CATALOG No. 156 FALL

## Contents Planting Page

Trees
Oct.-Dec.
9, 14
Evergreens
Sept.-Oct.
Shrubs
Oct.-Dec.
6, 8, 12
9, 16
4, 10
5, 24
$17-20$

Time of planting is important: Evergreens best from now to early October (they need late fall for root growth)-deciduous plants from October to frost.

Return Postage Guaranteed
From 3547 requosted.


To Our Customers:

As we operate differently from most ordinary nursery companies, we think you are entitled to know our method.

Unlike most other nursery companies, the stock grown for us by wholesale specialists is NOT shipped to a central packing plant or display center. We have it shipped direct from the grower to you.

We do not say this is the perfect system, but it has big advanfages: (1) Stock dug specially for your order is fresher and more vigorous. (2) Costs are lower. (3) Many more rare kinds can be offered, not just the few common kinds that can be mass-sold.

You deal only with us and we are an entirely responsible source of supply. We ask confidently for your orders; we try hard to furnish good stock, and to be more than fair if anything goes wrong-which is seldom. Our liberal guarantee is given on the next page.

## Kelsey Nursery Service

P. S. This small autumn price-list covers less then half the kinds we have available. Write us for prices on anything you don't see-our large spring catalog will be mailed you next February.

## SEC. 34.66, P. L. \& R

U. S. POSTAGE

P A I D
HIGH!ANDS, N. J Permit No. 2

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { U. S. Dop't of AgMcultum }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Wathington } \text { H5s. }_{\text {W. C. }}
\end{aligned}
$$



Quantity

NAME OF PLANT $\quad$ Size

Size

$\qquad$


## HOW TO ORDER

Fill in the order form and en close check. Shipment is made with express charges collected on arrival. You will get a prompt acknowledgment of order indicating approximate shipping time.

## OUR GUARANTEE

We will allow a credit of $50 \%$ of the catalog value of any stock that dies the first year. Credit to be used on future orders as you wish.

## ORDER NOW DON'T WAIT

Unlike other things you buy, nursery stock must be ordered in advance-long before the right shipping time. Why? Because our whole year's shipments come in a few months' time and there is never enough help. Shipments are scheduled long in advance. Order now, we will ship at proper time later.

## TERMS OF SALE

PACKING COSTS-Free if cash accompanies order, except stock dug with a ball or earth. Otherwise, packing is charged at cost (usually $10 \%$ of cost of stock). Balled, heavy evergreens: we will estimate costs in advance if you wish.
LIMITED RESPONSIBILITY-We disclaim responsibility for any reason in amounts greater than invoiced.
PRICES-Net at the nursery. Transportation to be added at actual cost. Usually 5 sold at rate per 10, 50 at 100 rate.
CLAIMS for errors, shortages or other causes must be made within 10 days.
PARCEL POST-Must be prepaid. We prefer express but will send by post if instructed and if you enclose $10 \%$ to cover costs and time.
EXPRESS charges are extra (except in a few prepaid Special Offers). They are paid by you to the Expressman. We will estimate these costs if you like, on your order completely delivered.

# 1955 FALL PLANTING 



Photo: Rhododendrons

## IS IT HARDY IN YOUR GARDEN?

There is a northern limit for every plant, beyond which it cannot live. For practical use the map at the left divides the country into Zones. Each plant description in this Guide has a related Zone limit. Look up your garden on the map and you can select hardy material.


## better than clay pots

Ferto Pots are made of a rich rotted cow manure mixture and then kiln dried. The pots soften up only in moist soil after planting out after seedlings are big enough. Start your seeds, seedling plants, cuttings, bulbs, etc., in Ferto-Pots and insure quicker better results; no wilt, no setback in transplanting. Pot goes into the ground without disturbance or shock to the root system anod continues to feed the grow. ing plant.
(Postpaid)-2 in. diameter, 100 for $\$ 2.75 ; 21 / 2$-in. diameter, 100 for $\$ 3.00 ; 3$ - in. diameter, 100 for $\$ 3.50$.

## BETTER GARDENING

## by Laurence Manning

Thousands of gardeners have found this basic book of "more real help than a shelf of cyclopedias." "Very helpful," "exciting as a novel," "certainly no other book exists like it," "unlocks the doors and makes everything simple and understandable." ii you have been confused by the complex rules and instructions in ordinary garden books, you will find here quick, sure enlightennent. Yet expert gardeners, even more than beginners, are writing about this book's surprising usefulness.

Don't deny yourself this small purchase"pays for itself ten times over."

## ORDER THESE NATURAL FERTILIZERS:

Freight extra on arrival-\$1. to \$2. per 100 lbs ., within 300 miles.
$50-\mathrm{lb}$. Bags Shredded Cow Manure, each
$\$ 2.00$ Well rotted, can be applied as a direct mulch. Feels dry. (Covers 150 sq. feet.) Excellent soil conditioner.
50-lb. Bags Mulchnur, each
$\$ 2.50$
Contains peat-moss, manure, and enough tobacco dust to dis courage cutworms, moles, etc. Fertilizing value is high. Clean, dry, shredded, ready to use. Lawns: Use 1 pound to 10 square feet. Beds, etc.: 1 pound to $21 / 2$ square feet.
$50-\mathrm{lb}$. Bags Hyper-Humus, each
$\$ 2.00$
Peat, screened and bagged, full or soil bacteria. Fine for Rhododendrons, though only slightly acid.

## Native ARISTOCRATS

Rhododendrons low as $371 / 2 \mathrm{c}$, in few years, with little care, will be bushy $\$ 10$ specimens.
The five flowering evergreen shrubs on this page are shipped from the mountains of North Carolina. They are dug from natural growth in the open (not in woods) hence will succeed in normal garden conditions. Plant late Aug. to late Oct. safely. Soak heavily after planting Mulch heavily with old laaves.


## SIZE 2: As Small as Looks Shapely.

 10 to 12 in. B\&B. Clumps, 4 to 6 Stems.These "Junior Specimens" weigh about 5 pounds per plant, individually burlapped. They are 2 years older than Size 1. Express runs about 25 cents per plant. You can expect some blooms the year after planting. These really "look like something" the day they are planted.

| Rhododendron | (10) | (25) | (100) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| carolina | \$17.00 | \$35.00 | \$122 00 |
| catawbiense | 14.00 | 35.00 | 122.00 |
| maximum | 12.00 | 27.50 | 100.00 |

## Kalmia (Mountain Laurel)

latifolia
$\begin{array}{lll}12.00 & 27.50 & 100.00\end{array}$
Leucothoe (Fetterbush)
catesbaei .......................... $12.00 \quad 27.50 \quad 100.00$
OFFER C: 1 each of above 5 plants for $\$ 9.25$ postpaid.
OFFER D: 5 each of above, 25 plants, for $\$ 30$. (express about \$5.)

## SIZE 3: Bushy, Reavy Clumps.

$11 / 2$ to 2 Feet, B\&B.
Most are budded for at least some immediate bloom. Large enough to use at once for foundations, shrub borders. Allow about $3-\mathrm{ft}$. space, which they will fill within next few years. $\$ 4.50$ each, singly.
Any five of the 5 kinds pictured below for $\$ 16.75$. (Express costs about $\$ 5.00$ for the 5.)

## SIZE 1: AS SMALL AS CAN BE SHIPPED SAFELY. 12 inch seedlings ( 1 stem) with a small ball.

This special "Young Aristocrat" grade measured 12 to 15 inches dug with a little earth left on roots, but not burlapped. Plants weigh one or two pounds only. This stock is not to be compared for a minute with ordinary collected plants. It is on the contrary all carefully dug, the greatest pains being taken to preserve the roots. Carefully packed, it is easily planted and makes a quick start. Shipped from North Caroina, express runs only about 8 c each (in 100 lots).

| Rhododendron | (25) | (100) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| maximum | \$10.50 | \$37.50 |
| carolina | 16.00 | 58.00 |
| catawbiense | 16.00 | 58.00 |
| Leucothoe |  |  |
| Catesbaei | 12.00 | 42.00 |
| Kalmia (Mountain Laurel) <br> latifola | 12.00 | 42.00 |
| OFFER A: 2 each above \$9.25 postpaid. | $10 \mathrm{p}$ | ts for |
| OFFER B: 5 each above, (express about $\$ 2.50$ on | 25 plan arrival). | $\$ 17.00$ |

## Native Azaleas

Calendulacea-Flame, May. Zone V. Arhorescens-White, June. Zone IV. Nudiflora-Pink, May. Zone III. Viscosa-White, June. Zone III.
Any one of above 4 kinds, 12 inch clumps B\&B at $\$ 14.00$ for $10, \$ 120.00$ per 100.



## VINCA (The Myrtle)

The most satisfactory, showy, trouble-free of all ground covers. The leaf is small, shiny, dark green all year round. Even in full shade, the leaves grow thickly. It spreads by underground roots. To be sure of coverage within (say) 2 years, we recommend spacing 15 in . apart. There are blue flowers, showy and cheerful, all spring long and the plant will grow and thrive in any soil including barren sand or clay banks. Planting-Clumps come tied cominatly. Untio and spread out when planting. (25) (100) (1000) Strong clumps
.$\$ 4.50 \quad \$ 13.00 \quad 98.00$
BOWLES (Improved) VINCA
2 year pots
$8.00 \quad 30.00 \quad 250.00$

# LIVING CARPETS 

## . . . plants that cover the ground where grass will not thrive

Eventually one plant will cover a large area, but on banks it is important to get the soil held quickly. We suggest bad steeps be planted 12 inches apart each way-gentler slopes $11 / 2$ feet, except as noted on descriptions.

Phoio: Vinca Minor

## FERNS <br> fine ground covers in the shade

3 of one kind $\$ 1.75$ (postpaid) 12 for $\$ 4.75$ (postpaid) 100 for $\$ 25.00$ (express)

CINNAMONFERN (Osmunda). 60 in. Any moist soil.
Christmasfern. 12 in. Dry shade. Evergreen.
Cliff-fern (Polypody). 6 in. Evergreen, drain.
Hayscented Fern (Dunnstaedtia). 18 in. Tolerant.
Maidenhair (Adiantum). Rich, moist, but drained soil. Easily grown. Showy and popular.
Ladyfern (Athyrium). 15 in. Shade. Very attractive.
Ostrich Fern (Pteretis nodulosa). 36 in. Very tolerant. This makes a delicious, nutritious asparagus substitute. Cut in "fiddle-head" stage, wash well, boil 30 Ebony Spleenwort (Asplenium) 6" evergreen for semi-shade.

PACHYSANDRA terminalis-Tolerant in poor soil and shade Set 3 to (25) (1000) Rooted cuttings ..................................................................... ......... \$ 950 \$ 85.00 Asst. field-grown ......................................................................... 4.00 13.50 100.00 ROSE wichuriana (Memorial Roso)—Branches grow quickly, droop and root. Thickset effect. Best in sun. Zone IV. Space 2 ft . apart.
8 to 12 inch, 1 year $S$
$4.50 \quad 15.00 \quad 12000$
2 -year field grown $X$
$12.50 \quad 45.00$

HEDERA baltica (Hardy English lyy)—Fine ground cover for steep slopes in shade or sun. Does not climb readily. Zone V. Space $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. apart.
2-in. pots
$7.00 \quad 21.00 \quad 190.00$
3 -in pots
$20.00 \quad 72.00$

LONICERA japonica (Honsysuckie)-Sun or shade. Any soil. Vigorous.
1-yr. light ............................................................................... ...... $8.00 \quad 35.00$
12 to 18 in. X .......................................................................... $6.50 \quad 1800 \quad 140.00$
CREEPING thym: (Thymus Serpyllum)-A mat in sun or light shade that blankets the ground. Evergreen. Can be walked on. Zone III. Set 12 in. apart. Well crained soil. Sturdy plants
$8.00 \quad 30.00 \quad 250.00$
HELIANTHEMUM (Sun-rose)—ls the best for dry, poor soils in sun.
2-yr. ............................................................................................... 8:50 30.00

Photo: Baltic lvy
RARE EVERGREEN GROUND COVERS

(10) (25) (100;
HARDY GALAX (Galax aphylla)-Huge bronze and green leaves. Moist shade. Clumps with ball
$\begin{array}{lll}4.50 & 8.00 & 25.00\end{array}$ TRAILING ARBUTUS (Epigaea repens)-Waxy pink, May. Zone II, acid soil, semi-shade. Balled clumps
$6.00 \quad 10.00$
30.00
OCONEE BELLS (Shortia glacifolia)—Rarest of all. Zone V. Clumps
$6.00 \quad 10.00 \quad 30.00$
ARCTOSTAPHYLOS uva-ursi (Bearberry)-Low matting everygreen. Best cover for sandy banks -succeeds even on sea-shore. Sun, drain. Pot-grown
$9.00 \quad 19.00$
72.00
WINTERGREEN (Gaultheria procumbens)-Small neat mat of evergreen in baking sun. Balled clumps.
$3.00 \quad 6.00$
20.00
ASARUM shuttleworthi (Mottled Wildginger)-Large round evergreen leaves, shade or sun. Strong clumps with ball .......................................................... $6.00 \quad 10.00 \quad 30.00$


## RARE PLANTS Now Young <br> that will in a few years, with little care, be $\mathbf{\$ 2 5}$ specimens. <br> BUY ANY FIVE: This page shows the products of one nursery in central New Jersey. One of these plants cannot be sold alone. Minimum order 5. If desired parcel post, add 10\%.

|  | ch) |
| :---: | :---: |
| A grandiflora, $3^{\prime \prime}$ pot | 1.20 |
| ACER Palmatum (Japan Maples) -atropurpureum, Burgundy-lace, dissectum (green), dissectum (purple) <br> 9-12" grafts (pot) | 3.50 |
| saccharum Monumentale (Narrow Maple) 2 to 3 ft . (grafts) 6-12" graft (pot) | 8.40 4.75 |
| AZALEA $3^{\prime \prime}$ pots pocrimson Red. Red, May, dwarf | 1.90 |
| BUXUS $\underset{21 / 4 " \text { " }}{\substack{\text { Moreana } \\ \text { pots }}}$ (dwarf Boxwood) | 1.20 |
| CEDRUS Libani (Cedar of Lebanon) 6-9" graft (pot) | 4.80 |
| COTONEASTER adpressa praecox, horizontalis, perpusilla 3" Dots | 1.75 |
| FRANKLINIA 12-15" (pot) | 3.00 |
| HAMAMELIS mollis (Chinese Witchhazel) 1 yr. graft $3^{\prime \prime}$ pot $\qquad$ | el) 3.00 |
| ILEX opaca (good female) <br> 8 in. (3" pot) | 2.25 |
| aquifolium (male or female) <br> 3" pot $\qquad$ | 2.25 |
| crenata 9-12" XX | 1.50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text {-convexa, and cr. Iatifolia } \\ & 3^{\prime \prime \prime} \text { pot } \\ & 4^{\prime \prime} \text { pot } 8.12^{\prime \prime \prime} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.60 \\ & 2.25 \end{aligned}$ |
| JUNIPER Pfitzerglanca, Pfitzer compacta, Hetzi, Andorra, Wiltoni, virg. kosteri <br> $3^{\prime \prime}$ "pot ( $6-8^{\prime \prime}$ ) | 1.60 |
| LAUROCERASUS Schipka (Hardy Laurel) (3" pot) $\qquad$ | 1.60 |

(Each)
MAGNOLIA soulangeana, s in. pot ..... 2.25
18-24" (pot) ..... 4.25
-Alexandria, and Soul. nigra 9-12" (pot) ..... 2.25
-Cordata grafts $3^{\prime \prime \prime}$ pot ..... 3.60
PIERIS japonica $6-9^{\prime \prime}$ XX ..... 1.40
-floribunda 4-6" XX ..... 1.40
PYRACANTHA Ialandi (Firethorn)
$3^{\prime \prime}$ pot plants (9-12") ..... 1.80
-Lowboy (dwarf) 3" pot ..... 1.80
RHODODENDRON hybridsBoule de Niege, Catawbiense Album,Caractacus, English Roseum,Roseum Elegans, Kettledrum,Purpureum Elegans, Roseum Super-
bum
5-10" X (own root) ..... 3.25
SARCOCOCCA humilis, fine evergreen ground cover, shade $21 \frac{1}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ pot .. 1.10
(50 for \$30.00)
TAXUS (yew) vermeulen, hatfield,kelseyi, Capitata, Browni10-12" X1.60
-capitata (Upright Yew)9-12" XX (from seed)1.80
15-18" XX (from seed) ..... 2.40
TSUGA Pyramidalis (dwarf) hemlock (pot) 12-15" ..... 3.60
VIBURNUM burkwoodi 3" pot ..... 1.60
$4^{\prime \prime}$ pot ( $10-12^{\prime \prime}$ ) ..... 2.40
-rhytidophy!lum 3" pot ..... 1.60
-Carlesii 12-15" pot ..... 2.75

ALSO LARGER: Here are some larger sizes. You may include them with plants above to make up 5 minimum; but the shipment then must go express (charges collect).
FRANKLINIA $12-18$ in. B\&B 3.50
ILEX Grenata, and Latifolia 10-15" B\&B4.50
-Convexa 9-12" B\&B ..... 3.00
AZALEA (Ghent and Mollis hybrids)-Coccinea speciosa, orange-Daviesi, creamy white
-Gloria Mundi, orange
-Narcissiflora, double yellow9 to $15^{\prime \prime}$ B\&B4.25
FAGUS Riversu (Purple Beech) 18-24 inch B\&B ..... 4.50

1. Save money and labor
2. Save disappointments
3. Save delays
4. Increase your enjoyment
5. Rare and interesting
6. Culture not difficult.


## A-Seedlings or Rooted Cuttings

Must be shaded first two years. Planted $2^{\prime \prime} \times 2$ ", lath-house holds 432. After two jears, must be transplanted into next grade

## B-Once Transplanted Grade

Grown as above, or bought. (Our 2 yr . and 3 yr. Azaleas, e.g.) Space about $5^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}$ (80 in the lath-house pictured). Shaded first year, but the second year shade omitted except in drought. In 2 years, now twice transplanted (" $X X$ "), usuable as hedge plants, for bedding, etc.

## C-Twice Transplanted Grade

Can be moved into open, spaced 9" $\times 9^{\prime \prime}$ (nursery pictured holds 104) and left two years. They are "shaped"; straggly branches lopped off with sharp knife. Cultivate, fertilize, water, no shade needed. After 2 years, they are XXX (three times transplanted), bushy and shapely.

## D-Specimens

Every garden needs some larger, well formed plants. Such specimens are grown 2 or more years spaced $18^{\prime \prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime}$ (nursery pictured holds 32).

## here are the best living

Many plants can be made into hedges, including the much advertised Rosa multiflora, Privets and barberry (all priced on page 9) but Hemlock and Yew are far the best of all. The XX sizes of hemlock can be put in hedge row -smaller should be bedded two years first.


## HEMLOCK HEDGE

Tsuga Canadensis (Northern Hemlock). 60 ft . Zone III. In forests, a majestic patriarch,but readily sheared to hedge or modest specimen sizes. Humus. Stands shade. The most beautiful native evergreen.

Hemlock Hedge when properly sheared gives a fine, even, smooth dark green surface unlike any other hedge. Thrives in soils ranging from ordinary to damp, and from full sun to full shade, hence is easy to grow. Set plants $11 / 2$ feet apart.

| 4 to 6 in. S........................ | $\$ 2.25$ | $(100)$ | $(1000)$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 8 to 12 in. $S . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 4.00 | 12.00 | $\$ 40.00$ |  |
| 4 to 6 in. X...................... | 7.00 | 24.00 | 200.00 |  |
| 9 to 12 in. $X X$ | .................$~$ | 12.00 | 45.00 | 350.00 |
| 12 to 15 in. XX .................. | 18.00 | 70.00 | 650.00 |  |
| 15 to 18 in. $X X$ | ..................$~$ | 35.00 | 130.00 | $\ldots . . . . .$. |

## The Five Best Yew Hedges

(25) (100)

TALL HEDGE, 5 to 8 ft . high, 3 to 4 ft . wide Taxus capitata (Upright Yew).
10 to 12 in. XX. $\qquad$ $\$ 30.00 \$ 110.00$ 12 to 15 in. XX. $\qquad$ $38.00 \quad 140.00$

BROAD LOW, 2 to 4 ft . high, 2 to 4 ft . wide Taxus caspidata (Spreading Yew). 12 to 15 in. XX.............. $35.00 \quad 130.00$
EXTRA THICK 5 to 7 ft . high,
2 ft . wide Taxus vermeulen
10 to 15 in. XX.......... 35.00
130.00

LOW EDGING, 1 to 3 ft . high, 1 to 3 ft . wide Taxus mana brevifolia (Dwarf Yew) 8 to 10 in . X............... $18.00 \quad 60.00$ 10 to 12 in. XX............. $40.00 \quad 150.00$

HARROW MEDIUM, 4 to 6 ft . high, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. wide Taxus Hicksi.
10 to 12 in. XX...........
$30.00 \quad 110.00$
Photo right:
Hedge of
Upright Yew

For any and every purpose in which Evergreens are required the Yew can be recommended. Hardy in New England and Ontario, immule to most diseases and pests. Accomr odating to an extraordinary degree, withstanding shade or full sunshine.
(below) 12-15 inch Hemlock newly planted, and (left)
how it looks 8 years later.


## ROSA MULIIFLORA "FENCE"

No repairs, no maintenance problems, it just grows. No animals can get through, yet birds and small game can use it for refuge. It does not get out of hand, kept 5 feet high, width 8 feet. (Not for small gardens.)
Plant a single row, 1 foot apart. Cut back roots to 8 inches, tops to 3 or 4 inches on planting. Mulching is very beneficialleaves, hay, sawdust, or whatever you have. Effective in three or four years, mature in seven.
8 to 12 in . S........ $\$ 6.00 \$ 45.00$ 18 to 24 in. S........ $10.50 \quad 85.00$


## 

ABIES (Fir) (25) (100) (1000) balsamea, (Balsam Fir). For wet land. Best for Christmas trees.

| 4 to 6 in. | $S . \ldots . . . . . .$. | $\$ 3.00$ | $\$ 9.00$ | $\$ 70.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | to | 9 in. $X \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | $\$ 6.00$ | 20.00 |
| 9 | 180.00 |  |  |  |
| 9 | to 12 in. $X X \ldots . . . . . ~$ | 12.00 | 40.00 | 300.00 |

Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga)


CHAMAECYPARIS (Cypress)
plumosa (Plumed Cypress)
6 to 8 in. X............. $10.00 \quad 35.00 \quad 300.00$ 12 to 15 in. X.......... $18.00 \quad 60.00 \quad 575.00$
plumosa aurea (Golden Plume)
6 to 8 in. X.............. $10.00 \quad 35.00 \quad 300.00$
10 to 12 in. X.......... $15.00 \quad 55.00 \quad 450.00$
JUNIPERUS (Junipers)
depressa plumosa (Andorra Juniper)
8 to 12 in. X........ $12.00 \quad 40.00 \quad 350.00$ 12 to 15 in. XX ........ 40.00150 .00
pfitzeriana (Pfitzer's Junider)
4 to 6 in. X................ $10.00 \quad 40.00 \quad 300.00$
9 to 12 in. XX........ 40.00135 .00
viriginiana (Red Cedar)
6 to 9 in. S............. $4.50 \quad 15.00 \quad 130.00$
12 to 9 in. X............ $8.00 \quad 30.00 \quad 250.00$
LARIX (Larch) European Larch
9 to 12 in. S............ $7.50 \quad 25.00 \quad 195.00$
6 to 16 in. X............ $8.00 \quad 25.00$
PICEA (Spruce)
glauca alba (white Spruce)
2-yr. S.............................. $\$ 7.50 \quad \$ 50.00$ 6 to 9 in. X............ $\$ 6.50 \quad 20.00 \quad 175.00$
12 to 15 in. X.......... $12.50 \quad 40.00 \quad 300.00$
glauca densata (Black Hills)
4 to 6 in. ............... ...... $9.50 \quad 70.00$
6 to 9 in. X.............. $6.00 \quad 20.00 \quad 175.00$
12 to 15 in. XX...... $25.00 \quad 80.00 \quad 650.00$
excelsa (Norway Spruce)
3-yr. S...................... ...... $7.00 \quad 45.00$
6 to 10 in. X............ $7.00 \quad 20.00 \quad 175.00$
12 to 15 in. XX...... $25.00 \quad 85.00 \quad 700.00$
pungens (Colorado Spruce) color from blue to green.
3-yr. S....................... ...... 9.5060 .00
4 to 6 in. X............... $6.00 \quad 20.00 \quad 190.00$
$9^{\prime}$ to 12 in. XX........... $20.00 \quad 70.00 \quad 600.00$
in Quantity

| PINUS (Pine) (25) | (100) | (1000) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mughus (Mugho Pine) |  |  |
| $2-\mathrm{yr}$. S.. | 7.50 | 50.00 |
| 2-yr. X..................... 6.00 | 20.00 | 195.00 |
| 4 to 6 in. XX............ 12.00 | 40.00 | 300.00 |
| nigra (Austrian Pine) |  |  |
| 3 to 6 in. S............. 3.00 | 9.00 | 70.00 |
| 6 to 9 in. X............. 6.00 | 20.00 | 150.00 |
| 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{XX}$........ 28.00 | 95.00 | 850.00 |
| ponderosa (Western Yellow) |  |  |
| 3 to 6 in. S............ | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| 6 to 8 in. X............. 5.50 | 18.00 | 150.00 |
| 12 to 15 in. XX........ 20.00 | 70.00 |  |
| resinosa (Norway Red Pine) |  |  |
| 6 to 10 in. X........... 7.50 | 2500 | 190.00 |
| 12 to 15 in. X.......... 12.00 | 40.00 |  |
| strobus (White Pine) |  |  |
| Ship into most states. |  |  |
| 3 to 5 in . S............ | 7.00 | 60.00 |
| 6 to 9 in. X............. 5.00 | 18.00 | 150.00 |
| 10 to 12 in. XX...... 20.00 | 85.00 |  |
| sylvestris (Scotch Pine) |  |  |
| 3 to 6 in. S........... | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| 6 to 9 in. X............. 5.50 | 18.00 | 150.00 |
| 12 to 18 in. X ......... 10.00 | 35.00 |  |
| 8 to 12 in. XX........ 18.00 | 60.00 |  |

TAXUS (Yew) See pages 7, 13

| 50 of one kind at 100 rate |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ of one kind at 1000 rafe |
| SYMBOLS USED IN THIS CATALOG |
| $S=$ seedlings, not transplanted |
| $X=$ each transplanting |
| $\star=$ young, not yet shapely |
| (not used on this page, but |
| elsewhere in the catalog |
| any plant not so marked is |
| shapely landscape grade) |
| B\&BEarth ball and burlap <br> "Zone" hardiness, see map on <br> cover |

THUJA (Arborvitae)
occidentalis (American Arborvitae or White Cedar)
(25) (100) (1000)

4 to 6 in. S............... ...... $\$ 7.00 \$ 5000$
6 to 10 in. X............ $6.00 \quad 20.00 \quad 180.00$
12 to 15 in. XX...... $18.00 \quad 65.00 \quad$..........
globosa (Globe shaped)
8 to 10 in. X.......... $14.00 \quad 45.00 \quad 300.00$
9 to 12 in. XX........ $25.00 \quad 95.00 \quad 800.00$
elegantissima (Golden tipped A.)
6 to 8 in. X.............. $13.50 \quad 50.00 \quad 450.00$
pyramidalis (Pyramidal A.)
6 to 8 in. X............. $12.50 \quad 45.00 \quad 400.00$ 12 to 15 in. XX....... $25.00 \quad 95.00 \quad 750.00$

TSUGA (Hemlock) See pages 7, 12

## bargains in larger young evergreens

Twice transplanted, 5 to 7 years old, practically landscape specimens, except not balled. So express is little, about $10 \%$ extra on arrival. Roots in damp moss, safe, easy planting. Real bargains these days, when B\&B evergreens cost $50 \%$ extra for express! For culture see page 6 item "C."

|  |  | (10) | (25) | (100) | (1000) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABIES (Douglas Fir) | 9 to 12 inch | \$...... | \$18.00 | \$65.00 |  |
| -Balsom Fir | 9 to 12 inch |  | 12.00 | 40.00 | 300.00 |
| -Concolor (white Fir) | 9 to 12 inch | 12.00 | 25.00 | 90.00 | 800.00 |
| JUNIPER (Andorra) | 12 to 15 inch | 18.00 | 4000 | 150.00 |  |
| -Pitzer Juniper | 9 to 12 inch | 18.00 | 40.00 | 135.00 | 950.60 |
| -Pfitzer Golden | 9 to 12 inch | 20.00 | 45.00 | 150.00 |  |
| -Sabina (Savin) | 9 to 12 inch | 14.00 | 3500 | 120.00 | 950.00 |
| PICEA (Black Hills Syruce | 12 to 15 inch |  | 25.00 | 80.00 | 650.00 |
| -Excelsa (Norway) | 12 to 15 inch | 12.00 | 25.00 | 85.00 | 700.00 |
| -pungens (Colorato) | 9 to 12 inch | 9.00 | 20.00 | 70.00 | 600.00 |
| PINUS (Austrian Pine) | 12 to 15 inch |  | 28.00 | 95.00 | 800.00 |
| -Mugho Dwarf Pine | 9 to 12 inch | 20.00 | 45.00 | 160.00 |  |
| -Sylvestris (Scots Pine) | 8 to 12 inch | ...... | 18.00 | 60.00 |  |
|  | 12 to 15 inch |  | 28.00 | 100.00 |  |
| -thunbergi (Japan Black) ...... | 8 to 10 inch | 14.00 | 28.00 | 100.00 | 800.00 |
| -Strobus (White Pine) ......... | 10 to 12 inch |  | 25.00 | 85.00 |  |
| THUJA occidental (Arborvitae) ..... | 12 to 15 inch |  | 18.00 | 65.00 |  |
| -ooccident. Pyramidal ....... | 12 to 15 inch | 12.00 | 25.00 | 95.00 | 750.00 |

# Young Trees <br> (Always prune severely when planting these) 

| CER (Maplet) (25) | (100) | (100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rarpum (Silver Maple) |  |  |
| to 18 in. .......... ...... | \$6.00 |  |
| - |  |  |
| to 24 in . $\qquad$ 3.5 | 10.00 |  |
|  | 12.50 50.00 |  |

## BETULA (Birch)

populifolia (Gray Birch)
18 to 24 in. ............ $6.00 \quad 18.00 \quad 120.00$
papyrifera (Paper Birch)
$\star 12$ to 18 in. $\qquad$ $8.120 .50 \quad 100.00$

* 2 to 3 ft . $8.00 \quad 25.00 \quad 180.00$
CERCIS (Red Bud)
$\star 12$ to 18 in. ................. $9.00 \quad 50.00$
* 4 to 5 ft .
5.00125 .00

CORNUS (Flowering Dogwood)
florida (White Flowering Dogwood)

* 6 to 12 in. S................. 11.0065 .00
* 18 to 24 in. S........ $6.50 \quad 25.00 \quad 150.00$

2 to 3 ft . X............ 28.00105 .00
FAGUS (Beech)
ferruginea (American Beech)

* 12 to 18 in. ........ $4.00 \quad 12.50 \quad 90.00$

HICORIA (Hickory)
ovata (Shagbark Hickory)

* 12 to 18 in . S........ $7.00 \quad 20.00 \quad 150.00$

4 to 5 ft . $\qquad$ 40.00150 .00

JUGLANS (Walnut)
nigra (Black Walnut)
$\star 12$ to 18 in. S...... $3.50 \quad 10.00 \quad 70.00$
LIOUIDAMBER (Sweet Gum)
$\star 6$ to 12 in . S........ $4.00 \quad 12.00 \quad 80.00$
4 to 5 ft . X.............. 25.0095 .00
LIRIODENDRON (Tulip Tree)
tulipifera
$\star 12$ to 18 in .
$\$ 5.50 \quad \$ 40.00$
MORUS (Mulberry)
alba (Russian Mulberry)

* 12 to 18 in. ........ ...... 6.0040 .00
$\star 2$ to 3 ft . S........... $4.00 \quad 10.00,65.00$


## PHELLODENDROM

Amurense (Coork-tree)

* 6 to 12 in. S........ $5.00 \quad 15.00 \quad 100.00$

POPULUS (Pooplar)
nigra italica (Lombardy Poplar)

* 18 to 24 in. ........ 3.00 9.00 50.00
$\star 3$ to 4 ft. .............. $6.50 \quad 19.00 \quad 150.00$
QUERCUS (Oak)
alba (White 0ak)
$\begin{array}{lllll}\star & 12 & \text { to } 18 \mathrm{in} \text {. S........ } & 5.00 & 15.00 \\ 120.00\end{array}$
palustris (Pin Oak)
$\star 12$ to 18 in. $S_{\text {......... }} 6.00 \quad 20.00 \quad 155.00$
rubra (Red Oak, Northern)
$\star 18$ to 24 in . S ........ $8.00 \quad 30.00 \quad 24000$


## PLANTING BABIES

PLANTING - The first thing is to keep the package moist. Only when the planting bed is ready do you open it, and even then remove only one plant at a time from its wrapping to plant it. This is particularly important with evergreens, but good sense with all plants. The quicker the better - twenty sec onds per plant is average.

SOIL should be loose and friable, ana absolutely must contain some humus. Add peat moss if necessary.

SHADE must be provided for a newly planted young evergreen. Usually only for the first summer, but very young ones need it for two summers. Deciduous trees, shrubs and vines need none.

WATER is usually critical the first week or two. Soak thoroughly when planting. Then again the next day. After that do not water oftener than once a week. But you can spray the leaves a few seconds at a time if the weather turns warm.

## YOUNE SHIREBE

## For Mass Planting

(25) (100) (1000)

BERBERIS Thunbergi (Japanese Barberry) Zone IV. Bush to 5 ft . Red berries.

* 12 to 15 in . S.... $\$ 5.00 \$ 15.00 \$ 120.00$ 12 to 15 in . X........ $12.00 \quad 40.00 \quad 350.00$
B. thanbergli Atropurpurea. The same, with purple-red leaves.
* 12 to 15 in . S.... $10.00 \quad 30.00 \quad 220.00$ 12 to 15 in. X........ $25.00 \quad 85.00 \quad 750.00$

CYDONIA Japonica (Flowering Quince)

* 12 to 18 in . $\qquad$ $\$ 4.50 \$ 13.50 \quad \$ 80.00$
FORSYTHIA intermedia (Golden-bell). 9 ft . Zone IV. Yellow, April.
* 12 to 18 in. S.... $3.50 \quad 9.50 \quad 55.00$

2 to 3 ft . X............ $12.00 \quad 40.00 \quad 350.00$

- suspensa (weeping forsythia)
* 12 to 18 in............ $5.00 \quad 16.00 \quad 140.00$

ILEX verticillata (Winterberry)
$\star 12$ to 18 in. ......... $5.00 \quad 15.00 \quad 100.00$
LIGUSTRUM (Privet)

- amurense (Amur Privet-"North")
$\begin{array}{ll}12 & \text { to } 18 \text { in. } X \ldots . . . . . . \\ 5.00 & 15.00 \\ 100.00\end{array}$
2 to 3 ft . (4 Br.) .... $7.50 \quad 25.00 \quad 200.00$
- ibolium (Hybrid Privet)

12 to 18 in. X.......... $4.50 \quad 15.00 \quad 95.00$
2 to 3 ft . ( 4 Br .) .... $8.00 \quad 25.00 \quad 180.00$
LONICERA fragrantissima (Honeysuckle),

* 12 to 18 in. S........ $6.50 \quad 22.00 \quad 150.00$

2 to 3 ft X............. $20.00 \quad 70.00$

It's easy! Plant 'em, prune 'em, water 'em-

(25) (100)
(1000)

PHILADELPHUS coronarius (Syringa) 9 ft . Zone IV. White, June, fragrant.

* 12 to 18 in. S........ $4.50 \quad 15.00 \quad 90.00$

2 to 3 ft . X.............. $15.00 \quad 50.00$
........
RHAMNUS cathartica (Buckthorn) 15 ft . Zone II. Bushy, thorny hedge.
18 to 24 in. S............. $5.00 \quad 15.00 \quad 120.00$
SPIRAEA van Houttei
$\star 12$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{S} . . . . \quad 5.00 \quad 15.00 \quad 00.0$
2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \times . . . . . . . . . .1200 \quad 40 . C 0 \quad 350 . C 0$
SYRINGA (Lilac) common purple.
$\star 12$ to 18 in. S...... $5.00 \quad 18.00 \quad 150.00$
2 to 3 ft . X.............. $16.00 \quad 60.00$
..........
VIBURNUM American (Cranberry)

* 6 to 9 in . S.......... $7.00 \quad 22.00160 .00$

WEIGELIA rosea (pink)

* 12 to 18 in. S.... $5.00 \quad 15.00 \quad 90.00$

2 to 3 ft X............ $12.00 \quad 45.00$


## Azaleas For Fall

Culture is same as for rhododendrons, but a litfle more sun. Many other kinds quoted on request. (See also page 6.)

Kaempferi (Torch Azalea). Zone IV. 8 ft . Red to orange. May. Vigorous, most easily grown Azalea.
*6-8 in. $X$ $\qquad$ 5 for $\$ 5.00,25 \$ 1500$ *12-15 in. X. . 5 for \$10.00; $25 \$ 40.00$ 8 to 12 in. B\&B .... 2 for $\$ 6.50,10 \$ 20.00$ 18 in. B\&B 8.00
-Othello, brilliant red.
-Fedora, salmon rose. Large.
Either one of above 2 kinds:
6 to 8 in. B\&B .... 2 for $\$ 6.00,10 \$ 20.00$
12 to 15 in . B\&B $\$ 6.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 20.00$

Ledifolia (mucronatum). Evergreen, 6 ft . Bushv. Acid, humus, loose. Late May. Zone VI. Handsome, dense.
-l. alba. White against dark green.
-l. rosea. Rose tinted, large.
-I. Lady Lilac. Fragrant, clear lilac.
Any of above 3 kinds:
$\star 3$ yr. XX $\qquad$ 5 for $\$ 5.50,100 \$ 80.00$ 12-15 in. B\&B............ $\$ 4.75$ each, $10 \$ 40.00$

Hexe. Zone V, small bush, Evergreen. Crimson red in late May.
6 to 8 in. B\&B .... 2 for $\$ 5.00,10 \$ 20.00$ 10 to 12 in. B \& $\$ \$ 5.00$ each, 5 for 20.00

Macrantha Zone V, low and broad. evergreen. Salmon pink in June.
8 to 10 in. B\&B .... 2 for $\$ 7.00,10 \$ 30.00$ 15 to 18 in. B\&B.. $\$ 7.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 30.00$
-Beni Kirishima. Double, orange-red. Otherwise similar.
6 to 8 in. bushy .................. 5 for $\$ 9.75$ 10 to 12 in. B\&B .... $\$ 4.75$ ea., 5 for $\$ 22.00$
(Phofo)

## Azalea HINOCRIMSON

A better, hardier Hinodigiri. Large, crimsonred, clean color, does not fade, (as Hinodigiri does). Fragrant. Zone V. Probably the best hardy evergreen Azalea.
3-in. pots............. 5 for $\$ 9.50,25$ for $\$ 30.00$
6 to 8 in . B\&B .... 2 for $\$ 5.50,10 \$ 19.00$
8 to 10 in . B\&B .... $\$ 4.50$ ea., 5 for $\$ 20.00$
10 to 12 in. B\&B $\$ 6.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 25.00$ 12 to 15 in . B\&B .. $\$ 7.00$ ea., 5 for $\$ 30.00$


## GABLE HARDY AZALEAS

These hybrids have been made in the effort to originate a hardier strain of the Japanese type of Azalea, keeping form and color. Live and bloom in Zone V.

Cameo. Double soft pink. Early Carol. Bright red-pink. Dwarf, early. Corsage. Large fragrant orchid. Early. Edna. Double rose-pink. Early. Herbert. Large frilled red.
James Gable. Double blood-red. Late.
Louise Gable. Double salmon pink, early but in bloom a long time.
Mary Ann. Extra hardy double pink.
Rose-bud. Very double pearly pink.
Rose Greeley. Large hose-in-hose white. Best white. Zone $V$ hardiness.

Any of above 10 kinds, 6 to 8 inch bushy, 5 assorted $\$ 9.75,5$ one kind $\$ 8.50$. ALSO: Our assortment only, 12 to 15 in . B\&B $\qquad$ 5 for $\$ 20.00,25$ for $\$ 85.00$

## EVERGREEN SHRUBS

Azaleas, rhododendrons, and others are safely planted with ball in Sept.-Oct. We here select kinds and sizes most suited to fall planting.

## Hollies (Ilex)

Opaca (American Holly). Zone IV. 40 ft . Damp, some shade. Red berries, dull, evergreen leaf. We offer two sexes (state which you desire). MALES for pollen, FEMALES for berries.

| - Males (for pollen) | $(10)$ | $(100)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 3 in. pots $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ |  |  |
| $\$ 12.00$ | $\$ 85.00$ |  |
| 4 in. pots .... $\$ 3.00$ each, 25.00 | ....... |  |

-Females (for berries)
3 in. pots ( 6 to 10 inch) .. $12.00 \quad 85.00$
4 in. pots .... $\$ 3.00$ each, 25.00 ........
Offer A-2 males, 4 females in 3 inch pot size ( 6 to 10 inch) $\$ 7.50$ postpaid

Offer B-1 male, 2 females, in 4 inch pot size ( 12 to 18 inch) $\$ 9.50$ postpaid

## ILEX OPACA NAMED FEMALES.

-HOWARD. Zone V. Dark green leaf. Shiny, few teeth. Large clusters red berries.
3 -in. pots $\qquad$ 5 for $\$ 6.50,100 \$ 95.00$
-DELIA BRADLEY. Zone IV. One of dozens new named kinds, fruits young and steadily. Good leaves. Outstanding.
3 -in. pots .. $\$ 2.25,10 \$ 15.00,100 \$ 135.00$ 12 to 15 in . $\$ 3.00,10 \$ 25.00,100 \$ 200.00$
-aquifolia (English Holly). 40 ft . Zone VII. Very shiny, toothed loaves. Very large bright red berries.

## -a. FEMALE

*3 in. pot ........... \$2.25 each, 5 for $\$ 7.50$
4-in. pots .. $\$ 4.75,10 \$ 40.00,100 \$ 300.00$
$2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B .... $\$ 11.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 50.00$
-a. MALE (for pollenation).
3-in. pot $\qquad$ $\$ 2.25$ each, 5 for $\$ 7.50$
-a. BISEX-a useful freak. Berries on one plant, both male and female flowers. *3 in. pot $\$ 3.50,10 \$ 30.00,100 \$ 220.00$
-Crenata (Japanase Helly). Zone VI. 18 ft . Evergreen leaf and thickset shape. Tolerant. Slow-growing.

* $6-8$ in. X ........ 10 for $\$ 7.00,100 \$ 50.00$ 12-15 in. B\&B ........ $\$ 5.00$ esch, $10 \$ 45.00$
-cr. convera (dwarf Japan Holly). Form with shiny gray-green leaves. Not over 4 feet height. Zone V.
* $\$ 10$ in. X ...... 10 for $\$ 8.00,100 \$ 60.00$ 12-15 in. B\&B ........ $\$ 5.50$ each, $10 \$ 48.00$

DAPHNE cneorum (Garland Flower). 1 ft . Zone IV. The finest rock-garden evergreen. Fragrant rose clusters in May and again Sept. Needs sun. Spreads. Stands drought. 5 to 6 in . B\&B..... $\$ 2.25$ each, 5 for $\$ 9.50$ 10 to 12 in. B\&B.. $\$ 3.50$ each, 10 for $\$ 30.00$

## Boxwood (Buxus)

Suffruticosa (Dwarf "English"), 6 ft . Zone V . A billowy dense mass of dark green. Small plants used for real box edging. Any soil. Sin or nart shade.
5 to 6 in. B\&B .... $\$ 2.25$ each, 5 for $\$ 9.50$ 10 to 12 in. B\&B. $\$ 4.00$ each, 10 for $\$ 35.00$ 12 to 14 in . B\&B.. $\$ 8.00$ each, 10 for $\$ 65.00$

MAHONIA aquifolium (Oregon Holly-grape). 5 ft . Zone V. Holly-like evergreen. YelIow, May; purplish "grape," August. Dry, part shade. Stands drought.
8 to 12 in . X ........ 5 for $\$ 6.00,25 \$ 20.00$ 12 in. B\&B ...... $\$ 4.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 20.00$ 18 in B\&B ........ $\$ 7.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 30.00$

OSMANTHUS aquifolium (Holly-leaved Myrtle). Zone VI. 6 ft . Evergreen shrub. Useful foliage plant. Stands drought.
*2 in. pots .... 10 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 40.00$ 12 to 18 in . B\&B ........ \$5.00, 5 for $\$ 22.00$

PACHISTIMA canbyi. Evergreen clump, 9 inch. Zone V. Wonderful rock plant. Moist. 3 in. pots .. \$1.75, $10 \$ 13.50,100 \$ 120.00$
STRANSVAESIA davidiana. Shrub to 20 feet. Zone VI. Large shiny green leaves. Scarlet fruit in autumn. Stands drought. 2 to 3 feet .... $\$ 4.00$ each, 10 for $\$ 30.00$

VIBURNUM Rhytidophllum (Leatherleaf). 9 ft . Zone V. Wrinkled evergreen leaves, bright green, shiny. Bold. Red berries. Drain, shelter. Unique leaves.
$18-24$ in. $B \& B \ldots . \$ 5.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 23.50$


## RHODODENDRONS

Evergreen shrubs with fine foliage. Range from dwarfs to giants. Bloom from May to July. Acid, humus, damp, loose.

1. The roots feed at the surface - do not hoe or rake. Plant them properly and thereafter water and mulch as needed.
2. Light shade, airy and open, gives best results. Only certain trees will do. The best are Oaks, Cherries, Magnolias and Birch. Their leaves make the best mulch. Avoid Beech and Maple.
3. Safe planting in Sept. and Oct.

NATIVE RHODODENDRONS
maximum, white July carolina, pink May catawba, purple June See page 4 for prices and descriptions.

PIERIS floribunda (Mountain Fetterbush). 3 ft . Zone IV. Evergreen, mound. Upright clusters white in May. Acid, humus.
$\star 21 / 4$ in. pot ...... 10 for $\$ 7.50,100 \$ 50.00$
12-15 in. B\&B.... $\$ 6.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 29.00$
PIERIS Japmica (Andromeda). 6 ft . Zone V. Evergreen, upright shrub, with drooping wax-like bells, May. New growth is rosywine.
$\star 6$ to 8 in. X........ 5 for $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 50.00$ 12 to 15 in . B\&B.... $\$ 6.50$ each, $10 \$ 60.00$

PYRACANTHA Lalandi (Laland Firethorn). Evergreen shrub to 15 ft . Zone V. A fuzz of white in May, then orange-red berries. Drain, lime. Stands drought.
(Each) (10) (100)

* 3 -in. pots ...................... $\$ 9.50 \$ 75.00$

18 -24 in. (pot) ........ $3.00 \quad 22.00 \quad 190.00$

## LaUROCERASUS schipkaensis (Hardy English

 Laurel). 6 ft. Zone V. A gorgeous evergreen shrub, with dark green leaves. White flower spikes in May. Very easily grown. Very fast growing. Stands drought.$\star$ 3-inch pots ............ 5 for $\$ 5.00,25 \$ 25.00$ 12 to 18 in. B\&B $\$ 4.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 20.00$

## HYBRID SEEDLING RHODODENDRON

These in every way resemble named hybrids except: - the color of flowers is unpredictable. However, more than half are really bright. The others are purples. They are fairly free to bloom, hardy mostly in Zone V.
*4 to 6 in. XX... 10 for $\$ 8.50,100 \$ 60.00$ 10 to 12 in. B\&B. 5 for $\$ 20.00,100 \$ 300.00$ 15 to 18 in. B\&B.. 5 for $\$ 30.00,100 \$ 500.00$

## HYBRID FORTUNEI SEEDLINGS

Colors white to red, Zones V to VI. Some interesting new forms.
8 to 10 in . B\&B $\qquad$ 2 for $\$ 9.50$
12 to 15 in . $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{~B}$ $\qquad$ $\$ 10.00$ each

## Hardy Exotic Species

## RHODODENDRON-discoler. 15

ft .
Zone VI. Huge white, June. 6 to 8 in. X................ $\$ 2.00$ each postpaid -fortunei. 12 ft . Zone VI. Large blush, fragrant, May. 8 to 10 in. X............ $\$ 2.50$ each postpaid -racemosum. 4 ft . Zone V. Small leaved dwarf. Pink, April. 8 to 12 in. X......... $\$ 2.50$ ppd., $10 \$ 20.00$

## NAMED GRAFTED HYBRIDS

The following are from open field, dug with ball of earth. They have been pinched to make low, shapely branching, thus overcoming the common fault of grafted rhododendrons which is to grow leggy. All hardy Zone VI, and a few extra hardy ones as noted in Zone $V$.

Parsons Gloriosum-handsome rose-pink.
Boule de Niege-Snow-white dwarf.
Caractacus-light crimson. Zone V.
Catawbiense album - the finest white. Zone V.

Catawbiense grandiflorum - large lilac. Zone V.

Dr. Dresselhuys-Tall, cigorous red.
Dr. H. V. Rutgers-rich dark red, compact. Zone V.
E. S. Rand-Compact scarlet-red.

Lee's Dark Purple—rich color.
Old Port-Plum color. Zone V.
Roseum elegans-bushy rose pink. Zone V . Any of above kinds:
(Each) (10)
12 to 15 inch $B \& B \quad$.......... $\$ 7.50 \$ 70.00$
15 to 18 inch B\&B .......... $8.50 \quad 80.00$

## EVERGREENS IN FALL

All are easily planted in Saptember and October - the Yew is particularly easy even in small sizas. No fertilizer until next spring, but water well onca a waek to freeze-up and mulch smaller sizes unless alrady in shady locations.

## Thuja (Arborvitae)

- occidentalis (American Arborvitae). 30 ft . Zone II. Pyramidal tree with dense, frondlike, evergreen leaves, popular.
* 6-10 in. X............ 25 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 20.00$
* 12-18 in. XX.... 25 for \$18.00, $100 \$ 65.00$ 18-24 in. B\&B............. $\$ 4.50,10$ for $\$ 40.00$
- 0. globosa (Globe AV). 5 ft . Zone II. Good green dwarf. Does not grow out of bounds.
*6-8 in. X.............. 10 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 40.00$ *9-12 in. XX........ 5 for $\$ 10.00,100 \$ 175.00$ 12-15 in. B\&B $\qquad$ $\$ 4.00$ each, $10 \$ 35.00$
— pyramidalis (Pyramidal). 25 ft . Zone 11 This is perhaps the best tall form of Arborvitae. Formal, narrow hedges.
*6-8 in. X . $\qquad$ $10 \$ 6.00,100 \$ 45.00$ * $12-15$ in. XX.... 25 for $\$ 25.00,100 \$ 95.00$ $18-24$ in. B\&B............ $\$ 5.50,10$ for $\$ 50.00$


## Junipers

pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper). 6 ft . Zone IV. Gorgeous bush, a cloud of silver in spring, then blue green. Spreads picturesquely. Stand soot, smoke, and drought. * 4-6 inch X ........ 10 for $\$ 5.50,100 \$ 40.00$ * 9-12 in. XX ........ 10 for \$18.00, $25 \$ 40.00$ 15-18 in. B\&B.... $\$ 6.00,10 \$ 60 ., 100 \$ 550$

CEDRUS deodara (Deodar Cedar). 100 ft . Zone VI. Graceful pyramid. Unusual foliage. *4-6 in. X ............ 10 for \$5.00, $100 \$ 40.00$ $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{~B}$.... $\$ 7.00$ each, 10 for $\$ 60.00$

ABIES balsamea (Balsam Fir). 60 ft . Zone III. Dark, shapely pyramid. Needs cool moist soil. Prefers cold winters. Best Christmas tree.
6-9 in. X ............ 25 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 20.00$ *g. 12 in. XX .... 25 for $\$ 12.00,100 \$ 40.00$ 2-21/2 ft. B\&B .... $\$ 7.00$ each, 10 for $\$ 60.00$

PINUS Mugho (Dwarf Pine)
Zone IV, broad and low. A fine dwarf.
*4-6 in. XX ........ 25 for $\$ 12.00,100 \$ 40.00$ *g-12 in. XX .... 10 for $\$ 20.00,100 \$ 160.00$ 18-24 in. B\&B... $\$ 9.75$ each, 10 for $\$ 90: 00$

PINUS strobus (White Pine). 90 ft . Zone III. The noblest native evergreen. Prefers rich soil. Light green needles, soft and dense. Subjest to special interstate quarantines. We have growers in a dozen states and can ship almost anywhere.
*6-9 in. X ............ 25 for $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 18.00$ *10-12 in. XX .... 25 for $\$ 25.00,100 \$ 85.00$ 2-3 ft. B\&B ............ $\$ 6.00$ each, $10 \$ 55.00$

## PICEA (Spruce)

pungens. 80 ft . Zone II. Best spruce for dry climates. Very tolerant. Varies from green to silver, as offered here.
$\star 4-6$ in. X.......... 25 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 20.00$
$\star 9-12$ in. XX .... 10 for $\$ 9.50,100 \$ 70.00$ 2 to 3 ft . B\&B.... $\$ 10.00$ ea., 5 for $\$ 45.00$

## Salected Blue

2-3 ft. B\&B........ \$12.50 each, 5 for $\$ 55.00$ 12-15 in. B\&B $\qquad$ 5 for $\$ 25.00$

KOSTERI (Koster. Grafted Blue Spruce) *2 yr, graft ........ $\$ 4.00$ each, 10 for $\$ 35.00$ *3 yr. graft ........ $\$ 5.50$ each, 10 for $\$ 50.00$ --glauca (alba) (White Spruce). 80 ft . Zone II. Quick-growing and shapely. In the northeast generally more satisfactory than Norway for forest planting.
*6-9 in. X .......... 25 for $\$ 6.50,100 \$ 20.00$ *12-15 in. X .... 25 for \$12.50, $100 \$ 40.00$ 3-4 ft. B\&B ........ $\$ 9.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 40.00$ -g. conica (Dwarf Alberta). Miniature in height and leaf. 6 ft . Zone III. Tiny and slow. Probably the best true dwarf conifer.
*6-8 in. XX .... 25 for $\$ 35.00,100 \$ 120.00$ 10-12 in. B\&B .... $\$ 5.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 25.00$


## Tsuga (Hemlock)

Canadensis. 60 ft . Stands shade. The most beautiful native evergreen. Zone IV.

|  | (Each) | (10) | (100) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\star 8-12 \mathrm{in}$. S |  | ........ | \$12.00 |
| $\star 4-6$ in. X ............ | ....... | ........ | 24.00 |
| * 12-15 in. XX........... | ....... | ........ | 70.00 |
| 15-18 ft. XXX ........ |  | 25.00 | 180.00 |
| $1^{1 ⁄ 2}-2 \mathrm{ft}$. B\&B ........ | \$5.50 | 50.00 | 475.00 |
| 2-3 ft. B\&B.............. | 7.00 | 68.00 | 650.00 |

-c. sargenti. 6 ft . Weeping dwarf Hemlock. Rare.

* 12-15 in. 2 yr. grafts ........ $\$ 5.00$ each ( 5 for $\$ 22.00$ )


## BARGAINS IN LANDSCAPE SIZE EVERGREENS

Field grown, three times transplanted, extra bushy, the largest, heaviest grade that can be shipped safely with roots in damp moss. We offer any assortment of the following:
Hemlock 15 to 18 in.
Spreading Yew 12 to 18 in .
Ke'sey Yew 12 to 18 in.
Hatfield Yew 12 to 18 in.
10 or more
@ $\$ 2.50$ each
25 or more
@ $\$ 1.90$ each
100 or more
@ $\$ 1.80$ each

These are suitable for planting out in borders, foundations, etc., at once. Minimum order is ten assorted evergreens.

# The $y_{\text {tae }}$ 

(Each) (10) (100)
TAXUS media Hatfieldi (Hatfield's Yew). 12 ft . Zone IV. A compact cone in outline. The branches are upright. Full of char acter.
*4-6 in. $X$ $\qquad$ ......
$\$ 5.00 \quad \$ 40.00$ 12-18 in. XXX............. ...... $25.00 \quad 190.00$ 24 in. B\&B .............. $\$ 9.00 \quad 85.00 \quad 750.00$
m. hicksil (Hick's). 10 ft . Zone IV. Strong, fat upright shrub. Fine hedge. Good berries.

* $6-8 \mathrm{in}$. X $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\$ 6.00 \quad \$ 45.00$
* 12 -15 in ......... 9. .00 75.00
* 12-15 in. XX ........ ........ $12.50 \quad 110.00$ $18-24$ in B\&B .... $\$ 6.5062 .50600 .00$
- Kelseyi (Berrybush Yew). 8 ft . Zone IV. Our introduction 1936 and attracting favorable comment everywhere for its wealth of red berries in autumn. Bears young. A dense, full bush.



## Photo shows (left to right)

Rear Row: Capitata, Sentinel, Pillar, Robusta, Stricta.
Front Row: Kelsey, Nana, Vermeulen, Cuspidata.

TAXUS Cuspidata capitata (Upright Yew). The natural form. Trees to 4 ft . The best type hedge Yew.

$$
(\text { Each }) \quad(10) \quad(100)
$$

* $6-8$ in. X................. ........ $\$ 6.00$ \$45.00
* 9-12 in. XX ........... ......... 15.00110 .00 12-15 in. XX .......... ........ $20.00 \quad 140.00$ $18-24$ in. B\&B...... $\$ 9.0085 .00$
- T. c. vermeuten (Upright Brevifolia). 12 ft . Zone III. Compact. Broad base and narrow top pyramid with more red berries than most.
* 4-6 in. X........................... $\$ 5.50$ \$45.00
* 8 -10 in. X................ ......... 7.5060 .00
* 10-15 in. XX............ ........ ...... 130.00 2-3 ft. B\&B.............. $8.50 \quad 80.00 \quad 750.00$

TAXUS cuspidata (Spreading Yew). 6 ft . Zone III.

|  |  | \$5.00 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-15 in. XX |  | 16.0 |  |
| 12-18 in. XXX |  | 25.00 | 190 |
| $18-24$ in. B\&B | 7.00 | 67.00 | 650 |
| $2-15$ in. B\&B | 5.50 | 50.0 |  |

- T. c. nana ("brevifolia") (Dwarf). 4 ft . Zone III. Slow growing, spreading, dense dark foliage. Picturesque.

| $\star 4-6$ | in. X.............. ...... | $\$ 5.50$ | $\$ 35.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| * $8-10$ in. X ........... ....... | 9.00 | 60.00 |  |
| * 10-12 in. XX ........ | ..... | 18.00 | 150.00 |
| 12-15 in. B\&B....... | 6.75 | 60.00 | $\ldots . . . . .$. |

## 6 Outstanding New Medias

## Vertical Types

Here are those narrow, upright forms of yew in different heights, that are so useful in landscape work.

PYRAMIDALIS (Pyramid Yew). Narrow, fast growing to 15 feet. Dark green.

FLUSHING-Like pyramidals is but darker glossy needles. Red berries.

GRANDIFOLIA (Bigleaf Yew). Needles are enormous, dark green. Otherwise Pilaris.

STRICTA (Narrowbush). Slow, to 6 feet. Narrow dwarf, compact vertical growth.

VERIDIS (Grassgreen Yew). Same as the Stricta, but bright green all winter.

ROBUSTA (Obelisk Yew). Vigorous pyramid to 18 feet. Dark green. The fastest grower.
12-15 in. XX (roots in damp moss) any 2 for $\$ 7.00,5$ for $\$ 12.50$.



## FRANKLINIA ALATAMAHA Ben Franklin's Tree

35 ft . Zone V. Large white and yellow blooms fragrant from August to frost Damp, acid, humus, blooms best in sun An extraordinary native.
Leaves bright red in autumn-while white flowers still open. The only flowering tree that blooms in late fall. Unlike most trees, small sizes need more "nursing" than larger.

|  |  |  | (Each) |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | | $(10)$ |
| :--- |
| 12 to 18 in. seedlings............ | ........ $\$ 10.00$

PAULOWNIA tomentosa (Empress Tree). large violet blooms early May, before leaves. 40 ft . Zone VI. Often winter damaged, but fragrant and beautiful.
$5-6 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{X}$ $\qquad$ $\$ 3.50$ each, 10 for $\$ 28.00$

MAGNOLIA macrophylla (Big-leaf Magnolia). 60 ft . Zone V. 18-inch leaves, foot-wide flowers May, fragrant. (also 5-6 ft. $\$ 5.00$ )
*12 to 15 in. S ........ 2 for $\$ 2.50,10 \$ 9.50$ 5 to 6 ft . ............ $\$ 5.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 20.00$

PTEROSTYRAX hispida (Epaulette Tree). If ft . Zone V. Exceedingly rare and handsome. Large hanging panicles of creamy white fragrant flowers, June. Tolerant.
*12 to 15 in. S ........ 2 for $\$ 2.50,10 \$ 9.51$ 12 to 18 in. $X$ $\qquad$ $\$ 2.50 \mathrm{ea}^{-1}$

TAXODIUM distichum (Bald Cypress) 80 ft . Zone V. Is not evergreen, but looks like one. Graceful, feathery pyramid. Very fine shade tree. Tolerant. 4 ft .
$\star 18$ to 24 in . S .... 5 for $\$ 4.00,15 \$ 15.00$
3 to 4 ft . X................ $\$ 3.00$ each, $5 \$ 12.00$

## FLOWERING TREES

Fall planting of these beautiful trees is safe and easy. Failures are seldom reported. No special fall treatment. Water regularly until freeze-up.

CERCIS canadensis (Red Bud). 20 ft . Zone IV. Rosy pink buds cover bare branches in April. Humus. Beautiful. Part shade.

* 12 -in S............... 25 for $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 9.00$
* 2.3 ft . X.............. 5 for $\$ 7.00,100 \$ 72.50$
* 4 to 5 ft ........ $\$ 4.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 15.00$

Chionanthus virginica (White Fringe). 25 ft. Zone IV. Fragrant white tassels in May. A slow tree, but worth waiting for. Good drainage.
2 to 3 ft . ........... $\$ 2.00$ each, 10 for $\$ 12.50$
4 to 5 ft . ........... $\$ 4.50$ each, 10 for $\$ 35.00$

- retusus. 18 ft . Zone V. Similar, and as handsome as the above. Blooms June-July, when few trees bloom, and for this reason very desirable. Rare.
3 to 4 ft .
$\$ 6.50$ each
CRATAEGUS cordata (Washington Thorn). 20 ft. Zone IV. Round head, bushy. Red fruit all winter.
2-3 ft. X....... $\$ 1.75,10 \$ 12.50,100 \$ 105.00$ 4 to 5 ft . X... $\$ 2.50,10 \$ 20.00,100 \$ 155.00$
- oxyeantha splendens. (Paul Scarlet Hawthorne). 20 ft . Zone IV. Showy red flowers. Red berries. Prefers sun, lime, and heavy soil-even clay. In light soils, manure.
4 to 5 ft .
$\$ 3.75,5$ for $\$ 17.50$


## MALUS-7lowering Crabs

Vigorous, hardy, and breathtaking. These small trees in season are masses of bloom.
Zone III to V. Easy to grow. Showy in May. Any one kind.

* 1 to 2 ft ........ 5 for $\$ 6.50$ ( 25 for $\$ 25.00$ ) 3 to 4 ft ........... $\$ 2.75$ each, 10 for $\$ 20.00$
Floribunda. 18 ft . Pink, opens white.
Flor. purpurea, purple leaf form.
Neidzwetzkyana. Red flower, leaf, fruit.
Almey. 25 ft . The best clear red. Red fruit. New.

Baccatta columnaris. Really narrow column to 15 ft . White.

Theifera. 25 ft . Fan-shape, open. White, fragrant.

Prince Georges. 25 ft . Very double pink. Better than Bechtels. New.

CLADRASTIS lutea (Yellow-wood) 50 ft . Zone III. Showy white, fragrant, June. Stands drought fairly well. A fine native.
$\star 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\qquad$ 10 for $\$ 10.00,100 \$ 85.00$
4 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . \$ 4.00,10 \$ 36.00,100 \$ 250.00$


## CORNUS-D ogwoods

CORNUS florida (Flowering Dogwood). 25 ft . Zone IV. Very showy white in May, red berries October on. Acid, humus.

* 12 to 18 in. ....... 25 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 18.00$ 2 ft . X................... 5 for $\$ 7.00,25 \$ 25.00$
3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . . \$ 3.00,10 \$ 25.00,100 \$ 200.00$
6 to 8 ft . ........ $\$ 7.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 25.00$
-fl. plena (Double Dogwood). Rare form with showy double white bloom. Finer than the single.
* 18 inch $\qquad$ 1 yr. 5 for $\$ 18.00$
3 to 4 ft . $\qquad$ $\$ 6.50,5$ for $\$ 28.00$
-fl. rubra (Pink Flowering). Pink flowers. No real red is known, but the clear pink is a beautiful tone. Plant in with white for best effect.
* 12 to 18 in. .... 5 for $\$ 11.00,100 \$ 155.00$ 2 to 3 ft . ........ $\$ 5.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 25.00$
- fl. Prosser. The nearly-red Dogwood. New. Much darker than rubra.
12-18 in. $\qquad$ $\$ 4.50$ $\qquad$ $3-4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00$
- kousa (Japan Flowering Dogwood). 20 ft . Zone V. Like our native C. florida, but in June and more tolerant. Bushier.
* 8 to 12 in . S $\qquad$ 25 for $\$ 5.00$
18 in . (pot) $\qquad$ $\$ 2.50,10$ for $\$ 20.00$
- kousa chinensis. Form with larger, whiter flowers.
18 inch $\$ 5.50$ $\qquad$ .4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 10.00$

KOELREUTERIA paniculata (golden rain). 25 ft . Zone V. Sun, lime, dry. Large yellow clusters in July, showy.
12 in. S............... 10 for $\$ 900100 \$ 60.00$ 4 to 5 ft . X............ $\$ 4.75$ each, $10 \$ 35.00$

LabuRNUM vassi (Hybrid Golden Chain 35 ft . Zone V. Yellow in May. Lime. Bright green stems in winter.
4 to 5 ft .......... $\$ 4.75$ each, 5 for $\$ 17.50$
MAGNOLIA stellata (Star Magnolia). 12 ft . Shrubby. Zone V. Early April sees ribbony, white, fragrant blooms.
12 to 18 inch X.... $\$ 4.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 15.00$ 18 to 24 inch X.... $\$ 5.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 20.00$
-stellata waterlily - Double pink form 18 to 24 in. X.... $\$ 6.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 25.00$

- soulangeana (Saucer Magnolia). 20 ft Zone V. Late April show of large pink blossoms, white inside.
* 12 to 18 in. ........ 5 for \$14.50, $25 \$ 55.00$ 2 to 3 ft . B\&B............ $\$ 6.00,5$ for $\$ 25.00$

MAGNOLIA glauca (Swamp Laurel). 16 ft Zone V. Prefers moist, but tolerant. Semievergreen. White blooms scattered from June to Ausust. Very fragrant.

* 6 to 8 in. X.... 5 for $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 45.00$ 15 to 18 in. X................ 10 for $\$ 27.50$
2 to 3 ft . BB $\$ 8.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 35.00$
SIEWARTIA monadelpha. 50 ft . Zone VI. Handsome tree with white flowers in July. Rare and beautiful. Acid humus. 18 to 24 in. .... $\$ 3.00$ eeach.
—ovata (pentagyna). 18 ft . Zone V. Very showy white cups 3 -inches across, July-Aug. Large bright green leaf shows orange in fall. One of the handsomest shrubby small trees.
$3-4 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . \$ 2.50,10 \$ 18.00,100 \$ 150.00$ $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$............ $\$ 3.75$ each, 10 for $\$ 30.00$
-pseudocamellia. 60 ft . Zone V. White cups in July. Good foilage turns purple in fall.
* $1-1 / 1 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. ............ $\$ 2.50$ ppd., $10 \$ 20.00$

SORBUS aucuparia (European Rowan Tree)
30. ft. Zone 11. Clusters of orange, in August. Showy.

* $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . X...... 5 for $\$ 5.50$ ( $100 \$ 60.00$ ) 4 to 5 ft . ............ $\$ 3.75,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 5.25$
_TIANSCHANICA. (Dwarf) 18 ft . Bushy. Red berries. Zone $V$.
18 to 24 in. X.... $\$ 3.50$ each.


## 2 UNUSUAL TREES

HALESIA monticola (Mountain Silverbell). 60 ft . Zone V. Profusion of whitebells in May. Acid, humus.
tetraptera. (Great Silverbell). 25 ft . Zone IV. Profusion of white bells nod in May. Acid, humus.

Sturdy young transplants of either:
2 to 3 ft . X.......... $\$ 3.00$ each, 2 for $\$ 5.50$

## HARGAINS IN YOUNG TREES

All the kinds below in the special sizes offered will succeed fully as well planted in Oct.-Dec. as in spring and they will grow $50 \%$ better next summer! Only exceptions are the Birch and Beech, which add perhaps $10 \%$ to transplanting risk by fall planting in sizes offered. (5 of one kind at 10 rate, 50 at 100 rate.)


## Shrubs <br> Safe and easy when dormant (Nov.Dec.). Merely water, prune back.

AESCULUS pavia rubra (Dwarf Red Horsechestnut). Zone $V$ to 15 ft . Bushy shrub with handsome July blooms.
12 to 15 in. X... $\$ 2.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 10.00$


ALbIZzIA julibrissin rosea (Hardy Mimosa). Almost a tree. 18 ft . Zone V. Very rare. Interesting pink flower, when blooms are scarce in July.
4 to 5 feet ........ $\$ 4.00$ each, 5 for $\$ 15.00$ AMELANCHIER Canadensis. 20 ft . Zone IV. Thin, bushy shrub or tree. Gay white show in early April.

* 12 in. S............. 25 for $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 17.00$ 2 to 3 ft . ........ $\$ 2.25$ each, 10 for $\$ 18.00$
CLETHRA ainifolla Rosea. 7 ft . Zone IV. Pink fragrant spikes. Vary from July to August. Acid soil. Rare form.
12 to 15 inch $\qquad$ $\$ 2.00,5$ for $\$ 9.00$ CYTISUS scoparius (Common broom). 4 to 8 ft . Zone V. Bushy, upright stems. Yellow, May-June. Drain. Sun. Perhaps the best cover for dry banks. A sight in bloom.
* 12 to 18 in. S.... 10 for $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 35.00$ 3-inch pots ................ $\$ 2.00,10$ for $\$ 15.00$ 4-inch pots $\qquad$ $\$ 3.00,10$ for $\$ 25.00$
- praecox (Warminister Broom). 5 ft . Zone V. Amazing shower of pale yellow in May. Outstanding.
3-inch pots $\$ 2.00,10$ for $\$ 15.00$
4-inch pots $\qquad$ $\$ 3.00,10$ for $\$ 25.00$
DAPHNE mezereum alba (February Daphne). 3 ft . Upright. Zone IV. In April has good white masses of bloom. Sun, lime. Foliage apt to suffer in hot summers, so give part shade south of Boston.
$8-12$ in. $X$........ $\$ 2.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 10.00$
-Genkwa (Lilac Daphne). 3 ft . Zone V. Lilac clusters in April.
12-15 in. X........ $\$ 3.50$ each, 5 for $\$ 15.00$
EUONYMUS alatus compacta (Winged Euonymus). 5 ft . Zone III. Pink-Crimson autumn leaves. Very showy. Neat, dense form.
* $21 / 4$ in. (pots) .... 10 for $\$ 7.50,100 \$ 60.00$ $1^{1 / 2}$ to 2 ft ....... $\$ 2.50$ each, 2 for $\$ 4.50$

FORSYTHIA Spring Glory. A new pale yellow hybrid; very showy, hardy. Zone IV.

* 1 -year 10 for $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 35.00$
$1 / 2$ to 2 ft .... $\$ 1.25 \quad 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . \$ 1.50$ -Lynwood gold. Largest of all Forsythia flowers. Rich yellow.
* 1 year .......... 10 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 45.00$ 2 to 3 ft .... $\$ 1.75,10$ for $\$ 15.00$
HAMAMELIS mollis (Chinese Witch-Hazel). Very showy yellow. Feb. and March. 20 ft . Zone V.
2 to 3 ft . X $\qquad$ $\$ 5.00$ each
-japonica (Japanese Witch-Hazel).
*12-15 in. 2 for $\$ 2.50,10 \$ 22.50$
2 to 3 feet X.............................. $\$ 5.00$ each
ILEX verticillata (Winterberry). 15 ft . Zone III. Dampness preferred. Many red berries all winter. A show.
* 12 in. S............ 25 for $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 15.00$
$1^{1 / 2}$ to 2 feet ...... $\$ 2.00$ each, $10 \$ 18.00$
MYRICA carolinemsis (Bayberry). 6 ft . Zone II. A shapely rounded bush. Good foliage. Barren, sandy soils.
6 to 12 in . ........ 10 for $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 45.00$ 12 in. B\&B ........ 5 for $\$ 10.00,25 \$ 20.00$


## SYRINGA Lilacs

All tolerant, but need extra lime.

## NAMED FRENCH LILACS

Huge fragrant trusses in many colors. Both " $S$ " (Single) and " $D$ " (Double) forms are charming. Ratings below are by experts 10.0 would be perfect. Color notes are mere indications.

Any 5 below $18-24$ inch for $\$ 8.50$-postpaid. (25 for $\$ 30.00$ )

Elien Wilmott (8.0) - D. White.
Evangeline (6.0) D. Magenta. Early.
Hugo Koster (5.9) - S. Lilac.
Lamartine (6.9) - S. Early pink.
Ludwig Spaeth (7.8) — S. Purple.
Marechal Foch (8.3) - S. Pink.
Nocturne (6.0) S. Blue. Late.
Pascal (6.0) S. Lilac. Early.
Pres. Poincare (6.8) - D. Pink to purple.
Pres. Lincain (7.8) - S. Clear Blue.
Royalty (8.0) - S. Purple. Late.
Vauban (6.2) - D. Pink. Early.

## THREE RARE SHRUBS

FOTHERGILLA par.ifolia. 2 ft Zone V . Spreading shrub, with unusual showy white spikes but in April, bafore the leaves.
12 to 18 inch $\$ 2.50,5$ for $\$ 10.00$
ENKIANTHUS campanulatus. 15 ft . Zone IV. Red-veined yellow flowers in May. Brilliant red autumn leaves. Humus, acid, as for Rhododendrons.
18 inch $X$. $\qquad$ $\$ 2.50,5$ for $\$ 10.00$
CORYLOPSIS sinensis. 15 ft . Zone V . Clusters of pale yellow, April, before the leaves.
12 to 15 inch X.... $\$ 2.50,5$ for $\$ 10.00$

PHILADELPHUS Virginal. 8 ft . Double, fragrant, translucent white blossoms load the bush in June. Then more sparsely through summer. Zone V.

* 1 year .......... 10 for $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 28.00$ 3 to 4 ft .................. \$1.50, 10 for $\$ 12.50$
- Minnesota snowflake (new). Double, fragrant, large flowers. Zone III.
18 to 24 in. .. $\$ 1.50,10 \$ 12.50,100 \$ 110.00$ 2 to 3 ft . ............ $\$ 1.75$ each, 10 for $\$ 15.00$

VIBURNUM burkwoodi. 6 ft . one V. New hybrid, with fragrant pink blooms in May, borne young. Half evergreen.
$\star 2$ in. (pots) .... 5 for $\$ 4.00100 \$ 60.00$
12 to 18 inch $X$........ \$1.50, 10 for $\$ 12.50$


OLD-FASHIONED LILACS
SYRINGA vulgaris. 15 ft . Zone III. Spreads by suckers to huge clumps. Purple, May. Fragrant.

* 12 in. S............ 25 for $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 18.00$ 2 to 3 ft . $\qquad$ $\$ 1.25,2$ for $\$ 2.35$
v. alba. White form of above.

2 to 3 ft . $\qquad$ \$1.25, 2 for $\$ 2.35$

# FRUITS and NUTS 

## All can be planted in Oct.-Nov., almost <br> a year gained over next Spring and

## Crafted English Walnut

Grafted on black walnut roots, it beromes hardy in Zone V and can be grown safely and fruited easily.
Franquette-a fine variety, thin shells. 2 year grafts....... $\$ 4.25$ each, 3 for $\$ 11.50$

## European Filberts

Shrub to 15 feet, hardy in Zone III. Because of pollination, all three of the following varieties ought to be planted together: Barcellona, DuChilly, and Daviana.
Strong 2 -year plants. $\qquad$ 3 for \$11.50, 6 for $\$ 22.00$

## NEW AMERICAN MULBERRY

Ever-bearing, from June until September. - Large, refreshing berries without the maw. kish sweetness of most varieties. Zone IV. $4-5 \mathrm{ft}$. trees........ $\$ 3.75$ each, 10 for $\$ 28.50$

## BEACH PLUM

Prunus maritima grows 6 to 8 ft . high, hardy into Zone III. Thrives in gardens better than on seashores. Good drainage. Fine, useful plums.
$1^{1 / 2}-2$ feet $\qquad$ . $\$ 2.00$ eaach, 25 for $\$ 20$.

## MEDLAR

Mespilus germanica Zone V. Small tree, with pear-like fruit, of unique, soft, acid flavor, must ripen after picking.
1 year grafts $\qquad$ $\$ 3.00,3$ for $\$ 7.50$


## BLACK WALNUTS-Zone IV.

One of our most beautiful native trees, growing well in any fertile well drained soil. The grafted sorts bear their first nuts commonly in the third to fifth year. $\checkmark$ Thomas is a rapid-growing tree. The meat is attractive and tasty, falls out easily in halves.

2 to 3 feet............ $\$ 3.50$ each, 3 for $\$ 10.00$
$\checkmark$ Chinese chestnut
(Castanea mollissima).
Similar to the American in flavor (sweet) but inured to the Chestnut blight. Zone V. Bears very young. Needs cross pollenizing, we will not sell less than 3 trees:
1 to $11 / 2$ feet S.... 10 for $\$ 1100,10065$. 2 to 3 feet $X$.. 3 for $7.50,10$ for $\$ 20$. 5 to 6 feet X.. 3 for $10.50,10$ for $\$ 30$.

## Huge Hybrid Blueberries

Really beautiful as specimens or in hedges. Suited for use in small quantities in the small garden. A 100 -foot hedge will pay about $\$ 25$ worth of berries a year! (Spaced 18 ins.)

## Why Wait! Plant Some NOW!

And enjoy the berries sooner. Not only will they add to your garden but each bush will pay for itself many times over! Hardy throughout U.S.A.

## NAMED KINDS

(Each) (10) (25)
(100)

2 year, 6 to 12 inches
.................................................... ...... \$ $9.50 \$ 18.00$
$\$ 70.00$
3 year, 12 to 18 inches ................................................... $\$ 1.50$ 12.50 $\quad 26.00 \quad 100.00$
3 year, 18 to 24 inches .................................................. $2.00 \quad 15.00 \quad 33.00 \quad 120.00$
MIXED: (All varieties are splendid eating)
12 to 18 inches (our selection) ........................................ ...... $10.00 \quad 21.00 \quad 80.00$
18 to 24 inches (our selection) ......................................... ...... $12.50 \quad 26.00 \quad 100.00$
Jersey. Large, vigorous. Hardiest. Early July.
Pemberton. Vigorous bush, large berries. Midseason. Firm, slight aroma.
Rancocoas. Early, good quality.
June. Erect bush. Early. Dark blue berries.
Rubel. Tall grower, erect. Late.
Weymouth. Earliest of all. Dark berries, best used for cooking.
Set the plants in beds 4 feet apart each way. Several varieties should be included is every planting, as an exchange of pollen is necessary to produce good crops of berries Or order "mixed" if you wish-we will assort for good pollenization. All varieties are almost equally fine.

Blueberries require an acid soil containing peat or other rotted vegetable matter. They need a moderate supply of soil-moisture, and good drainage so that the roots can get air during the growing season.


## Dwarf MeIntosh Apple

Planting Depth should be so that the graft is just above the ground or an inch above. If too deep the scion develops its own roots and tree is no longer dwarf. If too high, rootstock suckers.

Every single kind

## Dwarf Fruits

A tree whose fruit is as large or larger than ordinary, but which never grows very tall-perhaps ultimately 12 to 15 feet. Space 12 feet apart.

A dwarfed tree can be sprayed, pruned and picked by hand without ladders, equipment or professional skill. It bears much earlier in life, in its third or fourth year at latest-often earlier-and carries amazing loads of fruit. Dwarfed fruits (especially Plums and Peach) are less liable to borers and other pests.

| PRICES: All kinds listed below: |
| :--- |
| 1 year-Not branched ............ $\$ 2.60$ |
| 2 year-Branched ................ 3.90 | | Add $50 \phi$ |
| :---: |
| packing |

on orders
3 year-Heavier .................... 5.25 under \$10

All three ages are about the same height. Most are 3 to 4 feet high, but apples often are still dwarfer. If extra dwarf apples wanted, specify Malling 9.
offered on these pages is suitable throughout Northeast America, as far north as hardy.

## Dwarf Espaliers <br> U-Form <br> 4 to 6 fest Apples Pears (only) <br> Four-Arm 5-6 ft. (heavy) (4 feat wide) Applas Pears $\$ 16.75$ each <br>  <br> 

 from nearby trees of different variety is often needed. Noted on these pages by:- -self-unfruitful. Do not plant by itself, but always with another variety of the same fruit. (P)—good pollenizer.



Available in most varieties on page 51 PRICES (each) (postpaid)
APPLES-2-year., 5 ft . $1 \mathrm{l} / 16 \mathrm{in}$. ..... \$2.00
CHERRIES—2-yr., $5 \mathrm{ft} .11 / 16 \mathrm{in}$ ..... 2.65
PEACHES—1-yr., 4-5 ft. 9/16 ..... 1.65
PEARS—2-yr., 4-5 ft. ..... 2.00
PLUMS—2-yr., 4-5 ft. ..... 2.00
APRICOT-2-yr., 4-5 ft. ..... 2.00
NECTARINE-|-yr., 3-4 ft. ..... 1.85
QUINCE-2-yr., 4-5 ft. ..... 2.50

## Varieties Available in Fruits

## Apples (Malus) Zone III.

Standard: Space 25 ft ., bear 7th year. Dwarf: Space 12 ft ., bear 3rd year.

## CRAB APPLES

Hyslop. Large, purplish red. Flesh yellow, pleasant. Biennial bearer.
Dolgo. Handsome flowering crab. Makes ruby red juice. Sept.

## SUMMER APPLES

Red Astrachan. (P) Large striped red. Young biennial bearer. Eating, cooking. Early Mcintosh. (P—best for Northern Spy). Like McIntosh. Biennial bearer. Eating, cooking, baking.
Yellow Transparent. Golden, juicy. Young biennial bearer. Cooking.
Buchess Oldenherg. (P) Extra hardy, large striped. Biennial. Eating, baking.

## AUTUMN APPLES

Gravenstein. Large striped red. Good quality. Eating and cooking.

- McIntosh. (P) Striped; delicate, aromatic flesh. Young annual bearer. Eating, sooking, baking.
- Red McIntosh. (P) Solid red form.

Wealthy. (P) Striped red, wonderful flavor, juicy. Young annual bearer. Eating, cooking, baking.

## WINTER APPLES

Baldwin. Large, red, hardy, good quality. Biannial bearer. Eating, cooking.

- Cortland. (P-best for McIntosh.) Larger, late keeplng McIntosh. Annual begrap. Esting, cooking.
- Cox Orange. Delicious dessert quality. Madium siza red.
- Delicieus. (P) Crimson Crisp, tender, juicy. Annual bearer. Eating.
- Golden Deliclous. Large, yollow. Marvelous fiavor. Young annual bearer. Eating, cooking.
Russet. Highest quality cider-apple. Spring eating, baking.
- Northern Spy. ( $P$-for all but McIntosh). Large red, striped, high flavor. Annual baarer. Eating, coaking.
- Red Delicious. (P) Solid red strain.

Rhode Island Greening. Large green-yellow. Annual. Eating.
Jonathan. (P) Small, but crisp, juicy, sorightly. Biennial. Eating.
Rome Beauty. (P) Heavy annual bearer. Striped, large. Eating, cooking.

- Stayman Winesap. Young annual bearer. Zone V or South. Crisp, winey, juicy. Bokiag, oatiog.
- The Lady Apple. Delicious, beautiful, but very small. Extra healthy. Eating, cooking. (Dwarfs only.)
Winter Paarmain. Medium size, green and red. Oldest variety known (to Plymouth Colony from Englanid). Good quality. Extra hatithy. Eating, cooking. (Dwarfs only.)


## Pears (Pyrus) Zone IV.

$\checkmark$ Dwarf: Space $12 \mathrm{ft}$. , bear 3rd year. Standard: Space 20 ft ., bear 6th year.

- Bartlett. Large, rich, juicy, golden. Canning, eating. Early Sept.
- Beurre Basc. Very large, rich, juicy. Late Sept.-Nov. Eating.
Duchess d'Angouleme. Extra large, greenish yellow, spotted. Excellent. Long-lived. Young bearer.
- Clapp Favorite. (P) Fruit large, pale, fine-grained, juicy. August.
- Seekel. Small, attractive. Blight-resistant. Sept.-Oct. Eating, pickles.
- Gorham. A bartlett, 3 weeks later.
- Anjou. Large yellow. Tender, very juicy, spicy, rich. Eating. October.


## Peach Zone V.

Needs annual pruning of excess branches.
Standard: Space 16 ft ., bear 3rd year.
Dwarf: Space 10 ft ., bear 2nd year.
Belle of leergla. White, rich flavor. Vigorous, productive. Sept. Extra hardy.
Champion. White, firm, sweet, juicy, thinskinned. Extra hardy. Eating, cooking, canning. Sept.
Elberta. Yollow. Fruit large, firm, and excellent for canning. Sept. 15.
Early Ellerta. Similar, but a week earlier.
Goiden Juhlises. Yellow. Aug. Extra hardy. Juicy, sweet, yollow flesh.

- J. H. Hals. Yellow, large, firm. Not vigorous but very delicious. Sept.
Vallant. Yollow, extra hardy. Late August. Large, good fruit.
- Hale Haven. A marvelous large yellow paach. Hardy. Delicious flavor. Early Sept.


## Apricot (Prunus) Zone V.

Standard: Space 18 ft ., bear 4th year.
Dwarf: Space 10 ft ., bear 3rd year.

- Moorpark. Large yellow, red cheek. Aug.
- Early Geldan. Fine flavor, medium large, fuzzless, pale orange.


## Quince (Cydonia) Zone IV.

Standard: Space 16 ft ., bear 5th year.

- Dwarf: Space 10 ft ., bear 3rd year.
v Orange. Large yellow. Sept. Preserves.


## TWO RARE FRUITS

Atlantic Queen Pear - succeeds under the most adverse conditions, including soushore. Extra healthy. Immense, yellow green, juicy, aromatic, melting flesh. 1 yr. dwarf $\$ 5.50$.
Mirabelle Plum - Small, round yellow fruit, much esteomed in France. Unique, pleasant flavor. Stone free. Firm, tender, mild flosh. 2 year old dwarf $\$ 7.50^{\prime}$

## Cherries (Prunus)

Need extra heavy pruning when planted. Standards: Space 20 ft ., bear 5 th year $\checkmark$ Dwarfs: Space 12 ft ., bear 3rd year.

## SOUR (P. Avium) Zone IV.

Early Richmond. Clear red, medium sized. June. One of the best.
Montmorency. Largest, firm flesh. Disease resistant. Finest quality. June.
English Morelio. Best late variety. MidJuly. Tart, large, red.

SWEET (P. cerasus) Zone V.

- Black Tartarian. (P-best.) Purplish black. Juicy, rich flavor. June.
- Windsor ("Black Oxheart"). Large, dark, juicy, firm. Late July.
- Napoleon ("Whita Oxheart"). Rich, sweet yellow. Late June.
- Schmidt Bigereau. Huge black. Delicious. Early July.

Plums (Prunus) Zone III.
Dwarf: Space 12 ft ., bear 3rd year. Standard: Space 20 ft ., bear 5 th yr. Trifloras and European varicties do not cross-pollinate.

## TRIFLORAS (P. Salacina)

- Abundance. Red, medium sized. Flesh yellow, juicy. Vigorous, productive. Ass.
- Burbank. Red, medium sized. Flesh yellow, very juicy. Late Aug.
Santa Rosa. Large juicy red. Aug.
- Formosa. Large yellow. Sept.

EUROPEAN (P. domestica)
German Prune. Large dark blue. Aug.

- Lombard. Medium-size, juicy, dark red.

A hardy, prolific. Sept.

- Reine Claude (Bavay's Green Gage). Large yellow. Late Sept.
Stanley. Large dark blue prune. Annual bearer. Late Sept.
Damson. Small, purple. Cnoking. Sent.
- Shiro. Gold, juicy. August.
- Bradshaw. Large dark violet. Annual bearer. Delicious quality. Sept.

High quality grapes on far less vigorous (and less troublesome) vines.

No permanent canes needed; only a short trunk or shank. Grapes grow on new wood, which is pruned away each year.

Most kinds bear about Concord time. Bacco, Florence, Angele are perhaps two weeks earlier. Siebel 14 and Jacques Wolf, a week later.

North American grape vines yield an unpleasant foxy flavor, tough skin, coarse seeds, and other inferior qualitias that make them undesirable either as table or wine grapes.

The European Grape (Vitis vinifera) is far superior to our native grapes. However, it has not the stamina to withstand sub-zero weather and succumbs disastrously to diseases, while our hardy native grapes remain immune.

Breeders have produced varieties that combine the best qualities of both species to produce the ideal grape vine: namely, resiliency to our cold climate and diseases; absence of all foxiness, as with the old Concord. These Hybrid Grapes possess a pleasant sweetness and a certain native fruitiness, that makes them in many respects far superior to the California as either fine table or excellent wine grapes.

They lend themselves to Spur pruning. This quality simplifies the pruning and care of the vines and permits one to easily train them into permanent pleasing patterns. They can be grown even on a six foot pole, to produce from 10 to 30 pounds of luscious grapes. The clusters are of immense size, some of the varieties have as many as 150 big clusters the second year planted.
Grape Culture calls for plenty of humus in the soil. Old manure is far the best form, to produce vigorous spring growth. Extra moisture is needed as fruits fatten in summer. Otherwise grapes may be small, dry.


STURDY, WELL ROOTED VINES - Zone V.

## 2 Year No. 1

\$2.75 each postpaid
BACCO No. 1-Fine strong growing plant, excelient for trellises, dary rad, medium size berries, good wine and table grape
SEIBEL No. 1-Black, long clusters, tart, fine fnr wine and jelly.
SEIBEL No. 14-Enormous big clusters, shouldered cluster, big berries good table and wine grape. Black.
WESTCHESTER-Roseate white, long clusters, verv aweet, finest for table and wine, very abundant bearer, absolutely free of foxiness.
MADELEINE-White Muscat, big berries, long clusters, finest of table grapes.
FLORENCE-Pink, loose cluster, big berries, extremely sweet, very prolific, fine table grape.
ANGELE-Black medium berries, loose cluster, very sweet, absolutely vinifera, finest table grape.
JACQUES WOLF-Black grape, big cluster, fine for wine and jelly. (Aestivalis $X$ St. Jacques.) Vinifera.
SEIBEL No. 5860-Good table and wine grape, white, good all around qualities.
$>$ MARGUERITE-Black grape, big cluster, good for table.

- ELLEN SCOTT-Red, very sweet, fine table grape.



## NARCISSUS

A bag of 25 double-nose bulbs of any one kind below priced at $\$ 3.75$

## Trumpets

Dawson City-Golden yellow, large trumpet, flat perianth.
Emperor-Rich yellow trumpet, primrose perianth. Old favorite.
King Aifred-Bold golden trumpet. Sturdy. Deeply frilled. Popular.

## Short Cups

Stolberg-Pure white cup on cream.
Cariton ("Nimrod")-Outstanding giant. Clear yellow, huge frilled cup, almost a trumpet.
Lady Diana Manners-Orange-red cup on creamy white perianth.
Nette O'Melvensy-Tall white. Crown yellow, orange picotee edge.
Scarlet Elegance-Scarlet on yellow.

## Poetaz

Several flowers on each stem, tall, extra hardy, vigorous, fragrant.
Scarlet Gem-Primrose-yellow and deep orance. Good forcer.
L'mno^ance-White perianth, large soft orange cup.

10 EACH OF 5 NEWER, BEITER NARCISSUS the bag of 50 double-nose bulbs .... $\$ 10.00$ Mrunt Hool.-Pure white, large, showy. Golden Harvest.-All-yellow giant. Soariet Leader-Pure white, red crown. Disk Welband.-Pure white, fiery orange. Ger?nium.-Many fragrant orange and white.

## $S_{\text {pring }}$ Bulbs for Fall Planting

Order Julips Now!
Any tulip here listed is priced $\$ 5.75$ per bag of 50 . Top size 12 centimeter bulbs. 50 of one kind minimum order. This figures out to the low price of $111 / 2 \mathrm{C}$ ea.


10 EACH OF 5 BETTER, NEWER TULIPS the bag of $50 \ldots 11 \mathrm{~cm}$. bulbs . $\$ 6.50$ Red Emperor. Outstanding early red. Discovery. Huge frilled rose "parrot". Glacier (Darwin). Large, entirely white. Smiling Queen (Cottage). Clear rose, with satin rose, lighter edges.
Mamasa (Darwin). Fine showy yellow.

## DARWIN TULIPS

(May: $11 / 2$ to 3 ft . Lift every 2 years.)
The showiest tulips. Magnificently large blooms, strong vigorous stems.
Bartigon-Fine fiery red. Large.
Chappaqua-Outstanding tall pink.
City of Haarlem-Immense scarlet, blue base, white edge.
Clara Butt-Beautiful soft salmon rose. Most popular color in Darwins.
Farncombe Sanders-Famous large scarlet, clear white base.
Faust-Purple maroon, blue base.
Giant-Large, tall purple-violet with blue and white base.
Gloria Swanson-Carmine, with blue.
La Tulipe Noire--Very dark maroon, velvety. The "Black Tulip."
Niphetos-Cream outside, soft yellow .ow inside. Long flower. Outstanding.
Pride of Haarlem-Large, old rose.
Princess Elizabeth-Rose-lilac, edged rose. White base.
Victory (d'Oliviera)-Solid brilliant red with black and white center.
Yellow Giant-Large, tall, bright yellow with black base.
Zwanenburg - Large, tall. Pure white throughout except for black stamens.

Red Emperor Tulip. Huge red goblet that has caused such a sensation wherever sean this past spring. Vary early, tall, enormously long petals, black base.
Bag of 25 ( 12 cm. ) for ............... $\$ 3.50$
DOUBLE EARLY TULIPS
Orange Nassau-Orange and scarlet.
Peach Blossom-Soft rosy pink.
Mt. Vander Hoep-Good yellow.

## Bulbs for Naturalizing

It is not generally realized how many kinds of bulbs may be permanently planted-to last for decades if properly set out, giving a yearly show of bloom.

## NATURALIZING NARCISSUS

Not all kinds do equally well when naturalized, and we have selected a special assortment for this purpose. All types represented, including daffodils.
(100) (1000)

Top size round bulbs............ $\$ 7.50 \quad \$ 65.00$

## MIXED TULIPS FOR MASSING

Sold only in bags of 100. Size of bulb $11-12 \mathrm{~cm}$, the "first-size" of most bulb catalogs.
(100) (1000)

Darwin Tulips .................... $\$ 8.00 \$ 75.00$
Cottage Tulips .................... 8.0075 .00

## MUSCARI GRAPE HYACINTHS

(the to 1 ft . April) The drifts of blue are immensely effective. Shade. (100) (1000) Armeniacum-Huge .............. $\$ 4.50 \$ 40.00$
CHIONODOXA Glory-of-the-Snow
( $1 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. March) Like blue Snowdrops. Permanent.
(100) (1000) Lucilea-Clear blue
$\$ \$ 40$ \$40.00

## GALANTHUS SNOWDROPS

( $1 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. White, March) Remain a lifetime | in bloom. | $(100)$ | $(1000)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Single $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ |  |  | Biouble ......................................00 64.00

## HERE'S PROOF OF

HOW YOU SAVE . . .
when you buy top-size
This actual photograph shows two tulip bulbs of the same kind exactly. Only the size of the bulb was different growing conditions were identical. You can see clearly the vast difference in the final result . . . the larger bulb produces a bigger, healthier plant, and a very much larger flower.

## COTTAGE TULIPS <br> ("May-flowering")

Usually bloom in mid-May. Easier to grow, need not be lifted every few years. Tall, sturdy stems-the newer kinds as sturdy as Darwins and with large flowers.
Carrara-Purest white, ivory stamen.
Mazeppa-Extremely brilliant, rich red. White center.
Mrs. Scheepers-Stunning tall golden. Long petals. Outstanding.
Werld's Fair-Imposing large, tall, brilliant rose. Cream base.
Marshall Haig-Scarlet, gold base.
Yellow Emperor-Metallic golden-yellow. Large bloom, strong stem.

## HYACINTHS

For outdoor use, these are enormously showy and very reliable. They naturalize readily, provided a size not too small, nor too large is used. We offer 15 to 16 centimeter bulbs: any one color (red, pure white, sky blue, yellow) a bag of 25 for $\$ 4.00$. 100, 4 bags, for $\$ 14.00$.

## SCILLA

| (1 ft. April) Thrive in bare | sandy |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spring Beauty | (100) | (1000) |
| Blue, huge | \$8.00 | \$70.00 |
| Campanulata- <br> White, Blue, Pink | 5.50 | 50.00 |

## CROCUS

( $1 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. April)-The Dutch Crocus-showiest of all early Spring flowers. PERMANENT when planted in sunny well-drained soil. 8 to 9 cm . bulbs. (100) (1000)
Mixed colors
.. $\$ 5.50 \quad \$ 45.00$
Named colors ................................ $7.50 \$ 65.00$

## PERENNIALS ${ }_{\text {thatr }}^{\text {tanter }}$ FALL

Some perennial plants seldom succeed with spring planting; others (like early spring wildflowers) take spring planting reluctantly-really do far better in fall. On these pages most kinds that ought to be fall planted are listed. (In addition most ordinary perennials will succeed in fall as well as in spring, and may be ordered from our spring 1955 Short Guide.)

## MODERN BEARDED IRIS

 are exciting, bright, clean colors . . . are huge, with often several flowers to a stem. They are nothing at all like old-fashioned German Iris of even twelve or fifteen years ago. The best of the new ones as they come out sell for very high prices, but when available in quantity the price drops. Here are 24 such, still considered among the top quality, but which are now available at $\$ 1$. or less:Azure Skies-Ruffled, lavender, blue, solid color. Low \$. 50

Blue Shimmer--Creamy white, edged and dappled blue. $\$ .60$

China Maid-Blended pink, bronze and lilac. Still good. \$. 65

El Capitan-Giant lavendar blue, on 40 inch stems. \$. 50

Elmohr-Many, very large purple blooms. $\$ .75$

Frlda Mohr-Large, perfect, tall lilac-rose. $\$ .50$

Gireat Lakes-Pure blue, lighter beard. Grand. $\$ .60$
Gudrun-Several huge pure white blooms per stem. $\$ .50$

Indlan Chlef-Light red and velvet red. Extra fine. $\$ .50$

Lady Mohr-Oyster white and chartrouse. Impressive. \$. 75

Master Charles-Glowing mulberry purple. Brilliant. \$. 75
Mulberry Rose-Pinkish mulberry-brown. Unusual. \$.75
Ola Kala-Deep yellow, ruffled. Striking in landscape. $\$ .75$
Ormohr-Immense blooms of silvery violet, veined violet. $\$ .75$
Pink Satin-Solid pink. Clean. $\$ .50$
Rosy Wings_Pinkish brown, orange beard. Fragrant. \$. 75
Sharkskin-Very large, very white. Showiest. $\$ .85$
Snow Flurry-Blue-white; icy and perfectly formed. $\$ 1.00$
The Red Douglas-Large, reddish, orange beard. $\$ .75$
The Black Douglas-All black violet. Excellent. $\$ .75$

Tiffanja-Yellow cream, touched with tan. Very fine. $\$ .60$

Wabash-Still thought the finest iris. Violet and white. $\$ .50$

## Wild Flowers

## Dog Tooth Violet

Erythronium americanum-6-inch. Attractive mottled foliage. Bright yellow flowers in early spring. 6 for $\$ 1.35$ postpaid. $\$ 12$. per 100 express not paid.

## Trillium

Favorite lily-like natives, for shady woods. Flowers must not be picked. Any one kind 5 for $\$ 1.50$ postpaid. ( $\$ 20$. per 100 express not paid.)
Trillium grandiflorum-Large white flowers in May, turn pink as they age.
Trillium undulatum (Painted Trillium) Large scarlet and white flowers.

## Jack-in-the-Pulpit

Arisaema triphyllum-8-inch. Maroon in May. Humus, light shade, moist. 3 for $\$ 1.00 ; 10$ for $\$ 2.50$ postpaid.

## Virginia Blue Bells

Mertensia Virginica-1 foot. Sheets of brilliant blue in early spring. Part shade. 3 for \$1.50; 6 for $\$ 2.50$ postpaid.

## Bloodroot

Sanguinaria canadensis - 18-inch. Pinkwhite in April. Rich soil in shade. 5 for $\$ 1.50$ postpaid; $\$ 15$. per 100 express.

## Lilies

75 deach, any 6 for $\$ 3.25$
Auratum-Large white, dark spots and gold band. (Set 6 in. deep.)
Candidum (Madonna)-Huge, fragrant white in July. (Set 4 in. deep.)
Speciosum magnificum - White, overlaid pink. Spotted. (Set 6 in. deep.)

## True Bleeding Heart

Dicentra spectabilis. Old favorite. Showy pink all summer. Space 19 inches, shade. Plant early in spring or better in fall. 3 for $\$ 1.85,6$ for $\$ 3.50$.

## Oriental Poppies

Bloom May-June, tolerant, any good soil. Water well. Plant Aug.'Sept. $85 \phi$ each (ppd.). Any 6 for $\$ 3.75$
Beauty of Livermore-Dark, crimson.
Curtis Giant-Flesh-pink, tinted lavender. Often over 9 -inch diameter.
Henry Cayeux Improved-Ashes of roses. Very large flowars.
Indian Chief-The best dark red. New. Vigorous, free blooming.
Mrs. Perry-Solid salman pink.
Perry's White-Large white, maroon center.


## Lady Slippers

Orchids, hardy outdoors in moist, peaty shade. Bloom in May. 3 of one kind $\$ 2.50$ 6 for $\$ 4.50$ postpaid. (3 each three kinds $\$ 7.00$ postpaid.)
Cypripedium pubescens-Yellow Lady Slipper. Bright color.
Cypripedium spectabile-Showy Lady Slipper. Rosy pink, white sepals.
Cypripedium Candidum-White Lady Slipper. Easiest to grow.

## Liverleaf Hepatica

Hepatica triloba- 6 -inch. Flowers vary from pink to blue-white, early spring. Acid, shade. 3 for $\$ 1.25$; 6 for $\$ 2.00$ postpaid.


## The New DAY-LILIES

All gay, clean colors - not one of the old-fashioned "browns" are included. Here are the best in each color and season. Sun or shade; disease-free. Each kind blooms absut 4 weeks. These new kinds are sensationally handsomer than old-fashioned day. lilies: Jarger, brighter, showier.

| 4 months of bloom | 3 Creams (All 3 for $\$ 2.00$ ) | 3 Clear Yellows (All 3 for $\$ 4.00$ ) | 3 Good Pinks (All 3 for \$4.10) | 3 Purple-reds (All 3 for $\$ 4.00$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Early <br> (May-June) | Pale Morn-ivice pale yel!ow. Reliable. <br> $2^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. $\qquad$ $\$ .75$ | Earliana-Very fine early gold $\qquad$ $\$ 1.25$ | Baby Tears - Rosy-red ruffled. Profuse, early. $\$ 120$ | Purple Waters - Wine purple. Very vigorous. |
| Midseason (July) | Patricia-Creamy yellow, green throat. Fragrant. | Hyperion-The finest of all. Rich, waxy, tall. $\$ .75$ | Symphony - pastel rose, yellow, striped red. $\$ 1.35$ | Port-Port wine on wellbranched stems. $\$ 1.35$ |
| Late (August) | High Boy-Very pale. <br> 5 ft . high $\qquad$ $\$ .75$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { Autumn } & \text { Prince-Blooms } \\ \text { to frost. Splendid. } \$ 2.25 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rosalind - (fulva rosea) } \\ & \text { pinkest of all. ....... } \$ 1.75 \end{aligned}$ | Persian Princess-Valvetred, purple. .......... \$1.50 |



SPECIAL: World's highest rated peonies in 3 colorsLeCygne ( 9.9 white); Therese ( 9.8 pink); Philippe Rivoire ( 9.2 red); for $\$ 8.00$ postpaid.

PERENNIALS last for years in the ground. One plant in New England has been recorded at four generations.

HARDINESS is sufficient to grow most kinds up to Zone IV. Extra hardy sorts include: Aquilegia, Campanulas, Dianthus, Delphinium, Hemerocallis, Iris Lilium, Peony, Phlox.


Because of their novelty and great beauty, Tree Peonies are rapidly becoming one of the most desired plants. They bloom earlier than ordinary Chinese Peonies and their flowers are of immense size. These plants ar established in 5 inch pots and can be moved safely at any time.

Reine Elizabeth. Brilliant salmon-rose. Double.
Souv. de Ducher. Reddish-violet, silvery reflex, double.
Argosy. Bright yellow. Single
Flambeau. Salmon-red, double.
Satin Rouge. Double blood-orange.
Flora. Immense single white.
 specimen self-supported bushes 5 to 8 feet tall-some
 They grow sturdy like climbers, but not so high. May


 ends of all stems the same year they grow. Red, pink, te woolg 'ssaupprey oraz-qns •awuns |ex swoolq it a8se|



## New! Everblooming Pillars

Queen $0^{\prime}$ the Lakes. Sensational large crimson. New

 wherever seen in the past year. All the color and size flower. This fine new red has attracted instant friends


Vigor, health, and constancy. New.
Curly Pink. Clusters of large two-toned pink all summer.
Lily Pons. Cream, large. Vigorous, free bloomer.

* Lafter. Sparkling orange and yellow, semi-double.
 premature defoliation. Blooms all summer.
* Pink Princess. Bud red, flower deep pink. Free from
favorite Brow:ell varieties:




## New Class! Grandifloras

Copper Glow. Deep coppery orange. Delightful spicy fra-

Golden Climber (Mrs. A. C. James). Best yellow climber
 Elegance. Very large, perfect blooms. White with shaded 3 Brownell Climbers
Vigorous, extra hardy, vivid. Large, double blooms, yellow and orange


 For ground cover, on walls, on fences. s.odeod) ॥эимодя $\dagger$
flowers in clusters. Gives beautiful color all summer Nearly Wild. Larger than most wild roses, single pink






sopunquioly |lәuмоля s

Cedric Adams. Scarlet and crimson, large and double.
Sun Up. Rich, clear china-rose.

V for Victory. Large, double, yellow, fragrant, profuse.

Tip ioes. Spicy fragrance. Orange and pink blend. New
Shades of Autumn. Showy red and yellow beauty.
spo $\perp$ P!دqКH ||әumodg \&seg $L$
placed free anywhere in U.S.A.

