathrm{cts}$. $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.60$.
GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN-POD. Somewhat similar to Stringless Green-Pod, but pod is a little Ionger, straighter, more slender, and slightly lighter in color; early, hardy, and of highest quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; Ib. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
CANADIAN WONDER. The finest forcing Bean. A great favorite, both for table and exhibition. Produces an abundance of very long fleshy pods of superb quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; Ib. 50 cts.; 2 lbs. 95 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 2.25$.
Stringless Black Valentine. (New.) This new Bean has all the good qualities of the old dark green, oval pods are nearly straight, very tender, and of delicate flavor. This new variety is early, vigorous, and one of the most prolific yielders. Pkt. 10 cts .; lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs .75 cts .; 5 lbs. \$1.60.

## DWARF WAX OR YELLOW-PODDED BEANS

Wardwell's Kidney Wax. Plants of this Bean grow about 15 inches high; vigorous and very productive. The pods are straight, almost flat, and from $51 / 2$ to 6 inches long. They are fleshy, brittle, fine-grained, stringless, of a rich golden yellow color, and are of good quality and very attractive. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1b. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. $75 \mathrm{cts}$. ; 5 lbs. \$1.60.
*IMPROVED RUSTPROOF GOLDEN WAX. A strong grower; free from rust. Pods meaty and well filled, semi-round, rich yellow, fine quality; entirely stringless. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{l}$ b. 25 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
PENCIL-POD BLACK WAX. Long light golden yellow pods, very tender and brittle. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
Stringless Refugee Wax. The pods are round, pencil-like, and are always stringless. excellent. Pkt. 10 cts .; Ib. 40 cts . ROUND-PODDED KIDNEY or BRITTLE WAX. Long, round, handsome, stringless pods of large size, very solid and full of meat, crisp, brittle, and free from rust. Earliest Wax Bean. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1 lb .50 cts ; 2 lbs. 95 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 2.00$.
SURE-CROP WAX. A stringless dwarf Wax Bean, very tender and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts .; lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs .75 cts.; 5 lbs . $\$ 1.60$.

## DWARF BEANS FOR SHELLING (Winter Use)

*BOSTON SMALL PEA BEAN. Commonly known as the Boston or Navy Bean. This is the standard sort for winter use. Fine for baking. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. 30 cts .; 2 lbs. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.25.
*LARGE WHITE MARROW. Large, oval-shaped, white Beans. The dried Beans are larger than Boston and very meaty. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2 \mathrm{lbs} .65 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ 5 Ibs. \$1.50.
*RED KIDNEY. Fine variety for baking. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts}$; Ib. 35 cts ; 2 lbs .65 cts. 5 lbs. \$1.50.

## ENGLISH BEANS

Plant 4 inches deep, as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. The rows should be 3 feet apart, and the seed set 4 inches apart in the rows.
Broad Windsor. The best variety. Very hardy. Height 3 feet. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.

PLEASE NOTE. Only varieties of Beans marked * can be supplied in $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. packages

INOCULATETHEIS SEED WITH STIMUGERM

## BUSH LIMA BEANS

The Dwarf Lima class cannot be recommended too highly. The Beans can be grown and gathered much more easily than the Pole Limas, as the plants require no support. They can also be grown closer together than those of any Pole variety. Dwarf Limas are fully equal in quality to Pole Limas and as a rule are earlier maturing. Limas require a longer season for maturing than other garden Beans. Plant when ground is dry, weather warm, and danger of frost is over. Select rich, light soil.' Plant in drills 2 to 3 feet apart, dropping the Beans 3 to 4 inches apart and covering $11 / 2$ to 2 inches deep.

## One pound will plant 50 feet of row

*Fordhook. The Fordhook is entirely distinct in habit of growth. The stiffly erect bushes popular Bu branch freely and bear tremendous crops. It is ready for use as early as the The green Bee's Bush Lima, but the Beans are much plumper and remain green much longer Pods are borne in clusters of from four to six, average 4 to 5 inches long, and usually contain four tender Beans of a delightful flavor. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{Ib} .25 \mathrm{c}$.; Ib. $45 \mathrm{c} . ; 2 \mathrm{Ibs} .85 \mathrm{c}$.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.85$.
BURPEE'S IMPROVED. Differs from the original Burpee's Bush Lima in having much larger pods and producing more Beans, while both pods and Beans are not only larger in size but also considerably thicker. The pods measure 5 to 6 inches long, and even when of full size the enormous Beans are of the most delicious flavor. Pkt. 10 c .; Ib. $45 \mathrm{c} . ; 2 \mathrm{Ibs} .85 \mathrm{c} . ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.85$.
HENDERSON'S. A dwarf form of the Sieva Lima, valuable for its earliness. Pkt. 10 cts.; Ib. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
*McCrea's. A new variety that is highly recommended. The plants are vigorous and of taining from 3 to 5 large plump Beans of remarkably sweet flavor. A most desirable Bush


Pole Beans are tender and should be sown two weeks Iater than Bush Beans. They succeed best in sandy loam, liberally enriched with manure. Form hills 3 to 4 feet apart; plant three to six Beans in a hill, 2 inches deep, leaving space in center for the pole. When weII started, thin to from two to four plants in the hill.
*Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead. $\begin{gathered}\text { Long, flat green } \\ \text { pods, } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { to }\end{gathered}$ inches in length, fleshy and stringless. Heavy yielder. Pkt.


Kentucky Wonder Pole Beans 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25$ cts.; Ib. $40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2$ lbs. 75 cts.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.60$.
WHITE ÇREASEBACK or BEST OF ALL. Early green-podded variety, productive, and of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; Ib. 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.25$.
SCARLET RUNNER. A favorite, both for its quality as a Snap Bean and also for its flowers, which are a bright scarlet. Pkt. 10 cts.; Ib. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
*EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX. An early sort, producing an abundance of bright golden yellow pods, which are thick, fleshy, and tender. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. $40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2 \mathrm{lbs} .75 \mathrm{cts} . ; 5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 1.60$.
KENTUCKY WONDER WAX. Similar to the Kentucky Wonder or Homestead Green Pod, except in the color of pods, which in this one are light waxy yellow. It has a thick, broad pod, very tender, of delicious flavor and stringless. Pkt. 10 cts.; Ib. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.

## POLE LIMA BEANS

These require poles 8 to 10 feet long. Plant in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way, and 2 inches deep, allowing four to six seeds to each hill. When the plants are well established they should be thinned out to three. They are more sensitive to cold than the Bush Beans, and should not be planted before the middle of May.

## One pound will plant about 50 hills

CARPINTERIA. A very fine, vigorous, strong-growing Lima. Very productive, and the Beans-usually four to the pod-are much larger and thicker than ordinary Limas and seeds retain their distinctively green tinge. Pkt. 10 c .; Ib. 40 c .; 2 Ibs .75 c .; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
*King of the Garden. A vigorous and productive sort; pods very Iong, each con$10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2$ Ibs. $75 \mathrm{cts} . ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.60$.
EARLY JERSEY. This variety matures a few days earlier than the King of the Garden Lima. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
Watere's Evergreen Vines are vigorous and make strong growth, producing large期. quantities of pods containing four large Beans. These are thicker than the ordinary Lima and have a decided green tinge, even when old, which they retain after cooking; unsurpassed in flavor. Pkt. 10 c . $; \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{c} . ; 2 \mathrm{Ibs} .85 \mathrm{c} . ; 5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 1.85$.
DREER'S IMPROVED or CHALLENGER. The vines of this variety are vigorous and productive, the pods thick and contain four to five Beans of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; Ib. 45 cts.; 2 Ibs. 85 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.85$.
SMALL or SIEVA. Very productive. Beans smaII, good quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.

## BRUSSELS SPROUTS

A species of the cabbage family, which produces miniature heads from the sides of the stalk. These heads are a great delicacy, cooked in the same way as cauliflower. Sow seed about the middle of May, in a seed-bed, and the plants afterwards set in rows 2 feet or more apart, and cultivated like cabbage.
LONG ISLAND HALF DWARF. Produces compact sprouts of finest quality; a good keeper. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
Pole Lima Beans keeper. Pk. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 14 lb .90 cts .
MATCHLESS. Excellent for general use. Plants robust, very hardy; the stems are covered with compact globular sprouts of excellent flavor. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{c} . ; \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c} . ; 14 \mathrm{lb} .95 \mathrm{cts}$.


Brussels Sprouts

## TABLE BEETS

Beets possess great food-value and are easily grown. Extensive plantings should be made to provide for summer and winter use. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, in rich or well-manured garden soil which has been deeply plowed or spaded. Sow in drills $1 / 2$ to 1 inch in depth, allowing a space of $11 / 2$ feet between rows for cultivation. Successive sowings can be made until July. During the summer it is advisable to soak the seed over night in water before planting. Sow rather thickly and when plants are 2 to 3 inches high, thin out to 4 to 5 inches between plants. The young plants which you take out need not be wasted, for they are, in fact superior to spinach for greens. The varieties we offer are greatly improved and will produce fine smooth roots of excellent quality.

## One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds for an acre

Crosby's Egyptian A carefully selected strain of Egyptian, as early as the smoother and of better quicker than almost bood-red. It is a rap id grower, attaining a usable size Profitable in almost any soil and satisfactory for the small gardener as well as for the market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.50$.
CRIMSON GLOBE. This fine variety is of medium size, perfect globe shape, and is produced very uniformly, with smooth skin, small tops, and a rich dark bloodred color, slightly zoned. It is very tender and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 20 cts .; 1/4Ib. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25.
Detroit Dark Red (Improved Strain.) The standard of excellence in table ning. Tops uniform seets for home- and market-garden, shipping, and for canning. Tops uniform, small, slender, erect. Roots globe-shaped; symmetrical, in color, the zones so inconspicuous that the flesh seems to be one solid ball of deep blood-red meat; remains tender and of highest quality until roots are full grown. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60$ cts.; lb. $\$ 1.75$.
DETROIT DARK RED. (Regular Strain.) Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. \$1.25.
EARLY ECLIPSE. One of the best early sorts. The tops are small, admitting of close planting, and the roots are globular in shape. Flesh fine-grained, very sweet, dark red, zoned with a lighter shade. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1/4lb. 45c.; Ib. \$1.25.


Swiss Chard

EARLY BASSANO. A very early flat variety; flesh white and rose-colored; very sweet. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1/41b. 45c.; Ib. \$1.25.
Early Wonder. This is an early sort, beahead of Crosby's Egyptian. It is a turnip-
 shaped variety of very uniform type and is always smooth. Flesh is a beautiful deep red color and is of excellent quality. Tops are small and erect and it may be planted closer than most other sorts. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz. $20 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{c}$.; $\mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.25$.
GOOD FOR ALL. This variety, because of the small size of the roots, even when fully matured, is especially fine for canning and pickling whole, as well as for home cooking. Roots smooth, very even in size, and almost globular in shape. Flesh deep crimson and entirely free from white zones. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4$ Ib. 45 cts.; Ib. $\$ 1.25$.
BASTIAN'S HALF-LONG BLOOD. Of bright color and excellent quality. For winter use sow early in July. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .35$ cts.; Ib. $\$ 1.10$.
LONG DARK BLOOD. A good late variety for fall and winter use; sweet and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.25$.
Winter Keeper. keep for a winter supply. Pkt 10 cts . Al .

\section*{SWISS CHARD OR SPINACH BEET | one ounce will sow |
| :---: |
| 50 |
| feet of of tow |
| pow |}

Swiss Chard is used extensively, either as greens, like spinach, or in the same nanner as asparagus, when only the rib is eaten. Seed may be sown in April or May, in drills $11 / 2$ feet apart and $11 / 2$ inches deep. Thin the plants to 6 inches apart and cultivate the same as for the common beet. The outer leaves should either be cut off close to the base of the plant or pulled off when young, and may be picked continuously from June until frost, for when the leaves are cut others take their places very rapidly. GIANT LUCULLUS. Light green leaves are crimped and curled, with silvery white ribs and stems. Large and of fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4lb. 45 cts.; lb. $\$ 1.25$.
WHITE LYONS. Large, yellowish green, smooth leaves; white stalks and midribs of a delicate flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .45$ cts.; lh. $\$ 1.25$.

## MANGEL-WURZEL

Used for feeding stock. Sow in May or June, in rows 3 feet apart, and thin to 8 inches apart in the row.

One ounce sows 50 feet of drill; 6 pounds an acre
Mammoth Prize Long Red. The largest and heaviest cropping Mangel. Dark red skin, with GOLDEN TANKARD. An enormous yielder of weight per acre, and at the same time very nutritious. Flesh deep yellow. Oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 Ib. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 3.50$.

## BROCCOLI

Belongs to the same family as cauliflower, but of a little coarser texture. More hardy and therefore better adapted to a wider range of conditions. The new Green Sprouting types are quite different in manner of growth, as shown in illustration.
ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING. A new and distinct variety of the sprouting type. It forms a large head consisting of a cluster of bluish green flower-heads. When this central head is removed, the plant develops numerous lateral sprouts, each of which produces a small head. These are cut, leaving about 6 inches of the stem. Both stems and heads are cooked and served like cauliflower. For July crop, sow the seed in a hotbed in March or April, and for fall crop, in the open ground in May. Ready for use in about 90 days. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts.; oz. 50 cts.
LARGE WHITE FRENCH. Heads white, very compact, and hard. Pkt. 10 c .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{c}$.; oz. 60 c .


## CABBAGE

For very early use, sow in January or February in hotbeds; prick out when the plants are strong enough into other hotbeds, or sow in lotbeds in March. Transplant to the open ground when danger from killing frosts has passed, in rows 2 feet apart and $11 / 2$ feet from plant to plant. For succession, sow in the open ground the last of March or early in April. The autumn and winter varieties may be sown in April or early in May, in shallow drills 3 to 4 inches apart; transplant early in July, making the rows about $21 / 2$ feet apart, and setting the plants 2 feet apart in the rows. Cabbage succeeds best in a fresh, rich soil, well manured, and deeply dug or plowed.

## One ounce should produce about 2,500 plants

Copenhagen Market. The finest, large, round-headed early Cabbage. The heads average about pounds, are solid, and of fine quality. It matures as early as Charleston Wakefield, and will give a heavier yield per acre. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 40 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.25$.
Selected Early Jersey Wakefield. variety standard early medium-sized heads; very solid. Pkt. 10 cts. 40 cts.; 11/4b. \$1.25.
Babyhead. Extreme earliness and smaII size are characteristic of round, firm, and of splendid mild cooking quality. The outer leaves are few and small, and the stem is short. Babyhead is recommended as the first to reach the table when grown outdoors and also for growth under glass, for which purpose it is ideal. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 30 cts .; oz. 50 cts.


Selected Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage
Golden Acre. A new, early, round-headed Cabbage which resembles Copenhagen Market in type but smaller, and can be planted more closely. Solid and of very fine quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts.; oz. 50 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.50$
EARLY SUMMER. A second-early Cabbage which matures about ten days after the Jersey Wakefield. Large, solid, flattish head, with short outer leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts}$. oz. 35 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1$.
SUCCESSION. This popular second-early sort is about ten days later than Early Summer, larger in growth, and heads more uniform. It is an excellent keeper and in color an attractive light grcen. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1$.
ALL-SEASONS (Vandergaw). Large, hard, solid and slightly flattened heads. As good for autumn or winter as for early summer. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20$ cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4lb. $\$ 1$.
PENN STATE BALLHEAD. A special selection made by the Pennsylvania State College of Agriculture for the purpose of increasing the tonnage per acre without sacrificing any of the splendid qualities of the True Danish Ballhead Cabbage. Excellent, Iarge, solid, round heads, uniform in size, shape, and color and of the highest quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts.; oz. 50 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.50$.
Danish Ballhead. solid well-known variety on account of its heads and unsurpasscd keeping are of medrum size with few outer leaves, hence its name, "Ballhcad." Solid, crisp, tender, with small amount of waste. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. $\$ 1.25$.
DANISH ROUNDHEAD. Similar to Danish Ballicad, but slightly larger and about two weeks earlier. Very hard and heavy. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20$ cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
Selected Late Flat Dutch. A popular late variety. Its keeping qualities are unsurpassed. For解 than any other. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 202.20 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 35 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. $\$ 1$.
LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD. A favorite winter variety. The heads grow very large and heavy. They are solid, of good quality and texture, and have very few loose leaves, allowing of planting closely in the field. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 35 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1$.


Savoy Cabbage

## SAVOY CABBAGE

Perfection Drumhead Savoy. The hardest heading and best flavor of the cauliflower. Pkt. 10c.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz. 35c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1$.

## RED CABBAGE

Mammoth Rock Red. This late standard variety produces dark red color. The plant is large with numerous spreading leaves and is sure heading. Used very largely for pickling on account of its excellent flavor and attractive color. Produces the largest head of any of the red varieties. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 40 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{ID} . \$ 1.25$.
RED DRUMHEAD. The standard pickling variety and a good keeper. Heads large, rounded in shape, solid, and of a fine, deep red color. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .20$ cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1$.

## CHINESE CABBAGE

This is often called "Celery Cabbage" on the market, and when well grown resembles cos Iettuce. The leaves, when young, are crimped and of a light green color. The plant, as it becomes older, grows more upright and forms heads much like cos lettuce. The inner leaves blanch an attractive light yellow or creamy white with very white midribs. It has a distinctive flavor, very mild and pleasant. It can be served as a salad like lettuce or cooked Iike other Cabbages. Sow seed after July 1.
CHIHLI. Earliest and most sure-heading of the Chinese variety. Plants are of upright growth, with very broad leaves and white, cylindrical heads 2 feet in length and of superior quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
WONG BOK. Quite distinct in appearance of growth, being much shortcr, with broad leaves and heavy broad heart. The ribs, also broad and heavy, are very juicy. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.

## CARDOON

Sow early in the spring and transplant in trenches of well-manured ground, 3 feet apart and 1 foot apart in the rows; when full size, bind the plant together and earth up the same as celery.
LARGE SOLID. Grows about 4 feet high and is almost entirely spincless. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts . All prices subject to market changes


Chinese Cabbage, Chihli


## CARROT

A sandy, rich loam, deeply cultivated, is the best soil for Carrots. For home-gardens, sow in rows 1 foot apart and thin to 2 to 3 inches apart in the row; for freld-culture, 2 to $21 / 2$ feet between rows. Cover $1 / 2$ inch and thin to 3 to 4 inches between plants.
One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 3 to 4 pounds for an acre

## Danvers Half-Long Orange.

A first-class variety. The smooth, handsome roots are of medium length, tapering uniformly to a blunt point; flesh dark orange, sweet, crisp, and tender. Valuable for market-gardeners, also as a field crop. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 65 cts . ; Ib. $\$ 1.75$.

## EARLIEST FRENCH FORCING.

 The earliest of all varieties, and especially adapted for cultivation under glass, both on account of its earliness and the shortness and small size of its roots. Delicate, fine grained, and remarkably fine flavored. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4Ib. 65 cts.; lb. $\$ 1.75$.
## EARLY SCARLET HORN. For

 forcing and early garden use; flesh deep orange, fine grained. May be planted very early and is an excellent summer variety. Tops small and roots grow about 2 inches long. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4Ib. 50 cts.; Ib. \$1.50.Nantes Half-Long, Improved. Sweet, fine flavored, and almost without any core; is very fine grained; excellent for the home-garden or market. Finest in quality and handsomest in shape of the medium-sized sorts. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .65 \mathrm{cts}$. $\mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.75$.
CHANTENAY or MODEL. An excellent Carrot for summer and winter use. It is finely shaped, half-long, blunt-pointed, with a small top, and the roots run very even in shape and size-about 5 to 6 inches long. The skin is clean, smooth, and of a deep orange color. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 20 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. $\$ 1.75$.
Red-Cored Chantenay. New. This improvement over the well-known Chantenay, especially in color, texture, and quality of flesh. Roots $51 / 2$ to 6 inches Iong, $21 / 4$ inches thick at the shoulder, tapered, stump-rooted; flesh and core reddish orange, fine grained, and tender; of sweet, delicate flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.: $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .65 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.75$.
ST. VALERY. One of the best and handsomest main-crop Carrots and enormously productive. The roots are symmetrical, tapering regularly from the shoulder to tip, smooth, and free from side roots. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.50$.
Imperator. A new Carrot about 8 inches deep orange tapering somewhat. Of exange color which extends right to the centcr. Excellent for the home-garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .65$ cts. $;$ Ib. \$1.75.
IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. Deep orange color; about 3 inches thick at the top and about 1 foot long, tapcring to a point. Very productive. It is a good keeper, of finc quality for winter use, and extensively grown for stock feeding. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 20 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ Ib. $\$ 1.50$.
LARGE WHITE BELGIAN. The roots grow partly above ground and are thick through, yielding a heavy crop which should be harvested beforc frost. It is a field Carrot and grown only for stock feeding. Pkt. 10 cts ; ; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 Ib. 35 cts.; lb $\$ 1$.


Red-cored Chantenay Carrot


Waterer's Super Snowball Cauliflower

## CAULIFLOWER

Cauliflower delights in a rich soil and abundance of water. Sow the seed in a hotbed in January or February, and, when the plants are large enough, transplant 3 inches apart in boxes or in other hotbed.s until time to plant out. If hardened off they are seldom injured by planting out as early as the ground can be properly prepared, in rows about $21 / 2$ feet apart, and 2 feet bet ween the plants. Cauliflower succeeds best when planted in frames at the closc of winter, and brought to maturity before the summer heat sets in. Late varieties, which mature in autumn, are sown and managed like winter cabbage.
Waterer's Super Snowball. Early Snowball Cauliflower it is healthier, more vigorous, and strongly resistant to adverse weather conditions as weII as diseases. Large, snow-white, solid heads of finest texture. Recommended for forcing and outdoor growing. Pkt. 50 cts.; large pkt. $\$ 1$; $1 / 4$ oz. $\$ 1.75$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 3$; oz. $\$ 5$.
EARLY SNOWBALL. Its compact habit of growth renders it a very profitable variety to force under glass, and it does well for Iate planting, as well as for early crops. It is a sure header. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1.75$; oz. $\$ 3$.
EARLIEST SNOWSTORM. A splendid dwarf early variety for forcing or growing in the open ground. Pkt. 25 cts.; large pkt. 50 cts.; $1 / 4$ oz. $\$ 1.25$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 2$; oz. $\$ 3.50$.
DANISH GIANT or DRY WEATHER. This variety withstands dry weather better than any other sort; heads large, very solid, snow-white, and of the most delicate flavor. Pkt. 25 cts .; Iarge pkt. 50 cts. ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 1.25 ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 2$; oz. $\$ 3.50$.
VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. A valuable and distinct late variety, producing large, white, firm heads. Pkt. 10 cts ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .40$ cts.; oz. 75 cts .
EARLY PARIS or NONPAREIL. This is a well-known standa- I French variety, producing good-sized, pure white heads, which a:e tender and delicious. Pkt. 15 cts.; large pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .85 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1.50$.
ALGIERS. One of the best late sorts. Grown largely for fall use. It is a sure header. Pkt. 15 cts . Iarge pkt. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{cts}$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .75 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $\$ 1.25$.

## CHICORY

 WITLOOF CHICORY or FRENCH ENDIVE. Sow the seed during May, in rows 1 to $11 / 2$ feet apart, and cover with about $1 / 4$ inch of soil; when large enough, thin out to 6 inches apart in the row. In late autumn, lift the roots carefully, cut off the Icaves about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch from the crown, and store in the cellar in sand or dry soil. After one month's rest they are ready for forcing. Plant thickly in a deep box in the cellar or in a dark place where it is warm. They will soon begin to send forth ncw leaves which, grown in the clark, are snowy white, crisp, and of finest flavor. It requires about onc month to force the roots, and the heads are cut off with a small portion of the neck of the root attached. A continuous supply can be had by planting a dozen roots or more at a time. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts.

## CHERVIL

CURLED. Cultivated like parsley and used for garnishing and flavoring soups and salads. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. $25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## CELERY

Sow the last of Marcli or early in April, in drills 8 to 10 inches apart. The seed should be covered very lightly or merely pressed into the earth. When fairly out of the sced-leaf, they may be transplanted to another bed, or else thinned out to 4 incles apart and let grow until wanted for transplanting out into the beds or trenches early in July. Some gardeners trim off the tops a little while the plants are small, to make them grow more stocky. The trenches should be shallow, 3 to 4 feet apart, and wide enough to hold one or two rows. These rows should be 1 foot apart and the plants set about 6 inches apart in the row. As the plants grow they should be earthed up to blanch them, carc being taken not to let the earth get into the heart. For keeping over the winter, bank up with earth and cover over with litter to keep out the frost, placing boards on top to keep out the rain.

One ounce of seed should produce about 3,000 plants
Crispheart This is a new early-maturing green Celery of choicest quality. thick and free from strings and the flavor is rich but mild. Color is a rich deep cream when blanched. Pkt. 35 cts.; $1 / 20 \mathrm{oz}$. $\$ 1.25$; oz. $\$ 2$.
Easy Blanching. A variety of Celery remarkably easy to blanch which, to. gether with its being adapted to early use as well as storing makes it especially suitable for the home-garden. Stalks thick, brittle and of excellent flavor; plant a strong, healthy grower. Pkt. 10 cts ; ; $1 / 202.30 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 50 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1.75$.
EMPEROR or FORDHOOK. The stalks are of medium length, as thick through as one's finger, and of the finest quality, tender, crisp and without strings. The stalks blanch white and keep well in storage. An excellent winter variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 20 \mathrm{zz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 50 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.75$.
Golden Pascal. This new Celery is an early-maturing strain of Pascal which rounded, brittle, tender, and of a rich, delicate flavor. Should prove outstanding as a home and market-garden variety. Pkt. 35 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 1.25$; oz. $\$ 2$.
Paris Golden Self-blanching. (French-grown seed.) The best very early early autumn use. The stalks are solid, crisp, tender, and of fine, nutty flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 60 cts.; oz. $\$ 1$.
White Plume.
This is one of the most popular of the varieties now in use. A being n comparatively easy varicty to grow, as it is fairly hardy, and, fairly tall 40 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. $\$ 1.25$.
Golden Plume or Wonderful. It is somewhat earlier than Paris Golden to a beer. Self-blanching and is more easily blanched heart. A vigorous grower, resistant to disease and unequaled forky, with a ful local market, and long-distance shipments. Pkt. 15 cts . $; 1 / 20 \mathrm{z} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 75 cts .
GIANT PASCAL or WINTER KING. One of the best for fall and winter use It is a selection from the Golden Self-blanching, and adds to the general good quality of its parent superior keeping qualities. The stalks are very large, solid, crisp, and of a rich, nutty flavor. It blanches very easily and quickly. The heart is golden yellow; very attractive. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 40 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.25$.

## Winter Queen.

This is the most valuable variety of Celery for winter and spring use ever introduced. It is thicker and heavier, with double the amount of heart of any known Celery. The plant is beautiful in appearance, of close habit and compact growth, and blanches to a beautiful creamwhite. Ribs perfectly solid, crisp, and of a delicious, nutty flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/20z. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 1/4 Ib. \$1.25.
SOUP or FLAVORING CELERY. Not for planting purposes, but used for flavoring. 1/4lb. 25 cts ; lb. 75 cts.

## CELERIAC Turnip-Rooted Celery

GIANT SMOOTH PRAGUE. An improved form of the Turnip-rooted Celery. Roots large, round, smooth, and free from side roots. A profitable variety for market-gardeners. Sow seed same as celcry, transplant into rows 2 feet apart and about 6 to 8 inches apart in tlie row. No earthing up is required for Celeriac, as it is the roots which are the edible portion of the vegetable. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 25 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4Ib. $\$ 1$.

## CORN SALAD (Fetticus)



Corn Salad

LARGE-SEEDED ROUND-LEAVED. A delicious salad for late fall, winter, and early spring use. Sow the seed during July, August, and September, in rich soil in shallow drills, and cover with $1 / 4$ inch of soil. Matures in sixty to sixty-five days. The frost makes the leaves tender; they can be cut and used any time during the winter and early spring. Serve with a Frencl dressing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 ets.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.


Golden Plume or Wonderful Celery

## CRESS

Easily grown during winter on the greenhouse bench, in franres or boxes, and splendid for salad, garnishing, or as an addition to winter lettuce. Sow seed very thickly in rows 3 to 6 inches apart under glass, or for summer 1 foot apart in open ground. Sow often for succession, as it soon runs to seed. Water Cress requires a strcam of running watcr, ditch, or pond, in which it will grow without care, except at first keeping weeds from interfering with it.
EXTRA CURLED or PEPPER GRASS. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 15 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.
WATER CRESS. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts.; oz. 50 cts.
UPLAND CRESS. Has the flavor of Water Cress, and will grow in any good soil. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 202$. 20 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1$.


Stowell's Evergreen Corn

## SWEET OR SUGAR CORN ${ }^{\text {Our Seed Corn is grown from carefully }}$

Sweet Corn, being liable to rot in cold, wet ground, should not be planted before May, or until the ground becomes warm. For a succession, plant every two weeks until middle of July, in rich, well-manured ground, in shallow furrows $31 / 2$ feet apart, thinning out to stand 1 foot apart in the rows, or in hills 3 feet apart each way, thinning out to stand three plants in a hill.

## One pound will plant about 100 hills, or 150 to 200 feet of row

PLEASE NOTE. Only varieties of Sugar Corn marked * can be supplied in $1 / 2-1 \mathrm{l}$. packages. Packets of all varieties of Sweet Corn, 10 cts . each.
*GOLDEN GIANT. A cross between GoIden Bantam and Howling Mob, combining the delicious buttery flavor of its yellow parent with the size and quality of its white parent. Stalks $41 / 2$ to 6 feet, producing two to three ears 7 to 9 inches long with 12 to 16 rows of deep kernels, orange in color. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
EARLY MAYFLOWER. One of the whitest and sweetest of the early varieties, and an exceptionally good yielder. Ears average 8 inches, with deep kerneI. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
*Stabler's Early. Of Iarger size than usual for the carly kinds. It is remarkable for fine flavor, sweetness, and earliness, and is a desirable variety for the home-garden. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. 20 cts.; Ib. 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.50$.
Golden Sunshine. The earliest of the golden yellow type, Golden Bantam, and more dwarf in habit, with ears 7 inches long, containing 10 to 12 rows of broad, yellow, delicious sweet grains. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
BANTAM EVERGREEN (Golden). Large ears, $71 / 2$ to 9 inches long, with 14 to 18 rows of deep kernels borne on strong stalks 6 to 7 feei taII. This variety combines the qualities of Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen in its rich golden cream color and good flavor. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
*Golden Bantam. Of dwarf growth, the stalks averaging 4 feet in height, each producing two or more ears measuring from 5 to 7 inches in length. When ready for use, the kernels are bright golden yellow, deliciously sweet, richly flavored, and remain tender for some time after ripening. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$; lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.

EARLY EVERGREEN. The ears grow to a good size (usually about 7 inches Iong), and contain from 16 to 18 rows of deep, sweet grains. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.50$.
KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT. A second-early variety. Ears average 7 inches in length, with 10 or more rows of large grains of rich, sugary flavor. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
Howling Mob. One of the finest second-early, Iarge-earcd sorts. produce two fine ears. The ears measure 7 to 9 inches in length, with 12 to 14 rows of good-sized, pearly white grains. Lb. 35 cts .; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
LATE MAMMOTH. Produces larger ears than any other Sugar Corn. It is of good quality, rich and very sweet; late. Lb. 35 cts .; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.50$.
Whipple's Early.
Of the narrow-grained, Evergreen type, but long, with 16 to 18 rews of pearly white sweet grains. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
*Stowell's Evergreen. Recognized everywhere as the standard Remains Ionger in green statety for market and home use. ears, with deep grains and remarkably sweet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{Ib} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. 35 cts.; 2 lbs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.50$.
*Country Gentleman. One of the richest flavored of all the unrivaled, and is without doubt the most Iuscious of all varieties of Sweet Corn. The plump, pearly white kernels are of great depth. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .20$ cts.; Ib. 35 cts.; 2 lbs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.50$.

## NEW HYBRID SWEET CORN

These hybrids are remarkably resistant to the destructive Stewart's Discase.
Golden Cross Bantam. Developed by the Purdue Agricultural Experimental Station. It is about a week Iater than Golden Bantam. The ears are 8 inches long and are closely sct with 10 to 14 rows of creamy yellow, deliciously flavored kernels. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{Ib} .30 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2 \mathrm{lbs} .90 \mathrm{cts} . ; 5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 2$.
Kingscrost Golden Bantam. The best of the early hybrids, as it is 7 to 10 days earlier than the ordinary Golden Bantam and has the true 8 -row Bantam ear. Its quality is excellent. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. $50 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2$ lbs. 90 cts.; 5 lbs . $\$ 2$.

## DANDELION

A very superior quality of Dandelion greens may be had by sowing seed in May or June in very shallow drills, 15 to 18 inches apart. Seedlings should be thinned to 6 or 8 inches. A winter mulch is neccssary after the ground becomes firmly frozen. Cultivated Dandelions have broader leaves and are in every way superior to the wild plants. The leaves are popular for both cooking and salads. They require rich soil. IMPROVED THICK-LEAVED. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$; oz. 50 cts.

## POP-CORN

Pop-Corn is frequently planted in the garden as a curiosity and to interest and please the children, but we would caution gardening friends against planting Pop-Corn near Sweet Corn, as they cross quite readily, and to the detriment of both types. Pop-Corn ears should be allowed to become thoroughly ripened on the stalk before they are gathered. The grain must be thoroughly dry before it can be popped; that is, grains a year old will pop more satisfactorily than those which are freshly gathered.
QUEEN'S GOLDEN. Pops perfectly white, and a single kernel will expand to a diameter of nearly 1 inch. Lb. 25 cts.; 2 lbs. for 45 cts.
WHITE RICE. The most popular white variety, of excellent popping qualities. Lb. 25 cts.; 2 lbs. for 45 cts.

## FENNEL

FLORENCE. A delicious vegetable. The bases of the leaf-stalks are thick and bulb-like, and can be eaten raw like celery, or boiled. They have a mild, aromatic, sweet flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75$ cts.

Florence Fennel



## SELECTED CUCUMBER SEED

Sow the seeds early in the season in a hotbed, using small sods (grass side down) or flower pots, placing a few seeds in each. When all danger of frost is past, transplant into hills, which should be 4 feet apart and 1,2 feet in diameter. For general crop, a sowing may be made in the open ground in May in rich, mellow soil, well manured, using eight to ten seeds to each hill, and when danger of insects is past, thin out to four plants to each hill. For pickles, sow from the middle of June to first week in July. Pick all fruit when of proper size.

## One ounce of seed will sow 50 hills; 2 pounds for an acre

Waterer's Evergreen. The fruits are large, symmetrical in Flesh pure white, firm shape, and of a rich dark green color Flesh pure white, firm and crisp, with comparatively few seeds; unsurpassed for quality. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
Arlington White Spine. The Cucumbers average 7 to 8 inches green color. Flesh white, crisp, and solid, with comparatively few seeds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60$ cts.
DAVIS' PERFECT. An excellent variety for outdoor and forcing purposes. The long, even fruits are of fine form, with an intensely dark, rich green iskin, very few seeds, and solid white flesh of superb quality for slicing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 14 Ib .75 cts.
EARLY GREEN PROLIFIC or BOSTON PICKLING. Fruit short, smooth, symmetrical, and bright green; very productive, making a good pickle. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 20 cts ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
WEST INDIA GHERKIN. A smaII prickly variety, used for pickles only. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
EARLY RUSSIAN. This is the earliest of all pickling Cucumbers. The fruits are small-about 3 inches in length and $11 / 2$ inches thick. A productive variety known for its excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{I}$ b. 75 cts.

Early Fortune. One of the very early varieties, producing an quality. A good variety for early table use. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Long Green (Jersey Pickle). A well-known standard variety bout 1 foot in length, of most excellent quality, and any for makes the best of pickles. When ripe it is the best o Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
JAPANESE CLIMBING. Can be grown on a trellis; very prolific and of good quality. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{nz} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Straight 8 As indicated by the name, when ready to use the traight 8. Cucumbers are about eight inches long, always straight and smooth. The color is medium dark green with green rays at the blossom end. White, crisp flesh of highest quality. An excellent sort for slicing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.

## ENGLISH FORCING CUCUMBER

These varieties are used for forcing. The fruits are long, smooth and handsome, frequently growing 20 to 30 inches long.
Lockie's Perfection, Telegraph. Each, pkt. of 12 seeds, 25 cts.; $\$ 2$ per 100 seeds.

## ENDIVE, continued

BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN (Escarolle). Long, broad leaves; very fine for salads. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{oz} .20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
GIANT FRINGED. A vigorous grower, with handsome, broad fringed leaves and a white heart. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{c}$.
GREEN CURLED. The hardiest of alI, with curled dark green Ieaves; tender and crisp. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.

## KALE or BORECOLE

The Kales are highly esteemed for winter greens. Extremely hardy, and are improved in flavor after frost. For fall use, sow in May transplant in June, and treat the same as cabbages. For early spring use, sow in August and September and protect during winter.

## One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. The leaves are bright green, One of the best grown. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.50$.
TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. Unusually hardy, growing 2 feet or more in height, with recurved, spreading, deep green, curly leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4ID. 50 cts.; Ib. \$1.50.

## KOHLRABI

This is a delicious vegetable and should be grown in every garden. The edible portion is the large bulb which forms on a stem above the soil. Boiled, sliced, and served with a cream sauce, it makes a delicious dish. The bulbs should be used when the size of a small apple, as they become woody when very old. For this reason, successive sowings should be made until the middle of August. For very early crop, sow in hotbed and transplant outdoors last of April. For regular crop, sow outdoors about April 15, in drills 2 feet apart and cover seed with $1 / 2$ inch of soil. When well up, thin out to 8 inches apart in a row.

## One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. The best for early and main crop; Ilesh white. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
EARLY PURPLE VIENNA. Bluish purple; flesh white. Pkt. 10 cts . oz. 25 cts ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## LETTUCE

Seed for the first outdoor crop is usually sown in hotbeds in February or March, and the seedlings transplanted to the garden in April, 8 to 12 inches apart, in rows $11 / 2$ feet apart. For a succession until frost, sow in drills in the open ground at intervals of two or three weeks, and thin the plants to stand 8 inches apart. For plants to force in hotbeds from November until spring, sow seed in hotbeds in the fall.

One ounce of seed should produce about 2,500 plants

## CABBAGE or HEADING VARIETIES

Allheart. Une of the best for spring or summer use; large heads,
Big Boston This is a fine forcing variety for coldframes during the Big Boston. winter months, as it produces heads of very large size and succeeds better in a cooler temperature than most forcing strains. It heads well also in the open ground during cool weather of spring and fall. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75$ cts.
Big Boston (Improved). By far the most heat-resisting sort formly darker shade of green, of this type. The plants are of a uniformly darker shade of green, grow more compactly and stand several days longer before running to seed than other strains of Big Boston. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. 90 cts.
BOSTON MARKET. A well-known forcing sort, producing solid heads of medium light green leaves, crisp and compact. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER (Royal Summer Cabbage). One


Big Boston Lettuce of the best summer varieties; forms fine, large, solid heads of excellent

ICEBERG. A beautiful Lettuce, with large, curly leaves of a bright light green, with a very slight reddish tinge at the edges. Handsome heads, unusually solid because of the natural tendency of the large, strong leaves to turn in, which also causes thorough blanching. Crisp, tender, and fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
May King. This handsome, extremely early, compact-heading Lettuce is very Outer leaves light yellowish green, tinged reddish brown when mature. Hearts blanch to golden yellow, tender and buttery. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 25 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. 7 cc c.
MIGNONETTE. Small, compact heads; Ieaves slightly curled; edges tinted brown. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .75$ cts.
New York or Wonderful. The color is dark green, with white interior; Popular kind for summer. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $/ 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts.
Salamander. A variety which stands the hot weather renarkably well. Salathick, somewhat crumpled and closely overlapping leaves planching the inner nes to ones to perfection. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 60 cts.
UNRIVALED. A popular sort for coldframes and for early spring and fall planting. Resembles Big Boston, but does not turn red. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 25 cts ; ; $1 / \ddagger \mathrm{Ib}$. 75 cts .
WA YAHEAD. The earliest and surest heading of all early Lettuce. Outer leaves are light green; heart is a rich buttery yellow. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 25 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. 75 cts .

## COS or ROMAINE LETTUCE

A distinct, upright-growing type of Lettuce. The Iong, narrow leaves need to be tied rather loosely together several days before they are cut for use.
TRIANON COS or ROMAINE. A self-blanching Cos Lettuce, very crisp and tender, and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 25 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
KINGSHOLM COS. Forms long, firm, upright plants with narrow leaves which are crisp and refreshing, withstanding the summer heat. Light green in color and a very reliable variety for late use. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.

## CURLED or CUTTING LETTUCE

This type does not form compact heads, but large masses of curly, crisp leaves, which are practically everbearing, as the plants keep growing after leaves are picked.
EARLY CURLED SIMPSON. A splendid curly-leaved sort; loose heads and very tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $11 / \mathrm{Ib} .60$ cts.
GRAND RAPIDS. Produces crisp, tender green leaves, richly curled. Superb for forcing or outdoor culture. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.
BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON. One of the best of the Ioose-leaved varieties. Withstands heat and drought. Finely fringed leaves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.

## LEEK

A splendid vegetable for flavoring soups and stews; used in the same manner as onions, but of a milder and more agreeable flavor. Leek is hardy and easily cultivated. Sow very early in the spring, in drills 6 inches apart; thin out to 2 inches apart in the row. Draw earth up as they grow. GIANT CARENTAN. The favorite market variety. Large thick stem; mild flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{Oz} .20 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. $\$ 1$.
Prizetaker. (Imported seed.) Of immense size, thick, pure white stems, and green, narrow, SELECTED MUSSELBURGH. (Imported seed.) A splendid selection of this popular variety; grows to large size, and is recommended for exhibition. Pkt. 15 cts ; $11 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 50 cts .


Prizetaker Leek

## MUSKMELON

Melons do best in a light or sandy soil, but with a littlc Iabor in preparing hills they can bc grown in almost any warm, sunny location. Make hills 5 feet apart each way, putting two or three shovelfuls of well-rotted manure in each hill; pack it down tight, cover it with 3 inches of fine loose soil, making hills 1 foot in diameter. When the weather is quitc warm, scatter ten to fifteen seeds thinly over the surface of the freshly made hills and cover with $1 / 2$ inch of fine soil. When the young plants are well established, thin out to the best three plants.

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 2 to 3 pounds for an acre
Fmerald Gem. A splendid early variety, coming in just ahead of Rocky Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$
Hale's Best Slightly larger and two weeks earlier than the standard Hale's Best. Rocky Ford. It is pink-fleshed clear to the rind, which is well ribbed and netted. The flesh is very thick, with only a small seedcavity, and of excellent quality, being sweet and musky. A very prolific melon and a valuable strain for both the commercial and also the homegarden. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
HEARTS OF GOLD or IMPROVED HOODOO. An orange-fleshed melon of medium size. Fine for the home-garden as a midseason sort, also ideal as a shipping melon, as the rind, although thin, is very firm and is covered with dense, fine netting. Vines are vigorous and resist blight well. Fruits are uniform, medium in size, nearly round. The flesh is thick, firm, highly colored and delicious. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
BENDER'S SURPRISE. A large melon of merit. Fruits round to oval in


Delicious Gold-Lined Muskmelon BENDER'S SURPRISE. A large melon of merit. Fruits round to oval in
shape, heavily ribbed and closely netted. Flesh is thick, very firm, deep orange, of fine flavor, and deliciously sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

Tom Watson Watermelon Delicious Gold-Lined. Small, spherical fruits, uniform in shape and size, gray netting. Meat thick and sweet, green with a golden salmon lining next the seed-cavity. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.

Honey Dew. Thefruit weighs eight to ten pounds each, and the rind is inches thick, light green, very sweet and juicy. Pkt. 10c.; oz. $25 \mathrm{c} \cdot ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{c}$. FORDHOOK. The flesh is orange color, solid, firm, and delicious in flavor. The fruits begin to set close to the hill and the vigorous vines keep on producing all season. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
EXTRA-EARLY HACKENSACK. Early; almost globular fruit, which is heavily ribbed, netted; thick, light green flesh of fine flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
ROCKY FORD or GOLDEN GEM. Oval-shaped; thick-meated; flesh light green in color, and uniformly fine; luscious flavor; skin ribbed and thickly netted. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1/4 Ib. 50c.

## ENGLISH FORCING MELONS

These can be grown successfully in hotbeds. Sow seeds in pots in March and transplant to hotbed when three leaves have developed. Fruits ripen in June and July. Blenheim Orange, Royal Sovereign, Superlative, Windsor Castle. Each, pkt. 25 cts.

## WATERMELON

One ounce will plant about 30 hills;
4 to 5 pounds for an acre
Cultivate same as muskmelons, except that the hills should be 8 feet apart.
Tom Watson. A large, long melon with dark green rind and light crimson flesh which is of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.;
FORDHOOK EARLY. Extra early; large, nearly round; skin tough; flesh red and very sweet. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .45 \mathrm{cts}$.
ALABAMA SWEET. A Iarge and attractive melon, oblong in shape. Color dark green; flesh remarkably firm and of luscious flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45$ cts.
COLE'S EARLY. A most delicious and productive variety for the family garden, succeeding in northern states, where melons were never matured before. The flesh is of a beautiful bright red color, crisp and extremely delicate in texture. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{cts}$. Dixie. The fruits are large, oblong in form, from 20 inches to 2 feet in length; skin dark green with stripes of lighter shade; bright red flesh Dixie. of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .45 \mathrm{cts}$.
HALBERT HONEY. A variety somewhat similar to Kleckley Sweets-of much darker color. The vines are very prolific and usually bear four and five very uniform melonsquality the highest. Pkt. 10 cts . oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .45 \mathrm{cts}$.
COLORADO PRESERVING CITRON. Excellent for making preserves. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4$ Ib. 45 cts .

## MUSHROOM SPAWN

WATERER'S PURE "SPORE" CULTURE SPAWN. Made in bottles that have been sterilized, as well as all matcrial used. The pure spawn is wrapped in paper with full dircctions how to grow Mushrooms, packed in cartons. One carton equals five bricks of ordinary spawn. Prices: Onc carton $\$ 1.25 ; 12$ cartons, $\$ 13.50$.
PURE CULTURE SPAWN. The spawn which has given universal satisfaction. Per brick, 35 cts.; 5 bricks, $\$ 1.50 ; 10$ bricks, $\$ 2.75 ; 25$ bricks, $\$ 6.50 ; 50$ bricks, $\$ 12.50$.
MUSHROOM or HOTBED THERMOMETERS. Hcavy Brass Point style, $\$ 2.75$ each.

## MUSTARD $\begin{aligned} & \text { One ounce will sow } \\ & \text { about } 75 \text { feet of drill }\end{aligned}$

The young and tender Icaves of the Mustard arc greatly relished as salads, or when cooked like spinach. Sown in shallow drills as carly as the ground can be prepared. WHITE LONDON. Leaves uscd for salads or greens when young. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. 15 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{cts}$
GIANT SOUTHERN CURLED. The plant grows 3 feet taII, and the broad, succulent leaves arc cut and frillecl. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.


Mushrooms

## CHOICE ONION SEED AND SETS

Sow in rich soil, in drills 1 foot apart, as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring; thin out to 2 to 3 inches apart in the row, carefully keeping down the weeds. The finest Onions are produced by sowing the secd in a hotbed in February or March, and transplanting the seedlings to the open ground, 3 to 4 inches apart, in ApriI. For sets, sow the sceds as early as possible in the spring, very thickly, in drills; as soon as the tops die off in summer, remove them to a dry, airy place and early in the following spring replant by placing the sets in shallow drills, 1 foot apart, and 2 inches apart in the drills.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds for an acre Ailsa Craig. The largest and heavicst cropping Onion, and a size, and weighendid keeper. Unrivaled in perfection of form, Size, and weight; mild in flavor; outside skin of light straw color.
It is a favorite variety for exhibition purposes. Pkt. 10 cts.; It is a favorite variety
$\mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 11 \mathrm{Ib} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
AILSA CRAIG. (English-grown.) Extra-selected stock. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $50 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.75$.
Prizetaker. Grows uniform in shape and is of immense size, while measuring from 12 to 16 inches in circumference, while under special cultivation specimen bulbs have been raised to weigh two pounds each. Its pure white flesh is fine-grained, mild, and delicate in flavor. Pkt. 10 cts . ; oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
Southport Yellow Globe. ${ }^{\text {It }}$ Danvers type, disting somewh from the pointed at each end. The outer skin is pale yellow; flesh white and


Silverskin Onions
mild in flavor. Quite productive, very hardy, and keeps a long time in good condition after pulling. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.


Prizetaker Onion

## ONION SETS

Plant in rows 1 foot apart, with sets 2 inches apart in the row. One pound will plant about 50 feet of row

## White

Okra

Yellow Globe Danvers. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Of more globular shape than the preceding, pro- } \\ & \text { ducing well-rounded }\end{aligned}$ diameter; skin light colden ducing well-rounded bulbs about $21 / 2$ inches in yelow; flesh white, crisp and mild in ilavor. One and of the best for general crop. An excellent keeper. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. 35 cts .; 1/4 Ib . $\$ 1$.
YELLOW STRASBURG. Similar to the Yellow Danvers, but bulbs rather more flattened and skin darker. The Onions ripen early, with pure white flesh of mild flavor. It is one of the best to grow for sets, and is a splendid keeper. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
Southport White Globe. An enormous yielder and superb keeper. Perfect sidered one of the hand globe-shaped, very large; clear white skin. Con$1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. \$1.
WHITE PORTUGAL or SILVERSKIN. Largely grown for sets. Bulbs large, with silvery white skin and white flesh; mild-flavored, and excellent for family use and for pickling. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. $30 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
WHITE BARLETTA. An excellent pickling variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. $\$ 1$.
SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE. This excellent medium-early or main-crop Onion produces medium to large-sized, perfect globe-shaped bulbs of deep purplish red color. Flesh is white, tinged with light purple, fairly mild, fine-grained, and tender. One of the best keepers. Pkt. 10 cts ; oz. 30 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .90 \mathrm{cts}$.
SWEET SPANISH. (Riverside Strain.) This finely bred strain is steadily increasing in popularity, due to large size, attractive golden yellow skin, and very mild white flesh of pleasing flavor. The globe-shaped bulbs often weigh 2 pounds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/41 Ib . \$1.

## PARSLEY

Because of its pleasant flavor, the leaves of Parsley are used extensively as a garnish with other vegetables, either in cooked dishes or salads. Parsley seed germinates very slowly. For outdoor growing, soak the seed in warm water for a few hours. Sow thickly, in rows 1 foot apart and $1 / 2$ inch deep, pressing down well after sowing. When well up, thin to 3 to 4 inches apart.
Waterer's Triple Curled. Dwarf; dark green; finest Parsley for garnishing. Pensely curled. The $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. $\$ 1$.
CHAMPION MOSS CURLED. The leaves are not so heavy in appearance as our Triple Curled, but are also very finely curled, and excellent for garnishing. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{cts}$.
PLAIN or SINGLE. Leaves flat, deeply cut, but not curled, dark green and very hardy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .45 \mathrm{cts}$.


Hollow-Crown Parsnips
TURNIP-ROOTED or HAMBURG. The fleshy root is used for flavoring soups, stews, etc. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .45 \mathrm{cts}$.


RUBY GIANT. A variety which is a very desirable size and shape for stuffing. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30$ cts.; oz. 50 cts.
RUBY KING. A popular, large-fruiting variety; very thick flesh of fine, mild flavor. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 40 cts .

## PARSNIP

Sow as early in the spring as the weather will admit in drills $11 / 2$ feet apart and $1 / 2$ inch deep in a rich deep soil; thin out 4 inches apart in the rows. In the late fall, before the ground freezes, remove enough roots for winter use to the root cellar and pack in sand. The remaining Parsnips can be left in the ground through the winter for use in the early spring.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds for an acre
Large Sugar or Hollow-Crown. The roots are smooth, uniform in shape, tapering evenly from a heavy tender and of best quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ lb. $\$ 1.25$.

## PEPPER

Sow in hotbeds in March or April, and when the season is favorable, transplant in rows 2 feet apart and $11 / 2$ feet apart in row, in rich, good ground.
California Wonder. This new variety resembles Chinese Giant in shape, but has much thicker flesh. The fruit will average 4 inches in diameter at the top, tapering slightly. It matures its fruit somewhat earlier than Chinese Giant and is very prolific. Color glossy dark green, turning to crimson. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
World Beater A strong, vigorous grower and very prolific. The fruit is a is thick seautiful scarlet in color and exceedingly mild. The flesh is thick and firm. Pkt. 15 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. 30 cts .; oz. 50 cts .
Early Giant (Harris). Earliest of all large, fruitful sorts, of vigorous growth; Giant enormous, deep green Peppers turning to brilliant red; thick flesh of sweet and pleasant flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; 1/2oz. 35 cts .; oz. 60 cts .
GOLDEN DAWN. The Peppers are green when young and a beautiful golden yellow when ripe, of fine shape and sweet flavor. Early and productive. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts .
PIMIENTO. Used extensively for salads. It is thick-meated, of mild flavor, brilliant red in flesh, and very productive. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 40 cts .
NEAPOLITAN. The earliest of all large mild red Peppers; skin and flesh bright red. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.; oz. 40 cts.
Large Bell or Bullnose. Large, early variety; mild flavor; thick and Large Bell or Bumase. fleshy. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts .
Chinese Giant. The largest mild red Pepper. Flesh thick, mild and sweet.

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## PUMPKIN

Sow in good soil in May, when the ground has become warm, in hills 8 or 10 feet apart each way, or in frelds of corn about cvery fourth hill.
Sugar or New England Pie A fine pie Pumpkin. Small, but very sweet; finegrained, and of the best quality. The skin is deep orange, and flcsh rich ycllow. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
Winter Luxury. Golden yellow, finely netted; shape round; flesh very rich. Unoz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$. Ib . $\$ 1.50$.
TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO. Shape similar to a bell; skin and flesh white, very thick and sweet. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 Ib. 50 cts.; Ib. $\$ 1.50$.
WHITE CUSHAW. A white crookneck variety of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. $\$ 1.50$.
LARGE CHEESE. Flat. One of the best for family use. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.25$.
BIG TOM or IMPROVED LARGE FIELD. Very productive; grown largely for feeding stock. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts}$; $\mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.25$.
KING OF THE MAMMOTHS. Grows to an enormous size. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib. $\$ 2$. LONG RED CAYENNE. The pods are long and slender, bright red, and very pungent. Pkt. 10 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 50 cts .
RED CHILI. Red, conical pods, about 2 inches long; very fiot and prolific. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .40$ cts.; oz. 75 cts.


Sugar Pumpkin


## GARDEN PEAS

Peas do best in a light, rich loamy soil that has been liberally manured the previous season. Plant the smooth varieties as early as the ground can be worked. The wrinkled Peas are not as hardy as the smooth kinds, and should be planted later; they are, howas the smooth kinds, and shourd be planted fater;
ever, swceter and better flavored. For a succession, plant every

SEED WITH two weeks-until June 1-then discontinue until August 1, when the extra-early varieties may be planted for a fall crop. When grown in gardens, sow in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart, the rows 2 to 4 feet apart, the tall ones requiring brush.

## One pound will plant about 50 feet of drill

## EARLY VARIETIES

Farly Eight Weeks As the name indicates, this is one of the very earliest sorts. Weeks. The vine is very dwarf, growing only 12 to 15 inches in height and is very uniform. The pods, while not large, are well filled with Peas of good quality. This is an exceptionally fine variety for the small kitchen-garden. Lb. 40 cts ; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
HUNDREDFOLD. It is the best-flavored dwarf-growing sort in existence. It is ready about three days after the earliest sorts, and bears an enormous crop of handsome, intensely dark green, fairly broad and pointed pods, 4 inches long, containing about eight large, dark green Peas of excellent quality. The vines are 16 inches high, sturdy, and resist heat well. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
*Gradus or Prosperity. Undoubtedly one of the most valuable sorts introduced . up to the present time. The vine has heavy stems, with large, light green leaves and grows about 3 feet high. It produces uniformly large pods, measuring from 4 to $41 / 2$ inches in length, nearly round and well filled with very large, handsome Peas of the finest flavor; very early, ready for picking after Maud S. is through, and leaves little to be desired. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2 \mathrm{Ibs} .75 \mathrm{cts} . ; 5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 1.60$.
THOMAS LAXTON. A strong grower and as productive as the well-known Gradus. The pods are of a dark green color, filled with large Peas of superb flavor. $21 / 2$ feet. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
NOTT'S EXCELSIOR. Fine, extra-early, dwarf, wrinkled Pea. Foliage dark green and rather heavy, suggesting health and vigor. On good soil grows about 1 foot high. Pods 3 inches long, filled with six large sweet Peas, and all are ready to pick at once. A great yielder. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$.
*Maud S. One of the best of the early sorts. Vines are vigorous and produce an abunIb. 35 cts.; 2 lbs. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
EARLIEST OF ALL or ALASKA. A valuable, early round Pea, producing a large number of dark green pods, wall filled with delicious Peas of excellent flavor. 2 feet. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 lbs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.50$.
LAXTONIAN. "The Dwarf Gradus." One of the earliest and finest dwarf Peas. The vines are well covered with large even-sized pods; each contains 8 or 9 Peas of the richest flavor. $11 / 2$ feet. Lb. 40 cts.; $2 \mathrm{Ibs} .75 \mathrm{cts} . ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.60$.
Laxton's Superb. $\begin{gathered}\text { early, semin } \\ \text { e } \\ \text {, }\end{gathered}$ wrinkled dwarf Pea, growing about 2 to $21 / 2$ feet high and carrying an immense crop of large pods, each containing 9 or 10 Peas of delicious flavor. It may be sown as early in the season as the smooth sorts. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.60.
Laxton's Progress. Improved Laxtonian基 nally from England. Considered by most experts the finest early dwarf wrinkled Pea, averaging 9 or 10 Peas in the pod. Vines grow about 18 inches high. Color dark green. Most productive. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
*LITTLE MARVEL. A most desirable dwarf early variety. In season this new sort ripens fully as early as American Wonder or Nott's Excelsior, while the pods are larger and the vines produce a much heavier crop. 15 inches. $1 / 2 \mathrm{l}$ b. 25 cts .; Ib. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR. A dwarf early Pea, growing about $11 / 2$ feet high. Pods large and well filled with deliciously flavored Peas. Ready for picking with Nott's Excelsior. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
EUREKA EXTRA EARLY. 2 feet. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 lbs. 65 cts.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.50$.
DANDY EXTRA EARLY. 2 feet. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 lbs. 65 cts .; 5 lbs . $\$ 1.50$.
FRENCH CANNER (Petit Pois or SmaII French Pea). Vcry prolific, with Iong, slim pods, well filled with extremely small Peas, which should be used when very young. 3 feet. Lb. 50 cts.; 2 lbs. 95 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 2.25$.

An excellent crop of delicious Peas may be obtained in the fall in this latitude if the seeds of early varieties are planted during August. Should the ground be very dry, soak it thoroughly before planting to aid germination.


Early Eight Weeks Peas

## SECOND-EARLY PEAS

*ABUNDANCE. Long, round, well-filled pods; six to eight large wrinkled Peas of fine quality. $11 / 2$ feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; lb. $40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 2 \mathrm{lbs} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.60$.

## LATE or MAIN-CROP PEAS


#### Abstract

Alderman. A large-podded, late, wrinkled variety of vigorous growth; very productive; pods 4 to 5 inches long, well filled with large Peas of excellent flavor. $31 / 2$ to 4 feet. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$. IMPROVED STRATAGEM. The vines are strong, vigorous and covered with immense pods 5 inches in length and containing as high as ten large, richly flavored, wrinkled Peas. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$. TELEPHONE. A tall and very robust grower, bearing pods of unusual length, closely filled with Peas of large size and of most delicious flavor. 4 feet. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$. DUKE OF ALBANY. One of the largest of all Peas; immense pods; enormously productive. 4 feet. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.60$. *Dwarf Champion. A dwarf form of the England, with large pods; very productive; finest quality. $21 / 2$ feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{Ib}$. 20 cts .; lb . 35 cts.; 2 Ibs. 65 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.50$.


*Quite Content. This is the largest-podded ceedingly prolific, and the pods, 5 to $61 / 2$ inches in length, hang mostly in pairs, and are closely filled with large sweet Peas. One of the very best of the main-crop varieties. 5 feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. 25 cts.; Ib. 45 cts.; 2 lbs. 85 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.75$.
CARTER'S DAISY or DWARF TELEPHONE. Pods large, well filled, often containing ten Peas of the largest size. 2 feet. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.
CHAMPION OF ENGLAND. A well-known standard variety; fine flavored and an abundant cropper. 5 feet. Lb. 35 cts.; 2 lbs. 65 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.50$.
*DWARF DEFIANCE (Potlach). A splendid large-podded variety of the Stratagem type. Pods 5 inches long, containing eight to ten very large, medium light green Peas of high quality. A superb, productive main-crop sort. 2 feet. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$; lb .40 cts .; 2 lbs. 75 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.60$.

## SUGAR or EDIBLE-PODDED PEAS

These varieties have all the sweetness and flavor of fresh green Peas, but when the pods are partly filled they are prepared like snap beans.
MELTING SUGAR. One of the best of the edible-podded varieties, with large, broad pods which when young are stringless, very tender, and richly flavored. 4 feet. Lb. 45 cts.; 2 lbs. 85 cts .; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.75$.
DWARF GRAY-SEEDED SUGAR. A prolific variety for home-gardens. Pods light green. $11 / 2$ feet. Lb. 40 cts.; 2 Ibs .75 cts.; 5 lbs . $\$ 1.60$.

Packets of all varieties of Peas, 10 cts. each, unless noted

## CHOICE SEED POTATOES

## (cerritire stock)



By planting our northern-grown Seed Potatoes you are assured of early maturity, increased yield, and a vigorous growth. Plant in early spring, in rows 3 feet apart, 15 to 18 inches apart in row. Cultivate constantly and thoroughly, finally ridging the loose soil against the rows. A second or later spring planting is often made. Store in frostproof cellar in winter. Our Potatoes are all specially raised for seed purposes, true to name, and are exceptionally fine in quality.

One peck will plant 100 hills; 10 to 12 bushels for an acre
Prices for Potatoes on application
IRISH COBBLER. The most popular and largely planted early Potato. Round, pure white, extra early and of the best quality. Grows uniformly large, there being fewer small Potatoes than in any other early kind. There are a great many Potatoes being sold for Irish Cobbler that are not that variety at all, or are badly mixed with other kinds. We have some very fine seed of the genuine Irish Cobbler.


EARLY ROSE. The popular standard early variety; uniform in size and very productive.
RUSSET. It is an exceptionally heavy yielder, of the very best table quality, and with smooth, velvety, russet skin and shallow eyes. No Potato can surpass it in uniform and handsome appearance. It is very fine-grained, cooks as white as flour, and is of splendid flavor; an excellent keeper and retains its good eating qualities until late in the spring. Its great productiveness, handsome color, and resistance to diseases make it a very popular Potato.
GREEN MOUNTAIN or IMPROVED STATE OF MAINE. A large, oval, and slightly flattened pure white variety; medium early; very productive; good flavor; cooks dry; a good keeper. One of the very best varieties for fall and winter use.
JERSEY RED SKIN. Plantings are made of this variety from July until August. They are good keepers and are most excellent for table purposes, especially in the late winter and early spring. It is a most valuable addition to the Potato crop.

There is a wonderful difference between the crops obtained from high-grade Seed Potatoes free from disease, and from common Potatoes used for seed. The increase from the use of good seed is often over 100 bushels per acre. The cost for seed may be $\$ 8.00$ to $\$ 10.00$ per acre more, but that is nothing compared with the greater value of the crop.


Cardinal or Scarlet Globe Radishes matures early; root round, slightly flattened; white; top medium outdoors. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40$ cts.; lb. $\$ 1.25$.
EARLIEST WHITE or WHITE ROCKET. Earliest of all Radishes. Matures in eighteen to twenty days after sowing. Oval shape; small root and top; flesh white, tender, and crisp. 'Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.25$.
Long White Icicle. This is the most beautiful of the early long white varieties; of a pearly white color; private gardens; tender,
FRENCH BREAKFAST. Of quick growth; very mild and tender; of an oval form; scarlet, tipped witl white. One of the best real early sorts for home-garden. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40$ cts.; Ib. $\$ 1.25$.

## LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP. The

 roots grow 5 to 6 inches long, straight, smooth and of a bright rich scarlet color; the flesh is crisp and tender. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$; Ib. $\$ 1.25$.
## WINTER VARIETIES

Do not sow these until the latter part of June.
CHINA ROSE or SCARLET CHINA. One of the most popular fall and winter sorts. Roots about 6 inches long; skin smooth and of a bright rose color; flesh very firm and crisp. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40$ cts.
WHITE CHINESE or CELESTIAL. The finest of all extra-large white winter Radishes; the flesh is always crisp, mild, and juicy. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40$ cts.

## RADISHES

Sow as soon as the ground is dry in the spring, in rows 8 to 12 inches apart, and $1 / 2$ inch deep, every week to ten days for a succession up to the middle of June, after which they are but little used unless a cool northern spot can be had, where the ground is shaded during a part of the day. They should be sown in light, rich soil, as a crisp Radish cannot be produced in heavy soils. Sow also in early fall for late crops and winter use. Radishes should be eaten when quite small; it is a mistake to let them grow too long and too large. This applies particularly to the French Breakfast and small turnipshaped sorts.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 10 pounds to the acre
Cardinal or Scarlet Globe. An excellent variety for forciny or outglobe shape, with small top; very crisp and tender. Early and of excellent quality. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
Sparkler Brilliant scarlet with a very pronounced white tip. It wins sparkling white, solid, crisp flesh and mild sweet flavor. It is desirable both for forcing and garden culture. Foliage small. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. A valuable variety for forcing or outdoor culture. Is a small, turnip-shaped variety, and in color entirely crimson. Quick growing, very early. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40$ cts.; Ib. $\$ 1.25$.
Scarlet Turnip White-Tipped. A for outdoor planting market-gardeners garden; matures very early; turnip-shaped tip; fine quality; crisp and tender. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ lb. \$1.25.
CRIMSON GIANT. For forcing or outdoor planting. Although twice the size of other forcing sorts, this does not get pithy or hollow. The skin is crimson; flesh is white, tender, crisp, and sweetflavored. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40$ cts.; Ib. $\$ 1.25$.
PHILADELPHIA WHITE BOX. Popular in the vicinity of Philadelphia, and used more than any other sort. It


French Breakfast Radishes


Icicle Radishes

LONG BLACK WINTER. One of the hardiest and best for winter use. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 15 cts ; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40$ cts.
ROUND BLACK WINTER. Similar to Long Black Winter, except in shape. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.

## SORREL

Sorrel is used as greens like spinach. Mixed with spinach, it adds a delicious flavor to it. Also extensively used in French cookery. Sow in shallow drills in April. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60$ cts.


King of Denmark Spinach

## SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER

Salsify will grow in any good garden soil. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, in drills 1 foot apart, 1 inch deep, and thin out to 6 inches in the row. Use an ounce of seed to a 60 -foot row; keep the plants free from weeds. A part of the crop may be left in the ground till spring, when it will be found fresh and plump.
Mammoth Sandwich Island. This is the largest and most
profitable Salsify now in cultivation. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 Ib. $65 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2$.

## SPINACH

Sow early in spring, in drills a foot apart, every two weeks for a succession; for fall use sow in August; and for winter crop, in September. Cover that which is left out over winter with straw or leaves after the weather becomes quite cold.
One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 10 to 12 pounds for an acre in drills
Bloomsdale Savoy-Leaved. The hardiest variety and the best Curledane Savoy-Leaved. for early spring and fall sowing. Curled and crimped, thick, fleshy leaves. Oz. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .25$ cts.; Ib. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 2.75$.
VIRGINIA BLIGHT-RESISTANT. A distinct strain of American origin selected and propagated from plants that showed a blightresisting vigor under conditions where ordinary strains of seed could not be successfully grown. Oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$.; Ib . 60 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 2.75$.
KING OF DENMARK. This variety is superior to all others for spring planting, as it continues to grow and hold its fine quality for weeks after the other sorts have gone to seed. Makes a quick and low growth, producing an abundance of dark green leaves of large size and very much crumpled. It is ready for use as soon as other varieties, and the leaves hold up remarkably well after being cut. Oz. 10 cts.; $1 / 4$ lb. 25 cts.; Ib. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 2.75$.
Victoria Leaves of fine texture, deepest green color, heavily . crimped, thick, fleshy, good quality. The plants remain in good condition for a long time. Oz. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib}$ 60 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 2.75$.
LONG SEASON. An excellent second-early variety with small plants growing close to the ground, very dark green, thick, somewhat crumpled leaves-almost as crumpled as the Savoy-leavedand short, fleshy stems. Oz. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .25$ cts.; Ib. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 2.75$.
PRICKLY or FALL. An exceedingly hardy variety, adapted for fall sowing. Oz. 10 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .25$ cts.; Ib. 60 cts.
NEW ZEALAND. Entirely different from the true Spinach in type in that it thrives during the hot weather in any soil, rich or poor. The tender shoots are of good quality and may be cut throughout the summer. Plant three or four seeds in a hill, 2 feet apart each way. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .35$ cts.; lb. $\$ 1$.
PERPETUAL. A valuable plant, producing green leaves in abundance close to the ground. As soon as one gathering has been made, fresh leaves appear, and a constant supply of Spinach is kept up throughout the summer and autumn. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.25$.

## SQUASH

Plant after weather has become firmly settled and the ground is warm and dry, in hills 5 to 6 feet apart for bush varieties, and 6 to 8 feet apart for running varieties. Hills should be thoroughly manured. Slightly elevate the hills and place seven or eight seeds in each, finally leaving but three plants. Press the seeds down firmly before covering, and cover early planted ones 1 inch deep, and late ones $11 / 2$ inches.

One ounce will plant 25 hills; 4 to 6 pounds for an acre

## EARLY VARIETIES

Early White Bush (Payty Pan). The flat, patty-pan-shaped for use very early in the summer. They should be eaten when young and tender. Of true bush form and very productive. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ Ib. $\$ 1.50$.
MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH. Of round, scalloped form, with an ivory-white skin. This varicty has an abundance of meat of very fine flavor. Very prolific, bearing until killed by frost. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ Ib. $\$ 1.35$.
MAMMOTH YELLOW BUSH or GOLDEN CUSTARD. This is identical with the Mammoth White Bush, but the fruits are larger and have a rich, golden orange skin, as well as rich, creamy yellow flesh. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.35$.
MAMMOTH BUSH SUMMER CROOKNECK. Early and of extra-fine quality; orange-yellow in color. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.35$.
GIANT SUMMER STRAIGHTNECK. The convenient straight shape of this Squash makes it superior to the old crookneck. However, it has the warty, creamy gold skin, the large size, the fine quality, and the earliness of the parent Squash. Plants bushy, vigorous, productive. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .60 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 2$.
COCOZELLE or ITALIAN VEGETABLE MARROW. The fruits are oblong, 1 foot or more in length, and 4 to 5 inches in diameter; skin dark green, marbled with ycllow and with lighter green stripes. The flesh is fine-grained, tender, and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
VEGETABLE MARROW (Bush). A delicious English sort. Skin crcamy whitc; flesh white, soft, and of rich flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; creamy whitc; flesh white
oz. $25 \mathrm{cts}. ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.
ZUCCHINI. A sinall, short type of Cocozelle, 12 to 18 in. Iong. Skin dark green, becoming lightly mottled and striped ycllow at maturity.
Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## FALL AND WINTER VARIETIES

Baston Marue An excellent Squash, and one of the first to low, and with thick yellow flesh. Largely used for canning and making pies, for which it is very fine. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ Ib. $\$ 1.35$.
DELICIOUS. A fall and winter Squash of medium size, top-shape in form, and dark green; flesh orange, very dry and delicious. Usually weighs between five and ten pounds. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts}$. ; oz. 20 cts .; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50$ cts.; Jb. $\$ 1.50$.
Hubbard.
The standard winter Squash. It is of good size, often weighing 9 to 15 pounds. Flesh fine-grained, sweet, of excellent flavor, rich orange-yellow. Has a very hard shell and will keep until spring. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 20 cts.; $14 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1.50$.
GOLDEN HUBBARD. A deep orange-yellow; fine-grained and sweet. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$; lb. $\$ 1.50$.



SUPERB SALAD. Small, very smooth red fruit suitable for serving whole in
salads. Very prolific. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts}. ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} ;$ oz. 40 cts .
OXHEART. A Iarge, late-fruiting variety of distinct appearance and perfect quality. The fruits are heart-shaped, rosy pink, with very solid tlesh of mild and pleasing flavor, and few seeds. Single fruits often weigh 2 pounds or more. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
JUNE PINK. Ripens as early as Sparks' Earliana and ten days to two weeks earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel. It is an enormous bearer, clusters of six to ten fruits being borne at the crown and at the forks of the branches. The fruit is of medium size, uniform, smooth, and attractively shaped. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 20 z$. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
Marglobe. (Selected Strain.) Tested and approved by the United States Large, smooth, meaty, globular red fruits, free from cracks. Immune to rust and wilt. Pkt. $15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 60 cts.
MATCHLESS. One of the finest, smoothest main-crop Tomatoes in cultivation. Of rich cardinal-red color, with solid flesh of finest quality. Grows to good size, which it maintains throughout the season. Pkt. 10 cts . $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 50 cts .
Rutgers. This new variety, developed by the New Jersey Agricultural Experian abundance of foliage to protect the fruits from sunscald. The fruits are globeshaped and resemble Marglobe in appearance, but ripen a few days earlier and are of a slightly brighter scarlet color. The flesh is firm, bright red throughout, and of delicious flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .35 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 60 cts .
The Stone. The largest, bright red, perfectly smooth, highest-yielding, best25 cts.; oz. $40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1.25$.
DWARF STONE. The plants are of dwarf, sturdy growth and very productive; fruit bright red, similar in appearance to the Stone. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 50 cts.
PONDEROSA. The fruits are very solid, almost seedless, of good subacid flavor and of immense size, frequently weighing considerably more than two pounds. Good Tomato for home use; splendid slicer. Pkt. 15 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
GOLDEN QUEEN. "Queen of all the Yellows." Its superior flavor has brought it into general favor as a table fruit. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; oz. 50 cts .
JOHN BAER. An extra-early variety. Fruits are large and very attractive, round in shape, smooth, firm, and of excellent quality. It ripens early and continues to bear fruit throughout the season. Pkt. 10 cts ; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 45 cts.
CRIMSON CUSHION or Beefsteak. Very large, round and regular; bright scarlet skin, solid flesh of best quality, seed cells small. Plants are very prolific and of fine appearance. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ oz. 50 cts.

## SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES

For pickling and preserving; also invaluable for garnishing.
Red Cherry. Small fruits, used for pickles; very handsome.
Red Pear. Fruit handsome and solid; fine for preserves.
Red Plum. Bright red; round; regular; for pickles.
Yellow Pear. Handsome, yellow, pear-shaped fruits.
Yellow Plum. Round and regular; bright yellow; used for pickles.
Each, pkt. 15 cts.; 1/2oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.

## TOMATOES

Sow thinly about the first week in March in a hotbed, greenhouse, or window, where the temperature is never below 60 degrees. When 2 inches high, set out the plants in boxes about 4 inches apart, or pot singly. After all danger of frost is past they may be transferred to the open ground. Set them deep, 4 feet apart, and a shovelful of rotted manure should be mixed in the earth of each hill. If the vines are trained on trellis, the fruit will be finer and larger.
Pritchard or SCARLET TOPPER. A scarlet self-topping, diseasethe U. S. Department of Agriculture in 1931. Resulting from crossing Marglobe and Cooper's Special, it inherited fine qualities from each parent. Fruits are of good size, smooth, globular, extremely solid and heavy with thick walls and of dcep scarlet color. It is uniformly fruited, exceedingly productive, and borne in clusters. Pkt. 10c.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .30 \mathrm{c} . ;$ oz. 50c.
Bonny Best. Of about the same season as Chalk's Jewel, but fruits color, always smooth, and of remarkably uniform size and shape. Pkt 10 cts.; $1 / 2$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.
CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL. Within a week to ten days as early as the famous Sparks' Earliana, it is even a heavier cropper, with Tomatoes of larger size. The large, handsome fruits are very solid, deep through, brightest scarlet, ripening right up to the stem without any cracks or green core. Flesh thick, bright scarlet, solid, with comparatively few seeds and of sweet flavor. Pkt. 10 cts .; $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$; oz. 40 cts .
Sparks' Earliana. The of the best and most popular extra-early sorts. and are produr The fruits are good size, red in color, quite smooth,

GLOBE. Fruit globe-shaped, very early, large-sized, smooth, and firmfleshed; very productive; in color, glossy rose, tinged with purple; quality excellent. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{cts}$.


## FORCING TOMATOES

The following varieties are excellent for growing under glass during winter as well as for outdoor culture. Although the fruits are smaller than standard varieties, they are most prolific.

AILSA CRAIG. A very heavy cropper of perfectshaped fruit; excellent flavor. A free setter. Pkt. 25 cts.
BIDE'S RECRUIT. A very prolific English Tomato. Fruit of medium size, bright red in color, and of excellent quality. Pkt. 25 cts.
CARTER'S SUNRISE. A heavy cropper, free setter, and bears fine, medium-sized fruits of excellent quality and flavor. Pkt. 25 cts.

FILLBASKET. A most healthy and vigorous cropper of well-formed, medium-sized fruit; excellent for forcing. Pkt. 25 cts .


Purple-Top White Globe Turnip

## TURNIP

One ounce will sow about 150 feet of drill
For early Turnips, sow as soon as the ground opens in spring. Rutabagas should be sown from any time in July to August 1; but the other kinds, for winter use, may be sown from the middle of July to the end of August. Turnips are generally sown broadcast, but much larger crops are obtained (particularly of the Rutabagas) by cultivating in driIIs $11 / 2$ feet apart, and thinning to 6 inches in the drill. Sow in drills, one pound to the acre; broadcast, two to three pounds to the acre.
Purple-Top Strap-Leaf Most extensively used of the flat Turnips. White skin
 sweet and tender. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .35 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ib} . \$ 1$.
EARLY WHITE STRAP-LEAF. A fine early variety for family use. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, ~ 35 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
Purple-Top White Globe. A very handsome globe-shaped variety; valuable for
PERFECT MODEL. The roots are beautiful in shape, pure white in color, and delicious in flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35$ cts.; $\mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
GOLDEN BALL. This is the most popular of all the yellow garden varieties; shape perfectly globular; skin deep orange-yellow, and flesh of the finest quality. Pkt. 10 cts .; oz. 15 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35$ cts.; Ib. \$1.
YELLOW GLOBE. An excellent sort for early or late sowing; good cropper, fine keeper; excellent for table or stock. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 Ib. 35 cts . Ib. $\$ 1$.
YELLOW ABERDEEN PUR-PLE-TOP. A very hardy and productive variety of excellent quality; good for either table or stock. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4lb. 35 cts.; Ib. $\$ 1$.

## RUTABAGA OR SWEDISH TURNIP

Rutabagas are principally grown for winter use. The roots grow to an enormous size and the flesh is tender and very sweet. In the latitude of Philadelphia, the seed should be sown from the first to the middle of July in order to make large roots for winter keeping.
IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP. (Special Strain.) This is a very hardy and productive type of this splendid vegetable; the flesh is yellow, solid, and unusually sweet, making it excellent for both table use and stock feeding. Pkt. 10 cts . oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib}$. 50 cts .; Ib. $\$ 1.50$.


## SWEET AND MEDICINAL HERBS

Used for various culinary and medicinal purposes. Sow seeds of the perennials, marked thus (*), carefully in hotbeds early in the spring, and at the proper time transplant in permanent beds, in rows about $11 / 2$ feet apart, setting the plants a foot apart in the row. In the winter they should be slightly protected with manure. The others are annuals, coming to perfection the first year, after which they die. Sow them in the open ground, early in the spring, in drills 12 to 15 inches apart, and thin out. For winter use, they should be cut just as they come into flower, tied in bunches and hung in a light, airy place indoors.

## All varieties, except where noted, 10 cts. per pkt.

Anise. Used for flavoring. Oz .30 cts. Balm.* Made into Balm tea for fevers. Basil, Sweet. For soups-and stews. Borage. A pot-herb and for bees. Caraway. Seeds are used in cakes, etc. Chives.* Used for garnishing. Pkt. 15 cts . Coriander. Seeds used in confectionery.

Catnip or Catmint.* An excellent tonic for cats. Pkt. 20 cts.
Dill. Used for pickling. Oz. 20 cts.
Fennel.* For pickling and sauces. Oz. 20c.
Horehound.* Valuable for medicine.
Lavender, True.* Used in perfume. Oz. 50 cts.
Marjoram, Sweet.* Oz. 40 cts

Rosemary.* Aromatic; for seasoning. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
Sage.* Used for flavoring. Oz. 40 cts.
Savory, Summer. For flavoring.
Savory, Winter.* A hardy form.
Thyme.* For sauces and dressings. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 60 cts.
Wormwood.* Beneficial to poultry.


## CLOVER SEEDS

Alfalfa, Northern-Grown (Medicago sativa). Yields enormous crops of hay for many years. On good soils, three or four cuttings per season can be made. Sow 20 to 30 pounds per acre. Lb. 45 cts. Grimm Alfalfa. Greatly improved; very vigorous, and the hardiest Alfalfa known. Yields heavy crops. Lb. 50 cts.
Alsike. A very hardy Clover; on rich, moist soils it yields enormous crops. Lh. 60 cts.
Sweet Bokhara (Melilotus alba). Grown for bee-food and a fertilizer. Sow 20 pounds to the acre. Lb. 30 cts.

Prices change with the market. Write for lowest prices when ready to order
Medium Red (Trifolium pratense). The common red Clover, largely grown throughout the country. Pure clean seed of highest quality and germination. Lb. 60 cts .
Crimson or Scarlet (Trifolium incarnatum). An annual Clover of quick growth; very nutritious and rich in protein. Splendid as a cover-crop and for green-manuring, adding humus and nitrogen to the soil. Lb. 30 cts.
White (Trifolium repens). A low-growing Clover used in mixtures for permanent pasture and for lawns. Lb. 75 cts .; $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3.50$.

Prices for larger quantities will be quoted on request


## Barley

Barley needs a rich land, more sandy and lighter than that adapted to wheat, and can be grown farther north than any other grain. Sow $11 / 2$ to 2 bushels to the acre if drilled; 2 to $21 / 2$ bushels broadcast. Bushel weighs 48 pounds.
Spring and Beardless. Market price.

## Millet

Nothing pays better for a stock-raiser and dairyman than a few acres of Millet. Valuable as a milk-producer, and yields double the quantity of hay per acre that timothy and clover produce. Greatly relished by stock.
German or Golden. Sow 1 bushel ( 50 pounds) to the acre. Larger and heavier than the Hungarian and yields a much heavier crop, but is later. Should be sown in this latitude from April to July 10. Market price. Hungarian. Does especially well on rich soils and makes a finer quality of hay than Golden Millet. Market price.


Dwarf Essex Rape

## Field Corn

Sow 8 quarts to the acre in early May.
Reid's Yellow Dent. A carefully selected strain.
Improved Leaming. A very popular and productive variety.
Early Yellow Canada. Has 8 rows and ripens very early. Generally used for replanting. It is well adapted to sections where the season is short or ground poor.
Lancaster County Sure-Crop. Grown very extensively in this section. The ears are about 14 inches long, with 14 rows of kernels. It is a good cropper and a very strong-growing variety with plenty cf foliage. Matures in 100 days.
Red Cob Ensilage. Long, narrow, white grains. A late maturer, and used for silo. Rank grower, and prolific in leaves.

All Field Corn at market price

## Canadian Field Peas

Valuable for nortliern climates for cattlefeeding and for green soiling. Sow 3 bushels per acre alone, or $11 / 2$ bushels with 1 bushel oats. Market price.

## Cowpeas

Sow 1 bushel to the acre broadcast or $1 / 2$ bushel drilled in rows about 30 inches apart, in May or June. They may also be sown up to the end of July.
Whip-poor-will. Very early, maturing seed in about 70 days. Makes a very heavy growth. Market price.

## Rape

Dwarf Essex. Sow 6 pounds per acre broadcast, from April 1 to October 1. It produces enormous crops, and is ideal green manure. Lb. 20 cts.; 5 lbs. 75 cts.

## Oats

Victory. An excellent variety, productive and heavy. Sow $21 / 2$ to 3 bushels to the acre. Market price.

## Spring Wheat

A desirable crop to sow where fall-sown Wheat has been killed by severe winter. The grain is very hard, of excellent milling quality. Market price.

## Rye (for Seeding)

Spring. An excellent early green food, or for pasture. The grain is used for feeding and other purposes; the straw is of fine quality, making a larger yield than the winter rye from which it is quite distinct, the seed being smaller. Sow from May 1 to June 1. Market price.

## Soy Beans (Soja Beans)

For hay, soil-improvement, and pasturage. When planted alone, make the rows wide enough to cultivate and use 40 pounds of seed per acre; if sown broadcast, 60 pounds per acre; when sown in corn, 30 pounds per acre. They do well on light and heavy soils; when plowed under will enrich any soil.
Mammoth Yellow. Makes a large growth. Market price.
Wilson Black. One of the best for hay. Market price.

## Sunflower

Mammoth Russian: This makes a splendid poultry-food, especially for winter use, on account of, its heating and fattening qualities; will yield sometimes as high as 60 bushels per acre. Sow 10 quarts per acre in drills 3 feet apart, dropping the seed about every 4 inches. Lb. 25 cts.; 5 Ibs . \$1.

## Vetches

Winter, Hairy, or Sand. Used as a cover crop. Sow from August 15 to October 1, using 1 bushel ( 60 pounds) to the acre. Price on application.
Spring. Bushel weighs 60 pounds. Market price.


Husking Corn

## SUMMER-FLOWERING BULBS AND PLANTS



Tuberous-rooted Begonias, Double

## CALADIUM ESCULENTUM <br> Elephant's Ear

A fine tropical plant that is easily grown and very effective for beds, borders, or for planting out on the lawn. Bulbs may be planted outdoors as soon as danger of frost is over, covering about 3 inches deep. To obtain the best results it should be planted where it will obtain plenty of water. Foliage light green. When full size, it stands 4 to 6 feet high, with leaves 3 to 4 feet long by $21 / 2$ feet wide.

| Each | Doz. | 100 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0$ | 15 | $\$ 1$ | 50 |
| 20 | $\$ 1000$ |  |  |
| 20 | 200 | 15 | 00 |
| 35 | 3 | 50 | 2500 |

Mammoth bulbs.......... . $\quad 20$| 20 | 200 |
| ---: | :--- |

Selected Monster bulbs.... $35 \quad 350 \quad 2500$
Fancy-leaved Caladiums. Fine for decorating the conservatory, greenhouse, and window-boxes, also for planting outdoors when ground has become warm. Named Varieties. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## DIELYTRA

Spectabilis (Bleeding-Heart). Fine for spring planting in the perennial border and as pot-plants. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.


Acidanthera bicolor

## ACIDANTHERA BICOLOR

A valuable bulbous plant for outdoor culture, blooming in August. The lovely creamy white flowers, with a chocolate-brown blotch at the base of each petal, are borne on stems $11 / 2$ feet long, each carrying from 4 to 10 blooms having a delightful lasting fragrance resembling that of the tuberose. Delay planting in the spring until the ground gets warm; plant 3 inches deep. The bulbs should be lifted in the fall, same as gladiolus. 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10$ per 100 .

## AMARYLLIS

An easily grown plant of wondrous beauty. On receipt of the bulbs, pot up in flower-pot 1 to 2 inches more in diameter than the bulb and cover only to the shoulder of the bulb, leaving the neck protruding. Use good garden soil with a liberal amount of bone-meal added. Water sparingly until flower-spike appears, then water more freely as plant advances in growth.
Giant American Hybrids. We believe this selection is the best obtainable at the present time, and we know of nothing that will give the amateur greater pleasure for the window-garden. They are of vigorous growth, free-flowering habit, and enormous size of the individual flowers. We offer mixed varieties only.

## Mammoth bulbs

$\begin{array}{ll}\$ 0 & 50 \\ \$ 500\end{array}$
Monster bulbs.
75750
Halli (Lycoris squamigera). This variety is perfectly hardy and will grow anywhere without protection. Of unique blocming habit, sending up, in August, several flower-stalks to the height of 2 feet, bearing large bunches of fragrant lavenderpink blossoms. $\$ 1$ each; $\$ 10$ per doz.

## BEGONIAS (Tuberous-Rooted)

For window- or porch-boxes, beds or borders in semi-shaded positions, Tuberousrooted Begonias are unexcelled for summer display, while well-grown examples in pots never fail to excite admiration. Enormous wax-like flowers appear uninterruptedly from June till frost. The bright flowers contrast well with the deep-colored foliage. The bulbs must be lifted in the fall and planted in spring after the ground gets warm. Plant in rich soil and keep well watered.
Single-flowering. Large, single flowers of great beauty, 4 inches or more across. Crimson, Scarlet, Pink, Apricot-Salmon, Yellow, White.
Single Frilled. Single flowers, beautifully frilled and fringed on the outer edges. Crimson, Scarlet, Pink, Apricot, Yellow, White.
Double Camellia - flowered. Flowers of the most exquisite form, resembling camellias and roses. Crimson, Scarlet, Pink Apricot-Salmon, Yellow, White.
Double Frilled. Large, fully double flowers with frilled edges-a most pleasing formation. Crimson, Scarlet, Pink, Apricot-Salmon, Yellow,White.
Lloydi (Hanging-Basket Type), Splendid for growing in hanging baskets or as individual specimens in pots where the branches, drooping over the edges, produce masses of attractive, showy, double flowers. Crimson, Scarlet, Apricot, Pink, Yellow, White.
Any of the above, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100


Dielytra
spectabilis

## CALLA LILIES

Golden Yellow Calla. This is the Yellow Calla of marvelous beauty, the flowers being as large as the popular white winter-flowering variety and of a rich lustrous golden yellow. The foliage is dark green with numerous white spots, which gives the plant a very ornamental appearance. They may be started inside and safely planted out in May.

Each Doz. 100
Mammoth roots.
$\begin{array}{llll}\$ 0 & 45 & \$ 4 & 50 \\ \$ 35 & 00\end{array}$
Monster roots
$\begin{array}{rr}\$ 450 & \$ 3500 \\ 700 & 5000\end{array}$

## CINNAMON VINE

A rapid-growing climber, taking its name from the peculiar fragrance of the delicate white flowers. The leaves are heart-shaped, bright glossy green; growth is very rapid, often running 25 to 40 feet; quite hardy. Large select roots, 10 cts. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.

## HYACINTHUS

Candicans. A hardy summer-flowering Hyacinth, producing erect spikes, 3 feet high, of pure white, bell-shaped flowers. It is very effective when planted in clumps among shrubs. 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10$ per 100 .

## SUMMER-FLOWERING BULBS AND PLANTS, continued GLORIOSA

Superba Rothschildiana. This handsome African tuberous-rooted plant, known as the "Climbing Speciosa Lily," has been used mostly as a greenhouse climber, but can be grown successfully as an outside climber if given a warm, sunny situation. It may be grown on a trellis as it finds support through the numerous tendrils. It reaches a height of 6 to 8 feet and produces large, gorgeous, lily-like flcwers which open bright yellow, but change to a deep scarlet. Strong tubers, $\$ 1$ each; $\$ 10$ per doz.

## GLOXINIAS

Gloxinias make excellent house plants and succeed well in a sunny window in the spring months. They may be started in February in a shallow box about 2 inches deep, the bottom of which has been covered with about one inch of sphagnum moss. Spread the bulbs out on the moss, about $1 / 2$ inch apart, and cover them with more moss to the depth of about $1 / 2 \mathrm{inch}$. Keep the bulbs in a temperature of about 68 degrees. In about two weeks both tops and roots will have made a start. The bulbs should then be potted into 4 -inch pots in light, sandy loam, and will flower profusely during May and June. Be careful to keep water off the foliage and shade the plants from direct sunlight as the season advances.
All Colors Mixed. 40 cts. each; $\$ 4$ per doz.; $\$ 30$ per 100 .

## OXALIS

Summer-flowering bults with brilliant flowers and dark foliage. Suitable for mass bedding, rockeries, hangingbaskets, or vases.
Deppei. Small; white.
Lasiandra. Rosy pink. Beautifully


Hyacinthus candicans. See page 72

## ZEPHYRANTHES

## Zephyr Flower; Fairy Lilies

Rush-like foliage, about 6 inches high, from which rise open-petaled, crocus-like flowers in various colors. Fine for spring planting in borders and rockeries. They start blooming in August and continue to send us fairy cups until frost. Also excellent for pot-culture.
Alba. Pure white. 10 cts. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.
Rosea. Large; rose-colored. 20 cts. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.


A handsome, summer-flowering bulb producing in great abundance its amaryllis-like, pure white, fragrant flowers. The bulbs can also be potted and flowered in the house during winter. Large bulbs, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100.

## MADEIRA OR MEXICAN <br> VINE

A beautiful and popular vine much prized for porches and arbors because of its rapid growth and freedom from insects. Thick, glossy leaves of a light green color and racenies of feathery white flowers of delightful fragrance. Selected roots, 10 cts. each; \$1 per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .

Gloriosa superba Rothschildiana

## TIGRIDIA

## Tiger or Shell Flower

One of the most showy of sum-mer-flowering bulbous plants. It blooms from midsummer until frost, grows about 2 feet high, and produces large, wide-open, triangular blossoms often 4 to 6 inches across. The colors and markings are very brilliant combinations of yellow, scarlet, and pink. Clumps of them, planted in the border, are most gorgeous. The culture is the same as for gladiolus.
Mixed. 20 cts. each; $\$ 1.75$ per doz.; $\$ 12$ per 100 .

## TUBEROSES

Excelsior, White Pearl. The Tuberose is one of our finest summer-flowering bulbs. The flowers are waxy white, double, and exceedingly fragrant-a single flower will perfume a room. They do best in a rich, warm soil and a sunny situation. Each Doz. 100 First-size . . $\$ 006 \$ 060 \$ 400$ Mammoth.. $15 \quad 1 \quad 50 \quad 10 \quad 00$
Single Mexican Everblooming. A white single-flowering form of Tuberose which begins to flower in July and continues throughout the season. Very fragrant. 8 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100 .


Tuberose, Excelsior, White Pearl

## DAHLIAS, New and Recent Introductions

ABBREVIATIONS: F.D., Formal Decorative; I.D., Informal Decorative; C., Cactus; S.-C., Semi-Cactus; M., Miniature; Pom., Pompon; S., Single

BETTY MALONE. Pom. The outstanding Pompon of the year, and a real prize-winner. Blooms white, with each petal distinctly tipped violet-purple. A Pompon which is different in color, a good grower and a prof use bloomer. Scored 87 at Storrs in 1937 and Cert. at West Virginia, and O. V. D. A., 1938. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, \$1.50.

CHEROKEE BRAVE. I.D. We hignly recommend this beautiful ox-blood-red Dahlia that holds its color in the sun. It won for two years as the best undisseminated seedling in Atlanta, Ga., and won first in the seedling class in Cincinnati. This Iarge exhibition variety, our prettiest and brightest exhibition red, should be a successful contender in the largest bloom class as it has long straight stems, great depth and easily grows 10 to 13 inches across. It blooms early and is very prolific, especially so for such large blooms. Roots, \$5 each. Plants, \$2.

CHITA. Pom. Finest yellow commercial Pompon as it is a profuse bloomer, with excellent keeping qualities and long straight stems. A beautiful clear canary-yellow that is really yellow in artificial light. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, $\$ 1.50$.

DAHLIADEL WONDER. S. We have few Single Dahlias as pretty as this new flesh-pink, shaded violet-rose, with yellow shading at center. A prize-winner in its class, with excellent stems and keeping qualities. Showy in the garden, a fine commercial, and the best exhibition pink we have seen. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

DIANNE. M.S.-C. A dainty Miniature of the Semi-Cactus type in rose and tan which reminds one of Rapture only smaller and a different type. Early, profuse, full centers, and good form throughout the season. Won first in the Miniature Seedling Class in New York in 1937, Cert. E. Lansing and O. V. D. A., 1938. A real commercial as weII as an exhibition variety. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, \$1.50.

DOC. S. A most attractive primrose-yellow Single suffused orange, with a white stripe in the center of each petal. A favorite for its outstanding color and keeping qualities. Scored E. Lansing, 1938. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

GOLDEN BOUNTY. F.D. A most outstanding Formal Decorative Dahlia. The soft rich lemon-yellow blooms of perfect form, about 9 by 6 inches, are of wonderful substance and appeal to everyone, whether for garden or cutting. Early. Free-blooming, Iow-growing, healthy bushes. Roots, $\$ 3.50$ each. Plants, $\$ 1.25$.

JULIA S. M.C. This tall-growing Miniature has a sturdy bushgrowth with long stems. The deep rose-pink appears to have a golden suffusion at the base of petals. Cert. at Storrs in 1936 and E. Lansing in 1937. A prize-winner in Baltimore this season. Roots, $\$ 2$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

KATIE K. I.D. A giant but beautiful soft violet-rose with lighter veinings. An open grower with good stiff stems and very prolific. Cert. at Storrs and E. Lansing, 1937. Will be a good exhibition winner. Blooms are very similar to Kathleen Norris but bushgrowth seems to be much stronger and less temperamental. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, $\$ 1.50$.

KENTUCKY DAWN. I.D. The winnings credited to this beautifuI pointed-petal Dahilia already assure its success. Soft golden buff with light peach suffusion and reverse of rose with peach pencilings. Especially recommended by those who grew it this season. Easily grows $101 / 2$ to 11 inches without forcing. Award of Honor, Georgia. Roots, $\$ 7.50$ each. Plants, $\$ 2.50$.

LIMELIGHT. S.-C. Dwarf-growing but an improved Frau O. Bracht. A true Semi-Cactus of soft sulphur-yellow, with good erect stems. Blooms 9 by 5 inches. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, $\$ 1.50$.

MARIETTA E. I.C. Won 1938 Achievement MedaI of Pennsylvania Horticultural Society. The outstanding Cactus Dahlia of the season, winning elcven Firsts and Mrs. Stout's Medal in the A. D. S. Show as well as the A. D. S. Medal in Camden. A profuse bloomer with perfect stems and a good grower. Clear, even canaryyellow that docs not burn or fade. We believe this will be a consistent winner in the Cactus class. Cert. at Storrs, 1937. Roots, $\$ 7.50$ cach. Plants, $\$ 2.50$.
McKAY'S PURITY. M.F.D. Winner of a Certificate of Merit at Storrs, 1937, and many firsts. Just the white Miniature Formal Decorative needed for every use. Good stems. Prolific and a good keeper. Blooms $23 / 4$ by $11 / 2$ inches. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

MOTHER MAYTROTT. I.D. This is a very outstanding and artistic white Informal Decorative. It is the white the Dahlia world has Iong been waiting for, as it is not temperamental but a good grower with healthy, dark foliage, strong, erect stems, and remarkable keeping qualities. Holds a perfect center throughout the season, besides being a consistently profuse bloomer. The blooms are 10 to 11 inches across and of great depth, usually 6 to 7 inches. One of the first to bloom and a winner on the exhibition table in its class. American Home Achievement Medal winner. Scored 85E. and 85C. at Storrs. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, $\$ 2$.

OPAL. I.D. A great favorite in pastels as it is a soft salmon-rose with lighter shadings and centers of light Iemon-yellow. This beautiful, large, Informal Decorative of unique form is a good keeper, easily grows 11 by 6 inches, and will meet competition successfully on the show table. Scored 85E. at Mid-West TrialGrounds. Roots, $\$ 2$ each. Plants, 75 cts.

PINK LASSIE. M. Words fail to define this daintiest of pink Miniatures. It is soft rose-pink, with lighter shadings, and a real winner in the arrangement classes. Bush is low-growing and blooms are $31 / 2$ inches across. The more blooms you cut, the more it produces. The peony-type flowers on long, slender stems add to its valued uses. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

ROBERT L. RIPLEY. I.D. This variety is, without question, one of the big ones. Color, soft Rhodamine-purple with deep rose-pink suffusion throughout. Stems are straight and strong. Flowers have good substance and keep wonderfully well. An unusual quality of this Dahlia is that buds may be cut and will develop into full open flowers. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, $\$ 2$.

SNOWSPRITE. M.S.-C. Fine for exhibiting and florists' use, growing only about 3 feet tall. Pure white blooms, $31 / 2$ by 2 inches, show up wonderfully against the green bushes. White Dahlias are splendid cut-flowers and Snowsprite is one of the finest for this purpose as well as showing up so wcll in the garden. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, \$1.

SNOW WHITE. S. A pure white Single with serrated petals that roll forward, inclining to the Orchid type. Destined to be as popular as Little America. A fine grower with excellent stems and wonderful keeping qualities. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

SUNRAYS. I.D. A Dahlia that is quite spectacular on the show table. Blooms clear buff with apricot suffusion and a rather distinct peach-red on reverse of petals. This variety has quite a list of winnings. Cert. at West Virginia and E. Lansing. Roots, $\$ 10$ each. Plants, $\$ 3.50$.

TELEVISION. I.D. This InformaI Decorative won an American Home Achievement Medal in Cleveland and in West Virginia, besides scoring 85 at Storrs. Blooms are apricot, suffused and shaded cardinal, giving a general tone of reddish apricot. Flowers can be grown 12 by 5 inches. Stems, form, foliage, and growing habits are all that could be desired. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

THRILL. S. Appropriately named as it is one of the most striking of all bicolor Dahlias. CardinaI, with a distinct white spot in the end of each petal. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.

VIRGINIA SHIPLEY. F.D. to I.D. This Dahlia first won in the Seedling Class in Baltimore. It has been a consistent prize-winner and a close runner-up for the Achievement Medal both in New York and Camden this season. Excellent stems and a good, rugged grower, standing adverse weather conditions. Deep lemon-yellow with a golden hue. The bloom opens as a Formal Dccorative and develops into an Informal Decorative. Roots, $\$ 10$ each. Plants, \$3.50.

VOLCANO. F.D. to I.D. This variety is Formal or InformaI, according to the way it grows. Color, orange-flame-red that does not fade or burn. Foliage dark grecn and rugged. It is a real keeper with heavy petals on strong stems, blooming from midscason on. Roots, $\$ 3.50$ each. Plants, $\$ 1.25$.

WATCHUNG GIANT. I.D. A Dahlia for the largest bloom class of deep amber-ycllow suffused orange-cadmium. It is a good stronggrowing variety with many winnings to its credit and a very satisfactory grower. Roots, $\$ 5$ each. Plants, $\$ 2$.

## DECORATIVE DAHLIAS <br> Formal and Informal

Decorative Dahlias are the largest flowering of any type. The petals are long, broad, and flat and the flowers are double and full to the centcr. As a garden flower or for cutting to brighten indoors the Decorative type will afford much pleasure.
Adirondack Sunset. I.D. Color scarlet-red, with golden tips and reverse; center of flower tipped golden orange. The petals are long and broad, forming a high center. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts.
Andrea Ericson. I.D. A white Fort Monmouth. It is somewhat heavier in petal formation, but very pleasing in form. Held on excellent stems. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Anna Benedict. I.D. One of the most satisfactory reds that will stand full sunshine and not fade. Color is a rich deep garnet with black shadings and shadows at the center of the bloom. Medium to tall habit of growth and exceptionally free bloomer. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts.
Arelda Lloyd. I.D. This variety is in demand. Color, a clear lemonyellow, with rose suffusion on ends of petals and a clear yellow center, or best described as a yellow Jane Cowl, as form and bush are almost identical. Roots, 75 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts .
California Idol. I.D. One of the finest. Color bright, self-colored yellow. In size it ranks with the very largest, growing to 12 inches and more in diameter, with corresponding depth, and yet is an extremely refined flower. Stems very stiff. Plant has excellent growing habits and is medium tall. One of the greatest winners on the exhibition table. Roots, $\$ 1.50$ each. Plants, 75 cts.
Cavalcade. F.D. In form, this Dahlia resembles Jersey's Beauty, and its stems are almost identical. It is, however, larger in diameter and two or three shades darker. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Cherokee Rose. I.D. A Jersey's Beauty seedling with all its parent's good qualities, including long, erect stems and more profuse bloon. A quick grower, with deep, full-centered flowers from the beginning of the season until frost. Beautiful shade of Iilac-pink, shaded deep rose-pink. Roots, $\$ 3$ each. Plants, $\$ 1$.
City of Cleveland. I.D. A strong, healthy grower, producing large, uniform, well-formed blooms throughout the season. Flowers are of artistic form in a bright orange suffused scarlet. Very rich and attractive in appearance. Roots, 75 cts . each. PIants, 50 cts.
Democracy. F.D. A primrose-yellow, shaded golden yellow, globular in form, with petals that open back to the stem. Excellent cut-flower. Good growing habits with long, strong stems. Certificate, Storrs, Conn. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts .
Forest Fire. I.D. The most spectacular Dahlia introduced in years. An Informal Decorative of an unusually artistic form. Color, lemon-yellow at base of petals, heavily tipped rich scarlet and enhanced with yellow petaloids. Bush is sturdy and strong, with leathery, insect-resistant foliage. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts.
Fort Monmouth. I.D. The color is rich claret with a brightness unusual in darker tones. Flowers are full centered and well formed, borne on long, stiff stems high above the foliage. A very prolific grower and bloomer. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Hunt's Velvet Wonder. I.D. The attractive, broad-petaled blooms are huge and have good, full centers and great depth. They are deep rosy magenta, blending into a true purple, and are well proportioned. Large, dark green foliage. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50c.
Jane Cowl. I.D. This wonderful Dahlia has been a success wherever grown. Color, a warm buff and old-gold, blending to apricot and rose at the center. Bush-growth is ideal, with strong stems holding the giant flowers upright. Roots, 35 cts. each. Plants, 35 cts.
Jersey's Beauty. F.D. The most popular of any Dahlia, especially as a cut-flower. The ideal pink for exhibition or florist use. Large, deep flowers of perfect form on long stems. Free, early bloomer; fine keeping qualities. Roots, 35 cts . cach. Plants, 35 cts.
Kathleen Norris. I.D. This exhibition Dahlia is a true rose-pink, deepening to mallow-pink, with young central petals a lighter shade. Petals are broad and overlap each other. Blooms are held erect on long, strong stems. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts .
Kemp's Violet Wonder. I.D. The predominating color of this fine Dahlia is violet-purple, with a faint bluish violet at the tips of petals. Decp flowers of perfect fornı. Stems are stiff, holding flowers a foot above the foliage. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Kentucky. F.D. This Dahlia has the same ideal characteristics as Jersey's Beauty, of which it is a sport, and apparently a stronger grower. Its color is a tonc of Jersey's Beauty pink, with a lot of yellow and gold blended in, making it more of a salmon-pink. Good for cutting. Roots, 35 'cts. each.
Lord of Autumn. I.D. One of the greatcst clear yellow cxhibition Dahlias. Flowers attain a wonderful sizc and depth, with long, pointed, and twisted petals. A good strong grower that attracts attention immediately. A great favorite and prize-winner. Roots, $\$ 1.50$ each. Plants, 50 cts.
Margrace. I.D. This Dahlia is unusual in color and unique in form, with good high centers. It is a bright scarlet with a tan reverse. The petals curl and twist, showing the reverse. Really excellent stems, strong and hcavy. Certified at Storrs and East Lansing. Roots, $\$ 1.50$ each. Plants, 75 cts.

Monmouth Champion. F.D. A strong, vigorous grower, producing beautiful exhibition blooms of a brilliant orange-flame color, of immense size. Perfect stems and insect-resistant foliage. Roots, 50 cts. each.
Myra Howard. I.D. A glowing saffron-yellow and gold, with tints of salmon. Throughout the deep flower are petaloids, which give it distinction in both form and color. A thrifty grower, with giant blooms on long, rigid stems. Roots, 50 cts. each.
Pot o'Gold. I.D. A large, brilliant flower of clear yellow with numerous long, wavy petals which not only make it artistic and beautiful in form but give it great depth. Very free-blooming and most satisfactory for us. Roots, 50 cts. each.
Robert Emmet. I.D. A grand, velvety cardinal-red Dahlia of giant size and great beauty. Produces great quantities of perfect blooms from mid-August till frost. Stems stiff and long with flowers perfectly facing. Roots, 75 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts .
Sultan of Hillcrest. F.D. The unique form, with the petals recurving to the stem, attracts one's attention. Huge blooms of lemonyellow with reverse rosy pink, on fine stems, giving an unusual color effect. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
The Universe. I.D. A deep, rich garnet with rosy magenta shadings. The petals are pointed and the centers are always full through the season, stems erect, and bush-growth good. This variety can be recommended where seasons are short, as it develops very quickly and blooms early. Roots, $\$ 1.50$ each. Plants, 75 cts.
Thomas A. Edison. F.D. It is impressive with its staghorn petal formation, the large, dark green, insect-resistant foliage, the canestiff stems, the thrifty growth, and the royal purple color, found in no other Dahlia. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Treasure Island. F.D. One of our brightest autumn-shade Dahlias. Color, bright apricot with gold and rose suffusion and shadings. Bush-growth is strong, branching readily from the ground, giving 4 -foot stems. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts .
White Prolific. F.D. There are very few whites which are satisfactory for the commercial grower but this one, with notched petals, is a reasonable price for those who need an all-round white which is an early and continuous bloomer and has excellent stems. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
White Wonder. I.D. The giant blooms are pure white with long, pointed, twisted, and curled petals, giving the flower a light, fluffy appearance. The bush is a vigorous grower. Stems long and stiff. Foliage thick and leathery. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts .

## CACTUS DAHLIAS

The true Cactus type flowers are double, with Iong, narrow, twisted petals. The Semi-Cactus type petals are shorter, with a broad flat appearance. The Cactus type are much appreciated because of their lasting quality after cutting.
Amelia Earhart. S.-C. Color is apricot-buff, with salmon tints, shading to soft yellow at base of petals. One might picture it as an improved Edna Ferber of Iarger size, better stems, and with more gold and less rose shadings. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts.
American Purity. S.-C. A fine, large, deep white on strong, erect stems. Its substance and keeping qualities nrake it an ideal exhibition Dahlia. Foliage clean, and a good root-maker. Roots, $\$ 3.50$ each. Plants, $\$ 1.25$.
Ella May. C. A true Cactus Dahlia with a good stem. Flowers are large and deep, with full centers. Color, deep crimson-carmine, dark and yet rich. Bush is a good open grower. Roots, 50 cts . each.
Frau Ida Mansfield. C. Color is clear, pale lemon. The cleft petals are revolute, giving it the effect of having double the number of normal petals and making a very full and attractive flower. An early and profuse bloomer. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Golden Standard. C: A warm buff, shaded amber and gold. Very pleasing in form, with full centers and evenly arranged petals. Bush is a good open grower. Stem holds flower facing at right angles, which shows up well in the garden or when exhibited. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts.
Jean Trimbee. S.-C. Massive yet artistic, with Iong, revolute petals that curl and twist. The color is a beautiful petunia-violet, making it popular as an cxhibition Dahlia. A tall, vigorous grower with long, erect stems. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Jersey's Dainty. C. A truly dainty variety of white faintly tinged lavender, almost pure white late in the season. A prolific bloomer with long, straight stems. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Jessica Dragonette. S.-C. This Dahlia not only is an exceptionally healthy grower but produccs an abundance of wonderful exhibition blooms on real stems. Color can be described as a buff-apricot suffused peach and mauve. Large flowers of perfect form with beautifully pointed petals. Only a fair root-maker. Roots, $\$ 1.50$ each. Plants, 75 cts .
Kay Francis. S.-C. The beautifuI deep flowers with high, full centers and numerous petals are soft lemon-yellow. This variety is a tall, rugged grower with sturdy stems. Roots, $\$ 1$ cach. Plants, 50 cts.
Lilac Glory. C. One of the prettiest Cactus Dahlias we know. Color, soft violet-rose, with silver shadings. Stems are slender but strong and erect, making it ideal for baskets and arrangements. Roots, 50 cts. each.

## CACTUS DAHLIAS, continued

Miss Elsie Jane. S.-C. A medium-sized Dahlia of unique formation. One of the sweetest varieties for vase arrangements. Medium in size-about 4 inches when not disbudded and 6 inches across when disbudded. Color is an appealing shrimp-pink with cream shadings at center and tipped violet-rose. Roots, 75 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts .
Mrs. Bruce Collins. C. It is a primrose or light Iemon-yellow, shading lighter toward the tips. The low-growing bushes are fairly covered with blooms of exhibition size. Fine stems and a continuous bloomer. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Mrs. Herbert O'Connor. S.-C. Long, slender, yet erect stems; good-sized blooms of unusually bright color, which is soft rose-pink, deepening at center. Dark healthy, open foliage and a profuse and continuous bloomer. Should do equally well both in the North and South. Roots, $\$ 1.50$ each. Plants, 75 cts .
Paul Pfitzer. S.-C. It is a pleasing combination of primrose and shell-pink. Strong, vigorous plants with dark foliage and excellent stems. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts.
Satan. S.-C. Flower scarlet, with yellow on reverse of petals, showing at the center as petals unfold. Very showy in the garden. Bushes tall and rugged. Flowers are uniformly large and of regular formation, keeping well when cut. Roots, 75 cts. Plants, 50 cts.
Treasure Chest. S.-C. Treasure Chest produces beautiful, perfectly formed blooms early, and flowers are still perfect at frost. The blooms grow in water, making it ideal as a cut-flower, fine for baskets and all decorations. Soft golden yellow, lightly suffused coral-red, similar in color to a light Jane Cowl, but richer tones. A very practical Dahlia with Iong, slender stems. Roots, $\$ 2$ each. Plants, 75 cts.

## POMPON DAHLIAS

Pompon Dahlias are very similar to the Show Dahlias, but smaller. They are of medium growth and well suited for the border.
Aimee. A popular tiny orange-cadmium Dahlia, shaded apricot, on long stems. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Bob-White. It is milk-white, having just a cast of yellow when opening. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Doria. A unique variety coming from Australia. Flowers deep wine, shaded darker at center. Stems are wiry and stiff. Centers are unusually full. Roots, 50 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts .
Eureka. Yellow-cadmium with carmine shadings at tips and occasional white petals; some flowers all white. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Goldilocks. Gold, deepening at center; flowers well formed with full centers. Good for exhibiting and cutting. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Helen Anita. A beautiful lilac with a lighter reverse and white center. Very attractive and good for cutting. Roots, 25 cts. each. Honey. Primrose-yellow, with faint suffusion of red on edges of petals. Free flowering, on long stems. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Jack. Purple-garnet. Compact, low-growing, symmetrical bush of dark green, supplying tone and richness among light flowers. Blooms perfectly formed throughout the season. Roots, 35 cts . each.
Mike. Burnt-orange, shading lighter at the outer petals. Attractive, and a profuse bloomer. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Sunny Daybreak. Lemon-yellow, heavily tipped cardinal. Flowers of good form. Roots, 25 cts. each.

## SINGLE VARIETIES

Doris. A brilliant carmine, heavily tipped pure white. Very distinct and striking. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Garnet Poinsettia. Rich, glowing garnet with a brilliant, glistening sheen. Large blooms of poinsettia form are held on long, stiff stems on strong plants, producing profusely. Roots, 25 cts. each.
James Weller. Effective because of its color combination of rich golden yellow with central zone of each petal soft rosy red. Large, well-formed blooms on long, stiff stems. Roots, 35 cts . each.
Little America. A distinctly different white Single that is artistic for arrangements as the petals are inclined to roll forward. Remarkable keeping qualities and long stems for cutting. Roots, 75 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts.
Scarlet Century. Bright, glowing scarlet blooms on erect stems. Good grower and free bloomer. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Tango. A lively autumn tint-cadmium-yellow, shaded scarletorange. Roots, 25 cts. each.

## COLLARETTE DAHLIAS

Collarette Dahlias are single flowers with a row of different-colored petals inside of the outside row, giving the appearance of a collar.
Erica. Deep amaranth-red, almost black; collar of same tone with white tips. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Fille. Bright yellow with self-colored collar. Fine stems, and a good keeper in the garden or in the showroom. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Mitzi. Crimson-carmine shading to primrose-yellow at center and edged white. Bushes branch and bloon freely; stems erect. Flowers keep well on bush or when cut. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Tribune. The most outstanding Collarette we have ever seen. It is an early and continuous bloomer on stems that hold erect after cutting. A real cut-flower and showy in the garden. The deep crimson-carmine flowers have a white collar, edged and marked carmine. Roots, $\$ 1$ each. Plants, 50 cts .

## MINIATURE DAHLIAS

The newest type. Bushy plants, $21 / 2$ to $31 / 2$ feet in height and covered with flowers all season. The medium-sized, semi-double blooms are carried on rigid, wirelike stems well above the foliage, making ideal garden plants. As cut-flowers they are superb, keeping fresh in water for many days.
Baby Royal. M.S.-C. Salmon-pink, shaded apricot with yellow at base of petals. Roots, 35 cts. each.
Bishop of Llandaff. M. Duplex. An unusual and attractive flower, petals being bright scarlet with a center of deep garnet. Foliage is lacy, of a reddish bronze color. Wonderful for landscape effect and home arrangements. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Buckeye Baby. M.F.D. This fine Miniature is really small and deep and while the bushes are dwarf, the stems are fine for cutting. Color, gold-buff lightly shaded red on the reverse. Roots, 50 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts.
Dahliadel Joy. M.C. One of the most attractive small Dahlias. It is artistic and uniform, and blooms profusely on long stems without any disbudding. Color, a clear lemon-yellow. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Dubonnet. M.S.-C. One of the prettiest Miniature Cactus Dahlias you can grow. Color a rich deep oxblood-red that does not fade or burn. Beautiful, compact bushes with dense, dark green, healthy foliage covered with dark red blooms. A picture in itself. This variety grows with natural stems for cutting and the more flowers you cut the more it produces. Roots, $\$ 1.50$ each. Plants, 50 ets.
Fairy. M.F.D. Described as a miniature Jersey's Beauty but lighter in color-violet-rose, shading mauve at tips. A very early and continuous bloomer that keeps wonderfully well when cut. Roots, 50 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts .
Little Nemo. M.F.D. A striking crimson uniformly tipped white which is uncommon in bicolors. Very pleasing and regular form but sometimes grows too large for the Miniature class. However, it is very popular wherever grown, as the blooms are very beautiful. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Mirth. M.F.D. A lively orange-scarlet of an even color that does not fade-a shade that appeals to the Iadies. Normally, this flower grows small enough to keep well under the $31 / 2$-inch mark with centers always full. Bush is healthy and rugged, stems long and erect. Blooms uniform in size, form and color. Certified at Storrs. Roots, 50 cts. each.
Orchid Lady. M.F.D. For a garden Dahlia it is always a mass of blooms and it is a real commercial, good for cutting and home decorations. Color, bright violet-rose or light lilac. Certified at Storrs and East Lansing. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Raider. M. Peony. Soft violet-rose, suffused yellow at base of petals, which are pointed and twist and curl in a charming manner. A robust grower. Roots, 25 cts. each.
Raleigh. M.I.D. A fine commercial. Bushes are strong and robust, stems stiff and erect. Color, deep rose-pink shaded salmon. One of the carliest and longest to bloom. Certified at Storrs. Roots, 50 cts. each.
Rapture. M.I.D. A robust grower with excellent stems. Keeps well when cut. Color, rose-pink, shading to sulphur-yellow at center, with a gold suffusion. Roots, 50 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts .
Rose Beauty. M.F.D. A neat, truly Miniature form of Jersey's Beauty. The color is a soft peach with coral suffusion. The blooms are uniform and perfect, with full centers. Stems are good, which makes it ideal for cutting. Roots, 50 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Sanhican's Sweetheart. M.S.-C. An artistic and useful novelty. Color, ochreous buff, suffused rose-red. Low-growing bushes always covered with blooms. Roots, 35 cts. each. Plants, 35 cts.
Tangerine. M.F.D. A compact grower with plenty of stems for cutting without any disbudding. Scarlet or russet-orange, a shade that appeals to the ladies. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts .

## ORCHID-FLOWERING DAHLIAS

This fine new race hails from Scotland and is certainly due great popularity for landscape effect, gardens, table arrangements, and dainty decorations. The bushes are compact, 2 to 3 feet in height, free-branching, and exceedingly prolific bloomers, with flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter. They do wonderfully well when pinched or cut back for landscape effect, but should not be thinned out or disbudded.
Buttercup. Ideal for garden as the bush is a healthy grower, low branching, and full of perfectly formed, graceful flowers. Light but-tercup- or deep Iemon-yellow. Roots, 35 cts. each.
Dahliadel Twinkle. A beautiful white with distinct violet-rose markings on the reverse of the petals, which roll forward and show on the face of the flower. Striking in color effect for arrangements. Roots, 75 cts. each. Plants, 50 cts.
Dahliadel Whisper. Orchid-flowering Dahlias are becoming more popular each year; not only for cutting and in the garden, but for arrangements with other flowers. This attractive bloom is about $41 / 2$ inches across and is maize-yellow on the face of the petals with a scarlet reverse. Roots, 75 cts . each. Plants, 50 cts.
Everest. Pure white throughout. Long, graceful recurving florets. Roots, 35 cts. each.
Polly. Sunflower-yellow ground, with carmine-lake reverse. Roots, 35 cts . each.
Vesper. White, heavily suffused Tyrian-rose. The stems are long and erect and the bush compact. Roots, 35 cts. each.


TIGRIDIA. Tiger or Shell Flower
20c. each; $\$ 1.75$ per doz.; $\$ 12$ per 100 For description, see page 73


LILIUM PHILIPPINENSE FORMOSANUM
30c. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 22$ per 100
For description, see page 81

AMARYLLIS Giant American Hybrids

Mammoth Bulbs
50c. each
Monster Bulbs
75c. each
for description, see page 72


MONTBRETIAS, Mixed
8c. each; 85c. per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100
For description, see page 80

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS
Single and Double in separate colors
25 c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100

Real "DREAMS OF BEAUTY" are the twelve "GLORIOUS GLADS"


## WATERER'S SUPERB GLADIOLUS

Culture. Gladiolus are easily grown in any ordinary good garden soil, provided the situation is sunny. They niay be planted in rows, beds, or groups 6 inches apart, covered with 3 to 4 inches of soil. Press the earth firmly around the bulbs. Water freely but always after sundown and cultivate frequently to prevent the surface of the soil from hardening. A succession of blooms can be had by planting the bulbs at intervals of two weeks from about April 15 to July 1.
ALBATROSS. Unquestionably one of the best of the large whites. Flowers are absolutely without blotches or throat-markings. 8 cts. each; 85 cts. per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100.
AMADOR. A large glowing red of good substance and perfect form. Recommended for exhibition purposes. See No. 1 on color-plate, page 78. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100.
BAGDAD. Delicate smoky old-rose, deepening toward edges of petals, lighter throat; Iarge, wide-open flowers on strong, tall stems. Highly recommended. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100 .
BETTY NUTHALL. A warm, light coral, with pale orange throat and a light feathering of carmine. Flowers are of ten 6 inches across, of splendid substance and well placed on tall, strong spike. One of the best Gladiolus of later introduction. 6 cts. each; 65 cts . per doz.; $\$ 4.50$ per 100 .
BLUE ADMIRAL. Deep violet-blue. Considered the best of the dark blues. Tall, strong grower. Flowers well placed. 12 cts. each; $\$ 1.25$ per doz.; $\$ 9$ per 100 .
BLUE DANUBE. Clear amethyst-blue with attractive darker blotch. Many flowers open on very talI, straight stems. 15 cts . each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10$ per 100.
COMMANDER KOEHL. Large, brilliant scarlet-blood-red flowers on tall, strong stems. A recent introduction which is considered one of the finest and sturdiest of the dark reds. See No. 12 on color-plate, page 78. 8 cts. each; 85 cts. per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100.
CORYPHEE. The purest pink with Iarge, round, well-formed florets; from 8 to 10 open at one time, on tall, strong stens. A wonderful variety. 8 cts. each; 85 cts. per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100 .
DEBONAIR. La-France-pink shading to shrimp-pink toward the center, with creamy throat. TaII, strong straight spikes with many large flowers open at a time. 8 cts. each; 80 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5.50$ per 100.
DREAM OF BEAUTY. A rosy purplish red of great beauty. Tall, sturdy stems with as many as 10 to 12 large flowers open at one time. See No. 6 on color-plate, page 78. 10 cts. each; \$1 per doz.; \$7 per 100.
Dr. F. E. Bennett. Very large flower of great substance, peach-red, overlaid with flame-scarlet, throat speckled ruby and creamy white; many open at a time on strong stem. Sturdy grower. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100 .
EARLY PEACH. Peach-red blending to ivory in the throat. A Glad that will stand all kinds of weather; does not burn in the hottest sun. Very lasting qualities. 9 cts. each; 90 cts . per doz.; $\$ 6.50$ per 100.
FLAMING METEOR. Bright rich red self-color without markings. Six or more of the largest flowers open at one time, on stems often 6 feet tall. 15 cts . each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10$ per 100 .
GATE OF HEAVEN. Pure deep yellow. Large, heavily ruffled flowers well placed on stiff, long stems. 15 cts . each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10$ per 100.
Giant Nymph. Light rose-pink, with creamy yellow throat. Very large, wide-open flowers, well arranged on long stems. 6 cts. each; 65 cts. per doz.; $\$ 4.50$ per 100 .
GOLDEN CHIMES. Lovely soft yellow, shaded deeper in the throat Well-formed flowers on tall, sturdy stems. 15 cts . each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10$ per 100.
GOLDEN DREAM. Clear, deep yellow, recurved flowers; very distinct and attractive, many flowers open at one time. TaII, strong stems. 6 cts . each; 65 cts . per doz.; $\$ 4.50$ per 100 .
KING ARTHUR. Deep Iavender-pink. The exquisitely formed, heavily ruffled flowers give it a truly aristocratic appearance. Medium tall spikes. 11 cts . each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
LIBELLE. Bright heliotrope. Large, wide-open flowers, well placed on tall stems. A very attractive variety. 9 cts. each; 90 cts. per doz.; $\$ 6.50$ per 100.
LOTUS. Brilliant creamy white, flushed with very delicate light pink-a beautiful pastel shade. Six or seven flowers open at one time on tall stems. See No. 8 on color-plate, page 78.17 cts each; $\$ 1.75$ per doz.; $\$ 12.50$ per 100 .
MAID OF ORLEANS. Milk-white with creamy throat. Large flowers perfectly placed on tall, strong stems. Excellent variety. See No. 10 on color-plate, page 78.8 cts. each; 85 cts . per doz.; \$6 per 100.
MILDRED LOUISE. A glorious, outstanding newer variety of a delightful warm salmon-pink. Very large, graceful blooms arranged beautifully on a splendid tall and sturdy stem. 8 cts . each; 80 cts . per doz.; $\$ 5.50$ per 100.
MINUET. Beautiful clear, light lavender. Four to six Iarge, heavily textured blooms open at once on a good, strong stem. This is the lavender by which all other lavenders are judged. Considered by most growers as the last word in a light lavender Gladiolus. See No. 3 on colorplate, page 78.8 cts . each; 85 cts . per doz.; $\$ 6$ per 100 .
MOTHER MACHREE. Wine, tinted lavender, overlaid with shade of salmon-pink toward the edges. Very attractive, large, well-placed flowers borne on tall, strong stems. Should be in every garden. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
Mrs. Dr. Norton. Fresh clear apple-blossom-pink; large flowers on long, slender spikes; distinct in form, with all the daintiness of a Sweet Pca. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.
Mrs. Leon Douglas. Begonia-rose, striped with flame-scarlet, lower petals pale lemon, speckled ruby. Tremendously large flowers, many open at a time. Very tall, strong stem, with several side shoots, the whole forming a gigantic bouquet. Considered one of the largest Glads in existencc. 6 cts. each; 65 cts. per doz.; $\$ 4.50$ per 100.
PARADISE. Clear apricot-orange. Tall, straight spikes with perfect placement and 6 to 8 large florets open at one timc. Highly recommendable. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .


Gladiolus
In cutting Gladiolus for the house, it is best to cut the spikes as soon as the firs one or two lower flowers are open. The remainder will open in the house. Remove the faded flowers, cut a little off the stem, and change the water every day; treated in this way a spike will last a week or ten days and as a rule the colors are more refined when developed in the house.

## WATERER'S SUPERB GLADIOLUS, continued

PAUL PFITZER. Rich, velvety purple: Excellent spikes with many well-placed blooms open at one time. 9 cts. each; 90 cts . per doz; $\$ 6.50$ per 100.
PFITZER'S TRIUMPH. A Super-Gladiolus. One of the best ever introduced. Color resembles the variety Dr. Bennett, but the flowers are larger and of twice the substance, better shape and nicer form, measuring 6 to 7 inches in diameter; bright orange-salmon with small velvet red mark. 8 cts. each; 80 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5.50$ per 100.
PELEGRINA. Deep violet-blue, the darkest blue of the Pfitzer collection. Long, well-formed flower-spikes, several open and all buds showing their deep velvety color clear to the top. Very striking. See No. 7 on color-plate, page 78.8 cts. each; 85 cts . per doz.; \$6 per 100.
PICARDY. One of the most beautiful light pink colors in existence. Tall, straight spike with beautiful, wide-open, well-placed florets, 5 to 6 inches across. A variety of great substance and by many considered the best pink. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100 .
RED LORY. Carmine-rose, with crimson blotches. Unusually tall spikes with as many as twelve to fifteen blooms open. 11 cts . each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
SALBACH'S ORCHID. Clear Cattleya-orchid with rose throatmarkings. Flowers well placed on tall, stately stems. Excellent substance, which stands the hottest sun. 12 cts. each; $\$ 1.20$ per doz.; $\$ 8.50$ per 100 .
SCARLET WONDER. Purest deep scarlet, mammoth flowers, many open at a time on tall, stiff stems. A real giant. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100 .

SCHWABEN GIRL. Clearest, purest pink, no other markings. Flowers closely set, many open at a time, nicely rounded petals. Long spikes. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100.
SMILING MAESTRO. Pure self color without any markings; light salmon-red, overlaid with a brownish cast. A very fine exhibition variety with many large flowers open at one time. Very pleasing and beautiful under electric light. 12 cts. each; $\$ 1.25$ per doz.; \$9 per 100 .
SONATINE. Clear bright rose. Large, well-placed, open flowers on strong stem. See No. 4 on color-plate, page 78. 12 cts . each $\$ 1.20$ per doz.; $\$ 8.50$ per 100 .
SWEETHEART. Delicate cherry-rose, shaded silvery rose, six or more flowers open at one time. We recommend this variety to all Gladiolus Iovers. See No. 2 on col rr-plate, page 78. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.
STAR OF BETHLEHEM. Snow-white with a tinge of cream on the lower petals. Enormous flowers of good substance and form, 7 or more open at one time, well placed on very long stems. Considered the Iargest and best of the whites. 17 cts. each; $\$ 1.75$ per doz.; $\$ 12.50$ per 100.
YELLOW PERFECTION. Large clear deep yellow flowers well placed on tall, sturdy stems. 10 cts. each; $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7$ per 100.
GIANT-FLOWERING MIXTURE. An unexcelled blend of the largest possible number of fine and distinct varieties. 5 cts. each; 50 cts. per doz.; $\$ 3.50$ per 100.
FINE MIXTURE. A popular low-priced mixture of all colors and shades. 10 cts. for $3 ; 40 \mathrm{cts}$. per doz.; $\$ 2.50$ per $100 ; \$ 22.50$ per 1,000 .

## PRIMULINUS HYBRID GLADIOLUS

These new varieties, gained by crossing the large-flowered Gladiolus with the yellow African species, Gladiolus primulinus, are wonderfully artistic in form and dainty in color. The first hybrids produced were rather small-flowered and distinctly hooded, but the newer hybrids which we offer are nearly as large as the ordinary Gladiolus, while the tendency of the upper petal to droop has been eliminated to a considerable extent. They still retain, however, the graceful form of their Primulinus parent. On account of their tall, slender growth they are not well adapted for massing, but are unsurpassed for cutting and as specimen plants scattered in the border.
Alice Tiplady. The largest orange Primulinus, with wide-open flower, not hooded, and varying in color the three large outer petals being rich orange and the lower inside ones lighter. It is medium early and forces splendidly. Frequently gives two stalks to a bulb. 6 cts. each; 65 cts. per doz.; $\$ 4$ per 100.
ANNIE LAURIE. Heavily ruffled, delicate pink flowers, overlaid with light rose-pink; light purplish
lines in the throat. An exquisitely beautiful Glad. 6 cts . each; 65 cts . per doz.; $\$ 4$ per 100.
GOLDEN POPPY. Rich deep-toned yellow on tall, wiry stems. The round flowers are pure self-color without any markings. See No. 5 on color-plate, page 78. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.15$ per doz.; $\$ 8$ per 100.
ORANGE BUTTERFLY. A peculiar but very distinctive and attractive shade of glowing bronze-orange, many flowers open at once. See No. 9 on color-plate, page 78. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
Orange Queen. Purcst apricot, of a very warm tint. Large, open flowers on good stems. Justly considered one of the very choicest novelties in Primulinus Hybrids. 6 cts. each; 65 cts. per doz.; $\$ 4$ per 100 .
QUEEN OF BREMEN. An unusually fine new Primulinus. Attractive rose-pink blooms produced very freely on long spikes. 7 cts. each, 75 cts . per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.
Souvenir. Superb deep yellow self. Tall-stemmed, large hooded flowers facing forward, four to six open at the same time. 6 cts. each; 65 cts. per doz.; $\$ 4$ per 100.
THE ORCHID. Really new type of Gladiolus. Long, narrow petals, slightly notched and ruffled. Color is orchid over white, with rose-filac feathering in throat. The most orchid-like Gladiolus in the world. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 10 n
WASAGA. Clear buff-apricot. Wide-open, nicely frilled flowers; medium tall, straight spikes. Very distinct. 7 cts. each; 75 cts . per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.
WHITE BUTTERFLY. One of the finest and most popular white Primulinus. Strong grower. Blooms of good substance and very lasting. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.
Primulinus Hybrids, Mixed. A most extensive assortment of all the newest and rarest hybrids. 5 cts. each; 50 cts. per doz.; $\$ 3.50$ per 100.

## MONTBRETIA

Montbretias are one of the brightest of the summer-flowering bulbs, giving a profusion of flowers ranging in color from golden yellow to glowing scarlet. The medium-sized, single flowers are gracefully arranged along a clear, stiff stem about 2 feet long, making a most desirable cut-flower. The dainty gracefulness of these flowers in the vase or on the plant cannot be surpassed. The plant has about the same character of growth as gladiolus and the bulbs should be handled in the same manner.
Fire King. Glowing scarlet; fine branched spikes and dark green foliage. 7 cts. each; 75 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5$ per 100.
George Davison. Palc orange-ycllow, pointed petals; stems muchbranched and tall. 11 cts. each; $\$ 1.15$ per do $\%$.; $\$ 8$ per 100.
His Majesty. Large, clear yellow flowers shaded crimson-scarlct. An outstanding varicty. 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.25$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 . King Edmund. Rich golden yellow, with brown markings in the centcr; well-branched, sturdy variety. 11 cts . each; $\$ 1.15$ per doz.; $\$ 8$ per 100
Lady Hamilton. Soft ycllow, center petals suffused with rosy apri-cot-a rare color. 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10$ per 100.

## Montbretia

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[^3],?lor,


Lilium regale

## HARDY LILIES (Lilium)

No class of plants capable of being cultivated outdoors possesses so many charms. Rich and varied in color, stately and handsome in habit, profuse in variety, and of delicious fragrance, they stand out prominently from all other hardy plants, and no herbaceous border, however select, should be without a few of the best sorts. With a well-selected collection, Lilies may be had in bloom from June till October.

Lilies thrive best in a well-dug, rich soil. Deep planting is recommended-at least 6 inches deep for most, and more than that for the Speciosum varieties. For best effects place the bulbs in clumps of six or more, with at least one inch of sand beneath, over, and around each one, then cover with soil. Although these Lilies are generally known as hardy, it is advisable to cover the surface with leaves or litter in late fall as a protective measure against frost.

Auratum (Golden-banded Lily). This superb Lily has flowers 8 to 10 inches in diameter composed of six white petals, thickly studded with rich chocolate-crimson spots and a bright golden band through the center of each petal; exquisite vanilla-like perfume. This variety is peculiar in that it does not take kindly to having any kind of manure near its roots. Flowers in August. Each Doz. 100

Mammoth Bulbs.......................... . $\$ 040$ \$4 00 \$30 00
Monster Bulbs.

| 55 | 5 | 50 | 40 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Batemanniæ. A most beautiful Japanese variety, growing 3 feet high, with six to eight apricot-colored flowers on a stem. Blooms in July and August. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 25$ per 100.
Hansoni. A very rare and beautiful Lily, unsurpassed in vigor of growth. Blooms extra early. Flowers are large, of a bright yellow, tinged orange and spotted maroon, with thick wax-like petals, appearing in clusters of eight to twelve flowers. One of the finest Lilies known and has a host of admirers. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.50$ per doz.; \$40 per 100.

Henryi. A rare and beautiful Lily from the mountains of China. It is very hardy, a strong, healthy grower, and, without doubt, one of the best Lilies for garden culture. The flower-stalks, 3 to 5 feet high, carry five to eight flowers each. In color it is a rich apricot-yellow, lightly spotted with brown. Sometimes called "The Yellow Speciosum." Each Doz. 100 Mammoth Bulbs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0 \quad 50$ \$5 $00 \quad \$ 3500$ Monster Bulbs .
$\begin{array}{lll}60 & 5 & 75 \\ 40 & 00\end{array}$
Regale (L. myriopbyllum). A new and very rare Lily from China. The flowers are white, shading to yellow in the center, with a pink tinge in the outer edges. A strong grower, some 3 or 4 feet high. It is deliciously scented, and its extreme hardiness makes it a valuable Lily for outdoor planting. Each Doz. 100
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Mammoth Bulbs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \$ 0 & 35 & \$ 3 & 50 & \$ 25 & 00 \\ \text { Monster Bulbs. . . . . . . . . . . . } & 50 & 5 & 00 & 35 & 00 \\ \text { Selected Monster Bulbs . . . . . . . . . . . . } & 65 & 6 & 50 & 45 & 00\end{array}$
Extra-selectcd Monster Bulbs. . . . . . . . . . 10010007500

Philippinense formosanum. A new, graceful Lily growing 2 to 3 feet high, with large, white, trumpet-shaped blooms, suffused on the exterior with reddish brown; tips of petals elegantly recurving. Possesses a delightful fragrance and bloons in Sept. Stem-rooting; plant 8 inches deep.

Each Doz. 100 Selected Bulbs. $\$ 0 \quad 30 \quad \$ 300 \quad \$ 2200$
Speciosum album. A charming, late-flowering, pure white hardy garden Lily of easy culture. Mammoth Bulbs.

Each Doz. 100 Speciosum magnificum. An enormous rich deep red flower, spotted crimson. Blooms in August. Each Doz. 100 Mammoth Bulbs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 040$ 40 $\$ 400$ \$30 00 Monster Bulbs $\begin{array}{rrrr}65 & 6 & 50 & 45 \\ 100 \\ 100 & 10 & 00 & 75 \\ 00\end{array}$ Jumbo Bulbs.
Speciosum melpomene. White blooms, heavily spotted and overlaid with crimson. Each Doz. 100 Mammoth Bulbs................ . . . . . . . . $\$ 040$ \$4 00 \$30 00 Monster Bulbs..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 65 6504500 Jumbo Bulbs................................. . $1001000 \quad 7500$
Speciosum rubrum (L. speciosum roseum). Rosy white, heavily spotted with rich crimson. Each Doz. 100 Mammoth Bulbs........................ $\$ 0 \begin{array}{lllll}\$ 0 & 40 \\ 65 & \$ 4 & 00 & \$ 30 & 00 \\ 60 & 45 & 00\end{array}$

Tenuifolium. A charming little early-flowering, deep scarlet Lily with strongly recurved petals of waxy texture. A gem in the rockgarden and in the border. Likes a cool, damp, loamy soil and partial shade but does wcII anywhere in well-drained soil. Blooms in June. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 .
Tigrinum splendens (Improved Tiger Lily). Bright orange-red, spotted with black; very showy. 4 to 5 ft . 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 17.50$ per 100.
Tigrinum flore-pleno (Double Tiger Lily). Double, showy flowers of orange-red, spotted with black. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100 .

## WATERER'S CHOICE BEDDING AND DECORATIVE PLANTS

## NOTE.-THESE PLANTS, EXCEPT AS NOTED, CANNOT BE SHIPPED OUT OF THE JAPANESE BEETLE AREA



Ageratum

## Agapanthus umbellatus - African Lily

A splendid ornamental plant, producing a profusion of large clusters of bright blue flowers on long stems and lasting a long time in bloom. When planted in large pots or tubs, there is no finer plant for lawn, terrace, or piazza. Plants from 6 -in. pots, $\$ 1.50$ each.

## Ageratum, Blue Perfection • Floss Flower

One of the best bedding plants, as it can be depended on to bloom continually during the summer. It is particularly valuable on account of a scarcity of blue among our bedding plants. Plants from $4-\mathrm{in}$. pots, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Aloysia citriodora . Lemon Verbena

A well-known plant that is valued for the odor of its foliage. Plants from 3-in pots, 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Antirrhinum . Snapdragon

This old favorite is one of the most beautiful and useful border plants of our gardens. Its graceful flowers are borne on long stems and in the greatest diversity of colors. The spikes of flowers are most brilliant and showy. Half-Dwarf Pink, Scarlet, White, and Yellow. 15 cts . each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; \$10 per 100.

## Asters, Giant Comet

An ideal class for cut-flowers, being not only most profuse bloomers, but each flower is borne on a stiff stem and resembles an exquisitely curled and twisted Japanese chrysanthemum. 2 feet. $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100.

## Begonias

## Everblooming Bedding Varieties

Gracilis, Luminosa. Large, bright scarlet flowers. Reddish brown foliage. Gracilis, Prima Donna. Forms a broad, full bush with dense foliage. The flowers are a brilliant clear pink, shading to carmine rose. All Begonias, plants from 4 -in. pots, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## CHOICE CANNA PLANTS Ready about

No other flower will make such an attractive bed. Their rapid growth, freedom of bloom, and ornamental foliage make them very desirable for planting in beds, on lawn, or in border. Cannas can be shipped out of Japanese Beetle area.

## Bronze Foliage

King Humbert. 5 to 6 ft . Its flowers, which, under ordinary conditions measure 3 inches in diameter, are produced in heavy trusses of gigantic size, are of a brilliant orange-scarlet, with bright red markings, while the foliage is broad and massive and of a rich coppery bronze, with brownish green markings. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100 . Roots, 20 cts . each; $\$ 2$ per doz.; $\$ 12.50$ per 100 .
Wyoming. 6 ft . Bronze-purple foliage and immense spikes of Iarge, massive orange flowers. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100 .


Bed of Cannas


Giant Comet Aster

## Red-flowering, Green Foliage Cannas

Antoine Wintzer. $41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Intense crimson-scarlet flowers. Trusses are very large and individual florets are immense. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100.
Louis Cayeux. 4 ft . Giant rosy scarlet trusses freely produced on a vigorous, upright plant. Very free and effective. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100.
Mrs. Herbert Hoover. 5 ft . Giant watermelon-red flowers arranged in large trusses on a heavy and vigorous plant. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100.
The President. 4 ft . This splendid variety produces immense flowers of a rich, glowing scarlet. It is superior in quantity and quality of bloom to any other red Canna. Green foliage. Widely used in parks for brilliant niass effects. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100. Roots, 20 cts. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.; $\$ 12.50$ per 100 .

## Pink-flowering, Green Foliage

Hungaria. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A magnificent variety of strong, robust habit, with enormous trusses of deep pink flowers carried well above the foliage. One of the best pink sorts. 30 cts . each; \$3 per doz.; \$20 per 100.
Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont. 4 ft . The finest of all the newer Cannas. The flowers are a vivid watermelon-pink that makes a striking display planted in beds or borders. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 25$ per 100 .


Geranium, Beaute Poitevine

## Pink-flowering, Green Foliage Cannas, continued

Rosea Gigantea. 4 ft . A giant in size of flower and general worth. The blooms are a charming shade of soft rose, shading to carmine-pink, particularly clear and pleasing to the eye. A wonderful bloomer and a fine grower. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100 . Roots, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Uhlberg. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Entirely distinct. The flowers expand very fully and are of a soft rosy carmine, with creamy yellow throat and edges of the petals. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Yellow-flowering, Green Foliage

Favorite. $41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Deep golden yellow flowers, overspread with minute red dots which, however, do not detract from the general color effcct-a pretty golden yellow. Vigorous growth and handsome foliage. 30 c . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100. Golden Eagle. 4 ft . A very free and early-blooming Canna of a clear golden yellow color, throwing its showy trusses well above the foliage. No other pure yellow equals it in all-round worth and effectiveness. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz. The Gem. $41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. The immense trusses of flowers are borne on upright, branching stems, well above the foliage and are of deep cream or straw-yellow, dotted with carmine. Very attractive and unusually refined. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.
Yellow King Humbert. 5 to 6 ft . Possesses the vigor, freedom, and size of bloom of the old King Humbert variety, but has bright green foliage and produces large masses of yellow flowers dotted with red. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100. Roots, 20 cts. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.; $\$ 12.50$ per 100.

## Coleus

Familiar to all, and it cannot be excelled for bedding purposes. The foliage is very beautifully marked in many shades, yellows and reds predominating.
Golden Bedder. Golden yellow. The old original Coleus. True to name.
Queen Victoria. Cardinal-red with distinct golden border.
Verschaffelti. Standard crimson.
All Coleus, plants from $21 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. pots, $\$ 1.25$ per doz.; $4-\mathrm{in}$. pots, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Dracæna Indivisa

This variety is used extensively as a center plant for vases and for porch and win-dow-boxes. It will stand full exposure to the sun and its long, graceful, narrow leaves make a beautiful contrast with other plants. Plants from $4-\mathrm{in}$. pots, 75 cts . each; 5-in., \$1: 6-in., \$1.50.

## Geraniums

Alphonse Ricard. The handsome, perfectly formed, semi-double flowers of a bright vermilion-scarlet are produced in profusion.
Beaute Poitevine. A great favorite and conceded to be one of the best of the semidouble bedders. The color is a beautiful shade of pink.
La Favorite. One of the finest double whites in its class. Pure in color. The pure white flowers are enormous.
S. A. Nutt. Handsome, dark, velvety scarlet flowers with maroon shading. A vigorous, clean, compact grower.

All Geraniums, plants from 4 -in. pots, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.


Flowers of the Moon-Vine

## Heliotrope

Its delightful perfume makes it a most desirable bouquet flower, and it is also a splendid bedding plant. Plants from $4-\mathrm{in}$. pots, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.


Lantana

## Hydrangea opuloides Otaksa

Used extensively at the Atlantic seashore resorts, producing immense heads of usually pink but sometimes blue flowers. Plants from 5 -in. pots, 75 cts. each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.; 6 -in., $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12$ per doz. These can be shipped out of Japanese Beetle area

## Lantanas

Quite popular on account of their bright, showy colors, running through scarlet, yellow, pink, and lavender. Plants from 4 -in. pots, 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Moon-Vines

A quick-growing vine, with rich green foliage. Best vines for covering porches, etc. At night and during duII days the plants are covered with an abundance of large, pure white, fragrant flowers. Plants from 4 -in. pots, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Petunias, Giant Fringed

The largest flowering of all, and the most beautifully marked. The blooms have finely fringed edges and very deep wide-open throats. Mixed colors, plants from 4-in. pots, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Salvia - Scarlet Sage

This gorgecus and effective bedding subject is by all means the most conspicuous and useful of the Iate summer-flowering annuals. It produces its showy, scarlet spikes in the greatest profusion from July until frost. $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .

## Vinca . Periwinkle

Variegated. A beautiful white and green trailing vine adapted to window-boxes, hanging-baskets, and vases. Plants from $4-\mathrm{in}$. pots, 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Zinnias, Giant Double - Youth and Old Age

A splendid annual for bedding or cutting purposes. $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100.
NOTE.-All Plants are forwarded by express, purchaser paying charges.
No plants sent C. O.D.


## ROSES FOR YOUR GARDEN

Few plants, indeed, give greater satisfaction and more joy to the garden-lover than the Rose, and few are as easily grown, so that even the amateur, who has never tried it before, has the assurance of success if simple directions are followed. The modern everblooming or Hybrid Tea Roses offer the widest range for selection. These Roses bloom continuously from June until frost and give the greatest satisfaction. Many recent developments have outclassed former favorites, and our list includes only the finest, sturdiest, and hardiest of the modern everblooming sorts. Dormant Roses are strongly recommended and they should be planted as soon as possible after the ground has opened, preferably during April and early May. After May 15, when growth has started, we ship pot-grown plants.

Planting. We recommend spring planting of 2 -year-old stock that has been prepared far in advance by being potted up in the fall and carried through the winter in coldframes. These plants have an active, frbrous root-system and are shipped during the month of May. They are in bud at all times during the season and ready to begin blooming at once. The ball of earth surrounding the roots should be planted 3 inches below the surface of the soil and thoroughly watered. Grafted or budded Roses are more vigorous, produce more and better flowers, are more hardy and are less susceptible to disease. If planted as directed, wild suckers will rarely appear. These may easily be detected, as they always appear below where the plant is grafted.

Summer Culture. The Rose-bed should be cultivated every week, and a light syringing during the latter part of the day is beneficial. During dry periods, thoroughly soak the bed until the water is not immediately absorbed, and after watering, the bed should be cultivated as soon as the ground can be worked.

Insects. For green fly or aphis, we recommend a solution made of one heaping tablespoonful of soft soap dissolved in three gallons of water. To this add a tablespoonful of Black-Leaf 40 . This, applied in a fine spray, will prove an infallible remedy.

Pruning. Hybrid Perpetuals should be pruned as early in spring as the weather permits-not in the fall. Thin out weak shoots and side growths and cut back the remaining wood to from two to eight eyes. Hybrid Tea and Tea Roses require the same treatment as the Hybrid Perpetuals. Cut the weak-growing varieties nearly to the ground and they will produce excellent flowers in June. Climbing Roses require the pruning out of all wood that is over two years old; the remaining wood should not be pruned until after flowering.

Substitution. Please Read. We will not book an order unless we are reasonably sure that it will be completed at the proper time. However, if, through circumstances beyond our control, a variety may not be in condition to ship at planting-time, we will substitute an equally good or better variety in the same color.

## Select Hybrid Tea Roses

## All Hybrid Tea Roses on this and the next page, 85 cts. each; $\$ 9$ per doz., unless otherwise noted

Autumn. Burnt-orange, streaked and marked with red. Bud of medium size, developing into a cupped, double, fragrant flower.
Better Times. Plant Patent No. 23. An outstanding Rose with long crimson buds opening into large, double, brilliant cerise-red flowers. They have a delicate fragrance and are produced on long stems. Very free flowering. \$1 each.
Carrie Jacobs Bond. Plant Patent No. 158. A magnificent, fullpetaled flower of deep rose-color, enhanced by a luminous coral sheen. The large double blooms of ideal form are carried singly on long, upright stems. Moderately fragrant and good at all seasons. \$1 each.
Countess Vandal. Plant Patent No. 38. A vigorous Rose with attractive, Iong-pointed, orange-copper buds and large, double, high-centered flowers that have a rich fragrance. The color is brilliant pink with a beautiful salmon glow. $\$ 1$ each.
Crimson Glory. Plant Patent No. 105. A very remarkable Rose of vigorous growth with superb blooms of a deep and vivid crimson, shaded with deep red and mellowed by a soft velvety nap. Lovely urn-shaped buds. Delightfully fragrant. \$1 each.
Dainty Bess. An exceedingly charming and daintily colored single Rose of perfect form. Delicate shell-pink with a conspicuous bunch of crimson stamens. Always greatly admired for its charm and loveliness. Lasts exceptionally long.
Dame Edith Helen. Shapely buds and substantial, high-centered blooms of clear pink, sweetly scented and freely produced on long, strong stems. Vigorous. Most remarkable for the number and beautiful arrangement of its petals, and its color is always good.
Dicksons Centennial. Plant Patent No. 223. A truly marvelous new Rose with magnificent blooms of deep, glowing crimson having velvety red shadings. In the fully developed flower the inner petals are sparkling strawberry-red. The whole cffect is much enhanced by tire lustrous velvety sheen which radiates from every petal. Has long, elegantly pointed buds developing into very large, full blooms of peony shape. Makes a strong, bushy growth and produces an abundance of fragrant blooms of the highest merit. \$1 each.

Edith Nellie Perkins. An outstanding, vigorous, and free-flowering Rose with long-pointed buds of good size and long-lasting, double, fragrant flowers of Oriental red, shaded cerise-orange; inside salmon-pink.
E. G. Hill. Beautiful long buds of perfect form and full, double, high-centered flowers of dazzling scarlet, shading to a deeper red as they develop. Vigorous; free flowering.
Etoile de Hollande. Particularly healthy growing, free-flowering bedding Rose with large, brilliant red flowers, perfect in halfexpanded form.
Glowing Carmine. The name appropriately describes this beautiful new Rose. It is a strong grower with well-shaped buds representing a splendid color that lasts exceptionally well. $\$ 1$ each.
Glowing Sunset. Plant Patent No. 104. A Rose representing an indescribable blend of orange-yellow and rose-pink-a unique and pleasing color effect. The long, pointed buds open to full double flowers of most artistic form with the inner petals lengthened and twisted in the bizarre manner of a choice cactus dahlia. It has an alluring fragrance. $\$ 1$ each.
Golden Dawn. The ideal yellow garden Rose. The ovoid, Iemonyellow bud is heavily splashed with crimson and develops into a well-formed, sweetly scented, Iarge, double, sunflower-yellow flower.
Gruss an Teplitz. Bright scarlet-crimson flowers, with vivid, ffery red center. It is quite hardy and extremely free flowering. This is essentially a garden Rose and we recommend it with the utmost confidence. It is much more vigorous in growth than most other Hybrid Teas and ought to be planted in a separate bed.
Hinrich Gaede. This magnificent variety occupies the coveted position of being the most colorful of all Roses. It has long, pointed, shapely buds of a brilliant nasturtium-red color. Flowers are large, double, high-centered, and of ideal shape. The color is truly the most vivid and brilliant, unlike any other Rose. It is a rich luminous vermilion, shaded witl golden ycllow such as is found in our high-colored modern zinnias. The combination of these clear and rich tones is bound to thrill every gardener and the rich fruity fragrance adds further charm. It blooms freely and continuously.


Climbing Roses, Dr. W. Van Fleet

## SELECT HYBRID TEA ROSES, continued

Lady Alice Stanley. Large, long, pointed buds expanding into a very large, moderately fragrant, pale flesh-pink flower with a deep coral-rose tint on the reverse.
Margaret McGredy. The Iarge, brilliantly colored, double flowers are an entrancing shade of rich Oriental red, passing to carminerose, Iasting a long time; Iight spicy fragrance. The plant is of vigorous, bushy habit; very free flowering.
McGredy's Scarlet. A red Rose of marked superiority on account of its strong, vigorous growth, free and continuous habit of flowering, and its brilliant color. The fragrant, fulI, double flowers are of good size. They are brilliant scarlet, orange-yellow at base of petals, the upper portions of same being lightly touched with crimson, varying somewhat in color under changing weather conditions but always beautiful.
Miss Rowena Thom. Enormous buds and blooms of fiery rose and mauve, shaded with old-gold at the center, borne on Iong, strong
stems. A profuse, continuous bloomer and a very vigorous plant. stems. A profuse, continuous bloomer and a very vigorous plant. near the base of the petals, of exquisite shape and richly perfumed. Plant is strong, throwing up big branching sprays of bloom.
Mme. Edouard Herriot. Sparkling buds of coral-red and orange, opening to Iarge, semi-double flowers of indescribably brilliant orange-red and salmon. Plant is moderately strong and very free flowering.
Mme. Joseph Perraud. Awarded the honor of being chosen the most beautiful Rose in France for the year 1934. Long, slender, pointed, nasturtium-orange buds which open to sweetly fragrant flowers of a charming buff, straying to a Iovely shade of shell-pink. The petal edges are almost pure buff, lightened with pink at the margins. \$1 each.
Mme. Jules Bouche. While not a pure white, being at times slightly tinted with bush on the reverse of the petals, we consider it one of the best white bedding Roses.
Mrs. Aaron Ward. Deep Indian-yellow at the center of the flower, shading to primrose-yellow toward the edges of the petals, the whole occasionally washed soft salmon-pink as the flower expands. The color is somewhat variable with changing weather conditions but always beautiful. Hardy and floriferous. This is one of the best Roses in this culor.
Mrs. A. R. Barraclough. We have in this variety a most distinct and valuable bright, but soft sparkling carmine-pink of even tone that passes to yellow at the base of the petals. The buds are long-pointed and develop into fulI, double flowers of model form; vcry fragrant.
Mrs. Charles Bell. A sport of Radiance, and exactly like it except for its finer, softer color. Lovely shell-pink with shadings of soft salmon. Sweetly perfumed.

## SELECT HYBRID TEA ROSES, continued

Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom. Generally conceded to be immensely superior for garden planting to Souvenir de Claudius Pernet and others of that type. The fine long buds open into perfectly shaped, open flowers of rich Iemon-yellow. Very vigorous and continuously in bloom.
Mrs. Henry Bowles. A splendid, Iarge, well-formed, high-centered, very fragrant flower of an intense brilliant or warm shade of pink with salmon shadings. A model Rose, perfect in every stage of development.
Mrs. Henry Morse. One of the best light pink varieties. Color two contrasting tones of pink, with an underlying yellow glow. Flowers large, full, very high pointed, fragrant. Very free flowering.
Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont. Mcdium-sized, Iong, pointed buds of a reddish gold, opening to semi-double, cupped, very lasting, fragrant flowers of a deep golden yellow. The plant is of strong, vigorous, compact growth. A profuse and continuous bloomer.
Mrs. Sam McGredy. A beautiful coppery scarlet-orange heavily flushed with rich red on the outside of the petals. Delicately perfumed. Vigorous and of free habit. One of the best all-purpose varieties.
Padre. Most attractive and novel in coloring, with long petals of a coppery scarlet flushed with yellow at the base. Growth strong and upright; exceedingly free flowering.
Pink Dawn. An exceptionally charming Rose of highest mcrit. Produces an abundance of perfectly formed, full, double flowers of a deep rose color, opening to lovely pink blooms tinted with orange at the bases of the petals. The glorious flowers have a sweet fragrance. A sturdy variety of upright habit as fine for garden display as for cutting. \$1 each.
President Herbert Hoover. A glorious Rose, wonderfully free in the easy manner in which it grows and charming in its color arrangement which is a splendid combination of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet, and yellow. This combination of colors gives the most dazzling color effect imaginable. The buds are beautifully pointed, the flowers Iarge, composed of broad, thick, heavy petals with moderate fragrance.
Radiance. An American-bred Rose of so many excellent qualities that it may be considered the best bedding Rose in this color. Flowers large, perfect in form, and produced freely. The vigorous, branching growth invariably terminates in one or more flowers of a bright carmine-salmon shade, mingled with rose, shading to a coppery yellow at the bases of the petals.
Red Radiance. A clear cerise-red sport of Radiance introduced in 1916 and now recognized as a garden Rose of unusual merit. It has the same free-flowering qualities as its parent, being in bloom continuously during the season. The growth is even more robust and vigorous, carrying the large and well-formed flowers on heavy, erect stems.
R. M. S. Queen Mary. Plant Patent No. 249. The color of this beautiful variety is quite distinct from anything yet seen in Rosesa wonderful combination of vivid shades, a rich, glowing blending of salmon and pink with an orange base. The buds are long and pointed and the flowers are of large size and beautiful form. They are full enough for all purposes, freely produced, and delicately perfumed. The plant is of good strong habit. A truly magnificent Rose. \$1.50 each.
Rose Marie. The ideal Iong buds open into large flowers of splendid form and substance, in color clear rose-pink with delicate lighter edge, and delightfully fragrant. A vigorous, healthy grower remarkable for its freedom of bloom.
Souv. de Mme. C. Chambard. Large, Iong, pointed buds opening to perfectly double flowers of coral-pink with a satiny peach tone; delicately perfumed. Strong, free blooming.
Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. Very large, full flowers with elongated deep petals-a beautifully formed bloom. Color most striking sunflower-yellow, deeper in the center, without any color blending, which is retained without fading even in the warmest weather.
Talisman. The most astounding novelty in Roses produced in many a year. Its brilliant orange-red buds open to a large, fragrant high-pointed bloom of glowing golden yellow, stained with copperred and orange-rose on the inside of the petal. It is the most magnificently colored flower we have ever seen and arouses astonishment and admiration everywhere. The plants have proved vigorous and healthy outdoors and have withstood severe winters unprotected. It is especially good in spring and late autumn.
Ville de Paris. A very distinct, rich buttercup-yellow without a trace of any other color, retaining its richncss under all weather conditions. In formation it is somewhat similar to Radiance. fairly double, and splendid for cutting. $\$ 1$ each.

## Rosa Hugonis

The light yellow flowers, $11 / 2$ to $21 / 2$ inches across, borne profusely along the slender branches, make a striking display very early in the season. It is of shrub-like habit of growth and naturally forms symmetrical bushes about 6 feet high, and the same in diamcter, and while not suited to plant in the Rose border, it is an invaluable subject when planted in connection with other shrubs or as single specimens in the garden. $\$ 1$ each; $\$ 10$ per doz.

## Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses

Suitable for training over arbors, porches, fences, or other objects. All bloom profusely and are hardy under most conditions. Single varieties in your Rose-garden will add much to its attractiveness.

## All Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses, 85 cts. each; $\$ 9$ per doz., except where noted

American Pillar. A single-flowered variety, bearing pink flowers in heavy trusses. It retains its foliage until Ilate in the faII and is very ornamental.
Climbing American Beauty. A fine, free-blooming climber of excellent habit, strong and vigorous in growth, making heavy 10 to 15-foot canes in a single season. Very fragrant, rosy crimson flowers, produced freely in June and occasionally throughout the season.
Dorothy Perkins. A splendid variety with bright, glossy foliage that always looks healthy, and produces beautiful clusters of pink flowers. It is to be highly recommended for general planting, owing to its hardiness under all conditions. A very strong-growing variety and one of the most popular for arches.
Dr. W. Van Fleet. Flesh-pink on the outer surface, deepening to rosy flesh in the center. The flowers are full, very double, and carried on good stems, resembling Souvenir du President Carnot (one of the parents) in color. The flower, when open, will measure 4 inches or more in diameter, and is highly built in the center. Strong and handsome in growth. A superb variety that makes a splendid showing when trained over arches, pergolas, summerhouses and the like.
Easlea's Golden Rambler. Plant Patent No. 114. This new Rose, which is indeed most outstanding, comes to us from England where it has proved a superb variety. It has comparatively large, wellformed, double flowers of a rich golden yellow color. The blooms are arranged in large clusters and their desirability is greatly enhanced by their pleasing fragrance. $\$ 1.50$ each.
Emily Gray. One of the best yellow Climbing Roses ever introduced. The color is clear golden yellow, and all the flowers are double. It has long buds and attractive, dark green foliage. Very free flowering; splendid growing habits.
Golden Glow. Plant Patent applied for. The medium-sized flowers are semi-double and profusely produced in clusters of 4 or 5. The color is a pure bright yellow without any shadings. This variety appeals to us as the best yellow Climbing Rose yet introduced. $\$ 1.50$ each.

Jacotte. Flowers shrimp-pink or light salmon-orange in color, shaded golden yellow at base, fully $21 / 2$ inches in diameter, delightfully scented. The rich, dark green, glossy, disease-resisting foliage is entirely distinct from all others and a color which will make it a favorite.
Mary Lovett. Large, handsome flowers of pure, waxy white, sweetly scented, broad petaled, and of open form, borne singly and in sprays upon a strong-growing plant well furnished with heavy, glossy foliage.
Mary Wallace. Well-formed, semi-double flowers of a bright, clear rose-pink, with salmon base to the petals. The blooms are large, generally exceeding 4 inches in diameter. Very free flowering.
New Dawn. Plant Patent No. 1. This new Rose is a sport from Dr. W. Van Fleet which is universally acknowledged as the best and most popular American Climbing Rose. This new variety is identical in every way with its parent in size and formation of its Iongpointed flesh-pink buds and double flowers, but blooms continuously throughout the summer and fall months. $\$ 1.50$ each.
Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. The long, shapely buds are carried on 12 to 14 -inch long stems. Very large, fragrant flowers of delicate pink, with big, frilled petals stained crimson outside. Foliage dark green, disease-resistant. Very free flowering.
Paul's Scarlet Climber. One of the most promising Climbing Roses yet sent out. The vivid scarlet, semi-double flowers are of mediun size, produced in large clusters and in great profusion. The color does not burn or fade. This Rose has been exhibited extensively in Europe and received numerous awards. Paul's Scarlet Climber in color is far beyond anything ever offered, being of such a dazzling shade as to make it distinctive among red Roses.
Primrose. In this we have what has long been sought after-a real hardy yellow rambler. It is a strong, vigorous grower, and hardy under the same conditions under which Dr. W. Van Fleet and similar varieties will succeed. In color it is light primrose-yellow, which is maintained until the petals drop.
Silver Moon. This Rose is of the same strong growth as Dr. W. Van Fleet. Foliage beautiful bronze-green, mildew-proof. Flowers are large, silvery white, with prominent yellow stamens, very fragrant and attractive, produced on strong stems.

## WATERER'S HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

The Hardy Perennials supply us with some of the most beautiful and interesting plants available for outdoor culture. By judicious selection from their almost endless variety, a continuous succession of bloom may be obtained from spring until frost, with wonderful range of color. Plants will be found suitable for massing, for bedding, and for borders, also for cutting and rock-garden work. From the Columbines of early April to the climax of Asters and Chrysanthemums, this story of fragrance and beauty repeats itself year after year, lavishly repaying the owner for the little care and attention which the plants require.

## Achillea - Milfoil; Yarrow

These plants are suitable for dry, sunny places. The dwart kinds are useful for carpeting or for rockeries; the taller ones as border plants.
Filipendulina. 3 ft . A strong-growing species with large, flat heads of yellow flowers. June, July.
Ptarmica, Boule de Neige. 2 ft . An improvement on The Pearl, with fuller and more perfect flowers. Best for borders. Rupestris. 6 in . Compact, low-growing alpine plant, forming cushions of attractive green foliage and bearing masses of snowwhite flowers in dense umbels. May, June. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz. Tomentosa. 6 in. A dwarf rock-plant, forming neat cushions of foliage which are hidden during May and June by heads of bright yellow flowers.
Umbellata. 6 in . This rare, dainty rock-plant bears heads of snowwhite flowers over tufts of silvery foliage. June. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.
All Achilleas, except where noted, 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Aconitum • Monkshood

Summer and late autumn-flowering plants, with bold spikes of hood-shaped flowers, thriving in cither sun or shade.
Fischeri. 11/i ft. A dwarf variety with pale blue flowers. September.
Napellus, Sparks' Variety. 3 ft . Tall variety, with branching spikes of blue flowers. The darkest Aconitum, and has a long flowering period. July.

All Aconitums, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 25$ per 100

## Æthionema • Lebanon Candytuft

Iberideum. A very free-flowering trailer for the rock-garden. It has gray, glaucous Ieaves and the white flowers are produced in

## Anchusa

Italica, Dropmore. 4 ft . Tall spikes of gentian-blue flowers, resembling giant forget-me-nots. June, July. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.
Myosotidifora. 1 ft . A distinct, dwarf perennial variety from Russia, with clusters of charming bue flowers resembling forget-me-nots. An effective rock-plant for shady places. May. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Androsace

Lanuginosa. A Himalayan plant rare in America. It is of a trailing habit and its prostrate stems are covered with silky leaves. The flowers are rose-pink and are borne in clusters at the termination of the stems. May to September. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Ajuga • Bugleweed

Genevensis. 6 in. A useful plant for the rockery and for carpeting the ground, particularly in shady positions, as under trees where grass will not grow. Short spikes of intense blue flowers. June. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Alyssum

Argenteum (Rock Plant). 1 ft . Large, flat heads of golden yellow flowers borne on wiry stems. May, June.
Saxatile compactum (Rock Plant). 1 ft . One of the most popular of spring-flowering plants. Masses of yellow flowers in April and May.
Saxatile citrinum. 9 in. A sulphur-colored variety of the above. ApriI, May.

All Alyssums, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Anthemis

Tinctoria Kelwayi. 2 ft . Bright yellow Marguerite-like flowers in great profusion. June to September. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Anemone

Pulsatilla. Large, cup-shaped bluish flowers, covered on the outside with silky hairs, are borne singly on stems 1 foot high in April and May. Fine for rockwork.
Japanese. Lovely Windflowers growing 2 to 3 feet high and flowering from August to frost.
Japonica alba. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Purest single white, with yellow center.
Japonica, Queen Charlotte. A strong grower producing large, semi-double, pink flowers.
Japonica rubra. Beautiful rosy red; stamens bright yellow.
Japonica, September Charm. Early and free blooming. Silvery rose, shaded mauve.
Japonica, Whirlwind. Excellent double white flowers.
All Anemones, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; \$18 per 100

## Aquilegia - Columbine

As a cut-flower, the Long-spurred Aquilegias are the daintiest of our outdoor-grown flowers. They come in blues, whites, yellows, and shades of pink and rose. The vigorous, long-lived plants remain in bloom a long time, and are indispensable for the old-fashioned garden and well adapted for the rockery.
Cærulea. 2 ft . Blue and white flowers with long, slender spurs. Chrysantha. 3 ft . Tall, beautiful species bearing soft yellow flowers. Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain. 2 to 3 ft . This is, probably, the best strain of Long-spurred Hybrids. The flowers are of rich and varied colors. May, June.
Rose Queen. 2 to 3 ft . Soft rose-colored flowers with white centers. May, June.

All Aquilegias, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

## Arabis . Rock Cress

Alpina. 9 in. A useful, early-flowering plant with pure white flowers, suitable for rock-garden, border, or for spring bedding. April, May. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.
Alpina f.-pl. A double-flowered form of the above and a much superior plant. 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100 .

## Arenaria

Montana. One of the best rock-plants for trailing over Iedges. Cascades of glistening white flowers in May. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Armeria . Thrift; Sea Pink

Attractive dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil, forming evergreen tufts of bright green foliage from which innumerable Howers appear in dense heads, on stiff wiry stems. Very useful in the rockery or border.
Laucheana. 6 in. Produces a mass of rosy crimson flowers all summer. Fine for edging and planting in masses. June to August.
Maritima alba. A pretty pure white.
All Armerias, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Artemisia

Vulgaris lactiflora. 5 to 6 ft . Fragrant, spirea-like plumes of creamy white flowers are borne on stout, erect stems from August to October.
Silver King. A showy, white-leaved variety growing 3 feet high. It can be cut and dried to mix with winter bouquets.

All Artemisias, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Asclepias • Butterfly Weed

Tuberosa. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Bright orange-red flowers, borne in clusters on strong stems. July to September. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Aubrietia

## Rainbow Rock Cress

Pretty, dwarf-growing plants suitable for the rockery or for the edge of the border. They form masses of silvery green foliage and sheets of vari-colored flowers in spring and early summer.
Choice mixed varieties, 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 .

## Asters, Hardy Michaelmas Daisy; Starwort

As a plant of general usefulness, the Aster stands unrivaled. The great variety in color, size of flower, time of flowering and height, combined with the simple cultural requirements necessary, make it one of the most desirable of hardy plants. Many of the varieties are excellent for cutting. The finest flowers and strongest spikes are obtained if the plants are divided annually.
Barr's Pink. 4 ft . A new variety of strong, erect growth, bearing large, bright pink flowers.
Cærulea. 4 to 5 ft . Large, pale blue flowers in pyramidal heads. September, October.
Feltham Blue. 4 ft . The Iarge, clear blue flowers are borne on long, slender stems. September.
Harrington's Pink. 4 ft. Deep rose-pink. It completely eclipses all other pink varieties. A grand subject for autumn gardens and a fine cut-flower. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.
Mrs. Raynor. 4 ft . The deepest red of aII Asters.
Mauve Cushion. 9 in. Distinct from all other Asters, this variety forms a round, compact cushion that is entirely covered with delicate mauve flowers during October and November. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Sam Banham. 3 ft . The best white Aster. Good for cutting. September, October.
Tataricus. 6 ft . A distinct species from Siberia. Its Iarge violet flowers are carried on tall, leafy stems. November.
White Climax. 5 ft . A pure white form of Climax.
Any of above Asters, except where noted, 30 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Asters, Dwarf Hybrid

The new Dwarf Asters fill a long-felt want in providing a race of dwarf, compact plants, blooming freely at a season when there is a scarcity of low-growing flowering plants. They rarely exceed 15 inches in height and bloom in September. Unsurpassed for borders and the rockery.
Constance. 12 to 15 in . Lovely, well-formed blooms of a clear and charming light pink shade.
Diana. 15 in. This will appeal to all who appreciate delicate colors, as the blooms are delicate blush-pink.
Hebe. 15 in . Clear lavender-blue flowers that give a particularly fine effect in the garden.
Lady Henry Maddocks. 12 in . Clear pink flowers produced freely on dwarf, compact plants.
Lavanda. 15 in. A magnificent new addition to this class with attractive light blue blooms. The vivid and pure color of the flowers is most charming.
Lilac Time. 15 in. The well-rounded bushes, completely covered with deep violet blooms, give a startling effect.
Niobe. 12 in. Of very compact growth, completely covered with graceful, pure white flowers with yellow centers.

## Any of the above, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Aster, Dwarf Alpine

Alpinus. 9 in. Large, bluish purple flowers. Fine rock-plant. June. Alpinus albus. A white variety of abovc.
Subcæruleus. 1 ft . Large violet-purple flowers, freely borne on slender, erect stems. June, July.
Any of the above Asters, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Dwarf Hardy Aster, Summer-flowering

Frikarti (Wonder of Staefa). The large, well-formed blooms, about 3 inches in diameter, are produced in great profusion from August until frost and are a lovely lavender-blue in color. The plant is free branching and attains a height of about $21 / 2$ feet. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.50$ per doz.

## Baptisia • False Indigo

Australis. 2 ft . Dark blue, pea-shaped flowers in June. Suitable for the hardy border or wild garden. Very attractive foliage. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Bocconia

Cordata. 6 to 8 ft . A tall-growing, stately plant with handsome, gray, glaucous foliage bearing panicles of creamy white flowers. July, August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.


Centaurea montana

## Cerastium

Tomentosum. Forms a carpet of silvery foliage which is covered in May with pure white flowers. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Chelone

Lyoni. 2 ft . A very free-flowering plant bearing large, deep pink, pentstemon-like flowers on sturdy, erect stems. July-September. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Coreopsis

Grandiflora. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. One of the best hardy plants for cutting. The bright yellow flowers are borne on long, graceful stems throughout the summer. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Convallaria • Lily-of-the-Valley

Majalis. The old-time favorite, which loves the shade, and grows successfully under the trees. Extra-strong clumps, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.; $\$ 35$ per 100.

## Boltonia • False Chamomile

A showy native hardy perennial plant with large, single, aster-like flowers during the summer and autumn months. With its thousands of flowers open at one time it produces a very showy effect.
Asteroides. 5 to 7 ft . Pure white; very effective.
Latisquama. 4 to 6 ft . Pink, slightly tinged with lavender.
All Boltonias, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Calamintha

Alpina (Satureia alpina). 6 in. A prostrate rock-plant producing a mass of violetblue flowers borne in clusters. July, August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Campanula • Bellflower; Harebell

One of the most beautiful and important families of hardy plants. Having a very wide geographical distribution, its members are varied in character and are adapted for rock-garden, border, and woodland.
Carpatica. 1 ft . Suitable for rock-garden or border. Large, blue, cup-shaped flowers during July and August.
Garganica. 4 in . Forms a dense, compact tuft and bears a profusion of starry, violet-blue flowers. June. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Medium (Canterbury Bells). Blue, Pink, White, separate colors.
Medium calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer). Mixed colors.
Persicifolia. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Slender, erect stems studded with blue, cup-shaped flowers in June and July.
Persicifolia alba. A white variety of the above.
Persicifolia, Telham Beauty. 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. One of the best introductions of late years. With its single, rich blue, large, bell-shaped flowers, this variety is a most beautiful and attractive plant for the perennial border. Excellent for cutting. June, July. 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Rotundifolia (Blue Bells of Scotland). 9 in. Slender spikes of blue, bell-shaped flowers growing from compact tufts of bright green foliage. June, July.
All Campanulas, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100, except where noted

## Carnation, Border

We can supply these popular favorites in mixed colors only. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Caryopteris

Mastacanthus superbus. 2 to 3 ft . A handsome, free-flowering plant of branching habit. Forms well-rounded bushes having long branches covered with whorls of attractive flowers arranged in tiers. Bloons in September and October. We can furnish these in separate colors. Blue, Pink, and White. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Centaurea

Macrocephala. 4 to 5 ft . A stately plant of robust habit, bearing large, globular heads of golden yellow flowers. July, August.
Montana. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Woolly foliage and bright blue flowers. June, July.
Montana alba. A white variety of the preceding.
All Centaureas, 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS

These showy and effective favorites are now universally popular. When planted outside they extend the flowering season of your perennial garden, blooming profusely in October after other flowers have been browned by early frosts, which do not affect the Chrysanthemums, producing a wealth of bloom especially fine for cutting. They should be planted early in a well-drained position, either in the hardy border or at the edge of a shrubbery border, and late in the autumn, after they have finished flowering and the tops have been cut off, they should have a covering of leaves or loose litter as a winter protection, but do not cover with manure.

## Small-flowered

Capt. R. H. Cook. Tall. Deep rose.
Cheerfulness. The finest yellow Button.
Ethel. Deep maroon with bronze suffusion.
Irene. Good-sized white Button.
Jewel. Ball-shaped lilac Pompon.
Ruth. Wine-red.

## Large Double Decorative

Ganna. Bright lilac-pink.
Mrs. H. E. Kidder. Large; incurved; yellow.
Muldoon. Purplish amaranth.
Murillo. Large; old-rose.
Oconto. Large; effective; white.
Ruth Cumming. Rich terra-cotta-red.

## Extra-Early Double

Abundance. Salmon-red with golden reversc.
Glomero. Compact; orange-yellow.
Glorietta. Ball-shaped; light pink.
Lorelei. Double; yellow. Dwarf habit.
Sunkist. Frce-flowering. Bright orange.
Taswa. Upright. Early. White.

## Single-flowered

Cosmos. Deep purplish carmine.
Indian Maid. Deep orange-terra-cotta.
Mongolian. Deepest yellow.
Persia. Deep rosy carmine.
Princess. Best single white.
Red Hussar. Brilliant scarlet-crimson.

## Cushion Type

This type is frequently referred to under the name Azaleamum. Dwarf and early flowering. Amelia (Pink Cushion). Light rose.
King Cushion. Deep bronzy salmon.
Queen Cushion. Pure white.

## Korean Hybrids

These extra-hardy, single-flowering Chrysanthemums are one of the most outstanding new creations. During the late fall the plants are sinıply covered with graceful, large, single flowers of rare charm.
Apollo. Bronze, red, and gold.
Diana. Lilac-rose and salmon.
Ceres. Chamois-yellow and coppery gold.
Mars. Deep amaranth-red.
Mercury. Plant Patent No. 58. Blood-red, tinged bronze.
Daphne. Lovely daphne-pink.
Korean Hybrids, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Astrid (Arcticum Type)

An absolutely hardy Chrysanthemurn that requires no winter protection. The single flowers are soft pink with apricot tints, blending nicely with a prominent yellow center. Handsome leathery leaves and very free flowering. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Hardy Chrysanthemum

Maximum (Shasta Daisy). 2 ft . A useful flower for cutting. The large, white, daisylike blooms are produced over a long period. June-September. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Chiffon (Shasta Daisy). $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A daintily frilled Shasta. The flowers are formed by a double row of narrow white petals, frilled and flared at the edges; center is a clear yellow. Flowers are 3 inches in diameter. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.50$ per doz.

Three hundred and forty varieties of Tulips will be on exhibition this May at our show grounds, Homebush Farm.

© Dicentra spectabilis

## Dielytra . Dicentra

Spectabilis (Bleeding-Heart; Seal Flower). An old-fashioned favorite. Its long raeemes of graceful, heart-shaped, pink flowers are always attractive. It is used largely for foreing, and is perfeetly at home in any part of the hardy border; especially valuable for planting in the shade. Strong elumps, 50 ets. eaeh; $\$ 5$ per doz.
Formosa (Plumy Bleeding-Heart). A dwarfer-growing speeies, with finely cut ornamental foliage, growing about 15 inches high and producing its showy pink flowers from April till August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Digitalis • Foxglove

One of the showiest and most attractive of old-fashioned favorites whose popularity is continually inereasing. For stately and picturesque beauty it is not to be surpassed, and, planted in masses in the garden, it is extremely effective and satisfactory. It is a biennial, but, as it renews itself from self-sown seed, it may be treated as a perennial.
Purpurea gloxiniæflora. Pink, Purple, White, separate. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
The Shirley. A new strain raised by the Iate Rev. W. Wilkes, the originator of the wellknown Shirley Poppies. The flowers are of enormous size and vary in color from pure white to deepest rose. 25 ets. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## English Hollyhock Delphiniums in Color Groups

A weleome innovation is the following offer of the Hollyhock Delphiniums released in four separate color groups. These plants are grown from the identieal strains which eomprise our well-known named Delphiniums. The plants are all heavy, field-grown, and are also
shipped balled and burlapped.

Light Shades
Mauve Shades

## Intermediate Shades <br> Dark Shades

$\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.50$ per doz.

## Standard Varieties

Belladonna. $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . An invaluable variety for eutting; sky-blue flowers in great profusion from June until frost.
Bellamosa. 3 to 4 ft . A true hybrid of Belladonna and Formosum, surpassing both parents. Dark blue. It is not subjeet to mildew.
Formosum. 4 ft . A robust-growing Larkspur having dark blue flowers with white centers. June to September.

Mixture of the above three Standard Delphiniums, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Grandiforum chinense. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Gentian-blue flowers and finely divided foliage. June to Oetober.
Grandiforum album. A white variety of the above.
Mixed Hybrids. This mixture ean be relied on to prodluce a large percentage of extremely good individuals, and is mueh superior to the ordinary mixed strain. It has been raised from seed saved from H. J. Jones' named varieties. 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100 . Any of the above Standard Delphiniums, except where noted,

## Dictamnus • Gas Plant

Fraxinella caucasica. 2 ft . A splendid old garden favorite with fragrant foliage and lovely spikes of pink flowers with deeper veins. Blooms during June and July.
Fraxinella alba. A white-flowered variety of the above.
All Dictamnus, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Dianthus • Pinks

Suitable for dry rockeries, dry walls, or any other hot, dry, sunny spot. Almost all Pinks are of the easiest culture and will thrive in any well-drained soil and sunny position.
Allwoodi, Jean. 1 ft . An improved type of Hardy Pink. The flowers are larger than the old type and are borne on longer stems. White flowers with erimson centers; elove-seented. June to October.

## Allwoodi, Joyce. Rose-pink with red centers.

Arenarius. A desirable rock-plant of compact, tufted habit. During May and June the foliage is entirely hidden by masses of deeply fringed, fragrant, white flowers borne on 6 -ineh stems.
Cæsius (Cheddar Pink). Blue-gray cushions of foliage and rosy pink, sweetly seented flowers carried on 9-inch stems. May, June.
Deltoides (Maiden Pink). A trailing rock-plant; fine for border edging. Flowers deep red with a crimson eye. June, July.

Deltoides albus. A white variety of the above.
Deltoides, Brilliant. Vivid crimson.
Plumarius. 1 ft . A first-rate mixture, with beautifully frilled flowers. June, July.
All Dianthus, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Doronicum

Excelsum. 2 ft . A very showy garden plant with daisy-like flowers of bright golden yellow in May and June. Excellent for cutting. 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Echinops • Globe Thistle

Vigorous, stately plants, ornamental both in flower and foliage. The large, handsome leaves are spiny at the tips and are covered with silvery down.
Ritro. 4 ft . Globular heads of glistening blue flowers. July, August. 25 ets. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Erigeron

Speciosus. 2 ft . A fine hardy perennial producing purplish lilac, daisy-like flowers in July and August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .


Hollyhock Delphiniums

## Eryngium • Sea Holly

Planum. $211 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Small blue flower-heads and steely blue stems. Good for cutting and drying. July, August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Eupatorium

Cœlestinum. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Very free flowering and valuable for cutting. Masses of blue, ageratum-like flowers from August to October.
Fraseri. Feathery white flowers. July to September.
All Eupatoriums, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Euphorbia • Spurge

Corollata. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . The value of this plant for çutting is not fully appreciated. It is well adapted for shipping, and its small, pure white flowers take the place of Gvpsopbila paniculata when that is past. Best results are obtained by allowing it to remain undisturbed for several years. August, September
Epithymoides (E. polycbroma). $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A conspicuous object in early spring. It has a bushy, much-branched habit, each branch terminating in a whorl of bright petal-like bracts.

All Euphorbias, 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## Funkia . Plantain Lily

Subcordata grandiflora. Large, pure white flowers and bold foliage make this a very attractive variety. July, August
Undulata variegata. 9 in . One of the easiest plants to grow. The broad, massive leaves, variegated green and white, make them decorative in the border when their pale lavender flowers are past. Succeed in sun or shade.

All Funkias, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 25$ per 100

## Gaillardia

Grandiflora ( $G$. aristata). 2 ft . Ranges in color from old-gold to crimson. This plant is unrivaled for furnishing a continuous supply of cut-flowers. June to October. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.
Mr. Sherbrook. The brightest yellow of any Gaillardia. Its large, full, circular flowers are a rich golden yellow with a paler center, unstained by any other color, and are supported by stout stems. They continue from early summer until late fall. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.50$ per doz.
Ruby. This is a brilliant red having no hint of yellow or brown in its make-up. Blooms all summer long, as do few other perennials. Its vivid flowers make a continuous showing and furnish abundant material for cutting. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.50$ per doz.
The Dazzler. A recent introduction, producing large, bright golden yellow flowers with red-maroon centers. Its strong, straight, erect stems make it a valuable variety for cutting. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.


Funkia subcordata grandiflora

## Geum

Chiloense, Lady Stratheden. 2 ft . A new variety similar in habit and growth to the well-known Mrs. Bradshaw. It bears large, oldgold, double flowers. May, June.
Chiloense, Mrs. Bradshaw. 2 ft . One of the most striking of hardy plants. Slender, branching stems are produced from tufts of evergreen foliage and bear large, rich scarlet, double flowers in great profusion. A good plant for cutting. May, June.

All Geums, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100

## Globularia • Globe Daisy

Trichosantha. 6 in. A low-growing rock-plant, bearing globular heads of pale blue flowers arising from tufts of shiny green foliage. There is a steely glint to the blue of the Globe Daisies that makes them especially interesting. May, June. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## CHOICE PEONIES

Peonies are delightful companions for irises; their dense foliage alone makes a charming background and their wonderful abundance of gorgeous and gay-colored flowers blend so beautifully with the colors in the irises that each enhances the beauty of the other.

Both are so hardy, so easy to grow, so sure to bloom, so ready to respond eagerly to any little care and attention, that a lover of one must necessarily have or develop a fondness for the other.

Adolphe Rousseau. Semi-double type. Very large; dark velvety red with garnet shadings. Exceptionally tall, erect, stiff stems. 75 cts. each.
Avalanche. Double type. Large creamy white flowers of superb form. Very strong, robust grower. Fragrant. 50 cts. each.
Baroness Schroeder. Rose type. White with shadings of flesh. This is one of the finest Peonies. 1ts immense flowers of great substance with high chalice-shaped center are freely produced, lasting a long time. Very fragrant. Late. 75 cts. each.
Duchesse de Nemours. Double type. An extremely early, freeflowering white sort with a light canary-yellow center. 50 cts . each.
Edulis Superba. Crown type. Beautiful bright clear mauve-pink with silvery reflex. Decoration Day Peony. Very early. 50 cts ; ea.
Felix Crousse. Rose type. Rich, dazzling ruby-red without a tinge of purple. None better. Late midseason. 50 cts. each
Festiva Maxima. Rose type. The finest white in existence. Pure white with clear carmine spot on edge of center petal. Early. 50 cts. each.
Georgiana Shaylor. Rose type. Color flesh-pink, changing to a delicate whitish pink in the center. The very large, beautifully formed flowers are produced freely. 75 cts . each.
Karl Rosenfield. Seni-rose type. Large, rich, velvety crimson flowers having a perfect ball-form when fully open. Tall, strong grower. 50 cts . each.
Mme. Emile Galle. Rose type. Large, compact flowers of delicate shell-pink with touches of heliotrope and lavender. 75 cts. each.
Mme. Jules Dessert. Rose type. Creamy white overlaid with a pronounced pink, center intermixed with golden stamens. Very large, with broad, delicate petals of translucent texture. A charming variety and should be in every collection. $\$ 1.50$ each.

Mons. Jules Elie. The peerless pure pink. Broad, reflexing guards with a high pyramidal body of semi-quilled petals converging to an apex. One of the largest, handsomest, and most lastine cutting sorts in existence. 75 cts. each.
Reine Hortense (President Taft). Rose type. Enormous, compact flat flower of soft flesh color, deepening to shell-pink; center showing crimson splashes, sometimes faint stripes on the face of the petals. Well formed and very striking. Deliciously fragrant. A vigorous grower and profuse bloomer. Fine for cut-flowers and usually in bloom just about Decoration Day. Midseason. \$1 each.
Sarah Bernhardt. Semi-rose type. Very large flower of perfect form, full and double, with twisted imbricated petals. Color apple-blossom-pink with each petal silver-tipped. Strong grower, free bloomer, and very fragrant. One of the finest and most dependable Peonies ever produced, attracting attention in every garden. Late midseason. $\$ 1$ each.
Solange. Rose type. A very large, full, compact flower of indescribable beauty. Color rare, deep orange-salmon at the heart, overlaid with delicate tender reddish brown-a most unique color combination. The plant is a strong, robust grower and very abundant bloomer. Considered as one of the most unusual and charming Peonies ever produced. Midseason. $\$ 1.50$ each.
Therese. Rose type. Flowers rich satiny pink, with glossy reflex, enormous in size. Sturdy, vigorous grower with upright stems and rich green foliage. Delicately fragrant. \$1 each.
Walter Faxon. Semi-rose type. Outstanding in color-soft coralpink, shaded lighter at ends of petals, and a deeper rose-pink at the base, with a salmon reflection. Medium tall and a vigorous grower. \$1 each.

## Gypsophila • Baby's Breath

Paniculata. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Cloud-like masses of small white flowers. One of the most popular and useful plants for cutting. July.
Repens. A dwarf trailer, excellent for cascading down the slopes of the rock garden. Masses of small white flowers. June, July.
Bristol Fairy. New Double Gypsophila. With double flowers almost as large as the annual Baby's Breath and every bit as white, as lasting, and as easily handled as the usual double sort, it is more valuable than either. Not only for the flowers alone, but for the long season over which they are produced, Bristol Fairy is a triumphant achievement. Unlike the old double Baby's Breath, which bloomed once and was gone, and unlike the annual sort which had to be sown many timcs a season, it continues to bloom from early summer until hard frost. 50 cts. each: $\$ 5$ per doz.
All Gypsophilas, except where otherwise noted, 25 sts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

## Helenium

Strong-growing plants, valuable for producing late summer and fall effects in woodland or herbaceous border. Also useful as a cut-flower.
Autumnale, Riverton Beauty. 4 ft . Clear yellow flowers with black centers. August, September.
Autumnale, Riverton Gem. 4 ft . Rich mahogany-red flowers. August, September.
Autumnale superbum. 4 ft . Yellow. August, September.
Hoopesi. 2 ft . Large heads of deep yellow flowers. June, July.
All Heleniums, 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100


## Helianthemum <br> Rock or Sun Rose

Dwarf evergreen shrubs of spreading habit, which for freedom of flowering and brilliancy of coloring are equaled by few and excelled by no other family of plants. Delighting in full sun, they will thrive on a hot, sunny bank where few other plants will exist. Massed on the rock-garden or front of herbaceous border, they are the most gorgeous sight in the garden during June. These plants deserve the close attention of all who are interested in rock-gardening.
Chamæcistus macranthum. 6 in. Large; creamy white.
Mrs. Earle. 9 in. Double; scarlet flowers.
Præcox. 9 in. Large, soft yellow flowers. Silvery foliage.
Rhodanthum carneum. 9 in. Very large, clear pink flowers. Silvery foliage.
All Helianthemums, 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100

## Helianthus . Hardy Sunflower

The perennial Sunflowers should always be planted in masses, where they may have plenty of room. In combination with hardy asters, where broad color effects are wanted in late summer, they have few equals. They are protuse bloomers, producing an unlimited supply of flowers for decoration.
Decapetalus multiflorus f.-pl. (Double Hardy Sunflower). 4 ft. Large, double, dahlia-like golden yellow flowers in great profusion during July and August.
Maximiliani. 6 ft . The latest of all. Golden yellow flowers in graccful sprays in October. Fine for cutting.
Mollis. 5 ft . Thick, velvety foliage, of a distinct, silvery tinge. Flowers Iemon-ycllow. August, September.

All Helianthus, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Heliopsis • Orange Sunflower

Helianthoides Pitcheriana. 3 ft . Golden ycllow flowers all summer. Similar in general habit to Helianthus, but commences to flower earlier in the season (July and August), of dwarter habit, rarely exceeding 3 feet in height. Very valuable for cutting. 25 cts . eacli; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .


Hemerocallis

## Helleborus

Niger (Christmas Rose). 1 ft . This is one of the most interesting of all hardy plants we have because it flowers so early. In a sheltered, well-drained, partially shaded position it will come into bloom during February or March. The flowers are large and of artistic form. They are white lightly flushed purple and measure 2 inches in diameter. $\$ 1$ each; $\$ 10$ per doz.

## Hemerocallis • Yellow Day Lily

These have long been favorites in our garden, and are always included in any list of the most popular hardy plants. All of the varieties are desirable and beautiful. The tall, graceful, grass-like foliage sets off the charming lily-like flowers very effectively.
Dr. Regel. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Fragrant, orange-yellow, Iily-like flowers. May. Flava (Yellow Day Lily). 3 ft . Fragrant, clear yellow flowers. Blooms earliest of these charming Lilies, coming in May and June, and is useful as a cut-flower as well as in the herbaceous border.
Thunbergi. 3 ft . Blooms in late July, after the other varieties. Rich, clear Iemon-yellow flowers.

All Hemerocallis, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## NEW GIANT HYBRIDS

These new varieties are a great improvement over the older type and should be in every garden. Magnificent in every way.
Bay State. Medium-sized, round, rich pure yellow flowers. Early and most profuse. 30 cts . each.
Cinnabar. Blooms in July and August. Fine delicate shade of brownish red with golden suffusion. Throat is cadmium-yellow. Very free and attractive. 75 cts. each.
D. D. Wyman. Large orange-yellow blooms, overIaid with bronzy red, during June and July. 50 cts. each.
Dover. In bloom May 25. Large golden yellow flowers on strong, upright stalks. Aside from extreme earliness it is one of the brightest and most distinct of the new hybrids. 50 cts. each.
Fulva maculata. Bold, upstanding, coppery orange shaded crimson. Blooms in July. 75 cts. each.
George Yeld. A most beautiful and distinct variety with large, open flowers. The outer petals are a rich orange, the inner ones flushed orange-bronze. Midseason. 50 cts. each.
Gypsy. Deep orange, shaded coppery red. Blooms June and July. 40 cts. each.
J. A. Crawford. Large, open, deep yellow flowers of excellent form. Quite tall. Mid-June through July. 30 cts. each.
Mrs. W. H. Wyman. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Valuable on account of its cxtensive flowering season, lasting a full month from early July until early August. Clear yellow blooms. 30 cts . each.
The Gem. 2 ft . Round, full flowers of medium size and a deep golden yellow hue. Blooms during June. 30 cts . each.

## Hepatica

Triloba (Liver-leaf). 6 in. A pretty spring-flowering plant with light blue flowers and heart-shaped leaves. Useful as a rock-plant, for a shady spot in the border, or for woodland planting where it is perfectly at home. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Heuchera - Coral Bells

Dwarf, compact, bushy plants of casy culturc bearing loose, graceful spikes of flowers in grcat profusion. It is fine for the border and rockery and excellent for cutting.
Sanguinea. 1 to $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Flowers bright crimson. Very frce-flowering. Excellent for rock-garden. June to September.
Rosamunde. Branching stems of coral-pink flowers.
All Heucheras, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100

## Hibiscus

Mallow Marvels. A robust type, with deeply eut foliage, and large flowers in shades of erimson, pink and white. 30 ets. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 .

## Hollyhocks

These stately, majestie, hardy plants, from 6 to 8 feet high, are a necessary part of every old-fashioned garden, ard should also find a plaee interspersed with shrubbery, as elumps on the lawn, or in the mixed border, where their colossal spikes of bloom produce bold and showy effeets, which eannot be seeured with any other flowering plant.

DOUBLE VARIETIES
Apple-Blossom

White
Yellow
Mixed

## SINGLE VARIETIES

The old-fashioned Hollyhoeks, much improved in size and purity of color. All colors mixed.

All Hollyhocks, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

## Hyacinthus

Candicans. One of the best of all hardy bulbs for the herbaceous border. It bears twenty to thirty white, pendent, bell-shaped flowers on stalks 3 to 4 feet high. Blooms early and till late fall. 15 cts . each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## Hypericum

Olympicum. 6 in . A rare rock-plant with gray foliage and very large, yellow flowers. June, July. 50 cts. eaeh; $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Iberis . Hardy Candytuft

Gibraltarica. 1 ft . Very desirable dwarf plant with evergreen foliage, covered with dense heads of pale lilae flowers in early spring. 25 ets. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .
Sempervirens. 9 in . An invaluable spring-flowering plant of dwarf and compaet habit, bearing masses of snow-white flowers in large trusses. April, May. 25 cts. eaeh; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .
Sempervirens, Little Gem. 6 in . A miniature form eompletely covered in May with snow-white flowers. Its uniform neat habit makes it one of our best rock-plants. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100.

## German Irises (Iris germanica)

Their beauty outrivals that of the orchid in their delieaey of structure and wide range of colors. No garden is complete without them, and a very delightful garden can be made with nothing but them, as they are especially adapted for flower-borders, shrubberies, woodland walks, and for surrounding lakes and ponds, if planted well above the water-level.

ABBREVIATIONS:
S., standards or upper petals; F., falls or lower petals
Ambassadeur. S. a fascinating smoky velvety purple color; $F$.


Double Hollyhocks velvety purple-maroon; beards and style yellow. 50 ets. eaeli; $\$ 5$ per doz.
Dauntless. The best known of all the so-called red Irises. Its rieh velvety red blooms are of great size and borne atop tall, heavy stems. 50 ets. eaeh; $\$ 5.50$ per doz.
Freida Mohr. Large, deep pink-toned Iris of brilliant coloring and exceptional texture. Flowers freely for a long period. 35 ets. eaeh; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
King of Iris. A striking variety, with flowers of perfect form. S. elear lemon eolor; $F$. deep satiny brown, with a broad border of golden yellow. 50e. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.
Lent A. Williamson. Blue standards; velvety purple falls. 25 cts. eaeh; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Loreley. S. light yellow, with oeeasional blue markings; F. ultramarine-blue, bordered eream. 25 ets. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Los Angeles. Gigantie white flowers, with a feather-stiteh edging of blue. One of the most beautiful of this type. 35 ets. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Pallida Dalmatica. Standards pale lavender; Falls deep lavender. Large flowers on 3 -foot stems. 35 ets. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Princess Victoria Louise. Standards primrose-yellow; Falls reddish purple with a narrow primrose margin. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Imperial Japanese Iris (Iris Kaempferi)

These noble Irises are the most beautiful of the speeies and are beeoming more popular each season. They begin blooming about the middle of June and continue for about five to six weeks. While they suceeed in almost any soil and under any condition, they delight in a rich deep moist position.
Bertha Hallock. Double; pale lilae, beautifully suffused violet.
Blue Danube. Double; bluc with white veins, yellow eenter.
Catherine Parry. Double; blue overlaid with violet.
Dream. Silvery white, veined and mottled violet; three petals.
Gold Bound. Double; ereany white with gold bands.
Mount Hood. Double; rich royal purple with yellow eenter.
Paragon. Rich royal purple with many white veins; six petals.
T. S. Ware. Double; bright erimson-purple with white veins.

Mixed Varieties. 25 ets. eaelı; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100.
All Imperial Japanese Irises, except where noted, 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.


Lobelia cardinalis

## Lobelia

Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Rich, fiery cardinal flowers. Few plants are more effective at their season of bloom, which extends from early in August till late in September. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Lupinus • Lupines

The Lupines produce beautiful spikes of pea-shaped flowers a foot long on stems 3 feet high. Very valuable in the hardy border, giving an abundance of delicately scented flowers in June and July.
Polyphyllus. 3 to 4 ft . Strong spikes of deep blue, pea-shaped flowers. June, July.
Polyphyllus albus. A white variety of the above.
Polyphyllus roseus. Pink form of the above.
All Lupines, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100

## Lychnis

Alpina. 6 in. Compact cushions of rich green leaves, studded in April and May with heads of pink flowers.
Chalcedonica (Jerusalem Cross). 2 to 3 ft . Stout, leafy stems, bearing large, flat heads of bright scarlet flowers. July, August.
Chalcedonica alba. A white variety of the above.
Viscaria splendens, f.-pl. 1 ft . Spikes of intense crimson-scarlet, double, fragrant flowers. Evergreen foliage. June.

All Lychnis, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

## Lysimachia

Nummularia. A prostrate trailer, spangled during spring and early summer with large, clear yellow flowers. Valuable for planting under trees or shrubs where grass will not grow. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Lythrum

Virgatum, Rose Queen. 3 to 4 ft . A shapely bush formed of many slender stems which are thickly covered three-quarters of their length with rosy pink flowers. July to September. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Mazus

Rugosus. A prostrate grower, forming a dense, green carpet, studded in spring with large violet flowers spotted with gold. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.
We specialize in Hedge Plants. See page 101. It will pay you to get a copy of

## Various Irises

Cristata. 4 in. A dwarf, fairy-like plant with soft blue, orange-striped flowers. Easily grown in a rather moist, partially shaded position. May.
Pseudacorus (Water Flag). 3 ft . A rich yellow variety flowering with the Siberian Iris. Suitable for very damp places and for naturalizing, but just as fine in the hardy border. Pseudacorus alba. 3 ft . A lovely pure white form of the above. 75 cts . each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. Pumila cyanea. 9 in. Violet-purple. May.
Pumila, The Bride. 9 in. Pure white. May.
Sibirica (Siberian Iris). 2 to 3 ft . A variety distinguished by its tall, grass-like foliage and numerous violet-colored flowers that are borne on slender stems. May and June.
Sibirica, Snow Queen. A variety of great merit. Flowers snow-white.
Any of the above various Irises, except where noted, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Lavandula • Sweet Lavender

Vera. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . A popular, old-fashioned plant with fragrant blue flowers and foliage. June, July. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Vera, Munstead Variety. 9 in . A dwarf, compact form of the above. Good for edging or the rock-garden. May, June. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Linum • Flax

Perenne. 2 ft . A continuous succession of clouds of sapphire-blue flowers throughout summer.
Perenne album. A white variety of the above.
All Linums, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100


## Liatris

Pycnostachya. 4 to 5 ft . Long, slender stems; rosy purple flowers. July, August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .
Scariosa. 3 to 4 ft . Spikes of clear purple flowers. July, August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

SACCO-the Perfect Plant-Food for Lawn and Garden

Three hundred and forty varieties of Tulips will be on exhibition this May at our show grounds, Homebush Farm.


Lythrum

## Mertensia • Bluebells

Virginica. Blooms very early in the spring. Flowers bright blue, fading to pink, borne on graceful, drooping stems about $11 / 2$ feet high. A very desirable addition to every spring garden. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Monarda

Didyma (Bergamot). Bright red heads of flowers on 3 -foot stems. The whole plant is fragrant. June to August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Myosotis • Forget-me-not

Everyone is familiar with the Forget-me-not that makes such beautiful pictures in the garden in early spring. They are alike charming in the border, rock-garden, or by the waterside.
Palustris semperflorens. Very dwarf; bloom from spring until autumn. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Nepeta

Mussini (Catmint). Many-stemmed, somewhat trailing plant and has silvery leaves. During June it bears spikes of lavender-blue flowers in great profusion. Most effective if grown in large masses. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## ©nothera

## Evening Primrose

Missouriensis. A fine trailing plant with very large, pale yellow flowers, 5 to 6 inches in diameter. One of the best percnnials for rock-garden or border. June to August.
Speciosa. 2 ft . Erect plant with snow-white flowers in great profusion throughout summer.
All Enotheras, 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100


Pentstemon Digitalis

## Pardanthus

Chinensis (Blackberry Lily). 3 ft . Bright orange, lily-like black seeds rcsembing blackberries. July, August. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

Barbatus Torreyi. 4 ft . Graceful, tapering stems, covered with large, tubular, scarlet flowers. June to August. Digitalis. 2 to 3 ft . White, tubular flowers with purple throat. Good for cutting. June, July.
All Pentstemons, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

Francheti (Chinese Lantern Plant). Valuable for its bright orange-scarlet, lantern-like fruits in fall. When cut and dried, they make an cffective winter decoration in the home. Plants attain a height of $11 / 2$ feet, with small white flowers in May and good foliage all summer. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100.


Mertensia

## Pachysandra

Terminalis. 6 to 9 in . One of the most valuable evergreen shrubs for dense shade. Has low habit, sometimes even trailing. Fine, glossy, light green leaves in abundance. Greenish white flowers in May or June, arranged in spikes. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Papaver

Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). Dwarf, frecflowering plants, bearing solitary blossoms on stems about 1 foot in height. Good for cutting. May to August. 30 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100.

Orientale (Oriental Poppy). Immense, cup-shaped blooms of brightest crim-son-scarlet, with large, purplish black blotches at base of petals, creating a wonderful contrast when bloom is fully open. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 .
Orientale, Menelik. Large, rich coppery crimison flowers. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100.
Orientale olympicum. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. The only double form of the Oriental Poppy. Rich scarlet flowers. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## SACCO

The perfect plant-food for Lawn and Garden
flowers with brownish purple spots, followed by conspicuous

## Pentstemon

 PEONIES. See page 90 .
## Physalis

 this season


CHRYSANTHEMUM, AMELIA
25 c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
for description, see page 88


CHRYSANTHEMUM, OCONTO
25c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
For description, see page 88


CHRYSANTHEMUM, ASTRID

25 c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
For description, see page 88


CHRYSANTHEMUM, LORELEI
25 c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
For description, see page 88


VITEX macrophylla
Attractive spikes of lavender-blue flowers on a graceful shrub from July until September. 75 cts . each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.


CALYCANTHUS floridus
The old Siweet Shrub with brown flowers of unforgettable fragrance in May. 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.


BUDDLEIA, Charming
Exquisite lavender-pink flowers; large spikes during late summer and autumn. 75 cts . each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.


TAMARIX rubra, Summer Glow
Bright wine-red flowers and feathery foliage. A fine summer-blooming shrub. \$1 each; \$10 per doz.

## Phlox

One of the most important families of hardy perennials and should be well represented in every collection. They deserve a prominent position in every garden of hardy flowers, since they thrive in most soils; however, a rich loam is most desirable. By growing a complete collection, they can be had in bloom from early June until late fall.
Albion. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. White with faint red eye.
Antonin Mercier. 2 ft . Soft lilac-blue with white center.
Bacchante. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Fiery pink with crimson eye.
Baron van Dedem. 2 ft . Glowing crimson.
Enchantress. Salmon-pink.
Europa. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. White with carmine eye.
La Vogue. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Pinkish mauve.
Mia Ruys. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Pure white; large trusses.
Mrs. van Hoboken. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Bright pink, suffused with mauve.
Rijnstroom. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Rose-pink, very large individual flowers.
R. P. Struthers. 2 ft . Rosy red with crimson eye.

Thor. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Very large trusses of dazzling pink flowers.
Suffruticosa, Miss Lingard. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A good variety for cutting. Pyramidal trusses of white flowers with faint lilac eyes. June to September.
W. C. Egan. Large, pink flowers.

All above Phloxes, 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100


Primula Polyanthus

## New Dwarf Physostegia

Grandiflora. A plant of recent introduction and a most valuable acquisition. It produccs numerous stout, square stems 1 to $11 / 2$ feet high, each covered with large, brilliant pink flowers, somewhat resembling a snapdragon in shape. The value of this plant is enhanced by its being an addition to the very few dwarf late-flowering plants. August, September. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Platycodon • Balloon Flower

Grandiflorum. 2 ft . Bluc, bell-shaped flowers, borne on slender stems. June to October.
Grandiflorum album. A white variety of the above.
All Platycodons, 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100


## Hardy Phlox

## DWARF PHLOXES

Amœena. Compact tufts of glossy green foliage and masses of vivid pink flowers in April and May.
Divaricata. 9 in . Trusses of large, fragrant, lavender-blue flowers. May.
Subulata alba (Moss Pink). 6 in. Moss-like foliage covered in April and May with sheets of white flowers.
Subulata atropurpurea. A new variety with intensc wine-red flowers. Very distinct, and invaluable for covering the ground or in the rock-garden. Glossy green foliage.
Subulata, G. F. Wilson. One of the best and most floriferous of spring-flowering plants. The mats of glossy foliage are completely hidden by slieets of starry lavender flowers in April and May.
Subulata lilacina. Light lilac.
Subulata rosea. Rose-pink. Fine for covering banks. Thrives in hot, dry situations, and blooms profusely.
Subulata, Vivid. The most attractive of the dwarf Phloxes. It is a neat, compact grower, and when in bloom, nothing can be seen but a sheet of warm salmon-rose flowers. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100.

All Phloxes, except where noted, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Primula Polyanthus

A choice mixed strain, varying from white to crimson. 9 in. May. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 .

## Physostegia

Virginiana. 3 ft . Long, slender spikes, closely covered with pinkish mauve, tubular flowers. July, August.
Virginiana alba. White form of above.
All Physostegias, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100



Hardv Pinks

## Hardy Pink

A highly popular group of old-fashioned garden plants, esteemed for their extreme floriferousness and delicious fragrance. They grow 12 to 15 inches high and bloom in May and June.
Excelsior. Deiicate rose-pink.
Juliette. White, laced crimson
Her Majesty. Pure white; large flowers. Lord Lyon. Deep rose.
Homer. Deep rose with darker center. White Reserve. Pure white.
All Pinks, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Plumbago

Larpentæ (Leadwort). 1 ft . Forms compact tufts of innumerable wiry stems, each one terminating in a dense truss of cobalt-blue flowers. August to October. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz. ; $\$ 18$ per 100 .

## Polemonium

Reptans. 1 ft . Compact tufts of foliage and light blue flowers in great profusion in May and June. Does best in partially shaded locations. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; \$15 per 100 .
Richardsoni ( $P$. bumile). $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Neat tufts of vivid green foliage and erect spikes of pale blue flowers. May. 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100.

We sell Sacco, the perfect plant and lawn food. See page 117

## Pyrethrum

The Pyrethrums are so simply and easily cultivated that they may be recommended to all who possess a garden. They are perfectly hardy and absolutely ininvaluable for cut-flowers through the summer and early fall.
Roseum. 2 ft . Daisy-like flowers varying in color from white to crimson. Useful for cutting. June. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Ranunculus

Acris fl.-pl. This plant is too often confused with the following variety which is generally sold for it. Of late years it has become very scarce and we are pleased to be able to offer the true plant. The glistening yellow flowers are smaII, very double, and are borne on strong, erect stems, from $21 / 2$ to 3 feet in height, the whole inflorescence forming a loose pyramid. It is one of the real old-fashioned plants and is equally valuable for border decoration or for cutting. May, June. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.
Repens fl.-pl. 1 to $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Small, double, yellow flowers on branching stems. Valuable for cutting. April, May. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Rudbeckia

Golden Glow. 6 ft . Double, deep yellow flowers. July to September.
Purpurea (Giant Purple Coneflower). 3 ft . Peculiar reddish purple flowers, with a very large, brown, cone-shaped center. Blooms from July to October.

All Rudbeckias, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Salvia • Meadow Sage

Azurea grandiflora. 4 to 5 ft . Tall, straight stems, covered for half their length with sky-blue flowers. August


Plumbago Larpentæ to October.
Pitcheri. 4 to 5 ft . Similar in habit and growth to the preceding, but having rich, deep blue flowers. August to November.
Pratensis. 2 ft . Violet-blue. Very profuse. Good border plant. Flowers from June to August. Virgata nemorosa. 2 ft . Branching stems of violet-blue flowers. June to October.

$$
\text { All Salvias, } 30 \text { cts. each; } \$ 3 \text { per doz.; } \$ 18 \text { per } 100
$$

## Santolina

Chamæcyparissus incana (Cotton Lavender). A sweet-smelling, dwarf, evergreen perennial, with delicate, silver-white foliage, useful as rock or border plants; also largely used in carpet bedding. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Saponaria

Ocymoides. A good plant for carpeting in the herbaceous border or for trailing down the slopes in the rock-garden. Spangled with bright pink flowers in spring. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .


## Saxifraga

This plant is always a favorite in the rock-garden, both for its pink flowers in April and for its unusual foliage. The glaucous, oval leaves assume attractive autumn tints.
Cordifolia. Light pink. Crassifolia. Rosy pink.
All Saxifragas. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.50$ per doz.

## Scabiosa

Handsome border plants, succeeding in any ordinary well-drained soil in a sunny location, and should be grown in every garden where cut-flowers arc wanted. They last a long time when picked and placed in water.
Caucasica. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. One of the finest hardy plants, bearing throughout summer a succession of large, soft lilac flowers on long stems. Caucasica alba. A white variety of the above.

All Scabiosas, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

## Spiraea • Goat's Beard; Meadow-Sweet

Fine border plants, with feathery plumes of flowers and neat, attractive foliage. Succeeds in all locations.
Filipendula (Dropwort). $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Loose clusters of creamy white flowers, tipped with red, borne on slender stems rising from tufts of fern-like foliage. June. Ulmaria (Meadow-Sweet). $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Loose heads of creamy white flowers on long, straight stems. June, July.
Ulmaria f.-pl. 3 ft . A double-flowered variety of the above and a much superior plant. Excellent for cutting.

All Spiræas, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

## Stokesia . Cornflower Aster

A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant. The plant grows from $11 / 2$ to 2 feet high, bearing freely from early July until late in October, its handsome, centaurea-like blossoms measuring from 4 to 5 inches across.
Cyanea. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A showy plant with large blue flowers on somewhat straggling stems. August to October.
Cyanea alba. A white form of the preceding.
All Stokesias, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100

## Statice

Latifolia (Sca Lavender). $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Branching flower-stems bearing countless small, blue-purple flowers which retain their color long after being cut and dried. Very good for cutting. August, September. 25 cts. cach; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Sempervivum • Houseleek

Arachnoideum. 3 in . Roscttes of fleshy leaves covered with silky hairs resembling a cobweb. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .
Atroviolaceum. Forms roscttes over 6 inches in diameter of purplish red leaves,
and bears pink flowers on stems 18 inches high. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.
Globiferum. Pale green rosettcs. 25 cts. cach; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100.

## Thermopsis

Caroliniana. A showy, tall-growing plant attaining a height of 3 feet. Has long spikes of yellow flowers in June and July. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 .

## Sedum • Stonecrop

The dwarf varieties are charming plants for sunny positions in the rockery, etc., and the taller kinds make effective color groups in the border. They thrive in almost any soil, are especially fond of sand and full sun, and may be considered the backbone of the American rock-garden.
Acre. A dwarf grower which quickly forms a thick carpet of vivid grcen, moss-like foliage and is hidden by yellow flowers in May.
Album. 6 in. Small, succulent leaves which turn reddish bronze in fall. Trusses of white flowers in June and July. An excellent edging plant.
Hispanicum. 3 in. A minute plant forming spreading tufts of gray foliage becoming bronze in fall.
Kamtschaticum. Leafy, prostrate stems which in July and August bear clusters of star-shaped, orange-colored flowers.
Lydium. 4 in. Carpets of bright green foliage which turns reddish bronze during summer.
Reflexum. 9 in. Clusters of golden flowers. June, July.
Sarmentosum. Fleshy-leaved trailer with yellow flowers.
Sexangulare. 6 in. Dwarf trailer. Green foliage and yellow flowers. June, July.
Sieboldii. 9 in. Round, fleshy, gray leaves and clusters of pink flowers. One of the most attractive Seduns. August, September. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.
Spectabile. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Erect, sturdy habit with broad, glaucous leaves. The rosy purple flowers are borne in large, flat heads and retain their beauty for two months. August, September.
Spectabile, Brilliant. A deeper-colored variety than the preceding, being a vivid amaranth-red.
Stoloniferum. 6 in. Large clusters of pink flowers on prostrate, trailing stems. June, July.
Ternatum. 6 in. Large trusses of white flowers in April. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.
All Sedums, except where noted, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; . $\$ 15$ per 100

## Sweet William • Dianthus barbatus

A well-known, free-flowering hardy perennial, bearing heads of fragrant, richly colored flowers.
Pink Beauty (Newport Pink). A beautiful shade of salmon-pink; very large heads on long stems.
Scarlet Beauty. Large heads of an intense scarlet color; very striking. Holborn Glory. Giant-flowering varieties in finest assortment of colors.
Single White.
All Sweet Williams, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.;
$\$ 12$ per 100


## Thymus • Thyme

The Thymes make a perfect, close, fragrant carpet on hot, dry, sunny banks where grass is difficult to establish. They are a sheet of blossom in June and July. A valuable trailing plant for the rockery.
Herba-barona. Prostrate grower. Purple flowers. Has strong caraway-seed scent. June. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5$ per doz.
Serpyllum albus. A white-flowering form.
Serpyllum citriodorus argenteus. Forms a compact bush about 9 inches in height. The small leaves are silver-variegated and Iemon-scented.
Serpyllum citriodorus aureus. Similar in habit and fragrance to the above, but having golden variegated leaves.
Serpyllum coccineus (Scarlet Thyme). Dark green foliage and bright red flowers.
Serpyllum lanuginosus (Woolly-leaved Thyme). Woolly foliage and bright pink flowers.

All Thymus, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100, except where noted

## Thalictrum • Meadow Rue

Hardy plants, valuable for their attractive foliage and very graceful plumose flowers. Foliage colors in the fall. Desirable for cutting where an attractive green is needed. Will thrive in partial shade.
Aquilegifolium. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Columbine-like foliage and feathery heads of creamy white flowers. June, July.
Aquilegifolium purpureum. Pinkish purple flowers.
Dipterocarpum. 4 ft . Stately plants bearing a profusion of lilacmauve blooms enhanced by a bunch of yellow stamens in the center. Flowers during August and September. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz. All Thalictrums, except where noted, 30 cts . each; $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100

## Trollius . Globe Flower

Orange Prince. 2 ft . This beautifuI, hardy, robust border plant has handsome dark green foliage and showy orange-yellow flowers in profusion. Well adapted for half-shady or sunny positions. Very fine. May, June. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.
Superbus. Similar in habit to Orange Prince but has pale yellow blossoms. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Trillium

Grandiflorum (Wood Lily; Wake Robin). Excellent plants for shady positions in the hardy border. Large, pure white flowers in early spring. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Tritoma

Pfitzeri (Torch Lily). 2 to 3 ft . A very distinct and handsome late-flowering perennial, with tufts of grass-like foliage and thick, fleshy stcms covered with orange-scarlet, tubular flowers. Septernber, October. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

## Valeriana

Officinalis. 3 to 4 ft . A strong-growing and freeflowering plant bearing large heads of palc pink flowers. June, July. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .


Tritoma


Viola, Jersey Gem

## Vinca • Periwinkle; Trailing Myrtle

Minor. An excellent dwarf evergreen trailing plant that is used extensively for carpeting the ground under shrubs and trees. Lovely blue flowers in spring. 20 cts. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.; $\$ 12$ per $100 ; \$ 100$ per 1000.
Minor aurea. A form of Minor with golden foliage. 20 cts. each; $\$ 2$ per doz.; $\$ 12$ per $100 ; \$ 100$ per 1000 .
Minor, Bowles Variety. The largest-flowered Vinca, with blooms of the richest blue, borne with remarkable profusion. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## Viola

Apricot. Rich apricot color, tinged with orange.
Pedata (Bird's-foot Violet). 6 in. Tufts of finely divided leaves and lilac-blue flowers. April, May.
Jersey Gem. Cannot be too highly praised. It possesses every good quality that a plant should have, and, as far as we know, no bad ones. Blooms freely and continuously from spring until frost, and the flowers, royal purple in color, are not affected by the sun. Its foliage is a rich, healthy green, and its habit of growth is neat and compact.
Primrose Dame. Pale yellow. Very free flowering.
Purple Glory. Large, ruby-purple flower. Free and persistent flower.
White Swan. A pure white.
All Violas, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz. $; \$ 15$ per 100

## Veronica

Filiformis. Useful for the rock-garden.
Incana. 1 ft . Compact masses of silvery foliage and deep blue flowers. May, June.
Longifolia subsessilis. 2 ft . One of the handsomest blue-flowering plants. Perfectly hardy and increascs in strength and beauty each year. Spikes completely studded with beautiful blue flowers. Fine for cutting and one of the best plants for the hardy border. July to September. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Repens. 4 in. Carpets of evergreen foliage entirely covered in spring with very pale blue flowers.
Teucrium rupestris. 6 in . A prostrate trailer forming a thick green carpet which is almost hidden in May and June by myriads of clusters of deep bluc flowers.
Spicata. 2 ft . Spikes of blue flowers. June to August.
25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18$ per 100 , except where noted

## Yucca

Filamentosa (Adam's Needle). Among hardy plants there is nothing more effective and striking for isolated positions on the lawn or on dry banks where few other plants thrive. It is also indispensable for the rockery. Its broad, sword-like, evergreen foliage and immense branching spikes of drooping, creamy white flowers, rising to a height of 6 feet, render it a bold and handsome subject wherever placed. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15$ per 100 .

## HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS

## Actinidia

Arguta (Silver Vine). A very desirable hardy Japanese climber of strong, vigorous growth, with dark green, shining foliage and greenish white flowers with purple centers, which are followed by clusters of edible fruit with fig-like flavor. Strong plants, 75 cts . ea.

## Akebia

Quinata (Akebia Vine). One of the most graceful of our hardy climbers, with small, deep green foliage, and producing in early spring numberless bunches of violet-brown flowers which have a pleasant cinnamion odor. Strong plants, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Ampelopsis

Engelmanni. A variety of the Virginia Creeper, with glossy green foliage, changing to brilliant crimson in autumn.
Lowi. Like Ampelopsis Veitchi it clings to the smoothest surface. The small, prettily lobed foliage changes to a brilliant crimson in autumn.
Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). Very large, green foliage, changing to brilliant scarlet in the fall; grows quickly and clings very firmly to walls, etc.
Veitchi (Boston Ivy). The best climber to cling to walls, trees, etc.
All Ampelopsis, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.; $\$ 35$ per 100

## Bignonia

Radicans (Trumpet Vine). Dark red, with orange throat. Very free flowering. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Clematis <br> LARGE-FLOWERING

Comtesse de Bouchaud. Gracefully curved petals that range in tone from satiny rose to rich pink. $\$ 1.50$ each.
Crimson King. Red with brownish anthers. Flower often attains a diameter of 6 to 7 inches. $\$ 3$ each.
Crispa. Graceful foliage and dainty urn-shaped, fragrant purple blooms. 85 cts. each.
Duchess of Albany. Large sprays of gorgeous pink, trumpet-like flowers on slender but sturdy stems. July to September. \$1 each.
Duchess of Edinburgh. Double; pure white. \$1 each.
Elsa Spath. Here is a true bright blue Clematis with a rich dark center which is accentuated by the crown of anthers. July to September. $\$ 1.25$ each.
Henryi. Creamy white; Iarge. \$1 each.
Jackmani. The popular rich purple variety. $\$ 1$ each.
Kermesina. A true wine-red with velvety texture which softens toward the center because of the light markings. $\$ 1.25$ each.
Lawsoniana. Attractive blue flushed with mauve. $\$ 1.50$ each.
Lord Neville. Rich plum-color. Long blooming season. \$2 each.
Mme. Baron Veillard. Lilac-rose flowers. Very profuse. $\$ 1$ each.
Mme. Edouard Andre. Bright carmine. $\$ 1$ each.
Montana undulata. Soft mauve-pink blooms during May and June. The individual flowers measure $11 / 2$ to 2 inches across. 85 cts. each.
Mrs. Cholmondeley. Large, open flowers of wisteria-blue are borne in profusion during July and August. $\$ 1.25$ each.
Texensis. Curious urn-shaped flowers of reddish rose. 85 cts. each.

## SMALL-FLOWERING

Paniculata (Japanese Virgin's-Bower). One of the finest climbers. Clouds of small fragrant white flowers in August. Extra-strong plants, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.; $\$ 35$ per 100.

## Celastrus • Bittersweet

Scandens. A native vine, of rapid growth, with large Ieaves and yellow flowers. The bright orange-colored pods split crosswise, disclosing scarlet seeds, and together these form a bright spot all through the winter. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.

## Honeysuckle

Chinese Evergreen (Woodbine). Yellow and white varicgated flowers.
Hall's. White, turning yellow.
Sempervirens magnifica (Ncw Everblooming Coral Honeysuckle). Bcautiful tubular flowers of a striking orange-scarlet color. Blooms continuously from June until October. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5$ per doz.
Variegated. Foliage mottled yellow and green; flowers white and yellow.
All Honeysuckles, except where noted, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

Ivy
English. Invaluable for covering walls and graves. Plants from 4 -inch pots, 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz., $\$ 40$ per 100 ; 5 -in. pots, 75 cts. each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz., $\$ 60$ per 100 .

## Lathyrus • Hardy Everlasting Pea

Onc of the best and most desirable flowering hardy climbing plants, attractive both in flowers and foliage, growing to a height of 8 to 10 feet, and producing clusters of large flowers the entire summer; fine for cutting, lasting well.
Latifolius. Deep rosy red.
Latifolius albus. Pure white.
All Lathyrus, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Polygonum

Auberti. A useful vine for porches, lattice-work, fences, buildings, etc., and perfectly hardy and free from disease or pests. It is quick growing, a smaII plant making 25 to 30 feet of growth the first summer, and produces clouds of snowy white flowers, in long clusters, which turn rose-colcr with age. The foliage is clean looking and attractive, and, apart from its wonderful tlower effect, will plcase everyone by its appearance. It will not cling to the wall, but will ramble over anything that will support it. Extra-strong pot-grown plants, 75 cts. each.

## Pueraria

Thunbergiana (Kudzu Vine). The most rapid-growing vine in cultivation, attaining, after once being established, a height of 50 feet or more in one season. The foliage is large and furnishes dense shade. It bears small racemes of rosy purple, pea-shaped blossoms toward the close of August. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3$ per doz.

## Wisteria

This flowers in the latitude of Philadelphia during May. A strong, developed vine produces hundreds of flower panicles, while no foliage is visible until after the bloom is faded. They thrive best in the sun, and with an application of cow manure once or twice a season, they respond marvelously by an extra growth and an abundance of flowers. Chinensis (Chinese Wisteria). Pale blue, somewhat fragrant flowers. Extra-strong plants, $\$ 1$ each.
Chinensis alba. A beautiful white-flowering form of the above. Extra-strong plants, \$1 each.

## New Pink Butterfly Bush, Charming

In this we have a real outstanding novelty among the fall-flowering shrubs. Vigorous and very free flowering, producing a profusion of large lavender-pink trusses continuously throughout the summer. 75 cts . each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.

## HEDGE PLANTS

## Barberry, Japan <br> (Berberis Thunbergi)

Where a dwarf deciduous hedge is wanted, nothing equals this beautiful Barberry. Requires but little pruning to keep in shape. The leaves are small, light green, and toward fall assume rich, brilliant colors. The fruit or berries become scarlet and are extremely decorative on the plants all through the winter. Absolutely hardy in all parts of the country. Plant 12 to 15 inches apart. Extra-strong 3-year-old plants, $11 / 2$ to 2 fcet high, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 25$ per 100 .

## Boxwood Edging <br> (Dwarf Box)

The well-known Box used for edging, and invaluable for that purpose. 4 to 6 inches high, $\$ 3$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100. 6 to 8 inches high, $\$ 4$ per doz:; $\$ 30$ per 100.

## Privet, California <br> (Ligustrum ovalifolium)

This is a rapid grower under all conditions, and has handsome glossy foliage that lasts well into the winter. It may be used as a specimen or in a hedge. Withstands any amount of pruning, and is extronely hardy. To make a good hedge, sct the plants in a double row 6 inches apart and 6 inches between the rows. Strong, sclect, well-rooted plants, 1 -year-old, $11 / 2$ to 2 feet high, $\$ 1.25$ per doz.; $\$ 6$ pcr 100; $\$ 50 \mathrm{pcr} 1,000$. 2-year-old, 2 to $21 / 2$ fect high, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 8$ per 100; $\$ 70$ per 1,000 .

## WATERER'S SELECT SMALL FRUITS

## Blackberries

## All Blackberries, $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7$ per 100

Erie. Early, hardy, and productive. Large, sweet fruit of excellent quality.
Eldorado. Sweet, melting, and rich. A valuable variety, being hardy and very productive.
Mersereau. An enormous producer of extra-size berries which are brilliant black, retain their color under all conditions, and are very sweet and without core.
Ward. Produces an enormous crop of extra-large, glossy black berries which are rich, sweet, tender, with no hard core.

## Currants

## All Currants, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100

Fay's Prolific. Best of all the red Currants. A great bearer, with long stems. Subacid.
Wilder. Strong grower, quite unusually productive, and of extragood quality. Red.

## Grapes

## All Grape-Vines, 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

Concord. Ripens in early August. Fruit dark purple, almost black, large, juicy, sweet, and delicious. Because of its extremely high merit, Concord has become the most popular Grape in the country.
Moore's Early. Ripens a little before the Concord. Very deep black berries, unusually large, and of extra-fine quality. The bunches are medium size, but are held together firmly. They stand handling and shipping unusually well and have an established reputation on aII markets.
Caco. A cross between Catawba and Concord. In appearance it is one of the most beautiful of all hardy. Grapes. The large, wine-red berries, with abundant bloom, are carried in large, compact bunches. It ripens in advance of Concord and is a strong, vigorous grower.
Niagara. Ripens in late August. Bunches of berries large; color greenish white, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe.

## Gooseberries

## All Gooseberries, $\$ 3.50$ per doz.; $\$ 20$ per 100

Downing. Large, solid, very firm berries. The bush is unusually free from mildew and produces great quantities of light-colored berries of excellent quality.
Houghton. The medium-sized berries are red when ripe, and sweet; very productive. One of the best sorts for general-purpose planting.

## Raspberries

All Raspberries, $\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 7$ per 100
Cumberland (Blackcap). The largest Raspberry known; immensely productive.
Cuthbert. Berries very large, conical, rich crimson. One of the old-time favorites.
King. In this extra-early variety are united earliness, bright color, firmness, and excellent quality of its berries, with vigorous growth, productiveness, and hardiness of cane. Its crimson berries are exceedingly bright in color and firm.
Ranere (St. Regis). Fruit ripens very early and bears extremely heavy crops that sell for fancy prices because of its earliness. All summer, until frost, it gives fair to good pickings, dependent in part on the season. Extremely hardy, vigorous, and free from disease.

## Strawberries

For best growth Strawberries require light, fibrous, or sandy loam, well enriched, with plentiful moisture during the bearing season, The layer plants should be set out in April, when possible, about 1 foot apart, in rows 2 feet apart.
Pot-grown plants furnished for planting in August and September
Price of the following Layer Strawberry Plants, 75 cts. for 25 ; $\$ 1.25$ for $50 ; \$ 2$ per $100 ; \$ 12$ per 1,000 . We can supply most all other popular varieties, though not offered here.
Big Joe. An ideal midseason variety.
Brandywine. Bears great quantities of uniformly large, bright crimson berries that are firm and of good quality. Midseason.
Premier. An early variety, succeeding nearly everywhere and of excellent quality.
Senator Dunlap. Early to midseason. Probably the most productive variety yet introduced.
Sharpless. Fruits late in the season. A good grower, producing handsome berries.
William Belt. An "all-season" variety, fruiting from early to quite late. Very popular.

## Fall or Everbearing Strawberries

All Everbearing varieties, 75 c. for $25 ; \$ 2$ per $100 ; \$ 12$ per 1,000
Champion Everbearing. Among the best-known and most largely planted. The berries are nearly round, smooth, dark crimson, glossy, and of sweet flavor. It yields heavily in June and is one of the most prolific again in the fall.
Progressive. Of vigorous habit, with large, clean leaves. The plants multiply better than many of the fall-bearing varieties and yield profusely. The berries, which are smooth and uniform in size, are deep crimson, glossy, and of good quality.

## WATER-LILIES

## Hardy Water-Lilies

## Ready April 15 to June 1

Attraction. Free-flowering variety with blooms 6 to 8 inches across. Rich crimson with orange center. $\$ 2.50$ each.
Comanche. The largest and finest of the apricot tints. The flowers have a wonderful combination of orange and glowing amber-red. A strong grower and the earliest and most continuous bloomer in the hardy class. \$2 each.
Gloriosa. A superb large flower of a deep carmine-rose, becoming a dark red late in the season. Very free and continuous bloomer. $\$ 2.50$ ea.
James Brydon. Rich rosy crimson, reverse of petals having a silvery sheen. $\$ 2.50$ each.
Marliacea carnea. A delicate soft flesh-pink deepening toward the base of the petals. $\$ 1.25$ each.
Marliacea chromatella. Petals and stamens bright yellow, 4 to 6 inches across. A free and continuous bloomer. \$1.50 each.
Marliacea rosea. A splendid companion to the above, which it rescmbles in all particulars except color; flowers soft rose-pink. $\$ 2$ each.
Odorata gigantea. The native white Lily of the Southeastern States. Flowers pure white, 5 to 7 inches across. A very strong, vigorous grower. 75 cts. each.
Odorata minor. The miniature white Water-Lily. Very dainty and suitable for tubs and small pools. 50 cts. each.
Odorata, Rosea. This magnificent Lily has large fragrant flowers of a ricli, clear rose-pink. \$1.50 each.
Paul Hariot. A large, magnificent light yellow delicately shading to copper-red. Foliage spotted with brownish red. A free bloomer. $\$ 2$ ea.

Sunrise. A large showy yellow with flowers 8 to 9 inches across, held well above the water. Blooms from early June until late October. $\$ 2.25$ each.
Tuberosa sulphurea. A strong grower with large, sulphur-yellow, sweet-scented flowers. 75 cts. each.

## Day-Blooming Tender Nympheas

These are supplied in pot-grown plants after June 1
Daubenyana. Small, fragrant, light blue flowers. \$1.25 each.
Mrs. C. W. Ward. Deep rosy pink on Iong stems. \$2 each.
Mrs. George H. Pring. Immense snow-white flowers freely borne through the entire summer. $\$ 2$ each.
Pennsylvania. Flowers of largest size, of a rich blue color. Very free and continuous flowering. \$2 each.
Zanzibariensis azurea. Clear azure-blue. \$1 each.
Zanzibariensis rosea. Various shades of rose. \$1 each.

## Night-Blooming Tender Nympheas

Dentata. White blooms 8 to 12 inches across. $\$ 1.25$ each.
Dentata magnifica. Large, cup-shaped, creamy white flowers, 10 to 12 inches across. Very desirable. $\$ 2$ each.
George Huster. Brilliant crimson flowers. $\$ 2$ each.
Kewensis. Medium-sized light pink flowers. \$2 each.
O'Marana. Large pink flowers suffused with red. Very desirable. $\$ 1.50$ each.

# LAWN MOWERS $\begin{gathered}\text { Prices subject to change } \\ \text { without notice }\end{gathered}$ 

## Pennalite-Aluminum Built Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower

Five crucible tool-steel blades, hardened and tempered; raised edge bottom blade. Internal gear in each wheel. Automatic self-adjusting ball - bearings. Hardened steel cup and cones. Stecl axle for wheel is screwed and bolted to side plate.

This is the lightest Mower on earth. The wheels, side plates, and cast back are made
of tough alumi-
 num alloy castings, with high tensile strength. It weighs only 29 pounds with the handle ( 14 pounds lighter than the ordinary Mower), yet will cut the toughest grass without jumping, and pushes so easily a child can operate it. It is especially recommended for terraces. $10-\mathrm{in}$. wheels; 6 -in. 5 -blade cylinder, 17 -in. cut, $\$ 16.95$.
 Double train of gears, one on each side, insuring smooth work on the uneven lawn.
High wheel, 10 -inch diameter.
15-inch cut
17-inch cut 2295
19 -inch cut 2485
21 -inch cut. 2685
We can supply Pennsylvania Standard and Continental Lawn Mowers at the same price as the Pennsylvania Jr.

## Pennsylvania Great American Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower

It is a double-gear machine with five knives made of crucible tool steel of the very highest quality, oil-tempered, and water-hardened. Its bottom knife is of the same quality and self-sharpening. The case-hardened tool steel cones and cups in which extra-large balls revolve in conjunction with the very high wheels ( 10 inches in diameter), make it one of the easiest running Lawn Mowers on the market. The 15 -inch size is suitable for use on terraces. 10 -inch wheels, 5 -blade cylinder.
15 -inch cut.
17 -inch cut.
$\$ 1595$
19-inch cut. .
$\$ 1845$
1725
21-inch cut.
1995

## Jewel Lawn Mower

The best Mower for the price. Made by the Coldwell Lawn Mower Co., to meet the demands for a fairly good, low-priced Mower, where the size of the Iawn does not justify a heavy outlay.
High wheel, 4-blade cylinder.
12-inch cut
$\$ 900$
14-inch cut
950
16 -inch cut 1000

## Waterer's Special Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower

The best all-round Ball-bearing Mower to be had at a moderate price. In designing this Mower, every feature was included that would produce one of the finest Mowers ever built. It is durable, light-running, easy to push, and requires very little attention or adjustments.

It has 10 -inch stcel whcels, solid style, and the cylinder has 5 crucible steel blades, driven direct by gears in each wheel. The bottom knife is flat crucible steel, self-sharpening.

A well-balanced machine and Waterer quality throughout. One size only, 16 -inch, $\$ 8.95$.


## Pennsylvania Combined <br> Trimmer and Edger

With this machine, which consists of the PennsyIvania Ball-bearing Trimmer, equipped with a steel disc and a small plow, you can trim theoverhanging grass along the edges of paths and flower-beds and do similar work that has heretofore required either a half-moon hoe, a grasshook, or hand shears. \$9.85.

## Pennsylvania Undercut Lawn Trimmer

The unique construction of the Undercut Trimmer permits cutting close to a wall, fence, tree, and other places hitherto out of reach of anything but hand shears. The slanting side plate and conical cylinder make it possible to cut all grass which the regular lawn mower will not reach. Ball bearing, with $91 / 2$-inch drive wheel; 4 -blade cylinder; $51 / 2$-inch cut, $\$ 11.95$.


## The Silent Yard-Man

The silent drive, the high-quality, non-adjustable, frictionless bearing, the free running (the reel does not grind against the cutter bar) adjustment gives silent, effortless operation. In the Yard-Man steel has been substituted for cast-iron, making it lighter and practically unbreakable.

The reel has five tool-steel blades. Unusual pains have been taken to dustproof all wearing parts. Rubber tires are made of special analysis age-resisting rubber to withstand wear. 14 in., $\$ 15.45$; 16 in., $\$ 15.95$; 18 in., $\$ 16.95$.

## Coldwell Motor Mowers

The engines are single and twin cylinder, water-cooled by radiator and fan. Control levers located on the handle operate the roller and revolving cutter. Full-width roller is built in two sections.
Coldwell Cub. 21-in. cut, single cylinder.
L Junior. 25-in. cut, single cylinder.
Super L. 25-in. cut, twin cylinder.
Super L. 30-in. cut, twin cylinder.

## Prices quoted upon application

## Non-Skid Catcher

This Catcher will fit any lawn mower having a cut of from 12 to 21 inches. The bottom is made of heavy galvanized sheet iron and the sides are made of heavy white canvas. 12 to 16 -inch width mower..... $\$ 125$ 18 to 21 -inch width mower. .

## Lawn Boots for Horses

Made of very heavy sole leather, waterproofed and finished black. The sole is reinforced with steel rivets. Small, set of four, $\$ 15.50$; Large, set
 of four, $\$ 20$.

Lawn Grass Seed. If fou desire a perfect laven, usc our Homebush Lawn Grass Mixture. See page 1.

## Planet Jr. Farm and Garden Tools

These are the greatest time-, labor-, and money-savers ever invented for the farm and garden. They pay for themselves in a single season in bigger, better crops, and last a lifetime. Fully guaranteed. Ask for special Planet Jr. catalogue.


## No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, and Plow



This tool combines in a single convenient implement a firstclass Hill and Drill Seeder, having the same sowing device as the No. 3 Seeder, with a Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow. Popular with gardeners.

No. 12 Combined Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow


A Double and Single Wheel Hoe in one. 14 -inch steel wheels. Straddles crops till 20 inches high, then can be worked between rows with one or two wheels. The greatest hand-cultivating tool made.

## Fire-Fly Garden Plow

Useful to owners of small gardens and to chicken-raisers for plowing up scratching-yards. $\$ 4.50$

No. 16 Planet Jr. Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator,


Designed to do all work required in the small garden-plowing, cultivating, hocing, and raking. It is very light, and can therefore be easily carried about. \$9.
NO. 17. SINGLE WHEEL HOE. Identical with No. 16, excepting that the two rakes and leaf-guard are not supplied. $\$ 8$.


This new member of the "Planet Jr." family will appeal to all those who prefer a high-wheel tool for their garden work. The equipment is so complete that it will meet all the needs of the ordinary garden, where the adjustments and refinements of the higher-priced Wheel Hoes are not required.

## Planet Jr. Twelve-Tooth Harrow, Cultivator and Pulverizer

No. 90 Complete, with
Steel Wheel............ \$17 00
No. 90B without Pui-
verizer................. 1400
No. 90D without Pul-
verizer or Wheel....... 1150


With the Twelve-Tooth Harrow you go as deep or shallow as you like, come up close to row without injuring plants, cut out all the weeds, stir the soil and mellow and fine it as with a garden rake. You widen and narrow as you please between 12 and 32 inches.

## Vigoro Spreader

It is easy to push, even when loaded to capacity. A baffle plate in the hopper takes the weight of material off the agitator. It applies the same amount whether hopper is full or almost empty.

Six positive adjustments
 make possible a wide range of application. A follower board under hopper breaks the flow of material from discharge and carries it to within 3 inches of the ground-a feature particularly desirable on a windy day.

Hopper is 24 inches wide;
 made of 24 -gauge, rust-resisting galvanized sheet steel. It holds 75 pounds of fertilizer or 25 pounds of seed mixture. \$11.95; 36 inches wide, $\$ 20$.

## Planet Jr. Star Pulverizer

The revolving star-shaped discs have a large cutting surface, and these, in conjunction with the scuffle hoe blade, cut and pulverize the soil below the surface as no amount of raking could possibly do. $\$ 3.25$ each.

## Top-dress Your Lawn <br> With Sacco



# High-Grade Tools and Greenhouse 

# Supplies for Garden and 

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE
Aprons, Rubber. To protect the clothing when watering or doing any garden or greenhouse work. Extra-heavy quality. $\$ 2$.


Asparagus Buncher. Saves time, and bunches are always uniform. $\$ 4.50$ each

## 

## Asparagus Knife

Asparagus Knives. Fine quality steel. Square blade, 50 cts. each; V-shaped, long handle, 55 cts. each.
Asparagus Tape. 1,000-vd. spools. Fast colors; green and red. $\$ 3.50$ each.
Axes. Medium weight. Best quality handle. $\$ 2.75$ each.
Baskets, Split or Chip, with handles. 1/4bus. $\$ 1.60$ per doz.; $1 / 2$-bus. $\$ 1.75$ per doz.; $3 / 4$-bus. $\$ 2.75$ per doz.; 1 -bus. $\$ 3.25$ per doz.


Basket, Garden Truck. Builton a heavy oak frame with three oak straps completely girdling the basket from rim to rim and fastened beneath rim. 1-bus. size, $\$ 1.75$.
Vegetable and Berry. Made light for gathering fruits, vegetables and flowers. 23 in . long, 12 in . wide, 4 in . deep, $\$ 1$.
Bean Poles, Cedar. About 10 feet long.
$\$ 2.25$ per doz.; $\$ 4$ for 25 ; $\$ 7.75$ for 50 ; $\$ 15$ per 100 .
Bellows, Powder. Page 113.

-B Improved Celery Bleacher. An individual bleaching-tube with patent ventilating feature which eliminates sweating and decay. Insures elean, erisp celery quicker than by any other bleaching method. Takes but a few seconds to apply with B-B Handler, and can be used repeatedly. Enables you to bleach as few or as many stalks as you like, when you like. No more bothering with dirty and laborious soilbanking or expensive board-stripping.
B-2. $61 / 2 \times 13 \mathrm{in}$. . $\$ 045 \quad 4350 \quad \$ 1500$ B-3. $7 \times 14 \mathrm{in}$... $50 \quad 400 \quad 1700$ Two types of Celery Handler are available:
Brass, $\$ 3$ each. Tin, $\$ 1$ each.
Brooms, Stable or Road. Rattan or cocoa, $\$ 1.50$ each.
Upright. Corn, $\$ 1.25$ each; corn and rattan, \$1.25 each.

Boxes, Cardboard, Flower.
Size, inche:

Doz.
$\$ 080$
$16 \times 4 \times 3$
100 $18 \times 71 / 2 \times 31 / 2$. \$
$\$ 480$
720
870
705


945 Du
$\$ 3$
2
2
2
2
2
3
3
4
Corrugated Paper, Flower. Each Doz. $48 \times 14 \times 8$
. . \$0
$42 \times 14 \times 8$
$36 \times 14 \times 6$.
$30 \times 12 \times 6$
$24 \times 8 \times 5$
 B-B Waterproofed Plant - Boxes. Contains 12 eraftboard pots. Start your seeds in the pots and transfer to the garden without retarding growth, by simply unlocking bottom of pots. Box and 12 pots, 15 cts . per set; 2 sets 25 cts.
Carnation Supports. See paze 111.
Carnation Bands, Rubber. Oz. 30 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
Dibbles. Just the tool for transplanting your small plants.
Brass Point. Wood handle; does not rust. \$1 each.


All Iron. Made hollow and light. 75c. ea. Fumigating Lamp. Used for vaporizing of nicotine preparations. All metal. Practical and indestructible. Burns kerosene. 75 c .

Fruit
Picker

Fruit Pickers. Made of steel wire, heavily galvanized. Can be attached to any pole. 50 cts. each.


Forks, Hand Weeding, American Garden. 4 -prong; fine quality stcel; 12-in handle. 75 cts. each.


Forks, Short Handle. 4-prong; finest malleable steel. 75 cts. each.
Forks, Eure-
orks, Eure-
ka. Has
three stecl three stecl prongs. Fine
 planting or
planting or lhe soil, etc. 50 cts . each.
Hay. Flexible steel; 2-tine, $\$ 1.75$; 3-tine, $\$ 2$. $\$ 2$.


Manure. 4-tine; D-handle, \$2.50; Iong handle. \$1.85.

Bird House, Cedar. Durable houses of swamp cedar, just the right sizes to attract different species of birds. 85 cts . to $\$ 2.75$.

Forks, Spading Best grade; tines spear-poinıed; handle strapped foth sides. Of superior quality and very stronzly made. 4-tine, D-handle, \$2; 5tine, D-handle, $\$ 2.50$.
Garden Lines. Best quality white cotton solid braided, $96 \mathrm{ft}$. . $\$ 1.50$; 144 ft ., $\$ 2.25$; $192 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 3$; 240 ft ., $\$ 3.75$.
Garden-Line Reels. Small size, $\$ 1.50$; large size,
 size,
$\$ 2.50$.


Garden Tool Sets. For women and children; light-weight, servizeable, wellfinished tools. Set consists of 1 Spade. 1 Hoe, and 1 Rake. $\$ 2$ per set.
Glass Cutters. Steel wheel, 25 cts. Six wheels, 65 cts.
Glazing Points, Peerless. Made in three sizes: No. 1, for small single thickness glass; No. 2, for medium double thickness glass; No. $21 / 2$, for large double thickness glass. 65 cts. per 1,000 , postpaid 75 cts.
Siebert. Zinc. Made with a prominent head; cannot rust; easily driven. 5/8, $3 / 4$, and $7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. long, 50 ets . per lb.
Gloves. Heavy, to protect against briars, cte. Buckskin or horsehide, $\$ 2$ per pair. Eezy Wear. Ideal Gloves for men and women, made from select, imported leather processed to render it amazingly soft and pliable, as well as durable. In ordering specify if for men or for women. 75 cts. per pair.
Grape Bazs. Protect grapes against insects and birds. Bags should be applied when grapes are the size of a pea, prior to which fruit should be sprayed. 2 -lb., 45 cts. per $100, \$ 1$ per 1,$000 ; 3$-lb., 55 cts. per 100 , $\$ 4.75$ per 1,000 .

Grass Edger, Planet Jr. No. 2. Extremely simple to operate; made of high-grade steel. Does the work more rapidly and easily than the regular edging knife. The dise is made of high-grade steel and will last for years. $\$ 1.65$ each.


Grass Edging Knife, English. Made of the very best steel. 9-in., $\$ 2.50$.
American. Equipped with handle. 9-in., $\$ 1.25$. Handles for English Knives, 25 cts. each.


Grass Hooks or Sickles, Imported English. Forged from the finest quality tool steel. Heavy riveted back; thin blade. No. 2, 90 cts.; No. 3, \$1. Solid back, No. 2, 75 cts.


Grass Hooks, Cavalier. Good quality steel. 60 cts. each.
Grafting Tool. Made of fine quality steel. $\$ 1$.
Grafting Wax. 1/4 Ib. 20 cts.; $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .30 \mathrm{cts}$.; lb. 50 cts.

Graswip. Double-edged, long-handled grass- and weed-cutter. Cuts rapidly on both forward and backward swing.

Used in themanner of a golf club, makes weed-cutting a pleasure.

Price of Graswip \$1 each

Grindstone, Sterling Mounted. Substantially made; heavy steel frane with seat and double treadles; fitted with improved ball-bearings, of the very best quality, encased so they will keep clean. Stone, 19 to 22 inches diametcr, $13 / 4$ to $21 / 4$ inches thick. Weight 100 Ibs. Shipped knocked down crated. $\$ 11.50$ each.

Hanging-Baskets, Wire. Painted green. Can be suspended anywherc, indoors or out. 8 -in., 30 cts.; 10 -in., 45 cts.; 12 -in., 65 cts.; 14 -in., 75 cts.; 16 -in., 90 cts.

Hammers, Steel Claw. \$1.10 each.
Hatchets. Finest quality steel. $\$ 1.75$ each.
Hedge Trimmers. See pages 110, 111.


Hoe and Rake, Combined. A very handy garden tool; best quality steel. 4 -prong, $\$ 1.10$; 6 -prong, $\$ 1.20$.


Hoes, English Scuffle. Forged steel; positively the best. The quality of material used and finish is supcrior to all others. 5 -in., $90 \mathrm{cts} . ; 6$-in., $\$ 1 ; 7-\mathrm{in}$., $\$ 1.10$; $9-\mathrm{in}$., $\$ 1.35$. Handiles, 25 cts. cxtra.


Hoes, Warren. The very best Hoe for making drills, covering, hoeing, and weeding. 7 -in., $\$ 1.50 ; 8$-in., \$1.65.


Baby Warren. Forged from the best quality steel. Excellent for transplanting and weeding. 90 cts.


Onion. A fine Hoe for weeding in narrow rows. 2 -prong. 75 cts.

Half Moon. $\quad 4$-in., $\$ 1.15 ; \quad 5$-in.,
$\$ 1.20 ; 6$-in., $\$ 1.30 ; 7$-in., $\$ 1.40 ;$ 8-in., \$1.50.
Hose, Rubber, Electric. Three-ply, nonkinkable, moulded Hose. The strength and durability of this Hose places it as the most popular on the market. $3 / 4$-in., 20 cts . per ft.


Flexo. A good-quality Hose, moderately priced; very serviceable. $3 / 4$-in., 18 cts. per ft .; $1 / 2$-in., 17 cts . per ft .
Tryme. Surpasses all other grades of Hose at this price. $3 / 4-\mathrm{in}$., 15 cts . per ft .
Spray. $3 / 8-\mathrm{in}$., 15 cts . per ft.
Spray, High-pressure. $3 / 8$-in., 22 cts. per ft .; $1 / 2$-in., 24 cts . per ft .
No charge for couplings on length 25 ft . or longer; shorter than 25 ft ., 30 cts . per set.
Hose Bands, Wire. 35 cts. per doz.
Hose Clamps, Galvanized. $1 / 2$ and $3 / 4-\mathrm{in}$., 5 cts. each; 45 cts. per doz.


Hose Clamp


Hose Coupling

Hose Couplings, Standard Brass. $1 / 2$ and 3/4-in., 30 cts. each.
Perfect Clinching. Clamps and swivel fit snugly together. Brass tube and galvanized steel clanıp. 30 cts.
 per pair; $\$ 3.25$ per doz.
Hose Menders, Perfect. 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per (loz.


Cooper's Brass. A Mender that does not reduce the size of your hose. $1 / 2$ and $3 / 4$-in., 10 cts. cach; $\$ 1$ per doz.

Hose, Siamese Connection. This brass Hose attachment is an excellent arrangement for operating two or more lawn sprinklers atonetime. 75 c . each.


Red-Cap Hose Coupling. Snaps on; no twisting; no brapson; no twisting; no Won't let go accidentally, yet you can slip it off with two fingers.
Easy to install. -no tools needed. 60 cts. each.

BENDIXRED-CAP
COUPLING COMPLETE

## 2H-Al875

Hose-Nozzle, Boston. Coarse or fine; made of copper. $\$ 1.50$ each.


Gem. A very popular adjustable Nozzle. Can be regulated to give three different streams. 75 cts. each.

## $\frac{\text { Fingass }}{\text { Fin }}$



Aquamatic. A high-grade water-control, opening and closing automatically, by slightly pressing lever with the fingers. Wastes no water. A positive, quick shutoff with nothing to wear out and no leaks or drips. Made of heavy cast brass, carefully machined, and will last for years. $\$ 2$ each.


Hothouse. This is a heavy cast brass Nozzle with heavy shect brass perforated plate. Throws large finc spray. Unsurpassed for hothouse sprinkling, watering lawns, vegctables and flower gardens, shrubbery, ctc. 4-in. face, \$1 cach.
Hose Washers. 5c. per doz.; 50c. per Ib.
Hose Nozzle Holders. Made of heavy galvanized wire. 25 cts. each.

## Honkoon (A)

Hormodin A is the new root-inducing chemical that stimulates rapid root-growth on leafy cuttings, being especially valuablc for propagating all plants by cuttings, whether rooted with ease or normally rooted with difficulty. Many plants formerly impossible to propagate from cuttings may now be rooted with the aid of Hormodin. Hormodin treatment is simple. No special equipment is needed. 20-unit pkg. (sufficient for 500 cuttings) $\$ 1$; 60 -unit size $\$ 2 ; 240$-unit size $\$ 5$; 480 -unit size $\$ 9$.
Hose-Reels. Constructed entirely of iron.
 They are light in weight and the wheels being high, they are easily manipulated. These Reels cannot tip over when unreeling and there is no weight on the handle.


Style B, No. 10. Capacity $100 \mathrm{ft} .3 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. rubber hose, $\$ 4$.
Style B, No. 20. Capacity $150 \mathrm{ft} .3 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. rubber hose, $\$ 5$.
Style B, No. 30. Capacity $400 \mathrm{ft} .3 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. rubber huse, $£ 9$.
Vietor. Constructed with channel steel frame, cast iron wheels, solid steel reel arms; heavy corrugated steel drum. Holds 100 ft . $3 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. hose, $\$ 1.50$ each.

## Hydrospear

For watering all kinds of plants, trees, and shrubbery at the roots.



Pruning. $\$ 1.50$ and $\$ 1.75$.


Hole-in-one Tools for setting cut bulbs and plants from small pots. Large size, $\$ 4$ each; small size, 50 cts.

Labels, Indestructible Metal. Copper or Zinc. Will last for years. $\sqrt[3]{4} \mathrm{x}$ $31 / 2$ inches, wired. QuickIy attached to plants. Marking is done with a stylus furnished with each hundred. 30 cts. per doz.; $\$ 1.75$ per 100.


9 to ia incn
Garden Label


Hotbed Mats. For protecting hotbeds and coldframes. 1 -sash, $40 \times 76$ in., $\$ 3$; 2 sash, $76 \times 76$ in., $\$ 5$.
Straw Mats. 3 ft . x $6 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 3 ; 3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 10 \mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 5$. Straw Mats. Made to order, any length up to 6 ft . in width, 20 cts . per square foot. Hotbed Sash. Made of selected cypress. $3 \mathrm{ft} ., 11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide, 6 ft . Iong.
Plain, not glazed or painted. $\$ 3.75$ each.
Glazed, painted, puttied glass. $\$ 8$ each.
Packing charges on glazed sash, 50 cts. each.


## Perfect Garden Label

Markings with an ordinary lead-pencil remain perfectly legible for years. The Labels are soft green in color, which makes them blend with plants and soil. Previous markings can be readily erased and Label used again.
Border Size. 5-in. For general garden use.
$\$ 1$ per doz.; $\$ 2$ for $25 ; \$ 7.75$ per 100 .
Rock-Garden Size. $4-\mathrm{in}$. For smali plants in the rock-garden. 90 cts. per doz.; $\$ 1.75$ for $25 ; \$ 6.75$ per 100 .
Show-Garden Size. 7 -in. A more conspicu-
ous Label for taller-growing plants. \$1.25 per doz.; $\$ 2.50$ for 25 ; $\$ 9.50$ per 100 .
Tie-on Label. $31 / 2 \times 3 / 4$-in. For roses, shrubs, etc. Fitted with copper wire. $\$ 3$ per 100 . Pot Label. $4 \times 3 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. For pots, seed-frames, etc. $\$ 2.50$ per 100 .

## Lawn Sprinklers



Floating Head. Revolves on a water bearing tion. The unique patented Floating Head revolves freely and uniformly on any waterpressure, giving asmoother-
than-ball-bear-
 ing operation that climinates wear and insures a lifetime of scrvice. The nozzles, one fixed and one movablc, are scientifically designed to dist ribute the watcr evenly. A special nozzlc is provided for large areas. \$2. 50 each.


Ring. Made encirely of brass. \$1 each.


The Rain Wave. The Sprinkler consists of a water motor which rocks back and forth, carrying with it a curved arm in which are set sixteen special nozzles. These nozzles distribute the water evenly over a space from 50 to 60 feet wide and the waving motion of the motor swings it back and forth over a length of from 50 to 60 feet. So, you can depend upon from 2,500 to 3,600 square feet being covered at one setting.

The Sprinkler can be adjusted so that only one-half or one-fourth of its full area need be used at once. Oscillation can also be completely stopped and the streams directed to any desired point. This is especially valuable for border watering. $\$ 35$ each.


The Peacock Sprinkler. Sprinklers are made of $3 / 4$-inch galvanized pipe, painted green, and are mounted on two-wheel trucks at one end and a swivel caster at the other. Seven clusters of eight nozzles each arranged in a pipe $121 / 2$ feet Ione. Covers a strip 15 by 50 feet. $\$ 15$ each.


Keep dogs, cats, and other animals away from trees, evergreens, roses, shrubbery, etc. Tube releases vapor offensive to animals, but not noticeable to humans. One large tube lasts a year. Large tube, 30 cts. each.


Water Fan. An automatic oscillating Sprinkler actuated by a small water motor. All the gears of the motor are enclosed which protects them and provides for oil Iubrication. Discharges $61 / 2$ gals. of water per minute through 17 outlet tubes. Covers an area $40 \times 45 \mathrm{ft}$. The area covered can be decreased by reducing the flow of water at the service valve. $\$ 15$.


California. Made with four brass arms attached to a sled base. Can be readily drawn about the lawn, and will not upset. $\$ 2.50$ each.

the small odd-shaped spaces. Use it as a circular Sprinkler and you can cover a circle 30 feet in diameter. And every portion of this circle will be watered uniformly. Then, by giving the nozzle a half turn, you have a Sprinkler that waters only half a circle-just what you have always wanted for waterng the space between the sidewalk and the house, or any other narrow strip of lawn or border. \$1.25 each.


Broadway Sprinkler. Sturdy, simple, brass and bronze construction. Nozzle design assures longest throw, finest break, and uniform coverage. Bearings protected against dirt. The principle of operation is an effective long-throw stream supplemented by a secondary spray watering the central area. \$16.50.


Skinner System of Overhead Irrigation. Galvanized pipe with one nozzle every 3 feet, turn motor, and all fittings. 50-ft. $\$ 40.75 ; 100-\mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 50.75$. Comes ready to install. Steel posts, any length, 10 cts. per foot.

C. B. G. Nothing to get out of order. Will last a lifetime. It is easily drawn about the lawn without shutting off the water. 50 cts . each.
Rip Sprinkler. The Rip, with only three parts 'one moving part), is the last word in perfected Sprinklers. Will throw as wide a spread as any Sprinkler cn same pressure. Gives an even spread of water in natural rain-like spray. Does not waste water through leakage. The Rip may be choked with sand-it will clean itself out. There are no pin-holes to choke up and stop the action. \$1 each.


No puddles-no dry spots, but an even gentle rain drop that soaks into the ground and keeps the lawn evergreen. \$1.75 each.


Leaf-Rack, Keystone. Can be used on any wheelbarrow with removable sides. Made of galvanized wire bolted to a wooden base. Convenient for gathering leaves, cut grass, and rubbish. Capacity 10 bus. $\$ 8.50$, not including wheelbarrow.

Mulch your Evergreens and Roses with
Peat Moss. See page 118


Wood Leaf-Rack and Truck. Excellent for gathering leaves, litter, grass, etc. Rack can be attached to a water-barrel truck. Leaf-Rack only, no truck. $\$ 13$ each.
Leaf-Rack and Truck. With $31 / 2$-inch tires. \$38 each.
Mastica. For glazing greenhouses. One gallon will cover about 300 running feet. $\$ 2.25$ per gal.
Mastica Machine. For distributing Mastica, etc. Made of heavy zinc. \$3 each.


Mattock, Axe. Fitted with handle. \$1.50 each


Mole Traps, Reddick. $\$ 1.25$ each.
Schroeter. It has a rest on the top for a weight, also eight sharp prongs and a strong spiral spring. $\$ 2$ each.
Nails, Wall. For fastening climbing vines. 1 -in., 45 cts. per doz., $\$ 2.75$ per $100 ; 11 / 2-\mathrm{in}$., 60 cts . per doz., $\$ 3.75$ per 100 ; 2 -in., 75 cts. per doz., $\$ 4.50$ per 100 .
Oil-cans, Bent Spout. No. 14. Capacity $1 / 3 \mathrm{pt}$. 9 -in. spout, 35 cts. each. No. 14B. Capacity $1 / 2$ pt.; $9-\mathrm{in}$. spout, 50 cts . each. No. 16. Capacity 1 pt.; 9-in. spout, 65 cts. each.
Paper, Celery. Rolls of 500 sq. ft. Price $\$ 2$ per roll.
Manilla. For wrapping. $24 \times 36$-in. $1 / 2$ ream $\$ 2.25$; ream $\$ 4$.
Manilla Tissue. $1 / 2$ ream $\$ 1.10$; ream $\$ 2$.
White Wax. $24 \times 36$-in. $1 / 2$ ream $\$ 1.75$; rcain $\$ 3$.
Green Wax. $24 \times 36-\mathrm{in}$. $1 / 2$ ream $\$ 2$; ream $\$ 3.25$.

CYANOGAS (A, Dust) will rid your lawn of Moles.


## Pennsylvania Lawn-Cleaner

This hand machine will remove from the lawn not only the cut grass, but all sorts of leaves and litter, leaving the grass standing upright. It is easy to operate, and, with it, one man will do more and better work than four men with hand rakes. 24 -inch rake, $\$ 35$.
Sweeping Brushes for the above, set of three, 24 -inch, $\$ 9$ when purchased separately.
Picks. With double point. $\$ 1.50$ each.


Plant Stands, Collapsible. Substantial, well-made Stands. 2 -shelf, $\$ 5$; 3-shelf, $\$ 6$.


6 -in. pots, $70 \mathrm{cts} . ; 7$-in. pots, 80 cts .
Raffia. Tough, pliable grass for tying plants. Natural color, 40 cts. per Ib.; dyed green, $\$ 1$ per lb.

## Rakes <br> 

Reversible Steel. Suitable for lawn and garden. 24-tooth, $\$ 1 ; 36$-tooth, $\$ 1.75$.
Automatic. A backward motion of the operator clears all the teeth at once. Wood, 26-tooth, \$1.75.

## Hoover Lawn Rake

The spring teeth follow the natural contour of the lawn. It is used with the same sweeping motion as a broom or as a rakecleans self easily by reversing and wiping tines on ground. Fine for clearing off flower beds in spring. Due to its flexible teeth, it will not injure the most delicate plant. $\$ 1.25$
each.


Lawncomb Rake. Frame is one-piece steel construction. Flat steel teeth. Combs the lawn of the frnest particles. 24-in. $\$ 1.75$.

## आ $11111 m$

Steel Garden. Made of best cast steel, with long teeth.
8-tooth .... $\$ 100 \mid 14$-tooth...... $\$ 130$ 10-tooth.... 110 16-tooth....... 150 12-tooth.
Steel Gravel.

| 12 -tooth... | $\$ 1$ | 35 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 14 -tooth | 16 -tooth......$\$ 165$ |  |

14-tooth .... 150 18-tooth........ 1175

Steel - Bow. Preferred by many to the regular garden Rake, the teetl being slight Iy bent toward the operator.
12-tooth...... \$1 25 |6-tooth....... \$1 65 14-tooth. . .... 150


Japanese Broom. Made of split bamboo, rigidly secured with a suitable length handle. The finest lawn Rake on the market. Cleans the refuse from a lawn, leaving it as free as though swept with a broom. 18 -in., 75 cts.; 30 -in., $\$ 1.25$.

Ames Wooden 28 -tooth, steel bows. $\$ 1.25$ each.


Bailie Spring-Rake
Fitted with extra-heavy spring from handle to spacer (something new in a rake). Has 24 teeth made from flat spring wire, slotted and keyed throughout. Ideal for lawn or driveway. To clean, turn on back and draw toward you. All parts procurable. $\$ 1.75$ each.

## Water-Ballast Lawn Rollers

Fill it with water, which will weight it up to any number of pounds desired, as shown below. Equipped with feature for balancing handles, which always keeps the handle in position ready for use; ball axle bearings.

|  | Se | Diam. | Length | Weight | Wgt. filled |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noi | . 1 | 14 | ${ }_{21}{ }^{\text {in }}$ | 70 | 175 |  |
| 602 | . 1 | 18 | 24 | 85 | 265 | 1600 |
|  | 1 | 24 | 24 | 110 | 420 | 1800 |
| 604 |  | 24 | 32 | 130 | 565 | 190 |

## Hand Lawn Rollers

These Rollers are of neat finish, with beveled edges and a smooth surface; very strong and durable. A Roller weighing from 200 to 350 pounds can be readily handled by one man. Diam. Length or No. of Weight $\begin{array}{lcc}\text { one man. Diam. } \\ \text { No. } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Length or } \\ \text { in. }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { No. of } \\ \text { width in. }\end{array} \\ 501 . . . . . & \text { sections }\end{array}$
No.
$501 \ldots \ldots .15$
$502 \ldots \ldots .25$
$504 \ldots \ldots .20$
$507 \ldots \ldots .20$
$508 \ldots \ldots .20$
$509 \ldots \ldots .24$
$511 \ldots \ldots .24$
$512 \ldots \ldots .24$


Rubbish Burners for leaves, paper, and rubbish. The best receptacle used for burning leaves, papers, and all kinds of rubbish. This handy Burner is a safeguard against many fires that have their origin in the burning of rubbish in the open. The Burner is extra strong, manufactured of galvanized steel wire, reinforced with heavy wire supports. Made to give life-long satisfaction. We supply this Burner in No. 1 size, $\$ 6$.

## Saws



Pruning. Single edge; best spring-steel. 16-in., \$1.75; 18-in., \$1.85; 20-in., \$2.


Double Edge. 18-in., \$1.75; 20-in., \$1.90. Adjustable Pole. A handy tool; attaches to pole of any length. Handle made of malleable iron with socket. Can be adjusted to different angles. Price, without pole, $\$ 2$.

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Saws, Buck or Wood. $\$ 1.50$
One-Man Crosscut. $31 / 2-\mathrm{ft}$. blade, $\$ 3.75$.
Two-Man Crosscut. 5-ft. blade, $\$ 5.75$.

other flowers direct from bush without injuring or crushing stem. Heavily nickelplated throughout. $\$ 1.50$ each.


Grape Scissors. For thinning out bunches of grapes. $\$ 1.25$ each.
Screw-drivers, Perfect Handle. Made from special analysis steel, carefully tested; handles riveted on, locked in under great pressure, and waterproofed.
5 -in. blade . . $\$ 060 \mid 8$-in. blade. . . $\$ 085$ 6-in. blade.. 65 10-in. blade... 100 7 -in. blade.. 75

## 

Scythe Stones, Darby Creek, 25 cts. Talacre. 50 cts .
Scythe Handles. \$2.


Scythes, Grass and Lawn. Imported English. Has a riveted back, broad, thin, light blade. Bcst Scythe for cutting grass, rye, oats, etc. $32-\mathrm{in}$., $\$ 2.75$; 34 -in., \$3; 36-in., \$3.50.
Domestic. Solid back, 32-in., \$2; 34-in. \$2.25.
Brush or Briar. \$2.50.


Hedge, Finest English Steel. Solid stcel blade, crucible toolsteel, tempered to hold an cdge. Give good service. Shears with notch are the best for cutting heavystems of hedge plants. With notch, 8 -in. blade, $\$ 3.50$; 9 -in. blade, $\$ 3.75$; $10-\mathrm{in}$. blade, $\$ 4.25$.

Hedge Shears, American.
8-in., \$2.50; 9-in., \$2.75;
10-in., \$3.

Yeakle. TheseShears will not push the hedge forward but will hold it and cut it at once. They also have a tension spring to keep the blades together, consequently need little or no attention, as the spring has a tendency to keep them sharp. $\$ 5$ each.


Shock Absorbing. The rubber shockabsorber arrangement, which is a new development, prevents that nerve-jarring shock on the arms which is so tiring. One knife edge-one serrated edge to prevent twigs from slipping. They are beautifully balanced and cut easily. 8 -in., $\$ 3.30$; $9-\mathrm{in}$. , \$3.65.
Ladies'. 6-in., \$1.50.
French Hand-pruning. Made of good qualsteel; flat roller spring; works easily and cuts well:
detachable blades; plain finish. Made in two sizes. 7 -in., $\$ 2 ; 8$-in., $\$ 2.25$.


## Hy-Power Pruners

No. 908. A new, effortless cutting action that simplifies pruning. The thin knifeblade of the Hy-Power Pruner cuts through the wood with a smooth, draw-cut action on to the soft bronze anvil with an ease and smoothness almost incredible. Light in weight, it is much less tiring to use, and cuts much easier. Non-pinching knurled handles. Positive closing latch. \$2 each.
No. 906. A small, light edition of No. 908, without bronze anvil. Very popular with lady gardencrs. $\$ 1.50$ each.


Hand-pruning, Wiss. Finest quality crucible tool-steel; tempercd to hold an edge; will not break. $10-\mathrm{in} ., \$ 4.25$; 9 -in., $\$ 3.75$.
Wiss No. 309. 9-in., \$2.65 each.
Wiss No. 68. 8-in., \$1.25 each.


California. Cruciblc tool-steel blade; malleable handle; Japan finish. Very good Shears for grape-vines and shrubbery. \$1.

SHEARS, continued
Ladies' Nickel-plated. Light, practical, handy to use on roses and shrubbery. 6-in., $\$ 1.75$ each.
Ladies' Light-weight Pruning Shears. Good quality steel. 6 -in., \$1 each.


Pruning Shears, Long Handle. Ideal for pruning around rose bushes, briars, etc., without scratching the hands. The long handles are invaluable for pruning high ramblers or low bushes. Complete, with notch, for easily removing cut pieces. $\$ 1.40$ each.


Grass, Wiss-Klip. These Grass Shears are equipped with adjusting nuts and swinging shackle which enables the blades to be spread apart for resharpening. Handles are curved to fit the hand and are knurled to prevent slipping. $\$ 1.25$ each.


Grass, Genuine "True Vermonter." Finest quality steel. Hollow-ground blades. 51/2-in., $\$ 2.50$ each.
Great American. $51 / 2-\mathrm{in}$., full polished, $\$ 1.50$.


Improved Grass. The blades, of tempered cutlery steel, hold their edge, and cut easily and smoothly along their whole length from the "heel" to the extreme points. The handles fit the hand comfortably and naturally. $\$ 1.40$ each. Also equipped with rubber-covercd handles. $\$ 1.50$ each.


Frictionless Grass Shears. Top blade roller mounted (biggest improvement ever made), making frictionless operation and perfect alignment of cutting edges. Other features include drop forged hollow-ground blades and unbreakable coil tension spring that can be adjusted. Hand is kept clear off the ground. $\$ 1.50$ each.

Border Shears, Imported. Made of the finest quality English steel. Without wheel, 8-in., \$6;9-in., \$6.50; $9-\mathrm{in}$. with wheel, \$6.75.

Border Shears, American. Without wheeI, $9-\mathrm{in}$., $\$ 4$. With wheel, 9 -in., $\$ 4.50$.


Forester Lopping Shears. Forged from the best quality steel. Patented slide-shift power slot that gives great extra power in the middle of a difficult cut by the simple shift from one notch to the next. This tool is very powerful and ruggedly built for lifetime use. It is 27 inches long and has a capacity $11 / 2$ inches in green wood. $\$ 6$ each.


Forester Pointcut Pruner. The superiority of this tool lies in its ability to cut close and clean without the slightest damage to the bark. Both blades have sharp cutting edges. The patented slide shift gives a 50 to 100 per cent increase in cutting power. An especially rugged, Iongwearing tool that will prove its greater value in its wider range of service. Light in weight- $21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. Handy in size- 20 inches long. \$5 each.


Lopping Skears. Draw cut. Solid steel blade and hook. Hand forged; 4-inch


Tree Pruners, Waters. A tool that will give entire satisfaction. 6 - ft ., $\$ 2.50$; 8 -ft., $\$ 2.75$; $10-\mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 3$; $12-\mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 3.25$.
Prices are for Pruner without rope or pole.

Little Giant Tree Pruner, $\$ 2.25$. With saw attachment, $\$ 3.25$.

## Soil-Test Kit

A 20-test kit-a whole season's soil-testing-for far less
 money than a kit of such capacity has ever sold for before. Tests for nitrogen, phosphorus, phosand acidity-giving all essential information for a information for a or garden. Complete with structions and data on plant needs. Inexpensive refills available. $\$ 2$.


A good and powerful Pruner. Cuts from both sides of the limb, and does not bruise the bark. Long ferrules; handles do not pull out; blades are of the best forged steel. 28-in., \$5 each.

Spiking or perforating the lawn is desirable at any time. This aërates the soil and cultivates the grass, breaks up the hidebound condition of the roots, and allows water to enter, thus developing deep and extensive root systens. Tampseeded areas always. This is most important. Seed not pressed to the soil does not germinate but is blown and washed away. $\$ 4.50$ each.

\section*{| RELCHARDS |
| :--- |
| "FOLDUP" | PLANT SUPPORT <br> $\longrightarrow$ 等地}

## Spike Tamp



Foldup Plant Support. These Supports are made of galvanized wire. They do
not rust and may be used for years. The ring is 15 inches in diameter and
the lcgs are 28 inches long. $\$ 3.50$ per doz. $\$ 25$ per 100 .


## Shovels

Long Handle
Keen Kutter, Round Point. . . . . . . $\$ 250$
Portage City, Square Point
Short Handle
Keen Kutter, Round Point
Keen Kutter, Square Point
Portage City, Round Point
250
Portage City, Square Point
25
25


Spades, Steel
Keen Kutter, Short Handle.
Portage City, Short Handle.

Stakes, Cane, Japanese. 5 to 6 feet, $\$ 2$ per $100 ; \$ 7$ for $500 ; \$ 12$ per 1,000 .
Heavy Rose or Dahlia.


Hyacinth. Used for staking hyacinths, tulips, and slender plants; dyed green.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
11 / 2 \text { foot } \text { feet. }
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\$ 2 & \$ 2 & 50
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## Stake Fasteners

These take the place of string entirely, lasting several seasons; used for fastening cross wires to galvanized stakes.

Everlasting Style. Heavy. \$2.25 for $500 ; \$ 4$ per 1,000
Eureka Style. Light. $\$ 1.60$ for 500 ; $\$ 3$ per 1,000 .

Nursery, Short Handle. Blade 121/4 in. long, $71 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide
Sieves. Any size mesh; galvanized wire; well made. 18 -in., $\$ 1.65 ; 20$-in., $\$ 1.75$.


## Stakes

Bamboo Garden. 4 feet, diam. $1 / 2$ to $5 / 8$-inch, $\$ 3$ per $100 ; 6$ feet, diam. $5 / 8$ to $3 / 4$-inch, $\$ 5.50$ per 100 .


Round, light, tapering, painted green.


## SPRAYERS



## 2-quart Continuous Sprayer

A Ligh-grade Continuous Sprayer with brass nozzle, check-valve and discharge tube, removable for cleaning. Two brass nozzles are furnished, one for spraying straight ahead and the other for spraying at any angle. Nozzles throw large, broad, longdistance, misty spray. Heavy galvanized tank. \$1.75 each.

New Open-Top CompressedAir Sprayer


Open top, $51 / 2$ inches in diameter, for quick easy filling and cleaning. Buth the eopper and galvanizedSprayers are equipped with a heavy seamless brass pump $13 / 4$ inches in diameter. Simple, foolproof positive device for locking pump to tank.
The pump-cylinder is held fast to pump-head and does not come apart each time pump is removed from tank, still it may be quickly taken apart if desired.
The shoulder-strap has ssnap ends for quickly removing, and is adjustable for a short or tall person.

The Automatic Nozzle is made of cast brass, carefully machined and works automatically, wastes no liquids, is oil- and chemical-resisting, and non-clogging. Throws a large, broad, fine mist, or long-distance spray as desircd.

The tank is made of heavy solid eopper, highly polishcd, or of heavy galvanized steel, double seamed and well riveted, to stand a heavy pressure. Tank has double bottom, giving double strengtl to withstand hard knocks when set down roughly against stones or on eoncrete floors. It sprays anything in liquid form.

Tank-Capacity, 4 gallons.
Hose, 2 ft . of $1 / 2$-inch best grade, with coil spring to prevent breaking when not in use, and in addition a brass rod 2 feet long with angle neck to allow easy spraying underneath leaves.
Nozzle, automatic, non-clog.

## Copper Tank

Galvanized Tank.
Extension Pipes. Brass, 2-foot lengths, for spraying tall shrubs and trees. 60 cts .
Copper Strainer. For straining lumpy liquids. $\$ 1.50$.


The No. 26D Sprayer is one of the finest quality Sprayers made. It is constructed with a heavy seamless brass pump cylinder, brass cone, seamless brass syphon tube, brass nozzle and solid copper container for maximum life. The combination straight and angle nozzles are attached so that they may be adjusted at any angle. Has bronze ball valve which is easily cleaned. $\$ 1.75$ each.
Auto Spray. All tin. \$1.
Hand Atomizer, made of heavy tin. Single acting and capable of throwing a fine misty spray. 1 -qt., 50 cts.; 1 -pt., 35 cts.


## Waterer's Justrite Compressed Air Sprayer

The construction is the same as the Banner, but it is not so heavy and is of smaller capacity. This sturdy little machine holds about $21 / 2$ gallons. It is entirely suitable for spraying on a smaller scale, and is particularly recommended for use where weight is a factor, as when womenfolk or youngsters help out with the spraying. Brass tank, \$6.50; Galvanized tank, $\$ 4.25$.


Deming's Century Barrel Spray Pump
A powerful pump, with $121 / 2-\mathrm{ft}$. section of $1 / 2$-inch hose and nozzle, \$25; complete, with barrel, \$34. Barrels for holding spray solution, $\$ 9$.

Deming's Bucket Pump, Perfect Success

With hose, nozzle and bucket fastener, $\$ 8$.



Deming's Wheelbarrow Sprayer
The machine for those who occasionally have to spray trees, chicken-houses, etc., and to whom it is essential that the spraying outfit be transportable. This Deming Sprayer is equipped with a 12 -gallon tank, 10 feet of hose, 4 -foot extension, and nozzle. Witls galvanized tank, $\$ 32.50$; with brass tank, $\$ 40$.

Paragon Sprayer No. 1
Capacity 6 gallons; 5-ft. Special Spray Hose;


Paragon Sprayer No. 3
Equipped with a 12 -gallon tank mounted on a truck, three $21 / 2$-foot extension pipes, 2 nozzles, and 10 feet of hose. $\$ 23.50$.


New Blizzard Sprayer. A copper 1 -quart continuous Sprayer, cquipped with two nozzles. Sprays straight ahead or at an angle, as desired. Can be used for insecticides, disinfectants, Duco, and lacquers. $\$ 1.85$ each.
Robertson Compressed Air Sprayer. Brass pump and copper container. 1-qt. capacity. $\$ 2.25$ each.
Bottle Sprayer. Excellent for spraying house plants. $\$ 1.50$ each.


## Arnold Garden Hose Sprayer

Attaches to any garden hose. Designed to take the hard labor out of garden spraying. No mixing, just inscrt cartridge in container, attach to garden hose, turn on water and you are ready to spray. $\$ 3.50$ each.

## Cartridges

P-R Combination of Pyrethrum and Rotenone for sucking and chewing insects. Non-poisonous.
Colloidal Sulphur for rust, mildew and other fungous diseases.
Nicotine for sucking insects and some softbodied eating insects.
Bordeaux Mixture for control of fungous diseases.
Arsenate of Lead for all chewing insects.
Dormant Spray to be used early in spring before foliage appears. To kill scale and fungous diseases.

All Cartridges, 35 cts . each; 6 for $\$ 2$



## Knapsack Sprayer

 One of the most easily operated Knapsack Sprayers that have ever been produced. It is adaptable topractically all conditions where a small portable Sprayer is required.The tank, of 4-gallon capacity, is well made of highest quality sheet brass or galvanized iron and is curved to fit the back of the operator.
Equipment: Three feet of $3 / 8$-inch hose, automatic trigger shut-off, and Eureka Spray Nozzle. Galvanized tank, \$17; brass tank, \$22.50.


BELLOWS, WOODASON'S POWDER. Large double eone, $\$ 6.50$; large single cone, \$4.50; small single cone, $\$ 3$.
SPRINKLERS, RUBBER. 10 -oz., straight neek, \$1.20; 8-oz., crook-ncek, \$1.


## Savage Junior Powder Duster

Throws long, broad dust-blast straight ahead, and when under-leaf extension nozzle is attached, easily dusts underside of leaves on low-growing vines or at any angle. \$1.

## Brass Syringes

No. A101. Size $1 \times 12$ inches. 1 Rose and 1 Jet. $\$ 3.75$ each.

No. A103. Size $11 / 2 \times 16$ inches. 1 Rose and 1 Jet. $\$ 6.50$ each.


No. A110. Size $11 / 2 \times 18$ inches. Fine and coarse Rose and Jet. $\$ 10$ each.

## Spray Nozzles

Bordeaux. A good Nozzle for whitewash and all heavy spray materials. $\$ 1$


Simplex. Light, durable, compact. Adapted for high pressure. Has two steel discs; for coarse or mediumfine spray, respectively. Does not waste liquid. 90 cts. each.

## Extension Pipes

Bamboo, Brass Lined. Fitted with stopcock. 10 ft ., $\$ 6$.

## Thermometers



No. 5420. Black Japanned heavy tin case. For greenhouses. Black oxidized brass scale, white figures. (Spirit.) 8 -in., \$1.15. No. 5400. Copper case, 10 -in., $\$ 2.90$. Tin case, 10 -in., $\$ 2.25$.
No. 5981, Hotbed. Wood frame, 16 inclies, with point. Brass oxidized seale, white figures and graduations. Best grade, \$2.75. No. 5120. Distance reading. Wcod back. Mission finish, brass seale, white figures and graduations. (Spirit.) $8-\mathrm{in}$., $\$ 1.75$.
No. 5452, Self-Registering. Copper case, black brass scale, white figures. Maximum and Minimum. $\$ 6.25$ each with Magnet.
No. 5140. Black scale with white figures and graduations. Woorl backs. 8 -in., 75 cts.

## Asbestos Torch

Attach the Torch to the end of a pole; saturate with kerosene oil, light and hold under the caterpillars' nests, and pass quickly along the branches and around the trunk of the tree. The heat instantly destroys the insects and will in no way injure the trees. Without pole, 50 cts. each.


The Kingsbury. AII one piece of solid steel. 50 cts . each.


Johnson Steel. These have one-piece steel blade and shank, equal to the imported trowels.
5-inch...
6-inch.

| .$\$ 070$ | 7 -inch. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 75 |  |

.$\$ 080$
Steel-Shank. Somewhat Iong in blade and handle, making a very practical tool. 6 -inch blade, 85 cts. each.


American Garden. Light weight; very serviceable. 6 -inch, 30 cts. each.

Transplanting. Narrow steel blade; excellent for setting bulbs, transplanting, or weeding. 7 -inch, 30 cts . each.

winapan Transplanting, Shank and Blade

Transplanting. Very handy for transplanting cabbage, tomatoes, etc. Solid steel shank and blade. 75 cts. each.
Twine, Jute. For tying plants and vines; soft and very strong. 2 and 3 -ply, ball 15 cts ; lb. 25 cts.
Sea Island Cotton. Green. Ball 15 cts . Ib .90 cts.
Green Silkaline. Very Iargely used for tying plants and stringing smilax, asparagus, etc. Spool, 35c. Tar Twine. Ball, 30 cts.
White Cotton. Medium, ball, 40 cts.; lb. 80 cts. Heavy, ball, 40 cts.; lb. 80 cts. Tarred Sisal. 17 cts . per lb.
Binder Twine. 22 cts. per Ib.

## Water Barrel and Truck

The price below includes barrel and truck. The latter is constructed so that the barrel may be detached quickly and the leafrack attached. $31 / 2$-inch tire Truck, with barrel, \$25 each.
Extra barrels with trunnions, open head, $\$ 7$ each.

Truck with $31 / 2$-inch tire wheels, no rack or barrel, \$25 each.


Wotherspoon's. Galvanized; extra heavy, with long spout and two roses-one coarse and one fine. Round Oval 4-quart. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 542
6-quart 52 8-quart 525
550 10-quart. $\qquad$ 12-quart. . 600 16-quart.
or Sprays. For Wotherspoon Watering Can, either coarse or fine, 60 cts. each.
Haw's Pattern, English. Imported. Heavy galvanized iron, reinforced; made well and substantially. Each pot has a long spout, with one fine and one coarse rose. 3-quart, $\$ 5.50$; 4-quart, $\$ 6.50$; 6-quart, $\$ 7.50$.


Window. Long spout. Green, Blue, Yellow, and Maroon. 2-quart, \$1.25.

## Wheelbarrows

Garden, Farm and Greenhouse


Strong, well-made. The frame is seasoned hardwood painted red. Back and legs put together by joint bolts
No. 1. 23/4-in. tire.
. $\$ 925$
No. 2. 23/4-in. tire.
850
No. 3. 23/4-in. tire
800


Special Greenhouse Style Wheelbarrow. Narrow body as also is the distance between the handles. \$11 each.
Boy's. This is a very neat, well-constructed Wheelbarrow. \$5.75 each.

## Norcross Weeders

With the 5-prong the gardener can quickly loosen the soil and destroy all weeds. It easily cultivates to a depth of approxinnately 3 inches, leaving the soil untrampled and in perfect condition. The center prong is quickly and easily detachable for straddling the row if desired. $\$ 1.25$ each.
 yables are planted in narrow rows. and for all thy women who tend the garden, the 3 -prong will be found particularly satisfactory. \$1 each.


Midget Weeder is designed for cultivating flowers, small shrubbery, etc., where the most careful hand work is required. 65 cts.

## Dandelion or Lawn Weeder

This is an essential tool for Iifting dandelions and other similar weeds from lawns. Sharpened cutting edge; $3-\mathrm{ft}$. hardwood handle. 50 cts. each.

## Eureka Weeder

Made of flexible steel. 50 cts. each.


Eureka Weeder


## Cleveland Lawn Weeder

## Cleveland Lawn Weeder

Removes the root bodily. Is simple to operate. The curved edge of the bade enters and loosens the soil, pressure on the lever then causes the toothed jaw to grasp the plant, and a slight pull suffices to dislodge it without disturbing the surrounding sod. $\$ 1.25$ each.

## Spring-Tooth Magic <br> Weeder Hoes

Style A. Length over all, $91 / 4 \mathrm{in}$.


Style G. This Magic Weeder Hoe is Iarger and stronger than Style $F$, heavier steel and larger handle, and also made for the hardest possible service. This size is also provided with a movable collar for regulating the width. 4 -tine, $\$ 1$ each.


$$
\text { Style F. } 75 \text { cts. }
$$

Style H. Weeder and Hoe combined. 41/2-ft. handle. Very strong. \$1.25.


A very handy tool for weeding between narrow rows. 30 cts. each.


## Excelsior Weeder

The claw fingers are useful for loosening and pulverizing the soil. 20 cts . each.

Keep your Roses
free from Aphis. Spray with Red Arrow. See page 118


## Bailie Automatic Weeder

Don't cut wecds-pull them out root and all.

A sturdy, practical tool 100 per cent perfect. (Has been tested for over two years.) By turning root upward, weed automatically drops out as next one is jammed into the jaws, and so on. Unequaled for removing crab grass, dandelion, plantain, etc. Cadmium plated. Will last a lifetime. $\$ 1.50$ each.

## Out-U.Kum Weed Puller

A slight push and pull thoroughly loosens the surrounding soil and removes not only the weed, but the entire root. 75 cts . each.

## Rootone

A Hormone powder for the treatment of cuttings, seeds and bulbs. Assures more vigorous plants. No solutions. No soaking. 2 ozs. \$1.


## Window-Boxes

## Savo Self-Wate-ing and Subirrigating

8 inches in height and $91 / 2$ inches in width. Strongly made of galvanized steel, with neat round corners and full roll rim. The green enamel finish, both inside and out, prevents rust or leakage.
Model A. 23 in. Iong . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 350$
Model B. 29 in. Iong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 400
Model C. 35 in. Iong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 450
ModeI D. 41 in. Iong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 500


Wire Netting, No. 19. Galvanized; 2-inch mesh. 150 running feet per bale. Bale

| 12 in....... $\$ 150$ | 42 in . . . . . . $\$ 400$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18 in........ 225 | 48 in........ 450 |
| 24 in........ 300 | 60 in. . . . . . . . 550 |
| 30 in. . . . . . . . 325 | 72 in........ 675 |
| 36 in. ....... 375 |  |

No. 20. Galvanized; 1 -inch mesh. 150 run-

|  | Bale |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 in........ \$2 75 | 42 in. . . . . . $\$ 700$ |
| 18 in........ 400 | 48 in . . . . . . . . 825 |
| 24 in. . . . . . . 475 | 60 in . . . . . . 1025 |
| 30 in. ....... 550 | 72 in........ 1200 |
| 36 in. ....... 625 |  |

Wire Flower-Bed Fencing. For putting around beds, lawns, etc.
$16-\mathrm{in}$. Less than $165-\mathrm{ft}$. roll, 12 cts . per ft . $16-\mathrm{in}$. In $165-\mathrm{ft}$. roll lots, 10 cts . per ft . $22-\mathrm{in}$. Less than $165-\mathrm{ft}$. roll, 13 cts . per ft. $22-\mathrm{in}$. In $165-\mathrm{ft}$. roll Icts, 12 cts . Fer ft. Continuous Wire Trellig. Excellent for training vines of all kirds. Ttcroughly galvanized and well riade. Any length desired up to 165 runnirg feet.
18 in . wide, Iess than $165-\mathrm{ft}$. roll, 12 c . per ft . 18 in . wide, in $165-\mathrm{ft}$. roll Icts, 10 cts . per ft 24 in . wide, less than $165-\mathrm{ft}$. roII, 14 c . per ft . 24 in . wide, in 165 -ft. rcll lots, 12 cts. per ft . Galvanized Wire Work. Any height or any width, in either trellises or arches. Made of heavy diamond-mesh wire with strong frames. It usually requires about two weeks in which to complete orders for this. 50 cts. per sq. ft. on pieces aggregating 15 sq. ft. or over; less than 15 sq. ft., 60 cts. per sq. ft.

## Flower Pots, Saucers, and Plant Tubs



Equipped with Strong Iron Drop Handles and Feet
These are made by hand, of the very best white cedar, painted green, bound with black iron hoops.
No. 0. .
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Inside diam. Each } \\ 243 / 4 \mathrm{in} . & \$ 1150\end{array}$

 No. 3................. $18 \frac{11}{10} \mathrm{in} . \quad 750$ No. 4................ $161 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. 650 No. 5............... . . $14 \frac{7}{\frac{7}{16}}$ in. 575 No. $6 \ldots . . . \omega^{7} \cdot{ }^{\frac{7}{16}}$ in. 500 No. 7....................... $113 / 4$ in. 425 No. 8................ . $10 \frac{11}{18}$ in. 375

## Keystone Plant Tubs

Made of white cedar, painted green, and bound with strong electric welded wire hoops which do not rust. Handles are sold separately at 30 cts . per pair, not attached to tub. Insidc diam. Dcpth Each

| tub. | Inside diam. $\text { ... } 10 \mathrm{in} \text {. }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Depth } \\ & 9 \mathrm{in} . \end{aligned}$ | Each $\$ 095$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 6. | 11 in . | 10 in . | 115 |
| No. 7. | 12 in . | 11 in. | 130 |
| No. 8. | 13 in . | 12 in . | 175 |
| No. 9. | 14 in . | 13 in . | 185 |
| No. 10. | 15 in . | 14 in. | 225 |
| No. 11. | 16 in. | 15 in. | 235 |
| No. 12. | 17 in. | 16 in. | 275 |
| No. 13. | 18 in . | 17 in . | 325 |
| No. 14. | 19 in. | 18 in . | 425 |

Standard Earthenware Flower Pots
Full inside measurement. Six at dozen rates; 50 at 100 rates; 500 at 1,000 rates. Earthenware Flower Puts, Bulb Pans, and Saucers cannot be sent by mail, but only by express or frcight, at customers expense.

| Size | Each | Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | in. . . \$0 02 | \$0 20 | \$1 35 | \$1200 |
| 2 i | in.... 03 | 25 |  | 1225 |
| 21/4 | in.... 04 | 30 | 145 | 1275 |
| 21/2 | in.... 05 | 35 | 165 | 1500 |
|  | in. .... 06 | 40 | 215 | 1950 |
| 31/2 i | in.... 06 | 45 | 265 | 2400 |
| 4 | in.... 07 | 50 | 330 | 3000 |
| $41 / 2$ i | in. ... 08 | 60 | 445 | 4050 |
| $5$ | in. ... 10 | 75 | 595 | 5400 |
| $51 / 2$ | in.... 12 | 100 | 745 | 6750 |
| 6 i | in.... 12 | 120 | 890 | 8100 |
| 7 | in. ... 20 | 200 | 1350 |  |
| 8 | in.... 25 | 275 | 1950 |  |
| 9 i | in.... 35 | + 00 | 3000 |  |
| 10 |  | 550 | 4050 |  |
| 12 | in.... 100 | 1100 | 8250 |  |
| 14 | in.... 150 | 1750 | 13500 |  |

Square Seed Pans, Earthenware

|  | Each | Doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8 \times 8$ in | \$1 15 | \$1200 |
| $10 \times 10 \mathrm{in}$. | 140 | 1550 |
| $12 \times 12 \mathrm{in}$. | 170 | 1800 |


| Earthenware Saucers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size | Each | Doz. | $\stackrel{100}{2025}$ |
| 5 in. | 04 | + 45 | 300 |
| 6 in. | 06 | 65 | 450 |
| 7 in . | 09 | 95 | 675 |
| 8 in. | 12 | 120 | 950 |
| 9 in. | 18 |  | 1250 |
| 10 in. | 25 | 250 | 2000 |
| 12 in . | 40 | 400 | 3000 |
| 14 in. | 50 | 500 | 4000 |

## Waterproof Paper Flower Pots

|  | Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21/4-in. pots | \$0 12 | \$0 50 | \$500 |
| 21/2-in. pots | 15 | 60 | 550 |
| 3 -in. pots | 18 | 80 | 700 |
| $31 / 2-\mathrm{in}$. pots | 20 | 100 | 900 |
| 4 -in. pots | 25 | 130 | 1100 |
| in. pot | 30 | 200 | 1500 |
| 6 -in. pots | 45 | 270 | 18 |


| Round Bulb or Lily Pans |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Width |  |  | 100 |
| 6 in . | \$0 12 | \$120 | \$890 |
| 7 in . | 20 | 200 | 1350 |
| 8 in | 25 | 275 | 1950 |
| 9 in | 35 | 400 | 3000 |
| 10 in | 50 | 550 | 4050 |
| 12 in | 100 | 1100 | 8250 |
| 14 in | 150 | 1750 | 13500 |

## Wood Fiber Saucers

Extremely desirable on account of being absolutely waterproof. Mabogany finish.


Wooden Seed Flats. (Knocked down.) $20 \times 14 \times 2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. 35 cts . each.

## Cut-Flower Vases

Galvanized iron. Seams well soldered.


Use Weed-Killer on your walks and driveways. See page 118

## VEGETABLE PLANTS, ROOTS, AND HERBS

For the convenience of those who prefer to use plants, and those who have been too late to start their gardens from seed, we offer the following list of strong, sturdy plants, ready for use at about the date indicated after each kind.

## THIS STOCK CANNOT BE SHIPPED OUTSIDE OF THE JAPANESE BEETLE AREA

| Asparagus Roots. It requires 100 plants for Doz. a single row of 150 feet. | 100 $\$ 125$ | 1,000 $\$ 1000$ | Horse-Radish Roots, Maliner Kren. Ready in March $\qquad$ $\$ 10$ per 1,000 . | Doz. $\$ 035$ | 100 $\$ 150$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Barr's Mammoth........................... . ${ }^{\text {Argo }} 30$ | ${ }_{1} 125$ | 10 100 | Lettuce. Ready April 1...... $\$ 6$ per 1,000.. |  | 75 |
| Conover's Colossal........................ 30 | 125 | 1000 | Mint. Ready April 15. |  |  |
| Palmetto, or Eclipse...................... . . 30 | 125 | 1000 | Peppermint. Pot-grown plants......... . $\$ 020$ | 50 | 1200 |
| Pedigreed Washington................. ${ }^{\text {. }} 50$ | 175 | 1500 | Spearmint. Pot-grown plants........... 20 | 50 | 1200 |
| Above prices are for 2-year-old roots |  |  | Parsley. Ready April 1. Pot-grow | 00 | 800 |
| Cabbage, Jersey Wakefield and Copen- Each hagen. Ready April 1. From hotbeds.. | Doz. | 100 | grown plants <br> Rhubarb Roots, Victoria. | $\begin{array}{ll}100 \\ 1 & 00 \\ 2 & 50\end{array}$ | 800 1000 |
|  |  | \$100 | Rosemary., Pot-grown plants.............. 25 | 250 |  |
| Cauliflower, Snowball. Ready April 1. |  |  | Sage, Holt's Mammoth. Ready April 15.20 | 200 |  |
| Pot-grown plants................... | \$0 75 | 500 | Sweet Potato, Red and Yellow Nansemond. |  |  |
| elery, Giant Pascal, Self-Blanching, |  |  | Ready June 1........... \$6 per 1,000. |  | 100 |
| White Pluine, and Winter Queen. |  |  | Tarragon. Ready April 15. Pot-grown plants | 300 | 2000 |
|  |  |  | hyme. Ready April 15. Broad-leaved |  |  |
| Eggplant, Black Beauty. Ready Mav is | ${ }_{1}^{2} 00$ | 1200 800 | English pot-grown plants............. | 200 |  |
| Hop-Vines, Japanese. Ready early May... 25 | 250 | 1500 | derosa, and Stone. Pot-grown plants. | 75 | 500 |

## Fertilizers for the Farm, Lawn, Garden, and Greenhouse

## Prices on Fertilizers subject to change without notice

Adco. The addition of Adco to vegetable refuse, grass clippings, leaves, cornstalks, etc., will produce a clean, odorless manure. $71 / 2$ Ibs. $\$ 1 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 2 ; 150$ lbs. $\$ 10.50$.
Aluminum Sulphate. For souring the soil where one desires to grow Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and other plants requiring an acid soil. 5 lbs. 40 cts.; 10 lbs .70 cts.; 25 lbs . $\$ 1.25 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 4$.
Ashes, Hardwood. Apply 1,000 pounds per acre. Indispensable for all crops requiring potash; excellent for mixing with potting soil. For top-dressing lawns and grass fields it is applied to best advantage either in early spring or late fall. 25 lbs . $\$ 1$; 50 lbs . $\$ 1.75 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3 ; 200-\mathrm{lb}$. bbl. $\$ 5 ; 1,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 22.50$; ton $\$ 40$.
Blood, Dried. For indoor culture of flowering plants, like roses, carnations, etc., its chief element being nitrogen. One of the quickest acting fertilizers. 5 lbs .60 cts .; 10 lbs. $\$ 1 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2$; $50 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3.50 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 6 ; 200 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 10$.
Bone Flour. Ground perfectly fine. An excellent fertilizer for potplants or beds where an immediate effect is wanted. 5 lbs. 50 cts ; 10 lbs. 85 cts.; 25 Ibs. $\$ 1.50 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 2.25 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 4 ; 200$ Ibs. \$7.50; $1,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 32$.
Bone-Meal. We reconmend this especially for lawns, gardens, and greenhouses, or any purpose where a high-class fertilizer counts. Apply 800 to 1,000 pounds per acre. 3 lbs. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. 35 cts.; $10 \mathrm{lbs} .60 \mathrm{cts} . ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.25 ; 50 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 2.25 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3.75 ; 200 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 7 ;$ $1 / 2 \operatorname{ton} \$ 32.50$; ton $\$ 55$.
Bone, Baugh's Coarse-ground. 200-lb. bags only. 200 Ibs . $\$ 7.50$; 1 12ton \$35; ton $\$ 65$.

Bone. ( $1 / 4-$ in. cracked.) A lasting fertilizer for trees, shrubs, etc. $200-\mathrm{Ib}$. bags only. $200-\mathrm{Ib}$. bags $\$ 12.50$; $1 / 2$ ton $\$ 57.50$; ton $\$ 110$.
Bovung. A clean, odorless, dried cow-manure. It is well pulverized and absolutely free of live weed seeds. 10 lbs .60 cts .; $25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1 ; 50 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 1.50 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 2.75 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 12.50 ; 1,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 23.50$; ton $\$ 42.50$.
Carnation Food (Springfield). Invigorates root action, strengthens stem and calyx, intensifies the color, adds lasting qualities to the blooms, and insures a larger and more perfect crop. $25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.50$; 50 lbs. $\$ 4.50 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 8$.
Cattle or Cow Manure, Shredded. For garden, lawn, and greenhouse, and especially good to mix with compost. 5 libs. 45 cts.; 10 lbs. 70 cts.; 25 lbs. \$1.40; 50 lbs . $\$ 2 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 3.25 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 16 ; 1,000 \mathrm{Ibs}$. $\$ 30$; ton $\$ 55$.
Clay's Fertilizer. An English chemical fertilizer for forcing greenhouse plants and vegetables. It can be used in either dry or liquid form. $28-\mathrm{lb}$. bag $\$ 3.75$; $56-\mathrm{lb}$. bag $\$ 6.25$; 112 -lb. bag $\$ 12$.
Cotton Seed Meal. An excellent fertilizer for use on grass and grain. It is unequaled as a food for plants such as azaleas, laurels, rhododendrons, etc. 5 liss. 40 cts. : 10 lbs .75 cts.; 25 lbs . $\$ 1.25 ; 50 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 2.25 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 4$.
Hyper-Humus, Prepared. An excellent article to incorporate with poor soil in the garden, greenhouse, or in potting plants. When used in garden work, the ground should be covered with $1 / 2$ to 2 inches of Humus and spaded in. 5 lbs. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. 50 cts.; 25 lbs. 75 cts.; 100 lbs. $\$ 2 ; 500$ lbs. $\$ 9.50 ; 1,000$ ibs. $\$ 15$; ton \$25.

## FERTILIZERS FOR THE FARM, LAWN, GARDEN, AND GREENHOUSE, continued

Horn Shavings. Used principally for mixing in potting soil; iṣ rich in ammonia; especially valuable in chrysanthemum growing. 5 Ibs. 90 cts.; 10 Ibs. $\$ 1.70 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 2.50 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 4 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 7$.
Land Plaster. Apply about 1,000 to 1,500 pounds per acre for a top dressing on sour and worn-out soils, also for mixing with Paris green. 100 lbs. $\$ 2 ; 200$ lbs. $\$ 3.75$; $1 / 2$ ton $\$ 16$; ton $\$ 30$.
Lime, Hydrated or Powdered. Promotes growth and gives the grass a rich color. Apply 1 ton per acre on fields or $1 / 2$ ton on lawns. 10 lbs. 35 cts.; 100-Ib. sack $\$ 1.40 ; 500$ Ibs. $\$ 6.75 ; 1,000$ lbs. $\$ 13$; ton $\$ 22.50$.
Muriate of Potash. $50 \%$ Actual Potash. The most econonical form of Potash and the most generally used in farm practice. Apply 100 to 500 pounds per acre, usually with other fertilizers. $5 \mathrm{Ibs}$.35 cts . $10 \mathrm{lbs} .60 \mathrm{cts} . ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 1.25 ; 50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.25 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs}$. \$4; 200 lbs. $\$ 7.50$.
Nitrate of Soda. Apply 200 to 300 pounds per acre, mixing with land plaster or other fertilizers to render application more easy. Use only after plants are above ground. If used in liquid form, dilute 2 ounces to 1 gallon of water and do not apply oftener than twice a week. Lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 45 cts.; $10 \mathrm{lbs} .85 \mathrm{cts} . ; 25 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 1.25 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 2 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 3.50$.
Phosphate. (16\% Acid Phosphate.) Apply 1,000 Ibs. per acre. 5 Ibs. 35 cts.; 10 Ibs. 60 cts .; 25 Ibs. $\$ 1 ; 200 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3.50 ; 1 / 2$ ton $\$ 13$; ton $\$ 24$.
Plantabbs. An odorless plant-food for all house plants. Pkg. ( 30 tablets) 25 cts.; 75 tablets 50 cts ; ; 200 tablets $\$ 1$; 1,000 tablets \$3.50.
Sacco. The finest of fertilizers-a combined soil-rectifier and growthproducer for use on Lawns, Gardens, Shrubs, Flowers, Trees, Potted Plants, and Vegetables. It is a well-balanced preparation containing all the feeding elements essential to the perfect growth and development of all plants. Lb. 15 cts.; 5 lbs. 40 cts.; 10 lbs. 70 cts.; 25 Ibs. $\$ 1.40 ; 50$ Ibs. $\$ 2.40 ; 100$ Ibs. $\$ 3.50 ; 1 / 2$ ton $\$ 33.50$; ton $\$ 65$.
Salt. Used as a top dressing for asparagus beds. Should be applied early in the spring at the rate of 800 to 1,000 pounds per acre. 100 Ibs. $\$ 2 ; 200 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3.50 ; 1 / 2$ ton $\$ 16$; ton $\$ 30$.
Sheep Manure. Apply 1,000 pounds per acre. One of the most extensively used of animal manures. The ana'ysis shows it to be a perfectly balanced plant-food. For garden, lawn, or greenhouse use, nothing surpasses sheep manure. It is clean and easily handled, besides giving immediate results. 2 lbs .25 cts .; $5 \mathrm{Ibs} .40 \mathrm{cts} . ; 10 \mathrm{lbs} .65 \mathrm{cts} . ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs}$. $\$ 1.25 ; 50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3.25 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 15 ; 1,000 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 28.50$; ton $\$ 55$.
Smith's Mum Manure. An excellent food for chrysanthemums and other flowers, either under glass or in the garden. 50 lbs . $\$ 2.75$; 100 lbs. $\$ 5$.
Soot, Imported Scotch. This is used principally for bringing a good healthy color into the foliage of chrysanthemums and other greenhouse plants. Also destroys insects and grubs that work on top of or underneath the surface. 5 lbs. 60 cts .; $10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1$; 25 lbs. $\$ 1.50 ; 112$ Ibs. $\$ 5$.

Springfield Rose Food. An organic fertilizer containing the vital elements of plant life in scientifically correct proportions to make it an ideal food for roses. Will keep your bushes in splendid condition and produce an abundant crop of perfect blooms. 10 lbs . $\$ 1.25 ; 25$ Ibs. $\$ 2.50 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 8$.
Steriloam. Assures 100 per cent seed-germination. Fertile seeds cannot be expected to develop in soil filled with fungus and parasitic bacteria, etc. If you want your seeds to develop into healthy, hardy plants, use Steriloam. $10 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.25 ; 25 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 2 ; 50 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3.50 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 6$.
Stim-U-planT. A plant-food in tablet form; contains highly concentrated, immediately available forms of plant-food for use in stimulating aII fruit, flower, vegetable, and ornamental plants, and may be used in tablet or in liquid form. 1 kg . ( 30 tablets) 25 cts . 100 tablets 75 cts . ; 1,000 tablets $\$ 3.50$.
Sulphate of Ammonia. A nitrogenous fertilizer for the lawn, home-garden, shrubs, and house plants. Unequaled as the spring application for stimulating early, vigorous flant-growth. 10 lbs. will fertilize a lawn $50 \times 50 \mathrm{ft}$. 2 Ibs. 25 cts .; 5 Ibs .50 cts .; 10 lbs . 85 cts.; 50 lbs. $\$ 2 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 3.50$.
Superior Legume-Aid. For inoculating legume seeds with nitro-gen-fixing bacteria. Increases crop-yields. For Alfalfa and aII Clovers: $1 / 4$-bus. size 30 cts.; 1 -bus. size 50 cts.; $21 / 2$-bus. size $\$ 1$. For Soy Beans, Peas, Vetch, and Beans: 1-bus. size 30 cts.; 2-bus. size 50 cts.; 5-bus. size $\$ 1$. Garden size for Peas, Beans, Swcet Peas, Lima Beans, and Lupines, 25 cts . State what crop it is wanted for when ordering.
Tobacco-Tex. A tobacco-base fertilizer. Does not have an ounce of waste. It is a humus, a plant-food, and an insecticide combined. It produces stronger stems and richer foliage and protects the plant while growing. 100 lbs . $\$ 3.75$; $200 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 7.25 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 17$.
Tankage. Tl is is usually applied to plants, such as roses, etc., under glass. 100 lbs. $\$ 3.75 ; 200 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6.75$.
Thomson's Special Flower, Vegetable, and Vine Nanure. Imported from England, this excellent chemical fertilizer is a reliable food and stimulant for every fruit-bearing plant, also foliage and flowering plants and vegetables of all descriptions. So compounded as to combine stimulating with lasting effects. 28-lb. bag $\$ 3.75$; 56 lbs. $\$ 6.25$; 112 lbs. $\$ 12$.
Tobacco Stems. For fumigating, mulching, and fertilizing; an excellent top dressing for lawns in winter. In bales, 2 cts. per lb.; $1 / 2$ ton $\$ 15$; ton $\$ 27.50$.
Truckers' Favorite. A high-grade fertilizer for vegetables. 200 lbs. $\$ 6.50$; $1 / 2$ ton $\$ 30$; ton $\$ 55$.
Vigoro. A scientifically balanced food-ration furnishing all plantlife with proper nourishment for maximum growth and beauty. It is clean, odorless, free from weed seed, and easy to apply. 5 Ibs. 45 cts.; 25 Ibs. $\$ 1.50 ; 50$ Ibs. $\$ 2.50 ; 100$ Ibs. $\$ 4$.
Wedo. Here is an ideally balanced fertilizer made especially to rid your lawn of weeds. Lawns will grow luxuriantly and weeds will gradually disappear. Wedo is formulated after recommendations of leading experiment stations and soil authorities. It contains the recommended amounts of nitrogen, phosphates, and potash most suitable to lawn grasses. 10 lbs. 80 cts.; 25 Ibs. $\$ 1.70 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 5$.

## Insecticides, Etc.

## Prices subject to change without notice. Directions for using any of the following will be found on each package

Ansul Formaldehyde Dust. A soil- and seed-treating compound to prevent damping-off of seedlings. $1-\mathrm{Ib}$. can 75 cts .; 5-Ib. can $\$ 2$.
Ant Killer. An effective exterminator of ants. One-half teaspoonful is required for each ant-hill. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts}$; $\mathrm{lb} . \$ 1$.
Antrol. The Antrol system is adapted to any size house or garden and quic'sly destroys all species of sweet-eating ants. It is composed of s nall glisi. containers and a sncial formula of syrup. Antrol Sets containing 4 containers and 4 -oz. bottle of syrup, 75 cts.; Antrol extra containers (each), 10 cts.; Antrol Syrup. 4 -oz. bottles, 35 cts.; pts. 85 cts.; gals. $\$ 3.50$.
Aphing. The recognized standard insecticide. Not a cure-all, but a specific remedy for $\mathrm{al}^{\prime}$. sap-sucking insects infesting plant-life, such as green, black, or wh te fly, thrips, red spider, mealy bug, and soft scales. Pt. 70 cts.; qt. $\$ 1.15$ : gal. $\$ 3.25$.
Arsenate of Lead. (Powdered.) One to $11 / 2$ pounds dilutes to 50 gallons of water, or may be used dry, like Paris Green. Lb. 40 cts.: 4 Ibs. $\$ 120 ; 24$ Ibs. $\$ 5.90 ; 96$ Ibs. $\$ 18.50$.
Black Arrow Insect Dust. Adapted for use against many insects infesting flowers, vegetables, shrubbery, poultry-houses, kennels, and dairy barns. Non-poisonous. Lb. 80 cts.; $5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 2.70 ; 10$ lbs. \$5.
Black-Leaf 40. A concentrated solution of nicotine for spraying. loz. bottle 35 cts.; 5 ozs. $\$ 1$; lb. $\$ 2.25 ; 2$ Ibs. $\$ 3.25 ; 5$ Ibs. $\$ 5.85$; 10 lbs. $\$ 10.60$.
Bordeaux Mixture. (Dry.) For dusting plants affected with mildew and all fungous diseases. Can be used as a spray. 1-Ib. box 40 cts . (inakes 5 gallons spray); 4 lbs. $\$ 1.20$.

Bordo-Lead (Bordeaux and Arsenate of Lead). (Powder.) A combined fungicide and insecticide for fruit trees, potatoes, melons, cucumbers, etc.: also for mildew, black-spot, etc., on roses. Lb. 45 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 2$; $10 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3.50$.
Bor-Tox. A scientific preparation of paste that kills boring insects when injected into their burrows. It is applied directly into the burrows by means of the small or large malleable spout, each of which will be found attached to the 2 -ounce tube. 75 cts. each.
Bug Death. Used instead of Paris Green for eating insects on potatoes, cucumbers, squash and currants, etc. Lb. 25 cts.; 5 Ibs. \$1; 121/2 Ibs. \$2.25.
CaIcium Caseinate. Used as a spreader to mix with other insecticides. Lb. 30 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 1.25$.
Copper Solution. (Liquid.) For fungus, mildew, leaf-bliglit, rust, and black-rot. Qt. \$1.50; gal. $\$ 3.75$.
C. P. O. A liquid insecticidal soap-spreader that increases the efficiency of contact spray solution. Will control many insects on evergreens, flowering plants, fruits, and vegetables. 3 ozs. 25 cts.; pt. 65 cts.; qt. $\$ 1$; gal. $\$ 2.50$.
Crow Repellent. Protects corn from rot, also birds and animal pests, such as gophers, squirrels, etc. Does not hinder germination. Large can (enough for 2 bus. seed corn) $\$ 1$; small can (enough for 1 bus.) 60 cts.
Cuprocide (Red Copper Oxide). For treating seeds to control "damping-off." Fungi will not touch seeds that are coated with Red Copper Oxide. Lb. 90 cts.; 5 Ibs. $\$ 4$.

## INSECTICIDES, ETC., continued

Cyanogas. (G, Fumigant.) Cyanogas is easy to use. The granules are simply scattered on the walks and the greenhouse closed for the night. 5 lbs. $\$ 3$.
Cyanogas. (A, Dust.) For outside use in killing rats, moles, woodchucks, gophers, and ground squirrels. Lb. $75 \mathrm{cts}. ; 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3$.
D. \& P. Plant Spray. An effective, economical spray for outdoor and under-glass use. It is very safe to use and will not discolor or damage the most tender foliage. Gal. \$3; 5 gals. \$12.
Dutox. A non-arsenical insecticide highly recommended for control of Mexican beetle and other leaf-eating insects. May be either sprayed or dusted. 6 lbs. $\$ 1.35$.
Ever Green. Kills most plant pests, including even cutworms. Use it freely on tender plants and flowers-it can't burn or otherwise injure them. A 1 -ounce bottle makes 6 gallons of effective spray. Oz. 35 cts.; 6 ozs. $\$ 1$; Ib. $\$ 2.15$; gal. $\$ 12.20$.
Ferogen. A valuable plant-food. Reinforces manure fertilizers. Supplies essential chemical elements to the soil. 1-lb. tin 75 cts .; $2-\mathrm{Ib} . \operatorname{tin} \$ 1.25 ; 5-\mathrm{Ib}$. tin $\$ 2.75$; 10-Ib. tin $\$ 4.75$; 25-lb. drums $\$ 11$; 100-Ib. drums $\$ 40$.
Fish-Oil Soap. An excellent summer spray, when something stronger cannot be used, where San José scale exists. Lb. 25 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1 ; 10$ Ibs. $\$ 1.75 ; 25$ Ibs. $\$ 3.25 ; 100$ lbs. $\$ 10.50$.
Fish-Oil Soap (Good's Caustic Soft Soap). 2 Ibs. 50 cts . 5 Ibs. \$1.10; 25 Ibs. \$3.75.
Fungtrogen. Controls mildew, black-spot and many fungous diseases of roses and other plants. A highly concentrated fungicide invisible on the foliage or blooms. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .75 \mathrm{cts}$.; pt. $\$ 1.25$; qt. $\$ 2$; 1/2gal. \$3.50; gal. \$6.
Grape Dust. For the prevention of mildew on roses, grapes, gooseberries, etc. $5-\mathrm{lb} . \mathrm{pkg} . \$ 1.25$; 10 lbs. $\$ 2.25$.
Hellebore. For destroying slugs, worms, caterpillars, etc. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. 30 cts.: Ib. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 2.25$.
Japellent. Arsenic-free insecticidc and repellent that kills Japanese beetle on contact and protects plants against injury. The invisible protective film effectively repels beetle infestation. 3-oz. can 50 cts.; 12-oz. can $\$ 1.50$; 5 -lb. bag $\$ 4.85$.
Japtox. Kills and repels Japanese beetles. Sticks longer than ordinary sprays. Lb. 50 cts.; 2 lbs. 85 cts.; 8 lbs. $\$ 3 ; 25$ lbs. $\$ 6.50$; 100 Ibs. $\$ 18$.
Lemon Oil Co.'s Standard Insecticide. Destroys mealy bugs, scale, thrips, red spider, black and green fly, etc. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .30 \mathrm{cts}$; pt. $50 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ qt. $85 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{gal} . \$ 1.50$; gal. $\$ 2.50 ; 5$ gals. $\$ 10$.
Lethane 440. Kills mealy bug, red spider, chrysanthemum midge, aphis, white fly, leaf-miners, etc. Does not burn or injure foliage; will not harm man or animals. 6 ozs. $\$ 1$; qt. $\$ 3$; gal. $\$ 8.50$.
Lime-Sulphur. For scale insects on trees and shrubs, and such fungous diseases as can be treated in winter or early spring. Qt. 50 cts.; $1 / 2$ gal. 85 cts .; gaI. $\$ 1 ; 5$ gals. $\$ 4 ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{bbI}$. ( 30 gals.) $\$ 10 ; 50$-gal. bbl. $\$ 14$.
Lime-Sulphur. (Dry Powder Form.) Lb. 35 cts.; 5 Ibs. \$1.40; 10 Ibs. $\$ 2.25 ; 25$ Ibs. $\$ 4.25 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 7.75 ; 100$ Ibs. $\$ 14$.
Loro. An cffective and economical contact insecticide. It is recommended as a control for aphides, thrip, red spider, mealy bug, chrysanthemum midge, white fly, and gladiolus thrip. Nonpoisonous when used as directed. Pt. $\$ 2$; gal. $\$ 10.50$.
Mexogen. A preparation to kill and repel the Mexican bean beetle including the adult, larvæ, and eggs. Non-poisonous when directions arc followed. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .75 \mathrm{cts} . ; q \mathrm{qt} . \$ 2$; gal. $\$ 6$.
Mologen. For eliminating moles from lawns. Non-poisonous to humans or pets when directions are followed. $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. can 50 cts.
Nico-Fume. (Liquid.) For use as a spray or vapor, for controlling green fly, aphis, etc., in greenhouses and outdoors. Lb. \$2.25; 4 lbs. \$6.25; 8 Ibs. $\$ 11$.
Nico-Fume Paper. For fumigat'ng greenhouses; gives off dense fumes charged with nicotine. Box ( 24 -sheets) $\$ 1.50 ; 144$ sheets $\$ 4.75 ; 288$ sheets $\$ 8.50$.
Nico-Fume Tobacco Powder. A tobacco powder highly charged with nicotine; sp'endid for fumigating greenhouses. Lb. can $\$ 1.15$; $5 \mathrm{Ibs} \$ .3.50 ; 10 \mathrm{If}$ s. $\$ 6.25$.
Nikoteen $(30 \%$ ). $1 / 2$-Ib. bottle $\$ 1.25$; Ib. $\$ 2 ; 4$ Ibs. $\$ 6.50 ; 8$ Ibs. $\$ 11.50$.
Para-Dichlorobenzine. For peach-tree borers. Lb. can 50 cts.; 5-Ib. can $\$ 2.25$; 10 -lb. can $\$ 4$.
Paris Green. $1 / 4 \mathrm{Ib} .15 \mathrm{c} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{Ib} .30 \mathrm{c} . ;$ Ib. 55c.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.50 ; 14 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 5$.
Pomo-Green. A combination fungicide and insecticide. It serves as a quick-acting poison for leaf-eating insects and controls mildcw, black-spot, and other fungi affceting roses. Lb. 50 cts.; 5 lbs. \$1.75.
Pomo-Green with Nicotine. May be used as a dust or spray. Kills lcaf-cating insects, aphis, and controls fungous diseases. Lb. 75 cts .; 5 lbs. $\$ 3$.
Pyrote. Pyrethrum-Rotenone inscet spray. Kills aphis and all sucking and chewing insccts. Non-poisonous. Oz. 35 cts.; 6 ozs. \$1; pt. $\$ 2$; qt. $\$ 3.50$; gal. $\$ 12$.
Pyrox. The one best and safcst all-round spray which kills all leafeating insects and prevents blights and all fungous troubles, without injury. $25 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 6.25 ; 50 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 8 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 13 ; 300 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 32.50$.

Red Arrow Insect Spray. Will not injure or discolor plant tissues. Fatal to both chewing and sucking insects, including aphis (plantlice), leaf-hoppers, cutworms, beetles, cabbage worms, thrips, Mexican bean beetles, and most other plant insects. Oz. 35 cts.; 4 ozs. $\$ 1$; pt. $\$ 2.85$; qt. $\$ 5.40$; gal. $\$ 16$.
Red "A" Soap. A constantly liquid neutral Potash Cocoanut-Oil Soap-40 per cent Soap. Increases efficiency of contact insecticides other than arsenicals. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .35 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ pt. $60 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ qt. $\$ 1$; gal. \$3; 5 gals. \$13.
Scalecide. Used for the destruction of San José scale. Spray during the winter or early spring when the trees are dormant. Qt. 65 cts.; gal. $\$ 1.55 ; 5$ gals. $\$ 5.50 ; 10$ gals. $\$ 9.50 ; 30$ gals. $\$ 22 ; 50$ gals. $\$ 30$.
Selocide. A powerful insecticide which gives positive control of red spider. Selocide contains a spreader; do not add any other. Gal. $\$ 3.50$.
Semesan. Prevents and controls fungous diseases, quickens seedgermination, invigorates seedling growth, produces sturdier plants, increases crop-yield. Seedlings grown from Ser esan-treated seeds are more resistant to the costly "damping-off" fungi which so severely attack both seedlings and cuttings. 2-oz. can 35 cts.; 1-lb. can $\$ 2.25 ; 5$-Ib. can $\$ 9.90 ; 25-\mathrm{Ib}$. can $\$ 45.50$.
Slug Shot, Hammond's. One of the cheapest and best powders for destroying insects. 1-Ib. canister 25 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1 ; 10$ lbs. $\$ 1.75 ; 25$ İbs. $\$ 3$.
Snarol. For control of cutworms, snails, slugs, etc. Non-injurious to vegetation and very economical to use because of its insolubility in water, thereby rendering it effective for one to three weeks. $11 / 2$ lbs. 35 cts.; 4 lbs. 85 cts.; 15 lbs. $\$ 3 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 8$.
Sulfocide. An efficient summer spray for the control of scab and black-rot on fruit trees. Excellent for mildew and black-rot of roses and for similar fungcus troubles of other plants. For general use, dilute one gallon to 200 gallons of water. $1-\mathrm{qt}$. can 90 cts.; 1-gal. can $\$ 2.50$.
Sulphur, Powdered. For mildew. Lb. 15 cts.; 2 lbs. 25 cts.; $10 \mathrm{lbs} .85 \mathrm{cts} .: 25 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 2 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 7.50$.
Sulrote (Rotenone Sulphur Dust). A combined insecticide and fungicide containing no arsenicals. Recommended for control of Mexican bean beetles, chinch bugs, gladiolus thrip, black-spot, and mildew on roses. Lb. 40 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 1.25 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 5.50 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 19$.
Sunoco Spray Oil. For the control of aphis, psylla, red spider, scale, etc. Gal. $\$ 1.25 ; 5$ gals. $\$ 5$.
Thrip Juice, Hammond's. This preparation is very effective against aphis, red spider, mealy bugs, and sucking insects generally. Pt. 80 cts.; qt. \$1.25.
Tobacco Dust. For burning or dusting; state which is wanted. Lb. 10 cts.; 5 Ibs. 45 cts.; 10 Ibs. 75 cts.; 25 lbs. $\$ 1.25 ; 50$ lbs. $\$ 2.25$; 100 lbs. $\$ 4.25$.
Tree Paint. Qt. 85 cts.; gal. $\$ 2.50$.
Tree Tanglefoot. A sticky substance applied directly to the bark to protect trees against climbing insect pests. One application remains sticky, fully exposed to weather, three months. One pound will make a band 7 to 8 feet long. Lb. can 70 cts.; 5 lbs. $\$ 3.30$; 10 lbs. \$6.25.
Tri-ogen. Complete protection against plant insects and diseases. Small Kit $\$ 1.50$. Medium Kit $\$ 4$. Large Kit $\$ 6$.
Volck. The most tender foliage is safe where Volck is used. Coleus, cyclamen, evergreens, ferns, orchids and many other types of plants can be sprayed with safety. Two and one-half tablespoons of Volck will make 1 gallon of dilute spray. $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt} .35 \mathrm{cts}$; qt. 75 cts.; gal. $\$ 2 ; 5$ gals. $\$ 6.50$.
Wilson's O. K. Plant Spray: A powerful yet harmless and efficient insecticide for aphis, red spider, mildew, scale, etc., for inside and outside spraying. Qt. \$1; gal. \$3; 5 gals. $\$ 12 ; 10$ gals. $\$ 22$.
Weed-Killer. For the destruction of weeds and grass on roadways, paths, gutters and places where no growth is wanted. One gallon diluted makes 40 gallons treating liquid, enough to cover an area of 500 to 1,000 square feet. Qt. 55 cts.; gal. $\$ 1.75 ; 5$ gals. $\$ 6.75$; 30 gals. \$33; 50-gal. bbl. \$50.

## Sundries

Bull Dog Clips. For fastening packages, etc. $\$ 1$ per box.
Charcoal, Lump. For use in potting. Pk. 65 cts.; bus. $\$ 1.50$; bbl. sack $\$ 2.50$.
Charcoal (Ground). Coarse, fine, and powdercd. Lb. 10 cts.; 5 Ibs. 35 cts.; 10 Ibs .60 cts. ; $25 \mathrm{Ibs} \$ .1.25 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs} \$$.3.50 .
Leaf Mold. Pk. 45 cts.; bus. $\$ 1.25$; bbl. $\$ 3$.
Lawn Mower Oil. Pt. 25 cts .; qt. $35 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{gal} .65 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ gal. $\$ 1.10$; 5 gals. $\$ 4.25$.
Moss, Sphagnum, Dry. Large bale $\$ 3$.
Sphagnum, Live. Bbl. \$3.
Green Lump. BbI. \$3.25.
Creen Sheet. $\$ 2.50$ per 10 -lb. balc.
Peat. (Imported.) Excellent for mulching rose-beds, shrubbery and everyreens; also exccllent for lawns. 50 lbs . $\$ 1.50 ; 100 \mathrm{Ibs}$. $\$ 2.50$; bale (about 185 Ibs .) $\$ 4$.
Peat, Orchid. Selected. Sack \$3.25.
Jersey. BbI. $\$ 3$.
Propagating Sand. Bbl. $\$ 3$.
Pebbles. Qt. 10 cts.; pk. 75 cts.; bus. $\$ 2.50$; bbl. sack $\$ 5$.
Soil for Potting. Pk. 40 cts.; bus. $\$ 1.50 ;$ bbl. $\$ 3.25$.

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