

# GARDENING ON CAPE COD <br> 路 Since 1886 路 



## H. V. LAWRENCE, INC.

 The Cape Cod $\mathcal{N}$ urseries
## FALMOUTH, MASSACHUSETTS

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The Attractive Cape Cod Garden of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis H. Lawrence in Falmouth

## Gardening on Cape Cod

## Background and Goreground

Back in 1936 when this annual booklet was first given the title "Gardening on Cape Cod," the introductory page expressed the following sentiments under the heading, "Cape Cod Landscapes":
"When Gosnold in 1607 landed in what is now Falmouth, he is said to have described it in these words:
" 'It is replenised with fair fields, and in them fragrant flowers; also meadows, and hedged in with stately groves; being furnished also with pleasant brooks and beautified with two main rivers that (as we judge) may haply become good harbors.'
"Most of that natural beauty of the days of the early settlers remains unspoiled today. The fragrant Bayberry and the fruitful Beachplum still thrive at
the edge of the beachgrass. Picturesque pines frame vistas of marshes, dunes and sea. Clear inland ponds reflect oak and cedar, maple and alder.
"The hand of man has added the elm-arched lanes and highways, many stately Colonial homes, and numberless delightful Cape Cod cottages, buttressed with lilacs, gay with hollyhocks and climbing roses. And in later years have come many hundreds of summer residents to share the peace of Old Cape Cod.
"Cape Cod and the South Shore are blessed with a year-round mildness of climate favorable to a wider range of hardy plants than can be found in any other section of New England. There's a pride of ownership here, too, that leads each one who lives here to have his own bit of well-kept shaded lawn, his own garden spot, be it large or small.
"For fifty years it has been our pleasant business to supply a fair share of the materials, the labor, and the experienced skill required in the improvement of hundreds of home grounds on and near Cape Cod. In the hope that we may help you, this rather different type of catalogue is placed in your hands. Whatever your horticultural needs, we shall be glad to fill them for you."

Fifty years have now stretched to seventy-one since this business was established. They have been productive years of broadening experience, continued growth, and ever-widening service in the cause to which all of us at H. V. Lawrence's - the Landscape Department, the Cape Cod Nurseries and the Flower Shop and Greenhouses - are dedicated, that of better "Gardening on Cape Cod."

H. V. LAWRENCE, INC.<br>The Cape Cod Nurseries

Milford R. Lawrence, Pres. $\mathcal{E}$ Treas.
Lewis H. Lawrence, Vice-President
George H. Bigelow, Vice-President
E. Stanley Bolles, Nursery Manager


This Beautiful Flower-Bordered Terrace Lawn Overlooking the Sea Provides Gracious Outdoor Living on the Estate of Mr. and Mrs. Donald Kirk David Designed, Constructed and Planted by H. V. Lawrence, Inc.

## Our

## Complete Landscape Service

Good landscaping for Cape Cod home grounds, small and large, has for some seventy years been a major service of the H . V. Lawrence organization.
A large part of such landscaping naturally has to do with selecting and planting the right kind of plants in the right places, in properly prepared soil.
But, on new home grounds especially, landscaping includes finish-grading, loaming, lawn seeding, the installation of convenient driveways and walks, the making of lawns, borders and gardens, and when appropriate, the building of walls, terraces, pools and other attractive elements.

Competent advice, with plans if needed, should be procured to assure maximum use and beauty, at minimum cost of upkeep.

Such is the scope of the combined services which we at H. V. Lawrence's have built up through the years.

Our professionally trained landscape architects provide skillful design, engineering and supervision, and our competent experienced labor forces under trained working foremen, supported by modern machines and equipment, combine to produce the better grade of landscape development work for any new property, large or small, and for the improvement or renovation of existing properties.

We have a ready supply of all such landscape materials as loam, fill, flagstone, weathered brick and wall stone, peat, fertilizers, seeds, and a complete line of sturdy, guaranteed, home-grown hardy plant materials from our Cape Cod Nurseries.

Estimates for any and all work are made without charge, of course. On smaller planting projects simple sketches and suggestions are submitted free of cost. Where definite problems of skilled design and engineering are involved, we do make reasonable charges for whatever plan work is needed and authorized. Such charges apply whether the landscape work is done by us or not.

The worth of the product, the value of the service, is measured not alone by its original cost, but as well by its quality, its character, and its lasting satisfaction. In landscaping, money spent for "cheaper" work is often money wasted. It pays to do it thoroughly and well.

We believe in this policy. We follow it consistently.

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The Simple Beauty of a Welcoming Dooryard

## Planting Small Home Grounds

Observations based on experience, with some simple fundamentals of good landscape design, for members of the "DO IT YOURSELF" Club - and others.
Quite often people say something like this to us: "Would you be willing to help us with our small home grounds? We have hesitated to ask you because we know you have done a great many of the larger estates on the Cape, and we weren't sure you'd want to bother with just a small job like ours."

We like to tell such people, and tell everybody, that while it is true we have been privileged to do the landscaping on a number of "larger estates," the great bulk of our work is with the average small home owners, and we are glad to help every one of them. When home grounds are relatively modest in size, and the owner's income in proportion, it is more important than ever that investments in landscaping produce maximum usefulness and maximum attractiveness, and involve minimum upkeep effort and cost. This is the essence of good landscaping.

A little, done well, is better than more done poorly. Simplicity is both good taste and a wise objective.

A few well chosen trees will produce both flower and shade. Dwarf types of plants are best around the house. Taller shrubs or hedges should be used for marginal enclosure and background for simple flower borders. Clean well-kept lawns are more to be preferred than the too-frequent "huddled disarray of form and color."

And before any planting or lawn work is done it pays to prepare the soil thoroughly. "A one-dollar plant in a ten-dollar hole is better than a ten-dollar plant in a one-dollar hole."

Yes indeed, we do want to help with just as many small home grounds as we can. We do scores of them every year. And it's pleasing to hear quite frequently, too, "We are so pleased with the fine work you have done on our small property. We hadn't realized we could get so much for so reasonable an expenditure."

Our Cape Cod Nurseries will gladly have a competent representative call and advise you, without obligation, how best to accomplish whatever you may need. You, or they for you if you wish, may select appropriate plants from the Nurseries at our new Cape Cod Gardening Center, and plant them with every assurance of complete satisfaction.


A Typical Old-Time Cape Cod Garden


All-Summer Beauty of Perennials and Annuals

## Hardy Perennial Flowers

Never before have we had so extensive a supply of such fine hardy perennials as we have this year in our new nursery.

These are the ever-popular flowers which live on from year to year, and each season produce beautiful displays of blossoms of every color, form and character.

Ranging in height from the spreading thymes and dianthus to the stately delphiniums, lilies and hollyhocks, they are the backbone of every good flower garden or border.

Because Cape Cod is such a summer home region, we specialize in those kinds that are at their best in midseason and early fall, and each year we grow in our greenhouses many thousands of the better annuals and bedding plants for use in summer gardens.

Plant both perennials and annuals. They add so much for so little cost and effort.

All perennials 85 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.25$; 6 or more for 65 c each, unless otherwise priced.

Perennials priced at 75c each are 3 for $\$ 1.95$; 6 or more for 55 c each.

Perennials priced at $\$ 1.00$ each are 3 for $\$ 2.70 ; 6$ or more for 80 c each.
Perennials priced at $\$ 1.25$ each are 3 for $\$ 3.45 ; 6$ or more for $\$ 1.00$ each.

## Selected Perennials

ACONITUA1, Monkshood
napellus Sparks' var. Dark blue. 2-3 ft. July-Aug.
AJUGA, Bugle
genevensis. Blue. 6 in. May, good for shade.
genevensis rosea. Pink flowered variety.
reptans rubra. Purple leaves, blue flowers.
ALYSSUM, Goldentuft
saxatile citrinum. Soft pale lemon yellow. 12 in. May.
saxatile compactum. Yellow. 12 in . May.
AMARYLLIS, see Lycoris
ANCHUSA, Bugloss
Azurea Feltham Pride. Brightest blue, sturdy. 3 ft. JuncAug.
ANEMONE, Windflower
japonica Marie Manchard. Fine semi-double white. 2.3 ft. Sept. Oct.
japonica September Charm. Silvery pink. 2 ft . Sept.
ANTHEMIS, Chamomile
Moonlight. Lemon-yellow. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June-Oct.
AQUILEGIA, Columbine
canadensis. Native. Red and yellow. 1112 ft . June.
Crimson Star. Red and white, dwarf. June-July.
Mrs. Elliott's Long Spurred Hybrids. Mixed. 2 ft . MayJune.
ARTEMISIA, Wormwood
Silver King, Ghost Plant. Silvery foliage. 2-3 ft. June-July. Silver Mound. Dense mounds of bright silvery feathery foliage. 12 in . All season.
ASCLEPIAS, Butterfly Weed
tuberosa. Orange. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. July-Sept.
ASTER, Hardy Aster
Amellus elegans. Large deep blue flowers. $12-18 \mathrm{in}$. Aug. Sept.
Blue Eyes. Lavender-blue. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. Aug.Sept.
Countess of Dudley. Dwarf, clear pink. 8-12 in. Sept.
Eventide. Richest deep violet-blue. 3 ft . Sept.
Harrington's Pink. Fine true pink, semi-double. 3-5 ft. Sept.
Lavanda. Dwarf, lavender blue. 6-9 in. Sept.
Mount Everest. Best white. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept.
Niobe. Dwarf, clean white. 6-9 in. Sept.
Queen Mary. Brilliant blue. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept.
The Cardinal. Brilliant, deep reddish rose. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
Violetta. New. Exceptionally fine deep violet-purple. 3-4 ft. Sept.

ASTILBE, Astilbe
Beautiful heavy clumps.
Avalanche. Pure white. 2 ft . July-Aug.
Gloria. Fine rose pink. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. July.
Peach Blossom. Clear deep pink. $11 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. July-Aug.
Queen Alexandra. Soft pink. 2 ft . June-July.
AUBRETIA, Purple Rock Cress
deltoidea. Fine spring dwarf, lavender-purple. 6-12 in. April-May.
CAMPANULA, Bellflower
carpatica. Blue and white varieties, compact. 9 in . JuneOct.
medium - Canterbury Bells. Lilac, blue, white and pink. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June. (Biennials.) 75c each.
persicifolia. Blue and white varieties. 2-3 ft. June-July.
CERASTIUM, Snow-in-Summer
tomentosum. White flowers, silvery foliage. Trailing masses. 6 in. May-June.
CERATOSTIGMA plumbaginoides, Leadwort
Beautiful bright blue rock plant. 6-9 in. July-Aug.
CHRISTMAS ROSE, see Helleborus
CHRYSANTHEMUM, Pyrethrum type, 'Painted Daisy' coccineum, Single mixed, double mixed, pink, red, and Robinson Hybrids. Large, beautiful daisies, fine for cutting. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June.

## CHRYSANTHEMUM - Shasta Daisy Varieties

Diener Double. Large fringed white flowers. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July.

## HARDY GARDEN CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Selected popular varieties, proved by our own experience to be hardy and reliable. A wide range of fall colors includes new introductions and old favorites.

Apache. 4 -inch quilled blooms of bright fire red with golden overtones. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept. 15.
Avalanche. Large double creamy white. 18 in. Sept. 20.
Dauntless. 4 -inch flowers in lively bronze shades. 2 to 3 ft . Sept. 15.
Evangeline. Giant blush-pink flowers. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept.
Flamboyant. A blend of scarlet, bronze and tangerine. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept. 15 .
Football Bronze. Large recurved blooms of deep bronze. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept. 15.
Lavender Lady. 3-inch double blooms of soft silvery lavender. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Oct. 5 .
Moonbeams. Double $31 / 2$-inch blooms of soft primrose yellow. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Oct. 1 .
New Marjorie Mills. Glowing ruby-red blooms in profusion. 2 ft . Sept. 15.
Red Velvet. Rich masses of deep velvety red. 2 ft . Oct. 5.
Summertime. Bright sparkling golden yellow. 2 ft . Early August.


Hardy 'Mums - Brilliantly Effective All Through the Fall

## Chrysanthemums - continued

Tapestry. Double 3 -inch flowers of rich bright pink. 2 ft . Sept. 15.
Tranquility. Shades of primrose and lemon yellow. 18 in. Sept. 20.
White Cloud. Fully double 3 to 5 -inch blooms of creamy white. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Late August.
Yellow Avalanche. Large double soft yellow shaggy flowers. 2 ft . Sept. 15.

## Best dwarf "Cushion Mums"

Bowl O'Gold. Superb bright yellow.
Bronze Mound. Varied bronze shades. Sept. 5.
Coquette. Clear lively pink.
Dean Kay. Deep apple blossom pink. Sept. 10.
Early Gold. Low masses of yellow globes. Sept. 10.
Elite Cushion. Spheres of salmon-bronze.
Golden Carpet. Pompon blooms of glowing gold. Sept. 15.
Golden Cushion. Bright yellow flecked and striped with red.
Lipstick. Strawberry-red.
Niobrara. Small profuse pompons of pure white. Aug. 15.
Powder Puff. Beautiful clean white. Sept. 15.
Santa Claus. Glowing crimson-red. Oct. 5.
Supreme Yellow. Pompon spheres of yellow gold.
Twinkle. Rich fuchsia-purple.
White Mound. Masses of large pure white blossoms.
Yellow Cushion. Pure golden yellow. Early.

CIMICIFUGA, Snakeroot
racemosa simplex. Graceful, tall pure white spikes. 3-4 ft. Aug.-Sept.
CLEMATIS davidiana. Fine blue, good in shade. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July.
CONVALLARIA, Lily-of-the-Valley
majalis. White. 8 in. May-June.
COREOPSIS, Tickseed
grandiflora, Double Sunburst. New. Large, golden yellow. 2 ft . May to Oct.
DELPHINIUM, Larkspur
chinense. In three colors, deep blue, light Cambridge blue and pure white. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July. 75 c each.
chinense Blue Mirror. Fine sparkling medium blue. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July. 75c each.

LYONDEL HYBRIDS. Finest for giant double flowers in wide color range; reliably hardy.
PACIFIC HYBRIDS, Named varieties. Separate color strains, giant-flowered tall spikes. \$1.00 each.
Black Knight. Deep purple-blues.
Blue Bird. Strong, clear blues.
Cameliard. Clear lavenders.
Galahad. Pure white.
Round Table Series. All the color combinations.
Summer Skies. Sky-blues, white bee.
DIANTHUS, Hardy Pinks
barbatus - see Sweet William.
Grenadin strains. Flowers and foliage like Carnations. Yellow, white, pink, bright red, dark red. 12 in. JuneJuly.
Plumarius Hybrids. Improved types of the old favorite clove pink. Many colors, very fragrant. 9-12 in. JuneJuly.
DICENTRA, Bleeding Heart
eximea. Deep rose. Fringed foliage. 12-15 in. All summer Sweetheart. White variety of the above.
spectabilis. Great favorite. Racemes of pink heart-shaped flowers. 2 ft . May. $\$ 1.00$ each.

All perennials 85 c each; 3 for $\$ 2.25$; 6 or more for 65 c each, unless otherwise priced.

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Perennials priced at $\$ 1.00$ each are 3 for $\$ 2.70 ; 6$ or more for 80 c each.

Perennials priced at $\$ 1.25$ each are 3 for $\$ 3.45$; 6 or more for \$1.00 each.

DIGITALIS, Foxglove.
ambigua. Hardy yellow. True perennial. 2 ft . June-July.
purpurea (biennial). Rose shades and pure white. 3.5 ft . June. 75c each
Shirley Hybrids. Fine mixture of all pink shades and white. 3.5 ft . June. 75 c each.

DORONICUM, Leopardbane
caucasicum. Large, clean, bright yellow daisies. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. May.

ECHINOPS, Globe Thistle
humilis, Taplow Blue. Steel blue. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. July-Aug.
EPIMEDIUM, Barrenwort
sulphureum. Good for strong ground cover in partial shade. Creamy white flowers. 1 ft . May-June.

## FERNS

Adiantum pedatum, Maidenhair Fern. 15-24 in. Shade.
Dennstedtia punctilobula, Hay-scented Fern. 11/2-2 ft. Shade. Sq. ft. sods, 75 c each, $\$ 7.20$ per dozen, $\$ 50.00$ per hundred.
Osmunda cinnamomea, Cinnamon Fern. 4-5 fr. Sun or shade.
Polystichum acrostichoides, Christmas Fern. 1-1 11/2ft. Shade.
FUNKIA, see Hosta
GAILLARDIA aristata, Blanketflower. Red and gold. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. All season.
Portola Hybrids. Large flowers, wide color range. 2 ft . All season.
The Warrior. Ruby-red. 3 ft . All season.
GEUM, Avens
Mrs. Bradshaw. Large double scarlet. 2 ft . May-July.
Prince of Orange. Large double orange-gold. 2 ft . May-June.

GYPSOPHILA, Baby's Breath
Bristol Fairy. Double pure white. 2-3 ft. luly-Sept. 85c each.
Rosy Veil. Double, soft pink flowers. 15 in . July-Aug.
HELENIUM, Sneezeweed
aut. Riverton Gem. Beautiful bronze flowers in large heads. 4 ft . Aug.-Sept.

HELIANTHEMUM, Sun-rose
nummularium. Fine double yellow. 9 in. June-July.
HELLEBORUS niger, Christmas rose. Large white flowers in late winter. $\$ 1.00$ each.

HEMEROCALLIS, Daylily, Lemon-lily.
flava. Lemon-yellow. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June.
kwanso flore-plena. Double flowers. Orange. July.
thunbergi. Lemon-yellow. 3 ft . July-Aug.
HEMEROCALLIS HYBRIDS. The best of the moderateprice improved hybrids introduced in recent years.
Anna Betscher. Orange yellow lilies. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Mid-July.
Black Falcon. Large, deep chocolate-maroon with canaryyellow throat. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Early Aug.
Gay Troubador. Petals pinkish-red, contrasting with clear yellow sepals. One of the best. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Aug.
Gem. Pale yellow, golden throat. 3 ft . Mid-July.
George Yeld. Large yellow with rose blotches. 4 ft . Late Iuly.
Harvest Moon. Fine deep bronzy orange. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. MidJuly.
Hyperion. Giant flowers, clear canary yellow. 4 ft . JulyAug. \$1.00.
J. A. Crawford. Deep yellow on paler background. Large flowers. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Early July.
Margaret Perry. Brick-red, yellow stripes and throat. 3 ft . Early July.
Mikado. Striking orange, mahogany throat. 3 ft . Late June.
Modesty. Large, pale yellow. 18 in. Early July.
Purple Elf. Deep purplish-red, orange throat. $21 / 2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. Early Aug.
Robin Redbreast. Tawny mahogany, with pale yellow throat. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Early Aug.
Royalty. Similar to Black Falcon. 2 ft . Early Aug.
Sultan. Deep maroon, orange throat. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. Late July.
Talisman. Nice; pale salmony rose, greenish-yellow throat. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Late July.
Mrs. W. H. Wyman. Clear butter-yellow. 31/2 ft. Late July-Aug.
We have lesser quantities of a dozen of the modern hybrids in new and unusual colors.

HERBS. Good assortment, including Chives, various Mints, Sage, Winter Savory, Rosemary, Hyssop, True Lavender, Thyme, Lemon Verbena, Parsley, Scented Geraniums, and others.

HEUCHERA, Coral Bells. Airy spikes of graceful flowers, 1 to 2 ft . June-July. Seven outstanding varieties, pure white and all shades of pink from palest to brilliant garnet. Fine large clumps.

## HIBISCUS, Mallow

moscheutos. Red, pink, white and mixed. 4-5 ft. Aug.-Sept.
Perennials best for picking would include these: Columbine, Asters, Shasta Daisy, Chrysanthemum, Lily of the Valley, Delphiniums, Dianthus, Coreopsis, Doronicum, Baby's Breath, Coral Bells, Iris, Lilies, Lupine, Peonies, Tritoma.

HOLLYHOCKS. Double Newport pink, maroon, white and yellow, and single mixed. 75 c each.

HOSTA (Funkia), Plantain Lily.
lancifolia. Lavender flower spikes. Good in shade. 2 ft . July-Aug.
plantaginea. Very fragrant, pure white. Good in shade. 2 ft. Aug.-Sept.
plantaginea Honeybells. New. Very fragrant trumpets, soft lavender-lilac. Fine for shade. \$1.00 each.
undulata variegata. Wavy-edged green and white foliage. Lavender flowers. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. July-Aug.

HYPERICUM calycinum, St. Johnswort. Fine midsummer yellow. $1-11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.

IBERIS, Candytuft
sempervirens Snowflake. Masses of white flowers, evergreen foliage. 6-12 in. May.

## IRIS GERMANICA, German Iris

Ten of the better new varieties carefully chosen for color and good growth in shades of blue, lavender, purple, rose-pink, yellow and white.

IRIS KAEMPFERI, Japanese Iris. Distinctive large flattish flowers of varying tints on 2 to 3 ft . stalks, late June, July. Flowering size clumps.
Catherine Perry. Double, deep violet-purple.
Columbia. Double, blue with white veins.
Gold Bound. Double, pure white, golden throat.
Manad-zura. Double, white veined with blue.
Matchless. Double, white veined blue.
Neptune. Single, deep purple.
Purple and Gold. Double, rich purple, gold center.
Templeton. Double, violet-red.
Waving Waters. Ruffled pale blue, flushed with white.
IRIS pumila, Dwarf Iris. 6-8 in. April-May.
Bride. Large flowered pure white.
Excelsa. Beautiful pale lemon-yellow.
Spring Skies. Fine light blue.
IRIS pumila, Autumn-flowering varieties. Bloom Spring and Fall.
Autumn Queen. Pure snow white.
Coerulea. Bright sky-blue.
Jean Siret. Clear chrome-yellow.
Olive White. Cream color.

KNIPHOFIA ovaria, Red-Hot Poker, Torch Lily.
Parmentier. Salmon shaded rose. 3 ft . July-Aug.
Primrose Beauty. Golden-yellow. 3 ft . Aug.Sept.
Robinhood. Scarlet-orange. 3 ft . July-Sept.
White Fairy. Free flowering creamy white. 2 ft . July-Sept.
All Kniphofias, 85c each.
LAVANDULA, True Lavender
officinalis. Fragrant blue. $1-11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. July-Aug.
officinalis rosea. Pink flowering variety of the above.
LIATRIS, Gayfeather
pycnostachia. Tallest rosy lavender spikes. $3-5 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept.
scariosa alba. White spikes. 2.3 ft . Sept.-Oct.
scariosa Kobalt Hybrid. Blue to violet spikes. 2.3 ft . Aug.Sept.
scariosa September Glory. Improved variety, violet spikes. 4.5 ft . Sept.
spicata. Lilac-rose. $11 / 2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. July-Aug.
LILIUM, Lilies
auratum platyphyllum, Gold-Banded Lily. Great favorite, now again available. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.00$ a dozen.
candidum, Madonna Lily. Waxy white. 3-4 ft. July. Large bulbs, potted, 90c each, $\$ 9.00$ per dozen.
Centifolium Hybrids. Many creamy white flowers with yellow throats, rose-brown reverse. Tall, hardy, diseasefree. 4 ft . July. $\$ 1.25$ each. $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.
longiflorum. Estate or Hardy Easter Lily. Large white trumpet-type flowers. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.
Olympic Hybrids. Selected mixture of these new types; upright flowers in color range from pale tangerine to orange red. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July. $\$ 1.25$ each. $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.
regale, Regal Lily. White, flushed yellow. 3-4 ft. July. 90 c each, $\$ 9.00$ per dozen.
speciosum album, White Speciosum Lily. Pure white. 2-3 ft. Aug.-Sept. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.
speciosum rubrum, Pink Speciosum Lily. Fine large bulbs. 2-3 ft. Aug.-Sept. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.00$ per dozen.

LINUM, Flax
perenne. Delicate pale blue blossoms all season. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
LUPINUS, Lupine
polyphyllus. Blue, white and pink. 3 ft . June.
Russell Hybrids. Beautiful colors include pinks, blues, yellows, maroon, bronze in many combinations. Large flowers. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July.
LYCORIS, Hardy Amaryllis
squamigera. Beautiful orchid-pink lilies in late summer. 2 ft. \$1.00 each.

## LYTHRUM, Loosestrife

salicaria Morden's Pink. Spikes of bright rose-pink. Likes moisture. 3-4 ft. July-Sept.

MINTS. Apple Mint, Lemon Mint, Peppermint and Spearmint.
MONARDA, Bee Balm
didyma splendens. Cambridge scarlet. 3 ft . July-Aug. didyma Croftway Pink. Clear pink. 3 ft . July-Aug.

## NEPETA, Nepeta

mussini, Catmint. Luxuriant masses of lavender-blue. Pleasing gray-green foliage. 1 ft . May-Sept.

OENOTHERA, Evening Primrose
missouriensis. Large bright yellow flowers in midsummer. 12-15 in.
PAEONIA, Peony
All 3 to 5 eye clumps or larger. Good reliable doubleflowered varieties, all $\$ 1.25$ each.
Duchesse de Nemours. Creamy white, sulphur yellow centers.
Edulis superba. Good deep rose.
Festiva maxima. One of the very best. Fine large fragrant white.
Karl Rosenfield. Large deep crimson red.
Lady Alexandra Duff. Beautiful soft blush pink, flesh tinted.
M. Julies Elie. Clear medium pink, silvery tinge. Sarah Bernhardt. Deep rose pink, silver-tipped.
Japanese Single-Flowered Varieties, all \$1.50 each.
Nine specially selected varieties, all colors.


Lupines, Iris and Poppies in the Spring Perennial Border

## PAPAVER, poppy

nudicaule Goodwin Victory, Iceland Poppy. Large single flowers from pale yellow to deep orange. 1 ft . May-June.
orientale Hybrids. Pure white, pink and deep crimson varieties.

PENSTEMON, Beard Tongue
Pink Beauty. Interesting soft pink flower spikes. $2-21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July.

PHLOX PANICULATA, Hardy Garden Phlox.
This is probably the most suitable perennial for summer flower masses. We list here a dozen particularly good varieties in most popular colors. We also grow some twenty other kinds that have proved their worth.
Albion. White with lavender reverse. Good in shade. Medium height.
American Legion. Bright rose-red. Tall.
Antonin Mercie. Clean pale lavender, white eye.
Apple Blossom. Pale soft pink, deeper eye. Medium.
Beacon. Good cherry-red, medium height.
Daily Sketch. Fine, large, clear pink, deeper eye.
E. I. Farrington. Best bright salmon-pink, deeper eye.

Ethel Pritchard. Deep rose-lavender, distinctive. Medium.
Fuchsia. New. Real fuchsia red. Medium height.
George Stippe. Deep glowing salmon-pink. Tall.
Graf Zeppelin. Clean white with dark red eye.
Jules Sandeau. Low, clear deep pink without dark eye.
Lillian. Excellent clean soft pink, medium height.
Mary Louise. Best pure white, creamy eye, tall, late.
Miss Lingaard. June-flowering white, glossy foliage.
Mrs. Copeyn. Fine clear soft rose-pink, deeper eye. Dark foliage. Medium height.
Pinkette. Beautiful palest blush, creamy buds, pink trumpet.
Salmon Glow. Rich pinkish salmon, white eye. Medium.
Sir John Falstaff. Very large flower, deep salmon. Tall.
Spitfire. Brightest fiery orange scarlet, dark foliage.
Weston. Very large ivory-white flowers. Late.
World Peace. Outstanding new large pure white.
PHLOX SUBULATA, Moss Phlox. Creeping varieties make masses of gay spring color. Plants often flower again in the fall. White, blue, and pink varieties.

Phlox is so fine in midsummer that it deserves special favor. Contrary to common belief, it will almost never "revert" to the familiar magenta if faded flower heads are cut off before seeds are formed. Spray or dust the foliage of Phlox and Chrysanthemums with Bonsul to control red spider.

PLATYCODON, Balloonflower
Bristol Bluebird. Large double blue.
Bristol Blush. Double blush pink.
Bristol White. Large double white.
grandiflorum. One of the very best midsummer perennials. Large heads of showy star-shaped flowers. Blue and white varieties. 2-4 ft. July-Aug.
grandiflorum rosea. Light pink shade of the above.
PRIMULA veris, Primrose. We have an exceptionally fine block of these increasingly popular spring favorites, including the lutea strain with all tints of yellow and the Munstead, Monarch, and Giant Bouquet mixtures with many shades of lilac, buff, yellow, maroon and red. 75 c each.

## ROSMARINUS, Rosemary

officinalis. Favorite fragrant herb. Pale blue. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$. May. Large plants in 5 -in. pots, $\$ 1.00$ each.
SALVIA, Sage
azurea pitcheri. Tall spikes of brilliant blue. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. Sept.
SANTOLINA, Lavender-Cotton
incana. Dense silver-gray foliage, yellow flowers. 1 ft . July.
SAXIFRAGA, Saxifrage
cordifolia. Rose-pink flower heads above large basal foliage. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. May.

## SEDUM, Stonecrop

spectabile. Fleshy gray foliage, rose-pink flower heads. 12-18 in. Aug.Sept.
Also six selected creeping varieties, good for rock gardens.
SEMPERVIVUM, Houseleek, Hen-and-Chickens.
Three interesting varieties of different types.
SHASTA DAISY, see under Chrysanthemums.
SIDALCEA, Prairie Mallow
Rosy Gem. Heads of 2 -in. rose pink flowers. 2 ft . JuneJuly.
STOKESIA, Stokes Aster
Blue Moon. 3-inch crested lavender-blue flowers all summer. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$.
Silver Moon. White-flowered variety.

## SWEET WILLIAM

Newport Pink, Giant White, Scarlet Beauty, Double mixed, and Single Mixed. Popular biennials. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. June. 75c each.

## TEUCRIUM, Germander

chamaedrys. Glossy dense green foliage permits use as clipped edgings like Boxwood. Rose-pink flowers. 6 12 in . / uly. $\$ 40.00$ per hundred.

## THALICTRUM, Meadowrue

glaucum. Delicate yellow flowers, bluish foliage. 2-3 ft. Aug.

THERMOPSIS, Thermopsis
caroliniana. Yellow Lupine. $3-4 \mathrm{ft}$. June-July.
THYMUS, Creeping Thyme
White, crimson, golden, woolly and lemon-scented varieties.
TRITOMA, see Kniphofia, page 16.

## VERONICA, Speedwell

Blue Champion. Light blue. 2-3 ft. July-Aug.
Holophylla. New. Deep indigo-blue spires. 15 in. Aug. 85c each.
longifolia subsessilis. Large purple-blue spikes, clean glossy foliage. $11 / 2-2 \mathrm{ft}$. July-Aug.
Minuet. New. Rose-pink spikes. 18 in. June-Aug.
Pavane. Soft dusty pink. 15 in. July-Aug.
Royal Blue. Brightest blue of all, low, compact. 12 in . June.
Sunny Border Blue. Deep blue, compact. 18 in. July-Aug.
VINCA, Periwinkle, Myrtle. See Ground Covers, page 45.
VIOLA, Tufted Pansy
Chantreyland. (Biennial) Bright apricot pansies all season. 75c each.
Cornuta. Super-large flowering Scotch Hybrids. Fine mixture of two-toned flowers in all colors.
Jersey Gem. Rich violet, very hardy. 9-12 in. All summer.
Royal Robe. True violets, deep purple. 10-12 in. All season.
Scotch Yellow. (Biennial) Clear golden yellow, all season. 75 c each.

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YUCCA
    filamentosa. Creamy-white spikes. 4-6 ft. June-July.
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All perennials 85c each; 3 for $\$ 2.25$; 6 or more for 65 c each, unless otherwise priced.

Perennials priced at 75 c each are 3 for $\$ 1.95$; 6 or more for 55 c each.

Perennials priced at $\$ 1.00$ each are 3 for $\$ 2.70 ; 6$ or more for 80 c each.

Perennials"priced at_\$1.25 each are 3 for $\$ 3.45$; 6 or more for $\$ 1.00$ each.


The Eye-Appeal of Well-Chosen Plantings

## Choosing the Right Plants for the Right Places

Whenever you see a particularly attractive home, large or small, almost invariably much of its appeal is due to the well-landscaped and neatly kept grounds which give the house its deserved setting.

This is no accident. It is the result of skillful landscape planning, pleasing grading, attractive lines of lawns and walks and driveways, and effective plantings of trees and shrubs and flowers and grass.

Knowledge of plants, and long experience in their best uses, supports the following practical suggestions, by no means complete, for plants we recommend for these special uses.

## FOR AROUND THE BASE OF THE HOUSE

Most homes today are built close to the ground. The older "foundation plantings" of larger shrubs and evergreens that too often grew up to cover the windows and smother the house are to be avoided. Use the many fine plants that are naturally low-growing, spreading, compact, rounded, or semi-upright in maturity. They don't have to be rearranged or replaced every few years, require no harsh pruning. Yews, Junipers, Box-leaf Holly, Azaleas, Floribunda Roses, Cotoneaster, and many good ground-covers are appropriate.

Don't overdo it. Plant just enough around the house to make it attractive, and do more around the margins of the lawn so as to create attractive pictures you'll enjoy from within the house.

## FOR BORDERS AND SCREEN PLANTINGS

Here the taller, flowering shrubs are at their best, Lilacs, Forsythia, Viburnums, Beautybush, Mock-Orange, Rose of Sharon, and many others. Face them down with lower kinds, such as Firethorn, Rhododendrons, Mountain Laurel, Spireas, Azaleas, with groups of semi-upright Yews or Junipers if desired for winter warmth and color.

Evergreen trees like spruces and pines will lose their lower branches quickly if crowded among shrubs. Use them singly or in groupings, near the edge of the lawn.

Tall growing trees like Maples, Elms and Oaks should be spaced well apart, away from shrub borders, and used sparingly on small home grounds.

Much more use should be made of the several kinds of beautiful smaller-growing flowering trees, such as Dogwoods, Flowering Crabapples and Cherries, Magnolias, Hawthorns and Laburnum. These are excellent in the borders, or as well-placed specimens in the lawn.

## FOR HEDGES

Well-kept hedges have a trimness and a touch of the architectural which is often appropriate. They are compact and effective in limited areas. They do require care, however, and


Beautiful Flowering Shrubs Frame the Lawn and Enclose a Secluded Garden


Broadleaf Evergreens and Ground Covers
Effectively Used in Partial Shade
where space permits it is often better to use an informal border of various kinds of flowering shrubs well planned for variety and succession of bloom through the season.

For clipped hedges use California Privet, Winged Euonymus, Barberry, Bush Cotoneaster, Rose of Sharon, Boxwood, Yews, Arborvitae, Red Cedar. All of these of course are equally attractive, perhaps more so, when grown naturally as specimens and in mixed plantings, unsheared.

In clipping formal hedges keep the top a few inches narrower than the bottom. This keeps the sides well furnished from the ground up.

And speaking of hedge trimming, we cannot resist the urge to caution against the current trend to shear yews, junipers and other naturally beautiful evergreens used in informal plantings into flat-topped square-sided geometric monstrosities. Such butchering is inexcusable in taste, horrible in appearance, usually the work of those who have little knowledge or appreciation of plant character or landscape beauty.

## FOR SHADY PLACES

A number of excellent plants which are at their best in sunny locations are also reasonably tolerant of conditions on the shady sides of buildings and in areas shaded by higher plant growth. They may not blossom so abundantly as in full sun, and they will tend to reach for light, thus requiring a bit more pruning to keep them in good shape. If they must compete with the roots of overspreading trees they should be fed regularly to compensate for the nutriment the tree roots use up.
Among such plants are the Rosebay and Carolina Rhododendrons, Yews, Japanese Holly, Leucothoe, Euonymus, and many Azaleas; Dogwoods, Clethra, Snowberry, Mock-Orange, Bush Honeysuckle, and most Viburnums; nearly all evergreen vines and ground covers and ferns, and such perennials as Monkshood, Columbine, Astilbe, Lily of the Valley, Bleeding Heart, Foxglove, Lemon Lily, Plantain Lily, German Iris, Violas and Primroses.


Roses are at Their Brilliant Best on Cape Cod

## Roses

Cape Cod seems particularly suited to growing outstandingly beautiful roses. Hybrid Teas, Floribundas and Climbing Roses all do exceptionally well in this climate. Colors seem brighter near the seashore. Mild winters and long growing seasons make for sturdy growth and abundance of flower production.

All roses do respond to extra-thorough soil preparation before planting. Yet anyone can grow and enjoy fine roses here if he will prepare the ground well, buy first quality plants, plant them properly, and take reasonably good care of them.

For best results, particularly on Cape Cod, we recommend early Spring planting for all hybrid teas and floribundas. Plants come through the first winter better, and much wider selection of new-crop plants is available in Spring.

Every plant we sell is top-quality field-grown twoyear, No. 1 grade, pruned ready for planting.

Dormant plants, planted in April and early May, are money-savers. Potted plants are best for later planting.

## Hybrid Gea Roses

These produce a succession of long-stemmed flowers, unequaled in perfection of flower, wide range of color, delightful fragrance, beautiful in the garden, ideal for picking.

Out of many hundreds of good varieties on the market, we have selected certain proven kinds, some new, some older, which we know will do well here.

## Prices except where noted:

Dormant plants $\$ 1.75$ each, 6 or more at $\$ 1.50$ each. Potted plants $\$ 2.25$ each, 6 or more at $\$ 2.00$ each.

Break o' Day. (Brownell Sub-Zero.) Large pale orange-apricot. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

Caledonia. Snowy white, large pointed buds.
CAPISTRANO. All-America, 1950. Magnificent clear pink of great vigor, with strong leathery foliage. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; \$2.75.
Christopher Stone. Exceptionally fine scarlet-crimson.
CHRYSLER IMPERIAL. The 1953 award winner. Long tapering buds opening to vivid rich crimson. Large high centered flowers measuring $41 / 2$ to 5 inches. $\$ 2.75$. Potted; \$3.25.

Crimson Glory. Gorgeous deep velvety crimson-maroon. Vigorous, rather low and spreading growth.

DIAMOND JUBILEE. 1948 All-America winner. Large flowers of buff-orange and yellow; very prolific bloomer. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

Duquesa de Penaranda. Lovely copper-apricor, long pointed buds.

Editor McFarland. Fine clear glowing pink.
Etoile de Hollande. Beautiful large deep red.
Forty-Niner. Plant Pat. 792. Brilliant bicolor, petals red inside and yellow outside. $\$ 2.50$. Potted; $\$ 3.00$.

Frau Karl Druschki. Old favorite large-flowered white.
FRED HOWARD. Plant Pat. 1006. 1952 All-America Winner. Rich yellow with large long buds, tipped with pencilling of soft pink. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.
HELEN TRAUBEL. 1952 All-America Winner. A new color blend of luminous apricot and warm pink. Large fragrant flowers of great beauty. $\$ 2.75$. Potted; $\$ 3.25$.

Horace McFarland. Plant Pat. 730. Long apricot-orange buds opening to buff and coral-salmon. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. Beautiful creamy-white.
Lily Pons. (Brownell Sub-Zero.) Creamy-white with a pure yellow center. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

McGredy's Ivory. Creamy white with a yellow base.
McGredy's Scarlet. Large brilliant scarlet, shaded rose-pink.
McGredy's Yellow. Nonfading canary yellow, perfect form, very fragrant.
MISSION BELLS. All-America, 1950. Fragrant full double deep salmon pink flowers. Vigorous grower. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

Mme. Joseph Perraud. Shell pink edges shading to buff and orange center.
MOJAVE. The sensational 1954 All-America winner. Brilliant orange apricot with salmon tints. Long pointed buds above luxuriant foliage. $\$ 3.00$. Potted; $\$ 3.50$.
Mrs. E. P. Thom. Excellent free-blooming canary-yellow.
Mrs. Sam McGredy. Scarlet-copper-orange, outside flushed red. Very fragrant.
New Yorker. Plant Pat. 823. Called the "best red rose of all time." Very fragrant unfading flowers. \$2.50. Potted; \$3.00.

Orange Ruffles. (New Brownell Sub-Zero.) Orange tones shading to saffron yellow. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.
Peace. "All-time All-America." Probably the one best rose today. Huge flowers of cream yellow and pink. Most vigor ous grower, with excellent rich foliage. \$2.75. Potted; $\$ 3.25$.
President Herbert Hoover. Copper-red. orange and gold.
Queen o' the Lakes. (Brownell Sub-Zero.) The Queen of all double reds. $\$ 2.25$. Potted: $\$ 2.75$.
Radiance. Popular clear pink.
Red Radiance. Clear watermelon red.
Sister Therese. Chrome-yellow, edges of petals carmine.
SUTTER'S GOLD. All-America, 1950. Beautiful long pointed yellow buds, shaded orange and bronze. Very fragrant. \$2.50. Potted; \$3.00.
Talisman. Popular bicolor, golden yellow with copper and scarlet.

The Doctor. Large buds opening to cupped flowers of satiny pink.
TIFFANY. The 1955 All America Winner. A lovely clear pink with glowing salmon undertones Large, fragrant, longstemmed blooms on vigorous, disease-resistant plants. $\$ 2.75$. Potted; \$3.25.


Floribunda Roses Give Beautiful All-Summer Color

## Floribunda Roses

These are the splendid class of ever-blooming compact bush roses, producing great masses of colorful flower clusters, very hardy, easy to grow, sure to add lasting beauty to every home grounds.

## Except as noted, prices are as follows:

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Dormant plants } & \$ 1.75 \text { each, } 6 \text { or more at } \$ 1.50 \text { each. } \\ \text { Potted plants } & \$ 2.25 \text { each, } 6 \text { or more at } \$ 2.00 \text { each. }\end{array}$
Betty Prior. Plant Pat. 340. Beautiful silvery, rose-pink single flowers, blooms continuously. Tall growing. $\$ 2.00$. Potted $\$ 2.50$.
CIRCUS. 1956 All-American Winner. Bright yellow and orange buds opening to changing tones of yellow, pink, and bright red. \$2.75. Potted; \$3.25.
Dagmar Spaeth. Lovely alabaster white edged pink.
Donald Prior. Plant Pat. 377. Huge clusters, bright scarlet crimson.
Else Poulsen. Beautiful semi-double bright rose-pink.
FASHION. Plant Pat. 789. Finest Floribunda yet created. Brilliant coral-salmon overlaid with gold. Most prolific. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.
GOLDILOCKS. The one really satisfactory golden yellow Floribunda. Beautiful long lasting flowers; sturdy growth. $\$ 2.00$. Potted; $\$ 2.50$.
Gruss an Aachen. Great clusters of large tea-rose pink with creamy tints.
JIMINY CRICKET. 1955 All-American Winner. Tanger-ine-red buds opening to coral-orange, fading to a pink coral. Delightfully fragrant. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.
LaFayette Improved. Large clusters of bright cherry crimson. Very good for dry locations.
LILIBET. 1954 All-America Floribunda. Exquisite pink tones ranging from soft rose to pale dawn tints. Very floriferous. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.

MA PERKINS. 1953 All-American winner. Free bloom. ing with cuplike flowers opening to a translucent light Fash. ion color of shades of red with a suffusion of yellow, fading to a soft coral pink. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.
Pink Bountiful. Plant Pat. 601. Large lasting clusters of deep reddish pink; fragrant $\$ 2.00$. Potted; $\$ 2.50$.
Pinocchio. Plant Pat. 484. Brilliant salmon flushed with gold. Pointed buds in constant profusion. $\$ 2.00$. Potted; $\$ 2.50$.
SPARTAN. Outstanding 1956 introduction. Bright burntorange buds opening to reddish coral. Sweet fragrance. \$3.00. Potted; \$3.50.
VOGUE. 1952 All-America. Grand flowers of brilliant deep cherry-coral. A true winner. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.
White Pinocchio. Plant Pat. 1010. Fine double pure white.
World's Fair. Plant Pat. 362. Continuous blooming rose of deep velvety crimson.

## The New Grandifloras

Newest class of modern roses combining the best characteristics of both Hybrid Teas and Floribundas. Hardy, free-flowering, especially vigorous growers, with perfect flower form and extra-long stems for picking.
QUEEN ELIZABETH. All America Selection for 1955. First of the new Grandiflora class. Blooms of clean pink, exquisitely formed, with glossy, deep green foliage. \$2.75. Potted; \$3.25.
Buccaneer. Plant Pat. 1119. Brilliant flowers of non-fading clear yellow. $\$ 2.75$. Potted; $\$ 3.25$.
Carrousel. Plant Pat. 1066. Large double deep red flowers in glowing profusion. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.


Climbing Rose "Blaze" at the Height of Its Brilliance

## Climbing $\mathcal{E}$ Trailing Roses

Cape Cod seems particularly favorable to all kinds of climbing roses, from the old favorite ramblers to the newest and best of the large-flowered varieties which produce abundant bloom at intervals from June through to late Fall.

Out of the almost unlimited number of varieties we recommend all of these most highly.

Varieties marked * are especially useful for ground covers, bank plantings and low mass effects.

Prices except where otherwise noted are as follows:
Dormant plants $\$ 1.50$ each, 6 or more at $\$ 1.35$ each.
Potted plants $\quad \$ 2.00$ each, 6 or more at $\$ 1.75$ each.
ALOHA. Everblooming. Deep coral pink with lighter shadings. Flowers large and very double. Climbs to 6 or 8 feet. $\$ 2.75$. Potted; $\$ 3.25$.

American Pillar. Huge clusters of single flowers, deep carmine pink with white center. Extra strong grower.
*Apricot Glow. Abundant clusters of brilliant double coppery pink blooms. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

BLAZE EVERBLOOMING. The newest improved brilliant double scarlet-red climbing, very vigorous. \$1.75. Potted \$2.25.

CLIMBING BREAK O' DAY. Everblooming. Large double salmon-apricot flowers. Vigorous and hardy. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

CLIMBING GOLDILOCKS. Everblooming. At last a thoroughly good rich golden yellow repeater. Most effective. \$2.75. Potted; \$3.25.

CLIMBING PEACE. Everblooming. The tremendously popular Tea Rose now also offered as a true climber. Beautiful large pale yellow flowers touched with pink. \$2.50. Potted; $\$ 3.00$.
*Copper Glow. A really beautiful coppery orange. Fragrant. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.
*DREAM GIRL. Everblooming. Fine full clear coral-pink, very popular. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.

Dorothy Perkins. The favorite clear pink rambler.
DR. J. H. NICHOLAS. Everblooming. Extra large double flowers of deep rose pink all season. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.

Excelsa. Improved crimson rambler.
*Frederick S. Peck. Deep grenadine pink, yellow center. \$2.25. Potted; \$2.75.
Golden Climber. (Mrs. Arthur Curtis James.) A splendid tall growing clear yellow climher, fragrant. Does not repeat. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.
*Golden Glow. Lower growing clear yellow, fine for low fences and walls. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.50$.
GOLDEN SHOWERS. The new 1957 All-American selection. Everblooming.
Large fragrant clear yellow; flowers up to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ inches across. A real winner. $\$ 3.25$. Potted; $\$ 3.75$.
High Noon. Everblooming. A fine new clean shining yellow. \$3.00 Potted; \$3.50.
*INSPIRATION. Everblooming. Sparkling tones of salmon-pink. A splendid new free-blooming repeater. $\$ 2.25$. Potted; $\$ 2.75$.
Mary Wallace. Large semi-double bright pink.
NEW DAWN. Everblooming. Beautiful tea-rose shell pink. Frequent repeater, glossy foliage.
Paul's Scarlet. Brilliant large-flowered semi-double red.
Pillar Roses. (Brownell Sub-Zero.) Pink, yellow and red varieties. Potted; \$3.00.
Ruby Glow. Everblooming. Beautiful ruby-red, and a frequent repeater. $\$ 2.75$. Potted; $\$ 3.25$.
Silver Moon. Huge creamy white single flowers. Tall growing.
Thor. Brilliant 4 -to 5 -inch blooms of scarlet-red. $\$ 2.50$. Potted; $\$ 3.00$.
WHITE DAWN. Everblooming. Pure white form of the popular "New Dawn."
*Wichuraiana. The trailing Memorial Rose. Glossy foliage, white flowers in July; best used as ground cover. \$1.00 each. $\$ 9.00$ per dozen.

## Cultural $\mathcal{N}$ Otes on Roses

Spraying. Roses always benefit from regular spraying. Use Rose-tox, a combination that is easy to apply that controls Aphis, Blackspot and all other Rose insects and diseases. Keep the plants and ground clean from infected leaves.

Feeding. For best results feed Roses lightly every three weeks up to mid-August. We recommend Agrico-for-Roses or other well-balanced plant food. A good handful to a plant is about the right amount. Frequent light feeding is better than too much at one time.

## Growing With Cape Cod

In the small yard beside our Flower Shop and Greenhouses on Depot Avenue, Falmouth, are two weeping beech trees, less than two feet apart, and now some forty feet tall. They were among the first hardy plants offered for sale about 1890 by H. V. Lawrence, in the first beginning of today's Cape Cod Nurseries. They've been spared through the years as a symbol of the original founder's faith in the future of a sound horticultural business on Cape Cod, built to grow and sell plants and flowers, and to promote the best interests of Gardening on Cape Cod.

Steadily, even rapidly, the Cape has grown, and with that growth has come ever-increasing opportunity for the H . V. Lawrence organization to expand its usefulness and service as nurserymen, landscape gardeners and florists. The faith of the builder has proven well founded.

Today our Cape Cod Nurseries, and our modern Cape Cod Gardening Center, in their convenient new location on Route 28 in East Falmouth, still growing with the Cape, confidently offer to all Cape Codders a well-established, reliable and competent horticultural service, unexcelled in this area.



Part of the Perennial Nursery and Display Grounds at the New Sales

## "OXission Accomplished"

Pictured on these four center pages are three views of our new Cape Cod Nurseries Headquarters establishment, completed this past year with the erection of a large packing and shipping building (partially shown above), together with a manager's office, potting shed, two fine new propagating greenhouses and several cold frames.

Our Cape Cod Gardening Center building and display grounds, opened in 1955, have received enthusiastic commendation for their attractiveness and convenience.

Our entire perennial nursery has now been moved to this new location, where more than six acres are now planted with hardy perennials and young evergreens and flowering shrubs.

Meanwhile our production of all types of hardy plant materials continues at our 25 -acre nursery in nearby Waquoit, and we're clearing several acres more for future use.

We feel we've accomplished a lot these past two years to improve production and service to our customers.


Headquarters of Our Cape Cod Nurseries, Route 28, East Falmouth

## Now-Container-Grown Plants Safest of All to Plant

First in this section to adopt the new trend, we see tremendous advantages to customers and ourselves in the modern container-grown stock of many kinds of flowering shrubs and trees, evergreens, vines and unusual plants.

Clean and easy to handle, certain to live because all the plant's roots are undisturbed in transplanting, and best of all, safe to plant at any time of the year including midsummer, these new container-grown plants are the greatest advance in improved nursery practice in many a year.

We are rapidly increasing our stock of those kinds of plants best grown in this manner.

Plants whose root systems are compact and easy to transplant will still be handled "B \& B" (balled and burlapped), and others like roses and chrysanthemums will be potted in spring for later-season planting, as usual.

Come and see these plants at their best - fresh Cape-grown, quality stock, carefully handled, conveniently displayed, and guaranteed to grow.

## The

## Cape Cod Gardening Center

Newly built two years ago, our Cape Cod Gardening Center is well established as the outstanding horticultural sales center in this part of the state.

Located on the north side of state highway Route 28 in East Falmouth, it is easy to find, of attractive Cape Cod architecture, has ample off-street parking.

It is the sales center for all the trees, shrubs, evergreens, roses and hardy perennials offered by our Cape Cod Nurseries. In May and June it will carry a large supply of the better annuals and bedding plants grown in our Falmouth greenhouses.

Here too you will find a full line of lawn and garden fertilizers, peat moss, grass seeds, insecticides, spreaders, power and hand-mowers, watering hose, and gardening tools, bird baths, and other attractive garden accessories.

Competent salesmen will give helpful suggestions and advice and friendly service.

We invite all Cape Codders and their friends to make full use of the Cape Cod Gardening Center. It's open from April first to Christmas.


Japanese Black Pine and Bayberry
Two of the Best Plants for Seashore Exposures

## Successful Seaside Planting

On Cape Cod, where happily "we face four seas," temperature ranges are less extreme, and many kinds of plants thrive which are not winter-hardy inland in New England. Firethorn, Abelia, English Holly and Blue Hydrangeas are examples.

Yet in places directly exposed to the constant saltladen sea winds of spring and summer, few plants are sturdy enough to survive. Japanese Black Pine, Rugosa Rose, Bayberry, Beachplum, Tamarisk and Russian Olive are most resistant.

Sheltered by massed windbreaks of such kinds, supplemented, if desired, by fences or walls, and given adequate soil preparation, one may indeed have beautiful gardens or borders within only a few feet of the water's edge. We've designed and built many on Cape Cod with marked success.


Summersweet Clethra, Particularly Fine for Midsummer Fragrance and Beauty

## Deciduous $\mathcal{F l o w e r i n g ~ S h r u b s ~}$

Flowering shrubs offer perhaps the greatest and fastest and most satisfying return on a very modest investment.

Easy to grow, requiring little care, with varying seasons of bloom, they have a wide range of size and form, and many provide extra dividends of brilliant autumn foliage and colorful prints that please the eye and feed the birds.

Some, such as lilacs, viburnums, honeysuckles, beautybush and mock-orange grow tall and quite imposing. Others, like dwarf deutzias, barberry, bayberry, cotoneasters, and floribunda roses are lowgrowing, particularly good for use with single-story houses, both Cape Cod traditional and modern ranch-type homes. Still others are especially useful for close-clipped hedges.

Many other fine flowering shrubs are listed among the evergreens on pages 48 to 53 .

Shrubs, carefully handled, may be planted at any time from early spring until the ground is frozen in the fall.

## Flowering Shrubs

ARONIA arbutifolia, Red Chokeberry. White flowers in
2 to 3 ft
Each Dozen
3 to 4 ft ..... $2.50 \quad 27.00$
AZALEAS-Leaders among Flowering Shrubs calendulacea, Flame Azalea. Yellow-orange. Late May.
18 to 24 in................................ . . . 6.00 ..... 67.20
2 to 3 ft ..... 8.00
kaempferi, Torch Azalea. Brilliant flame-red show in May and June.
15 to 18 in . ..... 5.00
mollis, Chinese Azalea. Large flowers in yellow and orange tints, May-June. 12 to 15 in................................. . . 4.00 ..... $-45.00$
15 to 18 in ..... 5.50
18 to 24 in ..... 7.00
vaseyi, Shell-pink Azalea. Pink. Apr.-May. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... $5.50 \quad 57.00$
viscosa, Swamp Azalea. White. Fragrant. June-July. Fine late-blooming native. Likes moist ground.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... $4.00 \quad 45.00$
2 to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 57.00
BERBERIS thunbergi, Japanese Barberry $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root. . . . $\$ 50.00$ per 100.70 ..... 7.20
thunbergi atropurpurea, Redleaf Barberry.
12 to 18 in. Bare root ..... $1.00 \quad 10.80$
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root ..... $1.25 \quad 13.20$
BUDDLEIA, Butterfly Bush. Long arching sprays of fragrant flowers all summer.
Pink Dawn. Good pink.
2 year field-grown$1.75 \quad 19.20$
Ile de France. Dark purple. 2 year field-grown ..... $1.75 \quad 19.20$
White Bouquet. Fine, hardy white variety ..... 1.75 ..... 19.20
CALLICARPA japonica, Japanese Beauty Berry. Clusters of bright violet berries in late sum- mer. Very distinctive. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
dichotoma, Purple Beautyberry. Similar to above but smaller.  ..... 22.20
CALYCANTHUS floridus, Sweet Shrub. Old favorite, strawberry-scented, chocolate- color flowers in July. 2 to 3 ft . ..... 2.00 ..... 22.20
CHAENOMELES lagenaria,Flowering Quince.
Another old favorite, brilliant in May. Each Dozen
candida. Beautiful white-flowered variety. Scarce. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... $\$ 2.50$
Pink Hybrid. Delicate clear pink tlowers.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... 2.50
2 to 3 ft . ..... 3.25
sanguinea. Bright scarlet, early spring. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... 2.50
CLETHRA alnifolia, Summer Sweet. Choicenative, white spikes of spicy fragrance inJuly-August.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... $1.25 \quad \$ 13.20$
2 to 3 ft . ..... $2.00 \quad 22.20$
CORNUS alba sibirica, Red-stem Dogwood.
Bright red branches, white flowers, blueberries.
2 to 3 ft . Bare root ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
3 to 4 ft . Bare root. ..... 19.20
mas, Cornelian Cherry. Yellow flowers even earlier than forsythia. Red edible fruit. 3 to 4 ft . ..... $3.00 \quad 33.00$
racemosa, Gray Dogwood. Good native, white flowers, white fruit. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 1.75 ..... 18.00
stolonifera flaviramea, Golden Twig Dog- wood. Bright yellow twigs, very gay. 2 to 3 ft . Bare root ..... 1.50 ..... 16.20
For Tree Dogwoods, please see page 55.
COTINUS coggygria, Smoke Tree. Old favor-ita. Purplish mist-like fruiting clusters givesmoky effect in summer.2 to 3 ft .2.25
rubra. Purple-leaf Smoke Tree. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 4.50
COTONEASTER divaricata, Spreading Cotoneaster.Graceful form, glossy foliage, full of red ber-ries well into winter. Clips well for hedges.
12 to 18 in ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
2 to 3 ft . ..... 3.00 ..... 33.00
francheti. Franchet Cotoneaster. A gray leaved arching form with persistent orange-red fruits.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
2 to 3 ft . ..... 33.00
COTONEASTER - continued Each Dozen
horizontalis, Rock Cotoneaster. Fan-shapedspreading growth is most effective eitheras ground cover or splayed against lowwalls. Bright red berries.12 to 15 in. Potted....................... . . $\$ 3.50$ \$39.00praecox, Creeping Cotoneaster. Makes lowmounds, has large red berries.12 to 15 in. Potted........................ . . 3.5039 .00
CYTISUS praecox, Warminster Broom. Low. compact, with creamy flowers in Mav. 3 -year potted plants ..... 2.00
scoparius, Scotch Broom. The popular semi- native. Bright yellow, May ..... 1.25 ..... 13.20
Several other unusual varieties.
DEUTZIA gracilis, Slender Deutzia. White flowers in June. Dwarf.
15 to 18 in . ..... $2.00 \quad 22.20$
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 27.00
gracilis rosea Rose Pantele Deutzia. Pinkvariety of ahove.$11 / 2$ to 2 ft .$2.00 \quad 22.20$
kalmiaeflora. New. Beautiful pink, like Mountain Laurel, mid-June. 15 to 18 in. ..... $2.00 \quad 22.20$
scabra - Pride of Rochester. Sturdy, tall- growing. Pink-tinted, white bell-shaped flowers in July. 3 to 4 ft . ..... $2.00 \quad 22.20$
ELEAGNUS umbellata, Russian Olive.
Silvery green foliage, spotted fruit. Sturdy grower in sea-wind exposures.
2 to 3 ft . ..... $2.00 \quad 22.20$
4 to 5 ft . ..... 3.25
ENKIANTHUS campanulatus, Red Vein Enkianthus.Exceptionally fine tall growing shrub.Creamy bell-flowers veined with red. Bril-liant red fall foliage.
2 to 3 ft . ..... 5.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 6.50
EUONYMUS alatus, Winged Euonymus. Cork-
ridged bark, bright green foliage turns brilliant cerise-pink in fall.
2 to 3 ft . ..... $3.50 \quad 39.00$
3 to 4 ft . ..... 51.00
4 to 5 ft . ..... 63.00
alatus compacta, Dwarf Winged Euonymus.
Dense-growing semi-dwarf variety, samebrilliant color.
18 to 24 in . ..... 3.00 ..... 33.00
2 to 3 ft . ..... $4.50 \quad 51.00$
3 to 4 ft . ..... 63.00
FORSYTHIA intermedia spectabilis, Showy Border
Forsythia. The best and showiest of all.April gold flowers cover every branch.Each Dozen
2 to 3 ft . ..... \$1.75 \$19.20
3 to 4 ft . ..... $2.00-22.20$
4 to 5 ft . ..... $2.50 \quad 27.00$
5 to 6 ft . ..... 3.5039 .00
Lynwood Gold. New and spectacular. Pro- fuse golden yellow blossoms borne on up- right branches.
3 to 4 ft ..... 2.50 ..... 27.00
4 to 5 ft . ..... 3.00 ..... 33.00
Spring Glory. New, brilliant lemon yellow. Profuse bloomer.
2 to 3 ft . ..... 2.00 ..... 22.20
3 to 4 ft . ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
4 to 5 ft ..... $2.75 \quad 30.00$
5 to 6 ft ..... 4.00 ..... 45.00
HIBISCUS syriacus, Rose of Sharon, Althea.
Outstanding summer-flowering shrub.
Cape Cod Skies, a clean blue, our selection,sizes 2 to 4 ft .
Lady Stanley, semi-double blush pink withdeeper eye, sizes 3 to 6 ft .
Pink Beauty, single clear pink, sizes $11 / 2$ to4 ft .
Banner, white with red eye, sizes 3 to 6 ft .
Snowstorm, pure white, 2 to 3 ft .
2 to 3 ft . ..... $2.00 \quad 22.20$
3 to 4 ft . ..... $2.50 \quad 27.00$
4 to 5 ft . ..... $3.50 \quad 39.00$
5 to 6 ft . ..... $4.50 \quad 51.00$
HYDRANGEA arborescens gr. fl., SnowhillHydrangea. White flowers in round headsin June.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
macrophylla Double Blue. Prominent Cape Cod favorite. Hardy. Strong 2 -year plants ..... 5.00
macrophylla Single Blue. Graceful flat flower-heads, quite distinctive. Strong 2-year plants ..... 3.50
paniculata gr. fl., Pee Gee Hydrangea. Familiar dense pointed flower heads, white fading to pink. Aug. 2 to 3 ft . ..... 2.00 ..... 22.20
HYPERICUM prolificum, St. Johnswort.Fine dwarf shrub. Yellow cup-shape flowers,crested centers. Late July-Aug.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 2.00 ..... 22.20
KERRIA japonica fl. pl., Japanese Kerria. Each Dozen Double bright yellow flowers, showy green stems. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... $\$ 2.00 \quad \$ 22.20$
KOLKWITZIA amabilis, Beauty Bush. Well named; long arching branches covered in June with hundreds of soft pink bells. 2 to 3 ft . ..... $2.25 \quad 24.00$
3 to 4 ft . ..... $2.75 \quad 30.00$
4 to 5 ft . ..... 39.00
LIGUSTRUM obtusifolium, Ibota Privet. Spreading growth. Very hardy. Black berries. 3 to 4 ft . extra heavy. Bare root ..... $1.00 \quad 10.80$
obtusifolium regelianum, Regel Privet. Low- growing spreader, good facer for tall shrubs. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root. ..... $1.00 \quad 10.80$
ovalifolium, California Privet. Excellent heavy dark green foliage. Most used for hedges.
2 to 3 ft . Bare root ..... . $\$ 35.00$ per 100 .....  $50 \quad 4.80$
3 to 4 ft . Bare root. ....... $\$ 40.00$ per 100 ..... 5.40
2.75
2.75
4 to 5 ft . Extra heavy plants ..... 2.75 ..... 30.00
LONICERA demissa, Gray Honeysuckle. Dense growing, with grayish foliage, white flowers in late May. 4 to 5 ft . ..... $2.50 \quad 27.00$
fragrantissima, Fragrant Honeysuckle.Earliest flowering of all shrubs. Deliciouslysweet creamy flowers in March and April.3 to 4 ft . Extra heavy plants.3.50
tatarica alba, White Tatarian Honeysuckle.
tatarica rosea, Pink Tatarian Honeysuckle.
tatarica rubra. Bright rose-red flowers.
Above three varieties3 to 4 ft .$2.00 \quad 22.20$
4 to 5 ft . ..... $2.50 \quad 27.00$
5 to 6 ft . ..... $3.25 \quad 36.00$
MYRICA pensylvanica, Bayberry. Best Cape Cod native. Waxy gray berries make candles. Glossy foliage makes fine low masses.
15 to 18 in. Bare root. ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
18 to 21 in. Bare root.
18 to 21 in. Bare root. ..... 22.20 ..... 22.20
PHILADELPHUS coronarius, Mock Orange. Favorite "Sweet Syringa." Pure white flowers in June. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
virginalis. Large semi-double sweet flowers in June, and often later at intervals. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 2.50 ..... 27.00
PHOTINIA villosa, Oriental Christmas Each Dozen
berry. White flowers in May, followed bybright red fruit. Uncommon.
3 to 4 ft ..... $\$ 3.00$
4 to 5 ft . ..... 4.00
PRUNUS glandulosa, Double Pink Flower-ing Almond. Dwarf, double rose-pinkflowers, April-May.2 to 3 ft .2.75
maritima, Beach Plum. Justly popular sea- shore native. Covered with pinkish white flowers in May, followed by edible plums that make grand jelly. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.50 ..... $\$ 16.20$
triloba. Double-flowering Plum. Beautiful pink rosettes in May. 2 to 3 ft . ..... 2.75
ROSA harisoni, Harison Yellow Rose. Double golden yellow flowers cover the tall shrub in June. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... 2.50
hugonis, Golden Rose of China. Long arching sprays of single yellow flowers in mid-May. Strong 2 -year plants ..... 2.50 ..... 27.00
multiflora, Japanese Rose. Now widely pro-moted for living fences, thick hedges andbarrier plantings.
Strong 2 -year transplants. Bare root ..... 60 ..... 4.80
$\$ 30.00$ per 100Potted757.80
rugosa, Rugosa Rose. The one best shrub forstiff sea-wind exposures. Showy deep pinkflowers, followed by bright red "hips."$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root1.75
rugosa alba, White Rugosa Rose.$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root2.0022.20
rugosa Agnes. True rugosa hybrid withlarge fragrant double yellow flowers inJune.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bare root ..... 2.00 ..... 22.20
(Note: For other bush and trailing roses, seepages 25 to 30 .)
ROSE OF SHARON. See Hibiscus.
SALIX purpurea, Purpleosier Willow. Shrub-
form, with flexible branches. Good alsofor low clipped hedges.
15 to 18 in ..... 1.25 ..... 12.00
SPIRAEA bumalda Anthony Waterer. Fine Each - Dozen midsummer dwarf shrub, flat heads of old-rose flowers. July-Sept.$11 / 2$ to 2 ft .$\$ 2.25 \quad \$ 24.00$
cantoniensis (reevesiana). Double ReevesSpirea. A handsome low Spirea witharching branches covered with large doubleflowers in June. Valuable also for its clean,dark, long-lasting foliage.
2 to 3 ft ..... $2.25 \quad 24.00$
3 to 4 ft ..... 33.00
vanhouttei, Vanhoutte Spirea. Popularlycalled Bridal Wreath. Graceful branchescovered with great masses of white flowersin late May and June.
2 to 3 ft ..... $1.75 \quad 19.20$
3 to 4 ft ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
SYMPHORICARPOS albus, Snowberry. Old- fashioned Waxberry. Large white fruits all fall compensate for rather frail growth. 3 to 4 ft ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
SYRINGA josikaea, Hungarian Lilac. Fine lavender flowers in late June. Large leath- ery foliage. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 2.50 ..... 27.00
persica, Persian Lilac. Rich lilac flowersin May and June. Small leaves.3 to 4 ft .2.50
vulgaris, Common Lilac. Fragrant favorite. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
2 to 3 ft ..... $2.00 \quad 22.20$
3 to 4 ft . ..... 27.00
vulgaris alba, Common White Lilac
2 to 3 ft . ..... $2.50 \quad 27.00$
3 to 4 ft . ..... 33.00
FRENCH HYBRID LILACS
Named varieties, several kinds in varving sizes:
18 to 24 in ..... 3.00
2 to 3 ft . ..... 4.00
TAMARIX odessana, Tamarisk. Summer-blooming Tamarix. Featherly bluishfoliage, pink flowers in July. Stands sea-winds.
2 to 3 ft ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
parviflora. Like odessana, except flowering in May-June.
2 to 3 ft ..... 2.25 ..... 24.00
VACCINIUM corymbosum, Highbush Blue-berry. Fine native, edible fruit.
2 to 3 ft . ..... 2.50
3 to 4 ft . ..... 3.50
VIBURNUM carlesi, Mayflower V. One of Each Dozenthe best of all shrubs; very sweet; May.$11 / 2$ to 2 ft .$\$ 4.50$
dentatum, Arrowwood V. Native. Creamflowers late June; blue fruits.
2 to 3 ft . ..... $1.75 \quad \$ 19.20$
3 to 4 ft . ..... $2.25 \quad 24.00$
dilatatum, Linden V. White, June; clusters of red berries.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... 2.50 ..... 27.00
2 to 3 ft ..... 3.50
rhytidophyllum, Leatherleaf V. Really anevergreen, with long deeply veined leaves,large white flowers, red to black fruit. Rare.15 to 18 in.2.50
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 3.25
setigerum, Tea V. Rather narrow, upright, noted for brilliant orange fruit clusters. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 3.50
sieboldi, Siebold V. White, June; red fruits; makes large specimens. 2 to 3 ft ..... 3.00
tomentosum, Doublefile V. Large flat flower heads, June; distinctive.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... $2.25 \quad 24.00$
2 to 3 ft . ..... $3.00 \quad 33.00$
3 to 4 ft . ..... 3.75 ..... 42.00
4 to 5 ft . Extra heavy ..... 5.50 ..... 63.00
trilobum, Cranberry V. Very large red fruits in fall and winter. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 2.50 ..... 27.00
VITEX macrophylla, Chastetree. Largeclear blue flower spikes, Aug.-Sept.$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Potted$2.00 \quad 22.20$
WEIGELA candida, Snow Weigela. Long branches of pure white flowers in June. 3 to 4 ft ..... $2.25 \quad 24.00$
florida, Pink Weigela. One of the most floriferous shrubs. June. 3 to 4 ft . ..... $2.25 \quad 24.00$
florida variegata. Variegated leaves, green and white; pink flowers in early June. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 1.50 ..... 16.20
Crimson Hybrid. Deep crimson-red. 2 to 3 ft . ..... 2.00 ..... 22.20
3 to 4 ft . ..... 27.00
See pages 48 to 53 for the many beautifulEvergreen Flowering Shrubs.

## Fardy Ground Covers and Vines

Much more widely used than ever before, this class of plants offers great beauty, new interest, and practical usefulness.
AMPELOPSIS brevipedunculata (hetero- Each Dozen phylla), Porcelainberry. Bright turquoise fruit in fall ..... \$1.75 \$19.20
quinquefolia and tricuspidata. See Par- thenocissus, page 46.
ARCTOSTAPHYLOS uva-ursi, Bearberry or Wild Cranberry. Makes dense mats of glossy dark green, turning reddish bronze through fall and winter. One of the best ground covers for sandy soils. Well branched, from 3-inch pots................ . . 75 ..... 7.80 $\$ 50.00$ per hundred
ARISTOLOCHIA durior, Dutchman's Pipe ..... 2.50
CALLUNA, Heather. See page 49.
CAMPSIS (Bignonia) radicans, Trumpet Vine. Many orange trumpets in mid- summer. ..... 1.75
CLEMATIS paniculata, Virgin's Bower. Masses of deliciously fragrant star-shaped white flowers in September. ..... 1.50 ..... 16.20
CLEMATIS HYBRIDS. Gorgeous large- flowering varieties, blooming in mid- summer. Potted plants ..... 2.00
Henryi. Single, white.
Jackmanni. Single, deep purple.
Mme. Edouard Andre. Single, deep crimson.Ramona. Single, lavender-blue.
ERICA, True Heath. See page 50.
EUONYMUS, Evergreen Wintercreeper. Thepopular family of clinging evergreen vines.
fortunei carrieri. Glossy Wintercreeper.Rampant grower with spreading branches.18 to 24 in.$1.50 \quad 16.20$
fortunei colorata. Named for purple color- ing in fall. 2-year plants ..... $1.25 \quad 13.20$
fortunei radicans, Evergreen Wintercreeper.Close clinging, fine foliage.3 -year plants$1.50 \quad 16.20$
fortunei vegetus, Bigleaf Wintercreeper.Clean glossy fcliage, orange fruit-clusters.2 -year plants$1.00 \quad 10.80$
3-year plants ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$FERNS. Excellent ground covers, see page 13.
GRAPES. Double-value, abundant fruit and Each ..... Each
Dozenstrong foliage. See page 59.
HEDERA helix, English Ivy ..... 4 in. pots, extra heavy …... $\$ 775$ per $100 ~ \$ 1.00 ~ \$ 10.00$ $21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. pots $\$ 25$ per 100 ..... 3.50
HYDRANGEA petiolaris, Climbing Hy -drangea. A rare plant. Covered withflat white flower heads in summer. Clingsto masonry.4-year old, pot-grown3.25
LONICERA halliana, Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle. Field-grown plants ..... 1.00 ..... 10.80
heckrotti, Flame Honeysuckle. Flowerscrimson outside, yellow within.2-year, No. 11.75
sempervirens, Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle. Brilliant flame color. 2-year, No. 1 ..... 1.75
PACHYSANDRA terminalis, JapaneseSpurge. Quickly thickens to make massesof clean glossy ground cover in shade.of clean glossy ground cover in shade.
$\begin{gathered}\text { Heavy pot-grown plants or field-grown } \\ \text { clumps......................................... } 35\end{gathered}$ 3.603.60$\$ 25.00$ per 100
PACHISTIMA canbyi. Refined low-spread-
ing dwarf evergreen, good for edging and as ground cover in light shade ..... $1.00 \quad 10.80$
$\$ 75.00$ per 100PARTHENOCISSUS quinquefolia, VirginiaCreeper. The native Woodbine so brilliantin early fall1.5016.20
tricuspidata, Boston Ivy. Best clinging vine for quick cover on stone or brick. ..... 1.50 ..... 16.20
POLYGONUM auberti, Fleece Vine. Fastest- growing hardy vine. Foamy masses of creamy flowers in July ..... 1.25 ..... 13.20
ROSES, Climbing and Trailing. See page 29.
VINCA, Ground Myrtle or Periwinkle
minor alba. The rare white flowered va-riety656.00
$\$ 40.00$ per 100
minor Bowles' variety. Flowers brilliant blue; evergreen ground cover, thriving in shade. .....  65 ..... 6.00
$\$ 40.00$ per 100
WISTARIA sinensis, blue, Chinese Wistaria. Strong grafted plants ..... 3.00
sinensis alba, White Wistaria. An excel- lent vine. Strong grafted plants ..... 3.00

## Annuals and Bedding Plants

Annual flowers are unequaled for their June-tofrost color in gardens, borders and plant boxes.

We grow some 200,000 of the better kinds in our greenhouses and frames each spring. Started from seed or cuttings in late winter, many are already in bloom at planting time in late May and June.

Our potted plants have no setback when planted out.

Out of the thousands of kinds and colors offered in the market, we select and grow a selected list of special merit, true to color and name.

Husky, healthy plants in everything from alyssum to zinnias are ready May 15.

## Lawns and Lawn Care

Good lawns do as much as shrubs and trees and flowers to make a home attractive.
To be good, a lawn must be well built at the start, and it must have food and reasonable careevery year.

Best time of year for lawn seeding on Cape Cod is from late August to mid-October. Next best is as early as possible in spring. Use the better grades of grass seeds. They may be slower in starting, but they are made up of the best permanent grasses, well worth the slight extra cost.

To keep lawns good, feed them at least twice a year, in early spring and early fall. A third feeding in midsummer is desirable. Mow regularly, but not too close. Rake off leaves and litter, especially just before winter.

For proper lawn making and for capable maintenance of your lawns and grounds, our complete landscaping service is at your command.

[^1]
## Evergreen Trees and Shrubs

The Evergreens are a splendid group of most desirable plants. Their greatest single asset is perhaps their constant beauty throughout the entire year.

As listed here for convenience, Evergreens include not only the familiar tall-growing trees such as spruces and pines, but also many dwarf and spreading types suitable for borders and for house foundation plantings, and a considerable number of Broadleaf Evergreen Shrubs, most of which have the added value of bearing beautiful flowers. Rhododendrons, Laurel, Pieris and many Azaleas are good examples.

Certain low Evergreen ground covers are also included, such as Pachysandra, Scotch Heather, Pachistima, and Ground Myrtle.

Wise combinations of all these types of Evergreens, properly arranged, will produce plantings of exceptional beauty and permanence.

All Evergreens are furnished "B \& B" (balled and burlapped), or in containers, and thus can be safely planted all season long, including midsummer.
ABELIA grandiflora, Abelia. Graceful low Each Dozen shrub, glossy foliage, arbutus-like flowers from July to October. 15 to 18 in................................ $\$ 3.25$ \$36.00

## Azaleas

These are among the gayest of all flowering shrubs, universally used and admired.
AZALEA, Flame. Copper-red. Early 15 to 18 in. ..... 4.00
hino-crimson. Brightest clear red, May- June. 8 to 10 in..................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00 ..... 33.00
hinodegiri. Bright scarlet. May-June 12 to 15 in .
15 to 18 in. ..... 5.00 ..... 6.00
hinomayo. Soft pink. May 9 to 12 in.................................... . . . 3.00
indica alba. White. Late spring 12 to 15 in.............................. . . . . . 4.25 ..... 48.00
18 to 24 in. ..... 7.50
maxwelli. Large light red flowers, June. 15 to 18 in. ..... 5.00
For other azaleas see page 37 .
Boxwood
BUXUS sempervirens, Common Boxwood Each Dozen
12 to 15 in ..... \$3.00
15 to 18 in . ..... 4.50
18 to 24 in ..... 6.00
BUXUS suffruticosa, Old English Boxwood.
For edging
6 to 9 in. ..... $\$ 75.00$ per 100.90 ..... $\$ 9.60$Prices on larger specimens on request.
Heather
CALLUNA, Heather
Low evergreen shrubs, 6 to 24 inches tall, especially noted for
their bright rosy-pink and white flowers appearing in great pro-
fusion late in summer. Exceptionally good for massing on dry
slopes and sandy banks, as well as in evergreen borders.
vulgaris alba erecta. White variety. Tall.
vulgaris alba minor. White Heather. Whiteflowers. Dwarf.vulgaris alba pilosa. Pure white flowers, freeflowering.
vulgaris County of Wicklow. Double pinkflowers.
vulgaris rubra erecta, Red Heather. Deeppink flowers. Tall growing.
Each Dozen Hundred
(Field-grown) Nice plants....... $\$ .90 \quad \$ 9.60 \quad \$ 60.00$
False Cypress - Chamaecyparis, Retinospora CHAMAECYPARIS obtusa erecta, Column
Hinoki Falsecypress. ..... Each
2 to 3 ft . ..... $\$ 6.00$
3 to 4 ft . ..... 8.00
obtusa gracilis, Slender Hinoki Falsecypress. 18 to 24 in ..... 6.00
obtusa nana, Dwarf Hinoki Falsecypress.Very dwarf.
12 to 15 in. ..... 4.50
pisifera, Sawara Falsecypress.
pisifera aurea, Golden Sawara Falsecypress.
pisifera plumosa, Plume Falsecypress.
pisifera plumosa aurea, Goldenplume False-
cypress.
Prices on the above four varieties:
18 to 24 in ..... 3.50
2 to 3 ft . ..... 5.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 7.00
pisifera filifera, Thread Falsecypress. 18 to 24 in ..... 4.50
2 to 3 ft . ..... 6.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 8.00
pisifera squarrosa, Gray Moss Falsecypress. 2 to 3 ft . ..... 5.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 7.00
DAPHNE cneorum, Garland Flower
9 to 12 in ..... 2.75
Heath - Erica
ERICA carnea alba. White flowers in very Each Dozenearly spring.
darleyensis. Deep pink flowers rise abovelow evergreen foliage masses in Februaryand March.
spiculifolia (Bruckenthalia). Pink flowersin summer.
tetralix. Rose-pink flowers June to October.All varieties 90c each. $\$ 9.60$ per dozen.
EUONYMUS japonicus, Evergreen Burningbush
9 to 12 in. ..... $\$ 2.00$
Other varieties, see Vines, page 45.
Holly - Ilex
ILEX aquifolium, English Holly. Glossy
leaves, large red berries. Hardy on Cape Cod. 12 to 18 in. ..... 3.00
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 4.50
aquifolium James G. Essons Hybrid. Selected for highest quality. 2 to 3 ft . ..... 8.00
crenata hybrid, Upright Japanese Holly 15 to 18 in. ..... 5.00
18 to 24 in. ..... 7.00
crenata convexa, Boxleaf Holly
15 to 18 in . ..... 6.00
18 to 24 in. ..... 8.50
crenata stokesi, Stokes Holly
9 to 12 in. ..... 3.00
glabra, Inkberry, nursery-grown 12 to 15 in . ..... 3.00 ..... \$33.00
15 to 18 in . ..... 39.00
opaca, American Holly. The great popularfavorite. Hardy nursery-grown plants,safest to move. All berry-bearing plants.
6 to 9 in. ..... 1.7519.20
9 to 12 in. ..... 2.50
12 to 18 in ..... 3.50
18 to 24 in. ..... 5.00
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 7.00
Junipers - Juniperus
JUNIPERUS chinensis pfitzeriana, PfitzerJuniper (spreading)
12 to 18 in . spread. ..... 4.50 ..... 51.00
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... 6.75 ..... 75.00
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$ ..... 8.50
communis hibernica, Irish Juniper. Narrow upright, grayish foliage. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 2.50 ..... 27.00
horizontalis depressa plumosa, Andorra Juniper $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . spread ..... 5.50 ..... 61.20
JUNIPERUS - continued Each Dozen
(spreading)
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... \$6.50
2 to 3 ft . ..... 8.50 ..... $\$ 72.00$
keteleeri
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 5.00
virginiana, Red Cedar
3 to 4 ft ..... 5.00
4 to 5 ft . ..... 57.006.50Collected specimens in all sizes quotedon request.
KALMIA latifolia, Mountain Laurel$11 / 2$ to 2 ft ., Nursery grown7.50
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$., Nursery grown ..... 9.00
LEUCOTHOE catesbaei, Drooping Leucothoe 12 to 15 in . ..... 4.00
Spruces - Picea
PICEA glauca, White Spruce18 to 24 in4.00
excelsa, Norway Spruce
3 to 4 ft . ..... 6.00
4 to 5 ft . ..... 8.00
6 to 8 ft . ..... 12.00
pungens, Colorado Spruce
2 to 3 ft . ..... 7.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 9.00
pungens glauca, Blue Colorado Spruce 3 to 4 ft . ..... 12.00
rubens, Red Spruce. Dense growth, darkgreen.
3 to 4 ft .7.50
4 to 5 ft . ..... 10.00
Andromeda - Pieris
PIERIS floribunda, Mountain Andromeda 12 to 15 in . ..... 4.75
japonica, Japanese Andromeda ..... 3.50 ..... 39.00
15 to 18 in . ..... 5.00 ..... 57.0078.0067.20
18 to 24 in
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
Pines - Pinus
PINUS mugo mughus, Mugho Pine.
15 to 18 in. spread ..... 5.50
resinosa, Red Pine
3 to 4 ft . ..... 6.00
thunbergi, Japanese Black Pine
The very best evergreen for seashore exposure.
18 to 24 in ..... 4.00
2 to 3 ft . ..... 6.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 8.00
to 4 ft
PRUNUS laurocerasus, Laurelcherry Each Dozen 15 to 18 in. spread ..... $\$ 4.00$
PYRACANTHA coccinea lalandi, Firethorn15 to 18 in., heavy3.00
Rhododendrons
RHODODENDRON carolinianum, Carolina
Rhododendron. Pale pink, May.
15 to 18 in.. Nursery grown ..... 6.00\$67.20
18 to 24 in ..... 7.50
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 9.00
laetevirens, Wilson Rhododendron. Early,rose pink12 to 15 in5.00
15 to 18 in. ..... 6.00
maximum, Rosebay Rhododendron. July,apple-blossom pink; thrives in shade.
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft ., Nursery grown ..... 6.00
2 to 3 ft ., Nursery grown ..... 8.50 ..... 96.00
3 to 4 ft ., Nursery grown ..... 15.00
RHODODENDRON HYBRIDS - Seedlings
12 to 15 in . Heavy plants ..... 5.0057.00
15 to 18 in ..... 6.50 ..... 72.00
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft ..... 9.00
Yews - Taxus
TAXUS baccata repandens, Spreading EnglishYew
12 to 15 in ..... 5.50 ..... 61.20
cuspidata, Spreading Japanese Yew. Heavy plants
15 to 18 in . spread ..... 5.5061.20
18 to 24 in. spread ..... 7.00 ..... 78.00
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 9.75
cuspidata capitata, Upright Japanese Yew $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 7.25
2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 9.50
$21 / 2$ to 3 ft . ..... 13.00
3 to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 17.00
cuspidata columnaris, Columnar Yew.Slender upright form, best used for hedges.2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6.006.0067.20
3 to 4 ft ..... 7.50 ..... 84.00
cuspidata nana, Dwart Japanese Yew12 to 15 in . spread5.50
15 to 18 in. spread ..... 7.00
18 to 24 in ..... 10.00
TAXUS - continued
media densiformis. Compact semi-upright Each Dozen
type.
15 to 18 in............................... $\$ 6.00 \quad \$ 67.20$
$11 / 2$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
media hatfieldi, Hatfield Yew (upright)
15 to 18 in................................... $6.50 \quad 72.00$
18 to 24 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8.00

media hicksi, Hicks Yew
15 to 18 in..................... . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.00
57.00



## Arborvitae - Thuja

THUJA occ. globosa, Globe Arborvitae
$\qquad$33.00
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . ..... 4.00 ..... 45.00
occ. nigra, New, Dark American Arborvitae 18 to 24 in. ..... $3.25 \quad 36.00$
2 to 3 ft . ..... 4.50 ..... 51.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 67.20
4 to 5 ft . ..... 8.00
5 to 6 ft . ..... 10.00
occ. pyramidalis, Pyramidal Arborvitae
2 to 3 ft . ..... 5.00 ..... 57.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 6.50 ..... 72.00
4 to 5 ft . ..... 8.00
occ. wareana, Siberian Arborvitae18 to 24 in.4.5051.00
2 to 3 ft . ..... 67.20
3 to 4 ft . ..... 8.00
orientalis aurea nana, Golden Dwarf Biota 15 to 18 in. ..... 4.50
plicata atrovirens, Giant Arborvitae. Dark green, with many small ornamental cones. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 6.00 ..... 67.20
Hemlocks - TsugaTSUGA caroliniana, Carolina Hemlock.Glossy dark green, dense growth. Extrafine plants.
2 to 3 ft . ..... 6.00
3 to 4 ft . ..... 9.00
ULEX europaeus. True Scotch Gorse. Yel-
low flowers in spring. 4 in . pots ..... 1.50


The Spring Beauty of Flowering Dogwood

## Flowering and Shade Trees

No home, no community, would be attractive without trees. Winter and summer they have a character and beauty unexcelled.

The familiar elms, maples, lindens, beeches, oaks, willows, birches and honey-locusts are such good friends they need no new introduction.

Particularly attractive, and of rapidly increasing use, is that large group of trees especially valued for their beautiful flowers. These include dogwoods, hawthorns, magnolias, golden-chain, flowering crabapples and cherries, and several others. All make specimens of great beauty, and add value and enjoyment to all home grounds. They are particularly well suited for use in connection with the singlefloor house and for small properties where space is at a premium.

For most kinds both spring and fall are favorable for planting.
"Keep Cape Cod Green" both by preventing forest fires and by planting each year new trees, for our own pleasure and that of succeeding generations.
Maples - Acer
ACER palmatum atropurpureum, Blood-leaf Each Dozen Japanese Maple
$11 / 2$ to 2 ft . grafted specimens, B. \& B ..... \$8.50
12 to 18 in. seedling-grown plants, all good colors ..... 6.00
platanoides, Norway Maple
6 to 8 ft . ..... 7.00
8 to 10 ft . ..... 12.00
platanoides Schwedleri, Schwedler Maple 6 to 8 ft . ..... 8.00
8 to 10 ft ..... 12.00
platanoides Schwedleri, "Crimson King"
New. Rich maroon foliage all season long. 6 to 8 ft ..... 10.00
8 to 10 ft ..... 13.00
rubrum, Red Maple
6 to 8 ft . ..... 5.00
8 to 10 ft ..... 7.00
Birches - Betula
BETULA papyrifera, Canoe Birch
6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{B} . \&$ B ..... 7.50
8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{B} . \&$ B. ..... 10.00
pendula laciniata, Cut-leaf Birch 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{B} . \&$ B. ..... 8.50
8 to 10 ft ., B. \& B ..... 11.00
CHIONANTHUS virginica, White Fringe
3 to 4 ft ., B. \& B. ..... 3.00
Dogwoods - Cornus
CORNUS florida, White Flowering Dogwood
3 to 4 ft ., B. \& B. ..... 6.50
4 to 5 ft ., B. \& B ..... 8.50
5 to 6 ft ., B. \& B. ..... 11.00
florida rubra, Pink Flowering Dogwood
2 to 3 ft ., B. \& B. Northern grown ..... 5.75
3 to 4 ft ., B. \& B. Northern grown ..... 7.50 ..... 7.50
4 to 5 ft ., B. \& B. Northern grown ..... 12.50
5 to 6 ft ., B. \& B. Northern grown ..... 16.00
Kousa, Japanese Dogwood. Large flowersfrom mid-June to early July.2 to 3 ft .4.50
3 to 4 ft ., B. \& B. ..... 6.50
4 to 5 ft ., B. \& B. ..... 8.50
5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{B} . \&$ B. ..... 11.00
For Bush Dogwoods please see page 38.
Hawthorns - Crataegus
CRATAEGUS crus-galli, Cockspur Thorn ..... Each
6 to 8 ft, B. \& B . ..... \$12.00
oxyacantha pauli, Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{B} . \& B$ ..... 7.50
phaenopyrum, Washington Hawthorn
3 to 4 ft . ..... 4.00
4 to 5 ft . ..... 5.00
Beeches - Fagus
FAGUS grandifolia, American Beech
3 to 4 fr ., B. \& B ..... 6.00
4 to 5 ft , B. \& B. ..... 7.50
5 to $6 \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{B} . \&$ B. ..... 9.00
sylvatica Riversi, Purple European Beech 3 to 4 ft . ..... 12.00
GLEDITSIA triacanthos, inermis, Thornless Honeylocust
8 to 10 ft ..... 10.00
10 to 12 ft . ..... 12.00
Moraine Honeylocust. The outstandingrecently introduced type, usually vase-shaped.
6 to 8 ft ..... 11.00
8 to 10 ft ..... 17.50
LABURNUM watereri (vossi), Goldenchain 6 to 8 ft ., B. \& B ..... 10.00
MAGNOLIA soulangeana, Saucer Magnolia2 to 3 ft ., B. \& B7.50
3 to 4 ft ., B. \& B ..... 9.00
stellata, Star Magnolia
2 to 3 ft ., B. \& B ..... 7.50
Flowering Crab Apples - Malus
MALUS arnoldiana, Arnold Crab
4 to 5 ft ..... 4.50
6 to 8 ft ..... 10.00
almey, Almey Crab. 5 to 6 ft ..... 7.00
arrow, Arrow Crab.
6 to 8 ft . ..... 8.00
hopa, Hopa Crab
5 to 6 ft ..... 6.00
Jay Darling. Light purplish flowers and foliage. 6 to 7 ft ..... 7.50
niedzwetskyana, Redvein Crab 5 to 6 ft ..... 6.50
purpurea eleyi, Eley Crab 6 to 8 ft ..... 8.00
"Red-Leaf" 4 to 5 ft ..... 4.50
scheideckeri, Scheidecker Crab 5 to 6 ft ..... 6.00
OXYDENDRUM arboreum, Sourwood Each Dozen
White flowers in summer. 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{B} . \& \mathrm{~B}$. ..... $\$ 5.50$
PLATANUS orientalis, Oriental Planetree6 to 8 ft .7.50
8 to 10 ft . ..... 10.00
Plums and Cherries - Prunus
PRUNUS americana (pissardi)
"Thundercloud," Pırple leaf PlumDeep purple foliage, pale pink flowers.4 to 5 ft .5.00
serrulata Kwanzan, Pink Double-floweringCherry.
5 to 6 ft . ..... 7.50
6 to 8 ft . ..... 12.00
serrulata Mt. Fugi, White Double-flowering Cherry. 5 to 6 ft . ..... 7.50
Single Weeping Cherry, Pink flowers 5 to 6 ft . ..... 10.00
Oaks - Quercus
QUERCUS palustris, Pin Oak6 to 8 ft .8.00
Willows - Salix
SALIX discolor, French Pussy Willow
3 to 4 ft . bushy plants................... 1.00 ..... $\$ 10.80$
4 to 5 ft . bushy plants ..... 1.50
niobe, Goldenbark Weeping Willow 6 to 8 ft ., B. \& B. ..... 5.00
pentandra, Laurel Willow
3 to 4 ft . bushy plants ..... $1.25 \quad 13.80$
4 to 5 ft . bushy plants ..... 1.50 ..... 16.20
SORBUS aucuparia, European Mountain Ash 8 to 10 ft . ..... 10.00
10 to 12 ft . ..... 12.50
Lindens - Tilia
TILIA cordata, Little Leaf European Linden
6 to 8 ft ..... 8.00
Elms - Ulmus
ULMUS americana, American Elm 8 to 10 ft . ..... 7.50
10 to 12 ft . ..... 10.00

## Fruit ©rees and ßush Frruits

Add to the flower beauty of all kinds of fruit trees the enjoyment and use of the multitude of fine fruits produced and we have a combination with universal appeal. The necessary care is well rewarded in pride of production.

Tree fruits and bush fruits alike are very low in cost but rich in returns for every home owner.

Potted fruit trees 50c extra unless otherwise noted.
APPLES. Standard Trees
2-year, 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . . . \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
Baldwin. Large; winter.
Cortland. Improved McIntosh. Comes a month later.
Early McIntosh. September.
Golden Russet. Winter.
Gravenstein. Large; October.
Greening. Good, winter.
McIntosh. One of the best; November.
Northern Spy. Yellow and red; winter.
Red Astrachan. Red; August.
Red Delicious. Large, red; winter.
Wealthy. Deep red; fall.
Yellow Transparent. August.

5-in-1 APPLES. Five of the best kinds of apples, all budded on one tree.3.75

DWARF APPLES. Excellent where space is limited.3.75

Baldwin, Cortland, McIntosh, Red Delicious, R. I. Greening, Yellow Transparent.

## BLUEBERRIES, Cultivated Hybrids

We recommend especially these four newer varieties. All produce large sweet berries, and all are of the same type of growth.
Burlington. Medium blue, latest to ripen.
Dixie. Fine mid-season variety.
Pemberton. Deep blue, late mid-season.
Weymouth. Early to mid-season, large fruit.
Strong 4 -year plants, all of bearing size. $\$ 2.25$ each, $\$ 24.00$ per dozen.
CHERRIES Each
2 to 3 yr ..... $\$ 2.50$
Black Tartarian. Black, sweet.Montmorency. Red, sour.
CRAB APPLES
Transcendent. Early red. 2-year, 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.75 Hyslop. Crimson. 2 -year, 5 to 6 ft . ..... 1.75
CURRANTS Each Dozen ..... 100
Red Lake. Best standard variety. \$ . 60 \$6.00 \$40.00
GOOSEBERRIES
Champion. Good 2-year plants. ..... $.65 \quad 7.20$
GRAPES
2-year old, strong vines. Potted.
Caco. Early. The best red grape. ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
Concord. Black; late ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
Fredonia. Blue-black; early. ..... $1.50 \quad 16.20$
Niagara. White ..... 16.20
PEACHES ..... Each
No. 1 grade trees ..... \$1.50Belle of Georgia. Large, white flesh, free-stone, early.
Elberta. Large yellow, free-stone, late.
Golden Jubilee. Yellow, free-stone, hardy, early.
Hale Haven. Fine, new, prolific; yellow, early.
PEARS. Standard Trees3 -year, 5 to 6 ft .2.50
Bartlett. Late summer.Beurre Bosc. Winter.Clapp's Favorite. Summer.Seckel. Winter.
PEARS. Dwarf: Bartlett and Clapp's Favorite ..... 3.50
PLUMS
3-yr. ..... 2.50
Abundance. Large yellow. Early August.
Italian Prune. Fine for preserving.Lombard. Dark red. August.
RASPBERRIES Dozen ..... 100
Strong plants............................... . . $\$ 3.00$ \$20.00
Cuthbert. Large red fruit.
Indian Summer. Everbearing, red.
Taylor. New, prolific, red.
"Nothing that adds to the beauty of a highway detracts from its safety."

## How and When to Plant

Practical Suggestions for Everyone<br>Based on Experience<br>Tested by Time

## HOW TO PREPARE THE SOIL

It is important to have the ground adequately prepared before any planting is done. Average existing topsoil throughout most of the Cape is thin and sandy, with unfertile sand and gravel subsoil directly beneath.
Loam For success in new plantings, remove the unproductive subsoils and deepen the topsoil by adding new fertile loam to the following recommended depths:
For flower beds, vegetable gardens, and most ground cover plants, 10 to 12 inches minimum; 15 to 18 inches is that much better.
For flowering shrubs, floribunda roses, hedges, bush fruits and most evergreens, 16 to 18 inches.
For climbing vines, 24 inches deep and as wide as space permits.
For trees, both evergreen and deciduous, holes at least 6 inches deeper and 2 feet wider than the full spread of the tree roots.
For hybrid tea roses, special preparation $21 / 2$ feet deep is advisable to promote deep rooting and strongest top growth, - both valuable insurance against winter killing.
For good lawns, 4 inches minimum if subsoil is clayey, 8 inches on light sandy subsoil. Peat will help hold moisture and food.

## Manure, Peat and Fertilizers

Mix with the fertile loam well-rotted cow manure, adding about 2 inches for every foot in depth. Prepared manure adds food as well as humus and organic content. Good native peat also added in the same proportion as manure will further aid in retaining moisture in lighter soils. In many cases the baled peat moss is more conveniently handled.

If soils are decidedly acid, lime should be added at the rate of 5 to 7 pounds per 100 square feet.

In planting vegetables and annual flowers, work in appropriate chemical fertilizers (we like the Agrico brands), 4 pounds per 100 square feet. For shrubs, roses, evergreens and trees, such quick-acting chemicals are best used for top feeding after planting.

## HOW TO PLANT

Digging. In the prepared ground, for each plant dig a hole as deep as the roots, and wide enough to spread out the roots to their full extent. Work loose soil carefully among roots to
leave no air spaces. Fill half way and water thoroughly. After water has settled, fill in the rest of the hole, firm the soil by treading in, leaving a shallow saucer-shape depression around each plant, and water again.

Watering. Water the soil (not the tops of the plants) thoroughly once or twice a week through the first growing season. Only a heavy rain can take the place of a thorough watering.
Staking. Trees 10 feet or more in height should be securely staked for the first year.
Mulching. Surface mulching with peat or cow manure is helpful after planting, especially during the winter. Put mulching around the plants, not on top of them, except in the case of those perennials which die down to below the surface in winter.

Spacing. Because plants vary so greatly in size and shape as they grow, distances apart when planting should be planned accordingly. Except in direct sea-wind exposures and for dense hedge effects, where closer planting is needed, do not overcrowd. Better allow room enough for each type of plant to attain its natural mature beauty.

WHEN TO PLANT. Two main seasons, Spring and Fall, are equally good for planting almost all kinds of hardy plant materials. Spring planting season extends here from about March 20 to late June, the earlier the better. Fall planting begins about September 15 and runs to mid-December. Our long experience suggests the following:
Hardy Perennial Flowers. Spring is good for all kinds. Fall is equally good for all except those which are fallflowering, such as chrysanthemums and asters.
Flowering Shrubs and Trees, Shade Trees and Fruits. Spring and Fall equally good for most kinds. Cherries, peaches, dogwoods, hawthorns, beeches, birches are supposed to prefer spring.

Large Trees. Are also very successfully moved in midwinter.
Evergreens. Spring and early Fall are equally good.
Roses. For hybrid teas and most floribunda types and climbers we strongly favor Spring planting in this area. Two reasons: First, winter weather frequently varies between cold and warm which is unfavorable to fall planted roses; second, better selections of top-grade new plants are available in Spring. Dormant roses for planting up to May 1; potted plants for later Spring planting are best.
Bulbs. Such as tulips, daffodils, narcissus, hyacinth, crocus are offered only in Fall.

Annuals, Bedding Plants and Vegetable Plants. Are ready May 15.
Lawn Seeding. Best of all is from September 1 to October 15, next best April 1 to May 1.

## Information for Customers

## Guarantee

All our stock is guaranteed true to name, in good condition, carefully dug, and properly packed for safe delivery.

Where in our judgment our plants are properly planted and receive adequate watering and after-care, we will replace any plants that fail to survive the first growing season.

Good soil preparation and frequent thorough watering are most important.

## Prices

1 to 5 plants of the same kind (excepting perennials) at the each price; 6 or more at the dozen rate, and 25 or more at the hundred rate where quoted.

All prices quoted are F.O.B. our nurseries in East Falmouth. Where a plant of exceptional specimen quality is selected, a special price will be properly charged.

Because of conditions beyond our control, prices are subject to change without notice. This list cancels all previous lists.

There will be from time to time various specially priced offers at our Gardening Center. Watch the local newspapers for these specials throughout the season.

## Deliveries and Shipping

Express, freight and parcel post charges are paid by the purchaser. Moderate crating and packing charges may be made.

Truck deliveries without charge are scheduled Fridays during April, May and June, covering all Cape Cod as far as Orleans. For other truck deliveries, fair charges are made, depending on distance and load.

For the convenience of Nantucket and Martha's Vineyard customers, free deliveries to the Woods Hole dock will be made Mondays and Thursdays during the spring.

## Business Hours

Our Nurseries are open weekdays from 8:00 A.m. to 4:30 p.m., and closed Sundays and holidays.

Our Cape Cod Gardening Center will be open weekdays from April on, from 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.m. and Friday evenings until 8:00 p.m., and closed on Sundays and national holidays.

Our Flower Shop, Landscape Offices, and Business Offices at 34 Depot Avenue in Falmouth are open weekdays from 8:00 A.m. to 5:30 p.m. and closed Sundays and holidays.

For week-end gardening, buy Fridays and Saturdays when special offers prevail at the Gardening Center.

Come to the Holiday Open House April 19 and 20 at the Cape Cod Gardening Center, for special gifts and feature offers.

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[^0]:    "Money cannot buy the services of a client who sends his neighbor to you because he has been treated fairly and with courtesy."

[^1]:    "People don't want cheap things, they only think they do."

