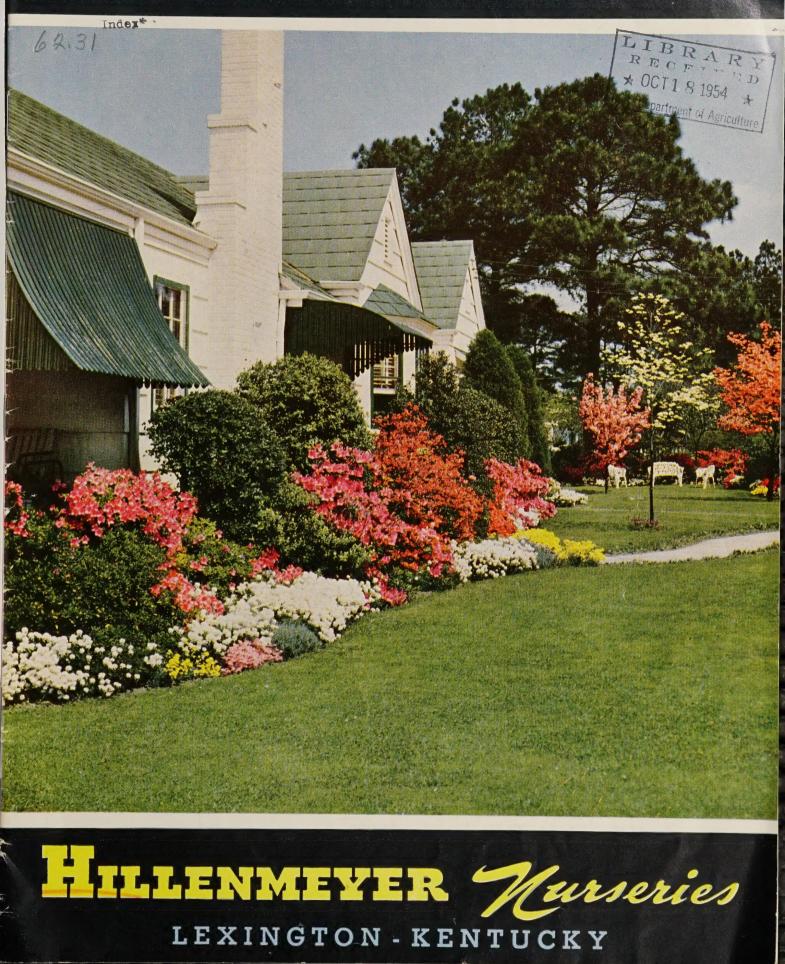
# FALL 1954 • SPRING 1955 • OUR 113" YEAR





Francis Xavier Hillenmeyer Founder

Your Assurance of Satisfaction

SINCE 1841

Some Businesses Grow Old with Years Others Continue Young and Vigorous

HILLENMEYER NURSERIES LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY



OF FAIR DEALINGS

NURSERYMEN - HORTICULTURISTS - LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

# Let Us Help You Plan - No Job or Order Too Small

A WELL-PLANNED and planted home is the cherished hope of every American family. Pleasing and satisfactory results are only attained through a careful study of your grounds, the selection and planting of the proper material. Hundreds of Kentucky homes, both large and small, have been successfully landscaped from plans and service rendered by our firm. Because of our knowledge, experience and training we are in a position to serve you well. Satisfactory results are assured at surprisingly low cost. LET US HELP YOU

No Charge for Consultation at Nursery

There is no charge for consultation or suggestions at the nursery. If you will bring your plans, measurements, pictures, etc., we will be pleased to give you valuable assistance.

#### Making Landscape Plans

We make no charge for small, simple plans in Lexington provided we furnish the nursery stock.

Such plans in cities close by (within 30 to 35 miles) are also made free of charge provided sufficient stock is purchased to justify the time and trip required.

A nominal charge is made for plans and consultation for clients farther away, based on distance, time required, etc.

**PLANS BY MAIL.** We make many plans for customers who cannot come to the nursery. If you will send the dimensions of your property, location of house (with blue prints if possible), the direction it faces, trees, drives, walks, and a kodak picture, we can usually make a very satisfactory plan. For small detail plans through the mail we ask a deposit of \$10.00 which will be deducted when at least \$50.00 worth of stock is purchased. For simple suggestions through correspondence there are no charges, and we are always ready and pleased to render such service.

#### When to Plant

Shade Trees, Shrubs, and Fruit Trees, when handled with bare roots, are best planted in the fall after we have had sufficient frost to kill the foliage, or in the spring when dormant.

**Evergreens, Shade Trees and Shrubs,** when dug Balled and Burlapped (BGB), may be planted almost any time during the year if you can give them proper attention such as watering, cultivation and mulching.

Asparagus and Small Fruits may be planted in the fall if there is sufficient moisture and your soil is in good condition, otherwise plant in early spring.

#### No Agents

We sell direct and our contacts are usually made by appointments. Refuse to buy from anyone who represents himself or herself as our agents. **WE HAVE NO AGENTS.** When dealing direct you get full benefit of our facilities.





# Visit HENDLEYERS "ONE STOP" Garden Center

You Will Find All of These Items and Others Too Numerous to Mention At the Garden Center

Bird Baths

Bird Houses Bootscrapers Bulbs Bulbs Chairs Christmas Decorations Christmas Greens Christmas Ornaments Christmas Trees Copperware Dog Repellent Dusters Electric Hedge Shears Fertilizers Fertilizers Fertilizer Spreaders Flower Seeds Flower Seeds Furniture Garden Chairs Garden Gloves Garden Tables Garden Tools Gift Items Grass Seed Hand Cultivators Handicarts Hedge Shears Hoes Hose House Plants Insecticides Lawn Furniture Lawn Mowers Lawn Sweepers Leaf Rake: Nursery Stock Peat Moss Plant Labels Plant Stakes Plant Stimulants Pottery Power Mowers Pruning Saws Pruning Shears Rakes Seeds Shears Shears Shovels Sickles Small Tools Soil Soakers Spades Spading Forks Sprayers Sprinklers Sprinkling Cans Tables Transplantone Trellis Trowels Twist-Ems Umbrellas Vases Vegetable Seeds Vermiculite Wheelbarrows

HILLENMEYER a later - and later bit HILLENMEYER A COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE P **跳 建胡椒酸** 肌酸酸酶 

A haven for plant and flower lovers. Here is one of the finest and most modern stores of its kind to be found anywhere. A "Supermarket" for plants, insecticides, fertilizer, seeds, tools, lawn furniture and garden accessories. Everything for the yard and garden.

## GARDEN CENTER HOURS -OPEN-

7 A. M. to 5 P. M. Monday thru Saturday 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sunday

CLOSED SAT. P. M. and SUN. DURING Jan. and Feb. SUNDAY DURING JULY and AUGUST CHRISTMAS, EASTER SUNDAY and THANKSGIVING

# CONVENIENT PARKING

QUALITY as well as price should be considered in buying Evergreens. Ours are acclimated and freshly dug.

The rich, dark green Yew continues to be the favorite among the evergreens. Their hardiness, resistance to diseases and insects and ease of transplanting, make them deserving of their great popularity. There are many shapes and types of growth—upright, semi-upright, columnar, spreading, dwarf and globe—which make them suitable for almost any landscape requirement. In foundation plantings they are unsurpassed. They stand pruning very well and make desirable hedges—dwarf, intermediate or tall. Although slower growing than some other varieties they make desirable specimen plants. We have one of the largest stocks in the South and invite your inspection of our plants of real quality.

> T. cuspidata (Spreading Yew). Low, spreading type which is broader than high. Can be pruned into compact form to look like Boxwood or made into a hedge if desired. Withstands heat and cold and is perfectly hardy in our climate. Can be grown in sun or shade. One of the finest spreading Evergreens.

Caxus – YEW

		Each		Each
	18 to 24 in.	\$ 6.00	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	 .\$14.00
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	8.00	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	 . 18.00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.			
-				 

T. cuspidata browni (Brown's Yew). A selected seedling of Taxus cuspidata. Normally grows somewhat taller than its spread. Needles short, compact and of good deep, rich green. Excellent for hedge or specimen. Can easily be pruned into globe form.

	Each		Each
15 to 18 in.	\$5.50	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft\$9.00
18 to 24 in.			

T. cuspidata capitata (Upright Yew). An upright, cone-shaped form of medium growth. Desirable for foundation planting or hedge. The most desirable variety of this type.

	Each	Each	1
	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to 3 ft\$ 7.50	41/2 to 5 ft\$15.00	)
	$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 9.00$	5 to 51/2 ft 18.00	)
	3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to 4 ft 10.75	51/2 to 6 ft 21.00	)
	4 to 41/2 ft 12.75	6 to 7 ft 25.00	)
Τ.	cuspidata intermedia. An interesting	type. Faster growing than T. nana,	
	slower than T. cuspidata. Good colo	r.	
	Each	Each	
	18 to 24 in\$6.50	2 to 21/2 ft\$8.50	)
T.	cuspidata nana (Dwarf Yew). Of ext	remely slow growth, forming a low,	
	irregular and picturesque outline. Ca		

dwarf edging. Each Each unusual character. Its irregular, rather open formation is quite distinct. Good green color throughout winter. You will be pleased with it where

an informal plant is desired.	Fou will be pleased with it where
Each 18 to 24 in	Each $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$8.00



Taxus Cuspidata

Flowers Fade and Die, **But Evergreens Bring Beauty** to Your Home the Year 'Round



Assorted Taxus





Taxus Browni

#### SIZES

On spreading type evergreens, sizes listed indicate width. On upright types, the sizes indicate height.

# The Disease Resistant Evergreen

#### Globe Taxus Cuspidata

This is a compact form of Taxus, made globular by pruning. Hardier than Boxwood, which it resembles in shape but not in texture. Each

	Lacii
18 to 24 in.	.\$ 8.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	. 10.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.	. 12.50

- T. baccata repandens (Spreading English Yew). A low growing, rich green spreading plant. Prefers shade, partial or dense. Each 15 to 18 in. .....\$5.50
- T. media hatfieldi (Hatfield Yew). A rather dwarf, compact, columnar form with upright branches. Good dark green color. Excellent for low, narrow hedge or to plant in a restricted area. Each Each Each Each Each 21/2 to 3 ft. .....\$6.00 21/2 to 3 ft. .....\$8.00 2 to 21/2 ft. ..... 7.00

**T. media hicksi** (*Hicks'* Yew). A semi-upright type which can be pruned into different forms such as a globe, column or as a hedge. Dark, rich green throughout the winter. Multiple stems. Each Each 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. .....\$10.00  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft. .....\$10.00  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft. .....

#### Columnar Taxus Hicksi

A form of Taxus media hicksi pruned to a single stem, thus making a narrow columnar tree. Most desirable where a plant of this type is wanted. Each  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft \$ 8 00  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 ft \$12 50

Taxus Hedge





T. media wardi (Ward's Yew). A low growing type of spreading Yew. Good color. Desirable for low plantings.

EVERGREEN QUALITY

Every Evergreen has been transplanted to increase the root-system, and sheared to make it compact. Height does not indicate compactness and shapeliness, nor does price indicate VALUE seeing is believing!

								Each	
15 to 18	in.							\$4.50	
18 to 24	in.							6.00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.							8.00	



Taxus Hatfieldi

#### See Prepaying Policy Page 31

Taxus Cuspidata Capitata







he Green-Robed Senators of Mighty Woods

OR beauty winter and summer, the Evergreen has no equal. Succeeding in almost any soil, with their range of color, form and habit of growth they find a place in almost any landscape. Our trees are all several times transplanted, and the finest to be had.

#### All Our Evergreens are Dug B&B

B&B means the plants are dug with a ball of earth and wrapped in burlap. This is the safest and best way to move them.

#### Chamaecyparis (False Cypress)

A group of beautiful Evergreens including some of the most unique and interesting trees in cultivation. Valuable in garden or foundation planting. Prefers a moist, acid soil but will grow almost anywhere when not too dry or alkaline.

CHAMAECYPARIS pisifera (Sawara Cypress). The foliage somewhat resembles that of the Arbor-Vitae except that the tree is more graceful. Light green, silvery beneath, and of erect growth. Can be used in foundation planting or	
as specimen.	
Each Each	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$4.00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft\$5.00	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4.50$	
C. pisifera filifera (Thread-Branched Cypress). One of the best dwarf Ever-	

graceful, resembling cords of green Each 21/2 to 3 ft. .....\$6.00

#### Juniperus - Juniper

JUNIPERUS communis Ashfordi (Ashfordi green foliage. Much like trish Juniper ex- and larger in diameter. Holds color well Each 2 to 3 ft	cept not quite so compact or pointed in winter. Each 31/2 to 4 ft\$4.50
J. communis depressa plumosa (Purple Spraing variety, which lies close to the group to the otherwise gray-green foliage. In cast that is unusual in Evergreens. Fine Each 18 to 24 in	d. In summer it has a silvery reflex fall and winter assumes a purplish of rockeries or low plantings. Each
J. communis hibernica (Irisk Juniper). A c glaucous green foliage. The numerous up Its formality is invaluable where a narr Needs no shearing. Each 2/2 to 3 ft	right branches are closely adpressed.
J. chinensis compacta. A low, compact forr not grow so large. Can be used in more Each 18 to 24 in\$4,50	n of Juniper pfitzeriana, which does e restricted areas. Each 2 to $2V_2$ ft
J. chinensis pfitzeriana ( <i>Pfitzer Juniper</i> ). T ing Junipers. The branches grow horizont The foliage is a bright gray-green which Desirable because of its form, hardiness, any location. Each 15 to 18 in	The most popular of all the spread- ally with slightly drooping terminals. is retained throughout the winter.
J. chinensis glauca hetzi. A spreading type more vigorous, and foliage is a soft blue	
Each	Each

/2 to 3 to 31/2 15 to 18 18 to 24 in 9.00



Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert E. Moreau, Lakewood Drive A well maintained lawn and planting make this home most attractive and gives joy to its owners. Native trees in background add to the charm.

	mosa (Flumea			'y gre	en to	mage,	broad,	sym-
metrical and	dense. Stands	shearing	well.					
		Each						Each
21/2 to 3 ft.		\$4.00	31/2	to 4	ft			\$5.00
3 to 31/2 ft.		4 50	- /2					T 2 / 2 2
0 10 0 12 111								
		0	~		4.1			

C. pisifera squarrosa veitchi (*Graymoss Cypress*). A distinct form with short, pale blue-green needles. The appearance is a soft, moss-like tree of irregular habit and of picturesque beauty. Fach

2	to	3	ft.	\$4.00	$3\frac{1}{5}$ to 4 ft.	\$5.00
3	to	31/2	ft.	4.50	/ ==	

- J. virginiana burki (Burk's Silver Juniper). A silvery blue, compact, upright form of merit. Stands shearing well and is much prized for foundation planting. Not available in 4½ to 5 ft, or 5 to 6 ft, sizes.
  J. virginiana cupressifolia. A pyramidal type with green foliage. A recent introduction that will gain in popularity. Grows on wide range of soils and stands shearing well.
- J. virginiana canaerti (Canaert Juniper). A fine, rather compact, pyramidal variety with tufted dark green foliage which is retained throughout the winter. Can easily be kept in bounds by slight pruning. Frequently has attractive silvery blue berries. Valuable for foundation plantings.

- attractive silvery blue berries. Valuable for foundation plantings.
  j. virginiana hilli (Hill's Dundee Juniper). A pyramidal, compact growing Evergreen of much merit. Bluish green foliage in spring, changing to plum-like color in early autumn. Stands shearing well. Excellent for formal planting. Not available in 4½ to 5 ft. size.
  j. virginiana keteleeri (Keteleer's Cedar). A fairly compact, pyramidal tree, well proportioned as to height and spread. Its large, slate colored berries form a distinct contrast against the lighter, "fleshy" green foliage. Excellent for foundation or specimen. Will grow in almost any soil.
  j. virginiana glauca (Blue Juniper). A rather loose growing variety which can and is usually kept formal by pruning. Its attractive blue-green foliage makes it stand out in any planting. Not available in 3½ to 4 ft. or 4 to 4½ ft. sizes. Prices above 6 varieties: Each Each St. 04/2 to 5 ft. Prices above 6 varieties: 3 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ft.  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 ft. 4 to  $4\frac{1}{2}$  ft.

#### Sizes

On spreading type evergreens, sizes listed indicate width. On upright types, the sizes indicate height.



Juniperus Chinensis Pfitzeriana

#### **Pinus** - Pine

"Lord, let me be a Pine that lifts its hands up high To grasp the subtle secrets of the sky."-Edna DeRan

This grand family of Evergreens is of great economic importance. It is symbolic of strength, endurance and perseverence, and has long occupied a prominent place in art, literature and commerce. There are many forms, but the large, rugged, conebearing varieties are the ones which are of such importance. They do not like city con-ditions of soot, smoke and dust but are at home in the great outdoors. When small they are more or less compact and shapely, but as they develop, age brings a charm and beauty which few trees possess. will grow in almost any well drained soil. Plant Pines for permanency and beauty.

PINUS resinosa (Red or Norway Pine). A valuable large, quick growing tree, useful as a specimen or for screening. Needles 4 to 6 inches, glossy green. Hardy and holds a good color throughout the winter. Each

3 to 4 ft. .....\$7.00

Picea -PICEA abies (Norway Spruce). The most popular of all the Spruce. Tall, pyramidal, of rapid growth, with horizontal branches and dark green foliage. A very graceful tree, extensively planted and of great adaptability. Valuable as a specimen, for grouping or as windbreaks.

PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi (Douglas Fir). Soft green foliage, resembling the Hemlock or

Spruce, but of a blue cast. Makes a com-

Tsuga - Hemlock

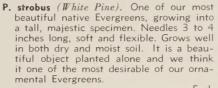
A popular Evergreen. Grows rather rapidly, can be pruned to almost any shape, will tolerate sun and partial shade. Has good color winter and summer.

									Lacit	
21/2 to 3	ft.	 	 					.\$	5.00	
3 to 3 1/2										
31/2 to 4	ft.	 	 						7.00	
4 to 4 1/2										
41/2 to 5										

F 1



Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph O. Stagg, Danville, Ky. Taxus, the disease resistant evergreen was used in the foundation planting of th Large shade trees, not shown in picture, were used for immediate effect f this home.



														Each
2	to	3	ft.										\$	5.00
3	to	4	ft.	,										7.00
4	to	5	ft.											9.00
5	to	б	ft.											12.00
б	to	7	ft.											15.00

P. sylvestris (Scotch Pine), Very quick to re-establish itself, vigorous, and has ability to grow luxuriantly in high and dry ground. Its needles are shorter than either White or Red Pine, its habit more compact, the foliage dark green.

Each 3 to 4 ft. .....\$7.00

#### Spruce

															Each	
	21/2	to 3	ft.											\$	4.00	
	3 to	31/2	ft.												5.00	
	31/2	to 4	ft.												6.00	
	4 to	41/2	ft.												7.00	
	41/2	to 5	ft.												8.00	
	5	to 6	ft.											1	10.00	
Ρ.	pun	gens	Kost	e	ri	а	n	а								
	ć.	1	1													

Sorry, sold out.

#### Pseudotsuga - Fir

pact tree, and can be used as a specimen or in group plantings. Each

3 to 4 ft. .....\$7.00



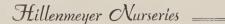
Pinus

Strobus

# Experts Tell Us

We have the finest Evergreens to be found in any nursery. Seeing is believing.

Tsuga





Thuja Occidentalis

Chuja -- ARBOR-VITAE

One of the most popular and extensively planted Evergreens. The branches are flat or grow in layers. To many, they are known as "pressed Cedars." While they prefer a moist soil or ample water they will grow almost anywhere. They vary in color from green to yellow and in shape from globe to pyramidal.

**THUJA occidentalis globosa** (Globe Arbor-Vitae). Usually develops into a perfect, globe-shaped plant, the spread equaling the height. The foliage is light green and attractive. They are largely used for front-line planting, in urns, vases, on either side of a step and in formal work where symmetry is desired.

															Lach
12	to	15	in.												\$3.00
15	to	18	in.												3.50
18	to	24	in.												4.00

**T. occidentalis pyramidalis** (*Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae*). Strikingly attractive, narrow at its base, and retaining its shape without shearing. The color is deep, rich green. Like all Arbor-Vitaes it is easy to transplant. For corners, in front of pillars, background of group plantings and urns, no dwarf Evergreen is quite so popular. Each  $2V_2$  to 3 ft. \$3.50 3 to  $3V_2$  ft. 4.00  $3V_2$  to 4 ft. 4.50 4 to  $\pm V_2$  tt. 5.00

Tsuga Globosa

**T. orientalis elegantissima** (Yellow Column Arbor-Vitae). A comparatively rapid growing Oriental variety with bright yellow color throughout the year. Desirable for contrast.

															Each
2 to 3	ft.														\$4.00
3 to 4	ft.									Ì	Ì		į	Ì	4.50
4 to 4															

T. orientalis fruitlandi (Fruitland's Arbor-Vitae). Similar to orientalis aurea nana in habit of growth but has dark green, rather than yellow foliage.
Each

 18 to 24 in.
 \$4,00

 2 to 2½ ft.
 4.50

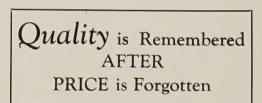
 2½ to 3 ft.
 5.00

<b>T</b> . (	occidentalis	(Eastern	Arbor-Vitae).	One of	the best.	Light gre	en in ear	ly spring	g and
			n during the				t, vigorou	is and ca	an be
ι	used in foun	dation pla	antings, hedge	es or as :	specimens.				
				E					E all

	Each		Each
21/2 to 3 ft	\$4.00	31/2 to 4 ft	
	4.50		
/			

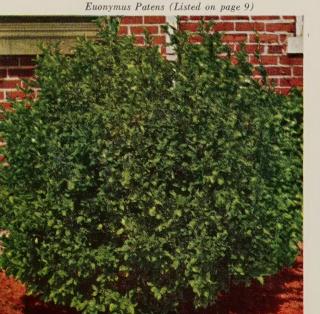
**T. orientalis aurea nana** (*Berckmann's Golden Arbor-Vitae*). A beautiful, dwarf, compact variety of golden color. Valuable for urns, small gardens, cemetery lots or brightening up foundation plantings. Grows about twice in height to width. Each Each Each

	Lacii		Eden
15 to 18 in.	\$3.50	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	\$4.50
	4.00	/ - · · ·	





Mahonia Aquifolium (Listed on page 9)



\_\_\_\_\_ Lexington, Kentucky





Ilex Rotundifolia

#### Abelia

ABELIA grandiflora (Glossy Abelia). A desirable, medium growing semi-evergreen shrub for foundation planting, filling corners, curves, or can be used as a hedge. The small, glossy leaves remain on most of the winter. Small, dainty blush-white blossoms are borne on rather arching branches from May until frost. We like Abelia.

Each 18 to 24 in., B&B .....\$2.50

Barberry

2 to 3 ft., B&B .....\$3.00

- BERBERIS julianae. The best of the evergreen Barberries. Holds its narrow green leaves on golden stems throughout the winter. Each Each Each
- 18 to 24 in., B&B ......\$4.00 2 to 21/2 ft., B&B ......\$5.00 mentorensis. This semi-evergreen, rather upright Barberry is useful as an individual specimen or as a hedge. Does well in dry locations. 8.
- 18 to 24 in., B&B
   Each
   Each
   Each
   Each

   18 to 24 in., B&B
   .......\$2.50
   2 to 2½ ft., B&B
   \$3.00

   (Deduct 50c each for bare rooted plants)

#### Buxus Sempervirens (Common Box)

With lustrous, green foliage, it is a plant that can be used in many ways and lends an air of dignity and permanence to its surroundings. As a hedge it gives character; in an informal group it has no rivals; it may be clipped or trained to pyramid form, globe shape or allowed to grow naturally. Box is used freely in window boxes, urns, and for garden edgings. Should be planted in good soil and fed with sheep or cow manure. Cultivate lightly and do not disturb the roots. **SPECIMEN PLANTS** Each

Each 15 to 18 in., B&B .....\$5.00 18 to 20 in., B&B .....\$6.00

#### Magnolia

MAGNOLIA grandiflora (Southern Magnolia). The pop-ular evergreen tree Magnolia of the South. Waxy leaves. The large white blossoms appear on older trees in midsummer. Not always hardy in Kentucky, but can be grown in protected places. Prefers rich 

#### Mahonia

 MAHONIA
 aquifolium (Oregon Grape). The thick, glossy leaves resemble Holly, but are much larger and most attractive. Makes a compact bush, and when pruned severely every few years will become an indescribable mass of green and bronze foliage. Yellow blossoms in June followed by blue-black berries. Thrives in shade.

 Each
 Each

 15 to 18 in., BGB
 \$3.00

 18 to 24 in., BGB
 4.00

#### Nandina

NANDINA domestica. A semi-evergreen shrub with numerous, upright reedlike stems. Each cane has a tuft of spreading light green foliage except the very young growth, which is tinted pink to copper. In August, white panicles of flowers appear, followed by masses of red berries in trusses. In autumn, strong coppery tints cover the foliage, making a most pleasing combination. While not entirely ever-green, it is nearly so. 
 Bigs
 Figure (1)
 Figure (1)
 Each
 Each
 18
 00
 24
 in.,
 B&
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 to 21/2
 ft.,
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#### Osmanthus

Broad-leaf Evergreens

 ${\sf S}$  0 MANY home owners do not know what this title means! Think of the Hollies and the Laurels as examples. We would miss the glossy green foliage of the Broad-leaved Evergreens in early spring, the deeper colors of summer, and the cheerful contrast they give to dull winter scenes, if they were removed from our landscape. They may be used as specimen plantings with tall evergreens or in the shrub border. You will be delighted with their beauty all the year-and pleased with the plants we supply.

#### Cotoneaster

COTONEASTER apiculata. Low spreading, semi-evergreen shrub. Red berries 12 to 15 in. (Gallon Cans) . ......\$2.50

#### Euonymus

- EUONYMUS patens (Kiautschoricus) (Spreading Euonymus). A valuable intro-duction from China. Leaves medium size, oblong, rich green, which persist throughout the winter. Small, white flowers followed by coral berries similar to our native Bittersweet. A rather spreading shrub which will grow in either sun or shade. One of our most useful Broad-leaf Evergreens.
   E. radicans erecta. A very desirable broadleaf Evergreen; an upright type, leaves smaller than E. patens, and dark green. Ideal for hedges or individual plantings. Not available in 2 to 2½ ft, size.

		Pr	ices of	Above Vari	eties of	Euoi	iymus:	
				Each				Each
15 te	o 18 in	, B&B		\$2.00	2 to	21/2	ft., B&B	\$3.00
18 to	o 24 in	. B&B		2.50				

#### llex - Holly

- **ILEX crenata rotundifolia.** A rather dwarf spreading variety of Japanese Holly, with glossy, nearly round leaves. One of the hardiest of the species and excellent for foundation planting or hedge.

15 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in., B&B

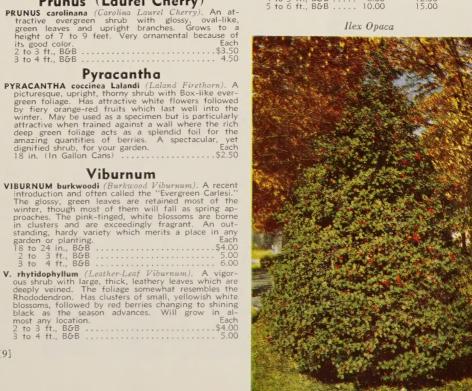
Prunus (Laurel Cherry)

Viburnum

- 5.00

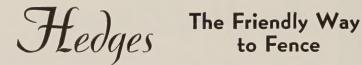
3 to 4 ft., B	&B\$	6.50	\$10.00
4 to 5 ft., B	&B	8.00	12.00
5 to 6 ft., B	&B 1	0.00	15.00

Ilex Opaca





## Hillenmeyer Nurseries





Japanese Barberry

#### Japanese Barberry (Berberis Thunbergi)

Each year sees an increased use of Japanese Barberry as a hedge plant. It is graceful, ornamental, serviceable, and hardy—four points that place it at the top of the list. The foliage unfolds in early spring, followed by yellow flowers, and later by red berries that remain all winter. In autumn the whole plant assumes a red tone. The drooping branches are thickly set with small spines that will turn cats and dogs. Japanese Barberry is excellent for foundation planting or for massing in corners. It thrives in bright sun and does well in shade.

		10	50	100
12 to 15 in.		.\$3.50	\$15.00	\$30.00
	Plant 18 to 74 inch			

#### Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle (Lonicera Fragrantissima)

One of the most satisfactory tall-growing screen or hedge plants. We do not recommend it where you want to keep it under 31/2 to 4 feet. It is strong, vigorous, hardy, dense and holds its foliage well into the winter. The small, cream, bell-shaped blossoms appear in early spring and are quite fragrant. Normally growing into a hedge 6 to 12 feet. Requires little pruning and will thrive on almost any cill Witches lead as an advantage of the growing into a long the soil. Whether kept pruned or permitted to grow naturally, it is one of our most useful shrubs to screen out objectionable views or to give privacy to your property. Plant 12 to 24 inches apart, depending on the density desired. Shorten back at least one-half after planting.

					10	50	100
18	to	24	in.,	2 canes or more	.\$5.00	\$20.00	\$40.00
2	to	3	ft.,	light, 3 canes	. 6.00	25.00	50.00
2	to	3	ft.,	heavy, 4 canes or more	. 7.00	30.00	60.00
3	to	4	ft.,	light, 3 canes	. 7.00	30.00	60.00
3	to	4	ft.,	heavy, 4 canes or more	. 8.00	35.00	70.00



A thrifty, green hedge gives more character and beauty to home grounds than any fence ever devised. The first cost is usually less than ordinary fence and trimming less expensive than painting. A hedge is an effective boundary marker, a wall of living green that protects the world within from the world without. The different hedge plants here are adapted to a variety of uses-and the plants themselves are in every way Hillenmeyer standard. All hedges should be cut back at least one-third when planting.

12 to

#### **Chinese Privet** (Ligustrum Sinense)

A rapid, semi-evergreen, loose-growing plant that is desirable for hedge or screen. It prunes beautifully and can be kept to almost any height desired. When closely clipped the

leaves are quite small and look almost like Boxwood. Occasionally freezes to the ground during a severe winter but always comes back with renewed vigor. Our plants are bushy transplants and should not be compared with light seedlings.

					50		
12	to	18	in.	 .\$4.75	\$ 8.50	\$17.00	\$160.00
18	to	24	in.	 . 5.75	10.00	20.00	190.00

#### California Privet (Ligustrum Ovalifolium)

Upright in growth, dark, thick, almost evergreen foliage and one of the most popular hedge plants. Can be pruned easily and does not require clipping as often as the Chinese Privet and is somewhat hardier.

#### Ibolium Privet (Ligustrum Ibolium)

This comparatively new Privet has proven hardy under the severe tests of the past few years. It has many characteristics of the California Privet though not as evergreen, and is as hardy as its other parent, the Ibota Privet. This superior Privet is a welcomed addi-tion since it can be grown and sold at the price of California Privet.

#### PRICES ON CALIFORNIA AND IBOLIUM PRIVET

		50		
o 18 in.	\$4.00	\$ 7.00	\$14.00	\$130.00
o 24 in.		8.50	17.00	160.00
	ft 6.00			
*3 to 4	ft 7.00	12.50	25.00	240.00
	*California Privet not a	available in	3 to 4 ft.	

Plant Privet 6 to 12 inches apart.

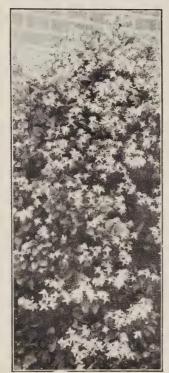
#### Other Plants for Hedges

Many other shrubs make useful hedges, giving both protection and color. We shall be happy to give special prices on quantities and in hedge size.

Abelia. See page 9. Arbor-Vitae. See page 8. Hemlock. See page Hibiscus. See page 22. Lilac. See page 25. Red Barberry. See page 19 Spirea. See page 24 Taxus. See pages 4 and 5.



California Privet



Clematis Paniculata

#### Euonymus

EUONYMUS radicans (Common Winter Creeper Euonymus). A slow growing vine that adheres to masonry and remains deep green all winter. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.

- E. fortunei coloratus (Bronze Winter Creeper). More rapid growing than others of this family. It has long, vigorous shoots, well covered with medium, sharply pointed leaves. Clings exceptionally well and makes an artistic effect on a bare wall or chimney. Turns a rich bronze during the winter months. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.
- E. fortunei vegetus (Big-Leaf Winter *Creeper)*. Another evergreen clinging vine of moderate habit, perfectly hardy, and especially valuable be-cause of the profusion of red berries that hang on for several weeks. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.



Euonymus Fortunei Vegetus

# Climbing and Creeping Vines

"Then the Wild Clematis Comes, With Her Wealth of Tangled Blooms"-Goodale.

These are the draperies that Nature gives us to cover porches, arbors, fences and to disguise unsightly buildings and old trees. Most varieties listed are strong growers, with either bright flowers in summer or brilliant berries in fall. Use vines freely to make the landscape more beautiful. They thrive almost anywhere, cost little, and give a large return in comfort and pleasure.

#### Campsis Radicans (Trumpetcreeper)

A vigorous, woody vine, bearing scarlet flowers followed by long pods. It is a native of this section easy to establish, and grows luxuriantly. Valuable for covering old walls, trees, stumps, etc. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.

#### **Celastrus - Bittersweet**

CELASTRUS scandens (American Bittersweet). An unusually attractive native vine because of its showy red berries in the fall and early winter, Vigorous. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.

#### Clematis

- CLEMATIS jackmani. The most popular Chinese Clematis. Has large, purple flowers. Exquisite when it can be grown. \$1.25 each.
- **C.** paniculata (Sweet Autumn Clematis). The small-flowered fra-grant, white "star" variety that blooms so profusely. Easy to establish and attractive in foliage as well as blossom. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.

#### Lonicera - Honeysuckle

LONICERA japonica halliana (Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle). An evergreen twining vine that is so much used to cover fences and trellises. Blooms continuously, is fragrant, and very easy to establish. Used largely to hold roadside banks from erosion and will flourish in poor soil.

25c each; 5 for \$1.00. sempervirens (Trumpet Honeysuckle). Attractive, trumpet-shaped flowers of bright scarlet. L., \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.

#### Parthenocissus - Ivy

- Parthenocissus Ivy
  PARTHENOCISUS quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). The five-leaved lvy that is valuable for covering walls, old trees, fences, etc. It will grow anywhere and colors brilliantly in the fall. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.
  P. tricuspidata (Boston Ivy). The best of the self-clinging vines. Foliage is deep green and very dense, covering any object completely. Colors in the fall. Slow to start, but vigorous when established. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.
  P. Lowi (Dwarf Boston Ivy). Like Boston Ivy it clings well. Small, dainty leaf that colors some in autumn. Ideal for restricted areas, or where light coverage is \$1.25 each; 5 for \$5.75.

#### **Polygonum - Fleece Vine**

**POLYGONUM auberti** (Silver Vine Fleeceflower). A quick-growing vine with small, attractive foliage. The flowers are very small and lacy and when the plant blooms it is a perfect mass of silvery white; there is no other vine producing anything like the same effect. Blooms from August to frost. \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50.

#### Pueraria - Kudzu

**PUERARIA thunbergi** (*Thunberg Kudzu Bean*). The most rapid growing, twining vine known today. It is marvelous how it will cover fences, pergolas, or similar objects. The large, purple flowers are sweetly scented. Belongs to the Pea family, and the foliage is dark \$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50. Ask for special prices in quantity.

\$1.00 each; 5 for \$4.50. Ask for special picture in the or Trailing Myrtle) A trailing evergreen plant used as a ground cover under trees or other shady situations. Each 5 100 Each 5 

## Wistaria

WISTARIA sinensis (Chinese Wistaria). A rampant, clinging vine that has the robust vigor of a wild Grape and the matchless beauty of a rare exotic. Flowers in large, drooping clus-ters. There is so much complaint of Wistaria not blooming we are offering plants that are grafted from blooming wood. Wistaria always needs to be well established to bloom freely. grafted from blooming v Purple and White. \$1.25 each; 5 for \$5.75.

#### **Tree Wistaria**

We have some "standard" or tree Wistaria. Limited quantity. Four to five feet, stocky plants. Purple only. \$10.00 each.



Campsis Radicans

#### Hedera - Ivy

Lexington, Kentucky

HEDERA helix (English Ivy). The most popular evergreen vine. Has large, deep green, glossy foliage, and is unexcelled for covering walls in shady and cool places, or used as a most satisfactory ground cover under trees or in shady places. Strong vines. 30c each; 4 for \$1.00; \$20.00 per 100.

#### Hydrangea

HYDRANGEA petiolaris (Climbing Hydrangea). Slow growing deciduous vine. Lovely, four-petal white flowers appearing in June. Ideal for low walls. \$2.00 each.



Wistaria

Hillenmeyer Nurseries



Deciduous Crees

# For Shade and Beauty

"No place is complete without trees. A home without trees is charmless; a road without trees is shadeless; a park without trees is hopeless."

HEN hot summer sun beats down, you long for the welcome shade of a Maple, an Oak, or a broad-petaled Em. But to have and enjoy such shade and shelter, you must plant ahead. The trees must be planted in fall or spring when the weather is cool. Then the roots take hold, the tree flourishes, and in a surprisingly few seasons the outspreading branches give the protection you desire.

We can supply—at reasonable prices—large trees that will give immediate effect, as well as the smaller specimens from 6 to 15 feet, that are listed herein. It is not practical to pack and ship the larger sizes, but we can load on customer's truck at our nurseries, sizes larger than those listed here. Our trees are well grown, root pruned, and transplanted several times; they are truly Hillenmeyer standard.

#### "He Who Plants a Tree, Plants for Posterity"

There is no warrior who'll fight for life More valiantly than a tree, On rocky wind-swept ledge at mountain crests On rocky wina-swept leage at notation by the sea. Or on the fiercely elemental coastline by the sea. —R. H. Weisbrod

Acer - Mople ACER platanoides (Norway Maple). A vigorous, dense, round-headed tree, valuable for street or lawn planting. The large, dark green leaves turn a pale yellow in the fall. It resembles the Sugar Maple except the leaves are larger and it is not as tall growing. May be planted under electric or telephone wires, causing little interference.



Norway Maple-Acer Platanoides



Sugar Maple-Acer Saccharum

# HEIGHT OF SHADE TREES The approximation of the provided state of The approximate height of shade trees to their diameter is as 2 in. ..... 12 to 14 ft. $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. ..... 12 to 15 ft.

**rubrum** (*Red Maple*). A native tree which is not appreciated and one of the most attractive as a lawn specimen. The current season's growth is bright red in winter. Flowers and seed pods are red, appearing before the leaves, which in fail vie with the Oaks, Sassafras, Gum, Sumac, or Sugar Maples for magnificence in color. Not available in 1¼ to 1½ inch. Α.

A. saccharum (Sugar Maple). Known every-where and extremely popular. The tree grows to great size, erect, conical form, is perfectly hardy, withstands any sub-normal weather conditions, and is adapt-able to nearly all types of soil. The tree yields valuable timber, as well as maple sugar. Foliage is deep green, turning to indescribable colors in the fall.

Prices	of	3 abo	ve M	laples:		Each
7 to	- 9	ft., 11	/4 in.	diameter		5.00
8 to	10	ft., 11	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.	diameter	'	6.50
10 to	12	ft., 13	1/4 in.	diameter		8.75
12 to	14	ff., Z	in.	diameter		11.50
12 to	15	ft., 21	/2 in.	diameter		14.00

A. saccharinum (Silver Maple). Because of its quick growth and good foliage, this tree is in great demand. The leaves ap-pear early in spring, are light green on the upper side, silvery beneath, and re-main until late fall. Small flowers open before the leaves appear. For planting as temporary trees—that is, alternate be-tween the hard-wood and slower grow-ers, such as Oaks, Elms, Sugar Maples, Gums, etc., the Silver Maple is highly recommended.

7 to 9 ft., 1 in. diameter ... \$ 4.00 8 to 10 ft., 1½ in. diameter ... \$ 5.50 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ in. diameter ... 7.75 12 to 14 ft., 2 in. diameter ... 10.50

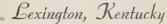
#### Betula - Birch

- BETULA papyrifera (Paper or Canoe Birch). A handsome, medium growing tree with creamy white, paper-like bark and pendulous branches. While native to the northern states, does well in Kentucky. The small, ovate, serrated leaves turn yellow in fall.
  - 7 to 8 ft., 1 1/4 in. diameter ....\$5.00 8 to 9 ft.,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. diameter .... 6.50 9 to 10 ft., 13/4 in. diameter .... 8.50
- B. pendula alba (European White Birch). Tree of moderately quick growth, erect, with terminal branches slightly drooping. Bark almost white. As a specimen, and especially contrasted with evergreens, it makes a valuable tree for the lawn. Prefers a moist place, but will do well in dry ground.

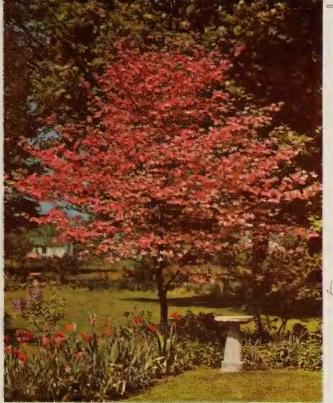
10 to 12 ft., 1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. diameter ...\$ 8.75 12 to 14 ft., 2 in. diameter ... 11.50

B. pendula laciniata (Cut-leaf European White Birch). A weeping form of the European White Birch. Inclined to be rather pyramidal when young but as it matures develops a broad top. Its small, pendulous branches eventually almost touch the ground. Because of its deeply serrated leaves, white bark and weeping habit, it is one of our most highly prized trees for small lawns, cemetery planted as a specimen or in groups. Each

10 to 12 ft., 13/4 in. diameter ...\$12.00



CF



Pink Dogwood-Cornus Florida Rubra

#### Cladrastis - Yellow-Wood

**CLADRASTIS lutea** (American Yellow-wood). So called because the wood was formerly used to make a yellow dye. A native tree of spreading habit with foliage generally resembling the Ash. It produces great drooping panicles of white, pea-like blossoms not unlike Wistaria. Foliage brilliant vellow in autumn.

Each 

#### Crataegus - Hawthorn

**CRATAEGUS phaenopyrum cordata** (*Washington Hauthorn*), 15 to 20 feet. One of our most attractive small trees or large shrubs. The white blos-soms are followed by bright red berries which persist well into the winter. The small, neat leaves are brilliant in autumn.

					Each						Each
					\$4.00						
5	to	6	ft.,	BGB	5.00	7	to	8	ft.,	B&B	 7.50

#### Cornus - Dogwood

"A Dogwood tree will be monument enough for me."-Irvin S. Cobb "A Dogwood tree will be monument enough for me."—Irvin S. Cobb CORNUS florida (White-Florering Dogwood). A native tree, well known to everyone, and beautiful all the year. Its large, white, single blossoms are conspicuous, coming early in the spring. The foliage is attractive all sum-mer, and in the fall colors beautifully with red berries that hang on most of the winter. It can be used as a specimen, or in groups as a back-ground for shrub borders. In contrast with bright, flowering trees like Redbud, it is especially showy. Each Each

	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft., B&B	\$2.50	4 to 5 ft., B&B	\$4.50
			(Sold out) 7.50

**C.** florida rubra (*Red-Flowering Dogwood*). This is not a new or uncommon tree but one too often overlooked as a means of beautifying home grounds. The common white variety may be better known but this pink-flowering type affords the loveliest display. Our trees are shipped balled and burlapped to insure safe arrival. Once started, they need but simple care. Like the white-flowering kind, the leaves of this Dogwood color attractively in the fall. tractively in the fall.

		Each					Each
2 to 3	ft., B&B		4 to	5 5 1	ft., B&B		\$ 7.50
3 to 4	ft., B&B	5.50	5 to	) 6 f	t., B&B	(Sold out)	. 10.00

#### **Diospyros** - Persimmon

<u> </u>	and fruit.	The foliag s valued a	ge is glos ifter fros	sy and shi t time and	ning, tl 1 is an	he color	ring ye	ellow in	the fall.
	known to	describe.	Difficul	t to trans	plant.				
				Each					Each

6 to 7 ft., 1¼ in. diam. .\$5.00 7 to 9 ft., 1½ in. diam. . 6.50 9 to 10 ft., 13/4 in. diam. \$8.75

## **DECIDUOUS TREES**—Continued

#### Carpinus - Hornbeam

CARPINUS pyramidalis (Pyramidal European Hornbeam.), A much CARPINUS pyramidalis (Pyramidal European Hornbeam.). A much prized, narrow, compact, stately tree of columnar habit and Beech-like foliage. It is tough—will tolerate city conditions, transplants kindly and holds its leaves most of the winter. Stands clipping remarkably well and for this reason can be used for a tall hedge, pillars, or on either side of an entrance. Each 18 to 20 ft. (Heavy) BGB ...\$50.00 (At the nursery.) CARPINUS caroliniana (American Hornbeam). Sometimes called Blue Beech or Ironwood. Bushy tree with dense round head. Leaves are bluish green above, yellow-green below. Splendid for tall hedges. The bark of the frunk strongly resembles that of the Beech. Each

8 to 10 to	10 ft., 1½ 12 ft., 1¾ 14 ft., 2	in. diameter in. diameter in. diameter in. diameter	6.50 8.75
12 10		0% extra)	11.50

#### Castanea - Chestnut

Celtis –	Hackberry
----------	-----------

LTIS occidentalis Common Hack-
berry). The Hackberry is one of the
best trees. It is not rapid in growth,
but is comparatively free of disease
and reaches a height of 75 to 100
feet. Grows in either dry or wet
soil, and the fruits are attractive to
birds and children. Each
7 to 9 ft., 11/2 in. diam\$ 5.00
8 to 10 ft., 11/2 in. diam 6.50
10 to 12 ft., 13/4 in. diam 8.75
12 to 14 ft., 2 in. diam 11.50
12 to 15 ft., 21/2 in. diam 14.00

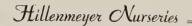
#### Cercis - Redbud

- Cercis Redbud CERCIS canadensis (Eastern Redbud). Harbinger of spring, blooming in April, and literally covered with red or pink blossoms before the leaves appear. It is a small shapely tree, with large, deep green leaves. May be used in heavy mass plant ng of shrubs, or with white-flower.ng Dog-wood or against Evergreens or White Birch, to furnish contrast. Each 4 to 5 ft. \$2.00 5 to 6 ft. \$3.00 6 to 7 ft. \$4.00 7 to 8 ft. \$5.00 8 to 9 ft. \$6.00 C. canadensis alba (White Eastern
- C.



# Moraine Locust (Plant Patent No. 836) We are now offering this new thornless Honey Locust. It should not be confused with our native Locusts. It is a vase-shaped tree when young, but resembles the stately American Elm when older. The tree does not produce unsightly seed pods. It is a fast grower, happy on a wide range of soils, and easy to transplant. We are one of the few licensed growers in the United States.

						Each	Each
					in. diam.		10 to 11 ft., 11/2 in. diam. \$20.00
8	to	9	ft.,	1	in. diam.	12.50	11 to 12 ft., 13/4 in. Sold ) 22,50
9	to	10	ft.,	11/4	in. diam.	16.00	12 to 14 ft., 2 in. Out 1 25.00
					Ask For	Special	Prices in Quantity







Ash-Fraxinus

#### Feed Your Trees

Like other plants, trees should be fed for best results. See our Plant Foods listed on inside back cover.



Sweet Gum-Liquidambar

## DECIDUOUS TREES—Continued

#### Fraxinus - Ash

**GREEN and AMERICAN ASH.** We offer these two varieties which are not unlike in appearance and which are all native. The whole group succeeds in dry, alkaline soils. These should be more generally planted, especially in the paddock and for reforestation.

																Lach
7	to	- 9	ft.,	11/4	in.	diameter									. 9	4.5C
8	to	10	ft.,	11/2	in.	diameter									. '	6.00
10	to	12	ft	13/4	in.	diameter		į	į	÷.	į	Ĵ.	Ì	Ì		8.25
ì2	to	14	ft.,	2	in.	diameter										11.00
12	to	15	ft.,	21/2	in.	diameter						į.	į	į		13.00

#### Ginkgo - Maidenhair

GINKGO biloba (Maidenhair). The Ginkgo is one of the oldest living things in the world. It is a hangover from the prehistoric ages and has no relatives in the plant kingdom. A tall, picturesque, hardy tree with horizontal branches and small maidenhair-fernlike leaves which usually hang in clusters of three or more from the branches. The foliage changes to golden yellow in the fall. A unique tree worthy of a place on any lawn.

7	to	8	ft.,	11/4	in.	diameter						. \$	5 0
8	to	9	ft.,	11/2	in.	diameter							65
9	to	10	ft.,	1 3/4	in.	diameter							87
10	10	12	Ťτ.,	2	ın.	diameter							11.5

#### Gleditsia - Honey Locust

GLEDITSIA triacanthos inermis (Thornless Honey Locust). A picturesque, fast growing, spreading tree with small compound leaves. Not dense enough to kill the grass beneath and is being much used as a lawn or street tree and is a substitute for the Elm.

3 7 /		4.4															Laci
1/4	in.	diameter															\$ 5.00
11/2	in.	diameter diameter															6.50
13/4	in.	diameter															875
۷.	in.	diameter															11 50
21/2	in.	diameter							,				,	į	į.	Ĵ	14.00

#### Gleditsia -Moraine Locust See page 13

#### Liriodendron - Tulip Tree

**LIRIODENDRON tulipifera** (Tulip Tree). Belong to the Magnolia family, and is one of the finest native trees, growing to be very large, and bearing Tulip-shaped, yellowish blossoms. Its leaves are large and very dark green. Grows quickly when established.

8 10 12	to to to	10 12 14	ft., ft., ft., ft.,	1 1/2 1 3/4 2 2 1/2	in. in. in. in.	diameter diameter diameter diameter diameter	•	• •	•	6.50 8.75
			( B	GΒ	50%	6 extra)				

#### Liquidambar - Sweet Gum

**LIQUIDAMBAR** styraciflua. Another native tree not appreciated. It is not of rapid growth nor especially easy to transplant, but the glossy foliage in summer, the brilliant color in the fall, and the unusual appearance of the young branches with corky bark in the winter are qualities which make it especially valuable.

8 to 10 ft., 1½ in. diameter ....\$ 6.50 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ in. diameter ....\$ 8.75 12 to 14 ft., 2 in. diameter .... 11.50 12 to 15 ft., 2½ in. diameter .... 14.00 (BGB 50% extra)

#### Gymnocladus

**GYMNOCLADUS** dioica (Kentucky Coffee Tree). A native of noble proportions, growing rather irregular in shape, with blue-green foliage. Resembles the Walnut tree. Fine for heavy clay soils.

													Each
7	to	9	ft.,	11/4	in.	diameter				4		. 9	5.00
8	to	10	ft.,	11/2	in.	diameter							6.50
10	to	12	ft.,	13/4	in.	diameter				÷			8.75
12	to	14	ft.,	2	in.	diameter							11.50
12	to	15	ft.,	21/2	in.	diameter							14.00

#### Juglans - Butternut

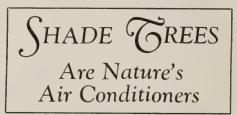
JUGLANS cinerea (Butternut). This native tree is perhaps the most precocious of the nut bearing trees. It is rapid in growth, quickly making a round-headed tree. Fruits at young age.

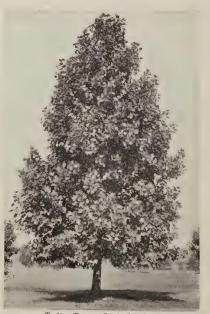
														Each
5	to	6	ft.,	11/4	in.	diameter					,			\$2.50
б	to	7	ft.,	11/2	in.	diameter								3.00
7	to	8	ft.,	13/4	in.	diameter								4.00
						diameter								

#### Juglans - Walnut

**JUGLANS nigra** (*Black Walnut*). One of the noblest of our native forest trees; valued for timber and nuts.

													Each
5	to	6	ft.,	11/4	in.	diam.							 \$2.00
б	to	- 7	ft.,	11/2	in.	diam.							2.50
						diam.							
8	to	9	ft.,	2	in.	diam.							4.00
10	to	12	ft.,	21/2	in.	diam.							5.00





Tulip Tree—Liriodendron

Lexington, Kentucky



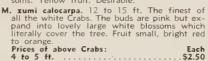
#### **DECIDUOUS TREES**—Continued

#### Malus - Flowering Crab

The Flowering Crabs have few rivals among the gorgeous spring-flowering trees. They are hardy, of easy culture, and will thrive in al-most any soil. They are available in many shades and when used as specimens or mass plantings are most effective. Many kinds bear very ornamental fruit. No lawn is complete with-out one of these gems.

MALUS ALMEY (Almey's Crab). 12 to 15 ft. This is an outstanding new variety. Carmine buds, opening to crimson and holding the color well. White marking at base of each petal. Tree blooms at a young age, and individual flowers are very large. Fruit is maroon when ripe. 4 to 5 ft. ..\$3.00 5 to 6 ft. ..\$3.50

- M. arnoldiana (Arnold's Crab). 10 to 15 ft. Large, soft pink flowers, opening to almost pure white. Conspicuous yellow and red fruit.
   \*M. dolgo. 15 to 20 ft. Compact in form. White flowers followed with conspicuous red, medium sized, edible fruit. Very showy in August August.
- Melevi (Ely Crab), 12 to 15 ft. The best of the purple or red-leaf Crabs. Covered in spring with clusters of large pink flowers, followed
- With clusters of large pink howers, followers by showy purple-red fruit.
   A. ellwangeriana. 12 to 15 ft. Rather upright with white flowers. Its brilliant red fruit with yellow blush in the fall is extremely showy.
- yellow blush in the tall is extremely showy.
   (M. hopa (Red Flowering Crab Apple). 18 to 20 ft. Strong, healthy, upright tree, rose-pink flowers. Fruit red inside and out.
   \*M. ioensis plena (Bechtel's Crab). 12 to 15 ft. Rather slow grower with upright, spreading branches. Its double pink flowers resemble clusters of small Roses. Available in 4 to 5 ft. only ft. only.
  - M. purpurea lemoinei. A bronze-leaf type with semi-double carmine flowers, bears purplish red fruit in fall. Excellent for specimen or background.
- M. scheideckeri (Scheidecker's Crab). 10 to 15 ft. Compact, upright growth with small, bright, single rose blooms borne in profusion. Fruit yellow.
- M. spectabilis (Chinese Crab). 12 to 15 ft. Up-right form with semi-double, pale pink blos-soms. Yellow fruit. Desirable.



P۲	ices	6 0	۱t -	abo	٧	e	1	С	ra	b	5	:							
4	to	5	ft.										4						

5 to 6 ft. 3.00 \*M. sargenti (Sargent's Crab). 7 to 8 ft. Dwarf type, spread in older trees more than height, and lower branches sweep the ground. White blossoms, red fruit.

3 to 4 ft 4 to 5 ft. \*Not available in 5- to 6-ft. size. to 4 ft .....\$2 3.00

WE HAVE BEAUTIFUL SPECIMENS OF SOME KINDS QUOTED AT NURSERY AS FOLLOWS: 6 to 7 ft., BGB ......\$7.50

#### Magnolia

MAGNOLIA acuminata (Cucumber Tree). A pyramidal tree with spreading or ascending branches. Large, oblong, bright green leaves turning yellow in autumn. Fruit greenish yel-low with upright petals 2 to 3 inches long. The young fruit much resembles a small pickle or cucumber and eventually turns a rosy red. A beautiful tree but a little difficult to trans-plant plant

												CdCII
11/4	in.	diameter										\$ 5.00
11/2	in.	diameter										6.50
134	ın.	diameter										8.75
		diameter										
21'2	ın.	diameter										4.00

212 in. diameter 14:00 M. tripetala (Umbrella Magnolia). A wide spread-ing tree with stout branches and large leaves, sometimes attaining a width of 8 to 9 inches and 15 to 20 inches long. Flowers creamy white, fragrant, and 8 to 10 inches across. A native tree to most of eastern Kentucky. Each

7 to 9 ft. .....\$5.00 MAGNOLIA, Other Varieties. See page 23.



Umbrella Magnolia-Magnolia Tripetala

#### Morus - Mulberry

6																													Th	
																													owt	
																													rfull	
	pr	odu	uct	ive.	a	n	d	1	fc	r		a	'n	yı	5I	ne	Э	٧	vi	is	h	ir	۱ş	g	1	0		at	trad	ct -
	bi	rds	а	nd	for		С	h	ic	:k	(e	r	1	r	u	n	s	i	t	(	56	ar	h	'n	ot		Ł	e	sui	r-
	pa	asse	d.	Fri	uit		sn	ni	al	le	er		t	h	а	n		0	u	r	r	۱a	it	þ	Ve	è	١	/a	riet	y.
																													Eac	h
	5	to	6	ft.																									63.0	0
	6	to	7	ft.																									4.0	0
	7	to	8	ft.																									5.0	
	8	to	9	ft.																									6.0	
	 														1	1														-

**OXYDENDRUM.** See page 23.

#### Wrap Shade Trees

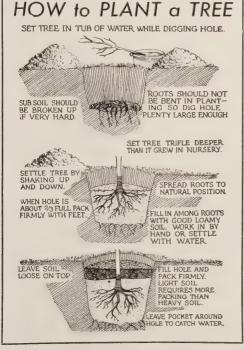
All newly planted shade trees should be wrapped, for at least 1 year, with a double thickness of burlap or heavy paper, from the ground line to the first branches to prevent sun scalding.



Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Al Wenneker, Culpepper Road ants, larger than normal, were used at this house to give immediate effect. Additional planting in rear, gives charm to this lovely home. Another Hillenmeyer job. Specimen plants,



Flowering Crab-Arnoldiana



## Spraying and Tree Feeding

We are equipped to spray and feed large trees, using modern equipment and scientific methods. If your favorite tree is being destroyed by insects or is starving, you may need expert advice and treatment. Write and consult us when in need of this service.

Like other plants, trees should be fed for best results. See our Plant Food listed on inside back cover.



[15]



## Hillenmeyer Nurseries =



Flowering Crab-Malus Zumi Calocarpa

QUALITY is remembered after price is forgotten

Upright Flowering Cherry-Prunus



#### **DECIDUOUS TREES**—Continued

Each

#### **Prunus - Flowering Cherries**

All except the large specimens listed below will be available in the SPRING ONLY. We will accept orders and ship at proper season.

These beautiful flowering trees from the Orient are among the most decorative in cultivation. They are of medium growth, free of disease and will succeed almost anywhere. There are many species and horticultural forms. We have tested many kinds, the best are as follows:

#### WEEPING FORMS

PRUNUS subhirtella. Single Weeping.

P. subhirtella. Double Weeping.

These beautiful, graceful trees are a mass of bloom in early spring. Grafted about 6 feet from the ground.

Prices above 2 varieties:

1-year heads .....\$6.00

#### UPRIGHT FORMS

**PRUNUS autumnalis** Single pink. Blossoms spring and fall.

- P., Kwanzan. Double deep pink.
- P., Naden. Double light pink.
- P., Mt. Fuji. Double white.

Not available in 8 to 9 ft. P. yedoensis (Yoshino). Single pale pink. Extra heavy and the one which is largely planted around the tidal basin in Washington.

P	rices	5	of	ab	01	ve	e	5	5	۷	ı a	r	ie	et	ie	es	; ;						Each
4	to	5	ft.																				\$4.00
5	to	6	ft.				,																5.00

 LARGE
 UPRIGHT
 SPECIMENS
 AT
 NURSERY

 6 to 7
 ft., B&B
 .510.00
 .510.00

 7 to 8
 ft., B&B
 .15.00

 8 to 9
 ft., B&B
 .20.00

#### Populus - Poplar

**POPULUS nigra italica** (Lombardy Poplar). A tall, slender tree of rapid growth, reaching a great height and not to be confused with Carolina Poplar. Specimens often reach 50 feet, with a spread of less than 10 feet and for this reason when trees are needed for narrow places, between buildings, congested lawns, narrow avenues, Lombardy Poplar may be used to advantage. Because of its great height and quick growth it is recommended for backgrounds, to add character to plantings or to offset straight or bare lines; for screening views, windbreaks —and for quick effects.

															Each
6	to	7	ft.												\$2.00
7	to	8	ft.												2.50
		9													3.00
		10													4.00
		12													5.00
12	to	14	ft.		•		•	-							6.00

P. alba bolleana (Bolleana Poplar). Just because the Carolina Poplar is an enormous weed and nothing more, one should not discriminate against all the Poplar family. Bolleana Poplar has glittering green leaves, silvered underneath, and makes an attractive display against the sky when they are set in motion by a gentle breeze. The bark is gray, giving a pleasing winter effect. It is a fast growing, slender, columnar tree a little wider than Lombardy, which it resembles at a distance and for which it can be used as a substitute.

Each 10 to 12 ft. ....\$5.50

#### LARGE TREES

In addition to the stock listed we have many large, fine specimens which will give immediate effect, at moderate cost. Why wait a lifetime for results? Write or consult us.

#### Prunus Flowering Plum

**PRUNUS blireiana** (Blireiana Plum), A small, neat tree with rather upright branches on which are borne salmonpink rosettes in great profusion. Very showy and desirable.

- P. cistena. A handsome, upright tree with small pale pink flowers, wine-red fruit and purple foliage. Available only in 4 to 5 and 5 to 6-ft. size.
  - P. divaricata (Thundercloud Purple Plum). A beautiful shapely tree with dark purple foliage about the color of the Purple Beech. Fine for contrast.

			ft.																	\$3.0	
																				4.0	
AR	GER	S	PEC	II.	м	E	ħ	IS	A	J.	•	C	1	J	R	ł	Ń	U	R	SER	Y

Available in some kinds as follows: 6 to 7 ft., B&B ......\$10.00 7 to 8 ft., B&B ......\$15.00

#### Prunus Persica (Flowering Peach)

**PRUNUS persica** (Double Red Flowering Peach). A small tree, covered in spring with double, showy red blossoms.

	F 1
ARGER SPECIMENS AT OUR NUF	RSERY
5 to 6 ft	2.50
4 to 5 ft	

6 to 7 ft., B&B .....\$7.50



Flowering Peach-Prunus Persica

Lexington, Kentucky



#### **DECIDUOUS TREES**—Continued

The Singing Leaves But the trees all kept their council And never a word said they, Only there sighed from the pine tops A music of seas far away. —Lowell

# Quercus - Oak

The Oak, with all its majesty, is the monarch of the woodlands. It is symbolical of strength, permanency and character. It has been interwoven, since time immemorial, with literature, art and craftsmanship. The family has world-wide distribution, containing many species, both evergreen and deciduous. Its timber is emblematical of strength and durability. By some it is considered of slow growth, but when given a congenial soil, develops rather rapidly in comparison with most hardwoods. When planted as specimens or street trees, varieties like Pin Oak, with their autumn coloring of yellow, orange and scarlet, are the source of enjoyment to him who plants, and elicits the admiration of the public. No lawn is complete without an Oak.

- QUERCUS alba (White Oak). One of the greatest of all the Oaks. Rather difficult to transplant and of slow growth, but "patience brings a per-fect reward." Leaves silver to purplish red in autumn.
- **Q. nigra** (*Water Oak*). A round-topped tree of good form. Will grow in either moist or dry soil. Foliage green until late fall. Not available in 2 in. and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in.



Maiden Hair-Ginkgo Biloba (Listed on page 14)

Q. palustris (Pin Oak). The most popular of all the Oaks. Its beautiful glossy, deeply lobed green leaves change to gorgeous shades of purplish red and scarlet in the autumn. It is symmetrical, easy to transplant and of rapid growth. For street, avenue or as a lawn specimen there is nothing superior. Where a desirable hardwood tree is wanted we unhesitatingly recommend a Pin Oak.

- Q. macrocarpa (Bur Oak). A native variety of slow growth, but becomes a stately tree well covered with thick, dark green foliage of heavy texture. For permanency it has no superior. Prefers a deep soil. Not available in 2 in. and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in.
- Q. borealis (Rubra) (Northern Red Oak). Not as compact nor does it color as brilliantly as the Pin Oak. Somewhat more difficult to transplant but grows in almost any soil when established. One of the fine Oaks.

Prices	of above	varieties	of Oaks:
			Each
7 to	9 ft., 1 1/4	in. diam.	\$ 5.00
8 to	10 ft., 1 1/2	in. diam.	6.50
10 to	12 ft., 13/4	in. diam.	8.75
12 to	14 ft., 2	in. diam.	11.50
12 to	15 ft., 21/2	in. diam.	14.00

Pin Oak-Quercus Palustris

## **Platanus - Sycamore**

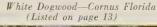
PLATANUS occidentalis (American Plane Tree). Our native Sycamore which is not appreciated. However, if you want a tree of rapid growth, rugged in character, picturesque in winter with its white bark, you should not overlook this grand old tree. Fine for woodland and paddock. Tolerant of soot and smoke, and therefore is much used as a street tree in cities.

Each 7 to 9 ft., 1¼ in. d'am. \$4.50 8 to 10 ft., 1½ in. diam. 6.00 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ in. d'am. 8.75

#### **Robinia - Locust**

**ROBINIA** idahoensis (Idaho Locust). Very similar to our native Locust except it has very beautiful and striking racemes of pink and lavender blossoms in early spring. Valuable as an ornamental or shade tree.

						Each
1	1/4	in.	diameter			\$4.00
1	1/2	in.	diameter			5.50
1	3⁄4	in.	diameter			7.50
2		in.	diameter			10.00







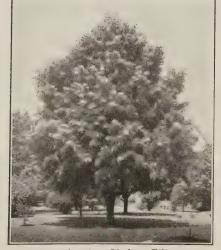


Willow-Salix

## **Taxodium - Bald Cypress**

**TAXODIUM distichum.** The great lumber tree of the far South, but perfectly at home here. Will grow in dry or wet soil and blends well in either deciduous or evergreen plantings. The light green foliage is needle-like, the general shape of the tree resembles a Spruce. Slow growing, but very symmetrical and as durable as an Oak; in fact, the lumber is called the "wood eternal."

	Each
7 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ in. diameter .	
9 ft., 1 3/4 in. diameter .	. 8.75
10 ft., 2 in. diameter .	. 11.50
12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. diameter .	. 14.00
(B&B 50% extra)	
	8 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. diameter . 9 ft., $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. diameter . 10 ft., 2 in. diameter . 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. diameter .



American Linden-Tilia

#### **DECIDUOUS TREES**—Continued

#### Salix - Willow

- SALIX blanda (Wisconsin Weeping Willow). Of rather upright growth when young but as it attains height and age its long, drooping silvery branches make it the most effective of all the Willows. Rapid grower in either moist or other good soil. Fine for specimens or screens. Best of the Weeping Willows.
- elegantissima (Thurlow Weeping Willow). More upright than Salix blanda. Vigorous grower.
- S. niobe (Golden Weeping Willow). Best of the Golden Willows. Slender leaves, green above, silvery below. Twigs and bark golden.

Pr	ices	0	f al	voc	е	1	3	١	/a	ri	ie	ti	e	S :			Each
б	to	7	ft.														\$3.00
7	to	8	ft.														4.00

8 to 9 ft. 5.00 S. caprea (Pussy Willow). See page 24.

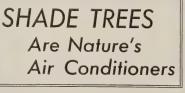


#### Tilia - Linden

**TILIA american** (American Linden). Sometimes known as Basswood. This native tree is very attractive and will grow rapidly when planted in low ground. The leaves are distinctly larger than other varieties. The branches are pendulous. Makes an excellent shade tree under favorable conditions. Each 7 to 9 ft., 1¼ in. diam. . . \$4.50 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ in. diam. . . 8.25 12 to 14 ft., 2 in. diam. . . 11.00

**T. platyphyllos pyramidalis** (*Pyramidal Big-leaf* Linden). A compact, upright form which can be used effectively in a very narrow space. Also desirable as a screen or sentinel tree.

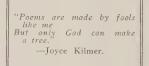
															Each
4	to	5	ft.												\$4.00
5	to	6	ft.												5.00
6	to	7	ft.												6.00
7	to	8	ft.												7.50
			(BGE	3	5	0	19	%	e	X	tr	а	)		



#### Ulmus - Elm

- **ULMUS americana** (American Elm). We have discontinued growing this variety because of disease factors.
- U. parvifolia (Chinese Elm). A rapid growing tree that does especially well in difficult situations, like city soot and gases, dry and poor ground, narrow street plots, etc. Leaves smaller than our native Elm, habit more pendent, and of course, much more rapid. Only drawback possible is sleet damage and Elm beetle injury. Plant for twenty to thirty years' duration. We have the North China strain only and it will make up as quickly as a Willow.

							Each
7	to	9	ft.,	11/4	in.	diam.	\$ 4.00
8	to	10	ft.,	11/2	in.	diam.	 5.50
10	to	11	ft.,	1 3/4	in.	diam.	 7.75
						diam.	



#### See Prepaying Policy, Page 31

#### Feed Your Trees

Like other plants, trees should be fed for best results. See our Plant Foods listed on inside back cover.



Chinese Elm-Ulmus Parvifolia

\_\_\_\_ Lexington, Kentucky



# Flowering and Ornamental Shrubs

"The beautiful lessons which 'blossoms' teach to children."-Chaplin

HERE is a place for flowering shrubs around every home—cottage, mansion or palace. A corner needs a little color, a foundation wall needs to be concealed, a garage should be screened. In all these places flowering shrubs are adaptable and useful.

From our fields this year we shall take the finest shrubs possible to grow-large, well developed, with good roots, and not by any means like the shrubs sold on "bargain" counters, which in many cases are of unknown origin. In fact, Hillenmeyer shrubs are heavy and carry several canes.

The size shown after each shrub indicates the approximate height it should be expected to attain.

ABELIA grandiflora. (See page 9.)

2 to 3 ft. ..... 3 to 4 ft. ....

Acanthopanax ACANTHOPANAX sieboldianus (Five-Leaved Aralia), 4 to 6 ft. An interesting and very satis-factory shrub for planting in a shady place or under city conditions. Branches upright, prickly, arching and bearing bright green leaves in fives. If you have a troublesome situation, poor soil, shade or other adverse conditions give this shrub a trial. Each

#### Aralia

ARALIA spinosa (Devil's Walkingstick). 10 to 15 ft. A large, vigorous shrub or small tree giving semi-tropical effect. The stiff, erect, very prickly stems bear compound leaves which may be 2 feet or more in length. The leaflets are small, giving a feathery effect to the whole plant. Small white flowers in July or August. A very effective shrub when properly used. 5 to 6 ft. Each

**Berberis - Barberry** BERBERIS thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). 3 to 4 ft. Low, compact shrub with horizontal or arched branches. Twigs thorny, making it ideal for an almost impregnable hedge when mature. If left unpruned it will develop into a graceful, mound-like plant. The small green leaves come out early in the spring, along with the small yellow flowers. The foliage takes on a brilliant orange-scarlet when in the open and the flowers are followed by brilliant red fruit which persists throughout the winter. Will grow in almost any location. Each \$0.60

- 15 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 21/2 ft. .....\$1.00
- Barberry mentorensis. See page 9.

#### **Buddleia** - Butterfly Bush

There should be a place for these continuous summer-blooming shrubs around every home. Their long pointed spikes of various shades resemble a Lilac though they are in no way re-lated. Easy of culture. Often freeze to the ground unless protected, but will come back

- year atter year. **BUDDLEIA, Charming.** Soft pink; very desirable. **B. DUBONNET.** Claret-purple. Nice. **B., Ile de France.** Rosy violet-purple. Vigorous and floriferous. **B., White.** Not as vigorous but delightful. **Prices of above 4: 18 to 24 in. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft.**

- 2 to 3 ft. .....\$1.25



Chokeberry-Aronia

#### Aronia - Chokeberry

ARONIA arbutifolia brilliantissima (Brilliant Chokeberry). 3 to 5 ft. A useful shrub combining good habits of growth, at-tractive summer and fall foliage, showy flowers and brilliant fruits. The medium size leaves are glossy green, turning bright red in the fall. The white flowers in early May are followed by fruit which becomes brilliant red in the fall and is very persistent. One of our best berry-bearing fruits. Will grow in sun or partial shade but requires ample moisture. Each Each Each 2 to 3 ft. ......\$1.25 3 to 4 ft. .....\$1.50 ....\$1.50

#### Let Hillenmeyer Help You Plan



Abelia (Listed on page 9)



Butterfly Bush-Buddleia



Branch of Bank of Commerce, Euclid Ave. Although the area is limited, well chosen plants have added to this attractive business property. A Hillenmeyer job.

Hillenmeyer Nurseries \_\_\_\_\_



Flowering Quince-Chaenomeles

#### Flowering Shrubs—Continued

#### Calycanthus

**CALYCANTHUS floridus** (Sweet Shrub). 6 to 8 ft. Few shrubs have persisted as well as the Calycanthus. Always found in "Grandma's" garden. Its sweet, aromatic reddish brown flowers are most appreciated. The blossoms are produced in late spring followed by large pods, filled with smooth brown seed. Used as a specimen or for planting in a larger border.

				Each						Ł	ac	ch
18	to	24	in.	\$1.00	2	to	3	ft.		.\$1	.2	25
				r	3	to	4	ft.		. 1	.5	50

#### **Chaenomeles - Flowering Quince**

CHAENOMELES lagenaria (Cydonia japonica) (Common Flowering Quince), 5 to 8 ft. One of our best early blooming shrubs. Upright, spreading, with attractive foliage. The bell-shaped blossoms are usually from a light pink to scarlet. They open before the leaves appear and are borne all along the branches. Has good, glossy foliage. Grows in most any location and can be used as a hedge, screen or specimen.

						Cach
2 to	3 ft	 	 	 	 	 .\$1.00

**C. lagenaria alba** (*White Flowering Quince*). A white form of the above.

															Each	
)	3	ft.													.\$1.25	

#### Chionanthus - White Fringe CHIONANTHUS virginiana. 12 to 15 ft. As a large

SHIONANTHUS virginiana. 12 to 15 ft. As a large shrub or small tree, for use in border planting or specimen, few plants surpass the White Fringe. Its large, somewhat glossy leaves are attractive throughout the summer and add a pleasing bright yellow to the array of autumn colors. Large clusters of drooping white flowers hang from the ends of the twigs in late spring. Dark blue fruit in August. Prefers a moist, acid soil. Worthy of a place on any lawn.

2 to 3	Each ft\$1.00		3	to	4	ft.	Each
	-	1750					

#### Cornus - Dogwood

**CORNUS florida** (White Flowering Dogwood). See page 13.

- C. rubra (Pink Flowering Dogwood). See page 13.
- **C.** alba sibirica (Siberian Dogwood). 6 to 8 ft. Greenish white flowers in June. Grown because of its conspicuous red winter twigs. Cutting out old wood increases brilliance of new growth.

	EdCri		Lacii
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.00	3 to 4 ft	\$1.25

#### **Cotinus - Smoke Tree**

2 to

**COTINUS coggygria** (Smoke Tree). 10 to 12 ft. An old favorite having unusual and attractive foliage. When in bloom the tree is virtually a mist of minute smoky lavender flowers, suggesting a cloud of smoke.

		Eddin		
3 -	to 4 ft.	\$1.25	4 to 5 ft.	\$1.50
	oggygria rubrifolia (Red			
	own Smoke Tree, but in			
to	dark green. As the nev	v leaves deve	elop at tips during	the summer they
are	e ruby, likewise turning t	to green.		
		Each		Each
2 1	to 4 ft	\$1.50	4 to $5$ ft	\$2.00

#### Cotoneaster

branches with small shining foliage. Si by shining black berries.	
2 to 3 ft	Each \$1.00
<b>C. Dielsiana</b> (Diels Cotoneaster). 5 to 6 branches. Flowers pinkish, fruit red. Ve	ft. An upright shrub with arching ery showy in autumn.
Each 18 to 24 in., B&B\$2.00	Each 2 to 3 ft., B&B\$2.50
<b>C.</b> divaricata (Spreading Cotoneaster). 4 to good foliage and scarlet fruit.	- · · ·
Each 2 to 3 ft., B&B\$2.50	Each 3 to 4 ft., B&B\$3.50

#### See Prepaying Policy, Page 31



Red Leaf Barberry-Berberis Thunbergi Atropurpurea



Van Houtte Spirea (Spirea-listed on page 24)

# \_\_\_\_\_ Lexington, Kentucky

3 to 4 ft. ....\$1.25



#### **Flowering Shrubs**—Continued

#### Deutzia

## Elaeagnus - Russian Olive

 ELAEAGNUS angustifolia (Russian Olive). 15 ft. An unusual shrub with dark green bark and silvery foliage. Fragrant, deep golden yellow flowers followed by ornamental Olive fruit. Valuable for contrast with green foliage plants.

 Each

 2 to 3 ft......\$1.25
 3 to 4 ft......\$1.50

#### Euonymus

<ul> <li>E. alatus compactus (Dwarf Winged Euonymus), 5 to 6 ft. Similar to the regular Winged Euonymus) except that if is more compact, does not grow so large and colors more brilliantly in the fall. An outstanding shrub</li> <li>Ba to 24 in</li></ul>										
Each 3 to 4 ft\$1.25										
Forsythia - Golden Bell										
The harbingers of spring, with their joyous, clear yellow bells borne in profusion. No shrub gives a richer display of pure yellow than the Forsythia. Beautiful as specimen, in masses or as hedge plants.										
FORSYTHIA spectabilis (Showy Forsythia). 5 to 8 ft. Because of its showy flowers, which are borne in										

great protusion, it is ve			
	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft	\$1.00	3 to 4 ft	\$1.25
F. suspensa nana. 3 to 4 f	t. A dwarf, more compact form.	Quite useful where	a large Forsythia cannot be used.
	Each		Each
18 to 24 in	\$1.00	2 to 3 ft	¢1 75

2 to 3 ft. ....\$1.00



Russian Olive-Elaeagnus

#### Forsythia - Spring Glory

This recently introduced variety is all that the name indicates. Most prolific bloomer of the upright Forsythias. A cloud of yellow in springtime. Each Each Each 2 to 3 ft. \$1.25 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50



Golden Bell-Forsythia



Beauty Bush-Kolkwitzia

## Hillenmeyer Nurseries

3 to 4 ft. .....\$1.25





Witchhazel--Hamamelis

#### **Hibiscus - The Altheas**

- HIBISCUS syriacus (Shrub Althea). 5 to 7 ft. Bloom from June to frost. Upright in growth and rarely spreads over 3 ft. It does astonishingly well in cities or congested areas where other plants fail.
- H. anemonaeflorus. Double; pale pink.
- H. totus albus. Single; white.
- H., Ardens. Double; lavender.
- H., Jeanne d'Arc. Double; white.
- H., Lucy. Double; rose-pink. H., Single Pink. Clear pink.

A	11 F	libi	iscus								Each
2	to	3	ft.			•					.\$1.00
3	to	4	ft.								. 1.25



Althea-Hibiscus

#### Flowering Shrubs—Continued

#### Hamamelis - Witchhazel

H. virginiana (Common Witchhazel). 8 to to 10 ft. Ribbon-like yellow flowers in late autumn. Good for natural planting and shady places. Each HALESIA caroliniana (Carolina Silver Bell). 15 to 18 ft. A large shrub or small tree which blooms with the Dogwood. Its mass of snow-white, bell-shaped flowers are most attractive, followed by fruit which has four papery wings. Each Each

Halesia - Silver Bell

2 to 3 ft. ....\$1.00 2 to 3 ft. ....\$1.00

#### Hydrangea

Grand, free-flowering shrubs with large, showy white flowers. They are admirable for border or foundation planting, either as specimens or in masses. Like a fertile moist soil with full or partial exposure.

HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora (Snowhill Hydrangea). 3 to 4 ft. A continuous bloomer with flowers resembling a Snowball. Much used in foundation plantings. Each

18 to 24 in. .....\$1.00 2 to 3 ft. .....1.25

H. paniculata grandiflora (Panicle Hydrangea), 4 to 5 ft. The old standard variety with large blossoms in August which turn pinkish under favorable weather conditions. 18 to 24 in. .....\$1.00 2 to 3 ft. .....1.25

H. quercifolia (Oak-Leaved Hydrangea). 4 to 5 feet. A distinct and handsome variety with short, stiff, spreading

18 to 24 in. .

2 to 3 ft. shrubs



Snowhill Hydrangea-Hydrangea A. G.

branches. Leaves deeply lobed, dark green above, silvery and downy beneath, which somewhat resembles an Oak. A very fine useful shrub.

Each ....\$1.50

#### Harr Wintersharry

		HEX	- <b>VV</b> III	lerberry			
ILEX verticillat scarlet berrie	a (Common W s which remai						
rather moist pollination.	location and	some shade.	Staminate	and pistillate	e plants she	ould be set	t together for
18 to 24 in			Each	2 to 2 ft			Each

#### Kerria - Globe Flower

Attractive shrub, native of Japan, with slender green branches and showy yellow flowers. Will grow in any well drained soil. KERRIA japonica flore-pleno. Double.

Each		Each
\$1.25	2 to 3 ft\$	1.50

Kolkwitzia - Beauty Bush Kolkwitzia - Beauty Bush Strong canes develop into graceful, sweeping branches. The flowers are shell to deep pink, with yellow markings, and produced in great profusion all over the plant. Might be called a much re-fined Weigela. Greatly admired.

			Each		Each
-2 to	3	ft.		4 to 5 ft	\$2.50
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
> TC	> 4	π.		5 to 6 ft	3.00

#### Lespedeza

LESPEDEZA thunbergi (*Thunberg Lespedeza*). An attractive, August-blooming, herbaceous shrub, with reddish purple, sweet scented, Pea-like flowers borne on arching branches, and lasting several weeks. Very graceful; makes a good "forward" plant for the shrub border. The tops may freeze in a severe winter, but come back each spring.

#### **Ligustrum - Privet**

For hedge plants, see page 10. **LIGUSTRUM** sinense (Chinese Privet). 6 to 10 ft. A small-leaved, almost evergreen Privet, much used for hedges, also very desirable for landscape work because of its rapid growth, good foliage and graceful branching. Is not particular about soil, and for screening and mass planting is unexcelled. Sometimes freezes during low temperature but comes back satisfactorily.

Lindera - Spicebush LINDERA benzoin (Common Spicebush). 6 to 8 ft. Does remarkably well in moist, shady locations. Alternate, light green leaves turning pale yellow in the autumn. Small yellow flowers are produced in early spring before the leaves appear, followed by red fruit in late summer. Birds are especially fond of the fruit. Leaves and twigs are aromatic when crushed. Each 2 to 3 ft. .....

Each				
\$1.25	3	to	4	ft.

[22]

Lexington, Kentucky



#### Flowering Shrubs—Continued

#### Lonicera - Honeysuckle

- LONICERA fragrantissima (Winter Honeysuckle). 8 to 10 ft. So called because of its very fragrant white blossoms in early spring. The foliage is deep green and glossy. Grows well in partial shade, poor soil, or cities where tender plants fail. Almost evergreen. Excellent for screens or hedges. One of our best and most useful shrubs. For Hedges, see page 10.
- L. maacki podocarpa (Late Honeysuckle). 8 to 10 ft. A large, handsome shrub with pinkish blossoms followed by quantities of bright red berries which attract birds. Much prized for screen and mass planting.
- L. tatarica (Tartarian Honeysuckle). 6 to 8 ft. Blooms in April and is one of the few early pink-flowering shrubs. Has bright red berries that stay on all summer or until taken by birds.
- L. Zabeli. (Zabel's Honeysuckle). 6 to 8 ft. A fine, upright variety with clean, bright foliage and dark red blossoms, followed by a crop of bright red berries.

Prices of above 4	Each
2 to 3 ft	 \$1.00
3 to 4 ft	 . 1.25



Mock Orange-Philadelphus, Virginal

#### Philadelphus

**PHILADELPHUS grandiflorus** (*Big Scentless Mock Orange*). 6 to 8 ft. Its white blossoms in June are larger than most, and very attrac-tive. Where a tail plant is wanted, few are better than this. Suc-ceeds under all soil conditions.

2 to 3 ft\$1.00	Each 4 to 5 ft\$1.50
3 to 4 ft 1.25 <b>P. lemoinei</b> (Lemoine's Mock Orange). upright habit, leaves smaller than	. 4 to 5 ft. Of good, compact, n most and blossoms sweetly
scented. Each	Each
18 to 24 in\$1.00	2 to 3 ft\$1.25

#### Philadelphus, Minnesota Snowflake

(Patent No. 538)
6 to 7 ft. Patented Mock Orange with full double, pure white,
fragrant blossoms. Plants retain their dark green leaves close to
the ground, and are therefore excellent for screen, hedge or speci-
men. We predict this variety will become more popular than the
well known Virginal because of its vigor and double blooms.
Don't fail to try this new shrub. Each 2 to 3 ft. \$1.50
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft 2.00

#### Magnolia

MAGNOLIA virginiana (Sweet Bay Magnolia). A fine, large American shrub with glossy, Laurel-like, almost evergreen foliage. The richly fragrant white flowers come in June and are followed by attractive fruits.

				Lach						Each
2 tc	зЗ	ft.,	B&B	 \$4.50	3	to	4	ft.,	B&B	 \$5.50
					4	to	5	ft.	B&B	 6.50
				 <b>-</b>	1					

Sweet Bay Magnolia-Magnolia Virginiana

- M. acuminata and tripetala. See page 15.
   M. liliflora nigra (Purple Magnolia). Large flowers which are dark purple outside and light pink to purple inside. One of the hardiest and best.
- M. soulangeana (Saucer Magnolia). All of the Soulangeana type have large Tulip-shaped blossoms which expand early in the spring before the leaves. Very ornamental, and a garden treasure. The true Soulangeana is pink on the outside with white inside. The best known and most popular. Available only in 3 to 4 ft.

	he a	abo	ve 2	kinds																			Lac	h
2	to	3	ft.,	B&B				• •				 									 	. \$	6.0	0
3	to	4	ft.,	B&B								 						• •			 		7.5	0
- 4	to	5	ft.,	B&B																			10.0	0
1AI	101	NIZ	A ag	uifoliur	n.	S	ee	1	зa	ge	9													

#### Oxydendrum - Sourwood

OXYDENDRUM arboreum. 10 to 12 ft. The Lily-of-the-Valley-like flowers are borne in panicles in July and August. Its foliage is particularly brilliant in fall.

																						E c	C	n
3	to	4	ft.								 										 \$	1.	5	0



Frances Carrick Thomas Library, Translyvania University This beautiful building was dedicated by President Eisenhower. Planting was com-pleted just before dedication. Additional planting in rear not shown in this picture. Henry Fletcher Kenny, Landscape Architect.







Spirea Anthony Waterer

#### Spiraea - Spirea

SPIREA arguta (Garland Spirea). 4 to 5 ft. Very free flowering in April. Its small, soft green foliage gives a billowy appearance and makes it one of the most attractive plants. Very much like S. thunbergi, but grows slightly larger. Each

2 to 3 ft. ....\$1.25 18 to 24 in. .....\$1.00

S. bumalda (Bumalda Spirea). 2 to 3 ft. A beautiful free flowers graves and usually with bright green leaves. However, there may be an occasional variegation of yellow foliage. The flowers are deep pink, produced in large, flat-topped clusters throughout most of the summer. Each Each Each Each 18 to 24 in. .....\$1.00 2 to 3 ft. .....\$1.25

5. bumaida, Anthony Waterer. 18 to 24 in. A compact, low-growing shrub, with dense foliage, usually deep green with occasional variegated leaves of pink and white on young growth. The bright pink flowers are borne in full, flat clusters on erect stems in June and July. If these are cut away when they fade, the shrub will blow during the summer. Valuable for edging in front of shrubbery and sometimes used as a dwarf hedge. Each Each Each

Each 15 to 18 in. .....\$1.00 Each 18 to 24 in. ....\$1.25

**cantoniensis** (*Reeves' Double Spirea*). 4 to 5 ft. The double white flowers are borne in clusters along the branches in May and the shrub resembles Spirea Van Houttei, except the flowers are double and the leaves are longer and narrow. Foliage persistent in the fall. S.

18 to 24 in.	\$1.00	2 to 3 ft.	\$1.25

- S. prunifolia (Bridal Wreath Spirea). 5 to 6 ft. An old-fashioned variety with white, double flowers borne close to the slender, erect branches in March and April before the foliage appears. 2 to 3 ft. ft. .....\$1.00 3 to 4 ft. ....\$1.25
- S. richmensis (Douglas Spirea), 5 to 6 ft. Terminals of each branch crowned with deep pink flower spikes 6 inches long in July. An improved type of Spirea Douglasi.

2	4.0	2	£4	Each \$1.00	З	to	4	ft	\$	ach 1.25
2	to	3	π.	\$1.00	2	10	7	11.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

S. thunbergi (*Thunberg Spirea*), 21/2 to 31/2 ft. A graceful shrub with slender, arching branches and small, narrow, light green leaves which change to shades of orange in fall. White, minute flowers appearing in great profusion in early spring. Fine for low foundation planting. Each 18 to 24 in. ......\$1.00 2 to 3 ft. .....\$1.25

S. trichocarpa (Korean Spirea) 4 to 6 ft. A rather new Spirea which re-sembles the well known S. Van Houttei, except later, more vigorous and with larger leaves and flowers. The white blossoms are borne on recurved

Each 2 to 3 ft. .....\$1.00 3 to 4 ft. . . \$1

S. Van Houttei (Van Houtte Spirea). 4 to 5 ft. This shrub should need no description as it is planted and known all over America. The rather slender, arching branches are literally covered with clusters of small white flowers in early spring. Good foliage and form, but should be planted where it does not have to be cut too severely. Can be used as specimen, in masses, or for a graceful hedge. Have a wonderful stock of plants. For hedges or quantity lots ask for prices.

				Each											. a	
2	to	3	ft.	\$0.75	3	to	4	ft.	• •	• •	·	• •	• •	\$1	1.1	0

R

#### Flowering Shrubs—Continued

#### **Prunus - Flowering Almond**

**PRUNUS glandulosa** (Almond Cherry). 3 to 4 ft. Rose-pink. The plants are thickly studded in April with medium sized double pink flowers from base to tip of branch. Each 18 to 24 in. .....\$1.00 Each 2 to 3 ft. .....\$1.50

#### Rhodotypos

<b>RHODOTYPOS</b> scandens	(Black Jetbead). 4	to 5 ft. Orna	mental shrub	with bright
green, serrated leaves	and large white flo	wers one-half	to one inch a	cross in May
and June. These are		g black fruits '	that adhere p	practically all
winter. A desirable sh				
	Each			Each

		4 to 5 ft\$1.5	0
3 to 4 ft.	\$1.25		

#### **Rhus - Sumac**

- RHUS aromatica (canadensis) (Fragrant Sumac). 4 to 5 ft. Yellow flowers in clusters, followed in summer with coral-red fruits. Pleasant, aromatic foliage. Fine as an undershrub or in dry, shady, rocky places.
- - Bach 3 to 4 ft. .....\$1.00 Each 4 to 5 ft. .....\$1.25

#### Rosa - Shrub Roses

<b>OSA rugosa, Belle Poitevine.</b> 4 to 6 ft. A hardy Shrub Rose, that bears single pink flowers in June and July. Attractive red fruits following bloom.
Each Each Each Augonis (Golden Rose of China). 5 to 7 ft. Blooms in May. Single, cup-shaped flowers covering arching branches to tips. Unsurpassed for mass effects and in shrub borders.
Each 18 to 24 in\$1.25

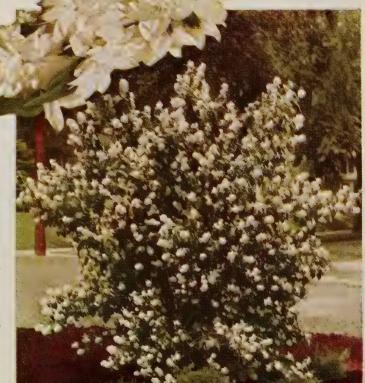
#### Salix

**SALIX caprea** (*Goat Willow or Pussy Willow*), 12 15 ft. Large shrub that grows in either dry or wet soil, and valued because of its silky catkins that appear before the foliage in the spring. Winter-cut twigs may be forced indoors. 3 to 4 ft. .....\$1.25

#### See Prepaying Policy, Page 31

Minnesota Snowflake—Philadelphus

(See page 23)



Lexington, Kentucky



#### Flowering Shrubs-Continued

#### Syringa - Lilac

- SYRINGA persica (Persian Lilac). 6 to 8 ft. Rich lilac color; blooms later than old-fashioned
- S. vulgaris (Common Purple Lilac), 6 to 8 ft. The old familiar Purple Lilac of grandmother's garden, which has lost none of its charm. Entirely hardy; blooms in April.
   S. vulgaris alba (Common White Lilac), 6 to 8 ft. This is the old-fashioned white Lilac. Blooms in April.
- Above 3 varieties: 2 to 3 ft. Each 5. villosa (Late Lilac). 6 to 8 ft. Latest to bloom. Pale pinkish lilac flowers, very fragrant. 2 to 3 ft. Each ..\$1.00 2 to 3 ft. .....\$1.25 3 to 4 ft. .....\$1.50

#### Syringa - French Lilac

The so-called French Lilacs have been derived	by crossing the best of the species, especially
Syringa vulgaris. There are many wonderful var	ieties and after much testing we have selected
the following as the best for our section.	ieries and arter mach testing we have selected
Alphonse Lavallee. Double light purple.	Michel Buchner, Double, pinkish lilac.
Belle de Nancy. Double. Light violet-red.	Mme. Casimir Perier. Double, pure white.
Buffon. Single, mauve-pink.	Mme. F. Morel. Single, reddish purple.
Charles Tenth, Single, reddish violet.	Pres. Grevy. Double bluish lilac.
Congo. Single, reddish purple.	Available in 4 to 5 ft.
Descartes. Single, clear pink.	for \$2.50 each.
Edouard Andre, Double, pink.	Vauban, Semi-double, Lilac-pink,
Ellen Willmott. Double, creamy white.	
Katherine Havemeyer. Double, bluish lilac.	Available in 4 to 5 ft.
Ludwig Spaeth. Single, large, deep rich pur-	for \$2.50 each.
ple-red	William Robinson, Double, Deep pink.
All French Lilacs Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$1.50	3 to 4 ft

American Cranberry-Viburnum Trilobum

#### Tamarix

Graceful shrubs with few branches, feathery foliage and showy flowers. Will grow in very dry soil

- **TAMARIX pentandra** (*Fixe-Stamen Tamarix*). 6 to 8 ft. Beautiful blue-gray foliage, pink flowers in panicles during June and scattered throughout the summer.
- **T.** africana (*African Tamarix*), 7 to 10 ft. The lavender flowers are borne along the branches in spring before the leaves. Strong grower and excellent for a background. Each

4 to 5 ft. .....\$1.50 Symphoricarpos (Coralberry; Snowberry)

- SYMPHORICARPOS chenaulti (Chenault Coralberry). 4 to 6 ft. An improved form of Coralberry, of more upright growth, smaller leaves and coral fruit.
   S. alba (Common Snowberry). 4 to 5 ft. Small pinkish flowers in July, followed by white berries in winter.
- S. orbiculata (Indian Currant; Coralberry). 4 to 5 ft. A native shrub that in many localities grows in great masses. Bell-shaped white flowers in June, followed by coral berries.

Weigela, Bristol Ruby

Prices on above 3 varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft. .....\$0.75 3 to 4 ft. .....\$1.00

#### Viburnum

- **VIBURNUM carlesi** (Korean Spice Viburnum), 4 to 5 ft. A notable distinct shrub with rounded, leathery foliage and waxy pink flowers. Their delightfully fragrant blossoms unfold with the leaves in spring. It is a real aristocrat and should be in every garden where quality is appreciated.
- 2 to 3 ft., B&B .....\$5.00
- V. dilatatum (Linden Viburnum), 8 to 10 ft. Creamy white flowers in May. Handsome dark green leaves with deep veins. Red berries in fall.
- V. lantana (Wayfaring Tree). 8 to 10 ft. A vigorous shrub with soft, heavy leaves and large clusters of white flowers in May. Red berries turn black as they ripen.
   V. opulus (European Cranberry Bush). 8 to 10 ft. White flowers in May, bright berries attract birds in midsummer; brilliant color effect in fail.
- V. opulus roseum (Common Snowball). 8 to 10 ft. Old-fashioned variety, known to all. In May balls of pure white flowers cover the bush.
   V. setigerum (Tea Viburnum), 10 to 12 ft. One of the most attractive of Viburnums. White flowers, followed by clusters of bright red berries in the fall, that hold well into winter.
- V. sieboldi (Siebold Viburnum). 8 to 10 ft. A vigorous, hardy shrub with stout, spreading branches. Large, dark green, shiny leaves. White blossoms followed by pink berries which change to bluish black.
- **V. trilobum** (American Cranberry Bush). 10 to 12 ft. A desirable variety grown primarily for its large red, conspicuous fruit, persistent throughout the fall. All Viburnums except as noted:

Each Each 2 to 3 ft. .....\$1.25 3 to 4 ft. .....\$1.50

#### Vitex

 VITEX latifolia (Chaste Tree). A beautiful late blooming shrub with lilac-blue spikes similar to Butterfly Bush. Graceful, showy, and should be planted more.
 Each

 18 to 24 in.
 \$1.00
 2 to 3 ft.
 \$1.25

#### Weigela

Hardy, free flowering shrubs, 4 to 6 feet, of spreading habit with bell or trumpet shaped flowers. Thrive in moist soil, and will grow in partial shade. W. Hendersoni (Desbois Weigela). Deep pink.

- W. florida. Delicate pink.
- W. Vaniceki. Red, good bloomer.

stoore a treigeraa.	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft		3 to 4 ft	\$1.25
W., Bristol Ruby. (Plant Patent and more vigorous than any attractive rich green foliage	red Weigela to	date. Makes a shapely, th	rifty plant with
18 to 24 in	Each	2 to 3 ft	Each





Hillenmeyer Nurseries \_

# **HILLENMEYER'S**

Rentucky Grown Fruit Trees

## "The First Crop More Than Pays for the Price of a Tree"

# Fruits - The Money Makers are Coming Back to Southern Farms and Gardens

Wisely many are again planting fruits. Changes during the past few years have shown clearly that farmers and gardeners who had a few bearing fruit trees were making money—or if they did not sell the fruit, they certainly did not have to buy at the store or on the market at high prices. So, the man who "raised his own" was ahead any way you looked at it.

For many years we have given special attention to fruit trees and small fruit plants. This year we offer with great pride and confidence our Kentucky-grown trees, produced with the utmost care and skill, from fruiting trees of known parentage. Hillenmeyer trees are good trees, honest trees, and sold direct from the nursery—not by agents whose commission you pay without getting a penny's worth of added value in the stock. As we sell direct to you, we do not ask fancy prices.

We propagate our fruits under careful conditions, taking every precaution to have them true-to-name, for we believe dependability of variety is our very best sales argument. We guarantee every variety to be as described and hold ourselves ready to replace, without charge, any tree that accidentially proves untrue to name. In addition to this dependability, our trees are suited to nearby conditions as we test all varieties before offering them for sale.

See Prepaying Policy, Page 31

No other fruit is so dependable and generally desirable as the Apple. They will thrive in almost any well drained soil. Their period of ripening extends from early July until frost and they can be kept through the entire winter. For family use there is no other fruit so indispensable. With moderate care they will pay a handsome return on your efforts and investment. We have kept our list of varieties up to date and you can plant any of them with 4 confidence. Arranged in order of ripening as to season.



# Apples

#### Summer Apples

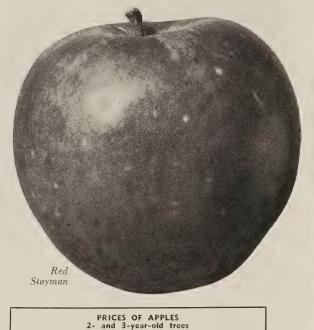
- CLOSE. An early, red variety of outstanding promise both for home and commercial plantings. Ripens a few days ahead of Transparent. Hardy and bears when quite young. July 1-5.
- RELY TRANSPARENT. Waxy yellow; tart; excellent. Very early bearer; productive. Valuable for either home or market. Sus-ceptible to blight on rich soil. July 5-6. VEARLY
- ceptible to blight on rich soil. July 5-6.
   LODI. The best description of this variety may be to say that it is a larger, later Transparent. Pale yellow, tart, and ripens about a week later. Tree vigorous. Many think it will supplant Transparent as a commercial variety. July 5-10.
   DUCHESS. (Often called "Oldenburg"). An old outstanding variety, productive, and best of its season. Ours is the "red" strain. Early bearing. July 10-15.
   COLDEN SWEET Yellow. The best sweet we

  - GOLDEN SWEET. Yellow. The best sweet we know. Vigorous grower; annual bearer, very productive. Hasn't a fault, July 20-30.
- POLLY EADES. A Kentucky developed variety; while not well known, is superior to Maiden's Blush, yellow with slight blush. Bears early and quite productive. Plant on our recommendation and you will never regret it. August 5-10.
- HYSLOP CRAB. The very best hardy Crab, producing a heavy crop of bright red tart fruit that is unexcelled for culinary pur-poses. Bears early. August 15-20.

#### Winter Apples

to 4 ft. to 5 ft. to 6 ft.

- JONATHAN. An early bearing and long keeping Apple; red; medium size; quality good. Tree never large, but productive. September 15-20.
- BALDWIN. Red; large; good quality. Tree vigorous, highly regarded for eating and cooking. The commercial Apple of the East. October 1–5.
- Ast. October 1-5.
   RED DELICIOUS. As this extra red strain is such an improvement on the old Delic-ious we are propagating it entirely. When you ask for Delicious we give you this red strain at no extra cost. Fruit large, uniform size, and highest quality. Dis-tinguished by the five lobes on the blos-som end. Good for home or market. Sep-tember 20-30.
- YELLOW DELICIOUS. A yellow type of the old standard red Delicious which has be-come deservedly popular throughout the country. Bears young and of highest qual-ity. September 30 to October 5.



# Fall Apples

WEALTHY. Large; shaded dark red; quality good, tender. Productive. Early to bear, and most satisfactory. Ripens over a long period and should be in every orchard. August 1 to September 1

Each \$0.75

1.00

\$3.25 4.50 5.75

50 \$27.50 40.00 50.00

- McINTOSH. A fine fall or early winter kind that has won its way because of its pro-ductiveness and extra high quality. Bright red; smooth. Plant it liberally in Ken-tucky. August 20-25.
- PADUCAH. A Kentucky product which very much resembles the Rome Beauty. About two or three weeks earlier, with more color. Prolific and a regular bearer. This variety stands at the top of the list as to production at the Kentucky Experiment Station. Sept. 5-10.
- GRIMES GOLDEN. One of the best of fall Apples. The most popular Apple of any season. Fruit golden yellow. Matures early and is a heavy bearer. This variety is trou-bled with canker, shortening the life of the tree. We also offer "Double Grafted" **Grimes Golden**, which is a longer lived tree, at 25c extra. September 15-20.
- **RED STAYMAN.** Dark rich red. Fruit large, good quality and keeper; early to come into bearing and productive. We think this the outstanding winter Apple for Kentucky. As the red variety is an im-provement over ordinary Stayman, we are propagating it entirely and filling all orders from this selected strain. October 5-10.
  - **TURLEY WINESAP**, A seedling of Winesap which it somewhat resembles. Conical, rich red and of highest quality. A recent introduction, bears early and regularly. October 10-15.
  - ROME BEAUTY. Large; red, tender, sub-acid. Early bearer and productive. A pop-ular kind in most sections. October 12-15.
  - (YORK IMPERIAL A late keeping commercial Apple, shaded red on yellow skin. Flesh firm. Tree healthy. Regular and heavy bearer. Fruit sometimes lop-sided. Plant for profit or for home. October 15-20.

Lexington, Kentucky

Cherries

Not difficult to grow, but the trees do best in well drained, rich soil. The sour varieties arow more readily than do the sweets, but you can have both if the location is satisfactory. Be sure to plant the trees as soon as they arrive. Press the soil firmly around the roots; tramp it hard.

Sweets or "Heart" Varieties

MAY DUKE. Somewhat more acid than the other sweet Cherries, but of ex-cellent quality and good to eat from the tree. Tree vigorous, medium size and productive.

NAPOLEON (Royal Ann), Large; yellow, tinged with red; firm. The most popu-lar and best light colored Cherry for this section.

PRICES OF CHERRIES



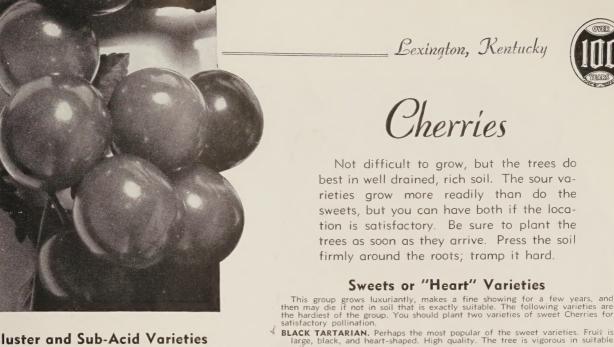
Each .\$1.75

HOWOPLANT

THE HILLENMEYER NURSERIES

2.00

\$7.50



#### **Cluster and Sub-Acid Varieties**

You may plant any of these varieties and you will be rewarded. This group seldom fails to bear a good crop.

- EARLY RICHMOND. This old standard Cherry has been the favorite for years. The fruit, borne in clusters, is fart and very valuable for canning, piece, etc. Yields nearly every year and reddens the tree with its wonderful crop. It succeeds wherever Cherries will grow and is one of the earliest.
- MONTMORENCY. Gradually supplanting Early Richmond because of its size. Except for being a little larger and later it is practically the same. Not quite as acid. Good to eat from hand. The tree is hardy, blooming late, and fre-quently will make a crop when the sweet varieties fail.



They grow almost anywhere—garden, chicken-run, or orchard. Usually the trees are loaded with fruit, so it is wise to thin when too thick.

- BURBANK, Late July, Fruit large, violet to light purple, with occasional shades of yellow. Flesh yellow, of excellent quality. For either canning or market this is the most popular kind. We believe it to be the hardiest and most prolific of the Oriental varieties.
- DAMSON. A medium size, purple or blue Plum which is well known for its fine culinary uses. Damson preserve is the height of epicurean delight. It bears heavily and should be in every planting where Plums are wanted.
- GREEN GAGE. Another outstanding old variety. It ripens in mid-August and its medium sized yellow-green high quality fruit makes it a standard by which others are judged. Tree moderate grower; healthy.
- OMAHA. (Hybrid) A promising kind, vigorous in growth and free from disease. Being an American-Japanese hybrid, it inherits hardiness and productive-ness from each parent. Produces great crops of coral fruit, yellow fleshed, and of good quality.
- STANLEY PRUNE. A large, sweet, purple Plum with much merit. Introduced by the New York Experiment Station. Annual bearer, good for home or commercial purposes and the best of the "Prune" class.

## **Prices of Plum Trees** TWO- AND THREE-YEAR-OLD TREES Each 5 4 to 5 ft. ......\$1.75 \$7.50 5 to 6 ft. ....

Apricot

**TALBERT.** Excellent quality. Bears early and selected for its hardiness.

Each 5 4 to 5 ft. .....\$1.75 \$7.50

Lectarine

**SURE CROP.** Imported from New Zealand by the United States Department of Agriculture. The best of all the Nectarines as to quality, size and hardiness Each

MORE THAN we have grown Hillen-100 YEARS Name Fruit Trees.

A Gift for You

Each .\$2.00

5 to 6 ft. .....

\$8.75

soil

4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft.

To help you get the best results from your plans and plants we will send absolutely free on request, a copy of this booklet

#### "HOW TO PLANT"

The instructions are clear and cover planting, pruning feeding, spraying, cultivating, and other details. This is a part of the service we give that you may have the greatest success and joy from Hillenmeyer stock. If other questions arise from time to time, write us—we are at your service.



This old standard fruit is still being planted by many. Blight is its chief enemy, and as it is worse on deep, rich soil, do not over-stimulate by feeding. Planted in the back lawn it will make a beautiful tree in foliage, blossom and

- BARTLETT. August 15. The favorite eating Pear of America, East or West. Large, beautiful yellow with soft blush; high flavor. Tree bears quite young. On account of its popularity everywhere it is the most sought after of the European Pears. More susceptible to blight than other varieties.
  KIEFFER. September 10 to 15. The most popular Pear for our section. Fruit is large, golden yellow, sometimes tinted red on the sun-exposed side. Flesh is firm, crisp, juicy and for canning purposes it is especially prized. From the tree it is not good to eat, and to properly ripen, gather carefully and place in dry place of even temperature. The quality improves and it is then desirable. For keeping longer, pack in shallow trays or wrap the fruit in paper and store in a room free from frost. In this manner it can be kept until Christmas. Christmas
- LINCOLN. Blight-resistant and bears regular crops. Perfectly hardy and quality almost equals Bartlett. Season of ripening about September 1st. Plant with confidence. Considered by many the best of the Pears.

Plant with confidence. Considered by many the best of the Pears.
 ORIENT. New introduction from Tennessee Experiment Station. Quality as good as Bartlett, it is said that it has never blighted in Knoxville area. Skin thick and slightly rough. Flesh is creamy white with good texture. Ripens about August 25th.
 SECKEL. September 15. This small, high quality, yellowish brown Pear is one of the most popular of the September fruits. Of melting, juicy, and sugary quality (frequently called the "Little Sugar Pear"). Tree is of slow growth but lives long and is needed in every home garden.

TWO AND THREE-YEAR-OLD TREES 



## Hillenmeyer Nurseries \_



A home garden without Peaches? Just think what you are missing—luscious fruit from late June to mid-October if you select an early, a midseason, and a late. One tree of each is better than none, but if you have space, plant five of each class. For a commercial orchard you need a selection and several varieties -better write and ask our advice.

#### Planting and Care

The Peach is the quickest maturing of fruit trees, often bearing the second year after transplanting. Plant only in well-drained soil but otherwise follow methods recommended for other fruit trees.

When planting, prune rather severely, cut all side branches to 6 to 8 inches and head low. The tree gets top-heavy if allowed to develop a high head. Subsequent orchard pruning consists of shortening the terminal growth and keeping the tree compact and shapely.

Borers which live right below the ground line and frequently girdle the trunk should be removed annually. A chemical, Paradichlorobenzine (PDB), may be used to control this pest. Our orchard growing and nursery experience is always at your service. Write us your questions and we will try to help you.

#### Arranged in Their Order of Ripening

- MIKADO. (Free.) The best and most popular very early Peach to date. Me-dium size, round, yellow with red blush and of good quality. For best results should be planted with other varieties for cross-pollination. July 5-10.
- **REDHAVEN.** (Free.) Early. Hardy, firm and of excellent quality. An outstanding yellow commercial variety, almost completely covered with red. Should be in every orchard. July 10-15.
- **RARITAN ROSE.** (Free.) A New Jersey introduction of outstanding merit. Good quality, hardy, and the best early white Peach we know of. July 15-18.
- **GOLDEN JUBILEE.** (Free.) A new, large, early Peach, highly recommended by the Kentucky Experiment Station and other leading authorities. Yellow with a distinct blush. Quality fine. July 15-20.
- COLORA. (Free.) The outstanding feature of this yellow Peach is its hardiness. However, it is highly colored and of excellent quality. July 20-25.
- **OTHELLS** (July Heath). (Cling.) A new and better cling which we are growing instead of the old standard Heath. Has distinct blush, white flesh of good quality and is highly recommended by the Kentucky Experiment Station. July 25.
- SOUTH HAVEN. (Free.) Better color and quality than Elberta. Large, and ripens 10 to 14 days earlier. Has been much hardier than other yellow Peaches and because of our tests we recommend it highly. August 5-10.
- HALE-HAVEN. (Free.) An excellent Peach introduced by the Michigan Experiment Station. A cross between J. H. Hale and South Haven. Large, mid-season, yellow with blush. Good quality tree, healthy and hardy. August E 100 5-10.
- BELLE OF GORGIA. (Free.) White, with decided blush; excellent quality. Heavy and regular bearer. The best white-fleshed Peach for home or market. and regular bearer. August 10-12.
- **ELBERTA.** (Free.) Fruit large, yellow, shaded with deep red. Elberta has been the standard Peach for years, and is just as good today. More than 80 per cent of commercial plantings are of Elbertas. August 10-12.
- **J. H. HALE.** (Free.) Fruit large, yellow, almost covered with red; more highly colored than Elberta; flesh firm, melting and of best quality. Ripens August 10-15.
- AFTERGLOW. (Free.) This new, beautiful, yellow-fleshed Peach is well named because the soft amber-red covers the entire fruit. Hardy, excellent quality and very productive. The only Peach we have found worth listing, ripening after Elberta. August 15-20.

	A	**																5	
																		\$3.25 4.50	
																		5.75	

## Fruit Tree Spray

Kolo Fruit Spray—manufactured by Niagara Chemical Co., controls most chewing and sucking insects and fungus diseases on Apples, Peaches, Pears and Plums. For bearing trees this "packaged spray" of ready-mixed ingredients is a convenient time saver.

3	Ibs.	(makes	25	gals.)												. \$	1.60	0
1	Ib.	(makes	8	gals.)								• •					.65	5

HOME GROWN, TREE RIPENED FRUIT ALWAYS TASTES BETTER PLANT YOUR OWN!

#### SPRAY SCHEDULE

As recommended by University of Kentucky. Available direct from Kentucky Experiment Station or from us.



Lexington, Kentucky





#### Currants

### \* ASPARAGUS

WASHINGTON. This is the best known variety. It is a strong grower, producing stocks of large size and of finest quality. The fact that it is rust-resistant makes it the ideal Asparagus for all. Our plants, produced on heavy soil, are superior to the little seedlings grown in sand. All plants are graded and are large, fleshy roots that, with proper care, will be ready to cut the second year. Our plants will grow off much better than imported plants. Set 100 plants for a family of four.

 Strong
 Plants:

 25
 50
 100

 \$1.75
 \$2.75
 \$4.50

Ask for prices on larger quantities.

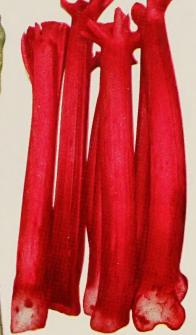
For Postage, Packing and Insurance Add 15%.

#### \* CURRANTS

RED LAKE. By far the most productive of the many kinds we have tested. Color a brilliant red; large berries borne in long clusters along the stems; quality excellent. The white varieties have proved worthless in this climate. Each 3 10 \$0.50 \$1.35 \$4.00



Washington Asparagus



Rhubarb

MacDonald

#### \* GOOSEBERRIES

**DOWNING.** Fruit almost round, large and juicy; best quality; whitish green color. Does especially well in the North.

HOUGHTON. Round, medium size; dark red when ripe; juicy, sweet. Thin, smooth skin. Bush is hardy, very productive, free from mildew, and the best for general purposes in this section. Prices of Gooseberries:

		EdCII	2	10
Either Variety	••••••••••••••••••	\$0.50	\$1.35	\$4.00

#### \* **RHUBARB**

Plant Rhubarb 4 by 3 ft., covering crowns not over 3 or 4 inches.	
<b>EXCELISOR.</b> Very early, with long stem. Plants vigorous and dependable.	
Price Each 10 100 \$0.30 \$2.50 \$15.00 from divisions rather than seed. The best.	0
Each 5 Price	

#### HILLENMEYER'S FAMOUS KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS SEED

#### \*BLUE GRASS

Here in the heart of the famed Blue Grass Section of Kentucky, the best seed in the world is produced. Hillenmeyer seed is of the highest quality, both as to purity and germination. Do not sow light, chaffy material of weak germination and carrying many noxious weed seeds. Why gamble with poor seed? Flant the best.

#### **SUNNY LAWN MIXTURE**

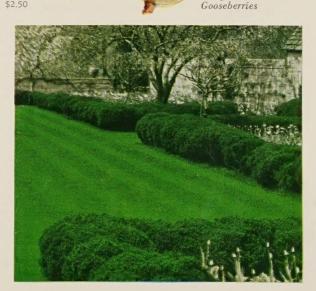
For sowing new lawns or where you have a thin stand we recommend our Special Lawn Mixture. This consists of Blue Grass, White Clover, and other varieties for quick effect.

#### \*SHADY LAWN MIXTURE

A scientific mixture of grasses to be used in shady locations on which the sun does not shine more than four or five hours per day.

Sow 2 to 3 lbs. to 1000 sq. ft. on thin lawn, 4 to 6 lbs. to 1000 sq. ft. on NEW lawn.

\*These Plants Can Be Sent by Parcel Post. See Prepaying Policy, Page 31.



Houghton

# Peonles The Flowers for Everybody

There are few flowers which have been improved more than the Peony. From the old-fashioned reds and pinks, familiar in our grandmother's gar-dens, we now have marvelous varieties with better color, form, and allaround quality.

around quality. Peonies are often rated on the basis of 10 as perfect but we are frank to state that we do not always concur. We have te ted hundreds of varieties so as to give our customers the best and find that some of the highest rated kinds just do not perform satisfactorily here in the South. The kinds offered can be planted with confidence. They should be in every garden. Plant the crowns about 2 or 3 inches deep, use bone meal, see that they get sufficient water at blooming time and you'll be more than pleased if you use HILLENMEYER'S CHOICE ROOTS. STRONG DIVISIONS—YOUR ASSORTMENT \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00 For Parcel Post and Insurance, add 15 per cent. \*DOUBLE PEONIES RED Bunker Hill. Beautiful bright red with long, stiff stems. Has done exceeding-ly well with us.

ly well with us. Felix Crousse. Midseason. The most pleasing velvety red, fading to lighter shades as the blossom fades. Karl Rosenfield. Late midseason. Large, showy, rich velvety crimson. Color

striking.
 Longfellow. A distinctive, fadeless crimson. Good foliage with strong, stiff stems. Early midseason. Dependable.
 Mary Brand. Vivid crimson with silvery sheen which gives it added brilliance. Midseason.

WHITE Baroness Schroeder. Midseason. Delicate flesh-pink; fading to white with suggestion of heliotrope and gold. Festiva Maxima. Early. The grandest white Peony. The extra large flowers are pure white, except petals tipped carmine. Mme. de Verneville. Early. Desirable, free-blooming, should be in every collection. Mme. de V collection.

**PINK** Edulis Superba. Early. Deep rose. Valued for its fragrance and freedom of Georgiana Shaylor. Most exquisite shade of soft rose-pink. Midseason. Fra-

grant. Lady Alexandra Duff. An unusual delicate flesh-pink. One of the most striking of all Peonies, with extra large, cup-shaped flowers. Martha Bulloch. Silvery shell-pink at center, deepening to deep rose-pink.

Late.
 Mons. Jules Elie. Early to midseason. Large, compact; lilac-rose with lighter pink base petals; fragrant. Extra fine.
 Reine Hortense. Midseason. Large, flat; flesh to shell-pink; very fragrant. One of the finest.

One of the finest. Samuel Hughes. Late. Fine upright variety with unusual style and color combination—silver-pink. Excellent variety. Sarah Bernhardt. Late. Very large flowers of apple-blossom-pink, with silver-tipped petals. Vigorous. Solange. Late. Large, compact. Outer petals delicate, waxy white, deepening toward the center with shades of golden brown. Free bloomer. Yenus. Midseason. Pale hydrangea-pink. Large.

\*SINGLE PEONIES This type is distinguished by its five or more large petals surrounding a center of yellow stamens. Most are early and they stand wind and rain well. Very conspicuous. Clairette, Large white flowers of unusual beauty; prominent tuft of

golden stamens.

buchess of Portland. Delicate shade of flesh-pink; large. L'Etincelante. Rose-pink, margined silver. One of the best. The Moor. Very attractive deep rich red of unusual beauty; stamens yellow and striking.

#### \*JAPANESE PEONIES

\*JAPANESE PEONES In these we have five or more guard petals surrounding a center of showy and abortive anthers. The second stage of development into the double type. Akalu. Guards deep American Beauty shade; petaloids conspicuous saf-

fron-yellow, margined rose. Nippon Beauty, Late. Dark red stamens flushed, edged yellow. One of

the best Japanese Ruigegno. Dark maroon, with petaloids of most pleasing yellow. Very

Snow Wheel. Large, pure white petals and petaloids. Our best white

Japanese variety. \*These Plants Can Be Sent by Parcel Post. See Prepaying Policy, Page 31.

#### ROSES

We are not listing Roses in this cata-log, but will mail a special folder list-ing choice varieties in Feb-ruary, 1955. If you do not receive your copy write or phone for it.



Double Peonies



Japanese Peony

HILLENMEYER NURSERIES Lexington, Kentucky